

## 福田實業(集團)有限公司

Fountain Set (Holdings) Limited

(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability) (於香港註冊成立的有限公司) SEHK 股份代號:420

# The World's Finest Circular Knits Since 1969 世界優質圓筒針織始於



年報 2024 Annual Report

#### **GROUP PROFILE**

About Fountain Set (Holdings) Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Fountain Set Group") (Stock Code: 00420.HK)

One of the world's largest and long-established fabric manufacturers, the Fountain Set Group produces knitted fabric and garments through vertically integrated operations in fabric knitting, dyeing, printing, finishing and garment manufacturing, for many of the renowned apparel retailers and brands.

As a strong believer of research and development, we collaborate with brands and suppliers to develop innovative and creative fabric and garment products to consumers all over the world. Headquartered in Hong Kong and listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, the Fountain Set Group has 8 production facilities in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), Sri Lanka and Indonesia, with marketing and representative offices in 3 countries and a global staff force of close to 5,500 strong.

Mr. HA Chung Fong, founder and honorary chairman of the Company remains one of the substantial shareholders of the Company.

To learn more about Fountain Set (Holdings) Limited, please visit www.fshl.com

## 集團簡介

有關福田實業(集團)有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬公司(「福田集團」)(股份代號:00420,香港)

福田集團為一家世界最大及歷史悠久的針織面料生產商之一,提供針織、染色、印花、整理及成衣製造等高度垂直綜合服務,為許多知名服裝零售商和品牌製造針織面料及成衣。

作為研發的堅信者,我們與品牌和供應商合作,為世界各地的消費者開發創新和創意的面料及成衣產品。福田集團總部位於香港,並於香港聯合交易所有限公司主板上市,其於中華人民共和國(「中國」)、斯里蘭卡及印尼設有8個生產設施,市場推廣辦事處及代表處分佈3個國家,全球員工接近5.500人。

創辦人及名譽主席夏松芳先生仍為本公司主要股東之一。

欲知更多福田實業 (集團) 有限公司資料,請瀏覽www.fshl.com

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## CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

#### **HONORARY CHAIRMAN**

Mr. HA Chung Fong

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. LIU Xianfu (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Dr. LI Gang

Mr. YAU Hang Tat Andrew

Mr. YIN Jian (appointed on 1 September 2024)

Mr. ZHANG Zheng

Ms. ZHAO Jianli (resigned on 1 September 2024)

#### **Non-executive Directors**

Dr. YEN Gordon (Non-executive Vice Chairman) Ms. ZHOU Jing (appointed on 1 April 2025) Mr. TAO Yongming (resigned on 1 April 2025)

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. NG Kwok Tung Mr. YING Wei Mr. William LAM

Mr. WONG Kwong Chi

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Ms. CHENG Wai Han Charmaine

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE & PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS**

Block A, 6/F., Eastern Sea Industrial Building 29-39 Kwai Cheong Road, Kwai Chung, New Territories, Hong Kong

#### **COMPANY WEBSITE**

www.fshl.com

#### **PRINCIPAL BANKS**

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Hang Seng Bank Limited CTBC Bank Co., Ltd. China Construction Bank

#### **SOLICITORS**

Loong & Yeung Vivien Chan & Co.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited Certified Public Accountants

#### SHARE REGISTRAR

Boardroom Share Registrars (HK) Limited Room 2103B, 21/F., 148 Electric Road, North Point, Hong Kong

#### 名譽主席

夏松芳先生

#### 董事會

#### 執行董事

劉賢福先生(主席兼行政總裁) 李剛博士 邱恒達先生 尹堅先生(於2024年9月1日獲委任) 張正先生

趙建麗女士(於2024年9月1日辭任)

#### 非執行董事

嚴震銘博士(非執行副主席) 周靜女士(於2025年4月1日獲委任) 陶永銘先生(於2025年4月1日辭任)

#### 獨立非執行董事

伍國棟先生 應偉先生 林偉成先生 干幹芝先生

#### 公司秘書

鄭惠嫻女士

#### 註冊辦事處及主要營業地點

香港新界葵涌葵昌路29-39號 東海工業大廈A座6樓

#### 公司網址

www.fshl.com

#### 主要往來銀行

中國銀行(香港)有限公司 香港上海匯豐銀行有限公司 恒生銀行有限公司 中國信託商業銀行股份有限公司 中國建設銀行股份有限公司

#### 律師

龍炳坤、楊永安律師行 陳韻雲律師行

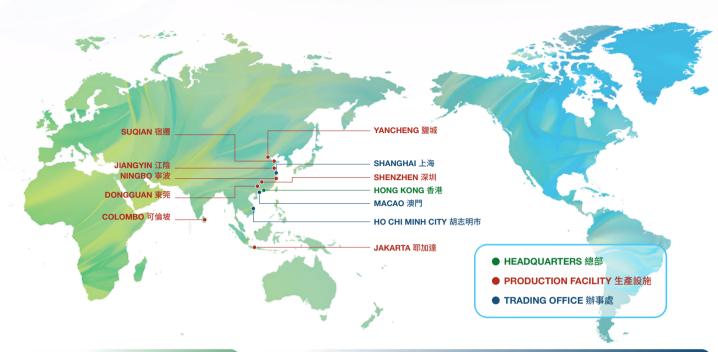
#### 獨立核數師

信永中和(香港)會計師事務所有限公司 執業會計師

#### 股份登記處

寶德隆證券登記有限公司 香港北角電氣道148號21樓2103B室

## 



#### HEADQUARTERS • 總 部

#### HONG KONG 香港

Fountain Set (Holdings) Limited 福田實業 (集團) 有限公司

#### PRODUCTION FACILITY • 生產設施

#### CHINA 中國

#### Knitting & Dyeing 針織及染色

Jiangyin Fuhui Textiles Limited 江陰福匯紡織有限公司 Yancheng Fuhui Textiles Limited 鹽城福匯紡織有限公司

#### Knitting, Dyeing & Printing 針織、染色及印花

Dongguan Shatin Lake Side Textiles Printing & Dyeing Co., Ltd. 東莞沙田麗海紡織印染有限公司

#### Garment Manufacturing 製衣

Ningbo Young Top Garments Co., Ltd. 寧波創裕製衣有限公司

Suqian Young Top Garments Co., Ltd. 宿遷創裕製衣有限公司

#### Centralized Heat Supply Project 集中供熱業務

Dongguan Futian Oasis Heating Co., Ltd. 東莞福田綠洲供熱有限公司

#### JAKARTA 耶加達

Garment Manufacturing 製衣 P.T. Sandang Mutiara Cemerlang

#### COLOMBO 可倫坡

Knitting, Dyeing & Printing 針織、染色及印花 Ocean Lanka (Private) Limited 海洋蘭卡 (私人) 有限公司\*

#### TRADING OFFICE • 辦事處

#### CHINA 中國

#### Sales of Dyed Fabrics 色布銷售

Shenzhen Faun Textiles Limited 深圳福力紡織品有限公司 Shanghai Fuhui Textiles Trading Co., Ltd. 上海福匯紡織貿易有限公司

#### HONG KONG 香港

#### Raw Materials Sourcing 原料採購

Highscene Limited 漢盛有限公司

#### Sales of Dyed Fabrics 色布銷售

Fountain Set Limited 福田實業有限公司

#### Sales of Garments 成衣銷售

Hiway Textiles Limited 海匯紡織有限公司 Oceanstar Textiles International Limited 海星紡織國際有限公司

#### MACAO 澳門

#### Raw Materials Sourcing 原料採購

Prosperlink (Macao Commercial Offshore) Limited 匯漢 (澳門離岸商業服務) 有限公司

#### HO CHI MINH CITY 胡志明市

Fountain Set Limited
- Vietnam Representative Office 福田實業有限公司
- 越南代表處

<sup>#</sup> Chinese names are only translations of their official English names. In case of inconsistencies, the English names shall prevail. 中文名稱僅為彼等官方英文名稱之譯文。倘有歧異,概以英文名稱為準。

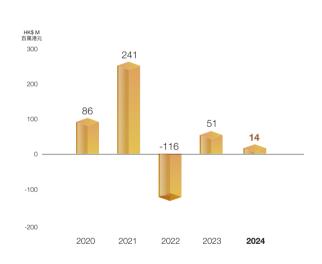
## **FINANCIAL AND STATISTICAL HIGHLIGHTS** 財務及統計摘要

		2024 <i>HK\$Mil</i> 百萬港元	2023 <i>HK\$Mil 百萬港元</i>
Operating Results Revenue	<b>營運業績</b> 營業額	4,426.6	4,440.2
Financial Performance	財務表現		
Profit attributable to owners	本公司擁有人		
of the Company	應佔盈利	14.3	50.9
Profit margin	盈利率 与80.80年(1)	0.3%	1.1%
Earnings per share (HK cents)  – Basic	每股盈利 (港仙) -基本	1.2	4.2
- Dasic - Diluted	一攤薄	1.2	4.2
Bildica	大   /寸	1.2	7.2
Dividends	股息		
Proposed final dividend per share	擬派發每股末期股息(港仙)		0.00
(HK cents)	泛点比索	1.16	3.00
Dividend payout ratio  Proposed special dividend per share	派息比率 擬派發每股特別股息 (港仙)	100.00%	71.43%
(HK cents)	<b>姚似弦母双行则双志(尼山)</b>	4.34	_
(* * 55.1.6)			
		At 31 December	At 31 December
		於12月31日	於12月31日
		2024	2023
		HK\$Mil 百萬港元	HK\$Mil 百萬港元
Financial Position at Year End	於年度終結時之財務狀況		
Net current assets	流動資產淨值	2,123.3	2,203.5
Total assets	資產總值	4,614.6	4,900.8
Non-current bank borrowings	非流動銀行借貸	-	91.1
Total bank borrowings	總銀行借貸	48.8	199.6
Net bank borrowings	銀行借貸淨值	(1,248.4)	(1,181.3)
Total liabilities  Net asset value per share (HK\$)	負債總值 每股資產淨值 (港元)	1,158.8 2.64	1,432.2 2.67
Capital expenditure	等成員生序值(洛九) 資本開支	174.7	2.07 87.9
Capital experience		114.1	01.0
Financial Statistics	財務統計		
Return on equity (%)	權益回報率(%)	1.0%	2.0%
Consolidated tangible net worth	綜合淨有形資產 (2)	3,118.7	3,189.3
Consolidated total bank debt to	綜合總銀行負債對綜合淨有形 資產比例	0.0	0.1
consolidated tangible net worth Consolidated EBITDA to consolidated	に に に に に に に に に た に た に た り に り に り に	0.0	0.1
interest expenses	利息支出比例	20.9	12.5
Consolidated current assets to	綜合流動資產對綜合流動	20.0	12.0
consolidated current liabilities	負債比例	3.2	2.9
Inventory turnover period (days)	存貨周轉期(日)	74	69
Trade and bills receivables turnover	營業及票據應收款項		
period (days)	周轉期(日)	66	66
Trade and bills payables turnover	營業及票據應付款項		
period (days)	周轉期(日)	53	58

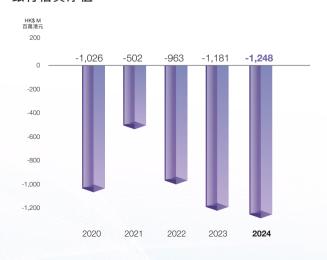
## FINANCIAL AND STATISTICAL HIGHLIGHTS (continued) 財務及統計摘要 (續)

Revenue 營業額 HK\$ M 百萬港元 8,000 6,751 7.000 6,054 6,000 4,943 4,427 4.440 5.000 4,000 3.000 2,000 1,000 0 -2020 2021 2022 2023 2024

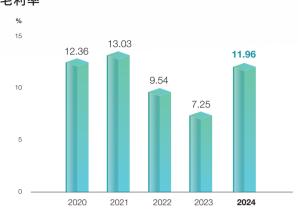
Profit/(loss) Attributable to Owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔盈利/(虧損)



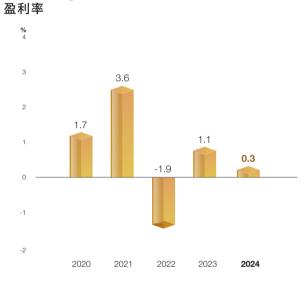
Net Bank Borrowings 銀行借貸淨值



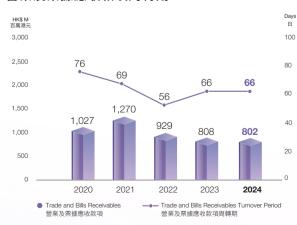
Gross Profit Margin 毛利率



Profit Margin



Trade and Bills Receivables Turnover Period 營業及票據應收款項周轉期



## FINANCIAL SUMMARY 財務概要

A summary of the financial information of the Company and its subsidiaries for the last five financial years, as extracted from the respective published audited consolidated financial statements, is set out as below. This summary does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

本公司及其附屬公司過去五個財政年度之財務 資料概要(摘取自相關已公佈經審核綜合財務 報表)載列如下。此概要並不構成經審核綜合財 務報表之一部分。

#### **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS**

#### 綜合損益表

		For the				
		year ended	year ended	vear ended	vear ended	year ended
		31 December				
		2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
		截至2020年	截至2021年	截至2022年	截至2023年	截至2024年
		12月31日	12月31日	12月31日	12月31日	12月31日
		止年度	止年度	止年度	止年度	止年度
		HK\$'000 千港元				
		'				
Revenue	營業額	4,943,230	6,751,277	6,053,645	4,440,235	4,426,558
Profit/(loss) before income tax	除所得稅支出前盈利/					
expense	(虧損)	122,145	337,450	(20,210)	111,128	77,060
Income tax expense	所得稅支出	(20,554)	(67,192)	(72,954)	(43,284)	(42,483)
Profit/(loss) for the year	是年度盈利/(虧損)	101,591	270,258	(93,164)	67,844	34,577
Attributable to:	應佔:					
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人	85,706	241,334	(115,532)	50,903	14,262
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	15,885	28,924	22,368	16,941	20,315
TWO IT CONTROLLING INTERESTS	プトリエ/JX (1世 皿	10,000	20,324	22,000	10,341	20,010
		101,591	270,258	(93,164)	67,844	34,577

## FINANCIAL SUMMARY (continued) 財務概要(續)

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 综合財務狀況表

		At	At	At	At	At
		31 December				
		2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
		於12月31日	於12月31日	於12月31日	於12月31日	於12月31日
		2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
		HK\$'000 千港元				
Non-current assets	非流動資產	1,746,822	1,728,511	1,671,542	1,532,032	1,518,322
Current assets	流動資產	3,678,889	4,019,879	3,375,223	3,368,807	3,096,296
Current liabilities	流動負債	1,619,636	1,771,099	1,182,174	1,165,291	972,989
Net current assets	流動資產淨值	2,059,253	2,248,780	2,193,049	2,203,516	2,123,307
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總值減流動負債	3,806,075	3,977,291	3,864,591	3,735,548	3,641,629
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	226,286	218,193	440,824	266,882	185,856
Net assets	資產淨值	3,579,789	3,759,098	3,423,767	3,468,666	3,455,773
		·				
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備					
Share capital	股本	889,810	889,810	889,810	889,810	889,810
Reserves	儲備	2,504,762	2,670,428	2,331,257	2,378,536	2,347,779
Equity attributable to owners	本公司擁有人應佔權益					
of the Company		3,394,572	3,560,238	3,221,067	3,268,346	3,237,589
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	185,217	198,860	202,700	200,320	218,184
Total equity	權益總值	3,579,789	3,759,098	3,423,767	3,468,666	3,455,773

## AWARDS & CERTIFICATIONS 獎項及認證

Fountain Set (Holdings) Limited 福田實業 (集團) 有限公司







File number 文檔編號	Awards/Certifications name 獎項/認證名稱	Issued by 頒發機構
1	Hong Kong ESG Award 香港ESG獎	The Chinese Manufacturers' Association of Hong Kong 香港中華廠商聯合會
2	Outstanding ESG Improvement Award 傑出ESG進步獎嘉許獎	HERA

## **AWARDS & CERTIFICATIONS (continued)** 獎項及認證(續)

#### **Fountain Set Limited** 福田實業有限公司









File number 文檔編號	Awards/Certifications name 獎項/認證名稱	Issued by 頒發機構
3	Scope Certificate (Global Recycled Standard 4.0 (GRS 4.0)) 全球回收聲明標準(GRS 4.0)認證證書	Intertek Testing Services NA, Inc 天祥檢驗服務有限公司
4	Scope Certificate (Organic Content Standard (OCS) Version 3.0) 有機棉含量標準(OCS 3.0)認證證書	ECOCERT GREENLIFE S.A.S. 愛科賽爾國籍總部
5	Scope Certificate (Global Organic Textile Standard (GOTS) Version 6.0) 全球有機紡織品標準(GOTS 6.0)認證證書	ECOCERT GREENLIFE S.A.S.
6	bluesign® SYSTEM PARTNER bluesign® SYSTEM夥伴	Bluesign Technologies AG

## AWARDS & CERTIFICATIONS (continued) 獎項及認證(續)

## Dongguan Shatin Lake Side Textiles Printing & Dyeing Co., Ltd.

東莞沙田麗海紡織印染有限公司

























File number 文檔編號	Awards/Certifications name 獎項/認證名稱	Issued by 頒發機構
7	Oeko-Tex Standard 100 Certificate HKKO 041727 Oeko-Tex標準100證書HKKO 041727	TESTEX AG, Swiss Textile Testing Institute TESTEX AG, 瑞士紡織檢定所
8	Oeko-Tex Standard 100 Certificate HK015 215774 Oeko-Tex標準100證書HK015 215774	TESTEX AG, Swiss Textile Testing Institute TESTEX AG, 瑞士紡織檢定所
9	Oeko-Tex Standard 100 Certificate HKKO 056043 Oeko-Tex標準100證書HKKO 056043	TESTEX AG, Swiss Textile Testing Institute TESTEX AG, 瑞士紡織檢定所
10	Oeko-Tex Standard 100 Certificate HKD 20884 Oeko-Tex標準100證書HKD 20884	TESTEX AG, Swiss Textile Testing Institute TESTEX AG, 瑞士紡織檢定所
11	KOHL'S Color CERTIFICATION	KOHL'S 柯爾百貨公司
12	ANN TAYLOR LABORATORY APPROVAL CERTIFICATE	ANN TAYLOR 安氏集團
13	ARITZIA Lab Accreditation Certificate	ARITZIA
14	KOHL'S LAB CERTFCATON	KOHL'S 柯爾百貨公司
15	L.L.Bean Global Quality Assurance & Testing	L.L.Bean Inc.
16	Laboratory Accreditation Certificate	Next Retail Limited
17	PUMA Laboratory Accreditation Certificate	SGS
18	Laboratory Accreditation Certificate	Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (Guangzhou) Co., Ltd. 廣州必維技術檢測有限公司 UNDER ARMOUR 安德瑪

## 獎項及認證(續)





















File number 文檔編號	Awards/Certifications name 獎項/認證名稱	Issued by 頒發機構
19	Certificate of Accreditation	Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (Guangzhou) Co., Ltd. 廣州必維技術檢測有限公司
		The Children's Place
20	Datacolor Certify Certificate	datacolor 德塔顏色
21	Certificate of Accreditation	Carter's Global Sourcing Ltd Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (Guangzhou) Co., Ltd. 廣州必維技術檢測有限公司
22	Certification of Assessment	Abercrombie & Fitch Co.
23	Assigned Colorist Certificate	Abercrombie & Fitch Co.
24	Certificate of Color Accreditation Program	natific AG Switzerland
25	Certificate of Recognition	RALPH LAUREN 雷夫·羅倫馬球
26	LABORATORY APPROVAL CERTIFICATE	Gap Inc. 蓋璞
27	Certificate of Color Accreditation Program for Puma	Colour Apparel Development Services Limited
28	Lands' End Certificate	Lands' End

## **AWARDS & CERTIFICATIONS (continued)** 獎項及認證(續)

















File number 文檔編號	Awards/Certifications name 獎項/認證名稱	Issued by 頒發機構
29	Hong Kong - Guangdong Cleaner Production Partner (Manufacturing) 粵港清潔生產夥伴 (製造業)	Department of Industry and Information Technology of Guangdong Province 廣東省工業和信息化廳
		Environment and Ecology Bureau The Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region 香港特別行政區政府環境及生態局
30	Low-carbon Manufacturing Plan (Golden Label)(LCMP) 低碳製造計畫 (黃金標籤) (LCMP)	World Wide Fund for Nature or World Wildlife Fund 世界自然基金會
31	Water – saving Benchmark Enterprises in Guangdong Province 廣東省節水標杆企業	Department of Industry and Information Technology of Guangdong Province, Department of Water Resources of Guangdong Province 廣東省工業和信息化廳、廣東省水利廳
32	Higg Facility Environmental Module ASSESSMENT-certificate Higg Index FEM環境認證證書	Sustainable Apparel Coalition 可持續服裝聯盟
33	Higg Facility Environmental Module SELF-ASSESSMENT-certificate Higg Index FEM自我評估環境模組認證證書	Sustainable Apparel Coalition 可持續服裝聯盟
34	HIGG VFSLM VERIFICATION(2023)-ASSESSMENT-certificate Higg Index VFSLM社會責任模組認證證書	Sustainable Apparel Coalition 可持續服裝聯盟
35	Higg Index Facility Social & Labor Module Higg Index FSLM模組證書	Sustainable Apparel Coalition 可持續服裝聯盟

## **AWARDS & CERTIFICATIONS (continued)**

## 獎項及認證(續)













File number 文檔編號	Awards/Certifications name 獎項/認證名稱	Issued by 頒發機構
36	City's "Four - Season Love" Activity for New Employment Groups Led by Party Building: Loving - heart Enterprises 市黨建引領新就業群體四季有愛活動:愛心企業	The Committee of Non – public Economic Organizations and Social Organizations in Shatian Town, Dongguan City 東莞市沙田鎮非公有制經濟組織和社會組織委員會
37	Knitted Recycled Dyed Fabric Carbon Footprint in the Greater Bay Area - Certificate 針織再生染色布大灣區碳足跡一證書	Carbon Footprint Identification and Certification Public Service Platform in the Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macao Greater Bay Area 粤港澳大灣區碳足跡標識認證公共服務平台
38	Knitted Organic Dyed Fabric Carbon Footprint in the Greater Bay Area – Certificate 針織有機染色布大灣區碳足跡一證書	Carbon Footprint Identification and Certification Public Service Platform in the Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macao Greater Bay Area 粤港澳大灣區碳足跡標識認證公共服務平台
39	中國海關貿易景氣統計調查(出口)樣本企業	General Administration of Customs of the People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國海關總署
40	Membership Certificate of the Digital Intelligence Innovation Center for Fabrics and Apparel in the Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macao Greater Bay Area 粤港澳大灣區面料與服飾數智化創新中心會員證書	Guangdong Textile Association 廣東省紡織協會
41	Certificate of OEKO-TEX STeP 可持續紡織生產認證	TESTEX Swiss Textile-Testing Ltd. 瑞士生態市場研究所

## AWARDS & CERTIFICATIONS (continued) 獎項及認證(續)

#### Yancheng Fuhui Textiles Limited 鹽城福匯紡織有限公司

























File number 文檔編號	Awards/Certifications name 獎項/認證名稱	Issued by 頒發機構
42	Top 30 Chinese Knitting Industry in 2023 2023年度中國針織行業30強	China Knitting Industry Association 中國針織工業協會
43	KOHL'S LAB CERTIFICATION	QUALITY ASSURANCE & PRODUCT INTEGRITY
44	中紡聯2024年度紡織品物理性能實驗室間比對測試證書	China Textile Industry Federation Testing Center 中國紡織工業聯合會檢測中心
45	Oeko-Tex Standard 100 Certificate SH015 208514 Oeko-Tex標準100證書SH015 208514	TESTEX AG, Swiss Textile Testing Institute TESTEX AG, 瑞士紡織檢定所
46	Oeko-Tex Standard 100 Certificate SH015 144422 Oeko-Tex標準100證書SH015 144422	TESTEX AG, Swiss Textile Testing Institute TESTEX AG, 瑞士紡織檢定所
47	Certificate HIGG FEM SELF-ASSESSMENT	Cascale
48	Certificate HIGG FEM VERIFICATION	Cascale
49	Certificate HIGG FSLM SELF-ASSESSMENT	Cascale
50	Certificate GOTS 6.0-Fountain Set Limited	ECOCERT GREENLIFE S.A.S.
51	Certificate OCS 3.0-Fountain Set Limited	ECOCERT GREENLIFE S.A.S.
52	Higg Index Facility Social & Labor Module	Sustainable Apparel Coalition 可持續服裝聯盟
53	Certificate SC-GRS 4.0-Fountain Set Limited	Intertek Testing Services NA, Inc. 天祥檢驗服務有限公司

## AWARDS & CERTIFICATIONS (continued) 獎項及認證 (續)





















File number 文檔編號	Awards/Certifications name 獎項/認證名稱	Issued by 頒發機構
54	實用新型專利證書:一種針織布料打色樣批量冷卻裝置	China National Intellectual Property Administration 國家知識產權局
55	實用新型專利證書:一種染缸用導布管	China National Intellectual Property Administration 國家知識產權局
56	實用新型專利證書:一種針織電腦提花衛衣面料	China National Intellectual Property Administration 國家知識產權局
57	實用新型專利證書:一種驗布機	China National Intellectual Property Administration 國家知識產權局
58	發明專利證書:一種緯編針織豐型布的生產工藝	China National Intellectual Property Administration 國家知識產權局
59	發明專利證書:一種二醋酸短纖混紡針織面料的加工工藝	China National Intellectual Property Administration 國家知識產權局
60	ISO14001 Environmental Management System Certificate ISO14001環境管理體系認證證書	China Quality Mark Certification Group 方圓標誌認證集團有限公司
61	ISO 50001 Energy Management System Certificate ISO50001管理體系認證證書	China Quality Mark Certification Group 方圓標誌認證集團有限公司
62	2023年度爭先創優三星企業	Affairs Office of Yancheng Municipal People's Government 鹽城市人民政府
63	中糧集團第四屆「五小」青年創客競賽二等獎	共青團中糧集團有限公司委員會

## **AWARDS & CERTIFICATIONS (continued)** 獎項及認證(續)

#### Ocean Lanka (Private) Limited 海洋蘭卡(私人)有限公司



























File number 文件編號	Awards/Certifications name 獎項/認證名稱	Issued by 頒發機構
64	Oeko-Tex Standard 100 Certificate 07.BH.52767 Oeko-Tex標準100證書07.BH.52767	Hohenstein Textile Testing Institute
65	Laboratory Certification	Intertek 天祥集團
66	bluesign® SYSTEM PARTNER bluesign® SYSTEM夥伴	Bluesign Technologies AG
67	Facility and Merchandise Authorization	The Walt Disney Company 華特迪士尼公司
68	Facility and Merchandise Authorization	Marks and Spencer p.l.c. 馬莎百貨
69	Laboratory Approval Certificate 實驗室批准證書	Gap Inc. 蓋璞
70	George Laboratory Certification Scheme George實驗室認證計劃	George & Intertek Group George及天祥集團
71	Certificate of Good Manufacturing Practice 良好生產規範證書	SGS Lanka Ltd. 斯里蘭卡通用檢測認證有限公司
72	Global Organic Textiles (GOTS) 6.0 全球有機紡織品(GOTS) 6.0	Control Union Certifications B.V 世優認證 (上海) 有限公司
73	Organic Content Standard (OCS) 3.0 Global Recycled Standard (GRS) 4.0 有機含量標準(OCS) 3.0 全球回收標準(GRS) 4.0	Control Union Certifications B.V 世優認證 (上海) 有限公司
74	Higg Index Facility Social & Labor Module Higg Index FSLM模組證書	Sustainable Apparel Coalition 可持續服裝聯盟

## AWARDS & CERTIFICATIONS (continued)

獎項及認證(續)































File number 文件編號	Awards/Certifications name 獎項/認證名稱	Issued by 頒發機構
75	ISO14001:2015 Environmental Management Systems ISO14001:2015環境管理系統	SGS United Kingdom Ltd. 英國通用檢測認證有限公司
76	ISO45001:2018 Occupational Health and Safety Management Systems ISO45001:2018職業安全衛生管理系統	SGS Société Générale de Surveillance SA 瑞士通用檢測認證有限公司
77	Marks & Spencer Premier Accreditation Scheme 馬莎百貨高級認證計劃	Marks and Spencer p.l.c. 馬莎百貨
78	Next Laboratory Accreditation Certification Next實驗室認證證書	NEXT Retail Ltd.
79	Registration Certificate for End Users of Precursor Chemicals 易制毒化學品最終用戶登記證	Sri Lanka National Dangerous Drugs Control Board 斯里蘭卡國家危險藥物管制局
80	Supplier to Zero Certificate	ZDHC 危險化學品零排放組織
81	regenagri Content Standard (version 2.1)	Control Union (UK) Limited
82	Environmental Protection Licence	Board of Investment of Sri Lanka
83	CNC Acheivers Award	Ceylon National Chamber of Industries
84	VS&CO Excellence Awards	VS & CO 維多利亞的秘密
85	Musketeers Awards	Lacoste 拉科斯特
86	VS&CO Chemical Management Excellence Award 2024	VS & CO 維多利亞的秘密
87	Bluesign Appreciation Certificate	Bluesign Technologies AG
88	Manufacturing – Silver Award	National Chamber of Exporters
89	CNCI Merit Award	Ceylon National Chamber of Industries

## **CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT** 主席報告

Dear Shareholders.

On behalf of the board of directors of Fountain Set (Holdings) Limited (the "Company" or "we" or "our", and the "Board", respectively), I would like to present the audited consolidated results of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group" or the "Fountain Set Group") for the financial year ended 31 December 2024 ("2024"), and to provide you with an overview of the Group's strategy and business outlook.

#### **FINANCIAL AND BUSINESS REVIEW**

Excluding the one-time land resumption gain of approximately HK\$259 million from the disposal of land use rights at Number 12, West District, Xiaoshan Road, Jiangyin City (the "One-off Disposal Gain") - pursuant to the land resumption agreement with the Chengdong Subdistrict Office of the Jiangyin City People's Government in 2023-the Group has demonstrated a noteworthy recovery. We transitioned from a substantial core business loss of approximately HK\$208 million in 2023 when excluding the One-off Disposal Gain to achieving a core business profit of HK\$14 million in 2024. The gross profit margin was significantly improved from 7.3% in 2023 to 12.0% in 2024. Because of this, we extend our gratitude to the leadership of our Board of Directors and all staff members for making this achievement possible.

The financial year 2024 marked a significant turnaround in profitability for the Group, attributable to several key factors. First, there was a notable year-onyear increase in orders for several of our textile and apparel products, driving revenue growth. Second, we successfully reduced primary and fixed costs following the suspension of fabric dyeing operations at Jiangyin Fuhui Textiles Limited, the Group's indirect wholly-owned subsidiary. This suspension was in accordance with the land resumption agreement dated 19 November 2023, between Jiangyin Fuhui and the Jiangyin City People's Government Chengdong Subdistrict Office\*(江陰市人民政府城東街道辦事處). Third, our commitment to streamlining production processes and implementing costcutting measures across the Group contributed significantly to our improved financial performance.

In 2024, the global market's operating environment remained volatile, with significant fluctuations observed across various end-markets. Confronted with the challenging conditions within the textile and apparel industry and encountering numerous risks and challenges, the Group responded with composure, focusing on maintaining operational stability. Consequently, the Group's revenue for the year ending 31 December 2024 amounted to HK\$4,426,558,000, nearly consistent with the previous year's figure of HK\$4,440,235,000.

#### \* For identification purpose only

#### 致各股東:

本人謹代表福田實業(集團)有限公司董事會(分 別指「本公司」或「我們」及「董事會」) 謹此提呈本 公司及其附屬公司(「本集團」或「福田集團」)截 至2024年12月31日止財政年度(「2024年」)經審 核之綜合業績,並提供本集團策略及業務展望 之概覽。

#### 財務及業務回顧

撇除來自於2023年與江陰市人民政府城東街 道辦事處簽訂的土地徵收協議所產生的約2.59 億港元一次性土地徵收收益(以下簡稱「一次性 處置收益」)之外,我們的集團呈現出顯著的復 蘇。在不計算一次性處置收益的情況下,我們 從2023年約2.08億港元的實質核心業務虧損轉 變為2024年約1,400萬港元的核心業務利潤。 毛利率從2023年的7.3%大幅提高至2024年的 12.0%。為此,我們感謝董事會的領導以及所有 僱員,使這一成就成為可能。

2024財政年度對於我們的集團來說標誌著利 潤顯著好轉,這歸因於幾個關鍵因素。首先,我 們個別的紡織和服裝產品訂單同比顯著增加, 所以雖然產品平均售價下降,仍能推動了收入 持平。其次,在我們位於江陰福匯紡織有限公司 (集團間接全資子公司)的布染色業務暫停後, 我們成功地減少了主要和固定成本。這一暫停 是根據2023年11月19日江陰福匯與江陰市人民 政府城東街道辦事處之間的土地徵收協議進行 的。第三,我們致力於精簡生產流程並在整個集 團實施降本增效措施,這對我們的財務表現有 著顯著的貢獻。

2024年,全球市場營運環境仍然波動不定,各 個終端市場出現明顯驚濤駭浪。面對紡織和 服裝行業的挑戰以及遇到眾多風險和挑戰, 集團沉著應對,著眼於保持運營穩定。因此, 截至2024年12月31日止的年度,集團收入為 4,426,558,000港元,與前一年的4,440,235,000 港元基本持平。

### CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT (continued) 主席報告(續)

The Group successfully maintained stable operations, characterized by a consistently low debt ratio, robust cash flow, and ample working capital. As of 31 December 2024, the Group's cash and cash equivalent balance was HK\$1,295 million, compared to approximately HK\$1,379 million as of 31 December 2023, with a slight reduction.

These efforts underscore the Group's commitment to financial prudence and operational resilience amidst a challenging market landscape, ensuring stability and continued strength in its financial position.

## ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE ("ESG") POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

To align with our commitment to sustainability by reducing paper usage, we will exclusively upload the 2024 ESG report on the official websites of both The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and the Company. This initiative reflects our ongoing efforts to integrate environmentally responsible practices into our operations. Our 2024 ESG report highlights the Group's achievements in various ESG domains, showcasing areas where we have surpassed expectations and identifying opportunities for improvement. Our dedication to sustainable innovation serves as a catalyst for growth, benefiting not only our business but also our upstream and downstream industry partners.

Since establishing the "Sustainability Development and Enhancement Committee" (the "Committee") in 2016, the Group has been driving a unified vision of sustainability. This Committee, comprised of representatives from different subsidiaries and cross-functional departments, is pivotal in implementing our sustainability objectives and goals. It actively encourages our business to comprehend the implications of our sustainability initiatives, set ambitious targets, and navigate the challenges that arise in achieving these goals.

Further illustrating our commitment to innovation and sustainability, we launched a groundbreaking venture in 2016 with the centralised heat supply project. This Project introduces a pioneering business model within the industry, aimed at enhancing environmental efficiency. The Shatian Town Environmental Industrial Park (the "Park"), one of the seven largest environmental industrial parks in Dongguan, China, plays a crucial role in this initiative. It consolidates industry enterprises within the Park and areas around Shatian Town that necessitate relocation. As a key component of the industrial park's development, this Project aligns with Guangdong Industrial Park's centralised heat supply implementation plan, emphasizing sustainable industrial practices.

我們成功地維持了穩定的運作,表現出持續低的負債比率、強勁的現金流量和充足的營運資金。截至2024年12月31日,我們的現金及現金等價物餘額為1,295億港元,較2023年12月31日約1,379億港元略有下降。

這些努力凸顯了集團在具有挑戰性的市場環境中堅持財務慎重和運營韌性的承諾,確保了財務狀況的穩定性和持續強勁性。

## 環境、社會及管治(「環境、社會及管治」) 政策及表現

為了符合我們減少紙張使用的可持續承諾,我們將2024年環境、社會及管治報告(「ESG」)分別上載於香港聯合交易所有限公司和本公司的官方網站。這個倡議體現了我們不斷努力將環保責任實踐融入業務運作中。我們的2024年ESG報告突顯了集團在各個ESG領域的成就,展示了我們超越期望的領域,並確定了改進的機會。我們對可持續創新的承諾作為增長的催化劑,不僅惠及我們的業務,還惠及我們的上下游行業合作夥伴。

自2016年成立「可持續發展及改進委員會」(以下簡稱「委員會」)以來,集團一直在推動可持續性的統一願景。這個委員會由不同子公司和跨職能部門的代表組成,在實施我們的可持續性目的目標方面起著關鍵作用。它積極鼓勵我們的業務去了解我們可持續性計劃的影響,設定雄心勃勃的目標,並應對實現這些目標時出現的挑戰。

進一步展示我們對創新和可持續性的承諾,我們於2016年推出了一項開創性的中央供熱項目。該項目在業內引入了一種開創性的商業模式,旨在提高環境效率。位於中國東莞的沙田鎮環保工業園(以下簡稱「工業園」)是這個倡議中的一個至關重要的角色。它整合了工業企業在工業園內以及沙田鎮周邊需要搬遷的地區。作為工業園發展的重要組成部分,該項目符合廣東工業園區的中央供熱實施計劃,強調可持續的工業實踐。

### CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT (continued) 主席報告(續)

The Project's efforts to transition from coal-fired to natural gas boilers represent a significant step forward in environmental protection and sustainability. By reducing emissions of nitrogen oxide, sulphur dioxide, smoke, and dust, you're contributing to cleaner air for the community and improving the overall ecological environment. Here's a quick summary of achievements and future plans:

這個專案從燃煤鍋爐轉換至天然氣鍋爐,代表著在環保和可持續性方面邁出了重要的一步。 通過減少氮氧化物、二氧化硫、煙霧和灰塵的排放,您為社區帶來更清潔的空氣,改善了整個生態環境。以下是成就和未來計劃的簡要概述:

#### **Achievements:**

#### 1. Reduction of Coal Dependency

 By phasing out the remaining 28 coal-fired heaters to significantly cut harmful emissions.

#### 2. Completion of Construction Phases

- The first phase was completed in 2018, supplying heat to local enterprises.
- The second phase involved removing all coal-fired boilers, constructing, and operating two natural gas boilers since 2021.

#### 3. Adoption of Clean Energy

 Natural gas is a cleaner alternative, efficient in burning and utilization, which further minimizes carbon footprints.

#### **Future Plans:**

#### 1. Continuous Investment in Technology

 Ongoing investment in advanced technology will help in maintaining high environmental standards.

#### 2. Pollution Control Measures

 Installing additional equipment for pollution prevention and reduction remains a priority.

#### 3. Educational Initiatives

 Regular workshops and training sessions for your staff create awareness and competence regarding environmental protection.

#### 4. Expert Consultation

 By involving qualified advisers, you're ensuring adherence to high standards and continuously improving your environmental measures.

These steps undoubtedly bolster green development, enhance social benefits, and elevate community contentment. It's inspiring to see such dedicated efforts towards sustainability and environmental responsibility.

#### 成就:

#### 1. 減少煤炭依賴

逐步淘汰剩餘的28個燃煤加熱器,以 大幅減少有害排放。

#### 2. 完成建設階段

- 2018年完成第一階段,為當地企業供 熱。
- 第二階段涉及移除所有燃煤鍋爐,自 2021年起建造和運行兩個天然氣鍋 爐。

#### 3. 採用清潔能源

天然氣是一種更清潔的替代能源, 燃燒和利用效率高,進一步減少碳排放。

#### 未來計劃:

#### 1. 持續投資技術

- 持續投資先進技術將有助於保持高環保標準。

#### 2. 污染控制措施

安裝額外設備用於污染預防和減少仍 然是重中之重。

#### 3. 教育倡議

為員工定期舉辦研討會和培訓課程, 提高對環保的意識和能力。

#### 4. 專家諮詢

與合格的顧問合作,確保遵守高標準,不斷改進環境措施。

這些步驟無疑促進了綠色發展,增強了社會效益,提升了社區滿意度。對可持續發展和環保責任的努力令人鼓舞。

### CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT (continued) 主席報告(續)

#### **LOOKING FORWARD**

According to the World Bank's 2025 Global Economic Prospects Report, global growth is expected to hold steady at 2.7 percent in 2025 to 2026. However, the global economy appears to be settling at a low growth rate that will be insufficient to foster sustained economic development—with the possibility of further headwinds from heightened policy uncertainty and adverse trade policy shifts, geopolitical tensions, persistent inflation, and climate-related natural disasters. Against this backdrop, emerging market and developing economies (EMDEs)—which fuel 60 percent of global growth—are set to enter the second quarter of the twenty-first century with per capita incomes on a trajectory that implies substantially slower catch-up toward advanced-economy living standards than they previously experienced.

Looking ahead to 2025, uncertainties such as geopolitical conflicts, high inflation and high interest rates that have persisted for several years will continue to loom over the global economy. The resurgence of trade protectionism in various countries, United States tariff policy and the Federal Reserve's suspension of interest rate cuts have also added concerns to the market. Against this backdrop, although some of the Group's end-markets will still face downside risks in 2025, the Group remains confident in its business performance in 2025.

All staff members of the Group are committed to aligning with the Board's directives and objectives, implementing the Board's work plans, and further developing our long-term strategic goals. Embracing our core values of "diligence, frugality, sincerity, and integrity," we strive to promote a culture of "pursuing excellence and prioritizing performance," while upholding the behavioral principles of "professionalism, innovation, responsibility, and challenge."

The Group is dedicated to the business principles of "institutional management, resource optimization, and collaborative efforts," and is actively pursuing a strategy of "steady progress, reform, and innovation." We aim to expand our market reach, secure new orders, accelerate strategic deployment, and enhance efforts to improve product quality and competitiveness.

Our focus is on advancing technological processes and fostering innovation in product research and development (R&D). We are committed to building a high-quality professional talent pool, continuously enhancing operational efficiency, and reducing operational costs. Our goal is to significantly improve the Group's financial performance. Facing challenges as opportunities, we are resolute and prepared to forge ahead against all odds.

#### 展望

根據世界銀行2025年《全球經濟展望報告》,預計全球經濟增長率將在2025年至2026年保持穩定,在2.7%左右。然而,全球經濟似乎正趨於低增長率,這將無法促進持續的經濟發展,可能會受到政策不確定性加劇、不利的貿易政策轉變、地緣政治緊張局勢、持續的通脹問題以及與氣候有關的自然災害等因素的進一步阻礙。在這樣的背景下,推動全球60%增長的新興市場和發展中經濟體(EMDEs)將進入21世紀第二季度,人均收入增長較慢的軌跡,朝向先進經濟體的生活水準的速度將顯著減緩。

展望2025年,像地緣政治衝突、高通脹率和高利率等多年來持續存在的不確定性將繼續困擾全球經濟。各國貿易保護主義的再起、美國的關稅政策以及美聯儲暫停降息也給市場帶來了擔憂。在這種背景下,儘管集團的某些終端市場在2025年仍將面臨下行風險,但集團對其在2025年的業績表現保持信心。

集團的全體員工致力於配合董事會的指示和目標,精誠團結、全面貫徹董事會的工作部署,進一步落實我們的長期戰略目標。我們秉持「勤奮、節儉、誠信、正直」的核心價值觀,努力倡導「追求極致、業績為先」的文化,同時堅守「專業、創新、擔當、挑戰」的行為原則。

集團致力於「制度治企、開源節流、協同攻堅」的 業務方針,積極推行「穩健中求進、改革創新」的 戰略。我們的目標是拓展市場覆蓋範圍,確保新 訂單,加速戰略部署,並加強努力提高產品質量 和競爭力。

我們專注於推進技術流程,促進產品研發創新。 我們致力於建立高質量的專業人才庫,不斷提 升運營效率,降低運營成本。我們的目標是顯著 提升集團的財務表現。面對挑戰作為機遇,我們 堅定且準備好在逆境中勇往直前。

### **CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT (continued)** 主席報告(續)

#### FINAL DIVIDEND AND SPECIAL DIVIDEND

After reviewing the financial report and cash flow situation of the Group. the Board has resolved to recommend the payment of a final dividend of HK1.16 cents per share (payout ratio: 100%) in respect of the year ended 31 December 2024, (2023: HK3.00 cents per share with a payout ratio of 71.43%). 2024 marks the 55th anniversary of the Group and to pay our utmost gratitude to the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders"), the Board has also proposed to distribute a 55th anniversary special dividend (the "Special Dividend") of HK4.34 cents per share in cash in respect of the year ended 31 December 2024. Subject to the approval of the Shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to be held on Friday, 6 June 2025, it is expected that the payment of the final dividend and the special dividend (total HK5.5 cents per share) will be made on or about Monday, 30 June 2025 whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on Thursday, 19 June 2025. Going forward in upcoming years, the Group expects to maintain a similar range of dividend payout ratio as our dividend policy so as to provide rewarding investment return to the Shareholders, subject to the dividend policy stated in latest annual report.

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

The Group acknowledges the need and importance of corporate governance as one of the essential elements in enhancing shareholder value. The Group is devoted to improving its corporate governance policies in compliance with regulatory requirements and in accordance with international recommended practices. The Company has formed the audit committee (the "Audit Committee" or "AC"), remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee" or "RC") and nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee" or "NC") all at the Board's level, to provide assistance, advice and recommendations on the relevant matters that aim to ensure protection of the interests of the Group and the Shareholders as a whole.

#### **APPRECIATION**

We extend our deepest gratitude for the exceptional guidance and counsel provided by our esteemed Board members. We sincerely appreciate the unwavering support from our Shareholders, valued customers, end users, suppliers, business partners, and the entire Fountain Set Group during the past challenging year. With our steadfast vision, dedication to customer focus, and sustained business momentum, we are confident in achieving improved performance in 2025.

## LIU Xianfu

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong 21 March 2025

#### 末期股息及特別股息

在審視了集團的財務報告和現金流情況之後, 董事會決議建議就截至2024年12月31日的年 度支付每股1.16港仙的末期股息(派息比率: 100%)(2023年:每股3.00港仙的股息,派息 比率為71.43%)。2024年標誌著本集團成立55 週年,為了向公司股東(以下簡稱「股東」)表達 最誠摯的感謝,董事會還提議在截至2024年12 月31日的年度支付每股4.34港仙的55週年特別 股息(以下稱「特別股息」)。預計將於2025年6月 6日(星期五)舉行的公司股東週年大會上獲得 股東批准後,末期股息和特別股息(合共為每股 5.5港仙) 將於2025年6月30日 (星期一) 或其前後 支付給2025年6月19日(星期四)出現在公司股 東登記冊上的股東。展望未來數年,除受限於本 年報之股息政策外,本集團期望能維持與派息 政策類似的派息比率,以提供可觀投資回報予

#### 企業管治

集團確信企業治理為創造股東價值的重要元素 之一,有其必要及重要意義。集團致力於改善其 企業治理政策,以符合監管要求並遵循國際推 薦實踐。公司已在董事會層面設立了審核委員 會(「審核委員會」)、薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」) 和提名委員會(「提名委員會」),以就相關事項 上提供協助、建議和推薦,旨在確保保障集團和 整體股東的利益。

#### 鳴謝

我們由衷感謝我們尊敬的董事會成員所提供的 卓越指導和睿智建言。在過去充滿挑戰的一年 中,我們由衷感謝我們的股東、尊貴客戶、最終 用家、供應商、商業合作夥伴以及整個福田實業 集團全體个人的鼎力支持。憑藉我們堅定的願 景、對客戶的專注以及持續的業務動力,我們對 於在2025中實現改善的表現充滿信心。

#### 劉賢福

主席兼行政總裁

香港 2025年3月21日

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 管理層討論與分析

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

The Group's core operations encompass the production and sale of circular knitted dyed fabrics and yarns, alongside the production and sale of garments. The textile and apparel industry, within which the Group operates, has recently been navigating increasingly complex and challenging internal and external conditions. Global economic growth has been sluggish, geopolitical risks have escalated, and this has impacted industry efficiency and supply chain integration, resulting in an overall contraction in external demand. The restructuring of textile and apparel supply chains for export markets has accelerated, favoring a shift towards regional distribution. Combined with the global economic recovery being slower than anticipated and ongoing supply chain restructuring, downstream customers have continued destocking, albeit at a relatively lower rate compared to the same period last year. Domestically, consumption demand remained weak, particularly in the third and fourth quarters of 2024, as recovery in consumer purchasing power in the textile and apparel market continued to lag.

For the financial year 2024, our group's profitability has significantly improved, attributed to several key factors. First, through close collaboration between production, supply, sales, and research, we have focused on customer needs. With our accumulated technical research and development capabilities and fast responsiveness, we successfully secured additional orders from some strategic clients, leading to an increase in the total order volume for the year. Second, we have deeply implemented refined management in production enterprises, optimized production processes, and promoted equipment technological upgrades and energy-saving measures, resulting in a noticeable decrease in unit production costs throughout the year. Third, in response to changes in internal and external situations, we proactively closed the dyeing and finishing capacity at Jiangyin Fuhui.

In 2024, the Group experienced a positive recovery in both the US and Japan markets, primarily driven by stronger performance from several key clients compared to the same period in 2023. The improved business results led these clients to actively replenish their inventories, resulting in increased orders for the Group. However, within the China domestic market, consumer behavior remained cautious due to the sluggish economy, which resulted in comparatively weaker domestic sales as opposed to the export market.

The escalating tariff policies between countries introduced instability in purchasing behaviors among brand buyers and retailers. Many buyers expressed concerns about committing to buy large quantities from suppliers, thereby favoring increased flexibility in purchasing. This shift resulted in a preference for "smaller batches, diverse product varieties, high quality, and expedited delivery". Meanwhile, consumer demand in the apparel industry has evolved, with a greater focus on personalization, functionality, and value for money. Additionally, the textile and apparel sector continued to experience a decline in factory prices, intensifying price competition.

#### 業務回顧

集團的核心業務涵蓋環繞圓筒針織染色面料和紗線的生產和銷售,以及服裝的生產和銷售。集團所處的紡織及服裝行業最近一直在應對日日 複雜和具有挑戰性的內部和外部環境。全球經濟增長緩慢,地緣政治風險升級,這影響了行經效率和供應鏈整合,導致外部需求整體收縮。紡織及服裝供應鏈為出口市場進行重組的動作加快,偏向區域分銷轉變。加上全球經濟復甦速度比預期慢和持續進行的供應鏈重組,下游客戶持續進行去庫存,盡管去庫存速度相對去年同期有所下降。在國內方面,消費需求仍然疲弱,特別是在2024年第三和第四季度,因消費者購買力在紡織及服裝市場的恢復仍然滯後。

2024財政年度對於我們的集團來說,利潤顯著好轉,這歸因於幾個關鍵因素。首先,我們產供銷研緊密協作,聚集客戶需求,憑藉多年積累的技術,研發能力和快速反應能力,成功獲取一些戰略性客戶的增量訂單,全年訂單量增加;其次,在生產企業深入推進精細化管理,優化生產工藝流程,推進設備技術改造和節能降耗,全年單位生產成本明顯下降;第三,根據內外部形勢變化,主動關閉江陰福匯染整產能。

在2024年,集團在美國和日本市場均出現正向回升,主要受幾家關鍵客戶表現較2023年同期更強的推動。業務改善的結果使這些客戶積極補充庫存,從而增加了對集團的訂單。然而,在中國國內市場,由於經濟增長緩慢,消費者行為仍然謹慎,導致相對於出口市場,國內銷售相對疲軟。

各國之間不斷升級的關稅政策引入了品牌買家和零售商購買行為的不穩定性。許多買家對向供應商承諾購置大量商品表示擔憂,因此更青睞增加購買靈活性。這種轉變導致對較「小批次、多樣化、高質量和快交貨」的偏好。與此同時,服裝行業的消費需求發生了變化,更加關注「個性化、功能性和高性價比」。此外,紡織及服裝行業繼續面臨出廠價格下降,加劇了價格競爭。

### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued) 管理層討論與分析(續)

In response to an extraordinarily severe market situation and a complex, volatile operating environment, the Group implemented decisive measures throughout 2024. These efforts were aimed at stabilizing operations and laying the groundwork for overcoming challenges and achieving recovery and growth in 2025.

鑒於極端嚴峻的市場環境和複雜多變的營運環境,集團在整個2024年實施了果斷措施。這些努力旨在穩定營運並奠定克服挑戰、實現2025年復甦和增長的基礎。

#### I. Adapting to Market Changes and Expanding Customer Base

The Group took proactive steps to adapt to market changes by closely monitoring market and customer dynamics. This involved targeted research and development of new products, resulting in positive outcomes and customer acclaim. The new product lines, developed by the Group, demonstrated strong competitiveness and received positive feedback from both internationally and domestically renowned sports and leisure brands. Throughout 2024, the Group focused not only on maintaining the stability of orders with existing customers but also actively pursued market expansion and customer acquisition. Through various channels, the Group successfully secured partnerships with over twelve prestigious domestic and international brand customers.

#### II. Adjusting Production Capacity and Advancing Strategic Plan

The Group responded proactively to changes in the global textile and apparel supply chain, characterized by accelerated restructuring and new strategic plans. This involved actively adjusting production capacities and order allocations. In light of these new market dynamics, the Group stabilize the production capacity of Yancheng Fuhui Textiles Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary. The Group successfully completed the land resumption agreement for the Jiangyin Fuhui living area and proactively reduced fabric production capacity at Jiangyin Fuhui. We are also actively in negotiation and discussion with the relevant parties in aims to complete the remaining land resumption deal in 2025.

#### III. Refinement: Fabric Production and Procurement Excellence

In the fabric production domain, the Group instituted a comprehensive quality control system and enhanced the tracking mechanisms for product production. This initiative was supported by the development of standardized operating procedures, assessment criteria, and a robust system of rewards and penalties to rigorously manage product quality issues. The Group's commitment to continuous improvement in manufacturing standards, alongside ongoing optimization of production processes and technological advancements, garnered significant acclaim from customers. Notably, in 2024, Ocean Lanka was recognized at the Victoria's Secret & Co. Partner Summit 2024 with the Raw Material Supplier Cost Efficiency Award, as well as the NEXT brand's Supplier Awards 2023/2024 with an Appreciation Award.

#### 一、順應市場變化並擴大客戶基礎

集團積極順應市場變化,通過密切監控市場和客戶動態來實現這一目標。這包括針對性地進行新產品的研發,帶來了積極的成果和客戶讚譽。集團開發的新產品系列展現出強大的競爭力,並受到國內外知名的體育和休閒品牌的好評。在整個2024年,集團不僅專注於維持與現有客戶的訂單穩定,還積極開拓市場和努力獲得到2024年,通過各種管道,集團成功與超過12個知名的國內和國際品牌客戶建立了合作夥份。

#### 二、調整生產能力並推進戰略計劃

集團積極應對全球紡織及服裝供應鏈加速重組和新的布局加速演進的新變化。這包括積極調整生產能力和訂單分配。鑒於這些新的市場動態,集團穩定了其全資子公司鹽城福匯紡織有限公司的生產能力。集團成功完成了江陰福匯生活區的土地徵收協議,並積極減少了江陰福匯的面料生產能力。我們還正在與相關方進行談判和討論,旨在2025年完成剩餘的土地徵收協議。

#### 三、精煉:面料生產和採購卓越

在面料生產領域,集團建立了全面的質量控制系統,加強了產品生產的跟蹤機制。這一舉措得到了標準化運營程式、評估標準以及嚴格管理產品質量問題的獎懲制度的支持。集團致力於不斷提高製造標準,並通過持續優化生產流程和技術進步,贏得了客戶的高度讚譽。值得一提的是,在2024年,海洋蘭卡於2024年度維多利亞的秘密合作夥伴高峰會中榮獲「原材料供應商成本效率獎」,以及於2023/2024年度NEXT品牌供應商頒獎典禮中榮獲「表揚獎」。

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued) 管理層討論與分析(續)

#### IV. Centralized Procurement and Supplier Management Improvement

To enhance procurement efficiency, the Group fortified its centralized procurement organizational framework, developing comprehensive procurement policies and documentation. Additionally, the expert database for procurement specialists and supplier directories was established and refined. Leveraging the power of information systems, online monitoring, and approval processes were strengthened to fully exploit the advantages of centralized procurement. Supplier management and evaluation processes also saw enhancement with the implementation of clear assessment criteria and improved admission and exit mechanisms. The Group strategically removed underperforming suppliers and minimized intermediary usage by procuring resources directly from resource owners, effectively achieving a reduction in procurement costs.

#### V. Enhancement of Production Management and Efficiency

The Group undertook a systematic approach to upgrading and transforming process technology equipment. By continuously optimizing production workflows and order scheduling, we identified and addressed hidden inefficiencies, minimized unnecessary waste, and consistently reduced defect rates. Management processes for cotton yarn procurement and fabric production were refined with clearly assigned responsibilities. By effectively controlling inventory and safety stock levels, as well as regulating raw material procurement schedules and quantities, we aimed to alleviate inventory pressures. Prompt utilization of inventory further diminished capital occupation. Additionally, the Group continuously streamlined its personnel structure, reducing managerial roles while increasing frontline staffing, thus fostering a hands-on, workshop-focused factory environment.

#### VI. Advancing R&D Innovation and Capability Building

The Group established a professional R&D management system and framework, systematically advancing research and development initiatives. By enhancing R&D and sampling capabilities for new fibers and functional fabric products, customer service levels were significantly improved. Continuous endeavors were made to enhance the performance and functionalities of traditional pure cotton fabrics while expanding the features of new fiber products and intensifying research and development for new fabric innovations.

#### VII. Commitment to Safety and Environmental Sustainability

The Group maintained a stable production safety record, consistently meeting all operational standards. In response to the requirements of prestigious clientele, we actively pursued the creation of a green and environmentally sustainable factory. Notably, Fountain Set (Holdings) Limited was honored with the "Hong Kong ESG Awards" organized by The Chinese Manufacturers' Association of Hong Kong as well as the Outstanding ESG Improvement Award at the Hong Kong ESG Reporting Awards 2024 (HERA), recognizing our commitment to environmental, social, and governance excellence.

#### 四、集中採購和供應商管理改進

為了提高採購效率,集團加強了集中採購組織框架,制定了全面的採購政策和工作文檔。此外,建立和完善了採購專家和供應商目錄的專家資料庫。利用資訊系統的力量,加強了線上監控和批准流程,以充分利用集中採購的優勢。供應商管理和協力,實施明確的評估標準也得到加強,實施明確的評估標準和改進的准入和退出機制。集團戰略性性淘汰表現不佳的供應商,並通過直接從資源擁有者採購資源,最大限度地減少中間商,有效降低了採購成本。

#### 五、生產管理和效率提升

#### 六、推進研發創新和能力建設

集團建立了專業的研發管理系統和框架,系統性地推進研究和開發工作。通過增強對新纖維和功能性面料產品的研發和取樣能力,顯著提升了客戶服務水平。持續努力改進傳統純棉面料的性能和功能,同時擴展新纖維產品的特性,加強對新面料創新的研究和開發工作。

#### 七、致力於安全和環境可持續性

集團保持了穩定的生產安全記錄,始終符合所有運營標準。為了滿足尊貴客戶的要求,我們積極追求建立一個綠色和環境可持續的工廠。值得一提的是,福田實業(集團)有限公司於香港中華廠商聯合會主辦的2024年度「香港ESG獎」中榮獲「香港ESG獎」,以及於香港環境、社會及管治報告大獎(HERA)2024中榮獲「傑出ESG進步獎嘉許獎」,這些獎項表彰了我們在環境、社會和治理卓越方面的承諾。

## **MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)** 管理層討論與分析(續)

#### **FINANCIAL REVIEW**

### 財務回顧

The key operating and financial indicators of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2024 are set out below:

本集團截至2024年12月31日止年度之主要經營 及財務指標呈列如下:

		2024	2023
Statement of Profit or Loss Items	損益表項目		
(All amounts in HK\$ thousands unless otherwise stated)	(除特別註明外所有金額 均以千港元列示)		
Revenue	營業額	4,426,558	4,440,235
Gross profit	毛利	529,411	321,989
EBITDA*	息稅折舊及攤銷前利潤	273,983	328,919
Profit for the year	是年度盈利	34,577	67,844
Profit attributable to owners of the	本公司擁有人應佔盈利		
Company		14,262	50,903
Basic earnings per share (HK cents)	每股基本盈利 (港仙)	1.2	4.2
Key Financial Ratios	主要財務比率		
Profitability ratios	盈利能力比率		
Gross profit margin (%)	毛利率(%)	12.0%	7.3%
EBITDA* margin (%)	息稅折舊及攤銷前利潤率(%)	6.2%	7.4%
Expenses as a % of revenue	開支佔營業額比率		
Distribution and selling expenses	分銷及銷售費用	2.1%	1.7%
Administrative expenses	行政費用	9.2%	10.7%
Finance costs	融資成本	0.3%	0.6%
Asset efficiency	資產效率		
Inventory turnover period (days)	存貨周轉期(日)	74	69
Trade and bills receivables turnover period (days)	營業及票據應收款項周轉期(日)	66	66
Trade and bills payables turnover period (days)	d 營業及票據應付款項周轉期(日)	53	58

<sup>\*</sup>EBITDA means earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation.

<sup>\*</sup>EBITDA解釋為息稅折舊及攤銷前利潤。

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued) 管理層討論與分析(續)

		At 31 December 於12月31日 2024	At 31 December 於12月31日 2023
Asset ratios  Current ratio#  Net debt/EBITDA ratio	<b>資產比率</b> 流動比率# 淨債務/息稅折舊及攤銷前利潤率	3.2 (4.6)	2.9 (3.6)
Gearing ratio  Total liabilities/Equity attributable to owners of the Company	<b>資本負債比率</b> 負債總額/本公司擁有人應佔權益	0.4	0.4

Current ratio is calculated by dividing current assets by current liabilities.

#### Revenue

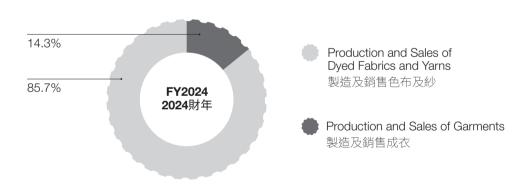
The Group's revenue for the year ended 31 December 2024 amounted to approximately HK\$4,426,558,000 (2023: HK\$4,440,235,000).

#### 營業額

營業額按業務分類

集團截至2024年12月31日止年度的營業額約為 4,426,558,000港元 (2023年:4,440,235,000港元)。

#### Revenue by business segments



For the year under review, the Group's core business, production and sales of dyed fabrics and yarns, generated revenue of approximately HK\$3,793,728,000 (2023: HK\$3,639,699,000), which accounted for 85.7% (2023: 82.0%) of the Group's total revenue. Revenue from production and sales of garments was approximately HK\$632,830,000 (2023: HK\$800,536,000), which accounted for 14.3% (2023: 18.0%) of the Group's total revenue.

於回顧年度,集團核心業務一製造及銷售色布及紗的營業額約為3,793,728,000港元(2023年:3,639,699,000港元),佔集團營業額總值的85.7%(2023年:82.0%)。製造及銷售成衣的營業額約為632,830,000港元(2023年:800,536,000港元),佔集團營業額總值的14.3%(2023年:18.0%)。

<sup>#</sup> 流動比率的計算方法是將流動資產除以流動負債。

### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued) 管理層討論與分析(續)

#### Cost of Sales and Gross Profit

For the year ended 31 December 2024, overall cost of sales of the Group amounted to approximately HK\$3,897,147,000 (2023: HK\$4,118,246,000) and overall gross profit margin was 12.0% (2023: 7.3%).

During the year under review, the Group's revenue decreased by 0.3% compared with the last year, which was basically flat. Overall cost of sales when compared with the same period last years was significantly decreased by approximately HK\$220,000,000, representing a reduction of 5%. Though overall revenue was flat, gross profit noticeably increased by HK\$210,000,000 and gross profit margin rose by 4.7 percentage points with the effective stringent cost control.

#### **Distribution and Selling Expenses**

For the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group's overall distribution and selling expenses amounted to approximately HK\$92,602,000 (2023: HK\$\$74,477,000), which accounted for 2.1% (2023: 1.7%) of the Group's total revenue.

#### **Administrative Expenses**

For the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group's overall administrative expenses amounted to approximately HK\$407,576,000 (2023: HK\$476,389,000), which accounted for 9.2% (2023: 10.7%) of the Group's total revenue.

## Earnings before Interest, Tax, Depreciation and Amortisation (EBITDA)

For the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group's EBITDA amounted to approximately HK\$273,983,000 (2023: HK\$328,919,000) and the EBITDA margin was 6.2% (2023: 7.4%).

#### **Finance Costs**

For the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group's finance costs amounted to approximately HK\$13,126,000 (2023: HK\$26,258,000), representing 0.3% (2023: 0.6%) of the Group's total revenue.

#### 銷售成本及毛利

集團截至2024年12月31日止年度之整體銷售成本約為3,897,147,000港元(2023年:4,118,246,000港元),整體毛利率為12.0%(2023年:7.3%)。

於回顧年內,本集團的營業額與去年同期相比下跌0.3%,基本持平,而總銷售成本較去年同期大幅下降2.2億港元,跌幅約5%。盡管整體營業額持平,但在銷售成本有效壓下,令毛利大幅上漲了2.1億港元及毛利率上漲4.7個百分點。

#### 分銷及銷售費用

集團截至2024年12月31日止年度之整體分銷 及銷售費用約為92,602,000港元(2023年: 74,477,000港元),佔集團營業額總值的2.1% (2023年:1.7%)。

#### 行政費用

集團截至2024年12月31日止年度之整體行政費 用約為407,576,000港元(2023年:476,389,000 港元),佔集團營業額總值的9.2%(2023年: 10.7%)。

#### 息稅折舊及攤銷前利潤(EBITDA)

集團截至2024年12月31日止年度之息稅折舊 及攤銷前利潤約為273,983,000港元(2023年: 328,919,000港元),息稅折舊及攤銷前利潤率 為6.2%(2023年:7.4%)。

#### 融資成本

集團截至20224年12月31日止年度之融資成本約為13,126,000港元(2023年:26,258,000港元),佔集團營業額總值的0.3%(2023年:0.6%)。

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued) 管理層討論與分析(續)

#### **Capital Expenditure**

During the year under review, the Group invested approximately HK\$174,737,000 (2023: HK\$87,871,000) in additions of property, plant and equipment. The Group's commitments primarily relate to the acquisition of property, plant and equipment. As at 31 December 2024, the Group had contracted capital commitments of approximately HK\$29,538,000 (31 December 2023: HK\$86,721,000) in relation to the acquisition of property, plant and equipment.

#### **Income Tax Expense**

For the year ended 31 December 2024, income tax expense of the Group amounted to approximately HK\$42,483,000 (2023: HK\$43,284,000).

#### **Profit Attributable to Owners of the Company**

For the year ended 31 December 2024, profit attributable to owners of the Company was approximately HK\$14,262,000 (2023: HK\$50,903,000) and the corresponding profit margin was 0.3% (2023: 1.1%).

#### **Inventories**

As at 31 December 2024, the Group's inventories amounted to approximately HK\$784,735,000 (31 December 2023: HK\$783,908,000). The inventory turnover period was 74 days, an increase of 5 days compared with 69 days in 2023.

#### **Trade and Bills Receivables**

As at 31 December 2024, the Group's trade and bills receivables amounted to approximately HK\$802,069,000 (31 December 2023: HK\$808,091,000). Trade and bills receivables turnover period was 66 days, same as 66 days in 2023.

#### **Trade and Bills Payables**

As at 31 December 2024, the Group's trade and bills payables amounted to approximately HK\$562,544,000 (31 December 2023: HK\$651,571,000). Trade and bills payables turnover period was 53 days, a decrease of 5 days compared with 58 days in 2023.

#### 資本開支

於回顧年內,集團已投資約174,737,000港元(2023年:87,871,000港元)以增加物業、機器及設備。集團的資本承擔主要涉及購買物業、機器及設備。於2024年12月31日,集團有關購買物業、機器及備的已簽約資本承擔約為29,538,000港元(2023年12月31日:86,721,000港元)。

#### 所得稅支出

集團截至2024年12月31日止年度之所得稅支出 約為42,483,000港元(2023年:43,284,000港 元)。

#### 本公司擁有人應佔盈利

集團截至2024年12月31日止年度之本公司擁有人應佔盈利約為14,262,000港元(2023年:50,903,000港元),其相關盈利率為0.3%(2023年:1.1%)。

#### 存貨

集團於2024年12月31日之存貨約為784,735,000港元(2023年12月31日:783,908,000港元)。存貨周轉期為74天,與2023年69天相比增加5天。

#### 營業及票據應收款項

集團於2024年12月31日之營業及票據應收款項約為802,069,000港元(2023年12月31日:808,091,000港元)。營業及票據應收款項周轉期為66天,與2023年66天相同。

#### 營業及票據應付款項

集團於2024年12月31日之營業及票據應付款項約為562,544,000港元(2023年12月31日:651,571,000港元)。營業及票據應付款項周轉期為53天,與2023年58天相比減少5天。

### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued) 管理層討論與分析(續)

#### Liquidity and Financial Resources

As at 31 December 2024, the Group's net assets amounted to approximately HK\$3,455,773,000 (31 December 2023: HK\$3,468,666,000). The key figures of the Group's financial position were as follows:

#### 資金流動性及財政資源

於2024年12月31日,集團資產淨值約為 3,455,773,000港元(2023年12月31日: 3,468,666,000港元)。集團財務狀況的主要資料 如下:

		At 31 December	At 31 December
		於12月31日	於12月31日
		2024	2023
		HK\$'000千港元	HK\$'000千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產	1,518,322	1,532,032
Current assets	流動資產	3,096,296	3,368,807
Total assets	資產總值	4,614,618	4,900,839
Current liabilities	流動負債	972,989	1,165,291
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	185,856	266,882
Total liabilities	負債總值	1,158,845	1,432,173
Net assets	資產淨值	3,455,773	3,468,666

The Group met its funding requirements in its usual course of operation by cash flows from operations, as well as long-term and short-term bank borrowings. Capital expenditure was mainly financed by long-term bank borrowings.

集團以營運所得現金流量及銀行的長短期貸款 應付日常資金需要,而資本開支則主要由長期 銀行貸款撥付。

As at 31 December 2024, the Group's bank borrowings amounted to HK\$48,795,000 (31 December 2023: HK\$199,557,000). Details of the bank borrowings of the Group are set out in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements.

於 2024年12月31日,本集團銀行借貸 為48,795,000港元(2023年12月31日: 199,557,000港元)。本集團的銀行借貸詳情已 載於綜合財務報表附註30。

As at 31 December 2024, the Group's bank balances and cash, including short-term bank deposits, amounted to HK\$1,295,475,000 (31 December 2023: HK\$1,378,997,000) and were mainly denominated in HKD, USD and RMB.

於2024年12月31日,本集團的銀行結餘及現金 (包括短期銀行存款)合共1,295,475,000港元 (2023年12月31日:1,378,997,000港元),主要 是港幣、美元及人民幣。

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued) 管理層討論與分析(續)

As at 31 December 2024, the principal financial covenant figures/ratios (according to the definitions of the Group's principal banks) were as follows:

於2024年12月31日,主要的財務契約數據/比率 (根據本集團主要往來銀行的定義)如下:

		At 31 December 於12月31日 2024	At 31 December 於12月31日 2023
Consolidated tangible net worth	綜合淨有形資產	HK\$3,118,670,000港元	HK\$3,189,317,000港元
Consolidated total bank debt to consolidated tangible net worth	綜合總銀行負債對 綜合淨有形資產比例	0.0	0.1
Consolidated EBITDA to consolidated interest expense	綜合息稅折舊及攤銷前利潤對 綜合利息支出比例	20.9	12.5
Consolidated current assets to consolidated current liabilities	綜合流動資產對 綜合流動負債比例	3.2	2.9
Consolidated capital expenditure	綜合資本開支	HK\$174,737,000港元	HK\$87,871,000港元

During the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 the Group had complied with all covenant ratios and undertakings.

於截至2024年及2023年12月31日止年度內,本 集團已遵守所有契約比率及承諾。

#### **Risk Management**

The Group follows a stringent and prudent risk management policy to manage foreign exchange and interest rate risks.

The sale and the purchase of raw materials of the Group were mainly denominated in HKD, USD and RMB. Since the Group mainly carries out production in China, we are exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from RMB exposure. The Group has been closely monitoring the exchange rate fluctuation for USD and RMB and will continue to monitor the trend of the exchange rate and adopt appropriate measures in order to mitigate the foreign currency risk in a cautious manner.

In addition, bank borrowings of the Group were denominated in HKD and interests were mainly charged on a floating rate basis. The average effective interest rate of bank borrowings of the Group was 6.24% per annum (2023: 5.99% per annum) for the year ended 31 December 2024 and the bank borrowings were repayable within one year (2023: within two years). All bank borrowings were unsecured for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023. The Group will continue to monitor the interest rates fluctuation in the market and will adopt appropriate measures to minimise the interest rate risk.

#### 風險管理

集團會依據嚴格及審慎的風險管理政策應對外 匯及利率風險。

集團之銷售和原料採購以港元、美元及人民幣為主。而集團主要的生產基地位於中國,故涉及人民幣所產生之外匯風險。集團一直密切留意美元及人民幣匯率的變動,會採取謹慎的方法,適時審視匯率的走勢,安排合適的措施以減低外匯風險。

此外,集團的銀行借貸以港元為單位,利息主要以浮動利率計算。本集團銀行借貸之平均實際年利率6.24%(2023:5.99%),及銀行借貸須於一年內償還(2023:兩年內)。截至2024年12月31日及2023年12月31日止年度,所有銀行借貸均為無抵押。本集團將繼續留意市場的利率波動,並安排合適的措施以減低利率風險。

### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued) 管理層討論與分析(續)

#### **EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICIES**

As at 31 December 2024, the Group had approximately 5,500 (31 December 2023: 5.800) full-time employees. The Group will continue to implement streamlined production so as to further minimise its labour cost. The Group's emolument policies are formulated based on the performance of individual employee and the salary trends in various regions, which are reviewed regularly. The Group may, subject to the profitability, distribute a discretionary bonus to its employees as an incentive for their contribution to the Group.

The Company also provides regular training courses and subsidies for continuing education so as to improve the skills of its employees with respect to production, selling and management.

#### STAKEHOLDERS' ENGAGEMENT

We obtain and understand the views of our stakeholders regularly. This communication provides valuable feedback for our business and assists us to understand stakeholders' needs and assess the best way to leverage our resources and expertise to contribute to future business and community development.

Across the supply chain, we have taken steps throughout the Year to ensure that we operate responsibly and in the interests of our customers, workforce, suppliers and other stakeholders.

Employees perform management, administration and human resources, operation and finance relation functions respectively. The Group determines the remuneration of its employees by reference to the market salary of their individual experience and performance. The Group will continue to improve and upgrade their management and professional skills. None of the Group's employees is represented by any collective bargaining agreement or labour union. The Group has not experienced any significant problem with its employees or disruption to its operations due to labour dispute, nor has the Group experienced any difficulties in the recruitment and retention of experienced staff.

#### 僱員及酬金政策

本集團於2024年12月31日之全職僱員人數約為 5.500人(2023年12月31日:5.800人)。本集團將 繼續實施精簡生產,以盡量減少勞動力成本。本 集團的酬金政策是根據個別僱員的工作表現及 各地區薪酬趨勢而制定並定期作出檢討。本集 團亦會因應盈利情況,酌情發放花紅予僱員以 鼓勵他們對本集團之貢獻。

本集團亦會提供定期培訓課程及資助進修計 劃,以提高僱員之生產、銷售及管理技能。

#### 權益人參與

我們定期搜集及了解權益人的意見。這種溝通 為我們的業務提供了寶貴的反饋意見,並有助 我們了解權益人的需求,並評估最佳利用資源 和專業知識的方法,以促進未來業務和社區的 發展。

在整個供應鏈中,我們於整個年度已採取措施 確保我們以負責任的態度經營業務,並符合我 們客戶、員工、供應商和其他權益人的利益。

本集團僱員分別履行管理、行政及人力資源、營 運、財務及投資者關係職能。本集團參考僱員個 人經驗及表現的市場薪金來釐定其薪酬。本集 團將繼續改善及提升其管理及專業技巧。本集 **團僱員概無任何集體談判協議或工會代表。本** 集團與其僱員並無重大問題或因為勞資糾紛而 令到其運作受阻,本集團亦無在招聘及挽留富 經驗員工問題上遇到任何困難。

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued) 管理層討論與分析(續)

#### **OUTLOOK**

According to the International Monetary Fund, global growth is projected at 3.3 percent both in 2025 and 2026, broadly unchanged from the October 2024 World Economic Outlook (WEO) forecast with an upward revision in the United States offsetting downward revisions elsewhere. The near-term outlook is characterized by divergent paths, while medium-term risks to growth are tilted to the downside. Renewed inflationary pressures could interrupt the monetary policy pivot, with implications for fiscal sustainability and financial stability. The policy mix should balance trade-offs and rebuild buffers.

The textile and apparel industry, in which our Group operates, faces hurdles including the restructuring of the international textile and apparel industry and supply chain, and heightened uncertainties in international trade dynamics with many new tariff implementations among countries. Nevertheless, opportunities arise from the rapid expansion of emerging markets, the steady enhancement of the domestic economy, and the ongoing recovery trajectory in the export market.

In 2024, the Group intensified its initiatives in international investment projects, aimed at expanding the production capacity of knitted fabrics and mitigating geographical risks. By strategically enhancing its global footprint in the coming years, the Group sought to not only increase its manufacturing capabilities but also distribute operational risks across various regions. This approach is intended to fortify the Group's resilience against localized economic disruptions and position it advantageously within the global market landscape. Through these strategic investments, the Group is focused on optimizing its supply chain efficacy strive to continue reducing cost and increasing profits, and reinforcing its commitment to sustainable growth in the textile industry.

## Striving to achieving the strategic development goals for the China's 14th Five-Year Plan (the "14th FYP") period with continued efforts

In recent years, the global economy has been sluggish, and the global textile and apparel industry supply chain has undergone reconstruction. The supply chain layout is rapidly evolving towards regional distribution, while competitors are accelerating their overseas expansion and implementing intelligent and automated upgrades to their factories. A new competitive landscape is emerging in the textile and apparel industry, where Fountain Set Group operates. The current and upcoming years remain a strategic opportunities period for Fountain Set Group, which must proactively adapt and accelerate its transformation and upgrading.

#### 前景

根據國際貨幣基金組織(IMF)的數據,全球經濟增長預計在2025年和2026年均為3.3%,與2024年10月的《世界經濟展望》(WEO)預測基本保持一致,美國的上行修訂抵消了其他地區的下行修訂。短期前景呈現不同的走向,而中期對經濟增長的風險偏向下行。重新出現的通脹壓力可能會打斷貨幣政策的轉變,對財政可持續性和金融穩定產生影響。政策組合應平衡權衡,重建緩衝。

我們集團所在的紡織服裝行業,面臨著重重障礙,包括國際紡織服裝行業和供應鏈的重組,以及國際貿易動態的不確定性加劇,許多國家實施了新的關稅措施。然而,隨著新興市場的快速擴張、國內經濟的穩步向好以及出口市場的持續恢復軌跡,也帶來了機遇。

在2024年,集團加強了其國際投資項目,旨在 擴大針織面料的生產能力並減輕地理風險。未 來數年,通過戰略性地加強其全球版圖,集團希 望不僅提高其製造能力,還將營運風險分散到 各個地區。這種方法旨在加強集團對地方經濟 干擾的抵禦能力,並在全球市場格局中佔據有 利地位。通過這些戰略投資,集團專注於優化其 供應鏈效能,努力繼續降低成本,增加盈利,並 加強其對紡織行業可持續增長的承諾。

#### 接續奮鬥,努力實現「十四五」戰略發展目標

近年來,全球經濟增長緩慢,全球紡織服裝行業 供應鏈經歷了重組。供應鏈佈局正迅速向區域 分銷發展,競爭對手正在加速海外擴張,並對其 工廠進行智能化和自動化升級。在福田集團所 在的紡織服裝行業中,一個新的競爭格局正在 形成。當前和未來幾年對福田集團來說是戰略 機遇期,必須積極適應並加速轉型和升級。

### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued) 管理層討論與分析(續)

In the future, Fountain Set Group will pursue a path of innovation, specialization, and novelty with a focus on technological advancement. By leveraging technological innovations, we aim to expedite a balanced domestic and international expansion, fully integrating fabrics-to-garments production. Our emphasis will be on fabric products and R&D innovation services, driving high-quality development through continuous technological innovation. We aim to solidify our leading position in the cotton knitted fabric printing and dyeing arena while progressively improving in the synthetic fiber fabrics sector. Our objective is to constantly enhance product strength, value, and industry influence, offering customers high-quality, efficient products alongside comprehensive technical R&D service solutions that foster mutual growth. Our strategic emphasis will be on prominent international and domestic brands, delivering innovative products that prioritize comfort, ecological sustainability, functionality, and fashion tailored to specific needs.

We have unwavering confidence that all employees, under the guidance of the Board, will collaborate cohesively. Our commitment to enhancing and optimizing integrated production, supply chain, and marketing operations will drive this forward. We are dedicated to actively exploring new markets, fortifying technological R&D capabilities, refining operational management, and enhancing efficiency. Key initiatives will focus on overcoming challenges related to order fulfillment, strategic layout, cost management, and quality assurance.

Through the steadfast implementation of Fountain Set Group's long-term strategic plans, our mission is to deliver superior returns and benefits for shareholders, customers, employees, and society at large.

福田集團未來將追求創新、專業和新穎之路,注重技術進步。通過利用技術創新,我們旨在加速平衡的國內和國際擴張,充分整合從面料到成立的生產。我們將重點放在面料產品和研發創新服務上,通過持續的技術創新推動高質域多展。我們的目標是在棉質針織面料印染領域逐步提升。銀門的目標是不斷提升產品實力、價值和行業影響力,為客戶提供高質量、高效的產品,並提供全面的技術研發服務解決方案,促進共同成品牌全面的技術研發服務解決方案,促進共同成品牌大提供舒適、生態可持續性、功能性和根據特定需求定制的時尚創新產品。

我們堅信,在董事會的指導下,所有員工將團結協作。我們致力於積極探索新市場,加強技術研發能力,完善運營管理,提高效率。關鍵舉措將集中解決與訂單履行、戰略佈局、成本管理和質量保證相關的挑戰。

通過堅定實施福田集團的長期戰略計劃,我們的使命是為股東、客戶、員工和整個社會提供優越的回報和更優業績。

# **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT** 企業管治報告

The Company is committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance practices and procedures as it believes that an effective corporate governance framework is fundamental to promoting and safeguarding interests of shareholders and other stakeholders and enhancing shareholder value. Throughout the year from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024 (the "Year"), the Company has consistently adopted and complied with all the applicable code provisions of the section headed "Part 2 - Principles of good corporate governance, code provisions and recommended best practices" of the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange" and the "Listing Rules", respectively) as quidelines to reinforce our corporate governance principles.

本公司致力維持高水平的企業管治常規及程 序,認為有效的公司治理框架對於促進及維護 股東和其他利益相關者的利益,以及提高股東 價值至關重要。由2024年1月1日起至2024年12 月31日止年度(「本年度」),本公司一貫地採納 及遵守香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則 (分別為「聯交所」及「上市規則」) 附錄14所載之 企業管治守則(「企管守則」)第二部分良好企業 管治的原則、守則條文及建議最佳常規之全部 適用守則條文,作為強化本公司企業管治原則 之方針。

## **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

# **Board Composition**

As at 31 December 2024, the board of directors of the Company (the "Directors" and the "Board", respectively) comprised 11 members, namely 5 executive Directors (the "EDs"), 2 non-executive Directors (the "NEDs") and 4 independent non-executive Directors (the "INEDs"). The NEDs and INEDs represented about 55% of the Board members thereat. During the Year and up to the date of this annual report, the Board comprises the following members:

# **EDs**

Mr. LIU Xianfu (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Dr. LI Gana

Mr. YAU Hang Tat Andrew

Mr. YIN Jian (appointed on 1 September 2024)

Mr. ZHANG Zhena

Ms. ZHAO Jianli (resigned on 1 September 2024)

# **NEDs**

Dr. YEN Gordon (Non-executive Vice Chairman) Ms. ZHOU Jing (appointed on 1 April 2025) Mr. TAO Yongming (resigned on 1 April 2025)

#### **INEDs**

Mr. NG Kwok Tung Mr. YING Wei Mr. William LAM Mr. WONG Kwong Chi

The Company has complied with the requirement of Rule 3.10A of the Listing Rules which the number of INEDs representing at least one-third of the Board. The profiles of all the current Directors are set out on pages 56 to 61 of this annual report. The relationships among the Board members (including financial, business, family or other material or relevant relationships, if any) are also disclosed thereto.

# 董事會

#### 董事會成員

於2024年12月31日,本公司之董事會(分別為 「董事」及「董事會」)由11名成員組成,包括5名 執行董事(「執行董事」)、2名非執行董事(「非執 行董事」)及4名獨立非執行董事(「獨立非執行董 事」)。非執行董事及獨立非執行董事代表了約 55%的董事會成員。本年度及截至本年報日期, 董事會成員如下:

# 執行董事

劉賢福先生(主席兼行政總裁) 李剛博士

邱恒達先生

尹堅先生(於2024年9月1日獲委任)

張正先生

趙建麗女士(於2024年9月1日辭任)

# 非執行董事

嚴震銘博士(非執行副主席) 周靜女士(於2025年4月1日獲委任) 陶永銘先生(於2025年4月1日辭任)

# 獨立非執行董事

伍國棟先生

應偉先生

林偉成先生

王幹芝先生

本公司已按上市規則第3.10A條之規定,本公 司獨立非執行董事人數佔董事會三分之一。現 任董事的個人簡介均載列於本年報第56至第61 頁。董事會成員之間的關係(包括財務、業務、 家屬或其他重大或相關的關係(如有))亦已作出 披露。

All Directors have entered into service contracts or letters of appointment with the Company, subject to renewal, retirement by rotation and re-election at the general meetings of the Company in accordance with the articles of association of the Company (the "Articles"). Article 102(A) of the Articles provides that at each annual general meeting of the Company (the "AGM"), one-third of the Directors for the time being, or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest one-third or any other number subject to such manner of rotation as may be required by the statutes, the Listing Rules or other codes, rules, and regulations prescribed from time to time by the applicable regulatory authority, shall retire from office. The Directors to retire in every year shall be those who have been the longest in office since their last election but as between persons who became Directors on the same day those to retire shall (unless they otherwise agree between themselves) be determined by lot. The retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election. Article 93 of the Articles also provides that any Director appointed to fill a casual vacancy (who shall hold office until the next following general meeting of the Company) or as an addition to the Board (who shall hold office until the next following AGM) shall then be eligible for re-election, but shall not be taken into account in determining the Directors who are to retire by rotation at such meeting.

Pursuant to Rule 13.92 of the Listing Rules, the Stock Exchange will not consider diversity to be achieved for a single gender board.

Following Ms. ZHAO Jianli, the former executive director's resignation on 1 September 2024, the Company has a single gender board and does not meet the requirement under Rule 13.92 of the Listing Rules since 1 September 2024.

The Board used its best endeavours to identify a suitable female candidate for appointment as a director. Pursuant to the diversity policy of the Company, the Company seeks to achieve Board diversity through the consideration of a number of aspects, including, but not limited to, gender, age, culture and educational background, professional qualifications, skills, knowledge and industry and regional experience. In identifying and selecting suitable candidates to serve as a director of the Company, the nomination committee would consider the above criteria necessary to complement the corporate strategy and achieve Board diversity, where appropriate, before making recommendations to the Board. The Board is happy to announce that Ms. ZHOU Jing has been appointed on 1 April 2025 as a NED of the Company. The Company has complied with Rule 13.92 of the Listing Rules.

所有董事已與本公司訂立服務合約或委任函, 委任可予續期,但須根據本公司之組織章程細 則(「章程細則」)於本公司之股東大會上輪席告 退及膺選連任。章程細則第102(A)條規定,在本 公司各股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)上當時 三分之一董事(或倘董事人數並非3或3之倍數, 則為最接近三分之一的數目或按法例、上市規 則所規定須輪席告退或適用監管機構不時訂明 之其他守則、規則及規例所規定之任何其他數 目) 須退任。每年退任之董事須為自上次獲選後 在任時間最長者,惟於同一日成為董事者,則以 抽籤方式決定何者退任(除非彼等之間另有協 定)。退任董事將合資格膺選連任。章程細則第 93條亦規定,獲委任以填補董事會臨時空缺或 增添董事會成員之董事,其任期僅至本公司下 一次股東週年大會為止,並合資格於會上膺選 連任,惟不得計算入須於該大會上輪席告退之 董事人數內。

根據上市規則第13.92條,聯交所將認為單一性 別的董事會並未實現多元化。

在前執行董事趙建麗女士於2024年9月1日辭任後,本公司董事會自2024年9月1日起屬單一性別,並不符合上市規則第13.92條的規定。

董事會盡最大努力物色合適女性候選人出任董事。根據本公司的多元化政策,透過考慮多項因素(包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育,景、專業資歷、技能、知識、行業及區域經驗),本公司尋求實現董事會成員多元化。在物色員會會考慮上述必要準則,以配合企業策略及員會會考慮上述必要準則,以配合企業策略及百額當情況下實現董事會成員多元化,然後向立立。2025年4月1日起獲委任為本公司非執行董事。本公司已符合上市規則第13.92條的規定。

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (continued) 企業管治報告(續)

# Roles and Responsibilities of the Board and Delegation to the Management

The Board is responsible for the leadership and control of the Group and is responsible for promoting the success of the Group by directing and supervising the business operations of the Group in the interests of the Company's shareholders (the "Shareholders") providing insights regarding the Group's culture and values by formulating strategic directions and monitoring the financial and management performance of the Group.

The overall management of the Group's business is vested in the Board. The Board has delegated the day-to-day management of the Group's business to the executive management team, and focused its attention on matters affecting the Group's overall strategic policies, finances and the Shareholders. The executive management team assumes full accountability to the Board for the operations of the Group. A formal schedule has been formulated and will be reviewed regularly to identify specific matters that shall be reserved to the Board and those delegated to the management. The Board has given clear directions to the management that certain matters must be referred to the Board for consideration and approval. The Board is the ultimate decision making body of the Company except for matters requiring the approval of the Shareholders in accordance with the Articles, the Listing Rules and other applicable laws and regulations.

#### **Board Independence**

The Company recognises that board independence is critical to good corporate governance and board effectiveness. The participation of Independent non-executive Directors in the Board brings independent and objective judgment on issues relating to the Group's strategy, performance, conflicts of interest and management process to ensure that the interests of all Shareholders have been duly considered.

To ensure independent views and input are available to the Board, the mechanisms described in this Corporate Governance Report are established by the Board, and Board Committees follow the same processes, where applicable.

# 董事會之角色及職責以及轉授予管理層

董事會以本公司股東(「股東」)利益為出發點, 負責領導及監控本集團,並透過制定策略決策, 建立有關本集團文化及價值,及監督本集團之 財務及管理層表現,指導及監督本集團之業務 營運,以促進本集團之成功。

本集團整體業務由董事會負責管理。董事會將本集團日常事務的管理授權予本公司的行政管理層處理,而董事會本身則專注處理可影響本集團整體策略方針、財務及股東的事項。行承管理層須就本集團之所有經營業務向董事會清資。本集團制定並將定期審閱正式負責。本集團制定並將定期審閱正式負責。董事會已就須交由董事會考慮及事員體事項。董事會已就須交由董事會考慮及事之共之若干事項向管理層作出清晰指引。董事之批會為本公司之最終決策單位,惟根據章程細則、上之事宜則除外。

#### 董事會之獨立性

本公司深明董事會獨立性對良好企業管治及董 事會效能至為關鍵。獨立非執行董事於董事會 之參與,可就本集團之策略、表現、利益衝突及 管理過程等事項作出獨立而客觀的判斷,以確 保全體股東之利益已獲妥善考慮。

為確保董事會能獲得獨立的觀點及意見,董事 會設立了在企業管治報告中描述的機制,在適 用的情況下,董事委員會會遵循相同的程序。

# **Practices and Conduct of Meetings**

Four regular Board meetings at approximately quarterly intervals were held during the Year. Each of the Directors has actively participated in each meeting in person or via telephone or videoconferencing. Decisions were made by majority vote at the Board meetings.

The dates of 2024 regular Board meetings had been determined in 2023 and any amendments to this schedule were notified to all Directors at least 14 days before the meetings. Appropriate arrangements were in place to allow the Directors to include items in the agenda for regular Board meetings.

All Directors had access to the services of the company secretary of the Company (the "Company Secretary") who regularly updated the Board on governance and regulatory matters. Any Director, wishing to do so in the furtherance of his respective duties, might take independent professional advice (through the chairman of the Board (the "Chairman")) at the Company's expense. The availability of professional advice extended to three Board committees, namely the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee. Minutes of the Board meetings were taken by the Company Secretary and, together with any supporting documents, were available to all Directors. Draft and final versions of the minutes were sent to all Directors for their comment and record respectively.

If a Director had a conflict of interest in a transaction or proposal to be considered by the Board and such transaction or proposal was determined by the Board to be material, the individual Director had to declare his interest and was required to abstain from voting on any matter in which he or any of his close associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) had a material interest and that he would not be counted in the guorum present at the Board meeting.

#### 會議常規及規則

本年度內,本公司大約每季舉行定期董事會會議。各董事積極親身、透過電話或視頻形式參與各會議。董事會會議之決定是以多數票表決。

2024年董事會定期會議的舉行日期在2023年內已定下,所有日期改動均在最少14天前通知各董事。本公司備有適當安排,讓董事提出商討事項以納入董事會定期會議議程內。

公司秘書(「公司秘書」)定期更新董事會的管治及規管事宜,所有董事均可聯絡公司秘書。任何董事可就履行其職責而(透過本公司主席(「主席」)尋求獨立專業意見,費用由本公司支付。3個董事委員會(審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會)亦可尋求專業意見。董事會會議記錄由公司秘書負責撰寫,會議記錄連同任何有關文件均可提供予所有董事。初稿供所有董事審閱,而最後定稿供其作記錄之用。

若有董事在董事會將予考慮的交易或建議中存有董事會認為重大利益衝突時,涉及的個別董事須申報利益,而該董事須就彼或其任何緊密聯繫人士具有重大權益之相關董事會決議案放棄投票(如上市規則所列明),且不會計入出席該董事會會議之法定人數內。

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (continued) 企業管治報告(續)

# Directors' Attendance at Board Meetings, Board Committee Meetings and General Meeting

Details of the attendance of the Directors at meetings of the Board, the AC, the RC and the NC and AGM during the Year are set out in the following table:

# 董事於董事會會議、董事委員會會議及股東大 會之出席情況

本年度內,董事於董事會會議、審核委員會會議、薪酬委員會會議、提名委員會會議及股東大會的出席詳情列載於下表:

# Meetings attended/Meetings required to be attended during the Year 本年度內董事之出席次數/需要出席之會議

		中一次 門主ずと山川大弘/ 冊女山川と自城				
Name of Directors		Board	AC	RC	NC	AGM
董事姓名		董事會	審核委員會	薪酬委員會	提名委員會	股東週年大會
EDs	<i>執行董事</i>					
250	7013 <del>=</del> 5					
Mr. LIU Xianfu	劉賢福先生	4/4	_	-	1/1	1/1
Dr. LI Gang	李剛博士	4/4	_	_	_	1/1
Mr. YAU Hang Tat Andrew	邱恒達先生	4/4	_	_	_	1/1
Mr. YIN Jian (Note 1)	尹堅先生 <i>(附註1)</i>	1/4	_	_	_	_
Ms. ZHAO Jianli (Note 2)	趙建麗女士(附註2)	3/4	_	_	_	1/1
Mr. ZHANG Zheng	張正先生	4/4	-	-	_	1/1
NEDs	非執行董事					
Dr. YEN Gordon	嚴震銘博士	4/4	_	_	_	1/1
Mr. TAO Yongming	陶永銘先生	4/4	-	1/1	-	1/1
INEDs	獨立非執行董事					
Mr. NG Kwok Tung	伍國棟先生	4/4	4/4	1/1	_	1/1
Mr. YING Wei	應偉先生	4/4	_	1/1	1/1	1/1
Mr. William LAM	林偉成先生	4/4	4/4	_	1/1	1/1
Mr. WONG Kwong Chi	王幹芝先生	4/4	4/4	-	_	1/1
Date of the meetings	會議日期	22/03/2024	08/01/2024	22/03/2024	31/10/2024	21/06/2024
Date of the meetings	自成口分	21/06/2024	15/03/2024	Note 3	Note 4	21/00/2024
		23/08/2024	08/07/2024	M註3	M註4	
		15/11/2024	16/08/2024	FIJ HLO	ri) µ±+	

#### Notes:

- 1. Mr. YIN Jian was appointed as an ED with effect from 1 September 2024.
- 2. Ms. ZHAO Jianli was resigned as an ED with effect from 1 September 2024.
- 3. During the Year, apart from the meeting held on 22 March 2024, written resolutions had also been circulated and passed by all the RC members on 3 occasions, which were dated 14 June 2024, 9 August 2024 and 8 November 2024, respectively.
- 4. During the Year, apart from the meeting held on 31 October 2024, written resolutions had also been circulated and passed by all the NC members on 3 occasions, which were dated 12 March 2024, 14 June 2024 and 9 August 2024, respectively.

#### 附註:

- 1. 尹堅先生於2024年9月1日獲委任為執行董事。
- 2. 趙建麗女士於2024年9月1日辭任執行董事。
- 3. 於本年度,除了2024年3月22日召開的會議外, 全體薪酬委員會成員亦已傳閱及通過3項書面決 議案,日期分別為2024年6月14日、2024年8月9 日及2024年11月8日。
- 4. 於本年度,除了2024年10月31日召開的會議外, 全體提名委員會成員亦已傳閱及通過3項書面決 議案,日期分別為2024年3月12日、2024年6月14 日及2024年8月9日。

# **Training of Directors**

All Directors have been given relevant guideline materials regarding the duties and responsibilities as a Director as well as relevant laws, rules and regulations applicable to the Directors, the duty of disclosure of interest and the business of the Group and induction materials will also be provided to newly appointed Directors shortly upon their appointment as Directors.

All Directors have been updated from time to time on the latest developments and changes in the Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements to ensure compliance and enhance their awareness of good corporate governance practices.

Each of the Directors has confirmed that he had complied with code provision C.1.4 of the CG Code on Directors' training. Throughout the Year, each of the Directors named below has participated in continuous professional development by attending seminars/in-house briefing/reading materials on the following topics to develop and refresh his knowledge and skills and provided a record of training to the Company:

# 董事培訓

所有董事均已獲提供有關擔任董事之職責及責任、適用於董事之相關法例、規則及規例、權益 披露責任及本集團業務之有關指引資料,而於 新任董事獲委任為本公司董事後,亦會於短期 內向其提供該等介紹資料。

所有董事已不時就上市規則及其他適用監管要求之發展及變動獲得最新資料,從而確保合規, 同時加強彼等對良好企業管治常規之意識。

董事已各自確認彼等已遵守有關董事培訓之企管守則條文第C.1.4條。本年度內,以下所有董事已透過出席有關以下主題之座談會/內部簡介/閱讀材料參與持續專業發展,以發展及更新彼等之知識及技能,並已向本公司提供培訓記錄:

Name of Directors	Topics of Training covered (Notes)	董事姓名	所涵蓋之培訓主題 (附註)
EDs		執行董事	
Mr. LIU Xianfu	(a), (b) and (c)	劉賢福先生	(a) \ (b)及(c)
Dr. LI Gang	(a), (b) and (c)	李剛博士	(a) \ (b)及(c)
Mr. YAU Hang Tat Andrew	(a), (b) and (c)	邱恒達先生	(a) \ (b)及(c)
Mr. YIN Jian	(a), (b) and (c)	尹堅先生	(a) \ (b)及(c)
Mr. ZHANG Zheng	(a), (b) and (c)	張正	(a) \ (b)及(c)
Ms. ZHAO Jianli	(a), (b) and (c)	趙建麗女士	(a) \ (b)及(c)
NEDs		非執行董事	
Dr. YEN Gordon	(a), (b) and (c)	嚴震銘博士	(a) \ (b)及(c)
Mr. TAO Yongming	(a), (b) and (c)	陶永銘先生	(a) \ (b)及(c)
INEDs		獨立非執行董事	
Mr. NG Kwok Tung	(a), (b) and (c)	伍國棟先生	(a) \ (b)及(c)
Mr. YING Wei	(a), (b) and (c)	應偉先生	(a) \ (b)及(c)
Mr. William LAM	(a), (b) and (c)	林偉成先生	(a) \ (b)及(c)
Mr. WONG Kwong Chi	(a), (b) and (c)	王幹芝先生	(a) \ (b)及(c)
Notes:		附註:	

#### Directors' and Officers' Liabilities Insurance

regulatory requirements or risk management

finance or business operation/management

corporate governance

(a)

The Company has arranged appropriate insurance coverage in respect of potential legal action against the Directors and officers.

- (a) 企業管治
- (b) 監管要求或風險管理
- (c) 財務或業務營運/管理

#### 董事及高級人員責任保險

本公司已就董事及高級人員可能面對之法律行動作出適當之投保安排。

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (continued) 企業管治報告(續)

# CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER (THE "CEO")

Since 1 April 2023, Mr. LIU Xianfu, the Chairman and an ED, has taken up the position of CEO of the Company, details of which were set out in the Company's announcement dated 31 March 2023. This deviates from code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code, which stipulates that the roles of the chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. However, having considered the current status of the Group, vesting the roles of both Chairman and CEO in the same person enables the Group to plan its overall strategy more efficiently and achieve the budgeted target. The Board believes that the balance of power and authority under this arrangement is adequately ensured by the Board which comprises experienced, professional and high caliber individuals with a sufficient number thereof being INEDs.

## **NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

All the existing NEDs and INEDs were appointed for a specific term. Each of the NEDs and INEDs has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for a term of one year, subject to renewal, retirement by rotation and re-election at the general meetings of the Company in accordance with the Articles.

# **CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE**

The Company has received, from each of the existing INEDs, an annual written confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Board considers that all the INEDs are independent and at least one of them has appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise in accordance with Rule 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules.

# **DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS**

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules (the "Model Code") as its own code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. In response to the specific enquiries made by the Company on all Directors, they have confirmed that they had complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the Year.

## **BOARD COMMITTEES**

The Board currently has established three committees, namely the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee, each with specific terms of reference. Their terms of reference have been reviewed and approved by the Board and are updated by reference to the CG Code from time to time. The terms of reference of each of the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee have been posted on the respective websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

# 主席及行政總裁(「行政總裁」)

自2023年4月1日起,本公司主席及執行董事劉賢福先生開始兼任本公司行政總裁職務,詳情已載於日期為2023年3月31日之公司公告。此會偏離企管守則條文C.2.1的規定,主席與行政總裁的角色應有區分,不應由一人同時兼任,但總裁的角色應有區分,不應由一人同時兼任,但時不便主席及行政總裁兩個職務可以讓本集團更行政率地計劃整體策略及完成預算目標。由於其大學會由經驗豐富人士及專業人士組成(包括大多數的非執行董事及獨立非執行董事人數),相信會有足夠能力確保職能及權力在此安排下得到平衡。

# 非執行董事

所有現有非執行董事及獨立非執行董事均有特定委任年期。非執行董事及獨立非執行董事已各自與本公司訂立委任函,任期為1年,委任可予續期,但須根據章程細則於本公司股東大會上輪席告退及應選連任。

# 獨立性確認書

本公司已根據上市規則第3.13條接獲各現任獨立非執行董事的書面年度獨立確認書。根據上市規則第3.10(2)條,董事會認為所有獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士,其中最少一位具備合適專業資格或會計或相關財務管理知識。

# 董事進行證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄10所載上市公司董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)為其有關董事進行證券交易之守則。就本公司向所有董事作出具體查詢後,彼等已確認於本年度內均已遵守標準守則所要求的標準。

# 董事會委員會

董事會現已成立3個委員會,分別為審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會,各自有特定職權範圍書。彼等之職權範圍書已獲董事會批准及審閱,並已參考企管守則作不時更新。審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會各自之職權範圍書已刊載於聯交所及本公司網站。

During the Year, these committees adhered to their principles, procedures and arrangements set out in their respective terms of reference. The respective committee secretaries took full minutes of the meetings of these committees and the work of each of these committees was reported to the Board regularly.

本年度內,該等委員會均已遵守彼等各自之職 權範圍書所載之原則、程序及安排。委員會相關 秘書負責為該等委員會撰寫完整的會議記錄, 而委員會則定期向董事會作出工作匯報。

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Company has established the Audit Committee with written terms of reference for the purposes of reviewing and providing supervision over the Company's financial reporting process, risk management and internal control systems. The terms of reference of the Audit Committee were revised and effective on 1 January 2019. The principal duties of the Audit Committee are to consider the appointment and remuneration of the external auditors, to monitor the integrity of the Group's financial statements with a focus on the changes in accounting policies and practices, major judgmental areas, significant audit adjustments, going concern assumptions, and compliance with accounting standards, the Listing Rules and other applicable legal requirements, and to review the Group's financial reporting system, risk management and internal control systems.

As at the date of this annual report, the Audit Committee comprises three INEDs, namely Mr. NG Kwok Tung, Mr. William LAM and Mr. WONG Kwong Chi, and is chaired by Mr. NG Kwok Tung.

The Audit Committee held 4 meetings during the Year and details of the attendance are shown in the table on page 39 of this annual report. A summary of the work of the Audit Committee during the Year is set out as follows:

- provided recommendations to the Board on the re-appointment of independent auditor, and approved the audit fee and the terms of engagement of the independent auditor;
- reviewed and monitored the independent auditor's independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with applicable standards, and discussed with the independent auditor before the audit commenced, the nature and scope of the audit and the reporting obligations;
- reviewed the financial statements, interim report and annual report as well as significant financial reporting judgments contained in them;
- reviewed the financial controls, internal control and risk management systems;

# 審核委員會

本公司已成立審核委員會,並設有書面職權範 圍書,藉以檢討及監察本公司之財務申報程序、 風險管理及內部監控制度。審核委員會的職權 範圍於2019年1月1日經修訂並生效。審核委員 會的主要職務為考慮外聘核數師的委任及酬 金、監督本集團財務報表是否完整(尤其著重會 計政策及實務的更改、重要判斷範圍、重大核數 調整、持續經營假設以及是否符合會計準則、上 市規則及其他適用之法律要求),同時檢討本集 團的財務申報制度、風險管理及內部監控制度。

截止本年報的發表日期,審核委員會由3名獨立 非執行董事組成,分別為伍國棟先生、林偉成先 生及王幹芝先生。審核委員會主席為伍國棟先 牛。

本年度內審核委員會舉行了4次會議,出席詳情 列於本年報第39頁之表格內。審核委員會於本 年度內的工作概要包括以下事項:

- 就獨立核數師的重新委任向董事會提供建 議,及核准獨立核數師酬金及聘用條款;
- 按適用的標準檢討及監察獨立核數師的獨 立性及客觀性,以及核數程序的有效性; 並與獨立核數師在審核工作開始前預先討 論審核工作的性質和範圍及有關申報責 任;
- 審閱財務報表、中期報告及年度報告,並 檢閱其所載有關財務申報的重大意見;
- 檢閱財務監控、內部監控及風險管理制度;

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (continued) 企業管治報告(續)

- discussed the risk management and internal control systems with management to ensure that the management had performed its duty to have effective systems. Such discussion included the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programs and budget of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function;
- to consider major investigation findings on risk management and internal control matters as delegated by the Board or on its own initiative and for the management's response to these findings;
- ensured co-ordination between the internal and external auditors, and ensured that the internal audit function was adequately resourced and had appropriate standing within the Company, and reviewed and monitored its effectiveness;
- reviewed the financial and accounting policies and practices; and
- reviewed the independent auditor's management letter, any material queries raised by the independent auditor to management regarding the accounting records, financial accounts or systems of control and management's response.

# RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITOR FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge the responsibilities for preparing the financial statements of the Company. They were not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions which may cast significant doubt upon the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. The independent auditor's statement about its reporting responsibilities is set out on pages 72 to 79 of this annual report.

# **AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION**

During the Year, the fees paid/payable to SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited, the Group's existing independent auditor in respect of audit services for the Year amounted to approximately HK\$2,641,000, the non-audit services mainly consisted interim review of HK\$350,000 and The State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of the State Council's report of HK\$550,000, respectively.

# NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Company has established the Nomination Committee with written terms of reference and its principal duties are 1) to review the structure, size and composition of the Board at least annually; 2) to identify and recommend suitably qualified candidates as new Director(s) or to fill Board vacancies as they arise for the approval of the Board; 3) to assess the independence of the INEDs; and 4) to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors, in particular the Chairman and the CEO.

- 與管理層討論風險管理及內部監控系統, 並確保管理層已履行職責建立有效的系統。有關討論包括本公司的財務匯報職能方面資源、員工之資歷及經驗、培訓課程及有關預算是否充足;
- 主動或應董事會的委派,就有關風險管理及內部監控事宜的重要調查結果及管理層對調查結果的回應進行研究;
- 確保內部和外聘核數師的工作得到協調; 及確保內部審核功能在本公司內部有足夠 資源運作,並且有適當的地位;以及檢討 及監察內部審核功能的有效性;
- 檢閱財務及會計政策及實務;及
- 檢閱獨立核數師致管理層的審核情況說明 函件、獨立核數師就會計記錄、財務賬目 或監控系統向管理層提出的任何重大疑問 及管理層的回應。

# 董事及核數師對財務報表的責任

董事知悉其有編製本公司財務報表的責任。董 事並不知悉任何有關可能對本集團按持續基準 繼續經營之能力構成重大疑問之事件或情況之 任何重大不明朗因素。獨立核數師發表有關其 申報責任的聲明載列於本年報第72至79頁。

# 核數師酬金

於本年度,就審計服務已付/應付予本集團之 現任獨立核數師予信永中和(香港)會計師事務 所有限公司之費用約為2,641,000港元,非核數 服務主要包括中期審閱為350,000港元及國務 院國有資產監督管理委員會報告為550,000港元。

# 提名委員會

本公司已成立提名委員會,並設有書面職權範圍書,其主要職責包括1)至少每年檢討董事會的架構、人數及組成、2)物色及提名合資格人士成為董事會新成員或填補董事會空缺的人選,供董事會批准、3)評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性、及4)就董事之委任、重新委任及董事,尤其是主席及行政總裁之繼任計劃,向董事會提供意見。

As at the date of this annual report, the Nomination Committee comprises an ED, Mr. LIU Xianfu, and two INEDs, namely Mr. YING Wei and Mr. William LAM, and is chaired by Mr. LIU Xianfu.

The Nomination Committee held 1 meeting during the Year and details of the attendance are shown in the table on page 39 of this annual report. A summary

of the work of the Nomination Committee during the Year is set out as follows:

- made recommendations to the Board and determined the policy on the appointment and re-appointment of Directors and assessed the independence of the INEDs;
- identify and recommend suitably qualified candidates as new Director(s) or to fill Board vacancies as they arise for the approval of the Board;
- reviewed the policy of diversity of the Board; and
- reviewed the size, structure and diversity of the Board, and assessed the balance of skills and experience of the Board as expedient with a diversity of perspectives appropriate to the requirements of the business of the Group.

# **NOMINATION POLICY**

The Nomination Committee will recommend to the Board for the appointment of Directors (including an INED) in accordance with the following procedures and process:

- The Nomination Committee will, giving due consideration to the current composition and size of the Board, develop a list of desirable skills, perspectives and experience at the outset to focus the search effort;
- ii. The Nomination Committee may consult any source it considers appropriate in identifying or selecting suitable candidates, such as referrals from existing Directors, advertising, recommendations from a third party agency firm and proposals from the Shareholders with due consideration given to the criteria which include but are not limited to:
  - (a) Diversity in the aspects of, amongst others, gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service;
  - (b) Commitment for responsibilities of the Board in respect of available time and relevant interest;
  - (c) Qualifications, including accomplishment and experience in the relevant industries in which the Group's business is involved;

截至本年報日期,提名委員會由1名執行董事及 2名獨立非執行董事組成,分別為劉賢福先生、 應偉先生及林偉成先生,委員會主席為劉賢福 先生。

本年度內提名委員會召開了1次提名委員會會議,出席詳情列於本年報第39頁之表格內。提名委員會於本年度內的工作概要包括以下事項:

- 就委任及重新委任董事及主席向董事會提供建議和決定政策,以及評核獨立非執行董事之獨立性;
- 物色及提名合資格人士成為董事會新成員 或填補董事會空缺的人選,供董事會批准;
- 檢討董事會成員多元化政策;及
- 檢討董事會的人數、組成、架構及多元性, 並評估董事會技能的均衡和經驗;及觀點 多元化以適合及有利於本集團的業務要 求。

# 提名政策

提名委員會將根據以下程序及流程向董事會建 議任命董事(包括獨立非執行董事):

- i. 提名委員會將適當考慮董事會目前的組成 和規模,首先制定一份理想的技能、觀點 及經驗清單,以集中尋買工作;
- ii. 提名委員會可諮詢其認為適當的任何來源,以識別或選擇合適的候選人,例如現有董事的推薦、廣告、第三方代理公司的推薦及股東的建議,並適當考慮(包括但不限於)下列因素:
  - (a) 各方面的多樣性,其中包括性別、年 齡、文化和教育背景、專業經驗、技 能、知識和服務年限;
  - (b) 其能投放於董事會職責的可付出的時間及相關利益;
  - (c) 資格、包括涉及本集團業務的相關行 業的成就和經驗;

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (continued) 企業管治報告(續)

- (d) Independence;
- (e) Reputation for integrity;
- (f) Potential contributions that the individual can bring to the Board; and
- (g) Plan(s) in place for the orderly succession of the Board.
- iii. The Nomination Committee may adopt any process it considers appropriate in evaluating the suitability of the candidates, such as interviews, background checks, presentations and third party reference checks:
- iv. The Nomination Committee will consider a broad range of candidates who are in and outside of the Board's circle of contacts;
- Upon considering a candidate suitable for the directorship, the Nomination Committee will hold a meeting and/or by way of written resolutions to, if thought fit, approve the recommendation to the Board for appointment;
- vi. The Nomination Committee will provide the relevant information of the selected candidate to the Remuneration Committee for consideration of the remuneration package of such selected candidate;
- vii. The Nomination Committee will thereafter make the recommendation to the Board in relation to the proposed appointment, and where a Director is considered, the Remuneration Committee will make the recommendation to the Board on the policy and structure for the remuneration;
- viii. The Board may arrange for the selected candidate to be interviewed by the members of the Board, who are not members of the Nomination Committee and the Board will thereafter deliberate and decide the appointment as the case may be; and
- ix. All appointment of Directors will be confirmed by the filing of the consent to act as Director of the relevant Director (or any other similar filings requiring the relevant Director to acknowledge or accept the appointment as Director, as the case may be) to be filed with the relevant regulatory authorities, if required.

- (d) 獨立性;
- (e) 誠信聲譽;
- (f) 個人可以向董事會帶來的潛在貢獻; 及
- (a) 為董事會有序繼任而制訂的計劃。
- iii. 提名委員會可採用其認為適當的任何程序 評估候選人的合適性,例如面試、背景調 查、演示及查核第三方推薦;
- iv. 提名委員會將考慮在董事會聯絡圈內外的 各類候選人;
- v. 在考慮適合擔任董事職位的候選人後,提 名委員會將舉行會議及/或以書面決議案 方式(如認為合適)批准向董事會提交建 議,以備委任;
- vi. 提名委員會將向薪酬委員會提供所選候選 人的相關資料,以備考慮該候選人的薪酬 待遇;
- vii. 及後,提名委員會將就建議的委任向董事會提出建議,而在考慮委任董事的情況下,薪酬委員會將就薪酬政策及架構向董事會提出建議;
- viii. 董事會可安排選定的候選人由不屬提名委員會成員的董事會成員進行面試,此後, 董事會將根據具體情況審議並決定任命; 及
- ix. 所有董事的任命,將通過提交相關董事的 同意擔任董事函(或要求相關董事確認或 接受任命為董事的任何其他類似文件,視 具體情況而定)予向相關法定機構(如有需 要)作存檔確認。

# POLICY OF DIVERSITY OF THE BOARD

The Company has adopted a policy of diversity of the Board (the "Policy"). The criteria adopted by the Nomination Committee in considering whether the relevant personnel are suitable as Directors include their qualifications, experience, expertise, skills, knowledge, ethnicity, age, cultural background and so on in view of the provisions of the Listing Rules and the particulars of the Policy as adopted by the Board are summarised as follows:

#### **Purposes:**

- to increase diversity at the level of the Board:
- 2. to enhance the effectiveness of the Board and the quality of its performance; and
- 3. to support the attainment of strategic objectives/plan and sustainable and balanced development of the Group.

After Ms. ZHAO Jianli's resignation on 1 September 2024, the Company has a single-gender board and does not meet the requirements under Rule 13.92 of the Listing Rules. However, the Board is happy to announce that Ms. ZHOU Jing has been appointed on 1 April 2025 as a NED of the Company. The Company has complied with Rule 13.92 of the Listing Rules.

The company aims to achieve board diversity by considering various aspects such as gender, age, culture, educational background, professional qualifications, skills, knowledge, industry experience, and regional experience. The Nomination Committee will evaluate candidates based on these criteria to complement the corporate strategy and achieve board diversity before making recommendations to the Board. The Group will timely review the gender diversity of the Company's workforce in accordance with the business development.

## **Measurable Objectives**

The optimum composition of the Board will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional qualifications, regional and industry experience, skills, knowledge and other experience of the Directors. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidate(s) will bring to the Board.

# 董事會多樣化政策

本公司已採納董事會多樣化政策(「本政策」)。 提名委員會在考慮有關人士是否適合成為董事時,基於上市規則及董事會已採納之本政策, 採納的準則包括其資歷、經驗、專長、技能及知 識、種族、年齡及文化背景等。本政策之細節總 結如下:

#### 目的:

- 1. 增加董事會之多元性;
- 2. 提升董事會之效率及表現質素;及
- 支持達到本公司之策略目標/計劃及持續 及平衡發展。

在2024年9月1日趙建麗女士辭職後,公司擁有單一性別董事會,並不符合《上市規則》第13.92條的要求。不過,董事會欣然宣佈周靜女士於2025年4月1日起獲委任為本公司非執行董事。本公司已符合上市規則第13.92條的規定。

公司旨在通過考慮性別、年齡、文化、教育背景、專業資格、技能、知識、行業經驗和地區經驗等多個方面來實現董事會多樣化。提名委員會將根據這些標準評估候選人,以配合公司戰略並實現董事會多樣化,然後再向董事會提出推薦建議。本公司將適時根據公司規定及集團的業務發展檢討公司員工團隊之性別多元化程度。

#### 可計量目標

最佳的董事會組成將按一系列多元化範疇為基準,包括但不限於董事的性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、專業資格、地區及行業經驗、技能、知識及其他資歷。最終人選將按其長處及可為董事會提供的貢獻作決定。

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (continued) 企業管治報告(續)

For the purpose of implementation of the Board Diversity Policy, the following measurable objectives were adopted:

- The Company should comply with the requirements on board composition in the Listing Rules from time to time.
- 2. The number of INEDs should be not less than three and one-third of the Board.
- 3. At least one of the INEDs must have appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise.
- 4. At least one Director should be the professional or have intensive experience of the industry on which the business of the Group is.

# **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

The Company has established the Remuneration Committee with written terms of reference and its principal duties are 1) to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration policy for all Directors; 2) to review and approve the Group's remuneration policy proposed by the CEO and make recommendations to the Board; and 3) to review and approve the management's remuneration and incentive assessment indicators proposals by reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives. The Group's remuneration policy is to provide a competitive level of remuneration in accordance with current market conditions to attract and motivate the Directors and staff for their contribution.

As at the date of this annual report, the Remuneration Committee comprises a NED Mr. TAO Yongming, and two INEDs, namely Mr. NG Kwok Tung and Mr. YING Wei, and is chaired by Mr. YING Wei.

The Remuneration Committee has convened 1 meeting during the Year and details of the attendance are shown in the table on page 39 of this annual report. A summary of the work of the Remuneration Committee during the Year is set out as follows:

- made recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual Directors and senior management, including benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments, including any compensation payable for loss or termination of their office or appointment and assessed their performance;
- reviewed and approved the management's remuneration and incentive assessment indicators proposals by reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives; and
- ensured that no Director or any of the respective associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) is involved in deciding his own remuneration.

就實施董事會成員多元化政策而言,以下可計 量目標獲採納:

- 1. 本公司應遵守上市規則不時有關董事會組成的規定。
- 2. 獨立非執行董事的人數應不少於三名及董 事會的三分之一。
- 3. 至少一名獨立非執行董事須擁有適當的專 業資格或會計或相關財務管理專業知識。
- 4. 至少一名董事應為本集團業務所在行業的 專業人士或具備豐富的行業經驗。

# 薪酬委員會

本公司已成立薪酬委員會,並設有書面職權範圍書,其主要職務為1)就制訂所有董事之薪酬政策向董事會提出建議、2)審批行政總裁建議之本集團的薪酬政策及向董事會提出建議及3)因應董事會所訂企業方針及目標而檢討及批准管理層的薪酬及績效考核指標建議,並向董事會提出建議。本集團的薪酬政策旨在根據目前市況提供具競爭力的薪酬,以吸引及激勵董事及員工作出貢獻。

截至本年報日期,薪酬委員會由1名非執行董事 及2名獨立非執行董事組成,分別為陶永銘先 生、伍國棟先生及應偉先生,委員會主席為應偉 先生。

本年度內薪酬委員會召開了1次會議,出席詳情 列於本年報第39頁之表格內。薪酬委員會於本 年度內的工作概要包括以下事項:

- 就個別董事及高級管理層之酬金待遇向董事會提供建議,包括金錢利益、退休金權利及賠償金額(包括喪失或終止職務或委任的賠償),及評審彼等之表現;
- 因應董事會所訂企業方針及目標而審批管 理層薪酬及績效考核指標建議;及
- 確保任何董事或各自的任何聯繫人(定義 見上市規則)不可參與決定本身之薪酬。

## **RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL**

The Board has overall responsibility for the risk management and internal control systems of the Group. The risk management and internal control systems employed by the Group are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve the business objectives of the Group, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material and/or financial misstatement or loss. The Board is also responsible for evaluating and determining the risk related to the Group's environmental, social and governance ("ESG") reporting ("ESG Report") and ensuring that appropriate and effective ESG risk management is in place. Details of the ESG risk management system will be disclosed in the Company's ESG Report. The Board has delegated the Audit Committee the following duties:

- 1. to review the Company's financial controls, risk management and internal control systems:
- to discuss the risk management and internal control systems with management to ensure that the management has performed its duty to have effective systems. This discussion should include the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programs and budget of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function;
- where an internal audit function exists, to ensure co-ordination between the internal and external auditors, and to ensure that the internal audit function is adequately resourced and has appropriate standing within the Company, and to review and monitor its effectiveness; and
- to consider major investigation findings on risk management and internal control matters as delegated by the Board or on its own initiative and the management's response to these findings.

The Company has established the Internal Audit Department (the "IAD") and the CEO Office to manage the internal control and risk management issues of the Group respectively. The CEO Office reports to both the AC and the CEO, while the IAD reports only to the AC.

The AC and the CEO report to the Board periodically regarding material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls and other risk issues of the Group identified by the AC and the CEO from time to time. The Board, through the AC, reviews risk management and internal control matters approximately once every six months. The Board and the AC are satisfied with the effectiveness of the Company's procedure for financial reporting.

# 風險管理及內部監控

董事會全權負責維持本集團的風險管理及內部 監控系統。本集團使用風險管理及內部監控系統之目的是為減少本集團營運固有的風險以達 至可接受程度,但非消除所有風險,及只能就重 大及/或財務的數據失實或損失作出合理而未 絕對的保證。董事會亦負責評估及釐定本集團 環境、社會及管治(「ESG」)報告(「ESG報告」)相 關風險,並確保實行適當而有效的ESG風險管理及內部監控制度。詳細的ESG風險管理系統 將於本公司的ESG報告中披露。董事會已交予 審核委員會以下職責:

- 檢討本公司財務監控、風險管理及內部監 控系統;
- 2. 與管理層討論風險管理及內部監控系統,確保管理層已履行職責建立有效的系統。 討論內容應包括會計及財務匯報職能方面的資源、相關員工之資歷及經驗是否足夠,以及該等員工所接受的培訓課程及有關本公司預算是否充足;
- 3. 如公司設有內部審計職能,須確保內部和 外聘核數師的工作得到協調;也須確保內 部審核功能在本公司內部有足夠資源運 作,並且有適當的地位;以及檢討及監察 其成效;及
- 主動或應董事會的委派,就有關風險管理 及內部監控事宜的重要調查結果及管理層 對調查結果的回應進行研究。

本公司已成立內部審計部(「內部審計部」)及總裁辦公會(「總裁辦公會」)並分別負責管理本集團內部監控及風險管理事宜。總裁辦公會向審核委員會及行政總裁匯報,而內部審計部只向審核委員會匯報。

審核委員會及行政總裁定期向董事會匯報實質 監控,包括財務,營運及合規監控及其他不時由 審核委員會及行政總裁指出有關本集團的風險 事宜。董事會約於每6個月會經審核委員會審閱 風險管理及內部監控事宜。董事會及審核委員 會信納本公司財務申報程序的有效性。

# **INTERNAL CONTROL**

The IAD is responsible for the internal control matters of the Group and currently comprises 3 staff members. It is governed by an internal audit charter and has established an internal audit approach for its internal audit function. The IAD has prepared 13 internal audit reports during the year ended 31 December 2024. The Board has confirmed that IAD had been provided with adequate resources and budget and comprised qualified staff with sufficient experience and training programs to perform its internal audit function.

The missions of the IAD are:

- to evaluate and improve the Group's risk management, control and operation processes; and
- to assist the organisation in achieving the best practice, thus becoming the best managed company.

The IAD is authorised to have unrestricted access to records, personnel, and physical properties relevant to the performance of audits. Their relevance depends on the nature and extent of the audits as well as the audit environment, and is subject to the internal audit guideline on the handling of sensitive information as endorsed by the AC. The IAD is authorised to directly and regularly communicate with the senior management and all executives in individual organisation being audited to discuss its major findings. All personnel within the Group are required to assert full cooperation any time and in any place with the IAD necessary to allow it to discharge its responsibilities.

# 內部監控

內部審計部現時由3名員工組成並負責本集團的內部監控事宜。受內部審計憲章監管及已就其內部審計職能制定了內部審計模式。於截至2024年12月31日止年度內部審計部已完成13個內部審計報告。董事會確定已向內部審計部提供充足的資源及預算及具足夠經驗的合資格員工及培訓課程以執行其內部審計職能。

#### 內部審計部的任務:

- 評估及改善本集團的風險管理、監控及營 運流程;及
- 協助組織達到最佳常規並變成最佳管理的公司。

內部審計部獲授權可無限制地接觸與進行審計相關的記錄、人員及實物財產。其相關性視乎審計的屬性及程度以及審計環境而定,且須受審核委員會允許有關處理敏感資料的內部審計指引的規限。內部審計部獲授權直接及定期與接受審計的個別組織的高級管理人員及所有行政人員溝通,以討論其主要結果。本集團內所有人員須於任何時間及任何地點積極全面地與內部審計部進行必要的合作,以履行其責任。

## **RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Group has established a comprehensive risk management framework (the "Framework") since 2016. The Framework is to execute the basic risk management measures in various business sectors such as production, operation and management, with the aim to (i) develop a group-wide, open and proactive risk management culture, and (ii) safeguard the strategic development and current business operations of the Group.

The Framework consists of the following concepts:

# 風險管理

本集團於2016年開始推行全面風險管理框架 (「框架」)。該框架是指通過在生產、經營與管 理的各個環節執行風險管理基本流程,以(i)培育 集團性,開放及主動的風險管理文化及(ii)為本 集團實現發展戰略與經營業績的總體目標提供 保障為目標。

框架包括以下的概念:

# The Comprehensive Risk Management Framework 全面風險管理框架



The Company has also established the guideline for the Framework (the "Guideline"). According to the Guideline, the risk management function of the Group is made up of the Board, the AC, the CEO, senior management, the CEO Office, the IAD and various subsidiaries of the Company.

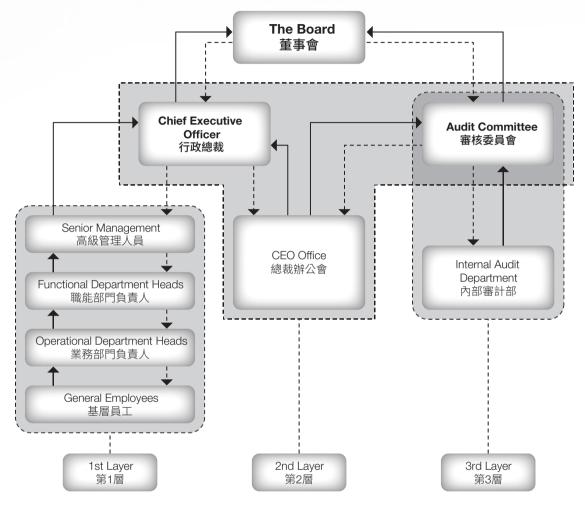
The Framework is a tri-layer system. The first layer is mainly made up of senior management and heads of various functional and operational departments of the Group, who are the key players for minimising potential risks in advance. The second layer consists of the AC, the CEO and the CEO Office, which is mainly responsible for the organisation, co-ordination and planning of the corporate risk management works and monitors the progress of the risk management works. Thus, the second layer is vital during a risk management crisis. The third layer is formed by the AC and the IAD to review and audit the existing operation flow such as information system, business flow and financial disclosure. The third layer is often the key to mitigate risk factors in the aftermath of a risk management crisis.

本公司亦制定了框架的守則(「守則」)。根據守則,本集團的風險管理職能由董事會、審核委員會、行政總裁、高級管理人員、總裁辦公會、內部審計部及本公司各個附屬公司所組成。

框架是一個3層系統。第1層主要包括高級管理人員及本集團不同職能部門和業務部門的主管,他們為事前控制風險的關鍵人物。第2層由審核委員會、行政總裁及總裁辦公會構成,主要負責企業風險管理工作的統籌、組織、協調與規劃,並對該項工作的開展與落實情況進行監控,是風險控制危機的關鍵。第3層包含審核委員會和內部審計部,主要負責對現時營運流程如資訊系統、業務流程及財務披露等方面進行審計及審閱,第3層常作為於風險控制危機事後處理上減低風險因素的關鍵。

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (continued) 企業管治報告(續)

The following diagram displays the relationship and interaction among the three 下圖顯示了框架3層系統之間的關係及互動:layers of the Framework:



Notes 附註: The up flow of risk related information 表示風險有關資訊上報

Request to execute the risk management measures 表示風險管理要求下達

In 2025, the CEO Office will continue to focus on the following risk management issues:

- 於2025年,總裁辦公會將繼續專注下列的風險 管理事宜:
- 1. Continue to strengthen and deepen the risk self-assessment and internal assessment work;
- 工作;

繼續加強、深化風險自主評估與內部評估

- 2. Set reasonable assessment standards and methods for the impact of risk categories; and
- 2. 對風險類型影響程度的評估標準與方法進 行合理設置;及
- 3. Accelerate the implementation progress of the risk management work.
- 3. 加快風險管理工作的實施進度。

During 2024, the IAD and the CEO Office had reviewed the risk management and internal control systems of the Group and reported their findings to the AC. The risk management and internal control systems are reviewed twice during the Year. There was no significant defect found in respect of the risk management or internal control system under review. The Board and the AC are satisfied with the effectiveness and adequacy of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group.

於2024年內,內部審計部及總裁辦公會已審閱 本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統並向審核委 員會匯報。風險管理及內部監控系統於年內檢 討2次。有關檢討概無發現重大風險或內部監控 系統問題。董事會及審核委員會均滿意本集團 的風險管理及內部監控系統的成效及充足性。

## INSIDE INFORMATION POLICY

The Group has established a policy for ensuring that inside information (the "Inside Information") is disclosed to the public in an equal and timely manner in accordance with the Listing Rules and the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong).

The senior management of the Group is to provide timely and accurate information, to allow the Board to make an informed decision to determine whether the information is the Inside Information and/or whether the Company has to disclose such information to the public. Senior management of the Group must report to the Board and/or the CEO any information they have which they believe to be the Inside Information and will trigger the Company to discharge its disclosure duty. The Company Secretary will follow up accordingly.

The Company Secretary is responsible for disclosing the Inside Information to the public and/or is authorised to collect any information from any department and/or employee of the Group in order to help determining whether the alleged information is Inside Information and/or whether disclosure is required.

## **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

## **Corporate Governance Duties**

The Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance duties of the Group, including (a) developing and reviewing the policies and practices on (i) corporate governance and (ii) compliance with legal and regulatory requirements of the Company; (b) reviewing and monitoring the training and continuous professional development of the Directors and senior management; (c) developing, reviewing and monitoring the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors; and (d) reviewing the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the corporate governance report. The Board has, amongst other matters, reviewed this corporate governance report, ensuring compliance with the Listing Rules.

# 內幕消息政策

本公司已制定政策,以確保內幕消息(「內幕消 息」) 根據上市規則及證券及期貨條例(香港法例 第571章) 公平及適時地向公眾發佈。

本集團的高級管理人員有責任提供可靠及適時 的資料,讓董事會就釐定有關消息是否為內幕 消息及/或本公司是否應即時向公眾公佈,作 出知情的決定。所有本集團的高級管理人員須 就其所知可能引致本公司須履行披露責任的內 幕消息時,應向董事會及/或行政總裁報告,再 中公司秘書跟淮。

公司秘書負責向公眾披露內幕消息及/或有權 向本集團任何部門及/或僱員收集任何資料, 以進一步評估該資料是否屬於內幕消息及/或 是否需要披露。

## 企業管治

# 企業管治職責

董事會須負責履行本集團之企業管治職責,包 括(a)制定及檢討有關(i)企業管治及(ii)本公司在遵 守法例及監管規定方面之政策及慣例;(b)檢討 及監察董事及高級管理人員之培訓及持續專業 發展;(c)制定、檢討及監察僱員及董事的操守準 則及合規手冊(如有);及(d)檢討本公司遵守企 管守則的情況及在企業管治報告內的披露。董 事會已(其中包括)審閱此企業管治報告,確保 符合上市規則。

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (continued) 企業管治報告(續)

## **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Ms. CHENG Wai Han Charmaine ("Ms. CHENG"), the company secretary of the Company, has continued to perform and discharge the duties of a company secretary under the Listing Rules.

Ms. CHENG joined the Group in October 2003 and is currently the Deputy General Manager (Corporate Governance Department of the Group) of the Company. She has over 25 years of extensive working experience specialising in company secretarial matters, credit management, investor relations, corporate affairs and general insurance operation. Ms. CHENG is a fellow member of each of The Hong Kong Chartered Governance Institute (formerly known as The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries) and The Chartered Governance Institute (formerly known as The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators) in England. Ms. CHENG obtained a Bachelor of Commerce degree from Mount Allison University, Canada, an Executive Master's degree in Business Administration (EMBA) from the Chinese University of Hong Kong and a Master of Science degree in Professional Accounting and Corporate Governance from the City University of Hong Kong. Ms. Cheng was the first female president of the Alumni Association of the Chinese University of Hong Kong Executive MBA Program and is currently a director of the Chinese University of Hong Kong Federation of Alumni Associations. Ms. Cheng is a member of the fundraising committee for the 2023 Chinese University of Hong Kong Alumni Day Graduation Commemorative Class. She is also a member of the Advisory Board of the Hong Kong Breast Cancer Foundation from 2024 to 2026 and a member of the Breast Cancer Support Center Committee from 2024 to 2026. Ms. CHENG has fulfilled the specified qualifications and experience under Rule 3.28 of the Listing Rules and she has received no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training in compliance with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules during the Year.

#### SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

The Board and the management of the Company endeavour to maintain a continuing communication with the Shareholders and investors through various channels, including the Company's general meetings. Set out below is a summary of how the Shareholders can convene a general meeting and put forward proposals at such meetings.

# Convening a general meeting

Pursuant to Sections 566 to 568 of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "Companies Ordinance"), Shareholder(s) holding at least 5% of the total voting rights of all the Shareholders having a right to vote at general meetings may, by written request authenticated by the Shareholder(s) making it (the "Written Request") and sent to the Company, require the Directors to call a meeting.

The Written Request (i) must state the general nature of the business to be dealt with; and (ii) may include the text of a resolution that may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at the meeting.

# \* For identification purpose only

# 公司秘書

本公司之公司秘書鄭惠嫻女士(「鄭女士」)將繼續執行及履行聯交所證券上市規則項下的公司 秘書職責。

鄭女士於2003年10月加入本集團,現任本公司 副總經理(集團企業管治部)。彼擁有超過25年 的豐富工作經驗,專長於公司秘書事務、信貸 管理、投資者關係、企業事務和一般保險營運。 鄭女十是香港公司治理公會(原稱為香港特許 秘書公會) 及位於英國的特許公司治理公會(原 稱為特許秘書及行政人員公會)的資深會員。鄭 女十於加拿大艾利森山大學\*取得商業學十學 位,於香港中文大學取得行政人員工商管理碩 士學位(EMBA)及於香港城市大學取得理科碩士 學位(專業會計與企業管治)。鄭女士曾為香港 中文大學行政人員工商管理碩士課程校友會首 位女會長,現為香港中文大學校友會聯會教育 基金會董事。鄭女士為2023年香港中文大學校 友日畢業紀念班籌款委員會成員。彼亦於2024 至2026年香港乳癌基金會顧問理事會成員及於 2024年至2026年乳癌支持中心委員會成員。鄭 女士已符合上市規則第3.28條所要求的專業資 格及資歷,彼於年內亦已遵守上市規則第3.29 條所要求的接受不少於15小時的相關專業訓

## 股東之權利

本公司董事會及管理人員致力通過不同渠道與 股東及投資者保持持續溝通,包括本公司之股 東大會。以下概述股東可如何召開股東大會及 於會上提呈建議。

# 召開股東大會

根據公司條例(香港法例第622章)(「公司條例」)第566至568條,1名或多名股東(佔全體有權在股東大會上表決的股東的總表決權最少5%),可通過遞交經提呈股東認證的書面請求(「書面請求」)至本公司,要求董事召集會議。

該書面要求(i)須述明有待處理的事務的一般性質,及(ii)可包含可恰當地動議並擬在該股東大會上動議的決議文本。

The Directors must call a meeting within 21 days after the date on which they become subject to the requirement of the relevant Shareholder(s) and such meeting must be held within 28 days after the date of the notice convening the meeting.

If the Written Request received by the Company identifies a resolution that may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at the meeting, the notice of the meeting must include notice of the resolution. The business that may be dealt with at the meeting includes a resolution that has been included in such notice of meeting. If the resolution is to be proposed as a special resolution, the Directors must include, in the notice of the meeting, the text of the resolution and specifies the intention to propose the resolution as a special resolution.

If the Directors do not call a meeting as required by the Written Request, the Shareholders who requested the meeting, or any of them representing more than one-half of the total voting rights of all of them, may themselves call a general meeting.

The meeting to be called by the Shareholders must be called (i) within 3 months after the date on which the Directors become subject to the requirement to call a meeting and (ii) in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which that meeting is required to be called by the Directors.

Any reasonable expenses incurred by the Shareholders requesting the meeting by reason of the failure of the Directors duly to call a meeting must be reimbursed by the Company.

# Procedures to put forward proposals at general meetings

Pursuant to Sections 580 and 582 of the Companies Ordinance, a Shareholder may request the Company to circulate a statement of not more than 1,000 words with respect to a matter mentioned in any proposed resolution or other business to be dealt with at any general meeting.

To put forward proposals at the meeting, a Written Request must be made by (i) Shareholder(s) holding at least 2.5% of the total voting rights of all the Shareholders who have a relevant right to vote on a proposed resolution at the meeting; or (ii) at least 50 Shareholders who have a relevant right to vote on a proposed resolution at the meeting.

The Written Request must identify the statement to be circulated, and must be received by the Company at least 7 days before the relevant meeting. The expenses of circulating such statement must be paid by the Shareholder(s) who requested the circulation of the statement unless (i) the Company resolves otherwise or (ii) the meeting to which the requests related is an AGM; and requests sufficient to require the Company to circulate the statement are received in time to enable the Company to send a copy of the statement at the same time as it gives notice of the meeting.

董事必須於他們收到召開股東大會之相關股東的規定所規限日期後的21日內召開股東大會,該大會須在召開該股東大會的通知發出日期後的28日內舉行。

如果本公司收到書面要求,指出一項可恰當地動議並擬在該股東大會上動議的決議,則大會通知必須包括該決議的通知。已包含在大會通知內的決議,則可列為該大會上處理的事務。如果決議案提呈為特別決議案,董事必須於股東大會的通知內包含該決議的文本,並指明擬採用特別決議的形式提出該決議的意向。

如果董事沒有按上述書面要求的規定召開會議,則要求召開該股東大會的股東,或佔全體該等股東的總表決權過半數的股東,可自行召開股東大會。

股東召開的會議,必須(i)在董事受到召開股東大會的規定所規限的日期後的3個月內,及(ii)盡可能按董事須召開該股東大會的同樣方式召開。

如因董事沒有妥為召開股東大會,導致要求召 開會議的股東產生之任何合理開支,將會由公 司承擔。

# 於股東大會上提呈議案程序

根據公司條例第580條及582條,股東可要求公司傳閱關於有待在該股東大會上處理的決議或其他事務,而字數不多於1,000字的陳述書。

如欲在會議上提呈建議,以下人士必須提出書面要求:(i)佔全體有相關表決權利於會上就所提呈決議案表決的股東的總表決權最少2.5%的股東;或(ii)最少50名有相關表決權利於會上就所提呈決議案表決的股東。

該書面要求須指出將予傳閱的陳述書並經所有 提出該要求的人認證;及須於該要求所關乎的 股東大會前最少7日送抵該公司。要求傳閱有關 陳述書的股東須支付傳閱有關陳述書的費用, 除非(i)公司通過決議;或(ii)有關要求所關乎的股 東大會,是本公司的股東週年大會;及本公司及 時收到足以令本公司須傳閱該陳述書的要求, 使本公司在發出該股東大會的通知的同時,能 夠送交該陳述書的文本。

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (continued) 企業管治報告(續)

# **Enquiries from Shareholders**

Shareholders should direct their enquiries in respect of their shareholdings or change of address or distribution instructions to the Company's share registrar, Boardroom Share Registrars (HK) Limited. Shareholders may at any time send their enquiries to the Board via the Investor Relations Representative of the Company whose contact details are shown under "Shareholder Information" of this annual report.

# COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTORS

The Company believes that effective communication with shareholders is essential for enhancing investor relations and investors' understanding of the Group's business performance and strategies. The Company endeavours to maintain an on-going dialogue with shareholders and in particular, through AGM and other general meetings. The chairman of the Board, all other members of the Board including INEDs, and the chairmen of all Board committees (or their delegates) will make themselves available at the AGM to meet Shareholders and answer their enquiries.

To promote effective communication, the Company maintains a website at www.fshl.com, where information and updates on the Company's business developments and operations, financial information, corporate governance practices and other information are available for public access.

# Policies relating to Shareholders

The Company has in place a Shareholders' Communication Policy to ensure that Shareholders' views and concerns are appropriately addressed. The policy is regularly reviewed to ensure its effectiveness.

The Company has reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the shareholder communication policy during the year and conclude that it is effective because some minority shareholders have personally approached the company and ask for relevant news.

# **CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS**

There was no change in the Company's constitutional documents during the Year.

# 股東查詢

股東可向本公司之股份過戶登記處寶德隆證券登記有限公司查詢彼等之持股情況、地址更改或分配指示。股東可隨時透過本公司投資者關係代表向董事會提交查詢,其聯絡資料已列載於本年報「股東資料」內。

# 與股東及投資者溝通

本公司相信有效地與股東溝通對於加強投資者關係,加強投資者對於集團表現及策略的理解是不可或缺的。本公司致力於與股東維持持續對話,尤其是透過股東週年大會及其他股東大會。董事會主席、所有其他董事會的成員(包括獨立非執行董事),以及所有董事委員會主席(或其代表)將會抽空出席股東週年大會與股東會面,並回答其有關查詢。

為促進有效溝通,本公司設立網站www.fshl.com。網站內載有關於本公司業務發展及營運之資訊及更新,財務資料、企業管治常規及其他資料,以供公眾查閱。

# 與股東有關的政策

本公司已制定股東溝通政策,以確保股東的意見及關注得到適當處理。該政策會作定期檢討,以確保其行之有效。

本公司已審閱股東通訊政策於年內的執行情況 及成效,並認為該政策行之有效,此乃由於部分 少數股東親自接觸本公司並尋問相關資訊。

# 組織章程文件

本年度內本公司之組織章程文件並無任何變 動。

# PROFILES OF DIRECTORS 董事簡介

## **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Mr. LIU Xianfu ("Mr. LIU")

Chairman of the Board

#### Chairman of the Nomination Committee

Aged 59, has been an ED since 28 August 2018 and was re-designated as a NED on 1 November 2021. He was re-designated from a NED to an ED and was further appointed as the Chairman of the Board and chairman of the Nomination Committee on 1 April 2022, and appointed as the CEO on 1 April 2023. Mr. LIU has over 30 years of experience in the textile industry. Mr. LIU graduated from Anhui University of Finance and Economics (formerly known as Anhui Finance and Trade College\*) in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") in 1987 in professional accounting with a Bachelor's degree of Economics. He graduated in finance and obtained a Master's degree in Economics from Chinese Academy of Fiscal Sciences (formerly known as The Research Institute for Fiscal Science) in the PRC in 1990 and an Executive Master of Business Administration degree from The University of Texas at Arlington, United States of America ("USA") in 2010.

# Dr. LI Gang ("Dr. LI")

#### Vice President and Executive Director

Aged 46, was appointed as an ED and Vice President on 1 June 2023. Dr. LI has 11 years of experience in the textile industry, 18 years of experience in strategic research and planning, strategy implementation and investment project management. Expertise in strategic development planning and more. Dr. LI once served two Hong Kong listed companies, China Agri Oils and Sinochem Fertilizer. He graduated from Hubei University of Technology with a bachelor's degree in industrial finance and accounting in 2001, a master's degree in economics from Zhongnan University of Economics and Law in 2004, and a master's degree in economics from Renmin University of China in 2007.

# 執行董事

劉賢福先生(「劉先生」)

董事會主席

#### 提名委員會主席

現年59歲,自2018年8月28日起出任執行董事, 並於2021年11月1日調任為非執行董事,彼再於 2022年4月1日調任為執行董事並獲委任為董事 會主席及提名委員會主席,及於2023年4月1日 獲委任為行政總裁。劉先生擁有超過30年從事 紡織行業之經驗。劉先生在1987年畢業於中國 安徽財經大學(前稱:安徽財貿學院),會計學專 業,獲得經濟學學士學位。彼在1990年於中華 人民共和國(「中國」)財政科學研究院(前稱:財 政部財政科學研究所) 財政學專業畢業,獲得經 濟學碩士學位;並於2010年獲得美國德克薩斯 大學阿靈頓分校頒發的行政人員工商管理碩士 學位。

# 李剛博士(「李博士」)

## 副總裁兼執行董事

現年46歲,自2023年6月1日起出任執行董事兼 副總裁。李博士擁有10年從事紡織行業經驗, 18年戰略研究與規劃、戰略執行與投資項目管 理經驗。李博士曾經服務於中國糧油、中化化 肥兩家香港上市公司,具備工業製造企業財務 管理、產業研究與戰略發展規劃等方面的專業 知識。彼於2001年畢業於湖北工業大學工業財 務與會計本科專業學習管理學學士學位,並於 2004年畢業於中南財經政法大學經濟學碩士學 位及於2007年畢業於中國人民大學經濟學博士 學位。

# PROFILES OF DIRECTORS (continued) 董事簡介 (續)

# Mr. YAU Hang Tat Andrew ("Mr. YAU")

Aged 56, was appointed as an ED on 28 August 2018. Mr. YAU is also the chief marketing officer of the Group and holds directorships in certain subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. YAU joined the Group in 1992 and has over 30 years of experience in the textile industry with extensive experience in operations and strategic planning. Mr. YAU is also a director of the Hong Kong General Chamber of Textiles Limited. Mr. YAU graduated from the Hong Kong Polytechnic (now known as The Hong Kong Polytechnic University) in 1991 with a Higher Diploma in Textile Technology and subsequently obtained a Master of Science degree in Textile Engineering from the University of Leeds in England in 1992. He earned an Executive Master of Business Administration degree and a Master of Science (MSc) degree in Finance from the Chinese University of Hong Kong in 2015 and 2019, respectively.

#### Mr. YIN Jian ("Mr. YIN")

Aged 46, graduated from China Agricultural University College of Economics and Management with a Master's degree in agricultural economics and management. Mr. YIN previously worked at China National Cotton Group Corporation. He has 22 years of experience in administrative management, strategic investment, and market research, with strong abilities in strategic planning and business decision-making.

## Mr. ZHANG Zheng ("Mr. ZHANG")

Aged 39, was appointed as an ED on 1 April 2021. Mr. ZHANG graduated with a Bachelor Degree in Economics from Renmin University of China in 2009, and a Master's Degree in Economics from Renmin University of China in 2011. He obtained with the professional qualification of board secretary of Shenzhen Stock Exchange in 2017. He has adequate knowledge in equity financing, mergers and acquisitions and fund management. Mr. ZHANG was the Researcher, Assistant of Fund Manager and Fund Manager of Da Cheng Fund Management Co., Ltd. between 2011 and 2017.

#### 邱恒達先生(「邱先生」)

現年56歲,於2018年8月28日獲委任為執行董事。彼現任本集團市場總裁,亦擔任本公司若干附屬公司之董事。邱先生於1992加入本集團,擁有超過30年從事紡織行業之經驗,並於營運及策略性規劃方面具廣泛經驗。邱先生同時擔任香港紡織商會會董。邱先生在1991年畢業於香港理工學院(現香港理工大學之前身),獲頒紡織技術高級文憑,隨後前往英國裡茲大學,並於1992年獲紡織工程科學碩士學位。彼分別於2015年及2019年獲得香港中文大學頒發行政人員工商管理碩士學位及金融學理學碩士學位。

## 尹堅先生(「尹先生」)

現年46歲,畢業於中國農業大學經濟管理學院 農業經濟管理專業管理學碩士學位。尹先生曾 於中華棉花集團有限公司工作。彼擁有22年行 政管理、戰略投資及市場研究經驗,具備戰略謀 劃和經營決策能力。

## 張正先生(「張先生」)

現年39歲,於2021年4月1日獲委任為執行董事。張先生於2009年畢業於中國人民大學經濟學學士學位,並於2011年畢業於中國人民大學經濟學碩士學位。彼亦於2017年考獲深圳證券交易所董事會秘書資格證書。彼於股權融資、投資併購及基金管理擁有一定知識。張先生於2011年至2017年期間,歷任大成基金管理有限公司研究員、基金經理助理及基金經理。

# PROFILES OF DIRECTORS (continued) 董事簡介 (續)

# **NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Dr. YEN Gordon ("Dr. YEN")

#### Non-executive Vice Chairman

Aged 55, has been a NED since 31 May 2013 and was further appointed as the Non-executive Vice Chairman of the Board on 28 August 2018. Prior to that, he was the Chief Financial Officer of the Group and an ED. He joined the Group in 1999 and was then promoted to the role of ED in 2004 before being re-designated as a NED. Dr. YEN is currently the founding managing partner of Radiant Tech Ventures Limited, an innovation and technology venture capital firm. Dr. YEN is registered as a responsible officer under the Securities and Futures Ordinance for Type 9 (asset management) regulated activity. He serves as an independent non-executive director and a member of the audit committee and the nomination committee as well as the chairman of the sustainability committee of Impro Precision Industries Limited, and also serves as an independent non-executive director and a member of the nomination committee of Asia Allied Infrastructure Holdings Limited, both companies listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. Dr. YEN is a distinguished professor at the City University of Hong Kong; chairman of the Hong Kong Venture Investment and Business Angel Network; and a Director of Hong Kong Venture Capital & Private Equity Association (HKVCA). He holds a Bachelor's degree in Manufacturing Engineering from Boston University, USA; a Master degree in Business Administration from McGill University, Canada and a Doctorate in Business Administration from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University.

# Mr. TAO Yongming ("Mr. TAO") (He resigned on 1 April 2025)

Aged 59, was appointed as an ED and a member of the Remuneration Committee on 28 August 2018 and re-designated from an ED to a NED, and remain as a member of the Remuneration Committee on 1 April 2022. Mr. TAO graduated from Renmin University of China with a Bachelor's degree in Foreign Trade Accounting in 1987.

## Ms. ZHOU Jing ("Ms. Zhou")

ZHOU Jing, aged 39, graduated from the Law School Beijing Normal University with a master's degree in litigation law. Ms. ZHOU have 15 years of legal work experience. She has extensive experience in corporate legal affairs management and risk resolution, is familiar with domestic and foreign laws, regulations, and industry norms.

# 非執行董事

嚴震銘博士(「嚴博士」)

#### 非執行副主席

現年55歲,自2013年5月31日起出任非執行董 事,並於2018年8月28日獲委任為董事會非執行 副主席。彼之前為本集團執行董事兼首席財務 官。彼於1999年加入本集團,於2004年晉升為 執行董事,其後被任命為非執行董事。嚴博士現 為慧科科創投資有限公司(一家創新和技術開 發投資公司)的創始及執行合夥人,並註冊為證 券及期貨條例下第9類(資產管理)受規管活動之 負責人員。彼為鷹普精密工業有限公司之獨立 非執行董事及審核委員會、提名委員會成員及 可持續發展委員會主席,亦為亞洲聯合基建控 股有限公司之獨立非執行董事及提名委員會之 成員,兩家公司均為香港聯合交易所有限公司 主板上市公司。嚴博士為香港城市大學特約教 授、香港風險及天使投資脈絡主席及香港創業 及私募投資協會(HKVCA)會董。彼持有美國波士 頓大學生產工程學士學位、加拿大麥基爾大學 工商管理碩士學位及香港理工大學工商管理博 十學位。

# 陶永銘先生(「陶先生」)(彼已於2025年4月1日 辭任)

現年59歲,於2018年8月28日獲委任為執行董事及薪酬委員會成員,並於2022年4月1日調任為非執行董事,及繼續擔任薪酬委員會成員。陶先生在1987年畢業於中國人民大學一分校外貿會計專業,獲得學士學位。

#### 周靜女士(「周女士」)

周靜,現年39歲,於2009年畢業於北京師範大學法學院訴訟法學專業,獲得法學碩士。周女士擁有15年法律工作經驗。她在公司法律事務管理和風險化解方面經驗豐富,熟悉國內外法律法規及行業規範。

# PROFILES OF DIRECTORS (continued) 董事簡介 (續)

## INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. NG Kwok Tung ("Mr. NG")

Chairman of the Audit Committee

#### Member of the Remuneration Committee

Aged 74, joined the Board in 1993 as an INED, and was then appointed as the chairman of the Audit Committee and a member of the Remuneration Committee. Mr. NG is a practising accountant. He holds a Bachelor of Commerce Degree and a Licentiateship in Accountancy from McGill University, Canada and a Diploma in Chinese Law from the University of East Asia, Macao. Mr. NG is a member of each of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, Institute of Chartered Professional Accountants of British Columbia, Order of Chartered Professional Accountants of Quebec, The Canadian Institute of Chartered Professional Accountants, The Taxation Institute of Hong Kong, The Society of Chinese Accountants and Auditors and the Society of Registered Financial Planners in Hong Kong.

#### Mr. YING Wei ("Mr. YING")

#### Chairman of the Remuneration Committee

#### Member of the Nomination Committee

Aged 58, was appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Director, the chairman of the Remuneration Committee and a member of the Nomination Committee on 1 January 2015. Mr. YING holds a Master's Degree in Business Administration from the University of San Francisco and a Bachelor's Degree in Economics from the Zhejiang Gongshang University (formerly known as Hangzhou Institute of Commerce) in the PRC. He is a non-practising member of the Chinese Institute of Certified Public Accountants. For the period from 1989 to 2007, Mr. YING served as an ED and the Vice President of China Resources Textiles (Holdings) Company Limited. Between 2007 and 2009, he served as the Vice President of China Water Affairs Group Limited, a company listed in Hong Kong. From July 2008 to July 2009, he held the position of an ED and the President of China City Infrastructure Group Ltd. (formerly known as China Botanic Development Holdings Limited), a company listed in Hong Kong. From September 2011 to March 2022, Mr. YING was an independent non-executive director of China Hengtian Lixin International Co., LTD. From May 2016 to February 2021, he served as a director of Shenzhen listed Giant Network Group Co., LTD. (formerly known as Chongging New Century Cruises Co., LTD.). Currently, Mr. Ying is an independent non-executive director of Zhongsheng Group Holdings Limited, a listed company in Hong Kong. Mr. YING is also a managing partner of CDH Investments.

# 獨立非執行董事

伍國棟先生(「伍先生」)

審核委員會主席

#### 薪酬委員會成員

現年74歲,於1993年加入董事會為獨立非執行董事,其後被任命為審核委員會主席及薪酬委員會成員。伍先生現為執業會計師。彼持有加拿大麥基爾大學商學院商科學士學位及高級會計文憑及澳門東亞大學中國法律文憑。伍先生為香港會計師公會、加拿大與北克省特許會計師公會、加拿大特許會計師公會、香港稅務學會、香港華人會計師公會及註冊財務策劃師協會會員。

# 應偉先生(「應先生」)

#### 薪酬委員會主席

#### 提名委員會成員

現年58歲,於2015年1月1日獲委任為獨立非執 行董事、薪酬委員會之主席及提名委員會之成 員。應先生持有舊金山大學工商管理碩士學位 及浙江工商大學(前稱杭州商學院)經濟學學 士學位,並為中國註冊會計師協會之非執業會 員。於1989年至2007年期間,應先生曾於華潤 紡織(集團)有限公司工作,擔任執行董事及 副總裁。於2007年至2009年期間,彼出任香港 上市公司中國水務集團有限公司之副總裁。於 2008年7月至2009年7月期間,彼出任香港上市 公司中國城市基礎設施集團有限公司(前稱中 國植物開發控股有限公司) 之執行董事及總裁。 於2011年9月至2022年3月期間,應先生為中國 恒天立信國際有限公司之獨立非執行董事。於 2016年5月至2021年2月期間,彼為深圳上市公 司巨人網絡集團有限公司(前稱重慶新世紀郵 輪股份有限公司)之董事。目前,應先生任中升 集團控股有限公司之獨立非執行董事,為香港 上市公司。另外,應先生現時亦是鼎暉投資之管 理合夥人。

# PROFILES OF DIRECTORS (continued) 董事簡介 (續)

Mr. William LAM ("Mr. LAM")

Member of the Audit Committee

Member of the Nomination Committee

Aged 66, was appointed as an INED, a member of the Audit Committee and a member of the Nomination Committee on 9 May 2016. Mr. LAM is a solicitor of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region and the Supreme Court of England and Wales, and a civil celebrant of marriages in Hong Kong. He graduated from the University of Manchester, England in 1981 with a Bachelor of Science Degree in Electronics and Electrical Engineering. His major study included computer design, power transmission and telecommunications. He is also a member of the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (M.I.E.E.E.) in USA. After obtaining his Bachelor's Degree, he studied laws at the Manchester Polytechnic (now known as Manchester Metropolitan University), England and the College of Law in Chester, England, respectively. Mr. LAM returned to Hong Kong in 1984 to work in family business of Tai Sun Company (a member of The Hong Kong-Kowloon Yarn and Fabrics Association), and Shing Fung Finance Company Limited, both founded by his late father Mr. LAM Muk Kwong in 1958 and 1972, respectively. In 1992, Mr. LAM furthered his studies in laws at the University of Hong Kong and obtained a Postgraduate Certificate in Laws (PCLL) and was admitted as a solicitor of the Supreme Court of Hong Kong in 1994 and of the Supreme Court of England and Wales in the following year. In 1999, Mr. LAM founded William Lam and Company, Solicitors to start his own practice in law. Mr. LAM also serves in many areas. He is an executive committee member of the Federation of Hong Kong Guangdong Community Organisations, the founding president of the University of Manchester Alumni Association of Hong Kong, General Committee of Yau Yat Chuen Garden City Club Ltd. and a member of the InnoTech Committee of the Law Society of Hong Kong from 18 January 2005 to 30 September 2020 and was a coopted member of the Chinese Temples Committee from 2009 to 2015. Mr. LAM are currently the legal advisor of various organisations, such as the Chamber of the Hong Kong Computer Industry, the Hong Kong Information Technology Joint Council, the Hong Kong WEEE Recycling Association, the Hong Kong Society of Medical Professionals, the Hong Kong Software Industry Association and the Hong Kong New Youth Energy Think Tank and previously acted as the legal advisor of the Hong Kong General Chamber of Textiles Limited.

林偉成先生(「林先生」) 審核委員會成員 提名委員會成員

現年66歲,於2016年5月9日獲委任為獨立非執 行董事、審核委員會之成員及提名委員會之成 員。林先生是香港特別行政區和英格蘭和威爾 士的註冊律師及香港婚姻監禮人。彼於1981年 畢業於英國曼徹斯特大學電子及電機工程系理 學士學位,主修科目包括電腦設計,輸電交換及 電子通訊。彼亦是美國電機電子工程師學會的 會員(M.I.E.E.E.)。彼於英國曼徹斯特大學取得 理學士學位後往曼徹斯特理工學院(現為曼徹 斯特都會大學) 和英國法律學院修讀法律。林先 生1984年回港後便從事家族生意,在先父林木 廣先生於1958年創立的大新公司(港九紗布經 銷商之一)和1972年成立的成豐財務有限公司 工作。林先生於1992年在香港大學深造法律, 並考取專業法律證書(PCLL)。林先生於1994年 正式成為香港高等法院律師,翌年取得英格蘭 和威爾士高等法院律師資格,並在1999年成立 林偉成律師行。林先生出任多項公職,包括現任 香港廣東社團總會常務會董、英國曼徹斯特大 學校友會(香港)創會會長、又一村花園俱樂部 有限公司委員會委員、2005年1月18日至2020年 9月30日香港律師會創新科技的委員會成員和 2009年至2015年華人廟宇委員會的增補委員。 林先生現任香港電腦商會、香港資訊科技聯會、 香港電器及電子設備回收協會、香港醫療專業 人士協會、香港軟件行業協會及香港新活力青 年智庫之法律顧問及曾擔任香港紡織商會之法 律顧問。

# PROFILES OF DIRECTORS (continued) 董事簡介 (續)

# Mr. WONG Kwong Chi ("Mr. WONG")

#### Member of the Audit Committee

Aged 73, has been an INED since 30 June 2021 and was further appointed as a Member of the Audit Committee since 1 November 2021. Mr. WONG was an INED from 1998 to 2012. He has extensive experience in the capital investment market. Mr. WONG is a founding partner and a member of the investment committee of Whiz Partners Asia Limited and he is the chairman of the board of directors of Cornwall Medical Holding Company Limited. He was an executive director of CDC Corporation which is a listed company in the United States and an executive director of CDC Software Corporation which is a public company in the United States. He was also an executive director of China.com Inc. (now known as Sino Splendid Holdings Limited) and an independent non-executive director of Glory Mark Hi-Tech (Holdings) Limited and Sinoref Holdings Limited (now known as Cybernaut International Holdings Company Limited), all of which are listed companies in Hong Kong. Mr. WONG holds a Bachelor's degree of Science in Physics and a Master's degree in Business Administration from the Chinese University of Hong Kong. Additionally, Mr. WONG served as the former Chairman of the Hong Kong Venture Capital and Private Equity Association, the former Vice President of The Hong Kong Electronic Industries Association and the former Vice President of the Hong Kong Auto Parts Industry Association. He is also a member of the Hong Kong Young Industrialists Council and the Honorary Advisor of the Hong Kong Critical Components Manufacturers Association.

#### 王幹芝先生(「王先生」)

#### 審核委員會成員

現年73歲,自2021年6月30日起出任獨立非執 行董事,並於2021年11月1日獲委任為審核委 員會成員。王先生於1998年至2012年曾擔任本 集團獨立非執行董事。彼在資本投資市場上有 豐富經驗。王先生為匯澤亞洲投資有限公司創 始合夥人及投資委員會成員,以及為安和醫療 集團董事會主席。彼曾任CDC Corporation之執 行董事為一家美國上市公司及CDC Software Corporation之執行董事為一家美國公眾公司。 彼亦曾任中華網科技公司(現稱中國華泰瑞銀 控股有限公司)之執行董事、輝煌科技(控股)有 限公司及華耐科技控股有限公司(現稱賽伯樂 國際控股有限公司)之獨立非執行董事,全為 為香港上市公司。王先生持有香港中文大學頒 發之物理學理學學士學位及工商管理學碩士學 位。王先生為香港創業及私募投資協會前任主 席、香港電子業商會前任副會長及香港汽車零 部件工業協會前任副會長。彼亦為香港青年工 業家協會會員及香港關鍵性零部件製造業協會 名譽司庫。

# **DIRECTORS' REPORT** 董事會報告

The Directors present the annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Year.

董事提呈本集團本年度之年報及經審核綜合財 務報表。

# PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company acts as an investment holding company. The Group is principally engaged in the textile and garment businesses, including the production and sale of knitted fabric and garments. Details of the principal activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in note 35 to the consolidated financial statements.

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The Group's financial performance for the Year and the financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2024 are set out in the consolidated financial statements on pages 80 to 176 of this annual report. No interim dividend was declared for the six months ended 30 June 2024. The Board has resolved to recommend the payment of a final dividend and special dividend of HK1.16 cents and HK4.34 cents per share respectively of the Company (the "Share") in respect of the Year (2023: HK3.00 cents per share) to the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders") whose names will appear on the register of members of the Company (the "Register of Members") on Thursday. 19 June 2025.

Subject to the approval of the Shareholders at the forthcoming AGM of the Company to be held on Friday, 6 June 2025, it is expected that the final dividend and special dividend will be paid on or about Monday, 30 June 2025.

# **DIRECTORS**

The Directors during the Year and up to the date of this report were as follows:

#### FDs

Mr. LIU Xianfu (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Dr. LI Gang

Mr. YAU Hang Tat Andrew

Mr. YIN Jian (appointed on 1 September 2024)

Mr. ZHANG Zheng

Ms. ZHAO Jianli (resigned on 1 September 2024)

#### **NEDs**

Dr. YEN Gordon (Non-executive Vice Chairman) Ms. ZHOU Jing (appointed on 1 April 2025) Mr. TAO Yongming (resigned on 1 April 2025)

#### **INEDs**

Mr. NG Kwok Tung Mr. YING Wei Mr. William LAM Mr. WONG Kwong Chi

# 主要業務

本公司為一間投資控股公司。本集團主要從事 紡織及成衣業務,包括生產及銷售針織布料及 成衣。其主要附屬公司之主要業務載列於綜合 財務報表附註35內。

# 財務報表及分配

本集團本年度之財務業績及本集團於2024年12 月31日止年度之財務狀況載列於本年報第80至 176頁之綜合財務報表內。截至2024年6月30日 止六個月內並無派發中期股息,本公司董事會 (「董事會」) 決議建議就本年度向予在2025年6 月19日(星期四)名列在股東名冊(「股東名冊」) 之本年度股東(「股東」)派發末期股息和特別股 息本公司股份(「股份」) 每股1.16港仙及4.34港仙 (2023年:每股3.00港仙)。

待在即將於2025年6月6日(星期五)舉行的本公 司股東週年大會上獲股東批准後,末期股息及 特別股息預期於2025年6月30日(星期一)或其 前後派付。

# 董事

本年度內及截至本年報日期,董事名單如下:

# 執行董事

劉賢福先生(主席兼行政總裁)

李剛先生

邱恒達先生

尹堅(於2024年9月1日獲委任)

張正先生

趙建麗女士(於2024年9月1日辭任)

#### 非執行董事

嚴震銘博士(非執行副主席)

周靜女士(於2025年4月1日獲委任)

陶永銘先生(於2025年4月1日辭任)

## 獨立非執行董事

伍國棟先生

應偉先生

林偉成先生

王幹芝先生

# DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued) 董事會報告(續)

According to the Articles, Mr. YAU Hang Tat, Andrew, Dr. Gordon YEN and Mr. WONG Kwong Chi will retire and being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming AGM. Mr. NG Kwok Tung and Mr. YING Wei have served as INEDs for more than nine years. The Nomination Committee of the Company believes that both Mr. NG Kwok Tung and Mr. YING Wei have demonstrated their integrity and independence in their appointed positions and contributions to the Board, providing independent judgment and fresh perspectives to the company's affairs, unaffected by their length of service. The Board is confident that their in-depth understanding of the Group's business and their extensive experience and professional knowledge will continue to make significant contributions to the Board.

The independence of INEDs has been assessed by the Company's Nomination Committee. The Company has also received annual confirmations regarding their independence, as per the independence guidelines under Listing Rule 3.13. The Board confirms that all Independent Non-Executive Directors of the Company are independent individuals.

As at 31 December 2024, no Director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming AGM had a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries, which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

The biographical details of the Directors are set out on pages 56 to 61 of this annual report.

#### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SECURITIES**

As at 31 December 2024, the interests and short positions of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "SFO")), which were required to be: (a) notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), (b) recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO (the "Register"), or (c) notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules" and the "Model Code", respectively), were as follows:

Long positions in the Shares:

獨立非執行董事之獨立性已經由本公司提名委員會評估。本公司亦已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條之獨立性指引作出有關彼等獨立性之年度確認書。董事會認為本公司所有獨立非執行董事皆為獨立人士。

於2024年12月31日,並無擬在即將舉行之股東 週年大會上重選連任之董事,與本公司或其任 何附屬公司訂立本集團在1年內不可在不予賠償 (法定賠償除外)的情況下終止的服務合約。

有關董事履歷之詳情載列於本年報第56至第61 百。

# 董事之證券權益

於2024年12月31日,本公司董事及最高行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(具有香港法例第571章證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部所賦予之涵義)之股份、相關股份及債權的中須擁有(a)按證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部通知本公司及香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)之權益及淡倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例第352條所存置之記錄於該條所述之名冊(「名冊」))金別之,或(c)按聯交所證券上市規則附錄10所載之上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準可則(分別為「上市規則」及「標準守則」)通知本公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉如下:

於股份的好倉情況:

Name of Directors	Capacity	Nature of Interests	Number of Shares Held	Total	Approximate % of the Issued Shares 約佔本公司總
董事姓名	身份	權益性質	股份及相關股份目	總數	已發行股本百分比
Dr. YEN Gordon 嚴震銘博士	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	Personal interest 個人權益	8,380,000	8,380,000	0.68
Mr. YAU Hang Tat Andrew 邱恒達先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 Spouse's interests 配偶權益	Personal interest 個人權益 Family interest 家族權益	2,508,000 380,000 (Note) (附註)	2,888,000	0.24

# DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued) 董事會報告(續)

Note: Mr. YAU Hang Tat Andrew is deemed to be interested in 380,000 Shares held by his spouse under the SFO.

附註: 根據證券及期貨條例,邱恒達先生被視為擁有其配偶所持有本公司的380,000股股份之權益。

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2024, none of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), which (a) had been notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), (b) were recorded in the Register, or (c) had been notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

除上述披露者外,於2024年12月31日,概無本公司董事、最高行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(具有證券及期貨條例第XV部所賦予之涵義)之任何股份、相關股份及債權證中擁有根據本公司(a)按證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部通知本公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例之有關規定彼等被當作或視為擁有之權益及淡倉);(b)記錄於該條所述之名冊之權益及淡倉;或(c)按標準守則須通知本公司及聯交所之任何權益或淡倉。

# SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS

# As at 31 December 2024, the following persons (other than a Director or the chief executive of the Company)/entities had interests and short positions in the Shares and underlying Shares as recorded in the register of interests of the substantial shareholders required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO (the "Substantial Shareholders' Register").

Long positions in the Shares:

# 主要股東及其他人士權益

於2024年12月31日,根據本公司按證券及期貨條例第336條所存置之主要股東名冊(「主要股東名冊」)記錄,下列人士(本公司董事或最高行政人員除外)/實體於股份及相關股份中擁有權益及淡倉為:

於股份的好倉情況:

Name of Substantial Shareholders 主要股東名稱	Capacity 身份	Nature of Interests 權益性質	Number of Shares Held 持有股份數目	Total 總數	Approximate % of the Issued Shares 約佔 已發行股份百分比
COFCO Corporation ("COFCO") 中糧集團有限公司 (「中糧」)	Interest of controlled corporations 控制法團的權益	Corporate interest 法團權益	485,092,000 (Notes 1 and 2) (附註1及2)	485,092,000	39.60
Chinatex Corporation Limited ("Chinatex") 中國中紡集團有限公司(「中紡」)	Interest of controlled corporations 控制法團的權益	Corporate interest 法團權益	485,092,000 (Notes 1 and 2) (附註1及2)	485,092,000	39.60
Chinatex Yieldfull Investment Co., Ltd. ("Yieldfull") 中紡盈豐投資管理有限公司 (「盈豐」)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	Personal interest 個人權益	409,036,000	409,036,000	33.39
Mr. SUN Weiting ("Mr. SUN") 孫偉挺先生 (「孫先生」)	Interest of controlled corporations 控制法團的權益	Corporate interest 法團權益	211,966,000 <i>(Note 3)</i> <i>(附註3)</i>	211,966,000	17.30
Ms. CHEN Lingfen ("Ms. CHEN") 陳玲芬女士 (「陳女士」)	Interest of controlled corporations 控制法團的權益	Corporate interest 法團權益	211,966,000 <i>(Note 3)</i> <i>(附註3)</i>	211,966,000	17.30

# DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued) 董事會報告(續)

Name of Substantial Shareholders	Capacity	Nature of Interests	Number of Shares Held	Total	Approximate % of the Issued Shares 約佔
主要股東名稱	身份	權益性質	持有股份數目	總數	已發行股份百分比
Huafu Holding Co., Ltd. ("Huafu Holding") 華孚控股有限公司 (「華孚控股」)	Interest of controlled corporations 控制法團的權益	Corporate interest 法團權益	211,966,000 <i>(Note 3)</i> <i>(附註3)</i>	211,966,000	17.30
Huafu Fashion Co., Ltd. ("Huafu Fashion") 華孚時尚股份有限公司 (「華孚時尚」)	Interest of controlled corporations 控制法團的權益	Corporate interest 法團權益	211,966,000 <i>(Note 3)</i> <i>(附註3)</i>	211,966,000	17.30
Mr. HA Chung Fong ("Mr. HA") 夏松芳先生 (「夏先生」)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	Personal interest 個人權益	100,176,948	100,176,948	8.18
Ms. TANG Kuen Mui ("Ms. TANG") 鄧娟妹女士 (「鄧女士」)	Spouse's interests 配偶權益	Family interest 家族權益	100,176,948 <i>(Note 4)</i> <i>(附註4)</i>	100,176,948	8.18

<sup>\*</sup> For identification purpose only

# 附註:

\* 僅供識別

#### Notes:

- Yieldfull is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Chinatex and Chinatex is a wholly-owned subsidiary of COFCO. Therefore, each of Chinatex and COFCO is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Yieldfull under the SFO.
- 2. As at 31 December 2024, Chinatex (H.K.) Holding Limited ("Chinatex (H.K.)") held 76,056,000 Shares as beneficial owner. Chinatex (H.K.) is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Chinatex and Chinatex is a wholly-owned subsidiary of COFCO. Therefore, each of Chinatex and COFCO is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Chinatex (H.K.) under the SFO.
- 3. Hong Kong Tin Shing Trading Limited ("Tin Shing") held 211,966,000 Shares as beneficial owner. Tin Shing is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Huafu HK Co. Limited ("Huafu HK"). Huafu HK is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Shenzhen Huafu Import and Export Co., Ltd. ("Shenzhen Huafu") and Shenzhen Huafu is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Huafu Fashion. Huafu Fashion is owned as to 29.50% by Huafu Holding and Huafu Holding is owned as to 50% by each of Mr. SUN and Ms. CHEN. Therefore, each of Huafu HK, Shenzhen Huafu, Huafu Fashion, Huafu Holding, Mr. SUN and Ms. CHEN is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Tin Shing under the SFO.

- 根據證券及期貨條例,盈豐為中紡之全資 附屬公司,而中紡則為中糧的全資附屬公 司。因此,中紡及中糧各自被視作擁有盈 豐所持股份之權益。
- 2. 根據證券及期貨條例,於2024年12月31日,中紡(香港)控股有限公司(「中紡(香港)」)持有76,056,000股股份(作為實益擁有人)。中紡(香港)為中紡之全資附屬公司,而中紡則為中糧之全資附屬公司。因此,中紡及中糧各自被視作擁有中紡(香港)所持股份之權益。
- 3. 香港天成貿易有限公司(「天成」)持有 211,966,000股股份(作為實益擁有人)。 天成為香港華孚有限公司(「香港華孚」)之 全資附屬公司。香港華孚為深圳市華 出口有限公司(「深圳華孚」)之全資附屬 公司,而深圳華孚為華孚時尚之全資附屬 公司。華孚時尚由華孚控股持有29.50%權益,而華孚控股由孫先生及陳女士分別持 有50%權益。因此,根據證券及期貨條例, 香港華孚、深圳華孚、華孚時尚、華孚控 股、孫先生及陳女士均被視為擁有天成持 有的股份的權益。

# **DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)** 董事會報告(續)

Ms. TANG, spouse of Mr. HA, is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Mr. HA under the SFO.

根據證券及期貨條例,鄧女士為夏先生之 配偶,因而被當作擁有夏先生所持股份之 權益。

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2024, the Directors were not aware of any persons (other than a Director or the chief executive of the Company) who/entities which had any interests and short positions in the Shares and underlying Shares, which were recorded in the Substantial Shareholders' Register.

除上述披露者外,於2024年12月31日,董事並 不知悉任何人士(本公司董事或最高行政人員 除外)/實體於股份及相關股份中擁有須記錄 於主要股東名冊之權益或淡倉。

# ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR **DEBENTURES**

# Save as disclosed above, at no time during the Year was the Company, or its holding companies, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate and no such arrangements subsisted as at 31 December 2024.

## PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Pursuant to the Articles, every Director shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities which he may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his office. Such provision was in force during the course of the Year and remained in force as of the date of this report.

The Company has arranged appropriate directors and officers liability insurance in respect of relevant legal actions against the Directors.

# **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS,** ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save as disclosed in the section headed "Connected Transactions" in this Directors' Report below and note 42 to the consolidated financial statements, no transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business, to which the Company, or its holding companies, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director or an entity connected with a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted as at 31 December 2024 or at any time during the Year.

## **DIRECTORS OF SUBSIDIARIES**

The names of all directors who have served on the boards of the subsidiaries of the Company during the Year or during the period from 1 January 2025 to the date of this Directors' Report are available on the Company's website at www.fshl.com.

# 購買股份或債券安排

除上述披露者外,本公司/或其任何控股公司 /或其任何附屬公司或其任何同系附屬公司, 於2024年12月31日止及年度內均無或存在任何 安排,使董事可藉購買本公司或任何其他公司 之股份或債券而獲益。

# 獲准許的彌償條文

根據章程細則,每名董事就其執行職務或與此 有關所蒙受或招致之一切損失或負債,均有權 從本公司資產中獲得彌償。此條文在本年度期 間生效,並於此報告日仍生效。

本公司已就董事及主要職員可能面對之有關法 律行動安排適當的董事及主要職員責任保險。

# 董事擁有之重要交易,安排或合約權益

除本董事會報告「關連交易」部分及綜合財務報 表附註42所披露者外,於截至2024年12月31日 或在本年度任何時間,本公司/或其任何控股 公司/或任何附屬公司或其任何同系附屬公 司,並無與董事或與董事有關連的實體訂立或 存在任何與本集團業務直接或間接重大權益之 重要交易,安排或合約。

## 附屬公司之董事

於本年度或於2025年1月1日起至本董事會報告 日期止期間任職於本公司附屬公司董事會的全 體董事姓名載於本公司網站www.fshl.com。

# DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued) 董事會報告(續)

# CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed in note 42 to the consolidated financial statements, there was no contract of significance (whether for the provision of services to the Group or not) in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which any controlling shareholders (as defined in the Listing Rules) of the Company or any of its subsidiaries had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the Year or at any time during the Year.

## CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

The Company's independent auditor was engaged to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions (as defined in the Listing Rules) (the "Continuing Connected Transactions") in accordance with the Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised) "Assurance Engagements other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and by reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The independent auditor has issued a letter containing its findings and conclusions in respect of the Continuing Connected Transactions disclosed by the Group in note 42 to the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules. A copy of the independent auditor's letter has been provided by the Company to the Stock Exchange. The information in relation to the Continuing Connected Transactions entered into during the Year is set out in note 42(c) to the consolidated financial statements.

The Company's independent auditor has confirmed that all of the Continuing Connected Transactions (a) had been approved by the Board; (b) were in accordance with the pricing policies of the Group, where applicable; (c) had been entered into in accordance with the terms of the agreements governing the transactions; and (d) had not exceeded the respective cap amounts in respect of each of the Continuing Connected Transactions.

The INEDs have also reviewed the Continuing Connected Transactions and confirmed that the same had been entered into by the Group:

- (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
- (ii) on normal commercial terms or on terms no less favourable to the Group than terms available to or from independent third parties; and
- (iii) in accordance with the terms of the agreements governing such transactions that were fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Shareholders as a whole.

# 控股股東擁有之合約權益

除綜合財務報表附註42所披露者外,於本年度 結束時或在本年度任何時間,本公司或其任何 附屬公司並無與其控股股東(「定義見上市規則) 或其任何附屬公司訂立或存在任何與本集團業 務直接或間接重大權益之重要合約(不論是否 為本集團提供服務)。

# 關連交易

本公司獨立核數師已獲委聘根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港核證工作準則》第3000號(經修訂)「對過往財務資料進行審核或審閱以外的核證工作」及參照實務說明第740號「關於香港《上市規則》所述持續關連交易(定義見上市規則所列明)(「持續關連交易」)的核數師函件」報告本集團之持續關連交易。獨立核數師已根據上市規則第14A.56條發出函件,當中載有核數師對本集團於綜合財務報表附註42所披露之持續關連交易之發現及結論。本公司已將獨立核數師函件副本送呈聯交所。於本年度訂立之持續關連交易之資料已載於綜合財務報表附註42(c)。

本公司獨立核數師已確認,所有持續關連交易(a)已獲董事會批准;(b)根據本集團之定價政策釐定(如適用);(c)根據監管該等交易之協議條款訂立;及(d)各項持續關連交易並無超過各自之上限金額。

獨立非執行董事亦已審閱上述持續關連交易, 並確認上述持續關連交易乃由本集團按下列基 準訂立:

- (i) 於本集團日常及正常業務過程中訂立;
- (ii) 按一般商業條款或不遜於本集團提供予獨 立第三方或獨立第三方提供予本集團之條 款訂立;及
- (iii) 根據監管該等交易之協議條款訂立,而該 等協議條款屬公平合理,並符合本公司股 東的整體利益。

# **DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)** 董事會報告(續)

# **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION**

Save for the transactions disclosed in note 42(b) to the consolidated financial statements, none of the related party transactions disclosed in note 42 to the consolidated financial statements constituted a one-off connected transaction or continuing connected transaction under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. The Company has complied with the disclosure requirements for all the one-off connected transactions or continuing connected transactions (as the case may be) in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

# PURCHASE. SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the Year, the Company had not redeemed its listed securities, nor did the Company or any of its subsidiaries purchase or sell any of such securities.

# CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE

The Company has received from each of the INEDs an annual written confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considered that all the INEDs meet the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and are independent in accordance with the terms of the auidelines.

# **REMUNERATION POLICY**

The remuneration policy of the employees (including key management) of the Group was established by the management of the Group on the basis of their merit, qualifications and competence. The Remuneration Committee will review and approve the remuneration policy to be recommended to the Board for approval.

The remuneration of each of the Directors is reviewed and recommended by the Remuneration Committee to the Board for approval, having regard to the Company's operating results, individual performance and comparable market statistics. None of the Directors or executives, or any of their respective associates (as defined in the Listing Rules), is involved in dealing with his own remuneration.

# **DIVIDEND POLICY**

Under the dividend policy, provided the Group is profitable and without affecting the normal operations of the Group, the Company may consider to declare and pay dividends to the Shareholders. In deciding whether to propose a dividend and in determining the dividend amount, the Board shall take into account, inter alia: (i) the general financial condition of the Group; (ii) capital and debt level of the Group; (iii) future cash requirements and availability for business operations, business strategies and future development needs; (iv) any restrictions on payment of dividends that may be imposed by the Group's lenders; (v) the general market conditions; (vi) the interests of the Shareholders; and (vii) any other factors that the Board deems appropriate.

# 關聯人士交易

除綜合財務報表附註42(b)所披露之交易外,概 無於本集團綜合財務報表附註42所披露之關聯 人士交易根據上市規則第14A章構成一次性關 連交易或持續關連交易。本公司已根據上市規 則第14A章遵守有關所有一次性關連交易或持 續關連交易(視情況而定)之披露規定。

# 購回、出售或贖回本公司之上市證券

本年度內,本公司並未有贖回其上市證券,本公 司及其附屬公司亦無購買或出售該等證券。

# 獨立性之確認

本公司已獲得每名獨立非執行董事每年書面聲 明以確認各自按上市規則第3.13條的獨立性。 本公司認為全體獨立非執行董事均符合上市規 則第3.13條所載之獨立指引,並根據有關指引 屬獨立。

# 薪酬政策

有關本集團僱員(包括主要管理人員)之薪酬政 策由本集團管理層制定,以彼等之表現、資歷及 工作能力為基準,由本公司薪酬委員會審批,並 作為建議向董事會呈交,供其審批。

每位董事之酬金參照本公司之營運業績、個別 表現及比較市場統計數字而釐定,並由薪酬委 員會審閱及作為建議向董事會呈交,供其審批。 概無董事或執行人員或其任何聯繫人士(如上 市規則所列)參與處理其本身之薪酬事官。

# 股息政策

根據股息政策,倘本集團有盈利且不影響本集 團的正常營運的情況下,則本公司可考慮向股 東宣佈及派發股息。在決定是否建議宣派股息 及釐定股息的金額時,董事會應考慮(其中包 括):(i)本集團的一般財務狀況;(ii)本集團的資本 及債務水準;(iii)未來現金需求及業務營運、業務 策略及未來發展需要的可用性;(iv)對本集團貸 方可能施加的股息支付的任何限制;(v)一般市 場條件;(vi)股東的利益;及(vii)董事會認為適當 的任何其他因素。

# DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued) 董事會報告(續)

# **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS**

During the Year, none of the Directors or their respective associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) had any interest in any business (apart from the Group's business) which competed or was likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group.

# UPDATE ON THE DIRECTORS' INFORMATION UNDER RULE 13.51B(1) OF THE LISTING RULES

Pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules, changes in the information of the Directors since the date of the 2024 interim report of the Company required to be disclosed in this annual report are as follows:

- Mr. YIN Jian was appointed as ED of the Company with effect from 1 September 2024.
- Ms. ZHAO Jianli was resigned as ED of the Company with effect from 1 September 2024.
- Ms. ZHOU Jing was appointed as NED of the Company with effect from 1 April 2025.

#### MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts (except for the EDs' service contracts) concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the Year.

## **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

During the Year, the aggregate revenue attributable to the Group's five largest customers was more than 30% of the total revenue for the Year.

During the Year, the aggregate purchases attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers was less than 30% of the total purchases for the Year.

None of the Directors nor any of their close associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) owns more than 5% of the number of issued Shares) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers and/or five largest suppliers during the Year.

#### **DONATIONS**

During the Year, the Group made no charitable and other donations (2023: HK\$10,000).

# **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

The principal corporate governance practices adopted by the Company are set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 35 to 55 of this annual report.

# 董事於競爭業務之權益

本年度內,董事或彼等各自之聯繫人士(定義見上市規則)概無在與本集團業務直接或間接構成競爭或可能構成競爭之業務中擁有權益。

# 根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條更新董事 資料

根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條,自本公司2024年中期報告日期以來本公司董事資料的變動須於本年報中披露如下:

- 趙建麗女士於2024年9月1日起辭任執行董事。
- 尹堅先生於2024年9月1日起獲委任為執行 董事。
- 周靜女士於2025年4月1日起獲委任為非執 行董事。

#### 管理合約

於本年度內,除於執行董事訂立之服務合約,並 無訂立或存在與本公司業務全部或任何重大部 分有關的管理及行政合約。

# 主要客戶及供應商

本集團本年度內之5大客戶共佔營業總額多於 30%。

本集團本年度內之5大供應商共佔採購總額少 於30%。

年內,董事或彼等的任何緊密聯繫人(如上市規則所列)(就董事所深知擁有已發行股份數目5%以上)概無於本集團5大客戶及/或5大供應商中擁有任何實益權益。

# 捐款

本年度本集團概無作出慈善及其他捐款(2023年:10,000港元)。

# 企業管治

本公司採納之主要企業管治常規載於本年報第 35至55頁之企業管治報告內。

# DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued) 董事會報告(續)

## **EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENT**

No equity-linked agreements were entered into by the Company during the Year or subsisted at the end of the Year.

#### SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

From the information publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float of not less than 25% of the issued Shares throughout the Year and the period thereafter up to the date of this Directors' Report.

# **AUDIT COMMITTEE'S REVIEW**

The Company has established an audit committee of the Board (the "Audit Committee") for the purposes of reviewing and providing supervision over the Company's financial reporting process, internal controls and risk management. The Audit Committee presently comprises three INEDs, and one of the INEDs acts as the chairman of the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee has reviewed the audited consolidated final results as well as the systems of internal control and risk management of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2024.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Year have been audited by SHINEWING, who will retire and, being eligible, offer itself for re-appointment at the 2025 AGM. A resolution will be proposed to the Shareholders at the 2025 AGM to re-appoint SHINEWING as the independent auditor.

On behalf of the Board

#### LIU Xianfu

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong 21 March 2025

# 股權掛鉤協議

於是年度結束時,本公司概無訂立或存在任何 股權掛鉤協議。

# 足夠公眾持股量

從本公司可獲得之公開資料顯示及就董事所知,本公司於截至本年度及本董事會報告日期期間一直維持不少於已發行股份25%之足夠公眾持股量。

# 審核委員會審閱

本公司已成立董事會審核委員會(「審核委員會」),藉以檢討及監察本公司之財務申報程序、內部監控及風險管理制度。審核委員會現由3名獨立非執行董事組成,並由其中1名獨立非執行董事擔任審核委員會主席。審核委員會已審閱本集團截至2024年12月31日止年度之經審核綜合末期業績以及內部監控及風險管理制度。

# 獨立核數師

本集團是年度的綜合財務報表已由信永中和審核,而信永中和將於2025年股東週年大會退任並符合資格膺選連任。本公司將於2025年股東週年大會上向股東一項提呈決議案以續聘信永中和為獨立核數師。

代表董事會

## 劉賢福

主席兼行政總裁

香港 2025年3月21日

### PARTICULARS OF INVESTMENT PROPERTIES 投資物業詳情

Particulars of investment properties held by the Group at 31 December 2024 are as follows: 於2024年12月31日,本集團投資物業的詳情如下:

Location 地點	Lease 租賃年期	Use 用途	The Group's effective interest 本集團有效權益
Unit A2 on 5/F., & Unit A1 on 7/F., Eastern Sea Industrial Building, 29-39 Kwai Cheong Road, Kwai Chung, New Territories, Hong Kong 香港新界葵涌葵昌路29-39號 東海工業大廈 5樓A2室及7樓A1室	Medium-term leases 中期租賃	Warehouse and office 貨倉及辦公室	100%
Office Units A3801, 03, 05, 06, 08-10 and 12, Block A, United Plaza, Futian District, Shenzhen, the PRC 中國深圳市福田區濱河路與彩田路交匯處聯合廣場A棟塔樓 A3801, 03, 05, 06, 08至10和12	Medium-term land use rights中期土地使用權	Office 辦公室	100%
Factory Nos. 3 (Phase 1), 5, 6, 9 and 11, Factory Nos. 3 (Phase 2), 1, 2, 12 and 13 (Phase 3), Factory Nos. 4, 14, 15, 16 and 17 (Phase 4) and portion of bare land, No 66-68, Danxia Road, Xiangshan Industry Zone, Ningbo, Zhejiang Province, the PRC中國浙江省寧波市象山縣工業園區丹霞路66-68號廠區內3 (1期)、5、6、9及11號廠房、廠區內3 (2期)、1、2、12及13號 (3期) 廠房、廠區內4、14、15、16及17 (4期) 廠房以及部分空地	Medium-term land use rights 中期土地使用權	Factory and office 廠房及辦公室	55.5%
Portion of Dormitory No. 3, No 66-68, Danxia Road, Xiangshan Industry Zone, Ningbo, Zhejiang Province, the PRC 中國浙江省寧波市象山縣工業園區 丹霞路66-68號廠區內3號部分宿舍	Medium-term land use rights 中期土地使用權	Dormitory 宿舍	55.5%
A pier located at west port dike of Baiqu Port, near No. 9 Xiaoshan Road, High-tech Zone, Jiangyin, Jiangsu Province, the PRC 中國江蘇省江陰高新區蕭山路9號 旁白屈港河西港堤碼頭	Medium-term land use rights 中期土地使用權	Pier 碼頭	100%

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告



SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited 17/F, Chubb Tower, Windsor House, 311 Gloucester Road, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong

信永中和(香港)會計師事務所有限公司 香港銅鑼灣 告士打道311號 皇室大廈安達人壽大樓17樓

#### TO THE MEMBERS OF FOUNTAIN SET (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

(incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

#### **OPINION**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Fountain Set (Holdings) Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") set out on pages 80 to 176 which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2024, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

#### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code") and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

#### 致福田實業(集團)有限公司各位股東

(於香港註冊成立的有限公司)

#### 意見

本核數師行已審核載於第80至176頁內的福田 實業(集團)有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司 (統稱為「貴集團」) 的綜合財務報表, 此等財務 報表包括於2024年12月31日的綜合財務狀況表 及截至該日止年度的綜合損益及其他全面收益 表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及綜 合財務報表附註,包括重要會計政策資料。

本核數師行認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香 港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港 財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)真實且公 平地反映了 貴集團於2024年12月31日的綜合 財務狀況及截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及 綜合現金流量,並已按照香港公司條例妥為編 製。

#### 意見基準

本核數師行已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港 審計準則(「香港審計準則」) 進行審核工作。本 核數師行於該等準則下的責任在本核數師行的 報告內「核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的 責任」一節中作進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公 會的「職業會計師道德守則」(「守則」),本核數 師行獨立於 貴集團,並已遵循守則履行其他 道德責任。本核數師行相信,本核數師行所獲得 的審核憑證能充足及適當地為本核數師行的意 見提供基礎。

#### 關鍵審核事項

根據本核數師行的專業判斷,關鍵審核事項為 本核數師行於審核本期間的綜合財務報表中最 重要的事項。本核數師行在審核整體綜合財務 報表及就此達致意見時處理此等事項,而不會 就此等事項單獨發表意見。

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (continued) 獨立核數師報告(續)

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (continued)

#### Impairment of inventories

Refer to notes 4(g) and 19 to the consolidated financial statements

A degree of substandard products is typically produced during the normal course of the Group's production process. Moreover, inventories of the Group will become aged and/or obsolete in the absence or cancellation of orders. The Group maintains a sophisticated information technology system to keep track of the aging and utilisation of inventories and materials regarded as wastage for the estimation of net realisable value.

Based on the utilisation of inventories which became wastage and long-aged, the Group made an accumulated provision of HK\$141,827,000 as at year end by reference to estimated net realisable values of inventories.

We identified the impairment of inventories as a key audit matter because the estimates of net realisable values and how materials are regarded as wastage on which this impairment entailed a significant degree of management judgement.

#### Our response:

We performed audit procedures in relation to management's impairment assessment of inventories which included:

- obtaining an understanding of the key procedures implemented by management in estimating the net realisable values of inventories and allowance for inventories and performing periodic reviews of inventory obsolescence;
- evaluating the methodology and key assumptions adopted by management in estimating the net realisable values and discussing them with management;
- challenging the reasonableness of key assumptions based on our knowledge of the business and industry;
- checking, on a sample basis, the accuracy and relevance of the input data used by management in capturing the aging and utilisation of inventories and estimate the net realisable values of those inventories; and
- Testing the subsequent utilization and sales, on a sample basis, to source documents.

#### 關鍵審核事項(續)

#### 存貨減值

請參閱綜合財務報表附註4(g)及19

貴集團於日常生產過程中通常會產生一定程度的不合格產品。此外,若無訂單或取消訂單, 貴集團的存貨會變為陳舊及/或廢棄。 貴集團設有完善的資訊科技系統,從以監察存貨及被視作廢棄物的材料之賬齡及使用情況以估算可變現淨值。

根據廢棄及陳舊存貨的使用情況, 貴集團於 年度終結時經參考存貨的估計可變現淨值作出 累計撥備141,827,000港元。

本核數師行確定存貨減值為關鍵審核事項,此 乃由於對有關可變現淨值作出減值估計以及材 料為何被視為廢棄材料時,涉及管理層的重大 判斷。

#### 本核數師行的應對:

本核數師行就管理層的存貨減值評估進行的審 核程序包括:

- 一 了解管理層在估計存貨可變現淨值及存 貨撥備以及進行定期審查過時存貨時所 實施的關鍵程序;
- 對管理層於估計可變現淨值時所採納的方法及主要假設進行評估並與管理層進行討論;
- 一 依據本核數師行對業務及行業的了解, 質疑關鍵假設的合理性;
- 抽樣檢查管理層於計算存貨賬齡及使用 情況,以及估計該等存貨的可變現淨值 時所使用輸入數據的準確性及相關性; 及
- 抽樣測試原始文件的後續使用及銷售情況。

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (continued)** 獨立核數師報告(續)

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (continued)

#### Impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment, investment properties and right-of-use assets

Refer to notes 4(m), 13, 14 and 15 to the consolidated financial statements

The Group had property, plant and equipment, investment properties and right-of-use assets for its production and sales of dved fabrics and varns located in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") and Hong Kong with carrying amount to approximately HK\$890,691,000, HK\$23,933,000 and HK\$154,716,000 respectively, which constituted a significant portion of total assets as at 31 December 2024. Property, plant and equipment, investment properties and right-of-use assets are subject to impairment assessment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable.

Management reviews the financial performance of the subsidiaries for its production and sales of dyed fabrics at the end of each reporting period to identify if an impairment indicator exists.

Where indicators of impairment are identified, management identifies the relevant cash-generating units ("CGU") to which these property, plant and equipment, investment properties and right-of-use assets belong and estimates the recoverable amounts of these CGUs based on the fair value less costs of disposal and value-in-use calculation, whichever is higher. Based on the results of the assessment conducted, management determined that due to higher value-in-use than carrying amounts of the CGU and higher fair value less costs of disposal than carrying amounts of land and buildings and investment properties, there is no impairment on the Group's property, plant and equipment, investment properties and right-of-use assets during the year except for the impairment loss of HK\$15,430,000 for the idle equipment, plant and machineries.

We identified the impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment, investment properties and right-of-use assets for its production and sales of dyed fabrics as a key audit matter due to the significance of the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment, investment properties and rightof-use assets and significance of management judgements adopted in the key assumptions used in the impairment assessment, such as annual revenue growth rate and discount rate.

#### 關鍵審核事項(續)

#### 物業、機器及設備、投資物業及使用權資產的減值 評估

請參閱綜合財務報表附註4(m)、13、14及15

於2024年12月31日, 貴集團擁有位於中華人 民共和國(「中國」)及香港用於製造及銷售色 布及紗的物業、機器及設備、投資物業及使用 權資產的賬面值分別約為890,691,000港元、 23,933,000港元及154,716,000港元,其構成資 產總值的重大組成部分。當有事件或情況變化 表明賬面值可能無法收回時,物業、機器及設 備、投資物業及使用權資產需進行減值評估。

管理層於各報告期終審閱其製造及銷售色布的 附屬公司的財務表現,以識別是否存在減值跡 象。

當發現有減值跡象,管理層識別該等物業、機 器及設備、投資物業及使用權資產所屬的相關 現金產生單位(「現金產生單位」),並根據公平 價值減出售成本與使用價值計算中的較高者 估計該等現金產生單位的可收回金額。根據所 進行的評估結果,管理層釐定由於現金產生單 位的使用價值高於賬面值,且土地及建築物以 及投資物業的公平價值減出售成本高於賬面 值, 貴集團的物業、機器及設備、投資物業及 使用權資產於年內並無減值(閒置設備、廠房及 機器的減值損失15,430,000港元除外)。

由於物業、機器及設備、投資物業及使用權資產 賬面值的重要性及減值評估中所使用關鍵假設 採納的管理層判斷(例如年度營業額增長率及 貼現率)的重要性,本核數師行確定用於製造及 銷售色布的物業、機器及設備、投資物業及使用 權資產減值評估為關鍵審核事項。

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (continued) 獨立核數師報告(續)

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (continued)

### Impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment, investment properties and right-of-use assets (continued)

#### Our response:

We performed audit procedures in relation to management's impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment, investment properties and right-of-use assets which included:

- meeting with management and reviewing board minutes and other papers to understand the Group's latest operating and relocation plans;
- assessing management's identification of assets which are unlikely to be deployed in economic service in the future, and evaluating their recoverable amount;
- evaluating the management's identification of the idle property, plant and equipment if any production capacity during the year or afterwards and assess the production capacity of those have been reallocated to other factories within the same CGU during the year;
- inspecting physically, on a sample basis, the condition of idle equipment, plant and machineries and considering the reasonableness of relevant impairment loss;
- assessing management's identification of the CGUs and the allocation of assets to the CGUs for the purpose of impairment assessment;
- for those CGU where there was an impairment indicator, assessing the appropriateness of the methodology used by the management and independent valuer in determining the recoverable amount of the relevant CGU:
- comparing the forecast operating results prepared in the prior year with the current year's performance of the relevant CGU to assess the accuracy of management's historical estimation;
- checking, on a sample basis, the accuracy and relevance of the input data to supporting evidence, such as approved budgets and considering the reasonableness of these budgets by comparing the budgets to the historical results and the market data:

#### 關鍵審核事項(續)

### 物業、機器及設備、投資物業及使用權資產的減值評估(續)

#### 本核數師行的應對:

本核數師行就管理層對物業、機器及設備、投資物業及使用權資產的減值評估進行的審核程序包括:

- 與管理層會面及審閱董事會會議記錄及其 他文件以了解 貴集團的最近期營運及拆 遷計劃;
- 評估管理層對未來不大可能在經濟服務中 利用的資產的識別,並評估其可收回金額;
- 評價管理層對年內或之後任何產能閒置物業、機器及設備的識別,並評估年內已重新分配至同一現金產生單位內其他廠房的產能;
- 抽樣檢查閒置設備、廠房及機器的實際狀況,並考慮相關減值損失的合理性;
- 評估管理層對現金產生單位的識別以及就 減值評估目的將資產分配至現金產生單位 的情況;
- 就出現減值跡象的現金產生單位,評估管理層及獨立估值師於釐定相關現金產生單位的可收回金額時所使用的方法的適當性;
- 將相關現金產生單位的上一年度編製的經營業績預測與本年度的業績進行比較,以評估管理層過往估計的準確性;
- 抽樣檢查佐證證據的輸入數據(例如經批准的預算)的準確性及相關性並通過將預算與過往業績及市場數據進行比較以考慮該等預算的合理性;

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (continued) 獨立核數師報告(續)

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (continued)

Impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment, investment properties and right-of-use assets (continued)

Our response: (continued)

- reviewing the annual revenue growth rate adopted by management and independent valuer in the discounted cash flow projections by comparing them with historical performance of the relevant CGU with historical performance, industry forecasts, external economic data and financial budget approved by the management;
- reviewing the discount rate used in determining the recoverable amount of the relevant CGU by applying a range of estimates to compare discount rate developed by independent source with the discount rate adopted by the management and independent valuer;
- evaluating the sensitivity analysis prepared by management and independent valuer on the key assumptions and inputs of the discounted cash flow projections to evaluate the extent of such changes to the recoverable amount;
- involving our external independent valuer to assess the methodology and significant assumptions including discount rates adopted by management in its impairment assessments; and
- considering the appropriateness of the relevant disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.

Based on our procedures performed, we found the key assumptions and inputs used by management and independent valuer in the impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment, investment properties and right-of-use assets were supportable by available evidence.

#### OTHER INFORMATION IN THE ANNUAL REPORT

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

#### 關鍵審核事項(續)

物業、機器及設備、投資物業及使用權資產的減值評估(續)

本核數師行的應對:(續)

- 審閱管理層及獨立估值師於貼現現金流量 預測中採納的年度營業額增長率,方式為 將其與有過往表現的相關現金產生單位的 過往表現、行業預測、外部經濟數據及管 理層批准的財務預算進行比較;
- 審閱釐定相關現金產生單位的可收回金額時使用的貼現率,方式為應用一系列估計,將獨立來源編製的貼現率與管理層及獨立估值師採納的貼現率進行比較;
- 評估管理層及獨立估值師就關鍵假設及貼現現金流量預測輸入值編製的敏感度分析,以評估可收回金額的該等變動的範圍;
- 委託本核數師行的外部獨立估值師評估管 理層於其減值評估中採納的方法及重大假 設(包括貼現率);及
- 考慮綜合財務報表中的相關披露內容的適 常性。

根據本核數師行進行的程序,本核數師行發現 管理層及獨立估值師於物業、機器及設備、投資 物業及使用權資產的減值評估中所使用的關鍵 假設及輸入值有可得之憑證作為支持。

#### 年報內的其他資料

貴公司董事須對其他資料負責。其他資料包括 年報所載全部資料,惟不包括綜合財務報表及 有關核數師報告。

本核數師行對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其 他資料,本核數師行亦不會對其他資料發表任 何形式的核證結論。

#### OTHER INFORMATION IN THE ANNUAL REPORT

(continued)

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY AND AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors of the Company determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Audit Committee are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### 年報內的其他資料(續)

就本核數師行審核綜合財務報表而言,本核數師行的責任為閱讀其他資料,從而考慮其他資料是否與綜合財務報表或本核數師行在審核過程中獲悉的資料存在重大不符,或似乎存在重大錯誤陳述。

基於本核數師行所做的工作,倘本核數師行認 為有關其他資料存在重大錯誤陳述,本核數師 行須報告該事實。就此,本核數師行毋須作出報 告。

#### 貴公司董事及審核委員會就綜合財務 報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的 香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例,編製真實 且公平的綜合財務報表,及落實 貴公司董事 認為編製綜合財務報表所必要的內部監控,以 使綜合財務報表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致 的重大錯誤陳述。

於編製綜合財務報表時, 貴公司董事須負責 評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況 下披露與持續經營相關的事項,並運用持續經 營為會計基礎,除非 貴公司董事有意將 貴 集團清盤或停止經營或別無其他實際的替代方 案。

審核委員會須負責監督 貴集團財務申報程序。

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (continued) 獨立核數師報告(續)

### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 405 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors of the Company.
- conclude on the appropriateness of the Company's directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

#### 核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的 責任

本核數師行的目標為對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得合理保證,並出具包括本核數師行意見的核數師報告。本報告乃根據香港公司條例第405條,及我們協定的委聘條款僅向整體股東作出報告內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何有數不會責任。本核數師行不會責任不能設是高水平的核證,但不能誤時接香港審計準則進行的審計在某一重大錯誤開述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可因欺詐可影響使用者根據該等綜合財務報表作出的經濟決定時,則被視為重大錯誤陳述。

本核數師行根據香港審計準則執行審核的工作之一,是在審核的過程中運用專業判斷及保持職業懷疑。本核數師行亦:

- 識別及評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設計及執行審核程序以應對該等風險,以及獲取充足和適當的審核憑證,作為本核數師行意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述或淩駕內部監控的情況,因此未能發現因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 了解與審核相關的內部監控,以設計適當 的審計程序,惟並非旨在對 貴集團內部 監控的有效性發表意見。
- 評估 貴公司董事所採用會計政策的恰當 性及作出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。
- 對 貴公司董事採用持續經營會計基準的 恰當性作出結論,並根據所獲取的審核憑 證,確定是否存在與事項或情況有關則 大不確定性,從而可能導致對 貴集團的 持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。倘本核數師 行認為存在重大不確定性,則有必要在的 數師報告中提請注意綜合財務報表中的 關披露,或倘有關披露不足,則修訂本核 數師行意見。本核數師行的結論乃基於 至本核數師行的核數師報告日期止所得的 審核憑證。然而,未來事項或情況可能導 致 貴集團不能持續經營。

## AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business units within the Group as a basis for forming an opinion on the Group financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and review of the audit work performed for purpose of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mr. Lee Shun Ming.

### 核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的責任(續)

- 評估綜合財務報表的整體呈報方式、結構 及內容,包括披露資料,以及綜合財務報 表是否公平反映相關交易和事項。
- 規劃及履行集團審核,以就 貴集團內實體或業務單位的財務資料獲取充足及適當的審核憑證,作為對 貴集團財務報表發表意見的基準。本核數師行負責就集團審核所履行的審核工作的方向、監督及審閱。本核數師行為審核意見承擔全部責任。

本核數師行與審核委員會就(其中包括)審核的計劃範圍、時間安排及重大審核發現進行溝通,該等發現包括本核數師行在審核過程中識別的內部監控的任何重大缺陷。

本核數師行亦向審核委員會作出聲明,指出本 核數師行已符合有關獨立性的相關道德要求, 並與彼等溝通可能被合理認為會影響本核數師 行獨立性的所有關係及其他事宜,以及為減少 威脅而採取的行動或應用的相關防範措施(如 適用)。

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,本核數師行釐 定對本期間綜合財務報表審核至關重要的事 項,因而構成關鍵審核事項。本核數師行在核數 師報告中描述該等事項,除非法律或法規不允 許公開披露該等事項,或在極少數情況下,倘合 理預期在本核數師行的報告中溝通某事項造成 的負面後果超出產生的公眾利益,則本核數師 行決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人是李 順明先生。

#### SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants

Lee Shun Ming

Practising Certificate Number P07068

Hong Kong, 21 March 2025

信永中和 (香港) 會計師事務所有限公司 執業會計師

李順明

執業證書編號P07068

香港,2025年3月21日

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

			2024	2023
		Notes 附註	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
	** ** +=		4 400	4.440.005
Revenue	營業額	6	4,426,558	4,440,235
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(3,897,147)	(4,118,246)
Gross profit	毛利		529,411	321,989
Other revenue	其他收入	<i>9a</i>	73,567	87,582
Other gains and losses	其他收益及虧損	9b	(13,713)	277,529
Distribution and selling expenses	分銷及銷售費用		(92,602)	(74,477)
Administrative expenses	行政費用		(407,576)	(476,389)
Finance costs	融資成本	7	(13,126)	(26,258)
Share of profit of an associate	應佔一間聯營公司之盈利	17	1,099	1,152
Profit before income tax expense	除所得稅支出前盈利		77,060	111,128
Income tax expense	所得稅支出	8	(42,483)	(43,284)
Profit for the year	是年度盈利	9c	34,577	67,844
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			·	·
Profit for the year attributable to:	應佔是年度盈利:			
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人		14,262	50,903
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		20,315	16,941
		1	34,577	67,844
			M. //	NI (I
			HK cents 港仙	HK cents 港仙
Earnings per share	每股盈利			
- Basic	一基本	12	1.2	4.2
Direct design of the second of	147 442	40		
- Diluted	—————————————————————————————————————	12	1.2	4.2

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (continued) 綜合損益及其他全面收益表(續)

		Notes 附註	2024 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>	2023 HK\$'000 千港元
-		7.0000 775 2	1114 000 1 1278	τ.π.φ σσσ γγαγα
Profit for the year	是年度盈利	9c	34,577	67,844
Other comprehensive expense, net of tax	其他全面開支 (經扣除稅項)			
Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:	其後可能重新分類至 損益之項目:			
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations	換算海外業務產生之 匯兌差額		(10,719)	(4,130)
Other comprehensive expense for the year	是年度其他全面開支		(10,719)	(4,130)
Total comprehensive income for the year	是年度全面收益總值		23,858	63,714
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to:	應佔是年度全面收益總值:			
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人		5,994	47,279
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		17,864	16,435
			23,858	63,714

### **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION** 綜合財務狀況表

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024 於2024年12月31日

			At 31 December 於12月31日 2024	At 31 December 於12月31日 2023
		Notes 附註	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
	11. 佐私 安			
Non-current assets	非流動資產	10	F0 000	00.000
Investment properties	投資物業	13	56,692	62,609
Property, plant and equipment	物業、機器及設備	14	1,175,999	1,202,956
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	15	191,575	171,364
Other intangible assets	其他無形資產	16	29,766	_
Deposit paid for purchase of plant and	購買機器及設備的			00.045
equipment	已付按金	. =	45	28,215
Interest in an associate	於一間聯營公司之權益	17	26,018	24,919
Deferred tax assets	遞延稅項資產	18	38,227	41,969
			1,518,322	1,532,032
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	19	784,735	783,908
Trade and bills receivables	營業及票據應收款項	20	802,069	808,091
Prepayments, deposits and other	預付款項、按金及			
receivables	其他應收款項	21	210,366	370,052
Tax recoverable	可收回稅項		1,925	25,862
Restricted bank deposits	受限制銀行存款	22	1,726	1,897
Short-term bank deposits	短期銀行存款	23	380,973	373,870
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	23	914,502	1,005,127
			3,096,296	3,368,807
			3,000,200	3,000,001
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and bills payables	營業及票據應付款項	24	562,544	651,571
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	25	268,491	289,962
Contract liabilities	合約負債	26	17,150	19,712
Lease liabilities - current portion	租賃負債-流動部分	27	22,350	26,239
Amounts due to non-controlling	欠非控股股東款項			
shareholders		28a	23,040	37,027
Amount due to an associate	欠一間聯營公司款項	28b	6,397	5,984
Deferred income – current portion	遞延收入一流動部分	29	5,470	4,699
Tax payable	應付稅項		18,752	21,626
Bank borrowings – due within one year	銀行借貸一一年內到期	30	48,795	108,471
			972,989	1,165,291
				n tr
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		2,123,307	2,203,516
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總值減流動負債		3,641,629	3,735,548

#### **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (continued)** 綜合財務狀況表(續)

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024 於2024年12月31日

	2024	2023
Notes 附註	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
<del>}</del> 29	67,556	67,732
期 30	_	91,086
<del>2</del> 7	111,522	99,234
18	6,778	8,830
	185,856	266,882
	3,455,773	3,468,666
31	889,810	889,810
	2,347,779	2,378,536
	3,237,589	3,268,346
32	218,184	200,320
		3,468,666
	分 29 明 30 分 27 18	29 67,556 30 - 27 111,522 18 6,778 185,856 3,455,773 31 889,810 2,347,779

The consolidated financial statements on pages 80 to 176 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 21 March 2025 and are signed on its behalf by:

第80至176頁的綜合財務報表已於2025年3月21 日由董事會通過及核准發放,並由下列董事代 表簽署:

LIU Xianfu 劉賢福 Director 董事

YAU Hang Tat, Andrew 邱恒達 Director 董事

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY 綜合權益變動表

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

### Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔

		イムコルカへ心口						
		Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 千港元	Translation reserve 匯兌儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Statutory reserves 法定儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (note) (附註)	Retained earnings 滾存盈利 HK\$*000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總值 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	Non- controlling interests 非控股權益 HK\$'000 千港元	Total equity 權益總值 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2023	於2023年1月1日	889,810	(53,477)	114,361	2,270,373	3,221,067	202,700	3,423,767
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations Profit for the year	換算海外業務產生之 匯兌差額 是年度盈利	- -	(3,624)	- -	- 50,903	(3,624) 50,903	(506) 16,941	(4,130) 67,844
Total comprehensive (expense)/income for the year	是年度全面 (開支) / 收益總值	-	(3,624)	-	50,903	47,279	16,435	63,714
Dividend recognised as distribution Transfer from retained earnings to statutory reserves	已確認為分派之股息 由滾存盈利調撥至法定儲備	-	-	- 3,077	(3,077)	-	(18,815)	(18,815)
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	889,810	(57,101)	117,438	2,318,199	3,268,346	200,320	3,468,666
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations Profit for the year	換算海外業務產生之 匯兌差額 是年度盈利	-	(8,268) -	- -	- 14,262	(8,268) 14,262	(2,451) 20,315	(10,719) 34,577
Total comprehensive (expense)/income for the year	是年度全面 (開支) / 收益總值	-	(8,268)	-	14,262	5,994	17,864	23,858
Dividend recognised as distribution Transfer from retained earnings to statutory reserves	已確認為分派之股息 由滾存盈利調撥至 法定儲備	-	-	- 4,808	(36,751) (4,808)	(36,751)	-	(36,751)
At 31 December 2024	於2024年12月31日	889,810	(65,369)	122,246	2,290,902	3,237,589	218,184	3,455,773

Note: In accordance with the relevant laws and regulations in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") and Articles of Association of the company incorporated in the PRC now comprising the Group, i.e. the PRC Operational Entity, it is required to appropriate 10% of the annual net profits of the PRC Operational Entity, after offsetting any prior years' losses as determined under the PRC accounting standards, to the statutory reserve fund before distributing any net profit. When the balance of the statutory reserve fund reaches 50% of the registered capital of the PRC Operational Entity, any further appropriation is at the discretion of shareholders. The statutory reserve fund can be used to offset prior years' losses, if any, and may be capitalised as capital, provided that the remaining balance of the statutory reserve fund after such issue is no less than 25% of registered capital.

In accordance with the Article 377 of the Commercial Code of Macau Special Administrative Region, the subsidiary registered under private limited liability company by quotas in Macau are required to transfer part of their profits of each accounting period of not less than 25% to statutory reserves, until the amount reaches half of the respective share capital.

附註:根據相關中華人民共和國(「中國」)法律及法規及現組成本集團於中國註冊成立的公司(即中國經營實體)的組織章程細則規定,於抵銷根據中國會計準則釐定的任何過往年度的虧損後,其須於分派任何純利前撥款中國經營實體年度純利的10%至法定儲備金。倘法定儲備金結餘達至中國經營實體註冊資本的50%,任何進一步的撥款乃由股東酌情決定。法定儲備金可用於抵銷過往年度的虧損(如有),並可資本化為股本,惟於有關發行後法定儲備金的餘下結餘不得少於註冊資本的25%。

根據澳門特別行政區商法典第377條,於澳門以 限額註冊成為私人有限公司的附屬公司須將其 於各會計期間不少於25%的部分溢利轉撥至法 定儲備,直至達各股本金額的一半為止。

### **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS** 綜合現金流量表

		2024 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>	2023 HK\$'000 千港元
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	營運項目		
Profit before income tax expense	除所得稅支出前盈利	77,060	111,128
Adjustments for:	調整:	11,000	,.20
Amortisation of deferred income	遞延收入之攤銷	(5,325)	(5,206)
Amortisation of other intangible assets	其他無形資產之攤銷	763	3,015
Depreciation of investment properties	投資物業之折舊	5,148	5,308
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產之折舊	28,867	28,314
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、機器及設備之折舊	153,903	171,837
Impairment of property, plant and equipment	物業、機器及設備之減值	15,430	_
Finance costs	融資成本	13,126	26,258
Interest income	利息收入	(27,931)	(30,442)
Loss on written-off of investment properties	撇銷投資物業之虧損	(=1,000) -	3,552
Gain on disposal/written off of property, plant	出售/撇銷物業、機器及設備之		-,
and equipment	收益	(2,577)	(9,600)
Gain on compensation of land resumption	土地徵收之補償收益	(=,0.1)	(259,011)
Provision for/(reversal of) impairment loss	營業及票據應收款項之減值損失		(200,01.)
recognised on trade and bills receivables, net		6,115	(13,275)
Gain on lease modification	租約修改之收益	(10,431)	(777)
Share of profit of an associate	應佔一間聯營公司之盈利	(1,099)	(1,152)
		( )	(,, -,
Operating profit before working capital	營運資金變動前之營運盈利		
changes		253,049	29,949
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	存貨之(增加)/減少	(4,973)	143,956
(Increase)/decrease in trade and bills receivables	營業及票據應收款項之(增加)/減少	(12,072)	127,726
Decrease/(increase) in prepayments, deposits and	I 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項之		
other receivables	減少/(增加)	30,329	(27,547)
(Decrease)/increase in trade and bills payables	營業及票據應付款項之(減少)/增加	(77,742)	165,429
Decrease in other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用之		
	減少	(21,276)	(83,628)
Decrease in contract liabilities	合約負債之減少	(2,562)	(1,504)
Increase in amount due to an associate	欠一間聯營公司款項之增加	413	3,555
Increase/(decrease) in deferred income	遞延收入之增加/(減少)	6,321	(3,748)
Cash generated from energtions	營運所得之現金	171,487	254 100
Cash generated from operations  Hong Kong profits tax refunded/(paid)	<b>宮建州特之坑並</b> 已退還/(已付) 香港利得稅	19,453	354,188
Overseas tax paid	已经爆入(日刊)省港利特税 已付海外稅項		(35,619)
Overseas tax paiu	U 19 / 19 / 17 / 17 / 17 / 17 / 17 / 17 /	(39,239)	(24,811)
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	營運項目所得的現金淨值	151,701	293,758

### **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)** 綜合現金流量表(續)

		Notes 附註	2024 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>	2023 HK\$'000 千港元
NET CASH FROM OPERATING	營運項目所得的現金淨值			
ACTIVITIES			151,701	293,758
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	机物药口			
INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received	<b>投資項目</b> 已收利息		00.050	20,202
Proceeds from disposal of	出售物業、機器及		28,358	30,393
property, plant and equipment	設備所得款項		30,711	9,943
Proceeds from land resumption	土地徵收所得款項		128,930	56,727
Deposit paid for purchase of	購買物業、機器及		120,930	30,727
property, plant and equipment	設備的已付按金		_	(10,891)
Purchases of property, plant and	購買物業、機器及設備			(10,091)
equipment	海央"沙宋 "汉昭 / 汉 · 风阳 / 《 · 风阳 /		(164,996)	(87,871)
Purchase of other intangible assets	購買其他無形資產		(12,100)	(07,071)
Decrease in restricted bank deposits	受限制銀行存款減少		171	3,560
NET CASH FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資項目所得的現金淨值		11,074	1,861
FINANCINO ACTIVITIFO	급····································			
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	<b>融資項目</b> 新籌集之銀行借貸	38	4F 620	050 700
New bank borrowings raised  Repayment of bank borrowings		38	45,639 (196,619)	252,796 (489,962)
Repayment of principal portion of	真逐或1)自員 償還租賃負債之	30	(190,019)	(409,902)
the lease liabilities	本金部分	38	(27,703)	(26,888)
Repayment of interest portion of	償還租賃負債之	00	(21,100)	(20,000)
the lease liabilities	利息部分	38	(6,135)	(7,000)
Repayment of amount due to non-	償還欠非控股股東款項		(0,100)	(1,000)
controlling shareholders		38	(13,987)	_
Interest paid	已付利息	38	(6,966)	(20,034)
Dividends paid	已付股息		(36,751)	_
Dividends paid to non-controlling	已付股息予非控股股東		, , ,	
shareholders			-	(18,815)
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING	融資項目所用的			
ACTIVITIES	現金淨值		(242,522)	(309,903)

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued) 綜合現金流量表(續)

		2024 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>	2023 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及等同現金項目的 減少淨值	(79,747)	(14,284)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	於是年度開始時的現金及 等同現金項目	1,378,997	1,393,679
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	匯率變動對現金及等同現金 項目的影響	(3,775)	(398)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	於是年度終結時的現金及 等同現金項目	1,295,475	1,378,997
ANALYSIS OF THE BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:	現金及等同現金項目結存的 分析:		
Short-term bank deposits Bank balances and cash	短期銀行存款 銀行結餘及現金	380,973 914,502	373,870 1,005,127
Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated statement of cash flows	綜合現金流量表內的現金及 等同現金項目	1,295,475	1,378,997

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

#### 1. GENERAL

The Company is a public limited company incorporated in Hong Kong. Its issued shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The addresses of the registered office and the principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the Corporate Information to the annual report.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is also the functional currency of the Company.

The Company acts as an investment holding company. The principal activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in note 35.

The directors of the Company consider its immediate parent is Chinatex Yieldfull Investments Co., Ltd., a company incorporated in Hong Kong, and ultimate parent is COFCO Corporation, a company established in the PRC and a state-owned enterprise under the direct supervision and administration of, and is beneficially owned by, the State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of the State Council of the PRC.

#### 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

#### (a) Adoption of amendments to HKFRSs

In the current year, the Group has applied, for the first time, the following new and amendments to HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") which are effective for the Group's financial year beginning 1 January 2024:

Amendments to HKFRS 16 Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback

Amendments to HKAS 1 Classification of Liabilities as

Current or Non-current and

the related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020) Presentation of Financial Statements - Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that

Contains a Repayment on

**Demand Clause** 

Amendments to HKAS 1 Non-current Liabilities with Covenants

Amendments to HKAS 7 and

HKFRS 7

Supplier Finance Arrangements

Expect as described below, the application of the amendments to HKFRSs in the current year has had no material effect on the Group's financial performance and position for the current and prior periods and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

#### 1. 簡介

本公司為在香港註冊成立的公眾有限公司,其 已發行股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交 所」)上市。本公司的註冊辦事處地址及主要營 業地點於本年報公司資料內披露。

綜合財務報表乃以港元(「港元」)呈列,港元亦 為本公司的功能貨幣。

本公司乃一間投資控股公司。其主要附屬公司 的主要業務載列於附註35內。

本公司董事認為,其直接母公司為在香港註冊 成立的中紡盈豐投資管理有限公司,而其最終 母公司為中糧集團有限公司,一家於中國成立 的公司並由中國國務院國有資產監督管理委員 會直接監督及管理以及實益擁有之國有企業。

#### 2. 應用新訂香港財務報告準則(「香港 財務報告準則」)及其修訂本

#### (a) 採納香港財務報告準則之修訂本

於本年度,本集團已首次應用下列由香港會計 師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈並於本集團自 2024年1月1日開始之財政年度生效之新訂香港 財務報告準則及其修訂本:

香港財務報告準則第16號之

售後租回之租賃負債

修訂本

香港會計準則第1號之修訂本

流動或非流動負債分類及 香港詮釋第5號(2020 年),財務報表的呈報一 借款人對載有按要求償 還條款的定期貸款的分

類之相關修訂

香港會計準則第1號之

附帶契諾之非流動負債

修訂本

香港會計準則第7號及香港財務 供應商融資安排

報告準則第7號之修訂本

除下文所述外,於本年度應用香港財務報告準 則之修訂本並無對本集團於當前及過往期間的 財務表現及狀況及/或該等綜合財務報表所載 的披露資料造成重大影響。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

- 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (continued)
- (a) Adoption of amendments to HKFRSs (continued)

Impact on application of Amendments to HKAS 1 Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020) (the "2020 Amendments"); and Amendments to HKAS 1–Non-current Liabilities with Covenants (the "2022 Amendments")

The 2020 Amendments clarify the requirements for classifying liabilities as current or non-current, including what is meant by a right to defer settlement and that a right to defer must exist at the end of the reporting period. Classification of a liability is unaffected by the likelihood that the entity will exercise its right to defer settlement. The amendments also clarify that a liability can be settled in its own equity instruments, and that only if a conversion option in a convertible liability is itself accounted for as an equity instrument would the terms of a liability not impact its classification. The 2022 Amendments further clarify that, among covenants of a liability arising from a loan arrangement, only those with which an entity must comply on or before the reporting date affect the classification of that liability as current or noncurrent. Additional disclosures are required for non-current liabilities that are subject to the entity complying with future covenants within 12 months after the reporting period.

Upon adoption of the amendments, the Group has reassessed the terms and conditions of its loan arrangements. The application of the amendments has no material impact on the classification of the Group's liabilities.

- 2. 應用新訂香港財務報告準則(「香港 財務報告準則」)及其修訂本(續)
- (a) 採納香港財務報告準則之修訂本(續)

應用香港會計準則第1號之修訂本一流動或非流動負債分類及香港詮釋第5號(2020年)之相關修訂(「2020年修訂本」);及香港會計準則第1號之修訂本一附帶契諾之非流動負債(「2022年修訂本」)的影響

2020年修訂本闡明有關負債分類為流動或非流動的規定,包括清償負債的權利的定義及推遲的權利須於報告期終存續。負債的分類不受實體將行使其推遲清償權利的可能性影響。等修訂本亦闡明負債可透過其自身權益工具入實質,並且只有當可轉換負債的轉換選擇權本會影響其分類。2022年修訂本進一步闡明,在資款安排產生的負債契諾中,只有實體於報告可求之前必須遵守的契諾才會影響該負債分類為流動或非流動。倘非流動負債的實體須於報告期後 12 個月內遵守未來契諾,則須作出額外披露。

採納該修訂本後,本集團已重新評估其貸款安排的條款及條件。應用該等修訂本對本集團的 負債分類並無重大影響。

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

#### 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (continued)

#### (b) New and amendments to HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective

The following new and amendments to HKFRSs have been issued, but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group. The Group's current intention is to apply these changes on the date they become effective.

HKFRS 18

HKFRS 19

Amendments to HKAS 21 Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7 Amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28

Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7

Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements3

Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures<sup>3</sup>

Lack of Exchangeability<sup>1</sup>

Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments<sup>2</sup>

Annual Improvements to HKFRS Accounting Standards - Volume 112

Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture4

Contracts Referencing Nature-dependent Electricity<sup>2</sup>

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025.
- 2 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined.

The directors of the Company anticipate that, except as described below, the application of the new and amendments to HKFRSs will have no material impact on the results and the financial position of the Group.

#### HKFRS 18 - Presentation and Disclosure Financial Statements

HKFRS 18 sets out requirements on presentation and disclosures in financial statements and will replace HKAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements. HKFRS 18 introduces new requirements to present specified categories and defined subtotals in the statement of profit or loss; provide disclosures on management-defined performance measures in the notes to the financial statements and improve aggregation and disaggregation of information to be disclosed in the financial statements. Minor amendments to HKAS 7 "Statement of Cash Flows" and HKAS 33 "Earnings per Share" are also made.

#### 2. 應用新訂香港財務報告準則(「香港 財務報告準則」)及其修訂本(續)

#### (b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂香港 財務報告準則

下列新訂香港財務報告準則及其修訂本已經頒 佈,惟尚未生效,且未經本集團提早採納。本集 團目前擬於該等變動生效日期應用該等變動。

香港財務報告準則第18號

呈列及披露財務報表3

香港財務報告準則第19號

披露3

香港會計準則第21號之修訂本 香港財務報告準則第9號及香港 金融工具分類及計量之 財務報告準則第7號之修訂本

香港財務報告準則會計準則之 香港財務報告準則會計準 修訂本

香港財務報告準則第10號及 香港會計準則第28號之 修訂本

香港財務報告準則第9號及 香港財務報告準則第7號之 修訂本

無公共責任的附屬公司:

缺乏可兑换性1 修訂2

則年度改進一第11冊<sup>2</sup>

投資者與其聯營公司或 合營公司之間的 資產出售或注資4

涉及依賴自然能源 生產電力的合約2

- 於2025年1月1日或之後開始之年度期間生效。
- 於2026年1月1日或之後開始之年度期間生效。
- 於2027年1月1日或之後開始之年度期間生效。
- 於有待釐定的日期或之後開始之年度期間生 效。

除下文所述外,本公司董事預計應用新訂及經 修訂香港財務報告準則將不會對本集團的業績 及財務狀況造成重大影響。

### 香港財務報告準則第18號-呈列及披露財務報

香港財務報告準則第18號載列財務報表的呈列 及披露規定,並將取代香港會計準則第1號財務 報表之呈列。香港財務報告準則第18號引入於 損益表中呈列指定類別及定義小計之新規定; 於財務報表附註提供有關管理層界定之表現計 量之披露,並改進財務報表中將予披露之合併 及細分資料,亦對香港會計準則第7號「現金流 量表」及香港會計準則第33號「每股盈利」作出細 微修訂。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (continued)

(b) New and amendments to HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (continued)

### **HKFRS 18 – Presentation and Disclosure Financial Statements** (continued)

HKFRS 18, and the consequential amendments to other HKFRS Accounting Standards, will be effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027, with early application permitted.

The application of the HKFRS 18 is not expected to have material impact on the financial position of the Group. The directors of the Company are in the process of making an assessment of the impact of HKFRS 18, but is not yet in a position to state whether the adoption would have a material impact on the presentation and disclosures of consolidated financial statements of the Group.

### Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7 Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments

The amendments include requirements on classification of financial assets with environmental, social or governance (ESG) targets and similar features; settlement of financial liabilities through electronic payment systems; and disclosures regarding investments in equity instruments designed at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial instruments with contingent feature.

The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026. Early adoption is permitted, with an option to early adopt the amendments for contingent feature only. The directors are currently assessing the impact of these amendments.

#### 2. 應用新訂香港財務報告準則(「香港 財務報告準則」)及其修訂本(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂香港 財務報告準則(續)

### 香港財務報告準則第18號一呈列及披露財務報表(續)

香港財務報告準則第18號及其他香港財務報告 準則會計準則之後續修訂本將於2027年1月1日 或之後開始之年度期間生效,並允許提前應用。

預期應用香港財務報告準則第18號將不會對本 集團的財務狀況造成重大影響。本公司董事正 在評估香港財務報告準則第18號的影響,惟尚 未能表明採納該準則是否會對本集團綜合財務 報表的呈列及披露產生重大影響。

#### 香港財務報告準則第9號及香港財務報告準則 第7號之修訂本金融工具分類及計量之修訂

該修訂本包括具有環境、社會及管治目標及類似特徵的金融資產的分類;透過電子支付系統結算金融負債;及有關指定按公平價值計入其他全面收益的權益工具投資及具有或然特徵的金融工具的披露。

該等修訂本於2026年1月1日或之後開始的年度 期間生效,並允許提前應用,且可選擇僅提前採 納針對或然特徵的修訂。董事目前正在評估該 修訂本的影響。

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

#### 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### (a) Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable HKFRSs. Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "HKFRSs") and the provisions of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules").

#### (b) Basis of measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis at the end of each reporting period.

#### (c) Functional and presentation currency

The consolidated financial statements are presented in HK\$, which is the same as the functional currency of the Company.

#### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

#### (a) Business combination and basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group"). Inter-company transactions and balances between group companies together with unrealised profits are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of impairment on the asset transferred, in which case the loss is recognised in profit or loss.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the dates of acquisition or up to the dates of disposal, as appropriate. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by other members of the Group.

Subsequent to acquisition, the carrying amount of non-controlling interests that represent present ownership interests in the subsidiary is the amount of those interests at initial recognition plus such non-controlling interest's share of subsequent changes in equity. Total comprehensive income is attributed to such non-controlling interests even if this results in those non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

#### 3. 編製基準

#### (a) 遵例聲明

綜合財務報表乃按照所有適用之香港財務報告 準則、香港會計準則(「香港會計準則」)及詮釋 (以下統稱「香港財務報告準則」) 以及香港公司 條例之條文而編製。此外,綜合財務報表包括香 港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規 則1) 所規定之適用披露資料。

#### (b) 計量基準

綜合財務報表乃於各報告期終按歷史成本基準 編製。

#### (c) 功能及呈列貨幣

綜合財務報表以港元呈列,亦為本公司之功能 貨幣。

#### 4. 重要會計政策資料

#### (a) 業務合併及綜合基準

綜合財務報表包含本公司以及本公司及其附屬 公司(「本集團」)控制實體的財務報表。集團公 司之間內部公司交易及結餘以及未變現之盈利 已於編製綜合財務報表時悉數對銷。未變現虧 損亦已作對銷,除非是項交易提供所轉讓資產 之減值證據,則在損益內確認虧損。

是年度收購或出售的附屬公司的業績已根據其 收購或截至出售日期(如適用)包括在綜合損益 及其他全面收益表內。如有需要,附屬公司的財 務報表會作出調整,使其會計政策與本集團其 他成員公司所採用者一致。

於收購後,代表於附屬公司的現有擁有權權益 的非控股權益的賬面值指該等權益於初步確 認的金額加上該非控股權益應佔權益之其後變 動。即使導致該等非控股權益結餘出現虧絀,全 面收益總值亦歸屬於該等非控股權益。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

## **4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION** (continued)

#### (b) Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an investee over which the Company is able to exercise control. The Company controls an investee if all three of the following elements are present: (i) power over the investee, (ii) exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and (iii) the ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of the Group's returns. Control is reassessed whenever facts and circumstances indicate that there may be a change in any of these elements of control.

In the Company's statement of financial position, investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less impairment loss, if any. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

#### (c) Associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor a joint arrangement. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but not control or joint control over those policies.

The results and assets and liabilities of an associate are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method whereby they are initially recognised at cost and thereafter, their carrying amount are adjusted for the Group's share of the post-acquisition change in the associates' net assets except that losses in excess of the Group's interest in the associate are not recognised unless there is an obligation to make good those losses.

Profits and losses arising on transactions between the Group and its associates are recognised only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate. The investor's share in the associate's profits and losses resulting from these transactions is eliminated against the carrying value of the associate. Where unrealised losses provide evidence of impairment of the asset transferred, they are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Any premium paid for an associate above the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired is capitalised and included in the carrying amount of the associate. Where there is objective evidence that the investment in an associate has been impaired, the carrying amount of the investment is tested for impairment in the same way as other non-financial assets.

#### 4. 重要會計政策資料(續)

#### (b) 附屬公司

附屬公司為本公司可以對其行使控制權的被投資方。倘以下三種因素全部出現時,本公司即控制一名被投資方:(i)有權控制被投資方、(ii)因參與其業務而承擔或享有來自被投資方可變回報的風險或權利,及(iii)利用其對被投資方的權力影響本集團回報金額的能力。當有事實及情況顯示任何該等控制因素可能出現變動時,將會重新評估控制權。

於本公司的財務狀況表內,於附屬公司的投資 乃按成本扣除減值損失(如有)入賬。附屬公司 的業績由本公司按已收及應收的股息基準入 賬。

#### (c) 聯營公司

聯營公司指本集團能對其有重大影響力,且並 非附屬公司或合營安排之實體。重大影響力指 可參與被投資方之財務及營運政策之決策而非 控制或共同控制該等政策之權力。

聯營公司的業績、資產及負債乃採取權益法計入該等綜合財務報表,據此,聯營公司初始以成本確認,其後,其賬面值根據本集團在收購後分佔聯營公司資產淨值的變動進行調整,惟超過本集團在聯營公司中的權益的虧損則不會確認,除非有義務填補有關虧損,則作別論。

本集團與其聯營公司之間的交易所產生的損益 會予以確認,惟僅限於無關連投資者在聯營公 司之權益。投資者應佔因該等交易而產生的有 關聯營公司損益與聯營公司的賬面值對銷。倘 未變現虧損提供所轉讓資產之減值證據,則立 即於損益內確認。

任何收購聯營公司之成本超過本集團應佔所收購的可識別資產、負債及或然負債的公平價值的部分會予以資本化,並計入聯營公司的賬面值。倘有客觀證據顯示於聯營公司之投資已經減值,則投資的賬面值會以與其他非金融資產相同的方式進行減值測試。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註 (續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

## 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

#### (d) Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held either to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or for both, but not held for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes.

Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any. Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of investment properties net of expected residual value over the estimated useful live using straight-line method. The useful life, residual value and depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

If an item of property, plant and equipment becomes an investment property when there is a change in use, as supported by observable evidence, any difference between the carrying amount and the fair value of that item at the date of transfer is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in properties revaluation reserve. The properties revaluation reserve in respect of that item will be transferred directly to retained earnings when it is recognised.

#### (e) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment including buildings held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes (other than construction in progress and freehold land) are stated at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

The cost of property, plant and equipment includes its purchase price and the costs directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

#### 4. 重要會計政策資料(續)

#### (d) 投資物業

投資物業為持作賺取租金或資本增值或兩者兼 有,而非於日常業務過程中持作出售、用於生產 或提供貨物或服務,或作行政用途的物業。

投資物業初步以成本(包括任何直接應佔開支) 計量。於初步確認後,投資物業以成本減往後累 計折舊及往後累計減值損失(如有)列賬。投資 物業之折舊乃按其估計可使用年期經扣減其預 期剩餘價值後,以直線法撇銷其成本。可使用年 期、剩餘價值及折舊方法於各報告期終進行檢 討並於適當情況下作出調整。

如物業、機器及設備項目在用途發生變化時成 為投資物業,並且在可觀察證據的支持下,該項 目於轉讓日期之賬面值與公平價值之間之任何 差額在其他全面收益中予以確認,並於物業重 估儲備中累計。該項目之物業重估儲備將於確 認時直接轉撥至滾存盈利。

#### (e) 物業、機器及設備

物業、機器及設備包括持作生產或供應貨物或 提供服務或行政用途的建築物(惟在建工程及 永久持有的土地除外),以成本扣減往後累計折 舊及累計減值損失(如有)後列賬。

物業、機器及設備的成本包括其購買價及收購該等項目直接應佔之成本。

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## **4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION** (continued)

#### (e) Property, plant and equipment (continued)

#### Ownership interests in leasehold land and buildings

When the Group makes payments for ownership interests of properties which includes both leasehold land and building elements, the entire consideration is allocated between the leasehold land and the buildings elements in proportion to the relative fair values at initial recognition. To the extent the allocation of the relevant payments can be made reliably, interest in leasehold land is presented as "right-of-use assets" in the consolidated statement of financial position. When the consideration cannot be allocated reliably between non-lease building element and undivided interest in the underlying leasehold land, the entire properties are classified as property plant and equipment.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised as an expense in profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Property, plant and equipment (other than construction in progress and freehold land) are depreciated so as to write off their cost net of expected residual value over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The useful lives, residual value and depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. The useful lives are as follows:

Freehold land Nil

Leasehold land and buildings Shorter of 20-50 years or period of

the lease term

Furniture, fixtures and equipment 3-10 years
Plant and machinery 5-10 years
Motor vehicles 3 ½ - 5 years

Construction in progress Nil

Freehold land is carried at cost less any recognised impairment loss.

#### 4. 重要會計政策資料(續)

#### (e) 物業、機器及設備(續)

#### 於租賃土地及建築物之所有權權益

當本集團就物業之所有權權益(包括租賃土地 及建築物部分)作出付款時,則對價按於初步確 認時的相對公平價比例,於租賃土地及建築物 部分之間悉數分配。倘相關付款分配能可靠計 量時,租賃土地權益於綜合財務狀況表中呈列為 「使用權資產」。當對價無法在相關租賃土地的 非租賃建築物部分及未分配權益之間可靠分配 時,則整項物業分類為物業、機器及設備。

僅當項目相關之未來經濟利益可能會流入本集團,而且能夠可靠地計算該項目之成本時,其後成本方會計入資產之賬面值或確認為一項獨立資產(如適宜)。被取代部分之賬面值將終止確認。所有其他維修及保養在其產生之財政期間於損益賬內確認為開支。

除在建工程及永久持有的土地外,物業、機器及 設備乃按估計可使用年期經扣減其預期剩餘價 值後,以直線法撇銷其成本。可使用年期、剩餘 價值及折舊方法於各報告期終進行檢討並於適 當情況下作出調整。可使用年期載列如下:

永久持有的土地 無

租賃土地及建築物 20 - 50年或租賃年期

(以較短者為準)

傢俬、裝置及設備3 - 10年廠房及機器5 - 10年車輛3 ½ - 5年

在建工程無

永久持有的土地乃按成本扣減任何已確認減值 損失列賬。

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註 (續)

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## 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

#### (e) Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Construction in progress is stated at cost less impairment losses. Costs include any costs directly attributable to bring the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management, including cost of testing whether the related assets are functioning properly and, for qualifying assets, borrowing costs capitalised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy. Sale proceeds of items that are produced while bringing an item of property, plant and equipment to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management (such as samples produced when testing whether the asset is functioning properly), and the related costs of producing those items are recognised in the profit or loss. No depreciation is provided for in respect of construction in progress until it is completed and ready for its intended use.

An asset is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if its carrying amount is higher than the asset's estimated recoverable amount.

The gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sale proceeds and its carrying amount, and is recognised in profit or loss on disposal.

#### (f) Leasing

#### The Group as a lessee

All leases are required to be capitalised in the consolidated statement of financial position as right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, but accounting policy choices exist for an entity to choose not to capitalise (i) leases which are short-term leases and/or (ii) leases for which the underlying asset is of low value. The Group has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for low-value assets and leases for which at the commencement date have a lease term of less than 12 months. The lease payments associated with those leases have been expensed on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### Right-of-use asset

The right-of-use asset should be recognised at cost and would comprise:

- the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability (see below for the accounting policy to account for lease liability);
- (ii) any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received:
- (iii) any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee; and

#### 4. 重要會計政策資料(續)

#### (e) 物業、機器及設備(續)

在建工程以成本扣減減值損失列賬。成本包括 資產達到能夠按照管理層擬定的方式開展經營 所必要的位置及條件而應佔之任何直接成本, 包括測試相關資產是否可正常運行的成本,及 對合資格資產按照本集團的會計政策進行實 化之借貸成本。為使資產達到能夠按照管理層 擬定的方式開展經營所必要的位置及條件而生 產的項目(例如當測試資產是否可正常運行時 所生產之樣品)之出售所得款項及生產該等項 目的相關成本於損益內確認。在建工程於完成 及可按擬定用途使用前不作折舊撥備。

倘資產的賬面值高於其估計可收回金額,則會即時撇減至其可收回金額。

處置一項物業、機器及設備產生的收益或虧損 為銷售所得款項淨額與其賬面值的差額,並於 處置時於損益賬內確認。

#### (f) 租賃

#### 本集團作為承租人

所有租賃均須於綜合財務狀況表內資本化為使用權資產及租賃負債,惟會計政策選擇可供實體選擇不將(i)屬短期租賃之租賃及/或(ii)相關資產為低價值之租賃進行資本化。本集團已選擇不就低價值資產及租賃期限於開始日期少於12個月之租賃確認為使用權資產及租賃負債。與該等租賃相關之租賃付款已於租賃期限內按直線法攤銷。

#### 使用權資產

使用權資產應按成本確認,並包括:

- (i) 租賃負債之初始計量金額(見下文將租賃 負債入賬之會計政策);
- (ii) 於開始日或之前支付之任何租賃付款,扣 減任何已收取之租賃優惠;
- (iii) 承租人產生之任何初始直接成本;及

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### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

#### (f) Leasing (continued)

#### The Group as a lessee (continued)

Right-of-use asset (continued)

(iv) an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories.

The Group measures the right-of-use assets applying a cost model. Under the cost model, the Group measures the right-of-use assets at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liability.

The Group has leased a number of properties under tenancy agreements which the Group exercises its judgement and determines that it is a separate class of assets apart from the leasehold land and buildings which is held for own use. As a result, the right-of-use assets arising from the properties under tenancy agreements are carried at depreciated cost.

#### Lease liability

The lease liability is recognised at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the date of commencement of the lease. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses the Group's incremental borrowing rate.

The following payments for the right to use the underlying asset during the lease term that are not paid at the commencement date of the lease are considered to be lease payments:

- (i) fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable;
- (ii) variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- (iii) amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees;
- (iv) the exercise price of a purchase option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- (v) payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising an option to terminate the lease.

Subsequent to the commencement date, the Group measures the lease liability by:

- (i) increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability;
- (ii) reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made; and
- (iii) remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modification, or to reflect revised in-substance fixed lease payments.

#### 4. 重要會計政策資料(續)

#### (f) 租賃(續)

#### 本集團作為承租人(續)

#### 使用權資產(續)

(iv) 承租人於拆除及移除相關資產以恢復至租 賃條款及約定狀態而預計將予產生之成 本,除非該等成本乃因生產存貨而產生。

本集團採用成本模式計量使用權資產。根據成本模式,本集團按成本減任何累計折舊及任何減值損失計量使用權資產,並就任何重新計量之租賃負債進行調整。

本集團根據租賃協議租賃多項物業,本集團對 其行使判斷及釐定其是否有別於持作自用租賃 土地及建築物之另一資產類別。因此,租賃協 議項下物業產生之使用權資產乃以折舊成本列 值。

#### 租賃負債

於租賃開始日租賃負債按照尚未支付之租賃付款之現值確認。倘該利率可輕易釐定,則租賃付款採用租賃隱含之利率貼現。倘該利率無法輕易釐定,則本集團使用本集團之增量借貸利率。

於租賃期限內,在租賃開始日尚未支付之相關 資產使用權之以下付款均被視為租賃付款:

- (i) 固定付款減任何應收租賃優惠;
- (ii) 取決於指數或利率之可變租賃付款(初始 使用於開始日之指數或利率計量);
- (iii) 承租人根據擔保剩餘價值預計應付之金 額:
- (iv) 購買選擇權之行使價格(倘承租人合理確 定將行使該選擇權);及
- (v) 終止租賃之罰金付款(倘租賃期限反映承租人行使終止租賃之選擇權)。

於開始日後,本集團計量租賃負債是以:

- (i) 增加賬面值以反映租賃負債之利息;
- (ii) 減少賬面值以反映作出之租賃付款;及
- (iii) 重新計量賬面值以反映任何重估或租賃修 訂,或反映實際修訂之固定租賃付款。

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註 (續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

## 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

#### (f) Leasing (continued)

#### The Group as a lessee (continued)

Lease liability (continued)

When the Group revises its estimate of the term of any lease (because, for example, it re-assesses the probability of a lessee extension or termination option being exercised), it adjusts the carrying amount of the lease liability to reflect the payments to make over the revised term, which are discounted using a revised discount rate. The carrying value of lease liabilities is similarly revised when the variable element of future lease payments dependent on a rate or index is revised, except the discount rate remains unchanged. In both cases, an equivalent adjustment is made to the carrying value of the right-of-use asset, with the revised carrying amount being amortised over the remaining (revised) lease term. If the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is adjusted to zero, any further reduction is recognised in profit or loss.

When the Group renegotiates the contractual terms of a lease with the lessor, if the renegotiation results in one or more additional assets being leased for an amount commensurate with the standalone price for the additional rights-of-use obtained, the modification is accounted for as a separate lease, in all other cases, where the renegotiated increases the scope of the lease (whether that is an extension to the lease term, or one or more additional assets being leased), the lease liability is remeasured using the discount rate applicable on the modification date, with the right-of-use asset being adjusted by the same amount. The lease liability is then further adjusted to ensure its carrying amount reflects the amount of the renegotiated payments over the renegotiated term, with the modified lease payments discounted at the rate applicable on the modification date and the right-of-use asset is adjusted by the same amount.

#### The Group as a lessor

The Group has leased out its investment properties to a number of tenants. Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Any changes in the scope of the consideration for a lease that was not part of the original terms and conditions of the lease are accounted for as lease modifications. The Group accounts for a modification to an operating lease as a new lease from the effective date of the modification, recognising the remaining lease payments as income on a either a straight-line basis or another systematic basis over the remaining lease term.

#### 4. 重要會計政策資料(續)

#### (f) 租賃(續)

#### 本集團作為承租人(續)

租賃負債(續)

於本集團修訂其任何租賃期限的估計時(例如, 重新評估承租人延期或行使終止選擇權的可能 性),其調整租賃負債的賬面值以反映將於經修 訂期限作出之付款,其使用經修訂貼現率進行 貼現。當修訂取決於利率或指數的未來租賃付 款可變部分時,除非貼現率保持不變,否則將對 租賃負債的賬面值作出相同修訂。於兩種情況 下,均會對使用權資產的賬面值進行同等調整, 並於剩餘(經修訂)租賃期限內攤銷經修訂賬面 值。倘使用權資產的賬面值調整至零,則任何進 一步減少於損益賬內確認。

於本集團與出租人重新磋商租賃合約條款時,倘重新磋商導致以與所獲得額外使用權的獨立 價格相稱的金額租賃一項或多項額外資產,則 該修訂以單獨租賃入賬,而於所有其他情況下, 倘重新磋商擴大租賃範圍(無論為延長租赁犯 民或租賃一項或多項額外資產),則於修訂日期 使用適用貼現率重新計量租賃負債,並對使用 權資產作出相同金額調整。之後進一步調整租 賃負債,以確保其賬面值反映於經重新磋商用 限內之經重新磋商付款金額,而經修訂租賃付 款於修訂日期按適用比率貼現及使用權資產以 相同金額進行調整。

#### 本集團作為出租人

本集團已出租其投資物業予若干租戶。營運租 賃的租金收入乃按有關租賃期限以直線法於損 益賬內確認。磋商及安排營運租賃產生的初步 直接成本會加入該租賃資產的賬面值內並按租 賃期限以直線法確認為開支。

並非原租賃條款及條件的一部分的租賃代價範圍的任何變動入賬列作租賃修訂。本集團自修訂生效日期起將營運租賃之修訂入賬列作新租賃,並於剩餘租賃期限內以直線法或其他系統性方式將剩餘租賃付款確認為收入。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

## 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

#### (g) Inventories

Inventories are initially recognised at cost, and subsequently at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is calculated using the first-in first-out method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

#### (h) Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

#### (i) Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are initially recognised at cost. Subsequently, intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Amortisation is provided on a straight-line basis over their useful lives as follows. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are carried at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The amortisation expense is recognised in profit or loss and included in administrative expenses.

Software

Shorter of 5-10 years or period of the contract term

#### (ii) Impairment

Intangible assets with finite lives are tested for impairment when there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment annually, irrespective of whether there is any indication that they may be impaired. Intangible assets are tested for impairment by comparing their carrying amounts with their recoverable amounts (see note 4(m)).

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount; however, the carrying amount should not be increased above the lower of its recoverable amount and the carrying amount that would have resulted had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. All reversals are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income immediately.

#### 4. 重要會計政策資料(續)

#### (g) 存貨

存貨初始按成本確認,其後按成本及可變現淨值的較低者確認。成本包括所有採購成本、轉換成本及將存貨達致其目前地點及狀況所產生的其他成本。成本以先進先出基準計算。可變現淨值指日常業務過程中的估計售價減去完工估計成本及作出銷售所需的成本。

#### (h) 無形資產(商譽除外)

#### (i) 無形資產

獨立收購的無形資產初步按成本確認。其後,確定可使用年期之無形資產會按成本扣減累計攤銷及累計減值損失列賬。

攤銷乃以直線法按以下可使用年期計提撥備。 不確定可使用年期之無形資產會按成本扣減任 何累計減值損失列賬。攤銷費用於損益賬內確 認及計入行政費用。

軟件 5-10年或合約年期(以較短者為準)

#### (ii) 減值

確定年期之無形資產於資產可能出現減值之跡象時進行減值測試。不確定可使用年期之無形資產及尚未可供使用之無形資產不論是否可能出現任何減值之跡象,均會於每年進行減值測試。無形資產之減值測試為比較其賬面值與其可收回金額(見附註4(m))。

倘估計資產之可收回金額低於其賬面值,則資產之賬面值減至其可收回金額。減值損失即時確認為開支。

倘減值損失於其後撥回,資產賬面值將增加至 其經修訂之估計可收回金額;然而,賬面值不應 增加至超過其可收回金額及於過往年度並無就 資產確認減值損失的情況下原賬面值(以較低 者為準)。全部撥回於綜合損益及其他全面收益 表內即時確認。

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註 (續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

# 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

#### (i) Financial instruments

#### (i) Financial assets

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component) is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the market place.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

Financial assets at amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate method. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Any gains or losses on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.

#### (ii) Impairment loss on financial assets

The Group recognises loss allowances for expected credit loss ("ECL") on trade and bills receivables, other receivables and other financial assets measured at amortised cost. The ECLs are measured on either of the following bases: (1) 12-month ECLs: these are the ECLs that result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date; and (2) lifetime ECLs: these are ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive. The shortfall is then discounted at an approximation to the assets' original effective interest rate.

#### 4. 重要會計政策資料(續)

#### (i) 金融工具

#### (i) 金融資產

金融資產(除非是並無重大融資部分的營業應收款項)首次按公平價值加上收購或發行金融資產(並非按公平價值計入損益的金融資產)直接應佔的交易成本計量。並無重大融資部分的營業應收款項首次按交易價格計量。

以常規方式購買及出售的金融資產,均按交易 日期(即本集團承諾購買或出售相關資產的日期)進行確認。以常規方式購買及出售是指要求 在相關市場中的規則或慣例通常約定的時間內 交付資產的金融資產買賣。

於釐定內含衍生金融工具的金融資產的現金流量是否屬於僅支付本金及利息時,將全盤考慮內含衍生金融工具的金融資產。

按攤銷成本計量的金融資產:就持作收回合約 現金流量的資產而言,倘有關資產的現金流量 為僅支付本金及利息,則按攤銷成本計量。按攤 銷成本計量的金融資產其後使用實際利率法計量。利息收入、外幣匯兌收益及虧損以及減值於 損益賬內確認。終止確認的任何收益或虧損於 損益賬內確認。

#### (ii) 金融資產之減值損失

本集團就營業及票據應收款項、其他應收款項 及按攤銷成本計量的其他金融資產確認預期信 貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)虧損撥備。預期信貸 虧損按以下其中一項基準計量:(1)12個月內發生 期信貸虧損:其為於報告日期後12個月內發生 的潛在違約事件導致的預期信貸虧損;及(2)年 限內預期信貸虧損:此乃於金融工具預計年期 內所有可能由違約事件產生的預期信貸虧損。 估計預期信貸虧損時所考慮的最長期間為本集 團面對信貸風險的最長合約期間。

預期信貸虧損為信貸虧損的概率加權估計。信 貸虧損乃按本集團根據合約應收的所有合約現 金流量與本集團預期收取的所有現金流量之間 的差額計量。該差額其後按貼近資產原有實際 利率貼現。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

## 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

#### (i) Financial instruments (continued)

#### (ii) Impairment loss on financial assets (continued)

The Group has elected to measure loss allowances for trade and bills receivables using HKFRS 9 simplified approach and has calculated ECLs based on lifetime ECLs. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

For other financial assets of the Group, the ECLs are based on the 12-month ECLs. However, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the allowance will be based on the lifetime ECLs.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECL, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

The Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 30 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrate otherwise.

Despite the foregoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on a debt instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the debt instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date. A debt instrument is determined to have low credit risk if i) the debt instrument has a low risk of default, ii) the debtor has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term, and iii) adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations. The Group considers a debt instrument to have low credit risk when the asset has external credit rating of 'investment grade' in accordance with the globally understood definition or if an external rating is not available, the asset has an internal rating of performing'. Performing means that the counterparty has a strong financial position and there is no past due amounts.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

#### 4. 重要會計政策資料(續)

#### (i) 金融工具(續)

#### (ii) 金融資產之減值損失(續)

本集團已選用香港財務報告準則第9號簡化法以計量營業及票據應收款項的虧損撥備,並已根據年限內預期信貸虧損計算預期信貸虧損。本集團已設立根據本集團過往信貸虧損經驗計算的撥備矩陣,並按債務人特定的前瞻性因素及經濟環境予以調整。

就本集團之其他金融資產而言,預期信貸虧損 乃以12個月預期信貸虧損為基準。然而,當信貸 風險自開始以來大幅增加時,撥備將以年限內 預期信貸虧損為基準。

於釐定金融資產之信貸風險自初步確認後有否 大幅增加及於估計預期信貸虧損時,本集團會 考慮相關及無須付出過多成本或努力即可獲得 之合理及可靠資料。此包括根據本集團之過往 經驗及已知信貸評估得出之量化及質化資料及 分析,並包括前瞻性資料。

本集團假設,倘金融資產逾期超過30日,其信貸 風險已大幅增加,除非本集團有合理及可靠資 料證明並非如此。

本集團定期監控識別信貸風險是否出現顯著增加所用標準的有效性,並對其作出適當修訂以確保在款項逾期前有關標準能識別信貸風險的顯著增加。

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

#### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

#### Financial instruments (continued)

#### (ii) Impairment loss on financial assets (continued)

The Group considers a financial asset to be credit-impaired when: (1) the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full, without recourse by the Group to actions such as realising security (if any is held); or (2) the financial asset is more than 365 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information demonstrate that aware lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

Depending on the nature of the financial instruments, the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk is performed on either an individual or a collective basis. When the assessment is performed on a collective basis, the financial instruments are grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics, such as past due status and credit risk ratings.

The Group considers a financial asset to be credit-impaired when:

- significant financial difficulty of the debtor;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;
- it is becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation: or
- the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, e.g. when the debtor has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, whichever occurs sooner. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. Any recoveries made are recognised in profit or loss.

Interest income on credit-impaired financial assets is calculated based on the amortised cost (i.e. the gross carrying amount less loss allowance) of the financial asset. Interest income on non credit-impaired financial assets is calculated based on the gross carrying amount.

#### 4. 重要會計政策資料(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

#### (ii) 金融資產之減值損失(續)

本集團認為金融資產於下列情況下為信貸減 值:(1)借款人不大可能在本集團無追索權採取 行動(例如:變現抵押)(如持有)的情況下向本 集團悉數支付其信貸義務;或(2)該金融資產逾 期超過365日,除非本集團有合理及可靠資料證 明按意識滯後違約標準處理更為恰當。

根據金融工具的性質,對信貸風險顯著增加的 評估乃按個別或共同基準開展。按共同基準開 展評估時,金融工具根據共有的信貸風險特徵 (如逾期狀況及信貸風險評級) 進行分組。

本集團認為金融資產於下列情況下為信貸減 值:

- 債務人出現嚴重財務困難;
- 違反合約,例如拖欠或逾期事件;
- 借款人的貸款人因有關借款人財務困難的 經濟或合約理由而向借款人授出貸款人原 本不予考慮的優惠;
- 債務人可能將會進入破產或其他財務重
- 因出現財務困難導致證券失去活躍市場。

本集團於損益賬內確認所有金融工具之減值收 益或虧損,並透過虧損撥備賬調整相應賬面值。

當有資料顯示債務人有嚴重財政困難且無實際 收回前景時(例如當債務人已開展清盤或進入 破產程序時(以較早發生者為準)),本集團會撇 銷金融資產。經考慮適當法律意見後,本集團仍 可能根據追討程序對撇銷的金融資產進行強制 執行活動。任何收回款項均在損益賬內確認。

信貸減值金融資產的利息收入按金融資產的攤 銷成本(即總賬面值減虧損撥備)計算。非信貸 減值金融資產的利息收入按總賬面值計算。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

## 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

#### (i) Financial instruments (continued)

#### (iii) Financial liabilities

The Group classifies its financial liabilities, depending on the purpose for which the liabilities were incurred. Financial liabilities at amortised costs are initially measured at fair value, net of directly attributable costs incurred.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost including trade and bills payables, other payables, amounts due to non-controlling shareholders/an associate and bank borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method. The related interest expense is recognised in profit or loss.

Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the amortisation process.

#### (iv) Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts or payments through the expected life of the financial asset or liability, or where appropriate, a shorter period.

#### (v) Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

#### (vi) Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the future cash flows in relation to the financial asset expire or when the financial asset has been transferred and the transfer meets the criteria for derecognition in accordance with HKFRS 9.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

#### (j) Cash and cash equivalents

In the consolidated statement of financial position, bank balances and cash comprise cash (i.e. cash on hand and demand deposits) and cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are short-term (generally with original maturity of three months or less), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather for investment or other purposes.

#### 4. 重要會計政策資料(續)

#### (i) 金融工具(續)

#### (iii) 金融負債

本集團視乎負債產生的目的將其金融負債分類。按攤銷成本計量的金融負債初步以公平價值,扣除所產生的直接應佔成本後計算。

按攤銷成本計量的金融負債包括營業及票據應付款項、其他應付款項、欠非控股股東/一間聯營公司款項及銀行借貸,其後乃按實際利率法以攤銷成本計量。有關利息費用於損益賬內確認。

收益或虧損於終止確認負債時透過攤銷程序於 損益賬內確認。

#### (iv) 實際利率法

實際利率法是一種計算金融資產或金融負債的 攤銷成本以及按有關期間攤分利息收入或利息 費用的方法。實際利率是透過金融資產或金融 負債的預期年期或(如適用)更短期間估計未來 現金收入或付款準確貼現的利率。

#### (v) 權益工具

本公司發行的權益工具乃以所收款項,扣除直接發行成本後記賬。

#### (vi) 終止確認

本集團於與金融資產有關之未來現金流量合約權利屆滿,或此類金融資產已轉讓且該轉讓根據香港財務報告準則第9號符合終止確認標準時,終止確認金融資產。

當有關合約所訂明責任已告解除、註銷或屆滿時,金融負債將被終止確認。

#### (j) 現金及等同現金項目

於綜合財務狀況表內,銀行結餘及現金包括現金 (即手頭現金及活期存款)及等同現金項目。等 同現金項目為短期(通常原到期日為三個月或 更短)、可隨時轉換為已知數額現金且價值變動 風險不大的高流動性投資。等同現金項目持作 滿足短期現金承擔,而非用於投資或其他目的。

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註 (續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

## 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

#### (j) Cash and cash equivalents (continued)

Bank balances for which use by the Group is subject to third party contractual restriction are included as part of cash unless the restrictions result in a bank balance no longer meeting the definition of cash. Contractual restriction affecting use of bank balances are disclosed in note 22.

For the purpose of the consolidated statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise short-term bank deposits, bank balances and cash which are not restricted as to use.

#### (k) Government grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Government grants related to depreciable assets are recognised as deferred income in the consolidated statement of financial position and transferred to profit or loss over the useful lives of the related assets.

Governments grants related to income that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

#### (I) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, which it is probable will result in an outflow of economic benefits that can be reliably estimated.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, the existence of which will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

#### 4. 重要會計政策資料(續)

#### (j) 現金及等同現金項目(續)

本集團根據第三方合約限制使用的銀行結餘作為部分現金入賬,除非有關限制導致銀行結餘不再符合現金的定義。對銀行結餘的使用產生影響的合約限制於附註22中披露。

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及等同現金項目 包括短期銀行存款、銀行結餘及現金,其用途不 受限制。

#### (k) 政府補貼

除非能合理確定本集團將符合補貼所附帶之條件及將獲發有關補貼,否則政府補貼不予確認。

政府補貼於本集團確認有關成本為開支的期間內,有系統地於損益賬內確認,該補貼擬用於補償相關成本。與折舊資產有關的政府補貼於綜合財務狀況表確認為遞延收入,並按相關資產的可使用年期撥入損益。

作為已產生開支或虧損的賠償或為向本集團提 供直接財務支援而應收取且並無未來相關成本 的與收入有關的政府補貼於其成為應收款項期 間於損益賬內確認。

#### (I) 撥備及或然負債

倘本集團因過往事件而承擔法律或推定責任, 而有可能將導致經濟利益外流及能夠可靠估計 時,則會為未確定時間或金額之負債確認撥備。

倘經濟利益需要外流的可能性不大,或不能對 有關金額作出可靠估計時,則有關責任會作為 或然負債披露,惟經濟利益外流之可能性極低 則作別論。僅以發生或未發生一項或多項未來 事件方可確定是否存在的可能責任,亦會披露 為或然負債,惟經濟利益外流之可能性極低則 作別論。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

# **4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION** (continued)

#### (m) Impairment of assets (other than financial assets)

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of the following assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss or an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exist or may have decreased:

- investment properties;
- property, plant and equipment;
- right-of-use assets;
- other intangible assets; and
- interest in an associate.

The recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, and intangible assets are estimated individually. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating unit, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or cash generating unit for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount (i.e. the greater of the fair value less costs of disposal and value in use) of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount under another HKFRS, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase under that HKFRS.

#### 4. 重要會計政策資料(續)

#### (m) 資產減值(金融資產除外)

於報告期終,本集團會檢討以下資產的賬面值, 以判斷是否有任何跡象顯示該等資產出現減值 損失,或過往確認的減值損失是否不再存在或 已經減少:

- 投資物業;
- 物業、機器及設備;
- 使用權資產;
- 其他無形資產;及
- 於一間聯營公司的權益。

物業、機器及設備、使用權資產及無形資產的可收回金額將個別作出估計。倘無法估計個別資產的可收回金額,則本集團會估計該資產所屬現金產生單位的可收回金額。倘可確定合理貫徹的分配基準,公司資產亦會分配至個別現金產生單位,否則將分配至可確定合理貫徹分配基準的最小現金產生單位組別。

可收回金額為公平價值減出售成本與使用價值 中的較高者。使用價值乃基於預計來自資產的 預計未來現金流量採用反映當前市場對貨幣時 間價值的評估以及預計未來現金流量未作調整 的資產或現金產生單位的特定風險的稅前貼現 率貼現至其現值。

若估計一項資產的可收回金額(即公平價值減 處置成本與使用價值兩者的較高者)低於其賬 面值時,該資產的賬面值會減至其可收回金額。 減值損失即時確認為開支。

倘減值損失其後出現撥回,則該資產的賬面值 可增加至其經修訂的估計可收回金額,惟增加 後的賬面值不得超過該資產於過往年度並未確 認減值損失時的賬面值。此項減值損失撥回會 立即確認為收入,惟有關資產根據另一香港財 務報告準則以重估金額列賬,則減值損失撥回 會根據該香港財務報告準則視為重估增值。

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註 (續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

## 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

#### (n) Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of goods or services is transferred to the customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services, excluding those amounts collected on behalf of third parties. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

Depending on the terms of the contract and the laws that apply to the contract, control of the goods or services may be transferred over time or at a point in time. Control of the goods or services is transferred over time if the Group's performance:

- provides all of the benefits received and consumed simultaneously by the customer;
- creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

If control of the goods or services transfers over time, revenue is recognised over the period of the contract by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of that performance obligation. Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the goods or services.

When the contract contains a financing component which provides the customer a significant benefit of financing the transfer of goods or services to the customer for more than one year, revenue is measured at the present value of the amounts receivable, discounted using the discount rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction between the Group and the customer at contract inception. Where the contract contains a financing component which provides a significant financing benefit to the Group, revenue recognised under that contract includes the interest expense accreted on the contract liability under the effective interest method. For contracts where the period between the payment and the transfer of the promised goods or services is one year or less, the transaction price is not adjusted for the effects of a significant financing component, using the practical expedient in HKFRS 15.

#### 4. 重要會計政策資料(續)

#### (n) 收入確認

客戶合同收入在貨物或服務的控制權轉移予客戶時確認,金額為反映本集團預期就交換該等貨物或服務有權獲得的代價(經扣除代表第三方收取的金額)。收入不包括增值稅或其他銷售稅,並扣除任何貿易折讓。

視乎合約條款及適用於該合約之法律規定,貨物或服務控制權可隨時間轉移或於某一時間點轉移。倘本集團在履約過程中滿足下列條件,貨物或服務控制權屬隨時間轉移:

- 提供的所有利益,客戶同時取得並消耗;
- 創建或提升客戶控制之資產(如本集團履約);或
- 沒有創建對本集團而言有其他用途之資產,而本集團可強制執行其權利收回就累計至今已完成履約部分之款項。

倘貨物或服務之控制權隨時間轉移,收入確認 將按整個合約期間已完成履約責任之進度進 行。否則,收入於客戶獲得貨物或服務控制權之 時間點確認。

當合約包含融資部分,就貨物或服務轉移予客戶而為客戶提供重大利益超過一年時,收入按應收金額的現值計量,使用合約開始時在本集團與客戶之間訂立的獨立融資交易中反映財財。當合約包含為本集團提供重大財務利益的融資部分時,根據合約確認的收入包括根據實際利率法計算的合約負債所附加的利息開支。對於付款與承諾貨物或服務轉移之間的報告準則第15號應用可行權宜方式,交易價格不會就重大融資部分的影響進行調整。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

## 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

#### (n) Revenue recognition (continued)

#### (i) Production and sales of dyed fabrics, yarns and garments

Customers obtain control of the products when the goods are delivered to and have been accepted. Revenue is thus recognised upon when the customers accepted the products. There is generally only one performance obligation. Invoices are usually payable within 60 days.

Some of the Group's contracts with customers from the sale of product provides customers a right of return (a right to exchange another product). These rights of return do not allow the returned goods to be refund in cash. The right of return gives rise to variable consideration. The variable consideration is estimated at contract inception and constrained until the associated uncertainty is subsequently resolved. The application of the constraint on variable consideration increases the amount of revenue that will be deferred.

#### (ii) Other revenue

Rental income under operating lease is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably.

#### (o) Contract assets and contract liabilities

A contract asset represents the Group's right to consideration in exchange for goods that the Group has transferred to a customer that is not yet unconditional. It is assessed for impairment in accordance with HKFRS 9. In contrast, a receivable represents the Group's unconditional right to consideration, i.e. only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due.

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer goods to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer.

### 4. 重要會計政策資料(續)

#### (n) 收入確認(續)

#### (i) 製造及銷售色布、紗及成衣

當貨物已交付且獲接收時,客戶獲得產品的控制權。因此於客戶接收產品時確認收入。合約通常僅有一項履約責任。發票通常須於60日內支付。

本集團與客戶簽訂的部分產品銷售合約提供客戶退貨權(交換另一產品的權利)。該等退貨權不允許退貨的商品以現金退還。退貨權產生可變代價。可變代價乃於合約開始時估計且受約束,直至相關不確定性於其後解除為止。對可變代價應用約束會增加將予遞延的收入金額。

#### (ii) 其他收入

營運租賃的租金收入乃按有關租賃年期以直線 法確認。

金融資產的利息收入乃於經濟效益可能流入本集團,且收入金額能被可靠地計量時予以確認。

#### (o) 合約資產及合約負債

合約資產指本集團對已轉移至客戶的貨物而換取尚未成為無條件的代價的權利,其乃根據香港財務報告準則第9號進行減值評估。相對而言,應收款項指本集團對代價的無條件權利,即支付該代價僅須經過時間流逝方會到期。

合約負債指本集團就本集團已經自客戶收取的 代價(或到期的代價金額)而向該客戶轉移貨物 的責任。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

## 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

#### (o) Contract assets and contract liabilities (continued)

A contract asset is recognised when the Group recognises revenue before being unconditionally entitled to the consideration under the payment terms set out in the contract. Contract assets are assessed for ECL in accordance with the policy set out in note 4(i)(ii) and are reclassified to receivables when the right to the consideration has become unconditional.

A contract liability is recognised when the customer pays consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue. A contract liability would also be recognised if the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue. In such cases, a corresponding receivable would also be recognised.

#### (p) Capitalisation of borrowing costs

Borrowing costs attributable directly to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets which require a substantial period of time to be ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. Income earned on temporary investments of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on those assets is deducted from borrowing costs capitalised. All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

#### (q) Income taxes

Income taxes for the year comprise current tax and deferred tax.

Current tax is based on the profit or loss from ordinary activities adjusted for items that are non-assessable or disallowable for income tax purposes and is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the corresponding amounts used for tax purposes. Except for goodwill and recognised assets and liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profits, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates appropriate to the expected manner in which the carrying amount of the asset or liability is realised or settled and that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period.

#### 4. 重要會計政策資料(續)

#### (o) 合約資產及合約負債(續)

合約資產於本集團根據合約所載的付款條件無條件收取代價前確認收入時確認。合約資產根據附註4(i)(ii)所載的政策評估預期信貸虧損,並於有權無條件收取代價時重新分類為應收款項。

合約負債於本集團確認相關收入前客戶支付代價時確認。倘本集團在確認相關收入前有權無條件收取代價,亦會確認合約負債。於該等情況下亦會確認相應的應收款項。

#### (p) 借貸成本撥作資本

收購、建造或生產合資格資產(即需要大量時間達成其擬定用途或供銷售的資產)直接應佔的借貸成本撥作資本,作為該等資產成本的一部分。該等資產有待支銷的特定借貸臨時投資所賺得的收入,從資本化的借貸成本中扣除。所有其他借貸成本在其產生期間的損益賬內確認。

#### (q) 所得稅

是年度所得稅包括是年度稅項及遞延稅項。

是年度稅項乃根據日常業務之盈利或虧損,就 所得稅而言毋須課稅或不可扣稅之項目作出調 整,按報告期終已頒佈或實際上已頒佈的稅率 計算。

遞延稅項乃就用於財務報告目的之資產及負債的賬面值與用於稅務目的之相應金額之間的暫時差額而確認。除商譽以及不影響會計或應課稅盈利的已確認資產及負債外,會就所有應課稅暫時差額確認遞延稅項負債。遞延稅項實產於有可能動用應課稅盈利抵銷可抵扣暫時差額的情況下確認。遞延稅項乃按預期資產或負債變現或清償資產或負債賬面值的方式以及於報告期終已頒佈或實質上已頒佈的適用稅率計量。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

## 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

#### (q) Income taxes (continued)

An exception to the general requirement on determining the appropriate tax rate used in measuring deferred tax amount is when an investment property is carried at fair value under HKAS 40 "Investment Property". Unless the presumption is rebutted, the deferred tax amounts on these investment properties are measured using the tax rates that would apply on sale of these investment properties at their carrying amounts at the reporting date. The presumption is rebutted when the investment property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all the economic benefits embodied in the property over time, rather than through sale.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and an associate, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for leasing transactions in which the Group recognises the right-of-use assets and the related lease liabilities, the Group first determines whether the tax deductions are attributable to the right-of-use assets or the lease liabilities.

Income taxes are recognised in profit or loss except when they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income in which case the taxes are also recognised in other comprehensive income or when they relate to items recognised directly in equity in which case the taxes are also recognised directly in equity.

### 4. 重要會計政策資料(續)

#### (q) 所得稅(續)

對於計量遞延稅項金額時用於釐定適合稅率的一般規定而言,有一個例外情況,即投資物業是根據香港會計準則第40號「投資物業」而按公平價值列賬。除非該假定被推翻,否則此等投資物業的遞延稅項金額是以出售此等投資物業時所適用的稅率以及按其於報告日期的賬面值商計量。若投資物業是可計提折舊並根據一個商計量式而持有,而該商業模式的目的是隨著時間推移而消耗該物業所體現的絕大部分經濟效益(而不是通過出售)時,該假定即被推翻。

附屬公司及聯營公司的投資產生的應課稅暫時 差額會被確認為遞延稅項負債,惟若本集團可 控制暫時差額的撥回及於可見將來不會將暫時 差額撥回則除外。

倘有合法可強制執行權利將即期稅項資產與即 期稅項負債予以抵銷,且與同一稅務機關所徵 收之所得稅有關,而本集團擬按淨值基準結算 其即期稅項負債及資產,則遞延稅項資產及負 債可予以抵銷。

就本集團確認使用權資產及相關租賃負債之租 賃交易計量遞延稅項而言,本集團首先釐定稅 項扣減是否歸屬於使用權資產或租賃負債。

所得稅乃於損益賬內確認,除非該等稅項與於 其他全面收益或與於權益內直接確認的項目有 關,在此情況下,該等稅項亦分別於其他全面收 益或直接於權益中確認。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

## 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

#### (r) Foreign currencies

Transactions entered into by group entities in currencies other than the currency of the primary economic environment in which they operate (the "functional currency") are recorded at the rates ruling when the transactions occur. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rates ruling at the end of reporting period. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the translation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income, in which case, the exchange differences are also recognised in other comprehensive income.

On consolidation, income and expense items of foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollars) at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the rates approximating to those ruling when the transactions took place are used. All assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated at the rate ruling at the end of reporting period. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity as translation reserve (attributed to minority interests as appropriate). Exchange differences recognised in profit or loss of group entities' separate financial statements on the translation of long-term monetary items forming part of the Group's net investment in the foreign operation concerned are reclassified to other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity as translation reserve.

On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative exchange differences recognised in the translation reserve relating to that operation up to the date of disposal are reclassified to profit or loss as part of the profit or loss on disposal.

### 4. 重要會計政策資料(續)

#### (r) 外幣

集團實體以其經營所在的主要經濟環境貨幣 (「功能貨幣」)以外的貨幣進行的交易乃按交 易發生時的適用匯率入賬。外幣貨幣資產及負 債則以報告期終的適用匯率換算。按公平價值 以外幣列賬的非貨幣項目乃按釐定公平價值當 日的匯率重新換算。按歷史成本以外幣計算的 非貨幣項目毋須重新換算。

於結算及換算貨幣項目時產生的匯兌差額乃於 其產生的期間於損益賬內確認。於重新換算以 公平價值列賬的非貨幣項目時產生的匯兌差額 計入該期間之損益賬內,惟重新換算之非貨幣 項目所產生差額的盈虧是在其他全面收益確認 時,在此情況下,有關匯兌差額亦於其他全面收 益確認。

當處置海外業務時,匯兌儲備內確認該業務截 至處置日期止的累積匯兌差額將重新分類至損 益賬,作為處置盈利或虧損的一部分。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

## 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

#### (s) Employee benefits

#### (i) Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are employee benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly before twelve months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service. Short term employee benefits are recognised in the year when the employees render the related service.

#### (ii) Defined contribution retirement plan

Contributions to defined contribution retirement plans are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when the services are rendered by the employees.

#### (iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised on the earlier of when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when the Group recognises restructuring costs involving the payment of termination benefits.

#### (t) Related parties

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
  - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
  - (iii) is a member of key management personnel of the Group or the Company's parent.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions apply:
  - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
  - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
  - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
  - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
  - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of the employees of the Group or an entity related to the Group.
  - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
  - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
  - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or the Group's parent.

### 4. 重要會計政策資料(續)

#### (s) 僱員福利

#### (i) 短期僱員福利

短期僱員福利是指預計在僱員提供相關服務的年度呈報期末後12個月以內將全數結付的僱員福利(離職福利除外)。短期僱員福利於僱員提供相關服務的年度內確認。

#### (ii) 定額供款退休計劃

向定額供款退休計劃作出的供款,於僱員提供 服務時在損益賬內確認為開支。

#### (iii) 離職福利

離職福利於本集團在不得撤銷提供該等福利時 或本集團確認重組成本(涉及支付離職福利)時 (以較早者為準)確認。

#### (t) 關聯人士

- (a) 倘屬以下人士,則該人士或該人士的近親 與本集團有關聯:
  - (i) 對本集團有控制權或共同控制權;
  - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響力;或
  - (iii) 為本集團或本公司母公司主要管理人 員的成員。
- (b) 倘符合下列任何條件,則該實體與本集團 有關聯:
  - (i) 該實體及本集團屬同一集團(即各母公司、附屬公司及同系附屬公司為互相關聯)。
  - (ii) 一個實體是另一實體的聯營公司或合 營公司(或集團成員公司之聯營公司 或合營公司,而另一實體為該集團成 員公司)。
  - (iii) 兩個實體皆為相同第三方的合營公司。
  - (iv) 一個實體為第三實體之合營公司及另 一實體為該第三實體的聯營公司。
  - (v) 該實體為本集團或與本集團有關聯的 實體的僱員福利而設的離職後福利計 劃。
  - (vi) 該實體受(a)內所識別的人士控制或共同控制。
  - (vii) 於(a)(i)內所識別對實體有重大影響的 人士或是實體(或實體之母公司)主要 管理人員的成員。
  - (viii) 該實體或其所屬集團的任何成員公司 向本集團或本集團的母公司提供主要 管理人員服務。

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## 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

#### Related parties (continued)

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity and include:

- that person's children and spouse or domestic partner;
- children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and (ii)
- dependent of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner.

#### (u) Fair value measurement

When measuring fair value, except for the Group's leasing transactions, net realisable value of inventories and value in use of property, plant and equipment, investment properties and right-of-use assets for the purpose of impairment assessment, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs, Specifically, the Group categorised the fair value measurements into three levels, based on the characteristics of inputs, as follow:

Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.

Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group determines whether transfer occur between levels of the fair value hierarchy for assets and liabilities which are measured at fair value on recurring basis by reviewing their respective fair value measurement.

### 4. 重要會計政策資料(續)

#### 關聯人士(續) (t)

該名人士的近親為可能被預期於與實體進行交 易時影響該名人士或受該名人士影響的該等家 族成員並包括:

- 該名人士的子女及配偶或家庭夥伴; (i)
- 該名人十的配偶或家庭夥伴的子女;及
- 該名人士或該名人士的配偶或家庭夥伴的 家屬。

#### (u) 公平價值計量

在計量公平價值時,除本集團的租賃交易、存貨 的可變現淨值以及用作減值評估的物業、機器 及設備、投資物業及使用權資產的使用價值外, 本集團會計及資產或負債的特徵(若市場參與 者在計量日期對資產或負債定價時會計及該等 特徵)。

非金融資產的公平價值計量會計及市場參與者 將資產用於最高及最佳用途或售予會將資產用 於最高及最佳用途的另一名市場參與者而創造 經濟利益的能力。

本集團使用適用於不同情況的估值方法,而其 有足夠數據計量公平價值,以盡量利用相關可 觀察輸入數據及盡量減少使用不可觀察輸入數 據。具體而言,本集團根據輸入數據的特點將公 平價值計量分為以下三個級別:

第一級 - 相同資產或負債於活躍市場的所報 (未調整)市場價格。

第二級 - 對公平價值計量而言屬重大的最低 層輸入數據可直接或間接觀察的估值方法。 第三級 - 對公平價值計量而言屬重大的最低 層輸入數據不可觀察的估值方法。

於報告期終,就經常按公平價值計量的資產及 負債而言,本集團透過檢討其各自的公平價值 計量來確定公平價值層級的級別之間是否發生 轉移。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

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#### 5. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are as follows:

## Estimated impairment of property, plant and equipment, investment properties and right-of-use assets

The Group assesses whether there are any indicators of impairment for property, plant and equipment, investment properties and right-of-use assets at the end of each reporting period. Property, plant and equipment, investment properties and right-of-use assets are tested for impairment when there are indicators that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. Impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or a CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. When value in use calculations are undertaken, management estimate the expected future cash flows from the asset or CGU and choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. The fair value less costs of disposal were assessed with reference to the market prices of similar assets after considering the conditions of these assets.

As at 31 December 2024, the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment, investment properties and right-of-use assets are approximately HK\$1,175,999,000, HK\$56,692,000 and HK\$191,575,000 respectively (2023: HK\$1,202,956,000, HK\$62,609,000 and HK\$171,364,000 respectively). No impairment loss in respect of property, plant and equipment, investment properties and right-of-use assets for the CGU of its production and sales of dyed fabrics located in the PRC and Hong Kong have been recognised (2023: nil) in profit or loss except for the impairment loss of HK\$15,430,000 (2023: nil) for the idle equipment, plant and machinery.

## Estimated useful lives and residual values of items of property, plant and equipment

In determining the useful lives and residual values of items of property, plant and equipment, the Group has to consider various factors, such as technical or commercial obsolescence arising from changes or improvements in production, or from a change in the market demand for the product or service output of the asset expected usage of the asset, expected physical wear and tear, the care and maintenance of the asset, and legal or similar limits on the use of the asset. The estimation of the useful life of the asset is based on the experience of the Group with similar assets that are used in a similar way. Additional depreciation is made if the estimated useful lives and/or the residual values of items of property, plant and equipment are different from previous estimation. Useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each financial year end date based on changes in circumstances.

As at 31 December 2024, there is no revision of the estimated useful lives and residual values of the items of property, plant and equipment with carrying amount of approximately HK\$1,175,999,000 (2023: HK\$1,202,956,000).

### 5. 估計不確定性的主要來源

於報告期終有極大風險會導致下個財政年度的 資產及負債的賬面值出現重大調整之不確定性 估計的主要來源如下:

## 物業、機器及設備、投資物業以及使用權資產的估計減值

本集團於各報告期終評估物業、機器及設備、 投資物業以及使用權資產是否存在任何減值跡 象。倘有跡象表明可能無法收回賬面值,則對物 業、機器及設備、投資物業以及使用權資產進行 減值測試。倘一項資產或現金產生單位的 值超出其可收回金額(即公平價值減處置 與使用價值兩者的較高者),則存在減值。於或 與使用價值計算時,管理層估計有關資產或現 金產生單位的未來現金流量,並選擇適當貼現 率以便計算該等現金流量的現值。公平價值減 處置成本乃於考慮該等資產的狀況後參考類似 資產的市價進行評估。

於2024年12月31日,物業、機器及設備、投資物業以及使用權資產的賬面值分別約為1,175,999,000港元、56,692,000港元及191,575,000港元(2023年:分別為1,202,956,000港元、62,609,000港元及171,364,000港元)。除了閒置設備、廠房及機器的減值損失15,430,000港元(2023年:零)外,概無位於中國及香港用於製造及銷售色布的現金產生單位的物業、機器及設備、投資物業及使用權資產的減值損失於損益確認(2023年:零)。

#### 物業、機器及設備項目的估計可使用年期及剩 餘價值

在釐定物業、機器及設備項目的可使用年期及 剩餘價值時,本集團須考慮多項因素,例如因 生產變動或改進或市場對有關資產的產品或服 務輸出的需求有所改變而產生的技術性或商 性過時、資產預期用途、預期自然損耗、資產維 修及保養以及使用資產所受到的法律或類似限 制。估計資產的可使用年期時,本集團根據經驗 考慮類似用途的類似資產。倘若物業、機器及與 備項目的估計可使用年期及/或剩餘價值 前估計不同,則增加折舊。可使用年期及無 值於每個財政年度結算日按情況變化檢討。

於2024年12月31日,並無對賬面值約1,175,999,000 港元(2023年:1,202,956,000港元)之物業、機器 及設備項目的估計可使用年期及剩餘價值進行修 訂。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

## 5. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (continued)

#### Estimated impairment of trade and bills receivables

The Group recognises lifetime ECLs for trade and bills receivables, using a provision matrix based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date. The amount of the impairment loss based on ECL model is measured as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition. Where the future cash flows are less than expected, or being revised downward due to changes in facts and circumstances, a material impairment loss may arise.

The economic downturn and uncertainties that have arisen as a result of resurgence of the pandemic and soaring global inflation have made these estimates more judgemental, which the Group has taken into account in its determination of applicable ECLs attributable to trade and bills receivables arising from sales to customers on credit term, including the incorporation of forward-looking information to supplement historical credit loss rate. Further information on the impairment assessment on trade and bills receivables is provided in note 37(b).

As at 31 December 2024, the carrying amount of trade and bills receivables is approximately HK\$802,069,000 (2023: HK\$808,091,000), net of allowance for ECL of approximately HK\$40,191,000 (2023: HK\$35,139,000). During the year, an impairment loss of approximately HK\$6,115,000 (2023: a reversal of impairment loss of HK\$13,275,000) was recognised in profit or loss.

#### Estimated impairment of deposits and other receivables

The Group use ECL model to assess the impairment of deposits and other receivables. The application of ECL model requires significant judgements and estimates, and requires consideration for all reasonable and proofed information, including forward-looking information. When making these judgements and estimates, the Group infers expected changes in debtor's credit risk based on historical repayment data combined with economic policies, macroeconomic indicators, industrial risks and other factors. Different estimates may affect the accrual of provision for impairment. The accrued provision for impairment may not be equal to the actual amount of impairment losses in the future.

As at 31 December 2024, the carrying amount of deposits and other receivables is approximately HK\$118,104,000 (2023: HK\$248,473,000), net of allowance for ECL of nil (2023: nil). During the year, no impairment loss was recognised in profit of loss (2023: nil).

### 5. 估計不確定性的主要來源(續)

#### 營業及票據應收款項的估計減值

本集團根據本集團過往信貸虧損經驗使用撥備 矩陣確認營業及票據應收款項的年限內預期信 貸虧損,並根據於報告日期債務人的特定因素、 整體經濟環境及對現有及預計的環境方向的評 估進行調整。根據預期信貸虧損模式作出的減 值損失金額按根據合約應付本集團的所有合約 現金流量與本集團預期將收到的所有現金流量 之間的差額計量,並按初始確認時的實際利率 貼現。倘未來現金流量少於預期或因事實及環 境變化而向下修訂,則可能產生重大減值損失。

因疫情反覆及全球通脹飆升導致的經濟下滑及 產生的不確定性令有關估計較具判斷性,本集 團在釐定按信貸條款向客戶銷售產生之營業及 票據應收款項應佔之適用預期信貸虧損時已計 及此項因素,包括計入前瞻性資料以補充過往 信貸虧損率。有關營業及票據應收款項減值評 估的更多資料載於附註37(b)。

於2024年12月31日,營業及票據應收款項 之賬面值約為802,069,000港元(2023年: 808.091.000港元),扣除預期信貸虧損撥備約 40,191,000港元 (2023年:35,139,000港元)。年 內,減值損失約6,115,000港元(2023年:減值損 失撥回13,275,000港元) 於損益內確認。

#### 按金及其他應收款項預期減值

本集團採用預期信貸虧損模式對按金及其他應 收款項進行減值評估,應用預期信貸虧損模式 需要做出重大判斷和估計,需考慮所有合理且 有依據的信息,包括前瞻性信息。於作出該等判 斷及估計時,本集團根據歷史還款數據結合經 濟政策、宏觀經濟指標、行業風險等因素推斷債 務人信用風險的預期變動。不同的估計可能會 影響減值撥備的計提,已計提的減值撥備可能 並不等於未來實際的減值損失金額。

於2024年12月31日,按金及其他應收款項賬面 值約為118,104,000港元(2023年:248,473,000 港元),扣除預期信貸虧損撥備零(2023年: 零)。本年度,於損益中概無確認減值損失 (2023年:無)。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

## 5. **KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY** (continued)

#### Estimated allowance for inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The Group regularly reviews its inventory levels in order to identify slow-moving and obsolete inventories. The Group makes allowance for slow-moving and obsolete items through management's estimation of the net realisable value for such obsolete and slow-moving items based primarily on the latest invoice prices and current market conditions, including the consideration of potential impacts on the subsequent sales orders and demand of its products resulting from soaring global inflation and uncertainties in the global economy. When the Group identifies items of inventories which have a market price that is lower than its carrying amount, the Group estimates the amount of write-down of inventories as allowance for inventories. If the market price of inventories of the Group becomes lower than its carrying amount subsequently, an additional allowance may be required.

As at 31 December 2024, the carrying amount of inventories of approximately HK\$784,735,000 (2023: HK\$783,908,000), net of accumulated provision of approximately HK\$141,827,000 (2023: HK\$174,981,000).

#### Income taxes

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences and tax losses can be utilised. In cases where the actual future profits generated are less than expected, a material reversal of deferred tax assets may arise, which would be recognised in profit or loss for the period in which such a reversal takes place.

As at 31 December 2024, a deferred tax asset of approximately HK\$38,227,000 (2023: HK\$41,969,000) in relation to the deductible temporary differences and tax losses were recognised in the Group's consolidated statement of financial position.

### 5. 估計不確定性的主要來源(續)

#### 估計存貨撥備

存貨乃按成本及可變現淨值的較低者估值。本 集團定期檢討其存貨水平,以辨別滯銷及陳舊 存貨。本集團通過管理層主要基於最新發票價 格及當前市況(包括考慮對其後銷售訂單的 在影響以及由於全球通脹飆升及全球經濟的 穩定性導致對產品的需求)對有關陳舊及滯銷 項目的可變現淨值估計,就滯銷及陳舊項目的 出撥備。倘本集團發現存貨項目的市價低於其 賬面值,則本集團估計存貨撇減的金額為存貨 撥備。倘本集團的存貨市價之後低於其賬面值, 則或須作出額外撥備。

於2024年12月31日,存貨之賬面值約為784,735,000 港元(2023年:783,908,000港元),扣除累計撥備 約141,827,000港元(2023年:174,981,000港元)。

#### 所得稅

遞延稅項資產在可能將應課稅溢利抵扣可扣減 暫時差額及稅項虧損的情況下確認。倘若未來 產生的實際利潤低於預期,則可能會發生遞延 稅項資產重大撥回,並在有關撥回發生的期間 在損益中確認。

於2024年12月31日,與可扣減暫時差額及稅項虧損有關的遞延稅項資產約38,227,000港元(2023年:41,969,000港元)已於本集團綜合財務狀況表內確認。

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#### 6. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

The executive directors, i.e. the chief operating decision makers, regularly review the operating results and financial information based on distinct geographical areas of location of customers, including Hong Kong (place of domicile of the Company), the PRC, Taiwan, Korea, Sri Lanka, America, Europe and Others, i.e. representing other geographical locations mainly Bangladesh, Vietnam, Singapore and Macau. All of these geographical areas are operating segments except "Others" which is an aggregation of operating segments.

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and profit from the production and sales of dyed fabrics, yarns and garments and results by reportable segments for the year.

## 營業額及分類資料

執行董事(即主要營運決策者)根據客戶所在地 區不同的地域位置定期審閱經營業績及財務資 料,包括香港(本公司所屬地)、中國、台灣、韓 國、斯里蘭卡、美洲、歐洲及其他地區(即指其 他地域位置,主要為孟加拉國、越南、新加坡及 澳門)。所有該等地域位置為營運分類,而「其他 地區」則為綜合之營運分類。

以下為本集團於是年度源自製造及銷售色布、 紗及成衣按可申報分類劃分之營業額及盈利以 及業績所作之分析。

2024	2024年	Hong Kong 香港 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	The PRC 中國 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	Taiwan 台灣 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	Korea 韓國 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	Sri Lanka 斯里蘭卡 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	America 美洲 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	Europe 歐洲 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	Others 其他地區 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	Segment total 分類總值 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	Eliminations 對銷 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	Consolidated 綜合 <i>HK\$</i> '000 千港元
Revenue	營業額											
External sales	對外銷售	676,679	1,626,542	154,331	215,136	885,001	127,391	36,470	705,008	4,426,558	-	4,426,558
Inter-segment sales (note)	分類間銷售 (附註)	1,801,403	657,309	-	-	221,676	-	-	18,360	2,698,748	(2,698,748)	
Total segment revenue	分類營業額總值	2,478,082	2,283,851	154,331	215,136	1,106,677	127,391	36,470	723,368	7,125,306	(2,698,748)	4,426,558
Results Segment profit	業績 分類盈利	56,355	126,377	12,928	18,011	70,975	1,194	3,014	58,615			347,469
Interest income	利息收入											27,931
Unallocated income	未分配收入											11,762
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment loss	折舊、攤銷及減值損失											(175,244)
Other unallocated expenses	其他未分配支出											(122,831)
Finance costs	融資成本											(13,126)
Share of profit of an associate	應佔一間聯營公司之盈利											1,099
Profit before income tax expense	除所得稅支出前盈利											77,060

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

## 6. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

# The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and profit from the production and sales of dyed fabrics, yarns and garments and results by reportable segments for the year. (continued)

### 6. 營業額及分類資料(續)

以下為本集團於是年度源自製造及銷售色布、 紗及成衣按可申報分類劃分之營業額及盈利以 及業績所作之分析。(續)

2023	2023年	Hong Kong 香港 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	The PRC 中國 <i>HK\$*000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Taiwan 台灣 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	Korea 韓國 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	Sri Lanka 斯里蘭卡 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	America 美洲 HK\$'000 千港元	Europe 歐洲 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	Others 其他地區 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	Segment total 分類總值 <i>HK\$</i> '000 千港元	Eliminations 對銷 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	Consolidated 綜合 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元
Revenue	營業額											
External sales	對外銷售	664,027	1,776,404	158,784	205,839	739,165	223,007	66,827	606,182	4,440,235	-	4,440,235
Inter-segment sales (note)	分類間銷售 (附註)	1,925,160	732,943	-	-	174,051	-	-	85,914	2,918,068	(2,918,068)	
Total segment revenue	分類營業額總值	2,589,187	2,509,347	158,784	205,839	913,216	223,007	66,827	692,096	7,358,303	(2,918,068)	4,440,235
Results Segment profit	業績分類盈利	22,912	80,689	5,394	7,138	56,619	11,231	2,307	26,602			212,892
Interest income	利息收入											30,442
Unallocated income	未分配收入											267,906
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment loss	折舊、攤銷及減值損失											(180,160)
Other unallocated expenses	其他未分配支出											(194,846)
Finance costs	融資成本											(26,258)
Share of profit of an associate	應佔一間聯營公司之盈利										-	1,152
Profit before income tax expense	除所得稅支出前盈利											111,128

Note: Inter-segment sales are charged at price by reference to the prevailing market rates.

附註: 分類間銷售之價格乃參照當時之市場價格而 釐定。

The Group's assets, liabilities and capital expenditure are predominately attributable to geographical regions. Therefore, no analysis by geographical regions is presented.

本集團之資產、負債及資本開支乃主要來自於 地理區域。因此,概無呈列地理區域分析。

The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in note 4. Segment profit represents the profit earned by each segment without allocation of central administration costs and other expenses (including non-production related employee benefits expenses, directors' emoluments, bank charges, etc.), depreciation and amortisation of investment properties, property, plant and equipment and other intangible assets, interest income, impairment loss and gain/loss on disposal/written-off of property, plant and equipment and investment properties, finance costs, share of profit of an associate, etc. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision makers for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment. No analysis on segment assets and liabilities is disclosed as it is not presented to the chief operating decision makers.

可申報分類之會計政策與附註4所述之本集團會計政策相同。分類盈利指各分類所賺取的別,當中並無計入中央行政成本及其他費用(包括與非生產有關之僱員福利開支、董事酬金、包行費用等)、投資物業、物業、機器及設備及投資物業之減值損失及出售/撤路及設備及投資物業之減值損失及出售/撤銷收益/虧損、融資成本、應佔一間聯營公司主要營運決策者匯報之基準。對分類資產及負債並沒有作出分析披露,因該資料沒有向主要營運決策者呈列。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

## 6. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

## 6. 營業額及分類資料(續)

### Other segment information

其他分類資料

Amounts included in the measure of segment profit:

已包括計量分類盈利之金額:

		Hong Kong 香港 HK\$'000 千港元	The PRC 中國 HK\$'000 千港元	Taiwan 台灣 HK\$'000 千港元	Korea 韓國 HK\$'000 千港元	Sri Lanka 斯里蘭卡 HK\$'000 千港元	America 美洲 HK\$'000 千港元	Europe 歐洲 HK\$'000 千港元	Others 其他地區 HK\$'000 千港元	Consolidated 綜合 HK\$'000 千港元
2024	2024年									
Impairment loss (reversed)/recognised on trade and bills receivables, net Depreciation of right-of-use assets	營業及票據應收款項之減值損失 (回撥)/確認淨值 使用權資產之折舊	(510) 505	374 25,268	14 -	(77) -	5,949 736	(310)	43 -	632 2,358	6,115 28,867
2023	2023年									
Impairment loss (reversed)/recognised on trade and bills receivables, net Depreciation of right-of-use assets	營業及票據應收款項之減值損失 (回撥)/確認淨值 使用權資產之折舊	(2,447) 542	(6,584) 24,097	(887)	(119) -	(2,066) 766	(396)	(23)	(753) 2,909	(13,275) 28,314

#### **Geographical information**

地域資料

The following is an analysis of geographical location of the Group's non-current assets (note) at the end of the reporting period:

於報告期終,本集團之非流動資產(附註)按地 域位置之分析如下:

		At 31 December 於12月31日 2024 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>	At 31 December 於12月31日 2023 <i>HK\$'000 千港</i> 元
The PRC	中國	1,310,513	1,321,327
Hong Kong	香港	9,817	10,433
Sri Lanka	斯里蘭卡	159,121	155,249
Others	其他地區	644	3,054
		1,480,095	1,490,063

Note: Non-current assets excluded deferred tax assets.

附註:非流動資產不包括遞延稅項資產。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

### 6. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

#### Disaggregation of revenue

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by products and timing of revenue recognition are as follows:

### 6. 營業額及分類資料(續)

#### 營業額分列

按產品及按確認收入時間劃分的客戶合同收入 分列如下:

		2024 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>	2023 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue from contracts with customers within the scope of HKFRS 15:  Production and sales of dyed fabrics	香港財務報告準則第15號範圍內的 客戶合同收入: 製造及銷售色布及紗		
and yarns		3,793,728	3,639,699
Production and sales of garments	製造及銷售成衣	632,830	800,536
		4,426,558	4,440,235
Timing of revenue recognition:	確認收入的時間:		
At a point in time	在某時間點	4,426,558	4,440,235

The following table provides information about trade and bills receivables and contract liabilities from contracts with customers.

下表提供有關營業及票據應收款項以及來自客戶合同的合約負債資料。

		At 31 December 於12月31日 2024	At 31 December 於12月31日 2023
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Trade and bills receivables (note 20) Contract liabilities (note 26)	營業及票據應收款項 <i>(附註20)</i> 合約負債 <i>(附註26)</i>	802,069 17,150	808,091 19,712

#### Information about major customers

No revenue from individual customer contributed over 10% of the total revenue of the Group for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023.

## Transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations for contracts with the customers

Sales of goods were made in a short period of time and the performance obligation was mostly satisfied in one year or less at the end of each year, thus the Group applied the expedient of not to disclose the transaction price allocated to unsatisfied performance obligation.

#### 有關主要客戶之資料

截至2024年12月31日及2023年12月31日止年度,來自個別客戶之收入佔本集團營業額總值均無超過10%。

#### 分配至客戶合同剩餘履約責任的交易價格

商品銷售短時間內完成,履約責任大致在一年或以內(於各年年底)被履行,因此,本集團採用不披露分配至未被履行履約責任的交易價格的權宜方法。

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## 7. FINANCE COSTS

## 7. 融資成本

		2024 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>	2023 HK\$'000 千港元
Finance costs on:	融資成本:		
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	6,991	19,258
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	6,135	7,000
		13,126	26,258

## 8. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

## 8. 所得稅支出

o. INCOME IAX EXILENCE		<b>3.</b> // [特/九叉田				
			2024	2023		
			HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元		
Current tax:	是年度稅項:					
Hong Kong	香港		1,758	562		
The PRC	中國		18,719	15,046		
Other jurisdictions	其他司法地區		19,412	19,418		
			39,889	35,026		
Under provision in prior years:	過往年度撥備不足:					
Hong Kong	香港		183	(12)		
The PRC	中國		(1,016)	(22)		
Other jurisdictions	其他司法地區		1,795	1,461		
			962	1,427		
			40.054	00.450		
			40,851	36,453		
Deferred tax (note 18):	遞延稅項 <i>(附註18):</i>					
Hong Kong	香港		(2,506)	230		
The PRC	中國		5,691	11,777		
Other jurisdictions	其他司法地區		(1,553)	(5,176)		
			1,632	6,831		
			42,483	43,284		

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

### 8. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (continued)

Under the Hong Kong two-tiered profits tax rates regime, the first HK\$2,000,000 of assessable profits of one subsidiary of the Company, which is a qualifying corporation, is taxed at 8.25% and the remaining assessable profits at 16.5%. The profits of other group entities not entitled to the two-tiered profits tax rates regime will continue to be taxed at 16.5%.

Under the law of the PRC on Enterprise Income Tax (the "EIT Law") and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the tax rate of the PRC subsidiaries is 25% for both years.

Pursuant to the relevant laws and regulations in Sri Lanka, the tax rate of Sri Lanka subsidiary is 30% for both years.

Taxation arising in other jurisdictions is calculated at the rates prevailing in the respective jurisdictions.

Details of the deferred tax are set out in note 18.

Income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to the profit before income tax expense per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

### 8. 所得稅支出(續)

根據香港利得稅兩級制,本公司一間為合資格企業的附屬公司的首2,000,000港元應課稅盈利稅率為8.25%,而餘下的應課稅盈利稅率則為16.5%。不符合利得稅兩級制的其他集團實體之盈利將繼續按稅率16.5%課稅。

根據中國企業所得稅法(「企業所得稅法」)及企業所得稅法實施條例,中國附屬公司於兩個年度之稅率均為25%。

根據斯里蘭卡有關之法律及法規,斯里蘭卡附屬公司於兩個年度之稅率均為30%。

其他司法地區之稅項是以有關各自司法地區當 時之稅率計算。

有關遞延稅項之詳情載於附註18。

是年度於綜合損益及其他全面收益表的所得稅 支出與除所得稅支出前盈利的對賬如下:

		2024	2023
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Profit before income tax expense	除所得稅支出前盈利	77,060	111,128
Tax at domestic rates applicable to profits or	按有關司法地區適用於損益之		
losses in the jurisdiction concerned	當地稅率計算的稅項	21,708	37,128
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for	費用不獲扣稅的稅務影響		
tax purpose		18,255	17,681
Tax effect of income not taxable for	收入毋須課稅的稅務影響		
tax purpose		(6,419)	(70,921)
Under provision in prior years	過往年度撥備不足	962	1,427
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	稅項虧損未被確認的稅務影響	24,535	56,068
Tax effect of other deferred tax	其他遞延稅項未被確認的稅務影響	,	,,,,,,,
not recognised		_	1,615
Utilisation of tax losses previously	運用過往未被確認的稅項虧損		1,010
not recognised	ALTINE IL IN IMPEDITO IN ARTIM	(14,595)	(700)
Utilisation of other deferred tax previously	運用過往未被確認的其他遞延稅項	(14,000)	(100)
not recognised	<b></b> 医角型	(1,463)	
Deferred tax (reversed) provided on	就海外附屬公司預扣稅作出的	(1,403)	
withholding tax on overseas subsidiaries	遞延稅項(撥回) 撥備	(428)	1,061
	按優惠稅率計算的所得稅	,	·
Income tax on concessionary rate		(72)	(72)
Others	其他	-	(3)
Lanca de la companya	57.48.44.11	40.400	40.004
Income tax expense	所得稅支出	42,483	43,284

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## 9. OTHER REVENUE, OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES AND PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

9. 其他收入、其他收益及虧損以及是 年度盈利

(a) An analysis of the Group's other revenue is as follows:

(a) 本集團其他收入之分析如下:

		2024 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>	2023 HK\$'000 千港元
Amortisation of deferred income (note i) Compensation income Government grants (note iii) Interest income Net rental income from investment properties	遞延收入之攤銷 (附註i) 補償收入 政府補貼 (附註iii) 利息收入 投資物業之租金收入淨值 (附註40)	5,325 13,308 1,960 27,931	5,206 23,059 4,076 30,442
(note 40) Others	其他	11,042 14,001 73,567	13,702 11,097 87,582

(b) An analysis of the Group's other gains and losses is as follows:

### (b) 本集團其他收益及虧損之分析如下:

		2024 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 HK\$'000 千港元
			_
Net exchange losses	匯兌虧損淨值	(1,678)	(1,543)
Gain on disposal of property,	出售物業、機器及設備之收益		
plant and equipment		2,577	9,600
Loss on written-off of investment properties	撇銷投資物業之虧損(附註13)		
(note 13)		-	(3,552)
Gain on compensation of land resumption	土地徵收之補償收益 (附註iv)		
(note iv)		-	259,011
Impairment of property, plant and equipment	物業、機器及設備之減值(附註14)		
(note 14)		(15,430)	_
Impairment loss (recognised)/reversed	營業及票據應收款項之		
on trade and bills receivables, net	減值損失(確認)/撥回淨值	(6,115)	13,275
Gain on lease modification	租約修改之收益	10,431	777
Others	其他	(3,498)	(39)
		(13,713)	277,529

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

## 9. OTHER REVENUE, OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES AND PROFIT FOR THE YEAR (continued)

- (c) An analysis of the Group's loss for the year is as follows:
- 9. 其他收入、其他收益及虧損以及是 年度盈利(續)
- (c) 本集團是年度虧損之分析如下:

		2024 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2023 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit for the year has been arrived at after charging:	是年度盈利已扣減:		
Amortisation of other intangible assets	其他無形資產之攤銷(附註16)1		
(note 16)¹		763	3,015
Auditors' remuneration	核數師之薪酬	2,641	2,645
Cost of sales (note ii)	銷售成本 <i>(附註ii)</i>	3,897,147	4,118,246
Depreciation of investment properties	投資物業之折舊 (附註13)		
(note 13)		5,148	5,308
Depreciation of property,	物業、機器及設備之折舊 <i>(附註14)</i>		
plant and equipment (note 14)		153,903	171,837
Depreciation of right-of-use assets (note 15)	使用權資產之折舊 (附註15)	28,867	28,314
Employee costs (including directors'	僱員成本(包括附註10所載的董事酬金)		
emoluments set out in note 10)		681,457	691,167
Research and development costs	研發成本	41,761	56,659
Redundancy costs	冗餘成本	-	70,100

<sup>1</sup>Included in administrative expenses

1包括在行政費用內

#### Notes:

- (i) Amortisation of deferred income mainly represents i) grants received from the PRC local government authority as subsidies to the Group for acquiring property, plant and equipment for business development and energy saving scheme implemented by the PRC local government, and ii) rental income received in advance for the leasing of three investment properties.
- (ii) Cost of sales includes HK\$1,215,140,000 (2023: HK\$1,308,542,000) of staff costs, depreciation and impairment of property, plant and equipment, depreciation of right-of-use assets, subcontracting fee and other manufacturing overheads. Staff costs, depreciation of property, plant and equipment and depreciation of right-of-use assets are also included in the respective total amounts disclosed above for each of these types of expenses.

#### 附註:

- (i) 遞延收入之攤銷主要指))收取來自中國當地政府機構授予本集團用作購入物業、機器及設備之補貼,該等補貼乃用於業務發展及中國當地政府執行的節能計劃及ii)租賃三個投資物業而預收的租金收入。
- (ii) 銷售成本包括1,215,140,000港元(2023年: 1,308,542,000港元)之員工成本、物業、機器及 設備折舊及減值、使用權資產折舊、加工費用及 其他製造費用。員工成本、物業、機器及設備折 舊以及使用權資產折舊亦已包括在上文所披露 各類開支之相關總額內。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

## 9. OTHER REVENUE, OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES AND PROFIT FOR THE YEAR (continued)

Notes: (continued)

- (iii) For the year ended 31 December 2024, government grants mainly included grants of HK\$1,896,000 (2023: HK\$4,076,000) received from the PRC local government authority as subsidies to the Group for incentive of foreign trade and steady growth of business and there were no restrictions with the use of such government grants.
- (iv) On 19 November 2023, the local government of Jiangyin City People's Government Chengdong Subdistrict Office (the "Local Government") and Jiangyin Fuhui Textiles Limited ("Jiangyin Fuhui"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a land resumption agreement in respect of the land use rights owned by Jiangyin Fuhui (the "Government Acquired Land") together with all buildings, structures (the "Land Buildings") and attachments threat located in Jiangyin City, the PRC (the "Land Resumption Agreement"). Pursuant to the Land Resumption Agreement, Jiangyin Fuhui shall surrender the land use rights to the Local Government for an aggregate compensation of approximately RMB259 million (equivalent to HK\$284 million). Jiangyin Fuhui returned the Government Acquired Land together with the Land Buildings to the Local Government on 25 December 2023 and thus, the corresponding right-of-use assets and property, plant and equipment amounting to approximately HK\$6,466,000 and HK\$17,973,000 respectively, were disposed during the year ended 31 December 2023. Details of relevant receivables are disclosed in Note 21.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, Jiangyin Fuhui has engaged an independent third party qualified investigator and issued the soil pollution investigation report with respect the land pursuant to the relevant PRC laws and regulations, after demolition of housing structure with satisfactory result.

## 9. 其他收入、其他收益及虧損以及是 年度盈利(續)

附註:(續)

- (iii) 截至2024年12月31日止年度,政府補貼主要包括收取來自中國當地政府機構授出作為本集團鼓勵外貿及業務穩定增長之補貼1,896,000港元(2023年:4,076,000港元),而該等政府補貼的使用並無限制。
- (iv) 於2023年11月19日,江陰市人民政府城東街道辦事處(「當地政府」)與江陰福匯紡織有限公司(「江陰福匯」)(本公司的間接全資附屬公司)就江陰福匯擁有的位於中國江陰市的土地使用權(「政府徵收的土地」)連同其中的所有建築物、構築物(統稱「土地建築物」)及附屬物簽訂土地徵收協議(「土地徵收協議」)。根據土地徵收協議,江陰福匯須將土地使用權移交給當地政府,補償金總額約為人民幣259,000,000元(相當於284,000,000港元)。江陰福匯於2023年12月25日將政府徵收的土地連同土地建築物歸還當地政府,因此於截至2023年12月31日止年度已出售相應的使用權資產及物業、機器及設備,金額分別約為6,466,000港元及17,973,000港元。有關應收賬款的詳情於附註21內披露。

截至2024年12月31日止年度,於房屋建築拆除並取得令人滿意的結果後,江陰福匯已根據相關中國法律法規就土地委聘獨立第三方合資格調查機構出具土壤污染調查報告。

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## 10. INFORMATION REGARDING DIRECTORS' AND **EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS**

## (a) Directors' emoluments

Directors' emoluments disclosed pursuant to Section 383 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622) and the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation (Cap. 622G) (the Regulation) are as follows:

### 10. 董事及僱員酬金資料

### (a) 董事酬金

Non-executive

根據香港公司條例(第622章)第383條及公司(披 露董事利益資料) 規例 (第622G章) (規例) 披露 的董事酬金如下:

										ecutive					
					Executive	directors			direc	tors	Indepe	ndent non-ex	xecutive dire	ectors	
					執行	董事			非執行	董事		獨立非執	行董事		
						YAU								WONG	
			LIU	ZHAO	YIN	Hang Tat,	ZHANG	LI	YEN	TAO	NG Kwok		William	Kwong	
2024	2024年		Xianfu	Jianli	Jian	Andrew	Zheng	Gang	Gordon	Yongming	Tung	YING Wei	LAM	Chi	Total
			劉賢福	趙建麗	尹堅	邱恒達	張正	李剛	嚴震銘	陶永銘	伍國棟	應偉	林偉成	王幹芝	總值
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
			(note i)	(note v)	(note vi)	1 1876	1 1876	(note ii)	1 1276	1 /6/10	ו ואיז ו	1 1876	ו אצאו	1 1276	ו אציו ו
			(M註i)	(附註v)	(M註vi)			(附註ii)							
			(אין) (אין)	(אַבֿקּ צוין)	(PIY ĀI VI)			(אָן פּֿדִוּן)							
Fees	袍金		-	-	-	-	-	-	200	-	250	200	200	200	1,050
Other emoluments	其他酬金														
Salaries and other benefits#	薪金及其他	也福利#	3,012	-	-	2,567	-	1,837	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,416
Discretionary bonuses*	酌情獎金*		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retirement benefits scheme	退休福利討	┼劃供款													
contribution			18	-	-	165	-	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	201
			3,030	-	-	2,732	-	1,855	200	-	250	200	200	200	8,667
									ı		ı				
									Non-exe	ecutive					
					cutive directo	rs			direc	tors			non-executiv		
					執行董事				非執行	董事		獨	立非執行董事		
						YAU								WONG	
		LIU	SUN	ZHAO	ZHAO	Hang Tat,	ZHANG	LI	YEN	TAO	NG Kwok	YING	William	Kwong	
2023	2023年	Xianfu	Fuji	Yao	Jianli	Andrew	Zheng	Gang	Gordon	Yongming	Tung	Wei	LAM	Chi	Total
		劉賢福	孫福紀	趙耀	趙建麗	邱恒達	張正	李剛	嚴震銘	陶永銘	伍國棟	應偉	林偉成	王幹芝	總值

									INOTI-EXE	culive					
					cutive directo 執行董事	rs			direct 非執行				non-executiv 立非執行董事		
						YAU				_,				WONG	
		LIU	SUN	ZHAO	ZHAO	Hang Tat,	ZHANG	LI	YEN	TAO	NG Kwok	YING	William	Kwong	
2023	2023年	Xianfu	Fuji	Yao	Jianli	Andrew	Zheng	Gang	Gordon	Yongming	Tung	Wei	LAM	Chi	Total
		劉賢福	孫福紀	趙耀	趙建麗	邱恒達	張正	李剛	嚴震銘	陶永銘	伍國棟	應偉	林偉成	王幹芝	總值
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		(note i)	(note iii)	(note iv)	(note v)			(note ii)							
		(附註i)	(附註iii)	(附註iv)	(附註v)			(附註ii)							
Fees	袍金	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	200	-	250	200	200	200	1,050
Other emoluments	其他酬金														
Salaries and other benefits#	薪金及其他福利#	2,699	903	-	-	2,567	-	1,072	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,241
Discretionary bonuses* Retirement benefits scheme	酌情獎金* 退休福利計劃供款	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
contribution		8	6	-	-	165	_	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	189
		2,707	909	_	_	2,732	_	1,082	200	_	250	200	200	200	8,480
		2,101	500			2,102		1,002	200		200	200	200	200	0,400

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>#</sup> Other benefits include performance-based salary and double pay.

The basis of the discretionary bonus is based on the profitability of the Group.

<sup>#</sup> 其他福利包括績效薪資及雙薪。

<sup>\*</sup> 酌情獎金的基礎是基於本集團盈利能力。

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## 10. INFORMATION REGARDING DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (continued)

#### (a) Directors' emoluments (continued)

#### Notes:

- (i) Mr. LIU, Xianfu, was re-designated from a non-executive director as an executive director and appointed as the Chairman of the board of directors (the 'Board") on 1 April 2022 and he is appointed as the chief executive officer of the Company with effective from 1 April 2023 and an authorized representative of the Company with effective from 18 January 2024.
- (ii) Mr. LI Gang is appointed as an executive director and the vice president of the Company with effective from 1 June 2023.
- (iii) Mr. SUN Fuji was resigned as an executive director and the chief executive officer of the Company with effective from 1 April 2023.
- (iv) Mr. ZHAO Yao was resigned as an executive director with effective from 1 December 2023.
- (v) Ms. ZHAO Jianli was appointed as an executive director with effective from 1 December 2023 and was resigned as an executive director with effective from 1 September 2024.
- (vi) Mr. YIN Jian was appointed as an executive director with effective from 1 September 2024.

During the years 2024 and 2023, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any director as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, four directors (2023: four directors) waived their whole-year emoluments.

#### (b) Employees' emoluments

The five highest paid employees included one (2023: two) directors, whose emoluments are set out in note 10(a) above. Emoluments of the remaining four (2023: three) employees are as follows:

#### 10. 董事及僱員酬金資料(續)

#### (a) 董事酬金(續)

#### 附註:

- (i) 劉賢福先生於2022年4月1日起由非執行董事調 任為執行董事,並獲委任為董事會(「董事會」)主 席,彼自2023年4月1日起獲委任為本公司行政 總裁,自2024年1月18日起獲委任為本公司授權 代表。
- (ii) 李剛先生自2023年6月1日起獲委任為本公司執 行董事兼副總裁。
- (iii) 孫福紀先生自2023年4月1日起已辭任本公司執 行董事兼行政總裁。
- (iv) 趙耀先生自2023年12月1日起已辭任執行董事。
- (v) 趙建麗女士自2023年12月1日起獲委任為執行董事,並自2024年9月1日起辭任執行董事。
- (vi) 尹堅先生自2024年9月1日起獲委任為執行董事。

於2024年及2023年,本集團並無向任何董事支付酬金,以作為加盟本集團或於加入本集團時的獎勵或離職補償。

截至2024年12月31日止年度,4位董事(2023年:4位董事)放棄彼等全年酬金。

#### (b) 僱員酬金

最高酬金的5名僱員包括1位(2023年:2位)董事,其酬金詳情載於上述附註10(a)。餘下4位(2023年:3位)僱員的酬金如下:

		2024 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>	2023 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries and other benefits Discretionary bonuses Retirement benefits scheme contributions	薪金及其他福利 酌情獎金 退休福利計劃供款	9,733 1,345 382	7,795 - 146
		11,460	7,941

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

## 10. INFORMATION REGARDING DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (continued)

#### (b) Employees' emoluments (continued)

Their emoluments were within the following bands:

### 10. 董事及僱員酬金資料(續)

#### (b) 僱員酬金(續)

彼等之酬金介平以下組別:

		2024	2023
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元	-	1
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000	2,000,001港元至2,500,000港元	-	_
HK\$2,500,001 to HK\$3,000,000	2,500,001港元至3,000,000港元	3	1
HK\$3,000,001 to HK\$3,500,000	3,000,001港元至3,500,000港元	1	1

#### (c) Senior management's emoluments

The emoluments paid or payable to members of senior management were within the following bands:

#### (c) 高級管理層酬金

已付或應付高級管理層成員之酬金介乎以下組 別:

		2024	2023
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$3,000,000	2,000,001港元至3,000,000港元	1	2

#### 11. DIVIDENDS 11. 股息

		2024 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>	2023 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>
Dividend attributable to the previous financial year, approved and recognised as distribution during the year:	上一財政年度應佔之股息, 本年度已批准及確認為分派:		
2023 final dividend of HK3.00 cents (2022 final dividend of nil) per share	2023年末期股息每股為3.00港仙 (2022年末期股息為零)	36,751	_

The final dividend of HK1.16 cents in respect of the year ended 31 December 2024 (2023: HK3.00 cents) per share, amounting to approximately HK\$14,262,000 (2023: HK\$36,751,000), and the special dividend of HK4.34 cents in respect of the year ended 31 December 2024 per share, amounting to approximately HK\$53,114,000 (2023: nil), have been recommended by the Board and will be subject to the approval of the shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

Final dividend in respect of the year ended 31 December 2017 of HK 10.40 cents per share, payable on 31 May 2018 and remaining unclaimed on 20 July 2024, were forfeited and reverted to the Company. Details are refer to announcement on 21 June 2024.

董事會建議派付截至2024年12月31日止年度之末期股息每股1.16港仙(2023年:3.00港仙),合共約14,262,000港元(2023年:36,751,000港元)以及截至2024年12月31日止年度之特別股息每股4.34港仙,合共約53,114,000港元(2023年:無),惟須待股東於本公司應屆股東週年大會上批准後,方可作實。

截至2017年12月31日止年度之末期股息每股10.40港仙,須於2018年5月31日派付及於2024年7月20日之餘下未被領取之股息將予以沒收並撥歸本公司所有。詳情請參閱日期為2024年6月21日之公告。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

#### 12. EARNINGS PER SHARE

### 12. 每股盈利

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company is based on the following data:

本公司擁有人應佔每股基本及攤薄盈利乃根據 下列數據計算:

		2024 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>	2023 HK\$'000 千港元
Earnings	盈利		
Earnings for the year attributable to owners of the Company for the purpose of computation of basic and diluted earnings	就計算每股基本及攤薄盈利所用之 本公司擁有人應佔是年度盈利		
per share		14,262	50,903
		2024	2023
Number of shares	股份數目		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of computation of basic and			
diluted earnings per share		1,225,026,960	1,225,026,960

#### (a) Basic earnings per share

The computation of basic earnings per share for the year ended 31 December 2024 is based on the earnings attributable to owners of the Company of HK\$14,262,000 (2023: HK\$50,903,000) and the weighted average of 1,225,026,960 ordinary shares (2023: 1,225,026,960 ordinary shares) during the year.

#### (b) Diluted earnings per share

The Company had no potentially dilutive ordinary shares outstanding for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023.

#### (a) 每股基本盈利

截至2024年12月31日止年度之每股基本盈利乃按年內本公司擁有人應佔盈利14,262,000港元(2023年:50,903,000港元)及1,225,026,960股普通股(2023年:1,225,026,960股普通股)的加權平均數目計算。

#### (b) 每股攤薄盈利

截至2024年12月31日及2023年12月31日止年度,本公司並無已發行之具潛在攤薄影響之普通股。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註 (續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

#### 13. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

## 13. 投資物業

		HK\$'000 千港元
	-4-	
Cost	成本	105 700
At 1 January 2023	於2023年1月1日	105,722
Currency realignment	外幣換算差額	(1,118)
Written-off	撇銷	(4,179)
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	100,425
Currency realignment	外幣換算差額	(1,429)
At 31 December 2024	於2024年12月31日	98,996
		,
Depreciation	折舊	
At 1 January 2023	於2023年1月1日	33,497
Currency realignment	外幣換算差額	(362)
Provided for the year	是年度撥備	5,308
Written-off	撇銷	(627)
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	37,816
Currency realignment	外幣換算差額	(660)
Provided for the year	是年度撥備	5,148
At 31 December 2024	於2024年12月31日	42,304
Carrying values	<b>賬面值</b>	
At 31 December 2024	於2024年12月31日	56,692
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	62,609

The Group's investment properties consisted of leased properties and leased pier. The fair value of the Group's investment properties at 31 December 2024 was HK\$253,385,000 (2023: HK\$254,142,000). The fair value of leased properties was HK\$230,816,000 (2023: HK\$230,748,000) and the fair value of leased pier was HK\$22,569,000 (2023: HK\$23,394,000) which have been arrived at based on a valuation carried out by RHL Appraisal Limited, an independent property valuer.

The valuation of leased properties was determined by direct comparison method and term and reversion analysis of investment approach.

本集團的投資物業包括租賃物業及租賃碼頭。本集團投資物業於2024年12月31日的公平價值為253,385,000港元(2023年:254,142,000港元)。租賃物業的公平價值為230,816,000港元(2023年:230,748,000港元)及租賃碼頭的公平價值為22,569,000港元(2023年:23,394,000港元),乃由獨立物業估值師永利行評值顧問有限公司進行的估值計算得出。

租賃物業的估值乃按直接比較法以及投資期限和回歸分析法釐定。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

### 13. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

Direct comparison method is based on the principle of substitution, where comparison is made based on prices realised on actual sales of comparable properties. Comparable properties of similar size, scale, nature, character and location are analysed and carefully weighed against all the respective advantages and disadvantages of each property in order to arrive at a fair comparison of market value.

Term and reversion analysis of investment approach estimates the capital value of a property by capitalised rental income on a fully leased basis having regard to the current passing rental income from existing tenancy and the potential reversionary rental income at market level.

The valuation of leased pier was determined by Depreciated Replacement Cost approach, which is based on an estimate of the market value for the existing use of the land, plus the current cost of replacement of the improvements less allowance for physical deterioration and all relevant forms of obsolescence and optimisation. The key input of Depreciated Replacement Cost approach is the building construction cost per square metre. A significant increase/decrease in building construction cost per metre used would result in a significant increase/decrease in the fair value of the leased pier.

The valuation of leased properties takes into account the characteristics of the investment properties, which include the location, size, shape, view, floor level, year of completion and other factors collectively, to arrive at the unit market price. The key input of direct comparison method is the unit market price. A significant increase/decrease in the market price would result in a significant increase/decrease in the fair value of the leased properties.

Significant unobservable inputs were used in the valuation of investment properties. The fair value of investment properties is a level 3 recurring fair value measurement under the three-level fair value hierarchy as defined in HKFRS 13, Fair value measurement. There has been no change from the valuation technique used in the prior year. The fair value measurement is based on the above properties' highest and best use, which does not differ from their actual use.

The above investment properties are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of 20 to 50 years or period of the lease term.

All of the investment properties of the Group are held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation.

### 13. 投資物業(續)

直接比較法乃以替代原則為基準,而比較乃按可比較物業實際銷售實現之價格作出。大小、規模、性質、特徵及地點相若之可供比較物業乃按照各物業之相關利弊進行分析及仔細衡量,以達致公平市值比較。

投資期限和回歸分析法乃在考慮到現有租約的 當期租金收入和市場水平的潛在復歸租金收入 的基礎上,按全額租賃基準將租金收入資本化 估計一項物業的資本價值。

租賃碼頭的估值乃按折舊重置成本法釐定,該方法乃根據土地的現有用途對市值作出估計,加上目前裝修重置的成本減去實質損耗撥備及所有相關形式的陳舊及優化計算。折舊重置成本法的主要輸入數據為每平方米的建築成本。每平方米的建築成本大幅上升/下跌將導致租賃碼頭之公平價值大幅上升/下跌。

租賃物業估值時會考慮投資物業之整體特性,包括位置、尺寸、形狀、景觀、樓層、落成年份及其他因素,以得出單位市場價格。直接比較法之主要輸入數據為單位市場價格。市場價格大幅上升/下跌將導致租賃物業之公平價值大幅上升/下跌。

重大不可觀察輸入參數計量乃用於投資物業之 估值。投資物業之公平價值為香港財務報告準 則第13號公平價值計量所界定的3級公平價值 層級項下之第3級經常性公平價值計量。於過往 年度採用之估值技術概無變動。公平價值計量 乃按以上述物業之最高及最佳用途為依據,其 與物業之實際用途並無差別。

上述投資物業以直線法按20至50年或租賃年期 (以較短者為準)折舊。

本集團所有投資物業乃持作賺取租金或資本增 值。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

## 14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

## 14. 物業、機器及設備

		Freehold land 永久持有的	Leasehold land and buildings 租賃的	Furniture, fixtures and equipment 傢俬、	Plant and machinery	Motor vehicles	Construction in progress	Total
		<b>土地</b> HK\$'000 千港元	土地和建築物 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	裝置及設備 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>廠房及機器</b> <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	<b>車輛</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>在建工程</b> HK\$'000 千港元	總值 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost								
At 1 January 2023	於2023年1月1日	2,450	1,042,702	1,013,367	2,271,829	18,686	12,288	4,361,322
Currency realignment	外幣換算差額	5	(527)	(3,271)	(285)	(34)		(4,154)
Additions	增加	_	19	13,204	14,295	_	60,353	87,871
Transfer from construction in progress	調撥自在建工程	_	_	21,247	17,008	_	(38,255)	_
Disposals/written-off (note i)	出售/撇銷(附註i)		(51,690)	(79,071)	(60,612)	(2,415)		(193,788)
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	2,455	990,504	965,476	2,242,235	16,237	34,344	4,251,251
Currency realignment	外幣換算差額	(15)	(1,647)	(5,598)	(3,689)	(81)		(11,111)
Additions	增加	_	2,248	8,659	9,873	_	153,957	174,737
Transfer from construction in progress	調撥自在建工程	-	3,328	31,844	78,607	-	(113,779)	-
Disposals/written-off (note ii)	出售/撇銷 <i>(附註ii)</i>	_	(595)	(13,598)	(139,846)	(1,655)	(4,527)	(160,221)
At 31 December 2024	於2024年12月31日	2,440	993,838	986,783	2,187,180	14,501	69,914	4,254,656
Depreciation and impairment	折舊及減值							
At 1 January 2023	於2023年1月1日	_	655,472	729,950	1,652,021	16,232	_	3,053,675
Currency realignment	外幣換算差額	_	(376)	(1,555)	(96)	(25)	_	(2,052)
Depreciation provided for the year	是年度計提折舊	-	37,994	41,528	91,561	754	-	171,837
Eliminated on disposals/	出售/撇銷時沖銷 <i>(附註i)</i>							
written-off (note i)		_	(40,638)	(71,699)	(60,572)	(2,256)	_	(175,165)
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	_	652,452	698,224	1,682,914	14,705	_	3,048,295
Currency realignment	外幣換算差額	_	(937)	(3,262)	(2,629)	(72)	_	(6,900)
Depreciation provided for the year	是年度計提折舊	_	33,553	40,442	79,436	472	_	153,903
Impairment provided for the year	是年度計提減值	-	-	3,157	12,273	-	-	15,430
Eliminated on disposals/	出售/撇銷時沖銷 <i>(附註ii)</i>							
written-off (note ii)			(438)	(13,069)	(117,043)	(1,521)	_	(132,071)
At 31 December 2024	於2024年12月31日	_	684,630	725,492	1,654,951	13,584		3,078,657
Carrying values At 31 December 2024	<b>賬面值</b> 於2024年12月31日	2,440	309,208	261,291	532,229	917	69,914	1,175,999
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	2,455	338,052	267,252	559,321	1,532	34,344	1,202,956

The cost of above items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated, after taking into account of their estimated residual values, on a straight-line basis.

上述物業、機器及設備項目之成本於計入彼等 之估計剩餘價值後以直線法折舊。

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### 14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

#### Note:

- Property, plant and equipments of approximately HK\$17,973,000 represented buildings located in the Jiangyin City, the PRC and was disposed due to the Land Resumption Agreement entered into by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2023. Further details of the Land Resumption Agreement are set out in note 9(b) and note 9(iv).
- Property, plant and equipments of approximately HK\$22,435,000 represented plant and machinery located in the Jiangyin City, the PRC and was disposed upon the further reduction of the fabric production capacity at the fabric mill operated by Jiangyin Fuhui since February 2024.
- During the year, due to further reduction in production capacity of the fabric mill operated by Jiangyin Fuhui announced on 5 February 2024 and uncertain economic environment, the Group carried out a review of the recoverable amount of the related property, plant and equipment, investment properties and right-of-use assets under the CGU. The unexpected performance of the manufacturing plants can be attributed to the pronounced slowdown of global economic and industry growth. These assets are used in the Group's production and sales of dyed fabrics and yarns.

The Group has engaged an independent professional valuer, Pretium Advisory Services Limited, to review the VIU of the CGU. The valuation method of discounted cash flow was adopted for the calculation of the VIU using the income approach.

For the production and sales of dyed fabrics and yarns in the PRC and Hong Kong, the assessment assumes that, due to the recovery of global economic and industry growth and demand of dyed fabrics and yarns is forecasted with steady growth under the streamlined production lines. Management determined budgeted gross margins based on past performance, existing sales contracts, and expectations for market development. A five-year forecast is considered appropriate. Cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated by using the estimated terminal growth rate of 3% as at 31 December 2024 (2023: 3%). The estimated average annual revenue growth rate of 5.0% (2023: 8.1%) is similar to the average growth rate for the industry. Other key assumptions for the VIU calculation include cost of raw materials such as cotton and yarns. Cash outflows include capital and maintenance expenditure including the purchase of plant and machinery and other equipment. The discount rate used of 9.8% (2023: 10%) is pre-tax and reflects the specific risks related to the relevant CGU.

The Group estimated the VIU of the CGU and also estimated the fair value less costs of disposal of the land and buildings and investment properties which is based on recent market prices of assets with similar age and obsolescence. Details of valuation please refer to note 13. The assessment results show that recoverable amounts of the CGU are higher than the carrying amounts of the CGU as at 31 December 2024 and consequently no impairment is recognised (2023: nil) except for the impairment loss of HK\$15,430,000 (2023: nil) for the idle equipment and plant and machinery which have become idle upon the further reduction of the fabric production capacity at the fabric mill operated by Jiangyin Fuhui since February 2024 and are not expected to use in the future.

#### 14. 物業、機器及設備(續)

#### 附註:

- 物業、機器及設備(位於中國江陰市的建築物)約 為17.973.000港元,並因本集團於截至2023年12 月31日止年度訂立之土地徵收協議而被出售。 有關土地徵收協議的進一步詳情載於附註9(b)及 附註9(iv)。
- 物業、機器及設備(位於中國江陰市的廠房及機 器) 約為22.435.000港元,並因江陰福匯自2024 年2月起進一步削減面料工廠產能而被出售。
- 於本年度,由於江陰福匯於2024年2月5日宣佈 進一步削減面料工廠產能及經濟環境不明朗, 本集團對現金產生單位下的相關物業、機器及 設備、投資物業以及使用權資產的可收回金額 進行檢討。製造廠房表現未如預期可歸因於全 球經濟及行業增長明顯放緩。該等資產用於本 集團製造及銷售色布及紗。

本集團已委聘獨立專業估值師Pretium Advisory Services Limited審閱現金產生單位的使用價值。 在計算使用價值時,乃應用收入法並採納貼現 現金流量估值方法。

就於中國及香港製造及銷售色布及紗而言,評 估假設由於全球經濟及行業增長的恢復,在精 簡生產線的情況下, 色布及紗的需求預計將穩 步增長。管理層根據過往業績、現有銷售合約及 對市場發展的預期釐定預算毛利率。五年期預 測被認為屬適當。五年期後的現金流量乃使用 於2024年12月31日之估計最終增長率3%(2023 年:3%)推算。估計平均年營業額增長率5.0% (2023年:8.1%)與行業平均增長率相近。計算 使用價值的其他主要假設包括原材料成本,如 棉及紗。現金流出包括資本及維護支出,包括購 買廠房、機械及其他設備。使用的貼現率為9.8% (2023年:10%),屬稅前貼現率,反映了相關 現金產生單位的特定風險。

本集團估計現金產生單位的使用價值,亦估計 公平價值減土地及建築物以及投資物業的處置 成本,其乃基於具有類似賬齡及陳舊程度的資 產的近期市價。有關估值之詳情請參閱附註13。 評估結果顯示,於2024年12月31日,現金產生單 位的可收回金額超過了其賬面值,因此並未確 認減值(2023年:無)(閒置設備、廠房及機器的 減值損失15,430,000港元(2023年:無)除外, 自2024年2月起江陰福匯經營的面料廠進一步削 減面料產能後,該等設備、廠房及機器已閒置, 且預計未來不再使用)。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

#### 15. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

## 15. 使用權資產

		Land and buildings 土地及建築物 HK\$'000 千港元	Equipment 設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Machinery 機器 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總 <b>值</b> <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
At 1 January 2023 Currency realignment Additions Disposals (note i) Depreciation Effect of modification (note ii)	於2023年1月1日 外幣換算差額 增加 出售 <i>(附註i)</i> 折舊 修訂之影響 <i>(附註ii)</i>	193,179 (140) 2,202 (6,466) (28,033) 9,005	46 - 540 - (127) -	1,309 3 - - (154) -	194,534 (137) 2,742 (6,466) (28,314) 9,005
At 31 December 2023 Currency realignment Additions Depreciation Effect of modification (note ii)	於2023年12月31日 外幣換算差額 增加 折舊 修訂之影響 <i>(附註ii)</i>	169,747 (338) 7,794 (28,606) 41,630	459 - - (108) -	1,158 (8) – (153)	171,364 (346) 7,794 (28,867) 41,630
At 31 December 2024	於2024年12月31日	190,227	351	997	191,575

#### Note:

- (i) Right-of-use assets of approximately HK\$6,466,000 represented land use right located in the Jiangyin City, the PRC was disposed due to the Land Resumption Agreement entered into by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2023. Further details of the Land Resumption Agreement are set out in note 9(b) and note 9(iv).
- (ii) Additions of right-of-use assets of approximately HK\$41,630,000 (2023: HK\$9,809,000) and lease liabilities of HK\$31,199,000 (2023: HK\$9,809,000) were recognised due to modification to lease terms while right-of-use assets of nil (2023: HK\$804,000) and lease liabilities of nil (2023: HK\$1,581,000) were derecognised due to early termination of leases during the year ended 31 December 2024. The lease modifications were resulted in a gain on lease modification of HK\$10,431,000 (2023: HK\$777,000).

The analysis of the net book value of right-of-use assets by class of underlying assets is as follows:

#### 附註:

- (i) 使用權資產(位於中國江陰市的土地使用權)約 為6,466,000港元,並因本集團於截至2023年12 月31日止年度訂立之土地徵收協議而被出售。 有關土地徵收協議的進一步詳情載於附註9(b)及 附註9(iv)。
- (ii) 截至2024年12月31日止年度,因租賃條款之修改而確認增加使用權資產約41,630,000港元(2023年:9,809,000港元)及租賃負債31,199,000港元(2023年:9,809,000港元),而因提前終止租賃而終止確認使用權資產為零(2023年:804,000港元)及租賃負債為零(2023年:1,581,000港元)。租賃修改產生租賃修改收益10,431,000港元(2023年:777,000港元)。

按相關資產類別劃分之使用權資產賬面淨值分 析如下:

		At 31 December 於12月31日 2024 <i>HK\$</i> '000 千港元	At 31 December 於12月31日 2023 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>
Ownership interests in leasehold land and buildings, carried at depreciated cost with remaining lease term of:	於租賃土地及建築物之所有權權益, 按折舊成本列值及餘下租賃期為:		
<ul><li>- 30 years or more</li><li>- between 10 and 30 years</li></ul>	- 30年或以上 - 10年及30年之間	64,995 8,396	67,088 8,744
Other properties leased for own use, carried at depreciated cost	租賃作自用之其他物業, 按折舊成本列值	116,836	93,915
Plant, machinery and equipment, carried at depreciated cost	廠房、機器及設備,按折舊成本列值	1,348	1,617
		191,575	171,364

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## **16. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

## 16. 其他無形資產

		Software 軟件
		HK\$'000 千港元
Cost	成本	
At 1 January 2023, 31 December 2023, 1 January 2024	於2023年1月1日、2023年12月31日及	
At 1 dandary 2020, 01 December 2020, 1 dandary 2024	2024年1月1日	31,267
Additions	增加	30,529
31 December 2024	2024年12月31日	61,796
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Amortisation	攤銷	
At 1 January 2023	於2023年1月1日	28,252
Provided for the year	是年度撥備	3,015
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	31,267
Provided for the year	是年度撥備	763
At 31 December 2024	於2024年12月31日	32,030
Carrying values	賬面值	
At 31 December 2024	於2024年12月31日	29,766
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	_

## 17. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE

## 17. 於一間聯營公司之權益

		At 31 December 於12月31日	At 31 December 於12月31日
		2024	2023
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Unlisted investment, at cost	非上市投資,以成本列值	16,204	16,204
Share of post-acquisition profits	應佔收購後盈利	9,814	8,715
		26,018	24,919

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

## 17. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE (continued)

## 17. 於一間聯營公司之權益(續)

Particulars of the associate of the Group at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023 are as follows:

本集團聯營公司於2024年12月31日及2023年12 月31日之詳情如下:

Name	Form of business structure	Place of incorporation	Place of operation and principal activities	Percentage of ownership interests/voting rights/profit share 所佔擁有權權益
名稱	業務架構形式	註冊成立 所在地	營業所在地及主要業務	投票權/ 盈利百分比
東莞欣潤水務有限公司	Corporation	The PRC	Construction and managing of sewage treatment plant in the PRC	
	法團	中國	於中國建設及管理污水處理屬	$ar{\xi}$
The primary business of 東莞欣潤水 and managing of sewage treatme Province.		0 0		的主要業務乃於廣東省 處理廠。
The above associate is accounted consolidated financial statements.	d for using the e	equity method in	n the 上述聯營公司乃以權主 賬。	益法於綜合財務報表列

Summarised financial information of an associate that is not individually 個別非屬重要之聯營公司之財務資料概述: material:

		2024 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>	2023 HK\$'000 千港元
The Group's share of profit from continuing operations  The Group's share of other comprehensive income	本集團應佔持續經營業務之盈利本集團應佔其他全面收益	1,099	1,152
The Group's share of total comprehensive income	本集團應佔全面收益總值	1,099	1,152

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#### 18. DEFERRED TAX

## 18. 遞延稅項

The major deferred tax liabilities/(assets) recognised by the Group and movements thereon during the current and prior reporting periods are as follows:

本集團於本報告期間及過往報告期間確認的主要遞延稅項負債/(資產)及其變動如下:

				Accelerated			
		Right-of-use	Lease	tax	Tax		
		assets	liabilities	depreciation	losses	Others	Total
		使用權資產	租賃負債	提前稅項折舊	稅項虧損	其他	總值
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
						(note)	
						(附註)	
At 1 January 2023	於2023年1月1日	27,430	(36,014)	31,007	(567)	(61,964)	(40,108)
Charged/(credited) to profit or loss	於損益賬內扣除/(計入)	(2,789)	3,830	(2,521)	183	8,128	6,831
Currency realignment	外幣換算差額	(67)	(88)	59	-	234	138
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	24,574	(32,272)	28,545	(384)	(53,602)	(33,139)
Charged/(credited) to profit or loss	於損益賬內扣除/(計入)	5,668	(2,330)	(1,680)	6	(32)	1,632
Currency realignment	外幣換算差額	312	350	(384)	_	(220)	58
At 31 December 2024	於2024年12月31日	30,554	(34,252)	26,481	(378)	(53,854)	(31,449)

Note: The amount represents mainly deferred tax assets arising from unrealised profit on inventories, provision for impairment of property, plant and equipment, provision for ECL on trade and bills receivables, and other receivables, provision for inventories, unrealised gain on transfer of plant and equipment between subsidiaries and deferred tax liabilities arising from withholding tax charged on two PRC/overseas subsidiaries.

附註: 有關款額主要為存貨的未變現盈利、物業、機器及設備的減值撥備、營業及票據應收款項以及其他應收款項的預期信貸虧損撥備、存貨撥備、附屬公司之間機器及設備調撥的未變現收益所產生的遞延稅項資產,以及對兩間中國/海外附屬公司徵收的預扣稅所產生的遞延稅項負債。

As at 31 December 2024, the Group had unused tax losses of approximately HK\$220 million (31 December 2023: HK\$473 million) available for offset against future profits. A deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of approximately HK\$2 million (31 December 2023: HK\$2 million) of such losses, which represent tax losses incurred by certain of the Company's subsidiaries as it is considered by the management that future taxable profits will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the remaining HK\$218 million (31 December 2023: HK\$471 million) tax losses due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. As at 31 December 2024, the Group had unused tax losses not recognised of approximately HK\$199 million (31 December 2023: HK\$363 million) arose in PRC to carry forward to set off against future taxable profit which will expire within 1 to 5 years from each of the financial year end date. Remaining unused tax losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

於2024年12月31日,本集團可用作抵銷未來 盈利的未運用稅項虧損約為220,000,000港元 (2023年12月31日:473,000,000港元)。而此 項虧損中約2,000,000港元(2023年12月31日: 2.000.000港元) 已確認為一項遞延稅項資產, 此乃本公司若干附屬公司所產生的稅項虧損, 經管理層考慮認為未來的應課稅盈利將可運 用此稅項虧損。餘下稅項虧損218,000,000港元 (2023年12月31日:471,000,000港元)因未能 預測將來的盈利來源而未有確認為遞延稅項資 產。於2024年12月31日,本集團於中國產生的 未運用及未確認稅項虧損約為199,000,000港元 (2023年12月31日:363,000,000港元),以結 轉抵銷將於每個財政年度結束日起1至5年內到 期的未來應課稅盈利。餘下未經使用的稅項虧 損可無限期地轉存。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

### 18. DEFERRED TAX (continued)

In addition, at 31 December 2024, the Group had other deductible temporary differences of approximately HK\$24 million (2023: HK\$30 million) mainly consist of unrealised gain on transfer of plant and equipment between subsidiaries, unrealised profit on inventories, allowance for ECL on trade and bills receivables, and other receivables, and provision for inventories. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in relation to such deductible temporary differences as it is not certain that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

According to the EIT Law, starting from 1 January 2008, 10% withholding income tax will be imposed on dividends relating to profits earned in the calendar year 2008 onwards to foreign investors for the companies established in the PRC. For investors incorporated in Hong Kong and holds at least 25% of the equity interest in the PRC company, reduced rate of 5% will be applied. Deferred tax has not been provided for in the consolidated financial statements in respect of temporary differences attributable to retained profits of the wholly-owned PRC subsidiaries amounting to HK\$379,703,000 (2023: HK\$438,098,000) as the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

As at 31 December 2024, the Group provided the deferred tax in full in respect of the withholding tax attributable to the undistributed profits after 1 January 2008 of a partially-owned PRC subsidiary amounting to HK\$41,063,000 (2023: HK\$48,775,000).

For the purposes of presentation in the consolidated statement of financial position, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset. The following is an analysis of the deferred tax balances for reporting purposes:

### 18. 遞延稅項(續)

此外,於2024年12月31日,本集團其他可扣減暫時差額約為24,000,000港元(2023年:30,000,000港元),主要包含附屬公司之間機器及設備調撥的未變現收益、存貨的未變現盈利、營業及票據應收款項以及其他應收款項的預期信貸虧損撥備以及存貨撥備。因未能確定應課稅盈利將可作抵銷此可扣減暫時差額,故未有確認該可扣減暫時差額為遞延稅項資產。

根據企業所得稅法,由2008年1月1日起,於中國成立的公司向境外投資者派發與於2008曆年及以後年度的盈利有關的股息須繳納10%預扣所得稅。於香港註冊成立且持有中國公司最少25%權益的投資者,將應用寬減稅率5%。由於本集團可以控制暫時差額撥回之時間,而暫時差額很可能於可見將來不會撥回,故至未就全資中國附屬公司滾存盈利之暫時差額379,703,000港元(2023年:438,098,000港元)在綜合財務報表內作出遞延稅項撥備。

於2024年12月31日,本集團已就一間非全資之中國附屬公司於2008年1月1日後之未分派盈利41,063,000港元(2023年:48,775,000港元)之預扣稅全數計提遞延稅項撥備。

就綜合財務狀況表的呈列而言,若干遞延稅項 資產及負債已抵銷。以下是就呈報而言的遞延 稅項結餘分析:

		At 31 December 於12月31日	At 31 December 於12月31日
		2024	2023
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Deferred tax assets Deferred tax liabilities	遞延稅項資產 遞延稅項負債	(38,227) 6,778	(41,969) 8,830
		(31,449)	(33,139)

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### 19. INVENTORIES

## 19. 存貨

		At 31 December 於12月31日 2024 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	At 31 December 於12月31日 2023 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>
Spare parts	備件	24,879	29,129
Raw materials	原料	217,545	228,013
Work-in-progress	半製品	307,211	266,623
Finished goods	製成品	235,100	260,143
		784,735	783,908

## 20. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES

## 20. 營業及票據應收款項

		At 31 December 於12月31日 2024 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>	At 31 December 於12月31日 2023 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>
Trade receivables Bills receivables Less: allowance for ECL	營業應收款項 票據應收款項 減:預期信貸虧損撥備	744,337 97,923 (40,191)	720,569 122,661 (35,139)
		802,069	808,091

The Group normally allows a credit period ranging from 30 days to 60 days to its trade customers.

本集團通常提供介乎30天至60天信貸期予其營 業客戶。

The Group's bills receivables were all aged within two months and were neither past due nor impaired. The expected credit losses for bills receivables are assessed to be minimal.

本集團之票據應收款項賬齡均於兩個月內及並 無逾期或減值。票據應收款項的預期信貸虧損 經評估屬微乎其微。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註 (續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

### 20. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (continued)

### 20. 營業及票據應收款項(續)

The following is an ageing analysis of trade and bills receivables based on the invoice dates, which approximates the respective revenue recognition dates, as at the end of the reporting period:

營業及票據應收款項按發票日期(與有關收入確認日期相若)於報告期終的賬齡分析如下:

		At 31 December 於12月31日 2024 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>	At 31 December 於12月31日 2023 HK\$'000 千港元
Within 1 month	1個月內	338,956	384,120
1 to 2 months	1至2個月	254,840	267,879
2 to 3 months	2至3個月	103,191	98,811
Over 3 months	3個月以上	145,273	92,420
		842,260	843,230
Less: allowance for ECL	減:預期信貸虧損撥備	(40,191)	(35,139)
		802,069	808,091

Before accepting any new customer, the Group assesses the potential customer's credit quality and defines its credit limits. Credit sales are made to customers with satisfactory trustworthy credit history. Credit limits attributed to customers are reviewed regularly.

The Group does not hold any collateral over the trade and bills receivables.

No interest is charged on the overdue trade receivables.

The Group measures the loss allowance for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECL. The expected credit losses on trade receivables are estimated using a provision matrix by reference to past default experience of the debtor and an analysis of the debtor's current financial position, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions of the industry in which the debtors operate and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date. The Group has assessed bills receivables whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. The Group considers that there is no significant increase in credit risk of bills receivables since initial recognition and the Group provided impairment based on 12-month ECL. The Group recognised impairment loss on trade and bills receivables based on the accounting policy stated in note 4(i)(ii).

Further details on the Group's credit policy and credit risk arising from trade debtors and bills receivables are set out in note 37(b).

本集團於接納任何新客戶前,會評估該潛在客戶的信貸質素及界定其信貸限額。信貸銷售將會給予信貸記錄良好的客戶。客戶信貸限額定期予以檢討。

本集團並無就營業及票據應收款項持有任何抵 押品。

逾期營業應收款項不計利息。

本集團按等於年限內預期信貸虧損的金額計量營業應收款項虧損撥備。營業應收款項的預期信貸虧損經參考債務人的過往違約經驗及對債務人當前財務狀況的分析使用撥備矩陣預測,並根據於報告日期債務人的特定因素、債務人的特定因素、債務人的特定因素、債務人的特定因素、債務人的特定因素、負額計算方向的評估進行調整。本集團已評估票籍應收款項之信貸風險並無顯著增加,而本集團根據12個月預期信貸虧損計提減值撥備。本集團根據附註4(i)(ii)所載列的會計政策確認營業及票據應收款項的減值損失。

有關本集團信貸政策及來自應收賬款及票據 應收款項的信貸風險的進一步詳情載於附註 37(b)。

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### 20. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (continued)

#### Transferred financial assets that are derecognised in their entirety

At 31 December 2024, the Group endorsed certain bills receivable accepted by banks in the PRC (the "Derecognised Bills") to certain of its suppliers in order to settle the trade payables due to such suppliers with a carrying amount in aggregate of HK\$44,802,000 (2023: HK\$43,795,000). The Derecognised Bills had a maturity of within one year (2023: within one to six months) from the end of the reporting period. In accordance with the Law of Negotiable Instruments in the PRC, the holders of the Derecognised Bills have a right of recourse against the Group if the relevant banks in the PRC default (the "Continuing Involvement"). In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards relating to the Derecognised Bills. Accordingly, it has derecognised the full carrying amounts of the Derecognised Bills and the associated trade payables. The maximum exposure to loss from the Group's Continuing Involvement in the Derecognised Bills and the undiscounted cash flows to repurchase these Derecognised Bills is equal to their carrying amounts. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the fair values of the Group's Continuing Involvement in the Derecognised Bills are not significant.

## 21. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

## **20.** 營業及票據應收款項(續) 全部終止確認的已轉讓金融資產

於2024年12月31日,本集團向其若干供應商 背書獲中國的銀行接納的若干票據應收款項 (「終止確認票據」),以結清賬面值合共為 44,802,000港元 (2023年:43,795,000港元)的 欠付該等供應商的營業應付款項。於報告期終, 終止確認票據的期限為1年內(2023年:1至6 個月)。根據中國票據法,倘相關中國的銀行違 約,則終止確認票據持有人對本集團有追索權 (「持續參與」)。本公司董事認為,本集團已轉 移有關終止確認票據的絕大部分風險及回報, 據此,已取消確認終止確認票據及相關營業應 付款項的全部賬面值。本集團因持續參與終止 確認票據及因購回該等終止確認票據的未貼現 現金流量而面臨的最大損失等於其賬面值。本 公司董事認為,本集團之持續參與終止確認票 據的公平價值並不重大。

### 21. 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項

		At 31 December 於12月31日 2024 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	At 31 December 於12月31日 2023 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>
Value-add tax recoverable	可收回增值稅	7,834	9,201
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables	按金、預付款項及其他應收款項	105,741	132,153
Receivables from compensation of land	土地徵收補償應收款項(附註)		
resumption (note)		96,791	228,698
Less: allowance for ECL	減:預期信貸虧損撥備	-	_
		210,366	370,052

The Group has assessed deposits and other receivables whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. The Group considers that there is no significant increase in credit risk of these amounts since initial recognition and the Group provided impairment based on 12-month ECL. As at 31 December 2024, deposits and other receivables with gross amount of HK\$118,104,000 (2023: HK\$248,473,000) are without significant increase in credit risk on which 12-month ECL of nil (2023: nil) were recognised.

本集團已評估按金及其他應收款項之信貸風險自初始確認以來是否顯著增加。本集團認為自初始確認以來,該等款項之信貸風險並無顯著增加,而本集團根據12個月預期信貸虧損計提減值撥備。於2024年12月31日,總額為118,104,000港元(2023年:248,473,000港元)之按金及其他應收款項的信貸風險並無顯著增加且已確認12個月預期信貸虧損為零(2023年:無)。

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## 21. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER **RECEIVABLES** (continued)

Note:

The amount refers to the compensation receivable from the Local Government in Jiangyin Fuhui. Compensation receivable of HK\$128,930,000 was received from the Local Government during the year ended 31 December 2024 and all of the remaining compensation of HK\$96,791,000 has been received on 2 January 2025. The Group has assessed receivables from compensation of land resumption whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. The Group considered that no significant increase in credit risk of these amounts since initial recognition and the Group provided impairment based on 12-month ECL. As at 31 December 2024. such receivables with gross amount of HK\$96,791,000 (2023: HK\$228,698,000) are without significant increase in credit risk on which 12-month ECL of nil (2023: nil) were recognised.

#### 22. RESTRICTED BANK DEPOSITS

As at 31 December 2024, restricted bank deposits of HK\$1,726,000 (2023: HK\$1,897,000) mainly represented guaranteed deposits placed in the banks in the Sri Lanka (2023: placed in the banks in the PRC and Sri Lanka) as securities for the bank overdraft (2023: securities for the bills payables and bank overdraft).

### 23. SHORT-TERM BANK DEPOSITS AND BANK **BALANCES AND CASH**

Short-term bank deposits and bank balances, for the purpose of meeting the Group's short term cash commitment, carry market interest rates ranging from 0.01% to 5.30% (2023: 0.01% to 6.61%) per annum.

#### 24. TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLES

		At 31 December 於12月31日 2024 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>	At 31 December 於12月31日 2023 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>
Trade payables Bills payables	營業應付款項 票據應付款項	494,187 68,357	533,243 118,328
		562,544	651,571

## 21. 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項

附註:

該款項指江陰福匯應收當地政府的補償。截至2024 年12月31日止年度,已向當地政府收取補償款 128,930,000港元,且已於2025年1月2日收取所有剩 餘補償96,791,000港元。本集團已評估應收土地徵收 補償之信貸風險自初始確認以來是否顯著增加。本集 團認為,該等款項之信貸風險自初始確認以來並無顯 著增加,而本集團根據12個月預期信貸虧損計提減 值撥備。於2024年12月31日,總額為96.791.000港元 (2023年: 228.698.000港元) 的有關應收款項之信貸 風險並無顯著增加,目並無就其確認12個月預期信貸 虧捐(2023年:無)。

#### 22. 受限制銀行存款

於2024年12月31日,受限制銀行存款1,726,000 港元 (2023年: 1,897,000港元) 主要指存放於斯 里蘭卡銀行(2023年: 存放於中國及斯里蘭卡銀 行) 作為銀行诱支抵押(2023年:作為票據應付 款項及銀行透支抵押)的有擔保存款。

### 23. 短期銀行存款及銀行結餘及現金

就履行本集團之短期現金承諾而言,短期銀行 存款及銀行結餘乃按介乎0.01%至5.30%(2023 年:0.01%至6.61%) 之市場年利率計息。

### 24. 營業及票據應付款項

At 31 December	At 31 December
於12月31日	於12月31日
2024	2023
HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
494,187	533,243
68,357	118,328
562,544	651,571

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### 24. TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLES (continued)

## 24. 營業及票據應付款項(續)

The following is an ageing analysis of trade and bills payables based on the invoice dates, as at the end of the reporting period:

營業及票據應付款項按發票日期於報告期終的 賬齡分析如下:

		At 31 December 於12月31日 2024 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>	At 31 December 於12月31日 2023 HK\$'000 千港元
Within 1 month 1 to 2 months 2 to 3 months	1個月內 1至2個月 2至3個月	346,916 122,921 40,917	430,215 135,777 30,212
Over 3 months	3個月以上	51,790 562,544	55,367 651,571

All the bills payables of the Group were not yet due at the end of the reporting period.

於報告期終,本集團之所有票據應付款項均未 到期。

As at 31 December 2023, bills payables of HK\$1,103,000 (2024: nil) were secured by the Group's restricted bank deposits of HK\$221,000 (2024: nil).

於2023年12月31日,票據應付款項1,103,000港 元 (2024年:無)乃由本集團之受限制銀行存款 221,000港元 (2024年:無)作為抵押。

The credit period on purchase of goods ranges from 30 days to 120 days.

購貨的信貸期介乎30天至120天。

#### 25. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

## 25. 其他應付款項及應計費用

		At 31 December	At 31 December
		於12月31日	於12月31日
		2024	2023
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Other payables	其他應付款項	155,281	109,551
Accruals	應計費用	113,210	180,411
		268,491	289,962

### **26. CONTRACT LIABILITIES**

### 26. 合約負債

The Group has recognised the following revenue-related contract liabilities:

本集團已確認以下收入相關合約負債:

		At 31 December 於12月31日	At 31 December 於12月31日
		2024	2023
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Contract liabilities	合約負債	17,150	19,712

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

### 26. CONTRACT LIABILITIES (continued)

#### Movements in contract liabilities

### 26. 合約負債(續)

#### 合約負債的變動

		2024	2023
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January  Decrease in contract liabilities as a result of recognising revenue during the year that	於1月1日 因年內確認年初計入合約負債的 收入而導致合約負債減少	19,712	21,216
was included in the contract liabilities at the beginning of the year Increase in contract liabilities as a result of advanced consideration received from	因收自客戶的預付代價而導致的 合約負債增加	(19,641)	(21,109)
customers		17,150	19,712
Currency realignment	外幣換算差額	(71)	(107)
At 31 December (note 6)	於12月31日 (附註6)	17,150	19,712

Contract liabilities included advances received to deliver dyed fabrics, yarns and garments. In general, the Group receives certain percentage of the contract sum as advance payment from the customers upon signing the sales contracts.

合約負債包括交付色布、紗及成衣所收取的預付款項。一般而言,本集團於簽署銷售合約後向客戶收取合約金額的若干百分比作為預付款項。

#### 27. LEASE LIABILITIES

#### Nature of leasing activities (in the capacity as lessee)

The Group leases a number of properties in the jurisdictions from which it operates. The Group leases various factories, staff quarters, offices premises, warehouse and machinery and equipment. Rental contracts are typically made for fixed periods from 2 to 50 years for land and buildings and 2 years for machinery. All rental contracts comprise only fixed payments over the lease terms.

Contracts may contain both lease and non-lease components. The Group allocates the consideration in the contract to the lease and non-lease components based on their relative stand-alone prices.

Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants. Leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

#### 27. 和賃負債

#### 租賃業務之性質(作為承租人)

本集團於其營運之司法地區租賃多項物業。本 集團租賃多間工廠、員工宿舍、辦公室物業、倉 庫以及機器及設備。租賃合約一般按固定年期2 至50年(就土地及建築物而言)及2年(就機器而 言)訂立。所有租賃合約僅包含於租賃期作出固 定付款。

合約可包含租賃及非租賃組成部分。本集團根據租賃及非租賃組成部分之相對單獨價格,將 合約之代價分配至租賃及非租賃組成部分。

租賃期乃按個別基準進行磋商,且包含多種不同條款及條件。租賃協議不會施加任何契諾。租 賃資產不得用作借款之抵押。

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### 27. LEASE LIABILITIES (continued)

#### Nature of leasing activities (in the capacity as lessee) (continued)

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Group, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Group:

- where possible, uses recent third-party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third party financing was received;
- uses a build-up approach that starts with a risk-free interest rate adjusted for credit risk of lessee; and
- makes adjustments specific to the lease, e.g. term, country, currency and security.

### 27. 租賃負債(續)

#### 租賃業務之性質(作為承租人)(續)

租賃款項乃使用租賃隱含之利率貼現。倘無法輕易釐定該利率(本集團之租賃通常如此),則使用承租人之增量借款利率,即個別承租人於類似經濟環境根據類似條款、抵押及條件為借入取得與使用權資產價值相若之資產所需之資金而將須支付之利率。

#### 為釐定增量借款利率,本集團:

- 在可能情況下使用個別承租人近期取得之 第三方融資作為基點,並作出調整以反映 自取得第三方融資以來融資條件之變動;
- 使用累加法,首先就承租人之信貸風險調整無風險利率;及
- 對租賃作出特定調整,如年期、國家、貨幣 及抵押。

Lease liabilities	租賃負債	Land and buildings 土地及建築物 <i>HK\$'000</i>	Equipment 設備 <i>HK\$</i> '000	<b>Total</b> 總值 <i>HK\$'000</i>
		<i>千港元</i>	千港元	千港元
At 1 January 2023	於2023年1月1日	142,953	49	143,002
Additions	增加	2,202	540	2,742
Interest expense	利息支出	6,990	10	7,000
Lease payments	租賃款項	(33,753)	(135)	(33,888)
Effect on modification (note i)	修改之影響 (附註i)	8,228	_	8,228
Currency realignment	外幣換算差額	(1,611)	_	(1,611)
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	125,009	464	125,473
Additions	增加	7,794	_	7,794
Interest expense	利息支出	6,124	11	6,135
Lease payments	租賃款項	(33,723)	(115)	(33,838)
Effect on modification (note i)	修改之影響 (附註i)	31,199	_	31,199
Currency realignment	外幣換算差額	(2,891)		(2,891)
At 31 December 2024	於2024年12月31日	133,512	360	133,872

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

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### 27. LEASE LIABILITIES (continued)

#### Nature of leasing activities (in the capacity as lessee) (continued)

Note:

(i) Additions of right-of-use assets of approximately HK\$41,630,000 (2023: HK9,809,000) and lease liabilities of HK\$31,199,000 (2023: HK9,809,000) were recognised due to modification to lease terms while right-of-use assets of nil (2023: HK\$804,000) and lease liabilities of nil (2023: HK\$1,581,000) were derecognised due to early termination of leases during the year ended 31 December 2024. The lease modifications are resulted in a gain on lease modification of HK\$10,431,000 (2023: HK\$777,000).

The analysis of the present value of future lease payments is as follows:

### 27. 租賃負債(續)

#### 租賃業務之性質(作為承租人)(續)

附註:

(i) 截至2024年12月31日止年度,因租賃條款之修改而確認增加使用權資產約41,630,000港元(2023年:9,809,000港元)及租賃負債31,199,000港元(2023年:9,809,000港元),而因提前終止租賃而終止確認使用權資產為零(2023年:804,000港元)及租賃負債為零(2023年:1,581,000港元)。租賃修改產生租賃修改收益10,431,000港元(2023年:777,000港元)。

#### 未來租賃款項之現值分析如下:

		At 31 December	At 31 December
		於12月31日	於12月31日
		2024	2023
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Current liabilities	流動負債	22,350	26,239
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	111,522	99,234
		133,872	125,473
		2024	2023
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Short-term leases expenses	短期租賃支出	1,341	2,213
Aggregate undiscounted commitments	未貼現短期租賃承擔總額		
for short-term leases		33	38
Total cash outflows for leases which includes	租賃現金流出總額(包括支付租賃		
payments of principal and interest portion	負債的本金及利息部分)及		
of lease liabilities and short-term leases	短期租賃支出		
expenses		35,179	36,101

# 28. AMOUNTS DUE TO NON-CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS/AN ASSOCIATE

#### (a) Amounts due to non-controlling shareholders

The amounts are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

#### (b) Amount due to an associate

The amount is unsecured, interest-free and repayable with agreed 30 to 180 days credit period.

# 28. 欠非控股股東/一間聯營公司款項

#### (a) 欠非控股股東款項

有關款項為無抵押、免息及應要求償還。

#### (b) 欠一間聯營公司款項

有關款項為無抵押、免息及須於30至180天協定 信貸期間償還。

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### 29. DEFERRED INCOME

#### 29. 遞延收入

		At 31 December 於12月31日 2024 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>	At 31 December 於12月31日 2023 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>
Arising from government grants (notes i and iii) Arising from rental income (note ii)	由政府補貼所產生 <i>(附註i及iii)</i> 由租金收入所產生 <i>(附註ii)</i>	53,048 19,978 73,026	51,992 20,439 72,431
Current Non-current	流動 非流動	5,470 67,556 73,026	4,699 67,732 72,431

Notes:

- i) In 2008, the Group received a government subsidy of HK\$72,912,000 for the purchase of certain assets, which had been deferred to recognise as income over the useful lives of the relevant assets upon the fulfillment of the relevant conditions. The Group has no unfulfilled conditions attaching to the government grants.
- ii) In 2021, the Group received the rental income of HK\$33,941,000 for the leasing of three investment properties, which had been deferred to recognise as income over the rental periods of 9 to 10 years.
- iii) In 2022, the Group received a government subsidy of HK\$832,000 for the purchase of machinery, which had been deferred to recognise as income over the useful lives of the relevant assets upon the fulfillment of the relevant conditions. The Group has no unfulfilled conditions attaching to the government grants.

#### 附註:

- i) 於2008年,本集團已收一項政府補貼72,912,000 港元,用於購買若干資產,補貼已於達成相關條 件後按有關資產使用年期確認為收入。本集團 並無該等政府補貼所附帶的未達成條件。
- ii) 於2021年,本集團已收出租三處投資物業的租金收入33,941,000港元,已按租期9至10年遞延確認為收入。
- iii) 於2022年,本集團已收一項政府補貼832,000港元,用於購買機器,補貼已於達成相關條件後按有關資產使用年期確認為收入。本集團並無該等政府補貼所附帶的未達成條件。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

#### 30. BANK BORROWINGS

### 30. 銀行借貸

		At 31 December 於12月31日 2024 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>	At 31 December 於12月31日 2023 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>
Unsecured borrowings: Bank loans Import bills loans	無抵押借貸: 銀行貸款 進口票據貸款	48,795 -	154,435 45,122
		48,795	199,557
Repayable as follows: On demand or within one year (note) More than one year, but not exceeding two years More than two year, but not exceeding five years	須於下列期間償還: 應要求償還或1年內(附註) 1年以上但不超過2年 2年以上但不超過5年	48,795 - -	108,471 91,086 –
Less: Amounts repayable on demand or due within one year shown under current liabilities  – bank borrowings due within one year	減:列入流動負債應要求償還或 1年內到期的金額 -1年內到期的銀行借貸	48,795 (48,795)	199,557 (108,471)
Amounts due after one year	1年後到期金額	-	91,086

Note: As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the current liabilities include all bank loans that are scheduled to repay within one year.

附註: 於2024年及2023年12月31日,流動負債包括 所有須於1年內到期償還之銀行貸款。

The bank borrowings with carrying amount of HK\$48,795,000 (2023: HK\$199,557,000), including bank loans (2023: bank loans and import bills loans), of the Group are variable rate borrowings which carry interest at the Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate ("HIBOR") plus a spread, ranging from 1.00% to 1.70% (2023: 0.70% to 2.15%) or Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") plus a spread, ranging from 1.05% to 2.23% (2023: 0.70% to 1.80%) per annum. The average effective interest rates of the bank borrowings of the Group is 6.24% (2023: 5.99%) per annum. As at 31 December 2024, no bank borrowings carry interest at fixed rates (2023: nil).

本集團賬面值48,795,000港元(2023年:199,557,000港元)的銀行借貸(包括銀行貸款)(2023年:銀行借貸及及進口票據貸款)為浮息借貸,按香港銀行同業拆息(「香港銀行同業拆息」)加上息差介乎1.00%至1.70%(2023年:0.70%至2.15%)或有擔保隔夜融資利率(「有擔保隔夜融資利率」)加上息差介乎1.05%至2.23%(2023年:0.70%至1.80%)之年利率計息。本集團銀行借貸之平均實際年利率為6.24%(2023年:5.99%)。於2024年12月31日,概無按固定年利率計息的銀行借貸(2023年:無)。

Pursuant to the Group's banking facilities letters, the Group was required to maintain a number of covenant ratios. During the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Group had complied with all covenant ratios.

根據本集團的銀行融資函件,本集團須維持數個契約比率。於截至2024年及2023年12月31日 止年度,本集團已遵守所有契約比率。

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### 30. BANK BORROWINGS (continued)

As at 31 December 2024, the Group's borrowings with the carrying amount of HK\$48,795,000 (2023: HK\$154,435,000) are subject to the fulfillment of covenants relating to the consolidated tangible net worth of the Group not less than HK\$2,500,000,000 and the consolidated total bank borrowings to the consolidated tangible net worth not exceed 105% at any time throughout the loan term. If the Group were to breach the covenants the drawn down facilities would become payable on demand. The Group regularity monitors its compliance with these covenants. Further details of the Group's management of liquidity risk are set out in note 37. As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, none of the covenants relating to drawn down facilities had been breached.

As at 31 December 2024, as the Group complied with the covenants that were required to be met on or before 31 December 2024.

## 30. 銀行借貸(續)

於2024年12月31日,本集團賬面值為48.795.000 港元(2023年:154.435.000港元)的借款須履 行與本集團不少於2,500,000,000港元的綜合有 形淨值有關的契諾,且在整個貸款期內,綜合 銀行借貸總額與綜合有形淨值的比率不得超過 105%。倘本集團違反契諾,所提取的融資將須 應要求償還。本集團定期監測其遵守該等契諾 的情況。有關本集團管理流動資金風險的進一 步詳情載於附註37。於2024年及2023年12月31 日,概無與已提取融資有關的契諾遭違反。

於2024年12月31日,本集團已遵守於2024年12 月31日或之前須履行的契諾。

#### 31. SHARE CAPITAL

#### At 31 December At 31 December 於12月31日 於12月31日 2024 2023 No. of shares HK\$'000 HK\$'000 No. of shares 股份數目 千港元 股份數目 千港元 Ordinary shares, issued and 普通股,已發行及繳足 fully paid At beginning and at end 於年初及於年終 of the year 889,810 1,225,026,960 889,810

1,225,026,960

In accordance with section 135 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), the ordinary shares of the Company do not have a par value.

#### 32. NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

Ocean Lanka (Private) Limited, a 60% (2023: 60%) owned subsidiary of the Company, has material non-controlling interests ("NCI"). The NCI of all other subsidiaries that are not 100% owned by the Group are considered not to be material.

根據香港公司條例(第622章)第135條,本公司 的普通股並無票面價值。

#### 32. 非控股權益

31. 股本

本公司於一間附屬公司海洋蘭卡(私人)有限公 司擁有60% (2023年:60%) 股權的重大非控股 權益(「非控股權益」)。並非由本集團擁有100% 權益之所有其他附屬公司之非控股權益被認為 並不重大。

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# 32. NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS (continued)

## 32. 非控股權益(續)

Summarised financial information in relation to the NCI of Ocean Lanka (Private) Limited, before intra-group eliminations, is presented below:

於集團內部對銷之前,有關海洋蘭卡(私人)有 限公司非控股權益的概要財務資料呈列如下:

	2024 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>	2023 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>
截至12月31日止年度		
營業額	928,303	817,443
是年度盈利		34,741
其他全面開支	(3,047)	(910)
全面收益總額	• • • •	33,831
分配至非控股權益的盈利	19,141	13,896
收益	(1,219)	365
截至12月31日止年度		
營運項目(所用)/所得的現金流量	(28,791)	98,633
		(20,721)
		(47,328)
匯率變動對現金及等同現金項目的影響	` ,	, ,
	(1,015)	253
現金(流出) / 流入淨額	(49,997)	30,837
		At 31 December
		於12月31日
		2023
	HK\$'000 十港元	HK\$'000 千港元
<b>流動資產</b>	496 525	443,500
		155,249
		(121,662)
		(30,802)
기 까다 됐 것 되었	(+3,003)	(00,002)
資產淨值	491,089	446,285
男計非控股機益	106.426	178,514
-	營業額 是年度盈利 其他全面開支 全面收益總額 分配至非控股權益的基利 分配至非控股權益的其他全面(開支)/ 收益 截至12月31日止年度 營運項目(所用)/所得的現金流量 投資項目所用的現金流量 融率變動對現金及等同現金項目的影響 現金(流出)/流入淨額 現金(流出)/流入淨額	### WEST 12月31日止年度    一次   日本   日本   日本   日本   日本   日本   日本   日

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

33. RESERVES 33. 儲備

本集團 The Group

The Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

本集團本年度及過往年度的儲備及其變動載列 於綜合權益變動表。

The Company 本公司

> Retained earnings 渷存盈利

		从
	***************************************	
As 1 January 2023	於2023年1月1日	1,030,269
Profit for the year	是年度盈利	5,262
As 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	1,035,531
Loss for the year	是年度虧損	(33,496)
Dividend recognised as distribution	已確認為分派之股息	(36,751)
At 31 December 2024	於2024年12月31日	965,284

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### 34. HOLDING COMPANY'S STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL **POSITION**

# 34. 控股公司之財務狀況報表

			At 31 December 於12月31日	At 31 December 於12月31日
		Notes 附註	2024 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>	2023 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets Investments in subsidiaries	<b>非流動資產</b> 物業、機器及設備 使用權資產 附屬公司投資	i	865 351 7,650	761 581 7,650
			8,866	8,992
Current assets Prepayments, deposits and other receivables Amounts due from subsidiaries Bank balances and cash	流動資產 預付款項、按金及 其他應收款項 附屬公司所欠款項 銀行結餘及現金	ii	1,460 2,234,315 81,266	2,142 2,552,794 158,525
			2,317,041	2,713,461
Current liabilities Other payables and accruals  Lease liabilities – current portion Amounts due to subsidiaries	流動負債 其他應付款項及 應計費用 租賃負債-流動部分 欠附屬公司款項	ii	8,814 107 461,640	9,051 227 787,475
			470,561	796,753
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		1,846,480	1,916,708
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總值減流動負債		1,855,346	1,925,700
Non-current liabilities Lease liabilities – non-current portion	<b>非流動負債</b> 租賃負債-非流動部分		252	359
Net assets	資產淨值		1,855,094	1,925,341
Capital and reserves Share capital Reserves	<b>資本及儲備</b> 股本 儲備	31 33	889,810 965,284	889,810 1,035,531
Total equity	權益總值		1,855,094	1,925,341

The Company's statement of financial position was approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 21 March 2025 and are signed on its behalf by:

本公司財務狀況表已於2025年3月21日由董事 會通過及核准發放,並由下列董事代表簽署:

LIU Xianfu 劉賢福 Director 董事

YAU Hang Tat, Andrew 邱恒達 Director 董事

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### 34. HOLDING COMPANY'S STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL **POSITION** (continued)

#### Notes:

- As at 31 December 2024, investment in subsidiaries are carried at cost of approximately HK\$7,650,000 (2023 HK\$7,650,000) less accumulated impairment loss of nil (2023: nil).
- The amounts due from/to subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand. The directors of the Company do not expect repayments from subsidiaries within next twelve months from the end of the reporting period.

#### **35. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES**

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries of the Company at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023 are as follows:

### 34. 控股公司之財務狀況報表(續)

#### 附註:

- 於2024年12月31日,附屬公司投資按成本約為 7,650,000港元 (2023年: 7,650,000港元) 減累計 減值損失零(2023年:零)列值。
- 附屬公司所欠款項/欠附屬公司款項為無抵 押、免息及應要求償還。本公司董事預期附屬公 司不會於自報告期終起未來十二個月內還款。

### 35. 附屬公司投資

於2024年12月31日及2023年12月31日本公司主 要附屬公司的詳情如下:

Name of subsidiary	Place/country of incorporation/ registration and operation	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital 已發行及	Proportion of is capital/register held by the C	red capital	Principal activities
附屬公司名稱	註冊成立/登記及 營業所在地/國家	繳足的股本/ 登記股本	本公司所持已發 登記股本的 Directly 直接 %		主要業務
Dongguan Shatin Lake Side Textiles Printing & Dyeing Co., Ltd. <i>(note b)</i> 東莞沙田麗海紡織印染有限公司 <i>(附註b)</i>	The PRC 中國	HK\$307,500,000 307,500,000港元	-	95	Knitting, dyeing, printing and sales of dyed fabrics 針織、染色、印花和銷售色布
Fountain Set Limited 福田實業有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$3,000,000 3,000,000港元	100	-	Trading of dyed fabrics and yarns 色布及色紗貿易
Highscene Limited 漢盛有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$3,000,000 3,000,000港元	100	-	Trading of yarns, dyestuffs and chemicals 胚紗及顏化料貿易
Hiway Textiles Limited 海匯紡織有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 2港元	-	100	Trading of garments 成衣貿易
Jiangyin Fuhui Textiles Limited <i>(note a)</i> 江陰福匯紡織有限公司 <i>(附註a)</i>	The PRC 中國	United States Dollar ("USD") 110,000,000 110,000,000美元 (「美元」)	-	100	Knitting, dyeing and sales of dyed fabrics and yarns 針織、染色和銷售色布及色紗
Lake Side Printing Factory Limited 麗海印花廠有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 2港元	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Ningbo Young Top Garments Co., Ltd. <i>(note a)</i> 寧波創裕製衣有限公司 <i>(附註a)</i>	The PRC 中國	USD10,000,000 10,000,000美元	-	55.5	Production and sales of garments 製造及銷售成衣
Ocean Lanka (Private) Limited 海洋蘭卡(私人) 有限公司	Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka 斯里蘭卡民主社會主義 共和國	Sri Lanka Rupee ("LKR") 985,000,000 985,000,000 斯里蘭卡盧比 (「盧比」)		60	Knitting, dyeing, printing and sales of dyed fabrics 針織、染色、印花和銷售色布

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### **35. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES** (continued)

### 35. 附屬公司投資(續)

Name of subsidiary	Place/country of incorporation/ registration and operation	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital 已發行及	Proportion of is capital/register held by the C	red capital	Principal activities
附屬公司名稱	註冊成立/登記及 營業所在地/國家	おいた 総足的股本/ 登記股本	本公司所持已發 登記股本的 Directly 直接 %		主要業務
Oceanstar Textiles International Limited 海星紡織國際有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 2港元	-	100	Trading of garments 成衣貿易
Ocean Yarn Dyeing Factory Limited 海洋染紗廠有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 2港元	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Prosperlink (Macao Commercial Offshore) Limited 匯漢 (澳門離岸商業服務) 有限公司	Macao 澳門	Macau Pataca 100,000 100,000澳門幣	-	100	Trading of yarns, dyestuffs and chemicals 胚紗及顏化料貿易
Shanghai Fuhui Textiles Trading Co., Ltd. <i>(note a)</i> 上海福匯紡織貿易有限公司 <i>(附註a)</i>	The PRC 中國	Renminbi ("RMB") 5,000,000 人民幣 (「人民幣」) 5,000,000元	-	100	Trading of dyed fabrics 色布貿易
深圳福力紡織品有限公司 (note a) (附註a)	The PRC 中國	RMB35,000,000 人民幣35,000,000元	-	100	Trading of dyed fabrics 色布貿易
深圳福力紡織品有限公司 (note a) (附註a)	The PRC 中國	RMB35,000,000 人民幣35,000,000元	-	100	Trading of dyed fabrics 色布貿易
Suqian Young Top Garments Co., Ltd. <i>(note a)</i> 宿遷創裕製衣有限公司 <i>(附註a)</i>	The PRC 中國	USD800,000 800,000美元	-	55.5	Production and sales of garments 製造及銷售成衣
東莞福田綠洲供熱有限公司 (note a)(附註a)	The PRC 中國	RMB90,000,000 人民幣90,000,000元	-	100	Heating supply 熱力供應
Yancheng Fuhui Textiles Limited (note a)	The PRC	USD149,000,000	-	100	Knitting, dyeing and sales of dyed fabrics and yarns
鹽城福匯紡織有限公司 (附註a)	中國	149,000,000美元			針織、染色和銷售色布及色紗

#### Notes:

- a. Companies are established as wholly foreign owned enterprise in the PRC.
- b. Companies are established as cooperative joint ventures in the PRC.

The above table includes the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, principally affected the results of the Group for the year or formed a substantial portion of the assets and liabilities of the Group at the end of the reporting period. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, result in particulars of excessive length.

- 附註:
- a. 於中國以外商獨資企業成立的公司。
- b. 於中國以合資經營的合作形式成立的公司。

以上本公司的附屬公司乃基於本公司董事認為 其對本集團是年度業績有重要影響或構成本集 團於報告期終的資產及負債重要部分而表列。 本公司董事認為併列其他附屬公司的詳情會引 致篇幅過於冗長。

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#### 36. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior years.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debts, which include the borrowings disclosed in note 30, and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital and reserves.

The directors of the Company review the capital structure on an on-going basis. As part of this review, the directors of the Company consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with the share capital. Based on recommendations of the directors of the Company, the Group may balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues and share buy-backs as well as the issue of new debts and the redemption of existing debts.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is total liabilities divided by total capital. Total liabilities is calculated as current liabilities and non-current liabilities. Capital includes equity attributable to owners of the Company. The gearing ratio at the end of reporting period was as follows:

### 36. 資本風險管理

本集團管理資本之目的,在於確保本集團各實體得以持續經營,同時透過取得債務與權益之間的最佳平衡,為持份者爭取最大回報。本集團的整體策略與往年一致。

本集團的資本架構包括債務 (當中包括附註30 所披露的借貸) 及本公司擁有人應佔權益 (包括 已發行股本及儲備)。

本公司董事按持續基準檢討資本架構。作為檢討一部分,本公司董事考慮資本的成本與股本的相關風險。根據本公司董事的建議,本集團會以透過派發股息、發行新股及購回股份以及發行新債務及贖回現有債務以平衡其整體資本架構。

本集團使用資本負債比率(即負債總額除以總資本)監控其資本。負債總額乃按流動負債及非流動負債計算。資本包括本公司擁有人應佔權益。於報告期終的資本負債比率如下:

		At 31 December	At 31 December
		2024	2023
		於12月31日	於12月31日
		2024	2023
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Total liabilities	負債總額	1,158,845	1,432,173
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔權益	3,237,589	3,268,346
Gearing ratio	資本負債比率	35.8%	43.8%

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註 (續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

#### 37. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

### (a) Categories of financial instruments

### 37. 金融工具

#### (a) 金融工具類別

		At 31 December 於12月31日 2024 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>	At 31 December 於12月31日 2023 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets Financial assets measured at amortised cost (including cash and cash equivalents)	金融資產 按攤銷成本計量的金融資產 (包括現金及等同現金項目)	2,217,374	2,437,458
Financial liabilities Financial liabilities measured at amortised cos	<b>金融負債</b> t 按攤銷成本計量的金融負債	779,589	978,285

#### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The major financial instruments of the Group include trade and bills receivables, deposits, other receivables, restricted and short-term bank deposits, bank balances and cash, trade and bills payables, other payables, amounts due to non-controlling shareholders, amount due to an associate and bank borrowings. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments include market risk (currency risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. Management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

#### Market risk

#### (i) Currency risk

Certain entities in the Group have foreign currency transactions, which expose the Group to foreign currency risk.

The Group manages and monitors foreign exchange exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner. To mitigate the risk of foreign currency, the Group manages the foreign currency receivables, payables, bank balances and bank borrowings by performing regular review. The Group will continue to assess if the use of the foreign currency hedging strategy as appropriate in order to mitigate the foreign currency risk.

#### (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團的主要金融工具包括營業及票據應收款項、按金、其他應收款項、受限制及短期銀行存款、銀行結餘及現金、營業及票據應付款項、其他應付款項、欠非控股股東的款項、欠一間聯營公司的款項及銀行借貸。該等金融工具之詳情已於各自附註中披露。與該等金融工具有關的風險包括市場風險(貨幣風險及利率風險)、信貸風險及流動資金風險。下文載列有關如何降低該等風險的政策。管理層管理及監控該等風險,以確保及時和有效地採取適當措施。

#### 市場風險

#### (i) 貨幣風險

本集團若干實體有外幣交易,故本集團涉及外 幣風險。

本集團管理及監控外匯風險,以確保及時和有效地採取適當措施。為降低外幣風險,本集團透過定期檢討以管理外幣之應收款項、應付款項、銀行結餘及銀行借貸。本集團將繼續評估是否使用適當外幣對沖策略以降低外幣風險。

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### 37. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

#### Market risk (continued)

#### (i) Currency risk (continued)

At the end of the reporting period, the carrying amounts of foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities of the Group that are considered significant by the management are as follows:

Monetary assets and monetary liabilities:

### 37. 金融工具(續)

#### (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 市場風險(續)

#### (i) 貨幣風險(續)

於報告期終,管理層認為屬重大的本集團以外 幣列值的貨幣資產及貨幣負債的賬面值如下:

#### 貨幣資產及貨幣負債:

		Ass	Assets		lities
		資	產	負	債
		At 31 December	At 31 December	At 31 December	At 31 December
		於12月31日	於12月31日	於12月31日	於12月31日
		2024	2023	2024	2023
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
USD	美元	975,930	818,019	116,715	158,000
RMB	人民幣	390,915	583,677	455,441	404,816
Canadian Dollar ("CAD")	加元 (「加元」)	34	515	-	_
LKR	盧比	28,636	61,361	-	_
HK\$	港元	5,527	1,014	13,606	13,961
Indonesian Rupiah ("IDR")	印尼盾(「印尼盾」)	198	117	-	1,810

#### Sensitivity analysis

The Group is mainly exposed to the risk of fluctuation of USD, RMB, CAD, LKR and HK\$ when such currencies are different from the functional currency of the relevant group entities.

The following table detail the sensitivity of the Group to a 5% increase and decrease in the above foreign currencies against the functional currency of the corresponding group entity, except for HK\$ against USD since HK\$ is pegged to USD. 5% is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items at the year end for a 5% change in foreign currency rates. On this basis, there will be an increase/(a decrease) in pre-tax profit for the year (2023: an increase/(a decrease) in pre-tax profit) where foreign currencies strengthen against the functional currencies of the corresponding group entity by 5%, and vice versa. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2023.

#### 敏感度分析

本集團主要涉及美元、人民幣、加元、盧比及港元(當該等貨幣與相關集團實體的功能貨幣不同時)的波動風險。

下表詳細載列本集團對上述外幣兌相關集團實體功能貨幣升值或貶值5%的敏感度,由於港元與美元掛鈎,因此港元兌美元除外。5%為向主要管理人員內部呈報外匯風險及管理人員對匯率可能合理變動的評估所採用的敏感度比率。敏感度分析僅包括於年終尚未結算以外幣列值的貨幣項目,按5%的外匯率變動調整其換算。按此基準,當外幣兌相關集團實體功能貨幣升值5%,是年度稅前盈利將會增加/(減少)(2023年:稅前盈利增加/(減少)),反之亦然。有關分析乃按2023年的相同基準進行。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

### 37. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Market risk (continued)

(i) Currency risk (continued)

Sensitivity analysis (continued)

Monetary assets and monetary liabilities:

### 37. 金融工具(續)

#### (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

(i) 貨幣風險(續)

敏感度分析(續)

貨幣資產及貨幣負債:

		At 31 December 於12月31日 2024 HK\$'000 千港元 Increase/ (decrease) in pre-tax profit 稅前盈利 增加/(減少)	At 31 December 於12月31日 2023 HK\$'000 千港元 Increase/ (decrease) in pre-tax profit 稅前盈利 增加/(減少)
RMB against HK\$ CAD against HK\$ LKR against HK\$	人民幣兌港元 加元兌港元 盧比兌港元	3,226 2 1,432 4,660	8,943 26 3,068 12,037

#### (ii) Interest rate risk

The Group is mainly exposed to cash flow interest rate risk primarily in relation to variable-rate bank balances and borrowings. It is the Group's policy to keep its bank borrowings at floating rate of interests so as to minimise the fair value interest rate risk. The Group's cash flow interest rate risk is mainly concentrated on the fluctuation of HIBOR or SOFR arising from the Group's variable-rate bank borrowings. In view of the frequent changes in market interest rate, the Group shall monitor the interest rate fluctuation closely and arrange appropriate financial instruments to minimise the interest rate risk

#### Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for non-derivative instruments (included variable-rate borrowings only as the directors of the Company consider the exposure of cash flow interest rate risk arising from variable-rate bank balances is not significant) at 31 December 2024 and 2023. The analysis is prepared assuming the amount of liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year. A 50 (31 December 2023: 50) basis points increase or decrease in interest rate is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

#### (ii) 利率風險

本集團的現金流量利率風險主要與浮息銀行結 餘及借貸有關。本集團的政策是維持其銀行借 貸於浮動利率以減低公平價值利率風險。本集 團的現金流量利率風險主要集中於由本集團浮 息銀行借貸產生之香港銀行同業拆息或有擔保 隔夜融資利率波動。由於市場利率頻繁變動,本 集團會密切留意利率波動,並安排合適的金融 工具降低利率風險。

#### 敏感度分析

下列敏感度分析根據非衍生工具(僅包括浮息借貸,因本公司董事認為浮息銀行結餘產生之現金流量利率風險並不重大)於2024年及2023年12月31日的利率風險釐定。有關分析乃基於報告期終尚未償還的負債數額在本年整個年度內均為未償還的假設而編製。向主要管理人員內部呈報利率風險乃採用50個(2023年12月31日:50個)基點的升降,代表管理層對利率可能合理變動的評估。

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### 37. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Market risk (continued)

(ii) Interest rate risk(continued)

Sensitivity analysis (continued)

For non-derivative bank borrowings, if interest rate had been 50 basis points higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's pre-tax profit for the year would decrease/increase by HK\$244,000 (31 December 2023: decrease/increase by HK\$998,000).

As at 31 December 2024, certain borrowings of the Group are linked to interbank offered rates which may be subject to interest rate benchmark reform. The Group has closely monitored the market and the output from the various industry working groups managing the transition to new benchmark interest rates.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that the Group's counterparties default on their contractual obligations resulting in financial losses to the Group. As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the maximum exposure to credit risk by the Group without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, which will cause a financial loss due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties is arising from the carrying amounts of the recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

In order to manage the credit risk, management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. Credit sales of products are only made to customers with good credit quality and repayment history. In addition, the Group regularly reviews the recoverable amount of debt on both collective and individual basis to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In response to the global economic uncertainty, management has also been performing more frequent reviews of credit limits for customers in regions and industries that are severely impacted. During the year ended 31 December 2024, a net impairment loss of HK\$6,115,000 (31 December 2023: a net reversal of impairment loss of HK\$13,275,000) in respect of the trade and bills receivables was recognised.

### 37. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

(ii) 利率風險(續)

敏感度分析(續)

就非衍生銀行借貸而言,倘利率上升/下跌50個基點,而所有其他變數維持不變,則本集團的是年度之稅前盈利將減少/增加244,000港元(2023年12月31日:減少/增加998,000港元)。

於2024年12月31日,本集團若干借貸與可能受利率基準改革影響之銀行同業拆息掛鈎。本集團已密切監察市場及各行業工作小組管理過渡至新基準利率之成果。

#### 信貸風險

信貸風險指本集團的對手方違反其合約責任而 導致本集團財務虧損之風險。於2024年及2023 年12月31日,本集團因對手方未能履行責任而 導致財務損失的最高信貸風險(未計及任何持 有的抵押品或其他信貸提升措施)為各項在綜 合財務狀況表所呈列已確認金融資產的賬面金 額。

為管理信貸風險,本集團的管理層已委派一組 人員負責釐定信貸限額、信貸審批及其他監控 程序,以確保採取跟進行動收回逾期債項。產 品信貸銷售僅提供予具有良好信貸質素及還款 記錄的客戶。此外,本集團會定期按集體及個 別基準檢討債項的可收回款額,以確保就無法 收回款額作出足夠的減值損失。為應對全球經 濟不穩定性,管理層亦已對受到嚴重影響的地 區及行業的客戶實行更加頻繁的信貸限額等 閱。於截至2024年12月31日止年度內,就營業 及票據應收款項確認減值損失淨值6,115,000 港元(2023年12月31日:減值損失撥回淨值 13,275,000港元)。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

# **37. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (continued)

# MENTS (continued) 37. 金融工具(續)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

Credit risk (continued)

信貸風險(續)

The Group's current credit risk grading framework comprises the following categories

本集團現行信貸風險評級框架包括以下類別

Basis for

		recognising
Category 類別	Description 描述	ECL 確認預期信貸虧損的根據
Performing	For financial assets where there has low risk of default or has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition and that are not credit impaired (refer to as Stage 1)	12-month ECL
良好	違約風險低或自初步確認以來信貸風險並無顯著增加且無信貸減值的金融資產(稱為第一階段)	12個月預期信貸虧損
Doubtful	For financial assets where there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition but that are not credit impaired (refer to as Stage 2)	Lifetime ECL – not credit impaired
呆賬	自初步確認以來信貸風險顯著增加但無信貸減值的金融資產(稱為第二階段)	年限內預期信貸虧損-無 信貸減值
Default	Financial assets are assessed as credit impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that asset have occurred (refer to as Stage 3)	Lifetime ECL – credit impaired
違約	當一項或多項對金融資產的估計未來現金流量有不利影響的事件發生時,有關資產即被評為信貸減值(稱為第三階段)	年限內預期信貸虧損一 信貸減值
Write-off	There is evidence indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and the Group has no realistic prospect of recovery	Amount is written-off
撇銷	有證據顯示債務人有嚴重財政困難且本集團實際收回的機會渺茫	撇銷款項

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

# 37. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

#### Credit risk (continued)

The tables below detail the credit quality of the Group's financial assets, as well as the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk by credit risk rating grades:

## 37. 金融工具(續)

### (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

### 信貸風險(續)

下表根據信貸風險評級詳列本集團金融資產的 信貸質素以及本集團所面臨的最高信貸風險:

2024	2024年	Notes	Internal credit rating	12-month or lifetime ECL 12個月或年限內	Gross carrying amount	Loss allowance	Net carrying amount
		附註	內部信貸評級	預期信貸虧損	總賬面值	虧損撥備	賬面淨值
					HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
-					千港元	千港元	千港元
Trade receivables	營業應收款項	20	(Note)	Lifetime ECL - not			
				credit impaired			
				(simplified approach)	744,337	(40,191)	704,146
			(附註)	年限內預期信貸虧損-無			
				信貸減值 (簡化法)			
Bills receivables	票據應收款項	20	Performing	12-month ECL	97,923	-	97,923
			良好	12個月預期信貸虧損			
Deposits and other receivables	按金及其他應收款項	21	Performing	12-month ECL	118,104	-	118,104
			良好	12個月預期信貸虧損			
Restricted bank deposits	受限制銀行存款	22	Performing	12-month ECL	1,726	-	1,726
			良好	12個月預期信貸虧損			
Short-term bank deposits	短期銀行存款	23	Performing	12-month ECL	380,973	_	380,973
			良好	12個月預期信貸虧損	,		ŕ
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	23	Performing	12-month ECL	914,502	_	914,502
			良好	12個月預期信貸虧損	,		, ,
			2.79	The second limit of the Second			
					2,257,565	(40,191)	2,217,374

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

### 37. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

#### Credit risk (continued)

### 37. 金融工具(續)

#### (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 信貸風險(續)

2023	2023年	Notes	Internal credit rating	12-month or lifetime ECL 12個月或年限內	Gross carrying amount	Loss allowance	Net carrying amount
		附註	內部信貸評級	預期信貸虧損	總賬面值	虧損撥備	賬面淨值
					HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
					千港元	千港元	千港元
Trade receivables	營業應收款項	20	(Note)	Lifetime ECL – not credit impaired (simplified			
			(附註)	approach) 年限內預期信貸虧損一無 信貸減值(簡化法)	720,569	(35,139)	685,430
Bills receivables	票據應收款項	20	Performing 良好	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	122,661	-	122,661
Deposits and other receivables	按金及其他應收款項	21	Performing 良好	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	248,473	-	248,473
Restricted bank deposits	受限制銀行存款	22	Performing 良好	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	1,897	-	1,897
Short-term bank deposits	短期銀行存款	23	Performing 良好	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	373,870	-	373,870
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	23	Performing 良好	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	1,005,127	-	1,005,127
					2,472,597	(35,139)	2,437,458

#### Note:

For trade receivables, the Group has applied the simplified approach in HKFRS 9 to measure the loss allowance at lifetime ECL. The Group determines the ECL on these items by using a provision matrix, estimated based on historical credit loss experience based on the past due status of the debtors, adjusted as appropriate to reflect current conditions and estimates of future economic conditions. Accordingly, the credit risk profile of these assets is presented based on their past due status in terms of the provision matrix.

As the Group's historical credit loss experience does not indicate significantly different loss patterns for different customer segments, the loss allowance based on past default experience of the debtor, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtor and the economic environment is not further distinguished between the Group's different customer bases.

#### 附註:

就營業應收款項而言,本集團已應用香港財務報告 準則第9號簡化法按年限內預期信貸虧損計量虧損撥 備。本集團透過使用撥備矩陣釐定該等項目的預期信 貸虧損,根據債務人過往逾期狀況的過往信貸虧損經 驗進行估計,並作出適當調整以反映當前狀況及未來 經濟狀況的估計。因此,該等資產的信貸風險組合根 據撥備矩陣按彼等過往逾期狀況呈列。

由於本集團的過往信貸虧損經驗並無表明不同客戶分部的虧損模式具有明顯差異,故並無進一步區分本集團不同客戶群根據債務人的過往違約經驗,並按債務人特定的前瞻性因素及經濟環境予以調整的虧損 發供。

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### 37. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

#### Credit risk (continued)

The following table provides information about the Group's exposure to credit risk and ECLs for trade and bills receivables as at 31 December 2024 and 2023:

### 37. 金融工具(續)

#### (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 信貸風險(續)

下表提供關於本集團於2024年及2023年12月31 日就營業及票據應收款項所面臨的信貸風險及 預期信貸虧損的資料:

2024	2024年	Expected loss rate 預期虧損比率 (%)	Gross carrying amount 總賬面值 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>
Not yet due Overdue 1-60 days Overdue 61-365 days Overdue >365 days	未到期 逾期1-60天 逾期61-365天 逾期超過365天	1.77% 2.08% 43.05% 100.00%	710,040 79,436 47,103 5,681	12,581 1,653 20,276 5,681
			842,260	40,191
2023	2023年	Expected loss rate 預期虧損比率 <i>(%)</i>	Gross carrying amount 總賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>
Not yet due Overdue 1-60 days Overdue 61-365 days Overdue >365 days	未到期 逾期1-60天 逾期61-365天 逾期超過365天	1.68% 1.93% 44.88% 100.00%	702,326 94,780 44,659 1,465	11,801 1,828 20,045 1,465
			843,230	35,139

Expected loss rates are based on actual loss experience over the past 5 years. These rates are adjusted to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historical data has been collected, current conditions and the Group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables.

預期虧損比率乃按過往5年的實際虧損經驗為 基準。該等比率乃經調整,以反映在收集歷史 數據期間的經濟狀況、目前狀況以及本集團對 應收款項的預期年期期間經濟狀況之看法的差 異。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

### 37. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Credit risk (continued)

Movements in the loss allowance are as follows:

### 37. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

虧損撥備之變動如下:

		2024 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>	2023 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January Impairment loss recognised/(reversed)	於1月1日 營業及票據應收款項之減值損失	35,139	52,109
on trade and bills receivables, net	確認/(撥回)淨值	6,115	(13,275)
Amounts written off as uncollectible	因不可收回而撇銷的金額	(644)	(3,324)
Currency realignment	外幣換算差額	(419)	(371)
At 31 December	於12月31日	40,191	35,139

At 31 December 2024, the Group's trade and bills receivables included in the loss allowance with an aggregate balance of HK\$40,191,000 (31 December 2023: HK\$35,139,000) was impaired. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

The following changes in the gross carrying amounts of trade and bills receivables mainly contributed to the increase in the loss allowance:

 increase in lifetime expected credit loss after assessing existing or forecast change in business, financial or economic conditions which may cause deterioration in the operating results of the debtors.

Furthermore, the Company only provides financial guarantees to its subsidiaries after a careful consideration of its subsidiaries' financial conditions. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The concentration of credit risk is limited due to the customer base being large and unrelated.

於2024年12月31日,計入虧損撥備合共結餘為40,191,000港元(2023年12月31日:35,139,000港元)的本集團營業及票據應收款項已減值。本集團並無就該等結餘持有任何抵押品。

營業及票據應收款項總賬面值之以下變動主要 由於虧損撥備增加所致:

經評估可能導致債務人之經營業績惡化之業務、財務或經濟狀況之現有或預測變動 後增加年限內預期信貸虧損。

此外,本公司僅於審慎考慮其附屬公司的財務 狀況後方向其附屬公司提供財務擔保。就此而 言,本公司董事認為本集團的信貸風險已大幅 減低。

信貸風險集中有限乃由於客戶群龐大且互無關連。

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### 37. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

#### Credit risk (continued)

For other non-trade related receivables, the Group has assessed whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. The Group considers that there is no significant increase in credit risk of these amounts since initial recognition and the Group provided impairment based on 12-month ECL.

The credit risk on liquid funds of the Group is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by reputable creditrating agencies.

Other than concentration of credit risk on liquid funds which are deposited with several banks with high credit ratings, the Group has no significant concentration of credit risk with exposure spread over a number of counterparties.

#### Liquidity risk

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. Management monitors the utilisation of bank borrowings and ensures compliance with the relevant loan covenants.

Other than equity, the Group relies on bank borrowings as a significant source of liquidity. As at 31 December 2024, the available unutilised banking facilities of the Group are approximately HK\$1,341 million (31 December 2023: HK\$2,316 million).

### 37. 金融工具(續)

#### (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 信貸風險(續)

就其他非貿易相關應收款項而言,本集團已評估信貸風險自初始確認以來是否顯著增加。本集團認為自初始確認以來,該等款項之信貸風險並無顯著增加,而本集團根據12個月預期信貸虧損計提減值撥備。

本集團的流動資金信貸風險有限,因對手方均 為具信譽的信貸評級機構給予高信貸評級的銀 行。

除有關存放於若干高信貸評級銀行的流動資金 之信貸風險集中外,本集團並無面對重大集中 信貸風險,因風險分散於多個對手方。

#### 流動資金風險

於管理流動資金風險時,本集團會監察及維持 管理層視為足夠水平的現金及等同現金項目, 以撥付本集團營運所需及減低現金流量波動的 影響。管理層會監察銀行借貸的運用情況,並確 保遵守相關貸款契約。

除權益外,本集團倚賴銀行借貸作為主要流動 資金來源。於2024年12月31日,本集團的可動 用但未運用銀行信貸額約為1,341,000,000港元 (2023年12月31日:2,316,000,000港元)。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註 (續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

### 37. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

#### Liquidity risk (continued)

The following tables detail the Group's remaining contractual maturity for their non-derivative financial liabilities based on the agreed repayment terms. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of the financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest is floating rates, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate at the end of the reporting period.

### 37. 金融工具(續)

#### (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 流動資金風險(續)

下表詳列根據議定償還條款本集團非衍生金融 負債的餘下合約到期情況。該表乃按本集團可 能被要求付款的最早日期根據金融負債的未貼 現現金流量編製。該表包括利息及本金現金流 量。在利息採用浮動利率之限度內,未貼現金額 乃由報告期終之利率得出。

		Weighted								Carrying
		average	Less than						Total	amount at
		effective	1 month or		3 months				undiscounted	31 December
2024	2024年	interest rate	on demand	1-3 months	to 1 year	1-2 years	2-5 years	over 5 years	cash flows	2024
										於2024年
		加權平均	少於1個月						未貼現現金	12月31日
		實際利率	或應要求	1至3個月	3個月至1年	1至2年	2至5年	超過5年	流量總值	的賬面值
		%	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Non-derivative financial liabiliti	es 非衍生金融負債									
Trade, bills and other payables	營業、票據及其他應付款項		519,679	105,103	76,575	-	-	-	701,357	701,357
Amounts due to non-controlling	欠非控股股東款項									
shareholders			23,040	-	-	-	-	-	23,040	23,040
Amount due to an associate	欠一間聯營公司款項		6,397	-	-	-	-	-	6,397	6,397
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸									
- variable rate	一浮息	6.24	259	492	49,453	-	-	-	50,204	48,795
			549,375	105,595	126,028	-	-	-	780,998	779,589
The maturity analysis of lease	租賃負債之到期日									
liabilities are as below:	分析如下:									
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	5.19	4,003	5,285	18,433	18,510	30,648	137,355	214,234	133,872
Total	總值		553,378	110,880	144,461	18,510	30,648	137,355	995,232	913,461

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### 37. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

#### Liquidity risk (continued)

### 37. 金融工具(續)

#### (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險(續)

		Weighted								Carrying
		average	Less than						Total	amount at
		effective	1 month or		3 months				undiscounted	31 December
2023	2023年	interest rate	on demand	1-3 months	to 1 year	1-2 years	2-5 years	over 5 years	cash flows	2023
										於2023年
		加權平均	少於1個月						未貼現現金	12月31日
		實際利率	或應要求	1至3個月	3個月至1年	1至2年	2至5年	超過5年	流量總值	的賬面值
		%	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	<i>千港元</i>
Non-derivative financial liabiliti	es 非衍生金融負債									
Trade, bills and other payables	營業、票據及其他應付款項		437,443	195,089	103,185	-	-	-	735,717	735,717
Amounts due to non-controlling	欠非控股股東款項									
shareholders			37,027	-	-	-	-	-	37,027	37,027
Amount due to an associate	欠一間聯營公司款項		5,984	-	-	-	-	-	5,984	5,984
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸									
- variable rate	- 浮息	6.06	14,464	30,148	73,469	93,425		_	211,506	199,557
			494,918	225,237	176,654	93,425	_	_	990,234	978,285
The metiwity analysis of lease	租賃負債之到期日									
The maturity analysis of lease liabilities are as below:	位員員頃之到期口 分析如下:									
		Г 00	0.000	E 404	00.004	04.000	04.070	100.000	040.070	105 470
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	5.06	3,936	5,121	22,984	24,826	34,273	120,930	212,070	125,473
Total	總值		498,854	230,358	199,638	118,251	34,273	120,930	1,202,304	1,103,758

The amounts included above for variable interest rate instruments for nonderivative financial liabilities is subject to change if changes in variable interest rates differ to those estimates of interest rates determined at the end of the reporting period.

倘浮動利率之變動有別於於報告期終所釐定之 利率估計,則上述非衍生金融負債之浮息工具 之金額可能有所改動。

#### (c) Fair value

#### Financial instruments not measured at fair value

Financial instruments not measured at fair value include restricted bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents, trade and bills receivables, deposits and other receivables, trade and bills payables, other payables, amounts due to non-controlling shareholders, amount due to an associate and bank borrowings.

Due to their short-term nature, the carrying value of restricted bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents, trade and bills receivables, other receivables, trade and bills payables, other payables, amounts due to non-controlling shareholders and amount due to an associate approximates their fair value.

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments carried at cost or amortised cost are not materially different from their fair values as at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023.

#### (c) 公平價值

#### 並非以公平價值計量之金融工具

並非以公平價值計量之金融工具包括受限制銀 行存款、現金及等同現金項目、營業及票據應收 款項、按金及其他應收款項、營業及票據應付款 項、其他應付款項、欠非控股股東款項、欠一間 聯營公司的款項及銀行借貸。

由於屬短期性質,受限制銀行存款、現金及等同 現金項目、營業及票據應收款項、其他應收款 項、營業及票據應付款項、其他應付款項、欠非 控股股東款項及欠一間聯營公司款項的賬面值 與其公平價值相若。

本集團按成本或攤銷成本列值的金融工具的賬 面值,與彼等於2024年12月31日及2023年12月 31日的公平價值並無重大差異。

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# 38. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM 38. 融資項目產生的負債之對賬 **FINANCING ACTIVITIES**

			Amounts due to non-controlling	
		Bank borrowings	shareholders 欠非控股	Lease liabilities
		銀行借貸	股東款項	租賃負債
		(note 30)	(note 28a)	(note 27)
		(附註30)	(附註28a)	(附註27)
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2023	於2023年1月1日	436,248	37,027	143,002
Changes from cash flows:	現金流量變動:			
New bank borrowings raised	新籌集之銀行借貸	252.796	_	_
Repayment of bank borrowings	償還銀行借貸	(489,962)	_	_
Interest paid	已付利息	(20,034)	_	_
Repayment of amounts due to non- controlling shareholders	償還欠非控股股東款項	(20,0001)	_	_
Repayment of principal portion of the	償還租賃負債之本金部分			
lease liabilities	INCIDATION OF THE INFO	_	_	(26,888)
Repayment of interest portion of the	償還租賃負債之利息部分			(==,==)
lease liabilities		_	_	(7,000)
Total changes from financing cash flow	/:融資現金流量變動總額: 	(257,200)	_	(33,888)
Other changes:	其他變動:			
Interest expenses (note 7)	利息開支 (附註7)	19,258	_	7,000
Increase in lease liabilities from enterin		•		7,000
into new leases during the year	9四年内的立場他負間等以之 租賃負債増加	_	_	2,742
Effect of modification	修訂之影響	_	_	8,228
Currency realignment	外幣換算差額	1,251		(1,611)
Total other changes	其他變動合計	20,509	_	16,359
	Manager 10 F 2 1 F			
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	199,557	37,027	125,473

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## 38. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (continued)

# 38. 融資項目產生的負債之對賬(續)

TIMAROING ACTIVITIES	,	Bank borrowings	Amounts due to non-controlling shareholders	Lease liabilities
		銀行借貸	欠非控股 股東款項	租賃負債
		<b>政1」1</b> 1月 (note 30)	放来款項 (note 28a)	他貝貝頂 (note 27)
		(附註30)	(M註28a)	(附註27)
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	199,557	37,027	125,473
			- ,-	
Changes from cash flows:	現金流量變動:			
New bank borrowings raised	新籌集之銀行借貸	45,639	_	_
Repayment of bank borrowings	償還銀行借貸	(196,619)	_	_
Interest paid	已付利息	(6,966)	_	_
Repayment of amounts due to non-	償還欠非控股股東款項			
controlling shareholders		_	(13,987)	_
Repayment of principal portion of the lease liabilities	償還租賃負債之本金部分	_	_	(27,703)
Repayment of interest portion of the	償還租賃負債之利息部分			(=: ,: ==)
lease liabilities		_		(6,135)
Total changes from financing	融資現金流量變動總額:			
cash flow:	版 只	(157,946)	(13,987)	(33,838)
Caor now.		(107,010)	(10,001)	(00,000)
Other changes:	其他變動:			
Interest expenses (note 7)	利息開支(附註7)	6,991	_	6,135
Increase in lease liabilities from enterin	g因年內訂立新租賃而導致之			
into new leases during the year	租賃負債增加	_	_	7,794
Effect of modification	修訂之影響	_	_	31,199
Currency realignment	外幣換算差額	193		(2,891)
Total other changes	其他變動合計	7,184		42,237
At 31 December 2024	於2024年12月31日	48,795	23,040	133,872

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### 39. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

## 39. 資本承擔

		At 31 December 於12月31日 2024 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>	At 31 December 於12月31日 2023 HK\$'000 千港元
Capital expenditure contracted for but not provided in the consolidated financial statements in respect of acquisition of property, plant and equipment	與購買物業、機器及設備相關之已簽約 但於綜合財務報表未有作出撥備之 資本開支	29,538	86,721

#### **40. OPERATING LEASES**

#### As lessor

Gross rental income earned from investment properties of the Group during the year was approximately HK\$12,415,000 (2023: HK\$15,076,000). The related outgoings amounted to HK\$1,373,000 (2023: HK\$1,374,000).

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had contracted with tenants, in respect of rented premises, for the following future minimum lease receipts.

#### 40. 營運和賃

### 作為出租人

於是年內,本集團就投資物業所賺得的租金收入總值約為12,415,000港元(2023年: 15,076,000港元)。有關支出為1,373,000港元(2023年:1,374,000港元)。

於報告期終,本集團與租戶就租賃物業已訂約的未來最低租賃收入如下。

		At 31 December 於12月31日	At 31 December 於12月31日
		2024	2023
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year	1年內	10,590	8,209
In the second to fifth year inclusive	第2年至第5年內(包括首尾兩年)	24,125	14,100
Over five years	5年以上	8,627	9,432
		43,342	31,741

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#### 41. RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEMES

The Group operates a defined contribution scheme registered under the Occupational Retirement Schemes Ordinance (the "ORSO Scheme") and a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme") established under the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme Ordinance for all the eligible employees of the Group in Hong Kong. The assets of both schemes are held separately from those of the Group in funds under the control of trustees. The retirement benefits cost charged to the profit or loss represents the contributions payable to the funds by the Group at rates specified in the rules of the schemes.

Employees of the Group in other jurisdictions currently participate in state-sponsored pension scheme or defined contribution schemes operated by the Government of such jurisdictions. The Group is required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll to the schemes to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the schemes is to make the required contributions.

During both years, there was no significant forfeited contribution, which arose upon employees leaving the retirement benefits schemes, available to reduce the contribution payable in the future years.

The retirement benefits scheme contributions, amounting to HK\$63,012,000 (2023: HK\$58,151,000) have been charged to profit or loss for the year and included in employee costs as set out in note 9(c).

#### 42. RELATED AND CONNECTED PARTIES DISCLOSURES

#### (a) Related party balances

Details of the Group's outstanding balances with related parties are set out in the consolidated statement of financial position and in note 28.

#### (b) Related party transactions

During the year, the Group entered into the following transactions with related parties:

### 41. 退休福利計劃

本集團根據職業退休計劃條例註冊成立一項定額供款計劃(「職業退休計劃」)及根據強制性公積金計劃條例設立一項強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)予所有合資格的本集團香港僱員。這兩個計劃的資產乃獨立於本集團資產並由信託人管理。在損益內扣除的退休福利成本乃本集團根據計劃既定比率計算的應付基金供款。

本集團其他司法地區的僱員現正參與該司法地區政府營運的國家退休福利計劃或定額供款計劃。本集團須將僱員薪酬的若干百分比供款予該等計劃作為福利基金。本集團對該等計劃的唯一責任是按規定作出供款。

於兩個年度,因僱員退出退休福利計劃而沒收 的供款並不重大,此款項並可用作扣減未來年 度的應付供款。

已於是年度在損益內扣除的退休福利計劃供款金額為63,012,000港元(2023年:58,151,000港元),並已計入附註9(c)所載之僱員成本內。

### 42. 關聯及關連人士的披露

#### (a) 關聯人士的結餘

本集團與關聯人士的未償還結餘詳情載列於綜 合財務狀況表及附註28內。

#### (b) 關聯人士交易

是年度本集團與關聯人士進行下列交易:

Name of related party 關聯人士名稱	Related party relationship 與關聯人士的關係	Nature of transaction 交易性質	2024 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>	2023 HK\$'000 千港元
東莞欣潤水務有限公司	Associate 聯營公司	Sewage expenses 污水處理費用	29,021	19,407

None of the related party transactions disclosed above constituted connected transaction or continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

上述披露之關聯人士交易並不構成上市規則第 14A章所界定之關連交易或持續關連交易。

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

# 42. RELATED AND CONNECTED PARTIES DISCLOSURES

### 42. 關聯及關連人士的披露(續)

(continued)

#### (c) Connected party transactions

#### (c) 關連人士交易

Name of connected party 關連人士名稱	Nature of transactions 交易性質	2024 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>	2023 HK\$'000 千港元
The FM Group <i>(note i)</i> FM集團 <i>(附註i)</i>	Sale of fabrics, yarns and similar items 售賣布料、胚紗及類似物資	344,672	267,389
The AH Group (note ii) AH集團 <i>(附註ii)</i>	Sale of fabrics, yarns and similar items 售賣布料、胚紗及類似物資	311,088	153,153
Chinatex Group (note iii)	Purchase of yarns, cotton and other materials for the manufacture of fabric, garments and	9,523	10,013
中紡集團 <i>(附註ii)</i>	cooking oil and foodstuffs 採購胚紗、棉花及其他生產布料的原材料、成衣 以及糧油食品		
Huafu Group (note iv)	Purchase of cotton yarn, cotton blended yarn, top dyed melange yarn and other yarn products	-	-
華孚集團 <i>(附註iv)</i>	採購棉紗、棉混紡紗、色紡紗及其他紗產品		
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
COFCO Finance (note v)	Maximum daily balance of deposits placed by the Group	155,000	155,000
中糧財務 <i>(附註v)</i>	本集團存放的最高每日存款結餘		

Notes:

附註:

The Company and Mr. Feroz Omar ("Mr. Omar") entered into a renewed FM Master Sales Agreement (the "2024 FM Master Sales Agreement") regarding the sales of fabrics, yarns and similar items by the Group to the FM Group on 16 December 2021. Mr. Omar is a director and substantial shareholder of a non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company and hence a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules. The FM Group comprises companies which Mr. Omar and his associates and relatives individually or together exercise or control the exercise of more than 50% of the voting power at general meetings or control the composition of a majority of the board of directors. Accordingly, members of the FM Group are associates of Mr. Omar and hence connected persons of the Company under the Listing Rules. The transactions contemplated under the 2024 FM Master Sales Agreement constitute continuing connected transactions for the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The 2024 FM Master Sales Agreement is for a term commencing from 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2024 (both days inclusive).

本公司與Feroz Omar先生(「Omar先生」)於2021 年12月16日就本集團向FM集團出售布料、胚紗 及類似項目訂立經重續FM總銷售協議(「2024年 FM總銷售協議」)。Omar先生為本公司一間非全 資附屬公司之董事兼主要股東,根據上市規則, 彼為本公司之關連人士。FM集團之成員公司包 括由Omar先生及其聯繫人士及親屬可在該等公 司的股東大會上個別地或共同地行使或控制行 使過半數以上的表決權或控制該等公司董事會 大部分成員的公司,因此,FM集團之成員公司 為Omar先生之聯繫人士,故而根據上市規則, FM集團為本公司之關連人士。根據上市規則第 14A章,2024年FM總銷售協議項下擬進行之交 易構成本公司之持續關連交易。

2024年FM總銷售協議之年期由2022年1月1日起 至2024年12月31日止(包括首尾兩天)。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

# 42. RELATED AND CONNECTED PARTIES DISCLOSURES

(continued)

#### (c) Connected party transactions (continued)

Notes: (continued)

#### (continued)

The annual cap amounts for the three financial years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 under the 2024 FM Master Sales Agreement are HK\$450,000,000, HK\$450,000,000 and HK\$450,000,000 respectively as set out in the announcement of the Company dated 16 December 2021.

The extent of these connected transactions did not exceed the annual cap of HK\$450,000,000 for the year ended 31 December 2024 as set out in the announcement of the Company dated 16 December 2021.

The Company and Mr. Omar entered into a renewed FM Master Sales Agreement (the "2027 FM Master Sales Agreement") regarding the sales of fabrics, yarns and similar items by the Group to the FM Group on 20 December 2024. The 2027 FM Master Sales Agreement is for a term commencing from 1 January 2025 to 31 December 2027 (both days inclusive). The annual cap amounts for the three financial years ending 31 December 2025, 2026 and 2027 under the 2027 FM Master Sales Agreement are HK\$500,000,000, HK\$550,000,000 and HK\$550,000,000 respectively as set out in the announcement of the Company dated 20 December 2024.

The Company and Mr. Anil Kumar Lalchand Hirdaramani ("Mr. Hirdaramani") entered into a renewed AH Master Sales Agreement (the "2024 AH Master Sales Agreement") regarding the sales of fabrics, yarns and similar items by the Group to the AH Group on 16 December 2021. Mr. Hirdaramani is a director and substantial shareholder of a non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company and hence a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules. The AH Group comprises companies which Mr. Hirdaramani and his associates and relatives individually or together exercise or control the exercise of more than 50% of the voting power at general meetings or control the composition of a majority of the board of directors. Accordingly, members of the AH Group are associates of Mr. Hirdaramani and hence connected persons of the Company under the Listing Rules. The transactions contemplated under the 2024 AH Master Sales Agreement constitute continuing connected transactions for the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The 2024 AH Master Sales Agreement is for a term commencing from 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2024 (both days inclusive).

The annual cap amounts for the three financial years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 under the 2024 AH Master Sales Agreement are HK\$450,000,000, HK\$450,000,000 and HK\$450,000,000 respectively as set out in the announcement of the Company dated 16 December 2021.

### 42. 關聯及關連人士的披露(續)

#### (c) 關連人士交易(續)

附註:(續)

#### (i) (續)

誠如本公司日期為2021年12月16日之公告 所載,2024年FM總銷售協議於截至2024年 12月31日止三個財政年度的年度上限金額分 別為450,000,000港元、450,000,000港元及 450,000,000港元。

該等關連交易並無超過本公司日期為2021年12 月16日之公告所載截至2024年12月31日止年度 之年度上限450,000,000港元。

本公司與Omar先生於2024年12月20日就本集團 向FM集團出售布料、胚紗及類似項目訂立經重 續FM總銷售協議(「2027年FM總銷售協議」)。 2027年FM總銷售協議之年期由2025年1月1日起 至2027年12月31日止(包括首尾兩天)。誠如本 公司日期為2024年12月20日之公告所載,2027 年FM總銷售協議於截至2025年、2026年及2027 年12月31日止三個財政年度的年度上限金額 分別為500,000,000港元、550,000,000港元及 550,000,000港元。

本公司與Anil Kumar Lalchand Hirdaramani先生 (「Hirdaramani先生」)於2021年12月16日就本 集團向AH集團出售布料、胚紗及類似項目訂 立經重續AH總銷售協議(「2024年AH總銷售協 議」)。Hirdaramani先生為本公司一間非全資附 屬公司之董事兼主要股東,根據上市規則,彼為 本公司之關連人士。AH集團之成員公司包括由 Hirdaramani先生及其聯繫人士及親屬可在該等 公司股東大會上個別地或共同地行使或控制行 使過半數以上的表決權,或控制該等公司董事 會大部分成員的公司,因此,AH集團之成員公 司為Hirdaramani先生之聯繫人士,故而根據上市 規則,AH集團為本公司之關連人士。根據上市 規則第14A章,2024年AH總銷售協議項下擬進 行之交易構成本公司之持續關連交易。

2024年AH總銷售協議之年期由2022年1月1日起 至2024年12月31日止(包括首尾兩天)。

誠如本公司日期為2021年12月16日之公告所 載,2024年AH總銷售協議於截至2022年、2023 年及2024年12月31日止三個財政年度的年度上 限金額分別為450,000,000港元、450,000,000港 元及450,000,000港元。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

# **42. RELATED AND CONNECTED PARTIES DISCLOSURES** (continued)

#### (c) Connected party transactions (continued)

Notes: (continued)

#### (ii) (continued)

The extent of these connected transactions did not exceed the annual cap of HK\$450,000,000 for the year ended 31 December 2024 as set out in the annual capendary dated 16 December 2021.

The Company and Mr. Siddarth Hirdaramani ("Mr. S. Hirdaramani") entered into a renewed AH Master Sales Agreement (the "2027 AH Master Sales Agreement") regarding the sales of fabrics, yarns and similar items by the Group to the AH Group on 20 December 2024. Mr. S. Hirdaramani is a director and substantial shareholder of a non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company and hence a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules. The AH Group comprises companies which Mr. S. Hirdaramani and his associates and relatives individually or together exercise or control the exercise of more than 50% of the voting power at general meetings or control the composition of a majority of the board of directors. Accordingly, members of the AH Group are associates of Mr. S. Hirdaramani and hence connected persons of the Company under the Listing Rules. The transactions contemplated under the 2027 AH Master Sales Agreement constitute continuing connected transactions for the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The 2027 AH Master Sales Agreement is for a term commencing from 1 January 2025 to 31 December 2027 (both days inclusive).

The annual cap amounts for the three financial years ending 31 December 2025, 2026 and 2027 under the 2027 AH Master Sales Agreement are HK\$450,000,000, HK\$450,000,000 and HK\$450,000,000 respectively as set out in the announcement of the Company dated 20 December 2024.

iii) The Company and Chinatex Corporation Limited ("Chinatex") entered into a renewed Material Purchase Framework Agreement (the "2024 Material Purchase Framework Agreement") in relation to the purchase of yarn, cotton, other materials for the manufacture of fabric, garments, whereas cooking oil and foodstuffs for the provision of meals to the employees by the Group from the Chinatex Group (i.e. Chinatex and its subsidiaries) on 16 December 2021. The Company and Chinatex entered into a supplemental Agreement (the "2024 Material Purchase Framework Supplemental Agreement") in relation to the revision of the existing annual cap on 15 May 2023. Chinatex is a controlling shareholder of the Company and hence a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules. Accordingly, members of the Chinatex Group are associates of Chinatex and hence connected persons of the Company under the Listing Rules. The transactions contemplated under the 2024 Material Purchase Framework Agreement constitute continuing connected transactions for the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The 2024 Material Purchase Framework Agreement is for a term commencing from 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2024 (both days inclusive).

#### 42. 關聯及關連人士的披露(續)

#### (c) 關連人士交易(續)

附註:(續)

#### (ii) (續)

該等關連交易並無超過本公司日期為2021年12 月16日之公告所載截至2024年12月31日止年度 之年度上限450,000,000港元。

本公司與Siddarth Hirdaramani先生(「S. Hirdaramani先生」)於2024年12月20日就本集團向AH集團出售布料、胚紗及類似項目訂立經重續AH總銷售協議(「2027年AH總銷售協議」)。S. Hirdaramani先生為本公司一間非全資附屬公司之董事兼主要股東,根據上市規則,彼為本公司之關連人士。AH集團之成員公司包括由S. Hirdaramani先生及其聯繫人士及親屬可在該等公司股東大會上個別地或共同地行使或控制行使過半數以上的表決權,或控制該等公司員公司為S. Hirdaramani先生之聯繫人士,故而根據上市規則,AH集團為本公司之關連人士。根據上市規則第14A章,2027年AH總銷售協議項下擬進行之交易構成本公司之持續關連交易。

2027年AH總銷售協議之年期由2025年1月1日起 至2027年12月31日止(包括首尾兩天)。

誠如本公司日期為2024年12月20日之公告所載,2027年AH總銷售協議於截至2025年、2026年及2027年12月31日止三個財政年度的年度上限金額分別為450,000,000港元、450,000,000港元及450,000,000港元。

iii)本公司與中國中紡集團有限公司(「中紡」)於 2021年12月16日就本集團向中紡集團(即中紡 及其附屬公司)採購胚紗、棉花、其他生產布料 相關的原材料、成衣以及用於向本集團僱員提 供膳食之糧油食品訂立經重續物資採購框架協 議(「2024年物資採購框架協議」)。本公司立 統於2023年5月15日就修訂現有年度上限訂立 充協議(「2024年物資採購框架補充協議」)。中 紡為本公司之控股股東,因此,根據上市規則, 中紡為本公司之關連人士。相應地,根據上市規 則,中紡集團之成員公司為中紡之聯繫人士, 因而為本公司之關連人士。根據上市規則第14A 章,2024年物資採購框架協議項下擬進行之交 易構成本公司之持續關連交易。

2024年物資採購框架補充協議之年期由2022 年1月1日起至2024年12月31日止(包括首尾兩 天)。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

# 42. RELATED AND CONNECTED PARTIES DISCLOSURES

(continued)

#### (c) Connected party transactions (continued)

Notes: (continued)

#### (continued) (iii)

The annual cap amounts for the three financial years ended 31 December 2022, 2023 and 2024 under the 2024 Material Purchase Framework Supplemental Agreement are HK\$63,000,000, HK\$363,000,000 and HK\$363,000,000 respectively as set out in the announcement of the Company dated 15 May 2023.

The extent of these connected transactions did not exceed the annual cap of HK\$363,000,000 for the year ended 31 December 2024 as set out in the announcement of the Company dated 15 May 2023.

The Company and Chinatex entered into a renewed Material Purchase Framework Agreement (the "2027 Material Purchase Framework Agreement") in relation to the purchase of the textile raw materials and other materials for the manufacture of textile products and rental of office space to the Group from the Chinatex Group (i.e. Chinatex and its subsidiaries) on 20 December 2024. The 2027 Material Purchase Framework Agreement is for a term commencing from 1 January 2025 to 31 December 2027 (both days inclusive). The annual cap amounts for the three financial years ending 31 December 2025, 2026 and 2027 under the 2027 Material Purchase Framework Agreement are HK\$35,000,000, HK\$35,000,000 and HK\$35,000,000 respectively as set out in the announcement of the Company dated 20 December 2024. The annual cap amounts for the 2027 Material Purchase Framework Agreement only apply to the purchase of textile raw materials and other materials related to the production of fabrics and garments as set out in the further announcement of the Company dated 3 January 2025.

The Company and Huafu Holding Co., Ltd. ("Huafu Holding") and its subsidiaries ("Huafu Group") entered into a purchase framework agreement (the "2025 Purchase Framework Agreement") on 13 December 2022. Pursuant to the 2025 Purchase Framework Agreement, Huafu Holding agreed to, or procures its subsidiaries to, supply cotton yarn, cotton blended yarn, top dyed melange yarn and other yarn products that may be needed for the Group. The cotton yarn, cotton blended yarn, top dyed melange yarn and other yarn products that may be needed to be purchased by the Group will be used for the manufacture of textile products of the Group.

As Hong Kong Tin Shing Trading Limited ("Tin Shing"), a company incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability and a wholly owned subsidiary of Huafu Holding, completed the acquisition of 16.33% of the total number of issued Shares of the Company on 1 November 2019, Tin Shing has become a substantial Shareholder and a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules. Huafu Holding, as the holding company of Tin Shing, is an associate of Tin Shing and, therefore, is a connected person of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The transactions contemplated under the 2025 Purchase Framework Agreement constitute continuing connected transactions for the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

### 42. 關聯及關連人士的披露(續)

#### (c) 關連人士交易(續)

附註:(續)

#### (iii) (續)

誠如本公司日期為2023年5月15日之公告所載, 2024年物資採購框架協議於截至2022年、2023 年及2024年12月31日止三個財政年度的年度上 限金額分別為63,000,000港元、363,000,000港 元及363,000,000港元。

該等關連交易並無超過本公司日期為2023年5月 15日之公告所載截至2024年12月31日止年度之 年度上限363,000,000港元。

本公司與中紡於2024年12月20日就本集團向中 紡集團(即中紡及其附屬公司)採購製造紡織品 及出租辦公室地方的紡織原料及其他物資訂立 經重續物資採購框架協議(「2027年物資採購框 架協議」)。2027年物資採購框架協議之年期由 2025年1月1日起至2027年12月31日止(包括首 尾兩天)。誠如本公司日期為2024年12月20日 之公告所載,2027年物資採購框架協議於截至 2025年、2026年及2027年12月31日止三個財政 年度的年度上限金額分別為35,000,000港元、 35,000,000港元及35,000,000港元。誠如本公司 日期為2025年1月3日之進一步公告所載,2027 年物資採購框架協議之年度上限金額僅適用於 製造布料及成衣相關之紡織原料及其他物料的 採購。

本公司於2022年12月13日與華孚控股有限公司 (「華孚控股」) 及其附屬公司(「華孚集團」) 訂立 採購框架協議(「2025年採購框架協議」)。根據 2025年採購框架協議,華孚控股同意(或促使其 附屬公司) 供應棉紗、棉混紡紗、色紡紗及本集 團可能需要的其他紗線產品。本集團可能需要 採購之棉紗、棉混紡紗、色紡紗及其他紗線產品 將用於製造本集團之紡織品。

> 由於香港天成貿易有限公司(「天成」,一間於香 港註冊成立之有限公司,並為華孚控股之全資 附屬公司)於2019年11月1日完成收購本公司已 發行股份總數之16.33%,根據上市規則,天成 已成為本公司之主要股東及關連人士。華孚控股 (作為天成之控股公司)為天成之聯繫人士,因 此,根據上市規則第14A章,華孚控股為本公司 之關連人士。

> 2025年採購框架協議項下擬進行之交易構成本 公司於上市規則第14A章項下之持續關連交易。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

# **42. RELATED AND CONNECTED PARTIES DISCLOSURES** (continued)

#### (c) Connected party transactions (continued)

Notes: (continued)

(iv) (continued)

The 2025 Purchase Framework Agreement is for a term commencing from 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2025 (both days inclusive).

The annual cap amounts for the three financial years ended 31 December 2024 and the financial year ending 31 December 2025 under the 2025 Purchase Framework Agreement are HK\$40,000,000, HK\$40,000,000 and HK\$40,000,000 respectively as set out in the announcement of the Company dated 13 December 2022.

The extent of these connected transactions did not exceed the annual cap of HK\$40,000,000 for the year ended 31 December 2024 as set out in the annuancement of the Company dated 13 December 2022.

(v) The Company and COFCO Finance Company Limited ("COFCO Finance") entered into a finance services agreement (the "Financial Services Agreement") on 14 July 2022. The Company and COFCO Finance entered into a Supplemental Agreement (the "Financial Services Supplemental Agreement") in relation to the revision of the existing annual cap on 15 May 2023. Pursuant to the Financial Services Agreement, COFCO Finance agreed to provide deposit services, comprehensive loan services and other financial services to the Group. As COFCO Finance is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company's ultimate parent, COFCO Corporation, and hence COFCO Finance is a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules.

The transactions contemplated under the Financial Services Agreement constitute continuing connected transactions for the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The Financial Services Agreement is for a term commencing from 14 July 2022 to 13 July 2025 (both days inclusive).

The maximum daily balance of deposits (including accrued interests) placed by the Group pursuant to the Financial Services Agreement is RMB155 million or its equivalent on any day throughout the term of the Financial Services Supplemental Agreement and the maximum fees payable by the Group for the other financial services pursuant to the Financial Services Agreement is HK\$500,000 or its equivalent on an annual basis as set out in the announcement of the Company dated 15 May 2023.

The extent of these connected transactions did not exceed the maximum daily balance of deposits of RMB155 million or its equivalent on any day throughout the year ended 31 December 2024 and the maximum services fees payable on annual basis of HK\$500,000 or equivalent as set out in the announcement of the Company dated 15 May 2023.

#### 42. 關聯及關連人士的披露(續)

#### (c) 關連人士交易(續)

附註:(續)

(iv) (續)

2025年採購框架協議之年期由2023年1月1日起至2025年12月31日止(包括首尾兩天)。

誠如本公司日期為2022年12月13日之公告所載,2025年採購框架協議於截至2024年12月31日止三個財政年度及截至2025年12月31日止財政年度的年度上限金額分別為40,000,000港元、40.000,000港元及40,000,000港元。

該等關連交易並無超過本公司日期為2022年12 月13日之公告所載截至2024年12月31日止年度 之年度上限40,000,000港元。

(v) 本公司於2022年7月14日與中糧財務有限責任公司(「中糧財務」)訂立金融服務協議(「金融服務協議」)。本公司於2023年5月15日與中糧財務就修訂現有年度上限訂立補充協議(「金融服務補充協議」)。根據金融服務協議,中糧財務同意向本集團提供存款服務、全面貸款服務及其他金融服務。由於中糧財務為本公司最終母公司中糧集團的間接全資附屬公司,因此根據上市規則,中糧財務為本公司的關連人士。

金融服務協議項下擬進行之交易構成本公司於 上市規則第14A章項下之持續關連交易。

金融服務協議之年期由2022年7月14日起至2025年7月13日止(包括首尾兩天)。

誠如本公司日期為2023年5月15日之公告所載, 於金融服務補充協議的有效期內,本集團根據 金融服務協議存放的最高每日存款結餘(包括應 計利息)為人民幣155,000,000元或其等值及就 其他金融服務而言,本集團根據金融服務協議 應付的最高費用為每年500,000港元或其等值。

該等關連交易並無超過本公司日期為2023年5月 15日之公告所載截至2024年12月31日止年度期 間的最高每日存款結餘人民幣155,000,000元或 其等值及最高應付費用每年500,000港元或其等 值。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

# 42. RELATED AND CONNECTED PARTIES DISCLOSURES

#### (continued)

#### (d) Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management during the year was as follows:

### 42. 關聯及關連人士的披露(續)

#### (d) 主要管理人員的薪酬

本年度董事及其他主要管理人員的薪酬如下:

		202 <sup>4</sup> HK\$'000 千港元	
Fees Short-term benefits Post-employment benefits Discretionary bonuses	袍金 短期福利 離職後福利 酌情獎金	1,050 7,416 20 <sup>-</sup>	7,241
		8,667	8,480

The remunerations of directors and key management are decided by the Board and reviewed by the Remuneration Committee, having regard to the Company's operating results, individual performance and comparable market statistics.

董事及主要管理人員之酬金由董事會參照本公 司之營運業績、個別表現及可比較市場統計數 字而釐定,並由薪酬委員會審閱。

#### (e) Transactions with other state-owned entities in the PRC

The Group operates in an economic environment currently predominated by enterprises directly or indirectly owned, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by the PRC government (collectively the "state-owned entities"). The Company's directors consider that state-owned entities are independent third parties so far as the Group's business transactions with them are concerned.

During the year, the Group had transactions with other state-owned entities including, but not limited to, the sales of finished goods, purchases of raw materials/utilities and transactions with state-owned banks.

The sales of finished goods and purchase of raw materials/utilities to these state-owned entities are individually not significant. In addition, the Group's bank balances (including short-term bank deposits and restricted bank deposits) and bank borrowings of HK\$948,583,000 and nil (2023: HK\$837,931,000 and HK\$21,284,000) respectively are placed/arranged with state-owned banks as at 31 December 2024.

#### (e) 與其他中國國有實體進行的交易

本集團經營所在的經濟環境現時主要由中國政 府直接或間接擁有、共同控制或可對其行使重 大影響力的實體(統稱「國有實體」)主導。本公 司董事認為,至今曾與本集團進行商業交易的 國有實體均為獨立第三方。

於年內,本集團曾與其他國有實體進行交易,包 括但不限於銷售製成品、購買原料/水電,以及 與國有銀行間的交易。

向該等國有實體銷售製成品及購買原料/水 電的個別交易並非重大。此外,於2024年12 月31日,本集團的銀行結餘(包括短期銀行存 款及受限制銀行存款) 及銀行借貸中分別有 948.583,000港元及零港元(2023年:分別為 837,931,000港元及21,284,000港元) 為存放於 國有銀行/由國有銀行安排。

# SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION 股東資料

**Listing** : Listed on the Main Board of

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

since 20 April 1988

Stock Code : 420

**Board Lot** : 2,000 shares **Shares Issued** : 1,225,026,960

(as at 31 December 2024)

#### **Financial Calendar**

Financial year end

2024 interim results announced

2024 annual results announced

2025 Register of members closed for

31 December 2024

23 August 2024

21 March 2025

3 – 6 June 2025

determining the right to attend and vote at Annual General Meeting

Annual General Meeting 6 June 2025

Register of members closed for 17 – 19 June 2025

determining the entitlement to the

proposed final dividend and special dividend

Distribution of final dividend and special on or about 30 June 2025

dividend

2025 interim results to be announced Late August 2025

#### **Shareholder Services**

For enquiries about share transfer and registration,

change of correspondence address, etc., please contact the Company's share registrar:

#### **Boardroom Share Registrars (HK) Limited**

Room 2103B, 21/F.

148 Electric Road, North Point

Hong Kong

Tel: +852 2153 1688 Fax: +852 3020 5058

#### **Investor Relations**

Ms. Charmaine CHENG Company Secretary and

Deputy General Manager

Corporate Governance Department of the Group

Block A, 6/F., Eastern Sea Industrial Building 29-39 Kwai Cheong Road, Kwai Chung

New Territories, Hong Kong

Tel: +852 3478 6267 Email: pr@fshl.com **上市** : 自1988年4月20日起

於香港聯合交易所有限公司

主板上市

**股份代號** : 420 **買賣單位** : 2,000股

已發行股份 : 1,225,026,960

(截至2024年12月31日)

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#### 財務日誌

財政年度結算 2024年12月31日 2024中期業績公佈 2024年8月23日 2024年度業績公佈 2025年3月21日 股份暫停登記以釐定 2025年6月3日至

出席股東週年大會及 6日

於會上投票資格

股東週年大會2025年6月6日股份暫停登記以釐定2025年6月17日至

享有擬派末期股息

及特別股息資格

末期股息及2025年6月30日特別股息派發或其前後2025中期業績公佈2025年8月下旬

#### 股東服務

任何有關股份過戶及登記,

變更通訊地址等的查詢,

請聯絡本公司股份過戶登記處:

#### 寶德隆證券登記有限公司

香港

北角電氣道148號 21樓2103B室

21假2103B至

電話: +852 2153 1688 傳真: +852 3020 5058

#### 投資者關係

鄭惠嫻小姐

公司秘書及

集團企業管治部副總經理

香港新界

葵涌葵昌路29-39號 東海工業大廈A座6樓 電話:+852 3478 6267

電郵:pr@fshl.com

# FOUNTAIN SET (HOLDINGS) LIMITED 福田實業(集團) 有限公司

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香港新界葵涌葵昌路29-39號 東海工業大廈A座6樓

www.fshl.com SEHK: 420

Production Countries 生產國家:

