

pico

迎變而上 reimagine. reinvigorate. reinvent.

In 2024, as international tensions began to shift trading patterns from globally cooperative to geopolitically aligned, the Group's far-sighted strategies and transformative developments continued to sustain our successful performance in an increasingly uncertain business environment.

The dynamics that have shaped the Group into a resilient, technologically adept market leader were put into motion several years ago and are summarised as a vision to 'Reimagine, Reinvigorate, Reinvent'. Under this initiative, the Group has firmly focused on developing the know-how, technologies and services to respond quickly to diversifying market needs and trends, and deliver greater value by engaging clients with audiences across the whole spectrum of channels and platforms.

The Group's ability to innovate and maintain its professional edge allowed us to bring new dimensions to our Content, Community, Creative and Data strategy and the Integrated Brand Experience it delivers. Our teams increasingly delivered activations that reached wider – and

with their unprecedented levels of interactivity and personalisation, deeper – than ever before. With our advancement as a data-driven enterprise and refinement of data analysis tools, we and our clients are increasingly able to recognise and predict audience behaviour, allowing for more effective activations to be devised and higher ROI delivered.

Our expertise at providing tailored, market-specific approaches has earned us long-term partnerships with quality clients around the globe. Added to this is our 'recession-proof' ability to recognise and capitalise on diverse demands where and when they arise. Thus, area of decline in one market can be counterbalanced by meeting fresh demand for other services, or in other markets.

Looking ahead, the Group will maintain the course that has enabled us to expand our portfolio in good economic times and bad, anchored by a sound and responsible financial approach, and the qualities of integrity, agility, creativity and value that have been key to our success.



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Results in Brief

Revenue

HK\$6,327m (2023: HK\$5,328m)

+18.8%

Profit from core operations

HK\$499.4m (2023: HK\$360.0m)

+38.7%

Profit for the year

HK\$368.0m (2023: HK\$243.7m)

+51.0%

Profit attributable to owners of the Company

HK\$357.6m (2023: HK\$228.1m)

+56.8%

EBITDA*

HK\$564.4m (2023: HK\$437.4m)

+29.0%

Dividend per share

HK16.5 cents (2023: HK9.0 cents)

+83.3%

Earnings per share – basic

HK28.84 cents (2023: HK18.41 cents)

+56.7%

Earnings per share – diluted

HK28.74 cents (2023: HK18.39 cents)

+56.3%

Equity attributable to owners of the Company

HK\$2,292m (2023: HK\$2,261m)

+1.4%

Return on average equity attributable to owners of the Company

15.7% (2023: 10.4%)

+5.3ppts

Current ratio

1.37 times (2023: 1.48 times)

-7.4%

 $^{^*}$ Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortisation and a change in remeasurement of contingent consideration



Group Facts

4,000+

events activated worldwide

Official service provider for some **3,000,000** sq. m. of gross exhibition space

Operations span 36 cities worldwide

12 in FMFA and North America

Amsterdam Chicago Doha Dubai Enniskerry London Los Angeles Manama Milan New York Riyadh

24 in Asia Pacific

Bangkok Dongguan Gold Coast Guangzhou Beijing Hanoi Ho Chi Minh City Hong Kong Kuala Lumpur Jakarta Melbourne Macau Manila Perth Seoul Shanghai Shenzhen Singapore Sydney Taipei Tianjin Tokyo Xi'an Yangon

70,000+ sq. m. of production facilities

Some 2,700 full-time employees worldwide

Gender Female: 47%

Male: 53%

Age

Below 40: 62% 40 and above: 38%

90+ international awards





I am pleased to present our shareholders with the annual report of the Company and its subsidiaries ("the Group") for the year ended October 31, 2024.

Financial Results

During the financial year under review, the Group adeptly capitalised on business opportunities using Content, Community, Creative and Data strategies ("3C+D") to deliver an Integrated Brand Experience ("IBE") to our clients. This helped to continuously increase the Group's market share of a revitalised global economy. The following results are a testament to the Group's strategy and manner in capitalising on business opportunities during this financial year.

During the financial year under review, the Group reported total revenue of HK\$6,327 million (2023: HK\$5,328 million), representing an 18.8% increase on a year-over-year basis.

Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortisation and a change in remeasurement of contingent consideration ("EBITDA") was HK\$564.4 million (2023: HK\$437.4 million), representing a 29.0% increase on a year-over-year basis.

Profit from core operations was HK\$499.4 million (2023: HK\$360.0 million), representing a 38.7% increase on a year-over-year basis.

Profit attributable to owners of the Company was HK\$357.6 million (2023: HK\$228.1 million), representing a 56.8% increase on a year-over-year basis.



THE ART OF LIFE: Multimedia Exhibition of Mawangdui Han Culture in Changsha

Dividend

The Board recommends payment of a final dividend of HK7.5 cents ("Final Dividend") (2023: a final dividend of HK7.0 cents), and a special dividend ("Special Dividend", together with the Final Dividend, "Dividends") of HK3.5 cents (2023: a special dividend of nil), per ordinary share. Together with an interim dividend of HK5.5 cents (2023: HK2.0 cents) per ordinary share, the total dividend for the year ended October 31, 2024 amounts to HK16.5 cents (2023: HK9.0 cents) per ordinary share. Shareholders of the Company will be given the option to receive the Special Dividend of HK3.5 cents per ordinary share in cash or wholly or partly in new and fully paid shares ("Scrip Shares") in lieu of cash (the "Scrip Dividend Scheme"), and the Final Dividend of HK7.5 cents per ordinary share will be paid in the form of cash.

The payment of the Dividends is conditional upon the approval of the Company's shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting to be held on Friday, March 21, 2025. Further, payment of the Special Dividend is subject to the Listing Committee of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited granting the listing of and permission to deal in Scrip Shares. It is expected that cash entitlements will be paid (by way of cheques or bank transfers) and/or share certificates for Scrip Shares will be dispatched on Wednesday, May 21, 2025 to the shareholders on the register of members of the Company on Tuesday, April 1, 2025.

A circular containing, inter alia, full details of the Scrip Dividend Scheme is expected to be dispatched together with a form of election for scrip dividend to shareholders of the Company on or around Thursday, April 17, 2025.



Agent State Farm Like a Good Neighbaaa campaign in the USA

Business Review

As of October 31, 2024, the Group employed some 2,700 full-time staff and operated across 36 cities in 22 countries globally. Pico is a Total Brand Activation agency utilising Content, Community, Creative and Data strategy to create an Integrated Brand Experience for client's marketing events around the world.

The global market has shown remarkable resilience over the past year. However, we continue to operate in a very complex world; rising geopolitical tensions in general are testing the Group's resilience and existing growth strategies as a global organisation. Geopolitical conflicts in Europe and the Middle East and escalating US-China trade tension have resulted in a decline in global trade cooperation causing the world to move from global to a geopolitically aligned trade. As US-China trade has declined, the Middle East and countries such as South Korea, Thailand and Vietnam have emerged as major beneficiaries. Consequently, many of our regional offices have experienced an increase in business volume, particularly those in Southeast Asia and the Middle East. Also, the Group has responded to these changes by assisting many brands – particularly Chinese brands – to expand overseas into these new or developing markets.

Overall, the Group continues to solidify its position as a global leader in Total Brand Activation by employing our Content, Community, Creative and Data strategies to deliver our Integrated Brand Experience. Our expertise allows us to deliver event marketing which integrates a broad range of channels, platforms and touchpoints to develop a holistic integrated experiential brand marketing campaign. With a sustained focus on retaining key accounts, maximising market share and supporting growth, Pico has continued to put major effort in nurturing our loyal and recurring client base and audience community.

During the year, the Group executed its strategic decision to dispose of its 45% equity interest in InfocommAsia Pte Ltd. in Singapore, at a valuation consistent with the terms stipulated in the join-venture agreement. This profitable divestment should enable us to redirect resources and management focus towards core business activities. Proceeds from the transaction will provide liquidity and capital that can be allocated to strategic initiatives.

In the USA, effective delivery of our Integrated Brand Experience has not only allowed the Group to strengthen existing client collaborations but transform its US business from creating bespoke experiential marketing to creating award winning, industry-changing brand campaigns. Our proven ability to create brand campaigns that resonate with audiences across a variety of demographics and regions has helped the Group to foster robust long-term partnerships with clients.

On May 31, 2024, the Group strategically acquired the remaining 40% stake of Infinity Marketing Team, LLC ("IMT"), allowing us to achieve full ownership. Based in California, IMT is a valuable addition to the Group's portfolio, bringing a highly regarded range of marketing, event management and promotional service expertise. Full ownership expands the Group's global footprint, increases the potential of developing new business and clients in the USA, and enables us to offer integrated solutions of an even more comprehensive nature across a variety of channels and touchpoints.

The Group's commitment to sustainability, as outlined in its annual Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") report, remained at the forefront of operations throughout the financial year. Pico's activities consistently demonstrated strong commitments to environmental stewardship, employee well-being, responsible business practices and community support.

Building a resilient and growth-sustaining business

Anticipating an uncertain global environment, the Group has maintained its focus on resilience and sustained growth.

Towards its aim of building a data-driven enterprise to drive growth and achieve operational excellence and greater efficiency, the Group has continued to focus on digital transformation via implementation of data tools and the Al-embedded Pico PowerOne system. Our growing expertise in this area has enabled us to turn data into assets and value: using data aggregated from our massive portfolio, we can generate insights that allow us to identify high-quality clients and cross-selling opportunities, aiding us in enhancing sales conversion rates. The same expertise can also be applied to providing clients with proprietary data services.

To enhance operational efficiency for the Group's business across the world, the Group has been building a global partner platform comprising a localised network of efficient, robust production and supply chains to facilitate better vendor and resource management. Our experience in data diagnostics has helped us develop customised evaluations and solutions for business units and individual projects, potentially assisting in cost control and enhancing gross margins.

With an eye on fostering future growth, the Group has continued to cultivate its 'apprenticeship' model of talent development and upskilling. To foster a 'everybody learns and everybody teaches' culture in the workplace, the Group has developed an AI search tool to match employees with complementary skills and project experience to the appropriate knowledge-sharing, training and development opportunities.

The Group has long prioritised building a resilient financial foundation to protect the value of the organisation. Being acutely aware of the financial and operational risks it faces, we have further strengthened our credit control policy. Prudent working capital and cashflow management continues to be in place to ensure smooth and continuous short- and long-term operation.

Beijing Chaoyang International Light Festival

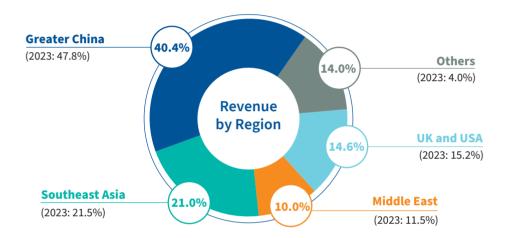


Operations Review

By Geographical Region

Geographically, Greater China (including mainland China, Hong Kong, Macau and Taiwan) accounted for 40.4% (2023: 47.8%) of the Group's total revenue of HK\$6,327 million (2023: HK\$5.328 million).

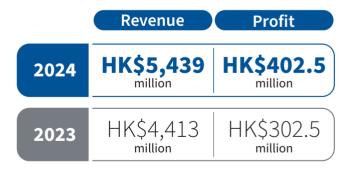
Southeast Asia (including Malaysia, Singapore, the Philippines and Vietnam) accounted for 21.0% (2023: 21.5%); the Middle East (including Bahrain, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia and the United Arab Emirates) accounted for 10.0% (2023: 11.5%); and the United Kingdom and United States accounted for a total of 14.6% (2023: 15.2%). Other regions accounted for a total of 14.0% (2023: 4.0%).



By Business Segment

Exhibition, Event and Brand Activation

During the financial year under review, revenue in this segment was HK\$5,439 million (2023: HK\$4,413 million) or 86.0% (2023: 82.8%) of the Group's total revenue. Profit in this segment was HK\$402.5 million (2023: HK\$302.5 million).



Exhibitions

The Group was appointed to provide exhibition services for organisers and/or brand activation services for exhibitors at major shows such as:

Show	Location	
Sci Power for Future Thailand Fair	Bangkok	
Mobile World Congress	Barcelona and Shanghai	
ZGC Forum	Beijing	
Lexus projects	China (nationwide)	
Dubai Airshow		
The 28th Conference of the Parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (COP28)	Dubai	
Geneva International Motor Show	Geneva	
Solar and Storage Live Vietnam	Ho Chi Minh City	
Asia Fruit Logistica		
HKTDC Hong Kong International Jewellery Show	Hong Kong	
SEMICON	Kuala Lumpur and Taipei	
CES Consumer Electronics Show	Las Vegas	
World Travel Market London	London	
Global Gaming Expo Asia	Macau	
Intersolar Europe	Munich	
Thailand International Motor Expo	Nonthaburi	
China International Import Expo	Charachait	
ChinaJoy	Shanghai	
Singapore Airshow	- Singapore	
Singapore Garden Festival		
Sydney Contemporary Art Fair	Sydney	
Taipei Dangdai	Taipei	
Tokyo Gendai	Yokohama	



The Red Sea at World Travel Market London

In mainland China, the Group continued to serve a variety of clients at major motor shows, including 14 brands at the Chengdu Motor Show, 27 at the biennial Auto China, and several more at Auto Chongqing, the Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macao Greater Bay Area International Auto Show and others. Most notably, we provided exhibition services to 26 brands at Auto Guangzhou, nearly double the number served at the previous edition.



iAS LAND at Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macao Greater Bay Area International Auto Show in Shenzhen



Saudia at Dubai Airshow

Events and Brand Activations

During the financial year, the Group continued to apply its methodology of leveraging multiple marketing channels for a strategic, integrated approach to developing brand-audience engagement. The successful outcomes resulting from this approach have enabled us to diversify our portfolio while building robust relationships for long-term business growth.

A significant achievement during 2024 was our appointment as main official contractor for the 215,000 sq. m. Blue Zone at COP29, held from 11-22 November 2024 in Baku, Azerbaijan. The design and build project consisted of the construction of all temporary architectural features, conference infrastructure and facilities, including a permanent information centre and some country pavilions. It is the biggest design-and-build temporary infrastructure build around a permanent facility and the first ISO20121 (event sustainability management systems) certified event in the history of UNCCC COP. The project's sustainability solutions showcased the Group's prominent position as a market leader in green solutions, as UNFCCC parties convened to discuss impactful climate finance and sustainable development.

The effectiveness of our strategies to focus on delivering our Integrated Brand Experience is demonstrated by a growing list of outstanding campaigns. Activated for State Farm, one of the largest US-based insurers and our long-term client, one advertising campaign successfully appealed to younger audiences' preference for quick and humorous content by taking on the guise of a film starring Arnold Schwarzenegger. The campaign was top-ranked by the coveted USA Today Ad Meter for Super Bowl programmes and achieved a record-breaking 26 billion impressions.

Another project – for Archer Aviation's eVTOL 'flying car' – capitalised on the immense popularity of the Super Bowl by making well-known singer Usher – headline performer at the 2024 halftime show – the star of a concurrently running social media campaign. Much more cost-effective than traditional Super Bowl advertising, yet delivering most of its benefits, this innovative campaign gained a total combined reach of 112+ million and over 22 million earned media impressions.

Archer x Usher 'Coming Home' Campaign in the USA

Delivered in collaboration with the China Digital Library and Harvard FAS CAMLab team, the 'THE ART OF LIFE: Multimedia Exhibition of Mawangdui Han Culture' was a project that relied heavily on the combined experiential/digital prowess of Pico and YAOLAND, an immersive experience technology company under the Group. Using dynamic graphic rendering and other cutting-edge technologies, the exhibition digitally showcased site relics and immersed visitors in a world of sight and sound, virtual and real to create a truly Integrated Brand Experience.



THE ART OF LIFE: Multimedia Exhibition of Mawangdui Han Culture in Changsha

Enabled by our mature data expertise, the Group has been integrating data analytics and services in a wide variety of projects. In one notable example, the Tencent Global Digital Ecosystem Summit in Shenzhen used more than 50 camera-based data monitoring points to collect real-time visitor flow data. Using a real-time heatmap, visitor behaviour mapping and performance analysis and evaluation, we established an event data asset library for Tencent with which to continuously compare performance across similar events and maximise event value and ROI.



Tencent Global Digital Ecosystem Summit in Shenzhen

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Other selected activations include:

Project	Location
State Farm Gamerhood Season 3	Atlanta
Avatr Launch	Bangkok
Xiaomi 14 Series Launch Event	Barcelona
Beijing Chaoyang International Light Festival	Beijing
Tokyo Game Show	Chiba
Hyundai Santa Fe MX5 Media Conference and Test Drive	Dubai
UEFA Champions League projects	Germany (nationwide) and London
Bank of China Hong Kong Tennis Open	- Hong Kong
ComplexCon	Hong Kong
BMW's SKY5PACE Event	Kuala Lumpur
McDonald's China Restaurant General Manager Convention	Macau
New Year's Eve 2024 and Bahrain Festival City 2023	Manama
Australian Open	Melbourne
Jaguar Land Rover Defender V8 Media Test Drive	Nyingchi
TwitchCon	San Diego
Amazon Web Services Summit	Chanalas:
YONEX projects	Shanghai
Chow Tai Fook Jewellery Group 95th Anniversary Summit	Shenzhen
Celebrating Healthcare Heroes: Ties That Bind	Singapore
Singapore National Day Parade	
Meta projects	South Korea (nationwide) and Taipei
Audi House of Progress	Taipei
NEOM projects	Worldwide



Bahrain Festival City 2023 in Manama



McDonald's China Restaurant General Manager Convention in Macau



NEOM projects in China



Long March Digital Art Memorial in Guiyang

Visual Branding Activation

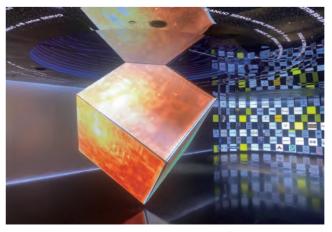
This segment accounted for HK\$293 million (2023: HK\$383 million) or 4.6% (2023: 7.2%) of total Group revenue. Segment profit was HK\$9.1 million (2023: HK\$32.0 million).

	Revenue	Profit
2024	HK\$293 million	HK\$9.1
2023	HK\$383	HK\$32.0

The drop in revenue in this segment is mainly attributable to fewer stores being opened by makers of traditional petrol-powered motorcars, who experienced declining sales in mainland China. Despite a challenging market environment, this segment remained profitable by capitalising on China's favourable policy environment regarding electric vehicles ("EV") and digital. The use of digital tools and data analytics significantly contributed to the Group's ability to maintain long-term partnerships with clients in the automotive industry, particularly regarding the EV model ranges of brands such as Dongfeng Nammi, GAC Trumpchi, Hyptec, Lotus, Mercedes-Benz, Polestar, Volkswagen and Xiaomi. In addition to EV-focused projects, we continue to deliver visual branding activations for Bentley, Ford Beyond, Lexus and others, further consolidating our market share.

The Group's assured expertise in activating creative integrated experiences facilitated a diversification of its client base. One example was The Durant Guild, for whom the Group delivered four retail store projects across China and expects to deliver a similar quantity in 2025.

The Group continued to integrate data strategies and brand experience into corporate and retail showroom projects. Most notably, in Beijing, we created a full sensory showroom experience for FANUC. The design's immersive 3D displays and projections compel customer engagement while expressing futurism in their detail and function. This activation showed the Group's capabilities extending beyond physical signage to comprehensive showroom activation, thus paving the way for acquiring new clients from intelligent manufacturing and other sectors.



FANUC Showroom in Beijing

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Selected projects from around the world:

Digital project	Location
Long March Digital Art Memorial	Guiyang
Aliyun Cloud Valley Park Digital Showroom	Hangzhou
Xio Lift Showroom	
Honeywell Showroom	Shanaha:
SAIC General Motors Showroom	Shanghai
HP projects	UK (nationwide)

Physical project	Location
Glenfiddich retail window displays for some 40 stores	China (nationwide)
SF Express Showroom	Ezhou
China Foundation for Rural Development Disaster Prevention Classroom Project	Gansu
Guangdong HAID Showroom	Guangzhou
Master Kong Showroom	Hangzhou
DKNY store interior project	Ho Chi Minh City
Genesis Showrooms	Jeddah and Muscat
LONGi Jiaxing Experience Centre	Jiaxing
Inspur Showrooms	Jinan, Seoul and Singapore
Charthouse Bahrain interior project	Manama
Hanwha Robotics Showroom	Seoul
ECARX Showroom	Shanghai



LONGi Jiaxing Experience Centre



SF Express Showroom in Ezhou



ArtScience Museum in Singapore

Museum and Themed Entertainment

This segment accounted for HK\$422 million (2023: HK\$397 million) or 6.7% (2023: 7.5%) of total Group revenue. Segment profit was HK\$50.4 million (2023: HK\$38.7 million). The segment maintained its business volume during the period under review.

	Revenue	Profit
2024	HK\$422 million	HK\$50.4
2023	HK\$397	HK\$38.7

In Hong Kong, the Group has made good progress in partnership with K11 Group to deliver a themed attraction at 11 SKIES. Set to be a future iconic 'retailtainment' landmark adjacent to Hong Kong International Airport, 11 SKIES is planned to feature a total gross floor area of over 353,000 sq. m. and some 800 shops, including 120 dining concepts.



Ranger Buddies Quest at Mandai Wildlife Reserve in Singapore

Selected projects delivered under museums/themed attractions:

Museum project	Location	
Australian War Memorial	Canberra	
Hong Kong Museum of the War of Resistance and Coastal Defence	Hong Kong	
Tai Kwun		
Macao Grand Prix Museum	Masau	
Macao Museum of Art	Macau	
ArtScience Museum	Singapara	
Singapore Maritime Gallery	Singapore	

Themed entertainment project	Location
Bluey's World	Brisbane
Monopoly Dreams Melbourne	Melbourne
VinWonders	Phu Quoc
Madame Tussauds Shanghai	Shanghai
Ranger Buddies Quest at Mandai Wildlife Reserve	Singapore

Meeting Architecture Activation

This segment accounted for HK\$173 million (2023: HK\$135 million) or 2.7% (2023: 2.5%) of total Group revenue. Segment profit was HK\$91.3 million (2023: HK\$3.2 million).

	Revenue	Profit
2024	HK\$173	HK\$91.3
2023	HK\$135	HK\$3.2

Economic recovery and favourable government incentives in 2024 drove up demand for large-scale events, and our Group achieved a correspondingly outstanding performance. Our Content, Community, Creative and Data strategy has been particularly instrumental in positioning this segment at the forefront of innovation and customer engagement.

Utilising smart technologies and Al-powered data analytics, we have capitalised on opportunities to drive our community-centric approach and enhance our brand presence. This has led to exceptional client retention within a rapidly evolving market landscape.

In the Philippines especially, the Group has expanded its activities across business landscapes to execute high-profile integrated events for construction, banking and technology sector clients. Such activations have further built up the Group's reputation among both international clients and global audience communities.



Singapore International Water Week

During the financial year, we delivered Sibos in Beijing, leveraging cutting-edge digital technology, sustainable and interactive conference experience to optimise delegates' experience at the conference.



Sibos in Beijing

Noteworthy shows in this segment include:

Show	Location	
AIMX Network	Beijing and Singapore	
Asian Vaccine Conference	Cebu	
Philconstruct	Davao, Luzon, Manila and Visayas	
HVAC/R Philippines	Luzon	
Hotel and Foodservice Suppliers Show		
Interior and Design Manila	- Manila	
PackPrintPlas Philippines	Maiilla	
Transport and Logistics Philippines		
Asia Pacific Neurocritical Care	Sarawak	
ASEAN Digital Ministers Meeting		
General Assembly and Council Meetings of the Asian Patent Attorneys Association	-	
PetExpo	Cinganava	
SILMO International Optics and Eyewear Trade Fair	Singapore	
Singapore International Water Week		
Singapore Week of Innovation and Technology (SWITCH)		
ASEAN Tourism Forum	Vientiane	

Financial Position

As at year end date, the total net tangible assets of the Group increased by 3.6% to about HK\$1,859 million (2023: HK\$1,795 million).

Bank and cash balances amounted to HK\$1,979 million (2023: HK\$1,294 million), with HK\$65 million pledged bank deposits (2023: HK\$4 million). Deducting interest bearing external borrowings from bank and cash balances, the net cash balance was HK\$1.512 million (2023: HK\$904 million).

Total borrowings were HK\$467 million at October 31, 2024 (2023: HK\$390 million). Borrowings are mainly denominated in Great Britain pound, Hong Kong dollars, New Taiwan dollars, Renminbi and United States dollars, and the interest is charged on fixed and floating rate basis. The Group's bank loans of HK\$0.07 million (2023: HK\$0.3 million) carry fixed interest rate.

	2024 HK\$' million	2023 HK\$' million
Bank and cash balances Pledged bank deposits Less: Borrowings	1,914 65 (467)	1,290 4 (390)
Net cash balance	1,512	904

For the year ended October 31, 2024, the Group invested HK\$22 million (2023: HK\$20 million) in property, plant and equipment; HK\$10 million (2023: HK\$34 million) in intangible assets. All these were financed from internal resources and bank borrowings.

The Group has HK\$135 million (2023: HK\$201 million) long-term borrowings and HK\$109 million (2023: HK\$112 million) long-term lease liabilities at October 31, 2024. The current ratio was 1.37 times (2023: 1.48 times); the liquidity ratio was 1.37 times (2023: 1.48 times); and the gearing ratio was 4.29% (2023: 6.20%).

	2024	2023
Current ratio (current assets/current liabilities) Liquidity ratio (current assets excluding inventories/current liabilities)	1.37 times 1.37 times	1.48 times 1.48 times
Gearing ratio (long-term borrowings including long-term lease liabilities/total assets)	4.29%	6.20%

Although our subsidiaries are located in many different countries of the world, over 67% of the Group's sales and purchases were denominated in Hong Kong dollars, Renminbi, Singapore dollars and United States dollars, and the remaining 33% were denominated in other Asian currencies and European currencies. We are already diversified in many different currencies, and the major Asian currencies have been quite stable throughout the year, the Group's exposure to foreign exchange risk is minimal. It is the Group's policy not to enter into derivative transactions for speculative purposes.

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Employees and Emoluments Policies

At October 31, 2024, the Group employs some 2,700 full-time staff engaged in project management, design, production, sales and marketing and administration, and is supported by a large pool of subcontractors and suppliers. The staff costs incurred in the year was about HK\$1,400 million (2023: HK\$1,175 million).

The Group's emolument policies are formulated on the performance of individual employees and on the basis of the trends of salaries in various regions, which will be reviewed regularly every year. Apart from provident fund scheme and medical insurance, discretionary bonuses and employee share options are also awarded to employees according to the assessment of individual performance.

Pledge of Assets

At October 31, 2024, the following assets were pledged as collaterals for credit facilities granted to the Group by certain banks.

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Freehold land and buildings Leasehold land and buildings Pledged bank deposits	51,071 91,851 65,316	50,510 94,887 3,711
	208,238	149,108

Contingent Liabilities

At October 31, 2024, the Group has issued the following guarantees:

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Performance guarantees – secured – unsecured	151,542 24,146	81,028 25,348
	175,688	106,376
Other guarantees – secured	6,036	1,423

At October 31, 2024, the Executive Directors do not consider it is probable that a claim will be made against the Group under any of the above guarantees.

Capital Commitments

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Capital expenditures in respect of property, plant and equipment and other investment – contracted but not		
provided for – authorised but not	5,675	3,543
contracted for	5,298	9,907
	10,973	13,450

Outlook

The year 2025 will challenge global business, with the new US administration potentially creating new trade uncertainty that could pose new threats to the global economy and fuel a shift to geopolitically aligned trade. However, with China continuing its 'one belt and one road' initiative, further growth is possible globally, especially in the Southeast Asia and Middle East markets where the Group has a well-established presence.

The Group will continue its investment in our existing Content, Community, Creative and Data strategies to deliver our effective Integrated Brand Experience. This will enable us to continue our business transformation from the role of vendor to trusted advisor by offering comprehensive and creative brand experience solutions to customers.

We have already been appointed by organisers and brands to deliver a series of exhibitions and events scheduled for the upcoming financial year. Our focus on providing high-quality services has enabled us to maintain a trajectory of sustainable growth and resilience in the Exhibition, Event and Brand Activation segment.

Notable activations include:

Project	Location
China International Machine Tool Show	Beijing
Exhibition tours/roadshows: Avatr, BYD, Denza, FANGCHENGBAO, Jaguar Land Rover, Honor, Lexus, Li Auto, Volvo, XPeng, ZEEKR	China (nationwide)
Auto Guangzhou	Guangzhou
Routes World	Hong Kong
Indo Defence Expo and Forum	Jakarta
Thailand International Motor Expo	Nonthaburi
Meta projects	Seoul, Singapore and Taipei
Automechanika Shanghai	Chanalia!
China International Import Expo	Shanghai

Project	Location		
i Light Singapore	c:		
Vinexpo Asia	Singapore		
Taipei Dangdai	Taipei		
HPE President's Club	Tenerife		
DEPA Esports Accelerator Programme	Thailand (nationwide)		
NEOM projects	Worldwide		

In the Visual Branding Activation segment, the Group has devised pivotal strategic initiatives to nurture and maintain enduring partnerships with top-tier brands. Our commitment to crafting our Integrated Brand Experience underpins our dedication to delivering innovative, cutting-edge digital showroom solutions to clients such as Bacchus, Bentley, Ford Beyond, Lexus and Xtep.

Furthermore, our focus on high potential sectors such as sports and intelligent manufacturing and our ability to capitalise on global business opportunities is exemplified by successful international activations in collaboration with Infiniti, Jaguar Land Rover, Polestar and other premier marques. Among these, one noteworthy success is a global rebranding project for Jaguar Land Rover focusing on Asia Pacific and Europe.

Strengthened by our successful delivery of projects for LEGOLAND Shanghai, we are expanding our visual branding business for LEGOLAND Shenzhen and other theme parks to be opened in China.

Annual Report 2024

Other projects of note include:

Project	Location	
Jiangsu Hengli Hydraulic Showroom	Changzhou	
BYD Showrooms		
EXEED interior projects		
GAC Aion interior projects	China	
GAC Trumpchi interior projects	(nationwide)	
Mercedes-Benz interior projects		
The Durant Guild Showrooms		
Pluit Junction Mall interior project	Jakarta	
Ahli United Bank interior project		
GFH Financial Group interior project	Manama	
Advanced Micro-Fabrication Equipment Inc. China Lingang Showroom	Shanghai	
Siemens Showroom		
Biosparc Showroom	Suzhou	
Weifu High-Technology Group Showroom	Wuxi	

In the Museum and Themed Entertainment segment, the Group is currently engaged in several pivotal contracts. Notably, we are delivering projects for the Hong Kong Museum of History and the Hong Kong Wetland Park – both slated for completion in 2025 – and a Hollywood-themed amusement park in Japan, with completion anticipated in 2027.

Selected assorted projects for museums/themed attractions:

Project	Location
Al Ain Zoo	Abu Dhabi
Dreamworld	Cold Coost
Wizard of Oz at Warner Bros. Movie World	- Gold Coast, Australia
Harbourfront Shared Space project	Hong Kong
Mount Fortress	Macau
Al Hamra Entertainment Destination	Riyadh
Peninsula Bay Water and Theme Park	Sihanoukville
Ministry of Education Heritage Centre	Cinconono
People's Association Heritage Gallery	Singapore
Chimelong Marine Science Park	Zhuhai

The Meeting Architecture Activation segment has used data-driven tactics to obtain a significant and solid competitive edge. The Group has enhanced its ability to capitalise on emerging opportunities and sustain growth for the years to come.

Other projects of interest include:

Show	Location	
World Gas Conference	Beijing	
Sibos	Frankfurt	
Malaysian Ophthalmology Scientific Congress	Kuala Lumpur	
HVAC/R Philippines		
Interior and Design Manila	- Manila	
Philconstruct	Maiilla	
Philippine International Furniture Show		
Asia Pacific Intensive Care Symposium		
Asia-Pacific Textile and Apparel Supply Chain Expo & Summit		
Food Japan		
Singapore International Transport Congress and Exhibition (SITCE)	Singapore	
Singapore International Water Week Spotlight		
Singapore Week of Innovation and Technology (SWITCH)		

The Group's consistent dedication to expanding its market share and increasing project value while improving efficiency, continuing evolution and building resilience has enabled it to thrive during the past few years of geopolitical and economic uncertainty, and should continue to do so amidst the challenges of the years to come.

Crucially, the Group's strategic outlook is based on our capacity to adapt to current and anticipated market realities. Hence our willingness to embrace technological advances, such as AI and data tools, both to enhance operational efficiency and add value to our client services. This has and will continue to set us apart from industry peers. Culturally, the Group fosters continued excellence by supporting an internal environment of learning, innovation, professional achievement and career advancement. Meanwhile, our careful credit control and cashflow management are intended to function together to ensure a sufficient working capital basis for robust short- and long-term operations. We will continue to focus on delivering profitable growth to the benefit of all of our stakeholders.

Conclusion

We are cautiously confident that our resilient and growth-sustaining business model and engagement leadership will guide us through another year of great challenge and enable us to continue building value for our clients, employees and stakeholders, just as we have done amid the challenges of the recent past.

As always, we thank our employees for their dedication and professional excellence, our clients for their continuing partnership, and our stakeholders for their confidence in the Group. Together, we can and will forge a path of success through the volatile global environment of 2025, and for the years beyond.

By Order of the Board

Lawrence Chia Song Huat

CHAIRMAN

Profile of Directors and Senior Management

Board of Directors

Executive Directors

Lawrence Chia Song Huat, aged 64, has worked in the exhibition and event industry for over four decades and has been Chairman of the Group since 1994. He is a graduate of The University of Tennessee, having majored in Finance, and received The University of Tennessee Outstanding International Alumni Award in 2016. In 2006, he received the International Executive in Sport and Entertainment Award from the University of South Carolina. He is currently Chairman of the Singapore Chamber of Commerce (Hong Kong). Mr Chia is an uncle of Ms Jean Chia Yuan Jiun, a director of the Group, and a younger brother of Mr Chia Siong Lim, a member of the Group's senior management.

Jean Chia Yuan Jiun, aged 51, joined the Group in 1998 and has over 25 years of experience in the exhibition and event industry. Currently Group President with overall responsibility for developing global corporate strategies, she also oversees Group businesses and operations in Southeast Asia. She is a graduate of The London School of Economics and Political Science at the University of London, having majored in Economics. She is a niece of Mr Lawrence Chia Song Huat, a director of the Group, and the daughter of Mr Chia Siong Lim, a member of the Group's senior management.

Albert Mok Pui Keung, aged 60, joined the Group in 1991 and has over 35 years of experience in the accounting and finance industries. He is currently the Group's Senior Vice President – Finance and responsible for overseeing corporate financing strategy, financial and capital planning. He holds a Bachelor's degree in Accounting from the Ulster University in the United Kingdom and a Master of Business Administration degree from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University. He is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Charlie Yucheng Shi, aged 62, has been an independent non-executive director of the Company since 2002. Mr Shi has had over two decades of investment experience, and previously served as Managing Director of Omaha Capital China, which focused on growth and venture capital investments in the Greater China region. He holds a Bachelor of Arts degree in Economics from Fudan University in Shanghai, an MBA from California Lutheran University, and is a graduate of the Advanced Management Program at Harvard Business School.

Frank Lee Kee Wai, aged 65, has been a non-executive director of the Company since 1992 and is the senior partner at Messrs. Vincent T.K. Cheung, Yap & Co., Solicitors and Notaries. He holds a Bachelor of Law degree from The London School of Economics and Political Science and obtained a Master of Laws degree from the University of Cambridge. Mr Lee is a qualified solicitor in Hong Kong, England, Singapore and the Australian Capital Territory. He is also a China-appointed Attesting Officer and a member of the Chartered Institute of Arbitrators. Mr Lee is also currently an independent non-executive director of Vision Values Holdings Limited and Mongolia Energy Corporation Ltd.

Gregory Robert Scott Crichton, aged 73, has been an independent non-executive director of the Company since 1998. He has held numerous directorships in various entities and countries including American International Assurance Co., Ltd. (AIA) and continues to work in the insurance industry. He served as President Commissioner of an Indonesian life insurance company and was an advisor to a successful Singapore reinsurance start-up, as well as serving on the Inland Revenue Board of Review and other bodies. He is currently a non-executive director and advisor to a major international insurer and sits on a number of related committees. He is one of the founders of an Insurtech startup and is also the Managing Director of a Hong Kong-based trust and corporate service provider company. He is a graduate in Law from the University of Sydney and holds a Bachelor of Arts degree from the University of New South Wales. He is admitted as a solicitor of the Supreme Court of Hong Kong and is also a solicitor of the Supreme Court of England and Wales.

James Patrick Cunningham, aged 70, has been an independent non-executive director of the Company since 2004. He holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Business Administration from Adelphi University in Garden City, New York. He also attended advanced management courses at INSEAD in France. Mr Cunningham has spent over 40 years in the fashion retail and apparel industry and from 1990 until 2004, he was Senior Vice President and Corporate Officer of the Gap Inc. Since 2004, Mr Cunningham has been a private investor and independent retail and supply chain consultant and advisor for various public and private corporations in Asia, Europe and the United States. Most notably, he was a special advisor to the Shinsegae Group in South Korea from 2005 until 2020. Over the past 28 years he has been a Director of Summerbridge Hong Kong, a privately funded NGO specialising in delivering transformational educational programmes to economically challenged young students in Hong Kong. He has been an active member of the Young Presidents' Organisation for more than 25 years and is now a YPO Gold International Lifetime Member.

Kenneth Kent Ho, aged 57, has been an independent non-executive director of the Group since 2023. He is a Founder and Managing Partner of Carret Private Investments Limited, and a Founder and Vice Chairman of the Family Office Association of Hong Kong. Kenneth has worked in banking for over 30 years, with the last two decades being in private wealth management. Prior to founding Carret Private Investments Limited, he helped set up two of Asia's largest wealth management platforms, Bank Julius Baer and Credit Suisse. At Julius Baer, he was a core member of the regional executive board that established the firm's Asian franchise in 2006, and previous to that, was part of the regional executive committee and served as Head of Products for Credit Suisse Hong Kong. His career began at McKinsey & Company, Inc. and Salomon Brothers. Currently, Kenneth is a Board Director of Lumen Capital Investors Pte Ltd, a Monetary Authority of Singapore regulated financial entity in Singapore, a Board Director for the Children's Medical Foundation Limited and a member of Board for the Mary Rose School. He holds a Bachelors degree from James Madison University and an MBA from the University of Chicago Booth School of Business.

Senior Management

The Executive Committee is comprised of Executive Directors and the following persons in senior management of the Group:

Chia Siong Lim

Honorary Chairman of Pico Far East Holdings Limited

aged 78, has worked in the exhibition and event industry for more than 55 years and is the founder of the Pico Group. Over the years, he has been involved in key investments that laid a strong foundation for the Group to grow into what it is today. He is also Chairman of the Intertrade group, which directs the development of exhibition hall management business. He is an elder brother of Mr Lawrence Chia Song Huat and the father of Ms Jean Chia Yuan Jiun, both directors of the Group.

Fareeda Cassumbhoy

Group Chief Digital Officer

aged 53, joined the Group in 2018 and has over two decades of experience in brand communications and digital strategy. She is currently responsible for driving digital transformation across the Group. She holds a Global EMBA from The University of Southern California's Marshall School of Business. Currently she is a Learning Partner of the Doctor of Business Administration programme at City University of Hong Kong, and a recipient of a DBA Awards – Contribution to Knowledge from that institution's College of Business.

Chung Chee Keong

Director, Corporate Development and Human Resources

aged 58, joined the Group in 1993 and has more than 30 years of experience in the exhibition and event industry. Currently, he oversees corporate development for venue management, human resources, and leads the Group's sustainability initiatives. He holds a Bachelor's degree in Accountancy from the National University of Singapore, and was a qualified Chartered Accountant (Singapore) with a Big Four accounting firm.

Stephen Siu Wing Tsing

Chief Technology Officer

aged 53, joined the Group in 2018 and has more than 25 years of experience in software engineering. He is currently responsible for leveraging technology for the Group's digital transformation. He holds both Bachelor's and Master's degrees in Electrical Engineering from the University of Waterloo in Canada.

Caroline Bee

Senior Vice President (EMEA)

aged 59, joined the Group in 2015 and has 25 years of experience in the exhibition and event industry. She is currently responsible for overseeing Pico EMEA (Europe, Middle East and Africa). She completed both an Associate in Risk Management programme certified by RIMS (USA) and a Chartered Insurance Institute course (Fellow of the Chartered Insurance institute) (UK) conducted by Edinburgh Napier University.

Danny Ku Yiu Chung

Group President (China)

aged 59, joined the Group in 1994 and has more than 30 years of experience in the exhibition and event industry. He is currently responsible for all business and operations in the China region. He is a member of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference Jiading Committee of Shanghai; Vice Chairman of the Federation of Returned Overseas Chinese, Jiading District, Shanghai; Vice Chairman of the Shanghai Hong Kong Association (SHKA); and Chairman of the Hong Kong Enterprises Association, Jiading District, Shanghai.

Victor Leung Shing

Senior Vice President – Operations Management (China) Executive Director (Pico Beijing, Tianjin and Xi'an)

aged 57, joined the Group in 2008 and has more than 20 years of experience in the exhibition and event industry. He is currently responsible for overseeing the business of Pico Beijing, Tianjin and Xi'an, as well as operations management in the China region. He holds a Bachelor's degree in Mechanical Engineering from the University of Hong Kong and completed a Postgraduate Diploma in Integrated Marketing Communications from the HKU School of Professional and Continuing Education.

Anne Li Lai Chun

Executive Director (Pico Hong Kong)

aged 59, joined the Group in 1989 and has over 30 years of experience in the exhibition and event industry. She is currently responsible for the operation of Pico Hong Kong. She holds a Master of Science degree in Marketing from the National University of Ireland and also completed an Executive Education programme in International Business jointly conducted by Stanford University and National University of Singapore.

Lim Chiew Wee

Regional Managing Director (Pico+ Group; Pico Europe, Japan, Korea, Shanghai and Taiwan)

aged 49, joined the Group in 2000 and has nearly 25 years of experience in the marketing industry. He is currently responsible for managing global operations for the Pico+Group as well as managing Pico Europe, Japan, Korea, Shanghai and Taiwan. He holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Economics from The London School of Economics and Political Science at the University of London. He also completed a joint executive programme conducted by Harvard Business School, China Europe International Business School and Tsinghua University.

Lim Kian Meng

Executive Director (Pico Singapore)

aged 55, joined the Group in 1996 and has more than 25 years of experience in the exhibition and event industry. He is currently responsible for overseeing operation management for Pico Singapore as well as mega projects globally. He holds a Bachelor's degree in Mechanical and Production Engineering from the Nanyang Technological University Singapore.

Rita Lui Yuk

Executive Director (South China)

aged 55, joined the Group in 1998 and has more than 30 years of experience in the exhibition and event industry. She is currently responsible for spearheading business development and managing operations in the South China region. She holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Building Technology and Management from Hong Kong Polytechnic University and a Master's degree in Business Administration from Centenary College in New Jersey. She also completed an EMBA course for president-level students in Innovative Leadership at the Yangtze Delta Region Institute of Tsinghua University, Zhejiang.

Darren McLean

Executive Director (Pico Play)

aged 45, joined the Group in 2016 and has more than 20 years of experience in civil engineering and business management. He is currently responsible for spearheading Pico Play's business for the delivery of major world-class and themed entertainment projects around the globe. He holds a Bachelor of Engineering degree in Civil Engineering and a Bachelor of Business Management degree from Griffith University.

Ng Meng Chuen

Senior Vice President (Southeast Asia)

aged 60, joined the Group in 1990 and has nearly 35 years of experience in the exhibition and event industry. He is currently responsible for global sports events as well as managing Pico Malaysia. He holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Business Administration from the University of Oregon.

Jason Ng Swee Ping

Managing Director (MP International)

aged 53, joined the Group in 2006 and has nearly 30 years of experience in the exhibition and event industry. He is currently responsible for spearheading MP International's business globally. He holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Mathematics from the National University of Singapore and a Master of Management from the Macquarie Graduate School of Management (Australia).

Peter Sng Kia Tuck

Regional Managing Director (Middle East)

aged 66, joined the Group in 1989 and has 35 years of experience in the exhibition and event industry. He is currently responsible for business and operations in the Middle East. He holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Business Administration and a Bachelor of General Studies degree in Psychology from The University of Kansas.

Trevor Soh Cheow Wee

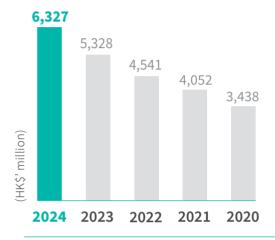
Senior Vice President (Pico Singapore)

aged 54, joined the Group in 2000 and has more than 25 years of experience in the exhibition and event industry. He is currently responsible for managing Pico Singapore and for the Group's business development strategies in Southeast Asia. He holds a Bachelor of Arts degree in Economics and Sociology from the National University of Singapore.

Five Year Financial Summary

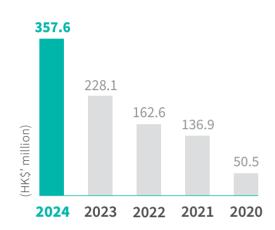
Revenue

HK\$6,327 million



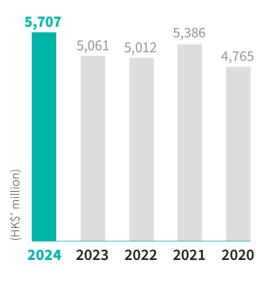
Profit attributable to owners of the Company

HK\$357.6 million



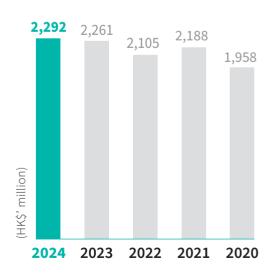
Total assets

HK\$5,707 million



Equity attributable to owners of the Company

HK\$2,292 million



Five Year Financial Summary

The consolidated results and assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the audited financial statements, are as follows:

RESULTS

	Year ended October 31				
	2020 HK\$'000	2021 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000	2024 HK\$'000
Revenue	3,438,111	4,051,864	4,541,018	5,327,931	6,327,002
OPERATING PROFIT					
Profit from core operations (after finance costs)	90,583	147,449	186,797	319,721	465,988
Change in remeasurement of contingent consideration	19,342	46,125	33,538	(6)	376
Amortisation of other intangible assets arising from business combinations	(39,632)	(39,628)	(39,445)	(30,955)	(25,222)
Share of profits (losses) of associates Share of profits (losses) of joint ventures	(10,989)	2,584	2,893 (438)	11,462 910	11,609 1,492
					<u> </u>
Profit before tax Income tax expense	59,304 (3,355)	156,530 (25,509)	183,345 (29,744)	301,132 (57,401)	454,243 (86,220)
Profit for the year	55,949	131,021	153,601	243,731	368,023
Attributable to: Owners of the Company	50,536	136,909	162,642	228 US2	257 569
Non-controlling interests	5,413	(5,888)	(9,041)	228,083 15,648	357,568 10,455
Profit for the year	55,949	131,021	153,601	243,731	368,023

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

		A	t October 31		
	2020 HK\$'000	2021 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000	2024 HK\$'000
Total assets	4,764,940	5,385,841	5,011,624	5,060,507	5,707,137
Total liabilities	2,667,427	3,066,373	2,825,444	2,730,569	3,388,964
Net assets	2,097,513	2,319,468	2,186,180	2,329,938	2,318,173
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	1,957,974	2,187,658	2,105,432	2,261,271	2,291,917
Non-controlling interests	139,539	131,810	80,748	68,667	26,256
Total equity	2,097,513	2,319,468	2,186,180	2,329,938	2,318,173

Corporate Governance Report

The Board of Directors (the "Board") of Pico Far East Holdings Limited (the "Company") is always committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance. During the year ended October 31, 2024, the Company has complied with the code provision (the "CG Code") as set out in the Corporate Governance Code contained in Appendix C1 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") except for the following deviation:

CG Code C.2.1 stipulates that the roles of the chairman and the chief executive officer should be separated and should not be performed by the same individual. Given the current corporate structure, there is no separation between the roles of the chairman and the chief executive officer. Although the responsibilities of the chairman and the chief executive officer are vested in one person, all major decisions are made in consultation with the Board members and the senior management of the Company. There are five Independent Non-Executive Directors in the Board for the year ended October 31, 2024. The Board considers that there is sufficient balance of power and the current arrangement maintains a strong management position of the Company.

The Company has applied the principles of the Corporate Governance Code contained in Appendix C1 of the Listing Rules to its corporate governance structure and practices as described in this report. This Annual Report should be read in conjunction with the Environment, Social and Governance ("ESG") Report of the Company, which is available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix C3 of the Listing Rules as the code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the directors of the Company (the "Directors"). Having made specific enquiry, the Company confirms that the Directors complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code for the year ended October 31, 2024.

Corporate Strategy and Culture

Pico is a global Total Brand Activation company listed on the Stock Exchange since 1992.

Our uniqueness and strength lies in the diversity of some 2,700 inspired professionals working in 36 cities. Pico is a Total Brand Activation agency utilising Content, Community, Creative and Data strategy to create an Integrated Brand Experience for client's marketing events around the world.

The Board considers Pico's success and leadership stem from its innovative approach and proactive willingness to embrace change. It all commences with our purpose, vision, mission, values and culture. Our goal is to advance as a resilient organisation capable of adapting to change and overcoming challenges.

Corporate Governance Report

The vision, mission, values and culture of the Company are as follows:

Vision: The global leader in Total Brand Activation Mission: Deliver tomorrow's impactful experiences today

Our Values and Culture:

Since the establishment of Pico Group, our business model has evolved continuously to sustain our lead in the markets where we operate. In recent years, our transformation has been guided by these overarching strategies:

- Business model resilience: Employing its Content, Community, Creative and Data strategy to deliver Integrated Brand Experience for clients around the globe.
- Technological resilience: Building a data-driven enterprise to drive growth and achieve operational excellence and greater efficiency.
- Operational resilience: Devising tailored evaluations and building a global partner platform comprising a localised network for tight cost control and an improved gross margin.
- Organisational resilience: Cultivating an "apprenticeship" model of talent development and upskilling to foster future growth.
- Financial resilience: Establishing robust financial foundations to ensure smooth and continuous short- and long-term operation and protect the value of our organisation.

In view of the above, the Board considers the purpose, values and strategy of Pico as aligned with our culture.

During the year, Pico took a variety of actions to maintain its desired corporate culture. Internally, we periodically broadcast group strategies and thought leadership, celebrate staff achievements and circulate news and highlights including updates on AI and other technological applications. By ensuring information and know-how flows freely at every level of the Group, we ensure that everyone's aims and efforts are in alignment while promoting our culture of forward-looking willingness to embrace change. Feedback and comments from staff collected via internal channels and platforms also aided the Board in decision-making and forming strategy.

Pico continued to strengthen its corporate cultural framework through various strategic initiatives during the year. Relevant achievements and details are discussed in "Chairman's Statement" section of this Annual Report.

Key performance indicators which demonstrate Pico's financial capability as they relate to business objectives, are listed in the "Results in Brief" section of this Annual Report. For more details on incentives which support our culture of sustainable development and measures for assessing and monitoring culture, please refer to our ESG Report, which is available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

More information about Pico's purpose, values and strategy, and how they align with our culture, is available on Pico's website.

The Board

The Board plays an important role to cultivate a corporate culture which guides the behaviors of employees to act lawfully, ethically and responsibly, and ensure that the Group's purpose, values and strategy are aligned with its culture.

The Board has a balance of skill and experience and a balanced composition of Executive and Non-Executive Directors and is responsible for oversight of the management of the Company's business and affairs. The Board has delegated the day-to-day responsibility to the Executive Directors and senior management of the Company.

The Board is also responsible for performing the functions set out in the CG Code A.2.1. The Board will meet to develop, review and monitor the Company's corporate governance policies and practices, training and continuous professional development of directors and senior management, the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, the compliance of the Model Code and compliance manual applicable to employees and directors.

Four board meetings and one general meeting were held during the financial year ended October 31, 2024. The attendance of the Directors is set out below:

Directors	Attendance at board meetings	Attendance at general meeting
Executive Directors		
		- /-
Lawrence Chia Song Huat (Chairman)	4/4	1/1
Jean Chia Yuan Jiun	4/4	1/1
Mok Pui Keung	4/4	1/1
Independent Non-Executive Directors		
Gregory Robert Scott Crichton	4/4	1/1
James Patrick Cunningham	4/4	1/1
Kenneth Kent Ho (appointed on November 20, 2023)	4/4	1/1
Frank Lee Kee Wai	4/4	0/1
Charlie Yucheng Shi	4/4	1/1

Board and committee minutes are recorded in appropriate detail and are kept by the Company Secretary. Draft minutes are circulated to the Directors for comment within reasonable time after each meeting and the final version is open for Directors' inspection.

The Company has received annual confirmations of independence from all existing Independent Non-Executive Directors and considers them independent.

The Directors have fixed term of appointment and subject to re-election at the annual general meeting ("AGM") of the Company.

Please refer to "Profile of Directors and Senior Management" section of this Annual Report for the disclosure of any financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationships between board members.

Corporate Governance Report

Directors' Continuous Training and Development

Directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. This is to ensure that their contribution into the Board remains informed and relevant.

The Directors are committed to complying with the CG Code C.1.4 on Directors' training. All Directors have participated in continuous professional development and provided a record of training they received for the financial year ended October 31, 2024 to the Company.

The individual training record of each Director received for financial year ended October 31, 2024 is set out below:

Directors	Briefings and updates on the business, operations and corporate governance matters	Attending or participating in seminars/ workshops or working in technical committee relevant to the business/ directors' duties
Executive Directors		
Lawrence Chia Song Huat (Chairman)	✓	✓
Jean Chia Yuan Jiun	✓,	<i>y</i>
Mok Pui Keung	✓	✓
Independent Non-Executive Directors		
Gregory Robert Scott Crichton	✓	✓
James Patrick Cunningham	✓	✓
Kenneth Kent Ho (appointed on November 20, 2023)	✓	✓
Frank Lee Kee Wai	✓	✓
Charlie Yucheng Shi	✓	✓

The Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer

Under CG Code C.2.1, the roles of the chairman and the chief executive officer should be separated and should not be performed by the same individual.

The Company does not have a separate chairman and chief executive officer. Mr. Lawrence Chia Song Huat currently holds both positions. The Board considers that the existing structure can promote the efficient formulation and implementation of the Company's strategies and explore business opportunities efficiently and promptly.

Non-Executive Directors

Under CG Code B.2.2, every Director, including those appointed for a specific term, should be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years.

Corporate Governance Report

The Non-Executive Directors of the Company are appointed for a specific term for two years and subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at AGM of the Company in accordance with the articles of association of the Company.

During the year, Independent Non-Executive Directors has, amongst other work done, approved the grant of the options to the Executive Directors of the Company, and reviewed and inquired about the business of the Group, and the Company's announcements, financial reports, circulars and notices.

To ensure independent views and input are available to the Board, the following mechanisms were established:

- The Board is steering the Company with a majority of Independent Non-Executive Directors.
- The Company receives annual confirmations of independence from all existing Independent Non-Executive Directors and considers them independent.
- The Directors are able, upon reasonable request, to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expenses. The Board shall resolve to provide separate appropriate independent professional advice to the Directors to assist the relevant Directors to discharge their duties.
- The Board and Nomination Committee of the Company adhere to the nomination policy to appoint/re-appoint the Directors.

During the year, the Board reviewed implementation of these mechanisms and determined that they remain effective.

Remuneration Committee

The Company has set up a Remuneration Committee consisting of one Executive Director and two Independent Non-Executive Directors.

The Remuneration Committee is responsible for ensuring that the Company has formal and transparent procedures for developing and overseeing its policies on the remuneration of the Directors and senior management. The Remuneration Committee's authorities and duties are set out in written terms of reference.

One Remuneration Committee meeting was held during the financial year ended October 31, 2024. Attendance of the members is set out below:

Members	Attendance of Meeting
Gregory Robert Scott Crichton (Chairman)	1/1
Lawrence Chia Song Huat	1/1
James Patrick Cunningham	1/1

The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are aligned with code provision set out in the CG Code. Given below are main duties of the Remuneration Committee:

- to consider the Company's policy and structure of remuneration of the Directors and senior management;
- to make recommendations to the Board on the specific remuneration packages of all Executive Directors and senior management;
- to review and approve the management's performance-based remuneration by reference to corporate goals and objectives resolved by the Board from time to time;

Corporate Governance Report

- to review and approve compensation payable to Executive Directors and senior management in connection with any loss or termination of their office or appointment;

- to review and approve compensative arrangements relating to dismissal or removal of Directors for misconduct; and
- to review and/or approve matters relating to share schemes.

The works performed by the Remuneration Committee during the year include the following:

- make recommendations to the Board on the performance-based remuneration packages of Executive Directors and senior management of the Group for the year ended October 31, 2024;
- reviewed and/or approved of the grants of share options to Executive Directors and senior management of the Group;
 and
- reviewed and adopted of the proposal of directors' fees for the year ended October 31, 2024.

The vesting period of first, second and third tranche of options granted during the year are less than 12 months, the Remuneration Committee considers that the grant of options with a shorter vesting period could align the interests of the grantees with that of the Company and the shareholders of the Company, reward and provide incentive to the grantees to work towards success of the Group, and reinforce their commitment to long-term services of the Group, which is in line with the purpose of the share option scheme.

The grantee is not required to achieve any performance targets before any options granted during the year can be exercised. The Remuneration Committee is of the view that, taking into account (i) the ability of grantees to contribute to the overall operations, development and long-term growth of the Group with reference to their tenure with the Company and industry experience; and (ii) the historical practice of the Company in granting options without performance targets, and the grant of options to the grantees aligns the interests of the grantees with that of the Company and the shareholders of the Company and reinforces the grantees' commitment to the Group, and thus aligns with the purpose of the Company's share option scheme.

Directors' remuneration

We have in place a formal and transparent remuneration policy for Directors. The Company is committed to ensuring that Directors' remuneration packages are competitive, fair, and aligned with the Company's goals and objectives. This policy aims to provide a transparent framework for determining remuneration, taking into consideration various factors, including performance, responsibilities, and market rates. The remuneration of the Board shall be reviewed and approved in accordance with the terms of reference laid out by the Remuneration Committee. No Director is involved in deciding his/her own remuneration.

Details of remuneration of the Directors and the top five highest paid individuals of the Group are set out in Note 11 to the consolidated financial statements.

Corporate Governance Report

Audit Committee

The Company has set up an Audit Committee consisting of five Independent Non-Executive Directors.

The Audit Committee is responsible for reviewing half-year and annual financial statements; the risk management and internal control systems.

Three Audit Committee meetings were held during the financial year ended October 31, 2024, of which two meetings were held with the external auditor together with senior management. Attendance of the members is set out below:

Members	Attendance of Meeting
Charlie Yucheng Shi (Chairman)	3/3
Gregory Robert Scott Crichton	3/3
James Patrick Cunningham	3/3
Kenneth Kent Ho (appointed on November 20, 2023)	3/3
Frank Lee Kee Wai	3/3

The terms of reference of Audit Committee are aligned with the code provision set out in the CG Code. Given below are the main duties of the Audit Committee:

- to consider the appointment of external auditor and any questions of resignation or dismissal;
- to discuss with the external auditor the nature and scope of the audit before the audit commences;
- to review half-year and annual financial statements before submission to the Board;
- to discuss problems and reservations arising from the audit, and any matters the external auditor may wish to discuss;
- to consider and review the Company's system of internal controls; and
- to oversee and review the risk management framework and process through the internal audit department to ensure the appropriateness and effectiveness of the Group's risk management system.

The works performed by the Audit Committee during the year include the following:

- reviewed the external auditor's audit plan for the year ended October 31, 2024;
- considered the audit fee quotation from external auditor for the year ended October 31, 2024;
- reviewed the key audit matters included in the Independent Auditor's Report for the year ended October 31, 2023;
- considered the independence of the external auditor;
- reviewed and discussed the 2023 Annual Report and final results announcement with the Independent Auditor's Report for the Board's approval;
- reviewed and discussed the 2024 Interim Report and interim results announcement for the Board's approval;
- reviewed and discussed on the internal audit's progress reports and works performed by internal audit department with the head of internal audit, their findings and rectification action plan;
- reviewed internal audit plan for 2025; and
- reviewed and received the reports of risk management review for the year.

Corporate Governance Report

Nomination Committee

The Company has set up a Nomination Committee consisting of one Executive Director and three Independent Non-Executive Directors.

The Company is committed to equality of opportunity in all aspects of its business and the Nomination Committee has reviewed the board diversity policy on an annual basis to ensure its continued effectiveness.

As set out in the board diversity policy, diversity of board members can be achieved through consideration of a number of factors, including but not limited to skills, regional and industry experience, background, race, gender and other qualities. In forming its perspective on diversity, the Company will also take into account factors based on its own business model and specific needs from time to time. The Company targets to maintain a Board with female representation, and gender diversity is achieved in respect of the Board. It is considered that the current Board composition is well-balanced and appropriate for the business of the Company. Therefore, no timeline or plan was proposed for further enhancing the gender diversity target of the Board for the time being. The Company is conscious of gender diversity when considering potential successors to the Board to achieve gender diversity, all appointments are ultimately made on a merit basis taking into account available and suitable candidates.

One Nomination Committee meeting was held during the financial year ended October 31, 2024. Attendance of the members is set out below:

Members	Attendance of Meeting
Lawrence Chia Song Huat (Chairman)	1/1
James Patrick Cunningham	1/1
Kenneth Kent Ho (appointed on November 20, 2023)	1/1
Charlie Yucheng Shi	1/1

The terms of reference of Nomination Committee are aligned with the code provision set out in the CG Code. Given below are the main duties of the Nomination Committee:

- to review the structure, size and composition (including but not limited to the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board at least annually and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy;
- to identify individuals suitably qualified to become members of the Board and select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships;
- to receive nominations from shareholders or directors when such are tendered and to make recommendations to the Board on the candidacy of the nominees, having regard to the Board's compositional requirements and suitability of the nominees;
- to assess the independence of Independent Non-Executive Directors and review the Independent Non-Executive Directors' confirmations on their independence; and make disclosure of its review results in the Corporate Governance Report. Where the Board proposes a resolution to elect an individual as an Independent Non-Executive Director at the general meeting, it should set out in the circular to shareholders and/or explanatory statement accompanying the notice of the relevant general meeting why they believe he/she should be elected and the reasons why they consider him/her to be independent;
- to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or reappointment of directors and succession planning for directors, in particular the chairman of the Board and the chief executive of the Company; and
- to consider other topics and review other documents as may be reasonably requested by the Board from time to time.

Corporate Governance Report

A nomination policy of the Company has been adopted by the Board. This policy sets out the process and procedures which govern the nomination of Directors applicable to both new appointments and re-appointments. In evaluating a proposed candidate, including a Director eligible for re-appointment, the Nomination Committee will consider the following factors (which are by no means exhaustive):

- the strategy of the Company;
- the structure, size, composition and needs of the Board and its respective board committees at the time, taking into account succession planning, where appropriate;
- the required skills, which should be complementary to those of the existing Directors;
- the board diversity policy of the Company as adopted/amended by the Board from time to time;
- any information obtained through third party references or background checks;
- any other factors that may be used as reference in assessing the suitability of a proposed candidate, including but not limited to the candidate's reputation for integrity, accomplishments and likely commitment in terms of time and interest;
- the candidate's ability to devote sufficient time to the Board, in particular if a proposed candidate will be holding his/her seventh (or more) listed company directorship; and
- the independence of a candidate proposed to be appointed as an independent non-executive director, in particular by reference to the independence requirements under the Listing Rules.

The Nomination Committee is vested with discretion to take into account such other factors as it may consider appropriate.

The appointment of any proposed candidate to the Board or re-appointment of any existing Director shall be made in accordance with the Company's articles of association, the Listing Rules and other applicable rules and regulations.

The works performed by the Nomination Committee during the year include the following:

- reviewed the structure, size and composition of the Board;
- reviewed the independence of the Independent Non-Executive Directors; and
- made recommendations on the re-election of Directors at the 2025 AGM.

Workforce diversity

As at October 31, 2024, our total workforce comprised of 47% female and 53% male. The current gender diversity of workforce was appropriate taking into account the business models and operational needs. We continually take positive action to ensure equal opportunity in the conduct of employment activities, including recruitment, hiring, compensation, training and promotion for all persons to be based on their competence, knowledge, experience and individual performance, regardless of gender.

Corporate Governance Report

Auditor's Remuneration

Total auditor's remuneration for the year is HK\$6,806,000 (2023: HK\$6,142,000) representing:

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Charged by RSM Hong Kong Charged by other RSM network firms Subsidiaries not audited by RSM Hong Kong and not other RSM network firms The People's Republic of China (the "PRC") subsidiaries with different year	2,420 476 3,485	2,320 339 2,976
end date not audited by RSM Hong Kong and not other RSM network firms	425	507
	6,806	6,142

There was HK\$42,000 (2023: HK\$24,000) non-audit service provided by RSM Hong Kong or other RSM network firms for the year ended October 31, 2024.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements of the Group for the relevant accounting periods under applicable statutory and regulatory requirements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs, the results of operations and cash flows of the Group. In preparing the financial statements for the six months ended April 30, 2024 and for the year ended October 31, 2024, suitable accounting policies have been adopted and applied consistently. The financial statements for the reporting year have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Risk Management and Internal Controls

To achieve a sound system of risk management, the Group's risk management system is embedded into the culture, process and structures of the Group. The Group's risk management system shall be responsive to the changes in business environment and clearly communicated to all levels.

The Board has overall responsibility for the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control system and oversees the risk management and internal control systems. With the assistance of the Audit Committee, the Group risk management committee (the "GRMC") and the internal audit department, the Board oversees the Company's risk management and internal control system on an on-going basis, sets appropriate policies and reviews the effectiveness of the systems at least annually, covering all material financial, operational and compliance controls. The Board reviews risk assessment results, including changes in the nature and extent of significant risks since the last review and the Group's ability to respond to changes in its business and the external environment.

Risk management structure and process

Risk management structure

The Group's risk governance structure is based on the "3 lines of defense" model. The first line of defense is the internal control system in operation management. The second line of defense is the risk management, which comprises risk management and compliance performed by the GRMC and reports to the Board. The third line of defense is the internal audit function performed by internal audit department and reports to the Audit Committee and the Board.

The Audit Committee, delegated by the Board, considers and reviews the Group's system of internal controls; and oversees and reviews the risk management framework and process through the internal audit department to ensure the appropriateness and effectiveness of the Group's risk management system.

The GRMC has been established to design, implement and monitor the risk management policy and procedures of the Group. Members of the GRMC are senior management members of the Group. Major and significant risks relating to operations, finance, compliance and ESG are identified and categorised into the risk register, and the risks are continuously monitored and assessed. High risk items on the risk register are reported to the Board regularly. Effective control activities are developed to mitigate the risks. The Group's risk management system is closely linked to its internal control system. Internal audit department will evaluate function of the GRMC, review and assess the efficiency and effectiveness on internal control and risk management systems, and reports any significant risk items or findings identified to the GRMC and the Audit Committee.

The Group's internal audit department is responsible for providing independent assurance that the Group's risk management and internal control processes are operating effectively. The head of the internal audit department reports to the Audit Committee on a regular basis. The Audit Committee reviews the annual internal audit plan which covers the Group's significant areas of operations. The audit plan is reviewed on an annual basis. The scope of works of the Group's internal audit department covers all material controls including financial, operational, compliance and ESG-related controls as well as risk management policies and procedures. The internal audit department reviews the material controls of the Group on a continuous basis and aims to cover all major operations of the Group on a cyclical basis. Internal audit findings and recommendations are presented at the Audit Committee meetings. The implementation of the agreed recommendations is to be followed up on a regular basis.

Overall, the risk management and internal control systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. Nevertheless, the Group has always act prudently to ensure that risks, which can prevent the Group from achieving its objectives, are adequately assessed and effectively managed.

The key risks identified, managed and monitored during the year included risks in change in customer preference and technology and fluctuation in exchange rate. ESG risks including crisis management, personal injury at work or damage of client's property by accident and compliance of laws and regulations are under ongoing monitoring and managed by the Group's risk management framework. International tax compliance is currently considered an emerging risk to the Group and actions have been taken to cope with the potential threat it poses to our business operations.

Corporate Governance Report

Annual Review of System Effectiveness

The Board has conducted annual review of the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems for the year ended October 31, 2024 through the Audit Committee, the GRMC and the internal audit department, covering all material financial, operational and compliance controls. The Group's senior management members through the GRMC reports on the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems. No significant areas of concern have been identified and the Board considered the systems effective and adequate.

The Board also reviews annually the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Group's accounting, internal audit, financial reporting functions, as well as those relating to the Group's ESG performance and reporting, and their training programmes and budget.

The Group complies with the requirements of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO") and the Listing Rules. The Group regulates the insider dealing according to the policy in the code of conduct of the Group. This policy prohibits the buying or selling a stock or other security based upon price-sensitive information that the rest of the financial public does not have. The Group will disclose inside information to the public as soon as reasonably practicable unless the information falls within any of the safe harbour provisions and satisfies the conditions under the SFO. Before the information is fully disclosed to the public, the Group will ensure that the information is kept strictly confidential.

A whistleblowing policy was formulated to enable employees and third parties to raise concerns in confidence with the Audit Committee about any misconducts, malpractice or impropriety relating to the Group.

An anti-corruption policy was adopted which outlines the anti-corruption laws and regulations, and the anti-corruption practices and controls on any bribes, kickback, or illicit payment or benefit of money or in any kind.

Shareholders Rights

Pursuant to article 72 of the Company's articles of association, an extraordinary general meeting shall be convened on the written requisition of any two members of the Company deposited at the registered office specifying the objects of the meeting and signed by the shareholders, provided that such shareholders held at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one tenth of the paid up capital of the Company as at the date of deposit which carries the right of voting at general meetings of the Company. If the Directors do not within twenty one days from the date of deposit of the requisition proceed duly to convene the meeting, the shareholders themselves may convene the general meeting in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which meetings may be convened by the Directors, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the shareholders as a result of the failure of the Directors shall be reimbursed to them by the Company.

There are no provision allowing shareholders to move new resolutions at general meetings under the Cayman Islands Companies Act (2023 Revision) or the articles of association of the Company. Shareholders who wish to move a resolution may request the Company to convene a general meeting following the procedures set out in the preceding paragraph.

As regards, proposing a person for election as a director, please refer to the procedures available on the website of the Company.

Shareholders may at any time send their enquiries and concerns to the Board in writing to the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong at Pico House, 4 Dai Fu Street, Tai Po Industrial Estate, New Territories, Hong Kong.

Investor Relations and Communication with Shareholders

The Company follows a policy of disclosing relevant information to shareholders in a timely manner. Members of the Board meet and communicate with shareholders at the AGM of the Company. The Chairman proposes separate resolutions for each issue to be considered and put each proposed resolution to the vote by way of a poll. Voting results are posted on the website of the Stock Exchange and the Company's website on the day of AGM.

Our company website which contains corporate information, corporate governance practice, interim and annual reports, ESG reports, announcements and circulars issued by the Company enables the Company's shareholders to have timely and updated information of the Company.

The Company has adopted the shareholders communication policy with the objective of ensuring that shareholders of the Company, both individual and institutional, and, in appropriate circumstances, the investment community at large, are provided with ready, equal and timely access to balanced and understandable information about the Company, in order to enable shareholders to exercise their rights in an informed manner, and to allow shareholders and the investment community to engage actively with the Company. The Board will regularly review the policy to ensure its effectiveness.

Information shall be communicated to shareholders and the investment community mainly through the Company's financial reports, AGMs and other general meetings that may be convened, as well as by making available all the disclosures submitted to the Stock Exchange and its corporate communications and other corporate publications on the Company website.

The Board reviewed the Group's shareholders and investor engagement and communication activities conducted during the year and was satisfied with the implementation and effectiveness of the shareholders communication policy.

Dividend Policy

The Board has adopted a dividend policy. This policy sets out the guidelines for the Board to determine (i) whether dividends are to be declared and paid, and (ii) the level and form of dividend to be paid to the shareholders of the Company. It is the policy of the Company to allow its shareholders to participate in the Company's profits whilst to retain adequate reserves for future growth. Normally, the Company pays dividends twice a year, which are the interim dividend and final dividend. The Board may declare special dividends in addition to such dividends as it considers appropriate.

In determining/recommending the frequency, amount and form of any dividend in any financial year/period, the Board shall consider the following factors:

- the actual and expected financial performance of the Group;
- Company's reserves available for distribution to shareholders;
- the current and future liquidity position and working capital requirements of the Group;
- expected cash flows for business operations, business strategies and future development needs;
- future expansion plans and cash commitments;

Corporate Governance Report

economic conditions and other internal or external factors that may have an impact on the business, financial performance and/or position of the Group; and

- other factors that the Board deems relevant.

Dividends may be paid in cash or be satisfied wholly or in part by the distribution of specific assets of any kind, including an allotment of shares of the Company. The Board may from time to time determine and pay to the Company's shareholders such interim dividends as it considers appropriate. The Board may recommend the payment of final dividends which are required to be approved by shareholders of the Company in general meetings.

Directors' Report

The Directors present their annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended October 31, 2024.

Principal Activities

The Company acts as an investment holding company. The activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in Note 47 to the consolidated financial statements.

An analysis of the Group's performance for the year by operating segment is set out in Note 8 to the consolidated financial statements.

Business Review

A fair review of the Group's business, including the principal risk and uncertainties facing the Group, the important events affecting the Group that have occurred for the financial year ended October 31, 2024, and the likely future development in the Group's business can be found in the section headed "Chairman's Statement". Details about the Group's financial risk management are set out in Note 6 to the consolidated financial statements. These discussions form part of this Directors' Report. The ESG Report of the Company, which is available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company, shall also form part of the business review.

Five Year Financial Summary

A five year financial summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group is set on pages 25 to 26.

Results and Appropriations

The results of the Group for the year ended October 31, 2024 are set out in the consolidated income statement and consolidated statement of comprehensive income on pages 62 to 63.

The Board recommend payment of a final dividend of HK7.5 cents ("Final Dividend") (2023: a final dividend of HK7.0 cents), and a special dividend ("Special Dividend", together with the Final Dividend, "Dividends") of HK3.5 cents (2023: a special dividend of nil), per ordinary share. Together with an interim dividend of HK5.5 cents (2023: HK2.0 cents) per ordinary share, the total dividends for the year ended October 31, 2024 amount to HK16.5 cents (2023: HK9.0 cents) per ordinary share. Shareholders of the Company will be given the option to receive the Special Dividend of HK3.5 cents per ordinary share in cash or wholly or partly in new and fully paid shares ("Scrip Shares") in lieu of cash (the "Scrip Dividend Scheme"), and the Final Dividend of HK7.5 cents per ordinary share will be paid in the form of cash.

The payment of the Dividends is conditional upon the approval of the Company's shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting to be held on Friday, March 21, 2025. Further, payment of the Special Dividend is subject to the Listing Committee of the Stock Exchange granting the listing of and permission to deal in Scrip Shares. It is expected that cash entitlements will be paid (by way of cheques or bank transfers) and/or share certificates for Scrip Shares will be dispatched on Wednesday, May 21, 2025 to the shareholders on the register of members of the Company on Tuesday, April 1, 2025.

A circular containing, inter alia, full details of the Scrip Dividend Scheme is expected to be dispatched together with a form of election for scrip dividend to shareholders of the Company on or around Thursday, April 17, 2025.

Reserves

Movements in the reserves of the Group and the Company during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 66 to 67 and Note 36 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

The Directors consider that the Company's reserves available for distribution to shareholders comprise the share premium, the special reserve and the retained earnings which amounted to HK\$678,978,000 (2023: HK\$758,289,000). Under the Companies Act (2023 Revision) Chapter 22 of the Cayman Islands, the share premium of the Company is available for paying distributions or dividends to shareholders subject to the provisions of its M&A and provided that immediately following the distribution of dividend the Company is able to pay its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

Directors' Report

Major Customers and Suppliers

The aggregate revenue and purchases attributable to the Group's five largest customers and suppliers respectively were less than 30% of the Group's total revenue and purchases for the year.

None of the Directors, or any of their associates or any substantial shareholders of the Company (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers or suppliers.

Equity Linked Agreements

Save as disclosed in the section "Share Options" on pages 44 to 52 contained in this Directors' Report and set out in Note 35 to the consolidated financial statements, no equity linked agreements were entered into during the year or subsisted at the end of the year.

Shares Issued During the Year

Details of shares issued during the year ended October 31, 2024 are set out in Note 34 to the consolidated financial statements.

Principal Investment Properties

Details of principal investment properties held for investment purposes are set out in Note 16 to the consolidated financial statements and in the section "Summary of Principal Investment Properties" on pages 178 to 179.

Donation

Donation made by the Group during the year amounted to HK\$95,000.

Directors and Directors' Service Contracts

The Directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors

Mr. Lawrence Chia Song Huat, *Chairman* Ms. Jean Chia Yuan Jiun Mr. Mok Pui Keung

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Gregory Robert Scott Crichton

Mr. James Patrick Cunningham

Mr. Kenneth Kent Ho (appointed on November 20, 2023)

Mr. Frank Lee Kee Wai

Mr. Charlie Yucheng Shi

Directors' Report

In accordance with article 116 of the Company's articles of association, Ms. Jean Chia Yuan Jiun, Messrs. Gregory Robert Scott Crichton and James Patrick Cunningham retire and being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

All of the remaining Directors, including the Independent Non-Executive Directors, are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the AGM in accordance with the aforementioned article 116.

None of the Directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming AGM has a service contract which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management

Biographical details of Directors and senior management are set out in the section "Profile of Directors and Senior Management".

Directors' Material Interests in Transactions, Arrangement and Contracts

No transactions, arrangement and contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company's subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries or its parent company was a party and in which a Director of the Company and the Director's connected party had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

Directors' Interests in Shares

At October 31, 2024, the interests of the Directors and their associates in the shares and underlying shares of the Company and its associated corporations, as recorded in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code contained in the Listing Rules were as follows:

		Number of sha	res/underlying s	shares held	Approximate
Directors		Personal interests	Other interests	Total interests	percentage of shareholding of the Company
Mr. Lawrence Chia Song Huat	(Note a)	22,548,000	_	22,548,000	1.82%
Ms. Jean Chia Yuan Jiun	(Note b)	4,040,000	_	4,040,000	0.33%
Mr. Mok Pui Keung	(Note c)	2,330,000	_	2,330,000	0.19%
Mr. Gregory Robert Scott Crichton		_	_	_	_
Mr. James Patrick Cunningham		-	_	-	_
Mr. Kenneth Kent Ho		-	_	_	=
Mr. Frank Lee Kee Wai		-	_	-	_
Mr. Charlie Yucheng Shi		-	-	-	_

Notes:

- (a) The personal interest of Mr. Lawrence Chia Song Huat represents the interest in 12,926,000 shares and interest in 9,622,000 underlying shares in respect of the share options granted by the Company, the details of which are stated in the following section "Share Options".
- (b) The personal interest of Ms. Jean Chia Yuan Jiun represents the interest in 4,040,000 underlying shares in respect of the share options granted by the Company, the details of which are stated in the following section "Share Options".
- (c) The personal interest of Mr. Mok Pui Keung represents the interest in 662,000 shares and interest in 1,668,000 underlying shares in respect of the share options granted by the Company, the details of which are stated in the following section "Share Options".

Directors' Report

All the interests disclosed above represent long position in the shares of the Company.

Save as disclosed herein and other than certain shares in subsidiaries held as nominees by certain Directors of the Group, none of the Directors and their associates has any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any associated corporations (within the meaning of the SFO) as recorded in the register to be kept under section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code

Share Options

The share option scheme approved by the shareholders of the Company on March 22, 2012 (the "2012 Scheme") has expired on March 22, 2022. Thereafter, no further options will be granted under the 2012 Scheme but the subsisting options granted thereunder prior to the expiry date will continue to be valid and exercisable in accordance with the terms of the 2012 Scheme.

At the AGM of the Company held on March 25, 2022, the shareholders of the Company approved the adoption of a new share option scheme (the "2022 Scheme") under which the Directors of the Company may grant options to eligible persons ("Eligible Person(s)") to subscribe for the Company's shares subject to the terms and conditions as stipulated therein. Unless otherwise cancelled or amended, the 2022 Scheme will remain valid for a period of 10 years from the date of its adoption.

The number of options available for grant under share option schemes of the Company at the beginning of the financial year was 111,797,810 and the end of the financial year was 105,045,810.

1. The 2012 Scheme

The 2012 Scheme was adopted on March 22, 2012, details are as follows:

(i) Purpose

It enables the Company to grant options to Eligible Person as an incentive scheme for their contribution to the Group.

(ii) Eligible Person

- (a) Any executive, i.e. any person who is, or who at any time after March 22, 2012 becomes, a full-time or part-time employee or an executive director of any Group company and has on the day preceding the offer date been such an employee or executive director for at least six months and any other employee or executive director of any Group company nominated by the Directors to be an executive.
- (b) Any non-executive as approved by the Board.

(iii) The total number of shares available for issue under the 2012 Scheme and the percentage of the issued share capital that it represents as at the date of the annual report

- (a) The total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted under the 2012 Scheme was 5,132,000 shares, representing approximately 0.41% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of this annual report. No further share option can be granted under the 2012 Scheme after its expiry.
- (b) The maximum number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the 2012 Scheme and any other schemes of the Company must not exceed 30% of the shares in issue from time to time.

Directors' Report

(iv) Maximum entitlement of each Eligible Person

The maximum number of shares issued and to be issued upon the exercise of options granted to each Eligible Person (including both exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company. Any further grant of share options in excess of this limit is subject to shareholders' approval in general meeting of the Company.

(v) Timing for exercise of options

- (a) An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the 2012 Scheme at any time during a period to be notified by the Directors to each option holder but may not be exercised after the expiry of five years from the offer date. The Directors may provide restrictions on the exercise of an option during the period and option may be exercised as a result.
- (b) There is no general requirement on the performance targets that must be achieved before an option can be exercised under the terms of the 2012 Scheme. However, at the time of offer of an option, the Directors may, on a case by case basis, make such offer subject to such conditions in relation to performance targets to be achieved as the Directors may determine in their absolute discretion.

(vi) The vesting period of options granted under the scheme

An option may be exercised at any time in whole or in part during the option period.

(vii) Basis for determination of exercise price

The subscription price per share in relation to an option shall be a price to be determined by the Directors and shall be no less than the highest of:

- (a) the closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotation sheets issued by the Stock Exchange on the date on which the option is offered to an Eligible Person, which must be a business day;
- (b) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotation sheets issued by the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the offer date; or
- (c) the nominal value of the shares on the offer date.

(viii) Life of the 2012 Scheme

The 2012 Scheme was in force for a period of 10 years commencing on March 22, 2012, which was the date of adoption of the 2012 Scheme and has expired on March 22, 2022.

(ix) Amount payable on application or acceptance of the option and the period within which payments or calls must or may be made or loans for such purposes must be repaid

There was no consideration payable on application or acceptance of the share option and, thus, no specific period within which payments or calls which must or may be made or loans for such purposes must be repaid.

Directors' Report

2. The 2022 Scheme

The 2022 Scheme was adopted on March 25, 2022, details are as follows:

(i) Purpose

It enables the Company to grant options to Eligible Person as an incentive scheme for their contribution to the Group.

(ii) Eligible Person

- (a) Any employee (whether full time or part time employee, including any executive director) of the Company, any of its subsidiaries and any entity in which the Group holds any equity interest.
- (b) Any non-executive director (including any independent non-executive director) of the Company, any of its subsidiaries or any entity in which the Group holds any equity interest.

(iii) The total number of shares available for issue under the 2022 Scheme and the percentage of the issued share capital that it represents as at the date of the annual report

- (a) The total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted under the 2022 Scheme was 15,848,000 shares, representing approximately 1.28% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of this annual report. 2,932,000 shares have been issued under the 2022 Scheme, the total number of shares still available to be issued under the 2022 Scheme was 120,893,810 shares, representing approximately 9.73% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of this annual report.
- (b) The maximum number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the 2022 Scheme and any other schemes of the Company must not exceed 30% of the shares in issue from time to time.

(iv) Maximum entitlement of each Eligible Person

The maximum number of shares issued and to be issued upon the exercise of options granted to each Eligible Person (including both exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company. Any further grant of share options in excess of this limit is subject to shareholders' approval in general meeting of the Company.

(v) Timing for exercise of options

- (a) An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the 2022 Scheme at any time during a period such option is exercisable as the Board may in its absolute discretion determine, save that such period shall not be more than five years, subject to such conditions as the Board may think fit.
- (b) There is no general requirement on the performance targets that must be achieved before an option can be exercised under the terms of the 2022 Scheme except otherwise imposed by the Board and stated in the offer of the grant of the option(s). The basis of eligibility of any of the class of participants to the grant of any option(s) shall be determined by the Board from time to time on the basis of their contribution to the development and growth of the Group and any entity in which the Group holds any equity interest.

Directors' Report

(vi) The vesting period of options granted under the scheme

An option may be exercised at any time in whole or in part during the option period. The Board may at its discretion determine the minimum period for which the option has to be held before the exercise of the option.

(vii) Basis for determination of exercise price

The subscription price per share in relation to an option shall be a price to be determined by the Directors and shall be no less than the highest of:

- (a) the closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotation sheet issued by the Stock Exchange on the date on which the option is offered to an Eligible Person, which must be a business day;
- (b) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotation sheets issued by the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the offer date; or
- (c) the nominal value of the shares on the offer date.

(viii) Life of the 2022 Scheme

The 2022 Scheme will remain in force for a period of 10 years commencing on March 25, 2022, which was the date of adoption of the 2022 Scheme.

(ix) Amount payable on application or acceptance of the option and the period within which payments or calls must or may be made or loans for such purposes must be repaid

There was no consideration payable on application or acceptance of the share option and, thus, no specific period within which payments or calls which must or may be made or loans for such purposes must be repaid.

6,798,000 options were granted under the 2022 Scheme of the Company during the year ended October 31, 2024. The number of shares that may be issued in respect of options granted under the 2012 Scheme and 2022 Scheme of the Company during the financial year representing 0.54% of the weighted average number of shares in issue for the year.

Directors' Report

3. Outstanding options

Details of outstanding options over new shares of the Company at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period which have been granted under the 2012 Scheme and 2022 Scheme are as follows:

2012 Scheme

	Outstanding at November 1, 2023	Number of share options granted	Number of share options exercised	Number of share options lapsed	Number of share options cancelled	Outstanding at October 31, 2024	Price of share prior to the exercise date of share option (Note h)
Category 1: Directors							
Mr. Lawrence Chia Song Huat							
(Note c)	2,500,000	_	_	_	-	2,500,000	-
Ms. Jean Chia Yuan Jiun							
(Note c)	1,000,000	-	-	-	_	1,000,000	-
Mr. Mok Pui Keung							
(Note a)	78,000	-	_	(78,000)	-	_	_
(Note b)	210,000	-	_	_	-	210,000	-
(Note c)	500,000	_	-	-		500,000	
Total Directors	4,288,000	-	-	(78,000)	-	4,210,000	
Category 2: Employees							
(Note a)	540,000	_	_	(540,000)	_	_	_
(Note b)	916,000	-	(52,000)	(42,000)	-	822,000	1.835
(Note c)	700,000	_	(250,000)			450,000	1.740
Total employees	2,156,000	-	(302,000)	(582,000)	-	1,272,000	
Total all categories	6,444,000	-	(302,000)	(660,000)	-	5,482,000	

Directors' Report

2022 Scheme

	Outstanding at November 1, 2023	Number of share options granted	Number of share options exercised	Number of share options lapsed	Number of share options cancelled	Outstanding at October 31, 2024	Price of share prior to the exercise date of share option (Note h)
Category 1: Directors							
Mr. Lawrence Chia Song Huat							
(Note d)	2,454,000	_	_	_	_	2,454,000	_
(Note f)	2,252,000	-	_	-	-	2,252,000	-
(Note g)	-	2,416,000	-	-	-	2,416,000	-
Ms. Jean Chia Yuan Jiun							
(Note d)	706,000	_	_	_	-	706,000	-
(Note f)	1,126,000	-	_	-	-	1,126,000	-
(Note g)	-	1,208,000	_	-	-	1,208,000	-
Mr. Mok Pui Keung							
(Note d)	180,000	-	-	-	-	180,000	-
(Note f)	374,000	_	-	-	_	374,000	-
(Note g)	_	404,000	-	_	-	404,000	_
Total Directors	7,092,000	4,028,000	-	_	-	11,120,000	
Category 2: Employees							
(Note d)	898,000	_	(336,000)	(46,000)	_	516,000	1.794
(Note e)	830,000	_	(102,000)	-	_	728,000	1.431
(Note f)	2,850,000	_	(976,000)	-	-	1,874,000	1.599
(Note g)		2,770,000	(60,000)		_	2,710,000	1.750
Total employees	4,578,000	2,770,000	(1,474,000)	(46,000)	-	5,828,000	
Total all categories	11,670,000	6,798,000	(1,474,000)	(46,000)	-	16,948,000	

Directors' Report

Notes:

(a) The exercise price is HK\$2.606. The option period during which the options may be exercised is the period from May 17, 2019 to May 16, 2024. The date of grant was May 16, 2019. The vesting period commences on May 16, 2019 and up to May 17, 2019, November 1, 2019, May 4, 2020 and November 2, 2020.

- (b) The exercise price is HK\$0.960. The option period during which the options may be exercised is the period from September 8, 2020 to September 7, 2025. The date of grant was September 7, 2020. The vesting period commences on September 7, 2020 and up to September 8, 2020, November 2, 2020, May 3, 2021 and November 1, 2021.
- (c) The exercise price is HK\$1.280. The option period during which the options may be exercised is the period from February 26, 2021 to February 25, 2026. The date of grant was February 25, 2021. The vesting period commences on February 25, 2021 and up to February 26, 2021, November 1, 2021, May 3, 2022 and November 1, 2022.
- (d) The exercise price is HK\$1.120. The option period during which the options may be exercised is the period from May 24, 2022 to May 23, 2027. The date of grant was May 23, 2022. The vesting period commences on May 23, 2022 and up to May 24, 2022, November 1, 2022, May 2, 2023 and November 1, 2023.
- (e) The exercise price is HK\$1.154. The option period during which the options may be exercised is the period from September 24, 2022 to September 23, 2027. The date of grant was September 23, 2022. The vesting period commences on September 23, 2022 and up to September 24, 2022, November 1, 2022, May 2, 2023 and November 1, 2023.
- (f) The exercise price is HK\$1.300. The option period during which the options may be exercised is the period from May 29, 2023 to May 25, 2028. The date of grant was May 25, 2023. The vesting period commences on May 25, 2023 and up to May 29, 2023, November 1, 2023, May 2, 2024 and November 1, 2024.
- (g) The exercise price is HK\$1.700. The option period during which the options may be exercised is the period from May 28, 2024 to May 27, 2029. The date of grant was May 27, 2024 and the closing price of share immediately before the date of grant was HK\$1.710. There is no performance target that has to be achieved before the exercise of the options granted. The vesting period commences on May 27, 2024 and up to May 28, 2024, November 1, 2024, May 2, 2025 and November 3, 2025.
- (h) The stated prices refers to the weighted average closing price of the shares immediately before the dates on which the options were exercised.

4. Valuation of share options

(i) During the year, share options were granted on May 27, 2024. Set out below are the fair values of the share options as at the date of grant:

	Number of share options granted during the year under the 2022 Scheme	Fair value of the share options as at the date of grant HK\$
Category 1: Directors Mr. Lawrence Chia Song Huat	2,416,000	758,000
Ms. Jean Chia Yuan Jiun	1,208,000	379,000
Mr. Mok Pui Keung	404,000	127,000
Total Directors	4,028,000	1,264,000
Category 2: Employees		
Total employees	2,770,000	869,000
Total all categories	6,798,000	2,133,000

(ii) The following significant assumptions were used to derive the fair value using the Binomial options pricing model:

	e)	Based on epected life		Weighted		Annual
Date of grant	Exercise price HK\$	of share options Year(s)	Expected volatility %	average share price HK\$	Risk-free rate %	dividend yield %
2012 Scheme						
May 16, 2019	2.606	5.00	26.00	2.606	1.700	4.90
September 7, 2020	0.960	5.00	28.00	0.960	0.320	4.99
February 25, 2021	1.280	5.00	28.00	1.280	0.610	4.90
2022 Scheme						
May 23, 2022	1.120	5.00	28.00	1.116	2.620	4.57
September 23, 2022	1.154	5.00	28.00	1.154	3.640	4.57
May 25, 2023	1.300	5.00	30.00	1.294	3.370	2.90
May 27, 2024	1.700	5.00	31.00	1.682	3.590	6.61

Directors' Report

(iii) Expected volatility was determined by using the historical volatility of the Company's share price over the previous five years. The expected life used in the model has been adjusted, based on management's best estimate, for the effects of non-transferability, exercise restrictions and behavioral considerations. Share price was based on the closing stock price of the Company's shares quoted on the valuation date. The applicable risk-free rate was referenced to the yields of Hong Kong Monetary Authority exchange fund notes and government bonds fixings quoted around the valuation date of the share options granted during the year. The expected dividend yield was referenced to the indicated dividend yield of the Company from Bloomberg. The fair values calculated are inherently subjective and uncertain due to the assumptions made and the limitations of the model used. The value of an option varies with different variables of certain subjective assumptions. Any change in variables so adopted may materially affect the estimation of the fair value of an option.

(iv) The Group recognised the total expenses of HK\$2,077,000 for year ended October 31, 2024 (2023: HK\$1,723,000) in relation to share options granted by the Company.

Arrangements to Purchase Shares or Debentures

Save as disclosed above, at no time during the year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate and none of the Directors or their spouses or children under the age of 18 had any right to subscribe for the securities of the Company, or had exercised any such right during the year.

Apart from the share option schemes of the Company as disclosed on pages 44 to 52, at no time during the year was the Company, its subsidiary or its fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

Directors' Interests in Contracts of Significance

No contract of significance to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

Emolument Policy

The emolument policy for the employees of the Group is set up on the basis of their merit, qualifications and competence.

The emoluments of the Directors are decided by the Remuneration Committee, having regard to the Group's operating results, individual performance and comparable market statistics.

The Company has adopted a share option scheme as an incentive to directors and eligible employees, details of the scheme is set out in Note 35 to the consolidated financial statements.

Connected Transactions

During the year ended October 31, 2024, there were no connected transactions or continuing connected transactions of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules which are required to comply with any of the reporting, announcement or independent shareholders' approval requirements under the Listing Rules.

The related party transactions shown in Note 46 to the consolidated financial statements do not constitute connected transactions or continuing connected transactions under the Listing Rules.

Directors' Report

Notifiable Transactions

No material business acquisition has been made that guarantees the profits or assets regarding the financial performance of the business during the year.

Substantial Shareholders

At October 31, 2024, the register of substantial shareholders maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of SFO shows that other than the interest disclosed above in respect of certain Directors, the following shareholders had notified the Company of relevant interests in the issued share capital of the Company.

Name of shareholders	Capacity	Number of shares/underlying shares held	Percentage of issued share capital
S		400 407 400 (1)	07.040/
Pine Asset Management Limited	Beneficial owner	462,167,186 (L)	37.24%
FMR LLC	Interest of controlled corporation	123,789,010 (L)	9.98%
Brandes Investment Partners, L.P.	Investment manager	105,897,175 (L)	8.53%
The Northern Trust Company (ALA) (Note a)	Approved lending agent	86,796,932 (P)	6.99%
Northern Trust Corporation (Note a)	Person that controls an approved lending agent	86,796,932 (P)	6.99%
FIL Limited (Note b)	Interest of controlled corporation	85,984,539 (L)	6.93%
Pandanus Associates Inc.	Interest of controlled	85,984,539 (L)	6.93%
(Note b)	corporation	, , , , , ,	
Pandanus Partners L.P.	Interest of controlled	85,984,539 (L)	6.93%
(Note b)	corporation		

- (L) Indicates a long position
- (S) Indicates a short position
- (P) Indicates a lending pool

Notes:

- (a) Northern Trust Corporation controls 100% of The Northern Trust Company (ALA) which held 86,796,932 shares of the Company (lending pool).
- (b) Pandanus Associates Inc. being the general partner and controls 100% of Pandanus Partners L.P., which in turn controls as to 40.44% shareholding interest in FIL Limited. FIL Limited was interested in these 85,984,539 shares of the Company through a series of its subsidiaries.

Save as disclosed herein, the Company has not been notified of any of other person (other than a director of the Company) who has an interest or a short position in the shares and underlying shares as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO as at October 31, 2024.

Directors' Report

Compliance with Laws and Regulations

As far as the directors and management are aware, the Group has complied in all material respects with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operations of the Group. During the year, there was no material breach of or non-compliance with the applicable laws and regulations by the Group.

Environmental Policies

Pico Group is committed to promoting awareness and decisions that contribute to achieving environmentally sustainable development. We will comply fully with all applicable environmental laws and regulations. We will use fuel, water and other natural resources efficiently and conservatively. We recognise this to be a continuous process of improvement and we seek to actively look for environmental friendly options and carry out environmental friendly practices whenever appropriate and possible.

Key Relationships with the Community, Employees, Customers and Suppliers and Others

Employees are remunerated equitably and competitively. Continuing training and development opportunities are provided to equip them to deliver their best performance and achieve corporate goals. During the reporting period, our staff continuously pursue training and career development through our talent acceleration programme on top of mandatory training on anti-corruption, safety and health awareness. They also work within motivating remuneration and reward schemes and are provided with a smoke-free, healthy and safe working environment.

Pico and its employees engage with local communities where we operate such as participation in charitable programmes. This serves as the foundation to character development of Pico's employees.

Customers' feedback and advice could be taken into account via customer communication channel.

Pico uses suppliers that reflect its values and commitment. Pico has policies and procedures to select suppliers and contractors who share our social, environmental and labour practice standards. Appropriate steps to be taken to ensure that our partners and suppliers do not employ child labour or abuse human rights.

Competing Business

None of the Directors had any interest in any competing business with the Company or any of its subsidiaries during the year under review.

Permitted Indemnity Provisions

A permitted indemnity provision for the benefit of the Directors is currently in force and was in force throughout the financial year.

The Company has taken out and maintained directors' liability insurance throughout the year, which provides appropriate cover for the directors of the Group.

During the year ended October 31, 2024, no claims were made against the Directors.

Purchase, Sale or Redemption of Listed Securities

During the year ended October 31, 2024, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities (including treasury shares).

Directors' Report

Pre-Emptive Rights

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association or the laws in the Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

Sufficiency of Public Float

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of its Directors, the Directors confirm that the Company has maintained at the latest practicable date prior to the issue of the annual report the amount of public float as required under the Listing Rules.

Management Contracts

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company or its subsidiaries were entered into or existed during the year.

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Confirmation of independence pursuant to the independence guidelines under the Listing Rules has been received from each of the Independent Non-Executive Directors of the Company and the Company considers all existing Independent Non-Executive Directors as independent.

Auditor

The consolidated financial statements have been audited by RSM Hong Kong who retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment.

On behalf of the Board

Lawrence Chia Song Huat

CHAIRMAN

Hong Kong, January 24, 2025

Independent Auditor's Report



RSM Hong Kong

29th Floor, Lee Garden Two, 28 Yun Ping Road, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong

> T +852 2598 5123 F +852 2598 7230

www.rsmhk.com

羅申美會計師事務所

香港銅鑼灣恩平道二十八號 利園二期二十九字樓

> 電話 +852 2598 5123 傳真 +852 2598 7230

> > www.rsmhk.com

Independent Auditor's Report to the Shareholders of Pico Far East Holdings Limited

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Pico Far East Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 62 to 177, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at October 31, 2024, and the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at October 31, 2024, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Companies Ordinance.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. The key audit matters we identified are:

- 1. Impairment of trade debtors and contract assets
- 2. Revenue from construction contracts and contract assets/contract liabilities
- 3. Goodwill and other intangible assets impairment assessment

Independent Auditor's Report

Key Audit Matter

How our audit address the Key Audit Matter

1. Impairment of trade debtors and contract assets

Refer to notes 5, 6, 24 and 27 to the consolidated financial statements

The Group has trade debtors and contract assets with aggregate values of HK\$1,020,530,000 and HK\$985,181,000 before the loss allowance for trade debtors of HK\$119,758,000 and contract assets of HK\$20,141,000 respectively as at October 31, 2024. The Group generally allows a credit period ranged from 30 to 90 days to its customers.

During the year, impairment loss on trade debtors and contract assets based on management's estimate of the lifetime expected credit losses of HK\$40,011,000 and HK\$14,234,000 respectively was charged to profit or loss.

The loss allowance is estimated by taking into account the credit loss experience, aging of trade debtors, customers' repayment history and financial position and an assessment of both the current and forecast general economic conditions, all of which involve a significant degree of management judgement.

Management concluded that there is adequate loss allowance in respect of the trade debtors and contract assets. This conclusion required significant management judgement in assessing the recoverability of trade debtors and contract assets and estimating the amount of expected credit losses.

Our procedures included:

- Understanding and evaluating the design and implementation of the relevant controls on impairment of trade debtors and contract assets and assessing the inherent risk of material misstatement by considering the degree of estimation uncertainty and level of other inherent risk factors such as complexity, subjectivity, changes and susceptibility to management bias or fraud;
- Perform retrospective review to evaluate the outcome of prior period assessment of impairment of trade debtors and contract assets to assess the effectiveness of management's estimation process;
- Assessing whether trade debtors and contract assets had been appropriately grouped by management based on their shared credit risk characteristics;
- Testing the accuracy and completeness of the data used by management to develop the historical loss rates and assessing the sufficiency, reliability and relevance of that data;
- Testing the loss rate calculation and evaluating the reasonableness of the forward-looking adjustments made to reflect current and forecast future economic conditions;
- Testing the accuracy of the ageing of trade debtors on a sample basis to supporting documents; and
- Testing the calculation of expected credit loss provisions applying the provision rates to the age categories of the trade debtors and contract assets outstanding at the reporting date.

Independent Auditor's Report

Key Audit Matter

How our audit address the Key Audit Matter

2. Revenue from construction contracts and contract assets/contract liabilities

Refer to notes 5, 8 and 24 to the consolidated financial statements

The Group provided construction service for museum and themed entertainment, visual branding activation and exhibition, event and brand activation. The Group recognised revenue from construction contracts of HK\$1,171,736,000 for the year ended October 31, 2024. As at October 31, 2024, the Group recorded contract assets and contract liabilities for construction contracts of HK\$587,557,000 and HK\$458,630,000 respectively.

Revenue from the construction contracts is recognised progressively over time. The Group measures progress towards satisfaction of its performance obligation using an input method based on the proportion of the actual costs incurred relative to the estimated total contract costs.

In the early stages of a contract, the Group is generally not able to measure the outcome of its performance obligation but expects to recover the contract costs incurred. Revenue is recognised to the extent of those costs until such time that the Group can reliably measure the outcome of the performance obligation.

The determination of contract revenues requires significant management judgement and estimation.

Our procedures included:

- Evaluating the estimation of revenue and profit recognised on construction contracts, on a sample basis, by:
 - agreeing the contract sum to signed contracts;
 - understanding from management and project managers about how the percentage of completion was determined;
 - agreeing total budgeted costs to approved budgets;
 - obtaining an understanding from management and project managers how the approved budgets were determined;
 - challenging the reasonableness of key management judgements in preparing the budgets; and
 - challenging management's assessment of the Group's ability to deliver contracts within budgeted timescales and any penalty for late delivery of contract works by comparing the progress of the contracts against the terms stipulated in the contracts.
- Assessing the reliability of the approved budgets by comparing the actual outcome against management's estimation of completed contracts on a sample basis; and
- Checking the calculation of the contract assets/ contract liabilities.

Independent Auditor's Report

Key Audit Matter

How our audit address the Key Audit Matter

Goodwill and other intangible assets impairment assessment

Refer to notes 5 and 19 to the consolidated financial statements

As at October 31, 2024 the Group has goodwill of HK\$290,196,000 and other intangible assets of HK\$90,707,000 including "Trade name" and "Customer relationship" mainly arising from the acquisitions of subsidiaries since 2016.

For the purpose of impairment testing, the goodwill and other intangible assets are allocated to the exhibition, event and brand activation, meeting architecture activation and museum and themed entertainment cash-generating units ("CGUs") and tested for impairment at least annually.

The recoverable amounts of the CGUs were based on the calculation of value in use which requires management to make assumptions about the future including budgeted sales, gross profit ratio and growth rates and to determine an appropriate market discount rate. These estimates require significant management judgement.

During the year there was no material impairment on goodwill and other intangible assets.

Our procedures included:

- Assessing the integrity of the valuation models;
- Assessing the reasonableness of management's key assumptions based on the current operating environment and our knowledge of the business and industry;
- Reconciling input data to supporting evidence, including approved budgets and considering the accuracy of previous management budgets;
- Assessing the appropriateness of the discount rates used with the assistance of the external independent valuation specialists; and
- Considering the potential impact of reasonable possible downside changes in the key assumptions.

Independent Auditor's Report

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Directors and Audit Committee for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so

The Audit Committee assists the directors in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Independent Auditor's Report

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a
 manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Ms. Leung Wan Yi Winnie.

RSM Hong Kong

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, January 24, 2025

Consolidated Income Statement

For the year ended October 31, 2024

	Note	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Revenue Cost of sales	8	6,327,002 (4,384,902)	5,327,931 (3,737,337)
Gross profit Other income Distribution costs Administrative expenses Impairment losses for trade and other debtors, and contract assets Other operating expenses	9	1,942,100 187,409 (818,283) (745,872) (49,270) (16,675)	1,590,594 118,514 (662,559) (632,297) (35,069) (19,232)
Profit from core operations		499,409	359,951
Change in remeasurement of contingent consideration Amortisation of other intangible assets arising from business combinations		376 (25,222)	(6) (30,955)
Profit from operations Finance costs	10	474,563 (33,421)	328,990 (40,230)
Share of profits of associates Share of profits of joint ventures		441,142 11,609 1,492	288,760 11,462 910
Profit before tax Income tax expense	12	454,243 (86,220)	301,132 (57,401)
Profit for the year	13	368,023	243,731
Attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests		357,568 10,455	228,083 15,648
		368,023	243,731
EARNINGS PER SHARE Basic	15	28.84 cents	18.41 cents
Diluted		28.74 cents	18.39 cents

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Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income For the year ended October 31, 2024

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Profit for the year	368,023	243,731
Other comprehensive income:		
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:		
Fair value changes of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI")	(15,379)	874
tillough other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)	(15,579)	014
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss:		
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations	49,192	23,564
Share of other comprehensive income of associates	3,096	2,862
Exchange differences reclassified to profit or loss on dissolution of subsidiaries	239	(2,743)
Exchange differences reclassified to profit or loss on disposal of an associate	5,457	_
	57,984	23,683
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	42,605	24,557
Total comprehensive income for the year	410,628	268,288
Attributable to:		
Owners of the Company	396,310	253,696
Non-controlling interests	14,318	14,592
	410,628	268,288

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

At October 31, 2024

		2024	2023
	Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Non-current Assets			
Investment properties	16	245,020	256,536
Property, plant and equipment	17	503,941	516,156
Right-of-use assets	18	185,467	190,037
Intangible assets	19	432,550	466,017
Interests in associates	21	109,072	99,053
Interests in joint ventures	20	41,939	40,447
Financial assets at FVTOCI	22	_	18,981
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")	25	4,029	1,240
Deferred tax assets	38	5,704	6,275
		1,527,722	1,594,742
Current Assets			
Inventories	23	5,531	12,978
Contract assets	24	965,040	1,130,525
Financial assets at FVTPL	25	22,671	18,601
Derivative financial assets	26		1,652
Debtors, deposits and prepayments	27	1,196,003	978,947
Amounts due from associates	28	8,353	25,358
Amounts due from joint ventures	28	845	692
Current tax assets	20	2,077	3,419
	29		
Pledged bank deposits		65,316	3,711
Bank and cash balances	29	1,913,579	1,289,882
		4,179,415	3,465,765
Current Liabilities	0.4		
Contract liabilities	24	458,630	183,210
Creditors and accrued charges	30	2,182,013	1,890,903
Amounts due to associates	28	4,250	7,077
Amounts due to joint ventures	28	6,539	4,908
Current tax liabilities		57,288	45,327
Borrowings	31	331,637	188,722
Lease liabilities	32	16,667	15,883
Contingent consideration	33	-	376
		3,057,024	2,336,406
Net Current Assets		1,122,391	1,129,359
THE CALL CHE ABOUT		-,,	1,123,333
Total Assets Less Current Liabilities		2,650,113	2,724,101

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

At October 31, 2024

	Note	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
	71010		111000
Non-current Liabilities			
Borrowings	31	135,418	201,137
Lease liabilities	32	109,339	112,370
Deferred tax liabilities	38	86,027	80,656
Retirement benefit obligation	45	1,156	_
		·	
		331,940	394,163
NET ASSETS		2,318,173	2,329,938
Capital and Reserves			
Share capital	34	62,045	61,957
Reserves	5 /	2,229,872	2,199,314
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		2,291,917	2,261,271
Non-controlling interests		26,256	68,667
		,	,,,,
TOTAL EQUITY		2,318,173	2,329,938

The consolidated financial statements on pages 62 to 177 were approved by the Board of Directors on January 24, 2025 and are signed on its behalf by:

LAWRENCE CHIA SONG HUAT
DIRECTOR

MOK PUI KEUNG

DIRECTOR

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity For the year ended October 31, 2023

					Attrib	Attributable to owners of the Company	s of the Comp	any						
	Share capital HK\$'000	Share r premium HK\$'000	Capital Share redemption mium reserve (\$'000 HK\$'000	Capital reserve HK\$'000	Equity-settled share-based payment reserve HK\$'000	Goodwill reserve HK\$'000	Legal Leserve HK\$'000	Assets revaluation reserve HK\$'000	Financial assets at FVTOCI reserve HK\$'000	Translation reserve HK\$'000	Retained earnings HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000	Non- controlling interests HK\$'000	Total equity HK\$'000
At November 1, 2022	61,913	779,026	854	(11,702)	2,460	(419,083)	33,473	76,707	(7,808)	(124,451)	1,714,043	2,105,432	80,748	2,186,180
Profit for the year Other comprehensive (expense) income	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	- (9)	1 1	874	24,745	228,083	228,083	15,648 (1,056)	243,731
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year	1	1	1	1	1	1	(9)	1	874	24,745	228,083	253,696	14,592	268,288
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners.	3	5										i		L
shares issued at premium Exercise of equity-settled share-based payments	44	861	1 1		(147)	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	305	1 1	302
Recognition of equity-settled share-based payments	1	1	1	1	1,723	1	1	1	1	1	1	1,723	1	1,723
Transfer Purchase of non-controlling interests	1 1	215	1 1	1 1	(215)	1 1	9,663	1 1	1 1	1 1	(9,663)	(1.395)	- (14,595)	- (15,990)
Dividend distribution to non-controlling interests	1	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	1	`	(12,078)	(12,078)
2022 final dividend	1	1	1	1	ı	1	1	ı	1	1	(74,309)	(74,309)	1	(74,309)
	44	1,223	1	1	1,361	1	6,663	1	1	1	(110,148)	(97,857)	(26,673)	(124,530)
At October 31, 2023	61,957	780,249	854	(11,702)	3,821	(419,083)	43,130	76,707	(6,934)	(99,706)	1,831,978	2,261,271	68,667	2,329,938

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

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					Attribu	Attributable to owners of the Company	rs of the Com	pany						
					Equity- settled				Financial					
			Capital		share- based			Assets	assets				Non-	
	Share	Share	redemption	Capital	payment	Goodwill	Legal re	Legal revaluation	FVTOCI	FVTOCI Translation	Retained		controlling	Total
	capital HK\$'000	premium HK\$'000	reserve HK\$'000	reserve HK\$'000	reserve HK\$'000	reserve HK\$'000	reserve HK\$'000	reserve HK\$'000	reserve HK\$'000	reserve HK\$'000	earnings HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000	interests HK\$'000	equity HK\$'000
At November 1, 2023	61,957	780,249	854	(11,702)	3,821	(419,083)	43,130	76,707	(6,934)	(99,706)	1,831,978	2,261,271	68,667	2,329,938
													;	
Prontrior the year Other comprehensive (expense) income									- (15,379)	54,121	357,568	357,568	3,863	368,023 42,605
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year						,			(15,379)	54,121	357,568	396,310	14,318	410,628
Trenscaline with an exercise the six and six a														
iralisactrolis with owners fir their capacity as owners. Shares issued at premium (<i>Note 34</i>)	88	2,146	1	1		•	'	,	'	,	•	2,234	•	2,234
Exercise of equity-settled share-based payments	•	458	•	1	(458)	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	. '
Recognition of equity-settled share-based payments (Note 35(ii))	1	1	1	1	2,077	1	1	1	•	1	1	2,077	1	2,077
Transfer	1	267	'	1	(267)	1	644	•	(509)	•	(435)	1	•	1
Dissolution of subsidiaries (Note 40)	1	•	•	1	1	1	237	•	1	•	•	237	165	402
Purchase of non-controlling interests (Note 40)	1	•	'	٠	1	1	1	•	•	•	(215,206)	(215,206)	(19,731)	(234,937)
Dividend distribution to non-controlling interests	1	•	•	•	1	1	1	•	1	•	•	1	(37,163)	(37,163)
2023 final dividend (Note 14)	1	•	•	•	1	1	•	•	1	•	(86,781)	(86,781)	•	(86,781)
2024 interim dividend (Note 14)	•	•	٠	•	•	٠	٠	1	•	•	(68,225)	(68,225)	•	(68,225)
	88	2.871		1	1.352	,	881	,	(209)	,	(370,647)	(365,664)	(56,729)	(422,393)
At October 31, 2024	62,045	783,120	854	(11,702)	5,173	(419,083)	44,011	76,707	(22,522)	(45,585)	(45,585) 1,818,899	2,291,917	26,256	2,318,173

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended October 31, 2024

	Note	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Cash flows from operations	39	1,049,961	548,337
Interest paid		(26,804)	(33,869)
Income taxes paid		(67,534)	(48,056)
Interest on lease liabilities		(6,284)	(6,046)
Net Cash Generated from Operating Activities		949,339	460,366
Net Cash Generated from Operating Activities		343,333	460,366
Cash Flows from Investing Activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(21,620)	(19,907)
Purchase of other intangible assets		(9,986)	(33,776)
Purchase of financial assets at FVTPL		(4,075)	(1,261)
Proceeds on disposal of financial assets at FVTPL		_	358
Proceeds on disposal of financial assets at FVTOCI		3,941	_
Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment		151	131
Increase in pledged bank deposits		(61,605)	(1,347)
Increase in non-pledged bank deposits with			
more than three months to maturity		(221,076)	(85,673)
Acquisition of associates		(20,382)	_
Injection to joint ventures		-	(23,722)
Interest received		27,973	14,739
Dividend income from financial assets at FVTOCI		9	4
Dividends received from associates		8,475	14,493
Proceeds on disposal of an associate		80,202	
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities		(217,993)	(135,961)

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Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended October 31, 2024

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	Note	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Cash Flows from Financing Activities			
Proceeds from issue of ordinary shares		2,234	905
Principal elements of lease payments		(19,482)	(20,995)
Short-term borrowings raised (repaid)		97,389	(198,777)
Long-term borrowings raised		147,157	_
Repayment of long-term borrowings		(167,321)	(215,420)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests		(37,163)	(12,078)
Dividends paid to owners of the Company		(155,006)	(99,090)
Purchase of remaining shareholding from non-controlling interests	40	(233,663)	(15,620)
Net Cash Used in Financing Activities		(365,855)	(561,075)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		365,491	(236,670)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		1,173,464	1,372,347
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes		37,130	37,787
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year		1,576,085	1,173,464
Analysis of the Balances of Cash and Cash Equivalents Bank and cash balances	29	1,576,085	1,173,464

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

1. General Information

Pico Far East Holdings Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability and its shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The addresses of its registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the "Corporate Information" of this annual report.

The Company acts as an investment holding company. The principal activities of its principal subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures are set out in Notes 47, 48 and 49 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

2. Basis of Preparation

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA"). HKFRSs comprise Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS"); Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKAS"); and Interpretations. These consolidated financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") and with the disclosure requirements of this Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622).

The HKICPA has issued certain new and revised HKFRSs that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group. Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current and prior accounting periods reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

3. Adoption of New and Revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards

Application of new and revised HKFRSs

The Group has applied the following new and amendments to HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the annual period beginning on or after November 1, 2023 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

HKFRS 17 Amendments to HKAS 8 Amendments to HKAS 12

Amendments to HKAS 12 Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2 Insurance Contracts
Definition of Accounting Estimates
Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a
Single Transaction
International Tax Reform – Pillar Two Model Rules
Disclosure of Accounting Policies

3. Adoption of New and Revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (Continued)

Application of new and revised HKFRSs (Continued)

Except as described below, the application of the new and amendments to HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

Impact on application of Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2 "Disclosure of Accounting Policies"

The Group has adopted Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2 "Disclosure of Accounting Policies" for the first time in the current year. HKAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements" is amended to replace all instances of the term "significant accounting policies" with "material accounting policy information". Accounting policy information is material if, when considered together with other information included in an entity's financial statements, it can reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements.

The amendments also clarify that accounting policy information may be material because of the nature of the related transactions, other events or conditions, even if the amounts are immaterial. However, not all accounting policy information relating to material transactions, other events or conditions is itself material. If an entity chooses to disclose immaterial accounting policy information, such information must not obscure material accounting policy information.

HKFRS Practice Statement 2 "Making Materiality Judgements" (the "Practice Statement") is also amended to illustrate how an entity applies the "four-step materiality process" to accounting policy disclosures and to judge whether information about an accounting policy is material to its financial statements. Guidance and examples are added to the Practice Statement.

The application of the amendments has had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance but has affected the disclosure of the Group's accounting policies set out in Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

3. Adoption of New and Revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (Continued)

Application of new and revised HKFRSs (Continued)

Impact on application of Amendments to HKAS 12 "Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction"

The Group has adopted amendments to HKAS 12 "Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction" for the first time in the current year. The amendments narrow the scope of the initial recognition exemption to exclude transactions that give rise to equal and offsetting temporary differences – e.g. leases.

Prior to the adoption of amendments to HKAS 12, the Group applied the initial recognition exemption under paragraphs 15 and 24 of HKAS 12 for leasing transactions that give rise to equal and offsetting temporary differences, and therefore no deferred tax has been recognised for temporary differences relating to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities at initial recognition, and also over the lease terms under paragraph 22(c) of HKAS 12.

The Group has applied the transitional provisions under paragraphs 98K and 98L of amendments to HKAS 12 to leasing transactions that occur on or after the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented and also, at the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented by:

- (i) Recognising a deferred tax asset to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilised, and a deferred tax liability for all deductible and taxable temporary differences associated with right-of-use assets and lease liabilities; and
- (ii) Recognising the cumulative effect of initially applying the amendments as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings (or other component of equity, as appropriate) at that date.

Based on the management's assessment, there was immaterial impact on the consolidated statement of financial position as at November 1, 2022, October 31, 2023 and October 31, 2024, because the deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised as a result of the adoption of amendments to HKAS 12 qualify for offset under paragraph 74 of HKAS 12. The change primarily impacts disclosures of components of deferred tax assets and liabilities in Note 38 to the consolidated financial statements, but does not impact the overall deferred tax balances presented on the consolidated statement of financial position as the related deferred tax balances qualify for offset under HKAS 12.

Impact on application of Amendments to HKAS 12 "International Tax Reform – Pillar Two Model Rules"

The Group has adopted Amendments to HKAS 12 "International Tax Reform – Pillar Two Model Rules" for the first time in the current year. HKAS 12 is amended to add the exception to recognising and disclosing information about deferred tax assets and liabilities that are related to tax law enacted or substantively enacted to implement the Pillar Two model rules published by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (the "Pillar Two legislation"). The amendments require that entities apply the amendments immediately upon issuance and retrospectively. The amendments also require that entities to disclose separately its current tax expense/income related to Pillar Two income taxes in periods which the Pillar Two legislation is in effect, and the qualitative and quantitative information about its exposure to Pillar Two income taxes in periods in which the Pillar Two legislation is enacted or substantially enacted but not yet in effect in annual reporting periods beginning on or after November 1, 2023.

The Group is yet to apply the temporary exception during the current year because the Group's entities are operating in jurisdictions where the Pillar Two legislation has not yet been enacted or substantially enacted. The Group will disclose known or reasonably estimated information that helps users of financial statements to understand the Group's exposure to Pillar Two income taxes in the Group's consolidated financial statements when the Pillar Two legislation is enacted or substantially enacted and will disclose separately current tax expense/income related to Pillar Two income taxes when it is in effect.

3. Adoption of New and Revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (Continued)

Application of new and revised HKFRSs (Continued)

Change in accounting policy as a result of application of the HKICPA guidance on the accounting implications of the abolition of the Mandatory Provident Fund ("MPF") – Long Service Payment ("LSP") offsetting mechanism in Hong Kong

The Group has several subsidiaries operating in Hong Kong which are obliged to pay LSP to employees under certain circumstances. Meanwhile, the Group makes mandatory MPF contributions to the trustee who administers the assets held in a trust solely for the retirement benefits of each individual employee. Offsetting of LSP against an employee's accrued retirement benefits derived from employers' MPF contributions was allowed under the Employment Ordinance (Cap. 57). In June 2022, the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region gazetted the Employment and Retirement Schemes Legislation (Offsetting Arrangement) (Amendment) Ordinance 2022 (the "Amendment Ordinance") which abolishes the use of the accrued benefits derived from employers' mandatory MPF contributions to offset severance payment and LSP (the "Abolition"). The Abolition will officially take effect on May 1, 2025 (the "Transition Date"). In addition, under the Amendment Ordinance, the last month's salary immediately preceding the Transition Date (instead of the date of termination of employment) is used to calculate the portion of LSP in respect of the employment period before the Transition Date.

In July 2023, the HKICPA published "Accounting implications of the abolition of the MPF-LSP offsetting mechanism in Hong Kong" which provides guidance for the accounting for the offsetting mechanism and the impact arising from abolition of the MPF-LSP offsetting mechanism in Hong Kong. In light of this, the Group has implemented the guidance published by the HKICPA in connection with the LSP obligation retrospectively so as to provide more reliable and more relevant information about the effects of the offsetting mechanism and the Abolition.

The Group considered the accrued benefits arising from employers' MPF contributions that have been vested with the employee and which could be used to offset the employee's LSP benefits as a deemed contribution by the employee towards the LSP. Historically, the Group has been applying the practical expedient in paragraph 93(b) of HKAS 19 to account for the deemed employee contributions as a reduction of the service cost in the period in which the related service is rendered.

Based on the HKICPA's guidance, as a result of the Abolition, these contributions are no longer considered "linked solely to the employee's service in that period" since the mandatory employers' MPF contributions after the Transition Date can still be used to offset the pre-transition LSP obligation. Therefore, it would not be appropriate to view the contributions as "independent of the number of years of service" and the practical expedient in paragraph 93(b) of HKAS 19 is no longer applicable. Instead, these deemed contributions should be attributed to periods of service in the same manner as the gross LSP benefit applying paragraph 93(a) of HKAS 19.

Since the amount of the cumulative catch-up profit or loss adjustment for the year ended October 31, 2023 was immaterial, the Group did not restate the comparative figures for the consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, the Group has recognised the cumulative catch-up adjustment in the profit of loss for the year ended October 31, 2024, with corresponding adjustment to the LSP obligation.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

3. Adoption of New and Revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (Continued)

New and revised HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and amendments to standards and interpretation that have been issued but are not yet effective:

	Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after
Amendments to HKAS 1 – Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	January 1, 2024
Amendments to HKAS 1 – Non-current Liabilities with Covenants	January 1, 2024
Amendments to HKFRS 16 – Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback	January 1, 2024
Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (Revised) Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause	January 1, 2024
Amendments to HKAS 7 and HKFRS 7 – Supplier Finance Arrangements	January 1, 2024
Amendments to HKAS 21 – Lack of Exchangeability	January 1, 2025
Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7 – Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments	January 1, 2026
Amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards – Annual Improvements to HKFRS Accounting Standards – Volume 11	January 1, 2026
HKFRS 18 – Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements	January 1, 2027
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 – Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	To be determined by the HKICPA

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these amendments and new standards is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far it has been concluded that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

For the year ended October 31, 2024

4. Material Accounting Policy Information

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, unless mentioned otherwise in the accounting policies below (e.g. investment properties and certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values).

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5 to the consolidated financial statements.

The material accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to October 31. Subsidiaries are entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The Group has power over an entity when the Group has existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities, i.e. activities that significantly affect the entity's returns.

When assessing control, the Group considers its potential voting rights as well as potential voting rights held by other parties. A potential voting right is considered only if the holder has the practical ability to exercise that right.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date the control ceases.

The gain or loss on the disposal of a subsidiary that results in a loss of control represents the difference between (i) fair value of the consideration of the sale plus the fair value of any investment retained in that subsidiary and (ii) the Company's share of the net assets of that subsidiary plus any remaining goodwill and any accumulated translation reserve relating to that subsidiary.

Intragroup transactions, balances and unrealised profits are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in subsidiaries not attributable, directly or indirectly, to the Company. Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position and consolidated statement of changes in equity within equity. Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated income statement and consolidated statement of comprehensive income as an allocation of profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between the non-controlling shareholders and owners of the Company.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling shareholders even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Changes in the Company's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions (i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners). The carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to the owners of the Company.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

4. Material Accounting Policy Information (Continued)

Separate financial statements

In the Company's statement of financial position, an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment loss, unless the investment is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale). Cost includes direct attributable costs of investments. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received or receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving a dividend from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

Business combination and goodwill

The acquisition method is used to account for the acquisition of a subsidiary in a business combination. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at the acquisition-date fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued, liabilities incurred and any contingent consideration. Acquisition-related costs are recognised as expenses in the periods in which the costs are incurred and the services are received. Identifiable assets and liabilities of the subsidiary in the acquisition are, with limited exceptions, measured at their acquisition-date fair values.

The excess of the sum of the consideration transferred over the Group's share of the net fair value of the subsidiary's identifiable assets and liabilities is recorded as goodwill. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the sum of the consideration transferred is recognised in consolidated profit or loss as a gain on bargain purchase which is attributed to the Group.

Contingent consideration is classified either as equity or a financial liability. Amounts classified as a financial liability are subsequently remeasured to fair value with changes in fair value recognised in consolidated profit or loss.

In a business combination achieved in stages, the previously held equity interest in the subsidiary is remeasured at its acquisition-date fair value and the resulting gain or loss is recognised in consolidated profit or loss. The fair value is added to the sum of the consideration transferred in a business combination to calculate the goodwill.

The non-controlling interests in the subsidiary are initially measured at the non-controlling shareholders' proportionate share of the net fair value of the subsidiary's identifiable assets and liabilities at the acquisition date.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the cash-generating units ("CGUs") or groups of CGUs that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is allocated represents the lowest level within the Group at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. Goodwill impairment reviews are undertaken annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate a potential impairment. The carrying value of the CGU containing the goodwill is compared to its recoverable amount, which is the higher of value in use and the fair value less costs of disposal. Any impairment is recognised immediately as an expense and is not subsequently reversed.

For the year ended October 31, 2024

4. Material Accounting Policy Information (Continued)

Associates

Associates are entities over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of an entity but is not control or joint control over those policies. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible, including potential voting rights held by other entities, are considered when assessing whether the Group has significant influence. In assessing whether a potential voting right contributes to significant influence, the holder's intention and financial ability to exercise or convert that right is not considered.

Investment in an associate is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements by the equity method and is initially recognised at cost. Identifiable assets and liabilities of the associate in an acquisition are measured at their fair values at the acquisition date. The excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the associate's identifiable assets and liabilities is recorded as goodwill which is included in the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of acquisition is recognised in consolidated profit or loss.

The Group assesses whether there is an objective evidence that the interest in an associate may be impaired. When any objective evidence exists, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised is not allocated to any asset, including goodwill, that forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

The Group's share of an associate's post-acquisition profits or losses and other comprehensive income is recognised in consolidated income statement and consolidated statement of comprehensive income. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate. If the associate subsequently reports profits, the Group resumes recognising its share of those profits only after its share of the profits equals the share of losses not recognised.

The gain or loss on the disposal of an associate that results in a loss of significant influence represents the difference between (i) the fair value of the consideration of the sale plus the fair value of any investment retained in that associate and (ii) the Group's entire carrying amount of that associate (including goodwill) and any related accumulated translation reserve. If an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture, the Group continues to apply the equity method and does not remeasure the retained interest.

Unrealised profits on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interests in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Joint arrangements

A joint arrangement is an arrangement of which two or more parties have joint control. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control. Relevant activities are activities that significantly affect the returns of the arrangement. When assessing joint control, the Group considers its potential voting rights as well as potential voting rights held by other parties. A potential voting right is considered only if the holder has the practical ability to exercise that right.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

4. Material Accounting Policy Information (Continued)

Joint arrangements (Continued)

A joint arrangement is either a joint operation or a joint venture. A joint operation is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the assets, and obligations for the liabilities, relating to the arrangement. A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the arrangement. The Group has assessed the type of each of its joint arrangements and determined them to all be joint ventures.

Investment in a joint venture is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements by the equity method and is initially recognised at cost. Identifiable assets and liabilities of the joint venture in an acquisition are measured at their fair values at the acquisition date. The excess of the cost of investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the joint venture's identifiable assets and liabilities is recorded as goodwill, which is included in the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of acquisition is recognised in consolidated profit or loss.

The Group assesses whether there is an objective evidence that the interest in a joint venture may be impaired. When any objective evidence exists, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised is not allocated to any asset, including goodwill, that forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

The Group's share of a joint venture's post-acquisition profits or losses and other comprehensive income is recognised in consolidated income statement and consolidated statement of comprehensive income. When the Group's share of losses in a joint venture equals or exceeds its interest in the joint venture (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the joint venture), the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the joint venture. If the joint venture subsequently reports profits, the Group resumes recognising its share of those profits only after its share of the profits equals the share of losses not recognised.

The gain or loss on the disposal of a joint venture that results in a loss of joint control represents the difference between (i) the fair value of the consideration of the sale plus the fair value of any investment retained in that joint venture and (ii) the Group's entire carrying amount of that joint venture (including goodwill) and any related accumulated translation reserve. If an investment in a joint venture becomes an investment in an associate, the Group continues to apply the equity method and does not remeasure the retained interest.

Unrealised profits on transactions between the Group and its joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interests in the joint ventures. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of joint ventures have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

4. Material Accounting Policy Information (Continued)

Other intangible assets

Internally-generated intangible assets

Expenditure on research activities is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred. Development costs that are attributable to the Group's computer software development is recognised only if all of the following conditions are met:

- the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale;
- management intends to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it;
- there is ability to use or sell the intangible asset;
- it can be demonstrated how the intangible asset will generate probable future economic benefits;
- adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the intangible asset are available; and
- the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development can be reliably measured.

Internally-generated intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Amortisation is calculated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of three years to ten years. Where no internally generated intangible asset can be recognised, development expenditure is recognised in profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred.

Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets, other than goodwill, identified on business combinations are capitalised at their fair values at the acquisition date. They represent mainly show rights, marketing related intangible assets, customer relationship, non-competition agreements, trade name and club memberships. They are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Intangible assets arising from business combinations with definite useful lives are amortised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives ranging from five years to twenty-seven years. Intangible assets with indefinite useful life are not amortised.

(i) Show rights

The show rights are measured at purchase cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Amortisation is calculated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of ten years.

(ii) Marketing related intangible assets

Marketing related intangible assets are measured at purchase cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Amortisation is calculated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of five years.

(iii) Customer relationship

Customer relationship is measured at purchase cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Amortisation is calculated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives ranging from five to ten years.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

4. Material Accounting Policy Information (Continued)

Other intangible assets (Continued)

Intangible assets acquired separately (Continued)

(iv) Non-competition agreements

Non-competition agreements are measured at purchase cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Amortisation is calculated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives ranging from five to six years.

(v) Trade name

Trade name with indefinite useful life is stated at cost less any impairment losses. Impairment is reviewed annually or when there is any indication that the trade name has suffered an impairment loss.

(vi) Club memberships

Club memberships with indefinite useful life are stated at cost less any impairment losses. Impairment is reviewed annually or when there is any indication that the club memberships have suffered an impairment loss.

Club memberships with expiry dates are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment loss. Amortisation is calculated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives ranging from twenty-five to twenty-seven years.

Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

Transactions and balances in each entity's financial statements

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency on initial recognition using the exchange rates prevailing on the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the end of each reporting period. Gains and losses resulting from this translation policy are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. The transaction date is the date on which the company initially recognises such non-monetary assets or liabilities. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair values in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates at the dates when the fair values are determined.

When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in other comprehensive income, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income. When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

4. Material Accounting Policy Information (Continued)

Foreign currency translation (Continued)

Translation on consolidation

The results and financial position of all foreign operations (none of which has the currency of hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the Company's presentation currency are translated into the Company's presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates for the period (unless this average is not a
 reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case
 income and expenses are translated at the exchange rates on the transaction dates); and
- all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the translation reserve.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of monetary items that form part of the net investment in foreign entities are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the translation reserve. When a foreign operation is sold, such exchange differences are reclassified to consolidated profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes (other than properties under development as described below). Property, plant and equipment are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

When the Group makes payments for ownership interest of properties which includes both leasehold land and building elements, the entire consideration is allocated between the leasehold land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values at initial recognition.

To the extent the allocation of the relevant payments can be made reliably, interest in leasehold land that is presented as right-of-use assets in the statement of financial position. When the consideration cannot be allocated reliably between non-lease building element and undivided interests in the underlying leasehold land, the entire properties are classified as property, plant and equipment.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised in profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

4. Material Accounting Policy Information (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated at rates sufficient to write off their cost less their residual value over the estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The principal annual rates are as follows:

Freehold land Nil
Freehold buildings 1% – 2%

Land and buildings 2% – 5% or over the terms of the relevant leases

Leasehold improvements 20% Furniture, fixtures and office equipment 20%

Tools, machinery, factory equipment and fittings 20% – 33 1/3 %

Motor vehicles 20%

Operating supplies 20% – 33 1/3 %

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Property under development represents buildings under construction and plant and equipment pending installation, and is stated at cost less impairment losses. Depreciation begins when the relevant assets are available for use.

Operating supplies represent system materials, furniture and equipment used in exhibition construction.

The gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset, and is recognised in profit or loss.

Investment properties

Investment properties are land and/or buildings which are owned or held under a leasehold interest to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation. These include land held for a currently undetermined future use and property that is being constructed or developed for future use as investment property.

Investment properties are stated at fair value, unless they are still in the course of construction or development at the end of the reporting period and their fair value cannot be reliably measured at that time.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment properties are recognised in profit or loss for the period in which they arise.

If an investment property becomes owner-occupied, it is reclassified as property, plant and equipment as appropriate, and its fair value at the date of reclassification becomes its cost for accounting purposes.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is withdrawn from use. Any gain or loss on disposal of an investment property is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the property, and is recognised in profit or loss. Rental income from investment properties accounted for in accordance with the policy set out in the accounting policy for revenue and other income in Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements.

4. Material Accounting Policy Information (Continued)

Leases

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to direct the use of the identified asset and to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from that use.

The Group as lessee

Where the contract contains lease component(s) and non-lease component(s), the Group has elected not to separate non-lease components and accounts for each lease component and any associated non-lease components as a single lease component for all leases.

At the lease commencement date, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, except for short-term leases that have a lease term of twelve months or less and leases of low-value assets which, for the Group are primarily laptops and office equipment. When the Group enters into a lease in respect of a low-value asset, the Group decides whether to capitalise the lease on a lease-by-lease basis. The lease payments associated with those leases which are not capitalised are recognised as an expense on a systematic basis over the lease term.

Where the lease is capitalised, the lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, using a relevant incremental borrowing rate. Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the lease liability. After initial recognition, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost and interest expense is calculated using the effective interest method.

Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are not included in the measurement of the lease liability and hence are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Group:

- where possible, uses recent third-party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third party financing was received;
- uses a build-up approach that starts with a risk-free interest rate adjusted for credit risk for leases which does not have recent third-party financing; and
- makes adjustments specific to the lease, e.g. term, country, currency and security.

If a readily observable amortising loan rate is available to the individual lessee (through recent financing or market data) which has a similar payment profile to the lease, then the Group entities use that rate as a starting point to determine the incremental borrowing rate.

The right-of-use asset recognised when a lease is capitalised is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability plus any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, and any initial direct costs incurred. Where applicable, the cost of the right-of-use assets also includes an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, discounted to their present value, less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use asset is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, except for the right-of-use assets that meet the definition of investment property are carried at fair value in accordance with Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements under investment properties.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

4. Material Accounting Policy Information (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

The Group as lessee (Continued)

Right-of-use assets in which the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the underlying leased assets at the end of the lease term are depreciated from commencement date to the end of the useful life. Otherwise, right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

Refundable rental deposits paid are accounted under HKFRS 9 and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments and included in the cost of right-of-use assets.

The lease liability is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, or there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or there is a change arising from the reassessment of whether the Group will be reasonably certain to exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The lease liability is also remeasured when there is a change in the scope of a lease or the consideration for a lease that is not originally provided for in the lease contract ("lease modification") that is not accounted for as a separate lease. In this case the lease liability is remeasured based on the revised lease payments and lease term using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification. The only exceptions are any rent concessions which arose as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic and which satisfied the conditions set out in paragraph 46B of HKFRS 16. In such cases, the Group took advantage of the practical expedient not to assess whether the rent concessions are lease modifications, and recognised the change in consideration as negative lease payments in profit or loss in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the rent concessions occurred.

The Group as lessor

When the Group acts as a lessor, it determines at lease inception whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of an underlying assets to the lessee. If this is not the case, the lease is classified as an operating lease.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out basis. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of all production overhead expenditure, and where appropriate, subcontracting charges. The costs of purchased inventory are determined after deducting rebates and discounts. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

For the year ended October 31, 2024

4. Material Accounting Policy Information (Continued)

Contract assets, contract liabilities and other contract costs

Contract asset is recognised when the Group recognises revenue before being unconditionally entitled to the consideration under the payment terms set out in the contract. Contract assets are assessed for expected credit losses ("ECL" or "ECLs") in accordance with the policy set out in the accounting policy for impairment of financial assets and contract assets in Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements and are reclassified to trade debtors when the right to the consideration has become unconditional.

A contract liability is recognised when the customer pays consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue. A contract liability would also be recognised if the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue. In such cases, a corresponding receivable would also be recognised.

For a single contract with the customer, either a net contract asset or a net contract liability is presented. For multiple contracts, contract assets and contract liabilities of unrelated contracts are not presented on a net basis.

When the contract includes a significant financing component, the contract balance includes interest accrued under the effective interest rate method.

Costs to fulfil a contract are capitalised if the costs relate directly to an existing contract or to a specifically identifiable anticipated contract; generate or enhance resources that will be used to provide goods or services in the future; and are expected to be recovered. Costs that relate directly to an existing contract or to a specifically identifiable anticipated contract may include direct labour, direct materials, allocations of costs, costs that are explicitly chargeable to the customer and other costs that are incurred only because the Group entered into the contract. Other costs of fulfilling a contract, which are not capitalised as inventory, property, plant and equipment or intangible assets, are expensed as incurred.

Capitalised contract costs are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Impairment losses are recognised to the extent that the carrying amount of the contract cost asset exceeds the net of (i) remaining amount of consideration that the Group expects to receive in exchange for the goods or services to which the asset relates, less (ii) any costs that relate directly to providing those goods or services that have not yet been recognised as expenses.

Amortisation of capitalised contract costs is charged to profit or loss when the revenue to which the asset relates is recognised.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

4. Material Accounting Policy Information (Continued)

Recognition and derecognition of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace. All recognised financial assets are measured subsequently in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

(i) Debt investments

Debt investments held by the Group are classified into one of the following measurement categories:

- amortised cost, if the investment is held for the collection of contractual cash flows which represent solely
 payments of principal and interest. Interest income from the investment is calculated using the effective
 interest rate method.
- FVTOCI (recycling), if the contractual cash flows of the investment comprise solely payments of principal and interest and the investment is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both the collection of contractual cash flows and sale. Changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income, except for the recognition in profit or loss of ECLs, interest income (calculated using the effective interest rate method) and foreign exchange gains and losses. When the investment is derecognised, the amount accumulated in other comprehensive income is recycled from equity to profit or loss.
- FVTPL if the investment does not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI (recycling). Changes in the fair value of the investment (including interest) are recognised in profit or loss.

4. Material Accounting Policy Information (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

(ii) Equity investments

An investment in equity securities is classified as FVTPL unless the equity investment is not held for trading purposes and on initial recognition of the investment the Group makes an election to designate the investment as FVTOCI (non-recycling) such that subsequent changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income. Such elections are made on an instrument-by-instrument basis, but may only be made if the investment meets the definition of equity from the issuer's perspective. Where such an election is made, the amount accumulated in other comprehensive income remains in the fair value reserve (non-recycling) until the investment is disposed of. At the time of disposal, the amount accumulated in the fair value reserve (non-recycling) is transferred to retained earnings. It is not recycled through profit or loss. Dividends from an investment in equity securities, irrespective of whether classified as FVTPL or FVTOCI, are recognised in profit or loss as other income.

Trade and other debtors

A receivable is recognised when the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration. A right to receive consideration is unconditional if only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due. If revenue has been recognised before the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration, the amount is presented as a contract asset.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional unless they contain significant financing components, when they are recognised at fair value. The Group holds the trade debtors with the objective of collecting the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method less allowance for credit losses.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows. Cash and cash equivalents are assessed for ECL.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument under HKFRSs. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. The accounting policies adopted for specific financial liabilities and equity instruments are set out below.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

4. Material Accounting Policy Information (Continued)

Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts are recognised as a financial liability at the time the guarantee is issued. The liability is initially measured at fair value and subsequently at the higher of:

- the amount determined in accordance with the ECL model under HKFRS 9; and
- the amount initially recognised less, where appropriate, the cumulative amount of income recognised in accordance with the principles of HKFRS 15.

The fair value of financial guarantees is determined based on the present value of the difference in cash flows between the contractual payments required under the debt instrument and the payments that would be required without the guarantee, or the estimated amount that would be payable to a third party for assuming the obligations.

Where guarantees in relation to loans or other payables of associates are provided for no compensation, the fair values are accounted for as contributions and recognised as part of the cost of the investment.

Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidence a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

For the year ended October 31, 2024

4. Material Accounting Policy Information (Continued)

Derivative financial instruments

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period.

An embedded derivative is a component of a hybrid contract that also includes a non-derivative host – with the effect that some of the cash flows of the combined instrument vary in a way similar to a stand-alone derivative.

Derivatives embedded in hybrid contracts with a financial asset host within the scope of HKFRS 9 are not separated. The entire hybrid contract is classified and subsequently measured as either amortised cost or fair value as appropriate.

Derivatives embedded in hybrid contracts with hosts that are not financial assets within the scope of HKFRS 9 are treated as separate derivatives when they meet the definition of a derivative, their risks and characteristics are not closely related to those of the host contracts and the host contracts are not measured at FVTPL.

If the hybrid contract is a quoted financial liability, instead of separating the embedded derivative, the Group generally designates the whole hybrid contract at FVTPL.

Revenue and other income

Revenue is recognised when control over a product or service is transferred to the customer, at the amount of promised consideration to which the Group is expected to be entitled, excluding those amounts collected on behalf of third parties. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

Further details of the Group's revenue and other income recognition policies are as follows:

(i) Revenue from construction contracts

A contract with a customer is classified by the Group as a construction contract when the contract relates to work on properties, museum and themed entertainment under the control of the customer and therefore the Group's construction activities create or enhance an asset under the customer's control.

When the outcome of a construction contract can be reasonably measured, revenue from the contract is recognised progressively over time using the cost-to-cost method, i.e. based on the proportion of the actual costs incurred relative to the estimated total costs. The Directors consider that this input method is an appropriate measure of the progress towards complete satisfaction of these performance obligations under HKFRS 15.

The Group becomes entitled to invoice customers for construction of properties, museum and themed entertainment based on achieving a series of performance-related milestones. When a particular milestone is reached the customer is sent a relevant statement of work signed by a third party assessor and an invoice for the related milestone payment. The Group previously have recognised a contract asset for any work performed. Any amount previously recognised as a contract asset is reclassified to trade debtors at the point at which it is invoiced to the customer. If the milestone payment exceeds the revenue recognised to date under the cost-to-cost method then the Group recognises a contract liability for the difference. It is not considered to be a significant financing component in construction contracts with customers as the period between the recognition of revenue under the cost-to-cost method and the milestone payment is always less than one year.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

4. Material Accounting Policy Information (Continued)

Revenue and other income (Continued)

(i) Revenue from construction contracts (Continued)

The likelihood of the Group earning contractual bonuses for early completion or suffering contractual penalties for late completion are taken into account in making these estimates, such that revenue is only recognised to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur.

When the outcome of the contract cannot be reasonably measured, revenue is recognised only to the extent of contract costs incurred that are expected to be recovered.

If at any time the costs to complete the contract are estimated to exceed the remaining amount of the consideration under the contract, then a provision is recognised.

(ii) Revenue from visual branding activation

Revenue from visual branding activation is recognised when the customer takes possession of and accepts the goods and/or services. If the delivery of goods and/or service is a partial fulfilment of a contract with a series of delivery, then the amount of revenue recognised is an appropriate proportion of the total transaction price under the contract, allocated between all the goods and services promised under the contract on a relative stand-alone selling price basis. A debtor is recognised by the Group when the goods and/or services are delivered to the customer as this represents the point in time at which the right to consideration becomes unconditional, as only the passage of time is required before payment is due.

(iii) Revenue from exhibition, event and brand activation

Revenue from exhibition, event and brand activation is recognised when exhibition booths or other decoration facilities are delivered to the customer on show open date and are accepted by the customer. A debtor is recognised by the Group when exhibition booths or other decoration facilities are delivered to the customer on show open date as this represents the point in time at which the right to consideration becomes unconditional, as only the passage of time is required before payment is due.

(iv) Revenue from meeting architecture activation

Revenue from meeting architecture activation is recognised when the shows, exhibitions or events open. A debtor is recognised by the Group when the shows, exhibitions or events open as this represents the point in time at which the right to consideration becomes unconditional, as only the passage of time is required before payment is due.

- (v) Interest income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest rate method. For financial assets measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI (recycling) that are not credit-impaired, the effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of the asset. For credit impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is applied to the amortised cost (i.e. gross carrying amount net of loss allowance) of the asset.
- (vi) Dividend income is recognised when the shareholders' rights to receive payment are established.
- (vii) Rental income receivable under operating leases is recognised in profit or loss in equal instalments over the periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the use of the leased asset. Lease incentives granted are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments receivable. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as income in the accounting period in which they are earned.
- (viii) Management service income is recognised when the service is rendered.

4. Material Accounting Policy Information (Continued)

Employee benefits

Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave and long service leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave and long service leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of the reporting period.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

The Group operates various post-employment schemes, including both defined benefit and defined contribution pension plans.

Pension obligations

The Group contributed to defined contribution retirement schemes which are available to all employees. Contributions to retirement benefit schemes by the Group and employees are calculated as a percentage of employees' basic salaries. The retirement benefit scheme cost charged to profit or loss represents contributions payable by the Group to the funds.

For the defined benefit retirement plans, the liability (asset) recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position is the present value of the defined benefit obligation less the fair value of plan assets. When there is a surplus in a defined benefit plan, the net defined benefit asset is measured at the lower of the surplus in the defined benefit plan and the asset ceiling. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using interest rates of high-quality corporate bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating the terms of the related pension obligation. If there is no deep market in such bonds, the market rates on government bonds denominated in that currency are used.

Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability (asset) – which include actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability (asset)), and any change in the effect of the asset ceiling (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability (asset)) – are recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and will not be reclassified to profit or loss.

Past service cost is recognised in profit or loss in the period of a plan amendment or curtailment and a gain or loss on settlement is recognised when settlement occurs. When determining past service cost, or a gain or loss on settlement, an entity shall remeasure the net defined benefit liability or asset using the current fair value of plan assets and current actuarial assumptions, reflecting the benefits offered under the plan and the plan assets before and after the plan amendment, curtailment or settlement, without considering the effect of asset ceiling (i.e. the present value of any economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan).

Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate at the beginning of the period to the net defined benefit liability or asset. However, if the Group remeasures the net defined benefit liability or asset before plan amendment, curtailment or settlement, the Group determines net interest for the remainder of the annual reporting period after the plan amendment, curtailment or settlement using the benefits offered under the plan and the plan assets after the plan amendment, curtailment or settlement and the discount rate used to remeasure such net defined benefit liability or asset, taking into account any changes in the net defined benefit liability or asset during the period resulting from contributions or benefit payments.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

4. Material Accounting Policy Information (Continued)

Employee benefits (Continued)

Pension obligations (Continued)

Defined benefit costs are categorised as follows:

- service cost (including current service cost, past service cost, as well as gains and losses on curtailments and settlements);
- net interest expense or income; and
- remeasurement.

The retirement benefit obligation recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position represents the actual deficit or surplus in the Group's defined benefit plans. Any surplus resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of any economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plans or reduction in future contributions to the plan.

Discretionary contributions made by employees or third parties reduce service cost upon payment of these contributions to the plan.

When the formal terms of the plans specify that there will be contributions from employees or third parties, the accounting depends on whether the contributions are linked to service, as follows:

- If the contributions are not linked to services (for example contributions are required to reduce a deficit arising from losses on plan assets or from actuarial losses), they are reflected in the remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability or asset.
- If the contributions are linked to services, they reduce service costs. For the amount of contributions that is dependent on the number of years of service, the Group reduces service cost by attributing the contributions to periods of service using the attribution method required by HKAS 19 paragraph 70 for the gross benefits. For the amount of contribution that is independent of the number of years of service, the Group reduces service cost by attributing contributions to the employees' period of service in accordance with HKAS 19 paragraph 70.

For LSP obligation, the Group accounts for the employer MPF contributions expected to be offsetted as a deemed employee contribution towards the LSP obligation in term of HKAS 19 paragraph 93(a) and it is measured on a net basis. The estimated amount of future benefit is determined after deducting the negative service cost arising from the accrued benefits derived from the Group's MPF contributions that have been vested with employees, which are deemed to be contributions from the relevant employees.

Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised at the earlier of the dates when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits, and when the Group recognises restructuring costs and involves the payment of termination benefits.

For the year ended October 31, 2024

4. Material Accounting Policy Information (Continued)

Share-based payments

The Group issues equity-settled share-based payments to certain directors and employees. Equity-settled share-based payments are measured at fair value (excluding the effect of non-market based vesting conditions) of the equity instruments at the date of grant. The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of shares that will eventually vest and adjusted for the effect of non-market based vesting conditions.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

To the extent that funds are borrowed generally and used for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset, the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation is determined by applying a capitalisation rate to the expenditures on that asset. The capitalisation rate is the weighted average of the borrowing costs applicable to the borrowings of the Group that are outstanding during the period, other than borrowings made specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset. Any specific borrowing that remain outstanding after the related asset is ready for its intended use or sale is included in the general borrowing pool for calculation of capitalisation rate on general borrowings.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Government grants

A government grant is recognised when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to it and that the grant will be received.

Government grants relating to income are deferred and recognised in profit or loss over the period to match them with the costs they are intended to compensate.

Government grants that become receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

4. Material Accounting Policy Information (Continued)

Taxation

Income tax represents the sum of the current tax and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit recognised in profit or loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit and at the time of transaction does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint arrangements, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

The measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

For the purpose of measuring deferred tax for investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the carrying amounts of such properties are presumed to be recovered through sale, unless the presumption is rebutted. The presumption is rebutted when the investment property is depreciable and is held within a business model of the Group whose business objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time, rather than through sale. If the presumption is rebutted, deferred tax for such investment properties are measured based on the expected manner as to how the properties will be recovered.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for leasing transactions in which the Group recognises the right-of-use assets and the related lease liabilities, the Group first determines whether the tax deductions are attributable to the right-of-use assets or the lease liabilities.

For leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group applies HKAS 12 requirements to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities separately. The Group recognises a deferred tax asset related to lease liabilities to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilised and a deferred tax liability for all taxable temporary differences.

For the year ended October 31, 2024

4. Material Accounting Policy Information (Continued)

Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends either to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Impairment of non-financial assets

Intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life or that are not yet available for use are reviewed for impairment annually and whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

The carrying amounts of other non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date for indications of impairment and where an asset is impaired, it is written down as an expense through the consolidated income statement to its estimated recoverable amount unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease. The recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. If this is the case, recoverable amount is determined for the CGU to which the asset belongs. Recoverable amount is the higher of value in use and the fair value less costs of disposal of the individual asset or the CGU.

Value in use is the present value of the estimated future cash flows of the asset/CGU. Present values are computed using pre-tax discount rates that reflect the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset/CGU whose impairment is being measured.

Impairment losses for CGUs are allocated first against the goodwill of the unit and then pro rata amongst the other assets of the CGU. Subsequent increases in the recoverable amount caused by changes in estimates are credited to profit or loss to the extent that they reverse the impairment unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

Impairment of financial assets and contracts assets

The Group recognises a loss allowance for ECLs on investments in debt instruments that are measured at amortised cost or at FVTOCI, trade and other debtors and contract assets, pledged bank deposits and bank and cash balances, as well as on financial guarantee contracts. The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial instrument.

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for trade debtors and contract assets. The ECL on these financial assets are estimated using a provision matrix based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date, including time value of money where appropriate.

For all other financial instruments, the Group recognises lifetime ECL when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. However, if the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month ECL.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within twelve months after the reporting date.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

4. Material Accounting Policy Information (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets and contracts assets (Continued)

Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort. Forward-looking information considered includes the future prospects of the industries in which the Group's debtors operate, obtained from economic expert reports, financial analysts, governmental bodies, relevant think-tanks and other similar organisations, as well as consideration of various external sources of actual and forecast economic information that relate to the Group's core operations.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk for a particular financial instrument;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor;
- significant increases in credit risk on other financial instruments of the same debtor; or
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

Despite the foregoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date. A financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk if:

- the financial instrument has a low risk of default;
- the debtor has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term; and
- adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations.

The Group considers a financial asset to have low credit risk when the asset has external credit rating of "investment grade" in accordance with the globally understood definition or if an external rating is not available, the asset has an internal rating of "performing". Performing means that the counterparty has a strong financial position and there is no past due amounts.

For the year ended October 31, 2024

4. Material Accounting Policy Information (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets and contracts assets (Continued)

Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)

For financial guarantee contracts, the date that the Group becomes a party to the irrevocable commitment is considered to be the date of initial recognition for the purposes of assessing the financial instrument for impairment. In assessing whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition of a financial guarantee contracts, the Group considers the changes in the risk that the specified debtor will default on the contract.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

Definition of default

The Group considers the following as constituting an event of default for internal credit risk management purposes as historical experience indicates that debtors that meet either of the following criteria are generally not recoverable.

- when there is a breach of financial covenants by the counterparty; or
- information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above analysis, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the counterparty;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- the lender(s) of the counterparty, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the counterparty's financial difficulty, having granted to the counterparty a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;
- it is becoming probable that the counterparty will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

4. Material Accounting Policy Information (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets and contracts assets (Continued)

Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, including when the debtor has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or in the case of trade debtors, when the amounts are over two years past due, whichever occurs sooner. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. Any recoveries made are recognised in profit or loss.

Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information as described above. As for the exposure at default, for financial assets, this is represented by the assets' gross carrying amount at the reporting date; for financial guarantee contracts, the exposure includes the amount drawn down as at the reporting date, together with any additional amounts expected to be drawn down in the future by default date determined based on historical trend, the Group's understanding of the specific future financing needs of the debtors, and other relevant forward-looking information.

For financial assets, the ECL is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

For a financial guarantee contract, as the Group is required to make payments only in the event of a default by the debtor in accordance with the terms of the instrument that is guaranteed, the expected loss allowance is the expected payments to reimburse the holder for a credit loss that it incurs less any amounts that the Group expects to receive from the holder, the debtor or any other party.

If the Group has measured the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to lifetime ECL in the previous reporting period, but determines at the current reporting date that the conditions for lifetime ECL are no longer met, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month ECL at the current reporting date, except for assets for which simplified approach was used.

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account, except for investments in debt instruments that are measured at FVTOCI, for which the loss allowance is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the financial assets at FVTOCI reserve, and does not reduce the carrying amount of the financial asset in the statement of financial position.

For the year ended October 31, 2024

4. Material Accounting Policy Information (Continued)

Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditures expected to settle the obligation. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow is remote.

Events after the reporting period

Events after the reporting period that provide additional information about the Group's position at the end of the reporting period are adjusting events and are reflected in the consolidated financial statements. Events after the reporting period that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements when material.

5. Critical Judgements and Key Estimates

In applying the Group's accounting policies, which are described in Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements, the Directors are required to make judgements (other than those involving estimations) that have a significant impact on the amounts recognised and to make estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

In the process of applying the accounting policies, the Directors have made the following judgements that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements (apart from those involving estimations, which are dealt with below).

Deferred tax for investment properties

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the Directors have reviewed the Group's investment properties portfolios and concluded that the Group's investment properties located in the PRC are held under a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment properties over time, rather than through sale. However, in determining the Group's deferred tax for the investment properties other than located in the PRC, the Directors have adopted the presumption that investment properties measured using fair value model are recovered through sale.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

5. Critical Judgements and Key Estimates (Continued)

Critical judgements in applying accounting policies (Continued)

Distinction between investment properties and owner-occupied properties

Some properties comprise a portion that is held to earn rentals and another portion that is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services. If these portions can be sold separately (or leased out separately under a finance lease), the Group accounts for the portions separately. If the portions cannot be sold separately, the property is accounted for as investment property only if an insignificant portion is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services. Judgement is applied in determining whether ancillary services are so significant that a property does not qualify as an investment property. The Group considers each property separately in making its judgement.

Business model assessment

Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of the solely payments of principal and interest and the business model test. The Group determines the business model at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgement reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated and their performance measured, the risks that affect the performance of the assets and how these are managed and how the managers of the assets are compensated. The Group monitors financial assets measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI that are derecognised prior to their maturity to understand the reason for their disposal and whether the reasons are consistent with the objective of the business for which the asset was held. Monitoring is part of the Group's continuous assessment of whether the business model for which the remaining financial assets are held continues to be appropriate and if it is not appropriate whether there has been a change in business model and so a prospective change to the classification of those assets. No such changes were required during the periods presented.

Significant increase in credit risk

ECL are measured as an allowance equal to 12-month ECL for stage 1 assets, or lifetime ECL for stage 2 or stage 3 assets. An asset moves to stage 2 when its credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. HKFRS 9 does not define what constitutes a significant increase in credit risk. In assessing whether the credit risk of an asset has significantly increased the Group takes into account qualitative and quantitative reasonable and supportable forward looking information.

Determining the lease term

In determining the lease term at the commencement date for leases that include renewal options exercisable by the Group, the Group evaluates the likelihood of exercising the renewal options taking into account all relevant facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive for the Group to exercise the option, including favourable terms, leasehold improvements undertaken and the importance of that underlying asset to the Group's operation.

Generally, periods covered by a renewal option in other properties leases have not been included in the lease liability because the Group could replace the assets without significant cost or business disruption. Further information provided in Note 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

The lease term is reassessed when there is a significant event or significant change in circumstance that is within the Group's control. During the current financial year, no lease term has been reassessed.

5. Critical Judgements and Key Estimates (Continued)

Critical judgements in applying accounting policies (Continued)

Consolidation of entity with not more than 50% equity interest holders

Although the Group owns not more than 50% of the equity interest in Parico Electrical Engineering Sdn. Bhd. and Pico International (M) Sdn. Bhd., those companies are treated as subsidiaries because the Group is able to control the relevant activities of those companies as a result of the shareholders' agreement between the Group and other shareholders of those companies.

Joint control assessment

The Group holds 20% of the voting rights of its joint arrangement of Karnival TP-AXC Holdings Limited. The Directors have determined that the Group has joint control over the arrangement as under the contractual agreement, it appears that unanimous consent is required from all parties to the agreement for all relevant activities.

Equity pick up of entity of less than 20% equity interest

Although the Group holds less than 20% of the voting power of Shanghai Yaoland Network Information Technology Co., Ltd ("Shanghai Yaoland"), the Directors considered that the Group exercises significant influence over Shanghai Yaoland because the Group is entitled to appoint one director out of the five directors of Shanghai Yaoland, and requiring two-thirds majority vote of the board.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of each reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

Impairment for debtors and contract assets

The Group uses practical expedient in estimating ECL on trade debtors and contract assets using a provision matrix. The provision rates are based on days past due for grouping of various customers segments with shared risk characteristics by geographical region taking into consideration the Group's historical default rates and forward-looking information that is reasonable and supportable available without undue costs or effort. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are reassessed and changes in the forward-looking information are considered. The provision of ECL is sensitive to changes in estimates. The information about ECL and the Group's trade debtors and contract assets are disclosed in financial risk management of credit risk in Note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

As at October 31, 2024, the carrying amount of debtors and contract assets is HK\$1,079,546,000 and HK\$965,040,000, net of allowance for bad and doubtful debts of HK\$133,685,000 and HK\$20,141,000 (2023: HK\$879,203,000 and HK\$1,130,525,000, net of allowance for bad and doubtful debts of HK\$105,027,000 and HK\$16,202,000) respectively.

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For the year ended October 31, 2024

5. Critical Judgements and Key Estimates (Continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

The Group determines the estimated useful lives, residual values and related depreciation charges for the Group's property, plant and equipment. This estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment of similar nature and functions. The Group will revise the depreciation charge where useful lives and residual values are different to those previously estimated, or it will write-off or write-down technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned. The carrying amount of property, plant and equipment as at October 31, 2024 was HK\$503,941,000 (2023: HK\$516,156,000).

Fair value of investment properties

The Group appointed independent professional valuers to assess the fair value of the investment properties. In determining the fair value, the valuers have utilised a method of valuation which involves certain estimates. The Directors have exercised their judgement and are satisfied that the method of valuation and inputs used are reflective of the current market conditions.

The carrying amount of investment properties as at October 31, 2024 was HK\$245,020,000 (2023: HK\$256,536,000).

Revenue and profit recognition

As explained in the accounting policy for revenue recognition in Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements, certain projects' revenue from construction contracts under museum and themed entertainment and under exhibition, event and brand activation and visual branding activation are recognised over time. Such revenue and profit recognition on uncompleted projects is dependent on estimating the total outcome of the contract, as well as the work done to date. Based on the Group's recent experience and the nature of the construction activities undertaken by the Group, the Group has made estimates of the point at which it considered the work was sufficiently advanced such that the outcome of the contract can be reasonably measured. Until this point is reached the related contract assets disclosed in Note 24 to the consolidated financial statements do not include profit which the Group might eventually realise from the work done to date. In addition, actual outcomes in terms of total cost or revenue may be higher or lower than estimated at the end of the reporting period, which would affect the revenue and profit recognised in future years as an adjustment to the amounts recorded to date.

During the year, HK\$1,171,736,000 (2023: HK\$186,285,000) of revenue from construction contracts under museum and themed entertainment and exhibition, event and brand activation and visual branding activation was recognised.

Income taxes

The Group is subject to income taxes in numerous jurisdictions. Significant estimates are required in determining the worldwide provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made. During the year, HK\$86,220,000 (2023: HK\$57,401,000) of income tax was charged to profit or loss.

5. Critical Judgements and Key Estimates (Continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

Impairment of goodwill

Determining whether goodwill is impaired requires an estimation of the recoverable amount of the CGU to which goodwill has been allocated, which is the higher of the value in use or fair value less costs of disposal. The value in use calculation requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the CGU and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value. Where the actual future cash flows are less than the expected, or there is a change in facts and circumstances which results in downward revision of future cash flows or upward revision of discount rate, a material impairment loss or further impairment loss may arise.

The carrying amount of goodwill at the end of the reporting period was HK\$290,196,000 as at October 31, 2024 (2023: HK\$290,327,000) after an impairment loss of nil (2023: nil) was recognised during the year. Details of the impairment testing are provided in Note 19 to the consolidated financial statements.

Actuarial assumptions on defined benefit retirement plans

Accounting for defined benefit plans may be complex because actuarial assumptions are required to measure the obligation and the expense, with the possibility that actual results differ from the assumed results. These differences are known as actuarial gains and losses. Defined benefit obligations are measured using the projected unit credit method ("PUCM"), according to which the Group has to make a reliable estimate of the amount of benefits earned in return for services rendered in current and prior periods, using actuarial techniques. In addition, in cases where defined benefit plans are funded, the Group has to estimate the fair value of plan assets. As a result, the use of the PUCM involves a number of actuarial assumptions. These assumptions include demographic assumptions such as mortality, turnover and retirement age and financial assumptions such as discount rates, salary and benefit levels. Such assumptions are subject to judgements and may develop materially differently than expected and therefore may result in significant impacts on defined benefit obligations.

The carrying amount of retirement benefit obligations as at October 31, 2024 was HK\$1,156,000 (2023: nil).

6. Financial Risk Management

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: foreign currency risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

Foreign currency risk

The Group has certain exposure to foreign currency risk as most of its business transactions, assets and liabilities are principally denominated in the functional currencies of Group entities, including Hong Kong dollars, Renminbi ("RMB"), Singapore dollars ("SG dollars") and United States dollars ("US dollars"), but certain business transactions, assets and liabilities are denominated in currencies other than their functional currencies such as Euro, Great Britain pound ("GBP") and United Arab Emirates dirhams ("AED"). The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy in respect of foreign currency transactions, assets and liabilities. The Group monitors its foreign currency exposure closely and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

At October 31, 2024, if the SG dollars had weakened or strengthened 10 per cent against the US dollars, Euro, GBP and Hong Kong dollars with all other variables held constant, consolidated profit after tax for the year would have been HK\$4,503,000 (2023: HK\$10,283,000) higher or lower, HK\$260,000 (2023: HK\$142,000) higher or lower, HK\$4,000 lower or higher (2023: HK\$150,000 higher or lower) and HK\$49,000 (2023: HK\$286,000) lower or higher, arising mainly as a result of the foreign exchange gain or loss on trade debtors, bank and cash balances, derivative financial assets and trade creditors denominated in US dollars, Euro, GBP and SG dollars respectively.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

6. Financial Risk Management (Continued)

Foreign currency risk (Continued)

At October 31, 2024, if the AED had weakened or strengthened 10 per cent against the US dollars and Euro with all other variables held constant, consolidated profit after tax for the year would have been HK\$1,121,000 (2023: HK\$1,358,000) higher or lower and HK\$151,000 (2023: HK\$370,000) lower or higher, arising mainly as a result of the foreign exchange gain or loss on trade debtors denominated in US dollars, and trade creditors denominated in US dollars and Euro respectively.

At October 31, 2024, if the GBP had weakened or strengthened 10 per cent against Euro and the US dollars with all other variables held constant, consolidated profit after tax for the year would have been HK\$180,000 (2023: HK\$132,000) higher or lower and HK\$50,000 (2023: HK\$25,000) higher or lower, arising mainly as a result of the foreign exchange gain or loss on trade debtors and bank and cash balances in Euro and US dollars, and trade creditors denominated in Euro respectively.

At October 31, 2024, if the US dollars had weakened or strengthened 10 per cent against Vietnamese dong, Korean won and New Taiwan dollars with all other variables held constant, consolidated profit after tax for the year would have been HK\$3,581,000 (2023: HK\$2,337,000) higher or lower, HK\$47,000 (2023: HK\$205,000) lower or higher and HK\$1,454,000 (2023: HK\$565,000) lower or higher, arising mainly as a result of the foreign exchange gain or loss on trade debtors and bank and cash balances denominated in Vietnamese dong and US dollars, and trade creditors denominated in Vietnamese dong respectively.

At October 31, 2024, if the Hong Kong dollars had weakened or strengthened 10 per cent against the RMB, Euro and GBP with all other variables held constant, consolidated profit after tax for the year would have been HK\$18,891,000 lower or higher (2023: HK\$611,000 higher or lower), HK\$90,000 (2023: HK\$334,000) higher or lower and HK\$12,000 (2023: HK\$2,000) higher or lower, arising mainly as a result of the foreign exchange gain or loss on trade debtors and bank and cash balances denominated in RMB, Euro and GBP, and trade creditors and borrowings denominated in RMB respectively.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Group is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade debtors) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks, foreign exchange transactions and financial instruments. The Group's exposure to credit risk arising from cash and cash equivalents and derivative financial assets is limited because the counterparties are banks and financial institutions with high credit-rating assigned by international credit-rating agencies, for which the Group considers to have low credit risk.

Except for the financial guarantees given by the Group as set out in Note 44 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group does not provide any other guarantees which would expose the Group to credit risk. The maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of these financial guarantees at the end of the reporting period is disclosed in Note 44 to the consolidated financial statements.

6. Financial Risk Management (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

Trade debtors and contract assets

Customer credit risk is managed by each business unit subject to the Group's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Individual credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount. These evaluations focus on the customer's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates. Trade debtors are due within 30 to 90 days from the date of billing. Trade debtors with balances that are more than one month past due are requested to settle all outstanding balances and the management will consider further action to be taken. The Group does not obtain collateral from customers.

The Group measures loss allowances for trade debtors and contract assets at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, which is calculated using a provision matrix. The provision rates are based on days past due for grouping of various customers segments with shared risk characteristics by geographical region. The provision matrix reflects the probability-weighted outcome and reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions. At October 31, 2024, 79% (2023: 84%) and 61% (2023: 60%) of the Group's contract assets and trade debtors respectively are generated from Greater China and Southeast Asia. The loss rates used for Greater China and Southeast Asia are 0.05% to 100.00% (2023: 0.16% to 100.00%).

The following table provides information about the Group's exposure to credit risk, including special allowances and ECLs for trade debtors and contract assets as at October 31, 2024 and 2023:

	Expected loss rate %	Gross carrying amount	Loss allowance HK\$'000
	70	HK\$'000	HK\$ 000
At October 31, 2024			
Contract assets			
Current (not past due)	0.05-30.85	985,181	(20,141)
Trade debtors			
Current (not past due)	0.05-3.40	322,810	(20,304)
Less than 91 days past due	0.05-3.40	497,690	(10,452)
91 – 180 days past due	0.08-6.71	58,543	(3,410)
181 – 365 days past due	0.08-33.42	42,967	(10,985)
More than 1 year past due	0.08-100.00	98,520	(74,607)
		1,020,530	(119,758)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

6. Financial Risk Management (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

Trade debtors and contract assets (Continued)

	Expected loss rate %	Gross carrying amount HK\$'000	Loss allowance HK\$'000
At Oatabay 21, 2022			
At October 31, 2023 Contract assets			
Current (not past due)	0.10-3.92	1,146,727	(16,202)
Trade debtors			
Current (not past due)	0.10-3.92	401,264	(12,533)
Less than 91 days past due	0.18-4.18	311,904	(1,096)
91 – 180 days past due	0.37-21.92	48,900	(2,976)
181 – 365 days past due	0.74-49.11	25,975	(9,678)
More than 1 year past due	10.14-100.00	73,027	(61,735)
		861,070	(88,018)

Expected loss rates are based on actual loss experience over the past five years. These rates are adjusted to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historic data has been collected, current conditions and the Group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of trade debtors and contract assets.

Movement in the loss allowance account in respect of trade debtors and contract assets during the year is as follows:

	2024 НК\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
At November 1	104 220	114 710
	104,220	114,718
Impairment losses recognised for the year	54,245	42,543
Amounts written off during the year	(2,431)	(29,308)
Allowance written back	(17,624)	(21,740)
Exchange adjustments	1,489	(1,993)
At October 31	139,899	104,220

6. Financial Risk Management (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

Trade debtors and contract assets (Continued)

The following significant changes in the gross carrying amounts of trade debtors and contract assets contributed to the increase in the loss allowance during 2024:

- a write-off of trade debtors with a gross carrying amount of HK\$2,431,000 resulted in a decrease in loss allowance of HK\$2,431,000;
- origination of new trade debtors net of those settled resulted in an increase in loss allowance of HK\$7,771,000;
 and
- increase in the carrying amount of days past due over 365 days resulted in an increase in loss allowance of HK\$12,872,000.

Financial assets at amortised cost

All of the Group's financial assets at amortised cost are considered to have low credit risk, and the loss allowance recognised during the period was therefore limited to 12-month expected losses. Management considers "low credit risk" instruments to be low credit risk when they have a low risk of default and the issuer has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term.

Financial assets at amortised cost include other debtors, amounts due from associates and amounts due from joint ventures.

Movements in the loss allowance for financial assets at amortised cost during the year are as follows:

	Other debtors HK\$'000	Amounts due from associates HK\$'000	Amounts due from joint ventures HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At November 1, 2022	18,610		E 262	23,972
Impairment losses recognised for the year	16,610	13,468	5,362	13,616
Amounts written off during the year	(1,070)	15,400	_	(1,070)
Allowance written back	(675)	_	_	(675)
Exchange adjustments	(4)	(218)	57	(165)
At October 31, 2023 and November 1, 2023	17,009	13,250	5,419	35,678
Impairment losses recognised for the year	-	9,142	-	9,142
Amounts written off during the year	(3,157)	-	-	(3,157)
Allowance written back	(22)	-	-	(22)
Exchange adjustments	97	449	299	845
At October 31, 2024	13,927	22,841	5,718	42,486

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

6. Financial Risk Management (Continued)

Liquidity risk

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and long term.

The maturity analysis based on contractual undiscounted cash flows of the Group's financial liabilities is as follows:

	No fixed term of repayment HK\$'000	Less than 1 year HK\$'000	Between 1 and 2 years HK\$'000	Between 2 and 5 years HK\$'000	Over 5 years HK\$'000
At October 31, 2024					
Borrowings	13,438	331,822	28,185	114,108	_
Creditors and accrued charges	,	2,182,013		-	_
Amounts due to associates	4,250	-	-	-	_
Amounts due to joint ventures	6,539	-	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	-	22,077	12,508	26,197	130,852
	24,227	2,535,912	40,693	140,305	130,852
At October 31, 2023					
Borrowings	14,220	195,718	209,665	32	_
Creditors and accrued charges	-	1,890,903	_	-	_
Amounts due to associates	7,077	_	_	_	_
Amounts due to joint ventures	4,908	_	_	-	_
Lease liabilities	_	21,605	18,336	23,066	134,324
Contingent consideration	_	376	_	_	
	26,205	2,108,602	228,001	23,098	134,324

Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to cash flow and fair value interest rate risk arises from its borrowings, bank deposits and cash at banks. The borrowings, bank deposits and cash at banks bear interests at variable rates varied with the prevailing market condition.

As the Group has no significant interest-bearing assets and liabilities, except for borrowings, bank deposits and cash at banks, the Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates.

At October 31, 2024, if interest rates on borrowings at that date had been 20 basis points or 200 basis points lower or higher, with all other variables held constant, consolidated profit after tax for the year would have been HK\$779,000 (2023: HK\$650,000) and HK\$7,789,000 (2023: HK\$6,497,000) higher or lower respectively, arising mainly as a result of lower or higher interest expenses on floating rate borrowings.

At October 31, 2024, if interest rates on cash at banks at that date had been 20 basis points or 200 basis points lower or higher, with all other variables held constant, consolidated profit after tax for the year would have been HK\$397,000 (2023: HK\$448,000) and HK\$3,974,000 (2023: HK\$4,474,000) lower or higher respectively, arising mainly as a result of lower or higher interest income on interest-bearing cash at banks.

6. Financial Risk Management (Continued)

Categories of financial instruments

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
At October 31		
Financial assets:		
Derivative financial assets	_	1,652
Financial assets at FVTOCI		
Equity instruments	_	18,981
Financial assets at FVTPL		
Future equity investments	4,029	1,240
Fund investment	22,671	18,601
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	4,105,941	3,381,104
Financial liabilities:		
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	2,659,858	2,292,747
Lease liabilities	126,006	128,253
Contingent consideration	-	376

Fair values

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities as reflected in the consolidated statement of financial position approximate their respective fair values.

7. Fair Values Measurements

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The following disclosure of fair value measurements use a fair value hierarchy that categorises into three levels based on the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value:

Level 1 inputs: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Group can

access at the measurement date.

Level 2 inputs: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability,

either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 inputs: unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of any of the three levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

There was no transfer between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 during the year.

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7. Fair Values Measurements (Continued)

Disclosures of level in fair value hierarchy

	Fair value measurements using:					
	Level 1 HK\$'000	Level 2 HK\$'000	Level 3 HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000		
At October 31, 2024 Recurring fair value measurements: Financial assets Financial assets at FVTOCI Equity securities, at fair value, unlisted	<u>-</u>	_	_	-		
Financial assets at FVTPL Fund investment, at fair value Future equity investments	-	22,671 -	- 4,029	22,671 4,029		
	-	22,671	4,029	26,700		
Investment properties Hong Kong The PRC	- -	- -	14,300 230,720	14,300 230,720		
	-	-	245,020	245,020		
Total	-	22,671	249,049	271,720		

7. Fair Values Measurements (Continued)

Disclosures of level in fair value hierarchy (Continued)

	Fair value measurements using:					
	Level 1 HK\$'000	Level 2 HK\$'000	Level 3 HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000		
At October 31, 2023						
Recurring fair value measurements:						
Financial assets Derivatives						
Derivatives Derivatives financial assets	_	_	1,652	1,652		
Financial assets at FVTOCI						
Equity securities, at fair value, unlisted	-	-	18,981	18,981		
Financial assets at FVTPL						
Fund investment, at fair value	_	18,601	_	18,601		
Future equity investments	_	_	1,240	1,240		
	-	18,601	21,873	40,474		
Investment properties						
Hong Kong	_	_	16,400	16,400		
The PRC	-	-	240,136	240,136		
	_	_	256,536	256,536		
			/	,		
Total	_	18,601	278,409	297,010		
Recurring fair value measurements:						
Financial liabilities						
Contingent consideration	_	-	376	376		
Total	_	_	376	376		

The only financial liability subsequently measured at fair value on Level 3 fair value measurement represents contingent consideration relating to the acquisition of remaining shareholding from non-controlling interests. Included in profit or loss for the year was a gain of HK\$376,000 (2023: loss of HK\$6,000) relating to the change in remeasurement of contingent consideration.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

7. Fair Values Measurements (Continued)

Reconciliation of assets and liabilities measured at fair value based on Level 3

Reconciliation of fair value measurement categorised within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy are set out in Notes 16, 22, 25, 26 and 33 to the consolidated financial statements.

Disclosure of valuation process used by the Group and valuation techniques and inputs used in fair value measurement at October 31, 2024

The Group's investment properties were valued at October 31, 2024 by LCH (Asia-Pacific) Surveyors Limited. These companies are independent and registered professional firms of surveyors or valuers not connected with the Group who have appropriate qualifications and recent experiences in the valuation of similar properties in the relevant locations and the contingent consideration respectively.

For Level 3 fair value measurements, the Group's accounting department has senior staff that review the valuations performed by the independent valuers for financial report purposes. Discussions with the independent valuers on the valuation assumptions and valuation results is held at least once a year and reports directly to the Group's chief financial officer.

At October 31, 2024, financial assets at FVTOCI comprise of investments not traded in an active market. The fair value was estimated by management using underlying assets method.

At October 31, 2024, financial assets at FVTPL comprise of investments in future equity investments. A subsidiary of the Group invested in certain companies pursuant to simple agreement for future equity ("SAFE") entered into between the parties. The fair value was estimated using latest transaction price.

At October 31, 2024, the investment properties were revalued based on valuations performed by the independent valuer, using the investment method of the income approach, by taking into account the rental income from the existing tenancy agreement and reversionary property interest. For assessing the reversionary potential of the properties, the valuer based on the prevailing market information within the subject buildings and other comparable properties.

At October 31, 2023, the contingent consideration revalued based on valuations performed by the independent valuer, using the income approach, by taking into account the expected additional amount of consideration that is estimated based on the terms of the share purchase agreement and the entity's expectation of the collectivity in cash of certain receivables within twelve months from the transaction date, which is July 10, 2023 likely to impact it.

At October 31, 2023, the fair value of the derivative financial assets was estimated by management using Black-Scholes option pricing model that are estimated based on the terms of the shares sale and purchase agreement and the entity's knowledge of the business and how the current economic environment is likely to impact it.

7. Fair Values Measurements (Continued)

Disclosure of valuation process used by the Group and valuation techniques and inputs used in fair value measurement at October 31, 2024 (Continued)

Level 2 fair value measurements

The fair value of fund investments which were acquired in financial institution in Hong Kong, is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on financial institution specific estimates. It includes quoted market price or dealer quotes for similar instruments. If all significant inputs required for fair value of instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2.

Level 3 fair value measurements

				Effect on fair value	Fair v 2024	2023
Description	Valuation technique	Unobservable inputs	Range	for increase of input	HK\$'000 Assets/(Li	HK\$'000 iabilities)
Derivative financial assets	Black-Scholes option pricing model	Discount rate	N/A (2023: 16.31%)	Decrease	-	1,652
		Growth rate	N/A (2023: 2.00%)	Increase		
Equity securities, at fair value, unlisted	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate	N/A (2023: 18.00%)	Decrease	-	3,531
		Discount of lack of marketability	N/A (2023: 20.60%)	Decrease		
		Discount rate for lack of control	N/A (2023: 11.00%)	Decrease		
Equity securities, at fair value, unlisted	Underlying assets method	Underlying assets method	Not applicable	Not applicable	-	15,450
	(2023: Latest transaction price)	(2023: Latest transaction price)				
Future equity investments	Latest transaction price	Latest transaction price	Not applicable	Not applicable	4,029	1,240

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

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7. Fair Values Measurements (Continued)

Disclosure of valuation process used by the Group and valuation techniques and inputs used in fair value measurement at October 31, 2024 (Continued)

Level 3 fair value measurements (Continued)

	Valuation Unobservable		fair value 20		Fair v 2024 HK\$'000	/alue 2023 HK\$'000
Description	technique	inputs	Range	of input	Assets/(L	abilities)
Investment properties located in Hong Kong	Investment method of the income approach	Terms and reversionary yield	3.80% (2023: 3.20%)	Decrease	14,300	16,400
		Prevailing market price	HK\$4,139 to HK\$5,051 per square foot (2023: HK\$5,118 to HK\$6,256 per square foot)	Increase		
Investment properties located in the PRC	Investment method of the income approach	Terms and reversionary yield	1.30% to 8.90% (2023: 1.00% to 11.20%)	Decrease	230,720	240,136
		Prevailing market price	RMB3,025 to RMB78,102 per square mete (2023: RMB3,200 to RMB77,151 pe square meter)			
Contingent consideration	Income approach	Discount rate	N/A (2023: 7.12%)	Decrease	-	(376)
		Recoverability	N/A (2023: 26.69%)	Increase		

8. Revenue and Segment Information

Disaggregation of revenue

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by major products or service lines for the year is as follows:

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Revenue from contracts with customers within		
the scope of HKFRS 15		
Disaggregated by major products or service lines		
Exhibition, event and brand activation	5,438,411	4,413,088
Visual branding activation	292,981	383,403
Museum and themed entertainment	422,290	396,939
Meeting architecture activation	173,320	134,501
	6,327,002	5,327,931

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by the timing of revenue recognition and by geographic markets is disclosed as below.

Transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligation for contracts with customers

The transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations (unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied) as at October 31, 2024 and 2023 and the expected timing of recognising revenue as follows:

	Exhibition, event and brand activation HK\$'000	Visual branding activation HK\$'000	Museum and themed entertainment HK\$'000	Meeting architecture activation HK\$'000
At October 31, 2024 Within one year More than one year but not more than	44,145	57,814	319,780	-
two years	-	22,842	99,695	-
	44,145	80,656	419,475	_
At October 31, 2023				
Within one year	106,568	353	_	_
More than one year but not more than				
two years	_	5,103	24,766	_
More than two years	_	4,661	25,396	_
	106,568	10,117	50,162	-

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

8. Revenue and Segment Information (Continued)

Disaggregation of revenue (Continued)

Transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligation for contracts with customers (Continued)

The Group has applied the practical expedient in paragraph 121 of HKFRS 15 to its sales contracts for installation services such that the above information does not include information about revenue that the Group will be entitled to when it satisfies the remaining performance obligations under the contracts for installation services that had an original expected duration of one year or less.

Segment information

The Group is principally engaged in the exhibition, event and brand activation; visual branding activation; museum and themed entertainment; meeting architecture activation; and their related business.

The Group's reportable segments are strategic business units that offer different products and services. They are managed separately because each business requires different technology and marketing strategies. During the year, the management also reviewed the assets, liabilities and share of profits or losses of associates and joint ventures separately.

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as those described in Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements. Segment profits or losses do not include income tax expense, change in remeasurement of contingent consideration, amortisation of other intangible assets arising from business combinations and income and expenses arising from corporate teams. Segment assets do not include certain properties, motor vehicles and financial assets at FVTPL which are used as corporate assets, goodwill and other intangible assets arising from business combinations, current tax assets and deferred tax assets. Segment liabilities do not include contingent consideration, current tax liabilities and deferred tax liabilities.

The Group accounts for inter-segment sales and transfers as if the sales or transfers were to third parties, i.e. at current market prices.

8. Revenue and Segment Information (Continued)

Segment information (Continued)

Information about reportable segment revenue, profit or loss, assets and liabilities

	Exhibition, event and brand activation HK\$'000	Visual branding activation HK\$'000	Museum and themed entertainment HK\$'000	Meeting architecture activation HK\$'000	Unallocated HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
For the year ended October 31, 2024						
Revenue from external customers	5,438,411	292,981	422,290	173,320		6,327,002
Timing of revenue recognition	3,430,411	232,301	422,230	113,320		0,521,002
At a point in time	4,652,599	244,709	84,638	173,320		5,155,266
Over time	785,812	48,272	337,652	-		1,171,736
Inter-segment revenue	270,916	51,208	39,323	3,320		364,767
Segment profits	402,583	9,083	50,380	91,278		553,324
Share of profits of associates	11,609					11,609
Share of profits of joint ventures	11,009	_	1,492	-		1,492
Gain on disposal of an associate	_	_	1,432	72,152	_	72,152
Interest income	18,248	1,829	1,262	6,634		27,973
Interest income	32,832	1,025	227	14		33,088
Unwinding discount expenses	333	-	-	-		333
Depreciation and amortisation	60,088	1,830	5,798	2,120	35,620	105,456
Other material and such them.						
Other material non-cash items:				2.024		2.024
Impairment of show right Allowance for bad and doubtful debts		2 241	-	2,931	-	2,931
	63,186	3,241	379	110	-	66,916
Impairment (reversal of impairment) of interests in associates	12 527			/1 EEG\		11 071
III associates	13,527	-	-	(1,556)	-	11,971
Additions to segment non-current assets	34,287	3,476	2,199	3,817	2,412	46,191
At Octobox 21, 2024						
At October 31, 2024 Segment assets	2 077 460	342,743	309,235	262,612		4,892,058
Segment liabilities	3,977,468	164,521	309,235 176,165	148,608		
Interests in associates	2,756,355 108,978	104,321	110,105	140,000		3,245,649 109,072
Interests in joint ventures	100,510	_	41,939	34	_	41,939

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For the year ended October 31, 2024

8. Revenue and Segment Information (Continued)

Segment information (Continued)

Information about reportable segment revenue, profit or loss, assets and liabilities (Continued)

	Exhibition, event and brand activation HK\$'000	Visual branding activation HK\$'000	Museum and themed entertainment HK\$'000	Meeting architecture activation HK\$'000	Unallocated HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
For the year ended October 31, 2023						
Revenue from external customers	4,413,088	383,403	396,939	134,501		5,327,931
Timing of revenue recognition	, ,	,	,	,		, ,
At a point in time	4,386,613	358,807	261,725	134,501		5,141,646
Over time	26,475	24,596	135,214	-		186,285
Inter-segment revenue	182,412	63,968	36,689	706		283,775
Segment profits	302,511	31,974	38,666	3,191		376,342
Share of profits of associates	10,902	-	-	560	-	11,462
Share of profits of joint ventures	-	-	910	-	-	910
Interest income	10,247	1,874	1,175	1,443	-	14,739
Interest expenses	39,234	426	242	13	=	39,915
Unwinding discount expenses	315	-	-	-	=	315
Depreciation and amortisation	59,421	2,130	5,746	1,687	42,133	111,117
Other material non-cash items:						
Allowance for bad and doubtful debts	51,442	5,264	474	304	-	57,484
Additions to segment non-current assets	60,927	309	2,281	1,173	1,326	66,016
At October 31, 2023						
Segment assets	3,337,426	329,360	323,505	216,842		4,207,133
Segment liabilities	2,069,506	194,694	200,094	139,916		2,604,210
Interests in associates	97,870	-	-	1,183	-	99,053
Interests in joint ventures	=	-	40,447	-	-	40,447

8. Revenue and Segment Information (Continued)

Segment information (Continued)

Reconciliation of reportable segment revenue, profit or loss, assets and liabilities

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Revenue		
Total revenue of reportable segments	6,691,769	5,611,706
Elimination of inter-segment revenue	(364,767)	(283,775)
Consolidated revenue	6,327,002	5,327,931
Profit or loss		
Total profits of reportable segments	553,324	376,342
Unallocated amounts:		
Change in remeasurement of contingent consideration Amortisation of other intangible assets arising from business	376	(6)
combinations	(25,222)	(30,955)
Corporate expenses	(74,235)	(44,249)
Consolidated profit before tax	454,243	301,132
Assets		
Total assets of reportable segments Unallocated amounts:	4,892,058	4,207,133
Corporate motor vehicles	3,144	1,715
Properties	400,580	416,439
Goodwill and other intangible assets arising from business combinations	200.002	400.025
Financial assets at FVTPL	380,903 22,671	406,925 18,601
Current tax assets	2,077	3,419
Deferred tax assets	5,704	6,275
Consolidated total assets	5,707,137	5,060,507
Liabilities Total liabilities of reportable segments	3,245,649	2,604,210
Unallocated amounts:	3,243,043	2,004,210
Contingent consideration	-	376
Current tax liabilities	57,288	45,327
Deferred tax liabilities	86,027	80,656
Consolidated total liabilities	3,388,964	2,730,569

Apart from the above, the totals of other material items disclosed in the segment information are the same as the consolidated totals.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

8. Revenue and Segment Information (Continued)

Segment information (Continued)

Geographical information

	Reve	enue	Non-curre	ent assets
	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Greater China Malaysia, Singapore, the Philippines and	2,556,357	2,545,368	608,497	621,003
Vietnam Bahrain, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia and	1,331,793	1,146,762	302,941	312,282
the United Arab Emirates	630,663	615,114	42,245	44,236
The United Kingdom and the United States	926,085	808,127	409,145	445,494
Others	882,104	212,560	4,150	5,731
Consolidated total	6,327,002	5,327,931	1,366,978	1,428,746

In presenting the geographical information, revenue is based on the location of customers, and the non-current assets are based on the location of assets.

9. Other Income

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Included in other income are:		
Dividend income from financial assets at FVTOCI	9	4
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	102	131
Interest income	27,973	14,739
Rental income	42,175	46,227
Government grants	4,930	12,926
Bad debts written off recovery	50	421
Gain on lease modification	26	222
Increase in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL	4,214	2,533
Gain on disposal of financial assets at FVTPL	· -	116

The gross rental income from investment properties for the year amounted to HK\$13,126,000 (2023: HK\$15,847,000).

Government grants mainly related to wage support, grant for tourism event development and innovation and development support from the government in different countries. Under the grant of wage support, the government supports for wage increases for lower-wage workers. Under the grant for tourism event development, the Group is required to meet performance target in the projects. Under the innovation and development support, the grant supports new projects on areas including technology innovation. There is no unfulfilled conditions and other contingencies attached to government assistance that has been recognised.

10. Finance Costs

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Interest on borrowings Interest on lease liabilities Unwinding discount expenses	26,804 6,284 333	33,869 6,046 315
	33,421	40,230

11. Benefit and Interests of Directors' Emoluments and Employees' Benefit Expenses

Benefit and interests of directors

Directors' emoluments

Pursuant to the Listing Rules and the Companies Ordinance, the emoluments of each Director for the year ended October 31, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	Se	Emoluments ervices as a director, i		ble in respect of a p			
Name	Directors' fees HK\$'000	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind HK\$'000	Bonuses HK\$'000	Share-based payments HK\$'000	The Group's contributions to retirement scheme HK\$'000	Estimated rental value for rent-free accommodation provided to Directors HK\$'000	Total emoluments HK\$'000
October 31, 2024							
Executive Directors							
Lawrence Chia Song Huat	486	8,523	6,842	729	18	980	17,578
Jean Chia Yuan Jiun	228	3,674	3,425	364	100	-	7,791
Mok Pui Keung	228	2,340	1,306	121	159	-	4,154
Independent Non-Executive Directors							
Gregory Robert Scott Crichton	235	-	-	-	-	-	235
James Patrick Cunningham	235	-	-	-	-	-	235
Kenneth Kent Ho							
(appointed on November 20, 2023)	223	-	-	-	-	-	223
Frank Lee Kee Wai	235	-	-	-	-	-	235
Charlie Yucheng Shi	268	-	-	-	-	-	268
Total 2024	2,138	14,537	11,573	1,214	277	980	30,719

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

11. Benefit and Interests of Directors' Emoluments and Employees' Benefit Expenses (Continued)

Benefit and interests of directors (Continued)

Directors' emoluments (Continued)

		Emoluments services as a director		ole in respect of a per npany or its subsidia			
Name	Directors' fees HK\$'000	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind HK\$'000	Bonuses HK\$'000	Share-based payments HKS'000	The Group's contributions to retirement scheme HK\$'000	Estimated rental value for rent-free accommodation provided to Directors HK\$'000	Total emoluments HK\$'000
October 31, 2023							
Executive Directors							
Lawrence Chia Song Huat	486	8,017	4,878	616	18	980	14,995
Jean Chia Yuan Jiun	228	3,195	2,398	274	100	-	6,195
Mok Pui Keung	228	2,036	922	88	133	-	3,407
Independent Non-Executive Directors							
Gregory Robert Scott Crichton	235	-	-	-	-	-	235
James Patrick Cunningham	235	-	-	-	-	-	235
Frank Lee Kee Wai	235	-	=	-	=	-	235
Charlie Yucheng Shi	268	-	-	-	-	-	268
Total 2023	1,915	13,248	8,198	978	251	980	25,570

During the year, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the Directors as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office (2023: nil). None of the Directors have waived any emoluments during the year (2023: nil).

The above emoluments include the value of share options granted to certain Directors under the Company's share option scheme as estimated at the date of grant. Further details are disclosed under the section "Share Options" in the Directors' Report and in Note 35 to the consolidated financial statements.

Notes:

- (a) During the year ended October 31, 2024, no emoluments have been paid by the Group to any of the above Directors in respect of accepting office as a director (2023: nil).
- (b) There were nil (2023: nil) emoluments paid to or receivable by Directors or past Directors for the loss of office in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company or its subsidiary undertaking.

Neither the chief executive nor any of the Directors waived any emoluments during the year (2023: nil).

Directors' retirement benefits

None of the Directors received or will receive any retirement benefits for the year ended October 31, 2024 (2023: nil).

11. Benefit and Interests of Directors' Emoluments and Employees' Benefit Expenses (Continued)

Benefit and interests of directors (Continued)

Directors' termination benefits

None of the Directors received or will receive any termination benefits for the year ended October 31, 2024 (2023: nil).

Consideration provided to the third parties for making available Directors' services

During the year ended October 31, 2024, the Company did not pay consideration to any third parties for making available Directors' services (2023: nil).

Information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of Directors, controlled bodies corporate and connected entities

At October 31, 2024, there is no loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of Directors, controlled bodies corporate and connected entities with such Directors (2023: nil).

Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

No significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a Director and the Director's connected party had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year ended October 31, 2024 (2023: nil).

Employees' benefit expenses

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	1,270,645	1,061,591
Equity-settled share-based payments	863	745
Retirement benefit – defined contribution plans, net of forfeited		
contribution of nil (2023: HK\$108,000) (Note 45)	97,990	87,827
Retirement benefit – defined benefit plans (Note 45)	1,121	· —
	1,370,619	1,150,163

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, two (2023: two) were Directors whose emoluments are included in the preceding disclosures on Directors' emoluments. The emoluments of the remaining three (2023: three) individuals are as follows:

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	15,662	15,193
Bonuses	16,158	2,316
Share-based payments	212	288
The Group's contributions to retirement scheme	48	139
	32,080	17,936

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

11. Benefit and Interests of Directors' Emoluments and Employees' Benefit Expenses (Continued)

Employees' benefit expenses (Continued)

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

	Number of	employees
	2024	2023
HK\$4,000,001-HK\$4,500,000	-	1
HK\$4,500,001-HK\$5,000,000	-	_
HK\$5,000,001-HK\$5,500,000	-	_
HK\$5,500,001-HK\$6,000,000	-	_
HK\$6,000,001-HK\$6,500,000	-	1
HK\$6,500,001-HK\$7,000,000	-	_
HK\$7,000,001-HK\$7,500,000	1	1
HK\$7,500,001-HK\$8,000,000	1	_
HK\$8,000,001-HK\$8,500,000	-	_
HK\$8,500,001-HK\$9,000,000	-	_
HK\$9,000,001-HK\$9,500,000	-	_
HK\$9,500,001-HK\$10,000,000	-	_
HK\$10,000,001-HK\$10,500,000	-	=
HK\$10,500,001-HK\$11,000,000	-	_
HK\$11,000,001-HK\$11,500,000	-	_
HK\$11,500,001-HK\$12,000,000	-	_
HK\$12,000,001-HK\$12,500,000	-	_
HK\$12,500,001-HK\$13,000,000	-	_
HK\$13,000,001-HK\$13,500,000	-	_
HK\$13,500,001-HK\$14,000,000	-	_
HK\$14,000,001-HK\$14,500,000	-	_
HK\$14,500,001-HK\$15,000,000	-	_
HK\$15,000,001-HK\$15,500,000	-	_
HK\$15,500,001-HK\$16,000,000	-	_
HK\$16,000,001-HK\$16,500,000	-	_
HK\$16,500,001-HK\$17,000,000	-	_
HK\$17,000,001-HK\$17,500,000	1	_
	3	3

During the year ended October 31, 2024, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office (2023: nil).

12. Income Tax Expense

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
The charge comprises:		
Current income tax		
Profits tax for the year		
Hong Kong	656	9,956
Overseas	81,392	59,433
Under (over) provision in prior years		
Hong Kong	61	_
Overseas	(1,989)	1,355
	80,120	70,744
Deferred tax (Note 38)	6,100	(13,343)
	86,220	57,401

Hong Kong profits tax is calculated at 16.5% (2023: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits for the year. A portion of the Group's profit is derived offshore and is not subject to Hong Kong profits tax.

Under the two-tiered profits tax regime, the first HK\$2 million of profits of the qualifying group entities established in Hong Kong has been taxed at 8.25%, and profits above that amount will be subject to the tax rate of 16.5%. The profits of the group entities not qualifying for the two-tiered profits tax rate regime will continue to be taxed at a rate of 16.5%.

Tax charge on profits assessable elsewhere have been calculated at the rates of tax prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates, based on existing legislation, interpretation and practices in respect thereof.

The reconciliation between the income tax expense and the product of profit before tax multiplied by the Hong Kong profits tax rate is as follows:

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Profit before tax (excluding share of results of associates and		
joint ventures)	441,142	288,760
Tax at the domestic income tax rate of 16.5% (2023: 16.5%)	72,788	47,645
Effect of different taxation rates in other countries	15,919	7,133
Tax effect of income that is not taxable	(44,079)	(20,695)
Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible	31,721	18,230
Tax effect of utilisation of previously unrecognised tax losses	(10,577)	(3,063)
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	4,205	7,520
Deferred taxation on withholding tax arising on undistributed earnings of		
subsidiaries	6,690	(7,789)
(Over) under provision in prior years	(1,928)	1,355
Others	11,481	7,065
Income tax expense	86,220	57,401

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For the year ended October 31, 2024

13. Profit for the Year

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Profit for the year has been arrived at after charging:		
Auditors' remuneration	6,806	6,142
Depreciation of:		
Property, plant and equipment	42,506	42,829
Right-of-use assets	23,096	24,919
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	91	210
Other intangible assets written off	-	14,118
Direct operating expenses of investment properties that generate rental	2 202	1 400
income Cost of inventories sold	2,303 357,069	1,498 287,845
Bad debts written off	3,529	1,325
Allowance for bad and doubtful debts	63,387	56,159
Amortisation of:	03,301	30,133
Club membership (included in administrative expenses)	8	8
Show rights and software (included in administrative expenses)	14,624	12,406
Other intangible assets arising from business combinations	25,222	30,955
Net exchange loss	7,902	5,403
Impairment of show rights (included in administrative expenses)	2,931	_
Impairment of interests in an associate (included in administrative		
expenses)	13,527	_
Decrease in fair value of investment properties, net	15,012	15,566
Decrease in fair value of derivative financial assets		2.715
(included in administrative expenses)	-	3,715
Loss on lease modification	-	121 6
Increase in remeasurement of contingent consideration Decrease in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL	-	O
(included in administrative expenses)	1,298	_
Loss on expiry of derivative financial assets	1,230	
(included in administrative expenses)	1,137	_
Loss on dissolution of subsidiaries, net	641	_
and crediting:		
and crediting.		
Allowance written back on bad and doubtful debts	17,646	22,415
Decrease in remeasurement of contingent consideration	376	
Gain on dissolution of subsidiaries, net	-	2,743
Reversal of allowance for inventories	-	1
Gain on disposal of an associate	72,152	_
Reversal of impairment of interests in an associate	1,556	_

During the year, gain on disposal of an associate represents the gain on disposal of InfocommAsia Pte Ltd. of HK\$72,152,000 (2023: nil).

14. Dividends Paid

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
2023 final dividend paid HK7.0 cents per ordinary share (2023: 2022 final dividend paid HK6.0 cents per ordinary share)	86,781	74,309
2024 interim dividend paid HK5.5 cents per ordinary share (2023: 2023 interim dividend paid HK2.0 cents per ordinary share)	68,225	24,781
Total	155,006	99,090

A final dividend of HK7.5 cents and a special dividend, with a scrip dividend option, of HK3.5 cents per ordinary share, for the year ended October 31, 2024 has been proposed by the Board and is subject to approval by the shareholders in the forthcoming AGM.

15. Earnings per Share

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share is based on the following data:

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Earnings for the purposes of calculating basic and		
diluted earnings per share	357,568	228,083
	2024	2023
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of		
calculating basic earnings per share	1,239,984,164	1,238,679,852
Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares in respect of options	4,204,876	1,628,199
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of	1 244 100 040	1 240 200 051
calculating diluted earnings per share	1,244,189,040	1,240,308,051

16.Investment Properties

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
VALUATION		
At November 1	256,536	271,896
Exchange adjustments	3,496	206
Decrease in fair value, net	(15,012)	(15,566)
At October 31	245,020	256,536

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For the year ended October 31, 2024

16.Investment Properties (Continued)

The investment properties, situated in Hong Kong and the PRC, were valued by LCH (Asia-Pacific) Surveyors Limited, an independent and registered professional firm of surveyors, at October 31, 2024, using the investment method of the income approach, by taking into account the rental income from the existing tenancy agreements and reversionary property interest. For assessing the reversionary potential of the properties, the valuer based on the prevailing market information within the subject buildings and other comparable properties. For details, please refer to Note 7 to the consolidated financial statements.

Particulars of the Group's principal investment properties at October 31, 2024 are set out in the section "Summary of Principal Investment Properties" on pages 178 to 179.

17. Property, Plant and Equipment

	Land and buildings situated in Hong Kong HKS'000	Land and buildings situated outside Hong Kong HK\$'000	Leasehold improvements HKS'000	Furniture, fixtures and office equipment HK\$'000	Tools, machinery, factory equipment and fittings HK\$'000	Motor vehicles HK\$'000	Operating supplies HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
COST								
At November 1, 2022	80,783	635,646	79,026	159,156	73,493	18,656	34,380	1,081,140
Exchange adjustments	-	9,428	999	766	302	282	(26)	11,751
Additions	_	348	668	8,865	8,157	1,326	543	19,907
Disposal	-	-	(4,022)	(10,955)	(3,837)	(841)	-	(19,655)
At October 21, 2022 and November 1, 2022	00.702	CAE ADD	70.071	157 020	70 11 5	10 400	24.007	1 000 140
At October 31, 2023 and November 1, 2023 Exchange adjustments	80,783	645,422 13,150	76,671 1,237	157,832 1,990	78,115 1,867	19,423 391	34,897 (57)	1,093,143 18,578
Additions	-	1,458	1,23 <i>1</i> 5,660	9,826	1,867	2,412	(51) 765	21,620
Disposal		1,430	(4,614)	(13,240)	(15,936)	(3,980)	100	(37,770)
515p 030t			(',, ',	(==,= 10)	(=0,000)	(0,000)		(01,110)
At October 31, 2024	80,783	660,030	78,954	156,408	65,545	18,246	35,605	1,095,571
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION AND IMPAIRMENT At November 1, 2022 Exchange adjustments Provided for the year Elimination on disposal	(29,641) - (1,214)	(191,975) (3,623) (23,323)	(70,164) (868) (3,775) 3,835	(142,241) (663) (7,215) 10,932	(64,060) (332) (5,315) 3,837	(17,378) (300) (871) 841	(32,384) 26 (1,116)	(547,843) (5,760) (42,829) 19,445
Elimination on disposal				10,332	3,001	011		13,113
At October 31, 2023 and November 1, 2023 Exchange adjustments Provided for the year Elimination on disposal	(30,855) - (1,214) -	(218,921) (4,933) (23,469)	(70,972) (1,171) (2,926) 4,569	(139,187) (1,755) (8,005) 13,183	(65,870) (1,622) (5,092) 15,898	(17,708) (343) (1,031) 3,980	(33,474) 57 (769)	(576,987) (9,767) (42,506) 37,630
At October 31, 2024	(32,069)	(247,323)	(70,500)	(135,764)	(56,686)	(15,102)	(34,186)	(591,630)
CARRYING AMOUNT At October 31, 2024	48,714	412,707	8,454	20,644	8,859	3,144	1,419	503,941
At October 31, 2024	,	, ,						

17. Property, Plant and Equipment (Continued)

At October 31, 2024, certain land and buildings situated outside Hong Kong with carrying amount of HK\$142,922,000 (2023: HK\$145,397,000) were pledged for credit facilities granted to the Group (*Note 41*).

For land situated in Hong Kong with carrying amount of HK\$8,975,000 (2023: HK\$9,339,000) as at October 31, 2024 was leased from Hong Kong Science and Technology Parks Corporation for a term up to June 27, 2047.

18. Right-of-Use Assets

	Leasehold lands HK\$'000	Leased lands HK\$'000	Leased properties HK\$'000	Leased equipment HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At November 1, 2022	67,066	100,157	26,108	1,613	194,944
Additions	_	2,560	8,903	870	12,333
Depreciation	(2,246)	(8,160)	(13,726)	(787)	(24,919)
Variable lease payment adjustments	_	4,597	_	_	4,597
Lease modification	-	_	(153)	(145)	(298)
Exchange adjustments	(11)	2,859	518	14	3,380
At October 31, 2023 and November 1, 2023	64,809	102,013	21,650	1,565	190,037
Additions	_	-	13,032	1,553	14,585
Depreciation	(2,197)	(5,572)	(14,640)	(687)	(23,096)
Variable lease payment adjustments	-	501	-	-	501
Lease modification	-	-	(88)	(264)	(352)
Exchange adjustments	1,197	2,438	131	26	3,792
At October 31, 2024	63,809	99,380	20,085	2,193	185,467

Lease liabilities of HK\$126,006,000 (2023: HK\$128,253,000) are recognised with related right-of-use assets of HK\$121,658,000 (2023: HK\$125,228,000) as at October 31, 2024. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants other than the security interests in the leased assets that are held by the lessor. Leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Depreciation on right-of-use assets		
(included in administrative expenses)	23,096	24,919
Interest expense on lease liabilities (included in finance costs)	6,284	6,046
Expenses relating to short-term leases		
(included in administrative expenses)	11,341	9,524
Expenses relating to leases of low value assets		
(included in administrative expenses)	1,928	1,476

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

18. Right-of-Use Assets (Continued)

Details of total cash outflow for leases is set out in Note 40 to the consolidated financial statements.

For both years, the Group leases various offices, factory, exhibition hall, warehouse, lands, quarters and office equipment for its operations. Lease contracts are entered into for fixed term of one year to sixty years (2023: two years to sixty years), but may have extension and termination options as described below. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. In determining the lease term and assessing the length of the non-cancellable period, the Group applies the definition of a contract and determines the period for which the contract is enforceable.

In addition, the Group owns several industrial buildings where its manufacturing facilities are primarily located and office buildings. The Group is the registered owner of these property interests, including the underlying leasehold lands. Lump sum payments were made upfront to acquire these property interests. The leasehold land components of these owned properties are presented separately only if the payments made can be allocated reliably.

Some leases include an option to renew the lease for an additional period after the end of the contract term. Where practicable, the Group seeks to include such extension options exercisable by the Group to provide operational flexibility. The Group assesses at lease commencement date whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the extension options. If the Group is not reasonably certain to exercise the extension options, the future lease payments during the extension periods are not included in the measurement of lease liabilities. The potential exposure to these future lease payments is summarised below:

	Lease lia recogi (discou	nised	extension of included in le	ts under options not
	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Office Office equipment	4,154	4,216	- 588	- 546
Warehouse Other	541 425	- -	- -	- - -

In addition, the Group reassesses whether it is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, upon the occurrence of either a significant event or a significant change in circumstances that is within the control of the lessee. During the year ended October 31, 2024, there has been no such triggering event.

19. Intangible Assets

				Other i	ntangible asse	ts			
	Goodwill HK\$'000	Software HK\$'000	Club memberships HK\$'000	Trade name HK\$'000	Show rights HK\$'000	Marketing related intangible assets HK\$'000	Customer relationship HK\$'000	Non- competition agreements HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
COST At November 1, 2022	367,227	92,890	7,745	22,764	24,917	57,624	232,939	3,209	809,315
Exchange adjustments	152	(615)	74	(77)	536	(194)	(785)	(11)	(920)
Additions	132	33,776	-	(11)	-	(131)	(105)	(11)	33,776
Written off	-	(19,178)	-	-	-	-	-	_	(19,178)
At October 31, 2023 and									
November 1, 2023	367,379	106,873	7,819	22,687	25,453	57,430	232,154	3,198	822,993
Exchange adjustments	(131)	3,294	71	(154)	456	(389)	(1,574)	(22)	1,551
Additions	-	9,986	-	-	-	-	(=,0)	-	9,986
Written off	-	(1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1)
At October 31, 2024	367,248	120,152	7,890	22,533	25,909	57,041	230,580	3,176	834,529
ACCUMULATED AMORTISATION AND IMPAIRMENT LOSS At November 1, 2022 Exchange adjustments Amortisation Written off	(77,052) - - -	(51,795) 441 (11,701) 5,060	(1,143) (39) (8)	- - -	(20,925) (238) (705)	(52,298) 127 (4,322)	(113,287) 359 (26,326)	(2,827) 10 (307)	(319,327) 660 (43,369) 5,060
At October 31, 2023 and									
November 1, 2023	(77,052)	(57,995)	(1,190)	_	(21,868)	(56,493)	(139,254)	(3,124)	(356,976)
Exchange adjustments	(11,032)	(3,272)	(33)	-	(384)	389	1,058	23	(2,219)
Amortisation		(13,898)	(8)	_	(726)	(937)	(24,210)	(75)	(39,854)
Written off		1	-	_	-	-	-	-	1
Impairment loss	-	-	-	-	(2,931)	-	-	-	(2,931)
At October 31, 2024	(77,052)	(75,164)	(1,231)	-	(25,909)	(57,041)	(162,406)	(3,176)	(401,979)
CARRYING AMOUNT At October 31, 2024	290,196	44,988	6,659	22,533	_	-	68,174	_	432,550
At October 31, 2023	290,327	48,878	6,629	22,687	3,585	937	92,900	74	466,017

The remaining amortisation periods of the software are two years to five years.

The remaining amortisation periods of the customer relationships are one year four months to four years.

Trade name and club memberships have indefinite useful life, except a club membership with expiry date with remaining amortisation period of ten years.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

19. Intangible Assets (Continued)

The trade name value of HK\$22,533,000 (2023: HK\$22,687,000) arising from the acquisition of a subsidiary is regarded as having an indefinite useful life and there is no foreseeable limit to the period over which it is expected to generate cash flows for the Group, given that the acquired company has used the trade name since its inception and has consistently incurred advertising and marketing expenses in promoting the name through various forms of media; the trade name has substantial name recognition among its customers; and the intellectual property rights therein are secured and can be maintained with relatively little cost and effort.

Goodwill and other intangible assets acquired in a business combination are allocated, at acquisition, to the CGUs that are expected to benefit from that business combination.

The trade name is used in the Group's exhibition, event and brand activation segment.

The carrying amount of goodwill has been allocated as follows:

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Exhibition, event and brand activation	188,604	188,604
Meeting architecture activation	4,707	4,838
Museum and themed entertainment	96,885	96,885
	290,196	290,327

Impairment test for cash-generating units

Goodwill and other intangible assets are allocated to the Group's CGUs identified according to the operating segments as follows:

	Discour	nt rate	Terminal value growth rat		
	2024 2023		2024	2023	
	%	%	%	%	
Exhibition, event and brand activation	15.00-18.00	17.00-22.00	2.00-3.00	2.00-3.00	
Meeting architecture activation	20.00	20.00	0.00	0.00	
Museum and themed entertainment	17.00	17.00	3.00	3.00	

The key assumptions used by management in setting the financial budgets for the initial five-year period were as follows:

Forecast sales growth rates – based on past experience adjusted for market trends and the strategic decisions made in respect of the CGUs.

Operating profits – based on historical experience of operating margins, adjusted for the impact of changes to product costs.

19. Intangible Assets (Continued)

Impairment test for cash-generating units (Continued)

Note:

The Group carried out reviews of the recoverable amounts of its other intangible assets and goodwill allocated to the Group's various CGUs, having regard to market conditions and expectations on market development. In addition to goodwill and other intangible assets, property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets that generate cash flows together with the related goodwill and other intangible assets are also included in the respective CGUs for the purpose of impairment assessment. The recoverable amounts of the relevant assets have been determined on the basis of their values in use using discounted cash flow method from financial budgets approved by management covering a 5-year period.

Management believes that any reasonably possible change in the key assumptions on which the recoverable amounts are based would not cause their carrying amounts to exceed their recoverable amounts.

20. Interests in Joint Ventures

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Unlisted investments Share of net assets Less: Impairment loss recognised	41,939 -	40,447
	41,939	40,447

Particulars of the Group's principal joint ventures at October 31, 2024 are set out in Note 49 to the consolidated financial statements.

The following table shows information on the joint venture that is material to the Group. This joint venture is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method. The summarised financial information presented is based on the HKFRS financial statements of the joint ventures.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

20.Interests in Joint Ventures (Continued)

Name Principal place of business	Karnival TP-A Holdings Limited and it Hong Kong	ts subsidiary
	2024	2023
Percentage of ownership interests/ voting rights held by the Group	20%/ 20%	20%/ 20%
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At October 31 Non-current assets Current assets Non-current liabilities	44,394 165,303	36,646 202,250
Current liabilities	(4)	(36,662)
Net assets	209,693	202,234
Group's share of carrying amount of interests	41,939	40,447
Year ended October 31 Revenue	_	-
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income	1,492 -	910
Total comprehensive income	1,492	910
Dividend received from joint venture	_	-

Karnival TP-AXC Holdings Limited is a strategic investment of the Group, being investment holding company for development, operation and management of museum and themed entertainment segment project.

The following table shows, in aggregate, the Group's share of the amounts of all individually immaterial joint ventures that are accounted for using the equity method.

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
At October 31		
Carrying amount of interests	-	-
Year ended October 31		
Loss for the year	-	_
Other comprehensive expense	-	_
Total comprehensive expense	-	_

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

20. Interests in Joint Ventures (Continued)

The Group has not recognised profits of HK\$145,000 (2023: losses of HK\$25,000) for the year ended October 31, 2024. At October 31, 2024, the accumulated losses not recognised were HK\$1,878,000 (2023: HK\$2,012,000).

As at October 31, 2024, all the joint ventures did not have any significant commitment or contingent liabilities (2023: nil). The Group's capital commitment to provide funding for the joint ventures is nil (2023: nil).

21. Interests in Associates

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Unlisted/Listed investments		
Share of net assets	151,601	128,789
Less: Impairment loss recognised	(42,529)	(29,736)
	109,072	99,053
Fair value of listed investment in an associate		
outside Hong Kong based on quoted market price		
(Level 1 fair value measurement)	84,563	98,253

Particulars of the Group's principal associates at October 31, 2024 are set out in Note 48 to the consolidated financial statements.

The following table shows information of associates that are material to the Group. These associates are accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method. The summarised financial information presented is based on the HKFRS financial statements of the associates.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

21. Interests in Associates (Continued)

Name Principal place of business	Xi'an Greenla Convention an Co. Ltd. ("Xi'an The F	d Exhibition Greenland")	Pico (Thail Company Thai			ina olding Pte. Ltd. apore
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Percentage of ownership interests/ voting rights held by the Group	30%/ 30%	30%/ 30%	48.7%/ 48.7%	42.7%/ 42.7%	30%/ 30%	30%/ 30%
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At October 31 Non-current assets Current assets Non-current liabilities Current liabilities	108,156 3,950 - (62,909)	112,551 3,878 - (61,759)	40,173 143,979 (16,386) (67,488)	35,867 122,288 (14,403) (58,763)	49,642 59,010 - (34,371)	28,519 49,570 - (25,754)
Net assets	49,197	54,670	100,278	84,989	74,281	52,335
Group's share of carrying amount of interests	14,594	29,675	56,067	36,282	21,393	14,996
Year ended October 31 Revenue	-	-	243,535	233,083	98,163	73,183
(Loss) profit for the year Other comprehensive income	(1,930) 298	(1,974) 32	2,927 2,391	2,069 1,737	7,227 518	3,159 400
Total comprehensive (expense) income	(1,632)	(1,942)	5,318	3,806	7,745	3,559
Dividend received from associates	-	-	-	-	1,325	858

Xi'an Greenland is a strategic investment of the Group, providing access to hall management for its exhibition business.

Pico (Thailand) Public Company Limited is a strategic investment of the Group, providing services to organiser, turnkey services for exhibition, event, museum, interior and themed environment; virtual and online solution.

Arina International Holding Pte. Ltd. is a strategic investment of the Group in the business of contractors for exhibitions and event promotions and the provision of project management services.

The following table shows, in aggregate, the Group's share of the amounts of all individually immaterial associates that are accounted for using the equity method.

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
At October 31 Carrying amount of interests	17,018	18,100
Year ended October 31 Profit for the year Other comprehensive income	3,385 390	8,208 693
Total comprehensive income	3,775	8,901

21. Interests in Associates (Continued)

The Group has not recognised losses of HK\$1,347,000 (2023: profits of HK\$450,000) for the year ended October 31, 2024. At October 31, 2024, the accumulated losses not recognised were HK\$2,772,000 (2023: HK\$1,691,000).

At October 31, 2024, the bank and cash balances of the Group's associates in the PRC denominated in RMB amounted to HK\$2,125,000 (2023: HK\$2,092,000). Conversion of RMB into foreign currencies is subject to the PRC's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations.

As at October 31, 2024, all the associates did not have any significant commitment or contingent liabilities (2023: nil). The Group's capital commitment to provide funding for the associates is nil (2023: nil).

In the prior year, the Group held 45% interests in InfocommAsia Pte Ltd. and accounted for the investment as an associate. The company was disposed during the year. The transaction has resulted in the recognition of the following profit or loss:

	2024 HK\$'000
Proceeds of disposal Less: Carrying amount of the investment on the disposal	80,202 (8,050)
Gain on disposal of an associate	72,152

22. Financial Assets at FVTOCI

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Equity securities, at fair value, unlisted	-	18,981
Analysed as:		
Non-current assets	-	18,981

The following table provides a reconciliation of financial assets at FVTOCI:

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
At November 1 Exchange adjustments Total (loss) gain recognised in other comprehensive income Disposal	18,981 339 (15,379) (3,941)	17,571 536 874 -
At October 31	_	18,981

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

22. Financial Assets at FVTOCI (Continued)

Financial assets at FVTOCI are denominated in the following currencies:

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
PMB		3 531
RMB SG dollars	<u>-</u>	3,531 15,450
	_	18,981

23.Inventories

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Raw materials Work in progress Finished goods	1,712 1,696 2,123	1,627 6,733 4,618
	5,531	12,978

24. Contract Related Assets and Contract Liabilities

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Contract assets		
Arising from performance under construction contracts	587,557	741,967
Arising from fulfilling short-term contracts	397,624	404,760
Less: Allowance for impairment loss	(20,141)	(16,202)
	965,040	1,130,525
Debtors from contracts with sustamors within the scope of		
Debtors from contracts with customers within the scope of		
HKFRS 15, which are included in "Debtors, deposits and		25.000
prepayments"	22,950	25,088

Amounts relating to contract assets are balances due from customers under construction contracts that arise when the Group receives payments from customers in line with a series of performance related milestones.

Contract assets decreased by HK\$165,485,000 from prior year. The decrease in 2024 was mainly due to the Group has decreased number of projects pending acceptance of assurance upon job completion.

The amount of contract assets that is expected to be recovered after more than one year is HK\$1,105,000 (2023: HK\$33,739,000).

Amounts relating to the capitalised contract costs are the costs incurred that relate directly to existing contracts. No amortisation (2023: nil) was recognised in the profit or loss during the reporting period.

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24. Contract Related Assets and Contract Liabilities (Continued)

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Contract liabilities Billings in advance of performance obligation Arising from performance under construction contracts	458,630	183,210
	458,630	183,210

Contract liabilities relating to installation services/construction contracts are balances due to customers under installation services/construction contracts. These arise if a particular milestone payment exceeds the revenue recognised to date under the cost-to-cost method.

Contract liabilities increased by HK\$275,420,000 from prior year. The increase in 2024 was mainly due to increase in billings in advance of performance obligation arising from performance under construction contracts for new projects.

Movement in contract liabilities

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
At November 1	183,210	250,637
Decrease in contract liabilities as a result of recognising revenue during the year was included in the contract liabilities		
at the beginning of the year	(102,309)	(171,504)
Increase in contract liabilities as a result of billings in advance		
of construction activities	375,239	104,756
Other movements	-	(3,891)
Exchange adjustments	2,490	3,212
At October 31	458,630	183,210

The amount of billings in advance of performance received that is expected to be recognised as income after more than one year is HK\$2,062,000 (2023: nil).

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For the year ended October 31, 2024

25. Financial Assets at FVTPL

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Fund investments, at fair value	22,671	18,601
Investments in future equity investments	4,029	1,240
	26,700	19,841
Analysed as:		
Current assets	22,671	18,601
Non-current assets	4,029	1,240
	26,700	19,841

The following table provides a reconciliation of financial assets at FVTPL:

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
At November 1	19,841	16,347
Exchange adjustments	(132)	(58)
Total gain recognised in profit or loss	2,916	2,533
Additions	4,075	1,261
Disposal	-	(242)
At October 31	26,700	19,841

Financial assets at FVTPL are denominated in the following currencies:

	2024	2023
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
US dollars	26,700	19,841

The carrying amounts of the above financial assets are mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss in accordance with HKFRS 9.

The fund investments included above represent investments in funds that hold bond investments that offer the Group the opportunity for return through dividend income and fair value gains. They have no fixed maturity or coupon rate. The fair values of fund investments were based on the quoted price provided by the financial institution.

The investments in future equity investments were acquired through SAFE on certain private companies in the United States and the United Kingdom. A SAFE is an investment contract between a start-up and an investor that gives the investor the right to receive equity of the company on certain triggering events, such as, qualified financing (next equity financing) or sale of the company.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

26. Derivative Financial Assets

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Financial assets Option for acquisition of equity interests (Note)	_	1,652
Analysed as: Current assets	_	1,652

The following table provides a reconciliation of derivative financial assets:

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
At November 1	1,652	5,145
Exchange adjustments	759	222
Change in fair value of derivative financial assets	-	(3,715)
Settlement of derivative financial assets (Note 40)	(1,274)	_
Expiry of derivative financial assets	(1,137)	_
At October 31	-	1,652

Note: Option for acquisition of equity interests is the fair value of the right to purchase the remaining equity in FUTR World Limited in which the Group has acquired 51% equity interests on January 7, 2019.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

27. Debtors, Deposits and Prepayments

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Trade debtors	1,020,530	861,070
Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful debts	(119,758)	(88,018)
	900,772	773,052
Other debtors	192,701	123,160
Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful debts	(13,927)	(17,009)
	178,774	106,151
Prepayments and deposits	116,457	99,744
	295,231	205,895
	1,196,003	978,947

The Group allows a credit period ranged from 30 to 90 days to its customers.

The aging analysis of trade debtors, based on the invoice date, and net of allowance, is as follows:

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Less than 91 days 91 – 180 days 181 – 365 days More than 1 year	708,286 75,193 88,149 29,144	645,124 65,278 43,967 18,683
	900,772	773,052

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade debtors are denominated in the following currencies:

	Hong Kong dollars HK\$'000	Euro HK\$'000	Malaysian ringgits HK\$'000	RMB HK\$'000	SG dollars HK\$'000	US dollars HK\$'000	AED HK\$'000	Others HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At October 31, 2024	53,898	4,805	46,481	284,539	104,084	225,758	25,605	155,602	900,772
At October 31, 2023	50,141	5,243	40,320	219,662	126,269	124,795	32,317	174,305	773,052

At October 31, 2024, an allowance was made for estimated irrecoverable trade debtors of HK\$119,758,000 (2023: HK\$88,018,000) which have either been placed under liquidation or in severe financial difficulties. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

28. Amounts due from (to) Associates and Joint Ventures

The amounts due from (to) associates and joint ventures are unsecured, non-interest bearing, and have no fixed terms of repayment.

At October 31, 2024, the amounts due from associates and joint ventures have been arrived at after deducting impairment loss of HK\$22,841,000 (2023: HK\$13,250,000) and HK\$5,718,000 (2023: HK\$5,419,000) respectively. Written off of allowance for doubtful amounts due from associates and joint ventures of nil (2023: nil) and nil (2023: nil) were made for the year respectively. Allowance for doubtful amounts due from associates of HK\$9,142,000 (2023: HK\$13,468,000) and joint ventures of nil (2023: nil) were made for the year.

29. Pledged Bank Deposits and Bank and Cash Balances

The carrying amounts of the pledged bank deposits and bank and cash balances are denominated in the following currencies:

	Hong Kong dollars HK\$'000	Euro HK\$'000	Malaysian ringgits HK\$'000	RMB (Note) HK\$'000	SG dollars HK\$'000	US dollars HK\$'000	AED HK\$'000	Others HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At October 31, 2024 Cash at bank and on hand Bank deposits	55,807 -	6,348 -	38,941 20,024	233,432 278,747	99,067 271,812	87,943 137,929	72,540 397,204	167,378 111,723	761,456 1,217,439
Pledged bank deposits (Note 41)	55,807	6,348	58,965	512,179 (57,795)	370,879	225,872	469,744 (1,066)	279,101 (6,455)	1,978,895 (65,316)
Bank and cash balances	55,807	6,348	58,965	454,384	370,879	225,872	468,678	272,646	1,913,579
Non-pledged bank deposits with more than three months to maturity	-	-	-	(10,901)	(254,139)	(31,550)	-	(40,904)	(337,494)
Cash and cash equivalents	55,807	6,348	58,965	443,483	116,740	194,322	468,678	231,742	1,576,085
At October 31, 2023 Cash at bank and on hand Bank deposits	63,061 -	7,368 -	18,524 4,086	254,685 60,779	245,703 82,972	148,324 112,806	54,302 890	185,028 55,065	976,995 316,598
Pledged bank deposits	63,061 -	7,368 -	22,610 -	315,464 (117)	328,675 -	261,130 -	55,192 (890)	240,093 (2,704)	1,293,593 (3,711)
Bank and cash balances	63,061	7,368	22,610	315,347	328,675	261,130	54,302	237,389	1,289,882
Non-pledged bank deposits with more than three months to maturity	-	-	(10,915)	-	(68,667)	(6,259)	-	(30,577)	(116,418)
Cash and cash equivalents	63,061	7,368	11,695	315,347	260,008	254,871	54,302	206,812	1,173,464

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

29. Pledged Bank Deposits and Bank and Cash Balances (Continued)

The effective interest rates on bank deposits range from 0.35% to 5.45% per annum (2023: 0.00% to 5.47% per annum), these deposits have maturity range from 7 days to 3 years (2023: 1 day to 3 years) and are subject to fair value interest rate risk.

The Group's pledged bank deposits represented deposits pledged to banks to secure banking facilities granted to the Group as set out in Note 41 to the consolidated financial statements. These deposits are subject to regulatory restrictions and are therefore not available for general use by the Group.

Note: Included in the bank and cash balances of the Group, HK\$512,179,000 (2023: HK\$315,464,000) were denominated in RMB, which was not freely convertible to other currencies. Under the PRC's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for foreign currencies through the banks that are authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

30.Creditors and Accrued Charges

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
T 1 19		261.060
Trade creditors	354,145	361,869
Accrued charges	1,808,456	1,512,735
Other creditors	12,731	10,135
Provision for reinstatement costs	6,681	6,164
	2,182,013	1,890,903

The aging analysis of trade creditors, based on the date of receipt of goods or services, is as follows:

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Less than 91 days 91 – 180 days 181 – 365 days More than 1 year	270,106 37,527 22,813 23,699	269,028 39,398 24,350 29,093
	354,145	361,869

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade creditors are denominated in the following currencies:

	Hong Kong dollars HK\$'000	Euro HK\$'000	Malaysian ringgits HK\$'000	RMB HK\$'000	SG dollars HK\$'000	US dollars HK\$'000	AED HK\$'000	Others HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At October 31, 2024	40,743	2,701	13,952	152,872	26,762	46,769	26,659	43,687	354,145
At October 31, 2023	22,961	5,294	10,401	170,351	57,044	46,106	14,094	35,618	361,869

31. Borrowings

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Degraving a comparing the following.		
Borrowings comprise the following:	105 210	7,000
Short-term borrowings	105,319	7,983
Long-term borrowings	361,736	381,876
	467,055	389,859
The borrowings are repayable as follows:		
On demand or within one year	331,637	188,722
In the second year	23,579	201,106
In the third to fifth years, inclusive	111,839	31
	467,055	389,859

Note: As at October 31, 2024, the Group has borrowings of HK\$13,438,000 (2023: HK\$14,220,000) due for repayment after one year but contain a repayment on demand clause.

The carrying amounts of the Group's borrowings are denominated in the following currencies:

	Hong Kong dollars HK\$'000	RMB HK\$'000	GBP HK\$'000	US dollars HK\$'000	New Taiwan dollars HK\$'000	Others HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At October 31, 2024	201,071	239,267	70	13,209	13,438	-	467,055
At October 31, 2023	367,556	-	100	7,824	14,220	159	389,859

As at October 31, 2024, the Group's borrowings of HK\$70,000 (2023: HK\$259,000) carry fixed interest rate at 2.50% per annum and expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk. The Group's borrowings of HK\$466,985,000 (2023: HK\$389,600,000) carry floating interest rates at 2.44% to 8.35% per annum, thus exposing the Group to cash flow interest rate risk.

Borrowings of HK\$13,438,000 (2023: HK\$14,220,000) is secured by a charge over the Group's certain leasehold land and buildings situated outside Hong Kong (*Note 17*).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

32. Lease Liabilities

	Minimum lea	se payment	Present minimum lea	
	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Within one year In the second year In the third to fifth years, inclusive After five years	22,077 12,508 26,197 130,852	21,605 18,336 23,066 134,324	16,667 7,733 13,390 88,216	15,883 13,474 10,275 88,621
Less: Future finance charges	191,634 (65,628)	197,331 (69,078)	126,006 N/A	128,253 N/A
Present value of lease obligations	126,006	128,253	126,006	128,253
Less: Amount due for settlement within one year (shown under current liabilities)			(16,667)	(15,883)
Amount due for settlement after one year (shown under non-current liabilities)			109,339	112,370

The weighted average incremental borrowing rates applied to lease liabilities range from 1.39% to 28.78% (2023: 1.39% to 28.78%).

The carrying amounts of the Group's lease liabilities are denominated in the following currencies:

	Hong Kong dollars HK\$'000	Malaysian ringgits HK\$'000	RMB HK\$'000	SG dollars HK\$'000	US dollars HK\$'000	AED HK\$'000	Others HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At October 31, 2024	2,409	-	2,359	87,213	10,871	15,886	7,268	126,006
At October 31, 2023	1,031	183	615	86,151	13,947	16,160	10,166	128,253

For the year ended October 31, 2024

33. Contingent Consideration

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
At November 1 (Decrease) increase in fair value Purchase of non-controlling interests (Note 40)	376 (376) -	- 6 370
At October 31	_	376
Analysed as: Current liabilities	_	376

The maturity of contingent consideration is as follows:

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Within one year	-	376

The carrying amounts of the contingent consideration are denominated in the following currencies:

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
AED	_	376

The contingent consideration for the acquisition of 5% shareholding in Pico Gulf Holdings Limited, a subsidiary of the Group, from a non-controlling shareholder requires the Group to pay the seller an additional amount up to AED704,000 (equivalent to HK\$1,477,000) in cash, depending on the collection in cash of certain receivables within twelve months from the transaction date, which is July 10, 2023. HK\$370,000 represents the estimated fair value of this obligation on July 10, 2023.

The potential undiscounted amount of all future payments that the Group could be required to make under this arrangement is between AED0 and AED704,000 (equivalent to HK\$1,477,000) in cash.

Included in consolidated profit or loss for the year was a decrease of HK\$376,000 (2023: an increase of HK\$6,000) in fair value of contingent consideration for the year ended October 31, 2024.

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34. Share Capital

	Number	of shares	Share	Share capital		
	2024	2023	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000		
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.05 each Authorised: At beginning of year and end of year	2,400,000,000	2,400,000,000	120,000	120,000		
At beginning of year and end of year	2,400,000,000	2,400,000,000	120,000	120,000		
Issued and fully paid:						
At beginning of year	1,239,130,104	1,238,258,104	61,957	61,913		
Exercise of share options (Note)	1,776,000	872,000	88	44		
At end of year	1,240,906,104	1,239,130,104	62,045	61,957		

Note: During the year, 52,000, 250,000, 336,000, 102,000, 976,000 and 60,000 shares were issued at HK\$0.960, HK\$1.280, HK\$1.120, HK\$1.154, HK\$1.300 and HK\$1.700 per share respectively as a result of the exercise of share options of the Company (2023: 514,000, 92,000, 260,000 and 6,000 shares were issued at HK\$0.960, HK\$1.120, HK\$1.154 and HK\$1.300 per share respectively).

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maximise the return to the shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance.

The Group regularly reviews the capital structure by considering the costs of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. The Group will balance its overall capital structure through payment of dividends, new share issues and issue of new debts, redemption of existing debts or selling assets to reduce debts.

The Group monitors its capital on the basis of the gearing ratio, which is long-term borrowings including long-term lease liabilities divided by total assets. Total assets are calculated as non-current assets plus current assets. The gearing ratios as at October 31, 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Long-term borrowings including long-term lease liabilities	244,757	313,507
Long term borrowings including tong term lease ilabilities	244,131	313,301
Non-current assets	1,527,722	1,594,742
Current assets	4,179,415	3,465,765
Total assets	5,707,137	5,060,507
	2024	2023
Gearing ratio	4.29%	6.20%

The Group's overall strategy of gearing remains unchanged during the year.

For the year ended October 31, 2024

35. Share-Based Payments

The share option scheme approved by the shareholders of the Company on March 22, 2012 (the "2012 Scheme") has expired on March 22, 2022. Thereafter, no further options will be granted under the 2012 Scheme but the subsisting options granted thereunder prior to the expiry date will continue to be valid and exercisable in accordance with the terms of the 2012 Scheme.

At the AGM of the Company held on March 25, 2022, the shareholders of the Company approved the adoption of a new share option scheme (the "2022 Scheme") under which the Directors may grant options to eligible persons to subscribe for the Company's shares subject to the terms and conditions as stipulated therein. Unless otherwise cancelled or amended, the 2022 Scheme will remain valid for a period of 10 years from the date of its adoption.

The Company was authorised to grant share options under the 2022 Scheme for subscription of up to a total of 123,825,810 shares, representing 10% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of adoption. An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the 2022 Scheme at any time during a period such option is exercisable as the Board may in its absolute discretion determine, save that such period shall not be more than five years, subject to such conditions as the Board may think fit. The subscription price per share in relation to an option shall be a price to be determined by the Directors and shall be not less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotation sheet issued by the Stock Exchange on the date on which the option is offered to eligible persons, which must be a business day; (ii) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotation sheets issued by the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the offer date; and (iii) the nominal value of the shares on the offer date.

As at October 31, 2024, the total number of outstanding share options issued under the 2012 Scheme and 2022 Scheme is 22,430,000 which represents approximately 1.81% of the total number of shares in issue on that date.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

35.Share-Based Payments (Continued)

(i) Details of the specific categories of options relevant for the year ended October 31, 2024 are as follows:

	Date of grant	Vesting date	Exercise period	Exercise price HK\$
2012 Scheme				
2018	16-May-19			
1st tranche		17-May-19	17.5.2019 - 16.5.2024	2.606
2nd tranche		1-Nov-19	1.11.2019 - 16.5.2024	2.606
3rd tranche		4-May-20	4.5.2020 - 16.5.2024	2.606
4th tranche		2-Nov-20	2.11.2020 - 16.5.2024	2.606
2019A	7-Sep-20			
1st tranche		8-Sep-20	8.9.2020 - 7.9.2025	0.960
2nd tranche		2-Nov-20	2.11.2020 - 7.9.2025	0.960
3rd tranche		3-May-21	3.5.2021 - 7.9.2025	0.960
4th tranche		1-Nov-21	1.11.2021 - 7.9.2025	0.960
2019B	25-Feb-21			
1st tranche		26-Feb-21	26.2.2021 - 25.2.2026	1.280
2nd tranche		1-Nov-21	1.11.2021 - 25.2.2026	1.280
3rd tranche		3-May-22	3.5.2022 - 25.2.2026	1.280
4th tranche		1-Nov-22	1.11.2022 – 25.2.2026	1.280
2022 Scheme				
2021A	23-May-22			
1st tranche		24-May-22	24.5.2022 – 23.5.2027	1.120
2nd tranche		1-Nov-22	1.11.2022 - 23.5.2027	1.120
3rd tranche		2-May-23	2.5.2023 - 23.5.2027	1.120
4th tranche		1-Nov-23	1.11.2023 - 23.5.2027	1.120
2021B	23-Sep-22			
1st tranche		24-Sep-22	24.9.2022 – 23.9.2027	1.154
2nd tranche		1-Nov-22	1.11.2022 - 23.9.2027	1.154
3rd tranche		2-May-23	2.5.2023 - 23.9.2027	1.154
4th tranche		1-Nov-23	1.11.2023 - 23.9.2027	1.154
2022	25-May-23			
1st tranche		29-May-23	29.5.2023 – 25.5.2028	1.300
2nd tranche		1-Nov-23	1.11.2023 - 25.5.2028	1.300
3rd tranche		2-May-24	2.5.2024 - 25.5.2028	1.300
4th tranche		1-Nov-24	1.11.2024 - 25.5.2028	1.300
2023	27-May-24			
1st tranche		28-May-24	28.5.2024 - 27.5.2029	1.700
2nd tranche		1-Nov-24	1.11.2024 - 27.5.2029	1.700
3rd tranche		2-May-25	2.5.2025 - 27.5.2029	1.700
4th tranche		3-Nov-25	3.11.2025 - 27.5.2029	1.700

If the options remain unexercised after a period of five years from the date of grant, the options will expire. Options are forfeited if the employee leaves the Group before the options exercise.

35. Share-Based Payments (Continued)

(ii) Details of the share options outstanding during the year are as follows:

	20	24	2023			
	Number of share options	Weighted average exercise price HK\$	Number of share options	Weighted average exercise price HK\$		
Outstanding at November 1	18,114,000	1.27	12,748,000	1.30		
Granted during the year	6,798,000	1.70	6,608,000	1.30		
Lapsed during the year	(706,000)	2.41	(370,000)	3.35		
Exercised during the year	(1,776,000)	1.26	(872,000)	1.04		
Outstanding at October 31	22,430,000	1.36	18,114,000	1.27		
Exercisable at October 31	15,744,000	1.26	11,850,000	1.27		

The weighted average share price at the date of exercise for share options exercised during the year is HK\$1.682. The options outstanding at end of year have a weighted average remaining contractual life of three years (2023: weighted average life of three years) and the exercise prices range from HK\$0.960 to HK\$1.700 (2023: HK\$0.960 to HK\$3.350). In 2024, options were granted on May 27, 2024. The estimated fair value per option ranges from HK\$0.312 to HK\$0.315 with total fair value of HK\$2,133,000. In 2023, options were granted on May 25, 2023. The estimated fair value per option ranges from HK\$0.290 to HK\$0.301 with total fair value of HK\$1,943,000.

These fair values were calculated using the Binomial options model. The inputs into the model were as follows:

Date of grant	Exercise price HK\$	Based on expected life of share options Year(s)	Expected volatility %	Weighted average share price HK\$	Risk-free rate %	Annual dividend yield %
2012 Scheme						
May 16, 2019	2.606	5.00	26.00	2.606	1.700	4.90
September 7, 2020	0.960	5.00	28.00	0.960	0.320	4.99
February 25, 2021	1.280	5.00	28.00	1.280	0.610	4.90
2022 Scheme						
May 23, 2022	1.120	5.00	28.00	1.116	2.620	4.57
September 23, 2022	1.154	5.00	28.00	1.154	3.640	4.57
May 25, 2023	1.300	5.00	30.00	1.294	3.370	2.90
May 27, 2024	1.700	5.00	31.00	1.682	3.590	6.61

Expected volatility was determined by using the historical volatility of the Company's share price over the previous five years. The expected life used in the model has been adjusted, based on management's best estimate, for the effects of non-transferability, exercise restrictions and behavioural considerations.

The Group recognised total expenses of HK\$2,077,000 for year ended October 31, 2024 (2023: HK\$1,723,000) in relation to share options granted by the Company.

For the year ended October 31, 2024

36.Statement of Financial Position and Reserve Movements of the Company

Statement of financial position of the Company

	As at Oc	
	2024	2023
Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Non-current Asset	07.000	02.227
Interests in subsidiaries	97,083	83,237
Current Assets		
Amounts due from subsidiaries	681,666	801,046
Debtors, deposits and prepayments	219	219
Bank and cash balances	906	1,300
		000 505
	682,791	802,565
Current Liabilities		
Amount due to a subsidiary	_	42,126
Creditors and accrued charges	2,135	1,912
Financial guarantee	30,689	16,843
	32,824	60,881
Net Current Assets	640.067	741,684
Net Current Assets	649,967	741,004
NET ASSETS	747,050	824,921
Capital and Reserves		
Share capital 34	62,045	61,957
Reserves 37	685,005	762,964
TOTAL EQUITY	747,050	824,921

Approved by the Board of Directors on January 24, 2025 and are signed on its behalf by:

36. Statement of Financial Position and Reserve Movements of the Company (Continued)

Reserve movements of the Company

	Share premium HK\$'000	Capital redemption reserve HK\$'000	Equity-settled share-based payment reserve HK\$'000	Special reserve HK\$'000	Retained earnings HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At November 1, 2022	779,026	854	2,460	50,594	(135,444)	697,490
Total comprehensive income	,		_,	,	(===, ,	,
for the year	_	-	-	_	161,980	161,980
Shares issued at premium	861	_	_	_	_	861
Recognition of equity-settled						
share-based payments	-	_	1,723	-	_	1,723
Exercise of equity-settled share-based						
payments	147	-	(147)	-	-	_
Transfer	215	_	(215)	-	-	-
2022 final dividend	_	_	-	-	(74,309)	(74,309)
2023 interim dividend		=	_	_	(24,781)	(24,781)
At Oatabas 21, 2022 and						
At October 31, 2023 and November 1, 2023	780,249	854	3,821	50,594	(72,554)	762,964
Total comprehensive income	100,249	004	3,021	50,594	(12,334)	102,904
for the year	_	_	_	_	72,824	72,824
Shares issued at premium	2,146	_	_	_	-	2,146
Recognition of equity-settled	_,					-,
share-based payments	-	_	2,077	_	_	2,077
Exercise of equity-settled share-based			·			·
payments	458	-	(458)	-	-	-
Transfer	267	-	(267)	-	-	-
2023 final dividend	-	-	-	-	(86,781)	(86,781)
2024 interim dividend	-	-	-	-	(68,225)	(68,225)
At October 31, 2024	783,120	854	5,173	50,594	(154,736)	685,005

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

37. Reserves

Nature and purpose of reserves

Share premium

Under the Companies Act (2023 Revision) of the Cayman Islands, the funds in the share premium account of the Company are distributable to the shareholders of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

Capital redemption reserve

The capital redemption reserve represents the nominal amount of share capital repurchased through the Stock Exchange and cancelled by the Company. The issued share capital was reduced by the nominal value thereof and transfer to the capital redemption reserve upon cancellation of the repurchased shares.

Capital reserve

The capital reserve of the Group represents the difference between the nominal amounts of the share capital issued by the Company in exchange for the nominal amount of the share capital of its subsidiaries at the date of reorganisation.

Equity-settled share-based payment reserve

The fair value of the actual or estimated number of unexercised share options granted to Directors and employees of the Group recognised in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for share-based payments in Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements.

Legal reserve

The legal reserve of the Group represents the transfer from the retained earnings of the Company's subsidiaries as required by respective local laws and regulations.

Translation reserve

The translation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements.

Special reserve

The special reserve of the Company represents the difference between the nominal amount of the share capital issued by the Company and the book value of the underlying consolidated net assets of subsidiaries acquired by the Company at the date of reorganisation.

Assets revaluation reserve

The assets revaluation reserve is adopted for property revaluation increase when an owner-occupied property is transferred to investment property upon the change in use. On the subsequent sale or retirement of the property, the attributable revaluation reserve is transferred directly to retained earnings.

Financial assets at FVTOCI reserve

The financial assets at FVTOCI reserve comprises the cumulative net change in the fair value of financial assets at FVTOCI held at the end of the reporting period and is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policy in Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements.

38. Deferred Tax

The following are the deferred tax liabilities (assets) recognised by the Group and movements thereon during the current and prior reporting periods:

	Accelerated tax depreciation HK\$'000	Revaluation of properties HK\$*000	Withholding tax arising on undistributed earnings of subsidiaries HK\$'000	Intangible assets HK\$'000	Tax loss HK\$'000	Right-of-use assets HK\$'000	Lease liabilities HK\$'000	Others HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At November 1, 2022	5,916	48,211	11,340	26,207	(2,885)	22,935	(22,935)	(1,205)	87,584
Exchange adjustments	790	(187)	(261)	382	(32)	-	-	(552)	140
(Credit) charge to profit or loss									
for the year	(553)	(5,517)	(6,752)	1,080	(282)	(274)	274	(1,319)	(13,343)
At October 31, 2023 and									
November 1, 2023	6,153	42,507	4,327	27,669	(3,199)	22,661	(22,661)	(3,076)	74,381
Exchange adjustments	365	(231)	(10)	432	(696)	(83)	95	(30)	(158)
(Credit) charge to profit or loss									
for the year (Note 12)	(399)	(1,476)	6,690	-	876	(1,645)	994	1,060	6,100
At October 31, 2024	6,119	40,800	11,007	28,101	(3,019)	20,933	(21,572)	(2,046)	80,323

Deferred tax of HK\$11,007,000 (2023: HK\$4,327,000) has been provided in the consolidated financial statements in respect of the undistributed profits earned by the Group's subsidiaries in Japan, Taiwan, South Korea, Oman, Saudi Arabia and the PRC. Starting from January 1, 2008, the undistributed profits, earned by the Group's PRC subsidiaries attributable to the Group, are subject to the PRC Enterprise Income Tax Law upon the distribution of such profits to the shareholders outside the PRC. The applicable withholding tax rate for the Group for the year ended October 31, 2024 is 5% to 10% (2023: 5% to 10%).

At the end of the reporting period, deferred tax of HK\$33,694,000 (2023: HK\$18,252,000) has not been recognised in respect of certain undistributed earnings of subsidiaries.

The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances:

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Deferred tax liabilities Deferred tax assets	86,027 (5,704)	80,656 (6,275)
	80,323	74,381

At October 31, 2024, the Group has unused tax losses of HK\$248,398,000 (2023: HK\$321,014,000), available to offset against future profits. A deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of HK\$12,449,000 (2023: HK\$12,797,000) of such losses. Included in unrecognised tax losses are HK\$195,275,000 (2023: HK\$249,090,000) may be carried forward indefinitely, and the tax losses of HK\$40,674,000 (2023: HK\$59,127,000) which will expire within five years up to year 2029.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

39. Reconciliation of Profit before Tax to Cash Flows from Operations

	2024	2023
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Profit before tax	454 242	201 122
Adjustments for:	454,243	301,132
Finance costs	33,421	40,230
Interest income	(27,973)	(14,739)
Dividend income from financial assets at FVTOCI	(9)	(4)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	42,506	42,829
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	23,096	24,919
Amortisation of other intangible assets	39,854	43,369
(Gain) loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net	(11)	79
Gain on lease modification, net	(26)	(101)
Decrease in fair value of investment properties, net	15,012	15,566
(Decrease) increase in remeasurement of contingent consideration	(376)	6
Increase in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL	(2,916)	(2,533)
Loss (gain) on dissolution of subsidiaries, net	641	(2,743)
Gain on disposal of financial assets at FVTPL	-	(116)
Decrease in fair value of derivative financial assets	-	3,715
Bad debts written off	3,529	1,325
Allowance for bad and doubtful debts	63,387	56,159
Allowance written back on bad and doubtful debts	(17,646)	(22,415)
Reversal of allowance for inventories	-	(1)
Other intangible assets written off	-	14,118
Share of profits of associates	(11,609)	(11,462)
Share of profits of joint ventures	(1,492)	(910)
Equity-settled share-based payments expenses	2,077	1,723
Impairment of show rights	2,931	=
Gain on disposal of an associate	(72,152)	_
Loss on expiry of derivative financial assets Reversal of impairment of interest in an associate	1,137	_
Impairment of interest in an associate	(1,556) 13,527	_
impairment of interest in an associate	13,321	
Operating profit before changes in working conital	FF0 F0F	400 140
Operating profit before changes in working capital Decrease (increase) in inventories	559,595	490,146
Decrease (increase) in inventiones Decrease (increase) in contract assets	7,548 183,506	(207) (220,359)
Decrease in amounts due from associates	17,005	13,628
Increase in amounts due from joint ventures	(123)	(142)
Increase in debtors, deposits and prepayments	(247,250)	(64,419)
Increase in creditors and accrued charges	258,252	403,714
Increase (decrease) in contract liabilities	272,930	(70,639)
Decrease in amounts due to associates	(2,898)	(3,195)
Increase (decrease) in amounts due to joint ventures	1,396	(190)
·		· · ·
Cash flows from operations	1,049,961	548,337

40. Notes to the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

Dissolution of subsidiaries

Three wholly-owned subsidiaries, two 70%-owned and one 50%-owned subsidiaries of the Group were dissolved during the year, and a past translation loss of HK\$239,000 was reclassified to this year's consolidated profit or loss. Loss arising on the dissolution of these subsidiaries, including the translation loss, amounting to HK\$641,000 is included in other operating expenses.

The carrying amounts of the assets and liabilities at its date of dissolution, were as follows:

	2024 HK\$'000
Non-controlling interests Release of translation reserve Release of legal reserve Loss on dissolution of subsidiaries, net	165 239 237 (641)
Total consideration – satisfied by cash	-
Net cash outflow arising on dissolution of subsidiaries: Cash received	-

Purchase of non-controlling interests

During the year ended October 31, 2024, the Group acquired 40%, 49% and 16.7% in subsidiaries from the non-controlling shareholders at cash consideration of HK\$233,663,000 which were settled during the year, and derivative financial assets of HK\$1,274,000.

The effect of the acquisition on the equity attributable to the owners of the Company is as follows:

	2024 HK\$'000
Share of net assets in subsidiaries acquired	19,731
Satisfied by: Cash consideration paid	(233,663)
Derivative financial assets (Note 26)	(1,274)
Loss on acquisition recognised directly in equity	(215,206)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

40. Notes to the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (Continued)

Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

	At November 1, 2023 HK\$'000	Changes from financing cash flows HK\$'000	Interest expenses HK\$'000	Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates HK\$'000	Acquisition of lease HK\$'000	Purchase of non- controlling interests HK\$'000	Other changes HK\$'000	At October 31, 2024 HK\$'000
Borrowings (Note 31) Lease liabilities (Note 32) Contingent consideration (Note 33)	389,859 128,253 376	50,421 (25,766) -	26,804 6,284 -	(29) 2,525 -	- 14,585 -	- -	- 125 (376)	467,055 126,006
	518,488	24,655	33,088	2,496	14,585	-	(251)	593,061

	At November 1, 2022 HK\$'000	Changes from financing cash flows HK\$'000	Interest expenses HK\$'000	Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates HK\$'000	Acquisition of lease HK\$'000	Purchase of non- controlling interests HK\$'000	Other changes HK\$'000	At October 31, 2023 HK\$'000
Borrowings Lease liabilities Contingent consideration	804,053 129,352 -	(448,066) (27,041)	33,869 6,046	3 3,345 -	- 12,333 -	- - 370	- 4,218 6	389,859 128,253 376
	933,405	(475,107)	39,915	3,348	12,333	370	4,224	518,488

Total cash outflow for leases

Amounts included in the consolidated statement of cash flows for leases comprise the following:

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Within operating cash flows Within investing cash flows Within financing cash flows	19,553 - 19,482	17,046 - 20,995
	39,035	38,041

These amounts relate to the following:

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Lease rental paid	39,035	38,041

For the year ended October 31, 2024

41. Pledge of Assets

At October 31, 2024, the following assets were pledged as collaterals for credit facilities granted to the Group by certain banks.

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Freehold land and buildings Leasehold land and buildings Pledged bank deposits (Note 29)	51,071 91,851 65,316	50,510 94,887 3,711
	208,238	149,108

42. Capital Commitments

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Capital expenditures in respect of property, plant and equipment and other investment – contracted but not provided for – authorised but not contracted for	5,675 5,298	3,543 9,907
	10,973	13,450

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

43. Operating Lease Commitments

The Group as lessee

The Group regularly entered into short-term leases for offices, warehouse and staff quarters, and leases of low value assets for laptops and office equipment. As at October 31, 2024, the portfolio of short-term leases and leases of low value assets are similar to the portfolio of short-term leases and leases of low value assets to which the short-term leases and leases of low value assets expenses disclosed in Note 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

As at October 31, 2024, the outstanding short-term leases and leases of low value assets commitments relating to these offices and staff quarters, laptops and office equipment are HK\$2,555,000 and HK\$189,000 respectively (2023: HK\$1,613,000 and HK\$34,000 respectively).

The Group as lessor

Operating leases relate to investment property owned by the Group and are leases for residential, office premises and factory for an average term of two to ten years (2023: one to ten years) and the rentals are fixed over the terms of the leases. All operating lease contracts contain market review clauses in the event that the lessee exercises its options to renew. The lessee does not have an option to purchase the property at the expiry of the lease period.

Minimum lease payments receivable on leases are as follows:

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Within one year	27,734	36,528
In the second year	20,507	21,095
In the third year	16,879	17,181
In the fourth year	16,035	16,455
In the fifth year	15,901	16,484
After five years	33,906	49,805
Total	130,962	157,548

The following table presents the amounts reported in profit or loss:

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Lease income on operating leases	42,175	46,227

44. Contingent Liabilities

At October 31, 2024, the Group has issued the following guarantees:

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Performance guarantees – secured – unsecured	151,542 24,146	81,028 25,348
	175,688	106,376
Other guarantees – secured	6,036	1,423

At October 31, 2024, the Executive Directors do not consider it is probable that a claim will be made against the Group under any of the above guarantees.

45. Retirement Benefit Scheme

Retirement benefit - defined contribution plans

The Group operates a defined contribution retirement benefit scheme for all qualifying employees. The assets of the retirement benefit scheme are held separately from those of the Group in funds under the control of the trustees.

The retirement benefit scheme's cost charged to profit or loss represents contributions payable to the funds by the Group at rates specified in the rules of scheme. Where there are employees who leave the retirement benefit scheme prior to vesting fully in the contributions, the contributions payable by the Group are reduced by the amount of forfeited contributions.

At the end of the year, contribution forfeited of nil (2023: HK\$108,000), which arose upon employees leaving the retirement benefit scheme and which are available to reduce the contributions payable by the Group.

This retirement benefit scheme has now been closed to new employees in Hong Kong as consequence of the Mandatory Provident Fund Pension Legislation introduced by the Hong Kong Government. New staff in Hong Kong joining the Group after December 1, 2000 are required to join the MPF.

All Hong Kong staff employed by the Group before December 1, 2000 have been offered to join the MPF or remain under the Group's retirement benefit scheme. The Group and the employees contribute the same amount of 5% of the monthly remunerations up to HK\$1,500 per month to the MPF.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

45. Retirement Benefit Scheme (Continued)

Obligation to pay LSP under Hong Kong Employment Ordinance (Cap. 57)

Hong Kong employees that have been employed continuously for at least five years are entitled to LSP in accordance with the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance under certain circumstances. These circumstances include where an employee is dismissed for reasons other than serious misconduct or redundancy, that employee resigns at the age of 65 or above, or the employment contract is of fixed term and expires without renewal. The amount of LSP payable is determined with reference to the employee's final salary (capped at HK\$22,500) and the years of service, reduced by the amount of any accrued benefits derived from the Group's contributions to MPF scheme (see Note 45(a) to the consolidated financial statements), with an overall cap of HK\$390,000 per employee. Currently, the Group does not have any separate funding arrangement in place to meet its LSP obligation.

In June 2022, the Hong Kong Government gazetted the Amendment Ordinance, which abolishes the use of the accrued benefits derived from employers' mandatory MPF contributions to offset the LSP. The Abolition will officially take effect on the Transition Date (i.e., May 1, 2025). Separately, the Hong Kong Government is also expected to introduce a subsidy scheme to assist employers for a period of 25 years after the Transition Date on the LSP payable by employers up to a certain amount per employee per year.

Under the Amendment Ordinance, the Group's mandatory MPF contributions, plus/minus any positive/negative returns, after the Transition Date can continue to be applied to offset the pre-Transition Date LSP obligation but are not eligible to offset the post-Transition Date LSP obligation. Furthermore, the LSP obligation before the Transition Date will be grandfathered and calculated based on the last monthly wages immediately preceding the Transition Date and the years of service up to that date.

The Group has accounted for the offsetting mechanism and its Abolition as disclosed in Notes 3 and 4 to the consolidated financial statements.

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45.Retirement Benefit Scheme (Continued)

Obligation to pay LSP under Hong Kong Employment Ordinance (Cap. 57) (Continued)

Movements in the present value of unfunded LSP obligation in the current year were as follows:

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Opening unfunded obligation	-	_
Current service cost	1,121	_
Interest cost	35	_
Closing unfunded obligation	1,156	-

The average duration of the benefit obligation at October 31, 2024 is 9 years (2023: nil).

Of the expenses for the year, HK\$1,156,000 (2023: nil) has been included in administrative expenses.

Significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of the LSP obligation are discount rate of 3.0%–3.7% (2023: nil), employee turnover rate of 5.9%–44.6% (2023: nil), annual salary adjustment rate of 4.4%–4.5% (2023: nil) and investment return of 3.0%–3.7% (2023: nil). The sensitivity analysis below have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant.

- If the discount rate is 100 basis points higher (lower), the LSP obligation would decrease by HK\$69,000 (increase by HK\$85,000) (2023: nil).
- If the employee turnover rate is 100 basis points higher (lower), the LSP obligation would decrease by HK\$59,000 (increase by HK\$65,000) (2023: nil).

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the LSP obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

46. Related Party Transactions

In addition to those related party transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, the Group had the following transactions with its associates, joint ventures and related companies during the year:

	Associates HK\$'000	2024 Joint ventures HK\$'000	Related companies HK\$'000	Associates HK\$'000	2023 Joint ventures HK\$'000	Related companies HK\$'000
For the year ended October 31						
Exhibition income	2,647	_	_	4,493	_	_
Sub-contracting fee paid	22,987	-	-	36,234	_	-
Management fee income	4,158	-	-	3,249	_	_
Property rental income	526	-	-	495	-	-
Property rental expenses	-	-	571	-	-	405
Other income	598	-	-	427	-	-
As at October 31						
Receivables	8,353	845	8	25,358	692	522
Payables	4,250	6,539	39	7,077	4,908	34

Note: All transactions were carried out at cost plus a percentage of mark-up.

Compensation of key management personnel (including Executive Directors) of the Group during the year:

	2024 HK\$'000	2023 HK\$'000
Salaries, bonuses, allowances and benefits in kinds	59,852	40,877
Group's contributions to retirements scheme	325	390
Share-based payments	1,426	1,266
	61,603	42,533

For the year ended October 31, 2024

47. Particulars of Principal Subsidiaries

Details of the Company's principal subsidiaries as at October 31, 2024 are as follows:

Name	Principal place of operation/place of incorporation	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital	Proportion of nominal value of issued capital/ registered capital held by the Group	Principal activities
Name	of incorporation	registered capitat	70	rinicipal activities
A.E. Smith Brand Management (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. @	The PRC	US\$2,500,000	100	Visual branding solutions, brand management, design and consultancy services and investment holding
Beijing Action One Communications Co., Ltd. [@]	The PRC	RMB4,931,000	100	Technology solutions for exhibition, event, museum, interior and themed environment
Beijing Pico DesignWorks Co., Ltd. ^π	The PRC	RMB10,000,000	100	Construction, interior design, turnkey services for exhibition, museum, interior, themed environment, image consultancy and project management
Beijing Pico Exhibition Management Co., Ltd. [™]	The PRC	RMB50,000,000	100	Property holding, turnkey services for exhibition, event, museum, interior and themed environment
Beijing Pico Exhibition Services Co., Ltd. [@]	The PRC	US\$1,897,000	100	Investment holding, turnkey services for exhibition, event, museum, interior and themed environment
Camron Public Relations Limited	The United Kingdom	GBP35,000	81.2	Design, lifestyle and business innovation communications agency
Dongguan Pico Exhibition Engineering Co., Limited ®	The PRC	RMB50,000,000	100	Property holding, production of exhibition, event products, museum, themed environment and interior fit-out products
E3 Information Technology Company Limited ^	The PRC	RMB7,000,000	100	Innovative services and disruptive technology
Epicentro Digital Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	Visual content, digital content and digital marketing solutions

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

Name	Principal place of operation/place of incorporation	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital	Proportion of nominal value of issued capital/ registered capital held by the Group %	Principal activities
Fairtrans International Ltd.	Japan	Japanese Yen 10,000,000	100	Freight forwarding, exhibition logistics and transportation services for exhibitors
FUTR World Limited	The United Kingdom	GBP300	100	Organisation and managing exhibition, conferences and events
Global-Link MP Events International Inc.	The Philippines	Philippine Pesos 1,000,000	60	Organisation and managing exhibition, conferences and events; virtual and online solution
GMC Hong Kong Ltd.	Hong Kong	HK\$10	100	Production of exhibition, event, museum, themed environment and interior fit-out products
GMC Interior Decoration L.L.C.	Dubai	AED300,000	100	Property holding
GMC Production Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	100	Organisation and managing exhibition, conferences and events
Guangzhou Pico Exhibition Services Co., Ltd. [@]	The PRC	HK\$12,500,000	100	Turnkey services for exhibition, event, museum, interior and themed environment; virtual and online solution
Guangzhou Pico Plus Services Co., Ltd. #	The PRC	RMB5,000,000	100	Full services of above-the-line engagement, brand marketing, digital and public relations agency; virtual and online solution
Intertrade Lanka Management (Private) Limited	Sri Lanka	Lankan Rupees 8,472,500	100	Design, development, management and operation of exhibition and convention centre
Intertrade (Sri Lanka) Pte Ltd.	Singapore	S\$2	100	Investment holding
Intertrade Services Pte Ltd.	Republic of Seychelles	US\$1	100	Provision of management services for exhibitions and trade fairs and investment holding

For the year ended October 31, 2024

Name	Principal place of operation/place of incorporation	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital	Proportion of nominal value of issued capital/ registered capital held by the Group %	Principal activities
Infinity Marketing Team, LLC	The United States	-	100	Marketing, event and promotion management
Infinity Pico Asia Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	Organisation and managing exhibition, conferences and events
Local Projects, LLC	The United States	-	81.2	Cultural and corporate centre concept, design and production management
MP Congress and Exhibitions Pte Ltd.	Singapore	\$\$100,000	100	Event management services and investment holding
MP International Investments Pte Ltd.	Singapore	\$\$10,000	100	Investment holding
MP International Pte Ltd.	Singapore	\$\$1,500,000	100	Investment holding, management of convention, conference, and management development programme and course
MP Singapore Pte Ltd.	Singapore	S\$1,500,000	100	Management of convention, conference, seminar and exhibition
MTM Choice Holdings LLC	The United States	US\$34,777,498 - Class A US\$10,000 - Class B (Note c)	81.2	Investment holding
Not Ordinary Media, LLC	The United States	-	81.2	Media planning, procurement and optimisation in social video for clients
P3 Hub Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	100	Investment and daily operation
Parico Electrical Engineering Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Malaysian Ringgits 100,000	50 (Note a)	Electrical specialist
Pico Arabia Limited	Saudi Arabia	-	100	Manufacturing, construction, transportation and storage, administration and support service

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

Name	Principal place of operation/place of incorporation	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital	Proportion of nominal value of issued capital/ registered capital held by the Group	Principal activities
Pico Art International Pte Ltd.	Singapore	S\$1,500,000	100	Services to organisers, turnkey services for exhibition, event, museum, interior, themed environment; virtual and online solution and investment holding
Pico Contracts Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$7,600,000	100	Museum and theme park design, construction and decoration; consultancy and project management
Pico Convention and Exhibition Services (Xi'an) Company Limited [®]	The PRC	RMB5,135,130	100	Services to organisers and fabrication of exhibition booths
Pico Global Services Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$100	100	Provision of corporate services and consultancy services
Pico Hanoi Co., Ltd.	Vietnam	US\$50,000	100	Services to organisers, turnkey services for exhibition, event, museum, interior and themed environment; virtual and online solution
Pico Ho Chi Minh City Ltd.	Vietnam	US\$300,000	100	Services to organisers, turnkey services for exhibition, event, museum, interior and themed environment; virtual and online solution
Pico IES Group (China) Co., Ltd. [@]	The PRC	US\$140,000	100	Services to organisers and fabrication of exhibition booths; virtual and online solution
Pico IES Group Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	100	Services to organisers and fabrication of exhibition booths; virtual and online solution
Pico IN-Creative (UK) Ltd.	The United Kingdom	GBP1	100	Turnkey services for exhibition, event, museum, interior and themed environment; virtual and online solution

For the year ended October 31, 2024

Name	Principal place of operation/place of incorporation	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital	Proportion of nominal value of issued capital/ registered capital held by the Group	Principal activities
Pico International (Henan) Exhibition Services Company Limited #	The PRC	RMB5,000,000	60	Turnkey services for exhibition, event, museum, interior and themed environment; virtual and online solution
Pico International (HK) Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2,600,000 - ordinary shares HK\$2,500,000 - non-voting deferred shares (Note b)	100	Services to organisers, turnkey services for exhibition, event, museum, interior and themed environment; virtual and online solution and investment holding
Pico International Interior Fit Out LLC	Dubai	AED300,000	100	Production of exhibition, event products and interior fit-out products
Pico International (M) Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Malaysian Ringgits 1,075,200	50 (Note a)	Services to organisers, turnkey services for exhibition, event, museum, interior and themed environment; virtual and online solution
Pico International (Macao) Limited	Macau	Macau Pataca 25,000	100	Services to organisers, turnkey services for exhibition, event, museum, interior and themed environment; virtual and online solution
Pico International (LA) Inc.	The United States	US\$1,000	100	Turnkey services for exhibition, event, museum, interior and themed environment; virtual and online solution
Pico International (Oman) LLC	Oman	-	100	Organisation and management of events
Pico International (Qatar) WLL	Qatar	Qatari Riyals 200,000	100	Services to organisers, turnkey services for exhibition, event, museum, interior and themed environment; virtual and online solution

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	Principal place of operation/place	Issued and fully paid share capital/	Proportion of nominal value of issued capital/ registered capital held by the Group	
Name	of incorporation	registered capital	%	Principal activities
Pico International Exhibitions & Events Organization LLC	Abu Dhabi	AED200,000	100	Exhibition organisation and management, exhibition installations execution works, event organisation and management
Pico International Exhibition Services Limited	Hong Kong	НК\$100	100	Services to organisers, turnkey services for exhibition, event, museum, interior and themed environment; virtual and online solution
Pico International LLC (DMCC Branch)	Dubai	-	100	Services to organisers, turnkey services for exhibition, event, museum, interior and themed environment; virtual and online solution
Pico International Ltd.	Japan	Japanese Yen 10,000,000	100	Turnkey services for exhibition, event, museum, interior and themed environment; virtual and online solution
Pico International Taiwan Ltd.	Taiwan	New Taiwan Dollars 20,000,000	100	Services to organisers, turnkey services for exhibition, event, museum, interior and themed environment; virtual and online solution
Pico Investments BVI Ltd. (Note d)	British Virgin Islands	US\$316	100	Investment holding
Pico Myanmar Company Limited	Myanmar	US\$50,000	100	Services to organisers, turnkey services for exhibition, event, museum, interior and themed environment; virtual and online solution
Pico Korea Co., Ltd. (f.k.a. Pico North Asia Ltd.)	Korea	Korean Won 200,000,000	99.3	Services to organisers, turnkey services for exhibition, event, museum, interior and themed environment; virtual and online solution

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Name	Principal place of operation/place of incorporation	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital	Proportion of nominal value of issued capital/ registered capital held by the Group	Principal activities
Pico Play Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Malaysian Ringgits 500,000	55	Organisation, promotion and management of events and other consultancy activities
Pico Play Pte Ltd.	Singapore	S\$100,000	55	Design consultancy, project management and thematic construction services
Pico Play Pty Ltd.	Australia	AUD1,000	55	Design consultancy, project management and thematic construction services
Pico Production LLC	Dubai	-	100	Production of exhibition, event products and interior fit-out products
Pico Pro International Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	100	Exhibition organising and event management; virtual and online solution and investment holding
Pico Pro Pte Ltd.	Singapore	S\$10,000	100	Event organiser, show organisation and event creation
Pico Projects (International) Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$100	100	Interior design and renovation, exhibition and event fabrication; venue overlay and project management
Pico-Sanderson JV Pte Ltd.	Singapore	S\$1,000,000	100	Themed design, construction and project management services
Pico Services Mumbai Private Limited	India	India Rupee 29,894,130	100	Turnkey services for exhibition, event, museum, interior and themed environment
Pico TBA Consulting Group (Beijing) Limited [®]	The PRC	RMB5,000,000	100	Full services of brand marketing, digital and creative agency
Pico TBA Consulting Group (Shanghai) Limited [@]	The PRC	RMB5,000,000	100	Full services of brand marketing, digital and creative agency
Pico Venture Pte Ltd.	Singapore	S\$400,000	100	Investment holding

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

Name	Principal place of operation/place of incorporation	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital	Proportion of nominal value of issued capital/ registered capital held by the Group	Principal activities
Pico Venue Services Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	Investment holding
Pico World (Singapore) Pte Ltd.	Singapore	\$\$500,000	100	Exhibition design and fabrication, event and promotion
PT Pico TBA	Indonesia	Indonesian Rupiahs 3,000,000,000	100	Full services of brand marketing, digital and creative agency
Pudong Pico Exhibition Producer Co., Ltd. [@]	The PRC	RMB893,256	100	Production of exhibition, event, museum, themed environment and interior fit-out products
Seed Communications LLC d/b/a Sub Rosa	The United States	-	81.2	Cultural intelligence and social listening
Shanghai Pico Exhibition Management Co., Ltd. [™]	The PRC	RMB7,000,000	100	Brand strategy and design, services to organisers, turnkey services for exhibition, event, museum, interior and themed environment; virtual and online solution
Shanghai Pico Exhibition Services Co., Ltd. [@]	The PRC	US\$848,000	100	Services to organisers, turnkey services for exhibition, event, museum, interior and themed environment; virtual and online solution
Shanghai Pico Management Company Limited [@]	The PRC	US\$10,000,000	100	Property and investment holding
Shanghai Pico Plus Marketing Consulting Ltd. [@]	The PRC	US\$647,000	92.5	Above-the-line engagement marketing, brand strategy and public relations
Shanghai Pixels Information Technology Co., Ltd. ^π	The PRC	RMB5,000,000	100	Design and technology solutions for interactive experience
Shenzhen Pico Exhibition Services Co., Ltd. [®]	The PRC	HK\$4,000,000	100	Services to organiser, turnkey services for exhibition, event, museum, interior and themed environment; virtual and online solution

For the year ended October 31, 2024

Name	Principal place of operation/place of incorporation	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital	Proportion of nominal value of issued capital/ registered capital held by the Group %	Principal activities
Shenzhen Pico Plus Services Company Limited ^π	The PRC	RMB6,000,000	100	Full services of above-the-line engagement, brand marketing, digital and public relations agency
TBA (Indonesia) Pte Ltd.	Singapore	S\$2	100	Full services of brand marketing, digital and creative agency and investment holding
Tianjin Pico Exhibition Management Co., Ltd ^π	The PRC	RMB1,800,000	100	Operation and management of exhibition and convention centre, and exhibition services
Tinsel Limited (Note d)	British Virgin Islands	US\$10	100	Investment holding
Total Brand Activation Hong Kong Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	Full services of brand marketing, digital and creative agency
Total Brand Activation QFZ LLC	Qatar	Qatari Riyals 200,000	100	Full services of brand marketing
World Image International Ltd.	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	100	Visual branding solutions, brand management, design and consultancy services and investment holding
World Image Plus Pte Ltd.	Singapore	S\$1	100	Visual branding solutions, brand management, design and consultancy services
World Image (China) Company Ltd. [©]	The PRC	US\$140,000	100	Visual branding solutions, brand management, design and consultancy services and investment holding
Yangon Convention Centre Ltd.	Myanmar	US\$50,000	100	Property holding, operation of exhibition and convention centre
Zhuhai Pico Construction Design Company Limited ^π	The PRC	-	100	Interior decoration, exhibition and events construction

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

47. Particulars of Principal Subsidiaries (Continued)

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the Directors, principally affected the results of the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the Directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

- These subsidiaries are registered as wholly-owned foreign enterprise under the PRC law.
- * These subsidiaries are Sino-foreign equity joint ventures.
- [^] These subsidiaries are registered in the PRC as co-operative liability companies.
- ^π These subsidiaries are registered in the PRC with limited liability.

Notes:

- (a) These companies are deemed to be subsidiaries of the Company as the Company controls the composition of the board of directors
- (b) The deferred shares, which are not held by the Group, practically carry no rights to dividends or to receive notice of or to attend or vote at any general meeting of the subsidiary or to participate in any distribution on winding up. The subsidiary had been granted an option by the holders of the deferred shares to acquire these shares at a nominal amount.
- (c) The Group holds part of the Class A units of the subsidiary, which have the rights to control and manage the subsidiary. Under the conditions and terms pursuant to the agreement, distributions will be made to Class A unit members until equal to their capital contribution and a specified cumulative return. Distributions will then be made to Class B unit members, which are held by non-controlling interests and do not have the right to control the subsidiary. The remaining distributions will be made to Class A and B unit members in proportions of 80% and 20% respectively.
- (d) Except for Tinsel Limited and Pico Investments BVI Ltd., all other subsidiaries are indirectly held by the Company.

47. Particulars of Principal Subsidiaries (Continued)

The following table shows information on the subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests material to the Group. The summarised financial information represents amounts before inter-company eliminations.

Name Principal place of business	and its subsidi The United St	MTM Choice Holdings LLC and its subsidiaries The United States 2024 2023		
	2024	2023		
Percentage of ownership interests/ voting rights held by non-controlling interests	18.8%/ 18.8%	21.7%/ 21.7%		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
At October 31 Non-current assets Current assets Non-current liabilities Current liabilities	244,257 87,401 (189,956) (79,776)	274,151 82,240 (196,985) (60,141)		
Net assets	61,926	99,265		
Accumulated non-controlling interests	11,661	21,543		
Year ended October 31 Revenue	362,320	297,722		
Loss for the year	(38,392)	(73,060)		
Total comprehensive expenses	(38,392)	(73,060)		
Loss allocated to non-controlling interests	(6,156)	(15,780)		
Dividend distribution to non-controlling interests	_	-		
Net cash generated from operating activities Net cash used in investing activities Net cash used in financing activities	4,198 (3,918) (11,887)	8,724 (11,110) (15,169)		
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(11,607)	(17,555)		

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended October 31, 2024

48. Particulars of Principal Associates

Details of the Group's principal associates as at October 31, 2024 are as follows:

Name	Principal place of operation/place of incorporation	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital	Attributable equitable interest of the Group %	Principal activities
alpha Re: design (Note c)	The PRC	RMB1,000,000	40	Industrial, animation, professional, booth, construction design and brand marketing
Arina International Holding Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	\$\$300,000	30	Contractors for exhibitions and event promotions and the provision of project management services
Global Spectrum Pico Holdings Pte Ltd.	Singapore	S\$100	35	Investment holding
Global Spectrum Pico Pte Ltd.	Singapore	S\$100,000	35	Business management and consultancy services
International Furniture Fair Singapore Pte Ltd.	Singapore	S\$100,000	40	Exhibition organiser
J&P Sports Culture Communication Shanghai Company Limited (Note a)	The PRC	RMB10,000,000	49	Turnkey services for exhibition, event, museum, interior and themed environment
O4X Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	\$\$100,000	30	Interior renovation, design and consultancy services
Pico Australia Pty Ltd.	Australia	AUD100	49	Turnkey services for exhibition, event, museum, interior and themed environment; virtual and online solution
Pico (Thailand) Public Company Limited	Thailand	Baht 215,294,559 - ordinary shares Baht 330,000 - preferred shares	48.7	Services to organiser, turnkey services for exhibition, event, museum, interior and themed environment; virtual and online solution
Shanghai Yaoland Network Information Technology Co., Ltd (<i>Note c</i>)	The PRC	RMB1,552,796	17.8	Internet information and gaming service
The O4 Company Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	\$\$99,999	30	Providing management consultancy services and creation of intellectual property in the areas of experiential events and content
Xi'an Greenland Pico Int'l Convention and Exhibition Co. Ltd. (<i>Note b</i>)	The PRC	RMB125,000,000	30	Management and leasing of exhibition halls including organising of exhibitions and events

For the year ended October 31, 2024

48. Particulars of Principal Associates (Continued)

The above table lists the associates of the Group which, in the opinion of the Directors, principally affected the results of the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other associates would, in the opinion of the Directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

Notes:

- (a) This associate is registered in the PRC as a co-operative liability company.
- (b) This associate is a Sino-foreign equity joint venture.
- (c) These associates are registered in the PRC with limited liability. Although the Group holds less than 20% of the voting power of Shanghai Yaoland, the Group exercises significant influence over Shanghai Yaoland because the Group is entitled to appoint one director out of the five directors of Shanghai Yaoland, and requiring two-thirds majority vote of the board.

49. Particulars of Principal Joint Ventures

Details of the Group's principal joint ventures as at October 31, 2024 are as follows:

Name	Principal place of operation/place of incorporation	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital	Attributable equitable interest of the Group %	Principal activities
Kenes MP Asia Pte Ltd.	Singapore	\$\$100,000	45	Managing exhibitions and conferences in medical and scientific industries
Karnival TP-AXC Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands	US\$5	20	Investment holding
Karnival TP-AXC Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	20	Develop, operate and manage the amusement centre

The above table lists the joint ventures of the Group which, in the opinion of the Directors, principally affected the results of the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other joint ventures would, in the opinion of the Directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

Summary of Principal Investment Properties

The following is a list of the Group's principal investment properties as at October 31, 2024:

Location	Lease term	Purpose	Gross area (square meter)
Investment properties in Hong Kong			
Workshops 11 and 12 on 10th Floor of Block B New Trade Plaza No. 6 On Ping Street Shatin, New Territories Hong Kong	Medium	Commercial	287.72
Investment properties in the PRC			
Unit No. 27F on Level 27 and Car Parking Space No. 59 on Level 2 of Block 2 Jinming Mansion No. 8 Zunyi South Road Hongqiao District Shanghai, the PRC	Medium	Residential	157.10
Unit No. 11E on Level 11 and Car Parking Space No. 15 on Ground Floor of Block 2 Jinming Mansion No. 8 Zunyi South Road Hongqiao District Shanghai, the PRC	Medium	Residential	200.50
Unit No. 11F on Level 11 and Car Parking Space No. 67 on Level 2 of Block 2 Jinming Mansion No. 8 Zunyi South Road Hongqiao District Shanghai, the PRC	Medium	Residential	157.10
Unit D2-1701 on Level 17 Piaoliang Sunshine Square No. 68 Anli Road Chaoyang District Beijing, the PRC	Medium	Residential	136.41
Units D2-1702 on Level 17 Piaoliang Sunshine Square No. 68 Anli Road Chaoyang District Beijing, the PRC	Medium	Residential	133.97

Summary of Principal Investment Properties

Location	Lease term	Purpose	Gross area (square meter)
Investment properties in the PRC (Cont	inued)		
Unit 1214 on Level 12 of Block J Huiyuan Apartment No. 8 Beichen East Road Chaoyang District Beijing, the PRC	Medium	Residential	107.92
Units 1002A, 1003 and 1004 on Level 10 Excellence Times Square No. 4068 Yitian Road Futian District Shenzhen Guangdong Province, the PRC	Medium	Commercial	416.00
Units 1005 to 1009 on Level 10 Excellence Times Square No. 4068 Yitian Road Futian District Shenzhen Guangdong Province, the PRC	Medium	Commercial	640.45
Units 1013 to 1024 on Level 10 Poly Plaza Clover No. 406-2 Huasui Road Tianhe District Guangzhou City Guangdong Province, the PRC	Medium	Commercial	1,188.04
Factory Nos. 1 and 2 (registered as Block Nos. 4 and 5) and Levels 1 and 2 of the R&D Building at No. 99 in 4499 Nong of Cao'an Road Jiading District Shanghai, the PRC	Medium	Industrial	22,975.39

Corporate Information

Honorary Chairman

Chia Siong Lim

Board of Directors

Executive directors

Lawrence Chia Song Huat (Chairman) (Chairman of the Nomination Committee and Member of the Remuneration Committee) Jean Chia Yuan Jiun Mok Pui Keung

Independent non-executive directors

Gregory Robert Scott Crichton
(Chairman of the Remuneration Committee and
Member of the Audit Committee)

James Patrick Cunningham
(Member of the Audit Committee, Remuneration
Committee and Nomination Committee)

Kenneth Kent Ho

(Member of the Audit Committee and Nomination Committee)

Frank Lee Kee Wai

(Member of the Audit Committee)

Charlie Yucheng Shi

(Chairman of the Audit Committee and

(Chairman of the Audit Committee and Member of the Nomination Committee)

Company Secretary

Leung Hoi Yan (CPA, ACG, HKACG, FCA, FCCA)

Auditor

RSM Hong Kong Certified Public Accountants Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor

Principal Bankers

Bank of Communications Co., Ltd. Hong Kong Branch Citibank, N.A. Development Bank of Singapore OCBC Bank (Hong Kong) Limited The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Standard Chartered Bank United Overseas Bank China Merchants Bank

Corporate Office

Pico House 4 Dai Fu Street Tai Po Industrial Estate New Territories Hong Kong

Registered Office

P. O. Box 309 Ugland House Grand Cayman KY1-1104 Cayman Islands

Principal Share Registrars and Transfer Office

The R&H Trust Co Ltd Windward 1 Regatta Office Park P. O. Box 897 Grand Cayman KY1-1103 Cayman Islands

Hong Kong Share Registrars and Transfer Office

Union Registrars Limited
Suites 3301–04
33/F, Two Chinachem Exchange Square
338 King's Road
North Point
Hong Kong

Corporate Website

www.pico.com

Corporate Calendar

Annual General Meeting
Payment of Final and Special Dividends
Announcement of Interim Results
Announcement of Final Results

March 21, 2025 May 21, 2025 June 2025 January 2026



迎變而上 reimagine. reinvigorate. reinvent.

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