^{年度報告} Annual Report

Hung Hing Printing Group Limited 鴻興印刷集團有限公司 Stock Code 股份代號: 450









Contents 目錄

OVERVIEW 概覽

Corporate Profile 公司簡介	03
Corporate Information 公司資料	04
Facilities 生產基地	05
Financial Highlights 財務摘要	06
CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告	07
BUSINESS REVIEW 業務回顧	
Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析	13
Business Unit Report 部門業績報告	17
GOVERNANCE 管治	
Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告	22
Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告	36
Report of the Directors 董事會報告	38
FINANCIALS 財務	
Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告	62
Consolidated Income Statement 綜合收益表	69
Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income 綜合全面收益表	70
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表	71
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表	73
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表	75
Notes to the Financial Statements 財務報表附註	77





Corporate Profile 公司簡介



The Hung Hing Printing Group, listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, is a major global player in book and package printing, consumer product packaging production, corrugated box manufacturing, paper trading, and design innovation in these areas.

在香港聯合交易所上市的鴻興印刷集團有限公司,是全球知名 的印刷商,於書籍及包裝印刷、消費品包裝、瓦通紙箱生產、 紙張貿易及設計創新印刷品方面建立了具規模的業務。

Having produced tailor-made printing solutions for clients around the world for more than 75 years, Hung Hing has a heritage of excellence built on a foundation of craftsmanship and innovation.

Headquartered at the Tai Po Industrial Estate in Hong Kong, China, we have seven manufacturing facilities, including one in Hong Kong, five in mainland China (Shenzhen, Zhongshan, Heshan and Foshan in the Guangdong province and Wuxi, in Jiangsu) and one in Hanoi, Vietnam. The Group's total production floor space spans over 600,000 square meters, with a workforce of around 5,000 in Hong Kong, mainland China and Vietnam.

To grow the business, Hung Hing focuses on building strong partnership, and driving business innovation, and creating sustainable printed products and solutions for clients covering leading local and multinational corporations worldwide. Through its design hub Beluga and investments in new development opportunities, the Group is also pioneering new capabilities including digital+print products to help drive innovation. In addition, building on its years of experience in producing children's books, Hung Hing expands its portfolio around children's education. It includes the Yum Me Play experience platform that provides a variety of workshops and learning experiences, STEM Plus that delivers STEM and Al educational programmes, and Active Minds that distributes children's books.

Hung Hing's financial objective is to deliver consistent returns and long-term growth to shareholders from a leading position in its industry. The strategy to achieve this involves resilience and long-term commitment in fixed and human assets, and an unwavering focus on quality, efficiency and customer service. 鴻興成立75多年來,以精湛的製作工藝和創新思 維,為全球客戶提供度身訂造的印刷方案,在業 內享有長久信譽。

集團總部設於中國香港大埔工業村,在亞洲7個地 方設有廠房,除香港以外,分別位於廣東省的深 圳、中山、鶴山和佛山,江蘇省的無錫,以及越 南河內。集團的廠房總面積超過60萬平方米,於 香港、中國內地和越南共僱用員工約5,000名。

在發展業務方面,集團秉承業務創新的精神,致 力與合作夥伴實現雙贏,為本地及全球的跨國企 業創造可持續的印刷產品及解決方案。另外,我 們積極發掘新的投資機會引進新思維和技術,配 合我們的創新設計中心Beluga,為客戶提供嶄新 意念和產品,包括一系列「數碼+印刷」產品。除 此之外,憑藉鴻興多年在印製兒童書籍的經驗, 開發了與兒童教育有關的業務,例如專為兒童而 設的Yum Me Play體驗式學習平台、提供STEM 及人工智能教育方案的STEM Plus、及分銷兒童 圖書的Active Minds等。

鴻興的財務目標,是為股東帶來穩健和長期的回 報。為此,集團透過靈活調適的策略,長遠的人 力資源培訓及固定資產投資,不斷提高營運效率 及質素,務求為客戶提供優秀服務。

Corporate Information 公司資料

Executive Directors

Yum Chak Ming, Matthew, Executive Chairman Yum Christopher Carson

執行董事

任澤明,執行主席 任加信

Non-Executive Directors

Aki Tsuge Yam Hon Ming, Tommy (Yum Nicholas Kevin as his alternate)

非執行董事

堀博史 柴崎仁 柘植晶 任漢明(任加恒為其 替任董事)

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Lo Chi Hong Luk Koon Hoo

Hirofumi Hori

Hitoshi Shibasaki

Tan Chuen Yan, Paul

Company Secretary

Shek Kwok Man

Legal Advisor

Fangda Partners

Registered Office

Hung Hing Printing Centre, 17–19 Dai Hei Street, Tai Po Industrial Estate, New Territories, Hong Kong Tel: (852) 2664 8682 Fax: (852) 2664 2070 E-mail: info@hunghingprinting.com

Principal Bankers

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Hang Seng Bank Limited MUFG Bank, Ltd. BNP Paribas

Auditor

KPMG Certified Public Accountants Public Interest Entity Auditor registered in accordance with the Accounting and Financial Reporting Council Ordinance

Share Registrar

Tricor Investor Services Limited 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong

獨立非執行董事

羅志雄 陸觀豪 陳傳仁

公司秘書

石國文

法律顧問

方達律師事務所

註冊辦事處

香港新界大埔工業村大喜街17至19號 鴻興包装印刷中心 電話:(852)26648682 傳真:(852)26642070 電郵:info@hunghingprinting.com

主要往來銀行

香港上海滙豐銀行 有限公司 恒生銀行有限公司 三菱UFJ銀行 法國巴黎銀行

核數師

畢馬威會計師事務所 執業會計師 於《會計及財務匯報局條例》下的 註冊公眾利益實體核數師

股份過戶登記處

卓佳證券登記有限公司 香港夏愨道16號遠東金融中心17樓



Hong Kong, China 中國香港 1950

- Relocated to Tai Po Industrial Estate in 1989. 於1989年遷至香港大埔工業村。
- Corporate headquarters. 公司總部。
- 2 production lines for conventional books printing, suitable for printing of sensitive materials.
 2條生產線用於傳統書籍印刷,適用於特定內容的書籍印刷。
- 250 full time staff/workers.
 全職員工250人。

Zhongshan 中山 1993

- Printing and manufacturing of folding cartons, litho lam and corrugated containers. 彩盒、彩印裱紙、瓦通紙*箱的印刷和生產
- Awarded ISO9001; ISO14001 & BRCGS certifications. 獲得ISO9001; ISO14001及 BRCGS 認證。
- 480 full time workers.
 全職員工480人。

Shenzhen 深圳 1994

- Printing and manufacturing of folding cartons, children's book, conventional books, litho lam and corrugated containers.
 彩盒、兒童書、傳統書、彩印裱紙、瓦通紙箱的印刷和生產。
- Awarded ISO9001; ISO14001; ISO50001 & ICTI-ESCP certifications. 獲得ISO9001; ISO14001; ISO50001及ICTI-ESCP認證。
- 1,500-2,000 full time workers of which 400-1,200 hand assembled related.
 全職員工1,500-2,000人,其中400-1,200人為手工技術工人。

Shunde, Foshan 順德佛山 1998

- Printing and manufacturing of folding cartons, litho lam and corrugated containers. 彩盒、彩印裱紙、瓦通紙箱的印刷和生產。
- Acquired in 2018 to achieve multi-locations network producing high quality corrugated products.
 - 於2018年收購以達致多點佈局生產優質瓦通紙品。
- Awarded ISO9001; ISO14001 certifications. 獲得ISO9001, ISO14001 認證。
- 250 full time workers.
 全職員工250人。
- * 瓦通紙又稱瓦楞紙

Wuxi 無錫 2003

- Printing and manufacturing of folding cartons, litho lam and corrugated containers. 彩盒、彩印裱紙、瓦通紙箱的印刷和生產。
- Awarded ISO9001; ISO14001 & BRCGS certifications. 獲得ISO9001; ISO14001及 BRCGS 認證。
- 250-350 full time workers of which 100-150 hand assembled related.
 全職員工250-350人,其中100-150人為手工技術工人。

Heshan 鶴山 2007

- Established in 2007 for printing children's and conventional books.
 於2007年建立了兒童讀物與傳統書的印刷設施。
- Awarded ISO9001; ISO14001 & ICTI-ESCP certifications. 獲得ISO9001; ISO14001及 ICTI-ESCP 認證。
- 1,600-2,200 full time workers of which 500-1,200 hand assembled related.
 全職員工1,600-2,200人,其中500-1,200人為手工技術工人。

Vietnam 越南 2019

- Awarded ISO9001; ISO14001 & ICTI-ESCP certifications. 獲得ISO9001; ISO14001及ICTI-ESCP認證。
- Vietnam operation started in Q4 2019.
 越南廠房於2019年第四季投產。
- 500-700 full time workers. 全職員工500-700人。



Financial Highlights 財務摘要

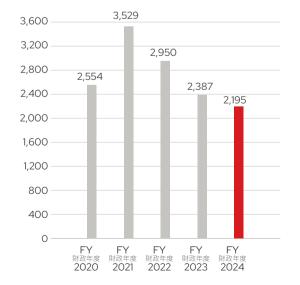
Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度		2024 二零二四 HK\$′000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Revenue	營業額	2,194,763	2,386,862
(Loss)/Profit for the Year	本年度(虧損)/溢利	(51,787)	131,268
(Loss)/Profit Attributable to Equity	本公司權益持有人		
Shareholders of the Company	應佔(虧損)/溢利	(43,364)	135,155
Basic (Loss)/Earnings per Share (HK cents)	每股基本(虧損)/盈利(港仙)	(4.8)	15.0
Dividends per Share (HK cents)	每股股息(港仙)		
 Interim Dividend 	◆ 中期股息	4	4
 Final Dividend 	◆ 末期股息	4	4
 Special Dividend 	◆ 特別股息	5	5
		13	13

At 31 December 十二月三十一日		2024 二零二四 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2023 二零二三 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Property, Plant and Equipment	物業、廠房及設備	1,415,823	1,482,133
Net Current Assets	流動資產淨值	1,473,974	1,591,187
Total Assets	總資產	3,435,577	3,811,213
Equity Attributable to Equity Shareholders	本公司權益持有人		
of the Company	應佔權益	2,842,247	3,046,006

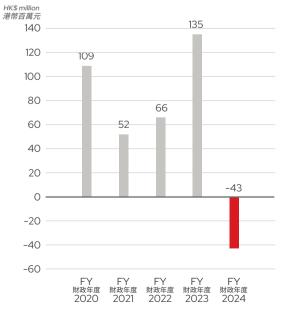
Revenue



HK\$ million 港幣百萬元



Profit/(Loss) Attributable to Equity Shareholders of the Company 本公司權益持有人應佔溢利/(虧損)



CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告

" Over the past 75 years, we have transformed from a modest printing factory into a dynamic company with diversified businesses covering printing, paper art, and education. This spirit of innovation and exploration is in our DNA, and we remain steadfast in embracing new opportunities as we continue to thrive."

「過去 75 年來,我們從一家普通印刷廠轉型為 充滿活力且業務多元化的企業集團,涉及印刷、 紙藝及教育等領域。這種創新探索的精神根植 於我們的基因中,在持續發展的同時,我們將 堅定不移地把握新機遇。」

> Matthew Yum Chak Ming, Executive Chairman 任澤明先生 執行主席



Full Year Results

In 2024, Hung Hing Printing Group continued to face a complex and uncertain environment shaped by global economic volatility, geopolitical tensions, and evolving industry dynamics. We have taken proactive steps to adapt to these challenges by focusing on operational efficiency, cost optimisation and innovation which helped us navigate the current environment. Despite a decline in revenue under intense competitive pressure, business activities such as volumes were upheld compared with last year, demonstrating our commitment to serving well our clients and adapting to market conditions. This resilience is a testament to our strong relationships and our reputation for quality service.

In the context of a challenging external environment and the absence of any one-off profit items attributable to equity shareholders, such as the profit from the land resumption in Wuxi recorded in the previous financial year, Hung Hing Printing Group reported a loss of HK\$43 million attributable to equity shareholders for the year (2023: a profit of HK\$135 million). Revenue declined by 8%, bringing our total revenue to HK\$2,195 million.

Dividends

In view of the Group's strong cash position, and in line with our dividend policy that aims to maximise shareholder returns, the Board of Directors has recommended a special dividend of HK5 cents per share and a final dividend of HK4 cents per share, payable on 20 June 2025 to shareholders whose names appeared on the Register of Members of the Company as of 5 June 2025. Including the interim dividend of HK4 cents per share, total dividend for the year stands at HK13 cents per share (2023: HK13 cents per share).

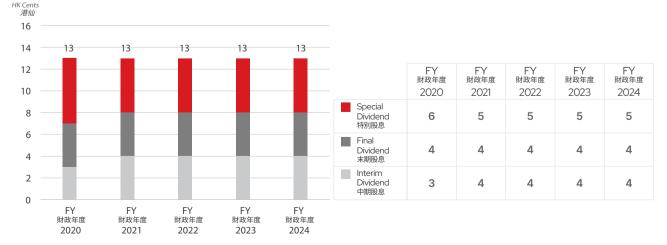
全年業績

在2024年, 鴻興印刷集團繼續面臨由全球經濟波 動、地緣政治局勢緊張以及行業演變所引致的複 雜及不確定環境。我們已採取積極措施來應對這 些挑戰,透過提升營運效率、成本優化和創新, 讓我們在當前環境中穩步前行。儘管在激烈的競 爭壓力下銷售額下降,但業務活動(如銷量)與去 年持平,這顯示我們致力為客戶提供優質服務並 適應市場條件的承諾。這種應變力證明了我們與 客戶之間的牢固關係,以及我們在優質服務方面 的聲譽。

在外部環境充滿挑戰且缺乏任何一次性收益項目 (例如上一財年錄得的無錫土地徵收收益)的情 況下,鴻興印刷集團錄得本年度歸屬於股東的虧 損為港幣4,300萬元(2023年:溢利港幣1.35億 元)。銷售額下降8%,總營業額為港幣21.95 億元。

股息

鑑於集團現金充裕,並配合我們一貫以來致力提 升股東回報的股息政策,董事會建議派發特別股 息每股港幣5仙,及末期股息每股港幣4仙,將 於2025年6月20日派發予於2025年6月5日名列 本公司股東名冊上的股東。上述股息連同中期 股息每股港幣4仙,全年股息共計每股港幣13仙 (2023年:每股港幣13仙)。



Dividends per Share

Broadening Market Footprint

Hung Hing is dedicated to enhancing our business through continuous innovation and expanding our market presence. In the face of a challenging macroeconomic environment, we diligently assess the on-going changing market landscape to identify and explore new market opportunities for growth.

In established markets where we have existing investments, we will strive to expand our market footprint by either increasing our investment to meet growing sophistication in market demand or by introducing more innovative products and value-added services. For instance, in Vietnam, the construction of our second plant is progressing as planned. Once completed, this facility will enable us to meet the growing local and export market demand.

In developing markets where our presence is barely significant, we will strive to identify emerging market segments with significant growth potential and actively explore opportunities.

Planning for the Future

This year marks the 75th anniversary of Hung Hing. We believe that talent development is essential for achieving sustained business success as we progress. Over the decades, Hung Hing has cultivated a team of highly skilled printing professionals proficient in all facets of printing operations. By fostering seamless collaboration between the experienced and younger professionals, we promote knowledge sharing and the exchange of innovative ideas, ensuring our brand remains dynamic and vibrant.

擴大市場覆蓋範圍

鴻興致力通過持續創新及擴大市場覆蓋範圍來提 升我們的業務。面對充滿挑戰的宏觀經濟環境, 我們認真評估不斷變化的市場格局,以識別和探 索新的市場增長機遇。

在我們已有投資的成熟市場中,我們將通過加大 投資以應對市場需求日益複雜化的趨勢,或推 出更多創新產品和增值服務,努力擴展市場覆蓋 範圍。例如,我們在越南正按計劃興建第二家工 廠。工程完成後,該設施可讓我們滿足當地及出 口市場日益增長的需求。

在我們尚未著力發展的市場中,我們將努力識別 具顯著增長潛力的新興市場領域,並積極探索相 關機遇。

規劃未來

今年是鴻興集團成立75週年。我們相信培育人 才是實現持續業務成功的關鍵。在過去的幾十年 間,鴻興培養了一支在印刷業務各個方面皆非常 熟練的專業團隊。通過促進資深的專業人員與年 輕一代之間的無縫合作,我們推動知識共享和創 新思維的交流,確保我們的品牌保持活力和生機。





The industry is facing mounting pressure to comply with environmental regulations aimed at promoting sustainability to address global climate change concerns. These regulations may require breakthroughs in eco-friendly materials and practices, influencing operational efficiency and compelling businesses to innovate continuously. Most of our plants have installed solar panels. We are committed to implementing additional initiatives to achieve our net carbon zero objective by 2050. For instance, we are reviewing our key materials usage and how we might introduce processes to minimise overall consumption and reduce wastage.

Outlook

Although the US-China trade war and the subsequent tariffs issue will have far-reaching implications to our business, our Group is well prepared and equipped with sufficient agility to manage our operations effectively. Having operated in mainland China for years, we are well positioned to grow our business further in domestic market. The construction of our second site in Vietnam, HHD Thai Ha, is advancing on schedule, with the first phase expected to be completed by mid-2025. Leveraging on Vietnam's economic growth potential, we anticipate that this new facility will effectively cater to both local and export markets, particularly for clients seeking additional production options amid the ongoing US-China trade tensions. Additionally, we are actively establishing a publishing printing function in Vietnam to enhance our business portfolio and expand our service offerings.

While we continue to drive business growth in our core businesses, diversification remains a crucial focus for achieving business sustainability. STEM PLUS will continue to enhance its placement service in the education sector, capitalising on the strong demand from parents seeking first-hand information on school admission process and convenient access to interviews for their children. By leveraging its event-based growth strategy, it is actively building collaborations with overseas government agencies to help promote STEM education in their local markets. This multi-pronged approach will enable STEM PLUS to better serve families and educational institutions worldwide, further solidifying its position as a leading provider of STEM-focused educational solutions. Meanwhile, Active Minds Ltd (AML), a retail subsidiary of STEM PLUS, will continue to improve its digital store to expand its sales channels and further embrace its target audience.

氣候變化引起全球關注,各地政府推出各項與環 境相關的法規以促進可持續發展,業界為要符合 有關法規而面臨巨大壓力。這些法規可能需要在 使用環保材料和實踐方面取得突破,對營運效率 有所影響,更促使企業不斷創新。鴻興大部分工 廠已安裝太陽能板。我們致力實施更多舉措,以 實現在2050年達致碳中和的目標。例如:我們正 在檢視各主要材料的使用情況,並研究如何引入 流程以降低整體物料消耗及減少浪費。

展望

儘管中美貿易戰及隨後的關稅問題將對我們的業 務產生深遠影響,但集團已做好充分準備,並具 備足夠的靈活性來有效管理營運。憑藉在中國內 地多年的營運經驗,我們已做好進一步拓展國內 市場的準備。我們在越南的第二個工廠HHD Thai Ha的建設正按計劃進行,第一階段預計於2025 年中旬完成。借助越南的經濟增長潛力,我們預 計這一新設施將有效滿足當地及出口市場的需 求,特別是為那些在中美貿易緊張局勢下尋求額 外生產基地的客戶提供服務。此外,我們還在越 南積極建立出版印刷功能,以增強業務組合並擴 大服務範圍。

在我們繼續推動核心業務增長的同時,多元化仍 然是實現業務可持續發展的關鍵。鑑於家長渴求 取得學校入學流程的第一手資訊,並為子女獲取 便捷面試機會有熱切需求,STEM PLUS將繼續 加強其在教育相關領域的升學諮詢服務。通過利 用其以活動為基礎的增長策略,STEM PLUS正 積極與海外政府機構建立合作關係,幫助當地市 場推廣STEM教育。這種多管齊下的方法讓STEM PLUS能夠更好地服務全球家庭和教育機構,進一 步鞏固其作為STEM教育解決方案領先供應商的 地位。與此同時,STEM PLUS負責書籍分銷業務 的子公司躍思有限公司(簡稱「躍思」)將繼續提升 其數碼商店以擴大銷售渠道,進一步吸引目標受 眾。 The integration of artificial intelligence (AI) in the printing industry has fundamentally transformed our business operations in recent years. As technology continues to advance, we are committed to expanding its applications across strategic areas including product design and internal process standardisation. Trainings are provided to our staff members to ensure they have the skills necessary to master this new technology and enhance their efficiency. We endeavour to leverage improved AI functionalities to further reshape production efficiency by optimising job scheduling, resource allocation and inventory management.

As we reflect on the past 75 years, we have transformed from a modest printing factory focused solely on stationery and office supplies into a dynamic and diversified printing group. This spirit of innovation and exploration is deeply ingrained in our DNA, and we remain steadfast in our commitment to embracing new opportunities as we approach the remaining quarter of our first century. We extend our heartfelt gratitude to our dedicated colleagues and valued business partners for their unwavering support and hard work throughout this journey. Together, we look forward to building an even brighter future. 近年來,人工智能(AI)在印刷業的應用將會改變 了我們的業務營運。隨著AI技術不斷進步,我們 致力將其應用擴展至產品設計和內部流程標準化 等戰略領域。我們為員工提供培訓,以確保他們 具備有關技能以掌握這項新科技,使工作更有效 率。我們努力利用不斷提升的AI功能,通過優化 作業調度、資源分配和庫存管理,重塑營運效率。

在回顧過去的75年,我們從一家專注於印製文具 和辦公用品的普通印刷廠,轉型為一個充滿活力 且業務多元化的印刷集團。這種創新和探索的精 神深深植根於我們的基因中。在邁向集團發展第 一個世紀的最後25年之際,我們依然堅定不移地 致力於擁抱新機遇。在此,我衷心感謝我們敬業 的同事和寶貴的商業夥伴在這段旅程中給予的辛 勤付出和堅定支持。讓我們期待攜手共創更光明 的未來。

BUSINESS REVIEW 業務回顧



Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

Globally, consumers and producers continued to feel the pressure of high costs, despite an easing in inflation toward the end of 2024. Customers remained cautious in placing orders as new risks emerged, particularly due to ongoing geopolitical tensions which pushed up the logistic costs for exports. During the period under review, there was speculation about the impact on how the Trump administration might reshape the global economic landscape. China, the world's second-largest economy, experienced pressure to grow in 2024. Economic involution intensified market competition across the industry, prompting printing manufacturers to rationalise operations and cut prices aggressively to pursue businesses. This has had negative impact to us both in exports and domestic sales, in particular in the 2nd half of the year.

Geopolitical tensions in the Middle East and drought conditions at the Panama Canal in 2024 have further affected global supply chains. Our export business faced significant challenges due to these disruptions, resulting in longer shipping routes, higher costs, and increased port congestion. In response to shipment delays, some customers might have front-loaded their inventory, but many were strained by the exacerbated cashflow deterioration.

The Group recorded a loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company of approximately HK\$43 million, as compared to a profit of HK\$135 million recorded last year. This is mainly attributable to the fact that the Group did not have any benefit of the progressive recognition of one-off income of HK\$134 million generated from the land resumption in Wuxi, China, which benefit the Group in 2023. Basic loss per share was HK\$4.8 cents, compared to basic earnings per share of HK\$15 cents in 2023.

In spite of this, Hung Hing has demonstrated resilience through consolidation of our core businesses while pursuing diversification.

Our sales and marketing team consistently strengthened our relationship with existing customers while proactively reaching out to potential clients and exploring new markets. In response to the growing global focus on sustainability, we also introduced a new collection of samples showcasing our offerings in ecofriendly materials. 儘管2024年底通脹有所緩解,全球消費者和生產商 皆不斷感受到高成本的壓力。隨著新風險的出現, 特別是地緣政治局勢持續緊張,推高了出口的物流 成本,客戶在下單時依然保持謹慎。年內,市場猜 測特朗普政府如何重塑全球經濟格局。而中國內地 作為全球第二大經濟體於2024年面臨增長壓力,經 濟內捲加劇印刷業內的競爭,促使各製造商調整營 運,並積極削價務求獲得業務。這對我們的出口和 內銷業務皆產生負面影響,尤其在2024年下半年更 為明顯。

另一方面,年內中東地緣政治局勢緊張,加上巴拿 馬運河乾旱,進一步影響全球供應鏈運作。這些干 擾令我們的出口業務面對重大挑戰,包括運輸航道 延長、成本增加及港口擁堵情況加劇。為應對運輸 延遲,部分客戶可能提前囤積庫存,而不少客戶則 面臨現金流惡化帶來的壓力。

與去年錄得的港幣1.35億元溢利相比,集團錄得本 公司權益持有人應佔虧損約港幣4,300萬元,這主 要由於2023年集團受惠於無錫廠房徵地補償帶來港 幣1.34億元的一次性收益逐步入賬。每股基本虧損 為港幣4.8仙,而2023年的每股基本盈利為港幣 15仙。

儘管如此,通過整合核心業務及實行業務多元化, 鴻興展示了其應變能力。

我們的營銷團隊不斷加強與現有客戶的關係,同時 主動接觸潛在客戶及開拓新市場。鑑於全球對可持 續發展日益關注,我們還推出一系列新樣品,展示 集團可提供的環保物料。 Following the success of our investment in HH Dream in Vietnam five years ago, we celebrated the groundbreaking of our second Vietnam site at Thai Ha in late November 2024. This new facility, located just 20 minutes from our existing Binh Luc factory and one hour from Haiphong Port, will feature five three-storey buildings and a large warehouse, covering a total area of 62,300 square meters upon completion, expected by end of 2025.

STEM PLUS, a Hung Hing subsidiary, has been actively expanding its presence in the education sector through organising education expos and the Formula Edge[™] Inter-school AI Racing Competition in both Hong Kong and Macau. Since launching the first Greater Bay Area Hong Kong Through-Train Schools Expo in late 2023, two successful sessions have already taken place in 2024. These events have seen a remarkable increase in both participating schools and leading sponsoring bodies (2023: less than 200 vs 2024: more than 300) and visitors (2023: less than 30,000 vs 2024: more than 40,000), effectively addressing the diverse needs of our target audience across various age groups.

AML, our children's book distribution business under STEM PLUS, has expanded and optimised its bookstore network across Hong Kong, and revitalised existing outlets through redesign and refurbishment to elevate the customer buy experience. Additionally, it also has invested in technology to drive digital transformation, launching RFID technology for future smart warehousing solutions to enhance inventory efficiency. The company is also advancing its digital store to ensure seamless online shopping experience for customers.

Other initiatives included expanding our offerings in new businesses such as Yum Me Print of Beluga Ltd, another Hung Hing subsidiary. Yum Me Print pioneered an upgraded model capable of printing documents at more than 50 document print points across the city, including locations in MTR stations, The Commercial Press, and AEON stores, providing users with affordable and high-quality document printing services. All of these printing booths utilise FSC[™]-certified paper, ensuring premium print quality while promoting environmentally friendly practices. 五年前集團於越南成立HH Dream,由於該項投 資取得成功,我們再接再厲,並於2024年11月底 在Thai Ha為第二個越南工廠舉行奠基儀式。該 廠廠址距離現有Binh Luc工廠僅20分鐘車程,距 海防港一小時。興建工程預計於2025年底完成, 屆時工廠將擁有五棟三層營運大樓及一個大型倉 庫,總面積約為62,300平方米。

鴻興子公司STEM PLUS正在教育領域積極擴展,通過舉辦教育博覽會及校際人工智能EDGE 級方程式比賽,在香港和澳門都取得了進展。 自2023年底推出第一屆「(大灣區)香港學校教育 展」以來,2024年已經舉辦了兩場成功的活動。 當中參展的學校及知名辦學團體都有顯著增長 (由2023年的少於200間機構參展,至2024年有 300多間參展),入場人數亦有所增加(由2023年 少於30,000人次入場至2024年已超逾40,000人 次),有效地滿足了橫跨不同年齡層目標受眾的各 種需求。

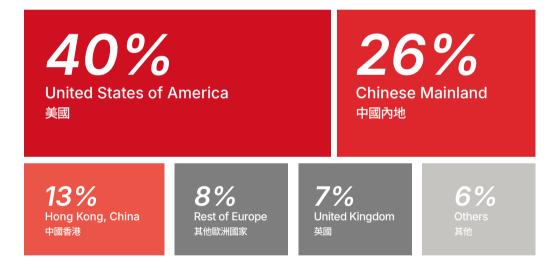
STEM PLUS旗下的兒童書籍分銷業務躍思,透過 擴大和理順香港的書店網絡以及重新設計和翻新 現有書店,提升了客戶購買體驗。此外,躍思還 投放資源推動數碼技術轉型,利用射頻識別技術 作為將來智能倉儲的解決方案,提升庫存效率。 該公司亦推出網上商店,讓顧客享有無縫的在線 購物體驗。

其他舉措包括擴展我們在新業務中的產品,例 如鴻興子公司Beluga Ltd (貝路加)旗下Yum Me Print首創升級自助文件打印服務,可於全港50多 個文件打印點進行打印,包括港鐵站、商務印書 館和AEON店,為用戶提供實惠而高品質的文件 打印服務。所有這些打印亭均使用FSC™認證的紙 張,確保打印優質之餘,同時促進環保實踐。

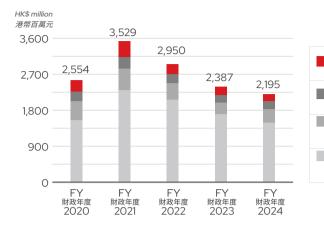
Revenue by Business Unit in Year 2024 二零二四年度 按業務部門劃分之營業額



Revenue by Region in Year 2024 二零二四年度 按地區劃分之營業額



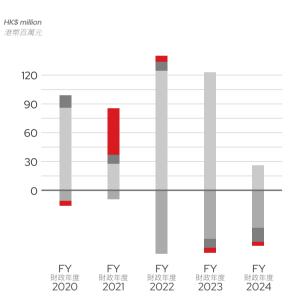
Revenue by Business Unit 按業務部門劃分之營業額



	FY 財政年度 2020	FY 財政年度 2021	FY 財政年度 2022	FY 財政年度 2023	FY 財政年度 2024
Paper Trading 紙張貿易	286	398	239	204	167
Corrugated Box 瓦通紙箱	239	284	234	187	198
Consumer Product Packaging 消費產品包裝	470	540	402	296	339
Book and Package Printing 書籍及包裝印刷	1,559	2,307	2,075	1,700	1,491

HK\$ million 港幣百萬元

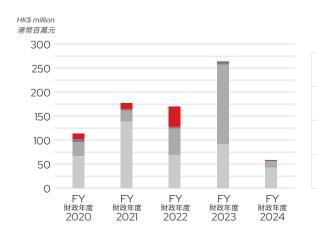
Profit/(Loss) Contribution by Business Unit 按業務部門劃分之溢利/(虧損)貢獻



	FY 財政年度 2020	FY 財政年度 2021	FY 財政年度 2022	FY 財政年度 2023	FY 財政年度 2024
Paper Trading 紙張貿易	-5	48	6	-5	-4
Corrugated Box 瓦通紙箱	13	9	9	-9	-15
Consumer Product Packaging 消費產品包裝	-11	-9	-66	-51	-39
Book and Package Printing 書籍及包裝印刷	86	28	125	123	26

HK\$ million 港幣百萬元

Capital Expenditure 資本開支



	FY 財政年度 2020	FY 財政年度 2021	FY 財政年度 2022	FY 財政年度 2023	FY 財政年度 2024
Paper Trading 紙張貿易	11	12	41	1	1
Corrugated Box 瓦通紙箱	7	3	5	5	1
Consumer Product Packaging 消費產品包裝	29	23	55	166	14
Book and Package Printing 書籍及包裝印刷	67	139	69	92	43

HK\$ million 港幣百萬元

🕡 Business Unit Report 部門業績報告

Our largest business unit, Book and Packaging Printing (BPP), has faced significant challenges, with revenue declined by 12.3% to HK\$1,490 million in 2024 (2023: HK\$1,700 million). Global economic uncertainty and weakness in consumer confidence led to ruthless price competition and impacted our export sales and pressure on our margins, as we strive to remain competitive while maintaining unparalleled guality. Added logistic charges also partly attributed to an overall decline in profit contribution to HK\$25.7 million in 2024.

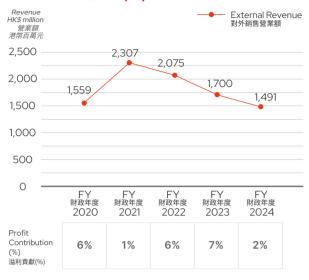
The Consumer Product Packaging (CPP) business unit achieved a 14.5% increase in revenue to HK\$339 million in 2024 (2023: HK\$296 million) attributed to the resumption of full operation in Wuxi plant. Despite the revenue increase, CPP has yet to recover from operating losses but is confident to turn-around through new business development, new sources of income and production processes optimisation with cost-saving measures. We anticipate favourable economic climate in mainland China, bolstered by government initiatives aimed at stimulating growth. Coupled with our improved capabilities to broaden sources of income and economise on expenditure, the development of domestic market presents us with valuable opportunities.

集團最大的業務部門-書籍及包裝印刷(BPP)面 對重大挑戰,2024年銷售額下降了12.3%至港幣 14.9億元(2023:港幣17億元)。集團致力保持競 爭力及提供無可比擬的品質,但全球經濟不確定 及消費者信心疲弱導致業內割價競爭,為集團出 口業務及利潤率帶來壓力。2024年整體利潤貢獻 下滑至港幣2,570萬元,部份亦源於額外增加的 物流費用。

消費產品包裝業務(CPP)歸功於無錫工廠全面恢 復運營,其銷售額於2024年增長14.5%, 達港幣 3.39億元(2023:港幣2.96億元)。儘管銷售額 有所增長,CPP仍未能從營運虧損中恢復,但業 務部門對開發新業務、開拓新收入來源及節省成 本以改善生產過程抱有信心。受中國內地刺激經 濟增長政策的支持,集團預期內地的經濟氣氛將 向好。配合我們積極開源節流以提升營運能力, 內地市場的發展為我們提供了各種寶貴機遇。

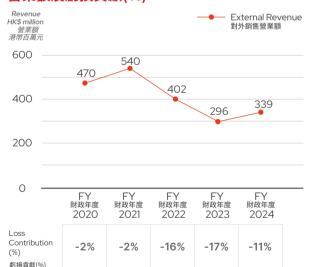


BPP Revenue & Profit Contribution (%) 書籍及包裝印刷 營業額及溢利貢獻(%)



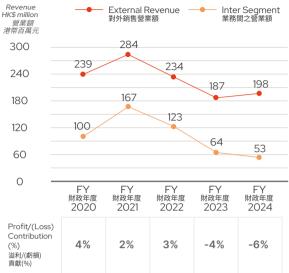
CPP Revenue & Loss Contribution (%)

消費產品包裝 營業額及虧損貢獻(%)



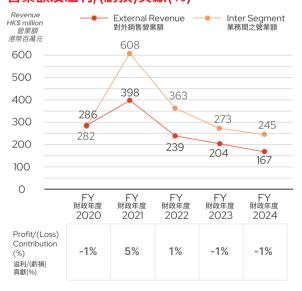
CB Revenue & Profit/(Loss) Contribution (%) 瓦通紙

營業額及溢利/(虧損)貢獻(%)



PT

... Revenue & Profit/(Loss) Contribution (%) 紙張貿易 營業額及溢利/(虧損)貢獻(%)



The Corrugated Box (CB) business achieved modest revenue growth of 6% to HK\$198 million in 2024 (2023: HK\$187 million), alongside a segment loss of HK\$15 million at the backdrop of unfavourable market conditions, which emphasises the need for stepping up implementation of operational strategy. Our strategic initiatives, including the consolidation of our manufacturing facilities across Greater Bay Area, are designed to enhance operational efficiencies and drive synergy within our operations. This strategic move will allow us to optimise resource allocation, enhance collaboration and improve supply chain efficiency.

The performance of the Paper Trading (PT) business has faced a notable revenue decline of 17.9% to HK\$167 million in 2024, primarily driven by lacklustre market demand with disruptions in paper supply and prices. In response, we are implementing a robust strategy to navigate these challenges, focusing on inventory management, order rationalisation and cost-saving initiatives. PT remains committed to adapting our strategies to ensure long-term sustainability and play a crucial supporting role in other business units in the Group.

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

Risks and uncertainties may affect the Group's business performance or growth prospects, leading to a divergence from expected or historical results. The Group faces certain generic risks that commonly apply to players within the industry, such as fluctuations in exchange rates and commodities prices, including paper prices, and inflation in labour cost.

Economic uncertainty remains a paramount concern. As consumers and businesses grapple with fluctuating economic conditions, they tend to become very conservative while delaying or minimising commitment and investment. Uncertain US tariff policy and supply chain disruptions further exacerbate these challenges; geopolitical tensions, natural disasters, and logistical issues can delay production and hinder timely delivery, resulting in lost sales and diminished customer satisfaction and slow in investment. Although some front-loading of exports in 2025 might temporarily boost shipment performance, tariffs will ultimately weigh on external demand for exports and dampen domestic sentiment, particularly against a backdrop of already weak confidence. However, with external headwinds stiffening, we think that governments will redouble their efforts to spur domestic demand, including potentially expanding the scope of direct consumption stimulus, taking more proactive measures to bolster effective investment, including building a better social welfare system to stimulate sustainable growth in domestic consumption.

瓦通紙箱業務(CB)在2024年銷售額錄得輕微增 長,上升6%,達港幣1.98億元(2023:港幣1.87 億元),但受各種市場不利因素影響,部門分類業 績出現港幣1,500萬元的虧損,顯示必須加強執行 營運策略,這些舉措包括整合大灣區內各生產設 施,以提升營運效率並推動內部協同。這一戰略 舉措讓我們優化資源配置、加強協作並改善供應 鏈效率。

紙張貿易業務(PT)在2024年的銷售額明顯下調, 下降幅度為17.9%,至港幣1.67億元。這主要是受 市場需求疲弱及紙張供應和價格的干擾。為應對 這些挑戰,我們正針對庫存管理、理順訂單和節 省成本實施一項穩健的策略。PT將繼續致力於調 整其策略,以達致長期可持續發展,並為集團其 他業務部門發揮關鍵的支援作用。

主要風險及不確定因素

風險及不確定因素可能影響集團的業績或增長前 景,使其偏離預期表現或過往業績。集團面臨若 干業內普遍存在的風險,如匯率和商品價格波動 (包括紙張價格)以及勞動成本上漲等。

主要擔憂源於經濟不確定性。隨著消費者和企業 面對經濟條件波動,他們往往傾向保守,延遲或 盡量減少作出承諾和投資。美國關稅政策朝令夕 改及供應鏈受干擾進一步加劇了這些挑戰;地緣 政治緊張、自然災害及物流等問題可能導致延遲 生產,妨礙及時交付,引致訂單減少,削弱客戶 滿意度,以至投資放緩。雖然2025年可能會有一 些提前出貨的情況,短暫地提升貨運表現,但關 稅最終將對海外需求的出口業務造成壓力,特別 是在消費信心本已疲弱的情況下,拖累當地國內 消費意欲。然而,隨著外部逆風的增強,我們相 信各國政府將加倍努力促進內需,包括可能擴大 直接刺激消費的範圍,採取更積極的措施促進有 效投資,例如建立更好的社會福利體系以刺激內 需的可持續增長。

Strong Financial Position: Net Cash Holding of HK\$914 million

The Group maintained a robust cash position with HK\$914 million net cash in hand (total cash including structured bank deposits and net of bank borrowings). The financial strength enables us to invest for long-term sustainable growth and reward our shareholders.

The Group deployed RMB-link structured bank deposits (2024 year-end balance at HK\$258 million) to enhance yield and at the same time, provide hedging for RMB requirements.

During the year, the Group spent over HK\$59 million on capital projects to expand and upgrade existing capacities, and acquire new equipment and technology to support new initiatives of our core businesses including upgrading our existing facility and preparation of a new factory site in Vietnam.

Gearing ratio was kept at a conservative level of 2.1% (2023: 4.0%) to minimise interest risks.

To meet operating cash requirements while mitigating exchange risks, 72% of total cash including structured deposits (vs. 2023: 54%) was held in RMB, while the rest was mainly held in USD 18% (vs 2023: 39%) and HKD 3% (vs 2023: 4%). Loans were in USD under fixed interest rate arrangement and naturally hedged with expected income flow to minimise interest expenses and control currency exposure.

Future Business Development

Environmental concerns brought about by climate change have resulted in more stringent regulatory restrictions imposed by different governments, particularly the European Commission (EU). The extended application deadline for the Regulation on Deforestation Free Products (EUDR) until December 2025 has allowed more time to prepare for compliance with the regulations and more effective communication among players in the entire value chain. As customers also strive to adhere to these regulations, they have become more cautious when placing orders with trusted suppliers, which could be an interruption in short-term but opportunities for us in the long-term.

財務狀況穩健:持有港幣9.14億元淨 現金

集團現金充裕,持有港幣9.14億元淨現金(現金總額包括結構性銀行存款,已扣除銀行借款)。雄厚的財務實力讓我們有能力繼續投資,支持業務的長線和可持續發展,為股東締造回報。

集團調撥人民幣掛鈎結構性存款(2024年年底的 存款結餘為港幣2.58億元)以提高理財回報,同時 對沖人民幣相關的資金需要。

集團在2024年共投資港幣5,900萬元,擴充及升級現有設備,並為各核心業務相關廠房各階段發展所需及越南新廠添置新器材及技術。

負債比率保持在保守水平的2.1%(2023:4.0%), 以減少利息風險。

為應付營運資金需要,同時有效管理匯率風險, 集團持有的人民幣現金佔現金總額72%(對比 2023年:54%),其餘18%為美元(對比2023年: 39%)和港幣3%(對比2023年:4%)。貸款以美 元固定利率安排,自然對沖預期的收入流,以減 少利息開支和控制貨幣風險。

未來業務發展

氣候變化帶來對環境問題的關注導致各國政府頒 佈更嚴格的監管限制,特別是歐盟委員會(EU)。 《歐盟零毀林法案》(EUDR)延長了實施日期至 2025年12月,給予更多時間準備如何符合有關規 範,並促使業內整個價值鏈參與者之間的有效溝 通。隨著客戶也努力遵守這些法規,他們將更謹 慎地嚴選可信賴的供應商,這在短期內可能造成 干擾,但長遠而言將為集團帶來機遇。



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Governance



Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

The Company is committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance practices and procedures. The corporate governance principle of the Company emphasizes on accountability and transparency and is adopted in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders. In addition the Company will strive to continuously improve these practices and cultivate an ethical corporate culture. 本公司致力維持高水平之企業管治常規及程序。 本公司之企業管治原則著重問責性及透明度,及 為本公司及其股東之最佳利益而採納。此外,本 公司將致力於不斷改善該等常規及建立企業道德 文化。

Code on Corporate Governance Practices

The Company has adopted the code provisions as set out in the Code of Corporate Governance (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix C1 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"). The Company has complied with all the applicable code provisions in the CG Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2024 except for the following deviations:

Code Provision C 2.1 provides that the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. The roles of the chief executive officer have been undertaken by Mr. Yum Chak Ming, Matthew, the Executive Chairman of the Company. The Board is of the opinion that it is appropriate and in the best interests of the Company that Mr. Yum should hold these offices. The Board believes that it is effective to monitor and assess business performance in a manner that properly protects the interests of shareholders.

企業管治常規守則

本公司採納香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規 則(「上市規則」)附錄C1所載之企業管治守則(「企 業管治守則」)之守則條文。本公司於截至二零 二四年十二月三十一日止年度一直遵守企業管治 守則之所有適用守則條文,惟以下偏離除外:

守則條文C2.1條規定主席與行政總裁的角色應有 區分,不應由一人同時兼任。行政總裁之職務由 本公司執行主席任澤明先生擔任。董事會認為由 任先生同時擔任該兩個職位屬適宜之舉,且符合 本公司之最佳利益。董事會相信其可有效監察及 評估業務表現以合理保障股東利益。

Board Composition and Board Practices

The Board of Directors (the "Board") of the Company is composed of 9 directors, of which 2 are Executive Directors including the Executive Chairman, 4 are Non-executive Directors and 3 are Independent Non-executive Directors. All the Independent Nonexecutive Directors have appropriate professional qualifications, experience or related industry expertise. The Directors biography and relevant relationships amongst them are set out in the Biographical Details of Directors section on pages 43 to 46 of this Annual Report.

Review will be made regularly by the Board to ensure that it has a balance of skills and experience appropriate for the requirement of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group"). Also, a balanced composition of Executive Directors and Non-executive Directors is maintained to ensure independence and effective management. The Company has satisfied the Listing Rules in having one of the Independent Non-executive Directors with appropriate accounting qualifications and expertise to sit in the Audit Committee.

Each of the Independent Non-executive Director has made an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company is of the view that all Independent Non-executive Directors meet the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and are independent in accordance with the terms of the guidelines. The Company considers that all Independent Non-executive Directors to be independent.

Independent Non-executive Directors are identified in all corporate communications. An updated list of the Directors identifying the Independent Non-executive Directors and the roles and functions of the Directors is maintained on the websites of the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

When selecting potential candidates for directors, skills, experience, expertise, his devotion of time, potential conflicts of interests are key factors for consideration. The Nomination Committee was set up to make recommendation to the Board on the selection and nomination of candidates for directorship. Majority of members of the Nomination Committee are Independent Non-executive Directors.

董事會組成及董事會常規

本公司董事會(「董事會」)由九名董事組成,其中 兩名為執行董事(包括執行主席)、四名為非執行 董事及三名為獨立非執行董事。所有獨立非執行 董事均具有適當專業資格、經驗或相關行業之專 業知識。董事履歷及彼等之間相關關係載於本年 報第43至46頁之董事之個人資料詳情。

董事會會定期作出檢討,以確保其技能與經驗平 衡,達致本公司及其附屬公司(「本集團」)所需。 此外,維持執行董事及非執行董事之均衡組合, 以確保其獨立性及有效管理。本公司符合上市規 則有關審核委員會內有一名具適當會計資格及專 業知識之獨立非執行董事之規定。

各獨立非執行董事已根據上市規則第3.13條作出 獨立性之年度確認。本公司認為,全體獨立非執 行董事均符合上市規則第3.13條之獨立性指引, 且具備根據該指引條款之獨立性。本公司認為全 體獨立非執行董事均屬獨立。

所有公司通訊均明確說明獨立非執行董事身份。 本公司網站及香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交 所」)網站提供最新董事名單,註明獨立非執行董 事身份以及列明董事之角色和職能。

甄選董事候選人時之主要考慮因素為有關人選之 技能、經驗、專業知識、可投入時間及潛在利益 衝突等。本公司已設立提名委員會,就遴選及提 名董事候選人向董事會提供意見。提名委員會之 大部分成員為獨立非執行董事。 The Board is accountable to shareholders and is responsible for the formulation of the Group's strategy, overseeing the management of the business and affairs of the Group.

Key and important decisions are fully discussed at the board meetings. All Directors have been fully consulted about any matters proposed for inclusion in the agenda. The Executive Chairman has delegated the responsibility for drawing up the agenda for each board meeting to the Company Secretary. With the support of the Company Secretary, the Executive Chairman seeks to ensure that all Directors are properly briefed on issues arising at board meetings and receive adequate and reliable information in a timely manner.

Daily operation and managing of the business of the Group, inter alia, the implementation of strategies are delegated to the Executive Directors and the management team. They report periodically to the Board their work and business decisions.

Board meetings are scheduled to be held at regular interval. The Board would meet more frequently as and when required. An annual general meeting at which the Company's auditor attended was convened on 23 May 2024 for the financial year ended 31 December 2023. 董事會向股東問責,並負責制訂本集團之策略、 監督本集團業務及事務之管理工作。

關鍵及重要決策須於董事會會議進行全面討論。 就擬納入會議議程之任何事項,事前均向所有董 事作出充分諮詢。執行主席已授權公司秘書擬訂 每次董事會會議之議程。執行主席亦會在公司秘 書協助下,務求確保所有董事就董事會會議上提 出之事項獲適當簡報,並及時獲得足夠及可靠之 資訊。

本集團業務之日常營運及管理(其中包括策略之實 施)已授權予執行董事及管理層。彼等定期向董事 會報告其工作及業務上之決策。

董事會定期舉行會議。董事會於有需要時召開更 多會議。本公司截至二零二三年十二月三十一日 止財政年度之股東週年大會已於二零二四年五月 二十三日召開,且獲本公司核數師出席。 The attendance record of the Directors at the board meetings and the annual general meeting for the year ended 31 December 2024 is as follows: 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,董事出 席董事會會議及股東週年大會之記錄如下:

		Attendance 出席率		
		Board meetings 董事會會議	AGM 股東週年大會	
Executive Chairman	執行主席			
Yum Chak Ming, Matthew	任澤明	4/4	1/1	
Executive Directors	執行董事			
Yum Christopher Carson	任加信	3/4	1/1	
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事			
Hirofumi Hori	堀博史	3/4	1/1	
Aki Tsuge	柘植晶	4/4	1/1	
Yam Hon Ming, Tommy	任漢明	3/4	0/1	
Hitoshi Shibasaki	柴崎仁	4/4	1/1	
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事			
Luk Koon Hoo	陸觀豪	4/4	1/1	
Lo Chi Hong	羅志雄	4/4	1/1	
Tan Chuen Yan, Paul	陳傳仁	4/4	1/1	

Notice of at least fourteen days are given to the Directors for regular meetings, while Board papers are sent to the Directors not less than three days before the scheduled date of a board or board committee meeting. The Directors can attend meetings in persons or through other means of electronic communication. The Company Secretary ensures that the procedure and all applicable rules and regulations are strictly and fully complied with. Minutes of board meetings and board committee meetings are kept by the Company Secretary and are available for inspection at any reasonable time on reasonable notice by any Directors.

Directors have full access to information on the Group and are able to obtain independent professional advice whenever necessary. 定期會議須最少事前十四日向董事發出通知,而 董事會文件須於董事會或董事委員會會議原訂 召開日期前不少於三日送呈董事。董事可親自或 透過其他電子通訊方式出席會議。公司秘書確保 嚴格全面遵守有關程序以及所有適用規則及規 例。董事會及董事委員會之會議記錄由公司秘書 保管,任何董事只要在合理時間並作出合理通知 後,均有權查閱會議記錄。

董事可取閱本集團一切資料,並在董事認為有需 要時徵詢獨立專業意見。

Training and Support for Directors

Every newly appointed Director will meet with other Directors and key management executives, and will receive a comprehensive, formal and tailored induction on the first occasion of his appointment. Subsequently, he will receive briefings and other professional development necessary to ensure he has a proper understanding of the operations and business of the Company and he is fully aware of his responsibility with the Company.

All Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. Directors are also invited to participate in Company events to familiarize themselves with the operations of the Company and opportunity to communicate with other management members of the Company. Some directors also attended training seminars as provided by other professional bodies or as referred to by the Company.

The records of training as received by each Director in 2024 are summarised as follows:

董事之培訓及支援

各新任董事將與其他董事及主要管理人員會面, 並將於首次獲委任時接受全面、正式及為彼而設 之就職指引。其後,該董事將接收所需簡報及其 他專業發展,確保其對本公司營運及業務有恰當 了解,並完全明白彼於本公司之責任。

本公司鼓勵全體董事參與持續專業發展以更新彼 等知識及技能,確保其在具備全面資訊及切合所 需之情況下對董事會作出貢獻。董事獲邀參與本 公司活動,以熟悉本公司運作,亦有機會與本公 司管理層其他成員溝通。若干董事亦出席其他專 業團體提供或本公司推薦之培訓研討會。

每名董事於二零二四年接受培訓之記錄概述如下:

					Type of trainings 培訓類型
Exe	ecutive Chairman	執行主席			
Yu	m Chak Ming, Matthew	任澤明			A,B,C
Exe	ecutive Directors	執行董事			
Yu	m Christopher Carson	任加信			A,B,C
No	n-executive Directors	非執行董事			
Hir	ofumi Hori	堀博史			A,B
Ak	i Tsuge	柘植晶			A,B
Ya	m Hon Ming, Tommy	任漢明			A,B
Hit	oshi Shibasaki	柴崎仁			A,B
Ind	lependent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	ç.		
Lul	k Koon Hoo	陸觀豪			A,B
Lo	Chi Hong	羅志雄			A,B
Та	n Chuen Yan, Paul	陳傳仁			A,B
A:	attending professional seminars/conferences/forums		A :	出席專業研討會/會議/論	壇
B:	reading materials relating to general business, regulate listing rules and board practices	ory updates on	в:	研讀有關一般業務、上市規 董事會常規之資料	則監管最新情況以及
C:	attending corporate events/site visits		с:	出席公司活動/實地考察	

Corporate Governance Policy and Duties

The board is responsible for performing the duties on corporate governance functions as set out below:

- (i) developing and reviewing the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance;
- (ii) reviewing and monitoring the training and continuous professional development of directors and senior management;
- (iii) reviewing and monitoring the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (iv) developing, reviewing and monitoring the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and directors; and
- (v) reviewing the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

Model Code for Securities Transactions

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors set out in Appendix C3 of the Listing Rules. The Executive Chairman or the Chairman of the Audit Committee is the person to be notified for securities dealings by Directors and a designated form is used for notification and acknowledgement purpose.

All Directors have confirmed, following specific enquiry by the Company, their compliance with the required standards of dealings and its code of conduct regarding the directors' securities transaction throughout the year ended 31 December 2024.

Senior Management of the Company is also required to comply with the guidelines on similar terms as set out in the Model Code.

企業管治政策及職責

- 董事會負責履行企業管治職能之職責載列如下:
- (i) 制定及檢討本公司企業管治政策及常規;
- (ii) 檢討及監察董事及高級管理人員之培訓及持 續專業發展;
- (iii) 檢討及監察本公司遵守法律及監管規定方面之政策及常規;
- (iv) 制定、檢討及監察適用於僱員及董事之行為 守則及合規手冊(如有);及
- (v)檢討本公司遵守企業管治守則及企業管治報 告之披露。

證券交易之標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄C3所載關於董事進行 證券交易之標準守則。執行主席或審核委員會主 席乃董事進行證券交易須知會之人士,並有指定 表格用作通知及確認用途。

經本公司作出具體查詢後,所有董事已確認,於 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,彼等一 直遵守所規定之買賣標準及有關董事進行證券交 易之行為守則。

本公司高級管理人員亦須遵守載於標準守則類似 條款之指引。

Internal Control

The Company places great importance on internal control and risk management to safeguard the assets of the Company and the interests of shareholders. The Board has overall responsibility for the system of internal control and for reviewing its effectiveness. The Audit Committee assists the Board in meeting its responsibilities for maintaining an effective system of internal control. The Audit Committee reviews the process by which the Group evaluates its control environment and risk assessment process, and the way in which business and control risks are managed through the assistance of the Company's Internal Audit Department.

The Company's Internal Audit Department assesses risk exposure, formulates audit plan and ensures the audit programs cover key internal control areas of operating subsidiaries on a rotational basis for the review by the Audit Committee. Special review may also be performed on areas of concern identified by management or the Audit Committee from time to time.

The Internal Audit Department monitors the internal control procedures and systems of the Group and reports its findings and recommendations to management of the Company and the Audit Committee. The department also monitors the follow-up actions agreed upon in response to its recommendations and reports to the Audit Committee the progress of implementation of those recommendations.

With the assistance of the Audit Committee and the Company's Internal Audit Department, the Board is satisfied that the overall financial, operational and compliance controls, and risk management of the Group continues to be effective.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements of the Group. The Directors ensure the preparation of the financial statements of the Group is in accordance with statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards.

The statement of the Auditors of the Company about their reporting responsibilities on the financial statements of the Group is set out in the Independent Auditors' Report on pages 62 to 68 of this Annual Report.

內部監控

本公司非常重視內部監控及風險管理,以保障本 公司資產及股東權益。董事會負責整體內部監控 制度,並檢討其成效。審核委員會協助董事會履 行其維持有效內部監控制度之責任。審核委員會 檢討本集團評估其監控環境之程序及風險評估程 序,以及透過本公司內部審核部門之協助管理業 務及監控風險之方法。

本公司之內部審核部門評估風險、制訂審核計劃 並確保審核工作按輪替基準涵蓋營運附屬公司之 重要內部監控範圍,有關審核計劃須呈交審核委 員會審閱。就管理層或審核委員會確認需關注之 事項,內部審核部門亦須不時進行特別審閱。

內部審核部門監察本集團內部監控程序及制度, 並向本公司管理層及審核委員會匯報其發現及建 議。該部門亦監察因應其建議而協定須作出之跟 進行動,並向審核委員會報告該等建議之實施進 度。

在審核委員會及本公司內部審核部門協助下,董 事會信納整體財務、營運及合規監控以及本集團 之風險管理仍然有效。

董事對財務報表之責任

董事確認彼等對編製本集團之財務報表負有責 任。董事確保本集團財務報表之編製符合法例規 定及適用之會計準則。

本公司核數師就有關對本集團財務報表申報責任 之聲明,載於本年報第62至68頁之獨立核數師報 告內。

Auditor's Remuneration

For the year ended 31 December 2024, the Auditor of the Company will receive approximately HK\$2,907,000 (2023: HK\$2,878,000) for their audit service. Remuneration for non-audit services which covered taxation and other services provided to the Group was approximately HK\$726,000 (2023: HK\$834,000) in the same period.

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee comprises of 3 Independent Nonexecutive Directors and 1 Non-executive Director. They are Mr. Lo Chi Hong (Committee Chairman), Mr. Luk Koon Hoo, Mr. Tan Chuen Yan, Paul and Mr. Hirofumi Hori. The Committee's authority and duties are set out in written terms of reference which are posted on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

The policy and structure for all remuneration of Executive Directors and the Senior Management were reviewed by the Committee. Remuneration, including basic salary, performance bonus, long term incentive plan of the Executive Directors and Senior Management is based on skills, knowledge, involvement and performance of the individuals by reference to the Company's performance and profitability. Annual salary adjustment and profit linked performance bonus are subject to review and approval by the Committee. A Restricted Share Award Scheme was in place to attract, motivate and retain employees and tie their interest to the long-term growth of the Company.

No individual director and senior manager are allowed to determine his or her own remuneration.

Executive Directors are not eligible for additional remuneration of director fee for Board activities. Director fee for Non-executive Directors is subject to annual review for shareholders' approval at the annual general meeting. Reimbursement is allowed for reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with the performance of their duties including attendance at board meetings and committee meetings.

The Committee met once in the financial year ended 31 December 2024 with a 100% attendance by all committee members.

核數師酬金

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本公 司核數師將就其核數服務收取約港幣2,907,000 元(二零二三年:港幣2,878,000元)的酬金。同 期,其向本集團提供之非核數服務(涵蓋稅務服 務及其他服務)的酬金約為港幣726,000元(二零 二三年:港幣834,000元)。

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會由三名獨立非執行董事及一名非執行 董事組成,分別為羅志雄先生(委員會主席)、陸 觀豪先生、陳傳仁先生及堀博史先生。委員會之 職權及職責載於書面職權範圍內,而文本登載於 本公司及聯交所網站。

執行董事及高級管理人員之所有薪酬政策及結構 由該委員會檢討。執行董事及高級管理人員之薪 酬(包括基本薪金、表現花紅、長期獎勵計劃)乃 根據個人之技能、知識、參與程度及工作表現, 並參考本公司之業績及盈利能力而釐定。年度薪 金調整及與盈利掛鈎之表現花紅由該委員會檢討 及批准。本公司設立限制性股份獎勵計劃,以吸 引、鼓勵及挽留僱員,並令彼等之利益與本公司 長期增長掛鈎。

概不允許任何董事或高級管理層參與釐定其本人 之薪酬。

執行董事不可就董事會活動取得董事袍金之額外 薪酬。非執行董事之董事袍金須每年進行檢討, 並經股東於股東週年大會上批准。董事履行其職 責(包括出席董事會會議及委員會會議)而合理產 生之實報實銷費用,均可獲得償付。

委員會於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止財政 年度舉行一次會議,各委員會成員均全部出席。 During the year, the Committee reviewed and recommended to the Board for approval the followings:

- the incentive bonus program of Executive Directors and Senior Management as linked to the financial target of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2024;
- the salary adjustment of Executive Directors and Senior Management taken into account of the Group annual salary review policy and performance of individuals;
- the list of participants and the execution of the share award scheme of the past year; and
- the renewal of the present restricted share award scheme for further 3 years up to the period ended on 30 June 2027 on similar terms as the existing scheme.

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee comprises of 3 Independent Nonexecutive Directors, Mr. Tan Chuen Yan, Paul (Committee Chairman), Mr. Luk Koon Hoo, Mr. Lo Chi Hong, 1 Non-executive Director, Mr. Hirofumi Hori, and the Executive Chairman, Mr. Yum Chak Ming, Matthew. The defined terms of reference of the Committee are set out in writing and are posted on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

The Committee is responsible for making recommendation to the Board for selection and nomination of directors, and the succession planning of directors and senior management. The Committee also reviews the size, structure and composition of the Board with reference to the Company's board diversity policy and assesses the independence of Independent Non-executive Directors.

The Committee met twice in the financial year ended 31 December 2024 with a 100% attendance by all committee members.

於本年度,委員會檢討及建議董事會批准以下事 項:

- 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度之執 行董事及高級管理人員之獎勵花紅計劃,與 本集團之財務目標相連繫;
- 執行董事及高級管理人員之薪酬調整,當中 考慮本集團年度薪酬檢討政策及個人表現;
- 參與者名單及去年股份獎勵計劃的執行;及
- 將現時的限制性股份獎勵計劃再延續三年, 直至截至二零二七年六月三十日止,條款與 現有計劃相若。

提名委員會

提名委員會由三名獨立非執行董事陳傳仁先生(委員會主席)、陸觀豪先生、羅志雄先生,一名非執行董事堀博史先生以及執行主席任澤明先生組成。委員會所定書面職權範圍載於本公司及聯交所網站。

該委員會負責就遴選及提名董事以及董事及高級 管理人員之接任計劃向董事會提供推薦意見。該 委員會亦會根據本公司之董事會成員多元化政策 審閱董事會之人數、架構及組成,並評估獨立非 執行董事是否獨立。

該委員會於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止財 政年度舉行兩次會議,各委員會成員均全部出席。 During the year, the work performed by the Committee included the following:

- the recommendation of the retiring directors for re-election at the annual general meeting;
- the review of composition of the Board; and
- the assessment of independence of the Independent Nonexecutive Directors.

Board Diversity Policy

The Board adopted the Board Diversity Policy since 26 November 2013, which sets the approach to achieve and maintain diversity of the Board to enhance quality of its performance. The Policy aims to achieve diversity through the consideration of a number of factors including but not limited to skills, regional and industry experience, background, age, race, gender and other qualities. These differences will be taken into account in determining the optimum composition of the Board. All Board appointments are based on merit, in the content of the talents, skills and experience, and taking into account diversity.

The Nomination Committee will report annually on the composition of the Board under diversified perspective, and monitor the implementation of this policy to ensure its effectiveness. It will discuss any revisions that may be required and recommend such revisions to the Board for consideration and approval. 於本年度,該委員會執行之工作包括:

- 建議退任董事於股東週年大會重選;
- 檢討董事會成員組合;及
- 評估獨立非執行董事是否獨立。

董事會成員多元化政策

董事會於二零一三年十一月二十六日起已採納董 事會成員多元化政策,其制定方針以達致及維持 董事會成員多元化,藉此提升董事會表現。該政 策旨在透過考慮多項因素,包括但不限於技能、 地區及行業經驗、背景、年齡、種族、性別及其 他資格,令董事會多元化。此等差異將用作決定 董事會之最佳組合。董事會所有委任將以人選在 才能、技能及經驗方面之長處作決定,同時計及 成員是否多元化。

提名委員會將每年報告在多元化層面之董事會成 員組合,並監察該政策之執行,確保其行之有 效。提名委員會將會討論任何或需作出之修訂, 向董事會提出修訂建議,再由董事會考慮及批准。 The following tables further illustrate the diversity of the Board members as of the date of this annual report:

下表進一步說明截至本年報日期董事會成員的多 元化:

		Gender 性別		Educational Background 教育背景		nicity R族	Book &	vant experience 相關經驗	:
					Chinese	Japanese	Packaging Printing 書籍及	Banking	Law
					中國	日本	音 _{精及} 包裝印刷	銀行業	法律
Executive Directors	執行董事								
Yum Chak Ming, Matthew	任澤明	M 男	66	Industrial Engineering	\checkmark		\checkmark		
				Business					
				Administration					
				工業工程工商管理					
Yum Christopher Carson	任加信	M 男	39	Business Management 商業管理	V		V		
Non-Executive Directors	非執行董事								
Hirofumi Hori	堀博史	M 男	66	Economics		\checkmark	\checkmark		
				經濟學					
Aki Tsuge	柘植晶	F女	52	Liberal Arts 文科		\checkmark	\checkmark		
Yam Hon Ming, Tommy	任漢明	M男	61	Economics	\checkmark		\checkmark		
Hitoshi Shibasaki	此达在	M男	60	經濟學		\checkmark	1		
Hiloshi Shidasaki	柴崎仁	₩	02	Sociology 社會學		V	V		
Independent Non-	獨立非執行董事								
Executive Directors									
Lo Chi Hong	羅志雄	M 男	78	Lexicography 詞彙學	\checkmark		\checkmark		
Luk Koon Hoo	陸觀豪	M 男	73	Social Science in Statistics Business Administration 社會科學(主修統計)工商管理	V			V	
Tan Chuen Yan, Paul	陳傳仁	M 男	66	Economics and Law 經濟及法律	\checkmark				\checkmark

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee comprises of 3 Independent Non-executive Directors and 1 Non-executive Director. They are Mr. Luk Koon Hoo (Committee Chairman), Mr. Tan Chuen Yan, Paul, Mr. Lo Chi Hong and Mr. Hirofumi Hori. The defined terms of reference of the Committee are set out in writing and are posted on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

The primary duties of the Audit Committee include reviewing the effectiveness of Company's internal control and the Company's internal audit function, risk management system and regulatory compliance, the review of the Company's financial information and compliance, making recommendation to the Board on the appointment and removal of external auditor and assessing their independence and performance.

During the financial year ended 31 December 2024, the Committee held four meetings and the attendance record are:

審核委員會

審核委員會由三名獨立非執行董事及一名非執行 董事組成,分別為陸觀豪先生(委員會主席)、陳 傳仁先生、羅志雄先生及堀博史先生。委員會所 定書面職權範圍載於本公司及聯交所網站。

審核委員會之主要職責包括審閱本公司內部監控 及本公司之內部審核職能、風險管理系統及監管 事務之合規情況、審閱本公司財務資料及合規情 況、就委任及罷免外聘核數師向董事會提出建議 以及評估其獨立性及表現。

該委員會於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止財 政年度舉行四次會議,出席記錄如下:

		Attendance 出席率
Luk Koon Hoo	陸觀豪	4/4
Tan Chuen Yan, Paul	陳傳仁	4/4
Lo Chi Hong	羅志雄	4/4
Hirofumi Hori	堀博史	3/4

The work performed by the Committee during the year included the following:

- reviewing with the auditor on key audit and accounting matters, internal control and updates on regulatory rules in the auditor's communication to Audit Committee and the draft audited financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2023;
- reviewing the financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2024 focusing on business highlights, any change of accounting policies and practices, and compliance with accounting standards and listing rules requirements;
- reviewing with the auditor the scope of their audit, their communication plan, their independence, developments affecting the Company's business, their risk assessment and updates of accounting standards and listing rules as affecting the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2024;

於本年度,該委員會執行之工作包括:

- 連同核數師審閱重大審核及會計事宜、內部 監控及核數師通知審核委員會監管規則之最 新資訊,以及截至二零二三年十二月三十一 日止財政年度之經審核財務報表初稿;
- 審閱截至二零二四年六月三十日止六個月之
 財務報表,側重於業務摘要、會計政策及慣
 例之變動、遵守會計準則及上市規則之規定;
- 連同核數師審閱審核範圍、溝通計劃、獨立 性、影響本公司業務之發展狀況、風險評估 及截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止財政年 度影響本公司之會計準則及上市規則最新 資料;

- reviewing the audit plan, audit progress report and significant audit findings of the Internal Audit Department with management at all committee meetings;
- reviewing with management on implementation of the recommendations made by the Internal Audit Department;
- reviewing the risk management and internal control of the Group; and
- reviewing the continuing connected transactions for the financial year ended 31 December 2023.

The Committee is satisfied with the review of the work of external auditors, their audit fees, results of their audits and has recommended to the Board their reappointment for the financial year ending on 31 December 2025 at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

Communication with Shareholders

The Company recognises the importance of communication with the shareholders of the Company, both individual and institutional as well as potential investors. The Company adopted a Shareholders Communication Policy with an aim of ensuring shareholders are provided with timely information about the Company and enabling them to engage actively with the Company and to exercise their rights in an informed manner.

The annual general meeting also provides a good opportunity for communication between the Board and shareholders. The Executive Chairman of the Board, the Chairman of the respective Committees as well as the external auditors are normally present to answer questions as raised by shareholders. Notice of the AGM and the related circular are sent to shareholders at least 20 clear business days before the meeting.

Votes of the shareholders at general meeting will be taken by poll in accordance with the Listing Rules. Detailed procedures for conducting a poll will be explained to shareholders at the beginning of the general meeting to ensure that shareholders are familiar with the voting procedures. Each issue will be proposed by a separate resolution by the Chairman of the general meeting. The poll results will be posted on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange on the same day of the general meeting.

- 與管理層於所有委員會會議上審閱內部審核 部門之審核計劃、審核進度報告及重大審核 發現;
- 與管理層審閱有關由內部審核部門提出之建 議之實施;
- 審閱本集團之風險管理及內部監控;及
- 審閱截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政 年度的持續關連交易。

該委員會信納外聘核數師工作之審閱、審核費、 審核結果,並已建議董事會於應屆股東週年大會 上就截至二零二五年十二月三十一日止財政年度 續任外聘核數師。

與股東溝通

本公司明白與本公司股東(包括個人及機構)及潛 在投資者保持良好溝通之重要性。本公司已採納 股東溝通政策,以確保向股東提供本公司適時之 資料及讓股東積極參與本公司事務,使其可在知 情情況下行使權利。

股東週年大會亦提供董事會與股東溝通之良好機 會。董事會執行主席、相關委員會主席及外聘 核數師一般均會出席大會,並解答股東提出之問 題。股東週年大會通告及相關通函須於大會前最 少二十個營業日發送予股東。

於股東大會之股東投票將根據上市規則以投票方 式表決。投票之詳細程序將於股東大會開始時向 股東解釋,以確保股東熟悉投票程序。每件事項 將由股東大會主席以個別決議案提呈。投票結果 將於舉行股東大會同日刊載於本公司及聯交所 網站。 Shareholders holding not less than one-twentieth of paidup capital of the Company can make a requisition to convene an extraordinary general meeting. The requisition must state the objects of the meeting and must be signed by the relevant shareholders and deposited at the Company's registered office.

Shareholders holding not less than one-fortieth of the total voting rights of all shareholders of the Company or not less than 50 shareholders holding the shares in the Company on which there has been paid up an average sum of not less than HK\$2,000 per shareholder can put forward proposals for consideration at a general meeting of the Company by depositing a requisition in writing signed by the relevant shareholders at the Company's registered office.

Specific enquiries and suggestions by shareholders can be sent in writing to the Board or the Company Secretary at the Company's registered office. Shareholders are encouraged to access to the Company website at www.hunghingprinting.com for all relevant information including Company's announcements, press releases, financial highlights, financial calendar, the Company's constitutional documents and detailed procedures for shareholders to convene meetings.

Investor Relations

The Company has a proactive policy for promoting investor relations and communications by maintaining regular dialogue with institutional shareholders, fund managers, analysts and the media. Meetings and conference call were held with investors and analysts in order for the Company to understand their views and to keep them abreast of the latest developments. Inquiries on the Company were also dealt with in an informative and timely manner.

The Company's website at www.hunghingprinting.com also features a dedicated Investor Relations section to facilitate communication with shareholders and investors. Corporate information and other relevant financial and nonfinancial information are made available electronically and in a timely manner. Specific enquiries can also be addressed to the Company's designated personnel by email at ir.contact@hunghingprinting.com. 持有不少於二十分之一之本公司繳足股本之股 東,可提出召開股東特別大會。該請求書必須述 明會議之目的,並須由相關股東簽署及送達本公 司註冊辦事處。

股東持有不少於四十分之一之本公司所有股東之 總投票權或不少於五十名持有本公司股份之股東 (其中每名股東已繳足不少於港幣2,000元之平均 款項)可將相關股東簽妥之書面請求書遞交予本公 司註冊辦事處,以要求在本公司股東大會上考慮 其建議。

股東如有任何特別查詢及意見,可致函董事會或 公司秘書並將函件送達本公司註冊辦事處。股東 可查閱本公司網站www.hunghingprinting.com 以取得所有相關資料,包括本公司公佈、新聞 稿、財務摘要、財務誌要、本公司憲章文件及股 東召開大會之詳細程序。

投資者關係

本公司透過與機構股東、基金經理、分析員及傳 媒維持定期對話,以履行積極促進投資者關係及 交流之政策。與投資者及分析員舉行會議及電話 會議,讓本公司了解彼等之意見及令彼等能掌握 本公司最新發展。就彼等對本公司之疑問,亦可 適時地為其提供詳盡資料。

本公司網站www.hunghingprinting.com亦設 有詳細之投資者關係專欄以促進與股東及投資者 之交流。公司資料、其他相關財務及非財務資料 已適時地以電子方式提供。如有任何特別查詢, 亦可以電郵方式致函本公司指定人員,其電郵為 ir.contact@hunghingprinting.com。

Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告

The year 2024 brought uncertainties and challenges that impacted both our business operations and environmental performance. Our sustainability targets are closely tied to our business turnover, which was affected by weak market demand and intensified price competition. Although we expanded our green energy capacity, we were unable to meet our targets for reducing the intensity of carbon emissions and electricity usage. Nevertheless, we view this as a temporary setback and remain fully committed to our long-term environmental goals. To mitigate our impact, we purchased a green energy certificate for a onetime offset of our carbon emissions. With the continued support of our Board of Directors, we are actively exploring and investing in sustainable energy solutions, enhancing energy efficiency, and adopting innovative practices to achieve meaningful reductions in our carbon footprint. 2024年充滿了不確定性和挑戰,這些因素對我們 的業務營運和環境表現都產生了影響。我們的可 持續發展目標與營業額是息息相關的,而營業額 則受到市場需求疲軟和價格競爭加劇的影響。儘 管我們擴大了綠色能源的產能,但仍未能達成降 低碳排放強度和用電量的目標。然而,我們認為 這是暫時性的,並將繼續全力以赴實現我們的長 期環保目標。為了減輕未能達成可持續發展目標 的影響,我們購買了綠色能源證書,以一次性抵 銷碳排放。在董事會的持續支持下,針對能源使 用方面,我們正積極探索和投資可持續發展的解 決方案,提升能源效率,並採用創新做法,以實 現顯著減少碳足跡的目標。

Base year 2020 2020基準年		2024 Actual 2024實際數據	2024 Target 2024目標
Scope 1 & 2 CO2 emission intensity	二氧化碳排放強度(範圍一及範圍二)	12.36	10.44
Electricity usage intensity	用電強度	27.8	20.83
Water consumption intensity	用水強度	286.00	364.43
Non-hazardous waste intensity	無害廢棄物強度	0.53	0.53
Hazardous waste intensity	有害廢棄物強度	0.22	0.21

In 2024, we increased our investment in renewable energy, expanding our solar panel capacity to 8,662 kWp, up from 6,101 kWp in 2023. As a result, our green energy generation reached 7,313 MWh, marking a 33% increase from the 5,478 MWh produced in the previous year.

To promote work-life balance and community engagement, we organised a corporate blood drive at our Hong Kong office and hosted various enriching activities across our factories, including hiking trips, employee recognition events, BBQ gatherings, and parent-child activities. 2024年,我們增加了對可再生能源的投資,將 太陽能板容量從2023年的6,101千瓦時擴展至 8,662千瓦時。集團的綠色能源發電量因此達到 7,313兆瓦時,相較於前一年的5,478兆瓦時,增 長了33%。

為了促進工作與生活的平衡及社區參與,我們在 香港總部舉辦了企業捐血活動,並在各工廠舉辦 了多項豐富多彩的活動,包括健行、員工表彰活 動、燒烤聚會和親子活動。 Our commitment to green practices and innovation was recognised with the Green Dot Award from Koenig & Bauer, as well as the Gold Design Award and Green Design Award in the Traditional Toy and Game Category from the Hong Kong Smart Design Awards 2024 for a design by our Beluga team.

For a more in-depth look at our ESG initiatives, please refer to our 2024 ESG report, available on our company website or via this link. Stakeholders interested in obtaining hard copies can email our Investor Relations team at ir.contact@hunghingprinting.com.

Summary of major performance data:

我們對綠色實踐和創新的承諾榮獲高寶公司(又名 科尼希鮑爾)(Koenig & Bauer)的綠點獎(Green Dot Award),而我們Beluga團隊所設計的作品獲 得香港智營設計大賞2024傳統玩具及遊戲組別的 金獎和綠色環保大獎。

如需更深入了解我們的ESG倡議,請參閱集團發 佈的2024年ESG報告,該報告可在公司網站或點 擊此鏈接查閱。對欲獲取印刷本的持份者,歡迎 發送電郵至ir.contact@hunghingprinting.com 向集團的投資者關係團隊索取。

主要績效數據摘要:

		Year 2024 2024年	Year 2023 2023年	Change 變幅
Revenue (HKD million)	總營業額 <i>(港幣百萬元)</i>	2,195	2,387	-8.04%
Total scope 1 CO2e emission (Tonne)	範圍一的二氧化碳總排放量(公噸)	5,197.62	5,619.87	-7.51%
Total scope 2 CO2e emission (Tonne)	範圍二的二氧化碳總排放量(公噸)	21,930.07	19,823.09	+10.63%
Total scope 3 CO2e emission (Tonne)	範圍三的二氧化碳總排放量(公噸)	4,845.80	N.A 不適用	
Total electricity consumption (MWh)	總用電量 <i>(兆瓦時)</i>	61,003	55,432	+10.05%
Total water consumption (M ³)	總用水量(立方米)	627,500	864,983	-27.46%
Total number of employees	僱員總人數	4,966	5,752	-13.66%
Average training hours per employee	每名僱員平均培訓時數	2.18	2.09	+4.31%
Total injury rate	整體工傷比率	0.15	0.22	-31.82%

Report of the directors 董事會報告

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2024.

Principal Activities

The principal activities of the Company during the year consisted of investment holding and the provision of management services.

The principal activities of the Group during the year consisted of the book and package printing, the consumer product packaging, the corrugated box and the trading of paper. There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the year.

Business Review

A review of the business of the Group during the year as required by Schedule 5 to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, including a discussion of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group and an indication of likely future developments in the Group's business, can be found in the Chairman's Statement, Management Discussion and Analysis and Business Unit Report set out on pages 7 to 20.

Results and Dividends

The Group's profit for the year and the state of affairs of the Company and the Group at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 69 to 168.

An interim dividend of HK4 cents per share was paid on 18 October 2024. The directors recommend the payment of a special dividend of HK5 cents per share and a final dividend of HK4 cents per share to shareholders on the register of members on 5 June 2025.

Summary Financial Information

A summary of the results and assets, liabilities and noncontrolling interests of the Group for the last five financial years is set out below. This summary does not form part of the audited financial statements. 董事謹提呈截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年 度之董事會報告及本集團經審核財務報表。

主要業務

本公司於本年度之主要業務包括投資控股及提供 管理服務。

本集團於本年度之主要業務包括書籍及包裝印 刷、消費產品包裝、瓦通紙箱及紙張貿易。本集 團主要業務性質於本年度內並無重大變動。

業務回顧

香港《公司條例》附表5要求本集團刊載年內業務回 顧(包括就本集團面臨之主要風險及不確定因素之 討論以及本集團未來業務發展之指標),回顧內容 於第7至20頁主席報告、管理層討論及分析以及 部門業績報告中載述。

業績及股息

本集團本年度溢利以及本公司與本集團於該日之 財務狀況載於第69至168頁之財務報表。

本公司已於二零二四年十月十八日派發中期股息 每股港幣4仙。董事建議向於二零二五年六月五日 名列股東名冊之股東派發特別股息每股港幣5仙及 末期股息每股港幣4仙。

財務資料概要

下文載列本集團於過往五個財政年度之業績以及 資產、負債及非控制性權益概要。此概要並不構 成經審核財務報表之一部分。

Results		業績						
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020		
		二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二零年		
		HK\$'000 <i>港幣千元</i>	HK\$'000 <i>港幣千元</i>	HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 <i>港幣千元</i>	HK\$'000 <i>港幣千元</i>		
Revenue	營業額	2,194,763	2,386,862	2,950,112	3,528,869	2,554,029		
(Loss)/profit attributable to equity shareholders of th Company	本公司權益持有人應佔 e (虧損)/溢利	(43,364)	135,155	66,038	51,953	109,357		
(Loss)/earnings per share	每股(虧損)/盈利							
Basic	基本	(4.8) cents 仙	15.0 cents 仙	7.3 cents 仙	5.8 cents 仙	12.1 cents 仙		
Diluted	攤薄	(4.8) cents 仙	14.9 cents 仙	7.3 cents 仙	5.7 cents 仙	12.1 cents 仙		

Assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests

資產、負債及非控制權益

				At 31 December 於十二月三十一日		
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
		二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000 <i>港幣千元</i>	HK\$'000 <i>港幣千元</i>	HK\$'000 <i>港幣千元</i>	HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 <i>港幣千元</i>
Current assets	流動資產	1,882,022	2,149,305	2,415,138	2,757,012	2,663,242
Non-current assets	非流動資產	1,553,555	1,661,908	1,570,010	1,547,938	1,476,811
Total assets	總資產	3,435,577	3,811,213	3,985,148	4,304,950	4,140,053
Current liabilities	流動負債	408,048	558,118	675,427	677,653	577,552
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	68,917	77,940	119,671	280,161	174,493
Total liabilities	總負債	476,965	636,058	795,098	957,814	752,045
Non-controlling interests	非控制性權益	116,365	129,149	135,380	159,137	150,262
Equity attributable to equity	本公司權益持有人					
shareholders of the	應佔權益					
Company		2,842,247	3,046,006	3,054,670	3,187,999	3,237,746

Property, Plant and Equipment

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in note 10 to the financial statements.

Share Capital

Details of the Company's share capital during the year are set out in note 23(c) to the financial statements.

Purchase, Redemption or Sale of Listed Securities of the Company

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's shares during the year.

Reserves

Details of the movement in the reserves of the Group and the Company during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity and in note 23(a) to the financial statements, respectively.

Distributable Reserves

The Company's distributable reserve as at 31 December 2024, calculated under Part 6 of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and with reference to the "Guidance on the Determination of Realised Profit and Losses in the Context of Distributions under the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance" issued by Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), amounted to HK\$383,185,000 (2023: HK\$422,217,000), of which HK\$45,393,000 (2023: HK\$45,393,000) has been proposed as a special dividend and HK\$36,315,000 (2023: HK\$36,315,000) has been proposed as a final dividend for the year.

Charitable Contributions

During the year, the Group made charitable contributions totalling HK\$230,000 (2023: HK\$205,000).

物業、廠房及設備

本集團於本年度內物業、廠房及設備之變動詳情 載於財務報表附註10。

股本

本公司股本於本年度內之詳情載於財務報表附註 23(c)。

購買、贖回或出售本公司上市證券

本公司及其任何附屬公司於本年度內概無購買、 贖回或出售本公司之任何股份。

儲備

本集團及本公司於本年度內儲備之變動詳情分別 載於綜合權益變動表及財務報表附註23(a)。

可分派儲備

可分派儲備乃根據《公司條例》第6部(香港法例 第622章)及參考香港會計師公會(「香港會計師 公會」)頒佈之「香港《公司條例》中就有關分發確 定已實現利潤及虧損之指引」計算。本公司於二 零二四年十二月三十一日之可分派儲備為港幣 383,185,000元(二零二三年:港幣422,217,000 元),當中港幣45,393,000元(二零二三年:港 幣45,393,000元)已建議作為特別股息及港幣 36,315,000元(二零二三年:港幣36,315,000 元)已建議作為本年度之末期股息。

慈善捐款

於本年度內,本集團作出慈善捐款合共港幣 230,000元(二零二三年:港幣205,000元)。

Major Customers and Suppliers

The information in respect of the Group's sales and purchases attributable to the major customers and suppliers respectively during the financial year is as follows:

主要客戶及供應商

於本財政年度,本集團的主要客戶及供應商分別 佔的銷售及採購資料如下:

		Percentage of the Group's total sales/purchases 銷售/採購 佔本集團總額 的百分比
The largest customer	最大客戶	14%
Five largest customers in aggregate	五大客戶合計	38%
The largest supplier	最大供應商	8%
Five largest suppliers in aggregate	五大供應商合計	23%

None of the directors, their close associates, or any shareholder (which to the knowledge of the directors own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers.

Directors

The directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive directors:

Yum Chak Ming, Matthew Yum Christopher Carson

Non-executive directors:

Hirofumi Hori Hitoshi Shibasaki Aki Tsuge Yam Hon Ming, Tommy (Yum Nicholas Kevin as his alternate)

Independent non-executive directors: Lo Chi Hong Luk Koon Hoo Tan Chuen Yan, Paul 概無董事、彼等之緊密聯繫人或任何股東(就董事 所知擁有本公司已發行股本超過5%者)於本集團 五大客戶中擁有任何實益權益。

董事

於本年度內及截至本報告日期止,本公司之董事 如下:

執行董事:

任澤明 任加信

非執行董事:

堀博史 柴崎仁 柘植晶 任漢明(任加恒為其替任董事)

獨立非執行董事: 羅志雄 陸觀豪 陳傳仁 In accordance with the Company's articles of association, the following directors will retire by rotation:

Yam Hon Ming, Tommy Hirofumi Hori Lo Chi Hong

All the retiring directors, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

In accordance with the Corporate Governance Code of the Listing Rules, if an independent non-executive director serves more than nine years, his further appointment should be subject to a separate resolution to be approved by shareholders. Mr. Luk Koon Hoo and Mr. Lo Chi Hong have served the Company for more than nine years. They, being eligible, will offer themselves for reelection at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

The Company has received annual confirmations of independence from Mr. Luk Koon Hoo, Mr. Lo Chi Hong and Mr. Tan Chuen Yan, Paul and as at the date of this report still considers them to be independent.

Directors of Subsidiaries

The following is the list of directors who have served on the boards of the subsidiaries of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2024 and up to the date of this report.

Chan Siu Man, Alvin	陳兆文
Chong Wai Kan, Winky	莊蕙芹
Lam Yuen Wai, Gary	林遠威
Lau Ching Wai Peter	劉靖瑋
Lau Wing Kit, Tommy	劉永傑
Lee Tak Ming	李德明
Li Jun Wei	李軍威
Li Tsz Ching	李子程
Lim Pheck Wan, Richard	林必旺
Liu Hing Yuen	廖慶源
Park Yung Keun	朴榮根
Shek Kwok Man	石國文
Song Zhi Yi	宋智毅
Sung Chee Keung	宋志強
Yam Ho Ming, Michael	任浩明
Yum Carrie, Stephanie	任加怡
Yum Christopher Carson	任加信
Yum Chak Ming, Matthew	任澤明
Yum Nicholas Kevin	任加恒
Zeng Xiang Dong	曾向東

根據本公司之組織章程細則,下列董事將輪值 退任:

任漢明 堀博史 羅志雄

所有退任董事均合資格並願意於應屆股東週年大 會上膺選連任。

根據上市規則之企業管治守則,倘一名獨立非執 行董事已任職超過九年,其續任須經股東另行通 過決議案批准。陸觀豪先生及羅志雄先生已於本 公司任職超過九年,彼等均合資格並願意於應屆 股東週年大會上膺選連任。

本公司已接獲陸觀豪先生、羅志雄先生及陳傳仁 先生之年度獨立確認書,而截至本報告日期彼等 仍被視為獨立人士。

附屬公司之董事

以下為於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 及直至本報告日期任職於本公司附屬公司董事會 之董事名單。

Changes in Directors' Information

Pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules, the changes in Directors' information since the date of the 2024 Interim Report are set out as follows:

 Mr. Tan Chuen Yan, Paul was appointed as an independent non-executive director of Hua Lien International (Holding) Company Limited (stock code: 969), a company listed on the Stock Exchange, with effective from 30 September 2024.

Updated biographical details of the Directors are also available on the website of the Company.

Save as disclosed above, there is no other Directors' information required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules.

Biographical Details of the Directors of the Company and Senior Management of the Group

Executive directors

Mr. Yum Chak Ming, Matthew, aged 66, is Executive Chairman of the Group. He has been a director of the Company since 1991. As Chairman of the Board, Mr. Yum is responsible for setting direction and overseeing the effective implementation of the Group's strategy, in addition to the overall management of the Group. He has been with the Group since 1983. He holds a Bachelor of Applied Science degree in Industrial Engineering and a Master of Business Administration degree in Marketing and Finance, both from the University of Toronto, Canada.

Mr. Yum Christopher Carson, aged 39, has been the Executive Director of Hung Hing Printing Group Limited since May 2023. He is the commercial director for the Group and also the director for Hung Hing Off-set Printing Co Ltd. With more than 20 years of experience in the printing business, Christopher has been leading the sales and marketing operations of the Group's Book and Package Printing business since 2007. Christopher understands the shifts in market demand, and with the vision to take the traditional printing business to new heights, he has created multiple brands for the business to provide better educational products for children and educators of Hong Kong, including Yum Me Play, STEMPLUS and iitutors, just to name a few. He holds a Bachelor of Arts degree in Business Management from Coventry University, UK. He is the son of Mr. Yum Chak Ming, Matthew.

董事資料變動

根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條,自二零二四年中期 報告日期起董事之資料變動載列如下:

陳傳仁先生獲委任為華聯國際(控股)有限公司(於聯交所上市的公司,股份代號:969) 獨立非執行董事,自二零二四年九月三十日 起生效。

董事最新簡歷亦可在本公司網站查閱。

除上文披露者外,概無其他董事資料根據上市規 則第13.51B(1)條須予以披露。

本公司董事及本集團高級管理人員之 個人資料詳情

執行董事

任澤明先生,66歲,為本集團執行主席。彼自 一九九一年起擔任本公司之董事。任先生為董事 會主席,除負責本集團整體管理工作外,亦領導 制定本集團之發展策略及方向,並確保它們得到 有效實施。彼自一九八三年起加入本集團,任先 生持有加拿大多倫多大學之應用科學(工業工程) 學士學位及工商管理(市場推廣與財務)碩士學位。

任加信先生,39歲,自二零二三年五月起擔任鴻 興印刷集團有限公司執行董事。彼為本集團之商 務總監,亦為鴻興柯式印務有限公司之董事,於 印刷業務累積逾廿年經驗,任先生自二零零七年 起負責本集團書籍及包裝印刷業務的銷售及市場 推廣。任先生明白到市場需求的變化,並期望將 傳統印刷業務轉型至另一層次,彼開創了多類業 務品牌以提供優質的教育產品予香港的兒童及教 育工作者,其中包括Yum Me Play、STEMPLUS 及iitutors等。彼持有英國考文垂大學工商管理文 學學士學位。彼為任澤明先生之兒子。

Non-executive directors

Mr. Hirofumi Hori, aged 66, is a member of the Senior Executive Meeting of Rengo Co., Ltd ("Rengo") (Tokyo Stock Exchange: Stock Code: 3941, Rengo is the Company's substantial shareholder holding 29.9% in the issued share capital of the Company) and is the Senior Managing Executive Officer with responsibility of overseeing the Overseas Business Unit of Rengo. He holds a Bachelor of Economics from Wakayama University, Japan. Mr. Hori joined Rengo in 1981 and since then has held various positions in Rengo.

Ms. Aki Tsuge, aged 52, is the Director of Group Administration of Tri-Wall Limited, a subsidiary of Rengo. She holds a Bachelor of Liberal Arts from International Christian University in Japan. Ms. Tsuge has been with Rengo since 1996 in various positions.

Mr. Yam Hon Ming, Tommy, aged 61, holds a Bachelor of Arts degree in Economics from York University, Canada. Mr. Yam has significant management experience in the printing industry. He was a non-executive director of the Company from 1991 to 1996. He re-joined the Company in 1999 and served as an executive director of the Company from July 2000 to July 2008. He was also the general manager of Hung Hing Packaging (Wuxi) Company Limited, a subsidiary of the Company, and was responsible for its general management between 2002 and 2008. He is a brother of Mr. Yum Chak Ming, Matthew.

Mr. Hitoshi Shibasaki, aged 62, is the Managing Executive Officer and General Manager of Sales Promotions and Displays Sales and Marketing Group of Rengo. He holds a Bachelor of Sociology from the Meiji Gakuin University in Japan. Mr. Shibasaki has served in various positions in Rengo since 1985.

非執行董事

堀博史先生,66歲,聯合株式會社(「聯合」)(東 京證券交易所:股份代號:3941,聯合為本公司 主要股東,持有本公司已發行股本29.9%)之高級 管理層會議的成員兼高級常務執行長,負責監管 聯合之海外業務單位。彼持有日本和歌山大學經 濟系學士學位。堀先生自一九八一年起任職於聯 合及自始擔任聯合之不同職位。

柘植晶女士,52歲,為聯合附屬公司特耐王有限 公司集團行政總監。彼持有日本國際基督教大學 文科學士學位。柘植晶女士自一九九六年起任職 於聯合不同職位。

任漢明先生,61歲,持有加拿大約克大學經濟系 文學學士學位。任先生於印刷業擁有豐富管理經 驗。並於一九九一年至一九九六年擔任本公司之 非執行董事。彼於一九九九年重新加入本公司, 並由二零零零年七月至二零零八年七月擔任本公 司之執行董事。彼由二零零二年至二零零八年擔 任本公司附屬公司鴻興包裝(無錫)有限公司之總 經理,負責該公司一般管理工作。彼為任澤明先 生之胞弟。

柴崎仁先生,62歲,為聯合之常務執行長兼營業 推廣及展覽營銷組總經理。彼擁有日本明治學院 大學社會學學士學位。柴崎先生自一九八五年起 任職於聯合不同職位。

Independent non-executive directors

Mr. Lo Chi Hong, aged 78, was a Board Director and Vice President of Sino United Publishing (Holdings) Limited and is an advisor to the group chairman of the Hung's Food Group which runs the restaurant and bakery chain under the "Yoshinoya" and "Maria's Bakery" brand names respectively. He has held senior managerial roles in the publishing industry over the last 30 years. From 1996 to 2007, he served as the chief executive officer of C&C Joint Printing Co., (HK) Limited. Mr. Lo has also held a number of public posts in Hong Kong and Chinese Mainland including acting as the chairman of the Advisory Board of the Hong Kong Institute of Print-media Professionals, an honorary president of the Chinese Manufacturers' Association of Hong Kong and an honorary president of the Hong Kong Printers Association. He served as a vice president of the Printing Technology Association of China, a council member of the World Print and Communication Forum (WPCF), a member of the Hong Kong Council for Accreditation of Academic & Vocational Qualifications and a member of the SME Development Fund Vetting Committee, and was the founding chairman of the Hong Kong Publishing Professionals Society. In 2005, Mr. Lo was awarded the Medal of Honour by the HKSAR Government. He was also the recipient of the Outstanding Achievement Award presented by the Hong Kong Print Awards in 2007. Mr. Lo was a PHD Candidate of Peking University in China in 1985.

Mr. Luk Koon Hoo, aged 73, has been an independent nonexecutive director of the Company since August 2008. He is a retired banker and has 30 years of comprehensive experience in accounting and financial management. He joined Hang Seng Bank in 1975 and became the bank's Chief Financial Officer in 1989. He was appointed Executive Director and Deputy Chief Executive in 1994 and was subsequently re-designated as Managing Director until his retirement in 2005. Mr. Luk is currently an independent non-executive director of two publicly-listed companies in Hong Kong, namely, i-Cable Communications Limited and Harbour Centre Development Limited. Mr. Luk also serves as a member of Urban Renewal Authority. Mr. Luk graduated with a Bachelor of Social Sciences Degree in Statistics from The University of Hong Kong and also holds a Master of Business Administration Degree granted by The Chinese University of Hong Kong. He is a Fellow of the Hong Kong Institute of Bankers. Mr. Luk is a Non-official Justice of the Peace and was awarded the honour of Bronze Bauhinia Star in 2004 in recognition of his contributions to public services.

獨立非執行董事

羅志雄先生,78歲,曾為聯合出版(集團)有限 公司之董事兼副總裁,現任洪氏飲食集團(分別 以「吉野家」及「超群西餅」品牌經營連鎖餐廳及餅 店)集團主席之顧問,彼於過去三十多年在出版行 業任職高層管理工作。自一九九六年至二零零七 年,彼為中華商務聯合印刷(香港)有限公司之行 政總裁。羅先生亦於香港及中國內地擔任多項公 職,包括香港印刷媒體專業人員協會之顧問委員 會主席、香港中華廠商聯合會之名譽會長及香港 印刷業商會之名譽會長。彼擔任中國印刷技術協 會之副會長、世界印刷與傳媒論壇理事會(WPCF) 成員、香港學術及職業資歷評審局之成員及中小 企業發展支援基金評審委員會之成員,並為香港 出版學會之創會主席。羅先生於二零零五年獲香 港特別行政區政府頒發榮譽勳章。彼亦於二零零 七年獲香港印製大獎頒發「傑出成就獎」。羅先生 於一九八五年曾為中國北京大學之博士生。

陸觀豪先生,73歲,自二零零八年八月起一直擔 任本公司獨立非執行董事。彼為退休銀行家,於 會計及財務管理方面累積30年廣泛工作經驗。彼 於一九七五年入職恒生銀行,之後於一九八九年 出任財務監理。彼於一九九四年晉升為執行董事 兼副行政總裁,其後調任為常務董事,直至彼於 二零零五年榮休。陸先生現為兩家香港上市公司 之獨立非執行董事,即有線寬頻通訊有限公司及 海港企業有限公司。陸先生л擔任市區重建局成 員。陸先生持有香港大學社會科學學士(主修統 計)及香港中文大學工商管理碩士學位。彼為香港 銀行學會資深會員。陸先生為非官守太平紳士, 並於二零零四年獲頒授銅紫荊星勳章,以嘉許彼 對公共事務所作出貢獻。 Mr. Tan Chuen Yan, Paul, aged 66, has over 40 years of experience in the legal industry, having practised as a solicitor in both Hong Kong and Sydney, New South Wales, Australia. Mr. Tan joined Baker McKenzie in 1982 and was Managing Partner of its Hong Kong, mainland China, Vietnam and Korea offices from 1997 to 1999, and from 2013 to 2015. He had also served as Chairman of the Firm Global Nominating Committee and Head of Hong Kong Commercial and Securities Practice. Mr. Tan retired as a partner of Baker McKenzie in December 2019. Mr. Tan has since become a Vice Chairman and Company Secretary of the Hong Chi Association, a government subvented charity dedicated to the welfare and training of mentally challenged children in Hong Kong. Mr. Tan serves as an independent non-executive director of Kerry Logistics Network Limited and Hua Lien International (Holding) Company Limited since October 2021 and September 2024, respectively, and an independent non-executive director of HSBC Provident Fund Trustee (Hong Kong) Limited, which is regulated by the Mandatory Fund Schemes Authority since August 2023.

Mr. Tan was Vice President of the Law Society of Hong Kong from 2000 to 2003, having been a Council member since 1995. He was the Convenor of Solicitors Disciplinary Tribunal, President of the Taxation Institute of Hong Kong and Chairman of its Appeal Tribunal. Mr. Tan has also served on a number of public appointments in Hong Kong, including as Chairman of the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Appeal Board, Occupational **Retirement Schemes Appeal Board and the Appeal Tribunal** Panel (Buildings). He also served as the Independent Trustee of the Hong Kong University of Science and Technology Staff Superannuation Scheme, the Hong Kong University of Science and Technology Ancillary Staff Superannuation Scheme, and was a member of Air Transport Licencing Authority. Mr. Tan received from the University of Sydney in Australia a bachelor's degree in economics in 1980, a bachelor's degree and a master's degree in law in 1982 and 1985, respectively. He is a gualified solicitor in Hong Kong.

陳傳仁先生,66歲,在法律行業擁有逾四十年 經驗,為香港及澳洲新南威爾士悉尼的執業律 師。陳先生於一九八二年加入貝克·麥堅時律師 事務所,並分別於一九九七年至一九九九年及二 零一三年至二零一五年擔任該事務所於香港、中 國內地、越南及韓國辦事處的管理合夥人。彼亦 曾擔任事務所全球提名委員會主席與香港商業及 證券業務部主管。陳先生於二零一九年十二月退 任貝克·麥堅時律師事務所合夥人,並自此擔任 匡智會副主席兼公司秘書。匡智會為一間政府資 助的慈善機構,致力為香港智障兒童提供福利及 培訓。自二零二一年十月及二零二四年九月起, 陳先生亦分別擔任嘉里物流聯網有限公司及華聯 國際(控股)有限公司的獨立非執行董事,並自二 零二三年八月起擔任受強制性公積金計劃管理局 監管的 HSBC Provident Fund Trustee (Hong Kong) Limited的獨立非執行董事。

陳先生自一九九五年起擔任香港律師會的理事會 會員,並於二零零零年至二零零三年擔任副會 長。彼曾擔任律師紀律審裁團召集人、香港稅務 學會會長及該會上訴委員會主席。陳先生亦曾在 香港擔任多項公職,包括強制性公積金計劃上 訴委員會主席、職業退休計劃上訴委員會主席及 上訴審裁團(建築物)主席。彼亦為香港科技大學 員工退休金計劃及香港科技大學輔助人員退休金 計劃的獨立受託人及空運牌照局成員。陳先生於 一九八零年獲澳洲悉尼大學頒授經濟學學士學 位,並分別於一九八二年及一九八五年獲得法學 學士學位及碩士學位。彼為香港合資格律師。

Senior management

Mr. Shek Kwok Man, aged 60, is the Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary of the Group, providing overall financial leadership in matters related to mergers & acquisitions, investor relations, accounting, planning & reporting, treasury, and financial management of all operations. He is also responsible to support the Group's board of directors on all the board related activities, and handle listing and regulatory affairs as the Group's authorised representative required under the Hong Kong Stock Exchange Rules on Listing Matters and the Company Ordinance. Mr. Shek joined the Group in February 2013, bringing with him over 30 years of management experience in senior executive roles with world-renowned multinational corporations such as IBM, Bausch & Lomb, Philip Morris/Kraft Foods, Thomson Reuters, Wrigley, Mead Johnson, Hershey's and Associated British Foods. He has been assigned to station in various locations including Tokyo, Guangzhou, Beijing and Shanghai in addition to Hong Kong. Mr. Shek is a fellow member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW) as well as the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (HKICPA). He graduated from the University of Hong Kong with a BSSc (Hons) degree, and holds a MBA with Manchester Business School, UK and Master of Science-Marketing (MSc-Mktg) with Napier University, Edinburgh, Scotland.

Mr. Sung Chee Keung, aged 65, is the General Manager, Consumer Product Packaging. He is responsible for overseeing the operation of the Group's Consumer Product Packaging business in Chinese Mainland. He holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Printing Engineering from Rochester Institute of Technology, U.S.A. He has over 30 years of experience in the printing industry and has been with the Group since 1986. He became a director of the Company in September 2008 till May 2023.

Mr. Wong Fu Cheung, Dennis, aged 64, is the General Manager, Corporate Responsibility and Compliance and is responsible for overseeing improvements in quality, safety, ethics and sustainability initiatives. He holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Computational and Statistical Science from the University of Liverpool and a Master of Business Management degree from University of Bradford both in U.K.. He has been with the Group since 1992.

高級管理人員

石國文先生,60歲,本集團首席財務官兼公司秘 書,主管整體財務運作事宜,涉及併購、投資者 關係、會計、策劃及報告、庫務以及一切有關營 運上之財務管理。彼亦負責就董事會一切相關事 務向本集團董事會提供支援,並作為本集團之授 權代表,遵照香港聯交所上市規則及《公司條例》 之規定處理上市及監管事宜。於二零一三年二月 加入本集團之前,石先生在全球著名之跨國企業 擔任過不同要職,擁有超過30年行政管理經驗, 例如IBM、Bausch & Lomb、Philip Morris/Kraft Foods
Thomson Reuters

Wrigley

Mead Johnson 、 Hershey 's 及 Associated British Foods。除香港以外,彼曾獲派駐多個城市,包 括東京、廣州、北京及上海。石先生為英格蘭及 威爾士特許會計師協會(ICAEW)以及香港會計師 公會(香港會計師公會)資深會員。彼擁有香港大 學社會科學學士學位、英國曼徹斯特商學院之工 商管理碩士學位,以及蘇格蘭愛丁堡龍比亞大學 之市場學理科碩士學位。

宋志強先生,65歲,為消費產品包裝總經理, 負責監督本集團位於中國內地消費產品包裝業務 之運作。宋先生持有美國Rochester Institute of Technology印刷工程理學學士學位。彼在印刷業 內積逾30年經驗,自一九八六年起加入本集團。 彼於二零零八年九月成為本公司之執行董事直至 二零二三年五月止。

黃富祥先生,64歲,本公司企業責任及合規之總 經理,負責監督品質改進、安全、社會責任及可 持續發展。彼獲英國利物浦大學電腦及統計系理 學學士學位及布萊佛德大學工商管理碩士學位, 彼自一九九二年起任職本集團。 Mr. Song Zhi Yi, aged 63, is responsible for the management of the Group's manufacturing operations in Shenzhen, Heshan and Foshan. He holds a Bachelor's degree in Forestry from the Southern China Agricultural University, Chinese Mainland. He has been with the Group since 1990. He is a brother of Mr. Sung Chee Keung.

Mr. Chan Siu Man, Alvin, aged 66, is responsible for the Group's manufacturing operation in Hong Kong as well as the supply chain and procurement operations of the Group. He holds a Bachelor of Applied Science degree in Electrical Engineering from the University of Toronto. He has been with the Group since 1990. He is the brother-in-law of Mr. Yum Chak Ming, Matthew.

Ms. Chong Wai Kan, Winky, aged 54, is responsible for the management of the Group's paper trading business. She has over 30 years of experience in paper trading and has been with the Group since 1992.

Mr. Lim Pheck Wan, Richard, aged 59, is the Chief Operations Officer of the Group and is responsible for overseeing the day-to-day operations and execution of the core printing and packaging divisions, including the Book and Package Printing (BPP), Consumer Product Packaging (CPP), Paper Trading and Corrugated business. With his extensive experience and expertise, Mr. Lim plays a vital role in ensuring the smooth functioning of our factories located in Hong Kong, China and Vietnam. He has been an integral part of our team since July 2011, bringing more than 35 years of experience in the printing and packaging industry. He holds a Master's Degree in International Marketing from the University of Strathclyde, Glasgow and is also recognised as a Fellow Member of the Chartered Institute of Marketing UK. Throughout his career, Mr. Lim has held various positions in Singapore, Malaysia, Hong Kong and China, allowing him to gain valuable insights into different markets and develop a comprehensive understanding of the industry.

宋智毅先生,63歲,負責本集團在深圳、鶴山及 佛山製造營運之管理工作。宋先生持有中國內地 華南農業大學林業學學士學位,自一九九零年起 任職本集團。彼為宋志強先生之胞弟。

陳兆文先生,66歲,負責本集團於香港之製造 業務及本集團之供應鏈及採購業務。彼持有多倫 多大學應用科學(電機工程)學士學位。陳先生自 一九九零年起任職本集團,彼為任澤明先生之妹 夫。

莊蕙芹小姐,54歲,負責本集團紙張貿易業務之 管理工作。彼於紙張貿易方面積近逾30年經驗及 自一九九二年起任職本集團。

林必旺先生,59歲,為本集團之營運總監,負責 監督核心印刷及包裝分部的日常營運及管理,包 括書籍及包裝印刷、消費產品包裝、紙張貿易及 瓦通紙箱業務。憑藉豐富的經驗和專業知識,林 先生在確保我們香港、中國及越南工廠順利運作 方面發揮著至關重要的作用。彼自二零一一年七 月起加入我們團隊,於印刷及包裝行業累積逾35 年經驗。彼持有格拉斯哥斯特拉斯克萊德大學國 際市場推廣碩士學位,彼為英國特許市務學會資 深會員。於職業生涯中,林先生曾於新加坡、馬 來西亞、香港及中國擔任過不同職位,這使其能 夠對不同市場擁有獨特見解,並對行業有全面的 了解。

Mr. Yu Yan Yee, aged 55, is the Chief Information Officer of the Group. In this capacity, he is responsible for formulating the Group's information technology (IT) strategy, overseeing all aspects of IT function, and driving enterprise - wide digital transformation across the Group in supporting its business vision. Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Yu had spent 10 years with IBM Global Business Services (US and HK), advising and driving technology agenda for organizations in a wide range of industries. He holds a Bachelor of Science degree (cum laude) in Mechanical Engineering from Louisiana Tech University, USA, a Master of Business Administration degree from Boston University, USA, and a Master of Science degree in IT from the Hong Kong University of Science and Technology. Mr. Yu was the recipient of numerous industry recognitions, notably 2019-2022 IDC CIO50 in ASEAN, 2018 IDC DX (Digital Transformation) Leader of the Year, 2017 China CIO Award, and 2017 Hong Kong CIO Award for Medium Enterprise. He has been with the Group since May 2012.

Mr. Yum Nicholas Kevin, aged 37, is the director of Beluga Limited, focuses on the design and creation of high-tech printed products. He holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Business Management from University of St. Andrews, UK. He has been with the Group since 2011. He is the son of Mr. Yum Chak Ming, Matthew.

Mr. Lee Tak Ming, aged 52, is the General Manager of the Group's corrugated business. He has nearly 20 years of experience in corrugated business and has been with the Group since 2001.

Indemnity of Directors

A permitted indemnity provision (as defined in section 469 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance) for the benefit of the directors of the Company is currently in force and was in force throughout this year.

Directors' Service Contracts

No director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

余仁義先生,55歲,為本集團之資訊科技總監。 在該職位上,彼負責制定本集團之資訊科技策 略,監督資訊科技運作各個方面,並推動本集團 企業各個層面之廣泛數字化轉型以支持本集團業 務願景。加入本公司前,余先生在IBM全球商業 服務(美國及香港)工作十年,為多種類型工業之 組織提供諮詢並推動技術議程。余先生持有美國 路易斯安那理工大學機械工程學士學位、美國波 士頓大學工商管理碩士學位及香港科技大學理學 碩士(資訊科技)學位。余先生曾獲授多個資訊科 技傑出成就獎項,包括二零一九年至二零二二年 IDC東南亞國家50名最傑出CIO、二零一八年IDC DX(數位轉型)年度領導人、二零一七年度中國優 秀CIO獎及二零一七年度香港中型企業CIO獎。彼 自二零一二年五月起任職本集團。

任加恒先生,37歲,為貝路加有限公司之董事, 專注於高科技印刷產品之設計及開創。彼持有英 國聖安德魯斯大學之理學(商業管理)學士學位。 彼自二零一一年起任職於本集團。彼為任澤明先 生之兒子。

李德明先生,52歲,為本集團瓦通紙箱業務之總 經理。彼於瓦通紙箱業務方面積近二十年的經驗 及自二零零一年起任職本集團。

董事之彌償保證

一項以本公司董事利益之獲准彌償保證條文(定義 見香港《公司條例》第469條)現時生效並於整個本 年度一直生效。

董事之服務合約

擬於應屆股東週年大會重選連任之董事概無與本 公司訂立任何本公司不可於一年內終止而毋須作 出賠償(法定賠償除外)之服務合約。

Directors' Remuneration

The directors' fees are subject to shareholders' approval at general meetings. Other emoluments are determined by the Company's board of directors or remuneration committee with reference to directors' duties, responsibilities and performance and the results of the Group.

Directors' Interests in Contracts

Save as disclosed in note 28 to the financial statements, no director had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party during the year.

Directors' Interests in Shares and Underlying Shares

At 31 December 2024, the interests of the directors in the share capital and underlying shares of the Company, as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO"), or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code"), were as follows:

Long positions in ordinary shares of the Company: 於本公司普通股之好倉:

董事酬金

董事袍金須於股東大會獲股東批准。其他酬金由 本公司董事會或薪酬委員會經參考董事之職務、 責任及表現以及本集團業績後釐定。

董事於合約之權益

除財務報表附註28披露者外,概無董事於本公司 或其任何附屬公司於本年度內參與訂立對本集團 業務而言屬重大之任何合約中直接或間接擁有重 大權益。

董事於股份及相關股份之權益

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,根據證券及期貨 條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第352條本公司須予存 置之登記名冊所載,或根據上市發行人董事進行 證券交易之標準守則(「標準守則」)已另行向本公 司及聯交所作出之通知,各董事於本公司股本及 相關股份之權益如下:

		Number of shares 持有服			
		Directly beneficially owned	Share award scheme	Total	Percentage of the Company's issued share capital 佔本公司已
Name of directors	董事姓名	直接實益擁有	股份獎勵計劃	總額	發行股本百分比
Yum Chak Ming, Matthew	任澤明	56,708,700	756,554	57,465,254	6.33
Yum Christopher Carson Yum Nicholas Kevin (Alternate Director to	任加信 任加恒(任漢明之替任董事)	9,398,874	-	9,398,874	1.04
Yam Hon Ming, Tommy)		1,318,891	_	1,318,891	0.15

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2024, none of the directors had registered an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) that was required to be recorded pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

除上文披露者外,於二零二四年十二月三十一 日,概無董事於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見 證券及期貨條例第XV部)之股份或相關股份中, 擁有根據證券及期貨條例第352條須予記錄,或 根據標準守則已另行向本公司及聯交所作出通知 之已登記權益或淡倉。

Restricted Share Award Scheme

Purpose and Duration

The Company has adopted the Restricted Share Award Scheme (the "Scheme") to recognise and acknowledge contributions which certain employees had made or may make to the Company, and to attract, motivate and retain employees and tie their interests to the long-term growth of the Company. The Company adopted the Scheme on 21 December 2009. The Scheme shall be valid for an initial period of three years which can be extended, at the Board's discretion, for another three years. The Scheme came into effect on 1 July 2021 and expired on 30 June 2024 (the "Expired Scheme"). The Expired Scheme was renewed for a period of three years from 1 July 2024 to 30 June 2027 with the same rules of the Scheme adopted by the Board (the "Renewed Scheme").

Participants

Eligible participants under the Scheme includes any Director, fulltime or part-time employee, executive or officer of the Company or any of its subsidiaries.

Total number of restricted share awards available for grant

All restricted shares of the Scheme are existing shares of the Company. At any time during the Scheme Period, following execution of a trust deed entered into between the Company and Law Debenture Trust (Asia) Limited, an independent trustee (the "Trustee"), the Trustee shall follow directions from or given by the Board, with funds provided by the Company to purchase from the market the aggregate number of restricted share awards granted to the grantees and within such price limits as instructed by the Board and hold the same upon trust for the purpose of the Scheme.

The maximum number of restricted shares in respect of which awards may be granted under the Expired Scheme and Renewed Scheme shall not exceed 18,157,299 Shares, representing 2% of the total issued share capital of the Company as at 1 July 2021 and 1 July 2024, respectively. As at 1 January 2024, the total number of Shares may be granted under the Expired Scheme was 15,887,637 Shares. Following the expiry of the Expired Scheme on 30 June 2024, the 15,887,630 Shares was lapsed. As at 31 December 2024, the total number of Shares may be granted under the Renewed Scheme was 18,157,299 Shares.

限制性股份獎勵計劃

目的及期限

本公司採納限制性股份獎勵計劃(「該計劃」)作為 表彰和確認部份僱員已經或可能為公司作出的貢 獻及吸引、激勵和挽留僱員,以及將他們的利益 與公司的長遠發展保持一致。本公司於二零零九 年十二月二十一日採納該計劃。該計劃的初始有 效期為三年,董事會可酌情延長每次三年。該計 劃於二零二一年七月一日起生效,至二零二四年 六月三十日止到期(「該已到期計劃」),該已到期 計劃已重續三年,由二零二四年七月一日起至二 零二七年六月三十日止,董事會已採納該計劃的 相同條款(「該重續計劃」)。

參與者

該計劃的合資格參與者包括本公司或其任何附屬 公司的董事、全職或兼職僱員、高級管理人員或 高層僱員。

可授予的限制性股份獎勵總數

該計劃的所有限制性股份均為本公司現有股份。 在該計劃期間的任何時間,於執行本公司與獨立 受託人洛德信託(亞洲)有限公司(「受託人」)之間 訂立的信託契約,受託人須要根據董事會的指示 或發出的指示,以本公司提供的資金及在董事會 指示的價格限額內從市場上購買,股份數量為授 予參與者的限制性股份總數,並為該計劃的目的 以信託形式持有。

根據該已到期計劃及該重續計劃,可授予獎勵的 限制性股份數量最高均不得超過18,157,299股, 分別佔本公司於二零二一年七月一日及二零二四 年七月一日已發行股本總額的2%。於二零二四年 一月一日,根據該已到期計劃可授出的股份總數 為15,887,637股。隨著該已到期計劃於二零二四 年六月三十日到期,該15,887,630股股份已失 效。於二零二四年十二月三十一日,根據該重續 計劃可授出的股份總數為18,157,299股。

Maximum entitlement of each participant

During the Scheme Period, the maximum entitlement of each participant shall not exceed 0.25% of the total issued share capital of the Company as at the Renewal Date (the "Participant Limit").

Vesting period

The restricted share awards granted to any grantee shall vest in three equal tranches, where each tranche represents one-third of the total number of restricted share awards granted. The first tranche shall vest within 60 days after the first anniversary of the date immediately following the 30-day period after the date of grant. The remaining two tranches shall vest on the second and third anniversaries of the date immediately following the 30-day period after the date of grant, respectively.

Grant of restricted share awards and acceptance of offers

Any restricted share awards may be accepted by a grantee when the duplicate offer document constituting acceptance of the restricted share awards signed by the grantee has been received by the Company or the Trustee no later than 30 days after the date of grant. The restricted share awards under the Scheme were granted to grantees at nil consideration and were or will be transferred to the grantees upon vesting at nil consideration. Exercise/purchase price and the basis of determining the exercise/purchase price are not applicable to the restricted share awards of the Scheme.

每名參與者最大的獲益

該計劃期間內,各參與者的最高獲益不得超過於 重續日期本公司已發行股本總額的0.25%(「參與 者限額」)。

歸屬期

授予任何受讓人的限制性股份獎勵的歸屬須分為 三期,每期佔已授予的限制性股份獎勵總數的三 分之一。第一批應在授予日之後30天當日滿一週 年隨後的60天內歸屬。其餘兩批應分別於授予日 後30天內的第二週年和第三週年歸屬。

授予限制性股份獎勵和接受要約

受讓人可以接受任何限制性股份獎勵,只要本公 司或受託人在授予日後不遲於30天內收到由受 讓人簽署構成接受限制性股份獎勵的要約文件副 本。該計劃項下的限制性股份獎勵將無償授予受 讓人,並在或將在歸屬時無償轉讓給受讓人。行 使/購買價及決定行使/購買價之基礎不適用於 該計劃之限制性股份獎勵。 Details of restricted share awards granted under the Scheme 於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,根據 during the year ended 31 December 2024 are as follows:

該計劃授予的限制性股份獎勵詳情如下:

	Date of Grant 授予日	Exercise period of awards 獎勵之 行使期	Exercise/ purchase price of awards 獎勵之行使/ 購買價	Vesting Period of awards 獎勵之 歸屬期	Number of awards unvested as at 1 January 2024 於二零二四年 一月一日 未歸屬之股份 獎勵數目	Number of awards granted during the year 本年度授予之 股份獎勵數目	Fair value of awards at trant (HKD) 授予股份 奠勵該日之 《平價值 (港元)	Number of awards vested during the year 本年度歸屬之 股份獎勵數目	Number of awards unvested 31 December 2024 於二零二四年 十二月三十一日 未歸屬之股份 獎勵數目	Number of awards cancelled during the year 奉午度取消之 股份类删數目	Number of awards lapsed/ forfeited during the year 本年度失效/ 沒收之 股份獎勵數目	Closing price of shares immediately before the date on which awards were granted (HKD) 授予級份獎勵 該日前一天之 股份收市價(港元)	Weighted average closing price of the shares immediately before the dates on which the awards were vested ((KD) 歸屬服份獎勵 該日前一天之 股份加權平均 收市價(港元)
Directors 董事													
Yum Chak Ming, Matthew 任澤明	1/4/2021	N/A 不適用	Nil 無	3 years 3年	95,084	-	1.33	95,084	-	-	-	1.36	1.19
1 <u>1</u> 11	1/4/2022	N/A 不適用	Nil 無	3 years 3年	1,513,108	-	1.29	756,554	756,554	-	-	1.27	1.19
Yum Christopher Carson 任加信	1/4/2021	N/A 不適用	Nil 無	3 years 3年	188,158	-	1.33	188,158	-	-	-	1.36	1.19
Five highest paid individuals 五名最高薪人士	1/4/2021	N/A 不適用	Nil 無	3 years 3年	1,624,651	-	1.33	1,624,651	-	-	-	1.36	1.19
山口取同利八上	1/4/2022	N/A 不適用	Nil 無	3 years 3年	1,513,108	-	1.29	756,554	756,554	-	-	1.27	1.19
Other employee participants 其他參與僱員	1/4/2021	N/A 不適用	Nil 無	3 years 3年	1,157,069	-	1.33	1,157,069	-	-	-	1.36	1.19

Notes:

- (1) No restricted share awards granted under the Scheme were cancelled, lapsed or forfeited in accordance with the terms of the Scheme during the year ended 31 December 2024.
- (2) Exercise/purchase price and exercise period are not applicable to the restricted share awards of the Scheme.
- (3) No restricted share awards granted were in excess of the Participant Limit or the 1% individual limit pursuant to Rule 17.07 of the Listing Rules.
- (4) Pursuant to Rule 17.12(1)(a), during the year ended 31 December 2024, restricted share awards were granted to five highest paid individuals, which includes executive Directors, Mr. Yum Chak Ming, Matthew and four senior management of the Company.
- (5) Save as disclosed above, no restricted share awards were granted under the Scheme to any directors, chief executive, substantial shareholders of the Company or their respective associates, any related entity participants or service providers for the year ended 31 December 2024.
- (6) The weighted average closing price of the shares immediately before the dates on which the awards were vested was \$1.19.
- (7) For details of the basis of measurement for the fair value of the restricted share awards granted, please refer to note 24 headed "Restricted share award scheme" of the financial statements in this annual report.

Directors' Rights to Acquire Shares

Pursuant to the Restricted Share Award Scheme, the executive directors are eligible participants of the Restricted Share Award Scheme, details of which are set out in note 24 to the financial statements.

Save as disclosed above, at no time during the year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in the Company granted to any director or their respective spouses or minor children, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company, or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

附註:

- (1) 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,並無根 據該計劃條款授予的限制性股份獎勵被取消、失 效或沒收。
- (2) 行使/購買價及行使期並不適用於該計劃之限制 性股份獎勵。
- (3) 概無授予的限制性股份獎勵超過參與者限額或上 市規則第17.07條規定的1%個人限額。
- (4) 根據上市規則第17.12(1)(a)條,截至二零二四年 十二月三十一日止年度,限制性股份獎勵已授予 五名最高薪人士,其中包括執行董事任澤明先生 及本公司四名高級管理人員。
- (5) 除上述披露者外,截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度概無根據該計劃授予董事、最高行政人員或本公司主要股東又或其各自的聯繫人、關連實體參與者及服務提供者任何限制性股份獎勵。
- (6) 歸屬股份獎勵該日前一天之股份加權平均收市價 為港幣1.19元。
- (7) 授予的限制性股份獎勵公平價值的計量基礎詳見 本年度報告財務報表附註24「限制性股份獎勵計 劃」。

董事購入股份之權利

根據限制性股份獎勵計劃,執行董事為限制性股 份獎勵計劃之合資格參與者,有關詳情載於財務 報表附註24。

除上文披露者外,於本年度任何時間,本公司並 無授予任何董事、彼等各自之配偶或未成年子女 可藉購入本公司股份而獲益之權利,而彼等亦無 行使有關權利;本公司或其任何附屬公司亦無參 與任何安排,致使董事於任何其他法人團體獲得 有關權利。

Percentage of

Substantial Shareholders' and Other Persons' Interests in Shares and Underlying Shares

At 31 December 2024, the following interests of 5% or more of the issued share capital of the Company were recorded in the register of interests required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO:

主要股東及其他人士於股份及相關股 份之權益

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,根據證券及期貨 條例第336條本公司須予存置之登記名冊所載, 擁有本公司已發行股本5%或以上權益之公司如 下:

Long positions: 好倉:

Name		Capacity and nature of interest	Number of ordinary shares held	the Company's issued share capital 佔本公司已發行
名稱		身份及權益性質	持有普通股數目	股本百分比
C.H. Yam International Limited*	(Note)	Directly beneficially owned and through controlled corporation	290,834,379	32.03
C.H. Yam International Limited*	(附註)	直接實益擁有及透過受控制公司		
C.H. Yam Holding Limited 任氏實業有限公司	(Note) (附註)	Through controlled corporation 透過受控制公司	199,263,190	21.95
Hung Tai Industrial Company Limited	(Note)	Directly beneficially owned	199,263,190	21.95
鴻大實業有限公司	(附註)	直接實益擁有		
Rengo Co., Ltd. 聯合株式會社		Directly beneficiary owned 直接實益擁有	271,552,000	29.91

- * C.H. Yam International Limited, established by the founder of the Company, was held by Mr. Yum Chak Ming, Matthew, Mr. Yum Christopher Carson, Mr. Yam Hon Ming, Tommy and other immediate family members of the founder as at 31 December 2024. None of such interests renders C.H. Yam International Limited a controlled corporation (as defined in SFO) of any of Mr. Yum Chak Ming, Matthew, Mr. Yum Christopher Carson, Mr. Yam Hon Ming, Tommy or any other members of the family.
- Note: C.H. Yam International Limited owns Hung Tai Industrial Company Limited as to 100% through its wholly-owned subsidiary, C.H. Yam Holding Limited.

There is a duplication of interests of 199,263,190 shares in the Company among C.H. Yam International Limited, C.H. Yam Holding Limited and Hung Tai Industrial Company Limited.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2024, no person, other than the directors of the Company, whose interests are set out in the section "Directors' interests in shares and underlying shares" above, had registered an interest and short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company that was required to be recorded pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO.

- 本公司創辦人成立之C.H. Yam International Limited於二零二四年十二月三十一日由任澤明 先生、任加信先生、任漢明先生及創辦人之其 他直系親屬所持有。該等權益並無令C.H. Yam International Limited成為任澤明先生、任加信 先生、任漢明先生或任何其他親屬之受控制公司 (定義見證券及期貨條例)。
- 附註: C.H. Yam International Limited透過其全資附屬 公司任氏實業有限公司持有鴻大實業有限公司之 100%權益。
 - C.H. Yam International Limited 、 任 氏 實 業 有限公司及鴻大實業有限公司重複擁有本公司 199,263,190股股份之權益。

除上文披露者外,於二零二四年十二月三十一 日,除本公司董事(彼等之權益載於上文「董事於 股份及相關股份之權益」一節)之外,概無其他人 士於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有根據證券及期 貨條例第336條須予記錄之登記權益及淡倉。

Significant Related Party Transactions

The Group have certain transactions with parties regarded as "related parties" under applicable accounting principles. The related party transactions conducted during the ordinary course of business, which cover transactions with related parties and constitute connected transactions as defined under the Listing Rules, are set out in note 28 to the financial statements. Such transactions were complied with the applicable provisions under the Listing Rules.

Continuing Connected Transactions

During the year and in the normal course of business, the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") had various commercial transactions with Rengo Co., Ltd. ("Rengo"), its subsidiaries and its associates (together with Rengo, "Rengo Group"). Rengo is a substantial shareholder of the Company and these transactions constitute continuing connected transactions under the Listing Rules.

Details of these transactions are as follows:

On 9 December 2021, the Group and the Rengo Group renewed two framework agreements in relation to the continuing connected transactions, namely as follows:

- (i) The Sale of Paper Products Framework Agreement pursuant to which the Group agreed to sell and the Rengo Group agreed to purchase paper products for the period from 1 January 2022 (the "Effective Date") to 31 December 2024.
- (ii) The Purchase of Paper Products Framework Agreement pursuant to which the Group agreed to purchase and the Rengo Group agreed to sell paper products for the period from the Effective Date to 31 December 2024.

The annual caps of the agreements are as follows:

Sales of paper products by the Group to the Rengo Group:

Year ended 31 December 2024: HK\$5 million

Purchase of paper products by the Group from the Rengo Group:

Year ended 31 December 2024: HK\$15 million

重大關聯方交易

本集團已與被視為「關聯人士」(根據適用會計原 則)的各方存在特定交易。於正常業務過程中進行 的關聯方交易(涵蓋與關聯方之交易並構成關連交 易(定義見上市規則))載於財務報表附註28。該 等交易符合上市規則項下之適用條文。

持續關連交易

於本年度及正常業務過程中,本公司及其附屬公 司(統稱「本集團」)與聯合株式會社(「聯合」)、 其附屬公司及其聯營公司(連同聯合統稱「聯合集 團」)進行多項商業交易。聯合為本公司之主要股 東,根據上市規則該等交易構成持續關連交易。

該等交易之詳情如下:

於二零二一年十二月九日,本集團與聯合集團就 持續關連交易續訂兩份架構協議如下:

- (i) 出售紙製品架構協議,據此由二零二二年一 月一日(「生效日期」)至二零二四年十二月 三十一日止期間,本集團同意出售及聯合集 團同意購買紙製品。
- (ii) 購買紙製品架構協議,據此由生效日期至二 零二四年十二月三十一日止期間本集團同意 購買及聯合集團同意出售紙製品。

有關協議之年度上限如下:

本集團向聯合集團銷售紙製品:

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度:港幣 500萬元

本集團向聯合集團購買紙製品:

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度:港幣 1,500萬元 In view of the expiry of the Sales of Paper Products Framework Agreement and the Purchase of Paper Products Framework Agreement, the Company and Rengo renewed the two framework agreements (the "Renewed Sale of Paper Products Framework Agreement" and the "Renewed Purchase of Paper Products Framework Agreement") on 23 December 2024 for a period of three years from 1 January 2025 to 31 December 2027. The terms of the Renewed Sale of Paper Products Framework Agreement and the Renewed Purchase of Paper Products Framework Agreement are similar to those of the Sale of Paper Products Framework Agreement and the Purchase of Paper Products Framework Agreement respectively. Further details of the renewed agreements were set out in the announcement of the Company dated 23 December 2024. 鑒於出售紙製品架構協議及購買紙製品架構協 議已屆滿,本公司與聯合於二零二四年十二月 二十三日續訂該兩份架構協議(「續訂出售紙製品 架構協議」及「續訂購買紙製品架構協議」),由二 零二五年一月一日至二零二七年十二月三十一日 止,為期三年。續訂出售紙製品架構協議及續訂 購買紙製品架構協議的條款分別與出售紙製品架 構協議及購買紙製品架構協議的條款相若。續訂 協議的進一步詳情載於本公司於二零二四年十二 月二十三日刊發的公告。

The annual caps of the renewed agreements are as follows:	有關續訂協議之年度上限如下:
Sales of paper products by the Group to the Rengo Group:	本集團向聯合集團銷售紙製品:
Year ended 31 December 2025: HK\$5 million	截至二零二五年十二月三十一日止年度:港幣 500萬元
Year ended 31 December 2026: HK\$5 million	截至二零二六年十二月三十一日止年度:港幣 500萬元
Year ended 31 December 2027: HK\$5 million	截至二零二七年十二月三十一日止年度:港幣 500萬元
Purchase of paper products by the Group from the Rengo Group:	本集團向聯合集團購買紙製品:
Year ended 31 December 2025: HK\$5 million	截至二零二五年十二月三十一日止年度:港幣 500萬元
Year ended 31 December 2026: HK\$5 million	截至二零二六年十二月三十一日止年度:港幣 500萬元
Year ended 31 December 2027: HK\$5 million	截至二零二七年十二月三十一日止年度:港幣

500萬元

As one or more of the applicable percentage ratios (other than the profits ratio) calculated with reference to the above annual caps exceed 0.1% but are less than 5%, the transactions under the renewed agreements are subject to reporting, announcement and annual review requirements but are exempt from circular and the independent shareholders' approval requirement under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the actual amount of transactions in relation to the Sale of Paper Products Framework Agreement and the Purchase of Paper Products Framework Agreement were HK\$1.62 million and HK\$0.34 million, respectively.

Annual Review of Continuing Connected Transactions

The Company has engaged its auditor, KPMG, to conduct a review of the above continuing connected transactions for the year ended 31 December 2024 in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised) "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 (Revised) "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The auditor has issued an unqualified letter in respect of the continuing connected transactions disclosed in the paragraph above.

The Independent Non-executive Directors of the Company have reviewed the above continuing connected transactions for the year ended 31 December 2024 and the letter issued by the auditor and confirmed that the above continuing connected transactions were entered into:

- (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
- (ii) on normal commercial terms or better; and
- (iii) in accordance with the relevant agreements governing the transactions on terms that were fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

The Company has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

由於根據上述年度上限計算之一項或多項適用百 分比率(盈利比率除外)高於0.1%但低於5%,故據 續訂協議所進行之交易須根據上市規則第14A章 遵守申報、公佈及年度審閱之規定,惟獲豁免遵 守有關通函及獨立股東批准之規定。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,與出售 紙製品架構協議及購買紙製品架構協議有關之實 際交易金額分別為港幣162萬元及港幣34萬元。

持續關連交易年度審閱

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司 已委聘核數師畢馬威會計師事務所審閱上述持續 關連交易,審閱乃根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香 港核證委聘服務準則第3000號(經修訂)「歷史財 務資料審計或審閱以外之核證委聘」,並參照實務 說明第740號(經修訂)「關於香港上市規則所述持 續關連交易之核數師函件」作出。核數師已發出 與上段所披露之持續關連交易有關之無保留意見 函件。

本公司獨立非執行董事已審閱上述截至二零二四 年十二月三十一日止年度之持續關連交易及由核 數師發出之函件,並確定上述持續關連交易乃:

- (i) 於本集團之日常及一般正常業務過程中訂 立;
- (ii) 符合正常商業條款或屬較佳條款; 及
- (iii) 符合有關規管該等交易之協議按公平合理且 符合本公司股東整體利益之條款。

本公司已遵守上市規則第14A章之披露規定。

Dividend Policy

The Company has adopted an updated dividend policy paying on half-yearly basis ("Dividend Policy"), pursuant to which the Company endeavors to maintain stable dividend return with progressive increment and special dividend, so as to offer the utmost in rewarding the shareholders of the Company.

In deciding whether to propose or declare a dividend and in determining the dividend amount, the Board shall take into account projected cash-flow and retained profit requirement for future development of the Company, inter alia:

- financial performance and operating results;
- effective allocation of distributable retained earnings and reserves;
- maintaining regularity in pay-out frequency, amount and/or ratio; and
- other factors it may deem relevant at such time.

The dividend to be proposed or declared shall be determined at the sole discretion of the Board and is subject to the restrictions under the Articles of Association of the Company and all applicable laws and regulations.

The Company will review the Dividend Policy from time to time and reserves the right in its sole and absolute discretion to update, amend and/or modify the Dividend Policy. The Dividend Policy shall not constitute a legally binding commitment by the Company and there is no assurance that dividends will be paid in any particular amount in any given period.

股息政策

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本公司已採納經更新的每半年派息的股息政策 (「股息政策」),據此,本公司將盡力以漸進遞增 及特別股息來維持穩定的股息回報,並盡最大努 力回饋公司的股東。

於決定是否建議或宣派股息及釐定股息金額時, 董事會應考慮到公司未來發展的預計現金流量和 未分配溢利要求,除此之外,董事會亦會考慮:

- 財務表現及經營業績;
- 可供分派保留溢利及儲備的合理分配;
 - 派息次數、金額及/或比率的規律性;及
- 董事會認為其他適合之任何因素。

股息之建議或宣派由董事會全權酌情審議,並且 須遵守本公司章程細則及所有適用法律及法規下 的任何限制。

本公司將不時檢討該股息政策,並且保留其更 新、修訂及/或修改該股息政策之唯一及絕對酌 情權利。該股息政策不構成本公司作出之具法律 約束力的承諾且概不保證會在任何指定期間派付 任何特定金額的股息。

Sufficiency of Public Float

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the directors, at least 25% of the Company's total issued share capital was held by the public as at the date of this report.

Auditors

KPMG retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for reappointment. A resolution for the reappointment of KPMG as auditors of the Company is to be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

By order of the Board

Yum Chak Ming, Matthew Executive Chairman

Hong Kong, 25 March 2025

足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司所獲得公開資料及就董事所知,於本 報告日期,公眾最少持有本公司已發行股本總額 25%。

核數師

畢馬威會計師事務所退任及合資格膺選連任。畢 馬威會計師事務所續任為本公司核數師之決議案 將於應屆股東週年大會上提呈。

承董事會命

任澤明 執行主席

香港,二零二五年三月二十五日





Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告



Independent auditor's report to the members of Hung Hing Printing Group Limited (Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Hung Hing Printing Group Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (together "the Group") set out on pages 69 to 168, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024, the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended and notes, comprising material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2024 and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



致鴻興印刷集團有限公司成員之 獨立核數師報告 (於香港註冊成立之有限公司)

意見

我們已審計列載於第69至168頁鴻興印刷集團有 限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集 團」)之綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報表包括於二 零二四年十二月三十一日之綜合財務狀況表與截 至該日止年度之綜合收益表、綜合全面收益表、 綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及附註, 包括重大會計政策資料及其他說明性資料。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師 公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之香港財務報告準 則(「香港財務報告準則」)真實而中肯地反映 貴 集團於二零二四年十二月三十一日之綜合財務狀 況及截至該日止年度之綜合財務表現及綜合現金 流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》妥為擬備。

意見基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港審計準則 (「香港審計準則」)進行審計。我們在該等準則下 承擔之責任已在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報 表須承擔的責任」部分中作進一步闡述。根據香港 會計師公會頒佈之《專業會計師道德守則》(以下簡 稱「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已根據守則 履行其他道德責任。我們認為,我們所獲得之審 計憑證能充足及適當地為我們審計意見提供基礎。

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項乃根據我們之專業判斷,認為對本 期綜合財務報表之審計最為重要之事項。該等事 項於我們審計整體綜合財務報表及出具意見時進 行處理。我們不會對該等事項提供單獨意見。

Valuation of raw materials

原材料估值

Refer to accounting policy note 1(n) and note 14 to the consolidated financial statements

請參閱綜合財務報表附註1(n)及附註14之會計政策

The key audit matter

關鍵審計事項

At 31 December 2024, inventories comprised raw materials, work-in-progress and finished goods. Inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value ("NRV") in the consolidated financial statements.

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,存貨包括原材料、在製品及 製成品。存貨按成本與可變現淨值(「可變現淨值」)之較低者 於綜合財務報表入賬。

At 31 December 2024, the Group's raw materials, which accounted for 59% of the total inventories and comprised principally of paper products, with gross amount of HK\$215 million, against which a writedown of HK\$19 million was recorded. 於二零二四年十二月三十一日, 貴集團之原材料(佔存貨總 額59%,主要包括紙品)總額為港幣215,000,000元,並撇減 港幣19,000,000元。

Management performs a regular review of the raw materials held by the Group and assesses if any write-down is required due to their deteriorating physical conditions, long ageing or the expectation that they would not be fully utilised based on expected future manufacturing or trading orders. Where there are such raw materials, a write-down may be required to reduce the carrying amount to NRV.

管理層對 貴集團所持有原材料之質量進行定期審閱,並評 估是否因原材料狀況變差、老舊或預計於未來製造或交易訂 單中或不能充分利用而須作出任何撇減。倘有存在該等情況 之原材料,則可能須作出撇減以將賬面值減至可變現淨值。 How the matter was addressed in our audit 在審計中如何處理該事項

Our audit procedures to assess the valuation of the raw materials included the following: 我們評估原材料估值之審計程序包括下列內容:

- evaluating the Group's policy for provision for raw materials with reference to the requirements of the prevailing accounting standards;
 透過參考現行會計準則之要求,評估 貴集團之原材料 撥備政策;
- assessing, on a sample basis, whether items in the raw materials ageing report were classified within the appropriate ageing bracket by comparing individual items with goods receipt notes;
 透過比較個別項目與收貨記錄,抽樣評估原材料賬齡報 告中之項目是否已歸入適當之賬齡類別中;
- inspecting the ageing report of raw materials and discussing with management the condition of long-aged and slow-moving items as identified by management; 檢查原材料之賬齡報告,並與管理層討論由管理層識別 之賬齡較長及滯銷項目之狀況;
- assessing the reasonableness of NRV of raw materials estimated by the management for those long-aged and slow-moving raw materials with reference to the movements, ageing analysis, forward customers' orders and the selling price subsequent to the year end; 經參考年末後的變動、賬齡分析、遠期客戶訂單及售 價,評估管理層就該等賬齡較長及滯銷原材料估計的可 變現淨值的合理性;

Key Audit Matters (continued)

關鍵審計事項(續)

Valuation of raw materials 原材料估值 Refer to accounting policy note 1(n) and note 14 to the 請參閱綜合財務報表附註1(n)及附註14之會計政策 The key audit matter 關鍵審計事項	consolidated financial statements How the matter was addressed in our audit 在審計中如何處理該事項
We identified the valuation of raw materials as a key audit matter because significant degree of management judgement is required to assess the appropriate level of write-down for raw materials. 由於評估適當之原材料撇減須由管理層作出重大判斷,我們 將原材料估值識別為關鍵審計事項。	 attending the year-end inventory count, observing the relevant controls implemented by management and identifying damaged inventories through inspection and enquiry of the warehouse staff; 出席年末存貨盤點,透過檢查及詢問倉庫員工,觀察管 理層實施的相關控制並識別已損毀存貨; assessing whether the calculation of the write-down for raw materials was consistent with the Group's raw materials write-down policy by recalculating the write-down based on the Group's write-down policy; and 透過基於 貴集團之撇減政策重新計算撇減,評估原材料撇減之計算方式是否符合 貴集團原材料之撇減政策; 及 assessing the historical accuracy of management's write-down for raw materials by examining the utilisation or release of previously write-down made during the current year in respect of raw materials held as at 31 December 2023.
	關於二零二三年十二月三十一日所持原材料,透過檢查 動用或撥回該等原材料於當前年度的過往撇減及於當前 年度所作之額外撇減,評估管理層過往就原材料作出撇 減之準確度。
	• 。 给人叫我却主卫世校都好知什么儿的

Information Other Than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Our Auditor's Report Thereon

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information included in the annual report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

綜合財務報表及其核數師報告以外的 資訊

董事需對其他資訊負責。其他資訊包括刊載於年 報內的全部資訊,但不包括綜合財務報表及核數 師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他資訊, 我們亦不對該等其他資訊發表任何形式的鑒證 結論。

Information Other Than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Our Auditor's Report Thereon (continued)

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Directors are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

綜合財務報表及其核數師報告以外的 資訊(續)

就我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責任是閱 讀其他資訊,在此過程中,考慮其他資訊是否與 綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所了解的情況 存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。

基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其他資訊 存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事實。在這 方面,我們並無任何報告。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港財務 報告準則及香港《公司條例》擬備真實而中肯的綜 合財務報表,並對其認為就使綜合財務報表的擬 備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述 所需的內部控制負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團 持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經 營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎, 除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別 無其他實際的替代方案。

審核委員會協助董事履行監督 貴集團財務報告 過程的責任。

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 405 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔的 責任

我們的目標是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在由 於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得合理保 證,並出具包括我們意見的核數師報告。本報告 乃按照香港《公司條例》第405條的規定,僅向整 體成員報告。除此以外,我們的報告不可用作其 他用途。我們概不就本報告的內容,對任何其他 人士負責或承擔法律責任。

合理保證是高水平的保證,但不能保證按照香港 審計準則進行的審計,在某一重大錯誤陳述存在 時總能發現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起, 如果合理預期其單獨或匯總起來可能影響綜合財 務報表使用者依賴該等綜合財務報表作出的經濟 決定,則有關的錯誤陳述可被視為重大。

在根據香港審計準則進行審計的過程中,我們運 用專業判斷,保持專業懷疑態度。我們亦:

- 識別及評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務 報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設計及執行 審計程序以應對該等風險,以及獲取充足和 適當的審計憑證作為我們意見的基礎。由於 欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假 陳述,或凌駕於內部控制之上,因此未能發 現因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於 未能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的 風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計於各情 況下屬適當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴 集團內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作出會 計估計和相關披露的合理性。

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business units within the Group as a basis for forming an opinion on the group financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and review of the audit work performed for purposes of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔的 責任(續)

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性作出 結論。根據所獲取的審計憑證,確定是否存 在與事項或情況有關的重大不確定性,從而 可能導致對 貴集團的持續經營能力產生重 大疑慮。如果我們認為存在重大不確定性, 則有必要在核數師報告中提請使用者注意綜 合財務報表中的相關披露。假若有關披露不 足,則我們應當修改該等意見。我們的結論 是基於核數師報告日止取得的審計憑證。然 而,未來事項或情況可能導致 貴集團不能 持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構及 內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是否中 肯反映相關交易及事件。
- 計劃及進行集團審計,以獲取關於 貴集團
 內實體或業務單位財務信息的充足、適當的
 審計憑證,作為對集團財務報表形成意見的
 基礎。我們負責指導、監督和覆核集團審計
 目的而執行的審計工作。我們為審計意見承
 擔全部責任。

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and, where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Yeung Yuk Fan.

KPMG Certified Public Accountants

8th Floor, Prince's Building 10 Chater Road Central, Hong Kong

25 March 2025

核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔的 責任(續)

我們與審核委員會溝通計劃的審計範圍及時間、 重大審計發現等,包括我們在審計中識別出內部 控制的任何重大缺陷。

我們亦向審核委員會提交聲明,說明我們已符合 有關獨立性的相關道德要求,並與彼等溝通有可 能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係及 其他事項,以及為消除威脅而採取的行動或防範 措施(如適用)。

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些事 項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要,因而 構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描述該 等事項,除非法律或法規不允許公開披露該等事 項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預期在我 們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超過產生的 公眾利益,我們決定不在報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人是 楊玉芬。

畢馬威會計師事務所 執業會計師

香港中環 遮打道十號 太子大廈八樓

二零二五年三月二十五日

Consolidated Income Statement 綜合損益表

For the year ended 31 December 2024 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 (以港幣元列示)		Note 附註	2024 二零二四年 \$′000 <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 \$'000 千元
Revenue	營業額	4	2,194,763	2,386,862
Cost of sales	銷售成本	5	(1,888,255)	(1,997,950)
Gross profit	毛利		306,508	388,912
Other revenue	其他收益	4	49,802	52,663
Other net gain	其他淨收入	4	1,917	121,309
Distribution costs	分銷成本		(57,052)	(48,432)
Administrative and selling expenses	行政及銷售支出		(336,122)	(337,245)
Operating (loss)/profit	經營(虧損)/溢利		(34,947)	177,207
Finance costs Share of profits/(losses) of associates	融資成本 應佔聯營公司的	6	(4,539)	(9,391)
	溢利/(虧損)		782	(933)
(Loss)/profit before income tax	除所得稅前(虧損)/溢利		(38,704)	166,883
Income tax	所得稅	8	(13,083)	(35,615)
(Loss)/profit for the year	本年度(虧損)/溢利		(51,787)	131,268
Attributable to:	應佔:			
Equity shareholders of the Company	本公司權益持有人		(43,364)	135,155
Non-controlling interests	非控制性權益		(8,423)	(3,887)
(Loss)/profit for the year	本年度(虧損)/溢利		(51,787)	131,268
(Loss)/earnings per share attributable to equity shareholders of the Company	本公司權益持有人應佔每 股(虧損)/盈利	9		
Basic	基本		(4.8) cents 港仙	15.0 cents 港仙
Diluted	攤薄		(4.8) cents 港仙	14.9 cents 港仙

The notes on pages 77 to 168 form part of these financial statements. Details of dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company attributable to the profit for the year are set out in note 23(b)(i).

第77至168頁之附註為該等財務報表之組成部 分。應付本公司權益持有人應佔本年度溢利之股 息詳情載於附註23(b)(i)。

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income 綜合全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2024 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 (以港幣元列示)		2024 二零二四年 \$'000 <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>
(Loss)/profit for the year	本年度(虧損)/溢利	(51,787)	131,268
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax):	本年度其他全面收益(除稅後):		
Item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	其後將不會重新分類至損益之 項目		
 Change in fair value of equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") (non-recycling) 	-按公平值計入其他全面收益 (不可回撥)股本投資公平 值變動	(6,904)	(6,685)
 Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of subsidiaries and an associate outside Hong Kong Change in fair value of intangible assets 	<i>其後可能重新分類至損益 之項目</i> 一香港以外之附屬公司及一間 聯營公司財務報表之貨幣 換算差額 一無形資產公平值變動	(39,606) (1,000)	(24,147) (200)
Other comprehensive income for the year	本年度其他全面收益	(47,510)	(31,032)
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額	(99,297)	100,236
Attributable to:	應佔:		
Equity shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司權益持有人 非控制性權益	(86,513) (12,784)	106,467 (6,231)
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額	(99,297)	100,236

The notes on pages 77 to 168 form part of these financial 第77至168頁之附註為該等財務報表之組成部分。 statements.

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2024 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 於二零二四年十二月三十一日 (以港幣元列示)		Note 附註	2024 二零二四年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets Prepayments for acquisition of non-current	物業、廠房及設備 無形資產 購買非流動資產預付款	10	1,415,823 12,348	1,482,133 13,274
assets Interest in associates Financial investments Deferred tax assets	於聯營公司之權益 金融投資 遞延稅項資產	12 13 21(b)(ii)	40,659 8,487 47,854 28,384	63,368 15,310 55,427 32,396
			1,553,555	1,661,908
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories Trade and other receivables	存貨 應收貿易賬項及其他應收	14	342,431	401,028
Income tax recoverable	款項 可收回所得稅	15 21(a)	564,108 -	626,242 315
Structured bank deposits Cash at bank and on hand	結構性銀行存款 銀行及手頭現金	16 17(a)	258,197 717,286	311,025 810,695
			1,882,022	2,149,305
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and other payables	應付貿易賬項及其他應付 款項	18	323,573	343,343
Bank borrowings Lease liabilities	銀行借款 租賃負債	19 20	61,946 17,868	126,004 16,406
Income tax payable	應付所得稅	21(a)	4,661	72,365
			408,048	558,118
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		1,473,974	1,591,187
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		3,027,529	3,253,095

Consolidated Statement of Financial Po 綜合財務狀況表(續)	sition (continued)			
At 31 December 2024				
(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)			2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
於二零二四年十二月三十一日		Note	_₹_6+ \$′000	_₹+ \$′000
(以港幣元列示)		附註	千元	千元
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	20	21,792	22,652
Deferred income	遞延收入	22	12,693	15,847
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延稅項負債	21(b)(ii)	34,432	39,441
			68,917	77,940
NET ASSETS	資產淨值		2,958,612	3,175,155
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	股本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	23(c)	1,652,854	1,652,854
Reserves	儲備		1,189,393	1,393,152
Total equity attributable to equity	本公司權益持有人應佔總			
shareholders of the Company	權益		2,842,247	3,046,006
Non-controlling interests	非控制性權益		116,365	129,149
TOTAL EQUITY	總權益		2,958,612	3,175,155

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 25 已獲董事會於二零二五年三月二十五日批准及授 March 2025.

權刊發。

Yum Chak Ming, Matthew	Yum Christopher Carson
任澤明	任加信
Director	Director
董事	董事

The notes on pages 77 to 168 form part of these financial 第77至168頁之附註為該等財務報表之組成部分。 statements.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 Decemb (Expressed in Hong Kong dolla					Attr	ibutable to eq 本	uity sharehold 公司權益持有人		npany				
電子」零二四年十二月三十一日止 (以港幣元列示)			Share capital	Other capital reserves (Note (i)) 其他 資本儲備	Intangible asset revaluation reserve 無形資產	Financial assets at FVOCI reserve (non- recycling) 財公平值 計入其他 全儲備	Legal reserves	Exchange fluctuation reserve 外匯	Equity compensation reserve 服權	Retained earnings	Sub-total	Non- controlling interests 非控制性	Total equity
		Note 附註	股本 \$'000 <i>千元</i>	(附註(i)) \$'000 <i>千元</i>	重估儲備 \$'000 <i>千元</i>	(不可回撥) \$'000 <i>千元</i>	法定儲備 \$'000 <i>千元</i>	波動儲備 \$'000 <i>千元</i>	補償儲備 \$'000 <i>千元</i>	保留盈利 \$'000 <i>千元</i>	小計 \$'000 <i>千元</i>	權益 \$'000 <i>千元</i>	總權益 \$'000 <i>千元</i>
Balance at 1 January 2023	於二零二三年 一月一日結餘		1,652,854	(11,956)	8,300	36,776	161,291	35,736	6,990	1,164,679	3,054,670	135,380	3,190,050
Changes in equity for 2023:	二零二三年 權益變動:												
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income, net of tax	本年度溢利 其他全面收益 , 除税後		-	-	- (200)	- (6,403)	-	- (22,085)	-	135,155	135,155 (28,688)	(3,887) (2,344)	,
·			-	-	(200)	(0,403)	-	(22,000)	-	-	(20,000)	(2,344)	(31,032)
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額		-	-	(200)	(6,403)	-	(22,085)	-	135,155	106,467	(6,231)	100,236
Dividends approved in respect of the previous vear	已批准之過往年度 股息	23(b)(ii)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(81,708)	(81,708)	_	(81,708)
Dividends declared in respect of the current year Shares vested and allotted	已宣派之本年度股息 股份獎勵計劃下歸屬	23(b)(i)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(36,315)	(36,315)	-	(36,315)
under Share Award Scheme	及分配的股份	24	-	5,057	-	-	-	-	(5,057)	-	-	-	-
Equity compensation expenses	權益補償開支	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,892	-	2,892	-	2,892
Allocation to legal reserves	撥至法定儲備		-	-	-	-	12,395	-	-	(12,395)	-	-	-
Balance at 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月 三十一日結餘		1,652,854	(6,899)	8,100	30,373	173,686	13,651	4,825	1,169,416	3,046,006	129,149	3,175,155

Consolidated Statement of Cha 綜合權益變動表(續)	anges in Equity (con	tinued)			Attr		uity sharehold 公司權益持有人	ers of the Com 應佔	ipany				
For the year ended 31 Decemb (Expressed in Hong Kong dolla 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止 (以港幣元列示)	ars)		Share capital	Other capital reserves (Note (i))	Intangible asset revaluation reserve	Financial assets at FVOCI reserve (non- recycling) 財務資產 按公平值 計入其他	Legal reserves	Exchange fluctuation reserve	Equity compensation reserve	Retained earnings	Sub-total	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
		Note 附註	股本 \$'000 <i>千元</i>	其他 資本儲備 (附註(i)) <i>\$'000 千元</i>	無形資產 重估儲備 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>	新大兵他 全面收益 之儲備 (不可回撥) \$'000 <i>千元</i>	法定儲備 \$′000 <i>千元</i>	外匯 波動儲備 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>	股權 補償儲備 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>	保留盈利 \$′000 <i>千元</i>	小計 \$'000 <i>千元</i>	非控制性 權益 \$'000 <i>千元</i>	總權益 \$'000 <i>千元</i>
Balance at 1 January 2024	於二零二四年 一月一日結餘		1,652,854	(6,899)	8,100	30,373	173,686	13,651	4,825	1,169,416	3,046,006	129,149	3,175,155
Changes in equity for 2024:	二零二四年 權益變動:												
Loss for the year Other comprehensive	本年度虧損 其他全面收益,		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(43,364)	(43,364)	(8,423)	(51,787)
income, net of tax	除稅後		-	-	(1,000)	(5,850)	-	(36,299)	-	-	(43,149)	(4,361)	(47,510)
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額		-	-	(1,000)	(5,850)	-	(36,299)	-	(43,364)	(86,513)	(12,784)	(99,297)
Dividends approved in respect of the previous	已批准之過往年度 股息												
year Dividends declared in respect	已宣派之本年度股息	23(b)(ii)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(81,708)	(81,708)	-	(81,708)
of the current year Shares vested and allotted under Share Award	600 派之中中夜版志 股份獎勵計劃下歸屬 及分配的股份	23(b)(i)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(36,315)	(36,315)	-	(36,315)
Scheme		24	-	5,057	-	-	-	-	(5,057)	-	-	-	-
Equity compensation expenses Allocation to legal reserves	權益補償開支 撥至法定儲備	24	-	-	-	-	- 1,776	-	777	- (1,776)	777 -	-	777 -
Balance at 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月 三十一日結餘		1,652,854	(1,842)	7,100	24,523	175,462	(22,648)	545	1,006,253	2,842,247	116,365	2,958,612

Note:

附註:

(i) At 1 January 2023, other capital reserves represented own held shares reserve and capital reserve with debit balances of \$11,142,000 and \$814,000 respectively.

At 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024, other capital reserves represented own held shares reserve and capital reserve with debit balances of \$6,085,000 and \$814,000 respectively.

At 31 December 2024, other capital reserves represented own held shares reserve and capital reserve with debit balances of 1,028,000 and 814,000 respectively.

The notes on pages 77 to 168 form part of these financial statements.

(i) 於二零二三年一月一日,其他資本儲備指本身所 持有股份儲備及資本儲備,借方結餘分別為港幣 11,142,000元及港幣814,000元。

於二零二三年十二月三十一日及二零二四年一月 一日,其他資本儲備指本身所持有股份儲備及資 本儲備,借方結餘分別為港幣6,085,000元及港幣 814,000元。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,其他資本儲備指本身所持有股份儲備及資本儲備,借方結餘分別為港幣1,028,000元及港幣814,000元。

第77至168頁之附註為該等財務報表之組成部分。

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2024 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 (以港幣元列示)		Note 附註	2024 二零二四年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>\$</i> '000 <i>千元</i>
Operating activities	經營活動			
Cash generated from operations Hong Kong profits tax paid The People's Republic of China ("the PRC") income tax paid	經營產生之現金 已付香港利得稅 已付中華人民共和國 (「中國」)所得稅	17(b)	169,528 (29) (78,959)	298,759 (1,337) (19,851)
Vietnam corporate income tax paid	已付越南企業所得稅		(2,504)	-
Net cash generated from operating activities	經營活動產生之現金淨額		88,036	277,571
Investing activities	投資活動			
Settlement of derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具結算		_	(1,726)
Interest received Dividend received from financial	已收利息 已收金融投資股息		15,187	22,463
investments Purchases of property, plant and	購買物業、廠房及設備	4	553	4,058
equipment Additions to intangible assets	添置無形資產	10	(49,285) (887)	(218,038) (1,341)
Acquisition of a subsidiary, net of cash acquired Deposits for acquisition of property,	收購一間附屬公司所獲得 之現金淨額 購買物業、廠房及設備之	17(e)	-	(12,051)
plant and equipment Payment for financial investments	 開員初耒、廠房及設備之 按金 金融投資付款 		(8,391) _	(44,481) (4,827)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備 所得款項		3,620	2,685
Receipt of compensation from government Decrease in time deposits with original	收取政府補償 原存款期超過三個月之		-	56,255
maturity over three months Increase in loan to an associate, net	定期存款減少 提供予一家聯營公司之		11,035	58,500
Decrease/(increase) in structured bank	貸款增加淨額 結構性銀行存款減少/		-	(1,922)
deposits	(增加)		64,657	(100,088)
Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities	投資活動產生/(所用)之 現金淨額		36,489	(240,513)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (con 綜合現金流量表(續)	tinued)			
For the year ended 31 December 2024 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度		Note	2024 二零二四年 <i>\$'000</i>	2023 二零二三年 \$′000
(以港幣元列示)		附註	。000 <i>千元</i>	。 500 千元
Financing activities	融資活動			
Capital element of lease rentals paid	已付租賃租金本金部分	17(c)	(17,866)	(15,442)
Interest element of lease rentals paid	已付租賃租金利息部分	17(c)	(1,924)	(1,936)
Repayments of bank borrowings	償還銀行借款	17(c)	(64,058)	(65,573)
Interest paid	已付利息	17(c)	(2,702)	(7,540)
Dividends paid to equity shareholders	已付本公司權益持有人之			
of the Company	股息		(118,023)	(118,023)
Net cash used in financing activities	融資活動所用現金淨額		(204,573)	(208,514)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物減少			
	淨額		(80,048)	(171,456)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January	於一月一日之現金及			
	現金等價物		799,660	972,841
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	外匯匯率變動之影響		(2,326)	(1,725)
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December	於十二月三十一日之			
	現金及現金等價物	17(a)	717,286	799,660

The notes on pages 77 to 168 form part of these financial 第77至168頁之附註為該等財務報表之組成部分。 statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)

(以港幣元列示,除另有所指外)

1 Material Accounting Policies

(a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and the requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. Material accounting policies adopted by the Group are disclosed below.

The HKICPA has issued certain amendments to HKFRSs that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group. Note 1(c) provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current accounting period reflected in these financial statements.

(b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries and the Group's interest in associates.

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the financial statements is the historical cost basis except that the following assets and liabilities are stated at their fair value as explained in the accounting policies set out below:

- club debentures under intangible assets (see note 1(i));
- investments in debt and equity securities (see note 1(j)); and
- derivative financial instruments (see note 1(k)).

1 重大會計政策

(a) 合規聲明

該等財務報表根據所有適用之香港財務 報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)編製。 「香港財務報告準則」一詞包括香港會計 師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之所有 適用個別香港財務報告準則、香港會計 準則(「香港會計準則」)及詮釋及香港《公 司條例》之規定。該等財務報表亦遵守香 港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則之 適用披露規定。本集團採納之重大會計 政策披露於下文。

香港會計師公會已頒佈若干香港財務報 告準則(修訂本)。此等準則於本集團 當前之會計期間首次生效或可供提前採 用。於與本集團有關之範圍內初次應用 此等經修訂之準則所引致當前會計期間 之任何會計政策變更,已於該等財務報 表內反映,有關資料載於附註1(c)。

(b) 財務報表編製基準

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 之綜合財務報表涵蓋本公司及其附屬公 司以及本集團於聯營公司的權益。

除以下資產及負債按公平值列賬(如下文 所載會計政策所闡釋)外,編製財務報表 時是以歷史成本作為計量基礎:

- 無形資產下的會所債券(見附註 1(i));
- 債務及股本證券投資(見附註1(j));
 及
- 衍生金融工具(見附註1(k))。

(b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements (continued)

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements made by management in the application of HKFRSs that have significant effect on the financial statements and major sources of estimation uncertainty are discussed in note 2.

(c) Changes in accounting policies

The Group has applied the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA to these financial statements for the current accounting period:

- Amendments to HKAS 1, Presentation of financial statements – Classification of liabilities as current or non-current and amendments to HKAS 1, Presentation of financial statements – Non-current liabilities with covenants
- Amendments to HKFRS 16, Leases Lease liability in a sale and leaseback
- Amendments to HKAS 7, Statement of cash flows and HKFRS 7, Financial instruments: Disclosures – Supplier finance arrangements

1 重大會計政策(續)

(b) 財務報表編製基準(續)

管理層須於編製符合香港財務報告準則 之財務報表時作出判斷、估計及假設, 其會對政策之應用,以及對資產、負 債、收入及支出之列報金額造成影響。 估計及相關假設是根據以往經驗及管理 層因應當時情況認為合理之各項其他因 素而作出,其結果構成管理層在無法從 其他途徑下得知資產與負債之賬面價值 時所作出判斷之基礎。實際結果可能有 別於該等估計。

管理層會持續審閱各項估計及相關假 設。倘會計估計之修訂僅影響修訂期 間,有關修訂便會在該期間內確認;或 倘該項修訂對當前及未來期間均有影 響,則在作出修訂之期間及未來期間 確認。

有關管理層在應用香港財務報告準則時 所作出對財務報表有重大影響之判斷, 以及主要之估計不確定因素之來源論述 於附註2。

(c) 會計政策之變動

本集團已將香港會計師公會頒佈的以下 香港財務報告準則(修訂本)應用於本會 計期間的該等財務報表:

- 香港會計準則第1號(修訂本),財 務報表的呈列一負債分類為流動或 非流動及香港會計準則第1號(修訂 本),財務報表的呈列一附帶契諾的 非流動負債
- 香港財務報告準則第16號(修訂本),租賃-售後租回的租賃負債
- 香港會計準則第7號(修訂本),現金 流量表及香港財務報告準則第7號, 金融工具:披露-供應商融資安排

(c) Changes in accounting policies (continued)

None of these developments have had a material effect on how the Group's result and financial position for the current or prior periods have been prepared or presented. The Group has not adopted any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period.

(d) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. When assessing whether the Group has power, only substantive rights (held by the Group and other parties) are considered.

An investment in a subsidiary is consolidated into the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Intra-group balances, transactions and cash flows and any unrealised profits arising from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in a subsidiary not attributable directly or indirectly to the Company, and in respect of which the Group has not agreed any additional terms with the holders of those interests which would result in the Group as a whole having a contractual obligation in respect of those interests that meets the definition of a financial liability. For each business combination, the Group can elect to measure any non-controlling interests either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests.

1 重大會計政策(續)

(c) 會計政策之變動(續)

上述修訂未對本集團本期或以前期間的 業績和財務狀況的編製或呈報方式產生 重大影響。本集團尚未採用在當前會計 期間尚未生效的任何新準則或詮釋。

(d) 附屬公司及非控制性權益

附屬公司為本集團所控制的實體。當本 集團因參與實體之營運而承擔或有權享 有其可變回報,並能夠運用其對實體之 權力影響上述回報,本集團即對該實體 有控制權。於評估本集團是否擁有權力 時,僅考慮實質權利(由本集團及其他人 士持有)。

於附屬公司的投資由控制開始當日至控 制終止當日於綜合財務報表綜合入賬。 集團內公司間的結餘、交易及現金流 量,以及集團內公司間交易所產生的任 何未變現溢利,會在編製綜合財務報表 時全數抵銷。集團內公司間交易產生的 未變現虧損亦按與未變現收益同樣之方 式予以抵銷,前提為並無減值證據。

非控制性權益指並非由本公司直接或間 接應佔附屬公司之權益,且本集團並未 與該等權益持有人協定任何額外條款以 致本集團整體須就該等符合財務負債定 義之權益而承擔合約責任。針對各項業 務合併,本集團可選擇按公平值或非控 制性權益按比例應佔附屬公司之可識別 資產淨值計量任何非控制性權益。

(d) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests (continued)

Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, separately from equity attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company. Non-controlling interests in the results of the Group are presented on the face of the consolidated income statement and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as an allocation of the total profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between non-controlling interests and the equity shareholders of the Company.

Changes in the Group's interests in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions, whereby adjustments are made to the amounts of controlling and non-controlling interests within consolidated equity to reflect the change in relative interests, but no adjustments are made to goodwill and no gain or loss is recognised.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that subsidiary, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset (see note 1(j)) or, when appropriate, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate (see note 1(e)).

In the Company's statement of financial position, an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment losses (see note 1(m)).

(e) Associates

An associate is an entity in which the Group has significant influence, but not control or joint control, over its management, including participation in the financial and operating policy decisions.

1 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 附屬公司及非控制性權益(續)

非控制性權益在綜合財務狀況表之權益 內呈列,並與本公司權益持有人應佔權 益分開呈列。本集團業績中之非控制性 權益於綜合收益表及綜合全面收益表內 呈列,以於本年度損益總額及全面收益 總額於本公司非控制性權益與權益持有 人之間的分配。

本集團於一間附屬公司之權益變動如無 導致失去控制權,則入賬列為權益交 易,並對於綜合權益內的控股及非控股 權益之金額作出調整,以反映相關權益 之變動,惟不會對商譽作出調整,亦不 會確認收益或虧損。

當本集團喪失對附屬公司的控制權,將 按出售於該附屬公司的全部權益入賬, 而所產生的收益或虧損於損益中確認。 任何在喪失控制權之日仍保留之該前附 屬公司權益按公平值確認,而此金額被 視為初步確認金融資產之公平值(見附註 1(j))或(如適用)初步確認於聯營公司之 投資之成本(見附註1(e))。

於本公司的財務狀況表內,於附屬公司 的投資按成本減減值虧損列賬(見附註 1(m))。

(e) 聯營公司

聯營公司是指本集團對其有重大影響, 但不是控制或共同控制其管理(包括參與 其財務和經營政策決策)的實體。

(e) Associates (continued)

An investment in an associate is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements under the equity method, unless it is classified as held for sale. Under the equity method, the investment is initially recorded at cost, adjusted for any excess of the Group's share of the acquisition-date fair values of the investee's identifiable net assets over the cost of the investment (if any). The cost of the investment includes purchase price, other costs directly attributable to the acquisition of the investment, and any direct investment into the associate that forms part of the Group's equity investment. Thereafter, the investment is adjusted for the post acquisition change in the Group's share of the investee's net assets and any impairment loss relating to the investment (see notes 1(f) and (m)(iii)). Any acquisition-date excess over cost, the Group's share of the post-acquisition, post-tax results of the investees and any impairment losses for the year are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, whereas the Group's share of the post-acquisition post-tax items of the investees' other comprehensive income is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

When the Group's share of losses exceeds its interest in the associate, the Group's interest is reduced to nil and recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the investee. For this purpose, the Group's interest is the carrying amount of the investment under the equity method, together with any other long-term interests that in substance form part of the Group's net investment in the associate (after applying the ECL model to such other long-term interests where applicable (see note 1(m)(i)).

Unrealised profits and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the investee, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred, in which case they are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

1 重大會計政策(續)

(e) 聯營公司(續)

於聯營公司的投資乃按權益法列入綜合 財務報表,除非該投資被分類為持作 出售。根據權益法,投資初始按成本入 賬,其後就本集團佔該被投資公司可識 別淨資產在收購日期的公平值超逾該項 投資成本的差額(如有)作出調整。投資 成本包括購買價、直接歸屬於收購投資 的其他成本以及任何對聯屬公司的直接 投資(構成本集團股本投資一部分)。其 後,就本集團佔該被投資公司淨資產在 收購後的變動及與該項投資有關的任何 減值虧損對該項投資作出調整(見附註 1(f)及(m)(iii))。任何於收購日期超逾成 本的差額、本集團所佔被投資公司於收 購後的除稅後業績及年內任何減值虧損 於綜合損益表內確認,而本集團在收購 後所佔被投資公司其他除稅後的全面收 益項目則於綜合全面收益表內確認。

倘本集團應佔聯營公司的虧損超越其應 佔權益,則本集團的權益將減至零,並 會停止確認進一步虧損,惟本集團須承 擔法律或推定責任或替被投資公司償付 的承擔除外。就此而言,本集團持有的 權益為按權益法計算的投資賬面值,連 同實質上構成本集團於聯營公司的應佔 投資淨值的任何其他長期權益(於將預期 信貸虧損模式應用於該等其他長期權益 後(如適用),見附註1(m)(i))。

本集團與其聯營公司之間交易所產生的 未變現損益會按本集團於被投資公司所 佔的權益比率抵銷,惟未變現虧損證實 已轉讓資產已產生減值,則該等未變現 虧損將即時於損益中確認。

(e) Associates (continued)

If an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or vice versa, the retained interest is not remeasured. Instead, the investment continues to be accounted for under the equity method.

In all other cases, when the Group ceases to have significant influence over an associate, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that investee, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former investee at the date when significant influence or joint control is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset (see note 1(j)).

(f) Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of

- (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree; over
- (ii) the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets acquired measured as at the acquisition date.

When (ii) is greater than (i), then this excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a gain on a bargain purchase.

Goodwill is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the cash-generating units ("CGUs"), or groups of CGUs, that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination and is tested annually for impairment (see note 1(m)(iii)).

On disposal of CGU during the year, any attributable amount of purchased goodwill is included in calculation of profit or loss on disposal.

1 重大會計政策(續)

(e) 聯營公司(續)

倘對聯營公司的投資成為對合營企業的 投資,或如出現相反情況,則不會重新 計量保留權益。相反,投資將繼續按權 益法進行核算。

在所有其他情況下,倘本集團不再擁有 對一間聯營公司的重大影響力,則按出 售該被投資公司的全部權益入賬,而所 產生的盈虧將於損益內確認。於喪失重 大影響力或共同控股權當日仍保留於前 被投資公司的任何權益乃按公平值確 認,而該金額將被視為一項財務資產於 初始確認時的公平值(見附註1(j))。

- (f) 商譽 商譽指
 - (i) 已轉讓代價公平值、被收購方之任 何非控制性權益金額及本集團先前 持有被收購方股本權益之公平值的 總額超出
 - (ii) 已收購被收購方於收購日期計量的 可辨識資產的公平值淨額之超出 部分。

倘(ii)大於(i),則超出部分即時於損益確 認為議價購買收益。

商譽按成本減累計減值虧損列賬。於業務合併中收購之商譽分配至預期將自合併協同效應受惠之各現金產生單位(「現金產生單位」)或現金產生單位組別,並每年進行減值測試(見附註1(m)(iii))。

於年內出售現金產生單位時,購入商譽 之任何應佔金額計入出售所產生損益的 計算中。

(g) Foreign currency translation

Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the end of the reporting period. Exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. The transaction date is the date on which the Company initially recognises such nonmonetary assets or liabilities. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates the fair value was measured.

The results of foreign operations are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates approximating the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Statement of financial position items, are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the closing foreign exchange rates at the end of the reporting period. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in the exchange reserve.

On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative amount of the exchange differences relating to that foreign operation is reclassified from equity to profit or loss when the profit or loss on disposal is recognised.

1 重大會計政策(續)

(g) 外幣換算

年內的外幣交易按交易日的外幣匯率換 算。以外幣為單位的貨幣資產與負債則 按報告期末的外幣匯率換算。匯兌損益 在損益內確認。

以歷史成本計量的外幣非貨幣資產與負 債按交易日的外幣匯率換算。交易日指 本公司初始確認有關非貨幣資產或負債 的日期。以公平值計量的以外幣計值非 貨幣資產與負債按計量公平值當日的外 幣匯率換算。

海外業務的業績按與交易日的外幣匯率 相近的匯率換算為港幣。財務狀況表項 目按報告期末的收市外幣匯率換算為港 幣。所產生的匯兌差額於其他綜合收益 中確認,並單獨在權益的匯兌儲備部分 中累計核算。

出售海外業務時,與該海外業務有關的 累計匯兌差額會在確認出售項目的損益 時,從權益重新分類至損益。

(h) Property, plant and equipment

The following items of property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see note 1(m)):

- right-of-use assets arising from leases over leasehold properties where the Group is not the registered owner of the property interest;
- items of plant and equipment, including right-of-use assets arising from leases of underlying plant and equipment (see note 1(I));
- buildings held for own use which are situated on leasehold land; and
- land use rights which are up-front payments to acquire long-term interest in leasehold land.

Depreciation is provided to allocate their costs less their residual values over their estimated useful lives. The principal annual rates and bases used are as follows:

- Buildings situated in Hong Kong, Chinese
 Mainland and Vietnam
 Over the shorter of the useful lives of the assets or lease terms of the associated land use rights
- Land use rights Over the lease terms of the land use rights
- Plant and 10% 20% on the reducing balance basis
- Motor vehicles 30% on the reducing balance basis
- Furniture, fixtures 20% 30% on the reducing and equipment balance basis

The asset's residual values and useful lives are reviewed annually and adjusted if appropriate.

Gains or losses on disposals are determined by comparing the net disposal proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss on the date of disposal.

1 重大會計政策(續)

(h) 物業、廠房及設備

以下物業、廠房及設備項目按成本減累 計折舊及減值虧損列賬(見附註1(m)):

- 租賃物業之租賃產生的使用權資產 (本集團並非物業權益之註冊擁 有人);
- 廠房及設備項目,包括租賃相關廠
 房及設備產生的使用權資產(見附註 1(I));
- 位於租賃土地上的持作自用建築 物;及
- 為取得租賃土地長期權益之前期付 款的土地使用權。

折舊按其估計可使用年期分配其成本(經 扣除剩餘價值)作出撥備。所採用主要年 率及基準如下:

•	位於香港,中	資產可使用年期或
	國內地及越	相關土地使用權
	南之樓宇	之租約年期(以較
		短者為準)

- 土地使用權 土地使用權之租約 年期
- 廠房及機器 按餘額遞減法10%-20%
- 汽車 按餘額遞減法30%
- 傢具、裝置及 按餘額遞減法20% 設備 30%

資產剩餘價值及可使用年期每年進行檢 討並作出調整(如適用)。

透過比較出售所得款淨額與賬面值釐定 出售收益或虧損,並於出售日期於損益 內確認。

(h) Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Properties under construction are stated at cost less impairment losses. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the construction and comprises construction costs and applicable borrowing costs incurred during the construction period. On completion, the properties under construction are transferred to other categories within property, plant and equipment.

No depreciation is provided for properties under construction. The carrying amount of properties under construction is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (see note 1(m)).

(i) Intangible assets

Intangible assets comprise goodwill arising from consolidation, acquisition of computer software and club debentures. The accounting policy for goodwill is set out in note 1(f).

Expenditure on computer software which give rise to economic benefit is capitalised as part of intangible assets and are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation (where the estimated useful life is finite) and impairment losses (see note 1(m)). Amortisation of computer software with finite useful lives is 30% on the reducing balance basis and is charged to profit or loss.

Club debentures are initially recognised at cost, subsequently at revaluation. Changes arising on the revaluation of club debentures are generally dealt with in other comprehensive income and are accumulated separately in equity in the intangible asset revaluation reserve. Gains or losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss. Club debentures that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment (see note 1(m)).

(j) Other investments in debt and equity securities The Group's and the Company's policies for investments in debt and equity securities, other than investments in subsidiaries and associates, are as follows:

1 重大會計政策(續)

(h) 物業、廠房及設備(續)

在建中物業按成本扣除減值虧損列賬。 成本包括建築直接應佔開支,並包括於 建築期間內產生之建築成本及適用借款 成本。於落成時,在建中物業轉移至物 業、廠房及設備內之其他類別。

賬內並無就在建中物業計提折舊。倘資 產賬面值大於其估計可收回金額,則在 建中物業賬面值即時撇減至其可收回金 額(見附註1(m))。

(i) 無形資產

無形資產包括因合併、收購電腦軟件及 會所債券產生的商譽。商譽的會計政策 載於附註1(f)。

產生經濟效益的電腦軟件開支經資本化 成為無形資產的一部分,並按成本減累 計攤銷(倘估計可使用年期有明確年限) 及減值虧損列賬(見附註1(m))。有明確 可使用年期之電腦軟件按餘額遞減基準 以30%計算攤銷,並於損益內扣除。

會所債券初步按成本確認,隨後按重估 確認。重估會所債券產生的變動一般於 其他全面收益處理,並單獨於權益中的 無形資產重估儲備累計核算。透過比較 所得款項與賬面值釐定出售收益或虧 損,並於損益內確認。擁有不確定可使 用年期之會所債券毋須攤銷,而須每年 進行減值測試(見附註1(m))。

(j) 其他債務及股本證券投資 本集團及本公司於債務及股本證券(於附 屬公司及聯營公司之投資除外)之投資政 策如下:

(j) Other investments in debt and equity securities (continued)

Investments in debt and equity securities are recognised/ derecognised on the date the Group commits to purchase/sell the investment. The investments are initially stated at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs, except for those investments measured at fair value through profit or loss ("FVPL") for which transaction costs are recognised directly in profit or loss. For an explanation of how the Group determines fair value of financial instruments, see note 27(f). These investments are subsequently accounted for as follows, depending on their classification.

- (i) Investments other than equity investments
 Non-equity investments held by the Group are classified as FVPL if the investment does not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVOCI (recycling). Changes in the fair value of the investment (including interest) are recognised in profit or loss.
- (ii) Equity Investments

An investment in equity securities is classified as FVPL unless the equity investment is not held for trading purposes and on initial recognition of the investment the Group makes an irrevocable election to designate the investment at FVOCI (non-recycling) such that subsequent changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income. Such elections are made on an instrument-by-instrument basis, but may only be made if the investment meets the definition of equity from the issuer's perspective. Where such an election is made, the amount accumulated in other comprehensive income remains in the fair value reserve (non-recycling) until the investment is disposed of. At the time of disposal, the amount accumulated in the financial assets at FVOCI reserve (non-recycling) is transferred to retained earnings. It is not recycled through profit or loss. Dividends from an investment in equity securities, irrespective of whether classified as at FVPL or FVOCI, are recognised in profit or loss as other income in accordance with the policy set out in note 1(w)(iii).

1 重大會計政策(續)

(j) 其他債務及股本證券投資(續)

債務及股本證券投資於本集團承諾購 買/出售該投資當日確認/終止確認。 投資初步按公平值加直接應佔交易成本 列賬,惟按公平值計入損益(「按公平值 計入損益」)計量之有關投資除外,其交 易成本直接於損益中確認。有關本集團 釐定金融工具公平值方法之解釋,見附 註27(f)。該等投資其後按以下方式入賬 (視乎其類別而定)。

- (i) 投資(不包括股本投資) 倘投資不符合按攤銷成本計量或按 公平值計入其他全面收益(可回撥) 之標準,則本集團所持非股本投資 被分類為按公平值計入損益。投資 之公平值變動(包括利息)於損益中 確認。
- (ii) 股本投資

於股本證券之投資分類為按公平值 計入損益,除非股本投資並非持作 買賣用途,且於初始確認投資時, 本集團不可撤回地選擇指定投資為 按公平值計入其他全面收益(不可回 撥),以致公平值之後續變動於其他 全面收益確認。有關選擇乃按工具 個別作出,惟僅當發行人認為投資 符合權益定義時方可作出。於作出 有關選擇後,於其他全面收益累計 之金額繼續保留於公平值儲備(不可 回撥),直至投資被出售為止。於出 售時,在按公平值計入其他全面收 益之財務資產儲備(不可回撥)累計 之金額轉撥至保留盈利。其不會透 過損益轉回。來自股本證券(不論分 類為按公平值計入損益或按公平值 計入其他全面收益)投資之股息,均 根據附註1(w)(iii)所載政策於損益中 確認為其他收入。

(k) Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are recognised at fair value. At the end of each reporting period the fair value is remeasured. The gain or loss on remeasurement to fair value is recognised immediately in profit or loss, except where the derivatives qualify for cash flow hedge accounting or hedge the net investment in a foreign operation, in which case recognition of any resultant gain or loss depends on the nature of the item being hedged.

(I) Leased assets

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to direct the use of the identified asset and to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from that use.

Where the contract contains lease component(s) and non-lease component(s), the group has elected not to separate non-lease components and accounts for each lease component and any associated non-lease components as a single lease component for all leases.

At the lease commencement date, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, except for shortterm leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. When the Group enters into a lease in respect of a low-value asset, the Group decides whether to capitalise the lease on a lease-bylease basis. The lease payments associated with those leases which are not capitalised are recognised as an expense on a systematic basis over the lease term.

1 重大會計政策(續)

(k) 衍生金融工具

衍生金融工具按公平值確認。公平值於 各報告期末重新計量。重新計量公平 值所產生之收益或虧損即時於損益中確 認,惟倘衍生工具符合資格採用現金流 量對沖會計處理或對沖海外業務淨投資 則除外,在此情況下,所得任何收益或 虧損根據所對沖項目之性質予以確認。

(I) 租賃資產

本集團於合約初始評估有關合約是否為 租賃或包含租賃。倘合約為換取代價而 授予在一段期間內控制已識別資產使用 之權利,則該合約為租賃或包含租賃。 倘客戶有權主導已識別資產的使用及從 使用可識別資產中獲取絕大部分經濟利 益,則表示已轉讓控制權。

倘合約包含租賃部分及非租賃部分,集 團選擇不分拆非租賃部分,並將每個租 賃部分及任何相關的非租賃部分作為所 有租賃的單一租賃部分入賬。

於租賃開始日期,本集團確認使用權資 產及租賃負債,惟租賃期為12個月或以 下之短期租賃及低價值資產租賃除外。 倘本集團就低價值資產訂立租賃,則本 集團決定是否按個別租賃基準將有關租 賃資本化。與該等並無資本化之租賃相 關的租賃付款於租期內有系統地確認為 開支。

(I) Leased assets (continued)

Where the lease is capitalised, the lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, using a relevant incremental borrowing rate. After initial recognition, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost and interest expense is calculated using the effective interest method. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are not included in the measurement of the lease liability and hence are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

The right-of-use asset recognised when a lease is capitalised is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability plus any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, and any initial direct costs incurred. Where applicable, the cost of the right-of-use assets also includes an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, discounted to their present value, less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use asset is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see notes 1(h) and 1(m)(iii)).

The initial fair value of refundable rental deposits is accounted for separately from the right-of-use assets in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to investments in debt securities carried at amortised cost (see notes 1(j)(i), 1(w)(ii) and 1(m)(i)). Any difference between the initial fair value and the nominal value of the deposits is accounted for as additional lease payments made and is included in the cost of right-of-use assets.

1 重大會計政策(續)

(I) 租賃資產(續)

倘將有關租賃資本化,則有關租賃負債 初步按租期內應付租賃付款現值確認, 並使用租賃內含利率或(倘該利率無法輕 易釐定)使用相關增量借款利率貼現。初 步確認後,租賃負債按攤銷成本計量, 而利息開支則採用實際利息法計算。計 量租賃負債時並不計及不會依賴指數或 利率之可變租賃付款,故有關付款在其 產生之會計期間於損益中扣除。

將租賃資本化時確認之使用權資產初步 按成本計量,其中包括租賃負債之初始 金額加上於開始日期或之前作出之任何 租賃付款,以及任何已產生初始直接成 本。倘適用,使用權資產成本亦包括就 拆除及移除相關資產或修復相關資產或 其所在場址產生之成本估計,並將其貼 現至現值(扣除任何已收租賃激勵)。使 用權資產其後按成本減累計折舊及減值 虧損列賬(見附註1(h)及1(m)(iii))。

可退還租賃按金的初始公平值根據適用 於按攤銷成本列值的債務證券投資的會 計政策與使用權資產分開入賬(見附註 1(j)(i)、1(w)(ii)及1(m)(i))。初始公平值 與按金的面值之間的任何差異都作為額 外的租賃付款入賬,並計入使用權資產 的成本中。

(I) Leased assets (continued)

The lease liability is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, or there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or there is a change arising from the reassessment of whether the Group will be reasonably certain to exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The lease liability is also remeasured when there is a change in the scope of a lease or the consideration for a lease that is not originally provided for in the lease contract that is not accounted for as a separate lease. In this case the lease liability is remeasured based on the revised lease payments and lease term using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification.

The Group presents right-of-use assets in "property, plant and equipment" and presents lease liabilities separately in the statement of financial position.

(m) Credit losses and impairment of assets

(i) Credit losses from financial instruments

The Group recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses ("ECLs") on the financial assets measured at amortised cost (including cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables and balances with related parties). Other financial assets measured at fair value, including equity and debt securities measured at FVPL, equity securities designated at FVOCI (non-recycling) and derivative financial assets, are not subject to the ECL assessment.

Measurement of ECLs

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all expected cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive).

1 重大會計政策(續)

(I) 租賃資產(續)

倘指數或利率變動導致未來租賃付款變 動,或本集團所估計根據殘值擔保預期 應付之金額變動,或因重新評估本集團 將否合理確定行使購買、續期或終止選 擇權而導致變動,則租賃負債予以重新 計量。倘以此方式重新計量租賃負債, 則會相應調整使用權資產賬面值,或倘 使用權資產賬面值減至零,則將有關調 整計入損益。

倘租賃範疇出現變動或租賃合約原先並 無規定的租賃代價出現變動,且未作為 單獨的租賃入賬,則租賃負債亦予以重 新計量。在此情況,租賃負債根據經修 訂的租賃付款及租賃期限,使用經修訂 的貼現率在修訂生效日重新計量。

本集團於「物業、廠房及設備」呈列使用 權資產,並於財務狀況表中獨立呈列租 賃負債。

(m)信貸虧損及資產減值

(i) 金融工具信貸虧損 本集團就以攤銷成本計量之財務資 產(包括現金及現金等價物、應收貿 易賬項及其他應收款項以及與關連 人士之結餘)之預期信貸虧損(「預期 信貸虧損」)確認虧損撥備。以公平 值計量之其他財務資產(包括按公平 值計入損益之股本及債務證券、指 定為按公平值計入其他全面收益(不 可回撥)之股本證券及衍生財務資 產)均無須進行預期信貸虧損評估。

預期信貸虧損之計量

預期信貸虧損為按概率加權估計之 信貸虧損。信貸虧損以所有預期現 金差額(即按合約應付本集團之現金 流量與本集團預期可收取之現金流 量之間的差額)的現值計量。

effect of discounting is material.

(m) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

 (i) Credit losses from financial instruments (continued) Measurement of ECLs (continued) The expected cash shortfalls for fixed-rate financial assets and trade and other receivables are discounted using the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition or an approximation thereof where the

The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

In measuring ECLs, the Group takes into account reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. This includes information about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

ECLs are measured on either of the following bases:

- 12-month ECLs: these are losses that are expected to result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date; and
- Iffetime ECLs: these are losses that are expected to result from all possible default events over the expected lives of the items to which the ECL model applies.

Loss allowances for trade and bill receivables are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. ECLs on these financial assets are estimated using a provision matrix based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors and an assessment of both the current and forecast general economic conditions at the reporting date.

1 重大會計政策(續)

(m)信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

(i) 金融工具信貸虧損(續) 預期信貸虧損之計量(續) 倘貼現影響重大,則定息財務資產 及應收貿易賬項及其他應收款項的 預期現金差額將採用於初步確認時 釐定的實際利率或其近似值貼現。

> 於估計預期信貸虧損時所考慮的最 長期間為本集團面對信貸風險的最 長合約期間。

> 於計量預期信貸虧損時,本集團會 考慮在毋須花費過多成本或勞力的 情況下即可獲得的合理具理據的資 料。這包括有關過往事件、現時狀 況及對未來經濟狀況預測的資料。

預期信貸虧損以下列其中一項基準 計量:

- 十二個月預 於報告日期後十二 期信貸虧 個月內可能發生 損: 的違約事件預期 會帶來的虧損; 及
- 全期預期信 採用預期信貸虧損 貸虧損: 模式的項目於其 整個預期可用年 期內所有可能發 生的違約事件預 期會帶來的虧損。

應收貿易賬項及票據之虧損撥備一 直以相當於全期預期信貸虧損的金 額計量。該等財務資產的預期信貸 虧損乃使用基於本集團過往信貸虧 損經驗作出的撥備矩陣估算,惟須 根據適用於債務人的特定因素及於 報告日對當前及預期一般經濟狀況 的評估予以調整。

(m) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

 (i) Credit losses from financial instruments (continued) Measurement of ECLs (continued)
 For all other financial instruments, the Group recognises a loss allowance equal to 12-month ECLs unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk of the financial instrument since initial recognition, in which case the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs.

Significant increases in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk of a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of default occurring on the financial instrument assessed at the reporting date with that assessed at the date of initial recognition. In making this reassessment, the Group considers that a default event occurs when (i) the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full, without recourse by the Group to actions such as realising security (if any is held); or (ii) the financial assets are 30 to 90 days past due. The Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

Depending on the nature of the financial instruments, the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk is performed on either an individual basis or a collective basis. When the assessment is performed on a collective basis, the financial instruments are grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics, such as past due status and credit risk ratings.

ECLs are remeasured at each reporting date to reflect changes in the financial instrument's credit risk since initial recognition. Any change in the ECL amount is recognised as an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss. The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

1 重大會計政策(續)

(m)信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

(i) 金融工具信貸虧損(續) 預期信貸虧損之計量(續) 就所有其他金融工具而言,本集團 以相當於十二個月預期信貸虧損確 認虧損撥備,除非金融工具信貸風 險自初始確認以來顯著上升,則虧 損撥備以相等於全期預期信貸虧損 的金額計量。

信貸風險顯著上升

於評估一項金融工具之信貸風險自 初始確認以來是否顯著上升時,本 集團會對於報告日期所評估金融工 具發生違約的風險與於初始確認日 期所評估金融工具發生違約的風險與於初始確認日 進行比較。於作出該項重估時,本 集團認為,於(i)在本集團不採取變 現證券(如持有任何證券)等行動進 行追索,則借款人不大可能向本集 團悉數償還其信貸義務;或(ii)該 取 發生違約事件。本集團會考慮 合理具理據的量化及質化資料,包 括無須付出過多成本或努力即可獲 得之過往經驗及前瞻性資料。

對信貸風險是否顯著上升的評估乃 視乎金融工具的性質按個別基準或 共同基準進行。於按共同基準進行 評估時,本集團會根據共享信貸風 險特徵(如逾期狀況及信貸風險評 級)對金融工具進行分組。

預期信貸虧損於各報告日期重新計 量,以反映金融工具信貸風險自初 始確認以來之變動。預期信貸虧損 金額之任何變動均於損益中確認為 減值收益或虧損。本集團確認所有 金融工具的減值收益或虧損,並透 過虧損撥備賬對其賬面值作出相應 調整。

(m) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

(i) Credit losses from financial instruments (continued) Write-off policy

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off.

Subsequent recoveries of an asset that was previously written off are recognised as a reversal of impairment in profit or loss in the period in which the recovery occurs.

(ii) Credit losses from financial guarantees issued Financial guarantees are contracts that require the issuer (i.e. the guarantor) to make specified payments to reimburse the beneficiary of the guarantee (the "holder") for a loss the holder incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument.

Financial guarantees issued are initially recognised at fair value, which is determined by reference to fees charged in an arm's length transaction for similar services, when such information is obtainable, or to interest rate differentials, by comparing the actual rates charged by lenders when the guarantee is made available with the estimated rates that lenders would have charged, had the guarantees not been available, where reliable estimates of such information can be made. Where consideration is received or receivable for the issuance of the guarantee, the consideration is recognised in accordance with the Group's policies applicable to that category of asset. Where no such consideration is received or receivable, an immediate expense is recognised in profit or loss.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the amount initially recognised as deferred income is amortised in profit or loss over the term of the guarantee as income from financial guarantees issued.

1 重大會計政策(續)

(m)信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

(i) 金融工具信貸虧損(續) 撤銷政策 若屬日後實際上不可回收財務資 產,本集團會撤銷其(部分或全部) 總賬面值。該情況通常出現於本集 團確定債務人並無可產生足夠現金 流量的資產或收入來源以償還應撇 銷金額之時。

> 隨後收回先前撇銷之資產會於收回 發生期間在損益內確認為減值撥回。

(ii) 已作出財務擔保之信貸虧損 財務擔保為規定發行人(即擔保人) 支付指定款項,以補償擔保之受益 人(「持有人」)因某一特定債務人未 能根據債務工具之條款償付到期債 務而產生之虧損之合約。

> 已作出財務擔保初步按公平值確 認,擔保之公平值為參照類似服務 在公平交易中所收取之費用(如可獲 得有關資料)而釐定,或參照利率差 額作出估計,方法為比較在可作出 有關擔保之情況下貸方所收取之實 際利率收取之估計利率(如能可靠地 對有關資料作出估計)。就作出擔 保而已收或應收之代價而言,代價 會按照本集團適用於該類資產之政 策確認。倘並無有關已收或應收代 價,則即期支出會於損益中確認。

> 初步確認後,初步確認為遞延收入 之金額在擔保期內於損益中攤銷為 已作出財務擔保之收入。

(m) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

(ii) Credit losses from financial guarantees issued (continued)

The Group monitors the risk that the specified debtor will default on the contract and recognises a provision when ECLs on the financial guarantees are determined to be higher than the carrying amount in respect of the guarantees (i.e. the amount initially recognised, less accumulated amortisation).

To determine ECLs, the Group considers changes in the risk of default of the specified debtor since the issuance of the guarantee. A 12-month ECL is measured unless the risk that the specified debtor will default has increased significantly since the guarantee is issued, in which case a lifetime ECL is measured. The same definition of default and the same assessment of significant increase in credit risk as described in note 1(m) (i) apply.

As the Group is required to make payments only in the event of a default by the specified debtor in accordance with the terms of the instrument that is guaranteed, an ECL is estimated based on the expected payments to reimburse the holder for a credit loss that it incurs less any amount that the Group expects to receive from the holder of the guarantee, the specified debtor or any other party. The amount is then discounted using the current riskfree rate adjusted for risks specific to the cash flows.

(iii) Impairment of other non-current assets

Internal and external sources of information are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to identify indications that the following assets may be impaired or, except in the case of goodwill, an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property, plant and equipment, including right-ofuse assets;
- intangible assets (including goodwill);

1 重大會計政策(續)

(m)信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

((ii) 已作出財務擔保之信貸虧損(續)

本集團監察特定債務人違反合約之 風險,並於財務擔保預期信貸虧損 獲釐定為高於就此項擔保列賬之金 額(即初步確認金額減累計攤銷)時 確認撥備。

為釐定預期信貸虧損,本集團會考 慮特定債務人自作出擔保以來之違 約風險變動,並會計量十二個月預 期信貸虧損,惟在特定債務人自作 出擔保以來之違約風險大幅增加之 情況下除外,在此情況下,則會計 量全期預期信貸虧損。附註1(m)(i) 所述之相同違約定義及信貸風險大 幅增加之相同評估標準適用於此。

由於本集團僅須於特定債務人違反 獲擔保工具條款之情況下作出付 款,故預期信貸虧損乃按預期就補 償持有人產生之信貸虧損而作出之 付款,減本集團預期從擔保持有人 (特定債務人或任何其他人士)收取 之任何款項估計。有關金額其後將 使用現時之無風險利率貼現,並就 現金流量之特定風險作出調整。

- (iii) 其他非流動資產減值 於各報告期末,均須審閱內外資料 來源以識別下列資產可能減值之跡 象或(商譽除外)過往確認之減值虧 損不再存在或可能已減少之跡象:
 - 物業、廠房及設備,包括使用 權資產;
 - 無形資產(包括商譽);

(m) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

(iii) Impairment of other non-current assets (continued)

- interest in an associate; and
- investments in subsidiaries in the Company's statement of financial position.

If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. In addition, for goodwill and other intangible assets that have indefinite useful lives, the recoverable amount is estimated annually whether or not there is any indication of impairment.

- Calculation of recoverable amount The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows independently (i.e. a CGU). A portion of the carrying amount of a corporate asset (for example, head office building) is allocated to an individual cash-generating unit if the allocation can be done on a reasonable and consistent basis, or to the smallest group of cash-generating units if otherwise.
- Recognition of impairment losses An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss if the carrying amount of an asset, or the CGU to which it belongs, exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of CGUs are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU (or group of CGU) and then, to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit (or group of CGU) on a pro rata basis, except that the carrying value of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable) or value in use (if determinable).

1 重大會計政策(續)

(m)信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

(iii) 其他非流動資產減值(續)

- 於聯營公司之權益;及
- 對於本公司財務狀況表內之附 屬公司之投資。

倘若存在任何該等跡象,則估計該 資產之可收回金額。此外,對於商 譽及其他具有無限使用年期之無形 資產,不論減值跡象是否存在,可 收回金額均每年估計。

- 計算可收回金額
 - 資產可收回金額為其公平值減 出售成本及使用價值兩者之較 高者。評估使用價值時,會採 用反映當前貨幣時間值市場評 估及該資產之特定風險之除稅 前貼現率將估計未來現金流量 貼現至其現值。倘資產產生之 現金流入並非很大程度上獨立 於其他資產所產生之現金流 入,其可收回金額按獨立產生 現金流入之最小資產組別(即一 個現金產生單位)釐定。企業資 產(例如總部大樓)賬面金額的 一部分,倘可以合理而貫徹一 致地分配,則分配至個別現金 **產生單位,倘不能如此分配,** 則分配至最小的現金產生單位 組別。
- 確認減值虧損
 - 倘資產或其所屬現金產生單位 之賬面值超過其可收回金額, 則於損益確認減值虧損。就現 金產生單位確認之減值虧損首 先分配,以減低現金產生單位 (或現金產生單位組別)所獲分 配任何商譽之賬面值,其後用 以按比例減低該單位(或現金產 生單位組別)內其他資產之賬 面值,惟資產賬面值不會減至 低於其個別公平值減出售成本 (倘可計量)或使用價值(倘可 確定)。

(m) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued) (iii) Impairment of other non-current assets (continued)

> Reversals of impairment losses In respect of assets other than goodwill, an impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed.

A reversal of an impairment loss is limited to the asset's carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the year in which the reversals are recognised.

(n) Inventories

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost is calculated using the weighted average cost formula and comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

1 重大會計政策(續)

(m)信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

(iii) 其他非流動資產減值(續)

 減值虧損撥回 對於商譽以外的資產,倘用以 釐定可收回金額之估計發生有 利變化,則減值虧損會撥回。
 商譽減值虧損不予撥回。

> 減值虧損撥回以倘於過往年度 並無確認減值虧損情況下會釐 定之資產賬面值為限。減值虧 損撥回在確認撥回之年度計入 損益。

(n) 存貨

存貨是以成本及可變現淨值兩者中之較 低者入賬。

成本是以加權平均成本公式計算,其中 包括所有採購成本、轉換成本以及使存 貨處於當前地點及狀況之其他成本。

可變現淨值是以日常業務過程中之估計 售價減去估計完工成本及銷售所需估計 成本後所得之金額。

出售存貨時,該等存貨賬面值應在確認 相關收入期間內確認為費用。任何存貨 撇減至可變現淨值之金額及存貨之所有 虧損,均在撇減或虧損發生期間內確認 為費用。存貨之任何撇減撥回金額均確 認為在撥回產生之期間內確認為費用的 存貨金額減少。

(o) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral parts of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows. Cash and cash equivalents are assessed for ECL in accordance with the policy set out in note 1(m)(i).

(p) Trade and other receivables

A receivable is recognised when the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration. A right to receive consideration is unconditional if only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due.

Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are initially measured at their transaction price. Trade receivables that contain a significant financing component and other receivables are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. All receivables are subsequently stated at amortised cost, using the effective interest method and including an allowance for credit losses (see note 1(m)(i)).

(q) Trade and other payables (other than refund liabilities)

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, trade and other payables are stated at amortised cost unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at invoice amounts.

Refund liabilities arising from volume rebates are recognised in accordance with the policy set out in note 1(w)(i).

1 重大會計政策(續)

(o) 現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物包括銀行及手頭現 金、存放於銀行及其他金融機構之活期 存款,以及短期、高流動性投資。此等 投資並無涉及重大價值變動風險、可以 隨時轉算為已知數額之現金,並在購入 後三個月內到期。就綜合現金流量表而 言,現金及現金等價物亦包含須按要求 償還及構成本集團現金管理一部分的銀 行透支。現金及現金等價物乃根據附註 1(m)(i)所載之政策評估預期信貸虧損。

(p)貿易應收賬項及其他應收款項 當本集團有權無條件收取代價時確認應 收賬款。在代價到期支付前只需待一段 時間經過者,收取代價的權利即為無 條件。

不包含重大融資成分的貿易應收賬項初 始按其交易價格計量。包含重大融資成 分的貿易應收賬項及其他應收款項初始 按公平值加交易成本計量。所有應收款 項其後採用實際利息法按攤銷成本列 值,並包含信貸虧損撥備(見附註1(m) (i))。

(q) 應付貿易賬項及其他應付款項(退款 負債除外)

應付貿易賬項及其他應付款項初步按公 平值確認。初步確認後,應付貿易賬項 及其他應付款項按攤銷成本入賬,但如 折現之影響並不重大,則按發票金額 列賬。

批量回扣產生的退款負債根據附註1(w) (i)所載政策確認。

(r) Interest-bearing borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense is recognised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy for borrowing costs (see note 1(x)).

(s) Contract liabilities

A contract liability is recognised when the customer pays non-refundable consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue (see note 1(w)). A contract liability would also be recognised if the Group has an unconditional right to receive non-refundable consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue. In such cases, a corresponding receivable would also be recognised (see note 1(p)).

(t) Employee benefits

 (i) Short term employee benefits and contributions to defined contribution retirement plans
 Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave, contributions to defined contribution retirement plans and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

The Group operates a defined contribution staff retirement scheme (the "Scheme") for certain of its employees, the assets of which are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the eligible employees' basic salaries and are charged to the income statement as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the Scheme. When an employee leaves the Scheme prior to his/her interest in the Group's employer contributions vesting fully, the ongoing contributions payable by the Group may be reduced by the relevant amount of forfeited contributions.

1 重大會計政策(續)

(r) 計息借款

計息借款按公平值減去應佔交易成本後 初步確認。初步確認後,計息借款以實 際利息法以攤銷成本入賬。本集團按照 針對借款成本的會計政策確認利息開支 (見附註1(x))。

(s) 合約負債

當本集團在確認有關收入前已收到客戶 支付之不可退款代價時,確認合約負債 (見附註1(w))。當本集團在確認有關收 入前有權無條件收取不可退款代價時, 亦可確認合約負債。在此情況下,亦將 確認相應應收款項(見附註1(p))。

(t) 僱員福利

(i) 短期僱員福利及界定供款退休計劃 之供款 薪金、年度獎金、有薪年假、界定 供款退休計劃之供款及非貨幣福利 成本在僱員提供相關服務年度內累 計。倘延遲付款或結算會造成重大 影響,則此等金額會以現值入賬。

> 本集團為其若干僱員設有界定供款 僱員退休計劃(「計劃」),其資產獨 立於本集團之資產,由獨立管理基 金持有。供款乃按合資格僱員基本 薪金之某個百分比計算,且於根據 計劃規則到期應付時於收益表中扣 除。倘某僱員於其在本集團僱主供 款之權益全數歸屬前退出計劃,則 本集團應付之持續供款可按相關充 公供款金額扣減。

(t) Employee benefits (continued)

(i) Short term employee benefits and contributions to defined contribution retirement plans (continued) The Group also operates another defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance. Contributions to the MPF Scheme are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to the income statement as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

Employees who joined the Group before 1 December 2000 have the option to join either one of the schemes. Employees who joined the Group on or after 1 December 2000 are only eligible to join the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in Chinese Mainland are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal governments. These subsidiaries are required to contribute a percentage of their payroll costs to the central pension scheme. The contributions are charged to the income statement as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

The Group has no further obligations to pay once the contributions have been paid for these schemes.

The Group recognises a liability and an expense for bonuses and profit-sharing, based on a formula that takes into consideration the profit attributable to the Company's shareholders after certain adjustments. The Group recognises a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

1 重大會計政策(續)

- (t) 僱員福利(續)
 - (i) 短期僱員福利及界定供款退休計劃 之供款(續)
 本集團亦根據香港強制性公積金計 劃條例設有另一界定供款強制性 公積金退休福利計劃(「強積金計 劃」)。強積金計劃之供款乃按僱員 基本薪金之某個百分比計算,且於 根據強積金計劃規則到期應付時於 收益表中扣除。強積金計劃之資產 獨立於本集團之資產,由獨立管理 基金持有。本集團之僱主供款於向 強積金計劃作出供款時全數撥歸僱 員所有。

二零零零年十二月一日前加入本集 團之僱員可加入任一計劃。於二零 零零年十二月一日或之後加入本集 團之僱員僅合資格加入強積金計劃。

本集團於中國內地經營之附屬公司 之僱員須參與當地市政府設立之中 央退休金計劃。該等附屬公司須按 彼等工資成本之某個百分比向中央 退休金計劃供款。該供款於根據中 央退休金計劃之規則到期應付時於 收益表中扣除。

一旦已就該等計劃繳付供款,則本 集團並無進一步繳付責任。

本集團根據計及本公司於若干調整 後股東應佔溢利之公式確認花紅及 溢利共享之負債及開支。本集團按 合約規定或過往慣例所產生之推定 性責任確認撥備。

(t) Employee benefits (continued)

(ii) Share-based payments

The Group operates an equity-settled, share-based compensation plan (the "Share Award Scheme"), under which the entity receives services from employees as consideration for equity instruments (shares) of the Group. The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the shares is recognised as an expense. The total amount to be expensed is determined by reference to the fair value of the shares granted:

- including any market performance conditions;
- excluding the impact of any service and nonmarket performance vesting conditions; and
- excluding the impact of any non-vesting conditions.

Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of shares that are expected to vest. The total expense is recognised over the vesting period, which is the period over which all of the specified vesting conditions are to be satisfied.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of shares that are expected to vest based on the non-market vesting conditions. It recognises the impact of the revision to original estimates, if any, in the income statement, with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

Under the Share Award Scheme, directors and employees of the Group are entitled to the shares for which are held in trust by Law Debenture Trust (Asia) Limited (the "Trustee") for the benefit of the directors and employees. The Trustee may be instructed to buy shares from the market using the funds held by the Trustee. Details of outstanding shares can be referred to note 24.

1 重大會計政策(續)

- (t) 僱員福利(續)
 - (ii) 基於股份付款 本集團設有權益結算基於股份補償 計劃(「股份獎勵計劃」),據此,實 體自僱員獲取服務,作為本集團股 本工具(股份)之代價。作為交換授 出股份而獲取之僱員服務之公平值 確認為一項開支。將予支出之款項 總額乃參考授出股份之公平值予以 釐定:
 - 包括任何市場表現條件;
 - 不包括任何服務及非市場表現 歸屬條件之影響;及
 - 不包括任何非歸屬條件之影響。

非市場歸屬條件乃包含於有關預期 歸屬股份數目之假設。總開支於歸 屬期確認,而歸屬期為所有特定歸 屬條件將達成之期間。

於各報告期末,本集團根據非市場 歸屬條件修訂其對預期歸屬之股份 數目之估計。其於收益表內確認對 原先估計修訂之影響(如有),並對 權益作出相應調整。

根據股份獎勵計劃,本集團董事及 僱員有權獲取由洛德信託(亞洲)有 限公司(「信託人」)以信託方式為董 事及僱員利益持有之股份。信託人 可能被指示採用由信託人持有之資 金自市場上購買股份。有關發行在 外股份之詳情,請參閱附註24。

(t) Employee benefits (continued)

(iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised at the earlier of when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when it recognises restructuring costs involving the payment of termination benefits.

(u) Income tax

Income tax for the year comprises current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the relevant amounts of tax are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from deductible and taxable temporary differences respectively, being the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets also arise from unused tax losses and unused tax credits.

1 重大會計政策(續)

(t) 僱員福利(續)

(iii) 終止受僱福利 終止受僱福利按本集團不再能取消 提供該等福利及本集團確認涉及支 付終止受僱福利之重組成本兩者之 較早者確認。

(u) 所得稅

年內所得稅包括即期稅項及遞延稅項資 產與負債變動。即期稅項及遞延稅項資 產與負債變動於損益確認,惟與於其他 全面收益或直接於權益確認之項目有關 除外,而在該情況下,相關稅項金額分 別於其他全面收益或直接於權益確認。

即期稅項為就年內應課稅收入應付之預 期稅項,採用報告期末已頒佈或實質頒 佈之稅率計算並就過往年度應付稅項作 出任何調整。

可扣稅及應課稅暫時差額(即為進行財務 申報之資產及負債賬面值與其稅基之間 之差額)分別產生遞延稅項資產及負債。 未動用稅項虧損及未動用稅項抵免亦會 產生遞延稅項資產。

(u) Income tax (continued)

Apart from certain limited exceptions, all deferred tax liabilities, and all deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised, are recognised. Future taxable profits that may support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences include those that will arise from the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences, provided those differences relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse either in the same period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary difference or in periods into which a tax loss arising from the deferred tax asset can be carried back or forward. The same criteria are adopted when determining whether existing taxable temporary differences support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and credits, that is, those differences are taken into account if they relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse in a period, or periods, in which the tax loss or credit can be utilised.

The limited exceptions to recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities are those temporary differences arising from goodwill not deductible for tax purposes, the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit (provided they are not part of a business combination), and temporary differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that, in the case of taxable differences, the Group controls the timing of the reversal and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future, or in the case of deductible differences, unless it is probable that they will reverse in the future.

The amount of deferred tax recognised is measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

1 重大會計政策(續)

(u) 所得稅(續)

除若干少數例外情況外,所有遞延稅項 負債及所有遞延稅項資產(以很可能獲得 未來應課稅溢利以供有關資產使用者為 限)均會予以確認。可用於支持確認可扣 稅暫時差額產生之遞延稅項資產之未來 應課稅溢利,包括因撥回現有應課稅暫 時差額而產生之差額,惟該等差額須與 同一稅務機關及相同應課稅實體有關, 並預期於預期撥回可扣稅暫時差額之相 同期間,或可回撥或結轉遞延稅項資產 所產生稅項虧損之期間內撥回。於釐定 現時應課稅暫時差額可否支持確認未動 用稅項虧損及抵免所產生遞延稅項資產 時亦採用相同準則,即該等差額與同一 稅務機關及相同應課稅實體有關,並預 期於可動用稅項虧損或抵免之一段或多 段期間內撥回,則會予以計入。

確認遞延稅項資產及負債之少數例外情 況為,商譽產生之不可扣稅及初步確認 並無影響會計或應課稅溢利之資產或負 債(惟並非業務合併之一部分)產生之暫 時差額,以及與於附屬公司投資有關之 暫時差額,惟以(就應課稅差額而言)本 集團控制撥回時間及於可見將來可能不 會撥回差額,或(就可扣稅差額而言)可 能於未來撥回者為限。

已確認遞延稅項之金額採用報告期末已 頒佈或實質頒佈之稅率,按預期變現或 結算資產及負債賬面值之方式計量。遞 延稅項資產及負債並不貼現。

(u) Income tax (continued)

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilised. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available.

Additional income taxes that arise from the distribution of dividends are recognised when the liability to pay the related dividends is recognised.

Current tax balances and deferred tax balances, and movements therein, are presented separately from each other and are not offset. Current tax assets are offset against current tax liabilities, and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities, if the Company or the Group has the legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the following additional conditions are met:

- in the case of current tax assets and liabilities, the Company or the Group intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously; or
- in the case of deferred tax assets and liabilities, if they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
 - the same taxable entity; or
 - different taxable entities, which, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered, intend to realise the current tax assets and settle the current tax liabilities on a net basis or realise and settle simultaneously.

1 重大會計政策(續)

(u) 所得稅(續)

遞延稅項資產之賬面值於各報告期末檢 討,並扣減至不再可能有足夠應課稅溢 利可供動用相關稅務利益。撥回任何該 等扣減以可能有充足應課稅溢利供使用 為限。

因分派股息而產生之額外所得稅項於支 付有關股息之責任確認時確認。

即期稅項結餘與遞延稅項結餘及當中變 動各自分開呈列而不互相抵銷。倘本公 司或本集團有合法強制執行權利,使即 期稅項資產與即期稅項負債抵銷,並達 成以下附加條件,則即期稅項資產可抵 銷即期稅項負債,而遞延稅項資產則抵 銷遞延稅項負債:

- 對於即期稅項資產及負債,本公司 或本集團有意按淨額基準進行結 算,或同時變現資產及結算負債; 或
- 對於遞延稅項資產及負債,若涉及
 同一稅務機關對下述實體徵收之所
 得稅:
 - 同一應課稅實體;或
 - 不同應課稅實體,該等實體計 劃在預期結算或收回大額遞
 延稅項負債或資產之各未來期 間,按淨額基準變現即期稅項
 資產並結算即期稅項負債,或
 同時變現及結算。

(v) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

(w) Revenue and other income

Income is classified by the Group as revenue when it arises from the sale of goods or the provision of services.

Revenue is recognised when control over a product or service is transferred to the customer, at the amount of promised consideration to which the Group is expected to be entitled, excluding those amounts collected on behalf of third parties. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

Further details of the Group's revenue and other income recognition policies are as follows:

1 重大會計政策(續)

(v) 撥備及或然負債

當本集團因過往事件承擔現有法定或推 定責任而可能導致經濟利益流出以抵償 責任,並且有關金額能可靠估計時,會 確認撥備。倘貨幣的時間價值屬重大, 則會按預期就清償責任所需支出之現值 計提撥備。

如果不大可能須流出經濟利益,或是無 法對有關金額作出可靠的估計,便會將 該責任披露為或然負債,但經濟利益流 出的可能性極低則除外。如果本集團可 能產生之責任須視乎某項或多項未來事 件是否發生才能確定是否存在,亦會披 露該責任為或然負債,但經濟利益流出 之可能性極低則除外。

(w) 收益及其他收入

本集團將其銷售貨品或提供服務所得收 入分類為收益。

當產品或服務之控制權按本集團預期有 權獲取之承諾代價金額(不包括代表第三 方收回之金額)轉移至客戶時,確認收 益。收益不包括增值稅或其他銷售稅, 並經扣除任何貿易折扣。

有關本集團收益及其他收入確認政策之 進一步詳情載列如下:

(w) Revenue and other income (continued)

(i) Sales of goods

Revenue is recognised when the customer takes possession of and accepts the products.

Payment terms and conditions vary by customers and are based on the billing schedule established in the contracts or purchase orders with customers, but the Group generally provides credit terms to customers within 90 months upon customer acceptance. The Group takes advantage of practical expedient in paragraph 63 of HKFRS 15 and does not adjust the consideration for any effects of a significant financing component as the period of financing is 12 months or less.

The Group offers retrospective volume rebates to certain major customers when their purchases reach an agreed threshold. Such volume rebates give rise to variable consideration. The Group uses an expected value approach to estimate variable consideration based on the Group's current approach to estimate variate consideration based on the Group's current and future performance expectations and all information that is reasonably available. This estimated amount is included in the transaction price to the extent it is highly probable that a significant reversal of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur when the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is resolved. At the time of sale of goods, the Group recognises revenue after taking into account adjustment to transaction price arising from rebates as mentioned above. A refund liability is recognised for the expected rebates and is included in other payables.

(ii) Interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method. For credit-impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is applied to the amortised cost (i.e. gross carrying amount net of loss allowance) of the asset (see note 1(m)(i)).

1 重大會計政策(續)

(w) 收益及其他收入(續)

(i) 銷售貨品收益於客戶收取並接受產品時確認。

付款條款及條件因客户而異,並基 於與客户訂立之合約或採購訂單所 建立之付款時間表,但本集團一般 於客户接受後90個月內向客户提供 信貸條款。本集團採用香港財務報 告準則第15號第63段之實際權益 方法,當融資期限為12個月或以下 時,不會就重大融資成分之任何影 響調整代價。

當若干主要客戶之購買量達至協定 門檻時,本集團向其提供追溯批量 回扣。有關批量回扣會產生可變 代價。本集團基於其當前估計可 變代價的方法及根據其當前及未 來之業績預期以及所有可合理獲得 之資料,採用預期價值法估計可變 代價。該估計金額包含在交易價格 中,前提是當與可變代價相關之不 確定性得以消除時,已確認之累計 收益很可能不會發生重大撥回。於 銷售商品時,本集團經計及上述回 扣產生之交易價格調整後確認收 益。退款負債被確認為預期回扣, 並列入其他應付款項。

(ii) 利息收入
 利息收入乃採用實際利息法確認。
 就出現信貸減值之財務資產而言,
 資產之攤銷成本(即賬面總值扣除虧
 損撥備)採用實際利率計算(見附註
 1(m)(i))。

(w) Revenue and other income (continued)

(iii) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

(iv) Government grants

Government grants are recognised in the statement of financial position initially when there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them. Grants that compensate the Group for expenses incurred are recognised as income in profit or loss on a systematic basis in the same periods in which the expenses are incurred. Grants that compensate the Group for the cost of an asset are deducted from the carrying amount of the asset and consequently are effectively recognised in the profit or loss over the useful life of the asset by way of reduced depreciation expense.

(x) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. Other borrowing costs are expensed in which they are incurred.

(y) Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

1 重大會計政策(續)

(w) 收益及其他收入(續)

- (iii) 股息收入 股息收入於收取款項之權利確立時 確認。
- (iv) 政府補助
 - 倘可合理確定能夠收取政府補助, 且本集團將符合政府補助所附帶的 條件,則政府補助將初步在財務狀 況表中確認。補償本集團所產生開 支的補助於產生開支的同一期間有 系統地於損益確認為收入。補償本 集團資產成本的補助自資產賬面值 扣除,其後於該項資產的可使用年 期以減少折舊開支方式於損益內實 際確認。

(x) 借款成本

與收購、建造或生產需要長時間才可以 投入擬定用途或銷售的資產直接相關的 借貸成本會資本化為該資產成本的一部 分。其他借款成本於產生時支銷。

(y) 分部報告

本集團最高層管理人員會定期取得財務 資料,以便對本集團各類業務及各經營 地區進行資源配置及表現評估,而經營 分部及財務報表中所報告各分部項目數 額則呈列在該財務資料中。

本集團不會就財務報告目的對個別重要 之經營分部進行合計,除非該等經營分 部具有相似經濟特徵,並且在產品及服 務性質、生產工序性質、客戶類別或階 層、分銷產品或提供服務所採用方法以 及監管環境性質等方面類似,則作別 論。倘個別不重要之經營分部符合大部 分該等準則,則可對其進行合計。

(z) Related parties

- (a) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

1 重大會計政策(續)

(z) 關聯人士

- (a)如屬以下人士,即該人士或該人士 之近親與本集團有關連:
 - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團;
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響力;或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公司之主 要管理人員。
- (b) 如符合下列任何條件,即該實體與 本集團有關連:
 - (i) 該實體與本集團隸屬同一集團 (即各母公司、附屬公司及同系 附屬公司彼此間有關聯)。
 - (ii) 一間實體為另一實體之聯營公 司或合營企業(或另一實體所屬 集團旗下成員公司之聯營公司 或合營企業)。
 - (iii) 兩間實體為同一第三方之合營 企業。
 - (iv) 一間實體為第三方實體之合營 企業,而另一實體為該第三方 實體之聯營公司。
 - (v)該實體為本集團或本集團關連 實體之僱員福利而設之離職後 福利計劃。
 - (vi) 該實體受上述第(a)項內所認定 人士控制或共同控制。
 - (vii)上述第(a)(i)項內所認定人士對 該實體有重大影響力或屬該實 體(或該實體母公司)之主要管 理人員。

1 Material Accounting Policies (continued)

(z) Related parties (continued)

- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies: (continued)
 - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the Group's parent.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

2 Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

(a) Fair value estimation of debt and equity financial assets

The fair value of debt and equity financial assets that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. The Group uses its judgement to select an appropriate valuation method and makes assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at the issue date and the end of each reporting period. The valuation model requires the input of both observable and unobservable data. Changes in these unobservable and subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate of debt and equity financial assets.

1 重大會計政策(續)

(z) 關聯人士(續)

- (b) 如符合下列任何條件,即該實體與 本集團有關連:(續)
 - (viii) 該實體或其所屬集團之任何成 員公司向本集團或本集團之母 公司提供主要管理人員服務。

某一人士之近親指預期可影響該人士與 實體進行買賣或於買賣時受該人士影響 之有關家屬成員。

2 關鍵會計估計及判斷

估計及判斷乃根據過往經驗及其他因素(包 括對認為於各情況下屬合理之未來事件之預 測),並持續進行評估。

本集團作出有關未來之估計及假設。就此產 生之會計估計按定義很少與相關實際結果相 同。下文論述可能會導致下個財政年度內對 資產及負債之帳面值作出重大調整之重大風 險之估計及假設。

(a) 債務及權益性財務資產之公平值估 計

並非於活躍市場上買賣之債務及權益性 財務資產之公平值乃採用估值方法釐 定。本集團作出判斷以選擇適當估值方 法及作出主要基於在發行日期及各報告 期末存在之市況之假設。估值模式要求 輸入可觀察及不可觀察數據。該等不可 觀察及主觀輸入假設之變動可對債務及 權益性財務資產之公平值估計產生重大 影響。

2 Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments 2 關鍵會計估計及判斷(續) (continued)

(b) Provision for inventories

The Group reviews the carrying value of its inventories to ensure that they are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. In assessing the net realisable value and making appropriate allowances, management identifies, using their judgement, inventories that are slow moving or obsolete, and considering their physical conditions, age, market conditions and market price for similar items.

(c) Provision of ECL for receivables

The Group uses provision matrix to calculate ECL for trade and other receivables. The provision matrix is based on the Group's historical credit loss experience (including credit history of its customers) and the current and forecast economic conditions. Management reassesses the provision at the end of each reporting period.

Significant judgement is exercised on the assessment of the collectability of trade receivables from each customer. In making the judgement, management considers a wide range of factors such as results of follow-up procedures performed by sales personnel, customer payment trends including subsequent payments and customers' financial positions. If the financial conditions of the customers of the Group were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional allowances may be required.

(b) 存貨撥備

本集團檢討其存貨之賬面值,以確保存 貨按成本與可變現淨值間之較低者列 賬。於評估可變現淨值及作出適當撥備 時,管理層運用其判斷及考慮存貨具體 狀況、貨齡、市況及類似項目之市價以 識別滯銷或陳舊存貨。

(c) 應收款項預期信貸虧損撥備

本集團使用撥備矩陣計算應收貿易賬項 及其他應收款項之預期信貸虧損。此撥 備矩陣乃根據本集團過往信貸虧損記錄 (包括其客戶之信貸記錄)以及當前及預 測經濟狀況作出。管理層於各報告期末 重新評估撥備。

於評估各客戶應收貿易賬項之可收回程 度時,行使重大判斷。於作出判斷時, 管理層考慮廣泛因素(如銷售人員所執行 之跟進程序結果、客戶付款趨勢(包括其 後付款)及客戶之財務狀況)。倘本集團 客戶之財務狀況惡化,導致彼等作出付 款之能力降低,則可能須作出額外撥備。

3 Segment Information

The management committee (being the chief operating decision-maker) has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed to make strategic decisions and assess performance. The management committee, comprising the executive chairman and other senior management, has determined the operating segments based on these reports. The Group is organised into four business segments:

- (a) Book and Package Printing segment;
- (b) Consumer Product Packaging segment;
- (c) Corrugated Box segment; and
- (d) Paper Trading segment.

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker.

Revenue from external customers are after elimination of inter-segment revenue. Inter-segment revenue is charged in accordance with terms determined and agreed mutually by relevant parties. Revenue is allocated based on the places/ countries in which the customers are located.

Management assesses the performance of the operating segments based on a measure of gross profit and other revenue less distribution costs, administrative and selling expenses, and other net gain that are allocated to each segment. Other information provided is measured in a manner consistent with that in the financial statements.

Sales between segments are carried out at an arm's length basis.

Segment results do not include corporate finance costs, other corporate income and expenses and share of result of associates.

3 分類資料

管理委員會(即主要營運決策人)用作策略決 定及評估表現之報表釐定經營業務分類。管 理委員會(包括執行主席及其他高級管理人 員)已根據該等報告釐定業務分類。本集團組 織架構分為四種業務分類:

- (a) 書籍及包裝印刷業務;
- (b) 消費產品包裝業務;
- (c) 瓦通紙箱業務;及
- (d) 紙張貿易業務。

呈列經營業務分類與提供予主要營運決策人 之內部報告貫徹一致。

外部客戶收益已抵銷分類間收益。分類間收 益乃按經有關訂約方互相釐定及協定之條款 收取。收益乃根據客戶所在地點/國家進行 分配。

管理層根據有關毛利及其他收益減分銷成 本、行政及銷售支出,以及分配至各分類之 其他淨收入評估經營業務分類之表現。所提 供其他資料之計量與財務報表一致。

分類間銷售乃按公平基準進行。

分類業績不包括企業融資成本、其他企業收 入及支出及應佔聯營公司之業績。

3 Segment Information (continued)

(a) The following tables present revenue, results and certain information for the Group's business segments for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

3 分類資料(續)

(a) 下表呈列本集團截至二零二四年及二零 二三年十二月三十一日止年度業務分類 之營業額、業績及若干資料。

		Book package 書籍及包	printing	Consume packa 消費產	aging	Corruga 瓦通		Paper t 紙張	•	Elimin: 抵		To 總	
		2024 二零二四年 \$'000 <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 \$'000 <i>千元</i>	2024 二零二四年 \$′000 <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 \$'000 <i>千元</i>	2024 二零二四年 \$'000 <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 \$'000 <i>千元</i>	2024 二零二四年 \$'000 <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 \$'000 <i>千元</i>	2024 二零二四年 \$'000 <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 \$'000 <i>千元</i>	2024 二零二四年 \$′000 <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 \$'000 <i>千元</i>
Segment revenue	分類營業額												
Sales to external customers Inter-segment sales	銷售予外部客戶 分類間銷售	1,490,562 4,836	1,700,115 5,528	339,014 784	296,176 1,319	197,881 53,143	186,695 64,200	167,306 245,272	203,876 273,224	- (304,035)	- (344,271)	2,194,763 -	2,386,862 –
Total	總計	1,495,398	1,705,643	339,798	297,495	251,024	250,895	412,578	477,100	(304,035)	(344,271)	2,194,763	2,386,862
Segment results	分類業績	25,698	122,569	(38,788)	(51,114)	(15,033)	(9,289)	(3,682)	(5,224)	684	3,635	(31,121)	60,577
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment (note 4(ii))	出售物業、廠房及設備 之收益(附註4(ii))											_	133,667
Corporate and unallocated expenses	企業及不可分攤之支出											(3,826)	(17,037)
Operating (loss)/ profit Finance costs Share of profits/	經營(虧損)/溢利 融資成本 應佔聯營公司溢利/											(34,947) (4,539)	177,207 (9,391)
(losses) of associates	(虧損)											782	(933)
(Loss)/profit before income tax Income tax	除所得稅前(虧損)/ 溢利 所得稅											(38,704) (13,083)	166,883 (35,615)
(Loss)/profit for the year	本年度(虧損)/溢利											(51,787)	131,268
Depreciation and amortisation Segment	折舊及攤銷 分類	83,844	79,720	31,422	28,976	5,716	5,921	9,485	9,319	(590)	(833)	129,877	123,103
Corporate and unallocated	企業及不可分攤											1,252	1,318
Total	總計											131,129	124,421

3 Segment Information (continued)

(b) Geographic information

The following table sets out information about the geographical location of (i) the Group's revenue from external customers and (ii) the Group's property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and deposits for acquisition of non-current assets ("specified non-current assets"). Revenue is allocated based on the places/countries in which customers are located. The geographical location of the specified non-current assets is based on the physical location of the assets.

3 分類資料(續)

(b) 地區資料

下表載列有關(i)本集團來自外部客戶之 收益;及(ii)本集團之物業、廠房及設 備、無形資產以及收購非流動資產之預 付款(「指定非流動資產」)地理位置資 料。收益乃按客戶所在地區/國家分 配。指定非流動資產所在地區按資產實 際所在地點劃分。

		Revenue from external customers 來自外部客戶之收益			-current assets 流動資產	
		2024 二零二四年 \$′000 <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>	2024 二零二四年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>	
Chinese Mainland	中國內地	579,694	579,227	1,186,101	1,284,446	
Hong Kong	香港	294,532	344,109	108,226	97,788	
United States of	美國					
America		886,384	962,027	-	-	
United Kingdom	英國	143,223	167,750	-	-	
Other countries	其他國家	290,930	333,749	174,503	176,541	
		2,194,763	2,386,862	1,468,830	1,558,775	

The Group's customer base is diversified. For the year ended 31 December 2024, revenue of approximately \$307,389,000 (2023: \$427,399,000) is derived from one external customer with whom transactions have exceeded 10% of the Group's revenue. These revenues are attributable to the sales of book and package printing (2023: Sales of book and package printing). Details of the concentrations of credit risk arising from the customers are set out in note 27(c).

4 Revenue, Other Revenue and Other Net Gain

The principal activities of the Group consist of book and package printing, the consumer product packaging, the corrugated box and the trading of paper. 本集團的客戶基礎多元化。截至二零 二四年十二月三十一日止年度,約港 幣307,389,000元(二零二三年:港幣 427,399,000元)的收益來自一名外部客 戶,與該客戶的交易超逾本集團收益的 10%。該等收益來自於書籍及包裝印刷 的銷售(二零二三年:書籍及包裝印刷的 銷售)。來自客戶的集中信貸風險的詳情 載於附註27(c)。

4 營業額、其他收益及其他淨收入

本集團的主要活動包括書籍及包裝印刷、消 費產品包裝、瓦通紙箱及紙張貿易。

4 Revenue, Other Revenue and Other Net Gain 4 營業額、其他收益及其他淨收入 (continued)

The Group has applied the practical expedient in paragraph 121 of HKFRS 15 to its sales contract of paper trading and does not disclose information about remaining performance obligations that have an original expected duration of one year or less.

The Group's revenue, other revenue and other net gain, consist of the following:

(續)

本集團已將香港財務報告準則第15號第121段 中的可行權宜方法應用於其紙張貿易銷售合 約,且並無披露有關原預期期限為一年或以 下的餘下履約責任的資料。

本集團之營業額、其他收益及其他淨收入包 括以下各項:

		2024 二零二四年 <i>\$`000</i> <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 \$'000 千元
Revenue from contracts with customers within the scope of HKFRS 15	香港財務報告準則第15號, 客戶合約之收益		
Sale of goods (recognised at a point in time)	銷售貨品(於某一時間點確認)	2,194,763	2,386,862
Other revenue	其他收益		
Interest income Dividend income from financial investments Government grants (note(i)) Sales of scrap materials Sundry income	利息收入 金融投資之股息收入 政府補助(附註(i)) 廢料銷售 雜項收入	15,728 553 18,123 4,342 11,056	23,743 4,058 10,460 4,775 9,627
		49,802	52,663
Other net gain	其他淨收入		
Net (loss)/gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment (note(ii))	出售物業、廠房及設備之 (虧損淨額)/收益淨額 (附註(ii))	(2,369)	131,043
Net foreign exchange loss Net realised loss on derivative financial instruments not qualified as hedges	外匯虧損淨額 不合對沖資格之衍生金融工具之 已變現虧損淨額	(5,226)	(12,065)
Fair value gain on structured bank deposits Impairment loss of investment in an	結構性銀行存款公平值收益 投資於聯營公司的減值虧損	17,255	7,357
associate Written-off of intangible assets	無形資產撇銷	(7,605) (138)	(3,300) –
		1,917	121,309

4 Revenue, Other Revenue and Other Net Gain (continued)

Notes:

- (i) In 2024, the Group recognised government grants of \$9,018,000 (2023: \$1,278,000) and \$9,105,000 (2023: \$9,182,000) from the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region and Chinese Mainland, respectively, in relation to the Group's operation upon satisfaction of the conditions attached to the receipts of these government grants.
- (ii) On 3 April 2020, the Group entered into certain land resumption agreements with Wangzhuang Residential District Office of Wuxi City in Xinwu District of the People's Republic of China ("Wuxi Local Administration"), pursuant to which Wuxi Local Administration will resume, and the Group will surrender its land and properties at Wuxi in exchange for a compensation of RMB296,237,000 (equivalent to \$331,621,000) payable by Wuxi Local Administration. Details of the transaction have been set out in the circular of the Company dated 25 May 2020 and the announcements of the Company dated 6 April 2020, 17 April 2020, 29 April 2020 and 28 July 2020.

The whole land relocation was completed in 2023 and a gain of \$133,667,000 was recognised during the year ended 31 December 2023.

4 營業額、其他收益及其他淨收入 (續)

附註:

- (i) 於二零二四年,本集團於滿足收取政府補助的 附帶條件後,就本集團的有關業務確認來自 香港特別行政區的政府補助港幣9,018,000元 (二零二三年:港幣1,278,000元)和中國內地 的政府補助港幣9,105,000元(二零二三年: 港幣9,182,000元)。
- (ii) 於二零二零年四月三日,本集團與中華人民共和國無錫市新吳區人民政府旺莊街道辦事處 (「無錫當地行政管理機構」)訂立若干土地徵收協議,據此,無錫當地行政管理機構徵收而本 集團交回被徵收土地及物業,無錫當地行政管 理機構要支付補償金人民幣296,237,000元 (相等於港幣331,621,000元)。有關交易詳情 已載於本公司日期為二零二零年五月二十五日 的通函及日期為二零二零年四月六日、二零二 零年四月十七日、二零二零年四月二十九日及 二零二零年七月二十八日的公佈。

所有土地搬遷工作已於二零二三年完成,截至 二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度已確認收益 為港幣133,667,000元。

5 Expenses by Nature

Expenses included in cost of sales and administrative and selling expenses are analysed as follows:

5 按性質劃分之支出

包括銷售成本、行政及銷售支出之開支分析 如下:

		Note 附註	2024 二零二四年 \$'000 <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>
Depreciation [#]	折舊#	10		
 Owned property, plant and equipment 	-持有物業、廠房及 設備		108,028	103,503
 Other assets leased for own use 	一租賃自用的其他資產		18,149	15,664
- Land use rights	一土地使用權		3,584	3,674
-				
			129,761	122,841
Staff cost#*	員工成本#*			
(including directors' emoluments)	(包括董事酬金)			
– Salaries, allowances, bonus and	-薪金、津貼、花紅及			
benefits in kind	實物利益		531,661	585,434
 Pension costs – defined contribution 				
plans	款計劃		46,919	44,958
 Share-based payments 	一基於股份付款		777	2,892
			579,357	633,284
Amortisation of intangible assets#	無形資產攤銷#		1,368	1,580
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金		0.007	0.070
– Audit services – Non-audit services	一核數服務		2,907	2,878
Research and development costs other	一非核數服務 除折舊及攤銷外的研究及		726	834
than depreciation and amortisation*	開發成本*		6,349	5,004
Cost of sales [#]	銷售成本#	14(b)	1,888,255	1,997,950
Lease charges for short term leases	短期租賃的租賃費用		2,255	3,934
Loss allowance of trade receivables,	應收貿易賬項虧損撥備			
net	淨額	27(c)	2,198	5,556
Loss allowance of loan to an associate	提供予一間聯營公司的 貸款虧損撥備		1,080	4,574
			.,	.,

- [#] Cost of sales include \$483,479,000 (2023: \$529,363,000) relating to staff costs, depreciation and amortisation expenses, which amount is also included in the respective total amounts disclosed separately above.
- * Research and development costs other than depreciation and amortisation include \$5,156,000 (2023: \$4,032,000) relating to staff costs, which amount is included in the respective total amounts disclosed separately above.
- 銷售成本包括港幣483,479,000元(二零二三 年:港幣529,363,000元),與員工成本、折 舊及攤銷開支有關,該金額亦計入上文分別披 露之相關總額內。

#

* 除折舊及攤銷外的研究及開發成本包括與員工 成本相關的港幣5,156,000元(二零二三年: 港幣4,032,000元),該數額已計入上文分別 披露之相關總額內。

6 Finance Costs

6 融資成本

		2024 二零二四年 \$'000 千元	2023 二零二三年 \$′000 千元
Interest on bank borrowings (note 17(c)) Interest on lease liabilities (note 17(c))	銀行借款之利息(附註 17(c)) 租賃負債之利息(附註 17(c))	2,615 1,924	7,455 1,936
		4,539	9,391

7 Emoluments for Directors and Management

(a) Directors' emoluments

Directors' emoluments disclosed pursuant to section 383(1) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation are as follows:

7 董事及管理層之酬金

(a) 董事酬金

根據香港《公司條例》第383(1)條及《公司 (披露董事利益資料)規例》第2部披露之 董事酬金如下:

至二零二四年十二月 三十一日止年度 <i>行董事:</i> 睪明# 如信4 執行董事: 英明	- - -	5,044 1,146 6,190	233 53 286	- - -	451 21 472	5,728 1,220 6,948
睪明 [#] 吅信 ⁴	- -	1,146	53	- -	21	1,220
如信 ⁴ 	-	1,146	53	-	21	1,220
				-		
		6,190	286	-	472	6,948
	260	_	_	_	_	260
尊史	260	-	-	-	-	260
奇仁2	260	-	-	-	-	260
直晶	260	276	-	-	-	536
	1,040	276	-	-	-	1,316
立 <i>非執行董事:</i>						
観豪	260	-	-	-	-	260
志雄		-	-	-	-	260
專仁4	260	-	-	-	-	260
	780	-	-	_	-	780
	1,820	6,466	286	-	472	9,044
立頭払		1,040 <i>非執行董事:</i> 豪 260 造 260 二 ⁴ 780	1,040 276 非執行董事: 豪 260 - 造 260 - 二 ⁴ 260 - 780 -	1,040 276 - 非執行董事: 豪 260 造 260 14 780	1,040 276 非執行董事: 豪 260 達 260 14 780	1,040 276 非執行董事: 豪 260 達 260 260 780

7 Emoluments for Directors and Management 7 董事及管理層之酬金(續) (continued)

(a) Directors' emoluments (continued)

(a) 董事酬金(續)

二零二三年十二月 十一日止年度 <i>董事:</i> 明 [#] 言 ⁴	Fees 袍金 \$'000 千元	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 薪金、津貼及 實物利益 \$*000 <i>千元</i>	Employer's contribution to pension scheme 僱員退休金 計劃供款 \$'000 <i>千元</i>	Discretionary bonus 酌情花紅 \$'000 <i>千元</i>	Share-based payments 基於 股份付款 \$'000 <i>千元</i>	Total 總計 \$'000 <i>千元</i>
十一日止年度 <i>藿事:</i> 月 "	-					
月#	-					
	-					
<u></u> ≜4		5,044	233	_	1,100	6,377
		5,044	200		1,100	0,377
	-	650	30	-	71	751
<u></u> 金	-	808	37	-	91	936
	-	6,502	300	-	1,262	8,064
行董事:						
归	260	-	-	-	-	260
ŧ.	260	-	-	-	-	260
谷次1		-	-	-	-	65
<u>-</u> 2		-	-	-	-	156
ヨ 旧 —	260	276	-	-	-	536
	1,001	276	-	-	-	1,277
<i>非執行董事:</i>						
Š 3	104	-	-	-	-	104
	260	-	-	-	-	260
進		-	-	-	-	260
	156	-	-	-	-	156
	780	_	_		_	780
	1,781	6,778	300	-	1,262	10,121
	次1 2 朝 一 二 朝行董事:	次1 65 (2 156 2 200 1,001 <i>二執行董事:</i> 3 104 5 260 4 260 2 60 156 780	次・ 注 2 3 3 3 3 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	$ \frac{1}{2} $ $ 1$	i (x) 65	$\frac{1}{2}$

7 Emoluments for Directors and Management 7 董事及管理層之酬金(續) (continued)

(a) Directors' emoluments (continued)

- Chairman
- 1 Resigned on 1 April 2023
- 2 Appointed on 26 May 2023
- 3 Resigned on 25 May 2023
- 4 Appointed on 25 May 2023

During the year, no director received any emoluments from the Group as an inducement to join or leave the Group or as compensation for loss of office. No director waived or agreed to waive any emoluments.

(b) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group during the year included one (2023: one) executive director. His emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented in note 7(a). The aggregate of the emoluments in respect of the remaining four (2023: four) individuals during the year are as follows:

(a) 董事酬金(續)

- 主席
- 二零二三年四月一日辭任 1
- 2 二零二三年五月二十六日獲委任
- 3 二零二三年五月二十五日辭任
- 二零二三年五月二十五日獲委任

年內,概無董事自本集團收取任何酬金 作為加入或離開本集團之獎勵或離職 補償。概無董事放棄或已同意放棄任何 酬金。

(b) 五名最高薪人士

年內本集團五名最高薪人士包括一名(二 零二三年:一名)執行董事,其酬金詳情 載於附註7(a)呈列之分析。有關年內餘 下四名(二零二三年:四名)人士之酬金 總額如下:

		2024 二零二四年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 \$'000 <i>千元</i>
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	薪金、津貼及實物利益	10,102	9,929
Pension costs – defined contribution	退休金成本-界定供款計劃		
plans		334	332
Share-based payments	基於股份付款	173	954
		10,609	11,215

7 Emoluments for Directors and Management 7 董事及管理層之酬金(續) (continued)

(b) Five highest paid individuals (continued)

The number of highest paid non-director individuals whose emoluments fell within the following bands:

(b) 五名最高薪人士(續)

酬金屬以下範圍之最高薪非董事人士人 數:

		Number of individuals 人數	
		2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
\$2,000,001-\$2,500,000	2,000,001元-2,500,000元	2	2
\$3,000,001-\$3,500,000	3,000,001元-3,500,000元	2	2
		4	4

(c) Senior management remuneration by band

Senior management remuneration by band included two (2023: two) executive directors:

(c) 高級管理人員之薪酬組別

高級管理人員之薪酬組別包括兩名(二零 二三年: 兩名)執行董事:

		Number of individuals 人數	
		2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
\$2,000,000 and below	2,000,000元及以下	7	7
\$2,000,001-\$3,000,000	2,000,001元-3,000,000元	2	2
\$3,000,001-\$4,000,000	3,000,001元-4,000,000元	2	2
Above \$4,000,000	4,000,000元以上	1	1
		12	12

8 Income Tax in the Consolidated Income 8 綜合收益表內之所得稅 Statement

 (a) Taxation in the consolidated income statement
 (a) 綜合收益表內之稅項指: represents:

		2024 二零二四年 \$'000 <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 \$'000 <i>千元</i>
Current tax – Hong Kong Profits Tax – Provision for the year – Over-provision in respect of prior	本期稅項-香港利得稅 -本年度撥備 -往年過多準備	-	715
years		(16)	-
		(16)	715
Current tax – PRC Income Tax – Provision for the year – Under-provision in respect of prior	本期稅項-中國所得稅 -本年度撥備 -過往年度撥備不足	4,185	72,534
years		3,130	-
		7,315	72,534
Current tax – Vietnam Income Tax – Provision for the year	本期稅項-越南所得稅 -本年度撥備	3,175	
PRC Withholding tax	中國預扣稅	3,629	_
Deferred tax Origination and reversal of temporary	遞延稅項 臨時差額之產生及回撥		
differences (note 21(b))	(附註21 (b))	(1,020)	(37,634)
		13,083	35,615

8 Income Tax in the Consolidated Income 8 綜合收益表內之所得稅(續) Statement (continued)

(a) Taxation in the consolidated income statement represents: (continued)

The provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax for 2024 and 2023 is calculated at 16.5% of the estimated assessable profits for the year.

Hung Hing Printing (China) Company Limited ("HHCN"), an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, was certified as a High-New Technology Enterprise in 2023. The effective PRC Corporate Income Tax ("PRC CIT") for 2023 and 2024 was subject to a reduced tax rate of 15%. For PRC entities other than HHCN, PRC Income Tax represents PRC CIT calculated at 25% (2023: 25%) and PRC withholding tax at the applicable rates. Pursuant to the income tax rules and regulations, provision for PRC withholding tax on dividend income is calculated based on 5% (2023: 5%) of the dividend income from subsidiaries in the PRC.

The provision for corporate income tax in Vietnam ("Vietnam CIT") is calculated at 17% of the estimated taxable profits for the year. HH Dream Printing Company Limited and HHD (Thai Ha) Company Limited, subsidiaries of the Company incorporated in Vietnam, are entitled to a preferential tax treatment of Vietnam CIT exemption for the first two years starting from which profit is generated and 50% income tax reduction for the next four years.

(a) 綜合收益表內之稅項指:(續)

二零二四年及二零二三年香港利得稅撥 備按其年度的估計應課稅溢利之16.5% 計提。

本公司間接全資附屬公司鴻興印刷(中 國)有限公司(「鴻興中國」)於二零二三年 獲認證為高新技術企業。二零二三年及 二零二四年實際中國企業所得稅(「中國 企業所得稅」)按減免稅率為15%。就鴻 興中國以外的中國實體,中國所得稅指 中國企業所得稅按25%(二零二三年: 25%) 稅率計算及中國預扣稅按適用稅率 計算。根據所得稅規則及條例,股息收 入之中國預扣稅撥備按中國附屬公司股 息收入之5%(二零二三年:5%)計算。

越南企業所得稅(「越南企業所得稅」)撥 備按其年度的估計應課稅溢利之17%計 提。本公司於越南註冊成立之附屬公司 HH Dream Printing Company Limited 及HHD (Thai Ha) Company Limited自 產生利潤起首兩年可享受免徵越南企業 所得稅優惠待遇,並於其後四年獲寬減 50%所得税。

8 Income Tax in the Consolidated Income 8 綜合收益表內之所得稅(續) Statement (continued)

- (b) Reconciliation between tax expense and (loss)/profit before income tax at applicable tax rates:
- (b) 按適用稅率計算之稅項開支與除所得稅 前(虧損)/溢利之對賬:

		2024 二零二四年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>
(Loss)/profit before income tax	除所得稅前(虧損)/溢利	(38,704)	166,883
Notional tax on (loss)/profit before income tax, calculated at the rates applicable to (losses)/profits in the tax jurisdictions concerned Tax effect of non-deductible expenses Tax effect of non-taxable income		(6,633) 3,131 (2,413)	37,975 5,545 (5,441)
Tax effect of unused tax losses not recognised during the year	年內未確認之未動用稅項虧損之 稅務影響	6,228	6,188
Tax effect of utilisation of previously unrecognised tax losses Tax effect of recognition of previously	動用過往未確認之稅項虧損之 稅務影響 確認先前未確認的	(413)	-
unrecognised tax losses Withholding tax on earnings remitted/ expected to be remitted by Chinese	稅項虧損之稅務影響 由中國內地附屬公司已匯出/ 預期匯出盈利之預扣稅	(125)	-
Mainland subsidiaries		399	5,226
Under provision in prior years	過往年度撥備不足	3,114	-
Statutory tax concession Reversal of deferred tax assets	法定稅項豁免 先前確認之遞延稅項資產撥回	(4,198)	(14,453)
previously recognised		15,267	433
Others	其他	(1,274)	142
Actual tax expense	實際稅項開支	13,083	35,615

9 (Loss)/Earnings Per Share

(a) Basic (loss)/earnings per share

The calculation of basic (loss)/earnings per share is based on the loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company of \$43,364,000 (2023: profit of \$135,155,000) and the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year excluding ordinary shares purchased by the Company under the Share Award Scheme.

9 每股(虧損)/盈利

(a) 每股基本(虧損)/盈利

每股基本(虧損)/盈利根據年內本公司 權益持有人應佔虧損港幣43,364,000 元(二零二三年:溢利港幣135,155,000 元)及年內已發行普通股(不包括本公司 根據股份獎勵計劃購買之普通股)之加權 平均股數計算。

	2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
(Loss)/profit attributable to equity 本公司權益持有人應佔(虧損)/ shareholders of the Company (\$'000) 溢利(千元)	(43,364)	135,155
Weighted average number of ordinary 已發行普通股之加權平均股數 shares in issue ('000) (千位) Weighted average number of own held 就股份獎勵計劃本身持有股份之	907,865	907,865
shares for Share Award Scheme ('000) 加權平均股數(千位)	(2,009)	(5,737)
Weighted average number of ordinary 計算每股基本盈利之已發行普通 shares in issue for calculation of basic 股之加權平均股數(千位) earnings per share ('000)	905,856	902,128
Basic (loss)/earnings per share 每股基本(虧損)/盈利 (HK cents per share) (每股港仙)	(4.8)	15.0

9 (Loss)/Earnings Per Share (continued)

(b) Diluted (loss)/earnings per share

For the year ended 31 December 2024, the diluted and basic loss per share were the same as the ordinary shares repurchased for the Share Award Scheme are anti-dilutive to the loss per share.

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the calculation of diluted earnings per share is based on the profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company of \$135,155,000 and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 907,048,000 shares.

9 每股(虧損)/盈利(續)

(b) 每股攤薄(虧損)/盈利

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年 度,由於股份獎勵計劃購回之普通股對 每股虧損出現反攤薄,因此每股攤薄虧 損與基本虧損相同。

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年 度,每股攤薄盈利根據本公司權益持有 人應佔溢利港幣135,155,000元及普通 股之加權平均股數907,048,000股計算。

		2023 二零二三年
Profit attributable to equity shareholders of	本公司權益持有人應佔溢利	
the Company (\$'000))	(千元)	135,155
Weighted average number of ordinary shares	已發行普通股之加權平均股數(千位)	002 129
in issue ('000) Effect of deemed issue of shares under the	被視為根據本公司股份獎勵計劃下發行的	902,128
Company's Share Award Scheme ('000)	股份之影響(千位)	4,920
		.,
Weighted average number of ordinary shares	於十二月三十一日普通股(已攤薄)之	
(diluted) at 31 December ('000)	加權平均股數(千位)	907,048
Diluted earnings per share (HK cents per share)	每股攤薄盈利(每股港仙)	14.9

10 Property, Plant and Equipment

10 物業、廠房及設備

(a) Reconciliation of carrying amount

(a) 賬面值對賬

		Land use rights 土地使用權 <i>\$'000</i>	Ownership interests in buildings 於樓宇的 擁有權權益 \$'000	Other assets leased for own use 租賃自用的 其他資產 \$'000	Plant and machinery 廠房及機器 \$'000	Motor vehicles 汽車 \$'000	Furniture, fixtures and equipment 傢具、裝置 及設備 \$'000	Properties under construction 在建中物業 \$'000	Total 總計 \$'000
Year ended 31 December 2023	截至二零二三年十二月三十一日 止年度	Ŧπ	千元	<u> </u>	fī	千元	fī	<u> </u>	<u>+</u>
Net book value at 1 January 2023	二零二三年一月一日賬面淨值	107,957	358,247	24.062	710 000	4 500	51,001	148,019	1,417,683
Additions	二令二二年 万 口版回序道 添置	107,957	152,055	34,963 16,473	712,903 49,939	4,593 3,024	7,656	5,364	234,511
Transfer from properties under construction	轉撥自在建中物業	-	119,470	· _	-	- -	8,593	(128,063)	-
Transfer from deposits for acquisition of non-current assets	轉撥自購買非流動資產之按金	-	971	-	11,328	110	2,920	-	15,329
Acquisition of a subsidiary company (note 17(e))	收購一間附屬公司(附註17(e))	-	10	-	-	-	360	-	370
Disposals/write-offs	出售/撒銷	(4,351)	(41,833)	-	(10,521)	(153)	(557)	-	(57,415)
Depreciation (note 5) Impairment loss	折舊 (附註5) 減值虧損	(3,674)	(19,517) –	(15,664)	(72,870) (67)	(1,842) –	(9,274)	-	(122,841) (67)
Exchange differences	匯兌差額	(926)	3,954	-	(5,484)	(25)	(228)	(2,728)	(5,437)
Net book value at 31 December 2023	二零二三年十二月三十一日賬面淨值	99,006	573,357	35,772	685,228	5,707	60,471	22,592	1,482,133
At 31 December 2023:	於二零二三年十二月三十一日:								
Cost	成本	155,664	928,435	56,722	1,920,708	25,533	183,979	22,592	3,293,633
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(56,658)	(355,078)	(20,950)	(1,235,480)	(19,826)	(123,508)		(1,811,500)
Net book value	賬面淨值	99,006	573,357	35,772	685,228	5,707	60,471	22,592	1,482,133
Year ended 31 December 2024	截至二零二四年十二月三十一日 止年度								
Net book value at 1 January 2024 Additions	二零二四年一月一日賬面淨值	99,006	573,357	35,772	685,228	5,707	60,471	22,592	1,482,133
Transfer from properties under construction	添置 轉撥自在建中物業	-	6,167	20,050	27,869	2,153	7,580	5,516	69,335
Transfer from deposits for acquisition of non-current assets	轉撥自購買非流動資產之按金	-	-	-	1,205 25,649	-	- 2,891	(1,205)	- 28,540
Disposals/write-offs	出售/撒銷	-	(7,751)	(1,528)	(5,363)	(552)	(154)	-	(15,348)
Depreciation (note 5)	折舊(附註5)	(3,584)	(25,165)	(18,149)	(69,899)	(1,755)	(11,209)	-	(129,761)
Exchange differences	匯兌差額	(1,508)	(7,551)	(13)	(8,248)	(42)	(561)	(1,153)	(19,076)
Net book value at 31 December 2024	二零二四年十二月三十一日賬面淨值	93,914	539,057	36,132	656,441	5,511	59,018	25,750	1,415,823
At 31 December 2024:	於二零二四年十二月三十一日:								
Cost	成本	153,683	913,056	67,534	1,942,885	20,808	186,736	25,750	3,310,452
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(59,769)	(373,999)	(31,402)	(1,286,444)	(15,297)	(127,718)	-	(1,894,629)
Net book value	賬面淨值	93,914	539,057	36,132	656,441	5,511	59,018	25,750	1,415,823

10 Property, Plant and Equipment (continued)

(b) Right-of-use assets

The analysis of the net book value of right-of-use assets, carried at depreciation cost, by class of underlying asset is as follows:

10 物業、廠房及設備(續)

(b) 使用權資產

以折舊成本列賬並按相關資產類別劃分 之使用權資產的賬面淨值分析如下:

		Note 附註	2024 二零二四年 \$′000 <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 \$′000 千元
Land use rights, with remaining lease term within 10 years, situated in	剩餘租賃期為10年內的土 地使用權,位於			
– Chinese Mainland	一中國內地	(i)	978	1,477
Land use rights, with remaining lease term between 10–50 years, situated in	剩餘租賃期為介乎10-50 年的土地使用權,位於	(i)		
– Hong Kong	一香港	(-7	11,468	12,008
– Chinese Mainland	一中國內地		72,888	76,213
– Vietnam	一越南		8,580	9,308
			93,914	99,006
Other assets leased for own use	租賃自用的其他資產	(ii)	36,132	35,772
			130,046	134,778

Note:

附註:

Land use rights (i)

> The Group holds land for its manufacturing facilities and office premises. The Group is the registered owner of these leasehold lands, including the whole or part of undivided share in the land. Lump sum payments were made upfront to acquire these leasehold lands from their previous registered owners, and there are no ongoing payments to be made under the terms of the land lease, other than payments based on rateable values set by the relevant government authorities. These payments vary from time to time and are payable to the relevant government authorities.

(ii) Other assets leased for own use

The Group has obtained the right to use other properties as its warehouses, office, retail shops, staff quarters and office equipment through tenancy agreements. The leases typically run for an initial period of one to five years. Some leases include an option to renew the lease when all terms are renegotiated.

- (i) 土地使用權

本集團擁有土地用作其生產設施及辦公室物 業。本集團為該等租賃土地的註冊擁有人,包 括土地的全部或部分不可分割權益。已預付一 整筆款項以自先前註冊擁有人處取得有關租賃 土地,且除根據相關政府機構訂立的應課差餉 租值所作出付款外,概無根據土地租賃條款將 予作出的持續付款。該等款項不時變動,且應 付予相關政府機構。

(ii) 租賃自用的其他資產

本集團透過租賃協議取得使用其他物業作為其 倉庫、辦公室、零售店、員工宿舍及辦公室設 備的權利。租約初始期限一般為一至五年。部 分租賃包括於重新磋商所有條款時重續租賃的 選擇權。

10 Property, Plant and Equipment (continued)

(b) Right-of-use assets (continued)

The analysis of expense items in relation to leases recognised in profit or loss is as follows:

10 物業、廠房及設備(續)

(b) 使用權資產(續)

於損益內確認之租賃相關開支項目分析 如下:

		2024 二零二四年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>
Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets by class of underlying asset:	按相關資產類別劃分之使用權 資產之折舊費用:		
Land use rights (note 5) Other assets leased for own use	土地使用權(附註5) 租賃自用的其他資產(附註5)	3,584	3,674
(note 5)		18,149	15,664
		21,733	19,338
Interest on lease liabilities (note 6) Expense relating to short-term leases (note 5)	租賃負債之利息(附註6) 短期租賃費用(附註5)	1,924	1,936
		2,255	3,934

During the year, additions to right-of-use assets were \$20,050,000 (2023: \$16,473,000). This amount primarily related to the capitalised lease payments under new tenancy agreements.

Details of total cash outflow for leases and the maturity analysis of lease liabilities are set out in notes 17(d) and 20 respectively. 於本年度內,添置使用權資產為港幣 20,050,000元(二零二三年:港幣 16,473,000元),該金額主要與根據新 租賃協議資本化的租賃付款有關。

有關租賃現金流出總額及租賃負債到期 日分析之詳情,分別載於附註17(d)及 20。

11 Investments in Subsidiaries

The following list contains only the particulars of subsidiaries which principally affected the results, assets and liabilities of the Group. The class of shares held is ordinary unless otherwise stated.

11 於附屬公司的投資

下表僅載有主要影響本集團業績、資產及負 債之附屬公司之詳情。除另有指明外,所持 股份類別為普通股。

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation and type of legal entity 註冊成立地及法園類別	Principal activities and place of operation 主要業務及營運地點	lssued and fully paid up shares/ registered capital 已發行及總足股份/ 註冊股本	Proportion of ordinary shares directly held by Company 本公司 直接持有之 普通服比例	Proportion of ordinary shares held by the Group 本集團 持有之 普通股比例	Proportion of ordinary shares held by non- controlling interests 非控制性 權益持有之 普通股比例
Hung Hing Off-Set Printing Company Limited	Hong Kong/Limited liability company	Production and trading of paper products and carton boxes/ Hong Kong	100 ordinary shares	100%	100%	-
鴻興柯式印務有限公司	香港/有限公司	紙品及彩盒生產及貿易/香港	100股普通股			
Sun Hing Paper Company Limited	Hong Kong/Limited liability company	Paper trading/Hong Kong	100 ordinary shares	100%	100%	-
新興洋紙有限公司	香港/有限公司	紙張貿易/香港	100股普通股			
Hung Hing Printing (China) Company Limited §§	Chinese Mainland/Limited liability company	Production and colour printing of paper products/Chinese Mainland	\$566,000,000	-	100%	-
鴻興印刷(中國)有限公司§§	中國內地/有限公司	紙品生產及彩印/中國內地	566,000,000元			
Tai Hing Paper Products Company, Limited	Hong Kong/Limited liability company	Trading of corrugated cartons boxes/ Hong Kong	100 ordinary shares	100%	100%	-
大興紙品有限公司	香港/有限公司	瓦通紙箱貿易/香港	100股普通股			
Beluga Limited	Hong Kong/Limited liability company	Design and production of "print + digital" products/Hong Kong	2 ordinary shares	100%	100%	-
貝路加有限公司	香港/有限公司	設計及生產「印刷+數字」產品/香港	2股普通股			
Toppwork Limited	Hong Kong/Limited liability company	Professional services/Hong Kong	10,000 ordinary shares	100%	100%	-
拓互有限公司	香港/有限公司	專業服務/香港	10,000股普通股			

11 Investments in Subsidiaries (continued) 11 於附屬公司的投資(續)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation and type of legal entity 註冊成立地及法團類別	Principal activities and place of operation 主要業務及營運地點	Issued and fully paid up shares/ registered capital 已發行及繳足股份/ 註冊股本	Proportion of ordinary shares directly held by Company 本公司 直接持有之 普通股比例	Proportion of ordinary shares held by the Group 本集團 持有之 普通設比例	Proportion of ordinary shares held by non- controlling interests 非控制性 權益持有之 普通股比例
Stem Plus Limited	Hong Kong/Limited liability	Educational services/Hong Kong	21,850	-	100%	-
	company		ordinary shares			
Stem Plus Limited	香港/有限公司	教育服務/香港	21,850股普通股			
Active Minds Limited	Hong Kong/Limited liability company	Trading and Distributor/Hong Kong	1,000,000 ordinary shares	-	100%	-
躍思有限公司	香港/有限公司	貿易及經銷商/香港	1,000,000股普通股			
Zhongshan Hung Hing Printing & Packaging Company Limited §	Chinese Mainland/Limited liability company	Printing and manufacturing of paper cartons/Chinese Mainland	USD20,000,000	-	71%	29%
中山鴻興印刷包裝有限公司§	中國內地/有限公司	紙盒印製/中國內地	20,000,000美元			
South Gain Enterprises Limited	Hong Kong/Limited liability company	Selling and purchasing agent/ Hong Kong	1,700,000 ordinary shares	-	71%	29%
南益企業有限公司	香港/有限公司	買賣代理/香港	1,700,000股普通股			
Po Hing Packaging (Shenzhen) Company Limited ^{§§}	Chinese Mainland/Limited liability company	Printing and manufacturing of paper cartons/Chinese Mainland	USD11,200,000	-	100%	-
寶興包裝(深圳)有限公司§§	中國內地/有限公司	紙盒印製/中國內地	11,200,000美元			
Zhongshan South Gain Paper Products Company Limited §§	Chinese Mainland/Limited liability company	Printing and manufacturing of paper cartons/Chinese Mainland	USD15,000,000	-	71%	29%
中山南益紙品包裝有限公司§§	中國內地/有限公司	紙盒印製/中國內地	15,000,000美元			
Hung Hing Packaging (Wuxi) Company Limited §§	Chinese Mainland/Limited liability company	Production and colour printing of paper products/Chinese Mainland	USD61,050,000	-	100%	-
鴻興包裝(無錫)有限公司§§	中國內地/有限公司	紙品生產及彩印/中國內地	61,050,000美元			

11 Investments in Subsidiaries (continued) 11 於附屬公司的投資(續)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation and type of legal entity 註冊成立地及法團類別	Principal activities and place of operation 主要業務及營運地點	Issued and fully paid up shares/ registered capital 已發行及繼足股份/ 註冊股本	Proportion of ordinary shares directly held by Company 本公司 直接持有之 普通股比例	Proportion of ordinary shares held by the Group 本集團 持有之 普通股比例	Proportion of ordinary shares held by non- controlling interests 非控制性 權益持有之 普通股比例
Hung Hing Printing (Heshan)	Chinese Mainland/Limited	Production and colour printing of	\$630,600,000	-	100%	-
Company Limited S	liability company	paper products/Chinese Mainland				
鴻興印刷(鶴山)有限公司§§	中國內地/有限公司	紙品生產及彩印/中國內地	630,600,000元			
Jun Hing Company Limited §§	Chinese Mainland/Limited liability company	Paper trading/Chinese Mainland	\$19,200,000	-	100%	-
駿興印刷物料(深圳)有限公司§§	中國內地/有限公司	紙張貿易/中國內地	19,200,000元			
Jun Hing Paper (Shenzhen) Company Limited S	Chinese Mainland/Limited liability company	Paper trading/Chinese Mainland	RMB20,000,000	-	100%	-
駿興紙業(深圳)有限公司§§	中國內地/有限公司	紙張貿易/中國內地	人民幣20,000,000元			
Guangdong Lianhe Packaging Company Limited S	Chinese Mainland/Limited liability company	Printing and manufacturing of paper cartons/Chinese Mainland	USD16,880,000	-	100%	-
廣東聯合包裝有限公司§§	中國內地/有限公司	紙盒印製/中國內地	16,880,000美元			
HH Dream Printing Company	Vietnam/Limited liability	Printing and manufacturing of	VND	-	94.1%	5.9%
Limited	company	paper cartons/Vietnam	575,000,000,000			
HH Dream Printing Company Limited	越南/有限公司	紙盒印製/越南	575,000,000,000越南盾			
HHD (Thai Ha) Company	Vietnam/Limited liability	Printing and manufacturing of	VND	-	94.1%	5.9%
Limited	company	paper cartons/Vietnam	121,405,900,000			
HHD (Thai Ha) Company Limited	越南/有限公司	紙盒印製/越南	121,405,900,000越南盾			
§ Sino-foreign equity j	oint venture		§ 中外合資1	と業		
Wholly foreign-owned	ed enterprise		§§ 外商獨資1	と業		

11 Investments in Subsidiaries (continued)

The following table lists out the information relating to South Gain Enterprises Limited Sub-group and Zhongshan Hung Hing Printing & Packaging Company Limited, the subsidiaries of the Group which have material non-controlling interests ("NCI"). The summarised financial information presented below represents the amounts before any inter-company elimination except for the elimination within South Gain Enterprises Limited Sub-group.

11 於附屬公司的投資(續)

下表載列有關南益企業有限公司子集團及中 山鴻興印刷包裝有限公司(均為本集團之附屬 公司,而有重大非控制性權益(「非控制性權 益」))之資料。下文呈列之財務資料概要為任 何公司間對銷前之金額,惟南益企業有限公 司子集團公司間之對銷除外。

		South Gain Ente Sub- 南益企業有M	group	Zhongshan Hung Hing Printing 8 Packaging Company Limited 中山鴻興印刷包裝有限公司		
		2024 二零二四年 \$′000 <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 \$'000 <i>千元</i>	2024 二零二四年 \$'000 <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 \$′000 <i>千元</i>	
NCI percentage	非控制性權益百分比	29%	29%	29%	29%	
Current assets	流動資產	116,742	113,141	67,128	72,215	
Non-current assets	非流動資產	87,254	91,784	172,536	194,918	
Current liabilities	流動負債	(31,708)	(29,986)	(63,348)	(46,460)	
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(2,468)	(658)	(2,750)	(3,955)	
Net assets	資產淨值	169,820	174,281	173,566	216,718	
Carrying amount of NCI	非控制性權益之					
	賬面值	49,248	50,541	51,212	62,848	
Revenue	營業額	174,369	162,273	97,203	102,597	
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	(953)	(5,949)	(35,024)	(22,170)	
Total comprehensive	全面收益總額					
income		(4,461)	(8,282)	(43,152)	(26,461)	
Loss allocated to NCI	分配至非控制性權益					
	之虧損	(276)	(1,725)	(10,157)	(6,429)	
Cash flows from	經營業務所得之					
operating activities	現金流量	19,510	19,796	(42,511)	(261)	
Cash flows from	投資業務所得之					
investing activities	現金流量	(5,176)	(1,169)	(2,619)	(3,932)	
Cash flows from	融資業務所得之		(
financing activities	現金流量	(13,928)	(14,125)	44,278	30,294	

12 Interest in Associates

12 於聯營公司之權益

		2024 二零二四年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>
Share of net assets of associates	佔聯營公司之資產淨值	8,487	8,915
Goodwill	商譽	_	6,395
		8,487	15,310

The following list contains the particulars of the associates, all of which are unlisted and their quoted market price is not available. The associates are accounted for using equity method in the consolidated financial statements: 下表載列聯營公司的詳情,所有聯營公司均 為非上市公司,並無市場報價。聯營公司乃 採用權益法於綜合財務報表入賬:

				Proport	ion of ownership 擁有權權益比例	interest	
Name of associate	Form of business structure	Place of incorporation and business	Particulars of issued and paid up capital	Group's effective interest 本集團的	Held by the Company	Held by the Group	Principal activity
聯營公司名稱	業務架構形式	成立地點及業務	已發行及繳足股本詳情	實際權益	由本公司持有	由本集團持有	主要業務
Guangzhou Honghai Enterprise Co., Limited	Incorporated	Chinese Mainland/ Chinese Mainland	RMB6,527,750	20%	-	20%	Provision of innovative printing services
廣州市紅海企業有限公司	股份公司	中國內地/中國內地	人民幣6,527,750元				提供創新印刷服務
D & P Education Kingdom Holdings Limited	Incorporated	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	USD1,000	25%	-	25%	Selling and distribution of learning package
D & P Education Kingdom Holdings Limited	股份公司	英屬處女群島/香港	1,000美元				銷售及分銷學習套件
Yum Me Limited	Incorporated	Hong Kong/ Hong Kong	\$2,000,000	49%	-	49%	Trading
Yum Me Limited	股份公司	香港/香港	2,000,000元				貿易

13 Financial Investments

13 金融投資

		2024 二零二四年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 \$'000 <i>千元</i>
Financial assets designated at FVOCI (non-recycling)	指定按公平值計入其他 全面收益之財務資產 (不可回撥)		
Unlisted equity investments Hong Kong listed equity investments,	非上市股本投資 香港上市股本投資	40,084	46,511
at quoted market price	(以市場報價計)	7,770	8,916 55,427

14 Inventories

14 存貨

(a) 綜合財務狀況表之存貨包括:

(a) Inventories in the consolidated statement of financial position comprise:

		2024 二零二四年 \$'000 <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 \$′000 <i>千元</i>
Raw materials*	原材料*	215,357	267,820
Work in progress	在製品	71,400	58,977
Finished goods	製成品	79,232	96,528
Less: Write-down of inventories	減:存貨撇減	365,989 (23,558)	423,325 (22,297)
		342,431	401,028

* At 31 December 2024, \$36,873,000 (2023: \$52,743,000) of raw materials were designated for paper trading business.

* 於二零二四年十二月三十一日,原材料 港幣36,873,000元(二零二三年:港幣 52,743,000元)被指定作紙張貿易業務。

14 Inventories (continued)

14 存貨(續)

- (b) The analysis of the amount of inventories recognised as an expense and included in profit or loss is as follows:
- (b) 確認為開支及計入損益之存貨金額 分析如下:

		2024 二零二四年 \$'000 <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>
Carrying amount of inventories sold	已售存貨賬面值	1,886,778	1,994,147
Write-down of inventories, net	存貨撇減淨值	1,477	3,803
		1,888,255	1,997,950

15 Trade and Other Receivables

15 應收貿易賬項及其他應收款項

		2024 二零二四年 <i>\$</i> [*] 000 <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 \$′000 <i>千元</i>
Trade receivable	應收貿易賬項	474,546	545,675
Less: loss allowance (note 27(c))	減:虧損撥備(附註 27(c))	(24,872)	(23,230)
		449,674	522,445
Trade receivable due from related parties	應收關連人士貿易賬項	9	293
Total trade receivable, net	總應收貿易賬項淨值	449,683	522,738
Bills receivable	應收票據	974	203
Prepayment, deposits and other receivables	預付款項、按金及		
	其他應收款項	113,451	103,301
		564,108	626,242

All of the trade and other receivables are expected to be recovered or recognised as expense within one year.

所有應收貿易賬項及其他應收款項預期於一 年內收回或確認為開支。

15 Trade and Other Receivables (continued)

Ageing analysis

The ageing analysis of total trade receivable at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date and net of loss allowance, is as follows:

15 應收貿易賬項及其他應收款項(續)

賬齡分析

於報告期末總應收貿易賬項之賬齡分析(根據 發票日期計算並扣除撥備)如下:

		2024 二零二四年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>
1–30 days	一至三十日	250,557	220,826
31–60 days	三十一至六十日	95,160	153,758
61–90 days	六十一至九十日	56,138	78,401
Over 90 days	超過九十日	47,828	69,753
		449,683	522,738

Trade receivables are normally due within 30 to 90 days from the date of billing. Further details on the Group's credit policy are set out in note 27(c).

16 Structured Bank Deposits

Structured bank deposits were stated at fair value and represented currency linked products issued by banks. The principals and returns were not guaranteed by the relevant banks and the maximum expected rates of return are ranging from 5.0% to 5.6% (2023: 6.4% to 8.5%) per annum. The Group designated these structured bank deposits as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition.

應收貿易賬項一般自發票日期起計三十至 九十日內到期。本集團信貸政策之進一步詳 情載於附註27(c)。

16 結構性銀行存款

結構性銀行存款按公平值列賬,指由銀行發 行的外幣掛鈎產品。相關銀行並無就本金及 回報作出擔保,而最高預期回報率介乎每年 5.0%至5.6%(二零二三年:6.4%至8.5%)。 本集團於初步確認時將該等結構性銀行存款 指定為按公平值計入損益的財務資產。

17 Cash and Cash Equivalents

17 現金及現金等價物

(a) 現金及現金等價物包括:

(a) Cash and cash equivalents comprise:

		2024 二零二四年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 \$'000 <i>千元</i>
Cash at banks and on hand Less: time deposits with original maturity	銀行及手頭現金 減:原到期日超過三個月	717,286	810,695
over three months	之定期存款	_	(11,035)
Cash and cash equivalents in consolidated statement of cash flows	綜合現金流量表內之現金 及現金等價物	717,286	799,660

17 現金及現金等價物(續)

- (b) Reconciliation of (loss)/profit before income tax to cash generated from operations:
- (b) 除所得稅前(虧損)/溢利與業務產 生之現金之對賬:

		Note 附註	2024 二零二四年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 \$'000 千元
(Loss)/profit before income tax	除所得稅前(虧損)/溢利		(38,704)	166,883
Adjustments for:	調整:			
Interest income	利息收入	4	(15,728)	(23,743)
Dividend income from financial	金融投資之股息			
investments	收入	4	(553)	(4,058)
Net loss/(gain) on disposal of	出售物業、廠房及設備之	4	2.200	(121 0 42)
property, plant and equipment Net realised loss on derivative	虧損/(收益)淨額 天会對沖瓷格之谷生会融	4	2,369	(131,043)
financial instruments not qualified	不合對沖資格之衍生金融 工具之已變現虧損淨額			
as hedges	工兵とし変坑間頂序領	4	_	1,726
Impairment loss on investment in	投資於聯營公司的減值虧損	-		1,720
associates		4	7,605	3,300
Fair value gain on structured bank	結構性銀行存款之公平值			
deposits	收益	4	(17,255)	(7,357)
Written-off of intangible assets	無形資產撇銷	4	138	-
Depreciation	折舊	5	129,761	122,841
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	5	1,368	1,580
Loss allowance of trade receivables,		_		
net	淨額	5	2,198	5,556
Loss allowance of loan to an associate	提供予一間聯營公司的貸款 虧損撥備	5	1,080	4 574
Finance costs	融資成本	6	4,539	4,574 9,391
Write-down of inventories, net	存貨撇減淨值	14(b)	1,477	3,803
Restricted share award scheme	限制性股份獎勵計劃開支	14(6)	1,477	0,000
expenses		24	777	2,892
Share of (profits)/losses of	應佔聯營公司(溢利)/			
associates	虧損		(782)	933
Net foreign exchange	外匯淨額	_	(7,769)	(18,182)
			70,521	139,096
Changes in working capital:	營運資本變動:			
Decrease in inventories	存貨減少		57,119	146,868
Decrease in trade and other	應收貿易賬項及其他應收			
receivables	款項減少		62,177	2,548
(Decrease)/increase in trade and	應付貿易賬項及其他應付			
other payables	款項(減少)/增加		(20,289)	10,247
Cash generated from operations	業務產生之現金		169,528	298,759
	-			

(c) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities from financing activities, including both cash and noncash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are liabilities for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

17 現金及現金等價物(續)

(c) 融資活動產生之負債對賬

下表詳述本集團融資活動產生之負債變 動,包括現金及非現金變動。融資活 動產生之負債為現金流量或未來現金流 量,該負債會在本集團綜合現金流量表 分類為融資活動所得現金流量。

		Bank borrowi 銀行借款	ngs (note 19) (附註19)	Lease liabilities (note 20) 租賃負債(附註20)	
		2024 二零二四年 \$′000 <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 \$′000 <i>千元</i>	2024 二零二四年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 \$'000 <i>千元</i>
At 1 January	於一月一日	126,004	191,578	39,058	38,027
Changes from financing cash flows:	融資現金流量變動:				
Capital element of lease rentals paid Interest element of lease	已付租賃租金之 本金部分 已付租賃租金之	-	-	(17,866)	(15,442)
rentals paid Repayments of bank	利息部分 償還銀行借款	-	-	(1,924)	(1,936)
borrowings Interest paid	已付利息	(64,058) (2,702)	(65,573) (7,541)	-	-
Total changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流量總變動	(66,760)	(73,114)	(19,790)	(17,378)
Other changes:	其他變動:				
Increase in lease liabilities from entering new	來自期內訂立新租約的 租賃負債增加				
leases during the period Interest expenses (note 6) Decrease in interest	利息開支(附註6) 應付利息減少	- 2,615	- 7,455	18,468 1,924	16,473 1,936
payable	應刊利息减少	87	85	_	-
Total other changes	其他總變動	2,702	7,540	20,392	18,409
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	61,946	126,004	39,660	39,058

(d) Total cash outflow for leases

Amounts included in the consolidated statement of cash flows for leases comprise the following:

17 現金及現金等價物(續)

(d) 租賃現金流出總額

綜合現金流量表中有關租賃的數額如下:

		2024 二零二四年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>
Within operating cash flows Within financing cash flows	營運現金流量內 融資現金流量內	2,255 19,790	3,934 17,378
within matching cash hows	附只· 尔亚 加里的	13,730	17,570
		22,045	21,312

These amounts relate to the following: 該等金額與以下各項相關:

Lease rentals paid	已付租賃租金	22,045	21,312

(e) Acquisition of a subsidiary

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group acquired all equity interest in Active Minds Limited ("AML") from an independent third party at cash consideration of \$15,796,000. AML is principally engaged in trading and distribution of English children books, education toys and stationaries categories.

The fair values of identifiable assets and liabilities acquired as at the date of acquisition are set out as follows:

17 現金及現金等價物(續)

(e) 購買一間附屬公司

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年 度,本集團向一名獨立第三方以現金代 價港幣15,796,000元收購躍思有限公司 (「躍思」)所有股份權益,躍思之主要業 務為英文兒童圖書、教育玩具及文具物 品貿易及分銷。

於收購日所收購之可辨別資產及負債之 公平值列示如下:

		Note 附註	2023 二零二三年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	10	370
Inventories	存貨		11,474
Trade and other receivables	應收貿易賬項及其他應收款項		6,989
Cash at bank and on hand	銀行及手頭現金		3,745
Trade and other payables	應付貿易賬項及其他應付款項		(5,682)
Other liabilities	其他負債		(1,100)
Total identifiable net assets at fair values, satisfied by cash consideration	以現金代價支付之可辨別淨資產 總額之公平值		15,796
Analysis of net cash outflow in respect of the above acquisition of a subsidiary	有關於以上購買一間附屬公司之 現金流出淨額之分析		
Cash consideration	現金代價		15,796
Cash at bank and on hand acquired	獲得之銀行及手頭現金		(3,745)
Net outflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the acquisition of a subsidiary	有關購買一間附屬公司現金及 現金等價物之流出淨額		12,051

Since the acquisition, of the newly acquired business contributed revenue of \$32,441,000 and net loss of \$4,316,000 to the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023. There is no significant change in this impact had the combination taken place at the beginning of the year.

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度, 由於收購該新購入業務貢獻本集團的營業 額為港幣32,441,000元及淨虧損為港幣 4,316,000元。若然該合併在本年初進行, 該影響並沒有重大變化。

18 Trade and Other Payables

18 應付貿易賬項及其他應付款項

		2024 二零二四年 \$′000 <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>
Trade payables	應付貿易賬項	130,262	112,909
Bills payables (note 18(b))	應付票據(附註18(b))	6,799	10,014
Deferred income current portion (note 22)	遞延收入之即期部分		
	(附註22)	5,956	6,267
Other payable and accrued liabilities	其他應付款項及應計負債		
(note 18(c))	(附註18(c))	175,138	208,453
Amount due to an associate (note 18(d))	應付一間聯營公司		
	(附註18(d))	5,418	5,700
		323,573	343,343

Except for an amount of \$1,890,000 (2023: \$1,337,000), all of the remaining balances of trade and other payables are expected to be settled or recognised as income within one year or are repayable on demand.

(a) The aging analysis of the total trade payable at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date, is as follows: 除款項港幣1,890,000元(二零二三年:港幣 1,337,000元)外,所有應付貿易賬項及其他 應付款項之餘下結餘預期於一年內清償或確 認為收入或按要求償還。

(a) 於報告期末總應付貿易賬項之賬齡 分析(根據發票日期計算)如下:

		2024 二零二四年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 \$′000 <i>千元</i>
1–30 days	一至三十日	102,772	82,406
31–60 days	三十一至六十日	19,827	22,801
61–90 days	六十一至九十日	2,466	3,261
Over 90 days	超過九十日	5,197	4,441
		130,262	112,909

(b) All bills payable at 31 December 2024 and 2023 were unsecured.

(b) 於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月 三十一日的所有應付票據概無抵押。

18 Trade and Other Payables (continued)

(c) At 31 December 2024, the balances include contract liabilities of \$9,211,000 (2023: \$5,373,000), which represent billings in advance of performance in sales. When the Group receives a deposit before the delivery of products in its sales activity, this will give rise to contract liabilities at the start of a contract, until the revenue recognised on the sales exceeds the amount of the deposit.

Contract liabilities of \$5,373,000 (2023: \$12,180,000) at the beginning of the year is recognised as revenue during the year and contract liabilities of \$9,211,000 (2023: \$5,373,000) was recognised at 31 December 2024 as a result of billing in advance of goods delivery.

(d) Amount due to an associate is unsecured, interest bearing at prevailing bank rates and repayable on demand.

18 應付貿易賬項及其他應付款項(續)

(c) 於二零二四年十二月三十一日,結餘包括合約負債港幣9,211,000元(二零二三年:港幣5,373,000元),即銷售履約預付款項。當本集團進行銷售但在產品交付前收取按金,將於合約開始時產生合約負債,直至銷售確認收益超出按金金額為止。

於年初之合約負債港幣5,373,000元 (二零二三年:港幣12,180,000元) 已於年內確認為收益,及於二零二四 年十二月三十一日在產品交付前收取 港幣9,211,000元(二零二三年:港幣 5,373,000元)已確認為合約負債。

(d)應付一間聯營公司為無抵押、附帶利息 並以現行銀行利率計息及按要求償還。

19 Bank Borrowings – Unsecured

19 銀行借款-無抵押

		2024 二零二四年		2023 二零二三年	
		Effective interest rate 實際利率	\$′000 <i>千元</i>	Effective interest rate 實際利率	\$'000 <i>千元</i>
Current liabilities	流動負債				
Term loans subject to repayment on demand clause (note (i))	須遵守按要求償還條款 的有期貸款(附註(i))				
– Maturity in 2024	一於二零二四年到期	N/A不適用	-	6.10%	30,000
– Maturity in 2026	一於二零二六年到期	1.72%-1.98%	61,946	1.72%-1.98%	96,004
Total bank loans	銀行貸款總額		61,946		126,004

19 Bank Borrowings – Unsecured (continued)

Note:

(i) In accordance with *HK Interpretation* 5 issued by the HKICPA, noncurrent portion of term loans is classified as a current liability as the classification of term loans was determined by reference to the existence of the borrower's right at the end of the reporting period to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date and without considering the probability of the lender choosing to exercise its rights to demand payment within the next twelve months after the reporting date.

The balances are carried at amortised cost and none of the non-current portion of the term loans is expected to be settled within one year.

The Group has bank loans and trade facilities of \$665,796,000 (2023: \$691,004,000), of which \$61,946,000 (2023: \$126,004,000) had been utilised as at the end of the reporting period. All of the bank loans are guaranteed by the Company.

The bank loans are subject to certain covenants and the Group has not breached any borrowing limits or covenants on any of its banking facilities. Further details of the Group's management of liquidity risk are set out in note 27(e).

20 Lease Liabilities

At 31 December 2024 and 2023, the lease liabilities were repayable as follows:

19 銀行借款-無抵押(續)

附註:

(i) 根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港註釋第5號, 有期貸款的非流動部分被分類為流動負債,因 有期貸款的分類乃參照借款人於報告期末是否 存在權利以遞延結算負債至報告日後至少十二 個月而釐定,並無考慮貸款人選擇在報告日後 十二個月內行使其要求還款權利的可能性。

餘額按攤銷成本列值,有期貸款的非流動部 分預期不會於一年內償還。

本集團的銀行貸款及貿易融資金額為港幣 665,796,000元(二零二三年:港幣 691,004,000元),其中港幣61,946,000元 (二零二三年:港幣126,004,000元)於報告 期末已動用。所有銀行貸款由本公司擔保。

銀行貸款受若干契約規限,而本集團並無違 反任何銀行融資的任何借貸限制或契約。本 集團管理流動資金風險的更多詳情載於附註 27(e)。

20 租賃負債

於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一 日,租賃負債的償還期如下:

		2024 二零二四年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>
Within 1 year	一年內	17,868	16,406
After 1 year but within 2 years After 2 years but within 5 years	一年後但於兩年內 兩年後但於五年內	15,861 5,931	12,412 10,240
		21,792	22,652
		39,660	39,058

21 Income Tax in the Consolidated Statement of 21 綜合財務狀況表內之所得稅 Financial Position

(a) Current taxation in the consolidated statement of financial position represents:

(a) 綜合財務狀況表內之即期稅項指:

		2024 二零二四年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 \$′000 <i>千元</i>
Provision for Hong Kong profits tax	本年度之香港利得稅撥備		715
for the year Provisional profits tax paid	已付暫繳利得稅	-	(1,930)
Balance of Profits Tax provision relating to	過往年度利得稅撥備結餘	-	(1,215)
prior years	ing to 题任中度利待税撥備結時	_	1,260
Taxation outside Hong Kong	香港境外稅項	-	45
- PRC corporate income tax payable	一應付中國企業所得稅	3,990	72,005
– Vietnam corporate income tax payable	-應付越南企業所得稅	671	-
Net current income tax payable	應付即期所得稅淨額	4,661	72,050

		2024 二零二四年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>
Representing:	指:		
Income tax recoverable Income tax payable	可收回所得稅 應付所得稅	- 4,661	(315) 72,365
		4,661	72,050

21 Income Tax in the Consolidated Statement of 21 綜合財務狀況表內之所得稅(續) **Financial Position (continued)**

(b) Deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised:

(i) Movement of each component of deferred tax assets and liabilities

The components of deferred tax (assets)/liabilities recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position and the movements during the year are as follows:

(b) 已確認遞延稅項資產及負債:

內變動如下:

(i) 遞延稅項資產及負債各組成部分之 變動 已於綜合財務狀況表確認之遞延稅 項(資產)/負債各組成部分及其年

		Tax losses 税項虧損 \$'000 <i>千元</i>	Differences between depreciation allowances and related depreciation 折舊撥備與 相關折舊 之差額 \$'000 千元	Credit loss allowance of trade receivables 應收貿易 賬項信貸 虧損撥備 \$'000 千元	Withholding tax 預扣税 \$'000 子元	Gain on land resumption (note) 徽收土地 收益 (附註) \$*000 千元	Other temporary differences 其他 臨時差額 \$'000 <i>千元</i>	Total 總計 \$*000 <i>千元</i>
Deferred tax arising from:	所產生遞延稅項:							
At 1 January 2023 (Credited)/charged to profit or loss	於二零二三年一月一日 (計入)/扣除自損益(附註8(a))	(42,019)	68,128	(1,901)	6,880	31,901	(16,559)	46,430
(note 8(a))		(4,021)	(7,062)	(3,295)	5,226	(30,237)	1,755	(37,634)
Exchange differences	匯兌差額	389	(463)	25	(108)	(1,664)	70	(1,751)
At 31 December 2023 and	於二零二三年十二月三十一日及							
1 January 2024 (Credited)/charged to profit or loss	二零二四年一月一日 (計入)/扣除自損益(附註8(a))	(45,651)	60,603	(5,171)	11,998	-	(14,734)	7,045
(note 8(a))		(1,635)	3,062	(1,058)	(3,230)	-	1,841	(1,020)
Exchange differences	匯兌差額	608	(536)	85	(237)	-	103	23
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	(46,678)	63,129	(6,144)	8,531	-	(12,790)	6,048

Note: The amount represented the timing difference arising from the gain on land resumption (see note 4(ii)) which the corresponding tax payable was settled in 2024 as agreed with the local tax bureau.

附註: 該金額指徵收土地收益(見附註 4(ii))產生的時間差異,相應應 付稅項與當地稅務局協定已於二 零二四年結清。

21 Income Tax in the Consolidated Statement of 21 綜合財務狀況表內之所得稅(續) Financial Position (continued)

- (b) Deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised: (continued)
 - (ii) Reconciliation to the consolidated statement of financial position

(b) 已確認遞延稅項資產及負債:(續)

(II) 與綜合財務狀況表之對賬	(ii)	與綜合財務狀況表之對賬
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		2024 二零二四年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 \$'000 <i>千元</i>
Net deferred tax assets recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position	於綜合財務狀況表確認 之遞延稅項資產淨值	(28,384)	(32,396)
Net deferred tax liabilities recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position	於綜合財務狀況表確認 之遞延稅項負債淨值	34,432	39,441
		6,048	7,045

(c) Deferred tax assets and liabilities not recognised

 (i) The Group has not recognised deferred tax assets in respect of cumulative tax losses, whose expiry dates are:

(c) 未確認遞延稅項資產及負債

(i) 本集團尚未就累計稅項虧損確認遞 延稅項資產,其到期日為:

		2024 二零二四年 <i>\$`000</i> <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 \$′000 <i>千元</i>
Within 1 year	一年內	21,095	17,926
More than 1 year but within 5 years Do not expire under current tax legislation	超過一年但於五年內 根據目前稅務法例不會	73,059	30,913
	到期	123,535	95,767
		217,689	144,606
		•	·

The directors are of opinion that it is not probable that future taxable profits against which the losses above can be utilised will be available in the relevant tax jurisdiction and entity. 董事認為,日後不大可能於相關稅 務司法權區及實體有應課稅溢利可 用以抵銷上述虧損。

21 Income Tax in the Consolidated Statement of 21 綜合財務狀況表內之所得稅(續) **Financial Position (continued)**

- (c) Deferred tax assets and liabilities not recognised (continued)
 - (ii) At 31 December 2024, deferred tax liabilities of \$5,435,000 (2023: \$5,249,000) in respect of the tax that would be payable on the distribution of retained profits of Chinese Mainland subsidiaries amounted to \$108,696,000 (2023: \$104,972,000) have not been recognised as the Company controls the dividend policy of these subsidiaries and it has been determined that it is probable these profits will not be distributed in the foreseeable future.

22 Deferred Income

The deferred income represents the government grants related to purchase of property, plant and equipment granted to the Group.

(c) 未確認遞延稅項資產及負債(續)

(ii) 於二零二四年十二月三十一日,由 於本公司控制該等附屬公司的股息 政策, 並且已決定該等溢利不會於 可預見未來分派,因此並無確認與 分派中國內地附屬公司的保留溢利 港幣108,696,000元(二零二三年: 港幣104,972,000元)相關的港幣 5,435,000元(二零二三年:港幣 5,249,000元)的遞延稅款負債。

22 遞延收入

遞延收入屬政府補助本集團購買相關物業、 廠房及設備。

		2024 二零二四年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>
Analysis as:	分析如下:		
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	12,693	15,847
Current liabilities (note 18)	流動負債(附註18)	5,956	6,267
		18,649	22,114

23 Capital, Reserves and Dividends

(a) Movements in components of equity

The reconciliation between the opening and closing balances of each component of the Group's consolidated equity is set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Details of changes in the Company's individual components of equity between the beginning and the end of the years are set out below:

23 股本、儲備及股息

(a) 權益部分之變動

本集團綜合權益各組成部分之年初結餘 與年末結餘之對賬載於綜合權益變動 表。本公司個別權益組成部分於年初至 年末間出現之變動詳情載列如下:

		Share capital	Other capital reserves	Financial assets at FVOCI reserve (non- recycling) 按公平值計入 其他全面收益之	Equity compensation reserves	Retained earnings	Total
		股本 \$′000 <i>千元</i>	其他資本儲備 \$′000 <i>千元</i>	財務資產儲備 (不可回撥) \$'000 千元	權益補償儲備 \$′000 <i>千元</i>	保留盈利 \$′000 <i>千元</i>	總計 \$′000 <i>千元</i>
At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日	1,652,854	(11,142)	12,956	6,990	609,430	2,271,088
Changes for the year	本年度變動						
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year Dividends approved in respect of	溢利及本年度全面收益總額 已批准之過往年度股息	-	-	(2,030)	-	(2,826)	(4,856)
the previous year (note 23(b)(ii)) Dividend declared in respect of the	(附註23(b)(ii))	-	-	-	-	(81,708)	(81,708)
current year (note 23(b)(i))	(附註23(b)(i))	-	-	-	-	(36,315)	(36,315)
Shares vested and allotted under Share Award Scheme (note 24)	股份獎勵計劃下歸屬及分配的 股份(附註24)	-	5,057	-	(5,057)	-	-
Equity compensation expenses (note 24)	權益補償開支(附註24)	-	-	-	2,892	-	2,892
At 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024	於二零二三年十二月三十一日 及二零二四年一月一日	1,652,854	(6,085)	10,926	4,825	488,581	2,151,101
Changes for the year	本年度變動						
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	溢利及本年度全面收益總額	-	-	(2,123)	-	12,626	10,503
Dividends approved in respect of the previous year (note 23(b)(ii)) Dividend declared in respect of	已批准之過往年度股息 (附註23(b)(ii)) 已宣派之本年度股息	-	-	-	-	(81,708)	(81,708)
the current year (note 23(b)(i)) Shares vested and allotted under	(附註23(b)(i))	-	-	-	-	(36,315)	(36,315)
Share Award Scheme (note 24)	股份獎勵計劃下歸屬及分配的 股份(附註24)	-	5,057	-	(5,057)	-	-
Equity compensation expenses (note 24)	權益補償開支(附註24)	-	-	-	777	-	777
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	1,652,854	(1,028)	8,803	545	383,184	2,044,358

(b) Dividends

23 股本、儲備及股息(續)

(b) 股息

- (i) Dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company attributable to the year
- (i) 應付本公司權益持有人本年度應佔 股息

		2024 二零二四年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>
Interim dividend of HK4 cents (2023: HK4 cents) per ordinary share	中期股息每股普通股港幣4仙 (二零二三年:港幣4仙)	36,315	36,315
Proposed special dividend of HK5 cents (2023: HK5 cents)	擬派發特別股息每股普通股 港幣5仙(二零二三年:		
per ordinary share Proposed final dividend of	港幣5仙) 擬派發末期股息每股普通股	45,393	45,393
HK4 cents (2023: HK4 cents)	港幣4仙(二零二三年:		
per ordinary share	港幣4仙)	36,315	36,315
		118,023	118,023

The directors recommend the payment of a special dividend of HK5 cents per ordinary share and a final dividend of HK4 cents per ordinary share. Such dividends are to be approved by the shareholders at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held on 27 May 2025.

 (ii) Dividend payable to equity shareholders of the Company attributable to the previous financial year, approved and paid during the year 董事會建議派發特別股息每股普通 股港幣5仙及末期股息每股普通股港 幣4仙,該等股息須經股東將於二零 二五年五月二十七日舉行之應屆本 公司股東週年大會批准。

(ii) 上個財政年度應付本公司權益持有 人之股息(於本年度批准及支付)

	2024 二零二四年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>
Special dividend in respect of the previous financial year, approved and paid during the year, of HK5 cents (2023: HK5 cents) per ordinary share Final dividend in respect of the previous financial year, approved and paid during the year, of HK4 cents (2023: HK4 cents)	45,393	45,393
per ordinary share	36,315	36,315
	81,708	81,708

23 股本、儲備及股息(續)

(c) Share capital

(c) 股本

)24 二四年	20 二零二	
		No. of shares 股份數目 <i>'000</i>	\$'000	No. of shares 股份數目 <i>'000</i>	\$'000
		千位	千元	千位	千元
At 1 January and	於一月一日及十二月				
31 December	三十一日	907,865	1,652,854	907,865	1,652,854

In accordance with section 135 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, the ordinary shares of the Company do not have a par value.

The Company's issued and fully paid shares as at 31 December 2024 included 758,172 shares (2023: 4,484,604 shares) held in trust by the trustee under Restricted Share Award Scheme, details of which are set out in note 24.

During the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased any of the Company's shares.

根據香港《公司條例》第135條,本公司 普通股並無面值。

本公司於二零二四年十二月三十一日之 已發行及繳足股份包括由信託人根據 限制性股份獎勵計劃以信託方式持有之 758,172股(二零二三年:4,484,604股) 股份,有關詳情載於附註24。

截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月 三十一日止年度,本公司或其任何附屬 公司並無購買任何本公司股份。

(d) Nature and purpose of reserves

(i) Legal reserves

Subsidiaries of the Group in Chinese Mainland, which are wholly foreign-owned enterprises, follow the accounting principles and relevant financial regulations of the Chinese Mainland applicable to wholly foreign-owned enterprises ("PRC GAAP -WFOE"), in the preparation of its accounting records and financial statements. Pursuant to the accounting regulations for business enterprises, the subsidiaries are required to appropriate 10% of the profit arrived at in accordance with PRC GAAP - WFOE for each year to a statutory reserve. The profit arrived at must be used initially to set off against any accumulated losses. The appropriations to statutory reserve, after offsetting against any accumulated losses, must be made before the distribution of dividends to equity owners. The appropriation is required until the statutory reserve reaches 50% of the registered capital. This statutory reserve is not distributable in the form of cash dividends, but may be used to set off losses or be converted into paid-in capital.

- (ii) Intangible asset revaluation reserve
 The intangible asset revaluation reserve has been set up and is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies in note 1(i).
- (iii) Financial assets at FVOCI reserve (non-recycling)

The financial assets at FVOCI reserve (non-recycling) comprises the cumulative net change in the fair value of equity investments designated at FVOCI under HKFRS 9 that are held at the end of the reporting period (see note 1(j)).

(iv) Exchange fluctuation reserve

The exchange fluctuation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policy set out in note 1(g).

23 股本、儲備及股息(續)

(d) 儲備性質及目的

(i) 合法儲備

本集團之中國內地附屬公司(外商 獨資企業)於編製其會計記錄及財 務報表時依從外商獨資企業適用之 中國內地會計原則及相關財務法規 (「中國公認會計原則-外商獨資 企業」)。根據營商企業之會計法 規,附屬公司須根據中國公認會計 原則一外商獨資企業每年就所賺取 之溢利撥出10%至法定儲備。所賺 取之溢利必須首先抵銷任何累計虧 **捐。於向權益擁有人分派股息前,** 已抵銷任何累計虧損之溢利必須轉 撥至法定儲備,直至法定儲備達致 註冊股本之50%方可停止轉撥。該 法定儲備不得以現金股息之形式分 派,惟可用作抵銷虧損或轉換為注 入股本。

- (ii) 無形資產重估儲備
 無形資產重估儲備經已設立,並根 據附註1(i)所載會計政策處理。
- (iii) 按公平值計入其他全面收益之財務 資產儲備(不可回撥) 按公平值計入其他全面收益之財務 資產儲備(不可回撥)包括於報告期 末持有的根據香港財務報告準則第9 號指定按公平值計入其他全面收益 之股本投資之累計公平值變動淨額 (見附註1(j))。
- (iv) 外匯波動儲備 外匯波動儲備包括換算海外業務財 務報表產生之所有匯兌差額。儲備 根據附註1(g)所載之會計政策處理。

(e) Capital risk management

The Group regards its shareholders' equity as capital. The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the net debt gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total equity. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings (i.e. current and non-current bank borrowings as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position) less cash at bank and on hand.

During the year, the Group's strategy was to maintain the net debt gearing ratio below 30%. As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Group had net cash position as follows:

23 股本、儲備及股息(續)

(e) 資本風險管理

本集團將其股東權益視為資本。本集團 之資本管理目標為保障本集團有能力按 持續經營基準繼續經營,以便為股東帶 來回報及為其他持份者帶來利益,並維 持最佳資本架構以降低資本成本。

為維持或調整資本架構,本集團可能會 調整支付予股東之股息金額、向股東退 還資本、發行新股份或出售資產以降低 債務。

本集團按淨負債資本比率基準監控資本。該比率按債務淨額除總權益計算。 債務淨額以總借款(即綜合財務狀況表所 示之即期及非即期銀行借款)減銀行及手 頭現金計算。

本年度,本集團之策略為維持淨負債資本比率低於30%。於二零二四年及二零 二三年十二月三十一日,本集團之淨現 金狀況如下:

		2024 二零二四年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>
Cash at bank and on hand Total bank borrowings (note 19)	銀行及手頭現金 銀行借款總額(附註 19)	717,286 (61,946)	810,695 (126,004)
		655,340	684,691

As the Group had a net cash position, the net debt gearing ratio as at 31 December 2024 was nil (2023: nil).

由於本集團擁有淨現金狀況,於二零 二四年十二月三十一日之淨負債資本比 率為零(二零二三年:零)。

24 Restricted Share Award Scheme

The Restricted Share Award Scheme (the "Scheme") was adopted by the Company on 21 December 2009 as an incentive to attract, motivate and retain employees of the Group. It will expire on 30 June 2027.

Eligible participants of the Scheme includes any director, full-time or part-time employee, executive or officer of the Company or any of its subsidiaries.

The awarded shares are the existing shares, which are purchased on the Stock Exchange by the independent trustee, Law Debenture Trust (Asia) Limited (the "Trustee"), with funds provided by the Company. The maximum number of shares in respect of which awards may be granted under the Scheme shall not exceed 18,157,299 shares, representing 2% of the total issued share capital of the Company as at 1 July 2024.

Under the rules of the Scheme, share awards will be granted to the participants of the Scheme when certain performance target is met and on or before 30 June of each year.

Upon certain vesting conditions are fulfilled, the share awards granted to the participants will be vested in three equal tranches provided that the relevant awardee remained employed by the Group or retired on reaching normal retirement age.

For awardees who cease employment with the Group before vesting, the unvested shares are forfeited. The forfeited shares are held by the trustee of the Scheme.

The fair value of the shares was determined based on the closing market price of the Company's shares that are publicly traded on the Stock Exchange on the grant date.

As at the date of this annual report, the total number of Shares available in respect of which restricted share awards may be granted under the Scheme is 18,157,299 Shares representing approximately 2% of the Shares in issue as at that date.

24 限制性股份獎勵計劃

於二零零九年十二月二十一日,本公司採納 限制性股份獎勵計劃(「該計劃」)作為一項獎 勵,以吸引、激勵及挽留本集團之僱員。該 計劃將於二零二七年六月三十日到期。

該計劃的合資格參與者包括本公司或其任何 附屬公司的董事、全職或兼職僱員、高級管 理人員或高層職員。

獎勵股份為現有股份,由獨立信託人洛德信 託(亞洲)有限公司(「信託人」)於聯交所購 買,並由本公司提供資金。根據該計劃可授 予獎勵的股份數量最高不得超過18,157,299 股,佔本公司截至二零二四年七月一日已發 行股本總額的2%。

根據該計劃之規則,股份獎勵將於符合若干 表現目標時授予該計劃之參與者,且股份獎 勵將於每年六月三十日或之前授予參與者。

待若干歸屬條件達成後,授予之股份獎勵將 分三批等額歸屬予參與者,惟相關獲獎勵人 士須仍留任本集團或到達正常退休年齡時才 退休。

就於歸屬前已不再任職本集團之獲獎勵人士 而言,未歸屬股份會被充公。已充公之股份 由該計劃之信託人持有。

股份之公平值乃根據本公司於聯交所公開買 賣之股份在授出日期之收市價釐定。

於本年度報告日期,根據該計劃可授出限制 性股份獎勵的股份總數為18,157,299股,佔 該日期已發行股份約2%。

24 Restricted Share Award Scheme (continued)

Share based payments of \$777,000 (2023: \$2,892,000) has been recognised in the consolidated income statement as employee benefit expenses (notes 5 and 7). In 2024, a total of 3,726,432 shares (2023: 3,726,432 shares) were vested and their average purchasing fair value was \$5,057,000 (2023: \$5,057,000). No shares granted was forfeited during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

Movement in the number of shares awarded and their related average fair value is as follows:

24 限制性股份獎勵計劃(續)

基於股份付款港幣777,000元(二零二三年: 港幣2,892,000元)已於綜合收益表內確認為 僱員福利開支(附註5及7)。於二零二四年, 合共3,726,432股(二零二三年:3,726,432 股)股份已歸屬於參與者,其平均購買公平 值為港幣5,057,000元(二零二三年:港幣 5,057,000元)。截至二零二四年及二零二三 年十二月三十一日止年度,概無授出股份被 充公。

獎勵股份數目變動及其相關平均公平值如下:

			024 二四年 Number of shares awarded 獎勵股份 數目		023 二三年 Number of shares awarded 獎勵股份 數目
Beginning balance Vested	年初結餘 已歸屬	1.36	4,482,986 (3,726,432)	1.36	8,209,418 (3,726,432)
Ending balance	年末結餘		756,554		4,482,986

All the shares held by Trustee for the purpose of the Scheme are listed below:

信託人就該計劃而持有之所有股份載列如下:

		Number of shares 股份數目	;
		2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
Beginning balance	年初結餘	4,484,604 8,	211,036
Vesting of shares	歸屬股份	(3,726,432) (3,7	726,432)
Ending balance	年末結餘	758,172 4,4	84,604

No consideration was paid for purchase of shares during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一 日止年度,並無就購買股份支付代價。

25 Contingent Liabilities

The Group did not have any material contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2024.

26 Commitments

Capital commitments

Capital commitments outstanding at the end of the reporting period not provided for in the financial statements were as follows:

25 或然負債

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團並無 任何重大或有負債。

26 承擔

資本承擔

於報告期末,財務報表內未撥備之資本承擔 如下:

		2024 二零二四年 \$′000 <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>
Contracted for, but not provided for Authorised but not contract for	已訂約但未撥備 已授權但未訂約	46,682 -	96,766 –
		46,682	96,766

27 Financial Risk Management and Fair Value of 27 財務風險管理及金融工具之公平值 Financial Instruments

The Group's principal financial instruments, other than derivatives, comprise cash and bank deposits, trade and other receivables, trade and other payables and bank borrowings. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the Group's operations.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, credit risk, equity price risk and liquidity risk. The policies to mitigate each of these risks are summarised below. The board manages and monitors these risks to ensure that appropriate measures are implemented in a timely and effective manner. The Group's accounting policies in relation to derivatives are set out in note 1(k) to the financial statements. 集團主要金融工具(衍生工具除外)包括現金 及銀行存款、應收貿易賬項及其他應收款 項、應付貿易賬項及其他應付款項以及銀行 借款。該等金融工具之主要用途是為本集團 營運提供資金。

本集團金融工具產生之主要風險為利率風險、外幣風險、信貸風險、股價風險及流動 資金風險。下文概述減低該等各項風險之政 策。董事會管理及監察該等風險,以確保及 時有效實施適當措施。有關本集團衍生工具 相關之會計政策載於財務報表附註1(k)。

(a) Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk arises mainly from its bank deposits and bank borrowings.

The Group manages its interest rate exposure with a focus on reducing the Group's overall cost of debt and exposure to changes in interest rates. When considered appropriate, the Group uses interest rate swaps to manage its long-term bank borrowings which bear floating interest rates. Interest rate risk on bank deposits is considered immaterial.

At 31 December 2024, the Group has term loan of nil (2023: \$30,000,000) with variable rates. The Group considers that these loans are due within short period, thus the interest rate risk arising from them are immaterial.

The following table details the interest rate profile of the Group's other borrowings at the end of the reporting period:

(續)

(a) 利率風險

本集團之利率風險主要產生自其銀行存 款及銀行借款。

本集團致力減低其整體債務成本及利率 變動風險以管理利率風險。在適當時 候,本集團會利用利率掉期管理其按浮 動利率計息之長期銀行借款。銀行存款 之利率風險並不重大。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團 可變利率的有期貸款為零(二零二三年: 港幣30,000,000元)。本集團認為該等 貸款於短期內到期,因此產生的利率風 險不大。

下表詳述本集團於報告期末其他借款的 利率資料:

		2024 二零二四年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>
Fixed rate borrowings	定息借款		
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	39,660	39,058
Bank loans – unsecured	銀行貸款-無抵押	61,946	96,004
		101,606	135,062
Variable rate borrowings	可變利率借款		
Bank loan – unsecured	銀行貸款-無抵押	-	30,000
Amount due to an associate	應付聯營公司賬項	5,418	5,700
		107,024	170,762

27 Financial Risk Management and Fair Value of Financial Instruments (continued)

(a) Interest rate risk (continued)

At 31 December 2024, it is estimated that a general increase/decrease of 100 basis points in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, would have decreased/increased the Group's profit after tax and retained earnings by approximately \$54,000 (2023: \$357,000).

The sensitivity analysis above indicates the exposure to cash flow interest rate risk arising from variable rate borrowing held by the Group at the end of the reporting period, the impact on the Group's profit after tax and retained earnings is estimated as annualised impact on interest expense of such a change in interest rates.

At 31 December 2024, the net cash and bank deposits is \$655,340,000 (2023: \$684,691,000). The interest rate risk is not significant to the Group.

(b) Foreign currency risk

The Group is exposed to foreign currency risk primarily through its business transactions, assets and liabilities denominated in various foreign currencies primarily Renminbi ("RMB"), Hong Kong dollars ("HKD") and United States dollars ("USD").

The Group is subject to foreign exchange rate risk arising from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities which are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the operations to which the transactions relate.

When there are significant foreign currency transactions other than the functional currencies of the major operating companies within the Group, the Group will use forward currency contracts to manage the foreign currency exposure. The forward currency contracts must be in the same currency as the hedged item. At 31 December 2024, the fair value of forward currency contract is immaterial to the Group.

27 財務風險管理及金融工具之公平值 (續)

(a) 利率風險(續)

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,估計利 率整體上升/下跌100個基點及所有其 他變數保持不變,本集團除稅後溢利及 保留盈利將下跌/上升約港幣54,000元 (二零二三年:港幣357,000元)。

上述敏感性分析說明本集團在報告期末 持有的可變利率借款所產生的現金流利 率風險,對本集團除稅後溢利及保留盈 利的影響估計為該利率變化對利息支出 的年度影響。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,現金及 銀行存款淨額為港幣655,340,000元 (二零二三年:港幣684,691,000元)。 利率風險對本集團並不重大。

(b) 外幣風險

本集團主要透過以多種外幣(主要為人 民幣(「人民幣」)、港幣(「港幣」)及美元 (「美元」))計值之業務交易、資產及負債 面對外幣風險。

本集團因未來商業交易及已確認資產及 負債均以與交易有關的營運的功能貨幣 以外之貨幣計值而面對外幣匯率風險。

倘有本集團主要營運公司之功能貨幣以 外之重大外幣交易,本集團將利用遠期 貨幣合約管理外幣風險。遠期貨幣合約 之貨幣必須與對沖項目之貨幣相同。於 二零二四年十二月三十一日,遠期貨幣 合約之公平值對本集團而言並不重大。

(b) Foreign currency risk (continued)

(i) Exposure to currency risk

The following table details the Group's exposure at the end of the reporting period to currency risk arising from recognised assets or liabilities denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the entity to which they relate. For presentation purposes, the amounts of the exposure are shown in HKD, translated using the spot rate at the reporting period end date. Differences resulting from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations into the Group's presentation currency are excluded.

In this respect, it is assumed that the pegged rate between the HKD and the USD would be materially unaffected by any changes in movement in value of the USD against other currencies.

(續)

(b) 外幣風險(續)

(i) 貨幣風險

下表詳列本集團於報告期末由已確 認資產或負債(以實體相關之功能貨 幣以外之貨幣計值)所產生之貨幣 風險。為方便呈報,貨幣風險之金 額按報告期末日期之即期匯率兌換 為港幣列示。海外業務之財務報表 換算為本集團呈報貨幣時產生之差 異,不會計入貨幣風險。

就此而言,本集團假設美元兌其他 貨幣之幣值變動將不會對港幣與美 元之間的聯繫匯率構成重大影響。

		Exposure to foreign currencies (expressed in HKD) 外幣風險(以港幣列示)					
		2024 二零二四年			2023 二零二三年		
		RMB 人民幣 \$′000 <i>千元</i>	HKD 港幣 \$′000 <i>千元</i>	USD 美元 \$′000 <i>千元</i>	RMB 人民幣 \$′000 <i>千元</i>	HKD 港幣 \$′000 <i>千元</i>	USD 美元 \$′000 <i>千元</i>
Trade and other receivables	應收貿易賬項及其他應收款項	19,292	-	22,804	29,563	-	2,210
Cash at banks and on hand	銀行及手頭現金	360,524	1,152	18,070	467,284	4,267	14,473
Trade and other payables	應付貿易賬項及其他應付款項	(30,919)	(18)	(742)	(65,920)	(18)	(18)
Net exposure arising from	已確認資產及負債產生之						
recognised assets and liabilities	風險淨額	348,897	1,134	40,132	430,927	4,249	16,665

(b) Foreign currency risk (continued)

(ii) Sensitivity analysis

The following table indicates the instantaneous change in the Group's profit before income tax that would arise if foreign exchange rates to which the Group has significant exposure at the end of the reporting period had changed at that date, assuming all other risk variables remained constant.

(續)

(b) 外幣風險(續)

(ii) 敏感度分析 下表顯示假設於報告期末對本集團 有重大風險之匯率於當日出現變 動,而所有其他風險變數維持不 變,屆時本集團之除所得稅前溢利 可能產生之即時變動。

		202 二零二		2023 二零二	
		Increase/ (decrease) in foreign exchange rates 外幣匯率 上升/(下降)	(Decrease)/ increase in loss before income tax 除所得税前 虧損(減少)/ 増加 \$'000	Increase/ (decrease) in foreign exchange rates 外幣匯率 上升/(下降)	Increase/ (decrease) in profit before income tax 除所得稅前 溢利增加/ (減少) \$*000
			千元		千元
RMB [#]	人民幣#	5%	(17,445)	5%	21,546
		(5%)	17,445	(5%)	(21,546)
HKD*	港幣*	5%	(57)	5%	212
		(5%)	57	(5%)	(212)
USD*	美元*	5%	(2,007)	5%	833
		(5%)	2,007	(5%)	(833)
# For the comp	any and subsidiaries with fun	ctional currency	#	い法教会功能貨	憋的公司及附屬

For the company and subsidiaries with functional currency as HKD

For subsidiaries with functional currency as RMB or VND

以港幣為功能貨幣的公司及附屬 公司

以人民幣或越南盾為功能貨幣的附 屬公司

(b) Foreign currency risk (continued)

(ii) Sensitivity analysis (continued)

Results of the analysis as presented in the above table represent an aggregation of the instantaneous effects on each of the Group entities' (loss)/profit before income tax measured in the respective functional currencies, translated into HKD at the exchange rate ruling at the end of the reporting period for presentation purposes.

The sensitivity analysis assumes that the change in foreign exchange rates had been applied to remeasure those financial instruments held by the Group which expose the Group to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period. The analysis excludes differences that would result from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations into the Group's presentation currency. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2023.

(c) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Group. The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade and bills receivables and deposits placed with banks. The Group has no significant concentrations of credit risk. Management has policies in place to monitor the exposures to these credit risks on an on-going basis.

For banks and financial institutions, deposits are only placed with reputable banks. For credit exposures to customers, management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for the determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group regularly reviews the recoverable amount of each individual receivable to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the directors consider that the Group's credit risk is properly managed and significantly reduced.

Since the Group trades only with creditworthy third parties, normally there is no requirement for collateral.

(續)

(b) 外幣風險(續)

(ii) 敏感度分析(續) 上表呈列之分析結果總結本集團各 實體以相關功能貨幣計量之除所得 稅前(虧損)/溢利之即時影響,為 編製目的,有關影響以報告期末之 匯率換算為港幣呈報。

> 敏感度分析假設匯率變動已用於重 新計量本集團所持有令本集團於報 告期末面對外幣風險之金融工具。 有關分析不包括海外業務之財務報 表換算為本集團呈報貨幣時產生之 差異,分析按與二零二三年所用之 相同基準進行。

(c) 信貸風險

信貸風險指交易對手將違反合約義務而 導致本集團產生財務虧損之風險。本集 團之信貸風險主要來自應收貿易賬項及 票據及存放於銀行之存款。本集團並無 重大集中信貸風險。管理層已制定政策 持續監控該等信貸風險。

就銀行及金融機構而言,存款僅存放於 信譽良好的銀行。就客戶之信貸風險而 言,本集團管理層已委派專責小組,負 責釐定信貸額、信貸批核及其他監控程 序,以確保跟進收回逾期債務。此外, 本集團定期檢討各個別應收賬項之可收 回金額,以確保為不可收回金額作出足 夠減值虧損。就此而言,董事認為本集 團已妥善管理及大幅降低信貸風險。

由於本集團僅與信譽良好之第三方進行 交易,通常並無抵押品之要求。

(c) Credit risk (continued)

Trade receivable

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer rather than the industry or country in which the customers operate and therefore significant concentrations of credit risk primarily arise when the Group has significant exposure to individual customers. At the end of the reporting period, 2% (2023: 8%) and 18% (2023: 43%) of the total trade receivable was due from the Group's largest customer and the five largest customers respectively.

Individual credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount. These evaluations focus on the customer's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates. Trade and bills receivables are due within 30-90 days from the date of billing. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from customers.

The management identified the credit risk associated with a number of trade debtors that have increased significantly since initial recognition and performed reassessment on the ECLs of these debtors. As at 31 December 2024, a loss allowance of \$24,772,000 (2023: \$22,830,000) had been provided for the receivables due from these trade debtors. Other than that, the Group measures loss allowance on financial assets based on the past loss experience, existing market conditions as well as forward looking information at the end of each reporting period. Having considered those factors, the Group considered that there is no significant loss allowance recognised in accordance with HKFRS 9 as at 31 December 2024 and 2023, and no expected credit loss rate has therefore been disclosed.

(續)

(c) 信貸風險(續)

應收貿易賬項

本集團所面臨的信貸風險主要受各客戶 個別特性影響,而非取決於客戶營業所 在行業或國家,故高度集中之信貸風險 主要於本集團與個別客戶有重大業務往 來時發生。於報告期末,應收貿易賬項 總額之2%(二零二三年:8%)及18%(二 零二三年:43%)分別來自本集團的最大 客戶及五大客戶。

所有要求超出特定授信額度之客戶均會 進行個人信貸評估。此等評估專注於客 戶過往之到期付款記錄及現時之付款能 力,並考慮客戶特有賬目資料及其經營 所處經濟環境之相關資料。應收貿易賬 項及票據一般自發單日期起計30至90日 內到期。一般而言,本集團不會向客戶 收取抵押品。

管理層識別與多名貿易債務人相關的信 貸風險自初始確認以來已大幅增加,並 對該等債務人的預期信貸虧損進行重新 評估。於二零二四年十二月三十一日, 已就應收該等貿易債務人款項計提虧損 撥備港幣24,772,000元(二零二三年: 港幣22.830.000元)。除此之外,本 集團根據過往虧損經驗、現時市況以及 各報告期末之前瞻性資料計量財務資產 之虧損撥備。經計及上述因素,本集團 認為於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月 三十一日根據香港財務報告準則第9號並 無確認重大虧損撥備,故並無披露預期 信貸虧損率。

(c) Credit risk (continued)

Trade receivable (continued)

Movement in the loss allowance account in respect of trade and bills receivables during the year is as follows:

(續)

(c) 信貸風險(續)

應收貿易賬項(續) 年內應收貿易賬項及票據之虧損撥備變 動如下:

		2024 二零二四年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>
At 1 January	於一月一日	23,230	18,004
Acquisition of a subsidiary	收購一間附屬公司	-	132
Net impairment loss (note 5)	減值虧損淨額(附註5)	2,198	5,556
Amount written off as uncollectible	撇銷不可收回之金額	(265)	(356)
Exchange differences	匯兌差額	(291)	(106)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	24,872	23,230

(d) Equity price risk

The Group is exposed to listed equity securities price risk because investments held by the Group for non-trading purpose are classified as financial investments (see note 13). The Group's listed investments are listed on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong. The Group's unquoted investment are held for long term strategic purposes.

The Group does not actively trade in equity investments and in the opinion of the Board of Directors, the equity price risk related to trading activities to which the Group is exposed to is not material. Accordingly, no quantitative market risk disclosures for equity price risk have been prepared.

(d) 股價風險

本集團因持有之投資並不是以交易買賣 為目的因而被分類為金融投資,故此面 對上市股本證券價格風險(見附註13)。 本集團之上市投資於香港聯交所上市。 本集團的無報價投資乃持作長期策略 用涂。

本集團並無活躍買賣股本投資,且董事 會認為,有關交易活動令本集團面臨之 股價風險並不重大。因此,就股價風險 並未編製任何量化市場風險披露。

27 Financial Risk Management and Fair Value of Financial Instruments (continued)

(e) Liquidity risk

The Group's objectives are to maintain sufficient cash and to ensure the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed banking facilities. The Group aims to maintain flexibility in funding by keeping committed banking facilities available.

The following tables show the remaining contractual maturities at the end of the reporting period of the Group's financial liabilities, based on:

- contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on current rates at the end of the reporting period) and the date the Group is contractually required to pay, or if the counterparty has the choice of when the amount should be paid (irrespective of the fulfilment of covenants), the earliest date the Group can be required to pay; and
- expected undiscounted cash flows provided to the management and the date the Group is expected to pay, shown as adjustments to the contractual undiscounted cash flows if the timing and/or amount to the cash flows are expected to be different from the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

27 財務風險管理及金融工具之公平值 (續)

(e) 流動性風險

本集團之目標為維持充裕現金,並透過 足夠之已承諾銀行融資確保可獲得資 金。本集團旨在透過保持已承諾之銀行 融資維持資金之靈活性。

下表列示於報告期末本集團財務負債之 餘下合約到期日詳情,根據:

- 合約未貼現現金流量(包括以合約利率,或如為浮息則以報告期末現行利率計算之利息付款),及合約要求本集團支付的日期,或倘交易對手能夠選擇支付金額的時間(無論是否履行契約),則以本集團約定的最早付款日為基準;及
- 向管理層提供的預期未貼現現金流量及本集團預期支付日期,倘現金流量的時間及/或金額預期與合約未貼現現金流量存在差異,則顯示為對合約未貼現現金流量的調整。

(e) Liquidity risk (continued)

For bank borrowings subject to repayment on demand clauses, the management does not expect the lender to exercise its rights to demand repayment and therefore the below analysis shows the cash outflows based on the contractual repayment schedule and, separately, the impact to the timing of the cash outflows if the lender was to invoke its unconditional right to call the loans with immediate effect.

(續)

(e) 流動性風險(續)

就須遵守按要求償還條款的銀行借款而 言,管理層預期貸款人不會行使其要求 償還的權利,因此,以下分析顯示基於 合約規定的償還時間表的現金流出,並 分別顯示倘貸款人援引其無條件的權利 要求立即償還貸款對現金流出時間的影 響。

				2024 二零二四年					2023 二零二三年		
		Carrying amount 賬面值 \$'000 千元	Total contractual undiscounted cash flow 合約未貼現 現金流量總額 \$'000 <i>千元</i>	Within 1 year or on demand 一年以內 或要求 \$'000 千元	More than 1 year but within 2 years 超過一年 但雨年以內 \$'000 千元	More than 2 years but within 5 years 超過雨年 但五年以内 \$'000 千元	Carrying amount 賬面值 \$'000 <i>千元</i>	Total contractual undiscounted cash flow 合約未貼現 現金流量總額 \$'000 子元	Within 1 year or on demand 一年以內 或要求 \$'000 千元	More than 1 year but within 2 years 超過一年 但雨年以内 \$'000 千元	More than 2 years but within 5 years 超過雨年 但五年以内 \$'000 千元
Bank borrowings	銀行借款	61,946	63,035	34,421	28,614	-	126,004	129,287	65,928	34,598	28,761
Trade and other payables	應付貿易賬項及其他										
	應付款項	303,160	303,160	303,160	-	-	326,974	326,974	326,974	-	-
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	39,660	42,166	19,505	16,558	6,103	39,058	41,547	17,868	13,205	10,474
		404,766	408,361	357,086	45,172	6,103	492,036	497,808	410,770	47,803	39,235
Adjustment to present cash flows on bank borrowings based on lender's right to	根據貸款人要求付款的 權利對銀行借款的 現金流作出調整										
demand payment			(234)	28,380	(28,614)	-		(1,094)	62,265	(34,598)	(28,761)
			408,127	385,466	16,558	6,103		496,714	473,035	13,205	10,474

(f) Fair value estimation

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Observable inputs which fail to meet Level • 1 and not using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data are not available.
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are • not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs).

The following table presents the Group's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value at 31 December 2024 and 2023:

(續)

(f) 公平值之估計

下表分析以估值方式按公平值計量之金 融工具。不同層次界定如下:

- 第一層:相同資產或負債於活躍市 場中之報價(未經調整)。
- 第二層:不符合第一層的可觀察輸 入數據,且並無使用重大不可觀察 輸入數據。不可觀察輸入數據為並 無市場數據之輸入數據。
- 第三層:資產或負債之輸入數據並 非依據可觀察之市場數據(即不可觀 察輸入數據)。

下表呈列於二零二四年及二零二三年 十二月三十一日按公平值計量之本集團 資產及負債:

		2024 二零二四年				202 二零二			
		Level 1 第一層 \$′000 <i>千元</i>	Level 2 第二層 \$′000 <i>千元</i>	Level 3 第三層 \$′000 <i>千元</i>	Total 總計 \$′000 <i>千元</i>	Level 1 第一層 \$′000 <i>千元</i>	Level 2 第 二 層 \$′000 <i>千元</i>	Level 3 第三層 \$′000 <i>千元</i>	Total 總計 \$'000 <i>千元</i>
Assets	資產								
Financial investments:	金融投資:								
 Structured bank deposits 	-結構性銀行存款	-	258,197	-	258,197	-	311,025	-	311,025
- Unlisted equity securities	一非上市股本證券	-	-	40,084	40,084	-	-	46,511	46,511
- Listed equity securities	一上市股本證券	7,770	-	-	7,770	8,916	-	-	8,916
		7,770	258,197	40,084	306,051	8,916	311,025	46,511	366,452
		7,770	200,197	40,004	300,031	0,910	511,025	40,311	300,432

(f) Fair value estimation (continued)

- (i) Financial instruments in level 1 The fair value of listed equity instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period.
- (ii) Financial instruments in level 2

The fair value of structured bank deposits is determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at prevailing market interest rate as at the end of the reporting period.

(iii) Financial instruments in level 3

The fair values of unlisted investments that are not traded in an active market are determined by using valuation techniques. The Group uses a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at the end of each reporting period.

The following table presents the changes in level 3 instruments for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023:

(續)

(f) 公平值之估計(續)

- (i) 第一層金融工具 於活躍市場買賣之上市股本工具之 公平值根據報告期末所報市價計算。
- (ii) 第二層金融工具 結構性銀行存款之公平值乃透過按 報告期末之現行市場利率貼現預期 未來現金流量釐定。

(iii) 第三層金融工具

並無於活躍市場交易之非上市投資 之公平值利用估值技術釐定。本集 團根據各報告期末之市況採用不同 方法,並作出假設。

下表呈列截至二零二四年及二零 二三年十二月三十一日止年度第三 層工具之變動:

		Unlisted equity securities 非上市股本證券	
		2024 二零二四年 \$′000 <i>千元</i>	2023 二零二三年 \$′000 <i>千元</i>
At 1 January	於一月一日	46,511	45,075
Payment for purchases Change in fair value recognised	就購買所作付款 於儲備確認之公平值變動	-	4,827
in reserve		(5,758)	(3,003)
Exchange differences	匯兌差額	(669)	(388)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	40,084	46,511

28 Material Related Party Transactions

(a) Transactions with related parties

In addition to the transactions disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group had the following transactions with related parties during the year:

28 重大關聯人士交易

(a) 與關連人士之交易

除該等財務報表其他部分披露之交易 外,本集團於本年度與關連人士已進行 如下交易:

		2024 二零二四年 \$′000 千元	2023 二零二三年 \$'000 千元
Sales of raw materials or finished goods to:	銷售原材料或製成品予:		
A substantial shareholder	一名主要股東	1,620	4,647
Parties under control of a substantial shareholder	受一名主要股東控制之個體	_	20
Purchases of raw materials from:	向以下人士購買原材料:		
A substantial shareholder	一名主要股東	335	_

The above transactions were carried out in the normal course of business of the Group and on terms as agreed with the parties.

(b) Outstanding balances with related parties

Save as disclosed in notes 12, 15 and 18, there were no outstanding balances with related parties as at 31 December 2024. 上述交易於本集團一般業務過程中按與 另一方協定之條款進行。

(b) 與關連人士之尚未償還結餘

除附註12、15及18所披露者外,於二零 二四年十二月三十一日,並無與關連人 士有關之尚未償還結餘。

28 Material Related Party Transactions 28 重大關聯人士交易(續) (continued)

(c) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group

(c) 本集團主要管理人員薪酬

		2024 二零二四年 \$'000 千元	2023 二零二三年 <i>\$'000</i> <i>千元</i>
Short-term employment benefits	短期僱員福利(不包括酌情花紅)		
(excluding discretionary bonus)		23,754	23,397
Share-based payments	基於股份付款	777	2,892
Post-employment benefits	離職後福利	880	868
		25,411	27,157

(d) Applicability of the Listing Rules relating to connected transactions

The related party transactions disclosed in note 28(a) above constitute connected transactions or continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. The disclosures required by Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules are provided in section "Continuing Connected Transactions" of the Directors' Report.

(d) 與關聯交易有關之上市規則的適用 性

上文附註28(a)所披露與關連人士之交易 已構成上市規則第14A章所界定之關連 交易或持續關連交易。根據上市規則第 14A章規定須予披露之資料已載入董事 會報告「持續關連交易」一節。

29 Company Level Statement of Financial 29 公司層面之財務狀況表 Position

		2024 二零二四年 \$′000 千元	二零<u>二</u>三年 \$'000 千元
Non-current assets	非流動資產		
Property, plant and equipment Intangible asset Financial investments Investments in subsidiaries Deferred tax assets	物業、廠房及設備 無形資產 金融投資 於附屬公司之投資 遞延稅項資產	1,142 73 12,978 271,936 11,853	1,712 120 15,101 271,936 12,061
		297,982	300,930
Current assets	流動資產		
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables Amounts due from subsidiaries Structured bank deposits Cash at bank and on hand	預付款項、按金及其他應收款項 應收附屬公司款項 結構性銀行存款 銀行及手頭現金	2,782 1,744,330 258,197 182,739	3,149 1,792,053 311,025 193,209
		2,188,048	2,299,436
Current liabilities	流動負債		
Amounts due to subsidiaries Amounts due to associates Other payable and accrued liabilities	應付附屬公司款項 應付聯營公司款項 其他應付款項及應計負債	430,644 5,418 5,610	437,843 5,700 5,722
		441,672	449,265
Net current assets	流動資產淨值	1,746,376	1,850,171
NET ASSETS	資產淨值	2,044,358	2,151,101
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	股本及儲備		
Share capital Reserves	股本儲備	1,652,854 391,504	1,652,854 498,247
TOTAL EQUITY	總權益	2,044,358	2,151,101

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 25 March 2025.

已獲董事會於二零二五年三月二十五日批准 及授權刊發。

Yum Chak Ming, Matthew 任澤明 Director 董事 Yum Christopher Carson 任加信 Director 董事

30Possible Impact of Amendments, New Standards and Interpretations Issued but not yet Effective for the Year ended 31 December 2024

Up to the date of issue of these financial statements, the HKICPA has issued a number of amendments and a new standard, which are not yet effective for the year ended 31 December 2024 and which have not been adopted in these financial statements. These developments include the following which may be relevant to the Group.

30 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止 年度已頒佈但並未生效之修訂、新 訂準則及詮釋之可能影響

截至該等財務報表發佈日期,香港會計師公 會已頒佈多項修訂及一項新準則,該等修 訂及該項新準則於截至二零二四年十二月 三十一日止年度尚未生效及並無在該等財務 報表採納。可能與本集團相關之修訂如下。

	Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 於下列日期或之後開始之 會計期間生效
Amendments to HKAS 21, The effects of changes in foreign exchange rates – Lack of exchangeability	1 January 2025
香港會計準則第21號(修訂本), <i>匯率變動的影響:缺乏可交換性</i>	二零二五年一月一日
Amendments to HKFRS 9, Financial instruments and HKFRS 7, Financial instruments: disclosures – Amendments to the classification and measurement of financial instruments	1 January 2026
香港財務報告準則第9號(修訂本), <i>金融工具</i> 及香港財務報告準則第7號(修訂本), 金融工具:披露-金融工具之分類及計量之修訂	二零二六年一月一日
Annual improvements to HKFRS Accounting Standards – Volume 11 香港財務報告準則會計準則的年度改進第11冊	1 January 2026 二零二六年一月一日
HKFRS 18, Presentation and disclosure in financial statements 香港財務報告準則第18號, <i>財務報表的列報和披露</i>	1 January 2027 二零二七年一月一日
HKFRS 19, <i>Subsidiaries without public accountability: disclosures</i> 香港財務報告準則第19號, <i>無公共責任的附屬公司:披露</i>	1 January 2027 二零二七年一月一日

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these developments is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far it has concluded that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements. 本集團現正評估該等修訂預期對初次應用期 間所帶來之影響。至目前為止,已得出的結 論為採納該等修訂不太可能會對綜合財務報 表產生重大影響。



鴻興印刷集團有限公司 Hung Hing Printing Group Limited

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