

## Contents 目錄

2	Corporate Information 公司資料
4	Five Years Financial Summary 五年財務概要
5	Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析
17	Biographical Details of Directors 董事簡介
22	Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告
55	Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告
90	Report of Directors 董事會報告
105	Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告
113	Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss 綜合損益表
114	Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表
115	Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表
117	Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表
118	Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表
121	Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註
228	Schedule of Properties 物業概覽表

## Corporate Information 公司資料

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. PAN Shimin (Chairman)
Mr. CHEN Xian (Vice-Chairman)

Mr. ZHANG Xiao Jun Mr. LIANG Zhichao

#### **Independent Non-Executive Directors**

Mr. YAU Sze Yeung Mr. CHEN Weijiang Mr. LEE Chun Tung

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Mr. YAU Sze Yeung (Chairman)

Mr. CHEN Weijiang Mr. LEE Chun Tung

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. CHEN Weijiang (Chairman)

Mr. PAN Shimin Mr. LEE Chun Tung

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. PAN Shimin (Chairman)

Mr. CHEN Weijiang Mr. LEE Chun Tung

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Ms. CHAN Yuen Ying Stella

#### **AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES**

Mr. PAN Shimin

Ms. CHAN Yuen Ying Stella

#### **AUDITOR**

McMillan Woods (Hong Kong) CPA Limited Registered Public Interest Entity Auditors

#### PRINCIPAL BANKERS

China Construction Bank (Asia) Corporation Limited DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Limited

#### 董事會

#### 執行董事

潘世民先生(主席) 陳賢先生(副主席) 張曉君先生 梁志超先生

#### 獨立非執行董事

邱思揚先生 陳偉江先生 李鎮形先生

#### 審核委員會

邱思揚先生(主席) 陳偉江先生 李鎮彤先生

#### 薪酬委員會

陳偉江先生(主席) 潘世民先生 李鎮彤先生

#### 提名委員會

潘世民先生(主席) 陳偉江先生 李鎮彤先生

#### 公司秘書

陳婉縈女士

#### 授權代表

潘世民先生陳婉縈女士

#### 核數師

長青(香港)會計師事務所有限公司註冊公眾利益實體核數師

#### 主要往來銀行

中國建設銀行(亞洲)股份有限公司星展銀行(香港)有限公司

# Corporate Information 公司資料

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

## HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

Suite 1501, 15/F Tower 1, Silvercord 30 Canton Road Tsimshatsui Kowloon Hong Kong

## PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Suntera (Cayman) Limited Royal Bank House – 3rd Floor 24 Shedden Road, P. O. Box 1586 Grand Cayman KY1-1110 Cayman Islands

# HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Union Registrars Limited Suites 3301-04, 33/F Two Chinachem Exchange Square 338 King's Road, North Point, Hong Kong

#### **COMPANY WEBSITE**

www.chinauptown.com.hk

#### **STOCK CODE**

2330

#### 註冊辦事處

Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

#### 總辦事處及主要營業地址

香港 九龍 尖沙咀 廣東道30號 新港中心第一期 15樓1501室

#### 主要股份登記及過戶處

Suntera (Cayman) Limited Royal Bank House – 3rd Floor 24 Shedden Road, P. O. Box 1586 Grand Cayman KY1-1110 Cayman Islands

#### 香港之股份登記及過戶分處

聯合證券登記有限公司 香港北角英皇道338號 華懋交易廣場2期 33樓3301-04室

#### 公司網址

www.chinauptown.com.hk

#### 股份代號

2330

## Five Years Financial Summary 五年財務概要

Year ended 31	December
截至十二月三十	一日止年度

業績	2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年
收益 (人民幣千元)	4,442	60,709	173,974	275,541	804,898
本公司之擁有人 應佔(虧損)溢利 (人民幣千元)	(46,231)	(55,768)	(400,926)	(7,775)	74,184
每股(虧損)盈利 (人民幣分)* 一基本	(18.17)	(21.92)	(157.55)	(4.26)	40.66
一攤薄	(18.17)	(21.92)	(157.55)	(4.26)	40.66
	收益 (人民幣千元) 本公司之擁有人 應佔(虧損)溢利 (人民幣千元) 每股(虧損)盈利 (人民幣分)* 一基本	業績 二零二三年  收益 (人民幣千元) 4,442  本公司之擁有人 應佔(虧損)溢利 (人民幣千元) (46,231)  每股(虧損)盈利 (人民幣分)* 一基本 (18.17)	業績     二零二三年       收益 (人民幣千元)     4,442     60,709       本公司之擁有人 應佔(虧損)溢利 (人民幣千元)     (46,231)     (55,768)       每股(虧損)盈利 (人民幣分)* 一基本     (18.17)     (21.92)	業績     二零二三年     二零二二年     二零二一年       收益 (人民幣千元)     4,442     60,709     173,974       本公司之擁有人 應佔(虧損)溢利 (人民幣千元)     (46,231)     (55,768)     (400,926)       每股(虧損)盈利 (人民幣分)* 一基本     (18.17)     (21.92)     (157.55)	業績     工零二三年     二零二二年     二零二一年     二零二零年       收益 (人民幣千元)     4,442     60,709     173,974     275,541       本公司之擁有人 應佔(虧損)溢利 (人民幣千元)     (46,231)     (55,768)     (400,926)     (7,775)       每股(虧損)盈利 (人民幣分)* 一基本     (18.17)     (21.92)     (157.55)     (4.26)

<sup>\*</sup> Based on share consolidation of every ten old shares consolidated into one new share.

#### At 31 December 於十二月三十一日

		231-73-1-1				
Assets and liabilities	資產及負債	2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年
Total assets	資產總值					
(RMB'000)	(人民幣千元)	651,734	614,052	722,210	1,096,471	1,183,485
Total liabilities	負債總額					
(RMB'000)	(人民幣千元)	(503,659)	(414,096)	(444,133)	(353,288)	(494,908)
Net asset value (RMB'000)	資產淨值 (人民幣千元)	148,075	199,956	278,077	743,183	688,577
Equity attributable to owners of the parent (RMB'000)	母公司之擁有人 應佔權益 (人民幣千元)	176,933	224,147	284,107	685,468	631,426
Non-controlling interests (RMB'000)	非控制性權益 (人民幣千元)	(28,858)	(24,191)	(6,030)	57,715	57,151
Total equity	權益總額	148,075	199,956	278,077	743,183	688,577

根據每十股舊股份合併成一股新股份的股份合併計算。

# Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

The review of the major business segments of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2023 (the "Year") is as follows:

#### **Property Development and Investment**

The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") operates two property development projects located in Maoming City, Guangdong Province, the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"). The first Maoming Project has been developed into a composite of residential and commercial properties in three phases (the "First Maoming Project"). Majority of the commercial and residential properties of the First Maoming Project had been delivered in 2019 and most of the proceeds from sales of the First Maoming Project has been used in the development of the second Maoming Project situated at Maoming Jixiang District\* (茂名市吉祥 小區) (the "Second Maoming Project").

During the Year, the revenue attributed to the property development and investment business amounted to approximately RMB4,442,000 (2022: RMB60,709,000).

As the sales of the First Maoming Project is near the end while the Second Maoming Project is still under development, revenue decreased significantly as compared with last year. The total area of residential and commercial properties of the First Maoming Project recognised as sales for the Year were approximately 747 square meters (2022: 10,043 square meters).

#### 業務回顧

本集團於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度(「本年度」)之主要業務分部回顧如下:

#### 物業發展及投資

本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)經營兩個位於中華人民共和國(「中國」)廣東省茂名項目的房地產開發項目。第一個茂名項目已分三期發展為住宅及商業物業的綜合體(「第一個茂名項目」)。第一個茂名項目大部分銷售所得款項已用於茂名市吉祥小區第二個茂名項目的開發(「第二個茂名項目」)。

於本年度,物業發展及投資業務應佔之收益 約人民幣4,442,000元(二零二二年:人民幣 60,709,000元)

由於第一個茂名項目的銷售臨近結束,而第二個茂名項目仍在開發中,故收益較去年大幅減少。於本年度,確認為銷售之第一個茂名項目的住宅與商用物業之總面積約為747平方米(二零二二年:10,043平方米)。

## Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

#### The Second Maoming Project

On 27 November 2019, Maoming Shang Cheng Real Estate Company Limited\* (茂名上誠置業有限公司) (the "Maoming Shang Cheng Real Estate"), an indirect non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Group, successfully won the bid of land use rights of the Second Maoming Project situated at Maoming Jixiang District\* (茂名市吉祥小區) with a total site area of approximately 29,274.16 square meters and the consideration of which was approximately RMB241,512,000. The land acquisition transaction by Maoming Shang Cheng Real Estate was completed in 2020. The Second Maoming Project was planned to be developed into a composite of residential and commercial properties with the following approximate planned areas:

Land site area 地盤面積 Gross saleable area 總可售面積 Residential areas 住宅面積 Commercial areas 商用面積 Carpark spaces 停車位

#### 第二個茂名項目

於二零一九年十一月二十七日,本集團之間接 非全資附屬公司茂名上誠置業有限公司(「茂 名上誠置業」)以代價約人民幣241,512,000 元成功中標茂名市吉祥小區第二個茂名項目 (總佔地面積約29,274.16平方米)之土地使 用權。茂名上誠置業的土地收購交易已於二零 二零年完成。第二個茂名項目計劃開發成為住 宅及商用物業為一體的綜合發展項目,概約規 劃面積如下:

> 29,000m<sup>2</sup> 29,000平方米 84,000平方米 59,000m<sup>2</sup> 59,000平方米 25,000平方米 1,000 units 1,000個

# Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

During the pandemic, construction of the development of Second Maoming Project had been delayed, so as to the pre-sales plan. As at December 2023, approximately 60% of the construction had completed. Construction of the basement, kindergarten and first 2 blocks of residential buildings had been completed. Pre-sales of the residential blocks was started in June 2022, and the pre-sales of the other parts of the project was rescheduled as follows:

Pre-Sales of residential properties (The remaining two blocks) 住宅物業預售 (餘下兩幢)
Pre-Sales of apartment properties
公寓物業預售
Pre-Sales of commercial properties
商業物業預售
Pre-Sales of car parks and shops
停車位及舗位預售
Completion and delivery
竣工並交付

The management of the Group believe the market sentiment is improving in Maoming City and that the upcoming pre-sales will strengthen the financial position of the Group.

#### Trading of raw cane sugar

For the Year, there was no revenue from trading of raw cane sugar while the economy has been recovering slowly in the post-pandemic era, the pace of recovery varies across industries. The change in domestic cane sugar demand has been driven by the significant easing of the pandemic situation in China, adjustments for pandemic prevention and control policies and the lifting of the border restrictions between countries. Strong market demand is the key to intensify the supply of sugar consumption, while the supply of cane sugar consumption in turn has an impact on domestic cane sugar prices. The Group will continue to adopt a proactive strategy to respond to the challenging market conditions.

於疫情期間,第二個茂名項目的開發建設及 預售計劃被延後。截至二零二三年十二月,約 60%的建設已經完成。地下室、幼兒園及前兩 幢住宅樓的建設已完成。住宅樓的預售已於二 零二二年六月開始,項目其他部分的預售時間 重新安排如下:

> Second half year of 2024 二零二四年下半年 First half year of 2025 二零二五年上半年

本集團管理層相信茂名市的市場氣氛正在改善,即將開始的預售將可加強本集團的財務狀況。

#### 原蔗糖貿易

於本年度,雖然經濟在後疫情時代一直在緩慢復甦,但是各行各業的復甦速度各不相同,原蔗糖貿易並無錄得收入。中國疫情形勢的顯著緩解、疫情防控政策的調整以及國家間邊境限制的解除等因素推動著國內蔗糖需求的變化。強勁的市場需求乃加强食糖消費供應的關鍵所在,而蔗糖消費供應進而影響國內蔗糖價格。本集團將繼續採取積極主動的策略,以應對充滿挑戰的市場環境。

## Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

#### MARKET OUTLOOK AND PROSPECTS

During the Year, pandemic containment policies were relaxed in China and the global economy gradually came out of the shadow of the COVID-19 pandemic. The real estate market continued to be sluggish with weak demand, and both market transaction volumes and prices went downward simultaneously. The overall real estate market is still in a bottoming out phase as market confidence and expectations have not restored yet.

With the increasing policy support and improving market sentiment, the management is confident to see for a better coming year and will remain watchful for some profitable businesses.

#### **FINANCIAL REVIEW**

For the Year, the Group's revenue amounted to approximately RMB4,442,000 (2022: RMB60,709,000) were all contributed from property development and investment business. Loss attributable to owners of the Company was approximately RMB46,231,000 (2022: RMB55,768,000), due to the significant decrease in revenue generated from sales of properties and impairment loss recognised on properties held for sales.

As at 31 December 2023, bank balances and cash were approximately RMB17,208,000 (2022: RMB26,710,000) and pledged bank deposits amounting to RMB3,133,000 (2022: RMB3,924,000) and restricted bank deposits amounting to RMB39,226,000 (2022: RMB7,094,000) have been pledged to guarantee the mortgage loans granted by the banks to customers of the Group.

As at 31 December 2023, the Group's total secured bank borrowings and other borrowing amounted to approximately RMB29,994,000 (2022: RMB21,028,000). As at 31 December 2023, the gearing ratio, expressed as a percentage of total secured bank borrowings, other borrowing and bank overdrafts over net assets was approximately 20% (2022: 11%) and the current ratio was approximately 1.3 (2022: 1.5).

#### 市場展望及前景

於本年度,中國放寬疫情控制政策,全球經濟逐漸走出COVID-19疫情的陰影。房地產市場持續低迷,需求疲軟,市場交易量及價格同時下跌。由於市場信心及預期尚未恢復,房地產市場整體仍處於觸底階段。

隨著政策支持力度加大及市場氣氛改善,管理 層對來年的發展充滿信心並將繼續關注一些 盈利業務。

#### 財務回顧

於本年度,本集團的收益(全部來自物業發展 及投資業務)為約人民幣4,442,000元(二零 二二年:人民幣60,709,000元)。本公司擁有 人應佔虧損約為人民幣46,231,000元(二零 二二年:人民幣55,768,000元),乃由於物業 銷售產生的收益大幅減少及持作出售物業確 認的減值虧損所致。

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,銀行結存及現金為約人民幣17,208,000元(二零二二年:人民幣26,710,000元)及已抵押銀行存款人民幣3,133,000元(二零二二年:人民幣3,924,000元)以及受限制銀行存款人民幣39,226,000元(二零二二年:人民幣7,094,000元)已作抵押,以擔保銀行授予本集團客戶的按揭貸款。

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團的有抵押銀行借款及其他借款總額為約人民幣29,994,000元(二零二二年:人民幣21,028,000元)。於二零二三年十二月三十一日,資產負債率(以有抵押銀行借款、其他借款及銀行透支總額除以資產淨值之百分比計算)為約20%(二零二二年:11%),而流動比率為約1.3(二零二二年:1.5)。

# Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

#### **CAPITAL STRUCTURE**

As at 31 December 2023, the authorised share capital of the Company was HK\$300,000,000 divided into 30,000,000,000 shares of the Company with par value of HK\$0.01 each (the "Shares") and the issued share capital was HK\$2,544,690.52 divided into 254,469,052 Shares.

#### **Capital Reduction and Sub-division**

At the extraordinary general meeting of the Company convened and held on 26 June 2023, a special resolution in relation to the capital reduction ("Capital Reduction") and the share sub-division ("Sub-division") was duly passed by way of poll. An order was made by the Grand Court of the Cayman Islands confirming the Capital Reduction on 11 September 2023 (Cayman Islands time) and the Capital Reduction and Sub-division took effect on 20 September 2023.

Details of the Capital Reduction and Sub-division are as follows:

#### (a) Capital Reduction:

The par value of each of the then issued shares of the Company was reduced from HK\$1.00 to HK\$0.01 by cancelling the paid up share capital of the Company to the extent of HK\$0.99 per the then issued shares of the Company. The credits arising from such reduction were applied towards offsetting the accumulated losses of the Company in a manner as permitted by all applicable laws and the memorandum and articles of association of the Company and as the Board considers appropriate.

#### 資本結構

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本公司之法定股本為港幣300,000,000元,分拆為30,000,000,000股每股面值港幣0.01元之本公司股份(「股份」)及已發行股本為港幣2,544,690.52元,分拆為254,469,052股股份。

#### 股本削減及分拆

在本公司於二零二三年六月二十六日召開及舉行之股東特別大會上,有關股本削減(「股本削減」)及股份分拆(「分拆」)之特別決議案以投票方式獲正式通過。開曼群島大法院頒令,確認於二零二三年九月十一日之股本削減(開曼群島時間)以及股本削減以及分拆於二零二三年九月二十日生效。

股本削減及分拆之詳情如下:

#### (a) 股本削減:

本公司每股當時已發行股份之面值已通過 註銷本公司每股當時已發行股份港幣0.99 港元之本公司繳足股本從港幣1.00元削減 至港幣0.01元。因有關削減而產生之進賬將 按所有適用法律及本公司組織章程大綱及 細則所允許及董事會認為適當的方式用於 抵銷本公司之累計虧損。

## Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

#### (b) Sub-division:

Immediately following the Capital Reduction, each of the then authorized but unissued shares of the Company of par value of HK\$1.00 each was subdivided into 100 new shares of the Company of par value of HK\$0.01 each.

Upon the Capital Reduction and the Sub-division became effective, the board lot size of the Shares for trading on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") had also been changed from 4,000 Shares to 8,000 Shares.

Relevant disclosure was made in the Company's announcements dated 29 May 2023, 26 June 2023, 14 August 2023 and 19 September 2023, and the Company's circular dated 7 June 2023.

#### **Placing of New Shares under General Mandate**

On 15 February 2024, the Company entered into a placing agreement (the "Placing Agreement") with VC Brokerage Limited (the "Placing Agent"), pursuant to which the Placing Agent has conditionally agreed, as the placing agent of the Company, to procure on a best effort basis to not less than six placees to subscribe for up to 50,888,000 shares of par value of HK\$0.01 each in the share capital of the Company (the "Placing Share(s)") at the placing price of HK\$0.14 per Placing Share (the "Placing"). The Placing Price of HK\$0.14 per Placing Share represents a discount of approximately 18.13% to the closing price of HK\$0.171 per Share as quoted on the Stock Exchange on the date of the Placing Agreement.

The Placing Shares were approved to issue under the general mandate granted to the directors of the Company (the "Directors") at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 31 May 2023. Completion of the Placing took place on 6 March 2024. An aggregate of 50,888,000 Placing Shares in nominal value of HK\$508,880 were issued and allotted, and the issued share capital of the Company increased to HK\$3,053,570.52 divided into 305,357,052 Shares.

#### (b) 分拆:

於緊隨股本削減後,本公司每股面值港幣1.00元之當時法定但未發行股份各自分拆為本公司100股每股面值港幣0.01元之新股份。

於股本削減及分拆生效後,於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)交易之股份每手買賣單位亦由4,000股股份更改為8,000股股份。

相關披露已於本公司日期為二零二三年五月二十九日、二零二三年六月二十六日、二零二三年八月十四日及二零二三年九月十九日之公告及本公司日期為二零二三年六月七日通函作出。

#### 根據一般授權配售新股份

於二零二四年二月十五日,本公司與滙盈證券有限公司(「配售代理」)訂立配售協議,據此,配售代理已有條件同意以本公司配售代理之身份按竭盡所能基準促使不少於六名承配人按配售價每股配售股份港幣0.14元之配售價認購本公司股本中50,888,000股每股面值港幣0.01元之股份(「配售事項」)。配售價每股配售股份港幣0.14元較於配售協議日期在聯交所所報收市價每股股份港幣0.171元折讓約18.13%。

配售股份獲准根據於二零二三年五月三十一日舉行之本公司股東週年大會授予本公司董事(「董事」)之一般授權予以發行。配售事項已於二零二四年三月六日完成。合共50,888,000股面值港幣508,880元之配售股份已獲發行及配發,而本公司已發行股本增至港幣3,053,570.52元,分拆為305,357,052股股份。

# Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

The gross proceeds from the Placing amounted to approximately HK\$7.12 million and the net proceeds amounted to approximately HK\$6.88 million (after deduction of commission and other expenses of the Placing), representing a net issue price of approximately HK\$0.135 per Placing Share.

配售事項所得款項總額為約港幣7.12百萬元及所得款項淨額為約港幣6.88百萬元(已扣除配售事項佣金及其他開支),即每股配售股份之淨發行價為約港幣0.135元。

The Company intends to use the net proceeds for repayment of outstanding liabilities and general working capital of the Group, which shall be applied on, including, staff cost, professional fees, rental payments and general administrative and operating expenses of the Group. The Directors are of the view that the Placing would enlarge the shareholder base and the capital base of the Company, and the net proceeds of the Placing would strengthen the Group's financial position for future development of the Group.

本公司擬將所得款項淨額用於償還本集團之未償還負債及一般營運資金,包括本集團的員工成本、專業費用、租金以及一般行政及營運開支。董事認為,配售事項將擴大本公司的股東基礎及資本基礎,而配售事項所得款項淨額將為本集團未來發展鞏固本集團之財務狀況。

As at the date of this report, approximately HK\$3.40 million of net proceeds have been used for repayment of outstanding liabilities. The remaining net proceeds of approximately HK\$3.48 million will be used according to the intended use on or before 31 December 2024.

於本報告日期,所得款項淨額約港幣3.40百萬元 已用作償還未償負債。餘下約港幣3.48百萬元之 所得款項淨額將於二零二四年十二月三十一日或 之前按擬定用途使用。

For the details of the Placing, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 15 February 2024, 19 February 2024 and 6 March 2024.

有關配售事項之詳情,請查閱本公司日期為二零二四年二月十五日、二零二四年二月十九日及二零二四年三月六日之公告。

#### FOREIGN CURRENCY EXPOSURE

#### 外匯風險

The Group mainly earns revenues and incurs costs in Renminbi, United States dollars and Hong Kong dollars. The Group's monetary assets and liabilities are denominated in Renminbi, United States dollars and Hong Kong dollars. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the management will monitor foreign exchange exposure closely and consider the use of hedging instruments when the need arises.

本集團賺取的收益及產生的費用主要以人民幣、 美元及港幣計算。本集團的貨幣資產及負債均以 人民幣、美元及港幣計值。目前本集團並無任何外 匯對沖政策。然而,管理層會密切監察外匯風險, 並在有需要時考慮使用對沖工具。

## Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

#### **CHARGE ON ASSETS**

As at 31 December 2023, certain of the Group's leasehold land and buildings with an aggregate carrying values of approximately RMB14,556,000 (2022: RMB14,612,000 were pledged to bank for securing general banking facilities granted to certain subsidiaries of the Company) were pledged to other borrowings to certain subsidiaries of the Company.

As at 31 December 2023, bank deposits of RMB3,133,000 (2022: RMB3,924,000) of the Group were pledged to obtain the mortgage facilities provided to certain purchasers of the Group's properties for which guarantees were provided by the Group to the banks.

#### **SEGMENT INFORMATION**

The details of segment information are set out in note 5 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **CAPITAL AND OTHER COMMITMENTS**

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had commitments for development of properties amounted to RMB242,952,000 (2022: RMB295,205,000).

#### **EMPLOYEE AND REMUNERATION POLICIES**

As at 31 December 2023, the Group employed 47 (2022: 53) full time employees in Hong Kong and the PRC. Total remuneration of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 was approximately RMB13,220,000 (2022: RMB14,633,000). The Group's emolument policies are formulated on the basis of market trends, future plans and the performance of individuals, which will be reviewed periodically. Apart from provident fund scheme and statemanaged social welfare scheme, share options will also be awarded to employees according to assessment of individuals' performance.

#### FINANCIAL GUARANTEE CONTRACTS

As at 31 December 2023, the Group's maximum obligation in respect of the mortgage facilities provided to certain purchasers of the Group's properties amounted to approximately RMB94,046,000 (2022: RMB41,814,000).

#### 資產抵押

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團若干總賬面值約人民幣14,556,000元(二零二二年:人民幣14,612,000元已抵押予銀行,作為本公司若干附屬公司獲授一般銀行融資的擔保)之若干租賃土地及樓宇已抵押予本公司若干附屬公司的其他借款。

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,人民幣3,133,000元 (二零二二年:人民幣3,924,000元)之本集團銀行 存款已作抵押,以獲得提供予本集團物業之若干 買家之按揭貸款,而本集團已就該等按揭貸款向 銀行提供擔保。

#### 分部資料

分部資料之詳情載於綜合財務報表之附註5。

#### 資本及其他承擔

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團開發物業之承擔金額為人民幣242,952,000元(二零二二年:人民幣295,205,000元)。

#### 僱員及薪酬政策

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團在香港及中國僱佣47位(二零二二年:53位)全職僱員。本集團於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度之薪酬總額為約人民幣13,220,000元(二零二二年:人民幣14,633,000元)。本集團的薪酬政策乃依據市場趨勢、未來計劃及個人表現而制訂,並定期進行檢討。除提供公積金計劃及國家管理社會福利計劃外,購股權將根據對個人表現的評估向僱員授出,以作獎勵。

#### 財務擔保合約

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團就向本 集團物業的若干買方提供的抵押貸款承擔的 最大債務為約人民幣94,046,000元(二零二二 年:人民幣41,814,000元)。

# Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

#### **GOING CONCERN**

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Directors have given careful consideration to the future liquidity of the Group in light of the fact that the Group incurred a net loss of approximately RMB51,637,000 for the year ended 31 December 2023 and recurring a net loss over four years. The current liabilities included the trade and other payables for the construction cost amounting to approximately RMB79,424,000, amount due to non-controlling interests amounting to approximately RMB115,498,000 and other borrowings amounting to approximately RMB29,994,000 that will be due in the coming twelve months. The Group might not be able to meet its liabilities in full when they fall due unless it is able to generate sufficient cash flows from future operations and/or other sources, since as at 31 December 2023, the Group only had cash and bank balances of approximately RMB17,208,000, pledged bank deposit of approximately RMB3.133.000 and restricted bank deposits of RMB39,226,000. These events or conditions indicate the existence of material uncertainties which may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

In this regard, the Directors have identified various initiatives to address the Group's liquidity needs, which include the following:

(a) The Group has been actively negotiating with the relevant party for renewal of the revolving other borrowing with outstanding principal amount of RMB9,089,000. The other borrowing had successfully signed an extension agreement on 25 March 2024 to renew the maturity date up to 30 April 2026;

#### 持續經營

於編製綜合財務報表時,鑑於本集團於截至 二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度產生淨虧 損約人民幣51,637,000元並於四年內經常出 現淨虧損,董事對本集團未來之流動資金給 予審慎考慮。流動負債包括建設成本之貿易 及其他應付款項約人民幣79,424,000元、應 付非控股權益款項約人民幣115,498,000元 以及將於未來十二個月內到期之其他借款約 人民幣29,994,000元。由於二零二三年十二 月三十一日,本集團僅有現金及銀行結餘約 人民幣17.208.000元、已抵押銀行存款約人 民幣3,133,000元及受限制銀行存款人民幣 39,226,000元,因此除非本集團能夠從未來 經營業務及/或其他來源產生足夠的現金 流,否則可能無法悉數償還到期債務。此等事 件或情況表明存在重大不確定性,可能會對本 集團之持續經營能力產生重大疑問。

為此,董事已確定多項措施來滿足本集團的流 動資金需求,其中包括以下內容:

(a) 本集團一直在積極與相關人士磋商重續 尚未償還本金額人民幣9,089,000元之 其他循環借款。其他借款已於二零二四 年三月二十五日順利簽訂延期協議,以 將到期日重續至二零二六年四月三十 日;

## Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

- (b) The Group will actively negotiate with the relevant party for renewal of the revolving other borrowing with outstanding principal amount of RMB20,905,000 to further extend the maturity date. The other borrowing will be due in August 2024 that is secured by the Group's property located in Hong Kong with the carrying amount of RMB14,556,000;
- (b) 本集團將積極與相關人士磋商重續未 償還本金人民幣20,905,000元的其他 循環借款,以進一步延長到期日。該筆 其他借款將於二零二四年八月到期,由 本集團位於香港的賬面金額為人民幣 14,556,000元的物業作抵押;
- (c) The Group has obtained written confirmations from the relevant non-controlling interests that they will not demand repayment of the outstanding principals in the total amount of approximately RMB115.498.000:
- (c) 本集團已獲得相關非控股權益之書面確認,彼等將不會要求償還總額約人民幣 115,498,000元之未尚未償還本金;
- (d) The Group will continue to make pre-sale of the properties of Second Maoming Project;
- (d) 本集團將繼續預售第二個茂名項目之物 業;
- (e) As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 6 March 2024, the Placing for an aggregate of 50,888,000 Placing Shares have been successfully placed at placing price of HK\$0.14 per Placing Share. The Group received net amount of approximately RMB6,321,000 and propose to use for repayment of outstanding liabilities and general working capital of the Group, which shall be applied on, including, staff cost, professional fees, rental payments and general administrative and operating expenses of the Group; and
- (e) 誠如本公司日期為二零二四年三月六日 之公告所披露,合共50,888,000股配售 股份已成功按每股配售股份港幣0.14 元進行配售。本集團收到淨額約人民幣 6,321,000元並擬用作償還本集團之尚 未償還負債及一般營運資金,以應用於 包括本集團之員工成本、專業費用、租 金付款及一般行政及營運開支;及
- (f) The Group will continue to take active measures to control administrative costs and maintain containment of capital expenditures.
- (f) 本集團將繼續採取積極措施控制行政成 本並繼續控制資本支出。

Based on the cash flow forecast of the Group prepared by the management and assuming success of the above measures, the Directors are of the opinion that the Group would have adequate funds to meet its liabilities as and when they fall due at least twelve months from the end of the reporting period. 根據管理層編製的本集團現金流量預測並假定上述措施取得成功,董事認為,本集團將擁有充足的資金償還自報告期末起至少十二個 月到期之負債。

# Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

Accordingly, the Directors consider it is appropriate to prepare the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis. Should the Group be unable to continue as a going concern, adjustments would have to be made to write down the value of assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for further liabilities which might arise and to reclassify non-current assets and non-current liabilities as current assets and current liabilities respectively. The effect of these adjustments has not been reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

因此,董事認為按持續經營基準編製綜合財務報表屬適當。倘本集團無法繼續持續經營,則必須進行調整,將資產價值調減至其可收回金額,為可能產生之進一步負債提供撥備,並將非流動資產及非流動負債分別重新分類為流動資產及流動負債。此等調整的影響並未反映於綜合財務報表。

#### **DIVIDEND**

No dividend was declared or proposed during the Year. The board of Directors (the "Board") does not recommend the payment of any dividend for the Year.

## PURCHASE, SALE AND REDEMPTION OF SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the Year.

#### SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS HELD, MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES, AND FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS OR CAPITAL ASSETS

There were no significant investments held as at 31 December 2023 nor material acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures during the Year and there is no plan for material investments or capital assets as at the date of this report.

#### **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

The Group has no material contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2023.

#### 股息

於本年度,並無宣派或擬派任何股息。董事會 (「董事會」) 不建議派發本年度之任何股息。

#### 購買、出售及贖回證券

於本年度,本公司及其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

持有之重大投資、附屬公司、聯營公司及合 資企業之重大收購及出售,以及未來作重 大投資或資本資產之計劃

於二零二三年十二月三十一日並無持有重大投資,於本年度內亦無附屬公司、聯營公司及合資企業之重大收購及出售及於本報告日期並無重大投資或資本資產之計劃。

#### 或然負債

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團並無重大或然負債。

## Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

#### **RESUMPTION OF TRADING**

At the request of the Company, trading in the Shares on the Stock Exchange was suspended since 27 May 2022. The Stock Exchange issued the resumption guidance on 17 July 2022 for the resumption of trading in the Shares (the "Resumption Guidance").

After years of unremitting efforts of the Directors and management of the Company, all the conditions under the Resumption Guidance have been fulfilled and the trading in the Shares on the Stock Exchange recommenced from 9:00 a.m. on 6 December 2023.

#### 恢復買賣

應本公司之要求,股份自二零二二年五月二十七日起於聯交所暫停買賣。聯交所於二零二二年七月十七日就恢復股份買賣發出複牌指引(「複牌指引」)。

經過本公司董事及管理層多年的不懈努力,複牌 指引項下之所有條件均已獲達成及股份已於二零 二三年十二月六日上午九時正起於聯交所恢復買 賣。

#### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Mr. Pan Shimin ("Mr. Pan"), aged 53, was appointed as an executive Director and the chairman of the Board on 28 January 2022. He was appointed as the chief executive officer of the Company on 10 February 2022. Mr. Pan resigned as the chief executive officer of the Company and was appointed as the chairman of the nomination committee of the Company (the "Nomination Committee") on 17 June 2022. Mr. Pan was appointed as a member of the remuneration committee of the Company (the "Remuneration Committee") with effect from 21 February 2024. He has over twenty years of corporate and project management experience. Mr. Pan obtained his bachelor's degree in engineering from the Northeastern University in the Peoples' Republic of China in 1994. He was a director of the light metals department of HATCH Project Consulting (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. from August 2011 to September 2014. He served as the director of Asia Pacific affairs and the general manager of Brochot (Tianjin) Metallurgical Equipment Manufacturing Co., Ltd. from October 2014 to May 2015. He was the general manager of the mineral resources department of Beijing Qixing Supply Chain Management Co., Ltd. in 2019.

Mr. Chen Xian ("Mr. Chen"), aged 60, was appointed as an executive Director and the vice-chairman of the Company on 12 October 2007 and was re-designated as the chairman of the Company on 30 November 2007. Mr. Chen was further re-designated as the vice-chairman of the Company on 17 August 2012. Mr. Chen is one of the founders of a sizeable property development company in Zhuhai, the PRC and has been a member of the senior management of a subsidiary of that company. Mr. Chen was mainly responsible for the investment and development of real estate projects of such companies. Before joining those companies, Mr. Chen worked as a senior member of certain state-owned companies and the local authority. He has more than twenty years of extensive experience in the investment and development of real estate projects. He holds a Master Degree of Business Administration from the Asia International Open University (Macau).

#### 執行董事

潘世民先生(「潘先生」),53歲,於二零二二年 一月二十八日獲委任為執行董事及董事會主 席。彼於二零二二年二月十日獲委任為本公司 行政總裁。潘先生於二零二二年六月十七日辭 任本公司行政總裁並獲委任為本公司提名委 員會(「提名委員會」)主席。自二零二四年二月 二十一日起,潘先生獲委任為本公司薪酬委員 會(「薪酬委員會」)成員。彼擁有逾二十年企業 及項目管理經驗。潘先生於一九九四年取得中 華人民共和國東北大學工程學學士學位。彼於 二零一一年八月至二零一四年九月擔任赫氏 工程諮詢(上海)有限公司輕金屬部總監。於二 零一四年十月至二零一五年五月期間擔任博壽 (天津) 冶金設備製造有限公司亞太區業務總 監及總經理,並於二零一九年曾任北京啟興供 應鏈管理有限公司礦產資源部總經理。

Mr. Zhang Xiao Jun ("Mr. Zhang"), aged 49, was appointed as an executive Director on 30 October 2023. He is an accomplished and performance-driven professional management with extensive experience in reorganizing and streamlining financial operations to increase performance and profitability. As the executive director and president of Guizhou Starcrest Education Management Co. Ltd. in China and Starcrest Education Ltd. (a company whose shares are listed on the main market of London Stock Exchange, stock ticker: OBOR) in the United Kingdom, he has demonstrated expertise in managing funds, optimizing cash flow, establishing investment funds, and providing investment and financing services. Mr. Zhang is skilled in strategic planning, business intelligence, continuous process improvement, ensuring compliance with financial regulations and implementing effective development strategies.

張曉君先生(「張先生」),49歲,於二零二三年十月三十日獲委任為執行董事。他是一位傑出及以業績為導向的專業管理人士,在重組和精簡財務運營以提高業績和盈利能力方管理的經驗。身為中國貴州星臣教育管理內方管理的經驗。身為中國貴州星臣教育管理內分間其股份。 一間其股份碼,股票代碼,股票代碼,股明金流、設立投資基金以及提供投融資質的,設立投資基金以及提供投融資產的方面擁有豐富的專業知識。張先生擅長節點,商業智慧、持續流程改進、確保遵守財務法規並實施有效的發展策略。

Mr. Zhang excels in corporate governance, promulgating compliance with financial regulations, and ensuring the implementation of robust internal control processes. He has provided strategic guidance in developing and updating policies and procedures, critically assessed and improved internal control processes, and produced accurate cost optimization processes to enhance the organization's efficiency and reduce costs.

張先生在公司治理、財務法規合規性,以及確保實施穩健的內部控制流程方面有很多經驗。他為制定和更新政策和程序提供了策略指導,嚴格評估和改進了內部控制流程,並制定了準確的成本優化流程,以提高組織的效率並降低成本。

Mr. Zhang held the position of assistant to the general manager and deputy general manager at YBN Holdings Limited in Shenzhen, China during August 2006 to March 2016. Additionally, Mr. Zhang served as the general manager at Henan Agricultural Development Investment in Henan, China during August 2008 to March 2016, where he played a key role in setting up the first agricultural industry fund in China with a designed fund size of RMB4.8 billion.

張先生於二零零六年八月至二零一六年三月在中國深圳擔任逸百年(中國)投資有限公司總經理助理及副總經理。此外,張先生還曾於二零零八年八月至二零一六年三月期間兼任中國河南河南農開投資基金總經理,並在其中發揮了關鍵作用,設立了中國第一支農業產業基金,設計基金規模為人民幣48億元。

Mr. Zhang holds a Master's degree of Commerce in Funds Management from the University of New South Wales and a Bachelor's degree of Business (Banking and Finance) from Monash University. 張先生持有新南威爾斯大學(University of New South Wales)基金管理商業碩士學位和蒙納許大學(Monash University)商業(銀行與金融)學士學位。

Mr. Liang Zhichao ("Mr. Liang"), aged 46, was appointed as an executive Director on 29 January 2024. He has extensive experience in handling relationships and liaising with various administrative departments. He served as a manager of engineering department of 廈門高誠信建設監理有限公司 (Xiamen Gaochengxin Construction Supervision Co. Ltd.\*) and 廈門築鼎成工程管理有限公司 (Xiamen Zhudingcheng Engineering Management Co. Ltd.) during January 2011 to July 2019 and October 2019 to February 2022 respectively. Mr. Liang also served as a legal affairs assistant manager of Virtual Mind Holding Company Limited (a company whose shares are listed on the Stock Exchange, stock code: 1520) during June 2022 to December 2023.

Mr. Liang graduated from Xiamen University majoring in business administration.

梁志超先生(「梁先生」),46歲,於二零二四年 一月二十九日獲委任為執行董事。他於處理各 行政部門的關係及溝通接洽方面擁有豐富經 驗。彼分別於二零一一年一月至二零一九年 月期間及二零一九年十月至二零二年二 月期間,擔任廈門高誠信建設監理有限公司 理。梁先生亦曾於二零二二年六月至二零二 年十二月期間,擔任天機控股有限公司(號 一間股份於聯交所上市的公司,股份代號: 1520)的法務部助理經理。

梁先生畢業於廈門大學工商管理專業。

## INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Yau Sze Yeung ("Mr. Yau"), aged 46, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director and the chairman of the audit committee of the Company (the "Audit Committee") on 6 July 2022. He has over twenty years of experience in various sections of the financial industry including audit and corporate finance. He has been an independent non-executive director of Chi Ho Development Holdings Limited (a company listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange; stock code: 8423) since February 2017. He was the financial controller of Janco Holdings Limited ("Janco") (a company listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange; stock code: 8035) from July 2015 to October 2019 and was also an executive director and company secretary of Janco from April 2016 to October 2019.

Mr. Yau obtained a bachelor's degree of business administration in accountancy from City University of Hong Kong. He is currently a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

Mr. Chen Weijiang ("Mr. Chen Weijiang"), aged 50, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director, the chairman of the Remuneration Committee and a member of each of the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee respectively on 3 January 2020. Mr. Chen Weijiang has over twenty years of experience in the sugar markets in the PRC. Mr. Chen Weijiang obtained a law degree from the Xi'an Politics Institute of the People's Liberation Army\* (解放軍西安政治學院) and commenced work at the Zhanjiang Hengde Sugar Company Limited\* (湛江恒德糖業有限公司) in 1997. From 2007 to 2017, Mr. Chen Weijiang acted as the executive director of Zhanjiang Hengde Sugar Company Limited\* (湛江恒德糖業有限公司).

#### 獨立非執行董事

邱思揚先生(「邱先生」),46歲,於二零二二年七月六日獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事及審核委員會(「審核委員會」)之主席。彼於金融行業不同領域擁有逾20年經驗,包括審佐及企業融資。邱先生自二零一七年二月起擔任潪澔發展控股有限公司(一間於聯交所GEM上市之公司;股份代號:8423)之獨立非執行董事。彼於二零一五年七月至二零一九年十月擔任駿高控股有限公司(「駿高」)(一間於聯務網監並於二零一六年四月至二零一九年十月期間擔任駿高的執行董事及公司秘書。

邱先生獲香港城市大學頒授工商管理(會計) 學士學位,並為香港會計師公會會員。

陳偉江先生(「陳偉江先生」),50歲,於二零二零年一月三日獲委任為獨立非執行董事、薪酬委員會主席及審核委員會及提名委員會各自之成員。陳偉江先生於中國糖市場擁有逾二十年經驗。陳偉江先生取得解放軍西安政治學院之法律學位並於一九九七年在湛江恒德糖業有限公司開始工作。於二零零七年至二零一七年,陳偉江先生擔任湛江恒德糖業有限公司之執行董事。

Mr. Lee Chun Tung ("Mr. Lee") (formerly as, Li Chun Chiu), aged 53, was appointed as an independent nonexecutive Director, a member of each of the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee on 17 June 2022. He obtained a Master's degree of science in financial engineering from City University of Hong Kong in 2007. He was awarded the Bachelor's (Honour) degree in accounting and finance from Manchester Metropolitan University in 1994. Mr. Lee has been an executive director of Pinestone Capital Limited (a company listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange; stock code: 804) since 14 September 2022. He was the senior vice president of Eternal Sincere Finance Limited from May 2019 to 12 June 2022. He was a chief operating officer of BOA Financial Group Limited from September 2017 to May 2019, a director of the synthetic prime service of Haitong International Securities Company Limited during December 2015 to September 2017, a director of global commodities division of China Merchants Securities (HK) Co., Ltd during April 2014 to December 2015, an operations manager of QRMO (Quality Risk Management & Operations) from June 2013 to April 2014, a director of finance and treasury division of BOC International Holdings Limited during August 2006 to June 2013, an assistant manager of the risk management department of Mizuho Securities Asia Limited from September 2005 to June 2006 and controller of Hong Kong product control division, Singapore financial control division and Hong Kong financial control division of Credit Suisse First Boston (HK) Ltd. during May 2004 to October 2004, October 2002 to April 2004 and December 1999 to October 2002 respectively. Mr. Lee has extensive experience in internal control, risk management and regulatory compliance.

李鎮彤先生(「李先生」)(前稱李振超),53歲, 於二零二二年六月十七日獲委任為獨立非執 行董事、審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員 會各自的成員。彼於二零零七年自香港城市大 學獲取金融工程理學碩士。彼於一九九四年 自英國曼徹斯特城市大學取得會計與金融(榮 譽) 學士。李先生自二零二二年九月十四日起 擔任鼎石資本有限公司(一間於聯交所主板上 市之公司;股份代號:804)之執行董事。彼 於二零一九年五月至二零二二年六月十二日 期間擔任安仁金融有限公司的高級副總裁。 彼於二零一七年九月至二零一九年五月期間 擔任亞銀金融集團有限公司的首席營運官、於 二零一五年十二月至二零一七年九月期間擔 任海通國際證券有限公司大宗經紀服務的董 事、於二零一四年四月至二零一五年十二月擔 任招商證券(香港)有限公司的董事、於二零 一三年六月至二零一四年四月期間擔任質量 風險管理營運部(ORMO)的營運經理、於二零 零六年八月至二零一三年六月期間擔任中銀 國際控股有限公司融資及財務部董事、於二零 零五年九月至二零零六年六月期間擔任瑞穗 證券亞洲有限公司風險管理部的助理經理及 分別於二零零四年五月至二零零四年十月期 間、二零零二年十月至二零零四年四月期間及 一九九九年十二月至二零零二年十月期間擔 任瑞士信貸第一波士頓(香港)有限公司香港 產品控制部之合約產品控制員、新加坡財務部 財務控制員及香港財務部財務控制員。李先生 於內部控制、風險管理及法規合規方面擁有豐 富經驗。

The Board and the management of the Company are committed to the maintenance of good corporate governance practices and procedures.

## COMPLIANCE WITH THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

The Company's corporate governance practices are based on the principles and code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix C1 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"). During the Year, in the opinion of the Directors, the Company was in compliance with all the relevant code provisions set out in the CG Code.

## MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. Having made specific enquiry of all Directors, the Company confirms that all Directors have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code during the Year.

董事會及本公司管理層致力達致高水準之企 業管治慣例及程序。

#### 遵守企業管治守則

本公司之企業管治常規乃以聯交所證券上市規則 (「上市規則」) 附錄C1所載之企業管治守則(「企 業管治守則」) 所載原則及守則條文為依據。於本 年度,董事認為本公司已遵守企業管治守則所載 之所有相關守則條文。

#### 董事進行證券交易之標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄C3所載上市發行人董事進行證券交易之標準守則(「標準守則」),作為其本身有關董事進行證券交易的操守守則。於本年度,向全體董事作出明確查詢後,本公司確認全體董事已遵守標準守則所載之規定標準。

22

#### **COMPOSITION AND BOARD PRACTICES**

The Board is collectively responsible for the oversight of the management of the business and affairs of the Group with the objective of enhancing its corporate value. As at the date of this report, the Board consisted of seven Directors, comprising four executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors. At least one of the independent non-executive Director possess appropriate professional accounting qualifications and financial management expertise, which complies with the requirement of the Listing Rules.

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Pan Shimin (Chairman)

Mr. Chen Xian (Vice-Chairman)

Mr. Zhang Xiao Jun

(appointed on 30 October 2023)

Mr. Liang Zhichao

(appointed on 29 January 2024)

Mr. Cheng Chi Kin (resigned as executive Director and Chief Executive Officer with effect from 1 March 2024)

Mr. To Kwan (resigned with effect from 21 February 2024)

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Chen Weijiang Mr. Lee Chun Tung

Mr. Yau Sze Yeung

The Directors' biographical information are set out in pages 17 to 21 of this annual report. All executive Directors have given sufficient time and attention to the affairs of the Group. Each executive Director has sufficient experience to hold the position so as to carry out his duties effectively. The Board members have no financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationships with each other.

#### 董事會組成及董事會慣例

董事會負責集體監督管理本集團的業務及事宜,旨在提升企業價值。於本報告日期,董事會由七名董事組成,當中包括四名執行董事及 三名獨立非執行董事。至少一名獨立非執行董 事具有上市規則規定之適當的專業會計資格 及財務管理專長。

#### 執行董事

潘世民先生(主席) 陳賢先生(副主席) 張曉君先生

(於二零二三年十月三十日獲委任)

梁志超先生

(於二零二四年一月二十九日獲委任)

鄭子堅先生(於二零二四年三月一日) 辭任執行董事及行政總裁)

杜坤先生(於二零二四年二月二十一日辭任)

#### 獨立非執行董事

陳偉江先生 李鎮彤先生 邱思揚先生

董事履歷詳情載於本年報第17至第21頁。所有執行董事均就本集團事務付出充足時間及心力。每名執行董事均具有其職位所需之足夠經驗,以有效執行彼之職務。董事會成員之間概無財務、業務、家庭或其他重大/相關關係。

The Board has delegated the executive Directors with authority and responsibility by handling the management functions and operations of the day-to-day business of the Company, while reserving certain key matters for the approval by the Board. The types of decisions to be taken by the Board include annual and interim period financial reporting and control, equity fund raising, declaration of interim dividend and making recommendation of final dividend or other distributions, notifiable and connected transactions under Chapters 14 and 14A of the Listing Rules and making recommendation for capital reorganization or scheme of arrangement of the Company.

董事會已將處理本公司一切管理及日常營運工作轉授本公司之執行董事負責,惟若干重要事項仍需經董事會批准。需由董事會作出決定之類別包括年度及中期財務滙報及監控、股本集資、宣派中期股息及建議末期股息或其他分派、根據上市規則第14及14A章須予公佈及關連之交易,以及就本公司之股本重組或安排計劃作出建議。

The Board and each Director have separate and independent access to the Company's senior management. A Director who considers a need for independent professional advice in order to perform his/her duties as a Director may convene, or request the secretary of the Company (the "Company Secretary") to convene, a meeting of the Board to approve the seeking of independent legal or other professional advice.

董事會及各董事可自行接觸本公司之高級管理層。董事如認為需要獨立專業意見,以履行其為董事之責任,可召開或要求本公司之秘書(「公司秘書」)召開董事會會議,批准徵求獨立法律或其他專業意見。

The Company adopts the practice of holding meetings of the Board regularly for at least four times a year at approximately quarterly intervals. Ad-hoc meetings will also be convened if necessary to discuss the overall strategy as well as the operation and financial performance of the Group. Notice of meeting of the Board will be sent to all Directors at least 14 days prior to a regular Board meeting. Reasonable notice will be given to Directors for ad-hoc Board meetings. Directors may participate either in person or through electronic means of communications.

本公司採納定期(一年最少四次,約每季一次)舉行董事會會議的措施。倘需要討論整體策略以及本集團的經營及財務表現,亦會召開臨時董事會會議。董事會會議通告將於日常董事會會議舉行前最少十四天送發予所有董事。就臨時董事會會議而言,合理通告亦會發予董事。董事可親身或透過電子通訊方式出席會議。

During the Year, 13 meetings of the Board were held, Directors are provided with relevant information to make informed decisions. The attendance of Directors at the Board meetings and the Board committees' meetings is set out in the table below:

本年度已舉行13次董事會會議,董事已獲得相關資料以作出知情決定。董事會及董事委員會各董事之會議出席情況載列於下表:

## Meetings attended/Eligible to attend 出席會議/合資格出席之會議

Name of Directors 董事姓名		Board 董事會	Audit Committee 審核委員會	Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會	Nomination Committee 提名委員會
Executive Directors	執行董事				
Mr. Pan Shimin	潘世民先生	12/13	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	2/2
Mr. Chen Xian	陳賢先生	11/13	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用
Mr. Cheng Chi Kin (resigned as executive Director and Chief Executive Officer with	鄭子堅先生(於二零二四年 三月一日辭任執行董事及				
effect from 1 March 2024)	行政總裁)	13/13	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用
Mr. To Kwan (resigned with effect from 21 February 2024) Mr. Zhang Xiao Jun (appointed on	杜坤先生(於二零二四年 二月二十一日辭任) 張曉君先生(於二零二三年	13/13	N/A不適用	3/3	N/A不適用
30 October 2023) (Note) Mr. Liang Zhichao (appointed on	十月三十日獲委任) (附註) 梁志超先生(於二零二四年	2/2	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用
29 January 2024)	一月二十九日獲委任)	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事				
Mr. Chen Weijiang	陳偉江先生	11/13	4/5	2/3	1/2
Mr. Lee Chun Tung	李鎮彤先生	13/13	5/5	3/3	2/2
Mr. Yau Sze Yeung	邱思揚先生	13/13	5/5	N/A不適用	N/A不適用

Note: Mr. Zhang Xiao Jun was appointed on 30 October 2023, 2

Board meetings were held after his appointment.

附註: 張曉君先生於二零二三年十月三十日獲委任,於彼 獲委任後舉行兩次董事會會議。

## **Directors' Induction and Continuous Professional Development**

All Directors, including independent non-executive Directors, should keep abreast of their collective responsibilities as Directors and of the business and activities of the Group. Each newly appointed Director would receive a comprehensive induction package covering business operations, policy and procedures of the Company as well as the general, statutory and regulatory obligations of being a Director to ensure that he/she is sufficiently aware of his/her responsibilities under the Listing Rules and other relevant regulatory requirements. The Group also provides briefings and other training to develop and refresh the Directors' knowledge and skills, and update all Directors on the latest developments regarding the Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirement to ensure compliance and to enhance their awareness of good corporate governance practices.

Mr. Zhang Xiao Jun has been appointed as an executive Director on 30 October 2023 and Mr. Liang Zhichao has been appointed as an executive Director on 29 January 2024. Mr. Zhang Xiao Jun and Mr. Liang Zhichao obtained legal advice from a firm of solicitors qualified to advise on Hong Kong law as regards the requirements under the Listing Rules that are applicable to him as a director of a listed issuer and the possible consequences of making a false declaration or giving false information to the Stock Exchange on 6 November 2023 and 31 January 2024 respectively. Each of them has confirmed he understood his obligations as a director of a listed issuer.

#### 董事之入職及持續專業發展

全體董事(包括獨立非執行董事)均須了解彼等作為董事之共同職責,以及本集團之業務內活動。每位新委任之董事均會收到一份全入職資料,範圍涵蓋本公司之業務營運、監管及及程序以及作為董事之一般、法定及監管及監管規定下之責任。本集團亦會規則及所發展及更新董事之知識人類。並向全體董事提供有關上市規則及所強董事對良好企業管治常規之認識。

張曉君先生於二零二三年十月三十日獲委任 為執行董事,而梁志超先生於二零二四年一月 二十九日獲委任為執行董事。張曉君先生及梁 志超先生分別於二零二三年十一月六日及二 零二四年一月三十一日就上市規則中適用於 其作為上市發行人董事的規定及向聯交所 出虛假申報或提供虛假資料的可能後果,向 家就香港法律提供意見的律師行取得法律 見。彼等各自已確認其明白作為上市發行人董 事之責任。

During the Year, the Directors participated in the continuous professional developments in relation to regulatory update, the duties and responsibilities of the Directors and the business of the Group in the following manner and provided a record of training they received to the Company:

於本年度,董事透過以下方式參與有關監管事宜之最新訊息、董事之職務與職責及本集團業務之持續專業發展活動並向本公司提供彼等 所接受的培訓記錄:

> Attended Seminars or Briefing/Read Materials 參加研討會或 簡介會/閱讀材料

> > N/A不適用

N/A不適用

#### Name of Directors 董事姓名

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Pan Shimin Mr. Chen Xian

Mr. Cheng Chi Kin (resigned as executive Director and Chief Executive Officer with effect from 1 March 2024)

Mr. To Kwan (resigned with effect from 21 February 2024) Mr. Zhang Xiao Jun

(appointed on 30 October 2023)

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Chen Weijiang Mr. Lee Chun Tung Mr. Yau Sze Yeung

#### 執行董事

潘世民先生 陳賢先生

鄭子堅先生(於二零二四年三月一日 辭任執行董事及行政總裁)

杜坤先生(於二零二四年 二月二十一日辭任)

張曉君先生(於二零二三年

十月三十日獲委任) N/A不適用

#### 獨立非執行董事

陳偉江先生 李鎮彤先生 邱思揚先生

#### **CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER**

During the Year, the two positions are held separately by two individuals to ensure their respective independence, accountability and responsibility. Mr. Pan Shimin, Chairman of the Board, is in charge of the management of the Board and strategic planning of the Group. Mr. Cheng Chi Kin, Chief Executive Officer, is responsible for the overall business operation and formulating business plans. The Company considered that the division of responsibilities between the chairman and chief executive officer is clearly established.

#### INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

All the independent non-executive Directors are appointed for a term of three years, and subject to re-election on retirement by rotation at the annual general meeting of the Company in accordance with the Company's articles of association (the "Articles"). One of the independent non-executive Director has appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise as required under Rule 3.10 of the Listing Rules. The independent non-executive Directors have confirmed their independence to the Company as required under Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company, based on such confirmations, considers all independent non-executive Directors are independent.

#### 主席及行政總裁

年內,該兩個職位分別由兩人擔任,以確保彼 等各自的獨立性、問責性及責任性。董事會主 席潘世民先生負責董事會之管理及本集團之 戰略規劃。行政總裁鄭子堅先生負責整體業務 運營及制定業務計劃。本公司認為,主席與行 政總裁之職責分工明確。

#### 獨立非執行董事

全體獨立非執行董事任期三年並須根據本公司之章程細則(「細則」)之規定於本公司股東週年大會上輪值退任及膺選連任。根據上市規則第3.10條,其中一名獨立非執行董事必須具備適當的專業資格,或具備適當的會計或相關財務管理專長。獨立非執行董事已根據上市規則第3.13條的規定向本公司確認彼等之獨立性。本公司據此等確認書認為全體獨立非執行董事均具備獨立身份。

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Company established the Nomination Committee with written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code. On 20 December 2013, the Board adopted a set of the revised terms of reference of the Nomination Committee, which has brought it in line with the new Listing Rules relating to the board diversity with effective from 1 September 2013. The revised terms of reference setting out the Nomination Committee's authority, duties and responsibilities are available on both the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange. During the Year and as at the date of this annual report, the Nomination Committee has the following members:

#### **Members**

Mr. Pan Shimin (Chairman)

Mr. Chen Weijiang Mr. Lee Chun Tung

The Nomination Committee has adopted a written nomination procedure specifying the process and criteria for the selection and recommendation of candidates for directorship of the Company.

The principal responsibilities of the Nomination Committee are reviewing and supervising the structure, size and composition of the Board with due regard to the board diversity policy, identifying qualified individuals to become members of the Board, assessing the independence of the independent non-executive Directors and making recommendations to the Board on the appointment or reappointment of Directors.

Potential new Directors are identified and submitted to the Nomination Committee for approval. The nomination of Directors should take into consideration the candidate's qualification, ability and potential contribution to the Company. A candidate to be appointed as an independent non-executive Director must also satisfy the independence criteria set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

#### 提名委員會

本公司成立提名委員會並遵守企業管治守則 訂立書面職權範圍。於二零一三年十二月二十 日,董事會採納一系列經修訂之提名委員會職權範圍,其符合自二零一三年九月一日生效之 有關董事會成員多元化之新上市規則。載有提 名委員會權力、職責及責任之經修訂職權範圍 可於本公司網站及聯交所網站查閱。於本年度 及於本年報日期,提名委員會現有以下成員:

#### 成員

潘世民先生(主席) 陳偉江先生 李鎮彤先生

提名委員會已採納書面提名程序,列明挑選及 建議本公司董事候選人之過程及準則。

提名委員會在充分考慮董事會成員多元化政 策後主要負責檢討及監督董事會之架構、規模 及組成,物色合資格人士出任董事會成員,評 估獨立非執行董事之獨立性,以及向董事會就 委任或重選董事作出推薦建議。

物色到候任新董事後,均須提呈提名委員會審批。提名董事時須考慮候選人之資歷、能力及對本公司之潛在貢獻。獲委任為獨立非執行董事之候選人,亦須符合上市規則第3.13條所載之獨立性準則。

During the Year, 2 meetings were held by the Nomination Committee to recommend the re-appointment of the Directors standing for re-election at the annual general meeting, to review the size, structure, composition as well as diversity of the Board, to assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors, and making recommendation of new Director candidate for the Board's approval. The Nomination Committee has also reviewed the board diversity policy to ensure its effectiveness and considered that the Group has achieved the objectives of the board diversity policy during the Year.

於本年度,提名委員會召開兩次會議,藉以建議續聘將於股東週年大會上膺選連任之董事;檢討董事會之規模、架構、組成及多元化,評估獨立非執行董事之獨立性,並推薦新任董事候選人,供董事會批准。提名委員會亦已檢討董事會成員多元化政策以確保其成效,並認為本集團本年度達致董事會成員多元化政策之目標。

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

The Company established the Remuneration Committee with the written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code. On 31 March 2023, the Board adopted a set of the revised terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee, which has brought it in line with the new Listing Rules relating to the share schemes with effective from 1 January 2023. The revised of reference setting out the Remuneration Committee's authority, duties and responsibilities are available on both the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange. The Remuneration Committee has adopted the operation model where it performs an advisory role to the Board, with the Board retaining the final authority to approve the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management. During the Year and as at the date of this annual report, the Remuneration Committee has the following members:

#### 薪酬委員會

本公司成立薪酬委員會並遵守企業管治守則 訂立書面職權範圍。於二零二三年三月三職 題,董事會採納一套經修訂薪酬委員會職 範圍,使其符合自二零二三年一月一日起 的有關股份計劃的新上市規則。載有薪酬可 會權力、職責及責任之經修訂職權範圍可 会司網站及聯交所網站查閱。薪酬委員會在 採納之運作模式中擔任董事會之顧問角色 理 場 人士薪酬待遇之權力。於本年度及於本年報 期,薪酬委員會現有以下成員:

#### Members

Mr. Chen Weijiang (Chairman)
Mr. To Kwan
(ceased with effect from 21 February 2024)
Mr. Pan Shimin
(appointed with effect from 21 February 2024)
Mr. Lee Chun Tung

#### 成員

陳偉江先生(主席) 杜坤先生 (於二零二四年二月二十一日終止) 潘世民先生 (於二零二四年二月二十一日獲委任) 李鎮彤先生

The principal responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee are making recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for the remuneration of Directors and senior management, reviewing and approving the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the corporate goals and objectives resolved by the Board from time to time and reviewing and/or approving matters relating to shares schemes under Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules.

薪酬委員會之主要職責為就本公司全體董事及高級管理層之薪酬政策及架構向董事會提供建議,參考董事會不時決議之企業目標及目的,審閱及批准管理層之薪酬方案並審閱及/或批准上市規則第17章項下有關股份計劃之事宜。

Details of the remuneration of Directors are set out in note 11 to the consolidated financial statements. During the Year, 3 meetings of Remuneration Committee were held for, inter alia, reviewing the remuneration policy and structure for as well as the remuneration packages of all Directors and the senior management, recommending the adjustment proposal to the Board, and considering and recommending to the Board on the remuneration of the proposed executive Director. No Director was involved in deciding his own remuneration.

董事酬金之詳情載列於綜合財務報表附註 11。於本年度,薪酬委員會召開了三次會議, 藉以(其中包括)檢討本公司全體董事及高級 管理層之薪酬政策、架構及薪酬組合,向董事 會提出調整方案之建議,及審議建議執行董事 之薪酬並向董事會提出建議。概無董事參予釐 定本身之酬金。

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

# The Company established the Audit Committee with written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code. On 1 January 2019, the Board adopted a set of the revised terms of reference of the Audit Committee, which has brought it in line with the requirement of the Listing Rules. The revised terms of reference setting out the Audit Committee's authority, duties and responsibilities are available on both the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange. During the year and as at the date of this annual report, the Audit Committee has the following members:

#### 審核委員會

本公司成立審核委員會並遵守企業管治守則 訂立書面職權範圍。於二零一九年一月一日, 董事會採納審核委員會的一系列職權範圍之 修訂,乃遵照上市規則之規定。載有審核委員 會權力、職責及責任之經修訂職權範圍可於本 公司網站及聯交所網站查閱。於本年度及於本 年報日期,審核委員會現有以下成員:

#### **Members**

Mr. Yau Sze Yeung (Chairman)

Mr. Chen Weijiang Mr. Lee Chun Tung

#### 成員

邱思揚先生(主席) 陳偉江先生 李鎮彤先生

The principal responsibilities of the Audit Committee include making recommendations to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of the external auditor and to approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditor, and any questions of resignation or dismissal of such auditor; reviewing the interim and annual reports and accounts of the Group; and supervising the financial reporting process and effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group.

審核委員會主要負責就外聘核數師之委任、續 聘及罷免向董事會作出建議,並審批外聘核數 師之酬金及聘任條款,以及與該核數師之辭任 或罷免有關之任何事宜;審閱中期報告、年報 及本集團賬目;以及監察財務申報程序及本集 團風險管理及內部監控系統之有效性。

During the Year, the Audit Committee held 5 meetings and performed the following work:

#### 1. Financial Reporting

- reviewed the audited consolidated financial statements for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2022 in conjunction with the external auditor;
- reviewed the accounting policies and practices which may affect the Group with the management of the Company and the Company's auditor;
- reviewed the auditing and financial reporting matters, including the key audit matters of the consolidated financial statements for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2022;
- reviewed the unaudited consolidated interim financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2023;
- reviewed the audit planning for the Year in conjunction with the external auditor;

於本年度,審核委員會召開五次會議,並履行 以下職責:

#### 1. 財務申報

- 與外聘核數師共同審閱截至二零二一年及二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度之經審核綜合財務報表;
- 與本公司管理層及本公司核數師 審閱可能對本集團有影響之會計 政策及慣例;
- 檢討審核及財務申報事項,包括 截至二零二一年及二零二二年 十二月三十一日止年度之綜合財 務報表內的關鍵審核事項;
- 審閱截至二零二二年六月三十日 及二零二三年六月三十日止六個 月之未經審核綜合中期財務報 表;
- 與外聘核數師共同審閱本年度的 核數計劃;

#### 2. External Auditors

- reviewed the fees charged by the externals auditor of the Company;
- approved the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditor with reference to the Guidelines for Effective Audit Committees – Section, Appointment and Reappointment of Auditors published by Financial Report Council;

#### 3. Internal Audit

 reviewed the effectiveness of the internal audit functions of the Group; and

#### 4. Risk Management and Internal Controls

 reviewed the effectiveness of risk management and internal control systems.

Each member of the Audit Committee has unrestricted access to the auditors and all senior management of the Group.

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTION**

All members of the Board are responsible for performing the corporate governance functions. The corporate governance functions are to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance to comply with the CG Code and other legal or regulatory requirements, to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management, to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors, and to review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and the disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

#### 2. 外聘核數師

- 審閱本公司外聘核數師收取之費用:
- 参考財務滙報局發佈的《審計委員會有效運作指引一甄選、委任及重新委任核數師》,審批外聘核數師之酬金及聘任條款;

#### 3. 內部審核

檢討本集團內部審核職能之有效 性;及

#### 4. 風險管理及內部監控

檢討風險管理及內部監控系統是 否有效。

審核委員會各成員可不受限制地接觸本集團的核數師及所有高級管理人員。

#### 企業管治職能

董事會全體成員負責執行企業管治職能。企業管治職能為制定及審查本公司之企業管治政策及常規,以符合企業管治守則及其他法律或監管要求;審查及監督董事及高級管理層人士之培訓及持續專業發展;制定、審查及監督適用於僱員及董事的行為守則及合規手冊(如有);以及審查本公司遵守企業管治守則的情況及企業管治報告的披露內容。

#### **DIRECTOR'S NOMINATION POLICY**

The Director's nomination policy of the Company was adopted by the Board and became effective on 1 January 2019 and the Nomination Committee is responsible for execution.

#### **Director Nomination Process**

The Nomination Committee utilizes various methods for identifying director candidates, including recommendations from Board members, management, and headhunters. The Nomination Committee may also put forward director candidates who are not nominated by Board members. In addition, the Nomination Committee will consider director candidates properly submitted by shareholders of the Company through formal procedures set out in the Company's Procedures for Shareholders to Propose a Person for Election as a Director.

For filling a casual vacancy, the Nomination Committee shall make recommendations for the Board's consideration and approval. For proposing director candidates to stand for election at a general meeting, the Nomination Committee shall make nominations to the Board for its consideration and recommendation.

All director candidates, including incumbents and candidates nominated by shareholders of the Company are evaluated by the Nomination Committee based upon the director's qualifications. While director candidates will be evaluated on the same criteria, the Nomination Committee retains the discretion to establish the relative weighting of such criteria, which may vary based on the composition, skill sets, and experiences of the collective Board rather than on the individual candidate.

The Board shall have the final decision on all matters relating to the recommendation of director candidates by the Nomination Committee to stand for election at any general meeting. The Board will take such recommendations under advisement and is responsible for designating the director candidates to be elected at the annual general meeting of the Company and electing directors to fill Board vacancies.

#### 提名董事的政策

本公司提名董事的政策經董事會採納並於二零一九年一月一日起生效,由提名委員會負責執行。

#### 董事提名程序

提名委員會運用各種方法物色董事人選,當中包括董事會成員、管理層及專業獵頭公司之推 薦建議,提名委員會亦可提名未獲董事會成員 提名的董事候選人。此外,提名委員會將會考 慮由本公司股東經載於本公司股東提名候選 董事的程序的正式程序妥善提交之董事人選。

如要填補臨時空缺,提名委員會須推薦人選供 董事會考慮及批准。如要推薦董事候選人在股 東大會上參選,提名委員會須向董事會提名供 其考慮及推薦參選。

所有董事候選人(包括現任董事及本公司股東提名之候選人)均由提名委員會基於董事資格進行評估。儘管董事候選人將按相同準則進行評估,但提名委員會保留為該等準則制定相對比重之酌情權,而該比重或會根據董事會整體之組成、技能及經驗而有所變更,而非按個別候選人釐定。

董事會對於提名委員會推薦之董事候選人在任何股東大會上參選的所有事宜有最後決定權。董事會將詳細考慮有關推薦建議,並負責指定將於本公司股東週年大會上獲選舉之董事候選人及挑選董事以填補董事會之空缺。

#### **Procedure for Appointment of New Director**

Director candidates will be asked to submit the necessary personal information in a prescribed form, together with their written consent to be appointed as a Director and to the public disclosure of their personal data on any documents or the relevant websites for the purpose of or in relation to their standing for election as a Director.

The Nomination Committee shall, upon receipt of the proposal on appointment of new director and the biographical information (or relevant details) of the director candidate, evaluate such director candidate based on the criteria as set out below to determine whether such director candidate is qualified for directorship.

If the process yields one or more desirable director candidates, the Nomination Committee shall rank them by order of preference based on the needs of the Company and reference check of each director candidate (where applicable).

For any person that is nominated by a shareholder for election as a Director at the general meeting of the Company, the Nomination Committee shall evaluate such director candidate based on the criteria as set out below to determine whether such director candidate is qualified for directorship and where appropriate, the Nomination Committee and/or the Board shall make recommendation to shareholders in respect of the proposed election of Director at the general meeting (where applicable).

A director candidate is allowed to withdraw his/her candidature at any time before the general meeting by serving a notice in writing to the company secretary of the Company.

Until the issue of the shareholder circular, the nominated persons shall not assume that they have been proposed by the Board to stand for election at the general meeting.

#### 委任新董事的程序

董事候選人將會被要求按既定格式提交所需的個人資料,以及提交同意書,同意被任命為董事,並同意就其參選董事或與此有關的事情在任何文件或相關網站公開披露其個人資料。

提名委員會應在收到委任新董事的建議及董事候選人的個人資料(或相關詳情)後,依據以下列明的準則評估該董事候選人,以決定該董事候選人是否合資格擔任董事。

如過程涉及一個或多個合意的董事候選人,提 名委員會應根據本公司的需要及每位董事候 選人的證明審查(如適用)排列他們的優先次 序。

任何經由股東提名就於本公司股東大會上選舉為董事的人士,提名委員會應依據以下列明的準則評估該董事候選人,以決定該董事候選人是否合資格擔任董事,並且,提名委員會及/或董事會應就於股東大會上建議選舉董事向股東提出建議(如適用)。

董事候選人可於股東大會舉行前任何時候向 本公司公司秘書發出書面通知退選。

在直至發出股東通函前,被提名人士不可假設 其已獲董事會推薦在股東大會上參選。

### **Procedure for Re-appointment of Director at General Meeting**

The Nomination Committee shall review the overall contribution and service to the Company of the retiring Directors including their attendance of Board meetings and, where applicable, general meetings, and the level of participation and performance on the Board.

The Nomination Committee shall also review and determine whether the retiring Directors continue to meet the criteria as set out below.

The Nomination Committee and/or the Board shall then make recommendation to the shareholders in respect of the proposed re-election of Directors at the general meeting.

#### **Director Selection Criteria**

The Nomination Committee considers the following qualifications are at a minimum to be required of a director candidate in recommending to the Board potential new Director, or the continued service of existing Director:

- (a) the highest personal and professional ethics and integrity;
- (b) proven achievement and competence in the nominee's field and the ability to exercise sound business judgment;
- (c) qualifications including professional qualifications, skills, knowledge and experience that are complementary to those of the existing Board;
- (d) the ability to assist and support management and make significant contributions to the Company's success;
- (e) the contribution on diversity of the Board and any measurable objectives adopted by the Nomination Committee for achieving diversity on the Board;

#### 於股東大會上重選董事的程序

提名委員會應檢討退任董事對本公司的整體 貢獻及服務,包括其出席董事會會議及股東大 會(如適用)的出席率,以及在董事會的參與程 度及表現。

提名委員會亦應檢討及確定退任董事是否仍 然符合以下列明的準則。

提名委員會及/或董事會應就於股東大會上建議重選董事向股東提出建議。

#### 董事甄選準則

提名委員會認為以下為向董事會推薦董事候 選人作為潛在新董事或現有董事持續就任所 需之最低資格:

- (a) 最高水平之個人及專業操守和誠信;
- (b) 於獲提名人之範疇內具備過往實績及能力,並有能力行使良好之商業判斷;
- (c) 補足現有董事會之資格,包括專業資格、技能、知識及經驗;
- (d) 有能力協助及支援管理層,並為本公司 達致成功作出重大貢獻;
- (e) 促進董事會成員多元化及任何由提名委 員會所採納以達致董事會成員多元化的 可計量目標;

- (f) an understanding of the fiduciary responsibilities that is required of a member of the Board and the commitment of time and energy necessary to diligently carry out those responsibilities; and
- (g) meet the "independence" criteria as required under the Listing Rules and the composition of the Board is in conformity with the provisions of the Listing Rules from time to time (where applicable).

Other than the foregoing, there are no stated minimum criteria for director candidate, although the Nomination Committee may also consider such other factors as it may deem to be in the best interests of the Company and the shareholders of the Company.

#### **BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY**

On 20 December 2013, the Company has adopted a board diversity policy (the "Policy") setting out the approach to achieve and maintain diversity on the Board in order to enhance the effectiveness of the Board.

Pursuant to the Policy, the Company seeks to achieve Board diversity through the consideration of a number of factors, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and education background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service.

The Board will consider setting measurable objectives to implement the Policy and review such objectives from time to time to ensure their appropriateness and ascertain the progress made towards achieving those objectives.

All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

Selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills and knowledge. The ultimate decision will be made upon the merits and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board.

- (f) 明白董事會成員所需承擔之受信責任, 以及妥善履行該等責任所需投入之時間 及精力;及
- (g) 須達到上市規則所規定之「獨立性」準 則,且董事會組成須遵守上市規則不時 之條文(如適用)。

除上文所述者外,儘管提名委員會亦可能考慮 其可能視為符合本公司及本公司股東最佳利 益之其他因素,惟概無明文規定董事候選人需 達到之最低標準。

#### 董事會成員多元化政策

於二零一三年十二月二十日,本公司已採納董事會成員多元化政策(「該政策」),當中列載董事會為達致及維持多元化以提升董事會之有效性而採取之方針。

根據該政策,本公司為尋求達致董事會成員多元化會考慮眾多因素,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、族群特性、專業經驗、技能、知識及服務年資。

董事會將考慮制定可計量目標以推行該政策,並不時檢討該等目標以確保其合適度及確定達致該等目標之進度。

董事會所有委任均以用人唯才為原則,並在考慮人選時以客觀條件充分顧及董事會成員多 元化之裨益。

甄選人選將以一系列多元化範疇為基準,包括 但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、專業 經驗、技能及知識。最終將按人選之長處及可 為董事會作出之貢獻而決定。

As at the date of this report, the information (including sex, age, educational background, professional experience, term of appointment and designation) of the Board is as follows:

於本報告日期,董事會資料(包括性別、年齡、 教育背景、專業經驗、任期及任職)如下:

> No. of Director 蓄重人數

		重事人數
Age group: 年齡組別:	41 to 50 41至50歲	3
	51 to 60 51至60歲	4
Gender: 性別:	Male 男	7
11.70	Female 女	0
Educational background: 教育背景:	Hong Kong and Macau 香港及澳門	2
38837338	The PRC 中國	3
	Overseas 海外	2
Length of service (year): 服務年限 (年):	Below 1 1年以下	2
11X 127 - FIX () •	1-5 1至5年	4
	6-10 6至10年	0
	Over 10 10年以上	1
Designation: 任職:	Executive Director 執行董事	4
Seeme 12-10	Independent Non-executive Director 獨立非執行董事	3

For the purpose of implementation of the Policy, the following measurable objectives were adopted:

- 1. The Company shall comply with the requirements on board composition under the Listing Rules from time to time.
- 2. The number of independent non-executive Directors should be not less than three and one-third of the Board
- 3. At least one of the independent non-executive Directors must have appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise.
- 4. At least one Director should be the professional or have intensive experience of the industry on which the business of the Group is.

The Board has achieved the measurable objectives in the Policy.

In addition, the Nomination Committee believes that gender diversity is a representing manifestation of board diversity, among all other measurable objectives. While the Board has a domination of male composition, the Company is expected to appoint a female director by 31 December 2024 in order to achieve a female representation in the Board.

就執行該政策而言,已採納以下可計量目標:

- 本公司應遵守上市規則項下不時之董事 會組成之規定。
- 2. 獨立非執行董事人數應不少於三名及董 事會人數之三分之一。
- 3. 至少一名獨立非執行董事必須具備適當 的專業資格或會計或相關的財務管理專 長。
- 4. 至少一名董事應為本集團業務所處行業 之專業人士或於該行業擁有豐富經驗。

董事會已實現該政策之可計量目標。

此外,提名委員會認為,在所有其他可衡量目標當中,性別多元化乃董事會成員多元化的代表體現。雖然董事會中男性佔主導地位,惟預計本公司將於二零二四年十二月三十一日前委任一名女性董事,以實現董事會中的女性代表比例。

The Group is also committed to achieving gender diversity across the workforce (including senior management). The details of gender ratio in the workforce (including senior management) are shown in the section headed "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" of this annual report. The recruitment policy of the Group is to only consider the personal merits and capabilities, qualifications, working experiences and performance of the individuals during the recruitment process, transferal, promotion, and training regardless of gender. In the interests of enhancing efficiency, the Company has not set any measurable objective for achieving gender diversity at workforce level. The Company has nonetheless always adopted a meritocratic approach and adhered to the principle of openness and fairness without any discrimination in respect of gender, disability, marital status, pregnancy, religion, nationality, social or economic class, rural or urban, political opinion, pathogen-carrier or sexuality.

**AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION** 

The audit works of the Group for the Year were performed by McMillan Woods (Hong Kong) CPA Limited.

#### 核數師酬金

本集團本年度之核數工作由長青(香港)會計 師事務所有限公司處理。

The total fee paid/payable in respect of the statutory audit and non-audit services provided by external auditor is set out in the following table:

外聘核數師所提供之法定核數及非核數服務 之已付/應付之費用總數載列於下表:

Services rendered	所提供服務	Fee paid/payable 已付/應付費用	
		For the	For the
		year ended	year ended
		31 December	31 December
		2023	2022
		截至二零二三年	截至二零二二年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		止年度	止年度
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
– Audit services	一核數服務	1,250	1,300
– Non-audit services	一非核數服務		
Interim review	中期審閱	250	300
Total fee paid/payable	已付/應付之費用總數	1,500	1,600

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

The Company engaged an external professional company secretarial services provider, Uni-1 Corporate Services Limited ("Uni-1"), to provide compliance and full range of company secretarial services to the Group in order to assist the Group to cope with the changing regulatory environment and to suit different commercial needs.

Ms. Chan Yuen Ying Stella ("Ms. Chan"), the representative of Uni-1, was appointed as the named Company Secretary on 6 June 2022.

Ms. Chan has complied with the requirement under Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

During the Year, the primary contact person at the Company for the Company Secretary is Mr. To Kwan, the then executive Director of the Company, in relation to any corporate secretarial matters.

## DIRECTORS' AND AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors have acknowledged for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements at the end of the Year which gives a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the results and cash flows for the Year. In preparing the consolidated financial statements for the Year, the Directors have selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently, made judgments and estimates that are prudent, fair and reasonable and prepared the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis. The statement by the auditor of the Company regarding their reporting responsibilities on the consolidated financial statements of the Group is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 105 to 112 of this annual report.

#### 公司秘書

本公司已委聘一間外部專業公司秘書服務提供商統一企業服務有限公司(「統一企業」)為本集團提供合規及全面公司秘書服務,以協助本集團應付不斷改變的監管規定及配合不同的商業需要。

統一企業的代表陳婉縈女士(「陳女士」)於二零二二年六月六日獲委任為公司秘書。

陳女士已遵守上市規則第3.29條的規定。

於本年度,本公司有關公司秘書的主要連絡人 為本公司的時任執行董事杜坤先生,負責任何 公司秘書事宜。

#### 董事及核數師對綜合財務報表之責任

董事確認編製年末之綜合財務報表,對本年度本集團事務、業績及現金流量提供真實及公平之意見。在編製本年度之綜合財務報表時,董事已貫徹採用合適之會計政策,作出審慎、公平而合理之判斷及推測,並按持續經營基準編製綜合財務報表。本公司核數師就本集團之綜合財務報表所申報之責任載於本年報第105頁至112頁之獨立核數師報告書。

### RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board has the overall responsibility to ensure that sound and effective risk management and internal controls are maintained, while the management of the Company is charged with the responsibility to design and implement an internal control system to manage risks. A sound system of risk management and internal controls is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss

### Risk Management and Internal Control Framework of the Group

The Board is responsible for the Group's system of risk management and internal controls and reviewing its effectiveness. The Audit Committee supports the Board in monitoring the Group's risk exposures, the design and operating effectiveness of the underlying risk management and internal control systems. The management of the Company assesses and presents regular reports to the Audit Committee on its own assessments of key risks, the strengths and weaknesses of the overall internal control systems, with action plans to address the weaknesses. External auditor also reports on any control issues identified in the course of its work. Taking these into consideration, the Audit Committee reviews the effectiveness of the Group's system of risk management and internal controls, and reports to the Board on such reviews. Work and findings of the management of the Company are considered by the Board in forming its own view on the effectiveness of the system.

The Group persistently engages independent professional team and internal team in performing internal audit work after considering the independence, flexibility, and overall efficiency.

#### 風險管理及內部監控

董事會負責維持完善有效的風險管理及內部監控,而本公司管理層則負責設計及執行內部監控制度以管理風險。良好的風險管理及內部監控制度旨在管理而非消除未能實現業務目標的風險,且只能針對重大錯誤陳述或遺失提供合理而非絕對的保證。

#### 本集團的風險管理及內部監控架構

本集團持續地外聘獨立專業團隊及內部團隊 以進行內部審核工作,以平衡內部審核工作的 獨立性、靈活性及整體效益。

### Risk Management and Internal Control Framework Diagram

#### 風險管理及內部監控架構圖

"Top-down" 「由上而下」		The Board 董事會	
Oversight, identification, assessment and mitigation of risk at corporate level 監督、識別、評估及紓緩企業層面的風險	<ul> <li>Has overall responsibility for the Group's risk management and internal control systems 負責集團整體的風險管理及 內部監控系統</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Sets strategic objectives 訂立策略目標</li> <li>Reviews the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems 檢討本集團風險管理及內部 監控系統的成效</li> </ul>	Monitors the nature and extent of risk exposure for the Group's principal risks 監察本集團主要風險的性質及程度
	Management 管理層	Audit Committee 審核委員會	Internal professionals 公司內部的合資格專才 External professionals 外聘之獨立專業團隊
			External auditor 外聘核數師
	<ul> <li>Designs, implements and monitors the Group's risk management and internal control systems 設計、執行及監察本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統</li> <li>Assesses the Group's risks and mitigating measures 評估本集團的風險及相應的 紓緩措施</li> </ul>	Supports the Board in monitoring risk exposure, design and operating effectiveness of the underlying risk management and internal control systems     協助董事會監察風險管理及內部監控系統的設計和運作成效	Supports the Audit     Committee in reviewing the     effectiveness of the Group's     risk management and internal     control systems     協助審核委員會檢討本集團     風險管理及內部監控系統的     成效
"Bottom-up" 「由下而上」	Operational Level 業務營運層面		
Identification, assessment and mitigation of risk at business unit level and across functional areas 識別、評估及紓緩業務單位及職能範疇的風險	Risk identification, assessment as performed across the business 識別、評估及紓緩業務風險	Risk manage     practice across     areas	ment process and internal controls so business operations and functional 職能範疇執行風險管理程序及內部

44

### Risk Management and Internal Control Systems and Procedures

**Control Environment** – The Group has been operating under an established and appropriate control environment with reference to principles of "Internal Control and Risk Management – A Basis Framework" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Risk management and internal controls cover effective operations, reliable financial reporting and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

**Risk Assessment** – The Group continues to drive improvements to its risk management process and the quality of risk information generated, while at the same time maintaining a simple and practical approach. We seek to have risk management features embedded within our operations, aiming to have a risk management system that is practised on a day-to-day basis by our operating units.

The Board reviews and understands the risk factors of the Group and operations annually, and the management of the Company continuously monitors the scope and quality of ongoing risk management and internal control systems. The "Top-down" monitoring ensures risk management features embedded within the operations and operated effectively.

Meanwhile, the heads of operation units participate in risk identification from "Bottom-up" so as to identify the Group's overall risks.

**Control Activities** – The Group's core property development business and trading of raw sugar involve well-established business processes. Control activities have traditionally been built on top-level reviews, segregation of duties and physical controls. We have been formalizing and documenting the control processes in policies and procedures. Written policies and procedures with defined limits of delegated authority are in place, which facilitate effective segregation of duties and controls.

#### 風險管理及內部監控系統及程序

監控環境一本集團參考香港會計師公會發佈的《內部監控與風險管理的基本架構》中所述之原則,建立一個妥善的監控環境下營運其業務。風險管理及內部監控覆蓋的範疇包括有效的運作、可靠的財務匯報以及適用的法例和規則之遵守。

風險評估一本集團持續致力提升風險管理程序和風險資訊質素,同時貫徹簡單切實的風險管理方向。我們致力將風險管理功能融入業務營運,制訂並維持一個可供各業務營運單位日常使用的風險管理系統。

董事會每年檢討及了解本集團及業務之風險因素,及管理層持續監察風險管理及內部監控系統的工作範疇及質素,以「由上而下」的監控確保風險管理功能融入業務營運中和發揮成效。

同時,業務營運單位以「由下而上」方式配合, 要求營運單位主管參與識別營運風險,從而釐 定本集團的整體風險。

監控工作一本集團的核心房地產開發業務及原糖貿易已有成熟的營運流程配合運作。有關監控工作傳統上建基於高層審查、職責分工及實質監控等範疇。本集團一直努力將政策和程序的監控過程制度化及以書面記錄。本集團已制訂有關界定權限的書面政策和程序,以便有效劃分職責和控制權。

Planning and budgeting processes are one of key control activities of the Group, which have been refined to take into consideration risk factors. All operating units prepare their respective operating plans pursuant to corporate objectives for consideration. In this process, they are required to identify material risks that may impact the achievement of their business objectives. Action items to mitigate the identified risks are developed for implementation as well as for achieving the budget and business objectives. Variance analyses are regularly performed and reported to the management of the Company and the Board. These help identify deficiencies and enable timely remedial actions to be taken.

項目規劃及預算制定過程是本集團的主要監控活動之一,並因應考慮風險因素的需要而作出改進。所有營運單位按照公司目標各自製訂營運計劃以供審核。過程中營運單位需要識別對實現業務目標可能有影響的重大風險,並制訂行動來緩解已識別的風險,務求達成預算和業務目標。業務營運單位定期進行差異分析,並向管理層和董事會匯報,以助找出不足之處和適時採取補救措施。

Capital expenditures monitoring is also significant to the capital-intensive nature of the property business of the Group. Depending on the nature and the size of the projects, detailed analyses of expected capital expenditures are submitted to the heads of operating units, executive Directors or the Board for consideration and approval.

鑑於本集團房地產業務的資本密集性質,監控資本開支亦十分重要。視乎有關項目的性質及規模,有關資本開支需呈交營運單位主管、執行董事或董事會考慮及批准。

**Monitoring Activities** – The Board and Audit Committee oversee the process, monitored by internal and external professionals of the Group. The management of the Company has emphasized in its updated reports to the Audit Committee on movements of top risks and appropriate mitigating measures. There is at least one Audit Committee meeting substantially devoted to risks items.

**監察工作**一由董事會及審核委員會監督,而本集團內部及外聘專材監察。管理層已就最高風險的變化及適當的紓緩措施,加強向審核委員會匯報最新情況。審核委員會會議中,最少其中一次會議主要針對討論風險項目。

### Procedures and Internal Controls for Handling and Dissemination of Inside Information

In handling and dissemination of inside information, the Group:

- will conduct immediate dissemination once inside information is available and/or respective decision is made, except the inside information falling into the Safe Harbours under the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "SFO") that allow non-disclosure;
- complies with applicable laws, rules and guidelines on disclosure of inside information issued by Securities and Futures Commission;
- decides and implements monitoring procedures regarding dissemination of inside information; and
- communicates with relevant persons about corporate information disclosure practices with respective training.

## REVIEW ON EFFECTIVENESS OF RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS IN 2023

During the Year, the Company engaged an independent internal control consultant (the "IC Consultant") to review the internal control systems of the Group (the "IC Review"). The IC Consultant issued a report on 2 March 2023 covering its findings, recommendations, the Board's response and remedial status of the internal control deficiencies and weaknesses. The IC Consultant identified four key internal control weaknesses, namely: (a) deficiencies in the payment approval policy of the Group; (b) lack of written approval and supporting documents for payments to connected parties; (c) lack of internal control policies regarding connected transactions; and (d) deficiencies in the procurement and price comparison procedures. Subsequently on 29 September 2023, the IC Consultant issued a supplemental report of the IC Review.

#### 處理及發佈內幕消息的程序和內部監控

在處理及發佈內幕消息方面,本集團:

- 一 一旦知悉內幕消息及/或在作出有關 決定後須即時公佈,除非該等內幕消息 屬於香港法例第571章證券及期貨條例 (「證券及期貨條例」)規定的安全港, 無需披露;
- 一 於處理有關事務時恪守適用法律及法規 以及證券及期貨事務監察委員會頒佈的 《內幕消息披露指引》;
- 一 訂立及實施監控向公眾發佈內幕消息的程序;及
- 一 已向所有相關人員傳達有關企業資料披露政策的執行情況並提供相關培訓。

#### 二零二三年檢討風險管理及內部監控之成 效

年內,本公司委聘獨立內部監控顧問(「內部監控顧問」)以檢討本集團的內部監控系統(「內部監控審查」)。內部監控顧問於二零二三月二日出具一份報告,內容包括調查結陷四應以及內部監控缺陷,即的內部監控缺陷,即的內部監控缺陷,即的內部監控缺陷,即的內方付款缺乏事實內部監控缺陷,即的內方付款缺乏書數,以及內部監控與內部監控。隨其之一,內部監控顧問以及內部監控與內部監控與問出,內部監控與內部監控審查之補充報告。

The Company has adopted the IC Consultant's recommendations and taken remedial measures to address the key internal control weaknesses identified. For instance:

- (i) The Group has revised its Financial and Management Policy and pursuant to the revised policy:
  - (a) all payment transactions to third parties exceeding RMB5 million shall be approved by the Board;
  - (b) all payments to connected parties of the Group, regardless of the amount, must be approved by the Board; and
  - (c) all loans, borrowing or payments which are not in the ordinary course of business of the Company, regardless of the amount and the identity of the counterparty, must be approved by the Board.
- (ii) The Group has prepared an internal control manual regarding its continuous disclosure responsibilities, which specifies the principles and procedures for disclosure as per Chapter 14 Notifiable Transactions of the Listing Rules.
- (iii) The Group has also compiled a Connected Transaction Manual and Guidelines and a List of Connected Parties, which will be updated from time to time in a timely manner.
- (iv) The Group requires two of the Group's subsidiaries, namely Maoming Huada Real Estate Development Limited\* (茂名市華大房地產開發有限公司) and Maoming Shang Cheng Real Estate Company Limited\* (茂名上誠置業有限公司) (collectively, the "Maoming Subsidiaries") that whenever a payment is requested, a "Payment Request Form" must be prepared together with the appropriate supporting documents, e.g. contracts (including but not limited to loan agreements, if applicable), delivery notes, invoices, etc, and approved by the designated person-in-charge of the Maoming Subsidiaries in accordance with the Approval Matrix under the enhanced internal control policies.

本公司已採納內部監控顧問的推薦建議,並採取補救措施,以解決所發現的主要內部監控薄弱環節。例如:

- (i) 本集團已修訂其財務及管理政策,並根據經修訂政策執行:
  - (a) 所有向第三方支付超過人民幣5 百萬元的交易均須獲得董事會批 准;
  - (b) 所有向本集團關聯方支付的款項,無論金額多少,均須獲得董事會批准;及
  - (c) 所有並非於本公司正常業務過程 中的貸款、借款或付款,無論金額 及交易對手方的身份如何,均須 獲得董事會批准。
- (ii) 本集團已就其持續披露責任編製一份內部監控手冊,其中規定根據上市規則第 14章-須予披露交易進行披露的原則及程序。
- (iii) 本集團亦編製關連交易手冊及指南以及 關聯方名單,並將不時對其進行及時更 新。
- (iv) 本集團規定本集團兩間附屬公司,即茂 名市華大房地產開發有限公司及茂名上 誠置業有限公司(統稱「茂名附屬公司」 於申請付款時,必須準備「付款申請表」 以及相應的證明文件,例如合約(包括 但不限於貸款協議(如適用))、發貨單、 發票等,並由茂名附屬公司的指定負責 人根據經強化內部監控政策項下之審批 矩陣進行審批。

- (v) The Group also enhanced its procurement and price comparison procedures:
  - (a) the procurement assistant would obtain fee quotations from at least two qualified suppliers and conduct price comparison analysis. The general assistant manager and the general manger would then review the same and approve the suitable supplier. The fee quotations of all suppliers, including the unsuccessful suppliers, should be retained by the procurement department for record; and
  - (b) the procurement assistant must compile a price comparison analysis in support of every procurement decision. If only one supplier's fee quotation can be obtained, the procurement assistant shall explain the reasons. The price comparison analysis together with all suppliers' quotations would be circulated to the head of the department making procurement applications, the assistant general manager and the general manager for approval.

After reviewing the implementation of the remedial measures by the Company, the IC Consultant considered that its recommendations have been generally implemented and the Company has in place adequate internal controls and procedures to prevent and detect incidents similar to the alleged unauthorized payments made between 1 January 2021 and 28 February 2022 totalling approximately RMB143 million as disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 31 October 2022 in future and to meet its obligations under the Listing Rules.

- (v) 本集團亦加強其採購及價格比較程序:
  - (a) 採購助理將從至少兩家合資格供應商處獲得費用報價,並進行價格比較分析。總經理助理及總經理隨後審閱費用報價,並批准合適的供應商。所有供應商的費用報價,包括落選供應商的費用報價,均應由採購部門保留,以作記錄;及
  - (b) 採購助理必須編製一份價格比較分析,以支持每項採購決定。若只能獲得一名供應商的費用報價,採購助理應說明原因。價格比較分析報告連同所有供應商的報價將送交提出採購申請的部門主管、總經理助理及總經理以供審批。

於審查本公司實施補救措施的情況後,內部監控顧問認為其推薦建議已普遍得到實施,且本公司已製定充分的內部監控措施及程序,以防止及發現今後發生類似於二零二一年一月一日至二零二二年二月二十八日作出涉嫌未經授權付款合共約人民幣143百萬元(誠如本公司日期為二零二二年十月三十一日之公告所披露)的事件,並履行上市規則項下之義務。

#### **GROUP'S RISK FACTORS**

As a basis of risk management, we should understand the Group's existing risk factors and respective change from time to time. Listed below are the nature of significant risk factors that the Group is facing, whilst the listed factors will not be exclusive:

- The Group may be unable to sell property investment at expected prices or terms due to volatility in the property market of the PRC.
- The Group is required to comply with numerous government rules and new regulations to be promulgated from time to time, and may be affected by tightening measures launched by the PRC government for regulating the real estate industry.
- The business of the Group may be significantly affected if the engaged external construction contractors encounter any problem during development of property given our full reliance on them to conduct all the construction projects.
- Principal revenues and expenses of the Group –
  Property development business are denominated
  in Renminbi. Investors may indirectly invest in
  the assets denominated in Renminbi. If Renminbi
  weakens against Hong Kong dollars, the asset value
  of the shares denominated in Hong Kong dollars will
  decline.
- Implementation fluency and efficiency of exchange control of the PRC will mitigate the ability of the Group's fund transfer.

#### 本集團風險事項

作為風險管理方針的基礎,我們必須了解本集團目前承受的風險狀況,以及這些風險如何隨時間而出現變化。下表闡述本集團數項主要重大風險的性質,惟並不構成已列有所有風險的清單:

- 中國的房地產市場的波動,令本集團無 法按預期的價格或條款出售房地產投 資。
- 本集團須遵守多項政府法規及須受經常 出臺的新法規規管,可能因中國政府為 調控房地產行業而頒佈的措施受影響。
- 現時依賴外聘建築承包商進行所有建設工程,若開發過程中聘用的外聘建築承包商發生問題,本集團業務將受到重大不利影響。
- 本集團主要收益及開支一房地產開發業 務均以人民幣計值,投資者或會間接投 資人民幣計值資產。如人民幣對港幣下 調,以港幣計值股票的資產值將下降。
- 國內外匯管理的執行流暢度及效率會削弱集團調配資金的能力。

50

#### **COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS**

The Board makes its endeavour to maintain an ongoing and transparent communication with all shareholders and, in particular, use general meetings to communicate with shareholders and encourage their participation. A shareholder's communication policy was adopted by the Board on 29 March 2012 aiming at providing the shareholders and potential investors with ready and timely access to balanced and understandable information of the Company. The Company also uses various other means of communication with its shareholders, such as publication of annual and interim reports, announcements, circulars and additional information on the Group's business activities and development on the Company's website: www.chinauptown.com.hk.

The Board has conducted a review of the shareholders communication policy for the year ended 31 December 2023 to ensure the effectiveness of the shareholders communication policy. Such review shall be conducted annually. The Board considered that the shareholders communication policy for the year ended 31 December 2023 was effective.

The Company keeps on promoting investor relations and enhancing communication with the existing shareholders and potential investors. It welcomes suggestions from investors, stakeholders and the public. Enquiries to the Board or the Company Secretary may be sent by post to the Company's head office and principal place of business at Suite 1501, 15/F., Tower 1, Silvercord, 30 Canton Road, Tsimshatsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

#### **DIVIDEND POLICY**

The dividend policy of the Company (the "Dividend Policy") was adopted by the Board and became effective on 1 January 2019.

The Dividend Policy is to ensure that the Board maintains an appropriate procedure on declaring and recommending the dividend payment of the Company. The Board endeavors to strike a balance between the shareholders' interests and prudent capital management with a sustainable dividend policy.

#### 股東通訊

董事會致力不斷維持與全體股東之間具透明度的通訊,特別是以股東大會與股東溝通及鼓勵參與。股東通訊政策已於二零一二年三月二十九日獲董事會採納,該政策旨在確保股東及潛在投資者可隨時及適時地獲等本公司中肯及易於理解之資料。本公司禁透過各種其他方式與股東通訊,包括刊登年報及中期報告、公佈、通函以及有關本集團、務活動及發展之其他資料於本公司之網站:www.chinauptown.com.hk。

董事會已對截至二零二三年十二月三十一日 止年度之股東溝通政策進行審查,以確保股東 溝通政策的有效性。該審查每年進行一次。董 事會認為,截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止 年度之股東溝通政策行之有效。

本公司繼續促進投資者關係,並加強與現有股東及潛在投資者溝通。歡迎投資者、利益相關者及公眾人士提供建議。向董事會或公司秘書提出之查詢,可郵寄至本公司之總辦事處及主要營業地點,地址為香港九龍尖沙咀廣東道30號新港中心第一期15樓1501室。

#### 股息政策

本公司股息政策(「股息政策」)經董事會採納並於二零一九年一月一日起生效。

股息政策旨在確保董事會就本公司宣派及建議派付股息維持適當的程序。董事會通過可持續的股息政策,務求於股東利益與審慎資本管理之間取得平衡。

The declaration and recommendation of dividends is subject to the decision of the Board after considering the Company's ability to pay dividends, which will depend upon, among other things:

- the Group's financial results;
- the Group's cash flow, liquidity and capital requirements;
- the Group's debt to equity ratios and the debt level;
- the accumulated profits and distributable reserves of the Group;
- the Group's shareholders' interests;
- the Group's current and future business operations, conditions, cycle and strategies;
- the general market conditions;
- the shareholders' and the investors' expectation and industry's norm;
- any restrictions on payment of dividends that may be imposed by the Group's lenders;
- statutory and regulatory restrictions;
- past dividend record; and
- any other factors the Board may deem relevant.

The Board has complete discretion on whether to pay a dividend and the form to pay, subject to any restrictions under the Companies Act of Cayman Islands and the Articles. Any final dividends declared by the Company must be approved by an ordinary resolution of the shareholders of the Company at an annual general meeting and must not exceed the amount recommended by the Board.

宣派及建議派付股息須待董事會經考慮本公司派付股息之能力後作出決定方可作實,而本公司派付股息之能力將視乎下列各項而定,其中包括:

- 本集團的財務業績;
- 本集團的現金流量、流動資金及資金需求;
- 本集團的負債權益比率及債務水平;
- 本集團的累計溢利和可供分派儲備;
- 本集團的股東權益;
- 本集團現時及未來的業務營運、狀況、 週期及策略;
- 一般市場情況;
- 股東及投資者的期望及行業的常規;
- 由本集團的貸款人可能施加的任何股息 派發限制;
- 法定及監管限制;
- 過往派息記錄;及
- 董事會可能視為相關之任何其他因素。

董事會可全權酌情決定是否派付股息及派付之形式,惟須遵守開曼群島公司法及細則之任何限制。本公司宣派任何末期股息必須經本公司股東於股東週年大會上以普通決議案予以批准,且不得超過董事會所建議之金額。

The Board may also consider declaring special dividends from time to time, in addition to the interim and/or final dividends.

There is no assurance that dividends will be paid in any particular amount for any given period.

#### SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHT

### **Procedures for Shareholders to Convene an Extraordinary General Meeting**

Pursuant to the Articles, an extraordinary general meeting may be convened by the Board upon requisition by any one or more shareholders holding not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company and the securities being held carrying the right of voting at any general meetings of the Company. The shareholder shall make a written requisition to the Board or the Company Secretary at the Company's head office and principal place of business at Suite 1501, 15/F., Tower 1, Silvercord, 30 Canton Road, Tsimshatsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong, specifying the shareholding information of the shareholder, his/her contact details and the proposal regarding any specified transaction/business and its supporting documents.

### **Procedures for putting forward Proposals at a General Meeting**

A shareholder shall make a written requisition to the Board or the Company Secretary at the Company's head office and principal place of business at Suite 1501, 15/F., Tower 1, Silvercord, 30 Canton Road, Tsimshatsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong, specifying the shareholding information of the shareholder, his/her contact details and the proposal he/ she intends to put forward at general meeting regarding any specified transaction/business and its supporting documents.

除中期及/或末期股息外,董事會亦可不時考慮宣派特別股息。

本公司不能保證將在任何指定期間派付任何特定金額之股息。

#### 股東之權利

#### 股東召開股東特別大會之程序

根據細則,董事會可因應持有不少於本公司繳 足股本十分之一且所持證券附有於本公司任何股東大會上投票之權利之任何一名或多 股東之要求召開股東特別大會。股東須向亞 會或公司秘書提出書面要求,並將有關要求 會或公司之總辦事處及主要營業地點(地上 香港九龍尖沙咀廣東道30號新港中心第一期 15樓1501室),當中列明股東之持股信息、詳 細聯繫方式、有關任何特定交易/業務之建議 及其支持文件。

#### 於股東大會上提呈建議之程序

股東須向董事會或公司秘書提出書面要求,並將有關要求寄至本公司之總辦事處及主要營業地點(地址為香港九龍尖沙咀廣東道30號新港中心第一期15樓1501室),當中列明股東之持股信息、詳細聯繫方式、擬於股東大會上提呈之有關任何特定交易/業務之建議及其支持文件。

### Procedures for Directing Shareholders' Enquiries to the Board

Shareholders may at any time send their enquiries and concerns to the Board in writing through the Company Secretary at the Company's head office and principal place of business at Suite 1501, 15/F., Tower 1, Silvercord, 30 Canton Road, Tsimshatsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong or send email to info@chinauptown.com.hk.

Shareholders may also make enquiries with the Board at the general meetings of the Company.

#### **CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS**

During the Year, the Company has made amendments to its memorandum of association and the Articles (the "M&A") in order to (i) conform to the core standards set out in Appendix 3 to the Listing Rules; (ii) update the M&A according to the relevant requirements of the Listing Rules and the applicable laws of the Cayman Islands; and (iii) make certain housekeeping amendments by way of adoption of the second amended and restated M&A by a special resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 31 May 2023. The second amended and restated M&A is available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

#### 向董事會發出股東查詢之程序

股東可隨時以書面方式將其查詢及關注事宜寄往本公司之總辦事處及主要營業地點(地址為香港九龍尖沙咀廣東道30號新港中心第一期15樓1501室)或電郵至info@chinauptown.com.hk,透過公司秘書轉交予董事會。

股東亦可於本公司之股東大會上向董事會作出查詢。

#### 組織章程文件

於本年度,本公司已修訂其組織章程大綱及細則(「組織章程大綱及細則」),以(i)符合上市規則附錄3所載之核心標準;(ii)根據上市規則之有關規定及開曼群島之適用法例更新組織章程大綱及細則;及(iii)於二零二三年五月三十一日舉行之本公司股東週年大會上,本經司股東通過一項特別決議案採納第二份經下司及重列之組織章程大綱及細則,以作出若章程大綱及細則可於本公司及聯交所網站查閱。

#### **ABOUT THE REPORT**

Acknowledging the globally growing concern about sustainability, the Group, as a socially responsible property developer operating in China, is committed to operating in an environmentally and socially responsible manner to produce long-term value.

#### **Reporting Guidelines**

This is the eighth Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") Report of China Uptown Group Company Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group"). This report outlines the efforts the Group has made to address ESG related risks and opportunities in its property development business, which accounts for the majority of its environmental impacts.

#### **Reporting Scope and Period**

The report covers ESG performance of the Hong Kong office and property development business in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") for the period from 1st January 2023 to 31st December 2023.

#### 關於本報告

鑑於全球對可持續發展的關注度日益提高,作 為在中國經營的具有社會責任感的物業開發 商,本集團致力於以對環境和社會負責任的方 式經營,以創造長期價值。

#### 報告指引

此乃中國上城集團有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)的第八份環境、社會及管治(「環境、社會及管治」)報告。本報告概述在其物業開發業務(佔其環境影響的大部分)中,本集團為應對環境、社會及管治相關風險和機遇所作的努力。

#### 報告範圍及期間

本報告涵蓋香港辦事處及中華人民共和國 (「中國」)物業發展業務於二零二三年一月 一日至二零二三年十二月三十一日期間的環 境、社會及管治表現。

#### **Feedback**

The Group continues to enhance and expand its ESG disclosures. We welcome stakeholders' feedback on the report and any suggestions on sustainability-related matters. You may share your thoughts at: info@chinauptown.com.hk.

#### **BOARD STATEMENT**

The Board of Directors oversees management of key risks associated with environment, talent acquisition, product quality and safety, and customer satisfaction, as well as deciding ESG-related strategic directions. Senior management is in-charge of material ESG topics identification, and various departments are responsible for implementation of ESG-related measures in the course of daily operations.

The Board of Directors examines the progress on environmental objectives on a regular basis to ensure that the environmental impact of the Company's operations is being addressed effectively. The Company's Board of Directors confirms that it has studied and approved the report.

#### **Stakeholder Engagement & Materiality**

We engage with internal as well as external stakeholders, including employees, shareholders, customers, subcontractors and the local community, and identify topics that generate significant impact to the environment, the economy and the society. The identified material topics are occupational health and safety, product quality, environmental management and anti-corruption. ESG-related risks that are relevant to the Group are identified and prioritized based on the likelihood of occurrence, followed by the Board's evaluation and approval, to manage risks to the business.

#### 反饋

本集團繼續完善及擴大環境、社會及管治披露。我們歡迎持份者就本報告作出反饋以及就可持續發展相關事宜提出建議。 閣下可通過info@chinauptown.com.hk與我們分享想法。

#### 董事會聲明

董事會監督與環境管理、人才招聘、產品質量及安全以及客戶滿意度相關的主要風險管理,並釐定與環境、社會及管治相關的戰略方向。高級管理層負責確定重大環境、社會及管治議題,及各部門在日常運營過程中負責實施與環境、社會及管治相關的措施。

董事會定期檢查環境目標的進展,以確保有效 解決本公司運營對環境的影響。本公司董事會 確認已研究及批准本報告。

#### 持份者參與及重要性

我們與內部和外部持份者(包括員工、股東、客戶、分包商及當地社區)進行接觸,並確定對環境、經濟和社會產生重大影響的議題。確定的重大議題為職業健康與安全、產品質量、環境管理及反貪污。與本集團相關的環境、社會及管治風險根據發生的可能性進行識別和優先排序,然後由董事會評估和批准,以管理對業務的風險。

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT**

Being a responsible company that abides by governmental initiatives, the Group is dedicated to managing and monitoring its environmental impacts. An ISO 14001-certified Environmental Management System ("EMS") is in place, led by the senior management and backed by the environmental protection and monitoring team. Environmental technicians of the Group are competent to keep track of its environmental performance.

In addition to internal management, the environmental protection department communicates closely with outsourced contractors and suppliers working on our construction projects. Regular checks are conducted to assess the green practices they follow and mitigation measures they implement on various parameters, including air emissions, waste and noise. Besides maintaining environmental performance, efforts are also made to reduce the potential environmental impacts to the extent possible.

To conform with the relevant national standards through the building design and construction stages, the Group continues to commission a qualified inspection and testing organisation to conduct an environmental impact assessment covering noise, air pollutants and sewage.

During the reporting period, the Group was not aware of any non-compliance of relevant laws and regulations<sup>1</sup> that have a significant impact on the Group relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste.

#### 環境管理

作為一家遵守政府倡議的負責任企業,本集團 致力於管理及監察其環境影響。我們設有經 ISO 14001認證的環境管理系統(「EMS」),由 高級管理層領導,並由環保及監察團隊提供支 援。本集團環境技術人員有能力追蹤其環境表 現。

除內部管理外,環保部門與參與我們的建築工程的外判承包商及供應商密切溝通。我們開展定期檢查,以評估彼等所採納的綠色實務及彼等所落實的減緩措施的各項參數,包括廢氣排放、廢水及噪音。除保持環境表現,本公司亦竭力盡可能減少潛在環境影響。

為在建築設計及建造階段符合相關國家標準,本集團持續委託合格的檢驗測試機構對噪音、空氣污染物及污水開展環境影響評估。

報告期間內,本集團概不知悉違反任何對本集團造成重大影響的有關空氣及溫室氣體排放、排放入水及土地以及產生有害及無害垃圾的相關法律及法規1。

適用法律法規列表載於**法律法規**一節。

List of applicable laws and regulations available in **Laws and Regulations**.

#### **Climate Change**

We are concerned about the likelihood of climate change having an impact on our operations. Extreme weather events, such as typhoons and floods, might disrupt our everyday operations. The Group is committed to managing the climate change risks of its operations and formulates strategies in accordance with industry practices to mitigate the impacts of climate change on its operations and increase its resilience.

A Climate Change Policy has been formulated, which lists actions required and taken for addressing climate change. To ensure that relevant information and resources are available for monitoring and regularly reviewing the impact of climate change on its employees and business operations, the Group periodically reviews its climate change policy.

#### 氣候變化

我們擔心氣候變化可能對我們的運營產生影響。颱風和洪水等極端天氣事件可能會影響我們的日常運營。本集團致力於管理其經營活動中的氣候變化風險並根據行業慣例制定戰略,以減輕氣候變化對經營活動的影響,提高應對能力。

本集團已制定氣候變化政策,其中列出了應對氣候變化所需採取的行動。本集團定期檢討其氣候變化政策,以確保相關信息和資源可用於監測和定期審查氣候變化對其員工和業務運營的影響。

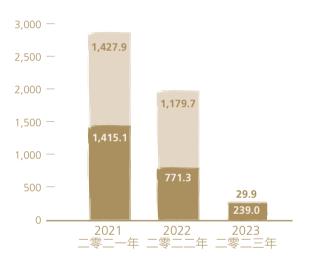
Type 類型	Risks/Opportunities 風險/機遇	Potential Financial Impacts 潛在財務影響	Our Actions in 2023 我們於二零二三年的行動
Physical Risks 實體風險			
Acute	Frequent Extreme Weather	<ul> <li>Reduced revenue from decreased production capacity</li> <li>Increased capital costs (e.g., damage to facilities and structures)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Conduct emergency drills and specialised training for employees concerned</li> </ul>
急性	頻繁極端天氣	<ul><li>產能下降導致收益減少</li><li>增加資本成本(例如,設施及構築物的損壞)</li></ul>	<ul><li>對相關僱員進行應急演練及專門培訓</li></ul>
Chronic	Prolonged period of extreme hot weather	<ul> <li>Higher costs from negative impacts on the workforce (e.g., health, safety, absenteeism)</li> </ul>	• Implement the required measures during times of extremely hot weather
慢性	長時間的極端高溫天氣	<ul> <li>對勞動力的負面影響(例如, 健康、安全、缺勤)造成較高 的成本</li> </ul>	<ul><li>在極端高溫的天氣下實施必要的措施</li></ul>
Transition Risks 轉型風險			
Policy and Legal	More stringent government policies for decarbonisation	• Increased cost of compliance and operation	Conduct regular checks to access green practices
政策及法律	政府更嚴格的減碳政策	• 合規及營運成本增加	• 開展定期檢查以評估綠色實 務
Technology	Costs of transition to lower emission technology	Capital investments in technology development	• Switch to electric vehicles by 2030
技術	轉型至低排放技術的成 本	• 技術開發的資本投資	• 於二零三零年之前改用電動車

Type 類型	Risks/Opportunities 風險/機遇	Potential Financial Impacts 潛在財務影響	Our Actions in 2023 我們於二零二三年的行動
Market	Changing customer behaviour	<ul> <li>Reduced demand for products due to shift in consumer preferences</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Optimise energy efficiency and reduce energy consumption in property management</li> </ul>
市場	不斷變化的消費者行為	• 由於消費者喜好的轉變,對產品的需求減少	• 於優化能源效率及減少物業 管理的能源消耗
Reputation 聲譽	Increased stakeholder concern or negative stakeholder feedback 持份者的擔憂或負面反饋增加	<ul> <li>Reduced revenue from decreased demand for goods/services</li> <li>對商品/服務的需求減少導致收益減少</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Formulate a climate change policy</li><li>制訂氣候變化政策</li></ul>
Opportunities 機遇			
Energy Source	Participation in the carbon market	<ul> <li>Reduced operational costs         <ul> <li>(e.g. through use of low- emission energy)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Implement energy-saving initiatives and digitalisation
能源來源	參與碳市場	• 降低運營成本(如通過使用低排放能源)	• 實施節能措施及數字化
Products	Advancement in green building technologies	Increased revenue through demand for low-emission	• Increase the use of renewable energy
產品	綠色建築技術提升	infrastructure • 透過滿足低排放基建需求增加收益	• 增加使用可再生能源

#### **Energy Consumption**

Operations of the Group consume petrol and electricity while no Liquefied Petroleum Gas ("LPG") was used this year and there was a significant decrease in petrol and electricity consumption compared to the previous year. During the reporting period, the Group consumed approximately 268.9 gigajoules ("GJ") of energy, with energy intensity of 0.08 GJ per square metre of floor area.<sup>2</sup>

#### Total Energy Consumption (GJ) 能源消耗總量(吉焦)



- Electricity 電力
- Petrol, Natural Gas, Liquified Petroleum Gas (LPG) 石油、天然氣、液化石油氣

#### **Carbon Emissions**

The Group's operations emit greenhouse gases ("GHG") directly (Scope 1) and indirectly (Scope 2). Direct emissions refer to GHG emissions from combustion of petrol by its vehicles while indirect emissions are from purchased electricity. During the reporting period, the total GHG emissions amounted to 24.7 tons of carbon dioxide equivalent ("tCO2e"). There were about 20.0 tCO2e Scope 1 and 4.7 tCO2e Scope 2 emissions, with emission intensity of 0.01 tCO2e per square metre of floor area.

#### Floor area includes offices of the Group in Hong Kong and the PRC.

#### 能源消耗

本集團的業務需消耗汽油及電力,而本年並未使用液化石油氣(「LPG」)且汽油和電力消耗量較上一年度有較大幅度下降。報告期間內,本集團消耗約268.9吉焦(「GJ」)能源,能源密度為每平方米建築面積20.08吉焦。

#### Total GHG Emissions (tCO₂e) 溫室氣體排放總量(噸二氧化碳當量)



#### 碳排放

本集團於運營過程中直接(範圍一)及間接(範圍二)排放溫室氣體。直接排放指來自汽油燃燒的溫室氣體排放,而間接排放來自於外購電力。報告期間內,溫室氣體排放總量為24.7噸二氧化碳當量。範圍一排放約為20.0噸二氧化碳當量,,排放密度為每平方米建築面積0.01噸二氧化碳當量。

建築面積包括本集團位於香港及中國的辦公室。

To address the growing impact of climate change, we strive to optimise energy efficiency and reduce energy consumption in both office operations and property management. While the Group aims to fully switch to electric vehicles by 2030 and ensure 100% of its electrical appliances have energy-saving labels by 2025, various energy conserving initiatives have been incorporated in agreements with service providers in the property development sector, making certain their operations are compliant with our environmental protection policies and guidelines.

為緩解氣候變化帶來的越來越大的影響,我們致力於優化能源效率及減少辦公室運營及物業管理的能源消耗。由於本集團計劃於二零三零年之前全面改用電動車並確保於二零二五年之前其所有電器均貼有節能標簽,各項節能舉措已納入與物業開發行業服務提供商的協議中,確保其業務運營符合我們的環保政策及指引。

#### **Air Emissions**

Petrol consumption was due to the use of vehicles for site visits, resulting in emissions of approximately 0.11 kg of sulphur oxides (SOx), 3.18 kg of nitrogen oxides (NOx) and 0.23 kg of particulate matter (PM) during the reporting period. Sprinklers and protective nets are used at the construction sites to reduce flying dust generated by machinery and vehicles.

#### 廢氣排放

固體廢棄物

汽油消耗來源於使用車輛進行實地訪查。報告期排放約0.11千克硫化物(SOx)、3.18千克氮氧化物(NOx)及0.23千克顆粒物(PM)。我們於建築工地使用灑水裝置及防護網以減少機器及汽車產生的揚摩。

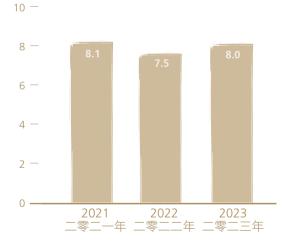
#### **Solid Waste**

The Group's businesses resulted in generation of 8.0 tonnes of non-hazardous waste during the reporting period.

To facilitate solid waste reduction, environmental protection department of the Group has set up a centralised waste collection point to stimulate recycling of construction waste and encourage employees to adopt green office measures for paper waste reduction, with a target to gradually move towards 100% paper recycling. Operations of the Group do not generate hazardous waste and packaging materials waste.

### Non-hazardous Waste (tonnes)

無害廢棄物(噸)



報告期間內,本集團業務產生8.0噸無害廢棄物。

#### **Noise**

Construction work results in generation of considerable noise and its control is important for the Company. Our contractors are bound to work during permitted hours only, manage transportation vehicles effectively, adopt sound insulation and vibration reduction measures and set up greening areas to diminish noise from vehicles.

#### **Water Consumption**

The Group used 7,500 cubic metres (m³) of municipal water in property development and office operations during the reporting period, and its intensity was about 2.34 m³ per square metre of floor area. There were no issues on sourcing water that is fit for the purpose. The Group is targeted to achieve 100% compliant discharge.

As a water conservation initiative, the Group operates temporary water treatment facilities for filtering and reusing water at construction sites. To this end, all water used for construction projects is treated prior to discharge.

#### 噪音

建築工程產生噪音較大,本公司重視噪音控制。我們約束分判商僅於允許時間內作業,有效管理交通工具,採取隔音及防震措施及設立緣化地帶以減少汽車造成的嘈音。

#### 水消耗

15,000 —
12,000 —
9,000 —
6,000 —
3,000 —
2,914

—
2021
—
2022
—
零
—
4 —
7,500

Water Consumption (m<sup>3</sup>)

水消耗(立方米)

報告期間內,本集團於物業開發及辦公室運營過程中使用7,500立方米的取用水,用水密度約為立方米建築面積2.34立立形。在求取適用水源上重無任何問題。本集團的標是實現排放完全合規。

作為一項節水措施,本集 團於建築工地運營臨時污 水處理設施,以過濾及循 環用水。藉此,建設工程 的全部用水均經處理後排 放。

#### **OUR PEOPLE & COMMUNITY**

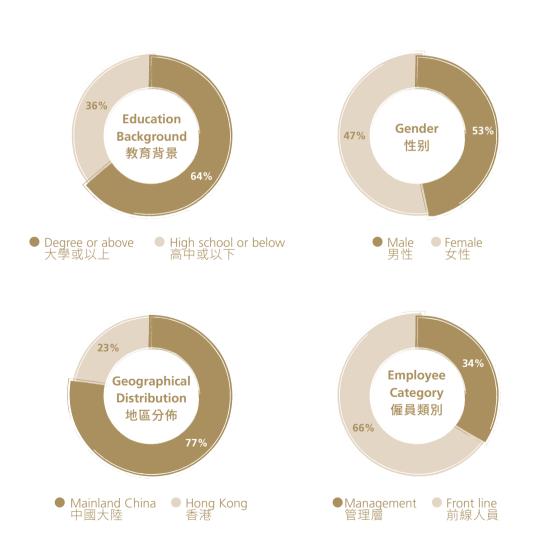
China Uptown believes its success is built upon its employees' dedication and competency. As such, promotion and rewards are offered based solely on expertise, contribution, performance and experience. As an equal opportunity employer, we strive to nurture a diverse and inclusive work environment where any form of harassment or discrimination is not tolerated. Should there be any discriminatory conduct, staff should report to the senior management for further action.

As of 31st December 2023, the Group had a total of 53 employees. Employee composition by geographic region, age, gender and position is shown as below:

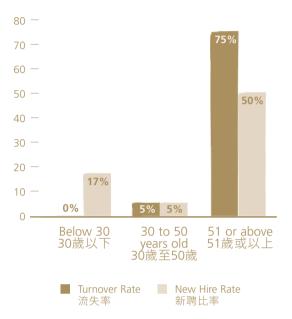
#### 我們的員工及社區

中國上城深信企業成功建立在僱員的敬業及能力基礎上。因此,我們在授予晉升及獎勵時僅依據僱員的專長、貢獻、業績及經驗。作為平等機會僱主,我們致力於培育多元包容的工作環境,杜絕任何形式的騷擾或歧視。倘出現任何歧視行為,員工應向高級管理層舉報以待採取進一步行動。

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團共有53名僱員。按地區、年齡、性別及職位劃分的僱員組成如下所示:



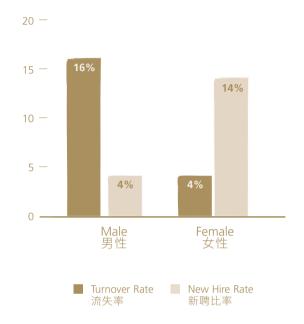
### Turnover and New Hire Rates by Age 按年齡劃分的流失率及新聘比率



During the reporting period, the Group was not aware of any non-compliance of relevant laws and regulations<sup>3</sup> that have a significant impact on the Group relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunities, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare.

The Group is not prone to a high risk of child or forced labour. Yet, we do stay vigilant about preventing recruitment of child or forced labour and verify the age of applicants to make sure they are not underage. During the year, we were not aware of any non-compliance with laws and regulations having a significant impact on the Group relating to employment and labour practices; nor did we come across any incidents relating to the use of child or forced labour.

### Turnover and New Hire Rates by Gender 按性別劃分的流失率及新聘比率



報告期間內,本集團並未知悉任何違反有關薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、假期、平等機會、多元化、反歧視以及其他待遇及福利並對本集團有重大影響的相關法律法規<sup>3</sup>。

本集團面臨的童工或強制勞工風險不高。儘管如此,我們仍保持警惕,避免招聘童工或強制勞工,並核驗求職者年齡以確保其並非未成年。年內,我們概不知悉有關就業及勞工實踐對本集團造成重大影響的不符合法律及法規的任何情況,亦未發現有關使用童工或強制勞工的任何事件。

List of applicable laws and regulations available in **Laws and Regulations**.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> 適用法律法規列表載於**法律法規**一節。

#### **Health and Safety**

The Group attaches great importance to occupational health and safety. In order to minimise occupational health and safety risk, we require contractors to strictly comply with our well-defined safety policies at construction sites, in accordance with relevant laws and regulations.<sup>4</sup>

During the construction process, supervisory engineers collaborate with contractors to monitor performance in respect of adherence to safety practices. Contractors are required to prepare emergency action plans and install necessary equipment and mitigate any safety hazards. Before construction work commences, contractors are required to submit a safety measures plan to the supervising engineer of the Group for approval.

No work-related fatalities were recorded during the year. To raise safety awareness, we regularly organise safety training for employees. In 2023, a total of 352 person times of safety training were recorded.

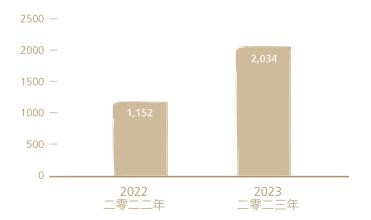
#### 健康及安全

本集團極為重視職業健康與安全。為盡量減少職業健康與安全風險,根據相關法律法規<sup>4</sup>,我們要求建築工地的所有承包商嚴格遵守我們訂明的安全政策。

在建築過程中,監理工程師與承包商合作,監察於遵守安全實務方面的表現。承包商需編製緊急行動方案及安裝必要設備,並規避任何安全隱患。於建築工程開工前,承包商須向本集團監理工程師提交一份安全措施計劃供審批。

年內,我們並無錄得與工作有關的致命事故。 為提高安全意識,我們定期為僱員舉辦安全培訓。於二零二三年,合共錄得352人次安全培訓。

#### Total Safety Training Hours 安全培訓總時數



The Group was not aware of any non-compliance with laws and regulations<sup>5</sup> that have a significant impact relating to providing a safe working environment and protection of employees from occupational hazards during the year.

年內,本集團概不知悉具有重大影響的違反有關提供安全工作環境及保護員工免受職業危害的任何法律及法規5。

4·5 適用法律法規列表載於**法律法規**一節。

<sup>4.5</sup> List of applicable laws and regulations available in Laws and Regulations.

#### **Training and Development**

China Uptown spares no effort to help its employees excel and thrive by providing inspiring opportunities for professional development. Various kinds of training is therefore delivered to employees across all levels, including directors, senior management and frontline staff. On top of organizing mandatory training to update employees about the latest trends in laws and regulations, we continue to explore development opportunities that support the employees to meet operational needs.

Enhancing the capability and competency of our sales team is crucial. As such, we have formulated comprehensive training plans for sales employees. During the year, professional training focusing on various skills and knowledge as outlined below was provided. We strive to equip employees with a thorough understanding of the market and pave the way to reach sales targets.

#### 培訓及發展

中國上城提供令人鼓舞的職業發展機會,竭力幫助僱員脫穎而出及取得成功。為此,我們為董事、高級管理層及前線員工等各級僱員提供各種培訓機會。除舉辦強制培訓以使僱員緊跟最新法律法規趨勢外,我們持續拓展有助於滿足員工運營需求的發展機會。

提升我們銷售團隊的能力和水平至關重要。因此,我們已為銷售僱員制定全面培訓計劃。年內,我們就下文概述的各種技能及知識提供專業培訓,致力於讓僱員充分了解市場,為實現銷售目標鋪平道路。

#### Personal skills trainings 個人技能培訓

- Professional qualities of a salesperson
- Sales mentality
- Conflicts resolution
- Sales elite training

- 銷售人員專業素質
- 銷售心態
- 衝突處理
- 銷售精英培訓

#### Knowledge trainings 知識培訓

- Project and sales management
- Property delivery
- Issues on railways around properties
- 項目及銷售處理
- 物業交付
- 物業附近鐵路問題

#### Customers relationship trainings 客戶關係培訓

- Sustaining customer relationships
- Handling disagreements with customers
- 維持客戶關係
- 處理與客戶的分歧

In 2023, 40% of male employees and 79% of female employees received training, while 78% of managerial staff and 51% of frontline employees were trained. The average training hours completed per employee was 3.1 hours during the year.

於二零二三年,40%之男性員工及79%之女性員工已接受培訓,而78%之管理層及51%之前線人員已接受培訓。年內,每名員工的平均培訓時數為3.1小時。

#### **Community Involvement**

The Group is keen to fulfil its corporate social responsibility and actively participates in community services wherever appropriate and financially feasible. Looking ahead, we would continue to explore opportunities for collaborations with third parties in community contribution.

#### **OPERATIONAL EXCELLENCE**

The Group strives to adopt the industry best practices in the property development business. We aim at maintaining high standards in goods and services we provide. We do this through active supply chain management and product assurance.

#### **Supplier Management**

To ensure delivery of high-quality products, the Group maintains a stable and close relationship with its business partners and customers.

Selection of suppliers and contractors is in accordance with a list of key criteria, including track record, financial strength, quality standards, ESG performance and ethical integrity. To fulfill our commitments in quality control, social and environmental responsibility, internationally recognised certifications such as ISO 9001, ISO 14001 and OHSAS 18001 are also highly valued and considered in the selection process. In 2023, the Group worked with 2 suppliers, all from mainland China.

The Group continuously engages with its suppliers and contractors and enters into well-defined agreements and contracts to maintain the quality of goods and services. Terms and conditions listed in contracts ensure all suppliers meet the required standards. We also regularly monitor and evaluate their performances, which are recorded for future screening processes.

#### 社區參與

本集團熱心履行企業社會責任,在適當且財力 允許的情況下積極參與社區服務。展望未來, 我們將繼續拓展與第三方的合作機會,為社區 作出貢獻。

#### 卓越營運

本集團致力於在物業開發業務中採納最佳行業實務,旨在通過積極的供應鏈管理及產品保證,在提供產品及服務時維持高標準。

#### 供應商管理

為確保交付優質產品,本集團維持與業務夥伴 及客戶的穩定緊密關係。

在甄選供應商及承包商時,我們依照關鍵標準列表,包括過往記錄、財務穩健度、質量標準、環境、社會及管治表現以及道德誠信。為兌現我們的質量控制承諾並履行社會及環境責任,在甄選過程中還高度重視及考慮ISO9001、ISO 14001及OHSAS 18001等獲國際認可的認證。於二零二三年,本集團與兩名來自中國大陸的供應商合作。

本集團持續委聘供應商及承包商,並訂立明確 的協議及合同,以持續提供優質產品及服務。 合約所列條款及條件可確保所有供應商達到 所要求的標準。我們亦定期監察及評估其表 現,並將其記錄在案以用於未來篩選過程。

Aligning with our corporate values, contractors are required to fulfill their respective corporate responsibilities. Regarding environmental obligations, agreements are made with contractors to minimise construction disturbance and potential risks caused to nearby communities. To maintain occupational safety and quality, provision of worker training and establishment of quality award system are also encouraged, for achieving high standards of contractual requirements.

遵照我們的企業價值觀,供應商須履行各自的企業責任。就環境義務而言,我們與承包商達成協議,盡可能減少對周邊社區造成建築擾亂及潛在風險。為保障職業安全及質量,我們鼓勵提供工人培訓及設立質量獎勵機制,以達至更高水平的合約要求。

#### **Product Responsibility**

As a responsible property developer, the Group is committed to offering products and services of top-class quality and great user experience. To assure product quality, we enhance performance of our contractors by following comprehensive selection and approval processes. Inspection and evaluation of quality are based on criteria such as construction standards, hygienic and safety conditions, etc.

#### **Product Assurance**

The Group maintains close relationships with its contractors and ensures quality assurance throughout the construction period. Before construction commencement, our contractors establish specialised construction management agencies in-charge of on-site operations and conditions. Construction permit and commencement report are obtained upon setting up supervision procedures.

#### 產品責任

作為負責任的物業開發商,本集團承諾提供品質一流的產品及服務以及卓越的用戶體驗。為確保產品質量,我們通過遵守全面的甄選及審批流程提升承包商表現。我們根據相關標準檢驗及評估質量,例如建築標準、衛生及安全狀況等。

#### 產品保證

本集團與承包商維持緊密關係,確保整個建築 過程的質量保證。開工前,我們的承包商成立 專門的建築管理機構,負責現場運營及狀況。 制定監督程序後,獲得施工許可證及開工報 告。

### Quality assurance in construction projects 建築工程質量保證

#### Contractors 承包商

- Make agreements with the Group regarding construction standards 就建築標準與本集團達成協議
- Set up supervision procedures of high quality and safety standards 設定優良品質及安全標準的監督 程序
- Establish management agencies in charge of daily operations 成立負責每日運營的管理機構



#### The Group 本集團

- Ensure standards are met upon project completion 確保項目達標竣工
- Assign supervisory engineers who are responsible for monitoring and addressing onsite operational issues

委任監理工程師負責監察及處理 現場營運問題

#### Government Departments 政府部門

 Perform inspection on standards including safety and environmental standards 檢驗安全及環境標準等標準

A number of environmental protection, safety and quality control measures are planned and implemented under the supervision of designated engineers. In case of any defects being identified during construction, we work with contractors for taking appropriate actions followed by immediate re-examination. Upon completion of a project, it is ensured that it meets all national and provincial standards.

指定工程師監督規劃及實施多項環保、安全及 質量控制措施。如在建築過程中發現任何缺 陷,我們與承包商合作採取適當措施,然後立 即進行復查。工程竣工後,須確保滿足所有國 家及省級標準。

#### **Customer Satisfaction**

The Group enhances customer satisfaction by continuous and ongoing engagement with customers and providing responsive services. We endeavor to disclose all necessary information to customers in order to help them make informed purchase decisions. Customer satisfaction is maintained in cooperation with qualified property management companies. Customers are also encouraged to provide feedback via our communication channels. Looking ahead, we would continue to review our performance and make improvements based on customers' feedback.

#### Code of Conduct

The Group places great importance on upholding the highest standards of ethics, honesty, openness and accountability in the workplace. Employees at all levels are expected to follow the stringent code of conduct with integrity, impartiality and honesty.

#### Data Privacy

Customer information privacy and rights are protected by adhering to relevant laws and regulations.<sup>6</sup> While every effort is made for managing information disclosure of projects, identity of employees is not divulged without their consent, under normal circumstances. During the year, we were not aware of any incidents of non-compliance with laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group concerning health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress.

#### 客戶滿意度

本集團通過持續及不間斷的與客戶進行溝通 及提供迅捷的服務,提升客戶滿意度。我們致 力於向客戶披露所有必要資料,從而有助於客 戶做出知情購買決定。我們與合格物業管理公 司合作,保障客戶滿意度。我們亦鼓勵客戶通 過我們的溝通渠道提供反饋。未來,我們將繼 續審核我們的表現並根據客戶反饋做出改進。

#### 行為準則

本集團高度重視在工作場所維持最高標準的 道德、誠信、開放及問責。各級別僱員須遵守 嚴格的誠信、公平及誠實行為準則。

#### 數據私隱

我們通過遵守相關法律法規6保護客戶資料私 隱及權利。除竭力管理項目的資料披露外,正 常情況下未經僱員許可不得洩露其身份。年 內,我們並無發現任何不符合健康與安全、廣 告、標籤、產品與服務私隱事宜及補救方法的 法例及法規而對本集團產生重大影響的情況。

<sup>6</sup> List of applicable laws and regulations available in Laws and Regulations.

<sup>6</sup> 適用法律法規列表載於**法律法規**一節。

#### Anti-corruption

The Group regards ethical integrity as the foundation of its success. In compliance with relevant laws and regulations<sup>7</sup>, we strictly prohibit any form of corruption including improper transfer of benefits and other unethical behaviours on part of employees.

#### 反貪污

本集團視道德品格為成功的基石。我們遵守相關法律及法規<sup>7</sup>,嚴禁僱員方面出現任何形式的貪污行為,包括不當利益輸送及其他有違道德的行為。



- Ensure the compliance of relevant laws and regulations 確保遵守相關法律及法規
- Conduct investigations on suspected cases of misconduct 對疑似不當行為展開調查
- Take disciplinary actions and inform responsible public regulatory bodies where necessary
   採取紀律處分措施並在必要時通知主管監管部門

Anti-Corruption Policy 反含污

Suppliers 供應商

- Conduct selection based on past records of ethical integrity 根據過往誠信記錄進行篩選
- Sign contracts or agreement with the Group 與本集團簽訂合約或協議

Employees 僱員

- Undergo regular anti-corruption training 定期接受反貪污培訓
- Report suspected cases to senior managers as encouraged under the whistle-blowing mechanism 依循舉報機制向高級管理層舉報疑似個案

For prevention of any misconduct, employees are encouraged to report suspected cases of corruption using our whistleblowing mechanism. Disciplinary actions including termination are taken when a malpractice or misconduct offence are proven after due and diligent investigations. Offences are also reported to appropriate authorities if there is any evidence of criminal activities in breach of legal and regulatory requirements. During the year, the Group was not aware of any breach of laws and regulations that had a significant impact on the Group relating to bribery, extortion, fraud, and money laundering.

為預防任何不當行為,我們鼓勵僱員運用舉報機制匯報疑似貪污個案。經盡職調查後證實存在觸犯舞弊行為或不當行為的罪行,將採取紀律行動,包括終止僱傭關係。如發現任何違反法律及監管規定的犯罪活動證據,將向適當機關匯報罪行。年內,本集團並不知悉任何違反有關賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢的法例及法規而對本集團產生重大影響的情況。

List of applicable laws and regulations available in Laws and Regulations.

適用法律法規列表載於**法律法規**一節。

#### **APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS**

#### 適用法律及法規

Aspect 範圍	Laws and Regulations 法律及法規	Section 章節
排放物	<ul> <li>Environmental Protection Law of the PRC</li> <li>《中華人民共和國環境保護法》</li> <li>Law of the PRC on the Prevention and Control of Air Pollution</li> <li>《中華人民共和國大氣污染防治法》</li> <li>Law of the PRC on the Prevention and Control of Water Pollution</li> <li>《中華人民共和國水污染防治法》</li> <li>Law of the PRC on the Prevention and Control of Environment Pollution Caused by Solid Wastes</li> <li>《中華人民共和國固體廢物污染環境防治法》</li> <li>Law of the PRC on Environmental Impact Assessment 《中華人民共和國環境影響評價法》</li> </ul>	Environmental Management 環境管理
Use of Resources 資源使用	<ul><li>Law of the PRC on Conserving Energy</li><li>《中華人民共和國節約能源法》</li></ul>	Environmental Management 環境管理
Employment 僱傭	<ul> <li>Labor Law of the PRC</li> <li>《中華人民共和國勞動法》</li> <li>Labor Contract Law of the PRC</li> <li>《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》</li> <li>Provisions on the Prohibition of Using Child Labor</li> <li>《禁止使用童工規定》</li> <li>Hong Kong Employment Ordinance</li> <li>香港《僱傭條例》</li> </ul>	Our People & Community 我們的員工及社區
Health and Safety 健康與安全	<ul><li>Production Safety Law of the PRC</li><li>《中華人民共和國安全生產法》</li></ul>	Health and Safety 健康與安全
Product Responsibility 產品責任	<ul> <li>Regulations on the Quality Management of Construction Projects</li> <li>《建設工程質量管理條例》</li> </ul>	Product Responsibility 產品責任
Anti-corruption 反貪污	<ul> <li>Criminal Law of the PRC</li> <li>《中華人民共和國刑法》</li> <li>Prevention of Bribery Ordinance of Hong Kong</li> <li>香港《防止賄賂條例》</li> </ul>	Anti-corruption 反貪污

72

#### **PERFORMANCE DATA SUMMARY**

#### 績效數據摘要

		2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
Employee	Total Headcount	53	53
僱員	總人數		
	By Geographical Distribution		
	按地域分佈		
	Mainland China	41	38
	中國大陸		
	Hong Kong	12	15
	香港		
	By Age		
	按年齡		
	<30	6	8
	<30歲		
	31-50	43	39
	31-50歲		
	>50	4	6
	>50歲		
	By Gender		
	按性別		
	Male	25	28
	男性		
	Female	28	25
	女性		
	By Educational Background		
	按教育背景		
	Degree or above	34	49
	大學或以上		
	High school or below	19	4
	高中或以下		

	2023	2022
	二零二三年	二零二二年
By Employee Category		
按員工類別		
Management	18	23
管理層		
Frontline	35	30
前線		
<b>Employee Turnover Rate</b>		
員工流失率		
By Age		
按年齡		
<30	0%	25%
<30歲		
31-50	5%	5%
31-50歲		
>50	75%	0%
>50歲		
By Gender		
按性別		
Male	16%	7%
男性		
Female	4%	8%
女性		
<b>Employee New Hire Rate</b>		
新員工入職率		
By Age		
按年齡		
<30	17%	25%
<30歲		
31-50	5%	0%
31-50歲		
>50	50%	0%
>50歲		

	2023	2022
	二零二三年	二零二二年
P. Caralan		
By Gender		
按性別		
Male	4%	0%
男性		
Female	14%	8%
女性		
Percentage of Employees Trained		
受訓員工百分比		
By Gender		
按性別		
Male	40%	46%
男性		
Female	79%	60%
女性		
By Employee Category		
按員工類別		
Management	78%	17%
管理層		
Frontline	51%	80%
前線		
Average training hours	3.1	3.7
平均培訓時數		
By Gender		
按性別		
Male	1.2	1.8
男性		1.0
Female	1.1	5.9
女性	1.1	5.5
By Employee Category		
按員工類別		
Management	2.8	1.3
管理層	2.8	1.5
	4.5	ГС
Frontline	1.5	5.6
前線		

		2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
Safety	Safety Performance		
安全	安全表現		
	Work-related injuries	0	0
	工傷		
	Lost days due to work injuries	0	0
	因工傷損失工作日數		
	Work related fatalities	0	0
	與工作有關的致命事故		
	Training on Occupational Health and Safety		
	職業健康與安全培訓		
	Total person-times training	352	384
	個人培訓總次數		
	Total training hours	2,034	1,152
	總培訓時數		
Environment	Total Resources Consumption		
環境	資源消耗總量		
	Electricity (kWh)	8,300	327,696
	電力(千瓦時)		
	Petrol (litre)	7,500	24,200
	汽油 (公升)		
	Total energy consumption (GJ)	268.9	1,951
	總能耗(吉焦)		
	Total energy intensity (GJ/m² floor area)	0.08	0.61
	總能源密度(吉焦/每平方米-建築面積)		
	Water (m³)	7,500	2,914
	水 (立方米)		
	Water intensity (m³/m² floor area)	2.34	0.91
	水密度(立方米/每平方米-建築面積)		

		2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
	Greenhouse Gases Emissions		
	溫室氣體排放		
	GHG emissions (tCO <sub>2</sub> e)	20.0	251.3
	溫室氣體排放(噸二氧化碳當量)		
	Scope I (tCO <sub>2</sub> e)	4.7	64.4
	範圍一(噸二氧化碳當量)		
	Scope II (tCO <sub>2</sub> e)	24.7	186.9
	範圍二(噸二氧化碳當量)		
	Emission intensity (tCO <sub>2</sub> e/m <sup>2</sup> floor area)	0.01	0.08
	排放密度(噸二氧化碳當量/每平方米-建築面積)		
	Air Pollutants from Vehicles		
	車輛空氣污染物		
	NOx (kg)	0.11	25.92
	氮氧化物(公斤)		
	SOx (kg)	3.18	0.36
	硫氧化物(公斤)		
	PM (kg)	0.23	2.3
	懸浮顆粒(公斤)		
	Waste		
	廢物		
	General waste (Tonnes)	8.0	7.50
	一般廢物 (噸)		
Community	Donation (RMB'000)	0	0
社區	捐款 (人民幣千元)		

#### **ESG CONTENT INDEX**

#### 環境、社會及管治內容索引

KPIs 關鍵績效指標	HKEX ESG Reporting Guide Requirements 香港聯交所環境、社會及管治報告指引要求	Section/Remarks 章節/備注
Governance structure 管治架構		
Mandatory disclosure	A statement from the Board containing the following elements:  (i) a disclosure of the Board's oversight of ESG issues;  (ii) the Board's ESG management approach and strategy, including the process used to evaluate, prioritise and manage material ESG-related issues (including risks to the issuer's businesses); and  (iii) how the Board reviews progress made against ESG-related goals and targets with an explanation of how they relate to the issuer's businesses.	BOARD STATEMENT
强制披露	由董事會發出的聲明,當中載有下列內容: (i) 披露董事會對環境、社會及管治事宜的監管; (ii) 董事會的環境、社會及管治管理方針及策略,包括評估、優次排列及管理重要的環境、社會及管治相關事宜(包括對發行人業務的風險)的過程;及 (iii) 董事會如何按環境、社會及管治相關目標檢討進度,並解釋它們如何與發行人業務有關連。	董事會聲明

KPIs 關鍵績效指標	HKEX ESG Reporting Guide Requirements 香港聯交所環境、社會及管治報告指引要求	Section/Remarks 章節/備注
Reporting principles 匯報原則		
Mandatory disclosure	A description of, or an explanation on, the application of the following Reporting Principles in the preparation of the ESG report:  a) Materiality: The ESG report should disclose: (i) the process to identify and the criteria for the selection of material ESG factors; (ii) if a stakeholder engagement is conducted, a description of significant stakeholders identified, and the process and results of the issuer's stakeholder engagement.  b) Quantitative: Information on the standards, methodologies, assumptions and/or calculation tools used, and source of conversion factors used, for the reporting of emissions/energy consumption (where applicable), should be disclosed.  c) Consistency: The issuer should disclose in the ESG report any changes to the methods or KPIs used, or any	This report is prepared in compliance with the ESG Reporting Guide set out in Appendix C2 to the Main Board Listing Rules and Guidance published by the Hong Kong Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"). Reporting principles of Materiality Quantitative, Balance and Consistency are applied in preparation of this report.
强制披露	other relevant factors affecting meaningful comparison. 描述或解釋在編備環境、社會及管治報告時如何應用下列匯報原則: a) 重要性:環境、社會及管治報告應披露:(i)識別重要環境、社會及管治因素的過程及選擇這些因素的準則;(ii)如發行人已進行持份者參與,已識別的重要持份者的描述及發行人持份者參與的過程及結果。 b) 量化:有關匯報排放量/能源耗用(如適用)所用的標準、方法、假設及/或計算工具的資料,以及所使用的轉換因素的來源應予披露。 c) 一致性:發行人應在環境、社會及管治報告中披露統計方法或關鍵績效指標的變更(如有)或任何其他影響有意義比較的相關因素。	本報告乃遵照香港聯交 所刊發的主板上市規 則及指引(「上市規則 附錄C2所載的環境、 會及管治報告指引編 製。編製本報告乃採) 重要性、量化、均衡及 一致性滙報原則。

KPIs 關鍵績效指標	HKEX ESG Reporting Guide Requirements 香港聯交所環境、社會及管治報告指引要求	Section/Remarks 章節/備注
Reporting boundary 匯報範圍		
Mandatory disclosure	A narrative explaining the reporting boundaries of the ESG report and describing the process used to identify which entities or operations are included in the ESG report. If there is a change in the scope, the issuer should explain the difference and reason for the change.	Reporting Scope and Period
强制披露	解釋環境、社會及管治報告的匯報範圍,及描述挑選哪些實體或業務納入環境、社會及管治報告的過程。若匯報範圍有所改變,發行人應解釋不同之處及變動原因。	報告範圍及期間

KPIs 關鍵績效指標		Reporting Guide Requirements 環境、社會及管治報告指引要求	Section/Remarks 章節/備注
A. Environmental A.環境			
Aspect A1: Emissions	b) comp have a relating to ai	on:  plicies; and  liance with relevant laws and regulations that  a significant impact on the issuer  r and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges  nd land, and generation of hazardous and non-	ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT
層面A1: 排放物	害廢棄物的 a) 政策;		環境管理
	KPI A1.1	The types of emissions and respective emissions data.	Air Emissions; PERFORMANCE DATA SUMMARY
	關鍵績效指標A1.1 KPI A1.2 關鍵績效指標A1.2 KPI A1.3 關鍵績效指標A1.3 KPI A1.4	排放物種類及相關排放數據。  Direct (Scope 1) and energy indirect (Scope 2) greenhouse gas emissions (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity. 直接 (範圍一) 及能源間接 (範圍二) 溫室氣體總排放量 (以噸計算) 及 (如適用) 密度。  Total hazardous waste generated (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity. 所產生有害廢棄物總量 (以噸計算) 及 (如適用) 密度。  Total non-hazardous waste generated (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity.  所產生無害廢棄物總量 (以噸計算) 及 (如適	廢氣排放; 績效數據摘要 Carbon Emissions; PERFORMANCE DATA SUMMARY 碳排放; 績效數據摘要 Solid Waste; 固體廢棄物; Solid Waste; PERFORMANCE DATA SUMMARY 固體廢物;
	關 標A1.4 KPI A1.5 關鍵績效指 標A1.5 KPI A1.6	用)密度。 Description of emissions target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them. 描述所訂立的排放量目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。 Description of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are handled, and a description of reduction target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them. 描述處理有害及無害廢棄物的方法,及描述所訂立的減廢目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	個題機物, 績效數據摘要 Carbon Emissions; Air Emissions 碳排放; 廢氣排放 Solid Waste

KPIs 關鍵績效指標	HKEX ESG Reporting Guide Requirements 香港聯交所環境、社會及管治報告指引要求		Section/Remarks 章節/備注
Aspect A2: Use of Resources 層面A2: 資源使用	Policies on efficient use of resources, including energy, water and other raw materials.		ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT 環境管理
	KPI A2.1 關鍵績效指標A2.1 KPI A2.2	Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type in total (kWh in '000s) and intensity.  按類型劃分的直接及/或間接能源總耗量(以千個千瓦時計算)及密度。  Water consumption in total and intensity.	Energy Consumption; PERFORMANCE DATA SUMMARY 能耗; 績效數據摘要 Water Consumption;
	關鍵績效指標A2.2 KPI A2.3	總耗水量及密度。  Description of energy use efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	PERFORMANCE DATA SUMMARY 水消耗; 績效數據摘要 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT
	關鍵績效指標A2.3 KPI A2.4	描述所訂立的能源使用效益目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。 Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for the purpose, water efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them	環境管理 Water Consumption
	關鍵績效指 標A2.4	描述求取適用水源上可有任何問題,以及所 訂立的用水效益目標及為達到這些目標所採 取的步驟。	水消耗
	KPI A2.5	Total packaging materials used for finished products (in tonnes) and, if applicable, with reference to per unit produced.	Solid Waste
	關鍵績效指 標A2.5	製成品所用包裝材料的總量(以噸計算)及(如使用)每生產單位佔量。	固體廢棄物

KPIs 關鍵績效指標		Reporting Guide Requirements 環境、社會及管治報告指引要求	Section/Remarks 章節/備注
Aspect A3: The Environment and Natural Resources 層面A3: 環境及天然資源	environment 一般披露	losure ninimizing the issuers' significant impact on the and natural resources. 對環境及天然資源造成重大影響的政策。	ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT 環境管理
	KPI A3.1 關鍵績效指標A3.1	Description of significant impacts of business activities on the environment and natural resources and actions taken to manage them. 描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及已採取管理有關影響的行動。	ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT 環境管理
Aspect A4: Climate Change 層面A4:	General Disclosure Policies on identification and mitigation of significant climate- related issues which have impacted, and those which may  impact, the issuer.  一般披露		Climate Change
氣候變化	7077077	已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大氣候相策。	THE TU
	KPI A4.1 關鍵績效指標A4.1	Description of the significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer, and the actions taken to manage them. 描述已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大氣候相關事宜,及應對行動。	Climate Change 氣候變化

KPIs 關鍵績效指標		Reporting Guide Requirements 環境、社會及管治報告指引要求	Section/Remarks 章節/備注
B. Social B.社會			
Aspect B1: Employment  層面B1: 僱傭	General Disclosure Information on: a) the policies; and b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer related to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare.  —般披露 有關薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、假期、平等機會、多元化、反歧視以及其他待遇及福利的: a) 政策;及 b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。		OUR PEOPLE & COMMUNITY  我們的員工及社區
	RPI B1.1 關鍵績效指標B1.1 KPI B1.2 關鍵績效指標B1.2	Total workforce by gender, employment type, age group and geographical region.  按性別、僱傭類型、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員總數。 Employee turnover rate by gender, age group and geographical region. 按性別、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員流失比率。	OUR PEOPLE & COMMUNITY; PERFORMANCE DATA SUMMARY 我們的員工及社區; 績效數據摘要 OUR PEOPLE & COMMUNITY; 我們的員工及社區;

KPIs 關鍵績效指標		Reporting Guide Requirements 環境、社會及管治報告指引要求	Section/Remarks 章節/備注
A 1 D2	Consul Bird		11. dd d C.C.
Aspect B2: Health and Safety	General Discl		Health and Safety
nealth and Salety		on. olicies; and	
	The second secon	liance with relevant laws and regulations that	
		a significant impact on the issuer	
		roviding a safe working environment and	
		mployees from occupational hazards.	
層面B2:	一般披露	7 - /	健康及安全
健康與安全	有關提供安3 a) 政策	全工作環境及保障僱員避免職業性危害的:	
		,以 對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資	
	料。		
	KPI B2.1	Number and rate of work-related fatalities	PERFORMANCE DATA
		occurred in each of the past three years	SUMMARY
		including the reporting year.	
	關鍵績效指		績效數據摘要
	標B2.1	的人數及比率。	
	KPI B2.2	Lost person days due to work injuries.	PERFORMANCE DATA
			SUMMARY
	關鍵績效指 標B2.2	因工傷損失工作日數。	績效數據摘要
	保DZ.Z KPI B2.3	Description of occupational health and safety	Health and Safety
	KFI DZ.3	measures adopted, how they are implemented	Health and Salety
		and monitored.	
	關鍵績效指	描述所採納的職業健康與安全措施,以及相	健康及安全
	標B2.3	關執行及監察方法。	

KPIs 關鍵績效指標		Reporting Guide Requirements 環境、社會及管治報告指引要求	Section/Remarks 章節/備注
Aspect B3: Development and Training 層面B3: 發展及培訓	General Disclosure Policies on improving employees' knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work. Description of training activities.  一般披露 有關提升僱員履行工作職責的知識及技能的政策。描述培訓活動。		Training and Development 培訓及發展
	KPI B3.1 關鍵績效指標B3.1 KPI B3.2 關鍵績效指標B3.2	The percentage of employees trained by gender and employee category (e.g. senior management, middle management).  按性別及僱員類別 (如高級管理層、中級管理層等) 劃分的受訓僱員百分比。 Average training hours completed per employee by gender and employee category.  按性別及僱員類別劃分,每名僱員完成受訓的平均時數。	Training and Development; PERFORMANCE DATA SUMMARY 培訓及發展; 績效數據摘要 Training and Development; PERFORMANCE DATA SUMMARY 培訓及發展; 績效數據摘要
Aspect B4: Labour Standards 層面B4: 勞工準則	General Disclosure Information on: a) the policies; and b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to prevention of child or forced labour.  一般披露 有關防止童工或強制勞工的: a) 政策;及 b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。		OUR PEOPLE & COMMUNITY 我們的員工及社區
	KPI B4.1 關鍵績效指標B4.1 KPI B4.2 關鍵績效指標B4.2	勞工。 Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered.	OUR PEOPLE & COMMUNITY 我們的員工及社區 OUR PEOPLE & COMMUNITY 我們的員工及社區

KPIs 關鍵績效指標		deporting Guide Requirements 環境、社會及管治報告指引要求	Section/Remarks 章節/備注
Aspect B5: Supply Chain Management	General Disclosure Policies on managing environmental and social risks of the supply chain 一般披露 管理供應鏈的環境及社會風險政策。		OPERATIONAL EXCELLENCE
層面B5: 供應鏈管理			卓越營運
	KPI B5.1 關鍵績效指 標B5.1	Number of suppliers by geographical region. 按地區劃分的供應商數目。	Supplier Management 供應商管理
	KPI B5.2	Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers, number of suppliers where the practices are being implemented, how they are implemented and monitored.	Supplier Management
	關鍵績效指 標B5.2	描述有關聘用供應商的慣例,向其執行有關慣例的供應商數目、以及有關慣例的執行及監察方法。	供應商管理
	KPI B5.3	Description of practices used to identify environmental and social risks along the supply chain, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Supplier Management
	關鍵績效指 標B5.3	描述有關識別供應鏈每個環節的環境及社會 風險的慣例,以及相關執行及監察方法。	供應商管理
	KPI B5.4	Description of practices used to promote environmentally preferable products and services when selecting suppliers, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Supplier Management
	關鍵績效指 標B5.4	描述在揀選供應商時促使多用環保產品及服務的慣例,以及相關執行及監察方法。	供應商管理

KPIs 關鍵績效指標		Reporting Guide Requirements 環境、社會及管治報告指引要求	Section/Remarks 章節/備注
Aspect B6: Product Responsibility 層面B6: 產品責任	b) comp have relating to he matters relat methods of r 一般披露 有關所提供 宜以及補救 a) 政策 b) 遵守	on: olicies; and liance with relevant laws and regulations that a significant impact on the issuer ealth and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy ing to products and services provided and redress.  產品和服務的健康與安全、廣告、標籤、私隱事 方法的:	OPERATIONAL EXCELLENCE
	料。 KPI B6.1	Percentage of total products sold or shipped subjected to recalls for safety and health	Data Privacy
	關鍵績效指 標B6.1	reasons. 已售或已運送產品總數中因安全與健康理由 而須回收的百分比。	數據私隱
	KPI B6.2	Number of products and service related complaints received and how they were dealt with.	Customer Satisfaction
	關鍵績效指 標B6.2	接獲關於產品及服務的投訴數目以及應對方法。	客戶滿意度
	KPI B6.3	Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual property rights.	Data Privacy
	關鍵績效指 標B6.3	描述與維護及保障知識產權有關的慣例。	數據私隱
	KPI B6.4	Description of quality assurance process and product recall procedures.	Product Assurance
	關鍵績效指 標B6.4	描述質量檢定過程及產品回收程序。	品質保障
	KPI B6.5	Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, how they are implemented and monitored.	Data Privacy
	關鍵績效指 標B6.5	描述消費者數據保障及私隱政策,以及相關 執行及監察方法。	數據私隱

KPIs 關鍵績效指標		eporting Guide Requirements 環境、社會及管治報告指引要求	Section/Remarks 章節/備注
Aspect B7: Anti-corruption	General Disclosure Information on: a) the policies; and b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that		Anti-corruption
層面B7: 反貪污	relating to br 一般披露 有關防止賄 a) 政策;	a significant impact on the issuer ibery, extortion, fraud and money laundering.  A significant impact on the issuer ibery, extortion, fraud and money laundering.  A significant impact on the issuer ibery is supported by the impact on the issuer is supported by the impact on the issuer is supported by the impact on the issuer is supported by	反貪污
	KPI B7.1         關鍵績效指	Number of concluded legal cases regarding charges of corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the reporting period and the outcomes of the cases. 於匯報期內對發行人或其僱員提出並已審結	Anti-corruption  反貪污
	爾獎模双有標B7.1 KPI B7.2	的貪污訴訟案件的數目及訴訟結果。 Description of preventive measures and whistle-blowing procedures, how they are implemented and monitored.	Anti-corruption
	關鍵績效指 標B7.2	描述防範措施及舉報程序,以及相關執行及監察方法。	反貪污
	KPI B7.3	Description of anti-corruption training provided to directors and staff.	Anti-corruption
	關鍵績效指 標B7.3	描述向董事及員工提供的反貪污培訓。	反貪污
Aspect B8: Community Investment	General Disclosure Policies on community engagement to understand the needs of the communities where the issuer operates and to ensure its activities take into consideration the communities' interests.		Community Involvement
層面B8: 社區投資	一般披露 有關以社區領	參與來了解發行人營運所在社區需要和確保其 考慮社區利益的政策。	社區參與
	KPI B8.1 關鍵績效指 標B8.1	Focus areas of contribution. 專注貢獻範疇。	Community Involvement 社區參與
	KPI B8.2 關鍵績效指 標B8.2	Resources contributed to the focus area. 在專注範疇所動用資源。	Community Involvement 社區參與

The Directors are pleased to present their report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Year.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of the Group are engaged in (i) property development and investment; and (ii) trading of raw sugar. Details of the principal subsidiaries of the Company are set out in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements.

An analysis of the Group's turnover by business segments and geographical segments for the Year is set out in note 5 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS**

The Group's results for the Year are set out in this annual report on pages 113 to 228.

The Board does not recommend the payment of any dividend in respect of the Year.

#### **FIVE YEARS FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

A summary of the published results, assets and liabilities, and non-controlling interests of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the audited consolidated financial statements is set out on page 4 of this annual report. This summary does not form a part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

# BUSINESS REVIEW AND MARKET OUTLOOK AND PROSPECTUS

A review of the business of the Group during the Year and a discussion on the Group's future business development are provided in the Management Discussion and Analysis on pages 5 to 16 of this annual report. 董事謹此欣然提呈本集團本年度之董事會報 告及經審核綜合財務報表。

#### 主要業務

本公司為一間投資控股公司。本集團之主要業務為(i)物業發展及投資;及(ii)原糖貿易。有關本公司主要附屬公司的詳情載於綜合財務報表附許36。

本集團本年度營業額業務分類及地區分類的 分析載於綜合財務報表附註5。

#### 業績及股息

本集團本年度之業績載於本年報第113至228 頁。

董事會不建議派發任何本年度股息。

#### 五年財務摘要

本集團過去五個財政年度已公佈之業績、資產 及負債及非控制性權益概要(節錄自經審核綜 合財務報表)載於本年報第4頁。此概要並不構 成經審核綜合財務報表之部份。

#### 業務回顧、市場展望及前景

本集團於本年度之業務回顧及本集團未來業 務發展之討論載於本年報第5至16頁管理層討 論及分析內。

#### **Principal Risks and Uncertainties**

The Group's financial condition, results of operations, businesses and prospects would be affected by a number of risks and uncertainties including market risk, credit risk, and liquidity risk. The risk management policies and practices of the Group are shown in notes 39 and 40 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **Environmental Policies and Performance**

The Group commits to the long term sustainability of the environment and communities in which it operates. Acting in an environmentally responsible manner, the Group endeavours to comply with laws and regulations regarding environmental protection and adopt effective measures to achieve efficient use of resources, energy saving and waste reduction.

The Group also commits to the principle and practice of recycling and reducing. To help conserve the environment, it implements green office practices such as re-deployment of office furniture as far as possible, encourage use of recycled paper for printing and copying, double-sided printing and copying, reduce energy consumption by switching off idle lightings, air conditioning and electrical appliances. Details for the environmental policies and performance of the Group during the Year are set out in the Environmental, Social and Governance Report on pages 55 to 89.

#### **Compliance with the Relevant Laws and Regulations**

As far as the Board is aware, the Group has complied in material respects with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operation of the Group. During the Year, there was no material breach of or non-compliance with the applicable laws and regulations by the Group.

#### 主要風險及不確定因素

本集團之財務狀況、經營業績、業務及前景將受眾多風險及不確定因素影響,包括市場風險、信貸風險及流動資金風險。本集團之風險管理政策及實踐呈列於綜合財務報表附註39及40。

#### 環境政策及表現

本集團致力於其經營所在環境及社區之長期可持續性。本集團以對環境負責之方式行事, 盡力遵守有關環保之法律及法規,並採取有效措施達致資源有效利用、能源節約及廢物減 小。

本集團亦奉行循環利用和節約之原則與實務。為幫助保護環境,本集團實施綠色辦公室 行動,如盡可能重新安置淘汰的辦公室傢具、 鼓勵使用廢舊紙張打印及複印、提倡雙面打印 和複印、以及通過關閉閒置的照明、空調及電 器減少能源消耗。本集團於本年度之環境政策 及表現之詳情載於第55至89頁之環境、社會 及管治報告。

#### 遵守相關法律及法規

就董事會所知,本集團已於各重要方面遵守對本集團業務及經營產生重大影響之相關法律 及法規。於本年度,本集團概無嚴重違反或不 遵守適用法律及法規。

## Relationship with Suppliers, Customers and other Stakeholders

The Group understands the importance of maintaining a good relationship with its suppliers, customers and other stakeholders to meet its immediate and long-term goals.

During the Year, there were no material and significant dispute between the Group and its suppliers, customers and/or other stakeholders.

#### PERMITTED INDEMNITY

Pursuant to the memorandum of association of the Company and Articles, the applicable laws and regulations, every Director shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets and profits of the Company against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them may incur or sustain in the execution of their duties in their offices. Such permitted indemnity provision has been in force throughout the Year. The Company has arranged appropriate Directors' and officers' liability insurance coverage for the Directors and officers of the Group.

#### PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the Year are set out in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

# ORDINARY SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE OPTIONS

Details of movements in the Company's ordinary share capital and share options are set out in notes 29 and 30 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **SHARES ISSUED**

The Company has not issued any Shares during the Year.

Subsequent to the Year, as disclosed in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" above, the Company issued and allotted 50,888,000 Placing Shares on 6 March 2024.

#### 與供應商、客戶及其他持份者的關係

本集團明白與其供應商、客戶及其他持份者維持良好關係,對達致即時及長遠目標極為重要。

於本年度,本集團與其供應商、客戶及/或其他持份者並無發生重大及嚴重糾紛。

#### 獲准許的彌償

根據本公司組織章程大綱及細則、適用法律及法規,每名董事就彼等或彼等任何一人基於其職位履行其職務而產生或蒙受的所有訴訟、費用、收費、損失、損害及開支,均可自本公司的資產及溢利獲得彌償,確保免於就此受損。該等獲准許的彌償條文已於本年度內生效。本公司已就本集團董事及行政人員購買合適的董事及行政人員責任保險。

#### 物業、廠房及設備

本集團於本年度之物業、廠房及設備之變動詳 情載於綜合財務報表附註15。

#### 普诵股本及購股權

本公司之普通股本及購股權變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註29及30。

#### 已發行股份

本公司於本年度並無發行任何股份。

於本年度後,誠如上文「管理層討論及分析」一節所披露,本公司於二零二四年三月六日發行並配發50,888,000股配售股份。

#### **DEBENTURES ISSUED**

The Group has not issued any debenture during the Year.

#### **EOUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS**

Save as disclosed in the section headed "SHARE OPTION SCHEME" below, no equity-linked agreement was entered into by the Company during the Year.

#### **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Articles and the laws of the Cayman Islands which would oblige the Company to offer new shares of the Company on a pro rata basis to existing shareholders.

# PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

During the Year, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's shares.

#### **RESERVES**

Details of movement in the reserves of the Group during the Year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 117 of this annual report.

#### **DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES**

There is no distributable reserves of the Company as at 31 December 2023, available for distribution, calculated in accordance with the provisions of Companies Act of the Cayman Islands (2022: Nil).

Under the laws of the Cayman Islands, the share premium is distributable to the shareholders of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as and when they fall due in the ordinary course of business. The reserves of the Company available for distribution further depend on the dividend distributable by the Company's subsidiaries.

#### 已發行債券

本集團於本年度並無發行任何債券。

#### 股票掛鈎協議

除下文「購股權計劃」一節所披露者外,本公司於本年度並無訂立任何股票掛鈎協議。

#### 優先購買權

根據細則及開曼群島法例,並無有關優先購買權之規定,以致本公司必須向其現有股東按持股比例發行本公司之新股份。

#### 購買、出售或贖回上市證券

於本年度,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購入、出售或贖回任何本公司股份。

#### 儲備

本集團於本年度之儲備變動詳情載於本年報 第117頁之綜合權益變動表中。

#### 可供分派儲備

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,根據開曼群島公司法之條文計算,本公司並無可供分派之可供分派儲備(二零二二年:無)。

根據開曼群島法例,股份溢價可分配予本公司 股東,惟緊隨建議分派股息當日本公司將能償 還其於日常業務過程中到期之債務。本公司可 供分派之儲備進一步取決於本公司附屬公司 可分派之股息。

# ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING AND CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

For determining the eligibility of the shareholders of the Company to attend and vote at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to be held on Thursday, 20 June 2024 ("2024 AGM"), the register of members of the Company will be closed from Friday, 14 June 2024 to Thursday, 20 June 2024, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of Shares will be registered. In order to be eligible to attend and vote at the 2024 AGM, all transfers of Shares accompanied by the relevant share certificate(s) must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong, Union Registrars Limited at Suites 3301-04, 33/F., Two Chinachem Exchange Square, 338 King's Road, North Point, Hong Kong for registration not later than 4:00 p.m. on Thursday, 13 June 2024.

#### **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

The aggregate sales attributable to the Group's five largest customers were less than 30% of the Group's total revenue for the Year.

The Group's suppliers are mainly contractors for property development. For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group has only one supplier and purchase from this supplier amounted to 100% whereas purchase from the largest supplier for the year ended 31 December 2022 amounted to 100%.

Save as disclosed above, during the Year, none of the Directors, their close associates or any shareholders of the Company (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the total number of the Company's shares in issue) had any beneficial interest in the five largest customers and suppliers.

#### 股東週年大會及暫停辦理股份過戶登記

為釐定本公司股東出席將於二零二四年六月 二十日(星期四)舉行之本公司應屆股東遭 大會(「二零二四年股東遭年大會」)並於自 投票的資格,本公司將於二零二四年六月 日(星期五)至二零二四年六月二十日( 星期五)至二零二四年於過戶登記 續,期內將不會辦理任何股份過戶登記 續,期內將不會辦理任何股東遭年大會同的 為符合出席工零二四年股東遭年大會同的 大豐原之 一個時期 一個時間 一個時間

#### 主要客戶及供應商

本集團五大客戶應佔銷售總額少於本集團於 本年度之總收益30%。

本集團的供應商主要為物業發展的承包商。 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團僅有一名供應商及自該名供應商的採購達 100%,而截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止 年度,向最大供應商的採購達100%。

除上文所披露者外,於本年度,董事、彼等之緊密聯繫人士或根據董事所知擁有本公司已發行股份總數之5%以上之本公司任何股東概無擁有五大客戶及供應商之任何實益權益。

#### **DIRECTORS**

The Directors during the Year and up to the report date are:

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Pan Shimin (Chairman)

Mr. Chen Xian (Vice-Chairman)

Mr. Zhang Xiao Jun

(appointed on 30 October 2023)

Mr. Liang Zhichao

(appointed on 29 January 2024)

Mr. Cheng Chi Kin

(resigned as executive Director and

Chief Executive Officer with effect from 1 March 2024)

Mr. To Kwan

(resigned with effect from 21 February 2024)

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Chen Weijiang

Mr. Lee Chun Tung

Mr. Yau Sze Yeung

Mr. Pan Shimin and Mr. Chen Xian shall retire from office by rotation pursuant to article 87(1) of the Articles, and being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the 2024 AGM.

Mr. Zhang Xiao Jun and Mr. Liang Zhichao, who were appointed by the Board in year 2023 and in January 2024 respectively, shall hold office until 2024 AGM pursuant to article 86(3) of the Articles, and being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the 2024 AGM.

#### 董事

以下為於本年度及截至報告日期之董事:

#### 執行董事

潘世民先生(主席)

陳賢先生(副主席)

張曉君先生

(於二零二三年十月三十日獲委任)

梁志超先生

(於二零二四年一月二十九日獲委任)

鄭子堅先生

(於二零二四年三月一日辭任

執行董事及行政總裁)

杜坤先生

(於二零二四年二月二十一日辭任)

#### 獨立非執行董事

陳偉江先生

李鎮彤先生

邱思揚先生

潘世民先生及陳賢先生須根據細則第87(1)條於二零二四年股東週年大會上輪值退任,並合 乎資格,願意於二零二四年股東週年大會上膺 選連任。

根據細則第86(3)條,張曉君先生及梁志超先生 (分別於二零二三年及二零二四年一月獲董 事會委任)之任期至二零二四年股東週年大會 為止,並合乎資格,願意於二零二四年股東週 年大會上膺選連任。

#### **BIOGRAPHIES OF DIRECTORS**

Biographical details of the Directors are set out in pages 17 to 21 of this annual report.

#### **DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS**

Mr. Pan Shimin has entered into a service contract with the Company on 28 January 2022 without a fixed term. He may receive a discretionary bonus as determined by the Remuneration Committee based on his performance and the Company's performance.

Mr. Chen Xian has entered into a service contract with the Company without a fixed term. He is entitled to a double pay in accordance with his service contract. He may receive a discretionary bonus as determined by the Remuneration Committee based on his performance and the Company's performance.

Mr. Zhang Xiao Jun has entered into a service contract with the Company on 30 October 2023 for an initial term of three years commencing from 30 October 2023 unless terminated by not less than two months' notice in writing served by either party to the other or payment in lieu of notice.

Mr. Liang Zhichao has entered into a service contract with the Company on 29 January 2024 for an initial term of two years commencing from 29 January 2024 unless terminated by not less than two months' notice in writing served by either party to the other or payment in lieu of notice.

Mr. Chen Weijiang has signed an appointment letter issued by the Company on 31 March 2023 for the continuous appointment as an independent non-executive Director for a term of three years with retrospective effect from 3 January 2023 unless terminated by not less than one month's notice in writing served by either party to the other or payment in lieu of notice.

#### 董事簡歷

董事簡歷詳情載於本年報第17至21頁。

#### 董事服務合約

潘世民先生與本公司於二零二二年一月 二十八日簽訂服務合約並沒有固定任期。彼可 收取薪酬委員會根據其表現及本公司業績釐 定的酌情花紅。

陳賢先生已與本公司簽訂服務合約。彼有權根 據服務合約收取雙倍薪酬無固定期限之。彼可 收取薪酬委員會根據其表現及本公司業績釐 定的酌情花紅。

張曉君先生與本公司於二零二三年十月三十 日簽訂服務合約,初始任期自二零二三年十月 三十日起計為期三年,除非任何一方向對方發 出不少於兩個月之書面通知或代通知金予以 終止。

梁志超先生與本公司於二零二四年一月 二十九日簽訂服務合約,初始任期自二零二四 年一月二十九日起計為期兩年,除非任何一方 向對方發出不少於兩個月之書面通知或代通 知金予以終止。

陳偉江先生於二零二三年三月三十一日簽署 由本公司發出之委任書,以繼續獲委任為獨立 非執行董事,任期為三年,自二零二三年一月 三日起追溯生效,除非任何一方向對方發出不 少於一個月之書面通知或代通知金予以終止。

Mr. Yau Sze Yeung has signed an appointment letter issued by the Company on 6 July 2022 for an initial term of three years commencing on 6 July 2022 unless terminated by not less than one month's notice in writing served by either party to the other or payment in lieu of notice.

Mr. Lee Chun Tung has signed an appointment letter issued by the Company on 17 June 2022 for an initial term of three years commencing on 17 June 2022 unless terminated by not less than one month's notice in writing served by either party to the other or payment in lieu of notice

No Director proposed for re-election at the 2024 AGM has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment other than statutory compensation.

#### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS**

No Director had a significant beneficial interest, either direct or indirect, in any contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company or any its subsidiaries was a party at any time during the Year.

#### INDEPENDENCE CONFIRMATION

Each independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Yau Sze Yeung, Mr. Chen Weijiang and Mr. Lee Chun Tung, has confirmed his independence to the Company as required under Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company, based on such confirmations, considers all independent non-executive Directors are independent.

## EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

Details of the emoluments of the Directors and the highest paid individuals of the Group are set out in note 11 to the consolidated financial statements. 邱思揚先生於二零二二年七月六日簽署由本公司發出之委任書,初始任期自二零二二年七月六日起計為期三年,除非任何一方向對方發出不少於一個月之書面通知或代通知金予以終止。

李鎮彤先生於二零二二年六月十七日簽署由本公司發出之委任書,初始任期自二零二二年六月十七日起計為期三年,除非任何一方向對方發出不少於一個月之書面通知或代通知金予以終止。

本公司並無與擬於二零二四年股東週年大會 上重選連任之董事訂立任何不可由本公司於 一年內無償終止(法定補償除外)之服務合約。

#### 董事合約權益

於本公司或其任何附屬公司於本年度內任何 時間訂立與本集團業務有重大關連之任何合 約中,董事概無擁有任何直接或間接之重大實 益權益。

#### 確認獨立性

各獨立非執行董事,即邱思揚先生、陳偉江先 生及李鎮彤先生,均已根據上市規則第3.13 條的規定向本公司確認其獨立性。根據有關確 認,本公司認為全體獨立非執行董事均為獨立 人士。

#### 董事及五位最高薪人士酬金

董事及本集團最高薪人士的酬金詳情載於綜合財務報表附註11。

#### **CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS**

The Company did not have any connected transactions or continuing connected transactions which were subject to the reporting, announcement or independent shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules during the Year.

#### **EMOLUMENT POLICY**

The emoluments of the Directors are reviewed by the Remuneration Committee, having regard to the Company's operating results, individual performance and comparable market statistics, and approved by the Board.

Details of the related party and connected party transactions are set out in note 33 to the consolidated financial statements.

# DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITION IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 December 2023, none of the Directors or the chief executive of the Company has any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of the Part XV of the SFO) (1) which are required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (2) which are required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or (3) which are required, pursuant to the Model Code to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

#### 關連交易

於本年度,本公司並無任何須遵守上市規則第 14A章項下申報、公告或獨立股東批准規定的 關連交易或持續關連交易。

#### 薪酬政策

董事之酬金乃根據本公司之經營業績、個人表 現及可比較市場數據由薪酬委員會審議並經 董事會批准。

關連人士及關連方交易之詳情於綜合財務報 表附註33刊載。

## 董事於本公司股份及相關股份的權益及淡倉

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,概無本公司之董事或主要行政人員於本公司及其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)的股份、相關股份或債券中擁有(1)根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部須知會本公司及聯交所之任何權益或淡倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例之值標文被視為或當作擁有之權益或淡倉);與領別之的登記冊的任何權益或淡倉;或(3)根據標準守則而須通知本公司及聯交所之任何權益或淡倉。

A ............................

#### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31 December 2023, so far as was known to the Directors, the following persons (other than the Directors or the chief executive of the Company) has interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of division 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register of substantial shareholder required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO.

Long position in ordinary shares

#### 主要股東

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,董事獲悉以下人士(除本公司董事或主要行政人員外)於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有權益或淡倉,而根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部須向本公司披露,或記入本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條之規定須存置之主要股東登記冊內。

於普通股之好倉

Name of substantial shareholders 主要股東姓名/名稱	Capacity/Nature of interests 身份/權益性質	Number of ordinary share(s) held 所持普通股數目	Approximate percentage of the total number of shares of the Company in issue 佔本公司已發行股份總數的概約百分比
Ming Hung Fung Company Limited	Beneficial owner	72,000,000	28.29
銘鴻豐有限公司	實益擁有人	(Note 1) (附註1)	20.23
Mr. Liu Dong 劉東先生	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控制公司的權益	72,000,000	28.29
Mr. Liu Zhongxiang	Interest of a controlled corporation	24,210,526	9.51
劉忠翔先生	受控制公司的權益	(Note 2) (附註2)	9.51
China Sugar Holdings Limited	Beneficial owner	24,210,526	9.51
中國糖業集團有限公司	實益擁有人	(Note 2) (附註2)	
Guangdong Nanyue Bank First Direct Branch* 廣東南粵銀行股份有限公司 第一直屬支行	Person having a security interest in shares 擁有股份之擔保權益之人士	24,210,526	9.51
Mr. Chen Qiang 陳強先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	14,950,000	5.87

<sup>\*</sup> For identification purpose only

#### Notes:

- These Shares are held by Ming Hung Fung Company Limited which is 100% owned by Mr. Liu Dong. By virtue of the SFO, Mr. Liu Dong is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Ming Hung Fung Company Limited.
- 2. These Shares are held by China Sugar Holdings Limited which is 100% owned by Mr. Liu Zhongxiang ("Mr. Liu"). By virtue of the SFO, Mr. Liu is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by China Sugar Holdings Limited. China Sugar Holdings Limited has provided a share charge in respect of 24,210,526 Shares held by it in favour of Guangdong Nanyue Bank First Direct Branch\*.

Save as disclosed above, the Directors and chief executive of the Company are not aware that there is any party who, as at 31 December 2023, had an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would be required to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO.

#### **SHARE OPTION SCHEME**

The share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") was adopted by the shareholders of the Company at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 29 May 2019. The Share Option Scheme will remain in force for a period of 10 years commencing from the date of adoption of the Share Option Scheme from 29 May 2019, i.e. from 29 May 2019 to 28 May 2029. The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to enable the Company to grant share options to the participants who, in the sole discretion of the Board, have made or may make contribution to the Group or any invested entity as well as to provide incentives and help the Group in retaining its existing employees and recruiting additional employees and to provide them with a direct economics interest in attaining the long term business objectives of the Group.

#### 附註:

- 該等股份由銘鴻豐有限公司擁有,而銘鴻豐有限公司為劉東先生100%擁有。根據證券及期貨條例,劉東先生被視為擁有銘鴻豐有限公司所持股份之權益。
- 2. 此等股份由中國糖業集團有限公司持有,而中國糖業集團有限公司由劉忠翔先生(「劉先生」)全部擁有。根據證券及期貨條例,劉先生被視為於中國糖業集團有限公司所持股份中擁有權益。中國糖業集團有限公司已就其持有的24,210,526股股份向廣東南粵銀行股份有限公司第一直屬支行提供股份抵押。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本公司董事及主要行政人員概不知悉任何人士於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有權益或淡倉,而根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部條文須向本公司披露,或記入本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條之規定須存置之登記冊內。

#### 購股權計劃

The Company may grant to eligible participants (including any directors, non-executive directors, employees, advisors, consultants, distributors, contractors, suppliers, agents, customers, business partners, joint venture business partners, promoters, service providers of any member of the Group whom the Board considers, in its sole discretion, have contributed or will contribute to the Group) options to subscribe shares in the Company, subject to a maximum of 10% of the total number of shares of the Company in issue as at the adoption date and as at the approval date of refreshment from time to time, excluding for this purpose shares issued on the exercise of options. The subscription price will be determined by the Board and will not be less than the highest of (i) the nominal value of the Company's shares, (ii) the average of the closing price of the shares guoted on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange on the five trading days immediately preceding the grant date and (iii) the closing price of the shares on the grant date.

Upon acceptance of the options, the grantee of the Share Option Scheme shall pay HK\$1.00 to the Company as consideration for the grant. The acceptance of an offer of the grant of the option must be made within 21 days from the date of grant. The exercise period of any option granted under the Share Option Scheme is determined by the Board upon granting the options but in any event must not be more than 10 years commencing on the date of grant.

購股權計劃之承授人接納所授購股權時須向本公司支付港幣1.00元作為授出代價。授出購股權之要約必須於授出日期後21日內接納。任何根據購股權計劃授出之購股權之行使期由董事會於授出購股權時釐定,且於任何情況下不得超過自授出日期起計十年。

The maximum number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company (if any) shall not, in the absence of shareholders' approval, in aggregate exceed 10% of the total number of shares of the Company in issue as at the date of approval of the Share Option Scheme. The Board may seek approval by the shareholders of the Company at general meeting to refresh the 10% limit. However, the total number of shares available for issue under exercise of options which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme in these circumstances must not exceed 10% of the total number of shares of the Company in issue as at the date of approval of the refreshment of the 10% limit.

於未經股東批准之情況下,於行使根據購股權計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃(如有)將予授出之所有購股權將可能予以發行之股份數目,合共最多不得超過批准購股權計劃可已發行股份總數10%。董事會可於股東大會上尋求本公司股東批准更新10%上限可能授出之購股權而可予發行之股份總數的10%。

The total number of shares available for issue under the Share Option Scheme is 18,246,905 Shares representing approximately 5.98% of the total number of shares of the Company in issue as at the date of this annual report.

根據購股權計劃可予發行之股份總數為 18,246,905股股份,佔於本年報日期本公司 已發行股份總數之約5.98%。

The maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company shall not exceed 30% of the total number of shares of the Company in issue from time to time and the maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted to each eligible participant shall not exceed 1% of the total number of shares of the Company in issue for the time being in any 12-month period up to and including the date of offer of the grant.

根據購股權計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃可能授出之購股權所涉及之股份數目,最多不得超逾本公司不時已發行股份總數之30%,而於截至及包括要約授出日期止任何12個月期間可授予各合資格參與者之購股權所涉及之股份數目,最多不可超逾本公司當時已發行股份總數之1%。

No share option has been granted by the Company under the Share Option Scheme since the Adoption Date and up to the date of this report. 自採納日期起及直至本報告日期,本公司尚未 根據購股權計劃授出任何購股權。

As at 1 January 2023 and 31 December 2023, the number of share options available for grant under the Share Option Scheme was 18,246,905.

於二零二三年一月一日及二零二三年十二月三十一日,根據購股權計劃可供授予的購股權數目為18,246,905份。

# RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE COMPANY'S SECURITIES

Other than as disclosed under the section "Share Option Scheme" above, at no time during the Year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries, or any of its fellow subsidiaries, a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors or chief executives of the Company (including their spouses and children under age of 18) to have any right to subscribe for securities of the Company or any of its associated corporations as defined in the SFO or to acquire benefits by means of acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

# DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

No Director had interests in a business which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group, as defined in the Listing Rules, during the Year and up to the date of this annual report.

#### **MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS**

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the Year.

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

In the opinion of the Directors, the Company has complied throughout the Year with the code provisions of CG Code. Details of the Company's corporate governance practices are set out in the "Corporate Governance Report" section of this annual report.

#### **CHARITABLE DONATIONS**

During the Year, the Group did not have charitable donation (2022: Nil).

#### 購買本公司證券的權利

除上文「購股權計劃」一節所披露者外,本公司或其任何附屬公司或其任何同系附屬公司於本年度內任何時間概無參與訂立任何安排,讓董事或本公司主要行政人員(包括彼等配偶及年齡未滿十八歲之子女)擁有任何權利認購本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例)之證券或藉購入本公司或任何其他法人團體之股份或債券而獲取利益。

#### 董事於競爭業務之權益

於本年度及截至本年報日期,根據上市規則, 董事概無於與本集團業務直接或間接競爭或 可能競爭之業務中擁有權益。

#### 管理合約

於本年度並無訂立或存在任何有關本公司業務之全部或任何重大部份之管理及行政合同。

#### 企業管治

董事認為,本公司於本年度內已遵守企業管治守則之守則條文。本公司之企業管治常規詳情載於本年報「企業管治報告」一節。

#### 慈善捐款

於本年度,本集團並無慈善捐款(二零二二年:無)。

#### **PUBLIC FLOAT**

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge or its Directors as at the date of this annual report, the Company has maintained sufficient public float as required under the Listing Rules.

#### **AUDITOR**

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu ("Deloitte") resigned as auditor of the Company with effect from 15 August 2022 and McMillan Woods (Hong Kong) CPA Limited ("McMillan Woods") has been appointed as auditor of the Company with effect from 9 September 2022 to fill the casual vacancy following the resignation of Deloitte.

Save as aforesaid, there was no change in auditor during the last three years.

A resolution for the re-appointment of McMillan Woods as auditor of the Company will be proposed at the 2024 AGM.

On Behalf of the Board

#### **PAN Shimin**

Chairman

Hong Kong, 28 March 2024

\* For identification purposes only

#### 公眾持股量

於本年報日期,根據本公司可以得悉之公開資料所示及根據董事所知,本公司已維持上市規則所規定之充足公眾持股量。

#### 核數師

德勤●關黃陳方會計師行(「德勤」)已辭任本公司核數師,自二零二二年八月十五日起生效。 長青(香港)會計師事務所有限公司(「長青」) 自二零二二年九月九日起獲委任為本公司核 數師,以填補德勤辭任後之臨時空缺。

除上文所述者外,於過往三個年度概無任何有 關核數師之變動。

本公司將於二零二四年股東週年大會上提呈一項決議案,以續聘長青為本公司之核數師。

代表董事會

#### 潘世民

主席

香港,二零二四年三月二十八日

\* 僅供識別

# Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告



# TO THE MEMBERS OF CHINA UPTOWN GROUP COMPANY LIMITED 中國上城集團有限公司

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

#### **OPINION**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of China Uptown Group Company Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 113 to 227, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2023, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

#### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

#### 致中國上城集團有限公司全體股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

#### 意見

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審核列載於第 113至227頁中國上城集團有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱為「貴集團」)之綜 合財務報表,其中包括於二零二三年十二月 三十一日之綜合財務狀況表與截至該日止年 度之綜合損益表、綜合損益及其他全面收益 表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及 綜合財務報表附註,包括重大會計政策資料概 要。

我們認為,綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之香港財務報告 準則(「香港財務報告準則」)真實而公平地反映 貴集團於二零二三年十二月三十一日之 綜合財務狀況及其截至該日止年度之綜合財 務表現及綜合現金流量,並已按照香港公司條 例之披露規定妥為編製。

#### 意見基礎

我們根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港審計準則(「香港審計準則」) 進行審核。根據該等準則,我們的責任於本報告核數師就審核綜合財務報表之責任一節中進一步詳述。根據香港會計師公會之專業會計師道德守則(「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已遵循守則履行其他道德責任。

## Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## MATERIAL UNCERTAINTY RELATED TO GOING CONCERN

We draw attention to Note 3.1.1 to the consolidated financial statements, which indicates that the Group incurred a net loss of approximately RMB51,637,000 during the year ended 31 December 2023. As stated in Note 3.1.1, these events or conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note 3.1.1, indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The key audit matters we identified are:

- 1. Revenue recognised from sale of properties; and
- 2. Valuation of properties held for sale/properties under development.

我們相信,我們所獲得之審核憑證能充足及適 當地為我們的意見提供基礎。

#### 與持續經營有關之重大不確定性

我們提請注意綜合財務報表附註3.1.1,其表明 貴集團於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度產生淨虧損約人民幣51,637,000元。誠如附註3.1.1所述,此等事件或情況,連同附註3.1.1所載列之其他事項,表明存在重大不確定性,可能對 貴集團持續經營的能力產生重大疑問。我們對此事項的意見未作修改。

#### 關鍵審核事項

根據我們的專業判斷,關鍵審核事項為我們審 核本期間綜合財務報表中最為重要之事項。該 等事項乃於我們審核整體綜合財務報表及達 成我們對其的意見時進行處理,而我們不會對 該等事項提供單獨的意見。

#### 我們識別的關鍵審核事項為:

- 1. 就物業銷售確認之收益;及
- 2. 持作出售物業/在建物業之估值。

# Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

Key audit matter 關鍵審核事項 How our audit addresses the key audit matter 如何於審核中處理關鍵審核事項

## Revenue recognised from sale of properties 就物業銷售確認之收益

Refer to notes 3.2 and 5 to the consolidated financial statements

We identified revenue recognised from sale of properties as a key audit matter as it is significant to the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

由於就物業銷售確認之收益對綜合損益表之重要性,我們將就物業銷售確認之收益識別為關鍵審核事項。

The Group's revenue from sale of properties for the year ended 31 December 2023 amounted to approximately RMB4,437,000, representing approximately 99% of the Group's total revenue. As disclosed in note 5 to the consolidated financial statements, revenue from sale of properties is recognised when the development of the relevant properties have been completed and the control of the completed property is transferred to the customer.

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度, 貴集團物業 銷售之收益為約人民幣4,437,000元,佔 貴集團總收益 約99%。誠如綜合財務報表附註5所披露,物業銷售之收 益於完成發展有關物業且已完工物業之控制權已轉讓予 客戶時確認。 提述綜合財務報告附註3.2及5

Our procedures in relation to revenue recognised from sale of properties included:

我們有關就物業銷售確認之收益之程序包括:

- Obtaining an understanding, evaluating and validating the Group's internal control over the process of revenue recognition of sale of properties; and
  - 了解、評估並證實 貴集團有關就物業銷售確認 收益程序之內部監控行之有效;及
- Assessing whether the criteria for the delivery of properties have been fulfilled by checking, on a sample basis, to the terms of the sales and purchase agreements, the relevant completion certificate for construction work, as well as the delivery notices issued by the Group to the buyers to assess whether the control of properties is transferred to the buyers. 按抽樣基準評估轉交物業的標準是否已根據買賣協議的條款、建造工程相關完成證書以及 貴集團為評估物業控制權是否已轉讓予買方而向買方發出的交付通知達成。

### Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

Key audit matter 關鍵審核事項 How our audit addresses the key audit matter 如何於審核中處理關鍵審核事項

## Valuation of properties held for sale/properties under development 持作出售物業/在建物業之估值

Refer to notes 3.2, 4 and 17 to the consolidated financial statements

提述綜合財務報告附註3.2、4及17

We identified the valuation of properties held for sale (the "PFS") and properties under development (the "PUD") as a key audit matter as it is significant to the consolidated financial statements and significant judgements and estimation are involved in the determination of the net realisable value (the "NRV") of the PFS and PUD.

由於持作出售之物業(「持作出售物業」)及在建物業(「在建物業」)之估值對綜合財務報表之重要性及於釐定持作出售物業及在建物業之可變現淨值(「可變現淨值」)時涉及重大判斷及估計,我們將其識別為關鍵審核事項。

The Group's PFS and PUD of approximately RMB152,942,000 and RMB383,753,000 respectively are situated in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") as at 31 December 2023 as disclosed in note 17 to the consolidated financial statements. The management of the Group determined the NRV of the PFS and PUD with reference to the valuation performed by an independent professional property valuer (the "Valuer") and, taking into account certain factors, including but not limited to recent sales transactions in nearby locations, rate of new property sales, the legal and regulatory framework and general market conditions.

於二零二三年十二月三十一日, 貴集團分別約人 民幣152,942,000元及人民幣383,753,000元之持作 出售物業及在建物業位於中華人民共和國(「中國」) (誠如綜合財務報表附註17所披露)。 貴集團管理 層釐定持作出售物業及在建物業之可變現淨值時參 考獨立專業物業估值師(「估值師」) 進行之估值,並 計及若干因素,包括但不限於周邊近期銷售交易、 新物業銷售率、法律及監管框架以及整體市況。 Our procedures in relation to valuation of properties held for sales/properties under development included: 我們有關持作出售物業/在建物業之估值之程序包括:

- Evaluating the Valuer's competence, capabilities and objectivity;
   評估估值師之勝任程度、實力及客觀性;
- Obtaining an understanding from the Valuer about the valuation methodology, the performance of the property markets, significant assumptions adopted, critical judgemental areas on key inputs and data used in the valuation;
  - 向估值師了解估值方法、物業市場表現、所採納之 重大假設、估值所採用之主要輸入值及數據之重 大判斷範疇;
- Engaging independent competent auditor's expert to review the valuation process, methodologies used and market evidence to support significant judgements and assumptions applied in the valuation model prepared by the Valuer; and 聘請獨立合資格核數師專家審閱估值過程、使用的方法及市場證據,以支持估值師編製的估值模型中所應用的重大判斷及假設;及
- Assessing the management's estimations of the NRV of the PFS and PUD, on a sample basis, by comparing the estimated selling prices of the PFS to the recent sales transactions in the same project and in nearby location, rate of new property sales, the legal and framework and general market condition, based on our understanding of the Group's business and operation and our research on the PRC real estate industry.

按抽樣基準,通過對比持作出售物業及在建物業 預估售價與相同項目及周邊近期銷售交易、新物 業銷售率、法律及監管框架及整體市況,根據我們 對 貴集團業務及經營的了解以及我們對中國房 地產行業的研究,評估管理層對持作出售物業可 變現淨值的估計。

# Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

#### Other Information

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of Directors and Audit Committee for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Audit Committee assists the directors in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### 其他資料

貴公司董事須對其他資料負責。其他資料包括 載入年報之資料,但不包括綜合財務報表及我 們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表作出之意見並不包括其 他資料,我們亦不會對其他資料發表任何形式 之核證結論。

就我們審核綜合財務報表而言,我們的責任為 閱讀其他資料,並於此過程中,考慮其他資料 是否與綜合財務報表或我們於審核中所得知 的情況有重大抵觸,或似乎有重大錯誤陳述。 基於我們已執行之工作,倘我們認為此其他資 料有重大錯誤陳述,我們須報告有關事實。就 此,我們毋須作出報告。

#### 董事及審核委員會就綜合財務報表須承擔之責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈 之香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例之披露 規定編製綜合財務報表,以令綜合財務報表作 出真實而公平的反映,及落實董事認為編製綜 合財務報表所必要之內部控制,以使綜合財務 報表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致之重大錯 誤陳述。

於編製綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團持續經營之能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及採用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或除此之外並無實際可行之辦法。

審核委員會協助董事履行彼等監督 貴集團 財務報告程序的職責。

## Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control

#### 核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔之責任

根據香港審計準則進行審核時,我們運用專業 判斷,並於整個審核過程中保持專業懷疑態 度。我們亦:

識別及評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述之風險、設計及執行審核程序以應對該等風險,以及獲取充足及適當之審核憑證,作為我們意見之基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及書談、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述或淩駕內部控制之情況,因此未能發現因欺詐而導致之重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致之重大錯誤陳述的風險。

# Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

- 了解與審核有關的內部控制,以設計適當的審核程序,但並非為對 貴集團內部控制之效能發表意見。
- 評估董事所採用會計政策之合適性及作 出會計估計和相關披露之合理性。
- 對董事採用持續經營為會計基礎之恰當性作出結論,並根據所獲得之審核憑證,確定是否存在與事項或情況有關之重大不確定性,從而可能導致對 貴集團之持續經營能力產生重大疑慮須於核們認為存在重大不確定性,我們須於核數師報告中提請注意綜合財務報表中的相關披露,或倘有關披露不足於截數的報告日期所獲得之審核憑證。然而,未來事項或情況可能導致 貴集團無法持續經營。
- 評估綜合財務報表之整體呈報方式、結構及內容,包括披露資料,以及財務報表是否中肯反映相關交易及事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動之財務資料獲取充足適當之審核憑證,以就綜合財務報表發表意見。我們須負責集團審核之方向、監督及執行。我們須為我們的審核意見承擔全部責任。

我們與審核委員會就(其中包括)審核之計劃 範圍、時間安排及重大審核發現進行溝通,該 等發現包括我們於審核過程中識別之內部控 制之任何重大缺失。

### Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

我們亦向審核委員會作出聲明,說明我們已符合有關獨立性之相關道德要求,並與彼等溝通可能被合理認為會影響我們獨立性之所有關係及其他事宜,以及為消除威脅而採取之行動或已應用之防範措施(如適用)。

從與審核委員會溝通之事項中,我們釐定對本期間綜合財務報表之審核至關重要之事項,因而構成關鍵審核事項。我們於核數師報告中描述該等事項,除非法律或法規不允許公開披露該等事項,或在極端罕見之情況下,倘合理預期於報告中溝通某事項造成之負面後果超出產生之公眾利益,則我們決定不應於報告中溝通有關事項。

#### McMillan Woods (Hong Kong) CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants

#### Chan Chun Sing

Audit Engagement Director
Practising Certificate Number: P05537
24/F., Siu On Centre
188 Lockhart Road, Wan Chai
Hong Kong
28 March 2024

#### 長青(香港)會計師事務所有限公司

執業會計師

#### 陳振聲

審計項目董事

執業證書編號:P05537

香港

灣仔駱克道188號

兆安中心24樓

二零二四年三月二十八日

## **Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss**

		Notes 附註	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue	收益	5	4,442	60,709
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(4,262)	(51,625)
Gross profit	毛利		180	9,084
Other income	其他收入	6	161	1,305
Other losses	其他虧損	7	(868)	(1,762)
Impairment loss reversed (recognised) under expected credit loss ("ECL") model on	其他應收款項預期信貸虧損 (「預期信貸虧損」) 模式項下			
other receivables Allowance recognised on properties	撥回(確認)的減值虧損就持作出售物業確認的		274	(419)
held for sale	撥備		(23,526)	(5,222)
Allowance recognised on properties under development	就在建物業確認的撥備		_	(48,187)
Selling and marketing expenses	銷售及營銷費用		(4,500)	(4,580)
Administrative expenses	行政費用		(22,275)	(27,031)
Finance costs	財務成本	8	(1,940)	(903)
Loss before taxation	除稅前虧損		(52,494)	(77,715)
Income tax credit	所得稅抵免	9	857	2,246
Loss for the year	年內虧損	10	(51,637)	(75,469)
Loss for the year attributable to:	以下應佔年內虧損:			
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人		(46,231)	(55,768)
Non-controlling interests	非控制性權益		(5,406)	(19,701)
			(51,637)	(75,469)
Loss per share (in RMB cents)	每股虧損(人民幣分)	13		
– Basic	- 基本		(18.17)	(21.92)
– Diluted	- 攤薄		(18.17)	(21.92)

# Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

		2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Loss for the year	年內虧損	(51,637)	(75,469)
Other comprehensive expense Item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:  Exchange differences arising on translation of functional currency to presentation currency Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:  Exchange differences arising on translation of	項目: f 因將功能貨幣換算為呈列貨幣 y 產生之匯兌差額  其後可能重新分類至損益之 項目:	19,081	56,576
financial statements of foreign operations	生之匯兌差額	(19,325)	(59,228)
		(244)	(2,652)
Total comprehensive expense for the year	年內全面開支總額	(51,881)	(78,121)
Total comprehensive expense for the year attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	以下應佔本年度全面開支 總額: 本公司擁有人 非控制性權益	(47,214) (4,667)	(59,960) (18,161)
		(51,881)	(78,121)

## **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

# **綜合財務狀況表** At 31 December 2023 於二零二三年十二月三十一日

				2022
			2023	2022
			二零二三年	二零二二年
		NOTES	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Non-current Assets				
Investment properties	投資物業	14	1,420	1,800
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	15	15,625	15,974
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	16	2,187	338
			19,232	18,112
Current Assets				.,
Properties under development	在建物業	17	383,753	349,000
Properties held for sale	持作出售物業	17	152,942	170,156
Investment properties held for sale	持作出售投資物業	17	132,342	746
Deposits, other receivables and prepayments		1 /		740
Deposits, other receivables and prepayments	預付款項	18	36,240	34,489
Financial assets at fair value through	按公允值計入損益之財務資產	10	30,240	34,463
profit or loss	投口儿间可入货皿之别伤具座	19	_	3,821
Restricted bank deposits	有限制銀行存款	20	39,226	7,094
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	21	3,133	3,924
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金	21	17,208	26,710
- Dank balances and easin				
			632,502	595,940
Current Liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	22	132,331	151,142
Contract liabilities	合約負債	23	124,528	32,496
Other borrowings	其他借款	24	29,994	8,844
Lease liabilities – current portion	租賃負債一流動部分	25	1,455	344
Amounts due to non-controlling interests	應付非控制性權益款項	26	115,498	105,750
Amounts due to directors	應付董事款項	33	96	96
Tax payable	應付稅項		93,739	97,066
Secured bank borrowings	有抵押銀行借款	27	_	12,184
			497,641	407,922
Net Current Assets	流動資產淨值		134,861	188,018
Total Assets Less Current Liabilities	總資產減流動負債		154,093	206,130
Non-current Liabilities	非流動負債			
Lease liabilities – non-current portion	租賃負債-非流動部分	25	706	5
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延稅項負債	28	5,312	6,169
			6,018	6,174
Net Assets	資產淨值		148,075	199,956
				,

## **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

## 綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2023 於二零二三年十二月三十一日

		NOTES 附註	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Capital and Reserves Share capital	<b>資本及儲備</b> 股本	29	2,222	222,157
Reserves	儲備	23	174,711	1,990
Equity attributable to owners of	本公司擁有人應佔權益			
the Company			176,933	224,147
Non-controlling interests	非控制性權益		(28,858)	(24,191)
Total Equity	權益總額		148,075	199,956

The consolidated financial statements on pages 113 to 227 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company on 28 March 2024:

第113至227頁之綜合財務報表已於二零二四年三 月二十八日獲本公司董事會批准及授權刊發:

Mr. ZHANG Xiao Jun 張曉君先生 DIRECTOR 董事 Mr. LIANG Zhichao 梁志超先生 DIRECTOR 董事

## **Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity**

綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

### Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司之擁有人應佔

		Share capital 股本 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Share premium 股份溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 1) (附註1)	Translation reserve 換算儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 2) (附註2)	Share options reserve 購股權儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 3) (附註3)	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Sub-total 小計 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Non- controlling interests 非控制性權益 RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>Total</b> 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2022	於二零二二年一月一日	222,157	578,540	(40,862)	5,481	(481,209)	284,107	(6,030)	278,077
Loss for the year Exchange differences arising on translation of functional currency	年內虧損 因將功能貨幣換算為 呈列貨幣產生之匯兌差額	-	-	-	-	(55,768)	(55,768)	(19,701)	(75,469)
to presentation currency Exchange differences arising on translation of financial statements	因換算海外業務之 財務報表產生之匯兌差額	-	-	56,576	-	-	56,576	-	56,576
of foreign operations		_	_	(60,768)	_	_	(60,768)	1,540	(59,228)
Total comprehensive expense for the year Lapse of share options	ar 年內全面開支總額 購股權失效	-	-	(4,192) -	- (5,481)	(55,768) 5,481	(59,960)	(18,161) -	(78,121) –
At 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023	於二零二二年十二月三十一日 及二零二三年一月一日	222,157	578,540	(45,054)	-	(531,496)	224,147	(24,191)	199,956
Loss for the year Exchange differences arising on translation of functional currency	年內虧損 因將功能貨幣換算為 呈列貨幣產生之匯兌差額	-	-	-	-	(46,231)	(46,231)	(5,406)	(51,637)
to presentation currency Exchange differences arising on translation of financial statements	因換算海外業務之 財務報表產生之匯兌差額	-	-	19,081	-	-	19,081	-	19,081
of foreign operations		-	-	(20,064)	-	-	(20,064)	739	(19,325)
Total comprehensive expense for the year Capital reduction	ar 年內全面開支總額 股本削減	– (219,935)	-	(983) -	-	(46,231) 219,935	(47,214) -	(4,667) –	(51,881) -
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日	2,222	578,540	(46,037)	-	(357,792)	176,933	(28,858)	148,075

#### Notes:

- Pursuant to the Companies law of the Cayman Islands and the Company's Articles of Association, the share premium of the Company is distributable to the equity holders provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.
- 2. The translation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the material accounting policy information set out in note 3.2 to the consolidated financial statements.
- 3. The share option reserve represents the fair value of the actual or estimated number of unexercised share options granted to employees of the Group recognised in accordance with the material accounting policy information adopted for equity-settled share-based payments in note 3.2 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### 附註:

- 根據開曼群島公司法及本公司章程細則,本公司股份溢價可分配予權益持有人,惟緊隨建議分派股息當日本公司將能償還其於日常業務過程中到期之債務。
- 2. 換算儲備包括換算海外經營業務之財務報表時所產 生之全部匯兌差額。該儲備根據綜合財務報表附註 3.2所載的重大會計政策資料處理。
- 3. 購股權儲備指根據就綜合財務報表附註3.2以股本 結算之股份付款所採納重大會計政策資料,確認本 集團僱員獲授尚未行使購股權實際或估計數目之公 允值。

## **Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

## 綜合現金流量表

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營活動		
Loss before taxation	除稅前虧損	(52,494)	(77,715)
Adjustments for:	調整項目:	(0=,101,	(* : / : : = /
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	751	736
Depreciation of right-of-use asset	使用權資產折舊	1,177	954
Fair value change on financial assets at fair value	按公允值計入損益之		
through profit or loss ("FVTPL")	財務資產之公允值變動	488	824
Fair value change on investment properties	投資物業之公允值變動	380	938
Allowance recognised on properties	就持作出售物業確認的		
held for sale	撥備	23,526	5,222
Allowance recognised on properties	就在建物業確認的撥備		
under development		_	48,187
Finance costs	財務成本	1,940	903
Net (reversal of impairment loss) impairment loss	其他應收款項預期信貸虧損		
under ECL model on other receivables	模式項下之(減值虧損撥回)		
	減值虧損淨額	(274)	419
Interest income	利息收入	(117)	(144)
Operating cash flows before movements in	營運資金變動前之經營現金流量		
working capital		(24,623)	(19,676)
Increase in properties under development	在建物業增加	(34,753)	(33,187)
(Increase) decrease in properties held for sale	持作出售物業(增加)減少	(6,312)	58,366
Decrease in investment properties held for sale	持作出售投資物業減少	746	9,311
(Increase) decrease in deposits, other receivables and	d按金、其他應收款項及		
prepayments	預付款項(增加)減少	(1,451)	9,460
Decrease in financial assets at fair value through	按公允值計入損益之		
profit or loss	財務資產減少	3,902	860
(Decrease) increase in trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項(減少)增加	(18,859)	5,030
Increase (decrease) in contract liabilities	合約負債增加(減少)	92,032	(24,222)
Cash generated from operations	經營產生現金	10,682	5,942
PRC Enterprise Income Tax ("EIT") paid	已付中國企業所得稅		,
	(「企業所得稅」)	(361)	(178)
PRC Land Appreciation Tax ("LAT") paid	已付中國土地增值稅		
	(「土地增值稅」)	(2,972)	(1,037)
NET CASH GENERATED FROM	經營活動產生現金淨額		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		7,349	4,727
		7,513	1,727

## **Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

## 綜合現金流量表

		2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
INVESTING ACTIVITIES Withdrawal of restricted bank deposit Withdrawal of pledged bank deposits Interest received Placement of restricted bank deposits Placement of pledged bank deposits Proceeds on disposal of investment properties Purchase of property, plant and equipment	投資活動 提取有限制銀行存款 提取已抵押銀行存款 已收利息 存放有限制銀行存款 存放已抵押銀行存款 出售投資物業之所得款項 購買物業、廠房及設備	7,094 3,924 117 (39,226) (3,133) –	- 4,482 144 (7,094) (3,924) 1,662 (6)
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動所用現金淨額	(31,224)	(4,736)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES  New secured other borrowing  Advance from non-controlling interests  Repayment of secured bank borrowing Interest paid  Repayment of lease liabilities  Advance from a director  Advance from a former director  New secured bank borrowing raised  Repayment to a former director  Repayment to non-controlling interests  NET CASH FROM (USED IN) FINANCING	融資活動 新訂的其他有抵押借款 非控制性權益墊款 償還有抵押銀行借款 已付還租事負債 一名董事墊款 一名第集之前任董事登款 新籌一名前任董事之款領 償還董非控制性權益之款項 償還非控制性權益之款項 融資活動所得(所用)現金淨額	20,774 9,748 (12,444) (1,764) (1,219) - - - -	9,000 (909) (886) (1,017) 8,844 6,721 4,396 (22,552) (10,379) (1,500)
ACTIVITIES	TO A TO TO A 66 (THE 2 14 1) 15 6T	15,095	(8,282)
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等價物之減少淨額	(8,780)	(8,291)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	於年初之現金及現金等價物	26,710	38,183
EFFECT OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATE CHANG	ES 匯率變動之影響	(722)	(3,182)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE YEAR	於年末之現金及現金等價物	17,208	26,710

## **Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

## 綜合現金流量表

		2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	— ♥—— + RMB'000 人民幣千元
ANALYSIS OF THE BALANCES OF CASH AND DEPOSITS	現金及存款結餘分析	7CH 170	/(L( m   /L
Restricted bank deposits Pledged bank deposits Bank balances and cash	有限制銀行存款 已抵押銀行存款 銀行結存及現金	39,226 3,133 17,208	7,094 3,924 26,710
Deposits, bank balances and cash in the consolidated statement of financial position	綜合財務狀況表內按金、銀行結 存及現金	59,567	37,728
Less: Restricted bank deposits Pledged bank deposits	減:有限制銀行存款 已抵押銀行存款	(39,226) (3,133)	(7,094) (3,924)
Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated statement of cash flows	綜合現金流量表內現金及 現金等價物	17,208	26,710

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 1. GENERAL

China Uptown Group Company Limited ("the Company") is an exempted company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability and its shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Hong Kong Stock Exchange"). The addresses of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the Corporate Information section of the annual report.

The Company is an investment holding company. The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") are principally engaged in property development and investment. The activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements

The functional currency of the Company is Hong Kong dollar ("HK\$") while the consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB") for the convenience of the financial statements users.

#### 1. 一般資料

中國上城集團有限公司(「本公司」)乃於開曼群島註冊成立之受豁免有限公司及其股份在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「香港聯交所」)主板上市。本公司之註冊辦事處及主要營業地址已於年報中之「公司資料」一節披露。

本公司為投資控股公司。本公司及其附屬公司(統稱為「本集團」)主要從事物業發展及投資。其主要附屬公司之業務載於綜合財務報表附註36。

本公司的功能貨幣為港幣(「港幣」),為方便 財務報表之使用者,綜合財務報表乃以人民幣 (「人民幣」)呈列。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") AND CHANGES IN OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES

New and amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year

In the current year, the Group has applied the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2023 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

HKFRS 17 (including Insurance Contracts the October 2020 and February 2022 Amendments to HKFRS 17) Amendments to HKAS 8 Definition of Accounting Estimates Amendments to HKAS 12 Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction Amendments to HKAS 12 International Tax Reform-Pillar Two model Rules Amendments to HKAS 1 Disclosure of Accounting and HKFRS Practice Policies Statement 2

2. 應用新訂香港財務報告準則(「香港財 務報告準則」)及其修訂以及其他會計 政策之變動

本年度強制生效之應用新訂香港財務報告準則及 其修訂

於本年度,就編製綜合財務報表而言,本集團已首次應用由香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之下列香港財務報告準則之修訂,該等修訂於二零二三年一月一日或其後開始之年度期間強制生效:

香港財務報告準則第17號 保險合約 (包括二零二零年十月及 二零二二年二月之 香港財務報告準則 第17號之修訂) 香港會計準則第8號之 會計估計的定義 修訂 香港會計準則第12號之 與單一交易所產生 修訂 之資產及負債有 關之遞延稅項 香港會計準則第12號之 國際稅項改革一支 柱二規則範本 修訂 香港會計準則第1號及 會計政策披露 香港財務報告準則實務報

告第2號之修訂

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") AND CHANGES IN OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

New HKICPA guidance on the accounting implications of the abolition of the MPF-LSP offsetting mechanism

In June 2022 the Hong Kong SAR Government (the "Government") gazette the Hong Kong Employment and Retirement Schemes Legislation (Offsetting Arrangement) (Amendment) Ordinance 2022 (the "Amendment Ordinance"), which will come into effect from 1 May 2025 (the "Transition Date"). Once the Amendment Ordinance takes effect, an employer can no longer use any of the accrued benefits derived from its mandatory contributions to mandatory provident fund ("MPF") scheme to reduce the long service payment ("LSP") in respect of an employee's service from the Transition Date (the abolition of the "offsetting mechanism"). In addition, the LSP in respect of the service before the Transition Date will be calculated based on the employee's monthly salary immediately before the Transition Date and the years of service up to that date. In July 2023, the HKICPA published "Accounting implications of the abolition of the MPF-LSP offsetting mechanism in Hong Kong" that provides accounting guidance relating to the offsetting mechanism and the abolition of the mechanism. In particular, the guidance indicates that entities may account for the accrued benefits derived from mandatory MPF contributions that are expected to be used to reduce the LSP payable to an employee as deemed contributions by that employee towards the LSP. However, applying this approach, upon the enactment of the Amendment Ordinance in June 2022, it is no longer permissible to apply the practical expedient in paragraph 93(b) of HKAS 19 that previously allowed such deemed contributions to be recognised as reduction of service cost (negative service cost) in the period the contributions were made; instead these deemed contributions should be attributed to periods of service in the same manner as the gross LSP benefit.

2. 應用新訂香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)及其修訂以及其他會計政策之變動(續)

香港會計師公會就《廢除強積金與長期服務金抵銷機制的會計影響》發出的新指引

於二零二二年六月,香港特別行政區政府(「政 府」) 在憲報刊登香港《二零二二年僱傭及退休 計劃法例(抵銷安排)(修訂)條例》(「修訂條 例」),將自二零二五年五月一日(「轉制日」) 起生效。一旦修訂條例生效,僱主不可再使用 其強制性公積金(「強積金」)計劃中的強制性 供款所產生的任何累算權益,扣減就僱員自 轉制日起的服務應付的長期服務金(「長期服 務金」)(廢除「抵銷機制」)。此外,就轉制日前 的服務應付的長期服務金將根據緊接轉制日 前的僱員月薪及截至該日的服務年期計算。 於二零二三年七月,香港會計師公會頒佈《香 港廢除強積金與長期服務金抵銷機制的會計 影響》,就抵銷機制及廢除該機制提供會計指 引。尤其是,該指引指出實體可將其強制性強 積金供款所產生的累算權益(預期將用於扣減 應付予僱員的長期服務金)作為該僱員對長 期服務金的視作供款入賬。然而,倘採用此方 法,則於二零二二年六月頒佈修訂條例後不再 允許採用香港會計準則第19號第93(b)段中的 可行權宜方法,該準則過往容許於作出供款期 間將該等視作供款確認為服務成本的扣減(負 服務成本);取而代之,該等視作供款應如同 長期服務金權益總額歸屬於服務期內。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") AND CHANGES IN OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

New HKICPA guidance on the accounting implications of the abolition of the MPF-LSP offsetting mechanism (Continued)

To better reflect the substance of the abolition of the offsetting mechanism, the Group has changed its accounting policy in connection with its LSP liability and has applied the above HKICPA guidance retrospectively. The cessation of applying the practical expedient in paragraph 93(b) of HKAS 19 in conjunction with the enactment of the Amendment Ordinance resulted in a catch-up profit or loss adjustment in June 2022 for the service cost up to that date and consequential impacts on current service cost, interest expense and remeasurement effects from changes in actuarial assumptions for the rest of 2022, with the corresponding adjustment to the comparative carrying amount of the LSP liability. This change in accounting policy did not have any material impact on the opening balance of equity at 1 January 2022. It also did not have a material impact on the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2023.

The application of the new and amendments to HKFRSs and change in other accounting policies in the current year had no material impact on the Company's financial positions and performance for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

2. 應用新訂香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)及其修訂以及其他會計政策之變動(續)

香港會計師公會就《廢除強積金與長期服務金抵 銷機制的會計影響》發出的新指引*續* 

於本年度應用新訂香港財務報告準則及其修訂以及其他會計政策之變動並無對本公司於本年度及過往年度的財務狀況及表現及/或該等綜合財務報表所載的披露事項造成重大影響。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

#### Amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective

The Company has not early applied the amendments to HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective for the financial year beginning on 1 January 2023. These new and revised HKFRSs included the following which may be relevant to the Company:

Amendments to HKFRS 10 Sale or Contribution of Assets and HKAS 28 between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture<sup>1</sup>

Amendments to HKFRS 16 Lease Liability in a Sale and

Leaseback<sup>2</sup>

Amendments to HKAS 1 Classification of Liabilities as

Current or Non-current and related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020)<sup>2</sup>

Amendments to HKAS 1 Non-current Liabilities with

Covenants<sup>2</sup>

Amendments to HKAS 7 Supplier Finance Arrangements<sup>2</sup>

and HKFRS 7

Amendments to HKAS 21 Lack of Exchangeability<sup>3</sup>

2. 應用新訂香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)及其修訂以及其他會計政策之變動(續)

#### 已頒佈但尚未生效香港財務報告準則之修訂

本公司並無提早應用於二零二三年一月一日開始的財政年度已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂香港財務報告準則及其修訂。該等新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則包括以下可能與本公司相關者:

香港財務報告準則第10號 投資者與其聯營公司或 及香港會計準則第28號 合營企業之間的 之修訂 資產出售或注資<sup>1</sup> 香港財務報告準則第16號 售後租回的租賃負債<sup>2</sup>

シ 修訂

香港會計準則第1號

之修訂

分類負債為流動或 非流動以及香港詮釋

第5號相關修訂 (二零二零年) 2

附帶契約的非流動負債<sup>2</sup>

香港會計準則第1號

之修訂

香港會計準則第7號及

香港財務報告準則

第17號之修訂

香港會計準則第21號

缺乏可兌換性<sup>3</sup>

供應方融資安排2

之修訂

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined.

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025.

於待釐定日期或之後開始之年度期間生效。

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 於二零二四年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生 效。

<sup>3</sup> 於二零二五年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (Continued)

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of all the new and amendments to HKFRSs will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements in the foreseeable future.

- 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION
- 3.1 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

2. 應用新訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財 務報告準則」) 及其修訂以及其他會計 政策之變動 *(續)* 

已頒佈但尚未生效香港財務報告準則之修訂 (續)

本公司董事預期應用所有新訂香港財務報告 準則及其修訂將不會於可見將來對綜合財務 報表造成重大影響。

- 3. 財務報表編製基準及重大會計政策資料
- 3.1 綜合財務報表編製基準

綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會頒佈之 香港財務報告準則編製。此外,綜合財務報表 包括香港聯交所證券上市規則及香港公司條 例所規定之適用披露。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

#### 3.1.1 Going concern

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company have given careful consideration to the future liquidity of the Group in light of the fact that the Group incurred a net loss of approximately RMB51,637,000 for the year ended 31 December 2023 and recurring a net loss over four year. The current liabilities included the trade and other payables for the construction cost amounting to approximately RMB79,424,000, amount due to non-controlling interests amounting to approximately RMB115,498,000 and other borrowings amounting to approximately RMB29,994,000 that will be due in the coming twelve months. The Group might not be able to meet its liabilities in full when they fall due unless it is able to generate sufficient cash flows from future operations and/or other sources, since as at 31 December 2023, the Group only had cash and bank balances of approximately RMB17,208,000, pledged bank deposit of approximately RMB3,133,000 and restricted bank deposits of RMB39,226,000, which restricted for construction purpose. These events or conditions indicate the existence of material uncertainties which may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

In this regard, the directors of the Company have identified various initiatives to address the Group's liquidity needs, which include the following:

(a) The Group has been actively negotiating with the relevant party for renewal of the revolving other borrowing with outstanding principal amount of RMB9,089,000. The other borrowing had successfully signed an extension agreement on 25 March 2024 to renew the maturity date up to 30 April 2026;

3. 財務報表編製基準及重大會計政策資 料 (續)

#### 3.1.1 持續經營

於編製綜合財務報表時,鑑於本集團於截至二 零二三年十二月三十一日止年度產生淨虧損 約人民幣51,637,000元並於四年內經常出現 淨虧損,本公司董事對本集團未來之流動資金 給予審慎考慮。流動負債包括建設成本之貿易 及其他應付款項約人民幣79.424.000元、應 付非控股權益款項約人民幣115,498,000元 以及將於未來十二個月內到期之其他借款約 人民幣29,994,000元。由於二零二三年十二 月三十一日,本集團僅有現金及銀行結餘約 人民幣17,208,000元、已抵押銀行存款約人 民幣3.133.000元及受限制銀行存款人民幣 39,226,000元,且僅限於建設用途,因此除非 本集團能夠從未來經營業務及/或其他來源 產生足夠的現金流,否則可能無法悉數償還到 期債務。此等事件或情況表明存在重大不確定 性,可能會對本集團之持續經營能力產生重大 疑問。

為此,本公司董事已確定多項措施來滿足本集 團的流動資金需求,其中包括以下內容:

(a) 本集團一直在積極與相關人士磋商重續 尚未償還本金額人民幣9,089,000元之 其他循環借款。其他借款已於二零二四 年三月二十五日順利簽訂延期協議,以 將到期日重續至二零二六年四月三十 日;

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

#### **3.1.1 Going concern** (Continued)

- (b) The Group will actively negotiate with the relevant party for renewal of the revolving other borrowing with outstanding principal amount of RMB20,905,000 to further extend the maturity date. The other borrowing, which is due in August 2024, is secured by the Group's property located in Hong Kong with the carrying amount of RMB14,556,000;
- (c) The Group has obtained written confirmations from the relevant non-controlling interests that they will not demand repayment of the outstanding principals in the total amount of approximately RMB115.498.000:
- (d) The Group will continue to make pre-sale of the properties of Second Maoming Project;
- (e) As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 6 March 2024, the placing for an aggregate of 50,888,000 placing shares have been successfully placed at placing price of HK\$0.14 per placing share. The Group received net amount of approximately RMB6,321,000 and propose to use for repayment of outstanding liabilities and general working capital of the Group, which shall be applied on, including, staff cost, professional fees, rental payments and general administrative and operating expenses of the Group; and

#### 3. 財務報表編製基準及重大會計政策資 料 (續)

#### 3.1.1 持續經營 (續)

- (b) 本集團將積極與相關人士磋商重續未 償還本金人民幣20,905,000元的其他 循環借款,以進一步延長到期日。該筆 其他借款將於二零二四年八月到期,由 本集團位於香港的賬面金額為人民幣 14,556,000元的物業作抵押;
- (c) 本集團已獲得相關非控股權益之書面確認,彼等將不會要求償還總額約人民幣 115,498,000元之未尚未償還本金;
- (d) 本集團將繼續預售第二個茂名項目之物 業;
- (e) 誠如本公司日期為二零二四年三月六日 之公告所披露,合共50,888,000股配售 股份已成功按每股配售股份港幣0.14 元進行配售。本集團收到淨額約人民幣 6,321,000元並擬用作償還本集團之尚 未償還負債及一般營運資金,以應用於 包括本集團之員工成本、專業費用、租 金付款及一般行政及營運開支;及

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)
- **3.1.1 Going concern** (Continued)
- (f) The Group will continue to take active measures to control administrative costs and maintain containment of capital expenditures.

Based on the cash flow forecast of the Group prepared by the management and assuming successful implementation of the above measures, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that the Group would have adequate funds to meet its liabilities as and when they fall due at least twelve months from the end of the reporting period.

Accordingly, the directors of the Company consider it is appropriate to prepare the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis. Should the Group be unable to continue as a going concern, adjustments would have to be made to write down the value of assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for further liabilities which might arise and to reclassify non-current assets and non-current liabilities as current assets and current liabilities respectively. The effect of these adjustments has not been reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

3. 財務報表編製基準及重大會計政策資料 (續)

#### 3.1.1 持續經營 (續)

(f) 本集團將繼續採取積極措施控制行政成 本並繼續控制資本支出。

根據管理層編製的本集團現金流量預測並假 定上述措施成功實施,本公司董事認為,本集 團將擁有充足的資金償還自報告期末起至少 十二個月到期之負債。

因此,本公司董事認為按持續經營基準編製綜合財務報表屬適當。倘本集團無法繼續持續經營,則必須進行調整,將資產價值調減至其可收回金額,為可能產生之進一步負債提供撥備,並將非流動資產及非流動負債分別重新分類為流動資產及流動負債。此等調整的影響並未反映於綜合財務報表。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)
- 3.1 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements (Continued)

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for investment properties, investment properties held for sale and financial assets at FVTPL, which are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for equity-settled share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 Sharebased Payment, leasing transactions that are accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 16 Leases ("HKFRS 16") and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 Inventories or value in use in HKAS 36 Impairment of Assets.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

- 3. 財務報表編製基準及重大會計政策資 料 (續)
- 3.1 綜合財務報表編製基準(續)

除投資物業、持作出售投資物業及按公允值計入損益(「按公允值計入損益」)之財務資產於各報告期末按公允值計量外,綜合財務報表乃根據歷史成本基準編製(如下文所載會計政策所闡釋)。

歷史成本一般以貨品及服務交易代價的公允 值為基準。

非財務資產之公允值計量計入市場參與者透過使用其資產之最高及最佳用途或透過將資產出售予將使用其最高及最佳用途之另一名市場參與者而能夠產生經濟利益之能力。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

## 3.1 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements (Continued)

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

#### 3.2 Material accounting policy information

#### Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

## 3. 財務報表編製基準及重大會計政策資料 (續)

#### 3.1 綜合財務報表編製基準(續)

此外,就財務報告目的而言,公允值計量根據公允值計量輸入資料可觀察程度及輸入資料對公允值計量之整體重要性分為第一級、第二級或第三級,內容如下:

- 第一級輸入資料為實體可於計量日獲取 之同類資產或負債於活躍市場的未經調 整報價;
- 第二級輸入資料乃計入第一級的報價以外的輸入資料,為資產或負債可直接或間接觀察資料;及
- 第三級輸入資料為資產或負債不可直接 觀察輸入資料。

#### 3.2 重大會計政策資料

#### 綜合基準

綜合財務報表綜合計算本公司及受本公司控制之實體及其附屬公司之財務報表。當本公司滿足以下條件時,即視為有控制權:

- 有權控制投資對象;
- 自參與投資對象營運所得浮動回報之承 擔或權利;及
- 能夠使用其權力影響回報金額。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)
- **3.2** Material accounting policy information (Continued)

#### **Basis of consolidation** (Continued)

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each item of other comprehensive income are attributed to owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries are presented separately from the Group's equity therein, which represent present ownership interests entitling their holders to a proportionate share of net assets of the relevant subsidiaries upon liquidation.

- 3. 財務報表編製基準及重大會計政策資料 (續)
- 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 綜合基準 (續)

倘有事實及情形表明上文所列三項控制要素中的一項或多項發生變動,則本集團重新評估 其是否有權控制投資對象。

附屬公司綜合始於本集團取得附屬公司控制權時,終於本集團喪失附屬公司控制權時。特別是,年內購入或出售附屬公司之收入及開支(從本集團取得控制之日至本集團不再控制附屬公司之日)計入綜合損益表。

損益及其他各項全面收益項目歸於本公司擁有人及非控制性權益。附屬公司全面收入總額歸於本公司擁有人及非控制性權益,即使附屬公司的全面收支總額導致非控制性權益產生虧絀結餘。

所有與本集團成員公司之間交易相關的集團 內資產及負債、權益、收入、開支及現金流量 於綜合賬目時悉數抵銷。

於附屬公司之非控制性權益與本集團於當中 之權益分開呈列,指賦予其持有人權利於清盤 時按比例分佔相關附屬公司資產淨值之現時 所有權權益。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)
- **3.2** Material accounting policy information (Continued)

#### Revenue from contracts with customers

The Group recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer.

A performance obligation represents a good or service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same.

Control is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation if one of the following criteria is met:

- The customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs;
- The Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- The Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the distinct good or service.

As set out in Note 5, which include information about the Group's policy related to revenue recognition criteria from contracts with customers.

- 3. 財務報表編製基準及重大會計政策資料 (續)
- 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 來自客戶合約之收益

本集團在(或隨著)達成履約責任時(即特定履約責任的相關貨品或服務的「控制權」轉移至客戶時)確認收益。

履約責任指可區分的貨品或服務(或一批貨品或服務)或一系列大致相同的可區分的貨品或服務。

倘符合以下條件之一,控制權按時間轉移,而 收益經參考完成達成相關履約責任的進度隨 時間確認:

- 客戶於本集團履約時同時收取及消耗本 集團履約所提供的利益;
- 本集團的履約創建或增強客戶於本集團 履約時控制的資產;或
- 本集團的履約未創建對本集團具有替代 用途的資產,而本集團有強制執行權收 取至今已履約部分的款項。

否則,於客戶獲得可區分的貨品或服務控制權 時確認收益。

誠如附註5所載,其中包括與客戶合約收入確 認標準相關的本集團政策資料。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)
- **3.2** Material accounting policy information (Continued)

#### **Revenue from contracts with customers** (Continued)

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer.

Existence of significant financing component

In determining the transaction price, the Group adjusts the promised amount of consideration for the effects of the time value of money if the timing of payments agreed (either explicitly or implicitly) provides the customer or the Group with a significant benefit of financing the transfer of goods or services to the customer. In those circumstances, the contract contains a significant financing component. A significant financing component may exist regardless of whether the promise of financing is explicitly stated in the contract or implied by the payment terms agreed to by the parties to the contract.

For contracts where the period between payment and transfer of the associated goods or services is less than two years, which under normal business operation cycle, the Group applies the practical expedient of not adjusting the transaction price for any significant financing component.

- 3. 財務報表編製基準及重大會計政策資料 (續)
- 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 來自客戶合約之收益(續)

合約負債指本集團就本集團經已自客戶收取 的代價(或到期的代價金額)而向該客戶轉讓 貨品或服務的責任。

#### 存在重大融資成分

於釐定交易價時,倘向客戶轉移貨品或服務時 (不論以明示或暗示方式)協定之付款時間為 客戶或本集團帶來重大融資利益,則本集團 就金額時間值的影響而調整已承諾之代價金 額。於該等情況下,合約含有重大融資成分。 不論於合約中以明示呈列或合約訂約方協定 的支付條款暗示融資承諾,合約中均存在重大 融資成分。

就相關貨品或服務的支付與轉移期間少於兩年 (處於正常的業務經營週期)的合約而言,本 集團就任何重大融資成分應用不調整交易價 的實際權宜方法。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)
- **3.2** Material accounting policy information (Continued)

#### Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

When the Group makes payments for ownership interests of properties which includes both leasehold land and building elements, the entire consideration is allocated between the leasehold land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values at initial recognition. To the extent the allocation of the relevant payments can be made reliably, interest in leasehold land that is accounted for as an operating lease is presented as "right-of-use assets" in the consolidated statement of financial position. When the consideration cannot be allocated reliably between non-lease building element and undivided interest in the underlying leasehold land, the entire properties are classified as property, plant and equipment.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

- 3. 財務報表編製基準及重大會計政策資料 (續)
- 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備按成本扣減其後累計折舊及 其後累計減值虧損(如有)列入綜合財務狀況 表內。

當本集團就於物業的所有權權益(包括租賃土地及樓宇成分)付款時,全部代價於租賃土地及樓宇成分之間按初始確認時的相對公允值的比例分配。倘相關款項能可靠分配,則以經營租賃列賬的租賃土地權益於綜合財務狀況表中列為「使用權資產」。當代價無法在相關租賃土地的非租賃樓宇成分及未分割權益之間可靠分配時,整項物業分類為物業、廠房及設備。

折舊乃採用直線法以撒銷資產成本減其估計 可使用年期之剩餘價值確認。估計可使用年 期、剩餘價值及折舊方法於各報告期末檢討, 而任何估計變動的影響按預期基準入賬。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)
- **3.2** Material accounting policy information (*Continued*)

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents presented on the consolidated statement of financial position include:

- (a) cash, which comprises of cash on hand and demand deposits, excluding bank balances that are subject to regulatory restrictions that result in such balances no longer meeting the definition of cash; and
- (b) cash equivalents, which comprises of short-term (generally with original maturity of three months or less), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and restricted deposits arising from pre-sale of properties that are held for meeting short-term cash commitments. Cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes.

For the purposes of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as defined above.

- 3. 財務報表編製基準及重大會計政策資料 (續)
- 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 現金及現金等價物

於綜合財務狀況表呈列的現金及現金等價物包括:

- (a) 現金,其包括手頭現金及活期存款,不 包括受監管限制而導致有關結餘不再符 合現金定義的銀行結餘;及
- (b) 現金等價物,其包括短期(通常原到期日為三個月或更短)、可隨時轉換為已知數額現金且價值變動風險不大的高流動性投資以及來自預售物業的持作滿足短期現金承擔的受限制存款。現金等價物持作滿足短期現金承擔,而非用於投資或其他目的。

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及現金等價物包括上文定義的現金及現金等價物。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)
- **3.2** Material accounting policy information (Continued)

## Properties under development and properties held for sale

Properties under development which are intended to be sold upon completion of development and properties for sale are classified as current assets. Except for the leasehold land element which is measured at cost model in accordance with the accounting policies of right-of-use assets, properties under development/properties held for sale are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a specific identification basis including allocation of the related development expenditure incurred. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for the properties less estimated cost to completion and costs necessary to make the sale. Costs necessary to make the sale include incremental costs directly attributable to the sale and non-incremental costs which the Group must incur to make the sale.

Properties under development are transferred to properties held for sale upon completion of development.

- 3. 財務報表編製基準及重大會計政策資料 (續)
- 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 在建物業及持作出售物業

擬於建成後出售的在建物業及持作出售物業被分類為流動資產。除租賃土地部分按照使用權資產之會計政策計量外,在建物業/持作出售物業以成本及可變現淨值兩者之較低者之下。成本按特定識別基準釐定,包括分配所計量之有關開發成本。可變現淨值指物業估計售價減完成銷售之估計成本及作出銷售之必需的成本包括可直接歸所必需的成本包括可直接歸而於銷售的增量成本。

在建物業於建成時轉撥至持作出售物業。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)
- **3.2** Material accounting policy information (Continued)

## Investment properties/investment properties held for sale

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation.

Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at fair value, adjusted to exclude any prepaid or accrued operating lease income.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment properties are included in profit or loss for the period in which they arise.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposals. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the profit or loss in the period in which the property is derecognised.

- 3. 財務報表編製基準及重大會計政策資料 (續)
- 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 投資物業/持作出售之投資物業

投資物業乃持作賺取租金及/或實現資本增值的物業。

投資物業初步按成本(包括任何直接應佔開支)計量。於初步確認後,投資物業乃按公允值計量,並就撇除任何預付或應計經營租賃收入作出調整。

投資物業公允值變動產生之收益或虧損計入 其所產生期間之損益。

投資物業於出售時或當永久停止使用或預期 不再帶來未來經濟利益時取消確認。因物業取 消確認產生之任何收益或虧損(按出售所得款 項淨額與資產賬面值之差額計算)乃於物業取 消確認之期內列入損益。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)
- **3.2** Material accounting policy information (Continued)

## Investment properties/investment properties held for sale (Continued)

Investment properties are classified as held for sale and under current assets if the Group has been committed to a sale plan at the end of the reporting period and their carrying amounts will be recovered through a sale transaction. This condition is regarded as met only when the asset is available for immediate sale in its present condition subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sales of such asset and its sale is highly probable. Management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification. Investment properties classified as held for sale continue to be measured in accordance with the accounting policies for investment properties as mentioned above.

#### Leases

#### Definition of a lease

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

- 3. 財務報表編製基準及重大會計政策資料 (續)
- 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 投資物業/持作出售之投資物業(續)

倘本集團於報告期末已實施銷售計劃,且其賬面值將透過銷售交易收回,則投資物業分類為持作出售並列於流動資產項下。此條件僅於資產可按其現時情況即時出售,出售條件僅屬出售該資產之一般慣常條款,且極有可能出售時,方告達成。管理層須進行有關出售,而確認為已完成出售。分類為持作出售的投資物業的會計政策計量。

#### 租賃

#### 租賃定義

倘合約為換取代價而給予在一段時間內控制 可識別資產使用的權利,則該合約為租賃或包 含租賃。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)
- **3.2** Material accounting policy information (Continued)

**Leases** (Continued)

The Group as a lessee

#### Short-term leases

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to leases of warehouse that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option. Lease payments on short-term leases are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis or another systematic basis over the lease term.

- 3. 財務報表編製基準及重大會計政策資料 (續)
- 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人

#### 短期租賃

就租期自開始日期起計為12個月或以內且並無包含購買權的倉庫租賃而言,本集團應用短期租賃確認豁免。本集團將短期租賃的租賃付款,在租賃期內按照直線法或另一系統性方法確認為開支。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)
- **3.2** Material accounting policy information (Continued)

**Leases** (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

#### Right-of-use asset

The cost of right-of-use asset includes:

- the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date; and
- any initial direct costs incurred by the Group.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

The Group presents right-of-use assets as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

- 3. 財務報表編製基準及重大會計政策資料 (續)
- 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 和賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

#### 使用權資產

使用權資產的成本包括:

- 租賃負債的初始計量金額;
- 於開始日期或之前所作的任何租賃付款;及
- 本集團產生的任何初始直接成本。

使用權資產按成本減任何累計折舊及減值虧 損計量,並根據租賃負債的重新計量而進行調 整。

使用權資產按其估計可使用年期及租期的較短者以直線法折舊。

本集團於綜合財務狀況表內將使用權資產呈 列為一項單獨項目。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)
- **3.2** Material accounting policy information (Continued)

**Leases** (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

#### Lease liability

At the commencement date of a lease, the Group recognises and measures the lease liability at the present value of lease payments that are unpaid at that date. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable.

The lease payments include:

• fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable.

After the commencement date, lease liability is adjusted by interest accretion and lease payments.

The Group presents lease liabilities as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

- 3. 財務報表編製基準及重大會計政策資 料 (續)
- 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

#### 租賃負債

於租賃開始日期,本集團按該日未付的租賃付款現值確認及計量租賃負債。於計算租賃付款現值時,倘租賃隱含的利率難以釐定,則本集團使用租賃開始日期的增量借款利率。

#### 租賃付款包括:

固定付款(包括實質性的固定付款)減任 何應收租賃優惠。

於開始日期後,租賃負債就應計利息及租賃付 款作出調整。

本集團於綜合財務狀況表中將租賃負債作為 單獨項目呈列。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)
- **3.2** Material accounting policy information (Continued)

**Leases** (Continued)

The Group as lessor

#### Classification and measurement of leases

Leases for which the Group is a lessor are classified as finance or operating leases. Whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee, the contract is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset. Other than investment properties measured under fair value model, such costs are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Rental income which are derived from the Group's ordinary course of business is presented as revenue.

#### Allocation of consideration to components of a contract

When a contract includes both leases and non-lease components, the Group applies HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers to allocate consideration in a contract to lease and non-lease components. Non-lease components are separated from lease component on the basis of their relative stand-alone selling prices.

- 3. 財務報表編製基準及重大會計政策資料 (續)
- 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 和賃(續)

本集團作為出租人

#### 租賃分類及計量

本集團為出租人的租賃分類為融資或經營租賃。倘租賃的條款將相關資產擁有權附帶的全部風險及回報大部分轉移至承租人,合約分類為融資租賃。所有其他租賃分類為經營租賃。

經營租賃的租金收入按直線法於有關租賃期內在損益確認。在磋商及安排經營租賃中產生的初始直接成本加至租賃資產的賬面值。除根據公允值模型計量的投資物業外,有關成本於租期內按直線法確認為開支。

於本集團日常業務過程中產生之租金收入呈 列為收益。

#### 將代價分配至合約組成部分

當合約包括租賃及非租賃部分時,本集團應用香港財務報告準則第15號客戶合約收益將合約的代價分配至租賃及非租賃部分。非租賃部分根據其相對單獨售價與租賃部分進行區分。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)
- **3.2** Material accounting policy information (Continued)

**Leases** (Continued)

The Group as lessor (Continued)

### Lease modification

Changes in considerations of lease contracts that were not part of the original terms and conditions are accounted for as lease modifications, including lease incentives provided through forgiveness or reduction of rentals.

The Group accounts for a modification to an operating lease as a new lease from the effective date of the modification, considering any prepaid or accrued lease payments relating to the original lease as part of the lease payments for the new lease.

- 3. 財務報表編製基準及重大會計政策資料 (續)
- 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

### 租賃(續)

本集團作為出租人(續)

### 租賃修改

租賃合約之代價變動(並非原條款及條件)將 作為租賃修改入賬,包括透過寬免或減少租金 提供之租賃激勵。

本集團自修改生效日期起將經營租賃修改入 賬列作新租賃,並把原有租賃之相關任何預付 或應計租賃付款視為新租賃之租賃付款部分。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)
- **3.2** Material accounting policy information (Continued)

#### **Taxation**

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from "profit or loss before taxation" as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss because of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from initial recognition of goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

- 3. 財務報表編製基準及重大會計政策資料 (續)
- 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

### 稅項

所得稅開支指即期應付稅項及遞延稅項之總 和。

即期應付稅項乃按年內應課稅溢利計算。應課稅溢利與綜合損益表所報「除稅前溢利或虧損」不同,乃由於其他年度應課稅或可扣稅收入或開支及毋須課稅或不可扣稅項目所致。本集團之即期稅項負債乃按報告期末已實施或實質上已實施之稅率計算。

遞延稅項指就綜合財務報表內資產及負債賬面值與計算應課稅溢利所用相應稅基之暫時差額確認。遞延稅項負債一般會就所有應課稅過可的。過暫時差額確認,而遞延稅項資產乃於一般可能出現應課稅溢利以抵銷可扣稅之暫時差額確認。倘暫時差額確認所有可扣稅暫時差額確認。倘暫時差額源自初步確認商譽或初步確認不影響應課稅溢到或會計溢利之交易(業務合併除外)中其他負債。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)
- **3.2** Material accounting policy information (Continued)

### **Taxation** (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

- 3. 財務報表編製基準及重大會計政策資料 (續)
- 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

### 稅項(續)

遞延稅項負債乃按於附屬公司之投資所產生 應課稅暫時差額確認,惟若本集團可控制暫時 差額之撥回,且暫時差額有可能於可見將來不 會撥回之情況除外。從與該等投資相關的可扣 除暫時差額產生的遞延稅項資產只有達到一 定的程度才可確認,即有足夠的應課稅溢利來 抵銷能夠利用暫時差額利益並預期於可預見 將來撥回。

遞延稅項資產之賬面值於各報告期末檢討,並 於可能不再有足夠應課稅溢利收回該項資產 全部或部分之情況下調減。

遞延稅項資產及負債是按預期於償還負債或 變現資產期間使用的稅率計算,基於報告期末 前已實施或實質上已實施的稅率(及稅法)。

遞延稅項負債和資產的計量反映報告期末按本集團預期收回或結算資產和負債的賬面值 而將引致的稅務影響。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)
- **3.2** Material accounting policy information (Continued)

### **Taxation** (Continued)

For the purposes of measuring deferred taxes for investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the carrying amounts of such properties are presumed to be recovered entirely through sale, unless the presumption is rebutted. The presumption is rebutted when the investment property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time, rather than through sale.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for leasing transactions in which the Group recognises the right-of-use assets and the related lease liabilities, the Group first determines whether the tax deductions are attributable to the right-of-use assets or the lease liabilities.

For leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group applies HKAS 12 Income Taxes requirements to the leasing transaction as a whole. Temporary differences relating to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are assessed on a net basis. Excess of depreciation on right-of-use assets over the lease payments for the principal portion of lease liabilities resulting in net deductible temporary differences.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied to the same entity by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

- 3. 財務報表編製基準及重大會計政策資料 (續)
- 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

### 稅項(續)

就使用公允值模式計量的投資物業的遞延稅項的計量而言,該等物業的賬面值被推定可透過銷售全部收回,除非該推定被駁回。當投資物業可折舊及以目的為消耗投資物業隨著時間所體現之絕大部分經濟利益的業務模式而非透過銷售持有時,該項推定被駁回。

就計量本集團確認使用權資產及相關租賃負 債的租賃交易的遞延稅項而言,本集團首先釐 定稅項扣減是否歸屬於使用權資產或租賃負 債。

就稅項扣減由租賃負債產生的租賃交易而言,本集團對整項租賃交易應用香港會計準則第12號所得稅規定。與使用權資產及租賃負債相關的暫時性差額會按淨額基準評估。使用權資產折舊超出租賃負債本金部分租賃付款的金額會產生可扣減暫時性差額淨額。

遞延稅項資產及負債於有法定可執行權利以 即期稅項資產與即期稅項負債抵銷時,以及於 該等遞延稅項資產及負債與同一稅務機關對 相同實體所徵收的所得稅有關及本集團擬以 淨額基準結清其即期稅項資產及負債時予以 抵銷。

即期及遞延稅項在損益內確認,除了涉及在其他全面收益中或直接在權益中確認的項目。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)
- **3.2** Material accounting policy information (Continued)

### Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Nonmonetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. RMB) using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expenses items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of translation reserve.

On the disposal of a foreign operation (that is, a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss.

- 3. 財務報表編製基準及重大會計政策資料 (續)
- 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

### 外幣

編製個別集團實體之財務報表時,以該實體功能貨幣以外貨幣(外幣)進行之交易乃按於交易日期當時之匯率確認入賬。於報告期末,以外幣列值之貨幣項目以結算當日之匯率重新換算。以外幣歷史成本計算之非貨幣項目毋須重新換算。

結清貨幣項目及重新換算貨幣項目之匯兌差 額於其產生期間於損益確認。

就呈列綜合財務報表而言,本集團海外業務之資產及負債均按各報告期末適用之匯率換算為本集團之呈列貨幣(即人民幣)。收入及開支項目乃按期間平均匯率換算,惟匯率於該期間波動幅度較大除外(在此情況下,採用交易日適用之匯率)。所產生匯兌差額(如有)均於其他全面收益確認並於匯兌儲備項下之權益中累計。

於出售海外業務(即出售本集團於海外業務之全部權益,或出售涉及喪失於一間包括海外業務之附屬公司之控制權),就本公司擁有人應佔該業務而於權益累計之所有匯兌差額乃重新分類至損益。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)
- **3.2** Material accounting policy information (Continued)

### Foreign currencies (Continued)

Exchange differences relating to the retranslation of the Group's net assets in HK\$ and United States dollars to the Group's presentation currency (i.e. RMB) are recognised directly in other comprehensive income and accumulated in translation reserve. Such exchange differences accumulated in the translation reserve are not reclassified to profit or loss subsequently.

#### Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

- 3. 財務報表編製基準及重大會計政策資料 (續)
- 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

### 外幣(續)

本集團以港幣及美元計值之淨資產重新換算 為本集團呈列貨幣(即人民幣)相關之匯兌差 額直接於其他全面收益中確認,並累計於匯兌 儲備中。累計於匯兌儲備之有關匯兌差額隨後 並無重新分類至損益。

### 財務工具

當一間集團實體成為有關工具合約條文之訂 約方時,即確認財務資產及財務負債。日常買 賣乃指須於有關市場規則或慣例設定之時限 內交付資產之購買或出售財務資產。

財務資產及財務負債首先以公允值計量。於初步確認時,因收購或發行財務資產及財務負債(按公允值計入損益之財務資產及財務負債除外)產生之直接交易成本將視乎情況加入或扣除自財務資產或財務負債之公允值。因收購按公允值計入損益之財務資產或財務負債產生之直接交易成本即時於損益內確認。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)
- **3.2** Material accounting policy information (*Continued*)

#### **Financial instruments** (Continued)

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income and interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts and payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

#### Financial assets

## <u>Classification and subsequent measurement of financial</u> assets

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

- 3. 財務報表編製基準及重大會計政策資料 (續)
- 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

### 財務工具(續)

實際利率法是一種計算財務資產或財務負債的攤銷成本及於有關期間攤分利息收入及利息開支的方法。實際利率乃將估計日後現金收入及付款(包括所有支付或收取構成整體實際利率之費用及利率差價、交易成本及其他溢價或折價)按財務資產或財務負債之預期使用年期,或較短期間(倘適用)實際貼現至初步確認之賬面淨值之利率。

### 財務資產

#### 財務資產之分類及其後計量

符合下列條件之財務資產其後按攤銷成本計 量:

- 於目的為收取合約現金流量的業務模式 下持有的財務資產;及
- 合約條款令於指定日期產生的現金流量 純粹為支付本金及未償還本金的利息。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)
- **3.2** Material accounting policy information (Continued)

**Financial instruments** (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

<u>Classification and subsequent measurement of financial</u> assets (*Continued*)

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at FVTPL, except that at initial recognition of a financial asset the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value of an equity investment in other comprehensive income if that equity investment is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which HKFRS 3 Business Combinations applies.

A financial asset is held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is a part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

In addition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset that are required to be measured at the amortised cost as measured at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch.

- 3. 財務報表編製基準及重大會計政策資料 (續)
- 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

財務工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產之分類及其後計量(續)

所有其他財務資產其後按公允值計入損益計量,惟倘一項股本投資並非持作交易用途,亦非於香港財務報告準則第3號業務合併適用的業務合併中收購方所確認的或然代價,於財務資產初步確認日期,本集團可不可撤銷地選擇在其他全面收益中呈列股本投資公允值的其後變動。

倘財務資產屬下列情況,則為持作交易:

- 購入之主要目的為於近期出售;或
- 初步確認時,是一組已確定之財務工具之一部分,由本集團集合管理,且有一個最近之短期獲利回吐實際格局;或
- 是一個衍生工具,並非指定為和有效之 對沖工具。

此外,倘可消除或大幅減少會計錯配,本集團 可不可撤銷地指定須按攤銷成本計量的財務 資產為按公允值計入損益計量。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)
- **3.2** Material accounting policy information (Continued)

**Financial instruments** (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

<u>Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (Continued)</u>

(i) Amortised cost and interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for financial assets measured subsequently at amortised cost. Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired. For financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from the next reporting period. If the credit risk on the credit-impaired financial instrument improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset from the beginning of the reporting period following the determination that the asset is no longer credit-impaired.

- 3. 財務報表編製基準及重大會計政策資料 (續)
- 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

財務工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產之分類及其後計量(續)

(i) 攤銷成本及利息收入

其後按攤銷成本計量之財務資產的利息收入乃使用實際利率法予以確認。利息收入乃明務資產總賬面值應用實際利率予以計算,惟其後已出現信貸減值的財務資產而言資減值的財務資產而言資減值的財務資產而主,利息收入乃對財務資產攤值的財務資產產攤值的財務資產不再出現信貸減值,則自釐定資產不再出現信貸減值,則自釐定資產不再出現信資減值,則自釐定資產不再出現後之報告期間初起,利息收入乃透過對財務資產總賬面值應用實際利率予以確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)
- **3.2** Material accounting policy information (Continued)

**Financial instruments** (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

<u>Classification and subsequent measurement of financial</u> assets (*Continued*)

(ii) Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss excludes any dividend earned on the financial asset.

Impairment of financial assets and financial guarantee contracts

The Group performs impairment assessment under ECL model on financial assets (including deposits, other receivables, restricted bank deposits, pledged bank deposits and bank balances) and financial guarantee contracts which are subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments ("HKFRS 9"). The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition.

- 3. 財務報表編製基準及重大會計政策資料 (續)
- 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

財務工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產之分類及其後計量(續)

(ii) 按公允值計入損益之財務資產

倘財務資產不符合按攤銷成本計量的標準,則 按公允值計入損益計量。

於各報告期末,按公允值計入損益之財務資產 按公允值計量,而任何公允值收益或虧損於損 益確認。於損益確認之收益或虧損淨額不包括 財務資產賺取之任何股息。

財務資產及財務擔保合約減值

本集團根據預期信貸虧損模式對財務資產(包括按金、其他應收款項、有限制銀行存款、已抵押銀行存款及銀行結存)及財務擔保合約進行減值評估,該等財務資產根據香港財務報告準則第9號金融工具(「香港財務報告準則第9號分計員企額於各報告日期更新,以反映自初步確認以來信貸風險的變動。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)
- **3.2** Material accounting policy information (Continued)

**Financial instruments** (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets and financial guarantee contracts (Continued)

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the relevant instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL ("12m ECL") represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. Assessments are done based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current conditions at the reporting date as well as the forecast of future conditions.

For all instruments, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12m ECL, unless when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, in which case the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

- 3. 財務報表編製基準及重大會計政策資料 (續)
- 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

財務工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產及財務擔保合約減值(續)

全期預期信貸虧損指於相關工具的預期年期內所有可能違約事件將產生的預期信貸虧損。反之,12個月預期信貸虧損(「12個月預期信貸虧損)指預期於報告日期後12個月內可能發生的違約事件而導致的全期預期信貸虧損的一部分。評估乃按本集團過往信貸虧損經驗進行,並就債務人、整體經濟情況及評估於報告日期的當前情況及對未來情況的預測的特定因素作出調整。

就所有工具而言,本集團計量的虧損撥備相等於12個月預期信貸虧損,除非當信貸風險自初步確認以來大幅增加,在此情況下本集團會確認全期預期信貸虧損。評估是否應確認全期預期信貸虧損乃基於自初步確認以來出現違約的可能性或風險是否大幅增加。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)
- **3.2** Material accounting policy information (*Continued*)

**Financial instruments** (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets and financial guarantee contracts (Continued)

(i) Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the debtor;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;

- 3. 財務報表編製基準及重大會計政策資料 (續)
- 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

財務工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產及財務擔保合約減值(續)

(i) 信貸風險大幅增加

於評估信貸風險自初步確認以來是否大幅增加時,本集團對財務工具於報告日期就發生違約的風險與財務工具於初步確認日期就發生違約的風險作比較。作出此評估時,本集團會考慮合理有據的定量及定性資料,包括過往經驗及無需付出不必要的成本或精力獲取的前瞻性資料。

具體而言,於評估信貸風險是否已大幅增加時 會考慮以下資料:

- 財務工具的外部(如有)或內部信貸評級 的實際或預期嚴重惡化;
- 信貸風險的外部市場指標嚴重惡化(如 債務人的信貸息差及信貸違約掉期價格 大幅增加);
- 商業、金融或經濟情況目前或預期有不 利變動,預期將導致債務人償還債項的 能力大幅降低;

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)
- **3.2** Material accounting policy information (Continued)

**Financial instruments** (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets and financial guarantee contracts (Continued)

- (i) Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; or
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

- 3. 財務報表編製基準及重大會計政策資 料 (續)
- 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

財務工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產及財務擔保合約減值(續)

- (i) 信貸風險大幅增加(續)
- 債務人的經營業績實際或預期嚴重惡 化;或
- 債務人的監管、經濟或技術環境有實際 或預期重大不利變動,導致債務人償還 債項的能力大幅降低。

不論上述評估結果如何,當合約付款已逾期超過30天,則本集團均假定信貸風險自初步確認以來大幅增加,除非本集團擁有合理有據之資料證明情況並非如此,則作別論。

本集團定期監察識別信貸風險是否大幅增加 所用標準的有效性,並酌情修訂以確保該標準 能夠在款項逾期前識別信貸風險的大幅增加。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)
- **3.2** Material accounting policy information (Continued)

**Financial instruments** (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

<u>Impairment of financial assets and financial guarantee</u> contracts (*Continued*)

(ii) Definition of default

For internal credit risk management, the Group considers an event of default occurs when information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

(iii) Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- (a) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
- (b) a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event:

- 3. 財務報表編製基準及重大會計政策資料 (續)
- 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

財務工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產及財務擔保合約減值(續)

(ii) 違約定義

就內部信貸風險管理而言,本集團認為,違約 事件在內部制訂或自外界來源取得的資料顯 示債務人不大可能悉數向債權人(包括本集 團)還款(未計及本集團所持任何抵押品)時發 牛。

不論上述情況如何,本集團都認為,違約乃於 財務資產逾期超過90天時發生,除非本集團 擁有合理有據之資料證明有一項更為滯後之 違約標準更為合適,則作別論。

(iii) 已出現信貸減值的財務資產

財務資產在一項或多項違約事件(對該項財務 資產的估計未來現金流量構成不利影響)發生 時出現信貸減值。財務資產出現信貸減值的證 據包括有關下列事件的可觀察數據:

- (a) 發行者或借款方陷入重大財務困難;
- (b) 違反合約,例如拖欠或逾期事件;

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)
- **3.2** Material accounting policy information (Continued)

**Financial instruments** (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets and financial guarantee contracts (Continued)

- (iii) Credit-impaired financial assets (Continued)
- (c) the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;
- (d) it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- (e) the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.
- (iv) Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, for example, when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings or in case of other receivables, when the amounts are past due, whichever occurs earlier. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. Any subsequent recoveries are recognised in profit or loss.

- 3. 財務報表編製基準及重大會計政策資料 (續)
- 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

財務工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產及財務擔保合約減值(續)

- (iii) 已出現信貸減值的財務資產(續)
- (c) 借款方的貸款方因有關借款方財務困難 的經濟或合約理由而向借款方給予貸款 方在其他情況下不會考慮的優惠;
- (d) 借款方將有可能破產或展開其他財務重 組;或
- (e) 該項財務資產的活躍市場因財務困難而 消失。
- (iv) 撇銷政策

當資料顯示交易對方出現重大財務困難及無實際收回可能時(例如交易對方被清盤或已進入破產程序或倘其他應收款項金額逾期時(以較早者為準)),本集團則撇銷財務資產。經考慮法律意見(倘適用)後,遭撇銷的財務資產可能仍須按本集團收回程序進行強制執行活動。撇銷構成終止確認事項。任何其後收回在損益中確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)
- **3.2** Material accounting policy information (Continued)

**Financial instruments** (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets and financial guarantee contracts (Continued)

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data and forward-looking information. Estimation of ECL reflects an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights.

Generally, the ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition.

For a financial guarantee contract, the Group is required to make payments only in the event of a default by the debtor in accordance with the terms of the instrument that is guaranteed. Accordingly, the ECL is the present value of the expected payments to reimburse the holder for a credit loss that it incurs less any amounts that the Group expects to receive from the holder, the debtor or any other party.

- 3. 財務報表編製基準及重大會計政策資料 (續)
- 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

財務工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產及財務擔保合約減值(續)

(v) 預期信貸虧損之計量及確認

預期信貸虧損的計量為違約概率、違約虧損(即倘發生違約的虧損程度)及違約風險敞口的函數。違約概率及違約虧損的評估乃基於歷史數據及前瞻性資料作出。預期信貸虧損的預估乃無偏概率加權金額,以各自發生違約的風險為權重確定。

一般而言,預期信貸虧損為根據合約應付本集團的所有合約現金流量與本集團預期收取的現金流量之間的差額,並按初步確認時釐定的實際利率貼現。

就財務擔保合約而言,本集團僅需於債務人違反擔保文據條款之情況下作出付款。因此, 預期信貸虧損為補償持有人就所產生之信貸 虧損的預期付款現值,扣除本集團預期自持有 人、債務人或任何其他人士收取的任何款項。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)
- **3.2** Material accounting policy information (Continued)

**Financial instruments** (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

<u>Impairment of financial assets and financial guarantee</u> contracts (*Continued*)

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL (Continued)

Interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit-impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on amortised cost of the financial asset.

For financial guarantee contracts, the loss allowances are recognised at the higher of the amount of the loss allowance determined in accordance with HKFRS 9; and the amount initially recognised less, where appropriate, cumulative amount of income recognised over the guarantee period.

Except for financial guarantee contracts, the Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments by adjusting their carrying amount.

- 3. 財務報表編製基準及重大會計政策資料 (續)
- 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

財務工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產及財務擔保合約減值(續)

(v) 預期信貸虧損之計量及確認(續)

利息收入按財務資產的總賬面值計算,除非財 務資產出現信貸減值,在該情況下,利息收入 乃按財務資產的攤銷成本計算。

就財務擔保合約而言,虧損撥備乃以按香港財務報告準則第9號釐定的虧損撥備金額與初步確認的金額減(如適用)於擔保期間確認的累計收入金額的較高者確認。

除財務擔保合約外,本集團藉調整所有財務工具的賬面值於損益中確認其減值收益或虧損。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)
- **3.2** Material accounting policy information (Continued)

**Financial instruments** (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

### Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities and equity

### Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

### Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

- 3. 財務報表編製基準及重大會計政策資料 (續)
- 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

### 財務工具(續)

財務資產(續)

### 終止確認財務資產

本集團僅於資產現金流量之合約權利屆滿時,或將財務資產及其所有權之絕大部分風險及回報轉讓予另一實體時,方會終止確認該等財務資產。

於終止確認按攤銷成本計量之財務資產時,該 項資產賬面值與已收及應收代價之間的差額 會於損益內確認。

### 財務負債及股本

### 分類為債務或股本

債務及股本工具乃根據所訂立合約安排之內 容及財務負債和股本工具之定義分類為財務 負債或股本。

#### 股本工具

股本工具為證明於一間實體之資產經扣除其 所有負債後之資產剩餘權益之任何合約。本公 司發行之股本工具乃以已收所得款項扣除直 接發行成本確認。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- 3. **BASIS OF PREPARATION OF** FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND **MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION** (Continued)
- 3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

#### **Financial instruments** (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

### Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities including trade and other payables, other borrowing, amounts due to non-controlling interests, amounts due to directors, amount due to a former director, bank overdrafts and secured bank borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

#### Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payments when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee contract liabilities are measured initially at their fair values. It is subsequently measured at the higher of:

- the amount of the loss allowance determined in accordance with HKFRS 9; and
- the amount initially recognised less, where appropriate, cumulative amortisation recognised over the guarantee period.

#### Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

- 財務報表編製基準及重大會計政策資 3. 料 (續)
- 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

### 財務工具(續)

財務資產(續)

### 按攤銷成本計量之財務負債

財務負債(包括貿易及其他應付款項、其他借 款、應付非控制性權益款項、應付董事款項、 應付一名前任董事款項、銀行透支及有抵押 銀行借款) 其後使用實際利率法按攤銷成本計

#### 財務擔保合約

財務擔保合約為合約發行者根據某項債務工 具之條款,因某特定債務人於到期日未能償還 款項而須支付特定款項以補償合約持有者招 致損失的一項合約。財務擔保合約負債初步以 其公允值計量。其後續以下列較高者計量:

- 根據香港財務報告準則第9號釐定的虧 損撥備的金額;及
- 初步確認金額減去於擔保期間確認的累 計攤銷(如適用)。

### 終止確認財務負債

本集團會並僅會於責任免除、撤銷或屆滿時, 終止確認財務負債。終止確認的財務負債的賬 面值與已付及應付代價之間的差額會於損益 確認。

162

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)
- **3.2** Material accounting policy information (Continued)

# Impairment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the relevant asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

The recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets are estimated individually. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount individually, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

In testing a cash-generating unit for impairment, corporate assets are allocated to the relevant cash-generating unit when a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be established, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be established. The recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit or group of cash-generating units to which the corporate asset belongs, and is compared with the carrying amount of the relevant cash-generating unit or group of cash-generating units.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset (or cash-generating unit) for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

- 3. 財務報表編製基準及重大會計政策資料 (續)
- 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

### 物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產減值

本集團於各報告期末檢討其物業、廠房及設備 以及使用權資產之賬面值,以釐定該等資產是 否已出現減值虧損跡象。倘出現有關跡象,則 會估計相關資產之可收回金額,以釐定減值虧 損(如有)程度。

物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產之可收回金額乃個別估計。倘無法估計個別資產之可收回金額,本集團估計該資產所屬現金產生單位之可收回金額。

於測試現金產生單位減值時,倘可設立合理及一貫之分配基準,企業資產會分配至相關現金產生單位,否則會分配至可合理地及按一貫分配基準而設立之最小現金產生單位中。就企業資產所屬之現金產生單位或現金產生單位超別釐定可收回金額,並與相關現金產生單位或現金產生單位組別之賬面值進行比較。

可收回金額是公允值減去出售成本與使用價值兩者中之較高者。在評估使用價值時,估計未來現金流量乃以可反映當時市場對貨幣時間價值及資產(或現金產生單位)特有風險評估(估計未來現金流量尚未就此作出調整)的除稅前貼現率貼現至現值。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)
- **3.2** Material accounting policy information (Continued)

# Impairment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets (Continued)

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. For corporate assets or portion of corporate assets which cannot be allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis to a cash-generating unit, the Group compares the carrying amount of a group of cash-generating units, including the carrying amounts of the corporate assets or portion of corporate assets allocated to that group of cash-generating units, with the recoverable amount of the group of cash-generating units. The carrying amount of an asset is not reduced below the highest of its fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable), its value in use (if determinable) and zero. The amount of the impairment loss that would otherwise have been allocated to the asset is allocated pro rata to the other assets of the unit or the group of cash-generating units. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit or group of cash-generating units) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit or group of cash-generating units) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately in profit or loss.

- 3. 財務報表編製基準及重大會計政策資料 (續)
- 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

### 物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產減值(續)

倘某項資產(或現金產生單位)之可收回金額估計低於其賬面值,則該項資產(或現金產就現金產主單位)之賬面值須減低至其可收回金額。就按合理及一貫之基準分配至現金產生單位的企業資產,本集團會主要企業資產,本集團會主要企業資產,本集團會主要企業資產,本集團會主要企業資產,本集團會主要企業資產的企業資產或部分企業資產的是企業資產的可收回金產生單位的股面值不低於其公允值減去定)和國金產生單位的財產或一個現金產生單位內對量)、其使用價值(如可釐定)和國民至該單位內的其他資產或一組現金產生單位。減值虧損即時於損益確認。

倘減值虧損隨後撥回,則該項資產(或現金產生單位或現金產生單位組別)之賬面值乃增至其可收回金額之經修訂估計,惟已增加之賬面值不得超過於過往年度資產(或現金產生單位或現金產生單位組別)並無確認任何減值虧損時釐定之賬面值。減值虧損撥回即時於損益內確認為收益。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)
- **3.2** Material accounting policy information (Continued)

### **Contingent liabilities**

A contingent liability is a present obligation arising from past events but is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

Where the Group is jointly and severally liable for an obligation, the part of the obligation that is expected to be met by other parties is treated as a contingent liability and it is not recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

The Group assesses continually to determine whether an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits has become probable. If it becomes probable that an outflow of future economic benefits will be required for an item previously dealt with as a contingent liability, a provision is recognised in the consolidated financial statements in the reporting period in which the change in probability occurs, except in the extremely rare circumstances where no reliable estimate can be made.

- 3. 財務報表編製基準及重大會計政策資料 (續)
- 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

### 或然負債

或然負債是指因過往事件而產生的現有責任,惟履行該責任不太可能需要撥出具經濟利益的資源或卻乏足夠的可靠性而無法計量該責任的金額,故不予確認。

倘本集團共同及個別承擔某項責任,則該責任 中預計由其他方承擔的部分被視為或然負債 並且不在綜合財務報表中確認。

本集團持續評估以確定是否可能需要撥出具 經濟利益的資源。倘可能需要就過往作為或然 負債處理的項目撥出未來經濟利益,則於可能 發生變動的報告期在綜合財務報表中確認撥備 (除無法作出可靠估計的極罕見情況外)。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

## 4. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES

In the application of the Group's material accounting policy information, which are described in note 3.2, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

### Critical judgement in applying accounting policies

The following is the critical judgement, apart from those involving estimations, that the directors of the Company have been in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that has the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

### 4. 關鍵判斷及主要估計

於應用本集團的重大會計政策資料(如附註 3.2所述)時,董事須對未能即時自其他來源 取得的資產及負債賬面值作出判斷、估計及假 設。估計及有關假設乃以過往經驗及被視為相 關的其他因素為基礎。實際結果可能會與該等 估計有所不同。

估計及相關假設乃按持續基準審閱。會計估計 的修訂乃於估計被修訂的期間(倘修訂僅影響 該期間),或於修訂期間及未來期間(倘修訂影 響本期間及未來期間)確認。

#### 於應用會計政策時作出之關鍵判斷

以下為關鍵判斷,惟涉及本公司董事於應用本 集團會計政策過程中所作出且對綜合財務報 表內確認之金額具有最重大影響之估計之判 斷除外。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

# 4. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES (Continued)

**Critical judgement in applying accounting policies** *(Continued)* 

### Deferred taxation on investment properties

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax liabilities arising from investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the directors have reviewed the Group's investment property portfolios and concluded that the Group's investment properties are not held under a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment properties over time. Therefore, in measuring the Group's deferred taxation on investment properties, the directors have determined that the presumption that the carrying amounts of investment properties measured using the fair value model are recovered entirely through sale is not rebutted. The Group's investment properties are situated in the PRC and the deferred taxes on changes in fair value of investment properties are recognised taking into account PRC LAT and PRC EIT payable upon sales of those investment properties.

### Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

### 4. 關鍵判斷及主要估計(續)

於應用會計政策時作出之關鍵判斷(續)

### 投資物業之遞延稅項

就計量由使用公允值模型計量之投資物業所產生的遞延稅項負債而言,董事已檢討本集團的投資物業組合及斷定本集團並無投資物業以隨時間流逝耗盡大體上包含在投資物業員的所有經濟得益為商業目的。因此,於計以資物業之遞延稅項時期,並與資物業之服的,而該等投資物業之公出資數收回之假設並未被推翻。本集團之投變大人,而該等投資物業之。 也是一國土地增值稅及中國企業所得稅確認。

### 估計不明朗因素的主要來源

以下為有關未來之主要假設及於報告期末估計不明朗因素之其他主要來源,可能有重大風險導致下個財政年度內之資產及負債之賬面值作出重大調整。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

# 4. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES (Continued)

**Key sources of estimation uncertainty** (Continued)

### **Provision for LAT**

The Group is subject to LAT in the PRC. The provision for LAT is based on management's best estimates according to its understanding of the requirements set forth in the relevant PRC tax laws and regulations. The actual LAT liabilities are subject to the determination by the tax authorities upon the completion of the property development projects. The Group has not finalised its LAT calculation and payments with the tax authorities for the property development project. The final outcome could be different from the amounts that were initially recorded, and any differences will have impact on the LAT expense and the related provision in the period in which the differences realise. The carrying amount of provision for LAT at 31 December 2023 was approximately RMB26,593,000 (2022: RMB26,821,000).

## Estimated net realisable value of properties under development

In determining whether allowances should be made to the Group's properties under development, the directors of the Company make reference to the valuation performed by an independent professional property valuer and take into consideration the current market environment and the estimated market value prices (i.e. the estimated selling price less estimated costs to sell) less estimated costs to completion of the properties. An allowance is made if the estimated market value is less than the carrying amount. If the actual net realisable value of properties under development is less than expected as a result of a change in market condition and/or significant variation in the budgeted development cost, material provision for allowance may result. At 31 December 2023, the carrying amount of properties under development was approximately RMB383,753,000 (2022: RMB349,000,000), net of allowance recognised of approximately RMB119,213,000 (2022: RMB119,213,000).

### 4. 關鍵判斷及主要估計(續)

估計不明朗因素的主要來源(續)

#### 土地增值稅撥備

### 在建物業之估計可變現淨值

於釐定是否須對本集團在建物業計提撥備時,本公司董事乃參考獨立專業物業估值師進行之估值並計及當前市況及估計市價(即估計售價減估計銷售成本)減物業竣工之估計成本。倘估計市價低於賬面值,則計提撥備。倘在建物業之實際可變現淨值由於市況變化及/或預算開發成本大幅波動而低於預期,則或會作出重大撥備。於二零二三年十二月三十一日,扣除已確認撥備約人民幣119,213,000元(二零二二年:人民幣119,213,000元(二零二二年:人民幣349,000,000元)。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

# 4. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES (Continued)

**Key sources of estimation uncertainty** (Continued)

## Estimated net realisable value of properties held for sale

The directors of the Company determines the net realisable value of properties held for sale by using prevailing market data mainly most recent sales transactions. These estimates require judgement as to the anticipated sale prices by reference to the valuation performed by an independent professional property valuer and recent sales transactions in the same project and in nearby location, rate of new property sales and general market conditions. If the actual net realisable value of properties held for sale after considering the estimated costs necessary to make the sale are less or higher than expected as a result of changes in market conditions, material provision for or reversal of allowance may result. At 31 December 2023, the carrying amount of properties held for sale was approximately RMB152,942,000 (2022: RMB170,156,000), net of allowance recognised of approximately RMB331,566,000 (2022: RMB308,040,000).

## 5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

### (i) Disaggregation of revenue

An analysis of the Group's revenue arising from the Mainland China for the year is as follows:

### 4. 關鍵判斷及主要估計(續)

估計不明朗因素的主要來源(續)

#### 持作出售物業之估計可變現淨值

### 5. 收益及分部資料

#### (i) 收益分拆

本集團年內來自中國內地之收益分析如下:

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Arising from the Mainland China	源自中國內地		
Sales of properties – a point in time	物業銷售一時點	4,437	60,546
Revenue from contracts with customers	客戶合約收益	4,437	60,546
Lease – other source	租賃-其他來源	5	163
		4,442	60,709

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

# 5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

## (ii) Performance obligations for contracts with customers

For contracts entered into with customers on sales of properties, the relevant properties specified in the contracts are based on standardised specifications with no alternative use. Taking into consideration of the relevant contract terms, the legal environment and relevant legal precedents, the Group concluded that the Group does not have an enforceable right to payment prior to transfer of control of the relevant properties to customers. Revenue from sales of properties is therefore recognised at a point in time when control of completed property is transferred to the customer, being at the point that the customer obtains the physical possession or the legal title of the completed property and the Group has present right to payment and the collection of the consideration is probable.

In general, the Group receives 30% of the contract value as receipt in advance from customers when they sign the sale and purchase agreement and remaining 70% of the contract value would be received through the banks by releasing the mortgages to the customers in two to three months after the agreement signing date. Such advance payment schemes result in contract liabilities being recognised throughout the property construction period for the full amount of the contract price.

### 5. 收益及分部資料(續)

### (ii) 客戶合約之履約責任

就物業銷售與客戶訂立的合約而言,合約中規定的相關物業乃基於標準化要求使用,並無其他替代用途。經考慮相關合約條款、法律環境及相關法律先例,本集團認為,在轉讓相關物業之控制權予客戶前,本集團並無收取付款的可強制執行權利。因此,銷售物業的收益於已強工物業的控制權轉移至客戶時確認,即客戶實際擁有或取得已竣工物業的法定業權,且本集團現時有權付款及可能收回代價。

通常在簽訂買賣協議時,本集團自客戶收取合約價值的30%作為預收款項,而餘下合約價值的70%將於協議簽訂日期後兩至三個月透過銀行向客戶發放按揭貸款收取。該預先付款計劃導致於整個物業建設期確認合約價格全款的合約負債。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

# 5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

(iii) Transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligation for contracts with customers

The transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations (unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied) as at 31 December 2023 and the expected timing of recognising revenue are as follows:

- 5. 收益及分部資料(續)
- (iii) 分配至客戶合約之餘下履約責任的交易價

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,分配至餘下履約責任的交易價(未清償或部分未清償)及預期確認收益時間如下:

		2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Within one year Sales of properties	於一年內 物業銷售	124,528	32,496
(iv) Leases	(iv) 租賃		
		2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000
For operating leases with respect to investment properties: Lease payments that are fixed	就有關投資物業的經營租賃而言: 固定租賃付款	5	163

Information reported to the Chief Executive Officer of the Group, being the chief operating decision maker ("CODM") regularly review revenue analysis as set out in the revenue analysis above for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of performance. However, other than revenue analysis, no operating results and other discrete consolidated financial statements is regularly reviewed by the CODM for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of performance of respective businesses which generate different types of revenue. The CODM review the operating results of the Group as a whole to make decisions about resource allocation and for performance assessment. The operation of the Group constitutes one single operating and reportable segment under HKFRS 8 "Operating Segments" and accordingly no separate segment information is presented.

向本集團行政總裁,即主要營運決策人(「主 要營運決策人」)報告的資料乃就對作出資 分配及評估表現而定期審閱按上文收益分析 所載的收益分析。然而,除收益分析外,經營業績及其他個別綜合財務報表由主要營 運決策人就產生不同類型收益的各個業務 建決策人配及評估表現而定期審閱。主要營作 出資源分配及評估表現而定期審閱。主要營作 出資源分配及評估。根據香港財務報告準則第8 號「經營分部」,本集團營運構成單一經營及可 報告分部,因此並無呈列獨立分部資料。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

# 5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

### (v) Geographical information

The Group's operations are located on the Mainland China and Hong Kong.

Information about the Group's revenue from continuing operations from external customers is presented based on the location of the operations. Information about the Group's non-current assets is presented based on the geographical location of the assets.

### 5. 收益及分部資料(續)

### (v) 地理資料

本集團的業務位於中國內地及香港。

本集團持續經營業務來自外部客戶之收益資 料乃按業務營運所處之地區呈列。有關本集團 非流動資產的資料乃基於資產地理位置呈列。

		External	ue from customers 客戶之收益	Non-current assets 非流動資產		
		2023	2022	2023	2022	
		二零二三年	二零二二年	二零二三年	二零二二年	
		RMB'000		RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
The Mainland China	中國內地	4,442	60,709	3,871	3,162	
Hong Kong	香港	_	_	15,361	14,950	
		4,442	60,709	19,232	18,112	

### (vi) Information about major customers

Revenue from customers of the corresponding years contributing over 10% of the total revenue of the Group are as follows:

### (vi) 主要客戶資料

於相應年度佔本集團總收益10%以上之客戶 收益如下:

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Customer A	客戶A	1,093	_
Customer B	客戶B	879	_
Customer C	客戶C	755	_
Customer D	客戶D	576	_
Customer E	客戶E	536	_

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元  Compensation received upon cancellation of sugar trading contract 収取的賠償 - Bank interest income 銀行利息收入 117 Other income 其他收入 44  7. OTHER LOSSES 7. 其他虧損  Fair value change on investment properties Fair value change on financial assets at FVTPL 欠分值i分 及允值變動 次允值變動 488	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 1,140 144 21 1,305
sugar trading contract Bank interest income Uther income	144
7. OTHER LOSSES 7. 其他虧損 2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 Fair value change on investment properties Fair value change on financial assets at FVTPL 按公允值計入損益的財務資產的	1,305
2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元  Fair value change on investment properties 投資物業公允值變動 Fair value change on financial assets at FVTPL 按公允值計入損益的財務資產的	
二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元Fair value change on investment properties Fair value change on financial assets at FVTPL投資物業公允值變動 按公允值計入損益的財務資產的	
Fair value change on financial assets at FVTPL 按公允值計入損益的財務資產的	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
	938
868	1,762
8. FINANCE COSTS 8. 財務成本	
2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Interest expenses on 利息開支 - secured bank borrowing -有抵押銀行借款 341 - other borrowing -其他借款 1,357 - lease liabilities -租賃負債 177 - bank overdrafts -銀行透支 65	

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

### 9. INCOME TAX CREDIT

### 9. 所得稅抵免

		2023 二零二三年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current tax	即期稅項		
PRC EIT	中國企業所得稅	_	193
PRC LAT	中國土地增值稅	_	3,053
		-	3,246
Deferred taxation (note 28)	遞延稅項(附註28)		
Current year	本年度	(857)	(5,492)
		(857)	(2,246)

Under the two tiered profits tax rates regime, the first HK\$2 million of profits of the qualifying group entity will be taxed at 8.25%, and profits above HK\$2 million will be taxed at 16.5%. The profits of group entities not qualifying for the two tiered profits tax rates regime will continue to be taxed at a flat rate of 16.5%.

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 as the Group has no assessable profit for the years.

Under the Law of the PRC on EIT (the "EIT Law") and Implementation Regulations of the EIT Law, the tax rate of the PRC subsidiaries is 25% for both years.

The provision of PRC LAT is estimated according to the requirements set forth in the relevant PRC tax laws and regulations. PRC LAT has been provided at progressive rates ranging from 30% to 60% on the appreciation of land value, with certain allowable exemptions and deductions.

Under the EIT Law of the PRC, withholding tax is imposed on dividends declared in respect of profits earned by the PRC subsidiaries from 1 January 2008 onwards. Deferred taxation has not been provided for in the consolidated financial statements in respect of temporary differences attributable to accumulated profits of the PRC subsidiaries as the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

根據兩級利得稅率制度,合資格集團實體首港幣2,000,000元溢利將按8.25%徵稅,而超過港幣2,000,000元溢利將按16.5%徵稅。未符合兩級利得稅率制度之集團實體溢利將繼續以統一稅率16.5%徵稅。

截至二零二三年及二零二二年十二月三十一 日止年度概無就香港利得稅計提撥備,原因為 本集團於該兩個年度並無應課稅溢利。

根據中國企業所得稅法(「企業所得稅法」)及 企業所得稅法實施條例,於兩個年度內,中國 附屬公司的稅率均為25%。

中國土地增值稅撥備是按有關中國稅務法律及法規所載之規定作出估計。中國土地增值稅已就土地增值價值按30%至60%的遞增稅率作出撥備(附帶若干許可的豁免及減免)。

根據中國企業所得稅法,自二零零八年一月一日起,中國附屬公司須就其賺取之溢利所宣派之股息繳納預扣稅。綜合財務報表並未就中國附屬公司累計溢利引致之暫時差額作出遞延稅項撥備,概因本集團能夠控制撥回暫時差額之時間,而暫時差額可能不會於可預見將來撥回。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

### 9. **INCOME TAX CREDIT** (Continued)

# The income tax (credit) expense for the year can be reconciled to the loss before taxation per the consolidated statement of profit or loss as follows:

### 9. 所得稅抵免(續)

於年內之所得稅(抵免)開支與綜合損益表中的除稅前虧損之對賬如下:

2023

2022

		二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Loss before taxation	除稅前虧損	(52,494)	(77,715)
Tax credit at the domestic income tax rate of 25% (2022: 25%) (Note)	按本地所得稅稅率25% (二零二二年:25%)計算之 稅項抵免(附註)	(13,124)	(19,429)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purpose	不可扣稅開支之稅務影響	4,438	588
Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purpose	非課稅收入之稅務影響	(35)	(1,765)
Provision of PRC LAT for the year Tax effect of PRC LAT deductible for PRC EIT	年內中國土地增值稅撥備 可就中國企業所得稅扣減	_	3,053
Tax effect of deductible temporary differences not	中國土地增值稅之稅務影響 未確認可扣減暫時差異	_	(763)
recognised	的稅務影響	5,881	13,352
Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries operating in other jurisdiction	於其他司法權區經營之 附屬公司不同稅率之影響	1,983	2,718
Income tax credit	所得稅抵免	(857)	(2,246)

Note: The domestic income tax rate (which is PRC EIT rate) in the jurisdiction where the operation of the Group is substantially based is used.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has deductible temporary differences of approximately RMB331,566,000 (2022: RMB308,040,000) arising from allowance recognised on properties held for sales and approximately RMB119,213,000 (2022: RMB119,213,000) arising from allowance recognised on properties under development respectively.

No deferred tax asset has been recognised in relation to such deductible temporary differences as it is not probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

Details of deferred taxation are set out in note 28.

附註: 採用本集團經營業務主要所在司法權區之本地所得稅稅率 (即中國企業所得稅率)。

於報告期末,本集團分別擁有產生自持作出售物業已確認撥備的可扣減暫時差異約人民幣331,566,000元(二零二二年:人民幣308,040,000元)及產生自在建物業確認的撥備約人民幣119,213,000元(二零二二年:人民幣119,213,000元)。

由於不太可能有應稅利潤可用來抵扣可抵扣 的暫時性差異,因此遞延稅項資產未確認與可 抵扣暫時性差異有關。

遞延稅項詳情載於附註28。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

### 10. LOSS FOR THE YEAR

### 10. 年內虧損

Loss for the year has been arrived at after charging (crediting):

年內虧損已扣除(計入)以下各項:

		2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Directors' emoluments (note 11a)	董事酬金(附註11a)	4,245	3,163
Other staff costs	其他員工成本	8,004	10,484
Retirement benefits scheme contributions	退休福利計劃供款	971	986
		13,220	14,633
Gross rental income from investment properties Less: Direct operating expenses incurred for investment properties that generated	投資物業總租金收入 減:年內產生租金收入的投資物業 產生的直接營運開支	(5)	(163)
rental income during the year		1	23
		(4)	(140)
Cost of properties held for sale recognised as	確認為開支的持作出售物業成本		
expenses (included in cost of sales)	(計入銷售成本)	4,262	51,625
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金	1,136	1,356
Net foreign exchange loss	匯兌虧損淨額	_	62
Allowance (reversed) recognised under ECL model			
on other receivables	項下確認之撥備(撥回)	(274)	419
Allowance recognised on properties held for sale	就持作出售物業確認的撥備	22 526	F 222
	就在建物業確認的減值虧損	23,526	5,222
Impairment loss recognised on properties under development	机往建物未准能引 <u>减</u> 且膨損	_	48,187
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	751	736
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	1,177	954
Expenses related to short-term leases	短期租賃相關開支	464	784

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

## 11. DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

### 11. 董事、主要行政人員及僱員酬金

### (a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments

### (a) 董事及主要行政人員酬金

The emoluments paid or payable to each of the eight (2022: twelve) directors and the chief executive were as follows:

已向或應向八位(二零二二年:十二位)董事及主要行政人員各自支付之酬金如下:

			Ex	ecutive directo 執行董事	rs					
		Mr. PAN Shimin 潘世民先生 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (notes ii) (附註ii)	Mr. CHEN Xian 陳賢先生 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Mr. CHENG Chi Kin 鄭子堅先生 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (notes iii) (附註iii)	Mr. To Kwan 杜坤先生 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (notes ix) (附註ix)	Mr. Zhang Xiao Jun 張曉君先生 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (notes xii) (附註xii)	Mr. CHEN Weijiang 陳偉江先生 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Mr. LEE Chun Tung 李鎮形先生 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (notes x) (附註x)	Mr. YAU Sze Yeung 邱思揚先生 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (notes xi) (附註xi)	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
For the year ended 31 December 2023	截至二零二三年 十二月三十一日止年度									
Directors' fees	董事袍金	_	_	_	_	_	160	160	160	480
Salaries and allowances	薪金及津貼	1,249	776	771	840	65	-	-	-	3,701
		1,249	776	771	840	65	160	160	160	4,181
Retirement benefits scheme contributions	退休福利計劃供款	16	16	16	16	-	-	-	-	64
Total	總計	1,265	792	787	856	65	160	160	160	4,245

			Executive directors 執行董事					Independent non-executive directors 獨立非執行董事				S		
		Mr. PAN Shimin 潘世民先生 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (notes ii) (附註ii)	Mr. CHEN Xian 陳賢先生 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Mr. CHENG Chi Kin 鄭子堅先生 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (notes iii) (附註ii)	Mr. To Kwan 杜坤先生 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (notes ix) (附註x)	Mr. LAU Sai Chung 劉世忠先生 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (notes v, vi) (附註v vi)	Mr. LIU Feng 劉鋒先生 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (note iv) (附註v)	Mr. LIU Zhongxiang 劉忠翔先生 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (note iv) (附註v)	Mr. POON Lai Yin, Michael 潘禮賢先生 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (note vii) (附註vii)	Mr. CHAR Shik Ngor, Stephen 查錫我先生 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (note viii) (附註viii)	Mr. CHEN Weijiang 陳偉江先生 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Mr. LEE Chun Tung 李鎮形先生 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (notes x) (附註x)	Mr. YAU Sze Yeung 邱思揚先生 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (notes xi) (附註xi)	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
For the year ended 31 December 2022 Directors' fees Salaries and allowances	截至二零二二年十二月 三十一日止年度 董事袍金 薪金及津貼	- 514	- 987	- 377	- 381	- 139	- 177	- 73	66 -	76 -	153	82	74 -	451 2,648
Retirement benefits scheme contributions	退休福利計劃供款	514	987	377 9	381	139	177	73	66	76 -	153	82	74	3,099
Total	總計	523	1,012	386	390	143	181	77	66	76	153	82	74	3,163

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

## 11. DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

## (a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments (Continued)

#### Notes:

- (i) The executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and the Group. The independent nonexecutive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services as directors of the Company.
- (ii) Mr. Pan Shimin was appointed as an executive director of the Company on 10 February 2022.
- (iii) Mr. Cheng Chi Kin was appointed as an executive director of the Company on 17 June 2022.
- (iv) Mr. Liu Feng and Mr. Liu Zhongxiang resigned as executive directors of the Company on 28 January 2022.
- (v) Mr. Lau Sai Chung resigned as an executive director of the Company on 10 February 2022.
- (vi) Mr. Lau Sai Chung was also the chief executive of the Company and his emoluments disclosed above include those for services rendered by him as the chief executive.
- (vii) Mr. Poon Lai Yin, Michael, resigned as an independent nonexecutive director of the Company on 6 June 2022.
- (viii) Mr. Char Shik Ngor, Stephen resigned as an independent non-executive director of the Company on 30 June 2022.
- (ix) Mr. To Kwan was appointed as an executive director of the Company on 15 June 2022.
- (x) Mr. Lee Chun Tung was appointed as an independent nonexecutive director of the Company on 17 June 2022.
- (xi) Mr. Yau Sze Yeung was appointed as an independent nonexecutive director of the Company on 6 July 2022.
- (xii) Mr. Zhang Xiao Jun was appointed as an executive director of the Company on 30 October 2023.
- (xiii) Neither the chief executive nor any of the directors waived or agreed to waive any emoluments paid by the Group during the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022.

### 11. 董事、主要行政人員及僱員酬金(續)

### (a) 董事及主要行政人員酬金 (續)

#### 附註:

- (i) 上文所示執行董事之酬金乃與彼等於本公司及本集 團之事務管理服務有關。上文所示獨立非執行董事 之酬金乃與彼等擔任本公司董事之服務有關。
- (ii) 潘世民先生於二零二二年二月十日獲委任為本公司 執行董事。
- (iii) 鄭子堅先生於二零二二年六月十七日獲委任為本公司執行董事。
- (iv) 劉鋒先生及劉忠翔先生於二零二二年一月二十八日 辭任本公司執行董事。
- (v) 劉世忠先生於二零二二年二月十日辭任本公司執行 董事。
- (vi) 劉世忠先生曾亦為本公司行政總裁,以上所披露之酬金包括其作為行政總裁所提供服務之酬金。
- (vii) 潘禮賢先生於二零二二年六月六日辭任本公司獨立 非執行董事。
- (viii) 查錫我先生於二零二二年六月三十日辭任本公司獨 立非執行董事。
- (ix) 杜坤先生於二零二二年六月十五日獲委任為本公司 執行董事。
- (x) 李鎮彤先生於二零二二年六月十七日獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。
- (xi) 邱思揚先生於二零二二年七月六日獲委任為本公司 獨立非執行董事。
- (xii) 張曉君先生於二零二三年十月三十日獲委任為本公司執行董事。
- (xiii) 截至二零二三年及二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,概無主要行政人員或任何董事放棄或同意放棄本集團所支付之任何酬金。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

## 11. DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

### (b) Employees' emoluments

Of the five individuals with highest emoluments in the Group, four (2022: three) were directors and the chief executive of the Company whose emoluments are set out above. The emoluments of the remaining one (2022: two) individual were as follows:

### 11. 董事、主要行政人員及僱員酬金(續)

### (b) 僱員酬金

本集團五名最高酬金個別人士中,四名(二零二二年:三名)為本公司之董事及主要行政人員,彼等之酬金已於上文列載。剩餘一名(二零二二年:兩名)個別人士之酬金如下:

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Salaries and allowances	薪金及津貼	483	926
Retirement benefits scheme contributions	退休福利計劃供款	11	64
		494	990

Emoluments of the five individuals with highest emoluments including directors were within the following bands:

五名最高酬金個別人士(包括董事)之酬金介 乎以下範圍內:

		(including and chief 員工數目 (	individuals g directors executive) 包括董事及 政人員)
		RMB'000	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Nil to HK\$1,000,000 HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	零至港幣1,000,000元 港幣1,000,001元至 港幣1,500,000元	4	4
		5	5

No emolument have been paid by the Group to the directors and the chief executive of the Company or the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group, or as compensation for loss of office during the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022.

截至二零二三年及二零二二年十二月三十一 日止年度,本集團概無向本公司董事及主要行 政人員或五名最高酬金個別人士支付酬金作 為吸引加入或加入本集團時之獎金或作為離 職補償。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

# 11. DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Employees' emoluments (Continued)

# Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

Save as disclosed in note 33, no significant transaction, arrangement and contract in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a director of the Company and the director's connected party had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

#### 12. DIVIDEND

No dividends were declared and proposed by the Company during the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, nor has any dividend been proposed since the end of the reporting period.

#### 13. LOSS PER SHARE

The calculations of the basic and dilutive loss per share attributable to owners of the Company is based on the following data:

#### 11. 董事、主要行政人員及僱員酬金(續)

#### (b) 僱員酬金

#### 董事於交易、安排或合約的重大權益

除附註33所披露者外,本公司董事及董事的關連方概無於年末或年內任何時間仍然存續以本公司或其任何附屬公司作為訂約方且與本集團業務有關的重大交易、安排及合約中擁有直接或間接的重大權益。

#### 12. 股息

於 截至二零二三年及二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司概無宣派及擬派任何股息,並自報告期末起亦無擬派任何股息。

#### 13. 每股虧損

本公司擁有人應佔每股基本及攤薄虧損乃根 據以下數據計算:

2023

2022

		二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Loss	虧損		
Loss for the purposes of basic and diluted loss per share  – loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company	就計算每股基本及攤薄虧損 而言之虧損 一本公司擁有人應佔年內虧損	(46,231)	(55,768)
Number of shares	股份數目		
Weighted average number of share for the purposes of basic and	就計算每股基本及攤薄虧損而言之 股份加權平均數		
diluted loss per share		254,469,052	254,469,052

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 13. LOSS PER SHARE (Continued)

The computation of diluted loss per share does not assume the exercise of the Company's share options because the exercise price of those options was higher than the average market price for shares for the year of 2022.

#### 14. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

The Group leases out retail stores under operating leases with rentals receivable monthly. The leases typically run for an initial period of 3 to 5 years, with unilateral rights to extend the lease beyond initial period held by lessees only. Majority of the lease contracts contain market review clauses in the event the lessee exercises the option to extend.

The lease contracts do not contain residual value guarantee and/or lessee's option to purchase the property at the end of lease term.

#### 13. 每股虧損(續)

計算每股攤薄虧損時並無假設本公司之購股 權獲行使,原因為該等購股權之行使價高於股 份於二零二二年之平均市價。

#### 14. 投資物業

本集團根據經營租賃租出零售店舖並每月收取租金。本集團一般按3至5年的初始期間經營租賃,而承租人方擁有初始期間後延長租賃的單方面權利。倘承租人行使延長選擇,大部分租賃合約載有市場檢討條款。

租賃合約並無載有剩餘價值擔保及/或承租人於租賃期結束時購買物業的選擇。

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
FAIR VALUE	公允值		
At 1 January	於一月一日	1,800	4,400
Decrease in fair value recognised in profit or loss	於損益確認之公允值減少	(380)	(938)
Disposals	出售	_	(1,662)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	1,420	1,800

The fair values of the Group's investment properties of approximately RMB1,420,000 as at 31 December 2023 (2022: RMB1,800,000) have been arrived at on a basis of valuation carried out by Norton Appraisals Holdings Limited, an independent professional property valuer not connected with the Group.

本集團投資物業於二零二三年十二月三十一日之公允值約人民幣1,420,000元(二零二二年:人民幣1,800,000元)乃基於與本集團並無關連之獨立專業物業估值師Norton Appraisals Holdings Limited進行之估值達致。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

### **14. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES** (Continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group recognised the loss in fair value of approximately RMB236,000 in fair value change on investment properties under other losses in the consolidated profit and loss upon the disposal of investment proprieties. The fair value change related to unrealised losses of investment properties is approximately RMB380,000 (2022: RMB702,000) for the year.

In estimating the fair value of an asset, the Group uses market-observable data to the extent it is available. Where Level 1 inputs are not available, the Group engages third party qualified valuer to perform the valuation. The management works closely with the Valuer to establish the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs and data to the model. The management reports the valuation report and findings to directors semi-yearly to explain the cause of fluctuations in the fair value of the assets.

For the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, the independent professional property valuer adopted the investment approach for the properties which are currently held for earning rental income and capital appreciation.

In estimating the fair value of the investment properties, the highest and best use of the investment properties is their current use. The fair values of investment properties have been adjusted to exclude prepaid or accrued operating lease income to avoid double counting.

For the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, the fair values of the investment properties were determined by the independent professional property valuer by reference to capitalised income to be derived from the tenancies and the reversionary income potential of the properties.

The following tables give information about how the fair values of these investment properties are determined (in particular, the valuation techniques and inputs and data used), as well as the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurements are categorised (Levels 1 to 3) based on the degree to which the inputs and data to the fair value measurements is observable.

#### 14. 投資物業 (續)

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團於出售投資物業後於綜合損益內其他虧損項下之投資物業公允值變動確認公允值虧損約人民幣236,000元。年內與投資物業未變現虧損相關的公允值變動為約人民幣380,000元(二零二二年:人民幣702,000元)。

於估計資產之公允值時,本集團採用可取得之市場可觀察數據。倘並無可用之第一級輸入數據,則本集團委聘估值師進行估值。管理層與合資格外部估值師緊密合作,以確立合適之估值技術及模型之輸入值及數據。管理層每半年向董事匯報估值報告及結果,以解釋資產公允值波動之原因。

截至二零二三年及二零二二年十二月三十一 日止年度,獨立專業物業估值師就當前持作賺 取租金收入及資本增值之物業採用投資法。

於估計投資物業之公允值時,投資物業之最高 及最佳用途為其當前用途。投資物業的公允值 已經調整,以排除預付或應計之經營租賃收 入,避免雙重計算。

截至二零二三年及二零二二年十二月三十一 日止年度,投資物業之公允值乃由獨立專業物 業估值師參考將由租賃產生的資本化收入及 物業復歸收入潛力而釐定。

下表列示有關如何釐定該等投資物業公允值之資料(尤其是估值技術及所用輸入值及數據)以及根據公允值計量所用輸入值及數據的可觀察程度分類之公允值計量所屬公允值等級(第一級至第三級)。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

### **14. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES** (Continued)

14. 投資物業 (續)

As at 31 December 2023

於二零二三年十二月三十一日

Category 類別	Fair value 公允值 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Fair value hierarchy 公允值等級	Valuation techniques and key inputs and data 估值技術及主要輸入值 及數據		nificant unobservable inputs 大不可觀察輸入值	Range (weighted average) 範圍 (加權平均值)	Sensitivity 敏感度
Retail stores in the PRC 於中國之零售店	1,420	Level 3 第三級	Investment approach – income capitalisation of the net income and made provisions for reversionary income potential 投資法一淨收入的收入資本化及就復歸收入潛力作出撥備	1.	Term yield 定期收益	4.0%	A slight increase in term yield would result in significant decrease in fair value, and vice versa 定期收益略增將導致公允值大幅減少,反之亦然。
				2. 2.	Reversionary yield 復歸收益	5.5%	A slight increase in reversionary yield would result in significant decrease in fair value, and vice versa. 復歸收益略增將導致公允值大幅減少,反之亦然。
				3. 3.	Unit rent 單位租金	RMB26 人民幣26元	A significant increase in unit rent would result in significant increase in fair value and vice versa. 單位租金大幅增加將導致公允值大幅增加,反之亦然。
				4. 4.	Monthly market rent 每月市場租金	RMB31 人民幣31元	A significant increase in the market rent would result in significant increase in fair value and vice versa. 市場租金大幅增加將導致公允值大幅增加,反之亦然。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 14. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

14. 投資物業 (續)

As at 31 December 2022

於二零二二年十二月三十一日

Category 類別		Fair value hierarchy 公允值等級	Valuation techniques and key inputs and data 估值技術及主要輸入值 及數據		nificant unobservable inputs 大不可觀察輸入值	Range (weighted average) 範圍 (加權平均值)	Sensitivity 敏感度
Retail stores in the PRC 於中國之零售店	1,800	Level 3 第三級	Investment approach – income capitalisation of the net income and made provisions for reversionary income potential 投資法一淨收入的收入資本化及就復歸收入潛力作出撥備	1.	Term yield 定期收益	4.0%	A slight increase in term yield would result in significant decrease in fair value, and vice versa 定期收益略增將導致公允值大幅減少,反之亦然。
				2. 2.	Reversionary yield 復歸收益	5.5%	A slight increase in reversionary yield would result in significant decrease in fair value, and vice versa. 復歸收益略增將導致公允值大幅減少,反之亦然。
				3. 3.	Unit rent 單位租金	RMB31 to RMB39 人民幣31元至 人民幣39元	A significant increase in unit rent would result in significant increase in fair value and vice versa. 單位租金大幅增加將導致公允值大幅增加,反之亦然。
				4. 4.	Monthly market rent 每月市場租金	RMB38 人民幣38元	A significant increase in the market rent would result in significant increase in fair value and vice versa. 市場租金大幅增加將導致公允值大幅增加,反之亦然。

There were no transfers into or out of Level 3 during the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022.

截至二零二三年及二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度, 概無轉入或轉出第三級。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

### 15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 15. 物業、廠房及設備

		Leasehold land and buildings 租賃土地及	Leasehold improvements	Equipment	Furniture	Motor vehicles	Total
		樓宇	租賃裝修	設備	傢俱	汽車	總額
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
COST	成本						
At 1 January 2022	於二零二二年一月一日	19,561	845	1,793	167	2,994	25,360
Exchange differences	匯兌差額	1,665	72	2	_	_	1,739
Additions	添置	_	_	6	-	-	6
At 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023	於二零二二年 十二月三十一日及						
	二零二三年一月一日	21,226	917	1,801	167	2,994	27,105
Exchange differences	匯兌差額	588	25	4	_	_	617
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年						
	十二月三十一日	21,814	942	1,805	167	2,994	27,722
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	累計折舊						
At 1 January 2022	於二零二二年一月一日	5,683	845	1,510	167	1,612	9,817
Exchange differences	匯兌差額	502	72	4	-	-	578
Provided for the year	年內撥備	429	-	48	-	259	736
At 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023	於二零二二年 十二月三十一日及						
	二零二三年一月一日	6,614	917	1,562	167	1,871	11,131
Exchange differences	匯兌差額	186	25	4	_	_	215
Provided for the year	年內撥備	458	_	45	-	248	751
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年						
	十二月三十一日	7,258	942	1,611	167	2,119	12,097
CARRYING AMOUNT	賬面值						
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年						
	十二月三十一日	14,556	-	194	-	875	15,625
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年						
	十二月三十一日	14,612	_	239	_	1,123	15,974

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

### 15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(Continued)

Notes:

(a) The above items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis, after taking into account their estimated residual values, at the following useful lives or rates per annum:

Leasehold land
and buildings

Leasehold improvements

Over the shorter of the term of the lease or 50 years

Over the shorter of the term of the leases or 5 years

Equipment 18% to 25% Furniture 18% to 25% Motor vehicles 10%

- (b) The leasehold land and buildings are situated in Hong Kong.
- (c) Leasehold land and buildings with an aggregate carrying value of approximately RMB14,556,000 (2022: RMB14,612,000) have been pledged to secure the other borrowing and general banking facilities granted to the Group for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 respectively.

#### 15. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

附註:

(a) 以上物業、廠房及設備項目乃經計及其估計剩餘價 值後按以下可使用年期或年率以直線法折舊:

租賃土地及樓宇 按租賃期或50年 (以較短者為準)

租賃裝修 按租賃期或5年

(以較短者為準)

設備 18%至25% 傢俱 18%至25% 汽車 10%

- (b) 租賃土地及樓宇均位於香港。
- (c) 總賬面值約人民幣14,556,000 (二零二二年:人民幣14,612,000元) 之租賃土地及樓宇已分別作為截至二零二三年及二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度其他借款及授予本集團一般銀行信貸之抵押。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 16. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

#### 16. 使用權資產

		Leased properties 租賃物業 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Office equipment 辦公室設備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 31 December 2023 Carrying amount	<b>於二零二三年十二月三十一日</b> 賬面值	2,184	3	2,187
At 31 December 2022 Carrying amount	於二零二二年十二月三十一日 賬面值	330	8	338
For the year ended 31 December 2023 Depreciation charge	<b>截至二零二三年</b> 十二月三十一日止年度 折舊費用	1,172	5	1,177
For the year ended 31 December 2022 Depreciation charge	<b>截至二零二二年</b> 十二月三十一日止年度 折舊費用	949	5	954
			2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Expense relating to short-term lease	短期租賃相關開支		464	784
Total cash outflow for leases	租賃現金流出總額		1,683	1,801
Additions to right-of-use assets	添置使用權資產		3,021	_

The leased properties and office equipment are depreciated over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term using the straight-line method.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group leases a staff quarter, an office, car parking spaces and a copier (2022: a staff quarter, an office, car parking spaces and a copier) for its operations. Lease contracts are entered into for original fixed terms ranging from 1 to 5 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a range of different terms and conditions. In determining the lease term and assessing the length of the non-cancellable period, the Group applies the definition of a contract and determines the period for which the contract is enforceable.

租賃物業及辦公室設備使用直線法按其估計可使用年期及租期的較短者折舊。

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團就其營運租賃員工宿舍、辦公室、停車位及影印機(二零二二年:員工宿舍、辦公室、停車位及影印機)。租賃合約乃按介乎1至5年之原固定年期訂立。租賃條款按個別基準磋商,並載有各種不同條款及條件。於釐定租賃條款及評估不可撤回期間的長度時,本集團應用合約的定義並釐定合約可強制執行的期間。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 16. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (Continued)

#### Restrictions or covenants on leases

In addition, lease liabilities of approximately RMB2,161,000 (2022: RMB349,000) are recognised with related right-of-use assets of approximately RMB2,187,000 (2022: RMB338,000) as at 31 December 2023. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants other than the security interests in the leased assets that are held by the lessor. Leased assets cannot be used as security for borrowing purposes.

The Group regularly enters into short-term leases for warehouse. As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the portfolio of short-term leases is similar to the portfolio of short-term leases to which the short-term lease expense disclosed above.

# 17. PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT/ PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE/ INVESTMENT PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE

Properties under development are classified as current assets as the construction period of the relevant property development project is expected to be completed in the normal operating cycle.

Properties under development substantially represent the cost of the land situated at JIXIANG-23, Maoming Jixiang District\* (茂名市吉祥小區) in the PRC (the "PRC Land") and costs incurred for construction work. As at 31 December 2023, properties under development were scheduled for completion partially and delivery within twelve months from the end of the reporting period.

The carrying amount of leasehold land is measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The residual values are determined as the estimated disposal value of the leasehold land component. No depreciation charge is made on the leasehold land taking into account the estimated residual values as at 31 December 2023 and 2022.

#### **16.** 使用權資產 (續)

#### 租賃限制或契諾

此外,於二零二三年十二月三十一日,為數約人民幣2,161,000元(二零二二年:人民幣349,000元)之租賃負債乃按相關使用權資產約人民幣2,187,000元(二零二二年:人民幣338,000元)確認。除出租人所持租賃資產的抵押品權益外,租賃協議並無施加任何契諾。租賃資產不得用作借款之抵押品。

本集團定期為倉庫訂立短期租賃。於二零二三 年及二零二二年十二月三十一日,短期租賃的 組合與以上披露的短期租賃開支的短期租賃 組合相似。

# **17.** 在建物業/持作出售物業/持作出售 投資物業

由於預期相關物業開發項目之建設將於正常 營運週期內完成,故在建物業按流動資產分 類。

在建物業主要指位於中國茂名市吉祥小區 JIXIANG-23之土地(「中國土地」)及建築工程 所產生的成本。於二零二三年十二月三十一 日,在建物業未計劃於自報告期間末起計十二 個月內部分完工及交付。

租賃土地的賬面值以成本減任何累計折舊及任何減值虧損計量。剩餘價值確定為租賃土地部分的估計出售價值。考慮到於二零二三年及二零二二年十二月三十一日的估計剩餘價值,租賃土地不計提折舊費用。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

# 17. PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT/ PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE/ INVESTMENT PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE (Continued)

Properties held for sale/investment properties held for sale are situated on leasehold land in the PRC. Properties held for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value while investment properties held for sale are stated at their fair values with reference to the selling prices contracted in the sale and purchase agreements signed on or before the end of the reporting period.

The Group engaged Norton Appraisals Holdings Limited, an independent professional property valuer, which has appropriate qualification and recent experience in the valuation of similar properties in the relevant locations. The properties held for sale were valued individually on market value basis.

During the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2023, in view of continuous slow turnover of the properties held for sale and downturn of the property market in the PRC, the management of the Group then assessed the net realisable values of the properties held for sale and properties under development as at 31 December 2022 and 2023, with reference to the valuations conducted by an independent professional property valuer. The net realisable values of the Group's properties held for sale and properties under development were arrived at by the independent professional property valuer with reference to transaction prices of comparable properties in the similar or same locations with adjustments made according to nature of each property and its specific location and condition.

As at the reporting date, there are temporary cease to register transfer of the properties for the First Maoming Project by the Maoming Municipal Housing and Urban-Rural Development Bureau.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the management of the Group, after considering the results of valuations conducted by the Valuer and recent sales transactions, has determined that the net realisable values of properties held for sales and properties under development are less than their carrying amounts and an allowance of approximately RMB23,526,000 (2022: RMB5,222,000) and Nil (2022: RMB48,187,000) has been recognised in the profit or loss respectively.

#### **17.** 在建物業/持作出售物業/持作出售 投資物業 *(續)*

持作出售物業/持作出售投資物業乃位於中國之租賃土地。持作出售物業均以成本及可變現淨值(以較低者為準)列賬,而持作出售投資物業乃參考於報告期末或之前簽訂之買賣協議所訂約之售價按公允值列賬。

本集團已委聘獨立專業物業估值師Norton Appraisals Holdings Limited,彼擁有合適的 資格,以及最近對位於相關位置的相近物業進 行評估的經驗。持作出售物業乃按市價基準個 別估值。

於報告日期,茂名市住房和城鄉建設局暫停辦理第一個茂名項目的房產過戶登記手續。

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團管理層經考慮獨立估值師進行之估值結果及近期銷售交易後,已釐定持作出售物業及發展中物業之可變現淨值低於彼等賬面值並已於損益中分別確認約人民幣23,526,000元(二零二二年:人民幣5,222,000元)及零(二零二二年:人民幣48,187,000元)之撥備。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

# 18. DEPOSITS, OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PREPAYMENTS

### 18. 按金、其他應收款項及預付款項

		2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Other receivables (Note 1) Less: impairment losses recognised, net	其他應收款項(附註1) 減:已確認減值虧損,淨額	8,122 (1,094)	14,264 (1,358)
Deposits and prepayments (Note 2) Value-added tax and other tax receivables	按金及預付款項(附註2) 應收增值稅及其他稅項	7,028 4,408 24,804	12,906 1,933 19,650
		36,240	34,489

#### Notes:

 It includes loan receivables of approximately RMB335,000 (2022: RMB861,000) extended to the buyers of properties as at 31 December 2023. The amounts are interest-free, unsecured and repayable within twelve months.

Details of impairment assessment of other receivables are set out in note 40(b).

 It includes a deposit paid of approximately RMB185,000 (2022: RMB550,000) for purchasing sugar as at 31 December 2023.

#### 附註:

持作交易之上市證券: 一於香港上市之股本證券

1. 包括於二零二三年十二月三十一日向物業買方授 予之應收貸款約人民幣335,000元 (二零二二年:人 民幣861,000元)。該等款項為免息、無抵押及須於 十二個月內償還。

其他應收款項的減值評估詳情載於附註40(b)。

2. 包括於二零二三年十二月三十一日用於購買糖的 已付按金約人民幣185,000元(二零二二年:人民幣 550,000元)。

#### 19. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL

Listed securities held for trading:

- Equity securities listed in Hong Kong

#### 19. 按公允值計入損益之財務資產

2023	2022
二零二三年	二零二二年
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
_	3.821

The fair value of the Group's investment as at 31 December 2023 was classified as Level 1.

本集團於二零二三年十二月三十一日的投資公允 值被分類為第一級。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 20. RESTRICTED BANK DEPOSITS

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the restricted bank deposit represents a guarantee deposit for the construction of project required to be placed in a designated bank account by the PRC Construction Bureau of Maoming City\* (中國茂名市建設局). The amount will be released upon the bank receiving the certificate of property ownership.

Restricted bank deposits carry interest at a market rate of 0.20% (2022: 0.25%) per annum.

\* The English name is for identification purpose only

# 21. PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS, BANK BALANCES AND CASH

As at 31 December 2023, pledged bank deposits amounting to approximately RMB3,133,000 (2022: RMB3,924,000) have been pledged to guarantee the mortgage loans granted by the banks to the customers of the Group and are therefore classified as current assets.

The pledged bank deposits carry interest at a market rate which range from 0.20% to 0.30% (2022: 0.25%) per annum.

Bank balances carry interest at market rates which ranged from 0.05% to 0.30% (2022: 0.05% to 0.39%) per annum.

Conversion of RMB into foreign currencies is subject to the PRC's Foreign Exchange Central Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations. The Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

#### 20. 有限制銀行存款

於二零二三年及二零二二年十二月三十一日,有限制銀行存款指須存入中國茂名市建設局指定銀行賬戶內用於工程建設之保證金。該款項將於銀行收取物業所有權證後解除。

有限制銀行存款按市場年利率0.20%(二零 二二年:0.25%)計息。

#### 21. 已抵押銀行存款、銀行結存及現金

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,為數約人民幣3,133,000元(二零二二年:人民幣3,924,000元)之已抵押銀行存款已作抵押,以擔保銀行向本集團客戶授出之按揭貸款,因此分類為流動資產。

已抵押銀行存款按市場年利率介乎0.20%至0.30%(二零二二年:0.25%)計息。

銀行結存按市場年利率介乎0.05%至0.30%(二零二二年:0.05%至0.39%)計息。

人民幣兌換外幣須遵守《中華人民共和國外匯 管理條例》及《結匯、售匯及付匯管理規定》。 本集團可透過獲准進行外匯業務之銀行兌換 人民幣為其他貨幣。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 22. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

#### 22. 貿易及其他應付款項

		2023 二零二三年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	6,284	8,069
Value-added tax payable	應付增值稅	39,540	39,720
Other tax payables	其他應付稅項	3,036	3,040
Other payables	其他應付款項	10,331	14,217
Accrued charges	應計費用	73,140	86,096
		132,331	151,142

Credit periods granted to the Group by suppliers range from 0 to 180 days.

供應商給予本集團0至180天之信貸期。

The following is an aging analysis of trade payables, presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period:

於報告期末之貿易應付款項按發票日期呈列之賬齡分析如下:

		<b>2023</b> 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Within 90 days	90天以內	6,284	8,069

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二

#### 23. CONTRACT LIABILITIES

#### 合約負債 23.

2023 2022 二零二二年 二零二三年 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元

Receipts in advance for sales of properties

銷售物業預收款項

124,528

32,496

As at 1 January 2022, contract liabilities amounted to approximately RMB56.718.000.

Contract liabilities increased during the year ended 31 December 2023 because the Group received in advance from pre-sale of properties of Second Maoming Project amounts significantly outweighed the amounts on delivering the properties held for sale to the customers in prior year.

Contract liabilities are expected to be settled within the Group's normal operating cycle.

Revenue recognised during the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 that was included in the contract liabilities balances at 1 January 2023 and 2022 amounted to approximately RMB4,437,000 and RMB53,906,000 respectively.

#### 24. OTHER BORROWINGS

Other borrowing from an independent third party amounted to approximately RMB9,089,000 (2022: RMB8,844,000) which is unsecured, interest-bearing at 6% per annum and repayable within twelves months from the end of the reporting period.

Secured loan from a finance company amounted to approximately RMB20,905,000, which is secured by the leasehold land and building of approximately RMB14,556,000, interest-bearing at 13% per annum and repayable within twelve months from the end of the reporting period.

於二零二二年一月一日,合約負債為約人民幣 56,718,000元。

合約負債於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日 止年度增加,原因為本集團預收第二茂名項目 預售物業款項遠遠超過上年度向客戶交付待 售物業的款項。

預期合約負債將於本集團之正常經營週期內 清償。

計入於二零二三年及二零二二年一月一日的 合約負債結餘的截至二零二三年及二零二二 年十二月三十一日止年度已確認收益分別為 約人民幣4,437,000元及人民幣53,906,000 元。

#### 其他借款 24.

一名獨立第三方提供其他借款約人民幣 9.089.000元(二零二二年:人民幣8.844.000 元),該款項為無抵押,按年利率6%計息,並 須自報告期末起十二個月內償還。

來自一間財務公司的有抵押貸款約為人 民幣20,905,000元,該貸款以約人民幣 14,556,000元的租賃土地及樓宇作抵押,年 利率為13%及應自報告期末起十二個月內償 燙。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 25. LEASE LIABILITIES

#### 25. 租賃負債

		2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Lease liabilities payable:	應付租賃負債:		
Within one year	一年內	1,455	344
More than one year, but not exceeding two year	rs 一年後但不超過兩年期間	706	5
		2,161	349
Less: Amounts due for settlement within	減:於12個月內到期清償的款項		
12 months shown under current liabilities	(於流動負債項下列賬)	(1,455)	(344)
Amounts due for settlement after 12 months	於12個月後到期清償的款項		
shown under non-current liabilities	(於非流動負債項下列賬)	706	5

The weighted average incremental borrowing rates applied to lease liabilities is 6.92% (2022: 3.52%).

#### 26. AMOUNTS DUE TO NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

The amounts represent the advances from the non-controlling interests in respect of acquisition of the PRC Land and construction cost for properties under development which are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed repayment term.

It includes the amount of approximately RMB49,500,000 (2022: RMB49,500,000) due to non-controlling interests of the subsidiary, which is also the substantial shareholder of the Company.

租賃負債適用之加權平均增量借款利率為6.92%(二零二二年:3.52%)。

#### 26. 應付非控制性權益款項

該等款項指有關收購中國土地之非控制性權 益墊款及在建物業的建設成本,為無抵押、免 息,且並無固定還款期。

其包括應付附屬公司(亦為本公司主要股東) 非控制性權益款項約人民幣49,500,000元(二 零二二年:人民幣49,500,000元)。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 27. SECURED BANK BORROWINGS

#### 27. 有抵押銀行借款

		2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Secured bank loan  – Variable-rate borrowings	有抵押銀行貸款 一浮動利率借款	-	12,184
Carrying amount of bank loan that contain a repayment on demand clause (shown under current liabilities) but repayable:	載有須按要求償還條款但須於 以下日期償還之銀行貸款 之賬面值(於流動負債項下 列賬):		
<ul><li>Within one year</li><li>More than one year, but not exceeding two</li></ul>	——年內 ——年後但不超過兩年期間	-	5,356
years  – More than two years, but not exceeding five	- 兩年後但不超過五年期間	-	982
years – More than five years	一五年後期間		3,084 2,762
Amount shown under current liabilities	於流動負債項下列賬之金額	_	12,184

The Group's variable-rate borrowings carry interest at 3-month HIBOR plus 1.75% per annum or 1-month HIBOR plus 3.00% per annum for the year ended 31 December 2022.

The ranges of effective interest rates (which are also equal to contracted interest rates) on the Group's borrowing are as follows:

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團之浮動利率借款乃按三個月香港銀行同業拆息加年利率1.75%或一個月香港銀行同業拆息加年利率3.00%計息。

本集團實際借款利率(其亦相當於合約利率) 範圍如下:

			<b>2023</b> 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
Effective interest rate  – Variable-rate borrowings	實際利率 一浮動利率借款		- -	1.99% to 7.46% 1.99%至7.46%
28. DEFERRED TAXATION	28.	遞延稅項		
			2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	二零二二年 RMB'000
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延稅項負債		5,312	6,169

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

### 28. **DEFERRED TAXATION** (Continued)

# The following are the major deferred tax liabilities recognised and movements thereon during the current year:

#### 28. 遞延稅項(續)

於本年度,已確認的主要遞延稅項負債及其變動如下:

		PRC LAT provision 中國土地 增值稅撥備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Fair value adjustments arising from properties held for sale 持作 出售物業之 公允值調整 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Change in fair value of investment properties 投資物業之公允值變動 RMB'000人民幣千元	<b>Total</b> 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2022 Credit to profit or loss	於二零二二年一月一日 於損益計入	1,465 (46)	9,571 (5,019)	625 (427)	11,661 (5,492)
At 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023 Charge (credit) to profit or loss	於二零二二年十二月三十一日及 二零二三年一月一日 於損益扣除(計入)	1,419 45	4,552 (807)	198 (95)	6,169 (857)
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日	1,464	3,745	103	5,312

At 31 December 2023, the Group had unused tax losses of approximately RMB46,952,000 (2022: RMB36,635,000) available for offset against future profits. Included in unrecognised tax losses are losses of approximately RMB13,125,000 (2022: RMB5,132,000) with expiry dates as disclosed in the following table. Other losses may be carried forward indefinitely. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of such losses as at 31 December 2023 and 2022 due to the unpredictability of future profit streams.

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團有未動用稅項虧損約人民幣46,952,000元(二零二二年:人民幣36,635,000元)可用作抵銷未來溢利。虧損可無限期結轉。未確認稅項虧損包括虧損約人民幣13,125,000元(二零二二年:人民幣5,132,000元),到期日於下表披露。其他虧損可無限期結轉。於二零二三年及二零二二年十二月三十一日,由於未來溢利來源之不可預知性,並無就該等虧損確認遞延稅項資產。

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
2023	二零二三年	_	184
2024	二零二四年	50	50
2025	二零二五年	386	386
2026	二零二六年	4,512	4,512
2027	二零二七年	8,177	_
		13,125	5,132

28.

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年

遞延稅項(續)

#### 28. **DEFERRED TAXATION** (Continued)

Under the EIT Law of PRC, withholding tax is imposed on dividends declared in respect of profits earned by PRC subsidiaries from 1 January 2008 onwards. Deferred taxation has not been provided for in the consolidated financial statements in respect of temporary differences attributable to accumulated profits of the PRC subsidiaries amounting to approximately RMB78,908,000 (2022: RMB100,935,000) as the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

根據《中國企業所得稅法》,自二零零八年一月一 日起,須就中國附屬公司所賺取的利潤宣派的股 息徵收預扣稅。由於本集團能夠控制暫時差額撥 回的時間及暫時差額可能於可見未來將不會撥 回,故概無就為數約人民幣78.908.000元(二零 二二年:人民幣100,935,000元)的中國附屬公司累 計利潤的應佔暫時差額於綜合財務報表內計提遞 延稅項撥備。

#### 29. SHARE CAPITAL

#### 29. 股本

Manainal

		Nominal value per share 每股面值 HK\$ 港幣	Number of shares 股數	HK\$'000 港幣千元	Equivalent to 相當於 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Authorised:	法定:				
At 1 January, 2022, 31 December 2022, 1 January 2023	於二零二二年一月一日、 二零二二年十二月三十一日、				
	二零二三年一月一日	1.0	300,000,000	300,000	281,070
Increased upon capital reduction (Note)	於股本削減時增加(附註)		29,700,000,000	_	
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日	0.01	30,000,000,000	300,000	281,070
Issued and fully paid:					
At 1 January 2022, 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023	於二零二二年一月一日、 二零二二年十二月三十一日及				
T January 2023	二零二三年一月一日		254,469,052	254,469	222,157
Capital reduction (Note)	股本削減 (附註)		_	(251,924)	(219,935)
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日		254,469,052	2,545	2,222

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 29. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

Note:

On 26 June 2023, a special resolution has been passed by the shareholders of the Company for a capital reorganisation which involves capital reduction and share subdivision. The par value of each of the issued shares of the Company of HK\$1.0 each (the "Existing Share(s)") is reduced from HK\$1.0 to HK\$0.01 by a cancellation of HK\$0.99 of the paid-up capital on each issued Existing Share so that each issued Existing Share is treated as one fully paid up share of par value HK\$0.01 each in the share capital of the Company (the "New Share(s)") Immediately following the capital reduction, each authorised but unissued Existing Shares of HK\$1.0 each is sub-divided into one hundred authorised but unissued New Shares of par value HK\$0.01 each so that immediately following the capital reduction and the share subdivision, the authorised share capital of the Company shall become HK\$300,000,000 divided into 30,000,000,000 New Shares. The capital reorganisation is completed on 11 September 2023. Details of the capital reorganisation are set out in the Company's circular dated 6 June 2023.

The only externally imposed capital requirement for the Group to maintain its listing status on the Stock Exchange is that it has to have a public float of at least 25% of the shares. Based on the information that is publicly available to the Group and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Group has maintained sufficient public float throughout the year ended 31 December 2023 as required under the Listing Rules of the Stock Exchange.

#### 29. 股本(續)

附註:

於二零二三年六月二十六,本公司股東就涉及削減股本及股份分拆之股本重組通過一項特別決議案。本公司每股面值港幣1.0元之已發行股份(「現有股份」)各自之面值通過註銷每股已發行現有股份之繳足股本港幣0.99元由港幣1.0元削減至港幣0.01元,使每股已發行現有股份視為本公司股本中一股每股面值港幣0.01元之繳足股份(「新股份」)。於緊隨股本削減後,每股面值港幣0.01元之法定但未發行現有股份將分拆為一百股每股面值港幣0.01元之法定但未發行新股份,因此,於緊隨股本削減及股份分拆後,本公司之法定股本將為港幣300,000,000元,分拆為30,000,000,000股新股份。股本重組於二零二三年九月十一日完成。股本重組詳情載於本公司日期為二零二三年六月六日之通函。

本集團為維持其股份於聯交所上市地位唯一 須遵守的外界資本規定是公眾持股量不低於 25%。根據本集團所得的公開資料及據董事 所知,於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年 度,本集團一直維持聯交所上市規則所規定的 足夠公眾持股量。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 30. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The old share option scheme (the "2009 Share Option Scheme") was adopted by the shareholders of the Company at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 30 November 2009. The 2009 Share Option Scheme remained in force for a period of 10 years commencing from the date of adoption of the 2009 Share Option Scheme from 30 November 2009 (that is from 30 November 2009 to 29 November 2019).

On 13 July 2017, the Company granted a total of 64,000,000 share options to subscribe for 64,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each of the Company to certain eligible individuals without vesting conditions under the 2009 Share Option Scheme.

The 2009 Share Option Scheme was terminated and a new share option scheme (the "2019 Share Option Scheme") was adopted by the shareholders of the Company at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 29 May 2019. The 2019 Share Option Scheme will remain in force for a period of 10 years commencing from the date of adoption of the 2019 Share Option Scheme from 29 May 2019 (the "Date of Adoption") (that is from 29 May 2019 to 28 May 2029). Following the termination of the 2009 Share Option Scheme, no further options will be granted under such scheme, but in all other respects the provisions of the 2009 Share Option Scheme will remain in full force and effect and options granted prior to such termination will continue to be valid and exercisable.

On 16 October 2020, the Company held an extraordinary general meeting and approved the consolidation of every ten issued and unissued ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each in the share capital of the Company into one consolidated share of HK\$1.00 in the share capital of the Company. The share consolidation became effective on 20 October 2020.

#### 30. 購股權計劃

舊購股權計劃(「二零零九購股權計劃」)已於本公司於二零零九年十一月三十日舉行之股東週年大會上經本公司股東採納。二零零九購股權計劃自二零零九年十一月三十日採納二零零九購股權計劃日期起計十年期間(即二零零九年十一月三十日至二零一九年十一月二十九日)內仍為有效。

於二零一七年七月十三日,本公司根據二零零 九購股權計劃授出合共64,000,000份購股權 予若干名合資格人士,以認購64,000,000股 本公司每股面值港幣0.10元之普通股,並無歸 屬條件。

二零零九購股權計劃已終止,而新購股權計劃(「二零一九購股權計劃」) 已於本公週於本公司於東五月二十九日舉行之股東週權計劃自二零一九時股權計劃日期起計十年期間(即二零一九時股權計劃日期起計十年期間(即二零一九年五月二十九日至二零二九年五月二十九日至二零九期股權計劃授出任何購股權,不再根據該計劃授出任何購股權,不再根據該計劃授出任何購股權,但在所有其他方面,二零零九購股權計劃的規權將繼續有效且可行使。

於二零二零年十月十六日,本公司舉行股東特別大會並批准將本公司股本中每十股每股面值港幣0.10元之已發行及未發行普通股合併為本公司股本中一股每股面值港幣1.00元之合併股份。股份合併於二零二零年十月二十日開始生效。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

#### **30.** SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

The Company may grant to eligible participants (including any directors, non-executive directors, employees, advisors, consultants, distributors, contractors, suppliers, agents, customers, business partners, joint venture business partners, promoters, service providers of any member of the Group whom the board of directors consider, in its sole discretion, have contributed or will contribute to the Group) options to subscribe for shares in the Company, subject to a maximum of 10% of the total number of shares of the Company in issue as at the Date of Adoption and as at the approval date of refreshment from time to time, excluding for this purpose shares issued on the exercise of options. The subscription price will be determined by the Company's board of directors and will not be less than the highest of (i) the nominal value of the Company's shares, (ii) the average of the closing price of the shares guoted on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange on the five trading days immediately preceding the grant date and (iii) the closing price of the shares on the grant date.

The number of share options granted and remained outstanding under the 2009 Share Option Scheme and the 2019 Share Option Scheme are 6,400,000 after adjusting for the effect of the share consolidation on 20 October 2020 and no share option has been exercised under the 2009 Share Option Scheme and 2019 Share Option Scheme during the years ended 31 December 2022.

As at 31 December 2022, all the outstanding share options granted under the 2009 Share Option Scheme and the 2019 Share Option Scheme has lapsed during the year. No options has been granted, exercised and cancelled during the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2023.

#### 30. 購股權計劃(續)

根據二零零九購股權計劃及二零一九購股權計劃已授出但仍未行使之購股權數目(經調整二零二零年十月二十日股份合併之影響後)分別為6,400,000份及截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,二零零九購股權計劃及二零一九購股權計劃項下並無購股權獲行使。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,根據根二零零 九購股權計劃及二零一九購股權計劃已授出 之全部尚未行使購股權於年內已失效。截至二 零二二年及二零二三年十二月三十一日止年 度,概無購股權獲授出、行使及註銷。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

#### **30.** SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

### 30. 購股權計劃(續)

The following table discloses movements of the 2019 Share Option Scheme during the year ended 31 December 2022:

下表披露截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度二零一九購股權計劃之變動情況:

		N	umber of share option	ns		
			購股權數目			
		Balance		Balance		
		as at	Lapsed	as at		Exercise
Category of		1 January	during	31 December		price
participants	Date of grant	2022	the year	2022	Exercise period	per share
				於二零二二年		
		於二零二二年		十二月		
		一月一日		三十一日		每股
參與者類別	授出日期	之結餘	年內已失效	之結餘	行使期	行使價
Directors 董事	13 July 2017 二零一七年	4,500,000	(4,500,000)	_	13 July 2017 to 12 July 2022	2.50
<u> </u>	七月十三日				二零一七年	
					七月十三日至 二零二二年	
Employees 僱員	13 July 2017 二零一七年	1,900,000	(1,900,000)	_	13 July 2017 to 12 July 2022	2.50
<b>唯</b> 只	七月十三日				二零一七年	
					七月十三日至	
					七月十二日	
		6,400,000	(6,400,000)	-	_	

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 31. RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEME

#### **Hong Kong**

The Group operates the MPF Scheme under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for its Hong Kong employees. The MPF Scheme is a defined contribution retirement plan administered by independent trustees. Under the MPF Scheme, each of the subsidiaries in Hong Kong and its employees makes monthly mandatory contributions to the scheme at 5% of the employee's earnings as defined under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance. The mandatory contributions from each of the employers and employees are subject to a cap of HK\$1,500 per month. During the year ended 31 December 2023, a total contribution of approximately RMB322,000 (2022: RMB587,000) was made by the Group in respect of this scheme.

During the year, there were no forfeited contributions which arose upon employees leaving the scheme prior to their interests in the Group's contribution becoming fully vested and which are available to reduce the contributions payable by the Group in future years.

#### The PRC, other than Hong Kong

As stipulated by rules and regulations in the PRC, the PRC subsidiaries are required to contribute to a statemanaged retirement plan for all its employees at a certain percentage of the basic salaries of its employees. The state-managed retirement plan is responsible for the entire pension obligations payable to all retired employees. Under the state-managed retirement plan, the Group has no further obligations for the actual pension payments or post-retirement benefits beyond the annual contributions. During the year ended 31 December 2023, a total contribution of approximately RMB713,000 (2022: RMB463,000) was made by the Group is respect of this scheme

#### 31. 退休福利計劃

#### 香港

本集團安排香港僱員參與由香港強制性公積金計劃條例規定的強積金計劃。強積金計劃屬於界定供款退休計劃,由獨立受託人管理。根據強積金計劃,各香港附屬公司及其僱員每月均按有關僱員之5%之收入(定義見強制性公積金計劃條例)作出強制性供款。僱主及僱員各自之強制性供款以每月港幣1,500元為限。截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團就此計劃作出總供款約人民幣322,000元(二零二二年:人民幣587,000元)。

於本年度,概無因僱員於本集團供款權益悉數 歸屬前離開計劃而沒收供款,而其可用作扣除 本集團於未來年度應付的供款。

#### 中國,除香港外

根據中國的條例及法規規定,中國附屬公司須向為所有僱員而設置之國家退休福利計劃作出供款。供款額為僱員基本薪金的某一百分比。國家退休福利計劃負責向所有退休僱員支付所有退休金。在這個國家退休福利計劃之下,本集團除每年供款外不須對其他實際退休金支出或退休後福利作出任何進一步承擔。截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團就此計劃作出總供款約人民幣713,000元(二零二二年:人民幣463,000元)。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 32. PLEDGE OF ASSETS

At the end of the reporting period, certain assets of the Group were pledged to secure banking facilities granted to the Group and to obtain the mortgage facilities provided to certain purchasers of the Group's properties for which guarantees were provided by the Group to the banks as follows:

#### 32. 抵押資產

於報告期末,本集團之若干資產已作為授予本集團銀行信貸及取得向本集團物業若干買方提供之按揭融資(並由本集團向銀行提供擔保)之抵押如下:

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
For banking and other facilities	就銀行及其他信貸而言		
Leasehold land and buildings	租賃土地及樓宇	14,556	14,612
For mortgage facilities	就按揭融資而言		
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	3,133	3,924

#### 33. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management during the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

#### Compensation of key management personnel

#### 33. 關連方披露

截至二零二三年及二零二二年十二月三十一 日止年度,董事及其他主要管理層成員之酬金 如下:

#### 主要管理層成員之薪酬

		RMB'000	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Salaries and other benefits in kind Retirement benefits scheme contributions	薪金及其他實物利益 退休福利計劃供款	4,664 75	4,025 128
		4,739	4,153

The remuneration of directors and key executives is determined by the remuneration committee having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

董事及主要管理人員之薪酬由薪酬委員會根 據個人表現及市場趨勢釐定。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 33. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

(Continued)

#### **Related party transactions and balances**

Other than the disclosures in notes 11, 26 and 33, amounts due to directors disclosed on the consolidated statement of financial position which are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand, there were no other significant related party balances or transactions.

#### 34. COMMITMENTS

#### **Operating leasing arrangements**

#### The Group as lessor

Property rental income earned during the year was approximately RMB5,000 (2022: RMB163,000). The properties held had committed leases mainly running for the three to five years.

Undiscounted lease payments receivable on leases are as follows:

#### 33. 關連方披露(續)

#### 關連方交易及結餘

除附註11、26及33所披露者及於綜合財務狀況表披露屬無抵押、免息及須按要求償還之應付董事款項外,概無任何其他重大關連方結餘或交易。

#### 34. 承擔

#### 經營租賃安排

#### 本集團作為出租人

於年內賺取之物業租金收入為約人民幣5,000元(二零二二年:人民幣163,000元)。所持物業之承諾租期主要介乎三至五年。

租賃應收未貼現租賃付款如下:

		RMB'000	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Within one year	一年內	5	5
		5	5

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二

#### **34. COMMITMENTS** (Continued)

#### Other commitments

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has the following capital commitments for development of properties:

#### 承擔(續) 34.

#### 其他承擔

於報告期末,本集團開發物業之資本承擔如 下:

2023	2022
二零二三年	二零二二年
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
242.952	295 205

Contracted for but not provided in the consolidated financial statements

已訂約但未有在綜合財務報表 計提撥備

#### 35. FINANCIAL GUARANTEE CONTRACTS

As at 31 December 2023, the Group's maximum obligations in respect of the mortgage facilities provided to certain purchasers of the Group's properties amounted to approximately RMB94,046,000 (2022: RMB41,814,000).

At the end of the reporting period, the Group provided guarantees in respect of the mortgage facilities granted by certain banks to certain purchasers of the Group's properties and pledged its bank deposits and properties to the relevant banks. Pursuant to the terms of the guarantees, upon default on mortgage payments by these purchasers, the Group is responsible for repaying the outstanding mortgage principals together with the accrued interest and penalties owned by the defaulted purchasers to the banks.

#### 財務擔保合約 35.

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團就本集 團物業之若干買家獲提供之按揭貸款之最高 責任約人民幣94,046,000元(二零二二年:人 民幣41,814,000元)。

於報告期末,本集團就若干銀行向本集團物業 之若干買家授出之按揭貸款提供擔保,並向有 關銀行抵押其銀行存款及物業。根據擔保條 款,倘該等買家未能償還按揭款項,則本集團 負責償還違約買家欠付銀行之未償還按揭本 金連同應計利息及罰款。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 35. FINANCIAL GUARANTEE CONTRACTS

(Continued)

Under the above arrangement, the bank deposits were pledged to the banks as securities on the mortgage loans. Upon default on mortgage payments by these purchasers, the banks are entitled to take over the bank deposits and legal titles of properties and can realise the pledged properties through open auction, or the banks transfer the pledged properties to the Group, then the Group sell the properties through open auction. The Group is obliged to repay the banks for the shortfall if bank deposits and the proceeds from selling the properties through the auction cannot cover the outstanding mortgage principals together with the accrued interest and penalties.

The Group's guarantee period starts from the dates of grant of the relevant mortgage loans, and ends upon the earlier of (i) the issuance of real estate ownership certificates to purchasers, which will generally be available within one to two years after the purchasers take possession of the relevant properties; and (ii) the settlement of mortgage loans between the mortgage banks and the purchasers.

In the opinion of the directors, the fair values of these financial guarantee contracts of the Group are insignificant at initial recognition and the directors consider that the possibility of default of the parties involved is remote; accordingly, no value has been recognised at the inception of these guarantee contracts and at the end of the each reporting period.

The Company engaged an independent professional valuer, Norton Appraisals Holdings Limited, an independent professional valuer not connected with the Group, to assess the fair values of the financial guarantees of the Group and the directors of the Company concluded that the effect is insignificant, and accordingly, no provision for guarantee has been recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

#### 35. 財務擔保合約(續)

根據以上安排,有關銀行存款已作為按揭貸款之擔保抵押予銀行。倘該等買家未能償還按揭款項,則銀行有權接收銀行存款及物業的法定業權,並可透過公開拍賣變現抵押物業,或銀行將抵押物業轉讓予本集團,繼而經本集團透過公開拍賣銷售該等物業。倘銀行存款及拍賣銷售物業所得款項無法補足未償還之按揭本金連同應計利息及罰款,則本集團須向銀行償還差額。

本集團之擔保期自授出有關按揭貸款日期開始,至以下各項中較早時間為止:(i)向買家發出房地產所有權證,一般於買家擁有相關物業後一至兩年內發出;及(ii)結清按揭銀行與買家之間的按揭貸款。

董事認為,本集團該等財務擔保合約之公允值於初步確認時微不足道,且董事認為訂約各方違約之可能性極小,因此,概無價值於訂立該等擔保合約時及於各報告期末確認。

本公司委任估值師Norton Appraisals Holdings Limited (與本集團並無關連的獨立 專業估值師) 評估本集團財務擔保之公允值, 且本公司董事認為影響並不重大,因此概無於 綜合財務報表確認擔保撥備。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

# 36. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY

### 36. 本公司主要附屬公司之詳情

Details of the principal subsidiaries at 31 December 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

於二零二三年及二零二二年十二月三十一日 之主要附屬公司詳細資料如下:

Name of subsidiary	Place of establishment/ incorporation/ operation 成立/ 註冊成立/	Class of shares held	Issued and fully paid capital/ registered capital			Principal activities
附屬公司名稱	營業地點	持有股份類別	註冊資本	本公司所持擁	有權權益比例	主營業務
				2023 二零二三年 Directly 直接	2022 二零二二年 Directly 直接	
Techwayson Management Limited 德維森管理有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary shares 普通股	HK\$10,000 港幣10,000元	100%	100%	Provision of management services 提供管理服務
Techwayson Trading Limited 德維森貿易有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary shares 普通股	HK\$10,000 港幣10,000元	100%	100%	Trading of raw cane sugar 原蔗糖貿易
Weina Land Limited 榮瀚興業有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary shares 普通股	HK\$10,000 港幣10,000元	100%	100%	Property holding 物業控股
Maoming Huada Real Estate Development Limited** ("Maomin Huada") 茂名市華大房地產開發有限公司 * (「茂名華大」)	The PRC ng 中國	Contributed capital 繳入資本	RMB50,000,000 人民幣50,000,000元	90%	90%	Property development and investment 物業開發及投資
Maoming Shang Cheng Real Estate Company Limited** ("Maoming Shang Cheng") 茂名上誠置業有限公司 *(「茂名上誠」)	The PRC 中國	Contributed capital 繳入資本	RMB30,000,000 人民幣30,000,000元	65%	65%	Property development and investment 物業開發及投資
Shenzhen Qianhai Shang Cheng Supply Chain Management Limited** ("Shenzhen Qianhai") 深圳前海上城供應鏈管理 有限公司* (「深圳前海」)	The PRC 中國	Contributed capital 繳入資本	RMB38,000,000 人民幣38,000,000元	100%	100%	Trading of sugar 蔗糖貿易

<sup>\*</sup> The English name is for identification purpose only

<sup>\*</sup> These companies were established in the PRC as non-wholly sino-foreign owned enterprises.

英文名稱僅供識別

該等公司為於中國成立之中外合資企業。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

# 36. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY

(Continued)

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Group which, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, principally affected the results or assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, result in particulars of excessive length.

None of the subsidiaries had any debt securities outstanding as at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

At the end of the reporting period, the Company has other subsidiaries that are not material to the Group. A majority of these subsidiaries operate in Hong Kong and the PRC. The principal activities of these subsidiaries are summarised as follows:

### 36. 本公司主要附屬公司之詳情(續)

上表呈列本公司董事認為主要影響本集團業 績或資產之本集團附屬公司。本公司董事認為 列出其他附屬公司資料將令篇幅過於冗長。

概無任何附屬公司在本年結或在年內任何時間有任何未償還債務證券。

於報告期末,本公司有對本集團而言不屬重要之其他附屬公司。該等附屬公司多數於香港及中國經營。該等附屬公司之主要業務概述如下:

Principal activitiesPrincipal place of business主營業務主要營業地點			subsidiaries 幻數目
		2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
Investment holding 投資控股	Hong Kong 香港	1	1
Investment holding 投資控股	The British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	1	1
Investment holding 投資控股	The PRC 中國	3	3
		5	5
Inactive 無業務	Hong Kong 香港	1	1
Inactive 無業務	The British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	1	1
Inactive 無業務	Cambodia 柬埔寨	1	1
Inactive 無業務	The PRC 中國	2	2
		5	5
		10	10

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 37. NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

# The table below shows details of non-wholly owned subsidiaries of the Group that have material non-controlling interests:

### 37. 非控制性權益

下表列示有重大非控制性權益之本集團非全資附屬公司之詳細資料:

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation and principal place of business 註冊成立及主營業務地點	interests rights he controllir 非控制性權	Proportion of ownership interests and voting rights held by non-controlling interests 非控制性權益所持擁有權權益及表決權比例		Total comprehensive (expense) income allocated to non-controlling interests 分配予非控制性權益之 全面 (開支) 收入總額		Accumulated non- controlling interest 累計非控制性權益	
		2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Maoming Huada 茂名華大 Maoming Shang Cheng 茂名上誠	The PRC 中國 The PRC 中國	10%	10% 35%	(2,517) (2,150)	(245) (17,916)	8,565 (37,423)	11,082 (35,273)	
				(4,667)	(18,161)	(28,858)	(24,191)	

Summarised financial information in respect of the Group's subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests are set out below.

有重大非控制性權益之本集團附屬公司之財 務資料摘要載列如下。

		2023 二零二三年 RMB'000	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Maoming Huada			
Current assets	流動資產	234,631	263,965
Non-current assets	非流動資產	2,409	3,057
Current liabilities	流動負債	(146,088)	(150,043)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(5,312)	(6,169)
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔權益	77,075	99,728
Equity attributable to non-controlling interests	非控制性權益應佔權益	8,565	11,082

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 37. NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

37. 非控制性權益(續)

(Continued)

		2023	2022
		二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue	收益	4,442	60,709
(Loss) profit for the year	年內(虧損)溢利	(23,562)	1,675
(Loss) profit attributable to owners of Company (Loss) profit attributable to the non-controlling	本公司擁有人應佔(虧損)溢利非控制性權益應佔(虧損)溢利	(21,207)	1,507
interests	(F-10) W.T.	(2,355)	168
(Loss) profit for the year	年內(虧損)溢利	(23,562)	1,675
Other comprehensive expense attributable to owners of the Company Other comprehensive expense	本公司擁有人應佔其他全面開支 非控制性權益應佔其他全面開支	(1,446)	(3,715)
attributable to non-controlling interests		(162)	(413)
Other comprehensive expense for the year	年內其他全面開支	(1,608)	(4,128)
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year	年內虧損及全面開支總額	(25,170)	(2,453)
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔年內虧損及 全面開支總額	(22,653)	(2,208)
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year attributable to non-controlling interests	非控制性權益應佔年內虧損 及全面開支總額	(2,517)	(245)
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year	年內虧損及全面開支總額	(25,170)	(2,453)
		2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Net cash (outflow) inflow in operating activities Net cash inflow from investing activities Net cash outflow in financing activities	經營活動所用現金(流出)流入淨額 投資活動所得現金流入淨額 融資活動所用現金流出淨額	(1,378) 791 –	9,597 2,343 (15,500)
Net cash outflow	現金流出淨額	(587)	(3,560)

#### 37. NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

### 37. 非控制性權益(續)

(Continued)

		2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Maoming Shang Cheng Current assets Non-current assets Current liabilities Equity attributable to owners of the Company Equity attributable to non-controlling interests	茂名上誠 流動資產 非流動資產 流動負債 本公司擁有人應佔權益 非控制性權益應佔權益	451,292 71 (558,182) (69,396) (37,423)	380,227 97 (481,105) (65,508) (35,273)
		2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue	收益	-	_
Loss for the year	年內虧損	(8,716)	(56,768)
Loss attributable to owners of the Company Loss attributable to non-controlling interest	本公司擁有人應佔虧損 非控制性權益應佔虧損	(5,665) (3,051)	(36,899) (19,869)
Loss for the year	年內虧損	(8,716)	(56,768)
Other comprehensive income attributable to owners of the Company Other comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests	本公司擁有人應佔其他全面收益非控制性權益應佔其他全面收益	1,777 901	3,628 1,953
Other comprehensive income for the year	年內其他全面收益	2,678	5,581
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year	年內虧損及全面開支總額	(6,038)	(51,187)
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year attributable to owners of the Company Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year	全面開支總額	(3,888)	(33,271)
attributable to non-controlling interests  Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year		(2,150)	(17,916) (51,187)
2000 and total complementative expense for the year		2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Net cash inflow (outflow) in operating activities Net cash outflow from investing activities Net cash inflow from financing activities	經營活動所用現金流入(流出)淨額 投資活動所得現金流出淨額 融資活動所得現金流入淨額	45,577 (20,093) 9,746	(1,844) (7,088) 9,000
Net cash inflow	現金流入淨額	35,230	68

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

# 38. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

#### 38. 本公司財務狀況表

2022

		2023	2022
		二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Non-current Assets	非流動資產		
Interests in subsidiaries	於附屬公司之權益	965,573	965,573
Amounts due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	37,608	36,745
		1,003,181	1,002,318
Current Assets	流動資產		
Other receivables	其他應收款項	193	248
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金	344	631
		537	879
Current Liabilities	流動負債		
Other payables	其他應付款項	5,128	7,635
Other borrowing	其他借款	9,089	8,844
		14,217	16,479
Net Current Liabilities	流動負債淨額	(13,680)	(15,600)
Total Assets Less Current Liabilities	總資產減流動負債	989,501	986,718
Non-current Liabilities	 非流動負債		
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	903,722	879,251
Net Assets	資產淨值	85,779	107,467
Capital and Reserves	 資本及儲備		
Ordinary share capital	普通股股本	2,222	222,157
Reserves	儲備	83,557	(114,690)
Total Equity	權益總額	85,779	107,467

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company on 28 March 2024:

於二零二四年三月二十八日獲本公司董事會 批准及授權刊發:

Mr. ZHANG Xiao Jun 張曉君先生 Director 董事 Mr. LIANG Zhichao 梁志超先生 Director 董事

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

# 38. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

38. 本公司財務狀況表(續)

The movements in reserves are as follows:

儲備變動如下:

		Share premium 股份溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Contributed surplus 繳入盈餘 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note) (附註)	Share options reserve 購股權儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Translation reserve <b>匯兌儲備</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2022	於二零二二年一月一日	578,540	67,614	5,481	17,646	(692,606)	(23,325)
Loss for the year	年內虧損	_	-	_	_	(25,019)	(25,019)
Exchange differences arising on translation of functional currency to presentation currency	將功能貨幣換算為呈列貨幣而 產生之匯兌差額	-	-	-	(66,346)	_	(66,346)
Total comprehensive income (expense) for the year	年內全面收益 (開支) 總額	_	-	_	(66,346)	(25,019)	(91,365)
Lapse of share options	購股權失效		-	(5,481)	-	5,481	
At 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023	於二零二二年十二月三十一日及						
,	二零二三年一月一日	578,540	67,614	_	(48,700)	(712,144)	(114,690)
Loss for the year	年內虧損		-	-	-	(23,798)	(23,798)
Exchange differences arising on translation of functional	將功能貨幣換算為呈列貨幣而						
currency to presentation currency	產生之匯兌差額	-	-	-	2,110	-	2,110
Total comprehensive expense for the year	年內全面開支總額	_	_	_	2,110	(23,798)	(21,688)
Capital reduction (notes 29)	股本削減(附註29)	-	-	-	-	219,935	219,935
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日	578,540	67,614	_	(46,590)	(516,007)	83,557

Note: Contributed surplus of the Company represents the difference between the nominal value of the ordinary shares issued by the Company and the net asset value of subsidiaries acquired through an exchange of shares pursuant to the group reorganisation in 2001.

附註: 本公司繳入盈餘指本公司已發行普通股之面值與根據於二零零一年之集團重組交換股份所獲得附屬公司之資產淨值兩者之差額。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 39. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balances. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debts, which include other borrowings, lease liabilities, amounts due to non-controlling interests, amounts due to directors and secured bank borrowing, and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital and reserves.

The directors review the capital structure on a regular basis. As part of this review, the directors consider the cost of capital and the risks associate with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the directors, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues and share buy-backs as well as the issue of new debt or the redemption of existing debt.

#### **40. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

#### **Categories of financial instruments** (a)

#### 資本風險管理 39.

本集團管理其資本,以確保本集團的實體能夠 持續經營,同時透過優化債務及股權平衡最大 限度地提高股東回報。本集團之整體策略與去 年維持不變。

本集團的資本架構包括債務(包括其他借款、 租賃負債、應付非控制性權益款項、應付董事 款項及有抵押銀行借款)及本公司擁有人應佔 權益(包括已發行股本及儲備)。

董事定期檢討資本架構。作為該檢討之一部 分,董事考慮資本成本及與各類資本有關之風 險。根據董事之推薦意見,本集團將诱過派付 股息、新股發行及股份購回以及發行新債務或 贖回現有債務平衡其整體資本架構。

#### 財務工具 40.

#### 財務工具類別 (a)

		2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Financial assets	財務資產		
FVTPL	按公允值計入損益		
Mandatorily measured at FVTPL	強制按公允值計入損益計量		
<ul><li>Held-for-trading</li></ul>	一持作交易	_	3,821
Financial assets at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量之財務資產	66,831	50,806
		66,831	54,627
Financial liabilities			
Amortised cost	按攤銷成本	162,203	149,160

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 40. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

# (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include deposits, other receivables, financial assets at FVTPL, restricted bank deposit, pledged bank deposits, bank balances, trade and other payables, other borrowings, amounts due to non-controlling interests, amounts due to directors, lease liabilities and secured bank borrowing. Details of the financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with the Group's financial instruments include market risk (interest rate risk and equity price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

#### Market risk

#### Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to other borrowings and lease liabilities. The Group is also exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to restricted bank deposit, pledged bank deposits, bank balances, variable-rate secured bank borrowing and bank overdrafts. Interest rate risk is managed by the management on an ongoing basis with the primary objective of limiting the extent to which net interest expense could be affected by adverse movements in interest rates.

#### Interest rate sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for variable-rate secured bank borrowing at the end of the reporting period. The analysis is prepared assuming the financial instruments outstanding at the end of the reporting period were outstanding for the whole year. A 50 basis points (2022: 50 basis points) increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel. Restricted bank deposits, pledged bank deposits and bank balances are excluded from sensitivity analysis as the directors of the Company consider that the exposure of cash flow interest rate risk arising from them is insignificant.

#### 40. 財務工具(續)

#### (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團之主要財務工具包括按金、其他應收款項、按公允值計入損益之財務資產、有限制銀行存款、已抵押銀行存款、銀行結存制性權力,其他應付款項、其他借款、應付非控制性權款項、應付董事款項、租賃負債及有抵押銀合借款。財務工具之詳情於各相關附註披露。財務工具之風險包括市場風險(利齊、開來集團財務工具之風險包括市場風險(利齊、與內何減輕該等風險之政策載列如下。地實施適當措施。

#### 市場風險

#### 利率風險

本集團就其他借款及租賃負債面對公允值利率風險。本集團亦因有限制銀行存款、已抵押銀行存款、銀行結存、浮動利率有抵押銀行借款及銀行透支面臨現金流量利率風險。管理層按持續基準管理利率風險,主要目的為限制利息開支淨額受利率不利變動影響的程度。

#### 利率敏感度分析

以下的敏感度分析是對於報告期末之浮動利率有抵押銀行借款的利率風險而作出。分析乃假設於報告期末未償還財務工具於整年度仍未償還而編製。向主要管理人員就利率風險進行內部匯報時,採用增加或減少50個基點(二零二二年:50個基點)。敏感度分析不包括有限制銀行存款、已抵押銀行存款及銀行結存,原因是本公司董事認為有關款項產生的現金流量利率風險不大。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- **40. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)
- (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risk (Continued)

Interest rate risk (Continued)

Interest rate sensitivity analysis (Continued)

If the interest rates had been 50 basis points (2022: 50 basis points) higher or lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's post-tax loss for the year would increase/decrease by approximately Nil (2022: RMB52,000).

Other price risk

The Group is exposed to equity price risk arising from equity investments measured at FVTPL which are quoted in the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and the management will monitor the price movements and take appropriate actions when it is required.

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to equity price risks at the end of the reporting period. If the prices of the respective equity investments had been 10% (2022: 10%) higher/lower, the post-tax loss for the year ended 31 December 2023 would be nil (2022: decrease/increase by approximately RMB319,000) as a result of the changes in fair value.

### Credit risk and impairment assessment

As at 31 December 2023, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties is arising from the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

In order to minimise the credit risk, the management has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group performs impairment assessment under ECL model under application of HKFRS 9 on other receivables individually. In this regard, the directors consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

- 40. 財務工具(續)
- (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

市場風險(續)

利率風險(續)

利率敏感度分析(續)

倘利率上升或下跌50個基點(二零二二年:50個基點),而所有其他可變因數維持不變,本集團除稅後虧損將相應上升/下跌約零(二零二二年:人民幣52,000元)。

### 其他價格風險

本集團面臨的股本價格風險來自按公允值 計入損益計量之股本投資(於香港聯交所報 價),而管理層將監控價格變化,並於需要時 採取適當行動。

以下的敏感度分析根據於報告期末面臨的股本價格風險釐定。倘相關股本投資價格上升/下跌10%(二零二二年:10%),截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度的除稅後虧損將因公允值變動而為零(二零二二年:減少/增加約人民幣319,000元)。

### 信貸風險及減值評估

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團面對因 對手方未能履行責任而導致本集團產生財務 損失的最大信貸風險為來自綜合財務狀況表 中列示之相關已確認財務資產之賬面值。

為減低信貸風險,管理層已成立專責隊伍負責 釐定信貸限額、信貸批核及其他監控程序,以 確保採取跟進行動追回逾期欠款。此外,於應 用香港財務報告準則第9號後,本集團根據預 期信貸虧損模式就其他應收款項進行個別減 值評估。就此,董事認為可大幅減低本集團的 信貸風險。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

<b>40</b> .	<b>FINANCIAL</b>	INSTRUM	MENTS	(Continued)
-------------	------------------	---------	-------	-------------

## (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

### 40. 財務工具(續)

### (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

### **Credit risk and impairment assessment** (Continued)

The Group's internal credit risk grading assessment comprises the following categories:

### 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

本集團的內部信貸風險級別評估包括以下分類:

Internal credit rating 內部信貸評級	Description 描述	Other financial assets/ other items 其他財務資產/其他項目
Low risk	The counterparty has a low risk of default and does not have any past-due amounts	12-month ECL
低風險	交易對方的違約風險較低,且並無任何逾期款項	12個月預期信貸虧損
Medium risk	There have been significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition and had past-due amounts but have been settled subsequently	Lifetime ECL – not credit-impaired
中等風險	自初步確認起,信貸風險已大幅增加,且擁有逾期 款項,但已於其後清償	全期預期信貸虧損-未出現信貸減值
High risk	There is evidence indicating the asset is credit- impaired	Lifetime ECL – credit-impaired
高風險	有證據表明資產已出現信貸減值	全期預期信貸虧損-信貸減值
Written-off	There is evidence indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and the Group has no realistic prospect of recovery	Amount is written off
撇銷	有證據表明債務人陷入嚴重財務困難,而本集團日 後實際上無法收回款項	金額已撇銷

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

### 40. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

# (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

### **Credit risk and impairment assessment** (Continued)

The tables below detail the credit risk exposures of the Group's other receivables, restricted bank deposit, pledged bank deposits and bank balances which are subject to ECL assessment:

- 40. 財務工具 (續)
- (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

### 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

下表詳述本集團其他應收款項、有限制銀行存款、已抵押銀行存款及銀行結存(均需進行預期信貸虧損評估)所面臨之信貸風險:

		Notes 附註	External credit ratings 外界信貸 評級	Internal credit ratings 內部信貸 評級	12-month or lifetime ECL 12個月或 全期預期信貸虧損	Grocarrying 總賬 2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	amount
Financial assets at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量之 財務資產	1					
Bank balances	銀行結存	21	A1-Baa3	N/A 不適用	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	17,161	26,667
Restricted bank deposit	有限制銀行存款	20	A1	N/A 不適用	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	39,226	7,094
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	21	A1	N/A 不適用	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	3,133	3,924
Other receivables	其他應收款項	18	N/A 不適用	Low risk 低風險	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	7,205	13,357
			1、旭用	的 High risk 高風險	lifetime ECL (credit-impaired) 全期預期信貸虧損 (信貸減值)	917	907
Deposits	按金	18	N/A 不適用	Low risk 低風險	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	236	172
Other items	其他項目						
Financial guarantee contracts (Note)	財務擔保合約 (附註)	35	N/A 不適用	Low risk 低風險	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	94,046	41,814

Note: For financial guarantee contracts, the gross carrying amount represents the maximum amount the Group has guaranteed under the respective contracts.

附註: 就財務擔保合約而言,總賬面值指本集團根據各合 約已擔保的最高金額。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- **40.** FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)
- (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

### **Credit risk and impairment assessment** (Continued)

Bank balances, restricted bank deposits and pledged bank deposits

The credit risks on bank balances, restricted bank deposits and pledged bank deposits are limited because counterparties are banks with high credit-ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

The Group is exposed to concentration of credit risk in relation to its restricted bank deposits, pledged bank deposits and bank balances placed with a bank amounted to approximately RMB35,364,000 (2022: RMB9,438,000) which accounted for approximately 59% (2022: 25%) of the Group's total restricted bank deposits, pledged bank deposits and bank balances.

### Other receivables

For other receivables under 12m ECL and under lifetime ECL (not credit-impaired), the directors of the Company make periodic individual assessment on the recoverability of other receivables based on historical settlement records, past experience, and also quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportive forward-looking information. The other receivables mainly represent loan receivables which are not past due and with settlement during the year and after assessing the ECL, an allowance of approximately RMB274,000 was reversed (2022: RMB419,000 was recognised) for the year ended 31 December 2023.

- 40. 財務工具(續)
- (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

#### 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

銀行結存、有限制銀行存款及已抵押銀行存款

由於交易對方為獲得國際信貸評級機構評定 為高信貸評級的銀行,因此有關銀行結存、有 限制銀行存款及已抵押銀行存款的信貸風險 有限。

本集團面臨與存放於銀行的約人民幣35,364,000元(二零二二年:人民幣9,438,000元)之有限制銀行存款、已抵押銀行存款及銀行結存有關之集中信貸風險,佔本集團有限制銀行存款、已抵押銀行存款及銀行結存總額之約59%(二零二二年:25%)。

### 其他應收款項

就12個月預期信貸虧損及全期預期信貸虧損 (未出現信貸減值)項下的其他應收款項而 言,本公司董事根據過往結算記錄、過往經 驗,以及合理且可靠之定量及定性前瞻性資 料對其他應收款項之可收回程度逐項進行定 期評估。其他應收款項主要指應收貸款,並無 逾期,並於年內結算,且經評估預期信貸虧損 後,截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度, 撥回撥備約人民幣274,000元(二零二二年: 確認人民幣419,000元)。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- **40. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)
- (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

### **Credit risk and impairment assessment** (Continued)

Other receivables (Continued)

For other receivables under lifetime ECL (credit-impaired), receivables which are past due more than five years are considered as default and irrecoverable and has been fully impaired.

The Group is exposed to concentration of credit risk in relation to its other receivables and deposits from the Group's five major debtors amounted to approximately RMB5,080,000 (2022: RMB6,873,000) which accounted for approximately 70% (2022: 51%) of the Group's total other receivables and deposits. The major debtors of the Group are property buyers. The management considers that the credit risk is limited in this regard.

Other than disclosed above, the Group does not have any other significant concentration of credit risk.

### Financial guarantee contracts

The credit risk of financial guarantee contracts are limited as any default on mortgage payments by the purchasers, the banks are entitled to take over the bank deposits and legal titles of properties and can realise the pledged properties through open auction, or the banks transfer the pledged properties to the Group, then the Group sell the properties through open auction. The directors of the Company believe that there are no significant increase in credit risk of these amounts since initial recognition. For the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Group assessed the ECL for financial guarantee contracts as insignificant and thus no loss allowance was recognised.

- 40. 財務工具(續)
- (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

#### 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

### 其他應收款項(續)

就全期預期信貸虧損(信貸減值)項下的其他 應收款項而言,已逾期超過五年的應收款項被 視為違約及不可收回,並已悉數減值。

本集團面臨來自本集團五大債務人之其他應收款項及按金為約人民幣5,080,000元(二零二二年:人民幣6,873,000元)之集中信貸風險,佔本集團其他應收款項及按金總額之約70%(二零二二年:51%)。本集團之主要債務人為物業買方。就此而言,管理層認為信貸風險有限。

除上文所披露者外,本集團並無任何其他重大 集中信貸風險。

#### 財務擔保合約

由於倘買方出現任何按揭付款違約,銀行有權 接收銀行存款及物業的法定業權,並可透過公 開拍賣變現抵押物業,或銀行將抵押物業轉 予本集團,繼而經本集團透過公開拍賣銷售 該等物業,故財務擔保合約的信貸風險有限。 本公司董事認為,該等款項自初步確認以來 無重大信貸風險增加。截至二零二三年及二 無重大信貸風險增加。截至二零二三年及二 大信貸風險增加。截至二零二三年及二 大信貸虧損為並不重大,因此 發擔保合約的預期信貸虧損為並不重大,因此 並無確認虧損撥備。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

### 40. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

# (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

### **Credit risk and impairment assessment** (Continued)

Financial guarantee contracts (Continued)

The following table shows the movements in 12m ECL and lifetime ECL that has been recognised for other receivables under the general approach.

### Other receivables

40. 財務工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

### 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

財務擔保合約(續)

下表載列根據一般方法確認為其他應收款項的12個月預期信貸虧損及全期預期信貸虧損 之變動。

### 其他應收款項

### Lifetime ECL 全期預期信貸虧損

		12m ECL 12個月預期信	(not credit- impaired) (未出現信貸	(credit- impaired)	Total
		<b>貸虧損</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>減值)</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>(信貸減值)</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>總計</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2022 Changes due to financial instruments as 1 January 2022:	於二零二二年一月一日 於二零二二年一月一日的 財務工具變動:	345	162	398	905
<ul> <li>Transfer to credit-impaired</li> <li>Impairment loss recognise</li> <li>New financial assets originated</li> </ul>	d -已確認減值虧損	- 83	(162)	162 313	396
or purchased Exchange differences	資產 匯兌差額	23 –		_ 34	23 34
At 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023	於二零二二年 十二月三十一日及 二零二三年一月一日	451	_	907	1,358
Changes due to financial instruments as 1 January 2023:	於二零二三年一月一日的 財務工具變動:				
<ul> <li>Impairment loss</li> <li>reversed</li> </ul> New financial assets originated	- 已撥回減值虧損 出已產生或已購買的新財務資	(274)	-	_	(274)
or purchased	產	_	_	_	_
Exchange differences	匯兌差額	_	_	10	10
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年 十二月三十一日	177	_	917	1,094

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

### **40.** FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

## (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

### Liquidity risk

In management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The management monitors the utilisation of bank borrowing and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

### Liquidity risk analysis

The following table details the Group's contractual maturity for their non-derivative financial liabilities. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The maturity dates for other non-derivative financial liabilities are based on the agreed repayment dates.

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management of the Group to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The management of the Group believes that the Group will have sufficient working capital for its future operational requirements.

The Group relies on bank borrowings as a significant source of liquidity. The Group has available unutilised banking facilities of approximately RMB17,269,000 as at 31 December 2023 (2022: RMB16,127,000).

The table includes both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are floating rates, the undiscounted amount is derived from the interest rate at the end of the reporting period.

### 40. 財務工具(續)

### (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

### 流動資金風險

在管理流動資金風險時,本集團監察及維持管理層認為足夠的現金及現金等價物水平,以為本集團的經營提供資金,並減輕現金流量波動的影響。管理層監察銀行借款的使用及確保符合貸款契約。

#### 流動資金風險分析

下表詳列本集團非衍生財務負債的合約到期情況。該等列表根據本集團可被要求還款的最早日期按財務負債未貼現現金流量計算而製成。其他非衍生財務負債的到期日乃根據所協定還款年期而定。

在管理流動資金風險時,本集團監察及維持本集團管理層認為足夠的現金及現金等價物水平,以為本集團的經營提供資金,並減輕現金流量波動的影響。本集團管理層相信,本集團將擁有足夠的營運資金滿足未來的運營需求。

本集團依靠銀行借款作為流動資金的重要來源。於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團可動用的未動用銀行融資為約人民幣17,269,000元(二零二二年:人民幣16,127,000元)。

下表載有利息及本金現金流量。於利息流量為 浮動息率的前提下,未貼現金額乃以報告期末 的利率計算。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- 40. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)
- (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)
- 40. 財務工具(續)
- (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

**Liquidity risk** (Continued)

流動資金風險(續)

Liquidity risk analysis (Continued)

流動資金風險分析(續)

							Carrying
		Weighted	On demand			Total	amount at
		average	or less than	3 months	1 year to	undiscounted	31 December
		interest rate	3 month	to 1 years	2 years	cash flows	2023 孙-雨--左
			按要求或			未貼現現金	於二零二三年
		加權平均利率	按要求或 少於三個月	三個月至一年	一年至兩年	木貼現現玉流量總額	十二月三十一日之服面值
		加惟十月刊举	アルニョウ RMB'000	二個月主一年 RMB'000	一年主网年 RMB'000	派里總領 RMB'000	之版周恒 RMB'000
		70	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
			7,1,0,0	7,1,0,0,1,70	7(100170	7,1,00,170	7000170
Non-derivative financial liabilities	非衍生財務負債						
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	N/A 不適用	16,615	-	-	16,615	16,615
Amounts due to directors	應付董事款項	N/A 不適用	96	_	_	96	96
Amounts due to non-controlling interests	應付非控制性權益款項	N/A 不適用	115,498	-	_	115,498	115,498
Other borrowing	其他借款	10.9	_	31,625		31,625	29,994
Lease liability	租賃負債	6.92	348	1,145	755	2,248	2,161
Financial guarantee contracts	財務擔保合約	N/A 不適用 ————————————————————————————————————	94,046			94,046	
			226,603	32,770	755	260,128	164,364
							Carrying
		Weighted	On demand			Total	amount at
		average	or less than	3 months	1 year to	undiscounted	31 December
		interest rate	3 month	to 1 years	2 years	cash flows	2022
				,,,,,,	,		於二零二二年
			按要求或			未貼現現金	十二月三十一日
		加權平均利率	少於三個月	三個月至一年	一年至兩年	流量總額	之賬面值
		%	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
			人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	N/A 不適用	22,286	_	_	22,286	22,286
Amounts due to directors	應付董事款項	N/A 不適用	96	_	_	96	
						50	96
Amounts due to non-controlling interests	應付非控制性權益款項	Ⅵ/Δ 小徳田	105 /50	_	_	105 750	96 105 750
Amounts due to non-controlling interests Secured bank borrowing	應付非控制性權益款項 有抵押銀行借款	N/A 不適用	105,750	_	_	105,750	105,750
Secured bank borrowing	有抵押銀行借款			_	_		105,750
Secured bank borrowing  – variable rate	有抵押銀行借款 一浮動利率	N/A 个適用 6.96 6.00	105,750 12,184 -	- 9.109	- - -	12,184	105,750 12,184
Secured bank borrowing  – variable rate Other borrowing	有抵押銀行借款 一浮動利率 其他借款	6.96 6.00	12,184	- 9,109 91	- - - 5	12,184 9,109	105,750
Secured bank borrowing  – variable rate	有抵押銀行借款 一浮動利率	6.96	12,184	.,		12,184	105,750 12,184 8,844
Secured bank borrowing  – variable rate Other borrowing Lease liability	有抵押銀行借款 一浮動利率 其他借款 租賃負債	6.96 6.00 3.52	12,184 - 254	91	5	12,184 9,109 350	105,750 12,184 8,844 349

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- **40.** FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)
- (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

**Liquidity risk** (Continued)

Liquidity risk analysis (Continued)

Secured bank borrowings with a repayment on demand clause is included in the "on demand or less than 3 months" time band in the above maturity analysis. As at 31 December 2022, the aggregate undiscounted principal amounts of the secured bank borrowings amounted to approximately RMB12,184,000. Taking into account the Group's financial position, the directors do not believe that it is probable that the banks will exercise its discretionary right to demand immediate repayment. The directors believe that such secured bank borrowing will be repaid in eight years (2022: eight years) after the end of the reporting period in accordance with the scheduled repayment dates set out in the loan agreement, details of which are set out in the table below:

- 40. 財務工具(續)
- (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

#### 流動資金風險(續)

流動資金風險分析(續)

具有可按要求償還條款之有抵押銀行借款均計入上述到期日分析「按要求或少於三個月」之時間範圍內。於二零二二年十二月三十一日,有抵押銀行借款之未貼現本金額分別合共為約人民幣12,184,000元。計及本集團之財務狀況後,董事不相信銀行可能行使其要求即時還款之酌情權。董事相信,該有抵押銀行借款將於報告期末後八年(二零二二年:八年)內根據貸款協議所載預定還款日期償還,其詳情載於下表:

		Weighted average interest rate	Within 1 year	1 year to 2 years	2 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total undiscounted cash flows	Carrying amount at 31 December 2022 於二零二二年
		加權平均利率 %	一年內 RMB'000 人民幣千元	一年至兩年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	兩年至五年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	五年以上 RMB'000 人民幣千元	未貼現現金 流量總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元	十二月三十一日 之賬面值 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Non-derivative financial liabilities	非衍生財務負債							
Secured bank borrowings  – variable rate	有抵押銀行借款 一浮動利率	6.96	5,900	1,181	3,543	2,703	13,327	12,184

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

- **40. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)
- (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

**Liquidity risk** (Continued)

Liquidity risk analysis (Continued)

The amounts included above for financial guarantee contracts are the maximum amounts the Group could be required to settle under the arrangement for the full guaranteed amount if that amount is claimed by the counterparty to the guarantee. Based on expectation at the end of the reporting period, the Group considers that it is more likely than not that no amount will be payable under the arrangement. However, this estimate is subject to change depending on the probability of the counterparty claiming under the guarantee which is a function of the likelihood that the financial receivables held by the counterparty which are guaranteed suffer credit losses.

The amounts included above for variable interest rate instruments are subject to change if changes in variable interest rates differ to those estimates of interest rates determined at the end of the reporting period.

- 40. 財務工具(續)
- (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

#### 流動資金風險(續)

流動資金風險分析(續)

上述財務擔保合約所包含的金額為本集團根據安排就全數擔保金額(倘擔保之交易對方申索該金額)可能被要求償付的最高金額。根據於報告期末之預測,本集團認為有可能無需根據有關安排支付任何款項。然而,此估計可能有所改變,取決於交易對方因其持有之已擔保財務應收款項遭受信貸虧損而根據擔保申索之可能性。

倘浮動利率的變動與報告期末釐定的估計利率不同,則上述浮動利率工具所包含的金額可予變動。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

### **40.** FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

### (c) Fair values

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

- the fair values of financial assets at FVTPL are determined with reference to quoted market bid prices and ask prices respectively; and
- the fair values of other financial assets and financial liabilities (excluding financial assets at FVTPL) are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on a discounted cash flow analysis using prices from observable current market transactions. The directors consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities carried at amortised cost recognised in the consolidated financial statements approximate to their fair values.

## (d) Fair value measurements of financial instruments

One of the Group's financial assets is measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period. The following table provides an analysis of financial instrument that is measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable.

### 40. 財務工具(續)

### (c) 公允值

財務資產及財務負債的公允值釐定如下:

- 按公允值計入損益之財務資產之公允值 乃分別參考所報市場買盤價和賣盤價釐 定;及
- 其他財務資產及財務負債(不包括按公允值計入損益之財務資產)的公允值乃根據公認的定價模式按現時可觀察的市場交易之價格以貼現現金流量分析釐訂。董事認為,於綜合財務報表內確認的按攤銷成本入賬之財務資產及財務負債賬面值與其公允值相若。

### (d) 財務工具之公允值計量

本集團之其中一項財務資產於報告期末按公允值計量。下表載列財務工具之分析,其乃於初步確認後按公允值計量並根據可觀察公允值等級列入第一級至第三級。

		<b>Level 1</b> 第一級 RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>Level 2</b> 第二級 RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>Level 3</b> 第三級 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
As at 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日				
Recurring fair value measurements:	經常性公允值計量:				
Financial assets at FVTPL	按公允值計入損益之財務資產	3,821	-	_	3,821

There were no transfers between Levels 1 and 2 during both years. The fair value of the financial assets at FVTPL is from guoted bid prices in an active market.

於兩個年度,第一級與第二級之間並無轉撥。 按公允值計入損益之財務資產之公允值來自 於活躍市場所報買入值。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

# 41. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

### 41. 融資活動所產生負債之對賬

下表詳列本集團融資活動所產生負債之變動,包括現金及非現金變動。融資活動所產生負債指現金流已經或未來現金流將會於本集團綜合現金流量表分類為融資活動現金流量之負債。

		Lease liabilities 租賃負債 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Other borrowing 其他借款 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Amounts due to non- controlling interests 應付 非控制性權 益款項 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Amounts due to directors 應付董事 款項 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Amount due to a former director 應付一名 前任董事 款項 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Secured bank borrowings 有抵押 銀行借款 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Interest payable (included in other payables) 應付利息 (計入其他 應付款項) RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2022 and 1 January 2023 Financing cash flows Exchange differences Interest expenses	於二零二二年一月一日及 二零二三年一月一日 融資現金流量 匯兌差額 利息開支	1,242 (1,017) 107 17	8,150 - 694 -	98,250 7,500 - -	2,325 (1,535) (694)	14,589 (15,831) 1,242	8,020 3,487 677	51 (886) - 886	132,627 (8,282) 2,026 903
At 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023 Financing cash flows Exchange differences Interest expenses New lease entered	於二零二二年 十二月三十一日及 二零二三年一月一日 融資現金流量 匯兌差額 利息開支 訂立新租約	349 (1,220) (166) 177 3,021	8,844 20,774 376 -	105,750 9,748 - -	96 - - -	- - - -	12,184 (12,444) 260 -	51 (1,763) – 1,763	127,274 15,095 470 1,940 3,021
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年 十二月三十一日	2,161	29,994	115,498	96	-	_	51	147,800

### 42. EVENT AFTER REPORTING PERIOD

On 6 March 2024, the placing for an aggregate of 50,888,000 placing shares have been successfully placed at placing price of HK\$0.14 per placing share. Further details of the Incident are set out in the Company's announcements dated 6 March 2024.

### 42. 報告期後事件

於二零二四年三月六日,本公司成功按每股配售股份港幣0.14元之配售價配售合共50,888,000股配售股份。該事件之詳情載於本公司日期為二零二四年三月六日之公告。

## **Schedule of Properties**

### 物業概覽表

At 31 December 2023 於二零二三年十二月三十一日

### A. PROPERTIES IN THE PRC

### A. 位於中國之物業

Location	Usage	Area	Lease term	Group's interest	Stage of development & Classification	Date of Completion
地點	用途	面積	租賃期	本集團 應佔權益	開發階段及 分類	完工日期
Portion of Maoming Project, Zhanqian 7th Road, Yuehua East District, Maoming	Commercial	Gross floor area – approximately 4,000 sq. m.	Medium to long term	90%	Completed, investment properties	2016
茂名市站前七路 粤華東小區 茂名項目之部分	商業	總建築面積- 約4,000平方米	中期至長期	90%	已完工, 投資物業	二零一六年
Zhanqian 7th Road, Yuehua East District, Maoming	Commercial and residential complex	Gross floor area – approximately* 245,000 sq. m.	Medium to long term	90%	Completed, properties held for sale	2016/2018
茂名市站前七路 粵華東小區	商業及住宅綜合體	總建築面積一 約*245,000平方 米	中期至長期	90%	已完工,持作出 售物業	二零一六年/ 二零一八年
JIXIANG-23, Jixiang District, Maoming	Commercial and residential complex	Gross floor area – approximately* 118,000 sq. m.	Medium to long term	65%	Under- development	N/A
茂名市吉祥小區JIXIANG-23	商業及住宅綜合體	總建築面積一 約*118,000平方 米	中期至長期	65%	開發中	不適用

<sup>\*</sup> Including sold and unsold portion.

### B. PROPERTIES IN HONG KONG

### B. 位於香港之物業

Location	Usage	Approximate saleable area	Lease term	Group's interest 本集團
地點	用途	概約可出售面積	租賃期	應佔權益
Suite 1501, 15th Floor, Tower 1, Silvercord, 30 Canton Road, Tsimshatsui, Kowloon.	Office premises – Own use	242 sq.m.	Medium	100%
九龍尖沙咀廣東道30號新港中心一期15樓1501室	寫字樓物業-自用	242平方米	中期	100%

<sup>\*</sup> 包括已售及未售部分。



China Uptown Group Company Limited 中國上城集團有限公司