

CSOP ETF SERIES II (An umbrella unit trust established in Hong Kong)

CSOP RMB MONEY MARKET ETF Stock Codes: 83122 (RMB counter) and 03122 (HKD counter) (A sub-fund of CSOP ETF Series II)

Reports and Financial Statements FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023



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REPORT OF THE MANAGER TO THE UNITHOLDERS

Introduction

The CSOP RMB Money Market ETF (the "Sub-Fund") is a passive exchange traded fund and it aims to provide investment results that, before deduction of fees and expenses, closely correspond to the performance of the benchmark, namely, the 7-Day Fixing Repo Rate (FR007) (the "Benchmark") before 7 March 2022. From 7 March 2022 (the "Effective Date"), the investment strategy of CSOP RMB Money Market ETF changed from a passive tracking investment strategy to an actively managed investment strategy. The investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to invest in short-term deposits and high quality money market investments. The Sub-Fund seeks to achieve a return in RMB in line with prevailing money market rates.

The Sub-Fund Performance

The CSOP RMB Money Market ETF invests in short-term deposits and high quality money market investments. It seeks to achieve a return in RMB in line with prevailing money market rates. As of 29 December 2023, the dealing Net Asset Value ("NAV") per unit of the CSOP RMB Money Market ETF was RMB163.3008 and there were 205,000 units outstanding. The dealing NAV of its unlisted class A was RMB10.8867 and there were 37,436,886 units outstanding. The total asset under management was approximately RMB441.04 million.

As of 29 December 2023, the dealing NAV of CSOP RMB Money Market ETF performed 2.00%. The dealing NAV of its unlisted class A performed 2.00%.

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEE TO THE UNITHOLDERS

We hereby confirm that, in our opinion, the Manager of the CSOP RMB Money Market ETF (the "Sub-Fund"), a subfund of CSOP ETF Series II, has, in all material respects, managed the Sub-Fund in accordance with the provisions of the Trust Deed dated 20 January 2014, as amended, for the year ended 31 December 2023.

HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited 29 April 2024

STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE MANAGER AND THE TRUSTEE MANAGER'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The Manager of the CSOP RMB Money Market ETF (the "Sub-Fund"), a sub-fund of CSOP ETF Series II, is required by the Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds established by the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong and the Trust Deed dated 20 January 2014, as amended (the "Trust Deed"), to prepare financial statements for each annual accounting period which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Sub-Fund at the end of the year and of the transactions for the year then ended. In preparing these financial statements the Manager is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are prudent and reasonable; and
- prepare the financial statements on the basis that the Sub-Fund will continue in operation unless it is inappropriate to presume this.

The Manager is also required to manage the Sub-Fund in accordance with the Trust Deed and take reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

CSOP ETF Series II (the "Trust") is an umbrella unit trust governed by its Trust Deed. As at 31 December 2023, the Trust has established two sub-funds, namely, CSOP RMB Money Market ETF and ICBC CSOP FTSE Chinese Government and Policy Bank Bond Index ETF.

TRUSTEE'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The Trustee of the Sub-Fund is required to:

- ensure that the Sub-Fund in all material respects is managed in accordance with the Trust Deed and that the investment and borrowing powers are complied with;
- satisfy itself that sufficient accounting and other records have been maintained;
- safeguard the property of the Sub-Fund and rights attaching thereto; and
- report to the unitholders for each annual accounting period should the Manager not managing the Sub-Fund in accordance to the Trust Deed.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF CSOP RMB MONEY MARKET ETF (A SUB-FUND OF CSOP ETF SERIES II, AN UMBRELLA UNIT TRUST ESTABLISHED IN HONG KONG)

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

What we have audited

The financial statements of CSOP RMB Money Market ETF (the "Sub-Fund"), a sub-fund of CSOP ETF Series II, which are set out on pages 8 to 36, comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023;
- the statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the statement of changes in net assets attributable to unitholders for the year then ended;
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the financial statements, comprising material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.

Our opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Sub-Fund as at 31 December 2023, and of its financial transactions and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing ("ISAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Sub-Fund in accordance with the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) issued by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants (the "IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF CSOP RMB MONEY MARKET ETF (A SUB-FUND OF CSOP ETF SERIES II, AN UMBRELLA UNIT TRUST ESTABLISHED IN HONG KONG) (CONTINUED)

Key Audit Matters (Continued)

Key audit matters identified in our audit are summarised as follows:

Key Audit Matter	How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter
Existence and valuation of investments and	Our work included an assessment of the key controls over the
existence of fixed deposits	existence and valuation of the investments and the existence of
	fixed deposits, which included the following:
The Sub-Fund's investments as at 31 December 2023 are mainly comprised of quoted debt securities valued at RMB74,661,214. As at 31 December 2023, the Sub-Fund had fixed deposits with a number of banks with an aggregate value of RMB441,700,000, of which RMB91,400,000 are "Fixed deposits with original maturities of more than 3 months" and RMB350,300,000 are short-term deposits in "Cash and cash equivalents" respectively, and are measured at amortised cost. We focused on the existence and valuation of	 We developed an understanding of the control objectives and related controls relevant to our audit of the Sub-Fund by obtaining the service organisation internal control reports (the "Control Reports") provided by the trustee setting out the controls in place, and the independent service auditor's assurance report over the design and operating effectiveness of those controls. We evaluated the tests undertaken by the service auditor, the results of the tests undertaken and the opinions formed by the service auditor on the design and operating effectiveness of the controls, to the extent relevant to our audit of the Sub-Fund.
investments and existence of fixed deposits because the investments and fixed deposits represented the principal elements of the Sub- Fund's net assets attributable to unitholders as at 31 December 2023.	We tested the existence of investments and fixed deposits by obtaining direct confirmations from the custodians and corresponding banks and agreeing the Sub-Fund's holdings of investments and fixed deposits to the confirmations.
Refer to note 8 to the financial statements.	We tested the valuation of the Sub-Fund's investments by comparing the pricing used by the Sub-Fund to corresponding values according to the terms of the quoted debt securities as at 31 December 2023.
	Based on the procedures we performed, we found no material exceptions from our testing.

Other Information

The manager and the trustee (the "Management") of the Sub-Fund is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF CSOP RMB MONEY MARKET ETF (A SUB-FUND OF CSOP ETF SERIES II, AN UMBRELLA UNIT TRUST ESTABLISHED IN HONG KONG) (CONTINUED)

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The Management of the Sub-Fund is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as the Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Management of the Sub-Fund is responsible for assessing the Sub-Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Management either intends to liquidate the Sub-Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

In addition, the Management of the Sub-Fund is required to ensure that the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the relevant disclosure provisions of the Trust Deed dated 20 January 2014, as amended (the "Trust Deed"), and the relevant disclosure provisions of Appendix E of the Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds issued by the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission (the "SFC Code").

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. In addition, we are required to assess whether the financial statements of the Sub-Fund has been properly prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant disclosure provisions of the Trust Deed and the relevant disclosure provisions of Appendix E of the SFC Code.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sub-Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Sub-Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Sub-Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF CSOP RMB MONEY MARKET ETF (A SUB-FUND OF CSOP ETF SERIES II, AN UMBRELLA UNIT TRUST ESTABLISHED IN HONG KONG) (CONTINUED)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (Continued)

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Management with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Management, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on matters under the relevant disclosure provisions of the Trust Deed and the relevant disclosure provisions of Appendix E of the SFC Code

In our opinion, the financial statements have been properly prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant disclosure provisions of the Trust Deed and the relevant disclosure provisions of Appendix E of the SFC Code.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Kwan Wai Tuen, Josephine.

PricewaterhouseCoopers Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 29 April 2024

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 December 2023

	Notes	2023 <i>RMB</i>	2022 <i>RMB</i>
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Investments	6(c), 8(a), 8(d)	74,661,214	-
Bank interest receivable		765,219	207,183
Fixed deposits with original maturity of more than three			
months	8(a), 8(b)	91,400,000	34,900,000
Cash and cash equivalents	6(c), 8(a)	416,082,055	92,151,066
Total assets		582,908,488	127,258,249
LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES			
	6(a) 6(b)	185 042	52 070
Management fee payable	6(a), 6(b)	185,942 86,407	53,272 67,937
Other accounts payable		80,407	07,937
Liabilities (excluding net assets attributable to			
unitholders)		272,349	121,209
Net assets attributable to unitholders	4	582,636,139	127,137,040

The financial statements on pages 8 to 36 were approved by the Trustee and the Manager on 29 April 2024 and were signed on their behalf.

For and on behalf of

For and on behalf of

CSOP Asset Management Limited as the Manager

HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited as the Trustee

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 December 2023

		Year ended 31 December 2023	Year ended 31 December 2022
NICOME	Notes	RMB	RMB
INCOME Interest income from bank deposits	6(c)	5,606,050	3,345,787
Interest income from debt securities	0(0)	489,816	
Net gain on investments		524	-
Total net income		6,096,390	3,345,787
EXPENSES			
Management fee	6(a),(b)	(1,105,835)	(690,845)
Audit fee		(30,759)	(13,372)
Bank charges	6(e)	(1,502)	(772)
Legal and other professional fee		(7,313)	(4,415)
Other operating expenses	6(e)	(206,064)	(140,871)
Total operating expenses		(1,351,473)	(850,275)
Operating profit		4,744,917	2,495,512
Taxation	5	-	-
Increase in net assets attributable to unitholders		4,744,917	2,495,512

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS

For the year ended 31 December 2023

	Year ended 31 December 2023 <i>RMB</i>	Year ended 31 December 2022 <i>RMB</i>
Net assets attributable to unitholders at the beginning of the year	127,137,040	171,802,035
Issue of units	964,961,465	123,592,278
Redemption of units	(514,207,283)	(170,752,785)
Net increase/(decrease) from unit transactions	450,754,182	(47,160,507)
Increase in net assets attributable to unitholders	4,744,917	2,495,512
Net assets attributable to unitholders at the end of the year	582,636,139	127,137,040

The movements of the redeemable units for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

Listed Class	Year ended 31 December 2023 <i>Units</i>	Year ended 31 December 2022 Units
Number of units in issue at the beginning of the year Units issued	245,000	1,065,000 60,000
Units redeemed	(40,000)	(880,000)
Number of units in issue at the end of the year	205,000	245,000
Unlisted Class A		
Number of units in issue at the beginning of the year	8,236,503	400,821
Units issued	89,236,290	10,740,068
Units redeemed	(47,035,850)	(2,904,386)
Number of units in issue at the end of the year	50,436,943	8,236,503

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended 31 December 2023

OPERATING ACTIVITIESPayments for purchase of investments $(107,170,350)$ -Proceeds from sale of investments $32,509,660$ -Interest income from bank deposits received $5,048,014$ $3,479,450$ Interest income from debt securities $489,816$ (109,73,165)(708,508)Other operating expenses paid $(227,168)$ $(169,914)$ Fixed deposits with original maturity of more than 3 months $(56,500,000)$ $2,300,000$ Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities $(126,823,193)$ $4,901,028$ FINANCING ACTIVITIES964,961,465 $123,592,278$ Proceeds on issue of units $964,961,465$ $123,592,278$ Payments on redemption of units $(514,207,283)$ $(170,752,785)$ Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities $450,754,182$ $(47,160,507)$		Year ended 31 December 2023 <i>RMB</i>	Year ended 31 December 2022 <i>RMB</i>
Proceeds from sale of investments32,509,660Interest income from bank deposits received5,048,0143,479,450Interest income from debt securities489,816489,816Management fee paid(973,165)(708,508)Other operating expenses paid(227,168)(169,914)Fixed deposits with original maturity of more than 3 months(56,500,000)2,300,000Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities(126,823,193)4,901,028FINANCING ACTIVITIES964,961,465123,592,278Proceeds on issue of units964,961,465123,592,278Payments on redemption of units(514,207,283)(170,752,785)Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities450,754,182(47,160,507)Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents323,930,989(42,259,479)Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year92,151,066134,410,545Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year416,082,05592,151,066Short-term deposits350,300,00091,900,000	OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
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Proceeds on issue of units964,961,465 (514,207,283)123,592,278 (170,752,785)Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities450,754,182 (47,160,507)(47,160,507) (42,259,479)Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents323,930,989 (42,259,479)(42,259,479)Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year92,151,066 (134,410,545)134,410,545 (92,151,066)Analysis of balances of cash and cash equivalents65,782,055 (350,300,000)251,066 (91,900,000)	Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities	(126,823,193)	4,901,028
Payments on redemption of units(514,207,283)(170,752,785)Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities450,754,182(47,160,507)Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents323,930,989(42,259,479)Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year92,151,066134,410,545Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year416,082,05592,151,066Analysis of balances of cash and cash equivalents65,782,055251,066Bank balances350,300,00091,900,000			
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Analysis of balances of cash and cash equivalentsBank balances65,782,055251,066Short-term deposits350,300,00091,900,000	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	92,151,066	134,410,545
Bank balances 65,782,055 251,066 Short-term deposits 350,300,000 91,900,000	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	416,082,055	92,151,066
Short-term deposits 350,300,000 91,900,000			
	Bank balances		
416,082,055 92,151,066	Short-term deposits	350,300,000	91,900,000
		416,082,055	92,151,066

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

CSOP ETF Series II (the "Trust") is an umbrella unit trust governed by its trust deed dated 20 January 2014, as amended, (the "Trust Deed") and authorised by the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong (the "SFC") pursuant to Section 104(1) of the Securities and Futures Ordinance. The terms of the Trust Deed are governed by the laws of Hong Kong. As at 31 December 2023, the Trust has two sub-funds which are CSOP RMB Money Market ETF (the "Sub-Fund") and ICBC CSOP FTSE Chinese Government and Policy Bank Bond Index ETF. The date of inception of the Sub-Fund was 16 January 2015. The Sub-Fund is listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

The manager and the trustee of the Sub-Fund are CSOP Asset Management Limited (the "Manager") and HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited (the "Trustee") respectively.

Change of Investment Objective and Investment Strategy

Prior to 7 March 2022, the investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to provide investment results that, before deduction of fees and expenses, closely correspond to the performance of the Benchmark, namely, the 7-Day Fixing Repo Rate (FR007) (the "Benchmark").

Effective from 7 March 2022, the investment strategy of the Sub-Fund changed from a passive tracking investment strategy, tracking the 7-Day Fixing Repo Rate (the "Former Benchmark") to an actively managed investment strategy, which means that Sub-Fund no longer seeks to track any index or benchmark (the "Active Strategy"). The investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to invest in short-term deposits and high quality money market investments. The Sub-Fund seeks to achieve a return in Renminbi ("RMB") in line with prevailing money market rates.

Effective from 22 August 2022, there are changes and/or elaboration to the investment strategy of the Sub Fund. In order to achieve the investment objective of the Sub-Fund, the Manager may invest all, or substantially all (i.e. at least 70%), of the assets of the Sub-Fund in RMB-denominated and settled short-term deposits and short-term and high quality money market instruments which are issued by governments, quasi-governments, international organisations, corporates and financial institutions, including onshore and offshore debt securities, treasury bonds and policy bank bonds, commercial papers, super and short-term commercial paper, short-term notes, certificates of deposits and commercial bills.

The Manager may also invest up to 10% of the net asset value in money market funds which are either authorised by the SFC or regulated in other jurisdictions in a manner generally comparable with the requirements of the SFC and acceptable to the SFC. People's Republic of China ("PRC") money market funds invested by the Sub-Fund will maintain a portfolio with weighted average maturity not exceeding 60 days and weighted average life not exceeding 120 days, and its expected exposure shall be approximately 5% of its net asset value, subject to a maximum of 10% of its net asset value. The Sub-Fund may invest up to 15% of its net asset value in asset backed commercial papers ("ABCP"). ABCP are typically issued by a bank or other financial institution. They are backed by physical assets such as trade receivables, and are generally used for short-term financing needs. The Manager will select short term and high quality ABCP, using the same criteria as set out above for selection of money market instruments.

The Sub-Fund may also enter into reverse repurchase transactions, and its expected exposure to such transactions shall be between 0% to 20% of its net asset value, subject to a maximum of 20% of its net asset value, provided that the aggregate amount of cash provided to the same counterparty may not exceed 15% of its net asset value. The Sub-Fund may utilise financial derivative instruments (including interest rate swaps and currency swaps) for the purpose of hedging only. The Sub-Fund will not invest in instruments with loss-absorption features (such as contingent convertible bonds or senior non-preferred debt).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. GENERAL INFORMATION (Continued)

These financial statements are prepared for the Sub-Fund only. The financial statements for the other sub-fund of the Trust have been prepared separately.

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The material accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

(a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Sub-Fund have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards. IFRS Accounting Standards comprise the following authoritative literature:

- IFRS Accounting Standards
- IAS[®] Standards
- Interpretations developed by the IFRS Interpretations Committee (IFRIC[®] Interpretations) or its predecessor body, the Standing Interpretations Committee (SIC[®] Interpretations).

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of investments at fair value through profit or loss.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS Accounting Standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the Trustee and the Manager (together the "Management") to exercise their judgment in the process of applying the Sub-Fund's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in Note 3.

Standards and amendments to existing standards effective 1 January 2023

The Sub-Fund has applied the following new and amended standards for its annual reporting period commencing 1 January 2023:

- Disclosure of Accounting Policies Amendments to IAS and IFRS Practice Statement 2
- Definition of Accounting Estimates Amendments to IAS 8
- Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction Amendments to IAS 12

The amendments listed above did not have any significant impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods.

<u>New standards</u>, amendments and interpretations effective after 1 January 2023 that are relevant to the Sub-Fund and have not been early adopted by the Sub-Fund

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 January 2023, and have not been early adopted in preparing these financial statements. None of these are expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the Sub-Fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(b) Investments

(i) Classification

The Sub-Fund classifies its investments based on both the Sub-Fund's business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The portfolio of financial assets is managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis. The Sub-Fund is primarily focused on fair value information and uses that information to assess the assets' performance and to make decisions. The contractual cash flows of the Sub-Fund's debt securities are solely principal and interest, however, these securities are neither held for the purpose of collecting contractual cash flows nor held both for collecting contractual cash flows and for sale. The collection of contractual cash flows is only incidental to achieving the Sub-Fund's business model's objective. Consequently, all investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

(ii) Recognition/derecognition

Purchases and sales of investments are accounted for on the trade date basis - the date on which the Sub-Fund commits to purchase or sell the investments. Investments are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or the Sub-Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

(iii) Measurement

Investments are initially recognised at fair value. Transaction costs are expensed as incurred in the statement of comprehensive income.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all investments are measured at fair value. Realised and unrealised gains and losses on investments are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income in the year in which they arise.

(iv) Fair value estimation

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives and trading securities) are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the reporting date. The Sub-Fund utilises the last traded market price for both listed financial assets and liabilities where the last traded price falls within the bid-ask spread. In circumstances where the last traded price is not within the bid-ask spread, the Management will determine the point within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value.

The fair value of financial assets that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-thecounter derivatives) is determined by using broker quotes or valuation techniques.

(v) Transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy

Transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy are deemed to have occurred at the beginning of the reporting period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(b) Investments (Continued)

(vi) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the company or the counterparty.

(c) Expected credit losses on financial assets measured at amortised cost

At each reporting date, the Sub-Fund shall measure the loss allowance on financial assets measured at amortised cost at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. If, at the reporting date, the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Sub-Fund shall measure the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. Significant financial difficulties of the counterparty, probability that the counterparty will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default in payments are all considered indicators that a loss allowance may be required. If the credit risk increases to the point that it is considered to be credit impaired, financial assets measured at amortised cost will be calculated based on the gross carrying amount adjusted for the loss allowance. A significant increase in credit risk is defined by Management as any contractual payment which is more than 30 days past due. Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit impaired.

(d) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportionate basis using the effective interest method.

(e) **Distributions to unitholders**

Distributions to unitholders are recognised in the statement of changes in net assets attributable to unitholders when they are approved by the Manager. With effect from 9 October 2019, distributions in respect of the Sub-Fund is intended to distribute annually in December having regard to the net income of the Sub-Fund after fees and costs. Distributions to unitholders are distributed on Manager's discretion.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(f) Other income/expense

Other income/expense mainly represents the difference between the proceeds received from/paid to participating dealers and cost of investment purchased/sold.

(g) Expenses

Expenses are accounted for on an accrual basis.

(h) Transactions costs on investments

Transactions costs are costs incurred to acquire/dispose financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. They include fees and commissions paid to agents, brokers and dealers. Transactions costs, when incurred, are immediately recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as an expense.

(i) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, cash at bank, demand deposits with original maturities of three months or less and bank overdrafts.

(j) Foreign currencies translation

Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Sub-Fund operates (the "functional currency"). The Sub-Fund invests in RMB denominated short-term deposits and the performance of the Sub-Fund is measured and reported to the unitholders in RMB. The Manager considers RMB as the currency that most faithfully represents the economic effects of the underlying transactions, events and conditions. The financial statements are presented in RMB, which is the Sub-Fund's functional and presentation currency.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign currency assets and liabilities are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date.

Foreign exchange gains and losses arising from translation are included in the statement of comprehensive income.

Foreign exchange gains and losses relating to the financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within "net gain on investments".

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(k) Redeemable units

The Sub-Fund issues redeemable units, which are redeemable at the holder's option. These units represent puttable financial instruments of the Sub-Fund.

The Sub-Fund currently offers both listed class of units and two unlisted class of units, namely, Class A and Class P. As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Sub-Fund has issued listed class of units and unlisted class A units.

The listed and unlisted classes of units have different terms and conditions as set out in the Sub-Fund's Prospectus, including dealing arrangements, fee structure and investment return/net asset value. As the different class of units do not have identical features, they are classified as financial liabilities.

Units are issued and redeemed at the holder's option at prices based on the Sub-Fund's net asset value per unit at the time of issue or redemption. The Sub-Fund's net asset value per unit is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to unitholders with the total number of outstanding units.

In accordance with the Prospectus of the Sub-Fund, investment positions are valued based on the last traded market price for the purpose of determining the net asset value per unit for subscriptions and redemptions of the Sub-Fund.

(l) Taxation

The Sub-Fund may incur withholding taxes imposed by PRC on bank interest income. Such income is recorded gross of withholding taxes in the statement of comprehensive income. Withholding taxes are included as taxation in the statement of comprehensive income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The Manager makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are outlined below.

In preparing these financial statements, the Manager has made certain assumptions and used various estimates concerning the fair value of debt securities and the tax exposure which are dependent on what might happen in the future. The resulting accounting estimates may not equal the related actual results.

(a) People's Republic of China ("PRC") tax provision

In preparing these financial statements, the Manager has made certain assumptions and used various estimates concerning the tax exposure which is dependent on what might happen in the future. The resulting accounting estimates may not equal the related actual results.

Under the general tax provision of PRC Corporate Income Tax Law ("PRC CIT Law"), the non-PRC residents with no place of effective management, establishment or place of business in the PRC may be subject to 10% PRC withholding income tax ("WIT") on the capital gain derived from disposal of securities, unless exempted or reduced under current PRC tax laws and regulations or relevant tax treaties.

In addition, the non-PRC residents with interest income derived from the debt securities will be subject to 10% PRC WIT. Pursuant to the PRC CIT Law, debt securities issuers in the PRC are obligated to withhold the 10% PRC WIT on interest income for those foreign debt securities holders. However, interest income derived from government bonds issued by the State Council's finance departments and/or local government bonds approved by the State Council is exempted from PRC WIT under the PRC CIT Law.

Furthermore, according to the notice Caishui [2016] No.36 ("Circular 36"), Value-Added Tax ("VAT") at 6% shall be levied on the difference between the selling and buying prices of those marketable securities starting from 1 May 2016. According to Circular 36, interest income is subject to VAT at 6% unless there is specific VAT exemption under the tax regulations. Bank deposit interest income and interest received from government bonds and local government bonds are exempt from VAT. In addition, if VAT is applicable, local surtaxes including Urban Maintenance and Construction Tax ("UMCT") (currently at the rate ranging from 1% to 7%), Education Surcharge ("ES") (currently at the rate of 3%) and Local Education Surcharge ("LES") (currently at the rate of 2%) are imposed based on the VAT liabilities (the "VAT related taxes"). Pursuant to the newly issued UMCT Law and Public Notice [2021] No.28 jointly issued by the Ministry of Finance ("MOF") and the PRC State Taxation Administration ("STA"), effective from 1 September 2021, no UMCT, ES and LES would be levied on the VAT paid for the service provisions and sale of intangible assets in China by overseas parties to PRC parties. However, in practice, the implementation of the exemption may vary depending on the local practice.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

(a) People's Republic of China ("PRC") tax provision (continued)

Temporary exemption of PRC WIT and VAT on bond interest income effective from 7 November 2018

On 7 November 2018, the MOF and the STA jointly issued a notice Caishui [2018] No.108 ("Circular 108") which stipulates that foreign institutional investors are temporarily exempted from PRC WIT and VAT in respect of bond interest income received from 7 November 2018 to 6 November 2021. On 22 November 2021, the MOF and the STA officially issued Public Notice [2021] No.34 to extend the CIT and VAT exemption treatment on the bond interest income for the foreign institutional investors investing in the domestic bond market from 6 November 2021 to 31 December 2025.

(i) Capital gains on PRC debt securities ("PRC Investments")

During the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Sub-Fund did not invest in any PRC debt securities in PRC through the RQFII program. The Manager considers that the enforcement of PRC tax on gains derived from the PRC debt securities is uncertain as at the date of approval of these financial statements and has exercised its judgment when assessing whether the Sub-Fund may be liable for PRC taxation on its gains, the amount of potential liability and the probability of such tax being levied up to the reporting date. However, significant uncertainties exist and estimation of the Manager may substantially differ from the actual events.

The Manager considered that the PRC WIT policy for QFIIs'/RQFIIs' investment in PRC debt securities has not been clarified in the "Notice on temporary exemption of Corporate Income Tax on capital gains derived from the transfer of equity investment assets such as PRC domestic stocks by QFII and RQFII" (the "Notice").

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

(a) People's Republic of China ("PRC") tax provision (continued)

(i) Capital gains on PRC debt securities ("PRC Investments") (Continued)

Based on the current verbal interpretation of the STA and the local PRC tax authorities, the authorities are of the view that capital gains derived by foreign investors from investment in PRC debt securities would not be treated as PRC-sourced income and thus would not be subject to PRC WIT. However, there are no written tax regulations issued by the PRC tax authorities to confirm this interpretation. As a matter of practice, such 10% PRC WIT on capital gains realised by non-PRC tax resident enterprises from the trading of these PRC debt securities has not been strictly enforced by the PRC tax authorities. The Manager has considered the applicability of the arrangement between the Mainland of China and the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region for the Avoidance of Double Taxation and the Prevention of Fiscal Evasion to the Sub-Fund and assessed that the probability of such tax being levied up to the approval date of the financial statements of the Sub-Fund is reasonably low. Based on all the aforementioned factors, the Manager has reassessed the provisioning approach and has continued not making PRC WIT provision on gains derived from the PRC debt securities of the Sub-Fund.

The Manager estimates the gross realised gains from 16 January 2015 (date of inception) to 31 December 2023 and gross unrealised gains of the Sub-Fund as at 31 December 2023 which could be exposed to PRC WIT at the rate of 10% to be RMB 3,159,533 (from 16 January 2015 (date of inception) to 31 December 2022: RMB3,159,533) and RMBNil (as at 31 December 2022: RMBNil) respectively. The estimated potential capital gain tax exposure arising from gross realised capital gain and gross unrealised capital gain would be RMB 315,953 and RMBNil respectively which in aggregate represents 0.05% (as at 31 December 2022: RMB315,953 and RMBNil respectively which in aggregate represents 0.25%) of the net assets attributable to unitholders of the Sub-Fund as at 31 December 2023. The Manager considers that the PRC WIT on capital gains from PRC debt securities is still uncertain and has not made the provision on the gross realised capital gains and gross unrealised capital gains derived from PRC debt securities in the Sub-Fund as at 31 December 2022.

The Manager has exercised its judgment when assessing whether the Sub-Fund may be liable for PRC taxation on its gains, the amount of potential liability and the probability of such tax being levied up to the reporting date. However, significant uncertainties exist and estimation of the Manager may substantially differ from the actual events.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

(a) **People's Republic of China ("PRC") tax provision (continued)**

(ii) Interest income on bonds issued by PRC tax residents ("PRC Bonds")

The Management considers that the PRC WIT treatment on accrued interest of PRC nongovernment bonds held by the Sub-Fund as at 31 December 2023 derived from 16 January 2015 (date of inception) to 6 November 2018 (prior to WIT exemption under Circular 108) and the enforcement of VAT and the VAT related taxes from 1 May 2016 to 6 November 2018 (prior to VAT exemption under Circular 108) is uncertain as at the date of approval of these financial statements. The Manager has exercised significant judgment in its assessment of the PRC withholding tax expense and the related tax provision.

PRC WIT

For the PRC bonds disposed of prior to 6 November 2018, the Management has not made provision on the accrued interest income of PRC bonds during the year and as at reporting date as it considers that:

- (i) the issuers of PRC bonds are required to withhold 10% PRC WIT at the coupon payment date before distributing the interest income to the bond holder; and
- (ii) the Manager has sold the PRC bonds before the coupon payment dates or the maturity dates of the PRC bonds.

PRC VAT and related taxes

As at 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022, the Manager did not consider that the potential PRC VAT exposure arising from the Sub-Fund's accumulated interest income received from PRC non-government bonds from 1 May 2016 to 6 November 2018 (prior to VAT exemption under Circular 108) to be material.

The Manager reviews the relevant PRC tax rules on the PRC debt securities from time to time. Any change in taxation imposed on RQFII is likely to have a subsequent impact on the required provision and accordingly the net assets attributable to unitholders of the Sub-Fund. When the STA issues clarifications, this might ultimately result in either an increase or a decrease in the amount provided. The Manager will always act in the best interest of unitholders and will continually assess the tax provision on an on-going basis.

4. NUMBER OF UNITS IN ISSUE AND NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS PER UNIT

The Sub-Fund's capital is represented by the units in the Sub-Fund, and shown as "net assets attributable to unitholders" in the statement of financial position. Subscriptions and redemptions of units during the year are shown in the statement of changes in net assets attributable to unitholders. In order to achieve the investment objectives, the Sub-Fund endeavors to invest its capital in accordance with the investment policies, whilst maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet redemption requests.

In accordance with the provisions of the Trust Deed dated 20 January 2014, as amended, and the Prospectus of the Sub-Fund, investments are stated at the last traded price on the valuation day for the purpose of determining net asset value per unit for subscriptions and redemptions and for various fee calculations.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4. NUMBER OF UNITS IN ISSUE AND NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS PER UNIT (Continued)

As stated in Note 2(k), redeemable units of the Sub-Fund are classified as financial liabilities and they are carried at the price based on the Sub-Fund's net asset value per unit at the reporting date if the unitholder exercised the right to redeem the units in the Sub-Fund.

	2023		
	Listed Class Units	Unlisted Class A Units	
Number of units in issue at the end of the year	205,000	50,436,943	
Net assets attributable to unitholders per unit as at 31 December (per statement of financial position)	163.3191	10.8880	
	2022		
	Listed Class Units	Unlisted Class A Units	
Number of units in issue at the end of the year	245,000	8,236,503	
Net assets attributable to unitholders per unit as at 31 December (per statement of financial position)	160.1017	10.6735	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5. TAXATION

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made for the Sub-Fund as it is authorised as a collective investment scheme under Section 104 of the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Ordinance and is therefore exempted from profits tax under Section 26A(1A) of the Hong Kong Inland Revenue Ordinance.

PRC withholding income tax

For the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Sub-Fund did not invest in RMB denominated debt securities in PRC. No PRC withholding income tax incurred for the Sub-fund during the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022.

6. TRANSACTIONS WITH THE TRUSTEE, MANAGER AND CONNECTED PERSONS

The following is a summary of significant related party transactions and transactions entered into during the year between the Sub-Fund and the Trustee, the Manager and the Connected Persons of the Manager. Connected Persons of the Manager are those as defined in the Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds established by the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong (the "SFC Code"). All transactions entered into during the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, between the Sub-Fund and the Manager and its Connected Persons were carried out in the ordinary course of business and on normal commercial terms. To the best of the Manager's knowledge, the Sub-Fund does not have any other transactions with the Connected Persons of the Manager except for those disclosed below.

(a) Management fee

The Sub-Fund employs a single management fee structure, with the Sub-Fund paying all of its fees, costs and expense to the Manager. For Listed Class of Units and Unlisted Class A Units, the management fee is currently charged at the rate of 0.49% per annum of the net asset value of the Sub-Fund, accrued daily and calculated as at each dealing day and payable monthly in arrears. For Unlisted Class P Units, the management fee is currently charged at the rate of 0.80% per annum of the net asset value of the Sub-Fund, accrued daily and calculated as at each dealing day and payable monthly in arrears.

Fees and expenses taken into account in determining the Sub-Fund's management fee include, but are not limited to, the manager's fee, the trustee's fee, the custodian's fee, the PRC custodian's fee, the registrar's fee, the service agent's fee, the fees and expenses of the auditor, service agents, ordinary legal and out-of-pocket expenses incurred by the Trustee or the Manager, and the costs and expenses of licensing indices used in connection with the Sub-Fund. The Manager may also pay a distribution fee to any distributor or sub-distributor of the Sub-Fund out of the management fee. A distributor may reallocate an amount of the distribution fee to the sub-distributors.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6. TRANSACTIONS WITH THE TRUSTEE, MANAGER AND CONNECTED PERSONS (Continued)

(b) Trustee fee and registrar's fee

The trustee fee and registrar's fee are included in the management fee and the Manager will pay the fees of the trustee and registrar out of the management fee. Refer to Note 6(a).

(c) Financial assets

The bank balances of the Sub-Fund held with related parties of the Trustee are:

	2023 <i>RMB</i>	2022 <i>RMB</i>
Investments The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation		
Limited	74,661,214	-
	74,661,214	_
Bank balances The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation		
Limited	7,067,820	251,066
	7,067,820	251,066

Interest income amounted to RMB520 (2022: RMB726) was earned on bank balances and short-term deposits placed with the connected person of the trustee for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022.

(d) Holding in the Sub-Fund

The Manager of the Sub-Fund holds 75,570 (2022: 115,570) RMB counter units, which represents 36.86% (2022: 47.17%) of the net asset value of the Sub-Fund as at 31 December 2023 and 2022. The Manager redeemed 40,000 RMB counter units (2022: 140,000) of listed class during the year. As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, no unit was held by the Trustee and the connected persons of the Trustee. Funds under management of the Manager of the Sub-Fund holds 120,000 (2022: 245,000) and 820,321 (2022: 743,201) units of listed class and unlisted class A, which represents 58.54% (2022: 48.98%) and 1.63% (2022: 9.02%) of the net asset value of listed class and unlisted class A units of the Sub-Fund as at 31 December 2023.

(e) Other respective amounts paid to the Trustee and its connected persons

The other respective amounts paid to the Trustee and its connected persons for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, were as follows:

	2023 <i>RMB</i>	2022 <i>RMB</i>
Bank charges	569	162
Other operating expenses	73,079	70,277

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7. TRANSACTION COSTS ON INVESTMENTS

Transaction costs are costs incurred to acquire/dispose financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. They include fees and commissions paid to agents, advisers, brokers and dealers.

8. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The objective of the Sub-Fund is to invest in short-term deposits and high quality money market investments. The Sub-Fund seeks to achieve a return in RMB in line with prevailing money market rates. The Sub-Fund's activities may expose it to a variety of risks including but not limited to market risk (including market price risk, interest rate risk and currency risk), credit and counterparty risk and liquidity risk which are associated with the markets in which the Sub-Fund invests.

The following is a summary of the main risks and risk management policies.

(a) Market risk

(i) Market price risk

Market price risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual instrument or factors affecting all instruments in the market.

As at 31 December 2023, the Sub-Fund's investments were concentrated in short-term notes. As a result, the Sub-Fund was exposed to market risk as at 31 December 2023.

As at 31 December 2022, the Sub-Fund did not hold any investments and it only invested into short-term deposits and fixed deposit with original maturity of more than three months. As a result, the Sub-Fund was not exposed to market risk as at 31 December 2022.

	2023	2023		
	Fair value <i>RMB</i>	% of net asset value	Fair value RMB	% of net asset value
Quoted debt securities: Short-term notes	74,661,214	12.81	-	-
	74,661,214	12.81	-	-

(ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises from the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates on the fair value of financial assets and liabilities and future cash flow.

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Sub-Fund invested in short-term deposits and fixed deposits with original maturity of more than three months and is subject to interest rate risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of the Sub-Fund's portfolio will decline because of rising interest rates. Interest rate risk is generally lower for short-term deposits and higher for long-term deposits. As at 31 December 2023, the Sub-Fund invests in short-term notes amounting to RMB74,661,214 which are zero-coupon notes and are not subject to interest rate risk (2022: Nil).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(a) Market risk (Continued)

(ii) Interest rate risk (Continued)

The tables below summarise the Sub-Fund's exposure to interest rate risks. It includes the Sub-Fund's assets and liabilities at fair values, categorised by the earlier of contractual re-pricing or maturity dates.

As at 31 December 2023

	Maturity less than 1 month <i>RMB</i>	Maturity between 1-3 months <i>RMB</i>	Maturity over 3 months <i>RMB</i>	Non- interest bearing <i>RMB</i>	Total <i>RMB</i>
Assets				74 661 014	74 661 014
Investments Bank interest	-	-	-	74,661,214	74,661,214
receivable	-	-	-	765,219	765,219
Fixed deposits with original maturity of more than three					
months Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	91,400,000	-	91,400,000
- Bank balances - Short-term	65,782,055	-	-	-	65,782,055
deposits	175,300,000	175,000,000			350,300,000
Total assets	241,082,055	175,000,000	91,400,000	75,426,433	582,908,488
Liabilities Management fee					
payable Other accounts	-	-	-	185,942	185,942
payable Net assets attributable to	-	-	-	86,407	86,407
unitholders			-	582,636,139	582,636,139
Total liabilities	-	-	-	582,908,488	582,908,488
Total interest sensitivity gap	241,082,055	175,000,000	91,400,000		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(a) Market risk (Continued)

(ii) Interest rate risk (Continued)

As at 31 December 2022

	Maturity less than 1 month <i>RMB</i>	Maturity between 1-3 months <i>RMB</i>	Maturity over 3 months <i>RMB</i>	Non- interest bearing <i>RMB</i>	Total <i>RMB</i>
Assets					
Bank interest receivable Fixed deposits with original maturity of more than three	-	-	-	207,183	207,183
months Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	34,900,000	-	34,900,000
- Bank balances	251,066	-	-	-	251,066
- Short-term deposits	42,100,000	49,800,000			91,900,000
Total assets	42,351,066	49,800,000	34,900,000	207,183	127,258,249
Liabilities					
Management fee payable Other accounts	-	-	-	53,272	53,272
payable	-	-	-	67,937	67,937
Net assets attributable to					
unitholders	-	-	-	127,137,040	127,137,040
Total liabilities		-		127,258,249	127,258,249
Total interest sensitivity gap	42,351,066	49,800,000	34,900,000		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(a) Market risk (Continued)

(ii) Interest rate risk (Continued)

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Sub-Fund has bank balances, short-term deposits and fixed deposits with original maturity of more than three months in total of RMB507,482,055 (2022: RMB127,051,066).

If the interest rates had been 10 basis points (2022: 10 basis points) higher or lower with all variables held constant, the impact on the net assets attributable to unitholders of the Sub-Fund is shown at the table below.

	Change in interest rate (%) <i>RMB</i>	2023 Effect on net assets attributable to the unitholders <i>RMB</i>	Change in interest rate (%) <i>RMB</i>	2022 Effect on net assets attributable to the unitholders <i>RMB</i>
Fixed deposits with original maturity of more than three months Bank balances Short-term deposits	0.1 0.1 0.1	91,400 65,782 350,300 507,482	0.1 0.1 0.1	34,900 251 91,900 127,051

The Manager and Trustee monitor the interest rate risks by quantifying (a) market exposure in percentage terms; and (b) exposure in duration terms by different countries. As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Sub-Fund invests in interest-bearing securities.

(iii) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Sub-Fund is not exposed to currency risk arising from balances and transactions in foreign currencies as the majority of its assets and liabilities are denominated in RMB, the Sub-Fund's functional and presentation currency. As a result, Management considers sensitivity analysis of currency risk is not necessary to be presented.

(b) Credit and counterparty risk

Credit and counterparty risk is the risk that an issuer or counterparty will be unable or unwilling to meet a commitment that it has entered into with the Sub-Fund.

The Sub-Fund limits its exposure to credit and counterparty risk by carrying out the majority of its investment transactions and contractual commitment activities with well-established broker-dealers, banks and regulated exchanges with high credit ratings.

The Sub-Fund places bank balances with reputable financial institutions. As such, the Manager does not consider the Sub-Fund to be exposed to significant credit and counterparty risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Credit and counterparty risk (Continued)

As of 31 December 2023, the main concentration to which the Sub-Fund is exposed to arises from the Sub-Fund's investments, short term deposits and fixed deposit with original maturity of more than three months. As of 31 December 2022, the Sub-Fund did not hold any investments and it only invested into short-term deposits, and fixed deposit with original maturity of more than three months. The Manager will actively manage the portfolio of the Sub-Fund. In case of credit rating downgrading, the Manager will adjust the positions in the portfolio using its credit analysis and rating systems that are designed to manage credit risks.

The tables below summarise the amount of investments, fixed deposits with original maturity of more than three months, short-term deposits and bank balances of the Sub-Fund placed with the counterparties of which the credit rating of the relevant counterparties or custodians are at or above investment grade as at 31 December 2023 and 2022.

As at 31 December 2023

	RMB
Investments*	10.070.011
Agricultural Bank of China Limited, Hong Kong Branch	19,878,911
China Construction Bank, Seoul Branch	14,950,984
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China, Luxembourg Branch	4,976,030 14,934,092
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China, Seoul Branch Shanghai Pudong Development Bank, Hong Kong Branch	14,954,092
Shanghai Pudong Development Bank, Hong Kong Branch	4,964,385
Shanghai Fudong Development Bank, Singapore Branch	4,904,365
	74,661,214
Fixed deposits with original maturity of more than three months	
China CITIC Bank International Limited	10,000,000
Qatar National Bank, Hong Kong Branch	81,400,000
Quiui Puutonui Duink, Plong Rong Druhon	
	91,400,000
Short-term deposits	
China Everbright Bank Co., Ltd., Hong Kong Branch	133,000,000
China Guangfa Bank Co., Ltd., Hong Kong Branch	5,000,000
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited	113,000,000
Industrial Bank Co., Ltd., Hong Kong Branch	89,300,000
Qatar National Bank, Hong Kong Branch	10,000,000
	350,300,000
Bank balances	
China Guangfa Bank Co., Ltd., Hong Kong Branch	
The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited ("HSBC")	58,714,235
	7,067,820
	65,782,055

*These investments are kept at custody at The Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited with a credit rating at or above investment grade

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Credit and counterparty risk (Continued)

As at 31 December 2022

	RMB
Fixed deposit with original maturity of more than three months	
Agricultural Bank of China Limited, Hong Kong Branch	1,500,000
China Everbright Bank Co., Ltd., Hong Kong Branch	17,900,000
Shanghai Pudong Development Bank Co., Ltd., Hong Kong Branch	15,500,000
Shanghai Fudolig Developinent Bank Co., Liu., Hong Kong Branch	13,300,000
	34,900,000
Short-term deposits	
China CITIC Bank International Limited	2,200,000
China Everbright Bank Co., Ltd., Hong Kong Branch	10,700,000
Chiyu Banking Corp Ltd., Hong Kong Branch	14,100,000
CMB Wing Lung Bank Limited	4,000,000
6 6	
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited	25,900,000
Industrial Bank Co., Ltd., Hong Kong Branch	30,000,000
Malayan Banking Berhad, Hong Kong Branch	5,000,000
	91,900,000
Bank balances	
	051.000
The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited ("HSBC")	251,066

The Sub-Fund measures credit risk and expected credit losses using probability of default, exposure at default and loss given default. Management consider both historical analysis and forward looking information in determining any expected credit loss. As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, bank interest receivable and cash and cash equivalents are held with counterparties with high credit ratings and are due to be settled within 1 month. Applying the requirements of IFRS 9, the expected credit loss ("ECL") is immaterial for the Sub-Fund and, as such, no ECL has been recognised within the financial statements.

The maximum exposure to credit risk as at 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022 is the carrying amount of the financial assets as shown on the statement of financial position.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Sub-Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous.

The Sub-Fund is exposed to daily redemptions of units in the Sub-Fund. As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Sub-Fund invests the majority of its assets in short-term deposits that are matured in less than three months.

The table below analyses the Sub-Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the reporting date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances, as the impact of discounting is not significant.

	Less than 1 month <i>RMB</i>	1 month to less than 3 months <i>RMB</i>	Over 3 months <i>RMB</i>	Total <i>RMB</i>
As at 31 December 2023				
Management fee payable Other accounts payable Net assets attributable to unitholders	- - 582,636,139	185,942 86,407	-	185,942 86,407 582,636,139
Contractual cash outflow	582,636,139	272,349		582,908,488
As at 31 December 2022				
Management fee payable Other accounts payable Net assets attributable to	-	53,272 67,937	-	53,272 67,937
unitholders	127,137,040	-	-	127,137,040
Contractual cash outflow	127,137,040	121,209	-	127,258,249

Units are redeemed on demand at the unitholder's option. As at 31 December 2023, there were two (2022: two) nominee accounts holding more than 10% of the Sub-Fund's listed class units, representing in aggregate 95.39% (2022: 96.14%), and there were two nominee accounts holding more than 10% (2022: one) of the Sub-Fund's unlisted class A units, representing in aggregate 87.37% (2022: 74.49%).

The Manager is entitled to limit the number of unlisted class of units redeemed on any dealing day to 10% of the total number of units of the Sub-Fund then in issue.

Investors should note that switching between unlisted class of units and listed class of units on the secondary market is not available. Distributors who wish to switch between unlisted class of units and listed class of units should do so in accordance with the procedures as agreed with the Manager and the Trustee.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (Continued)

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Manager has assessed the liquidity of the instruments based on historical liquidity of similar money market instruments, by assessing the days to liquidate for such instruments. Only instruments or deposits with high liquidity are included in the portfolio of the Sub-Fund.

	Less than 1 month <i>RMB</i>	1 to 12 months <i>RMB</i>	No stated maturity <i>RMB</i>	Total <i>RMB</i>
As at 31 December 2023				
Total assets	256,804,086	326,104,402	-	582,908,488
As at 31 December 2022				
Total assets	42,558,249	84,700,000	-	127,258,249

(d) Fair value estimation

The Sub-Fund classifies fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Sub-Fund can access at the measurement date (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a level 3 measurement. Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.

The determination of what constitutes "observable" requires significant judgment by the Sub-Fund. The Sub-Fund considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(d) Fair value estimation (Continued)

The following tables analyse within the fair value hierarchy the Sub-Fund's financial assets (by class) measured at fair value at 31 December 2023 and 2022:

	Level 1 <i>RMB</i>	Level 2 <i>RMB</i>	Level 3 <i>RMB</i>	Total <i>RMB</i>
As at 31 December 2023 Assets Quoted short-term notes				
- Short-term notes	-	74,661,214	-	74,661,214
Total assets	-	74,661,214	-	74,661,214
	Level 1 <i>RMB</i>	Level 2 <i>RMB</i>	Level 3 <i>RMB</i>	Total <i>RMB</i>
As at 31 December 2022 Assets				
Quoted short-term notes - Short-term notes			-	
Total assets	-	-	-	-

Investments, whose values are based on quoted market prices in active markets, and therefore classified within level 1, include active listed equities. The Sub-Fund does not adjust the quoted price for these instruments.

Financial instruments traded in markets that are not considered to be active but are valued based on quoted market prices, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified within level 2. As at 31 December 2023, short-term notes were classified within level 2, As at 31 December 2022, the sub-fund did not hold any investments in level 2.

Investments classified within level 3 have significant unobservable inputs, as they trade infrequently. As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Sub-Fund did not hold any investments classified in level 3.

For the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, there were no transfers between levels.

The assets and liabilities included in the statement of financial position are carried at amortised cost; their carrying value are approximation of fair value as they are short term in nature and the effect of discounting is immaterial. There are no other assets and liabilities not carried at fair value but for which fair value is disclosed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(e) Capital risk management

The Sub-Fund's capital is represented by the redeemable units outstanding. The Sub-Fund's objective is to provide investment results that correspond generally to the performance of the respective benchmark. The Manager may:

- Redeem and issue new units on a daily basis in accordance with the constitutive documents of the Sub-Fund;
- Exercise discretion when determining the amount of distributions of the Sub-Fund to the unitholders; and
- Suspend the creation and redemption of units under certain circumstance as currently disclosed in the Prospectus of the Sub-Fund.

9. **DISTRIBUTION**

During the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Sub-Fund did not make any distribution.

10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

As of 31 December 2023 and 2022, all financial assets, other than investments as disclosed in the financial statements which are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, are categorised as per IFRS 9 as carried at amortised costs. All the financial liabilities of the Sub-Fund are carried at amortised cost.

11. INVESTMENT LIMITATION AND PROHIBITIONS UNDER THE SFC CODE

The aggregate value of the Sub-Fund's holding of deposits issued by a single entity will not exceed 10% of the total Net Asset Value of the Sub-Fund except:

- (i) where the entity is a substantial financial institution and the total amount does not exceed 10% of the entity's share capital and non-distributable capital reserves, the limit may be increased to 25%; or
- (ii) in the case of Government and other public securities, up to 30% may be invested in the same issue; or
- (iii) in respect of any deposit of less than USD1,000,000 or its equivalent in the base currency of the Sub-Fund, where the Sub-Fund cannot otherwise diversify as a result of its size;

The Manager and the Trustee have confirmed that the Sub-Fund has complied with the above limits during the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11. INVESTMENT LIMITATION AND PROHIBITIONS UNDER THE SFC CODE (Continued)

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Sub-Fund held deposits collectively more than 10% of net assets value, issued by single issuer as follows.

2023 Issuer	% of NAV
China Everbright Bank Co., Ltd., Hong Kong Branch	22.83
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited	19.39
Industrial Bank Co., Ltd., Hong Kong Branch	15.33
Qatar National Bank, Hong Kong Branch	15.69
2022	
Issuer	% of NAV
China Everbright Bank Co., Ltd., Hong Kong Branch	22.50
Chiyu Banking Corp Ltd., Hong Kong Branch	11.09
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited	20.37
Industrial Bank Co., Ltd., Hong Kong Branch	23.60
Shanghai Pudong Development Bank Co., Ltd., Hong Kong Branch	12.19

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the net asset value per unit of listed class increased by 2.01% (2022: increased by 1.74%)

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the net asset value per unit of unlisted class A increased by 2.01% (2022: Nil)

12. SOFT COMMISSION ARRANGEMENT

The Manager confirms that there have been no soft commission arrangements existing during the year ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 in relation to directing transactions of the Sub-Fund through a broker or dealer.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

13. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Manager makes the strategic resource allocations on behalf of the Sub-Fund and has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed which are used to make strategic decisions.

The Manager considers that operating segment of the Sub-Fund is investing in RMB denominated and settled short term deposits, high quality money market instruments, RMB denominated and settled fixed rate bonds, commercial papers, super and short term commercial paper, certificates of deposits and commercial bills. The investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to invest in short-term deposits and high quality money market investments. The Sub-Fund seeks to achieve a return in RMB in line with prevailing money market rates. is investing all, or substantially all (i.e. at least 70%), of the assets of the Sub-Fund in RMB-denominated and settled short-term deposits and short-term and high quality money market instruments which are issued by governments, quasi-governments, international organisations, corporates and financial institutions, including onshore and offshore debt securities, treasury bonds and policy bank bonds, commercial papers, super and short-term notes, certificates of deposits and commercial bills.

The Manager may also invest up to 10% of the net asset value in money market funds which are either authorised by the SFC or regulated in other jurisdictions in a manner generally comparable with the requirements of the SFC and acceptable to the SFC. PRC mainland money market funds invested by the Sub-Fund will maintain a portfolio with weighted average maturity not exceeding 60 days and weighted average life not exceeding 120 days, and its expected exposure shall be approximately 5% of its net asset value, subject to a maximum of 10% of its net asset value. The Sub-Fund may invest up to 15% of its net asset value in asset backed commercial papers ("ABCP"). ABCP are typically issued by a bank or other financial institution. They are backed by physical assets such as trade receivables, and are generally used for short-term financing needs. The Manager will select short term and high quality ABCP, using the same criteria as set out above for selection of money market instruments.

The Sub-Fund may also enter into reverse repurchase transactions, and its expected exposure to such transactions shall be between 0% to 20% of its net asset value, subject to a maximum of 20% of its net asset value, provided that the aggregate amount of cash provided to the same counterparty may not exceed 15% of its net asset value. The Sub-Fund may utilise financial derivative instruments (including interest rate swaps and currency swaps) for the purpose of hedging only. The Sub-Fund will not invest in instruments with loss-absorption features (such as contingent convertible bonds or senior non-preferred debt).

The internal financial information used by the Manager for the Sub-Fund's assets, liabilities and performance is the same as that disclosed in the statement of financial position and statement of comprehensive income.

The Sub-Fund is domiciled in Hong Kong. The Sub-Fund's income is mainly derived from investments in RMBdenominated and settled short-term deposits, high quality money market instruments including onshore and offshore debt securities and PRC Government and policy bank bonds.

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Sub-Fund has no other assets classified as non-current assets. As at 31 December 2023, there were four issuers (2022: five issuers) of deposit accounts for more than 10% of the Sub-Fund's net asset value.

14. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved by the Trustee and the Manager on 29 April 2024.

INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (Unaudited)

As at 31 December 2023

		Fair value RMB	% of net asset value
Investments (12.81%)			
Quoted Debt Securities (12.81%)			
Quoted short-term notes (12.81%)			
China (12.81%)			
AGRICULTURAL BANK OF CHINA/HK (SER CD) (REG S) 0% 14/03/2024	20,000,000	19,878,911	3.41
CHINA CONSTRUCTION BANK/SEOUL (SER CD) (REG S) 0% 07/02/2024	15,000,000	14,950,984	2.57
INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL BANK OF CHINA/LUX (SER CD) (REG S) 0% 28/02/2024	5,000,000	4,976,030	0.85
INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL BANK OF CHINA/ SEOUL (SER CD) (REG S) 0% 21/02/2024	15,000,000	14,934,092	2.56
SHANGHAI PUDONG DEVELOPMENT BANK/HK (SER CD) (REG S) 0% 29/01/2024	15,000,000	14,956,812	2.57
SHANGHAI PUDONG DEVELOPMENT BANK/SG (SER CD) (REG S) 0% 25/03/2024	5,000,000	4,964,385	0.85
Total quoted short-term notes		74,661,214	12.81
Total investments		74,661,214	12.81
Other net assets		507,974,925	87.19
Net assets attributable to unitholders at 31 December 2023		582,636,139	100.00
Total investments, at cost		74,660,690	
			% of
		Fair value RMB	net asset value
Daily liquid assets Weekly liquid assets		210,782,055 326,782,055	36.18 56.09

The weighted average maturity and the weighted average life of the portfolio of the Sub-Fund are 23.96 days and 23.96 days respectively.

STATEMENT OF MOVEMENTS IN INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (Unaudited)

For the year ended 31 December 2023

	% of net asset value 2023	% of net asset value 2022
Quoted debt securities China	12.81	
Total investments at fair value Other net assets	12.81 87.19	100.00
Net assets attributable to unitholders at 31 December	100.00	100.00

PERFORMANCE RECORD (Unaudited)

Net asset value At the end of financial year dated	Net asset value of the Sub-Fund <i>RMB</i>	Net asset value per unit <i>RMB</i>
31 December 2023* Listed class Unlisted Class A	33,480,408 549,155,731	163.3191 10.8880
31 December 2022* Listed class Unlisted Class A	39,224,923 87,912,117	160.1017 10.6735
31 December 2021 Listed class Unlisted Class A	167,596,933 4,205,102	157.3680 10.4912
Highest and lowest net asset value per unit	Highest issue price per unit <i>RMB</i>	Lowest redemption price per unit <i>RMB</i>
Financial year/period ended		
31 December 2023 Listed class Unlisted Class A	163.3008 10.8867	160.1189 10.6746
31 December 2022 Listed class Unlisted Class A	160.0954 10.6731	157.3948 10.4930
31 December 2021 Listed class Unlisted Class A	157.3680 10.4911	154.2595 10.4791
31 December 2020 Listed class	154.2268	151.9390
31 December 2019 Listed class	152.9863	151.6345
31 December 2018 Listed class	153.1178	150.7842
31 December 2017 Listed class	151.0231	149.2665
31 December 2016 Listed class	152.1510	149.2350
31 December 2015 (Since 16 January 2015 (date of inception) Listed class	152.0796	149.9980

*The net asset value of the Sub-Fund disclosed is on a non-dealing day and is calculated in accordance with the Trust's Prospectus.

MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION

Manager and QFI Holder

CSOP Asset Management Limited Suite 2801 - 2803, Two Exchange Square 8 Connaught Place Central Hong Kong

Trustee and Registrar

HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited 1 Queen's Road Central Hong Kong

Custodian

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited 1 Queen's Road Central Hong Kong

PRC Custodian

HSBC Bank (China) Company Limited 33rd Floor, HSBC Building Shanghai ifc, 8 Century Avenue Pudong, Shanghai, China 200120

Service Agent

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Listing Agent Oriental Patron Asia Limited 27th Floor, Two Exchange Square

8 Connaught Place Central, Hong Kong Directors of the Manager

Chen Ding Gaobo Zhang Xiaosong Yang Yi Zhou Yundong Zhu Zhiwei Liu Zhongping Cai

Legal Adviser to the Manager

Simmons & Simmons 30/F, One Taikoo Place 979 King's Road Hong Kong

Auditor

PricewaterhouseCoopers Certified Public Accountants Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor 22/F, Prince's Building Central, Hong Kong



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