

萬城控股有限公司 Million Cities Holdings Limited

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

Stock code 股份代號: 2892





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CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Wong Ting Chung BBS, JP (Chairman)

Mr. Lau Ka Keung BBS, MH, JP (Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Li Wa Tat, Benedict

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Ip Shu Kwan, Stephen GBS, JP

Mr. Li Yinguan

Mr. Chan Hiu Fung, Nicholas MH, JP

BOARD COMMITTEES

Audit Committee

Mr. Li Yinquan (Chairman)

Mr. Ip Shu Kwan, Stephen GBS, JP

Mr. Chan Hiu Fung, Nicholas MH, JP

Remuneration Committee

Mr. Chan Hiu Fung, Nicholas MH, JP (Chairman)

Mr. Wong Ting Chung BBS, JP

Mr. Lau Ka Keung BBS, MH, JP

Mr. Li Yinguan

Mr. Ip Shu Kwan, Stephen GBS, JP

Nomination Committee

Mr. Ip Shu Kwan, Stephen GBS, JP (Chairman)

Mr. Wong Ting Chung BBS, JP

Mr. Lau Ka Keung BBS, MH, JP

Mr. Li Yinguan

Mr. Chan Hiu Fung, Nicholas MH, JP

Executive Committee

Mr. Lau Ka Keung BBS, MH, JP (Chairman)

Mr. Wong Ting Chung BBS, JP

Mr. Li Wa Tat, Benedict

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Li Wa Tat, Benedict

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Lau Ka Keung BBS, MH, JP

Mr. Li Wa Tat, Benedict

REGISTERED OFFICE IN THE CAYMAN ISLANDS

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive

P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman

KY1-1111, Cayman Islands

董事會

執行董事

王庭聰先生 BBS. JP(主席)

樓家強先生 BBS, MH, JP(行政總裁)

李華達先生

獨立非執行董事

葉澍堃先生 GBS. JP

李引泉先生

陳曉峰先生 MH, JP

董事委員會

審計委員會

李引泉先生(主席)

葉澍堃先生 GBS. JP

陳曉峰先生 MH. JP

薪酬委員會

陳曉峰先生 MH, JP(主席)

王庭聰先生 BBS, JP

樓家強先生 BBS, MH, JP

李引泉先生

葉澍堃先生 GBS. JP

提名委員會

葉澍堃先生 GBS. JP(主席)

王庭聰先生 BBS. JP

樓家強先生 BBS, MH, JP

李引泉先生

陳曉峰先生 MH. JP

執行委員會

樓家強先生 BBS, MH, JP(主席)

王庭聰先生 BBS, JP

李華達先生

公司秘書

李華達先生

授權代表

樓家強先生 BBS, MH, JP

李華達先生

開曼群島註冊辦事處

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive

P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman

KY1-1111, Cayman Islands

HEADQUARTER AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Unit D, 21/F., Block 1
Tai Ping Industrial Centre
57 Ting Kok Road,
Tai Po, New Territories,
Hong Kong

CAYMAN ISLANDS PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands

HONG KONG SHARE REGISTRAR

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Shops 1712–1716, 17th Floor Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wanchai, Hong Kong

AUDITOR

KPMG

Public Interest Entity Auditor registered in accordance with the Financial Reporting Council Ordinance 8/F., Prince's Building 10 Chater Road Central, Hong Kong

LEGAL ADVISER

Chiu & Partners 40/F, Jardine House 1 Connaught Place Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Hang Seng Bank Limited
The Bank of East Asia, Limited

STOCK CODE

2892

WEBSITE OF THE COMPANY

http://www.millioncities.com.cn

香港總部及 主要營業地點

香港 新界大埔 汀角路57號 太平工業中心 第一座21樓D室

開曼群島 主要股份過戶登記處

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands

香港證券登記處

香港中央證券登記有限公司香港灣仔皇后大道東183號合和中心17樓1712-1716號舖

核數師

畢馬威會計師事務所 於《財務匯報局條例》下的註冊公眾利益 實體核數師 香港中環 遮打道10號 太子大廈8樓

法律顧問

趙不渝 馬國強律師事務所香港 康樂廣場1號 怡和大廈40樓

主要往來銀行

恒生銀行有限公司 東亞銀行有限公司

股份代號

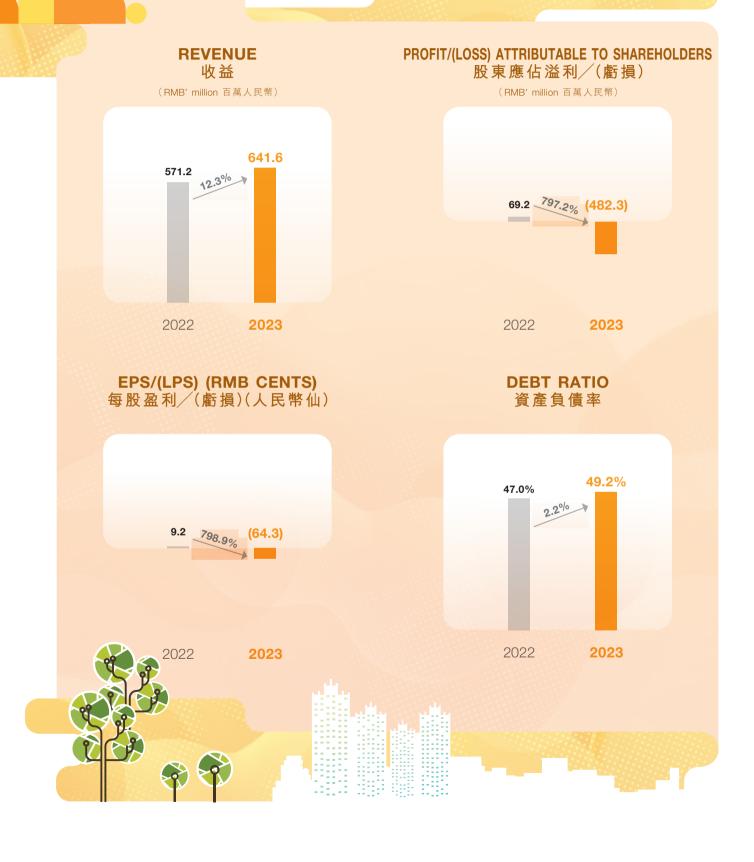
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本公司網站

http://www.millioncities.com.cn

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

財務摘要



CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告



Dear shareholders,

On behalf of the Board, I hereby present the annual report of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023.

MARKET REVIEW

In spite of the complicated international circumstances and domestic recovery difficulties during the year of 2023, China's central government continued to dedicate solid efforts to strengthen economic development and stimulate domestic demand through various effective measures. As a result, China's gross domestic product (GDP) demonstrated a stable growth rate by approximately 5.2% year-on-year.

致各位股東,

本人謹代表董事會呈報本集團截至2023年12 月31日止年度的年度報告。

市場回顧

儘管2023年度國際形勢複雜,國內復甦困難重重,但中國中央政府繼續堅持致力於通過各種有效措施加強經濟發展,刺激內部需求。因此,中國國民生產總值取得穩健的同比增長率約5.2%。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT (CONTINUED) 主席報告(續)

However, China's real estate industry is still in an adjustment cycle undergoing market downtrend and changes in market supply and demand dynamics. The recovery in confidence of the real estate industry is slow both in the buyer market and the capital market, leading to diminishing demand and potential liquidity risks respectively. In the year of 2023, the total sales area of commercial housing amounted to approximately 1.12 billion square meters, representing a decrease of approximately 17.7% as compared with the previous year. In terms of monetary value, the sales volume of commercial housing decreased by approximately 12.5% year-on-year to approximately RMB11.7 trillion. Besides, the total investment in the real estate sector in the year of 2023 amounted to approximately RMB11.1 trillion, representing a vear-on-vear decrease of approximately 16.6%. The statistical data illustrated that the sales and investment performance of real estate market continued to be weaken.

然而,中國房地產行業仍處於市場下行及市場供需動態變化的調整週期。房地產行業無論是於買方市場亦或是資本市場的信心恢復均較緩慢,分別導致行業面臨需求持續收縮及潛在資金流動性危機。2023年度已售商品房總面積約為11.2億平方米,較去年下降約17.7%。按貨幣價值計,商品房銷量同比下降約12.5%至約人民幣11.7萬億元。另外,2023年度房地產行業的總投資額約人民幣11.1萬億元,按年減少約16.6%。統計數據顯示房地產市場在銷售及投資上仍處於疲弱水平。

To ease the financial strain of the real estate sector, the People's Bank of China and the Administration of Financial Regulation jointly issued a notice in mid of 2023 to extend the applicable period for two of the "16 Supportive Financial Measures" to the end of December 2024, providing guidance to financial institutions to continue to extend the maturity of the existing loans of real estate enterprises and to increase the financial support for guaranteed delivery of housing. It aims at satisfying the industry's reasonable financing needs and creating a relatively favorable financial environment to resolve the industry risks in an orderly manner. Moreover, different regions implemented city-based policies to support reasonable demand for housing in order to proactively ensure project delivery, people's livelihood and stability. The Group expects that the real estate market will gradually return to normalized operation.

為緩解房地產行業財務壓力,中國人民銀行及金融監管總局於2023年中聯合發佈通知,將「金融16條」中兩項有適用期限的政策延長至2024年12月底,引導金融機構繼續對房企存之程融資展期,加大保交樓金融支持,滿足行業自理融資需求,為行業風險有序排清創造相對有利金融環境。此外,各地區因城施策,支持合理性住房需求,積極做好保交樓、保民生、保穩定的工作。本集團預期房地產市場將逐步回歸常態化運行。

BUSINESS REVIEW

The real estate industry has undergone profound changes but is still facing considerable challenges. The Group will focus its efforts in stabilizing operation, improving sales, capturing cash inflow, and controlling costs, so as to maintain business stability. As at the end of 2023, all the bank loans at subsidiaries level had been repaid in full.

In the year of 2023, through the adoption of precise marketing strategies and reasonable pricing, the Group was able to achieve satisfactory sales and collection of payment. During FY2023, the Group recorded a revenue of approximately RMB641.6 million, which was contributed mainly by Million Cities Legend Phase 3 in Huizhou, which was approximately 12.3% higher than that of last year. However, taking into account the impairment provisions for the properties at the subsidiaries and the associates companies, the Group recorded a significant loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company amounted to approximately RMB482.3 million for FY2023, as compared with the profit of approximately RMB69.2 million for FY2022.

For FY2023, the Group attained an aggregated contracted sales value of approximately RMB758.3 million with a total GFA of approximately 58,000 sq.m., which was mainly attributable to the sale of Million Cities Legend Phase 3 and the Jade Terrace in Huizhou.

業務回顧

房地產行業經歷深度調整,但仍面臨相當大的 挑戰。本集團將專注於穩定經營、提升銷售 額、獲取現金流入及控制成本,以保持業務穩 定。截至2023年底,所有附屬公司的銀行貸款 均已悉數償還。

本集團在2023年度通過採取精準的市場營銷策略及合理定價,取得良好的銷售,促進回款。本集團在2023財政年度的收入約人民幣6.416億元,主要來自惠州萬城名座三期的销售,相比去年銷售收入增加約12.3%。然而,計及對附屬公司及聯營公司物業的減值撥備後,本集團於2023財政年度錄得重大的本公司權益股東應佔虧損約為人民幣4.823億元,而2022財政年度則錄得溢利約為人民幣6,920萬元。

本集團於2023財政年度內,錄得合同銷售總值約人民幣7.583億元;銷售的總建築面積約58,000平方米,主要來自於惠州的萬城名座三期及玖璟台。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT (CONTINUED) 主席報告(續)

BUSINESS OUTLOOK

Central government continued to implement policies to promote the stable and healthy development of the real estate industry. In order to adapt to the new situation of changes in the relationship between supply and demand in the real estate market, real estate related policies are expected to be adjusted and optimized in a timely manner. With the easing of policies and economic recovery, the market is expected to pick up gradually with growth in both transaction volume and prices in future.

In addition, the Group will continue to identify and explore investment opportunities, including certain sustainable development projects, so as to create long-term value to the shareholders and investors of the Company.

未來前景及展望

中央政府繼續落實政策,促進房地產行業穩定 健康發展。為適應房地產市場供需關係變化的 新形勢,預計房地產相關政策將適時調整優 化。隨著政策寬鬆及經濟復甦,預計未來市場 將逐步回暖,交易量及價格亦將有所增長。

同時,本集團將繼續發掘及開拓潛在商機,包括探討一些可持續發展的項目投資機會,為股東及投資者創造長期價值。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT (CONTINUED) 主席報告(續)

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

On behalf of the Board, I hereby express my heartfelt gratitude to all Shareholders, investors, business partners, customers, and all related parties in the community for their trust and support, and our staff for their efforts and contributions to the Group's development.

致謝

本人藉此機會代表董事會對公司全體股東、投資者、合作夥伴、客戶及社會各界的信任和支持,以及各員工對本集團發展的努力和貢獻致以衷心的謝意。

Wong Ting Chung

Chairman

25th March 2024

王庭聰

主席

2024年3月25日

PROJECTS PORTFOLIO

項目概覽



惠

州



1

Sunshine New Court 陽光新苑

2

Million Cities International 萬城國際







Crown Grand Court 皇冠豪苑

Huizhou 惠州







Million Cities Legend 萬城名座





Dragon Terrace 玖龍台





Jade Terrace 玖璟台





Million Cities Royal Court* 萬城君匯花園*





Million Cities Tonghu Centre* 萬城潼湖中心*



二零二三年年報 • Annual Report 2023

TIANJIN • HENAN

天津

河

1

Million Cities Tycoon Place 萬城聚豪



Tianjin 天津

1 2

2

Legend Plaza 名座廣場



Henan 河南

2

3

Dragon Palace* 聚瓏灣*



*Renderings 效果圖



MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 管理層討論及分析

FINANCIAL REVIEW

財務回顧

		2023 2023年	2022 2022年		
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	%
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	%
Revenue	收入	641,634	571,183	70,451	12.3%
Cost of sales	銷售成本	(806,135)	(296,093)	510,042	172.3%
Gross (loss)/profit	毛(虧損)/利潤	(164,501)	275,090	(439,591)	(159.8)%
Valuation (losses)/gains on investment properties Change in fair value of financial	投資物業估值 (虧損)/收益 金融工具公平值變動	(37,030)	17,093	(54,123)	(316.6)%
instruments		27,944	_	27,944	100%
Other net income	其他收入淨額	21,289	6,458	14,831	229.7%
Selling expenses	銷售開支	(57,285)	(35,021)	22,264	63.6%
Administrative expenses	行政開支	(49,579)	(63,368)	(13,789)	(21.8)%
Other expenses	其他開支	(1,756)	(1,410)	346	24.5%
(Loss)/profit from operations	經營(虧損)/溢利	(260,918)	198,842	(459,760)	(231.2)%
Finance costs	融資成本應佔聯營公司	(6,363)	(4,622)	1,741	37.7%
Share of profits less losses of associates	溢利減虧損	(258,965)	42,835	(301,800)	(704.6)%
(Loss)/profit before taxation	除税前(虧損)/溢利	(526,246)	237,055	(763,301)	(322.0)%
Income tax	所得税	(80,987)	(122,615)	(41,628)	(34.0)%
(Loss)/profit for the year	年內(虧損)/溢利	(607,233)	114,440	(721,673)	(630.6)%
(Loss)/profit for the year attributable to equity shareholders of the Company	本公司權益股東應佔 年內(虧損)/溢利	(482,278)	69,178	(551,456)	(797.2)%

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

管理層討論及分析(續)

Revenue

The Group's revenue mainly represented income from the sale of properties and gross rentals from properties earned during the year, net of sales related taxes and discounts allowed.

Revenue from sale of properties has constituted, and is expected to continue to constitute, a majority of the Group's total revenue.

Impairment

Affected by macroeconomic environment of Chinese Mainland, in particular the real estate industry, a significant amount of impairment was recorded for (i) properties held for development, properties under development and completed properties of the Group; (ii) investment properties of the Group; and (iii) properties of the Group's associates.

Such impairment was made since there was a significant drop in the fair value of all the above mentioned properties that are located in Chinese Mainland. The values of these properties are determined by Market Approach with reference to recent sales price of comparable properties on a price per square meter basis, adjusted for a premium or a discount specific to the location, property size and age of the Group's properties compared to the recent sales. Market Approach is universally considered as the most accepted valuation approach for valuing most forms of property. This involves the analysis of recent market evidence of similar properties to compare with the subject under valuation. Each comparable is analysed on the basis of its unit rate; each attribute of the comparables is then compared with the subject and where there are any differences, the unit rate is adjusted in order to arrive at the appropriate unit rate for the subject. This is done by making percentage adjustments to the unit rate for various factors, such as time, location, building age, building guality and so on. Same valuation method was used in FY2022.

收入

本集團的收入主要指年內取得的物業銷售收入及物業租金總額,已扣除銷售相關稅項及所給予折扣。

銷售物業所得收入一向及預計會繼續佔本集 團總收入的重大部分。

減值

受到中國大陸的宏觀經濟環境影響,特別是房地產行業,導致(i)本集團持作發展的物業、建設中及已竣工的物業:(ii)本集團的投資性物業;及(iii)本集團聯營公司的物業之估值錄得大幅減值。

作出該等減值是由於上述所有位於中國大陸 的物業的公平值大幅下跌。該等物業價值乃參 考可資比較物業的近期銷售價格(按每平方米 價格計算)使用市場方法釐定,並已對比近期 銷售就本集團物業的位置、物業大小及樓齡特 點作出溢價或折讓調整。市場方法被普遍認為 是對大多不同物業進行估值的最接受的評估 方法。這涉及對近期類似屬性的市場證據進行 分析,以便與估值對象進行比較。每一個可比 較物業都是根據其單價進行分析的;然後將可 比較物業的每個屬性與被比較物業進行比較, 如果有任何差異,則調整單價,以便為被比較 物業得出適當的單價。這是通過對各種因素 (如時間、地點、建築年齡、建築質量等)的單 價進行百分比調整來實現的。本集團維持使用 與2022財政年度相同的估值方法。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) 管理層討論及分析(續)

As there was no change in bases and assumptions of inputs, and valuation methodology, the significant amount of impairment being recorded for valuation in FY2023 was primarily driven by the drop in the prices per square meter basis, which was caused by various economic and market factors. The unit prices in the localities of the Group's properties witnessed a general decrease over FY2023 due to the recent property market slump and economic downturn and thus the properties are subject to relatively material discounts in realising the market values as at the valuation date amid the latest market sentiments, and potential purchasers of properties similar to the Group's properties are sceptical and uncertain about the near-term situation of the economy, thus delaying their decisions on purchases, resulting in selling velocities in such localities being decreased significantly.

由於投入的基礎和假設以及估值方法沒有變化,因此在2023財政年度的估值中錄得大幅減值主要是由各種經濟及市場因素導致的每單方米單價下降所致。本集團物業所在地的單單在2023財政年度普遍下降,原因如:近期房地產市場低迷和經濟低迷,因此在最新的市場問緒下,物業在估值日實現市場價值時面臨相對重大的折扣,而與本集團物業類似的物業的實際對近期經濟形勢持保守及不確定態度,因此推遲了他們的購買決定,導致這些地區的銷售速度大幅下降。

Property development

(i) Contracted sales

Total properties contracted sales (based on GFA of sales consent), including sale of properties by the associates of the Group, amounted to approximately RMB758.3 million, representing a GFA of approximately 58,000 sq.m. sold for the year ended 31 December 2023.

(ii) Land bank

As at 31 December 2023, the total GFA of the Group's land bank was approximately 1,321,119 sq.m., out of which (i) approximately 390,541 sq.m. GFA was unsold completed properties projects; (ii) approximately 95,209 sq.m. GFA was unsold and under construction; and (iii) approximately 835,369 sq.m. GFA was reserved for future development.

物業發展

(i) 合約銷售

截至2023年12月31日止年度,物業合約銷售總額(按銷售認購書的建築面積計)包括本集團聯營公司物業銷售額,約為人民幣7.583億元,已售建築面積約58,000平方米。

(ii) 土地儲備

2023年12月31日,本集團土地儲備總建築面積約為1,321,119平方米,其中(i)已竣工物業項目的未售建築面積約為390,541平方米:(ii)未售及在建的建築面積約為95,209平方米:及(iii)留作未來發展的建築面積約為835,369平方米。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

管理層討論及分析(續)

The following table sets out a summary of the Group's properties held for future development sorted by development projects as at 31 December 2023:

下表載列本集團於2023年12月31日按發展項目 劃分的持作日後發展的物業概要:

No.	Project	Location	Site area	Planned GFA	Ownership interest of the Group as at 31 December 2023 於2023年 12月31日 的本集團	Туре	Estimated completion date
編號	項目	地點	地盤面積 (sq.m.) (平方米)	規劃建築面積 (sq.m.) (平方米)	第有權權益 (%) (%)	類別	估計竣工日期
	nt projects held for future development 展的發展項目						
1	Million Cities International Phases 4 and 5	Baiyunkeng, Danshui, Huiyang District, Huizhou, Guangdong Province, the PRC	61,614	184,842	100	Residential and commercial	TBC
	萬城國際四期及五期	中國廣東省惠州市惠陽區淡水白雲坑				住宅及商業	待定
2	Million Cities Royal Court	Baiyunkeng, Danshui, Huiyang District, Huizhou, Guangdong Province, the PRC	47,679	143,037	54.5	Residential and commercial	2026
	萬城君匯花園	中國廣東省惠州市惠陽區淡水白雲坑				住宅及商業	2026年
3	Million Cities Tonghu Centre	Tonghu Ecological Intelligent Zone, Gaoxin District, Zhongkai, Huizhou, Guangdong Province, the PRC	55,596	300,000	50	Commercial	2026
	萬城潼湖中心	中國廣東省惠州仲愷高新區潼湖生態智慧區				商業	2026年
4	Dragon Palace Phase 2 Section VI & VII	South of Hexing Road, Suiping County, Zhumadian, Henan Province, the PRC	57,447	86,170	30	Residential and commercial	TBC
	聚瓏灣二期 第六及第七標段	中國河南省駐馬店遂平縣和幸路南				住宅及商業	待定
5	Dragon Palace Phase 3	South of Hexing Road, Suiping County, Zhumadian, Henan Province, the PRC	66,676	121,320	30	Commercial	TBC
	聚瓏灣三期	中國河南省駐馬店遂平縣和幸路南				商業	待定
Sub-total 小計	•		289,012	835,369			

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) 管理層討論及分析(續)

The following table sets out a summary of the Group's 下表載列本集團於2023年12月31日按發展項目 properties under development sorted by development projects 劃分的建設中物業概要: as at 31 December 2023:

No.	Project	Location	Site area	GFA under	Ownership interest of the Group as at 31 December 2023 於2023年 12月31日	Туре	Estimated completion date
編號	項目	地點	地盤面積	發展中未售 建築面積	的本集團 擁有權權益	類別	估計竣工日期
sola ma			(sq.m.) (平方米)	(sq.m.) (平方米)	(%)		10.01 25 = 0.70
發展中的			00.570	05.000	00	B :1 "1	И. 2004
6	Dragon Palace Phase 2 Section IV & V 聚瓏灣二期 第四及第五標段	South of Hexing Road, Suiping County, Zhumadian, Henan Province, the PRC 中國河南省駐馬店遂平縣和幸路南	63,576	95,209	30	Residential 住宅	May 2024 to October 2024 2024年5月至 2024年10月
Sub-total 小計			63,576	95,209			

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

管理層討論及分析(續)

The following table sets out a summary of the Group's 下表載列本集團於2023年12月31日已竣工的發 completed development projects as at 31 December 2023: 展項目的概要:

Ownership interest

					Ownership interest	
					of the Group as at	
No.	Project	Location	Site area	GFA unsold	31 December 2023 於2023年12月31日的	Туре
編號	項目	地點	地盤面積	未售建築面積	本集團擁有權權益	類別
			(sq.m.)	(sq.m.)	(%)	
			(平方米)	(平方米)	(%)	
Comple	ted development projects	•				
已竣工的	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
7	Jade Terrace Phase 1	No. 181 Xingfa Road, Tongqiao Town, Gaoxin	38,167	39,514	30	Residential and
	and Phase 2	District, Zhongkai, Huizhou, Guangdong				commercial
		Province, the PRC				
	玖璟台一至二期	中國廣東省惠州仲愷高新區潼僑鎮興發大道181號				住宅及商業
8	Dragon Palace Phase 1	South of Hexing Road, Suiping County,	24,268	5,386	30	Residential
	Section III	Zhumadian, Henan Province, the PRC				
	聚瓏灣一期第三標段	中國河南省駐馬店遂平縣和幸路南				住宅
9	Million Cities Tycoon	Jiahe Road South, Xiazhuzhuang Street, Wuqing	46,462	7,234	55	Residential
	Place Phase 3	District, Tianjin, the PRC				
	萬城聚豪三期	中國天津市武清區下朱莊街嘉河道南				住宅
10	Million Cities Tycoon	Jiahe Road South, Xiazhuzhuang Street, Wuqing	28,612	7,743	55	Residential
	Place Phase 4	District, Tianjin, the PRC				
	萬城聚豪四期	中國天津市武清區下朱莊街嘉河道南				住宅
11	Million Cities	Baiyunkeng, Danshui, Huiyang District, Huizhou,	50,571	25,876	100	Residential and
	International	Guangdong Province, the PRC				commercial
	Phases 1 to 3					
	萬城國際一至三期	中國廣東省惠州市惠陽區淡水白雲坑				住宅及商業
12	Million Cities Legend	Baiyunkeng, Danshui, Huiyang District, Huizhou,	89,899	21,713	54.5	Residential and
	Phases 1 to 3	Guangdong Province, the PRC				commercial
	萬城名座一至三期	中國廣東省惠州市惠陽區淡水白雲坑				住宅及商業
13	Sunshine New Court	Renmin South 4th Road, Shuikou Town, Huicheng	32,109	13,471	95.39	Residential and
	Phases 1 and 2	District, Huizhou, Guangdong Province,				commercial
		the PRC				
	陽光新苑一期及二期	中國廣東省惠州市惠城區水口街道				住宅及商業
		人民南四路				
14	Million Cities Tycoon	Jiahe Road South, Xiazhuzhuang Street, Wuqing	84,808	14,012	55	Residential
	Places 1 and 2	District, Tianjin, the PRC				
	萬城聚豪一期及二期	中國天津市武清區下朱莊街嘉河道南				住宅
15	Crown Grand Court	No. 8 Hesheng Road, Shuikou Town, Huicheng	43,929	9,464	100	Residential and
		District, Huizhou, Guangdong Province, the				commercial
	△ □ → #	PRC				()
	皇冠豪苑	中國廣東省惠州市惠城區水口街道				住宅及商業

合生大道8號

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) 管理層討論及分析(續)

The following table sets out a summary of the Group's 下表載列本集團於2023年12月31日已竣工的發 completed development projects as at 31 December 2023: 展項目的概要:(續) (Continued)

					Ownership interest of the Group as at	
No.	Project	Location	Site area	GFA unsold	31 December 2023 於2023年12月31日的	
編號	項目	地點	地盤面積	未售建築面積	本集團擁有權權益	類別
			(sq.m.) (平方米)	(sq.m.) (平方米)	(%)	
	eted development projects 的發展項目(續)	(Continued)				
16	Dragon Terrace Phase 1 and Phase 2	No. 188 Xingfa Road, Tonghu Ecological Intelligent Zone, Gaoxin District, Zhongkai, Huizhou, Guangdong Province, the PRC	94,891	121,483	50	Residential and commercial
	玖龍台一期及二期	中國廣東省惠州仲愷高新區潼湖生態智慧區興發 大道188號				住宅及商業
17	Dragon Palace Phase 1 Section I	South of Hexing Road, Suiping County, Zhumadian, Henan Province, the PRC	65,166	24,202	30	Residential
	聚瓏灣一期第一標段	中國河南省駐馬店遂平縣和幸路南				住宅
18	Dragon Palace Phase 1 Section II	South of Hexing Road, Suiping County, Zhumadian, Henan Province, the PRC	54,284	13,792	30	Residential
	聚瓏灣一期第二標段	中國河南省駐馬店遂平縣和幸路南				住宅
19	Legend Plaza	Jiahe Road South, Xiazhuzhuang Street, Wuqing District, Tianjin, the PRC	39,756	86,651	55	Commercial
	名座廣場	中國天津市武清區下朱莊街嘉河道南				商業
Sub-tot	ial.		600,000	200 544		
Sub-tot 小計	idi .		692,922	390,541	,	
Total 總計			1,045,510	1,321,119		

管理層討論及分析(續)

The following table sets out a summary of the Group's 下表載列本集團於2023年12月31日投資物業的 investment properties as at 31 December 2023: 概要:

No. 編號	Address 地址	Description and tenure 概況及年期	Particulars of occupancy 佔用詳情
23	A portion of a composite development, namely Yuehu Ju, located at No. 39 Xiajiao East Road, Huicheng District, Huizhou, Guangdong Province, the PRC	The property comprises a portion of a retail development with a total gross floor area of approximately 1,678.17 sq.m.	The property was completed in about November 2005 and is currently available for leasing.
	中國廣東省惠州惠城區下角東路	The land use rights of the subject site were granted for a term expiring on 4 March 2074 for composite residential use. 該物業包括總建築面積約	該物業已於2005年11月前後竣
	39號綜合發展項目悦湖居的一部分	1,678.17平方米的零售發展部分。	工,目前可供租賃。
		相關地盤的土地使用權已獲授, 於2074年3月4日屆滿,作綜合住 宅用途。	
24	A portion of a commercial development, namely Port Vehicle Inspection Yard Office Building, located at Huifeng 2nd Road, Huicheng District, Huizhou,	The property comprises a portion of a commercial development with a total gross floor area of approximately 443.99 sq.m.	
	Guangdong Province, the PRC	The land use rights of the subject site were granted for a term expiring on 1 November 2042 for commercial use.	
	中國廣東省惠州惠城區惠風二路 商業發展項目碼頭汽車檢驗場辦 公大樓的一部分	該物業包括總建築面積約443.99 平方米的商業發展部分。	該物業已於2006年9月前後竣工,目前可供零售及辦公室租賃。
	- · / \ \ / \ \ Ar / /	相關地盤的土地使用權已獲授, 於2042年11月1日屆滿,作商業用 途。	

The following table sets out a summary of the Group's 下表載列本集團於2023年12月31日投資物業的 investment properties as at 31 December 2023: (Continued)

概要:(續)

No. 編號	Address 地址	Description and tenure 概況及年期	Particulars of occupancy 佔用詳情
25	A portion of Unit A2001, Million Cities International located at Baiyunkeng, Huiyang District, Huizhou, Guangdong Province, The PRC	The property comprises a portion of a commercial development with a total gross floor area of approximately 1,637.84 sq.m.	
		The land use rights of the subject site were granted for a term expiring on 11 January 2048 for commercial use and expiring on 10 January 2078 for residential use.	
	中國廣東省惠州市惠陽區白雲坑 萬城A2001號商舖的一部分	該物業包括總建築面積約 1,637.84平方米的商業發展部分。	該物業已於2013年3月前後竣 工,目前可供租賃。
		相關地盤的土地使用權已獲授, 作商業用途的於2048年1月11日屆 滿,作住宅用途的於2078年1月10 日屆滿。	
26	Unit A2002, Million Cities International, located at Baiyunkeng, Huiyang District, Huizhou, Guangdong Province, The PRC	The property comprises a portion of a commercial development with a total gross floor area of approximately 1,765.61 sq.m.	
		The land use rights of the subject site were granted for a term expiring on 11 January 2048 for commercial use and expiring on 10 January 2078 for residential use.	
	中國廣東省惠州市惠陽區白雲坑 萬城A2002號商舖	該物業包括總建築面積約 1,765.61平方米的商業發展部分。	該物業已於2013年3月前後竣 工,目前可供租賃。
		相關地盤的土地使用權已獲授, 作商業用途的於2048年1月11日屆 滿,作住宅用途的於2078年1月10 日屆滿。	

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

管理層討論及分析(續)

The following table sets out a summary of the Group's 下表載列本集團於2023年12月31日投資物業的 investment properties as at 31 December 2023: *(Continued)* 概要: $(olimitsize{ ilde{m}})$

No. 編號	Address 地址	Description and tenure 概況及年期	Particulars of occupancy 佔用詳情
27	Unit 12 and Gate 1-101 on Podium level (Zone 5 & 15) of Block 11 of Legend Plaza, South of Jiahe Road, Xiazhuzhuang Street, Wuqing District, Tianjin	The property comprises a portion of a commercial development with a total gross floor area of approximately 3,069.12 sq.m.	
		The land use rights of the subject site were granted for a term expiring on 13 June 2053 for commercial use.	
	天津市武清區下朱莊街嘉河道南 側名座廣場一期11號樓底商12, 1 門-101租區5租區15	該物業包括總建築面積約 3,069.12平方米的商業發展部分。	該物業已於2023年7月前後竣 工,目前可供租賃。
		相關地盤的土地使用權已獲授, 作商業用途,於2053年6月13日屆 滿。	
28	Unit 2 on Podium level of Block 11 of Legend Plaza, South of Jiahe Road, Xiazhuzhuang Street, Wuqing District, Tianjin	The property comprises a portion of a commercial development with a total gross floor area of approximately 739.60 sq.m.	
	天津市武清區下朱莊街規劃嘉河	The land use rights of the subject site were granted for a term expiring on 13 June 2053 for commercial use. 該物業包括總建築面積約739.60	該物業已於2023年7月前後竣
	道南側名座廣場一期11號樓底商2 號商舖	平方米的商業發展部分。	工,目前可供租賃。
		相關地盤的土地使用權已獲授, 作商業用途,於2053年6月13日屆 滿。	

The following table sets out a summary of the Group's 下表載列本集團於2023年12月31日投資物業的 investment properties as at 31 December 2023: (Continued)

概要:(續)

No. 編號	Address 地址	Description and tenure 概況及年期	Particulars of occupancy 佔用詳情
29	Unit 16 and Unit 17 on Podium level of Block 11 of Legend Plaza, South of Jiahe Road, Xiazhuzhuang Street, Wuqing District, Tianjin	The property comprises a portion of a commercial development with a total gross floor area of approximately 203.86 sq.m.	
		The land use rights of the subject site were granted for a term expiring on 13 June 2053 for commercial use.	
	天津市武清區下朱莊街規劃嘉河 道南側名座廣場一期11號樓底商 16 和底商17號商舖	該物業包括總建築面積約203.86 平方米的商業發展部分。	該物業已於2023年7月前後竣工,目前可供租賃。
		相關地盤的土地使用權已獲授, 作商業用途,於2053年6月13日屆 滿。	
30	Unit 3 on Level 1 of Block 11 of Legend Plaza, South of Jiahe Road, Xiazhuzhuang Street, Wuqing District, Tianjin	The property comprises a portion of a commercial development with a total gross floor area of approximately 117.61 sq.m.	
		The land use rights of the subject site were granted for a term expiring on 13 June 2053 for commercial use.	
	天津市武清區下朱莊街規劃嘉河 道南側名座廣場一期11號樓1樓3 號商舖	該物業包括總建築面積約117.61 平方米的商業發展部分。	該物業已於2023年7月前後竣工,目前可供租賃。
		相關地盤的土地使用權已獲授, 作商業用途,於2053年6月13日屆 滿。	

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

管理層討論及分析(續)

The following table sets out a summary of the Group's 下表載列本集團於2023年12月31日投資物業的 investment properties as at 31 December 2023: *(Continued)* 概要: *(續)*

No. 編號	Address 地址	Description and tenure 概況及年期	Particulars of occupancy 佔用詳情
31	Unit 6 in Shopping Arcade of Block 11 on Level 1 of Legend Plaza, South of Jiahe Road, Xiazhuzhung Street, Wuqing District, Tianjin	The property comprises a portion of a commercial development with a total gross floor area of approximately 137.88 sq.m.	
	天津市武清區下朱莊街規劃嘉河 道南側名座廣場一期11號樓底商6	The land use rights of the subject site were granted for a term expiring on 13 June 2053 for commercial use. 該物業包括總建築面積約137.88 平方米的商業發展部分。	該物業已於2023年7月前後竣 工,目前可供租賃。
	號商舖	相關地盤的土地使用權已獲授, 作商業用途,於2053年6月13日屆 滿。	

(iii) Revenue

Revenue from sale of properties for FY2023 amounted to approximately RMB637.1 million, as compared with approximately RMB568.1 million reported for FY2022, representing an increase by approximately 12.1%. Revenue recognised for FY2023 was mainly contributed by Million Cities Legend Phase 3 in Huizhou which was mainly due to a major sales campaign during FY2023.

Rental income

Gross rental income from investment properties and inventories for FY2023 amounted to approximately RMB4.5 million as compared with approximately RMB3.1 million reported for FY2022, representing an increase by 46.5%. The increase in gross rental income was mainly due to the increase in rental income from the carparks and investment properties for FY2023.

Cost of sales

Cost of sales for FY2023 was approximately RMB806.1 million, as compared with approximately RMB296.1 million reported last year, representing an increase by approximately 172.3%. The increase in cost of sales was mainly due to (i) the increase in revenue from sale of properties; and (ii) certain inventories were written down for FY2023, amounted to approximately RMB475.1 million as compared with approximately RMB41.0 million for FY2022. For further details regarding the impairment, please refer to the paragraph headed "Impairment" above.

Gross loss

The gross loss for FY2023 was approximately RMB164.5 million, against the gross profit approximately RMB275.1 million reported last year representing a decrease by approximately RMB439.6 million. Gross loss recorded for FY2023 instead of a gross profit in FY2022 was mainly due to certain inventories of approximately RMB475.1 million were written down for FY2023 as compared with the same of approximately RMB41.0 million for FY2022. For further details regarding the impairment, please refer to the paragraph headed "Impairment" above.

(iii) 收入

2023財政年度,本集團銷售物業所得收入約人民幣6.371億元,較2022財政年度呈報的約人民幣5.681億元增加約12.1%。2023財政年度確認的收入主要來自惠州萬城名座三期,主要是由於2023財政年度的大型銷售活動。

租金收入

2023財政年度的投資物業及存貨的租金收入總額約為人民幣450萬元,較2022財政年度呈報的約人民幣310萬元增加46.5%。租金收入總額增加主要是由於2023財政年度停車場及投資物業的租金收入增加所致。

銷售成本

2023財政年度的銷售成本約為人民幣8.061億元,較去年呈報的約人民幣2.961億元增加約172.3%。銷售成本增加主要是由於(i)物業銷售收入增加;及(ii)2023財政年度若干存貨撇減,約為人民幣4.751億元,而2022財政年度約為人民幣4,100萬元所致。有關減值的進一步詳情,請參閱上文「減值」一段。

毛虧損

2023財政年度的毛虧損約為人民幣1.645億元,較去年呈報毛利約人民幣2.751億元減少約人民幣4.396億元。2023財政年度出現毛虧損而非2022財政年度的毛利主要是由於2023財政年度撇減若干存貨約人民幣4.751億元,而2022財政年度呈報的約為人民幣4,100萬元所致。有關減值的進一步詳情,請參閱上文「減值」一段。

Valuation losses on investment properties

Valuation losses for FY2023 was approximately RMB37.0 million against with valuation gain of approximately RMB17.1 million in FY2022. The decrease was mainly due to the market value of commercial shops located in Huiyang and Tianjin was dropped during FY2023.

Other net income

Other net income for FY2023 was approximately RMB21.3 million, as compared with approximately RMB6.5 million for FY2022, representing an increase by approximately 229.7%, which was mainly due to (i) increase in interest income; and (ii) gain being recorded for FY2023 from pervious disposals of associates. For further details, please refer to note 5 of "Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements".

Selling expenses

Selling expenses for FY2023 were approximately RMB57.3 million, as compared with approximately RMB35.0 million reported in FY2022, representing an increase by approximately 63.6%. The increase in selling expenses was mainly due to the increase in sales commission and the advertising fee for Million Cities Legend Phase 3.

Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses for FY2023 were approximately RMB49.6 million, as compared with approximately RMB63.4 million reported for FY2022, representing a decrease by approximately 21.8%. The decrease in administrative expenses was mainly due to (i) the cancellation of one of the projects, so no related costs had been incurred for such project during FY2023; (ii) reduction in professional fee; and (iii) reduction in entertainment expenses.

投資物業估值虧損

2023財政年度的估值虧損約為人民幣3,700萬元,2022財政年度估值收益約為人民幣1,710萬元。該減少主要是由於2023財政年度位於惠陽及天津的商業店舖市值下降所致。

其他收入淨額

2023財政年度的其他收入淨額約人民幣2,130萬元,較2022財政年度的約人民幣650萬元增加約229.7%,主要是由於(i)利息收入增加;及(ii)先前出售的聯營公司於2023財政年度錄得收益。詳情請參閱「綜合財務報表附註」附註5。

銷售開支

2023財政年度的銷售開支約為人民幣5,730萬元,較2022財政年度的約人民幣3,500萬元增加約63.6%。銷售開支增加主要是由於萬城名座三期的銷售佣金及廣告費用增加。

行政開支

2023財政年度的行政開支約為人民幣4,960萬元,相較2022財政年度呈報的約人民幣6,340萬元減少約21.8%。行政開支減少主要是由於(i)其中一個項目被取消,所以2023財政年度並無產生有關項目的任何相關成本:(ii)專業費用減少:及(iii)招待費開支減少。

Share of profits less losses of associates

Share of profits less losses of associates recorded a loss of approximately RMB259.0 million for FY2023, against a profit of approximately RMB42.8 million for FY2022. This was mainly due to (i) the gross profit recorded from the sale of Dragon Palace Phase 1 Section 3 in Henan Province and Jade Terrace in Huizhou was lower than that from the sale of Dragon Terrace Phase 2 in Huizhou in the same period last year; and (ii) certain inventories of approximately RMB274.2 million were written down for FY2023 as compared with the same of approximately RMB7.1 million for FY2022. For further details regarding the impairment, please refer to the paragraph headed "Impairment" above.

Finance costs

Finance costs for FY2023 were approximately RMB6.4 million, as compared with approximately RMB4.6 million for FY2022, representing an increase by approximately 37.7% due to the finance cost was recognised as expenses instead of being capitalised into inventories as a result of completion of Legend Plaza in Tianjin, offset against by repayment of bank loans durina FY2023.

Income tax

For FY2023, income tax was approximately RMB81.0 million, representing a decrease by approximately RMB41.6 million, as compared with income tax of approximately RMB122.6 million for FY2022, due to a decrease in LAT tax driven by a reduction in operating profit as a result of a price reduction promotion in the second half of FY2023, offset against by the reversal of deferred tax assets.

應佔聯營公司溢利減虧損

2023財政年度,應佔聯營公司溢利減虧損錄得 虧損約為人民幣2.590億元,而2022財政年度 則錄得溢利約人民幣4,280萬元,主要是由於(i) 河南省聚瓏灣一期第三標段及惠州玖璟台銷 售相比去年同期惠州玖龍台二期銷售所錄得 的毛利較少;及(ii)2023財政年度撇減若干存貨 約人民幣2.742億元,而2022財政年度呈報的 約為人民幣710萬元。有關減值的進一步詳 情,請參閱上文[減值]一段。

融資成本

2023財政年度的融資成本約為人民幣640萬 元,較2022財政年度的約人民幣460萬元增加 約37.7%,是由於天津名座廣場竣工後,融資 成本確認為開支,而非資本化為存貨,卻被 2023財政年度償還銀行貸款所抵銷。

所得税

2023財政年度的所得税約為人民幣8.100萬 元,較2022財政年度的所得税約人民幣1.226 億元下降約人民幣4,160萬元,原因為在2023 財政年度下半年減價促銷,令經營溢利減少, 帶動土地增值稅下降,但被遞延稅項資產沖回 所抵銷。

Loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders of the Company

Loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders of the Company for FY2023 was approximately RMB482.3 million, representing a decrease of approximately RMB551.5 million or approximately 797.2%, as compared with that of FY2022. Such decrease was mainly affected by macroeconomic environment of Chinese Mainland, in particular the real estate industry, resulting in significant amount of impairment being recorded for valuation of (i) properties held for development, properties under development and completed properties of the Group; (ii) investment properties of the Group; and (iii) properties of the Group's associates. Thus, the Group recorded (i) gross loss for FY2023,instead of gross profit for FY2022; (ii) share of losses of associates for FY2023 instead of share of profits of associates for FY2022; and (iii) valuation loss on investment properties for FY2023 against valuation gain on investment properties for FY2022.

OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Liquidity and financial resources

For FY2023, the Group's cash and cash equivalents were mainly used in the Group's business operations, to service the Group's indebtedness and to fund the Group's working capital. The Group financed its funding requirements mainly through a combination of cash generated from operating activities and borrowings. The Group's gearing ratio as at 31 December 2023 was Nil%, as compared with approximately 10.9% as at 31 December 2022. Such decrease was mainly due to the repayment of all outstanding bank loans during FY2023.

The gearing ratio is calculated as interest bearing bank loans divided by equity.

As at 31 December 2023, the Group's cash and cash equivalents, amounting to approximately RMB363.3 million, were mainly denominated in Hong Kong dollars (HK\$) (19.8%), RMB(80.1% and USD0.1%).

本公司權益股東應佔年內虧損

2023財政年度,本公司權益股東應佔年內虧損約為人民幣4.823億元,較2022財政年度減少約人民幣5.515億元或約797.2%。該減少乃主要受到中國大陸的宏觀經濟環境影響,特別是房地產行業,導致(i)本集團持作發展的物業:及(ii)本集團聯營公司的物業之估值錄得大幅減值。因此本集團錄得(i)於2023財政年度錄得毛虧損,而非錄得2022財政年度的毛利;(ii)於2023財政年度錄得應佔聯營公司虧損,而非錄得2022財政年度的應佔聯營公司溢利:及(iii)投資性物業的估值由2022財政年度的估值收益轉為2023財政年度的虧損。

其他財務資料

流動資金及資金來源

2023財政年度,本集團的現金及現金等價物主要用作本集團的業務營運、償還債務及撥付營運資金。本集團主要通過經營活動所得現金及借款應付資金需求。本集團於2023年12月31日的負債比率為零%,而2022年12月31日約為10.9%。該減少主要是由於2023財政年度償還所有未償清銀行貸款所致。

負債比率等於計息銀行貸款除以權益。

於2023年12月31日,本集團的現金及現金等價物約人民幣3.633億元,主要以港元(19.8%),人民幣(80.1%及美元0.1%)計值。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

管理層討論及分析(續)

As at 31 December 2023, the Group's repaid all bank loans:

於2023年12月31日,本集團償清所有銀行貸 款:

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Within one year	一年內	_	38,400
After one year but within two years	一年後但兩年內	_	120,000
		_	158,400

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's management has adopted certain policies on financial risk management with the objective of: (i) ensuring appropriate funding strategies are adopted to meet the Group's short term and long term funding requirements taking into consideration of the cost of funding, gearing ratios and cash flow projections of the Group; and (ii) ensuring appropriate strategies are also adopted to minimise the interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

Foreign currency risk

The Group mainly operates in Hong Kong and the Chinese Mainland with majority of the transactions settled in HK\$ and RMB. Foreign currency risk arises when future business transactions or recognised assets or liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the entity's functional currency. The Directors consider that the Group's foreign currency risk exposure is minimal since all of the sales, assets and liabilities are denominated in RMB and only a small portion of operating expenses are denominated in HK\$.

金融風險管理目標及政策

本集團的管理層已採用有關金融風險管理的 若干政策,以(i)確保採用適當的資金策略應對 本集團的短期及長期資金需求(衡量本集團的 資金成本、負債比率及現金流量預測);及(ii) 確保採用適當的策略減少利率風險、信貸風險 及流動資金風險。

外匯風險

本集團主要在香港及中國大陸營運,大部分交 易以港元及人民幣結算。當未來業務交易或已 確認資產或負債以非實體功能貨幣計值時,將 面臨外匯風險。董事認為,由於所有銷售、資 產及負債均以人民幣計值,只有少部分營運開 支以港元計值,故本集團的外匯風險較小。

Interest rate risk

The Group repaid all bank loans during FY2023. Thus, the interest rate risk was immaterial. As at the end of FY2023, the Group's interest rate risk only arose from cash at bank. Cash at bank issued at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. The Group did not enter into any financial instruments to hedge against interest rate risk for FY2023 but the Board will continue to closely monitor the Group's cashflow situation in order to manage the Group's interest rate risk exposure.

Credit risk

As of 31 December 2023, no material trade debtors of the Group were past due. The Group normally receives full payment from buyers before the delivery of the property. For mortgage sales without full settlement, the Group would not deliver the property to the customers unless it obtains confirmation from the banks providing mortgage that the respective mortgages have been approved. In addition, the Group would not transfer titles of the properties to customers until full amount of sale proceeds are received. Accordingly, the Group is of the view that the expected irrecoverable trade debtors were immaterial. Thus, no bad debt provision for trade debtors was recognised during FY2023.

As at 31 December 2023, all the Group's bank balances and deposits were held with major financial institutions in Hong Kong and the Chinese Mainland which the Directors believe are of high credit quality. The Directors do not expect any losses arising from the non-performance by these financial institutions.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Group's policy is to regularly monitor its liquidity requirements and its compliance with lending covenants, to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and long terms. The Group has not experienced and does not expect to experience any difficulties in meeting credit obligations when they fall due.

利率風險

本集團於2023財政年度償清了所有銀行貸款。因此,利率風險很低。截至2023財政年度末,本集團的利率風險只源於銀行現金。按浮動利率授出的銀行現金,使本集團承受現金流利率風險。截至2023財政年度,本集團並無使用金融工具對沖利率風險,惟董事會將繼續密切監察本集團的現金流狀況以管理本集團的利率風險。

信貸風險

於2023年12月31日,本集團並無重大的逾期應收賬款。本集團一般於移交物業前向買方收取全數款項。就尚未悉數結付的按揭銷售而確認有關按揭已獲批准,否則本集團將不會交付物業予客戶。此外,本集團僅於收到全數銷售所得款項後,方會將物業業權移交客戶。因此外,本集團認為預計無法收回應收賬款的機會很低,而截至2023財政年度並無就應收賬款確認壞賬撥備。

於2023年12月31日,本集團的所有銀行結餘及 存款均存置於董事認為具有高信貸質素的香 港及中國大陸主要金融機構。董事預期不會因 此等金融機構不履約而產生任何損失。

流動資金風險

流動資金風險乃本集團在履行與金融負債相關的責任時會遇到困難的風險。本集團的政策是定期監察流動資金需求以及是否符合借款契約規定,確保維持充裕的現金儲備,同時獲得主要金融機構承諾提供足夠的備用資金,以應付長短期流動資金需求。本集團未曾且預期不會在履行到期的信貸責任時遇到任何困難。

Capital expenditures

The Group incurred capital expenditures of approximately RMB1.9 million for FY2023 which were mainly related to the addition of motor vehicles, electronic and other equipment. These capital expenditures were fully financed by internal resources.

Capital commitments

The Group's capital commitments as at 31 December 2023 amounted to approximately RMB4.5 million (31 December 2022: RMB4.5 million) which were mainly related to development costs for the Group's properties under development.

Charge on assets

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had no inventories (31 December 2022: RMB381.1 million) being pledged to banks to secure certain banking facilities granted to the Group.

Contingent liabilities

During FY2023, the Group has issued guarantees to banks to secure the mortgage arrangements of certain property buyers. The outstanding guarantees to the banks, amounted to approximately RMB373.8 million as at 31 December 2023 (31 December 2022: RMB597.7 million), will be terminated upon completion of transferring the legal title of the properties to the property buyers. The Directors consider loss arising from these guarantees as a result of default payment by customers to be insignificant, as the banks have the rights to sell the properties and recover the outstanding loan balance from sale proceeds.

The Group has not recognised any deferred income in respect of these guarantees as their fair values are considered to be insignificant.

資本開支

2023財政年度,本集團資本開支約人民幣190 萬元,主要用於添置汽車、電子及其他設備, 全數由內部資源撥付。

資本承擔

於2023年12月31日,本集團的資本承擔約為人民幣450萬元(2022年12月31日:人民幣450萬元),主要與本集團建設中物業的開發成本有關。

省 產 抵 押

於2023年12月31日,本集團並無(2022年12月 31日:人民幣3.811億元)存貨已就本集團獲授 的若干銀行融資而抵押予銀行。

或然負債

於2023財政年度,本集團就若干買家按揭貸款購置物業向銀行提供擔保。於2023年12月31日,未了結銀行擔保約為人民幣3.738億元(2022年12月31日:人民幣5.977億元),有關擔保將於物業法定業權轉讓予買家後終止。董事認為,本集團不會因買家拖欠款項而蒙受重大損失,原因是銀行有權出售物業,以出售所得款項抵償未償還貸款結餘。

本集團尚未就該等擔保確認任何遞延收入,因 為其公平值並不重大。

Significant investments, acquisitions and disposals

During FY2023, the Company did not have any significant investments, acquisitions and disposals.

Non-adjusting events after the reporting period

Subsequent to the end of the reporting period, Logan Junhong has defaulted the repayment of bank loan of RMB77,000,000. Despite Logan Junhong has been communicating with the bank for an extension of the bank loan, there will be possibility that the Group might need to assume the responsibility of the counter-guarantee and repay Logan Junhong's bank loan amounting to RMB23,100,000 plus any interests and penalties that might arise. For details of the counter-guarantee provided by the Group to Logan Junhong, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 10 May 2021.

Operating segment information

The Group's revenue and results for FY2023 were mainly derived from property development. Performance assessment is based on the results of the Group as a whole. Therefore, management of the Group considers there is only one operating segment.

The geographic information is disclosed in a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the Group's chief operating decision maker for allocation of resources and performance assessment.

Human resources and emolument policy

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had a total of 60 (2022: 130) full-time employees in the PRC and Hong Kong. For FY2023, the total staff costs, including the directors' emoluments, amounted to approximately RMB31.0 million (2022: RMB41.8 million), of which approximately RMB6.4 million (31 December 2022: RMB13.5 million) were capitalised into inventories.

The Group's emolument policies are formulated based on the performance and experience of individual employee and are in line with the salary trends in Hong Kong and the PRC. Other employee benefits include performance-linked bonuses, insurance and medical coverage and share options.

重大投資、收購及出售

2023財政年度,本集團並無任何重大投資、收購及出售。

報告期後的非調整事項

於報告期末後,龍光駿宏拖欠銀行貸款人民幣77,000,000元。儘管龍光駿宏一直在與銀行溝通將銀行貸款延期,但本集團仍可能須承擔反擔保責任及償還龍光駿宏的銀行貸款人民幣23,100,000元加可能產生的任何利息及罰款。有關本集團提供給龍光駿宏的反擔保詳情,請參閱本公司於2021年5月10日的公告。

經營分部資料

本集團2023財政年度的收入及業績主要來自物業開發。績效評估乃基於本集團整體業績。因此,本集團管理層認為僅有一個經營分部。

地理信息的披露方式,與本集團為分配資源及 評估績效向主要經營決策者作內部信息報告 的方式相同。

人力資源及薪酬政策

於2023年12月31日,本集團於中國及香港僱用 合共60名全職僱員(2022年:130名)。2023財 政年度,員工成本總額(包括董事酬金)約為人 民幣3,100萬元(2022年:人民幣4,180萬元)。 其中約人民幣640萬元(2022年12月31日:人民 幣1,350萬元)已資本化為存貨。

本集團的薪酬政策乃根據個別僱員的表現及 經驗而制訂,並符合香港及中國的薪金趨勢。 其他僱員福利包括表現掛鈎花紅、保險及醫療 保障以及購股權。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) 管理層討論及分析(續)

Since human resources management is an important factor in maintaining and enhancing the Group's strong expertise in the property development, the Group will provide appropriate training programs to the employees as the Group sees fit. From time to time, different on-the-job trainings will be provided to employees in order to ensure continuous staff development and skills upgrading.

由於人力資源管理為維持及提高本集團於物業開發方面的豐富經驗的重要因素,故本集團將酌情為僱員提供合適的培訓計劃。本集團將不時向僱員提供不同的在職培訓,以確保員工的持續發展及技能升級。

Remuneration policy of Directors and senior management

The Directors and senior management of the Group receive compensation in the form of salaries and discretionary bonuses related to the performance of the Group. The Group also reimburses them for expenses which are necessarily and reasonably incurred for providing services to the Group or executing their functions in relation to the Group's operations. The remuneration committee will regularly review and determine the remuneration and compensation package of the Directors and senior management, by reference to, among other things, market level of salaries paid by comparable companies, the respective responsibilities of the Directors and senior management and the performance of the Group.

董事及高級管理層的薪酬政策

本集團董事及高級管理層可獲得薪金及與本 集團表現掛鈎的酌情花紅等報酬。本集團亦就 彼等為本集團提供服務或為本公司營運而執 行職務所產生的必要及合理開支補償相關款 項。薪酬委員會將參照(其中包括)可比較公司 所支付薪酬的市場水平、董事及高級管理層各 自的責任及本集團的業績,定期審閱及釐定董 事及高級管理層薪酬及待遇。

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND MEMBERS OF SENIOR MANAGEMENT 董事及高級管理層履歷詳情

Chairman and executive Director

Mr. Wong Ting Chung (王庭聰) BBS, JP, aged 62, has been a non-executive Director, the Chairman, a member of the Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee since November 2016. He was re-designated as an executive Director and was appointed as a member of the Executive Committee with effect from 1 April 2021. Mr. Wong is the founder of the Group, and is primarily responsible for the overall strategic planning and business direction of the Group.

Mr. Wong has over 20 years of experience in property investment, property development and management. He established his business through Huizhou China Field, a project company engaged in the construction and sale of high quality residential complexes, in 2003 and was responsible for overall management of the company. Mr. Wong assumed various directorships in Nameson and Nameson Group, where he served as the chief executive officer and the chairman of the board of directors of Nameson from August 2015 to April 2021.

Mr. Wong graduated from Hong Kong Yee Tong Ye College (香港易通夜中學) in 1978. Mr. Wong is currently a Hong Kong member of the 14th National Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference (中國人民政治協商會議第十四屆全國委員會) and the chief president of Hong Kong Industrial and Commercial Association General Chamber Executive Committee (香港工商總會會董會執行委員會). He served as a delegate of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region to the 12th and 13th National People's Congress of the PRC (中華人民共和國香港特別行政區第十二及第十三屆全國人民代表大會). Mr. Wong is brother-in-law of Mr. Lau Ka Keung. Mr. Lau Ka Keung is an executive Director.

主席兼執行董事

王庭聰先生BBS, JP,62歲,自2016年11月為 非執行董事、主席、提名委員會及薪酬委員會 成員。彼於2021年4月1日調任為執行董事,並 獲委任為執行委員會成員。王先生為本集團創 辦人,主要負責本集團整體策略規劃及業務方 針。

王先生在物業投資、物業發展及管理方面擁有 逾20年經驗。彼於2003年透過惠州漢基(從事 建設及銷售優質住宅綜合項目的項目公司)建 立業務,負責該公司的整體管理。王先生曾於 南旋及南旋集團擔任多個董事職位,其中由 2015年8月至2021年4月曾擔任南旋的行政總裁 及董事會主席。

王先生於1978年畢業於香港易通夜中學。王先生現時為中國人民政治協商會議第十四屆全國委員會香港地區委員及香港工商總會會董會執行委員會首席會長,彼曾出任中華人民共和國香港特別行政區第十二及第十三屆全國人民代表大會代表。王先生為樓家強先生的姻親。樓家強先生為執行董事。

Executive Directors

Mr. Lau Ka Keung (樓家強) BBS, MH, JP, aged 48, is an executive Director, the chairman of the Executive Committee and the chief executive officer of the Company. He was appointed as a member of the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee with effect on 18 June 2021. Mr. Lau is responsible for execution of strategic planning and general management of the Group.

Mr. Lau has served as an executive director and the chief executive officer of Million Cities Development Limited since August 2016. From January 2006, Mr. Lau has assumed various directorships in the Group, including China Lands Investments Limited, Join Kong, Cheer Happy, Huizhou Cheer Happy, Huizhou China Field and Tianiin Jianii, Mr. Lau held several positions in the Nameson Group from August 1999 to March 2013, including information technology manager, vice president, and executive director. From August 2015 to April 2018, Mr. Lau served as a non-executive director in Nameson. Mr. Lau has been serving as an independent non-executive director of two other companies listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, namely OrbusNeich Medical Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 6929) since September 2021 and Tianiin Development Holdings Limited (stock code: 882) since March 2023.

Mr. Lau received his bachelor's degree in information technology from Manchester Metropolitan University, the United Kingdom, in July 1997 and obtained his master's degree in business administration from University of Leicester, the United Kingdom, in July 2008. Mr. Lau is currently a delegate of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region to the 14th National People's Congress of the PRC (中華人民共和國香港特別行政 區第十四屆全國人民代表大會), an executive committee member of the 15th Tianjin Committee of Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference (中國人民政治協商會議天津 市第十五屆常務委員會) and the vice chairman of Tianjin Federation of Industry and Commerce (天津市工商業聯合會). Mr. Lau had served as a member of the 13th National Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference (中國人民政治協商會議第十三屆全國委員會), an executive member of the 13th of All China Youth Federation (中華全國青年聯合會第十三屆常務委員會) as well as the Chairman of the 28th Hong Kong United Youth Association. Mr. Lau is brother-in-law of Mr. Wong Ting Chung. Mr. Wong Ting Chung is the Chairman and an executive Director.

執行董事

樓家強先生BBS, MH, JP, 48歲, 為本公司執行董事、執行委員會主席兼行政總裁。彼於2021年6月18日獲委任為薪酬委員會及提名委員會成員。樓先生負責執行策略規劃及本集團的整體管理。

樓先生自2016年8月起擔任萬城發展有限公司的執行董事及行政總裁。自2006年1月起,樓先生於本集團擔任多個董事職位,包括中國大地投資有限公司、津港、怡展、惠州怡展、惠州怡展、惠州為基及天津建基。樓先生於1999年8月至2013年3月擔任南旋集團的多個職位,包括第1至2018年4月,樓先生擔任南旋的非執行董事。樓先生現為另外兩間聯交所主板上市公司的獨立非執行董事,包括業聚醫療集團控股內限公司(股份代號:6929)(自2021年9月起)及天津發展控股有限公司(股份代號:882)(自2023年3月起)。

樓先生於1997年7月獲得英國曼徹斯特都會大學資訊科技學士學位,並於2008年7月獲得英國萊斯特大學工商管理碩士學位。樓先生內國萊斯特大學工商管理碩士學位。樓先生四個大學工商管理研查,中華人民共和國香港特別行政區第十五屆常務委員會委員及天津市第十五屆常務委員會委員及中國大學工商業聯合會議第十三屆常務委員會會市人中,以及香港青年聯會第二十八屆主席。樓先生內國東生的姻親。王庭聰先生為主席兼執行董事。

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND MEMBERS OF SENIOR MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED) 董事及高級管理層履歷詳情(續)

Mr. Li Wa Tat, Benedict (李華達), aged 57, is the chief financial officer and company secretary of the Company. He was appointed as an executive Director and a member of the Executive Committee with effect on 26 August 2021. Mr. Li is responsible for overseeing financial management, formulating financial strategies and managing company secretarial matters of the Company.

李華達先生,57歲,為本公司首席財務總監及公司秘書。彼於2021年8月26日獲委任為執行董事及執行委員會成員。李先生負責為本公司監督財務管理、制定財務策略及處理公司秘書事務。

Mr. Li has extensive experience in finance management. Prior to joining the Group, he held senior finance positions in various multi-national corporations either listed in the United States of America, Australia, Japan or Hong Kong. Mr. Li earns his exposures in different industries including property, manufacturing, logistics, energy as well as banking.

李先生擁有豐富的財務管理經驗,加入本集團 之前,曾為多間分別在美國、澳洲、日本或香港上市之跨國企業擔任高級財務管理職位。李 先生的經驗涉獵不同行業,包括地產、製造業、物流、能源與及銀行等。

Mr. Li received his master degree in E-Business from City University of Hong Kong in 2002 and master degree in business administration from University of Warwick in United Kingdom in 1997. He is also a fellow of The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, an associate of each of The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and The Hong Kong Chartered Governance Institute.

李先生於2002年獲取香港城市大學的電子商 貿碩士學位,並於1997年於英國華威大學取得 工商管理碩士學位。李先生同時亦為資深特許 公認會計師、香港會計師公會會員及香港公司 治理公會會員。

董事及高級管理層履歷詳情(續)

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Ip Shu Kwan, Stephen (葉澍堃) GBS, JP, aged 72, is an independent non-executive Director, the chairman of the Nomination Committee, a member of the Audit Committee and Remuneration Committee. Mr. Ip is responsible for providing independent opinion and judgement to the Board.

Mr. Ip is currently serving as independent non-executive director of six other companies listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, namely China Resources Cement Holdings Limited (stock code: 1313) since August 2008, Lai Sun Development Company Limited (stock code: 488) since December 2009, Kingboard Laminates Holdings Limited (stock code: 1888) since May 2011, Luk Fook Holdings (International) Limited (stock code: 590) since October 2011. Nameson since April 2018 and C-MER Eye Care Holdings Limited (stock code: 3309) since November 2020. Mr. Ip also served as an independent non-executive director of Synergis Holdings Limited (stock code: 2340) from September 2008 to December 2017. From November 1973 to July 2007, Mr. Ip held various positions in The Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, such as Commissioner of Insurance, Commissioner for Labour, Secretary for Economic Services, Secretary for Financial Services and Secretary for Economic Development and Labour.

Mr. Ip graduated from the University of Hong Kong with a bachelor's degree in social sciences in September 1973, and he subsequently completed the program for management development at Harvard University Graduate School of Business Administration in November 1986.

Mr. Ip received the Gold Bauhinia Star award from The Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region in 2001 and he was appointed as an unofficial Justice of the Peace in July 2007.

獨立非執行董事

葉澍堃先生GBS, JP,72歲,為獨立非執行董 事、提名委員會主席、審計委員會及薪酬委員 會成員。葉先生負責向董事會提供獨立意見及 判斷。

葉先生現為另外六間聯交所主板上市公司的 獨立非執行董事,包括華潤水泥控股有限公司 (股份代號:1313)(自2008年8月起)、麗新發 展有限公司(股份代號:488)(自2009年12月 起)、建滔積層板控股有限公司(股份代號: 1888)(自2011年5月起)、六福集團(國際)有限 公司(股份代號:590)(自2011年10月起)、南 旋(股份代號:1982)(自2018年4月起)及希瑪 眼科醫療控股有限公司(股份代號:3309)(自 2020年11月起)。由2008年9月至2017年12月, 葉先生亦為昇捷控股有限公司(股份代號: 2340)的獨立非執行董事。由1973年11月至 2007年7月, 葉先生曾於香港特別行政區政府 出任多個職位,包括保險業監理專員、勞工處 處長、經濟局局長、財經事務局局長以及經濟 發展及勞工局局長。

葉先生於1973年9月畢業於香港大學,獲社會 科學學士學位,彼其後於1986年11月在哈佛大 學工商管理研究所完成管理發展課程。

葉先生於2001年獲香港特別行政區政府頒發 金紫荊星章,並於2007年7月獲委任為非官守 太平紳士。

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND MEMBERS OF SENIOR MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED) 董事及高級管理層履歷詳情(續)

Mr. Li Yinquan (李引泉), aged 68, is an independent non-executive Director, chairman of the Audit Committee, a member of the Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee. Mr. Li is responsible for providing independent opinion and judgement to the Board.

李引泉先生,68歲,為獨立非執行董事、審計 委員會主席、薪酬委員會及提名委員會成員。 李先生負責向董事會提供獨立意見及判斷。

Mr. Li has extensive experience in financial management. He served as an executive director of China Merchants Port Holdings Company Limited (formerly known as China Merchants Holdings (International) Company Limited) (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 144)) from June 2001 to March 2015 and as a non-executive director of China Merchants Bank Co., Ltd. (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 3968) and the Shanghai Stock Exchange (stock code: 600036)) from April 2001 to June 2016. He was an executive director of China Merchants China Direct Investments Limited (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 133)) from July 2008 to April 2017, an independent non-executive director of LIZHI INC. (a company listed on the NASDAQ stock exchange (stock code: LIZI)) from January 2020 to June 2021 and an independent non-executive director of Kimou Environmental Holding Limited (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 6805) from June 2019 to December 2022. He is currently serving as an independent non-executive director of five other companies listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, namely Genertec Universal Medical Group Company Limited (stock code: 2666, formerly known as Universal Medical Financial and Technical Advisory Services Company Limited) since June 2015, Hong Kong Shanghai Alliance Holdings Limited (stock code: 1001) since July 2018, China Everbright Bank Company Limited (stock code: 6818) (the Shanghai Stock Exchange (stock code: 601818)) since June 2020, Mainland Headwear Holdings Limited (stock code: 1100) since September 2023 and China Agri-Products Exchange Limited (stock code: 149) since April 2024.

李先生擁有豐富的財務管理經驗。由2001年6 月至2015年3月,彼擔任招商局港口控股有限 公司(前稱為招商局國際有限公司)(於聯交所 主板上市,股份代號:144)的執行董事及由 2001年4月至2016年6月,彼擔任招商銀行股份 有限公司(於聯交所主板(股份代號:3968)及 上海證券交易所(股份代號:600036)上市)的 非執行董事。由2008年7月至2017年4月,李先 生為招商局中國基金有限公司(於聯交所主板 上市,股份代號:133)的執行董事。由2020年 1月至2021年6月彼擔任LIZHI INC.(於納斯達克 證券交易所上市,股份代號:LIZI)的獨立非執 行董事。由2019年6月至2022年12月,彼為金 茂源環保控股有限公司(於聯交所主板上市, 股份代號:6805)的獨立非執行董事。李先生 現為另外五間聯交所主板上市公司的獨立非 執行董事,包括通用環球醫療集團有限公司 (股份代號:2666,前稱環球醫療金融與技術 諮詢服務有限公司)(自2015年6月起)、滬港聯 合控股有限公司(股份代號:1001)(自2018年 7月起)、中國光大銀行股份有限公司(股份代 號:6818)(上海證券交易所(股份代號: 601818))(自2020年6月起)、飛達帽業控股有 限公司(股份代號:1100)(自2023年9月起)及 中國農產品交易有限公司(股份代號:149)(自 2024年4月起)。

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND MEMBERS OF SENIOR MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED) 董事及高級管理層履歷詳情(續)

Throughout the significant years of employment with certain Hong Kong listed companies, Mr. Li has performed duties including supervising on the listed companies' financial management, involved in various types of transactions in relation to the Listing Rules and reviewing and analysing audited financial statements of listed companies. Mr. Li has gained relevant experience in, including but not limited to, (i) review and preparation of comparable and/or audited financial statements of Hong Kong listed companies; (ii) review of internal control systems; and (iii) analysis of financial statements and information of Hong Kong listed companies. Moreover, Mr. Li has also obtained vast experience in collaborating and dealing with internal and external auditors regarding the supervision of internal financial controls and the auditing of financial statements.

透過多年就職於若干香港上市公司,李先生所履行職責包括監督上市公司之財務管理,當中涉及各類與上市規則相關之交易,並審閱及行動。李先生已在國際工作。 「範疇取得相關經驗,包括但不限於(i)審審計財務報表。李先生包審問題經濟之一, 「範疇取得相關經驗,包括但不限於(i)審審計財務報表;(ii)檢討內部監控系統;及(iii)分析不過,李先生的內部及外聘核數師合作及交接有關監督內部財務監控及審核財務報表之事宜方面取得豐富經驗。

Mr. Li received his bachelor's degree in economics from Shaanxi Institute of Finance and Economics (陝西財經學院) in July 1983. He subsequently obtained his master's degree in economics from the PBC School of Finance, Tsinghua University (清華大學五道口金融學院) (formerly known as Graduate School of the People's Bank of China (中國人民銀行總行金融研究所)) in July 1986. In October 1988, Mr. Li obtained his master's degree in banking and finance for development from Finafrica Institute in Milan, Italy. In August 1989, he was accredited as senior economist by the Appraisal and Approval Committee for Professional & Technical Qualification of the Agricultural Bank of China.

李先生於1983年7月獲得陝西財經學院的經濟學學士學位。彼其後於1986年7月獲得清華大學五道口金融學院(前稱為中國人民銀行總行金融研究所)的經濟學碩士學位。於1988年10月,李先生於意大利米蘭菲納菲科學院取得銀行及金融發展學碩士學位。於1989年8月,彼獲得中國農業銀行專業技術職務評審委員會頒發的高級經濟師資格。

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND MEMBERS OF SENIOR MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED) 董事及高級管理層履歷詳情(續)

Mr. Chan Hiu Fung Nicholas (陳曉峰) MH, JP, aged 50, is an independent non-executive Director, the chairman of the Remuneration Committee, a member of the Audit Committee and Nomination Committee. Mr. Chan is responsible for providing independent opinion and judgement to the Board.

陳曉峰先生MH, JP,50歲,為獨立非執行董事、薪酬委員會主席、審計委員會及提名委員會成員。陳先生負責向董事會提供獨立意見及判斷。

Mr. Chan graduated from the University of Melbourne, Australia, in 1997 with a degree of Bachelor of Laws and a degree of Bachelor of Science (Computer Science). Mr. Chan was admitted as a solicitor in the High Court of Hong Kong in May 1999. He was also admitted as a solicitor of Australia Capital Territory, the State of Victoria in Australia and England and Wales in June 1997, October 2000 and October 2007 respectively. He is currently a partner of an international law firm, namely Squire Patton Boggs. He is also a China Appointed Attesting Officer.

陳先生於1997年畢業於澳洲墨爾本大學,獲得 法學學士學位和理學士(計算機科學)學位。陳 先生於1999年5月獲准成為香港高等法院事務 律師。彼亦分別於1997年6月、2000年10月及 2007年10月在澳洲首都直轄區、澳洲維多利亞 州及英格蘭和威爾士獲准成為事務律師。陳先 生現為翰宇國際律師事務所(一間全球性律師 事務所)的合夥人,亦為中國委託公證人。

Mr. Chan has been a member of the Hospital Governing Committee of Castle Peak Hospital and Siu Lam Hospital since 1 April 2019. Since May 2022, he has been the director leading the operations of the Asian-African Hong Kong Regional Arbitration Centre which operates under the auspices of Asian-African Legal Consultative Organisation, a 47-member inter-government organisation composed most countries in Asia and Africa. He is also currently a delegate of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region to the 14th National People's Congress of the PRC (中華人民共和國香港特別行政區第十四 屆全國人民代表大會), a committee member of Innovation, Technology and Industry Development and a member of Communications Authority of the government of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, a member of the Social Development Expert Group under the Chief Executive's Policy Unit Expert Group, the chairman of the Innovation and Technology Venture Fund Advisory Committee, a director of Hong Kong Cyberport Management Company Limited, a court advisory committee member of The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology, a council member cum Executive Committee member, Audit and Risk Management Committee member as well as Knowledge Transfer Committee's chairman under the council of The Chinese University of Hong Kong and a director of the Football Association of Hong Kong, China Limited. From December 2014 to May 2019, Mr. Chan was a council member of the Law Society of Hong Kong. Mr. Chan was awarded with Medal of Honour (MH) of Hong Kong in 2016 and was appointed as Justice of the Peace in July 2021.

陳先生於2019年4月1日起為青山醫院及小欖醫 院的醫院管治委員會成員。自2022年5月起, 彼出任亞非法協香港區域仲裁中心的主任,領 導其運作,該中心為亞洲 - 非洲法律協商組 織(由亞洲及非洲大多數國家所組成,並擁有 47個成員國的跨政府組織)所管轄。彼現時亦 為中華人民共和國香港特別行政區第十四屆 全國人民代表大會代表、香港特別行政區政府 創新科技與產業發展委員會成員及通訊事務 管理局成員、特首政策組專家組轄下的社會發 展專家組成員、創科創投基金諮詢委員會主 席、香港數碼港管理有限公司董事、香港科技 大學法院顧問委員會成員、香港中文大學校董 會成員兼校董會轄下之執行委員會成員、審核 及風險管理委員會成員及知識轉移委員會主 席,以及中國香港足球總會董事。自2014年12 月至2019年5月,陳先生為香港律師會理事會 成員。陳先生於2016年獲頒香港榮譽勳章,並 於2021年7月獲委任為太平紳士。

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND MEMBERS OF SENIOR MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED) 董事及高級管理層履歷詳情(續)

Mr. Chan is currently serving as an independent non-executive director of five other companies listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, namely Sa Sa International Holdings Limited (stock code: 178) since September 2019, Q P Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 1412) since December 2019, Pangaea Connectivity Technology Limited (stock code: 1473) since January 2021, Genertec Universal Medical Group Company Limited (stock code: 2666) since June 2022, and China Merchants Port Holdings Company Limited (stock code: 144) since December 2022.

陳先生現為另外五間聯交所主板上市公司的獨立非執行董事,包括莎莎國際控股有限公司(股份代號:178)(自2019年9月起)、雋思集團控股有限公司(股份代號:1412)(自2019年12月起)、環聯連訊科技有限公司(股份代號:1473)(自2021年1月起)、通用環球醫療集團有限公司(股份代號:2666)(自2022年6月起)及招商局港口控股有限公司(股份代號:144)(自2022年12月起)。

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The senior management of the Group is responsible for the day-to-day management and operation of business of the Group. The senior management team of the Group is as follows:

Mr. Ying Ko Fuk (邢高福), aged 41, is the operation director of the Group. Mr. Ying is responsible for managing the sales and rental issues of all projects under the Group.

Mr. Ying has over 7 years of experience in operation management of real estate projects. Mr. Ying joined the Group in April 2017 and was responsible for operation management of Million Cities Legend in Huizhou and has been subsequently in charge of operations of all of the projects under the Group since 2021. Prior to that, he served as a regional manager of AIA International Limited.

Mr. Ying has served as an executive committee member of the 13th Huizhou Committee of Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference (中國人民政治協商會議惠州市第十三屆常務委員會委員), deputy director of the 2nd Youth Committee of Huizhou Association of Enterprises with Foreign Investment (惠州市外商投資企業協會第二屆青年委員會副主任) and vice president of the 8th Administrative Committee of Huizhou Association of Enterprises with Foreign Investment (惠州市外商投資協會第八屆理事會副會長). Mr. Ying is the son-in-law of Mr. Wong Ting Chung (an executive Director), and the nephew-in-law of Mr. Lau Ka Keung (an executive Director).

高級管理層

本集團的高級管理層負責本集團日常管理及 業務營運。本集團的高級管理層團隊如下:

邢高福先生,41歲,為本集團的營運總監。邢 先生負責集團旗下各項目的銷售及租賃事務 等管理工作。

邢先生擁有逾7年的房地產項目營運工作經驗。邢先生於2017年4月加入本集團,負責惠州萬城名座項目的營運管理工作,並於2021年起分管本集團旗下所有項目的營運工作。彼加入本集團前,於友邦保險(國際)有限公司任職區域經理。

邢先生擔任中國人民政治協商會議惠州市第十三屆常務委員會委員、惠州市外商投資企業協會第二屆青年委員會副主任及惠州市外商投資協會第八屆理事會副會長。邢先生為王庭聰先生(執行董事)的女婿、樓家強先生(執行董事)的侄婿。

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND MEMBERS OF SENIOR MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED) 董事及高級管理層履歷詳情(續)

Mr. Lu Bingqian (盧秉乾), aged 50, is the general manager of Tianjin Jianji and Huizhou Million Cities Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. ("Huizhou Million Cities"). Mr. Lu is responsible for the overall management and operation of these project companies.

盧秉乾先生,50歲,為天津建基及惠州市萬城 房地產開發有限公司(「惠州萬城」)的總經理。 盧先生負責這些項目公司的整體管理及營運。

Mr. Lu has over 16 years of experience in real estate engineering construction. Mr. Lu joined the Group in August 2007. From August 2007 to March 2013, he worked as finance manager in Huizhou Cheer Happy, where he was responsible for financial and marketing management. Since May 2016, Mr. Lu has served as the general manager of Tianjin Jianjin, where he is responsible for the overall management of Tianjin Jianji. He has also served as the general manager of Huizhou Million Cities since February 2021.

盧先生擁有逾16年房地產工程建設經驗。盧先生於2007年8月加入本集團。於2007年8月至2013年3月,彼於惠州怡展任職財務經理,期間彼負責財務及營銷管理。自2016年5月起,盧先生擔任天津建基總經理,期間彼負責天津建基整體管理,並自2021年2月擔任惠州萬城的總經理。

Ms. Yin Yezhen (尹業珍), aged 48, is the director of cost management of the Group. Ms. Yin is responsible for the project cost management, contract management and procurement management.

尹業珍女士,48歲,為本集團的成本管理部總 監。尹女士負責項目成本管理、合約管理及採 購管理。

Ms. Yin has over 26 years of experience in construction management and has been responsible for cost management and measurement. Ms. Yin had been the assistant to the general project manager of Crown Plaza Huizhou and Grand Square Hotel Wuhu, both of which are owned by Mr. Wong Ting Chung, and the manager of the cost department of Sunshine New Court and Crown Grand Court of the Group since July 2007, and was promoted to the director of cost management of the Group in March 2020.

尹女士於建築管理方面擁有逾26年經驗,負責成本管理及計量。尹女士於2007年7月起出任王庭聰先生擁有的惠州皇冠假日酒店與蕪湖悦圓方酒店的項目總經理助理,以及擔任本集團的陽光新苑與皇冠豪苑成本部經理。於2020年3月尹女士晉升至本集團成本管理部總監一職。

Ms. Yin holds a bachelor's degree in engineering management from the Dalian University of Technology, certification of Grade One Constructor (construction engineering) and qualification certificate for senior engineer in construction engineering management.

尹女土於大連理工大學取得工程管理專業學士學位,並擁有一級建造師證書(建築工程專業)、建築工程管理高級工程師證書。

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND MEMBERS OF SENIOR MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED) 董事及高級管理層履歷詳情(續)

Mr. Quan Jianxu (權建許), aged 43, is the director of human resources and administration of the Group. Mr. Quan is responsible for human resources management, administration, corporate culture management and government relations.

權建許先生,43歲,為本集團的人力資源行政部總監。權先生負責人力資源管理、行政、企業文化管理及政府關係。

Mr. Quan has over 14 years of experience in human resources and administrative management and he has been responsible for human resource affairs and administrative operations. Mr. Quan joined the Group in August 2016. Prior to that, from June 2009 to May 2016, Mr. Quan served as the manager of human resources department of Huizhou Huipeng Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. (惠州惠鵬房地產開發有限公司), and was subsequently promoted to the human resources and administrative director in November 2010.

權先生於人力資源及行政管理方面擁有逾14 年經驗,彼負責人力資源事宜及行政營運。權 先生於2016年8月加入本集團。加入本集團 前,由2009年6月至2016年5月,權先生擔任惠 州惠鵬房地產開發有限公司的人力資源部門 經理,其後於2010年11月晉升至人力資源及行 政總監。

Mr. Quan received his bachelor's degree in business administration from Xi'an University of Technology (西安理工大學) in June 2009. In November 2009, Mr. Quan was recognised as human resources manager by the Ministry of Human Resources and Social Security of the PRC. In January 2014, he was accredited the title of intermediate economist by the Huizhou personnel bureau.

權先生於2009年6月於西安理工大學取得工商管理學士學位。於2009年11月,權先生獲中國人力資源和社會保障部認可為人力資源管理師。於2014年1月,彼獲得惠州人事局認可為中級經濟師。

Ms. Hong Chunni (洪春妮), aged 43, is the director of finance in Chinese Mainland of the Group. Ms. Hong is responsible for financial management, budgeting and taxation of the Group.

洪春妮女士,43歲,為本集團中國大陸的財務 部總監。洪女士主要負責本集團財務管理、預 算及税務等工作。

Ms. Hong has more than 17 years of experience in finance and accounting. Ms. Hong joined the Group in February 2014. She served as the finance manager of Huizhou Yuefu Real Estate Co., Ltd. from February 2014 to July 2017 and served as the finance manager of Huizhou China Field from August 2017 to April 2020, where she was responsible for financial management and taxation planning. Prior to joining the Group, Ms. Hong served as a finance manager of a subsidiary of Nameson Group from July 2006 to January 2014. She served as the auditing team leader of Huizhou Zhengda Accountant Firm Co., Ltd. from May 2005 to June 2006.

洪女士於財務會計領域擁有逾17年工作經驗,彼於2014年2月加入本集團。洪女士於2014年2月至2017手7月在惠州市悦富房地產有限公司擔任財務經理,並於2017年8月至2020年4月在惠州漢基擔任財務經理,期間負責財務管理及稅務安排。加入本集團前,洪女士曾於2006年7月至2014年1月擔任南旋集團附屬公司的財務經理。彼於2005年5月至2006年6月在惠州正大會計師事務所擔任審計小組組長。

Ms. Hong received her bachelor's degree in management from Huizhou University (惠州學院) in June 2005.

洪女士於2005年6月於惠州學院取得管理學學士學位。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治報告

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

As the Company believes that good corporate governance can create value for its Shareholders, the Board is committed to maintain a high standard of corporate governance practices by placing strong emphasis on a quality Board, sound internal controls and effective accountability to the Shareholders as a whole. The Company has adopted the CG Code as set out in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules as its own code of corporate governance. In the opinion of the Directors, the Company has complied with all the mandatory code provisions set out in the CG Code for the year ended 31 December 2023.

The Board will continue to enhance its corporate governance practices to ensure that it complies with the CG Code and aligns with the latest developments.

CORPORATE CULTURE

The Group recognises that a good corporate culture is vital to its corporate governance and has gradually developed a pragmatic and prudent corporate culture since its establishment, which has been reflected in the overall operations and management of the Group, in order to facilitate the long-term sustainability of the Group. The Group is committed to acting with the highest standards of integrity and ethics, maintaining business ethics and honesty, fully and accurately implementing the core values of integrity, honesty, fairness, impartiality, and ethical business practices of the Group. The Group promotes this culture throughout the organization and continues to reinforce the concept of "acting legally, ethically and responsibly". In order to establish a healthy corporate culture and promote high ethical standards within the Group, the Group has established an anti-corruption policy and an whistle-blowing policy, which sets out, including but not limited to, (i) the types of breaches and conduct issues, and the personnel to which the policies apply; (ii) declaration of conflicting interests mechanisms; (iii) responsibilities of the relevant department(s) of the Group; (iv) consequences for breaching the relevant policies; and (v) whistle-blowing policy, with an aim to encourage our employees to report behaviour that is not in line with the principles of ethics and the Group's policy such as events that are non-compliant with the Group's policy, laws, rules, regulations, general practice of financial reporting and internal control.

企業管治常規

本公司相信良好的企業管治可為本公司股東 創造價值,董事會通過著重董事會質素、良好 內部監控及有效問責,致力為全體股東維持高 標準的企業管治常規。本公司已採納上市規則 附錄C1所載企業管治守則,作為本身的企業管 治守則。董事認為,截至2023年12月31日止年 度,本公司一直遵守企業管治守則所載全部法 定守則條文。

董事會將繼續加強企業管治常規,以確保遵守 企業管治守則及配合最新之發展。

企業文化

本集團深諳良好的企業文化對企業管治尤關 重要,自成立以來已逐漸形成務實謹慎的企業 文化,體現在本集團整體經營管理之中,藉此 促進本集團長期可持續發展。本集團致力於以 最高的誠信和道德標準行事,堅守商業道德及 誠信,全面準確貫徹本集團誠信、誠實、公 平、公正的核心價值及合乎道德的商業慣例。 該文化在企業上下灌輸,並不斷加強「行事合 乎法律、道德及責任」的理念。為使本集團內 部建立健康的企業文化並推廣高道德標準,本 集團已制定反貪污政策及舉報政策,當中載列 (包括但不限於)(i)違規及行為問題的類型以及 政策適用的人員;(ii)宣佈利益衝突機制;(iii)本 集團相關部門的職責;(iv)違反相關政策的後 果;及(v)舉報政策,旨在鼓勵僱員舉報不符合 道德原則及本集團政策的行為,例如不遵守本 集團政策、法律、法規、條例、財務報告及內 部監控一般慣例的事件。

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Board is committed to improving the level of the code of corporate governance practices and business ethics standards, and firmly believes that this is crucial for maintaining and enhancing investor confidence and increasing shareholder returns. In order to meet equity holders' expectation for continuous improvement in corporate governance and to comply with the increasingly stringent regulatory requirements, as well as to fulfill the Board's commitment of upholding outstanding corporate governance, the Board reviews its corporate governance practices from time to time.

The Company has adopted the Model Code as set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules as its own code for securities transactions by the Directors.

All Directors have confirmed, following specific enquiries made by the Company, that they have fully complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code and the Company's code of conduct for the year ended 31 December 2023.

Relevant employees who are likely to be in possession of inside information of the Group are also subject to compliance with written guidelines on terms no less exacting than the required standards set out in the Model Code. Each of the relevant employees has been given a copy of the written guidelines.

No incident of non-compliance with these guidelines by the relevant employees has been notified to the Company for the year ended 31 December 2023.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Responsibilities of the Board

The Board is responsible for, and has general powers under the memorandum and articles of association of the Company for, the leadership and oversight of the Company's management and performance and the formulation and review of the Group's overall policies and strategies.

董事進行證券交易的標準守則

董事會恪守提升企業管治常規守則的水平及商業道德標準的承諾,並堅信此對於維持及提高投資者信心和增加股東回報至為重要。為了達到股權持有人對企業管治水平不斷提升的期望和符合日趨嚴謹的法規要求,以及實踐董事會對堅守優越企業管治的承諾,董事會不時檢討其企業管治常規。

本公司已採納上市規則附錄C3所載標準守則, 作為本公司董事進行證券交易的守則。

經本公司作出特定查詢後,全體董事確認,截至2023年12月31日止年度,彼等完全遵守標準守則及本公司的行為守則所規定標準。

可能擁有本集團內幕消息的相關僱員亦須遵 守條款不寬鬆於標準守則所載規定標準的書 面指引。每名相關僱員已獲發一份書面指引。

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本公司並無獲悉相關僱員未有遵守此等指引的情況。

董事會

董事會職責

根據本公司組織章程大綱及細則,董事會負責 並擁有一般權力領導與監督本公司的管理及 表現,並制定與檢討本集團的整體政策及策 略。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED)

企業管治報告(續)

The Board is also responsible for performing corporate governance duties, including but not limited to

董事會亦負責履行企業管治職責,包括但不限 於

- (a) development and review of the issuer's policies and practices on corporate governance, as well as its recommendations to the Board:
- (a) 制定及檢討發行人的企業管治政策及常 規,並向董事會提出建議;
- (b) review and supervision of the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management personnel;
- (b) 檢討及監察董事及高級管理人員的培訓 及持續專業發展;
- (c) review and supervision of the policies and practices of the issuer in complying with laws and regulatory requirements;
- (c) 檢討及監察發行人在遵守法律及監管規 定方面的政策及常規:
- (d) development, review and supervision of code of conducts and compliance manuals for employees and Directors (if any); and
- (d) 制定、檢討及監察僱員及董事的操守準 則及合規手冊(如有);及
- (e) review of the issuer's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.
- (e) 檢討發行人遵守《企業管治守則》的情況 及在《企業管治報告》內的披露。

All major decisions, including but not limited to those decisions affecting the financial results, operations and the Shareholders, such as financial statements, business acquisitions, major transactions and dividend policies, are made by the Board as a whole. Each Director is aware of his fiduciary duties and duties and responsibilities as a director under the Listing Rules, the CG Code and applicable laws and regulations, and has acted objectively for the benefit and best interests of the Company and its Shareholders.

一切重大決定均由董事會整體作出,包括但不 限於財務報表、業務收購、重大交易及股息政 策等影響財務業績、經營及股東的有關決定。 各董事均知悉上市規則、企業管治守則及適用 法例法規規定董事須承擔的受信責任及職務 與職責,並為本公司及股東的裨益及最佳利益 客觀行事。

Decisions of the Board are communicated to the senior management through executive Directors. The day-to-day management, administration and operation of the Group are delegated to the executive Directors and an independent senior management team. The senior management team is also responsible for the supervision and execution of the Group's business plans. The Board reviews periodically the performance of the senior management team.

董事會的決定經由執行董事通知高級管理層。 本集團授權執行董事及獨立高級管理層團隊 負責日常管理、行政工作及營運。高級管理層 團隊亦負責監督及執行本集團的業務計劃。董 事會定期檢討高級管理層團隊的表現。

企業管治報告(續)

Certain functions and responsibilities are delegated to committees established by the Board. For details, please refer to the sub-sections headed "Executive Committee", "Audit Committee", "Remuneration Committee" and "Nomination Committee" below.

董事會成立的委員會獲授予若干職能及職責。 詳情請參閱下文「執行委員會」、「審計委員 會」、「薪酬委員會」及「提名委員會」分節。

Composition of the Board

As at the date of this annual report, the Board comprises three executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors whose names are listed below. Each member of the Board brings a wide spectrum of valuable experience, knowledge and expertise to the Board for its efficient and effective functioning.

Board of Directors Executive Directors

Mr. Wong Ting Chung (Chairman)

Mr. Lau Ka Keung (Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Li Wa Tat, Benedict

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Ip Shu Kwan, Stephen

Mr. Li Yinguan

Mr. Chan Hiu Fung, Nicholas

Except for the family relationship between Mr. Wong Ting Chung and Mr. Lau Ka Keung as disclosed in the section headed "Biographical details of directors and members of senior management" of this annual report, there is no financial, business, family or other relevant relationship between the Directors.

The list of Directors (by category) is disclosed in all corporate communications issued by the Company pursuant to the Listing Rules. A list of Directors identifying their roles and functions is also available on the Company's website at www.millioncities.com.cn and on the website of the Stock Exchange.

董事會的組成

於本年報日期,董事會由三名執行董事及三名 獨立非執行董事組成,各董事的姓名於下文載 列。各董事會成員均見多識廣、經驗豐富且具 備專業知識,能讓董事會有效運作。

董事會

執行董事

王庭聰先生(主席) 樓家強先生(行政總裁) 李華達先生

獨立非執行董事

葉澍堃先生 李引泉先生 陳曉峰先生

除本年報「董事及高級管理層履歷詳情」一節 所披露有關王庭聰先生及樓家強先生的家族 關係外,董事之間概無財務、業務、家族或其 他相關關係。

按類別劃分的董事名單在本公司根據上市規 則刊發的所有公司通訊內披露。董事名單(當 中列明董事的角色及職能)亦可於本公司網站 www.millioncities.com.cn及聯交所網站查閱。

Board independence

Pursuant to code provision B.1.4 of the CG Code, the Board established mechanism(s) to ensure independent views and input are available to the Board, in particular, (i) independent non-executive Directors are encouraged to actively participate in the Board meetings; (ii) the number of independent non-executive Directors must comply with the requirement under the Listing Rules; and (iii) the independent non-executive Directors shall devote sufficient time to discharge their duties as a Director. Furthermore, the Directors may access external independent professional advice to assist their performance of duties at the expense of the Company. The Board will review the implementation and effectiveness of such mechanism(s) on an annual basis.

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Company has complied with the requirements of the Listing Rules to have at least three independent non-executive Directors representing at least one-third of the Board with at least one of them possessing appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise.

Having considered the factors for assessing the independence of independent non-executive Directors under Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and the written annual confirmations from each independent non-executive Director, the Board considers all of its independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

Terms of appointment of Directors Executive Directors

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service contract for an initial fixed term of three years. The appointment may be terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing served by either the relevant Director or the Company.

Independent non-executive Directors

Each of the independent non-executive Directors was appointed by the Company for an initial fixed term of three years. The appointment may be terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing served by either the relevant Director or the Company.

董事會之獨立性

根據企業管治守則之守則條文第B.1.4條,董事會已制定機制,以確保董事會可獲得獨立的觀點和意見,具體而言,(i)鼓勵獨立非執行董事積極參與董事會會議;(ii)獨立非執行董事的人數必須符合上市規則的規定;及(iii)獨立非執行董事應投入足夠時間履行其作為董事的,協助彼等履行職責,費用由本公司承擔。董事會將每年檢討該機制的實施及成效。

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本公司一直遵守 上市規則規定,擁有至少三名獨立非執行董事 (佔董事會至少三分之一),且至少有一名獨立 非執行董事具備合適專業資格或會計或相關 財務管理專業知識。

經考慮上市規則第3.13條所載有關評估獨立非執行董事獨立性的因素及各獨立非執行董事作出的年度書面確認,董事會認為全體獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士。

董事任期

執行董事

各執行董事已訂立服務合約,初步固定任期為 期三年。相關董事或本公司可發出不少於三個 月的書面通知後終止有關委任。

獨立非執行董事

本公司獨立非執行董事均由本公司委任,初步 固定任期三年。相關董事或本公司可發出不少 於三個月的書面通知終止有關委任。

Nomination, appointment, re-election and removal procedures

The procedures and process of appointment, re-election and removal of Directors are set out in the Company's articles of association. Every Director is subject to the provisions of retirement by rotation at least once every three years. Any Director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy or as an additional Director shall hold office only until the first annual general meeting of the Company after his or her appointment and be subject to re-election at such meeting.

The Nomination Committee has been established on 26 November 2018 to review the structure, size and composition of the Board at least annually to ensure that the Board has a balance of expertise, skills and experience appropriate to meet the requirements of the Company. The Nomination Committee will identify individuals who are qualified or suitable for directorship, assess their qualifications, skills, prior experience, character and other relevant aspects, including but not limited to their independence in the case of an independent non- executive Director candidate, and make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors or the filling of casual vacancies on the Board or any other proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategies. Please refer to the sub-section headed "Nomination Committee" below for more details on the Nomination Committee.

Board practices and conduct of meetings

Directors are given the opportunity to include matters in the agenda for Board meetings with notices of regular Board meetings given or to be given at least 14 days in advance. Notices and agenda of the Board meetings are prepared by the company secretary of the Company as delegated by the chairman. Directors are provided with adequate and timely information to allow them to fulfill their duties properly. They are allowed to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances at the Company's expenses.

提名、委任、連任及免職程序

本公司組織章程細則載有董事的委任、連任及 免職程序與過程。每名董事均須遵守至少每三 年輪值退任一次的條文。董事會委任以填補臨 時空缺或增加的任何董事僅可任職至獲委任 後的本公司首屆股東週年大會,惟可在該大會 上鷹撰連任。

董事會會議常規及程序

董事有機會提前最少14天發出董事會常務會議 通告後將各項事宜納入董事會會議議程。董事 會會議通知及議程由主席委任本公司的公司 秘書編製。董事獲提供充足且及時的資料以便 彼等妥善履行職責,亦可在適當的情況下尋求 獨立專業意見,有關費用由本公司支付。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED) 企業管治報告(續)

Directors are encouraged to make a full and active contribution to the Board's affairs and to voice out their views and concerns. Directors are supplied with sufficient information and given sufficient time for discussion to ensure that Board decisions fairly reflect Board consensus.

本公司鼓勵董事積極全面參與董事會事務,並 提出意見及表達關注。董事獲提供足夠資料, 並有充分時間進行討論,以確保董事會決策公 平地反映董事會的共識。

A Director who to his or her knowledge is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in a contract or arrangement or proposed contract or arrangement with the Company shall declare the nature of his or her interest at the meeting of the Board at which the question of entering into the contract or arrangement is first taken into consideration, if he or she knows his or her interest then exists, or in any other case, at the first meeting of the Board after he or she knows that he or she is or has become so interested. Subject to the articles of association of the Company, a Director shall not vote (nor be counted in the quorum) on any resolution of the Board approving any contract or arrangement or other proposal in which he or she or any of his or her close associates is materially interested.

倘董事得悉其於與本公司訂立的合約或安排 或擬訂立的合約或安排中以任何形式直接 間接擁有利益,則須於首次考慮是否訂立該合 約或安排的董事會會議上申報其利益性質 (倘 其知悉當時存有利益),或在任何其他情況 下,於得悉本身擁有利益後的首個董事會不 上申報。根據本公司組織章程細則,董事不得 就批准其或其任何緊密聯繫人於當中擁有 大利益的任何合約或安排或其他建議的任何 董事會決議案投票,亦不得計入法定人數。

Minutes of Board meetings and meetings of Board committees containing sufficient detail of the matters considered and decisions reached, including any concerns raised or dissenting views expressed, are sent to each Director for their review, comment and records within a reasonable time after each meeting. Final versions of such minutes are kept by the company secretary of the Company and are open for inspection by Directors upon reasonable notice.

董事會會議及董事委員會會議的會議紀錄須 詳盡記錄所審議事項及達成的決定,包括會上 提出的任何疑慮或表達的異議,並於各會議舉 行後的合理時間內發送予各董事以供彼等審 閱、表達意見及記錄。有關會議紀錄的最終版 本由本公司的公司秘書保存,並可供董事在提 出合理通知的情況下查閱。

Board meetings

During the year ended 31 December 2023, four physical Board meetings were held at which the Directors reviewed and approved, among other things, (i) the annual results and report of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022; (ii) the interim results and report of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2023; (iii) the quarterly financial results of the Group; and (iv) monitoring the project progress including ESG matter of the Group. The attendance records of individual Directors at the aforementioned Board meetings during FY2023, and at the Company's annual general meeting held on 19 June 2023 are set out below:

董事會會議

截至2023年12月31日止年度,董事會召開四次會議,董事於會上審閱並批准(其中包括)以下事項:(i)本集團截至2022年12月31日止年度之年度業績及報告:(ii)本集團截至2023年6月30日止六個月之中期業績及報告:(iii)本集團之季度財務業績:及(iv)監測本集團的項目進展,包括環境、社會及管治報告事宜。個別董事於2023財政年度舉行的上述董事會會議及本公司於2023年6月19日舉行的股東週年大會之出席紀錄載列如下:

		Attendance/ Number of meetings 出席次數/會議次數	
Name of Director	董事姓名	Board meetings 董事會會議	Annual general meeting 股東週年大會
Executive Directors	執行董事		
Mr. Wong Ting Chung (Chairman)	王庭聰先生(主席)	4/4	1/1
Mr. Lau Ka Keung (Chief Executive Officer)	樓家強先生(行政總裁)	4/4	1/1
Mr. Li Wa Tat, Benedict (Chief Financial Officer,	李華達先生 <i>(首席財務總監兼</i>		
Company Secretary)	公司秘書)	4/4	1/1
Independent non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事		
Mr. Ip Shu Kwan, Stephen	葉澍堃先生	4/4	1/1
Mr. Li Yinquan	李引泉先生	4/4	1/1
Mr. Chan Hiu Fung, Nicholas	陳曉峰先生	4/4	1/1

To supplement the formal Board meetings, the Chairman held regular meetings with Director(s) to consider issues in both formal and informal settings.

除常規董事會會議外,主席亦定期與董事舉行 正式與非正式會面以考慮不同事宜。

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Mr. Wong Ting Chung serves as the chairman of the Company. He is responsible for the overall strategic planning and business direction of the Group. With the support of the executive Directors and the company secretary, the chairman approves the agenda for, and chairs, Board meetings to ensure that all key and appropriate issues are discussed in a timely manner, including any matters proposed by other Directors. He is responsible for the effective functioning of the Board, including but not limited to taking steps to ensure that all Directors are properly briefed on issues arising at Board meetings, providing all Directors with adequate information which is accurate, clear, complete and reliable in a timely manner, communicating Shareholders' views to the Board as a whole and promoting a culture of openness and constructive debate during Board meetings.

Mr. Lau Ka Keung serves as the chief executive officer of the Company. He is responsible for the execution of the strategic planning and general management of the Group.

BOARD COMMITTEES

Executive Committee

The Executive Committee was established on 3 June 2019 with written terms of reference approved and adopted by the Board on the same date. The primary duties of the Executive Committee include (but not limited to): (i) discussing and making decisions on day to day management and operation matters of the Group; (ii) evaluating, determining and presenting to the Board's approval the Company's funding requirement and strategy; (iii) monitoring and overseeing the financial and operational performance of the Group; and (iv) assessing and making recommendations to the Board on major acquisitions of or investments in business or projects. For year ended 31 December 2023, the Executive Committee consisted of all executive Directors, namely Mr. Lau Ka Keung (chairman of the Executive Committee), Mr. Wong Ting Chung and Mr. Li Wa Tat, Benedict. The terms of reference of the Executive Committee have been made available on the Company's website at www.millioncities.com.cn and on the website of the Stock Exchange.

主席及行政總裁

樓家強先生為本公司行政總裁,負責執行策略 規劃及本集團的整體管理。

董事委員會

執行委員會

執行委員會於2019年6月3日成立,並訂明書面職權範圍,於同日獲董事會批准及採納。執行委員會主要職責包括(但不限於):(i)討論及決定本集團的日常管理及營運事項;(ii)評估及整定本公司資金要求及策略,然後提呈董事會法人會主要以發達。就是是董事會提出建議。截至2023年12月31日止年度,執行委員會成員包括所有執行董事,分別為樓家強先生(執行委員會主席)、王庭聰先生及李華達先生。執行委員會的職權範圍已刊載於本公司網站www.millioncities.com.cn及聯交所網站。

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee was established with written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules and paragraph D3 of the CG Code. The primary duties of the Audit Committee are to assist the Board by providing an independent view of the effectiveness of the financial reporting process, internal control and risk management systems of the Group, to oversee the audit process, to develop and review the accounting policies of the Group and to perform other duties and responsibilities as assigned by the Board. For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Audit Committee consisted of three independent non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Li Yinguan (chairman of the Audit Committee who possesses the appropriate professional qualification or accounting or related financial management expertise), Mr. Ip Shu Kwan, Stephen, and Mr. Chan Hiu Fung, Nicholas. The written terms of reference of the Audit Committee has been made available on the Company's website at www.millioncities.com.cn and on the website of the Stock Exchange. The Audit Committee has reviewed with the management of the Group the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and discussed internal controls and financial reporting matters including a review of the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023.

The Audit Committee held four physical meetings during the year ended 31 December 2023. In these meetings, the Audit Committee discussed and reviewed, among other things,

(i) the accuracy and fairness of the Group's audited annual results for the year ended 31 December 2022 and unaudited interim results for the six months ended 30 June 2023; (ii) the work of the Group's internal auditor; and (iii) the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems, and the Group's internal audit function.

審計委員會

審計委員會根據上市規則第3.21條及企業管治 守則第D3段成立,並訂明書面職權範圍。審計 委員會主要職責為協助董事會就本集團財務 申報過程、內部監控及風險管理系統的成效提 出獨立意見、以監察審核程序、制定及檢討本 集團的會計政策及履行董事會委派的其他職 責及職務。截至2023年12月31日止年度,審計 委員會包括三名獨立非執行董事,分別為李引 泉先生(審計委員會主席,具有合適專業資格 或會計或相關財務管理專業資歷)、葉澍堃先 生及陳曉峰先生。審計委員會的書面職權範圍 已刊載於本公司網站www.millioncities.com.cn 及聯交所網站。審計委員會已與本集團管理層 共同審閱本集團採用的會計準則及慣例並討 論內部監控及財務報告事宜,包括審閱本集團 截至2023年12月31日止年度的綜合財務報表。

截至2023年12月31日止年度,審計委員會召開四次會議,審計委員會於會上討論和審閱(其中包括)以下事項:(i)本集團截至2022年12月31日止年度經審計年度業績及截至2023年6月30日止六個月未經審計中期業績是否準確公平:(ii)本集團內部核數師的工作;及(iii)本集團風險管理及內部監控系統是否有效以及本集團的內部審核職能。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED) 企業管治報告(續)

The attendance records of individual Audit Committee members at the aforementioned Audit Committee meetings are set out below:

個別審計委員會成員於上述審計委員會會議 之出席紀錄載列如下:

Name of Audit Committee member	審計委員會成員姓名	Attendance/ Number of meetings 出席次數/ 會議次數
Mr. Li Yinquan (Chairman)	李引泉先生(主席)	4/4
Mr. Ip Shu Kwan, Stephen	葉澍堃先生	4/4
Mr. Chan Hiu Fung, Nicholas	陳曉峰先生	4/4

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee was established with written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.25 of the Listing Rules and paragraph E1 of the CG Code. The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee include (but not limited to): (i) making recommendations to the Directors regarding our policy and structure for the remuneration of all of the Directors and senior management and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policies; (ii) making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of the Directors and senior management; (iii) reviewing and approving the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives; and (iv) reviewing and/or approving matters relating to share schemes under Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules. For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Remuneration Committee consisted of two executive Directors, namely Mr. Wong Ting Chung and Mr. Lau Ka Keung, and three independent non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Chan Hiu Fung, Nicholas (chairman of the Remuneration Committee), Mr. Li Yinquan and Mr. Ip Shu Kwan, Stephen. The written terms of reference of Remuneration Committee has been made available on the Company's website at www.millioncities.com. cn and on the website of the Stock Exchange.

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會根據上市規則第3.25條及企業管治 守則第E1段成立,並訂明書面職權範圍。薪酬 委員會的主要職責包括(但不限於): (i)就全體 董事及高級管理層的薪酬政策及架構以及就 制定薪酬政策設立正規且具誘明度的程序向 董事作出推薦建議;(ji)就董事及高級管理層的 薪酬待遇向董事會作出推薦建議;(iii)經考慮 董事會的企業目標及目的後審閱及批准管理 層的薪酬計劃書;及(iv)根據上市規則第17章 審議及/或批准股份計劃相關事項。截至2023 年12月31日止年度,薪酬委員會由兩名執行董 事王庭聰先生及樓家強先生及三名獨立非執 行董事陳曉峰先生(薪酬委員會主席)、李引 泉先生及葉澍堃先生組成。薪酬委員會的書 面職權範圍已刊載於本公司網站 www.millioncities.com.cn及聯交所網站。

The Remuneration Committee held one physical meeting during the year ended 31 December 2023. In the meeting, the Remuneration Committee discussed and reviewed, among other things, the remuneration packages of the Directors and senior management.

截至2023年12月31日止年度,薪酬委員會召開一次會議,薪酬委員會於會上討論和審閱(其中包括)董事及高級管理層的薪酬待遇。

The attendance records of individual Remuneration Committee members at the aforementioned Remuneration Committee meeting are set out below:

個別薪酬委員會成員於上述薪酬委員會會議 之出席紀錄載列如下:

Name of Remuneration Committee member	薪酬委員會成員姓名	Attendance/ Number of meeting 出席次數/ 會議次數
Mr. Chan Hiu Fung, Nicholas (Chairman)	陳曉峰先生(主席)	1/1
Mr. Wong Ting Chung	王庭聰先生	1/1
Mr. Lau Ka Keung	樓家強先生	1/1
Mr. Li Yinquan	李引泉先生	1/1
Mr. Ip Shu Kwan, Stephen	葉澍堃先生	1/1

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee was established with written terms of reference in compliance with paragraph B3 of the CG Code. It is responsible for determining the policy for the nomination of directors, identifying and recommending to the Board appropriate candidates to serve as Directors, evaluating the structure and composition of the Board and developing, recommending to the Board and monitoring nomination quidelines for the Company. For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Nomination Committee consisted of two executive Directors, namely Mr. Wong Ting Chung and Mr. Lau Ka Keung, and three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Ip Shu Kwan, Stephen (chairman of the Nomination Committee), Mr. Li Yinguan and Mr. Chan Hiu Fung, Nicholas. The written terms of reference of this committee has been made available on the Company's website at www. millioncities.com.cn and on the website of the Stock Exchange.

提名委員會

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED)

企業管治報告(續)

The Nomination Committee held one physical meeting during the year ended 31 December 2023. In the meeting, the Nomination Committee discussed and reviewed, among other things, (i) the recommendation on re-election of retire Directors at the AGM; and (ii) the existing structure, size and composition of the Board to ensure that it has a balance of expertise, skills and experience appropriate for the Group's business and is in compliance with the requirements of the Listing Rules.

截至2023年12月31日止年度,提名委員會召開一次會議,提名委員會於會上討論和審閱(其中包括)以下事項:(i)有關退任董事於股東週年大會膺選連任的建議;及(ii)董事會現時架構、人數及組成,確保董事會的專業知識、技術及經驗達致平衡,適合本集團業務及符合上市規則要求。

The attendance records of individual Nomination Committee members at the aforementioned Nomination Committee meeting are set out below:

個別提名委員會成員於上述提名委員會會議 之出席紀錄載列如下:

Name of Nomination Committee member	提名委員會成員姓名	Attendance/ Number of meeting 出席次數/ 會議次數
Mr. Ip Shu Kwan, Stephen (Chairman)	葉澍堃先生(主席)	1/1
Mr. Wong Ting Chung	王庭聰先生	1/1
Mr. Lau Ka Keung	樓家強先生	1/1
Mr. Li Yinquan	李引泉先生	1/1
Mr. Chan Hiu Fung, Nicholas	陳 睦 峰 先 牛	1/1

Board diversity

The Company recognises and embraces the importance and benefit achieving diversity on the Board has on corporate governance and board effectiveness. During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Company monitored the Board composition with regard to its diversity policy which requires board appointments to be made on a merit basis with due regard for the benefits of the diversity of Board members. Selection of candidates will be based on a wide range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, race, language, cultural background, educational background, industry experience and professional experience.

董事會成員多元化

本公司認同及重視達致董事會成員多元化對企業管治及董事會效益的重要性及裨益。截至2023年12月31日止年度,本公司已就多元化政策監察董事會組成,該政策要求董事會委任以用人唯才為原則,並適當考慮董事會成員多元化的裨益。甄選候選人將以一系列多元化角度為基準,包括但不限於性別、年齡、種族、語言、文化背景、教育背景、行業經驗及專業經驗。

The Nomination Committee will identify and propose implementation plans and make recommendations to the Board to assist in building a broader pool of skilled and experienced employees and Directors that will prepare them for Directors positions to achieve the goal of gender diversity on the Board. The Nomination Committee monitors and reviews the effectiveness and progress of the Board's diversity annually.

提名委員將識別並向董事會提出實施計劃及 推薦建議,協助構建以技術熟練及經驗豐富之 員工及董事組成的更廣泛的人才庫,並為就任 董事作好準備以達至實踐董事會性別多元化 為目標,並每年監察及審閱董事會成員多元化 的效益及目標達成維度。

There are currently 60 employees, of which 48% are male and 52% are female. The Group monitors and reviews the effectiveness and progress of employees' gender diversity annually.

本集團現有60名僱員,男性佔48%,女性佔52%。本集團會每年監察及審閱僱員性別多元化的效益及進度。

Expertise and skills of the Directors include property investment, property development and management, finance management, etc. The following table shows a breakdown of the diversity information of the Directors:

董事的專長及技能包括物業投資、物業發展及管理、財務管理等。董事多元化信息如下:



Note: The information is as of 31 December 2023

The Board acknowledges that gender diversity is a representing manifestation of board diversity. Accordingly, the Company shall prepare to appoint at least one Director of different gender in the Board no later than 31 December 2024.

因此,本公司擬於2024年12月31日之前於董事 會委任至少一名不同性別的董事。

附註:資料截至2023年12月31日

EXTERNAL AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The amount of fees charged by the Company's external auditor, KPMG, in respect of their interim review services and annual audit services for the year ended 31 December 2023 amounted to approximately RMB0.6 million and RMB2.2 million respectively. In addition to the interim review services, no other non-audit service has been provided by KPMG during FY2023.

THE COMPANY SECRETARY

The company secretary plays a role in supporting the Board by ensuring good information flow within the Board and also that Board policy and procedures are followed. The company secretary is responsible for advising the Board through the chairman and/or the chief executive officer on corporate governance matters and should also facilitate induction and professional development of Directors. Specific enquiry has been made to the company secretary of the Company, namely Mr. Li Wa Tat, Benedict, and he has confirmed that he has complied with the relevant qualifications, experience and training requirements under the Listing Rules.

DIRECTORS' AND OFFICERS' LIABILITY INSURANCE

The Company has arranged directors' and officers' liability insurance for its Directors and senior management. The insurance covers the corresponding costs, charges, expenses and liabilities for any legal action against them arising out of the Group's operation.

DIRECTORS' TRAINING

According to the code provision C.1.4 of the CG Code, Directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. All the Directors are also encouraged to attend relevant training courses at the Company's expenses.

外聘核數師酬金

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本公司外聘核數師畢馬威會計師事務所就提供中期審閱服務及年度審計服務收取的費用分別約為人民幣60萬元及人民幣220萬元。除上述中期審閱服務外,畢馬威會計師事務所在2023財政年度內並未提供其他非審核服務。

公司秘書

公司秘書負責支援董事會,以確保董事會內訊 息流通以及董事會的政策及程序得以遵循。公 司秘書負責透過主席及/或行政總裁就企業管 治事宜向董事會提供建議,亦應就董事就職及 其專業發展提供協助。經向本公司的公司秘書 李華達先生作出特定查詢後,彼確認彼符合上 市規則規定的相關資歷、經驗及培訓要求。

董事及高級職員責任保險

本公司已為董事及高級管理層安排董事及高級職員責任保險。該保險為彼等因本集團營運 而面對的任何法律行動所產生的相關成本、收 費、開支及責任提供保障。

董事培訓

根據企業管治守則條文第C.1.4條,董事應持續參與專業發展,以精進及更新知識及技能,從而確保彼等維持對董事會作出明智及恰當的貢獻。本公司鼓勵全體董事出席相關培訓課程,費用由本公司承擔。

企業管治報告(續)

The Directors confirmed that they have complied with the code provision C.1.4 of the CG Code for the year ended 31 December 2023 and they participated in the following types of continuous professional development:

截至2023年12月31日止年度,董事確認彼等一 直遵守企管守則的守則條文第C.1.4條,並參 與以下類別的持續專業發展:

Name of Director	董事姓名	Type of continuous professional development 持續專業 發展的類別
Executive Directors	執行董事	
Mr. Wong Ting Chung (Chairman)	王庭聰先生(主席)	(I), (II)
Mr. Lau Ka Keung (Chief Executive Officer)	樓家強先生(行政總裁)	(I), (II)
Mr. Li Wa Tat, Benedict (Chief Financial Officer and	李華達先生(首席財務總監兼公	
Company Secretary)	司秘書)	(I), (II)
Independent non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	
Mr. Ip Shu Kwan, Stephen	葉澍堃先生	(I), (II)
Mr. Li Yinquan	李引泉先生	(I), (II)
Mr. Chan Hiu Fung, Nicholas	陳曉峰先生	(I), (II)

- (1) Attending seminars/webinars.
- (II)Reading/watching materials in relation to the roles, functions and duties of a listed company director and the latest developments in the relevant rules and regulations.
- 出席研討會/網上研討會。 (I)
- 閲覽有關上市公司董事的角色、職能及 (II)職責以及相關規則及規例最新發展的資 料。

INVESTOR COMMUNICATIONS AND SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

The Company considers timely communication to the Shareholders and/or investors and transparent reporting as key components of good corporate governance. The Company aims to maintain frequent and timely communication with its Shareholders and/or investors through a variety of communication channels, including but not limited to the following communication channels

(i) Corporate Communications

Corporate communications (as defined under the Listing Rules) to the Shareholders refer to any document issued or to be issued by the Company for shareholder's information or action, including but not limited to the directors' report and annual accounts together with a copy of the independent auditor's report, the interim report, a notice of meeting, a circular and a proxy form. Corporate communications will be provided in plain language and in both English and Chinese versions to facilitate Shareholders' understanding. Shareholders are entitled to receive the Company's documents and the means of receipt (by printed version or in electronic form).

Shareholders are encouraged to provide, amongst other things, in particular, their email addresses to the Company in order to facilitate timely and effective communications. The company secretary of the Company will collect their queries or suggestions and follow up in a timely manner. The Company is responsible for handling the suggestions, following up and keeping relevant records, and reporting to the Board on the suggestions collected and handled.

投資者溝通及股東權利

本公司認為,及時與股東及/或投資者溝通及 具透明度的申報為良好企業管治的主要部分。 本公司旨在透過多種通訊途徑與股東及/或投 資者保持頻繁和及時的溝通,該等途徑包括但 不限於以下傳訊途徑

(i) 公司通訊

向股東發放的公司通訊(定義見上市規則),本公司已發出或將予發出以供股東參閱或採取行動的任何文件,包括但不限於董事會報告及年度賬目連同獨立核數師報告、中期報告、會議通告、通函及代表委任表格等將以淺白中、英雙語編寫,以方便股東了解通訊內容。股東有權選擇收取公司文件及收取方法(印刷本或電子形式)。

本公司鼓勵股東向本公司提供(其中尤其包括)電郵地址,以助提供適時有效的通訊。本公司的公司秘書將收集其疑問或意見並作出適時的跟進。意見由公司負責處理,跟進及保留相關記錄,並且於董事會匯報已徵集及處理的建議。

(ii) The Company's website

The Company's annual and interim reports, announcements of results, announcements, circulars, notices of general meetings and proxy forms are accessible on the website of the Stock Exchange and the Company's website at www.millioncities.com.cn, where general information on the Group's business and activities is available for public access. Official announcements will be released from time to time in accordance with the Listing Rules to update our Shareholders and/or investors with the comprehensive and latest developments of the Group. In addition, the Company's website will provide the memorandum and articles of association of the Company, the members of the Board, the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee, the Remuneration Committee, and the Executive Committee, as well as the term of reference of members of these committees. The information on our website is updated from time to time. All updates on significant events and activities of the Group will be published on the Company's website to keep the Shareholders and/or investors informed of the latest situations and developments of the Company from time to time. Shareholders are also welcome to raise any queries with the company secretary of the Company. The company secretary will follow up in a timely manner.

(iii) General meetings

Shareholders are encouraged to participate in general meetings or to appoint proxies to attend and vote at the meetings on their behalf if they are unable to attend the meetings. General meetings provide a platform for Shareholders to exchange views with the Board and the Directors are available to answer shareholders' questions at the Company's annual general meetings. The Company will monitor and review the process of general meetings on a regular basis, and, if necessary, make changes to ensure that Shareholders' needs are best served. Board members, in particular, either the chairpersons of Board committees or their delegates, appropriate management executives and external auditors will attend annual general meetings to answer Shareholders' questions.

(ii) 公司網站

本公司的年度及中期報告、業績公告、 公告、通函、股東大會通告及代表委任表 格等均可於聯交所網站及本公司網站 www.millioncities.com.cn 查閱,而該等網 站亦載有本集團業務及活動的一般資料 以供公眾查閱。本公司將不時根據上市 規則的規定刊發官方公告,以便股東及/ 或投資者了解本集團的全面及最新發 展。再者,本公司網站亦會提供有關本公 司的組織章程大綱及章程細則、董事會、 審核委員會、提名委員會、薪酬委員會及 執行委員會的成員,以及此等委員會成 員的職權範圍。本公司網站上的資料會 不時更新。本公司所有有關本集團重大 事件及活動的最新動態亦會於本公司網 站登載,讓股東及/或投資者得以不時知 悉本公司的最新情況及發展。本公司亦 歡迎股東向公司秘書提出疑問,公司秘 書將會作出適時的跟進。

(iii) 股東大會

本公司鼓勵股東參與股東大會,如未能出席,可委派代表代其出軍會於換意是股東與董事會交換意是股東與董事會交換意見,董事可於本公司司服東國年大會是於本公司司服東國年大會開檢討股東大會程序,如有需要會會定出成動,以確保其切合股東需要會會及外東提問。 其代表)、適當的行政管理人員及會則檢討投表)、適當的行政管理人員及會則的代表的代表的。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED) 企業管治報告(續)

Effective and timely dissemination of information to Shareholders and the investment community shall be ensured at all times. The Company will review the shareholders' communication mechanism on an annual basis to ensure its effectiveness. After the review of the implementation and effectiveness of the shareholders' communication mechanism, the Company is of the view that the policy is effective in providing effective channels for Shareholders to communicate their views on various matters affecting the Company and for the Company to solicit and understand the views of the shareholders.

本公司時刻確保有效及適時向股東及投資人士傳達資訊,並每年檢討股東溝通機制,確保其成效。經檢討股東溝通機制的實施及成效后,本公司認為政策可為股東就影響本公司的各項事宜表達意見,亦為本公司徵求及了解股東觀點提供有效渠道。

If Shareholders have any questions about the Shareholders' communication policy, they shall deliver the questions to the company secretary of the Company.

如股東對股東通訊政策有任何疑問,應 向本公司的公司秘書提出。

Voting at general meetings of the Company is conducted by way of poll in accordance with the Listing Rules. The poll results will be published on both the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company. Pursuant to article 64 of the Company's existing articles of association, one or more shareholders holding, at the date of deposit of the requisition, not less than one tenth of the paid up capital of the Company having the right of voting at general meetings may deposit a written requisition (the "Written Requisition") to the Board or the company secretary for the purpose of requiring an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in the Written Requisition. Such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of the Written Requisition. If within 21 days of such deposit, the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

根據 上市規則,本公司股東大會須以投 票方式表決。投票結果將於聯交所及本 公司網站上刊載。根據本公司現有組織 章程細則第64條,於送達要求當日持有 不少於本公司附有權利可於股東大會投 票的實繳股本的十分之一的一名或以上 股東,可向董事會或公司秘書送達一份 書面要求(「書面要求」),要求董事會召 開股東特別大會處理書面要求所載任何 業務交易。該大會須於送達書面要求後 兩個月內舉行。倘董事會於送達要求後 21天內未能召開該大會,則提出要求者 可以相同方式自行召開大會,而本公司 須向提出要求者償付因董事會未能召開 大會而致使提出要求者產生的一切合理 開支。

企業管治報告(續)

Shareholders and investors are also welcome to submit any enquiries to the Board and suggestions or proposals at general meetings directly to the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong as provided in the section headed "Corporate information" in this annual report.

The Board also encourages Shareholders to attend general meetings to make enquiries with the Board directly.

DIVIDEND POLICY

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Company adopted a dividend policy on declaration and payment of dividends. It aims to allow the Shareholders to share the profits of the Company whilst retaining adequate reserves for the Group's future growth and set out the approach to determine dividend payout ratio of the Company. Depending on the financial conditions of the Company and the Group, and the conditions and factors as set out in the dividend policy, dividends may be proposed and/or declared by the Board during a financial year or period and any final dividend for a financial year which will be subject to the Shareholders' approval. The dividend policy is available on the website of the Company at www.millioncities.com.cn.

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

At the annual general meeting of the Company held on 10 June 2022, the adoption of an amended and restated memorandum and articles of association of the Company (the "New M&A") was approved by the Shareholders. For details of the amendments, please refer to Appendix III to the circular of the Company dated 29 April 2022. The Company has published its New M&A (in both English and Chinese) on the Company's website at www.millioncities.com.cn and on the website of the Stock Exchange. During FY2023, the Company did not make any changes to its memorandum and articles of association.

ACCOUNTABILITY

The Directors have included a management discussion and analysis of the Group's performance for the year ended 31 December 2023 under the section headed "Management discussion and analysis" of this annual report.

本公司亦歡迎股東及投資者直接致函本 公司的香港主要營業地點(地址見本年報 「公司資料」一節)向董事會作出任何查 詢,以及於股東大會上直接提出建議或 議案。

董事會亦鼓勵股東出席股東大會,直接 向董事會提出查詢。

股息政策

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本公司已就宣 派及派付股息採納股息政策。該政策目的旨 在讓股東分享本公司溢利,同時亦為本集團 未來的發展保留足夠的儲備,並制定確定本 公司派息比率的方法。視乎本公司及本集團 的財務狀況以及股息政策所載條件及因素, 董事會可在財政年度或期間建議及/或宣派 股息,而某財政年度的任何末期股息經股東 批准方可作實。股息政策可於本公司網站

憲章文件

本公司經修訂及重述的組織章程大綱及細則 (「新章程細則」)已於2022年6月10日召開的本 公司股東週年大會獲股東批准採納。有關修訂 的詳情,請參閱本公司2022年4月29日的通函 附錄三。本公司已於本公司網站www. millioncities.com.cn及聯交所網站刊載新章程 細則(中、英文版)。於2023財政年度本公司並 沒有修改公司組織章程大綱及細則。

董事已於本年報「管理層討論及分析」一節載 入本集團截至2023年12月31日止年度表現的管 理層討論及分析。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED) 企業管治報告(續)

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board places great importance on risk management and internal control and has ultimate responsibilities for overseeing management in the design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management and internal control system of the Group on an ongoing basis. The Board is also committed to review the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems.

The Group established the risk management and internal control systems with aims to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatements or losses caused by judgement in decision making process, human error, fraud or other irregularities.

In order to comply with the applicable code provisions set out in the CG Code contained in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules, the Board has engaged an independent professional firm as the outsourced internal auditor (the "internal auditor") with a view to supporting the Board in reviewing the effectiveness and adequacy of the Group's risk management and internal control systems, fulfilling its responsibilities for continuously supervising and managing the design, implementation and monitoring of the Group's risk management and internal control systems, and assisting the Board in performing annual reviews on the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems for the year ended 31 December 2023.

風險管理及內部監控

董事會高度重視風險管理及內部監控,對持續 監督管理本集團風險管理及內部監控系統的 設計、實施及監察負有最終責任。董事會亦致 力檢討本集團風險管理及內部監控系統是否 充分及有效。

本集團已建立風險管理及內部監控系統,旨在 管理而非消除未能達成業務目標的風險,並就 在決策過程中由判斷所引致的重大錯誤陳述 或損失、人為錯誤、欺詐或其他違規行為提供 合理而非絕對保證。

為遵守上市規則附錄C1所載企業管治守則之相關守則條文,董事會已聘請獨立專業公司擔任外聘內部核數師(「內部核數師」),旨在協助董事會檢討本集團風險管理及內部監控系統之有效性及充分性,對持續監督管理本集團風險管理及內部監控系統的設計、實施及監察履行其責任,並協助董事會對本集團截至2023年12月31日止年度的風險管理及內部監控系統的有效性進行年度審閱。

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group has reviewed the internal audit charter which defined the scope and the duties and responsibilities of the internal audit function and its reporting protocol. The Group has conducted an annual risk assessment which identified respective strategic risks, operational risks, financial risks and compliance risks for the Group. Based on the risk assessment results following a risk based methodology audit approach, internal audit plan for the year ending 31 December 2024 was devised which prioritised the risks identified into annual audit projects. The Group has taken further steps to enhance its risk management and internal control systems according to some weaknesses found during risk assessment and examination of the internal control and strengthen the implementation of all the risk management and internal control systems. The Board has also reviewed, through the Audit Committee, the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting, internal audit, financial reporting functions, as well as those relating to the Company's environment, social and governance (ESG) performance and reporting.

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團已審閱內 部審核憲章,界定內部審核職能的範圍及職責 及其報告政策。本集團已進行年度風險評估, 此舉可識別本集團的相關策略風險、經營風 險、財務風險及合規風險。根據採納風險為本 的審核方法後得出的風險評估結果,本集團已 制定截至2024年12月31日 止年度內部審核計 劃,該計劃將所識別之風險優先列入年度審核 項目。本集團已根據於風險評估及內部監控檢 查期間所識別的若干不足之處,採取進一步措 施增強其風險管理及內部監控系統,並加強實 施所有風險管理及內部監控系統。董事會亦通 過審計委員會審閱本集團在會計、內部審核、 財務匯報職能方面的資源、員工資歷及經驗、 培訓課程及預算是否充足,以及與環境、社會 及管治報告(ESG)的表現和報告的相關內容。

The Group has established procedures in handling and dissemination of inside information in an accurate and secure manner and to avoid possible mishandling of inside information within the Group.

本集團已建立以準確安全的方式處理及公佈 內幕消息之程序,以避免不當處理本集團內幕 消息。

Based on the risk management and internal control systems established and maintained by the Group, the review performed by the external auditor, the internal auditor, and reviews performed by the management, respective board committees and the Board, the Audit Committee and the Board are of the view that the Group has maintained sound, effective and adequate risk management and internal control system during the year ended 31 December 2023.

根據本集團建立及維持的風險管理及內部監控系統、外部核數師與內部核數師進行的審閱及管理層、有關董事委員會及董事會進行的審閱,審計委員會及董事會認為,截至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團已維持良好、有效且充分的風險管理及內部監控系統。

PROCEDURES AND INTERNAL CONTROLS FOR THE HANDLING AND DISSEMINATION OF INSIDE INFORMATION

The Company has developed an inside information policy which provides a guidance to the Directors and the Company's senior management and relevant employees in handling inside information, monitoring information disclosure and responding to enquiries. The Company should take all reasonable measures to ensure the confidentiality of inside information until consistent and timely disclosure of such information is made.

The procedures and measures of internal controls for the handling and dissemination of inside information are as follows:

- the Group conducts its affairs with close regard to the disclosure requirements under the Listing Rules as well as the "Guidelines on Disclosure of Inside Information" published by the Securities and Future Commission of Hong Kong in June 2012;
- the Company has developed the inside information policy, pursuant to which directors and employees should implement the relevant measures in accordance with the manner and procedures set out therein to ensure the proper handling and dissemination of inside information;
- the Group has strictly prohibited unauthorized use of confidential or inside information; and
- the Group regularly reminds the directors and employees about due compliance with all polices regarding the inside information, as well as keeps them appraised of the latest regulatory updates.

處理及發放內幕消息之程序及內部 監控

本公司已制訂內幕消息政策,為董事和本公司 高級管理層及相關僱員就處理內幕消息、監察 消息披露及回應查詢提供指引。本公司應採取 一切合理措施確保內幕消息在適時作出一致 披露前保密。

處理及發佈內幕消息的程序及內部監控措施 如下:

- 本集團處理事務時會充分考慮上市規則 下的披露規定以及香港證券及期貨事務 監察委員會於2012年6月頒佈的「內幕消息披露指引」;
- 本集團已制定內幕消息政策,董事及僱員應按政策內方式及程序執行有關措施,確保適當處理及發佈內幕消息;
- 本集團已嚴格禁止未經授權使用機密或 內幕消息;及
- 本集團定期提醒董事及僱員應妥善遵守 有關內幕消息的所有政策,並讓彼等了 解最新的監管更新。

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 and confirm that the financial statements contained herein give a true and fair view of the results and state of affairs of the Group for the year under review. The Directors consider that the financial statements have been prepared in conformity with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and reflect amounts which are based on best estimates and reasonable, informed and prudent judgment of the Board. Such acknowledgement should be read in conjunction with, but be distinguished from, the statement of the external auditor of the Company, KPMG, in relation to their reporting responsibilities as set out in their auditor's report on pages 130 to 143 of this annual report.

GOING CONCERN

The Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's and the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Accordingly, the Directors have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

董事的財務申報責任

董事確認彼等知悉須負責編製截至2023年12月31日止年度財務報表,且確認本報告所載財務報表真實公平反映本集團於回顧年度的的養力的。董事認為,財務報表乃按照香港公司條例的披露規定編製,有關數額乃基於董事會的最佳估計及合理、知情和審慎的判斷而計算得出。有關確認應與本年報第130至143頁所載本公司外聘核數師畢馬威會計師事務所編製的核數師報告內就彼等申報責任作出的聲明一併閱讀,惟兩者各為獨立聲明。

持續經營

據董事所知,並無任何有關事件或狀況的重大 不確定因素可能導致本公司及本集團持續經 營的能力受到重大質疑。因此,董事已按照持 續經營基準編製財務報表。

DIRECTORS' REPORT

董事會報告

The Board is pleased to present the annual report together with the audited financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023.

董事會欣然提呈本集團截至2023年12月31日止 年度的年度報告連同經審計財務報表。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company and the principal activities of the Group are property development and sales in the PRC. Particulars of the principal activities of the Company's subsidiaries are set out in note 34 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group. There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the year ended 31 December 2023.

主要活動

本公司為投資控股公司,本集團的主要活動為 在中國發展及銷售物業。本公司附屬公司的主 要活動詳情載於本集團綜合財務報表附許34。 截至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團的主要活 動性質並無重大變動。

BUSINESS REVIEW

A business review of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 and its future development is set out in the Chairman's statement from page 5 to page 9 and management discussion and analysis from page 13 to page 33 of this annual report.

業務回顧

本集團截至2023年12月31日止年度的業務回顧 及未來發展載於本年度報告第5頁至第9頁的主 席報告及第13頁至第33頁的管理層討論及分 析。

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss on page 144 of this annual report.

The Directors do not recommend payment of any final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2023.

業績及分配

本集團截至2023年12月31日止年度的業績載於 本年度報告第144頁的綜合損益表。

DONATIONS

Charitable and other donations made by the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 amounted to approximately RMB1.8 million (2022: RMB1.4 million).

董事並無建議就截至2023年12月31日止年度派 付任何末期股息。

捐贈

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團的慈善及 其他捐款約為人民幣180萬元(2022年:人民幣 140萬元)。

RESERVES AND DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

Movements in the reserves of the Group and the Company during the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 253 of this annual report and note 28 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

本公司儲備及可分派儲備

本集團及本公司截至2023年12月31日止年度的 儲備變動分別載於本年度報告第253頁的綜合 權益變動表及綜合財務報表附註28。

As at 31 December 2023, the Company's reserves available for distribution to equity shareholders in accordance with its articles of association and the laws of the Cayman Islands amounted to approximately RMB643.1 million (2022: RMB636.2 million).

於2023年12月31日,根據本公司組織章程細則及開曼群島法例,本公司可供分派予權益股東的儲備約為人民幣6.431億元(2022年:人民幣6.362億元)。

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in note 12 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the movements in the issued share capital of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in note 28 to the consolidated financial statements.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association and there are no restrictions against such rights under the laws of the Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The percentages of sales and purchases for the year ended 31 December 2023 attributable to the Group's major customers and suppliers are as follows:

Revenue from sales of properties attributable to:

- the largest customer 1%
- five largest customers in aggregate 4.56%

Purchases attributable to:

- the largest supplier 0.26%
- five largest suppliers in aggregate 0.88%

None of the Directors, or any of their close associates (as defined under the Listing Rules), or any shareholder (which, to the knowledge of the Directors, owns more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital), had any interest in any of the five largest customers or suppliers of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2023.

物業、廠房及設備

本集團物業、廠房及設備的變動詳情載於綜合 財務報表附註12。

股本

本公司截至2023年12月31日止年度已發行股本 變動的詳情載於綜合財務報表附註28。

優先購買權

本公司組織章程細則並無有關優先購買權的 條文,而開曼群島法例亦無有關該等權利的限 制,致使本公司須按比例向現有股東提呈發售 新股。

主要客戶及供應商

本集團主要客戶及供應商應佔截至2023年12 月31日止年度的銷售及採購百分比如下:

以下人士應佔物業銷售收入:

- 最大客戶為1%
- 一 五大客戶合共為4.56%

以下人士應佔採購:

- 一 最大供應商為0.26%
- 一 五大供應商合共為0.88%

概無董事或彼等任何緊密聯繫人(定義見上市規則)或任何股東(就董事所知,擁有本公司已發行股本超過5%)於截至2023年12月31日止年度擁有本集團任何五大客戶或供應商的任何權益。

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the published results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the five years ended 31 December 2023 is set out on page 281 of this annual report. This summary does not form part of the audited financial statements.

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year ended 31 December 2023 and up to the date of this annual report are as follows:

Chairman and executive Director

Mr. Wong Ting Chung BBS, JP (Chairman)

Executive Directors

Mr. Lau Ka Keung *BBS, MH, JP (Chief executive officer)*Mr. Li Wa Tat. Benedict

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Ip Shu Kwan, Stephen GBS, JP

Mr. Li Yinguan

Mr. Chan Hiu Fung, Nicholas MH, JP

Pursuant to articles 109(a) and 109(b) of the Company's articles of association, all Directors are subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years but are eligible for reelection by Shareholders at the annual general meeting of the Company.

Pursuant to article 113 of the Company's articles of association, the Board shall have power from time to time and at any time to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an additional Director, provided that the number of Directors so appointed shall not exceed the maximum number determined from time to time by the Shareholders in general meeting. Any Director so appointed shall hold office only until the first annual general meeting of the Company after his appointment and be subject to re-election at such meeting.

財務概要

本集團截至2023年12月31日止五個年度之已發佈業績、資產及負債的概要載於本年報第281頁。該概要並不構成經審計財務報表的一部分。

董事

截至2023年12月31日止年度及直至本年度報告日期,董事如下所示:

主席兼執行董事

王庭聰先生BBS, JP(主席)

執行董事

樓家強先生BBS, MH, JP(行政總裁) 李華達先生

獨立非執行董事

葉澍堃先生GBS, JP 李引泉先生 陳曉峰先生MH, JP

根據本公司組織章程細則第109(a)及109(b)條, 所有董事須至少每三年於本公司股東週年大 會上輪值退任一次,惟合資格於同大會上膺選 連任。

根據本公司組織章程細則第113條,董事會有權不時及隨時委任任何人士擔任董事,填補臨時空缺或作為新增董事,惟如此委任的董事人數不得超過股東於股東大會不時釐定的最高人數。如此委任的任何董事應僅任職至其獲委任後本公司的首屆股東週年大會,但可於會上膺選連任。

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS AND LETTERS OF APPOINTMENT

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company for an initial term of three years, which may be terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing served by either party on the other.

Each of the independent non-executive Directors was appointed by the Company for a term of three years in accordance with their respective letters of appointment with the Company, which may be terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing served by either party on the other.

None of the Directors who are proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not terminable within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Board considers all the independent non-executive Directors to be independent in accordance with Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save as disclosed in the paragraph headed "Connected transactions and continuing connected transactions" below and in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements, no transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance between the Company or any of its subsidiaries and the Company's controlling shareholder or any of its subsidiaries, or in which a Director or an entity connected with a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted during or at the end of the year ended 31 December 2023.

董事服務合約及委任函

各執行董事已與本公司訂立初步任期為三年 的服務合約,並可由任何一方向另一方發出不 少於三個月的書面通知予以終止。

各獨立非執行董事已按彼等各自與本公司簽 訂的委任函獲本公司委任,任期為期三年,可 由任何一方向另一方發出不少於三個月的書 面通知予以終止。

擬於應屆股東週年大會膺選連任的董事概無 與本公司訂立不可於一年內在不支付賠償(法 定賠償除外)的情況下終止的服務合約。

獨立非執行董事的獨立性

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條作出的年度獨立性確認書。根據上市規則第3.13條,董事會認為所有獨立非執行董事均屬獨立。

董事於重大交易、安排或合約之權益

除下文「關連交易及持續關連交易」一段及綜合財務報表附註32所披露者外,於截至2023年12月31日止年度或該年度結束時,本公司或任何附屬公司與本公司控股股東或其任何附屬公司之間概無訂立董事或與董事有關連之實體於其中直接或間接擁有重大權益的任何重大交易、安排或合約。

UPDATES ON DIRECTOR'S INFORMATION

Upon specific enquiry by the Company and following confirmations from the Directors, save as set out below, there is no change in the information required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules:

(i) Mr. Li Yinquan has been appointed as an independent nonexecutive director of China Agri-Products Exchange Limited (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange; stock code: 149) since April 2024.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

A permitted indemnity provision contained in the Company's articles of association that is subject to the requirements specified in the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) for the benefit of the Directors of the Company was in force during the year ended 31 December 2023 and up to the date of this annual report.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS AND CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Details of the related party transactions undertaken in the usual course of business are set out in note 32 to the financial statements. Save as disclosed below, as these related party transactions constitute fully exempted continuing connected transactions of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules, none of them constitutes discloseable connected transactions as defined under the Listing Rules.

Cash advance to a connected person

On 5 May 2023, Huizhou Million Cities, an indirect non-wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into an agreement with its equity holders. As Huizhou Million Cities intended to declare and pay dividend of an aggregate amount of RMB121.6 million to its equity holders (the "Cash Advance"), it was resolved that such amount would be paid to its equity holders in the form of an interest-free and unsecured cash advance in proportion to their percentage of equity interest in Huizhou Million Cities. It was also agreed that the Cash Advance shall be repayable upon demand of Huizhou Million Cities.

董事資料更新

於本公司作出特定查詢及董事作出下列確認後,除下文所載外,根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條須予披露的資料概無發生任何變動:

(i) 李引泉先生自2024年4月起獲委任為中國 農產品交易有限公司(於聯交所主板上市 的公司:股份代號: 149)獨立非執行董 事。

獲准許彌僧條文

本公司組織章程細則所載受香港法例第622章 《公司條例》所訂明規定規限之有關本公司董 事利益之獲准許彌償條文於截至2023年12月31 日止年度及直至本年度報告日期生效。

關連交易及持續關連交易

於日常業務過程中進行的關聯方交易詳情載 於財務報表附註32。除下文所披露者外,由於 該等關聯方交易根據上市規則第14A章構成本 公司獲全面豁免的持續關連交易,故概無構成 上市規則所界定的須予披露關連交易。

向關連人士提供現金墊款

於2023年5月5日,本公司的間接非全資附屬公司惠州萬城與其股權持有人訂立協議。惠州萬城擬向其股權持有人宣派及派付股息合共人民幣1.216億元(「現金墊款」),並議決該筆款項將以免息及無抵押現金墊款的形式,按其於惠州萬城的股權比例支付予股權持有人。雙方亦協定,現金墊款應於惠州萬城提出要求時償還。

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) 董事會報告(續)

One of the equity holders of Huizhou Million Cities, agreed to lend certain of her portion of the Cash Advance to Mr. Liu Weito ("Mr. Liu"), a substantial shareholder of Huizhou Million Cities and a connected person of the Company at the subsidiary level, and directed Huizhou Million Cities to transfer portion of the Cash Advance of approximately RMB8.5 million to Mr. Liu.

惠州萬城的其中一名股權持有人同意將其部分現金墊款借予惠州萬城的主要股東及於附屬公司層面的本公司關連人士劉偉韜先生(「劉先生」),並指示惠州萬城將部分現金墊款約人民幣850萬元轉予劉先生。

Accordingly, the Cash Advance to Mr. Liu represented (i) the amounts of approximately RMB29.8 million advanced by Huizhou Million Cities to Mr. Liu in proportion to his equity interests in Huizhou Million Cities; and (ii) the amounts of approximately RMB8.5 million advanced by Huizhou Million Cities to Mr. Liu as directed by the abovementioned one of equity holder of Huizhou Million Cities.

因此,向劉先生提供的現金墊款為(i)惠州萬城按其於惠州萬城的股權比例向劉先生墊付的款項約人民幣2,980萬元:及(ii)惠州萬城按上述惠州萬城其中一名股權持有人的指示向劉先生墊付的款項約人民幣850萬元。

Huizhou Million Cities intended to declare and pay dividend to its equity holders at the relevant time. However, due to administrative costs and time required for the declaration and payment of dividend, Huizhou Million Cities granted the Cash Advance to its equity holders for the time being. Even though the Cash Advance is interest-free and was not made in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group, having considered that (i) the Cash Advance is repayable upon demand; (ii) it was intended to be paid as dividend, but for administrative reason it took the form of advances to equity holders; and (iii) it could be offset by dividend payable to the equity holders upon declaration of dividend, the Board is of the view that (a) the Cash Advance are on normal commercial terms; (b) the credit risk of the Cash Advance is limited; and (c) the Cash Advance to Mr. Liu are the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

惠州萬城擬於相關時間向其股權持有人宣派 及派付股息。然而,由於宣派及派付股息的行政成本與時間,惠州萬城暫時向其股權有人授出現金墊款。儘管現金墊款為免息機力, 但考慮到(i)現金墊款應要求時償還;(ii)現金墊款應要求時償還就來取了向股權持有人墊數於式式權持有股息派付予股權持有及股惠抵付予股權持有人正常 款可於宣派股息時以應付予股權持有正限 息抵銷。董事會認為:(a)現金墊款乃按限 息抵執支付;(b)現金墊款的信用風險有及 業條款支付;(b)現金墊款符合本公司及股東的整體利益。

During FY2023, due to an inadvertent oversight of the management, the Company failed to report, announce and issue circular in relation to the details of the Cash Advance to Mr. Liu and to seek independent Shareholders' approval prior to making the Cash Advance to Mr. Liu. Hence, the Cash Advance to Mr. Liu constituted breaches of the rules under Chapters 14 and 14A of the Listing Rules. For details of the remedial actions.

於2023財政年度,由於管理層的無意的疏忽,本公司並未就向劉先生授出現金墊款的詳情作出彙報、公佈及刊發通函,亦未於向劉先生授出現金墊款前徵求獨立股東批准。因此,向劉先生授出現金墊款構成違反上市規則第14章及第14A章的規定。

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

The interests and/or short positions of Directors and chief executive of the Company, in the shares and underlying shares of the Company (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as at 31 December 2023 as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the SFC under the Model Code, are set out below:

董事及主要行政人員於股份、相關股份及債權證的權益及淡倉

於2023年12月31日,本公司董事及主要行政人員於本公司的股份及相關股份(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)中擁有須記錄於證券及期貨條例第352條規定存置的登記冊的權益及/或淡倉或根據標準守則須知會本公司及證監會的權益及/或淡倉如下:

Long position in the ordinary shares of the Company

本公司普通股的好倉

		Number of ordinary shares/ underlying shares held or	Approximate percentage of the issued share capital of the
Name of Directors	Nature of interests	interested in 所持或擁有 權益的普通股/	Company ⁽⁵⁾ 佔本公司 已發行股本的
董事姓名	權益性質	相關股份數目	概約百分比⑸
Mr. Wong Ting Chung ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾ 王庭聰先生 ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾	Beneficiary of a trust 信託受益人 Beneficial owner	562,500,000	75.0% 0.4%
	實益擁有人	3,000,000	0.470
Mr. Lau Ka Keung ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ 樓家強先生 ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	Interest of spouse 配偶權益	562,500,000	75.0%
	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	3,000,000	0.4%
Mr. Ip Shu Kwan, Stephen ⁽⁴⁾ 葉澍堃先生 ⁽⁴⁾	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	1,500,000	0.2%
Mr. Li Yinquan ⁽⁴⁾ 李引泉先生 ⁽⁴⁾	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	1,500,000	0.2%
Mr. Li Wa Tat, Benedict 李華達先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	8,000	0.001%

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) 董事會報告(續)

Note 1: Mr. Wong Ting Chung is the settlor, the protector and one of the beneficiaries of the Happy Family Trust and therefore he is deemed to be interested in the shares held by the Happy Family Trust under the SFO.

附註1: 王庭聰先生為庭槐信託的授予人、保護 人及受益人之一,故根據證券及期貨條 例視為於庭槐信託所持股份中擁有權 益。

Note 2: Mr. Lau Ka Keung is the spouse of Ms. Wong Wai Ling, who is one of the beneficiaries of the Happy Family Trust and therefore he is deemed to be interested in the shares held by the Happy Family Trust under the SFO.

附註2: 樓家強先生為王惠玲女士(庭槐信託的 受益人之一)配偶,故根據證券及期貨 條例視為於庭槐信託所持股份中擁有權 益。

Note 3: Each of Mr. Wong Ting Chung and Mr. Lau Ka Keung has a beneficial interest in the share options granted to each of them on 29 March 2019 under the Share Option Scheme and which, if exercised in full, would result in the issuance of 3,000,000 ordinary shares to each of them.

附註3: 王庭聰先生及樓家強先生各自於2019年 3月29日根據購股權計劃獲授的購股權 中擁有實益權益。倘悉數行使該等購股 權,則會向彼等分別發行3,000,000股普 通股。

Note 4: Each of Mr. Ip Shu Kwan, Stephen and Mr. Li Yinquan, has a beneficial interest in the share options granted to each of them on 29 March 2019 under the Share Option Scheme and which, if exercised in full, would result in the issuance of 1,500,000 ordinary shares to each of them.

附註4: 葉澍堃先生及李引泉先生各自於2019年 3月29日根據購股權計劃獲授的購股權 中擁有實益權益。倘悉數行使該等購股 權,則會向彼等分別發行1,500,000股普 通股份。

Note 5: The calculation is based on the total number of issued ordinary shares of 750,000,000 shares as at 31 December 2023.

附註5: 按2023年12月31日已發行普通股總數 750,000,000股計算。

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors or chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as at 31 December 2023 as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the SFC under the Model Code.

除上文所披露者外,於2023年12月31日,概無本公司董事或主要行政人員於本公司或其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)的股份、相關股份或債權證中擁有須記錄於證券及期貨條例第352條規定存置的登記冊的任何權益或淡倉或根據標準守則須知會本公司及證監會的權益或淡倉。

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Other than the Share Option Scheme, at no time during the year ended 31 December 2023 and up to the date of this annual report was the Company or any of its subsidiaries, holding companies, or any of the subsidiary undertakings (within the meaning of the Companies (Directors' Report) Regulation) of such holding companies a party to any arrangements whose objects are, or one of whose objects is, to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate. Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors and chief executive of the Company (including their spouses and children under the age of 18) had any interests in or was granted any right to subscribe for the securities of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), or had exercised any such rights.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

During the year ended and as at 31 December 2023, none of the Directors had any interest in any business apart from the business of the Group, which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group.

DEED OF NON-COMPETITION

For the year ended 31 December 2023, each of the Company's controlling shareholders has confirmed to the Company of his/her/its compliance with the non-competition undertakings given by him/her/it to the Company under the deed of non-competition, as defined in the Prospectus, and he/she/it had not been offered or become aware of any business opportunity which may compete with the business of the Group, during the year ended 31 December 2023. There was no matter requiring deliberation by the Board in relation to the compliance and enforcement of the deed of non-competition. The Board, including all the independent non-executive Directors, is of the view that the controlling Shareholders have been in compliance with the deed of non-competition in favour of the Company.

董事及主要行政人員購買股份或債 權證之權利

除購股權計劃外,本公司或其任何附屬公司、控股公司或有關控股公司的任何附屬企業(定義見公司(董事報告)規例)於截至2023年12月31日止年度及直至本年度報告日期內任何時間概無訂立目標或目標之一為致使董事可透過購買本公司或任何其他法人團體的股份或債權證以獲得利益的任何安排。除上文所披露者外,概無董事及本公司主要行政人員(包括彼等的配偶及未滿18歲的子女)於本公司转移,配偶及未滿18歲的子女)於本公司其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)的證券中擁有任何權益或獲授予可認購該等證券的任何權利,或已行使任何有關權利。

董事於競爭業務的權益

於截至2023年12月31日止年度及於該年結日, 概無董事於本集團業務外的任何業務(直接或 間接與本集團業務競爭或可能競爭)中擁有任 何權益。

不競爭契據

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本公司各控股股東已向本公司確認,於截至2023年12月31日止年度期間,已遵守彼等根據不競爭契據(定義見招股章程)向本公司作出的不競爭承諾,且並無獲得或知悉任何與本集團業務可能競爭的商機。概無有關遵守及執行不競爭契據的事宜須提請董事會審議。董事會(包括全體獨立非執行董事)認為,控股股東已遵守以本公司為受益人的不競爭契據。

The Directors are of the view that there are sufficient measures in place to safeguard the interests of the Company and its Shareholders against any competition issues or potential competition issues.

董事認為,現行措施足以保障本公司及其股東 的利益不受任何競爭問題或潛在競爭問題影 響。

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company has approved and adopted the Share Option Scheme. Under the Share Option Scheme, the eligible participants may be granted share options pursuant to the Share Option Scheme. The following is a summary of the principal terms of the Share Option Scheme.

(a) Purpose

The purposes of the Share Option Scheme are to provide the eligible participants an opportunity to have a personal stake in the Company with the view to achieving the following objectives:

- motivate the eligible participants to optimise their performance efficiency for the benefit of the Group;
 and
- (ii) attract and retain or otherwise maintain an on-going business relationship with the eligible participants whose contributions are or will be beneficial to the long-term growth of the Group.

(b) Eligible participants

The eligible participants include (i) any full-time or part-time employees, executives or officers of the Company or any of its subsidiaries; (ii) any directors (including independent non-executive directors) of the Company or any of its subsidiaries; and (iii) any advisers, consultants, agents, suppliers, customers, distributors and such other persons who in the sole opinion of the Board will contribute or have contributed to the Company and/or any of its subsidiaries.

購股權計劃

本公司已批准及採納購股權計劃。根據購股權計劃,合資格參與者可根據購股權計劃獲授購股權。以下載列購股權計劃的主要條款概要。

(a) 目的

購股權計劃旨在向合資格參與者提供於本公司擁有個人權益的機會,以達致下列目標:

- (i) 激勵合資格參與者為本集團的利益 提升表現效率;及
- (ii) 吸引及挽留其貢獻對或將對本集團 長遠發展有利的合資格參與者或以 其他方式與其保持持續的業務關係。

(b) 合資格參與者

合資格參與者包括(i)本公司或其任何附屬公司的任何全職或兼職僱員、行政人員或高級職員:(ii)本公司或其任何附屬公司的任何董事(包括獨立非執行董事):及(iii)董事會全權認為將對或已對本公司及/或其任何附屬公司作出貢獻的任何諮詢師、顧問、代理、供應商、客戶、分銷商及其他有關人士。

(c) Maximum number of shares

The maximum number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all the share options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Company (if any) shall not in aggregate exceed 10% of the shares in issue (i.e. a maximum of 75,000,000 shares) immediately after Listing, provided that:

- (i) the maximum number of shares may be renewed, with the approval of the shareholders in a general meeting, up to a maximum of 10% of the issued share capital of the Company at the date of such shareholders' approval, inclusive of the maximum number of shares in respect of which share options may be granted under another scheme, if any:
- (ii) the Company may obtain a separate approval from the Company's shareholders in a general meeting to permit the granting of share options which will result in the number of shares in respect of all the share options granted exceeding the then maximum number of shares provided that such share options are granted only to eligible participants specifically identified by the Company before shareholders' approval is sought (in which case such share options granted shall not be counted towards the then applicable maximum number of shares); and
- (iii) the total maximum number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding share options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other share options granted and yet to be exercised under another scheme shall not exceed 30% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time.

(c) 股份數目上限

根據購股權計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃(如有)將授出的所有購股權獲行使而可能發行的股份數目上限合共不得超過緊隨上市後已發行股份的10%(即最多75,000,000股股份),前提為:

- (i) 本公司可於股東在股東大會批准的情況下更新股份數目上限,最多為於有關股東批准當日本公司已發行股本的10%,包括根據其他計劃(如有)可能授出的購股權所涉及的股份數目上限;
- (ii) 本公司可在股東大會尋求本公司股東另行批准授出會導致所有已授出購股權所涉及的股份數目超出當時股份數目上限的購股權,惟有關購股權僅可授予本公司在取得股東批准前已指定的合資格參與者(在此情況下所授出有關購股權不得計入當時適用的股份數目上限):及
- (iii) 因悉數行使根據購股權計劃已授出 但尚未行使的購股權及根據其他計 劃已授出但尚未行使的任何其他購 股權而可能發行的股份數目上限總 額,不得超過本公司不時已發行股 本的30%。

(d) Maximum entitlement of each eligible participant

Unless approved by the shareholders in a general meeting (with the relevant eligible participant and his/her close associates abstaining from voting), no eligible participant shall be granted an share option if the total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the share options granted and to be granted to such eligible participant in any 12-month period up to the date of the latest grant would exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time.

An offer of the grant of an option to a director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company or any of their respective associates must be approved by the independent non-executive Directors (excluding any independent non-executive Director who is the grantee of the options).

Where any grant of share options to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive Director, or any of their respective associates, would result in the shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all share options already granted and to be granted (including share options exercised, cancelled and outstanding) to such person in the 12-month period up to and including the date of such grant:

- (i) representing in aggregate over 0.1% of the shares in issue; and
- (ii) having an aggregate value, based on the official closing price of the shares at the date of each grant, in excess of HK\$5.0 million,

such further grant of share options will be subject to the issue of a circular by the Company and must be approved by the shareholders in general meeting on a poll. The grantee, his/her associates and all core connected persons of the Company must abstain from voting in favour at such general meeting.

(d) 每名合資格參與者享有購股權數目上 限

除非獲股東於股東大會批准(有關合資格參與者及其緊密聯繫人放棄就此投票),否則,概無合資格參與者將獲授購股權,致使在任何12個月期間直至最後授出日期已向或將向該名合資格參與者授出的購股權獲行使而已發行及將發行的股份總數超過本公司不時已發行股本的1%。

向董事、本公司主要行政人員或主要股 東或彼等各自的任何聯繫人授出購股權,須獲獨立非執行董事(不包括本身為 購股權承授人的任何獨立非執行董事)批 准。

倘向主要股東或獨立非執行董事或其任何聯繫人授予任何購股權會導致截至授出購股權日期(包括當日)止12個月期間因已授予或將授予該名人士的所有購股權(包括已行使、已註銷及尚未行使的購股權)獲行使而已經及將會發行的股份數目:

- (i) 合共超過已發行股份數目的0.1%; 及
- (ii) 根據股份於各授出日期的正式收市 價計算,總值超過5.0百萬港元,

則進一步授出購股權須待本公司刊發通 函並經股東在股東大會上以投票方式批 准,而承授人、其聯繫人及本公司所有核 心關連人士須於有關股東大會上放棄投 贊成票。

(e) Acceptance of an offer of share options

A share option shall be deemed to have been granted and accepted by the grantee and to have taken effect when the duplicate offer document constituting acceptances of the share options duly signed by the grantee, together with a remittance in favour of the Company of HK\$1 by way of consideration for the grant thereof, is received by the Company on or before the relevant acceptance date. To the extent that the offer to grant a share option is not accepted by any prescribed acceptance date, it shall be deemed to have been irrevocably declined.

(f) Performance target

A grantee may be required to achieve any performance targets as the Board may then specify in the grant before any share options granted under the Share Option Scheme can be exercised.

(g) Subscription price

The subscription price in respect of any share option shall be a price determined by the Board and notified to an eligible participant (subject to any adjustments made pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Share Option Scheme) which must be at least the highest of:

- (i) the official closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets on the date of grant, which must be a day on which the Stock Exchange is open for the business of dealing in securities:
- (ii) the average of the official closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of grant; or
- (iii) the nominal value of the shares.

(e) 接納購股權要約

本公司一經於相關接納日期或之前收到由承授人正式簽署構成接納購股權的一式兩份要約文件連同付予本公司的1港元款項作為授出購股權的代價後,購股權即被視為已授出及已獲承授人接納及已生效。倘授出購股權的要約未於任何規定的接納日期獲接納,則被視為已被不可撤銷地拒絕。

(f) 表現目標

根據購股權計劃授出的任何購股權獲行 使之前,承授人可能須達到董事會於授 出購股權時列明的任何表現目標。

(g) 認購價

任何購股權的認購價須由董事會決定並 知會合資格參與者(惟須符合根據購股權 計劃的條款及條件進行的任何調整),惟 該價格須至少為下列各項當中的最高者:

- (i) 股份於授出日期(須為聯交所開市 買賣證券的日子)於聯交所每日報 價表所報的正式收市價;
- (ii) 緊接授出日期前五個交易日股份於聯交所每日報價表所報的正式收市價平均數;或
- (iii) 股份面值。

(h) Ranking of shares

The shares to be allotted upon the exercise of a share option will be subject to all the provisions of the articles of association for the time being in force and will rank pari passu in all respects with and shall have the same voting, dividend, transfer and other rights. Shares issued on the exercise of a share option shall not rank for any rights attaching to the shares by reference to a record date preceding the date of allotment.

The shares to be allotted upon the exercise of a share option will not carry voting rights until completion of the registration of the grantee (such other person nominated by the grantee) as the holder thereof.

(i) Life of the Share Option Scheme

The Share Option Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of 10 years from 20 December 2018 (being the Listing Date), after which no further options shall be offered but the provisions of the Share Option Scheme shall in all other respects remain in full force and effect to the extent necessary to give effect to the exercise of any share options granted prior thereto or otherwise as may be required in accordance with the provisions of the Share Option Scheme. Share options granted prior thereto but not yet exercised shall continue to be valid and exercisable in accordance with the Share Option Scheme. As at the date of this report, the Share Option Scheme had a remaining life of approximately five years.

No share options have been granted under the Share Option Scheme for the year ended 31 December 2023, and the total number of share options available for grant under the mandate of the Share Option Scheme was 51,300,000 as at 31 December 2023 (1 January 2023: 51,300,000).

(h) 股份的地位

因購股權獲行使而將配發的股份須遵守 當時生效的組織章程細則的所有條文, 並將在所有方面享有同等權益,擁有相 同的投票權、股息、轉讓及其他權利。於 行使購股權時發行的股份不得享有股份 於參考配發日期前的記錄日期所附帶的 任何權利。

因行使購股權而將配發的股份將不會附帶投票權,直至承授人(或承授人提名的有關其他人士)完成有關股份持有人的登記為止。

(i) 購股權計劃的年期

購股權計劃自2018年12月20日(上市日期)起計十年期間生效及有效,其後不得進一步提呈授出任何購股權,惟購股權計劃的條文於所有其他方面仍然具有已效力及作用,並以使行使於此前已知此的任何購股權生效而言所需的範圍也根據購股權計劃的條文可能要求的其他方面為限。早前授出但尚未行使的購股權應根據購股權計劃繼續有效及可予行使。截至本報告日,購股權計劃的剩餘期限約為五年。

截至2023年12月31日止年度,並無根據購股權計劃授出購股權。截至2023年12月31日,根據購股權計劃的授權可授出的購股權總數為51,300,000份(2023年1月1日:51,300,000份)。

董事會報告(續)

Details of the movements of the share options granted under the Share Option Scheme during the year ended 31 December 2023 are as follows: 截至2023年12月31日止年度,根據購股權計劃 授出的購股權變動詳情如下:

Number of share options during the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度購股權數目

				_		,,,	1		_
Name of grantees	Date of grant	Exercise price ⁽¹⁾ (HK\$)	Exercise period ⁽²⁾	Balance as at 1 January 2023 於2023年	Granted	Exercised	Cancelled	Lapsed	Balance as at 31 December 2023 於2023年
承授人姓名	授出日期	行使價 ^⑴ (港元)	行使期⑵	1 月 1 日的 結餘	授出	行使	註銷	失效	12月31日的 結餘
<u>Directors</u> 董事									
Mr. Wong Ting Chung	29 March 2019	1.362	29 March 2020 to	3,000,000	_	_	_	-	3,000,000
王庭聰先生	2019年3月29日		28 March 2029 2020年3月29日至 2029年3月28日						
Mr. Lau Ka Keung	29 March 2019	1.362	29 March 2020 to	3,000,000	_	_	_	_	3,000,000
樓家強先生	2019年3月29日		28 March 2029 2020年3月29日至 2029年3月28日						
Mr. Ip Shu Kwan, Stephen	29 March 2019	1.362	29 March 2020 to	1,500,000	-	-	_	-	1,500,000
葉澍堃先生	2019年3月29日		28 March 2029 2020年3月29日至 2029年3月28日						
Mr. Li Yinquan	29 March 2019	1.362	29 March 2020 to	1,500,000	_	-	_	_	1,500,000
李引泉先生	2019年3月29日		28 March 2029 2020年3月29日至 2029年3月28日						
Employees 僱員									
Other employees of the Group	29 March 2019	1.362	29 March 2020 to 28 March 2029	5,700,000	_	_	-	-	5,700,000
本集團其他僱員	2019年3月29日		2020年3月29日至 2029年3月28日						
Total 總計				14,700,000	_	-	_	_	14,700,000
Weighted average exercise price of outstanding									
options (HK\$) 尚未行使購股權的加權平均 行使價(港元))								1.362

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) 董事會報告(續)

Between 1 January 2024 and the date of this report, 600,000 share options granted to a employee were cancelled, as such employee had not exercised the share options granted to him within certain period of time after his resignation. As at the date of this report, the total number of shares available for issue under the Share Option Scheme is 14,100,000 shares, representing approximately 1.88% of the total number of issued shares of the Company.

於2024年1月1日至本報告日期間,由於有一個獲授予購股權的僱員離職,並在期限內沒有行使該購股權,因此600,000份購股權已被取消。截至本報告日,根據購股權計劃可供發行的股份總數為14,100,000股,約佔本公司已發行股份總數的1.88%。

Notes:

- 1. Exercise price of share options granted of HK\$1.362 per share represents the highest of:
 - (i) the closing price of HK\$1.330 on the date of grant, i.e. 29 March 2019:
 - (ii) the average closing price of HK\$1.362 for five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and
 - (iii) the nominal value of the share of HK\$0.01 each.
- 2. The share options granted to the above Directors and other employees of the Group shall be vested in three equal tranches. The vesting periods of the share options are between the date of grant and the dates of commencement of exercise periods. The vesting periods and exercise periods of the share options are as follows:

附註:

- 1. 已授出購股權之行使價每股1.362港元為下列 之最高者:
 - (i) 於授出日期(即2019年3月29日)股份之 收市價1.330港元;
 - (ii) 於緊接授出日期前五個營業日股份之平 均收市價1.362港元;及
 - (iii) 股份面值每股0.01港元。
- 2. 向上述董事及本集團其他僱員授出的購股權 須分三期等額歸屬。購股權的歸屬期為授出 日期至行使期開始日期期間。購股權的歸屬 期及行使期如下:

Share options granted on 29 March 2019	Vesting period	Exercise period	
於2019年3月29日授出的購股權	歸屬期	行使期	
One-third of the share options (rounded to the nearest number of share options which represents an integral multiples of one board lot) 三分之一的購股權(四捨五入至最接近一手整數倍數的購股權數目)	29 March 2019 to 28 March 2020 2019年3月29日至 2020年3月28日	29 March 2020 to 28 March 2029 2020年3月29日至 2029年3月28日	
One-third of the share options (rounded to the nearest number of share options which represents an integral multiples of one board lot) 三分之一的購股權(四捨五入至最接近一手整數倍數的購股權數目)	29 March 2019 to 28 March 2021 2019年3月29日至 2021年3月28日	29 March 2021 to 28 March 2029 2021年3月29日至 2029年3月28日	
The remaining share options	29 March 2019 to 28 March 2022	29 March 2022 to 28 March 2029	
餘下購股權	2019年3月29日至 2022年3月28日	2022年3月29日至 2029年3月28日	

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

董事會報告(續)

- 3. The fair value of share options granted is measured at grant date using the binomial lattice model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. The fair value of the options granted by the Company was HK\$0.401–0.478 per share. The significant inputs into the binomial lattice model were the exercise price shown above, expected volatility of 44.22%, expected dividend yield of 4.06%, expected option life of 10 years and risk free interest rates of 1.47% (with reference to the yield rates prevailing on HKD government bond with duration similar to the expected option life).
- 3. 已授出購股權的公平值於授出日期按二項式結構模式計算,並計及授出購股權之條款及條件。本公司所授出購股權的公平值為每股股份0.401至0.478港元。二項式結構模式的重要輸入參數為上述行使價、預計波幅44.22%、預計股息收益率4.06%、預計購股權年期10年及無風險利率1.47%(參考政府港元債券久期與預計購股權年期相若的收益率)。

As any changes in the subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimates, the valuation models for the Share Options granted do not necessarily provide a reliable single measure of the fair value of the Share Options. The related accounting policy for the fair value of the Share Options granted is disclosed at note 2(s)(iii) to the consolidated financial statements.

由於主觀輸入假設的任何變動可能對公平值估計產生重大影響,已授出購股權的估值模型未必提供購股權公平值的可靠單一計量。已授出購股權公平值的相關會計政策於綜合財務報表附註2(s)(iii)披露。

The Company is aware that amendments were made to Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules, which has come into effect on 1 January 2023, which include, among others, revising the scope of eligible participants of share option schemes and setting out the minimum vesting period requirements. The Company will only grant the share options in compliance with the amended Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules and pursuant to the transitional arrangements for share schemes existing as at 1 January 2023 as specified by the Stock Exchange. Going forward, the Company will also consider to amend the Share Option Scheme so as to comply with the new requirements under Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules, in any event not later than the refreshment or expiry of the scheme mandate; or to adopt a new share option scheme that comply with the requirements under the amended Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules.

本公司知悉上市規則第17章的修訂已於2023 年1月1日生效,其中包括修訂購股權計劃合資 格參與者的範圍及訂明最短歸屬期規定。本公司只會根據經修訂上市規則第17章及聯交所指 明的截至2023年1月1日現行股份計劃過渡安排 授出購股權。展望未來,本公司亦會考慮修訂 購股權計劃,以符合上市規則第17章的新規 定,惟無論如何不得遲於計劃授權更新或屆滿 之時;或採納符合經修訂上市規則第17章之規 定的新購股權計劃。

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

Save as disclosed below, so far as known to the Directors and chief executive of the Company, as at 31 December 2023, the following persons or corporations (other than the Directors and chief executive of the Company) who had interest and/or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

主要股東及其他人士於股份及相關股份中的權益及淡倉

除下文所披露者外,據董事及本公司主要行政人員所知,於2023年12月31日,下列人士或法團(董事及本公司主要行政人員除外)於本公司的股份或相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部的條文會向本公司披露的權益及/或淡倉,或記錄於證券及期貨條例第336條規定須予存置的登記冊的權益及/或淡倉如下:

Long position in the ordinary shares of the Company

本公司普通股的好倉

Name of substantial shareholder 主要股東名稱/姓名	Nature of interest 權益性質	Number of ordinary shares held or interested in 所持或 擁有權益的 普通股數目	Approximate percentage of issued share capital of the Company ⁽⁸⁾
Fortune Speed Investments Limited ⁽¹⁾ 瑞迅投資有限公司 ⁽¹⁾	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	562,500,000	75.0%
Winnermax Management Limited(1)	Interest in a controlled corporation	562,500,000	75.0%
恒威管理有限公司(1)	於受控制法團權益		
Happy Family Assets Limited(1)	Interest in a controlled corporation	562,500,000	75.0%
庭槐資產有限公司(1)	於受控制法團權益		
East Asia International Trustees Limited(1)	Trustee of a trust	562,500,000	75.0%
East Asia International Trustees Limited ⁽¹⁾	信託受託人		
Ms. Wang Kam Chu ⁽²⁾ Wang Kam Chu女士 ⁽²⁾	Interest of spouse 配偶權益	565,500,000	75.4%

		Number	Approximate percentage
		of ordinary	of issued
Name of substantial shareholder	Nature of interest	shares held or interested in	share capital of the Company ⁽⁸⁾
		所持或 第五排光体	佔本公司
主要股東名稱/姓名	權益性質	擁有權益的 普通股數目	已發行股本的 概約百分比®
Ms. Wong Wai Ling ⁽³⁾ 王惠玲女士 ⁽³⁾	Beneficiary of a trust 信託受益人	562,500,000	75.0%
	Interest of spouse 配偶權益	3,000,000	0.4%
Mr. Wong Ting Kau ⁽⁴⁾ 王庭交先生 ⁽⁴⁾	Beneficiary of a trust 信託受益人	562,500,000	75.0%
Mr. Wong Ting Chun ^⑤ 王庭真先生 ^⑥	Beneficiary of a trust 信託受益人	562,500,000	75.0%
Ms. Chan Ka Wai ^⑥ Chan Ka Wai女士 ^⑥	Interest of spouse 配偶權益	562,500,000	75.0%
Ms. Tsoi Suet Ngai ⁽⁷⁾ Tsoi Suet Ngai女士 ⁽⁷⁾	Interest of spouse 配偶權益	562,500,000	75.0%

Notes:

(1) Fortune Speed Investments Limited is a company wholly owned by Winnermax Management Limited, which is in turn wholly owned by Happy Family Assets Limited, a company wholly owned by East Asia International Trustees Limited.

East Asia International Trustees Limited is the trustee of Happy Family Trust, a trust established by Mr. Wong Ting Chung as the settlor. Accordingly, each of Happy Family Assets Limited, East Asia International Trustees Limited and Winnermax Management Limited, is deemed to be interested in the 562,500,000 ordinary shares held by Fortune Speed Investments Limited under the SFO.

(2) Ms. Wang Kam Chu is the spouse of Mr. Wong Ting Chung and is therefore deemed to be interested in the shares held, directly or indirectly, by Mr. Wong Ting Chung under the SFO. 附註:

(1) 瑞迅投資有限公司由恒威管理有限公司全資 擁有,而恒威管理有限公司由庭槐資產有限 公司全資擁有,庭槐資產有限公司則由East Asia International Trustees Limited全資擁有。

East Asia International Trustees Limited是庭槐信託(由王庭聰先生作為授予人創立的信託)的受託人。因此,庭槐資產有限公司、East Asia International Trustees Limited及恒威管理有限公司各自根據證券及期貨條例被視為於瑞迅投資有限公司所持有的562,500,000股普通股中擁有權益。

(2) Wang Kam Chu女士為王庭聰先生的配偶,因此,根據證券及期貨條例被視為於王庭聰先生直接或間接持有的股份中擁有權益。

- (3) Ms. Wong Wai Ling, sister of Mr. Wong Ting Chung, is one of the beneficiaries of the Happy Family Trust and therefore she is deemed to be interested in the shares held by the Happy Family Trust under the SFO. Ms. Wong Wai Ling is also the spouse of Mr. Lau Ka Keung and is therefore deemed to be interested in the shares held by Mr. Lau Ka Keung under the SFO.
- (4) Mr. Wong Ting Kau, brother of Mr. Wong Ting Chung, is one of the beneficiaries of the Happy Family Trust and therefore he is deemed to be interested in the shares held by the Happy Family Trust under the SFO.
- (5) Mr. Wong Ting Chun, brother of Mr. Wong Ting Chung, is one of the beneficiaries of the Happy Family Trust and therefore he is deemed to be interested in the shares held by the Happy Family Trust under the SFO.
- (6) Ms. Chan Ka Wai is the spouse of Mr. Wong Ting Kau and is therefore deemed to be interested in the shares held, directly or indirectly, by Mr. Wong Ting Kau under the SFO.
- (7) Ms. Tsoi Suet Ngai is the spouse of Mr. Wong Ting Chun and is therefore deemed to be interested in the shares held, directly or indirectly, by Mr. Wong Ting Chun under the SFO.
- (8) The calculation is based on the total number of issued ordinary shares of 750,000,000 ordinary shares as at 31 December 2023.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Other than the Share Option Scheme and the Subscription Agreement, no equity-linked agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing shares or that require the Company to enter into any agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing shares were entered into by the Company during the year ended 31 December 2023 or subsisted as at 31 December 2023.

- (3) 王惠玲女士(王庭聰先生的胞姊妹)為庭槐信 託的受益人之一,因此,根據證券及期貨條例 視為於庭槐信託持有的股份中擁有權益。王 惠玲女士亦為樓家強先生的配偶,故根據證 券及期貨條例視為於樓家強先生持有的股份 中擁有權益。
- (4) 王庭交先生(王庭聰先生的胞兄弟)為庭槐信 託的受益人之一,故根據證券及期貨條例被 視為於庭槐信託所持股份中擁有權益。
- (5) 王庭真先生(王庭聰先生的胞兄弟)為庭槐信託的受益人之一,故根據證券及期貨條例被視為於庭槐信託所持股份中擁有權益。
- (6) Chan Ka Wai女士為王庭交先生的配偶,故根據證券及期貨條例被視為於王庭交先生直接或間接持有的股份中擁有權益。
- (7) Tsoi Suet Ngai女士為王庭真先生的配偶,故根據證券及期貨條例被視為於王庭真先生直接或間接持有的股份中擁有權益。
- (8) 按2023年12月31日 已 發 行 普 通 股 總 數 750,000,000股計算。

股權掛鈎協議

除購股權計劃及認購協議外,截至2023年12月 31日止年度或於2023年12月31日,本公司並無 訂立將會或可能會導致本公司發行股份或要 求本公司訂立將會或可能會導致本公司發行 股份的任何協議的股權掛鈎協議。

TAX RELIEF

The Company is not aware of any tax relief and exemption available to the Shareholders by reason of their holding of the Company's securities.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or substantial part of the business of the Group were entered into or existed during the year ended 31 December 2023.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

For the year ended 31 December 2023, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries, has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEMES

Details of the retirement benefits schemes participated by the Group are set out in note 7 to the consolidated financial statements.

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Particulars of the directors and senior management of the Company are set out on pages 34 to 43 of this annual report.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT REMUNERATION BY BAND

The remuneration of the Company's senior management, whose biography are set out on pages 34 to 36 and 41 to 43 of this annual report, for the year ended 31 December 2023 is set out below:

税項減免

就本公司所知,概無股東因持有本公司證券而 獲減免任何税項。

管理合約

截至2023年12月31日止年度,概無訂立或存有涉及本集團全部或絕大部分業務的管理及行政合約。

購買、出售或贖回本公司上市證券

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本公司及其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回任何本公司上市證券。

退休福利計劃

本集團參與的退休福利計劃詳情載於綜合財 務報表附註7。

董事及高級管理層

本公司董事及高級管理層的詳情載於本年報 第34至43頁。

按薪酬範圍劃分的高級管理層酬金

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本公司高級管理層(履歷載於本年報第34至36及41至43頁)的酬金如下:

Number of individuals

人數

Remuneration bands

HK\$Nil-HK\$500,000 HK\$500,001-HK\$1,000,000 HK\$1,000,001-HK\$1,500,000 HK\$1,500,001-HK\$2,000,000 HK\$2,000,001-HK\$3,000,000 Over HK\$3,000,000

酬金範圍

零港元至500,000港元	4
500,001港元至1,000,000港元	1
1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	0
1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元	2
2,000,001港元至3,000,000港元	0
超過3,000,000港元	2

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company has applied the principles as set out in the CG Code contained in Appendix C1 of the Listing Rules. The Board is of the view that the Company is in compliance with the mandatory code provisions of the CG Code for the year ended 31 December 2023.

For details of the Corporate Governance Report, please refer to pages 44 to 67 of this annual report.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, it is confirmed that there is sufficient public float of the Company's issued shares for the year ended 31 December 2023 and up to the date of this annual report.

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

The AGM for the year ended 31 December 2023 is scheduled to be held on 17 June 2024. A notice convening the AGM will be issued and disseminated to the Shareholders in due course.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES

The Group is committed to implement policies in environmental protection in order to conserve natural resources. The Group strives to minimise the Group's environmental impact through reducing electricity and water consumption and encouraging recycle of office supplies and other materials. The Group is also committed to ensure that the Group is in strict compliance with the applicable environmental laws and regulations of the relevant jurisdictions.

企業管治常規

本公司已應用上市規則附錄C1所載企業管治 守則的原則。董事會認為,本公司於截至2023 年12月31日止年度已遵守企業管治守則的強制 性守則條文。

有關企業管治報告的詳情,請參閱本年報第44 至67頁。

足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司所得的公開資料及就董事所知,本公司確認,截至2023年12月31日止年度及直至本年報日期的已發行股份有足夠的公眾持股量。

股東週年大會

本公司截至2023年12月31日止年度的股東週年 大會將於2024年6月17日舉行。召開股東週年 大會的通告將於適當時候刊發及寄發予股東。

環保政策

本集團致力推行環境保護政策,以保護自然資源。本集團力求透過減低耗水電量及鼓勵回收辦公室用品及其他物料,降低本集團對環境的影響。本集團亦致力確保本集團嚴格遵守相關司法權區的適用環保法例及法規。

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The Company strives to balance business growth with environmental protection.

As the major businesses of the Group are property development and sales in China, the Group (i) evaluates, manages and mitigates from time to time environmental issues within the context of the Group's business activities and objectives for the conservation of energy and other natural resources; (ii) devises environmental policies and measures for the Group so as to keep them in line with the standards required under the applicable laws, rules and regulations to the extent practicable; and (iii) applies the Group's philosophy on environment protection to the Group's supply chain and operations. These include but not limited to the scrutiny in the selection of the Group's business partners or services providers and award the bids of construction and other projects of which the Group is involved to reputable and environmentally-conscientious corporations and contractors with good compliant and environmental records.

The Group has also implemented energy saving practices in the workplace through (i) appropriately designing, constructing, maintaining and, if required, modifying facilities wherever applicable; (ii) using or to replacing gradually existing appliances with more energy efficient appliances for lighting, heating and ventilation systems to reduce energy consumption and (iii) raising awareness of environmental protection at workplace.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Board was not aware of any material breach or non-compliance with relevant local laws and regulations which have a significant impact on the Group's business.

遵守法例及法規

本公司竭力在業務增長與環境保護之間達成 平衡。

由於本集團的主要業務為在中國從事物業發展及銷售,本集團(i)不時評估、管理及減輕整務活動及目標中存在的環境問題以保護能別及其他自然資源;(ii)在可行情況下制定本數學人類定的環境政策及措施以符合適用法律、規則營業,包括但不限於在選團的環保理念,包括但不限於在選團的環保理念,包括但不限於在選團的建設項目及其他項目的投標機會授系數的建設項目及其他項目的投標機會接到有環保意識、合規及環保記錄良好的著名公司及承包商。

本集團亦通過(i)在適用情況下適當設計、修 造、維護及(如需要)改造設施:(ii)照明、供暖 及通風系統逐漸採用能源效率更高的器材並 以之替代現有器材以降低能耗;及(iii)提高工作 場所的環保意識,在工作場所執行節能慣例。

截至2023年12月31日止年度,據董事會了解, 概無任何嚴重影響本集團業務的嚴重觸犯或 違反相關地方法律法規的情況。

WORKPLACE QUALITY

The management of the Group believes that employees constitute one of the valuable assets of the Group and regard human resources as the Group's corporate wealth. The Group offers employees with competitive remuneration packages and provides additional bonus in accordance with their performance and contributions to the growth and development of the Group. The Group provides on-the-job training and development opportunities to enhance employees' career progression, these training programs cover different areas such as management skills, sales and production, and other courses relating to the Group and the industry.

The Group is dedicated to promoting equal opportunities for all of the employees and do not discriminate on the basis of personal characteristics. All employees are assessed based on their ability, performance and contribution, irrespectively of their nationality, race, religion, gender, age or family status. The Group has employee handbooks outlining terms and conditions of employment, employees' rights and benefits, duties and responsibilities, conducts and behavior.

HEALTH AND SAFETY

The Group is committed to the health and safety of our employees and provides a safe and effective working environment. The Group pledges full compliance with all occupational health and safety legislation. The Group values the health and well-being of the employees. The Group supply free first-aid kits and medicine to the employees and they are entitled to medical insurance benefits.

DEVELOPMENT AND TRAINING

The Group is committed to the professional and personal development and growth of employees and considers development and training as a continual process. The Group offers and encourages employees at all levels to participate in various internal and external courses in order to promote the advancement of their job-related skills. The Group's employees are provided with fair opportunities for adequate learning, trainings and promotions.

工作場所的質素

本集團管理層相信僱員乃本集團寶貴的資產之一,並視人力資源為本集團的公司財產。本集團為僱員提供具競爭力的薪酬待遇,並根據彼等對本集團增長及發展的表現及貢獻提供額外花紅。本集團提供在職培訓及發展機會以提升僱員的職業發展。該等培訓計劃涵蓋不同範疇,例如管理技巧、銷售及生產以及與本集團及行業相關的其他課程。

本集團專注為全體僱員促進平等機會,且不會 因個人特質歧視任何僱員。我們根據僱員的能 力、表現及貢獻而非國籍、種族、信仰、性 別、年齡或家庭狀況而進行評估。本集團的僱 員手冊概述僱用條款及條件、僱員的權利及福 利、職務及職責、職業操守及行為。

健康及安全

本集團致力確保僱員的健康及安全,並提供安全有效的工作環境。本集團承諾全面遵守所有職業安全健康法例。本集團重視僱員的健康及福祉。本集團向僱員免費提供急救包及藥物, 而彼等亦享有醫療保險福利。

發展及培訓

本集團致力於僱員的專業個人發展及成長,並 視發展及培訓為持續不斷的過程。本集團為各 級僱員提供並鼓勵彼等參與不同的內部及外 部課程,以促進發展彼等與工作相關的技能。 本集團為僱員提供充分學習、培訓及晉升的公 平機會。

RELATIONSHIP WITH CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The Group maintains solid and steady relationship with its customers and provides products which satisfy their needs and requirements. The Group enhances the relationship by continuous interaction with customers to gain insights on market demand and consumer needs so that the Group could respond proactively. The Group also maintains close relationship with its suppliers. This leads to a high degree of cooperative development and enables the Group to deliver the high-quality solutions as required and expected by the Group's customers.

AUDITOR

The financial statements have been audited by KPMG who retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for reappointment. A resolution for the re-appointment of KPMG as the Company's auditor will be proposed for shareholders' approval at the AGM.

On behalf of the Board **Wong Ting Chung**Chairman

25 March 2024

與客戶及供應商的關係

本集團與客戶保持堅實穩固的關係,並提供滿足彼等需要及要求的產品。本集團透過與客戶持續互動,藉此了解市場需求及消費者需要,讓本集團可積極回應以鞏固與客戶的關係。本集團亦與供應商維持密切關係,促進高度合作發展及有助本集團向客戶提供所要求及期望的優質解決方案。

核數師

財務報表已由畢馬威會計師事務所審計。畢馬威會計師事務所任滿告退,惟合資格並願意接受續聘。續聘畢馬威會計師事務所為本公司核數師的決議案將於股東週年大會上提呈股東批准。

代表董事會 *主席* **王庭聰**

2024年3月25日

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告

REPORTING PERIOD AND FRAMEWORK

This section, Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") Report of Million Cities Holdings Limited ("Million Cities", "Company", "we" and "our"), and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group"), presents and discloses ESG related matters that are relevant to the Group's business and have material impacts on the environment and society for the year ended 31 December 2023 (the "Reporting Period"). Unless otherwise stated, the Reporting Period is from 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023.

This ESG report of the Group has been prepared in compliance with the "Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide" set forth in Appendix C2 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and based on actual conditions of the Company. We have identified relevant ESG issues and assess their materiality on our businesses as well as on our stakeholders, through reviewing our operations and holding internal discussions. Adhering to the reporting principles of materiality, quantitative, balance and consistency, this report aims at sharing our performance in aspect of sustainable development and summarising our efforts made on sustainability for the year ended 31 December 2023. Our reporting boundary is limited to, Hong Kong and the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") unless otherwise specified.

報告期間及框架

本節乃萬城控股有限公司(「萬城」、「本公司」及「我們」)及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)之環境、社會及管治報告,謹此提呈及披露環境、社會及管治相關事項,該等事項有關本集團業務並對截至2023年12月31日止年度(「報告期間」)的環境及社會有重大影響。除另有說明者外,報告期間乃自2023年1月1日至2023年12月31日。

OUR BUSINESS AND APPROACH TO ESG AND ESG REPORTING

Million Cities focuses on developing affordable, luxury, residential, complex and integrated properties in Huizhou, the Greater Bay Area and other locations in the PRC which we consider with potential growth opportunities. The Group also engages in property development and sales in the PRC. Beyond the delivery of quality properties, we continue to serve our customers by offering innovative and customer-oriented products as well as expanding the diversity of properties to be developed.

The Group commits to improving its ESG performance by upholding good corporate governance standards, protecting our environment including reducing greenhouse gas emissions, reducing energy consumption, protecting the environment and natural resources, and providing employees with an excellent and safe working environment while it engages the community and promotes social integration. The board of directors of the Company (the "Board") is responsible for the performance of the Group and clarifies the responsibilities at each level through the three-level management structure of "Decision-making — Management — Execution".

我們的業務、對環境、社會及管治的 態度及環境、社會及管治報告

萬城專注於在惠州、大灣區及我們認為具備增長潛力的中國其他地區發展價格相宜的高級住宅綜合項目及綜合物業。本集團亦從事中國物業發展及銷售業務。除提供優質物業外,我們繼續服務客戶,提供創新及以客戶為本的產品以及擴展待開發物業的多樣性。

本集團在參與社區及提倡融入社會的同時,致力透過維持良好的企業管治標準、保護環境(包括減少溫室氣體排放、減少能源消耗、保護環境及自然資源和為僱員提供良好及安全的工作環境),藉以提升在環境、社會及管治方面的表現。本公司董事會(「董事會」)負責本集團的表現,通過「決策 一 管理 一 執行」三級管理結構明確各級責任。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED) 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

Board Statement

董事會聲明

Overall Responsibility of the Board

The Board has the ultimate responsibility for performance of ESG work, and is responsible for developing and reviewing the Company's environmental, social, and governance responsibilities, vision, goals, strategies, frameworks, principles, policies, and significant risks, among others. The Board also reviews progress made against ESG related goals in board meeting.

董事會的整體責任

董事會對履行環境、社會及管治工作負有最終責任,負責制定及審查本公司的環境、社會及管治責任、前景、目標、策略、框架、原則、政策和重大風險等。董事會亦會在董事會會議上檢視環境、社會及管治工作的目標進度。

Execution of ESG Work

The Board ensures the implementation of the environmental, social and governance goals, systems and policies, and that sustainable development is integrated into daily operations of the Group. The Board regularly supports the review and development of the overall ESG strategy.

環境、社會及管治工作的執 行情況 董事會確保環境、社會及管治目標、制度和政策的實施,並確保本集團的日常 運作貫徹可持續發展。董事會定期協助審查與制定整體環境、社會及管治策略。

ESG Risk Management

The Board is responsible for assessing and determining the Group's environmental, social and governance risks, identifying and evaluating business risks and opportunities based on the internal and external conditions of the Group's business. The Board also reviews and decides on risk response, mitigation strategies and risk frameworks to ensure that the Group establishes appropriate and effective sustainable development management and internal control systems.

環境、社會及管治風險管理

董事會負責評估和釐定本集團的環境、社會及管治風險,根據本集團業務的內外部情況,識別和評估業務風險及機遇。董事會亦審查及決定風險應對措施、緩解策略和風險框架,確保本集團建立適當且有效的可持續發展管理和內部控制系統。

Important ESG Issues

The Board is responsible for supervising the communication channels and methods between the Group and its stakeholders, and ensuring that relevant policies are in place to effectively promote the relationship between the Group and its stakeholders. At the same time, based on the concerns of various stakeholders, the management of the Group identifies important ESG issues, and recommend specific ESG actions or decisions for the Board to consider. 董事會負責監督本集團與持份者之間的溝通渠道及方法,確保相關政策到位,能夠有效促進本集團與持份者的關係。同時,本集團管理層會根據各持份者的關注而識別重大的環境、社會及管治問題,並提出具體的環境、社會及管治措施或決策建議,供董事會審議。

重要的環境、社會及管治問 題

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED)

環境、社會及管治報告(續)

Within the operation of the Group, it applies industry best practices and abides by laws and regulations, sets and reviews safety and environmental goals and indicators, effectively uses energy and raw materials, and reduces pollution and emissions. Achieving ESG goals can provide customers with better quality products. In addition to supporting environmental protection, the Group's development of sustainable building concepts can also provide citizens with a better living environment as well.

本集團在運營中應用行業最佳慣例及遵守法律法規、設定及檢討安全及環境目標及指標、有效利用能源及原料、減少污染及排放。達成環境、社會及管治目標可為客戶提供更優質的產品。除了支持環保,本集團發展可持續建築理念亦為市民提供更好的生活環境。

The Board has approved the content of the ESG report. For details of environmental and corporate governance, please refer to the official website of the Group (http://www.millioncities.com.cn) and the annual report. We value your feedback regarding the review and our overall sustainability practices. Please provide your comments by email to ir@millioncities.com.hk.

本環境、社會及管治報告的內容已經董事會批准。有關環境及企業管治的詳情請參閱本集團官方網站(http://www.millioncities.com.cn)及年報。我們重視 閣下的評語及對我們整體可持續發展工作的意見。 閣下可將意見電郵至ir@millioncities.com.hk。

Reporting Principles

The reporting principles of materiality, quantitative, and consistency have been strictly applied in determining and compiling the content of this ESG Report.

匯報原則

報告的重要性,量化及一致性原則已在環境、 社會及管治報告內一致性嚴格遵守。

Materiality

issues and involve stakeholders including but not limited to employees, shareholders/investors, clients and suppliers to conclude the issues and proactively responds to their opinions.

The Group conducted irregular management meetings to assess for the ESG

重要性

本集團不定期就環境、社會及管治議題舉行管理層會議,若有需要會與相關持份者,包括但不限於員工、股東/投資者、客戶及供應商,進行溝通並積極回應他們的意見。

Quantitative

For the key performance indicators ("KPI") of the environmental and social section in this ESG Report, quantitative indicators such as emissions, energy consumption and employees information are reported with the relevant standards, definitions, methodologies and calculation methods to provide clear explanations of the Group's performance and ensure they are numerically comparable over the years. This ESG Report also discloses the ESG targets based on the ESG strategy.

量化

本環境、社會及管治報告中環境和社會關鍵績效指標(「關鍵績效指標」)方面,排放、能源消耗和員工資訊的量化指標均按相關標準、定義、方法及計算方法 呈報,以清晰闡釋本集團的績效,並確保多年來的數字可資比較。本環境、社 會及管治報告亦披露基於環境、社會及管治策略制定的環境、社會及管治目標。

Consistency

The Group ensures consistency with the previous years of the reporting standards, data collection and calculation methods adopted to allow meaningful comparison.

一致性

本集團確保所採納的匯報標準、資料收集及計算方法與過往年度保證一致性, 以便進行有意義的比較。

SCOPE OF REPORTING

This report is organized into two sections, namely 本報告分為「環境」及「社會」兩節,根據環境、 "Environment" and "Social", focusing on the following in 社會及管治標準專注以下方面: compliance with the ESG standards:

報告範圍

	G Standard for F 意、社會及管治報		Million Cities' compliance section 萬城合規部分
A. A.	Environment 環境	A1. Emissions A1. 排放 A2. Use of resources A2. 資源利用	 Governance on air and greenhouse gas ("GHG") emissions 管理廢氣及溫室氣體排放 Waste management 廢物管理 Minimizing energy consumption 減少能源消耗
		A3. The environment and natural resources A3. 環境及自然資源 A4. Climate change A4. 氣候變化	Protecting the environmental impact and natural resources 保護環境影響及自然資源 Identifying climate change risk and mitigating the associated impacts 識別氣候變化風險並減輕相關影響
B. B.	Social 社會	Employment and labour practices 僱傭及勞工慣例 B1. Employment B1. 僱傭 B2. Health and safety B2. 健康及安全 B3. Development and training B3. 發展及培訓 B4. Labour standards B4. 勞工標準	Equal employment practices 平等僱傭慣例 Promoting health and safety 促進健康及安全 Talent management 人才管理 Prohibiting forced child and labour 禁止僱用童工及強迫勞動
		Operating Practices 經營慣例 B5. Supply chain management B5. 供應鏈管理 B6. Product responsibility B6. 產品責任 B7. Anti-corruption B7. 反貪污 B8. Community investment B8. 社區投資	Upholding high procurement standards 保持高採購標準 Delivering unmatched product quality 提供最優產品質素 Commitment to anti-corruption 反貪污之承諾 Contributing to the welfare of society 為社會福利作貢獻

環境、社會及管治報告(續)

CARING FOR THE ENVIRONMENT AND **NATURAL RESOURCES** A. ENVIRONMENTAL

The Group attaches great importance to its environmental management ability, formulates internal management policies and systems on the basis of abiding by laws and regulations, and implements environmental management by establishing an environmental management structure. We strictly comply with relevant laws and regulations, including the Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China, the Law of the People's Republic of China on Environmental Impact Assessment. the Water Pollution Prevention and Control Law of the People's Republic of China, the Environmental Noise Pollution Prevention and Control Law of the People's Republic of China, Regulations on the Administration of Construction Project Environmental Protection and the Administrative Measures for the Environmental Protection Inspection of Completed Construction Projects, so as to strengthen internal environmental protection management.

A1 Emissions

Governance on Air and Greenhouse Gas ("GHG") **Emissions**

The Group strongly commits to the long-term sustainability of the environment and communities in which we operate. As such, the Group has established relevant procedures to detect and prevent any possible pollution incidents which affect the surrounding environment that may occur in the course of our business operations. During the year ended 31 December 2023, we measured and managed our environmental performance in several aspects throughout our operations.

愛護環境及自然資源

環境

本集團高度重視自身環境管理能力,在 遵守法律法規的基礎上制定對內管理政 策制度,通過搭建環境管理架構落實環 境管理工作。我們嚴格遵循相關法律法 規,包括《中華人民共和國環境保護 法》、《中華人民共和國環境影響評價 法》、《中華人民共和國水污染防治法》、 《中華人民共和國環境噪聲污染防治 法》、《建設項目環境保護管理條例》及 《建設項目竣工環境保護驗收管理辦法》 等,目的是加大內部環保管理力度。

排放 A1

管理廢氣及溫室氣體排放

本集團致力於我們營運所在地的環境及 社區的長期可持續發展。因此,本集團已 制定相關程序,以監測及防止任何可能 於我們業務營運過程中產生的或會影響 周圍環境的污染事件。截至2023年12月 31日止年度,我們透過營運的多方面對 環境表現進行評估及管理。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED) 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

In terms of the Group's property development businesses, we understand there are environmental emissions such as air emissions, GHG emissions, waste-water discharges, general waste, and hazardous waste disposals. The emissions and waste produced at property development constructions sites are managed by the construction contractors as stipulated on our agreement with the contractors. The Group now manages a construction company where the Group has direct control over its related emissions specifically including air emissions, direct and other indirect GHG emissions along with the management of general waste and hazardous waste disposals. Having considered the environmental impact on the construction contractor's operations along with the Group's construction company, we have required both construction contractors and our construction company to comply with relevant laws and regulations and we monitor the ESG performance of construction contractors closely, especially on regulatory compliance.

The Group encourages and requires the construction contractors and its construction company to implement the following environmental protection measures within the construction site areas with a view to reducing the impacts on emissions, effectively managing the air emissions and ensuring compliance with relevant rules and regulations: entrusting professional firms to formulate soil and water conservation plans and monitoring procedures, and to conduct project inspection and acceptance prior to completion of the development project; promoting green construction and reducing the use of resources and the impact of construction activities on the environment through scientific management and technological advancement effectively reducing energy consumption through the regional sunshine planning, district-wide ventilation planning, noise reduction and noise reduction design; adopting materials with dust prevention component; taking measures such as soil cover and sprinkle water to reduce dust pollution at the project construction site; and setting up a vehicle washing pool near the gate of construction sites to ensure that transportation vehicles do not carry sediment and dust when leaving the construction sites.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED)

環境、社會及管治報告(續)

The Group also engages engineering supervision companies to conduct on-site inspections on a regular basis, apart from strictly requesting our construction contractors and construction company to comply with the environmental protection controls.

除嚴格要求建築承包商及建築公司遵守 環保規定之外,本集團亦聘請工程監督 公司定期臨場檢查。

Air emissions

The Group's air emissions generated mainly from gasoline consumption of the Group's vehicles that were used for employees' transportation in 2023. Details of which are as follows:

廢氣排放

本集團於2023年主要由僱員交通車輛消耗汽油產生廢氣排放。數據詳列如下:

Air emissions 廢氣排放		Unit 單位	2023 2023年
Nitrogen oxides ("NOx")	氮氧化物(「氮氧化物」)	Emissions tonnes 噸	1.88*10^-1
Sulphur oxides ("S0x")	硫氧化物(「硫氧化物」)	Emissions tonnes 噸	5.68*10^-4
Particulate matters ("PM")	顆粒物(「顆粒物」)	Emissions tonnes 噸	1.76*10^-2

Greenhouse gas emissions and energy conservation

The greenhouse gas ("GHG") emissions generated by the Group are summarized below in direct, indirect, and other indirect section. The direct emissions are from the Group's vehicles' consumption of gasoline, while the indirect emissions are via using outsourced electricity with other indirect emissions generated from air travel by employees. The following table shows the figures of the Group's GHG emissions during the Reporting Period.

溫室氣體排放及節能

本集團產生的溫室氣體排放於下文直接、間接及其他間接部分概述。直接排放來自本集團車輛消耗的汽油,而間接排放通過使用外購電力產生,其他間接排放則由僱員航空旅行產生。下表顯示報告期間本集團溫室氣體排放數據。

GHG emissions 溫室氣體排放		Unit 單位	2023 2023年
Direct emissions of GHG	溫室氣體直接排放	tCO ₂ e 每噸二氧化碳當量	91.29
Indirect emissions of GHG	溫室氣體間接排放		1,396.39
Other indirect emissions of GHG	溫室氣體其他間接排放	tCO ₂ e 每噸二氧化碳當量	13.21

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED) 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

In line with our policies to minimise air and GHG emissions, the Group's offices in most cities are equipped with video and telephone conferencing facilities to minimise the need for face-to-face meetings and keep business travelling to a minimum. For the unavoidable business trip, direct flights are arranged to reduce air emissions. The Group will continue to monitor GHG emission each year and will seek feasible measures to reduce the emission in a year-on-year basis. The Group's emission reduction target is to reduce air and GHG emissions by 5% within five years.

Waste management

The Group puts significant emphasis on proper storage and handling of any hazardous waste and non-hazardous waste at the Group's construction sites. With a construction company being managed by the Group, at the site level, this construction company would have concrete, brick residue, steel bar, molding plate, and square timber as waste that are deem not harmful to the environment. To handle concrete and brick residue, the Group would use these materials in building temporary roads along with applying them in the foundational structure in construction when necessary. Not only can the Group save in cost from buying extra materials for the activities mentioned above, but the Group can also help to protect the environment via being eco-friendly by using less materials for its activities. For steel bar, molding plate, and square timber, the Group would sell them to companies that demand such materials. As the non-hazardous waste does not cause a significant impact to the environment, the Group has put a greater emphasis and resources on hazardous material management instead. Hence, in terms of waste that are considered harmful, the Group would appoint related professionals for the handling of such waste to ensure appropriate management. The Group will continue to monitor the amount of hazardous waste and nonhazardous waste produced each year and will seek to reduce the amount of waste produced in a year-on-year basis gradually.

為配合我們減少排放廢氣及溫室氣體的政策,本集團在大多數城市的辦事處設有視像及電話會議設施,盡量減少親身出席會議,將商務差旅盡量減少。對於無法避免的差旅,會安排直航以減少廢無排放。本集團會繼續每年關注溫室氣體排放,尋找可行措施逐年減少溫室氣體的排放。本集團的減排目標是於五年內減少5%的廢氣及溫室氣體排放。

廢物管理

本集團非常重視妥善存儲及處理建築地 盤的任何有害廢物及無害廢物。在地盤 層面上,由於本集團管理一間建築公司, 該建築公司將混凝土、磚渣、鋼筋、模型 板、方木等視為對環境無害的廢物。為處 理混凝土及磚渣,本集團將使用該等材 料建造臨時道路,並在必要時用於基礎 結構建設。本集團不僅可節省為上述活 動購買額外材料的成本,亦可通過減少 使用上述建設材料實現環保,從而保護 環境。本集團將鋼筋、模型板及方木出售 予對該等材料有需求的公司。由於無害 廢物對環境並無重大影響,故此本集團 投放更多精力及資源於有害物料管理。 因此,在對於被認為有害的廢物,本集團 將委聘相關專業人員處理,確保妥善管 理。本集團將繼續監測每年產生的有害 廢物 與無 害廢物數量,力求逐年減少產 生的廢物量。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED)

環境、社會及管治報告(續)

Though the Group does not directly handle the waste at the site level for its construction contractors, the Group works closely with its construction contractors to ensure these hazardous waste and construction waste are properly managed and disposed of. In particular, in order to reduce the production of waste concrete, the Group has mainly used commercial concrete and pre-blocked mortar at the construction site. In addition, the Group has not allowed any concrete mixing on-site without approval, as such action is likely to cause material waste and loss due to the potential of mishandling. To further the Group's effort in minimizing production of waste, material is used also based on appropriate planning and execution. For instance, special personnel will be engaged for utilising any material that is related to steel bars and wood in order to improve the utilization rate. Also, before any material processing, the material list should be reviewed, and professional teams should be preferred for template construction to avoid material loss due to inadequate oversight.

During the Reporting Period, there was no incidence of non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations with significant impact on the environment and natural resources relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste.

儘管本集團不直接為建築承包商處理地 盤廢物,但本集團與該等建築承包商密 切合作,以確保妥善管理及處置該等有 害廢物及建築廢物。特別是,為減少產生 混凝土廢物,本集團在建築工地主要使 用商品混凝土和預攔砂漿。此外,未經批 准,本集團不允許在現場進行任何混凝 土拌製,因為該操作很可能會因操作不 當而導致材料浪費和損失。本集團為進 一步減少生產浪費,材料使用亦基於合 適計劃和操作進行。例如,僱用專人處理 與鋼筋和木材有關的任何材料,以提高 利用率。此外,在進行任何物料處理之 前,應檢查材料清單,並應優先選用專業 團隊進行模板工程施工,以避免由於監 督不足而造成的材料損耗。

報告期間,概無發生有關廢氣及溫室氣 體排放、於水域及土地排放污染以及產 生有害及無害廢物且對環境及自然資源 有重大影響的違法、違規事件。

A2 Use of resources

Minimizing energy consumption

The Group strives to minimize the various energy consumed at all levels in its operations. The types of energy consumed by the Group are gasoline, electricity, and tap water. In 2023, total direct energy consumption from the use of gasoline was approximately 38,211.81 liters, and the total indirect energy consumption from the use of electricity was approximately 1,572,759.20 kWh. On the other hand, the Company mainly uses water for (i) offices purpose; and (ii) residential or commercial construction site purpose, which is from the government, for temporary use with no identified issue for the respective suitability. Water usage for the Group's daily operations and office administration activities was approximately 10,324.92 m³ during the Reporting Period. The Group did not have any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose during the Reporting Period. The Group continues to monitor its water usage by comparing current consumption with historical data.

A2 資源利用

減少能源消耗

Types of resources 資源類別		Unit 單位	2023 2023年
Gasoline	汽油	liter 升	38,211.81
Purchased electricity	外購電力	kWh 千瓦時	1,572,759.20
Tap water	自來水	m³ 立方米	10.324.92

The Group had direct involvement in 2023 in the use and/ or purchase of package materials with the construction company. Throughout the years, the Group puts forth a strong emphasis on minimizing the usage of mentioned materials during our daily operations. At the office level, the main waste is paper. The following table shows the figures of material consumption (i.e. paper) in the Group's business operations. The Group will continue to monitor resources consumption each year and will seek feasible measures to reduce energy and water consumption in a year-on-year basis gradually. The Group's reduction target is to reduce the consumption of gasoline, electricity and tap water by 5% within five years.

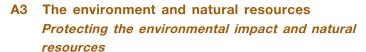
2023年,本集團已直接涉及建築公司包裝材料的使用及/或採購。年內,本集團強調盡量於日常營運中減少上述材料的使用。辦公室的主要廢物為紙張。下表列示本集團業務營運的材料消耗(即紙張)數字。本集團會繼續關注每年的資源消耗,尋找可行措施逐年減少能源及水資源消耗量。本集團的減耗目標是於五年內減少5%的汽油、電力及自來水消耗。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED)

環境、社會及管治報告(續)

Material consumption		Unit	2023
材料消耗		單位	2023年
Paper consumption	用紙	tonnes 噸	3.51

The Company continues to encourage a paperless working environment which not only reduce environmental damage but also fits commercial goals. To minimize the use of paper, the Company first recommends electronic office to reduce printing paper. The paper should be printed on both sides as much as possible, and the paper printed on one side should be reused. Slogans will be made on printers and copiers to remind employees to save printing. The wastepaper that is not confidential is stored in a centralized manner, and a dedicated person will collect it for recycling, and encourage information sharing via IT network. The Group will continue to monitor paper consumption each year and will seek feasible measures to reduce the consumption in a year-on-year basis gradually.



The business activities of the Group have no direct/ significant impact on environment and natural resources. The Group nonetheless commits to using natural resources wisely and efficiently while we encourage the reuse and recycling of materials within our operations. In addition, the Group is committed in applying industry best practices and complying with legislation, establishing and reviewing safety, security, and environmental goals and targets, effectively using energy and materials, reducing waste and emissions, and communicating our environmental protection policy to all employees. During the Reporting Period, the Group has implemented an energy-saving initiative in our office and in our property development projects, and targets to lower the air emissions, GHG emissions, energy and water consumption by 5% within five years. The following actions have been taken and will be reinforced to achieve the reduction target:

In our office:

- Switch off lights and air conditioning in rooms not in use:
- Switch office equipment and electronic appliances to energy-saving mode;
- Set air conditioning at optimal temperature;
- Avoid non-essential use of air conditioning and windows are opened instead;
- Pre-set printers to two-sided printing mode and post paper-saving reminders near photocopying machines;
- Turn off the power supply of computers, printers, copiers and other office equipment after work:

A3 環境及自然資源 保護環境影響及自然資源

• 於辦公室內:

- 一 於不使用時關閉室內照明及空調:
- 一 將辦公室設備及電器調至節能 模式;
- 一 將空調調至適宜溫度;
- 非必要時避免使用空調,改為 開窗;
- 將打印機預設為雙面打印模式 並在複印機旁張貼節約紙張提示:
- 一 下班後關閉電腦、打印機、影 印機等辦公設備的電源;

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED)

環境、社會及管治報告(續)

- Encourage the use of public transport when going out for business development;
- Conference or meetings are conducted through video or web conferencing whenever possible to reduce local transportation and out-of-town travel:
- Advocate water conservation, close the valve and notify the maintenance staff to repair when water dripping is discovered.
- For our property development projects and in construction plants:
 - Use LED lamps;
 - Adoption of energy-efficient appliances;
 - Water-efficient fixtures including faucets and water closets;
 - The water pipe network shall be reasonably arranged to reach the nearest water use, avoid water pipe damage and leakage, ensure the tightness of the on-site water equipment, and handle any leakage as soon as possible;
 - When washing mechanical vehicles, pay attention to saving water and use water-saving guns;
 - Regular and irregular inspections will be carried and investigation will be made for the causes and account the responsibilities of relevant responsible persons;
 - Strengthen the management of temporary electricity use;
 - The electrical equipment shall be maintained as required to keep good working and energysaving performance;

- 外出辦公時鼓勵使用公共交通工具;
- 盡可能通過視頻或網絡會議進 行會議或會談,減少通勤及出 差;
- 提倡節約用水,如發現漏水即及時關水閘並通知維修人員修理。
- 於物業發展項目及工地內:
 - 使用LED燈;
 - 一 使用能源節約型家電;
 - 水龍頭與抽水馬桶等節水裝置;
 - 一 合理佈置管道,就近用水,避 免水管破裂漏水,保證現場用 水設備的嚴密性,盡快處理漏 水問題;
 - 清洗機械車輛時,注意節約用水及使用節水槍;
 - 定期及不定期檢查,並調查原因,追究相關負責人的責任;
 - 一 加強臨時用電的管理;
 - 對電氣設備應按要求進行保養,保持良好的工作及節能性能;

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED) 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

 Strictly prohibit overloading electrical equipment or idle for a long time; 一 嚴禁電氣設備超負荷運行或長期閒置;

Meanwhile, the Group recognises that businesses must take responsibility for their industry's effects on the environment and we should bear the responsibilities and fulfill the obligations in protecting them, while making appropriate use. In response, the Group has taken three actionable steps to help promote the sustainable environment:

同時,本集團認為企業必須為彼等所處 行業對環境造成的影響負責,且我們須 於合理利用環境時承擔保護環境的責任 並履行相關義務。為此,本集團採取三項 可行步驟以促進可持續環境:

Sustainable building philosophy - green building

The Group has taken initiative to incorporate the green building aspect of building construction into its construction project design philosophies. As such, the Group has engaged qualified third party designers to provide greenery design for several development projects, with the aim of (i) promoting building efficiency in terms of energy, water and materials, etc.; (ii) constructing environmentally sound properties with less carbon and energy footprint; and (iii) complying with environment-related regulatory standards, if necessary.

可持續建築理念 - 綠色建築

本集團主動採取行動,將建築施工方面的綠色建築融入建築項目設計理念。因此,本集團委聘優質第三方設計師為若干發展項目提供綠色設計,旨在(i)於能源、水及原料等方面提高建築效率;(ii)減少碳足跡及能源足跡,建設環保物業;及(iii)遵守環境相關監管標準(如必要)。

In addition, the Group has made efforts to add green elements to its buildings to reduce the environmental impact and improve environmental quality, such as using reusable construction materials, maximizing the green area in the properties etc.. The Group strives to comply with the Assessment Standard for Green Building.

此外,本集團努力為建築增添綠色元素,減少環境影響及改善環境質量,如使用可重複利用的建築材料及盡量擴大物業綠化面積等。本集團盡力遵守《綠色建築評價標準》。

Sponge city

The Group has adopted the "Sponge city" concept in its development projects for more effective drainage and rainwater reuse. "Sponge city" is a modern stormwater management approach to help solve drainage problems, fully utilising land resources and promoting sustainable development. In such case, the Group builds green sponge facilities to prevent waterlogging after storms and effectively collect and utilise rainwater resource.

海綿城市

本集團已於發展項目採用「海綿城市」理念,以更有效地排水及實現雨水再利用。 「海綿城市」是一種現代化雨水管理方法,有助於解決排水問題、充分利用土地資源及促進可持續發展。在此情況下,本集團建設綠色海綿設施以預防暴雨後發生澇災及有效收集利用雨水資源。

環境、社會及管治報告(續)

Conservation of water and soil

The concept of soil and water conservation is vital to a sustainable and poverty-oriented natural resource management. We have commissioned qualified third-party units to prepare reports on soil and water conservation programs in order to better assess soil erosion during our construction of basement and ground buildings. The Group continuously enhances its construction direction in order to utilise natural resources sustainably for the benefit of the people and the environment.

The Group commits in applying industry best practices and complying with legislation, establishing and reviewing safety, security and environment objectives and targets, using energy and materials efficiently and reducing waste and emissions and communicating the Group's environmental protection policy to all staff.

A4 Climate change

The Group recognises the importance of identifying climate change risks. Acute risks and chronic risks such as the risks brought by typhoons, flood, extreme heat, extreme fluctuations in rainfall changes have been recognized as the important risks faced by the Group. We have taken corresponding measures to mitigate the impact of climate change on business and adapted to climate and environmental change. At the same time, the Group will regularly update the identification and importance ranking of major climate change risks according to the changes in the internal and external environment, and constantly strengthen the Group's ability to resist climate change.

水土保持

水土保持理念對貧困導向的可持續自然 資源管理至關重要。我們已委託優質第 三方單位編製水土保持計劃報告,以便 更好評估建設地下室及地面建築期間的 土壤侵蝕情況。本集團持續改進建設的 導向,以確保自然資源的可持續利用, 以造福人類及環境。

本集團致力於應用行業最佳慣例及遵守 法規、設定及檢討安全、保障及環境目標 及指標、有效利用能源及原料、減少污染 及排放並向全體員工宣傳本集團的環境 保護政策。

A4 氣候變化

本集團深明識別氣候變化風險的重要性。急性風險和慢性風險(例如颱風、水災、極端高溫、降雨量劇變帶來的風險)已被識別為本集團所面臨的重大風險。我們已採取相應的措施以減少氣候變化對業務的影響以及適應氣候和環境變化。同時,本集團將根據內外部環境的變化,定期更新重大氣候變化風險的識別及重要性級別,不斷增強本集團抵禦氣候變化的能力。

Risk t 風險		Risk parameters 風險參數	Response measures 應對措施
Physical Risks 實體風險	Acute risks 急性風險	Typhoon, flood, extreme heat 颱風、水災、極端 高溫	 Comprehensively assess the potential risks of the project affected by extreme weather events, formulate emergency plans for extreme weather (strong typhoon, rainstorm and flood, ice, rain and snow, etc.), issue work notices to deal with extreme weather, and make emergency preparations; 全面評估項目受極端氣候事件影響的潛在風險,制定極端天氣(強颱風、暴雨洪澇、冰、雨及雪等)應急預案,發佈應對極端天氣的工作通知,做好應急準備; Pay close attention to the warning of high temperature, formulate heatstroke prevention plan, implement heatstroke prevention measures, reasonably adjust operation time, and distribute cooling goods and drugs; 緊密關注高溫天氣預警,制定防暑工作預案,落實防暑舉措,合理調整作業時間,發放降溫物品藥品等; Project the safety stock, keep communication with suppliers, and prepare the response plan for the risk of supply chain interruption in advance; 規劃安全庫存,與供應商保持溝通,提前制定面臨供應鏈中斷風險的應對計劃;
	Chronic risks 慢性風險	Extreme fluctuations in rainfall changes and weather patterns, rise in average temperature and rise in sea level 降雨量及天氣模式的極端變動、平均氣溫上升和海平面的上升	 Formulate emergency plans for extreme weather (strong typhoon, rainstorm and flood, ice, rain and snow, etc.), issue work notices to deal with extreme weather, prepare for emergencies and ensure the safety of employees; 制定極端天氣(強颱風、暴雨洪澇、冰、雨及雪等)應急預案,發佈應對極端天氣的工作通知,做好應急準備,保障員工安全: Improve the operation management process and ensure the provision of necessary back-up systems, such as back-up power systems; 完善運營管理流程並確保提供必要的備用系統,如備用電力系統等: Continue to follow the chronic risks caused by the climate change trend where the operation is located and future regional planning, and consider these factors in the Group's property development projects; 持續關注運營所在地的氣候變化趨勢引發的慢性風險及未來地區規劃,並將其納入本集團物業開發項目的考量;

The Group pays special attention to the impact of extreme climate on all stakeholders. In the process of product building, we always consider climate response measures as a key element in the management and control of design and construction. At the early stage of the design of the Group's property development projects, we will assess the regional climate characteristics of the area where the project is located to adjust the specific design content, so that the products can have a strong landing and risk resistance.

本集團格外關注極端氣候對各持份者帶來的影響,在產品營造過程中,我們始終 將氣候應對措施作為設計和營造管控的 關鍵要素進行考量。在本集團物業發展 項目的設計初期,我們會對項目所在的 地區進行地域氣候特徵評估,從而調整 具體的設計內容,使得產品能夠具備很 強的落地性及抗風險性。

CARING FOR THE PEOPLE AND SOCIETY B. SOCIAL

B1 Employment and labour practices Equal employment practices

The Group puts significant emphasis on the welfare of employees whom the Group considers to be its most valuable assets. Hence, the Group strives to attract and retain talents and reconcile economical imperatives with well- beings, aiming at reinforcing satisfaction, loyalty and commitment of human capital.

The Group has adopted comprehensive human resources manual which includes policies and procedures applicable to staff. All employees are treated fairly regarding recruitment, training and development, appraisal of work performance, promotions, rest periods, remuneration and benefits. Staff dismissals are based on the Employment Ordinance of Hong Kong (Chapter 57 of the Laws of Hong Kong), the Minimum Wage Ordinance of Hong Kong (Chapter 608 of the Laws of Hong Kong), the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance of Hong Kong (Chapter 485 of the Laws of Hong Kong), as well as the requirements stipulated in the employment contracts. The Group is committed to providing equal opportunity for all employees and applicants without regard to race, color, religion, national origin, sex, age, marital status, sexual orientation, disability, political affiliation, personal appearance, family responsibilities, matriculation or any other characteristics protected under local law. During the Reporting Period, the Group strictly complied with the relevant laws and regulations of employment, including but not limited to the Labour Law of the PRC, the Labour Contract Law of the PRC and the Social Insurance Law of the PRC.

愛護社群

B. 社會

B1 僱傭及勞工慣例 平等僱傭慣例

本集團非常重視員工福利,視其為本集 團最寶貴的資產。因此,本集團致力吸引 及挽留人才,並平衡經濟方面的訴求與 福祉,以增強人力資本的滿意度、忠誠度 及投入。

本集團採納全面的人力資源手冊,包括 適用於員工的政策及程序。所有員工在 招聘、培訓及發展、工作績效評估、晋 升、假期、薪酬及福利方面均公平對待。 解僱員工乃基於香港法例第57章《香港僱 傭條例》、香港法例第608章《香港最低工 資條例》、香港法例第485章《香港強制性 公積金計劃條例》和僱傭合約規定的要 求。本集團致力為所有員工及求職者提 供平等機會,而不論種族、膚色、宗教、 國籍、性別、年齡、婚姻狀況、性取向、 殘疾、政治派別、個人形像、家庭責任、 學歷或地方法律保護的任何其他特徵。 報告期內,本集團嚴格遵守僱傭相關的 法律法規,包括但不限於《中華人民共和 國勞動法》、《中華人民共和國勞動合同 法》及《中華人民共和國社會保險法》。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED) 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

Throughout Million Cities' operation, the Group strives to provide an excellent and comfortable working environment. Based on the features of the principal business, the Group sets appropriate working hours and rest breaks for all staff members. The Group also provides paid annual leave, marriage leave, maternity leave, casual leave and compassionate leave in addition to statutory holidays.

於萬城的整個運營過程中,本集團致力 提供優良舒適的工作環境。基於主營業 務的特點,本集團為所有員工設定合適 的工作時長及休息時間。除法定假日外, 本集團亦提供帶薪年假、婚假、產假、臨 時事假及恩恤假。

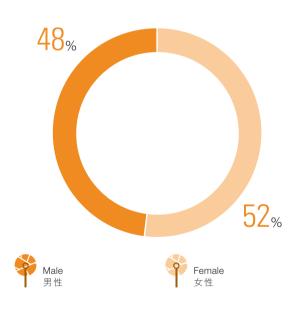
As at 31 December 2023, the Group employed 60 staffs in total. As an illustration, the workforce statistics by gender and age group are illustrated in pie graphs while the employment type and employment category are disclosed as bar charts:

於2023年12月31日,本集團合共僱用60 名僱員。謹此説明,按性別及年齡劃分的 勞動力統計數字以餅狀圖表示,而按受 僱類型及受僱組別劃分的勞動力統計數 字以柱狀圖披露:

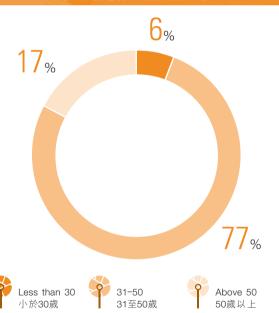
Gender and age distribution

性別及年齡分佈

Employee breakdown by gender 按性別劃分的僱員比率



Employee breakdown by age group 按年齡劃分的僱員比率



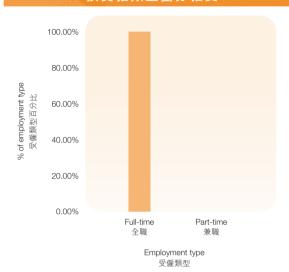
With over half of its workforce as female while less than 10% of its workforce of age less than 30, the Group strives to put both gender distribution and younger workforce as one of its core priorities to promote a more dynamic environment with a fresher perspective.

由於本集團超過一半勞動力為女性,而 不足10%的勞動力年齡小於30歲,本集團 致力於將性別分佈與更年輕的勞動力作 為核心優勢之一,以新穎的視角推動更 有活力的環境。

環境、社會及管治報告(續)

Employment type and category distribution

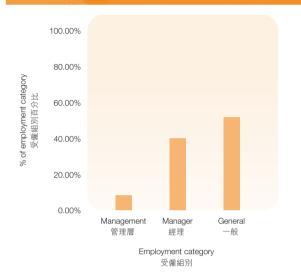
Employee breakdown by employment type 按受僱類型劃分僱員



Employee turnover rate by gender, age group and geographical location

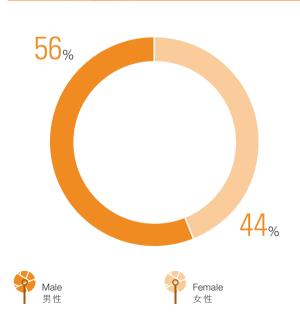
受僱類型及組別分佈

Employee breakdown by employment category 按受僱組別劃分僱員

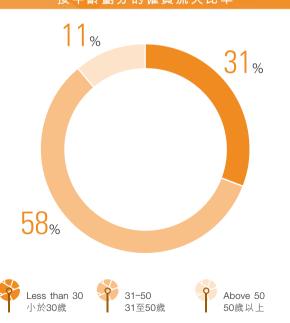


按性別、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員流 失比率

Employee turnover rate by gender 按性別劃分的僱員流失比率



Employee turnover rate by age 按年齡劃分的僱員流失比率



All employees mentioned above are within Hong Kong and the PRC region.

上述僱員均位於香港及中國地區。

環境、社會及管治報告(續)

The Group is committed to complying with relevant labour standards and employment laws and regulations which are applicable to our business. During the Reporting Period, no material and significant disputes between the Group and the employees occurred.

本集團致力遵守適用於本身業務的相關 勞動標準和僱傭法律及規例。報告期間, 本集團與員工之間並無發生任何重大糾 紛。

B2 Health and safety Promoting health and safety

The Group considers health and safety of its employees as one of its primary responsibilities. As such, the Group is committed to providing a workplace free from injury and illness through effective procedures and practice on occupational health and safety. The Group pays great attention to the safety of construction sites and strictly requires the construction contractors to be responsible for workers' safety. As a responsible property developer, the Group ensures that its related construction workers and contractors comply with the standards and regulations for safe and civilized construction of the project, and requires its construction team along with the construction contractors to provide all related site workers with the safety equipment and to assure that these construction workers would wear such equipment at all times with proper training at regular intervals that can keep them informed of any potential hazards on tasks. In addition, the Group will ensure employees will get timely rest and vacations in aim to promote better health of the workers. while it will organize employees to conduct occupational health checkups every year.

Overall, the Group has purchased work injury insurance for each employee. If an employee is injured on the job during work, the Group will actively apply for work injury certification for such employee to ensure that the injured employee receives timely treatment. Also, the Group will provide compensation to workers injured at work depending on the situation.

B2 健康及安全 促進健康及安全

本集團視僱員健康及安全為首要責任之 一。因此,本集團以有效的職業健康及安 全程序及惯例,致力為僱員提供免受傷 害及疾病的工作環境。本集團相當重視 施工現場的安全,嚴格要求施工承包商 負責工人的安全。作為負責任的物業開 發商,本集團確保相關施工人員及承包 商遵守項目安全生產和文明施工的標準 和規定,要求施工隊及施工承包商為所 有相關現場工人提供安全設備,確保施 工工人穿戴該等設備,並定期對其進行 適當培訓,以便其了解工作中的任何潛 在危險。此外,本集團將確保僱員及時獲 得休息和休假,以促進僱員的健康,同時 每年組織僱員進行職業健康檢查。

總體而言,本集團已為每名員工購買工 傷保險。倘員工在工作中因工受傷,本集 團將積極為員工辦理工傷證明,確保受 傷員工得到及時治療。此外,本集團將視 情況向因工受傷的工人提供賠償。

環境、社會及管治報告(續)

During the Reporting Period, the Group ensured full compliance with relevant occupational health and safety legislations of Hong Kong, the PRC, and other relevant legislations, including the Occupational Disease Prevention Law of the PRC and the Safe Production Law of the PRC. No severe work-related injury or fatality was reported throughout each of the past three years, including the Reporting Period. In addition, there was no lost day due to work injury throughout the Reporting Period.

報告期內,本集團確保全面遵守香港及中國有關職業健康及安全的法例以及其他相關法例,包括《中華人民共和國職業病防治法》及《中華人民共和國安全生產法》。過去三年(包括報告期間),概無嚴重工傷或死亡報告。此外,報告期間,亦無因丁傷而損失丁時。

B3 Development and training Talent management

The Group acknowledges and highly values continuous staff training and development of which it considers can help to improve both its efficiency and productivity. In this case, the Group provides employees with training and development courses which cover various areas, including orientation, leadership and management skills, marketing skills, legislations updates, etc. with the aim of improving employees' efficiency, knowledge and skills for discharging their duties at work. Also, the Group encourages employees to apply for work-related external training, title and qualification certificates, study degrees, examination, etc..

B3 發展及培訓

人才管理

本集團認同並高度重視持續的員工培訓 及發展,認為有助於提高效率和生產力。 為此,本集團為員工提供培訓及發展課程,涵蓋入職培訓、領導及管理技巧、課 銷技巧和法律更新等多個領域,以提高 員工在工作中履行職責的效率、知識及 技巧。此外,本集團鼓勵員工申請與工作 相關的外部培訓、職稱和資格證書、學 位、考試等。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED) 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

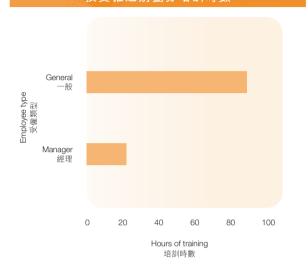
During the Reporting Period, the development and training statistics by gender and employment category are disclosed in following bar charts:

報告期間,按性別及受僱組別劃分的發展及培訓統計數字披露於以下條形圖:

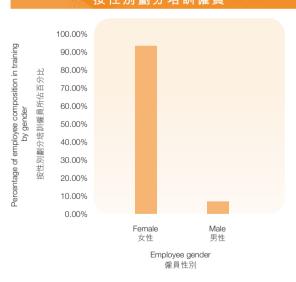
Training hours by gender 按性別劃分培訓時數



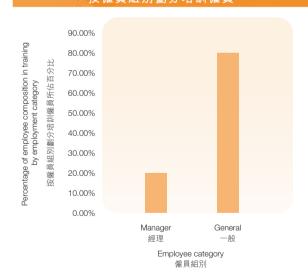
Training hours by employment category 按受僱組別劃分培訓時數



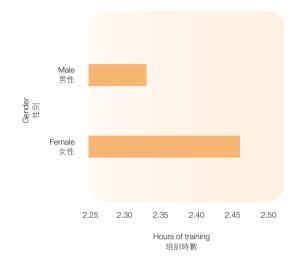
Employee composition in training by gender 按性別劃分培訓僱員



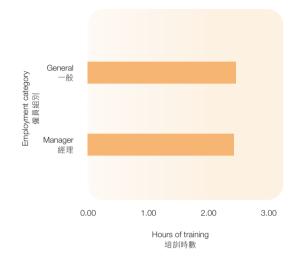
Employee composition in training by employment category 按僱員組別劃分培訓僱員



Average training hours completed per employee by gender 按性別劃分每位僱員完成的平均培訓時數



Average training hours completed per employee by employment category 按僱員組別劃分每位僱員完成的平均培訓時數



B4 Labour standards

Prohibiting forced child and labour

The Group prohibits the use of child labour and forced or compulsory labour at all its units and suppliers. No employee is made to work against his/her will or work as forced labour, or subject to corporal punishment or coercion of any type related to work.

In addition, the Group fully complies with the Provision on the Prohibition of Using Child Labour of the PRC, the Labour Law of the PRC and the Contract Law of the PRC and will not hire companies with minors under 18 years of age. A five and a half day 8-hour work week is implemented, with clear job responsibilities for different positions to ensure workers are aware of the Company's working hour, work responsibilities and working conditions. According to the labour contract signed between the Group and its employees, if the Group uses violence, threats, or illegally restricts personal freedom to force employees to work, or if the Group's management illegally commands, forces risky operations or even endangers the employees' personal safety, the employees can immediately terminate the labour contract with potential compensation on the part by the Group to the related employee.

B4 勞工標準

禁止僱用童工及強迫勞動

本集團禁止各單位及供應商僱用童工及 強迫或強制勞動。概無僱員違反意願工 作,或被強迫勞動,或因工作而承受任何 類型的體罰或壓迫。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED) 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

Overall, the Group has zero-tolerance to employment of child labour and forced labour by our construction contractors. The Group is not aware of any non-compliance with relevant rules and regulations on preventing child or forced labour.

總體而言,本集團對施工承包商僱用童工及強迫勞動的行為零容忍。本集團並無發現任何違反防止童工或強迫勞動的相關規則及規例的情況。

B5 Supply chain management Upholding high procurement standards

With the implementation of strong contract policy and corresponding evaluation procedures underlying the importance of supply chain management, the Group strives to govern the selection of suppliers and construction contractors. To ensure product and service quality, and to manage environmental and social risks in supply chain, the Group only engages suppliers and construction contractors with licenses that are granted by relevant regulators or government authorities. The obligations of suppliers and construction contractors with respect to environmental protection and compliance with relevant safety laws and regulations are clearly stated in signed contracts.

There are currently 476 suppliers in total, with 216 suppliers in Guangdong Province, 240 suppliers in Tianjin, while the rest of the 20 suppliers are scattered throughout other provinces in the PRC.

B5 供應鏈管理

保持高採購標準

本集團實行穩健的合約政策及相應的評估程序,強調供應鏈管理的重要性,致調供應鏈管理的重要性。為關於實力。 管理供應商及建築承包商的選定應鏈 保產品及服務質素,以及管理供應鏈內 明環境及社會風險,本集團僅委聘獲相關監管機構或政府部門授出牌照的供應商及建築承包商。供應商及建築承包商就環保及符合相關安全法律及法規的責任已於已簽訂的合約中訂明。

本集團目前共有476名供應商,其中216 名供應商來自廣東省、240名供應商來自 天津,餘下20名供應商來自中國其他省 份。

環境、社會及管治報告(續)

In the selection of suppliers, priority is given to choose high-quality suppliers that have previously cooperated with the Group or based on a list of top ranked local suppliers within the area that the relevant project is located. For monopolistic industries, government recommends the government related subordinate units or third-party companies for which the Group will carefully consider. Moreover, the Group has incorporated ESG scores and database of supplier information (i.e., Qualifications, ESG related information) into the selection of suppliers and established a supplier's social responsibility evaluation and investigation mechanism. If the supplier fails to meet the requirements, it will not be included in the Company's supplier database. At the same time, the Group aims to improve the supplier's social responsibility level through audits, training, counseling and other activities, and take active measures to encourage suppliers to fulfill their social responsibilities. The Group has established a targeted audit mechanism according to different types of suppliers. The audit process of regional and lower level suppliers is completed at the project-regional level, and the audit of Group's strategic level suppliers is completed at the Group's product center and by the production manager. The supplier will also be required to conduct self-inspection or entrust a third-party organization to periodically evaluate and review the supplier's performance of social responsibilities, and the review results can be used as an important basis for supplier selection, order increase, rewards and punishments. This process is monitored and updated regularly every 3 months.

甄 選 供 應 商 時,本 集 團 優 先 選 擇 先 前 合 作過的優質供應商,或根據項目所在地 排名靠前的當地供應商名單選擇。對於 壟斷行業,本集團將審慎考慮政府推薦 的政府下屬單位或第三方公司。此外, 本集團已將環境、社會及管治評分及供 應商信息(即資格、環境、社會及管治相 關信息)數據庫納入挑選供應商的範圍, 並建立供應商社會責任評估及調查機 制。倘供應商不符合要求,則不會納入本 公司的供應商數據庫。同時,本集團旨在 通過審核、培訓、諮詢等活動提高供應商 的社會責任水平,並採取積極措施鼓勵 供應商履行社會責任。本集團根據不同 類型供應商建立了針對性的審核機制。 區域及較低級別的供應商之審核流程在 項目區域層級完成審核,集團戰略級別 供應商在集團產品中心由產品分管領導 完成審核。供應商亦須進行自我檢查或 委託第三方組織定期評估及審查供應商 社會責任的履行情況,審查結果可作為 挑選供應商、增加訂單、獎勵及懲罰的重 要依據。本集團每3個月定期監察及更新 該流程。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED) 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

In order to realize a normalized supplier management mechanism with high precision, the Group has also introduced a supplier hierarchical and classified management mechanism. In terms of hierarchies, we categorize into three aspects: group level, regional level and project level. In terms of classification, we categorize into three aspects: outstanding strategic cooperation suppliers, general strategic cooperation suppliers, general cooperation suppliers and unqualified cooperation suppliers, and build a supplier hierarchical management model. During the Reporting Period, there were approximately 600 suppliers that were subject to the above-mentioned supplier selection process.

為了實現高精細度的常態化供應商管理機制,本集團亦已引入供應商分級分類管理機制。在分級方面,我們從集團層級、項目層級三方面進行面進行面,我們從戰略合作優秀供應商、戰略合作一般供應商、一般合作供應商及合作評級不合格供應商三方,構建了供應商分級管理模上述供應商甄選程序。

In the cooperation agreement with suppliers, the Group has made precise requirements for suppliers of wall and floor tiles coatings to manage environmental-related risks, such as (i) strictly limiting the content of volatile organic compounds (VOCs), benzene and formaldehyde in plate products, and maintaining a third-party on-site sampling rate of more than 30%; and (ii) using LED products with high lumens per unit power are preferred for indoor lighting. The supplier must obtain the environmental impact assessment certificate from the local government as the necessary qualification certificate. At the same time, the Group will prioritize cooperation opportunities to companies that comply with the clean energy policies such as coal to gas, good ventilation and dust removal equipment and meet the standards of sewage discharge. On the basis of strictly controlling the environmental risks of suppliers, the Group actively purchases green products, and is committed to working with external partners to promote the construction of a green supply chain jointly.

B6 Commitment to product responsibility Delivering unmatched product quality

The Group continues to aim at providing the best quality products to its clients. In such case, the Group strictly complies with the Construction Law of the PRC. Regulations on Quality Management of Construction Projects, the Civil Code of the PRC and other national laws and regulations and industry standards which are applicable to the Group's operation from time to time. The Group closely monitors the property development projects at every stage and our project engineers regularly inspect building materials and construction works so as to ensure the constructors strictly abide by the relevant national laws and regulations to construct reasonable quality and safe buildings and meet the acceptable reliability level. The Group has a complete quality control system and experienced managers who are responsible for on-site management. Regarding the selection of cooperative units, no matter the size of the project, the Group will choose the unit with the corresponding qualifications as potential partners, and inspect the projects completed or under construction at early stage, focusing on whether cooperative units have staff with strong construction and management experience, technical capabilities, etc.. In terms of raw material entry management, the Group will specify the scope of brand selection in the contract. When materials enter the site, re-inspection or on-site inspection shall be carried out strictly in accordance with national regulations to ensure raw materials, semi-finished products and equipment used in the project can meet the requirements for engineering quality and environmental protection requirements.

B6 產品責任之承諾 提供最優產品質素

本集團不斷致力為客戶提供最優質的產 品。為此,本集團嚴格遵守《中華人民共 和國建築法》、《建設工程質量管理條 例》、《中華人民共和國民法典》及不時適 用於本集團業務之其他全國法律及法規 與行業標準。本集團密切監察物業發展 項目的各個階段,而我們的項目工程師 經常檢查建築物料及建築工程,確保承 包商嚴格遵守有關的全國法律及法規, 建造合理品質和安全的建築,達到可接 受的可靠性水平。本集團的質量控制體 系完善,亦有經驗豐富的經理負責現場 管理。對於合作單位的選擇,不論項目規 模如何,本集團將選擇具有相應資質的 單位作為潛在合作夥伴,並在初期檢查 已完工或在建的項目,注重合作單位僱 員是否具備較強的建設及管理經驗、技 術能力等。原材料入庫管理方面,本集團 將在合同中指定品牌選擇的範圍。材料 進場時,應嚴格按照國家規定進行複檢 或現場檢查,以確保項目使用的原材料、 半成品及設備符合工程質量要求及環境 要求。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED) 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

Before the start of each process, the corresponding construction unit is required to complete the process model and the formal construction can only be carried out after the model experience is accepted. In terms of the management and control of the construction site, on the one hand, we select supervision companies in accordance with national regulations. Also, the Group has also equipped professional engineers for on-site management. According to national regulations and the Group's operating procedures, it conducts daily inspections and acceptance of various processes and sub-projects. Unqualified projects will not be accepted and require rectification. After completion of the corresponding subprojects (such as basic projects, main projects, etc.) and remaining projects, the government quality supervision department also participates in the corresponding acceptance checking, ensuring the quality of the project complies with the government supervision level. In addition, when the building is handed over to the owner after completion of the inspection and acceptance, the Group will accompany the owner to check the quality of the house according to the Group's operating procedures, and rectify any quality problems within a specified time. During the warranty period after the owner signs the acceptance letter of satisfaction, we will send engineers to deal with quality problems on site to meet the warranty requirements.

Overall, the Group has entered into contracts with construction contractors to obtain indemnity agreements and their commitment to carry out operational and quality assurance activities, and to comply with regulatory requirements. We require construction contractors to immediately resolve any defects or non-compliance incidences, where necessary.

各流程開始之前,相關施工單位須完成 流程模型,模型經驗獲接納後方可正式 施工。施工現場的管理及控制方面,我們 根據國家規定選擇監理公司,本集團亦 配備專業工程師進行現場管理。根據國 家法規及本集團的運營程序,本集團對 各流程及子項目進行日常檢查和驗收。 不合格的項目不會驗收,需進行整改。 相關子項目(如基礎項目、主項目等)及 餘下項目完成後,政府質量監督部門亦 參與相應的驗收工作,保證項目的質量 符合政府監督層面標準。此外,在完成檢 查及驗收後將建築物移交給業主時,本 集團將根據本集團的運營程序陪同業主 一起檢查房屋的質量,並在指定時間內 糾正任何的質量問題。業主簽署滿意通 知書後的保修期內,我們將派工程師到 現場處理質量問題,以滿足保修要求。

總體而言,本集團已與建築承包商訂立 合約,以取得彌償協議及承包商對進行 營運及品質保證活動和遵守監管規定的 承諾。我們要求建築承包商即時解決任 何缺陷或不合規事件(如有必要)。

環境、社會及管治報告(續)

The Group has established relevant policies to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations and to fulfill its corporate responsibility towards the customers. During the Reporting Period, there was no case and complaint of non-compliance with laws and regulations in relation to product responsibility within the headquarters and offices of the Group. In addition, since we are engaged in property development and sales in the PRC, there were no products sold by the Group that was subject to recall for safety and health reasons during the Reporting Period.

本集團已制定相關政策,確保遵守適用 法律及法規,並履行其對客戶的企業責 任。於報告期間,本集團總部及各辦事處 並無與違反有關產品責任的法規相關的 案件及投訴。此外,報告期間,由於我們 在中國參與物業開發及銷售,本集團售 出的產品並無因安全及健康問題而召回。

On the other hand, the Group pays attention in protecting its own intellectual property rights, while also respecting the intellectual property rights of others. In order to establish the Group's brand, it has registered a number of trademarks. During the Reporting Period, the Group strictly complied with the Copyright Law of the PRC, the Trademark Law of the PRC, the Patent Law of the PRC. Besides, the Group takes a variety of measures to protect intellectual property rights from infringement, such as strengthening the training of employees in this area and providing their protection awareness. In terms of the Group as a whole, a well-established complete patent and trademark application system and process is in place. In the case of violations, legal measures will be taken to fight back.

另一方面,本集團注重保護自身知識產權的同時,亦尊重他人的知識產權。為樹立本集團的品牌,本集團已經註冊多商標。報告期內,本集團嚴格遵守《中華人民共和國著作權法》、《中華人民共和國商標法》及《中華人民共和國專利法》。此外,本集團採取各種措施保護知知條免受侵犯,例如,加強對該領域的僱財並提高其保護意識。本集團整系以短建立完善全面的專利和商標申請統以反擊。

For consumer data and privacy related issue, the Group has set up special departments and personnel to be responsible for keeping customer-related information and materials. At the same time, it implements strict approval and registration systems for relevant personnel to retrieve and consult customer information. At the same time, the Group occasionally organizes employees to give lectures on the protection of personal privacy laws, enhances employees' awareness of protecting customer privacy, improves employees' professional ethics, and effectively ensures the security of customer information.

對於與消費者數據及隱私相關的問題,本集團已設立專門的部門和人員,負責保存客戶信息和材料。同時,本集團對檢索及查詢客戶信息的相關人員實施嚴格的批准和登記制度。本集團亦不定期超織員工開展有關保護個人隱私法的講與工開展有關保護個人隱私法的講演上,提高員工保護客戶隱私的意識,提升員工的職業道德,有效地確保客戶信息的安全。

B7 Anti-corruption

Commitment to anti-corruption

The Group commits in maintaining a high standard of integrity when conducting business as we strongly believe that it is essential to meet the expectations of our stakeholders. The Group is committed to acting with the highest standards of integrity and ethics, maintaining business ethics and honesty, fully and accurately implementing the core values of integrity, honesty, fairness, impartiality, and ethical business practices of the Group. As such, the Group has formulated several policies, which, together, form the anti-corruption policy, including the anti-money laundering management system, corporate governance policy and the code of conduct, the purposes of which are to regulate the job behaviors of middle and senior managers and ordinary employees of the Company, strictly abide by relevant laws, industry norms and standards, professional ethics and company rules and regulations, and establish a good atmosphere of honesty and diligence. During the Reporting Period, the Group complied with relevant laws and regulations which are applicable to the Group's operation from time to time, such as the Law of the People's Republic of China on Anti-money Laundering, the Law of the People's Republic of China Against Unfair Competition, Criminal Law of the People's Republic of China, the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance (Chapter 201 of the Laws of Hong Kong), Organised and Serious Crimes Ordinance (Chapter 455 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and Drug Trafficking (Recovery of Proceeds) Ordinance (Chapter 405 of the Laws of Hong Kong).

B7 反貪污

反貪污之承諾

本集團經營業務時致力維持高誠信水 平,因我們堅信此舉能達到持份者的期 望。本集團致力於以最高的誠信和道德 標準行事,堅守商業道德及誠信,全面準 確貫徹執行本集團誠信、誠實、公平、公 正的核心價值及合乎道德的商業慣例。 因此,本集團制定了若干項的政策。這些 政策共同構成了反腐敗政策,包括《防止 清洗黑錢管理制度》、《企業管治政策》及 《行為守則》,旨在規範本公司中高層管 理人員和普通僱員的工作行為,嚴格遵 守相關法律、行業規範和標準、職業道德 及公司規章制度,營造誠實守信的良好 氛圍。報告期內,本集團遵守不時適用於 本集團經營的《中華人民共和國反洗錢 法》、《中華人民共和國反不正當競爭 法》、《中華人民共和國刑法》、香港法例 第201章《防止賄賂條例》、香港法例第 455章《有組織及嚴重罪行條例》及香港法 例第405章《販毒(追討得益)條例》等相關 法律法規。

環境、社會及管治報告(續)

The Group promotes integrity and prevents unethical pursuits. The Group has implemented an effective whistleblowing policy for reporting employee violations of the code of conduct, policies or internal controls, fraud (including corruption and bribery). We encourage the reporting of suspected business irregularities and provide clear channels specifically for this purpose. When suspected wrongdoings are identified, such as breach of duty, abuse of power, accepting bribes, staff should report to the Audit Committee of the Board ("Audit Committee") for investigation and verification. Audit Committee is responsible for receiving and conducting follow-up actions on the relevant reports fairly, and report to the regulator and/or to law enforcement authority. when necessary. The Group believes that having such whistle-blowing policy in place could help identify and prevent any unethical or illegal behavior within the organization, and would allow employees to report any incidents of misconduct, including unethical behavior, fraud, or other violations of company policies, without fear of retaliation.

本集團提倡誠信及避免不道德的商業行 為。本集團已落實有效的舉報政策以供 舉報員工違反行為守則、政策或內部控 制、欺詐(包括腐敗和賄賂)。我們鼓勵舉 報疑似業務不合規事件,並就此提供明 確的專用渠道。發現疑似不當行為(例如 失職、濫用權力、收取賄賂)時,員工應 向董事會審核委員會(「審核委員會」)報 告以進行調查及核實。審核委員會負責 公正接收相關報告及採取跟進行動,並 於必要時向監管機關及/或執法機關報 告。本集團認為,制定此類舉報政策有助 於識別及防止組織內任何不道德或非法 行為, 並接受員工舉報任何不當行為事 件,包括不道德行為、欺詐或其他違反公 司政策的行為,而不必擔心遭到報復。

The Audit Committee is responsible for receiving reports, organizing investigations of cases, issuing investigation reports and handling opinions, and reporting to the top management. The Group has set up fraud report email boxes to publish and accept real-name data on anonymous complaints or reports from employees at all levels and parties with economic relations with the company. The members of the committee should check the email boxes at least once a week and the chairman shall notify the members to discuss the handling method. This shall impose corresponding internal economic and administrative disciplinary penalties and those who violate the criminal law shall be transferred to judicial organs for handling in accordance with law.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED) 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

Before cooperating with each external party, the Group will require such external party to sign an integrity agreement with the Group to ensure that the personnel of both parties can maintain integrity in the course of business exchange. The Group's employees have also signed a declaration with Company and be provided with the Code of Conduct to ensure the employees are aware of the conflict of interest mechanism, anti-monopoly, fair competition and transaction and abide by the Group's anti-monopoly work regulations when performing their duties.

與各外部方合作之前,本集團要求該外部方與本集團簽署誠信協議,確保雙方人員在業務交流過程中能保持誠信。本集團員工亦與本公司簽署宣言,並獲提供《行為守則》,確保員工了解利益衝突機制、反壟斷、公平競爭及交易,在履行職責時遵守本集團的反壟斷工作規定。

In order to enhance the awareness of risks of corruption and fraud for the Group's directors and employees, their understanding of the relevant legislations of anti-money laundering as well as the Company's anti-money laundering management system, the chief executive officer of the Group, financial department and the marketing director jointly establish a Anti-Money Laundering Working Group for the daily monitoring of money laundering, the preparation of the suspicious transaction report and the preservation of relevant files. The Group also invites representatives of the Independent Commission Against Corruption (ICAC) to visit the Company every year to conduct training on professional ethics, such as prevention of corruption and fraud for employees and holds 2 anti-corruption trainings with a total of 60 participants during the Reporting Period. Participants in the training mainly include the middle and high-level managers and those involved in procurement, contracts and those who are prone to conflicts of interest. In order to reduce the risk of money laundering and terrorist financing activities, the Group takes appropriate measures such as detecting unusual high-frequency cash transactions, understanding the background information of the clients, avoiding cash transactions and reporting any suspicious transactions immediately.

為增強本集團董事及僱員對貪污及欺詐 風險的意識、對打擊洗錢的相關法律及 本公司《防止清洗黑錢管理制度》的認 識,本集團行政總裁、財務部及營銷總監 共同成立反洗錢工作組,負責日常監控 洗錢、編製可疑交易報告及保存相關檔 案。本集團每年亦邀請香港廉政公署代 表到訪本公司,為員工進行有關防止貪 污及欺詐等職業道德的培訓,今年組織 了兩次反貪污培訓,合計60名參與者在 報告期間出席。參與培訓的人員主要包 括中高層管理人員及涉及採購、合約及 容易捲入利益衝突的人員。為降低洗錢 和恐怖分子資金籌集活動的風險,本集 團採取適當措施,如檢測異常高頻現金 交易,了解客戶的背景資料,避免現金交 易,以及立即報告任何可疑交易。

環境、社會及管治報告(續)

To further enhance employees' comprehension and knowledge of anti-money laundering practices, as well as to enable anti-money laundering personnel to stay up-to-date with the provisions of anti-money laundering laws, administrative regulations and rules which are applicable to the Group, the Group proactively schedules and conducts anti-money laundering training on a regular basis. In addition, pursuant to the Group's anti-money laundering management system, the content of anti-money laundering training covers the following topics:

- 為進一步提高員工對反洗錢實踐的理解和認識,並使反洗錢人員能夠及時了解適用於本集團的反洗錢法律、行政法規和規則的規定,本集團積極安排並定期進行反洗錢培訓。此外,根據本集團《防止清洗黑錢管理制度》,反洗錢培訓的內容包括以下主題:
- Legal training, which involves analyzing and explaining various laws related to anti-money laundering.
- Internal policy training, which is tailored to the Group's business characteristics. The training provides a comprehensive explanation of the Group's anti-money laundering internal monitoring system, enabling employees to improve their anti-money laundering capabilities.
- Practical business training, which includes the latest international and domestic anti-money laundering developments and case studies. The training introduces anti-money laundering experience, skills, and the latest technology to enhance employees' anti-money laundering expertise. This helps to improve the vigilance and anti-money laundering skills of relevant personnel in a consistent manner.

- 法律培訓,涉及分析及講解與反洗 錢有關的各種法律。
- 內部制度培訓,針對本集團的業務 特點量身定製。該培訓對本集團的 反洗錢內部監控系統進行了全面的 解釋,使員工能夠提高反洗錢能力。
- 實用商業培訓,包括最新的國際及國內反洗錢動態和案例研究。該培訓介紹了反洗錢經驗、技能和最新技術,以提高員工的反洗錢專業知識,有助於穩定提高相關人員的警惕性和反洗錢技能。

環境、社會及管治報告(續)

According to the Group's corporate governance policy, the Board regularly reviews the code of conduct, reporting policies and procedures, and other internal policies related to anti-corruption. The abovementioned measures have been carried out to ensure that the Group's core value of integrity is fully and accurately implemented. In addition, the company secretary of the Group oversees the training and professional development of Directors and senior management, as well as the Group's policies and practices, to ensure they comply with legal and regulatory requirements from time to time. The company secretary also takes responsibility for creating, reviewing, and monitoring compliance manuals for both employees and Directors.

根據本集團企業管治政策,董事會定期 審閱《行為守則》、舉報政策及程序以及 其他與反腐敗有關的內部政策。採取上 述措施乃為確保本集團誠信的核心價值 觀得到全面準確的實施。此外,本集團公 司秘書負責不時監督董事和高級管理層 的培訓和專業發展以及本集團的政策和 實踐,確保彼等符合法律和監管規定。 公司秘書亦負責為員工和董事制定、審 閱及監督合規手冊。

There were no concluded legal cases regarding corruption brought against the Group or its employees during the Reporting Period.

於報告期間內,並無就貪污行為而針對 本集團或其僱員提起任何法律案件。

B8 Community investment

Contributing to the welfare of society

The Group encourages staff to take part in community welfare and voluntary work and our Directors actively maintain communication with non-governmental organizations to understand community needs for the sake of fulfilling its responsibility and giving back to the society.

During the year ended 31 December 2023 and despite in the midst of global pandemic, the Group made a donation of approximately RMB1.76 million to support the community services and charitable activities arranged by non-profit organisations within Hong Kong and the PRC. The donation contribution made by the Group mainly focused on education, social community and social welfare related aspects.

B8 社區投資

為社會福利作貢獻

本集團鼓勵員工參與社區福利及志願工 作,而董事則積極與非政府組織保持溝 通,了解社會的需要,以履行責任及回饋 社會。

截至2023年12月31日止年度,儘管在全 球疫情的情况下,本集團捐款約人民幣 176萬元,以支持香港及中國的非營利組 織安排的社區服務及慈善活動。本集團 的捐款主要集中在教育、社區及公益相 關方面。

環境、社會及管治報告(續)

Organisations 組織	Donation nature 捐款性質
The Dragon Foundation	For the Foundation's Annual Event, Dragon Dance — Youth Co-creation Action
龍傳基金	支持基金年度活動「龍飛動舞」— 青年共創行動
Tai Hing Friends Society	Sponsored the event at the "Chinese New Year Poon Choi Feast for the Elderly" 「新春長者盆菜宴」的活動贊助
Joint Committee for the Promotion of the Constitution and Basic Law of Hong Kong	Subscription of Golden Flag Sponsorship for the 2022-2023 Hong Kong Basic Law Promotion Joint Conference Flag Selling Fundraising Event
憲法和香港基本法推介聯席會議	2022至2023年度香港基本法推介聯席會議賣旗籌款 活動的金旗認捐
Lok Kwan Social Service	Donation to support Lok Kwan Charity Fundraising Dinner
樂群社會服務處	捐款支持「樂群慈善籌款晚宴」
The Hong Kong Buddhist Association	Sponsorship of "Celebrating the Auspicious Festival of Buddha's Birthday in 2023"
香港佛教聯合會	2023年「佛誕節吉祥大會」活動贊助
Hong Kong Industrial & Commercial Association Limited Tai Po Branch 香港工商總會大埔分會	Sponsored the event of the Tai Po Branch of the Hong Kong Chamber of Commerce and Industry 香港工商總會大埔分會活動贊助
The Hong Kong Tianjin Friendship Association Ltd	Sponsored for the Hong Kong Tianjin Friendship Association
香港天津聯誼會有限公司	贊助香港天津聯誼會會務活動費用

Organisations 組織	Donation nature 捐款性質
Tai Hang Kwun Yum Temple Preparatory Limited	Sponsorship activity expenses for Fundraising funds from the Preparatory Committee for the Reconstruction of Guanyin Temple (Tai Hang)
泰亨觀音廟籌建有限公司	籌務重建泰亨觀音廟委員會會務活動經費贊助
Tin Shui Wai Women Association Limited	Sponsored the funding for Home First, Creating a Future for Children event
天水圍婦聯有限公司	[童創未來,以家為本]活動經費
Hong Kong Parents Association	Sponsored for the Gold Flag Donation event
香港家長協進會	贊助金旗籌款活動
Kowloon Women's Organisations Federation	Sponsored for the Flag Event
九龍婦女聯會	贊助賣旗籌款活動
UOB Heartbeat	Donation for UOB Event to support children's cancer foundation
UOB Heartbeat	為大華銀行活動捐款,支持兒童癌病基金
Education and Technology Limited	Sponsorship activity fee for Knowledge Magazine Love Charity Gift Program
知識教育科技有限公司	《知識》雜誌「愛心捐贈計劃」活動經費贊助
Paso a Paso Foundation Limited	Sponsorship Activity Expenses for Rhythm Power Fund Co., Ltd. Presents Love
韻律動力基金有限公司	「獻愛心」活動經費贊助
Huaqiao University Education Foundation	Donations
華僑大學教育基金會	捐款
Huizhou Huiyang District Charity Federation	Donations
惠州市惠陽區慈善總會	捐款

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告



Independent auditor's report to the directors of Million Cities Holdings Limited

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Million Cities Holdings Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries ("the Group") set out on pages 144 to 280, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023, the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended and notes, comprising material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2023 and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code") together with any ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in the Cayman Islands, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

致萬城控股有限公司董事的獨立核數師報告

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

意見

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審計列載於第 144至280頁的萬城控股有限公司(以下簡稱 「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」) 的綜合財務報表,此財務報表包括於2023年12 月31日的綜合財務狀況表與截至該日止年度的 綜合損益表、綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜 合權益變動表和綜合現金流量表,以及附註 (包括重大會計政策資料及其他説明資料)。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港財務報告準則》真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於2023年12月31日的綜合財務狀況及截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》之披露規定妥為擬備。

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港審計準則》進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表會擔的責任」部分中作進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《專業會計師道德守則》(以下簡稱「守則」)及開曼群島有關我們審計綜合財務報表的道德規定,我們獨立於 貴集團,並已履行此等規定及守則中的其他專業道德克足及領土為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及出具意見時進行處理的。我們不會對這些事項提供單獨的意見。

Assessing the net realisable value of inventories

評估存貨可變現淨值

Refer to note 18 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies in note 2(m). 請參閱綜合財務報表附許18及附許2(m)的會計政策。

The Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

As at 31 December 2023, the aggregate carrying value of the Group's properties held for development ("PHD"), properties under development ("PUD") and completed properties held for sale (together "inventories") totalled RMB660 million. These inventories principally comprise residential properties, shops, apartments, car parking bays and land use rights held for development in Huizhou and Tianjin. 於2023年12月31日, 貴集團持作發展的物業(「持作發展物業」)及建設中的物業(「建設中物業」)與持作出售已完工物業(統稱「存貨」)的賬面值合計為人民幣6.6億元。該等存貨主要包括惠州及天津的住宅、商店、公寓、停車場及持作發展的土地使用權。

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value ("NRV").

存貨按照成本與可變現淨值(「可變現淨值」)之較低者 計量。

How the matter was addressed in our audit 我們的審計如何處理該事項

Our audit procedures to assess the net realisable value of inventories included the following:

我們評估存貨可變現淨值的審核程序包括以下:

assessing the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of key internal controls over the assessment of NRV of inventories; 評估與存貨可變現淨值有關的關鍵內部控制的設計、實施及運作有效性;

Assessing the net realisable value of inventories 評估存貨可變現淨值

Refer to note 18 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies in note 2(m). 請參閱綜合財務報表附註18及附註2(m)的會計政策。

The Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

NRV is assessed by management based on valuations prepared by external property valuers. This assessment involves significant management judgement and estimation in selecting the appropriate valuation methodology, preparing the updated costs to complete the property development project for PHD and PUD as well as in assessing the estimated selling prices for each type of inventories (by reference to recent sales transactions in nearby locations), the estimated selling costs and the relevant taxes.

可變現淨值由管理層根據外聘物業估值師的估值進行評估。該評估涉及管理層在選擇合適的估值方法,編製完成持作發展物業與建設中物業的最新成本,以及評估各類存貨的估計售價(參照附近地區的近期銷售交易)、估計銷售成本及相關税費時作出重大判斷及估計。

How the matter was addressed in our audit 我們的審計如何處理該事項

- assessing the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the external property valuers; 評估外聘物業估值師的資質、能力及客觀性;
- with the assistance of our internal property valuation specialists, on a sample basis:
 在內部物業估值專家的協助下,抽樣進行以下各項:
 - discussing with the external property valuer and the management of the Group their valuation methodology and the key estimates and assumptions adopted in the valuations;
 - 與外聘物業估值師及 貴集團管理層討論 彼等的估值方法以及估值中採用的關鍵估 計和假設:
 - evaluating the appropriateness of the valuation methodology with reference to the requirements of the prevailing accounting standards and challenging the reasonableness of the key assumptions adopted in the valuations by comparison with available market data;

參考現行會計準則的規定,評估估值方法 是否合適,並通過比較現有市場數據,查問 估值所採用的主要假設是否合理:

Assessing the net realisable value of inventories 評估存貨可變現淨值

Refer to note 18 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies in note 2(m). 請參閱綜合財務報表附註18及附註2(m)的會計政策。

The Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

We identified the assessment of NRV of the Group's inventories as a key audit matter because of the significance of inventories to the Group's total assets and because of the inherent risks involved in selecting the appropriate valuation methodology, estimating the costs to complete each property development project and the net selling prices for each property development project, particularly in light of the current economic circumstances.

我們將 貴集團存貨可變現淨值的評估列為關鍵審計事項,乃由於存貨對 貴集團總資產的重要性,亦由於選擇合適的估值方法、評估完成各物業發展項目的成本和評估各物業發展項目的淨售價存在固有風險,特別是考慮到當前經濟環境。

How the matter was addressed in our audit 我們的審計如何處理該事項

- conducting site visits to property development sites, on a sample basis, and discussing with management the progress of each property development project and the development budgets reflected in the latest forecasts for each property development project;
 - 對物業開發地盤進行抽樣實地觀察,並與管理層 討論各物業發展項目的進度和各物業發展項目最 新預測所反映的開發預算;
- comparing the estimated costs to complete each property development project with the Group's latest budgets and comparing the costs incurred to 31 December 2023 with budgets made as at 31 December 2022 to assess the accuracy of management's forecasting and budgeting process; and
 - 將完成各物業發展項目的估計成本與 貴集團最新預算進行比較,並將截止2023年12月31日已產生的成本與2022年12月31日作出的預算比較,以評估管理層預測和預算過程的準確性:及
- performing sensitivity analyses to determine the extent of changes in key estimates and assumptions that, either individually or collectively, would be required for inventories to be materially misstated and considering the likelihood of such a movement in those key estimates and assumptions arising.

進行敏感性分析,以確定關鍵估計和假設單獨或 共同出現何種程度的變化會導致存貨發生重大錯 報,並考慮關鍵估計和假設出現此類變動的可能 性。

Assessing the net realisable value of inventories of the associates

評估聯營公司的存貨可變現淨值

Refer to note 15 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies in note 2(f). 請參閱綜合財務報表附註15及附註2(f)的會計政策。

The Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

As at 31 December 2023, interest in associates and share of results of associates for the year then ended amounted to RMB212 million and RMB(259) million respectively. Included in the share of results of associates was a write-down of inventories shared by the Group amounting to RMB274 million.

於2023年12月31日,截至該日止年度於聯營公司的權益及應佔聯營公司業績分別為人民幣2.12億元及人民幣(2.59)億元。應佔聯營公司業績包括 貴集團應佔存貨撇減人民幣2.74億元。

As at 31 December 2023, inventories of the associates principally comprise residential properties, shops, apartments, car parking bays and land use rights held for development in Huizhou and Zhumadian.

於2023年12月31日,聯營公司的存貨主要包括惠州及 駐馬店的住宅、商店、公寓、停車場及持作發展的土 地使用權。

How the matter was addressed in our audit 我們的審計如何處理該事項

Our audit procedures to assess the net realisable value of inventories of the associates included the following: \mathfrak{R} 我們評估聯營公司的存貨可變現淨值的審核程序包括以下:

- assessing the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of key internal controls over the assessment of NRV of inventories of the associates:
 - 評估與聯營公司存貨可變現淨值有關的關鍵內部 控制的設計、實施及運作有效性;
- assessing the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the external property valuers; 評估外聘物業估值師的資質、能力及客觀性;

Assessing the net realisable value of inventories of the associates 評估聯營公司的存貨可變現淨值

Refer to note 15 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies in note 2(f). 請參閱綜合財務報表附註15及附註2(f)的會計政策。

The Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

Inventories of the associates are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value ("NRV"). NRV for each property development project of the associates, is assessed by management based on valuations prepared by external property valuers.

聯營公司的存貨按照成本與可變現淨值(「可變現淨值」)之較低者計量。聯營公司每個物業發展項目的可變現淨值由管理層根據外聘物業估值師的估值進行評估。

The assessment of the NRV of these inventories involves significant management judgement and estimation in selecting the appropriate valuation methodology, preparing the updated costs to complete the property development project for PHD and PUD as well as in assessing the estimated selling prices for each type of inventories (by reference to recent sales transactions in nearby locations), the estimated selling costs and the relevant taxes.

該等存貨的可變現淨值評估涉及管理層在選擇合適的估值方法,編製完成持作發展物業與建設中物業的最新成本,以及評估各類存貨的估計售價(參照附近地區的近期銷售交易)、估計銷售成本及相關税費時作出重大判斷及估計。

How the matter was addressed in our audit 我們的審計如何處理該事項

- with the assistance of our internal property valuation specialists, on a sample basis: 在內部物業估值專家的協助下,抽樣進行以下各項:
 - discussing with the external property valuer and the management of the Group their valuation methodology and the key estimates and assumptions adopted in the valuations;

與外聘物業估值師及 貴集團管理層討論 彼等的估值方法以及估值中採用的關鍵估 計和假設:

 evaluating the appropriateness of the valuation methodology with reference to the requirements of the prevailing accounting standards and challenging the reasonableness of the key assumptions adopted in the valuations by comparison with available market data;

> 參考現行會計準則的規定,評估估值方法 是否合適,並通過比較現有市場數據,查問 估值所採用的主要假設是否合理;

Assessing the net realisable value of inventories of the associates 評估聯營公司的存貨可變現淨值

Refer to note 15 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies in note 2(f). 請參閱綜合財務報表附註15及附註2(f)的會計政策。

The Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

We identified the assessment of NRV of inventories of the associates as a key audit matter because of the significance of these inventories to the Group's interests in the associates and because of the inherent risks involved in selecting the appropriate valuation methodology, estimating the costs to complete each property development project and the estimated net selling prices for each property development project, particularly in light of the current economic circumstances.

我們將聯營公司的存貨可變現淨值的評估列為關鍵審計事項,乃由於存貨對 貴集團於聯營公司的權益的重要性,亦由於選擇合適的估值方法、評估完成各物業發展項目的成本和評估各物業發展項目的淨售價存在固有風險,特別是考慮到當前經濟環境。

How the matter was addressed in our audit 我們的審計如何處理該事項

- conducting site visits to property development sites, on a sample basis, and discussing with management the progress of each property development project and the development budgets reflected in the latest forecasts for each property development project of the associates; 對物業開發地盤進行抽樣實地觀察,並與管理層討論聯營公司各物業發展項目的進度和各物業發展項目最新預測所反映的開發預算;
- comparing the estimated costs to complete each property development project with the associates' latest budgets and comparing the costs incurred to 31 December 2023 with budgets made as at 31 December 2022 to assess the accuracy of management's forecasting and budgeting process; and 將完成各物業發展項目的估計成本與聯營公司最新預算進行比較,並將截止2023年12月31日已產生的成本與2022年12月31日作出的預算比較,以評估管理層預測和預算過程的準確性;及
- performing sensitivity analyses to determine the extent of changes in key estimates and assumptions that, either individually or collectively, would be required for these inventories to be materially misstated and considering the likelihood of such a movement in those key estimates and assumptions arising. 進行敏感性分析,以確定關鍵估計和假設單獨或共同出現何種程度的變化會導致該等存貨發生重大錯報,並考慮關鍵估計和假設出現此類變動的可能性。

Provision for land appreciation tax ("LAT") in Chinese Mainland

中國大陸的土地增值税(「土地增值税」) 撥備

Refer to notes 8 and 27 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting judgement and estimates in note 3(b)(ii).

參閱綜合財務報表附註8、附註27及附註3(b)(ii)的會計判斷與估計。

The Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

LAT in Chinese Mainland is one of the main components of the Group's taxation charge.

中國大陸的土地增值税是 貴集團税項支出的主要部分。

LAT is levied on sale of properties at progressive rates ranging from 30% to 60% based on the appreciation of land value. At the end of each financial reporting period, management estimates the LAT charge based on its understanding and interpretation of the relevant tax rules and regulations and the estimated total sales of properties less total deductible expenditure, which includes lease charges for land use rights, property development costs, borrowing costs and development expenditure. When the LAT is subsequently determined, the actual payments may be different from the estimates.

銷售物業需要就土地增值額按照超率累進稅率30%至60%繳納土地增值稅。在每個財務報告期末,管理層基於對相關稅務規則及規例的理解及詮釋、預計物業銷售總額減去土地使用權租賃支出、物業開發成本、借款成本、開發費用等可扣除支出總額,估計土地增值稅支出。當其後釐定土地增值稅時,實際付款可能有別於估計。

We identified the provision for LAT in Chinese Mainland as a key audit matter because of its significance to the consolidated financial statements and because the estimated provisions for LAT are based on management's judgement and interpretation of the relevant tax laws and regulations.

我們將中國大陸土地增值稅撥備列為關鍵審計事項, 乃由於土地增值稅撥備對綜合財務報表的重要性,亦 由於土地增值稅的估計撥備以管理層對相關稅務法律 及規例的判斷及詮釋為基礎。

How the matter was addressed in our audit 我們的審計如何處理該事項

Our audit procedures to assess the provision for LAT in Chinese Mainland included the following: 我們評估中國大陸土地增值稅撥備的審核程序包括以下:

- assessing the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of key internal controls over the calculation of the estimated LAT provisions;
 - 評估與計算估計土地增值稅相關的關鍵內部控制 在設計、實施及運作方面的有效性;
- on a sample basis, involving our internal taxation specialists to evaluate the Group's LAT provisions as at 31 December 2023 to assess the reasonableness of management's judgements of the value of the estimated sales of properties and the deductible expenditure based on our experience, knowledge and understanding of the practices of the application of the relevant tax laws by the various local tax bureaus; and 利用我們內部稅務專家的工作,抽樣評價 貴集團於2023年12月31日的土地增值稅撥備,基於我們的經驗、知識及對各地稅務機關就相關稅法應

用的實務操作的理解,評估管理層對估計物業銷

售價值及可扣除支出的判斷是否合理;及

Provision for land appreciation tax ("LAT") in Chinese Mainland

中國大陸的土地增值税(「土地增值税」) 撥備

Refer to notes 8 and 27 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting judgement and estimates in note 3(b)(ii).

參閱綜合財務報表附註8、附註27及附註3(b)(ii)的會計判斷與估計。

The Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

How the matter was addressed in our audit 我們的審計如何處理該事項

• re-calculating the provisions for LAT and comparing our calculations with the amounts recorded by the Group.

重新計算土地增值税撥備,並將我們的計算結果與 貴集團所記錄的金額比較。

INFORMATION OTHER THAN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITOR'S REPORT THEREON

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information included in the annual report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

綜合財務報表及核數師報告以外的 信息

董事需對其他信息負責。其他信息包括刊載於 年報內的全部信息,但不包括綜合財務報表及 我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信息,亦不對該等其他信息發表任何形式的鑒證 結論。 In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責任 是閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他信息 是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所 了解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大 錯誤陳述的情況。

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其他信息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事實。 在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港財務報告準則》及香港《公司條例》的披露規定擬備真實而中肯的綜合財務報表,並對其認為為使綜合財務報表的擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部控制負責。

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

The directors are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

審計委員會協助董事履行監督 貴集團的財務 報告過程的責任。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任

我們的目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得合理保證,並出具包括我們意見的核數師報告。

合理保證是高水平的保證,但不能保證按照《香港審計準則》進行的審計,在某一重大錯誤 陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或 錯誤引起,如果合理預期它們單獨或滙總起來 可能影響綜合財務報表使用者依賴財務報表 所作出的經濟決定,則有關的錯誤陳述可被視 作重大。

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程中,我 們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。我 們亦:

 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合 財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設 計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險,以 及獲取充足和適當的審計憑證,作為 們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、 偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述,或凌駕於內 部控制之上,因此未能發現因欺詐而導 致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未能發現 因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適 當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內 部控制的有效性發表意見。
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作 出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性 作出結論。根據所獲取的審計憑證,確定 是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大續 定性,從而可能導致對 貴集團的持續 營能力產生重大疑慮。如果我們認為 管能力產生重大疑慮。如果在核數的 在重大不確定性,則有必要在核數的 告中提請使用者注意綜合財務報表們 當發表非無保留意見。我們的結為是 說 就一,未來事項或情況可能導致 貴集團 不能持續經營。
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表 是否中肯反映交易和事項。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) 獨立核數師報告(續)

- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務信息獲取充足、適當的審計憑證,以便對綜合財務報表發表意見。我們負責 貴集團審計的方向、監督和執行。我們為審計意見承擔全部責任。

We communicate with the Audit Committee of the Company regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

除其他事項外,我們與審計委員會溝通了計劃的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等,包括我們在審計中識別出內部控制的任何重大缺陷。

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and, where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

我們還向審計委員會提交聲明,說明我們已符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係和其他事項,以及在適用的情況下採取以消除威脇的行動或應用的相關防範措施。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) 獨立核數師報告(續)

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

從與審計委員會溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些 事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要,因 而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描 述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露這 些事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預 期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果 超過產生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告中 溝通該事項。

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Liu Hin Pan.

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人是 廖顯斌。

KPMG

Certified Public Accountants

8th Floor, Prince's Building 10 Chater Road Central, Hong Kong

25 March 2024

畢馬威會計師事務所

執業會計師

香港中環 遮打道10號 太子大廈8樓

2024年3月25日

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

綜合損益表

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度 (Expressed in Renminbi) (以人民幣列示)

		Note 附註	2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue	收入	4	641,634	571,183
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(806,135)	(296,093)
Gross (loss)/profit	毛(虧損)/利潤		(164,501)	275,090
Valuation (losses)/gains on investment properties Change in fair value of financial	投資物業估值(虧損)/ 收益 金融工具公平值變動	13(a)	(37,030)	17,093
instruments Other net income Selling expenses Administrative expenses	其他收入淨額 銷售開支 行政開支	24(d) 5	27,944 21,289 (57,285) (49,579)	- 6,458 (35,021) (63,368)
Other expenses (Loss)/profit from operations	其他開支 經營(虧損)/溢利	6	(260,918)	(1,410)
Finance costs Share of profits less losses of associates	融資成本 應佔聯營公司溢利減虧損	7(a)	(6,363) (258,965)	(4,622) 42,835
(Loss)/profit before taxation	除税前(虧損)/溢利		(526,246)	237,055
Income tax	所得税	8(a)	(80,987)	(122,615)
(Loss)/profit for the year	年度(虧損)/溢利		(607,233)	114,440
Attributable to: Equity shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interests	以下各方應佔: 本公司權益股東 非控股權益		(482,278) (124,955)	69,178 45,262
(Loss)/profit for the year	年度(虧損)/溢利		(607,233)	114,440
Basic and diluted (losses)/earnings per share (RMB cents)	每股基本及攤薄(虧損)/ 盈利(人民幣分)	11	(64.30)	9.22

The notes on page 151 to page 280 form part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度 (Expressed in Renminbi) (以人民幣列示)

			(以入氏幣列示)
		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
(Loss)/profit for the year	年度(虧損)/溢利	(607,233)	114,440
Other comprehensive income	年度其他全面收益		
for the year (after reclassification	(經重新分類調整)		
adjustments)			
Itama that may be replacified	甘汝可毛並八叛五相光故		
Items that may be reclassified	其後可重新分類至損益的		
subsequently to profit or loss:	項目:		
Exchange differences on translation of	換算以下財務報表的匯兑		
financial statements of:	差額:		
- the associates	一 聯營公司	(1,030)	(6,021)
the decesiatesthe Hong Kong and overseas	- 香港及海外附屬公司	(1,000)	(0,021)
subsidiaries		(1,881)	(9,796)
Subsidiaries		(1,001)	(9,790)
Other comprehensive income	年度其他全面收益 [,]		
for the year, net of nil tax	已扣除零税項	(2,911)	(15,817)
Tor the year, het or hir tax		(2,311)	(10,017)
Total comprehensive income	年度全面收益總額		
for the year		(610,144)	98,623
Attributable to:	以下人士應佔:		
Equity shareholders of the Company	本公司權益股東	(482,032)	72,907
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(128,112)	25,716
Total comprehensive income	年度全面收益總額		
for the year		(610,144)	98,623

The notes on page 151 to page 280 form part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2023 於2023年12月31日 (Expressed in Renminbi) (以人民幣列示)

			2023	2022
			2023年	2022年
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	11 12 15 15 15			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	12	46,164	51,588
Investment properties	投資物業	13	54,850	86,200
Interest in associates	於聯營公司的權益	15	211,602	446,921
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	27(b)	59,769	81,418
Other non-current assets	其他非流動資產	17	97,733	98,820
			470,118	764,947
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories and other contract costs	存貨及其他合約成本	18	660,304	1,455,589
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項	19	150,095	136,380
Prepaid tax	預付税項	27(a)	11,948	32,262
Pledged and restricted deposits	已抵押及受限制存款	20	16,641	66,714
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	21	363,294	205,561
			1,202,282	1,896,506
Non-current assets held for sale	持作出售的非流動資產	16	_	92,965
			1,202,282	1,989,471
	ido Nos de			
Total assets	總資產 		1,672,400	2,754,418
	\			
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Bank loans	銀行貸款	22	_	158,400
Contract liabilities	合約負債	23	78,161	66,307
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	24	499,599	781,928
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	25	28	162
Tax payable	應付税項	27(a)	223,427	276,081
Provision	撥備	15	18,108	<u> </u>
			819,323	1,282,878

The notes on page 151 to page 280 form part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)

綜合財務狀況表(續)

At 31 December 2023 於2023年12月31日 (Expressed in Renminbi) (以人民幣列示)

			2023	2022
		Note	2023年 RMB'000	2022年 RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		382,959	706,593
Total assets less current	總資產減流動負債			4.74.540
liabilities			853,077	1,471,540
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Non-current habilities	<u> </u>			
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	25	_	48
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	27(b)	3,182	11,453
			3,182	11,501
NET ASSETS			849,895	1,460,039
CARITAL AND DECERVES	次士工陆供	00		
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	資本及儲備	28		
Share capital	股本		6,605	6,605
Reserves	儲備		678,816	1,160,848
Total equity attributable to equity	本公司權益股東應佔權益			
shareholders of the Company	總額		685,421	1,167,453
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		164,474	292,586
				*
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額		849,895	1,460,039

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 董事會於2024年3月25日批准及授權發行。 25 March 2024.

Wong Ting Chung

王庭聰 Director 董事

Lau Ka Keung

樓家強 Director 董事

The notes on page 151 to page 280 form part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度 (Expressed in Renminbi) (以人民幣列示)

Attributable to equity shareholders of the Company 本公司權益股東應佔

				—————————————————————————————————————							
			Share capital	Share Premium	Share option reserves	Statutory reserves	Exchange reserves	(Accumulated losses)/ retained profits	Total	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
		Note 附註	股本 RMB'000 人民幣千元	股份溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元	購股權儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	法定儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	匯兑儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	(累計虧損)/ 保留溢利 RMB'000 人民幣千元	總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元	非控股權益 RMB'000 人民幣千元	總權益 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Balance at 1 January 2022	於2022年1月1日的結餘		6,605	660,653	7,002	52,319	(10,103)	377,908	1,094,384	266,870	1,361,254
Changes in equity for 2022 Profit for the year Other comprehensive income	2022年的權益變動 年內溢利 其他全面收益		-	- -	- -	- -	- 3,729	69,178 —	69,178 3,729	45,262 (19,546)	114,440 (15,817)
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額		_	_	_	_	3,729	69,178	72,907	25,716	98,623
Equity settled share-based transactions Appropriation to statutory	以權益結算以股份為 基礎的交易 調務至法定儲備	26	-	-	162	- 683	-	(683)	162	-	162
Balance at 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023	於2022年12月31日及 2023年1月1日的 結餘	28(c)(i)	6,605	660,653	7,164	53,002	(6,374)	446,403	1,167,453	292,586	1,460,039
Changes in equity for 2023 Loss for the year Other comprehensive income	2023年的權益變動 年內虧損 其他全面收益		-	- -	- -	- -	– 246	(482,278) —	(482,278) 246	(124,955) (3,157)	(607,233) (2,911)
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額		_	_	_	_	246	(482,278)	(482,032)	(128,112)	(610,144)
Balance at 31 December 2023	於 2023年12月31 日的 結餘		6,605	660,653	7,164	53,002	(6,128)	(35,875)	685,421	164,474	849,895

The notes on page 151 to page 280 form part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度 (Expressed in Renminbi) (以人民幣列示)

			2023	2022
		Note	2023年 RMB'000	2022年 RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營活動現金流量			
Cash generated from operations	經營活動所得現金	21(b)	469,838	66,193
Income tax paid	已付所得税		(99,949)	(56,567)
Net cash inflow from operating	經營活動現金流入淨額		260 880	0.606
activities			369,889	9,626
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動現金流量			
Investments in associates	投資聯營公司		_	(3,000)
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	收購物業、廠房及設備		(1,903)	(2,586)
Proceeds from disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備			
plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of an	所得款項 出售一家聯營公司		237	30
associate	所得款項	16	50,309	54,000
Interest received	已收利息		4,783	3,592
Proceeds received upon maturity of	結構性存款到期後收取的		4 000 700	101.000
structured deposits Payments for structured deposits	所得款項 結構性存款付款		1,000,700 (1,000,700)	101,000 (68,000)
Repayment to an associate	向一家聯營公司還款		(30,000)	(00,000)
Repayment of a loan to a third	向第三方償還貸款		, , ,	
party		17	5,000	(96,500)
Net cash inflow(outflow) from investing activities	投資活動現金流入(流出) 淨額		28,426	(11,464)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

綜合現金流量表(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度 (Expressed in Renminbi) (以人民幣列示)

		Note 附註	2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動現金流量			
Capital element of lease rentals	已付租金資本部分			
paid		21(c)	(134)	(456)
Interest element of lease rentals	已付租金利息部分			
paid		21(c)	(6)	(20)
Repayment of bank loans	償還銀行貸款	21(c)	(158,400)	(164,099)
Interest paid on bank loans	已付銀行貸款利息	21(c)	(6,357)	(12,562)
Advances from related parties	關聯方墊款	21(c)	64,835	64,705
Repayment to related parties	向關聯方還款	21(c)	(101,384)	(57,417)
Advance to non-controlling interests	向非控股權益墊款		(39,841)	
Net cash outflow from financing activities	融資活動現金流出淨額		(241,287)	(169,849)
Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物 增加/(減少)		157,028	(171,687)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January	於1月1日的現金及 現金等價物		205,561	373,468
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	匯率變動的影響		705	3,780
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December	於 12 月 31 日的現金及 現金等價物	21(a)	363,294	205,561

The notes on page 151 to page 280 form part of these 第151至280頁之附註為該等財務報表的一部 financial statements.

分。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

1 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Million Cities Holdings Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 15 November 2016 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law Cap.22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands.

The Company is an investment holding company. The core business activities of the Company and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") include property development and sales in Chinese Mainland.

The consolidated financial statements for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 comprise the Group and the Group's interest in associates.

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and the requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. Material accounting policies adopted by the Group are disclosed below.

1 財務報表的編製基準

萬城控股有限公司(「本公司」)於2016年 11月15日根據開曼群島第22章公司法 (1961年第3號法例,經綜合及修訂)在開 曼群島註冊成立為獲豁免有限公司。

本公司為投資控股公司。本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)的核心業務活動包括於中國大陸經營物業發展及銷售。

截至2023年及2022年12月31日止年度的 綜合財務報表包括本集團及本集團於聯 營公司的權益。

2 重大會計政策

(a) 符合聲明

本財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會 (「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的所有相 關《香港財務報告準則》(「《香港財務 報告準則》」)編製,包括所有相關的 個別《香港財務報告準則》」)與香港 計準則》(「《香港會計準則》」)與章 及香港《公司條例》的規定。本財務 報表符合香港聯合交易所有限公司 證券上市規則的相關披露規定。本 集團所採納的重大會計政策披露如下。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(a) Statement of compliance (Continued)

The HKICPA has issued certain amendments to HKFRSs that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group. Note 2(d) provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current accounting period reflected in these financial statements.

(b) Basis of measurement

These financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB"), rounded to the nearest thousand, as the Group's principal activities were carried out in Chinese Mainland. RMB is the functional currency for the Company's subsidiaries established in Chinese Mainland. The functional currency of the Company and the Company's subsidiaries outside Chinese Mainland are Hong Kong dollars, as these entities' principal activities are financing and investing activities, and Hong Kong dollars are the primary currency generated from and used in these activities.

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the financial statements is the historical cost basis except that investments in debt and equity securities and investment properties are stated at fair value as explained in note 2(g) and note 2(i).

2 重大會計政策(續)

(a) 符合聲明(續)

香港會計師公會已頒佈若干《香港財務報告準則》的修訂,於本集團當前會計期間首次生效或可供提早採納。於當前會計期間,有關因首次應用該等與本集團有關的發展而導致會計政策任何變動的資料已反映於本財務報表,並載於附註2(d)。

(b) 計量基準

由於本集團的主要活動在中國大陸 進行,故財務報表均以人民幣(「人 民幣」)列示,並四捨五入至最接 千位數。人民幣為本公司於中國 陸成立的附屬公司的功能貨幣 公司及中國大陸以外附屬公司 能貨幣為港元,是由於該等動 主要活動為融資及投資活動, 主要活動所得及所用的主 數。

編製財務報表時所用計量基準為歷 史成本基準,惟債務及股本證券投 資以及按公平值列賬的投資物業除 外,請見附註2(g)及附註2(i)闡述。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(c) Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements made by management in the application of HKFRSs that have significant effect on the financial statements and major sources of estimation uncertainty are discussed in note 3.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(c) 使用估計和判斷

該等估計及相關假設會持續檢討。 會計估計的修訂將在修改估計之期 間(若修改僅影響該期間)或修改期 間與未來期間(若修改影響現時及 未來期間)確認。

管理層在應用《香港財務報告準則》 過程中所作出對財務報表具有重大 影響的判斷及估計不明朗因素的主 要來源於附註3討論。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(d) Changes in accounting policies Amendments to HKFRSs

The Group has applied the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA to these financial statements for the current accounting period:

- Amendments to HKAS 8, Accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors: Definition of accounting estimates
- Amendments to HKAS 1, Presentation of financial statements and HKFRS Practice Statement 2, Making materiality judgements: Disclosure of accounting policies
- Amendments to HKAS 12, *Income taxes:*Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction

None of these amendments have had a material effect on how the Group's results and financial position for the current or prior periods have been prepared or presented. The Group has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period.

(e) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. When assessing whether the Group has power, only substantive rights (held by the Group and other parties) are considered.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 會計政策變動

《香港財務報告準則》的修訂

本集團已於當前會計期間該等財務 報表採用以下由香港會計師公會頒 佈的《香港財務報告準則》修訂:

- 《香港會計準則》第8號的修 訂,會計政策、會計估計變更 及誤差:會計估計的定義
- 《香港會計準則》第1號的修訂,財務報表的呈報及《香港財務報告準則》實務報告第2號作出重大性判斷:會計政策之披露
- 《香港會計準則》第12號的修 訂,所得稅:單一交易產生的 資產及負債相關的遞延稅項

該等修訂對當前或過往期間本集團 已編製或呈列的業績及財務狀況概 無重大影響。本集團概無應用於當 前會計期間尚未生效的任何新訂準 則或詮釋。

(e) 附屬公司及非控股權益

附屬公司是指受本集團控制的實體。當本集團因參與實體業務而對所得可變回報承擔風險或擁有權利以及可運用其對實體的權力影響該等回報金額時,則本集團控制該實體。於評估本集團是否擁有權力時,僅計及本集團及其他人士持有的實質權利。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(e) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests (Continued)

An investment in a subsidiary is included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Intra-group balances, transactions and cash flows and any unrealised profits arising from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full in preparing the financial statements. Unrealised losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in a subsidiary not attributable directly or indirectly to the Company, and in respect of which the Group has not agreed any additional terms with the holders of those interests which would result in the Group as a whole having a contractual obligation in respect of those interests that meets the definition of a financial liability. For each business combination, the Group can elect to measure any non-controlling interests either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the subsidiary's net identifiable assets.

Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statements of financial position within equity, separately from equity attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company. Non-controlling interests in the results of the Group are presented on the face of the consolidated statements of profit or loss and the consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as an allocation of the total profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between noncontrolling interests and the equity shareholders of the Company. Loans from holders of non-controlling interests and other contractual obligations towards these holders are presented as financial liabilities in the consolidated statements of financial position in accordance with note 2(q),(r) depending on the nature of the liability.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(e) 附屬公司及非控股權益(續)

於附屬公司的投資自控制開始當日起至控制終止當日止載入綜合財務報表。集團內公司間結餘、交易別現金流量以及集團內公司間交易別產生的任何未實現利潤會在編製可產生的任何未實現利潤會內抵調節,大學現實,大學現實,大學現實,大學現實,大學與大學,大學與大學,大學與大學,

非控股權益指並非直接或間接歸屬 於本公司的附屬公司權益,且人協屬 團並無就此與該等權益持有人協 任何額外條款,致使本集團整體 就該等符合金融負債定義的權益 說該等符合金就各業務合併而言 擔合約責任。就各等不值或按非控 權益分佔附屬公司可識別淨資 權益分佔附屬公司可識別淨資的 比例計量任何非控股權益。

非控股權益於綜合財務狀況表的權 益內呈列,與本公司權益股東應佔 權益獨立呈列。本集團業績的非控 股權益乃於綜合損益表及綜合捐並 及其他全面收益表列作本內損益經 額及全面收益總額之分配。非控 權益持有人提供的貸款及對該等持 有人承擔的其他合約責任根據附款 之(q)、(r)視乎責任性質於綜合財務 狀況表中列作金融負債。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(e) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests (Continued)

Changes in the Group's interests in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions, whereby adjustments are made to the amounts of controlling and non-controlling interests within consolidated equity to reflect the change in relative interests, but no adjustments are made to goodwill and no gain or loss is recognised.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that subsidiary, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset (see note 2(g)) or, when appropriate, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or joint venture (see note 2(f)).

In the Company's statement of financial position, an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment losses (see note 2(I)).

(f) Associates

An associate is an entity in which the Group or the Company has significant influence, but not control or joint control, over its management, including participation in the financial and operating policy decisions.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(e) 附屬公司及非控股權益(續)

倘本集團於附屬公司的權益變動不 會導致失去控制權,則作為股權交 易入賬,據此,綜合權益內的控股 及非控股權益金額會作出調整,反 映相關權益變動,惟不會調整商譽 亦不會確認損益。

當本集團失去附屬公司的控制權, 則按出售該附屬公司的全部權益入 賬,而所產生的收益或虧損則於損 益確認。於失去控制權當日仍保留 於前附屬公司的任何權益按公平值 確認,而該金額將被視為一項金融 資產初步確認的公平值(見附 2(g)),或(如適用)初始確認於聯營 公司或合營公司的投資成本(見附 註2(f))。

於本公司財務狀況表中,於附屬公司的投資按成本減減值虧損列賬 (見附註2(I))。

(f) 聯營公司

聯營公司為本集團或本公司對其管 理擁有重大影響力而並非控制或共 同控制之實體,重大影響力包括參 與其財務及經營政策決定。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(f) Associates (Continued)

An investment in an associate is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements under the equity method, unless it is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale) (see note 2(y)). Under the equity method, the investment is initially recorded at cost, adjusted for any excess of the Group's share of the acquisition-date fair values of the investee's identifiable net assets over the cost of the investment (if any). The cost of the investment includes purchase price, other costs directly attributable to the acquisition of the investment, and any direct investment into the associate or joint venture that forms part of the Group's equity investment. Thereafter, the investment is adjusted for the post acquisition change in the Group's share of the investee's net assets and any impairment loss relating to the investment. Any acquisition-date excess over cost, the Group's share of the postacquisition, post-tax results of the investees and any impairment losses for the year are recognised in the consolidated statements of profit or loss, whereas the Group's share of the post-acquisition post-tax items of the investees' other comprehensive income is recognised in the consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

When the Group's share of losses exceeds its interest in the associate, the Group's interest is reduced to nil and recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the investee. For this purpose, the Group's interest is the carrying amount of the investment under the equity method together with the Group's long-term interests that in substance form part of the Group's net investment in the associate or the joint venture (after applying the ECL model to such other long-term interests where applicable (see note 2(I)(i)).

2 重大會計政策(續)

(f) 聯營公司(續)

於聯營公司之投資乃按權益法於綜 合財務報表入賬,除非該投資被分 類為持作出售(或計入分類為持作 出售之出售組別)(見附註2(v))。根 據權益法,投資最初按成本入賬, 並就本集團分佔被投資公司於收購 日期可識別資產淨值之公平值超出 投資成本的部分(如有)作出調整。 投資成本包括購買價、收購投資直 接應佔的其他成本及任何構成本集 團權益投資一部分的聯營公司或合 營公司直接投資。其後,該投資因 應本集團分佔被投資公司資產淨值 之收購後變動及有關該投資之任何 減值虧損而作出調整。收購當日超 出成本的任何部分、本集團收購後 分佔款項、被投資公司之除稅後業 績及年內任何減值虧損均於綜合損 益表確認,而本集團分佔被投資公 司之其他全面收益之收購後除税後 項目於綜合損益及其他全面收益表 確認。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(f) Associates (Continued)

Unrealised profits and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the investee, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred, in which case they are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

If an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or vice versa, retained interest is not remeasured. Instead, the investment continues to be accounted for under the equity method.

In all other cases, when the Group ceases to have significant influence over an associate, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that investee, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former investee at the date when significant influence is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset.

(g) Other investments in debt and equity securities

The Group's policies for investments in debt and equity securities, other than investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, are set out below.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(f) 聯營公司(續)

本集團與聯營公司之間的交易所產 生的未變現損益均按本集團於被投 資公司所佔的權益比率撇銷,惟倘 未變現虧損顯示已轉讓資產出現減 值,則該等未變現虧損即時在損益 表內確認。

倘於聯營公司的投資變為於合營公司的投資或後者變為前者,則不會 重新計量保留權益。反之,該投資 繼續根據權益法入賬。

於所有其他情況,當本集團不再對於所有其他情況,當本集團時間不再大影響到作出售於該被投資或虧損出售於該被投資或虧損性。任何在失去可則則於對之日仍於該前被投資公司領域,而此金額之不值確認,而此金額。為初步確認金融資產之公平值。

(g) 其他債務及股本證券投資

本集團對債務及股本證券投資(附屬公司、聯營公司及合營公司投資以外)的政策列載如下。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(g) Other investments in debt and equity securities (Continued)

Investments in debt and equity securities are recognised/derecognised on the date the Group commits to purchase/sell the investment. The investments are initially stated at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs, except for those investments measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL) for which transaction costs are recognised directly in profit or loss. These investments are subsequently accounted for as follows, depending on their classification.

(i) Investments other than equity investments

Non-equity investments held by the Group are classified into one of the following measurement categories:

- amortised cost, if the investment is held for the collection of contractual cash flows which represent solely payments of principal and interest. Interest income from the investment is calculated using the effective interest method (see note 2(v)(iii)).
- fair value at profit or loss (FVPL) if the investment does not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVOCI (recycling). Changes in the fair value of the investment (including interest) are recognised in profit or loss.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(g) 其他債務及股本證券投資(續)

債務及股本證券投資於本集團承諾 購買/出售投資的日期確認/取消 確認。投資初步按公平值加直接應 佔交易成本列賬,惟以按公平值計 入損益計量的投資除外,其交易成 本乃直接於損益確認。其後,該等 投資視乎分類按下文所述入賬。

(i) 股本投資以外的投資

本集團持有的非股本投資分類 為下列其中一個計量類別:

- 一 攤銷成本,倘持有投資 旨在收取合約現金流, 而其僅代表本金及利息 付款。投資的利息收入 使用實際利息法計算(見 附註2(v)(iii))。
- 一 按公平值計入損益,倘 投資不符合按攤銷成本 或按公平值計入其他全 面收益(回收)計量的準 則。投資(包括利息)的 公平值變動於損益確認。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(h) Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are recognised at fair value. At the end of each reporting period the fair value is remeasured. The gain or loss on remeasurement to fair value is recognised immediately in profit or loss, except where the derivatives qualify for cash flow hedge accounting or hedges of net investment in a foreign operation, in which case recognition of any resultant gain or loss depends on the nature of the item being hedged.

(i) Investment properties

Investment properties are land and/or buildings which are owned or held under a leasehold interest (see note 2(k)) to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation. These include property that is being constructed or developed for future use as investment property.

Investment properties are stated at fair value, unless they are still in the course of construction or development at the end of the reporting period and their fair value cannot be reliably measured at that time. Any gain or loss arising from a change in fair value or from the retirement or disposal of an investment property is recognised in profit or loss. Rental income from investment properties is accounted for as described in note 2(v).

2 重大會計政策(續)

(h) 衍生金融工具

衍生金融工具按公平值確認。公平 值會於每個報告期末重新計量至公。 新計量至公平值所得之收益或虧損 會即時於損益中確認,惟衍生工具 符合現金流量對沖會計原則或作為 海外業務淨投資對沖除外,於此情 況下所產生的收益或虧損按被對沖 項目的性質確認。

(i) 投資物業

投資物業指為賺取租金收入及/或作資本增值而根據租賃權益(參閱附註2(k))擁有或持有的土地及/或樓宇,包括現正興建或發展供未來作投資物業的物業。

投資物業按公平值列賬,除非於報告期末仍在建造或開發及於當時不能可靠地計算公平值。投資物業公平值之變動,或報廢或出售投資物業所產生之任何收益或虧損均在損益中確認。投資物業的租金收入按附註2(v)所述入賬。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(i) Investment properties (Continued)

When the Group holds property interest under an operating lease to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation, the interest is classified and accounted for as an investment property on a property-by-property basis. Any such property interest which has been classified as an investment property is accounted for as if it were held under a finance lease (see note 2(k)), and the same accounting policies are applied to that interest as are applied to other investment properties leased under finance leases. Lease payments are accounted for as described in note 2(k).

(j) Property, plant and equipment

The following items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss (see note 2(I)):

- buildings held for own use which are situated on leasehold land classified as held under operating lease (see note 2(k)); and
- other items of plant and equipment.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(i) 投資物業(續)

倘若本集團以經營租賃持有物業權益以賺取租金收入及/或為資本增值,有關權益會按個別物業基準分類及入賬為投資物業。分類為投資物業之任何有關物業權益之入賬為大區資租賃持有之權益一致(見附註2(k)),而其適用之會計政策亦與以融資租賃出租之其他投資物業相同。租約付款按附註2(k)所述方式入賬。

(j) 物業、廠房及設備

下列物業、廠房及設備項目按成本減累計折舊及累計減值虧損(見附註2(l))計量:

- 一 位於租賃土地上持作自用且歸 類為根據經營租賃持有的樓宇 (見附註2(k));及
- 一 其他廠房及設備項目。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(j) Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

The cost of self-constructed items of property, plant and equipment includes the cost of materials, direct labour, the initial estimate, where relevant, of the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located, and an appropriate proportion of production overheads and borrowing costs (see note 2(x)).

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and are recognised in profit or loss on the date of retirement or disposal.

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment, less their estimated residual value, if any, using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Residual **Useful life** value% Lands 0% 50 years Buildings 20 years 5% - 10%Office equipment 2-12 years 0% - 10%Motor vehicles 0% - 10%4-5 years Electronic and other 0% - 10%2-10 years equipment Other properties leased unexpired 0% for own use term of lease

2 重大會計政策(續)

(j) 物業、廠房及設備(續)

物業、廠房及設備自建項目的成本包括材料成本、直接勞工、清拆及移除物品及將其所在位置恢復原狀的成本初步估計(如相關)及適當比例的生產間接費用及借款成本(見附註2(x))。

報廢或出售物業、廠房及設備項目 所產生的損益以該項目的出售所得 款項淨額與其賬面值之間的差額釐 定,並於報廢或出售當日在損益內 予以確認。

物業、廠房及設備項目折舊按下列 估計可使用年期,在扣除其估計剩 餘價值(如有)後,以直線法撇銷其 成本計算:

	可使用 年期	餘值%
	1 743	23, 12, 70
土地	50年	0%
樓宇	20年	5%-10%
辦公室設備	2-12年	0%-10%
汽車	4-5年	0%-10%
電子及	2-10年	0%-10%
其他設備		
其他自用的	未屆滿的	0%
租賃物業	租期	

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(k) Leased assets

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to direct the use of the identified asset and to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from that use.

(i) As a lessee

Where the contract contains lease component(s) and non-lease component(s), the Group has elected not to separate non-lease components and accounts for each lease component and any associated non-lease components as a single lease component for all leases.

At the lease commencement date, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, except for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets which, for the Group are primarily laptops and office furniture. When the Group enters into a lease in respect of a low-value asset, the Group decides whether to capitalise the lease on a lease-by-lease basis. The lease payments associated with those leases which are not capitalised are recognised as an expense on a systematic basis over the lease term.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(k) 租賃資產

本集團於合約初始評估有關合約是 否屬租賃或包含租賃。倘合約為換 取代價而給予在一段時間內控制可 識別資產使用的權利,則該合約屬 租賃或包含租賃。倘客戶同時有權 管理可識別資產的使用及取得因使 用可識別資產而帶來的絕大部分經 濟利益,即擁有控制權。

(i) 作為承租人

倘合約包含租賃部分及非租賃部分,本集團就所有租賃已選擇不分拆非租賃部分,而將各租賃部分及任何相關的非租賃部分視為一項單一的租賃組成部分。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(k) Leased assets (Continued)

(i) As a lessee (Continued)

Where the lease is capitalised, the lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, using a relevant incremental borrowing rate. After initial recognition, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost and interest expense is calculated using the effective interest method. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are not included in the measurement of the lease liability and hence are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

The right-of-use asset recognised when a lease is capitalised is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability plus any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, and any initial direct costs incurred. Where applicable, the cost of the right-of-use assets also includes an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, discounted to their present value, less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use asset is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see notes 2(j) and 2(l)), except for the following types of right-of-use asset:

 right-of-use assets that meet the definition of investment property are carried at fair value in accordance with note 2(i);

2 重大會計政策(續)

(k) 租賃資產(續)

(i) 作為承租人(續)

一 符合投資物業定義的使 用權資產根據附註2(i)按 公平值列賬:

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- (k) Leased assets (Continued)
 - (i) As a lessee (Continued)
 - right-of-use assets related to interests in leasehold land where the interest in the land is held as inventory are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value in accordance with note 2(m).

The lease liability is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, or there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or there is a change arising from the reassessment of whether the Group will be reasonably certain to exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(k) 租賃資產(續)

(i) 作為承租人(續)

一 與租賃土地權益有關之 使用權資產,當中土地 之權益作為存貨持有並 根據附註2(m)按成本與 可變現淨值之較低者列 賬。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(k) Leased assets (Continued)

(i) As a lessee (Continued)

The lease liability is also remeasured when there is a change in the scope of a lease or the consideration for a lease that is not originally provided for in the lease contract ("lease modification") that is not accounted for as a separate lease. In this case the lease liability is remeasured based on the revised lease payments and lease term using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification. The only exceptions are any rent concessions which arose as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic and which satisfied the conditions set out in paragraph 46B of HKFRS 16 Leases. In such cases, the Group has taken advantage of the practical expedient not to assess whether the rent concessions are lease modifications, and recognised the change in consideration as negative variable lease payments in profit or loss in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the rent concessions occurred.

In the consolidated statement of financial position, the current portion of long-term lease liabilities is determined as the present value of contractual payments that are due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(k) 租賃資產(續)

(i) 作為承租人(續)

倘並非按獨立租賃入賬的租約 原本並無規定的租賃範圍或租 賃代價有變(「租賃修訂」)時, 租賃負債會重新計量。在此情 況下,租賃負債根據經修訂租 賃付款及租期以修訂生效日期 的經修訂貼現率重新計量。唯 一 例 外 情 況 是 由 於COVID-19 疫情而直接產生且符合《香港 財務報告準則》第16號租賃第 46B段所載條件的任何租金減 免,在此情況下,本集團已利 用實際權宜方法不對租金減免 是否被認定為租賃修訂進行評 估,並於觸發租金減免的事件 或條件發生期間將代價變動於 損益內確認為負可變租賃付 款。

在綜合財務狀況表,長期租賃 負債的流動部分確定為須於報 告期後12個月內結算的合約付 款現值。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(k) Leased assets (Continued)

(ii) As a lessor

When the Group acts as a lessor, it determines at lease inception whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of an underlying assets to the lessee. If this is not the case, the lease is classified as an operating lease.

When a contract contains lease and non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each component on a relative stand-alone selling price basis. The rental income from operating leases is recognised in accordance with note 2(v).

When the Group is an intermediate lessor, the sub-leases are classified as a finance lease or as an operating lease with reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease. If the head lease is a short-term lease to which the Group applies the exemption described in notes 2(j) and (k), then the Group classifies the sub-lease as an operating lease.

(I) Credit losses and impairment of assets

(i) Credit losses from financial instruments and lease receivables

The Group recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) on the following items:

- financial assets measured at amortised cost (including cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables and loans to associates); and
- lease receivables.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(k) 租賃資產(續)

(ii) 作為出租人

倘本集團作為出租人,其於租 賃開始時釐定各租賃為融資租 賃或經營租賃。倘租賃轉移相 關資產所有權附帶之絕大部分 風險及回報至承租人,則租賃 分類為融資租賃。否則,租賃 分類為經營租賃。

倘合約包含租賃及非租賃部分,本集團按相關單獨售價基準將合約代價分配至各部分。 經營租賃所得租金收入根據附註2(v)確認。

倘本集團為中介出租人,分租 賃乃參考主租賃產生的使用權 資產,分類為融資租賃或經營 租賃。倘主租賃乃短期租賃而 本集團應用附註2(j)及(k)所述 豁免,則本集團分類分租賃為 經營租賃。

(1) 信用損失及資產減值

(i) 金融工具及應收租賃的信用損

本集團就以下項目確認預期信 用損失的損失撥備:

- 按攤銷成本計量的金融 資產(包括現金及現金等 價物、貿易及其他應收 款項及對聯營公司的貸 款);及
- 應收租賃。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(I) Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

(i) Credit losses from financial instruments and lease receivables (Continued)

Financial assets measured at fair value are not subject to the ECL assessment.

Measurement of ECLs

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all expected cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive).

The expected cash shortfalls are discounted using the following discount rates where the effect of discounting is material:

- fixed-rate financial assets and trade and other receivables: effective interest rate determined at initial recognition or an approximation thereof;
- variable-rate financial assets: current effective interest rate; and
- lease receivables: discount rate used in the measurement of the lease receivable.

The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

In measuring ECLs, the Group takes into account reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. This includes information about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(I) 信用損失及資產減值(續)

(i) 金融工具及應收租賃的信用損 失(續)

按公平值計量的金融資產毋須接受預期信用損失評估。

預期信用損失的計量

預期信用損失是以概率加權估計的信用損失。信用損失按所有預期現金缺額的現值(即根據合約應付本集團的現金流和本集團預計會收取的現金流之間的差額)計量。

倘貼現影響屬重大,則預期現 金缺額使用以下貼現率貼現:

- 固定比率金融資產和貿易及其他應收款項:於初始確認時釐定的實際利率或其概約;
- 一 浮動比率金融資產:當 前實際利率;及
- 應收租賃:計量應收租 賃使用的貼現率。

估計預期信用損失時考慮的最 長期間為本集團承受信貸風險 的最長合約期間。

計量預期信用損失時,本集團 計及毋須付出不相稱的成本或 努力而可取得的合理及有根據 資料,包括有關過往事件、當 前狀況及未來經濟狀況預測的 資料。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- (I) Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)
 - (i) Credit losses from financial instruments and lease receivables (Continued)

Measurement of ECLs (Continued)

ECLs are measured on either of the following bases:

- 12-month ECLs: these are losses that are expected to result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date; and
- lifetime ECLs: these are losses that are expected to result from all possible default events over the expected lives of the items to which the ECL model applies.

Loss allowances for trade receivables and lease receivables are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. ECLs on these financial assets are estimated using a provision matrix based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors and an assessment of both the current and forecast general economic conditions at the reporting date.

For all other financial instruments, the Group recognises a loss allowance equal to 12-month ECLs unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk of the financial instrument since initial recognition, in which case the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(I) 信用損失及資產減值(續)

(i) 金融工具及應收租賃的信用損 失(續)

預期信用損失的計量(續) 預期信用損失按下列其中一個 基礎計量:

- 12個月預期信用損失: 此乃報告日期後12個月 內潛在違約事件所預期 產生的損失:及
- 全期預期信用損失:此 乃預期信用損失模式適 用的項目的預計全期內 所有潛在違約事件所預 期產生的損失。

至於所有其他金融工具,本集團確認等同12個月預期信用損失的損失撥備,除非自初始確認以來金融工具的信貸風險大幅增加,於此情況下,損失機備按等同全期預期信用損失的金額計量。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(I) Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

(i) Credit losses from financial instruments and lease receivables (Continued)

Significant increases in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk of a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of default occurring on the financial instrument assessed at the reporting date with that assessed at the date of initial recognition. In making this reassessment, the Group considers that a default event occurs when (i) the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full, without recourse by the Group to actions such as realising security (if any is held); or (ii) the financial asset is 90 days past due. The Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forwardlooking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition:

- failure to make payments of principal or interest on their contractually due dates;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in a financial instrument's external or internal credit rating (if available);
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; and

2 重大會計政策(續)

(I) 信用損失及資產減值(續)

(i) 金融工具及應收租賃的信用損 失(續)

信貸風險大幅增加

評估金融工具信貸風險是否自 初始確認以來大幅增加時,本 集團比較於報告日期所評估金 融工具產生的違約風險與於初 始確認日期所評估者。進行該 評估時,倘(i)於本集團不借助 套現抵押品(倘持有任何抵押 品)行使追索權等行動下,借 款人不大可能向本集團悉數支 付信用責任;或(ii)金融資產已 逾期90日,則本集團視為發生 違約事件。本集團考慮屬合理 及有根據的定量及定性資料, 包括過往經驗及毋須付出不相 稱的成本或努力而可取得的前 瞻性資料。

具體而言,評估信貸風險是否 自初始確認以來大幅增加時會 計及以下資料:

- 一 於合約到期日未能支付 本金或利息;
- 一 金融工具的外部或內部 信用評級(如可取得)實 際或預期顯著轉差;
- 債務人的營運業績實際 或預期顯著轉差;及

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- (I) Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)
 - (i) Credit losses from financial instruments and lease receivables (Continued)

Significant increases in credit risk (Continued)

 existing or forecast changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have a significant adverse effect on the debtor's ability to meet its obligation to the Group.

Depending on the nature of the financial instruments, the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk is performed on either an individual basis or a collective basis. When the assessment is performed on a collective basis, the financial instruments are grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics, such as past due status and credit risk ratings.

ECLs are remeasured at each reporting date to reflect changes in the financial instrument's credit risk since initial recognition. Any change in the ECL amount is recognised as an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss. The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account, except for investments in debt securities that are measured at FVOCI (recycling), for which the loss allowance is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the fair value reserve (recycling).

2 重大會計政策(續)

(I) 信用損失及資產減值(續)

(i) 金融工具及應收租賃的信用損 失(續)

信貸風險大幅增加(續)

技術、市場、經濟或法律環境當前或預期變動,並對債務人向本集團履行責任的能力造成嚴重不利影響。

視乎金融工具的性質,信貸風險大幅增加的評估乃按個別或集體基準進行。倘按集體基準 進行評估,金融工具乃按共有 信貸風險特點分組,例如逾期 情況及信貸風險評級。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(I) Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

(i) Credit losses from financial instruments and lease receivables (Continued)

Basis of calculation of interest income

Interest income recognised in accordance with note 2(v)(iii) is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit-impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on the amortised cost (i.e. the gross carrying amount less loss allowance) of the financial asset.

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether a financial asset is credit-impaired. A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes the following observable events:

- significant financial difficulties of the debtor:
- a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter into bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation;
- significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the debtor; or
- the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties of the issuer.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(I) 信用損失及資產減值(續)

(i) 金融工具及應收租賃的信用損 失(續)

利息收入計算基礎

按照附註2(v)(iii)確認的利息收入乃根據金融資產的賬面總值計算,除非金融資產出現信用減值,於此情況下,利息收入按金融資產的攤銷成本(即賬面總值減損失撥備)計算。

於各報告日期,本集團評估金融資產是否出現信用減值。倘發生一項或多項對金融資產估計未來現金流量造成不利影響的事件,則金融資產出現信用減值。金融資產出現信用減值的證據包括以下可觀察事件:

- 債務人有重大財務困難;
- 一 違約,如拖欠或逾期事 件;
- 一借方可能破產或進行其 他財務重組;
- 科技、市場、經濟或法律環境出現重大變化對債務人造成不利影響:或
- 一 發行人的財務困難令證券失去交易活躍的市場。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(I) Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

(i) Credit losses from financial instruments and lease receivables (Continued)

Write-off policy

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset or lease receivable is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off.

Subsequent recoveries of an asset that was previously written off are recognised as a reversal of impairment in profit or loss in the period in which the recovery occurs.

(ii) Credit losses from financial guarantees issued

Financial guarantees are contracts that require the issuer (i.e. the guarantor) to make specified payments to reimburse the beneficiary of the guarantee (the "holder") for a loss the holder incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(I) 信用損失及資產減值(續)

(i) 金融工具及應收租賃的信用損 失(續)

撇減政策

其後收回先前已撇減的資產於 收回發生的期間在損益確認為 減值撥回。

(ii) 已發出財務擔保之信用損失

財務擔保指當特定債務人到期 不能按照債務工具條款償付債 務時,要求發出人(即擔保人) 向蒙受損失的擔保受益人(「持 有人」) 賠付特定金額的合約。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(I) Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

(ii) Credit losses from financial guarantees issued (Continued)

Financial guarantees issued are initially recognised within "trade and other payables" at fair value, which is determined by reference to fees charged in an arm's length transaction for similar services, when such information is obtainable, or to interest rate differentials, by comparing the actual rates charged by lenders when the guarantee is made available with the estimated rates that lenders would have charged, had the guarantees not been available, where reliable estimates of such information can be made. Where consideration is received or receivable for the issuance of the guarantee, the consideration is recognised in accordance with the Group's policies applicable to that category of asset. Where no such consideration is received or receivable, an immediate expense is recognised in profit or loss.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the amount initially recognised as deferred income is amortised in profit or loss over the term of the guarantee as income from financial guarantees issued.

The Group monitors the risk that the specified debtor will default on the contract and recognises a provision when ECLs on the financial guarantees are determined to be higher than the amount carried in "trade and other payables" in respect of the guarantees (i.e. the amount initially recognised, less accumulated amortisation).

2 重大會計政策(續)

(I) 信用損失及資產減值(續)

(ii) 已發出財務擔保之信用損失 (續)

於初始確認後,初始確認為遞 延收入的金額於擔保期內於損 益中攤銷為已發出財務擔保的 收入。

本集團監察特定債務人違約的 風險,並在財務擔保的預期信 用損失確定為高於擔保的「貿 易及其他應付款項」中的金額 (即初始確認金額減累計攤銷) 時確認撥備。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(I) Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

(ii) Credit losses from financial guarantees issued (Continued)

To determine ECLs, the Group considers changes in the risk of default of the specified debtor since the issuance of the guarantee. A 12-month ECL is measured unless the risk that the specified debtor will default has increased significantly since the guarantee is issued, in which case a lifetime ECL is measured. The same definition of default and the same assessment of significant increase in credit risk as described in note 2(I)(i) apply.

As the Group is required to make payments only in the event of a default by the specified debtor in accordance with the terms of the instrument that is guaranteed, an ECL is estimated based on the expected payments to reimburse the holder for a credit loss that it incurs less any amount that the Group expects to receive from the holder of the guarantee, the specified debtor or any other party. The amount is then discounted using the current risk-free rate adjusted for risks specific to the cash flows.

(iii) Impairment of other non-current assets

Internal and external sources of information are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to identify indications that the following assets may be impaired or, except in the case of goodwill, an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property, plant and equipment, including right-of-use assets;
- investments in subsidiaries, and associates;

2 重大會計政策(續)

(I) 信用損失及資產減值(續)

(ii) 已發出財務擔保之信用損失 (續)

(iii) 其他非流動資產減值

內部及外界資料來源於各報告期末予以檢討,以識別有否跡象顯示以下資產出現減值或(商譽除外)先前已確認的減值虧損已不存在或可能已減少:

- 一 物業、廠房及設備,包括使用權資產;
- 一 於附屬公司及聯營公司 的投資;

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(I) Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

(iii) Impairment of other non-current assets (Continued)

- other non-current assets; and
- other contract costs.

If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows independently (i.e. a cash-generating unit).

Recognition of impairment losses

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss if the carrying amount of an asset, or the cash-generating unit to which it belongs, exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated to reduce the carrying amount of the assets in the unit (or group of units) on a pro rata basis, except that the carrying value of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable), or value in use (if determinable).

2 重大會計政策(續)

(I) 信用損失及資產減值(續)

(iii) 其他非流動資產減值(續)

- 一 其他非流動資產;及
- 其他合約成本。

若有任何此等跡象,本集團將估計資產的可收回金額。

一 計算可收回金額

資公用評反間險貼至的獨收現別定的值人與信託的值場資前來倘大資可最知知者價市關稅未。入他按的值場資前來倘大資可最全額本高,金特現金產上,立資質別數差點,金特現金產上,立資份數數差點,金特現金產上,立資份數數。用時風,量生能可生組釐其使。用時風,量生能可生組釐

一 確認減值虧損

倘是在 過其 的 說 減 值 在 的 分 組, 至 減 值 在 的 分 組, 至 減 值 在 的 分 組, 至 減 值 的 分 組, 至 減 值 在 的 分 組, 至 減 值 是 本 成 也 的 分 組, 至 減 值 是 的 的 分 組, 至 減 值 是 的 。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(I) Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

(iii) Impairment of other non-current assets (Continued)

Reversals of impairment losses

In respect of assets other than goodwill, an impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount.

A reversal of an impairment loss is limited to the asset's carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the year in which the reversals are recognised.

(m) Inventories and other contract costs

(i) Property development

Inventories in respect of property development activities are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost and net realisable values are determined as follows:

Property held for development and property under development

The cost of properties held for development and properties under development comprises specifically identified cost, including the acquisition cost of land, aggregate cost of development, materials and supplies, wages and other direct expenses, an appropriate proportion of overheads and borrowing costs capitalised (see note 2(x)). Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price less estimated costs of completion and costs to be incurred in selling the property.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(I) 信用損失及資產減值(續)

(iii) 其他非流動資產減值(續)

一 撥回減值虧損

就商譽以外的資產而言,倘用作釐定可收回 金額的估計出現有利變動,則會撥回減值虧損。

撥回減值虧損僅限於過 往年度未確認減值虧損 而釐定的資產賬面值。 減值虧損之撥回在確認 撥回的年度計入損益。

(m) 存貨及其他合約成本

(i) 物業開發

物業開發活動存貨按成本與可 變現淨值之較低者列賬。成本 與可變現淨值釐定方法如下:

一 持作發展物業及建設中 物業

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(m) Inventories and other contract costs (Continued)

(i) Property development (Continued)

Completed property held for sale

The cost of completed properties held for sale comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

In the case of completed properties developed by the Group which comprise of multiple units which are sold individually, the cost of each unit is determined by apportionment of the total development costs for that development project to each unit on a per square meter basis, unless another basis is more representative of the cost of the specific unit. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price less costs to be incurred in selling the property.

When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(m) 存貨及其他合約成本(續)

(i) 物業開發(續)

一 持作出售已完工物業

持作出售已完工物業的 成本包括所有採購成 本、轉換成本以及將存 貨運至目前地點及使其 達到現狀所產生的其他 成本。

存貨一經出售,其賬面 值在相應收入的確認期 間內確認為開支。

存貨撇減至可變現淨值 及存貨所有損失的的損失 在撇減或損失發生何 在撇減的撥回金額 作出撥回期間確認 作出撥認為開支的存 金額。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(m) Inventories and other contract costs (Continued)

(ii) Other contract costs

Other contract costs are either the incremental costs of obtaining a contract with a customer or the costs to fulfil a contract with a customer which are not capitalised as inventory (see note 2(m)(i)) or property, plant and equipment (see note 2(j)).

Incremental costs of obtaining a contract are those costs that the Group incurs to obtain a contract with a customer that it would not have incurred if the contract had not been obtained e.g. an incremental sales commission. Incremental costs of obtaining a contract are capitalised when incurred if the costs relate to revenue which will be recognised in a future reporting period and the costs are expected to be recovered. Other costs of obtaining a contract are expensed when incurred.

Costs to fulfil a contract are capitalised if the costs relate directly to an existing contract or to a specifically identifiable anticipated contract; generate or enhance resources that will be used to provide goods or services in the future; and are expected to be recovered.

Costs that relate directly to an existing contract or to a specifically identifiable anticipated contract may include direct labour, direct materials, allocations of costs, costs that are explicitly chargeable to the customer and other costs that are incurred only because the Group entered into the contract (for example, payments to sub-contractors). Other costs of fulfilling a contract, which are not capitalised as inventory, property, plant and equipment or intangible assets, are expensed as incurred.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(m) 存貨及其他合約成本(續)

(ii) 其他合約成本

其他合約成本為向客戶取得合約的增量成本或向客戶履行合約的成本,其不獲資本化為存貨(見附註2(m)(i))或物業、廠房及設備(見附註2(j))。

倘成本與現有合約或特定可識 別預計合約直接有關;產生或 增加日後將用於提供貨品或服 務的資源及預期可收回,則履 行合約的成本予以資本化。

與現有合約或特定可識別預計合約或特定可識別預話有關的成本的直接有關的成本、直接物工、可向客戶的工作。 配、可向客戶公司, 是因本集團訂立合於包 以其他成本(例如的的包 付款項會資本化為存 其他成本集 於產生時支銷。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(m) Inventories and other contract costs

(Continued)

(ii) Other contract costs (Continued)

Capitalised contract costs are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Impairment losses are recognised to the extent that the carrying amount of the contract cost asset exceeds the net of (i) remaining amount of consideration that the Group expects to receive in exchange for the goods or services to which the asset relates, less (ii) any costs that relate directly to providing those goods or services that have not yet been recognised as expenses.

Amortisation of capitalised contract costs is charged to profit or loss when the revenue to which the asset relates is recognised. The accounting policy for revenue recognition is set out in note 2(v).

(n) Contract liabilities

A contract liability is recognised when the customer pays consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue (see note 2(v)). A contract liability would also be recognised if the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue. In such cases, a corresponding receivable would also be recognised (see note 2(o)).

When the contract includes a significant financing component, the contract liability includes interest accrued under the effective interest method (see note 2(v)).

2 重大會計政策(續)

(m) 存貨及其他合約成本(續)

(ii) 其他合約成本(續)

資本化合約成本按成本減累計 攤銷及減值虧損列賬。倘合納 成本資產的賬面值超出(i)本集 團預期就換取資產所涉及的 領 問與提供該等貨品或服務直接 有關且尚未確認為開支的任何 成本之淨額,則會確認減值虧 損。

倘確認資產涉及的收入,則資本化合約成本的攤銷於損益扣除。收入確認的會計政策載於附註2(v)。

(n) 合約負債

當客戶於本集團確認相關收入(見附註2(v))前支付代價,則確認合約負債。倘本集團於確認相關收入前擁有收取代價的無條件權利,亦會確認合約負債。於該等情況,相關應收款項亦獲確認(見附註2(o))。

當合約包括重大融資組成部分,合約負債包括根據實際利息法累計的利息(見附註2(v))。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(o) Trade and other receivables

A receivable is recognised when the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration. A right to receive consideration is unconditional if only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due.

Receivables are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less allowance for credit losses (see notes 2(I)).

(p) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, property pre-sale proceeds held by solicitor that are held for meeting short-term cash commitments and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition.

(q) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value. Except for financial guarantee liabilities measured in accordance with note 2(I)(ii) trade and other payables are subsequently stated at amortised cost unless the effect of discounting would be insignificant, in which case they are stated at cost.

(r) Interest-bearing borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are measured initially at fair value less transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense is recognised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy for borrowing costs (see note 2(x)).

2 重大會計政策(續)

(o) 貿易及其他應收款項

應收款項於本集團有無條件權利收取代價時確認。倘於到期支付代價前僅需時間推移,則收取代價的權利為無條件。

應收款項按攤銷成本使用實際利息 法減信用損失撥備列賬(見附註 2(I))。

(p) 現金及現金等價物

(q) 貿易及其他應付款項

貿易及其他應付款項初始按公平值確認。除根據附註2(I)(ii)計量的財務擔保負債,貿易及其他應付款項其後按攤銷成本列賬,除非貼現影響不重大,於此情況下,其按成本列賬。

(r) 計息借款

計息借款初始按公平值減交易成本計量。初始確認後,計息借款按攤銷成本使用實際利息法列賬。利息開支根據本集團就借款成本的會計政策確認(見附註2(x))。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(s) Employee benefits

(i) Short-term employee benefits

Salaries, employee wages or salaries, bonuses, social security contributions such as medical insurance, work injury insurance, maternity insurance and housing fund, measured at the amount incurred or at the applicable benchmarks and rates, are recognised as a liability as the employee provides services, with a corresponding charge to profit or loss or included in the cost of assets where appropriate.

(ii) Defined contribution plans

Pursuant to the relevant laws and regulations of Chinese Mainland, the Group participates in a defined contribution basic pension insurance in the social insurance system established and managed by government organizations. The Group makes contributions to basic pension insurance plans based on the applicable benchmarks and rates stipulated by the government. Basic pension insurance contributions are recognised as part of the cost of assets or charged to profit or loss as the related services are rendered by the employees.

The Group also participates in a pension scheme under the rules and regulations of the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme Ordinance (the "MPF Scheme") for all employees in Hong Kong, which is a defined contribution retirement scheme. The contributions to the MPF Scheme are based on minimum statutory contribution requirement of 5% of eligible employees' relevant aggregate income with a cap of monthly relevant income of HKD30,000.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(s) 僱員福利

(i) 短期僱員福利

本集團在僱員提供服務時,將 實際產生或按適用基準及費用 率計提的薪金、僱員工資、獎 金、醫療保險費、工傷保險費 和生育保險費等社會保險費和 住房公積金確認為負債,並於 當期損益扣除或計入相關資產 成本(如適用)。

(ii) 定額供款計劃

本集團亦根據強制性公積金計劃條例(「強積金計劃」)的規則及規例為所有香港僱員款退以休金計劃,此乃定額供款退休計劃。強積金計劃供款乃根據計劃。強積金計劃供款內合資格。 最低法定供款規定,即合資格僱員相關總收入的5%,每月相關收入上限為30,000港元。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(s) Employee benefits (Continued)

(iii) Share-based payments

The fair value of share options granted to employees is recognised as an employee cost with a corresponding increase in a capital reserve within equity. The fair value is measured at grant date using the binomial lattice model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. Where the employees have to meet vesting conditions before becoming unconditionally entitled to the options, the total estimated fair value of the options is spread over the vesting period, taking into account the probability that the options will vest.

During the vesting period, the number of share options that is expected to vest is reviewed. Any resulting adjustment to the cumulative fair value recognised in prior years is charged/ credited to the profit or loss for the year of the review, unless the original employee expenses qualify for recognition as an asset, with a corresponding adjustment to the capital reserve. On vesting date, the amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of options that vest (with a corresponding adjustment to the capital reserve). The equity amount is recognised in the capital reserve until either the option is exercised (when it is included in the amount recognised in share capital for the shares issued) or the option expires (when it is released directly to retained profits).

2 重大會計政策(續)

(s) 僱員福利(續)

(iii) 以股份為基礎的付款

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(t) Income tax

Income tax expense comprises current tax and deferred tax. It is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items recognised directly in equity or in OCI.

Current tax comprises the estimated tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustments to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. The amount of current tax payable or receivable is the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received that reflects any uncertainty related to income taxes. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Current tax also includes any tax arising from dividends.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if certain criteria are met.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(t) 所得税

所得税開支包括即期税項及遞延税 項。所得税開支在損益中確認,惟 與業務合併事項或直接在權益或其 他全面收益中確認的項目有關則除 外。

即期税項包括年內應課税收入或虧損的估計應付或應收税項,以及调往年度應付或應收税項的任何整。應付或應收即期税項的金額對預期將予支付或收取的税項名金額的最佳估計,其反映與所得税有額的任何不明朗因素。即期税項有關的任何形項。即期税項亦包括宣派股息導致的任何税項。

即期税項資產及負債僅於達成若干 條件後方獲抵銷。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(t) Income tax (Continued)

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is not recognised for:

- temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences;
- temporary differences related to investment in subsidiaries, associates and joint venture to the extent that the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future:
- taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill; and
- those related to the income taxes arising from tax laws enacted or substantively enacted to implement the Pillar Two model rules published by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development.

The Group recognised deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities separately in relation to its lease liabilities and right-of-use assets.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(t) 所得税(續)

遞延税項乃因就財務報告目的之資 產與負債之賬面值與就税務目的之 數值之間產生暫時差額而確認。遞 延税項不會就下列各項予以確認:

- 初步確認某項不屬業務合併且 對會計處理或應課稅利潤或虧 損均無影響的交易的資產或負 債所產生的暫時差額,且不產 生相等的應課稅及可抵扣暫時 差額;
- 與於附屬公司、聯營公司及合營公司的投資有關而本集團能控制其撥回的時間且其很可能不會於可見將來予以撥回的暫時差額;
- 初步確認商譽所產生的應課税 暫時差額;及
- 為執行經濟合作暨發展組織頒佈的支柱二號示範規則而頒佈或實質頒佈的稅法所產生的所得稅。

本集團就其租賃負債及使用權資產 分別確認遞延税項資產及遞延税項 負債。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(t) Income tax (Continued)

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses, unused tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. Future taxable profits are determined based on the reversal of relevant taxable temporary differences. If the amount of taxable temporary differences is insufficient to recognise a deferred tax asset in full, then future taxable profits, adjusted for reversals of existing temporary differences, are considered, based on the business plans for individual subsidiaries in the Group. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised; such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improves.

Where investment properties are carried at their fair value in accordance with note 2(j), the amount of deferred tax recognised is measured using the tax rates that would apply on sale of those assets at their carrying value at the reporting date, unless the property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the property over time, rather than through sale. In all other cases, the measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if certain criteria are met.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(t) 所得税(續)

遞延税項資產及負債只有在滿足某 些條件時方可予以抵銷。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(u) Provisions and contingent liabilities Other provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

(v) Revenue and other income

Income is classified by the Group as revenue when it arises from the sale of properties or the use by others of the Group's assets under leases in the ordinary course of the Group's business.

Revenue is recognised when control over a product is transferred to the customer, or the lessee has the right to use the asset, at the amount of promised consideration to which the Group is expected to be entitled, excluding those amounts collected on behalf of third parties. Revenue excludes value added tax ("VAT") and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(u) 撥備及或然負債 其他撥備及或然負債

當本集團因過往事件而須承擔法律或推定責任,而履行該責任可能會導致經濟利益須外流,並可作出可靠估計時,則須確認撥備。倘貨幣時間值重大,則有關撥備按履行責任預期所需開支的現值列賬。

倘不大可能需要流出經濟利益,或相關金額不能可靠地估計,則須披露有關責任為或然負債,惟流出經濟利益的可能性極低則除外。倘可能承擔的責任須視乎一項或多項未來事件是否發生方會確定是否存在,則該等責任亦披露為或然負債,惟流出經濟利益的可能性極低則除外。

(v) 收入及其他收入

倘於本集團一般業務過程中,收入 源於物業銷售或他人根據租賃使用 本集團的資產,則收入由本集團分 類為收入。

倘對產品的控制轉讓予客戶,或承租人有權使用資產,則收入按本集團預期享有的承諾代價金額確認,不包括代表第三方收取的金額。收入不包括增值税(「增值税」),並已扣除任何買賣折扣。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(v) Revenue and other income (Continued)

Where the contract contains a financing component which provides a significant financing benefit to the customer for more than 12 months, revenue is measured at the present value of the amount receivable, discounted using the discount rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction with the customer, and interest income is accrued separately under the effective interest method. Where the contract contains a financing component which provides a significant financing benefit to the Group, revenue recognised under that contract includes the interest expense accreted on the contract liability under the effective interest method. The Group takes advantage of the practical expedient in paragraph 63 of HKFRS 15 and does not adjust the consideration for any effects of a significant financing component if the period of financing is 12 months or less.

Further details of the Group's revenue and other income recognition policies are as follows:

(i) Sale of properties

Revenue arising from the sale of properties in the ordinary course of business is recognised:

when properties are handed over to the customers which is the point in time when the customer has the ability to direct the use of the property and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits of the property. Advanced payments received on properties sold prior to the date of revenue recognition are included in the statement of financial position under contract liabilities (see note 23); or

2 重大會計政策(續)

(v) 收入及其他收入(續)

本集團收入及其他收入確認政策的 其他詳情列載如下:

(i) 物業銷售

於一般業務過程中源於物業銷 售的收入於以下時間確認:

物業移交客戶且客戶有 能力控制物業使用分 得物業的絕大部分 利益的時點。於收 認日期前就所售物業 認日期前就所售物業 取的預付款於財務狀況 表計入合約負債(見附註 23);或

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(v) Revenue and other income (Continued)

(i) Sale of properties (Continued)

as the performance obligations are satisfied over time in accordance with the progress when the properties sold have no alternative use to the Group due to contractual arrangements and the Group has an enforceable right to payment from the customer for the performance completed to date. The excess of the consideration that the Group has the unconditional right to receive from the customers over the revenue recognised in profit or loss is included in the statement of financial position as contract liabilities (see note 23).

For contracts where the period between the payment by the customer and the transfer of the promised property exceeds one year, the transaction price and the amount of revenue from the sales of completed properties is adjusted for the effects of a financing component. If the advance payments by the customer are regarded as providing a significant financing benefit to the Group, interest expense arising from the adjustment of time value of money will be accrued by the Group during the period between the payment date and the date of delivery of property. This accrual increases the balance of the contract liability during the period of construction, and therefore increases the amount of revenue recognised when control of the completed property is transferred to the customer. The interest is expensed as accrued unless it is eligible to be capitalised under HKAS 23, Borrowing costs, in accordance with the policies set out in note 2(x).

2 重大會計政策(續)

(v) 收入及其他收入(續)

(i) 物業銷售(續)

對於客戶付款與轉讓承諾物業 之期間超過一年的合約,交易 價格及銷售竣工物業的收入將 就融資部分的影響進行調整。 倘客戶預付款被視為提供重大 融資利益予本集團,於付款日 期至物業交付日期之期間,本 集團將累計源於貨幣時間值調 整的利息開支。該累計數額增 加建築期間的合約負債餘額, 因而增加於已竣工物業控制權 轉讓予客戶時確認的收入金 額。利息於累計時支銷,除非 根據附註2(x)所載政策,其合 資格根據《香港會計準則》第 23號借款成本予以資本化。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(v) Revenue and other income (Continued)

(ii) Rental income from operating leases

Rental income receivable under operating leases is recognised in profit or loss in equal instalments over the periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the use of the leased asset. Lease incentives granted are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments receivable. Contingent rentals are recognised as income in the accounting period in which they are earned.

(iii) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method. For financial assets measured at amortised cost or FVOCI (recycling) that are not credit-impaired, the effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of the asset.

For credit impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is applied to the amortised cost (i.e. gross carrying amount net of loss allowance) of the asset (see note 2(I)(i)).

(w) Translation of foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the end of the reporting period. Exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(v) 收入及其他收入(續)

(ii) 經營租賃的租金收入

(iii) 利息收入

利息收入按實際利息法於應計 時確認。就按攤銷成本或按公 平值計入其他全面收益(回收) 計量的非信用減值金融資產, 實際利率應用於資產的賬面總 值。

至於信用減值金融資產,實際 利率應用於資產的攤銷成本 (即賬面總值減損失撥備)(見 附註2(l)(i))。

(w) 外幣換算

年內進行的外幣交易按交易日的匯 率換算。以外幣計值的貨幣資產及 負債則按報告期末的匯率換算。匯 兑收益及虧損於損益內確認。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(w) Translation of foreign currencies (Continued)

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates the fair value was measured.

The results of Hong Kong and foreign operations are translated into Renminbi at the exchange rates approximating the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Statement of financial position items are translated into Renminbi at the closing foreign exchange rates at the end of the reporting period. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in the exchange reserve.

On disposal of a Hong Kong or foreign operations, the cumulative amount of the exchange differences relating to that Hong Kong or foreign operations is reclassified from equity to profit or loss when the profit or loss on disposal is recognised.

(x) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(w) 外幣換算(續)

以外幣按歷史成本計算的非貨幣資產及負債,使用交易日當時的匯率換算。以外幣計值按公平值列賬的非貨幣資產及負債於計量公平值日期通用的匯率換算。

香港及海外業務之業績按與交易日 之外幣匯率相若之匯率換算為人民 幣。財務狀況表項目乃以報告期末 之收市匯率換算為人民幣。所產生 之匯兑差額於其他全面收益中確認 並於匯兑儲備中單獨於權益累計。

於出售香港或海外業務時,與該香港或海外業務有關的累計匯兑差額,將於出售項目的損益獲確認時由權益重新分類至損益。

(x) 借貸成本

直接涉及收購、建造或生產資產(即 須於較長時期後方能投入作擬定用 途或出售者)的借貸成本均會資本 化作為該資產的部分成本。其他借 貸成本於其產生期間列作開支。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(x) Borrowing costs (Continued)

The capitalisation of borrowing costs as part of the cost of a qualifying asset commences when expenditure for the asset is being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended or ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are interrupted or complete.

(v) Non-current assets held for sale

A non-current asset (or disposal group) is classified as held for sale if it is highly probable that its carrying amount will be recovered through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use and the asset (or disposal group) is available for sale in its present condition. A disposal group is a group of assets to be disposed of together as a group in a single transaction, and liabilities directly associated with those assets that will be transferred in the transaction.

When the Group is committed to a sale plan involving loss of control of a subsidiary, all the assets and liabilities of that subsidiary are classified as held for sale when the above criteria for classification as held for sale are met, regardless of whether the Group will retain a non- controlling interest in the subsidiary after the sale.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(x) 借貸成本(續)

(v) 持作出售的非流動資產

倘非流動資產(或出售組別)的賬面 值極可能是通過銷售交易而非通過 持續使用收回且該資產(或出售組 別)可以現狀立即出售時,則會分類 為持作出售。出售組別為於單項交 易中共同出售的一組資產,以及與 該等資產直接相關並於交易中轉讓 的負債。

當本集團的出售計劃事關失去一間 附屬公司的控制權時,不論本集團 是否將於出售後保留該附屬公司的 非控股權益,該附屬公司的所有資 產及負債於符合上述有關分類為持 作出售的條件時分類為持作出售。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(y) Non-current assets held for sale (Continued)

Immediately before classification as held for sale, the measurement of the non-current assets (and all individual assets and liabilities in a disposal group) is brought up-to-date in accordance with the accounting policies before the classification. Then, on initial classification as held for sale and until disposal, the non-current assets (except for certain assets as explained below), or disposal groups, are recognised at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. The principal exceptions to this measurement policy so far as the financial statements of the Group and the Company are concerned are deferred tax assets, assets arising from employee benefits, financial assets (other than investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures) and investment properties. These assets, even if held for sale, would continue to be measured in accordance with the policies set out elsewhere in note 2.

Impairment losses on initial classification as held for sale, and on subsequent remeasurement while held for sale, are recognised in profit or loss. As long as a non-current asset is classified as held for sale, or is included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale, the non-current asset is not depreciated or amortised.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(v) 持作出售的非流動資產(續)

緊接分類為持作出售之前,非流動 資產(及出售組別中所有的個別資 產及負債)的計量均已根據被分類 前所採用的會計政策更新。此後, 初步分類為持作出售後及直至出售 前,非流動資產(以下列示的若干資 產除外)或出售組別按其賬面值及 公平值減銷售成本中的較低者確 認。就本集團和本公司的財務報表 而言,該計量政策的主要例外情況 為遞延税項資產、因僱員福利產生 的資產、金融資產(不包括於附屬公 司、聯營公司及合營公司的投資)和 投資物業。該等資產即使持作出 售,亦會繼續依照附註2中所述之政 策計量。

初次分類為持作出售及其後持作出 售之重新計量而產生的減值虧損均 於損益確認。一旦一項非流動資產 被分類為持作出售或包含在分類為 持作出售的出售組別中,該項非流 動資產將不再計提折舊或攤銷。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(z) Related parties

- (1) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.
- (2) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(z) 關聯方

- (1) 倘一名人士符合下列條件,則 該名人士或其家庭近親成員與 本集團有關聯:
 - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團;
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響 力;或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公 司的主要管理層成員。
- (2) 倘一個實體符合下列任何條 件,則該實體與本集團有關 聯:
 - (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一 集團的成員公司(即各母 公司、附屬公司及同系 附屬公司相互關聯)。
 - (ii) 一個實體為另一實體的聯營公司或合營公司(或 另一實體為成員公司的 集團旗下成員公司的聯 營公司或合營公司)。
 - (iii) 兩個實體均為同一第三 方的合營公司。
 - (iv) 一個實體為第三方實體 的合營公司,而另一實 體為該第三方實體的聯 營公司。
 - (v) 實體為本集團或與本集 團有關聯的實體就僱員 福利設立的離職後福利 計劃。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

2 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(z) Related parties (Continued)

- (2) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies: (Continued)
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (1).
 - (vii) A person identified in (1)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
 - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the Group's parent.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

(aa) Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

The Group manages its business as a whole as properties development is the only reporting segment. The financial statements is presented in a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the Group's senior executive management for the purpose of resource allocation and performance assessment.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(z) 關聯方(續)

- (2) 倘一個實體符合下列任何條 件,則該實體與本集團有關 聯:(續)
 - (vi) 實體受(1)所述人士控制 或共同控制。
 - (vii) (1)(i)所述人士對實體有重 大影響力或屬該實體(或 該實體的母公司)主要管 理層成員。
 - (viii) 實體或實體作為集團任 何成員公司其中一部分 向本集團或本集團母公 司提供主要管理人員服 務。

一名人士的近親家庭成員指預 期在與實體的交易中可影響該 人士或受該人士影響的家庭成 員。

(aa) 分部報告

本集團為分配資源予本集團各業務 及地區及評估其表現,會定期向本 集團最高級行政管理人員提供財務 資料,從中可找出財務報表所呈報 經營分部及各分部項目的金額。

本集團按整體管理其業務,因為物業發展是唯一報告分部。財務報表的呈列方式與向本集團高級執行管理層內部報告資料以供分配資源及評估表現的方式一致。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

3 ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND ESTIMATES

(a) Critical accounting judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following accounting judgements:

Classification between investment properties and properties held for sale

The Group develops and purchases properties held for sale and properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation. Judgement is made by management on determining whether a property is designated as an investment property or a property held for sale.

For the developed properties, the Group considers its intention for holding the properties at the early development stage of the related properties. During the course of construction, the related properties under construction are accounted for as properties under development included in current assets if the properties are intended for sale after their completion, whereas, the properties are accounted for as investment properties under construction if the properties are intended to be held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation.

For the purchased properties, the Group considers its intention for holding the properties at the early stage when obtained control of the related properties. The related properties are accounted for as inventories included in current assets if the properties are intended for sale, whereas, the properties are accounted for as investment properties if the properties are intended to be held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation.

3 會計判斷及估計

(a) 於應用本集團會計政策時的主要 會計判斷

於應用本集團會計政策時,管理層 已作出以下會計判斷:

劃分投資物業與持作出售的物業

本集團開發及購買持作出售的物業 及為獲得租金及/或資本增值而持 有的物業。管理層作出判斷釐定物 業是否指定為投資物業或持作出售 的物業。

就已開發物業而言,本集團於相關物業的早期開發階段考慮有關物業的持有目的。施工期內,完工後擬作出售的建設中物業作為在建物業於流動資產入賬,而擬於完工後為獲取租金及/或資本增值而持有的在建物業作為投資物業入賬。

就已購買物業而言,本集團於取得 有關物業控制權初期考慮持有物業 之目的。倘有關物業擬用作出售, 則有關物業將於流動資產入賬列作 存貨;倘有關物業擬為賺取租金 及/或資本增值而持有,則該物業 將入賬列作投資物業。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

3 ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND ESTIMATES (Continued)

(b) Sources of estimation uncertainty

Note 29 contains information about the assumptions and their risk factors relating to fair value of structured deposits. Other key sources of estimation uncertainty are as follows:

(i) Inventories

As explained in note 2(m), the Group's inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Based on the Group's recent experience and the nature of the subject inventories, the Group makes estimates of the selling prices, the costs of completion in cases for properties held for development and properties under development, and the costs to be incurred in selling the properties based on prevailing market conditions.

If there is an increase in costs to completion or a decrease in net sales value, the net realisable value will decrease and this may result in provision for inventories. Such provision requires the use of judgement and estimates. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, the carrying value and provision for inventories in the periods in which such estimate is changed will be adjusted accordingly.

In addition, given the volatility of the property market and the unique nature of individual properties, the actual outcomes in terms of costs and revenue may be higher or lower than that estimated at the end of the reporting period. Any increase or decrease in the provision would affect profit or loss in future years.

3 會計判斷及估計(續)

(b) 估計不確定因素來源

附註29載有結構性存款公平值之相 關假設與風險因素。估計不確定因 素的其他主要來源如下:

(i) 存貨

按附註2(m)所解釋,本集團的存貨按成本或可變現淨值(以較低者為準)列賬。本集團基於近期經驗及所涉存貨的性質根據當前市況估計售價、擬發展物業與建設中物業的完工成本以及物業銷售成本。

倘完工成本增加或銷售淨值減 少,則可變現淨值將會減少。 可能導致須就存貨計提撥備。 釐定該等撥備時須運用判斷。 估計。倘預期有別於原先估 計,則會相應調整該估計變 期間存貨的賬面價值及撥備。

此外,鑑於物業市場波動無常 以及個別物業的特性,實際成 本與收入或會高於或低於報告 期末的估計。有關撥備的增減 會影響未來年度的損益賬。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

3 ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND ESTIMATES (Continued)

(b) Sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued) (ii) Land Appreciation Tax ("LAT")

As explained in note 8(a)(ii), LAT is levied on properties developed by the Group for sale, at progressive rates ranging from 30% to 60% on the appreciation of land value, which under the applicable regulations is calculated based on the proceeds of sales of properties less deductible expenditures including lease charges of land use rights, borrowing cost and relevant property development expenditures. Given the uncertainties of the calculation basis of land appreciation tax to be interpreted by the local tax bureaux and the actual appreciation of land value may be different from the original estimates, the actual outcomes may be higher or lower than that estimated at the end of the reporting period. Any increase or decrease in estimates would affect profit or loss in future years.

(iii) Recognition of deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets in respect of tax losses and other deductible temporary differences carried forward are recognised and measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. In determining the carrying amounts of deferred tax assets, expected taxable profits are estimated which involves a number of assumptions relating to the operating environment of the Group and require a significant level of judgement exercised by the directors. Any change in such assumptions and judgement would affect the carrying amounts of deferred tax assets to be recognised and hence the net profit in future vears.

3 會計判斷及估計(續)

(b) 估計不確定因素來源(續)

(ii) 土地增值税(「土地增值税 |)

(iii) 確認遞延税項資產

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

3 ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND ESTIMATES (Continued)

(b) Sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued) (iv) Impairment of financial guarantee issued

The Group estimates impairment loss for financial guarantee issued by using expected credit loss models. Expected credit loss on financial guarantee issued is estimated based on expected timing of settlement of the loan, expected additional interests and penalties to be incurred and the valuation of the assets of the associate at the reporting date.

Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the loss allowance of financial guarantee issued in the periods in which such estimate has been changed.

3 會計判斷及估計(續)

(b) 估計不確定因素來源(續)

(iv) 已發行財務擔保的減值

本集團估計已發行財務擔保的 減值虧損時使用預期信用損失 模型。在報告日期,已發表 發擔保的預期信用損失是基於 貸款的預期結算時間、預 生的額外利息和罰款以及 營公司資產估值的估計。

當預期有別於最初估計時,該 差別於有關估計改變的期間會 影響已發行財務擔保的損失撥 備。 (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

4 REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING

(a) Revenue

The principal activities of the Group are property development and sales in Chinese Mainland.

(i) Disaggregation of revenue

Revenue mainly represents income from sale of properties and gross rentals from properties, net of sales related taxes and discounts allowed, and is analysed as follows:

4 收入及分部報告

(a) 收入

本集團的主要活動為在中國大陸經 營物業發展及銷售。

(i) 收入細分

收入主要指物業銷售收入及物 業租金總額,已扣除銷售相關 税項及所給予折扣,分析如 下:

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Revenue from	《香港財務報告準則》		
contracts with	第15號範圍內的客戶合約		
customers within the	收入		
scope of HKFRS 15			
Sales of properties:	物業銷售:		
Recognised	- 於某個時點確認		
at a point in time		637,108	538,068
 Recognised overtime 	一 於某段時間確認	_	30,026
		637,108	568,094
Revenue from other	其他來源的收入		
sources			
Gross rentals from	物業租金總額		
properties		4,526	3,089
		641,634	571,183

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

4 REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

(a) Revenue (Continued)

(ii) Revenue expected to be recognised in the future arising from contracts with customers at the reporting date

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by geographic markets is disclosed in note 4(b).

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group's customer base is diversified and does not have a customer with whom transactions have exceeded 10% of the Group's revenue (2022: nil).

The following table includes revenue expected to be recognised in the future related to performance obligations that are not satisfied or partially satisfied as at 31 December 2023:

4 收入及分部報告(續)

(a) 收入(續)

(ii) 預期在未來確認源於報告日期 的客戶合約的收入

按地區市場劃分的客戶合約收入細分於附註4(b)披露。

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團的客戶基礎分散,並無單一客戶的交易佔本集團收入超過10%(2022年:零)。

下表載有預期在未來確認有關 2023年12月31日未履行或部 分履行履約責任的收入:

		2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	於以下期間履行餘下履 責任:		
Within one year	內	94,873	123,092

These amounts represent revenue expected to be recognised in the future from sales contracts for properties entered into by the customers and the Group. 該等金額指預期未來自客戶與 本集團訂立的物業銷售合約確 認的收入。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

4 REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

(a) Revenue (Continued)

(iii) Total future minimum lease payments receivable by the Group

Total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are receivable as follows:

4 收入及分部報告(續)

(a) 收入(續)

(iii) 本集團的應收未來最低租賃付 款總額

根據不可撤銷經營租賃的應收 未來最低租賃付款總額如下:

		2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Within one year	一年內	3,702	2,863
After 1 year but within	一年後但兩年內		
2 years		4,117	3,016
After 2 years but within	兩年後但三年內		
3 years		4,181	3,087
After 3 years but within	三年後但四年內		
4 years		4,585	3,047
After 4 years but within	四年後但五年內		
5 years		4,121	3,075
After 5 years	五年後	21,639	19,257
		42,345	34,345

(b) Operating segment

Information reported to the Group's chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance is more focused on the Group as a whole, as all of the Group's activities are considered to be primarily dependent on the performance of property development. Resources are allocated based on what is beneficial for the Group in enhancing its property development activities as a whole rather than any specific service. Performance assessment is based on the results of the Group as a whole. Therefore, management considers there is only one operating segment under the requirements of HKFRS 8, Operating segments.

(b) 經營分部

就資源分配及分部表現評估向集 團主要營運人匯報時,由於本集 里主要依賴物業發展之表現 歷報資料較集中於本集團整體 源按如何有利本集團提升整體物 發展活動而非任何特定服務而整體 分配。表現評估乃根據本集團整體 業績作出。因此,管理層認為營 新的規定,僅有一個經營分部。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

4 REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

(b) Operating segment (Continued)

Geographic information

The following table sets out information about the geographical location of (i) the Group's revenue from external customers and (ii) the Group's property, plant and equipment, investment properties, other non-current assets and interests in associates ("specified non-current assets"). The geographical location of customers is based on the location at which the properties were developed or leased out. The geographical location of the specified non-current assets is based on the physical location of the asset, in the case of property, plant and equipment and investment properties, and the location of operations, in the case of other non-current assets and interests in associates.

4 收入及分部報告(續)

(b) 經營分部(續) 地區資料

		Reven	Revenue from		cified
		external	al customers non-current asse		ent assets
		來自外界!	客戶的收入	指定非洲	流動資產
		2023	2022	2023	2022
		2023年	2022年	2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Huizhou	惠州	596,101	511,672	267,210	495,906
Tianjin	天津	45,533	59,511	52,235	58,319
Zhumadian	駐馬店	_	_	90,848	128,875
Others	其他	_	_	56	429
		641,634	571,183	410,349	683,529

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

5 OTHER NET INCOME

5 其他收入淨額

		2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Interest income arises from bank	來自銀行存款的利息收入		
deposits		4,783	3,592
Interest income arises from a loan	來自應收貸款的利息收入	•	,
receivable (note 17)	(附註17)	3,914	2,320
Government grants (note)	政府補助(附註)	_	216
Gain on disposal of associates	出售聯營公司的收益	11,344	_
Net exchange loss	匯兑虧損淨額	(75)	(455)
Others	其他	1,323	785
		21,289	6,458

Note: In 2022, the Group received a funding from the Employment Support Scheme under the Anti-epidemic Fund, set up by the Hong Kong Government, for financial support to enterprises to retain their employees in Hong Kong. No such fund was granted for the year ended 31 December 2023.

附註: 2022年,本集團根據香港政府為企業 提供財政支援以保留香港僱員而設立 的防疫抗疫基金下的保就業計劃獲得 資金補貼。截至2023年12月31日止年 度並無獲得有關的資金補貼。

6 OTHER EXPENSES

6 其他開支

		2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Donati	pns 捐贈	1,756	1,410

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

7 PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

Profit before taxation is arrived at after charging/ (crediting):

(a) Finance costs

7 除税前溢利

除税前溢利乃經扣除/(計入)下列各項 後達致:

(a) 融資成本

		2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Interest on bank loans (note 21(c))	銀行借貸利息(附註21(c))	6,357	12,142
Interest on lease liabilities (note 21(c))	租賃負債利息(附註21(c))	6	20
Accrued interest on significant financing component of contract liabilities	合約負債的重大融資部分的 應計利息	_	14,412
CONTRACT HADIIILIES		6 262	<u> </u>
Less: Interest expenses capitalised into	減:資本化至存貨的 利息開支	6,363	26,574
inventories		-	(21,952)
		6,363	4,622

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

7 PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION (Continued)

(b) Staff costs

7 除税前溢利(續)

(b) 員工成本

		2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Salaries, wages and other benefits	薪金、工資及其他福利	28,310	39,106
Contributions to defined contribution retirement plan	向界定供款退休計劃供款	2,656	2,485
Equity-settled share-based payment expenses (note 26(b))	以權益結算以股份為基礎支付的開支(附註26(b))	_	162
Less: Staff costs capitalised into inventories	減:資本化至存貨的員工 成本	(6,443)	(13,510)
		24,523	28,243

The domestic companies established in Chinese Mainland ("Mainland Operating Entities") participate in defined contribution retirement benefit schemes (the "Schemes") organised by the Chinese Mainland municipal and provincial government authorities, whereby Mainland Operating Entities are required to make contribution at the rates required by different local government authorities. The local government authorities are responsible for the pension obligations payable to the retired employees covered under the Schemes. The contributions are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the Schemes.

在中國大陸成立的境內公司(「大陸營運實體」)參與由中國大陸市級內 省級政府機關組織的界定供款退 電體須按照不同地方政府機關政府機關的支付比例作出供款。地方政府機關負責向參與計劃的退休員工 關負責向參與計劃制定應作 退休金。於根據計劃規定應作 款時,供款自損益表中扣除。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

7 PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION (Continued)

(b) Staff costs (Continued)

The Group also operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme ("the MPF scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for employees employed under the jurisdiction of the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance. The MPF scheme is a defined contribution retirement plan administered by independent trustees. Under the MPF scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the plan at 5% of the employees' relevant income, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HKD30,000. Contributions to the plan vest immediately.

7 除税前溢利(續)

(b) 員工成本(續)

本集團亦根據香港強制性公積金計 劃條例為根據香港僱傭條例的司法 管轄權聘用的僱員運作一項強制性 公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)。強積 金計劃為一項由獨立受託人管理的 界定供款退休計劃。根據強積金計 劃,僱主及其僱員各自須按僱員相 關收入的5%向計劃供款,最高每月 相關收入為30,000港元。向計劃作 出之供款即時生效。

(c) Other items

(c) 其他項目

		2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Depreciation and amortisation Auditors' remuneration — audit service	折舊及攤銷 核數師酬金 一 審計服務	7,220 2,200	5,823 2,460
non-audit service	- 非審計服務	600	500
Rentals receivable from	投資物業應收租金	2,800	2,960
investment properties	27 7 17 7 17 7 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	(1,644)	(686)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

(除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

8 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

(a) Taxation in the consolidated statement of profit or loss represents:

8 綜合損益表內的所得税

(a) 綜合損益表內税項指:

		2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current tax Provision for Corporate Income	即期税項 企業所得税(「企業所得税」)		
Tax ("CIT")	撥備	75,258	43,700
Provision for LAT	土地增值税撥備	(7,649)	75,445
Deferred tax	遞延税項	67,609	119,145
- CIT	一 企業所得税	13,378	3,470
		80,987	122,615

(i) CIT and Hong Kong Profits Tax

The provision for CIT is based on the estimated taxable income at the rates applicable to each Chinese Mainland subsidiary of the Group. The income tax rate applicable to the principal subsidiaries in Chinese Mainland is 25% during the year (2022: 25%).

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax was recognised for the year (2022: nil) as the subsidiaries in Hong Kong did not have any assessable profits for the year.

(ii) LAT

LAT is levied on properties developed by the Group for sale, at progressive rates ranging from 30% to 60% on the appreciation of land value, which under the applicable regulations is based on the proceeds of sales of properties less deductible expenditures including lease charges of land use rights, borrowing costs and relevant property development expenditures.

(i) 企業所得税及香港利得税

企業所得税撥備基於估計應課税收益按本集團各中國大陸附屬公司適用的税率計算。中國主要附屬公司本年度適用的所得税率為25%(2022年:25%)。

本年度概無確認香港利得税撥備(2022年:零),因為香港附屬公司本年度概無任何應課税利潤。

(ii) 土地增值税

土地增值税按30%至60%的累 進税率就本集團已開發並銷售 物業的土地增值額徵收。根據 相關法規,土地增值額按銷售 物業所得款項減可抵扣開支 (包括土地使用權租賃費、借 款成本及相關物業開發支出) 計算。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

8 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

(Continued)

- (a) Taxation in the consolidated statement of profit or loss represents: (Continued)
 - (iii) Pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Cayman Islands and the British Virgin Islands ("BVI"), the Group is not subject to any income tax in the Cayman Islands and the BVI.
- (b) Reconciliation between tax expense and accounting profit at applicable tax rates:

8 綜合損益表內的所得稅(續)

- (a) 綜合損益表內税項指:(續)
 - (iii) 根據開曼群島及英屬維爾京群島(「英屬維爾京群島」)的規則及規例,本集團毋須繳納開曼群島及英屬維爾京群島任何所得稅。
- (b) 税項開支與按適用税率計算之會 計溢利的對賬:

		2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
(Loss)/profit before taxation	除税前(虧損)/溢利	(526,246)	237,055
Less: LAT	減:土地增值税	7,649	(75,445)
(Loss)/profit before CIT	除企業所得税前(虧損)/ 溢利	(518,597)	161,610
Notional tax calculated at applicable income tax rate of the relevant Group entities	按相關集團公司適用所得税 率計算的名義税		
concerned Tax effect of share of results of	應佔聯營公司業績	(76,472)	38,032
the associates	的税務影響	10,636	(6,848)
Tax effect of non-deductible expenses	不可扣減開支的税務影響	2,928	3,912
Tax effect of unused tax losses not recognised	未確認的未動用税務虧損之 税務影響 土 密認的斯特 英語 英語	6,926	1,825
Tax effect of temporary difference not recognised	未確認的暫時差額之税務 影響	144,618	10,249
CIT	企業所得税	88,636	47,170
LAT	土地增值税	(7,649)	75,445
Income tax expense	所得税開支	80,987	122,615

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

9 DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

Directors' emoluments disclosed pursuant to section 383(1) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation are as follows:

9 董事酬金

根據香港《公司條例》第383(1)條及公司 (披露董事利益資料)規例第2部規定所披露之董事酬金如下:

		For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度						
		Directors'	Basic salaries, allowances and other	Discretionary	Retirement scheme		Share-based	
		fee	benefits 基薪、補貼及		contributions	Sub-total	Payment 以股份為	Total
		董事袍金 RMB'000 人民幣千元	其他利益 RMB'000 人民幣千元	酌情花紅 RMB'000 人民幣千元	退休計劃供款 RMB'000 人民幣千元	小計 RMB'000 人民幣千元	基礎的付款 RMB'000 人民幣千元	總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Chairman and executive director	主席兼執行董事	7 C 2 d 1 7 D	V DQ 112 1 70	XXX (F) 1 70	77717770	X 20112 1 70	7(1011) 70	7,0010 1 70
Mr. Wong Ting Chung	王庭聰先生	270	2,160	1,800	16	4,246	-	4,246
Executive directors Mr. Lau Ka Keung	執行董事 樓家強先生	270	2,160	1,800	16	4,246	_	4,246
Mr. Li Wa Tat	李華達先生	270	1,242	108	16	1,636	_	1,636
Independent non- executive directors	獨立非執行董事							
Mr. IP Shu Kwan,Stephen	葉澍堃先生	270	_	_	_	270	_	270
Mr. Li Yinquan Mr. Chan Hiu Fung	李引泉先生 陳曉峰先生	270 270	_	_	_	270 270	_	270 270
		1,620	5,562	3,708	48	10,938	_	10,938

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

9 DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

9 董事酬金(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日 止年度

		截至2022年12月31日止牛皮						
			Basic					
			salaries,					
			allowances		Retirement			
		Directors'	and other	Discretionary	scheme		Share-based	
		fee	benefits 基薪、補貼及	bonuses	contributions	Sub-total	Payment 以股份為	Total
		董事袍金	其他利益	酌情花紅	退休計劃供款	小計	基礎的付款	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Chairman and executive director	主席兼執行董事							
Mr. Wong Ting Chung	王庭聰先生	259	1,380	1,726	16	3,381	33	3,414
Executive directors	執行董事							
Mr. Lau Ka Keung	樓家強先生	259	2,071	1,726	16	4,072	33	4,105
Mr. Li Wa Tat	李華達先生	259	1,191	155	16	1,621	_	1,621
Independent non- executive directors	獨立非執行董事							
Mr. IP Shu Kwan, Stephen	葉澍堃先生	259	_	_	_	259	16	275
Mr. Li Yinquan	李引泉先生	259	_	_	_	259	16	275
Mr. Chan Hiu Fung	陳曉峰先生	259	_	_		259		259
		1,554	4,642	3,607	48	9,851	98	9,949

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

10 FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

Of the five highest paid individuals, three (2022: three) are directors whose emoluments are disclosed in note 9. The aggregate of the emoluments in respect of the other two (2022: two) individuals are as follows:

10 五位最高薪酬人士

五位最高薪酬人士中有三位(2022年:三位)董事,其薪酬於附註9披露。其他兩位(2022年:兩位)人士的酬金總額如下:

		2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Salaries and other emoluments Contributions to retirement benefit	薪金及其他酬金 退休福利計劃供款	2,085	1,807
scheme		33	31
Share-based payments	以股份為基礎的付款	_	15
		2,118	1,853

The emoluments of the two individuals (2022: two) are within the following bands:

兩位人士(2022年:兩位)的酬金屬於下列範圍:

		2023 2023年	2022 2022年
HKD500,001 — HKD1,000,000	500,001港元至1,000,000		
11ND300,001 11ND1,000,000	港元	1	1
HKD1,500,001 — HKD2,000,000	1,500,001港元至2,000,000		
	港元	1	1

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

11 LOSSES/EARNINGS PER SHARE

(a) Basic losses/earnings per share

The calculation of basic losses/earnings per share is based on the loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company of RMB482,278,000 (2022: profit of RMB69,178,000) and the weighted average number of issued ordinary shares of 750,000,000 (2022: 750,000,000) during the year ended 31 December 2023.

(b) Diluted losses/earnings per share

Diluted losses/earnings per share for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 were the same as the basic losses/earnings per share as the deemed issue of shares under the Company's share option scheme was anti-dilutive for both years.

The average market value of the Company's shares for the purpose of calculating the dilutive effect of share options was based on quoted market prices for the period during which the options were outstanding.

11 每股虧損/盈利

(a) 每股基本虧損/盈利

截至2023年12月31日止年度每股基本虧損/盈利乃根據本公司權益股東應佔虧損人民幣482,278,000元(2022年:溢利人民幣69,178,000元)及750,000,000股(2022年:750,000,000股)已發行普通股加權平均數計算。

(b) 每股攤薄虧損/盈利

截至2023年及2022年12月31日止年度,由於根據本公司購股權計劃的 視作股份發行對兩年度均具有反攤 薄效應,故每股攤薄虧損/盈利與 每股基本虧損/盈利相同。

用於計算購股權攤薄效應的本公司 股份之平均市值乃基於在購股權發 行在外期間的市場報價。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

12 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(a) Reconciliation of carrying amount

12 物業、廠房及設備 (a) 賬面值對賬

		Lands and buildings	Other properties leased for own use carried at cost	Office equipment	Motor vehicles	Electronic and other equipment	Total
		土地及樓宇 RMB'000 人民幣千元	按成本列賬 其他自用之 租賃物%000 人民幣千元	辦公設備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	汽車 RMB'000 人民幣千元	電子及 其他設備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cost:	成本:						
At 1 January 2022 Additions Disposals Exchange adjustments	於2022年1月1日 添置 出售 匯兑調整	64,367 — — —	1,529 — — —	1,868 — — —	8,422 100 (296) 259	8,972 2,485 — 23	85,158 2,585 (296) 282
At 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023 Additions Disposals Exchange adjustments	於2022年12月31日 及2023年1月1日 添置 出售 匯兑調整	64,367 - - -	1,529 — (1,019) —	1,868 - - -	8,485 70 (834) 44	11,480 1,832 (260) 4	87,729 1,902 (2,113) 48
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	64,367	510	1,868	7,765	13,056	87,566
Accumulated depreciation:	累計折舊:						
At 1 January 2022 Charge for the year Written back on disposals Exchange adjustments	於2022年1月1日 年內支出 因出售撥回 匯兑調整	(16,829) (3,018) — —	(904) (467) —	(1,237) (56) —	(5,869) (460) 267 (642)	(5,127) (1,822) — 23	(29,966) (5,823) 267 (619)
At 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023 Charge for the year Written back on disposals Exchange adjustments	於2022年12月31日 及2023年1月1日 年內支出 因出售撥回 匯兑調整	(19,847) (2,877) — —	(1,371) (118) 1,019	(1,293) (31) —	(6,704) (601) 762 (70)	(6,926) (3,593) 252 (4)	(36,141) (7,220) 2,033 (74)
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	(22,724)	(470)	(1,324)	(6,613)	(10,271)	(41,402)
Net book value: At 31 December 2023	賬面淨值: 於2023年12月31日	41,643	40	544	1,152	2,785	46,164
At 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日	44,520	158	575	1,781	4,554	51,588

As at 31 December 2023, the Group was in the process of applying the certificates of ownership for certain properties with the net book value of RMB25,254,000 (2022: RMB26,751,000). There is no impairment of property, plant and equipment. The directors of the Company are of the opinion that the use of and the conduct of operating activities at the properties referred to above are not affected by the fact that the Group has not yet obtained the relevant property title certificates.

於2023年12月31日,本集團正在申請部分物業的所有權證,該等物業的賬面淨值為人民幣25,254,000元(2022年:人民幣26,751,000元)。概無物業、廠房及設備減值。本公司董事認為本集團使用及於上述所指物業進行經營活動並沒有因暫未取得有關物業權證而受到任何影響。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

12 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

(b) The analysis of net book value of right-of-use assets included in "Property, plant and equipment" is as follows:

12 物業、廠房及設備(續)

(b) 計入「物業、廠房及設備」之使用權 資產的賬面淨值分析如下:

		2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Ownership interests in leasehold land and building held for own use, carried at depreciated cost in Chinese Mainland, with remaining lease term of:	於中國大陸持作自用按折舊 成本入賬且餘下租期如下 之租賃土地及樓宇的所有 權權益:		
- 50 years or more	- 50年或以上	41,643	44,520

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

13 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

(a) Reconciliation of carrying amount

13 投資物業

(a) 賬面值對賬

RMB'000 人民幣千元

Valuation:	估值:	
At 1 January 2022	於2022年1月1日	59,300
Transfer from completed properties for sale	轉撥自持作出售已完工物業	9,807
Fair value adjustment	公平值調整	17,093
At 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023	於2022年12月31日及 2023年1月1日	86.200
Transfer from completed properties for sale	轉撥自持作出售已完工物業	5,680
Fair value adjustment	公平值調整	(37,030)
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	54,850

Completed properties held for sale of RMB5,680,000 (2022: RMB9,807,000) were transferred from "inventories and other contract costs" to "investment properties" as a result of change of use. The properties were measured at fair value at the time of transfer and a revaluation loss of RMB4,220,000 (2022: gain of RMB17,093,000) had been recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

因用途變更,持作出售已完工物業人民幣5,680,000元(2022年:人民幣9,807,000元)自「存貨及其他合約成本」轉撥至「投資物業」。相關物業於轉撥時按公平值計量,重估虧損人民幣4,220,000元(2022年:收益人民幣17,093,000元)於綜合損益表確認。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

13 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

(b) Fair value measurement of properties

(i) Fair value hierarchy

The following table presents the fair value of the Group's properties measured at the end of the reporting period on a recurring basis, categorised into the three-level fair value hierarchy as defined in HKFRS 13, Fair value measurement. The level into which a fair value measurement is classified is determined with reference to the observability and significance of the inputs used in the valuation technique as follows:

- Level 1 valuations: Fair value measured using only Level 1 inputs i.e. unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date
- Level 2 valuations: Fair value measured using Level 2 inputs i.e. observable inputs which fail to meet Level 1, and not using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data are not available
- Level 3 valuations: Fair value measured using significant unobservable inputs

13 投資物業(續)

(b) 物業之公平值計量

(i) 公平值層級

下表所列為本集團於報告期末按經常基準計量之物業公平值,按照《香港財務報告準則》第13號公平值計量之定義將公平值劃分為三個層級。公平值計量層級乃參照下列估值技術所使用輸入數據之可觀察程度及重要程度劃分:

- 第一層級評估:僅使用 第一層級輸入數據,即 於計量日期在活躍市場 上有報價(未調整)之相 同資產或負債計量公平 值
- 第二層級評估:使用第 二層級輸入數第一層級到的與第一次 一類觀察到的與第一所要。 使用不可觀察之重值。 使用不數據計量公事。 可觀察輸入數據 市場數據之輸入數據
- 第三層級評估:基於不可觀察之重要輸入數據計量公平值

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

13 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

(b) Fair value measurement of properties (Continued)

(i) Fair value hierarchy (Continued)

13 投資物業(續)

(b) 物業之公平值計量(續)

(i) 公平值層級(續)

		Fair value at 31 December	Fair value measurements as at 31 December 2023 categorised into 於2023年12月31日分類的公平值計量		
		2023 於 2023 年 12月31日	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
		的公平值 RMB'000 人民幣千元	第一層 RMB'000 人民幣千元	第二層 RMB'000 人民幣千元	第三層 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Investment properties in Chinese Mainland: — Commercial	於中國大陸的投資 物業: 一 商業	54,850	-	-	54,850
		Fair value at		ue measurements ber 2022 catego	
		31 December _	於2022年12	2月31日分類的公	
		31 December _ 2022 於2022年 12月31日	於2022年12 Level 1	2月31日分類的公 Level 2	
		2022 於2022年			平值計量
Investment properties in Chinese Mainland: — Commercial	於中國大陸的投資 物業: 一商業	2022 於2022年 12月31日 的公平值 RMB'000	Level 1 第一層 RMB'000	Level 2 第二層 RMB'000	平值計量 Level 3 第三層 RMB'000

During the year ended 31 December 2023, there were no transfers into or out of Level 3 (2022: nil). The Group's policy is to recognise transfers between levels of fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting period in which they occur.

截至2023年12月31日止年度,概無轉入或轉出第三層級(2022年:無)。本集團之政策為在公平值於發生層級間轉撥的報告期末對其進行確認。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

13 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

(b) Fair value measurement of properties (Continued)

(i) Fair value hierarchy (Continued)

The Group's investment properties were revalued at fair value as at 31 December 2023 by Vincorn Consulting and Appraisal Limited (formerly known Unicorn Consulting And Appraisal Limited), an independent valuer who has relevant professional qualification and recent experience in the location and category of properties being valued. The same valuation techniques were used by this valuer when carrying out the valuation as at 31 December 2022. The Group's management have discussion with the surveyors on the valuation assumptions and valuation results twice a year for financial reporting.

(ii) Information about Level 3 fair value measurements

13 投資物業(續)

(b) 物業之公平值計量(續)

(i) 公平值層級(續)

本集團之投資物業於2023年 12月31日由泓亮諮詢及評估有 限公司(前稱鋭漢諮詢及評估 有限公司,是有相關專業資格 且具備近期對相同地段類似物 業估值之經驗的獨立估值師) 按公平值再次評估。該估值師 進行2022年12月31日 估值時 使用相同的估值技術。本集團 管理層與測量師每年就財務報 告討論估值假設及估值結果兩次。

(ii) 有關第三層級公平值計量的資 料

				nge 圍
	Valuation techniques 估值技術	Unobservable input 不可觀察輸入數據	2023 2023年	2022 2022年
Investment properties: 投資物業:				
CommercialChinese mainland商業 - 中國大陸	Direct market comparison approach 直接市場比較法	Adjusted market price (RMB/square meter) 經調整市價 (每平方米人民幣)	4,000-12,000	8,200-15,700

The fair value of investment properties located in Chinese Mainland is determined using the direct market comparison approach by reference to recent sales price of comparable properties on a price per square meter basis, adjusted for a premium or a discount specific to the location, property size and age of the Group's properties compared to the recent sales. The higher adjusted market price will result in a higher fair value measurement.

位於中國大陸的投資物業公平 值乃使用直接市場比較法參信 可資比較物業的近期銷售價格 (按每平方米價格計算)釐 並已對比近期銷售就本集 數位置、物業大小及樓齡期 點作出溢價或折讓調整。經 整市價越高,公平值計量越 高。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

13 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

(c) The analysis of net book value of right-of-use assets included in "Investment properties" is as follows:

13 投資物業(續)

(c) 計入「投資物業」之使用權資產的賬 面淨值分析如下:

		2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Ownership interests in leasehold investment property carried at fair value in Chinese Mainland, with remaining lease term of:	於中國大陸按公平值入賬 且餘下租期如下之租賃 投資物業的所有權權益:		
- 50 years or more	- 50年或以上	9,590	13,800
- between 10 and 50 years	- 10至50年之間	45,260	72,400
		54,850	86,200

- (d) The Group leases out investment properties under operating leases. The leases typically run for an initial period of 1 to 10 years, with an option to renew the lease upon expiry of the initial term. Lease payments are usually increased every year to reflect market rentals. None of the leases includes contingent rentals.
- (d) 本集團根據經營租約出租投資物業。租約一般初步為期一至十年,可選擇於初步租期屆滿時續租。為反映市場租金水平,租約付款通常按年增加。概無租約包括或有租金。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

14 於附屬公司的投資

	2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Unlisted shares, at cost 非上市股份,按成本 Capital loans to subsidiaries (note (i)) 給予附屬公司的資金貸款	23,718	23,718
(附註(i))	607,870	588,384
	631,588	612,102

(i) The balances are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment, and are expected to be recovered after one year. (i) 結餘為無抵押、免息及並無固定還 款期,預期於一年後收回。

The following tables list out the information relating to Huizhou Million Cities Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. ("Huizhou Million Cities") and Million Cities Jianji Real Estate (Tianjin) Co., Ltd. ("Million Cities Tianjin Jianji"), the subsidiaries of the Group which have material non-controlling interests ("NCI"). The summarised financial information presented below represents the amounts before any inter-company elimination.

下表列出有關擁有重大非控股權益(「非 控股權益」)之本集團附屬公司惠州市萬 城房地產開發有限公司(「惠州萬城」)及 萬城建基置業(天津)有限公司(「萬城天 津建基」)之資料。以下呈列之財務資料 概要為任何公司間對銷前之金額。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

14 於附屬公司的投資(續)

(Continued)

NCI percentage			2023 2023年 RMB'000	2022 2022年 RMB'000
NCI percentage			人民幣十九	人氏幣十元
NCI percentage	Huizhou Million Cities	車 州 苗 城		
Current assets 流動資產 28,632 41,127 Current liabilities 非流動資產 28,632 41,127 Current liabilities 流動負債 (213,575) (327,527) Net assets 資產淨額 491,961 581,841 Revenue 收入 558,233 480,929 (Loss)/profit for the year 年內(虧損)/溢利 (89,880) 93,322 Total comprehensive income 全面收益總額 (89,880) 93,322 Reconciliation to the carrying amount of NCI Gross amounts of net assets 淨資產總額 491,961 581,841 Elimination of the unrealised profit upon consolidation (4,519) (13,196) NCI's effective interest 非控股權益原面值 221,786 258,733 Reconciliation to the profit 新控股權益原面值 221,786 258,733 Reconciliation to the profit 新控股權益原面值 25,786 258,733 Reconciliation to the profit 新控股權益原面值 25,786 258,733 Reconciliation to the profit 新控股權益是 (虧損)/溢利總額 (89,880) 93,322 NCI's effective interest 非控股權益之 (虧損)/溢利 (40,895) 42,462 Cash inflow from operating activities 公 經營活動現金流入 82,488 88,113 Cash outflow from investing activities 26,488 88,113			45.5%	45.5%
Non-current assets 非流動資產 28,632 (213,575) (327,527) Net assets 資產淨額 491,961 581,841 Revenue 收入 558,233 480,929 (Loss)/profit for the year 年內(虧損)/溢利 (89,880) 93,322 Total comprehensive income 全面收益總額 (89,880) 93,322 Reconciliation to the carrying amount of NCI	percentage		1010 / 0	.0.070
Current liabilities 流動負債 (213,575) (327,527) Net assets 資産淨額	Current assets	流動資產	676,904	868,241
Revenue 収入 558,233 480,929 (Loss)/profit for the year 年內(虧損)/溢利 (89,880) 93,322 Total comprehensive income 全面收益總額 (89,880) 93,322 Reconciliation to the carrying amount of NCI Gross amounts of net assets	Non-current assets	非流動資產	28,632	41,127
Revenue 收入	Current liabilities	流動負債	(213,575)	(327,527)
(Loss)/profit for the year 年內(虧損)/溢利 (89,880) 93,322 Total comprehensive income 全面收益總額 (89,880) 93,322 Reconciliation to the carrying amount of NCI Gross amounts of net assets	Net assets	資產淨額	491,961	581,841
(Loss)/profit for the year 年內(虧損)/溢利 (89,880) 93,322 Total comprehensive income 全面收益總額 (89,880) 93,322 Reconciliation to the carrying amount of NCI Gross amounts of net assets				
Total comprehensive income 全面收益總額 (89,880) 93,322 Reconciliation to the carrying amount of NCI Gross amounts of net assets Elimination of the unrealised profit upon consolidation A87,442 487,442 568,645 45.5% Carrying amount of NCI 非控股權益脈面值 非控股權益脈面值 221,786 258,733 Reconciliation to the profit attributable to NCI Gross amounts of (loss)/profit (虧損)/溢利總額 (89,880) 93,322 NCI's effective interest 非控股權益所佔實際權益 (89,880) 93,322 NCI's effective interest 非控股權益所佔實際權益 (89,880) 93,322 NCI's effective interest 非控股權益所佔實際權益 45.5% 45.5% (40,895) 42,462 Cash inflow from operating activities Cash outflow from investing activities			-	
Reconciliation to the carrying amount of NCI Gross amounts of net assets	-			
### amount of NCI Gross amounts of net assets	Total comprehensive income	全山収益總額	(89,880)	93,322
(4,519) (13,196)		非控股權益賬面值對賬		
Elimination of the unrealised profit upon consolidation 合併後撇除未變現溢利 (4,519) (13,196) 487,442 568,645 NCI's effective interest 非控股權益所佔實際權益 45.5% 45.5% Carrying amount of NCI 非控股權益應佔溢利對賬 attributable to NCI (虧損)/溢利總額 (89,880) 93,322 NCI's effective interest 非控股權益所佔實際權益 45.5% 45.5% (Loss)/profit allocated to NCI 分配至非控股權益之 (虧損)/溢利 (40,895) 42,462 Cash inflow from operating activities 经營活動現金流入 82,488 88,113 Cash outflow from investing activities 投資活動現金流出 —			401.061	501 0/1
upon consolidation (4,519) (13,196) NCI's effective interest 非控股權益所佔實際權益 487,442 568,645 NCI's effective interest 非控股權益縣面值 221,786 258,733 Reconciliation to the profit attributable to NCI 非控股權益應佔溢利對賬 (89,880) 93,322 Gross amounts of (loss)/profit (虧損)/溢利總額 (89,880) 93,322 NCI's effective interest 非控股權益所佔實際權益 45.5% 45.5% (Loss)/profit allocated to NCI 分配至非控股權益之(虧損)/溢利 (40,895) 42,462 Cash inflow from operating activities 經營活動現金流入 82,488 88,113 Cash outflow from investing activities 投資活動現金流出 — —			491,901	301,041
Reconciliation to the profit 非控股權益原佔溢利對賬 attributable to NCI (虧損)/溢利 (40,895) 45.5% 45.		口川区脈际小及坑皿刊	(4.519)	(13 196)
NCI's effective interest 非控股權益所佔實際權益 45.5% 45.5% Carrying amount of NCI 非控股權益賬面值 221,786 258,733 Reconciliation to the profit 非控股權益應佔溢利對賬 attributable to NCI Gross amounts of (loss)/profit (虧損)/溢利總額 (89,880) 93,322 NCI's effective interest 非控股權益所佔實際權益 45.5% 45.5% (Loss)/profit allocated to NCI 分配至非控股權益之 (虧損)/溢利 (40,895) 42,462 Cash inflow from operating activities 经營活動現金流入 82,488 88,113 Cash outflow from investing activities 投資活動現金流出 —			(1,010)	(10,100)
NCI's effective interest 非控股權益所佔實際權益 45.5% 45.5% Carrying amount of NCI 非控股權益賬面值 221,786 258,733 Reconciliation to the profit 非控股權益應佔溢利對賬 attributable to NCI Gross amounts of (loss)/profit (虧損)/溢利總額 (89,880) 93,322 NCI's effective interest 非控股權益所佔實際權益 45.5% 45.5% (Loss)/profit allocated to NCI 分配至非控股權益之 (虧損)/溢利 (40,895) 42,462 Cash inflow from operating activities 经營活動現金流入 82,488 88,113 Cash outflow from investing activities 投資活動現金流出 —			487.442	568.645
Carrying amount of NCI 非控股權益賬面值 221,786 258,733 Reconciliation to the profit attributable to NCI (虧損)/溢利總額 (89,880) 93,322 NCI's effective interest 非控股權益所佔實際權益 45.5% 45.5% (Loss)/profit allocated to NCI 分配至非控股權益之 (虧損)/溢利 (40,895) 42,462 Cash inflow from operating activities 经營活動現金流入 82,488 88,113 Cash outflow from investing activities 投資活動現金流出 —	NCI's effective interest	非控股權益所佔實際權益	•	
Reconciliation to the profit attributable to NCI Gross amounts of (loss)/profit (虧損)/溢利總額 (89,880) 93,322 NCI's effective interest 非控股權益所佔實際權益 45.5% 45.5% 45.5% (Loss)/profit allocated to NCI 分配至非控股權益之 (虧損)/溢利 (40,895) 42,462 Cash inflow from operating activities 經營活動現金流入 82,488 88,113 Cash outflow from investing activities 投資活動現金流出 — —		7. 3—3. 1, 1— 11. 11. 2 31.3. 1, 1—		
attributable to NCI Gross amounts of (loss)/profit (虧損)/溢利總額 (89,880) 93,322 NCI's effective interest 非控股權益所佔實際權益 45.5% 45.5% (Loss)/profit allocated to NCI 分配至非控股權益之 (虧損)/溢利 (40,895) 42,462 Cash inflow from operating activities 經營活動現金流入 82,488 88,113 Cash outflow from investing activities 投資活動現金流出 —	Carrying amount of NCI	非控股權益賬面值	221,786	258,733
attributable to NCI Gross amounts of (loss)/profit (虧損)/溢利總額 (89,880) 93,322 NCI's effective interest 非控股權益所佔實際權益 45.5% 45.5% (Loss)/profit allocated to NCI 分配至非控股權益之 (虧損)/溢利 (40,895) 42,462 Cash inflow from operating activities 經營活動現金流入 82,488 88,113 Cash outflow from investing activities 投資活動現金流出 —				
Gross amounts of (loss)/profit (虧損)/溢利總額 (89,880) 93,322 NCI's effective interest 非控股權益所佔實際權益 45.5% 45.5% 45.5% 45.5% (Loss)/profit allocated to NCI 分配至非控股權益之 (虧損)/溢利 (40,895) 42,462 Cash inflow from operating activities 經營活動現金流入 82,488 88,113 Cash outflow from investing activities 投資活動現金流出 —	·	非控股權益應佔溢利對賬		
NCI's effective interest 非控股權益所佔實際權益 45.5% 45.5% 45.5% 45.5% 45.5% 45.5% 45.5% A5.5% 45.5% A5.5% A5.5		/ 		
NCI's effective interest非控股權益所佔實際權益45.5%(Loss)/profit allocated to NCI分配至非控股權益之 (虧損)/溢利(40,895)Cash inflow from operating activities經營活動現金流入 投資活動現金流出82,488 -	Gross amounts of (loss)/profit	((89,880)	93,322
NCI's effective interest非控股權益所佔實際權益45.5%(Loss)/profit allocated to NCI分配至非控股權益之 (虧損)/溢利(40,895)Cash inflow from operating activities經營活動現金流入 投資活動現金流出82,488 -				
(Loss)/profit allocated to NCI 分配至非控股權益之 (虧損)/溢利 (40,895) 42,462 Cash inflow from operating activities 經營活動現金流入 82,488 88,113 Cash outflow from investing activities 投資活動現金流出 — —	Nou « ·· · ·	ᅪᆑᇚᄷᅶᄼᄼᆝᅩᇶᇔᄺᅶ	• • •	·
(虧損)/溢利(40,895)42,462Cash inflow from operating activities經營活動現金流入82,48888,113Cash outflow from investing activities投資活動現金流出——	NCI's effective interest	非 控 胶 惟 益 川 伯 員 除 惟 益	45.5%	45.5%
(虧損)/溢利(40,895)42,462Cash inflow from operating activities經營活動現金流入82,48888,113Cash outflow from investing activities投資活動現金流出——	(Loss)/profit allocated to NCI	分配至非控股權益之		
Cash inflow from operating activities 經營活動現金流入 82,488 88,113 Cash outflow from investing activities 投資活動現金流出	(2000), profit anodated to INOI		(40.895)	42,462
Cash outflow from investing activities 投資活動現金流出	Cash inflow from operating activities			
	·		_	_
	<u> </u>		(74,254)	(143,112)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

14 於附屬公司的投資(續)

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		2023 2023年 RMB'000	2022 2022年 RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Million Cities Tianjin Jianji	萬城天津建基	450/	450/
NCI percentage	非控股權益之百分比	45%	45%
Current assets	流動資產	494,168	818,091
Non-current assets	非流動資產	52,235	58,318
Current liabilities	流動負債	(711,469)	(816,520)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(1,893)	(5,624)
Net (liabilities)/assets	(負債)/資產淨額	(166,959)	54,265
Revenue	收入	47,152	61,731
Loss for the year	年內虧損	(213,768)	(1,334)
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收益	(7,456)	(43,437)
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額	(221,224)	(44,771)
Reconciliation to the carrying amount of NCI	非控股權益賬面值對賬		
Gross amounts of net assets	淨資產總額	(166,959)	54,265
NCI's effective interest	非控股權益所佔實際權益	45%	45%
Carrying amount of NCI	非控股權益賬面值	(75,132)	24,419
Reconciliation to the profit	非控股權益應佔溢利對賬		
attributable to NCI		(040 700)	(4,004)
Gross amounts of loss	虧損總額	(213,768)	(1,334)
NOUS official to the	ᆉᆑᇞᅓᆇᅂᄼᇶᄤᅝᅩᅩ	450/	450/
NCI's effective interest	非控股權益所佔實際權益	45%	45%
Loss allocated to NCI	分配至非控股權益之虧損	(96,196)	(600)
Cash inflow/(outflow) from operating	經營活動現金流入/(流出)	(55, 156)	(000)
activities	~ = / = 37 / 0 = //IU/ / / //IUH/	18,275	(24,496)
Cash inflow from investing activities	投資活動現金流入	943	_
Cash outflow from financing activities	融資活動現金流出	(20,607)	(8,312)

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

15 INTEREST IN ASSOCIATES

15 於聯營公司的權益

		2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Share of net assets Capital loans to associates (note)	應佔資產淨值 向聯營公司提供資金貸款	96,581	275,884
	(附註)	115,021	171,037
		211,602	446,921

Note: The balances are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment, and are expected to be recovered after one year.

附註:有關結餘無抵押、免息且無固定還款 期,預期將於一年後收回。

The following list contains the particulars of all associates, all of which are unlisted corporate entities whose quoted market price is not available:

下表列出均為非上市公司實體且並無市場報價之所有聯營公司的資料:

Proportion of ownership interest held by the Group's subsidiary 由本集團附屬公司持有的擁有權權益比例

Name of associate	Form of business structure	Place of incorporation and business 註冊成立及	Particulars of issued and paid- up capital 已發行及	2023	2022	Principal activity
聯營公司名稱	業務架構形式	經營地點	繳足股本詳情	2023年	2022年	主要業務活動
Gold Concept Development Limited "Gold Concept"	Incorporated	BVI	USD 100	30%	30%	Investment holding
	註冊成立	英屬維爾京群島	100美元	30%	30%	投資控股
Asia Image (H.K.) Limited "Asia Image"*1	Incorporated	Hong Kong	HKD 1	30%	30%	Investment holding
	註冊成立	香港	1港元	30%	30%	投資控股
Henan Julongju Real Estate Co., Ltd. "Henan Julongju"*1	Incorporated	Chinese Mainland	HKD 20,000,000	30%	30%	Property development
河南聚龍居置業有限公司(河南聚龍居)#	註冊成立	中國大陸	20,000,000港元	30%	30%	物業發展
Henan Julongwan Property Management Co., Ltd.*1	Incorporated	Chinese Mainland	RMB20,000	30%	30%	Property management
河南聚龍灣物業管理有限公司#	註冊成立	中國大陸	人民幣20,000元	30%	30%	物業發展

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

15 INTEREST IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

15 於聯營公司的權益(續)

Proportion of ownership interest held by the Group's subsidiary 由本集團附屬公司持有的 擁有權權益比例

Name of associate 聯營公司名稱	Form of business structure 業務架構形式	Place of incorporation and business 註冊成立及 經營地點	Particulars of issued and paid- up capital 已發行及 繳足股本詳情	2023 2023年	2022 2022年	Principal activity 主要業務活動
Huizhou Logan Junhong Real Estate Limited ("Logan Junhono")	Incorporate	Chinese Mainland	RMB529,409,070	30%	30%	Property development
惠州市龍光駿宏房地產有限公司(「龍光駿宏」)*	註冊成立	中國大陸	人民幣 529,409,070元	30%	30%	物業發展
Well Kong Investments Limited ("Well Kong Investment")	Incorporated	BVI	USD 2	50%	50%	Investment holding
惠港投資有限公司(「惠港投資」)	註冊成立	英屬維爾京群島	2美元	50%	50%	投資控股
Well Kong (H.K.) Limited*2 惠港(香港)有限公司*2	Incorporated 註冊成立	Hong Kong 香港	HKD 10,000 10,000港元	50% 50%	50% 50%	Investment holding 投資控股
Huizhou Well Kong Real Estate Co., Ltd.*2 惠州惠港置業有限公司#	Incorporated 註冊成立	Chinese Mainland 中國大陸	RMB88,000,000 人民幣 88,000,000元	50% 50%	50% 50%	Property development 物業發展
Huizhou Dewanxin Information Consulting Co., LTD 惠州市德萬鑫信息諮詢有限公司#	Incorporated 註冊成立	Chinese Mainland 中國大陸	- -	50% 50%	50% 50%	Management advisory 管理諮詢
Huizhou Yayuntong Information Consulting Co. LTD 惠州市雅雲通信息諮詢有限公司#	Incorporated 註冊成立	Chinese Mainland 中國大陸	- -	30% 30%	30% 30%	Management advisory 管理諮詢

^{*1} These companies are wholly-owned by Gold Concept.

All associates are accounted for using the equity method in the consolidated financial statements.

所有聯營公司以權益法於綜合財務報表 入賬。

^{*2} These companies are wholly-owned by Well Kong Investment.

^{*} These entities are Chinese Mainland limited liability companies. The English translation of the companies' names are for reference only. The official names of these companies are in Chinese.

i 該等公司由Gold Concept全資擁有。

^{*2} 該等公司由惠港投資全資擁有。

^{*} 該等實體為中國大陸有限責任公司。公司英文譯名僅供參考,中文名為官方名稱。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

15 INTEREST IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

Management considers that Gold Concept together with its subsidiaries ("Gold Concept Group"), Logan Junhong, and Well Kong Investment together with its subsidiaries ("Well Kong Group") have significant impact to the financial position and performance of the Group individually.

The summarised consolidated financial information on Gold Concept Group, adjusted for any differences in accounting policies, and reconciled to the carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements for the year is as follows:

15 於聯營公司的權益(續)

管理層認為Gold Concept連同其附屬公司(「Gold Concept集團」)、龍光駿宏及惠港投資連同其附屬公司(「惠港集團」)將分別對本集團的財務狀況及表現產生重大影響。

Gold Concept集團綜合財務資料概要(就會計政策的任何差異作出調整並與於年度綜合財務報表的賬面值對賬)載列如下:

Gold Concept Group Gold Concept集團

		2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Gross amounts of associates	聯營公司之總額		
Current assets Non-current assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities Equity Included in the above assets and liabilities:	流動資產 非流動資產 流動負債 非流動負債 權益 上述資產及負債包括:	918,204 92 (991,622) (7,250) (80,576)	1,149,233 6,726 (1,089,574) (9,157) 57,228
Cash and cash equivalents and pledged and restricted deposits	現金及現金等價物和已抵押 及受限制存款	60,972	66,699
Revenue Loss for the year Other comprehensive income Total comprehensive income	收入 年內虧損 其他全面收益 全面收益總額	210,175 (136,511) (1,293) (137,804)	40,346 (3,177) (7,575) (10,752)
Reconciled to the Group's interest in associates	與本集團於聯營公司的 權益對賬		
Gross amounts of net (liabilities)/ assets of associates Group's effective interest	聯營公司淨(負債)/資產 總額 本集團所佔實際權益	(80,576) 30%	57,228 30%
Group's share of net (liabilities)/ assets of associates	本集團應佔聯營公司 (負債)/資產淨額	(24,173)	17,168
Capital loans to associates-non- current portion (note)	給予聯營公司的資金貸款 一 非流動部分(附註)	115,021	111,706
Carrying amount of the Group's interest	本集團權益的賬面值	90,848	128,874

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

15 INTEREST IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

The summarised consolidated financial information on Logan Junhong, adjusted for any differences in accounting policies, and reconciled to the carrying amounts in the financial statements for the year is as follows:

15 於聯營公司的權益(續)

龍光駿宏綜合財務資料概要(就會計政策 的任何差異作出調整並與於年度財務報 表的賬面值對賬)載列如下:

		2023 2023年	2022 2022年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
		人以市「九	八八市「九
Gross amounts of associates	聯營公司之總額		
Current assets	流動資產	610,415	1,533,719
Non-current assets	非流動資產	13,654	7,953
Current liabilities	流動負債	(217,777)	(1,006,247)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(1,067)	_
Total equity	權益總額	405,225	535,425
Included in the above assets and liabilities:	上述資產及負債包括:		
Cash and cash equivalents and	現金及現金等價物和已抵押		
pledged and restricted deposits	及受限制存款	24,020	217,932
Revenue	收入	671,471	55,231
Loss for the year	年內虧損	(141,811)	(8,634)
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額	(141,811)	(8,634)
Reconciled to the Group's	與本集團於聯營公司的		
interest in associates	權益對賬		
Gross amounts of net assets of	聯營公司淨資產總額		
associates		405,225	535,425
Elimination of the unrealised profit upon consolidation	合併後撇除未變現溢利	(2,844)	(9,665)
		402,381	525,760
Group's effective interest	本集團所佔實際權益	30%	30%
Group's share of net assets of	本集團應佔聯營公司資產		
associates	淨額	120,714	157,728
Carrying amount of the Group's	本集團權益的賬面值		
interest	个不图准里以及四日	120,714	157,728
		,	101,120

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

15 INTEREST IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

The summarised consolidated financial information on Well Kong Group, adjusted for any differences in accounting policies, and reconciled to the carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements for the year is as follows:

15 於聯營公司的權益(續)

惠港集團綜合財務資料概要(就會計政策的任何差異作出調整並與於年度綜合財務報表的 賬面值對賬)載列如下:

Well Kong Group 惠港集團

		20.70 XV PM	
		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Gross amounts of associates	聯營公司之總額		
Current assets	流動資產	804,347	1,253,045
Non-current assets	非流動資產	14,060	20,143
Current liabilities	流動負債	(968,000)	(1,043,693)
	非流動負債	(900,000)	
Non-current liabilities		-	(20,495)
Equity	權益	(149,593)	209,000
Included in the above assets and	上述資產及負債包括:		
liabilities:			
Cash and cash equivalents and	現金及現金等價物和已抵押		
pledged and restricted deposits	及受限制存款	3,225	45,469
picagea ana recinera acpecito	2000 120 130 300	5,225	.0, .00
Revenue	收入	40,782	657,273
(Loss)/Profit for the year	年內(虧損)/溢利	(357,310)	85,745
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收益	(1,283)	(7,498)
·			, , ,
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額	(358,593)	78,247
Reconciled to the Group's	與本集團於聯營公司的		
interest in associates	權益對賬		
Gross amounts of Well Kong Group's	惠港集團淨資產總額		
net assets		(149,593)	209,000
Elimination of the unrealised profit	合併後撇除未變現溢利		
upon consolidation		(6,658)	(7,024)
aport cortocitation		(0,000)	(1,024)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

15 INTEREST IN ASSOCIATES (Continued) 15 於聯營公司的權益(續)

Well Kong Group 惠港集團

		2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Group's effective interest	本集團所佔實際權益	(156,251) 50%	201,976 50%
Group's share of Well Kong Group's net (liabilities)/assets Capital loans to associates-non-current portion (note)	本集團分佔惠港集團淨 (負債)/資產 給予聯營公司的資金貸款 一 非流動部分(附註)	(78,126) 60,018	100,988 59,331
Carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements	綜合財務報表內的賬面值	(18,108)	160,319
Represented: Interest in associate Provision — potential obligation to the associates	指: 於聯營公司的權益 撥備 一 對聯營公司的潛在 義務	– 18,108	160,319 —

Note: The balances are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment, and are expected to be recovered after one year.

Aggregate information of associates that are not individually material is as follows:

附註:有關結餘無抵押、免息且無固定還款 期,預期將於一年後收回。

個別計算並不重大的聯營公司的資料匯總如 下:

2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
94	1
40	
	2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

16 NON-CURRENT ASSETS HELD FOR SALE 16 持作出售的非流動資產

		2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Non-current assets held for sale (note)	持作出售的非流動資產 (附註)	_	92,965

In 2020, the Group entered into a Cooperation Agreement with Access Prosper International Limited and Mr. Chan Cheung Tim (together the "Partner"), pursuant to which, the Group and the Partner invested to 30% and 70% of the issued share capital in Star Linkage Financial Holdings Limited ("Star Linkage") respectively. Star Linkage together with its subsidiaries ("Star Linkage Group") were treated as an associate of the Group (the "Associate"). The Group has paid a capital loan of RMB93 million to the Associate in 2020.

On 30 December 2021, the Group and the Partner entered into a termination agreement (the "Termination Agreement"), pursuant to which the Group and the Partner agreed to terminate the Cooperation Agreement by way of the Partner acquiring 30% of the issued share capital in Star Linkage from the Group, at a consideration of approximately RMB100,338,000 ("Consideration"), being the sum of capital loan made by the Group in an amount of RMB93,000,000 plus an interest amount of approximately RMB7,338,000, being accrued at an interest rate of 4% per annum from 10 January 2020 to 30 December 2021. The Consideration shall be paid to the Group within 120 days upon signing of the Termination Agreement. This constituted a forward contract.

於2020年,本 集 團 與Access Prosper International Limited及陳長添先生(統稱「合夥人」)訂立合作協議,本集團與合夥人分別投資Star Linkage Financial Holdings Limited(「Star Linkage」)的30%及70%已發行股本。Star Linkage連同其附屬公司(「Star Linkage集團」)視為本集團的聯營公司(「聯營公司」)。本集團已於2020年向聯營公司支付人民幣9,300萬元的資本貸款。

2021年12月30日,本集團與合夥人訂立終止協議(「終止協議」),據此,本集團與合夥人同意通過合夥人自本集團收購所持Star Linkage 30%的已發行股本終止合作協議,代價約為人民幣100,338,000元(「代價」),即本集團的資本貸款人民幣93,000,000元加上利息約人民幣7,338,000元(2020年1月10日至2021年12月30日按年利率4%計息)。代價應於終止協議簽訂後120天內支付予本集團。該協議構成遠期合約。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

16 NON-CURRENT ASSETS HELD FOR SALE 16 持作出售的非流動資產(續) (Continued)

Upon signing of the Termination Agreement, the Cooperation Agreement was terminated and the Group was released from its capital contribution obligations and all other obligations and commitments under the Cooperation Agreement. The Group reclassified the interests in Star Linkage Group to non-current assets held for sale accordingly and recognised at the lower of the carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. The forward contract was accounted for at fair value.

終止協議簽訂後,合作協議即告終止,本集團將免除出資責任及合作協議項下的所有其他責任和承諾。本集團因此將於Star Linkage集團的權益重新分類至持作出售的非流動資產,並按賬面值及公平值減銷售成本中的較低者確認。遠期合約按公平值入賬。

On 30 June 2022, the Group and the Partner entered into a supplementary agreement to the Termination Agreement, pursuant to which, the Group and the Partner agreed to amend the payment terms of the Consideration whereby the balance of the Consideration, together with interest payable on the outstanding Consideration calculated at 4% per annum, shall be paid to the Group of RMB5,000,000 per month, with the last payment being settled no later than 28 December 2023. Legal title of the equity interests and the corresponding rights in Star Linkage will only be transferred to the Partner upon full settlement of the Consideration and the corresponding interests.

2022年6月30日,本集團與合夥人訂立終 止協議之補充協議,據此,本集團與合夥 人同意修訂代價的支付條款,須按月向 本集團支付人民幣5,000,000元的代價餘 額(連同未償還代價餘額按4%年利率計 算的應付利息)最後一筆付款不遲於2023 年12月28日結算。Star Linkage股權及相 應權利的法定所有權僅於悉數結算支付 代價及相應利息後轉至合夥人。

As at 31 December 2023, all the outstanding balance has been settled by the Partner and the corresponding equity interests in the Associate has been transferred to the Partner. A gain of RMB11,344,000 has been recognised in other net income (see note 5).

截至2023年12月31日,合夥人已結清所有未償餘額,聯營公司的相應股權已轉讓予合夥人。人民幣11,344,000元已在其他淨收入中確認收益(見附註5)。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

17 OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS

On 5 May 2022, the Group, Mr. Wong Ting Chung, the chairman and executive director of the Company and a third party (the "Borrower") entered into a loan agreement, pursuant to which, the Group grants a loan of RMB96,500,000 to the Borrower for a term of 3 years with an interest rate of 4% per annum, and Mr. Wong Ting Chung provides a personal guarantee to the Borrower in favour of the Group. The Borrower shall repay the whole principal amount together with all accrued interest due and payable to the Group on 4 May 2025, or repay part of the principal amount together with all accrued interest due throughout the term of the loan by instalments, or on demand by the Group.

Up to 31 December 2023, the Group has accrued interest income of RMB3,914,000 in respect of the loan.

17 其他非流動資產

於2022年5月5日,本集團、本公司主席 兼執行董事王庭聰先生及第三方(「借款 人」)訂立貸款協議,本集團向借款為提 供為期三年、年利率為4%的貸款額為 民幣96,500,000元之貸款,而王庭聰先生 向借款人提供以本集團為受益人的向 擔保。借款人須於2025年5月4日向本 團償還全部本金及到期應付本集團 有應計利息,或於本集團要求 時償還。

截至2023年12月31日,本集團來自該貸款的應計利息收入為人民幣3,914,000元。

18 INVENTORIES AND OTHER CONTRACT COSTS

18 存貨及其他合約成本

		2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Inventories Properties held for development Completed properties for sale	存貨 持作發展物業 待售已竣工物業	57,833 602,471	42,023 1,413,566
		660,304	1,455,589

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

18 INVENTORIES AND OTHER CONTRACT COSTS (Continued)

(a) The analysis of the amount of inventories recognised as an expense and included in profit or loss is as follows:

18 存貨及其他合約成本(續)

(a) 確認為開支並計入損益的存貨金額 分析如下:

		2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Carrying amount of inventories sold	已售存貨的賬面值	331,066	255,096
Write-down of inventories	存貨撇減	475,069	40,997
		806,135	296,093

As at 31 December 2023, the amount of inventories expected to be recovered after more than one year is RMB594,187,000 (2022: RMB1,400,743,000). All of the other inventories are expected to be recovered within one year.

於2023年12月31日,預期於超過一年後收回的存貨金額為人民幣594,187,000元(2022年:人民幣1,400,743,000元)。所有其他存貨預期於一年內收回。

- **(b)** The analysis of carrying value of land held for property development for sale is as follows:
- **(b)** 持作待售物業發展土地的賬面價值 分析如下:

		2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
		70000	7(2(1) 170
In Chinese Mainland, with	於中國大陸,剩餘租期為:		
remaining lease term of:			
50 years or more	- 50年或以上		
(long leases)	(長期租約)	57,377	80,166
 between 10 and 50 years 	- 10至50年之間		
(medium-term leases)	(中期租約)	67,700	86,052
		125,077	166,218

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

18 INVENTORIES AND OTHER CONTRACT COSTS (Continued)

(c) Other contract costs

Other contract costs capitalised as at 31 December 2023 relate to the incremental sales commissions paid to property agents whose selling activities resulted in customers entering into sale and purchase agreements for the Group's properties which are still under development as at 31 December 2023.

Other contract costs are recognised as part of "selling expenses" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss in the period in which revenue from the related property sales is recognised. Other contract costs of RMB33,819,000 were recognised in profit or loss during the year ended 31 December 2023 (2022: RMB29,641,000).

There was no capitalised contract costs that is expected to be recovered after more than one year as at 31 December 2023 (2022: Nil).

18 存貨及其他合約成本(續)

(c) 其他合約成本

於2023年12月31日,就向物業代理 支付的增量銷售佣金將其他合約成 本資本化,有關物業代理的銷售活 動使客戶就本集團2023年12月31日 仍在建的物業訂立買賣協議。

其他合約成本於確認相關物業銷售收益期間於綜合損益表確認為「銷售開支」的一部分。其他合約成本人民幣33,819,000元於截至2023年12月31日止年度的損益確認(2022年:人民幣29,641,000元)。

於2023年12月31日,概無預期於超過一年後收回的資本化合約成本(2022年:零)。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

19 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

19 貿易及其他應收款項

		2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Trade debtors (note (a))	應收賬款(附註(a))		
Gross rentals from properties	物業租金總額	314	314
		04.4	04.4
		314	314
Amounts due from associates (note (b))	應收聯營公司款項 (附註(b))	18,000	18,054
Amounts due from non-controlling	應收非控股權益款項		0.4.505
interests (note (b))	(附註(b))	64,411	24,565
Other debtors	其他應收款項	48,236	63,961
Financial assets measured	按攤餘成本計量的金融資產	400 004	100.004
at amortised cost		130,961	106,894
Deposits	按金	869	2,518
Prepayments (note (c))	預付款項(附註(c))	18,265	26,968
		150,095	136,380

All of the trade and other debtors are expected to be recovered or recognised as expenses within one year.

(a) As at 31 December 2023, the ageing analysis of trade debtors, based on the date the trade debtors recognised, net of allowance for doubtful debts, is as follows:

所有貿易及其他應收款項預期於一年內 收回或確認為費用。

(a) 於2023年12月31日,應 收 賬 款(已 扣除呆賬撥備)基於應收賬款確認日期的賬齡分析如下:

		2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Within 1 month	1個月內	_	1
1 to 3 months	1至3個月	1	1
3 to 6 months	3至6個月	2	2
Over 6 months	6個月以上	311	310
		314	314

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

19 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

(Continued)

(a) (Continued)

The Group's credit policy is set out in note 29(a).

As at 31 December 2023, no trade debtors were past due (2022: nil). Based on experience, management believes that no loss allowance is necessary in respect of the trade debtors as there has not been a significant change in credit quality. The Group is of the view that the expected irrecoverable trade debtors were insignificant. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

- (b) The amounts due from associates and non-controlling interests were interest-free, unsecured and recovered within one year.
- (c) As at 31 December 2023, the balance mainly included prepayments for VAT and surcharges with an aggregated amount of RMB17,364,000 (2022: RMB26,163,000).

19 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

(a) (續)

本集團信貸政策載於附註29(a)。

截至2023年12月31日,並無應收賬款逾期(2022年:無)。基於經驗,管理層認為由於信貸質素並無重大改變,故毋須就應收賬款計提損失撥備。本集團認為預計無法收回應收賬款的機會很低。本集團並無就該等結餘持有任何抵押品。

- (b) 應收聯營公司及非控股權益款項均 為免息、無抵押且已於一年內收回。
- (c) 於2023年12月31日,有關結餘主要包括增值税及附加費的預付款項合 共為人民幣17,364,000元(2022年: 人民幣26,163,000元)。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

20 PLEDGED AND RESTRICTED DEPOSITS 20 已抵押及受限制存款

		2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Pledged for mortgage arrangements of the property buyers (note (a)) Restricted deposits for the construction contracts (note (b))	就物業買家按揭安排作抵押 (附註(a)) 建築合約的受限制存款 (附註(b))(附註(c))	13,320	15,159
(note (c)) Others	其他	– 3,321	40,491 11,064
001010	/\ IE	0,021	11,004
		16,641	66,714

Notes:

- (a) The balance represents cash deposits placed in banks to secure the banks' mortgage loans granted to property buyers. Such deposits will be released after the property ownership certificates of the relevant properties are pledged to the banks.
- (b) The balance represents pre-sale proceeds to secure the future payments of the constructions of the Group's properties development projects. Such restricted deposits will be released for the payments for construction costs of the related property development projects or upon completion of the construction.
- (c) As at 31 December 2023, there were no proceeds from the pre-sale of properties included in restricted deposits which were placed in designated bank accounts by certain of the Group's Chinese Mainland subsidiaries in accordance with relevant rules and regulations issued by local government authorities (2022: RMB40,491,000).

附註:

- (a) 結餘指存放於銀行的現金按金,作為向物業買家所授銀行按揭貸款的抵押品。該等按金將於相關物業的房屋所有權證質押予銀行後解除。
- (b) 結餘指本集團物業發展項目建設日後付款的預售所得款項。該等受限制存款將於用於支付有關物業發展項目的建築成本或竣工時解除。
- (c) 於2023年12月31日,沒有預售物業所得 款項存放在受限制存款銀行賬戶(指本 集團若干中國大陸附屬公司根據地方政 府部門發佈的相關規則及法規存入指定 的銀行賬戶)內(2022年:人民幣 40.491,000元)。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

21 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

(a) Cash and cash equivalents comprise of:

21 現金及現金等價物

(a) 現金及現金等價物包括:

	2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cash at bank and on hand 以下列貨幣計值的銀行 denominated in: 手頭現金: — RMB — 人民幣 — 港元 — 以SD — 美元	及 291,125 72,158 11	162,560 42,989 12
	363,294	205,561

- (i) As at 31 December 2023, cash and cash equivalents situated in Chinese Mainland amounted to RMB291,119,000 (2022: RMB162,553,000). Remittance of funds out of Chinese Mainland is subject to relevant rules and regulations of foreign exchange control.
- (ii) As at 31 December 2023, no proceeds from the pre-sale of properties were placed in designated bank accounts by certain of the Group's Chinese Mainland subsidiaries in accordance with relevant rules and regulations issued by local government authorities (2022: RMB6,672,000). Such deposits can only be used for settlement of purchase of construction materials, tax payments and construction fees of the relevant property development projects upon approval from the local government authorities.
- (i) 截至2023年12月31日,位於中國大陸的現金及現金等價物為人民幣291,119,000元(2022年:人民幣162,553,000元)。自中國大陸匯款出境須遵守相關外匯管制規則及條例。
- (ii) 於2023年12月31日,沒有預售物業所得款項存放在本集團若干中國大陸附屬公司根據地方政府部門發佈的相關規則及法規指定的銀行賬戶內(2022年:人民幣6,672,000元)。獲得地方政府部門批准後,該等存款僅可用於購買建築材料及支付相關物業發展項目的稅款及建築費。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

21 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

(Continued)

(b) Reconciliation of (loss)/profit before taxation to cash generated from operation:

21 現金及現金等價物(續)

(b) 除税前(虧損)/溢利與經營所得現金的對賬:

		Note 附註	2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
(Loss)/profit before taxation	除税前(虧損)/溢利		(526,246)	237,055
Adjustments for: Write-down of inventories Depreciation and amortisation Net loss/(gain) on disposals of property, plant and	作出調整: 存貨撇減 折舊及攤銷 出售物業、廠房及設備 的虧損/(收益)淨額	18(a) 7(c)	475,069 7,220	40,997 5,823
equipment Finance costs Interest income Net valuation loss/(gain) on	融資成本 利息收入 投資物業的估值虧損/	7(a) 5	(200) 6,363 (8,697)	4,622 (5,912)
investment properties Share of profits less losses of	(收益)淨額 分佔聯營公司溢利減	13(a)	37,030	(17,093)
associates	新祖		258,965	(42,835)
Equity settled share-based payment expenses	基礎支付的開支金融工具公平值變動	26(b)	-	162
Changes in fair value of financial instruments			(27,944)	-
Net unrealised exchange loss/ (gain)	未變現匯兑虧損/(收益)淨額		74	436
Changes in working capital:	營運資金變動:			
Decrease in inventories and other contract costs	存貨及其他合約成本 減少		314,536	227,040
Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項 減少/(增加)		26,125	(1,696)
Decrease/(increase) in pledged and restricted deposits	已抵押及受限制存款 減少/(增加)		50,073	(19,932)
Increase/(decrease) in contract liabilities	合約負債增加/(減少)		11,855	(140,048)
Decrease in trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項 減少		(172,493)	(222,426)
Increase in provision	預提費用增加	15	18,108	
Cash generated from operations	經營所得現金	10	469,838	66,193
- Operations			409,038	00,193

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

21 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

(Continued)

(c) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are liabilities for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

21 現金及現金等價物(續)

(c) 融資活動所產生負債的對賬

下表詳列本集團融資活動所產生負債之變動,包括現金及非現金變動。融資活動產生的負債為現金流量或未來現金流量的負債,並將作為融資活動所得現金流量計入本集團的綜合現金流量表。

		Bank loans and interest payables 應付銀行 貸款及利息 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Amounts due to related parties 應付關聯方 款項 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (note 32(c)) (附註32(c))	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (note 25) (附註25)	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2023	於 2023 年1月1日	158,400	426,007	210	584,617
Changes from financing cash flows:	融資現金流量變動:				
Repayment of bank loans Capital element of lease rentals	償還銀行貸款 已付租金資本部分	(158,400)	-	-	(158,400)
paid	88 TW -> +1 +1-	-	_	(134)	(134)
Advances from related parties Repayment to related parties	關聯方墊款 向關聯方還款	_	64,835 (101,384)	_	64,835 (101,384)
Interest paid on bank loans	已付銀行貸款利息	(6,357)	(101,004)	_	(6,357)
Interest element of lease rentals paid	已付租金利息部分	_	_	(6)	(6)
Total changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流量變動總額	(164,757)	(36,549)	(140)	(201,446)
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	-	3,364	(48)	3,316
Other changes: Interest on bank loans (note 7(a)) Change in fair value of financial	其他變動: 銀行貸款利息(附註7(a)) 金融工具公平值變動	6,357	-	_	6,357
instruments		-	(27,944)	-	(27,944)
Interest on lease liabilities (note 7(a))	租賃負債利息(附註7(a))	-	_	6	6
Total other changes	其他變動總額	6,357	(27,944)	6	(21,581)
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	-	364,878	28	364,906

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

21 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

21 現金及現金等價物(續)

(Continued)

(c) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities (Continued)

(c) 融資活動所產生負債的對賬(續)

		Bank loans and interest payables 應付銀行貸款及利息RMB'000人民幣千元	Amounts due to related parties 應付關聯方 款項 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (note 32(c)) (附註32(c))	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (note 25) (附註25)	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2022	於2022年1月1日	322,919	399,233	666	722,818
Changes from financing cash flows:	融資現金流量變動:				
Repayment of bank loans	償還銀行貸款	(164,099)	_	_	(164,099)
Capital element of lease rentals paid	已付租金資本部分	_	_	(456)	(456)
Advances from related parties	關聯方墊款	_	64,705	_	64,705
Repayment to related parties	向關聯方還款	_	(57,417)	_	(57,417)
Interest paid on bank loans	已付銀行貸款利息	(12,562)	_	_	(12,562)
Interest element of lease rentals paid	已付租金利息部分		_	(20)	(20)
Total changes from financing	融資現金流量變動總額				
cash flows		(176,661)	7,288	(476)	(169,849)
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	_	19,486	_	19,486
Other changes: Interest on bank loans (note 7(a)) Interest on lease liabilities (note 7(a))	其他變動 : 銀行貸款利息(附註7(a)) 租賃負債利息(附註7(a))	12,142	- -	_ 20	12,142 20
	EXXIATIO (III EI (W) /				20
Total other changes	其他變動總額	12,142		20	12,162
At 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日	158,400	426,007	210	584,617

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

21 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

(Continued)

(d) Total cash outflow for leases

Amounts included in the cash flow statement for leases comprise the following:

21 現金及現金等價物(續)

(d) 租賃之現金流出總額

就租賃計入現金流量表之金額包括 以下各項:

		2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Within operating cash flows Within financing cash flows	計入經營現金流量 計入融資現金流量	732 134	34 476
		866	510

22 BANK LOANS

This note provides information about the contractual terms of the Group's bank loans. For more information about the Group's exposure to interest rate risk, please refer to note 29(c).

22 銀行貸款

此附註提供本集團銀行貸款的合約條款的相關資料。有關本集團利率風險的更多資料,請參閱附註29(c)。

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Secured	有抵押	_	158,400

The secured bank loans with amount RMB158,400,000 as at 31 December 2022 was secured by assets below:

於2022年12月31日,有抵押銀行貸款人民幣158,400,000元以下列資產作抵押:

	2023 2023年	2022 2022年
	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Inventories (note 18(a)) 存貨(附註18(a))	_	381,084

The bank loan was fully repaid in 2023.

該貸款於2023年已悉數償清。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

23 CONTRACT LIABILITIES

23 合約負債

The following table provides information about contract liabilities from contracts with customers:

下表列載有關客戶合約負債的資料:

		2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Contract liabilities — Receipts in advance from property sales	合約負債 - 物業銷售 預收款	78,161	66,307

Contract liabilities represented payments received from customers on sale of properties. Contract liabilities are recognised in profit or loss when the related properties are delivered.

合約負債指客戶就物業銷售的付款。合 約負債於交付相關物業時於損益確認。

Movements in contract liabilities

合約負債變動

		2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Balance at 1 January Decrease in contract liabilities as a result of recognising revenue during the year that was included in the contract liabilities at the	於1月1日的結餘 合約負債因年內將計入年初 合約負債的金額確認為 收入而減少	66,307	192,362
beginning of the year Increase in contract liabilities as a result of receipts in advance from property sales during the year in respect of properties with revenue recognition not being met	合約負債因年內於 12月31日仍然未確認收入 的物業銷售預收款而增加	(43,006)	(160,148)
as at 31 December Increase in contract liabilities as a result of accruing interest expense on receipt in advance	合約負債因所收取預付款的 計提利息開支而增加	54,860 —	33,635 458
Balance at 31 December	於12月31日的結餘	78,161	66,307

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

24 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

24 貿易及其他應付款項

		2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Trade creditors (note (a))	應付賬款(附註(a))	74,423	203,010
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	59,794	62,414
Amounts due to related parties	應付關聯方款項(附註(b))		
(note (b))		312,984	384,729
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	以攤餘成本計量的金融負債	447,201	650,153
Financial guarantee issued (note (c))	已發出的財務擔保 (附註(c))	4,096	1,529
Amount due to the shareholder and non-controlling interests (note (d))	應付股東及非控股權益款項 (附註(d))	48,302	76,246
Derivative financial instruments (note 16)	衍生金融工具(附註16)	_	54,000
		499,599	781,928

- (a) Ageing analysis of trade creditors included in trade and other payables as at 31 December 2023, based on the date of the trade payables recognised:
- (a) 於2023年12月31日按已確認貿易應 付款項日期之應付賬款(計入貿易 及其他應付款項)的賬齡分析:

		2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Within 3 months 3 to 6 months 6 to 12 months Over 12 months	3個月內 3至6個月 6至12個月 12個月以上	1,737 1,606 2,724 68,356	170,711 2,171 653 29,475
		74,423	203,010

All trade and other payables are expected to be settled within one year or are repayable on demand.

所有貿易及其他應付款項預期會於 一年內償還或按求時償付。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

24 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

(Continued)

- (b) The amounts due to related parties are interest-free, unsecured and repayable on demand.
- On 17 March 2021, Huizhou Logan Junhong Real Estate Limited ("Logan Junhong"), the associate of the Group, entered into a loan agreement ("Loan Agreement") with total bank facility amounted to RMB420,000,000 which was 100% guaranteed by Logan Group Company Limited ("Logan Group"). On 10 May 2021, the Group and Logan Group, entered into a counter-guarantee agreement ("Counterguarantee") pursuant to which the Group has agreed, subject to the terms and conditions contained therein to provide a counter-guarantee to Logan Group with regard to the Loan Agreement in proportion to the Group's respective equity interest in Logan Junhong (30%). As at 31 December 2023, the total bank loan secured by the Counterquarantee attributable to the Group was RMB29,100,000 (2022: RMB84,000,000). Deferred income in respect of the financial guarantees issued was RMB4,096,000 (31 December 2022: RMB1,529,000).
- (d) Pursuant to the Capital Injection Agreement between Huizhou Yuefu and its shareholders signed on 25 June 2018 (the "Agreement"), an amount representing the sum of the retained profits as at 31 May 2018, and the estimated unrealised gain arising from the unsold inventories as at 31 May 2018, should be distributed to the original shareholders in accordance with share proportion before the capital injection. The balance is recognised at fair value. The balance is unsecured and expected to be settled upon disposal of the relevant inventories.

24 貿易及其他應付款項(續)

- (b) 應付關聯方款項為免息、無抵押及 要求時償還。
- (c) 2021年3月17日,本集團的聯營公 司惠州市龍光駿宏房地產有限公司 (「龍光駿宏」)訂立銀行融資總額 為人民幣420,000,000元的貸款 協議(「貸款協議」),該筆貸款由 龍光集團有限公司(「龍光集團」) 全額擔保。於2021年5月10日,本集 團與龍光集團訂立反擔保協議 (「反擔保」),據此,本集團同意根 據該協議所載條款及條件按本集團 所持龍光駿宏的股權比例(30%) 就貸款協議向龍光集團提供反擔 保。截至2023年12月31日,反擔保 下歸屬本集團的銀行貸款總額為人 民幣29.100.000元(2022年:人民幣 84,000,000元)。已發出財務擔保 的 遞 延 收 入 為 人 民 幣4.096.000元 (2022年12月31日:人民幣1.529.000 元)。
- (d) 根據惠州悦富與其股東於2018年6月 25日簽訂的注資協議(「該協議」), 金額相當於2018年5月31日之保留溢 利及2018年5月31日未出售存貨之估 計未變現收益之和的款項將按照注 資前的股權比例分派予原股東。結 餘按公平值確認。結餘為無抵押, 預期於相關存貨出售時結算。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

25 LEASE LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2023, the lease liabilities were repayable as follows:

25 租賃負債

於2023年12月31日,租賃負債須按以下時間償還:

		2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Within 1 year	1年內	28	162
After 1 year but within 2 years	1年後但2年內	_	48
		28	210

26 EQUITY SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS

On 29 March 2019, 23,700,000 share options were granted for nil consideration to the directors and certain employees of the Group under the Company's employee share option scheme. The share options have a term of 10 years commencing from 29 March 2019, or until the early termination of the share options in accordance with the share option scheme. Each option gives the holder the right to subscribe for one ordinary share of the Company. These share options will vest in 3 equal tranches in three years, and become exercisable until 28 March 2029. The exercise price is HKD1.362, being the weighted average closing price of the Company's ordinary shares for five business days immediately preceding the date of grant.

26 以權益結算以股份為基礎的交易

2019年3月29日,23,700,000份購股權根據本公司僱員購股權計劃以零代價授予董事及本集團僱員。該等購股權可於2019年3月29日起10年內行使,或直至根據購股權計劃提前終止購股權。每份購股權可供持有人認購一股本公司普通股本公司等額歸屬,直至2029年3月28日仍可行使。行使價為1.362港元,即緊接授出日期前面價。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

26 EQUITY SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(a) The major terms and conditions of the share options are as follows:

26 以權益結算以股份為基礎的交易 (續)

(a) 購股權的主要條款及條件如下:

	Number of instruments 工具數目	Vesting conditions 歸屬條件	Exercise period 行使期
Options granted to directors:			
向董事授出的購股權:			
— on 29 March 2019	5,000,000	1 year from the date of grant	29 March 2020 to 28 March 2029
- 2019年3月29日		授出日期起一年	2020年3月29日至 2029年3月28日
- on 29 March 2019	5,000,000	2 years from the date of grant	29 March 2021 to 28 March 2029
- 2019年3月29日		授出日期起兩年	2021年3月29日至 2029年3月28日
- on 29 March 2019	5,000,000	3 years from the date of grant	29 March 2022 to 28 March 2029
- 2019年3月29日		授出日期起三年	2022年3月29日至 2029年3月28日
Options granted to employees: 向僱員授出的購股權:			
一 on 29 March 2019	2,900,000	1 year from the date of grant	29 March 2020 to 28 March 2029
- 2019年3月29日		授出日期起一年	2020年3月29日至 2029年3月28日
— on 29 March 2019	2,900,000	2 years from the date of grant	29 March 2021 to 28 March 2029
- 2019年3月29日		授出日期起兩年	2021年3月29日至 2029年3月28日
- on 29 March 2019	2,900,000	3 years from the date of grant	29 March 2022 to 28 March 2029
- 2019年3月29日		授出日期起三年	2022年3月29日至 2029年3月28日
Total share options granted 授出的購股權總數	23,700,000		

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

26 EQUITY SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(b) Movement of share options during the year ended 31 December 2023 are as follows:

26 以權益結算以股份為基礎的交易 (續)

(b) 截至2023年12月31日止年度, 購股 權變動如下:

		Weighted average exercise price 加權平均行使價	Number of options 購股權數目 '000 千份
Outstanding at 1 January, 2022 Forfeited during 2022	於2022年1月1日尚未行使 2022年內沒收	HKD1.362港元 HKD1.362港元	15,900 (1,200)
Outstanding at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2023	於2022年12月31日及2023 年12月31日尚未行使	HKD1.362港元	14,700
Exercisable at 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日可 行使	HKD1.362港元	14,700
No options were exercised during the December 2023 (2022: nil).	ne year ended 31	截至2023年12月31 使任何購股權(202	

The options outstanding as at 31 December 2023 had an exercise price of HKD1.362 and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 5 years (2022: 6 years).

2023年12月31日,尚未行使購股權 的行使價為1.362港元,加權平均剩 餘合約年期為5年(2022年:6年)。

No share-based payment expenses was recognised during the year ended 31 December 2023 (2022: RMB162,000).

截至2023年12月31日止年度並無確 認股份支付開支(2022年:人民幣 162,000元)。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

27 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(a) Current taxation in the consolidated statement of financial position represents:

27 於綜合財務狀況表的所得税

(a) 於綜合財務狀況表的即期税項指:

		2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
CIT payable LAT payable	應付企業所得税 應付土地增值税	60,604 162,823	27,507 248,574
		223,427	276,081

Prepaid tax in the consolidated statement of financial position represents:

於綜合財務狀況表的預付税項 指:

		2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Prepaid CIT Prepaid LAT	預付企業所得税 預付土地增值税	9,638 2,310	30,112 2,150
		11,948	32,262

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

27 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(Continued)

- (b) Deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised:
 - (i) Movement of each component of deferred tax assets/(liabilities)

The components of deferred tax assets/ (liabilities) recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position and the movements during the year are as follows:

27 於綜合財務狀況表的所得稅(續)

- (b) 已確認遞延税項資產及負債:
 - (i) 遞延税項資產/(負債)各組成 部分的變動

年內於綜合財務狀況表內已確 認遞延税項資產/(負債)的組 成部分及其變動如下:

		Unused tax losses (note) 未動用税項 虧損(附註) RMB'000 人民幣千元	Temporary difference on revenue recognition 收入確認的 暫時差額 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Revaluation on investment properties 重估投資 物業 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Unrealised profits 未實現利潤 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Accrual for LAT 應計土地 增值税 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Deferred tax arising from:	遞延税項源於:						
At 1 January 2022 (charged)/credited to profit or loss	於2022年1月1日 (扣除)/計入損益	3,465	(6,023)	(11,450)	37,704	49,739	73,435
(note 8(a))	(附註8(a))	(1,540)	1,409	(4,273)	1,234	(300)	(3,470)
At 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日	1,925	(4,614)	(15,723)	38,938	49,439	69,965
At 1 January 2023 (charged)/credited to profit or loss (note 8(a))	於2023年1月1日 (扣除)/計入損益 (附註8(a))	1,925	(4,614) 4,584	(15,723) 9,257	38,938 (7,703)	49,439 (17,591)	69,965 (13,378)

Note: The unused tax loss can be carried forward to offset against taxable profits of subsequent years for up to five years from the year in which they arose. These tax losses will expire between 2024 to 2028.

附註:未動用税項虧損可結轉以 抵銷該等税項虧損產生的 年度起計最多五年的應課 税溢利。該等税項虧損將 於2024年至2028年到期。

31,848

56,587

31,235

(6,466)

於2023年12月31日

At 31 December 2023

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

27 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(Continued)

- (b) Deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised: (Continued)
 - (i) Movement of each component of deferred tax assets/(liabilities) (Continued)

Reconciliation to the consolidated statement of financial position:

27 於綜合財務狀況表的所得税(續)

- (b) 已確認遞延税項資產及負債: (續)
 - (i) 遞延税項資產/(負債)各組成 部分的變動(續) 綜合財務狀況表對賬:

		2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Representing:	代表:		
Deferred tax assets		59,769	81,418
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	(3,182)	(11,453)
		56,587	69,965

(ii) Deferred tax assets not recognised

In accordance with the accounting policy set out in note 2(t), the Group has not recognised deferred tax assets in respect of cumulative tax losses of RMB22,009,000 (2022: RMB15,083,000) and deferred tax assets in respect of write-down of inventories and other temporary difference of RMB619,468,000 (2022: RMB40,997,000) as it is not probable that future taxable profits against which the losses can be utilised will be available in the relevant tax jurisdiction and entity. The tax losses do not expire under current tax legislation.

(ii) 尚未確認的遞延税項資產

根據附註2(t)所載會計政策,本集團並無就累計稅項虧損人民幣22,009,000元(2022年:人民幣15,083,000元)及存貨和其他暫時差額撇減人民幣619,468,000元(2022年:人民幣40,997,000元)確認遞延稅項資產,是由於在相關稅務司法權區及實體不大可能產生未來應課稅溢利以抵銷該等虧損。根據現行稅法,稅項虧損並未過期。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

27 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(Continued)

(b) Deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised: (Continued)

(iii) Deferred tax liabilities not recognised

As at 31 December 2023, deferred tax liabilities in respect of the dividend withholding tax relating to the distributable profits of the Company's subsidiaries were not recognised as the Company controls the dividend policy of the subsidiaries. Based on the assessment made by management as at 31 December 2023, it was determined that the distributable profits of the Company's subsidiaries would not be distributed to the Hong Kong and overseas holding companies in the foreseeable future. The amounts of distributable profits of the Company's subsidiaries are set out below:

27 於綜合財務狀況表的所得稅(續)

(b) 已確認遞延税項資產及負債: (續)

(iii) 尚未確認的遞延税項負債

		2023 2023年	2022 2022年
		2023# RMB'000	2022+ RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Distributable profits earned	中國大陸附屬公司		
by Chinese Mainland	於2008年1月1日或之		
subsidiaries on or	後賺取的可供分派		
after 1 January 2008	溢利	383,405	794,316

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

28 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS

(a) Movements in components of equity

The reconciliation between the opening and closing balances of each component of the Group's consolidated equity is set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Details of the changes in the Company's individual components of equity between the beginning and the end of the year are set out below:

28 資本、儲備及股息

(a) 權益組成部分之變動

本集團綜合權益各組成部分的期初 及期末結餘之間的對賬載於綜合權 益變動表。年初至年結日之間本公 司個別權益組成部分的變動詳情載 列如下:

				Share			
		Share	Share	option	Exchange	Accumulated	
		capital	premium	reserves	reserves	losses	Total
		股本	股份溢價	購股權儲備	匯兑儲備	累計虧損	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Release et 1 January 2000	於 2022 年 1 月 1 日的結餘	6.605	660.653	7 000	(AE EOC)	(06.070)	E00 4E0
Balance at 1 January 2022	於2022年Ⅰ月Ⅰ日的 編 跡	0,000	000,003	7,002	(45,536)	(36,272)	592,452
Changes in equity for 2022	2022年的權益變動						
Loss for the year	年內虧損	_	-	-	_	(4,544)	(4,544)
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收益	_	_	_	54,698	_	54,698
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額	_	_	_	54,698	(4,544)	50,154
Equity settled share-based transactions	以權益結算以股份為基礎						
	的交易	_	_	162	_	_	162
Balance at 31 December 2022 and	於 2022 年12月31日及						
1 January 2023	2023年1月1日的結餘	6,605	660,653	7,164	9,162	(40,816)	642,768
Changes in equity for 2023	2023年的權益變動						
Loss for the year	年內虧損	_	_	_	_	(2,322)	(2,322)
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收益	_	_	_	9,270	_	9,270
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額	_	_	-	9,270	(2,322)	6,948
Balance at 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日的結餘	6,605	660,653	7,164	18,432	(43,138)	649,716

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

28 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS 28 資本、儲備及股息(續)

(Continued)

(b) Share capital

Authorised share capital of the Company:

(b) 股本

本公司法定股本:

		No. of shares 股份數目	Amount in 金額 HKD 港元
Ordinary shares of HKD0.01 each	每股0.01港元之普通股		
As at 1 January 2022	於2022年1月1日	1,400,000,000	14,000,000
Transfer to preference shares (note)	轉撥至優先股(附註)	_	_
As at 31 December 2022,	於2022年12月31日、		
1 January 2023 and	2023年1月1日及		
31 December 2023	2023年12月31日	1,400,000,000	14,000,000
Preference shares of HKD0.01 each	每股0.01港元之優先股		
As at 1 January 2022	於2022年1月1日	600,000,000	6,000,000
Preference shares authorised (note)	法定優先股(附註)	_	_
As at 31 December 2022,	於2022年12月31日、		
1 January 2023 and	2023年1月1日及		
31 December 2023	2023年12月31日	600,000,000	6,000,000

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

28 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (Continued)

(b) Share capital (Continued)

The share capital as at 31 December 2022 and 2023, represented the share capital of the Company.

28 資本、儲備及股息(續)

(b) 股本(續)

2022年及2023年12月31日之股本代表本公司之股本。

Ordinary shares, issued a 已發行及繳足普通股:	nd fully paid:	No. of shares 股份數目	Amount in 金額 HKD 港元	Amount in 金額 RMB 人民幣元
As at 1 January 2022,	於2022年1月1日、			
31 December 2022,	2022年12月31日、			
1 January 2023 and	2023年1月1日及			
31 December 2023	2023年12月31日	750,000,000	7,500,000	6,605,250

Note:

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On 9 September 2021, the Company and Fortune Speed Investments Limited ("Fortune Speed"), the immediate parent of the Company, entered into a conditional subscription agreement (the "Subscription Agreement") pursuant to which Fortune Speed has conditionally agreed to subscribe for, and the Company has conditionally agreed to allot and issue to Fortune Speed, 290,000,000 new non-voting and non-convertible preference shares of HK\$0.01 each in the share capital of the Company (the "Non-Convertible Preference Shares") at the subscription price of HK\$1.15 per Non-Convertible Preference Share, with an aggregate subscription amount of HK\$333.5 million. On 18 November 2021, the independent shareholders of the Company approved the allotment and issuance of the Non-Convertible Preference Shares. It was agreed between the Company and Fortune Speed that completion of the subscription of the Non-Convertible Preference Shares should take place on or before 30 June 2022.

As the conditions precedent under the Subscription Agreement had not been fulfilled on or before 30 June 2022, the Subscription Agreement forthwith ceased and terminated. As at 31 December 2023, the subscription of the Non-Convertible Preference Shares was lapsed.

附註:

於2021年9月9日,本公司與本公司的直接母公司瑞迅投資有限公司(「瑞迅」)前立有條件的認購協議(「認購協議」),據此,瑞迅有條件同意認購,且本公司有條件同意以每股不可轉換優先股1.15港元的認購價向瑞迅配發及發行本公司股本中每股面值0.01港元的290,000,000股新無投票權不可轉換優先股(「不可轉換優先股」),總認購金額為3.335億港元。於2021年11月18日,本公司的獨立股東同意不可轉換優先股的配發及發行。東同意不可轉換優先股的配發及發行。本公司與瑞迅達成協議,該不可轉換便先股認購須於2022年6月30日或之前完成。

由於認購協議的先決條件在2022年6月 30日或之前未能滿足,因此停止及終止 了認購協議。截至2023年12月31日,不 可轉換優先股的認購已失效。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

28 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS

(Continued)

(c) Nature and purpose of reserves

(i) Statutory reserves

According to the People's Republic of China ("PRC") Company Law, the Company's Chinese Mainland subsidiaries are required to transfer 10% of their profit after taxation, as determined under the PRC accounting regulations, to statutory surplus reserve until the reserve balance reaches 50% of the registered capital. The transfer to this reserve must be made before distribution of a dividend to shareholders.

Statutory surplus reserve can be used to reduce previous years' losses, if any, and may be converted into paid-in capital in proportion to the existing equity interest of investors.

(ii) Share premium

Under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the funds in the Company's share premium account are distributable to the shareholders provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as they fall due in the course of business.

(iii) Exchange reserves

The exchange reserves comprise all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of Hong Kong and foreign operations to RMB. The reserves are dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 2(w).

28 資本、儲備及股息(續)

(c) 儲備性質及目的

(i) 法定儲備

根據中華人民共和國(「中國」) 公司法,本公司的中國大陸附 屬公司須將根據中國會計規例 釐定的除稅後溢利10%轉撥至 法定盈餘儲備,直至儲備結餘 達至註冊資本50%。轉撥至該 儲備後方可派付股息予股東。

法定盈餘儲備可用於減少往年 虧損(如有),亦可按當時投資 者的股權比例轉為實繳股本。

(ii) 股份溢價

根據開曼群島公司法,倘若緊 隨建議派息當日後本公司能夠 在業務過程中償還到期債務, 則本公司可以股份溢價賬資金 向股東派息。

(iii) 匯兑儲備

匯兑儲備包括換算香港及海外 業務財務報表為人民幣所產生 的全部外匯差額。該儲備按附 註2(w)所載會計政策處理。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

28 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (Continued)

(c) Nature and purpose of reserves (Continued) (iv) Share option reserve

Capital reserve comprises the portion of the grant date fair value of unexercised share options granted to employees of the Company that has been recognised in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for share-based payments in note 2(s)(iii).

(d) Capital management

The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, by pricing products and services commensurately with the level of risk and by securing access to finance at a reasonable cost.

The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to maintain a balance between the higher shareholder returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position, and makes adjustments to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions.

The Group monitors its capital structure on the basis of an adjusted net debt-to-capital ratio. For this purpose, adjusted net debt is defined as interest-bearing loans and borrowings and less cash and cash equivalents. Adjusted capital comprises all components of equity and the amounts due to related parties.

28 資本、儲備及股息(續)

(c) 儲備性質及目的(續)

(iv) 購股權儲備

資本儲備包括根據附註2(s)(iii) 就以股份為基礎的付款所採納 會計政策確認的授予本公司僱 員的未行使購股權的授出日期 公平值部分。

(d) 資本管理

本集團資本管理之首要目標乃保障 本集團能持續經營,透過對產品及 服務作出與風險水平相稱之定價及 透過以合理成本取得融資,繼續為 股東提供回報及為其他持份者帶來 利益。

本集團積極及定期對其資本結構開展檢討及管理,以在較高股東回報情況下可能伴隨之較高借貸水平與良好資本狀況帶來之好處及保障之間取得平衡,並根據經濟狀況變化對資本結構作出調整。

本集團以經調整淨負債資本比率為 基準監控其資本結構。就此而言, 經調整淨負債界定為計息貸款及借 貸減現金及現金等價物。經調整資 本包括所有權益部分及應付關聯方 款項。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

28 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (Continued)

(d) Capital management (Continued)

The Group's adjusted net debt-to-capital ratio at 31 December 2023 was as follows:

28 資本、儲備及股息(續)

(d) 資本管理(續)

本集團於2023年12月31日的經調整 淨負債資本比率列載如下:

		Note 附註	2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Bank loans Less: Cash and cash	銀行貸款 減:現金及現金等價物	22	_	158,400
equivalents		21(a)	(363,294)	(205,561)
Adjusted net cash	經調整淨現金		(363,294)	(47,161)
Total equity Add: Amounts due to related parties	總權益 加:應付關聯方款項		849,895 321,525	1,460,039 384,729
Adjusted capital	經調整資本		1,171,420	1,844,768
Adjusted net debt-to- capital ratio	經調整淨負債資本比率		N/A	N/A

(e) Dividends

No dividends have been declared or paid by the Company and its subsidiaries during the year ended 31 December 2023. The Board resolved not to recommend a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2023 (2022: Nil).

(e) 股息

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本公司及其附屬公司並無宣派或派付股息。董事會決議不建議派付截至2023年12月31日止年度之末期股息(2022年:零)。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Exposure to credit, liquidity, interest rate and currency risks arises in the normal course of the Group's business.

The Group's exposure to these risks and the financial risk management policies and practices used by the Group to manage these risks are described below.

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Group. The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to trade and other receivables. The Group's exposure to credit risks arising from cash and cash equivalents and structured deposits are limited because these financial assets held by the Group are mainly deposited in financial institutions such as commercial banks which maintain sound reputation and financial situation, for which the Group considers to have low credit risk.

The Group's trade debtors are immaterial. The Group does not expose to material credit risks on trade debtors.

In respect of other debtors and amounts due from related parties, the Group has assessed that the expected credit loss are not significant under the 12 months expected losses method. Thus no bad debt provision was recognised during the year.

Except for the financial guarantees given by the Group as set out in note 31, the Group does not provide any other guarantees which would expose the Group to credit risk.

29 金融風險管理及金融工具公平值

本集團於正常業務過程中承受信貸、流 動資金、利率及貨幣風險。

本集團承受的上述風險及本集團管理該 等風險所採用的金融風險管理政策及常 規載於下文。

(a) 信貸風險

本集團的應收賬款並不重大。本集 團的應收賬款並無面臨重大信貸風 險。

就其他應收賬款及應收關聯方款項 而言,本集團已根據十二個月預期 虧損法評定預期信用損失並不重 大,因此年內並無確認壞賬撥備。

除附註31所載本集團作出的財務擔保外,本集團並無給予任何其他擔保致使本集團面臨信貸風險。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Liquidity risk

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor its liquidity requirements and its compliance with lending covenants, to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and long terms.

The following table details the remaining contractual maturities at the end of the reporting period of the Group's financial liabilities, which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on current rates at the end of the reporting period) and the earliest date the Group can be required to pay.

For bank loans subject to repayment on demand clause which can be exercised at the bank's sole discretion, the maturity analysis shows the cash outflow based on expected repayment dates with reference to the schedule of repayments set out in the banking facilities letter and, separately, the impact to the timing of the cash outflow if the lenders were to invoke unconditional rights to call the loans with immediate effect.

29 金融風險管理及金融工具公平值

(b) 流動性風險

本集團的政策是經常監察流動資金 需求以及是否符合借款契約規定, 確保維持充裕的現金儲備,同時獲 得主要金融機構承諾提供足夠的備 用資金,以應付長短期流動資金需 求。

下表詳載報告期末本集團金融負債 的剩餘合約到期日,乃基於合約未 貼現現金流量(包括按照合約利率 計算的利息付款,若為浮動利率, 則根據報告期末的現行利率計算) 和本集團的最早償還日計算。

對於銀行可全權酌情要求償還的銀行貸款,到期分析顯示參考銀行融資函所載還款計劃基於預期償還日期的現金流出及借款人行使無條件權利要求立即還款對現金流出時間的影響。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Liquidity risk (Continued)

29 金融風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)

(b) 流動性風險(續)

		Contractual undiscounted cash outflow 合約未貼現現金流出				
			Total		More than	More than
			contractual	Within	1 year but	2 years but
		Carrying	undiscounted	1 year or on	less than	less than
		amount	cash flow	demand	2 years	5 years
			合約未貼現	一年內或須	一年以上	兩年以上
		賬面值	現金流量總額	按要求償還	但兩年以內	但五年以內
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At 31 December 2023 Trade and other payables (exclude the financial	於2023年12月31日 貿易及其他應付款項 (不包括財務擔保)					
guarantee)		495,503	495,503	495,503	_	_
<u> </u>		,,,,	,	,		
		495,503	495,503	495,503	_	_
Financial guarantee issued: Maximum amount guaranteed	已發出的財務擔保: 最高擔保金額(附註24(c))					
(note 24(c))		4,096	29,487	29,487	-	_

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Liquidity risk (Continued)

29 金融風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)

(b) 流動性風險(續)

Contractual undiscounted cash outflow

		合約未貼現現金流出				
			Total contractual	Within	More than	More than
		Carrying amount	undiscounted cash flow 合約未貼現現金	1 year or on demand 一年內或須按要	1 year but less than 2 years 一年以上但兩年	2 years but less than 5 years 兩年以上但五年
		賬面值	台 利木 知 現 現 並 流 量 總 額	一年內以須汝安 求償還	一年以上但M年 以內	M 平以上但五年 以內
		聚岡區 RMB'000	//L 里 総 识 RMB'000	不順逐 RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At 31 December 2022	於 2022 年 12 月 31 日					
Bank loans	銀行貸款	158,400	170,211	46,860	123,351	_
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項					
(exclude the financial guarantee	(不包括財務擔保及					
and forward contract)	遠期合約)	726,399	726,399	726,399	_	_
		884,799	896,610	773,259	123,351	
Adjustments to present cash flows on	基於貸款人要求還款的					
bank loans based on lender's right	銀行貸款調整當前					
to demand repayment	現金流		(3,351)	120,000	(123,351)	
			893,259	893,259	_	_
Financial guarantee issued:	已發出的財務擔保: 最高擔保金額(附註24(c))					
Maximum amount guaranteed (note 24(c))	取同据体立故(附社24(C))	1,529	90,158	2,499	87,659	_

(c) Interest rate risk

As at 31 December 2023, The Group does not hold any interest bearing bank loans. The Group does not expose to significant interest rate risks.

(c) 利率風險

於2023年12月31日,本集團並無持 有任何計息銀行貸款。本集團並無 面臨重大利率風險。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(d) Currency risk

The Group is not exposed to significant foreign currency risk since financial assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies of the Company and its subsidiaries are not significant.

(e) Fair values

(i) Financial instruments measured at fair value

Fair value hierarchy

The following table presents the fair value of the Group's financial instruments measured at the end of the reporting period on a recurring basis, categorised into the three-level fair value hierarchy as defined in HKFRS 13, Fair value measurement. The level into which a fair value measurement is classified is determined with reference to the observability and significance of the inputs used in the valuation technique as follows:

29 金融風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)

(d) 貨幣風險

本集團並無承受重大外匯風險,乃 由於以本公司及其附屬公司功能貨 幣以外貨幣計值的金融資產及負債 並不重大。

(e) 公平值

(i) 按公平值計量的金融工具

公平值層級

下表按《香港財務報告準則》第 13號公平值計量所界定的三個 公平值層級,列示本集團金融 工具於報告期末經常計量的。 平值。公平值計量所歸入的層 級參照估值技術所用輸入參 的可觀察性及重要性釐定,具 體如下:

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

- (e) Fair values (Continued)
 - (i) Financial instruments measured at fair value (Continued)

Fair value hierarchy (Continued)

 Level 1 Fair value measured using only valuations: Level 1 inputs i.e. unadjusted

quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the

measurement date

Level 2 Fair value measured using Level 2
 valuations: inputs i.e. observable inputs which

fail to meet Level 1, and not using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data are not

available

Level 3 Fair value measured using valuations: significant unobservable inputs

29 金融風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)

- (e) 公平值(續)
 - (i) 按公平值計量的金融工具(續)

公平值層級(續)

- 一 第1層級 僅使用第1級輸入 估值:參數(即於計量日 期相同資產或負債 於活躍市場的報價 (未經調整))計量 的公平值
- 一 第3層級 使用重要不可觀 估值:察輸入參數計量 的公平值

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

- (e) Fair values (Continued)
 - (i) Financial instruments measured at fair value (Continued)
 Fair value hierarchy (Continued)

29 金融風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)

- (e) 公平值(續)
 - (i) 按公平值計量的金融工具(續)

公平值層級(續)

Fair value at 31 December	31 December	e measurements er 2023 categori 月 31 日分類的公 ³	ised into
2023	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
於 2023年12 月			
31日的公平值	第一層級	第二層級	第三層級
RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元

Recurring fair value measurement	經常性公平值計量
Financial liabilities:	金融負債:
Derivative financial	衍生金額
instruments:	工具:
Amounts due to the	應付控股股東及
controlling shareholder	非控股權益款項
and non-controlling	
interests	

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

- (e) Fair values (Continued)
 - (i) Financial instruments measured at fair value (Continued)
 Fair value hierarchy (Continued)
- 29 金融風險管理及金融工具公平值
 - (e) 公平值(續)
 - (i) 按公平值計量的金融工具(續)

公平值層級(續)

	Fair value measurements as at			
Fair value at 31 December	31 December 2022 categorised into 於2022年12月31日分類的公平值計量			
2022	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
於2022年				
12月31日的				
公平值	第一層級	第二層級	第三層級	
RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	

Recurring fair value measurement	經常性公平值計量				
Financial liabilities:	金融負債:				
Derivative financial	衍生金額工具:				
instruments:					
Amounts due to the	應付控股股東及非				
controlling shareholder	控股權				
and non-controlling	益款項				
interests		76,246	_	_	76,246
Forward contract	遠期合約	54,000	_	_	54,000

The forward contract was fully settled during the year ended 31 December 2023.

截至2023年12月31日止年度, 遠期合約已結清。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

- (e) Fair values (Continued)
 - (ii) Information about Level 3 fair value measurements

29 金融風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)

- (e) 公平值(續)
 - (ii) 有關第三層級公平值計量的資 料

At 31 December 於12月31日

			Ж12/31 Ц	
	Valuation techniques	Significant unobservable inputs 不可觀察之	2023	2022
	估值技術	重要輸入數據	2023年	2022年
Amounts due to the controlling shareholder and non-controlling	Market method	Market value (RMB/sq.m.)	639~6,286	3,498~6,286
interests 應付控股股東及 非控股權益款項	市場法	市值(人民幣/平方米)		

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(e) Fair values (Continued)

(ii) Information about Level 3 fair value measurements (Continued)

The fair value of the amounts due to shareholders and non-controlling interests is determined using the market method. The market method to assess the market value of the unsold inventories as set out in note 24(d) is determined by reference to market value of comparative comparable properties on a price per square meters basis using market data which is publicly available. The fair value is negatively corelated to the market value.

The movement during the period in the balance of Level 3 fair value measurements is as follows:

29 金融風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)

(e) 公平值(續)

(ii) 有關第三層級公平值計量的資 料(續)

應付股東及非控股權益款項的 公平值採用市場法釐定。附註 24(d)所載評估未出售存貨市 值的市場法乃參考可資比較物 業的市值(按每平方米價格計 算)使用公開可得市場數據釐 定。公平值與市值呈負相關。

期內第三層級公平值計量餘額的變動如下:

		2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Amount due to the controlling shareholders and non-controlling interests	應付控股股東及 非控股權益款項		
At 1 January	1月1日	76,246	76,246
Fair value changes during the year	年內公平值變動	(27,944)	_
At 31 December	12月31日	48,302	76,246

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

30 COMMITMENTS

Capital commitments outstanding at 31 December 2023 not provided for in the financial statements were as follows:

30 承擔

未於財務報表撥備的2023年12月31日尚 未支付資本承擔如下:

		2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Contracted for: Construction and development contracts	已訂約: 建築及發展合約	4,508	4,547

Commitments mainly related to development costs for the Group's properties under development.

承擔主要與本集團建設中物業的發展成 本有關。

31 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group has issued guarantees to banks to secure the mortgage arrangements of certain property buyers. The outstanding guarantees to the banks, amounting to RMB373,788,000 as at 31 December 2023 (2022: RMB597,659,000), will be terminated upon the completion of transferring the legal title of the properties to the property buyers. The directors consider loss arising from these guarantees as a result of default payment by customers to be insignificant, as the banks have the rights to sell the property and recover the outstanding loan balance from sales proceeds. The Group has not recognised any deferred income in respect of these guarantees as their fair values are considered to be insignificant.

31 或然負債

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團就若干買家按揭貸款購置物業向銀行提供擔保。於2023年12月31日,未了結銀行擔保為人民幣373,788,000元(2022年:人民幣597,659,000元),有關擔保將於業法定業權轉讓予買家後終止。董事蒙之為,本集團不會因買家拖欠款項而蒙蒙,本集團不會因買家拖欠款項而蒙較,原因是銀行有權出售物業。以出售所得款項抵償未償還貸款結餘收本集團尚未就該等擔保確認任何遞延收入,因為認為其公平值並不重大。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

32 MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In addition to the related party information disclosed elsewhere, the Group entered into the following material related party transactions.

(a) Transactions with key management personnel

Remuneration for key management personnel of the Group is as follows:

32 重大關聯方交易

除其他章節所披露之關聯方資料外,本 集團訂立以下重大關聯方交易。

(a) 與主要管理層人員的交易

本集團主要管理層人員的薪酬如下:

		2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Salaries, wages and other	薪金、工資及其他福利	10.000	0.000
benefits Retirement scheme	退休計劃供款	10,890	9,803
contributions	这个可则反外	48	48
Share-based payment	以股份為基礎的付款	_	98
		10,938	9,949

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

32 MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

32 重大關聯方交易(續)

(b) Transactions with related parties

(b) 與關聯方的交易

	2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Lease of properties* 物業租賃* — an entity controlled by the controlling shareholder of the Company 物業租賃* — 本公司控股股東控制 的實體	181	198
Accommodation services received* - an entity controlled by the controlling shareholder of the Company 已接受住宿服務* - 本公司控股股東控制 的實體	482	1,198
Purchase of goods* 購買貨品* — an entity controlled by the controlling shareholder of the Company 購買貨品* — 本公司控股股東控制 的實體	50	51

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

32 MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(c) Balances with related parties

Balances with related parties as at 31 December 2023 are detailed as follows:

Amounts due from related parties recorded in other receivables and interests in associates:

Non-trade in nature

32 重大關聯方交易(續)

(c) 與關聯方的結餘

於2023年12月31日與關聯方的結餘 詳列如下:

記錄於其他應收款項及於聯營公司之權益的應收關聯方款項:

非貿易性質

	2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Amounts due from associates 應收聯營公司款項 Amounts due from 應收非控股權益款項 non-controlling interests	193,039 64,411	228,091 24,565
	257,450	252,656

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

32 MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(c) Balances with related parties (Continued) Amounts due to related parties recorded in other payables:

Non-trade in nature (note 21(c))

32 重大關聯方交易(續)

(c) 與關聯方的結餘(續)

記錄於其他應付款項的應付關聯方款項:

非貿易性質(附註21(c))

		2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Amounts due to non-controlling interests	應付非控股權益款項	337,554	344,192
Amounts due to controlling shareholder	應付控股股東款項	27,209	81,695
Amounts due to entities	應付本公司控股股東所控制	21,200	01,000
controlled by controlling	實體款項		
shareholder of the Company		115	120
Amounts due to associates	應付聯營公司款項	4,950	34,968
		369,828	460,975

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

32 MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(d) Guarantee issued to a related party

As at 31 December 2023, the Group provided guarantee to secure the loan borrowed by the Group's associate, Logan Junhong. The details are disclosed in note 24(c).

(e) Guarantee issued to the Group from a related party

As at 31 December 2023, the Group, Mr. Wong Ting Chung, the chairman and executive director of the Company provided personal guarantee to secure the loan borrowed from the Group to a third party. The details are disclosed in note 17.

32 重大關聯方交易(續)

(d) 關聯方擔保

於2023年12月31日,本集團就本集 團聯營公司龍光駿宏的借貸提供擔 保。詳情於附註24(c)披露。

(e) 關聯方向本集團提供的擔保

於2023年12月31日,本集團、本公司主席兼執行董事王庭聰先生就本集團貸款予第三方提供個人擔保。 詳情於附註17披露。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

33 COMPANY-LEVEL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

33 公司層面財務狀況表

		Note 附註	At 31 December 2023 於2023年 12月31日 RMB'000 人民幣千元	At 31 December 2022 於2022年 12月31日 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Investments in subsidiaries Interest in associates	於附屬公司的投資 於聯營公司的權益	14	631,588 —	612,102 —
			631,588	612,102
Current assets	流動資產			
Prepayments Cash and cash equivalents	預付款項 現金及現金等價物		246 17,951	250 31,128
			18,197	31,378
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Other payables	其他應付款項		69	712
			69	712
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		18,128	30,666
NET ASSETS	資產淨值		649,716	642,768
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	資本及儲備			
Share capital Reserves	股本 儲備	28(b)	6,605 643,111	6,605 636,163
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額		649,716	642,768

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 25 March 2024.

董事會已於2024年3月25日批准及授權刊發。

Wong Ting Chung

王庭聰 Director 董事 Lau Ka Keung

樓家強 Director 董事

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

34 PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES

The particulars of the principal subsidiaries as at 31 December 2023 are set out below:

34 主要附屬公司

截至2023年12月31日,主要附屬公司的 詳情列載如下:

			擁有權 	權益比例		
Company name	Date and place of incorporation/ establishment 註冊成立日期 及地點	Particulars of issued and paid-in capital 已發行及 繳足股本詳情	Held by the Company 本公司持有	Held by a subsidiary 附屬公司持有	Principal activity	
Million Cities Development Limited	4 August 2016 BVI	USD 10	100%	_	Investment holding	
萬城發展有限公司	2016年8月4日 英屬維爾京群島	10美元	100%	_	投資控股	
Million Cities (Int'I) Limited	29 May 2007 Hong Kong	HKD 100	-	100%	Investment holding	
萬城(國際)有限公司	2007年5月29日 香港	100港元	-	100%	投資控股	
China Lands Investments Limited	7 February 2011 Hong Kong	HKD 10,000	-	55%	Investment holding	
中國大地投資有限公司	2011年2月7日 香港	10,000港元	-	55%	投資控股	
Join Kong (H.K.) Limited	23 June 2010 Hong Kong	HKD 10,000	-	55%	Investment holding	
津港(香港)有限公司	2010年6月23日 香港	10,000港元	-	55%	投資控股	
Million Cities Construction (China) Co., Ltd.	15 December 2016 Chinese Mainland	RMB50,000,000	_	100%	Investment holding	
萬城建設(中國)有限公司*	2016年12月15日 中國大陸	人民幣50,000,000元	-	100%	投資控股	
Huizhou Million Cities Enterprise Management Co., Ltd.	31 May 2018 Chinese Mainland	RMB10,000,000	_	100%	Investment holding	
惠州萬城企業管理策劃有限公司*	2018年5月31日 中國大陸	人民幣10,000,000元	-	100%	投資控股	
Huizhou Yuefu Real Estate Co., Ltd.	29 April 2006 Chinese Mainland	RMB38,000,000	4.99%	90.4%	Property development	
惠州市悦富房地產有限公司*	2006年4月29日 中國大陸	人民幣38,000,000元	4.99%	90.4%	物業發展	

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

34 PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

34 主要附屬公司(續)

Proportion of ownership interest 擁有權權益比例

			3/F 13 IF		_
Company name	Date and place of incorporation/ establishment 註冊成立日期	Particulars of issued and paid-in capital 已發行及	Held by the Company	Held by a subsidiary	Principal activity
公司名稱	及地點	繳足股本詳情	本公司持有	附屬公司持有	主要活動
Huizhou China Field Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. 惠州漢基房地產開發有限公司*	8 April 2003 Chinese Mainland 2003年4月8日 中國大陸	HKD 68,000,000 68,000,000港元	_ _ _	100% 100%	Property development 物業發展
Huizhou Cheer Happy Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. 惠州怡展房地產開發有限公司*	6 April 2006 Chinese Mainland 2006年4月6日	USD 12,000,000 12,000,000美元	-	100%	Property development 物業發展
Huizhou Million Cities Real Estate	中國大陸 10 May 2001	RMB52,500,000	5%	49.5%	Property development
Development Co., Ltd. 惠州市萬城房地產開發有限公司*	Chinese Mainland 2001年5月10日 中國大陸	人民幣52,500,000元	5%	49.5%	物業發展
Million Cities Jianji Real Estate (Tianjin) Co., Ltd.	18 August 2010 Chinese Mainland	USD 70,000,000	-	55%	Property development
萬城建基置業(天津)有限公司*	2010年8月18日 中國大陸	70,000,000美元	-	55%	物業發展
Guangdong Hongtuo Construction Co., Ltd.	21 September 2018 Chinese Mainland	RMB40,080,000	-	50%	Construction services
廣東弘拓建設有限公司*	2018年9月21日 中國大陸	人民幣40,080,000元	_	50%	建築服務
Huizhou Weihuisheng Real Estate Co., Ltd.	10 August 2020 Chinese Mainland	RMB240,000,000	-	100%	Property development
惠州偉匯盛置業有限公司*	2020年8月10日 中國大陸	人民幣240,000,000元	-	100%	物業發展
Huizhou Chuangweihuifu Real Estate Co., Ltd.	04 April 2020 Chinese Mainland	RMB300,000,000	_	80%	Property development
惠州創偉匯富置業有限公司*	2020年4月4日 中國大陸	人民幣300,000,000元	-	80%	物業發展

^{*} These entities are Chinese Mainland limited liability companies. The English translation of the company names is for reference only. The official names of the companies are in Chinese.

^{*} 該等實體為中國大陸有限責任公司。公司英文譯名僅供參考,中文名為官方名稱。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

35 NON-ADJUSTING EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Subsequent to the end of the reporting period, Logan Junhong has defaulted the repayment of bank loan of RMB77,000,000. Despite Logan Junhong has been communicating with the bank for an extension of the bank loan, there will be possibility that the Group might need to assume the responsibility of the Counterguarantee (see note 24(c)) and repay Logan Junhong's bank loan amounting to RMB23,100,000 plus any interests and penalties that might arise.

36 IMMEDIATE AND ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

As at 31 December 2023, the directors consider the immediate parent of the Group to be Fortune Speed Investments Limited which was incorporated in the BVI and the ultimate controlling party of the Group to be Happy Family Trust. Fortune Speed Investments Limited does not produce financial statements available for public use.

35 報告期後的非調整事項

於報告期末後,龍光駿宏拖欠銀行貸款人民幣77,000,000元。儘管龍光駿宏一直在與銀行溝通將銀行貸款延期,但本集團仍可能須承擔反擔保責任(見附註24(c))及償還龍光駿宏的銀行貸款人民幣23,100,000元加可能產生的任何利息及罰款。

36 直接及最終控股方

2023年12月31日,董事認為本集團直接 母公司為於英屬維爾京群島註冊成立之 瑞迅投資有限公司,本集團的最終控股 方則為庭槐信託。瑞迅投資有限公司並 無編製可供公眾使用之財務報表。

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

37 POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENTS, NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

Up to the date of issue of these financial statements, the HKICPA has issued a number of new or amended standards, which are not yet effective for the year ended 31 December 2023 and which have not been adopted in these financial statements. These developments include the following which may be relevant to the Group.

37 截至2023年12月31日止年度已頒佈但尚未生效的修訂、新訂準則及詮釋的可能影響

截至財務報表刊發日期,香港會計師公會已頒佈多項新訂或經修訂準則,但截至2023年12月31日止年度尚未生效,亦無於財務報表採用。該等發展包括可能與本集團相關的以下各項。

Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 於以下日期或之後開始的會計期間生效

Amendments to HKAS 1, Presentation of financial statements: Classification of liabilities as current or non-current ("2020 amendments")	1 January 2024
《香港會計準則》第1號的修訂,財務報表的呈報:負債分類為流動或非流動 (「2020年修訂」)	2024年1月1日
Amendments to HKAS 1, Presentation of financial statements: Non-current liabilities with covenants ("2022 amendments")	1 January 2024
《香港會計準則》第1號的修訂, <i>財務報表的呈報:附帶契約的非流動負債</i> (「2022年修訂」)	2024年1月1日
Amendments to HKFRS 16, <i>Leases: Lease liability in a sale and leaseback</i> 《香港財務報告準則》第16號的修訂, <i>租賃:售後租回之租賃負債</i>	1 January 2024 2024年1月1日
Amendments to HKAS 7, Statement of cash flows and HKFRS 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures: Supplier finance arrangements	1 January 2024
《香港會計準則》第7號的修訂,現金流量表及《香港財務報告準則》第7號, 金融工具:披露:供應商融資安排	2024年1月1日
Amendments to HKAS 21, The effects of changes in foreign exchange rates: Lack of exchangeability	1 January 2025
《香港會計準則》第21號的修訂,匯率變動的影響:缺乏可交換性	2025年1月1日

綜合財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated) (除另有訂明外,以人民幣列示)

37 POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENTS, NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023 (Continued)

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these developments is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far it has concluded that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

37 截至2023年12月31日止年度已頒佈但尚未生效的修訂、新訂準則及詮釋的可能影響(續)

本集團正在評估首次應用該等修訂的預期影響。至目前為止,結論為應用該等修訂不大可能對綜合財務報表產生重大影響。

FINANCIAL SUMMARY 財務摘要

RESULTS 業績

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		截主I2月3I日止牛皮					
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
		2023年	2022年	2021年	2020年	2019年	2018年
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
						_	
Revenue	收入	641,634	571,183	1,348,501	1,241,360	354,284	567,827
Cost of sales	銷售成本	(806,135)	(296,093)	(1,035,122)	(690,122)	(221,286)	(305,001)
Gross (loss)/profit	毛利(虧損)/利潤	(164,501)	275,090	313,379	551,238	132,998	262,826
(Losses)/Profit before	除税前(虧損)/						
taxation	溢利	(526,246)	237,055	289,562	471,026	58,836	188,294
Income tax	所得税	(80,987)	(122,615)	(102,280)	(239,163)	(41,168)	(110,475)
(Losses)/Profit attributable	本公司權益股東						
to equity shareholders of	應佔(虧損)/						
the Company	溢利	(482,278)	69,178	166,381	112,746	17,954	33,375

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

資產及負債

As at 31 December 於12月31日

		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
		2023年	2022年	2021年	2020年	2019年	2018年
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Non-current assets	非流動資產	470,118	764,947	598,878	565,826	267,605	247,978
Current assets	流動資產	1,202,282	1,989,471	2,440,101	2,832,113	3,597,996	3,532,245
Total assets	總資產	1,672,400	2,754,418	3,038,979	3,397,939	3,865,601	3,780,223
Total equity	權益總額	849,895	1,460,039	1,361,254	1,168,667	924,883	906,299
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	3,182	11,501	7,372	4,465	104,630	102,709
Current liabilities	流動負債	819,323	1,282,878	1,670,353	2,224,807	2,836,088	2,771,215
Total liabilities	負債總額	822,505	1,294,379	1,677,725	2,229,272	2,940,718	2,873,924
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額	1,672,400	2,754,418	3,038,979	3,397,939	3,865,601	3,780,223
Net current assets	流動資產淨值	382,959	706,593	769,748	607,306	761,908	761,030

GLOSSARY

詞 彙

"AGM" the annual general meeting of the Company

「股東週年大會」 股東週年大會

"Audit Committee" the audit committee of the Board

「審計委員會」
董事會轄下的審計委員會

"Board" the board of Directors

「董事會」 董事會

"CG Code" the code provisions in the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance

Report as set out in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules

「企業管治守則」 上市規則附錄C1所載企業管治守則及企業管治報告的守則條文

"Chairman" the chairman of the Board

[主席] 董事會主席

"Cheer Happy" Cheer Happy (H.K.) Limited

「怡展」 怡展(香港)有限公司

"Company" or "the Million Cities Holdings Limited

Company"

「本公司」
萬城控股有限公司

"Director(s)" the director(s) of the Company

「董事」
本公司董事

"Executive Committee" the executive committee of the Board

「執行委員會」 董事會執行委員會

"FY2022" the year ended 31 December 2022

「2022財政年度」 截至2022年12月31日止年度

"FY2023" the year ended 31 December 2023

「2023財政年度」 截至2023年12月31日止年度

"GDP" Gross domestic product

「本地生產總值」 本地生產總值

"GFA" gross floor area

「建築面積」 建築面積

"Group" or "the Group" the Company and its subsidiaries

「本集團」本公司及其附屬公司

"HK\$" Hong Kong Dollar, the lawful currency of Hong Kong

「港元」 香港法定貨幣港元

"Hong Kong" the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the PRC

「香港」中國香港特別行政區

"Huizhou Cheer Happy" Huizhou Cheer Happy Real Estate Development Company Limited*

[惠州怡展] 惠州怡展房地產開發有限公司

"Huizhou China Field" Huizhou China Field Real Estate Development Company Limited*

[惠州漢基] 惠州漢基房地產開發有限公司

"Join Kong" Join Kong (H.K.) Limited [津港] 津港 (香港) 有限公司

"Listing" listing of the shares of the Company on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange

「上市」 本公司股份於聯交所主板上市

"Listing Date" 20 December 2018, the date on which the shares of the Company were listed and

from which dealings therein were permitted to take place on the Main Board of the

Stock Exchange

「上市日期」 2018年12月20日, 為本公司股份獲准於聯交所主板上市及買賣的日期

"Listing Rules" the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange

[上市規則] 聯交所證券上市規則

"Main Board" the Main Board of the Stock Exchange

「主板」 聯交所主板

"Model Code" the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out

in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules

「標準守則」 上市規則附錄C3所載上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則

"Nameson" Nameson Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands, the

shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1982) and was owned by Happy Family Trust as to approximately 65.8% and Mr. Wong Ting Chung as to approximately 8.8% as at the date of this report, is a

connected person of the Company

「南旋」 南旋控股有限公司,一間於開曼群島註冊成立的公司,其股份於聯交所主板上市(股

份代號:1982),於本報告日期由庭槐信託及王庭聰先生分別擁有約65.8%及約

8.8%,為本公司的關連人士

"Nameson Group" Nameson Holdings Limited and its subsidiaries

「南旋集團」 南旋控股有限公司連同其附屬公司

詞彙(續)

"Nomination Committee"

the nomination committee of the Board

「提名委員會」

董事會轄下的提名委員會

"PRC" or "China"

the People's Republic of China

「中國」

中華人民共和國

"Prospectus"

the prospectus of the Company dated 10 December 2018

「招股章程」

2018年12月10日本公司招股章程

"Remuneration

the remuneration committee of the Board

Committee"

「薪酬委員會」
董事會轄下的薪酬委員會

"RMB"

Renminbi, the lawful currency of the PRC

「人民幣」

中國法定貨幣人民幣

"SFC"

the Securities and Futures Commission

「證監會|

證券及期貨監察事務委員會

"SFO"

the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) as

amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time

「證券及期貨條例」

香港法例第571章證券及期貨條例,經不時修訂、補充或以其他方式修改

"Share Option Scheme"

the share option scheme of the Company approved and adopted on 26 November

2018

「購股權計劃」

於2018年11月26日獲批准及採納之本公司購股權計劃

"sq.m."

square metres

「平方米」

平方米

"Stock Exchange"

the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

「聯交所」

香港聯合交易所有限公司

"Tianjin Jianji"

Million Cities Jianji Real Estate (Tianjin) Company Limited*

「天津建基」

萬城建基置業(天津)有限公司

"United States"

the United States of America

「美國」

美利堅合眾國

該公司並無官方英文名,其英譯名僅供參考。

^{*} The company does not have an official English name. The English translation of the company name is for reference only.





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