AdTiger 虎視傳媒有限公司 ADTIGER CORPORATIONS LIMITED

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

Stock Code: 1163



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CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Ms. CHANG Sufang (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer) Ms. LI Hui

Non-executive Directors

Mr. ZHENG Qi (appointed on 6 November 2023) Mr. HSIA Timothy Chunhon (resigned on 6 November 2023)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. YAO Yaping Mr. CHAN Foon Mr. ZHANG Yaoliang

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. CHAN Foon (Chairman)
Mr. ZHANG Yaoliang
Mr. ZHENG Qi (appointed on 6 November 2023)
Mr. HSIA Timothy Chunhon (resigned on 6 November 2023)

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. YAO Yaping *(Chairman)* Ms. CHANG Sufang Mr. CHAN Foon

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. ZHANG Yaoliang *(Chairman)* Ms. CHANG Sufang Mr. YAO Yaping

JOINT COMPANY SECRETARIES

Ms. ZHAO Xiaojuan Mr. CHU Wing Tim Benedict

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Ms. CHANG Sufang Mr. CHU Wing Tim Benedict

REGISTERED OFFICE

4th Floor, Harbour Place 103 South Church Street, George Town P.O. Box 10240 Grand Cayman KY1-1002 Cayman Islands

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN CHINA

Room 1004-1005, Tower 5 Laiguangying Chengying Centre (來廣營誠盈中心) Chaoyang District, Beijing, the PRC

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

31/F, 148 Electric Road North Point Hong Kong

LEGAL ADVISER

Ashurst Hong Kong

43/F Jardine House 1 Connaught Place Central Hong Kong

AUDITOR

Ernst & Young

Certified Public Accountants Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor 27/F, One Taikoo Place 979 King's Road Quarry Bay Hong Kong

Corporate Information

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Harneys Fiduciary (Cayman) Limited

4th Floor, Harbour Place 103 South Church Street, George Town P.O. Box 10240 Grand Cayman KY1-1002 Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR

Boardroom Share Registrars (HK) Limited (寶德隆證券登記有限公司) 2103B, 21/F 148 Electric Road North Point, Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKS

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Citibank, N.A., Hong Kong branch China Merchants Bank, Wangjing branch

STOCK CODE

1163

BOARD LOTS

2,500 Shares

PLACE OF LISTING

The Main Board of the Stock Exchange

COMPANY'S WEBSITE

www.adtiger.hk

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

Dear Shareholders,

2023 was a year full of unexpected challenges and uncertainties. During the Year, we have developed a diverse group of advertisers from various industries, including utility and content app developers, as well as companies in e-commerce, media, tourism, finance, games, education, medical and film industries, and maintained amicable relationships with the existing advertisers and media publishers. Meanwhile, we have expanded our scale and enhanced our reputation by tapping into other potential markets of digital marketing, which is conducive to adapting to the rapid changes in the demands of advertising industry.

With a view of providing China-based advertisers with overseas online advertising services, it has consistently been our strategy to cover top-tier media publishers, including overseas media such as Meta (formerly Facebook), Google, Snapchat, TikTok, Taboola, Outbrain, Kwai, BIGO Ads, Twitter, Microsoft so that our advertiser customers can optimise their ad placement and acquire users globally by advertising thereon. We are a partner in the Google AdWords Reseller Programme (since 2016), a China Agency Partner of Meta (since 2017), a Snapchat sales representative authorised by Baidu (since 2018), a dealer for TikTok (since 2018), a China advertising partner of BIGO Ads (since 2020), a certified agent of Taboola (since 2021), an overseas advertising partner of Kwai (since 2021) and a certified agent of Outbrain (since 2022). In 2023, we became an official agent of Microsoft Advertising.

We continue to expand our media coverage and maintain close relationships with our media partners to provide better placement return for our advertisers. In 2020, we were awarded the title of Snapchat's Official Certified Partner and Lens Creative Partner in China, the Best Value-Added Operation Partner for TikTok Ads, as well as BIGO Ads' 2020 high-quality partner in China. We were also named as the fastest growing digital marketing company in 2020 in the 20th IAI International Advertising Awards. In 2021, we became the first certified agency of Taboola Pro in Greater China, as well as Kwai's overseas advertising partner. We have been recognised as Meta Business Partner in China for six consecutive years since 2017, shortlisted as Overseas Partnership Agent 2022 by TikTok for Business, and Overseas Advertising Partner 2022 by Kuaishou. In 2022, we won the 13th Golden Mouse Digital Marketing Awards (金鼠標數字營銷大賽) — Digital Marketing Influencer Agency of the Year, and the 8th Phoenix Adx Festival (第8屆金梧獎) — Integrated Marketing — Classic Case Award. The case we built with Ctrip was awarded the 2022 Integrated Marketing Gold Case (2022 年度整合營銷金案) in the 29th China International Advertising Festival (中國國際廣告節媒企盛典). We were also recognised as the Alibaba Group Digital Commerce — 2022 Think Tank Merchandiser (阿里巴巴集團海外數字商業2022年智囊團商家) by Alibaba Group and Kwai for Business 2022 Most Contributive Partner (Kwai for Business 2022年度最佳貢獻合作夥伴) by the Kwai for Business media platform. In 2023, the case we built with Ctrip was awarded the 23rd IAI Awards (IAI傳鑒國際廣告 奬), while the case we built with LingoAce was awarded the 2023 ADMEN International Rewards — Integrated Marketing Gold Case (2023年度ADMEN國際大獎整合營銷實戰金案) and the 2023 Marketing Awards — Marketing Strategy Bronze Case (2023 Marketing Awards 靈眸獎營銷策略組銅獎). We were also awarded the FastMoss2023 Best Foreign Advertisement Shorts Company (FastMoss2023年度海 外短視頻廣告機構獎) and recognised by TikTok for Business as the Outstanding Agency in Ecosystem Track (生態賽道優秀代理) for the first half of the Year, the Pioneer Partner (先鋒開拓合作夥伴) of 2023 and the Core Tier 1 TikTok Marketing Partners for the fourth guarter of 2023. We plan to expand our media publisher base to include a combination of top, medium and long tail media publishers in the future, especially those medium and long tail media publishers that have global presence and have large operations in certain countries or regions.

Chairman's Statement



Our services are empowered by our proprietary ad optimisation and management platform — AdTensor. We have completely reorganised our AdTensor technology platform and added a new cluster of AI GPU hosts, while the computing capability and scalability of which have been greatly expanded. Our AI audio technology has become more delicate in terms of tone, emotion, timbre and many other dimensions. With real-time high-precision motion capture technology, the 3D virtual character generated became more realistic. It is able to achieve a better interpretation of the product's point of interest, as well as richer expression and emotions. Our AI digital figures technology is widely applied to materials generation. In addition, cutting-edge functions such as Artificial Intelligence Generated Content (AIGC) and large language models were also integrated into our AdTensor technology platform.

In order to better serve our advertiser customers, we will provide them with comprehensive global marketing services, including but not limited to performance advertising, influencer marketing, brand public relations services and video advertising production services. In addition, alongside the organic growth of our business, we also plan to pursue strategic investment and merger and acquisition opportunities that would help strengthening our offerings and enhancing our business reputation.

We will step up our efforts in technological innovations and increase our R&D investment, especially in terms of AI, big data analysis and automation technology. Not only will we further optimise the AdTensor platform, but we will also explore the potential impact and application of emerging technology on the advertising industry, utilising technological innovations as our main mean to improve efficiency and lower cost while optimising the effectiveness of our advertisements.

We will further strengthen our global presence. Facing the global economic landscape and evolving international circumstances, we will pay close attention to the macro trend and make flexible adjustments to our business strategies to adapt to market changes. In particular, building our global presence and global partner network will be one of our core priorities.

We will investigate development opportunities in fields such as digital entertainment, online gaming, social media and Metaverse, in order to explore a diverse operating strategy. Through diverse markets and product lines, we can mitigate geopolitical risks and pursue cooperation with leading companies in various industries, allowing us to develop new market opportunities and improve our efficiency through resources and technology sharing.

Last but not least, we would like to express our gratitude to the Shareholders and all parties concerned who have given assistance and support along with the Company's development.

Ms. CHANG Sufang *Chairman, Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer*

Hong Kong, 26 March 2024

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

	Year ended 31 December			
	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000	Year-to-Year Change %	
Revenue	294,157	354,646	(17.1)	
Gross profit	55,801	61,729	(9.6)	
(Loss)/Profit for the year	(11,464)	9,128	(225.6)	

FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY



A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the Year and last four financial years, as extracted from the published audited financial statements, is set out below.

RESULTS

Year ended 31 December								
2023	2023 2022 2021 2020			2023 2022 2021 2020		2023 2022 2021 202		2019
RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000				
294,157	354,646	351,831	210,322	191,126				
(13,221)	11,641	15,629	2,289	27,790				
1,757	(2,513)	(3,736)	599	(5,742)				
(11,464)	9,128	11,893	2,888	22,048				
(10,874)	8,988	11,833	2,888	20,017				
(590)	140	60	_	2,031				
	RMB'000 294,157 (13,221) 1,757 (11,464) (10,874)	2023 RMB'0002022 RMB'000294,157 (13,221)354,646 11,641 (1,757 (2,513) (11,464)1,757 (2,513) (11,464)9,128 8,988	2023 RMB'0002022 RMB'0002021 RMB'000294,157 (13,221)354,646 11,641351,831 15,629 (3,736) (3,736) (11,464)1,757 (11,464)(2,513) 9,128(3,736) 11,893(10,874)8,98811,833	2023 RMB'0002022 RMB'0002021 RMB'0002020 RMB'000294,157 (13,221)354,646 11,641351,831 15,629210,322 2,289 2,2891,757 (11,464)(2,513) 9,128(3,736) 11,893599 2,888(10,874)8,98811,8332,888				

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	As at 31 December				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Total assets	670,661	620,812	410,976	396,670	321,509
Total liabilities	474,542	427,051	233,862	231,181	263,869
Total equity	196,119	193,761	177,114	165,489	57,640
Equity attributable to:					
Owners of the parent	195,529	192,581	176,074	165,489	57,640
Non-controlling interest	590	1,180	1,040		—

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

BUSINESS REVIEW

We are an online advertising platform that connects our advertisers with our media publishers, either directly or indirectly through resellers designated by our media publishers. With a view to providing China-based advertisers with overseas online advertising services, it has consistently been our strategy to cover top-tier media publishers, including overseas media such as Meta (formerly Facebook), Google, Snapchat, TikTok, Taboola, Outbrain, Kwai, BIGO Ads, Twitter, Microsoft so that our advertiser customers can optimise their ad placement and acquire users globally by advertising thereon. We are a partner in the Google AdWords Reseller Programme (since 2016), a China Agency Partner of Meta (since 2017), a Snapchat sales representative authorised by Baidu (since 2018), a dealer for TikTok (since 2018), a China advertising partner of BIGO Ads (since 2020), a certified agent of Taboola (since 2021), an overseas advertising partner of Kwai (since 2021) and a certified agent of Outbrain (since 2022). In 2023, we became an official agent of Microsoft Advertising.

We continue to expand our media coverage and maintain close relationships with our media partners to provide better placement return for our advertisers. In 2020, we were awarded the title of Snapchat's Official Certified Partner and Lens Creative Partner in China, the Best Value-Added Operation Partner for TikTok Ads, as well as BIGO Ads' 2020 high-quality partner in China. We were also named as the fastest growing digital marketing company in 2020 in the 20th IAI International Advertising Awards. In 2021, we became the first certified agency of Taboola Pro in Greater China, as well as Kwai's overseas advertising partner. We have been recognised as Meta Business Partner in China for six consecutive years since 2017, shortlisted as Overseas Partnership Agent 2022 by TikTok for Business, and Overseas Advertising Partner 2022 by Kuaishou. In 2022, we won the 13th Golden Mouse Digital Marketing Awards (金鼠標數字營銷大賽) — Digital Marketing Influencer Agency of the Year, and the 8th Phoenix Adx Festival (第8屆金梧獎) — Integrated Marketing — Classic Case Award. The case we built with Ctrip was awarded the 2022 Integrated Marketing Gold Case (2022年 度整合營銷金案) in the 29th China International Advertising Festival (中國國際廣告節媒企盛典). We were also recognised as the Alibaba Group Digital Commerce — 2022 Think Tank Merchandiser (阿里巴巴集團海外數字商業2022年智囊團商家) by Alibaba Group and Kwai for Business 2022 Most Contributive Partner (Kwai for Business 2022年度最佳貢獻合作夥伴) by the Kwai for Business media platform. In 2023, the case we built with Ctrip was awarded the 23rd IAI Awards (IAI傳鑒國際廣告 獎), while the case we built with LingoAce was awarded the 2023 ADMEN International Rewards — Integrated Marketing Gold Case (2023年度ADMEN國際大獎整合營銷實戰金案) and the 2023 Marketing Awards — Marketing Strategy Bronze Case (2023 Marketing Awards靈眸獎營銷策略組銅獎). We were also awarded the FastMoss2023 Best Foreign Advertisement Shorts Company (FastMoss2023年度海 外短視頻廣告機構獎) and recognised by TikTok for Business as the Outstanding Agency in Ecosystem Track (生態賽道優秀代理) for the first half of the Year, the Pioneer Partner (先鋒開拓合作夥伴) of 2023 and the Core Tier 1 TikTok Marketing Partners for the fourth quarter of 2023.

We have accumulated a diverse base of advertisers from various industries, including utility and content app developers, as well as companies in e-commerce, media, tourism, finance, games, education, medical and film industries. The number of our advertisers reached 785 as at 31 December 2023 (as at 31 December 2022: 675). For the Year, our advertisers' advertising spending amounted to approximately RMB2.7 billion (Previous Year: approximately RMB1.9 billion, representing an approximately 42.1% increase).



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We have strategically focused on covering top-tier media publishers, including Meta (formerly Facebook), Google, Snapchat, TikTok, Taboola, Outbrain, Kwai, BIGO Ads, Twitter, Microsoft, etc. We help match our media publishers' available ad inventories to appropriate ad campaigns that maximise their monetisation potential. Our number of media publishers from whom we purchase ad inventories reached 50 as at 31 December 2023 (as at 31 December 2022: 33). We plan to expand our media publisher base to include a combination of top, medium and long tail media publishers in the future, especially those medium and long tail media publishers that have global presence and have large operations in certain countries or regions.

Our services are empowered by our proprietary ad optimisation and management platform — AdTensor. We have completely reorganised our AdTensor technology platform and added a new cluster of AI GPU hosts, while the computing capability and scalability of which have been greatly expanded. Our AI audio technology has become more delicate in terms of tone, emotion, timbre and many other dimensions. With real-time high-precision motion capture technology, the 3D virtual character generated became more realistic. It is able to achieve a better interpretation of the product's point of interest, as well as richer expression and emotions. Our AI digital figures technology is widely applied to materials generation. In addition, cutting-edge functions such as Artificial Intelligence Generated Content (AIGC) and large language models were also integrated into our AdTensor technology platform.

We have reserved many AI algorithms and functions and combined them horizontally and vertically to build numerous efficient audio and video production workflows. For example, with the AI automatic editing function, we have redefined the concept of "editing". In the past, editors were required to spend hundreds or thousands of hours for editing work, however, with our AI system, editors only need to use natural languages to instruct AI on how to shoot and edit footages, and the system can produce the video in a minute. In addition, our translation function can automatically translate the language in the video into multiple languages. A customer's promotional video can be "used globally".

In order to meet the customers' demand for the localised video featuring humans, we have set up a global network of actors and filming resources. The global actors pool includes actors from Europe, the US, Australia, the Middle East, Japan, South Korea and Southeast Asia, etc. There are studios in both China and overseas to accommodate different cultural settings. The cast is very diversified, covering different industries and different social classes such as amateur and professional actors, internet celebrities and key opinion leaders. We also have a professional television commercial (TVC) shooting team, with cinematic shooting and production equipment, who are able to shoot in both China and overseas. Also, we have built a global network of key opinion leaders for precise engagement with local target audiences.

During the Reporting Period, we have been aggressively pursuing diverse business development and exploring more potential sources of business growth, such as expanding our team of professional talents in game development and developing online games, with the aim of enhancing Shareholders' value.

In the future, we will continue to observe and explore foreign emerging markets, adhere to the concept of combining technical materials and shooting that features real-person casts and continuously improve production efficiency and quality, in order to facilitate the growth of brands entering foreign markets. We will also remain cautiously optimistic while exploring various opportunities and new sources of business growth, with the aim of developing the Group's business, diversifying the Group's profit base and enhancing the return of Shareholders.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Year Ended 31 December 2023 Compared to Year Ended 31 December 2022

Revenue

During the Year, we generated all our revenue from the provision of online advertising services.

The following table sets forth the breakdown of revenue by CPA and CPC/CPM pricing models for the years indicated:

	For the year ended 31 December			
	2023	3	202	2
	RMB'000	%	RMB'000	%
Revenue CPA pricing model — specified action revenue CPC/CPM pricing model — specified action revenue — agreed rebates	230,038 5,136 58,983	78.2 1.7 20.1	294,567 3,030 57,049	83.1 0.8 16.1
— Sub-total	64,119	21.8	60,079	16.9
Total	294,157	100.0	354,646	100.0

The following table sets forth a breakdown of our revenue by advertisement types and their respective percentages of our total revenue for the years indicated:

	For	For the year ended 31 December			
	2023		2022	2	
	RMB'000	%	RMB'000	%	
Finance	110,700	37.6	110,463	31.1	
E-commerce	102,445	34.8	98,931	27.9	
Utility and content app develops	68,355	23.2	89,295	25.2	
Education	4,612	1.6	48,933	13.8	
Tourism	4,145	1.4	3,458	1.0	
Others Note	3,900	1.4	3,566	1.0	
Total	294,157	100.0	354,646	100.0	

Note: Others primarily include advertisements in the games, media, medical and film industries.



Our total revenue decreased by approximately RMB60.4 million, or 17.1%, from approximately RMB354.6 million for the Previous Year to approximately RMB294.2 million for the Year, which primarily reflected a decrease in revenue from CPA pricing model. This was mainly attributable to the global economic downturn and a decrease in demand for advertisement, especially the decrease in revenue from the education industry.

Cost of Sales

Our cost of sales primarily consists of (i) traffic acquisition costs we paid to media publishers who provide us with ad inventories either directly or through their resellers; (ii) expenses for external optimisers and designers for designing ad content and optimizing our ad placements; (iii) salaries and benefits for internal optimisers and designers; and (iv) server costs.

The following table sets forth a breakdown of our cost of sales, including the breakdown of the traffic acquisition costs recognised in the cost of sales which only relate to the CPA pricing model, as well as the breakdown of the traffic acquisition costs by major media publishers, for the years indicated:

	For the year ended 31 December				
	2023		2022	2022	
	RMB'000	%	RMB'000	%	
Cost of Sales					
Traffic acquisition costs Note					
Google	100,481	42.2	117,486	40.1	
Meta (formerly Facebook)	42,834	18.0	73,468	25.1	
TikTok	40,202	16.9	18,500	6.3	
Toutiao	3,404	1.4	24,237	8.3	
Others	32,967	13.8	42,230	14.4	
Sub total	219,888	92.3	275,921	94.2	
Expenses for external optimisers and					
designers	13,411	5.6	11,050	3.8	
Salaries and benefits for internal					
optimisers and designers	5,057	2.1	5,946	2.0	
Total	238,356	100.0	292,917	100.0	

Note: Traffic acquisition costs were only incurred by and related to the CPA pricing model.

Our total cost of sales decreased by approximately RMB54.5 million, or 18.6%, from approximately RMB292.9 million for the Previous Year to approximately RMB238.4 million for the Year, which primarily reflected a decrease of approximately RMB56.0 million, or 20.3%, in traffic acquisition costs resulting from the decreased purchase of ad inventory, partially offset by an increase of approximately RMB2.4 million, or 21.4%, in expenses for external optimisers and designers, which was primarily due to our increased demand for external optimisers for enhancing our service capabilities.

Gross Profit and Gross Profit Margin

Our gross profit represents our revenue less our cost of sales. Our gross profit margin represents our gross profit as a percentage of our revenue.

Our gross profit margin for charging advertisers using the CPC/CPM pricing model is higher compared to our gross profit margin for charging advertisers using the CPA pricing model, because we recognise revenue generated from utilising the CPC/CPM pricing model on a net basis. The following table sets forth a breakdown of our gross profit and gross profit margin of CPA pricing model and CPC/CPM pricing model for the years indicated:

	For the year ended 31 December			
	2023 RMB'000/%	2022 RMB'000/%		
CPA Pricing model				
Revenue	230,038	294,567		
Cost of sales	(226,623)	(286,633)		
Gross profit	3,415	7,934		
Gross profit margin	1.5%	2.7%		
CPC/CPM pricing model				
Revenue	64,119	60,079		
Cost of sales	(11,733)	(6,285)		
Gross profit	52,386	53,794		
Gross profit margin	81.7%	89.5%		
Total revenue	294,157	354,646		
Total cost of sales	(238,356)	(292,917)		
Total gross profit	55,801	61,729		
Total gross profit margin	19.0%	17.4%		

Other Income and Gains

Our other income and gains primarily consist of (i) bank interest income; and (ii) foreign exchange gains.

Our other income and gains increased by approximately RMB2.3 million, or 60.5%, from approximately RMB3.8 million for the Previous Year to approximately RMB6.1 million for the Year. primarily due to an increase in interest income from increased bank balances.

Selling and Distribution Expenses

Our selling and distribution expenses primarily consist of: (i) salaries and benefits for our sales and marketing team; (ii) bonus payments, which primarily consist of bonus payments to our sales and marketing staff based on job performance; and (iii) other selling and distribution expenses, which primarily consist of award application fees and other expenses that are directly related to our marketing and promotion activities.

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Our selling and distribution expenses increased by approximately RMB1.6 million, or 15.5%, from approximately RMB10.3 million for the Previous Year to approximately RMB11.9 million for the Year, primarily as a result of the increase in marketing activities for the purpose of expanding the Company's market share.

Administrative Expenses

Our administrative expenses primarily consist of: (i) employee salaries and benefits, which primarily consist of salaries and benefits for our management, finance and administration team; (ii) depreciation of right-of-use assets in relation to our leased property; (iii) consultancy fees, which primarily consist of service fees we paid to third party professionals for general operational matters such as recruitment agent fees, trademark registration fees and translations fees; (iv) impairment of trade receivables, which primarily consist of the provisions we made for certain past due trade receivables; (v) depreciation and amortisation expenses in relation to our property, plant and equipment comprising mainly computers and equipment; and (vi) other administrative expenses, which primarily consist of travel expenses, office expenses and other miscellaneous expenses.

Our administrative expenses increased by approximately RMB19.3 million, or 44.5%, from approximately RMB43.4 million for the Previous Year to approximately RMB62.7 million for the Year, primarily as a result of: (i) the increase of our R&D expense by approximately RMB8.7 million or 241.7% resulted from our aggressive effort in promoting diverse business development, expanding our professional game R&D team and developing online games; and (ii) the increase of approximately RMB6.0 million or 1,500% in asset impairment losses during the Reporting Period mainly attribute to our full provision for impairment on the possible unrecoverable accounts receivable from a customer.

The major impairment loss on trade receivable is related to a customer located in North America. It is an independent third party of the Company. As at 31 December 2023, the outstanding trade receivable balances from this customer was approximately RMB4.4 million.

During the preparation of this annual report, the management of the customer no longer responds to the Company's messages and relevant staffs have left. The customer was facing the lawsuits from its former employees. After considering the circumstances and condition of the customer, our management is initiating arbitration against the customer in Beijing to recover the trade receivable. Therefore, the Company considered a 100% impairment on the full amount of trade receivable from the customer for the year ended 31 December 2023 is appropriate and necessary.

Income Tax Credit/(Expenses)

Our income tax expenses consist of current income tax and deferred tax. We are subject to various rates of income tax under different jurisdictions.

We recorded tax credits of approximately RMB1.8 million for the Year, compared to tax expenses of approximately RMB2.5 million for the Previous Year, which was primarily as a result of a decrease in taxable profit and the net loss recorded for the Reporting Period.

(Loss)/Profit for the Year

We recorded a loss of approximately RMB11.5 million for the Year, compared to a profit of approximately RMB9.1 million for the Previous Year.

Employees and Remuneration Policies

The following table sets forth a breakdown of our employees by functions as at the dates indicated:

	As at 31 December 2023		As at 31 Dece	ember 2022
	Number of Employees	% of Total	Number of Employees	% of Total
Optimisers and Designers Sales and Marketing Operations Finance and Administration IT and R&D	50 29 22 20 21	35.2 20.4 15.5 14.1 14.8	55 35 15 18 37	34.3 21.9 9.4 11.3 23.1
Total	142	100.0	160	100.0

The remuneration of our employees is determined based on their performance, experience, competence and market comparable. We provide our employees with competitive salaries and bonuses determined by performance, housing subsidies, regular team building activities, off-site and internal trainings and opportunities for advancement. The Group's total staff costs (including Directors' emolument, salaries, bonus, social insurance and provident funds) amounted to approximately RMB43.0 million for the Year (Previous Year: approximately RMB43.1 million). As required by the PRC laws and regulations, we have made contributions to various mandatory social security funds, including funds for basic pension insurance, unemployment insurance, basic medical insurance, maternity leave insurance and occupational injury. In addition, competitive salaries and bonuses determined by performance, housing subsidies, regular team building activities, off sites, internal trainings and opportunities of advancement are provided to our employees. Furthermore, we also provide our employees with housing fund as well as offer them a body check every year.

The remuneration of Directors and members of senior management is determined on the basis of each individual's responsibilities, qualification, position, experience, performance and time commitment. They receive compensation in the form of salaries, bonuses, pension right and benefits-in-kind, including the Company's contribution to their retirement benefit schemes on their behalf.

The Company has adopted the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme. The purpose of the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme is to incentivise and reward the eligible persons for their contribution to the Group and to align their interests with that of the Company so as to encourage them to work towards enhancing the value of the Company. The Post-IPO Share Option Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of ten years commencing on the Listing Date, after which period no further options will be granted but the provisions of the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme shall remain in full force and effect to the extent necessary to give effect to the exercise of any options granted prior thereto which are at that time or become thereafter capable of exercise under the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme, or otherwise to the extent as may be required in accordance with the provisions of the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme. During the Year, no option had been granted or agreed to be granted by the Company under the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme.



The Company has also adopted the Share Award Scheme as incentives or rewards to eligible persons for their contributions to the Group. The purpose of the Share Award Scheme are (i) to recognise the contributions by Selected Participants; (ii) to offer suitable incentives to attract and retain talented Selected Participants who may be beneficial to the growth and development of the Group; and (iii) to align the interests of the Selected Participants directly to the Shareholders through ownership of the Shares, dividends and other distributions paid on the Shares and/or the increase in the value of the Shares. The Share Award Scheme shall be valid for the Award Period, provided no further awards will be granted after the expiry of the Award Period. During the Year, no share awards had been granted or agreed to be granted by the Company under the Share Award Scheme.

The Remuneration Committee has at its meeting held on 26 March 2024 reviewed the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme and the Share Award Scheme.

Contingent Liabilities

The Group did not have any material contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2023 (as at 31 December 2022: nil).

Liquidity, Financial and Capital Resources

During the Year, the Group continued to maintain a healthy and solid liquidity position by adopting a prudent financial management approach on its financing and treasury policies and we have funded our cash requirements principally from cash generated from our operating activities. As at 31 December 2023, cash and cash equivalents increased by approximately RMB86.9 million from approximately RMB271.6 million as at 31 December 2022 to approximately RMB358.5 million. The increase was primarily resulted from (i) our strengthened control over management of credit terms; (ii) the proceeds from disposal of financial assets at FVTPL; and (iii) the proceeds from the Placing.

As at 31 December 2023, the Group's cash and cash equivalents were mainly held in USD and RMB and the Group did not have any interest-bearing bank borrowings. We currently do not use any financial instruments for hedging purposes.

The Group's financial assets at FVTPL decreased by RMB57.5 million from RMB125.2 million as at 31 December 2022 to RMB67.7 million as at 31 December 2023, which was principally attributable to the redemption of certain structured deposits and the wealth management schemes established between the Group and various financial institutions.

Significant Investment, Material Acquisition and Disposal of Subsidiaries, Associate, and Joint Venture

Save as disclosed in the sections headed "Use of Proceeds from Global Offering" and "Use of Proceeds from Placing of New Shares" below, there was no significant investment held by the Company nor any material acquisition or disposal of any subsidiary, associate or joint venture during the Reporting Period.

Capital Commitments

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had contracted but not provided for capital contributions payable to FVTPL at an amount of approximately RMB8 million (as at 31 December 2022: approximately RMB8 million).

Charge on the Group's Assets

As at 31 December 2023, none of the Group's assets were charged with any parties or financial institutions (as at 31 December 2022: nil).

Future Plan for Material Investment and Capital Assets

Save as disclosed in the Prospectus and in the sections headed "Use of Proceeds from Global Offering" and "Use of Proceeds from Placing of New Shares" in this annual report, there was no other plans for material investments and capital assets as at the date of this annual report.

Top Customers

Our top five customers accounted for 39.9% and 43.1% of our revenue for the Year and Previous Year, respectively, on the basis that the net rebates (rebates we receive from the media publishers minus rebates return to advertisers (if any)) under the CPC/CPM pricing model were to be treated as revenue attributable to the corresponding advertisers. On the same basis, our largest customer accounted for 14.4% and 15.4% of our revenue for the Year and Previous Year, respectively.

To the best of our Directors' knowledge, none of our Directors or their respective close associates or any person who owns more than 5% of our issued share capital or of our subsidiary, had any interest in any of our top five customers during the Year.

Top Suppliers

Our top five suppliers accounted for 71.0% and 52.3% of our total costs of sales for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, respectively. Our largest supplier accounted for 25.5% and 18.2% of our total costs of sales for the Year and Previous Year, respectively.

To the best of our Directors' knowledge, none of our Directors or their respective close associates or any person who owns more than 5% of our issued share capital or of our subsidiary, had any interest in any of our top five suppliers during the Year.

Cash Flow

The following table is a condensed summary of our consolidated statements of cash flows and analysis of balances of cash and cash equivalents for the periods indicated:

	•	For the year ended 31 December		
	2023 RMB'000 RM			
Net cash flows from operating activities	62,612	102.577		
Net cash flows from/(used in) investing activities	12,652	(106,758)		
Net cash flows from/(used in) financing activities	9,203	(4,031)		
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	84,467	(8,212)		
Cash and cash equivalent at the beginning of the year	271,560	269,576		
Cash and cash equivalent at the end of the year	358,466	271,560		



During the Year, net cash flows from operating activities decreased by approximately 39.0%, which was mainly due to decrease in operating cash flow resulting from decreased operating profit during the Reporting Period. Net cash flows in investing activities changed from a net outflow of approximately RMB106.8 million to a net inflow of approximately RMB12.7 million, primarily attributable to the redemption of financial assets at FVTPL. Net cash flows in financing activities changed from a net outflow of approximately RMB4.0 million to a net inflow of approximately RMB9.2 million, mainly attributable to receipt of proceeds from the Placing.

Significant change in accounting policy

We have adopted the following revised HKFRSs for the first time for the current year's financial statements.

HKFRS 17	Insurance Contracts
Amendments to HKAS 1 and	Disclosure of Accounting Policies
HKFRS Practice Statement 2	
Amendments to HKAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates
Amendments to HKAS 12	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising
	from a Single Transaction
Amendments to HKAS 12	International Tax Reform — Pillar Two Model Rules

For further details, please refer to note 2.2 in the section headed "NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS" in this annual report.

Indebtedness

As at 31 December 2023, we did not apply for or obtain any banking facilities and the amount of unutilised banking facilities amounted to nil and we did not have any outstanding debt securities, mortgage, charges, debentures or other loan capital (issued or agreed to be issued), bank overdrafts, loans, liabilities under acceptance or acceptance credits, or other similar indebtedness, leasing and financial leasing commitments, hire purchase commitments, guarantees or other material contingent liabilities.

As at 31 December 2023, our total lease liabilities were approximately RMB3.1 million (as at 31 December 2022: approximately RMB1.4 million).

Financial Ratios

The following table sets forth certain financial ratios as at the Statement of Financial Position dates indicated:

	As at 31 December 2023	As at 31 December 2022
Return on equity ⁽¹⁾ Return on total assets ⁽²⁾ Current ratio ⁽³⁾ Gearing ratio ⁽⁴⁾ Gross profit margin ⁽⁵⁾ Net profit margin ⁽⁶⁾	-5.8% -1.7% 1.4 	4.7% 1.5% 1.4 17.4% 2.6%

Notes:

- (1) Return on equity ratio is (loss)/profit for the year as a percentage of total equity as at year-end.
- (2) Return on total assets ratio is (loss)/profit for the year as a percentage of total assets as at year-end.
- (3) Current ratio is total current assets as at year-end divided by total current liabilities as at year-end.
- (4) Gearing ratio is total interest-bearing bank borrowings as at year-end as a percentage of total assets as at year-end. As at 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022, we did not have any interest-bearing bank borrowings.
- (5) Gross profit margin is gross profit for the year as a percentage of revenue.
- (6) Net profit margin is (loss)/profit for the year as a percentage of revenue.

Financial Risks

We are exposed to various types of financial and market risks, including foreign currency risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Board reviewed and agreed on financial management policies and practices for managing each of these risks.

Foreign currency risk

We mainly operate in China with most of our monetary assets, liabilities and transactions principally denominated in RMB and USD. We are exposed to foreign currency risk arising from fluctuations in exchange rates between RMB, USD and other currencies in which we conduct our business. We are subject to foreign currency risk attributable to our trade payables and bank balances denominated in currencies other than RMB and USD. We did not use any derivative financial instruments to hedge our foreign currency risk during the Year.

Credit risk

Credit risk arises mainly from the risk that counterparties may default on the terms of their agreements. The carrying amounts of our other financial assets, which comprise cash and cash balances, deposits, amounts due from related parties and other receivables, represent our maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to these instruments.

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We have established policies to evaluate credit risk when accepting new business and to limit our credit exposure to individual customers. We only trade with recognised and creditworthy third parties and retail customers. It is our policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. In addition, we monitor receivable balances on an on-going basis and our exposure to bad debts is insignificant. Our Directors consider that we did not have a significant concentration of credit risk as at 31 December 2023. As we only trade with recognised and creditworthy third parties and retail customers, we do not require collateral from our customers.

Liquidity risk

We aim to maintain sufficient cash and credit lines to meet our liquidity requirements. We monitor risks of funding shortage using a recurring liquidity planning tool, which takes into consideration the maturity of our financial investments and financial assets (e.g. trade receivables and other financial assets) and projected cash flows from operations.

FUTURE AND OUTLOOK

Driven by the demands from advertisers and media publishers and the growing competition in the online advertising industry, our R&D team has focused on improving our ad formats and ad creatives as well as supporting the development and maintenance of AdTensor.

In order to better serve our advertiser customers, we will provide them with comprehensive global marketing services, including but not limited to performance advertising, influencer marketing, brand public relations services and video advertising production services. In addition, alongside the organic growth of our business, we also plan to pursue strategic investment and merger and acquisition opportunities that would help strengthening our offerings and enhancing our business reputation.

We will step up our efforts in technological innovations and increase our R&D investment, especially in terms of AI, big data analysis and automation technology. Not only will we further optimise the AdTensor platform, but we will also explore the potential impact and application of emerging technology on the advertising industry, utilising technological innovations as our main mean to improve efficiency and lower cost while optimising the effectiveness of our advertisements.

We will further strengthen our global presence. Facing the global economic landscape and evolving international circumstances, we will pay close attention to the macro trend and make flexible adjustments to our business strategies to adapt to market changes. In particular, building our global presence and global partner network will be one of our core priorities.

We will investigate development opportunities in fields such as digital entertainment, online gaming, social media and Metaverse, in order to explore a diverse operating strategy. Through diverse markets and product lines, we can mitigate geopolitical risks and pursue cooperation with leading companies in various industries, allowing us to develop new market opportunities and improve our efficiency through resources and technology sharing.

Use of Proceeds from Global Offering

The Shares were listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange on 10 July 2020 by way of Global Offering, raising total net proceeds of HK\$83.5 million after deducting professional fees, underwriting commissions and other related listing expenses. The Over-allotment Option was fully exercised on 2 August 2020 and raised total gross proceeds of approximately HK\$17.4 million. The total net proceeds received by the Company were HK\$100.9 million (the "**IPO proceeds**"). On 24 December 2021, the Board, having considered the business environment and development of the Group under the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, resolved to reallocate the remaining unutilised IPO proceeds of approximately HK\$55.7 million (the "**Unutilised IPO proceeds**") among the intended uses (the "**Revised Allocation**"). For further details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 24 December 2021.

The original proposed allocation of the IPO Proceeds (the "**Planned Use of Proceeds**"), the reallocation of the Unutilised IPO Proceeds and the actual usage of the Unutilised IPO Proceeds up to 31 December 2023 are set out below:

	Approximate % of total IPO Proceeds %	Planned Use of Proceeds HK\$' million	Unutilised IPO Proceeds up to the Revised Allocation HK\$' million	Revised Allocation of the Unutilised IPO Proceeds HK\$' million	Unutilised amount of the IPO Proceeds as at 1 January 2023 HK\$' million	Actual usage of the amount of IPO Proceeds for the year ended 31 December 2023 HK\$' million	Unutilised amount of the IPO Proceeds as at 31 December 2023 HK\$' million	Expected timeline for utilising the remaining unutilised IPO Proceeds
Al technologies and technology capabilities; offering of our AdTensor platform	35	35.3	12.6	12.6	7.3	7.3	_	_
Local service capabilities and global footprint	20	20.2	9.8	9.8	_	_	_	_
IT infrastructure, management system, ERP system, ORACLE system and performance monitoring system	20	20.2	17.1	4.0	_	_	_	_
Sales and marketing and local presence in selected regions in China	15	15.1	7.3	12.2	_	_	-	_
Strategic investments and mergers and acquisitions	10	10.1	8.9	8.9	4.3	_	4.3	By 31 December 2024 (Note)
General working capital				8.2				_
Total		100.9	55.7	55.7	11.6	7.3	4.3	

Note: The delay in the use of the Unutilised IPO Proceeds for strategic investments and mergers and acquisitions purposes was mainly due to the lack of suitable investment targets under relevant market conditions.

During the Reporting Period, the Group had followed the proposed use of the Unutilised IPO Proceeds as disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 24 December 2021.



Use of Proceeds from Placing of New Shares

References are made to the Company's announcements dated 25 May 2023 and 5 June 2023 regarding the Placing (the "**Placing Announcements**").

The completion of the Placing took place on 5 June 2023. The Placing was for the purpose of raising further capital for the Company whilst broadening the shareholder base and the capital base of the Company. The net proceeds received by the Company were approximately HK\$12,818,520 (after deduction of placing commission), representing a net placing price of approximately HK\$0.103 per placing Share. The Directors intended to use the net proceeds from the Placing to strengthen and improve the services of our AdTensor platform and for general working capital purposes. For details, please refer to the Placing Announcements.

The following table sets out a breakdown of the use of net proceeds as at 31 December 2023:

	Approximate % of total net proceeds %	Planned use of net proceeds HK\$ million	Actual usage of the net proceeds for the year ended 31 December 2023 HK\$ million	Unutilised amount of the net proceed as at 31 December 2023 HK\$ million	Expected timeline for utilising the remaining balance of net proceeds from the Placing
Strengthening the big data, machine learning and AI capabilities; and improving the services of the Group's AdTensor platform	70	9.0	_	9.0	By 31 December 2024
Supplementing the Group's operating and general working capital	30	3.8	3.8	_	
Total	100	12.8	3.8	9.0	

PROFILES OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Ms. CHANG Sufang (常素芳), aged 37, joined the Group since June 2015 and is one of our founders and Controlling Shareholders. She was appointed as our Director on 1 February 2019 and was re-designated as executive Director on 12 September 2019. Ms. Chang is the chairperson of the Board and chief executive officer of the Company and is primarily responsible for the overall strategic planning, management and operations, and R&D aspect of the Group. She serves as a member of the Remuneration and Nomination Committees. Ms. Chang has approximately 14 years of working experience in advertising, marketing and technology.

Ms. Chang currently holds directorships in Beijing AdTiger and HongKong AdTiger. She has been serving as a director of HongKong AdTiger and Beijing AdTiger since June 2015 and May 2016, respectively.

Prior to starting up the Group in July 2015, from September 2009 to February 2012, she served as a sales worked in GuoDu Securities Co., Ltd. (國都證券股份有限公司), a company quoted on the NEEQ (stock code: 870488). From March 2012 to October 2012, Ms. Chang worked in Lehuohang (Beijing) Technology Limited (樂活行(北京) 科技有限公司) and provided marketing and sales services. From November 2012 to September 2015, Ms. Chang worked in Beijing Kingsoft Internet Security Software Co., Ltd. (北京金山安全軟件有限公司) (a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cheetah Mobile Inc., a company listed on the New York Stock Exchange (stock code: CMCM)), where she served as a business development manager in its overseas advertising department, primarily responsible for the business development with various media publishers.

Ms. Chang was a director or supervisor of the following companies which were dissolved by deregistration and she confirmed that the dissolved companies were solvent immediately prior to their dissolution and had no outstanding claims or liabilities. The relevant details are as follows:

Company name	Place of incorporation	Position	Status	Date of dissolution	Reason for deregistration
Slanissue Hong Kong Limited (芝蘭玉樹香港有限公司)	Hong Kong	Director	Dissolved by deregistration	21 June 2019	No business operations
Khorgas AdTiger Information Technology Company Limited (霍爾果斯虎視信息科技有限 公司)	the PRC	Supervisor	Dissolved by deregistration	18 April 2019	No business operations
Beijing Hu Shi Hao Yu Culture Media Co., Ltd. (北京虎世浩宇 文化傳媒有限公司)	the PRC	Director	Dissolved by deregistration	30 April 2020	No business operations

Ms. Chang obtained her bachelor's degree in international business from Guangdong University of Foreign Studies (廣東外語外貿大學) in the PRC in June 2009.



Ms. Chang and Ms. Li Hui, our executive Directors entered into the Acting-in-Concert Agreements to acknowledge and reflect the mutual understanding and intention, and to confirm their cooperation as parties acting in concert regarding the management of, and to exercise control over, the Group. Please refer to the section headed "History, Development and Reorganisation — Common Control by Acting in Concert" in the Prospectus for further details.

Ms. LI Hui (李慧), aged 37, joined the Group since July 2015 as our consultant. She was appointed as our senior vice president in July 2016 and our Director on 1 February 2019 and was re-designated as executive Director on 12 September 2019. Ms. Li is the senior vice president of the Company and is primarily responsible for overseeing the marketing, new client development and formulation of operation plans of the Group. Ms. Li has over 14 years working experience in the online marketing service sector.

Ms. Li currently holds directorships in Beijing AdTiger and HongKong AdTiger. She has been serving as a director of Beijing AdTiger and HongKong AdTiger since February 2019 and July 2019, respectively.

Prior to joining the Group, from March 2009 to June 2014, she served as a customer service director in Beijing Jishi Interactive Online Marketing Technology Co., Ltd. (北京吉獅互動網絡營銷技術有限 公司). From July 2014 to July 2016, she served as a manager in the overseas business division in Beijing Kingsoft Internet Security Software Co., Ltd. (北京金山安全軟件有限公司) (a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cheetah Mobile Inc., a company listed on the New York Stock Exchange (stock code: CMCM)), and was responsible for customer services and optimisation of advertisements.

Ms. Li was previously a supervisor of the following companies which were dissolved by deregistration; and she confirmed that they were solvent immediately prior to their dissolution and had no outstanding claims or liabilities. Details are shown in the table below.

Company Name	Place of establishment	Status	Date of dissolution	Reason for deregistration
Khorgas AdTiger Information Technology Company Limited (霍爾果斯虎視信息科 技有限公司)		Dissolved by deregistration	18 April 2019	No business operations
Beijing Hu Shi Hao Yu Culture Media Co., Ltd. (北京虎世浩宇文化傳媒有限公司)	the PRC	Dissolved by deregistration	30 April 2020	No business operations

Ms. Li obtained her bachelor's degree in accounting from the Hebei University of Engineering (河北工 程大學) in the PRC in June 2013, which is a distance education degree.

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Mr. HSIA Timothy Chunhon, aged 39, joined the Group since July 2019, was appointed as our non-executive Director on 12 September 2019, and resigned on 6 November 2023. Before his resignation, Mr. Hsia was responsible for providing strategic guidance for the overall development of the Group. He served as a member of the Audit Committee. As our non-executive Director, Mr. Hsia participated in our Board meetings to make decisions on key matters of the Group. He was not involved in the day-to-day management of the Group. Mr. Hsia has over 17 years working experience in the online marketing service and system development sector.

From 2007 to 2008, Mr. Hsia served as a database administrator in Cellco Partnership (trading as Verizon Wireless). Since June 2008, he has been the chief marketing officer and founder of Tetra Communications LLC and has been responsible for the management of its business. From September 2011 to April 2012, Mr. Hsia served as the director of global marketing in Appitalism Inc.

Mr. Hsia was a director of Chakrify Limited which was dissolved by deregistration by the Registrar of Companies in Hong Kong pursuant to section 751 of the Companies Ordinance. Mr. Hsia confirmed that the dissolved company below was solvent immediately prior to dissolution and had no outstanding claims or liabilities. The relevant details are as follows:-

Company name	Place of incorporation	Status	Date of dissolution	Reason for deregistration
Chakrify Limited	Hong Kong	Dissolved by deregistration	15 July 2016	No business operations

Mr. Hsia obtained his bachelor of science degree in computer science from the Rutgers University in the US in May 2006.

Mr. Zheng Qi (鄭琪), aged 41, joined the Group since November 2023, and was appointed as our non-executive Director on 6 November 2023. Mr. Cheng Qi is responsible for providing strategic guidance for the overall development of the Group. He serves as a member of the Audit Committee. As our non-executive Director, Mr. Cheng Qi participates in our Board meetings to make decisions on key matters of the Group. He is not involved in the day-to-day management of the Group.

Mr. Zheng Qi served as inspector, deputy chief clerk and chief clerk of the Beijing General Station of Immigration Inspection from July 2005 to October 2015. Since November 2015, Mr. Zheng has been the chief officer, director and secretary of the board of directors of Prokids Technology Corp., Beijing.

Mr. Zheng obtained a bachelor's degree in management from Beijing Wuzi University in July 2005.

Profiles of Directors and Senior Management

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. YAO Yaping (姚亞平), aged 42, joined the Group and was appointed as our INED on 22 June 2020, and is responsible for supervising and providing independent advice to our Board. He serves as the chairperson of the Nomination Committee and a member of the Remuneration Committee. From February 2006 to April 2009, Mr. Yao served as a senior investment manager in The Hina Group (漢能投資集團). From March 2010 to July 2011, he worked in Baidu Inc., a company listed on NASDAQ (stock code: BIDU) and served as a senior business development manager. From August 2011 to April 2014, he served as a vice president in Keytone Ventures (凱旋創投). From April 2014 to April 2016, Mr. Yao served as an executive director and partner in Highland Capital Partners. Since May 2016, he has become a founding partner of AlphaX Partners (沸點資本).

Mr. Yao obtained his bachelor of engineering degree from the Xi'an Jiaotong University (西安交通大學) in the PRC in July 2004, and his master's degree in business administration from the Tsinghua University (清華大學) in the PRC in July 2010. He was named as one of the Top 100 Best Start-up Investors in 2018 and 2019 (2018 and 2019中國最佳創業投資人TOP 100) by Forbes China.

Mr. CHAN Foon (陳歡), aged 51, joined the Group and was appointed as our INED on 22 June 2020, and is responsible for supervising and providing independent advice to our Board. He serves as the chairperson of the Audit Committee and a member of the Nomination Committee. From January 1998 to May 2000, Mr. Chan served as an accountant in the audit department of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu. From October 2000 to July 2003, he served as a senior associate in the assurance and business advisory services department of PricewaterhouseCoopers. From August 2003 to April 2004, Mr. Chan served as an assistant internal auditor in Shui On Construction and Materials Limited (now known as SOCAM Development Limited), a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 983). From December 2004 to April 2007, he served as the group financial controller and company secretary in Reyoung Pharmaceutical Holdings Limited whose shares were delisted from the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST") in April 2011. Since May 2007, Mr. Chan has been serving as the financial controller and joint company secretary of Li Heng Chemical Fibre Technologies Limited whose shares were delisted from the SGX-ST in February 2017. He served as an independent non-executive director of China Crystal New Material Holdings Co., Ltd., a company listed on KOSDAQ of the Korea Exchange (stock code: 900250) from July 2012 to April 2022. He was an independent non-executive director of China Supply Chain Holdings Limited (formerly known as Yat Sing Holdings Limited), a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 3708) from 14 January 2017 to 18 February 2021 and a director in the supervisory board of Highsun Chemical Holdings B.V. and Fibrant B.V. from October 2018 to February 2022. Mr. Chan has also been a non-executive chairman of Wan An International Group Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in United Arab Emirates, since February 2022.

Mr. Chan obtained his bachelor of science degree in accounting from the University of Southern California in the US in May 1997 and has been a certified public accountant of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants since July 2003.

Mr. ZHANG Yaoliang (張耀亮), aged 39, joined the Group and was appointed as our INED on 22 June 2020, and is responsible for supervising and providing independent advice to our Board. He serves as the chairperson of the Remuneration Committee and a member of the Audit Committee. From July 2010 to December 2011, Mr. Zhang served as a consultant in International Business Machines Corporation, a company listed on New York Stock Exchange (stock code: IBM). From December 2011 to June 2012, he served as a senior R&D engineer in Baidu Inc., a company listed on NASDAQ (stock code: BIDU). From June 2012 to February 2014, he served as a senior manager in Renren Inc., a company listed on New York Stock Exchange (stock code: RENN) and was in charge of the mergers and acquisitions. From March 2014, he was the chief executive officer of Beijing Coohua Online Internet Technology Co., Ltd. (北京酷劃在線網絡技術有限公司).

Mr. Zhang obtained his bachelor of engineering degree in mechanical engineering from Tsinghua University (清華大學) in the PRC in July 2007, and his masters of engineering degree in information technology from the Institute of Acoustics, Chinese Academy of Sciences (中國科學院聲學研究所) in the PRC in July 2010.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Our executive Directors and senior management are responsible for the day-to-day management and operation of our business.

For information concerning our senior management who also serve as executive Directors, please refer to "Directors and Senior Management — Executive Directors" in the section headed "— Executive Directors" above. The senior management team of the Group, in addition to the executive Directors listed above, is as follows:

Ms. ZHAO Xiaojuan (趙曉娟), aged 33, is our chief financial officer and one of the joint company secretaries of the Company. She joined the Group in January 2016 as a consultant and was appointed as Beijing AdTiger's finance controller and our chief financial officer in December 2018 and June 2019, respectively. She is primarily responsible for overseeing the accounting and financial management of the Group. Ms. Zhao has over ten years working experience in accounting and finance.

Prior to joining the Group, from July 2011 to September 2012, she served as a financial analyst in Shandong Bohi Industry Co., Ltd. (山東渤海實業股份有限公司). From October 2012 to November 2015, Ms. Zhao was an assistant manager in Ruihua Certified Public Accountants (Special General Partnership) (瑞華會計師事務所(特殊普通合夥)), and was responsible for the planning and supervision of audit projects.

From November 2015 to November 2018, Ms. Zhao served as a financial manager in Huanle Chengzhang (Beijing) Asset Management Company Limited (歡樂成長(北京)資產管理有限公司), and was responsible for the preparation of financial reports and the performance of financial forecasting and analysis. Ms. Zhao obtained her bachelor's degree in accounting from the Shandong University (山東大學) in the PRC in July 2011. Ms. Zhao has been a certified accountant in the PRC since November 2017 and has obtained the practitioner qualification from the Asset Management Association of China in December 2016.



Ms. LI Wenjing (李文靜), aged 34, is our head of advertising. She joined the Group since January 2016 as a consultant; and was appointed as our advertisement optimiser in August 2016 and became our head of advertising since December 2016. She is responsible for the provision of consultancy and optimisation services and the maintenance of relationship with the Group's advertisers.

Prior to joining the Group, from June 2014 to October 2015, Ms. Li served as an English teacher at Global Languages Education Center (環球金語教育機構), and was responsible for teaching and handling enquiries and concerns. Ms. Li obtained her bachelor's degree in English from the Hebei Normal University (河北師範大學) in the PRC in June 2014. From November 2015 to June 2016, she served as the head of customer services at Beijing Zhenshi Automotive Technology Co., Ltd. (北京臻 勢汽車科技有限公司), and was responsible for handling complaints from major clients and organising staff training.

JOINT COMPANY SECRETARIES

Ms. ZHAO Xiaojuan (趙曉娟) is one of the joint company secretaries, please refer to the section headed "— Senior Management" above.

Mr. CHU Wing Tim Benedict (朱永添) was appointed as one of the joint secretaries on 23 December 2022. He has over 10 years' experience in the fields of compliance, securities and corporate secretarial.

Mr. Chu holds a Master's Degree in Business Administration from the University of Strathclyde, U.K. He is an associate member of both The Chartered Governance Institute and The Hong Kong Chartered Governance Institute, and was awarded with the dual designations of Chartered Secretary and Chartered Governance Professional. Mr. Chu is also an associate member of the Hong Kong Securities and Investment Institute.

CHANGES TO DIRECTORS' INFORMATION

Subsequent to the date of the interim report for the six months ended 30 June 2023 of the Company and up to the date of this annual report, the changes in the Directors' information as required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules are set out below:

- (i) Mr. Hsia ceased to be our non-executive Director and a member of the Audit Committee, with effect from 6 November 2023;
- (ii) Mr. Zheng Qi has been appointed as our non-executive Director and a member of the Audit Committee, with effect from 6 November 2023; and
- (iii) Mr. Hsia was entitled to a remuneration of RMB50,000 per annum and he has waived his entitlement to receive director's fee as a non-executive Director for the period from 1 January 2023 to 6 November 2023, the effective date of his ceasing to be a non-executive Director.

Save as disclosed herein, the Directors confirm that no information is required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Group is committed to implementing high standards of corporate governance to safeguard the interests of the Shareholders and enhance the corporate value as well as the responsibility commitments. The Directors recognise the importance of incorporating elements of good corporate governance in the management structures, internal control and risk management procedures of the Group so as to achieve effective accountability.

The Company has adopted the CG Code as its own code of corporate governance since the Listing Date. Save for the deviation from code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code as disclosed in the section headed "The Board — Chairman and Chief Executive" in this report, the Company has complied with all the mandatory requirements and the applicable code provisions of the CG Code during the Year. The Group will continue to review and enhance its corporate governance practices to ensure its continued compliance with the CG Code.

CORPORATE CULTURE, VALUE AND STRATEGY

The Group embeds with a strong corporate culture of self-orientation as a global digital marketing solutions provider, empowered by its proprietary ad optimisation and management platform — AdTensor, which utilizes AI technology to conduct ad optimisation and management automatically, intelligently and in real time.

The Group's core value is technological innovations. We have been increasing our R&D investment, especially in terms of AI, big data analysis and automation technology. Not only will we further optimize the AdTensor platform, but we will also explore the potential impact and application of emerging technology on the advertising industry, utilising technological innovations as our main mean to improve efficiency and lower cost while optimising the effectiveness of our advertisements.

Since its establishment in 2015, the Group has developed experienced business team, optimizer team and designer team with international background, as well as a professional IT development team.

Driven by the internet and the market, the Group fulfills enterprises' market demands in the mobile marketing field and provides them with overall mobile marketing solutions.

MODEL CODE

The Company has adopted the Model Code as its own code of conduct governing the securities transactions by the Directors. Specific enquiries have been made to all the Directors and the Directors have confirmed that they have complied with the Model Code during the Year.

No incident of non-compliance of the Model Code by the employees was noted by the Company during the Year.



THE BOARD

Responsibilities, Accountabilities, Contributions and Independence of the Board and Management

The Board is responsible for the leadership and control of the Group and oversees the Group's businesses, strategic decisions and performance. The Board has delegated the day-to-day responsibility to the executive Directors and senior management who perform their duties.

All Directors, including the INEDs, have brought a wide spectrum of valuable business experience, knowledge and professionalism to the Board for its efficient and effective functioning. The executive Directors oversee the daily operations of the Group, while the INEDs bring independent judgment to the decision-making process of the Board, taking into account the advice of the senior management of the Group.

The Group's senior management is responsible for the day-to-day management of the Group's business, carrying out the business decisions of the Group, overseeing the general operation, business development, finance, marketing, and operations as well as other essential management functions of the Group.

The Directors have full access to information of the Group and the management has an obligation to supply the Directors with adequate information in a timely manner to enable the Directors to perform their responsibilities.

All Directors have carried out duties in good faith and in compliance with applicable laws and regulations, and have acted in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders at all times.

The Company recognised that Board independence is key to good corporate governance and Board effectiveness. During the Year, the Company has established a mechanism to ensure independent views and input are available to the Board and the Board is responsible to review the effectiveness of this mechanism on an annual basis. The Board tries to ensure independent views by (1) monitoring the composition of the Board and Board Committees; (2) conducting independence assessment; and (3) providing necessary support and adequate information to the INEDs (as to other directors) to allow independent inputs.

Composition

As at the date of this report, the Board is comprised of two (2) executive Directors, one (1) non-executive Director and three (3) INEDs as set out below:

Executive Directors

Ms. Chang Sufang *(Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)* Ms. Li Hui

Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Zheng Qi *(appointed on 6 November 2023)* Mr. Hsia Timothy Chunhon *(resigned on 6 November 2023)*

INEDs

Mr. Yao Yaping Mr. Chan Foon Mr. Zhang Yaoliang

The biographical information of the Directors and relationship between the Directors are set out in the section headed "Profiles of Directors and Senior Management" on pages 22 to 27 of this report. There is no other financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationships among the members of the Board or any chief executive.

Chairman and Chief Executive

Code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Ms. Chang currently holds both positions. Since the inception of the Group, Ms. Chang has been the Group's key leadership figure who has been primarily involved in the overall strategic planning, management and operations of the Group. Taking into account the continuous implementation of the business plans, the Board believes that vesting the roles of both chairman and the chief executive officer in the same person provides the Company with strong and consistent leadership, and allows for effective and efficient planning and implementation of business decisions and strategies. The Board will continue to review and consider splitting the roles of the Chairman and the CEO at a time when it is appropriate and suitable by taking into account the circumstances of the Group as a whole.

INEDs

During the Year, the Board has met the requirements of the Listing Rules that the number of INEDs must represent at least one-third of the Board members, and that at least one of the INEDs has appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise.

The Company has received a confirmation of independence in writing from each of the INEDs pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and the Company considers each of them to be independent during the Year.



Board Meetings

Pursuant to CG Code, at least four regular Board meetings should be held in each year. During the Year, four Board meetings were held and one annual general meeting was held and the attendance record of each Director is set out in the table below:

Name of the Directors	Attendance/eligible to attend Board meetings	Attendance/eligible to attend annual general meeting
Ms. Chang Sufang	4/4	1/1
Ms. Li Hui	4/4	1/1
Mr. Hsia Timothy Chunhon (resigned on 6 November	2 /2	
2023) Mr. Zhang Oi (annaintad an C Navambar 2022)	3/3	1/1
Mr. Zheng Qi <i>(appointed on 6 November 2023)</i> Mr. Yao Yaping	1/1 4/4	0/0 1/1
Mr. Chan Foon	4/4	1/1
Mr. Zhang Yaoliang	4/4	1/1

Directors' Induction and Continuous Professional Development

Every newly appointed Director has received a comprehensive, formal and tailored induction to ensure that he or she has a proper understanding of the operation and business of the Company and full awareness of Directors' responsibilities and obligation under the Listing Rules and relevant statutory requirements.

The Company will from time to time fund and arrange suitable training to all Directors to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills in relation to their duties and responsibilities, such that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. All Directors are also encouraged to attend relevant training courses at the Company's expense and they have been requested to provide the Company with their training records. According to the training records maintained by the Company, the continuous professional development programmes received by each of the Directors during the Year is summarised as follows:

Name of the Directors	Type of trainings
Ms. Chang Sufang	A & B
Ms. Li Hui	A & B
Mr. Hsia Timothy Chunhon (resigned on 6 November 2023)	A & B
Mr. Zheng Qi (appointed on 6 November 2023)	A & B
Mr. Yao Yaping	A & B
Mr. Chan Foon	A & B
Mr. Zhang Yaoliang	

A: attending training sessions, including but not limited to, seminars, briefings, conferences, forums and workshops.

B: reading newspapers, journals and updates relating to the economy, general business, corporate governance and directors' duties and responsibilities.

Appointment and Re-election of Directors

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company for an initial term of three years and each of the INEDs and non-executive Director has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for an initial term of three years.

None of the Directors has a service contract or letter of appointment with the Company or any of its subsidiaries other than the contracts/letters of appointment expiring or determinable by the employer within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

The Board shall have power from time to time and at any time to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an additional Director, provided that the number of Directors so appointed shall not exceed the maximum number determined from time to time by the Shareholders in general meeting.

All the Directors, including the INEDs, are subject to retirement by rotation and eligible for re-election in accordance with the Articles of Association. At each AGM, one-third of the Directors for the time being (or if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to but not less than one-third) will retire from office by rotation provided that every Director will be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election.

Any Director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office only until the first general meeting of the Company after his appointment and be subject to re-election at such meeting. Any Director appointed by the Board as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office only until the next following AGM and shall then be eligible for re-election.

Remuneration of Directors and Senior Management

The particulars of the Directors' remuneration are set out in note 8 to the consolidated financial statements.

Pursuant to code provision E.1.5 of the CG Code, the remuneration of the members of the senior management (other than the Directors) whose particulars are contained in the section headed "Profiles of Directors and Senior Management" in this annual report by band is set out below:

Remuneration band

Number of individuals

2

Nil to HK\$1,000,000

Corporate Governance Function

The Board recognises that corporate governance should be the collective responsibility of the Directors which includes:

- a) to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- b) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of the Directors and senior management;

- c) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual applicable to employees and Directors;
- d) to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board and report to the Board on such matters;
- e) to review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the corporate governance report; and
- f) to review and monitor the Company's compliance with the Company's whistleblowing policy.

BOARD COMMITTEES

To oversee particular aspects of the Company's affairs, the Board has established three Board committees including the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee. The Board has delegated to the Board committees responsibilities as set out in their respective terms of reference which are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company. The Board committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties.

Audit Committee

The Company has established the Audit Committee with terms of reference in compliance with the Listing Rules and the CG Code. The Audit Committee consists of three INEDs, namely Mr. Chan Foon, Mr. Zhang Yaoliang, Mr. Hsia Timothy Chunhon (resigned on 6 November 2023) and Mr. Zheng Qi (appointed on 6 November 2023). The chairman of the Audit Committee is Mr. Chan Foon.

The principal duties of the Audit Committee include but are not limited to:

- ensuring the co-ordination between the external and the internal auditors, and ensuring that the internal audit function is adequately resourced and has appropriate standing with the Company;
- making recommendations to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of the external auditors, and to approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditors, and any questions of their resignation or dismissal;
- reviewing and monitoring the external auditors' independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with applicable standards;
- developing and implementing policy on engaging external auditors to supply non-audit services;
- monitoring the integrity of the Company's financial statements and the annual report and accounts, half-year report and quarterly reports (if prepared for publication), and reviewing significant financial reporting judgments contained in them;
- discussing the risk management and internal control system with management to ensure that management has performed its duty to have effective systems. This discussion should include the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function; and
- reviewing the Company's financial and accounting policies and practices.

The Audit Committee members shall meet at least twice a year pursuant to the terms of reference for the Audit Committee.

During the Year, the Audit Committee held two meetings to, among others, review (i) the Group's financial and accounting policies and practices; (ii) the Group's financial controls as well as risk management and internal control systems (including those relating to Environmental, Social and Governance risk, performance and reporting); (iii) the independence and the re-appointment of external auditors; and (iv) the audited consolidated annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 and the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2023 and recommended the same to the Board for its consideration and approval. The Audit Committee was of the opinion that the relevant results were prepared in compliance with the applicable accounting standards and requirements and that adequate disclosures had been made. All members of the Audit Committee attended the meetings.

The attendance record of each Audit Committee member at the meeting is set out below:

Name of the Directors	Attendance/ Number of meetings
Mr. Chan Foon <i>(Chairman)</i>	2/2
Mr. Zhang Yaoliang	2/2
Mr. Hsia Timothy Chunhon <i>(resigned on 6 November 2023)</i> Mr. Zheng Qi <i>(appointed on 6 November 2023)</i>	2/2 0/0

Remuneration Committee

The Company has established the Remuneration Committee with terms of reference in compliance with the Listing Rules and the CG Code. The Remuneration Committee comprises an executive Director, Ms. Chang Sufang and two INEDs, namely Mr. Zhang Yaoliang and Mr. Yao Yaping. The chairman of the Remuneration Committee is Mr. Zhang Yaoliang.

The Remuneration Committee members shall meet at least once a year pursuant to the terms of reference for the Remuneration Committee.

The principal duties of the Remuneration Committee include but are not limited to:

- making recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for remuneration of all Directors and senior management and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy;
- reviewing and approving the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives;
- making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management, which should include benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments, including any compensation payable for loss or termination of their office or appointment;
- making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of non-executive Directors;



- considering salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities and employment conditions elsewhere in the Group;
- reviewing and approve compensation payable to executive Directors and senior management for any loss or termination of office or appointment to ensure that it is consistent with contractual terms and is otherwise fair and reasonable and not excessive;
- reviewing and approving compensation arrangements relating to dismissal or removal of directors for misconduct to ensure that they are consistent with contractual terms and are otherwise reasonable and appropriate;
- ensuring that no Director or any of his/her associates is involved in deciding his/her own remuneration; and
- reviewing and/or approving matters relating to share schemes under Amended Chapter 17.

During the Year, the Remuneration Committee held one meeting to, among others, (i) evaluated and reviewed the performance of the executive Directors and senior management; (ii) made recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of the Directors (including non-executive Directors) and senior management; and (iii) reviewed the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme and Share Award Scheme. All members of the Remuneration Committee attended the meeting.

The attendance record of each Remuneration Committee member at the meeting is set out below:

Name of the Directors	Attendance/ Number of meetings
Mr. Zhang Yaoliang <i>(Chairman)</i>	1/1
Ms. Chang Sufang	1/1
Mr. Yao Yaping	1/1

Directors' Remuneration Policy

The Company has established the following principles for determining the remuneration packages of individual Directors:

- no Director or any of his/her associates should determine his/her own remuneration;
- remuneration of Directors should reflect their performance, experience, duties and responsibilities;
- the Remuneration Committee shall make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual Directors;
- remuneration of executive Directors shall include salary, discretionary bonus, benefits in kind, share options or grants or other incentive schemes (if any) and is determined in accordance with individual performance, the Group's results and prevailing market conditions; and
remuneration of non-executive Directors (including INEDs) shall be in the form of cash fees and is determined in accordance with individual performance and contribution and the extent of responsibilities and the number of Board meetings or relevant meetings of the Board committee(s) that he/she has to attend. No equity-based remuneration (e.g. share options or grants) with performance-related based elements should be granted to INEDs to avoid any potential bias in their decision-making which may compromise their objectivity and independence.

Nomination Committee

The Company has established the Nomination Committee with terms of reference in compliance the Listing Rules and the CG Code. The Nomination Committee comprises an executive Director, Ms. Chang Sufang and two INEDs, namely Mr. Yao Yaping and Mr. Chan Foon. The chairman of the Nomination Committee is Mr. Yao Yaping.

The principal duties of the Nomination Committee include but are not limited to:

- reviewing the structure, size, composition and diversity (including gender, age, cultural and education background, ethnicity, skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board at least annually and making recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the corporate strategy of the Company;
- developing the criteria for identifying and assessing the qualifications of and evaluating candidates for directorship, including but not limited to assessing the balance of skills, knowledge and experience as well as diversification of Board members, and based on the assessment results, to prepare a description of the roles and capabilities required for individual appointments;
- identifying individuals suitably qualified to become members of the Board and to select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships;
- assessing the independence of INEDs;
- making recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors, in particular the chairperson and the chief executive;
- reviewing the Board's diversity policy, as appropriate; and reviewing the measurable objectives that the Board has set for implementing the Board's diversity policy, and the progress of achieving the objectives; and making disclosure of its review results in the Corporate Governance Report annually; and
- doing any such things to enable the Nomination Committee to perform its powers and functions conferred on it by the Board.





The attendance record of each Nomination Committee member at the meeting is set out below:

Name of the Directors	Attendance/ Number of meetings
Mr. Yao Yaping <i>(Chairman)</i>	1/1
Mr. Chan Foon	1/1
Ms. Chang Sufang	1/1

Nomination Policy

The nomination policy aims to ensure that the Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspective appropriate to the Company's business needs and development. It provides formal, clear and transparent procedures, process and criteria for the Nomination Committee to identify and nominate suitable candidate(s) to the Board either to fill a causal vacancy or as an addition to the Board; or make recommendations to the Shareholders for re-election at general meetings.

Selection Criteria

The Nomination Committee shall consider the following factors in assessing the suitability of a proposed candidate:

- (a) reputation for integrity;
- (b) commitment in respect of sufficient time, interest and attention to the businesses of the Group;
- (c) accomplishment, experience and reputation in the business and industry;
- (d) board diversity, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, skills, knowledge and experience;
- (e) the structure, size, composition and needs of the Board and its respective Board committees at the time, taking into account succession planning, where appropriate;
- (f) potential/actual conflicts of interest that may arise if the candidate is selected;
- (g) the independence of a candidate proposed to be appointed as an INED, as prescribed under Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules;
- (h) in case of a proposed re-appointment of an INED, the number of years he/she has already served the Company in accordance with the Listing Rules; and
- (i) any other relevant factors as may be determined by the Nomination Committee or the Board from time to time as appropriate.

Nomination Procedures

Appointment of Directors

- 1. The Nomination Committee identifies candidate(s) suitably qualified to become Board members, having due regard to the nomination policy and the board diversity policy of the Company, and assesses the independence of the proposed INED(s) as appropriate.
- 2. The Nomination Committee makes recommendation(s) to the Board.
- 3. The Board considers the candidate(s) recommended by the Nomination Committee, having due regard to the nomination policy and the board diversity policy of the Company.
- 4. The Board confirms the appointment of the candidate(s) as Director(s) or recommends the candidate(s) to stand for re-election at a general meeting of the Company. Candidate(s) appointed by the Board will be subject to re-election by the Shareholders at the next following AGM in the case of an addition to the existing Board or the first general meeting of the Company after his/her appointment in the case of filling a casual vacancy in accordance with the Articles of Association.
- 5. Shareholders approve the election of candidate(s), who stand(s) for re-election at general meeting of the Company, as Director(s).

Re-appointment of retiring Directors

- 1. The Nomination Committee considers each retiring Director, having due regard to the nomination policy and the board diversity policy of the Company, and assesses the independence of each retiring INED as appropriate.
- 2. The Nomination Committee makes recommendation(s) to the Board.
- 3. The Board considers each retiring Director recommended by the Nomination Committee, having due regard to the nomination policy and the board diversity policy of the Company.
- 4. The Board recommends the retiring Directors to stand for re-election at the AGM in accordance with the Articles of Association.
- 5. Shareholders approve the re-election of the retiring Directors at the AGM.

Board Diversity Policy

The Board values diversity as a factor in selecting candidates to serve on the Board, and believes diversity at the Board level can strengthen the business development of the Company.



The Board adopted a board diversity policy which relates to the selection of candidates for the Board. Pursuant to the board diversity policy, selection of Board candidates will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to the Company's needs, gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, integrity, management experience, skills, industry or professional knowledge and experience, length of services, level of time and effort devoted to discharge responsibilities and independence of serving as an INED in accordance with the independence guidelines set out in the Listing Rules. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board.

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As at the date of this report, the Board consists of two female Directors, representing approximately 33.3% of the Board. The Board targets to maintain at least the current level of female representation. The current arrangement and structure of the Board is appropriate for the development need of the existing business operation of the Group and is conducive to provide the Company with extensive valuable advice and supervision on decision-making. The Company will continually assess the diversity of the Board and objectively consider the composition and effectiveness of the Board for the 2024 financial year.

The Nomination Committee has been delegated with the responsibilities for the review of the board diversity policy regularly, as appropriately, to ensure its continued effectiveness.

The Group has also taken, and continues to take, steps to promote diversity at all levels of its workforce. Opportunities for employment, training and career development are equally opened to all eligible employees without discrimination. While the current senior management of the Company comprises all female members, viewing from the Company's perspective as a whole, as at the year ended 31 December 2023, female employees represent 67.6% of the Group's total employees. The Company is mindful of the objectives as set out in the diversity policy when assessing the candidacy of the employees, and will ensure that the Company shall continue to follow the policy.

At the meeting held on 26 March 2024, the Nomination Committee has reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the Board Diversity Policy during the Year and considered that the Board Diversity Policy was appropriate and constantly implemented effectively to maintain the Board's diverse composition.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements of the Group for the Year.

The statement of the independent auditor about its reporting responsibilities and opinion on the consolidated financial statements is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 80 to 84 of this annual report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

During the Year, the remuneration paid/payable to the independent auditor of the Company, Ernst & Young for the provision of audit services and non-audit services are as below:

Services	Fee paid/ payable <i>RMB'</i> 000
Audit services Non-audit services	2,080
Total	2,080

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board is responsible for evaluating and determining the nature and extent of the risks that the Company is willing to take in achieving the Company's strategic objectives, and ensuring that the Company establishes and maintains appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems. The Board oversees management in the design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems. The Board acknowledges that such risk management and internal control systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. The Company also has an internal audit function which primarily carries out the analysis and independent appraisal of the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's risk management and internal control systems. The Board was satisfied with the internal audit function for the year ended 31 December 2023.

The Company's Risk Management and Internal Control Framework

The Company has commissioned an independent professional risk advisor to carry out the internal functions by helping build risk management framework, developing the "Risk Assessment Manual", and conducting risk assessments to determine the nature and extent of the Company's risks. In the risk assessment process, the management has identified the major risks faced by the Company and ranked these risks according to the likelihood and the severity of the impact on the business of the Company, as well as further developed risk management measures to maintain the risks at an acceptable level.

The management would report to the Audit Committee and the Board on all findings and the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems. The Audit Committee assists the Board in leading the management to oversee the design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems, and makes recommendations. The Audit Committee also ensures that an overall review of the effectiveness of such systems is conducted at least annually and put forward to the Board for consideration. The Board has the overall responsibility for evaluating and determining the nature and extent of the risks it is willing to take in achieving the Company's strategic objectives; and acknowledges its responsibility for the risk management and internal control systems and reviewing their effectiveness.

Review of Risk Management and Internal Control System

The Board and its Audit Committee reviewed the effectiveness of the Company's risk management and internal control systems which include financial, operational and compliance controls, as well as those relating to the Group's Environmental, Social and Governance risk, performance and reporting, during the Year, as well as taking into account the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience and trainings for the staff of the Company's accounting and financial reporting functions. Procedures have been set up for, inter alia, safeguarding assets against unauthorised use or disposition, controlling capital expenditure, maintaining proper accounting records and ensuring the reliability of financial information used for business and publications. Management throughout the Company maintains and monitors the risk management and internal control systems on an ongoing basis. The Board reviewed the financial, operational and compliance monitoring systems during the Year and assessed the effectiveness of such systems after considering the work performed by the Audit Committee, the management of the Company, external auditors. Based on the reports submitted by the management, the Board considered that the Company's risk management and internal control system are effective and adequate.



Corporate Governance Report

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DISCLOSURE OF INSIDE INFORMATION

The Group acknowledges its responsibilities under the SFO and the Listing Rules and the overriding principle that inside information should be announced promptly when it is the subject of a decision. The procedures and internal controls for the handling and dissemination of inside information are as follows:

- the Group conducts its affairs with close regard to the disclosure requirements under the Listing Rules as well as the "Guidelines on Disclosure of Inside Information" published by the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong in June 2012;
- the Group has implemented and disclosed its policy on fair disclosure by pursuing broad, non-exclusive distribution of information to the public through channels such as financial reporting, public announcements and the Company's website;
- the Group has strictly prohibited unauthorised use of confidential or inside information; and
- the Group has established and implemented procedures for responding to external enquiries about the Group's affairs, so that only the executive Directors and the chief financial officer of the Company are authorised to communicate with parties outside the Group.

JOINT COMPANY SECRETARIES

Mr. Chu Wing Tim Benedict was appointed as a joint company secretary of the Company on 23 December 2022. Mr. Chu was nominated by Boardroom Corporate Services (HK) Limited ("**Boardroom**") pursuant to an engagement letter made between the Company and Boardroom, pursuant to which Boardroom has agreed to provide certain corporate secretarial services to the Company.

Ms. Zhao Xiaojuan was appointed as a joint company secretary of the Company on 12 September 2019.

During the Year, Mr. Chu Wing Tim Benedict and Ms. Zhao Xiaojuan had undertaken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training in compliance with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules. The primary person at the Company with whom Mr. Chu had been contacting in respect of company secretarial matters is Ms. Zhao.

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Company has adopted a dividend policy, pursuant to which the Company may declare and distribute dividends to the Shareholders.

According to the dividend policy, payment and the amount of any dividends will be at the discretion of the Directors and will depend upon the Group's future operations and earnings, development pipeline, capital requirements and surplus, general financial conditions, contractual restrictions and other factors that the Directors consider relevant.

The declaration and payment as well as the amounts of dividends shall be subject to all applicable laws and regulations, including but not limited to the Companies Law, Cap. 22 of the Cayman Islands and the memorandum and Articles of Association. No dividend shall be declared or payable except out of the Company's profits and reserves lawfully available for distribution. Dividends declared in the past may not be indicative of the Company's future dividend policy. The Directors have the absolute discretion to recommend any dividend.

As the Company is a holding company, declaration and payment of dividends will depend on the availability of dividends received from the subsidiaries, particularly the subsidiaries incorporated in the PRC. The PRC laws require that dividends be paid only out of the net profit calculated according to the PRC accounting principles, which differ from generally accepted accounting principles in other jurisdictions, including HKFRSs. The PRC laws also require foreign-invested enterprises, such as all the subsidiaries in the PRC, to set aside part of their net profit as statutory reserves. These statutory reserves are not available for distribution as cash dividends. Distributions from these subsidiaries may also be restricted if they incur debt or losses or in accordance with any restrictive covenants in bank credit facilities or other agreements that the Group may enter into in the future.

The Company does not have any pre-determined dividend distribution proportion or distribution ratio. The Board will review the dividend policy on a regular basis.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS AND COMMUNICATIONS

The Company has adopted a number of policies and procedures with the objective of ensuring that all the Shareholders will have equal and timely access to information about the Company in order to enable them to exercise their rights in an informed manner and allow them to engage actively with the Company.

Convening an Extraordinary General Meeting by Shareholders

Pursuant to Article 64 of the Articles of Association, any one or more Shareholders holding, as at the date of deposit of the requisition, not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company having the right of voting at general meetings. Such requisition shall be made in writing to the Board or the company secretary of the Company for the purpose of requiring an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition. Such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within 21 days of such deposit, the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

Putting Forward Proposals at General Meetings

There are no provisions in the Articles of Association or the Cayman Islands Companies Act (as revised) for the Shareholders to move new resolutions at general meetings. Shareholders who wish to move a resolution may request the Company to convene a general meeting in accordance with the procedures set out in the preceding paragraph.

Putting Forward Enquiries to the Board

Shareholders may send enquiries to the Board by post to the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong at 31/F, 148 Electric Road, North Point, Hong Kong for the attention of the company secretary of the Company.

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Shareholder Communication

- the Board shall maintain an on-going dialogue with Shareholders and the investment community, and shall regularly review the shareholders communication policy to ensure its effectiveness;
- information shall be communicated to Shareholders and the investment community mainly through the Company's financial reports (quarterly (if any), interim and annual reports), annual general meetings and other general meetings that may be convened, as well as by making available all the disclosures submitted to the Stock Exchange and its corporate communications and other corporate publications on the Company's website;
- effective and timely dissemination of information to Shareholders and the investment community shall be ensured at all times. Any question regarding the shareholders communication policy shall be directed to the chief executive officer or the chief financial officer (if any) of the Company;
- Shareholders and the investment community shall be provided with designated contacts, email addresses and enquiry lines of the Company in order to enable them to make any query in respect of the Company;
- corporate communication will be provided to Shareholders in plain language and in both English and Chinese versions to facilitate Shareholders' understanding;
- appropriate arrangements for the AGMs shall be in place to encourage Shareholders' participation;
- Board members, in particular, the chairmen of Board committees, appropriate management executives and external auditor will attend annual general meetings to answer Shareholders' questions; and
- investor/analysts briefings and one-on-one meetings, roadshows (both domestic and international), media interviews, marketing activities for investors and specialist industry forums etc will be available (where necessary) in order to facilitate communication between the Company, Shareholders and the investment community.

The Board has reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the Shareholder communication policy during the Year, the handling of queries received (if any) and the multiple channels of communication and engagement in place, and considered that the aforesaid policies and procedures have been properly implemented during the Year and is effective.

Constitutional Documents

The Company has adopted its second amended memorandum and Articles of Association on 6 June 2023.

Save for the above, there was no change in the constitutional documents of the Company during the Year. The second amended memorandum and Articles of Association is available on the respective websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

ABOUT THIS REPORT

Introduction of the Report

The Group is pleased to publish its Environmental, Social and Governance Report for the year of 2023. This report summarises the Group's strategies, practices and visions regarding the environmental, social and governance issues for the year of 2023.

Reporting Scope and Reporting Period

The environment-related disclosures in this report include the locations of the Group's principal operating entity in the PRC, namely the offices in Beijing and Guangzhou. This report covers the period from 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023, which is consistent with the financial year covered by this annual report.

Basis for Preparation

The report is prepared in accordance with the disclosure obligations set out in the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide in Appendix C2 of the Listing Rules. This report has complied with all mandatory disclosure requirements and the "Comply or Explain" provisions, as well as the principles of materiality, being quantitative, balance and consistency. When preparing this report, the Group adopted emission factors and international standards listed in the Environmental, Social and Governance Guidance issued by the Stock Exchange using the same preparation method as the previous year. For details on applying materiality reporting principle, please refer to the section headed "Materiality Assessment" in this report.

Contact of the Group

The Group values the opinions of the readers of this report. If you have any questions or suggestions about this report, you are welcome to give your feedback to the Group through the following means:

Address: Room 1004-1005, Tower 5 Laiguangying Chengying Centre (來廣營誠盈中心), Chaoyang District, Beijing

Email: lihui@adtiger.hk/febechang@adtiger.hk

Data Sources and Reliability Statement

The information disclosed in this report comes from the Group's internal documents, statistical reports and relevant public materials. The Group confirms that the report does not contain any false statement, misleading representation or material omission and takes responsibility for its contents as to the authenticity, accuracy and completeness.

Confirmation and Approval

The management team of the Group has confirmed to the Board that the environmental, social and governance risk management and internal monitoring systems for the year ended 31 December 2023 are effective.

This report is approved at the meeting of the Board held on 26 March 2024 at Beijing. The electronic version of this report is available on the website of the Stock Exchange (www.hkexnews.hk) and website of the Company (www.adtiger.hk).





MANAGEMENT OF ENVIRONMENT, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE

Statement of the Board

Apart from bringing economic return for stakeholders, the Group adheres to the concept of sustainable development. We actively fulfil corporate social responsibilities by incorporating environmental protection and environmental management into our commercial decisions. We also integrate environmental, social and governance considerations into our corporate development decision and daily operation. All potential risks that may have impact on the Group's businesses will be covered and evaluated in the annual enterprise risk assessment. In addition, the Group has been focusing on maintaining closer connections with different stakeholders.

The Group adopts a top-down management approach for our environmental, social and governance matters. The Board assumes full responsibility for the environmental, social and governance issues of the Group and fully monitors related risks and opportunities. The Board is responsible for monitoring and formulating management approach, strategies and goals in relation to the Group's environmental, social and governance, reviewing the goals set by the Group and performance of the goals on a regular basis and adjusting the strategies pursuant to the actual condition.

To integrate the concept of sustainability and manage environmental, social and governance issues effectively, the Group has established the Environmental, Social and Governance Working Group (the "**Working Group**") to help the Board to monitor and promote the implementation of various environmental, social and governance strategies, while regularly reports to the Board on the progress and effectiveness of such strategies. The Working Group is also responsible for assisting the Board to evaluate and identify environmental, social and governance risk management of the Group and prepare the annual environmental, social and governance report.

The Group also formulated a series of environmental targets that aim to reduce its operational impact on the environment. The Group took into consideration the industry's best practices and analysed its previous quantitative environmental data disclosed in past ESG reports in developing a set of appropriate environmental targets. For the details of the environmental targets, please refer to the respective sections under "ENVIRONMENT".

In the future, the Board will continue to monitor and improve the Group's measures and performance on sustainability and commit to create long-term values for all stakeholders and the communities where the business is located.

Management structure

Board	• The Board is responsible for monitoring environmental, social and governance issues, including formulating related approach and strategies.
Environmental, Social and Governance Working Group	• The Working Group is responsible for assisting the Board to execute various daily management works for environmental, social and governance issues.
Functional departments	• Each functional department is responsible for enforcing various measures for environmental, social and governance issues formulated by the Group.

Identification and communication with stakeholders

The Group values its stakeholders and their opinions on the business and environmental, social and governance issues of the Group. The Group understands the expectations and needs of the stakeholders through comprehensive and transparent communication. We continue to improve the Group's sustainable development strategies and plans based on the opinions of its stakeholders, so as to consolidate mutual trust and cooperative relations and jointly achieve the sustainable development plan, create a future with the coexistence of sustainable economic growth, environmental friendliness and social development.

While formulating the operational and environmental, social and governance strategies, the Group considers the expectations of its stakeholders through multiple ways of participation and communication channels as follows:

Stakeholders	Focus	Communication channels
Stock Exchange	 Compliance with the Listing Rules and timely and accurate publication of announcements 	 Meeting, training, seminar, website update and announcements
Shareholders and Investors	 Business strategies Investment return Corporate image Compliance operation 	 Annual general meetings or extraordinary general meetings Regular corporate publications (including annual reports) Company announcements Company website
Government and Supervisory Institutions	 Compliance operation Tax payment according to law Information disclosure and reporting materials 	Company websiteCompany announcements
Suppliers and Supervisory Institutions	Compliance operationService quality	MeetingRegular appraisalExchanges and visitsDirect communication
Employees	 Compensation and benefits Working environment and safety Diversification and equal opportunities Training and room for career development 	 Daily communication and meetings Staff training Regular performance appraisal Staff satisfaction survey
Advertisers	Product qualityPersonal privacy protection	 Telephone and face-to-face meetings Advertisers' campaigns Questionnaires
Community	 Community development Public welfare Employment opportunities Ecological environment 	 Company website Community activities Media enquiry Press release and announcements

Major Stakeholders and Communication Channels

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Materiality Assessment

In order to ensure that this report has fully covered and responded to the major concerns of stakeholders, in addition to regular communication with stakeholders, the Group has also referred to various resources of company internal policies, industry trends and materiality map by Sustainability Accounting Standards Board to identify issues with potential and actual impact to the Group's sustainable development.

The Group has performed materiality assessment on various factors, such as its strategies, development and goals, for environmental, social and governance issues, and graded the environmental, social and governance issues and their respective impact related to the stakeholders.

Significant environmental, social and governance issues were considered to have or may have a significant impact on the following:

- current and future environment and/or society;
- the financial and/or operation performance of the Group; and
- evaluation, decision-making and actions of stakeholders.

Consistent statistical methods have been used in this report to allow meaningful comparisons of relevant data over time. There has been no change in report preparation and methodologies as far as consistency is concerned compared to the last reporting year.

ENVIRONMENT

Emissions

As an online advertising platform that connects our advertisers with our media publishers, either directly or indirectly through resellers designated by our media publishers, our businesses do not have a material impact on environment. However, the Group integrates the principle of sustainable development in its daily management in an attempt to improve the environmental awareness of all employees. The Group strictly abides by environmental laws and regulations, including but not limited to the Environmental Protection Law of the PRC《(中華人民共和國環境保護法》), Law on the Prevention and Control of Atmospheric Pollution of the PRC《(中華人民共和國大氣污染防治法》), Law on the Prevention and Control of Solid Waste Pollution to the Environment of the PRC《(中華人民共和國節約能源 法》).

Exhaust

Since there is no stationary or mobile source that combust fuels owned or controlled by the Group, no air emission is generated during the course of daily operations. The Group's major emissions of greenhouse gases are principally from the indirect emissions of purchased electricity and discarded waste paper.

Greenhouse Gas

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the types and volumes of indirect emissions by the Group were shown as follows:

Major Types of Emissions	Unit	Amount of Emission in 2023	Amount of Emission in 2022
Scope 2			
Electricity	Tons of CO ₂ equivalent	43.10 ¹	27.69
Scope 3			
Waste paper	Tons of CO ₂ equivalent	0.86	0.66
Total emissions			
Total emissions	Tons of CO ₂ equivalent	43.96	28.35
Total emissions intensity	Tons of CO ₂ equivalent/m ²	0.04	0.02

Total emissions generated by Scope 2 electricity increased in the reporting year because the Guangzhou office started operations in May 2022, which has a full-year effect in 2023.

The Group is committed to reduce greenhouse gas emissions. Through energy saving policies and green measures, it aims to realise the goal of maintaining or reducing the total emissions intensity of greenhouse gas within the next reporting year based on the 2023 benchmark.

Hazardous Waste

Owing to the Group's business nature, the Group did not produce material hazardous wastes in its ordinary course of business.

Non-hazardous Waste

The solid emissions of the Group mainly came from the paper consumption at the offices of the Group. The paper waste was discarded in recycling bins for recycling.

Details of the emissions data of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2023 were as follows:

	Unit	Amount of Emission in 2023	
Type of Energy Non-hazardous waste		0.18	0.14
Non-hazardous waste intensity		0.001	0.001



The greenhouse gas emission factors from externally-purchased electricity were calculated with reference to the national power grid average emission factor published by the Ministry of Ecology and Environment of the People's Republic of China. The average emission factor of the national grid is 0.5703 tCO₂/MWh (2022: 0.5810).

The total office area of the Group was 1,255.33 m² (2022: 1,335.05 m²).

³ As at 31 December 2023, the total number of the Group's employees was 142 (2022: 160).

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Measures to Reduce Waste Generation

The Group actively advocates the idea of "green office", and adheres to the four "Re" principles of environmental protection (Reduce, Reuse, Recycle and Replace) in daily operation, aiming to minimise the generation of wastes and make full use of resources.

In terms of paper consumption, the Group promotes a paperless office by implementing measures which include, but are not limited to, the followings:

- Double-sided printing is set for printers by default; employees are required to use double sided photocopying and reuse single-sided paper without confidential information for draft photocopying;
- Employees are encouraged to use online communication; and
- Applying office automation system (OA system) in approval process to reduce the use of paper forms.

Our non-hazardous waste intensity was remained stable in the reporting year compared to the last reporting year. The Group will uphold the principle of environmental protection, with target to maintain or reduce non-hazardous waste intensity in the next reporting year.

Use of Resources

The Group's energy consumption mainly came from purchased electricity. The water consumption of the Group's Beijing and Guangzhou offices is charged as part of their rentals.

Accordingly, the Group will not disclose data for the water bills of its Beijing and Guangzhou offices. Details of the total energy consumption of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2023 were as follows:

Total Energy Consumption

Type of Energy	Unit	Consumption in 2023	Consumption in 2022
Electricity			
Total electricity consumption	kWh	75,572	47,652
Total electricity consumption intensity	kWh/m ²	60.20	35.69

The year-on-year increase of total electricity consumption and intensity in the reporting year was due to the Guangzhou office starting operations in May 2022, which had a full-year effect in 2023.

Measures to Reduce Power Consumption

The Group promotes energy saving during daily office operation and builds a corporate culture of low-carbon operation by implementing measures which include, but are not limited to, the followings:

- Post notices near power switches to encourage employees to switch off devices and power when they leave their office or when the offices are not in use, in order to reduce unnecessary energy consumption;
- Adopt low energy recyclable light bulbs in offices to reduce the power consumption of its lighting; and
- The air conditioning units in the offices are controlled by the central air conditioning system of the property management company to avoid unnecessary waste of resources.

The Group has been adopting the above emission reduction and energy saving measures to maintain relatively low power consumption. The Group targets to maintain or reduce its total power consumption intensity in the next reporting year.

Appropriate Water Source

The Group faces no issues in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, and all of its offices have stable water supply to meet daily operational needs. Nonetheless, the Group has implemented measures to raise its employees' awareness about water-saving, including broadcasting water-saving reminders through internal communication channels.

Packaging Material

In light of the Group's business nature, the Group does not involve any material usage of packaging materials in its ordinary course of business.

Environment and Natural Resources

All of the offices of the Group do not have a particularly material impact on the environment and natural resources in their daily operation. The Group constantly follows the principle of protecting the environment and natural resources in the operation and ensures that it will not cause any significant impact on the environment or overuse natural resources.



Climate Change

To echo with international concerns on climate change, we have included the climate-related risks in environmental, social and governance issues and made relevant disclosures according to the Recommendations of the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures.

Types of risks	Potential financial impact Low Medium High	Short-term (Current Reporting Period)	Mid-term (one to three years)	Long-term (four to ten years)	Response
Transitional risks	Policies and regulations More stringent climate policies and regulations (e.g., stricter electricity curtailment order) may increase compliance and operating costs				Strictly implement measures to reduce emissions (e.g. green measures to reduce electricity consumption, the four "Re" principles of environmental protection), in order to maintain a low level of emissions.
	Market Consumers turn to companies that are more environmentally conscious, resulting in lower revenue				Adhere to the Group's sustainable development philosophy, strictly control the process of overseas online advertising services and strive to provide high quality services to meet consumer and market expectations.
					For the Group to remain competitive, our employees follow up on customer needs in real time through the closed- loop process to ensure customer feedback is handled promptly. For new employees, the Group regularly organises training sessions to improve their skills.

Types of risks	Potential financial impact Low Medium High	Short-term (Current Reporting Period)	Mid-term (one to three years)	Long-term (four to ten years)	Response
Physical risks	Acute Extreme weather conditions such as increased flooding resulting in asset loss or supply chain disruptions.				Develop safety protocols and contingency plans to deal with extreme weather conditions. The Company has set up a disaster emergency plan and established an emergency rescue system to handle extreme weather conditions like flooding, earthquake, typhoon, etc., in a quick, orderly, and efficient manner so as to minimise casualties and property losses of the Company, and restore the stability of the Company.
	Chronic Persistent high temperatures lead to increased electricity consumption, which in turn affects operating costs.				Adopt energy-saving policies to reduce electricity consumption and avoid unnecessary energy use. We encourage our people to turn off lights before leaving the office and arrange patrolling to ensure that all lights are off after office hours. During the daytime, natural light is preferred and utilised. We have divided the office into different lighting zones and set up independent control switches. When purchasing new electrical appliances, we try to select energy-efficient and environmentally friendly products while considering the price. We also encourage employees to turn off unused appliances or switch to a power-saving mode when taking a lunch break and after office hours.



Although the climate change risks identified by the Group are not expected to have immediate and imminent impact on its business, the Group will continue to review the potential impact of climate change on its business annually and adopt corresponding measures to reduce any potential risks.

SOCIAL

Employment

The Group firmly believes that its employees are the most valuable assets of an enterprise and one of the most important factors for the sustainable development and success of the Group. The Group has established internal policies in accordance with Labour Law of the People's Republic of China (《中華人民共和國勞動法》), the Labour Contract Law (《勞動合同法》), and other labour laws and regulations related to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, holidays, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination and other benefits and welfare, employment development and training, child and forced labour.

To ensure that the Group's key policies are clearly and consistently communicated to the employees, the Group has established an "Employees' Handbook", which details the rights of the employees, such as working hours, leave entitlements and other benefits and welfare. Each employee is provided with a copy of the "Employees' Handbook" when he/she joins the Group.

Total Number and Classification of Employees

As of 31 December 2023, the Group had a total of 142 employees that are all located in Beijing and Guangzhou, China. The details are as follows:

	Total Number of Employees	
Total Number of Employees	142	
By gender		
Female	96	
Male	46	
By age		
<25	50	
25–29	53	
30–39	36	
40–49	3	
>50	—	
By type of employees		
Junior staff	128	
Senior staff	11	
Management	3	

Environmental, Social and Governance Report



Employee Turnover

The Group attaches great importance to its relationship with its employees, with its dismissal issues managed in strict compliance with applicable laws and regulations. The human resources department arranges exit interviews with departing employees to understand the reasons for their departure and welcome any suggestions for improvement.

As of 31 December 2023, the detailed information of employee turnover rate is as follows:

	Total Employee Turnover	
	Number of employees	% of total number of employees
Total number of turnover	53	37%
By gender		
	Number of employees	% of employee turnover by gender
Female	33	34%
Male	20	43%
By age		
	Number of employees	% of employee turnover by age
<25	20	40%
25–29	26	49%
30–39	7	19%
40–49	_	_
>50	—	—

Note: Employee turnover rate by geographical region is not applicable as all employees are located in Beijing and Guangzhou, the PRC.

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Health and Safety

The Group has strictly complied with the applicable laws and regulations of the PRC, such as the PRC Labour Law (《中華人民共和國勞動法》), the PRC Labour Contract Law 《(中華人民共和國勞動合同法》), Law on the Prevention and Treatment of Occupational Diseases of the PRC 《(中華人民共和國職業病防治法》), Provisions on the Supervision and Administration of Occupational Health at Work Sites (《工作場所職業衛生監督管理規定》) and others. For laws and regulations in the PRC in relation to the occupational health standards and safe production, the Group has not recorded any material non-compliance during the year ended 31 December 2023. The Group did not have any work-related fatalities and serious work-related injuries in the past three years, with the current Reporting Period included. Given the nature of the Group's business, the employees mainly work in offices and the risk of encountering work-related injuries or lost days due to work injury is low. Nevertheless, the Group has established various health and safety measures in its workplaces, including health check for employees and safety guidelines for staff induction training, to enhance their safety awareness.

In addition, to create and maintain a good, comfortable and healthy working environment, the Group has implemented a series of policies:

- Provide adequate illumination and moderate temperature in the Group's workplace;
- Maintain accessibility of emergency exits in the Group's workplace with regular inspections;
- Regularly conduct safety inspections and fire drills to raise safety awareness among employees; and
- Prohibit smoking in workplace to reduce the risk of fire.

In addition to maintaining a safe and comfortable working environment, the Group understands the importance of work-life balance. Therefore, the Group provides monthly tour for employees to organise various recreational activities of their choice.

During the continuing outbreak of COVID-19 pandemic, the pandemic prevention and control team of the Group has regularly reviewed the relevant measures to safeguard the health and safety of employees and their families. Such measures are as follows:

- Clean and disinfect the workplace regularly to maintain environmental hygiene;
- Maintain health record for employees, take and record the temperature of all employees when entering the workplace and require employees to report their travel history;
- Prohibit employees from going to medium-and high-risk regions for business or travel; and
- Regularly issue pandemic management notices to keep employees informed of the latest local pandemic and the Group's measures.

Going forward, the Group will review these policies to ensure renewed awareness on employee health and safety remain in the foreseeable future.

Development and Training

The Group values talent training and believes that employees will continue to grow along with the Group's business expansion. It provides targeted, systematic and forward-looking training for employees to ensure that they can quickly meet the needs of their relevant positions and to explore their potential to support the sustainable development of the Group. At the same time, the Group believes that skills and experience of employees are important factors for the long-term development of the Group. The Group encourages and supports employees to participate in personal and professional training to meet the development needs of the Group. The Group also encourages a culture of sharing knowledge and experience. On the other hand, the Group provides on-the-job training for new employees in the Group.

Total Number of Employees Trained			
	Number of employees	% of total number of employees	
Total number of employees trained	71	50%	
By gender			
	Number of employees	% of total number of employees trained by gender	
Female	45	47%	
Male	26	57%	
By type of employees			
	Number of employees	% of total number of employees trained by type of employees	
Junior staff	70	54%	
Senior staff	1	9%	
Management	_	_	
Total hours (hours)	284		
Average training hours comp	leted (by gender)		
Female (hours)	1.86		
Male (hours)	2.26		
Average training hours comp	leted (by type of employees)		
Junior staff (hours)	2.17		
Senior staff (hours)	0.36		
Management (hours)	_		





Labour Standards

The Group resolutely resists and opposes any form of child labour and forced labour, and strictly complies with the Labour Law of the PRC《(中華人民共和國勞動法》), the Law on the Protection of Minors of the PRC (《中華人民共和國未成年人保護法》), the Order of the State Council of the People's Republic of China (No. 364) — Provisions on the Prohibition of Using Child Labour of the PRC《(中華人民共和國國務院令(第364號)禁止使用童工規定》) and other applicable laws and regulations when recruiting employees so as to protect their legitimate rights and interests.

The human resources department of the Group strictly monitors the recruitment process, conducts background checks on its job applicants and verifies their credentials, and will not employ any candidates if they are found to be unsuitable. Any use of false document will be deemed as fraudulent and any related signed labour contract will be deemed invalid.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group did not use any child labour or forced labour, or receive any related complaints.

Supply Chain Management

The Group's suppliers are primarily resellers who provide us with ad inventories on top media platforms. The Group's suppliers also include IT service providers who provide us with cloud computing services and external optimisers, designers and translators who provide ad optimisation, design and translation services for our online advertising business. The Group acknowledges that supply chain management is inseparable from its sustainable development, and is therefore committed to establishing long-term and harmonious cooperative relations with its suppliers through annual supplier evaluation, site visits, online communication, etc. The Group expects that its suppliers will adhere to the principles of integrity and pragmatism, and strictly abide by applicable laws and regulations, such as the Hong Kong Competition Ordinance (Cap. 619), the Bidding Law of the People's Republic of China 《(中華人民共和國招標實施條例》), when providing products and services. The commitment and compliance of suppliers to social and environmental regulations are one of the criterions when the Group conducts initial assessment on potential suppliers.

In order to strengthen the supervision and management on suppliers, the Group established the Supplier Information Management system, which stipulates that suppliers should be selected and approved through preliminary review of standardised supplier information, screening, information database management, and investigation of suppliers, so as to properly manage the environmental and social risks of the Group's supply chain.

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group had a total of 57 major qualified suppliers, of which 50 were from Hong Kong, 2 were from Chinese Mainland and 5 were from other Asian countries.

Product Responsibility

The Group had no non-compliance with the laws and regulations governing product responsibilities in the PRC during the reporting year, including but not limited to the The PRC Law on Protection of the Rights and Interests of Consumers (《中華人民共和國消費者權益保護法》), The Tort Law of the PRC (《中華人民共和國侵權法》), The Advertising Law of the PRC (《中華人民共和國廣告法》). The Group firmly believes that maintaining good service is essential to the sustainable development of the Group and is also the key to the success of the Group. Therefore, the Group continues to strengthen its data and technology capabilities in the online advertising industry. The Group will invest more in both IT infrastructure and the technologies capabilities of its AdTensor to better serve advertisers and media publishers. The Group aims to further strengthen its R&D capabilities in big data and artificial intelligence technology, and to expand the application of artificial intelligence algorithms and machine learning in its services. The Group will also continue to strengthen its computing capabilities, optimise its system architecture and enhance its IT infrastructure. In addition, the Group plans to develop connections with additional media publishers through software development kit integration, which enables the Group to obtain more comprehensive data when media publishers install software development kits.

In addition, the team of optimisers and designers of the Group maintain close communications with the advertisers to understand their demands in order to adapt to the changing market trends and consumers' behaviours. The Group believes the delivery of creative ad content with customised ad formats, coupled with the execution of ad placement strategies through the Group's AdTensor platform, is able to help advertisers achieve better marketing results in an efficient and cost-effective way.

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group did not receive any major complaints and claims for compensation from audiences and advertisers due to fraud, unfair or inappropriate content, poor service quality, or recalling due to safety reasons.

Service Complaints and Response

Advice and feedback from advertisers will help drive the Group's continued development, which is critical to the pursuit of excellence. The Group has established various channels of communication with advertisers (e.g. the website and public email) to better address advertisers' concerns.

The Group makes every effort to promptly investigate and resolve all disputes and complaints raised by advertisers. In addition, the Group has developed a Business Complaint Handling Process system to ensure that all complaints from advertisers are properly handled. All complaints received are handled by the sales department. Upon receipt of a complaint, the sales manager will investigate the incident and take appropriate action in a timely manner.

Intellectual Property

The Group believes that its proprietary trademarks, domain names, copyrights, trade secrets and other intellectual properties are essential to its business operations. The Group protects its intellectual properties through laws relating to patent, copyright, trademark and trade secret, as well as disclosure restrictions such as confidentiality and licensing agreements with the Group's employees, suppliers, partners and other parties. In general, the employees of the Group shall enter into standard employment contracts, which contain a clause in which they acknowledge that all inventions, trade secrets, developments and other processes originating from them on behalf of the Group are the properties of the Group, and assign to the Group any proprietorship of such works for which they may claim. Moreover, the Group will not license any of the Group's intellectual properties to third parties that cooperate with the Group.

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Data Protection and Privacy

The Group attaches great importance to the protection of consumer data privacy. The Group has taken measures to comply with the provisions of the EU General Data Protection Ordinance relating to data protection and privacy, even though it does not collect or store raw data or any personal information of users, such as IP addresses or legal names of visitors. The Group has implemented internal data privacy protection technical measures and data privacy management programs to prevent improper use or disclosure of data by employees. After collecting the data, the Group will analyse the data into meaningful user traffic information and store such information in the firewall protected cloud server operated by a reputable third-party cloud computing service provider. The Group also maintains its databases and servers, conducts regular systematic checks, implements password policies and carries out data backups, so as to protect data on the Group's proprietary advertising platform from theft and manipulation.

In addition, the Group has implemented measures regarding to internal data privacy protection technology and data confidentiality management plans to ensure that the data collected by the Group will not be misappropriated or misused, and prevent employees from improper use or disclosure of information. In addition, the Group signs confidentiality agreements with employees to prevent employees from improper use or disclosure of information. If the advertiser and the Group suffered losses due to the leakage of confidential information of the Group, the Group will impose punishment by strictly following internal procedures or pursue legal liabilities to protect the interests of the Group and the advertiser. For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group did not have any breaches relating to data privacy.

Anti-Corruption

The Group strictly complies with relevant laws and regulations, such as the Anti-Money Laundering Law of the PRC (《中華人民共和國反洗錢法》), the Anti-Unfair Competition Law of the PRC (《中華人民共和國反不正當競爭法》) and the Criminal Law of the PRC (《中華人民共和國刑法》), and adheres to the basic behaviour code of integrity and self-discipline. The Staff Handbook of the Group clearly stipulates the commercial activities and professional ethics for employees to observe, and prohibits any acts like bribery, falsification, deception and fraud. To enhance employee awareness of anti-corruption, the Group conducted a total of 71.5 hours of training for all employees in the year ended 31 December 2023.

Our whistleblower management system guides and encourages employees and business partners to report and disclose illegal behaviour like corruption and bribery. If any incompliance is identified, it can be reported to the head of the human resources department of the Group through the reporting mailbox or hotline set by the Group. The human resources department would be responsible for investigating and collecting evidence and submitting its findings to the Audit Committee. The Group will determine the corresponding penalties for violations based on the nature, severity and evidence obtained.

For the year ended 31 December 2023, there was no concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the Group or our employees. Also, the Group was not aware of any violations related to corruption, bribery, extortion, fraud or money laundering.

Social Responsibility

As a group, we recognise the importance of giving back to society and spare no effort in providing assistance to the needy. People who work and live nearby are often inconvenienced by snowfall and ice during the winter months. The company has arranged for volunteers to clean up snow in public places in order to ensure a clean environment and smooth roads. A total of 30 hours were spent by the Group helping the neighborhood clear snow in the winter months during the year ending 31 December 2023. The Group plans to engage financial and human resources in community engagement programs focused on environmental and employee wellbeing in the coming year.

General disclosures and key performance indicators in the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide of The Stock Exchange:

Item		Description	Chapter
A. Environment			
A.1: Emissions			
General disclosure		 Information on: (A) the policies; and (B) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and nonhazardous waste. 	Emissions
Key performance indicator	A1.1	The types of emissions and respective emissions data.	Exhaust
	A1.2	Direct (Scope 1) and energy indirect (Scope 2) greenhouse gas emissions and intensity.	Greenhouse Gas
	A1.3	Total hazardous waste produced and intensity.	Hazardous Waste
	A1.4	Total non-hazardous waste produced and intensity.	Non-Hazardous Waste
	A1.5	Description of emissions target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	Measures to Reduce Waste Generation
	A1.6	Description of how hazardous and non- hazardous wastes are handled, and a description of reduction target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	Measures to Reduce Waste Generation
A2: Use of Resourc	es		
General disclosure		Policies on the efficient use of resources, including energy, water and other raw materials.	Use of Resources
Key performance indicator	A2.1	Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type in total and intensity.	Total Energy Consumption
	A2.2	Water consumption in total and intensity.	N/A
	A2.3	Description of energy use efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	Measures to Reduce Power Consumption
	A2.4	Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	Appropriate Water Source
	A2.5	Total packaging material used for finished products and with reference to per unit produced.	Packaging Material

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

Item		Description	Chapter	
A3: Environment and Natural Resources				
General disclosure		Policies on minimising the issuer's significant impacts on the environment and natural resources.	Environment and Natural Resources	
Key performance indicator	A3.1	Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them.	Environment and Natural Resources	
A4: Climate Change				
General disclosure		Policies on identification and mitigation of significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer.	Climate Change	
Key performance indicator	A4.1	Description of the significant climate-related Climate Chan issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer, and responding actions.		
B. Social				
B1: Employment				
General disclosure		 Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti- discrimination, and other benefits and welfare. 	Employment	
Key performance indicator	B1.1	Total workforce by gender, employment type (full time or part time), age group and geographical region.	Total Number and Classification of Employees	
	B1.2	Employee turnover rate by gender, age group and geographical region.	Employee Turnover	

Item		Description	Chapter	
B2: Health and Safet	ty			
General disclosure		 Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to providing a safe work environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards. 	Health and Safety	
Key performance indicator	B2.1	Number and rate of work-related fatalities in the past three years including the reporting year.	Health and Safety	
	B2.2 B2.3	Lost days due to work injury. Description of occupational health and safety measures adopted, how they are implemented and monitored.	Health and Safety Health and Safety	
B3: Development an	d Trair	ning		
General disclosure		Policies on improving employees' intelligence and skills for discharging duties at work. Description of training activities.	Development and Training	
Key performance indicator	B3.1	The percentage of employees trained by gender and employee category (e.g. senior management, middle management).	Development and Training	
	B3.2	The average training hours completed per employee by gender and employee category.	Development and Training	
B4: Labour Standard	ls			
General disclosure		 Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to preventing child and forced labour. 	Labour Standards	
Key performance indicator	B4.1	Description of measures to review employment practices to avoid child and forced labour.	Labour Standards	
	B4.2	Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered.	Labour Standards	



Item		Description	Chapter
B5: Supply Chain M	lanager	nent	
General disclosure		Policies on managing environmental and social risks of the supply chain.	Supply Chain Management
Key performance indicator	B5.1	Number of suppliers by geographical region.	Supply Chain Management
	B5.2	Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers, number of suppliers where the practices are being implemented, how they are implemented and monitored.	Supply Chain Management
	B5.3	Description of practices used to identify environmental and social risks along each stage of the supply chain, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Supply Chain Management
	B5.4	Description of practices used to promote environmentally preferable products and services when selecting suppliers, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Supply Chain Management
B6: Product Respon	nsibility	/	
General disclosure		 Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress. 	Product Responsibility
Key performance indicator	B6.1	Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons.	N/A
	B6.2	Number of products and service related complaints received and how they are dealt with.	Service Complaints and Response
	B6.3	Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual property rights.	Intellectual Property
	B6.4	Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures.	Product Responsibility
	B6.5	Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, how they are implemented and monitored.	Data Protection and Privacy

Item		Description Chapter		
B7: Anti-corruption				
General disclosure		 Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering. 	Anti-Corruption	
Key performance indicator	B7.1	Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the reporting period and the outcomes of the cases.	Anti-Corruption	
	B7.2	Description of preventive measures and whistleblowing procedures, how they are implemented and monitored.	Anti-Corruption	
	B7.3	Description of anti-corruption training provided to directors and staff.	Anti-Corruption	
B8: Social Responsi	bility			
General disclosure		Policies on community engagement to understand the needs of the communities where the issuer operates and to ensure its activities take into consideration the communities' interests.	Social Responsibility	
Key performance indicator	B8.1	Focus areas of contribution (e.g. education, environmental concerns, labor needs, health, culture, sport).	Social Responsibility	
	B8.2	Resources contributed (e.g. money or time) to the focus area.	Social Responsibility	





The Board is pleased to present this report of Directors together with the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Year.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability on 1 February 2019. The Group is an online advertising platform that connects its advertisers with its media publishers, either directly or indirectly through resellers designated by its media publishers. The Group primarily provides overseas online advertising services to China-based advertisers.

The activities and particulars of the Company's subsidiaries are shown under note 1 to the consolidated financial statements. An analysis of the Group's revenue and operating profit for the year by principal activities is set out in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" in this annual report and note 5 to the consolidated financial statements.

BUSINESS REVIEW

A fair review of the Group's business as required under Schedule 5 to the Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong), including the Group's performance analysis during the Year, particulars of important events affecting the Group that have occurred since the end of the Year, as well as the possible future business development of the Group, are set out in the sections headed "Chairman's Statement on pages 4 to 5, "Management Discussion and Analysis" on pages 8 to 21 and "Directors' Report — Subsequent Events" on page 79 of this annual report.

Possible risks and uncertainties that the Group may be facing are set out in the section headed "Principal Risks and Uncertainties" below in this report. Discussions on the environmental policies and performance, compliance by the Group with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group and the account of the key relationships of the Group with its stakeholders are set out in the "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" on pages 44 to 64 of this annual report.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The following list is a summary of certain principal risks and uncertainties faced by the Group, some of which are beyond its control:

- we rely heavily on our top customers; if we fail to maintain our relationships with our top customers, our financial condition, results of operations and prospects may be materially and adversely affected;
- we rely significantly on a limited number of top media publishers, including Meta (formerly Facebook), Google, Snapchat, Twitter, Yahoo and top-tier Chinese media platforms such as ByteDance, Kuaishou and ifeng.com for our online advertising services; if we fail to maintain our relationships with these top media publishers, it could materially harm our business;
- if we fail to introduce new or enhanced services to keep up with the technological developments or new business models of the online advertising industry, or the changing requirements of advertiser and media publishers, our business, financial condition and results of operations may be materially and adversely affected;

- if the online advertising industry fails to continue to develop and grow, or if the online advertising market develops or grows more slowly than expected, our profitability and prospects may be materially and adversely affected;
- our business is subject to complex and evolving laws and regulations, in particular with respect to data privacy. Many of these laws and regulations are subject to change and uncertain interpretation, and could result in claims, changes to our business practices, monetary penalties, increased cost of operations, or declines in user growth or engagement, or otherwise harm our business;
- a severe or prolonged downturn in the domestic or global economy could materially and adversely affect our business and financial condition;
- we face risks related to natural disasters, health epidemics, and other public safety concerns;
- we expect to continue to experience intense competition. If we fail to compete effectively against other online advertising companies, we could lose advertisers or media publishers, and our revenue and profits may decline; and
- if we fail to effectively manage and control our traffic acquisition costs, our gross profit, and financial results will be materially and adversely affected.

However, the above is not an exhaustive list. Investors are advised to make their own judgment or consult their own investment advisors before making any investment in the Shares.

RESULTS AND DIVIDEND

The consolidated results of the Group for the Year are set out on pages 85 to 139 of this annual report.

The Board has resolved not to recommend payment of any final dividend for the Year.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The register of members of the Company will be closed from Monday, 3 June 2024 to Thursday, 6 June 2024, both days inclusive, in order to determine the eligibility of the Shareholders to attend and vote at the AGM to be held on Thursday, 6 June 2024. In order to be eligible to attend and vote at the AGM, all transfer accompanied by the relevant share certificates and transfer forms must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Boardroom Share Registrars (HK) Limited, at 2103B, 21/F, 148 Electric Road, North Point, Hong Kong before 4:30 p.m. on Friday, 31 May 2024.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in property and equipment of the Group during the Year are set out in note 12 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 118 to 119 of this annual report.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

The Group is highly aware of the importance of environmental protection and has not noted any material in compliance with all relevant laws and regulations in relation to its business including health and safety, workplace conditions, employment and the environment. The Group has implemented environmental protection measures and has also encouraged staff to be environmentally friendly at work by consuming electricity and paper according to actual needs, so as to reduce energy consumption and minimise unnecessary waste. For further details of the Group's environmental policies and performance, please refer to the ESG Report as set out on pages 44 to 64 of this annual report.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the movements in share capital of the Company during the Year are set out in note 22 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 127 to 128 of this annual report.

RESERVES

Details of the movement in the reserves of the Group and of the Company during the Year are set out in the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity of page 88 and note 23 to the consolidated financial statements on page 128 of this annual report, respectively.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 December 2023, the Company's distributable reserves were approximately RMB162,067,000.

BORROWINGS

As at 31 December 2023, the Company did not have any bank borrowings (as at 31 December 2022: nil).

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

The Company did not redeem any of its Shares, nor did the Company or any of its subsidiaries purchase or sell any of such Shares during the Year.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Articles of Association, or the laws of the Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new Shares on a pro-rata basis to its existing Shareholders.

USE OF PROCEEDS

Details of the use of proceeds received from the Global Offering are set out in the section headed "Use of Proceeds from Global Offering" on page 20 of this annual report.

Details of the use of proceeds received from the placing of new Shares are set out in the section headed "Use of Proceeds from Placing of New Shares" on page 21 of this annual report.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board currently comprises two executive Directors, one non-executive Director and three INEDs as follows:

Executive Directors

Ms. Chang Sufang *(Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)* Ms. Li Hui

Non-executive Director

Mr. Zheng Qi *(appointed on 6 November 2023)* Mr. Hsia Timothy Chunhon *(resigned on 6 November 2023)*

INEDs

Mr. Yao Yaping Mr. Chan Foon Mr. Zhang Yaoliang

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF THE DIRECTORS AND THE SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Biographical details of the Directors and the senior management of the Group as at the date of this report are set out on pages 22 to 27 in the section headed "Profiles of Directors and Senior Management" to this annual report.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company, under which they agreed to act as executive Directors for a term of three years, which may be terminated by not less than one month's notice in writing served by either of the Director or the Company.

Each of the non-executive Director and the INEDs has signed an appointment letter with the Company for a term of three years, which may be terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing served by either of the Director or the Company. Under the respective appointment letters, each of the non-executive Director and INEDs is entitled to a fixed Director's fee.

The appointments of the Directors are subject to the provisions of retirement and rotation of Directors under the Articles of Association.

None of the Directors has entered a service contract with members of the Group that cannot be terminated by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.



CONTRACT WITH CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS

Other than disclosed in the section headed "Related Party Transactions and Balances" in note 27 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 130 to 131 of this annual report, no contract of significance was entered into between the Company or any of its subsidiaries and the Controlling Shareholders or any of its subsidiaries during the Year or subsisted as at 31 December 2023 and no contract of significance for the provision of services to the Company or any of its subsidiaries by the Controlling Shareholders or any of its subsidiaries was entered into during the Year or subsisted as at 31 December 2023.

DIRECTOR'S INTEREST IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENT OR CONTRACT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Other than disclosed in the section headed "Related Party Transactions and Balances" in note 27 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 130 to 131 of this annual report, no transaction, arrangement and contract of significance to the business of the Group which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party, and in which a Director or any entity connected with such a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted as at 31 December 2023 or at any time during the Year.

EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The emoluments of the Directors and senior management of the Group are determined by the Board by reference to their respective responsibilities and duties within the Company and may be adjusted upon the recommendation of the Remuneration Committee.

Details of the Directors' emoluments and emoluments of the five highest paid individuals in the Group are set out in note 7 and note 8 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 113 to 116 of this annual report.

For the Year, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any Director or any of the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office. Before his resignation effective on 6 November 2023, Mr. Hsia was entitled to a remuneration fee of RMB50,000 per annum and he had waived his entitlement to receive director's fee as a non-executive Director for the period from 1 January 2023 to 6 November 2023 (the effective date of his resignation as a non-executive Director). None of the other Directors has waived any emoluments for the year ended 31 December 2023.

Except as disclosed above, no other payments have been made or are payable, for the Year, by the Group to or on behalf of any of the Directors.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

During the Year, none of the Directors or their respective close associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) had any interest in a business that competed or was likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group, other than being a director of the Company and/or its subsidiaries.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OBLIGATIONS PURSUANT TO THE LISTING RULES

Save as disclosed in this annual report, the Company does not have any other disclosure obligations under Rules 13.20, 13.21 and 13.22 of the Listing Rules.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

Other than the Directors' service contracts and appointment letters, no contract concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Group was entered into or in existence as at the end of the year or at any time during the Year.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

During the Year, other than the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme and the Share Award Scheme as set out in the sections headed "Post-IPO Share Option Scheme" and "Share Award Scheme" below, the Company has not entered into any equity-linked agreement.

MATERIAL LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The Group was not involved in any material legal proceedings during the Year.

LOAN AND GUARANTEE

During the Year, the Group had not made any loan or provided any guarantee for loan, directly or indirectly, to the Directors, senior management of the Company, the Controlling Shareholders or their respective connected persons.



DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY OR ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

As of 31 December 2023, the interests or short positions of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), which were required to be (a) notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which he was taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (b) recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO; or (c) notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code, were as follows:

Name of Director	Nature of Interest	Number of Shares held ⁽¹⁾	Total	Approximate percentage of the issued Shares	
Ms. Chang Sufang ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	Interest in a controlled corporation	229,500,000 (L)	288,000,000	38.55%	
	Interest of party acting in concert	58,500,000 (L)			
Ms. Li Hui ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	Interest in a controlled corporation Interest of party acting in concert	58,500,000 (L) 229,500,000 (L)	288,000,000	38.55%	

Notes:

- (1) The letter "L" denotes the person's long position in the Shares.
- (2) 229,500,000 Shares in the Company is owned by Rowtel, a company beneficially and wholly owned by Fetech, which is in turn beneficially and wholly owned by Ms. Chang, and 58,500,000 Shares in the Company is owned by Westel, a company beneficially and wholly owned by Hera, which is in turn beneficially and wholly owned by Ms. Li. As such, Ms. Chang is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Rowtel and Ms. Li is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Westel.
- (3) Ms. Chang and Ms. Li executed the Acting-in-Concert Agreements on 11 May 2016, 31 May 2016 and 6 September 2019 to acknowledge and reflect the mutual understanding and intention, and to confirm that such acting in concert arrangement has been put in place and shall continue during the period as long as Ms. Chang and Ms. Li retain equity interest in the Group directly or indirectly. Each of Ms. Chang and Ms. Li is deemed interested in aggregate interests of 288,000,000 Shares in the Company.
Directors' Report

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2023, none of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required to be: (i) notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which the Directors and chief executive of the Company were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); (ii) recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO; or (iii) notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As of 31 December 2023, the following corporation (other than a Director or the chief executive of the Company) had, or were taken or deemed to have interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares which were required to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange under the provision of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

		Approximate Number of percentage of the			
Name of Shareholder	Nature of Interest	Shares held ⁽¹⁾	issued Shares		
Rowtel ⁽²⁾	Beneficial owner	229,500,000 (L)	30.72%		
Fetech ⁽²⁾	Interest in a controlled corporation	229,500,000 (L)	30.72%		
Westel ⁽³⁾	Beneficial owner	58,500,000 (L)	7.83%		
Hera ⁽³⁾	Interest in a controlled corporation	58,500,000 (L)	7.83%		
Case Blue Limited ⁽⁴⁾	Beneficial owner	55,427,500 (L)	7.42%		
Case Holdings Group Limited ⁽⁴⁾	Interest in a controlled corporation	55,427,500 (L)	7.42%		
Yang Wei ⁽⁴⁾	Interest in a controlled corporation	55,427,500 (L)	7.42%		

Notes:

- (1) The letter "L" denotes the person's long position in the Shares.
- (2) Rowtel is beneficially and wholly owned by Fetech, which is in turn beneficially and wholly owned by Ms. Chang. As such, each of Fetech and Ms. Chang is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Rowtel.
- (3) Westel is beneficially and wholly owned by Hera, which is in turn beneficially and wholly owned by Ms. Li. As such, each of Hera and Ms. Li is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Westel.
- (4) Case Blue Limited is beneficially and wholly owned by Case Holdings Group Limited, which is in turn beneficially and wholly owned by Mr. Yang Wei. As such, each of Case Holdings Group Limited and Mr. Yang Wei is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Case Blue Limited.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2023, no other corporation which/person (other than a Director or the chief executive of the Company) who had any interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares which were required to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO.



POST-IPO SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Post-IPO Share Option Scheme was conditionally approved and adopted by the then Shareholders on 22 June 2020, and became effective on the Listing Date. The purpose of the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme is to incentivise and reward the Share Option Eligible Persons for their contribution to the Group and to align their interests with that of the Company so as to encourage them to work towards enhancing the value of the Company.

During the Year, no share option was granted under the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme. Accordingly, there was no outstanding share option as at 1 January 2023, 31 December 2023 and the date of this report and no share option was exercised or cancelled or lapsed during the Year.

(a) Share Option Eligible Persons

The Board (including any committee or delegate of the Board appointed by the Board to perform any of its functions pursuant to the rules of the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme) may, at its absolute discretion, offer to grant an option to subscribe for such number of Shares as the Board may determine to an employee (whether full time or part-time) or a director of a member of the Group or associated companies of the Company.

(b) Maximum number of Shares in respect of which options may be granted

The maximum number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the total number of Shares in issue as at the Listing Date, being 60,000,000 Shares.

As at the date of this report, the total number of Shares available for issue under the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme is 60,000,000 Shares, representing approximately 8.03% of the issued shares of the Company.

(c) Maximum entitlement of each individual

No options shall be granted to any Share Option Eligible Persons under the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme of the Company which, if exercised, would result in such Share Option Eligible Persons becoming entitled to subscribe for such number of Shares as, when aggregated with the total number of Shares already issued or to be issued to him under all options granted to him (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding Options) in the 12-month period up to and including the date of offer of such options, exceeds 1% of the Shares in issue at such date or such higher limit as the Stock Exchange may allow pursuant to a waiver granted at the Stock Exchange's discretion.

(d) Option Period

Any option which remains unexercised shall lapse upon the expiry of the option period, which period shall be determined by the Board and shall not exceed ten years from the offer date of the option or such longer period as the Stock Exchange may allow pursuant to a waiver granted at the Stock Exchange's discretion.

(e) Minimum Period for which an Option must be held before it can be exercised

Unless the exercise of option would, in the opinion of the Board, be in breach of a statutory or regulatory requirement or unless the Board determines otherwise in its absolute discretion, any vested option which has not lapsed and which conditions have been satisfied or waived by the Board in its sole discretion may, unless the Board determines otherwise in its absolute discretion, be exercised at any time from the next business day after the offer of options has been accepted.

(f) Acceptance of an offer of options

An offer of options shall be open for acceptance for such period (not exceeding 30 days inclusive of, and from, the date of offer) as the Board may determine and notify to the Share Option Eligible Persons concerned provided that no such offer shall be open for acceptance after the expiry of the duration of the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme. An offer of options not accepted within this period shall lapse. An amount of HK\$1.00 is payable upon acceptance of the grant of an option and such payment shall not be refundable and shall not be deemed to be a part payment of the exercise price.

(g) Basis of determining the exercise price

Subject to any adjustment made as a result of alteration of share capital of the Company, the exercise price shall be such price as determined by the Board and notified to an option-holder and which shall not be less than the higher of:

- the closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets on the date of offer of the option;
- the average of the closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of offer of the option; and
- (iii) the nominal value of the Shares.

(h) Remaining life of the Share Option Scheme

The Post-IPO Share Option Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of ten years commencing on the Listing Date, after the period of which no further options will be granted but the provisions of the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme shall remain in full force and effect to the extent necessary to give effect to the exercise of any options granted prior thereto which are at that time or become thereafter capable of being exercised under the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme, or otherwise to the extent as may be required in accordance with the provisions of the Post-IPO Share.

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SHARE AWARD SCHEME

The Share Award Scheme was adopted on 29 September 2021. The purpose of the Share Award Scheme are (i) to recognise the contributions by Selected Participants; (ii) to offer suitable incentives to attract and retain talented Selected Participants who may be beneficial to the growth and development of the Group; and (iii) to align the interests of the Selected Participants directly to the Shareholders through ownership of Shares, dividends and other distributions paid on Shares and/ or the increase in the value of the Shares. Please refer to the Company's announcements dated 29 September 2021 and 19 October 2021 for further details. Unless otherwise defined, capitalised terms used herein shall have the same meaning as those defined in the announcements.

During the Year and up to the date of this report, no award share has been granted to any Selected Participants pursuant to the Share Award Scheme.

(a) Share Award Eligible Persons

Any individual who is an employee, officer, director or consultant of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries shall be entitled to participate in the Share Award Scheme, except for any individual who is resident in a place where the grant, acceptance or vesting of an award pursuant to the Share Award Scheme is not permitted under the laws and regulations of such place or where, in the view of the Board, compliance with applicable laws and regulations in such place makes it necessary or expedient to exclude such individual. In determining the selection criteria of the Selected Participant, the Board shall take into consideration matters including, but without limitation to, (i) the present and expected contribution of the Selected Participant to the Group; (ii) the financial condition of the Group; and (iii) the business performance and development plan of the Group.

(b) Operation of the Share Award Scheme

Subject to terms and conditions of the Share Award Scheme and the requirements of the Listing Rules, the Board may, from time to time at its absolute discretion, select any Share Award Eligible Person to participate in the Share Award Scheme as a selected participant, make an offer to the Selected Participants and grant award shares to such Selected Participants which are to be satisfied by (i) the new Shares to be subscribed by the Trustee under the Company's available general mandate on the relevant Grant Date or under a specific mandate approved or to be approved by the Shareholders; or (ii) the existing Shares received by the Trustee from any Shareholder; or (iii) purchased by the Trustee in the open market (either on-market or off-market) as directed by the Board.

Any new Shares to be subscribed by the Trustee under the Share Award Scheme will be issued under the available general mandate in effect on the grant date. Only when the number of the new Shares to be subscribed exceeds the available general mandate will the Board seek a specific mandate to be approved by the Shareholders to cover any award to be satisfied by new Shares that fall outside of the available general mandate. As such, the new Shares to satisfy any Awards will be issued under the available general mandate approved by the Shareholders and in effect at the time of the relevant Award, or a specific mandate approved or to be approved by the Shareholders for the relevant Award. The Share Award Scheme does not specify a minimum vesting period, or a period within which an award may be exercised by the grantee. The Board may from time to time while the Share Award Scheme is in force and subject to all applicable laws, determine such vesting criteria and conditions or periods for an award to be vested. No consideration is payable on acceptance of an offer for the grant of awards.

(c) Scheme Limit

The Company shall not make any further grant of award which will result in the number of Shares granted under the Share Award Scheme exceeding 10% of the total number of issued Shares as at the adoption date, i.e. 62,250,000 Shares, representing 8.33% of the total issued Shares as at the date of this report. Such maximum number is not a limit set for yearly basis but the maximum number of the Shares that may be awarded throughout the Award Period. The maximum number of Shares which may be awarded to a Selected Participant shall not exceed 1% of the total number of issued Shares as at the adoption date.

As at 31 December 2023, the Trustee held a total of 5,035,000 Shares purchased by it on the Stock Exchange which are available for grant under the Share Award Scheme. Such Shares represent approximately 0.67% of the total number of Shares in issue as at the date of this report.

(d) Termination

The Share Award Scheme shall terminate on the earlier of: (i) the tenth anniversary date of the Adoption Date; and (ii) such date of early termination as determined by the Board provided that such termination shall not affect any subsisting rights of any Selected Participant thereunder.

No share option or Share has been granted under the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme and Share Award Scheme since their respective adoptions and up to the date of this annual report.

As at 1 January 2023 and 31 December 2023, (i) the number of share options available to be granted pursuant to the scheme mandate and the service provider sublimit under Post-IPO Share Option Scheme were 60,000,000 shares respectively; and (ii) the number of share awards under the Share Award Scheme available to be granted were 62,250,000 Shares, respectively.

The remuneration committee of the Company has at its meeting held on 26 March 2024 reviewed the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme and the Share Award Scheme.

Should the Company decide to grant any share option or award in the future, such grant(s) will be made in compliance with the Amended Chapter 17.

The Company will amend the terms of the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme and Share Award Scheme to comply with the Amended Chapter 17 in accordance with guidance materials published by the Stock Exchange if and when the need arises.

ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

At no time during the Year was the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries, a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of Shares in, or debt securities including debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the Year, the Group's largest customer accounted for 14.4% of the Group's total revenue (for the year ended 31 December 2022: 15.4%). The Group's top five customers accounted for 39.9% of the Group's total revenue (for the year ended 31 December 2022: 43.1%).

During the Year, the Group's largest supplier accounted for 25.5% of the Group's total cost of sales (for the year ended 31 December 2022: 18.2%). The Group's top five suppliers accounted for 71.0% of the Group's total cost of sales (for the year ended 31 December 2022: 52.3%).

To the best of our Directors' knowledge, none of the Directors or their respective close associates or any person who owns more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital or of its subsidiaries, had any beneficial interest in any of the Group's five largest customers or the Group's five largest suppliers during the Year.

TAX RELIEF AND EXEMPTION OF HOLDERS OF LISTED SECURITIES

The Company is not aware of any tax relief or exemption available to the Shareholders by reason of their holding of the Shares.

HUMAN RESOURCES

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had 142 employees, 50 of which were optimisers and designers, 29 were for sales and marketing, 22 were for operations, 20 for finance and administration and 21 were for IT and R&D. The Group enters into employment contracts with its employees to cover matters such as position, term of employment, wage, employee benefits and liabilities for breaches and grounds for termination.

Remuneration of the Group's employees includes salaries, bonuses, share options, share award, pension right and benefits-in-kind, including the Company's contribution to their retirement benefit schemes on their behalf, and is determined with reference to their responsibilities, qualification, position, experience, performance and time commitment. The emolument policy for the employees of the Group is set up by the Board on the basis of their merit, qualification and competence. The Group organises induction training for newly joined employees to help them better integrate with the culture and team and understand the Company's values and working environment of the Group. The Group also offers recruitment interview training to team leaders so that they can hire appropriate employees for the Group's business. Further, the Group provides regular advertisement placing training for employees to enhance their work performance and on the job efficiency.

RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEME

The employees of the PRC subsidiaries are members of the state-managed retirement benefits scheme operated by the PRC government. The employees of the PRC subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll to the retirement benefits scheme to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to this retirement benefits scheme is to make the required contributions under the scheme.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

During the Year, save as the continuing connected transactions disclosed in the section headed "Connected Transactions" in the Prospectus, which are exempted from the announcement, disclosure, annual review and reporting, circular and independent shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules, the Group has not entered into any connected transaction or continuing connected transaction which should be disclosed pursuant to the requirements of Rule 14A.71 of the Listing Rules.

Save as disclosed under the section headed "Related Party Transactions and Balances" stated in note 27 to the consolidated financial statements, no contract of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Group was a party and in which a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted during the Year.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Details of the related party transactions of the Group for the Year are set out in note 27 to the consolidated financial statements contained herein.

The related party transaction for the Year as disclosed in note 27(b) to the consolidated financial statements constituted exempt continuing connected transactions under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules and accordingly are exempted from the disclosure requirements in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The related party transactions as disclosed in note 27(c) and 27(d) to the consolidated financial statements are not regarded as connected transactions nor continuing connected transactions under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The Directors confirm that the Company has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

According to the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Board, as at the date of this report, the Company has maintained the public float as required under the Listing Rules.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION AND DIRECTORS' AND OFFICERS' LIABILITY INSURANCE

Pursuant to the Articles of Association, every Director shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they shall or may incur or sustain by or by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty. The relevant provisions in the Articles of Association were in force during the Year.

The Company has arranged appropriate directors' and officers' liability insurance coverage for its Directors and officers.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company recognises the importance of good corporate governance for enhancing the management of the Company as well as preserving the interests of the Shareholders as a whole. The Company has adopted the code provisions set out in the CG Code as its own code to govern its corporate governance practices.

Save for the deviation from code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code as disclosed in the section headed "The Board — Chairman and Chief Executive" in this report, the Company has complied with all the mandatory disclosure requirements and the relevant code provisions contained in the CG Code during the Year.

The Board will continue to review and monitor the practices of the Company with an aim to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance.

Information on the corporate governance practices adopted by the Company is set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 28 to 43 of this annual report.

AUDITOR

There has been no change in auditor in any of the preceding four years as of 31 December 2023. The consolidated financial statements for the Year have been audited by Ernst & Young, who are proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming AGM.

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

For the Year, the Company is in compliance with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Company.

DONATION

During the Year, the Group has made charitable donations of nil (as at 31 December 2022: nil).

SUBSEQUENT EVENT

As of the date of this report, there was no other significant event subsequent to 31 December 2023.

By order of the Board **Ms. CHANG Sufang** *Chairman, Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer*

Hong Kong, 26 March 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



To the shareholders of AdTiger Corporations Limited (Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of AdTiger Corporations Limited (the "**Company**") and its subsidiaries (the "**Group**") set out on pages 85 to 139, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2023, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("**HKFRSs**") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("**HKICPA**") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("**HKSAs**") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the "**Code**"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Key audit matter

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Revenue recognition

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group recorded revenue of RMB294 millions which mainly comprises income from the provision of online advertising services.

There are different types of pricing model, under which, revenue recognition is based upon specific terms of the underlying contracts. Under the specified action pricing model, revenue is recognised on a specified action basis once agreed actions are performed; while under the agreed rebates pricing model, the Group earns incentives based on contractually stipulated amounts once certain spending thresholds are achieved. Given the significant amount and volume and the complexity of revenue transactions; and the significant judgements involved to determine whether the Group is acting as a principal or an agent, we considered revenue recognition a key audit matter.

Related disclosures are included in notes 2.4, 3 and 5 to the consolidated financial statements.

The audit procedures performed on revenue included the followings:

- understanding the basis of revenue recognition and the overall transaction process and procedures adopted by the management;
- inspecting Group's contracts with customers, on a sample basis, to understand the terms of service delivery and acceptance;
- comparing cash receipts from customers during and subsequent to the financial year end with invoices issued to customers during the year, on a sample basis;
- checking advertisement campaign performance reports from media publishers' platforms, and advertisement campaign performance reconciliation/confirmation emails between the Group and advertisers;
- performing direct confirmations with customers for annual sales transactions, on a sample basis;
- performing direct confirmation with vendors for rebates, on a sample basis; and
- assessing the adequacy of the Group's disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.

Key audit matter

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Impairment of trade receivables

As at 31 December 2023, the carrying value of the Group's trade receivables amounted to approximately RMB178 millions, after netting off a loss allowance for impairment of approximately RMB9 million, representing 27% of the Group's total assets.

The impairment of trade receivables is assessed based on the expected credit loss ("**ECL**") model which requires significant judgements and estimates from management. In assessing the expected credit loss on trade receivables, management considered various factors such as the age of the balance, existence of disputes, recent historical payment patterns, any other available information concerning the creditworthiness of counterparties and forwardlooking information.

Given significant management judgements and estimates are involved in determining the expected credit losses, we considered it a key • audit matter.

Related disclosures are included in notes 2.4, 3 and 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

Our audit procedures to assess the impairment of trade receivables included the followings:

- assessing the design and implementation of related internal controls which govern credit control, debt collection and estimation of loss allowance;
- assessing the trade receivables ageing report by comparing individual items in the report with the relevant sales invoices, on a sample basis;
- assessing the assumptions and inputs in the ECL model by considering the ageing of the balances, credit terms, recent settlement patterns, identified default or disputes, the debtors' financial condition, recent communications with the debtors and related publicly available information;
- inspecting cash receipts from customers after the financial year end relating to the trade receivable balances as at 31 December 2023, on a sample basis; and
- assessing the adequacy of the Group's disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.

Other information included in the Annual Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



Responsibilities of the directors for the consolidated financial statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors of the Company are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Lawrence K.W. Lau.

Ernst & Young *Certified Public Accountants* Hong Kong



26 March 2024

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

Year ended 31 December 2023

	Notes	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
REVENUE	5	294,157	354,646
Cost of sales		(238,356)	(292,917)
Gross profit		55,801	61,729
Other income and gains Selling and distribution expenses Administrative expenses Other expenses Finance costs Share of profits and losses of: Associates	5	6,081 (11,893) (62,676) (142) (96) (296)	3,755 (10,296) (43,441) (72) (34)
(LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE TAX	6	(13,221)	11,641
Income tax credit/(expense)	9	1,757	(2,513)
(LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		(11,464)	9,128
ATTRIBUTABLE TO: Owners of the parent Non-controlling interests		(10,874) (590) (11,464)	8,988 9,128
(LOSS)/EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT	11	(11,101)	
Basic and diluted (RMB)		(0.02)	0.01

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Year ended 31 December 2023

	2023 <i>RMB'000</i>	2022 RMB'000
(LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	(11,464)	9,128
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		
Other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:		
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	445	41
Net other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods	445	41
Other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:		
Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of the Company	1,940	10,003
Net other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods	1,940	10,003
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR, NET OF TAX	2,385	10,044
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS)/INCOME FOR THE YEAR	(9,079)	19,172
ATTRIBUTABLE TO: Owners of the parent Non-controlling interests	(8,489) (590)	19,032 140
	(9,079)	19,172

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

31 December 2023

NON-CURRENT ASSETS12Property, plant and equipment12Right-of-use assets13Investment in an associate14Deferred tax assets15Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss16	393 3,284 4,204 4,290 12,613	367 1,476 4,500
		1,364 12,871
Total non-current assets	24,784	20,578
CURRENT ASSETS17Trade receivables17Prepayments, other receivables and other assets18Cash and cash equivalents19Time deposits19Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss16	178,107 8,631 358,466 45,601 55,072	204,453 11,911 271,560 — 112,310
Total current assets	645,877	600,234
CURRENT LIABILITIES20Trade payables20Other payables and accruals21Tax payable13	400,773 63,298 7,372 2,129	371,415 45,026 9,244 1,148
Total current liabilities	473,572	426,833
NET CURRENT ASSETS	172,305	173,401
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	197,089	193,979
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIESLease liabilities13	970	218
Total non-current liabilities	970	218
Net assets	196,119	193,761
EQUITYEquity attributable to owners of the parentShare capitalTreasury sharesReserves23	2,599 (3,268) 196,198	2,157 (3,268) 193,692
	195,529	192,581
Non-controlling interests	590	1,180
Total equity	196,119	193,761

Chang Sufang Director Li Hui Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Year ended 31 December 2023

	Attributable to owners of the parent										
	Share capital RMB'000 (note 22)	Treasury shares RMB'000 (note 22)	Share premium RMB'000 (note 23)	Merger reserve RMB'000 (note 23)	Capital reserve RMB'000 (note 23)	Exchange fluctuation reserve RMB'000 (note 23)	Statutory surplus reserve RMB'000	Retained profits RMB'000	Total <i>RMB'000</i>	Non- controlling interests RMB'000	Total equity RMB'000
At 1 January 2022	2,157	(743)	151,072	2,500	466	(8,530)	5,203	23,949	176,074	1,040	177,114
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year:	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	8,988	8,988	140	9,128
Exchange differences related to foreign operations			_			10,044			10,044		10,044
Total comprehensive income for the year Appropriations to statutory surplus reserve	_	_	_	_	_	10,044		8,988 (157)	19,032	140	19,172
Shares withheld for share award schemes		(2,525)						(157)	(2,525)		(2,525)
At 31 December 2022	2,157	(3,268)	151,072	2,500	466	1,514	5,360	32,780	192,581	1,180	193,761

	Attributable to owners of the parent										
	Share capital RMB'000 (note 22)	Treasury shares RMB'000 (note 22)	Share premium RMB'000 (note 23)	Merger reserve RMB'000 (note 23)	Capital reserve RMB'000 (note 23)	Exchange fluctuation reserve RMB'000 (note 23)	Statutory surplus reserve RMB'000	Retained profits RMB'000	Total RMB'000	Non- controlling interests RMB'000	Total equity RMB'000
At 1 January 2023	2,157	(3,268)	151,072	2,500	466	1,514	5,360	32,780	192,581	1,180	193,761
Loss for the year Other comprehensive income for the year: Exchange differences related to foreign	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(10,874)	(10,874)	(590)	(11,464)
operations						2,385			2,385		2,385
Total comprehensive income/(loss)											
for the year	—	-	—	_	-	2,385	-	(10,874)	(8,489)	(590)	(9,079)
Issue of shares	442	—	11,273	—	-	-	—	—	11,715	-	11,715
Share issue expenses			(278)						(278)		(278)
At 31 December 2023	2,599	(3,268)	162,067*	2,500*	466*	3,899*	5,360*	21,906*	195,529	590	196,119

* These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of RMB196,198,000 (2022: RMB193,692,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position.



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year ended 31 December 2023

	Notes	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
(Loss)/profit before tax		(13,221)	11,641
Adjustments for:		00	2.4
Finance costs Share of profits and losses of associates		96 296	34
Interest income		(2,922)	(272)
Other interest income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		(1,057)	(1,393)
Fair value loss/(gains) from financial assets at			(
fair value through profit or loss Impairment of trade receivables	6 6	14 6,428	(1,146) 424
Gain on disposal of items of property, plant and	0	0,420	424
equipment		_	(15)
Depreciation of items of property, plant and			
equipment Depreciation of right-of-use assets	6, 12 6, 13	260	169
Depreciation of right-or-use assets	0, 13	2,096	1,350
		(8,010)	10,792
Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables		19,833	(97,921)
Decrease/(increase) in prepayments, other receivables and other assets		3,246	(1,492)
Increase in trade payables		29,358	177,950
Increase in other payables and accruals		18,272	18,809
Decrease in amounts due from related parties		36	2
Cash generated from operations		62,735	108,140
Interest received		2,922	272
Income tax paid		(3,045)	(5,835)
Net cash flows from operating activities		62,612	102,577
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of items of property, plant and equipment	12	(286)	(206)
Proceeds from disposal/(purchase) of wealth management products		58,539	(102,067)
Proceeds from disposal of items of property, plant and equipment			15
Investment in an associate		<u> </u>	(4,500)
Increase in time deposits		(45,601)	
Net cash flows from/(used in) investing activities		12,652	(106,758)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended 31 December 2023

	Note	2023 <i>RMB'</i> 000	2022 <i>RMB'000</i>
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Lease payments	13	(2,234)	(1,506)
Payment on purchase of shares			(2,525)
Proceeds from issue of shares		11,715	
Share issue expenses		(278)	
Net cash flows from/(used in) financing activities		9,203	(4,031)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH			
EQUIVALENTS		84,467	(8,212)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		271,560	269,576
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net		2,439	10,196
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR		358,466	271,560
ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH			
EQUIVALENTS Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the consolidated	ł		
statement of financial position and the consolidated	•		
statement of cash flows		358,466	271,560

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2023

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

The Company is a limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 1 February 2019. The registered office address of the Company is 4th Floor, Harbour Place, 103 South Church Street, George Town, P.O. Box 10240, Grand Cayman KY1-1002, Cayman Islands.

The shares of the Company were listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "**Stock Exchange**") on 10 July 2020 (the "**Listing Date**").

The Company is an investment holding company. During the year, the Company's subsidiaries were engaged in the business of providing online advertising services in the People's Republic of China (the "**PRC**") and internationally.

Information about subsidiaries

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are as follows:

Name	Place and date of incorporation/ registration and place of business	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered share capital	Percentage of equity interest attributable to the Company Direct Indirect		Principal activities
AdTiger Company Limited	British Virgin Islands 5 March 2019	US\$50,000	100%	_	Investment holding
AdTiger Media Limited	British Virgin Islands 21 February 2019	US\$50,000	100%	_	Investment holding
Hong Kong AdTiger Media Co., Limited	Hong Kong (" HK ") 22 November 2010	HK\$10,000	_	100%	Advertising services
AdTiger International Limited	HK 27 March 2019	HK\$10,000	_	100%	Investment holding
Apotheosis Limited	HK 5 November 2018	HK\$10,000	_	100%	Investment holding
Beijing AdTiger Media Co., Limited* 北京虎示傳媒有限公司 (i)	PRC/Chinese Mainland 11 May 2016	RMB12,500,000	_	100%	Advertising services

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION (Continued)

Name	Place and date of incorporation/ registration and place of business	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered share capital	Percentage of equity interest attributable to the Company Direct Indirect		Principal activities
AdTiger Technology Company Limited* 虎視科技有限公司(i)	PRC/Chinese Mainland 29 March 2021	US\$30,000,000	_	100%	Advertising services
Hainan AdTiger Information Technology Co., Ltd.* 海南虎視信息技術有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 21 May 2021]	RMB1,000,000	_	100%	Advertising services
Beijing Fasttouch Culture Technology Co., Ltd.* 北京傳速文化科技有限公司	PRC/Chinese Mainland 21 May 2021]	RMB2,000,000	_	51%	Advertising services

Note:

(i) The entities are wholly-foreign-owned enterprises established under PRC Law.

* The English names of these companies represent the best effort made by the management of the Company to directly translate the Chinese names as they do not register any official English names.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

Due to the implementation of the share award scheme of the Group mentioned in Note 22(a), the Company has set up a structured entity ("**Share Scheme Trust**"). The Share Scheme Trust was set up for administering and holding the Company's shares acquired for share award scheme which is set up for the benefits of eligible persons of the scheme. As the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the Share Scheme Trust and can derive benefits from the contributions of the eligible persons who are awarded with the shares under the scheme, the directors of the Company consider that it is appropriate to consolidate the Share Scheme Trust.

As at 31 December 2023, the Company contributed approximately RMB3,268,000 (2022: RMB3,268,000) to the Share Scheme Trust for financing its acquisition of the Company's shares.



2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("**HKFRSs**") (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("**HKASs**") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("**HKICPA**") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for wealth management products and equity investments which have been measured at fair value. These financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("**RMB**") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023. A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

Generally, there is a presumption that a majority of voting rights results in control. When the Company has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- (a) the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- (c) the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described above. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

Notes to Financial Statements

31 December 2023

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

Basis of consolidation (Continued)

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises the related assets (including goodwill), liabilities, any non-controlling interest and the exchange fluctuation reserve; and recognises the fair value of any investment retained and any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

2.2 Changes in accounting policies and disclosures

The Group has adopted the following new and revised HKFRSs for the first time for the current year's financial statements.

HKFRS 17	Insurance Contracts
Amendments to HKAS 1 and	Disclosure of Accounting Policies
HKFRS Practice Statement 2	
Amendments to HKAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates
Amendments to HKAS 12	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction
Amendments to HKAS 12	International Tax Reform — Pillar Two Model Rules

The nature and the impact of the new and revised HKFRSs that are applicable to the Group are described below:

- (a) Amendments to HKAS 1 require entities to disclose their material accounting policy information rather than their significant accounting policies. Accounting policy information is material if, when considered together with other information included in an entity's financial statements, it can reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements. Amendments to HKFRS Practice Statement 2 *Making Materiality Judgements* provide non-mandatory guidance on how to apply the concept of materiality to accounting policy disclosures. The Group has disclosed the material accounting policy information in note 2 to the financial statements. The amendments did not have any impact on the measurement, recognition or presentation of any items in the Group's financial statements.
- (b) Amendments to HKAS 8 clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies. Accounting estimates are defined as monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty. The amendments also clarify how entities use measurement techniques and inputs to develop accounting estimates. Since the Group's approach and policy align with the amendments, the amendments had no impact on the Group's financial statements.



2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- 2.2 Changes in accounting policies and disclosures (Continued)
 - (c) Amendments to HKAS 12 Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction narrow the scope of the initial recognition exception in HKAS 12 so that it no longer applies to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences, such as leases and decommissioning obligations. Therefore, entities are required to recognise a deferred tax asset (provided that sufficient taxable profit is available) and a deferred tax liability for temporary differences arising from these transactions. The Group has applied the amendments on temporary differences related to leases as at 1 January 2022, and the amendments did not have any impact on the balance of retained profits or other component of equity as appropriate at that date. In addition, the Group has applied the amendments prospectively to transactions other than leases that occurred on or after 1 January 2022, if any.
 - (d) Amendments to HKAS 12 International Tax Reform Pillar Two Model Rules introduce a mandatory temporary exception from the recognition and disclosure of deferred taxes arising from the implementation of the Pillar Two model rules published by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development. The amendments also introduce disclosure requirements for the affected entities to help users of the financial statements better understand the entities' exposure to Pillar Two income taxes, including the disclosure of current tax related to Pillar Two income taxes separately in the periods when Pillar Two legislation is effective and the disclosure of known or reasonably estimable information of their exposure to Pillar Two income taxes in periods in which the legislation is enacted or substantively enacted but not yet in effect. The Group has applied the amendments retrospectively. Since the Group did not fall within the scope of the Pillar Two model rules, the amendments did not have any impact to the Group.

2.3 Issued but not yet effective Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards

The Group has not applied the following revised HKFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements. The Group intends to apply these revised HKFRSs, if applicable, when they become effective.

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its HKAS 28 Associate or Joint Venture³ Amendments to HKFRS 16 Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback¹ Amendments to HKAS 1 Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current (the "2020 Amendments")^{1, 4} Amendments to HKAS 1 Non-current Liabilities with Covenants (the "2022 Amendments")^{1, 4} Amendments to HKAS 7 and Supplier Finance Arrangements¹ **HKFRS 7** Amendments to HKAS 21 Lack of Exchangeability²

1 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024

2 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025

3 No mandatory effective date yet determined but available for adoption

4 As a consequence of the 2020 Amendments and 2022 Amendments, Hong Kong Interpretation 5 *Presentation of Financial Statements — Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause* was revised to align the corresponding wording with no change in conclusion

Notes to Financial Statements

31 December 2023

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.3 Issued but not yet effective Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (Continued)

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of the impact of these revised HKFRSs upon initial application. So far, the Group considers that these revised HKFRSs may result in changes in accounting policies but the amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

2.4 Material accounting policies

Investments in associates

An associate is an entity in which the Group has a long term interest of generally not less than 20% of the equity voting rights and over which it has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee, but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The Group's investments in associates are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses. The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and other comprehensive income of associates is included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and consolidated other comprehensive income, respectively. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's investments in the associates, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the assets transferred. Goodwill arising from the acquisition of associates is included as part of the Group's investments in associates.

Fair value measurement

The Group measures its financial instruments and equity investments at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 Material accounting policies (Continued)

Fair value measurement (Continued)

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

Impairment of non-financial assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for nonfinancial asset is required (other than deferred tax assets), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cashgenerating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

In testing a cash-generating unit for impairment, a portion of the carrying amount of a corporate asset (e.g., a headquarters building) is allocated to an individual cash-generating unit if it can be allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis or, otherwise, to the smallest group of cash-generating units.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to profit or loss in the period in which it arises in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

Notes to Financial Statements

31 December 2023

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 Material accounting policies (Continued)

Impairment of non-financial assets (Continued)

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group;

or

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies
 - (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
 - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either Group or an entity related to the Group;
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); and
 - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 Material accounting policies (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to the statement of profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Furniture and fixtures	20.00%
Electronic devices	33.33%

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

Research and development costs

All research costs are charged to the statement of profit or loss as incurred.

Expenditure incurred on projects to develop new products is capitalised and deferred only when the Group can demonstrate the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale, its intention to complete and its ability to use or sell the asset, how the asset will generate future economic benefits, the availability of resources to complete the project and the ability to measure reliably the expenditure during the development. Product development expenditure which does not meet these criteria is expensed when incurred.

Notes to Financial Statements

31 December 2023

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 Material accounting policies (Continued)

Leases

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Group as a lessee

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

(a) Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets are recognised at the commencement date of the lease (that is the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Rightof-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease terms and the estimated useful lives of the assets. If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Group by the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

(b) Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are recognised at the commencement date of the lease at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for termination of a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate the lease. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as an expense in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in lease payments (e.g., a change to future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or rate) or a change in assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

31 December 2023



2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 Material accounting policies (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

Group as a lessee (Continued)

(c) Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the recognition exemption for leases of low-value assets to leases that are considered to be of low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Investments and other financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income, and fair value through profit or loss ("**FVTPL**").

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group initially measures a financial asset at its fair value, plus in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under HKFRS 15 in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest ("**SPPI**") on the principal amount outstanding. Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model.

The Group's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both. Financial assets classified and measured at amortised cost are held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, while financial assets classified and measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling. Financial assets which are not held within the aforementioned business models are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Notes to Financial Statements

31 December 2023

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 Material accounting policies (Continued)

Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

Initial recognition and measurement (Continued)

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in the statement of profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

This category includes derivative instruments and equity investments which the Group had not irrevocably elected to classify at fair value through other comprehensive income. Dividends on the equity investments are also recognised as other income in the statement of profit or loss when the right of payment has been established.

A derivative embedded in a hybrid contract, with a financial liability or non-financial host, is separated from the host and accounted for as a separate derivative if the economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to the host; a separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative would meet the definition of a derivative; and the hybrid contract is not measured at fair value through profit or loss. Embedded derivatives are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Reassessment only occurs if there is either a change in the terms of the contract that significantly modifies the cash flows that would otherwise be required or a reclassification of a financial asset out of the fair value through profit or loss category.

A derivative embedded within a hybrid contract containing a financial asset host is not accounted for separately. The financial asset host together with the embedded derivative is required to be classified in its entirety as a financial asset at fair value through profit or loss.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 Material accounting policies (Continued)

Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset, or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the assets. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises an allowance for expected credit losses ("**ECLs**") for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

General approach

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12 months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

Notes to Financial Statements

31 December 2023

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 Material accounting policies (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

General approach (Continued)

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When making the assessment, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort, including historical and forward-looking information. The Group considers that there has been a significant increase in credit risk when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due.

The Group considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subject to impairment under the general approach and they are classified within the following stages for measurement of ECLs except for trade receivables and contract assets which apply the simplified approach as detailed below.

- Stage 1 Financial instruments for which credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs
- Stage 2 Financial instruments for which credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition but that are not credit-impaired financial assets and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs
- Stage 3 Financial assets that are credit-impaired at the reporting date (but that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired) and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs

Simplified approach

For trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or when the Group applies the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group applies the simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Under the simplified approach, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.



2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 Material accounting policies (Continued)

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as loans and borrowings, or payables, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade and other payables and lease liabilities.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

Financial liabilities at amortised cost (trade and other payables, and borrowings)

After initial recognition, trade and other payables, and interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortization is included in finance costs in the statement of profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Notes to Financial Statements

31 December 2023

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 Material accounting policies (Continued)

Treasury shares

Own equity instruments which are reacquired and held by the Company or the Group (treasury shares) are recognised directly in equity at cost. No gain or loss is recognised in the statement of profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Group's own equity instruments.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position comprise cash on hand and at banks, and short-term highly liquid deposits with a maturity of generally within three months that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, and short-term deposits as defined above, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the year, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- where the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.



2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 Material accounting policies (Continued)

Income tax (Continued)

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if and only if the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The Group recognises revenue when it transfers control over the service to a customer.
31 December 2023

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 Material accounting policies (Continued)

Revenue recognition (Continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

The following is a description of the principal activities from which the Group generates its revenue.

Provision of online advertising services

The Group's principal services are the provision of online advertising services. The Group utilises a combination of pricing models and revenue is recognised when the related services are delivered based on the specific terms of the contract, which are commonly based on:

- i) Specified actions (i.e., cost per action and related campaign budgets, depending on the advertisers' preferences and their campaigns launched) where the Group acts as the principal, or
- ii) Agreed rebates to be earned where the Group acts as the agent.

Specified actions

Revenue is recognised on a specified action basis once agreed actions are performed. While none of the factors individually are considered presumptive or determinative, because the Group is the primary obligor and is responsible for (1) identifying and contracting with third-party advertisers which the Group views as customers; (2) identifying online publishers to provide online spaces where the Group views the online publishers as suppliers; (3) establishing the selling prices of the specified action pricing model; (4) performing all billing and collection activities, including retaining credit risk; and (5) bearing the sole responsibility for fulfilment of the advertising, the Group acts as the principal of these arrangements and therefore has recognised revenue earned and costs incurred related to these transactions on a gross basis. Rebates from the relevant media publishers are deducted from the corresponding traffic acquisition costs in recording the cost of sales.

Agreed rebates to be earned

The Group earns incentives based on contractually stipulated amounts once certain spending thresholds are achieved. The Group records such incentives as net revenues without accounting for advertisers' actual advertising spending on media publishers' platforms through the Group where the Group acts as the agent. Incentives are calculated on a quarterly basis in accordance with the terms as agreed in the arrangements.

Other income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, when appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.





2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 Material accounting policies (Continued)

Other employee benefits

Pension scheme

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in Chinese Mainland are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll costs to the central pension scheme. The contributions are charged to the statement of profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

Dividends

Final dividends are recognised as a liability when they are approved by the shareholders in a general meeting. Proposed final dividends are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. Interim dividends are simultaneously proposed and declared, because the Company's memorandum and articles of association grant the directors the authority to declare interim dividends. Consequently, interim dividends are recognised immediately as a liability when they are proposed and declared.

Foreign currencies

These financial statements are presented in RMB because the Group's principal operations are carried out in Chinese Mainland. The functional currency of the Company and certain subsidiaries incorporated outside Chinese Mainland is USD and the functional currency of the subsidiaries established in Chinese Mainland is RMB, which is the currency of the primary economic environment in which those entities operate. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured. The gain or loss arising on translation of a non-monetary item measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation difference on the item whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss, respectively).

The functional currencies of certain overseas subsidiaries are currencies other than the RMB. As at the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into RMB at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period and their statements of profit or loss are translated into RMB at the exchange rates that approximate to those prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

31 December 2023

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 Material accounting policies (Continued)

Foreign currencies (Continued)

The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange fluctuation reserve, except to the extent that the differences are attributable to non-controlling interests. On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative amount in the reserve relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

Judgements

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

Principal versus agent considerations – revenue from the provision of online advertising services

Determining whether the Group is acting as a principal or as an agent in the provision of online advertising service requires judgements and considerations of all relevant facts and circumstances. The Group is a principal in a transaction if the Group obtains control of services provided before they are transferred to customers. If control is unclear, when the Group is primarily obligated in a transaction, and has latitude in establishing prices and selecting publishers, or has several but not all of these indicators, the Group records revenues on a gross basis. Otherwise, the Group records the net amount earned as commissions from services provided.

Estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the year, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below:

Current income taxes

The Group is subject to income taxes in different jurisdictions. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income taxes. The Group periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which the application of tax regulations is uncertain and subject to interpretation. The Group also establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the taxing authorities.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (Continued)

Estimation uncertainty (Continued)

Provision for expected credit losses on trade receivables

The Group uses a provision matrix to calculate ECLs for trade receivables. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments that have similar loss patterns (i.e., by customer type and rating, and coverage by letters of credit and other forms of credit insurance).

The provision matrix is initially based on the Group's historical observed default rates. The Group will calibrate the matrix to adjust the historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information. For instance, if forecast economic conditions (i.e., gross domestic product) are expected to deteriorate over the next year which can lead to an increased number of defaults in the customer industry, the historical default rates are adjusted. At each reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

The assessment of the correlation among historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and forecast economic conditions. The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of customers' actual default in the future. The information about the ECLs on the Group's trade receivables is disclosed in note 17 to the financial statements.

4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

No operating segment information is presented as the Group's revenue and reported results during the year, and the Group's total assets as at the end of the year were derived from one single operating segment, i.e. provision of online advertising services.

Geographical information

The following table sets out the information of the Group's revenue from external customers based on the countries/jurisdictions where the external customer is registered.

	2023 <i>RMB'</i> 000	2022 <i>RMB'000</i>
Chinese Mainland Hong Kong Indonesia Singapore Others	129,056 68,567 41,517 32,999 22,018	131,647 46,970 92,320 59,012 24,697
	294,157	354,646

The Group's non-current assets are substantially located in Chinese Mainland, and accordingly, no further analysis by geographical location of non-current assets is presented.

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4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Information about major customers

The revenue generated from sales to customers which individually amounted to more than 10% of the Group's total revenue during the year is set out below:

	2023 <i>RMB'</i> 000	2022 <i>RMB'000</i>
Customer A	42,420	N/A*
Customer B	N/A*	54,594
Customer C	N/A*	37,692

* Less than 10% of the Group's total revenue.

5. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

An analysis of revenue, other income and gains is as follows:

	2023 <i>RMB'</i> 000	2022 RMB'000
Revenue from contracts with customers Specified action revenue (where the Group acts as the		
principal)	235,174	297,597
Agreed rebates (where the Group acts as the agent)	58,983	57,049
Total revenue	294,157	354,646
Total revenue	254,157	554,040
Other income and gains		
Others	6,081	3,755
(A) timing of revenue recognition		
	2023	2022
	RMB'000	RMB'000
At a point in time Online advertising services	294,157	354,646
	,	001,010

(B) performance obligations

The Group has no revenue contract that has an original expected duration more than one year, thus management applied practical expedient under HKFRS 15 and are not disclosing the aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to the performance obligation that are unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied at the end of each reporting period.



6. (LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE TAX

The Group's (loss)/profit before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

	Notes	2023 <i>RMB'</i> 000	2022 <i>RMB'000</i>
Cost of services rendered (excluding those			
included in employee benefit expense)		233,299	286,970
Bank interest income		(2,922)	(272)
Depreciation of items of property, plant and			
equipment	12	260	169
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	13	2,096	1,350
Impairment of trade receivables		6,428	424
Lease payments not included in the measurement			
of lease liabilities	13(c)	2,475	1,772
Auditor's remuneration		2,080	2,080
Employee benefit expense (including directors'			
remuneration (note 7))			
Wages and salaries		38,454	38,024
Pension scheme contributions		4,519	5,061
Foreign exchange differences, net		(1,046)	(414)
Fair value loss/(gains), net		14	(1,146)

7. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION

Directors' and chief executive's remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules, section 383(1)(a), (b), (c) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation, is as follows:

	2023 <i>RMB'</i> 000	2022 <i>RMB'000</i>
Fees	287	267
Other emoluments Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind Pension scheme contributions	7,568	7,596 98
Subtotal	7,638	7,694
Total	7,925	7,961

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7. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION (Continued)

(A) Independent non-executive directors

The fees paid to independent non-executive directors during the year were as follows:

	2023 RMB'000	2022 <i>RMB'000</i>
Mr. Yao Yaping Mr. Chan Foon Mr. Zhang Yaoliang	91 91 91	89 89 89
Total	273	267

There were no other emoluments payable to the independent non-executive directors during the year (2022: Nil).

(B) Executive directors and non-executive directors

	Year ended 31 December 2023			
	Fees <i>RMB'</i> 000	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind <i>RMB</i> '000	Pension scheme contributions <i>RMB</i> '000	Total <i>RMB'000</i>
Executive directors:				
Ms. Chang Sufang	_	4,534	35	4,569
Ms. Li Hui		3,034	35	3,069
Subtotal		7,568	70	7,638
Non-executive directors:				
Mr. Zheng Qi	14	—	—	14
Mr. Hsia Timothy Chunhon				
Subtotal	14			14
Total	14	7,568	70	7,652



31 December 2023

7. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION (Continued)

(B) Executive directors and non-executive directors (Continued)

	Year ended 31 December 2022			
	Fees	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	Pension scheme contributions	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Executive directors: Ms. Chang Sufang Ms. Li Hui Subtotal		4,548 3,048 7,596	49 49 98	4,597 3,097 7,694
Non-executive director: Mr. Hsia Timothy Chunhon				
Total		7,596	98	7,694

Mr. Zheng Qi was appointed as a non-executive director of the Company on 6 November 2023.

Mr. Hsia Timothy Chunhon ("**Mr. Hsia**") resigned as a non-executive director with effect from 6 November 2023. Mr. Hsia agreed to waive RMB50,000 for the year.

There was no other arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year.

8. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees during the year included two directors (2022: two directors), details of whose remuneration are set out in note 7 above. Details of the remuneration for the year of the remaining three (2022: three) highest paid employees for the year who are not a director of the Company are as follows:

	2023 <i>RMB'</i> 000	2022 RMB'000
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind Pension scheme contributions	2,256 103	2,848 119
Total	2,359	2,967

31 December 2023

8. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES (Continued)

The number of the non-director highest paid employees whose remuneration fell within the following bands is as follows:

	Number of employees	
	2023	2022
Nil to HK\$1,000,000 HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	3	1
Total	3	3

9. INCOME TAX

The Group is subject to income tax on an entity basis on profits arising in or derived from the countries/jurisdictions in which members of the Group are domiciled and operate.

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands and accordingly is not subject to income tax.

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided for at the rate of 16.5% on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year, unless such profits are taxable at the half-rate of 8.25% that may apply for the first HK\$2 million of assessable profits for years of assessment beginning on or after 1 April 2018.

Pursuant to the PRC Corporate Income Tax Law ("**CIT Law**"), the CIT rate for domestic enterprises and foreign invested enterprises is 25%.

	2023 <i>RMB'</i> 000	2022 <i>RMB'000</i>
Current — Hong Kong Charge for the year	1,160	748
Current — Chinese Mainland Charge for the year Deferred <i>(note 15)</i>	(2,917)	474 1,291
Total	(1,757)	2,513



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9. INCOME TAX (Continued)

A reconciliation of the tax (credit)/expense applicable to (loss)/profit before tax at the statutory tax rate applicable in Chinese Mainland to the tax expense at the effective tax rate is as follows:

	2023 RMB'000	2022 <i>RMB'000</i>
(Loss)/Profit before tax	(13,221)	11,641
Tax calculated at a tax rate of 25% Lower tax rates for specific provinces or enacted	(3,305)	2,910
by local authority	(471)	(462)
Expenses not deductible for tax Tax losses not recognised	232 1,787	65
Total	(1,757)	2,513

10. DIVIDENDS

No dividend has been paid or declared by the Company since its date of incorporation.

11. (LOSS)/EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT

The calculation of the basic and diluted (loss)/earnings per share amount is based on the (loss)/ profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 689,095,137 (2022: 618,546,027) in issue after deduction of the treasury shares held during the year.

The Group had no potentially dilutive ordinary shares in issue during the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022.

The calculations of the basic and diluted earnings per share are based on:

	2023 <i>RMB'</i> 000	2022 RMB'000
Earnings (Loss)/profit attributable to ordinary equity holders of the		
parent, used in the basic and diluted (loss)/earnings per share calculation	(10,874)	8,988
	Number	of shares
	2023	2022
Shares Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue		

31 December 2023

12. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

31 December 2023

	Furniture and fixtures <i>RMB'</i> 000	Electronic devices <i>RMB'</i> 000	Total <i>RMB'000</i>
At 1 January 2023: Cost	24	812	836
Accumulated depreciation	(19)	(450)	(469)
Net carrying amount	5	362	367
At 1 January 2023, net of accumulated			
depreciation	5	362	367
Additions Depreciation provided during the year	(3)	286 (257)	286 (260)
At 31 December 2023	2	391	393
At 31 December 2023:			
Cost	24	1,098	1,122
Accumulated depreciation	(22)	(707)	(729)
Net carrying amount	2	391	393

12. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

31 December 2022

	Furniture and fixtures <i>RMB'000</i>	Electronic devices <i>RMB'000</i>	Total <i>RMB'000</i>
At 1 January 2022: Cost	24	693	717
Accumulated depreciation	(14)	(373)	(387)
Net carrying amount	10	320	330
At 1 January 2022, net of accumulated depreciation Additions Depreciation provided during the year	10 	320 206 (164)	330 206 (169)
At 31 December 2022	5	362	367
At 31 December 2022: Cost Accumulated depreciation	24 (19)	812 (450)	836 (469)
Net carrying amount	5	362	367

13. LEASES

The Group as a Lessee

The Group has lease contracts for office used in its operations, which has lease terms between 1 and 2 years. Generally, the Group is restricted from assigning and subleasing the leased assets outside the Group.

(a) Right-of-use assets

The carrying amount of the Group's right-of-use assets and the movements during the year are as follows:

	2023 <i>RMB'</i> 000	2022 <i>RMB'000</i>
As at 1 January Additions	1,476 3,904	332 2,592
Depreciation charge Revision of a lease term arising from a change in	(2,096)	(1,350)
the non-cancellable period of a lease		(98)
As at 31 December	3,284	1,476

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13. LEASES (Continued)

The Group as a Lessee (Continued)

(b) Lease liabilities

The carrying amount of lease liabilities and the movements during the year are as follows:

	2023 RMB'000	2022 <i>RMB'000</i>
Carrying amount at 1 January New leases	1,366 3,904	343 2,592
Accretion of interest recognised during the year Payments	63 (2,234)	35 (1,506)
Revision of a lease term arising from a change in the non-cancellable period of a lease		(98)
Carrying amount at 31 December	3,099	1,366
Analysed into: Current Non-current	2,129 970	1,148 218

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities is disclosed in note 30 to the financial statements.

(c) The amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to leases are as follows:

	2023 <i>RMB'</i> 000	2022 <i>RMB'000</i>
Interest on lease liabilities	63	35
Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets Expense relating to short-term leases (included in	2,096	1,350
administrative expenses)	2,475	1,772
Total amount recognised in profit or loss	4,634	3,157

(d) The total cash outflow for leases is disclosed in note 24(c) to the financial statements.

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14. INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE

	2023	2022
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Share of net assets	4,204	4,500

Particulars of the associate are as follows:

Name	Particulars of issued shares held	Place of incorporation/ registration and business	Percentage of ownership interest attributable to the Group	
Nanjing Ruizhi Hengyue Technology Co., Ltd.	Ordinary shares	PRC/Chinese Mainland	20%	Advertising services

15. DEFERRED TAX

The movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities during the year are as follows:

Deferred tax assets

31 December 2023

	Lease liabilities <i>RMB'</i> 000	Losses available for offsetting against future taxable profits <i>RMB'000</i>	Impairment losses on financial assets <i>RMB'</i> 000	Total <i>RMB'000</i>
At 31 December 2022 Effect of adoption of amendments to	_	1,282	368	1,650
HKAS 12	342			342
At 1 January 2023 (restated) Deferred tax credited to the statement of profit or loss during	342	1,282	368	1,992
the year <i>(note 9)</i> Exchange realignment	433	1,523 	1,190 9	3,146 9
Gross deferred tax assets at 31 December 2023	775	2,805	1,567	5,147

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15. DEFERRED TAX (Continued)

Deferred tax assets (Continued)

At 31 December 2022

	Lease liabilities <i>RMB'000</i>	Losses available for offsetting against future taxable profits <i>RMB'000</i>	Impairment losses on financial assets <i>RMB'000</i>	Total <i>RMB'000</i>
At 31 December 2021 Effect of adoption of amendments to	_	2,367	282	2,649
HKAS 12	23			23
At 1 January 2022 (restated) Deferred tax credited/(charged) to the statement of profit or loss	23	2,367	282	2,672
during the year (restated) <i>(note 9)</i> Exchange realignment	319 	(1,085) 	61 25	(705) 25
Gross deferred tax assets at 31 December 2022 (restated)	342	1,282	368	1,992

Deferred tax liabilities

At 31 December 2023

	Fair value adjustments of financial assets at FVTPL <i>RMB'</i> 000	Right-of-use assets <i>RMB'</i> 000	Total <i>RMB'000</i>
At 31 December 2022	286	_	286
Effect of adoption of amendments to HKAS 12		342	342
At 1 January 2023 (restated) Deferred tax (credited)/charged to the statement of profit or loss during the year	286	342	628
(note 9)	(250)	479	229
Gross deferred tax liabilities at 31 December 2023	36	821	857



15. DEFERRED TAX (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities (Continued)

At 31 December 2022

	Fair value adjustments of financial assets at FVTPL <i>RMB'000</i>	Right-of-use assets <i>RMB'000</i>	Total <i>RMB'000</i>
At 31 December 2021 Effect of adoption of amendments to HKAS 12	19 	23	19 23
At 1 January 2022 (restated) Deferred tax charged to the statement of profit or loss during the year (restated) <i>(note 9)</i>	19 267	23 319	42 586
Gross deferred tax liabilities at 31 December 2022 (restated)	286	342	628

For presentation purposes, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset in the statement of financial position. The following is an analysis of the deferred tax balances for financial reporting purposes:

	2023 <i>RMB'</i> 000	2022 RMB'000
Net deferred tax assets recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position	4,290	1,364

The Group has tax losses arising in Chinese Mainland of RMB7,585,000 (2022: nil) that will expire in five years for offsetting against future taxable profits.

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these losses as they have arisen in subsidiaries that it is not considered probable that taxable profits will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised.

The Group is liable for withholding taxes on dividends distributed by those subsidiaries established in Chinese Mainland in respect of earnings generated from 1 January 2008. The applicable rate is 10% for the Group.

At 31 December 2023, no deferred tax has been recognised for withholding taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings that are subject to withholding taxes of the Group's subsidiaries established in Chinese Mainland. In the opinion of the directors, it is not probable that these subsidiaries will distribute such earnings in the foreseeable future. The aggregate amount of temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries in Chinese Mainland for which deferred tax liabilities have not been recognised totalled approximately RMB1,097,000 as at 31 December 2023 (2022: RMB7,157,000).

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15. DEFERRED TAX (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities (Continued)

At 31 December 2022 (Continued)

There are no income tax consequences attaching to the payment of dividends by the Company to its shareholders.

16. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Non-current Unlisted equity investments, at fair value	12,613	12,871
Current Other unlisted investments, at fair value	55,072	112,310
Total	67,685	125,181

The above unlisted equity investments were classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss as the Group has not elected to recognise the fair value gain or loss through other comprehensive income.

The above unlisted investments were wealth management products issued by banks in Chinese Mainland. They were mandatorily classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss as their contractual cash flows are not solely payments of principal and interest.

17. TRADE RECEIVABLES

	2023 <i>RMB'</i> 000	2022 <i>RMB'000</i>
Trade receivables Impairment	186,748 (8,641)	206,617 (2,164)
Net carrying amount	178,107	204,453

The Group's trading terms with its customers are mainly on credit. The credit period is generally one month, extending up to three months for major customers. Each customer has a maximum credit limit. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables and has a credit control department to minimise credit risk. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management. In view of the aforementioned and the fact that the Group's trade receivables relate to a large number of diversified customers, there is no significant concentration of credit risk. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over its trade receivable balances. Trade receivables are non-interest-bearing.

There were no amounts due from the Group's related parties included in the Group's trade receivables as at 31 December 2023 (2022: RMB36,000), which are repayable on credit terms from one to twelve months.

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17. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

An ageing analysis of the trade receivables as at the end of the year, based on the invoice date and net of loss allowance, is as follows:

	2023 <i>RMB'</i> 000	2022 <i>RMB'000</i>
Within 1 month 1 to 3 months 3 to 12 months	139,716 35,432 2,959	154,415 49,787 251
Total	178,107	204,453

The movements in the loss allowance for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
At beginning of year Impairment losses, net Exchange realignment	2,164 6,428 49	1,584 424 156
At end of year	8,641	2,164

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date using a provision matrix to measure expected credit losses. The identification of impairment requires management's judgements and estimates by considering the age of the balance, existence of disputes, recent historical payment patterns, any other available information concerning the creditworthiness of counterparties and influence from the macro economy.

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Group's trade receivables using a provision matrix:

As at 31 December 2023

	Trade receivables ageing				
	Within 1 month	1 to 3 months	3 to 12 months	Over 12 months	Total
Expected credit loss rate	0.13%	0.13%	45.25%	100.00%	4.63%
Gross carrying amount (RMB'000)	140,733	35,470	3,896	6,649	186,748
Expected credit losses (RMB'000)	183	46	1,763	6,649	8,641

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17. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

As at 31 December 2022

		Trade receivables ageing			
	Within 1 month	1 to 3 months	3 to 12 months	Over 12 months	Total
Expected credit loss rate	0.10%	0.10%	41.36%	100.00%	1.05%
Gross carrying amount (RMB'000)	154,572	49,838	428	1,779	206,617
Expected credit losses (RMB'000)	157	51	177	1,779	2,164

18. PREPAYMENTS, OTHER RECEIVABLES AND OTHER ASSETS

	2023 <i>RMB'</i> 000	2022 <i>RMB'000</i>
Prepayments Deposits and other receivables*	192 8,439	915 10,996
Total	8,631	11,911

* Other receivables are unsecured, non-interest-bearing and have no fixed terms of repayment. The other receivables are neither past due nor impaired and their ECL consideration is set out in note 30 to financial statements.

19. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	2023 <i>RMB'</i> 000	2022 <i>RMB'000</i>
Cash and bank balances Time deposits	358,466 45,601	271,560 —
	404,067	271,560
Less: Non-pledged time deposits with original maturity of more than three months when acquired	(45,601)	
Cash and cash equivalents	358,466	271,560

At the end of the reporting period, the cash and bank balances of the Group denominated in RMB amounted to RMB129,856,000 (2022: RMB17,983,000). The RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under Chinese Mainland's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, and Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. The bank balances are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.



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20. TRADE PAYABLES

An ageing analysis of the trade payables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

	2023 <i>RMB'</i> 000	2022 <i>RMB'000</i>
Within 1 year	400,773	371,415

The trade payables are non-interest-bearing and are normally settled on 60-day terms.

21. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

	2023 <i>RMB'</i> 000	2022 RMB'000
Other payables* Payroll and welfare payables Other tax payable	60,822 2,166 	41,107 3,578 341
Total	63,298	45,026

* Other payables are non-interest-bearing and repayable on demand.

22. SHARE CAPITAL

	Shares	
	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
lssued and fully paid: 747,000,000 (2022: 622,500,000) ordinary shares of US\$0.0005 each	2,599	2,157

A summary of movements in the Company's share capital is as follows:

Number of shares in Share capital Share capital issue RMB'000 USD'000 equivalent At 1 January 2022 622,500,000 311 2,157 At 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023 622,500,000 311 2,157 Issue of shares 124,500,000 62 442 At 31 December 2023 747,000,000 373 2,599

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22. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

Note (a): On 29 September 2021, the board of directors of the Company has also adopted a share award scheme (the "Share Award Scheme"). The purpose of the Share Award Scheme is (i) to recognise the contributions by selected participants; (ii) to offer suitable incentives to attract and retain talented selected participants who may be beneficial to the growth and development of the Group; and (iii) to align the interests of the selected participants directly to the Shareholders through ownership of the awarded shares, dividends and other distributions paid on the awarded shares and/or the increase in the value of the awarded shares. The Share Award Scheme shall be valid and effective for a term of ten years commencing on 29 September 2021 (the "Award Period"), provided no further awards will be granted after the expiry of the Award Period.

The award shares under the Share Award Scheme will be purchased from the secondary market. At no time shall the Company be holding more than 10% of the total number of shares of the Company in issue under the Share Award Scheme. As at 31 December 2023, the Company withheld 5,035,000 (2022: 5,035,000) ordinary shares of the Company for an amount of approximately RMB3,268,000 (2022: RMB3,268,000), which had been deducted from the equity. Since the adoption of the Share Award Scheme, no award shares had been granted or agreed to be granted by the Company.

Note (b): On 5 June 2023, the Company issued 124,500,000 ordinary shares at a subscription price of HK\$0.104 per ordinary share.

23. RESERVES

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the year are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity of the financial statements.

Share premium

The share premium represents the difference between the par value of the shares issued and the consideration received.

Merger reserve

For the purpose of the preparation of the consolidated statement of financial position, the balance of the merger reserve represents the capital contributions from the then equity shareholders of the Group's subsidiaries.

Capital reserve

The capital reserve represents any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid for acquisition of non-controlling interests in subsidiaries.

Exchange fluctuation reserve

The exchange fluctuation reserve is used to record exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of entities of which the functional currency is not RMB.

Statutory surplus reserve



In accordance with the PRC Company Law, the Company's subsidiary established in Chinese Mainland is required to appropriate 10% of its net profits after tax, as determined under the Chinese Accounting Standards, to the statutory surplus reserve until the reserve balance reaches 50% of its registered capital. Subject to certain restrictions set out in the relevant PRC regulations, the statutory surplus reserve may be used either to offset losses, or to be converted to increase share capital, provided that the balance after such conversion is not less than 25% of the registered capital of the entity. The reserve cannot be used for purposes other than those for which it is created and is not distributable as cash dividends.

24. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(A) Major non-cash transactions

During the year, the Group had non-cash additions to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities of RMB3,904,000 (2022: RMB2,592,000) and RMB3,904,000 (2022: RMB2,592,000), respectively, in respect of lease arrangements for offices.

(B) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

	Lease liabilities RMB'000
At 1 January 2023 Changes from financing cash flows New leases Interest expense	1,366 (2,234) 3,904 63
At 31 December 2023	3,099
	Lease liabilities RMB'000
At 1 January 2022 Changes from financing cash flows New leases Interest expense Reassessment and revision of lease terms	343 (1,506) 2,592 35 (98)
At 31 December 2022	1,366

(C) Total cash outflow for leases

The total cash outflow for leases included in the statement of cash flows is as follows:

	2023 RMB'000	2022 <i>RMB'000</i>
Within operating activities Within financing activities	2,475 2,234	1,772 1,506
Total	4,709	3,278

25. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

At the end of the reporting period, the Group did not have any significant contingent liabilities.

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26. COMMITMENTS

The Group had the following contractual commitments at the end of the reporting period:

	2023 <i>RMB'</i> 000	2022 <i>RMB'000</i>
Capital contributions payable to investments	8,000	8,000

27. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The directors of the Company are of the view that the following parties/companies are related parties that had transactions or balances with the Group during the year.

(A) Name and relationship

Name of related parties	Relationship with the Group and the Company
Taschh Limited ⁽¹⁾	A shareholder which has significant influence over the Company

(1) As at 31 December 2023, Taschh Limited is no longer a related party of the Company.

(B) Related party transactions

In addition to the transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the Group had the following transactions with related parties during the year:

	2023 <i>RMB'</i> 000	2022 <i>RMB'000</i>
Services provided to the related party: Taschh Limited	131	303

(C) Outstanding balances with related parties

The Group had the following balances with the related party:

	2023 RMB'000	2022 <i>RMB'000</i>
Amounts due from the related party: Taschh Limited ⁽¹⁾	_	36

(1) The amount due from the related party is included in trade receivables in note 17 to the financial statements, and are trade in nature.



27. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(D) Compensation of key management personnel of the group

	2023 <i>RMB'</i> 000	2022 RMB'000
Short term employee benefits Contributions to the pension scheme	8,726 151	8,717 166
Total	8,877	8,883

Further details of directors' and the chief executive's emoluments are included in note 7 to the financial statements.

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

2023

Financial assets

	Financial assets at amortised cost <i>RMB'</i> 000	Financial assets at FVTPL <i>RMB'</i> 000	Total <i>RMB'000</i>
Trade receivables Financial assets included in prepayments,	178,107	-	178,107
other receivables and other assets Financial assets at fair value through	6,207	—	6,207
profit or loss	—	67,685	67,685
Cash and cash equivalents	358,466	—	358,466
Time deposits	45,601		45,601
Total	588,381	67,685	656,066

Financial liabilities

	Financial liabilities at amortised cost <i>RMB'</i> 000
Trade payables Lease liabilities	400,773 3,099
Total	403,872

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28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY (Continued)

2022

Financial assets

	Financial assets at amortised cost <i>RMB'000</i>	Financial assets at FVTPL <i>RMB'000</i>	Total <i>RMB'000</i>
Trade receivables Financial assets included in prepayments,	204,453	_	204,453
other receivables and other assets Financial assets at fair value through	2,768	_	2,768
profit or loss	_	125,181	125,181
Cash and cash equivalents	271,560		271,560
Total	478,781	125,181	603,962
Financial liabilities			
			Financial
			liabilities at
			amortised cost
			RMB'000
Trade payables			371,415
Lease liabilities		-	1,366
Total			270 701
IUlai			372,781

29. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying amounts and fair values of the Group's financial instruments, other than those with carrying amounts that reasonably approximate to fair values, are as follows:

	Carrying amounts		Fair values	
	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	67,685	125,181	67,685	125,181

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29. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Management has assessed that the fair values of cash and cash equivalents, time deposits, trade receivables, trade payables, financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets, and financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

The Group's finance department headed by the finance manager is responsible for determining the policies and procedures for the fair value measurement of financial instruments. The finance manager reports directly to the chief financial officer and the audit committee. At each reporting date, the finance department analyses the movements in the values of financial instruments and determines the major inputs applied in the valuation. The valuation is reviewed and approved by the chief financial officer. The valuation process and results are discussed with the audit committee twice a year for interim and annual financial reporting.

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

The Group invests in unlisted investments, which represent wealth management products issued by financial institutions in Chinese Mainland. The Group has estimated the fair value of these unlisted investments by using a discounted cash flow valuation model based on the market interest rates of instruments with similar terms and risks.

The fair values of unlisted equity investments have been estimated using a market-based valuation technique based on assumptions that are not supported by observable market prices or rates. Valuation techniques applied include reference to the net asset value based on the fair value of the underlying investments. The directors believe that the estimated fair values resulting from the valuation technique, which are recorded in the consolidated statement of financial position, and the related changes in fair values, which are recorded in profit or loss, are reasonable, and that they were the most appropriate values at the end of the reporting period.

29. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Fair value hierarchy

The following tables illustrate the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's financial instruments:

Assets measured at fair value:

As at 31 December 2023

	Fair value measurement using			
	Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) <i>RMB'</i> 000	Significant Observable inputs (Level 2) <i>RMB</i> '000	Significant Unobservable inputs (Level 3) <i>RMB</i> '000	Total <i>RMB'</i> 000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		55,072	12,613	67,685

As at 31 December 2022

	F	Fair value measurement using			
	Quoted				
	prices	Significant	Significant		
	in active	Observable	Unobservable		
	markets	inputs	inputs		
	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	Total	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		16,693	108,488	125,181	

The movements in fair value measurements within Level 3 during the year are as follows:

	2023 <i>RMB'</i> 000	2022 <i>RMB'000</i>
At 1 January Total (loss)/gains recognised in the statement of	108,488	4,000
profit or loss included in other income (Disposal)/purchases	(258) (95,617)	1,028 103,460
As 31 December	12,613	108,488

During the year, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3 for financial assets (2022: Nil).

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30. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise cash and cash equivalents and time deposits. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the Group's operations. The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as trade receivables, financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets, trade payables and financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals which arise directly from its operations.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are foreign currency risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The board of directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks which are summarised below.

Foreign currency risk

The Group mainly operates in Chinese Mainland and Hong Kong with most of the Group's monetary assets, liabilities and transactions principally denominated in RMB, United States dollars and Euro. The Group has not used any derivative to hedge its exposure to foreign currency risk.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity at the end of the reporting period to a reasonably possible change in the foreign exchange rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's (loss)/profit before tax (arising from USD, EUR and HKD denominated financial instruments) and the Group's equity.

	Increase/ (decrease) in rate of foreign currency %	Increase/ (decrease) in (loss)/profit before tax RMB'000
Year ended 31 December 2023 If RMB weakens against USD If RMB strengthens against USD If RMB weakens against EUR If RMB strengthens against EUR If RMB weakens against HKD If RMB strengthens against HKD	5 (5) 5 (5) 5 (5)	(934) 934 2,430 (2,430) 512 (512)
Year ended 31 December 2022 If RMB weakens against USD If RMB strengthens against USD If RMB weakens against EUR If RMB strengthens against EUR If RMB weakens against HKD If RMB strengthens against HKD	5 (5) 5 (5) 5 (5)	123 (123) 2,397 (2,397) —

30. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

Credit risk

The Group trades only with recognised and creditworthy third parties. It is Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis and the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant. For transactions that are not denominated in the functional currency of the relevant operating unit, the Group does not offer credit terms without the specific approval of the Head of Credit Control.

The credit risk of the Group's other financial assets, which comprise cash and cash equivalents, time deposits, amounts due from related parties, trade receivables and other receivables, arises from default of the counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amounts of these instruments.

(i) Credit risk of trade receivables

To manage risk arising from trade receivables, the Group has policies in place to ensure that credit terms are made to counterparties with an appropriate credit history and management performs ongoing credit evaluations of its counterparties. The credit period granted to the customers is usually no more than 90 days and the credit quality of these customers is assessed, which takes into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. The expected loss allowance provision for these balances was not material during the year. In view of the sound collection history of receivables, management believes that the credit risk inherent in the Group's outstanding trade receivable balances is not significant.

In calculating the expected credit loss rate, the Group considers the historical loss rates for its customers and adjusts for forward-looking macroeconomic data. Further quantitative data in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade receivables are disclosed in note 17.

(ii) Credit risk of other receivables and amounts due from related parties

For the amounts due from related parties and other receivables, management makes periodic collective assessments as well as individual assessment on the recoverability of the amounts due from related parties and other receivables based on historical settlement records and past experiences. As at 31 December 2023, the credit ratings of other receivables and the amounts due from related parties were performing. The Group assessed that the expected credit losses for these receivables and the amounts due from related parties were not material under the 12-month expected loss method. In view of the history of cooperation with debtors and the sound collection history of receivables, management believes that the credit risk inherent in the Group's outstanding other receivable balances and the amounts due from related parties is not significant. The expected credit loss rate is close to zero.

(iii) Credit risk of cash and cash equivalents and time deposits

To manage this risk arising from cash and cash equivalents and time deposits, they are mainly placed with banks with high credit ratings. There has been no recent history of default in relation to these financial institutions. Based on historical data and management's analysis, loss on collection is not material and hence no provision is considered.



30. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting financial obligations due to shortage of funds. The Group's exposure to liquidity risk arises primarily from mismatches of the maturities of financial assists and liabilities. The Group monitors its risk to a shortage of funds by considering the maturities of both its financial liabilities and financial assets.

The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility. The Group aims to maintain sufficient cash and cash equivalents to meet its liquidity requirements.

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, is as follows:

	On demand/ Less than 2 months RMB'000	2 to 12 months RMB'000	1 to 2 years RMB'000	Total RMB'000
31 December 2023 Trade payables Lease liabilities	400,773 577	1,620	970	400,773 3,167
Total	401,350	1,620	970	403,940
31 December 2022 Trade payables Lease liabilities	371,415 439	801	146	371,415 1,386
Total	371,854	801	146	372,801

Capital management

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders' value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022.

The Group monitors capital using a debt-to-asset ratio, which is total liabilities divided by total assets. The debt-to-asset ratio as at the end of the reporting periods were as follows:

	2023 RMB'000	2022 <i>RMB'000</i>
Total liabilities Total assets	474,542 670,661	427,051 620,812
Debt-to-asset ratios	71%	69%

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31. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

There are no significant events after the end of the reporting period.

32. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

Information about the statement of financial position of the Company at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

	2023 <i>RMB'</i> 000	2022 <i>RMB'000</i>
NON-CURRENT ASSETS		
Investments in subsidiaries	39,544	39,544
Total non-current assets	39,544	39,544
CURRENT ASSETS Prepayments, other receivables and other assets Due from subsidiaries Cash and cash equivalents Time deposits	32 115,773 7,827 7,083	84 110,676 6,958 —
Total current assets	130,715	117,718
CURRENT LIABILITIES Other payables and accruals Due to subsidiaries	60 9,391	45 9,291
Total current liabilities	9,451	9,336
Net current assets	121,264	108,382
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	160,808	147,926
Net assets	160,808	147,926
EQUITY Share capital Treasury shares Reserves	2,599 (3,268) 161,477	2,157 (3,268) 149,037
Total equity	160,808	147,926



32. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

A summary of the Company's reserves is as follows:

	Treasury shares <i>RMB'000</i>	Share premium <i>RMB'000</i>	Exchange fluctuation reserve <i>RMB'000</i>	Accumulated losses <i>RMB'000</i>	Total <i>RMB'000</i>
As at 1 January 2022 Loss for the year	(743)	151,072 —	(10,944) —	(891) (203)	138,494 (203)
Other comprehensive income for the year			10,003		10,003
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year Shares withheld for share award	_	_	10,003	(203)	9,800
schemes	(2,525)				(2,525)
As at 31 December 2022	(3,268)	151,072	(941)	(1,094)	145,769
	Treasury shares RMB'000	Share premium <i>RMB'</i> 000	Exchange fluctuation reserve RMB'000	Accumulated losses RMB'000	Total RMB'000
As at 1 January 2023 Loss for the year Other comprehensive income	(3,268) —	151,072 —	(941) 	(1,094) (495)	145,769 (495)
for the year			1,940		1,940
-					

Total comprehensive income/(loss)					
for the year	—	—	1,940	(495)	1,445
Issue of shares	—	11,273	—	<u> </u>	11,273
Share issue expenses	—	(278)	—	—	(278)
As at 31 December 2023	(3,268)	162,067	999	(1,589)	158,209

33. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 26 March 2024.

DEFINITIONS

Unless the context otherwise require, the following expressions shall have the following meaning:

"Acting-in-Concert Agreements" the acting-in-concert agreements entered into among the founders of the Company on 11 May 2016, 31 May 2016 and 6 September 2019 concerning their cooperation as parties acting in concert regarding the management of, and to exercise control over, the Group "AdTensor" our proprietary ad optimisation and management platform "AGM" annual general meeting of the Company "AI" artificial intelligence "Amended Chapter 17" the amended Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules with effect from 1 January 2023 "Articles of Association" the second amended and restated articles of association of the Company adopted on 6 June 2023, as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time "Audit Committee" the audit committee of the Company "Award Period" a term of ten years commenced on 29 September 2021 "Beijing AdTiger" Beijing AdTiger Media Co., Limited (北京虎示傳媒有限公司), a company incorporated in the PRC with limited liability on 11 May 2016, an operating and indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company "Board" the board of Directors "CG Code" the section headed "Part 2 - Principles of good corporate governance, code provisions and recommended best practices" of the Corporate Governance Code set out in Appendix C1 (formerly Appendix 14) to the Listing Rules "Chairman" chairman of the Board "China", "Chinese Mainland" or the People's Republic of China, excluding, for the purpose of this "PRC" annual report, Hong Kong, Macau and Taiwan "close associate(s)" has the meaning ascribed to it under the Listing Rules "Company" ADTIGER CORPORATIONS LIMITED, a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability, the Share of which are listed and traded on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange



"Controlling Shareholder"	Ms. Chang, Fetech, Rowtel, Ms. Li, Hera and Westel
"CPA"	cost per action, a performance-based pricing model where advertising is paid on the basis of each action of the mobile device user such as download, installation or registration. CPI is typically referred to as CPA
"CPC"	cost per click, a non-performance-based pricing model where advertisers are charged on the basis of each click of the ad
"CPI"	cost per install, a performance-based pricing model where advertisers are charged on the basis of each installation of the app
"CPM"	cost per mille, a non-performance-based pricing model where advertisers are charged on the basis of thousand impressions
"Director(s)"	the director(s) of the Company
"ESG Report"	the environmental, social and governance report of the Company
"Fetech"	Fetech Media Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands with limited liability on 29 October 2018, one of our Controlling Shareholders
"FVTPL"	fair value through profit or loss
"Global Offering"	has the meaning ascribed to it under the Prospectus
"Group", "we", "us" or "our"	the Company and its subsidiaries
"Hera"	Hera Bridge Media Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands with limited liability on 29 October 2018, one of our Controlling Shareholders
"HK\$" or "HKD"	Hong Kong dollars, the lawful currency of Hong Kong
"HKFRSs"	Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards
"HongKong AdTiger"	HongKong AdTiger Media Co., Limited (香港虎視傳媒有限公司) (formerly known as Asia-Pacific Institute of Child Development Limited亞太兒童成長學會有限公司), a company incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability on 22 November 2010, an operating and indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company
"impression(s)"	the number of ad views, represents the total number of times our ad is viewed by a user or displayed on a web page during a certain period of time

Definitions

"IT"the information technology"Listing"the listing of the Shares on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange"Listing Date"10 July 2020, the date on which the Shares were listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange"Listing Rules"the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange, as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time"Main Board"the stock exchange (excluding the option market) operated by the Stock Exchange which is independent from and operates in parallel with GEM of the Stock Exchange"Metaverse"a network of three-dimensional (3D) virtual worlds focused on social and economic connection"Model Code"the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers set out in Appendix C3 (formerly Appendix 10) to the Listing Rules"Mr. Hsia"Mr. HSIA Timothy Chunhon, our former non-executive Director and our former substantial Shareholder, who resigned on 6 November 2023"Ms. Chang"Ms. CHANG Sufang (常素芳), our executive Director, one of our Controlling Shareholders"Nomination Committee"the nomination committee of the Company"Over-allotment Option"has the meaning ascribed to it under the Prospectus	"INED(s)"	the independent non-executive Director(s)
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Shareholders"Nomination Committee"the nomination committee of the Company"Over-allotment Option"has the meaning ascribed to it under the Prospectus	"Ms. Chang"	
"Over-allotment Option" has the meaning ascribed to it under the Prospectus	"Ms. Li"	
	"Nomination Committee"	the nomination committee of the Company
	"Over-allotment Option"	has the meaning ascribed to it under the Prospectus
"Placing" the placing of 124,500,000 Shares at the placing price of HK\$0.104 per Share conducted by the Company pursuant to a placing agreement dated 25 May 2023	"Placing"	HK\$0.104 per Share conducted by the Company pursuant to a
"Post-IPO Share Option Scheme" the share option scheme conditionally adopted by the Company, further details of which are described in the subsection headed "Statutory and General Information — D. Post-IPO Share Option Scheme" in Appendix IV to the Prospectus	"Post-IPO Share Option Scheme"	further details of which are described in the subsection headed "Statutory and General Information — D. Post-IPO Share Option
"Previous Year" the year ended 31 December 2022	"Previous Year"	the year ended 31 December 2022



"Prospectus"	the prospectus of the Company dated 29 June 2020
"Remuneration Committee"	the remuneration committee of the Company
"Reorganisation"	the reorganisation of the Group in preparation of the Listing, details of which are set out in the section headed "History, Reorganisation and Corporate Structure" in the Prospectus
"Reporting Period" or "Year"	the year ended 31 December 2023
"R&D"	the research and development
"RMB"	Renminbi, the lawful currency of the PRC
"Rowtel"	Rowtel Technology Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands with limited liability on 27 December 2018, one of our Controlling Shareholders
"Selected Participants"	Share Award Eligible Persons selected by the Board (subject to terms and conditions of the Share Award Scheme and the requirements of the Listing Rules), from time to time at its absolute discretion, to participate in the Share Award Scheme
"SFO"	the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) as amended and supplemented from time to time
"Share(s)"	ordinary share(s) in the share capital of the Company, currently of nominal value US\$0.0005 each
"Share Award Eligible Persons"	an employee, officer, Director or consultant of the Company or any of its subsidiaries selected by the Board, except for any individual who is resident in a place where the grant, acceptance or vesting of an award pursuant to the Share Award Scheme is not permitted under the laws and regulations of such place or where, in the view of the Board, compliance with applicable laws and regulations in such place makes it necessary or expedient to exclude such individual
"Share Award Scheme"	the share award scheme adopted by the Company, further details of which are described in the announcement of the Company on 29 September 2021
"Share Option Eligible Persons"	an employee (whether full time or part-time) or a director of a member of the Group or associated companies of the Company as determined by the Board (including any committee or delegate of the Board appointed by the Board to perform any of its functions pursuant to the rules of the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme) at its absolute discretion to be offered to grant an option to subscribe for such number of Shares

Definitions

"Shareholder(s)"	holder(s) of Shares
"Stock Exchange"	The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited
"Trustee"	the trustee appointed by the Company for the administration of the Share Award Scheme
"US" or "United States"	the United States of America
"US\$" or "USD"	United States dollars, the lawful currency of the United States
"Westel"	Westel Technology Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands with limited liability on 27 December 2018, one of our Controlling Shareholders

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