MS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED 萬成集團股份有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) Stock code: 1451

Annual Report 2023

PRINCIPAL BUSINESSES

The Group is principally engaged in the production and sales of plastic bottles and baby feeding accessories. The two business segments of the Group are:

- (i) the OEM Business, which primarily comprises the production and sales of plastic bottles and cups for infants and toddlers and plastic sports bottles on an OEM basis predominately for the overseas markets; and
- (ii) the Yo Yo Monkey Business, which primarily comprises the production and sales of infant and toddler products, particularly plastic bottles and cups, under the brand developed by the Group and known as "Yo Yo Monkey (優優馬騮)", principally for the PRC market.

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CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Chau Ching (Chairman)

Mr. Chung Kwok Keung Peter (Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Chau Wai

Mr. Chung Leonard Shing Chun

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Asvaintra Bhanusak

Mr. Seto John Gin Chung

Mr. Yu Hon To David

BOARD COMMITTEES

Audit Committee

Mr. Yu Hon To David (Chairman)

Mr. Asvaintra Bhanusak

Mr. Seto John Gin Chung

Remuneration Committee

Mr. Seto John Gin Chung (Chairman)

Mr. Asvaintra Bhanusak

Mr. Yu Hon To David

Nomination Committee

Mr. Chau Ching (Chairman)

Mr. Seto John Gin Chung

Mr. Yu Hon To David

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Ko Kam On

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Chung Kwok Keung Peter

Mr. Chung Leonard Shing Chun

AUDITORS

PricewaterhouseCoopers

(Certified Public Accountants and

Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor)

LEGAL ADVISOR

David Fong & Co.

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square

Hutchins Drive

P.O. Box 2681

Grand Cayman

KY1-1111

Cayman Islands

HEADQUARTERS AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Room 907, 9/F., Enterprise Square Tower 1

9 Sheung Yuet Road, Kowloon Bay

Hong Kong

CAYMAN ISLANDS PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited

Cricket Square

Hutchins Drive

P.O. Box 2681

Grand Cayman

KY1-1111

Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Investor Services Limited 17/F, Far East Finance Centre

16 Harcourt Road

Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKER

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited

CONSULTANT

First Shanghai Capital Limited

INVESTOR RELATIONS CONTACT

ir@sharpsuccess.cn

SHARE INFORMATION

Listing: Main Board of the Stock Exchange

Board Lot: 2,000 Shares

Stock Code: 1451

COMPANY WEBSITE

www.mainsuccess.cn

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

KEY FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE LAST FIVE FINANCIAL YEARS

	For the year ended 31 December				
	2023	2022 (Audited)	2021 (Audited)	2020 (Audited)	2019 (Audited)
	(Audited)				
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Revenue	233,990	260,142	293,746	248,510	262,279
Cost of sales	(158,865)	(180,345)	(207,405)	(166,646)	(178,085)
Gross profit	75,125	79,797	86,341	81,864	84,194
Selling expenses	(9,170)	(13,301)	(19,137)	(17,405)	(26,380)
Administrative expenses	(38,298)	(41,154)	(37,403)	(43,121)	(40,713)
Other income	768	2,666	333	2,473	1,912
Other gain/(losses), net	164	(341)	(893)	(1,766)	(362)
Listing expenses	_	_	_	_	_
Finance income/(expenses), net	4,051	827	(185)	(68)	(591)
Share of result of associates	(8,640)	(8,278)	(5,089)	_	_
Profit before taxation	24,000	20,216	23,967	21,977	18,060
Taxation	(7,718)	(6,411)	(8,555)	(7,976)	(5,441)
Profit for the year	16,282	13,805	15,412	14,001	12,619
	As at 31 December				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Total assets	255,142	249,286	255,771	238,856	200,955
Total liabilities	45,575	41,472	52,691	55,776	37,864
Net assets	209,567	207,814	203,080	183,080	163,091

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT AND BUSINESS REVIEW

Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the Board, I am pleased to present the annual report of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023.

The Group is principally engaged in the production and sales of plastic bottles and baby feeding accessories. The headquarters of the Group is located in Hong Kong while the production facilities of the Group are primarily situated in the PRC. The two business segments of the Group are:

- (i) the "OEM Business" which primarily comprises the production and sales of plastic bottles and cups for infants and toddlers and plastic sports bottles on an original equipment manufacturer (OEM) basis predominately for the overseas markets; and
- (ii) the "Yo Yo Monkey Business" which primarily comprises the production and sales of infant and toddler products, particularly plastic bottles and cups, under the brand developed by the Group known as "Yo Yo Monkey (優優馬騮)", principally for the PRC market.

The businesses of the Group were uneasy and continued to face numerous challenges for the year ended 31 December 2023. During the year, the global economy was still slowly recovering from the COVID-19 pandemic, the worldwide inflation and the military conflict between Russia and Ukraine. In the midst of a sluggish industry environment, the customers of the Group generally became more conservative and were more reluctant to place more orders. As a result, the total revenue of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 lowered by approximately 10.1%.

The OEM Business focuses on the overseas market and it continued to be the primary revenue and profit contributor to the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023. Despite the sales orders received by the Group had lowered mainly due to the poor industry condition affected by the unfavourable global economy as aforementioned, the Group was still able to maintain healthy business relationship with its major customers and the profitability of the OEM Business in terms of gross profit margin for year 2023 improved as compared with that of the preceding year.

The Yo Yo Monkey Business focuses on the PRC market and it recorded a notable decline in sales in year 2023 as compared to that in year 2022, mainly as a result of fierce local competition and poor industry sentiment, which was in turn caused by, among other factors, (i) the market trend where online shopping gained popularity but the Group was not yet able to successfully capture such sales; and (ii) the real estate crisis and weakening confidence in the PRC. The number of third party physical retail stores in the PRC selling products of the Group decreased from 170 as of the end of year 2022 to 159 at the end of year 2023. In year 2023, despite the gross profit margin of the Yo Yo Monkey Business for year 2023 lowered as compared with the preceding year, the Group managed to control its overall selling expenses to a lower level.

Overall, despite the reduction in total revenue, the net profit attributable to the Shareholders of the Group rose from approximately HK\$13.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2022 to approximately HK\$16.3 million for the year ended 31 December 2023, representing an increase of approximately HK\$2.5 million or approximately 17.9%, which was mainly attributable to the enhancement of gross profit margin together with the reduction in selling expenses and the increase in finance income.

OUTLOOK AND STRATEGIC PLAN

The ongoing and potential crises around the world pose an ominous industry outlook. Global issues including the COVID-19 pandemic, the USA-China trade tension and the Russia–Ukraine and the Gaza–Israel military conflicts have not yet been entirely resolved. In respect of the PRC economy, the ongoing real estate crisis might further spill over to other sectors, ultimately causing adverse impacts to the businesses of the Group. Moreover, the low birthrate in the PRC is also unfavourable to the Group as it may dampen the future market growth of infant products. Hence, both of the OEM Business and the Yo Yo Monkey Business are expected to continue to face challenges and uncertainties in the upcoming period.

The Group keeps a close eye on the ever-changing market environment and takes appropriate strategic actions from time to time to align itself with the latest business trends. For the OEM Business, apart from ensuring the continuous provision of quality services and solidifying the business relations with existing major customers, the Group has also been (i) striving to identify new customers with a view to diversifying its customer base on a worldwide basis; and (ii) assessing possible means to enhance manufacturing capabilities and diversify product mix to more types of bottles. For the Yo Yo Monkey Business, the Group has been exploring ways to better utilise online sales platforms to cope with the online shopping trend in the PRC. In general, the Group has always been seeking workable approaches to drive down its overall operating costs and expenses for the enhancement of profitability, including through (i) further automatising and streamlining manufacturing cycles to minimise labour force and wasted resources; and (ii) carefully examining the effectiveness of its administrative, selling and related expenses to minimise unnecessary expenditures.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

On behalf of the Group, I would like to thank all of the management staff and employees of the Group for their unwavering loyalty, dedication, professionalism, hard work and invaluable contributions that enabled the Group to overcome the challenges throughout year 2023. I would also like to take this opportunity to extend my sincere appreciation and heartfelt gratitude to all of the Shareholders, customers and all other business partners of the Company for their continuous support and recognition of the aspirations and strategies of the Group.

Chau Ching

Chairman

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue

Revenue of the Group amounted to approximately HK\$234.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 (2022: approximately HK\$260.1 million), representing a decrease of approximately 10.1% as compared with the preceding year. The revenue from both the OEM Business and the Yo Yo Monkey Business recorded a decline.

OEM Business

For the year ended 31 December 2023, revenue generated from the OEM Business amounted to approximately HK\$221.9 million, representing a decrease of approximately 8.0%, as compared to that of approximately HK\$241.1 million for the preceding year. For the year ended 31 December 2023, the two largest customers continued to be the major contributors of revenue for the OEM Business, where (i) the revenue generated from the largest customer of the Group amounted to approximately HK\$145.5 million (2022: approximately HK\$129.4 million), representing an increase of approximately 12.4%; and (ii) the revenue generated from the second largest customer of the Group amounted to approximately HK\$67.8 million (2022: approximately HK\$88.5 million), representing a decrease of approximately 23.3%. Despite the increase in revenue from the largest customer, the decline in total revenue was mainly attributable to the poor industry condition caused by the unfavourable macro-economic environment, where the customers of the Group generally became more conservative and were more reluctant to place more orders in view of the uncertainties of the future market. Nonetheless, the Group successfully secured sales orders of stainless steel sports bottle of approximately HK\$14.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 (2022: nil), where the Group manufactured the plastic parts and procured the metallic parts and packaging materials to produce the stainless steel sports bottle products.

Yo Yo Monkey Business

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Yo Yo Monkey Business recorded revenue of approximately HK\$12.1 million, representing a decline of approximately 36.5% as compared to that of approximately HK\$19.0 million for the preceding year. Such decline was mainly due to the fierce local competition and poor industry sentiment in year 2023, where sales performance at physical retail shops recorded a decline while the Group was still on its way to develop its online sales business.

Gross profit

The overall gross profit of the Group was approximately HK\$75.1 million, representing an overall gross profit margin of approximately 32.1%, for the year ended 31 December 2023 as compared to that of approximately HK\$79.8 million, representing a gross profit margin of approximately 30.7% for the year ended 31 December 2022. For the year ended 31 December 2023, the gross profit margin of the OEM Business was approximately 32.3% (2022: approximately 30.5%) and the gross profit margin of the Yo Yo Monkey Business was approximately 28.5% (2022: approximately 32.5%). Overall, the Group was able to maintain its gross profit margin in year 2023 as compared with the preceding year.

Selling expenses

The Group incurred selling expenses of approximately HK\$9.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2023, representing a decrease of approximately 31.1% as compared to that of approximately HK\$13.3 million for the year ended 31 December 2022. Such decrease was mainly attributable to (i) the lowering of promotion expenses as part of the cost control measures of the Group; and (ii) the reduction of transportation expenses.

Administrative expenses

The administrative expenses of the Group amounted to approximately HK\$38.3 million for the year ended 31 December 2023, representing a decrease of approximately 6.9% as compared to that of approximately HK\$41.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2022. The reduction in administrative expenses was in line with the lowering of total revenue, where administrative expenses maintained at approximately 15.8% and 16.4% of total revenue for each of the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2023, respectively.

Other income and gains/losses

The Group recorded net other income of approximately HK\$0.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2023, as compared to net other income of approximately HK\$2.3 million for the year ended 31 December 2022. The lower net other income in year 2023 was mainly because the receipt of a one-off government grant of approximately HK\$1.2 million in year 2022, as compared to that of HK\$0.3 million in year 2023.

Finance income/expenses, net

The Group recorded net finance income of approximately HK\$4.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2023, as compared to that of approximately HK\$0.8 million net finance income for the year ended 31 December 2022. The higher net finance income in year 2023 was attributable to the higher depository interest income received from time deposits placed at banks during the year as a result of higher time deposit interest rate and principal amount. The Group did not purchase any financial product during the year ended 31 December 2023.

Share of result of associates

The Group recorded a share of losses of associates of approximately HK\$8.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 (2022: approximately HK\$8.3 million). The losses were attributable to share of operating loss amounting to approximately HK\$4.3 million (2022: approximately HK\$3.6 million) before share of amortisation of intangible assets amounting to approximately HK\$3.2 million (2022: approximately HK\$3.2 million) and impairment loss of associate amounting to approximately HK\$1.1 million (2022: approximately HK\$1.5 million).

Net profit

The Group recorded an improvement in net profit attributable to equity holders of the Company from approximately HK\$13.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2022 to approximately HK\$16.3 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 primarily due to the enhancement of gross profit margin together with the reduction in selling expenses and the increase in finance income.

LIQUIDITY, FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND CAPITAL STRUCTURE

As at 31 December 2023, the cash and cash equivalents of the Group amounted to approximately HK\$126.3 million (2022: approximately HK\$134.8 million). The cash and cash equivalents of the Group as at 31 December 2023 were primarily denominated in Hong Kong dollars, Renminbi and United States dollars. The net decrease in cash and cash equivalents from 31 December 2022 to 31 December 2023 by approximately HK\$8.5 million was mainly attributable to (i) the payment of final dividend and final special dividend as stated in the announcement of the Company dated 17 March 2023 with an aggregate amount of approximately HK\$12.0 million while the increase in profit before income tax of approximately HK\$3.8 million from 31 December 2022 to 31 December 2023; and (ii) the increase in acquisition of property, plant and equipment by approximately HK\$8.9 million.

As at 31 December 2023, the Group maintained banking facilities of approximately HK\$30.0 million (2022: approximately HK\$30.0 million), which were partly utilised as bills facilities to settle payments to suppliers from time to time. As at 31 December 2023, such banking facilities were not utilised.

As at 31 December 2023, the gearing ratio of the Group (being total interest-bearing borrowings divided by total equity) was nil (2022: Nil).

CAPITAL COMMITMENT AND CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had no capital commitment (2022: Nil).

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the capital expenditure of the Group (being gross addition of property, plant and equipment) was approximately HK\$10.7 million (2022: approximately HK\$1.8 million). Such capital expenditure was primarily for the acquisition of new machineries and equipment.

TREASURY POLICY

The Group had sufficient level of cash and banking facilities for the conduct of its trade in the normal course of business during the year ended 31 December 2023. The management will continue to follow a prudent policy in managing the Group's cash balances and maintain a strong and healthy liquidity to ensure that the Group is well placed to take advantage of any future growth opportunities.

EXCHANGE RATE RISK

The transactions of the Group were primarily denominated in United States dollars, Renminbi and Hong Kong dollars. In particular, sales were primarily made in United States dollars whereas payments of staff wages and salaries were in Renminbi and Hong Kong dollars. The Group was exposed to exchange rate risk, especially from the fluctuation of the value of Renminbi.

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group recorded a gain on foreign exchange of approximately HK\$0.2 million (2022: loss on foreign exchange of approximately HK\$0.3 million).

The Group had not used any derivatives to hedge its exposure to foreign exchange risk during the year ended 31 December 2023. The management of the Company will continue to monitor the Group's foreign currency risk exposure and to ensure that it is kept at an acceptable level.

CHARGE ON ASSETS

None of the assets of the Group were pledged as at 31 December 2023 (2022: nil).

MATERIAL ACQUISITION, DISPOSAL AND INVESTMENT

The Group did not perform any material acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures or investments during the year ended 31 December 2023. The Group did not hold any significant investment as at 31 December 2023.

FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS OR CAPITAL ASSETS

Save as disclosed in this annual report, the Group did not have other plans for material investments and capital assets during the year ended 31 December 2023 and up to the date of this annual report.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had no material contingent liabilities, nor was aware of any pending or potential material legal proceedings involving the Group.

EVENTS AFTER THE YEAR

As at the date of this annual report, there is no other material change or major event required to be disclosed by the Company after 31 December 2023.

EMPLOYEES AND EMOLUMENT POLICY

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had 626 full-time employees (2022: 666). The reduction in the number of employees as at 31 December 2023 as compared to that of 31 December 2022 was mainly because of the lower demand for production workers (non-administrative staff) for manufacturing processes along with the reduction in the overall sales order received in year 2023.

Employees were remunerated and granted bonus based on their performance, work experience and prevailing market conditions. In compliance with statutory requirements in the PRC, the Group participated in a social insurance scheme and a housing provident fund. The social insurance scheme included pension insurance, medical insurance, maternity insurance, unemployment insurance and work injury insurance. For the Hong Kong employees, the Group contributed to the mandatory provident fund scheme as applicable. Employee benefit expenses of the Group in total for the year ended 31 December 2023 was approximately HK\$65.7 million (2022: approximately HK\$73.9 million).

The emoluments of the Directors were decided by the Board after recommendation from the remuneration committee of the Company, having considered factors such as the Group's financial performance and the individual performance of the Directors, etc.

The Group has adopted a Share Option Scheme under which employees of the Group may be granted an opportunity to acquire equity interests in the Company in recognition of their contributions to the Group. On 7 June 2021, the Company granted 6,000,000 share options to the Directors, senior management and certain employees of the Group to subscribe for an aggregate of 6,000,000 Shares. For further details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 7 June 2021, the section headed "Share Option Scheme" in this annual report and note 23 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group in this annual report.

PROSPECTS

The ongoing and potential crises around the world pose an ominous industry outlook, where both of the OEM Business and the Yo Yo Monkey Business are expected to continue to face challenges and uncertainties. In view of the aforesaid, the Group will maintain its cautious stance to venture through the arduous path in the upcoming period.

Currently, global issues including the COVID-19 pandemic, the USA-China trade tension and the Russia–Ukraine and the Gaza–Israel military conflicts have not yet been entirely resolved. Regarding the PRC economy, the ongoing real estate crisis might spill over to other sectors, causing direct or indirect adverse impacts to the businesses of the Group. Furthermore, the declining trend of the birthrate in the PRC is also unfavourable to the Group as it is likely to dampen the future growth of the infant product market.

The OEM Business primarily focuses on the overseas markets, where a majority of its revenue has been derived from customers based in the United States that are mainly brand owners. Over the years, the quality products and services delivered by the Group have been widely recognised by the market. However, adverse industry environment, consumer consumption sentiment and product ultimate demand are beyond the control of the Group and its customers. In year 2023, the weaker sales performance of the OEM Business was mainly attributable to the lower product demand by the customers of the Group as they became more prudent with their procurement levels under the uncertain industry environment. Despite such negative sentiment might linger in the near term, the Group will (i) continue to provide quality products and services with its best effort to strengthen its bonds with existing customers and uplift its reputation in the industry; (ii) exert efforts to develop business relationship with potential customers to broaden the customer base on a global basis to lower its reliance on limited geographical regions and customers; and (iii) explore possible enhancement of manufacturing capabilities for products including but not limited to plastic sports bottle and stainless steel sports bottle, primarily for meeting the demands of existing customers.

The Yo Yo Monkey Business primarily focuses on the mid-to-high end market in the infant and toddler segment in the PRC. The "Yo Yo Monkey (優優馬鰡)" brand of the Group is one of the few quality baby products brand originated from Hong Kong. As such, the Group is well positioned to capture the growing potential in the PRC market. However, similar to the OEM Business, the sales performance of the Yo Yo Monkey Business has been adversely impacted by the unfavourable industry environment. Moreover, local competition and price wars have been very fierce in the market, where the Group faced immense challenges in growing its sales and enhancing margin. Furthermore, the lowering birth rate in the PRC might also weaken the future growth rate of the industry, where the population of the PRC fell for the first time in 60 years in year 2022 and continued to fell in year 2023. In addition, the growing popularity of online shopping, especially since the outbreak of the pandemic, has led to the ongoing contraction of the sales of the Group through retail shops. All these factors are detrimental to the development of the Yo Yo Monkey Business. Nonetheless, the Group will continue to leverage on its established brand name in the market and adapt to the changes in market needs with suitable strategies. For instance, the Group would consider to allocate resources to further enhance its online sales in order to accommodate with the latest market demand trend.

Aside from organic growth, the Group so attempts to drive growth through carefully exploring appropriate business and investment opportunities, including but not limited to (i) evaluating potential acquisition targets on a global basis, especially those that are able to bring production synergies to the Group; and (ii) cooperating with business partners to form strategic alliances to accelerate the business development of the Group. In 2021, the Group made an investment to obtain 40% interest in BRH2 Plastics, LLC and, although BRH2 Plastics, LLC has not yet generated profit to the Group, the Group endeavours to explore means to further generate synergies by capitalising the strengths of both parties.

The Group has steered through storms after storms since its establishment. In the recent past five years, even under the pandemic, the Group was able to overall maintain its financial performance in terms of net profit generation essentially through revenue enhancement and/or cost control. The stable running of the Group relies on (i) the long term relationships established among the Group and its upstream and downstream business partners; and (ii) the team spirit within the Group among its experienced management team and prominent staff members. The Group is well-equipped and will make every effort to cope with the ever-changing needs and capture opportunities to drive long term growth. The near term outlook of the industry may not be very favourable, but the Group is committed to ride out the storm towards the better days to come.

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Chau Ching (周青), aged 70, was appointed as a Director on 9 March 2017 and was re-designated as executive Director on 31 August 2017 and is the chairman of the Board, the chairman of the nomination committee of the Company and the founder of the Group. He is responsible for overseeing and implementing the Group's strategy and managing the OEM Business. In 2007, Mr. Chau founded Main Success and had since served as its director till now. Mr. Chau is one of the controlling Shareholders. For Mr. Chau's interest in the Shares within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO, please refer to the section headed "Report of the Directors" in this annual report. Mr. Chau is the father of Mr. Chau Wai, the cousin-in-law of Mr. Chung and uncle of Mr. Chung Leonard Shing Chun.

Mr. Chau has more than 20 years of experience in the manufacturing industry. Mr. Chau founded Sharp Success Enterprises Limited in 1995 which was principally engaged in the toy manufacturing business. Subsequently, Sharp Success Enterprises Limited left the toy manufacturing business and in 2011 became a property holding company.

Mr. Chung Kwok Keung Peter (鍾國強), aged 70, was appointed as a Director on 9 March 2017 and was re-designated as executive Director on 31 August 2017 and is the chief executive officer of the Group. He is primarily responsible for directing the overall management and strategic planning and supervision of operations of the Group. He joined the Group in August 2012.

Mr. Chung is a director of Main Success and On Gain Development Limited, both are indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Chung is one of the controlling Shareholders. For Mr. Chung's interest in the Shares within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO, please refer to the section headed "Report of the Directors" in this annual report. Mr. Chung is the father of Mr. Chung Leonard Shing Chun, cousin-in-law of Mr. Chau and uncle of Mr. Chau Wai.

Mr. Chung has accumulated more than 30 years of experience in the manufacturing industry. He co-founded Racing Champions Limited in 1989, which focused on manufacturing die-cast race car miniatures under the National Association for Stock Car Auto Racing (NASCAR) brand license, and served as its director. Racing Champions Limited sold its business assets to Banerjan Company Limited (now known as TOMY (Hong Kong) Limited, a major customer of the Group), which was then wholly-owned by Racing Champions Corporation, in 1996. Racing Champions Corporation was renamed as RC2 Corporation in 2003, the shares of which were listed on the Nasdaq Global Select Market and was acquired by Tomy Company, Ltd in 2011. He served as a director of Racing Champions Corporation from 1996 to 2008 and joined Baird Capital and worked as an operating partner from 2003 to 2014. He was also the chairman of Baird Asia Limited from 2004 to 2010. During the time, he was also instrumental in starting and overseeing Baird's regional office in Hong Kong and Shanghai, the PRC.

He served as an independent non-executive director of StarGlory Holdings Company Limited (formerly known as New Wisdom Holding Company Limited and Epicurean and Company, Limited) (stock code: 8213), a company listed on GEM for the period from 18 February 2010 to 8 November 2016.

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Chung Leonard Shing Chun (鍾丞晉), (with former name Chung Wai Hang Leonard) aged 36, was appointed as a Director on 9 March 2017 and was re-designated as executive Director on 31 August 2017. Mr. Leonard Chung is responsible for managing the corporate development and investor relations functions of the Group. He is the director of strategy and development of Main Success. Mr. Leonard Chung is the son of Mr. Chung, nephew of Mr. Chau and cousin of Mr. Chau Wai.

Prior to joining the Group in 2016, Mr. Leonard Chung worked in Baird Asia Limited as a financial analyst from 2010 to 2012. He held positions until present as the director of investments in Racing Champions Limited (a company wholly-owned by Mr. Chung and his spouse) since 2012, and the managing partner in Enclave Audio Limited since 2014. He obtained a bachelor's degree of science in business administration from the Washington University in St. Louis in 2009.

Mr. Chau Wai (周瑋), (with former Chinese name 周煒) aged 36, was appointed as a Director on 9 March 2017 and was redesignated as executive Director on 31 August 2017. He is responsible for formulating development strategies, overseeing the administration, sales and marketing functions of the "Yo Yo Monkey" brand of the Group. Mr. Chau Wai is the son of Mr. Chau, nephew of Mr. Chung and cousin of Mr. Chung Leonard Shing Chun.

Since Mr. Chau Wai joined the Group, he has worked as the manager of sales and marketing in Main Success in which he was responsible for expanding the customer base and the advertising functions of the Group from 2009 to 2012. He then worked as the director of sales and marketing in Main Success and the general manager of Anyu Baby, which is an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, from 2012 until now. As a general manager in Anyu Baby, he is primarily responsible for the operation management, administration and sales of the business. He obtained a bachelor's degree of science in hotel administration from the University of Nevada in 2008 prior to joining the Group.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Yu Hon To David (俞漢度), aged 75, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 15 May 2018. He is also the chairman of the audit committee and a member of the remuneration committee and the nomination committee of the Company. Mr. Yu presently serves as an independent non-executive director of several companies listed on the Main Board including China Resources Gas Group Limited (stock code: 1193), Keck Seng Investments (Hong Kong) Limited (stock code: 0184), One Media Group Limited (stock code: 0426), Playmates Toys Limited (stock code: 0869), Mr. Yu is also a Non-executive Director of Haier Smart Home Co., Ltd. which is listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange (stock code: 600690.SH) and the Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange (stock code: 6690). In the past three years, Mr Yu was an independent non-executive director of Playmates Holdings Limited (stock code: 0635), Media Chinese International Limited (stock code: 0685), China Renewable Energy Investment Limited (stock code: 0987) and New Century Asset Management Limited, the Manager of New Century Real Estate Investment Trust (stock code: 1275), all currently or previously listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

Mr. Yu obtained a bachelor's degree in social science from The Chinese University of Hong Kong He is a fellow member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales and an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He was a partner of an international accounting firm with extensive experience in the fields of corporate finance, auditing and corporate management.

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management

Mr. Seto John Gin Chung (司徒振中), aged 75, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 15 May 2018. He is also the chairman of the remuneration committee and a member of the audit committee and the nomination committee of the Company. Mr. Seto obtained a master's degree in business administration from the New York University in 1973

Mr. Seto presently serves as an independent non-executive director of Pokfulam Development Company Limited (stock code: 0225) which is listed on the Main Board. Mr. Seto resigned as an independent non-executive director and the chairman of the board of Hop Hing Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 0047) on 15 February, 2022, which was privatized and delisted from the Stock Exchange on 27 January 2022. He also resigned as independent non-executive director of Kowloon Development Company Limited (stock code: 0034) with effect from 8 June 2022.

Mr. Seto has over 40 years of experience in the securities and futures industry which includes his services as the chief executive officer in HSBC Broking Services (Asia) Limited, a non-executive director of Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited, a council member of the Stock Exchange and the first vice chairman of the Stock Exchange.

Mr. Asvaintra Bhanusak (馬清源), aged 79, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 15 May 2018. He is also a member of the audit committee and the remuneration committee of the Company. He is currently an independent non-executive director of Dickson Concepts (International) Limited (stock code: 0113), a company listed on the Main Board.

Mr. Asvaintra held various senior executive positions in the banking industry with the Chase Manhattan Bank group in New York, Hong Kong and Singapore in the 1970s. In 1980, Mr. Asvaintra joined the Charoen Pokphand group of companies and retired as the chief executive officer in 1998.

Mr. Asvaintra received his bachelor's degree in science from the Wharton Business School, University of Pennsylvania in May 1968 and a master's degree in business administration from the University of Chicago in June 1970.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Cheung Chor Yin (張楚然**)**, aged 57, was appointed as the chief operating officer of the Group in June 2017. Mr. Cheung is primarily responsible for product engineering development and supervising the sales and marketing and quality assurance functions of the Group. He joined the Group in August 2010. Mr. Cheung has experience of over 20 years in the design, engineering and manufacturing business. Mr. Cheung worked as the engineering director in Sunrise Industrial Limited from 2008 to 2009. In the years between 1993 and 2007, he worked at Funrise Toy Limited. He was the vice president in research and design from 1998 to 2007, the engineer director from 1997 to 1998, the engineering manager from 1996 to 1997 and the project engineer from 1993 to 1995. Mr. Cheung obtained his higher certificate in manufacturing engineering from the Hong Kong Polytechnic (now known as The Hong Kong Polytechnic University) in November 1993 and his diploma in mechanical engineering in July 1988 from Kwai Chung Technical Institute (now known as Hong Kong Institute of Vocational Education (Kwai Chung)).

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management

Mr. Ko Kam On (高錦安**)**, aged 44, was appointed as the chief financial officer and the company secretary of the Group on 3 January 2017. Mr. Ko graduated from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University with a bachelor degree in accountancy and is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. He is also a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He has over 15 years of professional experience in financial management and administration. He is also an associate and registered tax adviser of the Taxation Institute of Hong Kong, Registered Financial Planner and the initial HKRFP of the Society of Registered Financial Planners, Diploma in commercial fraud from the Society of Business Practitioners, Certified Merger and Acquisition Specialist from the Institute of Financial Consultants in Canada and the US and a certified risk planner from the institute of Crisis and Risk Management. He also obtained a master's degree in business administration from Holmes Institute in 2014 and a master degree in laws from University of Greenwich, the United Kingdom in 2021.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Ko Kam On is the company secretary of the Company. He is also the chief financial officer of the Group. Please refer to the above paragraph for details of his biographical information.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Board recognises the importance of incorporating elements of good corporate governance into the management structure and the risk management and internal control procedures of the Group so as to ensure that all business activities of the Group and the decision making process are properly regulated.

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Company had applied the principles and complied with the code provisions in the CG Code.

CULTURES AND VALUES

A healthy corporate culture across the Group is integral to attain its vision and strategy. It is the Board's role to foster a corporate culture with the following core principles and to ensure that the Company's vision, values and business strategies are aligned to it.

1. Integrity and code of conduct

The Group strives to maintain high standards of business ethics and corporate governance across all our activities and operations. The Directors, management and staff are all required to act lawfully, ethically and responsibly, and the required standards and norms are explicitly set out in the training materials for all new staff and embedded in various policies such as the Group's employee handbook (including therein the Group's code of conduct), the anti-corruption policy and the whistleblowing policy of the Group. Trainings are conducted from time to time to reinforce the required standards in respect of ethics and integrity.

2. Commitment

The Group believes that the culture of commitment to workforce development, workplace safety and health, diversity, and sustainability is one where people have a feeling of commitment and emotional engagement with the Group's mission. This sets the tone for a strong and productive workforce that attracts, develops, and retains the best talent and produces the highest quality work. Moreover, the Company's strategy in the business development and management are to achieve long-term, steady and sustainable growth, while having due considerations from environment, social and governance aspects.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board is responsible for governing the Group and managing assets entrusted by the Shareholders. Its principal responsibilities include formulating the Group's business strategies and management objectives, monitoring and overseeing the performance of the Group, setting the Group's values and standards and ensuring that a prudent and effective framework of risk management and internal control is in place.

COMPOSITION

The Board currently comprises four executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors, whose biographical details and relationships among the Directors are set out in the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" on pages 12 to 15 of this annual report. The composition of the Board is as follows:

Executive Directors

Mr. Chau Ching (Chairman)

Mr. Chung Kwok Keung Peter (Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Chau Wai

Mr. Chung Leonard Shing Chun

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Asvaintra Bhanusak

Mr. Seto John Gin Chung

Mr. Yu Hon To David

The composition of the Board is well balanced with each Director having sound knowledge, experience and expertise relevant to the business operation and development of the Group.

All Directors are aware of their collective and individual responsibilities to the Shareholders and have exercised their duties with care, skill and diligence, contributing to the successful performance of the Group.

BOARD MEETINGS

The Company adopts the practice of holding Board meetings regularly, at least four times a year, and at approximately quarterly intervals. Notices of not less than fourteen days are given for all regular Board meetings to provide all Directors with an opportunity to attend and include matters in the agenda for a regular meeting. For holding of other Board and committee meetings, reasonable notice have been given to the Directors in general. The agenda and accompanying Board papers are despatched to the Directors or committee members at least three days before the meetings to ensure that they have sufficient time to review the papers and be adequately prepared for the meetings. If Directors or committee members are unable to attend a meeting, we will ensure that they will be advised of the matters to be discussed and given an opportunity to make their views known to the chairman prior to the meeting. Minutes of the Board meetings and committees meetings are recorded in sufficient detail the matters considered by the Board and the committees and the decisions reached, including any concerns raised by the Directors. Draft minutes of each Board meetings and committees meetings are sent to the relevant Directors for comments within a reasonable time after the date on which the meeting is held.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Board discussed and reviewed the audited annual results and report for the year ended 31 December 2022 and the unaudited interim results and report for the six months ended 30 June 2023, the business and financial performance of the Company, as well as the engagement of external professional service providers to review the Group's risk management and internal control systems.

All Directors have full and timely access to all relevant information as well as the advice and services of the company secretary of the Company, with a view to ensuring that Board procedures and all applicable rules and regulations are followed. There are established mechanisms for director to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances at the Company's expense. The Board adopted a policy on directors obtaining independent professional advice on 18 November 2022 and the Board reviews the implementation and effectiveness of such mechanisms annually.

RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD

Save as disclosed in the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" of this annual report, none of the members of the Board has any relationship (including financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship) among each other.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

To ensure a balance of power and authority, the roles of the chairman of the Board and the chief executive officer of the Company are clearly segregated.

The chairman of the Board is Mr. Chau Ching and his principal role is to provide leadership for the Board on the Group's strategic planning, ensure proper proceedings of the Board and encourage all Directors to have full and active contributions to the Board's affairs. At the same time, the chairman ensures that good corporate governance practices and procedures are established. Moreover, the chairman at least annually holds meetings with the independent non-executive Directors without the presence of other Directors and management.

The chief executive officer of the Company is Mr. Chung Kwok Keung Peter, supported by other executive Directors and the management. His principal role is to direct the overall management and strategic planning and supervision of operations of the Group.

RESPONSIBILITIES, ACCOUNTABILITY AND CONTRIBUTION OF THE BOARD AND THE MANAGEMENT

The management of the Company is led by the executive Directors and has been delegated power and authorities to carry out the day-to-day operations of the Group; formulate business policies and make decision on key business issues; and exercise power and authority delegated by the Board from time to time. The delegated power and authorities are periodically reviewed by the Board. The management assumes full accountability to the Board for the operations of the Group.

The Board had given clear directions to the management, while certain matters (including but not limited to the following) must be reserved to the Board for its approval:

- (i) publication of final and interim results of the Company;
- (ii) decisions on whether or not to declare, recommend and pay dividend;
- (iii) changes to major group structure or Board composition;

- (iv) notifiable or connected transactions within the meaning of Chapters 14 and 14A of the Listing Rules; and
- (v) other significant financial and operational matters and matters specifically set out in the Listing Rules which require approval at a full Board meeting.

MODEL CODE

The Company has adopted the code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions as set out in the Model Code in Appendix C3 (previously Appendix 10) to the Listing Rules. Having made specific enquiries to all Directors, they have all confirmed that they had complied with the required standards as set out in the Model Code for the year ended 31 December 2023.

All Directors and certain relevant employees (who are likely to be in possession of unpublished inside information of the Company) are also reminded not to deal in the securities of the Company within 30 days and 60 days before the publication of the interim and annual results announcements, respectively, and they are prohibited to make use of any inside information to deal in the securities of the Company.

CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Each newly appointed Director will receive comprehensive, formal and tailored induction on the first occasion of his appointment, so as to ensure that he has appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Group and that he is fully aware of his responsibilities and obligations as a Director under the Listing Rules and relevant regulatory requirements.

Directors are continually updated on the developments in the statutory and regulatory regime and the business environment to facilitate the discharge of their responsibilities.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, all Directors (Mr. Chau Ching, Mr. Chau Wai, Mr. Chung Kwok Keung Peter, Mr. Chung Leonard Shing Chun, Mr. Seto John Gin Chung, Mr. Asvaintra Bhanusak and Mr. Yu Hon To David) have participated in continuous professional development by attending seminars and reading materials on topics related to the Group's business, corporate governance, continuing obligations of listed companies and directors, and/or updates on rules and regulations.

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Company has adopted a dividend policy, pursuant to which the Board and the Company may declare dividends subject to the Cayman Islands Companies Law and the articles of association of the Company. The amount of dividends to be declared and paid are based upon, among other things, the Group's general business conditions, financial results, capital requirements and liquidity position, interests of the Shareholders, statutory and regulatory restrictions and any other factors which the Board may deem relevant.

INSIDE INFORMATION POLICY

The Board had adopted an inside information policy in 2018 which contains guidelines to the Directors, officers and certain relevant employees of the Group to ensure that inside information of the Group can be promptly identified, assessed and disseminated to the public in equal and timely manner in accordance with the applicable laws and regulations. The Company must disclose inside information to the public as soon as reasonably practicable, unless the "safe harbour" provisions under the SFO apply. The Board will take reasonable precautions in preserving the confidentiality of inside information before publication of the relevant announcement (if applicable).

The Board had adopted the whistleblowing policy since 2018 to provide channels for employees to raise concerns and define a way to handle these concerns, enable management to be informed at an early stage about acts of misconduct. The Group reassure employees that they will be protected from punishment or unfair treatment for disclosing concerns in good faith and help to development a culture of openness, accountability and integrity.

WHISTLEBLOWING POLICY

The Board adopted a whistleblowing policy (the "Whistleblowing Policy") in May 2018. The purpose of the Whistleblowing Policy is to (i) foster a culture of compliance, ethical behaviour and good corporate governance across the Group; and (ii) promote the importance of ethical behaviour and encourages the reporting of misconduct, unlawful and unethical behavior.

The nature, status and the results of the complaints received under the Whistleblowing Policy are reported to the chairman of the Audit Committee or the company secretary of the Group. No incident of fraud or misconduct that have material effect on the Group's financial statements or overall operations for the year ended 31 December 2023 has been discovered.

The Whistleblowing Policy is reviewed annually by the Audit Committee to ensure its effectiveness.

ANTI-CORRUPTION POLICY

The Board had adopted an anti-corruption policy since 2022 to ensure employees are aware of anti-corruption laws and regulations and regulatory obligations.

APPOINTMENT OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Independent non-executive Directors serve the function of bringing independent judgement to the development, performance and risk management of the Group. Each of the independent non-executive Directors has been appointed for a term of three years and subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years.

Mr. Yu Hon To David, Mr. Seto John Gin Chung and Mr. Asvaintra Bhanusak have been the independent non-executive Directors since 2018. All of them are not involved in the daily management of the Company nor in any relationships which would interfere with the exercise of their independent judgement.

The Board has received from each of them a confirmation of independence according to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and considers that the independent non-executive Directors to be independent for the year ended 31 December 2023.

COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD

Certain committees have been set up under the Board to supervise the management and administrative functions of the Group. They include:

Audit Committee

The Company established its audit committee on 15 May 2018 (the "Audit Committee") with written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules and the CG Code. The main duties of the Audit Committee include, *inter alia*, (1) reviewing the relationship of the external auditor and the Group and making recommendations to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of external auditor and its remuneration and terms of engagement; (2) reviewing the financial statements and reports and considering any significant or unusual items raised by the external auditor; (3) reviewing the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's financial reporting system, internal control and risk management system, etc.; and (4) overseeing the corporate governance function.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Audit Committee reviewed the audited annual results and report for the year ended 31 December 2022, the unaudited interim results and report for the six months ended 30 June 2023, and the Group's financial and accounting policies and practices; and discussed the engagement of external professional service providers to review the risk management and internal control systems and the environmental, social and governance report of the Group.

Members of the Audit Committee comprise Mr. Yu Hon To David (Chairman), Mr. Seto John Gin Chung and Mr. Asvaintra Bhanusak, all of whom are independent non-executive Directors.

Nomination Committee

The Company established its nomination committee on 15 May 2018 (the "Nomination Committee") with written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code. The primary duties of the Nomination Committee include, *inter alia*, the following:

- (a) to review the structure, size, composition and diversity of the Board and make recommendations on any proposed changes;
- (b) to identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members;
- (c) to assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors; and
- (d) to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors.

Board diversity policy

The Board adopted a board diversity policy which sets out its approach to achieve diversity on the Board. The Board sets measurable objectives to implement the board diversity policy and reviews such objectives from time to time.

Board diversity has been considered from a number of perspectives, including skills, regional and industry experience, background, race, gender and other qualities. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

The Board is currently diversified in terms of, amongst others, age, skill, regional and industry experience and background. For instance, (i) Mr. Chau and Mr. Chung are seasoned veterans with decades of experience in the manufacturing industry, whereas Mr. Chung Leonard Shing Chun and Mr. Chau Wai are in their thirties and had graduated from universities in the United States; and (ii) the independent non-executive Directors are experienced in, among other areas, the accounting and/or finance industries. For further details of the profile of each of the members of the Board, please refer to the section headed "Biographical details of directors and senior management" in this annual report.

As disclosed in the environmental, social and governance reports published by the Company, the majority of the employees of the Group are female. As of 31 December 2023, the Group had a total of 626 employees, of which 159 were male, accounting for 25.4% of the total number of employees; and 467 were female, accounting for 74.6% of the total number of employees.

The Company ensures that the recruitment and selection of personnel at all levels are conducted in accordance with appropriate framework procedures to attract candidates with diverse backgrounds for the Group's engagement. The Group plans to cultivate employees with a broader and more diverse background as well as rich work experience and skills. Nonetheless, the Group has been looking forward to enhancing gender diversification at the Board level, where the Group currently expects to appoint at least one female Director in the upcoming period and no later than 31 December 2024 as required under Rule 13.92 of the Listing Rules. The Group is in the process of identifying and assessing suitable candidates for such appointment, which is expected to be through either internal promotion or external hiring.

The Nomination Committee reviews and monitors the implementation of the board diversity policy on an annual basis.

Nomination policy

The Board had also adopted a nomination policy on 17 December 2018 (the "Nomination Policy") which sets out the nomination procedures for selecting candidates for election as Directors. Such policy was managed by the Nomination Committee.

A summary of the Nomination Policy is set out as follows:

- The Nomination Committee will assess the suitability of a proposed candidate by considering factors such as the
 reputation for integrity, the accomplishment and experience in the Company's related businesses, the commitment in
 respect of available time and relevant interest of the candidate and diversity, etc.
- The Nomination Committee will then nominate suitable candidates to the Board (i) for it to consider and make recommendations to the Shareholders for election as Directors at general meetings; or (ii) for appointment as Directors to fill casual vacancies.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Nomination Committee reviewed the structure, size, composition and diversity of the Board, the independence of independent non-executive Directors, re-election of Directors, the Company's board diversity policy and the Nomination Policy.

Members of the Nomination Committee comprise Mr. Chau (Chairman), who is an executive Director, and Mr. Yu Hon To David and Mr. Seto John Gin Chung, both of whom are independent non-executive Directors.

Remuneration Committee

The Company established its remuneration committee on 15 May 2018 (the "**Remuneration Committee**") with written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.25 of the Listing Rules and the CG Code. The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee include, inter alia, reviewing the management's remuneration proposals, making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration package of the Directors and senior management and ensuring none of the Directors determines his own remuneration.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Remuneration Committee had reviewed the remuneration of Directors and senior management and the Company's remuneration policy, where no new share option or share award was granted during the period. Details of the amount of emoluments of Directors for the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in note 11 to the consolidated financial statements in this annual report.

Members of the Remuneration Committee comprise Mr. Seto John Gin Chung (Chairman), Mr. Yu Hon To David and Mr. Asvaintra Bhanusak, all of whom are independent non-executive Directors.

The remuneration by band of the members of the senior management for the year ended 31 December 2023 is set out below:

	Number of senior management
	2023 2022
Remuneration band	
Nil – HK\$1,000,000	
HK\$1,000,001 – HK\$2,000,000	2 2

ATTENDANCE OF MEETINGS

The Board held regular Board meetings, Remuneration Committee meetings, Nomination Committee meetings and Audit Committee meetings to discuss the Group's businesses, operations, development and conduct. All important issues were discussed in a timely manner. The attendance record of each Director, who held office in year 2023, at the aforesaid meetings held for the year ended 31 December 2023 is set out below:

Number of meetings attended/eligible to attend

Name of Director	Board meeting	Remuneration Committee meeting	Nomination Committee meeting	Audit Committee meeting	AGM ⁽⁷⁾
Name of Director	meeting	meeting	meeting	meeting	AGIVI
Executive Directors					
Mr. Chau ⁽⁴⁾	4/4	N/A	1/1	N/A	1/1
Mr. Chung	4/4	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1
Mr. Chau Wai	4/4	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1
Mr. Chung Leonard Shing Chun	4/4	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1
Independent Non-Executive Directors					
Mr. Seto John Gin Chung ^(2, 3, 5)	4/4	1/1	1/1	2/2	1/1
Mr. Asvaintra Bhanusak ^(1, 5)	4/4	1/1	N/A	2/2	1/1
Mr. Yu Hon To David ^(1, 3, 6)	4/4	1/1	1/1	2/2	1/1

Notes:

- Members of the Remuneration Committee
- 2. Chairman of the Remuneration Committee
- 3 Members of the Nomination Committee
- 4. Chairman of the Nomination Committee
- 5. Members of the Audit Committee
- 6. Chairman of the Audit Committee
- 7. AGM was held on 1 June 2023

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Ko Kam On, the company secretary of the Company, is a full time employee and the chief financial officer of the Group. During the year ended 31 December 2023, Mr. Ko confirmed that he had complied with the relevant professional training requirement under Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules. His biographical details are set out in the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" of this annual report.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board has the overall responsibility for maintaining an adequate system on risk management and internal controls of the Group and, on an annual basis, reviewing the effectiveness of it. The Board is committed to implement an effective risk management and internal control system to safeguard the interests of the Shareholders and the Company's assets. To achieve this, the Board engaged an independent professional consultant (the "Consultant") to perform the internal audit function of the Group and review the Group's risk management and internal control systems.

The Group's internal control is designed to provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss and to mitigate rather than eliminate risks of failure in operational systems and fulfilment of business objectives. The Group has established internal control to help the business operations to achieve the Group's business objectives, to safeguard the Group's assets, to ensure business operations complying with applicable laws and regulations, and to ensure the maintenance of proper accounting records and the reliability of financial information reported by the business operations.

The internal control process is accomplished by the Board, the management team and other designated staff, and is designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the achievement of objectives.

The approach adopted in assessing the internal control systems is based on those set by the Committee of Sponsoring Organisations of the Treadway Commission, a globally recognised framework which categorises internal controls into five components as the basis of reviewing its effectiveness, namely (i) control environment, (ii) risk assessment, (iii) information and communication, (iv) control activities; and (v) monitoring. In assessing the internal control system based on the above principles, the Group has taken into consideration of the nature of business as well as the organisation structure. The system is designed to manage the risk rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. The system is designed further to safeguard the Group's assets, maintain appropriate accounting records and financial reporting, maintain efficiency of operations and ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

The methodology of the Group's internal controls system for its risk assessment comprises four core stages as shown below. The process is performed on an annual basis to address changes in the Group's business environment.



Ongoing communication, monitoring and review

The Board as supported by the Audit Committee, assessed the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems (covering all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls) by engaging the Consultant to review the effectiveness and adequacy of the risk management and internal control systems for the year ended 31 December 2023. All audit findings were reported and communicated to the Audit Committee, Directors and senior management. Appropriate recommendations for further enhancing the internal control systems were proposed to management and had been committed to adopt as management thought fit. Audit issues were tracked and followed up for proper implementation, with progress reported to the Audit Committee, Directors and senior management on a regular basis. The Directors considered that the risk management and internal control system (including but not limited to the processes for financial reporting and Listing Rule compliance) for the year ended 31 December 2023 were generally effective and adequate.

The Audit Committee also reviewed the adequacy of resources, qualifications, experience, training programme of the Group's accounting and financial reporting staff and considered they were adequate in carrying out their roles and responsibilities.

Inside information dissemination and control measures

The Company has maintained internal guidelines for ensuring that inside information is disseminated to the public in an equal and timely manner in accordance with the applicable laws and regulations. Access to inside information is at all times confined to relevant employees of the Group (mainly Directors and senior management). Relevant employees and other professional parties involved are reminded to preserve confidentiality of the inside information until it is publicly disclosed. Before the information is fully disclosed to the public, the Group ensures the information is kept strictly confidential.

FINANCIAL REPORTING

Responsibilities in respect of financial statements

The Board acknowledges its responsibility for preparing the financial statements of the Group. In preparing the financial statements, the Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("**HKICPA**") have been adopted. The principal accounting policies, adopted for the preparation of financial statements of the Group are set out in note 2 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group in this annual report. The reporting responsibility of the Company's external auditor on the financial statements of the Group is set out in the independent auditor's report on pages 70 to 74 of this annual report.

Auditor's remuneration

In addition to audit services, the Company engaged its external auditor, PricewaterhouseCoopers, for non-audit services, under which the external auditor is required to comply with the independence requirements under the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants issued by the HKICPA.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, fees paid or payable to the external auditor are set out as follows:

Nature of services	HK\$'000
Audit services	956
Non-audit services	575
Total	1,531

Non-audit services include transfer pricing review and tax review and review of the interim report and annual results announcement.

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Communication with Shareholders

The Company had established a shareholders' communication policy in 2018 and shall review it on a regular basis to ensure its effectiveness. The Group considers the communication policy conducted during the year ended 31 December 2023 was effective in view of the various channels available (both physically and electronically) for the ongoing communication between the Group and the Shareholders (including raising enquiries by Shareholders). The Company communicates with the Shareholders mainly in the following ways:

- (a) the holding of annual general meeting and extraordinary general meetings (if any, which may be convened for specific purposes), which provide opportunities for the Shareholders to communicate directly to the Board;
- (b) the publication of announcements, annual reports, interim reports and circulars on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange;
- (c) the publication of press releases of the Company providing updated information of the Group;
- (d) the availability of latest information of the Group on the Company's website;
- (e) the holding of investor/analyst briefings and media conference from time to time; and
- (f) meeting with investors and analysts on a regular basis.

Procedures for Shareholders to convene an extraordinary general meeting ("EGM")

Pursuant to article 58 of the articles of association of the Company, any one or more Shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the voting rights at general meetings, on a one vote per share basis, in the capital of the Company shall at all times have the right, by depositing at the headquarter of the Company in Hong Kong written requisition to the Board or the company secretary of the Company, to require an EGM to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within 2 months after the deposit of such requisition. If within 21 days of such deposit, the Board fails to proceed to convene an EGM, the requisitionist(s) himself/herself/themselves may convene a physical meeting at only one location which will be principal Meeting Place, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed by the Company.

Voting by poll

The articles of association of the Company set out the procedures and requirements for voting by poll. Pursuant to Rule 13.39 of the Listing Rules, any vote of Shareholders at a general meeting must be taken by poll except where the chairman, in good faith, decides to allow a resolution which relates purely to a procedural or administrative matter to be voted on by a show of hands.

The poll results will be published on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange as soon as possible after conclusion of the relevant general meeting.

Enquiries and proposals from Shareholders

Shareholders are welcomed to send their enquiries and concerns or put forward proposals at general meetings by writing to the Board addressing to the company secretary of the Company through the following channels:

- (a) by mail to the Company's headquarter at Room 907, 9/F., Enterprise Square Tower 1, 9 Sheung Yuet Road, Kowloon Bay, Kowloon, Hong Kong;
- (b) by email at ir@sharpsuccess.cn; or
- (c) by fax at +852 23051528.

Changes to constitutional document

During the year ended 31 December 2023, there was no significant amendment to the Company's constitutional document, and such document was published on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

ABOUT THIS REPORT

The Group is pleased to present this Environmental, Social and Governance Report (the "**ESG Report**") to summarise the Group's policies, measures and performance on the key ESG issues.

Reporting Period

This ESG Report illustrates the overall performance of the Group regarding the environmental and social aspects from 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 (the "**Reporting Period**" or "**2023**").

Reporting Scope and Boundaries

This ESG Report discloses the policies and measures of the core and material business of the Group, i.e. the office in Hong Kong and the production base in Shaoguan city at Guangdong Province, the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), which have accounted for all of the Group's total revenue in the Reporting Period.

If the scope and boundaries of the specific contents vary, they are noted in the relevant sections of this ESG Report.

Reporting Basis and Standards

This ESG Report is prepared in accordance with Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide (the "**ESG Guide**") as set out in Appendix C2 (previously Appendix 27) to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "**Listing Rules**") and based on the four reporting principles — materiality, quantitative, balance and consistency:

Materiality

The Group identifies and determines material ESG factors mainly through stakeholder engagement and materiality assessment, details of which are set out in the following sections.

Quantitative

Information on the standards, methodologies and criteria used for the reporting of the environmental and social key performance indicators ("**KPIs**") have been disclosed in this ESG Report.

Balance

This ESG Report is prepared with a view to providing an unbiased picture of the Group's performance, with the avoidance of selections, omissions, or presentation formats that may inappropriately influence a decision or judgment by the report reader.

Consistency

Unless it is stated in this ESG report, otherwise the methodologies used in this ESG Report are consistent with those in the report for the preceding year. Apart from the incorporation of information in this ESG Report to company with the latest Listing Rules, there is no material change in this ESG Report when compared with that for the preceding year.

The Group has complied with all "comply or explain" provisions set out in the ESG Guide.

The information contained herein is sourced from internal documents and statistics of the Group, as well as the combined control, management and operations information provided by the subsidiaries in accordance with the Group's internal management systems. This ESG Report is prepared and published in both English and Chinese at the Stock Exchange's website (www.hkexnews.hk) and the Company's website (www.mainsuccess.cn). In the event of contradiction or inconsistency between the English version and the Chinese version, the English version shall prevail.

Review and Approval

The Board acknowledges its responsibility for ensuring the integrity of this ESG Report and to the best of their knowledge, this ESG Report addresses all relevant material issues and fairly presents the ESG performance of the Company. This ESG Report was reviewed and approved by the Board on 21 March 2024.

MISSION AND VISION

The Group is committed to the production of plastic bottles and baby feeding accessories that are in line with international industry standards. The Group believes that, while promoting business development, the Group must also take into account the interests of different stakeholders. Therefore, as a responsible company, corporate social responsibility is closely related to the business decisions of the Group.

BOARD STATEMENT AND ESG GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE

The Group understands the importance of sustainable development and has committed to integrating ESG factors into its operations, creating sustainable value for stakeholders and fulfilling its responsibilities as a corporate citizen. The Board has delegated the day-to-day responsibility of ESG implementation to the ESG Working Group (the "Working Group"). The Working Group is composed of senior management and core members from different departments of the Group and is responsible for facilitating the adoption of ESG strategies and policies throughout the Group. The Working Group is also responsible for communicating with stakeholders. The Group engaged its stakeholders on an on-going basis to collect their views and expectations on its ESG performance and reporting. As an important part of corporate government, ESG is integrated into the Company's overall governance system and risk management. During the Reporting Period, the Group continued to maintain a high standard in governance. The Group strictly operated in accordance with laws and regulations, improved the governance structure in accordance with the current company status, and clarified the scope of duties and working procedures.

The Board is responsible for improving the Company's governance system, formulating overall strategic plans, setting long-term performance and management objectives, evaluating business performance, supervising management performance and identifying risks to maintain a high governance level.

Under a systematic ESG management approach, the Board takes the lead on and has the full responsibility for ESG strategy and reporting, as well as being responsible for coordinating, assessing and determining the suitability and effectiveness of the Group's risk management for ESG. The Board reviews and evaluates the Group's ESG performance, goals and targets on a regular basis and the annual ESG report will then be examined and approved by the Board.

STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group communicated with key stakeholders through various channels in order to understand their different expectations and identify the most material aspects which require comparatively higher emphasis for reporting in this ESG Report. While higher priority is given to the most material aspects, the Group will continue to monitor and report the other aspects in its ESG Report in order to enhance corporate transparency.

The table below presents the communication methods between the Group and the key stakeholders.

Stakeholder Groups	Communication Channels		
Government	Annual reports, interim reports, ESG reports and other public information		
Shareholders and investors	 Annual general meetings and other general meetings of shareholders Company website Press releases or announcements Annual reports, interim reports, ESG reports and other public information 		
Employees	 Training Meetings Performance evaluation Employee activities 		
Customers	Fax, email and customer service hotlineProduct and service feedback		
Suppliers	Annual auditsMeetingsOn-site inspections		

MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT

The Group emphasises the participation of its stakeholders, including shareholders of the Company, staff, customers, suppliers, etc. All of them have a substantial impact on the success of the Group's business activities.

During the Reporting Period, the Group assessed a number of environmental, social and operational related issues and continuously assessed the importance that stakeholders and the Group attached to such issues through various channels. These assessments help the Group to ensure that its business development meets the expectations and requirements of stakeholders.

Materiality Process

Stage 1 Identification

 A selection of ESG issues that may reasonably be considered important for the Group and its stakeholders from various sources, including listing rules requirement, industry trends and internal policies. 21 issues were identified and grouped into 4 categories: Environment, Employment and Labour Practices, Operating Practices and Community.

Stage 2 Prioritisation

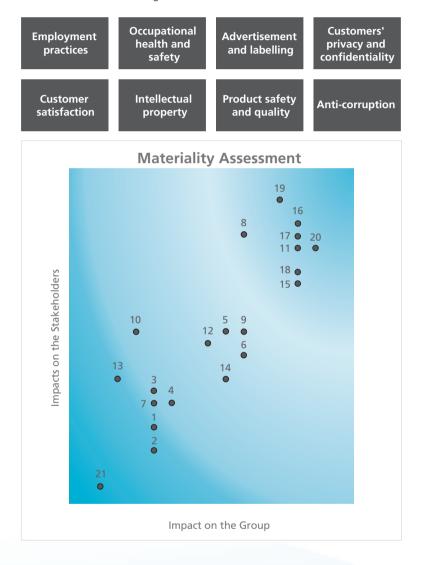
- A survey was conducted to rate the importance of each ESG issue from the perspective of a stakeholder group and the Group using a scale of 1 to 5
- Developed the materiality matrix based on the scores of the survey and prioritised a list of ESG issues.

Stage 3 Validation

 Management reviewed the materiality matrix and identified the five most pertinent ESG issues according to the score from the perspective of a stakeholder group and the Group.

Materiality Matrix

Based on the materiality matrix, the Group believes that the most pertinent sustainability issues which are material to both the Group and its stakeholders include the following:



- 1 Air emissions
- 2 Effluent and waste
- 3 Energy efficient
- 4 Water efficiency
- 5 Use of raw materials
- 6 Environment and natural resources
- 7 Climate change

- 8 Employment practices
- 9 Diversity and equal opportunities
- 10 Anti-discrimination
- 11 Occupational health and safety of staff
- 12 Development and training of staff
- 13 Prohibition of child labour and forced labour
- 14 Supply chain management

- 15 Advertisement and labelling
- 16 Customers' privacy and confidentiality
- 17 Customer satisfaction
- 18 Intellectual property
- 19 Product safety and quality
- 20 Anti-corruption
- 21 Community investment

OUR ENVIRONMENT

Sustainability Overview and Management Objectives

The Group actively manages its business in an environmentally and socially responsible manner. All supervisors of the production base and the executives of the office are responsible for overseeing the implementation status of relevant environmental practices and measures. Under strict inspections and instructions, the Group believes that each department can achieve its best green practice and ensure all business processes are in compliance with legal requirements. The Group will continue to review and enhance its policies and practices, report to management if appropriate and suggest suitable measures when necessary.

In addition, the Group advocates energy saving and carbon reduction, and achieves sustainable operations. The Group is developing its long-term reduction targets. In short term, the Group targets to maintain or reduce the intensity of emission and resource consumption level as compared with the preceding year.

Practices Relating to Environmental Protection

To strengthen the Group's environmental protection management, the Group has various channels to remind staffs about different resources-saving measures. They include posting electricity and water saving notices, with a view to mitigating the adverse impacts on the environment while operating the businesses of the Group.

We have put up memos and reminders on the noticeboards and next to the switches to remind staff on energy and water conservation. The Group aims to raise employees' environmental protection awareness and promote a "green office" atmosphere.

Also, the injection molding machines the Group is using have achieved the top level of energy-saving standards, which could reduce electricity consumption by up to 50%. With a view to mitigating the adverse impacts on the environment while operating its businesses, the Group will continue to look for advanced machinery and techniques, so as to achieve green manufacturing.

Environmental Compliance

During the Reporting Period, the Group has complied with the following laws and regulations, including but not limited to:

- Environmental Protection Law of the PRC (《中華人民共和國環境保護法》);
- Law of the PRC on the Prevention and Control of Environmental Pollution by Solid Wastes (《中華人民共和國固體廢物污染環境防治法》);
- Atmospheric Pollution Prevention and Control Law of the PRC (《中華人民共和國大氣污染防治法》);
- Water Pollution Prevention and Control Law of the PRC (《中華人民共和國水污染防治法》); and
- Law of the PRC on Environmental Impact Assessment (《中華人民共和國環境影響評價法》).

During the Reporting Period, to the best of the Directors' knowledge, the Group was not aware of any significant non-compliance issues relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste. To avoid any occurrences of non-compliance in future, the Group will continue to uphold and enhance its environmental awareness.

Emissions

The principal sources of emission are generated from the consumption of unleaded petrol from vehicles and the manufacturing process, where the major pollutants produced include nitrogen oxides, sulphur oxides and particulate matters. The Group has implemented measures on air emissions to control the pollution generated.

The Group's air pollutant emission data in the Reporting Period are presented in the following table:

Air Pollutant Emissions ¹	Unit	2023	2022
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)	kg	55.50	55.78
Sulphur oxides (SOx)	kg	7.75	7.17
Particular matter (PM)	kg	3.12	3.08

Compared with the previous year, the overall air emissions maintained at a similar level. The Group will continue to monitor the amount of air pollutants to ensure their compliance with relevant standards, and look forward to achieving better environmental performance in the coming years.

Greenhouse Gas ("GHGs") Emissions

In response to the community's growing concerns on GHG emissions, climate change, and other related issues, the Group is committed to implementing and maintaining a high standard of GHG management. Initiatives to reduce energy consumption and resource conservation will be detailed in the section headed "Use of Resources". The Group will continue to review relevant practices in a timely manner to ensure that our business continues to scale and grow with minimal impact on the environment. The below table sets forth the key statistics relating to GHG emissions of the Group.

Greenhouse Gas Emission ²	Unit	2023	2022
Scope 1 ³	tonnes of CO ₂ equivalent	82	75
Scope 2 ⁴	tonnes of CO ₂ equivalent	4,037	4,631
Scope 3⁵	tonnes of CO ₂ equivalent	350	370
Total GHG emission	tonnes of CO ₂ equivalent	4,469	5,076
GHG emission per million HKD revenue tonnes of CO ₂ equivalent/million HKD revenue ⁶		19.10	19.51 ⁷

- 1 The calculation is based on "How to prepare an ESG Report? Appendix 2: Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs" published by the Stock Exchange, and "Technical Guidelines for Compiling the Air Pollutant Inventory of Road Mobile Vehicles (Trial)" (「道路機動車大氣污染物排放清單編製技術指南 (試行)」) issued by the Ministry of Ecology and Environment of the PRC.
- 2 The calculation of greenhouse gas emissions refers to the "How to Prepare an ESG Reports? Appendix 2: Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs" issued by the Stock Exchange, "General Guideline of the Greenhouse Gas Emissions Accounting Method and Reporting of Other Industrial Enterprises" 《工業其他行業企業溫室氣體排放核算方法與報告指南》)issued by the National Development and Reform Commission and the "Emission Reduction Project of China Regional Grid Baseline Emission Factor" (《中國區域電網基準線排放因數》)issued by the Department of Climate Change, the Ministry of Ecology and Environment of the PRC.
- 3 Scope 1: Direct emission from owned or controlled sources.
- 4 Scope 2: The "indirect energy" emissions from the generations of purchased energy.
- 5 Scope 3: It refers to all other indirect greenhouse gas emissions that occur outside the company, including both upstream and downstream emissions, such as business travel and use of plastic bags for packing.
- 6 The Group's revenue in the Reporting Period and in 2022 were about HK\$234.0 million and HK\$260.1 million respectively.
- 7 The figures of 2022 are restated as calculation method is revised.

Scope 1 emission from fossil fuel consumption in operations contributed an insignificant amount of total emission and included diesel and petrol consumption of our equipment and vehicles. Purchased electricity (Scope 2) is the main source of GHG emissions, accounting for approximately 90% of total GHG emissions. In comparison to 2022, total GHG emissions and its intensity decreased by approximately 12% and 2%, respectively same in line with revenue.

Waste Management

With reference to the "National Hazardous Waste List" (《國家危險廢物名單》) attached in the Prevention and Control of Solid Waste Pollution Law of the PRC (《中華人民共和國固體廢物污染環境防治法》), the hazardous waste of the Group mainly includes waste empty barrels, waste rags, waste inks, waste developer, waste activated carbon and waste solvent. The Group arranges qualified contractors to collect and handle all of these hazardous wastes. The non-hazardous waste of the Group primarily includes waste offcuts and used cartons from the production workshop and their disposal does not require specific prior treatment. During the Reporting Period, all waste of the Group was disposed of in accordance with the applicable rules and requirements.

The Group's hazardous and non-hazardous waste data in the Reporting Period are listed in the following table:

Wastes Production	Unit	2023	2022
Hazardous waste ⁸	kg	15,969	16,541
Non-hazardous waste ⁹	kg	200,383	247,027
Hazardous waste generated per million HKD revenue	kg/million HKD revenue ⁶	68	64 ⁷
Non-hazardous waste generated per million HKD revenue	kg/million HKD revenue ⁶	856	950 ⁷

In making comparison to 2022, both the total hazardous and non-hazardous waste disposed decreased by approximately 3% and 19% respectively, as revenue decreased. Looking ahead, the Group will continue to revise its wastes reduction measures.

The Group continues to closely monitor and manage its environmental efforts and minimise the environmental impact caused from its operations, including through the reduction of air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharge into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste. The Group will take the necessary measures to enhance its environmental protection and continue to observe all applicable laws, quidelines and regulations.

Wastewater Management

In general, wastewater is generated from two sources, which are (i) domestic wastewater generated by daily activities; and (ii) industrial wastewater generated through the product manufacturing processes. Due to the nature of plastic product production, the manufacturing processes of the Group does not generate much wastewater, which the wastewater generated by the Group primarily constitutes domestic wastewater. The Group processes its wastewater with the facility before discharging to the public pipe to ensure compliance with emissions standards.

⁸ Hazardous waste includes waste empty barrels, waste rags, waste inks, waste developer, waste activated carbon and waste solvent.

⁹ Non-hazardous waste includes waste offcuts and used cartons.

The wastewater data are listed in the following table:

Wastewater Discharge	Unit	2023	2022
Wastewater	tonnes	49,818	50,239
Wastewater per unit of production	tonnes/unit of production	0.0036	0.0030

Compared with 2022, the total amount of wastewater discharge slightly decreased while its intensity increased during the Reporting Period, as the warehouse was originally cooled by water stored in fire-fighting pools, but the effect was not satisfying. Therefore, tap water was used for cooling, resulting in a relative increase in wastewater discharge.

Use of Resources

Policies

The Group emphasises the importance of efficient resources consumption and continuously aims at streamlining its operations to develop an energy-efficient culture. The Group is committed to formulating and implementing energy saving policies to achieve its emission reduction targets. In particular, the Group (i) regularly reviews its various energy consumption targets and the energy saving indicators of the industries; and (ii) promotes energy and resource saving and also emission and waste reduction at the same time, with a view to improving the efficiency of energy and resource usage.

The production base of the Group adopts the "7S" management framework, namely "Seiri", "Seiton", "Seiso", "Seiketsu", "Shitsuke", "Safety" and "Save". In order to save energy costs, the Group has adopted measures to deal with the usage of electricity, water, liquefied gas and paper in day-to-day production.

The Group advocates energy saving by requiring its employees to switch off electricity and water tap when they are not in use. The Group carries out measures to categorise and recycle waste and, before recycling, the Group considers the reuse value of the wastes and take appropriate measures to reduce the amount of the wastes sent to landfills. The Group has also, among other measures, switched to the use of LED lights at workshops and adopted the use of low-consumption motor in injection moulding machines. Measures have been posted on the staff noticeboard to enhance employees' environmental awareness.

During the Reporting Period, the subsidiary of the Company that operates the Group's manufacturing base was accredited a certificate from the International Sustainability and Carbon Certification ("ISCC"), which is a globally applicable sustainability certification system, covering a variety of sustainable raw materials, including: recycled and bio-based materials and renewable materials, etc. It demonstrates the Group's dedication to integrating sustainable development in business operation and products development.

Apart from its production base, the Group has implemented "Environmental Protection Office Management" at its office, including the use of electronic files instead of printing to reduce paper usage, the use of natural lighting design or LED lighting and the use of air energy heat pump which are more environmentally friendly.

The Group has formulated a variety of environmentally friendly measures, and at the same time, the Group is making every effort to conserve energy and reduce emissions, so as to manage and reduce pollutant discharge. The Group's measures primarily address the following issues:

- 1. Purchasing energy-saving devices for both workplaces and production base, including but not limited to procuring energy-efficient products with "Grade 1" energy label at office, in order to save electricity consumption;
- 2. work with customers and business partners to prioritize selecting environmentally friendly raw materials and packaging; therefore, reduce the environmental impacts in the manufacturing process;
- 3. raising awareness among employees of the need to preserve water and save electricity by posting notices to remind them to switch off lights, computers, air conditioners and other electronic appliances during non-office hours in order to reduce consumption;
- 4. double-sided printing and copying are encouraged, to reduce paper consumption;
- 5. using video or telephone conferencing system to communicate with customers and overseas colleagues is preferred, so as to reduce the use of public or private transportation systems;
- 6. collaborate with qualified recycling companies to handle all hazardous and non-hazardous wastes generated by the Group; and
- 7. adhering to the ESG standards required under the ISCC.

Energy Management

Electricity is necessary for the offices' operation and production facilities and is the main source of energy of the Group. The Group has adopted policies to promote conservative energy uses. With the aforementioned policies, the usage of electricity in our production facility is continuously monitored and there are clear guidelines on the operating hours and energy-saving measures in respect of electrical appliances such as office equipment, lighting, and air conditioning facilities in the public area. Relevant performances are discussed in the regular meeting, and supervisors of the production base are responsible for checking the conditions of lighting, fans and air-conditioning, so as to reduce unnecessary wastage.

The Group's energy utilisation data are listed in the following table:

Energy Consumption	Unit	2023	2022
Direct energy consumption			
Consumption of gasoline	kWh	234,113	195,575
Consumption of diesel	kWh	126,782	118,004
Total direct energy consumption	kWh	360,896	313,579
Direct energy consumption per unit of production	kWh/unit of production	0.0264	0.0184
Indirect energy consumption (Electricity)	kWh	7,534,835	7,598,256
Indirect energy consumption per unit of production	kWh/unit of production	0.55	0.45
Total energy consumption	kWh	7,895,731	7,911,835
Total energy consumption per unit of production	kWh/unit of production	0.58	0.46

Total energy consumption slightly decreased by approximately 0.2% during the Reporting Period, while the intensity increased by approximately 24.4%, compared to the data in 2022, the intensity increased because certain fixed (rather than variable) energy consumption at the production base, such as the electricity for lighting and basic powering, did not reduce at the same rate along with the reduction of production volume, which in turn was caused by the reduction in sales order received.

The Group also utilized renewable energy and purchased solar panels at its production base. During the Reporting Period, the Group generated 989,450 kWh of electricity by solar power. We will strive to continuously reduce electricity consumption with its related greenhouse gas and air pollutant emissions caused by power generation.

Water Management

The Group has a stable fresh water supply by well water. The Group was not aware of any issues in sourcing water that was fit for purpose during the Reporting Period. The Group has taken measures to control water consumption and considers its water consumption level to be at a reasonable level. The water consumption data are listed in the following table:

Resources Consumption	Unit	2023	2022
Consumption of water Consumption of water per unit of production	tonnes	62,272	62,798
	kg/ unit of production	4.56	3.69

The total water consumption slightly decreased by approximately 0.8%, while its intensity increased by about 23.6% during the Reporting Period compared to data in 2022, as the warehouse was originally cooled by water stored in fire-fighting pools, but the effect was not satisfying. Therefore, tap water was used for cooling, resulting in a relative increase in water consumption. The rise in intensity was because the rate of drop of production unit was greater than that of the total water consumption due to the aforementioned additional usage of tap water.

Material Consumption

The Group endeavours to purchase more environmentally friendly products and prioritises the use of recycled, renewable and bio-based raw and auxiliary materials to achieve the principle of material utilisation. The Group mainly uses paper boxes as packaging materials. The Group's consumption data of packaging materials in the Reporting Period are presented in the following table:

Packaging Materials	Unit	2023	2022
Packaging material used	tonnes	1,062	1,121
Total Packing Material Consumption Intensity	kg/unit of production ¹⁰	0.08	0.07

Total material consumed for packaging decreased in the Reporting Period compared to data in 2022. It was due to the decrease in production volume.

The Environment and Natural Resources

In general, the impacts of the Group's daily operations on the environment primarily include production process and vehicles emissions. The Group strives to reduce its negative impacts on the environment by improving operational efficiency and introducing automated equipment. To develop a better and greener environment, the Group supervises the production process and reviews every step, from injection moulding to packaging, where the Group constantly optimises the production process, reduce the consumption of water, electricity, fuel and other resources and limit or stop the use of materials that are harmful to the environment.

The Group's policy on emissions is in line with the environmental standards for emissions under national and local laws and regulations. The emissions are mainly VOCs, which would go through UV photolysis and activated carbon suction treatment, in order to meet the emission regulations and standards. Looking ahead, the Group will continue to invest in different techniques and contribute to environmental protection and climate change mitigation.

¹⁰ Unit of production in the Reporting Period and in 2022 were about 13,653,142 and 17,015,090 respectively.

Climate Change

Climate change has become a highly concerned topic in the global market as it is associated with the long-term sustainability of an organisation. During the risk assessment process in the Reporting Period, climate physical risk and effectiveness of disaster recovery plan were identified as material ESG risks. In order to prepare the Group for unforeseeable climate-related disasters, such as hurricane, and extreme weather, a business contingency plan has been established to outline the identified major climate-related risks faced by the Group, the critical business functions that will be affected in identified climate-related disaster, emergency preparedness for disaster event, recommended immediate responses and recovery plans for critical operations. It is expected that implementation of the plan can reduce the disruptions to operation and supply chain under climate-related events.

In addition, the Group recognises the potential impact to the building premises and ensures its insurance covers fire incidents, third party injuries within office and factory, staff injury during the course of business, and transit loss or damage of shipment of finished goods from manufacturers. The mitigation measures are reviewed timely to prevent major loss.

Another anticipated climate-related risk lies in the potential change in governmental policies and regulations due to the increasing global concern on the climate change issues. The operational and legal teams of the Group regularly review and monitor business practices and processes to ensure the compliance of the Group. External consultancy services will also be pursued when necessary.

Over the years, the Group has been seizing different opportunities to expand the business, accelerate transformation and make the Group smarter and greener, safer for its employees and product users (e.g. automation, use of more online meeting e-platforms to reduce carbon emissions from transportation). These measures increase the sustainability of the production facilities and fulfill the commitments of the Group to resource management and environmental protection.

OUR PEOPLE

Policies

The "Employees' Handbook" (員工手冊) sets out the terms, guidelines, and arrangements on remuneration, dismissal, recruitment, promotion, working hours, rest periods, leaves, occupational health and safety, insurance benefits, labour discipline, diversity, equal opportunities, anti-discrimination, other benefits and welfare and other vital interests of the employees.

The Group is committed to creating a fair and non-discriminatory working environment for its employees. The Group protects its employees from any discrimination in relation to gender, ethnic, religion, age, disability, marital and family status or any other kind of discrimination or being deprived of any benefit.

The Group aims to attract, motivate or retain outstanding talents to support the long-term and stable development of the Group. To achieve such goal, the Group has fixed, among others, the welfare and benefits of the employees including basic salary, discretionary bonus, other monetary, non-monetary incentive mechanism, mandatory provident fund, social insurance, housing provident fund and statutory leaves in accordance with the requirement of applicable laws and regulations. The Group also provides dormitory residence to employees from other provinces or places.

Compliance Information

The Group strictly abides by the following laws and regulations, including but not limited to:

- Labour Law of the PRC (《中華人民共和國勞動法》);
- Labour Contract Law of the PRC (《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》);
- Employment Ordinance (Chapter 57 of the Laws of Hong Kong);
- Employees' Compensation Ordinance (Chapter 282 of the Laws of Hong Kong);
- Minimum Wage Ordinance (Chapter 608 of the Laws of Hong Kong);
- Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance (Chapter 485 of the Laws of Hong Kong);
- Employment of Children Regulations (Chapter 57B of the Laws of Hong Kong); and
- International Toy Industry Council Code of Business Conduct (ICTI care).

The administration department and supervisors are responsible for overseeing the compliance with the relevant laws and regulations and, in the event of any misconduct, they will report to the senior management, who will then address them. During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare.

Employment Management

Recruitment and Dismissal

The Group recruits its employees based on a number of factors, such as work experience, academic level, and skillset. The dismissal procedure strictly follows the related laws and regulations of the local governments. Either the Group or an employee giving the appropriate period of notice in writing or payment in lieu can bring about the termination of employment. Also, in situations where an employee violates the Group's regulations or consistently perform his or her duties below an acceptable level, the administration department will, subject to the requirements of the local regulation, terminate his or her employment contract. Terms and conditions relating to dismissal are enumerated in the employment contract. The Group consults the management team and seeks legal advices, where necessary, to ensure such dismissal is in compliance with applicable labour laws.

Promotion

The Group is committed to providing career development opportunities for its employees. The Group provides sufficient internal promotion opportunities to recognise outstanding staff. The Group adopt an open-door communication policy and carry out an annual appraisal with the employees of their performance, during which process each employee is given equal opportunity for promotion. The Group's employees are provided with a clear career path with opportunities for additional responsibilities and promotions.

Diversity, Equal Opportunities and Anti-discrimination

The Group is dedicated to creating a fair, discrimination-free working environment for the employees. The Group embraces diversity and protects employees from any discrimination in relation to gender, disability, pregnancy, marital and family status, racial background, religious belief, age, sexual orientation or any other kind of discrimination, or being deprived of any benefits. If any employee of the Group encounters discrimination, such employee is encouraged to immediately report to the management team of the Group.

Employee Retention

Remuneration and Compensation

In general, the Group provides a market-competitive remuneration system. With regards to the nature of the work, seniority, operating conditions, market conditions, job performance and employees' career planning, the Group formulates reasonable remuneration and benefit for its employees and strictly abides by the laws and regulations relating to minimum wage and statutory benefits.

To attract and retain talents, the Group offers competitive remuneration packages and various benefits, including basic remuneration, discretionary bonuses and other monetary and non-pecuniary incentives, mandatory provident fund, social security, housing provident fund and statutory holidays. The Group also provides dormitory residence to employees from other provinces or places.

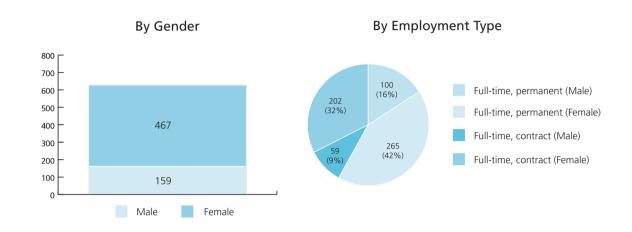
Working Hours and Rest Periods

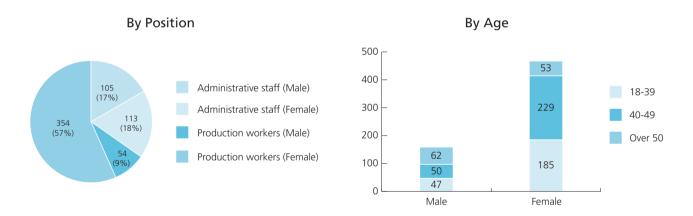
The Group believes its employees should maintain healthy work life balance and takes into account the working hours and rest periods of its employees. Employees are entitled to public or statutory holidays each year, as well as reasonable working hours and rest periods. In addition to those holidays, employees are entitled to annual leave, sick leave, maternity leave, marriage leave and bereavement leave, etc.

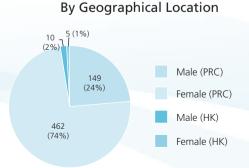
The Group organises, and encourages its employees to participate in, various activities to promote communication among employees and better understand their needs and improve their corporate values, sense of identity, code of practice and sense of belonging.

Employee Profile

As at 31 December 2023, the Group has employed a total of 626 employees. The number of employees and turnover figures by gender, age group, employment type, level and geographical region are illustrated in the diagrams below.







Employee Turnover Rate ¹¹		2023
	Overall Number (Turnover Rate)	19%
	By Gender	
	Male	23%
	Female	18%
	By Age Group	
	18–39	27%
	40–49	12%
	50–65	22%
	By Geographical Region	
	The PRC	20%
	Hong Kong	0%

Health and Safety

Policies

The health and safety of our employees is one of the Group's core values. The Group is committed to providing a safe working environment for our employees. In order to maintain a safe working environment and reduce work-related accidents, the Group has formulated internal policies on safety management, identifies potential safety risks and enhance safety monitoring for every production step.

The Group has adopted the "Safety Production Management System" (安全生產管理制度), the "Manufacturing Safety Accident Emergency Plan" and the "Emergency Plan for Environmental Emergencies". For special process, operators are equipped with safety protection supplies. All new employees shall undergo safety training and pass a test before onboarding. Employees must be qualified after training and before officially commencing works. Meanwhile, the Group arranges health and safety training for and provide relevant information to its employees, including fire prevention seminars, first-aid and fire extinguishers in order to raise their safety awareness. Moreover, the Group arranges fire drill, and provides annual body check for certain employees. In case of significant work safety risks and accidents, employees should report to the management for necessary improvement measures.

Safety Performance

The Group also monitors its occupational health and safety measures through reviewing the number of injuries.

The number of lost-days due to work injury during the Reporting Period and of the previous years are listed below.

	2023	2022	2021
Number of coult related injuries	2	2	2
Number of work-related injuries	2	3	3
Number of lost working days	96	98	58

Turnover rate = number of employees in the specified category leaving employment/number of employees in the specified category at the end of the Reporting Period.

Apart from the aforementioned non-fatal injuries, the Group did not have any work-related fatalities due to major occupational incidents during the Reporting Period and also the two years before the Reporting Period.

Massive operations of machineries are involved in the Group's production base. Therefore, the Group endeavours to maintain sound safety management and to comply with all relevant laws and regulations.

Compliance Information

The Group is committed to providing all necessary resources for the effective implementation of safety management system and continuously improve its occupational health and safety performance, to minimise and eliminate potential accidents at the workplace. According to the laws and regulations, our operations are subject to certain safety and health requirements, including but not limited to:

- Labour Law of the PRC (《中華人民共和國勞動法》);
- Labour Contract Law of the PRC (《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》);
- Fire Prevention Law of PRC (《中華人民共和國消防法》);
- Production Safety Law of the PRC (《中華人民共和國安全生產法》);
- Law of the PRC on Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases (《中華人民共和國職業病防治法》); and
- Regulations on Safety Production of Guangdong Province (《廣東省安全生產條例》).

To the best of the Directors' knowledge and belief, the Group complied with local labour laws and regulations relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards in all material respects during the Reporting Period. Looking ahead, the Group will continue to improve our safety management system. The Group will continue to update and review its safety and health policies and its safety objectives to enhance the safety awareness of its frontline workers. Effective safety training and communication will be promoted through more meetings and discussions on inspection and evaluation for improvement.

Training and Development

Policies

The Group actively attracts and nurtures talent, introduces management talent and professionals, and optimises human resources structure in accordance with the business development needs and direction of the Group. Meanwhile, the Group places importance on the nurturance of its own talent and promotion of studying culture. The Group aspires to enhance quality of its employees through training programs, with a view to help their career growth in the long run. The Group offers internal promotion opportunities to employees with outstanding work performance and potential. The Group also promotes open communication and encourages employees of different ranks to express their views and suggestions through various channels, where the Group can better understand their work condition, career development goal and the effectiveness of the development and training programs, so that the Group can take necessary improvement measures and deploy employees to suitable positions, allowing them to deliver their best, gain satisfaction and grow with the Group.

During the Reporting Period, the Group had provided its employees with different types of training according to their job nature, including but not limited to machinery operation, professional seminars and training on work environment management. For specific work processes, relevant employees should acquire the necessary professional qualifications, such as electricians, forklift workers and welders. The Group coordinates annual examination for employees who are required to hold certain certificates or qualification according to the requirements from professional organisations or laws. The Group also arranges its directors to attend external seminars and training by legal advisor as well as providing online learning information to help them to keep updated of latest Listing Rules and relevant laws regularly, so as to increase their corporate governance knowledge.

As at 31 December 2023, the number of trained employees and percentage by gender and level are illustrated in the table below.

	2023
Overall	62%
By Gender	
Male	54%
Female	65%
By Level	
Senior management	100%
General staff	61%
Overall	31.62
By Gender	
Male	30.40
Female	32
By Level	
Senior management	8.9
General staff	32.21
	By Gender Male Female By Level Senior management General staff Overall By Gender Male Female By Level Senior management

Prohibition of Child and Forced Labour

The Group spares no effort to be a responsible employer and the Group is committed to good employment practices and the promotion of ethics and human rights in the workplace. The Group only employs legitimate employees and does not employ anyone who does not meet the minimum working age required by applicable laws and regulations. During the recruitment process, recruiters scrutinise the various documents of applicants to ensure their authenticity in order to prevent any child labour among the Group's employees.

All recruitment processes and promotion activities are strictly monitored in accordance with the Group's human resources management system. The Group reviews its employment practices (such as ensuring the enforcement of the checking of the age of the candidates) to avoid child and forced labour.

¹² Percentage of employees received training = Average number of employees received training during the Reporting Period/Average number of employees during the Reporting Period.

Average number of training hours completed = Total training hours during the Reporting Period/Average number of employees received training during the Reporting Period.

All employment contracts are signed in accordance with the laws, which clearly set out the job descriptions and obligations, so there is no forced labour. The Group would also strictly supervise the behaviour of all directors, senior executives and employees at all levels. The Group has zero-tolerance towards punitive management methods and behaviours such as verbal abuse, physical punishment, violence, and mental oppression against employees for any reason. In addition, the Group has clearly stated the process of resignation and termination of employment in the internal policies in order to protect the rights of the Group and employees and further eliminate the possibility of forced labour. The human resources department regularly reviews employment practices to prevent the possibility of child labour and forced labour. The Group encourages employees to report any misconduct. In case of any suspected or discovered non-compliance, the Group would promptly conduct investigation, where the management would then review the investigation report and take appropriate actions, where necessary. In more serious cases, the Group would seek legal advice and take appropriate legal action.

The Group strictly complies with laws and regulations related to the prevention of child labour or forced labour in all material aspects, including but not limited to the Labour Law of the PRC (《中華人民共和國勞動法》), Provisions on the Prohibition of Using Child Labour (《中華人民共和國禁止使用童工規定》), the Labour Protection Supervision Regulations of the State Council of the PRC (《勞動保障監察條例》), and the Employment Ordinance (Chapter 57 of the Laws of Hong Kong). During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any significant non-compliance cases relating to child labour and forced labour. During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any significant non-compliance with laws and regulations relating to child labour and forced labour.

OUR SUPPLY CHAIN

Supply Chain Management

The Group is principally engaged in the production and sale of plastic bottles and baby feeding accessories. The Group maintains dozens of major suppliers and most of them are located in the PRC.

The Group endeavours to maintain an appropriate supply chain that takes into account the related environmental and social risks. The Group's major suppliers are from the PRC as its production base is located in the PRC, so the Group can reduce transportation costs by procuring from local suppliers. However, the Group also stresses the importance of integrity of its suppliers and business partners besides putting costs, product quality and track records into consideration. In respect of practices relating to engaging suppliers, the Group only source from the suppliers and business partners with a proven business record and no serious law violation or violation of business ethics. Such practice applies to all of the suppliers of the Group.

In addition, the Group offers its suppliers with fair and reasonable terms and does not exploit its suppliers in any form. The procurement department of the Group selects qualified suppliers through comparing the suppliers' quality performance, after-sales service, shipping and delivery and price. For the supply of important materials, the procurement department selects several qualified suppliers to choose from. In respect of the practices used to identify environmental and social risks along the supply chain and to promote environmentally preferable products and services, the Group assesses its suppliers and examines if they have fulfilled the relevant product responsibilities, including environmental and social aspects, and the product nature, such as the types of plastic resin and the environmental impacts of them.

The Group complies with the Disney manufacturer's code of conduct and selects and engages those authorised subcontractors and suppliers to manufacture Disney goods or their components only after the subcontractors and suppliers have been reviewed and gualified by Disney.

Suppliers Engagement

The Group adheres great importance to the collaboration with suppliers and believes deeply that the establishment of a cooperation relationship with suppliers would enhance the Group's workflow and product quality. Thus, the Group has procedures in place for conducting supplier evaluations for new suppliers, and screening and reviewing potential and approved suppliers from time to time. The policy specifies the objective to achieve a fair, transparent and competitive procurement process, which requires all employees to observe the highest standards of business integrity and to comply with relevant laws and regulations. The Group also compares deals when looking for new suppliers. In the process of selecting suppliers, the procurement department takes the lead and takes into account relevant factors including brand and product quality, after-sales service, and shipping and delivery and price. Suppliers' environmental and social responsibility performance is one of the considerations as well. The Group assess suppliers and examine if they have fulfilled relevant product responsibilities, including environmental and social aspects, and the product nature, such as the types of plastic resin and the environmental impacts of them.

Supplier Profile

During the Reporting Period, the Group is principally engaged in the production and sale of plastic bottles and baby feeding accessories. The Group maintains dozens of major suppliers and most of them are located in Hong Kong and the PRC. The number of suppliers of operations by geographical region are illustrated in the table below.

Region	Suppliers
The DDC	162
The PRC	163
Hong Kong	45
Total	208

Supplier Control and Monitoring

Only suppliers who meet the Group's selection criteria can be its approved suppliers. In order to ensure that the Group's supplier's delivery quality and timeliness can continue to meet its requirements, the Group strengthens the daily management of suppliers. The procurement department is responsible for evaluating the suppliers based on factors such as (i) sufficiency of the plant; (ii) sufficiency of manpower; (iii) progress; (iv) workmanship; (v) response to instructions; (vi) financial status; (vii) environmental and social performance and (viii) planning and management. Comments and remarks are given if any improper practices and unsatisfied performance is observed for further improvement.

OUR CUSTOMER

Product Quality

The Group believes that providing high quality products and services are the keys to the success of the Group. Therefore, an effective quality control system is of paramount importance for its customers. The Group's quality policy aims at "continuous improvement to ensure customer satisfaction". The Group always ensures its products are safe and reliable, in view of, in particular, a significant portion of the products of the Group targets babies, toddlers and infants.

The Group adopted a stringent quality and management control system which oversees the entire treatment and production process as in order to ensure the quality of its products is up to standard. In respect of quality assurance, the Group has its own in-house testing laboratory with a team of quality control expertise to perform a wide range of physical tests, such as drop tests, bite tests, dishwasher tests, sterilisation tests, coating adhesiveness tests and torsion/tension tests, aging tests, high and low temperature environment tests and delivery tests, to ensure the quality of products. The Group also engages external laboratories to conduct chemical tests. The Group monitor manufacturing procedures for each stage of work performed by us, to ensure its operations are carried out in a safe and timely manner, while satisfy the needs of its customers. The Group's products meet the quality and safety requirements of local and international standards.

Customer Services and Complaint Handling

The Group uses a variety of channels to communicate with its customers in order to get feedback and understand what its customers need. In order to provide employees with guidelines on handling complaints, the Group has policy and procedure in place for handling customer complaints and product recalls when necessary. If a customer complaint involving a product recall is received, according to the severity and impact of the problems involved in unqualified products, product withdrawal is divided into three categories: (i) related to product safety issues that are likely to cause serious or long-term adverse health consequences or death. In this product recall, all suspected products must be recalled from all sales distribution; (ii) related to unqualified products that may cause temporary or minor adverse effects on human health, and products need only be withdrawn from the sales market, not from consumers; and (iii) related to unqualified products that do not cause adverse consequences of human health and the management team would decide on actions that have to be taken on a case by case basis. The Group ensures that the complaint is properly followed up and strives to meet the customer's needs.

In addition, the Group reviews the whole service process according to customers' opinions and investigates customers' complaints in a timely manner, so as to improve customer service and quality production. During the Reporting Period, the Group did not have any product that was recalled due to safety and health reasons and the Group was not aware of any significant non-compliance with laws and regulations relating to health and safety. Also, the Group did not receive any material complaint related to our products and services during the Reporting Period.

Data Privacy Protection

From time to time, the business operations of the Group, particularly for the OEM Business, would involve confidential information of customers, such as intellectual properties related to design and manufacturing details; therefore, the Group requires its employees to carefully handle information provided by the customers, so as to protect their privacy and confidentiality from unnecessary losses. The Group requires relevant employees to sign the "Employee Confidentiality Agreement" and also requires relevant suppliers and subcontractors to sign the "Business Partner Confidentiality Agreement". Any employee who fails to comply with confidentiality obligations may result in disciplinary action, and in serious cases, will be regarded as serious misconduct.

During the Reporting Period, the Group did not encounter any problem with intellectual property rights.

The Group also carefully handles personal data and ensures such data are kept confidential.

During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any significant non-compliance with laws and regulations relating to privacy matters.

Intellectual Property, Advertising and Labelling

The Group values intellectual property rights. Also, the Group engages in marketing and promotional campaigns from time to time. The Group ensures that any description of services and products by its sales representatives are not misleading and are in compliance with all applicable laws and standards enacted by the government and industry associations.

To the best knowledge of the Directors, during the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any significant non-compliance with laws and regulations relating to intellectual property, advertising and labelling. The Group will closely monitor the business environment to identify any significant risks in this regard.

BUSINESS ETHICS

Anti-corruption

The Group is committed to conducting its business with honesty and integrity by applying the highest standards and the Group has established a corporate governance framework that will seek to disclose appropriate information openly and transparently beyond legal requirements. The Group has established anti-fraud and anti-bribery policy and whistle-blowing policy, as well as provided the relevant training to employees regularly. These policies and procedures are regularly reviewed and updated to ensure appropriate ethical business practices and behaviour as well as compliance with corporate and regulatory requirements. The Group has no tolerance towards any corruption, bribery, extortion, money-laundering and other forms of frauds.

Preventive Measures and Whistleblowing Procedures

The Group is committed to maintaining good corporate governance, emphasising accountability and a high degree of transparency which enable its stakeholders to have trust and faith in the Group to take care of their needs and to fulfil our social responsibility. In line with this commitment, the Group expects and encourages its employees and other parties who deal with the Group (e.g. customers, suppliers, etc.) to report any misconduct, malpractice or irregularity within the Group. The Group assures whistleblowers that the Group will provide them with protection from unfair disciplinary action or harm as a result of any genuine report. A report can be made to the Audit Committee directly.

To create a healthy corporate culture, during the Reporting Period, the Group provided training and seminars related to anticorruption to its Directors and employees regularly and enhance their awareness against corruption and bribery as well any unfair competition activities. All employees in Mainland China and Hong Kong received the trainings during the Reporting Period.

Compliance information

The Group upholds the highest standard of corporate governance and adheres to the values of honesty and integrity as it is committed to creating an anti-corruption workplace. The Group strictly abides by the laws and regulations relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering in the regions of operations, including but not limited to:

- Company Law of Mainland China (《中華人民共和國公司法》);
- Criminal Law of the PRC (《中華人民共和國刑法》);
- Anti-Money Laundering Law of Mainland China (《中華人民共和國反洗錢法》);
- Ant Unfair Competition Law of Mainland China (《中華人民共和國反不正當競爭法》); and
- Prevention of Bribery Ordinance (Chapter 201 of Laws of Hong Kong S.A.R.).

During the Reporting Period, to the best of its Directors' knowledge, (i) the Group was not aware of any significant non-compliance with law and regulations in relation to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering; and (ii) the Group was not aware of any significant non-compliance cases or concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the Group or its employees.

COMMUNITY

Community Investment

As a corporate citizen, the Group places importance on community engagement, giving back to society, promoting the spirit of corporate social responsibility within the Group and organizing or participating in appropriate community activities. Moreover, the Group tends to employ local staff for its production facilities to promote local employment.

The Group hopes to develop a sense of social responsibility in its employees by encouraging them to make a greater contribution to the community during their work and in their private time. Through relevant activities, the community awareness of the employees can be enhanced, thereby motivating them to care about and help people in need, and establish the right value set. The Group aims to increase its community investment as much as possible to create a more favourable environment for its community and business. The Group also considers making donations to charities from time to time when the Group records profits and has sufficient funds. During the Reporting Period, the Group donated a total of approximately RMB10,000 for poverty alleviation, and took part in blood donation events.

ESG REPORTING GUIDE CONTENT INDEX

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and Key Performance Indicators (KPIs)

Statement

A: Environment

Aspect A1: Er	nissions	
General	Information on:	Our Environment –
Disclosure	(a) the policies; and	Sustainability Overview and
	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant	Management Objective,
	impact on the issuer	Practices Relating to
	relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land,	Environmental Protection,
	and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste	Environmental Compliance
KPI A1.1	The types of emissions and respective emissions data	Our Environment –
KDI 44.2	Direct (Cooper 1) and approximation of (Cooper 2) are only association (in	Emissions
KPI A1.2	Direct (Scope 1) and energy indirect (Scope 2) greenhouse gas emissions (in	Our Environment –
	tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility)	Greenhouse Gas (" GHG ") Emissions
KPI A1.3	Total hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity	Our Environment – Waste
	(e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility)	Management
KPI A1.4	Total non-hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate,	Our Environment – Waste
	intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility)	Management
KPI A1.5	Description of emissions target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them	Our Environment –
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		Management Objective
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KPI A2.3	Description of energy use efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve	Our Environment –
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KPI A2.5	Total packaging material used for finished products (in tonnes) and, if	Our Environment –
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KPI A3.1	Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and	The Environment and
	natural resources and the actions taken to manage them	Natural Resources
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Disclosure	which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer	
KPI A4.1	Description of the significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and	Climate Change
	those which may impact, the issuer, and the actions taken to manage them.	
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General Disclosure	(a) the policies; and	Compliance Information,
Disclosure	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant	Employment Managemen
	impact on the issuer	Limployment Managemen
	relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working	
	hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other	
	benefits and welfare	
KPI B1.1	Total workforce by gender, employment type (for example, full- or parttime),	Our People – Employee
	age group and geographical region	Profile
KPI B1.2	Employee turnover rate by gender, age group and geographical region	Our People – Employee
	zp.o,ee taete z, genae, age group and geograpmen region.	Profile
-	ealth and Safety	
General	Information on:	Our People – Health and
Disclosure	(a) the policies; and	Safety
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	relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees	
	from occupational hazards	
KPI B2.1	Number and rate of work-related fatalities occurred in each of the past three	Our People – Health and
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KPI B2.3	Description of occupational health and safety measures adopted, and how	Our People – Health and
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KPI B4.1	Description of measures to review employment practices to avoid child and forced labour	Our People – Prohibition of Child and Forced Labour
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KPI B5.1	Number of suppliers by geographical region	Our Supply Chain – Supply Chain Management
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KPI B5.3	Description of practices used to identify environmental and social risks along the supply chain, and how they are implemented and monitored	Our Supply Chain – Supply Chain Management
KPI B5.4	Description of practices used to promote environmentally preferable products and services when selecting suppliers, and how they are implemented and monitored	Our Supply Chain – Supply Chain Management

Subject Area	s, Aspects, General Disclosures and Key Performance Indicators (KPIs)	Section/ Statement
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	relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress	
KPI B6.1	Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons	Our Customer – Customer Services and Complaint Handling
KPI B6.2	Number of products and service-related complaints received and how they are dealt with	Our Customer – Customer Services and Complaint Handling
KPI B6.3	Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual property rights	Our Customer – Intellectual Property, Advertising and Labelling
KPI B6.4 KPI B6.5	Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, how they are implemented and monitored	Our Customer – Product Quality, Customer Services and Complaint Handling Our Customer – Intellectual Property, Advertising and Labelling
Aspect B7: A	nti-corruption	
General	Information on	Business Ethics –
Disclosure	 (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering 	Anti-corruption
KPI B7.1	Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the reporting period and the outcomes of the cases	Business Ethics – Compliance information
KPI B7.2	Description of preventive measures and whistle-blowing procedures, how they are implemented and monitored	Business Ethics – Preventive Measures and Whistleblowing Procedures
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Disclosure	communities where the issuer operates and to ensure its activities take into consideration the communities' interests	
KPI B8.1	Focus areas of contribution (e.g. education, environmental concerns, labour needs, health, culture, sport)	Community Investment
KPI B8.2	Resources contributed (e.g. money or time) to the focus area	Community Investment

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND GEOGRAPHICAL ANALYSIS OF OPERATIONS

The Group is principally engaged in the production and sales of plastic bottles and baby feeding accessories. The two business segments of the Group are (i) the OEM Business, which primarily comprises the production and sales of plastic bottles and cups for infants and toddlers and plastic sports bottles on an OEM basis predominately for the overseas markets; and (ii) the Yo Yo Monkey Business, which primarily comprises the production and sales of infant and toddler products, particularly plastic bottles and cups, under the brand developed by the Group known as "Yo Yo Monkey (優優馬鰡)", principally for the PRC market.

An analysis of the Group's performance for the year ended 31 December 2023 by business and geographical segments is set out in note 6 to the consolidated financial statements under this annual report.

BUSINESS REVIEW

General

A review of the business of the Group in 2023, particulars of important events that have occurred since the end of the financial year and a discussion on the Group's future business development are set out in the sections headed "Management discussion and analysis" on pages 4 to 11 of this annual report.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in the consolidated income statement on page 75 of this annual report.

Principal risks and uncertainties

A number of factors affecting the results and business operations of the Group are set out in the section headed "Management discussion and analysis" on pages 4 to 11 of this annual report.

Financial results and analysis of key financial performance indicators

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in the consolidated income statement on page 75 of this annual report.

The key financial information of the Group for the last five financial years and the key financial performance indicators of the Group are set out on pages 3 to 11 of this annual report.

Environmental policies

The Group is committed to building an environmental-friendly corporation that pays close attention to conserving natural resources. The Group strives to minimise environmental impact by saving electricity and encouraging recycle of office supplies and other materials. The Group also requires its production facilities under the OEM Business to operate in strict compliance with the relevant environmental regulations and rules.

Compliance with laws and regulations

The Group's production and operation are mainly carried out by the Company's subsidiaries in the PRC. The head office in Hong Kong mainly handles the brand design and the management and administration work of the Group. The Company itself is listed on the Stock Exchange. The establishment and operations of the Group accordingly shall comply with relevant local laws and regulations. During the year ended 31 December 2023 and up to the date of this annual report, the Group had complied with relevant local laws and regulations applicable to it in all material respects.

Business activities in Countries subject to International Sanctions

During the year ended 31 December 2023, none of the products of the Group were sold and/or delivered to certain Countries subject to International Sanctions on free on board (FOB) or free carrier (FCA) basis. The revenue derived from products sold and/or delivered to Countries subject to International Sanctions for the year ended 31 December 2023 amounted to approximately HK\$nil (2022: approximately HK\$1.0 million), representing none of the total revenue of the Group (2022: approximately 0.4%).

The Group had not been notified of any International Sanctions that would be imposed on the Group for sales and/or deliveries to the Countries subject to International Sanctions for the year ended 31 December 2023. The Group expects to continue to sell and/or deliver products to Countries subject to International Sanctions, although the Directors do not expect any material increase in the sales or deliveries of the Group to these countries.

The Group would not enter into any transaction to finance or facilitate, directly or indirectly, activities or business with, or for the benefit of, the Countries subject to International Sanctions or Sanctioned Persons where this would be in breach of the International Sanctions.

The Directors believe that the Group has a reasonably adequate and effective internal control framework to continue to assist the Group in identifying and monitoring any material risk relating to International Sanctions so as to protect the interests of the Company and the Shareholders.

Key relationships

The Group endeavours to maintain sustainable development in the long term, continuously creating value for its employees and customers, and foster good relationship with its suppliers.

The Group understands that employees are its valuable assets and the realisation and enhancement of employees' value will facilitate the achievement of the Group's overall goals. A comprehensive range of fringe benefits is offered to attract, retain and motivate employees.

The Group also understands the importance of maintaining good relationships with its suppliers and customers to the overall development of the Group and to ensure that they can share their commitment to product quality. Suppliers are carefully selected and they are required to satisfy certain criteria including track record, experience, reputation, ability to produce high-quality products and quality control effectiveness. To maintain the competitiveness of its products and brands, the Group commits itself to consistently provide quality products to its customers.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group had committed to maintain the relationship with its employees and the turnover rate was acceptable and there was no significant and material dispute with its suppliers and customers.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

Please refer to the section headed "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" in this annual report.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company are set out in note 22 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group under this annual report.

RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Company and of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in note 29 to the consolidated financial statements and in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 79 of this annual report.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 December 2023, the reserve available for distributions to the Shareholders was approximately HK\$96,385,000 (2022: approximately HK\$51,336,000). Details of movements in the distributable reserves of the Company are set out in note 29 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group under this annual report.

DONATIONS

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Company and its subsidiaries made charitable donations of approximately HK\$11,000 (2022: HK\$35,000).

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Apart from the Share Option Scheme as disclosed in the section headed "Share Option Scheme" below, no equity-linked agreement was entered into by the Company during the year or subsisted as at 31 December 2023.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the articles of association of the Company and there is no restriction against such rights under the laws of the Cayman Islands where the Company was incorporated, which would oblige the Company to offer new Shares on a pro-rata basis to existing Shareholders.

DIVIDENDS

The Board has recommended the payment of a final dividend and a final special dividend of HK3 cents and HK3 cents per ordinary share, respectively, totaling HK6 cents per ordinary share for the year ended 31 December 2023 (2022: HK6 cents), amounting to a total of approximately HK\$12 million (2022: HK\$12 million), subject to approval of the shareholders of the Company at the forthcoming annual general meeting (the "**AGM**"). Upon approval of the shareholders of the Company, the proposed final dividend and final special dividend will be paid on or around 26 June 2024. The payment of dividend, particularly the final special dividend, was recommended after considering (i) the existing level of cash and cash equivalents and the working capital requirements for future business development of the Group, where surplus cash can be returned to shareholders; (ii) the ability of the Group to remain profitable; and (iii) the appreciation for the support of the Shareholders.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The Company will hold the AGM on Monday, 27 May 2024. The register of members of the Company will be closed from Wednesday, 22 May 2024 to Monday, 27 May 2024 (both days inclusive), during which period no transfer of Shares will be registered. In order to qualify for attendance and voting at the forthcoming AGM, all transfers of Shares accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Hong Kong share registrar and transfer office of the Company, Tricor Investor Services Limited of 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Tuesday, 21 May 2024.

For determining the entitlement to the proposed final dividend and final special dividend, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Friday, 31 May 2024 to Wednesday, 5 June 2024, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares of the Company will be registered. In order to qualify for the proposed final dividend and final special dividend, all transfer of Shares, accompanied by the relevant share certificates, must be lodged with the Company's Hong Kong share registrar and transfer office of the Company, Tricor Investor Services Limited of 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong, for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Thursday, 30 May 2024.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements under this annual report.

TAX RELIEF AND EXEMPTION

The Directors are not aware of any tax relief or exemption available to the Shareholders by reason of their holding of the Company's securities.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities for the year ended 31 December 2023.

DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR EXECUTIVES' EMOLUMENTS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

Details of the remuneration of the Directors and those of the five highest paid individuals of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in note 11 to the consolidated financial statements under this annual report. There has been no arrangement under which any Director has waived or agreed to waive any emoluments.

DIRECTORS' AND CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS' INTEREST IN COMPETING BUSINESS

The Directors are not aware of any business or interest of the Directors nor the controlling Shareholders nor any of their respective close associates that compete or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group and any other conflicts of interest which any such person has or may have with the Group during the year ended 31 December 2023 and up to the date of this annual report.

Each of the controlling Shareholders had entered into the deed of non-competition with the Company as detailed in the section headed "Relationship with our controlling shareholders" in the Prospectus (the "**Deed of Non-Competition**"). Each of the controlling Shareholders had provided written confirmation and made an annual declaration on their compliance with the Deed of Non-Competition for the year ended 31 December 2023. Based on the information and confirmation provided by or obtained from the controlling Shareholders, the independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the compliance and enforcement of the Deed of Non-Competition and were satisfied that the Deed of Non-Competition was duly complied with and enforced for the year ended 31 December 2023.

DIRECTORS' AND CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS' INTEREST IN TRANSACTION, ARRANGEMENT AND CONTRACTS

Save for the related party transactions disclosed in note 28 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group and as described in the section headed "Related party transactions and connected transactions" below in this annual report, (i) no transaction, arrangement or contract of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company, its controlling Shareholders or any of their respective subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director or an entity connected with a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted as at the end of 31 December 2023 or at any time during such financial year; and (ii) no contract of significance had been entered into among the Company or any of its subsidiaries and the controlling Shareholders or any of their subsidiaries during the year ended 31 December 2023.

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year ended 31 December 2023 and up to the date of this annual report were:

Executive Directors

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Chau Ching (Chairman)

Mr. Chung Kwok Keung Peter (Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Chau Wai

Mr. Chung Leonard Shing Chun

Mr. Asvaintra Bhanusak Mr. Seto John Gin Chung Mr. Yu Hon To David

According to articles 84(1) and 84(2) of the articles of association of the Company, Mr. Chau Ching, Mr. Asvaintra Bhanusak and Mr. Seto John Gin Chung, shall retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company by rotation and be eligible to offer themselves for re-election.

Each of the independent non-executive Directors had made an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company is of the view that all independent non-executive Directors meet the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and are independent in accordance with the terms of the guidelines.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

According to article 164 of the articles of association of the Company, the Directors shall be indemnified out of the assets and profits of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses for any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty, or supposed duty, in their respective offices or trusts, provided that the indemnity shall not extend to any fraud or dishonesty which may attach to them.

The Company has maintained appropriate insurance cover for the Directors and its officers in respect of potential legal actions that may occur in the course of performing their duties.

DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT BIOGRAPHIES

Biographical details of the Directors and the senior management of the Group are set out on pages 12 to 15 of this annual report.

CHANGE IN INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS

Save as disclosed in this annual report, there was no change to any of the information required to be disclosed in relation to any Director pursuant to paragraphs (a) to (e) and (g) of Rule 13.51(2) of the Listing Rules for the year ended 31 December 2023.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Each of the executive Directors has a service contract with the Company for a term of three years which may be terminated by either party in accordance with the respective terms of the service contract. Under the service contracts, each of the executive Directors is entitled to an annual discretionary management bonus in respect of each completed financial year as the Board may approve.

Each of the independent non-executive Directors has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company with a fixed term of office for three years which may be terminated by either party in accordance with the respective terms of the letter of appointment.

None of the Directors has a service contract which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 December 2023, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executives of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which any such director or chief executive has taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO) and were recorded in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, or which were notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code were as follows:

Long position in the Shares/underlying Shares

Name of Directors/ chief executives	Capacity/Nature of Interest	Number of Shares held/interested	percentage of shareholding in the Company
Mr. Chung	Interest of a controlled corporation ^(Note 1) Beneficial owner ^(Note 2)	75,000,000 200,000	37.5% 0.1%
Mr. Chau	Interest of a controlled corporation ^(Note 3) Beneficial owner ^(Note 2)	75,000,000 200,000	37.5% 0.1%
Mr. Leonard Chung	Beneficial owner ^(Note 2)	800,000	0.4%
Mr. Chau Wai	Beneficial owner ^(Note 2)	800,000	0.4%
Mr. Yu	Beneficial owner ^(Note 2)	200,000	0.1%
Mr. Seto	Beneficial owner ^(Note 2)	200,000	0.1%
Mr. Asvaintra	Beneficial owner ^(Note 2)	200,000	0.1%
Mr. Cheung	Beneficial owner ^(Note 2)	800,000	0.4%
Mr. Ko	Beneficial owner ^(Note 2)	800,000	0.4%

Note 1: L.V.E.P. Holdings is 100% beneficially owned by Mr. Chung. Accordingly, Mr. Chung is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by L.V.E.P. Holdings under the SFO.

On 7 June 2021, the Company granted share options to all the Directors and Mr. Cheung and Mr. Ko pursuant to the Share Option Scheme. Details of which are set out in the announcement of the Company dated 7 June 2021 and the section headed "Share Option Scheme" in this annual report.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2023, none of the Directors and chief executives of the Company held any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

Note 2: These represent the Shares to be issued and allotted by the Company upon exercise of the share options granted under the Share Option Scheme.

Note 3: Ching Wai Holdings is 100% beneficially owned by Mr. Chau. Accordingly, Mr. Chau is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Ching Wai Holdings under the SFO.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as otherwise disclosed in this annual report, no rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of Shares in or debentures of the Company were granted to any Director or their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company and any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors, or their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age, to acquire such rights in any other body corporate for the year ended 31 December 2023.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITION IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 December 2023, as far as was known to the Directors or chief executives of the Company, the following persons or corporations (other than the Directors and chief executives of the Company) had or were deemed or taken to have interests or short positions in the Shares or underlying Shares as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company:

Long position in the Shares

Name of Shareholder	Capacity/Nature of interest	Number of Shares held/ interested	Approximate percentage of shareholding in the Company
L.V.E.P. Holdings	Beneficial owner	75,000,000	37.5%
Ching Wai Holdings	Beneficial owner	75,000,000	37.5%
Ms. Cheung	Interest of spouse ^(Note 1)	75,200,000	37.6%
Ms. Lee	Interest of spouse ^(Note 2)	75,200,000	37.6%

Note 1: Ms. Cheung is the spouse of Mr. Chau and is therefore deemed to be interested in the 75,000,000 Shares and 200,000 share options of the Company held by Mr. Chau under the SFO.

Note 2: Ms. Lee is the spouse of Mr. Chung and is therefore deemed to be interested in the 75,000,000 Shares and 200,000 share options of the Company held by Mr. Chung under the SFO.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2023, so far as the Directors were aware, none of the persons (other than the Directors or chief executives of the Company) had, or was deemed to have interests or short positions in the Shares and underlying Shares which were required to be recorded in the register of interests kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO, and which would be required to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company had adopted a share option scheme on 15 May 2018. The Share Option Scheme is an incentive scheme and is established to recognise the contributions that eligible participants have made or may make to the Group. The maximum number of Shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other schemes of the Company shall not, in aggregate, exceed 20,000,000 Shares (representing 10% of the Shares in issue as at the date of this annual report), unless otherwise approved by the Shareholders. The Board may at its discretion grant options to the following eligible participants:

- (i) any director, employee, consultant, professional, customer, supplier, agent, partner or adviser of or contractor to the Group or a company in which the Group holds an interest or a subsidiary of such company (the "**Affiliate**");
- (ii) the trustee of any trust the beneficiary of which or any discretionary trust the discretionary objects of which include any director, employee, consultant, professional, customer, supplier, agent, partner, adviser or contractor to the Group or an Affiliate; and
- (iii) a company beneficially owned by any director, employee, consultant, professional, customer, supplier, agent, partner, adviser or contractor to the Group or an Affiliate.

Options may also be granted to any company wholly-owned by one or more eligible participants. No option shall be granted to any eligible participant which, if exercised in full would result in the total number of the Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options already granted and to be granted to such eligible participant under the Share Option Scheme (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding share options) in any 12-month period up to and including the date of such grant exceeding 1% in aggregate of the Shares in issue. The exercise price for any Share under the Share Option Scheme shall be a price determined by the Board and notified to each grantee and shall not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of a Share as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of grant of the relevant option, which must be a trading day; (ii) an amount equivalent to the average closing price of a Share as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of grant of the relevant option; and (iii) the nominal value of a Share on the offer date.

In respect of the remaining life of the Share Option Scheme, subject to the terms of the Share Option Scheme, the Share Option Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of 10 years commencing from 15 May 2018, being the date on which the Shareholders approved the Share Option Scheme, after which no further options may be issued but the provisions of the Share Option Scheme shall remain in full force and effect. An offer for the grant of options shall be deemed to have been accepted when the Company receives the letter containing the offer duly signed by the grantee together with a remittance of HK\$1.00 (or such other nominal sum in any currency as the Board may determine) in favour of the Company as consideration for the grant thereof. The principal terms of the Share Option Scheme were summarised in the paragraphs headed "Statutory and general information — (D) Share Option Scheme" in Appendix IV to the Prospectus.

As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 7 June 2021, the Company granted 6,000,000 share options to the Directors, senior management and certain employees of the Group on 7 June 2021 to subscribe for an aggregate of 6,000,000 Shares (representing 3.0% of the total issued Shares during the year ended 31 December 2023). Hence, the number of shares options available for grant under the Share Option Scheme was 14,000,000 (being the maximum of 20,000,000 less the 6,000,000 granted) at the beginning and the end of year ended 31 December 2023. The movements in the number of share options under the Share Option Scheme during the year ended 31 December 2023 are as follows:

Name	Date of grant	Exercise price per Share	Exercise period	Balance as at 1 January 2023	Granted	Exercised	Cancelled/ lapsed	Balance as at 31 December 2023
Mr. Chung	7 June 2021 ⁽¹⁾	HK\$0.68	7 June 2022 to 6 June 2031 ⁽²⁾	200,000	_	_	_	200,000
Mr. Chau	7 June 2021 ⁽¹⁾	HK\$0.68	7 June 2022 to 6 June 2031 ⁽²⁾	200,000	_	_	_	200,000
Mr. Leonard Chung	7 June 2021 ⁽¹⁾	HK\$0.68	7 June 2022 to 6 June 2031 ⁽²⁾	800,000	_	_	_	800,000
Mr. Chau Wai	7 June 2021 ⁽¹⁾	HK\$0.68	7 June 2022 to 6 June 2031 ⁽²⁾	800,000	_	_	_	800,000
Mr. Yu	7 June 2021 ⁽¹⁾	HK\$0.68	7 June 2022 to 6 June 2031 ⁽²⁾	200,000	_	_	_	200,000
Mr. Seto	7 June 2021 ⁽¹⁾	HK\$0.68	7 June 2022 to 6 June 2031 ⁽²⁾	200,000	_	_	_	200,000
Mr. Asvaintra	7 June 2021 ⁽¹⁾	HK\$0.68	7 June 2022 to 6 June 2031 ⁽²⁾	200,000	_	_	_	200,000
Mr. Cheung	7 June 2021 ⁽¹⁾	HK\$0.68	7 June 2022 to 6 June 2031 ⁽²⁾	800,000	_	_	_	800,000
Mr. Ko	7 June 2021 ⁽¹⁾	HK\$0.68	7 June 2022 to 6 June 2031 ⁽²⁾	800,000	_	_	_	800,000
Other Employees	7 June 2021 ⁽¹⁾	HK\$0.68	7 June 2022 to 6 June 2031 ⁽²⁾	1,800,000	_	_	_	1,800,000

Notes:

- 1. The closing price of the Shares immediately before the date of grant (i.e. as of 4 June 2021) was HK\$0.69 per Share.
- 2. 40%, 30% and the remaining 30% of the share options granted on 7 June 2021 shall be vested and exercisable at any time from the date falling on the first anniversary (i.e. 7 June 2022), second anniversary (i.e. 7 June 2023) and third anniversary (i.e. 7 June 2024) of the date of grant, respectively, till the end of the option period (i.e. 6 June 2031). The closing price of the Shares immediately before the date of the first anniversary (i.e. as of 6 June 2022) and immediately before the date of the second anniversary (i.e. as of 6 June 2023) was HK\$0.53 per Share and HK\$0.76 per Share, respectively. In this table, "exercise period" begins with the first anniversary of the date of grant.

The number of shares that may be issued in respect of share options granted under all schemes of the Company as at 31 December 2023 of 4,200,000 (based on the number of vested share options under the Share Option Scheme) divided by the weighted average total number of Shares in issue for the year ended 31 December 2023 of 200,000,000 was 2.1%.

VALUE OF SHARE OPTIONS

The value of the share options granted during the review period is to be expensed through the Group's statement of profit or loss over the three-year vesting period of the share options.

The fair values of share options granted by the Company were determined by using the Black-Scholes option pricing model (the "Model"). The Model is one of the commonly used models to estimate the fair value of a share option. The variables and assumptions used in computing the fair values of the share options are based on management's best estimate. The value of a share option varies with different variables based on a number of subjective assumptions. Any change in the variables so adopted may materially affect the estimation of the fair value of a share option.

The inputs into the Model were as follows:

Date of grant	7 June 2021
Closing Share price at the date of grant	HK\$ 0.68
Exercise price	HK\$ 0.68
Risk free rate (Note a)	1.05%
Expected life of option (Note b)	10 years
Expected volatility (Note c)	55.89%
Expected dividend per annum (Note d)	_
Estimated fair values per share option	HK\$ 0.39

Notes:

- (a) Risk free rate: the yield derived from HKD Hong Kong Sovereign Curve in terms of the remaining of the share options.
- (b) Expected life of option: being the period of 10 years commencing on the date of grant, based on management's best estimates for the effects of non-transferability, exercise restriction and behavioural considerations.
- (c) Expected volatility: derived from historical volatility of the Shares.
- (d) Expected dividend per annum: based on historical dividend yield of the Shares.

RETIREMENT SCHEMES

The Group participates in several defined contribution retirement plans which cover the Group's eligible employees in the PRC and certain mandatory provident fund schemes for the employees in Hong Kong. Particulars of these retirement plans are set out in note 2.15(iii) to the consolidated financial statements of this annual report.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contract concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company was entered into or existed during the year ended 31 December 2023 with regard to Section 543 of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong).

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

The related party transactions set out in note 28 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group constituted connected transactions or continuing connected transactions of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. For the year ended 31 December 2023, none of such related party transactions constituted a connected transaction or a continuing connected transaction which was subject to the reporting, annual review, announcement and/or shareholders' approval requirements under the Listing Rules.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

Sales and purchases of the Group attributable to its major customers and suppliers, respectively, for the year ended 31 December 2023 are as follows:

	% of total	% of total
	revenue	purchase
The largest customer/supplier	62.2%	12.9%
Five largest customers/suppliers	94.4%	42.2%

None of the Directors or any of their close associates or any Shareholders (which to the best knowledge of the Directors owned more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had a material interest in the five largest suppliers or customers of the Group.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Company had applied the principles and complied with the code provisions in the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix C1 (previously Appendix 14) to the Listing Rules throughout the accounting period covered by this annual report. Principal corporate governance practices adopted by the Company are set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 16 to 27 of this annual report.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company had maintained a sufficient public float as required under the Listing Rules during the year ended 31 December 2023 and as at the date of this annual report.

AUDITOR

The financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2023 had been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers who will retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company. A resolution will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to re-appoint PricewaterhouseCoopers as the auditor of the Company for the year ending 31 December 2024.

By order of the Board

MS Group Holdings Limited
Chau Ching
Chairman

Hong Kong, 21 March 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



羅兵咸永道

To the Shareholders of MS Group Holdings Limited

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

What we have audited

The consolidated financial statements of MS Group Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), which are set out on pages 75 to 121, comprise:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023;
- the consolidated income statement for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the consolidated financial statements, comprising material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.

Our opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2023, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

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PricewaterhouseCoopers, 22/F Prince's Building, Central, Hong Kong T: +852 2289 8888, F: +852 2810 9888, www.pwchk.com

Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. Key audit matter identified in our audit is net realisable value of inventories.

Key Audit Matter

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

Net realisable value of inventories

Refer to note 4.2 "Net realisable value of inventories" and note 18 "Inventories" to the consolidated financial statements.

At 31 December 2023, the Group held inventories of HK\$39,054,000 and a net provision of HK\$2,170,000 was made for obsolete or slow moving inventories for the year ended 31 December 2023. Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value in the consolidated financial statements.

Management assesses net realisable value of inventories at each period end based on the current market condition and the historical experience of selling products of similar nature. The determination of net realisable value requires the use of significant judgement and estimates, including the consideration of condition of products, latest selling price, expectation of future sales orders.

We focused on auditing the net realisable value of inventories including the related disclosures because the estimation of net realisable value of inventories are subject to high degree of estimation uncertainty. The inherent risk in relation to the impairment assessment of inventory is considered significant due to the significance of the balance of inventory, significant management judgement and estimate involved in determining the net realisable value of inventory.

Our key procedures in relation to management's assessment of the net realisable value of inventories included:

- We obtained an understanding of the management's internal control and assessment process of estimating the net realisable value of the inventories and assessed the inherent risk of material misstatement by considering the degree of estimation uncertainty and level of other inherent risk factors including complexity, subjectivity, changes and susceptibility to management bias or fraud;
- We evaluated and tested the key controls over the review of net realisable value of inventories;
- We tested, on a sample basis, the net realisable value of raw material items by comparing the carrying amounts to replacement costs, and for other inventory items, by comparing the carrying amounts to the latest selling prices taking into account estimated cost to completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.
- We tested, on a sample basis, the accuracy of the ageing profile of individual inventory items by checking to the underlying procurement correspondence, invoices and production log; and
- We challenged and tested the assumptions used to determine the net realisable value of inventories.

Based on the above, we considered that management's judgements and assumptions applied in the *net realisable* value of inventories were supportable by the evidence obtained and procedures performed.

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's
 internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Li Ching Lap Bernard.

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 21 March 2024

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

For the year ended 31 December 2023

	Note	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Revenue	5	233,990	260,142
Cost of sales	10	(158,865)	(180,345)
Construction of the		75.425	70 707
Gross profit Selling expenses	10	75,125 (9,170)	79,797 (13,301)
Administrative expenses	10	(38,298)	(41,154)
Other income	7	768	2,666
Other meome Other gains/(losses), net	8	164	(341)
Operating profit		28,589	27,667
Finance income	9	4,713	1,532
Finance expenses	9	(662)	(705)
`			
Finance income, net		4,051	827
Share of result of associates	17	(8,640)	(8,278)
Profit before taxation		24,000	20,216
Taxation	12	(7,718)	(6,411)
Profit for the year		16,282	13,805
Attributable to:			
— Equity holders of the Company		16,282	13,805
2 60		HK cents	HK cents
Profit per share attributable to equity holders of			
the Company during the year Basic and diluted	13	8.14	6.90
pasic and unded	13	0.14	0.90

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 December 2023

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Profit for the year	16,282	13,805
Items that may be reclassified to consolidated income statement: Exchange translation differences	(2,917)	(10,052)
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to: — Equity holders of the Company	13,365	3,753

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 December 2023

	Note	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	15	32,861	28,044
Right-of-use assets	16	1,704	5,933
Investment in associates	17	1,243	9,883
		35,808	43,860
Current assets			
Inventories	18	39,054	39,057
Trade and other receivables	19	44,786	27,649
Deposits and prepayments	20	9,200	3,922
Cash and cash equivalents	21	126,294	134,798
		219,334	205,426
Total assets		255,142	249,286
EQUITY			
Equity attributable to the Company's equity holders			
Share capital	22	20,000	20,000
Share premium		36,614	36,614
Other reserves	23	(2,520)	9
Retained earnings	23	155,473	151,191
Total equity		209,567	207,814
Total equity		209,507	207,814

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2023

	Note	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilities			
Lease liabilities	16	_	1,810
Deferred income tax liabilities	24	4,985	2,976
		4,985	4,786
		.,505	1,700
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	25	36,269	30,330
Lease liabilities	16	1,767	4,200
Tax payable		2,554	2,156
		40,590	36,686
Total liabilities		45,575	41,472
Total equity and liabilities		255,142	249,286

On behalf of the Board

Chau Ching

Director

Chung Kwok Keung Peter

Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended 31 December 2023

					Share- based		
	Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000	Capital reserve HK\$'000	Exchange reserve HK\$'000	payments reserve HK\$'000	Retained earnings HK\$'000	Total equity HK\$'000
Balance at 1 January 2022	20,000	36,614	131	8,061	888	137,386	203,080
Comprehensive income: Profit for the year	_	_	_	_	_	13,805	13,805
Other comprehensive income: Exchange translation differences	_	_	_	(10,052)	_	_	(10,052)
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	_	_	(10,052)	_	13,805	3,753
Transactions with equity holders: Share-based payments	_	_	_	_	981	_	981
Balance at 31 December 2022	20,000	36,614	131	(1,991)	1,869	151,191	207,814
Balance at 1 January 2023	20,000	36,614	131	(1,991)	1,869	151,191	207,814
Comprehensive income: Profit for the year	_	_	_	_	_	16,282	16,282
Other comprehensive income: Exchange translation differences	_	_	_	(2,917)	_	_	(2,917)
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	_	_	(2,917)	_	16,282	13,365
Transactions with equity holders: Dividend paid Share-based payments	_	_ _	_	_	— 388	(12,000) —	(12,000) 388
Total transactions with equity holders	_	_	_	_	388	(12,000)	(11,612)
Balance at 31 December 2023	20,000	36,614	131	(4,908)	2,257	155,473	209,567

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended 31 December 2023

	Note	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	26(a)	20,941	32,747
Tax paid		(5,186)	(9,879)
Net cash generated from operating activities		15,755	22,868
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchases of property, plant and equipment		(10,690)	(1,834)
Process from disposal of property, plant and equipment		83	12
Payment of acquisition		_	(1,938)
Interest received		4,196	1,132
Net cash used in investing activities		(6,411)	(2,628)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Interest paid		(662)	(705)
Payment of principal element of lease liabilities	26(b)	(4,124)	(4,206)
Dividend paid	14	(12,000)	
Net cash used in financing activities		(16,786)	(4,911)
- The cash used in financing activities		(10,700)	(4,511)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(7,442)	15,329
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January		134,798	123,216
Exchange losses on cash and cash equivalents		(1,062)	(3,747)
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December		126,294	134,798

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2023

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MS Group Holdings Limited (the "Company") is a limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 9 March 2017. The address of its registered office is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands.

The Company is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") are principally engaged in the manufacture and sales of plastic bottles and cups for infants and toddlers and plastic sports bottles (the "Listing Business").

The controlling shareholders of the Company are Mr. Chung Kwok Keung Peter ("Mr. Chung") and Mr. Chau Ching ("Mr. Chau") (together, the "Controlling Shareholders").

The consolidated financial statements are presented in thousands of Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$000"), unless otherwise stated. The consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 21 March 2024.

2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance ("HKCO") (Cap. 622). The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in note 4.

(i) The adoption of new and amended standards

In 2023, the Group adopted the following new and amended standards which are relevant to its operations.

HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2
(Amendments)

HKAS 8 (Amendments)

Definition of Accounting Estimates

HKAS 12 (Amendments)

Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities Arising from a Single Transaction

HKAS 12 (Amendments)

HKFRS 17 and HKFRS 17 (Amendments)

HKFRS 17 (Amendment)

International Tax Reform — Pillar Two Model Rules

Insurance Contracts

Initial Application of HKFRS 17 and HKFRS 9 — Comparative Information

The Group has assessed the impact of the adoption of these new and amended standards and considered that there was no significant impact on the Group's results and financial position.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

(ii) Amendments to existing standards and interpretation that are not yet effective

Amendments		accounting periods beginning on or after
HKAS 1 (Amendments)	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	1 January 2024
HKAS 1 (Amendments)	Non-current Liabilities with Covenants	1 January 2024
HKAS 7 and HKFRS 7 (Amendments)	Supplier Finance Arrangements	1 January 2024
HKAS 21 (Amendments)	Lack of Exchangeability	1 January 2025
HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 (Amendments)	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	
HKFRS 16 (Amendments)	Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback	1 January 2024
HK-Int 5 (2020)	Presentation of Financial Statements — Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause	

Effective for

The Group has not early adopted the above amendments and is in the process of assessing the impact of these amendments on the Group's accounting policies and consolidated financial statements.

2.2 Consolidation

(i) Subsidiaries and business combination

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

Inter-company transactions, balances, income and expenses on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Profits and losses resulting from inter-company transactions that are recognised in assets are also eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Other than the group reorganisation of the Group in preparation for the Listing, the Group applies the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.2 Consolidation (Continued)

(i) Subsidiaries and business combination (Continued)

The Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis, either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the recognised amounts of acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at their acquisition date fair value, unless another measurement basis is required by HKFRSs.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquired fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the total of consideration transferred, non-controlling interest recognised and previously held interest measured is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognised in the consolidated income statement.

(ii) Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries without change of control

Transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions — that is, as transactions with the owners in their capacity as owners. The difference between fair value of any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity.

(iii) Disposal of subsidiaries

When the Group ceases to have control, any retained interest in the entity is re-measured to its fair value at the date when control is lost, with the change in carrying amount recognised in the consolidated income statement. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to consolidated income statement.

(iv) Separate financial statements

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost also includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of the subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend and receivable. Impairment testing of the investments in the subsidiaries is required upon receiving dividends from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the year the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the financial information of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

2.3 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Executive Directors that make strategic decisions.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 Foreign currencies

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements is presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the consolidated income statement.

(iii) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the Group's entities that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (1) assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- (2) income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the rate on the dates of the transactions); and
- (3) all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate. Exchange differences arising are recognised in other comprehensive income.

2.5 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the consolidated income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.5 Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost to their residual values over their estimated useful lives. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are:

Decoration	5%
Furniture and fixtures	20%
Office equipment	20%
Plant and machinery	10%
Tools and equipment	30%
Motor vehicles	30%

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (note 2.9).

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised within 'Other losses, net' in the consolidated income statement.

2.6 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs of inventories are determined based on the weighted average method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

2.7 Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional, unless they contain significant financing components when they are recognised at fair value. The Group holds the receivables with the objective of collecting the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Details about the Group's impairment policies and the calculation of the loss allowance are provided in note 2.9.

If collection of trade and other receivables is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

2.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less and bank overdrafts. Cash and cash equivalents are assessed for expected credit losses in accordance with the policy set out in note 2.9.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.9 Credit losses and impairment of assets

(i) Credit losses from financial assets

The Group has two types of financial assets that are subject to the expected credit loss model:

- Trade receivables for sales of inventory, and
- Other financial assets at amortised cost.

While cash and cash equivalents are also subject to the impairment requirements of HKFRS 9, the identified impairment loss was immaterial.

The Group applies the HKFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables. Expected credit losses on these financial assets are estimated using a provision matrix based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors and an assessment of both the current and forecast general economic conditions at the reporting date. The Group has identified the gross domestic product ("GDP") and the Consumer Price Index of the countries in which it sells its goods and services to be the most relevant factors, and accordingly adjusts the historical loss rates based on expected changes in these factors.

Other financial assets at amortised cost include other receivables. The Group recognises a loss allowance equal to 12-month expected credit losses unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk of the financial instrument since initial recognition, in which case the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

Receivables are written off where there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Indicators that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery include, amongst others, the failure of a debtor to engage in a repayment plan with the Group, and a failure to make contractual payments for a period of greater than 365 days past due.

Expected credit loss adjustment on receivables are presented as net adjustment within operating profit. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the same line item.

(ii) Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life — for example, goodwill or intangible assets not ready to use — are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised in the consolidated income statement for the amount by which the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (CGUs). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.10 Other payables

Other payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using effective interest method. They are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

2.11 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when: the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount can be reliably estimated. Restructuring provisions comprise employee termination payments. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditure expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

2.12 Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. It can also be a present obligation arising from past events that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required or the amount of obligation cannot be measured reliably.

A contingent liability is not recognised but is disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

When a change in the probability of an outflow occurs so that the outflow is probable, it will then be recognised as a provision.

A contingent asset is a probable asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group.

Contingent asset is not recognised but is disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements when an inflow of economic benefits is probable. When inflow is virtually certain, an asset is recognised.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.13 Current and deferred income tax

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred income tax. Tax is recognised in the consolidated income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

(i) Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the statement of financial position date in the countries where the Group operates and generates taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

(ii) Deferred income tax

Inside basis differences

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Outside basis differences

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

(iii) Offsetting

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.14 Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received and receivable for the sale of goods in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue is stated net of allowances for credit and other revenue reducing factors after eliminating sales within the Group.

Revenue is recognised when the amount can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Group and specific criteria for each of the activities have been met. The amount of revenue is not considered to be reliably measurable until all contingencies relating to the activities have been resolved. Estimates are based on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customers, the type of transactions and the specifics of each arrangement.

(i) Sales of goods

Revenue from the sales of goods is recognised at a point in time when goods are delivered and title has been passed.

(ii) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis using the effective interest method.

2.15 Employee benefits

(i) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the statement of financial position date. Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

(ii) Bonus plan

Provisions for bonus plans are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of services rendered by employees and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made.

(iii) Defined contribution schemes

Contributions to defined contribution schemes, including the Mandatory Provident Fund ("MPF") Scheme, an employee pension schemes established by municipal government in Mainland China are expensed as incurred. Except for the MPF Scheme, contributions are reduced by contributions forfeited by those employees who leave the schemes prior to vesting fully in the contributions.

Pursuant to the relevant regulations of the government in the People's Republic of China ("PRC"), the companies in the PRC participate in the municipal government contribution scheme whereby the companies are required to contribute to the scheme for the retirement benefit of eligible employees. The municipal government of the PRC is responsible for the entire benefit obligations payable to the retired employees. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the schemes is to pay the ongoing contributions required by the schemes. The Group's contributions to these schemes are expensed as incurred.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.16 Operating leases

The Group is the lessee under various lease agreements for offices and warehouses. Rental contracts are typically for fixed periods of 2 years during which the Group pays a fixed monthly rental payment.

Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. Each lease payment is allocated between the lease liability and interest on lease liability. The interest on lease liability is charged to consolidated income statement over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the lease liability for each period. The right-of-use asset is depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments). Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Group, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that Group would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
- lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received; and
- initial direct costs and restoration costs.

Payments associated with short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in consolidated income statement. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less.

2.17 Government grant

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions.

Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognised in the consolidated income statement over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate.

Government grants relating to property, plant and equipment are included in non-current liabilities as deferred government grants and are credited to the consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the expected lives of the related assets.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.18 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in financial statements in the period when the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders/directors, where appropriate.

2.19 Investment in associate

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control or joint control. This is generally the case where the Group holds between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting, after initially being recognised at cost.

Under the equity method of accounting, the investments are initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses of the investee in profit or loss, and the group's share of movements in other comprehensive income of the investee in other comprehensive income. Dividends received or receivable from associate is recognised as a reduction in the carrying amount of the investment.

Where the Group's share of losses in an equity-accounted investment equals or exceeds its interest in the entity, including any other unsecured long-term receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the other entity. Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associate is eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in these entities.

The Group determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in the associated company is impaired. If this is the case, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associated company and its carrying value and recognises the amount adjacent to "Share of result of associates" in the consolidated income statement.

Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of equity-accounted investees have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

The carrying amount of investment in associate is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its recoverable amount (note 2.9).

2.20 Share-based payments

The fair value of options granted is recognised as an employee benefits expense with a corresponding increase in equity. The total amount to be expensed is determined by reference to the fair value of the options granted:

- including any market performance conditions (e.g. the entity's share price);
- excluding the impact of any service and non-market performance vesting conditions (e.g. profitability, sales growth targets and remaining an employee of the entity over a specified time period); and
- including the impact of any non-vesting conditions (e.g. the requirement for employees to save or hold shares for a specific period of time).

The total expense is recognised over the vesting period, which is the period over which all of the specified vesting conditions are to be satisfied. At the end of each period, the entity revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest based on the non-market vesting and service conditions. It recognises the impact of the revision to original estimates, if any, in profit or loss, with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: foreign exchange risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. It is the Group's policy not to enter into derivative transaction for speculative purposes.

The Group sets financial risk management policies in accordance with policies and procedures approved by the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors identifies and evaluates any financial risks in close co-operation with the Group's operating units and provides written principles for overall risk management.

(i) Foreign exchange risk

The Group's foreign currency transactions are mainly denominated in United States dollars ("USD") and Chinese Renminbi ("RMB"). The assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are mainly denominated in USD and RMB, and there are no significant assets and liabilities denominated in other foreign currencies. The Group manages its foreign currency risk by closely monitoring the movement of the foreign currency rates.

The foreign exchange risk exposure on USD is not significant to the Group as HK\$ is pegged with USD under the existing Hong Kong economic environment.

The exchange rate of RMB to HK\$ is subject to the rules and regulations of foreign exchange control promulgated by the PRC Government. At 31 December 2023, if RMB had weakened/strengthened by 5% against HK\$ with all other variables held constant, the consolidated profit before taxation would have been 0.2% lower/higher (2022: 0.2% lower/higher).

For companies with RMB as their functional currency, their businesses are principally conducted in RMB. The fluctuation of the exchange rates of RMB against foreign currencies has a limited impact on these companies' results of operations.

(ii) Credit risk

The credit risk of the Group mainly arises from cash and bank balances and trade and other receivables.

Risk management

The Group monitors the credit rating of its banks. As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Group has approximately 100% and 100% respectively of its cash in banks with credit rating of Baa3 (Moody's) or higher, meaning the banks have acceptable ability to meet financial commitments.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(ii) Credit risk (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets

The Group has trade and other receivables that is subject to the expected credit loss model. Majority of the Group's trade receivables are from individual OEM Business customers and distributors of Yo Yo Monkey Business and are transacted in credit. As at 31 December 2023, the top two debtors accounted for approximately 57% (2022: 35%) and 24% (2022: 26%) respectively of the Group's trade receivables balances. The Group has set up long-term cooperative relationship with these debtors.

Management makes a periodic assessment on the recoverability of the trade and other receivables based on historical payment records, the length of overdue period, the financial strength of the debtors and whether they are any disputes with the debtors. On that basis, the Group applies HKFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables. The loss allowance as at 31 December 2023 and 2022 was determined approximately HK\$2,019,000 and HK\$2,595,000 respectively for trade receivables.

The gross carrying amount of the trade receivables and the loss allowance provision analysed by aging band are set out below.

	202	2023		.2
BY DUE DATE	Gross amount HK\$'000	ECL Provision HK\$'000	Gross amount HK\$'000	ECL Provision HK\$'000
NOT YET DUE	34,806	(63)	20,563	(118)
1-30 DAYS	404	(168)	721	(165)
31–60 DAYS	437	(67)	714	(270)
61-90 DAYS	569	(118)	755	(217)
Over 90 DAYS	4,672	(1,603)	6,256	(1,825)
	40,888	(2,019)	29,009	(2,595)

Management consider other receivables as low credit risk as counterparty have a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term. The Group has assessed the expected credit losses for these receivables are immaterial under 12-month expected credit losses method.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(iii) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management includes maintaining sufficient cash, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to close out market positions. It is the policy of the Group to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements and to ensure that adequate funding is available for operating, investing and financing activities.

The tables below analyse the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groups based on the remaining period at the end of the reporting periods to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	Within	but within	
	1 year	2 years	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
The Group			
At 31 December 2023			
Trade and other payables	36,269	_	36,269
Lease liabilities	1,789		1,789
	38,058	_	38,058
At 31 December 2022	20.220		20.220
Trade and other payables	30,330	_	30,330
Lease liabilities	4,395	1,831	6,226
	34,725	1,831	36,556

3.2 Fair value estimation

The carrying amounts of the Group's current financial assets and liabilities approximate their fair values due to the short-term maturities of these assets and liabilities. The carrying amounts of long-term financial liabilities approximate their fair value which is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market rate that is available to the Group for similar financial instruments.

3.3 Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital is to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for owners and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to ensure optimal capital structure and enhance shareholder value in the long term. The capital structure consists of total equity as shown in the consolidated statements of financial position. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholder, return capital to owner, or issue new shares.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

4.1 Net realisable value of inventories

Net realisable value of inventories is the estimated selling prices in the ordinary course of business less estimated selling expenses. These estimates are based on the current market condition and the historical experience of selling products of similar nature. It could change significantly as a result of changes in economic conditions in places where the Group operates and changes in customer taste and competitor actions in response to changes in market conditions. Management reassesses these estimates at each reporting date. A net provision of HK\$2,170,000 was made for the year ended 31 December 2023.

4.2 Estimated impairment of investments in associates

The Group tests whether investments in associates have suffered any impairment, when there is an indication of impairment, in accordance with the accounting policy stated in note 2.19. For investments in associates with indication of impairment, the Group's share of recoverable amount of the relevant associates has been determined based on higher of value-in-use or fair value less costs of disposal. It is reasonably possible that the judgements and estimates could change in future periods. Changes to the judgements and estimates can significantly affect the carrying amount of the investment in future periods.

4.3 Current taxation and deferred taxation

The Group is subject to income tax in Hong Kong and PRC. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for taxation in this jurisdiction. There are transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises liabilities for potential tax exposures based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the current and deferred income taxation in the financial period in which such determination is made.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

4.3 Current taxation and deferred taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax is recognized, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying values in the consolidated financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carry forward of unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilised, based on all available evidence. Recognition primarily involves judgement regarding the future financial performance of the particular legal entity or tax group. A variety of other factors are also evaluated in considering whether there is convincing evidence that it is probable that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will ultimately be realised, such as the existence of taxable temporary differences, group relief, tax planning strategies and the periods in which estimated tax losses can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets and related financial models and budgets are reviewed at the end of the reporting period and to the extent that there is insufficient convincing evidence that sufficient taxable profits will be available within the utilisation periods to allow utilisation of the deductible temporary differences and the carry forward of unutilised tax losses and tax credits, the asset balance will be reduced and charged to the consolidated income statement.

4.4 Impairment of financial assets

The loss allowances for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Group uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the Group's past history existing market conditions as well as forward-looking estimates at the end of each reporting period. Details of the key assumptions and inputs used are disclosed in the tables in note 3.

4.5 Depreciation of right-of-use assets and property, plant and equipment

The management determines the estimated useful lives and residual values for its right-of-use assets and property, plant and equipment. Management will revise the depreciation charge using the straight-line method where useful lives or lease terms are different from previous estimates, or it will write-off or write-down obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold.

5 REVENUE

The Group is principally engaged in manufacturing and sale of plastic bottles and cups for infants and toddlers and plastic sports bottles to OEM Business customer, and customers under its own brand. An analysis of the Group's revenue is as follows:

	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Revenue from OEM Business customer products	221,914	241,119
Revenue from own brand products	12,076	19,023
	233,990	260,142

For the year ended 31 December 2023

6 SEGMENT INFORMATION

Management has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the chief operating decision maker that are used for making strategic decisions. The chief operating decision-maker is identified as the Executive Directors of the Company. The chief operating decision-maker consider the business from a product perspective and assess the performance of the operating segments based on a measure of gross profit for the purposes of allocating resources. No analysis of segment assets or segment liabilities is regularly provided to the chief operating decision-maker.

The management has identified two operating segments based on the types of products, namely (i) manufacture and sale of plastic infant products to OEM Business customer and (ii) design, manufacture and sale of own brand infant products.

The segment information provided to the chief operating decision-maker for the year ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	OEM Business customer products HK\$'000	Own brand products HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000	OEM Business customer products HK\$'000	Own brand products HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Segment revenue from external customers Cost of sales	221,914 (150,231)	12,076 (8,634)	233,990 (158,865)	241,119 (167,498)	19,023 (12,847)	260,142 (180,345)
Gross profit Selling expenses Administrative expenses Other income Other gains/(losses), net Finance income, net Share of result of associates	71,683	3,442	75,125 (9,170) (38,298) 768 164 4,051 (8,640)	73,621	6,176	79,797 (13,301) (41,154) 2,666 (341) 827 (8,278)
Profit before taxation Taxation Profit for the year			24,000 (7,718) 16,282			20,216 (6,411) 13,805

For the year ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Group recognised all revenue from contracts with customers on a point in time basis.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

6 SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Geographical information

The Group's revenue is mainly derived from customers located in the United States of America ("US"), Italy and the People's Republic of China ("PRC"). The Group's revenue by the geographical location of the customers, determined based on the domicile countries of the customers, irrespective of the destinations of the goods, is detailed below:

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
LIC .	220.000	220 550
US Italy	220,866 630	230,550 1,489
Italy		
PRC	11,192	25,663
Others	1,302	2,440
	233,990	260,142

Major customers' information

The analysis of the Group's major customers, which a single external customer has contributed 10% or more to the Group's revenue, is as follows:

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
	111000	1110000
The largest customer	145,523	129,449
The second largest customer	67,828	88,477
Non-compared acceptable forms of the		
Non-current assets information		
	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Hong Kong	1,116	1,238
PRC	33,449	32,739
US	1,243	9,883
	35,808	43,860

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7 OTHER INCOME

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Government grant Sundries	639 129	2,103 563
	768	2,666

8 OTHER GAIN/(LOSSES), NET

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Net foreign exchange gain/(losses) Gains/(losses) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	155 9	(303) (38)
	164	(341)

9 FINANCE INCOME, NET

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Finance income		
Bank interest income	4,713	1,532
Finance expenses		
Interest on lease liabilities (Note 26b)	191	225
Interest on bills payables	471	480
	662	705
Finance income, net	4,051	827

For the year ended 31 December 2023

10 EXPENSES BY NATURE

	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Cost of inventories (Note 18)	90,611	104,191
Net provision for the impairment loss on inventories (Note 18)	2,170	3,549
Employee benefit expenses (Note 11)	65,681	73,870
Legal and professional fee	2,708	2,663
Management fee expenses	2,327	2,405
Transportation expenses	4,557	6,554
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (Note 15)	5,125	6,633
Depreciation of right-of-use assets (Note 16)	4,111	4,137
Tooling expenses	6,653	7,148
Travelling expenses	3,239	2,809
Promotion expenses	1,315	2,785
Repair and maintenance expenses	3,649	3,192
Auditor's remuneration for the Company's auditor — audit services	956	956
Auditor's remuneration for the Company's auditor — non-audit services	575	528
Auditor's remuneration for other auditor — audit services	96	117
Utility expenses	6,470	6,441
Entertainment expenses	607	500
Expected credit loss adjustment on trade receivables (Note 19)	(576)	233
Others	6,059	6,089
Total cost of sales, selling expenses and administrative expenses	206,333	234,800

11 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS)

	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Salaries, wages and bonuses	56,943	62,097
Contributions to defined contribution schemes (Note)	7,286	8,887
Other benefits	1,064	1,905
Share-based payments	388	981
	65,681	73,870

Note: As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Group had no forfeited contributions available to reduce the existing level of contributions.

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11 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS) (Continued)

(a) Directors' emoluments

(i) The remuneration of each director for the year ended 31 December 2023 is set out below:

	Fee HK\$'000	Salaries HK\$'000	Other allowances HK\$'000	Bonuses HK\$'000	Defined contribution pension costs HK\$'000	Sub-total HK\$'000	Share- based payments HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Executive directors:								
Mr. Chau Ching	_	936	_	_	_	936	13	949
Mr. Chau Wai	_	1,732	_	176	18	1,926	52	1,978
Mr. Chung Kwok Keung Peter	_	936	_	_	_	936	13	949
Mr. Chung Leonard Shing Chun	_	872	_	88	18	978	52	1,030
Independent non-executive								
directors:								
Mr. Asvaintra Bhanusak	180	_	_	_	_	180	13	193
Mr. Seto John Gin Chung	180	_	_	_	_	180	13	193
Mr. Yu Hon To David	180		_	_	_	180	13	193
Total emoluments	540	4,476	_	264	36	5,316	169	5,485

(ii) The remuneration of each director for the year ended 31 December 2022 is set out below:

					Defined		Share-	
			Other		contribution		based	
	Fee	Salaries	allowances	Bonuses	pension costs	Sub-total	payments	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Executive directors:								
Mr. Chau Ching	_	936	_	_	_	936	33	969
Mr. Chau Wai	_	1,677	_	129	18	1,824	131	1,955
Mr. Chung Kwok Keung Peter	_	936	_		_	936	33	969
Mr. Chung Leonard Shing Chun	_	845	_	65	18	928	131	1,059
Independent non-executive								
directors:								
Mr. Asvaintra Bhanusak	180	_	_	_	_	180	33	213
Mr. Seto John Gin Chung	180	_	_	_	_	180	33	213
Mr. Yu Hon To David	180	_	_	_	_	180	33	213
Total emoluments	540	4,394		194	36	5,164	427	5,591

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11 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS) (Continued)

(a) Directors' emoluments (Continued)

The remuneration shown above represents remuneration received and receivable from the Group by these directors in their capacity as management and employee to the Group during the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022.

There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022.

(b) Directors' retirement benefits and termination benefits

Save as disclosed in note 11(a), the directors did not receive any other retirement benefits or termination benefits during the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022.

(c) Consideration provided to third parties for making available directors' services

During the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, no consideration was provided to or receivable by third parties for making available directors' services.

(d) Information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such directors

Save as disclosed in note 28, as at 31 December 2023 and 2022, no loans, quasi-loans and other dealing arrangements in favour of directors, their controlled bodies corporate and connected entities.

(e) Director's material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

Save as disclosed in note 28, no significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Group was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of each of the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 or at any time during the years then ended.

(f) Five highest paid individuals' emoluments

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group during the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 include two directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The emoluments payable to the remaining three individuals during the years are as follows:

	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Salaries and wages	4,116	3,855
Bonus	513	402
Contributions to defined contribution schemes	54	54
Share-based payments	155	392
	4,838	4,703

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11 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS) (Continued)

(f) Five highest paid individuals' emoluments (Continued)

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

	2023	2022
	No. of	No. of
	Individuals	individuals
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1	1
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	2	2

During the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, no directors or any members of the five highest paid individuals received any emoluments from the Group as an inducement to join, upon joining the Group, leave the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

12 TAXATION

	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Current income tax		
Hong Kong Profits Tax	2,393	5,048
PRC enterprise income tax	3,316	1,927
	5,709	6,975
Deferred income tax (Note 24)	2,009	(564)
Income tax expenses for the year	7,718	6,411

For each of the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, Hong Kong Profits Tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% on the estimated assessable profit for the years. PRC enterprise income tax has been calculated on the estimated assessable profits for the year at the rates of taxation prevailing in the PRC.

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12 TAXATION (Continued)

The tax on the Group's profit before taxation differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the taxation rate of the home country of the Company as follows:

	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Profit before taxation	24,000	20,216
Add: share of results of associates	8,640	8,278
Profit before tax and before share of results of associates	32,640	28,494
Calculated at a tax rate of 16.5% (2022: 16.5%)	5,386	4,702
Effect of different tax rates in other jurisdictions	1,774	282
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purpose	1,076	1,161
Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purpose	(1,066)	(522)
Tax losses not recognised	548	788
Income tax expenses	7,718	6,411

13 EARNINGS PER SHARE

(a) Basic earnings per share

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to the equity holders of the Company during the year is based on the following data:

	2023	2022
Profit attributable to owners of the Company (HK\$'000)	16,282	13,805
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (thousands)	200,000	200,000
Basic earnings per share (Hong Kong cents)	8.14	6.90

(b) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share for the year ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 is equal to the basic earnings per share as the potential dilutive ordinary shares arising from exercise of the outstanding share options would be anti-dilutive.

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14 DIVIDEND

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Final dividend proposed of HK3 cents per ordinary share (2022: HK3 cents) Final special dividend proposed of HK3 cents per ordinary share	6,000	6,000
(2022: HK3 cents)	6,000	6,000
	12,000	12,000

The final dividend and final special dividend proposed after the end of the reporting period has not been recognised as a liability at 31 December 2023. The amount of the 2023 proposed final dividend and final special dividend is expected to be paid on or around 26 June 2024 out of retained profit.

15 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Decoration		Office equipment	Plants and machinery HK\$'000	Tools and equipment	Motor vehicles HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000				
Cost							
At 1 January 2022	15,263	1,448	5,627	65,872	17,161	4,419	109,790
Additions	_	5	42	1,787	_	_	1,834
Disposals	_	_	(27)	(511)	_	(176)	(714)
Exchange difference	(572)		(361)	(2,659)		(132)	(3,724)
At 31 December 2022 and							
1 January 2023	14,691	1,453	5,281	64,489	17,161	4,111	107,186
Additions	1,597	_	116	8,377	_	600	10,690
Disposals	· —	_	(18)	(4,362)	_	(414)	(4,794)
Exchange difference	(190)	_	(140)	(895)	_	(37)	(1,262)
At 31 December 2023	16,098	1,453	5,239	67,609	17,161	4,260	111,820
Accumulated depreciation							
At 1 January 2022	5,972	1,417	4,097	43,570	15,909	3,812	74,777
Charge for the year	743	12	683	4,069	874	252	6,633
Disposal for the year	_	_	(20)	(484)	_	(160)	(664)
Exchange difference	(143)	_	(233)	(1,137)	_	(91)	(1,604)
At 31 December 2022 and							
1 January 2023	6,572	1,429	4,527	46,018	16,783	3,813	79,142
Charge for the year	744	8	243	3,623	184	323	5,125
Disposal for the year	_	_	(18)	(4,306)	_	(396)	(4,720)
Exchange difference	(53)	_	(137)	(368)	_	(30)	(588)
At 31 December 2023	7,263	1,437	4,615	44,967	16,967	3,710	78,959
Net book value							
At 31 December 2023	8,835	16	624	22,642	194	550	32,861
At 31 December 2022	8,119	24	754	18,471	378	298	28,044

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16 LEASE

(i) Amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Right-of-use assets		
Buildings	1,704	5,933
	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Lease liabilities		
Current	1,767	4,200
Non-current	_	1,810
	1,767	6,010

Additions to the right-of-use asset during 2022 were HK\$8,630,000. There are no addition to the right-of-use asset during 2023.

(ii) Amounts recognised in the consolidated income statement

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Depreciation of right-of-use assets Buildings	4,111	4,137

The total cash outflow for lease in 2023 and 2022 was HK\$4,315,000 and HK\$4,431,000 respectively. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis. The lease agreements contain a wide range of different terms and conditions and do not impose any covenant.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

17 INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATES

Set out below are the associates of the Group as at 31 December 2023 and 2022 which, in the opinion of the directors, are material to the Group. The entities listed below have share capital consisting solely of ordinary shares, which are held directly by the Group. The country of incorporation or registration is also their principal place of business, and the proportion of ownership interest is the same as the proportion of voting rights held.

Name of entity	Place of business/ me of entity country of incorporation % of ownership inter		hip interest	Carrying	amount
		2023	2022	2023	2022
		%	%	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
BRH2 Plastics, LLC	US	40	40	1,243	9,883

The tables below provide summarised financial information for associates that are material to the Group. The information disclosed reflects the amounts presented in the financial statements of the relevant associates and not MS Group Holdings Limited's share of those amounts. They have been amended to reflect adjustments made by the entity when using the equity method, including fair value adjustments and modifications for differences in accounting policy.

Summarised financial information of the associates are as follows:

	31 December 2023 HK\$'000	31 December 2022 HK\$'000
Non-current assets	16,653	30,065
Current assets	17,294	16,693
Non-current liabilities	_	_
Current liabilities	(30,839)	(22,050)
Equity	3,108	24,708
Revenue	53,002	46,999
Loss for the year and other comprehensive income	(21,601)	(20,696)
Reconciled to the Group's interests in the associates		
Gross amounts of net assets of the associate	3,108	24,708
Group's effective interest	40%	40%
Group's share of net assets of the associate	1,243	9,883
Carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements	1,243	9,883

The share of net losses recognised in the consolidated income statement for the year ended 31 December 2023 included share of operating losses amounted HK\$4,287,000 (2022: HK\$3,608,000) before share of amortisation of intangible assets identified during the acquisition amounted HK\$3,231,000 (2022: HK\$3,231,000) and impairment loss of associates HK\$1,122,000 (2022: HK\$1,439,000).

The recoverable amounts of operating assets of associates are determined based on a value in use calculation. These calculations use cash flow projections based on five-year financial budgets projected by past performance and management's expectation for the market development. Key assumptions including expected revenue growth rates from 4% to 17%, pre-tax discount rates are 16.4% per annum, and cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using terminal growth rate over revenue of 2%.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

18 INVENTORIES

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Raw materials	23,130	28,213
Work in progress	6,874	3,915
Finished goods	9,050	6,929
	39,054	39,057

The cost of inventories recognised as expense and included in "cost of sales" amounted to HK\$90,611,000 and HK\$104,191,000 for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 respectively. A net provision of HK\$2,170,000 and HK\$3,549,000 were made for the year ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 respectively.

19 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Trade receivables	40,888	29,009
Loss allowance	(2,019)	(2,595)
	38,869	26,414
Other receivables	3,660	455
Loan to an associate	2,257	780
	44,786	27,649

The loan to an associate is unsecured, interest-free and repayable in 2024 (2022: repayable in 2023).

The credit period for the trade receivables for the Group's business generally ranges from 30 to 90 days. The ageing analysis of trade receivables by invoice date is as follows:

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
0–30 days	31,545	18,965
31–60 days	3,277	1,677
61–90 days	800	936
Over 90 days	3,247	4,836
	38,869	26,414

For the year ended 31 December 2023

19 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Movement in the loss allowance

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
At 1 January Expected credit loss adjustment on trade receivables	2,595 (576)	2,362 233
At 31 December	2,019	2,595

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade and other receivables are denominated in the following currencies:

	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
USD	37,445	20,166
HKD	3	1,212
RMB	7,338	6,271
	44,786	27,649

20 DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS

	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Utilities and other deposits	169	953
Prepayments		
— Inventories	7,968	1,812
— Others	1,063	1,157
	9,200	3,922

For the year ended 31 December 2023

21 CASH AND BANK BALANCES

	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Cash on hand	68	114
Cash at banks	126,226	134,684
	126,294	134,798

The carrying amounts of cash and bank balances of the Group approximate their fair values and are denominated in the following currencies:

	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
USD	81,562	81,328
HKD	12,716	12,189
RMB	32,016	41,281
	126,294	134,798

The cash and bank balances of the Group denominated in RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies. However, under "Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations" and "Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Provisions", the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through authorised banks to conduct foreign exchange business.

22 SHARE CAPITAL

	Number of shares	Amount HK\$'000
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each, authorised: At 31 December 2023 and 2022	3,800,000,000	380,000
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each, issued and fully paid: At 31 December 2023 and 2022	200,000,000	20,000

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23 RESERVES

(i) Other reserves

	Share-based			
	Capital	Exchange	payments	
	reserve	reserve	reserve	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At 1 January 2022	131	8,061	888	9,080
Currency translation differences	_	(10,052)	_	(10,052)
Share-based payments (iii)			981	981
At 31 December 2022	131	(1,991)	1,869	9
At 1 January 2023	131	(1,991)	1,869	9
Currency translation differences	_	(2,917)	_	(2,917)
Share-based payments (iii)	_	_	388	388
At 31 December 2023	131	(4,908)	2,257	(2,520)

(ii) Retained earnings

In accordance with the Company Law of the PRC, domestic enterprises in Mainland China are required to transfer 10% of their profit after taxation, as determined under accounting principles generally accepted in the PRC ("PRC GAAP"), to the statutory surplus reserve until such reserve balance reaches 50% of the registered capital of relevant Mainland subsidiaries. As at 31 December 2023, PRC statutory reserves of HK\$6,851,000 (2022: HK\$5,218,000) are included in retained earnings.

(iii) Share-based payments

The Company adopted a share option scheme pursuant to a written resolution of the Shareholders passed on 15 May 2018. 6,000,000 share options were granted to the Directors, senior management and certain employees of the Group on 7 June 2021.

Share-based payments amounted HK\$388,000 and HK\$981,000 was recognised in the consolidated income statement during the year ended 31 December 2023 and 2022.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

24 DEFERRED INCOME TAX LIABILITIES

	Accelerated tax depreciation
	HK\$'000
At 1 January 2022	3,540
Credited to the income statement (Note 12)	(564)
At 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023	2,976
Charged to the income statement (Note 12)	2,009
At 31 December 2023	4,985

The Group has undistributed earnings of HK\$54,868,000 (2022: HK\$38,926,000) which, if paid out as dividends, would be subject to tax in the hands of the recipient. An assessable temporary difference exists, but no deferred tax liability has been recognised as the parent entity is able to control the timing of distributions from this subsidiaries and is not expected to distribute these profits in the foreseeable future.

In accordance with the accounting policy set out in note 2.13(ii), the Group has not recognised deferred tax assets in respect of cumulative tax losses of HK\$29,328,000 (2022: HK\$26,006,000) as it is not probable that future taxable profits against which the losses can be utilised will be available in the relevant tax jurisdiction and entity. These unrecognized deferred tax assets related to the losses of subsidiaries in PRC will expire within 5 years from 31 December 2023. The remaining portion do not expire under current tax legislation.

25 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Trade payables Accruals and other payables Contract liabilities	12,656 20,708 2,905	5,625 21,796 2,909
	36,269	30,330

For the year ended 31 December 2023

25 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (Continued)

The ageing analysis of trade payables based on invoice dates is as follows:

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
0–30 days	8,372	4,106
31–60 days	2,798	363
61–90 days	2	1
Over 90 days	1,484	1,155
	12,656	5,625

The carrying amounts of trade and other payables approximated their fair values and were denominated in the following currencies:

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
USD HKD RMB	9,863 6,283 20,123	8,340 3,887 18,103
	36,269	30,330

The trade payables due to related parties were unsecured, interest-free and had similar terms of settlement as third party payables.

The contract liabilities primarily relate to the advance consideration received from customers, or the Group has unconditional right to considerations before the goods or services are delivered.

Contract liabilities of HK\$2,909,000 included in the balance as at 1 January 2023 were recognised as revenue during the year ended 31 December 2023 (2022: HK\$5,080,000).

As the contracts are for periods of one year or less or the Group has a right to consideration from a customer in an amount that corresponds directly with the value to the customer of the Group's performance completed to date, as permitted under HKFRS 15, the transaction price allocated to these unsatisfied contracts is not disclosed.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

26 NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(a) Reconciliation of profit before income tax to cash generated from operations:

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Profit before income tax	24,000	20,216
Adjustments for:		
Finance income (Note 9)	(4,713)	(1,532)
Finance expenses (Note 9)	662	705
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (Note 10)	5,125	6,633
Depreciation of right-of-use assets (Note 10)	4,111	4,137
Net provision for impairment of inventories (Note 10)	2,170	3,549
Expected credit loss adjustment on trade receivable (Note 10)	(576)	233
Share of result of associates	8,640	8,278
Share-based payments	388	981
(Gains)/loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment (Note 8)	(9)	38
Net exchange differences	(451)	(2,119)
Operating cash flows before changes in working capital	39,347	41,119
Change in working capital:		
— Inventories	(3,224)	(4,858)
— Trade and other receivables	(16,221)	3,188
— Deposits and prepayments	(5,378)	1,216
— Trade and other payables	6,417	(7,918)
Cach generated from enerations	20.041	22 747
Cash generated from operations	20,941	32,747

For the year ended 31 December 2023

26 NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

(b) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities is as follows:

	Lease liabilities HK\$'000
At 1 January 2022	1,861
Changes from financing cash flow:	
Capital element of lease rentals paid	(4,206)
Interest element of lease rentals paid	(225)
Other changes:	
Interest expense on lease liabilities	225
Additions of lease liabilities	8,630
Translation differences	(275)
At 31 December 2022	6,010
At 1 January 2023	6,010
Changes from financing cash flow:	
Capital element of lease rentals paid	(4,124)
Interest element of lease rentals paid	(191)
Other changes:	
Interest expense on lease liabilities	191
Translation differences	(119)
At 31 December 2023	1,767

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27 SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

The Company granted 6,000,000 share options to the Directors, senior management and certain employees of the Group on 7 June 2021 to subscribe for an aggregate of 6,000,000 Shares.

40%, 30% and the remaining 30% of the share options granted on 7 June 2021 shall be vested and exercisable at any time from the date falling on the first anniversary (i.e. 7 June 2022), second anniversary (i.e. 7 June 2023) and third anniversary (i.e. 7 June 2024) of the date of grant, respectively, till the end of the option period (i.e. 6 June 2031). Exercise period begins with the first anniversary of the date of grant.

The fair values of share options granted by the Company were determined by using the Black-Scholes option pricing model (the "Model"). The Model is one of the commonly used models to estimate the fair value of a share option. The variables and assumptions used in computing the fair values of the share options are based on management's best estimate. The value of a share option varies with different variables based on a number of subjective assumptions. Any change in the variables so adopted may materially affect the estimation of the fair value of a share option.

The inputs into the Model were as follows:

Date of grant	7 June 2021
Closing Share price at the date of grant	HK\$0.68
Exercise price	HK\$0.68
Risk free rate	1.05%
Expected life of option	10 years
Expected volatility	55.89%
Expected dividend per annum	_
Estimated fair values per share option	HK\$ 0.39

Set out below are summaries of options granted under the plan:

			Share options 31 December	Share options 31 December
Grant Date	Expiry date	Exercise price	2023	2022
7 June 2021	6 June 2031	HK\$0.68	6,000,000	6,000,000

4,200,000 share options had vested as at 31 December 2023 (2022: 2,400,000) and none of the options had forfeited as at 31 December 2023 and 2022.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

28 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related parties may be individuals (being members of key management personnel, significant shareholders and/or their close family members) or other entities and include entities which are under the significant influence of related parties of the Group where those parties are individuals. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control.

In addition to those disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the Group had the following significant transactions with related parties during the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022:

Mr. Chau Ching Mr. Chau Ching Controlling Shareholder and director of the Company Mr. Chung Kwok Keung Peter Controlling Shareholder and director of the Company Kwong Fai Trading Limited Jointly controlled by Mr. Chung and his spouse Penghui Qiye (Wengyuan) Company Limited* (鵬輝企業(翁源)有限公司) Huafulai Green Energy (Shaoguan) Co., Ltd Racing Champions Limited Relationship with the Group Controlling Shareholder and director of the Company Controlled by Mr. Chung and his spouse

(a) Continued transactions

	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Kwong Fai Trading Limited ("Kwong Fai")		
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	570	607
— Interest expenses on lease liabilities	30	30
Penghui Qiye (Wengyuan) Company Limited ("Penghui")		
— Management fee expenses	2,130	2,240
— Depreciation of right-of-use assets	3,541	3,530
— Interest expenses on lease liabilities	161	195
Huafulai Green Energy (Shaoguan) Co., Ltd ("Huafulai")		
— Utility expenses	1,058	_
Racing Champions Limited ("Racing Champions")		
— Purchase of motor vehicles	600	_
— Furchase of motor vehicles	300	

All of the above transactions with related parties were conducted in the ordinary course of the business of the Group based on the terms mutually agreed between the relevant parties.

^{*} The English translations of company or entity names in Chinese are for identification purpose only.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

28 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(a) Continued transactions (Continued)

The Group leased certain premises with the aggregate carrying amount of right-of-use assets of HK\$1,704,000 (2022: HK\$5,933,000) and lease liabilities of HK\$1,767,000 (2022: HK\$6,010,000) as at 31 December 2023 from Kwong Fai and Penghui. During the year ended 31 December 2023, the lease payments paid to Kwong Fai and Penghui were HK\$600,000 (2022: HK\$665,000) and HK\$3,715,000 (2022: HK\$3,766,000) respectively.

On 30 May 2022, the Group renewed the lease agreements with Kwong Fai and Penghui for a term of two years commencing from 1 June 2022 and ending on 31 May 2024 (both days inclusive) for the ongoing business operations and development of the Group.

The terms of the new lease agreements have been agreed by the parties after arm's length negotiations and are on normal commercial terms. The monthly rental for each of the new lease agreements was determined based on the fair rent value assessed by an independent valuer, which is in line with the prevailing market rent of other premises with conditions comparable to those under the new lease agreements.

The aggregate value of the rental payable by the Group under the new lease agreements for the two-year period is approximately HK\$9,058,000, which is expected to be financed by the internal resources of the Group. The aggregated value of the right-of-use assets recognised in year 2022 by the Group is approximately HK\$8,630,000.

(b) Key management compensation

Key management personnel are deemed to be the members of the Board of Directors of the Company who have responsibility for the planning directly and controlling the activities of the Group. The key management compensation is determined by the remuneration committee having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends. Please refer to note 11 for key management compensation.

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29 COMPANY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE MOVEMENT

	At 31 Dec	ember
	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
ASSETS		
Non-current asset		
Interests in subsidiaries	11	11
Current assets		
Deposits and prepayments	264	274
Amount due from subsidiaries	118,342	63,022
Cash and cash equivalents	724	10,668
	119,330	73,964
Total assets	119,341	73,975
EQUITY		
Equity attributable to the Company's equity holders		
Share capital	20,000	20,000
Share premium	36,614	36,614
Share-based payments reserve	2,257	1,869
Retained earnings	57,514	12,853
Total equity	116,385	71,336
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Accruals	2,947	2,630
Amount due to subsidiaries	9	9
Total liabilities	2,956	2,639
Total equity and liabilities	119,341	73,975

On behalf of the Board

Chau Ching

Director

Chung Kwok Keung Peter

Director

For the year ended 31 December 2023

29 COMPANY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE MOVEMENT (Continued)

			Share-based		
	Share	Share	payments	Retained	Total
	capital	premium	reserve	earnings	equity
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Balance at 1 January 2022	20,000	36,614	888	11,823	69,325
Profit for the year	_	_	_	1,030	1,030
Share-based payments	_	_	981	_	981
Balance at 31 December 2022	20,000	36,614	1,869	12,853	71,336
Balance at 1 January 2023	20,000	36,614	1,869	12,853	71,336
Profit for the year	_	_	_	56,661	56,661
Dividend paid	_	_	_	(12,000)	(12,000)
Share-based payments	_	_	388		388
Balance at 31 December 2023	20,000	36,614	2,257	57,514	116,385

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30 PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the Company's subsidiaries at 31 December 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ operations	Issued and fully paid up share/ registered capital	Attributable equity interest held		Principal activities	
			2023 %	2022 %		
Directly held by the Company:						
CH Development Limited	BVI	US\$100	100%	100%	Investment holding	
MS Industrial Limited	BVI	US\$100	100%	100%	Investment holding	
Macro Peak Limited	BVI	US\$100	100%	100%	Investment holding	
Vison Plus Limited	BVI	US\$100	100%	100%	Investment holding	
Emerald Infinity Limited	BVI	US\$1,000	100%	100%	Investment holding	
Indirectly held by the Company:						
Main Success Industrial Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$100,000	100%	100%	Design, manufacture and sales of plastic infant and drinkware products	
On Gain Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100%	100%	Sales of plastic infant products	
MS LLC	US	US\$100	100%	100%	Investment holding	
Shaoguan Anyu Baby Products Company Ltd* (韶關安裕嬰童用品有限公司) (i)	PRC	RMB22,383,065	100%	100%	Design and sales of plastic infant products	
Wengyuanxian Wancheng Plastic Products Company Limited* (翁源縣萬成塑膠制品有限公司) (i)	PRC	HK\$35,000,636	100%	100%	Manufacture of plastic infant and drinkware products	
Kando Life Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$100	100%	100%	Sales of water bottle	
Kando Life US LLC	US	US\$100	100%	100%	Sales of water bottle	

^{*} The English translations of company or entity names in Chinese are for identification purpose only.

None of the subsidiaries had any debt securities in issue at the end of the year.

⁽i) A limited liability company established in the PRC.

GIOSSARY

In this annual report, unless the context states otherwise, the following expressions shall have the following meanings:

"AGM" annual general meeting of the Company previously held on 1 June 2023

"Anyu Baby" Shaoquan Anyu Baby Products Company Limited* (韶關安裕嬰童用品有限公司), a limited

liability company established in the PRC on 17 June 2013 and an indirectly wholly owned

subsidiary of the Company

"Board" board of Directors

"BRH2 Plastics, LLC" BRH2 Plastics, LLC, a company incorporated in Arizona, the U.S. with limited liability on 25 June

2014 and converted to a Delaware limited liability company on 14 January 2021

"CG Code" Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix C1 (previously Appendix 14) to the Listing

Rules

"Ching Wai Holdings" Ching Wai Holdings Limited, a limited liability company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands

on 9 March 2017 and wholly owned by Mr. Chau

"close associate(s)" has the meaning ascribed to it under Rule 1.01 of the Listing Rules

"Company" MS Group Holdings Limited (萬成集團股份有限公司), an exempted company incorporated in

the Cayman Islands with limited liability on 9 March 2017

"Countries subject to

countries regarding which governments such as the United States or Australia, or governmental International Sanctions" organisations, such as the European Union or the United Nations, have, through executive

> order, passing of legislation or other governmental means, implemented measures that impose economic sanctions against such countries or against targeted industry sectors, groups of

companies or persons, and/or organisations within such countries

director(s) of the Company "Director(s)"

"GEM" GEM of the Stock Exchange

"Group" the Company and its subsidiaries

"HK\$" Hong Kong dollars, the lawful currency of Hong Kong

"Hong Kong" the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the PRC

"International Sanctions" sanction related laws, regulations and/or measures issued by the United States, the European

Union, the United Nations and/or Australia

"Listing" listing of the Shares on the Main Board

"Listing Date" 1 June 2018, the date on which the Shares were first listed on the Main Board

Glossary

"Listing Rules" Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange as amended, modified and supplemented from time to time "L.V.E.P. Holdings" L.V.E.P. Holdings Limited, a limited liability company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands on 9 March 2017 and wholly owned by Mr. Chung "Main Board" stock market operated by the Stock Exchange prior to the establishment of GEM of the Stock Exchange (excluding the options market) and which stock market continues to be operated by the Stock Exchange in parallel with the GEM of the Stock Exchange "Main Success" Main Success Industrial Limited (萬成實業有限公司), a limited liability company incorporated in Hong Kong on 6 March 2007 and an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the Company "Model Code" Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix C3 (previously Appendix 10) to the Listing Rules "MPL" Macro Peak Limited, a limited liability company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands on 26 November 2020 and wholly owned by the Company "Mr. Chau" Mr. Chau Ching (周青), one of the controlling Shareholders and an executive Director "Mr. Chung" Mr. Chung Kwok Keung Peter (鍾國強), one of the controlling Shareholders and an executive Director "Ms. Cheung" Ms. Cheung Hau Ling (張巧玲), the spouse of Mr. Chau "Ms. Lee" Ms. Lee Yiu Chee Eugenia (李耀芝), the spouse of Mr. Chung "MS LLC" MS LLC, a limited liability company incorporated in the State of Delaware on 1 December 2020 and wholly owned by MPL "OEM" original equipment manufacturing "OFM Business" business segment principally comprising the production and sales of plastic bottles and cups for infants and toddlers and plastic sports bottles on an OEM basis "OFAC" United States Department of Treasury's Office of Foreign Assets Control "Penghui" Penghui Qiye (Wengyuan) Company Limited* (鵬輝企業(翁源)有限公司), an entity established in the PRC on 1 August 2005, the equity interest of which is wholly owned by Sharp Success Enterprises Limited, which in turn is owned as to 50% by Mr. Chung and as to 50% by Mr. Chau "PRC" the People's Republic of China which for the purposes of this annual report, excluding Hong

Kong, the Macau Special Administrative Region of the PRC and Taiwan

Glossary

"Production Base" production plant of the Group situated in Wengyuan County, Shaoguan City, Guangdong

Province, the PRC

"Prospectus" prospectus of the Company dated 21 May 2018 in respect of the Listing

"RMB" Renminbi, the lawful currency of the PRC

"Sanctioned Persons" person(s) and identity(ies) listed on OFAC's Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked Persons

List or other restricted parties lists maintained by the United States, the European Union, the

United Nations or Australia

"SFO" Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) as amended,

supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time

"Share(s)" share(s) of HK\$0.10 each in the share capital of the Company

"Share Option Scheme" the share option scheme adopted by the Company on 15 May 2018

"Shareholder(s)" shareholder(s) of the Company

"Stock Exchange" The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

"US" or "United States" United States of America

"VAT" value added tax

"Wancheng Plastic" Wengyuanxian Wancheng Plastic Product Company Limited* (翁源縣萬成塑膠制品有限公司), a

limited liability company established in the PRC on 20 April 2007 and an indirect wholly owned

subsidiary of the Company

"Yo Yo Monkey Business" business segment principally comprising the production and sales of infant and toddler

products, such as plastic bottles and cups for infants and toddlers, under the brand developed

by the Group known as "Yo Yo Monkey (優優馬騮)", principally for the PRC market

* for identification purpose only