

## BUYANG INTERNATIONAL HOLDING INC 步陽國際控股有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) Stock code: 2457

# Annual Report **2024**





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## **Company Profile**

#### **OVERVIEW**

Buyang International Holding Inc (the "Company", and together with its subsidiaries, the "Group", "we", "us" or "our") is an aluminum alloy automobile wheel manufacturer focusing on the aftermarket which is the market for parts and accessories used in the repair or maintenance of an automobile who dedicate to providing customers with high quality aluminum alloy automobile wheels for aftermarket sales, to meet modification, repair and maintenance needs of the end users. We manufacture and sell different types of aluminum alloy automobile wheels to our customers. Our products comprise of a wide variety of aluminum alloy automobile wheels. We generally design and produce aluminum alloy automobile wheels with a wide variety of elements, including size, design and color pursuant to customers' specific requirements and specifications. We also periodically offer our own designs to our customers based on our knowledge of contemporary market trends. Our products are used by a wide range of automobiles from subcompact and compact cars to full-size SUV and pickup truck. We maintain stable and long-term business with many customers in China and overseas countries and regions, providing high quality products that are widely appreciated by our customers.

Our manufacturing facility is located in Yongkang City, Jinhua City, Zhejiang Province, PRC, and is equipped with various production machines, including gravity casting machines, low pressure casting machines, CNC lathes, machining centers, pretreatment spray equipment, powder spray machines and liquid spray machines, creating a complete production line with strong production capacity of approximately million units of aluminum alloy automobile wheel per year.

## **Corporate Information**

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Executive Directors**

Ms. Xu Jingjun (Deputy chairlady)

Mr. Ying Yonghui (Chief executive officer)

Ms. Hu Huijuan

#### **Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Xu Buyun (Chairman)

Mr. Zhu Ning

#### **Independent non-executive Directors**

Mr. Yeung Man Simon

Mr. Chen Jingeng

Mr. Ren Guodong (appointed on 9 July 2024)

Mr. Fu Yi (resigned on 9 July 2024)

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Mr. Yeung Man Simon (Chairman)

Mr. Chen Jingeng

Mr. Ren Guodong (appointed on 9 July 2024)

Mr. Fu Yi (resigned on 9 July 2024)

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. Chen Jingeng (Chairman)

Ms. Xu Jingjun

Mr. Ren Guodong (appointed on 9 July 2024)

Mr. Fu Yi (resigned on 9 July 2024)

#### **NOMINATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. Xu Buyun (Chairman)

Mr. Chen Jingeng

Mr. Ren Guodong (appointed on 9 July 2024)

Mr. Fu Yi (resigned on 9 July 2024)

#### **JOINT COMPANY SECRETARIES**

Ms. Cheung Yuet Fan (FCG, HKFCG)

Ms. Xu Yuelian

#### **AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVES**

Ms. Xu Jingjun

Ms. Xu Yuelian

#### **AUDITOR**

**KPMG** 

Public Interest Entity Auditor registered in accordance with the Accounting and Financial Reporting Council Ordinance

8th Floor, Prince's Building

10 Chater Road Central

Hong Kong

#### HONG KONG LEGAL ADVISOR

King & Wood Mallesons

13th Floor, Gloucester Tower

The Landmark

15 Queen's Road Central

Central

Hong Kong

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Cricket Square

Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681

Grand Cayman, KY1-1111, Cayman Islands

# HEADQUARTERS AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN THE PRC

8 Buyang Road

Xicheng Jiedao

Yongkang City

Zhejiang Province, PRC

# PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Room 1910, 19/F, Lee Garden One

33 Hysan Avenue

Causeway Bay

Hong Kong

#### SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICER

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited

Cricket Square

Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681

Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands

#### HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR

Tricor Investor Services Limited

17/F, Far East Finance Centre

16 Harcourt Road

Hong Kong

#### PRINCIPAL BANK

Bank of China Limited, Yongkang Branch

#### STOCK CODE

02457

#### **COMPANY'S WEBSITE**

bywheel.com

#### **LISTING DATE**

15 December 2022

### **Definitions**

"Annual General Meeting" or "AGM" the 2025 annual general meeting of the Company to be held on Thursday, 29 May

2025

"Articles" or "Articles of Association" the articles of association of the Company currently in force

"Board" the board of Directors

"Buyang Group" Buyang PRC and its subsidiaries, and, for the avoidance of doubt, exclude any

member of our Group unless the context requires otherwise

"Buyang PRC" Buyang Group Co., Ltd.\* (步陽集團有限公司), formerly known as Yongkang City

Buyun Door Co., Ltd.\* (永康市步雲門業有限公司), Yongkang City Buyang Door Co., Ltd.\* (永康市步陽門業有限公司) and Zhejiang Buyang Group Co., Ltd.\* (浙江步陽集團有限公司), a company incorporated in the PRC with limited liability

"Buyang Wheel" Zhejiang Buyang Auto Wheel Co., Ltd.\* (浙江步陽汽輪有限公司), a company

incorporated in the PRC with limited liability on 3 September 2007, which is an

indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of our Company

"Company", "our Company" or

"the Company"

Buyang International Holding Inc (步陽國際控股有限公司), an exempted company

incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability on 14 November 2018

"Controlling Shareholder(s)" has the meaning ascribed to it under the Listing Rules

"Corporate Governance Code" or

"CG Code"

the corporate governance code as set out in Part 2 of Appendix C1 to the Listing

Rules

"Director(s)" the director(s) of our Company

"First Oriental" First Oriental Limited, one of the Controlling Shareholders and is wholly owned by

TopSun

"Global Offering" as defined in the Prospectus

"Group", "our Group", "we" or "us" our Company together with its subsidiaries and, in respect of the period before our

Company became the holding company of our present subsidiaries, refers to the

companies that are the present subsidiaries of the Company

"Hong Kong" or "HK" the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China

"Hong Kong dollar(s)", "HKD" or "HK\$" the lawful currency of Hong Kong

"Listing" the listing of the Shares on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange

"Listing Date" 15 December 2022, the date on which dealings in the Shares on the Main Board

of the Stock Exchange first commence

### **Definitions**

"Listing Rules" the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong

Kong Limited, as amended or supplemented from time to time

"Model Code" Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers contained in

Appendix C3 of the Listing Rules

"PRC" the People's Republic of China, excluding, for the purpose of this report, Hong

Kong, Macau Special Administrative Region and Taiwan

"Prospectus" prospectus of the Company dated 29 November 2022

"Renminbi" or "RMB" the lawful currency of the PRC

"Report" the Company's annual report for the Reporting Period

"Reporting Period" financial year ended 31 December 2024

"SFO" the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong), as

amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time

"Share(s)" ordinary share(s) in the capital of our Company with par value of US\$0.001 each

"Shareholder(s)" holder(s) of the Share(s)

"Stock Exchange" The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

"TopSun" TopSun Investment Holding Company Limited, one of the Controlling Shareholders

and is owned as to 70% by Mr. Xu Buyun and 30% by Ms. Chen Jiangyue

"%" percent

## **Financial Highlights**

The summary of performance and assets and liabilities of the Group for the previous five financial years (extracted from the audited financial statements that have been published) is set out below:

#### **PERFORMANCE**

	For the year ended 31 December				
	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
		(	RMB'000)		
Revenue	362,153	440,356	440,329	367,053	391,981
Profit before tax	45,740	50,323	71,920	57,144	24,411
Income tax	(11,034)	(12,660)	(17,936)	(15,830)	(5,231)
Profit for the period	34,706	37,663	53,984	41,314	19,180
Total comprehensive income for the period	32,490	37,685	54,068	40,737	19,568
Earnings per share					
<ul> <li>Basic and diluted (RMB)</li> </ul>	N/A	0.05	0.07	0.04	0.02

#### **ASSETS AND LIABILITIES**

		As o	of 31 Decemb	er	
	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
		(	(RMB'000)		
Assets					
Total assets	339,833	348,262	493,602	499,116	493,623
Equity and liabilities					
Total equity	176,735	214,420	367,464	380,887	400,455
Current liabilities	154,815	126,023	117,270	110,073	83,683
Total equity and current liabilities	331,550	340,443	484,734	490,960	484,138

#### **Chairman's Statement**

Dear Shareholders:

On behalf of the board of directors (the "**Board**") of Buyang International Holding Inc (the "**Company**"), I am pleased to present the annual results of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2024.

#### STEADY DEVELOPMENT OF THE BUSINESS

In 2024, we achieved steady, high-quality and sustainable development. Under the intensive competition in the aluminum alloy automobile wheel industry, we continuously developed domestic and international customers and expanded new geographic market. Our revenue from sales in overseas markets increased by approximately 8.3% from approximately RMB245.5 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately RMB265.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2024. Our revenue from Asia increased by approximately 3.9% from approximately RMB191.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2024. Our revenue from the America increased by approximately 11.0% from approximately RMB108.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately RMB120.5 million for the year ended 31 December 2024. Our revenue from Europe increased by approximately 14.8% from approximately RMB54.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately RMB62.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately RMB62.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately RMB62.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2024.

#### **FUTURE OUTLOOK**

The Group will continue to focus on its competitive advantages, further consolidate the Company's market position, and further expand our sales in various geographic market.

In the future, we believe the industry will enter into a new era with high-quality development, and the Group will further optimize revenue structure and improve digital empowerment level for steady development.

To drive sustainable long-term growth, we will explore new markets and diversify its product offerings, invest in research and development, streamline operations, reduce costs, improve decision-making processes, and foster collaborations with key stakeholders, including suppliers, distributors, and technology providers. As the Group looks to the future, the Group is well-positioned to capitalize on emerging opportunities and actively responds to the changes in the industry.

#### **APPRECIATION**

On behalf of the Board of the Company, I would like to extend my sincere gratitude to our Shareholders, investors, partners and the society for their trust and support, which are essential to the development of the Group.

Also, I would like to express my gratitude and respect to the members of the Board, management of the Company and all employees of the Group for their contributions. Looking to the future, the Company will continue to strive for development and create greater value for all.

#### **BUSINESS OVERVIEW AND OUTLOOK**

#### Overview

We are an aluminum alloy automobile wheel manufacturer focusing on the aftermarket which is the market for parts and accessories used in the repair or maintenance of an automobile. We manufacture and sell different types of aluminum alloy automobile wheels to our customers. For the year ended 31 December 2024, our revenue amounted to approximately RMB392.0 million.

Our principal operating subsidiary, Buyang Wheel, was incorporated in 2007. Our manufacturing facility is located in Yongkang City, Jinhua City, Zhejiang Province, PRC, and is leased from Buyang PRC, which is controlled by our Controlling Shareholders. As of 31 December 2024, we self-owned and operated 31 gravity casting machines, 12 low pressure casting machines, 56 CNC lathes, 24 machining centers, 3 pre-treatment spray equipment, 7 powder spray machines and 10 liquid spray machines and had a maximum designed production capacity of approximately 1.2 million units of aluminum alloy automobile wheel per year.

#### **Business Model**

We are primarily engaged in the research and development, design, production and sales of aluminum alloy automobile wheels to domestic and overseas customers who purchase our branded and non-branded products. We cooperate closely with our customers to provide them with high quality products which are tailor-made to their specifications and budgets in a timely manner.

Our top five customers in terms of revenue during the Reporting Period were wholesale traders and after-sales retailers in the aftermarket. During the Reporting Period, we made consistent effort to expand our sales in overseas market. We generated revenue of approximately RMB265.8 million during the year ended 31 December 2024 from sales in overseas markets.

Our customers are mainly aluminum alloy automobile wheel wholesale traders and retailers in the aftermarket. We had 143 customers located in the PRC and had 114 customers located in overseas countries and territories for the year ended 31 December 2024.

Our products are mainly categorized by size, in particular the diameter of the aluminum alloy automobile wheels. The table below sets forth details of our products by type.

Туре	Diameter	Main utilization
Small	12-16 inches	Subcompact and compact car
Medium	17–20 inches	Mid-size and large car and sports utility vehicle
Large	21-26 inches	Full-size sports utility vehicle and pickup truck

We generally design and produce aluminum alloy automobile wheels with a wide variety of elements, including size, design and color pursuant to customers' specific requirements and specifications. We also periodically offer our own designs to our customers based on our knowledge of contemporary market trends.

The following table sets forth our revenue by sizes of aluminum alloy automobile wheel, in absolute amount and as a percentage of total revenue derived from sales of aluminum alloy automobile wheels, for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2024:

	Year ended 31 December				
	2024		2023		
	RMB'000	%	RMB'000	%	
Small	74,407	19.6	64,679	18.1	
Medium	272,632	71.7	252,617	70.8	
Large	33,173	8.7	39,377	11.1	
Total sales of aluminum alloy automobile wheel	380,212	100.0	356,673	100.0	

#### **FINANCIAL REVIEW**

#### Revenue

Our revenue increased to approximately RMB392.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2024 as compared to approximately RMB367.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2023. This increase is mainly due to the increase in revenue generated from the sales of aluminum alloy wheels in Asia and America.

#### Sales volume of aluminum alloy automobile wheel

Our total revenue from sales of aluminum alloy steamers increased from approximately RMB356.7 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately RMB380.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2024. This increase is mainly due to (i) the increased demand in certain markets; and (ii) the expansion of new customers.

#### Sales of other products

Our total revenue from sales of other products increased by approximately 13.5% from approximately RMB10.4 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately RMB11.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2024. This increase is mainly due to the increase in sales price of scrap aluminum.

#### Sales by geographic market

The majority of our revenue is generated from overseas markets. During the Reporting Period, revenue from sales in overseas markets accounted for approximately 70% of total revenue. Revenue from sales in overseas markets increased by approximately 8.3% from approximately RMB245.5 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately RMB265.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2024. Our revenue from Asia increased by approximately 3.9% from approximately RMB191.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately RMB198.5 million for the year ended 31 December 2024. Our revenue from the America increased by approximately 11.0% from approximately RMB108.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately RMB120.5 million for the year ended 31 December 2024. Our revenue from Europe increased by approximately 14.8% from approximately RMB54.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2024. Our revenue from Africa decreased by approximately RMB62.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2024. Our revenue from Africa decreased by approximately 33.7% from approximately RMB8.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately RMB5.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2024. Our revenue from Oceania increased by approximately RMB5.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately RMB5.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2024.

#### **Cost of Sales**

Our cost of sales increased by approximately 16.4% from approximately RMB294.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately RMB342.3 million for the year ended 31 December 2024, primarily due to the increase in the sales volume of aluminum alloy automobile wheels.

#### **Gross Profit and Gross Profit Margin**

Our gross profit decreased by approximately 32.0% from approximately RMB73.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately RMB49.7 million for the year ended 31 December 2024, primarily due to the decreased gross profit margin.

Our gross margin decreased from approximately 19.9% for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately 12.7% for the year ended 31 December 2024, primarily due to the increase in price of raw material and competitive market in 2024.

#### **Other Revenue**

Our other revenue primarily included government grants and rentals receivable from operating leases, other than those relating to investment property. Such government grants included financial subsidies for various aspects of our operations, which were granted by local government authorities in the PRC.

Our other revenue significantly decreased by approximately 74.0% from approximately RMB7.3 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately RMB1.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2024, primarily due to the one-off listing subsidy of RMB5.0 million received by the Group from the government in 2023, while no such subsidy was received in 2024.

#### **Other Net Gain**

Our other net gain primarily included net exchange gain, which were primarily attributable to translation of our trade and other receivables and cash at bank denominated in U.S. dollar into RMB.

#### **Selling and Distribution Expenses**

Our selling and distribution expenses remained stable at approximately RMB9.7 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately RMB10.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2024.

#### **Administrative and Other Operating Expenses**

Our administrative and other operating expenses remained stable at approximately RMB12.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately RMB12.3 million for the year ended 31 December 2024.

#### **Research and Development Costs**

We recorded research and development costs of approximately RMB14.5 million for the year ended 31 December 2024 (2023: approximately RMB9.1 million), resulting from the increased research and development projects carried out by the Group this year.

#### **Net Finance Income**

Our net finance income significantly decreased by approximately 33.8% from approximately RMB7.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately RMB4.7 million for the year ended 31 December 2024, primarily due to the decrease of deposit amount and the decline of domestic deposit interest rate.

#### **Income Tax**

Our income tax decreased by approximately 67.1% from approximately RMB15.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately RMB5.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2024 primarily due the decrease in profit before taxation. Our effective tax rate slightly decreased from approximately 27.7% for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately 21.4% for the year ended 31 December 2024, mainly due to the increase in additional tax deduction on research and development costs in 2024.

#### **Profit for the Year**

Based on the above, our profit for the year decreased by approximately 53.5% from approximately RMB41.3 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately RMB19.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2024 and our net profit margin decreased from approximately 11.3% for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately 4.9% for the year ended 31 December 2024.

#### **Liquidity and Financial Resources**

Our total assets slightly decreased to approximately RMB493.6 million as of 31 December 2024 as compared to approximately RMB499.1 million as of 31 December 2023. Total liabilities decreased by approximately 21.2% from approximately RMB118.2 million as of 31 December 2023 to approximately RMB93.2 million as of 31 December 2024, primarily due to the payment of dividend payable in 2024.

As at 31 December 2024, current assets amounted to approximately RMB397.1 million, representing a decrease of approximately 3.0% from approximately RMB409.4 million as at 31 December 2023. Of which, inventories were approximately RMB85.9 million (31 December 2023: approximately RMB91.8 million); trade and other receivables were approximately RMB80.3 million (31 December 2023: approximately RMB78.3 million); pledged deposits were approximately RMB16.6 million (31 December 2023: approximately RMB15.0 million); the interest for a loan provided to a related party was approximately RMB0.1 million (31 December 2023: approximately RMB0.6 million); income tax recoverable was approximately RMB1.3 million (31 December 2023: nil); and time deposits were approximately RMB40.0 million (31 December 2023: approximately RMB110.1 million); trade and other payables amounted to approximately RMB78.3 million (31 December 2023: approximately RMB73.4 million); contract liabilities amounted to approximately RMB4.9 million (31 December 2023: approximately RMB6.9 million); and lease liabilities of approximately RMB0.5 million (31 December 2023: approximately RMB0.5 million). Non-current liabilities amounted to approximately RMB9.5 million (31 December 2023: approximately RMB8.2 million).

#### **Inventories**

As of 31 December 2024, our inventories amounted to approximately RMB85.9 million, representing a decrease of approximately 6.4% from approximately RMB91.8 million as of 31 December 2023, mainly due to the decrease in market demand in the first quarter of 2025, the year-end inventory storage of 2024 decreased accordingly.

#### Trade and other receivables

Our trade and other receivables remained stable at approximately RMB80.3 million as of 31 December 2024 as compared with approximately RMB78.3 million as of 31 December 2023.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

As of 31 December 2024, our cash and cash equivalents amounted to approximately RMB172.9 million, representing a decrease of approximately 22.7% from approximately RMB223.7 million as of 31 December 2023, mainly due to we transferred the cash as time deposits to enjoy higher interest rate.

#### Funding and Treasury Policy

The Group's funding and finance policy aims to maintain stable financial position and mitigate financial risks. The Group regularly reviews its funding requirements to maintain adequate financial resources in order to support its current business operations as well as its future investments and expansion plans.

#### Trade and other payables

Our trade and other payables increased by approximately 6.7% from approximately RMB73.4 million as of 31 December 2023 to approximately RMB78.3 million as of 31 December 2024.

#### **Borrowings**

As of 31 December 2024, the bank loans of the Group was nil (31 December 2023; nil),

#### Gearing Ratio

The Group's gearing ratio (which equals total debt (including bank loans and lease liabilities) divided by total equity) decreased from approximately 1.9% as of 31 December 2023 to approximately 1.7% as of 31 December 2024.

#### Capital Structure

As at the date of this Report, the issued share capital of the Company was US\$1.0 million, comprising 1,000,000,000 Shares of nominal value of US\$0.001 per Share.

#### Working Capital

As at 31 December 2024, our net current assets amounted to approximately RMB313.4 million (31 December 2023: approximately RMB299.3 million). Our current assets principally consist of inventories, trade and other receivables, the interest for a loan provided to a related party, income tax recoverable, time deposits, cash and cash equivalents and pledged deposits. Our current liabilities principally consist of trade and other payables, contract liabilities, lease liabilities.

#### Capital Expenditures

As at 31 December 2024, we incurred and settled capital expenditure, mainly comprising expenditure on property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, of approximately RMB19.5 million (31 December 2023: approximately RMB18.5 million), mainly for the construction in progress.

#### **Capital Commitments**

As at 31 December 2024, we had capital commitments of approximately RMB1,913,000 (31 December 2023: approximately RMB4,733,000) which had been contracted for but had not been provided for in the financial statements for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment.

In addition, in connection with the Prospectus and the announcement of the Company dated 15 November 2024, we intend to (i) expand our production capacity, including the acquisition of new equipment for the production of aluminum alloy steam turbines; and (ii) design, develop and test our new molds and prototypes. Each of these plans will constitute a capital commitment on our part. We expect to fund these capital expenditures with cash from operations, bank and other loans and proceeds from the Global Offering.

#### Pledge of Assets

As of 31 December 2024, we had collateral deposits of RMB16.6 million (31 December 2023: RMB15.0 million), which mainly consist of deposits for the issuance of bank acceptance notes. The pledged deposits will be released upon settlement of the relevant bank acceptance notes or maturity of the relevant derivative financial instruments by the Group.

#### **Contingent Liabilities**

During the Reporting Period, we did not have any material contingent liabilities.

#### Significant Investments Held

During the Reporting Period, the Group did not hold any significant investments (including any investment in an investee company with a value of 5% or more of the Company's total assets as of 31 December 2024).

#### Material Acquisitions and Disposals of Subsidiaries and Associates

During the Reporting Period, the Group did not have material acquisitions or disposals of subsidiaries or associates.

#### Future Plans for Major Investments and Capital Assets

During the Reporting Period, save as disclosed in the paragraph headed "Use of Net Proceeds from Global Offering" below, the Group has no specific plans for major investments or acquisitions of major capital assets or other businesses.

#### **RISK FACTORS AND RISK MANAGEMENT**

We are exposed to various types of financial risk in the ordinary course of business, including market risk (consisting of currency risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

#### 1. Credit Risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Group. The Group's credit risks are primarily attributable to trade receivables. The Group's exposure to credit risk arising from cash and cash equivalents, time deposits, pledged deposits and bills receivable is limited because the counterparties are banks, for which the Group considers its credit risk to be low. Management has a credit policy in place and the exposures to these credit risks are monitored on an ongoing basis.

Our exposure to credit risks is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer or debtor rather than the industry or country in which the customers operate and therefore significant concentrations of credit risk primarily arise when the Group has significant exposure to individual customers or debtors. Individual credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount. These evaluations focus on the customer's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates. Trade receivables are mostly due from the date of revenue recognition. Normally, we do not obtain collateral from customers.

In respect of trade receivables, we measure loss allowances for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses, which is calculated using a provision matrix and individually determined to be impaired. The individually impaired receivables related to customers that were in financial difficulties and management assessed that only a portion of the receivables is expected to be recovered. For the provision matrix method, as our historical credit loss experience do not indicate significantly different loss patterns for different customer segments, the loss allowance based on ageing information which is analyzed based on the date of revenue recognition is not further distinguished between our different customer bases.

#### 2. Liquidity Risk

Individual operating entities within the Group are responsible for their own cash management, including the short-term investment of cash surpluses and the raising of loans to cover expected cash demands, subject to approval by the parent company's board when the borrowings exceed certain predetermined levels of authority. The Group's policy is to regularly monitor its liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

#### 3. Interest Rate Risk

The Group's interest-bearing financial instruments at variable rates are the cash at bank as at the relevant period. The cash flow interest risk arising from the change of market interest rate on these balances is not considered significant. The Group's interest-bearing financial instruments at fixed interest rates are lease liabilities and a loan provided to a related party as at 31 December 2024 that is measured at amortized cost, and the change of market interest rate does not materially expose the Group to fair value interest risk. Overall speaking, the Group's exposure to interest rate risk is not significant.

#### 4. Currency Risk

The Group is exposed to currency risk primarily through sales which give rise to receivables and cash balances that are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the operations to which the transactions relate. The currency giving rise to this risk is primarily United States dollars.

#### **FUTURE PROSPECTS**

To drive sustainable long-term growth, we will continue to develop new products, expand our multi-channel sales and distributions network, enhance brand recognition, expand production capacities, improve operational efficiency and invest in human capital development. We will endeavor to consistently outperform the market and deliver superior results for our Shareholders, employees and communities in a socially and environmentally responsible manner. As the Group looks to the future, the Group is well-positioned to capitalize on emerging opportunities and actively responds to the changes in the industry.

With a strong foundation in the core business, the Group is committed to driving sustainable growth, enhancing operational efficiency, and expanding the market presence both domestically and internationally. In respect of the future, the Group plans:

#### (i) Strategic Expansion and Market Diversification

The Group plans to explore new markets and diversify its product offerings to reduce dependency on any single market or product line. By leveraging its existing expertise and brand reputation, the Group targets to emerging markets, particularly in regions with growing demand for its products and services. This strategic expansion will not only enhance revenue streams but also mitigate risks associated with market volatility.

#### (ii) Innovation and Technological Advancements

Innovation remains the heart of the Group's growth strategy. The Group will continue to invest in research and development to introduce cutting-edge technologies and improve product quality. By staying ahead of industry trends and adopting advanced manufacturing processes, the Group aims to strengthen its competitive edge and meet the evolving needs of its customers.

#### (iii) Digital Transformation and Operational Efficiency

To stay competitive in the digital age, the Group will accelerate its digital transformation initiatives. By adopting advanced data analytics, automation, and artificial intelligence, the Group aims to streamline operations, reduce costs, and improve decision-making processes. This digital shift will enable the Group to respond more effectively to market changes and customer demands.

#### (iv) Strengthening Partnerships and Collaborations

The Group recognizes the importance of strategic partnerships in driving growth. The Group will continue to foster collaborations with key stakeholders, including suppliers, distributors, and technology providers. These alliances will enhance our capabilities, expand our reach, and create synergies that drive mutual success.

#### (v) Focus on Customer-Centric Solutions

Customer satisfaction remains a top priority for the Group. The Group will make efforts to understand customer needs and deliver tailored solutions that add value. By maintaining a customer-centric approach, the Group aims to build long-term relationships and enhance brand loyalty.

Looking ahead, the Group is optimistic about its ability to achieve sustainable growth and create value for its shareholders. By focusing on strategic expansion, innovation, sustainability, digital transformation, and customer-centricity, the Group is well-equipped to handle challenges and seize opportunities in the dynamic global market. The Group is committed to delivering consistent performance and solidifying its position as a leader in its industry.

#### OTHER INFORMATION

#### **Human Resources and Remuneration Policies**

The number of employees of the Group was 486 as of 31 December 2024 (31 December 2023: 494). The total staff costs for the Reporting Period was approximately RMB54.5 million as compared to approximately RMB48.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2023. We did not incur equity settled share-based expenses during the Reporting Period.

To promote employees' knowledge and technical expertise, the Group offers training programmes to employees from time to time according to their job duties. Employees' remuneration packages are determined with reference to the market information and individual performance and will be reviewed on a regular basis. The remuneration policy will be reviewed by the Board from time to time. In addition to basic remuneration, the Group also makes contributions to mandatory social security funds for the benefit of the PRC employees that provide for retirement insurance, medical insurance, unemployment insurance, maternity insurance, occupational injury insurance and housing funds.

#### **Corporate Governance**

The Company is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance to safeguard the interests of the Shareholders and to enhance corporate value and accountability. The Company has adopted the CG Code as its own code of corporate governance. During the Reporting Period and up to the date of this Report, the Company has complied with all applicable code provisions under Part 2 of the CG Code and adopted most of the best practices set out therein.

#### **Model Code For Securities Transactions**

The Company has adopted the Model Code as set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. Having made specific enquiry with the Directors, all of the Directors confirmed that he/she has complied with the required standards as set out in the Model Code during the Reporting Period and up to the date of this Report.

#### Purchase, Sale or Redemption of the Company's Listed Securities

During the Reporting Period and up to the date of this Report, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities or sold any treasury shares. As at 31 December 2024, the Company did not hold any treasury shares.

#### **Events After The Reporting Period**

As at the date of this Report, the Group did not have any significant event subsequent to 31 December 2024.

#### **Audit Committee**

The Company has established the Audit Committee with written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code. As of the date of this Report, the Audit Committee consists of three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Yeung Man Simon, Mr. Chen Jingeng and Mr. Ren Guodong (with Mr. Yeung Man Simon possessing the appropriate professional qualifications and accounting expertise). Mr. Yeung Man Simon is the chairman of the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee has jointly reviewed with the Board the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group, and discussed the Group's internal controls and financial reporting matters with the management. The Audit Committee has reviewed and discussed the annual results and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024 prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards.

#### **BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT**

#### **Executive Directors**

**Ms. Xu Jingjun**, aged 36, was appointed as our executive Director on 25 September 2020. Ms. Xu initially joined our Group in February 2011 and subsequently rejoined in December 2015. Ms. Xu is also the deputy chairlady of our Board.

Ms. Xu is primarily responsible for overseeing the human resources function of the Group, representing the Group in external affairs, participating in major decision making and strategic development planning processes of the Group and implementing decisions of the Board.

From September 2009 to February 2011, Ms. Xu was the manager of the export trade department of Buyang PRC. From February 2011 to September 2013, Ms. Xu was the general manager of Buyang Wheel, our wholly-owned subsidiary, responsible for overseeing the operation and management of Buyang Wheel. From January 2013 to January 2017 and from July 2013 to January 2017, Ms. Xu was the chairlady of Shandong Buyang Door Co., Ltd.\* (山東步陽門業有限公司) and Sichuan Buyang Door Co., Ltd.\* (四川步陽門業有限公司), respectively, both a member of Buyang Group. In December 2015, Ms. Xu re-joined our Group and was appointed as a director of Buyang Wheel. Since January 2017, Ms. Xu has also been appointed as the general manager of Buyang PRC.

Ms. Xu completed grade eleventh high school education in the PRC in July 2005 and the Zhongjiao Professional Talent Training Class\* (中教高技能人才培養班), with accounting specialization, organized by the Continuing Education College of Xingzhi College Zhejiang Normal University (浙江師範大學行知學院繼續教育學院) in June 2019. Ms. Xu is also a vice president of the China Construction Metal Structure Association (中國建築金屬結構協會).

Ms. Xu is the daughter of Mr. Xu, the chairman of our Board and our non-executive Director.

**Mr. Ying Yonghui**, aged 48, was appointed as our executive Director on 25 September 2020. Mr. Ying joined our Group in October 2007 and is currently our chief executive officer and general manager. Mr. Ying is primarily responsible for overseeing the daily management of the Group, participating in major decision making and strategic development planning processes of the Group and implementing decisions of the Board.

Prior to joining our Group, Mr. Ying held various positions in the Buyang Group, including as a sales manager of the door manufacturing business between October 2002 and October 2004, the marketing director of the garage door manufacturing business between October 2004 and October 2005, the procurement manager of the scooter business between October 2005 and October 2006 and the deputy general manager (responsible for sales) of the automobile wheels and parts manufacturing business between October 2006 and June 2007. Subsequently, Mr. Ying joined Buyang Wheel in October 2007 as deputy general manager (responsible for sales) and has been promoted as the general manager and appointed as a director of Buyang Wheel in September 2013.

Mr. Ying graduated from Communist Party of China Yongkang Municipal Committee Party School\* (中國共產黨永康市委黨校) with rural economic management specialization in July 2002 and Lishui Vocational and Technical College (麗水職業技術學院) with electromechanical integration technology specialization in July 2024 through correspondence education. Mr. Ying has been a senior economist accredited by Zhejiang Province Human Resources and Social Security Department (浙江省人力資源和社會保障廳) since January 2025.

**Ms. Hu Huijuan**, aged 39, was appointed as our executive Director on 25 September 2020. Ms. Hu joined our Group in February 2010 and is currently also the international sales manager of Buyang Wheel. Ms. Hu is primarily responsible for overseeing the international sales of the Group and participating in major decision making and strategic development planning processes of the Group.

Prior to joining our Group, Ms. Hu worked in Maxim Label and Packaging Shanghai Co., Ltd. (上海美聲服飾輔料有限公司), a company principally engaged in clothing accessories manufacturing and sales, as sales assistant between August 2007 and May 2009. Ms. Hu joined Buyang Wheel in February 2010 and has been the international sales manager of Buyang Wheel since then. Ms. Hu has also been appointed as a director of Buyang Wheel on 20 December 2015.

Ms. Hu graduated from Zhejiang Forestry College\* (浙江林學院) (currently known as Zhejiang A&F University) with a bachelor's degree in business administration (Sino-Australian cooperation) in June 2007.

#### **Non-executive Directors**

**Mr. Xu Buyun**, aged 61, was appointed as our Director on 14 November 2018 and was redesignated as our non-executive Director on 25 September 2020. Mr. Xu is the co-founder of our Group and also the chairman of our Board and one of our Controlling Shareholders. Mr. Xu is primarily responsible for formulating the production and investment plans of the Group, overseeing the organizational structure and management policies of the Group and leading the major decision making and strategic development planning processes of the Group.

Mr. Xu has more than 20 years of experience in the manufacturing industry. Prior to establishing our Group, Mr. Xu worked as a worker in an automobile service factory, between September 1981 and June 1992 and as the factory director of Yongkang City In-town Foundry\* (永康市城中鑄造廠), responsible for overseeing its production, operation and management, between November 1992 and January 1996. In November 1995, Mr. Xu established Zhejiang Province Yongkang City Jingwang Optical Equipment Manufacturing Co., Ltd.\* (浙江省永康市鏡王光學儀器製造有限公司), a company principally engaged in manufacturing and sales of optical instrument, with his brother-in-law and acted as its general manager, responsible for overseeing its production, operation and management, between February 1996 and June 1998.

In June 1998 and July 1998, Mr. Xu established Buyang PRC (then known as Yongkang City Buyun Door Co., Ltd.\* (永康市步雲門業有限公司)) with his brother-in-law and Shanghai Buyang Security Door Co., Ltd.\* (上海步陽防撬門有限公司) as its sole shareholder, respectively, to engage in safety door sales. Mr. Xu was appointed as the chairman of Buyang PRC in February 2001 and subsequently held various managerial roles in the Buyang Group (i.e. Buyang PRC and its subsidiaries).

In addition, Mr. Xu was the responsible officer of Yongkang City Buyun Door Co., Ltd. Distribution Center\* (永康市步雲門業有限公司配貨中心) ("Buyun Door Distribution"), a sole proprietorship enterprise established in the PRC. The business license of Buyun Door Distribution has been revoked due to failure to complete the annual corporate filings with the relevant authority and its business registration has been struck off on 25 September 2001 due to revocation of business license. Mr. Xu has confirmed that there was no wrongful act on his part leading to the revocation of business license and the struck off and he is not aware of any actual or potential claim which had been or will be made against him as a result of the revocation of business license or the struck off.

Mr. Xu obtained senior economist qualification specialized in corporate management awarded by Jinhua City Human Resources Bureau\* (金華市人事局) in November 2000 and graduated from Zhejiang College of Finance and Economics\* (浙江財經學院) (currently known as Zhejiang University of Finance and Economics) specialized in business administration through completing higher education self-taught examination in June 2003.

Mr. Xu is currently a member of the 14th People's Congress of Zhejiang Province and a member of the standing committee of the 18th People's Congress of Yongkang City and was a member of the 13th People's Congress of Zhejiang Province, a member of the seventh People's Congress of Jinhua City and a member of the standing committee of the 17th People's Congress of Yongkang City. Mr. Xu was also a vice president of the China Construction Metal Structure Association (中國建築金屬結構協會) from November 2012 to December 2019, and is currently the president of Zhejiang Province Construction and Door Industry Association\* (浙江省建築門業協會) and currently the president of Yongkang City Door Industry Association\* (永康市門業協會).

Mr. Xu is the father of Ms. Xu, the deputy chairlady of our Board and our executive Director.

**Mr. Zhu Ning**, aged 43, was appointed as our non-executive Director on 25 September 2020. Mr. Zhu joined our Group in December 2015. Mr. Zhu is primarily responsible for participating in major decision making and strategic development planning processes of the Group.

Prior to joining our Group, Mr. Zhu worked in Zhejiang Suofu Industry and Trade Co., Ltd.\* (浙江索福工貿有限公司), a safety door manufacturer, between September 2003 and December 2006 as assistant to deputy general manager. Since September 2007, Mr. Zhu has held various positions in the Buyang Group, including the business manager of the interior door manufacturing business between September 2007 and February 2009, the manager of the administration department of the property development business between February 2009 and December 2011 and has been the deputy general manager and director of administration department of Buyang PRC since January 2012. Mr. Zhu has further been appointed as the director of administrative and legal department of Buyang Wheel in January 2020 and was a supervisor of Buyang Wheel between December 2015 and March 2020.

In addition, Mr. Zhu was the legal representative, director, shareholder and manager of Yongkang City Lekesi Electronics Co., Ltd.\* (永康市勒克斯電子有限公司), a company incorporated in the PRC with limited liability, whose business license has been revoked on 21 June 2018 due to suspension of business for a continuous period of more than six months and has been deregistered. As investigated and confirmed by the Yongkang City Administration for Market Regulation\* (永康市市場監督管理局), the revocation resulted from the oversight of the staff of Yongkang City Lekesi Electronics Co., Ltd.\* in attending the deregistration process in a timely manner and Mr. Zhu shall not be personally liable to the revocation and there does not exist any circumstance that render Mr. Zhu not suitable to be a director, supervisor or senior management under the Company Law of the People's Republic of China (《中華人民共和國公司法》).

Mr. Zhu graduated from the Southwest University of Political Science & Law with a law degree in December 2005 through completing higher education self-taught examination.

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

**Mr. Yeung Man Simon**, aged 53, was appointed as our independent non-executive Director on 28 October 2020. Mr. Yeung is primarily responsible for providing independent judgment to our Board.

Mr. Yeung has more than 27 years of experience in corporate finance, financial management and initial public offering of companies. During the period from 1997 to 2015, Mr. Yeung acted as the company secretary, financial controller as well as chief financial officer in a number of companies whose shares are listed on the Stock Exchange involving different industries. In May 2015, Mr. Yeung worked as a vice president of a subsidiary of Crown International Corporation Limited (HKEx: 727) ("Crown International"), responsible for business development, corporate finance, financial management and control, and was later appointed as the executive director, chief financial officer of Crown International in August 2015, redesignated as its chief executive officer in October 2016 and further appointed as its company secretary in March 2017. Mr. Yeung resigned from Crown International in March 2019. From May 2019 to September 2019, Mr. Yeung was the head of China market development department of Creative Property Services Consultants Limited, a company principally engaged in property management and a subsidiary of Creative Enterprise Holdings Limited, the shares of which were previously listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

From April 2021 to July 2024, Mr. Yeung was the chief financial officer and company secretary of Zhong An Intelligent Living Service Limited which is an integrated property management service provider in the PRC whose shares were listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (HKEx: 2271) on 18 July 2023.

Since April 2022, Mr. Yeung has been an independent non-executive director of International Business Digital Technology Limited (previously known as Vixtel Technologies Holdings Limited) (HKEx: 1782).

Mr. Yeung graduated from the University of Georgia in the United States with the degree of Bachelor of Business Administration, major in accounting and finance in March 1997. Mr. Yeung was admitted as an associate member of the Hong Kong Society of Accountants (currently known as Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants) in April 2002 and a member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants in July 2001.

**Mr. Chen Jingeng**, aged 47, was appointed as our independent non-executive Director on 28 October 2020. Mr. Chen is primarily responsible for providing independent judgment to our Board.

Mr. Chen has over 16 years of experience in the legal service industry. From November 2007 to April 2008, Mr. Chen was a legal assistant in the Hong Kong office of Clyde & Co., a Hong Kong solicitors' firm. Since October 2008, Mr. Chen has been working in the Shenzhen office of Zhong Lun Law Firm, focusing in capital market practice, and has been admitted as partner in January 2012. Mr. Chen has worked with SSC Corporate Services Limited as Senior Legal Counsel-China since 15 March 2023. Mr. Chen is a registered lawyer in the PRC.

Mr. Chen graduated from Shanghai University of Finance and Economics and obtained a law degree, specialized in international economic laws, in June 1999. Mr. Chen was further awarded the degree of Master of Laws and the degree of Master of Arts in Legal Studies by the University of Bristol in January 2004 and June 2005, respectively.

**Mr. Ren Guodong**, aged 42, was appointed as our independent non-executive Director on 9 July 2024. Mr. Ren is primarily responsible for providing independent judgment to our Board.

Mr. Ren has extensive experience in the capital market. From September 2006 to December 2010, he served as a senior auditor in Ernst & Young (安永華明會計師事務所). From January 2011 to September 2021, he has been the executive director in the investment banking department of Essence Securities Co. Ltd. (安信證券股份有限公司). From October 2021 to July 2023, he served as a senior executive director in the investment banking department of Guotai Junan Securities Co. Ltd. (國泰君安證券股份有限公司). Since August 2023, he serves as the general manager in the investment department of Shanghai Tianyou Investment Management Ltd. (上海添宥投資管理有限公司).

Mr. Ren obtained a Bachelor's degree in engineering, a Master's degree in management from the Tongji University, Shanghai, China in 2003 and 2006, respectively.

#### **SENIOR MANAGEMENT**

**Mr. Xu Yongsheng**, aged 41, joined our Group in February 2011 and is currently the deputy general manager cum domestic sales manager of Buyang Wheel. Mr. Xu Yongsheng is primarily responsible for overseeing the domestic sales of the Group.

Prior to joining our Group, Mr. Xu Yongsheng worked in Shanghai Wantai Aluminum Co., Ltd.\* (上海萬泰鋁業有限公司) (currently known as Shanghai Yongmaotai Automotive Technology Co., Ltd. (上海永茂泰汽車科技股份有限公司)), a company principally engaged in automobile aluminum alloy and aluminum alloy accessories development, production and sales, as business manager between December 2006 and November 2007 and Yantai Tongtai Renewable Resources Co., Ltd.\* (煙台通泰再生資源有限公司), a company principally engaged in machining and sales of casting materials businesses, as manager between April 2008 and February 2009. Mr. Xu Yongsheng joined Buyang Wheel as deputy domestic sales manager in February 2011 and was later promoted as domestic sales manager in May 2014. Mr. Xu Yongsheng has further been appointed as the deputy general manager of Buyang Wheel in December 2015.

Mr. Xu Yongsheng graduated from Zhejiang University of Science and Technology with financial management specialization in June 2012.

**Mr. Huang Wei**, aged 38, joined our Group in February 2008 and is currently the deputy general manager cum head of technical department of Buyang Wheel. Mr. Wang is primarily responsible for overseeing the production, technical aspects and product development of the Group.

Mr. Huang joined Buyang Wheel as technician in February 2008, primarily responsible for accessories and products development, and was later promoted as the head of the technical department in March 2014. Mr. Huang has further been appointed as the deputy general manager of Buyang Wheel in December 2015.

Mr. Huang graduated from Lishui University in Zhejiang with computer assisted design and manufacturing (senior) specialization in July 2007.

**Ms. Hu Meijuan**, aged 55, joined our Group in February 2008 and is currently our financial controller. Ms. Hu is primarily responsible for financial strategic planning, financial and fund management and internal control matters.

Ms. Hu has over 25 years of experience in accounting. Prior to joining our Group, Ms. Hu worked as a sales accountant in Zhejiang Yongkang Jiamei Resin Wheel Co., Ltd.\* (浙江永康佳美樹脂砂輪有限公司) between February 1993 and December 2000 and as an export sales accountant in Ganghai Group Co., Ltd.\* (鋼海集團有限公司) between March 2001 and April 2003. From April 2003 to December 2004, Ms. Hu worked in Zhejiang Suopu Industrial Co., Ltd.\* (浙江索普實業有限公司) as a finance manager and later worked in Zhejiang Guangtai Industry and Trade Co., Ltd.\* (浙江廣泰工貿有限公司) as a finance manager between February 2005 and January 2008. Ms. Hu joined Buyang Wheel in February 2008 as finance manager and was later promoted as the financial controller in August 2008.

Ms. Hu graduated from Zhejiang Province China Accounting Education College\* (浙江省中華會計函授學校) with accounting specialization in July 2002 and was conferred the junior accounting qualification by the Ministry of Finance of the PRC in May 1999.

#### JOINT COMPANY SECRETARIES

**Ms. Xu Yuelian**, aged 57, has been appointed as the joint company secretary of our Company on 25 September 2020. Ms. Xu Yuelian is primarily responsible for handling corporate secretarial and compliance work of our Group.

Ms. Xu Yuelian has over 30 years of experience in financial accounting. Between July 1991 and December 2003, Ms. Xu Yuelian performed accounting function in various companies in the PRC. In January 2004, Ms. Xu Yuelian joined Buyang PRC as finance manager and was subsequently promoted as the treasury manager of Buyang PRC in January 2014. Ms. Xu Yuelian has also been the office manager of Buyang Wheel since September 2007 and a supervisor of Buyang Wheel between September 2007 and March 2020.

Ms. Xu Yuelian obtained accountant qualification awarded by Jinhua City Human Resources Bureau\* (金華市人事局) in August 2000 and graduated from Zhejiang University of Science and Technology (浙江科技學院) with accounting specialization in June 2011.

**Ms. Cheung Yuet Fan**, aged 59, has been appointed as the joint company secretary of our Company on 25 September 2020. Ms. Cheung is primarily responsible for handling corporate secretarial and compliance work of our Group.

Ms. Cheung has over 30 years of experience in the corporate secretarial field and has provided professional corporate services to Hong Kong listed companies as well as multinational, private and offshore companies. Ms. Cheung is currently a director of the Company Secretarial Services Division of Tricor Services Limited, a global professional services provider specializing in integrated business, corporate and investor services and is a member of Vistra Group. Ms. Cheung is currently acting as the company secretary or joint company secretary of several companies, the shares of which are listed on the Stock Exchange. Before joining Tricor Services Limited in June 2013, Ms. Cheung had worked in the Company Secretarial Department of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu in Hong Kong and also in the role of company secretary and corporate governance area in various Hong Kong listed companies.

Ms. Cheung is a Chartered Secretary, a Chartered Governance Professional and a fellow member of both The Hong Kong Chartered Governance Institute (formerly The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries) and The Chartered Governance Institute (formerly The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators) in the United Kingdom. Ms. Cheung obtained a Bachelor of Arts degree in Accountancy from City Polytechnic of Hong Kong (currently known as City University of Hong Kong) in November 1993.

\* For identification purpose only

The Board is pleased to announce the Group's Report and audited consolidated financial statements for the Reporting Period.

#### **MAIN BUSINESS**

The Company is an investment holding company. The Group is principally engaged in aluminum alloy automobile wheel manufacturing, focusing on the aftermarket, that is, the spare parts market for automobile repair and maintenance, and is committed to providing customers with high-quality aluminum alloy automobile wheel for aftermarket sales to satisfy end users modification, repair and maintenance needs. We manufacture and sell various aluminum alloy automobile wheels to our customers. The main business analysis of the Group during the Reporting Period is set out in note 3 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

The review of the Group's business during the Reporting Period and the discussion and analysis of the Group's performance are set out in the section headed "Chairman's Statement" on page 7 and the "Management Discussion and Analysis" section on pages 8 to 16 of this Report.

The discussion of the material relationships with its key stakeholders and the performance analysis of the Group during the Reporting Period using key financial performance indicators are set out in the sections headed "Financial Highlights" on page 6 and the "Management Discussion and Analysis" section on pages 8 to 16 of this Report.

#### **Compliance with Laws and Regulations**

Insofar as the Board is aware, the Group has complied with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group in all material aspects during the Reporting Period.

#### **Major Risks and Uncertainties**

Insofar as the Directors are aware, the financial condition, operating results, business and prospects of the Group may be affected by various risks and uncertainties. The major risks and uncertainties identified by the Group are as follows:

- Developments and changes in the automobile industry and government policies affecting demand in the aftermarket may adversely affect the sales and production of our aluminum alloy steam wheels.
- We are subject to various international trade regulations, quotas, tariffs and duties, including anti-dumping, which may adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.
- We could be adversely affected as a result of any sales we make to certain countries that are, or become subject to, sanctions administered by the United States, the European Union, the United Nations, Australia and other relevant sanctions authorities.
- Changes in international trade policies or imposition of barriers to trade, and the ongoing political tension between Lithuania and the PRC may have an adverse effect on our business.

- A significant portion of our revenue is derived from a limited number of our customers located both in the PRC and
  overseas and any decrease or termination of our sales to our major customers may have a material adverse effect on
  our business and financial condition.
- We are exposed to risks related to fluctuation in the price of aluminum ingot, and any substantial increase in the price of aluminum ingot could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.
- A significant portion of our raw materials were procured from a limited number of suppliers with whom we had no long-term agreements.
- We may experience labor shortages, increased staff costs or deterioration in our labor relations.
- We may be unable to obtain, retain or renew required permits, licenses, registrations or certificates for our business operations in the PRC.

#### **FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

A summary of the Group's results and assets and liabilities for the past five financial years is set out in the "Financial Highlights" section of this Report. The summary does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

#### **RESULTS**

The performance of the Group during the Reporting Period is set out in the sections "Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income", "Consolidated Statement of Financial Position", "Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity", and "Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows" in the financial statements of this Report.

#### **FINAL DIVIDEND**

The Board does not recommend the payment of a final dividend in 2024 (2023: nil).

During the Reporting Period, the Company is not aware of any Shareholders who had waived or agreed to waive any rights to dividend. The Directors are not aware of any tax relief available to Shareholders as a result of holding securities of the Company. Any Shareholder who is in any doubt as to the tax implications arising from the purchase, holding, sale or trading of shares or the exercise of any rights in respect of the shares of the Company should seek expert advice.

#### **DIVIDEND POLICY**

We may distribute dividends in cash, shares or a combination of cash and shares. The Board formulates our profit distribution plan based on our operating results, cash flows, financial condition, future business prospects, statutory and regulatory restrictions on dividend payouts and other factors that the Board considers relevant. All of our Shareholders have equal rights to receive dividends and other distributions in proportion to their shareholding. The Company does not adopt a fixed dividend policy with a prescribed payout ratio. The declaration, payment and amount of dividends will be determined at the Board's sole discretion. The declaration and distribution and amount of any dividends will also be subject to compliance with the Company's Articles of Association and all applicable laws and regulations. The Directors may reassess the dividend policy from time to time.

#### **CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS/RECORD DATE**

The register of members of the Company will be closed from Monday, 26 May 2025 to Thursday, 29 May 2025, both days inclusive, in order to determine the identity of the Shareholders who are entitled to attend the AGM, during which period no share transfers will be registered. To be eligible to attend the AGM, all transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged for registration with the Company's share registrar, Tricor Investor Services Limited, at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong before 4:30 p.m. on Friday, 23 May 2025.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORTING**

We have developed an environmental, social and governance ("**ESG**") policy which outlines (i) the appropriate risk governance on ESG matters; (ii) ESG risk management and monitoring; and (iii) the identification of key performance indicators, the relevant measurements and mitigating measures. We understand the supervisory responsibility of the Board on ESG matters and have assigned Mr. Ying Yonghui, one of our executive Directors to be responsible for strengthening our awareness of ESG matters, especially in the identification of ESG-related risks and establishing appropriate responses to such risks.

According to the Company's ESG policy, our senior management will manage and implement ESG matters under the leadership of the Board. We have established an environmental protection leadership team consisting of the heads of each of our major operating departments (including administration and safety departments) and major production stages (including casting stage, machining stage, painting stage and packaging stage). Each department head or production stage supervisor will assess and manage the risks associated with ESG-issues based on their specialized expertise and area of work.

During the Reporting Period, we were not subject to any material fines or other penalties that had a material adverse impact on our operations due to our failure to comply with environmental protection laws and regulations. Insofar as our Directors are aware, having made all reasonable enquiries, the Group is not facing any threatened or pending action by any government authorities in respect thereof.

During the Reporting Period, the Group has complied with the "comply or explain" provisions of the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guidelines set out in Appendix C2 of the Listing Rules. Further details on the Group's ESG matters, including environmental policies and performance, are set out in the section headed "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" of this Report.

#### **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

For the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group's largest customer and five largest customers accounted for approximately 7.6% (2023: approximately 9.0%) and approximately 35.31% (2023: approximately 34.3%) respectively of the Group's total revenue, and the Group's largest supplier and five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 37.7% (2023: approximately 23.7%) and approximately 83.0% (2023: approximately 80.5%) respectively of the Group's total purchases.

None of the Directors, their associates or any Shareholders of the Company owning more than 5% of the Company's share capital has any interest in any of the Group's five largest customers or suppliers other than Buyang PRC that the Directors are aware of.

#### **BANK LOANS AND OTHER LOANS**

As of 31 December 2024, the bank loans of the Group was nil (31 December 2023: nil).

#### **GLOBAL OFFERING AND THE USE OF PROCEEDS**

The Company issued 250,000,000 ordinary shares with a par value of US\$0.001 each at an offer price of HK\$0.50 per Share, raising net proceeds of approximately HK\$75.1 million (after deducting the Listing expenses). Upon completion of the Global Offering and as at the end of the Reporting Period, the authorized capital of the Company was US\$2,000,000 divided into 2,000,000,000 ordinary shares of US\$0.001 each. The Company's shares were listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange on 15 December 2022.

On 15 November 2024, the Board resolved to change the use of proceeds considering that the success of the Group is attributable to its products and the design, development and testing of the new molds and prototypes. Please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 15 November 2024 for details.

Set out below are details of the allocation of the net proceeds, utilized amount up to 31 December 2023, utilized amount for the Reporting Period, and unutilized amount as at 31 December 2024:

Planned use of net proceeds	Percentage of net Proceeds %	Net Proceeds from the Global Offering HK' million	Utilized amount up to 31 December 2023 HK' million	Revised application of the unutilized net Proceeds HK' million	Utilized amount for the Reporting Period HK' million	Unutilized amount as at 31 December 2024 HK' million	Expected timeline of utilization
Expansion of our production capacity	57.0	42.8	15.3	19.6	8.9	18.6	On or before September 2026
Construction of a new manufacturing facility, warehouse and other supporting facilities	36.2	27.2	-	-	-	N/A	N/A
Design, development and testing of our new molds and prototypes	6.8	5.1	2.3	14.2	8.7	8.3	On or before September 2026
General Working Capital	_	_	_	13.0	0.7	12.3	On or before September 2026
_	100.0	75.1	17.6	46.8	18.3	39.2	

The unutilised net proceeds are placed in licensed banks in PRC and Hong Kong as of the date of this Report.

#### **SUBSIDIARIES**

Details of the Company's subsidiaries are set out in note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the changes in property, plant and equipment during the Reporting Period are set out in note 10 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **SHARE CAPITAL**

The details of the changes to the share capital of the Company during the Reporting Period are set out in note 24(b) to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **EQUITY LINKED AGREEMENT**

During the Reporting Period, except for the Share Option Scheme, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had entered into or subsisted at the end of the year with an equity-linked agreement.

#### RESERVES AND DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

The details of the movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the Reporting Period are set out in note 24(a) to the consolidated financial statements. As at the end of the Reporting Period, the Company's reserves available for distribution to Shareholders amounted to RMB196.4 million (31 December 2023: RMB198.1 million). Further details are set out in note 24 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **ISSUED DEBENTURES**

The Group did not issue any debentures during the Reporting Period.

#### PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED OR REDEEMABLE SECURITIES

During the Reporting Period, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, redeemed or sold any Listed securities or redeemable securities of the Company (including treasury shares). As at 31 December 2024, the Group did not hold any treasury shares.

#### **CONVERTIBLE SECURITIES, OPTIONS, WARRANTS OR SIMILAR RIGHTS**

During the Reporting Period, the Company and its subsidiaries did not issue or grant any convertible securities, options, warrants or other similar rights, and there were no convertible securities, options, warrants or other similar rights, conversion rights or subscription rights issued or granted by the Company or its subsidiaries at any time before.

#### **ISSUANCE OF BONDS**

The Company or any of its subsidiaries did not issue any bonds during the Reporting Period.

#### **DONATION**

During the Reporting Period, the Group has not made charitable donations (2023: nil).

#### **DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT**

As of the end of the Reporting Period and up to the date of this Report, part of the information of the Directors and senior management of the Company is as follows:

Name	Position in the Group	Appointment date
Ms. Xu Jingjun	Deputy chairlady and executive Director	25 September 2020
Mr. Ying Yonghui	Chief executive officer, general manager and executive Director	25 September 2020
Ms. Hu Huijuan	Executive Director and international sales manager of Buyang Wheel	25 September 2020
Mr. Xu Buyun	Chairman and non-executive Director	14 November 2018
Mr. Zhu Ning	Non-executive Director	25 September 2020
Mr. Yeung Man Simon	Independent non-executive Director	28 October 2020
Mr. Chen Jingeng	Independent non-executive Director	28 October 2020
Mr. Ren Guodong	Independent non-executive Director	9 July 2024
Mr. Fu Yi	Independent non-executive Director	October 28, 20201
Mr. Xu Yongsheng	Deputy general manager cum domestic sales manager of Buyang Wheel	May 2014
Mr. Huang Wei	Deputy general manager cum head of technical department of	
	Buyang Wheel	March 2014
Ms. Hu Meijuan	Financial controller	6 August 2008

Mr. Fu Yi has tendered his resignation as an independent non-executive Director with effect from 9 July 2024.

Pursuant to Code Provision B.2.2 of the Corporate Governance Code and Article 84 of the Articles of Association, at each annual general meeting, one-third of the incumbent Directors (or if the number of Directors is not a multiple of three (3), the number nearest to but not less than one-third) are subject to retirement by rotation and each Director is required to retire at the annual general meeting at least once every three years. Mr. Ying Yonghui, Mr. Xu Buyun, and Mr. Chen Jingeng will retire by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election. According to Article 83(3) of the Articles of Association, Mr. Ren Guodong shall retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, will offer himself for re-election. Details of the Directors who will stand for re-election at the annual general meeting are set out in the Company's circular to be published by the Company.

Mr. Ren Guodong, who was appointed as an independent non-executive Director with effect from 9 July 2024, obtained legal advice on 8 July 2024 from a qualified firm of solicitors as referred to in Rule 3.09D of the Listing Rules. He has confirmed that he understood his obligations as a Director.

Saved as disclosed above, the Company has not received any written notice of resignation or refusal to stand for election by any specified Director for reasons relating to the affairs of the Company.

#### Confirmation of Independence from the Independent Non-executive Directors

The Company has received confirmation of independence from each independent non-executive Director pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. As at the date of this Report, the Company considers all independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

#### **Biographies of Directors and Senior Management**

The biographical details of the Directors and senior management of the Group are set out in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" of this Report.

#### **Changes in Director Information**

During the Reporting Period and up to the date of this Report, there were no other changes to the information of Directors which are required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules.

#### **Director Service Contract and Letter of Appointment**

Each of the executive Directors and non-executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company and the Company has issued a letter of appointment to each of the independent non-executive Directors. For the service contracts of executive Directors and non-executive Directors, the initial fixed term of executive Directors is three years, commencing from the Listing Date; non-executive Directors have no fixed term but must abide by the retirement and reelection provisions of the detailed rules. The initial fixed term of appointment of each independent non-executive Director is three years. The service contract and the letter of appointment may be terminated in accordance with their respective terms. The service contracts and letter of appointment may be renewed in accordance with the Articles of Association and the applicable Listing Rules.

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors has entered into or intends to enter into any service contract (other than a contract expiring within one year or determinable by the employer within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation)) with any member of the Group.

#### **Remuneration Policy**

Directors and senior management receive remuneration in the form of Directors' fees, salaries, allowances and benefits in kind, discretionary bonuses and retirement plan contributions. The remuneration is based on market remuneration levels and remuneration paid by comparable companies, the performance of the Group and the performance of the individual Director or senior management. The Group will also compensate Directors and senior management for their expenses which are necessary and reasonably incurred in performing services for the Group or performing their duties in connection with the Group's business. We regularly review and determine the remuneration and compensation packages of our Directors and senior management with reference to, among other things, the market level of remuneration and compensation paid by comparable companies, the respective responsibilities of the Directors and senior management and the performance of the Group. A Remuneration Committee has been established to review the Group's remuneration policy and the structure of Directors and senior management of the Group.

During the Reporting Period, the remuneration of the senior management members of the Company fell into the following categories:

Remuneration Brand Number of Persons

Nil to HKD1,000,000 3

During the Reporting Period, there were no amounts paid or payable by the Group to the Directors or any of the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as a compensation for loss of office. There was no arrangement under which a Director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year. The details of the remuneration of the Directors and the five highest paid individuals are set out in notes 7 and note 8 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **Retirement and Employee Benefit Plans**

The details of the Company's retirement and employee benefit plans are set out in note 5(b) to the consolidated financial statements. Employees of the Group's PRC subsidiaries are required to participate in a defined contribution scheme administered and operated by the local municipal governments. The Group's PRC subsidiaries contribute funds which are calculated on certain percentages of the employee salary as agreed by the local municipal government to the scheme to fund the retirement benefits of the employees. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the defined contribution scheme is to make the required contributions under the scheme. No forfeited contributions will be used by the Group to reduce the existing level of contributions.

# Shareholdings of Directors and Controlling Shareholders in Transactions, Arrangements or Contracts of Significance

Save as disclosed in note 27(c) to the consolidated financial statements and the related party transactions disclosed therein, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has entered into any transaction, arrangement or contract of significance in which the Directors and/or any of their related entities have a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, and neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has entered into any transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance with the Controlling Shareholder of the Company or any of its subsidiaries subsisting at the end of the Reporting Period or at any time during the Reporting Period.

#### **Directors' Right to Acquire Shares or Debentures**

At no time during the Reporting Period was the Company or its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate and no Director or any of his spouse or children under 18 years of age was granted any right to subscribe for equity or debt securities of the Company or any other body corporate or had exercised any such right.

#### **Directors' Interests in Competing Business**

During the Reporting Period and up to the date of this Report, none of the Directors or their respective associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) is engaged in any business which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group or has any interest in such business which is required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 8.10 of the Listing Rules.

#### **Permitted Indemnity Provision**

In accordance with the Articles of Association and subject to applicable laws, the Company has arranged appropriate insurance to cover all costs, charges, losses, expenses and liabilities of any director or officer arising out of or in connection with the performance and discharge of his or her duties. During the Reporting Period and up to the date of this Report, the relevant provisions of the Articles of Association and the above Directors' and Officers' liability insurance have been in force.

#### **DISCLOSURE OF INTERESTS**

#### Interests and Short Positions of Directors and Chief Executives in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures

As at 31 December 2024, the interests and short positions of each Director in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which have been notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under the relevant provisions of the SFO), or which are recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 352 of the SFO or which are notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code, were as follows:

#### (i) Interests in the Company

Director	Nature of interest	Number of shares <sup>(1)</sup>	Approximate percentage of shareholding
Mr. Xu Buyun	Interest in controlled corporation(2)	750,000,000 (L)	75%

#### Notes:

- (1) (L) means long position.
- (2) These 750,000,000 shares are held by First Oriental, which is indirectly owned as to 70.0% by Mr. Xu Buyun. Accordingly, under the SFO, Mr. Xu Buyun is deemed to be interested in all the shares held by First Oriental.

#### (ii) Interests in Associated Corporations

Director	Name of associated corporation/subsidiary company	Nature of interest	Number of Shares in/ registered capital of the associated corporation <sup>(1)</sup>	Approximate percentage
Mr. Xu Buyun	First Oriental <sup>(2)</sup>	Interest in controlled corporation	50,000 shares (L)	100%
	TopSun <sup>(2)</sup>	Beneficial owner Interest of spouse	35,000 shares (L) 15,000 shares (L)	100%

#### Notes:

- 1. (L) means long position.
- 2. First Oriental is interested in 75% of the issued Shares and is wholly owned by TopSun and, accordingly, First Oriental and TopSun are the holding companies (as defined in the SFO) of the Company respectively.
- 3. 15,000 shares of TopSun are held by Ms. Chen Jiangyue, the spouse of Mr. Xu Buyun. Accordingly, Mr. Xu Buyun is deemed to be interested in all the shares held by Ms. Chen Jiangyue under the SFO.

#### Substantial Shareholders' and Other Persons' Interests or Short Positions in Shares and Underlying Shares

As at 31 December 2024, the following persons had, or were deemed to have, interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which were required to be entered in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO or which were required to be disclosed to the Company under Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO.

Name of shareholders	Nature of interest	Number of shares <sup>(1)</sup>	Approximate percentage of shareholding
Mr. Xu Buyun	Interest in controlled corporation <sup>(2)</sup>	750,000,000 (L)	75%
Ms. Chen Jiangyue	Interest of spouse <sup>(3)</sup>	750,000,000 (L)	75%
First Oriental <sup>(2)</sup>	Interest in controlled corporation <sup>(2)</sup>	750,000,000 (L)	75%
TopSun <sup>(2)</sup>	Beneficial owner	750,000,000 (L)	75%

#### Notes:

- 1. (L) means long position.
- 2. The entire equity interest of First Oriental is held by TopSun, which in turn is owned as to 70% by Mr. Xu Buyun and 30% by Ms. Chen Jiangyue respectively. Accordingly, Mr. Xu Buyun and TopSun are deemed to be interested in all the shares held by First Oriental respectively under the SFO.
- 3. Ms. Chen Jiangyue is the spouse of Mr. Xu Buyun. Accordingly, Ms. Chen Jiangyue is deemed to be interested in all the shares in which Mr. Xu Buyun is interested under the SFO.
- 4. Mr. Xu Buyun, the chairman and non-executive Director, is a director of TopSun and First Oriental.

Save as disclosed above, at the end of the Reporting Period, the Directors were not aware of any person who had an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares which would be required to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were required to be entered in the register referred to therein pursuant to section 336 of the SFO.

#### **MANAGEMENT CONTRACT**

No management and administration contracts were entered into or existed during the Reporting Period in respect of all or any significant part of the Company's business.

#### **MATERIAL CONTRACT**

Neither the Company nor its subsidiaries has entered into any material contracts with the Controlling Shareholder of the Company or any of its subsidiaries, nor has any material contract been entered into for the provision of services by the Controlling Shareholder or any of its subsidiaries to the Company or its subsidiaries during the Reporting Period and at any time.

#### PLEDGE OF SHARES BY CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS

During the Reporting Period, the Controlling Shareholders of the Company has not pledged any of its shares in the Company to secure debts of the Company or to secure or otherwise support debts of the Company.

#### **CHARGES AND PLEDGES ON GROUP ASSETS**

During the Reporting Period, none of the Group's assets had been charged.

#### LOAN ARRANGEMENTS GRANTED BY THE GROUP TO ENTITIES

During the Reporting Period, the Group has not granted any loans to any entity required to be disclosed under Rule 13.13 of the Listing Rules.

#### LOAN AGREEMENTS OR FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FROM THE COMPANY

Saved for the disclosed, during the Reporting Period, the Company has not provided any financial assistance or guarantee to its affiliates that is required to be disclosed under Rule 13.16 of the Listing Rules.

#### **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS**

#### Provision of financial assistance to TopSun

On 8 May 2023, the Company entered into a loan agreement (the "Loan Agreement") with TopSun by having considered (i) the good financial position and the existing cash surplus of the Group and that the Company had not identified other better investment opportunities; (ii) the interest income per annum to be generated by the transactions contemplated under the Loan Agreement being more favorable than that offered by independent banks in Hong Kong for a 1-year fixed deposit; (iii) the repayment capacity of TopSun is satisfied to the Company in view of it is one of the Controlling Shareholders and the credit risk is relatively low; and (iv) Mr. Xu Buyun, the chairman of the Board, non-executive Director and one of the Controlling Shareholders, acting as a guarantor for the Loan Agreement agreed to provide personal guarantee to the Company, which further minimizes the risks. Pursuant to the Loan Agreement, the Company agreed to grant to TopSun a secured loan of HK\$16,000,000 (the "Loan") with a fixed term of 3 years from the date of drawdown of the loan. The interest rate is 6% per annum, which shall accrue from day to day and be calculated on a basis of actual number of days elapsed over a year of 365 days. TopSun shall pay the interest on the Loan quarterly in arrears with the first interest repayment date on 8 May 2024. The Group finances the Loan with its internal resources.

As at 31 December 2024, the gross loan provided to TopSun amounted to RMB14,965,000 including the principal of HK\$16,000,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB14,817,000) and corresponding interests of receivable of HK\$160,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB148,000).

For the details of the Loan Agreement, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 8 May 2023.

Saved for the above, the Group did not enter into any non-exempt one-off connected transactions or continuing connected transactions during the Reporting Period. Details of related party transactions entered into by the Group in the ordinary course of business are set out in note 27(c) to the consolidated financial statements. Save as disclosed in note 27(c) to the consolidated financial statements, none of these related party transactions constitutes a connected transaction or continuing connected transaction under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules, or is a connected transaction or continuing connected transaction for which the Company is exempt from the reporting requirements under the Listing Rules.

#### **SHARE OPTION SCHEME**

The Share Option Scheme was adopted by a written resolution of the Shareholders passed on 18 November 2022. The terms of the Share Option Scheme are in compliance with the provisions of Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules.

The Share Option Scheme is a share award scheme for the purpose of recognizing and rewarding Eligible Participants (as defined below) for the contributions they have made or may have made to the Group. The Share Option Scheme will provide an opportunity for Eligible Participants to have a personal interest in the Company for the purpose of (i) providing incentives for Eligible Participants to optimize their performance efficiency for the benefit of the Group; and (ii) attracting and retaining Eligible Participants or otherwise maintaining an ongoing business relationship with Eligible Participants whose contributions have been or will be beneficial to the long-term development of the Group.

The Board may, at its sole discretion, grant options to the following persons ("Eligible Participants"), for the number of New Shares to be determined by the Board: (i) any full-time or part-time employee, executive or officer of the Company or any of its subsidiaries; (ii) any Director (including non-executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors) of the Company or any of its subsidiaries; (iii) any advisers, consultants, suppliers, customers and agents of the Company or any of its subsidiaries; and (iv) other persons who, in the sole discretion of the Board, will contribute or have contributed to the Group, the assessment criteria are: (aa) contribution to the development and performance of the Group; (bb) quality of work performed for the Group; (cc) performance initiative and commitment to responsibilities; and (dd) length of service or contribution to the Group.

The maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company (including shares in respect of which options have been granted, whether exercised or outstanding) shall not in aggregate exceed 10% of the total number of shares in issue, being 100,000,000 shares (the "Scheme Limit"), excluding for this purpose the maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme (or any other share option scheme of the Company) which has lapsed. The Share Option Scheme limit represents 10% of the total number of shares of the Company in issue as at the date of this Report.

The total number of shares in issue and issuable upon exercise of options granted to each eligible participant under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Company during any 12-month period up to the date of grant (including exercised and outstanding options and shares subject to options granted and accepted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Company but subsequently cancelled) shall not exceed 1% of the shares in issue as at the date of grant.

Options may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme at any time after the date on which the options are deemed to have been granted and accepted and before the expiry of ten years from that date. The exercise period of the options will be determined by the Board at its sole discretion, but shall not exceed ten years from the date of grant of the options. Any option granted under the Share Option Scheme may be exercised by the grantee subject to the achievement of certain performance targets as may be specified by the Board for the time being. No share option may be granted more than ten years after the Listing Date. Unless terminated earlier by the Company in general meeting or by the Board, the Share Option Scheme shall be effective and valid for a period of ten years from the Listing Date. The remaining life of the Share Option Scheme is approximately eight years and eight months.

The exercise price of the shares in respect of any particular share option granted under the Share Option Scheme will be determined at the sole discretion of the Board, provided that such price will not be lower than the highest of (i) the closing price of the shares as quoted on the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets on the date of grant, which must be a day on which the Stock Exchange is open for trading in securities; (ii) the average closing price of the shares as quoted on the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of the shares.

Acceptance of an offer to grant an option must take place within seven days from and including the date on which such offer is made. The options shall be deemed to have been granted and accepted by the grantee and become effective upon receipt by the Company on or before the relevant acceptance date of the documents constituting the acceptance of the options duly signed by the Grantee together with a remittance of HK\$1.00 in favour of the Company as the consideration for the grant of the Options.

Details of the principal terms of the Share Option Scheme are set out in the section headed "Appendix IV — Statutory and General Information" of the Prospectus. As at the date of this Report, the maximum number of Shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme is 100,000,000, representing 10% of the issued shares of the Company. No share options have been granted, exercised, outstanding, cancelled or lapsed during the Reporting Period.

#### **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Articles of Association of the Company or the applicable laws of the Cayman Islands (the place of incorporation of the Company).

#### **PUBLIC FLOAT**

According to the public information obtained by the Company and the best knowledge of the Directors, during the Reporting Period and up to the date of this Report, the public holds no less than 25% of the issued share capital of the Company, which complies with the requirements of the Stock Exchange and the Listing Rules.

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Audit Committee has reviewed with the Board the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group, and discussed with the management the Group's internal control and financial reporting matters. The Audit Committee has reviewed and discussed the Group's annual results for the Reporting Period and the audited financial results for the year ended 31 December 2024 prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards.

#### **AUDITOR**

KPMG has been appointed as auditors of the Company for the Reporting Period. KPMG will retire from office and be eligible to offer themselves for re-election. A resolution for the re-appointment of KPMG as auditors of the Company will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

The Company is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance practices. Details of the corporate governance practices adopted by the Company are set out in the section headed "Corporate Governance Report" of this Report.

#### **MATERIAL LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

During the Reporting Period, the Group did not engage in any material legal proceedings or arbitrations. Insofar as the Directors are aware, there are no material legal proceedings or claims pending which may be faced by the Group.

#### **SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

After the Reporting Period, the Group has no material subsequent events.

By the order of the Board of Directors **Mr. Xu Buyun**Chairman and Non-executive Director

Hong Kong, 27 March 2025

The Board is pleased to report to the Shareholders on the corporate governance report of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2024.

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES**

The Company is committed to maintaining a high level of corporate governance in order to safeguard the interests of the Shareholders and to enhance corporate value and accountability. The Company has adopted the Corporate Governance Code set out in Appendix C1 of the Listing Rules as its own corporate governance code. The Board believes that good corporate governance could lead the Company to success and balance the interests of Shareholders, customers and employees, and the Board is therefore devoted to ongoing reviews and enhancements of the efficiency and effectiveness of compliance with such principles and practices.

During the Reporting Period and up to the date of this Report, the Company has complied with all applicable code provisions under Part 2 of the Corporate Governance Code and adopted most of the best practices contained therein.

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### Responsibilities

The Board is responsible for the overall leadership of the Group, overseeing the Group's strategic decisions and monitoring the business and performance. The Board has delegated to the senior management of the Group to be responsible for the daily management and operation of the Group.

To oversee specific aspects of the Company's affairs, the Board has established three Board committees, including the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee (collectively, the "Board Committees"). The Board has delegated to the Board Committees the responsibilities set out in their respective terms of reference. All Directors are required to perform their duties in good faith, in compliance with applicable laws and regulations, and at all times in the interests of the Company and its Shareholders. The Directors shall ensure that they can give sufficient time and attention to the affairs of the Company. The Company has arranged appropriate liability insurance for legal proceedings against the Directors and will review the coverage of this insurance annually.

#### **Board Composition**

As at the date of this Report, the Board consists of 8 Directors, including 3 executive Directors, 2 non-executive Directors and 3 independent non-executive Directors, as set out below:

#### **Executive Directors**

Ms. Xu Jingjun

Mr. Ying Yonghui

Ms. Hu Huijuan

#### **Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Xu Buyun

Mr. Zhu Ning

#### **Independent non-executive Directors**

Mr. Yeung Man Simon

Mr. Chen Jingeng

Mr. Ren Guodong

The biographies of the Directors are set out in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" of this Report.

The Board considers that the composition of the Board provides a strong independent element with a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the Company's business needs. During the Reporting Period and up to the date of this Report, the Board has complied with Rules 3.10(1), 3.10(2) and 3.10A of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive Directors with at least one being an independent non-executive Director possessing appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise and appoint independent non-executive Directors who represent at least one-third of the Board. In addition, each independent non-executive Director has confirmed his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and the Company considers them all to be independent as at the date of this Report.

Save as disclosed in the biographies of the Directors as set out in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" of this Report, none of the Directors has any personal relationship (including financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship) with any Directors or the chief executive.

All Directors (including independent Non-executive Directors) bring a wide spectrum of valuable business experience, knowledge and expertise to the Board to enable it to function efficiently and effectively. Independent non-executive Directors are invited to serve on the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee.

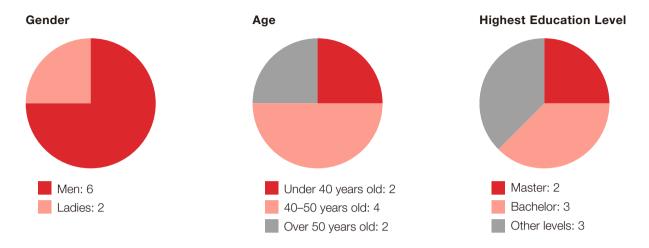
In view of the provisions of the Corporate Governance Code requiring Directors to disclose the number and nature of offices held in listed companies or organizations and other significant commitments, as well as their identities and length of service with the issuer, the Directors have agreed to disclose their commitments to the Company in a timely manner.

Mr. Ren Guodong, who was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 9 July 2024, obtained the legal advice applicable to him as a director of a listed issuer as referred to in Rule 3.09D of the Listing Rules and understood the possible consequences of making any false statement or giving any false information on 8 July 2024, and confirmed he understood his obligations as a director of a listed issuer.

#### **Board Diversity Policy**

To enhance the effectiveness of the Board and maintain high standards of corporate governance, we have adopted a Board Diversity Policy which sets out the objective and approach to achieving and maintaining Board diversity. We believe this is closely related to the sustainable growth of our business. According to the Board Diversity Policy, the selection of Board members will take into account a series of diversity criteria, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. The final decision will be based on the overall merit and contributions the candidate brings to the Board.

The Nomination Committee is responsible for reviewing Board diversity. The Nomination Committee will review its Board Diversity Policy from time to time, expand and review measurable objectives to ensure the continued effectiveness of the policy, and to monitor and evaluate the implementation of the Board Diversity Policy. At least once a year, the Nomination Committee will review the Board Diversity Policy and other diversity objectives to ensure the overall effectiveness of the Board is maintained. Additionally, at least once a year, the Nomination Committee shall also assess the Company's diversity status, including the gender balance of the Board and the Company's progress towards achieving its diversity goals. The Nomination Committee will discuss any revisions that may be necessary and make recommendations to the Board for approval. We will continue to disclose the implementation of the Board Diversity Policy in our annual Corporate Governance Report.



The eight Directors of our Company cumulatively possess a wide variety of knowledge, skills and experience, including in areas of accounting, asset management, consumer goods and the machinery industry. They obtained degrees in various areas, including rural economic management, investment economics, business administration and law. We have three independent non-executive Directors with diverse industry backgrounds, accounting for one-third of the Board members. We have also taken and will continue to take steps to promote gender diversity at all levels of the Company, including but not limited to the Board and the management levels. The Nomination Committee and the Board considered that the current composition of Board is sufficiently diverse and the Board has not set any measurable targets. We will continue to employ merit-based appointments in line with our Board Diversity Policy.

In order to build a pipeline of potential successors for the Board to increase gender diversity on the Board in the upcoming years, the Group will also proactively provide training to members of its senior management to create an inclusive workplace and may also work with human resources firms to identify potential successors to the Board.

As at 31 December 2024, the gender ratio in the Group's workforce (including senior management) was 80.16% male: 19.84% female, achieving a balanced gender diversity. The Board considers that the current gender diversity is satisfactory. The Group will continue to focus on training talent in different gender and providing long-term development opportunities for different gender, improve its human resources management system to actively attract talents to join the Group and build an efficient and elite team to sustain the Group's sustainable development.

#### **Training and Continuous Professional Development**

Each newly appointed Director will be provided with necessary induction and information to ensure that they have an appropriate level of understanding of the Company's operations, business, and their responsibilities under the relevant statutes, laws, rules and regulations. The Company also regularly arranges seminars to provide the Directors with updates on the latest developments and changes in the Listing Rules and other relevant legal and regulatory requirements from time to time. The Directors are also provided with regular updates on the Company's performance, status and prospects of the Company to facilitate the discharge of their duties by the Board as a whole and by each of the Directors.

The Company encourages Directors to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. The Company has also updated and provided Directors with written training materials in relation to their roles, functions and responsibilities from time to time.

During the Reporting Period, all Directors have received training on Director duties and responsibilities, corporate governance and regulatory updates, and relevant reading materials (including compliance manuals/legal and regulatory updates and seminar handouts) have been provided to Directors for their reference and study. Going forward, the Directors will participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. This ensures that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, Directors' participation in continuous professional training is as follows:

	Type(s) of
Directors	Training Note
Executive Directors	
Ms. Xu Jingjun	A & B
Mr. Ying Yonghui	A & B
Ms. Hu Huijuan	A & B
Non-executive Directors	
Mr. Xu Buyun	A & B
Mr. Zhu Ning	A & B
Independent non-executive Directors	
Mr. Yeung Man Simon	А
Mr. Chen Jingeng	А
Mr. Ren Guodong (appointed on 9 July 2024)	А
Mr. Fu Yi (resigned on 9 July 2024)	А

Notes:

Types of Training

- A: Attending training sessions, including but not limited to briefings, seminars, conferences and workshops
- B: Reading relevant news alerts, newspapers, journals, magazines and relevant publications

#### **Chairperson and Chief Executive Officer**

During the Reporting Period, the chairman of the Company is Mr. Xu Buyun, while the chief executive officer is Mr. Ying Yonghui. The responsibility of the chairman is to preside over and govern the Board. The objective is to create an environment which allows its overall effective performance, meaningful contribution from each individual Director, in particular, to facilitate the effective contribution of non-executive Directors and ensure constructive relations between executive and non-executive Directors, and to ensure that the Board performs its duties, including discussing all important and appropriate issues in a timely manner. The chief executive officer is responsible for managing and supervising the day-to-day business activities of the Group.

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

The Board complies with the requirements of the Listing Rules regarding the appointment of at least three independent non-executive Directors (accounting for one-third of the Board members, one of whom possessing appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise). The Board considers that the independent non-executive Directors can (a) participate in Board meetings to provide independent judgement to bear on issues of strategy, policy, performance, accountability, resources, key appointments and standards of conduct; (b) take the lead where potential conflicts of interests arise; (c) serve on the audit, remuneration, nomination and other committees; and (d) scrutinise the Company's performance in achieving agreed corporate goals and objectives, and monitoring performance reporting, so as to safeguard the interests of the Company and its Shareholders.

Independent non-executive directors shall also make a positive contribution to the development of the Company's strategy and policies through independent, constructive and informed comments.

The Company has received written annual confirmation of independence from each of the independent non-executive Directors in accordance with the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

#### **Board Independence Evaluation Mechanism**

The Company has established a Board Independence Evaluation Mechanism which sets out the processes and procedures to ensure a strong independent element on the Board, which allows the Board effectively exercises independent judgment to better safeguard Shareholders' interests.

The objectives of the evaluation are to improve Board effectiveness, maximise strengths, and identify the areas that need improvement or further development. The evaluation process also clarifies what actions of the Company need to be taken to maintain and improve the Board performance, for instance, addressing individual training and development needs of each Director.

Pursuant to the Board Independence Evaluation Mechanism, the Board will conduct annual review on its independence. The Board Independence Evaluation Report will be presented to the Board which will collectively discuss the results and the action plan for improvement, if appropriate.

#### **Appointment and Re-election of Directors**

Each of the executive Directors and non-executive Directors has entered into a service agreement with the Company and the Company has issued a letter of appointment to each of the independent non-executive Directors. For the service contracts of the Directors: the initial fixed term for executive Directors is three years commencing from the Listing Date; non-executive Directors have no fixed term but must abide by the retirement and re-election provisions of the Articles and the Listing Rules; and the initial fixed term of appointment of each independent non-executive Director is three years. The service agreements and the letters of appointment may be terminated in accordance with their respective terms or renewed in accordance with the Articles of Association and applicable Listing Rules.

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors has entered into or has proposed to enter into any service contracts (other than a contract expiring within one year or determinable by the employer within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation)) with any member of the Group.

Pursuant to Article 84 of the Articles of Association, at each annual general meeting one-third of the Directors then in office (or, if their number is not a multiple of three (3), the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation and each Director shall be subject to retirement at least once every three years at an annual general meeting.

The Directors to retire by rotation shall include (so far as necessary to ascertain the number of Directors to retire by rotation) any Director who wishes to retire and not to offer himself for re-election.

Any further Directors so to retire shall be those of the other Directors subject to retirement by rotation who have been longest in office since their last re-election or appointment and so that as between persons who became or were last reelected Directors on the same day those to retire shall (unless they otherwise agree among themselves) be determined by lot.

Subject to Article 83(3) of the Articles of Association, the Directors shall have the power from time to time and at any time to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy on the Board or as an addition to the existing Board. Any Director so appointed shall hold office only until the first annual general meeting of the Company after his appointment and shall then be eligible for re-election.

Pursuant to Article 84 of the Articles of Association, Mr. Ying Yonghui, Mr. Xu Buyun, and Mr. Chen Jingeng will retire by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election. According to Article 83(3) of the Articles of Association, Mr. Ren Guodong will retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, will offer himself for re-election.

The procedures and process of appointment, re-election and removal of Directors are set out in the Articles of Association. The Nomination Committee is responsible for reviewing the Board composition and making recommendations to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and succession planning of Directors.

#### **Board and Board Committees' Meetings and Attendance**

The Company adopts the practice of holding regular Board meetings in accordance with the Corporate Governance Code of at least four times a year on approximately a quarterly basis. Notices, agendas and related Board documents will be sent to Directors or Board Committees members in due course before the meeting to ensure that they have sufficient time to review the relevant documents and make adequate preparations for the meeting, and that all Directors can participate meaningfully and effectively in Board meetings. If Directors or Board Committees members are unable to attend the meeting, they will be informed of the matters to be discussed and given an opportunity to inform the chairman of their views prior to the meeting. The Chairman shall ensure that all Directors are properly briefed on issues arising at Board meetings and the Board works effectively and performs its responsibilities, and that all key and appropriate issues are discussed by it in a timely manner. The Board and the Board Committees are provided with sufficient resources to perform their duties. Minutes of meetings shall be kept by the Company Secretary and copies shall be circulated among all Directors for reference and records.

At least 14 days' notices are given to all Directors in advance for attending regular and other Board meetings. Meeting agendas and other relevant information are provided to the Directors at least 3 days before the date of the Board meetings. All Directors are consulted to include additional matters in the agenda for Board meetings and have access to the advice and services of the company secretary with a view to ensuring that Board procedures, and all applicable rules and regulations, are followed. Management has an obligation to supply the board and its committees with adequate information, in a timely manner, to enable it to make informed decisions. The information supplied must be complete and reliable. To fulfill their duties properly, Directors may not, in all circumstances, be able to rely purely on information provided voluntarily by management and they may need to make further enquiries. Where any director requires more information than is volunteered by management, that director should make further enquiries where necessary. Minutes of Board meetings and Board Committees meetings record in detail matters considered and decisions reached by the Board and Board Committees including any questions raised by Directors. Draft minutes of each Board meeting and Board Committees meeting will be sent to Directors for their comments within a reasonable time after the date of the meeting. Minutes of Board meetings are available for inspection by Directors.

The Board, under the leadership of the Chairman, has adopted good corporate governance practices and procedures and taken appropriate steps to provide effective communication with Shareholders of the Company and other stakeholders as outlined in this report.

If a substantial Shareholders or a Director has a conflict of interest in a matter to be considered by the Board which the Board has determined to be material, the matter shall be dealt with by a physical board meeting rather than a written resolution. Independent non-executive Directors who, and whose close associates, have no material interest in the transaction shall be present at that Board meeting.

#### **GENERAL MEETINGS**

An annual general meeting was held by the Company on 31 May 2024.

The attendance of each Director at the meetings during the Reporting Period is set out below.

	Attendance at meetings/Number of meetings				
	Board of	Nomination	Remuneration	Audit	<b>Annual General</b>
Director name	Directors	Committee	Committee	Committee	Meeting
Ms. Xu Jingjun	5/5	_	3/3	_	1/1
Mr. Ying Yonghui	5/5	_	_	_	1/1
Ms. Hu Huijuan	5/5	_	_	_	1/1
Mr. Xu Buyun	5/5	2/2	_	_	1/1
Mr. Zhu Ning	5/5	_	_	_	1/1
Mr. Yeung Man Simon	5/5	_	_	2/2	1/1
Mr. Chen Jingeng	5/5	2/2	3/3	2/2	1/1
Mr. Ren Guodong					
(appointed on 9 July					
2024)	2/2	_	_	1/1	_
Mr. Fu Yi (resigned on					
9 July 2024)	2/3	1/2	2/3	1/1	0/1

The Corporate Governance Code states that the Chairman shall hold at least annual meetings with independent nonexecutive Directors without the presence of other Directors. During the Reporting Period, the Chairman held one meeting with the independent non-executive Directors, without the presence of other Directors.

#### **Model Code for Securities Transactions**

The Company has adopted the Model Code as set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. Having made specific enquiry with the Directors, all of the Directors confirmed that he/she has complied with the required standards as set out in the Model Code during the Reporting Period and up to the date of this Report, there has been no breach of the required standards set out in the Corporate Governance Code.

#### **Delegation by the Board**

The Board reserves the right to make decisions on all major matters of the Company, including: approval and supervision of all policy matters, overall strategy and budget, internal control and risk management systems, major transactions (especially those that may involve conflict of interest), financial information, appointment of Directors and other significant financial and operational matters. Directors may recourse to seek independent professional advice in discharging their duties at the Company's expense, and they may also seek independent advice with the Company's senior management.

The day-to-day management, administration and operation of the Company are delegated to the senior management. The delegated functions and responsibilities are regularly reviewed by the Board. Management must obtain the approval of the Board before entering into any material transaction.

#### **Corporate Governance Functions**

The Board is responsible for performing the functions set out in Code Provision A.2.1 of the Corporate Governance Code.

The Board recognizes that corporate governance is a shared responsibility of the Directors and that corporate governance functions include:

- (a) to develop and review the Company's corporate governance policies and practices, and make recommendations to the Board:
- (b) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- (c) to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices in compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (d) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors; and
- (e) to review the Company's compliance with the Corporate Governance Code and disclosures in the Corporate Governance Report.

The Board has reviewed the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance, training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management, the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, compliance with the Model Code and written employee guidelines, and the Company's compliance with the Corporate Governance Code and its disclosure in this Corporate Governance Report.

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

#### **Audit Committee**

The Audit Committee currently consists of three members, namely Mr. Yeung Man Simon, Mr. Chen Jingeng, and Mr. Ren Guodong, all of whom are independent non-executive Directors. The Audit Committee is chaired by Mr. Yeung Man Simon, an independent non-executive Director with appropriate professional qualifications.

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are in compliance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules and the Corporate Governance Code set out in Appendix C1 of the Listing Rules. The main duties of the Audit Committee are (i) to supervise the business dealings and relationship with the Company's external auditors; (ii) to review the Company's financial statements; (iii) to review the Group's financial reporting procedures and supervision and audit procedures; (iv) overseeing the Group's risk management and internal control systems and corporate governance; and (v) overseeing any continuing connected transactions of the Group.

The meetings of the Audit Committee shall be held at least twice a year and when necessary. During the Reporting Period, the Audit Committee has held two meetings to discuss and consider, including but not limited to, the following matters:

- reviewed the final financial year results of the Company and its subsidiaries, and the audit report prepared by the Auditor on accounting matters and significant findings in the audit process for the year ended 31 December 2023;
- reviewed the results announcements and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 and for the six months ended 30 June 2024 respectively;
- reviewed the financial reporting system, compliance procedures, internal controls (including the adequacy of the Company's resources in accounting and financial reporting functions, staff qualifications and experience, training courses and related budgets), risk management system, reviewing the annual cap of existing continuing connected transactions, and procedures and reappointment of Auditors; and
- the Board has not deviated from any recommendations made by the Audit Committee regarding the selection, appointment, resignation or removal of Auditors.

The written terms of reference of the Audit Committee are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company. During the Reporting Period to the date of this Report, the Audit Committee also met with the auditors once in the absence of the executive Directors.

#### **Nomination Committee**

The Nomination Committee currently consists of three members, including one non-executive Director, namely Mr. Xu Buyun, and two independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Chen Jingeng and Mr. Ren Guodong. The Nomination Committee is chaired by Mr. Xu Buyun.

The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee are in compliance with the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report set out in Appendix C1 of the Listing Rules. The main duties of our Nomination Committee are (i) to regularly review the structure, size and composition of the Board; (ii) to identify qualified candidates to join the Board; (iii) to assess the independence of the Directors; and (iv) make recommendations to the Board on the appointment, reappointment, and succession planning of Directors and the chief executive officer. The written terms of reference of the Nomination Committee are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

#### **Director Nomination Policy**

The Company has adopted a nomination policy (the "**Nomination Policy**") which sets out guidelines to the Nomination Committee regarding the method of selection, appointment and re-appointment of Directors. The Nomination Committee will review the Director Nomination Policy as appropriate to ensure its effectiveness.

The Nomination Committee will recommend to the Board for the appointment of a Director in accordance with the following procedures and process as set out in the Nomination Policy:

- identify suitably qualified Director candidates in accordance with the Listing Rules, the Company's Articles of Association and other applicable laws and regulations.
- the Nomination Committee is required to review annually the structure, size and composition of the Board and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board in order to refine the Company's corporate strategy.
- the Nomination Committee will consider the following factors when evaluating candidates: integrity and reputation, educational background, professional qualifications and work experience (including part-time jobs), whether they have the necessary skills and experience, whether they have sufficient time and energy to deal with the affairs of the Company, whether they will promote the diversity of the Board in all aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and tenure, whether the candidates meets the requirement of independence under Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules, and any other relevant factors as may be determined by the Nomination Committee or the Board from time to time.

The nomination process includes the following procedures:

- The Nomination Committee shall hold a committee meeting and invite Board members to nominate candidates, if any, for consideration by the Nomination Committee prior to the meeting. The Nomination Committee may also nominate candidates not nominated by members of the Board.
- For the appointment of any Director candidate, the Nomination Committee shall conduct adequate due diligence on the candidate and make a recommendation for the Board's consideration.
- If necessary, the Nomination Committee shall seek independent professional advice to perform its duties at the expense of the Company.

- For the re-appointment of any existing member of the Board, the Nomination Committee shall submit a recommendation for the Board's consideration.
- All Directors (including those appointed for a specified term) are subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years.
- If an independent non-executive Director has been in office for more than nine years, his re-appointment shall be reviewed and approved by Shareholders in the form of an independent resolution. The Shareholders' document accompanying the resolution should state the reasons why the Board (or the Nomination Committee) considers that the Director remains independent and should be re-elected, including the factors considered, the process by which the Board (or the Nomination Committee) made the decision, and the content of the discussion.
- If all independent non-executive Directors on the Board have served for more than nine years, the Company shall (i) disclose the name and tenure of office of each continuing independent non-executive director in the circular to Shareholders and/or explanatory statement to Shareholders accompanying the notice of annual general meeting; and (ii) appoint a new independent non-executive Director at the next annual general meeting.
- For the procedures for Shareholders to nominate Director candidates, please refer to the "Procedures for Shareholders to Nominate Persons for Appointment as Directors" on the Company's website.
- The Board has the final decision on all matters concerning the recommendation of candidates for election or reappointment of Directors at the general meeting.

When recommending candidates to the Board, the Nomination Committee will consider the merits of the candidates based on objective criteria and will give due consideration to the benefits of diversity on the Board. During the Reporting Period, the Nomination Committee also made recommendation to the Board on the appointment of Mr. Ren Guodong as an independent non-executive Director.

The meeting of the Nomination Committee shall be held at least once a year and when necessary. During the Reporting Period, the Nomination Committee has held two meetings to discuss and consider reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board, assessing the independence of independent non-executive Directors, reviewing the nomination policy, diversity policy of the Board, and considering re-appointment of retiring Directors.

#### **Remuneration Committee**

The Remuneration Committee currently consists of three members, including one executive Director, namely Ms. Xu Jingjun, and two independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Chen Jingeng and Mr. Ren Guodong. The Remuneration Committee is chaired by Mr. Chen Jingeng.

The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are in compliance with Rule 3.25 of the Listing Rules and the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report set out in Appendix C1 of the Listing Rules. The main responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee are (i) to develop a transparent remuneration policy; (ii) to review and approve the proposed management remuneration proposals; and (iii) to make recommendations to the Board on the policy and structure of remuneration for all directors and senior management of the Group with reference to their performance; (iv) to review and approve other relevant appointment arrangements, such as remuneration and compensation arrangements such as relating to the dismissal or removal of Directors and senior management; and (v) reviewing and approving matters relating to share schemes under Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules.

The meeting of the Remuneration Committee shall be held at least once a year and when necessary. During the Reporting Period, the Remuneration Committee held three meetings to discuss and consider recommending to the Board the remuneration package of individual executive Directors and senior management in 2024, review the remuneration of non-executive Directors, consider and make recommendation to the Board on key terms of the new director's letter of appointment entered with the newly appointed independent non-executive Director and review and recommend to the Board the remuneration policy and structure for all Directors and senior management of the Company.

#### **Remuneration of Directors and Senior Management**

During the Reporting Period, the total remuneration payable to Directors (including fees, salaries, bonuses, allowances, benefits in kind and contributions to pension plans) was approximately RMB2.3 million.

The Company's remuneration policy is to ensure that the remuneration offered to employees, including Directors and senior management, is based on skill, knowledge, responsibilities and involvement in the Company's affairs. Directors' remuneration is determined by reference to salaries paid by comparable companies, Directors' time commitment and responsibilities and the performance of the Group. The following sets out the details of remuneration by grade for members of the Board and senior management of the Company during the Reporting Period (whose biographies are set out in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" of this Report):

Salary range (RMB) Number of Persons

Nil to RMB1,000,000 12

#### DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors are aware of their responsibilities for the preparation of financial statements of the Company for the Reporting Period which give a true and fair view of the affairs of the Company and the Group and of the results and cash flows of the Group. The management has provided the Board with such explanations and information as are necessary to enable the Board to make an informed assessment of the financial statements of the Company for submission to the Board for approval. Monthly updates on the performance, position and prospects of the Company have been provided to all members of the Board.

The Directors are not aware of any material uncertainty relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

The auditor's statement on their reporting responsibilities on the Company's consolidated financial statements is set out in the "Independent Auditor's Report" section of this Report.

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL**

The Board is responsible for maintaining a complete and effective internal control and risk management system to protect the Company's assets and Shareholders' interests, and is responsible for reviewing the effectiveness of the Company's internal control and risk management system every year to ensure that the internal control and risk management systems are in place. These systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives and can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

We have established a comprehensive risk management and internal control process through which we address risks associated with all aspects of the manufacturing process. We have developed a set of operational risk analysis and response measures to properly identify, classify and analyze various risks in order to avoid, reduce and respond to risks.

Each department of the Company is responsible for preparing its own risk report by considering various factors such as legal compliance, culture, technology, competition, market and economic conditions. We will regularly review the risk reports submitted by each department, follow up their implementation and evaluate the effectiveness of countermeasures taken to address such risks. In addition, the Board's annual review cover (a) the changes, since the last annual review, in the nature and extent of significant risks (including ESG risks), and the Company's ability to respond to changes in its business and the external environment; (b) the scope and quality of management's ongoing monitoring of risks (including ESG risks) and of the internal control systems, and where applicable, the work of its internal audit function and other assurance providers; (c) the extent and frequency of communication of monitoring results to the Board (or Board committee(s)) which enables it to assess control of the Company and the effectiveness of risk management; (d) significant control failings or weaknesses that have been identified during the period, the extent to which they have resulted in unforeseen outcomes or contingencies that have had, could have had, or may in the future have, a material impact on the issuer's financial performance or condition; and (e) the effectiveness of the Company's processes for financial reporting and Listing Rules compliance.

The Company has adopted or expects to adopt a series of changes related to internal control policies, plans and procedures in order to strengthen our risk management and internal control capabilities and prevent the occurrence of noncompliance incidents. Such measures include:

- engage external legal counsel to advance compliance with the relevant requirements of the Listing Rules as and when necessary:
- regular training provided by external legal counsel to Directors and senior management on the subject of compliance with relevant Listing Rules and applicable Chinese laws and regulations from time to time; and
- an Audit Committee is established consisting of three independent non-executive Directors to oversee our risk management and internal control systems, and to review the Company's financial statements from the perspective of compliance with applicable rules and regulations.

For the year ended 31 December 2024, the Board has reviewed the effectiveness of the Group's internal control and risk management system, and considers that such system to be effective and adequate.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Company has taken various measures to ensure the effective implementation of its internal control and risk management system, including (i) establishing an Audit Committee to review and supervise our financial reporting process and internal control systems; (ii) adopt various policies to ensure compliance with the Listing Rules, including but not limited to aspects relating to risk management and information disclosure; (iii) organise training courses for our Directors and senior management; (iv) regularly conduct internal training on applicable laws and regulations for our employees and management to ensure understanding and compliance with all aspects of employee conduct in daily business operations; and (v) received a confirmation letter from the management on the effectiveness of the Company's risk management and internal control systems.

The Company has adopted other internal rules and policies (including procedures for handling inside information) in accordance with the SFO and the Listing Rules to ensure the confidentiality of handling inside information and to publish relevant disclosures to the public as soon as practicable. For information that is unlikely to remain confidential, the Company will make appropriate disclosures in a timely manner to ensure that the rights and interests of investors and stakeholders are effectively protected.

Whistleblowing procedures are in place to facilitate employees of the Company to raise, in confidence, concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal control or other matters of the Company. The Company has developed its disclosure policy which provides a general guide to the Company's Directors, executive officers, senior management and relevant employees in handling confidential information, monitoring information disclosure and responding to enquiries. Control procedures have been implemented to ensure that unauthorized access and use of inside information are strictly prohibited. The Company has also established policies and systems that promote and support anti-corruption law and regulations.

In conclusion, the Company believes that its internal control and risk management systems are adequate and effective.

#### **DISCLOSURE POLICY**

The Company has adopted other internal rules and policies including disclosure policy procedures and providing comprehensive guidelines for the Company's Directors, officers, senior management and relevant employees in handling confidential information, monitoring information disclosure and responding to inquiries. The Company has implemented monitoring procedures to ensure that unauthorized access to and use of internal information is strictly prohibited.

#### **DIVIDEND POLICY**

We may distribute dividends in cash, shares or a combination of cash and shares. The Board formulates our profit distribution plan based on our operating results, cash flow, financial condition, future business prospects, statutory and regulatory restrictions on dividend payouts and other factors that the Board considers relevant. All of our Shareholders have equal rights to receive dividends and other distributions in proportion to their shareholding. The Company does not adopt a fixed dividend policy with a prescribed payout ratio. The declaration, payment and amount of dividends will be determined at our discretion. The declaration and distribution and amount of any dividends will also be subject to compliance with the Company's Articles of Association and all applicable laws and regulations. The Directors may reassess this dividend policy from time to time.

#### **AUDITOR REMUNERATION**

During the Reporting Period, the auditor's remuneration for audit and non-audit services provided to the Group were RMB1.4 million and RMB0.66 million respectively.

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

The company secretary reports to the chairman of the Board on Board/committee matters and to the Chief Executive Officer on administrative matters. Directors have access to joint company secretaries to ensure Board procedures are followed. The appointment and removal of the company secretary is a matter for the Board as a whole. Ms. Xu Yuelian (one of the joint company secretaries) is responsible for advising the Board on corporate governance matters and is responsible for ensuring compliance with Board policies and procedures and applicable laws, rules and regulations.

In order to uphold good corporate governance and ensure compliance with the Listing Rules and the applicable laws of Hong Kong, the Company also appointed Ms. Cheung Yuet Fan (Director of Corporate Secretarial Services of Tricor Services Limited (a global corporate professional services provider and a member of Vistra Group)) as another joint company secretary to assist Ms. Xu Yuelian in performing her duties as company secretary. Ms. Cheung Yuet Fan's primary contact with the Company is Ms. Xu Yuelian.

During the Reporting Period, each of Ms. Xu Yuelian and Ms. Cheung Yuet Fan has taken not less than 15 hours of relevant professional training.

#### **COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTOR RELATIONS**

The Company believes that effective communication with Shareholders is critical to strengthen investor relations and enhance investors' understanding of the Company's business, performance and strategies. The Company also recognizes the importance of timely and non-selective disclosure of information that will enable Shareholders and investors to make informed investment decisions.

The AGM provides an opportunity for constructive communication between the Company and its Shareholders. The chairman of the Company and the chairmen of the Board Committees or their authorized representatives will attend the annual general meeting to answer Shareholders' questions. The auditors will also attend the annual general meeting to answer questions about the conduct of the audit, the preparation and content of the auditors' report, accounting policies and auditors' independence.

In order to facilitate effective communication, the Company adopts a Shareholder communication policy aimed at establishing a two-way relationship and communication channel between the Company and Shareholders to ensure that Shareholders' opinions and concerns are properly responded to, and maintains the Company's website at http://www.bywheel.com which publishes the latest information on the Company's business operations and developments, financial information, corporate governance practices and other information, for public inspection. This policy is regularly reviewed on an annual basis to ensure that it is properly and effectively implemented. The Company communicates with investors and responds to investors' concerns through various channels including general meeting and results presentation conferences. Therefore, upon annual review, the management is of the view that the communication policy is effectively managed.

#### **SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS**

To protect the interests and rights of Shareholders, separate resolutions will be proposed for voting on each substantively different issue at the annual general meeting, including the election of individual Directors. All resolutions proposed at annual general meetings will be voted by poll in accordance with the Listing Rules, and the voting results will be published on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange in a timely manner after each annual general meeting.

#### **Extraordinary General Meeting and Shareholder Proposals**

Pursuant to Article 58 of the Articles of Association of the Company, the Board may convene an extraordinary general meeting at any time it deems fit. Any Shareholder or Shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company on the basis of one vote per share shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the Secretary of the Company, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business or resolution specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two (2) months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty-one (21) days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in one place only, being the place of the main meeting, provided that the Company shall reimburse the requisitionist(s) for all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board to proceed to convene the meeting.

#### Procedures in Relation to Raising Enquiry and Concerns with the Board

Shareholders of the Company may submit any inquiries to the Board in writing. The Company generally does not deal with verbal or anonymous inquiries.

Shareholders who wish to make inquiries about the Company to the Board may do so by sending their inquiries to No. 8 Buyang Road, Xicheng Jiedao, Yongkang City, Zhejiang Province, PRC, Tel. (0579–87270871) or email (byw@buyanggroup.com).

For the avoidance of doubt, Shareholders must submit the original duly signed written request, notice or statement, or enquiry (as the case may be) to the address above, and provide their full names, contact details and identification in order to give effect to such requisition, notice or statement, or enquiry. Shareholders' information may be disclosed as required by law.

#### **CHANGES IN CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS**

During the Reporting Period, there has been no change in the above amended and restated articles of association.

#### **ABOUT THIS REPORT**

This Report is the third Environmental, Social and Governance Report (referred to as "this Report") issued by Buyang International Holding Inc (referred to as the "Group", "Buyang International" or "we"). This Report sets out the Group's concept of sustainable development, and presents to its stakeholders the sustainable development policies and measures implemented by the Group, as well as the progress and performance during the year, so as to enhance their understanding and confidence on the Group.

#### REPORTING SCOPE

This Report complements the 2024 Annual Report of the Group and reports its environmental, social and governance performance during the financial year between 1 January 2024 and 31 December 2024 (the "Year"). Part of the content can be traced back to the previous year or extended to the disclosure date of this Report. For details of corporate governance, please refer to the relevant chapters of the 2024 Annual Report of the Group.

The coverage of this Report is consistent with that of the 2024 Annual Report of the Group, and the Group will regularly review the scope of this Report to provide investors and other stakeholders with more accurate and comprehensive information.

#### **REPORTING STANDARDS**

This Report complies with the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Code (the "**ESG Code**") set out in Appendix C2 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited issued by The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "**Stock Exchange**"), and takes the four reporting principles contained therein, namely Materiality, Quantification, Balance and Consistency, as the basis for the preparation of this Report. A complete index is attached to the last chapter of this Report so that readers can read this Report according to the ESG Code. Unless otherwise specified, all currencies involved in this Report are measured in Renminbi.

Reporting principles	Application in this Report
Materiality	The Group strengthens stakeholder engagement, and identifies and determines important ESG issues that have a greater impact on the Group's business, and makes key disclosures in this Report.
Quantification	The Group records, estimates and discloses quantitative data and, where practicable, makes comparisons with past performance.
Balance	This Report is presented in an impartial manner to ensure that the disclosures truly reflect the Group's achievements, challenges and solutions in terms of ESG.
Consistency	The Group uses consistent statistical methods where feasible, so that ESG data can be meaningfully compared in the future. If there are any changes that may affect the comparison with previous reports, the Group will make explanations to the corresponding content in this Report.

#### **CONFIRMATION AND APPROVAL**

The information set out in this Report comes from the Group's official internal documents, statistical data and management and operational data collected in accordance with the Group's systems. This Report has been confirmed and approved by the Board on 27 March, 2025.

#### **PUBLICATION INTERVAL**

This Report is published on an annual basis and is released concurrently with the annual report of the Group.

#### **RELEASING FORMAT**

This Report has been prepared in both Chinese and English. Where the English content conflicts with the Chinese content, the Chinese one shall prevail. This Report is available on the website of the Stock Exchange (www.hkexnews.hk) and the Investor Relations section of the website of the Group (http://www.bywheel.com/).

#### **OPINIONS AND FEEDBACK**

Opinions from stakeholders will help the Group establish better sustainable development governance and strategies in the future. If you have any comments or suggestions on the content of this Report, please contact the Group by email (qilun@buyanggroup.com).

#### STATEMENT OF THE BOARD

Buyang International is well aware of the importance of good corporate governance, and always adheres to the requirements of the ESG guidelines of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. The Group builds an ESG management structure involving supervisory, management and executive levels, and continuously improves its own ESG governance structure and its implementation system and incorporates ESG governance factors into all aspects of its major decision-making and operational practices.

**ESG** governance role of the Board: The Board of the Group is the highest responsible and decision-making body for ESG matters, and bears the ultimate responsibility for ESG matters of the Group. With the assistance of operational departments, it supervises the commitments, implementation and performance related to the ESG matters, and is responsible for identifying and managing major ESG risks and opportunities, authorizing each operational department to implement relevant policies and measures, and holding meetings in due course to discuss and consider relevant ESG issues.

**ESG** management principles and strategies of the Board: The Group attaches great importance to the possible significant impact of ESG risks on the Group. The Group updates and replaces its ESG issues every year based on changes in the external environment, policies, industry hot topics, capital market perceptions and the Group's development strategies, in combination with any identified ESG risks and opportunities, and carries out stakeholder surveys and in-depth assessments to evaluate the importance of issues, so as to identify the priority of ESG issues and specify the focus of the Group's ESG governance.

**Goals, indicators and review progress:** The Group has established an ESG goal management mechanism, and regularly reviews and reports the progress of relevant goals through meetings, ESG Report disclosures and other forms. The progress and results of ESG-related tasks of Buyang International in 2024 have been disclosed in this Report, and this Report has been reviewed and approved by the Board on 27 March 2025. The Board and all of Directors of Buyang International guarantee that the contents of this Report do not have any false or misleading statements or major omissions, and are responsible for the truthiness, accuracy and completeness of its contents.

#### **ESG GOVERNANCE**

#### **ESG Governance Structure**

The Group is committed to promoting corporate social responsibility and sustainable development and integrating them into its business operations. The Board believes that other than being responsible for the interests of its Shareholders and maximizing profits, the Group must also assume responsibility for the society in order to achieve a cohesive and sustainable relationship between the Group, the economy and the society. Accordingly, the Group has established an ESG policy which outlines, among others, the risk governance on ESG matters, ESG risk management and monitoring, and key performance indicators, as well as relevant measures.

The Group understands the supervisory responsibility of the Board on ESG matters and has assigned Mr. Ying Yonghui, one of the executive Directors to be responsible for strengthening awareness of ESG matters, especially in the identification of ESG-related risks and establishing appropriate responses to such risks. Pursuant to the ESG policy, the senior management

will manage and implement ESG matters under the leadership of the Board. The Group has established an environmental protection leadership group comprised of the heads of each of its major operating departments including the administrative department and safety department, and supervisors for its major manufacturing phases including the casting phase, machining phase, painting phase and packaging phase. Each department head or supervisor of the manufacturing phase will evaluate and manage the risks related to ESG matters based on their dedicated professional and working fields.

#### **ESG** Risk Identification and Management

We list the concerns identified and actions taken in respect of the Group's ESG aspects such as emissions, resource use, climate change, employment, health and safety, development and training, labour standards, supply chain management, product responsibility and anti-corruption in 2024 in tabular form.

#### **Stakeholder Communication**

Stakeholders¹ represent the stakeholder group that is most affected by business operations of the Company and can most affect its corporate development. The Group maintains active, transparent and stable communication with its stakeholders to obtain their feedback in a timely manner, and continuously deepens the understanding of their expectations and demands, and continuously improves the performance of sustainable development, business strategies and measures of the Group.

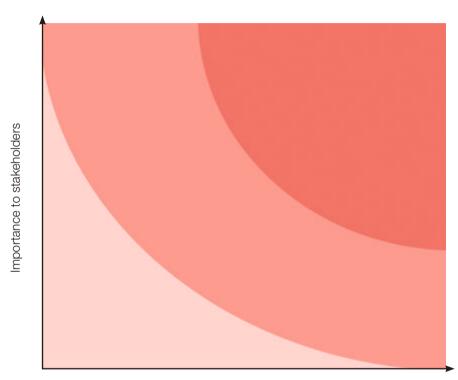
#### List of Stakeholder Communication and Issues of Buyang International

Stakeholder Group	Concerning Issues	Communication Methods
Employees	<ul> <li>Employment system</li> <li>Employee rights and benefits</li> <li>Occupational health and safety</li> <li>Development and training</li> <li>Diversity and equal opportunity</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Employee opinion surveys</li> <li>Intranet communication announcement</li> <li>Company activities</li> <li>Regular meetings and emails</li> <li>Internal training</li> </ul>
Shareholders/investors	<ul><li>Profits of the Group</li><li>Risk and crisis management</li><li>Green energy opportunities</li><li>Anti-corruption</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Annual general meetings</li> <li>Company website</li> <li>Announcements, annual and interim reports</li> <li>Investor meetings</li> </ul>
Customers	<ul><li>Product safety</li><li>Power supply stability</li><li>Customer service</li></ul>	<ul><li>Regular visits</li><li>Telephone contact</li><li>Technical support</li></ul>
Regulatory authorities	<ul><li>Green energy opportunities</li><li>Greenhouse gas emissions</li><li>Climate change</li><li>Innovation management</li></ul>	Government and industry conferences
Suppliers	Supply chain management	<ul><li>Regular site visits</li><li>Supplier meetings</li><li>Review and evaluation</li></ul>
Community	Community investment	<ul><li>Community investment projects</li><li>Volunteer public welfare activities</li></ul>

<sup>&</sup>quot;Stakeholders", also known as "interested parties", refer to groups and individuals who have a significant impact on the business of the Group or will be affected by the business of the Group, including internal board of directors, management and general employees, as well as external shareholders/investors, business partners, customers, government and regulatory agencies, banks and community groups.

#### **Materiality Assessment**

In addition to the above-mentioned communication methods, the Group assessed the importance of ESG issues from the two dimensions of "importance to stakeholders" and "importance to business management" based on its own development direction and industry characteristics. Assessment results of ESG issues were divided into three categories, namely "very important", "important" and "relevant", as shown in the chart below.



#### **Very important**

Product quality and safety
Employee occupational health and safety
Emissions management
Energy management
Customer service management
Employee development and training

#### **Important**

Employment
Labour standards
Social welfare
Supply chain ESG management
Integrity management

#### Relevant

Intellectual property protection Water resource management Impact on the environment and natural resources Response to climate change

Importance to business management

Importance Matrix of ESG Issues of Buyang International in 2024

Looking ahead, the Group will continue to strengthen communication with its stakeholders and understand their opinions on sustainable development through regular and irregular stakeholder communication activities in order to improve its sustainable development policies and measures.

#### **Environmental Protection**

The Group strictly complies with laws and regulations including the Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China and the Environmental Impact Assessment Law of the People's Republic of China, and has established management systems such as the Environmental Governance Management System and the Environmental and Occupational Health & Safety Management Manual based on its practical conditions, to further strengthen management and prevent environmental pollutions. We have formulated a management system, Environmental Protection Responsibility System, which clarifies the environmental protection responsibilities of managers at all levels and departments, and implements environmental protection. As of the end of 2024, the Group passed the ISO14001 environmental management system certification and obtained the BSCI social responsibility audit system certification. In 2024, the Group did not suffer any major environmental incidents or administrative penalties.

The Group has installed environmental protection equipment in its manufacturing process to minimize the impact of pollution from operations. The discharged pollutants and disposal methods are in compliance with national discharge standards or disposal requirements. Over time, as national and local standards for the discharge of pollutants in waste water and in waste gas may become more stringent, we may need to increase part of the investment to install and run treatment facilities for waste gas, waste water, or dispose of hazardous wastes, for which we are fully prepared. The Group's environmental strategic goal is to strive for zero pollution, and its environmental management has reached the advanced level in the industry in China. In 2024, the Group did not suffer any major environmental incidents or administrative penalties.

#### **Energy and Resources Consumption**

We strictly observe the Energy Conservation Law of the People's Republic of China, the Water Law of the People's Republic of China and related laws and regulations, and integrate the requirement of ISO14001 into our management. Our primary energy and resource consumption in our production process includes power usage, natural gas consumption and water consumption.

We take a series of actions during the production process, to save energy consumption:

- Reduce our power and natural gas consumption by adopting heat recycling in our casting and smelting phase;
- Recycle our furnaces and use heat storage systems instead of using air compressors, in order to reduce our consumption of power and natural gas;
- Recycle the water used in our steam heating tank to reduce the natural gas used in our painting phase;
- Hot water from heat treatment is reused to the pre-treatment water tank in the heating and painting workshop to reduce the use of natural gas for heating;
- Centralized production of heat treatment coating is adopted to reduce energy consumption.

In addition, to further conserve natural gas, the Group has launched a furnace retrofitting project. The retrofitted melting furnace will be put into operation in March 2025, and the daily natural gas consumption will decrease by approximately 300 cubic meters compared to previous levels according to our preliminary estimates, equivalent to an annual reduction of greenhouse gas emissions of 200 tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent.

The water used by the Group is mainly provided by the municipal water supply network, with no issues encountered in obtaining suitable water sources. We set a target of not exceeding 80,976 cubic meters of water consumption in 2024. However, actual water consumption exceeded the preset target by 13,220 cubic meters due to an 80,000-unit increase in product output (representing an 8% increase) compared with 2023. Considering production growth, the Group has established a 2025 water consumption target of 105,000 cubic meters. Meanwhile, advanced helium leak detection equipment has been introduced since January 2025 to replace the existing airtightness testing machines, which will contribute to water conservation.

We will continue to explore potential energy-saving solutions within our production process, strive to reduce the use of energy and resources, and improve the efficiency of energy and resource usage. We will continuously improve the staff's awareness of environmental protection and resource conservation through publicity and training.

#### **Emissions Management**

The Group strictly abides by laws and regulations related to pollutant discharge. Our strategic goal in terms of environment is to strive for zero pollution, and its environmental management has reached the advanced level in the industry in China. To this end, we continue to invest in waste gas management, waste treatment and wastewater management to treat or dispose of pollutants in compliance with regulations, and strive to improve the level of environmental management.

Following the national proposal of "dual-carbon" goals, the Group has actively responded by integrating energy conservation, emission reduction and carbon neutrality into its development strategy. In 2024, retrofits and upgrades were implemented on heat treatment furnaces, spinning equipment and melting furnace, effectively aligning with carbon emission reduction requirements. Following the completion of the retrofits, greenhouse gas emissions generated from energy consumption such as electricity and gas of the Group have significantly decreased.

The Group not only prioritizes technological upgrades of equipment but also advocates for employees to implement energy-saving and emission-reduction practices. For instance, appropriate extension of material feeding time is being considered to reduce frequent furnace shutdowns and startups that cause temperature drops and subsequent increases in natural gas combustion. Moving forward, we will continuously optimize operations throughout the long-term development to achieve positive environmental-social-governance interactions and sustainable progress.

#### Exhaust gas management

The Group strictly abides by the Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Air Pollution, and other relevant laws and regulations, and adheres to compliant discharge standards. In the production process, our exhaust gas mainly comes from sulfur dioxide, nitrogen oxide and volatile organic compounds produced during the smelting and painting curing process in the foundry and painting workshop, as well as the dust generated during the painting process.

There are seven chimneys in operation in the production area of the Group. We check our exhaust gas emission density and volume data following local regulatory requirements, which is conducted monthly by a qualified third-party company. The data are directly uploaded by the third party to the regulatory authority "National Emission Permit Management Information Platform", from which we are regularly informed that emissions do not exceed the standard. We have applied for and obtained an emission permit for exhaust gas from the local regulatory authority, pursuant to which our emissions of sulfur dioxide, nitrogen oxides and volatile organic compounds should not exceed 1.68 tonnes, 16.48 tonnes and 0.812 tonnes per year, respectively. For dust, the Group is equipped with dust removal and collection devices, which are recycled by the original manufacturer or a qualified third party.

#### Waste disposal

The Group strictly abides by relevant laws and regulations such as the Law on the Prevention and Control of Environmental Pollution by Solid Waste of the People's Republic of China and the Measures for the Administration of Hazardous Waste Business Permits (Decree No. 408 of the State Council), and the waste generated during operation includes hazardous waste and non-hazardous waste. Hazardous waste mainly includes aluminum slag produced in the casting process, and non-hazardous waste mainly includes general waste (such as waste carton boxes) and domestic waste.

For hazardous waste, the aluminum slag generated in the casting process of the Group has been included in the National Hazardous Waste List since 2021. According to relevant regulatory requirements, we dispose of it through a qualified third party (and regularly check whether the qualification of the third party is still valid). We have formulated the Hazardous Waste Management System, which clarifies the transfer processes and relevant requirements for transfer sheets in respect of the Group's hazardous waste to implement the hazardous waste management tasks. Relevant transfers and disposals are recorded in the transfer sheets and are also reflected in the "National Solid Waste and Chemicals Management Information System".

For general waste, it is mainly damaged carton boxes generated from the internal logistics process of the Group, which are used as the inner lining of the products sold to prevent collisions and damages during the sales and transportation process. For domestic waste, we pile it in the garbage dump of our factory area, and the local environmental sanitation bureau will clear and dispose of it. Since the Group and Buyang Group share the garbage dump, it is impossible to separate the domestic garbage of the Group, so no relevant statistics is available for the time being.

#### Sewage management

The Group strictly abides by relevant laws and regulations such as the Water Pollution Prevention and Control Law of the People's Republic of China. The sewage generated by the Group includes industrial sewage and domestic sewage. The Group's industrial sewage and domestic sewage are discharged into the sewage treatment station and then discharged into the municipal pipe network after treatment. The terminal discharge outlet of industrial sewage has been included in the online monitoring of the local supervision department. The Group has formulated environmental management goals: various environmental protection indicators meet national standards, and industrial sewage discharges comply with standards.

#### Packaging materials management

The packaging materials of the Group's products are mainly cardboard boxes. We integrate the concept of green environmental protection into the use of packaging materials, and are committed to promoting the recycling of packaging materials through our own actions, so as to continuously reduce unnecessary waste in our operation process.

#### **Environment and Natural Resources**

Our operations have a relatively little impact on the natural environment in general, including:

In terms of the use of raw materials, it does not involve the direct exploitation of natural resources, and has signed the "Letter of Commitment to Non-Use of Conflict Minerals" with aluminum ingot suppliers;

During the production process, waste gas and waste water are discharged. For details, please refer to "Exhaust gas management" and "Sewage management". None of them have caused material and adverse effects on the environment and natural resources.

#### **Response to Climate Change**

At present, abnormal climate phenomena such as sea level rise caused by global warming continue to attract the attention of the whole society, which puts forward higher requirements for enterprises to respond to climate change and promote the pace of low-carbon development. As a responsible enterprise, we are aware of the importance and urgency of reducing greenhouse gas emissions.

#### Governance

The Board of the Group is responsible for appointing directors to oversee relevant matters, with a focus on supervising environmental protection issues. The administrative department of the Group, appointed by the Board, is tasked with implementing related work. During execution, the administrative department adheres to documents and directives issued by the ecological and environmental authority to conduct self-inspection and rectification. For areas identified as non-compliant or substandard during the process, clear delineation will be implemented, and designated personnel will be assigned to rectification. Additionally, the administrative department ensures that identified issues are promptly and effectively communicated to the ecological and environmental authority, enabling timely tracking of rectification progress and further guidance and supervision.

#### Strategy

Climate-related risks include risks related to the low-carbon economic transition (hereinafter referred to as "transitional risk") and risks related to the physical impact of climate change (hereinafter referred to as "physical risk"), among which the transitional risk can be divided into policy and legal risks, technical risk, market risk, reputation risk, while the physical risk includes acute risk (such as typhoon, flood and other extreme weather) and chronic risk (climate pattern change such as persistent high temperature).

In terms of physical risks, as far as acute physical risks are concerned, the Group's products are mainly exported, and most of the products need to be transported by sea. The largest impact is that during the process of shipment, extreme weather may cause loss of goods and delay of cargo ships during transportation. Our products are produced in indoor factories with good conditions. In addition to affecting labour management (safety, absenteeism), extreme weather such as typhoon, heavy rain and high temperature in the factory location has a relatively little impact on our production. In addition, extreme weather may cause water and power outages, or affect the supply of raw materials, which in turn may affect our production schedule. As far as chronic physical risks are concerned, rising temperatures may have a certain negative impact on labour productivity, and may also increase the Group's expenses for maintaining production facilities in good condition.

In terms of transitional risks, with the deepening awareness of climate change from the society and the implementation of relevant policies such as the national carbon peak and carbon neutrality goals, regulatory authorities have increasingly stringent requirements on the carbon emissions of the Group, which may lead to a gradually increasing pressure on energy conservation and emission reduction, and an increase of our investment in environmental protection equipment and facilities. We will actively respond to the relevant national policies on carbon emissions, and gradually adapt to the requirements of carbon emission reduction in our production and operation processes. Our aluminum alloy automobile wheels are mainly used in subcompact, compact, mid-sized and large cars, as well as sports utility vehicles and pickup trucks. The national incentive policies for new energy vehicles will have an impact on the demand for vehicle upgrades, and further expand the overall size of the automotive market. We started to closely monitor the demand for spare parts of new energy vehicles, and are committed to reducing the weight of spare parts under the premise of ensuring safety, so as to help reduce the weight of the vehicle, thereby improving the battery life of new energy vehicles. Benefiting from our early entry into the market and technological advantages, the proportion of our products adapted to new energy vehicles is constantly increasing. We will continue to pay attention to industry policies, grasp the development opportunities of the new energy vehicle market, and make due contributions to the low-carbon development of the whole society.

#### Risk Management

We have assessed the risks of climate change and integrated various aspects of such risks into the daily management of all departments. Overall, the operational and financial impacts of climate change on the Group are limited. However, we will maintain continuous monitoring and review the impact of climate change on the Group at least annually. Concurrently, we will continue to implement energy-saving and emission-reduction measures and strive to reduce the total amount of greenhouse gas emissions in order to minimize the risks associated with climate policies and regulatory changes.

#### Metrics and Targets

The Group places high priority on greenhouse gas emission reduction and has identified energy consumption (including electricity, natural gas and diesel) as well as Scope 1 and Scope 2 greenhouse gas emissions as key climate change metrics. The greenhouse gas emissions accounting of the Group follows the Guidelines for Accounting Methods and Reporting of Greenhouse Gas Emissions from Other Industrial Enterprises (Trial) issued by the National Development and Reform Commission.

We regularly review energy consumption and associated greenhouse gas emissions. However, quantified targets have not yet been established due to production expansion. Energy conservation and consumption reduction not only align with the national "carbon peaking and carbon neutrality" goals but also correspond to the operational efficiency of the Group, serving as a core theme consistently upheld in its long-term strategy. All management personnel and frontline operators of the Group fully recognize this imperative and are currently preparing for future quantified target-setting through baseline data accumulation and energy-efficient retrofitting of production equipment.

#### **EMPLOYEE CARE**

The Group adheres to the talent strategy of "Unity, Harmony and Common Development". Excellent talents are the driver and foundation for our future sustainable growth and technological innovation. The Group respects the wisdom, labour and creativity of its employees, and regards them as its "partners" and important stakeholders. In order to adapt to the rapid growth of the Group's business, we will attract quality talents to serve us with a good working environment, humanized corporate culture, broad personal career growth space and attractive remuneration packages.

The Group regularly organizes dual-way communication meetings, and the workshops will appoint employee representatives to report problems to the middle and senior management of the Group, including quality enhancement, production optimization and livelihood improvements, and the Group will try its best to solve them. For issues requiring extended resolution, the Group will actively encourage all employees to collaborate in exploring solutions.

During the Reporting Period, the Group successfully held the 22nd Buyang Cultural Festival, which demonstrates the high priority placed on corporate culture development by the Group and further enhances employee cohesion and sense of belonging.



**Buyang Cultural Festival Dance Competition** 

#### **Health and Safety**

The Group pays close attention to the safety and health of every employee. We strictly abide by relevant laws and regulations such as the Safety Production Law of the People's Republic of China, the Fire Protection Law of the People's Republic of China and the Law on Occupational Disease Prevention and Control of the People's Republic of China, and have adopted a series of measures to fully ensure the health and safety of its employees. The Group has passed OHSAS18001 and ISO45001 occupational health and safety management system certification, and formulated the Environmental and Occupational Health and Safety Management Manual to standardize its occupational health and safety management activities.

The Group has set up a safety leading team. In the production process, fire safety, production safety, environmental safety and occupational health and safety are all managed and controlled by members of the safety leading team. The safety leading team is responsible for rectifying potential safety hazards, collecting feedback from employees on occupational health and safety risk factors, and following up and implementing them in a timely manner.

The Group engages a third-party organization to conduct safety inspections on the factory areas every year, monitor the occupational health and safety factors (such as noise) involved in the positions of employees, and carry out annual occupational disease medical examinations for employees. We conduct occupational health and safety training for employees, including the necessity of wearing protection supplies and the protection of their own health and safety. In 2024, we organized 14 training activities on production safety, fire safety and personal safety, covering employees in painting workshops, processing workshops and painting workshops.

In 2024, the Group conducted occupational health examinations for relevant positions, with over 110 employees participating. Through professional and detailed inspections and assessments, no occupational contraindications or disease cases were identified among all participants, indicating favorable overall results.

In 2024, the Group had no violations of laws and regulations related to occupational health and safety that have a significant impact on us.

In 2024, there was no employee death due to work relations, and the number of working hours lost due to work-related injuries was 0. In 2023 and 2022, there were no employee deaths due to work-related reasons.





Occupational health and safety training



Fire safety competition

#### **Employment**

The Group strictly complies with the Labor Law of the People's Republic of China, the Labor Contract Law of the People's Republic of China, the Social Insurance Law of the People's Republic of China, the Individual Income Tax Law of the People's Republic of China and other relevant laws and regulations to protect the legitimate rights and interests of our employees, pay their salaries, social insurance, and housing funds fully and in a timely manner. We have formulated the Human Resource Management System, which includes the Recruitment Management System, Performance Appraisal Management System, Remuneration and Incentive Management System and Promotion and Resignation Management System, to standardize employee management. The Company respects differences and encourages diversity. In terms of recruitment, promotion, training, remuneration and benefits, candidates or employees will not be discriminated against or treated differently because of age, gender, physical or mental health, marital status, family status, race, skin color, nationality, religion, political affiliation and sexual orientation and other factors. As of the end of the Reporting Period, the Group has 94 female employees, accounting for 19.34% of the total employees, among which 25 female employees in the management positions, accounting for 26.59% of the total employees; 12 ethnic minority employees, accounting for 12.76% of the total employees.

In terms of employment, we adopt multi-channel recruitment methods such as internal promotion and external recruitment, implement fair employment opportunities, and resolutely eliminate child labour and forced labour. The Group strictly controls the recruitment process. By checking the original identity card of the employee and registering his/her entry status on the government website in a timely manner, the age of the employee is strictly verified to avoid the occurrence of child labour. The human resources department conducts spot checks of employee entry materials during internal audits from time to time. Once misuse of child labour is discovered, it will be corrected immediately, and employment will be terminated. Relevant personnel will be held accountable internally, and it will be externally reported to the regulatory institution. The Group fully respects employees' freedom of employment, and prohibits detaining employees' valid certificates, collecting deposits, forcing labour or defaulting on labour remuneration. The Group advocates dedication to work, and informs the working hours of the corresponding positions before enrollment. After enrollment, any adjustment to working hours due to production needs or job changes shall only be made upon the consent of employees. Upon their consent, employees who are required to work overtime due to production needs shall be given overtime pay or arranged to take days off. In addition, the Group strictly follows the written labour contract to clarify the rights and obligations of both parties. If violations are found, they shall be dealt with in a timely manner in accordance with laws and regulations. During the Reporting Period, no incidents of child labour or forced labour occurred.

In terms of employee remuneration and resignation, we provide employees with relatively competitive remuneration, and make the remuneration among employees of different job sequences, different departments and different positions within the Group relatively fair and reasonable. We further improve the existing incentive mechanism, establish a just, fair and open assessment system, and stimulate the management innovation ability of managers and the technological innovation ability of technical personnel. We standardize the management of employee resignation, safeguard the legitimate rights and interests of both the Company and employees, and understand the improvement suggestions of employees who voluntarily resign from the Group.

In terms of working hours and holidays, we implement a standard working hour system. However, due to the production characteristics of the Group, certain positions require 24-hour uninterrupted operation. In view of this, we implement a three-shift system (applicants will be notified when being recruited), and the shifts of employees in relevant positions will be uniformly arranged by the production scheduling department, and the shifts will be changed every two weeks, which avoid the adverse effect of long-term night shifts on the health of employees. In addition, employees are entitled to night shift allowances. According to the national and local regulations, we guarantee the rights of employees to rest and take vacations, and resolutely prevent any forced labour.

We provide employees with housing subsidies, meal subsidies and other employee benefits. The Group will arrange a dual-way communication meeting with its employees, and the workshops will appoint employee representatives to report problems to the middle and senior management of the Group, including problems that need to be improved in various aspects such as quality, output and life, and the Group will try its best to solve them. We conduct an anonymous employee satisfaction survey every year, covering approximately one-third of all employees. The survey results indicate that the average satisfaction rate of employees with various operations of the Group has reached 89%.

Since 2020, the Group has organized the "Summer Migratory Bird Class" for consecutive years to create conditions for reunion during the summer vacation for non-local employees who have no time to take care of their children in person on weekdays, and to provide unified care and nursery services when employees go to work during daytime, allowing parents to work without any worries.

In 2024, the Group did not have any employment-related violations of laws and regulations that had a significant impact on the Group, nor did it employ any child labour, forced labour or have other violations of laws and regulations related to labour standards.

#### **Development and Training**

The business philosophy of the Group is "people-oriented and sustainable operation", and talents are the eternal theme of our development. We adhere to the people-oriented principle by continuously strengthening talent development, and setting up reasonable mechanisms to attract, retain and cultivate talents to ensure that the Group's talent strategy is matched with production capacity expansion and development strategies to ensure a long-term and stable growth. We have formulated the Human Resource Management System, which includes the Promotion and Resignation Management System and Training Management System, clarifying the promotion and resignation process of the Group, as well as the employee training system and training requirements.

In terms of employee promotion, we promote employees with potential for development through internal promotion, provide directional development and training, and establish a talent pool for the Company. The Group's employee promotion standards mainly include character, ability and attitude. In the case of vacancies due to employee resignation, excellent performance of employees or proactive recommendation by managers of various departments after discovering outstanding employees, the Group will provide corresponding job promotion arrangements according to the actual situation.

The training system of the Group consists of the following four systems:

- Professional ethics, quality cultivation and corporate culture education and training system;
- New employee induction training system;
- Work skills and techniques training system for fundamental employees;
- Management skills training system for senior, middle and junior managers.



**Practical training** 



Vocational skills certification examination

Certain positions in the Group, such as forklift workers and electric welders, require operating certificates. In view of this, we have established a ledger of relevant employee certificates to ensure that the certificates held by employees are within the validity period. In addition to the types of work that require certificates to be employed by laws and regulations, the Group places high priority on vocational skills enhancement and actively organizes vocational skills certification examinations. The training and implementation of these examinations are guided on-site throughout the process by professional instructors from the Yongkang Municipal Technology Association. During the preparation and execution of examinations, the administrative office of the Group coordinates all matters to ensure smooth delivery of training and examinations.

Category of professional certification	Number of participants in training	Number of employees who passed professional certification	Pass rate
CNC Lathe worker	99	87	87.87%
Coating worker	84	75	89.28%
Foundry worker	52	42	80.76%

The human resources department of the Group evaluates the effect of each training and prepares training evaluation reports to continuously improve and enhance the quality of subsequent training work.

#### **OPERATING RESPONSIBILITIES**

#### **Anti-corruption**

The Group strictly abides by laws and regulations such as the Anti-Corruption Law of the People's Republic of China, Anti-Monopoly Law of the People's Republic of China and Anti-Unfair Competition Law of the People's Republic of China, and has formulated management systems such as the Administrative Measures for Anti-fraud and Reporting and Complaints. As of the end of 2024, the Group has not had any corruption incidents, nor has there been any serious violations of relevant laws and regulations on the prevention of bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering.

The Group advocates a corporate culture of honesty and integrity, and promotes honesty and integrity internally through various forms such as employee handbooks and rules and regulations training. In addition, anti-fraud training and integrity and moral education are provided to new employees after they join the Company. The Group's administrative department has set up and announced a corruption reporting telephone (15058659007), an email (2561907@qq.com) and a mailbox (correspondence address: No. 8 Buyang Road, Xicheng Jiedao, Yongkang City, Zhejiang Province, PRC) for the public. The person in charge of the reporting procedure is the general manager. After the investigation is initiated, it will be handed over to the administration department for proper investigation, and the whistleblower's information will be kept strictly confidential in accordance with the principle of confidentiality. For employees who are confirmed to have fraudulent behavior, the Group will impose corresponding administrative disciplinary actions in accordance with relevant regulations. If the behavior violates the laws, it will be transferred to the judicial authority for handling in accordance with the laws.

In 2024, the Group conducted anti-corruption training for Directors and all employees, covering anti-bribery or kickbacks, anti-appropriation, embezzlement or peculation of company property, and prevention of leakage of company confidential information and technical secrets. The training coverage rate reached 100%.

#### **Product Liability**

The Group regards product quality as its life, takes "manufacturing quality products with quality manufacturing" as its brand mission, and strives for excellence in product quality. As of the end of 2024, the Group has not experienced any major violations related to the health and safety of its products, customer privacy protection and intellectual property rights, and there has been no recall of any products sold or delivered due to safety and health reasons, or any major computer system or network security incidents. The Group does not involve in advertising and labeling matters in the course of business.

#### **Product Quality Management**

The Group strictly abides by the Product Quality Law of the People's Republic of China, Product Safety Law (Lithuania) and other laws and regulations, formulates quality control clauses, and specifies the overall quality control framework, variable adjustment, defect occurrence points and treatment. Through strict quality control, inspection and testing in every aspect of its production processes, a high performance and reliability of its products can be guaranteed. The quality management system has been certified by IATF 16949:2016. The quality inspection department of the Group is responsible for managing product quality comprehensively, including quality control of raw materials, casting, heat treatment, painting and packaging, and management of testing equipment. The quality inspection department conducts quality inspections on products after each process. A full inspection is carried out in major processes of automobile wheel production such as air tightness and dynamic balancing, while random inspections are conducted in respect of other processes:

- Raw material control: Random testing is carried out on chemical composition, temperature and density of aluminum alloy ingots to ensure that the production conditions are met;
- Casting phase: X-ray inspection, overall appearance inspection and deformation inspection are conducted on rough casts of automobile wheel with structural defects to ensure that the internal structure of the rough cast is intact;

- Heat treatment phase: Heating tolerance evaluation of automobile wheel is carried out, and a hardness test is conducted after heat treatment to ensure that the automobile wheel meets the relevant physical properties;
- Machining phase: Air tightness test, dynamic balancing test, run-out test and dimension test are carried out on the
  automobile wheel to ensure that it has no air leakage, has balanced motion and weight distribution and its overall
  shape conforms to the technical perimeter setting;
- Painting phase: Baking temperature test, coating test, general appearance test and color difference test are carried
  out before and after painting to ensure that the coating meets the thickness and color requirements, and the overall
  appearance of the automobile wheel is consistent and flawless;
- Packaging phase: Final product inspection is conducted to ensure that the packaging is complete and the transportation information is correct;
- Testing equipment: It has modern testing equipment including X-ray detectors, coordinate measuring machines, salt spray cabinets and comprehensive impact testers, and strictly regulates the operating specifications of quality inspectors to ensure the accuracy of testing results.

In terms of quality monitoring, the Group strictly implements relevant monitoring work in accordance with the Process Instruction Book, including giving timely feedback to quality personnel on problems encountered during the inspection process and making evaluation and conclusion in internal meetings; regularly conducting quality control and defect prevention training to all production employees. When a specific defect occurs in the product, a temporary troubleshooting meeting will be held to deal with the defect problem and sort out relevant data for filing. Technical director or quality supervisor organizes a calibration meeting for all monitoring personnel every quarter to avoid unsatisfactory implementation of monitoring standards.

Our customers are all automobile manufacturers and distributors, and we do not sell any products to individual consumers directly. Despite our scientific and strict quality control, it is still impossible to avoid product returns after delivery. The reason for return is usually due to size issues or surface quality issues caused by transportation. Due to the particularity of the materials used in our products, the returned goods can be recycled. Therefore, while properly handling customer's needs, we conduct recycling on basis of regular metal matching tests on the materials used in our products to save resources and reduce costs as much as possible.

#### Industry Exchanges

During the Reporting Period, we actively participated in industry peer exchanges and learning activities, including visits to renowned enterprises such as Jinfei and Wanfeng. Additionally, organized by the Jinhua Automotive and Motorcycle Parts Association, we conducted in-depth visits to multiple original equipment manufacturers. These activities not only broadened our horizons but also fostered exchanges and cooperation with industry peers, injecting new vitality into the sustainable development of the Group.

#### **Customer Service Management**

Customer satisfaction is the highest service tenet of the Group. The Group attaches great importance to maintaining a good cooperative relationship with its customers. In order to provide customers with fair and transparent product information, the Group regularly sends product information to its customers and invites them to visit various exhibitions and conferences every year. Besides, in order to take into account the transparency of product information for overseas customers, the Group will also publish product information on the national website of the relevant sales platform.

When customers give feedback or complaints about the products sold by the Group, the sales department will immediately identify whether it is related to quality. If it is related to quality, the sales department will obtain photo evidence from the customer and submit it to the quality department, and actively cooperate with the customer to verify quality problems and complete returns approval, product return, re-delivery or compensation. If it is not related to quality, such as delivery date, service or issues not related to the Group, we will patiently listen to customer opinions, explain to the customer in a timely manner, and actively assist the customer to solve problems. In 2024, the Group did not receive any complaints regarding external influences, and there were more than 15 cases of quality problems involving compensation, with an overall impact exceeded RMB32,000. In addition, the Group carried out a customer satisfaction survey and determined that product appearance, accessory quality and product development cycle will be further strengthened and improved in the future.

In the future, the Group will improve the customer rapid feedback mechanism. Our service goal is to process customer information within 24 hours, communicate effectively with customers in the shortest time, understand their needs, and provide them with quality services. In addition, follow-up will be carried out on key customers and potential customers to improve services and enhance their satisfaction.

#### Information Security and Privacy Management

The Group attaches great importance to the security management of corporate information and customer information, strictly abides by laws and regulations such as the Network Security Law of the People's Republic of China, Personal Information Protection Law of the People's Republic of China and Network Security Review Measures, and has formulated management systems such as Information Data Security Management System, Data Management System and Network and Information Security Guarantee Measures, involving data backup and information security, use and management of hardware and software. The technology department is the highest management unit for privacy and data security of the Group.

The host of the website of the Group adopts a third-party server, and the server provider provides safe and reliable firewall and host software and hardware security services. The Group's network system strictly distinguishes the functions of internal network and external network. The website system administrator sets the access rights of shared database information, corresponding passwords and instructions, and strictly manages the authority of operators in accordance with their job responsibilities. For sensitive information including customer and supplier information, the technology department will monitor the data in real time, set access and download permissions, and record all access. In special cases, access or download can only be made upon application and authorization.

The Group has formulated the Confidentiality Management System, which stipulates confidentiality matters, confidentiality measures, responsibilities and penalties. The Group has entered into confidentiality agreements with the management and employees in special positions to define the content and scope of confidentiality. Once there is a security incident related to website operation, information security and information leakage, reporting, investigation and remedies of the incident will be carried out in accordance with the Leakage Incident Reporting and Investigation Management System.

The Group has formulated the External Liaison Policy, which defines specific handling procedures for all departments and workshops when receiving relevant laws, regulations and superior documents. For legal and regulatory requirements, compliance must be ensured through existing management systems of the Group. The administrative department is solely responsible for receiving superior documents, which are subsequently reported to the general manager for approval or forwarded to relevant departments for processing.

#### Intellectual Property Protection

The Group strictly abides by laws and regulations such as the Trademark Law of the People's Republic of China and the Patent Law of the People's Republic of China, and has formulated the Intellectual Property Protection Measures involving three phases, namely before R&D and after R&D and upon its completion, and has established corresponding measures in respect of infringement. The Group's intellectual property rights involve trademarks and patents, which are managed by the legal department, and third-party agencies are engaged to cooperate in the protection of our intellectual property rights.

As of the end of 2024, the Group obtained 105 patents. Except for eight invention patents and seven utility model patents, the others are all design patents. After market research, the business department feeds back to the technology department for planning and application. Because of the nature of our products, upgrade or iteration will be required after one or two years. For invention patents, we engage a third-party agency to search for patents before the commencement of formal research and development.

#### **Supply Chain Management**

The suppliers of the Group include suppliers of raw materials, coating, packaging materials, accessories, consumables and office supplies. The Group has formulated management systems such as the Supplier Management System, Procurement Process Management System and Trade Payables Management System. The Group recognizes that the sustainable development of the supply chain is the common responsibility of all constituent units, so it is committed to driving or assisting the ESG development and code of conduct of suppliers.

The Group requires all suppliers to provide business license qualifications, checks through the National Enterprise Credit Information Publicity System at the time of access and during the cooperation period, and regularly assesses the quality of delivery. In addition, for suppliers of raw materials and coatings, in the supplier admission and evaluation stages, in addition to requiring suppliers to provide relevant business license qualifications and inspecting their service quality, the Group also focuses on the inspection of their environmental protection and safety. Among them, coating and painting manufacturers are required to provide environmental monitoring reports and certification reports issued by third parties, and establish a filing management system. During the cooperation period, we monitor suppliers' implementation of environmental protection by regularly requiring them to provide updated monitoring and certification reports and irregular inspections.

At the stage of signing contracts with suppliers, the Group will make reference to recommendations of the Global Foreign Trade Association ("amfori BSCI") and enter into the Special Implementation Terms for Business Partners with its suppliers to promote the continuous improvement of suppliers' social responsibility management. In addition, the Group also enters into the Commitment to Non-Use of Conflict Minerals with aluminum ingot suppliers, and the Safety Agreement for Transportation of Hazardous Chemicals with transportation service providers, urging suppliers to continuously improve their environmental and social management.

As of the end of 2024, the distribution of the Group's suppliers is shown in the table below.

Number of Suppliers by Region	2024
Zhejiang Province	122
Rest of Mainland China	66
Total	188

#### **Community Building**

The Group has always adhered to the corporate value of "sincerity and people-oriented". While continuously enhancing its own innovation capabilities and expanding and improving its businesses, the Group does not forget to give back to the society. We pay close attention to the needs of the local community and provide emergency rescue in case of any sudden natural disasters. For example, the catastrophic flood in Yongkang City in 2020 caused water and sludge to flood old houses in the local village. The Group extended a helping hand as soon as possible. The management led the employees to help, remove the sludge, and rescue objects. In addition, the Group has organized employees to donate at the end and beginning of years, and the raised money will be used for social welfare undertakings. It also hopes to share the concept of social responsibility with its employees through such activities, and encourage more people to participate in giving back to the society.



#### **OVERVIEW OF KPIS**

#### **Environmental Performance**

Envir	onmental KPIs	Unit <sup>2</sup>	2024	2023
A1.1	Types of Emissions and Related Emission Data <sup>3</sup>			
	Nitrogen oxides	kg	2,796.80	775.30
	Sulfur dioxide	kg	157.40	33.50
	Volatile organic compounds	kg	172.00	273.27
	Particulates	kg	2,324.50	138.63
A1.2	Greenhouse gas emissions			
	Scope 1 direct greenhouse gas emissions	tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent	9,573.07	9,145.59
	Scope 2 energy indirect greenhouse gas emissions <sup>4</sup>	tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent	6,551.80	6,622.71
	Total greenhouse gas emissions	tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent	16,124.87	15,768.31
	Greenhouse gas emission intensity (calculated by revenue)	tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent/ RMB10,000	0.41	0.43
A1.3	Total hazardous waste			
	Total hazardous waste	tonnes	1,270.00	1,291.34
	Hazardous waste intensity (calculated by revenue)	tonnes/RMB10,000	0.033	0.035
A2.1	Energy consumption			
	Natural gas	m³	4,316,544.00	4,213,580.00
	Diesel	tonnes	37.00	21.96
	Electricity purchased	kWh	12,209,840.00	10,855,120.00
	Total energy consumption	MWh	59,361.31	56,446.00
	Energy intensity (calculated by revenue)	MWh/RMB10,000	1.53	1.54
A2.2	Total water consumption			
	Total water consumption	m³	94,196.00	88,701.00
	Water consumption intensity (calculated by revenue)	m <sup>3</sup> /RMB10,000	2.42	2.42
A2.5	Total amount of packaging materials used for finished products			
	Packaging materials consumption	piece	1,797,827	1,664,326
	Consumption intensity of packaging materials (calculated by revenue)	piece/RMB10,000	46.21	45.34

Since the Group's products are mainly automobile wheels of different sizes, it is not meaningful to calculate the intensity per automobile wheel. It is more reasonable for the relevant intensity data to be based on the revenue corresponding to the product (that is, per RMB10,000).

In 2024, the emissions of nitrogen oxides, sulfur dioxide and particulates of the Group increased significantly compared to 2023, due to the expansion of data coverage to all seven emission outlets (whereas 2023 data only included outlets monitored online).

Indirect greenhouse gas emissions were calculated using the average carbon dioxide emission factors of China's regional power grids as specified in the Notice on the Release of 2022 Power Grid Carbon Dioxide Emission Factors issued by the Ministry of Ecology and Environment of the People's Republic of China.

#### **Social Performance**

		Number of employees (persons)	Turnover rate of employees (%)	Number of employees (persons)	Turnover rate of employees (%)
Employee categ	ory	2024	2024	2023	2023
By gender	Male	392	37.24%	396	36.62%
	Female	94	24.47%	98	50.00%
By employment	Full time	486	34.77%	494	39.27%
	Part time	0		0	
By age	Employees under 25 years old	39	84.62%	38	68.00%
	Employees aged 25-34 years old	112	44.64%	104	31.83%
	Employees aged 35-44 years old	125	24.80%	129	8.5%
	Employees aged 45-54 years old	158	21.52%	156	9.51%
	Employees aged 55-64 years old	51	29.41%	67	32.38%
By geographical	Employees in Northeast and				
region	North China	2	0	2	13.48%
	Employees in East and Central				
	China	212	20.28%	224	2%
	Employees in South China	1	0	1	0
	Employees in Southwest and				
	Northwest Inland	271	46.49%	267	44.94%
Total		486		494	/

		2024		2023	
Employee traini	ng	Percentage of trained employees (%) <sup>5</sup>	Average duration of training (hours) <sup>6</sup>	Percentage of trained employees (%)	Average duration of training (hours)
By gender	Male	100%	58.00	100%	46.00
	Female	100%	48.00	100%	33.00
By employment type	Senior management	100%	36.00	100%	89.00
	Middle management	100%	40.00	100%	134.00
	General employees	100%	56.00	100%	24.00
Occupational hea	alth and safety performance	Unit	2024	2023	2022
Number of work-	related fatalities	persons	0	0	0
Proportion of wor	k-related fatalities	%	0	0	0
Workday lost due	to work injuries	hours	/		168

The percentage of trained employees is calculated by dividing the number of people trained by the number of employees in the same category.

Average hours are calculated by dividing the number of training hours for such employment category by the number of employees in the same category.

# APPENDIX REPORT CONTENT INDEX

Aspect	Conter	it	Location in this Report			
Part B: Mandato	Part B: Mandatory Disclosure Requirements					
	Governa	ance Structure	Statement of the Board			
	Reporti	ng Principles	About This Report			
	Reporti	ng Boundary	About This Report			
Part C: "Comply	or Explain" Pro	visions				
A1 Emissions	Genera	Disclosure	Emissions Management			
	Informa	tion on:				
	(a) t	he policies; and				
	( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )	compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and and, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste.				
	A1.1	The types of emissions and respective emissions data.	Environmental Performance			
	A1.2	Direct (Scope 1) and energy indirect (Scope 2) greenhouse gas emissions (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). [Repealed on 1 January 2025]	Environmental Performance			
	A1.3	Total hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	Environmental Performance			
	A1.4	Total non-hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	Note 1			
	A1.5	Description of emission target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	Environmental Protection			
	A1.6	Description of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are handled, and a description of reduction target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	Environmental Protection			

Aspect	Conte	nt	Location in this Report
A2 Use of Resources	Policies	I Disclosure s on the efficient use of resources, including energy, and other raw materials.	Energy and Resources Consumption
	A2.1	Direct and/or indirect energy (e.g. electricity, gas or oil) consumption by type in total (kWh in '000s) and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	Environmental Performance
	A2.2	Water consumption in total and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	Environmental Performance
	A2.3	Description of energy use efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	Energy and Resources Consumption
	A2.4	Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	Energy and Resources Consumption
	A2.5	Total packaging material used for finished products (in tonnes) and, if applicable, with reference to per unit produced.	Environmental Performance
A3 The Environment and Natural Resources	Policies	I Disclosure s on minimising the issuer's significant impacts on the ment and natural resources.	Environmental Protection
	A3.1	Description of the significant impacts of business activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them.	Environmental Protection
A4 Climate Change	Policie climate	I Disclosure  s on identification of and response to significant related issues which have impacted, and those which pact, the issuer. [Repealed on 1 January 2025]	Response to Climate Change
	A4.1	Description of the significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer, and the actions taken to manage them. [Repealed on 1 January 2025]	Response to Climate Change

Aspect	Content	Location in this Report
B1 Employment	General Disclosure	Employment
Lingioymone	Information on:	
	(a) the policies; and	
	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare.	g d
	B1.1 Total workforce by gender, employment typ (for example, full-or part-time), age group an geographical region.	
	B1.2 Employee turnover rate by gender, age group an geographical region.	d Social Performance
B2	General Disclosure	Health and Safety
Health and Safety	Information on:	
	(a) the policies; and	
	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employee from occupational hazards.	g
	B2.1 Number and rate of work-related fatalities occurre in each of the past three years including the reportin year.	
	B2.2 Lost days due to work injury.	Social Performance
	B2.3 Description of occupational health and safet measures adopted, and how they are implemente and monitored.	·

Aspect	Conte	nt	Location in this Report
B3 Development and	Genera	l Disclosure	Development and Training
Training		s on improving employees' knowledge and skills for ging duties at work. Description of training activities.	
		Training refers to vocational training. It may include and external courses paid by the employer.	
	B3.1	The percentage of employees trained by gender and employee category (e.g. senior management, middle management).	Social Performance
	B3.2	The average training hours completed per employee by gender and employee category.	Social Performance
B4 Labour Standards	Genera	l Disclosure	Employment
Eastar Staridards	Informa	ation on:	
	(a)	the policies; and	
		compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to preventing child and forced labour.	
	B4.1	Description of measures to review employment practices to avoid child and forced labour.	Employment
	B4.2	Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered.	Employment
B5	Genera	I Disclosure	Supply Chain Management
Supply Chain Management	Policies	s on managing environmental and social risks of the chain.	
	B5.1	Number of suppliers by geographical region.	Supply Chain Management
	B5.2	Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers, number of suppliers where the practices are being implemented, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Supply Chain Management
	B5.3	Description of practices used to identify environmental and social risks along the supply chain, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Supply Chain Management
	B5.4	Description of practices used to promote environmentally preferable products and services when selecting suppliers, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Supply Chain Management

Aspect	Conte	nt	Location in this Report
B6 Product Responsibility	Informa (a)	I Disclosure ation on: the policies; and compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have	Product Liability
	,	a significant impact on the issuer relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress.	
	B6.1	Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons.	Product Liability
	B6.2	Number of products and service related complaints received and how they are dealt with.	Product Liability
	B6.3	Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual property rights.	Product Liability
	B6.4	Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures.	Product Liability
	B6.5	Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Product Liability
B7 Anticorruption	General Disclosure  Information on:		Anti-corruption
	(a)	the policies; and	
		compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to preventing bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering.	
	B7.1	Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the Reporting Period and the outcomes of the cases.	Anti-corruption
	B7.2	Description of preventive measures and whistle- blowing procedures, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Anti-corruption
	B7.3	Description of anti-corruption training provided to directors and staff.	Anti-corruption

Aspect	Conter	nt	Location in this Report		
B8 Community Investment	Genera	General Disclosure Communit			
	of the	s on community engagement to understand the needs communities where the issuer operates and to ensure ness activities take into consideration the communities' s.			
	B8.1	Focus areas of contribution (e.g. education, environmental concerns, labour needs, health, culture, sport).	Community Building		
	B8.2	Resources contributed (e.g. money or time) to the focus area.	Community Building		
Part D: Climate-related	Disclosi	ures			
D-I Governance	_	vernance body(s) responsible for oversight of climaterisks and opportunities	Response to Climate Change		
D-II Strategy	Climate	-related risks and opportunities	Response to Climate Change		
D-III Risk management		ocesses and related policies it uses to identify, assess, e and monitor climate-related risks	Response to Climate Change		
D-IV Metrics and targets	Greenh	ouse gas emissions	Response to Climate Change		

Note 1:All non-hazardous wastes are transported to the dedicated garbage room in the park for sorting, after which collected by the local sanitation bureau. However, as the dedicated garbage room is shared with the Buyang PRC, it is difficult to distinguish the quantity of our non-hazardous waste.



#### Independent auditor's report to the shareholders of Buyang International Holding Inc

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

#### **OPINION**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Buyang International Holding Inc ("the Company") and its subsidiaries ("the Group") set out on pages 82 to 134, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended and notes, comprising material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2024 and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

#### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* ("the Code") together with any ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in the Cayman Islands, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (Continued)

#### Revenue recognition from sales of aluminium alloy wheels

Refer to note 3 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies in note 1(r)(i).

#### The Key Audit Matter

#### How the matter was addressed in our audit

The principal activities of the Group are the manufacture and sales of a broad range of aluminium alloy wheels for automobiles.

The Group generated total revenue of RMB392.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2024. Among which, revenue from the sales of aluminium alloy wheels is RMB380.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2024.

Management evaluates the terms of individual contract to determine the Group's performance obligations and appropriate timing of revenue recognition. Revenue from sales of aluminium alloy wheels is recognised when the control over the underlying products is transferred to customers. For overseas sales, it is generally recognised at the point of time when goods are loaded on board of shipping vessels, which is the date indicated in the bill of lading. For domestic sales, it is generally recognised at the point of time when the products leave the Group's own warehouses or are delivered to the customers' designated warehouses in accordance with the terms of the sales contracts.

We identified the recognition of revenue from sales of aluminium alloy wheels as a key audit matter because revenue is one of the key performance indicators of the Group and is, therefore, subject to an inherent risk of manipulation by management to meet targets or expectations and because errors in the recognition of revenue could have a material impact on the Group's profit for the year.

Our audit procedures to assess the recognition of revenue from sales of aluminium alloy wheels included the following:

- obtaining an understanding of and assessing the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of management's key internal controls in relation to revenue recognition;
- inspecting customer contracts, on a sample basis, to identify performance obligations and terms and conditions relating to the transfer of control over the products sold and assessing the Group's timing of revenue recognition with reference to the requirements of prevailing accounting standards;
- comparing revenue transactions recorded during the current year, on a sample basis, with invoices, sales contracts and bill of lading (for overseas sales) or goods delivery notes with customers' acknowledgement of receipt and acceptance of the goods (for domestic sales), to assess whether the related revenue was recognised in accordance with the Group's revenue recognition accounting policies;
- comparing, on a sample basis, revenue transactions recorded before and after the financial year end date with bill of lading (for overseas sales) or goods delivery notes with customers' acknowledgement of receipt and acceptance of the goods (for domestic sales) to assess whether the revenue had been recognised in the appropriate financial year; and
- inspecting underlying documentation for manual journal entries relating to revenue recognised during the year which met specific risk-based criteria.

# INFORMATION OTHER THAN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITOR'S REPORT THEREON

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information included in the annual report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's
  internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business units within the Group as a basis for forming an opinion on the group financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and review of the audit work performed for purposes of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and, where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Au Yat Fo.

#### **KPMG**

Certified Public Accountants

8th Floor, Prince's Building 10 Chater Road Central, Hong Kong

27 March 2025

## **Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income**

For the year ended 31 December 2024

(Expressed in Renminbi ("RMB"))	
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(Expressed in heriminor ( <b>himb</b> ))			
	Note	2024 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000
Revenue	3	391,981	367,053
Cost of sales		(342,267)	(293,964)
Gross profit		49,714	73,089
Other revenue Other net gain Selling and distribution expenses Administrative and other operating expenses Research and development costs Impairment reversal/(loss) on trade receivables  Profit from operations	4(a) 4(b) 25(a)	1,897 4,352 (9,972) (12,334) (14,463) 537	7,316 1,793 (9,690) (12,211) (9,106) (1,192)
Finance income Finance costs		5,065 (385)	7,558 (413)
Net finance income	5(a)	4,680	7,145
Profit before taxation	5	24,411	57,144
Income tax	6	(5,231)	(15,830)
Profit for the year	_	19,180	41,314
Other comprehensive income for the year (after tax and reclassification adjustments)			
Item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:  Exchange difference on translation of financial statements of the Company		2,163	1,751
Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:			
Exchange difference on translation of financial statements of the Company's subsidiaries outside mainland China		(1,775)	(2,328)
Other comprehensive income for the year	_	388	(577)
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	19,568	40,737
Earnings per share Basic and diluted (RMB)	9	0.02	0.04

The notes on pages 87 to 134 form part of these financial statements. Details of dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company attributable to the profit for the year are set out in note 24(c).

## **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

At 31 December 2024

(Expressed in RMB)			
	Note	2024 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	10	63,959	55,514
Right-of-use assets	11	15,215	15,946
Intangible assets	12	7	83
Deferred tax assets	23(b)	1,244	1,732
A loan provided to a related party	13	14,817	14,500
Prepayments		1,317	1,969
		96,559	89,744
Current assets			
Inventories	15	85,877	91,796
Trade and other receivables	16	80,262	78,271
A loan provided to a related party	13	148	564
Income tax recoverable	23(a)	1,258	_
Time deposits	17(a)	40,030	_
Pledged deposits	17(b)	16,588	15,012
Cash and cash equivalents	18(a)	172,901	223,729
		397,064	409,372
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	19	78,315	73,404
Contract liabilities	20	4,867	6,946
Lease liabilities	21	501	472
Income tax payable	23(a)	_	2,064
Dividend payable	24(c)	_	27,187
	<u></u>	83,683	110,073
Net current assets		313,381	299,299

Total assets less current liabilities

389,043

409,940

## **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

At 31 December 2024

(Expressed in RMB)			
	Note	2024 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000
Non-current liabilities			
Lease liabilities Deferred income Deferred tax liabilities	21 22 23(b)	6,148 1,266 2,071	6,649 1,507
		9,485	8,156
NET ASSETS		400,455	380,887
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Share capital Reserves	24(b) 24(d)	6,952 393,503	6,952 373,935
TOTAL EQUITY		400,455	380,887
Approved and authorised for issue by the board of d	lirectors on 27 March 2025.		
Xu Buyun	) ) ) Directors		
Xu Jingjun	)		

The notes on pages 87 to 134 form part of these financial statements.

# **Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity**

For the year ended 31 December 2024

(Expressed	

Balance at 31 December 2024		6,952	198,080	(45,000)	32,374	(4,628)	212,677	400,455
Appropriation of statutory reserve	24(d)(iii) =	_	_	_	2,301	_	(2,301)	_
Total comprehensive income	-	<u>-</u>	_	_	_	388	19,180	19,568
for the year	_	_	_	_	_	388	-	388
Changes in equity for 2024: Profit for the year Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	-	-	19,180	19,180
Balance at 1 January 2024	-	6,952	198,080	(45,000)	30,073	(5,016)	195,798	380,887
	Note	Share capital RMB'000 (Note 24(b))	Share premium RMB'000 (Note 24(d)(i))	Capital reserve RMB'000 (Note 24(d)(ii))	PRC statutory reserve RMB'000 (Note 24(d)(iii))	Exchange reserve RMB'000 (Note 24(d)(iv))	Retained profits RMB'000	Total equity RMB'000
	_	Chava	Chora		equity shareholders		Datained	Total
Balance at 31 December 2023	-	6,952	198,080	(45,000)	30,073	(5,016)	195,798	380,887
Dividends declared and approved in respect of the current year Appropriation of statutory reserve	24(c) 24(d)(iii)	- -	- -	- -	- 4,283	- -	(27,314) (4,283)	(27,314)
Total comprehensive income	-					(577)	41,314	40,737
Other comprehensive income for the year	_	_	_	_	_	(577)	_	(577)
Changes in equity for 2023: Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	-	41,314	41,314
Balance at 1 January 2023	-	6,952	198,080	(45,000)	25,790	(4,439)	186,081	367,464
	Note	Share capital RMB'000 (Note 24(b))	Share premium RMB'000 (Note 24(d)(i))	Capital reserve RMB'000 (Note 24(d)(ii))	Republic of China (the "PRC") statutory reserve RMB'000 (Note 24(d)(iii))	Exchange reserve RMB'000 (Note 24(d)(iv))	Retained profits RMB'000	Total equity RMB'000
	_				equity shareholders of the People's			

The notes on pages 87 to 134 form part of these financial statements.

## **Consolidated Cash Flow Statement**

For the year ended 31 December 2024

(Expressed in RMB)
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Operating activities         2024 RMB'000         2023 RMB'000           Cash generated from/(used in) operations PRC corporate income tax paid         18(b)         32,936 (7,783) (7,83) (7,682)           PRC corporate income tax paid         (5,994)         (16,782)           Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities         26,942         (24,565)           Investing activities         49,507         (18,456)           Payment for purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets         (19,507)         (18,456)           Payment for purchase of time deposits         (140,000)         (30,000)           Porceeds from disposal of interesting deposits         (10,000)         (30,000)           Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment         496         1,943           Interest received         5,473         6,983           Net cash used in investing activities         (53,538)         (23,636)           Financing activities         18(c)         (27,187)         —           Payment for listing expenses         18(c)         (472)         (444)           Interest element of lease rentals paid         18(c)         (472)         (444)           Interest element of lease rentals paid         18(c)         (385)         (413)           Net cash used in financing ac	(Expressed in RMB)			
Cash generated from/(used in) operations         18(b)         32,936 (5,994)         (7,783)           PRC corporate income tax paid         (5,994)         (16,782)           Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities         26,942         (24,565)           Investing activities         46,942         (24,565)           Payment for purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets         (19,507)         (18,456)           Payment for a loan to a related party         —         (14,117)           Payment for purchase of time deposits         (140,000)         (30,000)           Proceeds from disposal of time deposits         100,000         30,031           Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment         496         1,943           Interest received         5,473         6,963           Net cash used in investing activities         (53,538)         (23,636)           Financing activities         (80,04)         —         (1,084)           Capital element of lease rentals paid         18(c)         —         (1,084)           Capital element of lease rentals paid         18(c)         (385)         (413)           Net cash used in financing activities         (28,044)         (1,941)           Net cash used in financing activities         (54,640)		Note		
PRC corporate income tax paid         (5,994)         (16,782)           Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities         26,942         (24,565)           Investing activities         Payment for purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets         (19,507)         (18,466)           Payment for a loan to a related party         — (14,117)         — (14,117)           Payment for purchase of time deposits         (10,000)         (30,000)           Proceeds from disposal of time deposits         100,000         30,031           Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment         496         1,943           Interest received         5,473         6,963           Net cash used in investing activities         (53,538)         (23,636)           Financing activities         18(c)         — (1,084)           Capital element of lease rentals paid         18(c)         — (1,084)           Capital element of lease rentals paid         18(c)         (472)         (444)           Interest element of lease rentals paid         18(c)         (385)         (413)           Net cash used in financing activities         (28,044)         (1,941)           Net cash used in financing activities         (54,640)         (50,142)           Cash and cash equivalents at the beginn	Operating activities			
Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities         26,942         (24,565)           Investing activities           Payment for purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets         (19,507)         (18,456)           Payment for a loan to a related party         — (14,117)           Payment for purchase of time deposits         100,000         30,031           Proceeds from disposal of time deposits         100,000         30,031           Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment         496         1,943           Interest received         5,473         6,963           Net cash used in investing activities         (53,538)         (23,636)           Financing activities         (53,538)         (23,636)           Dividends paid to equity shareholders of the Company         24(c)         (27,187)         —           Payment for listing expenses         18(c)         — (1,084)         (24,04)           Capital element of lease rentals paid         18(c)         (472)         (444)           Interest element of lease rentals paid         18(c)         (385)         (413)           Net cash used in financing activities         (28,044)         (1,941)           Net cash used in financing activities         (54,640)         (50,142)           Cash		18(b)	•	
Payment for purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets (19,507) (18,456)   Payment for a loan to a related party — (14,117)   Payment for purchase of time deposits (140,000) (30,000)   Proceeds from disposal of time deposits (100,000 30,031)   Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment 496 1,943   Interest received 5,473 6,963   Payment for listing activities (53,538) (23,636)   Payment for listing expenses 18(c) — (1,084)   Capital element of lease rentals paid 18(c) (472) (444)   Interest element of lease rentals paid 18(c) (385) (413)   Patch and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 223,729 270,728   Effect of foreign exchange rate changes 3,812 3,143	PRC corporate income tax paid		(5,994)	(16,782)
Payment for purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets (19,507) (18,456) Payment for a loan to a related party — (14,117) Payment for purchase of time deposits (140,000) (30,000) Proceeds from disposal of time deposits 100,000 30,031 Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment 496 1,943 Interest received 5,473 6,963  Net cash used in investing activities (53,538) (23,636)  Financing activities  Dividends paid to equity shareholders of the Company 24(c) (27,187) — Payment for listing expenses 18(c) — (1,084) Capital element of lease rentals paid 18(c) (472) (444) Interest element of lease rentals paid 18(c) (385) (413)  Net cash used in financing activities (28,044) (1,941)  Net cash used in financing activities (54,640) (50,142)  Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 223,729 270,728  Effect of foreign exchange rate changes 3,812 3,143	Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities		26,942	(24,565)
and intangible assets         (19,507)         (18,456)           Payment for a loan to a related party         —         (14,117)           Payment for purchase of time deposits         (140,000)         (30,000)           Proceeds from disposal of time deposits         100,000         30,031           Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment         496         1,943           Interest received         5,473         6,963           Net cash used in investing activities         (53,538)         (23,636)           Pividends paid to equity shareholders of the Company         24(c)         (27,187)         —           Payment for listing expenses         18(c)         —         (1,084)           Capital element of lease rentals paid         18(c)         —         (1,084)           Interest element of lease rentals paid         18(c)         (385)         (413)           Net cash used in financing activities         (28,044)         (1,941)           Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents         (54,640)         (50,142)           Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year         223,729         270,728           Effect of foreign exchange rate changes         3,812         3,143	Investing activities			
Payment for a loan to a related party         — (14,117)           Payment for purchase of time deposits         (140,000)         (30,000)           Proceeds from disposal of time deposits         100,000         30,031           Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment         496         1,943           Interest received         5,473         6,963           Net cash used in investing activities         (53,538)         (23,636)           Financing activities         5         4         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -			(40 507)	(10.456)
Payment for purchase of time deposits         (140,000)         (30,000)           Proceeds from disposal of time deposits         100,000         30,031           Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Interest received         496         1,943           Interest received         5,473         6,963           Net cash used in investing activities         (53,538)         (23,636)           Financing activities         5,473         -           Dividends paid to equity shareholders of the Company Payment for listing expenses         18(c)         -         (1,084)           Capital element of lease rentals paid         18(c)         (472)         (444)           Interest element of lease rentals paid         18(c)         (385)         (413)           Net cash used in financing activities         (28,044)         (1,941)           Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents         (54,640)         (50,142)           Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year         223,729         270,728           Effect of foreign exchange rate changes         3,812         3,143			(19,507)	, , ,
Proceeds from disposal of time deposits Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment landerest received 1,943 lnterest received 5,473 6,963  Net cash used in investing activities (53,538) (23,636)  Financing activities  Dividends paid to equity shareholders of the Company 24(c) (27,187) — Payment for listing expenses 18(c) — (1,084) (2472) (444) (1100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100) (100)			(140.000)	
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Net cash used in financing activities(28,044)(1,941)Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents(54,640)(50,142)Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year223,729270,728Effect of foreign exchange rate changes3,8123,143			• •	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents  (54,640)  (50,142)  Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year  223,729  270,728  Effect of foreign exchange rate changes  3,812  3,143	Interest element of lease rentals paid	18(c)	(385)	(413)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 223,729 270,728  Effect of foreign exchange rate changes 3,812 3,143	Net cash used in financing activities		(28,044)	(1,941)
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes 3,812 3,143	Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(54,640)	(50,142)
	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		223,729	270,728
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year 18(a) 172,901 223,729	Effect of foreign exchange rate changes		3,812	3,143
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	18(a)	172,901	223,729

The notes on pages 87 to 134 form part of these financial statements.

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

#### 1 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (a) Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements of Buyang International Holding Inc (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group") have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. Material accounting policies adopted by the Group are disclosed below.

The HKICPA has issued certain amendments to HKFRSs that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group. Note 1(c) provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current accounting period reflected in these financial statements.

#### (b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries.

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 14 November 2018 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law, Cap 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands. The Company's shares were listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") on 15 December 2022 (the "Listing"). The Group is principally engaged in the research and development, design, manufacturing and sales of a broad range of aluminium alloy wheels for automobiles.

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the financial statements is the historical cost basis.

Items included in the financial statements of each entity in the Group are measured using the currency that best reflects the economic substance of the underlying events and circumstances relevant to the entity (the "Functional Currency").

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("**RMB**"), rounded to the nearest thousand, except when otherwise indicated, which is the functional currency of the Group's subsidiaries established in mainland China. The functional currency of the Company and the Company's subsidiaries outside mainland China are Hong Kong Dollars ("**HKD**"). The Group translates the financial statements of the Company and the Company's subsidiaries outside mainland China from HKD into RMB.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements made by management in the application of HKFRSs that have significant effect on the financial statements and major sources of estimation uncertainty are discussed in note 2.

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

#### 1 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (c) Changes in accounting policies

The HKICPA has issued the following amendments to HKFRSs that are first effective for the current accounting period of the Group. Of these, the following developments are relevant to the Group's financial statements:

- Amendments to HKAS 1, Presentation of financial statements Classification of liabilities as current or non-current ("2020 amendments") and amendments to HKAS 1, Presentation of financial statements Non-current liabilities with covenants ("2022 amendments")
- Amendments to HKFRS 16, Leases Lease liability in a sale and leaseback
- Amendments to HKAS 7, Statement of cash flows and HKFRS 7, Financial instruments: Disclosures Supplier finance arrangements

None of these developments have had a material effect on how the Group's results and financial position for the current or prior periods have been prepared or presented. The Group has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period.

#### (d) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control commences until the date on which control ceases.

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised income and expenses (except for foreign currency transaction gains or losses) arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated. Unrealised losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

In the Company's statement of financial position, an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment losses (see note 1(h)(ii)), unless it is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group classified as held for sale).

#### (e) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see note 1(h)(ii)).

The cost of self-constructed items of property, plant and equipment includes the cost of materials, direct labour, the initial estimate, where relevant, of the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located, and an appropriate proportion of production overheads and borrowing costs (see note 1(t)).

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in profit or loss.

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

#### 1 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (e) Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of property, plant and equipment, less their estimated residual value, if any, using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

#### Estimated useful life

Machinery equipment3–10 yearsElectronic and other equipment5 yearsMotor vehicles5 yearsMoulds3 years

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components).

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed annually and adjusted if appropriate.

Construction in progress represents properties under construction and machinery equipment pending installation and is stated at cost (which is, in the case of assets acquired in a business combination, the acquisition date fair value) less impairment losses (see note 1(h)(ii)). Cost comprises the purchase costs of the asset and the related construction and installation costs.

Construction in progress is transferred to property, plant and equipment when the asset is substantially ready for its intended use and depreciation will be provided at the appropriate rates in accordance with the depreciation polices specified above.

No depreciation is provided in respect of construction in progress.

#### (f) Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Expenditure on research activities is recognised in profit or loss as incurred. Development expenditure is capitalised only if the expenditure can be measured reliably, the product or process is technically and commercially feasible, future economic benefits are probable and the Group intends to and has sufficient resources to complete development and to use or sell the resulting asset. Otherwise, it is recognised in profit or loss as incurred. Capitalised development expenditure is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Other intangible assets that are acquired by the Group are stated at cost (the acquisition date fair value) less accumulated amortisation (where the estimated useful life is finite) and impairment losses (see note 1(h)(ii)).

Amortisation of intangible assets with finite useful lives is charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the assets' estimated useful lives. The following intangible assets with finite useful lives are amortised from the date they are available for use and their estimated useful lives are as follows:

Estimated useful life

Software 3 years Emission Permits 4.5 years

Both the period and method of amortisation are reviewed annually and adjusted if appropriate.

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

#### 1 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (g) Lease assets

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. This is the case if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to direct the use of the identified asset and to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from that use.

#### (i) As a lessee

Where the contract contains lease component(s) and non-lease component(s), the Group has elected not to separate non-lease components and accounts for each lease component and any associated non-lease components as a single lease component for all leases.

At the lease commencement date, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, except for leases that have a short lease term of 12 months or less, and leases of low-value items such as laptops and office furniture. When the Group enters into a lease in respect of a low-value item, the Group decides whether to capitalise the lease on a lease-by-lease basis. If not capitalised, the associated lease payments are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the lease term.

Where the lease is capitalised, the lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, using a relevant incremental borrowing rate. After initial recognition, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost and interest expense is recognised using the effective interest method. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are not included in the measurement of the lease liability, and are charged to profit or loss as incurred.

The right-of-use assets recognised when a lease is capitalised are initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use asset is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see notes 1(e) and 1(h)(ii)), except for the following types of right-of-use asset:

- right-of-use assets that meet the definition of investment property are carried at fair value; and
- right-of-use assets related to leasehold land and buildings where the Group is the registered owner of the leasehold interest are carried at fair value; and
- right-of-use assets related to interests in leasehold land where the interest in the land is held as inventory are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Refundable rental deposits are accounted for separately from the right-of-use assets in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to investments in non-equity securities carried at amortised cost. Any excess of the nominal value over the initial fair value of the deposits is accounted for as additional lease payments made and is included in the cost of right-of use assets.

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

#### 1 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (g) Lease assets (Continued)

#### (i) As a lessee (Continued)

The lease liability is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or if the Group changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The lease liability is also remeasured when there is a lease modification, which means a change in the scope of a lease or the consideration for a lease that is not originally provided for in the lease contract, if such modification is not accounted for as a separate lease. In this case, the lease liability is remeasured based on the revised lease payments and lease term using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification.

In the consolidated statement of financial position, the current portion of long-term lease liabilities is determined as the present value of contractual payments that are due to be settled within twelve months after the Reporting Period.

#### (ii) As a lessor

The Group determines at lease inception whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of an underlying assets to the lessee. Otherwise, the lease is classified as an operating lease.

When a contract contains lease and non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each component on a relative stand-alone selling price basis. The rental income from operating leases is recognised in accordance with note 1(r)(ii).

When the Group is an intermediate lessor, the sub-leases are classified as a finance lease or as an operating lease with reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease. If the head lease is a short-term lease to which the Group applies the exemption described in note 1(g)(i), then the Group classifies the sub-lease as an operating lease.

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

#### 1 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (h) Credit losses and impairment of assets

#### (i) Credit losses from financial instruments and lease receivables

The Group recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses ("ECL"s) on:

- financial assets measured at amortised cost (including cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, a loan provided to a related party); and
- lease receivables.

Other financial assets measured at fair value, including equity instruments designated at FVOCI (non-recycling) and derivative financial assets, are not subject to the ECL assessment.

#### Measurement of ECLs

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Generally, credit losses are measured as the present value of all expected cash shortfalls between the contractual and expected amounts.

The expected cash shortfalls are discounted using the following rates if the effect is material:

- fixed-rate financial assets, trade and other receivables: effective interest rate determined at initial recognition or an approximation thereof;
- lease receivables: discount rate used in the measurement of the lease receivable.

The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

ECLs are measured on either of the following bases:

- 12 month ECLs: these are the portion of ECLs that result from default events that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date (or a shorter period if the expected life of the instrument is less than 12 months); and
- lifetime ECLs: these are the ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected lives of the items to which the ECL model applies.

Loss allowances for trade receivables are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. ECLs on these financial assets are estimated using a provision matrix based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors and an assessment of both the current and forecast general economic conditions at the reporting date.

For all other financial instruments, the Group recognises a loss allowance equal to 12-month ECLs unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk of the financial instrument since initial recognition, in which case the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs.

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

#### 1 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (h) Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

#### (i) Credit losses from financial instruments and lease receivables (Continued)

Significant increases in credit risk

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial instrument (including a loan commitment) has increased significantly since initial recognition and when measuring ECLs, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment, that includes forward-looking information.

The Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 30 days past due.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition:

- failure to make payments of principal or interest on their contractually due dates;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in a financial instrument's external or internal credit rating (if available);
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; and
- existing or forecast changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have a significant adverse effect on the debtor's ability to meet its obligation to the Group.

Depending on the nature of the financial instruments, the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk is performed on either an individual basis or a collective basis. When the assessment is performed on a collective basis, the financial instruments are grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics, such as past due status and credit risk ratings.

ECLs are remeasured at each reporting date to reflect changes in the financial instrument's credit risk since initial recognition. Any change in the ECL amount is recognised as an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss. The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account, except for investments in non-equity securities that are measured at FVOCI (recycling), for which the loss allowance is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the fair value reserve (recycling) does not reduce the carrying amount of the financial asset in the statement of financial position.

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

#### 1 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (h) Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

#### (i) Credit losses from financial instruments and lease receivables (Continued)

Credit-impaired financial assets

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether a financial asset is credit-impaired. A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes the following observable events:

- significant financial difficulties of the debtor;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or being more than 90 days past due;
- it is probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation;
- significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the debtor; or
- the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties of the issuer.

#### Write-off policy

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset or lease receivable is written off to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off.

Subsequent recoveries of an asset that was previously written off are recognised as a reversal of impairment in profit or loss in the period in which the recovery occurs.

#### (ii) Impairment of other non-current assets

Internal and external sources of information are reviewed at each reporting date to identify indications that the following assets may be impaired or, except in the case of goodwill, an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property, plant and equipment;
- intangible assets;
- right-of-use assets; and
- investments in subsidiaries in the Company's statement of financial position.

If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

#### 1 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (h) Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

#### (ii) Impairment of other non-current assets (Continued)

#### Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows independently (i.e. a cash-generating unit).

#### Recognition of impairment losses

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss if the carrying amount of an asset, or the cash-generating unit to which it belongs, exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the cash-generating unit (or group of units) and then, to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit (or group of units) on a pro rata basis, except that the carrying value of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less costs to disposal, or value in use (if determinable).

#### Reversals of impairment losses

An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the resulting carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the year in which the reversals are recognised.

#### (i) Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost is calculated using the weighted average cost formula and comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. In the case of work in progress, costs include direct labour and appropriate share of overheads based on normal operating capacity.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

#### 1 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (j) Contract liabilities

A contract liability is recognised when the customer pays non-refundable consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue (see note 1(r)). A contract liability is also recognised if the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue. In such latter cases, a corresponding receivable is also recognised (see note 1(k)).

When the contract includes a significant financing component, the contract balance includes interest accrued under the effective interest method (see note 1(r)(iii)).

#### (k) Trade and other receivables

A receivable is recognised when the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration and only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due.

Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are initially measured at their transaction price. Trade receivables that contain a significant financing component and other receivables are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. All receivables are subsequently stated at amortised cost (see note 1(h)(i)).

#### (I) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Cash and cash equivalents are assessed for expected credit losses (ECL) (see note 1(h)(i)).

#### (m) Interest-bearing borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are measured initially at fair value less transaction costs. Subsequently, these borrowings are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense is recognised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy for borrowing costs (see note 1(t)).

#### (n) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, trade and other payables are stated at amortised cost unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at invoice amounts.

#### (o) Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits and contributions to defined contribution retirement plans.

Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave, contributions to defined contribution retirement plans and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

#### 1 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (p) Income tax

Income tax expense comprises current tax and deferred tax. It is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Current tax comprises the estimated tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustments to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. The amount of current tax payable or receivable is the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received that reflects any uncertainty related to income taxes. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Current tax also includes any tax arising from dividends.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if certain criteria are met.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is not recognised for:

- temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences;
- temporary differences related to investment in subsidiaries to the extent that the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future:
- taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill; and
- those related to the income taxes arising from tax laws enacted or substantively enacted to implement the
   Pillar Two model rules published by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development.

The Group recognised deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities separately in relation to its lease liabilities and right-of-use assets.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses, unused tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. Future taxable profits are determined based on the reversal of relevant taxable temporary differences. If the amount of taxable temporary differences is insufficient to recognise a deferred tax asset in full, then future taxable profits, adjusted for reversals of existing temporary differences, are considered, based on the business plans for individual subsidiaries in the Group. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised; such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improves.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if certain criteria are met.

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

#### 1 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (q) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

Where some or all of the expenditure required to settle a provision is expected to be reimbursed by another party, a separate asset is recognised for any expected reimbursement that would be virtually certain. The amount recognised for the reimbursement is limited to the carrying amount of the provision.

#### (r) Revenue and other revenue

Revenue is recognised when control over a product is transferred to the customer at the amount of promised consideration to which the Group is expected to be entitled, excluding those amounts collected on behalf of third parties. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

Further details of the Group's revenue and other revenue recognition policies are as follows:

#### (i) Sale of goods

Revenue from sales of aluminium alloy wheels is recognised when the control over the underlying products is transferred to customers. For domestic sales, it is generally recognised at the point of time when the products leave the Group's own warehouses or are delivered to the customers' designated warehouses in accordance with the terms of the sales contracts. For overseas sales, it is generally recognised at the point of time when goods are loaded on board of shipping vessels, which is the date indicated in the bill of lading. If the products are a partial fulfilment of a contract covering other goods, then the amount of revenue recognised is an appropriate proportion of the total transaction price under the contract, allocated between all the goods promised under the contract on a relative stand-alone selling price basis.

#### (ii) Rental income from operating leases

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives granted are recognised as an integral part of the total rental income, over the term of the lease. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as income in the accounting period in which they are earned.

#### (iii) Interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method. The "effective interest rate" is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. In calculating interest income, the effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of the asset (when the asset is not credit-impaired). However, for financial assets that have become credit-impaired subsequent to initial recognition, interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset. If the asset is no longer credit-impaired, then the calculation of interest income reverts to the gross basis.

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

#### 1 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (r) Revenue and other revenue (Continued)

#### (iv) Government grants

Government grants are recognised in the statement of financial position initially when there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them.

Grants that compensate the Group for expenses incurred are recognised as other revenue in profit or loss on a systematic basis in the same periods in which the expenses are incurred.

Government grants related to assets are initially recognised as deferred income and then recognised in profit or loss as other revenue on a systematic basis over the useful life of the asset.

#### (s) Translation of foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the end of each Reporting Period. Exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. The transaction date is the date on which the Group initially recognises such non-monetary assets or liabilities.

The results of operations with functional currency other than RMB are translated into RMB at the monthly weighted average exchange rates for the year. Statement of financial position items are translated into RMB at the closing foreign exchange rates at the end of the Reporting Period. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in the exchange reserve.

#### (t) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

#### 1 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (u) Related parties

- (a) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
  - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
  - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
  - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
  - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
  - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
  - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
  - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
  - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
  - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the Group's parent.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

#### 1 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (v) Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

#### 2 ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty in the preparation of these financial statements are as follows:

#### (a) Net realisable value of inventories

Net realisable value of inventories is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. These estimates are based on the current market conditions and the historical experience of selling products with similar nature. Any change in the assumptions would increase or decrease the amount of inventories write-down or the related reversals of write-down made in prior years and affect the Group's net assets value. The Group reassesses these estimates annually.

#### (b) Impairment of trade and other receivables

The Group estimates the amount of loss allowance for ECLs on trade and other receivables that are measured at amortised cost based on the credit risk of the respective financial instruments. The loss allowance amount is measured as the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows with the consideration of expected future credit loss of the respective financial instrument. The assessment of the credit risk of the respective financial instrument involves high degree of estimation and uncertainty. When the actual future cash flows are less than expected or more than expected, a material impairment loss or a material reversal of impairment loss may arise, accordingly.

#### (c) Depreciation and amortisation

Items of property, plant and equipment other than freehold land and intangible assets are depreciated or amortised on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets, after taking into account the estimated residual value. The Group reviews the estimated useful lives of the assets regularly in order to determine the amount of depreciation and amortisation expense to be recorded during any Reporting Period. The useful lives are based on the Group's historical experience with similar assets and taking into account anticipated technological changes. The depreciation and amortisation expense for future periods are adjusted if there are significant changes from previous estimates.

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

#### 3 REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING

#### (a) Revenue

The Group is principally engaged in the manufacturing and sales of a broad range of aluminium alloy wheels for automobiles. The Group's revenue from contracts with customers were recognised at point in time for the Reporting Period.

#### (i) Disaggregation of revenue

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by major products is as follows:

	2024 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000
Sales of aluminium alloy wheels Sales of others	380,212 11,769	356,673 10,380
	391,981	367,053

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by continent of delivery is disclosed in note 3(b)(i).

(ii) No revenue from transaction with single external customer amounts to 10% or more of the Group's revenue for each of the periods presented.

# (iii) Revenue expected to be recognised in the future arising from contracts with customers in existence at the reporting date

For sales contracts of goods with original expected duration of less than one year, the Group has elected not to disclose information about the remaining performance obligations.

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

#### 3 REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

#### (b) Segment reporting

The Group manages its businesses by divisions, which are organised by geography. Information reported to the Group's chief operating decision maker, for the purpose of resources allocation and performance assessment, focuses on the operating results of the Group as a whole as the Group's resources are integrated and no discrete operating segment information is available. Accordingly, no segment information is presented.

#### Geographical information

(i) Revenue from external customers by continent of delivery

	2024 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000
Asia	198,492	191,063
Europe	61,998	54,028
America	120,454	108,581
Africa	5,851	8,922
Oceania	5,186	4,459
	391,981	367,053

#### (ii) Non-current asset

The Group's operating assets are substantially situated in the PRC. Accordingly, no segment analysis based on geographical locations of the assets is provided.

### 4 OTHER REVENUE AND OTHER NET GAIN

#### (a) Other revenue

		2024	2023
		RMB'000	RMB'000
	Government grants	1,260	6,386
	Rentals receivable from operating leases, other than those relating		
	to investment property (Note 27(c))	550	63
	Others	87	867
		1,897	7,316
(b)	Other net gain		
		2024	2023
		RMB'000	RMB'000
	Net gain/(loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	88	(2,123)
	Net foreign exchange gain	4,264	3,916
		·	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
		4,352	1,793

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

#### 5 PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

Profit before taxation is arrived at after (crediting)/charging:

#### (a) Net finance income

2024	2023
RMB'000	RMB'000
(4,189)	(6,994)
(876)	(564)
385	413
(4,680)	(7,145)
2024	2023
RMB'000	RMB'000
51,810	46,765
2,728	1,402
54,538	48,167
	(4,189) (876) 385 (4,680) 2024 RMB'000 51,810 2,728

Note: The Group's subsidiaries in the PRC are required to participate in defined contribution retirement schemes administered and operated by the local municipal government. The Group's subsidiaries in the PRC contribute funds which are calculated based on certain percentages of the prevailing average salary as agreed by the local municipal government to the schemes to fund the retirement benefits of the employees. The Group has no other material obligation for the payment of retirement benefits beyond the contributions described above.

#### (c) Other items

(b)

	2024	2023
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Cost of inventories ((i) & Note 15(b))	342,267	293,964
Depreciation		
<ul> <li>Property, plant and equipment</li> </ul>	12,014	11,966
<ul> <li>Right-of-use assets</li> </ul>	731	695
Amortisation of intangible assets (Note 12)	76	115
Impairment (reversal)/loss on trade receivables (Note 25(a))	(537)	1,192
Research and development costs (ii)	14,463	9,106
Auditors' remuneration		
<ul> <li>Audit services related to the Group</li> </ul>	1,400	1,400
<ul> <li>Other audit related services and non-audit services</li> </ul>	660	660

<sup>(</sup>i) Cost of inventories include RMB52,008,000 relating to staff costs and depreciation expenses for the year ended 31 December 2024 (2023: RMB48,957,000), which amounts are also included in the respective total amounts disclosed separately above or in note 5(b) for each of these types of expenses.

<sup>(</sup>ii) Research and development costs include RMB6,512,000 relating to staff costs and depreciation expenses for the year ended 31 December 2024 (2023: RMB3,776,000), which amounts are also included in the respective total amounts disclosed separately above or in note 5(b) for each of these types of expenses.

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

#### **6** INCOME TAX

(a) Income tax in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income represents

	2024 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000
Current tax		
PRC corporate income tax	2,672	12,615
Withholding tax on the dividend from the Group's PRC subsidiaries	_	3,300
	2,672	15,915
	2,072	10,910
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences (Note 23(b)(i)) Withholding tax on the profits of the Group's PRC subsidiaries	488	(85)
(Note (iv) & Note 23(b)(i))	2,071	_
	2,559	(85)
	5,231	15,830

#### Notes:

- (i) Pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Cayman Islands, the Group is not subject to any income tax in the Cayman Islands.
- (ii) The applicable profits tax rate of the Group's subsidiary incorporated in Hong Kong was 16.5%. A two-tiered profits tax rates regime was introduced in 2018 whereby the first HKD2 million in assessable profits earned by a company will be taxed at half of the current tax rate (8.25%) while the remaining profits will continue to be taxed at 16.5%. No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made as the Group did not earn any income subject to Hong Kong Profits Tax during the year ended 31 December 2024.
- (iii) The Group's PRC subsidiary is subject to PRC income tax at 25%. According to the relevant PRC income tax law, certain research and development costs of PRC subsidiaries are qualified for 100% additional deduction for tax purpose.
- (iv) According to the Implementation Rules of the Corporate Income tax Law of the PRC, the Company's subsidiaries in the PRC are levied a 10% withholding tax on dividends declared to their foreign investment holding company arising from profit earned subsequent to 1 January 2008. Buyang (Hong Kong) Limited, a subsidiary of the Company, is subject to PRC dividend withholding tax at 10% on dividends receivables from the PRC subsidiaries.

As at 31 December 2024, deferred tax liabilities of RMB2,071,000 were recognised in respect of the 10% PRC dividend withholding tax that would be payable on the distribution of the retained profits of the Group's PRC subsidiaries (31 December 2023: Nil).

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

#### 6 **INCOME TAX** (Continued)

(b) Reconciliation between tax expense and profit before taxation at applicable tax rates:

	2024 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000
Profit before taxation	24,411	57,144
Notional tax on profit before taxation, calculated at the rates applicable to profits in the jurisdictions concerned Effect of additional deduction on research and development costs*	6,532 (3,418)	14,664 (2,164)
Withholding tax (Note 6(a)(iv))  Tax effect of non-deductible expenses, net of non-taxable income	2,071 46	3,300
Actual tax expense	5,231	15,830

<sup>\*</sup> According to the relevant PRC income tax law, certain research and development costs of PRC subsidiaries are qualified for 100% (2023: 100%) additional deduction for tax purpose.

#### 7 DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

Directors' emoluments disclosed pursuant to section 383(1) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation are as follows:

		2024		
	Salaries,			
	allowances		Retirement	
Directors'	and benefits	Discretionary	scheme	
fees	in kind	bonuses	contributions	Total
RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
_	674	247	9	930
_	121	340	9	470
-	64	352	9	425
_	120	62	9	191
-	-	-	-	_
110	_	_	_	110
110	_	_	_	110
55	_	_	_	55
55	_	_		55
330	979	1 001	36	2,346
	fees RMB'000 - - - - 110 110 55	allowances and benefits fees in kind RMB'000 RMB'000  - 674 - 121 - 64  - 120  110  110  110  55  55	Salaries, allowances Directors' and benefits Discretionary fees in kind bonuses RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000  - 674 247 - 121 340 - 64 352  - 120 62  110  110  55  55	Salaries, allowances and benefits   Discretionary   Scheme   Contributions   RMB'000   RMB'000

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

#### 7 DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

			2023		
		Salaries,			
		allowances		Retirement	
	Directors'	and benefits	Discretionary	scheme	
	fees	in kind	bonuses	contributions	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Executive directors					
Xu Jingjun	_	126	247	7	380
Ying Yonghui	_	116	320	7	443
Hu Huijuan	_	62	304	7	373
Non-executive directors					
Zhu Ning	_	112	67	7	186
Xu Buyun	_	_	_	_	_
Independent non-executive directors					
Yeung Man Simon	108	_	_	_	108
Chen Jingeng	108	_	_	_	108
Fu Yi	108				108
Total	324	416	938	28	1,706

#### 8 INDIVIDUALS WITH THE HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments, three (2023: three) are directors, whose emoluments are disclosed in note 7. The aggregate of the emoluments in respect of the remaining highest two (2023: two) individuals of the Group are as follows:

	2024	2023
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	160	158
Discretionary bonuses	474	417
Retirement scheme contributions	9	7
	643	582

The emoluments of the above individuals with the highest emoluments are within the following bands:

	2024 Number of	2023 Number of
	individuals	individuals
HK\$ nil to HK\$1,000,000	2	2

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

#### 9 EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the profit attributable to ordinary equity shareholders of the Company of RMB19,180,000 (2023: RMB41,314,000) and the weighted average of 1,000,000,000 ordinary shares (2023: 1,000,000,000 ordinary shares) in issue during the year ended 31 December 2024.

There were no dilutive potential shares outstanding for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 and therefore the diluted earnings per share are same as the basic earnings per share.

## 10 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Machinery equipment RMB'000	<b>Moulds</b> RMB'000	Electronic and other equipment RMB'000	Motor vehicles RMB'000	Construction in progress RMB'000	<b>Total</b> RMB'000
Cost:						
At 1 January 2023	120,156	65,867	1,988	811	845	189,667
Additions Transfers from construction in	_	_	_	_	19,099	19,099
progress	13,449	6,265	230	_	(19,944)	
Disposals	(16,713)	(7,894)	(85)	(79)	(19,944)	(24,771)
At 31 December 2023 and						
1 January 2024	116,892	64,238	2,133	732	_	183,995
Additions	_	_	_	_	20,810	20,810
Transfers from construction in			_			
progress	10,098	10,705	7	_	(20,810)	- (0.400)
Disposals	(6,251)	_	(151)	_		(6,402)
At 31 December 2024	120,739	74,943	1,989	732	_	198,403
Accumulated depreciation:						
At 1 January 2023	(81,720)	(52,202)	(1,851)	(753)	_	(136,526)
Charge for the year	(6,289)	(6,550)	(31)	(14)	_	(12,884)
Written back on disposals	13,274	7,499	81	75	_	20,929
At 31 December 2023 and						
1 January 2024	(74,735)	(51,253)	(1,801)	(692)	_	(128,481)
Charge for the year	(6,306)	(5,631)	(76)	(1)	_	(12,014)
Written back on disposals	5,907		144	_		6,051
At 31 December 2024	(75,134)	(56,884)	(1,733)	(693)	_	(134,444)
Net book value:						
At 31 December 2024	45,605	18,059	256	39	_	63,959
At 31 December 2023	42,157	12,985	332	40	_	55,514

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

#### 11 RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

The analysis of the net book value of right-of-use assets by class of underlying asset is as follows:

	31 December 2024 RMB'000	31 December 2023 RMB'000
Ownership interests in leasehold land held for own use, carried at depreciated cost in the PRC, with remaining lease term of:		
- between 10 and 50 years (Note (i))	10,056	10,272
Other properties leased for own use, carried at depreciated cost (Note (ii))	5,159	5,674
	15,215	15,946
The analysis of expense items in relation to leases recognised in profit or loss	s is as follows:	
	2024	2023
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets by class of underlying asset:		
Ownership interests in leasehold land	216	216
<ul> <li>Other properties leased for own use</li> </ul>	515	515
	731	731
Interest on lease liabilities (Note 5(a))	385	413

During the years end 31 December 2024 and 2023, additions to right-of-use assets were nil.

Details of total cash outflow for leases, the maturity analysis of lease liabilities and the future cash outflows arising from leases that are not yet commenced are set out in notes 18(d) and 21, respectively.

#### (i) Ownership interests in leasehold land held for own use

The Group acquired land use rights in Zhejiang province in 2021 and the land use rights is depreciated over 50 years from the commencement of the lease period.

On 20 November 2023, the Group signed a lease agreement with Buyang Group Co., Ltd. to temporally lease out the land use rights for improvement of asset utilisation. The lease payment including value-added tax is RMB600,000 per year. Considering the business purpose and no fixed lease term of the lease agreement, management treats the land use rights as owner-occupied property held for future development and subsequent use.

#### (ii) Other properties leased for own use

The Group has obtained the right to use the leasehold land and premises as its office and business operation through tenancy agreements. The leases typically run for an initial period of 20 years.

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

### 12 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Software RMB'000	Emission permits RMB'000	<b>Total</b> RMB'000
Cost:			
At 1 January 2023, 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2024	1,460	263	1,723
Accumulated amortisation:			
At 1 January 2023 Charge for the year	(1,378) (56)	(147) (59)	(1,525) (115)
At 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024 Charge for the year	(1,434) (19)	(206) (57)	(1,640) (76)
At 31 December 2024	(1,453)	(263)	(1,716)
Net book value:			
At 31 December 2024	7	_	7
At 31 December 2023	26	57	83

The amortisation charge during the Reporting Period is included in "Administrative and other operating expenses" in the consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

#### 13 A LOAN PROVIDED TO A RELATED PARTY

	31 December 2024 RMB'000	31 December 2023 RMB'000
A fixed-rate loan receivables	14,817	14,500
Accrued interest receivables	148	564
	14,965	15,064
Analysed as:		
<ul><li>Non-current</li></ul>	14,817	14,500
<ul><li>Current</li></ul>	148	564
	14,965	15,064

On 8 May 2023, the Company lent a three-year loan to Topsun Investment Holding Company Limited of HKD16,000,000 with an annual interest rate of 6%, guaranteed by controlling shareholder Mr. Xu Buyun.

As at 31 December 2024, the gross loan provided to Topsun Investment Holding Company Limited amounted to RMB14,965,000 including the principal of HKD16,000,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB14,817,000) and corresponding interests receivable of HKD160,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB148,000).

#### 14 INTEREST IN SUBSIDIARIES

The following list contains only the particulars of subsidiaries which principally affected the results, assets or liabilities of the Group. The class of shares held is ordinary unless otherwise stated.

	Proportion of ownership interest					
Name of company	Place and date of establishment/incorporation	Particulars of issued and paid-up capital/registered capital	Held by the Company	Held by a subsidiary	Principal Country of operation	Principal activities and legal status
Buyang (Hong Kong) Limited	Hong Kong 26 November 2018	HKD10,000/ HKD10,000	100%	-	Hong Kong, China	Investment holding, limited liability company
Zhejiang Buyang Auto Wheel Co., Ltd. (" <b>Buyang Wheel</b> ") 浙江步陽汽輪有限公司 *	The PRC 3 September 2007	RMB139,810,000/ RMB190,000,000	-	100%	The PRC	Manufacturing and sales of wheels, limited liability company

<sup>\*</sup> The English translation of the Company name is for reference only. The official name of this company is in Chinese.

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

#### 15 INVENTORIES

(a) Inventories in the consolidated statements of financial position comprise:

			2024 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000
	Raw materials		17,169	18,098
	Work in progress		14,316	15,697
	Finished goods Others		55,324 556	58,328 553
	Others	-	550	
			87,365	92,676
	Write-down of inventories	-	(1,488)	(880)
			85,877	91,796
(b)	The analysis of the amount of inventories recognised as	s expenses and i	ncluded in profit or loss	are as follows:
			2024	2023
			RMB'000	RMB'000
	Carrying amount of inventories sold		341,659	293,764
	Write-down of inventories	-	608	200
			342,267	293,964
TRA	ADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES			
		Note	2024	2023
			RMB'000	RMB'000
_				
	le receivables hird parties		68,947	71,254
	receivable		3,966	2,591
	: Loss allowance for trade and bills receivable	25(a)	(727)	(3,091)
		- (- )	, ,	(-,,
			72,186	70,754
Amo	ounts due from related party, net of loss allowance		_	63
Fina	ncial assets measured at amortised cost		72,186	70,817
Valu	e-added tax recoverable and others		1,208	1,181
	payment		6,868	6,273
		-		
			80,262	78,271

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(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

#### 16 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

#### Ageing analysis of trade and bills receivables

As of the end of the Reporting Period, the ageing analysis of trade and bills receivables based on the date of revenue recognition and net of loss allowance, is as follows:

	2024 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000
Within 3 months Over 3 months but within 6 months Over 6 months but within 12 months Over 12 months	ns but within 6 months 6,538 ns but within 12 months 572	65,910 4,424 420
	72,186	70,754

Further details on the Group's credit risk management policy and credit risk arising from trade receivables are set out in note 25(a).

### 17 TIME DEPOSITS AND PLEDGED DEPOSITS

#### (a) Time deposits

maturity over three months	40,030	_
Time deposits held at the bank with original		
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	2024	2023

As at 31 December 2024, the time deposits held at the bank with original maturity over three months have an annual interest rate of 1.35% (31 December 2023: Nil).

### (b) Pledged deposits

	2024	2023
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Guarantee deposits for issuance of bank acceptance notes	16,588	15,012

The pledged deposits will be released upon the settlement of the relevant bank acceptance notes by the Group.

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

### 18 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND OTHER CASH FLOW

(a) Cash and cash equivalents comprise:

	2024	2023
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Cash at bank	189,488	238,740
Cash in hand	1	1_
	189,489	238,741
	( ===)	(
Less: Pledged deposits (Note 17(b))	(16,588)	(15,012)
	172,901	223,729

## (b) Reconciliation of profit before taxation to cash generated from/(used in) operations

	Note	2024 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000
Profit before taxation		24,411	57,144
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation:			
<ul> <li>Property, plant and equipment</li> </ul>	10	12,014	12,884
<ul> <li>Right-of-use assets</li> </ul>	11	731	731
Amortisation of intangible assets	12	76	115
Write-down of inventories	15	608	200
Finance costs	5(a)	385	413
Interest income	5(a)	(5,065)	(7,558)
Net (gain)/loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	4(b)	(88)	2,123
Impairment (reversal)/loss on trade receivables	5(c)	(537)	1,192
Operating profit before changes in working capital		32,535	67,244
Decrease/(increase) in inventories		5,311	(34,234)
Increase in trade and other receivables		(2,421)	(928)
(Increase)/decrease in pledged deposits		(1,576)	678
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables		1,407	(39,367)
Decrease in contract liabilities		(2,079)	(935)
Decrease in deferred income	_	(241)	(241)
Cash generated from/(used in) operations	_	32,936	(7,783)

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

## 18 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND OTHER CASH FLOW (Continued)

## (c) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

	Lease liabilities RMB'000 Note 21	Payable for listing expense RMB'000 Note	<b>Total</b> RMB'000
At 1 January 2023	7,565	1,084	8,649
Changes from financing cash flows: Capital element of lease rentals paid Interest element of lease rentals paid Payment for listing expenses	(444) (413) —	_ _ (1,084)	(444) (413) (1,084)
Total changes from financing cash flows	(857)	(1,084)	(1,941)
Other change:			
Interest expense (Note 5(a))	413	_	413
Total other change	413	_	413
At 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024	7,121		7,121
Changes from financing cash flows:			
Capital element of lease rentals paid Interest element of lease rentals paid	(472) (385)		(472) (385)
Total changes from financing cash flows	(857)	_	(857)
Other change:			
Interest expense (Note 5(a))	385	_	385
Total other change	385		385
At 31 December 2024	6,649	_	6,649

Note: Payable for listing expense is contained in the other payables and accruals as disclosed in note 19.

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

## 18 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND OTHER CASH FLOW (Continued)

#### (d) Total cash outflow for leases

Amounts included in the cash flow statement for leases comprise the following:

		2024 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000
Within financing cash flows	_	857	857
TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES			
	Note	2024	2023
		KMB,000	RMB'000
Trade payables			
<ul><li>Third parties</li></ul>		26,070	26,666
<ul> <li>Related parties</li> </ul>	27(d)	978	535
Bills payable		16,588	15,012
		43,636	42,213
Other payables and accruals	<u></u> -	23,142	19,524
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost		66,778	61,737
Accrued payroll and other benefits		11.154	11,019
Other taxes and charges payable		383	648
		78 315	73,404
	Trade payables  — Third parties  — Related parties  Bills payable  Other payables and accruals  Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost  Accrued payroll and other benefits	Trade payables  Trade payables  Trind parties  Related parties  Related parties  Payable  Other payables and accruals  Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost  Accrued payroll and other benefits	Note   2024   RMB'000

The amounts due to related parties are unsecured and interest-free. Details of the amounts due to related parties are set out in Note 27(d).

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

### 19 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (Continued)

As of the end of the Reporting Period, the ageing analysis of trade and bills payables, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

		2024 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000
	Within 3 months	30,936	28,765
	Over 3 months but within 6 months	12,159	12,182
	Over 6 months but within 12 months	177	370
	Over 12 months	364	896
		43,636	42,213
20	CONTRACT LIABILITIES		
		2024	2023
		RMB'000	RMB'000
	Sales of aluminium alloy wheels	4,867	6,946
	Movements in contract liabilities were as follows:		
		2024	2023
		RMB'000	RMB'000
	At 1 January	6,946	7,881
	Revenue recognised that was included in the balance of contract		
	liabilities at the beginning of the year	(6,946)	(7,880)
	Increase in contract liabilities as a result of receipts in advances	4,867	6,945
	At 31 December	4,867	6,946

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

## 21 LEASE LIABILITIES

At 31 December 2024, the lease liabilities were repayable as follows:

	2024 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000
Within 1 year	501	472
After 1 year but within 2 years After 2 years but within 5 years After 5 years	532 1,800 3,816	501 1,695 4,453
	6,148	6,649
	6,649	7,121
22 DEFERRED INCOME		
	2024 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000
Government grants	1,266	1,507

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

### 23 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(a) Current taxation in the consolidated statement of financial position represents:

	2024	2023
	RMB'000	RMB'000
At 1 January	2,064	2.021
At 1 January	·	2,931
Charged to profit or loss	2,672	15,915
Payments during the year	(5,994)	(16,782)
At the end of the year	(1,258)	2,064
Income tax (recoverable)/payable in the consolidated statement of finar	ncial position represents:	
	2024	2023
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Income tax recoverable	(1,258)	_
Income tax payable	_	2,064
	(1,258)	2,064

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

### 23 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Continued)

### (b) Deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised

### (i) Movement of each component of deferred tax assets and liabilities

The components of deferred tax assets/(liabilities) recognised in the consolidated statements of financial position and the movements during the year are as follows:

	Impairment loss on trade receivables RMB'000	Right-of-use assets RMB'000	Lease liabilities RMB'000	Inventory provision RMB'000	Deferred income RMB'000	Withholding tax on profits retained by the Group's PRC subsidiaries RMB'000	<b>Total</b> RMB'000
At 1 January 2023 Credited/(charged) to	695	(1,546)	1,891	170	437	_	1,647
profit or loss	78	128	(111)	50	(60)	_	85
At 31 December 2023 (Charged)/credited to	773	(1,418)	1,780	220	377	_	1,732
profit or loss	(591)	128	(117)	152	(60)	(2,071)	(2,559)
At 31 December 2024	182	(1,290)	1,663	372	317	(2,071)	(827)

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

#### 23 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Continued)

#### (b) Deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised (Continued)

#### (ii) Reconciliation to the consolidated statement of financial position:

	2024 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000
Net deferred tax assets in the consolidated statement		
of financial position	1,244	1,732
Net deferred tax liabilities in the consolidated statement		
of financial position	(2,071)	_
	(827)	1,732

#### (c) Deferred tax assets and liabilities not recognised

Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) have not been recognised in respect of the following items:

	2024	2023
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Reserves of PRC subsidiaries not expected to be distributed		
outside of the PRC in the foreseeable future (i)	(224,445)	(222,144)

(i) Pursuant to Enterprise Income Tax Law in the PRC and its related regulations, the Group is subject to withholding tax at 10% (unless reduced by tax treaties/arrangements) on dividends receivable from its PRC subsidiaries in respect of their profits generated and on distribution of the PRC statutory reserve upon liquidation. As at 31 December 2024, temporary differences relating to the reserves of the Company's PRC subsidiaries amounted to RMB224,445,000 (2023: RMB222,144,000), comprised retained earnings of RMB192,071,000 (2023: RMB192,071,000) and the PRC statutory reserve of RMB32,374,000 (2023: RMB30,073,000).

The Company controls the dividend policy of these subsidiaries and it was determined that it was probable that these reserves would not be distributed in the foreseeable future. The Company has no plan to liquidate these subsidiaries in the foreseeable future. As a result, no deferred tax liability was recognised for the above mentioned temporary differences of the reserves of the Company's PRC subsidiaries.

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

### 24 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS

### (a) Movement in components of equity

The reconciliation between the opening and closing balances of each component of the Group's consolidated equity is set out in the consolidated statements of changes in equity. Details of the changes in the Company's individual components of equity between the beginning and the end of the year are set out below:

#### The Company

				(Accumulated	
	Share	Share	Exchange	losses)/ retained	
	<b>capital</b> RMB'000	premium RMB'000	reserve RMB'000	profits RMB'000	<b>Total</b> RMB'000
	(Note 24(b))	(Note 24(d)(i))	(Note 24(d)(iv))	THIND OOO	TIIVID 000
Balance at 1 January 2023	6,952	198,080	(2,429)	(540)	202,063
Changes in equity for 2023:					
Profit for the year	_	_	_	27,912	27,912
Other comprehensive income for the year			2,908		2,908
Total comprehensive income	_		2,908	27,912	30,820
Dividends declared and approved in respect of the current year	_	_	_	(27,314)	(27,314)
sopost of the outlone you.				(21,011)	(=:,0::)
Balance at 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024	6,952	198,080	479	58	205,569
Changes in equity for 2024: Loss for the year				(1,692)	(1,692)
Other comprehensive income for the year	_	_	4,471	(1,092)	4,471
Other comprehensive income for the year			4,471	<del></del>	4,471
Total comprehensive income	_	_	4,471	(1,692)	2,779
Balance at 31 December 2024	6,952	198,080	4,950	(1,634)	208,348

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

## 24 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (Continued)

### (b) Share capital

Authorised share capital

		2024			2023	
	No	o. of shares	Amour		shares	Amount
		('000)	US\$'00	0	('000)	US\$'000
Authorised:						
Ordinary shares of US\$0.001 each	n	2,000,000	2,00	<b>0</b> 2,0	00,000	2,000
Issued share capital						
		2024			2023	
	No. of			No. of		
	shares	Amount	Amount	shares	Amount	Amount
	('000)	HKD'000	RMB'000	('000)	HKD'000	RMB'000
Ordinary shares, issued and fully paid:						
At 1 January and 31 December	1,000,000	7,777	6,952	1,000,000	7,777	6,952

#### (c) Dividends

(i) Dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company attributable to the year:

	2024 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000
Special dividend declared and approved during the year of HKD3.00 cents per ordinary share		27,314

The special dividend declared and approved during the year ended 31 December 2023 was paid on 19 January 2024.

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

#### 24 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (Continued)

#### (d) Nature and purpose of reserves

#### (i) Share premium

Share premium represents the difference between the consideration and the par value of the issued and paid-up shares of the Company.

#### (ii) Capital reserve

Capital reserve represents the excess of consideration paid by the Group over the paid-in capital of Buyang Wheel pursuant to a reorganisation.

#### (iii) PRC statutory reserve

Statutory reserve is established in accordance with the relevant PRC rules and regulations and the articles of association of the companies comprising the Group which is incorporated in the PRC. The PRC statutory reserve is established until the reserve balance reaches 50% of their registered capital. Transfers to this reserve must be made before distribution of a dividend to equity holders.

For the entities concerned, the PRC statutory reserve can be used to cover previous years' losses, if any, and may be converted into capital in proportion to the existing equity interests of equity holders, provided that the balance of the reserve after such conversion is not less than 25% of the entity's registered capital.

#### (iv) Exchange reserve

The exchange reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements for operations outside of mainland China. The reserve is handled with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 1(s).

#### (e) Capital management

The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, by pricing services commensurately with the level of risk and by securing access to finance at a reasonable cost. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged throughout the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

#### 24 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (Continued)

#### (e) Capital management (Continued)

The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to maintain a balance between the higher shareholder returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position, and makes adjustments to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions.

The Group monitors its capital structure on the basis of a debt-to-asset ratio. This ratio is calculated as total liabilities divided by total assets.

The debt-to-asset ratios as at 31 December 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

	2024	2023
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Total liabilities	93,168	118,229
Total assets	493,623	499,116
Debt to asset ratios	18.87%	23.69%

#### 25 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Exposure to credit, liquidity, interest rate and currency risks arises in the normal course of the Group's business.

The Group's exposure to these risks and the financial risk management policies and practices used by the Group to manage these risks are described below.

#### (a) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Group. The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to trade receivables. The Group's exposure to credit risk arising from cash and cash equivalents, time deposits, pledged deposits and bills receivable is limited because the counterparties are banks, which the Group considers to represent low credit risk. In respect of other receivables and loans provided to related parties, the Group has assessed that the expected credit loss rate for these receivables is immaterial and no loss allowance provision for these receivables was recognised during the Reporting Period. Management has a credit policy in place and the exposures to these credit risks are monitored on an ongoing basis.

#### Trade receivables

The Group's exposure to credit risks is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer or debtor rather than the industry or country in which the customers operate and therefore significant concentrations of credit risk primarily arise when the Group has significant exposure to individual customers or debtors. As at 31 December 2024, 6.43% (2023: 10.87%) of trade receivables were due from the Group's largest customer and 30.59% (2023: 37.79%) of trade receivables were due from the Group's five largest customers.

Individual credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount. These evaluations focus on the customer's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates. Trade receivables are mostly due from the date of revenue recognition. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from customers.

The Group does not provide any guarantees which would expose the Group to credit risk.

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

#### 25 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### (a) Credit risk (Continued)

#### Trade receivables (Continued)

In respect of trade receivables, the Group measures loss allowances for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, which is calculated using a provision matrix and individually determined to be impaired.

At 31 December 2024, the Group had no individually trade receivables with bad debt provision (2023: RMB2,718,000). The individually impaired receivables related to customers that were in financial difficulties and management assessed that only a portion of the receivables is expected to be recovered. Consequently, specific allowance for impairment of trade receivables of RMB Nil (2023: RMB2,718,000) were recognised as at 31 December 2024.

For the provision matrix method, as the Group's historical credit loss experience does not indicate significantly different loss patterns for different customer segments, the loss allowance based on ageing information which is analysed base on the date of revenue recognition is not further distinguished between the Group's different customer bases.

The following tables provides information about the Group's exposure to credit risk and ECLs for trade receivables by using a provision matrix as at 31 December 2024:

		At 31 Decemb	er 2024
		Gross	
	Expected	carrying	Loss
	loss rate	amount	allowance
	%	RMB'000	RMB'000
Within 3 months	0.20%	63,714	129
Over 3 months but within 6 months	1.79%	4,137	74
Over 6 months but within 12 months	17.93%	697	125
Over 12 months	100.00%	399	399
		68,947	727
		At 31 Decemb	er 2023
		Gross	
	Expected	carrying	Loss
	loss rate	amount	allowance
	%	RMB'000	RMB'000
Within 3 months	0.10%	65,085	66
Over 3 months but within 6 months	0.66%	2,742	18
Over 6 months but within 12 months	19.27%	519	100
Over 12 months	100.00%	189	189
	_	68,535	373

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

### 25 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### (a) Credit risk (Continued)

#### Trade receivables (Continued)

Expected loss rates are based on actual loss experience over the past one year. These rates are adjusted to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historic data has been collected, current conditions and the Group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables.

Movement in the loss allowance in respect of trade receivables measured at amortised cost during the Reporting Period is as follows:

	2024	2023
	RMB'000	RMB'000
At the beginning of the year	3,091	2,782
Impairment (reversal)/loss recognised	(537)	1,192
Amounts written-off	(1,827)	(883)
At the end of the year	727	3,091

#### (b) Liquidity risk

Individual operating entities within the Group are responsible for their own cash management, including the short-term investment of cash surpluses and the raising of loans to cover expected cash demands, subject to approval by the parent company's board when the borrowings exceed certain predetermined levels of authority. The Group's policy is to regularly monitor its liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

#### 25 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### (b) Liquidity risk (Continued)

The following tables show the remaining contractual maturities at the end of the Reporting Period of the Group's financial liabilities, which are based on:

- contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if
  floating, based on rates current at the end of the Reporting Period) and the date the Group is contractually
  required to pay, or if the counterparty has the choice of when the amount should be paid (irrespective of
  the fulfilment of covenants), the earliest date the Group can be required to pay; and
- expected undiscounted cash flows provided to the Group's key management personnel and the date the
  Group is expected to pay, shown as adjustments to the contractual undiscounted cash flows if the timing
  and/or amount to the cash flows are expected to be different from the contractual undiscounted cash
  flows.

		At	31 December 20	24		
		More	More			
		than 1 year	than 2 years			
	Within 1 year	but less	but less	More		Carrying
	or on demand	than 2 years	than 5 years	than 5 years	Total	amount
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Trade and other payables	66,778	_	_	_	66,778	66,778
Lease liabilities	857	857	2,571	4,285	8,570	6,649
Contractual and expected						
undiscounted cash outflow	67,635	857	2,571	4,285	75,348	73,427
	,		,		·	,
		At	31 December 202	23		
		More	More			
		than 1 year	than 2 years			
	Within 1 year	but less	but less	More		Carrying
	or on demand	than 2 years	than 5 years	than 5 years	Total	amount
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Trade and other payables	61,737	_	_	_	61,737	61,737
Lease liabilities	857	857	2,571	5,142	9,427	7,121
Contractual and expected						
undiscounted cash outflow	62,594	857	2,571	5,142	71,164	68,858

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

#### 25 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### (c) Interest rate risk

The Group's interest-bearing financial instruments at variable rates are the cash at bank as at the end of the Reporting Period. The cash flow interest risk arising from the change of market interest rate on these balances is not considered significant. The Group's interest-bearing financial instruments at fixed interest rates are lease liabilities and a loan provided to a related party that are measured at amortised cost, and the change of market interest rate does not materially expose the Group to fair value interest risk. Overall speaking, the Group's exposure to interest rate risk is not significant.

#### (d) Currency risk

The Group is exposed to currency risk primarily through sales which give rise to receivables and cash balances that are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the operations to which the transactions relate. The currency giving rise to this risk is primarily United States dollars ("**USD**").

#### (i) Exposure to currency risk

The following table details the Group's exposure as at 31 December 2024 and 2023 to currency risk arising from the recognised assets or liabilities denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the entity to which they relate. For presentation purpose, the amounts of exposure are shown in RMB, translated using the spot rate at the year end date. Differences resulting from the translation of the financial statements of the Group's subsidiaries with functional currency other than RMB into the Group's presentation currency are excluded.

	Exposure to foreign currencies (expressed in RMB'000)	
	2024	2023
	USD	USD
The functional currency is RMB:		
Trade and other receivables	48,576	48,153
Cash and cash equivalents	13,638	30,230
	62,214	78,383
The functional currency is HKD:		
Cash and cash equivalents	278	29,708
	278	29,708
Net exposure arising from recognised assets and liabilities	62,492	108,091

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

#### 25 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### (d) Currency risk (Continued)

#### (ii) Sensitivity analysis

The following table indicates the instantaneous change in the Group's profit after tax (and retained profits) that would arise if foreign exchange rates to which the Group has significant exposure at the end of the Reporting Period had changed at that date, assuming all other risk variables remained constant.

	2024		203	23
Incre	ase/ (decrease)	Increase/ (decrease)	Increase/ (decrease)	Increase/ (decrease)
in fo	reign exchange	on profit after tax	in foreign exchange	on profit after tax
	rates	and retained profits	rates	and retained profits
	%	RMB'000	%	RMB'000
USD	5%	2,343	5%	4,053
	(5%)	(2,343)	(5%)	(4,053)

Results of the analysis as presented in the above table represent an aggregation of the instantaneous effects on each of the Group subsidiaries' profit after tax and equity measured in the respective functional currencies, and then translated into RMB at the exchange rate ruling at the end of the Reporting Period for presentation purposes.

The sensitivity analysis assumes that the change in foreign exchange rates had been applied to re-measure those financial instruments held by the Group which expose the Group to foreign currency risk as at 31 December 2024 and 2023, including inter-company payables and receivables within the Group which are denominated in a currency other than the functional currencies of the lender or the borrower. The analysis excludes differences that would result from the translation of the financial statements of entities whose functional currency is not RMB. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2023.

#### (e) Fair value measurement

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Group did not have the financial instruments carried at fair value.

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments carried at cost or amortised cost are not materially different from their fair values as at 31 December 2024 and 2023.

#### **26 COMMITMENTS**

Capital commitments outstanding at 31 December 2024 not provided for in the financial statements were as follows:

	2024	2023
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Purchase of property, plant and equipment:		
Contracted for	1,913	4,733

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

#### 27 MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

#### (a) Key management personnel remuneration

Remuneration for key management personnel of the Group, including amounts paid to the Group's directors as disclosed in note 7 and certain of the highest paid employees as disclosed in note 8, is as follows:

	2024 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000
Short-term employee benefits Contributions to defined contribution retirement plans	2,304 34	1,718 30
	2,338	1,748

Total remuneration is included in "staff costs" (see note 5(b)).

## (b) Name of and relationship with related parties

During the Reporting Period, transactions with the following parties are considered as related party transactions:

Name of related party	Relationship with the Group
Mr. Xu Buyun 徐步雲先生	Controlling shareholder of the Company
Mrs. Chen Jiangyue 陳江月女士	Mr. Xu Buyun's close family member and controlling shareholder of the Company
First Oriental Limited ("First Oriental")	Shareholder of the Company, controlled by Mr. Xu Buyun and Mrs. Chen Jiangyue
Buyang Group Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries ("Buyang PRC") 步陽集團有限公司及其子公司*	Corporate Controlled by Mr. Xu Buyun
Topsun Investment Holding Company Limited	Ultimate parent company of the Group

<sup>\*</sup> The English translation of the Company name is for reference only. The official names of these companies are in Chinese.

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

#### 27 MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

### (c) Significant related party transactions

The particulars of significant transactions between the Group and the above related parties during the Reporting Period are as follows:

	2024 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000
Interest income from:  — Topsun Investment Holding Company Limited (Note13)	876	564
A loan to:  — Topsun Investment Holding Company Limited	-	14,117
Fuel expenses and utilities to:  — Buyang PRC	9,429	7,787
Rental income from:  — Buyang PRC	550	63
Interest on lease liabilities:  — Buyang PRC (i)	385	413

Note:

### (d) Significant related party balances

	2024 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000
A loan provided to a related party:		
Topsun Investment Holding Company Limited (Note13)	14,965	15,064
Amounts due from:		
Buyang PRC		
<ul><li>Trade nature (Note 16)</li></ul>		63
Amounts due to:		
Buyang PRC	270	505
<ul><li>Trade nature (Note 19)</li></ul>	978	535
Lease liabilities due to:		
<ul><li>Buyang PRC</li></ul>	6,649	7,121

Amounts due from/to related party are unsecured and interest-free.

<sup>(</sup>i) The amount of rent payable excluding value-added tax by the Group under the lease is RMB857,000 per year. At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognised a right-of-use asset and a lease liability of RMB10,310,000.

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

### 28 COMPANY-LEVEL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	2024 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000
Non-current assets		
A loan provided to a related party Interest in a subsidiary	14,817 107,842	14,500 105,533
interest in a casolalary	122,659	120,033
Current assets		
Trade and other receivables	83,573	111,147
A loan provided to a related party  Cash and cash equivalents	148 8,959	564 7,853
	92,680	119,564
Current liabilities		
Trade and other payables Dividend payables	6,991 	6,841 27,187
	6,991	34,028
Net current assets	85,689	85,536
Total assets less current liabilities	208,348	205,569
NET ASSETS	208,348	205,569
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		
Share capital Reserves	6,952 201,396	6,952 198,617
TOTAL EQUITY	208,348	205,569

<sup>\*</sup> Trade and other receivables of the Company are mainly non-trade receivables due from its subsidiary, which are unsecured and interest-free.

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated)

#### 29 IMMEDIATE AND ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

At 31 December 2024, the directors consider the ultimate controlling party of the Group to be Mr. Xu Buyun and Mrs. Chen Jiangyue.

At 31 December 2024, the directors consider the immediate parent of the Group to be First Oriental Limited. This entity does not produce financial statements available for public use.

# 30 POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENTS, NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

Up to the date of issue of these financial statements, the HKICPA has issued a number of new or amended standards, which are not yet effective for the year ended 31 December 2024 and which have not been adopted in these financial statements. These developments include the following which may be relevant to the Group.

Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after

Amendments to HKAS 21, The effects of changes in foreign exchange rates — Lack of exchangeability 1 January 2025

Amendments to HKFRS 9, Financial instruments and HKFRS 7, Financial instruments:

1 January 2026

disclosures — Amendments to the classification and measurement of financial
instruments

Annual improvements to HKFRS Accounting Standards-Volume 11 1 January 2026

HKFRS 18, Presentation and disclosure in financial statements 1 January 2027

HKFRS 19, Subsidiaries without public accountability: disclosures 1 January 2027

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these developments is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far it has concluded that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.