

S&P International Holding Limited 椰豐集團有限公司

Santan

c

Santan

SSP

Net Volume / toipado Bersiti/ :P/SIII: 200 ml Santan

ntan

antal

Cesip

Made from 100% COCONUT WATER

cesip

Rade from 100% COCONUT WATER

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司) Stock Code 股份代號: 1695

Annual Report 年報





OUR MISSION & VISION 我們的 使命與願景

Santo

cesip

Cesip

COSIF

COCONUT

COSI

COCONU

12:20

Cosir

S&P Group is passionate to deliver quality coconut food products with its natural flavour and nutritional attributes in a convenient form to the world whilst committed to achieve superior returns and sharing the success with all involved. We want to be the preferred global supplier of coconut food products.

椰豐集團鋭意向全球提供天然風味、營養 豐富、方便易食的優質椰類食品,同時致力 取得優異回報,與所有參與方共享碩果。 我們期待成為備受青睞的全球椰類食品供 應商。



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五年財務摘要 FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results, assets and liabilities of the Group for the past five years, as extracted from the published consolidated financial statements for the financial years ended 31 December 2023, 31 December 2022, 31 December 2021, 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019 below: 下文載列本集團於過往五年的業績、資產 及負債概要,乃摘錄自截至二零二三年十二 月三十一日、二零二二年十二月三十一日、 二零二一年十二月三十一日、二零二零年 十二月三十一日及二零一九年十二月三十一 日止財政年度的已公佈的綜合財務報表:

	For the year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度							
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019		
		二零二三年	二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二零年	二零一九年		
		RM	RM	RM	RM	RM		
		馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉		
Results (Audited)	業績(經審核)							
Revenue	来顏(起番似) 收益	85,217,638	91,623,708	92,657,153	88,675,007	68,327,729		
Loss before taxation Income tax credit/	除税前虧損 所得税抵免/	(2,667,003)	(43,130)	(5,808,358)	(1,766,963)	(2,209,758)		
(expense)	(開支)	868,679	(847,235)	2,403,141	(1,180,243)	345,590		
Loss for the year Attributable to:	年內虧損 以下人士應佔:	(1,798,324)	(890,365)	(3,405,217)	(2,947,206)	(1,864,168)		
Equity shareholders of	本公司權益							
the Company	股東	(1,800,969)	(888,885)	(3,402,980)	(3,017,053)	(1,844,444)		

		As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日							
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019			
		二零二三年	二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二零年	二零一九年			
		RM	RM	RM	RM	RM			
		馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉			
Assets and liabilities (Audited)	資產及負債 (經審核)								
Total assets	資產總值	163,262,553	173,072,500	170,461,339	165,162,412	167,084,721			
Total liabilities	負債總額	44,387,056	55,520,280	55,522,699	48,767,228	46,839,641			
Net assets	資產淨值	118,875,497	117,552,220	114,938,640	116,395,184	120,245,080			



椰豐集團有限公司 二零二三年年報



CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Tang Koon Fook *(Chairman)* Mr. Lee Sieng Poon *(Managing Director)* Mr. Yap Boon Teong Ms. Wong Yuen Lee

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Lee King Fui Dato' Mohd Ibrahim Bin Mohd Nor Mr. Lim Sey Hock (retired on 29 May 2023) Mr. Eng Hup Tat (appointed on 29 May 2023)

BOARD COMMITTEES

Audit Committee

Mr. Lee King Fui *(Chairman)* Dato' Mohd Ibrahim Bin Mohd Nor Mr. Lim Sey Hock (retired on 29 May 2023) Mr. Eng Hup Tat (appointed on 29 May 2023)

Remuneration Committee

Mr. Lim Sey Hock *(Chairman)* (retired on 29 May 2023) Mr. Eng Hup Tat *(Chairman)* (appointed on 29 May 2023) Mr. Tang Koon Fook Dato' Mohd Ibrahim Bin Mohd Nor

Nomination Committee

Mr. Tang Koon Fook *(Chairman)* Dato' Mohd Ibrahim Bin Mohd Nor Mr. Lim Sey Hock (retired on 29 May 2023) Mr. Eng Hup Tat (appointed on 29 May 2023)

Sanctions Oversight Committee

Mr. Lee Sieng Poon *(Chairman)* Ms. Wong Yuen Lee Ms. Soh Soo Fai (resigned on 6 June 2023) Mr. Lee Chee Bun (appointed on 26 March 2024)

HEADQUARTERS AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN MALAYSIA

No. 27–3 Jalan PJU 5/13, Dataran Sunway Kota Damansara 47810 Petaling Jaya Selangor Darul Ehsan Malaysia

董事會

執行董事

Tang Koon Fook先生(*主席*) Lee Sieng Poon先生(*董事總經理*) Yap Boon Teong先生 Wong Yuen Lee女士

獨立非執行董事

李勤輝先生 Dato' Mohd Ibrahim Bin Mohd Nor Lim Sey Hock先生 (於二零二三年五月二十九日退任) Eng Hup Tat先生 (於二零二三年五月二十九日獲委任)

董事委員會

審計委員會

李勤輝先生(*主席*) Dato' Mohd Ibrahim Bin Mohd Nor Lim Sey Hock先生 (於二零二三年五月二十九日退任) Eng Hup Tat先生 (於二零二三年五月二十九日獲委任)

薪酬委員會

Lim Sey Hock先生(*主席)* (於二零二三年五月二十九日退任) Eng Hup Tat先生(*主席)* (於二零二三年五月二十九日獲委任) Tang Koon Fook先生 Dato' Mohd Ibrahim Bin Mohd Nor

提名委員會

Tang Koon Fook先生(*主席)* Dato' Mohd Ibrahim Bin Mohd Nor Lim Sey Hock先生 (於二零二三年五月二十九日退任) Eng Hup Tat先生 (於二零二三年五月二十九日獲委任)

制裁監督委員會

Lee Sieng Poon先生(*主席*) Wong Yuen Lee女士 Soh Soo Fai女士 (於二零二三年六月六日辭任) Lee Chee Bun先生 (於二零二四年三月二十六日獲委任)

馬來西亞總部及主要營業地點

馬來西亞 雪蘭莪州 八打靈再也哥打白沙羅鎮 三威廣場PJU 5/13路27號三樓 郵編:47810



公司資料(續) CORPORATE INFORMATION (Continued)

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Unit 1513, 15/F Austin Tower 22–26 Austin Avenue Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE

89 Nexus Way Camana Bay Grand Cayman, KY1-9009 Cayman Islands

LISTING INFORMATION

Place of Listing

Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

Stock Code

1695

Board Lot

5,000 shares

COMPANY'S WEBSITE

www.spfood.com

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Liu Hoi Keung (appointed on 31 December 2023) Unit 1513, 15/F Austin Tower 22–26 Austin Avenue Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon Hong Kong

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Tang Koon Fook No. 27–3 Jalan PJU 5/13, Dataran Sunway Kota Damansara 47810 Petaling Jaya Selangor Darul Ehsan Malaysia

Mr. Liu Hoi Keung (appointed on 31 December 2023) Unit 1513, 15/F Austin Tower 22–26 Austin Avenue Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon Hong Kong

香港主要營業地點

香港 九龍尖沙咀 柯士甸路22-26號 好兆年行15樓 1513室

註冊辦事處

89 Nexus Way Camana Bay Grand Cayman, KY1-9009 Cayman Islands

上市資料

上市地點 香港聯合交易所有限公司主板

股份代號 1695

每手買賣單位 5,000股股份

<mark>公司網站</mark> www.spfood.com

公司秘書

廖開強先生 (於二零二三年十二月三十一日獲委任) 香港 九龍尖沙咀 柯士甸路22-26號 好兆年行15樓 1513室

授權代表

Tang Koon Fook先生 馬來西亞 雪蘭莪州 八打靈再也哥打白沙羅鎮 三威廣場PJU 5/13路27號三樓 郵編:47810

廖開強先生

 (於二零二三年十二月三十一日獲委任)

 香港

 九龍尖沙咀
 柯士甸路22-26號
 好兆年行15樓

 1513室

椰豐集團有限公司 二零二三年年報



CORPORATE INFORMATION (Continued)

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE IN CAYMAN ISLANDS

Ogier Global (Cayman) Limited 89 Nexus Way Camana Bay Grand Cayman, KY1-9009 Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Boardroom Share Registrars (HK) Limited Room 2103B, 21/F 148 Electric Road North Point, Hong Kong

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

Mazars PLT, Chartered Accountants Public Interest Entity Auditor recognised in accordance with the Accounting and Financial Reporting Council Ordinance in Hong Kong Wisma Golden Eagle Realty 11th Floor, South Block, No. 142-A Jalan Ampang 50450 Kuala Lumpur Malaysia

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

CIMB Bank Berhad

Level 13, Menara CIMB Jalan Stesen Sentral 2 Kuala Lumpur Sentral 50470 Kuala Lumpur Malaysia

HSBC Bank Malaysia Berhad

Menara 1Q, Lingkaran TRX Tun Razak Exchange 55188, Kuala Lumpur Malaysia

Public Bank Berhad

A-1, A-2 and A-3 Sunway Giza Mall Jalan PJU 5/14, Dataran Sunway Kota Damansara, 47810 Petaling Jaya Selangor Darul Ehsan Malaysia

開曼群島股份過戶登記總處

Ogier Global (Cayman) Limited 89 Nexus Way Camana Bay Grand Cayman, KY1-9009 Cayman Islands

香港股份過戶登記分處

寶德隆證券登記有限公司 香港北角 電氣道148號 21樓2103B室

獨立核數師

Mazars PLT,特許會計師 於香港財務匯報局條例下的認可公眾利益 實體核數師

Wisma Golden Eagle Realty 11th Floor, South Block, No. 142-A Jalan Ampang 50450 Kuala Lumpur Malaysia

主要往來銀行

聯昌銀行 Level 13, Menara CIMB Jalan Stesen Sentral 2 Kuala Lumpur Sentral 50470 Kuala Lumpur Malaysia

馬來西亞滙豐銀行有限公司

Menara 1Q, Lingkaran TRX Tun Razak Exchange 55188, Kuala Lumpur Malaysia

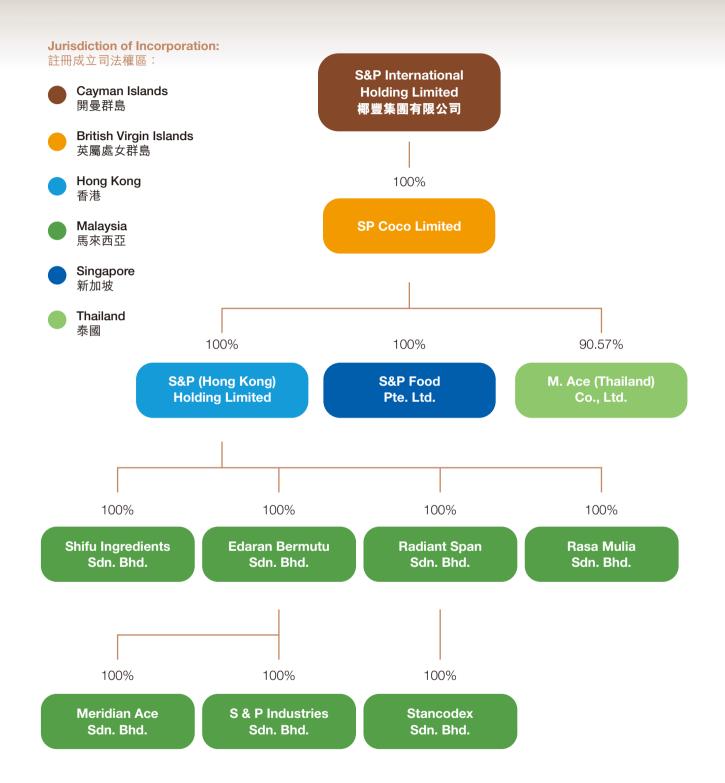
馬來西亞大眾銀行

A-1, A-2 and A-3 Sunway Giza Mall Jalan PJU 5/14, Dataran Sunway Kota Damansara, 47810 Petaling Jaya Selangor Darul Ehsan Malaysia



S&P International Holding Limited Annual Report 2023

CORPORATE STRUCTURE





CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

Dear Valued Shareholders,

On behalf of the Board of Directors ("**Directors**" and "**Board**", respectively) of S&P International Holding Limited ("**Company**"), I present to you the annual report of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, "**Group**") for the financial year ended 31 December 2023 ("**FY2023**").

INDUSTRY OVERVIEW AND BUSINESS OUTLOOK

The Group is principally engaged in the manufacturing of coconut-based food and beverage products and distributing them throughout the world.

The industry in FY2023 has been challenging as the global economy has experienced a slow-down with inflationary pressure. Our operation cost has increased and to remain competitive in the market, it was strenuous to manage our operating cost while maintaining our product quality.

The future ahead will undoubtedly remain volatile from the risk of rising cost globally and emergence of new challenges along with opportunities from the anticipation of steady rise in the global coconut products and beverages market.

GROUP BUSINESS DIRECTION

Looking forward, while we expect the business environment to remain challenging and volatile from the risk of rising cost globally and supply chain disruptions, we continue to drive our business forward by focusing on product innovation, improvement of product quality, cost effectiveness, reinforcing our marketing and sales structure and to balance our performance with the environmental, social and governance initiatives.

The Group will adopt a long-term growth strategy to build a sustainable business and a strong in-house brand under "Santan", "Cosip", and "Rasa Enak" with intensive efforts in digital brand building and expand its distribution network channels to enhance its brand recognition.

尊敬的股東:

本人謹代表椰豐集團有限公司(「本公司」)董 事(「董事」)會(「董事會」)向 閣下呈列本公 司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至二零 二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度(「二零 二三年財政年度」)之年報。

行業概覽及業務展望

本集團主要從事製造椰類餐飲產品並在世 界各地分銷。

於二零二三年財政年度,在全球經濟放緩 和通脹壓力的背景下,行業環境艱鉅。我 們的營運成本有所增加,為了維持市場競 爭力,我們積極努力在管理營運成本的同 時保持產品質量。

由於全球成本上升的風險和種種新挑戰浮現,以及全球椰子產品和飲料市場穩步增 長的預期帶來的機遇,未來無疑將繼續動 盪。

集團業務方針

展望未來,在全球成本上升和供應鏈中斷 的風險下,我們預計業務環境仍然充滿挑 戰和波動不定,但我們將繼續透過專注於 產品創新、提高產品質量、成本效益、加 強市場推廣和銷售結構,推動我們的業務 發展,並平衡我們的業績表現與環境、社 會及管治舉措。

本集團將採取長期發展戰略,建立可持續發展的業務,在[Santan]、[Cosip]及[Rasa Enak]下打造強大的自家品牌,加大數字化 品牌建設力度,並擴大分銷網絡渠道以提 高品牌知名度。



主席報告(績) CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT (Continued)

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

The Group has achieved approximately RM85.22 million in revenue for FY2023 representing an approximately 7.00% decrease as compared to the financial year ended 31 December 2022 ("**FY2022**") of approximately RM91.62 million which was mainly due to the reduction in sales of coconut powder and coconut milk. The gross profit margin of the Group is approximately 20.35% as compared to approximately 15.51% for FY2022.

Further explanation of our Group's financial performance for FY2023 is provided in the "Management Discussion and Analysis" section of this annual report.

APPRECIATION

On behalf of the Board, I would like to express my gratitude to all the management and staff in the Group for their dedication, continuous commitment and hard work in supporting the business sustainability of the Group. My gratitude also goes to all our valued customers, business associates, and governmental bodies for their confidence and continued cooperation in furthering our business growth.

To our shareholders, I thank you for your support and look forward to your continued vote of confidence in the Board. We shall commit ourselves to create sustainable shareholder value and solid financial performance in the years ahead. Last but not least, my heartfelt appreciation also goes to my fellow member of the Board for their valuable contribution, advice, and insight in steering the Group forward.

財務表現

本集團於二零二三年財政年度錄得收益約 85.22百萬馬來西亞令吉,較截至二零二二 年十二月三十一日止財政年度(「**二零二二年 財政年度**」)的約91.62百萬馬來西亞令吉減 少約7.00%,主要由於椰粉及椰奶的銷售額 減少。本集團的毛利率約為20.35%,二零 二二年財政年度約為15.51%。

有關本集團於二零二三年財政年度財務表 現的進一步説明載於本年報「管理層討論及 分析」一節。

致謝

本人謹代表董事會,感謝本集團全體管理 層及員工專心致志、不懈努力地支持本集 團的業務可持續發展。本人亦感謝各位寶 貴客戶、業務聯繫人及政府部門的信任及 持續合作,推動我們的業務增長。

本人亦感謝股東的支持,並期待 閣下繼 續對董事會投以信心的一票。未來我們將 努力締造可持續的股東價值及穩健的財務 表現。最後,本人亦衷心感謝各董事會成 員為推動本集團發展所作出的寶貴貢獻、 意見及見解。

Mr. Tang Koon Fook Chairman and Executive Director

Hong Kong, 27 March 2024

Tang Koon Fook先生 *主席兼執行董事*

香港,二零二四年三月二十七日



PROFILE OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

CHAIRMAN AND EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Mr. Tang Koon Fook ("Mr. Tang"), aged 61, was appointed as our Director on 10 November 2016 and became our Chairman and Executive Director on 22 March 2017. He is also the Chairman of the Nomination Committee as well as a member of the Remuneration Committee, and a director of various subsidiaries of our Company. He is primarily responsible for the overall management, strategic planning and the day-to-day business operations and financial management of our Group since its establishment.

Mr. Tang has more than 26 years of experience in the food industry. Mr Tang joined Carrier (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd., an air-conditioning company, as a credit assistant in January 1986 and last served as a credit officer in January 1990, where he was responsible for credit control. From November 1991 to January 1995, he was the accountant and credit controller of Jasa Kita Trading Sdn. Berhad (a subsidiary of Jasa Kita Berhad), an investment holding company and was listed on the stock exchange of Kuala Lumpur (stock code: 8648), where he was responsible for credit control and account management. From June 1995 to December 1997, Mr. Tang was the chief executive officer of Angkatan Hebat Sdn. Bhd., a fleet management service provider in Malaysia, where he was responsible for the overall management. From January 1998 to December 2007, Mr. Tang worked in S&P Food Industries (M) Sdn. Bhd ("S&P Food Industries"), the business predecessor of our Group, as the general manager and managing director, where he was in charge of the food manufacturing operations.

Mr. Tang received a master's degree of business administration (banking and finance) from the University of Hull, England in July 1991. He is the sole director of TYJ Holdings Limited, a substantial shareholder of the Company.

主席兼執行董事

Tang Koon Fook先生(「Tang先生」),61 歲,於二零一六年十一月十日獲委任為董事 及於二零一七年三月二十二日成為主席兼 執行董事。彼亦為提名委員會主席及薪酬 委員會成員,以及本公司多家附屬公司董事。 自本集團成立以來,彼主要負責本集團整 體管理、策略規劃,以及日常業務營運及 財務管理。

Tang先生於食品行業積累逾26年經驗。 Tang先生於一九八六年一月加入空調公司 Carrier (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.,任信貸助理, 一九九零年一月任信貸主任,負責信貸控 制。從一九九一年十一月至一九九五年一 月, 彼為 Jasa Kita Trading Sdn. Berhad (Jasa Kita Berhad的附屬公司)的會計師 兼信貸監督,負責信貸控制及賬戶管理, 該公司是一家投資控股公司,在吉隆坡證 交所上市(股份代號:8648)。從一九九五 年六月至一九九七年十二月,Tang先生為 馬來西亞車隊管理服務供應商 Angkatan Hebat Sdn. Bhd.的行政總裁,負責整體管 理。從一九九八年一月至二零零七年十二 月,Tang先生任職於本集團業務前身S&P Food Industries (M) Sdn. Bhd. ([S&P Food **Industries**」),擔任總經理及董事總經理, 負責食品製造的營運。

Tang先生於一九九一年七月在英國赫爾大 學取得工商管理(銀行及金融)碩士學位。 彼為本公司主要股東TYJ Holding Limited的 唯一董事。



重争及高級官理層間刀(績) PROFILE OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (Continued)

MANAGING DIRECTOR AND EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Mr. Lee Sieng Poon ("Mr. Lee"), aged 64, was appointed as our Director on 10 November 2016 and became our Managing Director and Executive Director on 22 March 2017. He is also the Chairman of the Sanctions Oversight Committee ("**SOC**") and a director of various subsidiaries of our Company. He is primarily responsible for the overall management, sales and marketing, research and development, day-to-day management of the sales and marketing and maintenance of customer relationship of our Group since its establishment.

Mr. Lee has over 39 years of experience in the food industry. From September 1984 to October 1987, Mr. Lee was the financial executive of S&P Food Industries, where he was responsible for preparation of the management accounts, planning, sourcing and liaison with the suppliers. From October 1992 to January 2008, he was the executive director of S&P Food Industries, where he was responsible for the sales and marketing and factory operations.

Mr. Lee studied in Sandford Park High School, Ireland until 1978. He is the sole director of Trinity Holdings Limited, a substantial shareholder of the Company.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Yap Boon Teong ("Mr. Yap"), aged 57, was appointed as our Executive Director on 22 March 2017. Mr. Yap is a director of S & P Industries Sdn. Bhd. ("**S & P Industries**"), a key operating subsidiary of the Company, and also its general manager of the plant and technical division ("**GMPT**"). He is primarily responsible for the implementation of new projects and provides technical support to factory operations of our Group.

Mr. Yap has over 33 years of experience in the food industry since 1991. From January 1996 to March 1998, Mr. Yap last served as the production manager of Dan Kaffe (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd., a coffee manufacturer, where he was responsible for overall production. From April 1998 to December 2013, Mr. Yap was the factory manager and senior research and development manager of S&P Food Industries and a subsidiary of the Company, Stancodex Sdn. Bhd., where he was responsible for overseeing the production and packing, quality assurance, purchasing, warehouse, maintenance and research and development. From January 2014, he was promoted to GMPT of S & P Industries.

Mr. Yap received a bachelor of technology (with honours) in the field of food technology from the Universiti Sains Malaysia in August 1991.

董事總經理兼執行董事

Lee Sieng Poon先生(「Lee先生」),64歲, 於二零一六年十一月十日獲委任為董事及 於二零一七年三月二十二日成為董事總經 理兼執行董事。彼亦為制裁監督委員會(「制 裁監督委員會」)主席及本公司多家附屬公 司董事。自本集團成立以來,彼主要負責 本集團整體管理、銷售及市場推廣、研發、 日常營銷管理及維繫與客戶的關係。

Lee先生於食品行業積累逾39年經驗。從 一九八四年九月至一九八七年十月,Lee先 生為S&P Food Industries的財務主管,負責 編製管理賬目、規劃、採購及與供應商接 洽。從一九九二年十月至二零零八年一月, 彼為S&P Food Industries的執行董事,負責 銷售與市場推廣以及工廠營運。

Lee 先 生 在 愛 爾 蘭 Sandford Park High School學習至一九七八年。彼為本公司主 要股東Trinity Holding Limited的唯一董事。

執行董事

Yap Boon Teong先生(「Yap先生」),57歲, 於二零一七年三月二十二日獲委任為執行 董事。Yap先生為S & P Industries Sdn. Bhd. (「S & P Industries」,本公司的一間主要營 運附屬公司)的董事,亦為廠房及技術部總 經理(「廠房及技術總經理」)。彼主要負責 實行新項目,並為本集團工廠營運提供技 術支援。

Yap先生自一九九一年起於食品行業積累逾 33年經驗。於一九九六年一月至一九九八 年三月,Yap先生最後擔任咖啡製造商Dan Kaffe (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.的生產經理,其 中彼負責整體生產。自一九九八年四月至 二零一三年十二月,Yap先生任職S&P Food Industries 及本公司附屬公司 Stancodex Sdn. Bhd.的工廠經理兼高級研究及開發經 理,負責督導生產及包裝、品質保證、採 購、貨倉、維修以及研究及開發。自二零 一四年一月起,彼晉升為S & P Industries的 廠房及技術總經理。

Yap先生於一九九一年八月在馬來西亞理科 大學(Universiti Sains Malaysia)取得技術學 士榮譽學位(食品技術方向)。



PROFILE OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Ms. Wong Yuen Lee ("Ms. Wong"), aged 49, was appointed as our Executive Director on 22 March 2017. Ms. Wong is also a member of the SOC. Ms. Wong is a director of S & P Industries, a key operating subsidiary of the Company. She joined S & P Industries on 1 January 2008 as an executive secretary and was promoted as the human resources manager in January 2011. She has been the general operations manager of S & P Industries since March 2015. She is responsible for human resources and information technology matters and supervising the compliance department.

Ms. Wong has over 19 years of experience in the food industry. Prior to joining our Group, Ms. Wong worked as the retail operations executive of Zitron Enterprise (M) Sdn. Bhd., a mobile phone distributor, from November 1999 to July 2004, where she was responsible for retail operations and customer service. From December 2004 to December 2007, Ms. Wong was an executive secretary of S&P Food Industries, responsible for secretarial and administrative work.

Ms. Wong received a bachelor of arts degree from the Universiti Putra Malaysia in July 1998.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Lee King Fui ("Mr. KF Lee"), aged 45, was appointed as our independent non-executive director ("**INED**") on 1 January 2022. Mr. KF Lee is also the Chairman of the Audit Committee.

Since July 2019, Mr. KF Lee is an INED of Easy Repay Finance & Investment Limited (Stock code 8079) which is listed on the GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

Mr. KF Lee is the founder and managing director of Visionwide Consultancy Limited, a Hong Kong based company which provides management, accounting and advisory services. He has more than 20 years of experience in accounting, audit and corporate finance and advisory services in Malaysia, Hong Kong and Mainland China.

Mr. KF Lee had been the chief financial officer and senior management of a number of private companies in Hong Kong and China for the period from August 2011 to December 2017. Prior to the above-mentioned positions, Mr. KF Lee worked in KPMG Hong Kong from October 2006 to March 2011 and his last position was senior manager. Wong Yuen Lee 女士(「Wong 女士」),49 歲,於二零一七年三月二十二日獲委任為執 行董事。Wong 女士亦為制裁監督委員會成 員。Wong 女士為本公司一間主要營運附屬 公司S & P Industries 的董事。彼於二零零八 年一月一日加盟S & P Industries為行政秘書, 並於二零一一年一月晉升為人力資源經理。 彼自二零一五年三月為S & P Industries 的總 營運經理。彼負責人力資源及資訊科技事 務,以及監督合規部門。

Wong女士於食品行業積累逾19年經驗。 加盟本集團以前,Wong女士從一九九九年 十一月至二零零四年七月任職於手機經銷 商Zitron Enterprise (M) Sdn. Bhd.的營運人 員,負責零售交易營運及客戶服務。從二零 零四年十二月至二零零七年十二月,Wong 女士為S&P Food Industries的行政秘書,負 責秘書及行政工作。

Wong女士於一九九八年七月在馬來西亞博 特拉大學(Universiti Putra Malaysia)取得文 學士學位。

獨立非執行董事

李勤輝先生(「李勤輝先生」),45歲,於二零 二二年一月一日獲委任為獨立非執行董事(「**獨 立非執行董事**」)。李勤輝先生亦為審計委 員會主席。

自二零一九年七月起,李勤輝先生擔任易 還財務投資有限公司(股份代號:8079)之 獨立非執行董事,該公司於香港聯合交易 所有限公司GEM上市。

李勤輝先生為信宏諮詢服務有限公司之創 辦人及董事總經理,該公司植根於香港, 提供管理、會計及諮詢服務。彼於馬來西 亞、香港及中國內地之會計、審計、公司 財務及諮詢服務方面擁有超過20年經驗。

李勤輝先生自二零一一年八月至二零一七 年十二月期間在香港及中國的多間私人公 司擔任首席財務官及高級管理層。於擔任 上述職位前,李先生自二零零六年十月至 二零一一年三月任職於畢馬威會計師事務 所香港分部,彼離職前之職位為高級經理。

PROFILE OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Mr. KF Lee obtained a Master's Degree in Accountancy from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University in October 2012. He was admitted as an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants in January 2012 and became a fellow member in September 2020. Mr. KF Lee was admitted as a member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants in September 2003 and became a fellow member in September 2008. Mr. KF Lee was also admitted as a chartered accountant of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants in March 2004.

Dato' Mohd Ibrahim Bin Mohd Nor ("Dato'Mohd Ibrahim"), aged 65, was appointed as our INED on 24 May 2022. Dato' Mohd Ibrahim is also a member of each of the Audit Committee, Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee.

Dato' Mohd Ibrahim is the chairman of Protasco Development Sdn Bhd, an integrated engineering solutions provider, since September 2018 and the chairman of Second Wind Sdn Bhd, a software solutions provider, since 2008. He is also a director of Kim Teck Cheong Consolidated Berhad, a consumer packaged goods company listed on the KLSE, since December 2018 and a member of the Board of Governors of Infrastructure University of Kuala Lumpur since 2012. Dato' Mohd Ibrahim was the chairman of Carzo Group, a fruits and fruit products processing and distribution company listed on the Leap Market of Kuala Lumpur Stock Exchange (the "KLSE") from March 2021 to December 2023. He was a director of Titijaya Land Berhad from 2019 to 2022. Dato' Mohd Ibrahim was the chairman of Kumpulan Ikram Sdn Bhd, a wholly owned subsidiary of Protasco Berhad, from August 2017 to August 2018. He was a director of Protasco Berhad, a company listed on the KLSE, from 2009 to 2012 and from 2014 to 2015, respectively, and has been its deputy chairman during the period from June to December 2012. Dato' Mohd Ibrahim was the chairman of each of Super Enterprise Holdings Berhad and Malay Mail Sdn Bhd from 2008 to 2012. He was the managing director of Padiberas Nasional Berhad (BERNAS), a company listed on the KLSE, during the period from 1996 to 2001 and has been its vice chairman from 2001 to 2003. Dato' Mohd Ibrahim was a director of Malaysian Resources Corporation Berhad (MRCB) from 1999 to 2001 and has been the executive vice chairman of Sistem Television Malaysia Berhad in 2001. From 1983 to 1995, he has held senior positions in Utama Wardley Berhad, Asian International Merchant Bank Berhad, The News Straits Times Press Group and Malakoff Berhad.

李勤輝先生於二零一二年十月取得香港理 工大學會計碩士學位。彼於二零一二年一月 獲認可為香港會計師公會會員,並於二零 二零年九月成為資深會員。李勤輝先生於 二零零三年九月獲認可為英國特許公認會 計師公會會員並於二零零八年九月成為資 深會員。於二零零四年三月,李勤輝先生 亦成為馬來西亞會計師協會特許會計師。

Dato' Mohd Ibrahim Bin Mohd Nor (「Dato' Mohd Ibrahim」),65歲,於二零 二二年五月二十四日獲委任為獨立非執行 董事。Dato' Mohd Ibrahim亦為審計委員會、 提名委員會及薪酬委員會各自之成員。

Dato' Mohd Ibrahim自二零一八年九月起擔 任Protasco Development Sdn Bhd (綜合工 程解決方案供應商)之主席,自二零零八年 起擔任Second Wind Sdn Bhd(軟件解決方 案供應商)之主席。彼亦自二零一八年十二 月起擔任Kim Teck Cheong Consolidated Berhad (於馬來西亞證券交易所上市的快速 消費品公司)之董事,自二零一二年起擔任 吉隆坡建設大學董事會成員。Dato' Mohd Ibrahim於二零二一年三月至二零二三年十二 月擔任Carzo Group(於馬來西亞證券交易 所(「馬來西亞證券交易所」)Leap市場上市 的水果及水果產品加工及分銷公司)之主席。 彼於二零一九年至二零二二年 擔任Titijaya Land Berhad的董事。Dato' Mohd Ibrahim 自二零一七年八月至二零一八年八月擔任 Kumpulan Ikram Sdn Bhd (Protasco Berhad 之全資附屬公司)之主席。彼分別於二零零 九至二零一二年及二零一四至二零一五年擔 任Protasco Berhad (於馬來西亞證券交易所 上市的公司)之董事,並於二零一二年六月 至十二月期間擔任其副主席。Dato' Mohd Ibrahim 於二零零八年至二零一二年擔任 Super Enterprise Holdings Berhad及Malay Mail Sdn Bhd各自之主席。彼於一九九六年 至二零零一年期間擔任Padiberas Nasional Berhad (BERNAS)(於馬來西亞證券交易所 上市公司)之董事總經理,並於二零零一年 至二零零三年期間擔任其副主席。Dato' Mohd Ibrahim 於一九九九年至二零零一 年擔任 Malaysian Resources Corporation Berhad (MRCB)之董事,並於二零零一年 擔任Sistem Television Malavsia Berhad之 執行副主席。於一九八三年至一九九五 年,彼曾於Utama Wardley Berhad、Asian International Merchant Bank Berhad . The News Straits Times Press Group及Malakoff Berhad擔任高級職位。





PROFILE OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Dato' Mohd Ibrahim obtained a master's degree in business administration from the Drake University in the United States of America (the "**USA**") in 1983 and a bachelor of arts degree in mathematics from the Knox College in the USA in 1981.

Mr. Eng Hup Tat ("Mr. Eng"), aged 61, was appointed as our INED on 29 May 2023. Mr Eng is also the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee and a member of each of the Audit Committee and Nomination Committee.

Mr. Eng has over 36 years of working experience in various industries, namely, in a regulatory role in the futures industry as an Assistant Manager and his last position was Manager of the Audit, Compliance, and Surveillance Division of The Kuala Lumpur Commodity Exchange and its subsidiary, Malaysia Monetary Exchange from 1990 to 1999. From 1999 to 2006, he joined a manufacturing company, Gallant Precision Tools & Engineering Sdn Bhd as General Manager of the Finance and Accounting Department and thereafter promoted as General Manager of Operations and Finance, and then the Finance Director. He worked in the construction and property development companies, namely, Golden Plus Holdings Berhad, as the Financial Controller from 2006 to 2013 and Magna Prima Berhad as the Chief Financial Officer from 2014 to 2017. Since 2017, Mr. Eng undertakes advisory consultancy work for small, medium, and listed companies on business and financial matters.

Mr. Eng is a member of The Malaysian Institute of Accountants (MIA) and holds a Diploma in Commerce (Financial Accounting) from Tunku Abdul Rahman College, Malaysia.

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Ms. Celine Liew Tong Fung ("Ms. Liew"), aged 59, has been our Chief Financial Officer since 21 August 2020 and is primarily responsible for accounting, financial management, taxation and corporate matters of the Group.

Ms. Liew has more than 20 years of experience in accounting, financial management, governance and compliance, taxation and contractual matters. She began her career as a tax assistant in a Big-4 tax firm in Malaysia in 1989. She has held senior financial and project management roles within construction, consultancy, healthcare, manufacturing and shipping industries.

Ms. Liew earned a bachelor's degree in accountancy (with honours) from the University of Malaya in September 1989 and LLB from the University of London in August 2011. She is a member of Malaysia Institute of Accountants.

Dato' Mohd Ibrahim於一九八三年獲得美利 堅合眾國(「美國」)德雷克大學工商管理碩 士學位,並於一九八一年獲得美國諾克斯 學院數學文學士學位。

Eng Hup Tat先生(「Eng先生」),61歲,於 二零二三年五月二十九日獲委任為我們的 獨立非執行董事。Eng先生亦為薪酬委員 會之主席、審計委員會及提名委員會之成 員。

Eng先生擁有逾36年工作經驗,涵蓋多個 行業,包括在期貨行業擔任助理經理執行 監管職務,最後出任的職位為於一九九 零年至一九九九年擔任吉隆坡商品交易所 (Kuala Lumpur Commodity Exchange) 及 其附屬公司馬來西亞貨幣交易所(Malaysia Monetary Exchange)的審計、合規及監督 部經理。自一九九九年至二零零六年,彼 加入一家製造公司Gallant Precision Tools & Engineering Sdn Bhd, 擔任財務及會計部 總經理,此後晉升為營運及財務總經理, 然後晉升為財務總監。彼自二零零六年至 二零一三年任職於建築及房地產開發公司 Golden Plus Holdings Berhad, 擔任財務 總監,自二零一四年至二零一七年任職於 Magna Prima Berhad, 擔任首席財務官。 自二零一七年起,Eng先生為中小企業和上 市公司提供商業和財務方面的諮詢服務。

Eng先生是馬來西亞會計師協會(MIA)的會員,並持有馬來西亞拉曼大學學院的商業 文憑(財務會計)。

首席財務官

Celine Liew Tong Fung 女士(「Liew 女士」),59歲,自二零二零年八月二十一日起 出任我們的首席財務官,主要負責本集團 的會計、財務管理、税務及企業事宜。

Liew女士於會計、財務管理、管治與合規、 税務及合約事宜擁有逾20年經驗。彼於 一九八九年開始在馬來西亞的一家四大税 務公司擔任税務助理。彼曾於建築、諮詢、 醫療保健、製造及航運行業擔任高級財務 及項目管理職務。

Liew女士於一九八九年九月取得馬來亞大 學會計學(榮譽)學士學位,並於二零一一 年八月取得倫敦大學法學學士學位。彼為 馬來西亞會計師協會的成員。

里爭及高級官理層間介續) PROFILE OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (Continued)

DIRECTOR – SALES

Mr. Lee Chee Bun ("Mr. CB Lee"), aged 53, has been our Director-Sales since 16 March 2023 and is primarily responsible for strategic sales planning in the domestic and international markets of the Group. Mr. CB Lee was appointed as a member of SOC on 26 March 2024.

Mr. CB Lee has more than 29 years of experience in sales and marketing. Mr. CB Lee started his career with National Panasonic (M) Sdn Bhd as a marketing executive for electrical appliances in 1995 and last served as senior marketing executive. He joined Ace Canning Corporation Sdn. Bhd., part of Lam Soon Malaysia Group of Companies in 2006 as export manager and was promoted to general manager in 2011.

Mr. CB Lee holds a bachelor degree of art (economics) from the University of Malaya in 1995.

銷售總監

Lee Chee Bun先生(「CB Lee先生」),53 歲,自二零二三年三月十六日起出任我們 的銷售總監,主要負責本集團國內及國際 市場的戰略銷售規劃。CB Lee先生於二零 二四年三月二十六日獲委任為制裁監督委 員會成員。

CB Lee先生在銷售及市場推廣方面積累逾 29年經驗。CB Lee先生於一九九五年加入 National Panasonic (M) Sdn Bhd,擔任電 器市場推廣主任,最後擔任高級市場推廣 主任。彼於二零零六年加入Ace Canning Corporation Sdn. Bhd.(南順馬來西亞公司 集團的一部分),擔任出口經理,並於二零 一一年晉升為總經理。

CB Lee先生於一九九五年取得馬來亞大學 文學士(經濟學)學位。





ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

ABOUT THIS REPORT

This is the Environmental, Social and Governance (**"ESG**") Report (the **"Report**") of S&P International Holding Limited (**"S&P**" or the **"Company**") and its subsidiaries (collectively known as the **"Group**" or **"We**"). This Report addresses a range of material impacts on the Group, outlining our sustainability approaches and disclosing our ESG performances during the period from 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 (**"2023"** or the **"Reporting Period**").

Unless otherwise stated, the scope of the Report remains the same as the ESG report of the period from 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022 ("**2022**"), this Report mainly focuses on our core businesses in the manufacturing and distribution of coconut cream powder, low fat desiccated coconut, coconut milk and other related products in Malaysia, i.e. the headquarters (the "**HQ**") and our plant in Perak, Malaysia (the "**Perak Plant**"), which account for the majority of our total revenue under the Group's direct operational control during the Reporting Period.

In preparation of this Report, we have adhered to the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide (the "**ESG Guide**") set out in Appendix C2 issued by the Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited (the "**HKEX**") to disclose our sustainability issues in material aspects during the Reporting Period. It is recommended to read this Report in conjunction with the "Corporate Governance Report" included in this Annual Report, regarding the corporate governance measures.

We treasure every valuable opinion of our stakeholders. If you have any opinions about this Report and our sustainability performances, please do not hesitate to send your feedback to us at info@spfood.com.

關於本報告

此乃椰豐集團有限公司(「**椰**豐」或「**本公司**」) 及其附屬公司(統稱「**本集團**」或「**我們**」)的 環境、社會及管治(「**環境、社會及管治**」)報 告(「**本報告**])。本報告闡述一系列對本集 團的重大影響,概述我們的可持續發展方 針及披露我們於二零二三年一月一日至二零 二三年十二月三十一日期間(「**二零二三年**」或 「**報告期間**」)的環境、社會及管治表現。

除另有説明外,本報告與二零二二年一月一 日至二零二二年十二月三十一日期間(「二零 二二年」)的環境、社會及管治報告範圍相同, 本報告主要專注於在我們位於馬來西亞(即 總部)(「總部」)及位於馬來西亞霹靂的工廠 (「霹靂工廠」)製造及分銷椰漿粉、低脂椰 蓉、椰奶及其他相關產品的核心業務,該 等業務佔報告期間本集團直接經營控制下 的總收益的大部份比例。

於編製本報告時,我們已遵守香港交易及結算 所有限公司(「**聯交所**」)發出的附錄C2所載的 《環境、社會及管治報告指引》(「**環境、社會及 管治指引**」),對報告期間各重大方面的可持 續發展事宜作出披露。有關企業管治措施,建 議本報告與本年報所載的「企業管治報告」一 併閱讀。

我們非常重視持份者提出的每一個寶貴意 見。如您對本報告及我們的可持續發展表 現有任何意見,請隨時將您的反饋發送至 info@spfood.com。



S&P International Holding Limited Annual Report 2023

壞項、社會及官冶報告(續) ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

REPORTING PRINCIPLES

When preparing the Report, we adhered to the following reporting principles: materiality, quantitative, balance and consistency. Please refer to the table below for details:

在編製本報告的過程中,我們秉持以下報 告原則:重要性、量化、平衡及一致性。詳 情請參閱下表:

報告原則

Reporting Principles 報告原則	Responses from the Group 本集團的回應
Materiality 重要性	S&P reviews and determines the reporting scope based on the materiality of its principal activities and discloses issues of material impact in the Report. At the same time, we identify current material sustainability issues through stakeholder engagement and materiality assessment, which are reviewed and confirmed by the Board of Directors of the Company (the " Board "). Factors like corporate operating strategies and stakeholders' concerns are considered in this process. Please refer to the sections headed "Stakeholder Engagement" and "Materiality Assessment" for further details. 椰豐根據主營業務的重要性審視並釐定報告範圍,並於本報告中披露涉及重大影響的議題。同時,我們透過持份者參與及經本公司董事會(「 董事會 」)審閱及確認的重要性評估來辨識當前的重大可持續發展議題。在此過程中會考慮各種因素,例如企業營運策略和持份者的關注。進一步詳情請參閱「持份者參與」及「重要性評估」章節。
Quantitative	S&P discloses environmental and social key performance indicators (the " KPIs ") in a quantitative manner, where practicable and applicable, accompanied by a narrative explaining its calculation methodology and applicable assumptions.
量化	Historical data is also disclosed for comparison purposes. 椰豐會在可行且適用的情況下,以量化方式披露環境和社會關鍵績效指標(「 關 鍵績效指標」),輔以解釋其計算方法和適用假設的敘述。同時亦會披露過往的 數據,以便作出比較。
Balance	S&P discloses its ESG achievements and challenges in a fair and transparent
平衡	manner, to all stakeholders in the Report. 椰豐會公平地披露其環境、社會及管治成就及所面對的挑戰,透明地展現予本 報告的持份者。
Consistency	The statistical methodologies applied to this Report were substantially consistent with the previous year. Explanations will be provided regarding data if there are any changes in the scope of disclosure and calculation methodologies that may affect the comparisons with previous reports.
一致性	本報告所採用的統計方法與上一年度基本一致。倘披露範圍及計算方法出現任 何變動而可能影響與過往報告的比較,則會就數據提供解釋。





ABOUT S&P

Being one of the global major brands among the coconut cream powder industry, we are committed to producing the highest quality products. We are passionate to deliver quality coconut food products with their natural flavour and nutritional attributes being presented in a convenient form to the world whilst being committed to achieving superior results and sharing the success with all parties involved.

Core values:

關於椰豐

作為椰漿粉行業的全球主要品牌之一,我 們致力於生產最優質的產品。我們一方面 鋭意向全球提供天然營養、方便易食的優 質椰類食品,一方面致力取得優異成績, 與所有參與方共享碩果。

核心價值:



Dedicated to quality:

- World-class technology for the freshest taste
- Systematic manufacturing processes
- Technological investments
- Uncompromising quality control

In order to fulfil the diverse needs and requirements of our customers in different market sectors, we offer our customers with a variety of products under our different brands, namely "Santan", "Cosip", "Kerra", "Cocos" and "Rasa Enak". Through continuous innovation and refinement, it assists us to maintain steady and excellent product quality.

品質至上:

- 一流的保鮮技術
- 系統化的生產流程
- ▶ 技術投資
- 嚴格的質量控制

為滿足不同市場領域客戶的多樣化需求 及要求,我們為客戶提供不同品牌(即 「Santan」、「Cosip」、「Kerra」、「Cocos」及 「Rasa Enak」)的多種產品。不斷的創新及 改進,令我們保持穩定及卓越的產品質量。

環境、社會及官活報告(續) ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

During the Reporting Period, we are engaged in manufacturing and distribution of food products, such as coconut cream powder, low-fat desiccated coconut, coconut milk, coconut water, rice dumplings (ketupat), toasted coconut paste (kerisik), coconut milk beverage and plant-based milk. Our footprints cover more than 40 countries, to provide our products to retail customers, distributors, industrial customers, trading companies and wholesaler customers all over the world. 於報告期間,我們從事食品生產及分銷, 如椰漿粉、低脂椰蓉、椰奶、椰汁、馬來 粽(ketupat)、烤椰蓉(kerisik)、椰奶飲料及 植物奶。我們的業務遍佈40多個國家,向 全世界的零售客戶、分銷商、工業客戶、貿 易公司及批發商客戶提供產品。



During the manufacturing process of coconut powder, we extracted natural coconut milk from selected fresh coconuts by spray drying. This way not only secures the natural taste of coconut cream in an instant and convenient form, but also provides a versatile and easy-to-store product for our customers. Therefore, our coconut cream powder become our best-selling products, and is widely used as a cooking ingredient in South-east Asian and Middle Eastern cuisine.

We also maintained high quality of production for coconut milk process. Coconut milk is first filtrated to remove all shredded coconut pulp. They are then preserved by the ultra-high-temperature process whereby the milk is rapidly heated to a very high temperature and cooled down. This technology can kill off harmful bacteria while retaining the maximum nutrients and natural flavour of coconut milk. The processed coconut milk is then stored at the aseptic tank before packaging to ensure that our product is hygienic and fresh with long shelf life. 在椰粉的生產過程中,我們通過噴霧乾燥 從精選新鮮椰子提取天然椰奶。這種方式 不僅可以即時、方便的方式保留椰子奶油 的天然味道,亦為客戶提供多用途、易於 存儲的產品。因此,椰漿粉成為我們最暢 銷的產品,廣泛用於東南亞及中東烹飪的 烹飪配料。

我們亦維持高質量的椰奶生產工藝。首先 將椰奶過濾以除去所有碎椰漿。然後經過 超高溫工藝保存,將椰奶快速加熱至極高 溫度並冷卻。該項技術可殺死有害細菌, 同時保留椰奶的最大營養及天然風味。其 後,經過加工的椰奶在包裝前存儲在無菌 罐中,以確保我們的產品既衛生又新鮮, 且保質期長。





SUSTAINABILITY APPROACH

Sustainability is an integral part of our growth and development, meanwhile, it is deeply embedded in our daily operation. During the Reporting Period, our unwavering commitment to investment in people together with the coordinated strategy of brand building has helped maintain our market leader position in the food and beverage industry and paved the way towards achieving the long-term success of the Group. We are committed to creating value and enriching our efforts on the environment and society in which we operate through the following 5 sustainability values.

可持續發展方針

可持續發展是我們增長與發展不可或缺的 部份,已融入日常營運中。於報告期間, 我們堅定地投資於人才,加上品牌建設的 協調策略,讓我們能在餐飲業保持領導地 位,並為本集團長遠成功奠定基礎。我們 透過以下五大可持續發展價值,致力創造 價值並對我們業務所在的環境及社會投入 更多精力。



Our sustainable growth and success lie in our commitment and perseverance in constantly providing quality food and service to our customers. We pursue to understand and satisfy our customers' needs through our daily operation. 我們努力不懈為顧客提供優質食品及服務, 成為業務不斷取得增長與成功的關鍵。我 們日常運營的任務就是了解及滿足客戶的 需要。



SUSTAINABILITY GOVERNANCE

We are committed to continually improving our sustainability governance practice.

The Board is responsible for the oversight of the Group's risk management activities related to the sustainable development of the Group. The Board holds the overall responsibility for the Group's ESG issues and oversees the ESG strategies, direction and policies. Through its Audit Committee, which is further supported by Compliance Department and internal audit function, it supervises the risk management of the entire Group, including the ESG-related risks.

Material risks, including ESG-related risks, are addressed by the Board. Identified risks are prioritised and further mitigation actions will be taken to those issues with higher risks. Compliance Department is then responsible for monitoring the implementation of mitigation measures. Through adjusting and defining risks, the Board is able to formulate a clear vision and key strategies and to monitor the management to ensure that the proper ESG reporting measures and systems are in place.

Thus, the Environmental Regulatory Compliance Monitoring Committee (the "**ERCMC**"), which is chaired by the executive director, is set up and responsible for providing further assistance on establishing environmental-related policy and monitoring work supported by Environmental Performance Monitoring Committee (the "**EPMC**"). The designated personnel are responsible for collecting and analysing ESG data, monitoring and evaluating the Group's ESG performance, keeping track of and reviewing the progress made against the Group's ESG-related targets, ensuring compliance with ESG-related laws and regulations, assisting in conducting materiality assessment and preparing ESG reports. EPMC reports to ERCMC at least once every year and enforces the Group's sustainability policy and activities.

Monthly meetings are held to plan and monitor the ESG-related targets set and KPIs. In the monthly meetings, ESG performance will be submitted to the ERCMC and the ERCMC will review and discuss the ESG performance to improve the ESG KPIs and ensure relevant targets are met on time. Where appropriate, external advisors would be engaged to provide expertise and professional advice for the ESG management process. The Group's ESG performance will be submitted to the Board for their review at least once every year.

可持續發展管治

我們致力於持續提升可持續發展管治常規。

董事會負責監督本集團的可持續發展相關 風險管理活動。董事會全面負責本集團的 環境、社會及管治議題,並監督環境、社 會及管治策略、方向和政策。董事會透過 其審計委員會,連同合規部門及內部審核 職能的進一步支持,監督整個集團的風險 管理,包括環境、社會及管治相關風險。

董事會負責處理包括環境、社會及管治相 關風險在內的重大風險。已識別的風險將 被優先處理,我們並會對風險較高的事項 後取進一步減低風險措施。合規部門其後 負整及界定風險,董事會能夠定出清晰 景及關鍵策略,監督管理層確保備有妥善 之環境、社會及管治報告措施及系統。

因此,本公司已成立由執行董事擔任主席 的環境監管合規監督委員會(「**環境監管合** 規監督委員會」),負責就建立環境相關政 策及監督有關工作提供進一步協助,由環 境績效監督委員會(「**環境績效監督委員會**」) 提供協助。指定人員負責收集和分析環境、 社會及管治表現,追蹤和審視集團環境、 社會及管治相關目標的選展情況,確保邁 守環境、社會及管治相關法律法規,協助 進行重要性評估和編製環境、社會及管治 報告。環境績效監督委員會每年至少向環 境監管合規監督委員會報告一次,並執行 本集團的可持續發展政策和活動。

本公司每月舉行會議,規劃及監控所訂立 的環境、社會及管治目標及關鍵績效指標。 在每月會議上,會向環境監管合規監督委員會提交環境、社會及管治表現,環境監督委員會檢討和討論環境、社會 及管治表現,以改善環境、社會及管治調 鍵績效指標及確保如期達成相關目標。 鍵績效指標下,將電開知識和專環境、社會及 管治管治管至少每年一次將環境、社會及 管治表現提交董事會審查。





During the Reporting Period, the Group confirmed that it has established appropriate and effective management policies and internal control systems for ESG issues and confirmed that the disclosed contents of the Report comply with the "comply or explain" provisions of the ESG Guide.

STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

We believe that understanding the views of our stakeholders lays a solid foundation for the long-term growth and success of the Group. We develop multiple channels for a broad spectrum of stakeholders in order to provide them with the opportunity to express their views on our sustainability performance and future strategies.

To reinforce mutual trust and respect, we are committed to maintaining enduring communication channels, both formally and informally, with stakeholders to better shape our business strategies in order to respond to their needs and expectations, anticipate risks and strengthen key relationships. Stakeholders' expectations have been taken into consideration by utilising diversified engagement methods as shown below: 於報告期間,本集團確認已針對環境、社 會及管治議題建立適當、有效的管理政策 和內部監控系統,並確認本報告披露的內 容符合環境、社會及管治指引中「不遵守就 解釋」的規定。

持份者參與

我們相信,了解持份者的意見為本集團達 致長遠增長及成功奠定堅實基礎。我們為 不同領域的持份者提供多種渠道來讓彼等 有機會就我們的可持續發展表現及未來策 略發表意見。

為加強互信及尊重,我們致力與持份者保 持持續的正式及非正式溝通渠道,以更好 地制定業務策略,以滿足其需要及期望、 預計風險及鞏固重要關係。我們已通過運 用下文所示的多元化合作方式將持份者的 期望納入考慮範圍:

Stakeholders 持份者	Expectations and Concerns 期望與關注	Communication Channels 溝通渠道			
Employees 僱員	 Occupational safety and health Diversity and anti-discrimination Remuneration and benefits Training and development 職業安全及健康 多元化及反歧視 薪酬及福利 培訓及發展 	 Training, seminar and briefing Employee performance appraisal Staff newsletter and email 培訓、研討會及簡介會 員工工作表現評核 員工通訊及電郵 			
Customers 客戶	 Product safety Complaints handling Customer privacy 產品安全 投訴處理 客戶私隱 	 Customer satisfaction survey Customer service hotline and email Company website 客戶滿意度調查 客戶服務熱線及電郵 公司網站 			
Business partners 業務夥伴	 Business integrity and ethics Value chain development 商業誠信及道德 價值鏈發展 	 Meetings Signing of contracts 會議 簽訂合約 			



睘境、社會及管治報告(續

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

Stakeholders 持份者	Expectations and Concerns 期望與關注	Communication Channels 溝通渠道
Shareholders 股東	 Compliant operation Corporate governance and risk control General management 合規營運 企業管治及風險控制 	 Annual general meeting and other general meetings Financial reports Announcements and circulars 股東週年大會及其他股東大會 財務報告
Suppliers 供應商	 一般管理 Supplier selection process Supplier environmental and social assessment and management Business continuity plan On-time payment 供應商甄選程序 供應商環境及社會評估及管理 業務持續計劃 按時付款 	 公告及通函 Procurement process On-site visits Supplier audit and assessment Supplier management meetings Email 採購程序 實地考察 供應商審核及評估 供應商管理會議 電郵
Government 政府	 Compliant operation Anti-fraud and anti-corruption Intellectual property rights 合規營運 反欺詐及反貪污 知識產權 	 Compliance officer Legal advisor On-site inspections 合規主任 法律顧問 現場檢查
Community 社區	 Community contribution Fulfilling the responsibility of environmental protection 社區貢獻 履行環保責任 	 Company website ESG reports Community activities Media channels 公司網站 環境、社會及管治報告 社區活動
Other external stakeholders 其他外部持份者	 Business integrity and ethics 商業誠信及道德 	 媒體渠道 Company website Phone calls Meetings 公司網站 電話通話 會議

To understand and respond to stakeholder's needs more accurately and timely, we have also maintained a list of interested parties of the Group and their requirements for internal references.

為了更準確、及時地了解和回應持份者的 需求,我們亦存有本集團利益相關者及其 需求的列表,以供內部參考。



MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT

The Group identifies and prioritises ESG issues based on their materiality to the Group and its stakeholders. The management of the Group first identify a series of material ESG issues by considering global and local emerging sustainability trends, material topics identified by industry peers, industrial best practices; and sustainability reporting frameworks. After shortlisting a list of material ESG issues, we invite our stakeholders to carry out a materiality assessment and rate the identified ESG issues by its impact on stakeholders and the Group's business. The result of the materiality assessment is reviewed and validated by the Board.

Employees, customers, business partners, shareholders, suppliers, government and the community are our key stakeholders. To solicit feedback from our key stakeholder groups, we conducted an online survey during the Reporting Period. In accordance with the survey, we have defined the priority aspects with the largest impact on our business and stakeholder businesses through the materiality assessment.

We mapped the results of our materiality assessment onto a matrix to reflect the relative importance and impact of the issues to our stakeholders and our business. We strive to review these issues continuously in order to improve our sustainability performance. The materiality matrix also serves as an underlying basis for the structure of the Report.

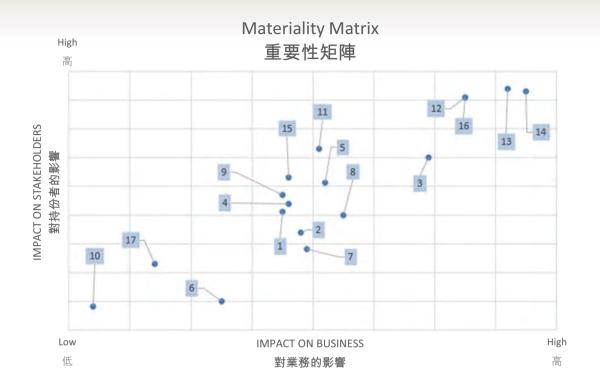
重要性評估

本集團根據環境、社會及管治議題對本集 團及其持份者的重要性進行識別及排序。 本集團管理層首先透過考慮全球和本地新 興可持續發展趨勢、業內同行確定的重大 議題、行業最佳實踐,確定多項重要環境、 社會及管治議題;及可持續發展報告框架。 在篩選出一系列重要環境、社會及管治議 題後,我們會邀請持份者進行重要性評估, 並按已識別的環境、社會及管治議題對持 份者及本集團業務的影響程度進行評級。 重要性評估的結果由董事會審閱和驗證。

僱員、客戶、業務夥伴、股東、供應商、 政府及社區是我們的主要持份者。為徵求 主要持份者團體的反饋意見,我們於報告 期間內進行了網上問卷調查。根據調查結 果,我們透過重要性評估,已識別出對我 們的業務及持份者的業務最具影響力的首 要重點。

我們將重要性評估的結果繪製成矩陣,以 反映有關事項對我們的持份者及我們的業 務的相對重要性及影響。我們致力於持續 審閱該等事項,以提升我們的可持續發展 表現。重要性矩陣亦構成報告結構的相關 基礎。





lss	ployee-related ues 員相關事項	Pro Op	vironmental otection and Green eration 呆及綠色營運		erating Practices ■慣例	Res	duct and Service ponsibility 员服務責任	Со	mmunity ntribution ፩貢 <i>獻</i>
1.	Labour Standard 勞工準則	6.	Effluent Discharge 污水排放	11.	Supply Chain Management 供應鏈管理	13.	Product Quality and Safety 產品質量與安全	17.	Community Investment 社區投資
2.	Talents Recruitment 人才招聘	7.	Air and Greenhouse Gas (" GHG ") Emissions	12.	Anti-fraud and Anti- corruption	14.	Customer Satisfaction 客戶滿意度		
3.	Occupational Health and Safety 職業健康與安全		廢氣及溫室氣體(「 溫 室氣體」)排放		反欺詐及反貪污	15.	Intellectual Property Rights Protection		
4.	Development and	8.	Waste Management 廢棄物管理				知識產權保護		

Training 發展及培訓

5. Remuneration and Welfare 薪酬及福利

- 廢棄物官埋
- 9. Resources Utilisation 資源使用

10. Response to Climate Change 應對氣候變化

16. Privacy Protection 私隱保護





PRODUCT AND SERVICE RESPONSIBILITY

Quality Control

In S&P, we treat high food quality and safety as the backbone of the customer journey and a fundamental pre-requisite in achieving customer satisfaction. We are committed to making products which are authentic, safe to consume, of high quality and satisfy customer requirements. An in-house chemical and microbiological testing laboratory has been set up to conduct quality checking on the incoming material in accordance with different certification systems. These testing processes are critical in identifying any incoming materials that do not meet our quality standards. Our production system is fully automated and centrally monitored, which allows us to deliver high quality products to our customers consistently.

The Group has been accredited with certifications and standards related to quality management and food safety. They include Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point ("**HACCP**"), FSSC 22000v5 food safety management, MS 1480:2019 Malaysian Food Safety Standard and ISO 9001:2015 Quality management. Moreover, our products have been certified HALAL and KOSHER, allowing us to sell our products to customers in different ethnic communities. These certifications provide our customers confidence in our quality and standard upon consumption. Our liquid production plant has also been successfully registered with the United States Food and Drug Administration pursuant to the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act.

During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with the applicable laws and regulations including but not limited to the Food Hygiene Regulations 2009, Food Act 1983 (Act 281) and Food Regulations 1985 that had a significant impact on the Group.

產品及服務責任

質量控制

椰豐視優良的食品質量與安全為客戶旅程 的支柱,亦是達致顧客滿意度的先決條件。 我們致力於生產可靠、安全及優質的產品 以及滿足客戶需求。我們自設化學及微產品 物檢測實驗室,根據不同的認證體系對來 料進行質量檢測。該等檢測程序對辨別來 料能否滿足我們的質量標準至關重要。我 們的生產系統已實現全程自動化及集中監。 控,使我們得以持續向客戶交付優質產品。

本集團已通過與質量管理及食品安全有關的認證及標準,包括危害分析及關鍵控制點(「HACCP」)、FSSC 22000v5食品安全管理、MS 1480:2019馬來西亞食品安全標準及ISO 9001:2015質量管理。此外,我們的產品已通過清真食品認證及KOSHER認證,使我們能夠將產品銷售給不同族群的客戶。該等認證使我們的客戶在食用時對我們的質量及標準充滿信心。我們的液體生產工廠亦已根據《聯邦食品藥物和化妝品法》於美國食品和藥物管理局成功註冊。

於報告期間,本集團未發現任何嚴重違反 適用法律及法規而對本集團造成重大影響 的的情況,包括但不限於《二零零九年食品 衛生規例》、《一九八三年食品法(第281號法 案)》及《一九八五年食品規例》。



睘境、社會及管治報告(續)

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

Apart from the above-mentioned certifications, the information relating to the material licences, permits and certificates required in conducting our business during the Reporting Period include but are not limited to the following:

- Manufacturing license (Issued by Ministry of International Trade and Industry of Malaysia);
- Food premises license (Issued by Ministry of Health of Malaysia);
- Food establishment licence (Issued by Teluk Intan Municipal Council);
- Permit of scheduled controlled goods (Issued by Ministry of Domestic Trade, Co-operatives and Consumerism);
- Business licence (Issued by Petaling Jaya Municipal Council and Batu Pahat Municipal Council); and
- Food establishment licence (Issued by Petaling Jaya Municipal Council).

Pre-production Phase (Packaging and Raw Materials)

All incoming raw materials are gone through our quality assessment before use. Coconuts and white kernels are checked with respect of their weight, acidity level, physical appearance and odour. For other raw ingredients, they are checked based on their certificates or labels prepared by the suppliers to ensure that they match with the description of goods ordered, physical condition, moisture content and manufacturing date. For food packaging material, swab tests and microbiological analysis will be conducted. If any products are found to be problematic, they would be managed separately. 除上述認證外,有關我們業務於報告期間 營運所需的重要執照、許可證及證書的資 料包括但不限於以下各項:

- 生 產 執 照 (由 馬 來 西 亞 國 際 貿 易 及 工 業 部 頒 發) ;
- 食品業場所執照(由馬來西亞衛生部 頒發);
- 食品機構執照(由Teluk Intan Municipal Council頒發);
- 計劃控制貨品許可證(由國內貿易、合 作社與消費部頒發);
- 營業執照(由Petaling Jaya Municipal Council 及 Batu Pahat Municipal Council頒發);及
- 食品機構執照(由 Petaling Jaya Municipal Council頒發)。

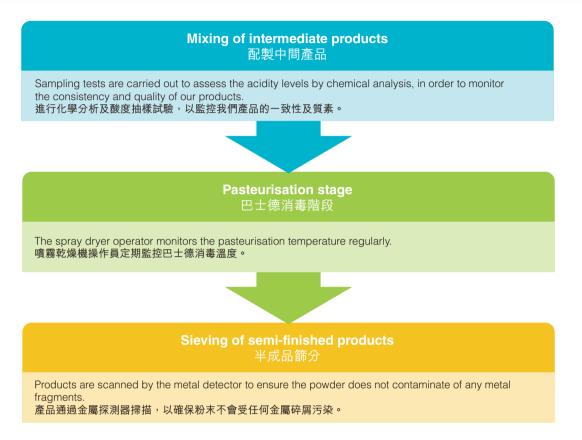
生產前階段(包裝及原材料)

所有入庫原材料於使用前均通過我們的質 量評估。就椰子及白椰肉而言,我們會檢 查重量、酸度、外觀及氣味。就其他原料 而言,我們會根據供應商提供的化驗證書、 標籤進行檢查,以確保與所訂購產品一致, 並會檢查其物理狀況、含水量及製造日期。 就食品包裝材料而言,我們會進行拭子試 驗及微生物分析,如發現任何產品存在問 題,則會予以隔離。



Production Phase (Intermediate Products)

生產階段(中間產品)



Post-production Phase (Finished Products)

For finished products, a final comprehensive test will be conducted by our Quality Control Department. Random sampling checks and physico-chemical analysis are carried out on various aspects, including acidity and moisture levels, density, solubility, carbohydrate, protein and fat content, and presence of ash. A final microbiological test is also carried out to examine any presence of bacteria and pathogens, such as E.coli, coliform, salmonella, yeast and mould.

A "Goods Return Procedure" is in place to ensure that the goods returned upon customer request are properly documented and accounted for. Details are described in the paragraph headed "Product and Service Responsibility — Customer Satisfaction". During the Reporting Period, we are not aware of any cases of products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons (2022: Nil).

生產後階段(製成品)

就製成品而言,質量控制部門將進行最終 全面測試,並就多個方面進行隨機抽樣檢 查及理化分析,包括酸度及含水量、密度、 溶解度、碳水化合物、蛋白質及脂肪含量 以及含灰量。同時亦會進行最後微生物測 試,檢查有否存在任何大腸桿菌、大腸菌、 沙門氏菌、酵母菌及黴菌等細菌和病原體。

我們已制定《退貨流程》,以確保對根據客 戶要求退回的貨物進行適當的記錄及入賬。 詳情載於「產品及服務責任 — 客戶滿意度」 一段。於報告期間,我們未發現任何已售 或已運送產品因安全與健康理由而須回收 的情況(二零二二年:無)。

睘境、社會及管治報告(續)

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

Packaging of Finished Products

Food packaging plays a vital role in preserving food throughout the distribution chain. For the packaging of our finished products, we use different kinds of packaging materials, including PE bag, woven bag, kraft paper, carton box and aluminium foil. We have approximately 10 types of packaging materials purchased from suppliers with good credentials. In order to ensure they are readily available and maintained at an ideal level, we keep track on all incoming and outgoing inventories. The design and material of packaging would be reviewed and changed upon request pursuant to relevant internal procedures. If a new or change in packaging is proposed, it should be reviewed by Purchase, and Sales and Marketing Department to ensure that it meets the Group's standard on packaging of product.

The consumption of packaging materials used for finished products is shown in the table below:

製成品包裝

食品包裝於整個分銷鏈中在保存食品方面 至關重要。就我們製成品的包裝而言,我 們使用不同種類的包裝材料,包括塑料袋、 偏縱袋、牛皮紙、紙箱及鋁箔。我們從有 良好資質的供應商採購約10種包裝材料。 為維持隨時備用及理想的庫存量,我們會 跟蹤所有存貨的流入及流出。我們會據 相關內部是序對包裝的設計和材料進行審 應由採購、銷售及市場推廣部門進行審查, 以確保符合本集團的產品包裝標準。

製成品所用包裝材料的消耗情況如下表所 示:

	2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年	Unit 單位
Total packaging materials consumption 包裝材料消耗總量	747.31	827.54	1,075.98	tonne 公噸
Metal 金屬	141.65	165.14	198.07	tonne 公噸
Paper 紙張	560.40	616.05	818.91	tonne 公噸
Plastic 塑料	45.26	46.35	59.00	tonne 公噸
Total Packaging Materials Consumption Intensity 包裝材料消耗總量密度	0.12	0.13	0.15	tonne/tonne of production unit ¹ 公噸/公噸生產單位 ¹

Note(s):

附註:

1

The production unit amounted to 6,057 tonnes for the Reporting Period (2022: 6,506 tonnes; 2021: 7,633 tonnes). The data is also used for calculating other intensity data.

報告期間生產單位為6,057公噸(二零二二年: 6,506公噸:二零二一年:7,633公噸)。該數據亦 用於計算其他密度數據。



Customer Satisfaction

The Group places customer satisfaction as its top priority and strives to keep up with the evolving needs of its customers. Besides stringent quality control on products, the Group also strives to maintain a high-quality standard in its operating practices to fulfil its corporate social responsibility. The Group continues to improve the nutritional value and guality of its products and enhance the customer satisfaction in terms of flavour innovation and packaging design. "Customer Complaint Policy" and "Goods Return Procedure" are established to standardise the procedures of handling customer complaint and ensure that any returned products are properly documented. Whenever we receive customer's complaint, we first carry out verification of the complaints. Quality testing on the alleged sub-standard product will be conducted when it is necessary. If our products are found and proven to be defective, we will follow up on the relevant complaint with our customer and our factory, including arranging the return or disposal of goods and keeping records. In addition, we will continue to address the issues giving rise to the quality issues or defective packaging until the problem is settled. The Director of Sales and Marketing is responsible to compile, review and update the return procedures. During the Reporting Period, the Group received zero (2022: zero) material cases of product and service-related complaints.

We have maintained product liability insurance to cover any liabilities arising from the sale of our products.

Privacy Protection

The trust of our customers forms the foundation of our business success and brand image. The Group complies with data privacy laws and regulations and respects customer privacy. We collect and handle customer's personal data carefully. Unauthorised use of customer data is strictly prohibited. Customer data are only accessible by authorised personnel within the Group on a need-to-know and need-to-use basis. In order to raise the employees' awareness of the importance of privacy protection, relevant training on managing sensitive customer and company information is provided. The related practices are reviewed regularly to ensure their effectiveness.

客戶滿意度

本集團視客戶滿意度為其首要任務,並努 力跟上客戶不斷變化的需求。除了對產品 進行嚴格的質量控制外,本集團亦致力在 經營實踐方面維持高質量標準,以履行其 企業社會責任。本集團持續提升產品的營 養價值及質量,並在風味創新及包裝設計 方面提升客戶滿意度。我們已建立《客戶投 訴政策》及《退貨流程》,以規範處理客戶投 訴的程序,並確保任何被退回的產品得到 妥善記錄。我們收到客戶投訴後首先對投 訴進行核實,並在必要時對所宣稱的不合 格產品進行質量檢測。如我們的產品被發 現及證實有缺陷,則與我們的客戶及工廠 跟進相關投訴。此外,在問題解決之前, 我們會繼續處理導致質量問題或包裝缺陷 的問題。銷售及市場推廣總監負責編製、 審閱及更新退貨流程。於報告期間,本集 團接獲零宗(二零二二年:零宗)有關產品或 服務的重大投訴。

我們投購了產品責任險,以保障因我們出 售的產品而導致的任何責任。

私隱保護

客戶的信任是我們業務成功及品牌形象的 基礎。本集團遵守資料私隱法律及法規並 尊重客戶私隱。我們會小心收集及處理客 戶的個人資料,並嚴禁未經授權使用客戶 資料。只有本集團獲授權的人員在必須定 資及必須使用的情況下,方可讀取客戶 對。為提高僱員對私隱保護重要性的認識, 我們提供有關管理敏感客戶及公司資料的 相關培訓。我們定期檢討相關做法以確保 成效。



Intellectual Property Rights

We recognise the importance and the value of intellectual property and branding, and we have taken steps to protect and register our brand name and logo, which is the oldest brand of coconut cream powder in Malaysia. As at 31 December 2023, we had 3 domain names and 43 registered trademarks in 15 jurisdictions, including Malaysia, China, Hong Kong, Singapore, Saudi Arabia, Brunei, United Arab Emirates, Vietnam, Thailand, Germany, France, United Kingdom, Canada, the United States of America and South Korea. During the Reporting Period, we were not involved in any disputes or litigation relating to the infringement of intellectual property rights, nor were aware of any such claim either pending or threatened against us.

Advertising and Promotion

We market our products through a variety of channels and methods to increase the penetration of our target markets, which include, among others, using social media platforms and video-sharing websites, through listings on online trading platforms, paper media (e.g. magazines and newspaper), side panels of vehicles, sponsoring and participating in cooking demonstrations by celebrity chefs, and supermarket gondola displays and promotions (both in Malaysia and abroad). We also maintain frequent contact with our customers by frequent visits, which facilitate our obtaining feedback on our products and gauging customer satisfaction, as well as improving our business relationship with them. An "Advertising and Promotion Procedure" is formulated to establish the basis for processing the activities of advertising and promotion to ensure that they comply with advertising and labelling related laws and regulations. Every advertising activity and promotion including trade offers and free goods would be implemented with prior approval whereas rejected proposals would be kept in an archive. Such advertising and promotion must accurately reflect the quality of the Group's products and performance of the Group's services.

知識產權

我們明白知識產權和品牌的重要性和價 值,我們已採取措施保護和註冊我們的品 牌名稱和標識,亦即是在馬來西亞歷史最 悠久的椰漿粉品牌。截至二零二三年十二 月三十一日,我們在15個司法權區擁有3個 域名及43個註冊商標,包括在馬來西亞、 中國、香港、新加坡、沙特阿拉伯、汶萊、 阿拉伯聯合酋長國、越南、泰國、德國、法 國、英國、加拿大、美利堅合眾國及南韓。 於報告期間,我們並無捲入任何與侵犯知 識產權有關的糾紛或訴訟,我們亦無知悉 任何未決或面臨威脅的任何相關索償。

宣傳及推廣

我們通過多種渠道和方法營銷我們的產品, 以提高我們在目標市場的滲透率,其中包 括使用社交媒體平台和視頻共享網站、線 上交易平台、紙質媒體(例如雜誌和報紙)、 汽車側板、贊助和參與名廚的烹飪示範, 以及超市吊籃展示和促銷(在馬來西亞和 國外)。我們亦經常拜訪客戶,與客戶保持 頻密聯繫,這有助於我們獲得對產品的反 饋和衡量客戶滿意度,以及改善我們與客 戶的業務關係。我們制定了《宣傳及推廣程 序》, 確立宣傳及推廣活動的基本原則, 以 確保活動符合廣告及標籤相關的法律及法 規。每一項宣傳活動及推廣(包括優惠及免 費商品)均會在事先獲得批准的情況下實施, 而被拒絕的提案將會存檔。宣傳及推廣必 須準確反映本集團產品的質量及本集團服 務的表現。



ETHICAL CULTURE

We uphold the corporate culture of "fairness, justice, honesty and integrity". Being in line with our "Anti-bribery and corruption Policy", we take a zero-tolerance approach with regard to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering. In an aim to cultivate an ethical corporate culture and practice, all gifts, banquets and customer rebates are prohibited according to our "No Gift Policy". If any misconduct, fraud, unlawful behaviour or suspected commercial bribery is found, it shall be passed on to judicial authorities for pursuit of charges.

To enhance the awareness of ethical standards in business operation, the Group provides trainings relating to anti-corruption practices and HKEX regulations to Directors, existing employees and new joiners in the form of training sessions every year. During the Reporting Period, a total of 4 hours and 32.5 hours of anti-corruption training were provided to 8 directors and 65 employees respectively to uphold the integrity of our operations.

Whistle-blowing channels and policies are set up for our employees or other stakeholders to report any suspected case of non-compliance. A whistleblowing team (the "Whistleblowing Team") has been set up to assist the Audit Committee on whistleblowing matters. Stakeholders can report to the Whistleblowing Team or the Audit Committee directly by mail or by email. It is the Group's policy to make every effort treating all disclosures in a confidential and sensitive manner. Disciplinary or legal action may be taken against the employee who is proven to raise false or malicious allegations deliberately. The Audit Committee will consider if there is any need to review, update or amend the whistleblowing policy at least once annually.

During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with laws and regulations relating to anti-corruption including the Anti-Corruption Commission Act 2009 that had a significant impact on the Group. We were not aware of any pending or concluded legal proceedings regarding corruption brought against the Group or any of our employees.

道德文化

我們秉承「公平公正、誠信廉潔」的企業文 化。我們貫徹《反賄賂及貪污政策》,對賄 賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢採取零容忍態度。 為培養道德的企業文化及常規,我們的《無 禮品政策》禁止一切饋贈、宴請及接收客戶 回扣。如有任何不當行為、欺詐、不法行 為或涉嫌商業受賄者,一律交由司法機關 追究責任。

為提高業務營運中的道德標準意識,本集 團每年以培訓課程的形式向董事、現有僱 員及新入職僱員提供有關反貪污做法及聯 交所規例的培訓。於報告期間,我們分別 為8名董事及65名僱員提供了合計4小時及 32.5小時的反貪污培訓,以確保廉潔經營。

於報告期間,本集團並不知悉任何嚴重違 反反貪污相關法律及法規而對本集團造成 重大影響的情況,包括《二零零九年反貪污 法案》。我們並不知悉任何針對本集團或我 們任何僱員提出有關貪污的未決或已決法 律程序。



環境、社會及管治報告(續)

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

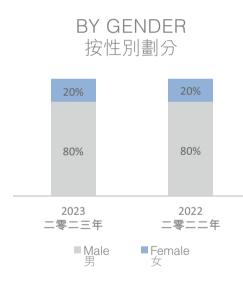
OUR PEOPLE

We adhere to the business philosophy of "people-oriented", and recognise that employees and communities are fundamental to the substantial development of the Group.

We are dedicated to providing our employees with a safe working environment, attractive compensation and benefits, adequate training and career advancement, where continuous benchmarking to our current mechanism, so that every employee can grow with us.

Staff Overview

We are convinced that success depends entirely on the enthusiasm and excellence of our staff. As at 31 December 2023, the Group employs a total of 337 (as at 31 December 2022: 348) employees, all of which work in Malaysia. Detailed classifications of employees at the end of the corresponding financial years are as follows:



我們的人才

我們堅持「以人為本」的業務理念,深知僱 員及社區為本集團長遠發展的立足根本。

我們致力於為僱員提供安全的工作環境、 具吸引力的薪酬及福利、充分的培訓及職 業發展,並持續對標我們的現有機制,以 便每位僱員可與我們共同成長。

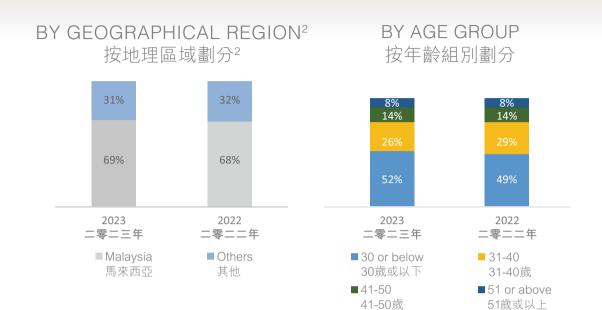
員工概覽

我們深信,成功全憑具有熱忱及精益求精 的員工。截至二零二三年十二月三十一日, 本集團合共僱用337名(截至二零二二年 十二月三十一日:348名)僱員,全部駐於馬 來西亞。相應財政年度末的僱員詳細分類 如下:

BY EMPLOYMENT TYPE 按僱傭類別劃分





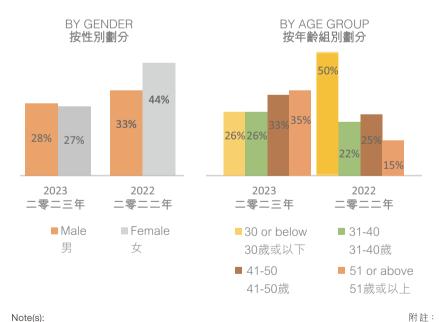


In 2023, the overall turnover rate³ was approximately 28% (2022: approximately 36%). Detailed turnover rate by category⁴ are as follows:

於二零二三年,整體流失率3約為28%(二零 二二年:約36%)。按類別劃分的流失率4詳 情如下:

BY GEOGRAPHICAL

REGION²





Note(s):

2. 3.	The data disclosed as "Others" indicate employees working in nationalities from the Philippines, Myanmar and Bangladesh. Calculation method of turnover rate:	Mala	aysia with	2. 3.	披露為「其他」的數據指來自菲律賓 加拉而在馬來西亞工作的僱員。 流失率的計算方法:	、緬	间反孟
	Number of employees who left during the financial year Number of employees at the end of the financial year	×	100%		财政年度內離職僱員人數 財政年度末僱員人數	×	100%
4.	Calculation method of turnover rate by category:			4.			
	Number of employees who left in the specific category during the financial year	~	100%		財政年度內特定類別僱員離職 人數	×	100%
	Number of employees in the specific category at the end of the		100%		財政年度末特定類別僱員人數	^	100%
	financial year						

睘境、社會及管治報告(續)

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

Talents Recruitment

We are dedicated to promoting professional development and providing a harmonious working environment and development platform for our employees.

We generally enter into a standard form of employment contract with our employees, which contain confidentiality clauses and standard restrictive covenants. We hire our employees through recruitment channels. During the recruitment process, we take a variety of factors into account, such as our development plans, vacancies within the Group, work experience and education background of the candidates. We assess their personal knowledge, technical skills and working attitude through written tests and interviews, thereby recruiting suitable persons.

Upholding the employment principle of "fairness, openness and equity", the Group adopts a zero-tolerance approach towards any form of discrimination. We will not discriminate and will take affirmative action measures to ensure against discrimination in employment, recruitment, advertisements for employment, compensation, termination, upgrading, promotions, and other conditions of employment against any employee or job applicant on the basis of race, creed, colour, national origin, or sex.

We attach great importance to employees' performance management and incentives. Performance appraisal will be conducted regularly to evaluate and analyse the employees' accomplishment of performance targets. Talented staff are promoted by assessing their performance, experience and ability. The performance appraisal would also serve as a basis for bonus and transfer when the abilities of employees are objectively assessed.

人才招聘

我們致力於提升專業發展,為我們的僱員 提供和諧的工作環境及發展平台。

我們一般與僱員訂立標準形式的僱傭合約, 當中載有保密條款及標準限制性契諾。我 們透過招聘渠道招聘僱員。我們聘用員工 時一般會考慮多項因素,如我們的業務計 劃、本集團的職位空缺、應徵者的工作經 驗及學歷。我們透過筆試及面試評估其個 人知識、技術技能及工作態度藉此聘用合 適人才。

本集團秉持「公平、公開、公正」的僱傭原 則,對任何形式的歧視採取零容忍態度。 我們不會歧視,並且會採取平權行動措施, 確保在就業、招聘、招聘廣告、薪酬、解 僱、升級、晉升及其他僱傭情況,不因種 族、信仰、虜色、國籍或性別而歧視任何 僱員及求職者。

我們非常重視僱員的績效管理及獎勵。我 們將定期進行績效評核,以評估及分析僱 員績效目標的完成情況。我們透過評估其 表現、經驗及能力晉升優秀員工。績效考 核是對僱員能力的客觀評價,同時亦是獎 金和調動的依據。

There are several roles within our Group that have to be filled by personnel with the requisite skillset, work experience, educational background or qualification. Examples are shown as follows: 本集團的多項職位須由具備必要技術、工 作經驗、學歷或資格的人士擔任。舉例説 明如下:

Project manager

• Requires a bachelor degree in engineering or equivalent qualification

Quality assurance executive/Manager

• Requires a degree, diploma or equivalent qualification in food technology or food science

Boilerman

 Obtains a boiler certificate issued by the Department of Occupational Safety and Health (Jabatan Keselamatan dan Kesihatan pekerja)

Research and development staff

- Requires a degree in food technology or food science; and
- At least three years of relevant work experiences

項目經理

具備工程學士學位或同等資格

質量保證員/經理

 具備食品技術或食品科學學士學位、 文憑或同等資格

鍋爐工

 具備職業安全與健康部門(Jabatan Keselamatan dan Kesihatan pekerja)頒 發的鍋爐證書

研發員工

- 具備食品技術或食品科學學位;及
- 至少具備三年相關工作經驗

During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations, including but not limited to Employment Act 1955 (Amendment 2012), Industrial Relations Act 1967 (Amendment 2015), Employment Regulations 1957, Human Resource Development Act 1992, Minimum Retirement Age Act 2012 and Holiday Act 1951 that had a significant impact on the Group. Neither were we aware of any major labour disputes, work stoppages or labour strikes during the Reporting Period.

Working Hours and Rest Days

Rules and regulations for all employees are standardised in the "Human Resource Policies and Procedures — Rules and Regulations". Working hours and lunch break for employees are specified under the policy. In addition, all employees shall be entitled to all gazette national and state public holidays. In cases where employees are required to work on a public holiday, the employees may be paid overtime pay accordingly.

於報告期間,本集團並不知悉任何嚴重違 反相關法律及法規而對本集團造成重大影 響的情況,包括但不限於《一九五五年僱傭法》 (二零一二年修訂)、《一九六七年工業關係法》 (二零一五年修訂)、《一九五七年僱傭規例》、 《一九九二年人力資源發展法》、《二零一二 年最低退休年齡法》及《一九五一年休假法》。 於報告期間,我們亦不知悉任何重大勞工 糾紛、停工或罷工。

工作時數及休息日

所有員工的規章制度以《人力資源政策及程 序 — 規章制度》作為標準。該政策當中訂 明僱員的工作時間及午休時間。此外,全 體員工均有權享受憲報公佈的所有國家及 州屬公共假日。倘僱員需要在公共假日工作, 則獲支付相應的加班費。



展現 · 社 音及 首 泊 社 百 (績) ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

Remuneration and Welfare

Adhering to the principle that corporate growth relies on and benefits employees, the Group establishes a remuneration system based on the characteristics of different posts to reflect the internal fairness and external competitiveness. Remuneration packages consist of basic salary, incentive bonus scheme which encourages employees to improve their individual and departmental performance. In addition to the statutory holidays mentioned above, employees are also entitled to paid annual leave, marriage leave, maternity leave and replacement leave in accordance with the laws, protecting their basic rights.

At the same time, we regularly adjust employees' remuneration package according to their performance and skills, as well as the industry norms, to ensure both external competitiveness and internal equity.

Discipline and Dismissal

To create a conducive working environment and to build a team of people with correct professional attitude, a "Code of Conduct and Discipline Procedure" has been formulated which establishes a procedure of handling employees' misconduct. Upon investigation and if found guilty, warnings will be given to the employee and domestic inquiry will be conducted followed by disciplinary actions. The conditions and procedures relating to resignation are clearly set out in "Human Resource Policies and Procedures — Resignation/ Termination of Service" to ensure that there is voluntary termination of employee without notice for any misconduct which in the opinion of the Group is prejudicial to the interests and image of the Group, or guilty of any dishonesty or other dishonorable conduct.

薪酬及福利

本集團堅持企業發展需依賴及惠及僱員的 原則,根據不同的崗位特性建立薪酬體系, 以體現內部公平性及外部競爭性。薪酬待 遇由基本薪金及獎勵花紅計劃(鼓勵僱員 提升其個人及部門表現)組成。除了上述法 定假日外,僱員有權依法享有帶薪年假、 婚假、產假及換休,保障其基本權利。

同時,我們根據僱員的表現及技能以及行 業規範定期調整其薪酬待遇,以確保外部 競爭性及內部公平性。

紀律及解僱

為創造合宜的工作環境,並建立職業態度 正確的團隊,我們制定了《行為守則及紀律 程序》,建立了處理僱員不當行為的程序。 經調查,如裁定犯有不當行為,將向該定犯有不當行為,將向該援 取紀律處分。關於辭職的條件和程序, 取紀律處分。關於辭職的條件和程序明確 載於《人力資源政策及程序 — 辭職/終明 僱傭關係。對於來集團國認為僱員有損本 服務》,以確保僱員可自願終止與本集團的 僱和形象,或犯有任何不誠實或其的 不名譽行為的任何不當行為,本集團保留 在不另行通知的情況下解僱該僱員的權利。



DEVELOPMENT AND TRAINING

In order to offer better development prospect, the Group has established a sound employee training and development program elaborated in the "Training Procedure", covering induction training to practical courses of on-the-job training. We also encourage employees to learn advanced knowledge and participate in external training courses. We provide complete course support for employees at each of their career development stage, so as to facilitate their rapid growth.

For new employees, we organise orientation training and provide tailor-made relevant courses for them so that they can be more familiar with and integrate into the corporate culture, adapt and understand the business operation efficiently.

For existing employees, we provide workshops, internal and external trainings for them to improve their understanding and knowledge of work safety issues and hazard identification, risk assessments and risk control issues.

All directors, including the independent non-executive directors, should keep abreast of their responsibilities as directors and our business activities. To facilitate the directors to perform their responsibilities, they are required to attend training to strengthen their management knowledge and skills.

發展及培訓

為提供更好發展前景,本集團建立了完善的僱員培訓及發展計劃,並於《培訓程序》 中詳細闡述,涵蓋入職培訓至在職培訓的 實戰課程。我們亦鼓勵僱員學習先進知識 及參加外部培訓課程。我們在僱員的各職 業發展階段提供完備的課程支持,協助他 們快速成長。

就新僱員而言,我們組織入職培訓,提供 量身定製的相關課程,令他們更加熟悉並 融入企業文化,有效地適應及理解業務運 營。

就現有僱員而言,我們為其提供研討會、 內部及外部培訓,以提高彼等對工作安全 問題及危險辨識、風險評估及風險控制問 題的理解及知識。

全體董事(包括獨立非執行董事)應熟知彼 等作為董事的責任及我們的業務活動。為 促進董事履行其責任,彼等須參與培訓以 強化其管理知識及技能。



骮境、社會及管治報告(續

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

Breakdown of Employees Trained and Average Training Hours

In 2023, approximately 100%⁵ (2022: approximately 99%) of the employees have received trainings. The average training hours⁶ were approximately 18.6 hours (2022: approximately 21.8 hours). They are trained with different programmes in various sectors such as induction training, computer skills, market trends in food industry, management system training, safety training and product briefing. The following is a summary of the training performance of the Group:

受訓僱員及平均培訓時數明細

於二零二三年,約100%⁶(二零二二年:約 99%)僱員已接受培訓。平均培訓時數⁶約為 18.6小時(二零二二年:約21.8小時)。僱員 接受多個領域的不同課程培訓,例如入職 培訓、電腦技能、食品行業的市場趨勢、 管理系統培訓、安全培訓及產品簡介。以 下為本集團的培訓表現概要:

						1				
			2023					2022		
			二零二三年					二零二二年	. –	
		Percentage	Breakdown		Average		entage	Breakdown		
		of Trained	of Trained		Training		rained	of Trained		Hours
		Employees ⁷ 受訓僱員百分比 ⁷	Employees ⁸ 受訓僱員明細 ⁸	ᅑᄮᅿ	Hours ⁹ 音訓時數 ⁹	Empi 受訓僱員	loyees	Employees 受訓僱員明細	平均培訓	世中
		文训催貝日刀比 [·] (%)	文训僱貝明細 [。] (%)	十月片	可时时数。	又训催只	ヨカル (%)	又前准只明細(%)	十月中前	川时数
		(70)	(70)				(70)	(70)		
By ge										
	別劃分							22		
M 男	ale	100	80		17.0		100	80		20.4
Fe	emale	100	20		24.9		99	20		27.2
支										
	nployee category 員類別劃分									
	只规加画力 enior Management	100	3		20.0		100	2		25.4
	級管理層	100	· ·		_0.0		100	E		2011
М	iddle-level Management	100	19		34.8		100	20		32.1
	級管理層									
	eneral and Technical Staff	100	78		14.6		99	78		19.0
	般及技術人員								1	
Note(s):					附註:				
5.	Calculation of percentage	of employees train	ed:			5. 受言	川僱員百分	→比的計算:		
	Total number of empl						財政年.	度內受訓僱員總	數	/
	Total number of emp	loyees at the end of	the financial year	— ×	100%		財政	年度末僱員總數	×	100%
6.	Calculation of average tra	ining hours:				6. 平均	匀培訓時數	收的計算:		
		hours during the fin	,					度內總培訓時數	τ	
	Total number of emp							年度末僱員總數		
7.	Calculation of percentage							的受訓僱員百分日		
		ees trained in the sp ng the financial yea						持定類別受訓僱 末特定類別僱員:		100%
	Total number of e	mployees in the spe and of the financial	ecific category	— ×	100%		则以十反	个 付 止 积 加 唯 貝 ;	HE EX	
8.	Calculation of breakdown	of employees train	ed by category:			8. 按类	領別劃分的	的受訓僱員明細的	句計算:	
		ees trained in the sp ng the financial yea				財		特定類別受訓僱	X	100%
	Total num	ber of employees t and of the financial	rained	— ×	100%		刾 戉 千.	度末受訓僱員總	ξ6X,	
9.	Calculation of average tra					9. 按类	領別劃分自	的平均培訓時數的	句計算:	
1	Total training hours of	of employees in the	specific category					寺定類別僱員培訓		
S.	Number of emp	ng the financial yea ployees in the speci and of the financial	fic category]	財政年度	末特定類別僱員.	人數	
	at the t		your							



OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY

The Group takes various measures to create an excellent working and living environment, so as to safeguard the safety and occupational health of our employees. During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations including but not limited to Occupational Safety and Health Act that had a significant impact on the Group. In this regard, achieving aim of setting up this act, which is to secure the safety, health and welfare of workers in workplace and protect others against risks to safety or health, are our top priorities. The "Occupational Safety and Health Policy Statement" serves as a guideline for the staff of the Group. There were no work-related fatalities for the past three years (including the Reporting Period). During the Reporting Period, there was no single lost day due to work-related injuries recorded (2022: Nil).

The Work and Environment Safety Committee has been set up to discuss and address matters related to environmental and occupational health and safety issues of our Group. The committee members include our factory managers and production managers, and personnel from the Human Resources Department. With opinions collected from different departments, we believe we can address our environmental, health and safety issues in a considerate way.

Our production sites are equipped with fire protection equipment and tools. Warning signs are placed around the production sites to warn and remind our staff of safety issues. Regular trainings regarding occupational safety, hazardous chemicals handling and fire safety are provided to enhance our employees' health and safety awareness. The related practises are reviewed regularly to ensure its effectiveness.

Annual health examination and medical insurance are provided to selected group of staff to ensure their physical health. We also maintain employer's liability insurance, public liability insurance against any damages caused to third parties and consequential loss insurance policies. Besides, we have taken out an insurance policy against any damage that may be caused by our biomass boiler.

職業健康與安全

本集團採取多項措施營造良好的工作及生 活環境,以保障僱員的安全及職業健康。 於報告期間,本集團並不知悉任何不遵守 相關法律及法規而對本集團造成重大影響 的情況,包括但不限於《職業安全及健康 訪就此而言,我們的首要任務為實現頒 佈該法的目標,即保障工作場所工人的安 全、健康及福利,並保護他人免受安全或 健康風險。本集團員工以《職業安全及健康 政策聲明》作為指引。於過往三年(包括報 告期間),未發生任何因工死亡事故。於報 告期間,並無因工傷損失的工作日數(二零 二二年:無)。

我們成立了工作及環境安全委員會,以討 論及解決與本集團環境以及職業健康及安 全問題有關的事宜。委員會成員包括我們 的工廠經理、生產經理及人力資源部門的 人員。透過收集不同部門的意見,我們相 信我們可以周全的方式處理我們的環境、 健康及安全問題。

我們的生產場所配備了防火設備及工具。 我們在生產場所周圍設置警告標誌,警告 及提醒我們的員工注意安全問題。我們定 期提供有關職業安全、危險化學品處理及 消防安全的培訓,以提高僱員的健康及安 全意識。我們定期檢討相關做法,以確保 其成效。

我們提供年度健康檢查及醫療保險予若干 類別員工,以確保員工的身體健康。我們 亦已為僱員投購僱主責任險及就對第三方 造成的任何損失、間接損失投購公共責任 險。此外,我們已就我們生物質鍋爐可能 造成的任何損害投購保險。



展現、社會及自海南高額) ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

Our Response to COVID-19

When Malaysia gradually opened its border and lifted the remaining COVID-19 restrictions in 2023, as a manufacturer of food product, the Group recognises the importance of COVID-19 control measures in safeguarding the health and safety of our people and products. A COVID-19 Committee has been established to monitor the latest developments around COVID-19 and provide employees with appropriate guidelines and information as needed. We have mandated health declaration prior to entry for all visitor. All employees and visitors should sanitise their hands thoroughly upon entering the building or premises. They are also required to wear face mask in production area or if have symptoms of COVID-19. Hand sanitisers are available throughout the working area.

We remain vigilant in monitoring the situation. Moreover, business continuity plans are devised to enhance employees' preparedness in order to minimise disruption of operations and ensure that business remains viable during the pandemic period.

LABOUR STANDARDS

We adhere to the human rights framework that creates an environment where human rights issues can be openly discussed.

Child labour is strictly prohibited during the recruitment process as defined by the laws and regulations. During the hiring process standardised in the "Recruitment Procedure", candidates shall provide identity documents and valid employment visas to ensure that they are legally employable. Human Resources Department will also ensure the identity documents are carefully checked and no child labour is employed by the Group. In circumstances where any individual below the legal working age is hired, corrective actions will be taken immediately to rectify the situation, by terminating the contract of child labour and reporting to the relevant governmental authorities.

For forced labour, the rights and responsibilities of employees, including the standard working hours, are stipulated clearly in the "Human Resource Policies and Procedures — Rules and Regulations" for the acknowledgement of employees. If any instances of forced labour are committed by the employee, the Group or its subsidiaries have the right to terminate the contract of that employee. To eliminate such practices, the abovementioned procedures are revised from time to time.

我們對COVID-19的應對措施

馬來西亞於二零二三年逐步開放邊境及解除餘下的COVID-19限制措施,而本集團作為食品製造商,明白COVID-19管制措施對於保障人員及產品的健康和安全的重要性。 我們成立了COVID-19委員會,以監視有關 COVID-19的最新發展,並按需要為僱員提 供適當的指導方針及資料。我們規定所有 訪客進入前必須進行健康申報。所有僱員 及訪客進入建築物或場所時均應徹底消毒 雙手,在生產區或出現COVID-19症狀時亦 須配戴口罩。整個工作區均有提供洗手液。

我們保持警惕,監察局勢。此外,已制定 業務持續計劃以加強僱員的應變準備,盡 量減少營運中斷並確保業務在疫情期間保 持運轉。

勞工準則

我們堅持人權框架,營造公開討論人權問 題的環境。

如法律及法規所界定,在招聘過程中我們 嚴格禁止僱用童工。在《招聘程序》規範的 招聘過程中,應聘者須提供身份證明文件 及有效的工作簽證,以確保彼等合法就業。 人力資源部門亦將確保仔細檢查身份證明 文件及本集團不會僱用童工。如有僱用任 何低於法定工作年齡之僱員,本集團將立 即採取矯正措施以糾正此情況,包括終止 童工合約並向相關政府部門報告。

就強制勞工而言,《人力資源政策及程序 – 規章制度》中明確規定了僱員的權利與責任 (包括標準工作時間),以供僱員確認。若 發現僱員有任何強制勞工的行為,本集團 或其附屬公司有權終止該僱員的合約。為 消除有關情況,上述程序會不時修訂。



· 年年報

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance regarding child and forced labour including but not limited to Employment (Limitation of Overtime Work) Regulations 1980 and Children and Young Person (Employment) Act 1966 that had a significant impact on the Group.

SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

The Group believes that successful collaboration with suppliers and business partners is critical to our business operation, which leads us in achieving sustainable development.

We have adopted standardised procurement procedures in order to improve the efficiency of our operations. The procurement procedures are as follows: 於報告期間,本集團並不知悉任何有關童 工及強制勞工且對本集團造成重大影響的 嚴重違規事件,包括但不限於《一九八零年 僱傭(限制超時工作)規例》及《一九六六年 兒童和青年(僱傭)法》。

供應鏈管理

本集團相信,與供應商及業務夥伴的成功 合作對我們的業務營運至關重要,有助我 們實現可持續發展。

我們已採用標準化的採購程序,以提高營 運效率。有關採購程序如下:

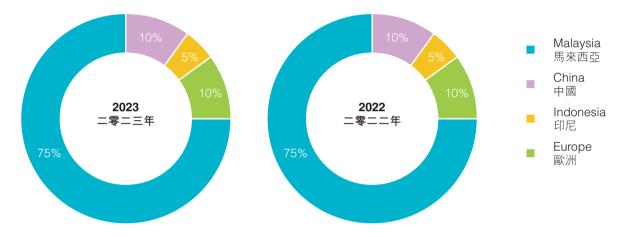




環境、在曾及官冶報古(績) ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

In order to safeguard the quality of our raw materials, all new suppliers will be assessed by their manufacturing practices, capacity, product quality, etc. During the Reporting Period, the Group has 20 main suppliers which are from Malaysia, China, Europe and Indonesia (2022: 20). All of them have gone through the supplier assessment processes.

為保障原材料的質量,我們將對所有新供應商的生產常規、產能、產品質量等進行評估。於報告期間,本集團有20個主要供應商,來自馬來西亞、中國、歐洲及印尼(二零二二年:20個)。全部均已通過供應商評估流程。



Geographical location of our 20 major suppliers 我們20個主要供應商的地域分佈

Sustainable Sourcing

The Group is committed to maintaining a sustainable supply chain management which addresses the key focus of upholding fundamental human rights, protecting workers and acting within the laws. The Group has formulated "Sustainable Sourcing Policy" to list out ethical and environmentally sustainable sourcing practices of suppliers, so that the Group can assess its suppliers on below aspects:

- Compliance with laws and regulations;
- Respect for confidentiality;
- Environmental responsibility; and
- Civic and responsible corporate culture.

可持續採購

本集團致力於維持可持續的供應鏈管理, 重點關注維護基本人權、保護工人及依法 行事。本集團制定了《可持續採購政策》, 列出供應商在道德及環境方面的可持續採 購行為,以便本集團對供應商進行以下方 面的評估:

- 遵守法律及法規;
- 尊重保密性;
- 環境責任;及
- 公民及負責任的企業文化。



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Examples of sourcing practices used to identify and minimise environmental and social risks include the followings:

- Forced, bonded or non-voluntary prison labour shall not be used;
- Suppliers shall not engage in acts of bribery and corruption and shall not falsify documents and records;
- Demonstrate a commitment to equality of opportunity for individuals and groups enabling them to live their lives free from discrimination and oppression;
- Take appropriate measures to ensure the health and safety of their workforce and the wider public; and
- Dispose production waste in accordance with national and local laws and regulations.

Green Procurement

To demonstrate our commitment to promoting environmentally preferable products and services, suppliers are assessed on criteria including but not limited to:

- Use of energy and other natural resources;
- Whether they have an environmental policy; and
- Whether they have a civic and responsible attitude.

While considering to purchase goods and services, we would seek and give priority to those produced and delivered under conditions that do not involve the abuse or exploitation of any persons and have the least negative impact on the environment where possible.

The above supply chain management practices are reviewed regularly to ensure their effectiveness.

用作識別及盡量減低環境及社會風險的採 購慣例的例子包括:

- 不得使用強迫、抵債或非自願監獄勞 工;
- 供應商不得參與賄賂及貪污行為,不 得偽造文件及記錄;
- 表現出對個人及群體機會平等的承擔, 保障個人及群體不受歧視和壓迫;
- 採取適當措施確保員工及廣大公眾的 健康與安全;及
- 根據國家及地方法律及法規處置生產 廢棄物。

綠色採購

為了表示我們對於推廣環保產品及服務的 決心,我們按(包括但不限於)以下標準評 估供應商:

- 使用能源及其他天然資源;
- 是否訂有環境政策;及
- 是否有公民和負責任的態度。

在考慮購買商品及服務時,我們會尋求並 優先考慮在不涉及虐待或剝削任何人且對 環境的負面影響最小的條件下生產及交付 的商品及服務。

上述供應鏈管理方法定期予以檢討,以確 保成效。



展現 · 社 音及 官 冶 報 古 (績) ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

ENVIRONMENTAL

Under the trend of low-carbon and energy-saving development, S&P recognises its responsibility for the environment and will ensure compliance with all relevant current and future legislation. The "Environmental Policy" is devised to demonstrate the Group's commitment to achieving its environmental targets and to comply with relevant laws and regulations. During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations including but not limited to Environmental Quality (Industrial Effluent) Regulations, Environmental Quality (Clean Air) Regulations and Environmental Quality Act that had a significant impact on the Group.

We incorporate the energy conservation and low-carbon concept into every aspect and continue to optimise use of resources. Facing the evolution of regulatory requirement and the rising expectation of stakeholders on environmental issues, we have established a systematic and quantitative approach to manage our environmental emissions and resources. The Group has set quantitative environmental targets to manage its environmental impact, covering GHG emissions, waste management, energy management, and water management. The EPMC will review the progress towards relevant targets and report to the ERCMC and the Board at least once per year. The Group will actively seek opportunities to reduce the impacts brought by our operation, including GHG, water and disposable waste, etc. To improve the effectiveness of resource utilisation, the Group will opt out ineffective business processes and enhance current resources usage, including water, energy and raw materials.

環境

在低碳和節能發展的趨勢下,椰豐認識到 其對環境的責任,並將確保遵守當前和未 來的所有相關立法。本集團已制訂《環境政 策》,表明本集團對於實現其環境目標並遵 守相關法律法規的決定。於報告期間,本 集團未發現任何嚴重違成相關法律及法規 而對本集團造成重大影響的情況,包括但 不限於《環境質量(工業污水)規例》、《環境 質量(潔淨空氣)規例》及《環境質量法》。



The following table shows the environmental performance during the years ended 31 December 2023, 2022 and 2021:

下表列示截至二零二三年、二零二二年及二 零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的環境表現:

	2023	2022	2021	Unit
	二零二三年	二零二二年	二零二一年	單位
Air Emission ¹⁰				
·····································				
Nitrogen Oxide (NO _x)	3.49	4.86	7.75	tonne
氮氧化物				公噸
Sulphur Oxide (SO _x)	0.77	1.07	1.23	tonne
硫氧化物	•	1.01	1120	公噸
Particulate Matter (PM)	52.89	73.77	88.84	tonne
懸 浮 顆 粒	02100	10111	00.01	公噸
GHG Emission ¹¹				
溫室氣體排放量11				
Total GHG Emission	9,282.36	12,339.12	14,140.71	tonne of CO ₂ e
溫室氣體排放總量	0,202100	12,000112	1,1,1,0,1,1	公噸二氧化碳當量
Direct GHG Emission (Scope 1)	7,149.54	9,966.65	11,147.49	tonne of CO ₂ e
直接溫室氣體排放量(範圍1)	1,110101	0,000.00	11,111.10	公噸二氧化碳當量
- GHG Emission (Diesel)	59.77	76.09	350.80	tonne of CO ₂ e
- 溫室氣體排放量(柴油)	00111	10.00	000.00	公噸二氧化碳當量
— GHG Emission (Biogenic)	7,089.77	9,890.56	10,796.69	tonne of CO ₂ e
 一溫室氣體排放量(生物源) 	1,000.111	0,000.00	10,700.00	公噸二氧化碳當量
Energy Indirect GHG Emission	2,132.82	2,372.47	2,993.22	tonne of CO ₂ e
(Scope 2)	2,102.02	2,012.41	2,000.22	
能源間接溫室氣體排放量				公噸二氧化碳當量
(範圍2)				
Total GHG Emission Intensity	1.53	1.90	2.01	tonne of CO2e/tonne of
	1.55	1.90	2.01	production unit
溫室氣體排放總量密度				公噸二氧化碳當量/公噸生產
/血 土 灬 脰 까 瓜 芯 里 讧 汉				
				半 凹

Note(s):

附註:

- The calculation method of air emission is based on How to prepare an ESG Report – Appendix 2: Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs issued by the HKEX and EMEP/EEA Air Pollutant Emission Inventory Guidebook issued by European Environment Agency.
- 11. GHG emission data are presented in terms of carbon dioxide equivalent and are based on, including but not limited to, the Sustainability Report 2022 published by Tenaga Nasional, How to prepare an ESG Report — Appendix 2: Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs issued by the HKEX, "Global Warming Potential" in the Sixth Assessment Report issued by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change ("IPCC"), and 2006 IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories.
- 10. 廢氣排放量的計算方法乃參考聯交所發佈的《如 何準備環境、社會及管治報告 — 附錄二:環境 關鍵績效指標匯報指引》和歐洲環境署發佈的 《EMEP/EEA空氣污染物排放清單指導手冊》。
- 11. 溫室氣體排放數據乃按二氧化碳當量呈列,並 根據(包括但不限於)馬來西亞國家能源有限公司的《二零二二年可持續發展報告》、聯交所發 佈的《如何準備環境、社會及管治報告 – 附錄二: 環境關鍵績效指標匯報指引》、政府間氣候變遷 專門委員會(「IPCC」)公佈的第六次評估報告的「全 球暖化潛勢」及《二零零六年 IPCC 國家溫室氣體 清單指南》。

睘境、社會及管治報告(續)

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

	2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年	Unit 單位
Energy ¹² 能源 ¹² Total Energy Consumption 能源消耗總量 Direct Energy Consumption	23,453.59	31,585.80	34,732.31	MWh 兆 <i>瓦</i> 時
直接能源消耗 — Diesel — 柴油 — Biomass — 生物質	244.05 19,331.69	310.71 26,961.50	1,196.21 29,396.64	MWh 兆瓦時 MWh 兆瓦時
Indirect Energy Consumption 間接能源消耗 — Purchased Electricity — 購電	3,877.85	4,313.59	4,313.00	MWh 兆瓦時
Energy Consumption Intensity 能源消耗密度	3.87	4.85	4.94	MWh/tonne of production unit 兆瓦時/公噸生產單位
Water 水 Total Water Consumption	153,993.00	148,712.00	152,729.00	m ³
耗水總量 Total Water Consumption Intensity 耗水總量密度	25.42	22.86	21.74	立方米 m³/tonne of production unit 立方米/公噸生產單位

Note(s):

The unit conversion method of energy consumption data is based on the Energy Statistics Manual issued by the International Energy Agency.

附註:

12.

能源消耗數據的單位換算方法乃根據國際能源 署所發佈的《能源數據手冊》制訂。

	2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年	Unit 單位
Hazardous Waste				
有害廢棄物				
SW 40913	1.95	3.33	4.46	tonne
SW 40913				公噸
Hazardous Waste Intensity	0.32	0.51	0.64	kg/tonne of production unit 工主 (八岐中文開合
有害廢棄物密度				千克/公噸生產單位
Non-hazardous Waste ¹⁴				
無害廢棄物¹⁴				
Total Non-hazardous Waste	177.34	1,024.66	1,400.61	tonne
無害廢棄物總量				公噸
Plastic	23.78	26.82	33.72	tonne
塑料		0.04	00 70	公噸
Paper 紙張	1.32	0.64	39.72	tonne 〇 吨
	18.30	894.57	1,226.78	公噸 tonne
Rejected coconut 不合格椰子	10.30	094.07	1,220.70	公噸
Other general waste	133.94	102.63	100.39	tonne
其他一般廢棄物				公噸
Total Non-hazardous Waste	0.03	0.16	0.20	tonne/tonne of production unit
Intensity				
無害廢棄物總量密度				公噸/公噸生產單位

Note(s):

附註:

- SW409 is hazardous waste code of disposed containers, bags or equipment contaminated with chemicals, pesticides, mineral oil or scheduled wastes in the Environmental Quality (Scheduled Wastes) Regulations 2005.
- 14. Regarding the non-hazardous waste, the amount disclosed for plastic, paper and rejected coconut are related to the quantity recycled or reused, while the other general waste, which is residual ash and office and plant general waste, are disposed of, recycled or reused.
- 13. SW409為《二零零五年環境質量(計劃內廢棄物) 規例》中受化學品、農藥、礦物油污染的棄置容器、袋子、設備或計劃內廢棄物的有害廢棄物 代碼。
- 14. 就無害廢棄物而言,所披露的塑料、紙張及不 合格椰子數量與回收或再利用數量相關,而其 他一般廢棄物(即殘灰以及辦公室及工廠一般廢 棄物)則予以棄置、回收或重用。

環境、在曾及官冶報古(續) ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

Emission Management

(Continued)

With the adoption of the aforementioned "Environmental Policy", the Group continues to step up efforts for control of air emission, effluent discharge and waste management, so as to minimise pollution arisen during operation.

Air and GHG Emission

The Group's main air and GHG emission is mainly generated from the operation of biomass boiler, use of diesel forklift and medium goods vehicle as well as purchased electricity.

The Group have adopted smoke density meter to monitor the air emission regularly. Moreover, we have entrusted third-party laboratory to conduct lsokinetic stack sampling and air emission monitoring regularly to comply with the requirements of Environmental Quality (Clean Air) Regulations 2014.

To strengthen our monitoring process, we have installed a Continuous Emission Monitoring ("**CEM**") System at our key emission exhaust. This system helps to monitor multiple gas species simultaneously and reduce the number of workforces for monitoring. If there is any abnormal result noted, an ERCMC meeting will be held immediately to identify and adopt the rectification measures as soon as practicable.

Apart from monitoring the emission, the Group also carries out maintenance of the biomass boiler regularly. The maintenance is carried out by professionals. Regular maintenance allows the biomass boiler to operate in the optimised condition with high efficiency. It does not only reduce the energy loss during combustion but can also minimise the formation of pollutants, ash and deposits. It ensures proper functioning of the control system so that the biomass boiler meets the regulatory requirement on the air emission from industrial sources.

For GHG emission, the Group strives to minimise the GHG emissions related to its operations. We encourage employees to use teleconference or email instead of overseas business trips and consider to source from supplier which operate with minimal impact to the environment, with the aim of reducing indirect GHG emission. The Group also recognise the environmental impact and risk of supply and energy price of over-reliance on fossil fuel, and thus plan to shift away from fossil fuel and increase the use of biofuel. Apart from combusting the left coconut shells from our productions, we work diligently to source high-quality biomass fuel, which has higher energy efficiency and will generate less pollutant and ash during combustion.

排放物管理

本集團採納上述《環境政策》,繼續加大力 度控制廢氣排放、污水排放及廢棄物管理, 以盡量減少運營期間產生的污染。

廢氣及溫室氣體排放

本集團的主要廢氣及溫室氣體排放來自生 物質鍋爐的運作、柴油叉車及中型貨車的 使用以及購電。

本集團使用煙霧密度測量器定期監測氣體 排放。此外,我們委託第三方實驗室定期 進行等速煙道採樣及氣體排放監測,以遵 守《二零一四年環境質量(潔淨空氣)規例》 的要求。

為加強我們的監督程序,我們於主要排氣 裝置上安裝連續排放監測(「連續排放監測」) 系統。該系統有助同時監測多種氣體,並 減少監督人員數量。如發現任何異常結果, 將立即召開環境監管合規監督委員會會議, 以便在可行情況下盡快確定並採取整改措 施。

除監測排放外,本集團亦定期對生物質鍋 爐進行維護。維護工作由專業人員進行。 透過定期維護,可使生物質鍋爐在優化狀 態下高效運作,不僅可減少燃燒過程中的 能量損失,而且可減少污染物、灰燼和沉 積物的形成。這確保了控制系統正常運作, 保證生物質鍋爐滿足工業源廢氣排放的監 管要求。



In 2022, the Group set a target to maintain the total GHG emissions intensity for 2023 to be not more than the 2022 baseline, and reduce the total GHG emissions intensity by 3% by financial year ending 31 December 2027 ("2027") compared to the 2022 baseline. During the Reporting Period, the GHG emission intensity of the Group was decreased by 19% compared with 2022, mainly because a steam-intensive operation was shut-down due to technology improvement, which reduced demand on steam generating from burning biomass and the GHG emission of biomass boiler. The Group has achieved the target to maintain the total GHG emissions intensity for 2023 to be not more than 2022. The Group will continue to monitor its GHG emissions and implement relevant measures, reduce its GHG emissions intensity progressively and aim to achieve the target of maintaining total GHG emissions intensity for 2024 to be not more than 2023 and reduce the intensity by 3% by 2027.

Effluent Discharge

Industrial effluent is the primary waste generated from our production process at Perak Plant. It is generated from our Clean-in-place ("CIP") system, which discharges nitric and caustic acid, and generated from the process of cleaning our white kernels. We treat the industrial effluent with our on-site industrial effluent treatment plant carefully before discharge.

To comply with sewage discharge standard, all effluent is treated before discharge by passing through oil trap, UASB, trickling tower, aeration pond and clarifying pond in our onsite sewage treatment plant.

In accordance with Environmental Quality (Industrial Effluent) Regulation 2009, no parties shall discharge effluent to water body beyond the designated condition. In order to perform monitoring on the discharge level, we conduct effluent analysis twice a month, with the use of analysis parameters including Chemical Oxygen Demand ("COD"), Biochemical Oxygen Demand ("BOD") and pH.

於二零二二年,本集團訂下目標,將二零 二三年溫室氣體排放總量密度維持在不超 過二零二二年基準線的水平,於截至二零 二七年十二月三十一日止財政年度(「二零 **ニ七年**」) 前溫室氣體排放總量密度較二零 二二年基準線減少3%。於報告期間,本集 團的溫室氣體排放密度較二零二二年減少 19%,主要因為技術改進,關閉了需要大 量蒸汽的生產作業,減少燃燒生物質產生 蒸汽的需求和生物質鍋爐的溫室氣體排放。 本集團已達成二零二三年溫室氣體排放總 量密度不超過二零二二年的目標。本集團 將繼續監測溫室氣體排放量並落實相關措 施,逐步降低溫室氣體排放密度,力求二 零二四年溫室氣體排放總量密度不超過二 零二三年的水平,二零二七年密度降低3%。

污水排放

工業污水為霹靂工廠生產過程中產生的主 要廢棄物,產生自我們的就地清洗(「就地 清洗])系統(該系統排放含氮及腐蝕性酸性 液體),以及在清洗白椰肉過程中產生。在 排放前,我們在現場工業污水處理廠小心 處理工業污水。

為符 合 污 水 排 放 標 準,所有 廢 水 在 排 放 前均經過我們現場污水處理廠的隔油池、 UASB、滴濾塔、曝氣池及澄清池進行處 理。

根據《二零零九年環境質量(工業污水)規 例》,任何人不得將污水排放至超出指定狀 況的水體。為監測排放水平,我們使用化 學需氧量(「**化學需氧量**」)、生化需氧量(「**生** 化需氧量])及酸鹼度等分析參數,每個月 進行兩次污水分析。



展現 · 社會及自治社首(領) ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

Waste Management

Hazardous Waste Management

Our hazardous waste is mainly produced during the production process, including disposed containers, bags or equipment contaminated with chemicals, pesticides, mineral oil or scheduled wastes, which its hazardous waste code is SW409 as stated in the Environmental Quality (Scheduled Wastes) Regulations 2005.

Reducing waste is integral to the Group's goal to reduce its environmental footprint. During 2022, the Group set the target to maintain the total hazardous waste intensity for 2023 to be not more than the 2022 baseline, and reduce the total hazardous waste intensity by 3% by 2027 compared to the 2022 baseline. The hazardous waste is stored in an individual cabin which is separated from other non-hazardous waste. Safety signs are affixed to the door leading to a storage room. All hazardous waste is placed on pallet to avoid contact with the floor. A qualified third party is responsible for the collection and handling those hazardous waste regularly. To reduce the disposal of hazardous waste, the Group will return chemical drum to the supplier for their handling.

During the Reporting Period, the total hazardous waste intensity of the Group was decreased by 37% compared with 2022, mainly because the contaminated container was returned to the supplier. The Group has set the target to maintain the total hazardous waste intensity for 2024 to be not more than 2023. The Group will continue to monitor its hazardous waste and implement relevant measures, reduce its hazardous waste intensity progressively and aim to achieve the target of maintaining total hazardous waste intensity for 2024 and reduce the intensity by 3% by 2027.

廢棄物管理

有害廢棄物管理

我們的有害廢棄物主要在生產過程中產生, 包括受化學品、農藥、礦物油污染的棄置 容器、袋子、設備均為《二零零五年環境質 量(計劃內廢棄物)規例》所載有害廢棄物代 碼為SW409的廢棄物。

於報告期間,本集團有害廢棄物總量密度 較二零二二年減少37%,主要因為受污染的 容器交回供應商。本集團訂下目標,將二 零二四年有害廢棄物總量密度維持在不超 過二零二三年的水平。本集團將繼續監測 有害廢棄物並落實相關措施,逐步降低有 害廢棄物密度,力求二零二四年有害廢棄 物總量密度維持不變,二零二七年密度降 低3%。



Non-hazardous Waste Management

Apart from the hazardous waste produced during the production process, the Group puts emphasis on the management of non-hazardous waste generation. One of the major raw materials of the Group's product is coconut. To reduce the coconut shells disposed, the Group has adopted the waste-to-energy technology. The coconut shells are collected and burnt as biofuel to generate energy. Please refer to the section headed "The Environment and Natural Resources" for more details.

During the combustion of coconut shells, residual ash is generated from the biomass boiler. It would be collected together with other general waste by a third party for disposal and recycling. To monitor the ash generation, a monitoring system is installed as requested by the Department of Environment in Malaysia. Also, the biomass boiler is examined by the Department of Environment and the Department of Occupational Safety and Health in Malaysia every year.

Waste Reduction

The following measures have been effectively implemented in our offices to reduce resources use and waste generation from the Group's day-to-day office operations:

- Adopt electronic document filing system;
- Promote the use of electronic communication means for announcement publishing, event reporting, recommendation solicitation and feedback with the implementation of in-house online programme;
- Set up recycling bin in factory and office area to recycle plastic and paper; and
- Promote the reuse of file folders, envelopes and other stationery.

無害廢棄物管理

除了生產過程中產生的有害廢棄物外,本 集團亦重視對無害廢棄物產生的管理。本 集團產品的其中一種主要原材料是椰子。 為了減少棄置椰子殼,本集團已採用廢棄 物再生能源技術,將椰子殼收回並作為生 物燃料燃燒發電。更多詳情請參閱「環境及 天然資源」一節。

椰子殼燃燒時,生物質鍋爐會產生殘灰。 殘灰連同其他一般廢棄物由第三方收集進 行處置及回收。為監測殘灰的產生,我們 按照馬來西亞環境部門的要求安裝監測系 統。此外,生物質鍋爐由馬來西亞環境部 門及職業安全與健康部門每年進行檢查。

減少廢棄物

我們的辦公室有效實施以下措施,以減少 本集團日常辦公室運作使用的資源及產生 的廢棄物:

- 採用電子文件存檔系統;
- 透過實施內部線上計劃,倡導利用電子通訊的方式進行通告發佈、事項報告、建議徵收及反饋;
- 在工廠和辦公區設置回收箱,回收塑 膠和紙張;及
- 提倡重複使用檔案夾、信封及其他文 具。



睘境、社會及管治報告(績)

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

During 2022, the Group set target to maintain the total non-hazardous waste intensity for 2023 to be not more than the 2022 baseline, and reduce the total non-hazardous waste intensity by 3% by 2027 compared to the 2022 baseline. During the Reporting Period, the total non-hazardous waste intensity of the Group was decreased by 81% compared with 2022, mainly because the shelling and paring process of coconut is improved which significantly reduced the amount of rejected coconut generated. The Group has achieved the target to maintain the total non-hazardous waste intensity for 2023 to be not more than 2022. The Group will continue to monitor its non-hazardous waste and implement relevant measures, reduce its non-hazardous waste intensity progressively and aim to achieve the target of maintaining total non-hazardous waste intensity for 2024 to be not more than 2023 and reducing the intensity by 3% by 2027.

Resources Utilisation

In line with the "Environmental Policy", the Group has strived to improve the efficient use of resources. By formulating the system for energy utilisation and implementing measures on resources conservation and waste reduction, the Group continues to improve resources efficiency and push forward low-carbon operation.

Energy Conservation

Our sources of energy consumption include use of diesel forklift and purchased electricity. The following energy-saving measures were taken to enhance the energy use efficiency:

- Give priority to cooling equipment with lower energy consumption and highly efficient electronic appliances;
- Use natural light in office as far as possible;
- Advocate the application of energy-saving lamps; and
- Remind employees to turn off all air-conditioners and power supply during the non-office hours.

於二零二二年,本集團訂下目標,將二零 二三年的無害廢棄物總量密度維持在不超 二三年的無害廢棄物總量密度較二零二二年基 準線減少3%。於報告期間,本集團的無害 廢棄物總量密度較二零二二年減少81%, 主要因為主要是因為椰子去殼和削皮程生量 所改良,大大減少了不合格椰子的產生量 調無害廢棄物密度,力求二零二種 無害廢棄物密度,力求二零二一年 無害廢棄物密度,力求二零二一年 於平,二零二七年密度降低3%。

資源使用

本集團貫徹《環境政策》,致力提高資源使 用效率。通過制定能源利用制度,落實資 源節約和減廢措施,本集團不斷提高資源 利用效率,推進低碳營運。

節約能源

我們的能源消耗來源包括柴油叉車的使用 及購電。我們採取了以下節能措施以提高 能源利用效率:

- 優先考慮低能耗的冷卻設備及高效能 電器;
- 辦公室盡可能使用自然光;
- 提倡使用節能燈;及
- 提醒僱員在非辦公時間關閉所有空調 及電源。



展現 · 社首及首泊報告(額) ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

In order to further improve the energy saving, our three energy saving measures are work in progress. They include the followings:

- Replacement of 150RT centrifugal chiller to 93RT screw chiller;
- LED lighting installation; and
- Compressor maintenance.

All of these measures are being closely monitored by Engineering Department. We believe we will be able to reduce energy consumption after implementing these energy conservation measures.

During 2022, the Group set a target to maintain the total energy consumption intensity for 2023 to be not more than the 2022 baseline. During the Reporting Period, the total energy consumption intensity of the Group was decreased by 20% compared with 2022, mainly because a steam-intensive operation was shut-down due to technology improvement, which reduced demand on steam generating from burning biomass. The Group has achieved the target to maintain the total energy consumption intensity for 2023 to be not more than 2022. The Group will continue to monitor its energy consumption and implement relevant measures, reduce its energy consumption intensity progressively and aim to achieve the target of maintain the total energy consumption for 2024 to be not more than 2023.

Water Conservation

During the Reporting Period, we purchased water from municipal water supply and faced no difficulties in sourcing water.

The Group recognises the importance to save water resources and the following measures were taken to promote water conservation among the Group's employees:

- Give priority to water-saving equipment and products in the office area;
- Promote the water saving idea to all staff;
- Place the poster with the reminder of "conserve water" near the taps of each water supply system, such as canteen area, sinks, etc; and
- Install water-saving taps and sanitary fittings and properly design the water supply and drainage systems.

為了進一步提高節能效果,我們正實行三 項節能措施,包括:

- 將150RT離心式製冷機替換為93RT螺
 桿式製冷機;
- 安裝LED照明;及
- 維護壓縮機。

工程部門密切監察所有該等措施。我們相 信,在實施該等節能措施後,我們能夠降 低能源消耗。

於二零二二年,本集團訂下目標,將二零 二三年的能源消耗總量密度維持在不超過, 二零二二年基準線的水平。於報告期間, 本集團的能源消耗總量密度較二零二二年 減少20%,主要因為技術改進,關閉了需 要大量蒸汽的生產作業,減少燃燒生零二二 產生蒸汽的需求。本集團已達成二零 年能源消耗總量密度不超過二零 相關措施,逐步降低能源消耗密度,力求 二零二四年能源消耗總量密度不超過二零 二三年的水平。

節水

於報告期間,我們向市政供水購水,在求 取水源方面沒有遇到任何困難。

本集團明白節省水資源的重要性,並已採 取以下措施倡導本集團僱員節約用水:

- 在辦公區域優先考慮節水設備及產品;
- 向所有員工推廣節水理念;
- 在餐廳、水池等各項供水系統的水龍 頭附近張貼「節約用水」的提示海報;
 及
- 安裝節水型水龍頭及衛生設施,妥善設計供水及排水系統。

瞏境、社會及管治報告(績)

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

During 2022, the Group set target to maintain the total water consumption intensity for 2023 to be not more than the 2022 baseline, and reduce the total water consumption intensity by 3% by 2027 compared to the 2022 baseline. During the Reporting Period, the water consumption intensity of the Group was increased by 11% compared with 2022. The total water consumption is maintained at a similar level as 2022, but due to the cease of production in Perak Plant on Sunday and public holidays, the production unit which is used as the intensity base decreased, thus the water consumption intensity increased. The Group will continue to monitor its water consumption and implement relevant measures, reduce its water consumption intensity progressively and aim to achieve the target of maintaining total water consumption intensity for 2024 to be not more than 2023 and reduce the intensity by 3% by 2027.

The Environment and Natural Resources

The Group is committed to minimising the environmental impact of its operations as one of the principles under the "Environmental Policy". While highlighting management of energy conservation and emission reduction in operation, we strive to minimise waste and extend the waste life cycle by implementing different waste reduction measures.

In view of our business nature, the consumption of coconut shells is the major activity which would have significant impact on the environment. In order to reduce waste production, we pay great effort to fully utilise every single coconut. By adopting the waste-to-energy technology, we use biofuel as our main fuel instead of fossil fuel. We collect and burn the coconut shells and woodchips as bio-fuel for our biomass boiler to produce heat. With the introduction of biomass boiler and the combustion of coconut shells, we have reduced fuel costs to a great extent.

環境及天然資源

本集團致力將營運對環境的影響減至最低, 視之為《環境政策》的原則之一。在強調運 營中的節能減排管理的同時,我們通過實 施不同的減廢措施,盡最大努力減少廢棄 物,延長廢棄物適用週期。

由於我們的業務性質使然,耗用椰子殼是 對環境產生重大影響的主要活動。為減少 廢棄物產生,我們力求全面利用每一個椰 子。我們採用廢棄物再生能源技術,用生 物燃料代替化石燃料作為主要燃料。我們 收集及燃燒椰殼及木屑作為產生熱量的生 物質鍋爐的生物燃料。隨著生物質鍋爐的 使用及燃燒椰子殼,我們在很大程度上降 低了燃料成本。



We are committed to advocating the green and low carbon concept to our stakeholders. In addition to strictly requiring employees to implement the environmental protection measures formulated by the Group, the Group needs to proactively promote environmental awareness among its employees to effectively enhance its environmental protection standards. We have initiated the awareness program on environmental policies at our HQ and Perak Plant. We share environmental policies and data analysis review at the billboard and entrance. Moreover, we implement measures including but not limited to the following:

- Hold "Environmental Day" to share knowledge, tips and information on environment protection through fun games and video sharing;
- Share tips on saving the environment to all employees; and
- Encourage employees to bring their own cups and tableware, and avoid using disposable utensils or plastic containers.

We encourage our employees to participate in the training regarding environmental protection held by the Department of Environment in order to raise their environmental protection awareness. The Group will also consider participating in more feasible and appropriate activities to help its employees increase their awareness of the environment and natural resources.

Externally, we strive to promote the low carbon, green, sustainability and other environmental protection concepts to the public. We also encourage the public to reduce waste by adopting recyclable carton packages. Customer can recycle the package by merely flattening it and send it to the nearest collection centre. We promote our recyclable packaging through social media to encourage recycling, the package of our "Santan" coconut milk is 100% recyclable.

Response to Climate Change

As a part of the community, climate change may have unavoidable effect to our daily lives. Although our operations do not pose significant impact to climate change, we are committed to reducing our influence on the environment and optimising resources more efficiently. The Group has formulated "Climate Environmental Risk Assessment" to identify and manage the climate impacts to the Group and the risks associated: 我們致力於向我們的持份者倡導綠色低碳 理念。除了嚴格要求僱員執行本集團制定 的環保措施外,本集團亦積極向僱員宣傳 環保意識,以有效提升環保水平。我們已 於總部及霹靂工廠啟動環境政策認知計劃。 我們在公告牌及入口處分享環境政策及數 據分析概覽。另外,我們實施包括但不限 於以下措施:

- 舉辦「環境日」,通過有趣的遊戲及視 頻分享,分享有關環保的知識、貼士 及資料;
- 與全體僱員分享有關保護環境的貼士;
- 鼓勵僱員自備杯子及餐具,避免使用 一次性餐具或塑料餐具。

我們鼓勵僱員參加由環境部門舉辦的環保 培訓,以提高其環保意識。本集團亦會考 慮參與更多可行及適當的活動,以幫助僱 員提高對環境及天然資源的意識。

對外方面,我們亦鼓勵公眾接納可回收盒 包裝以減少廢棄物。客戶只需將盒包裝壓 平並送到最近的回收中心即可進行包裝回 收。我們透過社交媒體宣傳可回收包裝, 以鼓勵回收,[Santan]椰奶的包裝100%可 回收。

應對氣候變化

作為社區的一分子,氣候變化可能對我們 的日常生活產生不可避免的影響。儘管我 們的營運不會對氣候變化造成重大影響, 但我們仍致力於減少對環境的影響並充分 有效地利用資源。本集團已制訂《氣候環境 風險評估》,以識別及管理氣候對本集團的 影響及相關風險:



Physical Risks

The Group is fully aware of the risks brought forth by climate change, especially increasing likelihood and severity of extreme weather conditions such as extreme heat, drought, and flooding. Under such condition, supply of raw materials would be reduced or even interrupted. As a mitigation, the Group has prepared an emergency respond procedure in case of suspension of work due to extreme weather condition. Principally, the Group aims to ensure smooth business operations even during such conditions to mitigate the risks and impacts posed to the Group. The Group strives to practise sustainable procurement to ensure a stable supply chain and minimise the potential impact of climate change.

Transition Risks

The development of international policy and regulation on climate change, and the evolving commitment of the governments of Hong Kong and Malaysia to carbon reduction may pose potential risks to the Group. Failure to meet climate change compliance requirements may expose the Group to the risk of claims and litigation, which may result in a possible loss of corporate reputation. Besides monitoring our total consumption level and usage intensity of energy and GHG emission level regularly, the Group will conduct periodic review on new engaging regulatory requirement to avoid reputation and financial risks due to delayed response.

In terms of market risk, there is an emerging trend that customers and investors advocate for addressing climate change. Consumers would tend to give preference to more environmental-friendly products and services. Investors may withdraw capital from companies which fails to implement effective measures to manage climate risks. It will have a direct impact on the business development of the Group in a way that it may lose market share if it fails to meet the everchanging market demand. The Group will continue to maintain high transparency in our ESG disclosure and risk management activities to build trust and confidence with customers and investors.

實體風險

本集團充分意識到氣候變化帶來的風險, 尤其是極端高溫、乾旱和洪水等極端天氣 狀況的可能性及嚴重性增加,原材料供應 將減少甚至中斷。作為緩解措施,本集團 已制定緊急應變程序,以應對因極端天氣 而停工的情況。原則上,本集團的目標是 確保即使在該等情況下,業務仍能順利遲。 体集團努力實踐可持續採購,以確保穩定。 的供應鏈並盡量減少氣候變化的潛在影響。

轉型風險

國際氣候變化政策及法規的發展,以及香 港和馬來西亞政府對碳減排的承諾,可能 對本集團構成潛在風險。未能滿足氣候變 化合規要求可能使本集團面臨索賠和訴訟 的風險,這可能導致企業聲譽受損。除了 定期監控我們的能源的總消耗水平及使用 密度和溫室氣體排放水平外,本集團會定 期審視所涉及的新監管要求,以避免因延 遲響應而導致的聲譽及財務風險。

在市場風險方面,客戶和投資者提倡應對 氣候變化的趨勢正在形成。消費者傾向選 擇更環保的產品和服務。投資者可能從未 能採取有效措施管理氣候風險的公司撤資。 如本集團未能滿足不斷變化的市場需求 則可能會失去市場份額,這對本集團的 環境、社會及管治披露及風險管理活動保 持高透明度,以建立客戶及投資者的信任 和信心。





COMMUNITY INVESTMENT

As a responsible corporate citizen, we actively participate in various charity and social welfare issues for the sake of caring for the local communities. Understanding our local communities, foreseeing their needs and promoting a sustainable future are our ultimate goals. We have established the Community Investment Policy with an aim to pursue the sustainable development of our community where the Group operates its businesses. The Group supports long-term community investment by encouraging our employees to participate in volunteering activities. Going beyond corporate philanthropy, we are dedicated to promoting community participation and creating shared benefits for the community.

During the Reporting Period, the Group focused on supporting sports events and has participated in the following corporate social responsibility campaign in order to give back to society:

Event Sponsorship

We believe in the importance of promoting a healthy lifestyle and we are thrilled to be part of events that encouraged fitness and wellness. As a result, we were delighted to have the opportunity to sponsor four athletic events throughout 2023. These events provided an ideal platform for us to actively engage with individuals who were passionate about sports and physical activity. We provide free "COSIP" coconut water to participants of sports events including Malaysia Women Marathon, Kuala Lumpur City Day Half Marathon, XMaster Championship and a treasure hunt activity.

社區投資

作為負責任的企業公民,我們積極參與各 種慈善及社會公益事宜,關注當地社區。 我們的最終目標是了解我們當地社區、預 知其需求及實現可持續發展。我們制定了《社 區投資政策》,旨在追求本集團經營業務所 在社區的可持續發展。本集團鼓勵僱員參 與義工活動,從而支持長期社區投資。在 企業慈善事業層面之外,我們致力於促進 社區參與,為社區創造共享利益。

於報告期間,本集團致力於支持體育活動, 並參與以下企業社會責任活動,以回饋社 會:

贊助活動

我們相信推廣健康生活方式十分重要,而 且樂於參與鼓勵強身健體的活動。因此, 我們很高興於二零二三年有機會贊助四項 體育活動,讓我們能夠與熱衷於運動和體 育活動的個人積極互動。我們為馬來西亞 女子馬拉松、吉隆坡城市日半程馬拉松、 XMaster錦標賽和尋寶活動的體育活動參加 者免費提供[COSIP]椰汁。



S&P International Holding Limited Annual Report 2023

튆境・社會及管治報告(續

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

THE ESG REPORTING GUIDE CONTENT INDEX OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG LIMITED

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General Disclosure	Information on:	ENVIRONMENTAL
	(a) the policies; and	
	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact a	n
	 (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact o the issuer 	
	life issuer	
	relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, an	d
	generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste.	u
一般披露	有關廢氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地的排污、有害及無害廢棄物的產生等的:	環境
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KPI A1.1	The types of emissions and respective emissions data	ENVIRONMENTAL
關鍵績效指標A1.1	排放物種類及相關排放數據。	環境
KPI A1.2	Direct (Scope 1) and energy indirect (Scope 2) greenhouse gas emissions (in tonnes	s) ENVIRONMENTAL
	and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility)	
關鍵績效指標A1.2	直接(範圍1)及能源間接(範圍2)溫室氣體排放量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以名	录 環境

Subject Areas, Aspects		Section/
General Disclosures and	d	Declaration
KPIs 主要範疇、層面、一般披	雷扰试	章節/聲明
上 吴 郫 崎 眉 園 放 弧 及 關 鍵 績 效 指 標		부때/ 푝ળ
KPI A1.3	Total hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per	ENVIRONMENTAL
	unit of production volume, per facility).	
關鍵績效指標A1.3	所產生有害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	環境
KPI A1.4	Total non-hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g.	ENVIRONMENTAL
	per unit of production volume, per facility).	-m 1
關鍵績效指標A1.4	所產生無害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	環境
KPI A1.5	Description of emissions target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	ENVIRONMENTAL – Emission
		– Emission Management – Air
		and GHG Emission
關鍵績效指標A1.5	描述所訂立的排放量目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	環境 — 排放物管理
		- 廢氣及溫室氣體排
		放
KPI A1.6	Description of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are handled, and a	ENVIRONMENTAL
	description of reduction target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	– Emission
		Management – Waste
閱始结动长 运入1 0	描述處理有害及無害廢棄物的方法,及描述所訂立的減廢目標及為達到這些目標所	Management 環境 – 排放物管理
關鍵績效指標A1.6	油延晚埕有古灰黑古酸果初的方法,及油延用訂立的减度目标及高建到担空目标用 採取的步驟。	
Aspect A2: Use of Reso		版本加占生
層面A2:資源使用		
General Disclosure	Policies on the efficient use of resources, including energy, water and other raw	ENVIRONMENTAL -
	materials.	Resources Utilisation
一般披露	有效使用資源(包括能源、水及其他原材料)的政策。	環境 — 資源使用
KPI A2.1	Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type (e.g. electricity, gas or oil) in total	ENVIRONMENTAL
眼神体計	(kWh in '000s) and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	T⊞ +à
關鍵績效指標A2.1	按類型劃分的直接及/或間接能源(如電、氣或油)總耗量(以千個千瓦時計算)及密度 (如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	環境
KPI A2.2	(如以母進重单位、母項畝旭訂昇)。 Water consumption in total and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per	ENVIRONMENTAL
IN 1716-6	facility).	
關鍵績效指標A2.2	總耗水量及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	環境
KPI A2.3	Description of energy use efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	ENVIRONMENTAL
		- Resources
		Utilisation – Energy
		Conservation
關鍵績效指標A2.3	描述所訂立的能源使用效益目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	環境 — 資源使用 —
	Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for summer of	節約能源
KPI A2.4	Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	ENVIRONMENTAL – Resources Utilisation
	הווהיהוהי נמושבונט שבו מווע שנבאש נמגבוו נט מטוווביש נוובווו.	– Water Conservation
關鍵績效指標A2.4	描述求取適用水源上可有任何問題,以及所訂立的用水效益目標及為達到這些目標	環境 — 資源使用 —
	所採取的步驟。	節水

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主要範疇、層面、一般披露 及關鍵績效指標	露描述 ————————————————————————————————————	章節/聲明
KPI A2.5	Total packaging material used for finished products (in tonnes) and, if applicable, with reference to per unit produced.	PRODUCT AND SERVICE RESPONSIBILITY – Quality Control–Post- production Phase (Finished Products) – Packaging of Finished
關鍵績效指標A2.5	製成品所用包裝材料的總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)每生產單位佔量。	Products 產品及服務責任 – 質量控制 – 生產後 階段(製成品) – 製成 品包裝
Aspect A3: The Environn 層面A3 : 環境及天然資源	nent and Natural Resources	
General Disclosure	Policies on minimising the issuer's significant impacts on the environment and natural resources.	ENVIRONMENTAL – The Environment and Natural Resources
一般披露	減低發行人對環境及天然資源造成重大影響的政策。	環境 — 環境及天然 資源
KPI A3.1	Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them.	ENVIRONMENTAL – The Environment and Natural Resources
關鍵績效指標A3.1	描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及已採取管理有關影響的行動。	環境 – 環境及天然 資源
Aspect A4: Climate Char 層面A4 : 氣候變化	nge	
General Disclosure	Policies on identification and mitigation of significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer.	ENVIRONMENTAL – Response to Climate
一般披露	識別及應對已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大氣候相關事宜的政策。	Change 環境 – 應對氣候變 化
KPI A4.1	Description of the significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer, and the actions taken to manage them.	ENVIRONMENTAL – Response to Climate Change
關鍵績效指標A4.1	描述已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大氣候相關事宜,及應對行動。	環境 — 應對氣候變 化



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B. Social		
社會 Employment and Labour 僱傭及勞工常規	Practices	
Aspect B1: Employme 層面B1 : 僱傭	nt	
General Disclosure	Information on:	OUR PEOPLE
	(a) the policies; and	
	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer	
	relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare.	
一般披露	weinare. 有關薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、假期、平等機會、多元化、反歧視以及其 他待遇及福利的:	我們的人才
	(a) 政策;及	
	(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例 的資料。	
KPI B1.1	Total workforce by gender, employment type (for example, full- or part-time), age group and geographical region.	OUR PEOPLE – Staff Overview
關鍵績效指標B1.1	按性別、僱傭類型(如全職或兼職)、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員總數。	我們的人才 — 員工概 覽
KPI B1.2	Employee turnover rate by gender, age group and geographical region.	OUR PEOPLE – Staff Overview
關鍵績效指標B1.2	按性別、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員流失比率。	我們的人才 — 員工概 覽



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KPIs	
<u>十 田 筘 唪 , 厨 西 , 一 郎 恤 雯 供 沛</u>	
工女戰疇「眉山」「双双路ш処」	章節/聲明
及關鍵績效指標	
Aspect B2: Health and Safety	
層面B2:健康與安全	
General Disclosure Information on:	OCCUPATIONAL
	HEALTH AND
(a) the policies; and	SAFETY
(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact	on
the issuer	
relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees fro	om
occupational hazards.	
一般披露 有關提供安全工作環境及保障僱員避免職業性危害的:	職業健康與安全
(a) 政策:及	
(a) 以	
(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例	
的資料。	
KPI B2.1 Number and rate of work-related fatalities occurred in each of the past three year	
including the reporting year.	HEALTH AND
	SAFETY
關鍵績效指標B2.1 過去三年(包括匯報年度)每年因工亡故的人數及比率。	職業健康與安全
KPI B2.2Lost days due to work injury.	OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND
	SAFETY
關鍵績效指標B2.2 因工傷損失工作日數。	職業健康與安全
KPI B2.3 Description of occupational health and safety measures adopted, and how they a	
implemented and monitored.	HEALTH AND
	SAFETY
關鍵績效指標B2.3 描述所採納的職業健康與安全措施,以及相關執行及監察方法。	職業健康與安全



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主要範疇、層面、一般披 及關鍵績效指標	露描述 ····································	章節/聲明
Aspect B3: Developmen 層面B3 : 發展及培訓	t and Training	
General Disclosure	Policies on improving employees' knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work. Description of training activities.	DEVELOPMENT AND TRAINING
一般披露 KPI B3.1	有關提升僱員履行工作職責的知識及技能的政策。描述培訓活動。 The percentage of employees trained by gender and employee category (e.g. senior management, middle management).	發展及培訓 DEVELOPMENT AND TRAINING – Breakdown of Employees Trained and Average Training Hours
關鍵績效指標B3.1	按性別及僱員類別(如高級管理層、中級管理層)劃分的受訓僱員百分比。	發展及培訓 — 受訓 僱員及平均培訓時數 明細
KPI B3.2	The average training hours completed per employee by gender and employee category.	DEVELOPMENT AND TRAINING – Breakdown of Employees Trained and Average Training Hours
關鍵績效指標B3.2	按性別及僱員類別劃分,每名僱員完成受訓的平均時數。	發展及培訓 — 受訓 僱員及平均培訓時數 明細



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Aspect B4: Labour Star 層面B4 : 勞工準則	ndards	
General Disclosure	Information on:	LABOUR
	(a) the policies; and	STANDARDS
	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer	
一般披露	relating to preventing child and forced labour. 有關防止童工或強制勞工的:	勞工準則
	(a) 政策 ; 及	
	(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例 的資料。	
KPI B4.1	Description of measures to review employment practices to avoid child and forced labour.	LABOUR STANDARDS
關鍵績效指標B4.1	描述檢討招聘慣例的措施以避免童工及強制勞工。	勞工準則
KPI B4.2	Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered.	LABOUR
關鍵績效指標B4.2	描述在發現違規情況時消除有關情況所採取的步驟。	STANDARDS 勞工準則



Subject Areas, Aspects	s, Description	Section/
General Disclosures an		Declaration
KPIs		
主要範疇、層面、一般披	7 霞 坩 沭	章節/聲明
		루 데 / 브 기
次 開 		
Operating Practices		
營運慣例		
Aspect B5: Supply Cha	in Management	
層面B5:供應鏈管理		
General Disclosure	Policies on managing environmental and social risks of the supply chain.	SUPPLY CHAIN
		MANAGEMENT
一般披露	管理供應鏈的環境及社會風險政策。	供應鏈管理
KPI B5.1	Number of suppliers by geographical region.	SUPPLY CHAIN
		MANAGEMENT
關鍵績效指標B5.1	按地區劃分的供應商數目。	供應鏈管理
開 <i>疑順次</i> 追示B0.1 KPI B5.2	Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers, number of suppliers where the	SUPPLY CHAIN
NIT DU.Z	practices are being implemented, and how they are implemented and monitored.	MANAGEMENT
悶神往並长挿┏┎╻	描述有關聘用供應商的慣例,向其執行有關慣例的供應商數目,以及相關執行及監	
關鍵績效指標B5.2		供應鏈管理
	察方法。	
KPI B5.3	Description of practices used to identify environmental and social risks along the	SUPPLY CHAIN
	supply chain, and how they are implemented and monitored.	MANAGEMENT -
		Sustainable Sourcing
關鍵績效指標B5.3	描述有關識別供應鏈每個環節的環境及社會風險的慣例,以及相關執行及監察方法。	供應鏈管理 — 可持
		續採購
KPI B5.4	Description of practices used to promote environmentally preferable products and	SUPPLY CHAIN
	services when selecting suppliers, and how they are implemented and monitored.	MANAGEMENT -
		Green Procurement
關鍵績效指標B5.4	描述在揀選供應商時促使多用環保產品及服務的慣例,以及相關執行及監察方法。	供應鏈管理 — 綠色
		採購



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主要範疇、層面、一般披露 及關鍵績效指標	客 抽 迎.	章節/聲明
Aspect B6: Product Resp 層面B6 : 產品責任	oonsibility	
General Disclosure	Information on:	PRODUCT AND SERVICE
	(a) the policies; and	RESPONSIBILITY
	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer	
一般披露	relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress. 有關所提供產品和服務的健康與安全、廣告、標籤及私隱事宜以及補救方法的:	產品及服務責任
	(a) 政策 ; 及	
	(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例 的資料。	
KPI B6.1	Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons.	PRODUCT AND SERVICE RESPONSIBILITY – Quality Control – Post-production Phase (Finished Products)
關鍵績效指標B6.1	已售或已運送產品總數中因安全與健康理由而須回收的百分比。	產品及服務責任 — 質量控制 — 生產後 階段(製成品)
KPI B6.2	Number of products and service related complaints received and how they are dealt with.	PRODUCT AND SERVICE RESPONSIBILITY – Customer Satisfacti
關鍵績效指標B6.2	接獲關於產品及服務的投訴數目以及應對方法。	產品及服務責任 — 客戶滿意度
KPI B6.3	Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual property rights.	PRODUCT AND SERVICE RESPONSIBILITY – Intellectual Property
關鍵績效指標B6.3	描述與維護及保障知識產權有關的慣例。	Rights 產品及服務責任 – 知識產權

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▲ 主要範疇、層面、一般披	露描述	章節/聲明
又要報 場 /// // // // // // // // // // // //		부따/ 특기
KPI B6.4	Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures.	PRODUCT
		AND SERVICE
		RESPONSIBILITY -
		Quality Control
關鍵績效指標B6.4	描述質量檢定過程及產品回收程序。	產品及服務責任 —
		質量控制
KPI B6.5	Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, and how they are	PRODUCT
	implemented and monitored.	AND SERVICE RESPONSIBILITY –
		Privacy Protection
關鍵績效指標B6.5	描述消費者資料保障及私隱政策,以及相關執行及監察方法。	產品及服務責任 —
		私隱保護
Aspect B7: Anti-corrupt	ion	
層面 B7 :反貪污		
General Disclosure	Information on:	ETHICAL CULTURE
	(a) the policies; and	
	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on	
	the issuer	
	relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering.	
一般披露	有關防止賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢的:	道德文化
	(a) 政策;及	
	(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例	
	的資料。	
KPI B7.1	Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the reporting period and the outcomes of the cases.	ETHICAL CULTURE
關鍵績效指標B7.1	於匯報期內對發行人或其僱員提出並已審結的貪污訴訟案件的數目及訴訟結果。	道德文化
的疑视 7月 小 D … KPI B7.2	Description of preventive measures and whistle-blowing procedures, and how they are	ETHICAL CULTURE
	implemented and monitored.	
關鍵績效指標B7.2	描述防範措施及舉報程序,以及相關執行及監察方法。	道德文化
KPI B7.3	Description of anti-corruption training provided to directors and staff.	ETHICAL CULTURE
關鍵績效指標B7.3	描述向董事及員工提供的反貪污培訓。	道德文化



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及關鍵績效指標						
Community						
社區						
Aspect B8: Community	Aspect B8: Community Investment					
層面B8:社區投資						
General Disclosure	Policies on community engagement to understand the needs of the communities where	COMMUNITY				
	the issuer operates and to ensure its activities take into consideration the communities' interests.	INVESTMENT				
一般披露	有關以社區參與來了解營運所在社區需要和確保其業務活動會考慮社區利益的政策。	社區投資				
KPI B8.1	Focus areas of contribution (e.g. education, environmental concerns, labour needs,	COMMUNITY				
	health, culture, sport).	INVESTMENT				
關鍵績效指標B8.1	專注貢獻範疇(如教育、環境事宜、勞工需求、健康、文化、體育)。	社區投資				
KPI B8.2	Resources contributed (e.g. money or time) to the focus area.	COMMUNITY				
		INVESTMENT				
關鍵績效指標B8.2	在專注範疇所動用資源(如金錢或時間)。	社區投資				



Business Review

The Group is engaged in the manufacturing and distribution of coconut based food and beverage products. These include coconut cream powder (the "**CCP**"), low fat desiccated coconut (the "**LFDC**"), coconut milk and coconut water manufactured at the Group's manufacturing facility located at Bagan Datoh, Perak, Malaysia (the "**Perak Plant**"). The Group also manufactures other food products such as non-dairy creamer and other South-east Asian traditional food ingredients such as rice dumplings (ketupat) and toasted coconut paste (kerisik).

Financial Review

For FY2023, the Group reported a loss after tax of RM1.80 million as compared to a loss after tax of RM0.89 million for FY2022 mainly due to increase in operating expenses and impairment loss.

The Group recognised approximately RM85.22 million in revenue for FY2023, representing a decrease of approximately 7.00%, or RM6.41 million, when compared with that for FY2022 of approximately RM91.62 million. The decrease in revenue was largely due to the reduction in sales of CCP and coconut milk.

The Group's cost of sales decreased by approximately 12.31%, or RM9.53 million, from approximately RM77.41 million for FY2022 to approximately RM67.88 million for FY2023. The percentage of decrease in cost of sales was higher than the percentage decrease in revenue as the Group has adopted various cost control measures including but not limited to continuously sourcing for alternative supplies without compromising its quality and reducing wastages.

Consequently, the gross profit margin of the Group for FY2023 has increased to 20.35% as compared to 15.51% for FY2022 and the gross profit for FY2023 of the Group increased by approximately 22.00%, or RM3.13 million when compared with that for FY2022.

業務回顧

本集團從事製造及分銷椰類餐飲產品,包括本集團位於馬來西亞霹靂Bagan Datoh的 生產設施(「霹靂工廠」)生產的椰漿粉(「椰 漿粉」)、低脂椰蓉(「低脂椰蓉」)、椰奶及椰 汁。本集團亦生產其他食品,如奶精及其 他東南亞傳統食品配料(例如馬來粽(ketupat) 及烤椰蓉(kerisik))。

財務回顧

二零二三年財政年度,本集團錄得除税後 虧損1.80百萬馬來西亞令吉,而二零二二年 財政年度則錄得除税後虧損0.89百萬馬來 西亞令吉,主要由於經營開支及減值虧損 增加。

本集團二零二三年財政年度確認約85.22百 萬馬來西亞令吉的收益,較二零二二年財 政年度的約91.62百萬馬來西亞令吉減少約 7.00%或6.41百萬馬來西亞令吉。收益減少 主要歸因於椰漿粉及椰奶的銷量下降。

本集團銷售成本由二零二二年財政年度約 77.41百萬馬來西亞令吉減少約12.31%或9.53 百萬馬來西亞令吉,至二零二三年財政年度 的約67.88百萬馬來西亞令吉。銷售成本減 少的百分比高於收益減少的百分比,乃由於 本集團採取多項成本控制措施,包括但不 限於持續採購不影響質量且減少浪費的替 代品。

因此,本集團於二零二三年財政年度的毛 利率上升至20.35%,而二零二二年財政年 度的則為15.51%,故本集團於二零二三年 財政年度的毛利較二零二二年財政年度增 加約22.00%或3.13百萬馬來西亞令吉。



管理層討論及分析(續) MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

Coconut related products

The Group's revenue is mainly derived from sales of coconut food products. Revenue for such products for FY2023 was approximately RM78.02 million, representing a reduction of approximately RM6.37 million or 7.55% as compared to that for FY2022 of approximately RM84.39 million. This was mainly due to a reduction of sales in CCP and coconut milk.

Other revenue is mainly made up of sales of ketupat and kerisik, freight charges to customers and sales of miscellaneous items. In FY2023, other revenue was approximately RM7.20 million, representing a decrease of RM0.03 million from RM7.23 million posted in FY2022.

Other income

In FY2023, other income comprised mainly gain on foreign exchange of RM0.07 million, income from subleasing of right-of-use assets of RM0.18 million and sale of scrap items of RM0.65 million, was approximately RM0.90 million, representing reduction of RM4.04 million as compared to FY2022 from the insurance claims of approximately RM3.40 million in FY2022.

Selling and distribution expenses

The Group's selling and distribution expenses of approximately RM2.93 million for FY2023 was approximately RM1.58 million lower than those of approximately RM4.51 million for FY2022. The reduction in the selling and distribution expenses was mainly due to reduction in marketing expenses and ocean freight cost attributable to lower revenue.

Administrative expenses

The Group's administrative expenses for FY2023 were approximately RM10.10 million, which represented an increase of approximately RM0.94 million over those of RM9.16 million in FY2022. Such increase was mainly from employees related cost.

Other expenses

The Group's other expenses for FY2023 were approximately RM5.82 million, which were mainly made up of impairment loss on property, plant and equipment of approximately RM1.75 million and unrealised foreign translation loss of approximately RM4.07 million, represented by an increase of approximately RM1.55 million over those of approximately RM4.27 million in FY2022. The impairment loss is attributable to the liquid production plant at the Perak Plant and the foreign translation loss arose primarily from the fluctuation of RM against the United States Dollar ("**USD**").

椰子相關產品

本集團收益主要來自銷售椰類食品及飲料。 二零二三年財政年度的該等產品收益為約 78.02百萬馬來西亞令吉,較二零二二年財 政年度的約84.39百萬馬來西亞令吉減少約 6.37百萬馬來西亞令吉,或7.55%。此乃由 於椰漿粉及椰奶的銷量減少。

其他收益主要包括銷售馬來粽(ketupat)及 烤椰蓉(kerisik)、向客戶收取的貨運費及銷 售其他項目。於二零二三年財政年度,其他 收益約為7.20百萬馬來西亞令吉,較二零 二二年財政年度的7.23百萬馬來西亞令吉減 少0.03百萬馬來西亞令吉。

其他收入

於二零二三年財政年度,其他收入(主要包括外匯收益0.07百萬馬來西亞令吉、轉租 使用權資產的收入0.18百萬馬來西亞令吉 以及雜項銷售0.65百萬馬來西亞令吉)約為 0.90百萬馬來西亞令吉,較二零二二年財政 年度(有保險索賠3.40百萬馬來西亞令吉)減 少4.04百萬馬來西亞令吉。

銷售及分銷開支

本集團二零二三年財政年度的銷售及分銷 開支約為2.93百萬馬來西亞令吉,較二零 二二年財政年度的約4.51百萬馬來西亞令吉 減少約1.58百萬馬來西亞令吉。銷售及分 銷開支的減少主要由於收入下降導致市場 推廣開支及海運運費減少。

行政開支

本集團二零二三年財政年度的行政開支約 為10.10百萬馬來西亞令吉,較二零二二年 財政年度的9.16百萬馬來西亞令吉增加約0.94 百萬馬來西亞令吉。該增加主要為僱員相 關成本。

其他開支

本集團於二零二三年財政年度的其他開支 約為5.82百萬馬來西亞令吉,主要為物業、 廠房及設備減值虧損約1.75百萬馬來西亞 令吉及未變現匯兑虧損約4.07百萬馬來西亞 空令吉,較二零二二年財政年度的約4.27百 萬馬來西亞令吉增加約1.55百萬馬來西亞 令吉。減值虧損主要來自霹靂工廠的液體 生產工廠,而匯兑虧損主要產生自馬來西 亞令吉兑美元(「美元」)匯率波動。

Net finance costs

In FY2023, the Group incurred net finance costs of approximately RM2.06 million as compared to the net finance costs of approximately RM1.26 million in FY2022. The increase in net finance cost was mainly due to the increase of interest rate on USD loan and borrowings facility to finance the Group's expansion plans.

Income tax credit/(expense)

The Group's income tax credit for FY2023 was approximately RM0.87 million as compared with income tax expense of approximately RM0.85 million for FY2022. The income tax credit was related mainly to recognition of deferred tax assets.

Loss attributable to equity shareholders

The Group recorded a loss attributable to equity shareholders of approximately RM1.80 million for FY2023 as compared to a loss of approximately RM0.89 million in FY2022. The increase in loss in FY2023 was due to factors as discussed above.

Future Prospects and Strategies

The Group remains optimistic in its performance in the long run due to the positive outlook of coconut demand while remains vigilant in facing global unprecedented uncertainties.

The Group will continue to focus on enhancing its performance from sustainable business models by improving its competitive position, enhancing brand value and awareness, prioritising in managing consumers' expectations, improving distribution channel, optimising cost structure, staying relevant and innovative and last but not least, managing risk in order to generate value to the shareholders in the long run.

To conclude, the Group will closely monitor the global environment and attend to it accordingly.

財務成本淨額

於二零二三年財政年度,本集團產生財務 成本淨額約2.06百萬馬來西亞令吉,而於二 零二二年財政年度約為1.26百萬馬來西亞令 吉。財務成本增加主要由於用於撥付本集 團擴張計劃的美元貸款及借款融資的利率 上升所致。

所得税抵免/(開支)

本集團二零二三年財政年度的所得税抵免 約為0.87百萬馬來西亞令吉,而二零二二年 財政年度的則為所得税開支約0.85百萬馬 來西亞令吉。所得税抵免主要與確認遞延 税項資產有關。

權益股東應佔虧損

本集團於二零二三年財政年度錄得權益股 東應佔虧損約1.80百萬馬來西亞令吉,而二 零二二年財政年度則為虧損約0.89百萬馬 來西亞令吉。二零二三年財政年度的虧損 增加歸因於上文所述因素。

未來前景及策略

鑒於椰子需求前景樂觀,本集團對其長遠 表現亦保持樂觀,同時對全球前所未有的 不明朗情況保持警惕。

本集團將繼續專注於通過提高競爭地位, 提升品牌價值和知名度,優先考慮管理消 費者的期望,改善分銷渠道,優化成本結 構,與時並進,保持創新,同時管理風險, 從而為股東創造長期價值。

總而言之,本集團將密切監察全球環境並 採取相應措施。

Significant event during and after the financial year

There is no significant event occurred during and after the financial year up to the date of this annual report.

Liquidity, Financial Resources and Capital Structure

The Group's financial position was in a net assets position as at 31 December 2023 and is able to meet its obligations when they become due in its ordinary and usual course of business.

Capital Structure

The Group's objectives in managing capital are to maintain a strong capital base and safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so as to maintain investors, creditors and market confidence and sustain future development of the business.

There were no changes in the Group's approach to capital management during FY2023.

Cash Position

As at 31 December 2023, the Group's cash and cash equivalents were approximately RM8.30 million as compared with approximately RM4.30 million as at 31 December 2022. The increase of approximately RM4.00 million was mainly due to increase in cash generated from operations.

Loans and Borrowings

As at 31 December 2023, the loans and borrowings amounted to approximately RM28.76 million, representing a decrease of approximately RM9.43 million as compared to approximately RM38.19 million as at 31 December 2022, attributable primarily to repayment of loans and borrowings.

Gearing Ratio

Gearing ratio equals to total liabilities divided by total assets. As at 31 December 2023, the gearing ratio was approximately 0.272 (2022: 0.321).

財政年度內的重大事件

於財政年度期間及之後直至本年報日期概 無發生重大事件。

流動資金、財務資源及資本架構

本集團於二零二三年十二月三十一日的財政 狀況並處於淨資產狀況,能夠於一般及日 常業務過程中在債務到期時履行其責任。

資本架構

本集團於管理資本時的目標是維持雄厚的 資本基礎及保障本集團持續經營業務的能 力,以維持投資者、債權人及市場信心, 以及保持業務的未來持續發展。

於二零二三年財政年度,本集團的資本管理 方法並無變動。

現金狀況

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團的現 金及現金等價物約為8.30百萬馬來西亞令 吉,而於二零二二年十二月三十一日則約為 4.30百萬馬來西亞令吉。現金增加約4.00百 萬馬來西亞令吉,乃主要由於經營所得現 金增加。

貸款及借款

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,貸款及借款 約為28.76百萬馬來西亞令吉,較二零二二 年十二月三十一日的約38.19百萬馬來西亞 令吉減少約9.43百萬馬來西亞令吉,主要歸 因於償還貸款及借款。

負債比率

負債比率等於負債總額除以資產總額。於 二零二三年十二月三十一日,負債比率約為 0.272(二零二二年:0.321)。

PLEDGE OF ASSETS

As at the end of the reporting period, the carrying amount of assets (property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets) pledged to licensed banks for banking facilities granted to the Group were as follows:

資產質押

於報告期末,就本集團獲授的銀行融資而 抵押予持牌銀行的資產(物業、廠房及設備 以及使用權資產)賬面值如下:

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RM	RM
		馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉
Freehold and leasehold land	永久業權及租賃土地	1,432,016	1,440,320
Factory buildings and other buildings	工廠樓宇及其他樓宇	20,645,915	21,446,726
Plants and machinery	廠房及機器	31,037,986	35,644,227
		53,115,917	58,531,273

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

During FY2023, the Group had incurred capital expenditures of approximately RM0.70 million as compared to approximately RM17.42 million in FY2022. The expenditures related mainly to the purchase of property, plant and equipment.

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS

The Group did not hold any significant investments as at 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022.

MATERIAL ACQUISITION AND DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES

The Group did not have any material acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures during FY2023.

資本開支

於二零二三年財政年度,本集團產生資本開 支約0.70百萬馬來西亞令吉,而於二零二二 年財政年度則為約17.42百萬馬來西亞令吉。 開支主要與購置物業、廠房及設備有關。

重大投資

本集團於二零二三年十二月三十一日及二零 二二年十二月三十一日並無持有任何重大 投資。

重大收購及出售附屬公司、聯營 公司及合營企業

於二零二三年財政年度,本集團並無重大 收購或出售附屬公司、聯營公司及合營企 業。

FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPOSURE

The Group undertakes certain transactions denominated in foreign currencies, mainly in USD and HK\$, and hence, exposure to exchange rate fluctuations arises. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, management monitors foreign exchange exposure closely and performs foreign currency transactions for the Group's cashflow needs in keeping the net exposure to an acceptable level.

FINAL DIVIDEND

At the meeting of the Board held on 27 March 2024, the Board has resolved not to recommend the payment of any dividend to the Shareholders for FY2023 (2022: Nil).

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

The annual general meeting of the Company (the "**AGM**") will be held at 10:00 a.m. on Friday, 24 May 2024 at 27–1, Jalan PJU 5/13, Dataran Sunway, Kota Damansara, 47810 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Darul Ehsan, Malaysia and the notice of the AGM will be published and despatched in accordance with the requirements under the Company's articles of association and the Listing Rules in due course.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

For the purpose of determining the Shareholders' rights to attend and vote at the forthcoming AGM, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Tuesday, 21 May 2024 to Friday, 24 May 2024, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of Shares will be registered. In order to be eligible for attending and voting at the forthcoming AGM, non-registered Shareholders must lodge their duly completed and stamped transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Boardroom Share Registrars (HK) Limited, Room 2103B, 21/F, 148 Electric Road, North Point, Hong Kong, for registration no later than 4:30 p.m. on Monday, 20 May 2024.

外匯風險

本集團進行的若干交易以外幣(主要為美元 及港元)計值,進而產生匯率波動風險。本 集團目前並無外匯對沖政策。然而,管理 層密切監控外匯風險及為本集團現金流量 需求進行外幣交易以將淨風險保持至可接 受水平。

末期股息

於二零二四年三月二十七日舉行的董事會 會議中,董事會已決議不建議就二零二三 年財政年度向股東派付任何股息(二零二二 年:無)。

股東週年大會

本公司將於二零二四年五月二十四日(星期 五)上午十時正假座馬來西亞雪蘭莪州八打 靈再也哥打白沙羅鎮三威廣場PJU 5/13路 27號一樓(郵編:47810)舉行股東週年大會 (「**股東週年大會**」),召開股東週年大會的通 告將適時根據本公司的組織章程細則及上 市規則的規定刊發及寄發。

暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

為釐定股東出席應屆股東週年大會並於會 上投票的權利,本公司將於二零二四年五月 二十一日(星期二)至二零二四年五月二十四 日(星期五)(包括首尾兩日)期間暫停辦理份 過戶登記手續,期間將不會辦理股份 戶登記。為符合出席應屆股東還好會的 資格及能於會上投票,未登記股東須於會 之能於會上投票,未登記股東須於 雪之四年五月二十日(星期一)下午四時三十 分崩將票送交本公司於香港的股份過戶登 別股寶德隆證券登記有限公司(地址為香港 分處電氣道148號21樓2103B室),以辦理登 記手續。

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

The Group had 337 and 348 employees as at 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022, respectively. Remuneration is determined by reference to the prevailing market terms and in accordance with the performance, qualification and experience of each individual employee and the Group's financial results. Periodic in-house training is provided to the employees to enhance the knowledge of the workforce. Meanwhile, training programs conducted by qualified personnel are also attended by our employees to enhance their skills and working experience.

The Company has adopted a share option scheme (the "**Share Option Scheme**") with effect from 11 July 2017 to enable the Board to grant share options to eligible participants with an opportunity to have a personal stake in the Company with a view to achieving the following objectives: (i) motivate the eligible participants to optimise their performance efficiency for the benefit of the Group and (ii) attract and retain or otherwise maintain an ongoing business relationship with the eligible participants whose contributions are or will be beneficial to the long-term growth of the Group.

As at 31 December 2023 and the date of this annual report, there was no outstanding share option granted under the Share Option Scheme and no share option lapsed or was granted, exercised or cancelled during FY2023.

The remuneration committee of the Board (the "**Remuneration Committee**") has at its meeting held on 26 March 2024 reviewed the Share Option Scheme.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Group did not have any material contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

The Company did not redeem any of its Shares listed on the Stock Exchange nor did the Company or any of its subsidiaries purchase or sell any of such Shares during FY2023.

EVENTS AFTER REPORTING PERIOD

The Board is not aware of any important event requiring disclosure that has taken place subsequent to 31 December 2023 and up to the date of this annual report.

僱員及薪酬政策

於二零二三年十二月三十一日及二零二二年 十二月三十一日,本集團分別擁有337名僱 員及348名僱員。薪酬乃經參考現行市場 條款並根據各僱員的個人表現、資歷及經 驗以及本集團的財務業績釐定。我們定期 向僱員提供內部培訓,以提高僱員的知識 水平。同時,我們的僱員亦參加由合資格 人員開展的培訓項目,以提升彼等的技能 及工作經驗。

本公司已採納購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」), 自二零一七年七月十一日生效,以讓董事 會向合資格參與者授出購股權,令彼等有 機會於本公司擁有個人股權,以達致下列 目標:(i)激勵合資格參與者為本集團利益盡 量提升彼等的表現效率;及(ii)吸引及挽留合 資格參與者或以其他方式與合資格參與者 保持持續的業務關係,而該等合資格參與 者的貢獻對或將對本集團的長遠發展有利。

於二零二三年十二月三十一日及本年報日期, 概無根據購股權計劃授出的任何尚未行使 購股權,而於二零二三年財政年度,概無購 股權失效或獲授出、行使或註銷。

本公司的薪酬委員會已在其於二零二四年 三月二十六日舉行的會議上審閲購股權計 劃。

或然負債

於二零二三年十二月三十一日及二零二二年 十二月三十一日,本集團並無任何重大或 然負債。

購買、出售或贖回上市證券

本公司於二零二三年財政年度並無贖回其 任何於聯交所上市的股份,本公司或其任 何附屬公司亦無購買或出售任何相關股份。

報告期後事項

董事會並不知悉任何於二零二三年十二月 三十一日後及直至本年報日期發生的須予 披露的重大事項。

企業管治報告 CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

S&P International Holding Limited (the "**Company**") is committed to fulfilling its responsibilities to shareholders (the "**Shareholders**") and protecting as well as enhancing Shareholders' value through good corporate governance.

The directors of the Company (the "**Directors**") recognise the importance of incorporating elements of good corporate governance in the management structures, internal control and risk management procedures of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "**Group**") so as to achieve effective accountability.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company's ordinary shares (the "**Shares**") in issue were listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "**Stock Exchange**") on 11 July 2017 (the "**Listing Date**").

The Company has adopted the Corporate Governance Code (the "**CG Code**") in Appendix C1 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "**Listing Rules**") as its own code of corporate governance and the Company had complied with all applicable code provisions as set out in the section headed "Part 2 - Principles of good corporate governance, code provisions and recommended best practices" of the CG Code during the financial year ended 31 December 2023 ("**FY2023**") and up to the date of this annual report.

SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "**Model Code**") as contained in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct governing the securities transactions by the Directors. Following a specific enquiry made by the Company on each of the Directors, all Directors have confirmed that they had complied with the Model Code during FY2023 and up to the date of this annual report. 椰豐集團有限公司(「本公司」)一直秉承向股 東(「股東」)負責的原則,並將通過良好的 企業管治保障及提高股東價值。

本公司董事(「董事」)深明在本公司及其附屬 公司(「本集團」)管理架構、內部監控及風 險管理程序中融入良好企業管治要素以建 立有效問責之重要性。

企業管治常規

本公司已發行普通股(「**股份**」)於二零一七年 七月十一日(「上市日期」)始在香港聯合交易 所有限公司(「**聯交所**」)主板上市。

本公司已採納聯交所證券上市規則(「上市 規則」)附錄C1企業管治守則(「企業管治守 則」)作為本公司之企業管治守則,且本公 司於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政 年度(「二零二三年財政年度」)至本年報日期 已遵守企業管治守則「第二部份 — 良好企 業管治的原則、守則條文及建議最佳常規」 一節所載的所有適用守則條文。

董事進行證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄C3所載上市 發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標 準守則」)作為其本身有關董事進行證券交 易的行為守則。經本公司向每位董事作出 具體查詢後,全體董事已確認彼等於二零 二三年財政年度及直至本年報日期已遵守 標準守則。

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Responsibilities

The board of Directors (the "Board") is primarily responsible for overseeing and supervising the management of the business affairs and the overall performance of the Group. The Board sets the Group's values and standards and ensures that the requisite financial and human resources support is in place for the Group to achieve its objectives. The functions performed by the Board include but are not limited to formulating the Group's business plans and strategies, deciding all significant financial (including major capital expenditure) and operational issues, developing, monitoring and reviewing the Group's corporate governance practices and all other functions reserved to the Board under the Company's articles of association (the "Articles of Association"). The Board has established Board committees as described in the section headed "Board Committees" below and has delegated to these Board committees various responsibilities as set out in their respective terms of reference. The responsibilities of these Board committees include monitoring the Group's operational and financial performance, and ensuring that appropriate internal control and risk management are in place. The Board may from time to time delegate certain functions to management of the Group if and when considered appropriate. The management is mainly responsible for the execution of the business plans, strategies and policies adopted by the Board and assigned to it from time to time.

The Directors have full access to information of the Group and management has an obligation to supply the Directors with adequate information in a timely manner to enable the Directors to perform their responsibilities. The Directors are entitled to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances at the Company's expense.

Composition

The Company is committed to holding and implementing the view that the Board should include a balanced composition of Executive Directors (the "**Executive Directors**") and Independent Non-Executive Directors (the "**INEDs**") so that there is a strong independent element on the Board which can effectively exercise independent judgment.

As at the date of this annual report, the Board comprises the following seven Directors, of which the INEDs in aggregate represent more than one-third of the Board members:

Executive Directors

Mr. Tang Koon Fook *(Chairman)* Mr. Lee Sieng Poon *(Managing Director)* Mr. Yap Boon Teong Ms. Wong Yuen Lee

董事會

職責

董事會(「董事會」)主要負責監管及監督本 集團的業務事宜及整體表現管理。董事會 設定本集團的價值及標準,並確保具備必 需的財務及人力資源,以便本集團實現其 宗旨目標。董事會履行的職能包括但不限 於制定本集團業務計劃及策略、決定所有 重大財務(包括主要資本支出)及營運事項 決策、發展、監察及審閱本集團的企業管 治常規以及所有其他根據本公司組織章程 細則(「組織章程細則))須留待董事會處理 的職能。董事會轄下已設立下文「董事委員會| 一節所載的多個董事委員會,並向該等董 事委員會轉授其各自職權範圍載列的各項 責任。該等董事委員會的職責包括監察本 集團的經營及財務表現,並確保制定適當 的內部監控及風險管理。董事會可於其認 為適當時不時授予本集團管理層若干職能。 管理層主要負責執行董事會採用及不時獲 指派的業務計劃、策略及政策。

董事可隨時取閲本集團的資料,且管理層 有責任及時向董事提供充足資料,以便董 事履行職責。董事有權在適當情況下尋求 獨立專業意見,費用由本公司承擔。

組成

本公司致力秉持宗旨並予以執行,認為董 事會應包括適當比例的執行董事(「執行董 事」)及獨立非執行董事(「獨立非執行董事」), 致使董事會高度獨立,從而有效作出獨立 判斷。

於本年報日期,董事會包括以下七名董事, 其中獨立非執行董事合共佔董事會成員人 數三分之一以上:

執行董事

Tang Koon Fook先生(主席) Lee Sieng Poon先生(董事總經理) Yap Boon Teong先生 Wong Yuen Lee女士

INEDs

Mr. Lee King Fui Dato' Mohd Ibrahim Bin Mohd Nor Mr. Lim Sey Hock (retired on 29 May 2023)

Mr. Eng Hup Tat (appointed on 29 May 2023)

The biographical details of each of the Directors are set out in the section headed "Profile of Directors and Senior Management" of this annual report. An updated list of the Directors, including the Executive Directors and the INEDs, identifying their roles and functions is also maintained on the respective websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

There was no financial, business, family or other material relationship among the Directors.

The INEDs have brought in a wide range of business and financial expertise, experience and independent judgement to the Board. Through active participation in the Board meetings and serving on various Board committees, all INEDs will continue to make various contributions to the Company.

Throughout the FY2023, the Company had three INEDs, which was in compliance with the requirement of the Listing Rules that the number of INEDs must represent at least one-third of the Board members, and that at least one of the INEDs has appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise.

The Company has received an annual confirmation of independence in writing from each of the INEDs pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. Based on such confirmation and not aware of the occurrence of any event that would impair the independence of the INEDs, the Company considers that all the INEDs are independent and have met the independence guidelines as set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

In FY2023, the chairman of the Board (the "**Chairman**"), being an Executive Director, had held at least one meeting with the INEDs without the presence of other Executive Directors.

Proper insurance coverage in respect of legal actions against the Directors' liability has been arranged by the Company.

獨立非執行董事

李勤輝先生 Dato' Mohd Ibrahim Bin Mohd Nor Lim Sey Hock先生 (於二零二三年五月二十九日退任) Eng Hup Tat先生 (於二零二三年五月二十九日獲委任)

各董事的履歷詳情載於本年報「董事及高級 管理層簡介」一節。本公司亦在聯交所及本 公司各自的網站上存置一份最新的董事(包 括執行董事及獨立非執行董事)名單,列明 彼等的職責及職能。

董事之間並無財務、商業、家族或其他重 要關係。

獨立非執行董事為董事會帶來淵博的業務 及財務專業知識、經驗及獨立判斷。通過 積極參與董事會會議,在各董事委員會供 職,全體獨立非執行董事將繼續為本公司 作出多方面貢獻。

本公司於二零二三年財政年度有三名獨立 非執行董事,符合上市規則規定獨立非執 行董事的人數須佔董事會成員人數的至少 三分之一,且至少有一名獨立非執行董事 具備適當專業資格或會計或相關財務管理 專業知識。

本公司已收取各獨立非執行董事根據上市 規則第3.13條規定以書面形式提交的年度 獨立身份確認書。基於該等確認書及在不 知悉發生任何將損害獨立非執行董事的獨 立性事件的情況下,本公司認為全體獨立 非執行董事均屬獨立且已符合上市規則第3.13 條所載的獨立指引。

於二零二三年財政年度,董事會主席(「**主席**」) 作為執行董事已至少在其他執行董事避席 的情況下,與獨立非執行董事舉行一次會 議。

本公司已就董事可能面對的法律訴訟作適 當投保。



企業管治報告(續)

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

Directors' Induction and Continuing Professional Development

Each of the Directors has received a formal, comprehensive and tailored induction on the first occasion of his/her appointment to ensure that he/she has a proper understanding of the Company's operations and business and is fully aware of the director's responsibilities under statute and common law, the Listing Rules, legal and other regulatory requirements and the Company's business and governance policies.

During FY2023, each of the Directors had attended a training seminar conducted by a Hong Kong legal advisor on share schemes under Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules and the expansion of HKEX paperless listing regime.

In compliance with code provision C.1.4 of the CG Code, the Company will from time to time fund and arrange suitable training to all the Directors to partake in the continuous professional development (the "**CPD**") in order to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills in relation to their duties and responsibilities, such that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. All Directors are also encouraged to attend relevant training courses at the Company's expense and they have been requested to provide the Company with their training records. According to the training records maintained by the Company, the CPD programmes received by each of the Directors during the FY2023 is summarised as follows:

董事就任須知及持續專業發展

各董事於首次接受委任時均已獲提供正式、 全面及特為其而設的就任須知,以確保其 恰當理解本公司營運及業務情況,及完全 清楚董事根據法規及普通法、上市規則、 法律及其他監管規定須承擔的責任以及本 公司業務及管治政策。

於二零二三年財政年度,各董事已參加由香 港法律顧問所安排有關上市規則第17章所 述股份計劃及聯交所擴大無紙化上市機制 的培訓座談會。

為遵守企業管治守則守則條文第C.1.4條, 本公司將不時為全體董事斥資安排合適培 訓參與持續專業發展(「持續專業發展」), 以發展及更新彼等有關職務及職責的知識 及技能,從而在知情情況下為董拿的知識 切合需要的貢獻。本公司亦鼓勵全管董, 且全體董事已被要求向本公司提告 記錄。根據本公司保存的培訓記錄, 專於二零二三年財政年度接受的持續專業 發展課程概述如下:

Name of Directors 董事姓名	Type of training 培訓類型
Mr. Tang Koon Fook	A and B
Tang Koon Fook先生	A及B
Mr. Lee Sieng Poon	A and B
Lee Sieng Poon先生	A及B
Mr. Yap Boon Teong	A and B
Yap Boon Teong先生	A及B
Ms. Wong Yuen Lee	A and B
Wong Yuen Lee女士	A及B
Mr. Lee King Fui	A and B
李勤輝先生	A及B
Dato' Mohd Ibrahim Bin Mohd Nor	A and B
Dato' Mohd Ibrahim Bin Mohd Nor	A及B
Mr. Lim Sey Hock (retired on 29 May 2023)	A and B
Lim Sey Hock先生(於二零二三年五月二十九日退任)	A及B
Mr. Eng Hup Tat (appointed on 29 May 2023)	A and B
Eng Hup Tat先生(於二零二三年五月二十九日獲委任)	A及B

A: attending training sessions, including but not limited to, seminars/webinars, A: briefings, conferences, forums and workshops

B: reading newspapers, journals and updates relating to the economy, general B: business, corporate governance and directors' duties and responsibilities

參加培訓課程,包括但不限於座談會/網絡研 討會、簡報會、會議、論壇及研討會

閱讀有關經濟、一般商務、企業管治以及董事 職務及職責的報刊、雜誌及最新消息

Meetings of the Board and the Shareholders and Directors' Attendance Records

During FY2023, regular meetings of the Board were scheduled four times a year at approximately guarterly intervals with notice given to the Directors at least 14 days in advance. For all other Board meetings, notice have been given in a reasonable time in advance. The Directors are allowed to include any matter in the agenda that is required for discussion and resolution at the meeting. To enable the Directors to be properly briefed on issues arising at each of the Board meetings and to make informed decisions, an agenda and the accompanying Board papers are sent to all Directors at least three days before the intended date of the Board meeting, or such other period as agreed. The company secretary of the Company (the "Company Secretary") is responsible for preparing and circulating the abovementioned draft agenda and Board papers. All Board meetings' minutes recorded in sufficient detail the matters considered and decisions reached will be kept by a duly appointed secretary of the meeting. Draft and final versions of the minutes are circulated to the Directors for comments and record respectively within a reasonable time after each meeting and the final version is open for the Directors' inspection.

During the FY2023, the Board held four regular meetings at approximately quarterly intervals on 20 March 2023, 26 May 2023, 28 August 2023 and 27 November 2023 and amongst other matters, approved the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022, the unaudited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2023 and one other meeting on 29 December 2023, approved the change of company secretary and authorised representative and changed of principal place of business in Hong Kong.

董事會及股東會議以及董事出席記 錄

於二零二三年財政年度,董事會預定每年 定期舉行四次會議,大約每季舉行一次, 並最少於會議14日前向董事發出通知。有 關所有其他董事會會議,已事先於合理時 間發出通知。董事獲准將任何須於會上討 論及議決的事宜納入議程。為了讓董事獲 恰當簡報各董事會會議上提出的事宜及作 出知情決定,議程及隨附董事會文件於董 事會會議的擬定日期前最少三日或所協定 的其他期間送交全體董事。本公司的公司 秘書(「公司秘書」)負責編製及分發上述起 草議程及董事會文件。充分詳列考量事宜 及達成決策的所有董事會會議記錄將由會 議正式委任的秘書保管。會議記錄草案及 定稿於每次會議之後的合理時間內向董事 傳閱以供其發表意見及記錄,定稿可供董 事杳閲。

於二零二三年財政年度,董事會已於二零 二三年三月二十日、二零二三年五月二十六 日、二零二三年八月二十八日及二零二三年 十一月二十七日按約每季度一次舉行四次 定期會議,(其中包括)批准本集團截至二 零二二年十二月三十一日止年度的經審核 綜合財務報表及截至二零二三年六月三十 日止六個月的未經審核綜合財務報表,並 於二零二三年十二月二十九日舉行一次其他 會議,批准更換公司秘書及授權代表及更 改香港主要營業地點。

The attendance records of each Director at the Board meetings during FY2023 is as follows:

於二零二三年財政年度,各董事的董事會 會議出席記錄如下:

Name of Directors	No. of Attendance/ No. of Meetings 出席次數/
董事姓名	會議次數
Mr. Tang Koon Fook Tang Koon Fook先生	5/5
Mr. Lee Sieng Poon	5/5
Lee Sieng Poon先生	
Mr. Yap Boon Teong	5/5
Yap Boon Teong先生 Ms. Wong Yuen Lee	5/5
Wong Yuen Lee女士	3/3
Mr. Lee King Fui	5/5
李勤輝先生	
Dato' Mohd Ibrahim Bin Mohd Nor	5/5
Dato' Mohd Ibrahim Bin Mohd Nor	
Mr. Lim Sey Hock (retired on 29 May 2023)	1/2
Lim Sey Hock先生(於二零二三年五月二十九日退任) Mr. Eng Hup Tat (appointed on 29 May 2023) Eng Hup Tat先生(於二零二三年五月二十九日獲委任)	3/3

During FY2023, the Company held its annual general meeting (the "**AGM**") on 29 May 2023 and the attendance record of each Director is as follows:

於二零二三年財政年度,本公司已於二零 二三年五月二十九日舉行股東週年大會(「**股 東週年大會**」),各董事的出席記錄如下:

Name of Directors	No. of Attendance/ No. of Meetings 出席次數/
董事姓名	會議次數
	. (4
Mr. Tang Koon Fook Tang Koon Fook先生	1/1
Mr. Lee Sieng Poon	1/1
Lee Sieng Poon先生	
Mr. Yap Boon Teong	1/1
Yap Boon Teong先生 Ms. Wong Yuen Lee	1/1
Wong Yuen Lee女士	
Mr. Lee King Fui	1/1
李勤輝先生	
Dato' Mohd Ibrahim Bin Mohd Nor Dato' Mohd Ibrahim Bin Mohd Nor	1/1
Mr. Lim Sey Hock (retired on 29 May 2023)	1/1
Lim Sey Hock先生(於二零二三年五月二十九日退任)	
Mr. Eng Hup Tat (appointed on 29 May 2023)	0/0
Eng Hup Tat先生(於二零二三年五月二十九日獲委任)	

The Board held a meeting on 27 March 2024 and, amongst other matters, considered and approved the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for FY2023.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE POLICIES AND MECHANISM

The Group recognize that a comprehensive corporate governance management structure is crucial in helping the Company to implement its strategies and policies effectively and consistently throughout the Group, and safeguard the long-term interests of its shareholders. Accordingly, the Company has established the following policies and mechanism and has continuously reviewed them to ensure that the Group meets the requirements of the applicable laws and regulations:

- Board Diversity Policy
- Mechanisms Ensuring Independent Views Available to the Board
- Anti-bribery and corruption Policy
- Whistle-blowing Policy

董事會已於二零二四年三月二十七日舉行一次會議,以(其中包括)審議及批准本集團 於二零二三年財政年度的經審核綜合財務 報表。

企業管治政策及機制

本集團亦深明,一套全面的企業管治管理 架構,對協助本公司有效地在本集團內貫 徹執行所定策略和政策並保障股東的長遠 利益而言至為關鍵。因此,本公司已制訂 以下政策及機制,並持續予以審閱,以確 保本集團符合適用法律及法規的要求:

- 董事會多元化政策
- 確保董事會取得獨立觀點的機制
- 反賄賂及貪污政策
- 舉報政策

Board Diversity Policy

The Company has adopted a Board Diversity Policy whereby it recognises and embraces the importance and benefits of a diversity of Board members. It endeavours to ensure that the Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the requirements of the Company's business. All Board nominations, appointments and reappointments will continue to be made on a merit basis with due regard for the benefits of diversity of the Board members and the nomination policy of the Company. Selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills and knowledge.

The Board will strive to maintain gender diversity when recruiting and selecting the workforce across the Group's operation. As at 31 December 2023, the Board members include one female member which achieved gender diversity in respect of the Board.

The Nomination Committee will review the Board Diversity Policy at least annually to ensure that its continued effectiveness, and where necessary, will make revisions that may be required and recommend any such revision to the Board for consideration and approval.

At the meeting held on 26 March 2024, the Nomination Committee has reviewed the Board Diversity Policy and was satisfied with its implementation and effectiveness during FY2023.

Workforce Diversity

As at 31 December 2023, the ratio of male and female in the workforce by gender and age of the Group (including executive directors and senior management) is 80% and 20% respectively as set out in the section "our people" of the Environmental, Social and Governance Report on pages from 15 to 68 of this annual report. The Company considers that current gender ratio is appropriate and will thrive to maintain the current balance.

Independent Views of the Board

In compliance with Code B.1.4 of the CG Code, the Company has established mechanisms to ensure that a strong independent element on, and independent views and input are available to the Board (the "**Mechanisms**").

董事會多元化政策

本公司已採納董事會多元化政策,藉此明 白並深信董事會成員多元化的重要性及裨 益,並致力確保董事會具備適用於本公司 業務要求的技巧、經驗及多元化思維的平 衡配套。董事會所有提名、委任及續聘將 繼續以用人唯才為原則,兼顧董事會成員 多元化的利益及本公司的提名政策,並將 根據一系列多元化思維(包括但不限於性別、 年齡、文化及教育背景、種族、專業經驗、 技能及知識)挑選候選人。

董事會在招聘及甄選本集團業務員工時努 力保持性別多元化。於二零二三年十二月 三十一日,董事會成員包括一名女性成員, 實現了董事會的性別多元化。

提名委員會將至少每年審視董事會多元化 政策,以確保其持續有效,且如有必要, 將作出所需的修訂及向董事會建議任何有 關修訂供其考慮及批准。

於二零二四年三月二十六日舉行的會議上, 提名委員會已審閱董事會多元化政策,並 對其於二零二三年財政年度的實施情況及 有效性感到滿意。

僱員多元化

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團按性 別及年齡劃分的僱員(包括執行董事及高級 管理層)中男性及女性的比例分別為80%及 20%,如本年報第15至68頁環境、社會及管 治報告「我們的人才」一節所載。本公司認 為目前的性別比例適當,並將致力維持目 前的平衡。

董事會獨立觀點

根據企業管治守則的守則B.1.4,本公司已 制定機制,以確保董事會有強大的獨立元 素並且可獲得獨立的觀點和意見(「機制」)。

The Mechanisms cover adequate time is allocated for discussion of issues tabled to the Board for deliberation; the minutes of the Board and Board committee meetings accurately reflect the deliberations and decisions made, including any dissenting views and if any Director had abstained from voting or deliberating on a particular matter and that Board committee meetings are conducted separately from the Board meeting to enable independent discussion during the respective meetings particularly the Audit Committee of which the members comprise all independent non-executive Directors.

The Board will review the implementation and effectiveness of the Mechanisms annually. At the meeting held on 27 March 2024, the Board has reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the Mechanisms during FY2023 and considered that the Mechanisms remain effective.

Anti-bribery and corruption Policy

To outline the Company's expectations and requirements on prevention, detection, reporting and investigation of any suspected fraud, corruption and other similar irregularities; and to provide information and guidance on recognizing and dealing with bribery and corruption. The Company has established its group-wise anti-bribery and corruption policy that complies with Code D.2.7 of the CG Code.

Under the anti-bribery and corruption policy, guidance on common forms of bribery and corruption is listed for compliance of all individuals working for the Group and any third parties associated with the Group. Any individual who knows of, or suspects a violation of the anti-bribery and corruption policy is encouraged to whistle blow or report the concern through the mechanism set out under the Group's whistle-blowing policy.

During FY2023, no case of corruption or non-compliance with any rules and regulations as regards as anti-bribery and corruption policy was reported.

The anti-bribery and corruption policy is reviewed and updated periodically to align with the applicable laws and regulations as well as the industry's best practices.

Whistle-blowing Policy

The Group is committed to achieving and maintaining the highest standards of openness, probity and accountability, the Company has established a whistle-blowing policy which forms an important part of its effective risk management and internal control systems. 機制包括分配足夠時間討論提交予董事會 審議的事宜;董事會及董事委員會的會議 記錄準確反映所作審議和決定,包括任何 反對意見,以及是否有任何董事放棄投票 或審議特定事項,董事委員會會議與間 資審議分開舉行,以便在各自會議期間 行獨立討論,特別是由全體獨立非執行董 事組成的審計委員會。

董事會將每年審查機制的實施情況及有效 性。於二零二四年三月二十七日舉行的會 議上,董事會已審閲二零二三年財政年度 各項機制的實施情況及有效性,並認為機 制仍然有效。

反賄賂及貪污政策

概述本公司對預防、發現、報告和調查任 何涉嫌欺詐、貪污及其他類似違規行為的 期望及要求;提供有關識別和處理賄賂及 貪污的資訊及指引。本公司已制定符合企 業管治守則的守則D.2.7的集團反賄賂及貪 污政策。

反賄賂及貪污政策列出了常見形式的賄賂 及貪污的指引,以供為本集團工作的所有 人士及與本集團有關聯的任何第三方遵守。 本集團鼓勵任何知悉或懷疑出現違反反賄 賂及貪污政策情況的人士通過本集團舉報 政策所載的機制舉報或報告有關事宜。

於二零二三年財政年度,概無接獲任何有 關貪污或違反反賄賂及貪污政策的任何規 章制度的報告。

反賄賂及貪污政策定期予以審閱及更新, 以符合適用的法律及法規和行業最佳實踐。

舉報政策

本集團致力在公開、廉潔及問責性方面達 致及維持最高標準,本公司已制定舉報政 策,構成其有效風險管理及內部監控系統 的重要部分。

The whistle-blowing policy is intended to encourage any employee to disclose information under confidential basis on activity that is suspected to be malpractice or impropriety as guided by the reporting channels.

During FY2023, no suspected whistle-blowing activity was reported.

The whistle-blowing policy is reviewed and updated periodically to align with the applicable laws and regulations as well as the industry's best practices.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

During FY2023 and up to the date of this annual report, Mr. Tang Koon Fook was the Chairman whilst Mr. Lee Sieng Poon was the Managing Director and they will continue to act in such capacities subsequent to the financial year end date of FY2023. Therefore, the Company has complied with code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code, which stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual.

The Chairman has been responsible for the overall management, strategic planning and the day-to-day business operation and financial management of the Group. The Managing Director has been responsible for the overall management, research and development, the day-to-day management of the sales and marketing, maintenance of customer and supplier relationships of the Group and overseeing the Sanctions Oversight Committee.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established certain Board committees, including the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Sanctions Oversight Committee, to oversee particular aspects of the Company's affairs. All Board committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties and upon reasonable request, members of the Board committees are able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances at the Company's expenses.

舉報政策旨在鼓勵僱員按照舉報渠道的指 引,以保密方式披露涉嫌疏忽職守或不當 行為的資料。

於二零二三年財政年度,概無接獲任何有 關可疑情況的舉報。

舉報政策定期予以審閱及更新,以符合適 用的法律及法規和行業最佳實踐。

主席及行政總裁

於二零二三年財政年度及直至本年報日期, Tang Koon Fook先生為主席,而Lee Sieng Poon先生為董事總經理,且彼等將於二零 二三年財政年度之財政年結日後繼續以該 等身份行事。因此,本公司已遵守企業管 治守則的守則條文第C.2.1條,其規定主席 與行政總裁之角色應有區分,並不應由同 一人兼任。

主席負責本集團整體管理、策略規劃以及 日常業務營運及財務管理。董事總經理負 責本集團整體管理、研發、日常營銷管理、 維繫與客戶及供應商的關係及監督制裁監 督委員會。

董事委員會

董事會已設立若干董事委員會,包括審計 委員會、薪酬委員會、提名委員會及制裁 監督委員會,以監督本公司特定方面的事務。 所有董事委員會均獲充分資源以履行其職責, 且於合理要求時,董事委員會成員均可在 適當情況下尋求獨立專業意見,費用由本 公司承擔。



Audit Committee

The Audit Committee was established on 8 June 2017 with written terms of reference in compliance with the code provisions of the CG Code. Such written terms of reference were revised on 1 January 2019 to conform with the requirements under the CG Code and the Listing Rules. The written terms of reference of the Audit Committee are published on the respective websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company. The existing Audit Committee comprises all the three INEDs, namely Mr. Lee King Fui who is the chairman of the Audit Committee, Dato' Mohd Ibrahim Bin Mohd Nor and Mr. Eng Hup Tat.

The principal roles and functions of the Audit Committee include but are not limited to:

- making recommendations to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of the external auditors, and approving their remuneration and terms of engagement, and handling any questions regarding their resignation or dismissal;
- reviewing and monitoring the external auditors' independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with applicable standards and discussing with the external auditors on the nature and scope of the audit and reporting obligations before the audit commences;
- developing and implementing a policy on engaging external auditors to supply non-audit services and reporting to the Board, identifying and making recommendations on any matters where action or improvement is needed;
- monitoring the integrity of the Company's financial statements and accounts as well as annual report and half-year report, and reviewing significant financial reporting judgments contained in them;
- reviewing the Company's financial reporting system, and risk management and internal control systems;
- discussing the risk management and internal control systems with management to ensure that management has performed its duty to have such effective systems;
- considering major investigation findings on risk management and internal control matters as delegated by the Board or on its own initiative and management's response to these findings;

審計委員會

審計委員會於二零一七年六月八日成立,其 書面職權範圍符合企業管治守則守則條文。 該等書面職權範圍已於二零一九年一月一日 修訂,以符合企業管治守則及上市規則的 規定。審計委員會的書面職權範圍已分別 刊載於聯交所及本公司網站。現時審計委 員會由全體三名獨立非執行董事組成,即 李勤輝先生(審計委員會主席)Dato' Mohd Ibrahim Bin Mohd Nor及Eng Hup Tat先生。

審計委員會的主要職責及職能包括但不限 於:

- 就外聘核數師的委任、重新委任及罷 免向董事會提供建議、批准其薪酬及 聘用條款,及處理任何有關其辭任或 辭退的問題;
- 按適用標準檢討及監察外聘核數師是 否獨立客觀及核數程序是否有效,並 於核數工作開始前與外聘核數師討論 核數性質及範疇及有關申報責任;
- 就委聘外聘核數師提供非核數服務制 定政策,並予以執行,以及就任何須 採取行動或改善的事項向董事會報告, 並提出建議;
- 監察本公司的財務報表及賬目以及年 度報告及半年度報告的完整性,並審 閱其中所載的重大財務申報判斷;
- 審閱本公司的財務申報制度、風險管 理及內部監控系統;
- 與管理層討論風險管理及內部監控系統,確保管理層已履行職責建立有效的系統;
- 主動或應董事會的委派,就有關風險 管理及內部監控事宜的重要調查結果 及管理層對調查結果的回應進行研究;



- where an internal audit function exists, ensuring co-ordination between the internal and external auditors, ensuring that the internal audit function is adequately resourced and has appropriate standing within the Company, and reviewing and monitoring its effectiveness;
- reviewing the Group's financial and accounting policies and practices;
- reviewing the external auditors' management letter, any material queries raised by the auditors to management about the accounting records, financial accounts or systems of control and management's response;
- ensuring that the Board will provide a timely response to the issues raised in the external auditors' management letters; and
- considering other topics as defined by the Board.

During FY2023, two Audit Committee meetings were held on 17 March 2023 and 23 August 2023 respectively; and the Audit Committee, amongst other matters, considered and approved the draft audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for FY2022 and the unaudited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2023 for presentation to the Board for consideration and approval and audit-related matters.

The attendance records of each INED at the Audit Committee meetings during FY2023 is as follows:

- 如有內部審核功能,確保內部和外聘 核數師的工作得到協調,並確保內部 審核功能在本公司內部有足夠資源運 作,並且有適當的地位,以及檢討及 監察其成效;
- 檢討本集團的財務及會計政策及實務;
- 檢查外聘核數師給予管理層的《審核 情況説明函件》、外聘核數師就會計 紀錄、財務賬目或監控制度向管理層 提出的任何重大疑問及管理層作出的 回應;
- 確保董事會及時回應於外聘核數師給
 予管理層的《審核情況説明函件》中提出的事宜;及
- 研究其他由董事會界定的課題。

於二零二三年財政年度,審計委員會分別 於二零二三年三月十七日及二零二三年八月 二十三日舉行兩次會議,並(其中包括)審 議及批准向董事會提呈供審議及批准本集 團二零二二年財政年度的經審核綜合財務 報表及本集團截至二零二三年六月三十日 止六個月的未經審核綜合財務報表草案及 審核相關事宜。

各獨立非執行董事於二零二三年財政年度 的審計委員會會議出席記錄如下:

Name of Directors 董事姓名	No. of Attendance/ No. of Meetings 出席次數/ 會議次數
Mr. Lee King Fui	2/2
李勤輝先生	212
Dato' Mohd Ibrahim Bin Mohd Nor	2/2
Dato' Mohd Ibrahim Bin Mohd Nor	
Mr. Lim Sey Hock (retired on 29 May 2023) Lim Sey Hock先生(於二零二三年五月二十九日退任)	0/1
LIM Sey HOCK元生(於二零二二年五月二十九百返日) Mr. Eng Hup Tat (appointed on 29 May 2023) Eng Hup Tat先生(於二零二三年五月二十九日獲委任)	1/1

The Audit Committee held a meeting on 26 March 2024 and, amongst other matters, considered and approved for presentation to the Board for consideration and approval the draft audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for FY2023. The chairman and the other members of the Audit Committee attended such meeting.

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee was established on 8 June 2017 with written terms of reference in compliance with the code provisions of CG Code. Such written terms of reference were revised on 10 March 2023 to conform with the requirements under the CG Code and the Listing Rules. The written terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are published on the respective websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company. The existing Remuneration Committee comprises two INEDs, namely Dato' Mohd Ibrahim Bin Mohd Nor and Mr. Eng Hup Tat and Mr. Tang Koon Fook, the Chairman and an Executive Director. Mr. Eng Hup Tat is the chairman of the Remuneration Committee.

The principal roles and functions of the Remuneration Committee include but are not limited to:

- making recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for the remuneration of all Directors and senior management and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing the remuneration policy;
- reviewing and approving the management's remuneration proposals by reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives;
- either: (i) to determine, with delegated responsibility, the remuneration packages of individual Executive Directors and senior management; or (ii) to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual Executive Directors and senior management. This should include benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments, including any compensation payable for loss or termination of their office or appointment;
- making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of the non-executive Directors;
- considering the salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment, responsibilities and employment conditions elsewhere in the Group;

審計委員會於二零二四年三月十六日舉行 一次會議,並(其中包括)審議及批准向董 事會提呈相關決議案,以審議及批准本集 團於二零二三年財政年度的經審核綜合財 務報表草案。審計委員會主席及其他成員 均出席了該會議。

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會於二零一七年六月八日成立,其 書面職權範圍符合企業管治守則守則條文。 該等書面職權範圍已於二零二三年三月十 日修訂,以符合企業管治守則及上市規則 的規定。薪酬委員會的書面職權範圍已分 別刊載於聯交所及本公司網站。薪酬委員 會由兩名獨立非執行董事(即Dato' Mohd Ibrahim Bin Mohd Nor及Eng Hup Tat先生) 及主席兼執行董事Tang Koon Fook先生組 成。Eng Hup Tat先生為薪酬委員會主席。

薪酬委員會的主要職責及職能包括但不限 於:

- 就本公司的董事及高級管理人員的全 體薪酬政策及架構,及就設立正規而 具透明度的程序制訂薪酬政策,向董 事會提出建議;
- 因應董事會所制訂的企業方針及目標, 檢討及批准管理層的薪酬方案;
- 以下兩者之一:(i)獲董事會轉授責任
 金定個別執行董事及高級管理人員的 薪酬待遇;或(ii)向董事會建議個別執 行董事及高級管理人員的薪酬待遇。 此應包括非金錢利益、退休金權利及 賠償金額(包括喪失或終止職務或委 任的賠償);
- 就非執行董事的薪酬向董事會提出建 議;
- 考慮同類公司支付的薪酬、須付出的時間及職責以及本集團內其他職位的 僱用條件等;



- reviewing and approving the compensation payable to the Executive Directors and senior management for any loss or termination of office or appointment to ensure that it is consistent with the contractual terms and is otherwise fair and not excessive;
- reviewing and approving the compensation arrangements relating to the dismissal or removal of the Directors for misconduct to ensure that they are consistent with the contractual terms and are other wise reasonable and appropriate;
- ensuring that no Director or any of his associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) is involved in deciding his own remuneration; and
- reviewing and/or approving matters relating to share schemes under Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules.

During FY2023, one Remuneration Committee meeting was held on 17 March 2023 and the attendance record of each member of the Remuneration Committee is as follows:

- 檢討及批准向執行董事及高級管理人 員就其喪失或終止職務或委任而須支 付的賠償,以確保該等賠償與合約條 款一致;若未能與合約條款一致,則 賠償亦須公平合理,不致過多;
- 檢討及批准因董事行為失當而解僱或 罷免有關董事所涉及的賠償安排,以 確保該等安排與合約條款一致;倘未 能與合約條款一致,則有關賠償亦須 合理適當;
- 確保任何董事或其任何聯繫人士(定 義見上市規則)不得參與釐定他自己 的薪酬;及
- 根據上市規則第17章審查和/或批准 有關股份計劃的事宜。

於二零二三年財政年度,薪酬委員會於二零 二三年三月十七日舉行一次會議,薪酬委 員會各成員的出席記錄如下:

Name of Directors 董事姓名	No. of Attendance/ No. of Meetings 出席次數/ 會議次數
Mr. Lim Sey Hock (retired on 29 May 2023) Lim Sey Hock先生(於二零二三年五月二十九日退任)	1/1
Mr. Eng Hup Tat (appointed on 29 May 2023)	0/0
Eng Hup Tat先生(於二零二三年五月二十九日獲委任) Mr. Tang Koon Fook	1/1
Tang Koon Fook先生	
Dato' Mohd Ibrahim Bin Mohd Nor	1/1
Dato' Mohd Ibrahim Bin Mohd Nor	



The Remuneration Committee held a meeting on 26 March 2024, and among other things, (i) reviewed and recommended to the Board for consideration certain remuneration-related matters of the Directors and senior management; and (ii) reviewed the share option scheme of the Company. The chairman and the other members of the Remuneration attended such meeting.

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee was established on 8 June 2017 with written terms of reference in compliance with the code provisions of the CG Code. Such written terms of reference were revised on 1 January 2019 to conform with the requirements under the CG Code and the Listing Rules. The written terms of reference of the Nomination Committee are published on the respective websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company. The existing Nomination Committee comprises two INEDs, namely Dato' Mohd Ibrahim Bin Mohd Nor and Mr. Eng Hup Tat, and Mr. Tang Koon Fook, the Chairman and an Executive Director. Mr. Tang Koon Fook is the chairman of the Nomination Committee.

The principal roles and functions of the Nomination Committee include but are not limited to:

- reviewing the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge, experience and diversity of perspectives) of the Board at least annually and making recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy;
- identifying individuals suitably qualified to become members of the Board and selecting or making recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships;
- assessing the independence of the INEDs;
- making recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and the succession planning for the Directors, in particular, the Chairman and the chief executive; and
- reviewing the Board Diversity Policy and any measurable objectives for implementing such Board Diversity Policy as may be adopted by the Board from time to time and to review the progress on achieving the objectives.

薪酬委員會於二零二四年三月二十六日舉 行一次會議,並(其中包括)(i)審閱及向董 事會建議審議若干與董事及高級管理層薪 酬有關的事項;及(ii)審查本公司的購股權計 劃。薪酬委員會主席及其他成員均出席了 該會議。

提名委員會

提名委員會於二零一七年六月八日成立,其 書面職權範圍符合企業管治守則守則條文。 該等書面職權範圍已於二零一九年一月一日 修訂,以符合企業管治守則及上市規則的 規定。提名委員會的書面職權範圍已分別 刊載於聯交所及本公司網站。現時提名委 員會由兩名獨立非執行董事(即Dato' Mohd Ibrahim Bin Mohd Nor及Eng Hup Tat先生) 及主席兼執行董事Tang Koon Fook先生組 成。Tang Koon Fook先生為提名委員會主 席。

提名委員會的主要職責及職能包括但不限 於:

- 至少每年檢討董事會的架構、人數及 組成(包括技能、知識、經驗及觀點 多元化)並就任何為配合本公司的策略 而擬對董事會作出的變動提出建議;
- 物色具備合適資格可擔任董事的人士, 並挑選提名有關人士出任董事或就此 向董事會提供意見;
- 評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性;
- 就董事委任或重新委任以及董事(尤 其是主席及行政總裁)繼任計劃向董 事會提出建議;及
- 檢討董事會多元化政策及董事會不時 採納以執行該董事會多元化政策的任 何可計量目標,以及檢討目標達成進 度



During FY2023, one Nomination Committee meeting was held on 17 March 2023 and the attendance record of each member of the Remuneration Committee is as follows: 於二零二三年財政年度,提名委員會於二零 二三年三月十七日舉行一次會議,提名委員 會各成員的出席記錄如下:

	No. of Attendance/
Name of Directors	No. of Meetings 出席次數/
董事姓名	□ 席 八 數 / 會議次數
Mr. Tang Koon Fook	1/1
Tang Koon Fook先生	- /
Mr. Lim Sey Hock (retired on 29 May 2023) Lim Sey Hock先生(於二零二三年五月二十九日退任)	1/1
Mr. Eng Hup Tat (appointed on 29 May 2023)	0/0
Eng Hup Tat先生(於二零二三年五月二十九日獲委任)	
Dato' Mohd Ibrahim Bin Mohd Nor	1/1
Dato' Mohd Ibrahim Bin Mohd Nor	

The Nomination Committee held a meeting on 26 March 2024 and among other things, reviewed the structure, size and composition of the Board, assessed the independence of the INEDs and recommended to the Board for consideration the re-appointment of the retiring Directors at the forthcoming AGM. The chairman and the other members of the Nomination Committee attended such meeting.

The Board is satisfied with the implementation and effectiveness of the Board's Diversity Policy for the financial year under review.

Sanctions Oversight Committee

The Sanctions Oversight Committee was established on 28 February 2017. The current members of the Sanctions Oversight Committee are Mr. Lee Sieng Poon, Ms. Wong Yuen Lee, both Executive Directors and Mr. Lee Chee Bun, Director—Sales (appointed on 26 March 2024). Mr. Lee Sieng Poon is the chairman of the Sanctions Oversight Committee.

提名委員會於二零二四年三月二十六日舉行 一次會議,並(其中包括)審查董事會的架 構、人數及組成,評估獨立非執行董事的 獨立性及於應屆股東週年大會上向董事會 建議考慮重新委任退任董事。提名委員會 主席及其他成員均出席了該會議。

董事會對回顧的財政年度內董事會多元化 政策的實施情況及有效性感到滿意。

制裁監督委員會

制裁監督委員會於二零一七年二月二十八日 成立。制裁監督委員會的現任成員為執行 董事Lee Sieng Poon先生、Wong Yuen Lee 女士及銷售總監Lee Chee Bun先生(於二零 二四年三月二十六日獲委任)。Lee Sieng Poon先生為制裁監督委員會的主席。

The principal roles and functions of the Sanctions Oversight Committee include but are not limited to:

 evaluating the sanctions risks prior to determining whether the Group should embark on any business opportunities in the Sanctioned Countries (as defined below) and with Sanctioned Persons (as defined below);

Remarks:

- (a) "Sanctioned Countries" means countries whose governments such as the United States of America ("USA") or Australia, or governmental organisations such as the European Union or the United Nations, have, through an executive order, passing of legislation or other governmental means, implemented measures that impose economic sanctions against such countries or against targeted industry sectors, groups of companies or persons, and/or organisations within such countries.
- (b) "Sanctioned Persons" means certainperson(s) and identity(ies) listed on the Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked Persons List of the United States Department of Treasury's Office of Foreign Assets Control ("OFAC") or other restricted parties lists maintained by the USA, the European Union, the United Nations or Australia.
- reviewing and approving all relevant business transaction documentation from customers or potential customers from Sanctioned Countries and with Sanctioned Persons. In particular, reviewing the information (such as the identity and nature of business as well as its ownership) relating to the counterparty to the contract along with the draft business transaction documentation;
- checking the counterparty against the various lists of restricted parties and countries maintained by the USA, the European Union, the United Nations or Australia, including, without limitation, any government, individual or entity that is the subject of any OFAC-administered sanctions which lists are publicly available, and determining whether the counterparty is, or is owned or controlled by, a person located in Sanctioned Countries or a Sanctioned Person; and
- periodically reviewing the Company's internal control policies and procedures with respect to sanctions matters, including but not limited to the global sanctions policy of the Board.

制裁監督委員會的主要職責及職能包括但 不限於:

於判定本集團是否應把握於受制裁國家(定義見下文)及與受制裁人士(定義見下文)的任何商機前評估制裁風險;

附註:

- (a)「受制裁國家」指多個國家政府 (如美利堅合眾國(「美國」)或澳 洲)或政府組織(如歐盟或聯合國) 透過行政命令、通過立法或其 他政府手段,對某些國家實施經 濟制裁的措施,或對該等國家內 特定行業、公司組別或人士及/ 或組織實施經濟制裁。
- (b) 「受制裁人士」指名列美國財政部 海外資產控制辦公室(「海外資產 控制辦公室」)特別指定國家和被 禁實體名單(Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked Persons List)或美國、歐盟、聯合國或澳 洲制訂的其他受限制人士名單的 若干人士。
- 審閱及批准所有來自受制裁國家的客 戶或潛在客戶及與受制裁人士的相關 業務交易文件。具體而言,審閱有關 合約對手方的資料(如身份、業務性質 及其所有權等)以及業務交易文件草 擬稿;
- 將合約對手方與美國、歐盟、聯合國 或澳洲備有的多份受限制方及國家(包 括但不限於屬海外資產控制辦公室制 裁對象的任何政府、個人或實體)名單 (有關名單為公開資料)進行核對,釐 定合約對手方是否屬於或是否由位於 受制裁國家的人士或受制裁人士擁有 或控制;及
- 定期審查本公司有關制裁事宜的內部 控制政策及程序,包括但不限於董事 會的全球制裁政策。



During FY2023, one Sanctions Oversight Committee meeting was held on 17 March 2023 and the attendance record of each member of the Sanctions Oversight Committee is as follow: 於二零二三年財政年度,制裁監督委員會 於二零二三年三月十七日舉行一次會議, 制裁監督委員會各成員的出席記錄如下:

Name of Sanctions Oversight Committee Member 制裁監督委員會成員名稱	No. of Attendance/ No. of Meetings 出席次數/ 會議次數
Mr. Lee Sieng Poon	1/1
Lee Sieng Poon先生	
Ms. Wong Yuen Lee Wong Yuen Lee女士	1/1
Ms. Soh Soo Fei (resigned on 6 June 2023)	1/1
Soh Soo Fei女士(於二零二三年六月六日辭任)	
Mr. Lee Chee Bun (appointed on 26 March 2024) Lee Chee Bun先生(於二零二四年三月二十六日獲委任)	0/0

The Sanctions Oversight Committee held a meeting on 26 March 2024 and amongst other things, reviewed the list of Sanctioned Countries and Sanctioned Persons against the list of customers and potential customers of the Group. The chairman and the other members of the Sanctions Oversight Committee attended such meeting.

制裁監督委員會於二零二四年三月二十六 日舉行一次會議,以(其中包括)審閱受制 裁國家及受制裁人士名單與本集團客戶及 潛在客戶名單。制裁監督委員會主席及其 他成員均出席了該會議。



Corporate Governance Functions

The Audit Committee is responsible for performing the corporate governance functions as set out in code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code, which include but are not limited to:

- developing and reviewing the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and making recommendations to the Board;
- reviewing and monitoring the training and CPD of the Directors and senior management;
- reviewing and monitoring the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- developing, reviewing and monitoring the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and the Directors; and
- reviewing the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in this report.

NOMINATION POLICY

The Board has delegated its responsibilities and authority for selection and appointment of the Directors to the Nomination Committee of the Company. Without prejudice to the authority and duties of the Nomination Committee as set out in its terms of reference, the ultimate responsibility for selection and appointment of the Directors rests with the entire Board.

The Nomination Committee will recommend to the Board for the selection, appointment and re-appointment of a Director including an INED in accordance with the following procedures and process:

企業管治職能

審計委員會負責履行企業管治守則守則條 文第A.2.1條所載的企業管治職能,其中包 括但不限於:

- 制訂及檢討本公司企業管治政策及常規,向董事會提出建議;
- 檢討及監察董事及高級管理人員的培 訓及持續專業發展;
- 檢討及監察本公司就遵守法律及監管 要求的政策及常規;
- 制定、檢討及監察僱員及董事的操守 準則及合規手冊(如有);及
- 檢討本公司遵守企業管治守則的情況
 及在本報告內的披露。

提名政策

董事會已將其甄選及委任董事的責任及權 限轉授予本公司提名委員會。在不觸及提 名委員會書面職權範圍所載的權限及職責 的情況下,甄選及委任董事的最終責任歸 屬於全體董事會。

提名委員會將根據下列程序及流程就董事(包 括獨立非執行董事)的選舉、委任及續聘向 董事會提出建議:

A. The Nomination Committee

- will, giving due consideration to the current composition and size of the Board, develop a list of desirable skills, perspectives and experience at the outset to focus the search effort;
- ii may consult any source it considers appropriate in identifying or selecting suitable candidates, such as referrals from existing Directors, advertising, recommendations from a third party agency firm and proposals from the Shareholders with due consideration given to the criteria which include but are not limited to:
 - Diversity in the aspects of, amongst others, gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service;
 - (b) Commitment for responsibilities of the Board in respect of available time and relevant interest (details of the Board Diversity Policy is set out on page 83 of this annual report);
 - Qualifications, both academic and professional, including accomplishment and experience in the relevant industries in which the Group's business is involved;
 - (d) Independence (for INEDs);

A. 提名委員會

- i 將於適當考慮董事會當前的組成 及規模後,首先制定一份所需技 能、觀點及經驗清單,以集中物 色工作;
- ii 於物色或甄選合適候選人時可 諮詢其認為適當的任何來源,例 如現有董事的推薦、廣告、第三 方代理公司的推薦及股東的建議, 並適當考慮(包括但不限於)下列 因素:
 - (a) 各方面的多樣性,其中包括 性別、年齡、文化及教育背 景、專業經驗、技能、知 識及服務年限;
 - (b) 其能投放於董事會職責的 可付出的時間及相關利益(董 事會多元化政策的詳情載 於本年報第83頁);
 - (c) 學術及專業資格,包括涉及本集團業務的相關行業的成就和經驗;
 - (d) 獨立性(就獨立非執行董事 而言);

- (e) Reputation for integrity;
- (f) Potential contributions that the individual can bring to the Board; and
- (g) Plan(s) in place for the orderly succession of the Board.
- iii may adopt any process it considers appropriate in evaluating the suitability of the candidates, such as interviews, background checks, presentations and third party reference checks;
- iv will consider a broad range of candidates who are in and outside of the Board's circle of contacts;
- upon considering a candidate's suitability for the directorship, will hold a meeting and/or by way of written resolutions to, if thought fit, approve the recommendation to the Board for appointment;
- vi will provide the relevant information of the selected candidate to the Remuneration Committee for consideration of the remuneration package of such selected candidate; and
- vii will thereafter make the recommendation to the Board in relation to the proposed appointment.
- B. Where a Non-Executive Director is considered, the Remuneration Committee will make the recommendation to the Board on the policy and structure for the remuneration;
- C. The Board may arrange for the selected candidate to be interviewed by the members of the Board, who are not members of the Nomination Committee and the Board will thereafter deliberate and decide the appointment as the case may be;
- D. All appointment of Directors will be confirmed by the filing of the consent to act as Director of the relevant Director (or any other similar filings requiring the relevant Director to acknowledge or accept the appointment as Director, as the case may be) to be filed with the relevant regulatory authorities, if required; and

- (e) 誠信聲譽;
- (f) 個人可以為董事會帶來的 潛在貢獻;及
- (g) 為董事會有序繼任而制定 的計劃。
- iii 可採用其認為適當的任何程序 評估候選人的合適性,例如面試、 背景調查、演講及第三方背景調 查;
- iv 將考慮在董事會聯絡圈內外的各 類候選人;
- v 在考慮適合擔任董事職位的候 選人後,將舉行會議及/或以書 面決議案方式向董事會提交委 任建議以供酌情批准;
- vi 將向薪酬委員會提供所選候選 人的相關資料,以供考慮該選定 的候選人的薪酬待遇;及
- vii 其後,將就建議委任向董事會提 出建議。
- B. 倘考慮非執行董事,薪酬委員會將就 薪酬政策及架構向董事會提出建議;
- C. 董事會可安排選定的候選人由不屬提 名委員會成員的董事會成員進行面試, 此後,董事會將審議並決定任命(視 情況而定);
- D. 所有董事的任命,將通過提交相關董 事表示同意擔任董事的文件(或要求 相關董事確認或接受任命為董事的任 何其他類似文件(視情況而定)予相關 法定機構(如有需要)作存檔予以確認; 及



E. Where the Board proposes a resolution to elect or re-elect a candidate as Director at the following general meeting, the relevant information of the candidate will be disclosed in the circular to Shareholders and/or explanatory statement accompanying the notice of the relevant general meeting in accordance with the Listing Rules and/or applicable laws and regulations.

APPOINTMENT AND RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

Each of the Executive Directors has entered into a service agreement with the Company for a term of three years commencing on the Listing Date, which may be terminated by not less than three months' notice served by either party on the other. Such agreements had been renewed for a further three-year term upon its expiry.

Each of Mr. Lee King Fui, Dato' Mohd Ibrahim Bin Mohd Nor and Mr. Eng Hup Tat, all INEDs, has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for a period of three years commencing on 1 January 2022, 24 May 2022 and 29 May 2023 respectively. All of the letters of appointment may be terminated by not less than three months' notice served by either party on the other.

None of the Directors has a service agreement or letter of appointment with the Company or any of its subsidiaries other than the agreements/letters of appointment expiring or determinable by the Company within one year without the payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

Any Director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office until the first general meeting of Shareholders after his appointment and shall be subject to re-election at such meeting and any Director appointed by the Board as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office only until the next following AGM and shall then be eligible for re-election.

All the Directors, including INEDs, are subject to retirement by rotation and are eligible for re-election in accordance with the Articles of Association. At each AGM, one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement at the AGM at least once every three years. A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election and shall continue to act as a Director throughout the meeting at which he retires. The Directors to retire by rotation shall include (so far as necessary to ascertain the number of Directors to retire by rotation) any Director who wishes to retire and does not offer himself for re-election.

E. 倘董事會於下屆股東大會上提呈決議 案選舉或重選董事候選人,有關候選 人資料將根據上市規則及/或適用法 律及法規於致股東通函及/或有關股 東大會通告隨附説明函件內披露。

委任及重選董事

各執行董事已與本公司訂立服務協議,自 上市日期起計為期三年,可由一方向另一方 送達不少於三個月通知予以終止。有關協 議於屆滿時已再續期三年。

李勤輝先生、Dato' Mohd Ibrahim Bin Mohd Nor及Eng Hup Tat 先生(即全體獨立非執 行董事)各自已與本公司訂立委任函,分別 自二零二二年一月一日、二零二二年五月 二十四日及二零二三年五月二十九日起為期 三年。所有委任函可由一方向另一方送達不 少於三個月通知予以終止。

概無董事已與本公司或其任何附屬公司訂 立任何服務協議或委任函(不包括於一年內 屆滿或由本公司於一年內終止而毋須支付 賠償(法定賠償除外)的協議/委任函)。

任何獲董事會委任以填補臨時空缺的董事 任期將直至其獲委任後首屆股東大會為止, 並於該大會上重選連任,而任何獲董事會 委任以增加現有董事會人數的董事任期僅 至下屆股東週年大會為止,屆時將符合資 格重選連任。

全體董事(包括獨立非執行董事)須依據組 織章程細則輪席退任及符合資格重選連任。 於每屆股東週年大會上,當時三分之一董事 (如數目非三之倍數,則取最接近之數,但 不得少於三分之一)將輪席退任,惟各董事 須最少每三年於股東週年大會退任一次。 退任董事將符合資格重選連任,並於其退 任的整個大會舉行期間仍以董事身份行事。 輪席退任的董事包括(就確保輪值退任的董 事人數而言)任何擬退任且不願重選連任的 董事。任何其他擬退任的董事指自其上次 獲重選或委任以來服務年期最長的董事,

Any further Directors so to retire shall be those who have been the longest in office since their last re-election or appointment and so that as between the persons who became or were last re-elected Directors on the same day, those to retire shall (unless they otherwise agree among themselves) be determined by lot.

EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Particulars of the Directors' emoluments for FY2023 are set out in Note 11 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group for FY2023.

Pursuant to code provision E.1.5 of the CG Code, the emoluments of the members of the senior management (other than the Directors) whose particulars are contained in the section headed "Profile of Directors and Senior Management" in this annual report by band is set out below: 故此,於同一日成為或獲重選董事的人士 之間,以抽籤決定將退任董事人選,該等 董事之間另行作出決定的情況除外。

董事及高級管理層薪酬

二零二三年財政年度董事的薪酬詳情載於 本集團二零二三年財政年度之綜合財務報 表附註11。

根據企業管治守則守則條文第E.1.5條,高 級管理人員(董事除外)薪酬(其資料按組別 載於本年報「董事及高級管理層簡介」一節內) 載列如下:

neration band (in HK\$) 乱別(港元)	Number of individuals 人數
1,000,000 000,000	2

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

For the FY2023, Mazars PLT was engaged as the Group's independent auditors, while JWMG CPA Limited, Corpwerk PAC and Wimonrat Kumluanlom, CPA were engaged as the independent auditors for S&P (Hong Kong) Holding Limited, S&P Food Pte. Ltd. (both wholly-owned indirect subsidiaries of the Company), and M. Ace Thailand Co. Ltd. (90.57%-owned indirect subsidiary of the Company), respectively.

獨立核數師酬金

於二零二三年財政年度,Mazars PLT獲聘 為本集團的獨立核數師,而金威萬國會 計師事務所有限公司、Corpwerk PAC及 Wimonrat Kumluanlom, CPA分別獲聘為本 公司間接全資附屬公司S&P (Hong Kong) Holding Limited及S&P Food Pte. Ltd.以及 本公司擁有90.57%權益的間接附屬公司M. Ace Thailand Co. Ltd.的獨立核數師。

The remuneration paid/payable to all independent auditors and their affiliates in respect of FY2023 is set out below:

二零二三年財政年度已付/應付所有獨立 核數師及其分公司的薪酬載列如下:

Services 服務		Fee paid/ payable RM 已付/應付費用
Audit services — Auditors' fee of the Company	核數服務 — 本公司核數師費	
	用	302,400
Audit services — Other Auditors fee	核數服務 — 其他核數師費用	19,436
Non-audit services — Taxation	非核數服務 — 税項	107,600
Total	總計	429,436

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements of the Group for FY2023.

The Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

In addition, Mazars PLT have stated in its independent auditors' report the responsibilities of the Directors for the consolidated financial statements of the Group for FY2023.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board has the overall responsibility for evaluating and determining the nature and extent of the risks the Company is willing to take in achieving the Company's strategic objectives, and ensuring that the Company establishes and maintains appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems. The Board oversees management in the design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems including those related to the issues as set out in the Environmental, Social and Governance (the "ESG") Report on pages 15 to 68 of this annual report that are significant to the operation of the Company and/or substantially affecting the Shareholders and other key stakeholders, to ensure compliance with the relevant legal and regulatory requirements of the ESG Reporting Guide and the Listing Rules. The Board acknowledges that such risk management and internal control systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. The Company had reviewed its need for an internal audit function and engaged an external third-party professional firm to carry out such function under the leadership of the Board and the Audit Committee. The audit findings are monitored to ensure proper implementation, with progress reported to the Audit Committee and the Board.

董事對財務報表的責任

董事知悉彼等有責任編製本集團二零二三 年財政年度的綜合財務報表。

董事並無發現有任何重大不明朗情況而有 關可能對本公司持續經營能力產生重大疑 問的事件或情況。

此外,Mazars PLT已於其獨立核數師報告 述明董事就本集團二零二三年財政年度綜 合財務報表須承擔的責任。

風險管理及內部監控

董事會全面負責評估及釐定本公司達成其 策略目標時所願意接受的風險性質及程度, 並確保本公司設立及維持合適及有效的風 險管理及內部監控系統。董事會監督管理 層對風險管理及內部監控系統的設計、實 施及監察,包括有關本年報第15至68頁環 境、社會及管治(「環境、社會及管治」)報告 所載就本公司營運而言屬重大及/或對股 東及其他持份者造成重大影響的事宜,以 確保符合《環境、社會及管治報告指引》及 上市規則的相關法律及監管要求。董事會 知悉有關風險管理及內部監控系統旨在管 理而非消除未能達成業務目標的風險,且 僅可就重大失實陳述或虧損作出合理而非 絕對的保證。在董事會及審計委員會領導 下,本公司已審閱是否需要內部審核職能, 並已委聘一間外部第三方專業公司來執行 有關職能。本公司監控審計結果以確保妥 善實施,並向審計委員會和董事會報告進 展情況。

The risk management and internal control system of the Company is reviewed and assessed on an on-going basis by the senior management and the Audit Committee will receive a confirmation from the senior management on its effectiveness.

During FY2023, the Board, through the Audit Committee, has overseen and reviewed the effectiveness of the internal control system of the Group covering all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance as well as risk management on a half-yearly basis. The Board considers that the Group's risk management and internal control systems are adequate and effective.

DISCLOSURE OF INSIDE INFORMATION

The Group acknowledges its responsibilities under the Securities and Futures Ordinance, Chapter 571 of the laws of Hong Kong and the Listing Rules and the overriding principle that inside information should be announced promptly. The procedures and internal controls for the handling and dissemination of inside information are as follows:

- the Group conducts its affairs with close regard to the disclosure requirement under the Listing Rules as well as the "Guidelines on Disclosure of Inside Information" published by the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong in June 2012;
- the Group has implemented and disclosed its policy on fair disclosure by pursuing broad, non-exclusive distribution of information to the public through channels such as financial reporting, public announcements and the Company's website;
- the Group has strictly prohibited unauthorised use of confidential or inside information; and
- the Group has established and implemented procedures for responding to external enquiries about the Group's affairs, so that only the Executive Directors, the Company Secretary and the Chief Financial Officer of the Company are authorised to communicate with parties outside the Group.

高級管理層持續檢討及評估本公司的風險 管理及內部監控系統,而審計委員會會收 到高級管理層對其有效性的確認。

於二零二三年財政年度,董事會透過審計 委員會每半年監察及檢討本集團內部監控 系統是否有效,範圍包括財務、經營、合 規及風險管理等所有重大控制。董事會認 為,本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統充 分有效。

內幕消息披露

本集團知悉其根據證券及期貨條例(香港法例第571章)及上市規則所應履行的責任, 整體原則是內幕消息必須即時公佈。處理 及發佈內幕消息的程序及內部控制措施如下:

- 本集團處理事務時會充分考慮上市規 則項下的披露規定以及香港證券及期 貨事務監察委員會於二零一二年六月 頒佈的「內幕消息披露指引」;
- 本集團透過財務報告、公告及本公司 網站等途徑向公眾廣泛及非獨家披露 資料,以實施及披露其公平披露政策;
- 本集團已嚴格禁止未經授權使用機密 或內幕消息;及
- 本集團已就外界查詢本集團事務訂立 及執行回應程序,據此,只有執行董 事、公司秘書及本公司首席財務官方 獲授權與本集團外部人士溝通。

COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company Secretary supports the Board by ensuring that reliable and relevant flow of information is maintained amongst members of the Board and that all procedures have been adhered to in accordance with applicable laws, rules and regulations.

Ms. Leung Ho Yee (" **Ms. Leung**") resigned as the Company Secretary of the Company on 31 December 2023. Mr. Liu Hoi Keung ("**Mr. Liu**") was appointed as the Company Secretary of the Company on 31 December 2023.

Mr. Liu was nominated by Charterwood Capital Limited ("**Charterwood**") to be the Company Secretary and Charterwood has been providing certain corporate secretarial services to the Company pursuant to an engagement letter entered into between the Company and Charterwood. The primary person at the Company with whom Mr. Liu has been contacting in respect of company secretarial matters is the Chief Financial Officer, Ms. Celine Liew Tong Fung.

Mr. Liu has undertaken no less than 15 hours of relevant CPD training during FY2023 pursuant to Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Procedures for Putting Forward Proposals at Shareholders' Meetings

There are no provisions allowing Shareholders to make proposals or move resolutions at the AGMs under the memorandum of association of the Company and the Articles of Association or the laws of the Cayman Islands. Shareholders who wish to make proposals or move a resolution may, however, convene an extraordinary general meeting (the "**EGM**") in accordance with the "Procedures for Shareholders to Convene an EGM" set out below.

Procedures for Shareholders to Convene an EGM

According to Article 58 of the Articles of Association, any one or more Shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than 10% of the paid-up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company (the "**Eligible Shareholder(s)**") shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to require an EGM to be called by the Board or the Company Secretary for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition, including making proposals or moving a resolution at the EGM.

公司秘書

公司秘書透過確保董事會成員之間維持可 靠及相關資訊流通以及所有程序均按照適 用法律、規則及規例進行而支持董事會。

梁可怡女士(「梁女士」)於二零二三年十二月 三十一日辭任本公司之公司秘書。廖開強 先生(「廖先生」)於二零二三年十二月三十一 日獲委任為本公司之公司秘書。

廖先生獲卓德資本有限公司(「卓德」)提名為 公司秘書,而卓德已根據本公司與其訂立 的委聘函向本公司提供若干公司秘書服務。 廖先生就公司秘書事宜進行聯繫的本公司 主要負責人為首席財務官Celine Liew Tong Fung女士。

根據上市規則第3.29條,廖先生已於二零 二三年財政年度接受不少於15小時的相關 持續專業發展培訓。

股東權利 在股東大會上提呈建議的程序

根據本公司組織章程大綱及組織章程細則 或開曼群島法例,概無條文允許股東於股 東週年大會上提呈建議或作出動議。然而, 有意提呈建議或作出動議的股東可按照下 文所載「股東召開股東特別大會的程序」召 開股東特別大會(「**股東特別大會**」)。

股東召開股東特別大會的程序

根據組織章程細則第58條,於提出要求當 日持有本公司附有可於本公司股東大會上 投票權利的繳足股本不少於10%的任何一 名或多名股東(「**合資格股東**」),將可隨時書 面要求董事會或公司秘書召開股東特別大會, 以審議要求中所指明的任何事項,包括於 股東特別大會上提呈建議或作出動議。

Eligible Shareholder(s) who wishes to convene an EGM for the purpose of making proposals or moving a resolution at the EGM must deposit a written requisition (the "**Requisition**") signed by the Eligible Shareholder(s) concerned (the "**Requisitionist(s**)") at the principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong (presently at Unit 1513, 15/F Austin Tower, 22–26 Austin Avenue, Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong) for the attention of the Company Secretary.

The Requisition must state clearly the name of the Eligible Shareholder(s) concerned, his/her/their shareholding in the Company, the reason(s) to convene an EGM and the proposed agenda.

Following receipt of the Requisition, the identity and shareholding of the Eligible Shareholder(s) will be verified with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong. If the Requisition is found to be proper and in order, the Company Secretary will ask the Board to convene an EGM and/or include the proposal(s) made or the resolution(s) proposed by the Requisitionist(s) at the EGM within 2 months after the deposit of the Requisition. On the contrary, if the Requisition has been verified as not in order, the Eligible Shareholder(s) concerned will be advised of the outcome and accordingly, the Board will not call for an EGM nor include the proposal(s) made or the resolution(s) proposed by the Requisitionist(s) at the EGM.

If within 21 days of the deposit of the Requisition the Board fails to proceed to convene such EGM, the Requisitionist(s) himself/herself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the Requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the Requisitionist(s) by the Company.

Procedures for Shareholders to Send Enquires to the Board

Shareholders may send their enquiries and concerns to the Board by addressing them by post to the principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong (presently at Unit 1513, 15/F Austin Tower, 22–26 Austin Avenue, Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong) or by email to info@spfood.com, for the attention of the Company Secretary.

Upon receipt of the enquiries, the Company Secretary will forward the communications relating to:

- 1. the matters within the Board's purview to the Executive Directors;
 - the matters within a Board committee's area of responsibility to the chairman of the appropriate committee; and

有意召開股東特別大會以於股東特別大會 上提呈建議或作出動議的合資格股東必須 將經有關合資格股東(「要求人」)簽署的書 面要求(「要求書」)遞交至本公司於香港的 主要營業地點(現時為香港九龍尖沙咀柯士 甸路22-26號好兆年行15樓1513室),收件人 為公司秘書。

要求書必須清楚列明有關合資格股東的姓 名、其於本公司的股權、召開股東特別大 會的原因及建議議程。

收到要求書後, 合資格股東的身份及股權 將由本公司的香港股份過戶登記分處核實。 若確定要求書為合適及適當, 公司秘書為 要求董事會於遞交要求書後兩個月內召開 股東特別大會及/或包括要求人於股東序 別大會提出的建議或提呈的決議案。相反, 倘要求書核實為不適當,則有關合資格股 東將股東特別大會及包括要求人於股東特別 大會提出的建議或提呈的決議案。

倘董事會未能在要求書遞交後21日內召開 有關股東特別大會,則要求人可自行召開 股東特別大會,而本公司須向要求人償付 因董事會未能召開該大會令要求人產生的 所有合理費用。

股東向董事會發出查詢的程序

股東可向董事會提出問題及顧慮,透過 郵件送達本公司於香港的主要營業地點 (現時為香港九龍尖沙咀柯士甸路22-26 號好兆年行15樓1513室)或透過電郵送達 info@spfood.com,收件人為公司秘書。

收到該等查詢後,公司秘書將轉發以下有 關通訊:

- 有關董事會職權範圍內的事項至執行 董事;
- 有關董事委員會職責領域內的事項至 相應委員會主席;及

3. ordinary business matters, such as suggestions, enquiries and client complaints to the appropriate management of the Company.

COMMUNICATION WITH THE SHAREHOLDERS

The Company has adopted a Shareholders' Communication Policy with the objective of providing the Shareholders with equal and timely access to information about the Company in order to enable the Shareholders to exercise their rights in an informed manner and allow them to engage actively with the Company.

Information will be communicated to the Shareholders through the Company's financial reports, circulars, AGMs and EGMs that may be convened as well as all the published disclosures submitted to the Stock Exchange.

The Company has maintained a website at http://www.spfood.com that serves as a communication platform which enables the Shareholders to access the information of the Company and a contact page for them to send their enquiries to the Company. In addition, the AGM provides an opportunity for the communication between the Board and Shareholders to communicate in which the Board members are available to answer questions raised by the Shareholders. Representative of the auditors will also be invited to attend the AGM to answer Shareholder's questions about the preparation and content of the auditors' report and any matters in relation to the conduct of the audit. The Company will review its Shareholders' Communication Policy regularly to ensure its continued effectiveness.

The Board has reviewed the Group's shareholders and communication activities conducted during FY2023 and is satisfied with the implementation and effectiveness of the Shareholders' Communication Policy.

DIVIDEND POLICY

On 29 March 2019, the Board approved and adopted a revised dividend policy which sets out the following provisions:

The Company intends to retain all available funds and earnings, if any, to finance the development and expansion of its business. Any future determination for the declaration or recommendation of dividends will be made at the absolute discretion of the Board. It is the policy of the Board, in considering the payment of dividends, to allow the Shareholders to participate in the Company's profits whilst preserving the Company's liquidity to capture future growth opportunities. 一般業務事項(例如建議、問題及客 戶投訴)至本公司相應管理層。

股東通訊

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

本公司已採納股東通訊政策,目的為向股 東提供可平等及及時取得本公司的信息, 使股東在知情情況下行使彼等權利及允許 彼等積極參與本公司事務。

資料將透過本公司財務報告、通函、股東 週年大會及可能召開的股東特別大會與向 聯交所提交的所有已刊發披露資料知會股 東。

本公司設有網站http://www.spfood.com作 為通訊平台,讓股東能夠訪問本公司的資 料,並作為聯繫頁面,供股東向本公司發 送查詢。此外,股東週年大會提供董事會 與股東溝通的機會,董事會成員可回答股 東的提問,核數師代表亦會受邀出席股東 週年大會,回答股東關於核數師報告的編 製及內容及核數相關事宜的提問。本公司 將定期檢討其股東通訊政策以確保其持續 有效。

董事會已檢討本集團在二零二三年財政年 度進行的股東及通訊活動,並對股東通訊 政策的實施情況及有效性感到滿意。

股息政策

於二零一九年三月二十九日,董事會批准及 採納經修訂股息政策,當中載列以下條文:

本公司擬保留所有現有可得的資金及盈利(如 有),以為發展及擴展其業務撥資。日後確 定宣派或建議派付任何股息均將由董事會 全權酌情決定。於考慮派付股息時,董事 會的政策為允許股東參與分享本公司的溢利, 同時保留本公司的流動性,以把握未來增 長機遇。

In deciding whether to propose a dividend, the Board will take into account, amongst other matters:

- the strategies, business cycle, operations, earnings, financial condition, cash requirements and availability as well as capital expenditure and future development requirements of the Group;
- the possible effects of the Group's credit-worthiness, the financial covenants to which the Group is subject and any restrictions on the payment of dividends that may be imposed by the Group's lenders;
- (iii) the interests of the Shareholders, the dividend receivable/ received by the Company from its subsidiaries and the taxation consideration;
- (iv) the general economic and political conditions and other internal and external factors that may have an impact on the business and financial performance of the Group;
- (v) any restrictions under all applicable laws (including the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands), rules, codes and regulations, the accounting policies and financial reporting standards that the Group has adopted as well as the Articles of Association; and
- (vi) other factors that the Board may consider relevant.

The Dividend Policy will be reviewed from time to time. There is no assurance that a dividend will be proposed, recommended and/or declared in any amount or at any time from time to time.

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

The Company have amended the M&A in order to comply with the Listing Rules and CG Code that came into effect on 1 January 2022. For details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 20 March 2023.

A consolidated version of the M&A is available on the respective websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

於決定是否擬派股息時,董事會將考慮(其 中包括)下列各項:

- (i) 本集團的戰略、業務週期、營運、盈利、財務狀況、現金需求及可用現金以及資本開支及未來發展需求;
- (ii) 本集團信譽的可能影響、本集團受規限的財務契諾以及本集團貸款人可能就派付股息施加的任何限制;
- (iii) 股東的利益、本公司應收/已收其附 屬公司的股息及税務因素;
- (iv) 一般經濟及政治狀況以及可能對本集 團的業務及財務表現造成影響的其他 內部及外部因素;
- (v) 所有適用法律(包括開曼群島公司法)、 規則、守則及規例、本集團已採納的 會計政策及財務報告準則以及組織章 程細則項下的任何限制;及
- (vi) 董事會可能認為相關的其他因素。

本公司將不時檢討股息政策。無法保證將 不時以任何金額或隨時擬派、建議派付及/ 或宣派股息。

組織章程文件

本公司已修訂大綱及細則,以符合於二零 二二年一月一日生效的上市規則及企業管 治守則。詳情請參閱本公司日期為二零 二三年三月二十日的公告。

大綱及細則的綜合版本可分別於聯交所及 本公司網站查閱。



The directors (the "Directors", each a "Director") of S&P International Holding Limited (the "Company") is pleased to present to the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders") their report for the year ended 31 December 2023 (the "Year" or "FY2023") and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries, the ("Group") for the Year (the "Financial Statements").

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of its major subsidiaries are set out in Note 17 to the Financial Statements.

BUSINESS REVIEW

Discussion and analysis of the business of the Group for the Year are set out in the sections headed "Chairman's Statement" on pages 7 to 8 and "Management Discussion and Analysis" on pages 69 to 75 of this annual report. The discussion and analysis of the Group's performance in the above sections form part of this report.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The results of the Group for the Year and the Group's financial position as at 31 December 2023 are set out in the Financial Statements on pages 133 to 212 of this annual report.

The board of Directors (the "**Board**") has resolved not to recommend the payment of any final dividend for the Year.

There is no arrangement that a Shareholder has waived or agreed to waive any dividend.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

For the purpose of determining the Shareholders' rights to attend and vote at the annual general meeting of the Company to be held at 10:00 a.m. on Friday, 24 May 2024 at 27–1, Jalan PJU 5/13, Dataran Sunway, Kota Damansara, 47810 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Darul Ehsan, Malaysia (the "**2024 AGM**"), the register of members of the Company will be closed from Tuesday, 21 May 2024 to Friday, 24 May 2024, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares of the Company (the "**Shares**") will be registered. In order to be eligible for attending and voting at the 2024 AGM, non-registered Shareholders must lodge all duly completed transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Boardroom Share Registrars (HK) Limited, Room 2103B, 21/F, 148 Electric Road, North Point, Hong Kong, for registration no later than 4:30 p.m. on Monday, 20 May 2024.

椰豐集團有限公司(「本公司」)董事(「董事」) 欣然向本公司股東(「股東」)提呈其截至二零 二三年十二月三十一日止年度(「本年度」或「二 零二三年財政年度」)的年報以及本公司及 其附屬公司(「本集團」)於本年度的經審核 綜合財務報表(「財務報表」)。

主要業務

本公司的主要業務為投資控股。其主要附 屬公司的主要業務載於財務報表附註17。

業務回顧

本集團於本年度的業務討論及分析載於本 年報第7至8頁的「主席報告」及第69至75頁的 「管理層討論及分析」章節。上節有關本集 團表現的討論及分析構成本報告的一部分。

業績及股息

本集團於本年度的業績及本集團於二零 二三年十二月三十一日的財務狀況載於本 年報第133至212頁的財務報表。

董事會(「**董事會**」)已決議不建議就本年度 派付任何末期股息。

概無股東已放棄或同意放棄任何股息的安 排。

暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

為釐定股東出席本公司將於二零二四年五 月二十四日(星期五)上午十時正假座馬來 西亞雪蘭莪州八打靈再也哥打白沙羅鎮三 威廣場PJU 5/13路27號一樓(郵編: 47810) 舉行的股東週年大會(「二零二四年股東週 **年大會**」)並於會上投票的權利,本公司將 於二零二四年五月二十一日(星期二)至二零 二四年五月二十四日(星期五)(包括首尾兩日) 期間暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續,期間將 不會辦理本公司股份(「股份」)過戶登記。為 符合出席二零二四股東週年大會的資格及 能於會上投票,未登記股東須於二零二四 年五月二十日(星期一)下午四時三十分前將 所有填妥的過戶表格連同有關股票送交本 公司於香港的股份過戶登記分處寶德隆證 券登記有限公司(地址為香港北角電氣道 148號21樓2103B室),以辦理登記手續。

董事會報告(續) REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (Continued)

FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the published results and the assets and liabilities of the Group in the form of a comparative table for the last five financial years is set out on page 2 of this annual report. The summary does not form part of the Financial Statements.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE POLICIES

Climate change could influence the food security and food supply chain in varying extent. Along the food supply chain, energy, water and other resources are consumed at every step to transport, prepare and package. In light of this, the Group has taken initiatives that facilitate adherence of our operations on the environment to relevant laws and regulations such as Environmental Quality (Industrial Effluent) Regulations 2009 in Malaysia. Additionally, evolving regulatory requirements and escalating stakeholders' expectations on environmental issues serve as the impetus for establishing a systematic and quantitative approach to manage the resources consumed and environmental emissions.

The Group has also dedicated its effort to review and monitor the Group's ESG policies and practices to ensure compliance with the relevant legal and regulatory requirements as described in Appendix 27 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "**Stock Exchange**" and the "**Listing Rules**", respectively).

In addition, the Group is also committed to engaging with its key stakeholders and operating its business in a fair, responsible and transparent manner.

Details of the Group's ESG performance for the Year can be found in the "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" as set out on pages 15 to 68 of this annual report.

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The Group has in place compliance and risk management policies and procedures, and members of the senior management are delegated with the continuing obligation to monitor adherence to and compliance with all significant legal and regulatory requirements by the Group. As far as the Company is aware, the Group has complied in all material respects with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operation of the Group during the Year and up to the date of this annual report.

五年財務概要

本集團於以往五個財政年度的已公佈業績 以及資產及負債概要以對照表的形式載於 本年報第2頁。概要並不構成財務報表的一 部分。

環境、社會及管治政策

氣候變化可對食品安全及食品供應鏈造成 不同程度的影響。在整個食品供應鏈中, 運輸、籌備及包裝的每個環節都會消耗能 源、水及其他資源。有鑑於此,本集團已 採取措施促使我們有關環境的操作符合馬 來西亞《二零零九年環境質量(工業污水)規 例》等相關法律法規。此外,有關環境事宜 的監管規定不斷出台及利益相關者預期不 斷上升,促使我們制定系統的定量方針以 管理能源消耗及環境排放物。

本集團亦已致力於審閱及監控本集團的環 境、社會及管治政策及常規以確保符合香 港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(分別 為**「聯交所」**及**「上市規則」**)附錄27所述的相 關法律及監管規定。

此外,本集團亦致力於以公平、負責及透明的方式與其主要利益相關者進行合作及 經營其業務。

本集團於本年度的環境、社會及管治表現 詳情載於本年報第15至68頁的「環境、社會 及管治報告」。

遵守法律法規

本集團訂有合規及風險管理政策及程序, 並委派高級管理層成員持續負責監控本集 團遵守及符合所有重大法律法規要求的情況。據本公司所知,於本年度內及直至本 年報日期,本集團已在所有重大方面遵守 對本集團的業務及營運有重大影響的相關 法律法規。

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Directors are aware that the Group's financial condition, results of operation, businesses and prospects may be affected by a number of risks and uncertainties. The key risks and uncertainties identified by the Group are set out as follows:

Price fluctuation in and shortage of raw materials and perishability of coconuts may materially and adversely affect business operations

The coconut-related food manufacturing industry depends on a sufficient supply of major raw materials, namely coconuts and white kernels, at commercially reasonably prices. If our suppliers for any particular raw material are unable or unwilling to meet our requirements, we could suffer shortages or significant cost increases. In addition, any shortage or disruption in our supply of coconuts and other raw materials could affect our performance and our ability to satisfy the purchase orders of our customers, which may adversely affect our profitability, results of operations and financial condition.

Coconut is a perishable raw material which may deteriorate due to delivery delays, or poor handling during transportation by suppliers or logistic partners. This may result in failures to operate production of coconut products, thereby damaging our business and/or reputation. If any raw materials or finished products are alleged or found to be spoiled, contaminated, tampered with, incorrectly labelled, unsafe or otherwise associated with food safety incidents, we could be subject to product liability claims, adverse publicity and regulatory investigation, intervention or penalties or product returns, any of which may result in decreased profitability as well as damage to our brands and reputation.

主要風險及不確定因素

董事認為本集團的財務狀況、經營業績、 業務及前景或會受到一系列風險及不確定 因素的影響。本集團識別的主要風險及不 確定因素載列如下:

(i) 原材料價格波動及短缺以及椰子的易腐性或會對業務營運造 成重大不利影響

> 椰子系列食品製造行業有賴按商業合 理價格充足供應主要原材料(即椰子 及白椰肉)。倘任何特定原材料供應 商無法或不願滿足我們的需求,我們 可能會遭受短缺或成本大幅上漲。此 外,我們的椰子及其他原材料供應病 任何短缺或中斷,可能會影響我們的 業績及我們應付客戶採購訂單的能力, 或會對我們的盈利能力、經營業績及 財務狀況造成不利影響。



(ii) Our industry is subject to changes in legislative requirements and laws, national health and safety standards in Malaysia and the respective jurisdictions, where our products are sold

The coconut-related food manufacturing industry in Malaysia is subject to the local food safety laws and regulations. Please refer to "Regulatory overview" of the prospectus of the Company dated 29 June 2017 (the "Prospectus") for further details of the relevant food safety laws and regulations. Failure to meet the government requirements or any instance of contamination could occur in our operations or those of distributors or suppliers. This could result in fines, suspension of operations, loss of production permits, and in more extreme cases, criminal proceedings against our Group and our management. Moreover, negative publicity could be generated from false, unfounded or normal liability claims or limited recalls. Any of those failures or occurrences could negatively affect our business and financial performance. The Group is also subject to stringent legislative requirements and relevant laws in the jurisdictions where our products are being sold. Any changes in the foreign government's policies and measures that are unfavourable to the industry may have an adverse effect on our production process and also our sales and profitability.

(iii) Risks of foreign currency fluctuations

We conduct all our operations in Malaysia and our functional currency is Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"). The sales to our customers abroad are mainly billed and settled in United States dollars ("USD"), and sales to our customers located in Malaysia are billed and settled in RM. We source most of our packaging and raw materials locally, which are paid in RM, whereas our coconut milk products and some of our packaging and raw materials are sourced overseas and paid in USD (or other foreign currencies). There is no assurance that the exchange rate of RM will remain stable against USD (or any other foreign currencies) in the future. Any significant movement of exchange rates of foreign currencies against RM may significantly affect our financial condition and results of operations. In addition, the foreign exchange rate fluctuations mentioned above may result in foreign exchange losses and hence, may have a material adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations.

For other risks and uncertainties faced by the Group, please refer to the section headed "Risk Factors" in the Prospectus.

(ii) 我們所處行業受馬來西亞及產品銷售所在相關司法權區的法 律規定及法律、國家健康及安 全標準的變動所影響

> 馬來西亞的椰子系列食品製造行業受 當地食品安全法律及法規所規限。有 關相關食品安全法律及法規的進一步 詳情,請參閱本公司日期為二零一七 年六月二十九日的招股章程(「招股章程」) 「監管概覽」。我們、分銷商或供應商 的營運中可能會出現無法滿足政府規 定或受污染的情況。這或會導致罰款、 暫停營業、失去生產許可證,更嚴重 的是對本集團或管理層提出刑事訴訟。 此外,虛假、無事實依據或普通的責 任申索或有限的召回可能會促成負面 報導。出現任何該等情況或事件均可 能對我們的業務及財務表現造成負面 影響。本集團亦受產品銷售所在司法 權區的嚴格法律規定及相關法律所規 限。外國政府政策或措施出現任何不 利於行業的變動,可能會對我們的生 產程序及銷售及盈利能力造成不利影 壑。

(iii) 外幣波動的風險

我們在馬來西亞進行所有業務及我們 的功能貨幣為馬來西亞令吉(「馬來西 **亞令吉**」)。本集團向海外客戶作出的 銷售乃主要以美元(「美元」)出單及結 算,我們向位於馬來西亞的客戶作出 的銷售以馬來西亞令吉出單及結算。 我們在當地採購大多數的包裝及原材 料,並以馬來西亞令吉付款,而我們 的椰奶產品及若干包裝以及原材料採 **購**自海外,並以美元付款(或其他外 幣)。概無保證馬來西亞令吉兑美元(或 任何其他外幣)的未來匯率將保持穩 定。外幣兑馬來西亞令吉匯率的任何 重大變動或會對我們的財務狀況及經 營業績造成重大影響。此外,上文所 述外匯匯率波動或會造成匯兑虧損, 因而對我們的財務狀況及經營業績造 成重大不利影響。

有關本集團所面臨的其他風險及不確 定因素,請參閱招股章程「風險因素」 一節。

董事會報告(續)

USE OF NET PROCEEDS FROM THE LISTING

Reference is made to the section headed "Future Plans and Use of Proceeds" of the Prospectus in relation to the Listing of the Initial Public Offering (the "**IPO**") of 270,000,000 Shares of HK\$0.48 per Share and the original use of proceeds from the IPO.

The net proceeds from IPO after deducting the relevant one-off and non-recurring listing expenses (the "**Net Proceeds**") amounted to approximately HK\$90.4 million (equivalent to approximately RM46.8 million based on Bank Negara Malaysia's mid-rate as at 29 December 2017 (being the last trading day of 2017) of HK\$1.00:RM0.51795) (the "**Year End HK\$:RM Rate**").

As at 31 December 2020, the unutilised Net Proceeds amounted to approximately RM5.4 million (the "**Unutilised Net Proceeds**"). After due and careful consideration on the current business environment and the development needs of the Group, the Board has resolved to re-allocate part of the Unutilised Net Proceeds in the amount of RM4.7 million originally allocated for recommissioning of the Johor Plant to investing in coconut water collection station at the Perak Plant. For details, please refer to the Company's annual report 2021 (section headed "Change in Use of the Net Proceeds and Reasons for Such Change" on page 94 and 95).

As at 31 December 2022, the Group has utilised approximately RM46.1 million of the Net Proceeds and the Unutilised Net Proceeds amounted to approximately RM0.7 million. After due and careful consideration on the current business environment and the development needs of the Group, the Board has resolved to re-allocate the Unutilised Net Proceeds to general corporate purposes and working capital. The expected timeline for the utilisation of the Unutilised Net Proceeds of approximately RM0.7 million is by 31 December 2023. For details, please refer to the Company's annual report 2022 (section headed "Use of the Net Proceeds from the Listing" on page 104).

As at 31 December 2023, the Group has fully utilised approximately RM46.8 million of the Net Proceeds. The following sets forth a summary of the original allocation of the Net Proceeds and its utilisation as at 31 December 2023 (before re-allocation).

上市所得款項淨額用途

茲提述招股章程內「未來計劃及所得款項用」 一節,內容有關270,000,000股每股0.48港 元的股份的首次公開發售(「首次公開發售」) 的上市。

首次公開發售所得款項淨額(扣除有關一次 性及非經常性上市開支後)(「**所得款項淨額**」) 約90.4百萬港元(按馬來西亞國家銀行於二 零一七年十二月二十九日(即二零一七年的 最後交易日)的中間匯率1.00港元兑0.51795 馬來西亞令吉計算,相當於約46.8百萬馬 來西亞令吉)(「**年末港元兑馬來西亞令吉匯 率**」)。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,未動用所得 款項淨額約為5.4百萬馬來西亞令吉(「未動 用所得款項淨額」)。經審慎考慮本集團當 前業務環境及發展需求後,董事會已決議 將原本分配用做恢復柔佛工廠營運的4.7百 萬馬來西亞令吉中的部分未動用所得款項 淨額重新分配至投資霹靂工廠的椰汁收集 點。詳情請參閱本公司的二零二一年年報(第 94及95頁「更改所得款項淨額用途及有關更 改的理由」一節)。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團已動 用所得款項淨額約人民幣46.1百萬馬來西 亞令吉,未動用所得款項淨額約為0.7百萬 馬來西亞令吉。經審慎考慮本集團當前業 務環境及發展需求後,董事會已決議將未 動用所得款項淨額重新分配至一般公司用 途及營運資金。動用未動用所得款項淨額 約0.7百萬馬來西亞令吉的預期時間為二零 二三年十二月三十一日之前。詳情請參閱本 公司的二零二二年年報(第104頁「上市所得 款項淨額用途」一節)。

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團已 全數動用約46.8百萬馬來西亞令吉的所得 款項淨額。下表載列於二零二三年十二月 三十一日(重新分配前)所得款項淨額的初 始分配及其動用概要。

Original Use of Net Proceeds 所得款項淨額初始用途	Approximate original allocation of the Net Proceeds 所得款項淨額概 約初始分配金額 (RM' million) (百萬馬來西亞令吉)	Approximate actual amount of the Net Proceeds utilised before 1 January 2023 於二零二三年 一月一日 前動用的所得款項 淨額概約實際金額 (RM' million) (百萬馬來西亞令吉)	Approximate actual amount of the Net Proceeds used in the year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年 十二月三十一日 止年度使用的所得款 項淨額概約實際金額 (RM' million) (百萬馬來西亞令吉)	Approximate unused amount of the Net Proceeds as at 31 December 2023 於二零二三年 十二月三十一日 所得款使用金額 (RM' million) (百萬馬來西亞令吉)	Further Information 進一步資料
Expanding and upgrading the production facilities at the Perak Plant 擴充及更新霹靂工廠的生產 設施	35.6	35.6	_	_	The full amount has been utilised as intended. 全數按擬定用途使用。
Recommissioning of the Johor Plant 恢復柔佛工廠營運	4.7	4.7	-	_	Change of intended use of the Net Proceeds and the full amount has been utilised as intended. 所得款項淨額擬定用途變更, 全數按擬定用途使用。
Advertising and promotion expenses 宣傳及推廣開支	1.2	1.2	-	_	The full amount has been utilised as intended. 全數按擬定用途使用。
Investing in new equipment to enhance the R&D 投資新設備,以提高研發能 力	1.2	0.5	0.7	_	Changed of intended use of the Net Proceeds and the full amount has been utilised as intended. 所得款項淨額擬定用途變更, 全數按擬定用途使用。
General corporate purposes and working capital 一般公司用途及營運資金	4.1	4.1	-	-	The full amount has been utilised as intended. 全數按擬定用途使用。
Total <i>(Note)</i> 總計 <i>(附註)</i>	46.8	46.1	0.7	-	

Note:

附註:

The Net Proceeds in RM were arrived at after taking into account the Year End HK\$:RM Rate. Should there be any further movement in the foreign exchange rate until the actual utilisation of the Net Proceeds, any upward or downward differences will be taken into "general corporate purposes and working capital".

以馬來西亞令吉計值的所得款項淨額乃於考慮年末港 元兑馬來西亞令吉匯率後得出。倘外匯匯率於所得款 項淨額實際動用前發生任何其他變動,則任何上下波 動差額將計入「一般公司用途及營運資金」。



董事會報告(續)

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (Continued)

Save for the above, the Directors are not aware of any material change to the planned use of the Net Proceeds as at the date of this annual report.

SHARE CAPITAL

There were no movements in the share capital of the Company during the Year. Details of the Company's share capital as at 31 December 2023 are set out in Note 22 to the Financial Statements.

RESERVES

Movements in the reserves of the Group during the Year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 136 of this annual report and movements in the reserves of the Company are set out in Note 22 to the Financial Statements.

DISTRIBUTABILITY OF RESERVES

At 31 December 2023, the aggregate amount of reserves available for distribution to equity shareholders of the Company, as calculated under the Companies Act of the Cayman Islands, was approximately RM64.89 million.

MAJOR SUPPLIERS AND CUSTOMERS

The Group's five largest customers accounted for approximately 44.47% of the total revenue of the Group for the Year whilst the largest customer accounted for approximately 22.77% of the total revenue of the Group for the Year.

The Group's five largest coconut suppliers accounted for approximately 94.96% of the Group's total purchases of coconut and white kernel during the Year whilst the largest coconut supplier accounted for approximately 50.24% of the total purchases of coconut and white kernel of the Group for the Year.

At all times during the Year, none of the Directors or any of their close associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) or any Shareholder (who, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the number of issued Shares) had an interest in any of the five largest suppliers or the five largest customers of the Group for the Year.

除上文所述者外,於本年報日期,董事並 不知悉所得款項淨額計劃用途有任何重大 變動。

股本

於本年度內,本公司股本概無變動。本公司 股本於二零二三年十二月三十一日的詳情載 於財務報表附註22。

儲備

本集團於本年度的儲備變動載於本年報第 136頁綜合權益變動表,本公司的儲備變動 載於財務報表附註22。

儲備的可分配性

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,按開曼群島 公司法計算,本公司權益股東的可供分派 儲備總額為約64.89百萬馬來西亞令吉。

主要供應商及客戶

本集團的五大客戶佔本集團於本年度總收 益的約44.47%,而最大客戶則佔本集團於 本年度總收益的約22.77%。

本集團的五大椰子供應商佔本集團於本年 度椰子及白椰肉採購總額的約94.96%,而 最大的椰子供應商佔本集團於本年度椰子 及白椰肉採購總額的約50.24%。

於本年度內,概無董事或彼等之任何緊密 聯繫人(定義見上市規則)或任何股東(彼, 據董事所知,擁有已發行股份數目逾5%)於 本年度於本集團的任何五大供應商及五大 客戶中擁有權益。

DIRECTORS

The Directors who served for FY2023 and up to the date of this annual report were:

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Tang Koon Fook ("Mr. Tang") (Chairman)
Mr. Lee Sieng Poon ("Mr. Lee") (Managing Director)
Mr. Yap Boon Teong ("Mr. Yap")
Ms. Wong Yuen Lee ("Ms. Wong")

Independent Non-executive Directors (the "INEDs")

Mr. Lee King Fui ("**Mr. KF Lee**") Dato' Mohd Ibrahim Bin Mohd Nor ("**Dato' Mohd Ibrahim**")

Mr. Lim Sey Hock (retired on 29 May 2023) Mr. Eng Hup Tat ("**Mr. Eng**") (appointed on 29 May 2023)

In accordance with article 83(3) of the articles of association of the Company (the "**Articles**"), any Director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office until the first general meeting of Members after his appointment and be subject to re-election at such meeting.

In accordance with Article 84(1), at each AGM, one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement at an AGM at least once every three years.

In accordance with Article 84(2), the Directors to retire by rotation shall include (so far as necessary to ascertain the number of directors to retire by rotation) any Director who wishes to retire and not to offer himself for re-election.

Accordingly, Ms. Wong, Mr. KF Lee and Dato' Mohd Ibrahim will retire from office by rotation as Directors at the 2024 AGM. At the Board meeting held on 27 March 2024, Ms. Wong, Mr. KF Lee and Dato' Mohd Ibrahim, being eligible, expressed that they would offer themselves for re-election at the 2024 AGM.

董事

於二零二三年財政年度及直至本年報日期 任職的董事為:

執行董事

Tang Koon Fook先生(「**Tang先生**」)(*主席)* Lee Sieng Poon先生(「**Lee先生**」) *(董事總經理)* Yap Boon Teong先生(「**Yap先生**」) Wong Yuen Lee女士(「**Wong女士**」)

獨立非執行董事(「獨立非執行董 事」)

李勤輝先生(「**李勤輝先生**」) Dato' Mohd Ibrahim Bin Mohd Nor (「**Dato' Mohd Ibrahim**」) Lim Sey Hock先生 (於二零二三年五月二十九日退任) Eng Hup Tat先生(「**Eng先生**」) (於二零二三年五月二十九日獲委任)

根據本公司組織章程細則(「細則」)第83(3) 條,任何獲董事會委任以填補臨時空缺的 董事任期將直至其獲委任後首屆股東大會 為止,並於該大會上進行競選連任。

根據細則第84(1)條,在每屆股東週年大會 上,當時在任的三分之一董事須輪值告退(或 倘董事人數並非三的倍數,則為最接近但 不少於三分之一),惟各董事每隔三年至少 須在股東週年大會上輪值退任一次。

根據細則第84(2)條,輪值退任的董事包括 (就確保輪值退任的董事人數而言)任何擬 退任且不願重選連任的董事。

因此,Wong女士、李勤輝先生及Dato' Mohd Ibrahim將於二零二四年股東週年大 會上輪值退任董事。於二零二四年三月 二十七日舉行的董事會會議,Wong女士、 李勤輝先生及Dato'Mohd Ibrahim及符合資 格並表示將於二零二四年股東週年大會上 膺選連任。

董事會報告(續)

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (Continued)

PROFILE OF THE DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The profile of the Directors and the senior management of the Group are set out on pages 9 to 14 of this annual report.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE AGREEMENTS/ LETTERS OF APPOINTMENT

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service agreement with the Company for a term of three years commencing on the Listing Date, which may be terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing served by either party on the other.

Each of Mr. KF Lee, Dato' Mohd Ibrahim and Mr. Eng, all INEDs, has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for a period of three years commencing on 1 January 2022, 24 May 2022 and 29 May 2023 respectively. All of the letters of appointment may be terminated by not less than three months' notice served by either party on the other.

None of the Directors has a service agreement or letter of appointment with the Company or any of its subsidiaries other than the agreements/letters of appointment expiring or determinable by the Company employer within one year without the payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

All Directors, including INEDs are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election in accordance with the Articles.

DIRECTORS' MATERIAL INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

Details of the related party transactions of the Group during the Year are set out in Note 32 to the Financial Statements.

Save as disclosed above, no other transactions, arrangements and contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director or an entity connected with a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at any time during the Year or as at the end of the Year.

CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDER'S INTEREST

Save as disclosed in this annual report, no contracts of significance between the Company or any of its subsidiaries and a controlling shareholder (as defined in the Listing Rules) of the Company or any of its subsidiaries or any contracts of any significance for the provision of services to the Company or any of its subsidiaries by a controlling shareholder of the Company or any of its subsidiaries subsisted at any time during the Year or as at the end of the Year.

董事及高級管理層簡介

本集團董事及高級管理層簡介載於本年報 第9至14頁。

董事服務協議/委任函

各執行董事已與本公司訂立服務協議,由 上市日期起計為期三年,可透過向對方發 出不少於三個月提前書面通知而終止。

獨立非執行董事李勤輝先生、Dato' Mohd Ibrahim及Eng先生各自已與本公司訂立委任 函,分別自二零二二年一月一日、二零二二 年五月二十四日及二零二三年五月二十九日 起計為期三年。所有委任函可由一方向另一 方送達不少於三個月通知予以終止。

董事概無與本公司或其任何附屬公司訂立 任何服務協議或委任函(不包括於一年內屆 滿或由本公司於一年內終止而毋須支付賠 償(法定賠償除外)之協議/委任函)。

所有董事(包括獨立非執行董事)須遵照細 則輪值退任及膺選連任。

董事於合約的重大權益

於本年度內,本集團的關聯方交易詳情載 於財務報表附註32。

除上文所披露者外,概無本公司或其任何 附屬公司就本集團業務所訂立而董事或與 董事有關的實體直接或間接享有重大權益 的其他交易、安排及重要合約於本年度內 任何時間或本年度末仍然有效。

控股股東的權益

除本年報所披露者外,概無本公司或其任 何附屬公司與本公司的一名控股股東(定義 見上市規則)或其任何附屬公司之間訂立的 重大合約,亦無由本公司控股股東或其任 何附屬公司向本公司或其任何附屬公司提 供服務的任何重要合約於本年度內任何時 間或本年度末仍然有效。

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

As at 31 December 2023, the interests or short positions of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance, Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong (the "**SFO**")), which were required: (a) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); (b) pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register of the Company referred to therein; or (c) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers contained in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules (the "**Model Code**"), were as follows:

董事及主要行政人員於本公司及 其相聯法團之股份、相關股份及 債權證的權益及淡倉

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,董事及本公司主要行政人員於本公司及其相聯法團(定義見香港法例第571章證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)的股份、相關股份及債權證中擁有:(a)根據證券及期貨條例 第XV部第7及8分部須知會本公司及聯交所的權益或淡倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例第352條須記錄條例 關條文被當作或視為擁有的權益及淡倉); (b)根據證券及期貨條例第352條須記錄在 該條所述本公司登記冊的權益或淡倉;或(c) 根據上市規則附錄C3所載上市發行人董事 進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)規 定須知會本公司及聯交所的權益或淡倉如 下:

(i) Long position in the Shares

i) 於股份之好倉

Name of Directors 董事姓名	Note 附註	Capacity/Nature of interest 身份/權益性質	Number of Shares interested 擁有權益的 股份數目	Percentage of shareholding interest in the Company 所佔本公司 股權百分比
Mr. Tang Tang 先生 Mr. Lee Lee先生	1 2	Interest in a controlled corporation 受控法團權益 Interest in a controlled corporation 受控法團權益	567,000,000 243,000,000	52.5% 22.5%

Notes:

- Mr. Tang, the chairman of the Board and an executive Director, beneficially owned 100% of the issued share capital of TYJ Holding Limited ("TYJ") and he was deemed to be interested in 567,000,000 Shares held by TYJ by virtue of the SFO.
- Mr. Lee, the managing Director and an executive Director, beneficially owned 100% of the issued share capital of Trinity Holding Limited ("Trinity") and he was deemed to be interested in 243,000,000 Shares held by Trinity.
- The percentages of shareholding interest in the Company shown in the table above are calculated on the basis of 1,080,000,000 Shares in issue as at 31 December 2023.

附註:

1.

- Tang先生,董事會主席兼執行董事,實 益擁有TYJ Holding Limited (「TYJ」)全部 已發行股本。根據證券及期貨條例,彼 被視為於TYJ所持567,000,000股股份中 擁有權益。
- Lee先生,董事總經理兼執行董事,實益 擁有Trinity Holding Limited (「Trinity」)全 部已發行股本。彼被視為於Trinity所持 243,000,000股股份中擁有權益。
- 上表顯示的本公司股權百分比乃按 二零二三年十二月三十一日的已發行 1,080,000,000股股份之基準計算。

董事會報告(續)

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (Continued)

(ii) Long position in the shares of associated corporation

(ii) 於相聯法團股份之好倉

Name of Director 董事姓名	Name of associated corporation 相聯法團名稱	Capacity/Nature of interest 身份/權益性質	Number and class of share interested 擁有權益的股份 數目及類別	Percentage of shareholding interest 股權百分比
Mr. Tang Tang 先生	TYJ	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	1 ordinary share 1股普通股	100%

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2023, none of the Directors or chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), which were required: (a) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which he/she was taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), (b) pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register of the Company referred to therein, or (c) pursuant to the Model Code to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

除上文所披露者外,於二零二三年 十二月三十一日,概無董事或本公司 主要行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯 法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部) 的股份、相關股份或債權證中擁有:(a) 根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分 部須知會本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例有關除 (b)根據證券及期貨條例第352條須認 錄在該條所述本公司登記冊的權益或 淡倉;或(c)根據標準守則須知會本公 司及聯交所的權益或淡倉。



SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 December 2023, so far as is known to the Directors, the following persons (other than a Director or the chief executive of the Company) and entities had interests or short positions in the Shares and underlying Shares as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO:

主要股東於股份及相關股份中的 權益及淡倉

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,就董事目前 所知,下列人士(不包括本公司董事或主要 行政人員)及實體於股份及相關股份中擁有 根據證券及期貨條例第336條須記錄在本公 司所存置登記冊的權益或淡倉:

			Number of Shares	Percentage of shareholding interest in the
Name of Shareholders	Note	Capacity/Nature of interest	interested	Company
			擁有權益的	所佔本公司
股東名稱	附註	身份/權益性質	股份數目	股權百分比
ТҮЈ	1	Beneficial owner	567,000,000	52.5%
TYJ		實益擁有人		
Ms. Yeow Geok Tiang	1	Interest of spouse	567,000,000	52.5%
(" Ms. Yeow ")				
Yeow Geok Tiang女士		配偶權益		
(「Yeow 女士」)				
Trinity	2	Beneficial owner	243,000,000	22.5%
Trinity		實益擁有人		
Ms. Goh Soo Cheng	2	Interest of spouse	243,000,000	22.5%
(" Ms. Goh ")				
Goh Soo Cheng女士		配偶權益		
(「Goh 女士」)				

Notes:

附註:

- TYJ was beneficially and wholly owned by Mr. Tang, the husband of Ms. Yeow. By virtue of the SFO, Ms. Yeow was deemed to be interested in the Shares held and deemed to be held by Mr. Tang.
- Trinity was beneficially and wholly owned by Mr. Lee, the husband of Ms. Goh. By virtue of the SFO, Ms. Goh was deemed to be interested in the Shares held and deemed to be held by Mr. Lee.
- The percentages of shareholding interest in the Company shown in the table above are calculated on the basis of 1,080,000,000 Shares in issue as at 31 December 2023.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2023, so far as the Directors or chief executive of the Company are aware of, no other persons (other than a Director or the chief executive of the Company) or entities had any interests or short positions in the Shares or underlying Shares, which would fall to be disclosed under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were required, pursuant to section 336 of the SFO, to be recorded in the register referred to therein.

- TYJ由Yeow女士的丈夫Tang先生實益全資擁有。 根據證券及期貨條例,Yeow女士被視為於Tang 先生所持或被視為持有的股份中擁有權益。
- Trinity由Goh女士的丈夫Lee先生實益全資擁有。 根據證券及期貨條例,Goh女士被視為於Lee先 生所持或被視為持有的股份中擁有權益。
- 上表顯示的本公司股權百分比乃按二零二三年 十二月三十一日的已發行1,080,000,000股股份 之基準計算。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二三年十二月 三十一日,就董事或本公司主要行政人員 所知,概無其他人士(董事或本公司主要行 政人員除外)或實體於股份或相關股份中擁 有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部 條文須予披露的權益或淡倉或根據證券及 期貨條例第336條須於本報告提述有關記 錄於登記冊的權益或淡倉。

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

No equity-linked agreements were entered into by the Company during the Year or subsisted at the end of the Year.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

On 23 June 2017 (the "Adoption Date"), the Shareholders approved and conditionally adopted a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") to enable the Company to grant options to eligible participants as incentives and rewards for their contribution to the Group. The Share Option Scheme became effective on the Listing Date and no options have been granted since then. As at 31 December 2023, there were no outstanding options and no options were exercised or cancelled or lapsed during the Year.

The following is a summary of the principal terms of the Share Option Scheme:

1. Purpose:

The Share Option Scheme is a share incentive scheme prepared in accordance with Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules and is established to recognise and acknowledge the contributions that the Eligible Participants (as defined in paragraph 2 below) had or may have made to the Group. The Share Option Scheme will provide the Eligible Participants with an opportunity to have a personal stake in the Company with the view to achieving the following objectives:

- (i) motivate the Eligible Participants to optimise their performance efficiency for the benefit of the Group; and
- attract and retain or otherwise maintain an on-going business relationship with the Eligible Participants whose contributions are or will be beneficial to the long-term growth of the Group.

2. Participants:

The Board may, at its discretion, offer to grant an option to the following persons (collectively the "**Eligible Participants**") to subscribe for such number of new Shares as the Board may determine at an exercise price as the Board may determine in accordance with the rules of the Share Option Scheme:

 any full-time or part-time employees, executives or officers of the Company or any of its subsidiaries;

股票掛鈎協議

本公司於本年度內並無訂立或於本年度末仍然存續股票掛鈎協議。

購股權計劃

於二零一七年六月二十三日(「**採納日期**」), 股東批准及有條件採納購股權計劃(「**購股 權計劃**」),以讓本公司向合資格參與者授 出購股權,作為彼等對本集團作出貢獻之 激勵及獎勵。購股權計劃於上市日期生 效及此後並無授出購股權。於二零二三年 十二月三十一日,概無尚未行使的購股權 且於本年度內並無購股權已獲行使、註銷 或失效。

以下為購股權計劃的主要條款概要:

1. 目的:

購股權計劃為根據上市規則第17章設 立的一項股份獎勵計劃,其設立目的 為認可及表彰合資格參與者(定義見 下文第2段)對本集團所作出或可能已 作出的貢獻。購股權計劃將讓合資格 參與者有機會於本公司擁有個人權益, 以達致下列目標:

- (i) 激勵合資格參與者為本集團利 益盡量提升彼等的表現效率;及
- (ii) 吸引及挽留合資格參與者或以其 他方式與合資格參與者保持持 續的業務關係,而該等合資格參 與者的貢獻對或將對本集團的 長遠發展有利。

2. 參與者:

董事會可酌情決定向下列人士(統稱「合 資格參與者」)授出購股權,以根據購 股權計劃規則按董事會可能釐定的行 使價認購董事會可能釐定的相關數目 新股份:

(i) 本公司或其任何附屬公司的任何 全職或兼職僱員、行政人員或高 級職員;

- (ii) any directors (including INEDs) of the Company or any of its subsidiaries; and
- (iii) any advisers, consultants, suppliers, customers, distributors and such other persons who in the sole opinion of the Board will contribute or have contributed to the Company or any of its subsidiaries.

3. Total number of Shares available for issue:

The maximum number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme shall not in aggregate exceed 108,000,000 Shares, representing 10% of the total number of issued Shares as at the Listing Date.

No option has been granted under the Share Option Scheme since the Listing Date and up to 31 December 2023. Accordingly, the number of Shares available for issue upon exercise of options that may be granted under the Share Option Scheme is 108,000,000, representing 10% of the total number of issued Shares as at the date of this annual report.

4. Maximum entitlement of each participant:

- (i) Subject to paragraph (ii) below, the total number of Shares issued and which may fall to be issued upon exercise of the options granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company (including both exercised and outstanding options) to each Eligible Participant in any 12-month period up to the date of grant shall not exceed 1% of the Shares in issue as at the date of grant. Any further grant of options in excess of this 1% limit shall be subject to:
 - (a) the issue of a circular by the Company containing the identity of the Eligible Participant, the numbers of and terms of the options to be granted (and the options previously granted to such Eligible Participant), the information as required under Rules 17.02(2)(d) and the disclaimer required under 17.02(4) of the Listing Rules; and

- (ii) 本公司或其任何附屬公司的任何 董事(包括獨立非執行董事);及
- (iii) 任何顧問、諮詢人士、供應商、 客戶、分銷商,以及董事會全權 認為將會或曾經對於本公司或其 任何附屬公司有貢獻的其他人 士。

3. 可供發行的股份總數:

於行使根據購股權計劃已授出但尚 未行使之所有尚未行使購股權後,可 予發行的股份數目上限合共不得超過 108,000,000股股份,佔於上市日期的 已發行股份總數的10%。

自上市日期起及直至二零二三年十二 月三十一日,概無根據購股權計劃授 出任何購股權。因此,於行使購股權 計劃項下可能授出的購股權後,可予 發行的股份數目為108,000,000股,佔 於本年報日期已發行股份總數的10%。

4. 向各參與者授出的最大權利:

- (i) 受限於下文(ii)段,在截至授出日期止任何十二個月期間,根據購股權計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃向每名合資格參與者授出的購股權(包括已行使及尚未行使的購股權)獲行使後,已發行及可能須予發行的股份總數不得超過於授出日期已發行股份的1%。倘進一步授出購股權會導致超過上述1%限額,則須:
 - (a) 由本公司發出通函,當中 載有合資格參與者的身份、 將授出購股權(及過往授予 該合資格參與者的購股權) 的數目及條款及上市規則 第17.02(2)(d)條規定的資料 及第17.02(4)條規定的免責 聲明;及



^{椰豐集團有限公司} 二零二三年年報 董事會報告(續) REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (Continued)

- (b) the approval of the Shareholders in general meeting and/or other requirements prescribed under the Listing Rules from time to time with such Eligible Participant and his/her close associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) (or his/her associates if the Eligible Participant is a connected person (as defined in the Listing Rules)) of the Company abstaining from voting.
- (ii) The maximum entitlement of each INED or substantial shareholder (as defined in the Listing Rules) of the Company, or any of their respective associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) in the 12-month period up to and including such date of grant shall not exceed:
 - in aggregate over 0.1% (or such other percentage as may from time to time provided under the Listing Rules) of the number of the Shares in issue; and
 - an aggregate value in excess of HK\$5 million (or such other sum as may from time to time provided under the Listing Rules), where the value shall be based on the official closing price of the Shares on the date of each grant.

If the Board proposes to grant options to any of the persons or entities above-mentioned, which will result in the number of Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of options granted and to be granted (including options exercised, cancelled and outstanding) to such person or entity in excess of the above limit(s), such further grant of options shall be subject to the issue of a circular by the Company and the approval of Shareholders in general meeting on a poll, at which all core connected persons (as defined in the Listing Rules) of the Company shall abstain from voting in favour, and/ or such other requirements as prescribed under the Listing Rules from time to time.

- (b) 經股東在股東大會上批准 及/或符合上市規則不時 訂明的其他規定,而本公司 的該名合資格參與者及其 緊密聯繫人(定義見上市規 則)(或倘合資格參與者為關 連人士(定義見上市規則), 則為其聯繫人)須放棄投 票。
- (ii) 在截至及包括有關授出日期止 十二個月期間,本公司各獨立非 執行董事或主要股東(定義見上 市規則)或彼等各自之任何聯繫 人(定義見上市規則)的最大權利 不超過以下各項:
 - 合計超過已發行股份數目 的0.1%(或上市規則可能不 時規定的有關其他百分比);
 - 根據股份於各授出日期的 正式收市價計算之價值, 總值超過五百萬港元(或上 市規則可能不時規定的有 關其他數額)。



5. Period during which the options must be exercised to subscribe for Shares:

An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme at any time after the date on which the option is deemed to be granted and accepted and prior to the expiry of 10 years from that date or such shorter exercise period as the Board may in its absolute discretion determine in relation to the grant of such options. No option may be exercised more than 10 years after it has been granted.

6. Minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised:

There is no minimum period for which an option granted must be held before it can be exercised except otherwise imposed by the Board.

7. Amount payable on application or acceptance of the option and the period within which payments or calls must or may be made:

Options granted must be taken up within 21 days of the date of offer, upon payment of HK\$1 per grant.

8. Basis of determining the exercise price:

The exercise price for the options that may be granted under the Share Option Scheme shall be determined by the Board in its absolute discretion, save that such price must be at least the highest of:

- the official closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets on the date of grant, which must be a day on which the Stock Exchange is open for the business of dealing in securities;
- the average of the official closing prices of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and
- (iii) the nominal value of a Share.

5. 須行使購股權以認購股份的期 間:

購股權可根據購股權計劃的條款於購 股權視為已授出並獲接納的日期起至 該日或董事會就授出有關購股權可能 全權酌情釐定的有關較短行使期起計 10年屆滿前期間隨時行使。購股權的 行使期不得超過其授出當日起計10年。

於可行使購股權前必須持有購 股權的最短期限:

除董事會另行規定者外,並無規定已 授出之購股權於可獲行使前須持有之 最短期限。

申請或接納購股權時應付的款 項及須或可能須繳付款項或催 繳款項的期間:

就每次授出支付1港元後,已授出之購 股權須於授出日期起計21日內認購。

8. 釐定行使價的基準:

董事會可全權酌情釐定根據購股權計 劃可能授出的購股權之行使價,惟該 價格必須至少為以下最高者:

- (i) 股份於授出日期(須為聯交所開放進行證券買賣業務的日子)於聯交所每日報價表所報的正式收 市價;
- (ii) 股份於緊接授出日期前五個營業日於聯交所每日報價表所報的正式收市價平均數;及
- (iii) 股份的面值。



9. Remaining life of the Share Option Scheme:

The Share Option Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period commencing on 11 July 2017 and ending on the tenth anniversary of the Adoption Date (both days inclusive), subject to earlier termination by the Company in general meeting or by the Board.

The Remuneration Committee has at its meeting held on 26 March 2024 reviewed the Share Option Scheme.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES AND DEBENTURES

At no time during the Year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of Shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Director or their respective associates nor was the Company and any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

During the Year, to the best of the Directors' knowledge, the Group did not enter into any related party transaction that falls under the definition of one-off connected transaction or continuing connected transaction as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

REMUNERATION POLICY AND DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

The Group believes that the remuneration package to its employees is in line with local industries. It offers its employees group hospitalisation and personal accident insurance. The Group also offers its employees an incentive bonus scheme which encourages their individual performance and then to contribute to their departmental performance as well.

The emoluments of the Directors are reviewed and approved by the Remuneration Committee, having regard to factors, including emoluments paid by comparable companies, time commitment, job duties and responsibilities in respect of the relevant positions. The Company has adopted the Share Option Scheme, details of which are set out under the section headed "Share Option Scheme" in this report above.

Details of the Directors' emoluments and the five highest paid individuals in the Group during the Year are set out in Notes 11 and 12 to the Financial Statements.

During the Year, there was no arrangement under which any Director had waived or agreed to waive any emoluments.

9. 購股權計劃的剩餘期限:

購股權計劃由二零一七年七月十一日 起至採納日期之第十週年止期間(包括 首尾兩日)生效及有效,惟可由本公司 於股東大會上或由董事會提早終止。

薪酬委員會已在其於二零二四年三月 二十六日舉行的會議上審閲購股權計 劃。

董事購買股份及債券的權利

本公司及其任何附屬公司於本年度內任何 時間概無向任何董事或彼等各自的聯繫人 授出可透過收購本公司股份或債券而取得 利益的權利,而本公司或其任何附屬公司 亦無訂立任何安排。

關連交易

於本年度,據董事所知,本集團並無訂立 屬上市規則第14A章所界定的一次性關連交 易或持續關連交易的任何關聯方交易。

薪酬政策及董事酬金

本集團認為其僱員的薪酬待遇與地方行業 相一致。其為僱員提供團體住院及個人意 外保險。本集團亦為僱員提供一項獎勵花 紅計劃,鼓勵彼等的個人表現以及為部門 業績作貢獻。

董事酬金由薪酬委員會經考慮可資比公司 支付的酬金、就有關職位所投入的時間及 所肩負的工作職責及責任等因素後審閱及 批准。本公司已採納購股權計劃,其詳情 載於本報告上文「購股權計劃」一節。

本集團於本年度的董事酬金及五名最高薪 酬人士的詳情載於財務報表附註11及12。

於本年度內,並無任何董事已放棄或同意 放棄任何酬金的安排。

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

The Company did not redeem its Shares listed on the Stock Exchange nor did the Company or any of its subsidiaries purchase or sell any of such Shares during the Year.

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

During the Year, the Group has not made any charitable donations in excess of HK\$11,500 (2022: HK\$10,000).

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Articles or the laws of the Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new Shares on a pro-rata basis to existing Shareholders.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Directors recognise the importance of incorporating elements of good corporate governance in the management structures and internal control procedures of the Company so as to achieve effective accountability. The Company is committed to the view that the Board should include a balanced composition of executive Directors and INEDs so that there is a strong independent element on the Board which can effectively exercise independent judgement.

The Company has adopted the code provisions as set out in the Corporate Governance Code as contained in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules (the "**CG Code**") as its own code of corporate governance.

During the Year, the Company had complied with all of the applicable code provisions of the CG Code. For details, please refer to the "Corporate Governance Report" which is set out on pages 76 to 104 of this annual report.

The Audit committee, consisting of all three INEDs, namely Mr. KF Lee (chairman of the Audit Committee), Dato' Mohd Ibrahim and Mr. Eng, is responsible for reviewing the Company's corporate governance policies and the Company's compliance with the CG Code and will make relevant recommendations to the Board as and when required.

購買、出售或贖回上市證券

於本年度,本公司並無贖回其於聯交所上 市的股份,本公司或其任何附屬公司亦無 購買或出售任何有關股份。

慈善捐款

於本年度內,本集團並無作出任何超過 11,500港元的慈善捐款(二零二二年: 10,000港元)。

優先購買權

細則或開曼群島法律並無關於優先購買權 的條文,該條文規定本公司須按比例向現 有股東發售新股份。

企業管治

董事深明在本公司管理架構及內部監控程 序中融入良好企業管治要素以建立有效問 責之重要性。本公司致力秉持董事會應包 括適當比例的執行董事及獨立非執行董事, 以使董事會具備高度獨立性,能有效作出 獨立判斷。

本公司已採納上市規則附錄C1所載企業管治守則(「企業管治守則」)的守則條文作為 其本身的企業管治守則。

於本年度內,本公司已遵守企業管治守則 的所有適用守則條文。詳情請參閱本年報 第76至104頁所載的「企業管治報告」。

審計委員會(由全體三名獨立非執行董事 組成,即李勤輝先生(審計委員會主席)、 Dato' Mohd Ibrahim及Eng先生)負責審閲本 公司的企業管治政策及本公司遵守企業管 治守則的情況,並據此於需要時向董事會 提出相關推薦建議。

董事會報告(續)

SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code as its code of conduct governing the Directors' transactions of listed securities of the Company. All of the Directors has confirmed, upon a specific enquiry made by the Company, that he/she had complied with the Model Code during the FY2023.

INDEPENDENCE OF INEDS

The Company has received from each of its INEDs a written annual confirmation of independence, and the Company considers that each of them is independent and has met the independence guidelines as set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

INTEREST OF DIRECTORS IN A COMPETING BUSINESS

For the Year and up to the date of this annual report, none of the Directors or their respective close associates had interests in businesses which compete or are likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group.

DEED OF NON-COMPETITION

Pursuant to a deed of non-competition dated 23 June 2017 and executed by TYJ and Mr. Tang (the "**Deed of Non-competition**"), each of TYJ and Mr. Tang has undertaken to the Company that it/he will not engage in, and shall procure its/his close associates (other than members of the Group) not to engage in, any business which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group. Details of the Deed of Non-competition have been disclosed in the section headed "Relationship with Controlling Shareholders — Deed of Non-competition" of the Prospectus.

The Company has received from TYJ and Mr. Tang an annual confirmation that it/he has fully complied with its/his obligations under the Deed of Non-competition. The independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the confirmation and not being aware of the occurrence of any event which led to the non-compliance of the Deed of Non-competition, they were satisfied that each of TYJ and Mr. Tang had complied with and enforced the provisions of the Deed of Non-competition during the Year.

董事進行證券交易

本公司已採納標準守則作為其有關董事進 行本公司上市證券交易的行為守則。經本 公司作出具體查詢後,全體董事已確認彼 等於二零二三年財政年度已遵守標準守則。

獨立非執行董事的獨立性

本公司已接獲其各獨立非執行董事的年度 獨立身份確認函,及本公司認為彼等均為 獨立人士且符合上市規則第3.13條所載之 獨立指引。

董事於競爭業務的權益

於本年度內及直至本年報日期,董事或彼 等各自緊密聯繫人概無於直接或間接與本 集團業務構成競爭或可能構成競爭的業務 擁有權益。

不競爭契據

根據日期為二零一七年六月二十三日並由 TYJ與Tang先生簽立的不競爭契據(「**不競爭** 契據」),TYJ與Tang先生均已向本公司承諾, 其將不會並將促使其緊密聯繫人(不包括本 集團成員公司)不會從事直接或間接與本集 團業務構成競爭或可能構成競爭的任何業 務。不競爭契據詳情披露於招股章程「與 控股股東的關係 — 不競爭契據」一節。

本公司已接獲TYJ及Tang先生的年度確認書, 其已完全遵守其於不競爭契據項下的責任。 獨立非執行董事已審閱確認書,且未發現 任何導致違反不競爭契據的事項,彼等已 信納TYJ及Tang先生於本年度均已遵守並執 行不競爭契據的規定。



SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Directors confirmed that the Company has maintained a sufficient public float of the issued Shares (i.e. at least 25% of the issued Shares being held by the public) as required under the Listing Rules, throughout the Year and thereafter up to the date of this annual report.

RELATIONSHIP WITH EMPLOYEES, CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The Group recognises that its employees are the valuable assets for the Group's continuous development. Thus, it provides medical insurance coverage to employees who are retained after the probation period. In order to enhance overall efficiency, employee loyalty and retention, employees of the Group are required to attend orientation sessions when they first join the Group and may attend other training courses held onsite or externally.

The Company has adopted the Share Option Scheme to recognise and motivate contributions of its employees. Further details regarding the Share Option Scheme are set out in the paragraphs headed "Share Option Scheme" above.

The Group provides high quality coconut related products to its customers from both private sector and public sector to fulfil their immediate and long-term needs. The Group also communicates with its customers regularly to maintain close relationship with them.

During the Year, there was no material or significant dispute between the Group and its suppliers as the Group has been maintaining fair and cooperative relationships with them.

RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLAN

As required by the Malaysian law, the Group makes contributions to the state pension scheme, the Employees Provident Fund (the "**EPF**"), a social security institution formed according to the Employees Provident Fund Act 1991 which provides for the retirement benefits for all local employees. Both the employer and employee are required to make contributions into the employee's individual account in the EPF at a specified percentage of the employee's monthly income. As at the date of this annual report, the Group is in compliance with this requirement.

充足的公眾持股量

根據本公司公開可得的資料及據董事所知, 董事確認,於本年度至本年報日期,本公司 已根據上市規則規定維持充足的已發行股 份公眾持股量(即公眾人士至少持有已發行 股份的25%)。

與僱員、客戶及供應商的關係

本集團認為僱員乃本集團持續發展的寶貴 資產。因此,其向其通過試用期的僱員提 供醫療保險保障。為提升整體效率、僱員 忠誠度及留職率,本集團僱員須於首次加 入本集團時參加入職會議,並可能參與內 部或外部舉辦的其他培訓課程。

本公司已採納購股權計劃以表彰及鼓勵僱 員作出貢獻。有關購股權計劃的進一步詳 情載於上文「購股權計劃」各段。

本集團為其私營界別及公營界別的客戶提 供優質的椰子相關產品以滿足彼等的即時 及長期需求。本集團亦與其客戶定期溝通 以維持與彼等的緊密關係。

於本年度,由於本集團與其供應商維持公 平的合作關係,本集團與其供應商之間並 無任何重大或重要糾紛。

退休福利計劃

應馬來西亞法律的要求,本集團向國家退 休金計劃作出供款,僱員公積金局(「**僱員公** 積金局」)為一社會保障機構,根據《一九九一 年僱員公積金法》而成立,為所有本地僱員 提供退休福利。僱主及僱員均須按僱員月 收入的指定百分比向僱員於僱員公積金局 的個人賬戶供款。於本年報日期,本集團 符合該要求。

董事會報告(續)

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISIONS

Pursuant to the Articles and subject to the applicable laws and regulations, every Director, the independent auditor, the Company Secretary or other officers of the Company shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets and profits of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them may sustain or incur by or by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty, or supposed duty, in their respective offices.

The Company has taken appropriate insurance coverage in respect of Directors' and officers' liability for the Year.

RELIEF OF TAXATION

The Company is not aware of any relief from taxation available to the Shareholders by reason of their holding of the Shares. If the Shareholders are unsure about the taxation implications of purchasing, holding, disposing of, dealing in or exercising of any rights in relation to the Shares, they are advised to consult their professional advisers.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACT

No contract (except for the service contracts of the Executive Directors) concerning the management or administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company was entered into or existed during the Year.

IMPORTANT EVENT AFTER THE END OF THE YEAR

The Board is not aware of any important event requiring disclosure that has taken place subsequent to 31 December 2023 and up to the date of this annual report.

CHANGES IN INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS

Pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules, the change of information of the Directors since the date of the interim report for the six months ended 30 June 2023 is set out below:

 Dato' Mohd Ibrahim Bin Mohd Nor has retired as the chairman of Carzo Group on 31 December 2023.

獲准許彌償條文

根據細則及受適用法律及法規所規限,各 董事、本公司的獨立核數師、公司秘書或 其他行政人員應就彼等各自的職務執行其 職責或假定職責時因所作出、發生的任何 作為或不作為而可能招致或蒙受的全部訴 訟、費用、收費、損失、損害或開支而獲 本公司自其資產及溢利中撥付彌償及確保 免受損失。

於本年度,本公司已就董事及行政人員的責 任進行適當投保。

税務寬免

本公司並不知悉股東可由於持有股份而享 有任何税務寬免。如股東不確定於購買、 持有、出售、買賣或行使與股份有關的任 何權利時所涉及的税項影響,務請諮詢其 專業顧問。

管理合約

於本年度並無訂立或存續有關本公司全部 或任何重大部分業務管理或行政管理的合 約(執行董事的服務合約除外)。

年結日後重要事項

董事會並不知悉任何於二零二三年十二月 三十一日後及直至本年報日期發生的須予 披露的重大事項。

董事資料變更

根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條,自截至二零 二三年六月三十日止六個月的中期報告日期 以來的董事資料變更載列如下:

 Dato' Mohd Ibrahim Bin Mohd Nor於 二零二三年十二月三十一日退任Carzo Group之主席。

REVIEW OF THE ANNUAL RESULTS

The Audit Committee had reviewed this annual report (including the Financial Statements) and the annual results announcement of the Company for the Year and had submitted the same to the Board for approval. Members of the Audit Committee are of the opinion that the Financial Statements, the results announcement and this annual report have been prepared in compliance with the applicable accounting standards, the Listing Rules and the relevant statutory provisions and that adequate disclosure has been made.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

The Financial Statements have been audited by Mazars PLT, the independent auditors of the Company (the "**Independent Auditors**"). Mazars PLT will retire at the forthcoming 2024 AGM and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment.

A resolution will be proposed at the forthcoming 2024 AGM to re-appoint Mazars PLT as the Independent Auditors until the conclusion of the next AGM and to authorise the Board to fix their remuneration.

On behalf of the Board

Tang Koon FookChairman and Executive Director

Hong Kong, 27 March 2024

審閱全年業績

審計委員會已審閲本年報(包括財務報表) 及本公司於本年度的全年業績公告,並已 向董事會提呈以供批准。審計委員會的成 員認為財務報表、業績公告及本年報的編 製已符合適用的會計準則、上市規則及相 關法律規定並已作出充分披露。

獨立核數師

本公司獨立核數師Mazars PLT (「**獨立核數** 師」)已對財務報表進行審核。Mazars PLT 將於二零二四年股東週年大會上退任,且 符合資格並願意應聘連任。

將於二零二四年股東週年大會上提呈決議 案以重新委聘Mazars PLT為獨立核數師, 直至下屆股東週年大會結束,並授權董事 會釐定彼等酬金。

代表董事會

Tang Koon Fook *主席兼執行董事*

香港,二零二四年三月二十七日



TO THE MEMBERS OF S&P INTERNATIONAL HOLDING LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of S&P International Holding Limited (the "**Company**") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "**Group**"), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of cash flows for the financial year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information, as set out on pages 133 to 212.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2023, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

INDEPENDENCE AND OTHER ETHICAL RESPONSIBILITIES

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards)* ("**IESBA Code**"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code.

致椰豐集團有限公司全體股東 (於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

意見

吾等已審核刊於第133至212頁有關椰豐集 團有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱 「貴集團」)之綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報 表包括於二零二三年十二月三十一日之綜合 財務狀況表,及截至該日止財政年度之綜 合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動 表及綜合現金流量表,以及綜合財務報表 附註,其包括重大會計政策資料。

吾等認為,隨附之綜合財務報表已根據國際會計準則理事會頒佈的國際財務報告準則會計準則真實公允地反映了 貴集團於 二零二三年十二月三十一日之綜合財務狀 況及截至該日止財政年度之綜合財務表現 及綜合現金流量,且已根據香港公司條例 之披露規定妥為編製。

意見之基礎

吾等已根據國際核數準則進行審核。吾等 就該等準則承擔的責任在吾等之核數師報 告核數師就審核綜合財務報表承擔之責任 中進一步闡述。吾等相信,吾等所獲得的 審核憑證屬充分及恰當,可為吾等的意見 提供基礎。

獨立性及其他道德責任

根據國際會計師職業道德準則理事會之*國際職業會計師道德守則(包括國際獨立性準則)(*[**IESBA守則**]),吾等獨立於 貴集團, 並已履行吾等根據守則的其他道德責任。



獨立核數師報告(續) INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (Continued)

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the current financial year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Impairment of Property, Plant and Equipment

Refer to Significant Accounting Judgements and Estimates in note 4 and Property, Plant and Equipment in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

The risk:

The Group's property, plant and equipment as at 31 December 2023 amounted to RM106 million.

The Company's management reviews at the end of each reporting period the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. After considering the utilisation rates of property, plant and equipment, management had identified indications of impairment in respect of certain asset, including the liquid production plant. Accordingly, management had estimated the recoverable amounts of those assets. Management compared the carrying amounts of the assets to their respective recoverable amounts to determine whether recognition of impairment loss is necessary. During the financial year ended 31 December 2023, the Group recognised impairment loss of RM1.75 million in respect of its liquid production plant.

The estimation of recoverable amounts of those assets require management to make assumptions in the preparation of cash flows projection. The assumptions and judgements adopted by management include forecast for revenue, expenses, growth rates, discount rates, as well as the overall market and economic conditions relating to the Group's products. In view of the significance of property, plant and equipment, the level of judgement exercised by management and the estimation uncertainty, we consider impairment of property, plant and equipment as a key audit matter.

關鍵審核事項

關鍵審核事項乃根據吾等之職業判斷,對 本財政年度綜合財務報表之審核最為重要 之事項。該等事項乃於吾等審核整體綜合 財務報表及就此出具意見時進行處理,及 吾等不會就該等事項提供單獨意見。

物業、廠房及設備減值

請參閱綜合財務報表附註4重大會計判斷及 估計以及附註15物業、廠房及設備。

風險:

貴集團於二零二三年十二月三十一日的物業、 廠房及設備為106百萬馬來西亞令吉。

貴公司管理層於各報告期末檢討物業、廠 房及設備之賬面值,以確定是否有任何減 值跡象。倘出現任何該類跡象,便會估計 該資產的可收回金額。經考慮物業、廠房 及設備的使用率後,管理層發現若干資產(包 括液體生產工廠)出現減值跡象。因此,管 理層已估計該等資產的可收回金額。管理 層將資產的賬面值與其各自的可收回金額。 管理層將資產的賬面值與其各自的可收回金額。 於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年 度, 貴集團就液體生產工廠確認減值虧 損1.75百萬馬來西亞令吉。

該等資產可收回金額的估計需要管理層在 編製現金流量預測時作出假設。管理層採 納的假設及判斷包括收益、開支、增長率、 折現率的預測,以及與 貴集團產品有關 的整體市場及經濟狀況。鑒於物業、廠房 及設備的重要性、管理層作出的判斷及估 計的不確定性,吾等認為物業、廠房及設 備的減值為關鍵審核事項。

Our response:

Our audit procedures included, among others, obtained understanding of the Group's process in testing impairment of the property, plant and equipment. We evaluated the methodologies adopted by management in the estimation of recoverable amounts. We tested and challenged the key assumptions and data used by management in the recoverable amounts computation of those assets. We evaluated the basis and reasonableness of cash flows projections, including a retrospective review of past cash flows projections. With the support of our internal specialist, we assessed the appropriateness of the discount rates used by management in the computation of the recoverable amounts. We also assessed sensitivity of key inputs to the impairment testing models, to evaluate the corresponding effect on the recoverable amounts due to possible changes in the key assumptions.

INFORMATION OTHER THAN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND OUR AUDITORS' REPORT THEREON

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

吾等之回應:

綜合財務報表及核數師報告以外 之資料

貴公司董事須對其他資料負責。其他資料 包括年報所載資料,但不包括綜合財務報 表及吾等就此發出之核數師報告。

吾等有關綜合財務報表之意見並無涵蓋其 他資料,吾等亦不就此發表任何形式的核 證結論。

就審核綜合財務報表而言,吾等之責任是 閱讀其他資料,從而考慮其他資料是否與 綜合財務報表或吾等在審核過程中獲悉之 資料存在重大不符,或似乎存在重大錯誤 陳述。

倘基於吾等已完成之工作,吾等認為其他 資料出現重大錯誤陳述。吾等須報告該事 實。吾等就此並無任何事項須報告。

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. The directors of the Company are also responsible for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors of the Company, as assisted by the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to the members of the Company, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

董事對綜合財務報表須承擔之 責任

貴公司董事須負責根據國際財務報告準則 會計準則及香港公司條例的披露規定編製 真實公允之綜合財務報表,並落實董事認 為必要的內部控制,以使綜合財務報表的 編製不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大 錯誤陳述。

編製綜合財務報表時, 貴公司董事負責 評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用 情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及 使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非 貴公司 董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或 別無其他實際的替代方案。

審計委員會協助 貴公司董事履行監督 貴 集團的財務報告過程的責任。

核數師就審核綜合財務報表承 擔之責任

吾等的目標為合理確定整體綜合財務報表 是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大 錯誤陳述,並發出載有吾等意見的核數師 報告。本報告乃根據吾等協定的委聘條款 僅向 貴公司整體股東作出,除此以外, 不可用作其他用途。吾等概不就本報告的 內容對任何其他人士負責或承擔法律責任。

合理保證屬高水平保證,但不能擔保根據 國際審核準則進行的審核工作總能發現存 在的重大錯誤陳述。錯誤陳述可源於欺詐 或錯誤,倘個別或整體於合理預期情況下 可影響使用者根據綜合財務報表作出的經 濟決定時,則被視為重大錯誤陳述。 As part of an audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors of the Company.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements of the Group represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

在根據國際審計準則進行審核之過程中, 吾等運用了職業判斷,保持了職業懷疑態 度。吾等亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜 合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述之風險, 設計及執行審核程序以應對該等風險, 以及取得充足及適當之審核憑證,作 為吾等意見之基礎。由於欺詐可能涉 及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述, 或淩駕於內部控制之上,因此未能發 現因欺詐而導致重大錯誤陳述之風險 較因錯誤而導致重大錯誤陳述之風險 為高。
- 了解與審核相關之內部控制,以設計 適當之審核程序,但非旨在對 貴集 團內部控制之有效性發表意見。
- 評價 貴公司董事所採用會計政策之 恰當性以及作出會計估計及相關披露 資料之合理性。
- 評價 貴集團綜合財務報表之整體列 報方式、結構及內容,包括披露資料, 以及綜合財務報表是否公允反映相關 交易及事實。
- 就 貴集團中實體或業務活動之財務 資料獲取充分、適當之審核憑證,以 對綜合財務報表發表意見。吾等負責 指導、監督及執行集團審核。吾等對 審核意見承擔全部責任。

S&P International Holding Limited Annual Report 2023

獨立核數師報告(續) INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (Continued)

We communicate with the audit committee of the Company regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the audit committee of the Company with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the audit committee of the Company, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements for the current financial period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is Lee Soo Eng.

吾等就(其中包括)審核之計劃範圍、時間 安排及重大審核結果,包括吾等於審核 期間所識別內部控制之任何重大缺陷, 與 貴公司的審計委員會進行了溝通。

吾等亦向 貴公司的審計委員會提交聲明, 説明吾等已符合有關獨立性之相關職業道 德要求,並與彼等溝通所有合理認為會影 響吾等獨立性之關係及其他事項,以及為 消除威脅採取的行動及防範措施(如適用)。

從與 貴公司董事溝通之事項中,吾等決 定何種事項對本財政期間綜合財務報表之 審核最為重要,因而構成關鍵審核事項。 吾等會在核數師報告中描述該等事項,除 非法律法規不允許對某件事項作出公開披露, 或在極端罕見之情況下,若有合理預期在 吾等之報告中溝通某事項而造成之負面後 果將會超過其產生之公眾利益,吾等將不 會於此等情況下於報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告之審核項目合夥人 為Lee Soo Eng。

MAZARS PLT Chartered Accountants Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

27 March 2024

MAZARS PLT *特許會計師* Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

二零二四年三月二十七日



綜合損益及其他全面收益表

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

			2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
		Note 附註	—————————————————————————————————————	———— RM 馬來西亞令吉
Revenue	收益	5	85,217,638	91,623,708
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(67,879,648)	(77,411,244)
Gross profit	毛利		17,337,990	14,212,464
Other income Selling and distribution expenses	其他收入 銷售及分銷開支	6	909,577 (2,931,972)	4,954,240 (4,514,601)
Administrative expenses Other expenses	行政開支 其他開支		(10,103,986) (5,820,770)	(9,161,659) (4,268,766)
(Loss)/Profit from operations	經營(虧損)/溢利		(609,161)	1,221,678
Finance income	財務收入	7	60,976	44,259
Finance costs	財務成本	8	(2,118,818)	(1,309,067)
Net finance costs	財務成本淨額		(2,057,842)	(1,264,808)
Loss before taxation Income tax credit/(expense)	除税前虧損 所得税抵免/(開支)	9	(2,667,003) 868,679	(43,130) (847,235)
Loss for the year	年內虧損	10	(1,798,324)	(890,365)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Foreign currency translation differences	年內其他全面收益(扣除税 項) <i>其後可能會重新分類至損 益之項目:</i> 海外業務的外幣換算差額			
for foreign operations			3,121,601	3,503,945
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收益 總額		1,323,277	2,613,580
Loss attributable to: Equity shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interest	以下人士應佔虧損: 本公司權益股東 非控股權益		(1,800,969) 2,645	(888,885) (1,480)
Loss for the year	年內虧損		(1,789,324)	(890,365)
Total comprehensive income attributable to:	以下人士應佔全面收益 總額 :			
Equity shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interest	本公司權益股東 非控股權益		1,320,499 2,778	2,615,026 (1,446)
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收益 總額		1,323,277	2,613,580
Basic and diluted loss per ordinary share (expressed in Sen):	每股普通股基本及攤薄虧 損(以仙表示):	13	(0.17)	(0.08)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial 隨附附註乃該等財務報表之組成部分。 statements.

綜合財務狀況表

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

二零二三年十二月三十一日 31 December 2023

		Note 附註	2023 二零二三年 RM 馬來西亞令吉	2022 二零二二年 RM 馬來西亞令吉
ASSETS	資產			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	^{貝 ຼ} 非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	外派勤員座 物業、廠房及設備	15	106,161,102	114,534,460
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	16	4,833,932	5,272,141
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	25	225,834	151,915
			,	
			111,220,868	119,958,516
			,,,,	
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	18	23,292,226	30,273,488
Current tax asset	即期税項資產	10	1,806,569	2,020,019
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項	19	16,429,874	14,362,781
Pledged time deposits	已抵押定期存款	20	2,208,017	2,158,217
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	21	8,304,999	4,299,479
			52,041,685	53,113,984
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
TOTAL ASSETS	資產總值		163,262,553	173,072,500
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	權益及負債			
EQUITY	權益	00	5 0 4 4 700	
Share capital	股本 股份溢價	22 22	5,941,706	5,941,706
Share premium Reserves	版 [17] 溢 [1] 儲 備	22	58,707,916	58,707,916
	時1日回	22	54,159,960	52,839,461
Total aquity attributable to aquity	本公司權益股東應佔權益			
Total equity attributable to equity shareholders of the Company	中公可惟 益 放 宋 應 伯 惟 益 總 額		118,809,582	117,489,083
Non-controlling interest	^總 額 非控股權益		65,915	63,137
	77 J工 /JX /TE 皿			00,107
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額		118,875,497	117,552,220



椰豐集團有限公司 二零二三年年報

综合財務狀況表(續)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Continued)

二零二三年十二月三十一日 31 December 2023

			2023	2022
			二零二三年	二零二二年
		Note	RM	RM
		附註	馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉
LIABILITIES	負債			
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	非流動負債			
Loans and borrowings	貸款及借款	23	315,354	18,365,820
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	24	87,729	274,850
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	25	1,249,690	2,036,081
			1,652,773	20,676,751
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債			
Loans and borrowings	貸款及借款	23	28,445,716	19,828,803
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	24	308,979	241,288
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	26	10,601,073	12,713,115
Contract liabilities	合約負債	27	3,378,515	2,060,323
			-,,	
			42,734,283	34,843,529
			+2,70+,200	04,040,029
	白库纳菇		44.007.050	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	負債總額		44,387,056	55,520,280
	······			
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	權益及負債總額		163,262,553	173,072,500
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT	資產總值減流動負債			
LIABILITIES			120,528,270	138,228,971

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 27 March 2024.

董事會於二零二四年三月二十七日批准及 授權刊發。

Tang Koon Fook Director Tang Koon Fook 董事 Lee Sieng Poon Director Lee Sieng Poon 董事

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial 隨附附註乃該等財務報表之組成部分。 statements.

綜合權益變動表

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

			Attributab		areholders of t 益股東應佔	he Company		_	
		Share capital 股本 RM 馬來西亞令吉	Share premium 股份溢價 RM 馬來西亞令吉	Other reserve 其他儲備 RM 馬來西亞令吉	Translation reserve 換算儲備 RM 馬來西亞令吉	Retained earnings 保留盈利 RM 馬來西亞令吉	Total 總計 RM 馬來西亞令吉	Non- controlling interest 非控股權益 RM 馬來西亞令吉	Total equity 總權益 RM 馬來西亞令吉
At 1 January 2022	於二零二二年一月一日	5,941,706	58,707,916	150,200	(1,363,849)	51,438,084	114,874,057	64,583	114,938,640
Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations	海外業務的外幣換算 差額	_		_	3,503,911		3,503,911	34	3,503,945
Other comprehensive income for the year Loss for the year	年內其他全面收益 年內虧損		-	-	3,503,911 —	_ (888,885)	3,503,911 (888,885)	34 (1,480)	3,503,945 (890,365)
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收益 總額	_	_	_	3,503,911	(888,885)	2,615,026	(1,446)	2,613,580
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年 十二月三十一日	5,941,706	58,707,916	150,200	2,140,062	50,549,199	117,489,083	63,137	117,552,220
Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations	海外業務的外幣換算 差額	_	_	_	3,121,468	_	3,121,468	133	3,121,601
Other comprehensive income for the year Loss for the year	年內其他全面收益 年內虧損		-	-	3,121,468	_ (1,800,969)	3,121,468 (1,800,969)	133 2,645	3,121,601 (1,798,324)
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收益總額	_	_	_	3,121,468	(1,800,969)	1,320,499	2,778	1,323,277
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年 十二月三十一日	5,941,706	58,707,916	150,200	5,261,530	48,748,230	118,809,582	65,915	118,875,497

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial 隨附附註乃該等財務報表之組成部分。 statements.



椰豐集團有限公司 二零二三年年報

綜合現金流量表

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

			2023	2022
			二零二三年	二零二二年
		Note	BM	RM
		附註	馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉
		rij h <u>l</u>		小小田王〈口
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING	經營活動所得現金流量			
ACTIVITIES	起苦冶到川侍况亚加重			
Loss before tax	除税前虧損		(2,667,003)	(43,130)
	就以下各項作出調整:		(2,007,000)	(40,100
Adjustments for:				
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊	4.5	7 000 000	
equipment	住田塘次文托茶	15	7,306,866	6,561,754
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	16	638,113	517,120
Loss on termination of lease	終止租賃的虧損		—	287
Finance costs	財務成本	8	2,118,818	1,309,067
Finance income	財務收入	7	(60,976)	(44,259
Net loss/(gain) on unrealised foreign	未變現外匯差額虧損/			
exchange differences	(收益)淨額	10	4,070,391	(484,079
Loss on disposal of plant and	出售廠房及設備的虧損			
equipment			-	282
Impairment loss on property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備減值			
equipment	虧損	15	1,750,000	_
Property, plant and equipment written		10	.,,	
off		15	19,416	1,356
		10	10,110	1,000
Oneverting predit before changes in	營運資金變動前的經營溢利			
Operating profit before changes in	宮建貝亚愛勤別的程宮溢利		40.475.005	7 010 000
working capital	オー イビ 絵話 手も		13,175,625	7,818,398
Change in inventories	存貨變動		6,981,262	(7,273,303
Change in trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項變動		(2,056,830)	3,890,038
Change in trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項變動		1,580,637	(4,742,072
Change in contract liabilities	合約負債變動		1,318,192	147,984
Cash generated from/(used in)	經營活動所得/(所用)現金			
operations			20,998,886	(158,955
Income tax refund	已退回所得税		425,249	—
Income tax paid	已付所得税		(203,430)	(187,841
Net cash generated from/(used in)	經營活動所得/(所用)			
operating activities	現金淨額		21,220,705	(346,796
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING	投資活動所得現金流量			
ACTIVITIES	ᆘᄜᄟᄥᄣᅟᅎᆮᇃᇄᄲ			
Acquisition of property, plant and	收購物業、廠房及設備			
equipment		(i)	(4,378,352)	(14,450,074
Interest received	已收利息		60,976	44,259
Increase in pledged time deposits	已抵押定期存款增加		(49,800)	(37,800
Proceeds for disposal of plant and	出售廠房及設備的所得款項			
equipment			_	6,000
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用現金淨額		(4,367,176)	(14,437,615
0				

綜合現金流量表(續)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

		Note	2023 二零二三年 BM	2022 二零二二年 BM
		附註	馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動所用現金淨額			
Capital element of lease liabilities paid Drawdown from borrowings Interest and other borrowing costs paid Interest element of lease liabilities paid	已付租賃負債的資本部分 提取新借款 已付利息及其他借款成本 已付租賃負債的利息部分	(iii) (iii) (iii) (iii)	(319,334) 40,027,534 (1,997,147) (23,646)	(281,434) 42,357,264 (1,082,619) (7,883)
Repayments of loans and borrowings	貸款及借款還款	(<i>iii)</i> (<i>iii</i>)	(50,632,684)	(38,707,022)
Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities	融資活動(所用)/所得 現金淨額		(12,945,277)	2,278,306
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等價物增加/ (減少)淨額		3,908,252	(12,506,105)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 1 JANUARY	於一月一日的現金及現金等 價物		4,299,479	13,331,950
EFFECT OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES	匯率變動的影響		97,268	3,473,634
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 31 DECEMBER	於十二月三十一日的現金及 現金等價物	21	8,304,999	4,299,479

(i) Acquisition of property, plant and equipment

(i) 收購物業 · 廠房及設備

		2023 二零二三年 RM 馬來西亞令吉	2022 二零二二年 RM 馬來西亞令吉
Additions during the year Payment for prior year acquisition Deposit paid during the year Deposit paid in prior year Amount unpaid included in other payables	年內添置 過往年度收購的付款 年內支付的按金 過往年度支付的按金 計入其他應付款項的未付款項	702,924 4,252,167 35,576 (51,327) (560,988)	17,417,302 3,924,536 51,327 (2,690,924) (4,252,167)
		4,378,352	14,450,074



綜合現金流量表(續)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

(ii) Cash outflows for leases as a lessee

Loans and borrowings

(ii) 作為承租人的租賃現金流出

		2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
		—	
		馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉
Included in net cash from operating activities Payment relating to short-term leases	計入經營活動所得現金淨額 短期租賃相關付款	9,744	315,411
Included in net cash from financing activities Interest paid in relation to lease liabilities	計入融資活動所得現金淨額 已付租賃負債相關利息	23,646	7.883
Payment of lease liabilities	租賃負債付款	319,334	281,434
Total cash outflows for leases	有關租賃的現金流出總額	352,724	604,728

(iii) Reconciliation of movement of liabilities to cash flows arising from (iii) 負債變動與融資活動所得現金流量對賬: financing activities:

貸款及借款

		2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
		- ぞ - 二 平 BM	
			RM E + = = = +
		馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉
At 1 January	於一月一日	38,194,623	34,933,641
Cash flows:	現金流量:		
Drawdown from borrowings	提取借款	40,027,534	42,357,264
Repayment of loans and borrowings	貸款及借款還款	(50,632,684)	(38,707,022)
Interest paid	已付利息	(1,997,147)	(1,082,619)
Non-cash:	<i>非現金:</i>		
Interest expense	利息開支	2,095,172	1,301,184
Foreign exchange movement	外匯變動	1,073,572	(607,825)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	28,761,070	38,194,623
Lease liabilities	租賃負債		
At 1 January	於一月一日	516,138	268,131
Cash flows:	現金流量:	,	,
Capital element of lease liabilities paid	已付租賃負債的資本部分	(319,334)	(281,434)
Interest paid	已付利息	(23,646)	(281,181)
interest paid		(20,040)	(1,000)
Non-cash:	非現金:		
Interest expense	利息開支	23,646	7,883
Acquisition of new lease	收購新租賃	200,862	530,550
Termination	終止	(958)	(1,109)
			(,,
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	396,708	516,138

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial 隨附附註乃該等財務報表之組成部分。 statements.

財務報表附註 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

1. **GENERAL INFORMATION**

S&P International Holding Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands under the Companies Act, Cap. 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability on 10 November 2016. The address of its registered office is 89, Nexus Way, Camana Bay, Grand Cayman, KY1-9009, Cayman Islands and its principal place of business in Hong Kong is located at Unit 1513, 15/F., Austin Tower, 22-26 Austin Avenue, Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong. The principal place of business in Malavsia is located at 27-3. Jalan PJU 5/13. Dataran Sunway, Kota Damansara, 47810 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Darul Ehsan, Malaysia.

The Company is an investment holding company. The Company and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") are principally engaged in manufacturing and distribution of coconut based food and beverage products such as coconut cream powder, low fat desiccated coconut, coconut milk, coconut water and other related products. The Company's shares were listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange") on 11 July 2017.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

(a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS® Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). These financial statements also comply with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"). Material accounting policies adopted by the Group are set out in Note 3.

Application of new or amended standards

In the current year, the Group has applied a number of amendments that become effective mandatorily for the financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023. The adoption of the amendments does not have significant impact on the disclosures or on the amounts reported in these financial statements.

1. 一般資料

椰豐集團有限公司(「本公司」)於二零 一六年十一月十日在開曼群島根據開 曼群島一九六一年第3號法例(經綜合 及修訂)第22章公司法註冊成立為獲 豁免有限公司。其註冊辦公室地址為 89, Nexus Way, Camana Bay, Grand Cayman, KY1-9009, Cayman Islands 而香港主要經營地點位於香港九龍尖 沙咀柯士甸路22-26號好兆年行15樓 1513室。馬來西亞主要經營地點位於 馬來西亞雪蘭莪州八打靈再也哥打白 沙羅鎮三威廣場PJU 5/13路27號三樓 (郵編:47810)。

本公司為一間投資控股公司。本公司 及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)主要從 事生產及分銷椰類食品及飲料,例如 椰漿粉、低脂椰蓉、椰奶、椰汁及其 他相關產品。本公司股份於二零一十 年七月十一日於香港聯合交易所有限 公司(「聯交所」)主板上市。

2. 編製基準

(a) 合規聲明

該等財務報表乃根據國際會計準 則理事會(「**國際會計準則理事會**」) 頒佈的國際財務報告準則(IFRS®) 會計準則編製。該等財務報表亦 符合香港公司條例的披露規定以 及聯交所主板證券上市規則(「上 市規則」)的適用披露條文。本集 團所採納的重大會計政策載於 下文附註3。

應用新訂或經修訂準則

於本年度,本集團已應用多項於 二零二三年一月一日或之後開始 之財政期間強制生效之修訂。採 納該等修訂不會對該等財務報 表的披露或報告金額造成重大 影響。



椰豐集團有限公司 二零二三年年報

財務報表附註(續)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (Continued)

(a) Statement of compliance (Continued) Amended standards issued that are not yet effective

The Group has not applied the following new amendments that have been issued by the IASB but are not yet effective:

2. 編製基準(續)

(a) 合規聲明(續) 已頒佈但尚未生效的經修 訂準則

本集團尚未應用以下國際會計準 則理事會已頒佈但尚未生效的新 修訂:

Amendments to IFRS 16 國際財務報告準則第16號的修訂	Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback 售後租回的租賃負債	1 January 2024 二零二四年一月一日
Amendments to IAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	1 January 2024
國際會計準則第1號的修訂	將負債分類為流動或非流動	二零二四年一月一日
Amendments to IAS 1 國際會計準則第1號的修訂	Non-current Liabilities with Covenants 附帶契約的非流動負債	1 January 2024 二零二四年一月一日
Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7 國際會計準則第7號及國際財務 報告準則第7號的修訂	Supplier Finance Arrangement 供應商融資安排	1 January 2024 二零二四年一月一日
Amendments to IAS 21 國際會計準則第21號的修訂	Lack of Exchangeability 缺乏可兑換性	1 January 2025 二零二五年一月一日
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	Deferred
國際財務報告準則第10號及 國際會計準則第28號的修訂	投資者與其聯營公司或合營企業之間的資產 出售或注資	延期

The adoption of the above new amendments are not expected to have significant impact on the financial position and financial performance of the Group when they become effective. 預期於以上新修訂生效時採納 不會對本集團的財務狀況及財 務表現造成重大影響。



財務報表附註(續) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (Continued)

(b) Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

(c) Functional and presentation currency

The Company and other investment holding subsidiaries incorporated in the Cayman Islands, the British Virgin Islands and Hong Kong have their functional currencies in Hong Kong Dollar ("**HK\$**") and subsidiaries established in Malaysia, Singapore and Thailand have their functional currencies in Ringgit Malaysia ("**RM**"), Singapore Dollar ("**SGD**") and Thai Baht ("**THB**") respectively. As the Group mainly operates in Malaysia, RM is used as the presentation currency of the consolidated financial statements.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of consolidation

(i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities, including structured entities, controlled by the Company. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Merger accounting is adopted for common control combinations (see below) in which all of the combining entities are ultimately controlled by the same controlling shareholders both before and after the business combination and that control is not transitory.

The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Potential voting rights are considered when assessing control only when such rights are substantive. The Group also considers it has de facto power over an investee when, despite not having the majority of voting rights, it has the current ability to direct the activities of the investee that significantly affect the investee's return.

2. 編製基準(續)

(b) 計量基準 財務報表按歷史成本基準編製。

(c) 功能及呈列貨幣

本公司及於開曼群島、英屬處女 群島及香港註冊成立的投資控股 附屬公司以港元(「**港元**」)作為其 功能貨幣,而於馬來西亞、新加 坡及泰國成立的其他附屬公司分 別以馬來西亞令吉(「**馬來西亞令** 吉」)、新加坡元(「新加坡元」)及 泰銖(「泰銖」)作為彼等的功能貨 幣。由於本集團主要在馬來西亞 經營業務,故馬來西亞令吉被用 作綜合財務報表的呈列貨幣。

3. 重大會計政策

(a) 綜合入賬基準

(i) 附屬公司

附屬公司是指本公司控制 的實體(包括結構性實體)。 附屬公司的財務報表自 留公司的財務報表,直至控制 財務報表,直至控制制合 財務報表,直至控制制合 所之日止。就共同控制合併 (請參,就各併前後均 計法業股股東最終控制,且 控制並非屬短暫性質。



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(a) Basis of consolidation (Continued)

(i) Subsidiaries (Continued)

Investments in subsidiaries are measured in the Company's separate statement of financial position at cost less any impairment losses. The cost of investment includes transaction costs.

(ii) Business combinations

Business combinations arising from transfers of interests in entities that are under the control of the shareholders that control the Group are accounted for as if the acquisition had occurred at the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented or, if later, at the date that common control was established; for this purpose comparatives are restated. The assets and liabilities acquired are recognised at the carrying amounts recognised from the controlling shareholders' perspective. All differences between the cost of acquisition (fair value of consideration paid) and the amounts at which the assets and liabilities are recorded have been recognised directly in equity as part of the other reserve.

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method from the acquisition date, which is the date on which control is transferred to the Group.

For new acquisitions, the Group measures the cost of goodwill at the acquisition date as:

- the fair value of the consideration transferred; plus
- the recognised amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree; plus
- if the business combination is achieved in stages, the fair value of the existing equity interest in the acquiree; less
- the net recognised amount (generally fair value) of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

(a) 綜合入賬基準(續) (i) 附屬公司(續)

於附屬公司的投資於本公 司的單獨財務狀況表中按 成本減任何減值虧損計量。 投資成本包括交易成本。

(ii) 業務合併

業務合併自收購日期(即控 制權轉移予本集團之日)起 採用收購法入賬。

就新收購而言,本集團按 下列基準計量於收購日期 的商譽成本:

- 已轉讓代價的公允價 值;加
- 被收購方任何非控股 權益的已確認金額; 加
- 倘業務合併分階段完成,則為被收購方現 有股權的公允價值; 減
- 所收購的可識別資產 及所承擔負債的已確 認金額淨額(通常為公 允價值)。

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(a) Basis of consolidation (Continued)

(ii) Business combinations (Continued)

When the excess is negative, a bargain purchase gain is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

For each business combination, the Group elects whether it measures the non-controlling interest in the acquiree either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets at the acquisition date.

Transaction costs, other than those associated with the issue of debt or equity securities, that the Group incurs in connection with a business combination are expensed as incurred.

(iii) Non-controlling interest

Non-controlling interest at the end of the reporting period, being the equity in a subsidiary not attributable directly or indirectly to the equity holders of the Company, are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity within equity, separately from equity attributable to the owners of the Company. Non-controlling interest in the results of the Group is presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as an allocation of the profit or loss and the comprehensive income for the year between non-controlling interest and owners of the Company.

Losses applicable to the non-controlling interest in a subsidiary are allocated to the non-controlling interest even if doing so causes the non-controlling interest to have a deficit balance.

(iv) Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

(a) 綜合入賬基準(續)

(ii) 業務合併(續) 當差額為負數時,則即時 於損益確認議價購買收益。

> 就各業務合併而言,本集 團選擇是否以公允價值或 於收購日期分佔被收購方 可識別資產淨值的比例, 計量於被收購方的非控股 權益。

> 本集團就業務合併產生的 交易成本(與發行債券或股 本證券有關的交易成本除外) 於產生時列為開支。

(iii) 非控股權益

附屬公司中非控股權益應 佔的虧損分配至非控股權 益,即便如此處理會導致 非控股權益出現虧絀結餘。

(iv) 綜合入賬時抵銷的交易

集團內公司間結餘及交易 以及集團內公司間交易產 生的任何未變現收益及開 支均於編製綜合財務報表 時予以抵銷。



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(b) Foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the respective functional currencies of the entities comprising the Group at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the end of the reporting period are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at that date.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are not retranslated at the end of the reporting date, except for those that are measured at fair value are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at the date that the fair value was determined.

Foreign currency differences arising on retranslation are recognised in profit or loss.

The results of foreign operations are translated into RM at the exchange rates which approximate the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates of transactions. Statement of financial position items, including goodwill arising on consolidations of foreign operations acquired, are translated into RM at the closing foreign exchange rates at the end of the reporting period. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in the translation reserve.

However, if the operation is a non-wholly owned subsidiary, then the relevant proportionate share of the exchange differences is allocated to the non-controlling interest.

On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative amount of the exchange differences relating to that foreign operation is reclassified from equity to profit or loss when the profit or loss on disposal is recognised.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

(b) 外幣

外幣交易按交易當日的匯率換算 為本集團旗下實體各自的功能貨 幣。

於報告期末以外幣計值的貨幣 資產及負債按該日的匯率重新換 算為功能貨幣。

以外幣計值的非貨幣資產及負 債於報告日期末不予換算,除非 按公允價值計量的非貨幣資產 及負債按釐定公允價值之日的匯 率重新換算為功能貨幣則作別 論。

因重新換算而產生的外幣差額 於損益確認。

海外業務的業績按與交易當日通 行的外匯匯率相若的匯率換算為 馬來西亞令吉。財務狀況表項目 (包括所收購的海外業務綜合入 賬時產生的商譽)於報告期末合 收市外匯匯率換算為馬來西亞令 吉。所產生的匯兑差額於其他 面收益內確認及分別累積於權 益中的換算儲備內。

然而,倘業務屬非全資附屬公司, 則應佔換算差額的相關比例則 分配至非控股權益。

於出售海外業務時,有關該海外 業務的匯兑差額的累計金額於 出售溢利或虧損予以確認時從權 益重新分類至損益。

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(b) Foreign currency (Continued)

In the consolidated financial statements, when settlement of a monetary item receivable from or payable to a foreign operation is neither planned nor likely to occur in the foreseeable future, foreign exchange gains and losses arising from such a monetary item are considered to form part of a net investment in a foreign operation and are recognised in other comprehensive income, and are presented in the translation reserve within equity.

(c) Financial instruments

(i) Recognition and initial measurement

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without significant financing component) or a financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus or minus, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issuance. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

(ii) Financial instrument categories and subsequent measurement

Financial assets

Categories of financial assets are determined on initial recognition and are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Group changes its business model for managing financial assets in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change of the business model.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

(b) 外幣(續)

於綜合財務報表中,倘目前並無 計劃且可預見將來亦不大可能清 償應收或應付海外業務的貨幣 項目,則該貨幣項目產生的外匯 收益及虧損被視作於海外業務 的淨投資部分,並於其他全面收 益內確認及於權益的換算儲備 內呈列。

(c) 金融工具

(i) 確認及初步計量

金融資產或金融負債乃當 及僅當本集團成為工具合 約條文的訂約方時於財務 狀況表中確認。

金融資產(並無重大融資成 分的貿易應收款項除外) 金融負債初步按公允價值 加上或扣除(就並非按公允 價值計入損益的項目而高 的交易成分的貿易應收 款 項初步按交易價格計量。

(ii) 金融工具分類及其後 計量

金融資產

金融資產的分類於初步確 認時釐定並於初步確認後 不得重新分類,除非本集 團改變管理金融資產的 素輕 發生改變產的金融資產在業 成 發生改變後的首個 者 時間的首日重新分類。



椰豐集團有限公司 二零二三年年報

財務報表附註(續)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

- (c) Financial instruments (Continued)
 - (ii) Financial instrument categories and subsequent measurement (Continued)

Amortised cost

Amortised cost category comprises financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The financial assets are not designated as fair value through profit or loss. Subsequent to initial recognition, these financial assets are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The amortised cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.

Interest income is recognised by applying effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount except for credit impaired financial assets where the effective interest rate is applied to the amortised cost.

Fair value through profit or loss

All financial assets not measured at amortised cost as described above are measured at fair value through profit or loss. This includes derivative financial assets (except for a derivative that is a designated and effective hedging instrument). On initial recognition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income as at fair value through profit or loss if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

(c) 金融工具(續)

(ii) 金融工具分類及其後 計量(續)

攤銷成本

已攤銷成本類別包括其業 務模式是以持有資產收取 合約現金流量為目的且其合 約條款規定於特定日期產 生的現金流量僅為支付本 金及未償還本金金額利息 的金融資產。金融資產並 非指定為按公允價值計入 損益。初步確認後,該等 金融資產採用實際利率法 按攤銷成本計量。攤銷成 本會扣減減值虧損。利息 收入、外匯收益及虧損以 及減值於損益內確認。終 止確認產生的任何收益或 虧損於損益內確認。

利息收入採用實際利率法 計算總賬面值確認,惟存 在信貸減值的金融資產除 外,因實際利率法用於計 算攤銷成本。

按公允價值計入損益

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

- (c) Financial instruments (Continued)
 - (ii) Financial instrument categories and subsequent measurement (Continued)

Fair value through profit or loss (Continued)

Financial assets categorised as fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at their fair value. Net gains or losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognised in the profit or loss.

All financial assets, except for those measured at fair value through profit or loss are subject to impairment assessment.

Financial liabilities

Amortised cost

Financial liabilities not categorised as fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in the profit or loss. Any gains or losses on derecognition are also recognised in the profit or loss.

(iii) Derecognition

A financial asset or part of it is derecognised when, and only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or transferred, or control of the asset is not retained or substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred to another party. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount of the financial asset and the sum of consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) is recognised in profit or loss.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

(c) 金融工具(續)

(ii) 金融工具分類及其後 計量(續)

> 按公允價值計入損益(續) 分類為按公允價值計入損 益的金融資產其後按其公 允價值計量。盈虧淨額(包 括任何利息或股息收入)於 損益確認。

> 所有金融資產(按公允價值 計入損益計量者除外)均須 進行減值評估。

金融負債

攤銷成本

並非分類為按公允價值計 入損益的金融負債其後以 實際利率法按攤銷成本計 量。

利息開支及外匯收益及虧 損於損益內確認。終止確 認產生的任何收益或虧損 亦於損益內確認。

(iii) 終止確認



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(c) Financial instruments (Continued)

(iii) Derecognition (Continued)

A financial liability or a part of it is derecognised when and only when, the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. A financial liability is also derecognised when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different, in which case, a new financial liability based on modified terms is recognised at fair value. On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

(d) Property, plant and equipment

(i) Recognition and measurement

Freehold land and property under construction are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Other items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Cost includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset and any other costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to working condition for its intended use, and the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located. The cost of self-constructed assets also includes the cost of materials and direct labour. For qualifying assets, borrowing costs are capitalised in accordance with the accounting policy on borrowing costs.

Purchased software that is integral to the functionality of the related equipment is capitalised as part of that equipment.

When significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

(c) 金融工具(續) (iii) 終止確認(續)

(d) 物業、廠房及設備

(i) 確認與計量

永久業權土地及在建物業 按成本減任何累計減值虧 損計量。其他物業、廠房 及設備項目按成本減任何 累計折舊及任何累計減值 虧損計量。

所購軟件(屬相關設備的功 能所必需)會資本化為該設 備的一部分。

倘物業、廠房及設備項目 主要部分的可使用年期不 同,則有關部分以物業、廠 房及設備的獨立項目(主要 部分)入賬。

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(d) Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

(i) Recognition and measurement (Continued)

The gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment and is recognised in profit or loss.

(ii) Subsequent costs

The cost of replacing a component of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the component will flow to the Group or the Company, and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced component is derecognised to profit or loss. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

(iii) Depreciation

Depreciation is based on the cost of an asset less its residual value. Significant components of individual assets are assessed, and if a component has a useful life that is different from the remainder of that asset, then that component is depreciated separately.

Depreciation is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each component of an item of property, plant and equipment from the date that they are available for use. Depreciation does not cease when the asset becomes idle or is retired from active use unless the asset is fully depreciated.

Freehold land is not depreciated. Property, plant and equipment under construction are not depreciated until the assets are ready for their intended use.

Buildings are depreciated over their useful lives or over the remaining land lease period, whichever is shorter.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 物業、廠房及設備(續)
 (i) 確認與計量(續)

出售物業、廠房及設備項 目的收益或虧損乃通過比 較出售所得款項與物業、 廠房及設備的賬面值釐定, 並於損益中確認。

(ii) 後續成本

倘物業、廠房及設備項目 被替納分所具有的未來 團或新分所具有的未來 團或本公司且其成本能 可靠地就項目的賬面值確認。 被替換部分的賬賬面值不 於設備的日常服務成本於 產生時在損益確認。

(iii) 折舊

折舊乃按資產的成本減其 殘值計算。個別資產的重 要部分均會予以評估,且倘 某部分的可使用年期與該 資產其餘部分不同,則該 部分會單獨計算折舊。

物業、廠房及設備項目各 部分的折舊自其可供使用 之日起於其估計可使用年 期按直線法於損益中確認。 資產於閒置或不再經常使 用時繼續計提折舊,除非 資產已悉數折舊。

永久業權土地不予折舊。 在建物業、廠房及設備於 該等資產可作擬定用途前 不予折舊。

樓宇於其可使用年期或剩餘土地租賃期間(以較短者 為準)折舊。



椰豐集團有限公司 二零二三年年報

財務報表附註(續)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(d) Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

(iii) Depreciation (Continued)

The principal annual rates of depreciation are as follows:

Factory buildings and other	3%
buildings	
Plant and machinery	5%-10%
Motor vehicles	20%
Furniture, fittings and	10%-20%
equipment	

Depreciation methods and useful lives are reviewed at end of the reporting period, and adjusted as appropriate.

(e) Leases

(i) Definition of a lease

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys a right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Group assesses whether:

- the contract involves the use of an identified asset — this may be specified explicitly or implicitly, and should be physically distinct or represent substantially all of the capacity of a physically distinct asset. If the supplier has a substantive substitution right, then the asset is not identified;
- the customer has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset throughout the period of use; and

3. 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 物業、廠房及設備(續) (iii) 折舊(續)

主要折舊年率如下:

工廠樓宇及其他	3%
樓宇	
廠房及機器	5%–10%
汽車	20%
傢具、裝置及	10%-20%
設備	

折舊方法及可使用年期於 報告期末予以檢討及調整(倘 適當)。

(e) 租賃

(i) 租賃的定義

倘合約獲給予權利在一段時間內使用已識別資產以換取代價,則合約為或包括租賃。為評估合約是否 獲給予已識別資產之使用 權利,本集團會評估:

- 合約是否涉及已識別 資產的使用,且可 有所不同或的絕方,可 有所不同。 代表部 有同資產的絕方 。 能 質 替代權,則該 資 產不作識別;
- 客戶有權於整個使用 期間,自資產的使用 中獲得絕大部分經濟 利益;及

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(e) Leases (Continued)

(i) Definition of a lease (Continued)

the customer has the right to direct the use of the asset. The customer has this right when it has the decision-making rights that are most relevant to changing how and for what purpose the asset is used. In rare cases where the decision about how and for what purpose the asset is used is predetermined, the customer has the right to direct the use of the asset if either the customer has the right to operate the asset; or the customer designed the asset in a way that predetermines how and for what purpose it will be used.

At inception or on reassessment of a contract that contains a lease component, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease and non-lease component on the basis of their relative stand-alone prices. However, for leases of properties in which the Group is a lessee, it has elected not to separate non-lease components and will instead account for the lease and non-lease components as a single lease component.

(ii) Recognition and initial measurement

(a) As a lessee

The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

(e) 租賃(續)

(i) 租賃的定義(續)

(ii) 確認及初步計量



椰豐集團有限公司 二零二三年年報

財務報表附註(續)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

- (e) Leases (Continued)
 - (ii) Recognition and initial measurement (Continued)
 - (a) As a lessee (Continued)

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the respective Group entities' incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Group entities use their incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments less any incentives receivable;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee;
- the exercise price under a purchase option that the Group is reasonably certain to exercise; and
- penalties for early termination of a lease unless the Group is reasonably certain not to terminate early.

The Group excludes variable lease payments that linked to future performance or usage of the underlying asset from the lease liability. Instead, these payments are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the performance or use occurs.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

- (e) 租賃(續)
 (ii) 確認及初步計量(續)
 - (a) 作為承租人(續) 租賃 御步按於開 始日期尚走支付的 賃間的未支付的租賃 借款現值計量。 (倘 無法獲取該利率)本量 借款利率訪問。一般 用其增量。。 般 明 為折現率。

計入租賃負債計量的 租賃付款包括以下各 項:

- 固定付款,包括 實質固定付款減 任何應收獎勵;
- 視乎指標或利率 釐定的可變租賃 付款,初步使用 開始日期的指標 或利率;
- 預期殘值保證項
 下的應付款項;
- 本集團合理確定
 行使的購買選擇
 權的行使價;及
- 提早終止租賃的 違約金,除非本 集團合理確定不 會提早終止。

本集團排除與租賃負 債相關資產的未來表 現或用途掛鈎的可變 租賃付款。該等付款 於表現或使用的期間 於損益確認。

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

- (e) Leases (Continued)
 - (ii) Recognition and initial measurement (Continued)
 - (a) As a lessee (Continued)

The Group has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(b) As a lessor

When the Group acts as a lessor, it determines at lease inception whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease.

To classify each lease, the Group makes an overall assessment of whether the lease transfers substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset. If this is the case, then the lease is a finance lease; if not, then it is an operating lease.

If an arrangement contains lease and non-lease components, the Group applies IFRS 15 to allocate the consideration in the contract based on the stand-alone selling prices.

When the Group is an intermediate lessor, it accounts for its interests in the head lease and the sublease separately. It assesses the lease classification of a sublease with reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease, not with reference to the underlying asset. If a head lease is a short-term lease to which the Group applies the exemption described above, then it classifies the sublease as an operating lease.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

- (e) 租賃(續)
 (ii) 確認及初步計量(續)
 - (a) 作為承租人(續) 本集團選擇不確認使 用權資產及租期為12 個月或以價值債或租賃或租賃的租賃。本有關的 和貨付款按直網的 租期內確認為開支。
 - (b) 作為出租人

倘本集團為出租人, 其於租賃開始時釐定 各租賃是否為融資租 賃或經營租賃。

為對各租賃進行分類, 本集團整體評估租賃 是否轉讓相關資產擁 有權附帶的絕大部分 風險及回報。如是, 則租賃為融資租賃, 否則為經營租賃。

倘一項安排包括租賃 及非租賃部分,則本 集團應用國際財務報 告準則第15號根據獨 立售價分配合約代價。



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(e) Leases (Continued)

- (iii) Subsequent measurement
 - (a) As a lessee

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property, plant and equipment. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a revision of in-substance fixed lease payments, or if there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or if the Group changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option.

When the lease liability is remeasured, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

(b) As a lessor

The Group recognises lease payments received under operating leases as income on a straight-line basis over the lease term as part of "other income".

3. 重大會計政策(續)

(e) 租賃(續) (iii) 其後計量

(a) 作為承租人

於重新計量租賃負債 時,使用權資產賬面 值亦作出相應調整, 或倘使用權資產賬面 值減少至零,於損益 記錄有關調整。

(b) 作為出租人

本集團將根據經營租 賃收取的租賃付款按 直線法於租期內確認 為收入,列作「其他收 入」的一部分。

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(f) Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

The cost of inventories is calculated using the weighted average and includes expenditure incurred in acquiring the inventories, production or conversion costs and other costs incurred in bringing them to their existing location and condition. In the case of work-in-progress and finished goods, cost includes an appropriate share of production overheads based on normal operating capacity.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(g) Contract assets and contract liabilities

A contract asset is recognised when the Group's right to consideration is conditional on something other than the passage of time. A contract asset is subject to impairment in accordance to IFRS 9, Financial Instruments.

A contract liability is stated at cost and represents the obligation of the Group to transfer goods or services to a customer to a customer for which consideration has been received (or the amount is due) from the customers.

(h) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, balances and deposits with banks and highly liquid investments which have an insignificant risk of changes in fair value with original maturities of three months or less, and are used by the Group in the management of their short term commitments.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

(f) 存貨

存貨按成本與可變現淨值兩者 之間的較低者計量。

存貨成本使用加權平均計算,包 括購入存貨產生的開支、生產或 轉換成本以及將其運至現址及 達致現狀所產生的其他成本。就 在製品及製成品而言,成本包括 根據日常營運能力而適當分佔的 間接生產成本。

可變現淨值指於日常業務過程中 的估計售價減去估計完成成本 及進行出售所必需的估計成本。

(g) 合約資產及合約負債

當本集團收取代價的權利須待時 間推移以外的條件方可作實,則 確認合約資產。合約資產須根 據國際財務報告準則第9號,金 融工具進行減值。

合約負債按成本列賬及指本集團 因已自客戶收取代價(或到期收 取的代價),而須向客戶轉讓貨 品或服務的責任。

(h) 現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物包括手頭現金、 結餘及銀行存款以及原到期日為 三個月或以下的高流動性投資(其 公允價值變動的風險並不重大及 被本集團用於管理其短期承擔)。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(i) Impairment

(i) Financial assets

The Group recognises loss allowances for expected credit losses on financial assets measured at amortised cost. Expected credit losses are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses.

The Group measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit loss, except for debt securities that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date, cash and bank balance and other debt securities for which credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, which are measured at 12-month expected credit loss. Loss allowances for trade receivables are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit loss.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating expected credit loss, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including for ward-looking information, where available.

Lifetime expected credit losses are the expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of the asset, while 12-month expected credit losses are the portion of expected credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date. The maximum period considered when estimating expected credit losses is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

(i) 減值(i) 金融資產

本集團就按攤銷成本計量 之金融資產確認預期信用 損失之虧損撥備。預期信 用損失為信用損失之機會 率加權估算。

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(i) Impairment (Continued)

(i) Financial assets (Continued)

The Group estimates the expected credit losses on trade receivables using a provision matrix with reference to historical credit loss experience.

An impairment loss in respect of financial assets measured at amortised cost is recognised in profit or loss and the carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account.

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether financial assets carried at amortised cost are credit-impaired. A financial asset is credit impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off (either partially or full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Group's procedures for recovery amounts due.

(ii) Other assets

The carrying amounts of other assets (except for inventories and deferred tax assets) are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. For goodwill, the recoverable amount is estimated each period at the same time.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

(i) 減值(續)

(i) 金融資產(續)

本集團經參考過往信用損 失經驗採用撥備矩陣估計 貿易應收款項之預期信用 損失。

按攤銷成本計量之金融資 產之減值虧損於損益中確 認,而該資產之賬面值透 過使用撥備賬扣減。

於各報告日期,本集團評 估按攤銷成本列賬之金融 資產是否已發生信貸減值。 當對金融資產的估計未來 現金流量具有不利影響的 一項或多項事件發生時, 該金融資產存在信貸減值。

(ii) 其他資產

其他資產(存貨及遞延税項 資產除外)的賬面值於各報 告期末進行檢討,以釐定 是否有任何減值跡象。倘 出現任何該類跡象,便會 估計該資產的可收回金額。 就商譽而言,可收回金額 於各期間相同時間估計。



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(i) Impairment (Continued)

(ii) Other assets (Continued)

For the purpose of impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or cash-generating units. The goodwill acquired in a business combination, for the purpose of impairment testing, is allocated to a cash-generating unit or a group of cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or cash-generating unit.

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its related cash-generating unit exceeds its estimated recoverable amount.

Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets in the cash-generating unit (groups of cash-generating units) on a pro rata basis.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

(i) 減值(續)

(ii) 其他資產(續)

減值虧損於一項資產或其 現金產生單位的賬面值超 出其估計可收回金額時確 認。

減值虧損於損益中確認。 就現金產生單位確認的減 項金產生單位確認的,以 扣減獲分配現金產生單位 (現金產生單位組別)的任 何商譽的賬面值,及其單位 (現金產生單位組別)的 (現金產生單位組別)的其 他資產的賬面值。



截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(i) Impairment (Continued)

(ii) Other assets (Continued)

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. In respect of other assets, impairment losses recognised in prior periods are assessed at the end of each reporting period for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the financial year in which the reversals are recognised.

(j) Equity instruments

Instruments classified as equity are measured at cost on initial recognition and are not remeasured subsequently.

(i) Issue expenses

Costs directly attributable to the issue of instruments classified as equity are recognised as a deduction from equity.

(ii) Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

(k) Employee benefits

(i) Short term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefit obligations in respect of salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave and other benefits are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided.

A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

(i) 減值(續)

(ii) 其他資產(續)

商譽的減值虧損不會被撥 回。就其他資產而言,於以 往期間確認的減值虧損會 於各報告期末進行評估, 以確定是否有任何跡象顯 示虧損已減少或不再存在。 倘 自 上 一 次 確 認 減 值 虧 損 以來,用以釐定可收回金 額的估計出現變動,則減 值虧損會被撥回。僅當資 產的賬面值不會超過假設 並無確認減值虧損時原應 釐定的賬面值(經扣除折舊 或攤銷)時,方會撥回減值 虧損。減值虧損撥回乃於 確認該等撥回的財政年度 計入損益。

(j) 權益工具

分類為權益的工具於初步確認 時按成本計量,其後不會重新計 量。

(i) 發行開支

發行分類為權益的工具直 接應佔的成本確認為自權 益扣減。

(ii) 普通股
 普通股分類為權益。

(k) 僱員福利

(i) 短期僱員福利

薪金、年度獎金、有薪年 假及其他福利等短期僱員 福利義務以不貼現基準計 算,並於提供有關服務時 列為開支。

倘本集團因僱員過往提供 的服務而產生現有法律或 推定責任須支付此金額, 及責任可以可靠計量,則 會就根據預期支付的金額 確認負債。



椰豐集團有限公司 二零二三年年報

財務報表附註(續)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

- (k) Employee benefits (Continued)
 - (ii) Contributions to defined contribution retirement plans

The Group's contributions to statutory pension funds, which are defined contribution retirement plans, are charged to profit or loss in the financial year to which they relate. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in future payments is available. The assets of the pension funds are held separately from those of the Group in independently administered funds.

(iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised at the earlier of when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when it recognises restructuring costs involving the payment of termination benefits.

(I) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

(k) 僱員福利(續)

(ii) 界定供款退休計劃供 款

(iii) 合約終止補償 合約終止補償會在本集團 不能撤回提供該等補償與

不能撤回提供該等補償與 其確認涉及支付合約終止 補償的重組成本(以較早者 為準)時確認。

(I) 撥備及或然負債

倘若本集團須就已發生的事件承 擔法律或推定責任,而履行該責 任預期會導致含有經濟效益的 資源外流,並可作出可靠的估計, 便會計提撥備。如果貨幣時間價 值重大,則按預計履行責任所需 開支的現值計提撥備。

倘若並不需要產生含有經濟效益 的資源外流,或是無法對有關數 額作出可靠的估計,便會將該內 任披露為或然負債:除非經濟效 益外流的可能性極低則除外。須 視乎某個或多個未來事件是否發 生才能確定存在與否的潛在義務, 亦會披露為或然負債;但如這除 外。

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(m) Revenue and other income

(i) Revenue

Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The Group recognises revenue when (or as) it transfers control over a product or service to customer. An asset is transferred when (or as) the customer obtains control of the asset.

The Group transfers control of a good or service at a point in time unless one of the following overtime criteria is met:

- (a) the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided as the Group performs;
- (b) the Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or
- (c) the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

(ii) Rental income from subleasing of right-of-use assets

Rental income from investment property is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives granted are recognised as an integral part of the total rental income, over the term of the lease. Rental income from sub-leased property is recognised as other income.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

(m) 收益及其他收入

(i) 收益

收益按與客戶就交換向客 戶轉讓貨品或服務訂立的 合約中訂明的代價計量, 不包括代表第三方收取的 款項。本集團當(或於)貨 品或服務的控制權轉移於) 客戶取得資產的控制權時, 則予以轉讓資產。

本集團於某一時間點轉移 貨品或服務的控制權,除 非符合下列其中一項一段 時間標準:

- (a) 客戶於本集團履約時
 同時取得及消耗所提
 供的利益;
- (b) 本集團的履約創造或 增強客戶於資產被創 造或增強時控制的資 產;或
- (c) 本集團的履約並未創 造一項作替代用途的 資產,且本集團擁有 就迄今為止已完成的 履約獲得付款的可強 制執行權利。

(ii) 來自轉租使用權資產 的租金收入

> 來自投資物業的租金收入 按直線法在租期內於損益 中確認。所授予的租賃獎 勵在租期內確認為租金收 入總額的組成部分。來自 轉租物業的租金收入確認 為其他收入。



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(m) Revenue and other income (Continued)

(iii) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method in profit or loss except for interest income arising from temporary investment of borrowings taken specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset which is accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy on borrowing costs.

(n) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are not directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets.

The capitalisation of borrowing costs as part of the cost of a qualifying asset commences when expenditure for the asset is being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended or ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are interrupted or completed.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

(o) Income tax

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current tax and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination or items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

(m) 收益及其他收入(續) (iii) 利息收入

利息收入於其產生時按實 際利率法於損益內確認, 惟特定為取得合資格資產 的借款的臨時投資所產生 的利息收入,則根據借款 成本的會計政策入賬。

(n) 借款成本

並非直接屬於收購、建造或生 產一項合資格資產的借款成本採 用實際利率法於損益中確認。

因收購、建造或生產必須耗用 一段頗長時間方可作擬定用途或 銷售的資產而直接應佔的借款 成本均撥作該等資產的部分成 本。

屬於合資格資產成本一部分的借 款成本,在資產產生開支、借款 成本產生及使資產產投入擬定 對間開始資本化。在使合資格資 難電開始資本化。在使合資格資 的絕大部分準備工作終止或完成 時,借款成本便會暫停或停止資 本化。

特定借款尚未支付合資格資產支 出而用作臨時投資所賺取的投資 收入會從合資格資本化的借款成 本中扣除。

(o) 所得税

所得税開支包括即期及遞延税 項。即期税項及遞延税項於損 益中確認,惟與業務合併或直接 於權益或其他全面收益確認項目 相關則除外。

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(o) Income tax (Continued)

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous financial years.

Deferred tax is recognised using the liability method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in these consolidated statements of financial position and their tax bases. Deferred tax is not recognised for the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The amount of deferred tax recognised is measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realised simultaneously.

A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

(o) 所得税(續)

即期税項乃就年內應課税收入 或虧損根據於報告期末已實施 或實質上已實施的税率計算的預 期應付或應收税項,加上以往財 政年度應付税項的任何調整。

已確認的遞延税項金額按預期 變現或清償資產及負債賬面值 的方式,以報告日期已頒佈或實 質已頒佈的税率計算。遞延税項 資產及負債均不作貼現。

倘有抵銷流動税項負債及資產 的法定可強制執行的權利,而 定可強制執行的權利,而 乃關於相同税務當局對同一或 實體所徵收的所得税,或 體所徵收的所得税,或 實體所徵收的所得税,或 實 一,或 彼等的税項資產及負債 將同時變現,則抵銷遞延税項資 產及負債。

遞延税項資產僅於日後可能出現 應課税溢利可用以抵銷暫時差額 時方予確認。遞延税項資產於 各報告期末審閱,若日後不再可 能實現相關税項利益,則扣減 遞延税項資產。



椰豐集團有限公司 二零二三年年報

財務報表附註(續)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(p) Earnings per ordinary share

The Group presents basic and diluted earnings per share data for its ordinary shares ("**EPS**").

Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year, adjusted for own shares held.

Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, adjusted for own shares held, for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, which comprise convertible notes and share options granted to employees.

(q) Operating segment

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenue and incur expenses, including revenue and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components. Operating segments' results are reviewed regularly by the chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and to assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

(r) Fair value measurements

Fair value of an asset or a liability, except for lease transactions, is determined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market.

For non-financial asset, the fair value measurement takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

3. 重大會計政策(續)

(p) 每股普通股盈利

本集團呈列其普通股的每股基本 及攤薄盈利數據(「**每股盈利**」)。

每股基本盈利乃以本公司普通股 股東應佔盈虧除以年內發行在外 的普通股加權平均數計算,並就 自身持有的股份進行調整。

每股攤薄盈利乃透過調整普通 股股東應佔盈虧及發行在外普 通股加權平均數目釐定,並就自 身持有的股份進行調整,以落實 所有具潛在攤薄效應的普通股, 包括可換股票據及授予僱員的購 股權。

(q) 經營分部

經營分部是本集團可賺取收益及 產生開支(包括與本集團任何其 他部分的交易有關的收益及開支) 的商業活動的組成部分。經營分 部的業績由主要經營決策者定 期審閱以對分部作資源分配及 評估其表現作出決定,並可獲提 供個別財務資料。

(r) 公允價值計量

資產或負債的公允價值(租賃 交 易除外)釐定為市場參與者於計 量日期在有序交易中出售資產所 收取或轉移負債所支付的價格。 計量假定出售資產或者轉移負債 的交易在主要市場進行;不存在 主要市場的,假定該交易在最有 利市場進行。

以公允價值計量非金融資產,考 慮市場參與者將該資產用於最 佳用途產生經濟利益的能力,或 者將該資產出售給能夠用於最佳 用途的其他市場參與者產生經 濟利益的能力。

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

(r) Fair value measurements (Continued)

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group uses observable market data as far as possible. Fair value are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the input used in the valuation technique as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The Group recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfers.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with IFRS Accounting Standards requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

There are no significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements other than as disclosed below:

3. 重大會計政策(續)

- (r) 公允價值計量(續) 計量資產或負債的公允價值時, 本集團盡可能使用可觀察市場數 據。公允價值根據估值技術所用 輸入數據分為以下不同公允價值 層級:
 - 第一層級: 是相同資產或負債 在活躍市場上的報價 (未經調整)。
 - 第二層級: 是相關資產或負債 直接或間接可觀察 的輸入數據(第一層 級包括的報價除外)。
 - 第三層級: 是相關資產或負債 的不可觀察輸入數 據。

於促使轉移的事件或情況變動日 期,本集團於各公允價值層級水 平之間確認轉移。

4. 重大會計判斷及估計

按照國際財務報告準則會計準則編製 財務報表需要管理層作出判斷、估計 及假設,該等判斷、估計及假設會影 響會計政策應用以及所呈報的資產、 負債、收入及開支金額。實際結果或 有別於該等估計。

估計及相關假設會持續予以檢討。會 計估計的修訂於修訂估計的期間及未 來受影響期間確認。

除下文所披露者外,採用會計政策時 的估計不明朗因素及關鍵判斷並無任 何重大方面會對財務報表中確認的金 額造成重大影響:



截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

(Continued)

Impairment of property, plant and equipment

Annually, the Group carries out a review of impairment indication on property, plant and equipment. Where there is indicator of impairment, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the property, plant and equipment. The recoverable amount of the property, plant and equipment is estimated based on value-in-use calculations and/or fair value less costs to sell. The value-in-use is determined by discounting the future cash flows generated from the continuing use of the property, plant and equipment and the projected cash flows were prepared based on the financial projections approved by the Directors. The values assigned to the key assumptions used in the calculations represent management's estimate of the future income and expenditure which involve significant management's estimations based on various factors at the reporting date.

4. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

椰豐集團有限公司 二零二三年年報

物業、廠房及設備減值



截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

The principal activities of the Group are manufacturing and distribution of coconut cream powder, low fat desiccated coconut, coconut milk, coconut water and other related products.

Revenue represented the sales value of coconut cream powder, low fat desiccated coconut, coconut milk, coconut water and other related products to customers net of trade discounts, rebate and returns.

5. 收益及分部資料

本集團的主要業務為製造及分銷椰漿 粉、低脂椰蓉、椰奶、椰汁及其他相 關產品。

收益指向客戶銷售椰漿粉、低脂椰蓉、 椰奶、椰汁及其他相關產品的銷售價 值(扣除交易折扣、退款及退貨)。

	2023 二零二三年 RM 馬來西亞令吉	2022 二零二二年 RM 馬來西亞令吉
Revenue from contracts with customers 來自客戶合約的收益 — Coconut related products — 椰子相關產品 — Others — 其他	78,019,025 7,198,613	84,392,486 7,231,222
	85,217,638	91,623,708

The chief operating decision maker of the Group assesses the performance and allocates the resources of the Group as a whole, as all of the Group's activities are considered to be primarily dependent on the manufacturing and distribution of coconut cream powder, low fat desiccated coconut, coconut milk, coconut water and other related products. Therefore, management considers there is only one operating segment under the requirements of IFRS 8, *Operating Segments*. In this regard, no segment information is presented. 由於本集團的全部業務被視為主要依 賴製造及分銷椰漿粉、低脂椰蓉、椰 奶、椰汁及其他相關產品,本集團主 要經營決策者評估本集團的整體表現 及資源分配。因此,根據國際財務報 告準則第8號*經營分部*規定,管理層 認為僅有一個經營分部。就此而言, 毋須呈列分部資料。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Geographical information

The following table sets out information on the geographical locations of the Group's revenue from external customers. The geographical location of customers is based on the location at which the goods are delivered.

5. 收益及分部資料(續)

地域資料

下表載列按地域分佈本集團來自外部 客戶收益的資料。客戶的地域分佈乃 根據收貨地點而定。

		2023 二零二三年 RM 馬來西亞令吉	2022 二零二二年 RM 馬來西亞令吉
West Indies South East Asia Middle East North America East Asia Other regions	西印度群島 東南亞 中東 北美 東亞 其他地區	13,541,578 29,688,362 18,019,125 7.018,809 7,912,433 9,037,331	21,153,249 29,016,169 14,991,107 6,576,323 6,252,702 13,634,158
		85,217,638	91,623,708

The Group's non-current assets are all located in Malaysia with an aggregate amount of RM111,220,868 (2022: RM119,958,516).

本集團的非流動資產全部位於馬來西亞·總額為111,220,868馬來西亞令吉 (二零二二年:119,958,516馬來西亞令 吉)。

Major customers

Company A is the customer (including all common control companies) with revenue equal or more than 10% (2022: 10%) of the Group's total revenue:

主要客戶

公司A為個別收益等於或超過本集團 總收益10%(二零二二年:10%)的客戶 (包括全部共同控制公司):

		2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
		RM 馬來西亞令吉	RM 馬來西亞令吉
Company A	公司A	19,405,046	28,395,893

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Nature of goods

The following information reflects the typical transactions of the Group:

5. 收益及分部資料(續)

商品性質

以下資料反映本集團之典型交易:

Nature of goods or services 商品或服務性質	Timing of recognition or method used to recognise revenue 收益確認的時間或方法	Significant payment terms 重要支付條款	Variable element in consideration 可變代價成分	Obligation for returns or refunds 退貨或退款責任
四 叫 3	化血性脑的时间或力力	王女义门怀孙	引 友 [] 頃 枫 刀	巡员32巡孙员口
Coconut related products	Revenue is recognised at point in time when the customer obtains	Credit period of 7 to 120 days from invoice date	Sales incentive are given to customers when specific criteria are met	
椰子相關產品	control of goods 收益於客戶獲得商品控 制權的時間點確認	信貸期自發票日期起計 7至120日	於特定標準獲達成後向 客戶支付銷售獎勵	不適用
Others — Freight and shipping charges	Revenue for freight and shipping charges is recognised over time	Credit period of 7 to 120 days from invoice date	Not applicable	Not applicable
其他 — 貨運及運輸費	貨運及運輸費的收益隨 時間確認	信貸期自發票日期起計 7至120日	不適用	不適用

6. OTHER INCOME

6. 其他收入

		2023 二零二三年 RM 馬來西亞令吉	2022 二零二二年 RM 馬來西亞令吉
Income from subleasing of right-of-use assets Gain on foreign exchange differences Insurance claims Others	轉租使用權資產的收入 外匯收益 保險索賠 其他	184,000 73,775 651,802 909,577	180,000 484,079 3,398,710 891,451 4,954,240

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

7. FINANCE INCOME

7. 財務收入

		2023 二零二三年 RM	2022 二零二二年 RM
		馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉
Interest income of financial assets calculated using the effective interest method at amortised cost Interest income from pledged time	採用實際利率法計算 並按攤銷成本計量的 金融資產利息收入 已抵押定期存款的利息收入	11,176	6,459
deposits		49,800	37,800
		60,976	44,259

8. FINANCE COSTS

8. 財務成本

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RM 馬來西亞令吉	RM 馬來西亞令吉
Interest expense of financial liabilities that are not at fair value through	並非按公允價值計入損益的 金融負債的利息開支		
profit or loss		2,095,172	1,301,184
Interest expense on lease liabilities	租賃負債的利息開支	23,646	7,883
		2,118,818	1,309,067



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

9. INCOME TAX (CREDIT)/EXPENSE

9. 所得税(抵免)/開支

- Income tax (credit)/expense in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income represents:
- (a) 綜合損益及其他全面收益表內所 得税(抵免)/開支指:

		2023 二零二三年 RM 馬來西亞令吉	2022 二零二二年 RM 馬來西亞令吉
Current tax — Malaysian income tax	即期税項 — 馬來西亞所得税		
Current year Overprovision in prior years	本年度 過往年度超額撥備	6,201 (14,570)	47,133 (40,415)
		(8,369)	6,718
Deferred tax	遞延税項		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences (Over)/Under provision in prior	產生及撥回暫時差額 過往年度(超額撥備)/	(562,135)	245,425
years	撥備不足	(298,175)	595,092
		(860,310)	840,517
		(868,679)	847,235

The Group is not subject to any income tax in the Cayman Islands and the British Virgin Islands.

The Group is not subject to Hong Kong Profits Tax as it had no assessable income arising in and derived from Hong Kong for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022.

Malaysian income tax has been provided at the statutory tax rate of 24% (2022: 24%) on the estimated chargeable income arising in Malaysia.

本集團毋須繳納開曼群島及英 屬處女群島任何所得税。

截至二零二三年及二零二二年 十二月三十一日止年度,由於並 無來自及源自香港的任何應課税 收入,故本集團毋須繳納香港利 得税。

在馬來西亞產生的估計應課税 收入按24%(二零二二年:24%) 的法定税率計算馬來西亞所得 税。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

9. INCOME TAX (CREDIT)/EXPENSE

9. 所得税(抵免)/開支(續)

(Continued)

- (b) Reconciliation between income tax (credit)/expense and accounting loss at an applicable tax rate:
- (b) 按適用税率計算的所得税(抵 免)/開支與會計虧損之間的對 賬:

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RM	RM
		馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉
Loss before tax	除税前虧損	(2,667,003)	(43,130)
Taxation at applicable tax rate of	按適用税率24% (二零二二年:		
24% (2022: 24%)	24%)計算的税項	(640,081)	(10,351)
Effect of non-deductible expenses	不可扣除開支的影響	98,547	319,727
Effect of non-taxable income	毋須課税收入的影響	(14,532)	(16,818)
Recognition of previously	確認過往未確認的		(, , ,
unrecognised temporary	暫時差額		
differences		132	_
(Over)/Under provision in	過往年度(超額撥備)/		
prior years	撥備不足	(312,745)	554,677
		(868,679)	847,235

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

10. LOSS FOR THE YEAR

10. 年內虧損

Loss before tax is determined after recognising the following expense/(income):

除税前虧損乃於確認以下開支/(收入) 後釐定:

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RM	RM
		馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉
Auditors' remunerations:	核數師酬金:		
 Auditors of the Company 	- 本公司核數師	302,400	280,000
 Other auditors 	- 其他核數師	19,436	19,279
Material expenses/(income)	重大開支/(收入)		
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊		
equipment		7,306,866	6,561,754
Net losses/(gains) on foreign exchange	外匯差額虧損/(收益)淨額:		
differences	-		
– Realised	- 已變現	(73,775)	794,123
- Unrealised	- 未變現	4,070,391	(484,079)
Personnel expenses (including Directors'			
emoluments):			
- Wages, salaries and other benefits	- 工資、薪金及其他福利	12,908,027	12,720,089
 Contributions to defined 	- 界定供款計劃供款		
contribution plans		986,158	959,032
Loss on disposal of plant and equipment	出售廠房及設備的虧損	_	282
Impairment loss on properly, plant and	物業、廠房及設備減值		
equipment	虧損	1,750,000	_
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備撤銷	, ,	
written off		19,416	1,356
		· ·	
Expenses/(Income) arising from	租賃產生的開支/(收入)		
leases			
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	638,113	517,120
Expenses relating to short-term leases	短期租賃相關開支	9,744	315,411
Income from subleasing of right-of-use	轉租使用權資產收入	0,111	010,111
assets		(184,000)	(180,000)
		(101,000)	(100,000)



截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

11. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

During the financial year, Mr. Lim Sey Hock retired and Mr. Eng Hup Tat was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Group ("**INED**") on 29 May 2023.

Directors' emoluments disclosed pursuant to section 383(1) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation are as follow:

11. 董事薪酬

於本財政年度,於二零二三年五月 二十九日,Lim Sey Hock先生退任及 Eng Hup Tat先生獲委任為本集團獨立 非執行董事(「**獨立非執行董事**」)。

椰豐集團有限公司 二零二三年年報

根據《香港公司條例》第383(1)條及《公司(披露董事利益資料)規例》第2部披露的董事薪酬如下:

		Year Ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度			
				Contributions	
			allowances	to defined	
		Directors'	and benefits	contribution	
		fees	in kind 薪金 [、] 津貼及	plans 界定供款	Total
		董事袍金	實物利益	計劃供款	總計
		RM	RM	RM	RM
		馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉
Chairman and Executive Director	主席兼執行董事				
Tang Koon Fook	Tang Koon Fook	21,006	100,943	4,032	125,981
Executive Directors	執行董事				
Lee Sieng Poon	Lee Sieng Poon	21,006	100,943	4,032	125,981
Yap Boon Teong	Yap Boon Teong	28,008	218,599	26,208	272,815
Wong Yuen Lee	Wong Yuen Lee	28,008	182,599	21,888	232,495
Independent Non-	獨立非執行董事				
executive Directors					
Lee King Fui	李勤輝	49,015			49,015
Eng Hup Tat	Eng Hup Tat	20,705			20,705
Lim Sey Hock	Lim Sey Hock	14,399			14,399
Dato' Mohd Ibrahim Bin	Dato' Mohd Ibrahim				
Mohd Nor	Bin Mohd Nor	56,016			56,016
		238,163	603,084	56,160	897,407



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

11. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

11. 董事薪酬(續)

	Year Ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度				
			Salaries,	Contributions	
			allowances	to defined	
		Directors'	and benefits	contribution	
		fees	in kind	plans	Total
			薪金、津貼及	界定供款	
		董事袍金	實物利益	計劃供款	總計
		RM	RM	RM	RM
		馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉
Chairman and Executive Director	主席兼執行董事				
Tang Koon Fook	Tang Koon Fook	134,880	244,554	29,232	408,666
Executive Directors	執行董事				
Lee Sieng Poon	Lee Sieng Poon	47,209	231,831	18,528	297,568
Yap Boon Teong	Yap Boon Teong	26,976	218,442	26,208	271,626
Wong Yuen Lee	Wong Yuen Lee	26,976	182,442	21,888	231,306
Independent Non- executive Directors	獨立非執行董事				
Lee King Fui	李勤輝	47,209	_	_	47,209
Ng Hock Boon	Ng Hock Boon	13,416	_	_	13,416
Lim Sey Hock	Lim Sey Hock	33,720			33,720
Dato' Mohd Ibrahim Bin	Dato' Mohd Ibrahim	, -			, -
Mohd Nor	Bin Mohd Nor	32,633		_	32,633
		363,019	877,269	95,856	1,336,144

During the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, no emoluments have been paid to the Directors as inducement upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office. No Directors waived or had agreed to waive any emoluments. 截至二零二三年及二零二二年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團並無向董事 支付任何薪酬,作為其加入本集團時 的獎勵或作為離職補償。概無董事放 棄或已同意放棄任何薪酬。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

12. INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS

12. 最高薪酬人士

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments, three (2022: four) are Directors whose emoluments are as disclosed in Note 11. The aggregate of the emoluments in respect of the other two (2022: one) senior management is as follows:

在五名最高薪酬人士中,三名(二零 二二年:四名)人士為董事,彼等的薪 酬披露於附註11。另外兩名(二零二二 年:一名)高級管理層的薪酬總額如下:

	2023	2022
	二零二三年	二零二二年
	RM	RM
	馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉
Salaries and other benefits 薪金及其他福利	455,265	231,402
Contributions to defined 界定供款計劃供款		
contribution plans	54,384	27,648
	509,649	259,050

The emoluments of the above two (2022: one) senior management with the highest emoluments are within the following band:

上述兩名(二零二二年:一名)最高薪 酬高級管理層的薪酬屬於以下範圍:

		2023 二零二三年 Number of individuals 人數	2022 二零二二年 Number of individuals 人數
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	零至1,000,000港元	2	1

During the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, no emoluments have been paid to these highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office. 截至二零二三年及二零二二年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團並無向最高 薪酬人士支付任何薪酬,作為其加入 本集團或於加入本集團時的獎勵或作 為離職補償。



截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

13. LOSS PER ORDINARY SHARE

13. 每股普通股虧損

The calculation of basic loss per ordinary share was based on the loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of RM1,800,969 (2022: RM888,885) and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding of 1,080,000,000 (2022: 1,080,000,000) ordinary shares. 每股普通股基本虧損乃根據普通股股 東應佔虧損1,800,969馬來西亞令吉(二 零二二年:888,885馬來西亞令吉)及已 發行普通股加權平均數1,080,000,000 股(二零二二年:1,080,000,000股)普 通股計算。

		2023 二零二三年 Sen 仙	2022 二零二二年 Sen 仙
Basic loss per ordinary share	每股普通股基本虧損	0.17	0.08

The diluted loss per ordinary share is similar to the basic loss per ordinary share as the Group does not have any potential dilutive ordinary shares in issuance.

14. DIVIDEND

The Board has resolved not to recommend the payment of any final dividend for the current financial year.

由於本集團並無任何具潛在攤薄效應 的已發行普通股,故每股普通股攤薄 虧損與每股普通股基本虧損相若。

14. 股息

董事會已決議不建議就本財政年度派 發任何末期股息。

椰豐集團有限公司 二零二三年年報

財務報表附註(續)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 15. 物業、廠房及設備

		Freehold land 永久業權土地 RM 馬來西亞令吉	Factory buildings and other buildings 工廠樓宇及 其他樓宇 RM 馬來西亞令吉	Plant and machinery 廠房及機器 RM 馬來西亞令吉	Motor vehicles 汽車 RM 馬來西亞令吉	Furniture, fittings and equipment 傢具、裝置及 設備 RM 馬來西亞令吉	Construction in progress 在建工程 RM 馬來西亞令吉	Total 總計 RM 馬來西亞令吉
2023	二零二三年				1911年1			<u></u>
Cost At 1 January	成本 於一月一日	9,880,438	61,035,977	79,186,064	728,217	4,940,111	52,187	155,822,994
Additions	添置	-	67,824	424,120	-	52,706	158,274	702,924
Written-offs	撤銷	_		(183,502)		(5,984)		(189,486)
Reclassifications	重新分類	-				25,200	(25,200)	
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	9,880,438	61,103,801	79,426,682	728,217	5,012,033	185,261	156,336,432
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	累計折舊及減值							
At 1 January	於一月一日	-	6,818,285	29,818,532	687,564	3,964,153		41,288,534
Depreciation charge for the year	年內折舊支出	-	1,854,137	4,931,058	10,104	511,567		7,306,866
Impairment loss	減值虧損	-		1,745,000		5,000		1,750,000
Written-offs	撤銷	-		(164,092)		(5,978)		(170,070)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	-	8,672,422	36,330,498	697,668	4,474,742		50,175,330
Carrying amounts At 31 December	賬面值 於十二月三十一日	9,880,438	52,431,379	43,096,184	30,549	537,291	185,261	106,161,102



ES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 15. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

(Continued)

			Factory					
			buildings			Furniture,		
		Freehold	and other	Plant and	Motor	fittings and	Construction	
		land	buildings	machinery	vehicles	equipment	in progress	Total
			工廠樓宇及			傢具、裝置及		
		永久業權土地	其他樓宇	廠房及機器	汽車	設備	在建工程	總計
		RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
		馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉
2022	二零二二年							
Cost	成本							
At 1 January	於一月一日	8,997,828	39,417,877	71,432,065	689,720	4,598,754	13,341,952	138,478,196
Additions	添置	902,610	120,839	3,969,662	38,497	141,895	12,243,799	17,417,302
Disposal	出售	-	-	(11,600)	-	-	-	(11,600)
Written-offs	撤銷	-	-	(1,700)	-	(13,529)	-	(15,229)
Transfer	轉撥	(20,000)	-	-	-	-	(25,675)	(45,675)
Reclassifications	重新分類	-	21,497,261	3,797,637	-	212,991	(25,507,889)	-
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	9,880,438	61,035,977	79,186,064	728,217	4,940,111	52,187	155,822,994
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊							
At 1 January	於一月一日	-	5,348,262	25,267,123	681,313	3,449,273	-	34,745,971
Depreciation charge	年內折舊支出							
for the year		-	1,470,023	4,557,651	6,251	527,829	-	6,561,754
Disposal	出售	-		(5,318)	-	-	-	(5,318)
Written-offs	撤銷	-	-	(924)	-	(12,949)	-	(13,873)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日		6,818,285	29,818,532	687,564	3,964,153		41,288,534
	ж I <u>–</u> Л <u>–</u> I – В		0,010,200	29,010,002	007,304	3,904,103	_	41,200,004
Carrying amounts	賬面值							
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	9,880,438	54,217,692	49,367,532	40,653	975,958	52,187	114,534,460

Impairment loss

During the current financial year, due to lower than expected utilisation rate of the liquid production plant, the Group carried out an impairment test in respect of the liquid production plant and related assets.

The recoverable amount of the assets has been determined on the basis of value in use, where the cash flow projection attributable to the assets is discounted at 10.8% per annum.

The impairment test led to the recognition of an impairment loss of RM1,750,000 in respect of the liquid production plant.

減值虧損

於本財政年度,由於液體生產工廠的 使用率低於預期,本集團已就液體生 產工廠及相關資產進行減值測試。

資產的可收回金額已按使用價值釐 定,其中資產的現金流量預測以每年 10.8%的貼現率貼現。

減值測試導致就液體生產工廠確認減 值虧損1,750,000馬來西亞令吉。



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

15. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

(Continued)

Security

As of the end of the reporting period, the carrying amounts of assets pledged to licensed banks for banking facilities granted to the Group (see Note 23) are as follows:

抵押品

於報告期末,就本集團獲授的銀行融資(請參閲附註23)而抵押予持牌銀行 的資產賬面值如下:

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RM	RM
		馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉
Freehold land	永久業權土地	1,227,196	1,227,196
Factory buildings and other buildings	工廠樓宇及其他樓宇	19,000,915	19,717,726
Plant and machinery	廠房及機器	31,037,986	35,644,227
		51,266,097	56,589,149

16. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

16. 使用權資產

		Land 土地 RM 馬來西亞令吉	Buildings 樓宇 RM 馬來西亞令吉	Others 其他 RM 馬來西亞令吉	Total 總計 RM 馬來西亞令吉
2023	二零二三年				
At 1 January Additions Depreciation Termination	於一月一日 添置 折舊 終止	213,125 — (8,303) —	4,880,145 — (458,637) —	178,871 200,862 (171,173) (958)	5,272,141 200,862 (638,113) (958)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	204,822	4,421,508	207,602	4,833,932
2022	二零二二年				
At 1 January Additions Depreciation Termination	於一月一日 添置 折舊 終止	221,428 (8,303) 	5,008,423 321,143 (449,421) —	30,256 209,407 (59,396) (1,396)	5,260,107 530,550 (517,120) (1,396)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	213,125	4,880,145	178,871	5,272,141

The Group leases a number of warehouses, land and premises that run between 1 year and 3 years.

本集團租賃多處倉庫、土地及處所, 為期一年至三年。

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

16. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (Continued)

(a) Extension options

Some leases of buildings and premises contain extension options exercisable by the Group up to one year before the end of the non-cancellable contract period. Where practicable, the Group seeks to include extension options in new leases to provide operational flexibility. The extension options held are exercisable only by the Group and not by the lessors. The Group assesses at lease commencement whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the extension options. The Group reassesses whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the options if there is a significant event or significant change in circumstances within its control.

(b) Ownership interests in leasehold land and buildings held for own use

The Group holds several industrial buildings for its business, where its manufacturing facilities are primarily located. The Group is the registered owner of these property interests, including the whole or part of undivided share in the underlying land. Lump sum payments were made upfront to acquire these property interests from their previous registered owners, and there are no ongoing payments to be made under the terms of the land lease, other than payments based on rateable values set by the relevant government authorities. These payments vary from time to time and are payable to the relevant government authorities.

(c) Property subjects to operating leases

The Group subleases a portion of its right-of-use assets for a building under an operating lease. The lease typically runs for an initial period of three years, with an option to renew the lease for one year. Lease payments are agreed at a fixed monthly amount. The lease does not include any residual value guarantee.

16. 使用權資產(續)

(a) 延期選擇權

- 若干樓宇及處所之租約包括本集 團可在直至不可撤銷合約期間結 束前一年行使延期選擇權。在可 行的情況下,本集團力求於新租 賃中包括延期選擇權,以增加運 營靈活性。所持有延期選擇權 可由本集團而非出租人行使。本 集團於租賃開始時評估是否。 理確定會行使延期選擇權。倘 發生重大變化,則本集團會重新 評估是否合理確定會行使延期 選擇權。
- (b) 於持作自用的租賃土地及 樓宇的所有權權益

(c) 屬經營租賃之物業

本集團根據一份經營租約轉租 樓宇部分使用權資產。該租約 一般為期三年,可選擇續租一年。 租金已協定為每月固定款項。該 租約並不包括任何餘值擔保。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

16. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (Continued)

16. 使用權資產(續)

(c) Property subjects to operating leases (Continued)

The operating lease payment to be received is as follows:

將予收取的經營租賃付款:

(c) 屬經營租賃之物業(續)

		2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
		RM 馬來西亞令吉	RM 馬來西亞令吉
Within 1 year	1年內	170,000	180,000

(d) Security

As of the end of the reporting period, the carrying amounts of a building and a leasehold land pledged to a licensed bank for banking facilities granted to the Group (see Note 23(b)) are RM1,645,000 (2022: RM1,729,000) and RM204,820 (2022: RM213,124) respectively.

(d) 抵押品

於報告期末,就本集團獲授的銀 行融資(請參閲附註23(b))而抵押 予持牌銀行的樓宇及租賃土地賬 面值分別為1,645,000馬來西亞 令吉(二零二二年:1,729,000馬 來西亞令吉)及204,820馬來西亞 令吉(二零二二年:213,124馬來 西亞令吉)。



截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

17. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

17. 於附屬公司的投資

Details of the subsidiaries as at 31 December 2023 are as follows:

於二零二三年十二月三十一日附屬公 司的詳情如下:

Name of entity 實體名稱	Place and date of incorporation/ establishment 註冊成立/ 成立地點及日期	Place of operation 經營地點	Issued and fully paid share capital 已發行及繳足股本		tion of p interest 進比例	Principal activities 主要業務
				2023 一	2022 - 年	
Directly held 直接持有 SP Coco Limited	The British Virgin Islands 11 November 2016 英屬處女群島 二零一六年 十一月十一日	The British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	United States Dollar (" USD ") 1 1美元(「 美元 」)	二零二三年 100%	<u>_零</u> 年	Investment holding 投資控股
Indirectly held 間接持有 S&P (Hong Kong) Holding Limited	Hong Kong 25 November 2017 香港 二零一七年 十一月二十五日	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 1港元	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Edaran Bermutu Sdn. Bhd. (" Edaran ")	Malaysia 29 November 2001 馬來西亞 二零零一年 十一月二十九日	Malaysia 馬來西亞	RM100 100馬來西亞令吉	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Radiant Span Sdn. Bhd. (" Radiant ")	Malaysia 11 July 1998 馬來西亞 一九九八年 七月十一日	Malaysia 馬來西亞	RM100 100馬來西亞令吉	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
S & P Industries Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia 20 December 2004 馬來西亞 二零零四年	Malaysia 馬來西亞	RM5,000,000 5,000,000 馬來西亞令吉	100%	100%	Manufacturing and distribution of coconut cream powder, low fat desiccated coconut, coconut milk, coconut water and related products 製造及分銷椰漿粉、 低脂椰蓉、椰奶、椰汁及

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

17. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES 17. 於附屬公司的投資(續)

(Continued)

Name of entity	Place and date of incorporation/ establishment 註冊成立/	Place of operation	lssued and fully paid share capital		rtion of p interest	Principal activities
實體名稱	成立地點及日期	經營地點	已發行及繳足股本	所有林 2023 二零二三年	離比例 2022 二零二二年	主要業務
Rasa Mulia Sdn. Bhd. (" Rasa Mulia ")	Malaysia 20 October 1999	Malaysia	RM50,000	100%	100%	Trading of coconut cream powder, low fat desiccate coconut, coconut milk, ketupat, kerisik and relate products
	馬來西亞 一九九九年 十月二十日	馬來西亞	50,000 馬來西亞令吉			買賣椰漿粉、低脂椰蓉、 椰奶、ketupat、kerisik质 相關產品
Stancodex Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia 4 March 1998	Malaysia	RM2,400,004	100%	100%	Trading of coconut cream powder, low fat desiccat coconut and related products
	馬來西亞 一九九八年 三月四日	馬來西亞	2,400,004 馬來西亞令吉			買賣椰漿粉、低脂椰蓉及 相關產品
Shifu Ingredients Sdn. Bhd. ("Shifu")	Malaysia 4 July 1996	Malaysia	RM100,000	100%	100%	Inactive
	馬來西亞 一九九六年 七月四日	馬來西亞	100,000 馬來西亞令吉			暫無業務
Meridian Ace Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia 13 November 1996	Malaysia	RM100,000	100%	100%	Inactive
	馬來西亞 一九九六年 十一月十三日	馬來西亞	100,000 馬來西亞令吉			暫無業務
S&P Food Pte. Ltd.	Singapore 16 November 2015	Singapore	SGD50,000	100%	100%	Inactive
	新加坡 二零一五年 十一月十六日	新加坡	50,000 新加坡元			暫無業務
M. Ace (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	Thailand 28 June 2011	Thailand	THB625,000	90.57%	90.57%	Inactive
	泰國 二零一一年 六月二十八日	泰國	625,000泰銖			暫無業務

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

18. INVENTORIES

18. 存貨

	2023 二零二三年 RM 馬來西亞令吉	2022 二零二二年 RM 馬來西亞令吉
Packaging and raw materials包裝及原材料Semi-finished goods半成品Finished goods製成品	10,398,746 6,546,499 6,346,981 23,292,226	13,710,070 11,427,009 5,136,409 30,273,488
The amount of inventories recognised as 確認為開支的存貨款項如下: an expense is as follows: Carrying amount of inventories sold 已售存貨的賬面值	67.879.648	77,411,244

19. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

19. 貿易及其他應收款項

			2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
		Note 附註	RM 馬來西亞令吉	RM 馬來西亞令吉
Trade receivables Deposits, prepayments and	貿易應收款項 按金、預付款項及	19 (a)	15,322,963	11,842,599
other receivables	其他應收款項	19 (b)	1.106,911	2,520,182
			16,429,874	14,362,781

(a) Trade receivables

As of the end of the reporting period, the ageing analysis of trade receivables based on the invoice date is as follows: (a) 貿易應收款項

截至報告期末,基於發票日期的 貿易應收款項賬齡分析如下:

		2023 二零二三年 RM 馬來西亞令吉	2022 二零二二年 RM 馬來西亞令吉
1 to 2 months1至2 to 3 months2至]月內 22個月 3個月]月以上	7,467,514 3,356,939 1,606,860 2,891,650	4,712,266 3,772,892 2,366,276 991,165
		15,322,963	11,842,599



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

19. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

(Continued)

(a) Trade receivables (Continued)

The following table provides information about the exposure to credit risk and expected credit losses ("**ECLs**") for trade receivables as at 31 December 2023 which are grouped together as they are expected to have similar risk nature.

19. 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

(a) 貿易應收款項(續)

下表載列有關於二零二三年十二 月三十一日貿易應收款項(因預 期具備類似風險性質而組合在一 起)面臨的信貸風險及預期信用 損失(「預期信用損失」)資料。

		Gross carrying amount 總賬面值 RM 馬來西亞令吉	Loss allowances 虧損撥備 RM 馬來西亞令吉	Net balance 結餘淨額 RM 馬來西亞令吉
2023	二零二三年			
Current (not past due) 1–30 days past due 31–60 days past due 61–90 days past due More than 90 days	流動(未逾期) 逾期1至30日 逾期31至60日 逾期61至90日 90日以上	9,733,261 2,303,507 1,197,182 1,412,231 676,782		9,733,261 2,303,507 1,197,182 1,412,231 676,782
		15,322,963		15,322,963
2022	二零二二年			
Current (not past due) 1–30 days past due 31–60 days past due 61–90 days past due More than 90 days	流動(未逾期) 逾期1至30日 逾期31至60日 逾期61至90日 90日以上	6,176,179 3,968,418 1,206,445 149,786 341,771	- - - -	6,176,179 3,968,418 1,206,445 149,786 341,771
		11,842,599		11,842,599

(b) Include in prepayments was an amount of RM35,576 (2022: RM51,327) represents the advance paid in relation to acquisition of machinery.

(b) 預付款項包括就收購機器預先 支付的款項35,576馬來西亞令吉 (二零二二年:51,327馬來西亞令 吉)。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

20. PLEDGED TIME DEPOSITS

20.已抵押定期存款

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RM	RM
		馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉
Time deposits pledged with a licensed	抵押予持牌銀行的定期存款		
bank		2,208,017	2,158,217

The current time deposits are pledged to a bank to secure a loan of a subsidiary for a tenure of 5 years with effective interest rates at 3.45% (2022: 2.49%) per annum. The maturities of these time deposits are 12 months (2022: 12 months).

目前的定期存款乃抵押予一間銀行, 以作為一間附屬公司實際年利率為 3.45% (二零二二年:2.49%)為期五年 的貸款的擔保。該定期存款的到期日 為12個月(二零二二年:12個月)。

21. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

21. 現金及現金等價物

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RM	RM
		馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉
Cash on hand	手頭現金	67,441	76,323
Bank balances in licensed banks	於持牌銀行的銀行結餘	8,237,558	4,223,156
Cash and cash equivalents in the	於綜合現金流量表的現金及		
consolidated statement of cash flows	現金等價物	8,304,999	4,299,479



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

22. SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES

(a) Share capital

22. 股本及儲備 (a) 股本

Details of the Company's share capital for the year are set out below:

本公司年內股本詳情載列如下:

		202 二零二		20 二零二	
		No. of		No. of	
		shares	HK\$	shares	HK\$
		股份數目	港元	股份數目	港元
Authorised: Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each	法定: 每股面值0.01港元的 普通股	5,000,000,000	50,000,000	5,000,000,000	50,000,000
		202		20	
		二零二三年		二零二	二二年
		No. of		No. of	
		shares	RM	shares	RM
		股份數目	馬來西亞令吉	股份數目	馬來西亞令吉

		B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B	RM 馬來西亞令吉	股份數目	RM 馬來西亞令吉
Ordinary shares, issued and fully paid off:	普通股,已發行及 繳足:				
At 1 January/ 31 December	於一月一日/ 十二月三十一日	1,080,000,000	5,941,706	1,080,000,000	5,941,706



截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

22. SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES

(Continued)

(b) Nature and purposes of reserves

(i) Share premium

The share premium represents the difference between the nominal value of the shares of the Company and proceeds received from the issuance of shares of the Company. Under the Cayman Companies Law, the share premium account of the Company is distributable to the shareholders of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company would be in a position to pay off its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of the business.

(ii) Other reserve

Other reserve of the Group represents the difference between the par value of the Company's shares issued and the aggregate amount of paid-up capital of Edaran, Radiant, Rasa Mulia and Shifu acquired from the controlling shareholders on 29 December 2016 pursuant to the share swap as if the current group structure and share swap had been occurred on 1 January 2016.

Other reserve of the Company represents the difference between the par value of the Company's shares issued and the equity in Edaran, Radiant, Rasa Mulia and Shifu acquired from the controlling shareholders on 29 December 2016.

(iii) Translation reserve

The reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in Note 3(b).

22. 股本及儲備(續)

(b) 儲備性質及用途 (i) 股份溢價

股份溢價指本公司股份賬 面值與本公司發行股份收 取所得款項之間的差額。 根據開曼公司法,本公司股 份溢價,惟緊隨建議分派 股息之日後,本公司須有能 力支付於日常業務過程中 到期繳付之債項。

(ii) 其他儲備

本集團其他儲備指根據股 份互換發行的本公司股份 面值與於二零一六年十二月 二十九日向控股股東收購 的Edaran、Radiant、Rasa Mulia及Shifu繳足股本總額 之間的差額,猶如現行集 團架構及股份互換已於二 零一六年一月一日發生。

本公司其他儲備指本公司 已發行股份面值與於二零 一六年十二月二十九日向 控股股東收購的Edaran、 Radiant、Rasa Mulia 及 Shifu股權之間的差額。

(iii) 換算儲備

該儲備包括換算海外業務 財務報表產生的全部匯兑 差額。該儲備按照附註3(b) 所載的會計政策處理。



椰豐集團有限公司 二零二三年年報

財務報表附註(續)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

22. SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES

22.股本及儲備(續)

(Continued)

(c) Movement in the Company's equity

The reconciliation between the opening and closing balances of each component of the Group's consolidated equity is set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Details of the changes in the Company's individual components of equity at the end of the year are set out below: (c) 本公司權益變動 本集團年初及年末各項目的綜合 權益的對賬載列於綜合權益變 動表。本公司獨立權益項目於年 末的變動詳情載列如下:

		Share capital 股本 RM 馬來西亞令吉	Share premium 股份溢價 RM 馬來西亞令吉	Other reserves 其他儲備 RM 馬來西亞令吉	Translation reserve 換算儲備 RM 馬來西亞令吉	Retained earnings 保留盈利 RM 馬來西亞令吉	Total 總計 RM 馬來西亞令吉
At 1 January 2022	於二零二二年 一月一日	5,941,706	58,707,916	49,144,626	(1,130,559)	1,291,619	113,955,308
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year	年內溢利 年內其他 全面收益	_	-	-	- 3.491.734	1,131,780	1,131,780 3,491,734
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面 收益總額	_	_	_	3,491,734	1,131,780	4,623,514
At 31 December 2022/ 1 January 2023	於二零二二年 十二月三十一日/ 二零二三年 一月一日	5,941,706	58,707,916	49,144,626	2,361,175	2,423,399	118,578,822
Profit for the year	万 日 年內溢利	- 3,941,700		49,144,020	2,301,173	3,763,536	3,763,536
Other comprehensive income for the year	年內其他 全面收益	_	-	_	3,063,519	_	3,063,519
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面 收益總額		_	_	3,063,519	3,763,536	6,827,055
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年 十二月三十一日	5,941,706	58,707,916	49,144,626	5,424,694	6,186,935	125,405,877

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

23. LOANS AND BORROWINGS

23. 貸款及借款

		2023 二零二三年 RM 馬來西亞令吉	2022 二零二二年 RM 馬來西亞令吉
Non-current Term loans — secured	非即期 定期貸款 — 有抵押	315,354	18,365,820
Current Term loans — secured Trust receipts Banker acceptance Invoice financing	即期 定期貸款 — 有抵押 信託收據 銀行承兑匯票 發票融資	18,858,706 4,704,010 2,236,000 2,647,000	8,649,900 9,216,903 1,962,000 —
		28,445,716	19,828,803
		28,761,070	38,194,623

(a) Repayment

were repayable as follows:

(a) 還款

於報告期末,應償還信貸融資如 下:

		2023 二零二三年 RM 馬來西亞令吉	2022 二零二二年 RM 馬來西亞令吉
Within 1 year	1年內	28,445,716	19,828,803
After 1 year but within 2 years After 2 years but within 5 years	1年後2年內 2年後5年內	315,354 —	8,909,316 9,456,504
		315,354	18,365,820
		28,761,070	38,194,623

(b) Security

The term loans are secured by freehold land, factory buildings and other buildings, specific debentures by a subsidiary incorporating specific charge over the plant and machinery financed by the banks (see Note 15), right-of-use assets for a building and a leasehold land (see Note 16), time deposits pledged (see Note 20) and the corporate guarantees given by the Company (see Note 32(b)).

As of the end of the reporting period, the credit facilities

The trust receipts, banker acceptance and invoice financing are secured by corporate guarantees given by the Company (see Note 32(b)).

(b) 抵押品

該等定期貸款乃以永久業權土地、 工廠樓宇及其他樓宇、計及由該 銀行撥資的廠房及機器特定押記 的附屬公司特定債權證(見附註 15)、樓宇使用權資產及租賃土 地(見附註16)定期存款(見附註 20)及本公司提供的企業擔保(見 附註32(b))作抵押。

信託收據、銀行承兑匯票及發票 融資乃以本公司提供的企業擔保 (見附註32(b))作抵押。



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

24. LEASE LIABILITIES

24. 租賃負債

		2023 二零二三年 RM 馬來西亞令吉	2022 二零二二年 RM 馬來西亞令吉
Within 1 year	1年內	308,979	241,288
After 1 year but within 2 years After 2 years but within 5 years	1年後2年內 2年後5年內	86,098 1,631	229,428 45,422
		87,729	274,850
		396,708	516,138

25. DEFERRED TAX

25. 遞延税項

Deferred tax (liabilities)/assets are attributable to the following:

遞延税項(負債)/資產歸屬於以下方 面:

		2023 二零二三年 RM 馬來西亞令吉	2022 二零二二年 RM 馬來西亞令吉
Property, plant and equipment Unrealised foreign exchange differences Tax loss carry-forwards Leases Unabsorbed capital allowances Others	物業、廠房及設備 未變現外匯差額 税項虧損結轉 租賃 未吸納資本免税額 其他	(5,856,338) 1,860,856 225,812 (234,384) 2,980,176 22	(5,488,842) 855,370 228,947 (240,368) 2,757,377 3,350
		(1,023,856)	(1,884,166)
Representing:	以下應佔:		
 Deferred tax assets Deferred tax liabilities 	— 遞延税項資產 — 遞延税項負債	225,834 (1,249,690)	151,915 (2,036,081)
		(1,023,856)	(1,884,166)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

25. DEFERRED TAX (Continued)

25. 遞延税項(續)

Movements in temporary differences during the year:

年內暫時差額變動:

		At	Recognised	At	Recognised	At
		1 January	in profit	31 December	in profit	31 December
		2022	or loss	2022	or loss	2023
		於二零二二年		於二零二二年		於二零二三年
		一月一日	於損益確認	十二月三十一日	於損益確認	十二月三十一日
		RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
		馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	(4,513,776)	(975,066)	(5,488,842)	(367,496)	(5,856,338)
Unrealised foreign exchange	未變現外匯差額		(, , ,		(, , ,	
differences		783,187	72,183	855,370	1,005,486	1,860,856
Tax loss carry-forwards	税項虧損結轉	205,755	23,192	228,947	(3,135)	225,812
Leases	租賃	(175,463)	(64,905)	(240,368)	5,984	(234,384)
Unabsorbed capital allowances	未吸納資本免税額	2,582,924	174,453	2,757,377	222,799	2,980,176
Others	其他	73,724	(70,374)	3,350	(3,328)	22
		(1,043,649)	(840,517)	(1,884,166)	860,310	(1,023,856)

No deferred tax asset is recognised in respect of the following item:

概無就以下項目確認遞延税項資產:

		2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
		RM 馬來西亞令吉	RM 馬來西亞令吉
Unutilised reinvestment allowance	未動用再投資撥備	36,268,994	36,268,994

Pursuant to the applicable tax legislation unutilised reinvestment allowance will expire as follows:

根據適用的税務法例,未動用再投資 撥備將於以下時間屆滿:

		2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
		RM	RM
		馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉
Expire in 2026	於二零二六年屆滿	7,945,333	7,945,333
Expire in 2027	於二零二七年屆滿	28,323,661	28,323,661
		36,268,994	36,268,994



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

26. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

26. 貿易及其他應付款項

			2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
		Note 附註	RM 馬來西亞令吉	
Trade payables Other payables and accruals	貿易應付款項 其他應付款項及應計費用	26(a) 26(b)	6,255,199 4,345,874	3,949,057 8,764,058
			10,601,073	12,713,115

(a) As of the end of the reporting period, the ageing analysis
 (a) 截至報
 (b) of trade payables based on the invoice date or goods
 (b) 收貨日
 (c) 收貨日
 (c) 項賬齡

截至報告期末,基於發票日期或 收貨日期(如適用)的貿易應付款 項賬齡分析如下:

		2023 二零二三年 RM 馬來西亞令吉	2022 二零二二年 RM 馬來西亞令吉
Within 1 month 1 to 3 months 3 to 6 months	1個月內 1至3個月 3至6個月	5,572,601 682,598 —	2,492,200 1,299,201 157,656
		6,255,199	3,949,057

 (b) Include in other payables was an amount of RM560,988 (2022: RM4,252,167) owing to supplier in relation to acquisition of machinery.

(b) 其他應付款項包括就收購機器 結欠供應商的款項560,988馬來 西亞令吉(二零二二年:4,252,167 馬來西亞令吉)。



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

27. CONTRACT LIABILITIES

27. 合約負債

		2023 二零二三年 RM 馬來西亞令吉	2022 二零二二年 RM 馬來西亞令吉
Contract liabilities Consideration received in advance	合約負債 預收代價	1,654,011	943,644
Other contract related liabilities Sales rebates	其他合約相關負債 銷售回扣	1,724,504	1,116,679
		3,378,515	2,060,323

The contract liabilities represent the consideration received in advance from customers as at the end of the reporting period are expected to be recognised as revenue within a year.

At the point of sale, a sales rebate and a corresponding adjustment to revenue are recognised for those sales rebate expected to be incurred. Management uses historical experience to estimate the number of sales rebate on a portfolio level using the expected value method.

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Categories of financial instruments At amortised costs

合約負債指於報告期末預先向客戶收 取的代價,預期將於一年內確認為收 益。

於銷售時點,就預期產生的銷售回扣 確認銷售回扣及收入的相應調整。管 理層利用過往經驗,以預期價值法估 計組合的銷售回扣數目。

28. 金融工具

(a) 金融工具類別 按攤銷成本列賬

		Note 附註	2023 二零二三年 RM 馬來西亞令吉	2022 二零二二年 RM 馬來西亞令吉
Financial assets Trade and other receivables* Pledged time deposits Cash and cash equivalents	金融資產 貿易及其他應收款項* 已抵押定期存款 現金及現金等價物	19 20 21	16,057,659 2,208,017 8,304,999	12,511,060 2,158,217 4,299,479
			26,570,675	18,968,756
Financial liabilities Loans and borrowings Trade and other payables**	金融負債 貸款及借款 貿易及其他應付款項**	23 26	28,761,070 10,285,899	38,194,623 12,476,557
			39,046,969	50,671,180
* excluding prepayments.			* 不包括預付款	項。



不包括銷售和服務應付税項。

**

excluding sales and service tax payable.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

- 28.金融工具(續)
- (b) Net gains and losses arising from financial instruments
- (b) 金融工具產生的收益及虧 損淨額

		2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
		 RM	_ < RM
Net gains/(losses) on:	以下項目的淨收益/(虧損):	馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉
Financial assets at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量的金融資產		
 Foreign exchange differences 	- 外匯差額	366,473	(696,744
 Finance income 	- 財務收入	60,976	44,259
		427,449	(652,485
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量的金融負債		
 Foreign exchange differences 	- 外匯差額	(4,363,089)	386,700
 Finance costs 	- 財務成本	(2,095,172)	(1,301,184
			() ,
		(6,458,261)	(914,484
		(6,030,812)	(1,566,969

(c) Financial risk management

The Group has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk

(c) 金融風險管理

本集團因使用金融工具而面對以 下風險:

- 信貸風險
- 流動資金風險
- ▶ 市場風險

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(d) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of a financial loss if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Group's exposure to credit risk arises principally from the individual characteristics of each customers. There are no significant changes as compared to prior periods.

Trade receivables

Risk management objectives, policies and processes for managing the risk

Management has a credit policy in place and the exposure to credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis. Credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit facilities.

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether any of the trade receivables are credit impaired.

The gross carrying amounts of credit impaired trade receivables are written off (either partially or full) when there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off. Nevertheless, trade receivables that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities.

There are no significant changes as compared to previous year.

28. 金融工具(續)

(d) 信貸風險

信貸風險是客戶或金融工具對手 方未能履行其合約義務導致財務 損失的風險。本集團的信貸風險 主要來自各客戶的個人特徵。與 過往期間比較並無重大變動。

貿易應收款項

風險管理目標、政策及管理 風險的程序

管理層已實施信貸政策並持續 監察信貸風險。信貸評估於所 有客戶要求信貸融資時進行。

於各報告日期,本集團評估任何 貿易應收款項是否出現信貸減 值。

倘日後實際上不可收回款項,本 集團則會撇銷(部分或全部)信貸 減值貿易應收款項的總賬面值。 該情況通常出現在本集團確定債 務人並無資產或收入來源可產 生足夠現金流量以償還應撇銷 的金額。然而,已撇銷的貿易應 收款項仍可能實施強制執行。

與上一年度比較並無重大變動。

椰豐集團有限公司 二零二三年年報

財務報表附註(續)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(d) Credit risk (Continued)

Trade receivables (Continued)

Exposure to credit risk, credit quality and collateral

As at the end of the reporting period, the maximum exposure to credit risk arising from trade receivables are represented by the carrying amounts in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer rather than the industry or country in which the customers operate and therefore significant concentrations of credit risk primarily arise when the Group has significant exposure to individual customers. As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, 34% and 22% of the total trade receivables was due from the Group's major customers (as defined in note 5) and 71% and 52% of the total trade receivables was due from the five largest receivables of the Group respectively.

Concentration of credit risk

The exposure of credit risk for trade receivables as at the end of the reporting period by geographic region was:

28. 金融工具(續)

(d) 信貸風險(續) 貿易應收款項(續) 信貸風險、信貸質素及抵押 物

於報告期末,來自貿易應收款項 的最大信貸風險指綜合財務狀 況表的賬面值。

本集團面對的信貸風險主要受 每名客戶的個別特徵而非客戶經 營所屬行業或國家的影響,因此 重大信貸集中風險主要由於本 風險所致。於二零二三年及二 零二二年十二月三十一日,貿易 應收款項總額的34%及22%為 不集團主要客戶(定義見附額的 71%及52%為本集團五大應收款 項。

信貸集中風險

於報告期末,貿易應收款項的信 貸風險按地區劃分為:

		2023 二零二三年 RM 馬來西亞令吉	2022 二零二二年 RM 馬來西亞令吉
West Indies South East Asia Middle East North America East Asia Other regions	西印度群島 東南亞 中東 北美 東亞 其他地區	2,726,790 8,525,951 635,517 2,196,378 19,622 1,218,705	1,861,746 5,529,428 1,223,841 413,461 69,928 2,744,195
		15,322,963	11,842,599

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(d) Credit risk (Continued) Trade receivables (Continued)

Recognition and measurement of impairment losses

In managing credit risk of trade receivables, the Company manages its debtors and takes appropriate actions (including but not limited to legal actions) to recover long overdue balances. Generally, trade receivables will pay within 60 days. The Company's debt recovery process is as follows:

- Above 90 days past due after credit term, the Company will start to initiate a structured debt recovery process which is monitored by the sales management team; and
- b) Above 120 days past due, the Company will commence a legal proceeding against the customer.

The Group uses an allowance matrix to measure expected credit losses ("**ECLs**") of all trade receivables. Consistent with the debt recovery process, invoices which are past due 90 days will be considered as credit impaired.

Loss rates are calculated using a 'roll rate' method based on the probability of a receivable progressing through successive stages of delinquency to 90 days past due.

Loss rates are based on actual credit loss experience over the past two years. The Company also considers differences between (a) economic conditions during the period over which the historic data has been collected, (b) current conditions and (c) the Company's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables. Nevertheless, the Company believes that these factors are immaterial for the purpose of impairment calculation for the year.

The Group assessed that there is no significant loss allowance recognised in accordance with IFRS 9 as at 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022.

The Group does not provide any guarantees which would expose the Group to credit risk.

28. 金融工具(續)

(d) 信貸風險(續) 貿易應收款項(續) 減值虧損的確認及計量

> 在管理貿易應收款項的信貸風險時,本公司管理其債務人並採取 適當行動(包括但不限於法律訴訟) 以收回逾期未付餘額。一般而言, 貿易應收款項將於60天內支付。 本公司的債務收回程序如下:

- a) 信貸期後逾期90天以上,
 本公司將開始啟動結構性
 債務收回程序,由銷售管
 理團隊監控;及
- b) 逾期120天以上,本公司將 對客戶展開法律訴訟。

本集團使用撥備矩陣計量所有貿易應收款項的預期信用損失(「預期信用損失」)。與債務收回程序一致,逾期90天的發票將被視為信貸減值。

損失率使用「滾轉率」方法根據應 收款項通過連續拖欠階段進展 至逾期90天的概率計算。

損失率基於過去兩年的實際信用 損失經驗而定。本公司亦考慮(a) 收集歷史數據期間的經濟狀況; (b)現時狀況;及(c)本公司對應收 款項預期年期的經濟狀況的觀 點之間的差異。然而,本公司認 為該等因素對本年度的減值計算 並不重大。

本集團評估,於二零二三年十二 月三十一日及二零二二年十二月 三十一日,並無根據國際財務報 告準則第9號確認重大虧損撥備。

本集團並無提供將使其面對信 貸風險的任何擔保。



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(d) Credit risk (Continued) Cash and cash equivalents

The cash and cash equivalents are held with banks. As at the end of the reporting period, the maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by their carrying amounts in the consolidated statement of financial position.

These banks have low credit risks. The Group is of the view that the loss allowance is not material and hence, it is not provided for.

Other receivables

Credit risks on other receivables are mainly arising from deposits paid for office buildings and fixtures rented. These deposits will be received at the end of each lease terms. The Group manages the credit risk together with the leasing arrangement.

As at the end of the reporting period, the maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by their carrying amounts in the consolidated statement of financial position.

As at the end of the reporting period, the Group did not recognise any allowance for impairment losses.

Inter-company loans and advances

Risk management objectives, policies and processes for managing the risk

The Company provides unsecured loans and advances to subsidiaries. The Company monitors the ability of the subsidiaries to repay the loans and advances on an individual basis.

Exposure to credit risk, credit quality and collateral

As at the end of the reporting period, the maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by their carrying amounts in the Company's separate statement of financial position.

Loans and advances provided are not secured by any collateral or supported by any other credit enhancements.

28. 金融工具(續)

(d) 信貸風險(續) 現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物於銀行持有。 於報告期末,最大信貸風險指其 於綜合財務狀況表的賬面值。

該等銀行的信貸風險較低。本集 團認為虧損準備並不重大,因此 並未作出撥備。

其他應收款項

其他應收款項的信貸風險主要 來自就租用辦公樓宇及固定裝置 支付的按金。該等按金將於各租 賃期結束時收取。本集團與租賃 安排一併管理信貸風險。

於報告期末,最大信貸風險指其 於綜合財務狀況表的賬面值。

於報告期末,本集團並無就減值 虧損確認任何撥備。

公司間貸款及墊款

風險管理目標、政策及管理 風險的程序

本公司向附屬公司提供無抵押貸 款及墊款。本公司監控附屬公司 個別償還貸款及墊款的能力。

信貸風險、信貸質素及抵押 物

於報告期末,最大信貸風險指其 於本公司的單獨財務狀況表的賬 面值。

所提供的貸款及墊款不以任何抵 押物作抵押或由任何其他信貸 提升措施支持。

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(d) Credit risk (Continued)

Inter-company loans and advances (Continued)

Recognition and measurement of impairment loss

Generally, the Company considers loans and advances to subsidiaries have low credit risk. The Company assumes that there is a significant increase in credit risk when a subsidiary's financial position deteriorates significantly. As the Company is able to determine the timing of payments of the subsidiaries' loans and advances when they are payable, the Company considers the loans and advances to be in default when the subsidiaries are not able to pay when demanded. The Company considers a subsidiary's loan or advance to be credit impaired when:

- The subsidiary is unlikely to repay its loan or advance to the Company in full;
- The subsidiary's loan or advance is overdue for more than 365 days; or
- The subsidiary is continuously loss making and is having a deficit shareholders' fund.

The Company determines the probability of default for these loans and advances individually using internal information available.

As at the end of the reporting period, the Company did not recognise any allowance for impairment losses.

(e) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Group's exposure to liquidity risk arises principally from its trade and other payables, loans and borrowings and lease liabilities.

The Group maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents and adequate banking facilities by the management to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities as and when they fall due.

It is not expected that the cash flows included in the maturity analysis could occur significantly earlier, or at significantly different amounts.

28. 金融工具(續)

(d) 信貸風險(續) 公司間貸款及墊款(續)

減值虧損的確認及計量

一般而言,本公司認為對附屬公 司的貸款及墊款的信貸風險較 公司的財務狀況顯著惡化時願 公司的財務狀況顯著惡化時願 著增加。由於本公司能夠在應付 時間,因此在附屬公司無法的支 付時間,因此在附屬公司無法及 之司約屬公司的貸款或墊款出 現信貸減值:

- 該附屬公司不大可能向本公司全數償還其貸款或墊款;
- 該附屬公司的貸款或墊款 逾期超過365天;或
- 該附屬公司持續虧損,並 錄得股東資金虧絀。

本公司使用可獲得的內部資料個 別釐定該等貸款及墊款的違約 概率。

於報告期末,本公司並無就減值 虧損確認任何撥備。

(e) 流動資金風險

流動資金風險指本集團未能償 還到期金融負債的風險。本集團 面對的流動資金風險主要由其貿 易及其他應付款項、貸款及借款 以及租賃負債引起。

本集團所維持的現金及現金等價 物及足夠的銀行融資,被管理層 視為足以盡可能確保其將擁有足 夠的流動資金以償還其到期負 債。

預期到期日分析中的現金流量不 會大幅提早亦不會按截然不同的 金額發生。



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(e) Liquidity risk (Continued) Maturity analysis

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the end of reporting period based on undiscounted contractual payments:

28. 金融工具(續)

(e) 流動資金風險(續) 到期日分析

下表概述於報告期末本集團金融 負債的到期日情況(基於未貼現 合約付款):

		Carrying amount 賬面值 RM 馬來西亞令吉	Contractual interest rate per annum 合約年利率 % %	Contractual cash flows 合約現金流量 RM 馬來西亞令吉	Under 1 year 1年以內 RM 馬來西亞令吉	1-2 years 1至2年 RM 馬來西亞令吉	2-5 years 2至5年 RM 馬來西亞令吉
2023	二零二三年						
Loans and borrowings	_ ₹ 貸款及借款						
-Term loans	- 定期貸款	19,174,060	4.52-7.17	19,567,283	19,241,378	325,905	_
-Trust receipts	- 信託收據	4,704,010	4.24-6.73	4,759,035	4,759,035		-
 Banker acceptance 	- 銀行承兑						
	匯票	2,236,000	4.47-4.70	2,256,274	2,256,274		-
 Invoice financing 	- 發票融資	2,647,000	6.58-6.74	2,694,642	2,694,642		-
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付						
	款項	10,285,899		10,285,899	10,285,899		-
		39,046,969		39,563,133	39,237,228	325,905	-
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	396,708	4.52	411,106	321,638	87,830	1,638
		39,443,677		39,974,239	39,558,866	413,735	1,638
2022	二零二二年						
Loans and borrowings	貸款及借款						
-Term loans	- 定期貸款	27,015,720	3.75-6.09	29,640,537	9,969,150	9,749,569	9,921,818
-Trust receipts	- 信託收據	9,216,903	3.81–5.92	9,378,597	9,378,597	-	-
- Banker acceptance	 銀行承兑 匯票 	1 000 000	4.00-4.52	1,976,015	1.076.015		
Trade and other payables	峰示 貿易及其他應付	1,962,000	4.00-4.52	1,976,015	1,976,015	-	-
fiade and other payables	真勿反共 le 應 h 款項	12,476,557		12,476,557	12,476,557	_	_
	<u> </u>	12,410,001		12,410,301	12,410,001		
		50,671,180		53,471,706	33,800,319	9,749,569	9,921,818
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	50,671,180 516,138	4.52	542.586	259.230	9,749,569 237.056	9,921,010 46,300
	山只只见	010,100	4.02	042,000	200,200	201,000	40,000
		E1 107 010		E4 014 000		0.000.005	0.060.140
		51,187,318		54,014,292	34,059,549	9,986,625	9,968,118

(f) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and commodity prices that will affect the Group's financial position or cash flows. (f) 市場風險

市場風險指市場價格出現變動 的風險,市場價格包括將會影響 本集團財務狀況或現金流量的 利率、外幣匯率及商品價格。

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(f) Market risk (Continued)

(i) Interest rate risk

The Group's fixed rate borrowings are exposed to a risk of change in fair value due to changes in interest rates. The Group's floating rate borrowings are exposed to a risk of change in cash flows due to changes in interest rates. Short term receivables and payables are not significantly exposed to interest rate risk.

Risk management objectives, policies and processes for managing the risk

The Group utilises long and short term borrowings for funding its capital expenditure and working capital purposes. The Group manages its interest rate exposure by maintaining a mix of fixed and floating rates borrowings.

Exposure to interest rate risk

The interest rate profile of the Group's significant interest-bearing financial instruments, based on carrying amounts as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

28.金融工具(續)

(f) 市場風險(續)

(i) 利率風險

本集團的固定利率借款面 對因利率變動導致公允價 值變動的風險。本集團的 浮動利率借款面對因利率 變動導致現金流量變動的 風險。短期應收款項及應 付款項並無面對重大利率 風險。

風險管理目標、政策及 管理風險的程序

本集團就為資本開支提供 資金及營運資金用途動用 長期及短期借款。本集團 通過維持固定利率及浮動 利率借款組合管理其利率 風險。

面對利率風險

於報告期末本集團重要計 息金融工具的利率情況(基 於賬面值)如下:

		2023 二零二三年 RM 馬來西亞令吉	2022 二零二二年 RM 馬來西亞令吉
Fixed rate instruments Trust receipts Banker acceptance Invoice financing Lease liabilities	固定利率工具 信託收據 銀行承兑匯票 發票融資 租賃負債	4,704,010 2,236,000 2,647,000 396,708	9,216,903 1,962,000 — 516,138
		9,983,718	11,695,041
Floating rate instruments Term loans	浮動利率工具 定期貸款	19,174,060	27,015,720



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財務報表附註(續)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(f) Market risk (Continued)

(i) Interest rate risk (Continued)

Interest rate risk sensitivity analysis

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Group does not account for its fixed rate financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the respective reporting dates would not affect profit or loss.

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for floating rate instruments

A change of 100 basis points ("**bp**") in interest rates at the end of the reporting period would have (decreased)/increased post-tax profit by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables remain constant.

28.金融工具(續)

(f) 市場風險(續)

(i) 利率風險(續) 利率風險敏感度分析 固定利率工具的公允價 值敏感度分析

本集團並無入賬按公允價 值計入損益的固定利率金 融負債。因此,各報告日期 的利率變動不會影響損益。

浮動利率工具的現金流 量敏感度分析

於報告期末,利率變動100 個基點(「基點」),除税後 溢利將按以下所示金額(減 少)/增加。此分析假定所 有其他變量保持不變。

		(Decreased)/Increased post-tax profit (減少)/增加除税後溢利 100 bp 100 bp increase decrease 增加100個 減少100個	
		基 點 RM	基 點 BM
		馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉
2023 Floating rate instruments Financial liabilities	ニ零ニ三年 浮動利率工具 金融負債	(146,000)	146,000
2022 Floating rate instruments Financial liabilities	ニ零ニニ年 浮動利率工具 金融負債	(205,000)	205.000



截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(f) Market risk (Continued)

(ii) Currency risk

The Group is exposed to foreign currency risk on sales and purchases that are denominated in a currency other than the respective functional currencies of Group entities. The currency giving rise to this risk is primarily USD.

Exposure to currency risk

The following table details the Group's exposure to foreign currency (a currency which is other than the functional currency of the Group entities) risk, based on carrying amounts as at the end of the reporting period. For presentation purpose, the amounts of the exposure are expressed in RM, translating using the spot rate at end of the reporting period.

28.金融工具(續)

(f) 市場風險(續) (ii) 貨幣風險

> 本集團就以本集團實體相 關功能貨幣以外的貨幣計 值的買賣面對外幣風險。 引致此風險的貨幣主要為 美元。

面對貨幣風險

下表詳列本集團基於報告 期末的賬面值面對外幣(本 集團實體功能貨幣以外的 貨幣)的風險。就呈報目的 而言,風險金額乃按報告 期末的即期匯率兑換為馬 來西亞令吉列示。

			ted in USD 元計值
		2023 2022 二零二三年 二零二二年 RM RM 馬來西亞令吉 馬來西亞令吉	
Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other payables Loans and borrowings	貿易及其他應收款項 現金及現金等價物 貿易及其他應付款項 貸款及借款	7,279,883 6,200,228 (194,450) (17,940,583)	8,311,802 1,866,981 (6,891) (30,005,614)
Net exposure	淨風險	(4,654,922)	(19,833,722)



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(f) Market risk (Continued)

(ii) Currency risk (Continued)

Currency risk sensitivity analysis

A 10% strengthening of RM against USD at the end of each reporting period would have increased post-tax profit by the amounts shown below. This analysis is based on foreign currency exchange rate variances that the Group considered to be reasonably possible at the end of each reporting period. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remained constant.

28. 金融工具(續)

(f) 市場風險(續)

(ii) 貨幣風險(續) 貨幣風險敏感度分析

於各報告期末馬來西亞令 吉兑美元上升10%,除税後 溢利將按以下所示金額增加。此分析乃基於本集合 可能的外幣匯率變動而作 出。此分析假定所有其他 變量(尤其是利率)保持不 變。

		th	ne year 31 十二月三┤	t-tax profit for December ├一日止年度的 益利增加
		=	2023 零二三年	2022 二零二二年
		馬來	RM RM 馬來西亞令吉 馬來西亞令吉	
USD	美元		353,774	1,507,363

A 10% weakening of RM against USD at the end of each reporting period would have had equal but opposite effect on USD to the amounts shown above, on the basis that all other variables remained constant.

(iii) Commodity price risk

Raw materials such as coconuts are major components of cost of inventories. Exposure to fluctuations in the commodity prices of such raw materials is closely monitored by management and managed through adjusting the selling prices. 在所有其他變量保持不變的情況下,於各報告期末 馬來西亞令吉兑美元下降 10%會對美元產生與上表 所示金額相等但與之相反 的影響。

(iii) 商品價格風險

椰子等原材料乃存貨成本 的主要組成部分。有關原 材料的商品價格波動風險 由管理層密切監督,並透 過調整售價管理。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

29. FAIR VALUE INFORMATION

29. 公允價值資料

The table below analyses financial instrument not carried at fair value.

下表分析並無按公允價值列賬的金融 工具。

		Level 1 第一層級 RM 馬來西亞令吉	Level 2 第二層級 RM 馬來西亞令吉	Level 3 第三層級 RM 馬來西亞令吉	Total 總計 RM 馬來西亞令吉	Carrying amount 賬面值 RM 馬來西亞令吉
2023 Financial liability Loans and borrowings	二零二三年 金融負債 貸款及借款	_		(23,423,668)	(23,423,668)	28,761,070
2022 Financial liability Loans and borrowings	二零二二年 金融負債 貸款及借款	_	_	(32,880,356)	(32,880,356)	(38,194,623)

The carrying amounts of other financial assets and financial liabilities reasonably approximate their fair values due to the relatively short term nature of these financial instruments.

30. CAPITAL STRUCTURE

The Group's objectives in managing capital is to maintain a strong capital base and safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so as to maintain investors, creditors and market confidence and sustain future development of the business.

There were no changes in the Group's approach to capital management during the financial year.

由於其他金融資產及金融負債的短期 性質使然,其賬面值合理地接近其公 允價值。

30. 資本結構

本集團管理資本的目標是維持雄厚的 資本基礎及保障本集團持續經營業務 的能力,以維持投資者、債權人及市 場信心,以及保持業務的未來持續發 展。

於財政年度內,本集團的資本管理方 法並無變動。



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

31. COMMITMENTS

Capital commitments

Capital commitments outstanding at the end of the reporting period not provided for in the consolidated financial statements are as follows:

31. 承擔

資本承擔

於報告期末於綜合財務報表尚未計提 撥備的未償還資本承擔如下:

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RM	RM
		馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備		
Authorised but not contracted for	已授權但未訂約	7,105,090	7,105,090
Contracted but not provided for	已訂約但未計提撥備	557,938	541,009

32. RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS

Identify of related parties

For the purposes of the financial statements, parties are considered to be related to the Group if the Group has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control or jointly control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decisions, or vice versa, or where the Group and the party are subject to common control. Related parties may be individuals or other entities.

Related parties also include key management personnel defined as those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group either directly or indirectly. The key management personnel include all the Directors of the Group, and certain members of senior management of the Group.

32. 關聯方交易

關聯方的身份

就財務報表而言,倘本集團有能力直 接或間接控制或共同控制該方或對該 方的財務及經營決策發揮重大影響力 (反之亦然),或本集團及該方受共同 控制,則該方被視為本集團的關聯方。 關聯方可為個人或其他實體。

關聯方亦包括主要管理人員,主要管 理人員界定為直接或間接對本集團業 務的策劃、指示及控制擁有權力及責 任的人士。主要管理人員包括本集團 所有董事以及本集團若干高級管理層 成員。



截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

32. RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS

32. 關聯方交易(續)

(Continued)

Identify of related parties (Continued)

(a) Key management personnel remuneration

Remuneration for key management personnel of the Group, including amounts paid to the Company's Directors and certain of the highest paid employees, is as follows:

關聯方的身份(續)

(a) 主要管理人員薪酬

本集團主要管理人員薪酬(包括 支付予本公司董事及若干最高薪 酬僱員的金額)如下:

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RM	RM
		馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉
Salaries and other benefits	薪金及其他福利	1,383,462	1,725,372
Contributions to defined	界定供款計劃供款		
contribution plans		121,320	154,216
		1,504,782	1,879,588

(b) Corporate guarantee by the Company

The Company entered into corporate guarantees in favour of the banks, in respect of the banking facilities of RM54,113,000 (2022: RM55,753,000) granted to a subsidiary, S & P Industries Sdn. Bhd.

(c) Applicability of the Listing Rules relating to connected transactions

During the current and previous financial year, the Group did not enter into any related party transaction that falls under the definition of connected transaction or continuing connected transaction as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

(b) 本公司的企業擔保

本 公 司 就 附 屬 公 司 S & P Industries Sdn. Bhd.獲授的銀行 融資54,113,000馬來西亞令吉(二 零二二年:55,753,000馬來西亞 令吉)以銀行為受益人訂立企業 擔保。

(c) 與關連交易相關的上市規 則的適用性

於當前及過往財政年度,本集團 並無訂立上市規則第14A章所定 義的關連交易或持續關連交易的 任何關聯方交易。



截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

33. EVENTS AFTER REPORTING PERIOD

The Group is not aware of any important event requiring disclosure that has taken place subsequent to 31 December 2023 and up to the date of this report.

34. IMMEDIATE HOLDING COMPANY AND ULTIMATE CONTROL PARTY

The Company is a subsidiary of TYJ Holding Limited, which was incorporated in the British Virgin Islands and regarded by the Directors as the Company's immediate holding company as at 31 December 2023 and 2022. The ultimate controlling party of the Group is Mr. Tang Koon Fook. None of these parties produces financial statements available for public use.

33. 報告期後事項

董事會並不知悉任何於二零二三年 十二月三十一日後及直至本報告日期 發生的須予披露的重大事項。

椰豐集團有限公司 二零二三年年報

34. 直接控股公司及最終控股方

本公司為於英屬處女群島註冊成立的 TYJ Holding Limited之附屬公司,於二 零二三年及二零二二年十二月三十一 日被董事視為本公司的直接控股公司。 本集團的最終控股方為Tang Koon Fook先生。該等各方並無編製可供公 眾使用的財務報表。



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年度 For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

35. COMPANY-LEVEL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

35. 公司層面的財務狀況表

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RM	RM
		馬來西亞令吉	馬來西亞令吉
Assets	資產		
Non-current assets	非流動資產		
Investment in subsidiaries	於附屬公司的投資	49,144,630	49,144,630
Loan to a subsidiary	給予一間附屬公司的貸款	76,183,307	69,365,494
		125,327,937	118,510,124
Current assets	流動資產		
Other receivables	其他應收款項	52,192	154,183
Amount owing by subsidiaries	附屬公司欠款	43,256	
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	238,967	137,684
			,
		334,415	291,867
Total assets	資產總值	125,662,352	118,801,991
Equity and liability	權益及負債		
Equity	權益		
Share capital	股本	5,941,706	5,941,706
Share premium	股份溢價	58,707,916	58,707,916
Reserves	儲備	60,756,255	53,929,200
		125,405,877	118,578,822
Current liability	流動負債		
Other payables	其他應付款項	256,475	223,169
Total equity and liability	權益及負債總值	125,662,352	118,801,991
Total equity and hashiry	百多以以及多百	120,002,002	110,001,001

36. AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

36. 授權刊發財務報表

These financial statements were authorised for issue on 27 March 2024 by the board of directors.

董事會已於二零二四年三月二十七日 授權刊發此等財務報表。





S&P International Holding Limited 椰豐集團有限公司

HEADQUARTERS & PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS No. 27-3, Jalan PJU 5/13, Dataran Sunway, Kota Damansara, 47810 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Darul Ehsan, Malaysia.

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