

華潤燃氣控股有限公司 China Resources Gas Group Limited

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司) (Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

股份代號 stock code: 1193

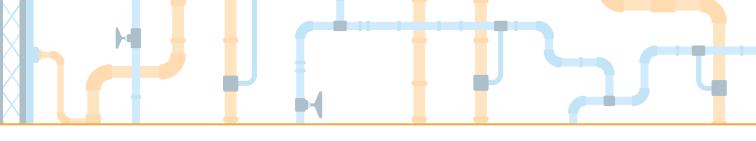




2024 年報 Annual Report

學標杆, 勇創新, 提質增效

Bench-marking and Innovating for Quality and Efficiency Enhancement



公司簡介 Corporate Profile

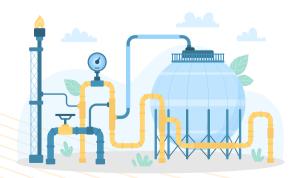
華潤集團於中國的城市燃氣分銷旗艦

華潤燃氣控股有限公司(「華潤燃氣」)主要由中國最大的國有企業集團之一的華潤(集團)有限公司擁有。作為中國領先的燃氣公用事業集團,華潤燃氣主要經營業務包括天然氣購買及銷售、管道設施建設及運營、車船用氣、冷熱電綜合能源、燃氣綜合服務等。華潤燃氣的業務策略性地分佈於全國各地,主要位於經濟較發達和人口密集的地區以及天然氣儲量豐富的地區。

憑藉良好的行業基礎及本集團的執行能力,華潤燃氣於二零二四年繼續通過內涵式增長實現穩步擴張。於二零二四年末,華潤燃氣的城市燃氣項目總共達276個,分佈於中國25個省份,其中包括15個省會城市及76個地級市,年燃氣總銷量達約399億立方米及客戶數達6,062萬戶。

能源結構優化和環境污染治理將推動中國天然氣消費持續增長。中國政府近年來採取多項措施提倡對污染較少的能源資源的發展及使用。同煤炭及原油等傳統能源資源相比,天然氣產業符合國家創新、協調、綠色、開放、共享的核心發展理念,國家在「十四·五」規劃和2035年遠景目標綱要草案中再次強調推動綠色低碳發展,加強生態文明建設,天然氣的推廣及應用對保護生態環境、促進綠色轉型具有重要作用。

中國仍是全球天然氣發展最重要區域,中國天然氣市場仍處於重要發展期,華潤燃氣將會充分利用有利經營環境,透過內涵及外延式增長持續擴張、在追求卓越表現的同時努力提升其經營效率、提供安全可靠的清潔能源供應並向客戶提供體貼、周到及高效的服務,向股東提供不斷增長且可持續的業績表現,為僱員創造廣泛且專業的個人發展機會,為中國及世界的環境保護及改善做出貢獻,成為中國燃氣行業最受尊敬的領導者。



THE PRC CITY GAS DISTRIBUTION FLAGSHIP OF CHINA RESOURCES GROUP

China Resources Gas Group Limited ("CR Gas"), substantially owned by China Resources (Holdings) Company Limited, one of the largest state-owned conglomerates in China, is a leading gas utilities group in China, the principal businesses of which include the purchases and sales of natural gas, the construction and operation of pipeline facilities, gas for vehicles and vessels, combined cooling, heating and power, and integrated gas services, etc. Its operations are strategically located in areas of China, which are economically more developed and densely populated and areas with rich reserves of natural gas.

Leveraging on the excellent industry fundamentals and the Group's execution competency, CR Gas continues to expand steadily in 2024 via organic growths. At the end of 2024, CR Gas's portfolio consisted of 276 city gas projects in 25 provinces of China including 15 provincial capitals and 76 prefecture-level cities with an annual gross gas sales volume of some 39.9 billion cubic meters and 60.62 million customers.

The optimization of energy structure and environmental pollution control will promote the sustainable growth of natural gas consumption in China. The PRC government has, in recent years, taken various measures to promote the development and utilization of less polluting energy sources. The natural gas industry is in sync with the core development idea of innovation, harmony, green, open and sharing as compared with conventional energy resources such as coal and crude oil. In "The 14th Five-Year Plan" and the draft of "Long-Range Objectives through the Year 2035", the state once again emphasized that the promotion of green and low-carbon development, the enhancement of the construction of ecological civilization and the promotion and application of natural gas played an important role in protecting the ecological environment and promoting the transition to green development.

The natural gas market in China is still in the important development period, as China remains the most important region in the global rise of natural gas development. CR Gas is well placed to take advantage of such a favorable operating environment and to become the most respectable leader in the PRC's gas industry by continuously expanding through organic and external growths; diligently enhancing its operational efficiency in pursue of excellence; delivering a safe and reliable supply of clean energy as well as the caring, competent and efficient service to our customers; offering growing and sustainable performance to shareholders; creating extensive professional and personal development opportunities to employees; and contributing to the protection and improvement of the Chinese and global environment.

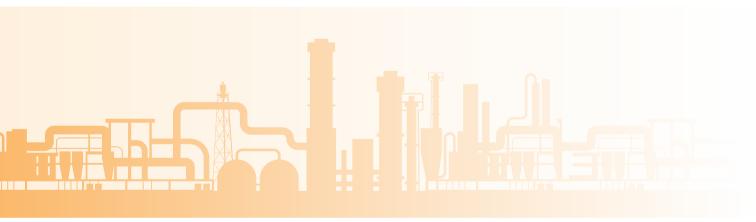
地級市 Prefecture-level Cities 6

省會城市 Provincial Capitals



276 華潤燃氣之城市燃氣項目 CR Gas City Gas Projects





39,907 年銷氣量 (百萬立方米) Annual Gas Sales Volume (Million m³)



6,062 燃氣用戶(萬戶) Number of Customers (Ten Thousand)



9 9 總接駁覆蓋人口 (萬戶)
Total Connectable Population (Ten Thousand)



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全年業績

二零二四年,在經歷了地緣衝突、通貨膨 脹和貨幣政策緊縮等多重衝擊後,全球經 濟展現出較強的韌性,但整體增長緩慢, 仍面臨多重挑戰。年內,中國國內生產總 值(GDP)同比增長5.0%,顯示經濟運行穩 中有進。年內,國家能源局發佈《中國天然 氣發展報告(2024)》指出,天然氣在城市 發展領域發揮低碳環保優勢; 在工業燃料 領域應用於傳統工業和新興產業; 在電力 領域著力發揮多能協同優勢。國務院發佈 《關於加快經濟社會發展全面綠色轉型的意 見》,要求穩妥推進能源綠色低碳轉型,強 調天然氣在新型能源體系建設中的作用。 中國作為全球綠色低碳發展的重要推動 者, 低碳發展趨勢將推動天然氣行業的進 一步發展,未來仍有廣闊的發展空間。

ANNUAL RESULTS

In 2024, after experiencing multiple shocks such as geopolitical conflicts, inflation and tightening monetary policy, the global economy has shown a greater resilience, but the overall growth was sluggish and faced with multiple challenges. During the year, China's gross domestic product (GDP) represents a year-on-year increase of 5.0%, indicating a steady economic growth. During the year, the National Energy Administration released the China Natural Gas Development Report (2024) which pointed out that natural gas will play a low-carbon and environmentally friendly advantages in urban development; it will be applied in the traditional industries and emerging industries of industrial fuels fields; and play a multifunctional coordinated advantage in the field of electric power. The State Council released the "Opinions on Accelerating the Comprehensive Green Transformation of Economic and Social Development" (《關於加快經 濟社會發展全面綠色轉型的意見》), requiring the steady advancement of green and low-carbon transformation of energy, and emphasizing the role of natural gas in the construction of a new energy system. As an important promoter of global green and low-carbon development, China's trend of low-carbon development will promote the further development of the natural gas industry, and it will usher in a broader development space in the future.

本集團將透過持續性的內涵增長及高質量外延式擴張,繼續穩健的發展,同時積極探討燃氣價值鏈及客戶所能帶來的業務商機。

The Group will expand steadily via sustainable organic growth and quality external acquisitions while at the same time proactively exploring new opportunities arising from its gas value chain and customer base.



年內,本集團持續追求卓越,秉承進取精神,制定「學標桿勇創新提質增效」的年度管理主題,積極對標行業一流企業,高效推動業務創新,持續提升運營效率,不斷鞏固本集團在發達經濟區域城市燃氣市場的核心優勢,憑藉良好的運營能力,本集團之總天然氣銷量較去年同期增長2.9%至399.1億立方米,營業額較去年同期增長1.4%至1,026.8億港元。

During the year, the Group has continued pursuing excellence and adhered to the enterprising spirit by formulating the annual management theme of "Bench-marking and Innovating for Quality and Efficiency Enhancement". Benchmarked against the leading companies in the industry, the Group efficiently promotes business innovation and continuously improves the operating efficiency in order to constantly consolidate the core advantages of the Group in the city gas market of sophisticated regions and cities. By leveraging excellent operating capabilities, the Group's total natural gas sales volume increased by 2.9% from the same period last year to 39.91 billion cubic meters, the revenue increased by 1.4% from the same period last year to HK\$102.68 billion.

天然氣銷售

二零二四年,本集團採取多項舉措保障天 然氣供應能力,並改善天然氣採購成本, 共統籌氣量約40.0億立方米,同比增長 33%;完成首船6.3萬噸自主國際現貨採 購, 在香港設立國際事業公司並買入首船 現貨6.4萬噸,兩船氣採購價格均比國內市 場價低人民幣100-200元/噸;完成氣合 網公司設立,打造以買方需求為導向的天 然氣現貨線上採銷商城,目前已註冊370餘 家成員企業及570餘家供應商,全年交易規 模超7億方,交易金額達人民幣23億元。

年內,本集團共銷售399.1億立方米天然 氣,增長2.9%。其中工業銷氣量204.2億 立方米,增長1.5%,佔本集團銷氣量的 51.2%;商業銷氣量85.2億立方米,增長 3.8%, 佔本集團銷氣量的21.3%; 而居民 銷氣量則增長6.3%至100.4億立方米,佔 本集團銷氣量的25.2%。

新用戶開發

受房地產市場影響,本集團新增接駁用戶 規模有所放緩,但本集團積極開拓接駁市 場,緊抓城市改造契機,本集團關注各地 「保交樓」政策落地,緊抓「超大特大城市 推進城中村改造」的政策契機,加快居民用 戶開發;細分工業行業,前置管網佈局, 加快工業客戶開發;豐富商業應用場景, 推廣快速報價,同時結合國家安全整治契 機,政企聯動推動商業「瓶改管」。

年內,本集團新開發工商業用戶5.3萬戶, 新開發居民用戶269.3萬戶,其中:新房接 駁用戶211.7萬戶,舊房接駁用戶57.6萬 戶。本集團在中國運營的城市燃氣項目平 均氣化率由二零二三年同期的59.3%上升至 60.4% 。

SALE OF NATURAL GAS

In 2024, the Group took a number of measures to safeguard the supply capacity of natural gas and improve the cost of natural gas procurement, with a total gas volume of approximately 4.00 billion cubic meters and representing a year-on-year increase of 33%. The first shipment of 63,000 tons of independent international spot procurement was completed, and the Group has established an international business company in Hong Kong and purchased the first shipment of 64,000 tons of spot gas, with the purchase prices of both shipments were RMB100-200/ton lower than the domestic market price. The establishment of a company about gihewang (氣合網) was completed to build a buyer-demand oriented online procurement and sales mall for the spot natural gas, which currently has more than 370 member enterprises and 570 suppliers registered, with an annual transaction scale of more than 700 million cubic metres and a transaction amount of RMB2.3 billion.

During the year, the Group sold 39.91 billion cubic meters of natural gas, an increase of 2.9%, of which industrial gas sales was 20.42 billion cubic meters, an increase of 1.5%, accounting for 51.2% of the Group's gas sales; commercial gas sales was 8.52 billion cubic meters, an increase of 3.8%, accounting for 21.3% of the Group's gas sales; and residential gas sales increased by 6.3% to 10.04 billion cubic meters, accounting for 25.2% of the Group's gas sales.

DEVELOPMENT OF NEW USERS

Due to the impact of the real estate market, the number of new connected users of the Group has slowed down, but the Group has actively explored the connected market and seized the opportunity of urban transformation, the Group is taking the opportunity of the Nation's "Urban Village Renovation in Super and Mega City" policy, accelerate the development of residential users; categorize potential industrials, design pipeline network in advance to accelerate industrial customer development; enlarge commercial gas usage and promote quick quotation, together with the safe reform approach, promote commercial customers adopting "bottle to gas" by government and gas company.

During the year, the Group had 53,000 new industrial and commercial users; 2.693 million residential users were newly developed, including the connection to 2.117 million new houses users and 0.576 million old houses users. The average gas penetration rate of city gas projects operated by the Group in China increased from 59.3% for the same period of 2023 to 60.4%.

新項目拓展

本集團持續專注城市燃氣核心業務發展, 憑藉良好的企業品牌形象,二零二四年, 重點圍繞「一城一網」整合,新增簽約項 目7個,註冊項目4個,增加特許經營區域 2,678平方公里,潛在銷氣量6.1億方,新 增居民用戶9.8萬戶,重點項目涵蓋1個直 轄市及多個地級市,進一步夯實了公司在 核心城市燃氣主業的主導地位。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日,集團層 面註冊城市燃氣項目數276個,遍佈全國25 個省份,其中包括:15個省會城市,76個 地級市。不斷擴大的經營區域及項目優越 的地理位置,為本集團核心業務的持續快 速增長奠定了堅實基礎。

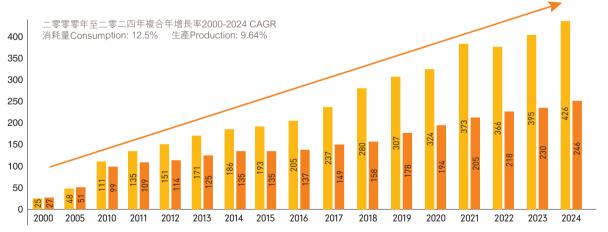
EXPANSION OF NEW PROJECTS

The Group continues to focus on the core business development of city gas by leveraging on its reputable corporate brand image. In 2024, focusing on the integration of "one city, one network (一城一 網)", 7 new projects were signed and 4 projects were registered and the franchised operational region was increased by 2,678 square kilometers, with a potential gas sales of 610 million cubic meters and 98,000 new residential users, the key projects covered one municipality and a number of prefecture-level cities, thus further consolidating the Company's leading position in the city gas core business.

As of 31st December, 2024, the number of registered city gas projects at the Group level was 276, spanning across 25 provinces, including 15 provincial capital cities, and 76 prefecture-level cities. The ever-expanding operational regions and prime geographic locations of the projects have laid a solid foundation for the sustained and rapid growth of the Group's core business.

天然氣的持續發展 **Sustainable Growth of Natural Gas**

十億立方米



■ 天然氣消耗量 Natural Gas Consumption

■ 天然氣生產 Natural Gas Production

資料來源:二零二四年(國家發改委、國家統計局)

Source: 2024 (NDRC, NBS)

主席報告

Chairman's Statement

綜合服務業務

二零二四年,本集團深入推進網格化服務 模式升級,細化網格化服務標準,目前用 戶覆蓋提升至3,776萬戶;推廣企微及燃氣 管家APP, 搭建與用戶線上溝通橋樑, 打造 「客戶專屬燃氣管家」形象,目前企微累計 添加用戶2,602萬;全面推出全國統一服務 熱線95777,強化專業、可靠的標準化品牌 形象,目前覆蓋用戶3,700萬戶。集團以百 尊和華潤自有品牌為基礎,深化與其他品 牌的戰略合作,不斷豐富潤燃臻選網上商 城的產品品牌和種類,為用戶提供優質產 品,提高用戶黏性,打造綜合服務生態圈。

年內,綜合服務營業額由40.4億港元增長 4.0%至42.1億港元,分部溢利由13.7億港 元增長2.1%至14.0億港元。本集團綜合服 務業務滲透率仍處於低位,相信通過持續 深入推廣,未來綜合服務業務將進入穩步 發展階段,成為本集團重要業務組成部分。

COMPREHENSIVE SERVICE BUSINESS

In 2024, the Group further promoted the upgrade of network service model, refined network service standards, with the current user coverage increasing to 37.76 million households. The Group promoted Enterprise WeChat and Gas Butler APP, building a bridge for online communication with users and creating the image of "Customers' Exclusive Gas Butler (客戶專屬燃氣管家)", with an accumulative total of 26.02 million users added to Enterprise WeChat. The 95777 national unified service hotline was launched to reinforce its standardized brand image of professionalism and reliability, which now covers 37 million users. Based on the Group's own brands of "PERCEN (百尊)" and "CR (華潤)", the Group has deepened its strategic co-operation with other brands to enrich the brands and types of products in the online store of Runran Selection (潤燃臻選), provide users with quality products, increase user stickiness and create an comprehensive service ecosystem.

During the year, the comprehensive service turnover increased by 4.0% from HK\$4.04 billion to HK\$4.21 billion, and the segment profit increased by 2.1% from HK\$1.37 billion to HK\$1.40 billion. The penetration rate of the Group's comprehensive service business is still at a low level. The Group believes that through continuously vigorous promotion, the comprehensive service business will step into a stage of steady development in the future and become an important part of the Group's business.





綜合能源業務發展

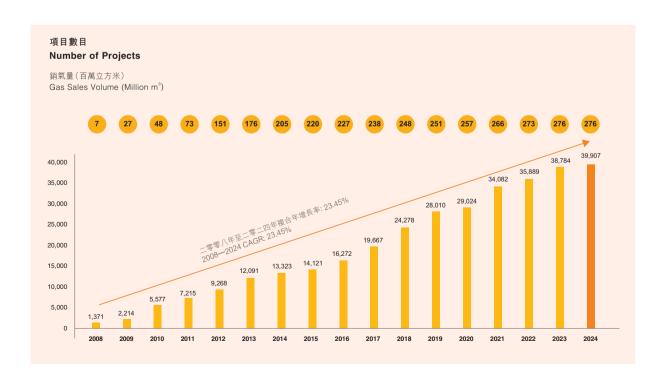
二零二四年,本集團充分挖掘經營區域內規模龐大的工商業使用者用能需求,利用城市燃氣主業的管道優勢和土地資源優勢,擇優選取分佈式光伏、分佈式能源和交通充能的發展賽道,在燃氣供應基礎上,創造綠電、冷熱、光儲充、能碳管理等業務與主業融合發展的機會,不斷提升綜合能源方案解決能力,打造具有華潤燃氣特色的綜合能源業務。

年內,本集團全年能源銷售量37.4億千瓦時,同比增加27.2%;累計簽約裝機規模4GW,累計投運裝機規模3.1GW,其中分佈式能源2.6GW,分佈式光伏94.7MW,交通充能415MW。本集團積極開拓香港與海外市場,設立香港及海外投資平台「潤

COMPREHENSIVE ENERGY BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT

In 2024, the Group fully explored the energy demand of large-scale industrial and commercial users in the operational region, made use of the pipeline advantage and land resources advantage of the city gas business, selected the best distributed photovoltaic, distributed energy and transportation charging business. Based on the gas supply, we created opportunities for the integration of green power, cooling and heating, solar energy storage and charging, energy and carbon management and other businesses with the main business, continued to enhance its comprehensive energy solution capability and built a comprehensive energy business with the characteristics of CR Gas.

During the year, the annual energy sales volume of the Group was 3.74 billion kWh, representing a year-on-year increase of 27.2%. The cumulative contracted installed capacity was 4GW, and the cumulative installed capacity of 3.1GW was put into operation, including 2.6GW of distributed energy, 94.7MW of distributed photovoltaic, and 415MW of transportation charging. The Group actively explored the Hong Kong



主席報告

Chairman's Statement

超充」,並與華潤隆地成立合資公司「充美 好」,共同推進香港及海外業務。年內,香 港華潤大廈與藍塘匯超充站成功投產,成 為全球首兩個運行的歐標全液冷超充站, 並與泰國長春置地簽訂協議, 開展超充及 建築節能業務。

可持續發展

在企業快速發展過程中,本集團積極推進 董事會公司管治的發展,不斷完善董事會 與管理層職能,權責分明、各司其職、有 效制衡、科學決策,形成有效運轉的法人 治理結構。本集團高度重視誠信合規經 營,遵守法律法規、國際慣例和商業道 德,堅持以公平誠信原則處理與員工、供 應商、客戶、相關政府部門、合作夥伴以 及競爭者等利益相關方的關係,以誠信贏 得市場、贏得尊重,以合規經營提升本公 司內在品質和價值。

本集團高度重視在環境、社會、管治(ESG) 方面的管理,成立董事會領導下、本集團 各個部室共同參與的ESG工作小組,推動 ESG可持續發展管理體系全面落實。本集 團亦繼續聘用了顧問公司為本集團的ESG 管理體制、政策、資料披露、表現及實踐 等各方面提供專業建議,致力將本集團的 ESG表現進一步提升。本集團相信這些舉 措將會促進本集團的可持續發展,並為構 建更美好的生態環境作出貢獻。

and overseas markets by setting up the Hong Kong and overseas investment platform "Run Supercharge (潤超充)", and established the joint venture "Charge Wonderful Life (充美好)" with CR Longdation (華潤隆地) to jointly promote business in Hong Kong and overseas. During the year, the supercharging station at China Resources Building and Lantanghui (藍塘匯) in Hong Kong were successfully put into operation, becoming the world's first two European standard all-liquid-cooled supercharging station in operation. An agreement was signed with All Seasons Property Co., Ltd (泰國長春置地) to carry out supercharging and building energy-saving businesses.

SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

In the course of its rapid development, the Group proactively facilitated the development of the corporate governance of the Board. It kept enhancing the role of the Board and the management, whereby each had defined terms of reference and responsibilities, executed effective check and balance, and conducted rational decision-making, thus forming a corporate governance structure with high efficiency. The Group has always attached great importance to honesty & integrity management, and complied with laws and regulations, international practice, and business ethics. It has also insisted that the relationship among staff, suppliers, customers, relevant government authorities, partners, competitors, and other stakeholders shall be dealt with on an arm's length basis and in good faith, so as to gain market share and win respect with integrity and to improve the Company's inherent qualities and value with compliance management.

The Group also attaches great importance to environmental, social and governance (ESG) management, and has established an ESG working group under the leadership of the Board with the participation of all departments of the Group to promote the full implementation of the ESG sustainable development management system. We also continue to engage consulting firms to provide professional advice on the Group's ESG management system, policies, information disclosure, performance, and practice, and strive to further improve the Group's ESG performance. The Group believes that these measures in place will promote the Group's sustainable development and contribute to the construction of a better ecological environment.

二零二四年,本集團組織董事會成員及管 理層進行了反貪腐和環保方面的培訓,自 上而下深入強化學習廉政文化、增強環保 意識。年內,MSCI維持公司ESG評級A 級,本集團將通過務實、可查的ESG優質 管理舉措,獲得社會各界認可與肯定,將 國家2030碳達峰和2060碳中和的雙目標融 於日常經營管理,落於實質業務發展。

財務資料

本集團二零二四年實現營業額1,026.8億港 元,同比增長1.4%。本集團整體毛利率為 17.8%,較去年同期下跌0.4個百分點,整 體毛利率下跌主要是由於毛利率相對較高 的接駁收入佔比由去年同期的10.8%下降至 9.0%。本集團相信,未來收入結構將有持 續優化空間,本集團有信心未來保持高品 質可持續發展。

本集團一直採取審慎的財務資源管理政 策,將借貸及資本性開支控制在健康水 準。二零二四年,本集團經營性現金流為 70.0 億港元,本集團有足夠的資金及可動 用銀行信貸應付未來的資本性支出及營運 需要。基於本集團堅持穩健的業績品質, 年內,穆迪、標準普爾及惠譽繼續推持本 集團A2、A-、A-評級。該等評級反映了本 集團專注主業發力綜合服務及綜合能源業 務的發展戰略及當期的財務表現得到了市 場的廣泛認可,將保障本集團可獲得較低 的潛在融資的財務成本,為本集團長期健 康發展提供充足的財務資源。

誠信合規文化

本集團始終將誠信合規作為發展的基石, 近年來相繼頒佈實施一系列管理辦法,包 括《誠信合規管理辦法》、《誠信合規專員工 作制度》及要求每位員工簽屬《誠信合規宣 言》。

In 2024, the Group organised members of the Board and management to conduct anti-corruption and environmental protection training by carrying out an in-depth study to strengthen the culture of integrity and awareness of environmental protection. During the year, MSCI maintained the Company's ESG rating of A. The Group will obtain recognition and affirmation from all walks of life through pragmatic and accountable ESG quality management measures, integrating the national dual goals of "peak carbon dioxide emissions target by 2030 and reach carbon neutrality by 2060" into daily operational management to achieve substantive business development.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The Group achieved a turnover of HK\$102.68 billion in 2024, representing a year-on-year increase of 1.4%. Overall gross profit margin of the Group was 17.8%, representing a decrease of 0.4 PPT as compared with that of last year. The decrease in overall gross profit margin was mainly due to the decrease in the share of revenue from gas connection with a higher gross profit margin from 10.8% the same period last year to 9.0%. The Group believes that revenue structure will continue to be optimised in the future, and the Group is optimistic that it will maintain high quality and sustainable development in the future.

The Group has been adopting prudent financial resources management policies to keep borrowings and capital expenditure at a sound level. In 2024, the Group's operating cash flow achieved HK\$7.0 billion, the Group has sufficient funds and available banking facilities to meet capital expenditures and operating requirements in the future. Given the Group's sustained in performance, Moody's, Standard & Poor's and Fitch maintained the credit rating of the Group at A2, A- and A- during the year. The ratings reflect the Group's development strategy of focusing on its core business comprehensive services and comprehensive energy and its financial performance for current period has been widely recognised by the market, which will further reduce the finance costs to be incurred by the Group in its potential financing activities, and provide sufficient financial resources for the long-term healthy development of the Group.

HONESTY & INTEGRITY CULTURE

The Group always regards honesty & integrity as its foundation of development, and has issued and implemented a series of measures in recent years, including Regulation on Honesty & Integrity (《誠信合 規管理辦法》) and Rules for Staff Responsible for Honesty & Integrity Culture (《誠信合規專員工作制度》) and requires every staff to sign the Honesty & Integrity Declaration (《誠信合規宣言》).

主席報告

Chairman's Statement

企業管治

本集團诱過標桿最佳企業管治常規,以及 採納根據香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交 所」)的企業管治守則(「守則」)而釐訂的企 業管治手冊而提升其企業管治標準。企業 管治報告載於本年報第42至61頁。

資本市場表現

二零零八年至二零二四年,本集團股價由 3.4港元增長9.1倍至30.8港元,本集團市 值則由30.8億港元增長23.1倍至711.6億 港元。

二零零八年至二零二四年,本集團溢利由 2.4億港元增長17.0倍至40.9億港元,營業 額由29.9億港元增長34.3倍至1,026.8億港 元,及總資產由37.1億港元增長35.7倍至 1.324.8億港元。

根據彭博社報告,截至二零二四年十二月 三十一日,51份分析報告涉及到本集團。

基於集團穩健的業績質量,二零二四年, 穆迪、標準普爾,惠譽繼續維持本集團 A2、A-、A-評級。該等評級反映了本集團 專注主業發力綜合服務及綜合能源業務的 發展戰略及當期的財務表現得到了市場的 廣泛認可,將保障本集團可獲得較低的潛 在融資的財務成本,為本集團長期健康發 展提供充足的財務資源。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Group is committed to enhancing its standard of corporate governance by benchmarking with good corporate governance practices and has adopted a Corporate Governance Handbook based on the Corporate Governance Code (the "Code") issued by The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The Corporate Governance Report is set out on pages 42 to 61 of this annual report.

CAPITAL MARKET PERFORMANCE

From 2008 to 2024, the share price of the Group has increased by 9.1 times from HK\$3.4 to HK\$30.8 and its market capitalisation has increased by 23.1 times from HK\$3.08 billion to HK\$71.16 billion.

From 2008 to 2024, the profit of the Group increased by 17.0 times from HK\$240 million to HK\$4.09 billion, turnover increased by 34.3 times from HK\$2.99 billion to HK\$102.68 billion and total assets increased by 35.7 times from HK\$3.71 billion to HK\$132.48 billion.

Based on Bloomberg's report, as at 31st December, 2024, the Group was covered by 51 analyst reports.

Given the Group's robust performance, Moody's, Standard & Poor's and Fitch maintained the credit rating of the Group at A2, A- and A- in 2024. The ratings reflect the Group's development strategy of focusing on its core business comprehensive services and comprehensive energy and its financial performance for current period has been widely recognised by the market, which will further reduce the finance costs to be incurred by the Group in its potential financing activities, and provide sufficient financial resources for the long-term healthy development of the Group.

發展展望

在二零二四年,憑藉中國經濟呈現的溫和 復甦態勢,中國進一步營造綠色低碳產業 健康發展生態,協同推進降碳減污擴綠增 長,加緊經濟社會發展全面綠色轉型。其 中,天然氣扮演著關鍵角色,助力打造多 能互補的能源體系。二零二五年,從政策 端來看,中國將持續推進藍天、碧水、淨 土保衛戰。從供給端來看,全力提升油氣 勘探開發力度,天然氣產量連續八年增產 超百億立方米。從需求端來看,中國經濟 的長期積極趨勢未變,未來發展前景廣 闊,天然氣行業依舊保持著強勁的發展勢 頭。

二零二五年,本集團將堅持[1+2+N]業務 戰略,在做好主業穩定發展的基礎上,遵 循國家對於清潔能源發展的意願,豐富天 然氣自主資源池,全面提升產業控制力, 推動優質外延項目投資,持續提升綜合服 務業務的滲透率、拓展綜合能源的規模, 促進業績穩步增長,不斷提升股東回報, 實現本集團的可持續發展。

致謝

本集團有賴各業務夥伴、客戶及股東的鼎 力支持和全體員工努力不懈的竭誠服務以 達致本集團的業務目標,本人謹代表董事 會向彼等致以衷心謝意。

楊平

主席

香港,二零二五年三月二十八日

DEVELOPMENT PROSPECT

In 2024, with China's economy showing signs of a mild recovery, China was further creating a healthy development ecosystem for the green and low-carbon industries, collaborating to promote carbon reduction, pollution reduction and green expansion and growth, and stepping up the overall green transformation of economic and social development. Specifically, natural gas, played a key role in helping to build a multi-energy complementary energy system. In 2025, from the policy perspective. China will continue to promote the battle to fight air, water and soil pollution. From the supply perspective, efforts in oil and gas exploration and development will be fully stepped up, with natural gas production increasing by more than 10 billion cubic meters for eight consecutive years. From the demand perspective, the long-term positive trend of China's economy remains unchanged, with promising future development prospects, whereby the natural gas industry maintains a strong momentum of development.

In 2025, the Group will adhere to the business strategy of "1+2+N". Based on the steady growth of principal business, the Group will follow its country's objective to develop clean energy, enrich the self-controlled natural gas resources, comprehensively enhance the industrial control, promote investment in external high-quality projects, continuously raise the penetration rate of the comprehensive service businesses, upsize the integrated energy, facilitate steady growth in results, constantly improve shareholders' return and realise the sustainable development of the Group.

APPRECIATION

On behalf of the Board, I would like to take this opportunity to express our most sincere appreciation to our business partners, customers and shareholders for their unfailing support as well as all the Group's employees for their hard work and dedication in carrying out their duties and in achieving the Group's business goal.

YANG PING

Chairman

Hong Kong, 28th March, 2025

總裁報告

Report from the Chief Executive Officer











經營業績

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年 度,本集團秉承追求卓越的進取精神,積 極應對多重超預期事件帶來的負面影響, 年內,本集團之營業額上漲1.4%至1,026.8 億港元。錄得本公司擁有人應佔溢利40.9 億港元,較去年同期下降21.7%。本公司的 經營溢利下降15.9%至77.4億港元,及經 營業務產生的現金由二零二三年的101.6億 港元下降至二零二四年的70.0億港元。

本集團的收入來自銷售及分銷氣體燃料及 相關產品、燃氣接駁、綜合服務、設計與 建設服務及加氣站,分別佔二零二四年收 入的83.3%、9.0%、4.1%、0.4%及3.2% (二零二三年:分別為81.6%、10.8%、 4.0%、0.4%及3.2%)。

燃氣總銷量由387.8億立方米增加2.9%至 399.1億立方米。

OPERATING RESULTS

Active in pursuit of excellence, the Group reduced the negative impact of multiple events beyond expectation during the year ended 31st December, 2024. During the year, the Group's revenue increased by 1.4% to HK\$102.68 billion and we recorded profit attributable to the owners of the Company of HK\$4.09 billion, representing a decrease of 21.7% over the previous corresponding period. The operating profit of the Company decreased by 15.9% to HK\$7.74 billion and the cash generated from operations decreased from HK\$10.16 billion in 2023 to HK\$7.00 billion in 2024.

The revenue of the Group was derived from sales and distribution of gas fuel and related products, gas connection, comprehensive services, design and construction services and gas stations, which respectively accounted for 83.3%, 9.0%, 4.1%, 0.4% and 3.2% of the revenue for 2024 (2023: 81.6%, 10.8%, 4.0%, 0.4% and 3.2%, respectively).

Gross gas sales volume increased by 2.9% from 38.78 billion m³ to 39.91 billion m³.

管理團隊繼續提升營運效率以實現持續性內涵增長。

The management team continuously improves the operational efficiency of the Group to achieve sustainable organic growth.



本集團憑藉良好的項目佈局和積極的市場 拓展策略,持續聚焦城市燃氣項目的新用 戶開發。二零二四年新接駁住宅用戶總數 為269.3萬戶。

於二零二四年,本集團繼續進行新併購活 動並為11個城市燃氣項目投資或支付2.2億 港元。當中大部分項目由本集團全資或過 半數擁有。

With excellent project planning and active market development strategy, the Group continued to focus on the development of new users of city gas projects. The total number of newly connected residential users in 2024 was 2.693 million.

In 2024, the Group continued to make new acquisitions and invested or paid HK\$0.22 billion in 11 city gas projects. Most of these projects are either wholly owned or majority owned by the Group.

總裁報告

Report from the Chief Executive Officer

該等投資將讓本集團能進一步拓展其於中 國的覆蓋範圍及足跡。本集團在該等省份 擁有現有的城市燃氣業務,且在中國多個 戰略性位置設有84個區域中心。根據地理 位置劃分,該等投資的項目將由有關區域 中心進行有效整合及管理。因此,本集團 認為該等投資可與本集團現有燃氣業務產 生協同效應,從而可擴闊本集團的收益基 礎並提升及維持其盈利能力。

本集團亦對過往投資進行持續評估,此乃 對作出日後投資決策至關重要。

精準學標桿

「學標桿」是一個將自身業務流程及績效指 標與業內最佳實踐者進行比較的過程。本 集團已在所有業務部門推行向最佳實踐者 學標桿舉措。「學標桿」已開始在集團內成 員公司間進行,並已拓展至與行業外部最 佳實踐者對標。

推行「學標桿」是華潤燃氣實現增長方式由 資源投入向效率提升這一根本轉變的必然 選擇,也是華潤燃氣確保達成戰略目標, 成為[中國第一、世界一流|燃氣企業的重 要舉措。

內部及外部學標桿活動相結合將有助於各 成員公司識別其現階段表現與其預期之間 的最重要差距,從而就作出改變而制訂詳 細計劃及嚴格的必要成本控制及表現基 準,以在削減成本及提升表現的同時有效 追蹤該詳細計劃的實施進度。所有成員公 司不僅須與總部簽署「學標桿責任合同」, 持續深化34項量化指標突出管理重點,使 對標更加精準。該持續學標桿活動於二零 二四年取得滿意的成績。

The investments will enable the Group to further extend its coverage and footprint in the PRC. The Group has existing city gas operations in these provinces and has 84 regional offices set up in various strategic locations in the PRC. The projects of the investments will be efficiently integrated and managed by the relevant regional office depending on their geographical locations. As such, the Group considers that the investments will create synergies with the Group's existing gas operation, thereby broadening the Group's revenue base as well as enhancing and sustaining its profitability.

The Group also conducts ongoing evaluation of past investments. which are essential for making decisions on future investments.

PRECISE BENCHMARKING

"Benchmarking" is the process of comparing one's business processes and performance metrics to the best practices of the industry. The Group has implemented benchmarking initiatives from best practitioners in all business sectors. "Benchmarking" has started off internally with intra-group benchmarking and have extended to benchmarking against external best practices of the industry.

Implementing "Benchmarking" measure is an indispensable choice for CR Gas to accomplish the fundamental transformation of its growth model from resources-driven growth to efficiency improvement, and is also one crucial approach taken by CR Gas to achieve its strategic goal to become the leading world-class gas enterprise in China.

This combination of internal and external benchmarking helps each member company to identify the most important gaps between its current state and where it wants to be. It creates a road map for change and generates the rigorous cost and performance baseline necessary to effectively track progress on that road map over time in terms of cost reductions and performance improvements. All member companies were required to sign "Benchmarking Responsibility Contracts" with head office, and continued to deepen 34 quantitative benchmarks, highlighting the key objectives and becoming more focused and precise. This ongoing campaign has led to many satisfying results in 2024.

持續提高區域中心和設計及工 程中心效率

本集團擁有84個區域中心以分散管理本集 團在全中國城市燃氣項目的日常營運。各 區域中心負責彼等各自所在地區內一組城 市的日常營運。此舉有助提高營運效率, 提供更佳的服務及更快地對當地不斷變化 的需求及環境作出反應。

本集團管理團隊成員兼任大區總經理,就 此設立的大區最大程度減少僱員人數或資 源的增加,從而實現以最少資源產生最佳 效益的目標。

本集團集中進行設計及建築活動將進一步提 升管道建設及集中採購的標準化程度,從而 進一步削減成本。

CONTINUOUS EFFICIENCY IMPROVEMENT OF REGIONAL CENTRES AND DESIGN & **CONSTRUCTION CENTRES**

The Group has 84 regional centres to decentralise the management of the day to day operation of the Group's city gas projects across China. Each regional centre is responsible for the day to day operation of a cluster of cities within their respective regions. This enhances the operation efficiencies and provides better services that respond faster to changing local demand and conditions.

Members of the Group's management team concurrently serve as regional general managers. The arrangement minimises the increase in headcounts or resources, thereby achieving the goal of attaining maximum results with minimum resources.

The centralisation of the Group's design and construction activities will further enhance standardisation of pipeline construction and central procurements thereby resulting in further cost reductions.



精簡業務流程並提升運營效率

本集團繼續對其多個城市燃氣項目的業務 和管理流程進行系統性的梳理。這過程預 計將會持續提高城市燃氣項目的整體運營 效率。

本集團的供應鏈管理已進一步優化,嚴格 的招標制度已覆蓋工程項目,並發佈及執 行了覆蓋各類項目及質量控制措施的新準 則或經修訂準則。受益於IT系統集中採購, 我們的大部分材料採購已集中進行,截至 二零二四年末集中採購開支佔材料採購開 支總額85.54%。通過集中採購,在保障產 品質量的基礎上,減少採購成本。

改進員工招聘、考核、薪酬及員工挽留政 策,以加強人力資源管理流程,從而利用 內部或外部資源達致招募、擢升及挽留最 優秀人才的目標。華潤燃氣的管理團隊擁 有在金融、法律、商業及工程等專業及經 驗的人才。我們努力為僱員提供一個令人 滿意的工作環境並致力於彼等的培訓及專 業發展。

鑑於最近幾年經營規模顯著擴大,本集團 本著提高效率的目標,將包括工程管理、 加氣站智能卡、行政管理、集中現金管 理、財務申報、人力資源、集中採購及客 戶服務在內的資訊科技系統應用不斷推廣 到本集團營運的各個層面。

在持續提升客戶服務水準層面,通過不斷 豐富產品組合、提高入戶安檢成功率、縮 短用戶投訴處理時間、推廣互聯網繳費、 用戶熱線快速響應等措施,優化客戶體 驗,持續提升客戶滿意度。

BUSINESS PROCESS STREAMLINING AND **OPERATION ENHANCEMENT**

The Group continued its systematic review of the business and management processes of its various city gas projects. This ongoing process is expected to continuously enhance the overall operational efficiency of city gas projects.

The Group's supply chain management was further streamlined with rigorous tender system covering construction projects, and the new or revised guidelines covering various categories of projects and quality control measures were issued and implemented. With the help of centralised procurement IT system, the procurement of most of our materials has been centralised, representing 85.54% of total material procurement expenditure up to the end of 2024. While safeguarding product quality, the Group reduced procurement costs through centralised procurement.

Improvements were also carried out on the employee recruitment, assessment, remuneration and staff retention policies to enhance the human resources management process with the objective of recruiting, promoting and retaining the best talents, from both internal and external sources. CR Gas's management team comprises utility professionals with significant expertise and experiences across financial, law, commercial and engineering disciplines. We strive to provide and maintain a satisfying and rewarding working environment for employees and commit to their training and professional development.

In view of the significant increase in operation size of the Group in recent years, we continued to promote the application of information technology systems covering project management, top-up cards for gas stations, office administration, centralised cash management, financial reporting, human resources, centralised procurement and customer service at various levels of the Group's operation, so as to improve our operational efficiency.

On the continuous enhancement of customer service, through continuously diversifying product portfolio, enhancing the success rate of household safety inspection, shortening user complaint processing time, promoting internet payment, quickening the response of user hotlines and other measures, the Company has optimised user experience to continuously increase user satisfaction.

在財務及税務管理方面,本集團已成功向 各成員公司推廣以價值為導向的管理系 統,從而有效削減成本及開支。尤其是, 我們進一步提升現金集中管理,將更多成 員公司納入系統,令現金儲備規模顯著加 大。據此,本集團大幅削減整體借貸成 本。此外,本集團亦採取多項税務優化及 簡化措施,以減少税務風險及推進税項抵 扣及扳環。

加強安全管理

本集團已制訂多個安全管理政策及程序以 及聘用符合資格工程師及技術人員來管理 及防止本集團天然氣相關設施發生任何可 能會破壞環境的潛在事故。

除本集團內部成立的控制、防災及緊急恢 復程序外,本集團亦完全符合地方及國家 的相關環保法例及許可要求。

On the financial and tax management areas, the Group has successfully promoted value-oriented management system to each member company and thus effectively reduced costs and expenses. In particular, we further enhanced the centralisation of cash management with the inclusion of more member companies in the system with significant increase of cash pool size. By doing so, the Group has greatly reduced the overall cost of borrowing. Furthermore, various taxation rationalisation and reduction measures were taken to reduce tax exposure and speed up tax setoffs and refunds.

SAFETY MANAGEMENT ENHANCEMENT

The Group has formulated a number of safety management policies and procedures, and has hired qualified engineers and technical staff as well, to manage and prevent any potential accidents in the Group's natural gas related facilities which may cause damage to the environment.

In addition to our internally commissioned control, hazard prevention and emergency recovery procedures, the Group have fully complied with the relevant local and national environmental protection regulations and licensing requirement.

總裁報告

Report from the Chief Executive Officer

為提升安全標準,本集團在全公司開展有關 安全及環保意識的宣傳活動,同時應用大 數據、智能化等新技術,探索燃氣智能監 控和調度管理,加強關鍵環節和重點隱患 治理。本集團持續開展安全審核,全年完 成79家區域公司,120家成員公司安全審核 及飛行安全檢查,督促受檢查單位進行整改 跟進後閉環管理。在二零二四年,共投入 23.94 億港元,完成老舊管網改造2.168.2 公里。

本集團重視為員工及用戶提供安全操作程序 培訓。因此,本集團定期為相關員工舉辦 培訓及講座,註冊安全工程師培訓、累計培 訓41.25萬人次、有效規範員工安全行為。 對於終端用戶,本集團全面講解安全操作程 序,並定期安排講座及派發安全操作手冊。

To improve our safety standard, the Group carried out a range of company-wide safety and environment conscious campaigns. Meanwhile, the Group applied new technologies such as big data and intelligence to explore intelligent monitoring and dispatch management of gas, so as to strengthen key aspect and potential defect treatment. The Group continued to conduct safety audits, completed safety audits and flight safety inspections for 79 regional companies and 120 member companies throughout the year, and urged the inspected units to carry out closed-loop management after rectification and follow-up. In 2024, a total of HK\$2.394 billion was invested to complete the transformation of 2,168.2 kilometers of old pipelines.

The Group places emphasis on educating staff and users in respect of safety procedures. Accordingly, the Group regularly organized trainings and seminars for relevant staff, and the training for certified safety engineers, with an aggregate of 412,500 persons/times of training received which effectively regulated employees' safety behavior. For end users, explanations of safety procedures are given and regular seminars as well as distribution of brochures and booklets on safety are arranged.





培訓及獎勵僱員

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團共 聘用約57,522名員工。本集團一向重視人 才,深明吸納、培訓和留聘優秀員工是本 集團繼續致勝之道。除華潤大學的「燃氣學 院 | 為本集團員工開設課程及提供培訓計劃 以外,本集團亦設立了涵蓋華東、華北、 華中、華南及西南的五個培訓中心,該等 中心位於我們於無錫、濟寧、鄭州、福州 及成都的區域中心。本集團為不同級別的 員工提供多種類型的管理及技術培訓,以 提高他們的知識和技術水平。改進員工招 聘、考核、薪酬及員工挽留政策,以加強 人力資源管理流程,從而利用內部或外部 資源達致招募、擢升及挽留最優秀人才的 目標。華潤燃氣的管理團隊包括在金融、 法律、商業及工程等學科擁有豐富經驗的 實用人才。我們努力為僱員提供一個令人 滿意的工作環境並致力於彼等的培訓及專 業發展。本集團按僱員的表現、工作經驗 及現行市場工資水平支付薪酬。此外,本 集團會按成績及表現向僱員發放花紅及授 予獎勵,相信此舉有助本集團吸納及留聘 優秀員工,並鼓勵員工發揮最佳表現。

TRAINING AND REWARD FOR EMPLOYEES

As at 31st December, 2024, the Group have approximately 57,522 employees. The Group values human resources and recognises the importance of attracting, training and retaining quality staff for its continual success. In addition to the "Gas Faculty" in China Resources University, which designs courses and provides training programs to the Group's workforce, the Group also operates 5 regional training centres covering Eastern, Northern, Central, Southern and South-Western China. These centres are located in our regional centres of Wuxi, Jining, Zhengzhou, Fuzhou and Chengdu. Various types of management and technical trainings are conducted through the Group for different levels of staff to enhance their knowledge and skills. Improvements were also carried out on the employee recruitment, assessment, remuneration and staff retention policies to enhance the human resources management process with the objective of recruiting, promoting and retaining the best talents, from both internal and external sources. CR Gas's management team comprises utility professionals with significant expertise across financial, law, commercial and engineering disciplines. We strive to provide and maintain a satisfying and rewarding working environment for employees and commit to their training and professional development. The Group remunerates its employees based on their performance, work experience and the prevailing market wage level. Further, bonuses are granted to employees and incentive awards are made to employees based on merit and performance. The Group believes this will assist to attract and retain quality staff and at the same time encourage the employees to give their best performances.





風險管理

面對業內的威脅或不明朗因素帶來的負面 影響,本集團一直保持警惕。本集團已採 取多種措施保障本集團的利益。

本集團持續對所有營運成員公司建立每年 定期安全審核機制以確保遵守國家及地方 的安全法規。

本公司在全國設立6個審計中心,並持續 推動區域公司完善審計及風控職能,針對 本集團及成員企業共計完成內部審計項目 26個,涉及領域包括運營,財務及工程採 購,本集團已修訂及發佈各種審計及風控 管理指引,組織開展重大風險治理及內控 自查,全年未發生系統性風險。

二零二四年本集團持續完善制度體系,推 動內控信息化建設、統籌開展重大風險防 控,全面開展內控監督檢查工作,構建了 「強內控、防風險、促合規」三位一體內部 控制體系,有效發揮內控體系強基固本, 防控風險的作用,收住了不發生系統性和 重大風險底線,切實推動本集團高質量發 展。

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group is constantly alert to the threats or uncertainties with negative consequences facing the industry and has been taking various measures to safeguard the Group's interest.

The system of annual and regular safety audit has been established continuously on all operating member companies of the Group to ensure compliance with national and local safety regulations.

The Company has set up 6 audit centers across the country and continued to promote regional companies to improve audit and risk control functions. A total of 26 internal audit projects were completed at the Group and member company levels, covering areas such as operation, finance, and project procurement. The Group has revised and issued various audit and risk control management guidelines, organized major risk management and internal control selfinvestigation, and no systemic risks occurred throughout the year.

In 2024, the Group kept improving its institutional system, equipped its internal control system with information technologies, and took comprehensive measures to prevent and control major risks and to supervise and inspect how the internal control system worked, thereby setting up an internal control system that can strengthen internal control, prevent risks and promote compliance. By doing so, the Group made full use of the internal control system to safeguard its operations and control risks, prevented systemic and major risks from happening, and boosted the high-quality development of the Group.



環保及社會貢獻

本集團诱過拓展較為清潔的天然氣業務支 持中國政府正在執行的環保政策。依照國 家十四五規劃及自身發展實際,參考本集 團二零二零年節能減排指標情況,制定綠 色低碳轉型發展主要目標。截至二零二四 年底,本集團二氧化碳排放強度、萬元營 業收入(可比價)綜合能耗較二零二零年底 分別下降61.28%、35.59%。

本集團亦通過舉行慈善活動向社會做出貢 獻。成員公司在多地廣泛開展扶貧助困、 捐資助學、關愛特殊群體以及志願者活 動,年內積極為各類公益事業捐款捐物, 樹立了良好的企業形象。二零二四年,華 潤燃氣積極踐行可持續的慈善公益,用實 際行動助力和諧社會建設。全年,華潤燃 氣共計慈善捐贈總額:310.36萬港元,累 計志願服務人次:7.41萬人次。

致謝

本人謹此對管理團隊及全體員工努力不懈 的竭誠服務致以衷心謝意。我們將繼續同 心協力向用戶提供更佳服務及提升效率, 以提高股東及僱員的價值。

秦艷

執行董事兼總裁

香港,二零二五年三月二十八日

ENVIRONMENT AND SOCIAL CONTRIBUTIONS

The Group is supporting the ongoing green environmental policies of the PRC government by actively expanding our cleaner natural gas business. In accordance with the national 14th Five-Year Plan and the Group's own development status, and with reference to its energy conservation and emission reduction targets in 2020, the Group has formulated the major development targets for green and low-carbon transformation. As of the end of 2024, the Group's carbon dioxide emission intensity and comprehensive energy consumption per RMB10,000 of revenue (comparable price) decreased by 61.28% and 35.59% as compared with those at the end of 2020, respectively.

The Group also carried out charitable activities as token of measure to contribute to society. The Group's member companies conducted activities such as poverty alleviation, donation for education, caring for particular groups as well as volunteer services in a number of regions, making donation (including money and materials) for various public welfare undertakings during the year, thus building a reputable corporate image of the Group. In 2024, CR Gas vigorously implemented sustainable charity and public welfare undertakings, taking positive actions to help build a harmonious society. Throughout the year, CR Gas's total charitable donations amounted to HK\$3,103,600, with cumulative volunteer services of 74,100 persons/ times.

APPRECIATION

I would like to express my deepest gratitude to our management team and staff members for their unfailing hard work and dedication. We would continue to work hand in hand to improve service to our customers, increase efficiency to enhance the values of the shareholders and employees.

QIN Yan

Executive Director & Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong, 28th March, 2025

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FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

截至十二月三十一日止年度	For the year ended 31st December,	二零二四年 2024 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 千港元 HK\$'000	增加/(減少) Increase/ (Decrease)
營業額	Turnover	102,675,888	101,271,905	1.4%
毛利	Gross profit	18,258,378	18,451,671	(1.0%)
經營溢利(不包括財務成本及	Profit from operations			
應佔合資及聯營公司業績)	(before finance costs and			
	share of results of joint ventures	7 700 004	0.005.654	(15.09/)
在內兴利	and associates)	7,738,284	9,205,654	(15.9%)
年內溢利 本公司股本持有人應佔溢利	Profit of the year	5,748,294	7,058,886	(18.6%)
平公可放平行有八應伯//	Profit attributable to the Company's equity holders	4,088,148	5,223,705	(21.7%)
經營業務所得現金淨額	Net cash from operating activities			
(支付税款之後)	(after tax payments)	7,001,826	10,156,593	(31.1%)
每股基本盈利(1)(港元)	Basic EPS ⁽¹⁾ (HK\$)	1.80	2.30	(21.7%)
擬派末期股息,每股(港仙)	Final dividend proposed per share			
	(HK cents)	70.00	100.69	(30.5%)
全年派息,每股(港仙)	Total dividend per share for the year			
	(HK cents)	95.00	115.69	(17.9%)

附註:(1) 每股基本盈利按已發行股份的加權平 均數計算,不包括獎勵計劃持有的股 Note: (1) Basic earnings per share is calculated based on weighted average number of issued shares, excluding shares held for incentive award scheme.

7.0%

5.2%

29.5%

19.2%

12.8%

(1.4PPT)

(1.2PPT)

(3.1PPT)

(1.8PPT)

(2.9PPT)

截至十二月三十一日止年度	For the year ended 31st December,	二零二四年 2024 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 千港元 HK\$'000	增加/(減少) Increase/ (Decrease)
總資產	Total assets	132,482,695	137,871,085	(3.9%)
銀行結餘及現金	Bank balances and cash	7,530,584	9,978,468	(24.5%)
借貸總額(1)	Total borrowings(1)	23,000,859	26,528,718	(13.3%)
借貸淨額	Net borrowings	15,470,275	16,550,250	(6.5%)
本公司股本持有人應佔權益	Equity attributable to the			
	Company's equity holders	41,171,967	40,772,231	1.0%
非控股權益	Non-controlling interests	22,799,009	22,611,451	0.8%
權益總值	Total equity	63,970,976	63,383,682	0.9%
		二零二四年	二零二三年	變動
財務指標	Financial Indicators	2024	2023	Change
毛利率	Gross profit margin	17.8%	18.2%	(0.4PPT)

附註:

淨利率(年內)

資本負債比率(2)

資產負債比率(3)

資本回報率

淨利率(股東應佔)

- (1) 應付中間控股公司款項(二零二四年:0港 元,二零二三年:3,804,920千港元)、應 付同系附屬公司款項(二零二四年:0港 元,二零二三年:0港元)計入借貸總額。
- (2) 資本負債比率指借貸總額與借貸總額及股 本總值的比例。
- (3) 資產負債比率指借貸總額與資產總值的比 例。

Notes:

Net profit margin (for the year)

Debt to capitalisation ratio(2)

shareholders)

Return on equity

Debt to assets ratio(3)

Net profit margin (attributable to

(1) The amount due to an intermediate holding company (2024: HK\$0; 2023: HK\$3,804,920,000), as well as the amount due to a fellow subsidiary (2024: HK\$0; 2023: HK\$0) are included in total borrowings.

5.6%

4.0%

26.4%

17.4%

9.9%

- Debt to capitalisation ratio is the ratio of total borrowings to total borrowings and total equity.
- (3) Debt to asset ratio is the ratio of total borrowings to total assets.

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OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE

二零二四年營運數據

Operational data for 2024

		於二零二四年	於二零二三年	
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	
		As at	As at	
		31st December,	31st December,	變動
營運表現	Operational Performance	2024	2023	Change
項目數目	Number of projects	276	276	_
接駁可覆蓋戶數(百萬戶)	Connectable householders			
	(million)	99.98	97.08	3.0%
居民用戶滲透率	Penetration rate of residential			
	household	60.4%	59.3%	+1.1PPT
總銷氣量(百萬立方米)	Gross sales volume (million m³)	39,907	38,784	2.9%
居民用戶	Residential	10,038	9,444	6.3%
工業用戶	Industrial	20,416	20,111	1.5%
商業用戶	Commercial	8,523	8,209	3.8%
車用氣用戶	Vehicles	930	1,020	(8.8%)
平均銷氣價/成本/毛利	Average gas tariff/Cost/Gross margin			
(人民幣每立方米)	(RMB per m³)	3.42/2.89/0.53	3.50/2.99/0.51	(0.08)/(0.10)/0.02
管網長度(公里)	Total length of pipeline (km)	327,029	306,955	20,074
接駁用戶	Connected customers	60,624,075	57,779,698	2,844,377
居民用戶	Residential	60,085,963	57,294,810	2,791,153
工業用戶	Industrial	51,711	42,481	9,230
商業用戶	Commercial	486,402	442,407	43,995
平均居民接駁收入(人民幣)	Average residential connection fee			
	(RMB)	2,685	2,660	25
新增接駁居民數(已收款)	Gross new households with paid			
	connection fee			
總數	Total	2,693,470	3,312,582	(619,112)
合併口徑	Consolidated	2,106,662	2,654,374	(547,712)
加氣站(CNG/LNG/L-CNG)	Gas station (CNG/LNG/L-CNG)	307 (189/68/50)	315 (193/70/52)	(8) ((4)/(2)/(2))

管理層討論及分析

Management Discussion and Analysis

財務業績

本集團於二零二四年全年營業額為1.026.8 億港元(二零二三年:1,012.7億港元)。

城市燃氣分銷業務所貢獻稅後但非控股權 益前溢利為57.5億港元(二零二三年:70.6 億港元)及本公司擁有人應佔溢利為40.9億 港元(二零二三年:52.2億港元)。

營業額

於二零二四年,本集團錄得供氣總量399.1 億立方米,增長2.9%。截至二零二四年十 二月三十一日止年度,華潤燃氣的營業額 由1,012.7億港元上升1.4%至1,026.8億港 元,主要因為年內本集團年內銷氣業務快 速發展。

本集團錄得本公司擁有人應佔溢利40.9 億港元,較去年同期的52.2億港元下降 21.7% 。

毛利率

本集團整體毛利率為17.8%,較上一年度 同期下降0.4個百分點。整體毛利率下降主 要是由於年內本集團銷售及分銷氣體燃料 及相關產品收入及加氣站收入佔營業收入 的比例由去年的84.8%上升至二零二四年 的86.5%,而毛利率相對較高的接駁收入佔 比由去年的10.8%下降至9.0%。本集團相 信,未來收入結構將有持續優化空間,本 集團有信心未來保持高品質可持續發展。

FINANCIAL RESULTS

The Group's annual revenue in 2024 amounted to HK\$102.68 billion (2023: HK\$101.27 billion).

The city gas distribution business contributed an after tax but before non-controlling interest profit of HK\$5.75 billion (2023: HK\$7.06 billion) and profit attributable to owners of the Company of HK\$4.09 billion (2023: HK\$5.22 billion).

Turnover

In 2024, the Group recorded a gross gas volume of 39.91 billion cubic meters, representing an increase of 2.9%. The turnover of CR Gas registered an increase of 1.4% from HK\$101.27 billion to HK\$102.68 billion for the year ended 31st December, 2024, mainly due to the rapid development of the Group's gas sales business during the year.

The Group recorded profit attributable to the owners of the Company of HK\$4.09 billion, representing a decrease of 21.7% as compared to HK\$5.22 billion for the previous corresponding period.

Gross Margin

The Group's overall gross profit margin was 17.8%, representing a decrease of 0.4 percentage point as compared with that of last year. The decrease in overall gross profit margin was mainly because the revenue from the Group's sale and distribution of gas fuel and related products and revenue from gas stations as a percentage of operating revenue increased from 84.8% last year to 86.5% in 2024, while the percentage of revenue from gas connection with higher gross profit margin decreased from 10.8% last year to 9.0%. The Group believes that the revenue structure will continue to be optimised in the future, and the Group is optimistic of high-quality and sustainable development in the future.

管理層討論及分析

Management Discussion and Analysis

其他收入、成本及開支

其他收入減少10.6億港元乃主要由於二零 二三年本集團實現重慶燃氣及廈門華潤燃 氣併表,產生一次性收益共計10.8億港元。

按佔收入百分比計算,銷售及分銷開支以 及行政費用分別佔比6.9%及4.5%(二零二 三年:分別為6.7%及4.5%)。

財務開支減少2.0億港元乃主要由於借貸總 額下降及貸款結構性調整。

應佔合營公司業績增加1.34億港元,主要 由於天津項目經營改善。而應佔聯營公司 業績減少3,032萬港元,主要由於成都燃氣 本年損益較去年同期有所下降所致。

税項為20.0億港元,佔除税前溢利25.8% (二零二三年:20.8%)。

營運和自由現金流

城市燃氣分銷業務持續帶來穩健的現金 流,除税後經營現金流量淨額為70.0億港 元。本集團於二零二四年底的銀行結餘及 現金為75.3億港元。本集團已於二零二 四年繼續利用其良好的資產負債表籌集低 成本融資,截至二零二四年十二月三十一 日,貸款總額為230.0億港元。本集團維 持非常健康的資產負債表,總負債與總資 產的比率較低,為51.7%(二零二三年: 54.0%) •

合理的回報率

由於本集團尚正處快速擴張階段,城市燃 氣分銷業務錄得算合理的股本回報率, 二零二四年為9.9%,較二零二三年減少 2.9PPT。本集團於二零二四年投資合計11 個新項目。待所有此等新收購項目在二零 二四年及往後開始達致更高經營效率及賺 取更高回報後,回報率將得以改善。

Other income, costs and expenses

The decrease of HK\$1.06 billion in other income was mainly due to the fact that in 2023, 重慶燃氣 and 廈門華潤燃氣 were consolidated into the consolidated financial statements of the Group, resulting in a oneoff gain of HK\$1.08 billion.

As a percentage of revenue, selling and distribution expenses as well as the administration expenses were 6.9% and 4.5% respectively (2023: 6.7% and 4.5%, respectively).

Finance expense decreased by HK\$200 million was mainly due to the decrease in total borrowing and structural adjustment of loans.

The increase in share of results of joint ventures by HK\$134 million was mainly due to the improvement in the operation of Tianjin project. And the decrease in share of results of associates by HK\$30.32 million was mainly due to the decrease in profit or loss of 成都燃氣 for the year as compared with that for the previous corresponding period.

Taxation amounted to HK\$2.00 billion, representing 25.8% of profit before taxation (2023: 20.8%).

Operating and free cash flow generation

The city gas distribution operation continued to bring in healthy cash flow with a net operating cash flow after tax of HK\$7.00 billion. The Group recorded bank balances and cash of HK\$7.53 billion at the end of 2024. The Group continued to leverage on its strong balance sheet to raise low cost finance during 2024 and had a total borrowings of HK\$23.00 billion outstanding as at 31st December, 2024. The Group maintains a very healthy balance sheet with a low gross debt to total asset ratio of 51.7% (2023: 54.0%).

Reasonable rates of return

In view of the fact that the Group is still in expansion phase, the city gas distribution operation maintained reasonable return on equity of 9.9% in 2024, representing a decrease of 2.9 percentage points from 2023. The Group invested a total of 11 new projects in 2024. The rates of returns were expected to improve once all these newly acquired projects started to attain higher operating efficiency and generated more returns in 2024 and thereafter.

帶來主要貢獻的項目

過往,逾80%的燃氣銷售量、接駁費用及 **純利來自早期於二零零八年收購的成都、** 無錫及蘇州項目。由於本集團於二零零九 年至二零二四年收購更多新項目,故彼等 帶來貢獻的比例減低,減低部分由重慶、 天津、寧波、鄭州、鎮江、福州、南京、 青島、合肥、安陽及武漢所取代。預期於 未來所有項目帶來貢獻的比例分佈將逐步 更為均匀。擴展本集團的盈利基礎將確保 本集團不會嚴重依賴任何單一的城市燃氣 項目。

流動資金和財務資源

年內,除稅後經營業務現金流入淨額為 70.0 億港元 (二零二三年:101.6 億港元)。

本集團於年內支出資本開支2.2億港元用作 收購擴充。本集團支出42.0億港元(二零二 三年:51.5億港元)提升及擴充其現有城市 燃氣管道和相關設施。上述所需資金乃由 本集團的經營現金流量、銀行借貸及庫存 現金撥付。於年終,本集團的銀行結餘及 現金以及其他存款為75.3億港元(二零二三 年:99.8億港元)。現金結餘中1.97%以港 元計值,93.64%以人民幣計值及4.39%以 美元計值。

本集團的資金政策為使用經營業務所得現 金流量及適當水平的借貸,作為主要擴展 及收購所需資金的主要來源。於年終,本 集團的借貸總額為230.0億港元(二零二三 年:265.3億港元),其中62.0%(二零二 三年:32.8%)的借貸總額列作流動負債, 須於一年內償還,而其餘則須於一年後償 還。人民幣、港元、美元及日圓貸款分別 佔借貸總額78.3%、11.7%、8.8%及1.1% (二零二三年:76.2%、14.8%、7.6%及 1.4%)。59.3%(二零二三年:23.7%)的借 貸總額按浮動利率計息及40.7%(二零二三 年:76.3%) 為按固定利率計息的銀行貸款 及中期票據。

本集團於年終的銀行結餘及現金為75.3億 港元。本集團於年終的負債比率(按借貸 總額除以總資產計算)為17.4%(二零二三 年:19.2%)。本集團的財務及流動資金狀 況非常良好及穩健。

Major contributors

Previously, the earlier projects of Chengdu, Wuxi and Suzhou acquired in 2008 used to account for more than 80% of the gas sales volume, connection fee and net profit contribution. As the Group acquired more new projects from 2009 to 2024, their contribution percentages decreased and were taken up by others such as Chongging, Tianjin, Ningbo, Zhengzhou, Zhenjiang, Fuzhou, Nanjing, Qingdao, Hefei, Anyang and Wuhan. The percentage contribution from all projects were expected to gradually become more evenly distributed in the future. The broadening of the Group's earning base will ensure that the Group will not rely heavily on any single city gas project.

Liquidity and Financial Resources

The net cash inflow after tax from operations during the year amounted to HK\$7.00 billion (2023: HK\$10.16 billion).

To fund its acquisition expansion, the Group spent HK\$0.22 billion in capital expenditure during the year. The Group spent HK\$4.20 billion in upgrading and expanding of its existing city gas pipelines and related facilities (2023: HK\$5.15 billion). The above required funding was financed by the operating cash flow, bank borrowings and cash on hand of the Group. As at year end, the Group's bank balances and cash and other deposits was HK\$7.53 billion (2023: HK\$9.98 billion). Among the balances, 1.97% was denominated in Hong Kong dollar and 93.64% in Renminbi and 4.39% in US dollar.

It is the Group's policy to use the cash flow generated from operations and appropriate level of borrowings as the principal source of fund to finance major expansion and acquisition. As at the end of the year, the Group had total borrowings of HK\$23.00 billion (2023: HK\$26.53 billion). 62.0% (2023: 32.8%) of the total borrowings are considered as current liabilities and repayable within one year, and the remaining are repayable in more than one year. Renminbi, Hong Kong dollar, US dollar and Japanese Yen, denominated borrowings accounted for 78.3%, 11.7%, 8.8% and 1.1% of the total borrowings respectively (2023: 76.2%, 14.8%, 7.6% and 1.4%). 59.3% (2023: 23.7%) of total borrowings are interest bearing on floating rate terms and 40.7% (2023: 76.3%) are interest bearing bank loans and medium-term notes with fixed interest rate.

The bank balances and cash of the Group was HK\$7.53 billion as at the year end. The gearing ratio of the Group at the end of the year, calculated as total borrowings over total assets, was 17.4% (2023: 19.2%). The financial position and liquidity of the Group is very healthy and stable.

管理層討論及分析

Management Discussion and Analysis

本集團總獲授規模達832.1億港元,其中人 民幣521.0億元、82.9億日圓、5.2億美元 及225.0 億港元 (二零二三年:203.3 億港 元、人民幣389.8億元、82.9億日圓及5.2 億美元)於二零二四年至二零二五年到期的 銀行備用額。備用額為無抵押,並以浮動 利率計息。於年終,本集團已使用54%的 港元備用額(二零二三年:16%)、50%的 人民幣備用額(二零二三年:90%)、70% 的美元備用額(二零二三年:99%)及64% 的日圓備用額(二零二三年:30%)。

The Group has been granted a total of HK\$83.21 billion, RMB52.10 billion, JPY8.29 billion, US\$0.52 billion and HK\$22.50 billion (2023: HK\$20.33 billion, RMB38.98 billion, JPY8.29 billion and US\$0.52 billion) banking facilities with maturities from 2024 to 2025. The facilities are unsecured and with floating interest rates. As at the end of the year, 54% of the HK\$ facilities (2023: 16%), 50% of the RMB facilities (2023: 90%), 70% of the US\$ facilities (2023: 99%) and 64% of the JPY facilities (2023: 30%) has been drawn down.

除上文所述外,本集團並無其他已承諾借 貸備用額。在日常流動資金管理方面,為 了維持資金靈活彈性,本集團已獲銀行批 出足夠的無承諾短期備用額。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團已

抵押銀行存款139.50百萬港元作為應付天

Other than the above, the Group has no other committed borrowing facilities. For day-to-day liquidity management and maintaining flexibility in funding, the Group has managed to obtain sufficient uncommitted short-term facilities from banks.

資產抵押

然氣供應商的貿易賬款的擔保。

物業、廠房及設備

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團的城市燃氣分銷業務於廠房、機器 及設備方面支出為138.2億港元,及於在建 工程方面支出為49.0億港元。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團並 無任何重大或然負債。

財務管理及庫務政策

本集團於香港總部的司庫負責本集團的財 務風險管理。本集團的庫務政策以管理利 率及外幣匯率波動風險為主要宗旨之一。 本集團的政策為不參與任何投機活動。

本集團大部分資產和負債均以港元、美元 和人民幣計值,而小部分以日圓計值。本 集團預期在此方面不會面臨重大的外匯波 動風險。

Charge of Assets

As at 31st December, 2024, bank deposits of HK\$139.50 million were pledged as securities for trade payables to suppliers of natural gas.

Property, Plant and Equipment

During the year ended 31st December, 2024, the Group's city gas distribution business spent HK\$13.82 billion on plant, machinery and equipment and HK\$4.90 billion on construction in progress.

Contingent Liabilities

As at 31st December, 2024, the Group did not have any material contingent liabilities.

Financial Management and Treasury Policy

The financial risk management of the Group is the responsibility of the Group's treasury function at the head office in Hong Kong. One of the major objectives of the Group's treasury policies is to manage its exposure to fluctuation in interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates. It is the Group's policy not to engage in speculative activities.

Most of the Group's assets and liabilities are denominated in Hong Kong dollar, US dollar and Renminbi with some denominated in JPY. The Group does not expect significant exposure to foreign exchange fluctuations in this regard.

董事及高級管理人員履歷

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management

董事會 **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**



楊平先生 Mr. YANG Ping

楊平先生,現年五十歲,於二零二一年十二月二十三日獲委任為本公司執行董 事,彼於二零二四年八月十六日獲委任為本公司董事會主席,同時為本公司提 名委員會及企業管治委員會(現稱為環境、社會及管治委員會(「ESG委員會」)) 主席。楊先生於二零零五年至二零一一年任華潤燃氣控股有限公司上海代表處 首席代表;二零一一年至二零一二年任華潤燃氣控股有限公司辦公室總經理; 二零一二年至二零一四年任武漢大區副總經理兼任武鋼華潤燃氣(武漢)有限公 司總經理;二零一四年至二零一六年任湖北大區總經理;二零一六年至二零二 一年任華潤燃氣控股有限公司副總裁;及二零二一年至二零二四年任華潤燃氣 控股有限公司總裁。楊先生畢業於同濟大學,擁有燃氣專業學士學位。

Mr. YANG Ping, aged 50, was appointed as an executive Director of the Company on 23rd December, 2021. He was appointed as the chairman of the Board of the Company on 16th August, 2024, and is also the chairman of the Nomination Committee and the Corporate Governance Committee (now known as Environmental, Social and Governance Committee ("ESG Committee")) of the Company. Mr. YANG was the Chief Representative of Shanghai Representative Office of China Resources Gas Group Limited from 2005 to 2011, the General Manager of the Office & Administration Department of China Resources Gas Group Limited from 2011 to 2012, the Vice General Manager of Wuhan Region and the General Manager of Wugang China Resources Gas (Wuhan) Co., Ltd from 2012 to 2014, the General Manager of the Greater Hubei Area from 2014 to 2016, the Vice President of China Resources Gas Group Limited from 2016 to 2021; and the Chief Executive Officer of China Resources Gas Group Limited from 2021 to 2024. Mr. YANG graduated from Tongji University and holds a Bachelor's Degree in Gas Profession.

董事及高級管理人員履歷

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management



秦艷女士 Ms. QIN Yan

秦艷女士,現年四十七歲,於二零二四年十二月十七日獲委任為本公司執行 董事及總裁。秦女士於二零零四年加入南京華潤石油氣有限公司(現稱南京華 潤燃氣有限公司(「南京華潤燃氣」)),於二零二一年十月獲委任為本公司副總 裁,在此之前歷任南京華潤燃氣財務總監、淮北華潤燃氣有限公司總經理、鎮 江區域公司總經理、南京區域公司總經理、華東大區副總經理、華潤燃氣(集 團)有限公司助理總裁。秦女士擁有南京大學工商管理碩士學位,並擁有經濟 師證書。

Ms. QIN Yan, aged 47, was appointed as an executive Director and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company on 17th December, 2024. Ms. QIN joined China Resources (Nanjing) Petroleum Gas Co., Ltd. (南京華潤 石油氣有限公司) (currently known as Nanjing China Resources Gas Co., Ltd. (南京華潤燃氣有限公司) ("Nanjing China Resources Gas")) in 2004, and was appointed as the Vice President of the Company in October 2021, prior to that time, she successively served as the Chief Financial Officer of Nanjing China Resources Gas, General Manager of Huaibei China Resources Gas Co., Ltd. (淮北華潤燃氣有限公司), General Manager of Zhenjiang regional company, General Manager of Nanjing regional company, Vice General Manager of the East China Region and Assistant President of China Resources Gas (Group) Co., Ltd. (華潤燃氣(集團)有限 公司). Ms. QIN holds a Master's Degree in Business Administration from Nanjing University and a certificate of economist.



黎小雙先生 Mr. LI Xiaoshuang

黎小雙先生,現年四十七歲,於二零二三年十二月八日獲委任為本公司執行董 事。二零零五年加入本公司,彼於二零一六年獲任為本公司副總裁,二零一七 年獲任為本公司首席財務官,在此之前歷任本公司投資部副總經理,審計部總 經理及財務部總經理,擁有企業併購、內部審計、風險管理及財務管理等領域 豐富經驗。彼畢業於廣東財經大學,擁有經濟學學士學位。

Mr. LI Xiaoshuang, aged 47, was appointed as an Executive Director of the Company on 8th December, 2023. He joined the Company in 2005 and was appointed as the Vice President of the Company in 2016 and the Chief Financial Officer of the Company in 2017. Previously, he had held the positions of Deputy General Manager of the Investment Department as well as General Manager of the Audit Department and the Finance Department of the Company. He has extensive experience in, among other areas, merger and acquisitions, internal audit, risk management and financial management. He graduated from Guangdong University of Finance & Economics with a bachelor's degree in economics.

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management



王高強先生 Mr. WANG Gaogiang

王高強先生,現年五十五歲,於二零二一年九月十五日獲委任為本公司非執行董 事,於二零二四年十一月二十九日獲委任為本公司審核與風險管理委員會成員, 彼亦擔任華潤集團業務單元外部董事,自二零二一年八月起任華潤金融控股有限 公司之非執行董事,自二零二三年九月起任華潤萬家(控股)有限公司之非執行 董事。彼於二零二零年三月至二零二一年八月任華潤集團審計部副總經理;二零 一二年二月至二零二零年二月任華潤電力控股有限公司副總裁;二零零二年八月 至二零一二年一月先後任華潤集團審計監察部高級經理、副總監;二零零零年三 月至二零零二年七月任華潤物流有限公司審計部經理;一九九二年八月至二零零 零年二月先後任中國華潤總公司財務部副科長、經理。王先生在公司財務、內部 審計、內部控制、風險管理、企業管治等方面有超三十年工作經驗。王先生持有 廣東外語外貿大學經濟學學士學位,擁有國際註冊內部審計師資格(CIA)、中國 會計師資格。

Mr. WANG Gaoqiang, aged 55, was appointed as a Non-executive Director of the Company on 15th September, 2021 and a member of the Audit and Risk Management Committee of the Company on 29th November, 2024, he also serves as an external director of business unit of China Resources Group, and has served as a non-executive director of China Resources Capital Holdings Company Limited since August 2021 and a non-executive director of China Resources Vanguard (Holding) Company Limited since September 2023. From March 2020 to August 2021, he served as the Deputy General Manager of the Audit Department of China Resources Group; from February 2012 to February 2020, he served as the Vice President of China Resources Power Holdings Company Limited; from August 2002 to January 2012, he successively served as the Senior Manager and Deputy Chief Officer of the Audit & Supervision Department of China Resources Group; from March 2000 to July 2002, he served as the Manager of the Audit Department of China Resources Logistics Co. Limited; from August 1992 to February 2000, he successively served as the Deputy Chief Officer and Manager of the Finance Department of China Resources National Corporation. Mr. WANG has over 30 years' experience in corporate finance, internal audit, internal control, risk management and corporate governance. Mr. WANG holds a bachelor's degree of economics from the Guangdong University of Foreign Studies, and has obtained the International Certified Internal Auditor qualification and the PRC Accountant qualification.

董事及高級管理人員履歷

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management



葛路女士 Ms. GE Lu

葛路女士,現年五十四歲,於二零二三年九月二十七日獲委任為本公司非執行 董事,於二零二四年十一月二十九日獲委任為本公司提名委員會成員,彼亦擔 任華潤集團業務單元外部董事,自二零二一年八月起獲委任為華潤健康集團有 限公司之非執行董事,自二零二一年十一月起獲委任為華潤數科控股有限公司 之非執行董事,並自二零二三年九月起擔任華潤醫療控股有限公司(於聯交所 主板 上市,股份代號:1515) 之非執行董事。葛女士曾於二零一零年一月至二 零二一年八月期間歷任華潤醫藥商業集團有限公司及華潤醫藥集團有限公司副 總經理及首席資訊官、北京醫藥股份有限公司(現稱為華潤醫藥商業集團有限 公司) 總經理助理等職務。葛女士在醫藥行業擁有逾三十年工作經歷,擅長醫 藥流涌領域的供應鏈管理、物流管理、資訊系統管理及規劃。葛女十持有清華 大學工商管理碩士學位及北京交通大學電腦科學專業學士學位,並擁有高級工 程師職稱。

Ms. GE Lu, aged 54, was appointed as a Non-executive Director of the Company on 27th September, 2023 and a member of the Nomination Committee of the Company on 29th November, 2024, and is also an external director of the business units of China Resources Group. She has been appointed as a non-executive director of China Resources Healthcare Group Limited since August 2021, and a non-executive director of China Resources Digital Holdings Company Limited since November 2021 and a non-executive director of China Resources Medical Holdings Company Limited (which is listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange; Stock Code: 1515) since September 2023. Ms. GE served as positions including the vice general manager and chief information officer of China Resources Pharmaceutical Commercial Group Limited (華潤醫藥 商業集團有限公司) and China Resources Pharmaceutical Group Limited (華潤醫藥集團有限公司), and the general manager assistant of Beijing Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. (北京醫藥股份有限公司) (now known as China Resources Pharmaceutical Commercial Group Limited (華潤醫藥商業集團 有限公司)) from January 2010 to August 2021. Ms. GE has over 30 years of working experience in the pharmaceutical industry and specializes in supply chain management, logistics management and information systems management and planning in the pharmaceutical distribution field. Ms. GE holds a master's degree of business administration from Tsinghua University (清華大學) and a bachelor's degree of computer science from Beijing Jiaotong University (北京交通大學), and holds the title of Senior Engineer.

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management



李巍巍先生 Mr. LI Weiwei

李巍巍先生,現年五十八歲,於二零二四年十一月二十九日獲委任為本公司非 執行董事及企業管治委員會(現稱為ESG委員會)成員,彼亦擔任華潤集團業務 單元外部董事。李先生於一九九四年十月至一九九八年六月任廣州浪奇實業股 份有限責任公司董事會秘書處主管、主任;於一九九八年六月至二零零四年六 月歷任國信證券有限責任公司總裁主任秘書、人事培訓部副總經理、組織人事 總部人力資源總監;於二零零四年六月至二零一零年九月任華西證券有限責任 公司人力資源總監、副總裁;於二零一零年九月至二零一九年一月任華潤深國 投信託有限公司副總經理;於二零一九年二月至二零二一年八月任華潤金融控 股有限公司副總經理;於二零一九年八月至二零二四年六月任華潤資本管理有 限公司董事;於二零二一年九月至今任華潤微電子有限公司(其股份於上海證 券交易所上市,股份代號:688396.SH)董事;及於二零二五年二月至今任華 潤萬家(控股)有限公司非執行董事。李先生為清華大學系統工程專業博士研究 生。

Mr. LI Weiwei, aged 58, was appointed as a non-executive Director and a member of the Corporate Governance Committee (now known as ESG Committee) of the Company on 29th November, 2024. He also serves as an external director of the business units of China Resources Group. Mr. LI served as the supervisor and director of the board secretariat of Guangzhou Longkey Industrial Co., Ltd. from October 1994 to June 1998; successively served as the chief secretary of the chief executive officer, deputy general manager of the human resources training department, human resources director of the human resources headquarters of Guosen Securities Co., Ltd. from June 1998 to June 2004; the human resources director and vice president of Huaxi Securities Co., Ltd. from June 2004 to September 2010; the deputy general manager of China Resources SZITIC Trust Co., Ltd. from September 2010 to January 2019; the deputy general manager of China Resources Capital Holdings Company Limited from February 2019 to August 2021; a director of China Resources Capital Management Limited from August 2019 to June 2024; a director of China Resources Microelectronics Limited (the shares of which are listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange, stock code: 688396.SH) since September 2021 and a non-executive director of China Resources Vanguard (Holding) Company Limited since February 2025. Mr. LI holds a Doctor of Philosophy (PhD) degree in Systems Engineering at Tsinghua University.

董事及高級管理人員履歷

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management



張軍政先生 Mr. ZHANG Junzheng

張軍政先生,現年六十歲,於二零二四年十一月二十九日獲委任為本公司非執 行董事及薪酬委員會成員,彼亦擔任華潤集團業務單元外部董事。張先生於 二零一九年十二月至二零二四年十二月擔任華潤電力控股有限公司(「華潤電 力 | , 其股份於聯交所主板 | 市 (股份代號: 836)) 執行董事兼董事會副主席。 彼於二零一四年六月至二零一九年十二月擔任華潤(集團)有限公司(「華潤集 團 |) 環境健康和安全部總監;於二零零九年六月至二零一四年六月擔任華潤集 團董事會辦公室副總監。彼於一九九五年加入華潤電力,曾任徐州華潤電力有 限公司副總工程師、副總經理;並於二零零四年十一月至二零零九年六月出任 華潤電力資產運營部總經理。張先生擁有高級工程師資質,持有中歐國際工商 學院工商管理碩十學位。

Mr. ZHANG Junzheng, aged 60, was appointed as a non-executive Director and a member of the Remuneration Committee of the Company on 29th November, 2024. He also serves as an external director of the business units of China Resources Group. Mr. ZHANG served as an executive director and the vice chairman of the board of directors of China Resources Power Holdings Company Limited ("CR Power", the shares of which are listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 836)) from December 2019 to December 2024. He served as a director of the Health Safety and Environment Department of China Resources (Holdings) Company Limited ("CRH") from June 2014 to December 2019 and the deputy director of the office of the board of CRH from June 2009 to June 2014. He joined CR Power in 1995; worked as deputy chief engineer and deputy general manager for China Resources (Xuzhou) Electric Power Co., Ltd.; and served as the general manager of the Assets Operations Department of CR Power from November 2004 to June 2009. Mr. ZHANG is qualified as a Senior Engineer, and holds an MBA Degree from China Europe International Business School.

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management



房昕先生 Mr. FANG Xin

房昕先生,現年四十九歲,於二零二五年一月二十一日獲委任為本公司非執行 董事及審核與風險管理委員會成員,彼亦擔任華潤集團業務單元外部董事,自 二零二四年十二月起任華潤健康集團有限公司非執行董事,自二零二五年二月 起任華潤萬家(控股)有限公司非執行董事。房先生於二零二零年一月至二零二 四年十二月期間擔任華潤化學材料科技股份有限公司(「華潤材料」,其股份於 深圳證券交易所上市(股份代號:301090.SZ))董事,在此期間,於二零二零 年一月至二零二一年八月兼任助理總經理;於二零二一年八月至二零二二年一 月兼任副總經理;及於二零二二年一月至二零二四年十二月兼任總經理。房先 生於一九九六年八月加入華潤集團,曾先後擔任華潤化工控股有限公司(現稱 華潤化學材料科技控股有限公司)採購部採購總監、助理總經理等職務。房先 生持有北京理工大學工學學士學位。

Mr. FANG Xin, aged 49, was appointed as a non-executive Director and a member of the Audit and Risk Management Committee of the Company on 21st January, 2025. He also serves as an external director of the business units of China Resources Group, and has served as a non-executive director of China Resources Healthcare Group Limited since December 2024 and a non-executive director of China Resources Vanguard (Holding) Company Limited since February 2025. Mr. FANG served as a director of China Resources Chemical Innovative Materials Co., Ltd. (華潤化學材 料科技股份有限公司) ("CR Materials", the shares of which are listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange, stock code: 301090.SZ) from January 2020 to December 2024, the period in which he concurrently served as the assistant general manager from January 2020 to August 2021; the vice general manager from August 2021 to January 2022; and the general manager from January 2022 to December 2024. Mr. FANG joined China Resources Group in August 1996, successively served as various positions including the director of procurement department and assistant general manager of China Resources Chemicals Holdings Limited (華潤 化工控股有限公司) (now known as China Resources Chemical Innovative Materials Holdings Limited (華潤化學材料科技控股有限公司)). Mr. FANG holds a bachelor's degree in engineering from Beijing Institute of Technology.

董事及高級管理人員履歷

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management



黃得勝先生 Mr. WONG Tak Shing

黃得勝先生,現年七十四歲,於一九九八年獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。 彼為本公司薪酬委員會主席及審核與風險管理委員會、提名委員會及企業管治 委員會(現稱為ESG委員會)成員。黃先生任職多個專業職位及公共職務,包括 香港律師會遺產委員會成員、香港律師會慈善和信託委員會成員(二零一一年 至二零二三年)。彼於一九八四年獲香港最高法院律師資格,於一九八九年分 別獲英格蘭及威爾士以及澳洲律師資格,於一九九五年獲新加坡律師資格以及 於二零零三年一月十八日獲委任為中國委託公證人以及二零一零年二月十二日 為英國信託及遺產學會(英國信託及遺產學會)成員。黃先生於香港私人執業逾 三十年。彼於一九八四年至一九八十年間,曾在香港兩間本地律師行任職助理 律師,其後於一九八七年開展個人業務。黃先生持有中國北京大學法律專業碩 士學位和英國倫敦大學法律碩士學位。

Mr. WONG Tak Shing, aged 74, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company in 1998. He is the Chairman of the Company's Remuneration Committee and member of the Audit and Risk Management Committee, Nomination Committee and Corporate Governance Committee (now known as ESG Committee). Mr. WONG involves in various professional appointments and public duties, including Member of Probate Committee of the Law Society of Hong Kong and Member of Committee on Charities and Trust of the Law Society of Hong Kong (2011-2023). He was admitted as a solicitor of the Supreme Court of Hong Kong in 1984, a solicitor of England & Wales and Australia respectively in 1989, a solicitor of Singapore in 1995 and was appointed as a China-Appointed Attesting Officer with effect from 18th January, 2003 and full member (TEP) of the Society of Trust and Estate Practitioners (STEP) with effect from 12th February, 2010. Mr. WONG has been in private practice in Hong Kong for over 30 years. From 1984 to 1987, he worked as an assistant solicitor with two local law firms in Hong Kong before setting up his own practice in 1987. Mr. WONG holds a Master's Degree in Laws from the Peking University of China and a Master's Degree in Laws from the University of London of England.

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management



俞漢度先生 Mr. YU Hon To, David

俞漢度先生,現年七十七歲,於二零一二年十二月二十八日獲委任為本公司獨 立非執行董事、審核與風險管理委員會主席以及薪酬委員會及提名委員會成 員。俞先生為英格蘭及威爾士特許會計師公會資深會員及香港會計師公會會 員。彼於審計界、企業融資、財務調查以及企業管理方面擁有豐富經驗,彼 亦曾為一間國際會計師行之合夥人。彼目前為海爾智家股份有限公司(於上海 證券交易所(股份代號:600690.SH)及香港聯合交易所有限公司主板(股份代 號:6690)上市)之非執行董事。彼亦為激成投資(香港)有限公司(股份代號: 184)、萬華媒體集團有限公司(股份代號: 426)、萬成集團股份有限公司(股 份代號:1451)及彩星玩具有限公司(股份代號:869)之獨立非執行董事。

Mr. YU Hon To, David, aged 77, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director, Chairman of the Audit and Risk Management Committee and a member of the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee of the Company on 28th December, 2012. Mr. YU is a fellow member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales and an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He has extensive experience in the fields of auditing, corporate finance, financial investigation and corporate management. He was formerly a partner of an international accounting firm. He is currently a non-executive director of Haier Smart Home Co., Ltd., which is listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange - (stock code: 600690.SH) and on the Main Board of The Hong Kong Stock Exchange Limited (stock code: 6690) and an independent non-executive director of Keck Seng Investments (Hong Kong) Limited (stock code: 184), One Media Group Limited (stock code: 426), MS Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 1451) and Playmates Toys Limited (stock code: 869).

董事及高級管理人員履歷

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management



楊玉川先生 Mr. YANG Yuchuan

楊玉川先生,現年六十一歲,於二零一八年八月獲委任為獨立非執行董事、審 核與風險管理委員會、提名委員會及企業管治委員會(現稱為ESG委員會)成 員。楊先生為香港金融管理學院客座教授、及華潤電力控股有限公司(聯交所 主板上市公司,股份代號:836)及博駿教育有限公司(聯交所主板上市公司, 股份代號:1758)的獨立非執行董事。彼為華大證券有限公司行政總裁、首席 宏觀經濟學家,負責公司的日常管理和營運,於金融行業有豐富經驗。楊先生 曾任世紀陽光集團控股有限公司(香港聯交所上市公司,股份代號:0509)執 行董事, TTG Fintech Limited (澳洲證券交易所上市公司,股份代號: TUP) 非 執行董事,博大證券有限公司執行董事及陽光資產管理(香港)有限公司行政總 裁。楊先生持有中國上海交通大學學十學位及美國三藩市大學工商管理碩十學 位。

Mr. YANG Yuchuan, aged 61, was appointed as an Independent Nonexecutive Director and a member of the Audit and Risk Management Committee, Nomination Committee and Corporate Governance Committee (now known as ESG Committee) of the Company in August 2018. Mr. YANG is the Guest Professor of Hong Kong Financial Services Institute, an independent non-executive director of China Resources Power Holdings Company Limited, a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 836) and Bojun Education Company Limited, a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 1758). He is the chief executive and chief macro economist of Prime China Securities Limited, responsible for the day-to-day management and operation of the company. He has extensive experience in financial industry. Mr. YANG was an executive director of Century Sunshine Group Holdings Limited, a company listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange (stock code: 0509); a non-executive director of TTG Fintech Limited, a company listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (stock code: TUP); an executive director of Partners Capital Securities Limited and the chief executive of Sunshine Asset Management (HK) Limited. Mr. YANG holds a bachelor's degree from Shanghai Jiao Tong University in the PRC and a master's degree of business administration from University of San Francisco in the United States of America.



李博恩先生 Mr. LI Pok Yan

李博恩先生,現年六十九歲,於二零二三年九月二十七日獲委任為本公司獨立 非執行董事及薪酬委員會成員,於二零二四年十一月二十九日獲委任為本公司 企業管治委員會(現稱為ESG委員會)成員。彼為香港工程師學會會員、英國特 許工程師、英國海事科技學會會員。彼愈多年的船廠工作,在管理大型工程和 指揮團隊作業積累了豐富經驗,通曉人員、資金、物料、技術、信息資源的管 理,並熟悉香港有關工廠及工業經營、職業安全、海事,以及公司條例。李先 生現任友聯船廠有限公司執行董事,並曾任友聯船廠有限公司總經理、副總經 理,亦曾任招商局工業集團有限公司副總經理和高級顧問。期間李先生曾經管 理多艘海船及大型海上鑽井平台的改裝和檢驗工程。李先生於二零二三年為香 港特別行政區第十四屆全國人民代表大會代表選舉會議的成員。彼於二零一六 年起至今獲任香港選舉委員會委員(航運交通界)。彼於二零零九年至二零一四 年期間,獲任香港新界工商業總會荃灣分會第14屆及第15屆執行委員會副主 席。彼於二零零三年至二零零九年期間,獲任香港新界工商業總會荃灣分會第 12屆及第13屆副理事長。彼於二零零三年至二零一一年期間,獲任香港新界工 商業總會第12屆、第13屆及第14屆會董會會董。李先生持有香港理工大學管 理學碩士學位。

Mr. LI Pok Yan, aged 69, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director and a member of the Remuneration Committee of the Company on 27th September, 2023 and was appointed as a member of the Corporate Governance Committee (now known as ESG Committee) of the Company on 29th November, 2024. He is a member of the Hong Kong Institution of Engineers, Chartered Engineer of the United Kingdom, and a member of the Institute of Marine Engineering, Science and Technology in the United Kingdom. He has extensive working experience in different shipyards and is experienced in managing large-scale projects and leading team operations. He is proficient in management of personnel, funds, materials, technology, and information resources, and is familiar with factory and industrial operations, occupational safety, maritime affairs and the Companies Ordinance in Hong Kong. Mr. LI is currently an executive director of Yiu Lian Dockyards Limited and has served as its general manager and deputy general manager before. He was also the deputy general manager and senior consultant of China Merchants Industry Holdings Co., Ltd.. Mr. LI managed the modification and inspection projects of a number of seagoing vessels and large offshore drilling platforms at that time. Mr. LI was a member of the Representative Election Conference of the 14th National People's Congress of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region in 2023. He has been appointed as a member of the Hong Kong Election Committee (Shipping and Transport Sector) since 2016. From 2009 to 2014, he was appointed as the Vice Chairman of the 14th and 15th Executive Committee of the Tsuen Wan Branch of the Hong Kong New Territories Industry and Commerce Federation. From 2003 to 2009, he was appointed as the 12th and 13th Vice Chairman of the Tsuen Wan Branch of the Hong Kong New Territories Industry and Commerce Federation. From 2003 to 2011, he was appointed as a director of the 12th, 13th and 14th board of directors of the Hong Kong New Territories Industry and Commerce Federation. Mr. LI holds a master's degree in management from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University.

董事及高級管理人員履歷

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management

高級管理人員

朱鋰坤先生,五十八歲,於二零一四年一 月獲委任為華潤燃氣控股有限公司高級副 總裁,負責黨群、人力資源工作。朱鋰坤 先生持有蘇州大學經濟學碩士學位,並持 有高級工程師證書。彼於二零零三年加入 華潤系蘇州華潤燃氣有限公司,並自二零 零三年起在華潤燃氣控股有限公司任職。

李雪松先生,五十五歲,於二零二一年一 月獲委任為華潤燃氣控股有限公司副總 裁,負責綜合能源管理工作。李雪松先生 持有內蒙古廣播電視大學大專學歷。彼於 二零零七年加入華潤系中山公用燃氣有限 公司,並自二零一七年起在華潤燃氣控股 有限公司任職。

高健先生,四十五歲,於二零二四年七月 獲委任為華潤燃氣控股有限公司紀委書 記,負責紀檢、法律合規工作。高健先生 持有西南財經大學管理學學士學位,並持 有會計師證書。彼於二零一二年加入華潤 系華潤(集團)有限公司,並自二零二四年 起在華潤燃氣控股有限公司任職。

韓文臣先生,五十二歲,於二零二二年三 月獲委任為華潤燃氣控股有限公司副總 裁,負責營運管理、智能與數字化、科技 創新工作。韓文臣先生持有東北財經大學 經濟學碩士學位,並持有會計師、註冊會 計師證書。彼於二零零一年加入華潤系深 圳市華潤石化投資發展有限公司,並自二 零零十年起在華潤燃氣有限公司仟職。

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. ZHU Likun, aged 58, was appointed as a Senior Vice President of China Resources Gas Group Limited in January 2014, responsible for Party organisation and human resources. Mr. ZHU Likun holds a Master's Degree in Economics from Soochow University and a certificate of senior engineer. He joined Suzhou China Resources Gas Co., Ltd. (a member of China Resources Group) in 2003 and has been working for China Resources Gas Group Limited since then.

Mr. LI Xuesong, aged 55, was appointed as a Vice President of China Resources Gas Group Limited in January 2021, responsible for the comprehensive energy management. Mr. LI Xuesong holds a college degree from Inner Mongolia Radio & TV University (內蒙古廣播電視大 學). He joined Zhongshan Public Utility Gas Company Limited (中山 公用燃氣有限公司, a member of China Resources Group) in 2007 and has been working for China Resources Gas Group Limited since 2017.

Mr. GAO Jian, aged 45, was appointed as the Secretary of Disciplinary Committee (紀委書記) of China Resources Gas Group Limited in July 2024, responsible for the discipline inspection and legal compliance. Mr. GAO Jian holds a Bachelor's Degree in Management from Southwestern University of Finance and Economics (西南財經大學) and holds certificates of accountant. He joined China Resources (Holdings) Company Limited (華潤(集團)有限公司, a member of China Resources Group) in 2012 and has been working for China Resources Gas Group Limited since 2024.

Mr. HAN Wenchen, aged 52, was appointed as a Vice President of China Resources Gas Group Limited in March 2022, responsible for operational management, intelligence and digitisation, and technological innovation. Mr. HAN Wenchen holds a Master's Degree in economics from Dongbei University of Finance & Economics, and holds certificates of accountant and certified public accountant. He joined Shenzhen China Resources Petrochemical Investment and Development Co., Ltd. (深圳市華潤石化投資發展有限公司, a member of China Resources Group) in 2001 and has been working for China Resources Gas Limited (華潤燃氣有限公司) since 2007.

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management

蔣厚貴先生,五十四歲,於二零二二年三 月獲委任為華潤燃氣控股有限公司副總 裁,負責戰略投資工作。蔣厚貴先生持有 江蘇工學院工學學士學位,並持有工程師 證書。彼於二零零六年加入華潤系深圳市 華潤石化投資發展有限公司,並自二零零 七年起在華潤燃氣控股有限公司任職。

逯兵先生,四十八歲,於二零二四年九月 獲委任為華潤燃氣控股有限公司副總裁, 負責市場及氣源管理工作。逯兵先生持有 華中科技大學工商管理碩士學位,並持有 高級工程師證書。彼於二零零九年加入華 潤系鄭州燃氣股份有限公司,並自二零二 一年起在華潤燃氣控股有限公司任職。

龔志榮先生,四十七歲,於二零二四年十 二月獲委任為華潤燃氣控股有限公司副總 裁,負責安全管理工作。龔志榮先生持有 中國石油大學(華東)工學學士學位,並持 有工程師證書。彼於二零零九年加入華潤 系南陽鄭燃燃氣有限公司,並自二零一三 年起在華潤燃氣控股有限公司任職。

Mr. JIANG Hougui, aged 54, was appointed as a Vice President of China Resources Gas Group Limited in March 2022, responsible for the strategic investments. Mr. JIANG Hougui holds a bachelor's degree in engineering from Jiangsu Institute of Technology (江蘇工 學院) and holds a certificate of engineer. He joined Shenzhen China Resources Petrochemical Investment and Development Co., Ltd. (深圳 市華潤石化投資發展有限公司, a member of China Resources Group) in 2006 and has been working for China Resources Gas Group Limited since 2007

Mr. LU Bing, aged 48, was appointed as a Vice President of China Resources Gas Group Limited in September 2024, responsible for marketing and gas source management. Mr. LU Bing holds a Master's Degree in Business Administration from Huazhong University of Science and Technology (華中科技大學) and holds a certificate of senior engineer. He joined Zhengzhou Gas Company Limited (鄭州燃 氣股份有限公司, a member of China Resources Group) in 2009 and has been working for China Resources Gas Group Limited since 2021.

Mr. GONG Zhirong, aged 47, was appointed as a Vice President of China Resources Gas Group Limited in December 2024, responsible for the safety management. Mr. GONG Zhirong holds a Bachelor's Degree in Engineering from China University of Petroleum (Huadong) (中國石油大學(華東)) and a certificate of engineer. He joined Nanyang Zhengran Gas Co., Ltd. (南陽鄭燃燃氣有限公司, a member of China Resources Group) in 2009 and has been working for China Resources Gas Group Limited since 2013.

Corporate Governance Report

本集團一直致力維持一個優良可靠的企業 管治架構,為其股東提供一個具透明度、 公開和負責的架構。

遵守企業管治守則

本公司已採納聯交所證券上市規則(「上 市規則 |) 附錄 C 1 所載企業管治守則 (「守 則」)作為其自身的企業管治守則。為符合 守則的規定,本公司已於二零零五年十二 月二十三日採納並不時更新企業管治手冊 (「手冊」)。手冊內容包括(其中包括)董事 職責、董事進行證券交易的標準守則、有 關僱員進行證券交易的標準守則、本公司 審核與風險管理、薪酬、提名及環境、社 會及管治委員會(各自為「審核與風險管理 委員會」、「薪酬委員會」、「提名委員會」 及「環境、社會及管治委員會(「ESG委員 會」,前稱「企業管治委員會」)」)的功能及 職權範圍、信息披露、與股東溝通、股東 提名候選董事的程序及董事會成員多元化 政策等內容。手冊已採納並反映守則的所 有適用條文的規定。除偏離守則條文C.3.3 及短暫偏離守則條文C.2.1外,本公司於年 內已遵守所有適用守則條文的規定,偏離 行為之解釋如下:

守則條文C.3.3規定,本公司應有正式的董 事委任書,訂明有關彼等委任的主要條款 及條件。本公司並沒有向董事發出正式的 委任書,惟彼等須根據本公司細則至少每 三年輪值退任一次。再者,董事須參考由 公司註冊處出版之《董事責任指引》及由香 港董事學會出版之《董事指引》及《獨立非執 行董事指南》(如適用)中列明之指引履行彼 等作為董事之職責及責任。而且,董事亦 須遵守法規及普通法之要求、上市規則、 法律及其他監管要求及本公司之業務及管 治政策。

The Group is dedicated to maintaining a good credible framework of corporate governance with a view to being transparent, open and accountable to its shareholders

COMPLIANCE WITH CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

The Company has adopted the Corporate Governance Code (the "Code") set out in Appendix C1 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange ("Listing Rules") as its own corporate governance code. In line with the Code, the Company adopted a Corporate Governance Handbook (the "Handbook") on 23rd December, 2005 and subsequently updated it from time to time. The contents of the Handbook include, among others, directors' duties, model code for directors' transactions in securities, model code for securities transactions by relevant employees, the functions and terms of reference of the Audit and Risk Management, Remuneration, Nomination and Environmental, Social and Governance Committees of the Company (each "Audit and Risk Management Committee", "Remuneration Committee", "Nomination Committee" and "Environmental, Social and Governance Committee ("ESG Committee", formerly known as "Corporate Governance Committee")"), disclosure of information, communication with shareholders, procedures for shareholders to propose a person for election as a director and Board diversity policy. All the applicable provisions under the Code have been adopted and reflected in the Handbook. The Company has throughout the year complied with all applicable code provisions except for the deviation from the code provision C.3.3 and temporary deviation from code provision C.2.1 which are explained as follows:

Under the code provision C.3.3, the Company should have formal letters of appointment for directors setting out the key terms and conditions of their appointment. The Company did not have formal letters of appointment for Directors. However, the Directors are subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years in accordance with the Company's Bye-Laws. In addition, the Directors are required to refer to the guidelines set out in "A Guide on Directors' Duties" issued by the Companies Registry and "Guidelines for Directors" and "Guide for Independent Non-executive Directors" (if applicable) published by the Hong Kong Institute of Directors in performing their duties and responsibilities as Directors. Besides, the Directors are required to comply with the requirements under statute and common law, the Listing Rules, legal and other regulatory requirements and the Company's business and governance policies.

守則條文C.2.1規定,董事會主席與行政 總裁的角色應有區分,並不應由一人同時 兼任。於二零二四年八月十六日,楊平先 生由總裁調任為董事會主席後,總裁職位 暫時懸空。因此,本公司短暫偏離守則條 文C.2.1的要求。於二零二四年十二月十七 日,秦艷女士獲委任為總裁。秦女士獲委 任後,本公司已符合守則條文C.2.1之規 定。

除上述披露者外及根據董事之意見,本公 司於年內一直遵守守則內所載之守則條文。

宗旨、價值、戰略及文化

本公司的核心宗旨是為其股東創造價值, 致力成為大眾信賴和喜愛的世界一流能源 服務企業。從客戶需求和社會責任出發, 保民生、強供應、重安全、優服務,為共 創美好生活保駕護航、添磚加瓦。不僅是 規模和利潤的領先,更是戰略、組織、運 營、創新、數智化等全方位的一流,需要 全體華潤燃氣人持續奮鬥。以客戶為中 心,服務多種用能需求,提供一站式解決 方案,幫助客戶實現降低用能成本和降低 碳排放的雙降目標。

秉承促進綠色發展,共創美好生活的企業 使命及價值戰略。攜手股東與員工,創新 發展模式,創造優異成績,實現共建共 享,持續提升獲得感;攜手客戶與夥伴, 升級產品服務,挖掘行業價值,實現共生 共融,持續提升幸福感;攜手社會與環 境,堅持低碳循環,促進安定和諧,實現 共管共治,持續提升安全感。就此,本公 司努力肩負對僱員、消費者、股東、社會 及環境的責任。該等宗旨及價值決定本公 司的戰略,致力成為大眾信賴和喜愛的世 界一流能源服務企業,從而為股東創造可 持續的價值。

Code provision C.2.1 stipulates that the roles of chairman of the Board and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. On 16th August, 2024, Mr. YANG Ping was re-designated from the position of the Chief Executive Officer to the chairman of the Board, the position of the Chief Executive Officer has become vacant. The Company was deviated from the requirement of code provision C.2.1 temporarily. On 17th December, 2024, Ms. QIN Yan was appointed as the Chief Executive Officer. Following such appointment of Ms. QIN, the Company has complied with Code provision C.2.1.

Save as mentioned above and in the opinion of the Directors, the Company has met the code provisions set out in the Code throughout the year.

PURPOSE, VALUES, STRATEGY AND CULTURE

The core purpose of the Company is to create value for its shareholders. It strives to become a world-class energy service enterprise that is trusted and beloved by the public. Aiming to satisfy customers' needs and its social responsibilities, the Company supports people's livelihood, strengthens supply, emphasises safety, and enhances services, fostering and contributing to the joint efforts to create a better life. To not only lead in terms of size and profit, but also become first-class in all aspects including strategy, organisation, operation, innovation, and digital intelligence, all of us at CR Gas must make persevering efforts. Customer-centric, the Company serves a variety of energy needs and provides one-stop solutions to help customers achieve the dual-reduction goal of reducing energy costs and reducing carbon emissions.

The Company adheres to the corporate mission and value strategy of promoting green development and creating a better life. With shareholders and employees, it innovates development models, achieves excellent results, realizes co-construction and sharing, and continuously enhances the sense of gain; with customers and partners, it upgrades products and services, taps the industry value, achieves symbiosis and integration, and continuously improves the sense of happiness; with society and the environment, it adheres to a low-carbon cycle, promotes stability and harmony, achieves co-management and co-governance, and continuously enhances the sense of security. In this connection, it endeavours to maintain accountability to its employees, consumers, shareholders, the society, and the environment. These purpose and values shape the Company's strategy, which are geared towards becoming a world-class energy service enterprise trusted and beloved by the public whereby sustainable values for shareholders are created.

Corporate Governance Report

本公司的宗旨、價值及戰略是本公司企業文 化的基石。其企業文化以秉持高道德標準及 常規為核心,努力實現可持續發展。

蕃車會

於本年報日期,董事會成員包括三名執行董 事、五名非執行董事及四名獨立非執行董 事,其中俞漢度先生擁有符合上市規則規定 的合適專業會計經驗及知識。各董事的姓名 及履歷載於本年報第29至39頁。

各獨立非執行董事已按照上市規則第3.13 條規定的指引,確認彼等獨立於本公司,而 本公司亦認為彼等屬獨立人士。各非執行董 事(包括獨立非執行董事)的任期為三年, 而根據本公司的公司細則,三分之一的董事 須於每次股東週年大會上輪流退任。董事會 成員間的關係(包括財務、業務、家庭或其 他重要/相關的關係)(如有)已於本年報 披露。主席與總裁之間並無上述關係。

於二零二四年內及截至本年報日期獲委任的 本公司董事李巍巍先生、張軍政先生、秦艷 女士及房昕先生已分別於二零二四年十月三 十一日、二零二四年十一月二十六日、二零 二四年十二月十六日及二零二四年十二月二 十七日取得上市規則第3.09D條所述之法律 意見,而彼等均已確認了解其作為本公司董 事的責任。

職能

董事會負責管理本公司及制訂本公司的發展 方針。本集團的策略、年度預算、重大收購 及出售、重大資本投資、股息政策、董事及 高級管理人員任免、薪酬政策及其他主要營 運、財務、風險管理及內部監控事項均必須 經過董事會審批。本集團的日常運作則由本 公司管理人員負責。

The Company's purpose, values and strategy form the foundations of the Company's corporate culture. Its corporate culture is centered on adherence to high ethical standards and practices, and striving for sustainable development.

THE BOARD

As at the date of this annual report, the Board consists of three Executive Directors, five Non-executive Directors and four Independent Non-executive Directors, one of whom namely Mr. YU Hon To, David has the appropriate professional accounting experience and expertise as required under the Listing Rules. The names and biographical details of each Director are disclosed on pages 29 to 39 of this annual report.

Each Independent Non-executive Director has, pursuant to the guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules, confirmed that he is independent of the Company and the Company also considers that they are independent. The term of office of each Non-executive Director, including Independent Non-executive Director, is for a period of three years subject to the requirement that one-third of all the Directors shall retire from office by rotation at each annual general meeting pursuant to the Bye-Laws of the Company. The relationship (including financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship), if any, among members of the Board are disclosed in this annual report. There is no such relationship between the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer.

Mr. LI Weiwei, Mr. ZHANG Junzheng, Ms. QIN Yan and Mr. FANG Xin, being Directors of the Company appointed in 2024 and as at the date of this annual report, obtained the legal advice referred to in Rule 3.09D of the Listing Rules on 31st October, 2024, 26th November, 2024, 16th December, 2024 and 27th December, 2024 respectively, and each of them has confirmed he/she understood his/her obligations as a Director of the Company.

FUNCTIONS

The Board is responsible both for how the Company is managed and the Company's direction. Approval of the Board is required for the strategy of the Group, yearly budget, major acquisition and disposal, major capital investment, dividend policy, appointment and removal of Directors and senior management, remuneration policy and other major operational, financial, risk management and internal control matters. Day-to-day operations of the Group are the responsibility of the Company's management.

於二零二四年,董事會以董事會所有董事 參與方式通過日期為二零二四年一月二十 四日、二零二四年六月十一日及二零二四 年十二月二十五日的三項書面決議案,以 審閱及批准八項管理建議。

In 2024, the Board passed three written resolutions by all members of the Board dated 24th January, 2024, 11th June, 2024 and 25th December, 2024, to review and approve eight management proposals.

董事會於二零二四年舉行八次會議。下表 載列各董事的個別出席情況:

The Board held eight meetings during 2024. Details of individual attendance of Directors are set out in the table below:

	日期	二零二四年 三月二十八日 28th March,	二零二四年 五月十四日 14th May,	二零二四年 八月十六日 16th August,	二零二四年 八月三十日 30th August,	二零二四年 十月九日 9th October,	二零二四年 十月二十二日 22nd October,	二零二四年 十一月二十九日 29th November,	二零二四年 十二月十七日 17th December,
	Date	2024	2024	2024	2024	2024	2024	2024	2024
執行董事	Executive Directors								
楊平先生	Mr. YANG Ping	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
秦艷女士(於二零二四年	Ms. QIN Yan (Appointed on	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	√
十二月十七日獲委任)	17th December, 2024)								
黎小雙先生	Mr. LI Xiaoshuang	$\sqrt{}$	0	√	√	$\sqrt{}$	0	√	$\sqrt{}$
非執行董事	Non-executive Directors								
王傳棟先生(於二零二四年	Mr. WANG Chuandong (Retired on	√	0	$\sqrt{}$	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
八月十六日退任)	16th August, 2024)								
王高強先生	Mr. WANG Gaoqiang	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	√	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
劉堅先生(於二零二五年	Mr. LIU Jian (Retired on	√	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	0
一月二十一日退任)	21st January, 2025)								
葛路女士	Ms. GE Lu	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
李巍巍先生(於二零二四年	Mr. LI Weiwei (Appointed on	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
十一月二十九日獲委任)	29th November, 2024)								
張軍政先生(於二零二四年	Mr. ZHANG Junzheng	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	$\sqrt{}$	√
十一月二十九日獲委任)	(Appointed on								
	29th November, 2024)								
房昕先生(於二零二五年	Mr. FANG Xin (Appointed on	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
一月二十一日獲委任)	21st January, 2025)								
獨立非執行董事	Independent Non-								
	executive Directors								
黃得勝先生	Mr. WONG Tak Shing	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	0	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	√
俞漢度先生	Mr. YU Hon To, David	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	0	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	√
楊玉川先生	Mr. YANG Yuchuan	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
李博恩先生	Mr. LI Pok Yan	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	0	$\sqrt{}$	0	$\sqrt{}$

備註(亦適用於下文各表)

√=出席 0 = 缺席 N/A = 不適用 Remarks (also applicable to the tables set out below)

 $\sqrt{\ }$ = attended O = didn't attend N/A = not applicable

Corporate Governance Report

本公司於二零二四年舉行一次股東大會。 下表載列各董事的個別出席情況:

The Company held one general meeting during 2024. Details of individual attendance of Directors are set out in the table below:

二零二四年

	日期 Date	五月二十四日 24th May, 2024
執行董事	Executive Directors	
楊平先生	Mr. YANG Ping	$\sqrt{}$
秦艷女士(於二零二四年十二月十七日獲委任)	Ms. QIN Yan (Appointed on 17th December, 2024)	N/A
黎小雙先生	Mr. LI Xiaoshuang	$\sqrt{}$
非執行董事	Non-executive Directors	
王傳棟先生(於二零二四年八月十六日退任)	Mr. WANG Chuandong (Retired on 16th August, 2024)	$\sqrt{}$
王高強先生	Mr. WANG Gaoqiang	$\sqrt{}$
劉堅先生(於二零二五年一月二十一日退任)	Mr. LIU Jian (Retired on 21st January, 2025)	$\sqrt{}$
葛路女士	Ms. GE Lu	$\sqrt{}$
李巍巍先生(於二零二四年十一月二十九日獲委任)	Mr. LI Weiwei (Appointed on 29th November, 2024)	N/A
張軍政先生 (於二零二四年十一月二十九日獲委任)	Mr. ZHANG Junzheng (Appointed on 29th November, 2024)	N/A
房昕先生(於二零二五年一月二十一日獲委任)	Mr. FANG Xin (Appointed on 21st January, 2025)	N/A
獨立非執行董事	Independent Non-executive Directors	
黃得勝先生	Mr. WONG Tak Shing	$\sqrt{}$
俞漢度先生	Mr. YU Hon To, David	$\sqrt{}$
楊玉川先生	Mr. YANG Yuchuan	$\sqrt{}$
李博恩先生	Mr. LI Pok Yan	0

於二零二四年,主席與獨立非執行董事舉 行了會議, 並無其他董事出席。

董事會成員多元化政策

本公司於二零一三年八月二十三日採納董 事會成員多元化政策(「政策」)並於二零二 二年十二月二十六日進行了更新修訂。此 政策之概要連同為執行此政策而制定之可 計量目標及達標進度於下文披露。

政策概要

本公司視董事會層面的多元化為維持競爭 優勢的重要元素。一個真正多元化的董事 會將包括具備不同技能、地區及行業經 驗、背景、性別及其他特質的董事會成 員,並可加以利用。該等差異將於釐定董 事會的最適合組成時予以考慮,並於可能 情況下保持適當平衡。董事會所有委任均 按董事會整體有效運作所需要的技能及經 驗水平作出。

In 2024, the chairman has held a meeting with the independent nonexecutive Directors without the presence of other Directors.

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

The Company adopted a board diversity policy (the "Policy") on 23rd August, 2013 and updated the Policy on 26th December, 2022. A summary of this Policy, together with the measurable objectives set for implementing this Policy, and the progress made towards achieving those objectives are disclosed as below.

Summary of the Policy

The Company sees diversity at Board level as an essential element in maintaining a competitive advantage. A truly diverse Board will include and make good use of differences in the skills, regional and industry experience, background, gender and other qualities of the members of the Board. These differences will be considered in determining the optimum composition of the Board and when possible should be balanced appropriately. All Board appointments are made on merit, in the content of the skills and experience the Board as a whole requires to be effective.

可計量目標

提名委員會將每年作出討論及協定為達致董 事會成員多元化的所有可計量目標,並向 董事會建議有關目標以供採納。於任何特定 時間,董事會可尋求改善其於一方面或多方 面的多元化,並相應計量進度。於回顧年 度,提名委員會並無制定可計量目標。

於二零二四年底,本公司共有57,522名僱 員,包括約19,190名女性及38,332名男性 (男女比例為33.4:66.6),反映出本公司 普遍堅持的性別平等原則。本公司在評估僱 員的候選資格時注意到多元化政策所載目 標,並將確保本公司繼續遵循該政策。

董事會將每年檢討董事會多元化政策的實施 及有效性。董事會認為有關政策有效達至董 事會多元化。

執行

於本報告日期,董事會在主要多元化層面之 組成概述如下:

Measurable Objectives

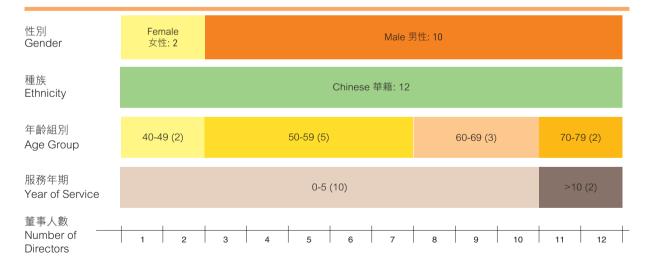
The Nomination Committee will discuss and agree annually all measurable objectives for achieving diversity on the Board and recommend them to the Board for adoption. At any given time, the Board may seek to improve one or more aspects of its diversity and measure progress accordingly. For the year under review, no measurable objective was set by the Nomination Committee.

As at the end of 2024, the Company has 57,522 employees in total comprising of approximately 19,190 females and 38,332 males (a female-to-male ratio of 33.4:66.6), reflecting a gender equality principle generally adhered to by the Company. The Company is mindful of the objectives as set out in the diversity policy when assessing the candidacy of the employees, and will ensure that the Company shall continue to follow the policy.

The Board will annually review the implementation and effectiveness of the Board diversity policy. The Board considers that the policy is effective to achieve diversity at the Board.

Implementation

As at the date of this report, the Board's composition under major diversified perspectives was summarised as follows:



董事培訓

本公司鼓勵所有董事參與持續專業發展以提 高及更新自己的知識和技能。每位新委任的 董事將收到包括上市公司董事的法定及法規 責任指引。有關上市規則及其他適用監管規 定最新發展的相關更新亦會提供予董事,以 確保合規性及提高彼等對良好企業管治的關 注。

董事於年內參與的持續專業發展情況如下:

DIRECTORS' TRAINING

All Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. Each newly appointed Director would receive the guides covering the statutory and regulatory obligations of a director of a listed company. The relevant updates on the latest developments regarding the Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements are also provided to the Directors in order to ensure compliance and raise their concerns on good corporate governance.

Participation of Directors in continuous professional development during the year is as follows:

接受培訓,出席

		10000000000000000000000000000000000000	
		研討會、會議及/或	閱讀最新監管資訊
		論壇,於研討會、	或有關本公司或其
		會議及/或論壇致辭	業務的資料
			Reading
		Receiving training;	regulatory
		attending and/or	updates or
		giving talks at	information
		seminars,	relevant to
		conference	the Company or
		and/or forums	its business
執行董事	Executive Directors		
楊平先生	Mr. YANG Ping	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
秦艷女士(於二零二四年	Ms. QIN Yan (Appointed on	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
十二月十七日獲委任)	17th December, 2024)		
黎小雙先生	Mr. LI Xiaoshuang	$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark
非執行董事	Non-executive Directors		
王傳棟先生(於二零二四年	Mr. WANG Chuandong (Retired on	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
八月十六日退任)	16th August, 2024)		
王高強先生	Mr. WANG Gaoqiang	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
劉堅先生(於二零二五年	Mr. LIU Jian (Retired on	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
一月二十一日退任)	21st January, 2025)		
葛路女士	Ms. GE Lu	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
李巍巍先生(於二零二四年	Mr. LI Weiwei (Appointed on	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
十一月二十九日獲委任)	29th November, 2024)		
張軍政先生(於二零二四年	Mr. ZHANG Junzheng (Appointed on	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
十一月二十九日獲委任)	29th November, 2024)		
房昕先生(於二零二五年	Mr. FANG Xin (Appointed on	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
一月二十一日獲委任)	21st January, 2025)		
獨立非執行董事	Independent Non-executive Directors		
黃得勝先生	Mr. WONG Tak Shing	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
俞漢度先生	Mr. YU Hon To, David	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
楊玉川先生	Mr. YANG Yuchuan	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
李博恩先生	Mr. LI Pok Yan	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$

董事會已採納了有效機制,以確保董事會 可獲得獨立的觀點及意見。經董事會主席 批准後,在適當情況下,董事如有需要可 尋求獨立於本公司顧問的獨立法律、財務 或其他專業意見,費用由本公司承擔,以 促使其有效履行其職責。董事會將每年檢 討該機制的實施及有效性。

董事會認為上述機制足以有效確保董事會 獲提供獨立觀點及意見。

主席及總裁

於本年報日期,董事會主席為楊平先生, 而秦艷女士為總裁。主席負責領導董事 會,並與董事會共同制訂本公司的業務策 略及長期目標,而總裁則負責執行董事會 的決定,並負責本公司日常管理。

董事委員會

為加強董事會的職能以及提升其專業知 識,於本年報日期,董事會屬下設有四個 委員會,分別為審核與風險管理、薪酬、 提名及ESG委員會,各自負責不同的職能。

審核與風險管理委員會

於本年報日期,審核與風險管理委員會由 三名獨立非執行董事俞漢度先生(主席)、 黄得勝先生、楊玉川先生及兩名非執行董 事王高強先生及房昕先生組成。該委員會 負責就本集團財務申報過程、內部監控、 風險管理以及內部審核職務的有效性提供 獨立客觀的審閱,其職能大致可分為以下 三大範疇:

- 負責就外聘核數師的委任、重新委任 及罷免向董事會提供建議,批准外聘 核數師的薪酬及聘用條款以及處理任 何有關外聘核數師辭任或辭退外聘核 數師的事項;
- 審閱本公司全年與中期報告財務報表 及賬目;

The Board has adopted effective mechanisms to ensure independent views and input are available to the Board. Subject to approval of the Chairman of the Board, Directors may seek, at the Company's expense, independent legal, financial or other professional advices from advisors independent from those advising the Company as and when necessary in appropriate circumstances to enable them to discharge their responsibilities effectively. The Board will review the implementation and effectiveness of such mechanisms on an annual hasis

The Board considers that the above mechanisms are effective in ensuring that independent views and input are provided to the Board.

CHAIRMAN AND THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

As at the date of this annual report, the Chairman of the Board is Mr. YANG Ping while Ms. QIN Yan is the Chief Executive Officer. The Chairman provides leadership to the Board and formulate, together with the Board, the business strategies and long-term objectives of the Company whilst the Chief Executive Officer carries out the decisions made by the Board and is in charge of the Company's day-to-day management.

BOARD COMMITTEES

To strengthen the functions of the Board and to enhance its expertise, as at the date of this annual report, there are four committees namely, the Audit and Risk Management, Remuneration, Nomination and ESG Committees under the Board, with each performing different functions.

Audit and Risk Management Committee

As at the date of this annual report, the Audit and Risk Management Committee comprises of three Independent Non-executive Directors namely Mr. YU Hon To, David (Chairman), Mr. WONG Tak Shing and Mr. YANG Yuchuan and two Non-executive Directors, namely Mr. WANG Gaogiang and Mr. FANG Xin. The Committee's role is to provide an independent and objective review of the effectiveness of the financial reporting process, internal control, risk management as well as internal audit function of the Group. Its functions broadly fall into the following three main areas:

- make recommendations to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of external auditor, and to approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of external auditor and any matters related to the resignation or dismissal of external auditor;
- review the financial statements of the Company's annual and half-year reports and accounts;

Corporate Governance Report

監管本公司的財務申報制度、內部監 控與風險管理制度。

審核與風險管理委員會職權範圍書已上載至 聯交所及本公司網站。

於二零二四年及截至本年報日期,審核與風 險管理委員會已審閱二零二三年的財務報表 與全年業績公告以及二零二四年的半年業績 及全年業績,當中包括檢討本集團的財務及 會計政策與常規;審閱本公司於二零二三年 及二零二四年進行的持續關連交易;及審閱 本公司審計部編製的內部審計報告。

於二零二四年,審核與風險管理委員會以所 有成員參與方式通過日期為二零二四年一月 十九日的一項書面決議案,以審閱及批准一 項管理建議。

審核與風險管理委員會於二零二四年舉行三 次會議。下表載列各成員的個別出席情況:

oversee the Company's financial reporting system, internal controls and risk management systems.

The terms of reference of the Audit and Risk Management Committee have been uploaded to the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

During 2024 and up to the date of this annual report, the Audit and Risk Management Committee has reviewed the financial statements and annual results announcement for 2023, and those for the half-yearly results and annual results for 2024. These include the review of the Group's financial and accounting policies and practices; the review of the continuing connected transactions of the Company conducted in 2023 and 2024; and the review of the internal audit reports prepared by the Company's Audit Division.

In 2024, the Audit and Risk Management Committee passed one written resolution by all its members dated 19th January, 2024 to review and approve one management proposal.

The Audit and Risk Management Committee held three meetings during 2024. Details of individual attendance of its respective members are set out in the table below:

		主席 Chairman	成員 Members				
		企 港在北上	王高強先生 (於二零二四年 十一月二十九日	房昕先生 (於二零二五年 一月二十一日	劉堅先生 (於二零二五年 一月二十一日	艺纪晔先生	相工川作业
		俞漢度先生	獲委任) Mr. WANG Gaoqiang	獲委任) Mr. FANG Xin	退任) Mr. LIU Jian	黃得勝先生	楊玉川先生
		Mr. YU	(Appointed on	(Appointed on	(Retired on	M. WONO	M. VANO
日期	Date	David	29th November, 2024)	21st January, 2025)	21st January, 2025)	Mr. WONG Tak Shing	Mr. YANG Yuchuan
二零二四年三月二十日	20th March, 2024	√	N/A	N/A	$\sqrt{}$	√	0
二零二四年八月二十日 二零二四年十二月十六日	20th August, 2024 16th December, 2024	√ √	N/A √	N/A N/A	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	√ √

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會的主要職能為釐定及檢討董事及 高級管理人員的薪酬及福利政策,包括但不 限於花紅計劃、獎勵計劃及其他長期獎勵計 劃,以及各董事及高級管理人員的花紅分配 及薪金調整。

Remuneration Committee

The role and main function of the Remuneration Committee is to determine and review the compensation and benefit policy of Directors and senior management, including but not limited to bonus plan, Incentive Award Scheme and other long term incentive plan, as well as bonus allocation and salary adjustment of each Director and senior management.

薪酬委員會職權範圍書已上載至聯交所及 本公司網站。

於本年報日期,薪酬委員會由三名獨立非 執行董事黃得勝先生(主席)、俞漢度先生 及李博恩先生,及一名非執行董事張軍政 先生組成。

薪酬委員會於二零二四年舉行四次會議,以 審閱及釐定執行董事及高級管理層的有關 花紅及酬金。下表載列各成員的個別出席 情況:

The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee have been uploaded to the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

As at the date of this annual report, the Remuneration Committee comprises of three Independent Non-executive Directors namely Mr. WONG Tak Shing (Chairman), Mr. YU Hon To, David and Mr. LI Pok Yan, and one Non-executive Director Mr. ZHANG Junzheng.

During 2024, the Remuneration Committee held four meetings to review and determine related bonus and compensation of the Executive Directors and senior management, Details of individual attendance of its respective members are set out in the table below:

		主席 Chairman	成員 Members			
		黃得勝先生	張軍政先生 (於二零二四年 十一月二十九日獲委任) Mr. ZHANG Junzheng	俞漢度先生	李博恩先生	
日期	Date	Mr. WONG Tak Shing	(Appointed on 29th November, 2024)	Mr. YU Hon To, David	Mr. LI Pok Yan	
二零二四年八月十六日	16th August, 2024	J	N/A			
二零二四年十一月二十九日	29th November, 2024	√ √	N/A	√ √	0	
二零二四年十二月十七日	17th December, 2024	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	
二零二四年十二月三十日	30th December, 2024	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度, 高級管理人員按範圍劃分之薪酬載列如下:

For the year ended 31st December, 2024, the remuneration of the members of the senior management by band is set out below:

薪酬範圍(港元)	Pomunovation hand (UKD)	人數 Number of persons
新凱製選(だん)	Remuneration band (HKD)	Number of persons
0港元至1,000,000港元	HKD0 to HKD1,000,000	2
1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	HKD1,000,001 to HKD1,500,000	_
1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元	HKD1,500,001 to HKD2,000,000	_
2,000,001港元至2,500,000港元	HKD2,000,001 to HKD2,500,000	2
2,500,001港元至3,000,000港元	HKD2,500,001 to HKD3,000,000	2
3,000,001港元至3,500,000港元	HKD3,000,001 to HKD3,500,000	2
3,500,001港元至4,000,000港元	HKD3,500,001 to HKD4,000,000	_
4,000,001港元至4,500,000港元	HKD4,000,001 to HKD4,500,000	_
4,500,001港元至5,000,000港元	HKD4,500,001 to HKD5,000,000	_

有關董事酬金及五名最高薪人士之更多詳 情,已按上市規則附錄D2之規定予以披 露,並載於綜合財務報表附註11。

Further particulars regarding the directors' emoluments and the five highest paid individuals as required to be disclosed pursuant to Appendix D2 to the Listing Rules are set out in note 11 to the consolidated financial statements.

Corporate Governance Report

提名委員會

提名委員會的主要職能為檢討董事會架構及 組成, 並就推選個別提名人士出任董事向董 事會提供推薦建議。制定及維持董事提名政 策並在有需要時向董事會提出修訂建議,至 少每年檢討一次董事會多元化政策的實施有 效性並就董事會成員性別多元化政策及目標 向董事會提供建議。

提名委員會職權範圍書已上載至聯交所及本 公司網站。

於本年報日期,提名委員會由一名執行董事 楊平先生(主席)、一名非執行董事葛路女 士以及三名獨立非執行董事黃得勝先生、俞 漢度先生及楊玉川先生組成。

董事候撰人的篩撰標準包括必須對本公司的 相關業務、企業管理或相關的行業擁有豐 富的經驗,及必須有能力和有效促成本公司 目標。於物色合適人選以委任加入董事會 時,提名委員會將按客觀條件考慮人選,並 適度顧及董事會成員多元化的裨益。任何委 員會成員均可提名合適人選,交由提名委員 會討論及審批,在經董事會考慮及認為合適 後,批准該項提名。根據本公司的公司細 則,獲選的董事須於下一屆股東大會或下一 屆股東週年大會(如適用)由股東重新選舉。

提名委員會於二零二四年舉行四次會議,下 表載列各成員的個別出席情況:

Nomination Committee

The role and main function of the Nomination Committee is to review the structure and composition of the Board, to make recommendation to the Board on the selection of individual nominated for directorships, to formulate and maintain a director nomination policy and propose amendments thereto to the Board when necessary, to review the effectiveness of the implementation of the Board diversity policy at least annually, and to make recommendations to the Board on the policy and objectives of gender diversity of Board members.

The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee have been uploaded to the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

As at the date of this annual report, the Nomination Committee comprises of one Executive Director namely Mr. YANG Ping (Chairman), one Non-executive Director namely Ms. GE Lu and three Independent Non-executive Directors namely Mr. WONG Tak Shing, Mr. YU Hon To, David and Mr. YANG Yuchuan.

The selection criteria for Directors is that the candidate(s) must have substantial experience in business relevant to the Company or in corporate management, or in relevant profession and must be able to contribute effectively to the objectives of the Company. In identifying suitable candidates for appointment to the Board, the Nomination Committee will consider candidates on merit against objective criteria and with due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board. Any committee member may propose suitable candidates for directorship for discussion and approval by the Nomination Committee, after which the Board will consider and, if proper, approve such nomination. Directors thus selected is subject to re-election by shareholders of the Company in the next general meeting or next annual general meeting, as appropriate, according to the Bye-Laws of the Company.

During 2024, the Nomination Committee held four meetings. Details of individual attendance of its respective members are set out in the table below:

		主席 Chairman				 対員 mbers	
		王傳棟先生 (於二零二四年 八月十六日退任) Mr. WANG Chuandong	楊平先生 (於二零二四年 八月十六日 獲委任) Mr. YANG Ping (Appointed on	葛路女士 (於二零二四年 十一月二十九日 獲委任) Ms. GE Lu (Appointed on	黃得勝先生	俞漢度先生	楊玉川先生
日期	Date	(Retired on 16th August, 2024)	16th August, 2024)	29th November, 2024)	Mr. WONG Tak Shing	Mr. YU Hon To, David	Mr. YANG Yuchuan
二零二四年三月二十八日 二零二四年八月十六日 二零二四年十一月二十九日 二零二四年十二月十七日	28th March, 2024 16th August, 2024 29th November, 2024 17th December, 2024	√ √ N/A N/A	N/A N/A √	N/A N/A N/A √	√ √ √	√ √ √	√ √ √

提名政策

提名政策旨在確保董事會在技能、經驗、 知識及多元化觀點方面取得平衡,切合本 公司的業務要求。

提名委員會將會妥為考慮以下條件(統稱為 「該等條件」) 以評核、甄選及向董事會建議 一名或多名候選人擔任董事,該等條件包 括但不限於:

- (a) 多元化觀點,包括但不限於性別、年 齡、文化背景及教育背景、專業經 驗、技能、知識及服務年期;
- (b) 就可用時間及有關利益而言,對於董 事會的職責的承擔;
- (c) 於本公司業務所涉及的行業之成就及 經驗以及其他專業資格;
- (d) 誠信方面的聲譽;
- (e) 該(等)人士可以為董事會帶來的潛在 : 煽音
- (f) 對於董事會繼任有序予以落實的一項 或多項計劃。

上述因素只供參考,並不旨在涵蓋所有因 素,也不具決定性作用。提名委員會可決 定提名任何其認為適當的人士。

提名委員會將會妥為考慮以下條件以評核 及向董事會建議一名或多名退任的董事接 受再度委任,條件包括但不限於:

- (a) 該(等)退任的董事對於本公司的整體 貢獻及服務,包括但不限於出席董事 會的會議及/或其屬下委員會的會議 及股東大會(如適用),以及在董事會 及/或其屬下委員會的參與程度及表 現;
- (b) 該(等)退任的董事是否繼續符合該等 條件。

Nomination Policy

Nomination policy aims to ensure that the Board has a balance of skills, experience, knowledge and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the requirements of the Company's business.

The Nomination Committee will evaluate, select and recommend candidate(s) for directorships to the Board by giving due consideration to criteria including but not limited to (collectively, the "Criteria"):

- (a) Diversity in aspects including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service;
- (b) Commitment for responsibilities of the Board in respect of available time and relevant interest;
- (c) Accomplishment and experience in the relevant industries in which the Company's business is involved and other professional qualifications:
- (d) Reputation for integrity;
- (e) Potential contributions that the individual(s) can bring to the Board:
- Plan(s) in place for the orderly succession of the Board.

The above Criteria are for reference only, and not meant to be exhaustive and decisive. The Nomination Committee has the discretion to nominate any person, as it considers appropriate.

The Nomination Committee will evaluate and recommend retiring Director(s) to the Board for re-appointment by giving due consideration to the criteria including but not limited to:

- (a) The overall contribution and service of the retiring Director(s) to the Company, including but not limited to the attendance of the meetings of the Board and/or its committees and general meetings where applicable, in addition to the level of participation and performance on the Board and/or its committees;
- (b) Whether the retiring Director(s) continue(s) to satisfy the Criteria.

Corporate Governance Report

提名委員會將會妥為考慮多項因素以評核及 建議一名或多名候選人擔任本公司的獨立非 執行董事一職,因素包括但不限於上市規則 第3.10(2)及3.13條載列的該等因素,並可 不時作出任何修訂。若獨立非執行董事在任 已過九年,提名委員會應考慮認為該名董事 仍屬獨立人士及應該重選的原因。

提名董事的程序及流程

提名委員會將根據下列程序及流程就委任董 事一事向董事會作出建議:

- (a) 在妥為考慮該等條件下,提名委員會 在物色或甄選合適候選人時可向其認 為合適的任何來源查詢,例如:由現 任董事轉介、刊登廣告、由第三方代 理人公司推薦以及由本公司的股東建 議;
- (b) 提名委員會在評核候選人的適合程度 時可採納其認為合適的任何流程,例 如:面試、背景查核、簡介申述及對 於第三方轉介作出查核;
- (c) 建議人選將會被要求提交所需的個人 資料及履歷供提名委員會作考慮之 用。提名委員會如認為有必要,可以 要求候選人提供額外資料及文件;
- (d) 在考慮某名候選人是否適合擔任董事 一職之後,提名委員會將舉行會議 及/或以書面決議案的方式(如其認 為合適)以批准向董事會建議作出委 仟;
- (e) 提名委員會將向薪酬委員會提供獲選 候選人的有關資料,以便考慮該名獲 選候選人的薪酬福利方案;

The Nomination Committee will evaluate and recommend candidate(s) for the position(s) of the independent non-executive directors of the Company by giving due consideration to the factors including but not limited to those set out in Rules 3.10(2) and 3.13 of the Listing Rules, subject to any amendments as may be made from time to time, in addition to the Criteria. Where any Independent Non-executive Director has been in office for more than nine years, the Nomination Committee shall consider the reason why such Director is still an independent person and should be re-elected.

Procedures and Process for Nomination of Directors

The Nomination Committee will recommend to the Board for the appointment of a Director in accordance with the following procedures and process:

- (a) The Nomination Committee may consult any source it deems appropriate in identifying or selecting suitable candidates, such as referrals from existing Directors, advertising, recommendations from third-party agency firm and proposals from shareholders of the Company with due consideration given to the Criteria:
- (b) The Nomination Committee may adopt any process it deems appropriate in evaluating the suitability of the candidates, such as interviews, background checks, presentations and third party reference checks:
- (c) The proposed candidates will be asked to submit the necessary personal information and biography for the Nomination Committee's consideration. The Nomination Committee may request the candidate(s) to provide additional information and documents, if considered necessary;
- (d) Upon considering a candidate suitable for the directorship, the Nomination Committee will hold a meeting and/or by way of written resolutions to, if thought fit, approve the recommendation to the Board for appointment;
- (e) The Nomination Committee will provide the relevant information of the selected candidate to the Remuneration Committee for consideration of remuneration package of such selected candidate;

- (f) 提名委員會其後將就擬委任一事向董 事會作出建議,如考慮非執行董事, 薪酬委員會將向董事會建議其擬訂薪 酬福利方案;
- (g) 董事會可安排獲選候選人接受並不屬 於提名委員會成員的董事會成員面 試, 而董事會其後將會商議及決定委 仟事官(視乎情況而定);
- (h) 全部董事委任工作將通過向香港公司 註冊處提交指定表格及更新(及,如 需要,提交)本公司的董事名冊確認。

環境、社會及管治委員會

於二零二五年三月二十八日,企業管治 委員會更名為環境、社會及管治委員會 (「ESG委員會」),同時調整了委員會的 職能及責任。ESG委員會的主要職能為協 助董事會指導及制定本公司的環境、社會 及管治願景、目標、策略及框架,以及確 保其符合公司的需要及遵守適用法律、法 規、監管規定及國際標準;監督本公司環 境、社會及管治願景、策略及框架的制定 與實施;審議、批准並授權發佈華潤燃氣 《環境、社會及管治報告》、重要性議題的 優先次序及相關信息披露,並向董事會提 出相關建議。

ESG委員會職權範圍書已上載至本公司網 站。

於本年報日期,ESG委員會由一名執行董 事楊平先生(主席)、一名非執行董事李 巍巍先生及三名獨立非執行董事黃得勝先 生、楊玉川先生及李博恩先生組成。

- (f) The Nomination Committee will thereafter make the recommendation to the Board in relation to the proposed appointment, and where a non-executive Director is considered, the Remuneration Committee will make the recommendation to the Board on the proposed remuneration package;
- (g) The Board may arrange for the selected candidate to be interviewed by the members of the Board who are not members of the Nomination Committee and the Board will thereafter deliberate and decide the appointment as the case may be:
- (h) All appointment of Directors will be confirmed by the filing of the prescribed form with the Companies Registry of Hong Kong and updating (and, if necessary, filing) of the Register of Directors of the Company.

Environmental, Social and Governance Committee

On 28th March, 2025, the Corporate Governance Committee was renamed as the Environmental, Social and Governance Committee (the "ESG Committee"), and meanwhile its duties and responsibilities were adjusted. The role and main function of the ESG Committee is to assist the Board in providing guidance on and formulating the vision, goals, strategies and framework of the Company in relation to environmental, social and governance, and ensuring that they are in line with the needs of the Company and comply with applicable laws, regulations, regulatory requirements, and international standards; monitoring the development and implementation of the Company's environmental, social and governance vision, strategies and framework; considering, approving and authorizing the publication of the Environmental, Social and Governance Report of CR Gas, the prioritization of material issues and the disclosure of relevant information, and to make relevant recommendations to the Board.

The terms of reference of the ESG Committee have been uploaded to the website of the Company.

As at the date of this annual report, the ESG Committee comprises of one Executive Director namely Mr. YANG Ping (Chairman), one Non-executive Director namely Mr. LI Weiwei, and three Independent Non-executive Directors namely Mr. WONG Tak Shing, Mr. YANG Yuchuan and Mr. LI Pok Yan.

Corporate Governance Report

ESG委員會於二零二四年三月二十八日舉 行一次會議,下表載列各成員的個別出席 情況:

The ESG Committee held one meeting on 28th March, 2024, details of individual attendance of its respective members are set out in the table below:

				成員 Members				
			李巍巍先生			李博恩先生		
			(於二零二四年十一月			(於二零二四年十一月		
		楊平先生	二十九日獲委任)	黃得勝先生	楊玉川先生	二十九日獲委任)		
			Mr. LI Weiwei			Mr. LI Pok Yan		
		Mr. YANG	(Appointed on	Mr. WONG	Mr. YANG	(Appointed on		
日期	Date	Ping	29th November, 2024)	Tak Shing	Yuchuan	29th November, 2024)		
二零二四年三月二十八日	28th March, 2024	√	N/A	V	V	N/A		

風險管理及內部監控

董事會整體負責維持有效的風險管理及內 部監控系統,為重大的失實陳述或損失作 出合理而非絕對的保證,並管理而非消除 未能達到業務目標的風險。上述風險包括 但不限於與ESG有關的重大風險。

董事會透過審核與風險管理委員會,對本 公司風險管理及內部監控系統對應的所有 重大監控的有效性進行年度檢討,包括本 公司的財務監控、內部監控及風險管理系 統。

審核與風險管理委員會應董事會的委派或 主動就有關風險管理及內部監控事宜的重 要調查結果及管理層對調查結果的回應進 行研究。

審核與風險管理委員會亦考慮本公司會 計、財務申報和內部審核職能以及與本公 司ESG表現和匯報相關的資源、資格和經 驗及彼等的培訓計劃和預算是否充足。就 處理及發佈內幕消息的程序及內部監控而 言,本公司已制定有關處理內幕消息的書 面政策及程序,包括但不限於確保符合被 露要求的措施。

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board has the overall responsibility of maintaining an effective risk management and internal control system to provide reasonable, though not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss and to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives. The above risks include, but are not limited to, material risks related to ESG.

The Board, through the Audit and Risk Management Committee, conducts annual review of the effectiveness of the Company's systems of risk management and internal control covering all material controls, including financial controls, internal control and risk management systems.

The Audit and Risk Management Committee considers the major investigation findings on risk management and internal control matter as delegated by the Board or on its own initiative and management's response to these findings.

The Audit and Risk Management Committee also considers the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of the Company's accounting, financial reporting and internal audit functions as well as those relating to the Company's ESG performance and reporting, and their training programmes and budget. With respect to procedures and internal controls for handling and dissemination of inside information, the Company has set out written policies and procedures in relation to the handling of inside information, including but not limited to measures to ensure compliance of disclosure requirement.

內部審核部協助審核與風險管理委員會檢 討現行風險管理及內部監控系統運作的效 能。該部門定期進行內部審核及其他相關的 審計審核,並向審核與風險管理委員會報告 所得結果及提供內部監控的改良建議,以供 審核與風險管理委員會考慮。年內,內部 審核部亦曾對本公司主要風險管理系統進 行檢討,並向審核與風險管理委員會報告 所得結果以供考慮,且作為日後進一步改 進的基礎。在經營環境(特許權的有效性及 其保護、管道基礎設施瓶頸、策略執行障 礙等);財務管理(現金保管及管理、付款 審批程序、應收款管理、會計政策遵守情 况等);安全管理(管道基礎設施檢查及維 護程序、安全體系及相關安全事故匯報架構 等);工程及建設管理(投標程序審閱、項 目管理程序及常規);關鍵材料採購(賣方 及材料資格審核程序、投標及質量控制程序 等) 等關鍵風險領域進行檢查及風險評估。

此外,內部審計部亦密切跟進所有業務單位 的糾正行動或其對關鍵風險領域的自我檢 查。

本公司已採納反貪污政策及反賄賂,以規管 員工接受利益,並已採納舉報政策,就員工 及外部相關人士舉報關於本集團任何可能或 真實不當行為提供指引。

根據年度檢討的結果,董事會對本公司目前 所實施的風險管理及內部監控系統的成效感 到滿意。

董事進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄C3所載上市 發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標 準守則」)為本公司有關董事進行證券交易 之行為守則。經向全體董事作出特定查詢 後,本公司確認,全體董事年內均已遵守標 準守則所規定的標準。

The Internal Audit Division assists the Audit and Risk Management Committee to review the effectiveness of such risk management and internal control system in operation. The Division regularly carries out internal audit and other related audit reviews and reports its findings and suggestions for improvement on better internal controls to the Audit and Risk Management Committee for their consideration. During the year, the Internal Audit Division also conducted reviews of key risk management system of the Company. Its findings were reported to the Audit and Risk Management Committee for consideration and would form the basis for further improvement in the future. Inspections and risk assessments were carried out in key risk areas such as operation environment (concession rights availability and their protection, pipeline infrastructure bottlenecks, strategy execution hurdles, etc); financial management (cash custody and management, payment approval process, receivables management, accounting policy adherence, etc); safety management (pipeline infrastructure inspection and maintenance process, safety system and related safety incident reporting structure, etc); engineering and construction management (tender process reviews, project management procedures and practice); key materials procurement (vendor and materials qualification process, tendering and quality control processes, etc).

In addition, Internal Audit Division also closely follows up on corrective actions by all business units or their self-inspections of key risk areas.

The Company has adopted an anti-corruption and anti-bribery policy to govern acceptance of advantages by employees and a whistleblowing policy to provide guidance to employees and external stakeholders to report concerns about any suspected or actual improprieties relating to the Group.

Based on the results of the annual review, the Board is satisfied with the effectiveness of risk management and internal control system currently put in place for the Company.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers ("Model Code") set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct in relation to Directors' securities transactions. Having made specific enquiry of all Directors, the Company confirmed that all Directors have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code during the year.

董事編製財務報表的責任

董事承認編製綜合財務報表為彼等的責 任。有關核數師於綜合財務報表申報責任 的報告書載於第83至91頁的獨立核數師報 告。

核數師的薪酬

本公司於年內委任畢馬威會計師事務所為 獨立核數師。截至二零二四年十二月三十 一日止年度,就審計及非審計服務已付畢 馬威會計師事務所的費用詳情載於下表:

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR PREPARING THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge that it is their responsibilities in preparing the consolidated financial statements. The statement by the Auditor about their reporting responsibilities on the consolidated financial statements is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 83

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The Company appointed KPMG as independent auditor during the year. For the year ended 31st December, 2024, details of the fees paid or payable to KPMG, in respect of audit and non-audit services are set out in the table below:

		二零二四年
		2024
		千港元
服務類別	Type of Services	HK\$'000
	– Audit	14,221
一中期審閱	– Interim review	1,315
一持續關連交易的核證服務	 Assurance service on continuing connected 	
	transactions	329
- 全年業績公告之約定程序	 Agreed upon procedures on annual results 	
	announcement	110
- 其他非審計服務	 Other non-audit services 	350
		16,325

公司秘書

本公司之公司秘書為鄭桂鈺女士。鄭女士 現為華潤集團下屬方圓企業服務集團(香 港)有限公司的副總監。儘管鄭女士並非本 公司的全職僱員,彼向董事會匯報並以彼 的公司秘書身份負責就管治事宜向董事會 提供意見。本公司與鄭女士的主要聯絡人 為執行董事及首席財務官黎小雙先生。鄭 女士確認彼已就二零二四年而言符合所需 的15小時持續專業發展培訓。

COMPANY SECRETARY

The company secretary of the Company is Ms. CHENG Kwai Yuk. Ms. CHENG currently serves as the Assistant Vice President of SWCS Corporate Services Group (Hong Kong) Limited under China Resources Group. Although Ms. CHENG is not a full time employee of the Company, she reports to the Board and in capacity as company secretary advises the Board on governance matters. The primary contact person of the Company with Ms. CHENG is Mr. LI Xiaoshuang, the Executive Director and Chief Financial Officer. Ms. CHENG confirmed that she had fulfilled the 15 hours of continuing professional development training required in respect of 2024.

股東權利

股東召開股東特別大會的程序

根據百慕達一九八一年公司法(「公司法」) 第74條,於遞呈要求日期持有本公司不少 於(賦於本公司股東大會上之投票權)十分 之一繳足股本的本公司股東有權召開本公司 股東特別大會。倘董事於上述要求之送達日 期二十一日內未有召開會議,代表總投票權 半數以上的呈請人可自行召開會議。

召開股東特別大會的書面要求可提交至本公 司的香港主要辦事處,地址為香港灣仔港灣 道26號華潤大廈1901-02室。

於股東大會上提呈議案之程序

根據公司法第79條及第80條,持有本公司 附帶權利可於本公司股東大會投票之繳足股 本不少於二十分之一(5%)之登記股東(「呈 請人一),或不少於100名有關登記股東,可 向本公司提交書面要求:(a)向有權接收下 一屆股東大會通告之股東發出通知,以告知 任何可能於該大會上正式動議及擬於會上動 議之決議案;及(b)向有權獲發送任何股東 大會通告之股東傳閱不超過1,000字之陳述 書,以告知於該大會上提呈之決議案所述事 宜或將處理之事項。

由所有呈請人簽署之呈請可由若干相同格式 之文件組成,各自須經一名或以上呈請人簽 署;且呈請須在不少於(倘為要求通知的決 定議案之呈請)大會舉行前六週或(倘為任 何其他呈請)大會舉行前一週,遞交至註冊 辦事處,並須支付足以彌補本公司相關開支 之款項。惟倘在遞交呈請後六週或較短期間 內之某一日召開股東週年大會,則該呈請雖 未有在規定時間內遞交,就此而言亦將被視 為已妥為搋交。

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Procedures for shareholders to convene special general meeting

In accordance with the Section 74 of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda ("Companies Act"), the shareholders of the Company holding at the date of the deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of such of the paid-up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company, shall have the right to convene a special general meeting of the Company. If the directors do not within twenty-one days from the date of the deposit of the requisition proceed duly to convene a meeting, the requisitionists representing more than one half of the total voting rights may themselves convene a meeting.

The written requisition for the special general meeting can be lodged at the Company's principal office in Hong Kong at Room 1901-02, China Resources Building, 26 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

Procedures for shareholders to put forward proposals at a general meeting

Pursuant to the Sections 79 and 80 of the Companies Act, either any number of the registered shareholders holding not less than one-twentieth (5%) of the paid-up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company ("Requisitionists"), or not less than 100 of such registered shareholders, can request the Company in writing to (a) give to shareholders entitled to receive notice of the next general meeting notice of any resolution which may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at that meeting; and (b) circulate to shareholders entitled to have notice of any general meeting any statement of not more than 1,000 words with respect to the matter referred to in any proposed resolution or the business to be dealt with at that meeting.

The requisition signed by all the Requisitionists may consist of several documents in like form, each signed by one or more of the Requisitionists; and it must be deposited at the Registered Office with a sum reasonably sufficient to meet the Company's relevant expenses, not less than six weeks before the meeting in case of a requisition requiring notice of a resolution or not less than one week before the meeting in the case of any other requisition. Provided that if an AGM is called for a date six weeks or less after the requisition has been deposited, the requisition though not deposited within the time required shall be deemed to have been properly deposited for the purposes thereof.

Corporate Governance Report

股東提名候選董事的程序

根據本公司公司細則第113條規定,本公司 可不時於股東大會透過普通決議案選舉,或 授權董事選舉或委任任何人士作為董事以填 補臨時空缺或作為增補董事,惟董事人數不 得超過本公司股東於股東大會上釐定的上限。

根據本公司公司細則第115條規定,除董 事會推選外, 退任董事以外之任何人士概 不符合資格於任何股東大會上膺選董事一 職,除非表明有意提名該人士膺選董事之 書面通知及該人士願意參選之書面通知已 遞交至本公司。遞交通知的期限最少為七 日,由不早於寄發為有關選舉召開的股東 大會的通知翌日起至不遲於大會舉行日期 前十日為止。

有關董事選舉的詳細程序公佈於本公司網 站企業管治項下。

憲章文件

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年 度,本公司的組織章程大綱和細則概無變 動。本公司組織章程大綱及新細則之最新 版本可在本公司網站和聯交所網站上查閱。

投資者關係

董事會已於二零二二年十二月三十日採納 股東通訊政策,其中列明本集團與股東保 持有效持續對話的承諾。總括而言,本公 司已與股東及持份者建立不同通訊渠道, 包括:(i) 提供印刷公司通訊;(ii) 在公司網 站上及時提供公司資訊;(iii) 舉行股東週年 大會,為股東提供平台,向董事會提出及 交換意見;及(iv)就所有股份登記事宜向股 東提供服務的安排。董事會透過ESG委員 會已檢討於年內實施股東通訊政策的有效 性,並認為該政策持續有效加强本公司與 股東之間及時、透明、準確及公開的通訊。

Procedures for shareholders to propose a person for election as a director

Pursuant to bye-law 113 of the Bye-Laws of the Company, the Company may from time to time in general meeting by ordinary resolution elect, or authorize the Directors to elect or appoint, any person to be a Director either to fill a vacancy or to act as an additional Director up to the maximum number of Directors determined by the members in general meeting.

Pursuant to bye-law 115 of the Bye-Laws of the Company, no person, other than a retiring Director, shall, unless recommended by the Board for election, be eligible for election to the office of Director at any general meeting, unless notice in writing of the intention to propose that person for election as a Director and notice in writing by that person of his willingness to be elected shall have been given to the Company provided that the minimum length of the period, during which such notices are given, shall be at least seven days. The period for lodgment of such notices will commence no earlier than the day after the dispatch of the notice of the meeting appointed for such election and end no later than seven days prior to the date of such meeting.

The detailed procedures regarding the election of directors are published on the Company's website under Corporate Governance section.

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

During the year ended 31st December, 2024, there were no changes in the Company's Memorandum of Association and Bye-Laws. The latest version of the Memorandum of Association and New Bye-Laws of the Company is available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

Investor Relations

The Board has adopted a Shareholder's Communication Policy on 30th December, 2022 which sets out the Group's commitment of maintaining an effective ongoing dialogue with shareholders. In summary, the Company establishes different communication channels with shareholders and stakeholders including: (i) provision of printed copies of corporate communications; (ii) provision of timely corporate information on the company website; (iii) holding of annual general meetings to provide platform for shareholders to raise comments and exchange views with the Board; and (iv) arrangement in serving the shareholders in respect of all share registration matters. The Board, through the ESG Committee, reviewed the validity of implementation of the Shareholder's Communication Policy during the year and considered that it remained effective in enhancing timely, transparent, accurate and open communication between the Company and the shareholders.

本公司一貫重視投資者關係活動,相信與 股東及投資者有效溝通對幫助投資者瞭解 本公司業務表現及策略非常重要。

於二零二四年,我們通過參與不同的活 動,增進了股東及投資者對本公司的瞭 解。年內,本公司通過投資者會議、諮詢 及電話會議等形式,與超過1.500名基金經 理及分析員會面,向投資者介紹本公司經 營業績、發展戰略及最新業務情況。

本公司歡迎股東及投資者的意見及參與, 以書信、電話、傳真或電郵的形式作出的 查詢及意見可送交本公司投資者關係部, 聯絡資料如下:

華潤燃氣控股有限公司 香港 灣仔 港灣道26號 華潤大廈1901-02室

電郵: crgas_IR@crcgas.com

電話: 852-2593-8200

The Company has always recognised the importance of investor relations activities, as it believes that effective communication with shareholders and investors is very important to help investors to gain a better understanding about the Company's business performance and strategies.

In 2024, we hosted different types of activities through which shareholders and investors have increased their understanding about the Company. During the year, the Company met with more than 1,500 fund managers and analysts by means of investor seminars, advisory meetings and telephone conferences to introduce the Company's operating results, development strategies and business updates.

The Company welcomes any suggestions and participation of shareholders and investors. Any enquiries and suggestions may be made by letter, telephone, fax or email to the Investor Relations Department of the Company according to the contact information set out below:

China Resources Gas Group Limited Room 1901-02, China Resources Building 26 Harbour Road Wanchai Hong Kong

E-mail: crgas_IR@crcgas.com

Tel: 852-2593-8200

董事會報告

Directors' Report

主要業務

本公司為投資控股公司。其主要附屬公司及 合營公司的業務分別載於綜合財務報表附註 46及附註47。

業務審視

有關本集團於年內業務的審視及業務前景的 論述、對本集團有重大影響的相關法律及 法規的遵從情況,及本集團與主要持分者的 關係載於本年報第2至11頁的主席報告、第 12至21頁的總裁報告、第25至28頁的管理 層討論及分析、第42至61頁的企業管治報 告及第62至82頁的董事會報告。有關本集 團所面對的主要風險因素及不確定因素的描 述載於主席報告、總裁報告以及綜合財務報 表附註5,而綜合財務報表附註42還提供了 本集團的財務風險管理目標及政策。有關以 財務關鍵表現指標分析本集團於年內的業績 情況載於本年報第22頁至24頁的財務及業 務摘要。有關本集團的環境政策及表現,以 及本集團的未來發展分別載於本年報第12 至21頁的總裁報告,以及第2至11頁的主 席報告內。

業績

本集團截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年 度的業績載於第92至93頁的綜合損益及其 他綜合收益表內。

儲備

本集團於年內的儲備變動載於綜合財務報表 第96至98頁的綜合權益變動表。

本公司於二零二四年十二月三十一日可供分 派予股東的儲備為40,940,566千港元。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company. The activities of its principal subsidiaries and joint ventures are set out in note 46 and note 47 to the consolidated financial statements, respectively.

BUSINESS REVIEW

Review of the business of the Group during the year and discussion on the Group's business prospects, the Group's compliance with relevant laws and regulations which have a significant impact on the Group, the relationships of the Group with its key stakeholders are provided in the Chairman's Statement on pages 2 to 11, Report from the Chief Executive Officer on pages 12 to 21, Management Discussion and Analysis on pages 25 to 28, Corporate Governance Report on pages 42 to 61 and Directors' Report on pages 62 to 82 of this annual report. Description of key risk factors and uncertainties that the Group is facing is provided in the Chairman's Statement, Report from the Chief Executive Officer and note 5 to the consolidated financial statements while the financial risk management objectives and policies of the Group are provided in note 42 to the consolidated financial statements. An analysis of the Group's performance during the year using financial key performance indicators is provided in Financial and Operational Highlights on pages 22 to 24 of this annual report. The Group's environmental policies and performance and future prospects of the Group's business are provided in the Report from the Chief Executive Officer on pages 12 to 21 and the Chairman's Statement on pages 2 to 11 of this annual report respectively.

RESULTS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31st December, 2024 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on pages 92 to 93.

RESERVES

Movements in the reserves of the Group during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 96 to 98 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Company's reserves available for distribution to shareholders at 31st December, 2024, amounted to HK\$40,940,566,000.

末期股息

董事議決建議派付二零二四年末期股息每 股70港仙, 連同已派付的中期股息每股25 港仙,二零二四年的合共分派為每股95港 仙(二零二三年:每股115.69港仙)。

待股東於即將舉行的股東週年大會上批准 後,二零二四年末期股息將於二零二五年 七月十八日(星期五)向於二零二五年六月 四日(星期三)名列本公司股東名冊的股東 支付。

股息政策

在提議任何股息派付時,董事會亦應當考 慮下述條件,包括:

- 本集團的實際及預期財務業績;
- 股東的利益;
- 總體商業條件及戰略;
- 本公司以及本集團旗下每個成員的 留存收益及可分配儲備金;
- 本集團之債務權益比率、股本回報 比率,以及施加於本集團的財務限 制所處之水平;
- 任何合同上對於本公司向其股東或 本公司之附屬公司向本公司派付股 息之限制;

FINAL DIVIDEND

The Directors have resolved to recommend the payment of the 2024 Final Dividend of 70 HK cents per share. Together with the interim dividend of 25 HK cents per share paid, total distribution for 2024 would thus be 95 HK cents per share (2023: 115.69 HK cents per share).

Subject to the approval of shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting, the 2024 Final Dividend will be payable on Friday, 18th July, 2025 to shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on Wednesday, 4th June, 2025.

DIVIDEND POLICY

In proposing any dividend payment, the Board shall also take into account the following criteria, including:

- the Group's actual and expected financial performance;
- shareholders' interests:
- general business conditions and strategies;
- retained earnings and distributable reserves of the Company and each of the other members of the Group;
- the level of the Group's debts to equity ratio, return on equity and financial covenants to which the Group is subject:
- any contractual restrictions on payment of dividends by the Company to its shareholders or by the Company's subsidiaries to the Company;

董事會報告

Directors' Report

- 本集團之預期營運資本需求以及未 來擴張計劃;
- 於宣佈股息時之流動性情況及未來 之承諾;
- 税務考慮;
- 對本集團信用可靠程度之潛在影 響;
- 法律及合規限制;
- 總體經濟狀況、本集團業務的商業 週期,以及可能對本公司業務或財 務表現和狀況有影響的其他內部或 外部因素;及
- 董事會認為適當的其他因素。

董事會可以參照百慕達一九八一年公司法 (經不時修訂)及本公司細則,不時向股東 派付中期股息。

除中期股息情況外,本公司宣佈的任何股 息必須於股東週年大會上經股東的普通決 議案予以批准,且不得超過董事會所建議 的股息數額。

參照及依據百慕達一九八一年公司法(經不 時修訂)及本公司細則,股息可以現金或股 份形式派發。

- the Group's expected working capital requirements and future expansion plans;
- liquidity position and future commitments at the time of declaration of dividend;
- taxation considerations:
- possible effects on the Group's creditworthiness;
- statutory and regulatory restrictions;
- general economic conditions, business cycle of the Group's business and other internal or external factors that may have an impact on the business or financial performance and position of the Company; and
- other factors that the Board deems appropriate.

The Board may from time to time pay to the shareholders such interim dividends subject to the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended from time to time) and the Bye-Laws of the Company.

Except in the case of interim dividend, any dividends declared by the Company must be approved by an ordinary resolution of shareholders at an annual general meeting and must not exceed the amount recommended by the Board.

Dividends may be distributed in the form of cash or shares subject to and in accordance with the Companies Act 1981 (as amended from time to time) of Bermuda and the Bye-Laws of the Company.

暫停辦理股份過戶登記

本公司將於二零二五年五月二十三日(星期 五)至二零二五年五月二十八日(星期三) (包括首尾兩天)期間,暫停辦理股份過戶 登記。為確定有權出席擬於二零二五年五 月二十八日(星期三)舉行之股東週年大會 並於會 上投票之股東之身份,填妥的過戶 表格連同有關股票,最遲須於二零二五年 五月二十二日(星期四)下午四時三十分 前,交回本公司的香港股份過戶登記分處 卓佳秘書商務有限公司,地址為香港夏殼 道16號遠東金融中心17樓。

待股東於股東週年大會上通過後,所建議 之末期股息將派予於二零二五年六月四日 (星期三)下午四時三十分辦公時間結束後 名列本公司股東名冊內之股東,並且本公 司將於二零二五年六月三日(星期二)至二 零二五年六月四日(星期三)(包括首尾兩 天)期間,暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續。 為符合享有建議之末期股息之資格,填妥 的過戶表格連同有關股票,最遲須於二零 二五年六月二日(星期一)下午四時三十分 前,交回本公司的香港股份過戶登記分處 卓佳秘書商務有限公司,地址為香港夏慤 道16號遠東金融中心17樓。

資本結構

於年終,本公司的法定股本為10億港元, 分為100億股每股面值0.10港元的股份,其 中2,314,012,871股股份已發行及繳足,而 本集團的儲備為40,940,566,000港元。本 公司已發行股本變動詳情載於本年報的管 理層討論及分析和綜合財務報表附註35部 分。

重大投資事項

於二零二四年,本公司繼續進行新併購活 動並為11個城市燃氣項目投資或支付2.2 億港元。當中大部分項目由本集團全資或 過半數擁有。於二零二四年十二月三十一 日,華潤燃氣的業務覆蓋276個城市燃氣項 目及業務網點遍及25個中國省份,包括15 個省會城市及76個地級市。

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The register of members of the Company will be closed from Friday, 23rd May, 2025 to Wednesday, 28th May, 2025, both days inclusive. In order to determine the identity of members who are entitled to attend and vote at the annual general meeting to be held on Wednesday, 28th May, 2025, completed transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's Hong Kong branch share registrar and transfer office, Tricor Secretaries Limited, at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Thursday, 22nd May, 2025.

Subject to the approval of shareholders at the annual general meeting, the proposed final dividend will be payable to shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company after the close of business at 4:30 p.m. on Wednesday, 4th June, 2025 and the register of members of the Company will be closed from Tuesday, 3rd June, 2025 to Wednesday, 4th June, 2025, both days inclusive, during which no transfer of shares of the Company will be registered. In order to be entitled to the proposed final dividend, completed transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's Hong Kong branch share registrar and transfer office, Tricor Secretaries Limited at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Monday, 2nd June, 2025.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

As at the end of the year, the authorised share capital of the Company was HK\$1,000,000,000 divided into 10,000,000,000 shares of HK\$0.10 each, of which 2,314,012,871 shares had been issued and fully paid, and the reserves of the Group was HK\$40,940,566,000. Details of the movements in the issued share capital of the Company are set out in the section of Management Discussion and Analysis in this annual report and note 35 to the consolidated financial statements.

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS

During 2024, the Company continued to make new acquisitions and invested or paid HK\$0.22 billion in 11 city gas projects. Most of these projects are either wholly owned or majority owned by the Group. As at 31st December, 2024, CR Gas portfolio included 276 city gas projects and its footprint covered 25 Chinese provinces and included 15 provincial capitals and 76 prefecture level cities.

董事會報告

Directors' Report

持續經營業務

按目前的財政預測和可供動用的備用額計 算,本集團具備充裕財務資源在可見將來 持續經營業務。因此,編製綜合財務報表 時繼續採用持續經營業務基準。

銀行及其他借貸

本集團於二零二四年十二月三十一日的銀 行及其他借貸詳情載於綜合財務報表附註 31 °

財務概要

本集團過去五個財政期間的財務概要載於 本年報第249頁。

物業、廠房及設備

本集團於年內的物業、廠房及設備以及投 資物業變動詳情分別載於綜合財務報表附 註14及附註15。

無形資產

本集團於年內的商譽及其他無形資產變動 詳情分別載於綜合財務報表附註20及附註 21 °

主要客戶及供應商

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團五大客戶合共佔本集團營業總額不 足10%。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團五大供應商合共佔本集團採購總額 約20.15%,其中最大供應商約佔5.08%。

董事、彼等的緊密聯繫人或據董事所知任 何擁有本公司股本5%以上的股東概無擁有 本集團五大客戶或供應商的任何權益。

GOING CONCERN

On the basis of current financial projections and facilities available, the Group has adequate financial resources to continue its operation for the foreseeable future. For this reason, the going concern basis continues to be adopted in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS

The particulars of bank and other borrowings of the Group as at 31st December, 2024 are set out in note 31 to the consolidated financial statements.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A financial summary of the Group for the last five financial periods is set out on page 249 of this annual report.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in the property, plant and equipment and investment properties of the Group during the year are set out in note 14 and note 15 to the consolidated financial statements, respectively.

INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Details of the movements in the goodwill and other intangible assets of the Group during the year are set out in note 20 and note 21 to the consolidated financial statements, respectively.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

For the year ended 31st December, 2024, the aggregate turnover attributable to the five largest customers accounted for less than 10% of the Group's total turnover.

For the year ended 31st December, 2024, the aggregate procurement volume attributable to the five largest suppliers of the Group accounted for around 20.15% of the Group's total procurement volume, of which that attributable to the largest supplier around 5.08%.

None of the Directors, their close associates or any shareholders which to the knowledge of the Directors own more than 5% of the Company's share capital has any interest in any of the Group's five largest customers or suppliers.

慈善捐助

於年內,本集團以現金及不同形式的實物 作出的慈善捐助總額約為310.4萬港元(二 零二三年:369.5萬港元)。

董事及服務合同

本公司於年內及截至本年報刊發當日的董 事為:

執行董事

楊平先生

秦艷女士(於二零二四年十二月十七日獲委任) 黎小雙先生

非執行董事

王傳棟先生(於二零二四年八月十六日退任) 王高強先生

劉堅先生(於二零二五年一月二十一日退任)

葛路女士

李巍巍先生(於二零二四年十一月二十九日獲 委任)

張軍政先生(於二零二四年十一月二十九日獲

房昕先生(於二零二五年一月二十一日獲委 任)

獨立非執行董事

黄得勝先生

俞漢度先生

楊玉川先生

李博恩先生

本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事根據上市 規則第3.13條作出的年度確認書,確認其 於本公司的獨立性,且本公司仍認為該等 董事為獨立於本公司的人士。

根據本公司的公司細則第101條,秦艷女 士、李巍巍先生、張軍政先生及房昕先生 須於股東週年大會退任,合資格並願意膺 選連仟。

CHARITABLE DONATION

During the year, the Group made donations in cash and in various forms of goods in the total amount of approximately HK\$3,104,000 (2023: HK\$3,695,000).

DIRECTORS AND SERVICE CONTRACTS

The Directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this annual report are:

Executive Directors

Mr. YANG Ping

Ms. QIN Yan (Appointed on 17th December, 2024)

Mr. LI Xiaoshuana

Non-executive Directors

Mr. WANG Chuandong (Retired on 16th August, 2024)

Mr. WANG Gaogiang

Mr. LIU Jian (Retired on 21st January, 2025)

Ms. GE Lu

Mr. LI Weiwei (Appointed on 29th November, 2024)

Mr. ZHANG Junzheng (Appointed on 29th November, 2024)

Mr. FANG Xin (Appointed on 21st January, 2025)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. WONG Tak Shing Mr. YU Hon To, David Mr. YANG Yuchuan Mr. LI Pok Yan

The Company has received an annual confirmation from each Independent Non-executive Director with each confirming his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and the Company still considers such Directors are independent of the Company.

Pursuant to bye-law 101 of the Bye-Laws of the Company, Ms. QIN Yan, Mr. LI Weiwei, Mr. ZHANG Junzheng and Mr. FANG Xin shall retire from office at the Annual General Meeting, and they are eligible and offer themselves for re-election.

董事會報告

Directors' Report

根據本公司的公司細則第110(A)條,黎小 雙先生、王高強先生、黃得勝先生及楊玉 川先生須於股東週年大會輪值退任,合資 格並願意膺選連任。

概無任何董事(包括擬於即將舉行的本公司 股東週年大會上膺選連任的董事)與本公司 或其任何附屬公司訂有本集團不可於一年 內不付補償(法定補償除外)而終止的服務 合同。

各非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)的任 期為三年,而根據本公司的公司細則,三 分之一的董事須於每次股東週年大會上輪 流退任。

董事於交易、安排及合同的權 益

本公司、其附屬公司、控股公司或同系附 屬公司概無訂有於本財政年度內或完結時 仍然生效而本公司董事或其關連實體於其 中直接或間接擁有重大權益的重大交易、 安排或合同。

董事薪酬

應付各董事的薪酬乃根據各自相關的資 格、經驗及專業知識、職責及責任及本集 團的業績而定,同時亦會考慮當時的市 况。本公司可能授予個別董事花紅及獎 勵,以表彰其對本集團所作的貢獻。上述 各項構成本公司董事的薪酬政策及長期獎

執行董事的薪酬福利方案應包括薪酬、花 紅、論功行賞的獎金及退休福利計劃供 款,以及本公司的股份購回現金獎勵計劃 及其他長期獎勵計劃; 非執行董事及獨立 非執行董事則應有權就其作為本公司董事 提供的服務收取董事袍金。

Pursuant to bye-law 110(A) of the Bye-Laws of the Company, Mr. LI Xiaoshuang, Mr. WANG Gaoqiang, Mr. WONG Tak Shing and Mr. YANG Yuchuan shall retire from office by rotation at the Annual General Meeting, and they are eligible and offer themselves for reelection

None of Directors, including Directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company, has a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

The term of office of each Non-executive Director, including Independent Non-executive Director, is for a period of three years subject to requirement that one-third of all the Directors shall retire from office by rotation at each annual general meeting pursuant to the Bye-Laws of the Company.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS

There was no transaction, arrangement or contract of significance to which the Company or its subsidiary or its holding company or its fellow subsidiary was a party subsisting during or at the end of the financial year in which a Director of the Company or his/her connected entity is or was materially interested, either directly or indirectly.

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The remuneration payable to each Director is based on his relevant qualifications, experience and expertise, his duties and responsibilities and performance of the Group. The current market situation will also be taken into account. Bonus and incentive awards may be granted to individual Directors in recognition of their contribution to the Group. All the aforesaid form the remuneration policy and long term incentive for Directors of the Company.

The remuneration and benefits package of the executive Directors shall include remuneration, bonuses, performance related incentive payments, and retirement benefit schemes contributions, as well as the Company's share repurchase cash award scheme and other longterm incentive schemes: non-executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors shall be entitled to director's fees for services rendered by them as Directors of the Company.

董事所佔證券權益

除下文所披露者外,於二零二四年十二月 三十一日,本公司董事、行政總裁及其聯 繫人於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見 證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV 部)的股份、相關股份或債權證中,概無擁 有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部 須知會本公司及聯交所的權益或淡倉(包括 根據證券及期貨條例有關條文當作或視為 擁有的權益及淡倉),或根據證券及期貨條 例第352條須記入該條所指登記冊的權益或 淡倉,或根據上市發行人董事進行證券交 易的標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所的權 益或淡倉。

(a) 於本公司已發行普通股的權益

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SECURITIES

Save as disclosed below, as at 31st December, 2024, none of the Directors, chief executive of the Company and their associates had any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they are deemed or taken to have under such provisions of the SFO) or which were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or which were required, pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

(a) Interests in issued ordinary shares of the Company

			所佔權益
			總額百分比1
	好倉或淡倉	股份數目	Aggregate
董事姓名	Long or short	Number of	percentage
Name of Director	position	shares	of interest ¹
黃得勝先生2	好倉	120,000	0.0052%
Mr. WONG Tak Shing ²	Long position		
劉堅先生(於二零二五年一月二十一日退任)3	好倉	30,000	0.0013%
Mr. LIU Jian (Retired on 21st January, 2025) ³	Long position		
1717 77			

附註:

- 此為於二零二四年十二月三十一日所 持本公司普通股及相關股份好倉總額 佔本公司全部已發行股份的百分比。
- 上文所披露的所有權益現由董事以實 益擁有人身份持有。
- 於30.000股股份當中,劉堅先生被 視為擁有其配偶之10,000股股份之 權益。

Notes:

- This represents the percentage of aggregate long position in ordinary shares and underlying shares of the Company to the total issued shares of the Company as at 31st December 2024.
- All interests disclosed above are being held by the Director in his capacity as beneficial owner.
- Among 30,000 shares, Mr. Liu Jian was deemed to be interested in 10,000 shares through interests of his spouse.

Directors' Report

(b) 於本公司相聯法團華潤醫療控股有限 公司(「華潤醫療」)已發行普通股及相 (b) Interests in issued ordinary shares and underlying shares of China Resources Medical Holdings Company Limited ("CR

關別	设份的權益	Medical"), an associated corporation of the Company				
					所佔權益 總額百分比¹	
		好倉頭	或淡倉	股份數目	Aggregate	
董事姓名	3	Long	or short	Number of	percentage	
Name o	f Directors	posit	ion	shares	of interest ¹	
楊平先生	<u> </u>	好倉		80,000	0.0062%	
Mr. YAN	IG Ping	Long	position			
葛路女士	=	好倉		66,000	0.0051%	
Ms. GE	Lu	Long	position			
附註	E:	Note	9S:			
1.	此為於二零二四年十二月三十一日所持 華潤醫療普通股及相關股份好倉總額佔 華潤醫療全部已發行股份的百分比。	1.	ordinary shares and	e percentage of aggregate d underlying shares of CR M Medical as at 31st December	edical to the total	
2.	上文所披露的所有權益現由董事以實 益擁有人身份持有。	2.	All interests disclose her capacity as ben	ed above are being held by t eficial owner.	he Director in his/	
(-)	本公司相聯法團華潤啤酒(控股)有	` '		ordinary shares and unc		
	公司(「華潤啤酒」) 已發行普通股及			Beer (Holdings) Compan	•	
相图	帮股份的權益	Bee	er"), an associated	corporation of the Comp	•	
					所佔權益	
					總額百分比1	

			總額百分比1
	好倉或淡倉	股份數目	Aggregate
董事姓名	Long or short	Number of	percentage of
Name of Director	position	shares	interest ¹
		2,000	0.000062%

Long position

葛路女士2

Ms. GE Lu²

附註:

- 1. 此為於二零二四年十二月三十一日所 持華潤啤酒普通股及相關股份好倉總 額佔華潤啤酒全部已發行股份的百分 比。
- 上文所披露的所有權益現由董事以實 益擁有人身份持有。

Notes:

- 1. This represents the percentage of aggregate long position in ordinary shares and underlying shares of CR Beer to the total issued shares of CR Beer as at 31st December, 2024.
- All interests disclosed above are being held by the Director in her capacity as beneficial owner.

所佔權益

- (d) 於本公司相聯法團華潤電力控股有限 公司(「華潤電力」)已發行普通股及相 關股份的權益
- (d) Interests in issued ordinary shares and underlying shares of China Resources Power Holdings Company Limited ("CR Power"), an associated corporation of the Company

			總額百分比1	
	好倉或淡倉	股份數目	Aggregate	
董事姓名	Long or short	Number of	percentage	
Name of Director	position	shares	of interest ¹	
張軍政先生	好倉	796,000	0.0154%	
Mr. ZHANG Junzheng	Long position			

附註:

- 此為於二零二四年十二月三十一日所持 華潤電力普誦股及相關股份好倉總額佔 華潤電力全部已發行股份的百分比。
- 於796,000股股份當中,張軍政先生以 實益擁有人身份持有700,000股股份之 權益及被視為擁有其配偶之96,000股 股份之權益。

長期獎勵計劃

於二零零八年十二月一日,本公司採納一 項股份購回現金獎勵計劃(「獎勵計劃」), 據此,本集團或投資公司的經甄選僱員皆 有權根據計劃規則參加獎勵計劃。投資公 司乃指任何一家由本公司直接或間接擁有 5%或以上歸屬權益的公司(「投資公司」), 就計算歸屬權益百分比而言,在投資公司 所持有權益的百分比須乘以本集團透過其 他公司持有該權益的該等中間公司的百分 H. 0

獎勵計劃旨在嘉許若干僱員的貢獻及鼓勵 彼等作出貢獻,並提供獎勵及協助本集團 及投資公司挽留其現有僱員及延聘更多僱 員,並就達到本公司的長期商業目標向彼 等提供直接經濟利益。除非被董事會提前 終止,獎勵計劃自採納日期起十年內有 效。根據獎勵計劃授出獎勵股份及於其整 個有效期內授予經甄選僱員獎勵股份的總 數上限分別以本公司不時已發行股本的5% 及0.5%為限。

Notes:

- This represents the percentage of aggregate long position in ordinary shares and underlying shares of CR Power to the total issued shares of CR Power as at 31st December, 2024.
- Among 796,000 shares, Mr. ZHANG Junzheng held 700,000 shares in his capacity as beneficial owner and was deemed to be interested in 96,000 shares through interests of his spouse.

LONG TERM AWARD SCHEME

On 1st December, 2008, the Company adopted a share repurchased cash award scheme (the "Incentive Award Scheme"), pursuant to which selected employees of the Group or investee companies (being any company in which the Company directly or indirectly owns 5% or more attributable equity interests (the "Investee Company"), and in calculating the percentage interest so attributed, the percentage interest held in the Investee Company shall be multiplied by the percentage interest in each level of entity through which such interest is held by the Group), are entitled to participate in the Incentive Award Scheme pursuant to the scheme rules.

The purpose of the Incentive Award Scheme is to recognise and motivate the contribution of certain employees and to provide incentives and to enable the Group and the Investee Company in retaining their existing employees and recruiting additional employees and to provide them with a direct economic interest in attaining the long-term business objectives of the Company. Unless early termination by the Board, the Incentive Award Scheme shall be valid and effective for a term of 10 years commencing on the adoption date. The maximum aggregate numbers of award shares which can be awarded under the Incentive Award Scheme and to a selected employee throughout its duration are limited to 5% and 0.5% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time respectively.

Directors' Report

根據獎勵計劃規則,本公司已委託中銀國 際英國保誠信託有限公司為受託人(「受託 人」),據此,受託人將於市場上以本集團 授出的現金購入現有股份,並以信託形式 代相關經甄選僱員持有,直至該等股份按 獎勵計劃的條文歸屬該相關經甄選僱員為 止。受託人於二零零九年四月七日以總成 本約253.534.680港元(包括交易成本)購 買合共70.000.000股股份(佔於收購日期本 公司已發行股本約4.95%)。本公司並未計 劃購買獎勵計劃項下的任何其他股份。

於二零一零年三月十六日,本公司修訂獎 勵計劃,因此根據獎勵計劃授予現金而非 獎勵股份(「該計劃」)。本公司將動用出售 獎勵股份的所得款項,該等獎勵股份由受 託人持有作為根據該計劃授出的獎勵。該 等獎勵須經本公司薪酬委員會批准及現金 獎勵僅於達成授予獎勵日期規定的有關歸 屬條件後作出。

於二零二四年九月二十五日,本公司董事 會決議終止獎勵計劃。

本公司於二零二四年出售2,000,000股獎勵 股份。受託人所持獎勵股份的變動詳情如 下:

Pursuant to the rules of the Incentive Award Scheme, the Company has appointed BOCI-Prudential Trustee Limited as trustee (the "Trustee"), pursuant to which existing shares will be purchased by the Trustee from the market out of cash contributed by the Group and be held in trust for the relevant selected employees until such shares are vested with the relevant selected employees in accordance with the provisions of the Incentive Award Scheme. A total of 70,000,000 shares were purchased at an aggregate cost of approximately HK\$253,534,680 (including transaction costs) on 7th April, 2009, representing approximately 4.95% of the issued share capital of the Company as at date of acquisition. The Company does not intend to purchase any further share under the Incentive Award Scheme.

On 16th March, 2010, the Company amended the Incentive Award Scheme such that cash instead of award shares will be awarded under the Incentive Award Scheme (the "Scheme"). The Company will utilize the proceeds generated from disposal of the award shares held by the Trustee for the awards made under the Scheme. The awards will be subject to the approval of the Company's Remuneration Committee and the cash under the award will only be given upon fulfillment of relevant vesting conditions imposed on the date of grant of the award.

On 25th September, 2024, the Board of the Company has resolved to terminate the Incentive Award Scheme.

During 2024, the Company disposed 2,000,000 award shares. Details of the movement of the award shares held by the Trustee are as follows:

獎勵股份數目 Number of award shares

於二零零九年四月七日購買	Purchased on 7th April, 2009	70,000,000
於二零一零年授出及出售	Granted and disposed of during 2010	(1,818,000)
於二零一一年授出及出售	Granted and disposed of during 2011	(7,741,496)
於二零一二年授出及出售	Granted and disposed of during 2012	(6,893,520)
於二零一三年授出及出售	Granted and disposed of during 2013	(2,268,500)
於二零一四年授出及出售	Granted and disposed of during 2014	(1,905,100)
於二零一五年授出及出售	Granted and disposed of during 2015	(1,310,000)
於二零一六年授出及出售	Granted and disposed of during 2016	(2,266,000)
於二零一七年授出及出售	Granted and disposed of during 2017	(0)
於二零一八年授出及出售	Granted and disposed of during 2018	(0)
於二零一九年授出及出售	Granted and disposed of during 2019	(0)
於二零二零年授出及出售	Granted and disposed of during 2020	(0)
於二零二一年授出及出售	Granted and disposed of during 2021	(0)
於二零二二年授出及出售	Granted and disposed of during 2022	(0)
於二零二三年授出及出售	Granted and disposed of during 2023	(0)
於二零二四年授出及出售	Granted and disposed of during 2024	(2,000,000)
於二零二四年十二月三十一日的結餘	Balance as at 31st December, 2024	43,797,384

關連交易

本公司已與多名關連人士訂立若干關連交 易,有關詳情載述如下:

持續關連交易

年內,本集團成員公司曾與關連人士進行 持續關連交易,而該等交易須遵守上市規 則第14A.71條之申報規定,有關詳情於 下文概述。本公司的核數師獲委任根據香 港會計師公會頒佈的香港核證委聘準則第 3000號(經修訂)「審核或審閱過去財務資 料以外的核證委聘」及參考實務説明第740 號「香港上市規則項下持續關連交易的核數 師函件 | 就本集團的持續關連交易出具報 告。根據主板上市規則第14A.56條,核數 師已對本集團以下所披露的持續關連交易 的審查結果及結論發出無保留函件。獨立 非執行董事已審閱持續關連交易,並確認 該等持續關連交易乃:

- (i) 於本集團一般和日常業務中進行;
- (ii) 按一般商業條款或更佳條款進行;及
- (iii) 根據有關交易的協議進行,條款公平 合理,並且符合本公司股東的整體利 益。

上述持續關連交易詳情及截至二零二四年 十二月三十一日止年度產生的實際金額或 每日最高金額概述如下:

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

The Company has entered into certain connected transactions with a number of connected persons, details of which are set out bellow:

Continuing Connected Transactions

During the year, members of the Group have entered into continuing connected transactions with connected persons which are subject to the reporting requirements under Rule 14A.71 of the Listing Rules, details of which are summarised herein below. The Company's auditor was engaged to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised) "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The auditor has issued an unqualified letter containing findings and conclusions in respect of the continuing connected transactions disclosed by the Group as below in accordance with Main Board Listing Rule 14A.56. The Independent Non-executive Directors have reviewed the continuing connected transactions and confirmed that the continuing connected transactions have been entered into:

- in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
- (ii) on normal commercial terms or better: and
- (iii) according to the agreements governing them, and on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

Details of the above-mentioned continuing connected transactions and the actual amount incurred for the year ended 31st December, 2024 or the maximum daily amount are summarised as follows:

Directors' Report

截至 二零二四年 十二月三十一日 止年度 For the year ended 31st December. 2024

冒賣協議

(年度上限:人民幣2,300,000,000元)

本公司多家附屬公司自山西天然氣股份有限 公司(一家於中華人民共和國(「中國」)成立 的有限責任公司,為本公司附屬公司(即洪 洞華潤恒富燃氣有限公司)的主要股東)採購 天然氣,為期3年。全部協議於二零二一年 十二月三十一日訂立並自二零二二年一月一 日起生效。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本公司的該 等附屬公司就採購及提供天然氣與山西天然 氣股份有限公司訂立新協議, 為期三年。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

郴州項目框架協議

(年度上限:人民幣25,000,000元)

於二零二一年六月二十二日,本公司全資附 屬公司郴州華潤燃氣有限公司就向華潤三 九(郴州)製藥有限公司(華潤醫藥集團有限 公司的非全資附屬公司)提供冷熱、蒸汽的 能源及部分電力訂立協議,自協議日期起有 效,為期3年。

於二零二四年六月二十一日,本公司續簽現 有框架協議,自新框架協議日期起至二零二 五年十二月三十一日有效。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

Sale and Purchase Agreement (Annual cap: RMB2,300,000,000)

Purchase of natural gas for 3 years by a number of subsidiaries of the Company from Shanxi Natural Gas Limited, a limited liability company established in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") which is the substantial shareholder of the subsidiary of the Company namely Hongdong China Resources Hengfu Gas Co., Ltd. All agreements were entered into on 31st December, 2021 and effective from 1st January 2022.

On 31st December, 2024, these subsidiaries of the Company entered into new agreements with Shanxi Natural Gas Limited for the purchase and supply of natural gas for a further term of 3 years.

For the year ended 31st December, 2024

Chenzhou Project Framework Agreement (Annual cap: RMB25,000,000)

On 22nd June, 2021, Chenzhou China Resources Gas Co., Ltd, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into an agreement in respect of supplying energy for cooling and heating, steam and part of electricity to China Resources Sanjiu (Chenzhou) Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd, a non-whollyowned subsidiary of China Resources Pharmaceutical Group Limited for 3 years, effective from the date of the agreement.

On 21st June, 2024, the Company renewed the existing framework agreement, effective from the date of the new framework agreement to 31st December, 2025.

For the year ended 31st December, 2024

人民幣千元 RMB'000 1.014.363

> 人民幣千元 RMB'000 21,990

Directors' Report

截至二零二四年 十二月三十一日 **止年度的每日最高金額** Maximum daily amount during the year ended 31st December, 2024

戰略合作協議

(年度上限:人民幣1.700.000.000元)

- (i) 商業銀行服務
 - 於二零二一年十二月三十一日, 本公司就使用商業銀行服務與珠 海華潤銀行股份有限公司(「華潤 銀行」)(一間總部設於珠海的城 市銀行)訂立一份協議,自二零 二二年一月一日起生效,為期3 年(除非期限經進一步延長)。華 潤股份有限公司(「華潤股份」) 持有華潤銀行及本公司控股權 益。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日, 本公司就使用商業銀行服務與華 潤銀行訂立一份新協議, 為期三 年。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止 年度任何特定日期的每日 最高存款結餘

> 除了存款服務外,本公司使用華 潤銀行之商業銀行服務及產品。

Strategic Cooperation Agreements (Annual cap : RMB1.700.000.000)

- Commercial banking services
 - On 31st December, 2021, the Company entered into an agreement in respect of the use of commercial banking services with China Resources Bank of Zhuhai Co., Ltd., ("CR Bank"), a municipal bank headquartered in Zhuhai for 3 years, effective from 1st January, 2022 (unless extended for a further period). China Resources Co., Ltd ("CRC") has a controlling interest in CR Bank and the Company.

On 31st December, 2024, the Company entered into a new agreement in respect of the use of commercial banking services with CR Bank for a further term of 3 years.

> 人民幣千元 RMB'000

Maximum daily outstanding balance on any given day during the year ended 31st December, 2024

1.540.173

Other than deposit services, the Company utilised commercial banking services and products provided by CR Bank.

Directors' Report

截至二零二四年 十二月三十一日 **止年度的每日最高金額** Maximum daily amount during the year ended 31st December, 2024

> 人民幣千元 RMB'000

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止 年度任何特定日期的每日 最高存款結餘

(ii) 信託及基金管理服務

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本公 司就使用信託及基金管理服務與華潤 深國投信託有限公司(「華潤信託」)訂 立一份協議,自二零二二年一月一日 起生效,為期3年(除非期限經進一步 延長)。華潤股份持有華潤信託及本公 司的控股權益。

於一零一四年十一月三十一日,本公 司就使用信託及基金管理服務與華潤 信託訂立一份新協議,為期三年。

Maximum daily outstanding balance on any given day during the year ended 31st December, 2024

Trust and funds management services On 31st December, 2021, the Company entered into an agreement in respect of the use of trust and funds management services with China Resources SZITIC Trust Co., Ltd ("CR Trust") for 3 years effective from 1st January, 2022 (unless extended for a further period). CRC has a controlling interest in CR Trust and the Company.

> On 31st December, 2024, the Company entered into a new agreement in respect of the use of trust and funds management services with CR Trust for a further term of 3 years.

> > 人民幣千元 RMB'000

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止 年度任何特定日期的每日 最高存款結餘

Maximum daily outstanding balance on any given day during the year ended 31st December, 2024

框架貸款協議

(年度上限:人民幣2,000,000,000元)

(i) 於二零二三年二月二十日,本公司就 本公司(及其任何附屬公司(惟於中國 成立的實體除外))與華潤(集團)有 限公司(「華潤集團公司」)、任何華潤 股份及華潤集團公司的公司及其各自 的任何附屬公司(於香港聯合交易所 有限公司主板上市的公司)(本公司除 外)(「華潤集團上市公司」)以及彼等 任何附屬公司有關港元、人民幣或美 元貸款的集團內部借貸訂立協議,自 二零二三年二月二十日起生效,為期 3年(除非期限經進一步延長)。

Framework Loan Agreements (Annual cap: RMB2,000,000,000)

On 20th February, 2023, the Company entered into an agreement in respect of the intra-group lending between the Company (and any of its subsidiaries but exclude entity established in the PRC) and China Resources (Holdings) Company Limited ("CRH"), any company in the CRC, CRH and their respective subsidiaries, which is listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, other than the Company ("China Resources Group listed company") and any of their subsidiaries in respect of Hong Kong dollars, RMB or, United States dollars loan for 3 years effective from 20th February, 2023 (unless extended for a further period).

Directors' Report

- (ii) 於二零二三年二月二十日,本公司就 本公司於中國成立的任何附屬公司及 華潤股份(及華潤股份於中國成立的 任何附屬公司)或華潤集團上市公司 (惟華潤銀行、華潤信託及本公司的任 何附屬公司除外)有關人民幣貸款的 集團內部借貸訂立協議,自二零二三 年二月二十日起生效,為期3年(除非 期限經進一步延長)。
- (ii) On 20th February, 2023, the Company entered into an agreement in respect of the intra-group lending between any PRC established subsidiary of the Company and CRC (and any PRC established subsidiary of CRC) or a China Resources Group listed company, but excluding CR bank, CR Trust and any subsidiary of the Company in respect of RMB loan for 3 years effective from 20th February, 2023 (unless extended for a further period).

人民幣千元 RMB'000

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 任何特定日期的每日最高存款結餘

Maximum daily outstanding balance on any given day during the year ended 31st December, 2024

1.900.000

戰略合作框架協議

(年度上限:人民幣135,000,000元)

於二零二四年十一月二十九日,本公司間 接全資附屬公司華潤燃氣投資與華潤五豐 (中國)投資有限公司(「華潤五豐」)、華 潤啤酒(控股)有限公司(「華潤啤酒」)及東 阿縣東阿阿膠旅遊養生有限公司(「東阿阿 膠」)(該公司的同系附屬公司)訂立戰略合 作框架協議,據此,本集團已同意根據其 中協定的條款及條件購買,而華潤五豐、 華潤啤酒及東阿阿膠已分別同意供應產品 及提供輔助營銷服務。有效期為二零二四 年十一月二十九日至二零二六年十二月三 十一日。

Strategic Cooperation Framework Agreements (Annual cap: RMB135,000,000)

On 29th November, 2024, China Resources Gas Investment, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into the Strategic Cooperation Framework Agreements with China Resources Ng Fung (China) Investment Co., Ltd.("CR Ng Fung"), China Resources Beer (Holdings) Company Limited ("CR Beer") and Dong-E County Dong-E-E-Jiao Tourism and Health Co., Ltd ("Dong-E-E-Jiao"), the company's fellows subsidiaries, pursuant to which the Group agreed to purchase, and each of CR Ng Fung, CR Beer and Dong-E-E-Jiao agreed to supply products and provided auxiliary marketing services according to the terms and conditions agreed therein. The term is effective from 29th November, 2024 to 31st December, 2026.

> 人民幣千元 RMB'000 15,815

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

For the year ended 31st December, 2024

Directors' Report

關連人士交易

在正常業務過程中進行的重大關連人士交 易詳情載於綜合財務報表附註41。根據 上市規則定義,部分該等交易構成關連交 易,有關交易載列如下:

Related Party Transactions

Details of the material related party transactions in normal course of business are set out in note 41 to the consolidated financial statements. Some of these transactions constitute connected transactions as defined under the Listing Rules which are set out as follows:

		二零二四年
		2024
		千港元
		HK\$'000
銷售予附屬公司的非控股股東	Sales to non-controlling shareholders of	43,295
	subsidiaries	
於同系附屬公司所存放的存款利息收入	Interest income from deposits placed in	4,824
	a fellow subsidiary	
向同系附屬公司提供的貸款利息收入	Interest income from loan to a fellow	53,772
	subsidiary	
向中間控股公司提供的貸款利息收入	Interest income from loan to an intermediate	-
	holding company	
購自附屬公司的非控股股東(附註)	Purchase from non-controlling shareholders of	1,131,504
	subsidiaries (Note)	
已付同系附屬公司的租金開支	Rental expenses paid to fellow subsidiaries	35,333
已付中間控股公司的利息開支	Interest expenses paid to an intermediate	4,344
	holding company	
已付附屬公司非控股股東的利息開支	Interest expenses paid to non-controlling	1,329
	shareholders of subsidiaries	

附註:包括自山西天然氣股份有限公司採購天然 氣。

Note: Included purchases of natural gas from Shanxi Natural Gas Limited.

本公司確認,於截至二零二四年十二月三 十一日止年度,其已遵守上市規則第14A章 的披露規定。

The Company confirms that it has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules for the year ended 31st December, 2024.

所佔權益

主要股東

除下文所披露者外,於二零二四年十二月 三十一日,董事及本公司行政總裁並不知 悉任何人士(並非董事或本公司行政總裁) 於本公司股份及相關股份中,擁有根據證 券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部規定須向 本公司披露的權益或淡倉,或記錄於本公 司遵照證券及期貨條例第336條存置之股東 名冊的權益或淡倉:

於本公司的好倉

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

Save as disclosed below, the Directors and chief executive of the Company are not aware that there was any party (other than a Director or chief executive of the Company), who, as at 31st December, 2024 had an interest or short position in the shares and underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or which were recorded in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO:

Long Position in the Company

				總額百分比1
		好倉或淡倉	股份數目	Aggregate
股東名稱	身份	Long or short	Number of	percentage
Name of shareholders	Capacity	position	shares	of interest ¹
華潤集團(燃氣)有限公司 (「華潤集團燃氣」) ²	實益擁有人	好倉	1,407,828,991	60.84%
CRH (Gas) Limited ("CRH Gas")2	Beneficial owner	Long position		
華潤(集團)有限公司2	受控制公司的權益	好倉	1,422,298,991	61.46%
China Resources (Holdings) Company Limited ²	Controlled company's interest	Long position		
CRC Bluesky Limited ("CRC	受控制公司的權益	好倉	1,422,298,991	61.46%
Bluesky") ²	Controlled company's interest	Long position		
華潤股份有限公司(「華潤股份」)2	受控制公司的權益	好倉	1,422,298,991	61.46%
China Resources Inc. (formerly known as China Resources Co., Limited) ("CRCL") ²	Controlled company's interest	Long position		
中國華潤有限公司(「中國華潤」)2	受控制公司的權益	好倉	1,422,298,991	61.46%
China Resources Company Limited ("CRNC") ²	Controlled company's interest	Long position		
JPMorgan Chase & Co.3	實益擁有人	好倉	9,455,226	0.41%
	Beneficial owner	Long position		
		淡倉	5,416,599	0.23%
		Short Position		
	投資經理	好倉	79,439,442	3.43%
	Investment Manager	Long Position		
	於股份擁有證券權益的人士	好倉	2,100	0.00%
	Person having a security interest in shares	Long Position		
	獲批准的貸款代理	好倉	95,892,310	4.14%
	Approved lending agent	Long Position		

Directors' Report

附註:

- 1. 此為於二零二四年十二月三十一日所持普 通股及相關股份好倉總額佔本公司全部已 發行股份的百分比。
- 華潤集團燃氣及合貿有限公司分別於本公 司1,407,828,991股股份及14,470,000股 股份中擁有直接權益,該兩家公司均為華 潤(集團)有限公司的全資附屬公司。因 此,華潤(集團)有限公司被視作於本公 司的1,422,298,991股股份中擁有權益。 華潤(集團)有限公司為CRC Bluesky的 全資附屬公司,進而由華潤股份全資擁 有。華潤股份乃為中國華潤的全資附屬公 司。因此,華潤(集團)有限公司、CRC Bluesky、華潤股份及中國華潤被視作於本 公司的1,422,298,991股股份中擁有權益。
- 根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部 規定向本公司披露的資料顯示,該等股份 由JPMorgan Chase & Co直接或間接擁有 100%控制權之法團持有。其中,有 5,293,400股股份(好倉)及608,100股股份 (淡倉)乃現金交收的非上市衍生工具;及 572,096股股份(好倉)乃實物交收的非上 市衍生工具。

控股股東的特定履約責任

本集團的若干貸款協議包括一項條件, 即本公司控股股東華潤(集團)有限公司 須於任何時間直接或間接實益合共擁有 不少於本公司已發行股本的50%(「特定 履約責任1)。倘違反上述特定履約責任 將構成違約事項,屆時相關銀行將宣佈終 止其義務及/ 或宣佈所有未償還款項連 同有關應計利息及其他本公司應付款項即 時到期支付。於二零二四年十二月三十一 日,須受限制於上述條件之備用總額為 2,644,695,000港元,該等備用額最遲將於 二零二四年三月六日届滿。

Notes:

- This represents the percentage of aggregate long position in ordinary shares and underlying shares to the total issued shares of the Company as at 31st December, 2024.
- CRH Gas and Commotra Company Limited were directly interested in 1,407,828,991 shares and 14,470,000 shares in the Company respectively and both companies are wholly-owned subsidiaries of China Resources (Holdings) Company Limited. China Resources (Holdings) Company Limited is therefore deemed to be interested in 1,422,298,991 shares of the Company. China Resources (Holdings) Company Limited is a whollyowned subsidiary of CRC Bluesky, which is in turn wholly-owned by CRCL. CRCL is a wholly-owned subsidiary of CRNC. So, China Resources (Holdings) Company Limited, CRC Bluesky, CRCL and CRNC are therefore deemed to have interest in 1,422,298,991 shares of the Company.
- According to the information disclosed to the Company under Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of SFO, these shares were held by JPMorgan Chase & Co. through corporations controlled directly or indirectly as to 100% by it. Among which, 5,293,400 shares (long position) and 608,100 shares (short position) are cash settled unlisted derivatives; and 572,096 shares (long position) are physically settled unlisted derivatives.

SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE OBLIGATIONS ON **CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDER**

Certain loan agreements of the Group include a condition that the controlling shareholder of the Company, China Resources (Holdings) Company Limited is required, at all times, to hold an aggregate beneficial ownership (directly or indirectly) of not less than 50% in the issued share capital of the Company (the "Specific Performance Obligation"). It will be an event of default if the Specific Performance Obligation is breached; and in such case, the relevant banks shall declare the commitments to be cancelled and/or declare all outstanding amounts together with interests accrued thereon and all other sums payable by the Company to be immediately due and payable. As at 31st December, 2024, the aggregate reserved facility subject to the above conditions were HK\$2,644,695,000. Such reserved facility will expire on no later than 6th March, 2024.

董事認購股份或債權證的權利

除本報告所披露者外,本公司、其母公 司、或其任何附屬公司或同系附屬公司於 年內概無參與任何安排, 使董事得以藉購 入本公司或其他公司之股份或債權證而獲 取利益。

獲准許之彌償條文

除法規的任何規定令細則的規定無效外, 本公司其時的董事會、主席、副主席、董 事總經理、替任董事、秘書及其他高級人 員及其時處理本公司任何事務的受託人(如 有),以及彼等各自的遺囑執行人或遺產管 理人,將獲以本公司資產作為彌償保證及 擔保,使其不會因彼等或彼等任何一方、 彼等或彼等任何一方的遺囑執行人或遺囑 管理人於執行或有關執行彼等各自的職務 或信託職責或假定職責時作出、同意或遺 漏的任何行為而將會或可能招致或蒙受的 任何訴訟、費用、收費、損失、損害及開 支而蒙受損害,惟因彼等本身的有意疏 忽、失責、舞弊及不誠實行為而招致或蒙 受者(如有)則作別論。

本公司已就本公司之董事可能面對任何訴 訟時產生的責任和相關的費用購買保險。

股票掛鈎協議

除本報告所披露者外,本公司於年內或年 結日概無訂立任何股票掛鈎協議。

購回、出售或贖回本公司的上 市證券

除本報告所披露者外,截至二零二四年十 二月三十一日止年度,本公司或其任何附 屬公司概無購回、出售或贖回本公司任何 證券。於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本 公司並無庫存股份(定義見上市規則)。

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR **DEBENTURES**

Save as disclosed in this report, at no time during the year was the Company, its parent company, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Save and except so far as the provisions of the Bye-law shall be avoided by any provisions of the Statutes, the Board, President, Vice-president, Managing Directors, alternate Directors, Secretary and other officers for the time being of the Company and the trustees (if any) for the time being acting in relation to any of the affairs of the Company, and their respective executors or administrators, shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them, their or any of their executors or administrators, shall or may incur or sustain by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty or supposed duty in their respective offices or trusts, except such (if any) as they shall incur or sustain through their own wilful neglect or default, fraud and dishonesty respectively.

The Company has taken out insurance against the liabilities and costs associated with defending any proceedings which may be brought against the Directors of the Company.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Save as disclosed in this report, no equity-linked agreements were entered into during the year or subsisted at the end of the year.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE **COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES**

Other than as disclosed in this report, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's securities during the year ended 31st December, 2024. The Company does not have any treasury shares (as defined under the Listing Rules) as at 31st December 2024.

Directors' Report

優先購買權

雖然百慕達法例並無任何對優先購買權之 限制,惟本公司之公司細則並無為此等權 利作出規定。

公眾持股量

根據本公司可獲得的公開資料及就其董事 所知,於本年報日期,本公司具備上市規 則所規定佔本公司已發行股份不低於25% 的足夠公眾持股量。

核數師

本年度的財務報表已經由畢馬威會計師事 務所審核,並將於本公司即將舉行的股東 週年大會上提呈決議案,續聘畢馬威會計 師事務所為本公司核數師。

安永會計師事務所已於二零二三年五月二 十五日舉行之股東週年大會結束後退任本 公司核數師職務。於同一大會上,股東已 批准於安永會計師事務所退任後委任畢馬 威會計師事務所為本公司新任核數師。

代表董事會 華潤燃氣控股有限公司 主席 楊平

香港,二零二五年三月二十八日

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Bye-Laws although there are no restrictions against such rights under the laws of Bermuda.

PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of its Directors, as at the date of this annual report, there is sufficient public float of not less than 25% of the Company's issued shares as required under the Listing Rules.

AUDITOR

The financial statements for the year have been audited by KPMG and a resolution will be submitted to the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to re-appoint KPMG as the auditor of the Company.

Ernst & Young retired as the auditor of the Company with effect from the close of the annual general meeting held on 25th May, 2023. The appointment of KPMG as the new independent auditor of the Company following the retirement of Ernst & Young was approved by shareholders at the same meeting.

On behalf of the Board

CHINA RESOURCES GAS GROUP LIMITED

Chairman

YANG Ping

Hong Kong, 28 March, 2025



致:華潤燃氣控股有限公司股東

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

意見

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審計列載於 第92至248頁的華潤燃氣控股有限公司(以 下簡稱「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(以下統稱 「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此財務報表包 括於二零二四年十二月三十一日的綜合財 務狀況表與截至該日止年度的綜合損益及 其他綜合收益表、綜合權益變動表和綜合 現金流量表以及附註,包括重大會計政策 資料及其他解釋資料。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港 會計師公會頒佈的《香港財務報告準則》 真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於二零二四 年十二月三十一日的綜合財務表現及截至 該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流 量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》的披露要求 妥為擬備。

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港審 計準則》進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔 的責任已在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務 報表承擔的責任」部分中作進一步闡述。根 據香港會計師公會頒佈的《專業會計師道 德守則》(以下簡稱「守則」)以及與我們對 百慕逹綜合財務報表的審計相關的道德要 求,我們獨立於 貴集團,並已履行該等 要求及守則中的其他專業道德責任。我們 相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充分及適 當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認 為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的 事項。這些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財 務報表及出具意見時進行處理的。我們不 會對這些事項提供單獨的意見。

to the shareholders of China Resources Gas Group Limited

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of China Resources Gas Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 92 to 248, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31st December, 2024, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended and notes, comprising material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31st December, 2024 and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code") together with any ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Bermuda, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

商譽潛在減值評估

Assessing potential impairment of goodwill

請參閱綜合財務報表附註20以及第115頁所載的會計政策

Refer to note 20 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies on page 115

關鍵審計事項

The Key Audit Matter

於二零二四年十二月三十一日, 商譽賬面值為4,775,023,000港 元。該商譽乃在多項業務合併中獲得及涉及預期將受益於 各項業務合併的現金產生單位(「現金產生單位」)組別,並 須進行年度減值評估。

As at 31st December, 2024, the carrying amount of goodwill was HK\$4,775,023,000. This represented goodwill acquired in a number of business combinations related to groups of cash-generating units ("CGUs") that were expected to benefit from respective business combination and was subject to annual impairment assessment.

於進行減值評估時,管理層將獲分配商譽的各現金產生單 位的賬面值與其各自的可收回金額(即公平值減出售成本及 使用價值兩者的較高者) 進行比較,以確定是否應確認任何 減值虧損。使用價值乃根據貼現現金流量法進行評估。貼 現現金流量預測的編製需要就折現率、未來收入增長率作 出重大假設及估計,並計及管理層對該行業的預期。管理 層委聘外部估值師以協助若干現金產生單位的可收回金額 之減值評估。

In performing impairment assessments, management compared the carrying value of each of the CGUs to which the goodwill had been allocated with their respective recoverable amounts, being the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use, to determine if any impairment loss should be recognised. Value in use was assessed based on discounted cash flow method. The preparation of discounted cash flow forecasts required significant assumptions and estimates with respect to the discount rates, future revenue growth rates, taking into account the management's expectation for the industry. The management engaged an external valuer to assist with the impairment assessment of the recoverable amounts of certain CGUs

我們的審計如何處理該事項

How the matter was addressed in our audit

我們就商譽潛在減值評估的審計程序包括以下各項: Our procedures in relation to assessing potential impairment of goodwill included the following:

- 了解並評估管理層對商譽減值評估程序的關鍵內部控 制的設計及實施情況,包括管理層對貼現現金流量預 測的編製情況;
- Obtaining an understanding of and evaluating the design and implementation of management's key internal controls over the goodwill impairment assessment process, including management's preparation of the discounted cash flow forecasts;
- 參考現行會計準則的規定及我們對 貴集團業務的了 解,評估管理層識別現金產生單位及向各現金產生單 位分配資產的情況:
- Assessing management's identification of CGUs and allocation of assets to each CGU with reference to the requirements of the prevailing accounting standards and our understanding of the Group's business;
- 評估管理層所委聘外部估值師的資歷、能力和客觀
- Evaluating the competence, capability and objectivity of the external valuer engaged by the management;
- 將上一年度的現金流量預測與本年度現金產生單位的 實際表現進行比較,以評估管理層預測程序的過往準 確性之可靠性以及是否存在任何管理層偏見;
- Comparing the prior year's cash flow forecasts with the actual performance of the CGUs for the current year, in order to assess the reliability of historical accuracy of management's forecasting process and whether there is any indication of management bias;

商譽潛在減值評估

Assessing potential impairment of goodwill

請參閱綜合財務報表附註20以及第115頁所載的會計政策

Refer to note 20 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies on page 115

關鍵審計事項

The Key Audit Matter

我們將商譽潛在減值評估認定為關鍵審計事項,因為商譽 的賬面值對綜合財務報表而言屬重大,且管理層所作出的 商譽減值評估涉及重大判斷及假設,而該等判斷及假設本 身存在不確定性,並可能會受到管理層潛在偏見的影響。 We identified assessing potential impairment of goodwill as a key audit matter because the carrying amount of the goodwill was material to the consolidated financial statements and impairment assessments of goodwill performed by management involved significant judgements and assumptions that are inherently uncertain and could be subject to potential management bias.

我們的審計如何處理該事項

How the matter was addressed in our audit

- 由我們的內部估值專家協助我們參考現行會計準則的 要求評估管理層所使用的估值方法的適當性,並通過 與可比較公司的該等折現率進行基準比較評估所應用 折現率的合理性;
- Involving our internal valuation specialists to assist us in evaluating the appropriateness of valuation methodology used by management with reference to the requirements of the prevailing accounting standards and assessing the reasonableness of the discount rates applied by benchmarking against those of comparable companies;
- 參考我們對 貴集團業務、歷史趨勢、現有行業資料 及市場數據的了解,質疑預計未來收入增長率的合理 性;
- Challenging the reasonableness of the projected future revenue growth rates, with reference to our understanding of the Group's business, historical trends, available industry information and available market data;
- 就未來收入增長率及折現率進行敏感度分析,並考慮 由此對減值評估的影響以及是否存在任何管理層偏 見;及
- Performing sensitivity analysis in respect of the future revenue growth rates and discount rates and considering the resulting impact on the impairment assessments and whether there is any indication of management bias; and
- 參考現行會計準則的規定,評估有關商譽減值評估於 綜合財務報表內所作披露的合理性。
- Assessing the reasonableness of the disclosures in the consolidated financial statements in respect of the impairment assessments of goodwill with reference to the requirements of the prevailing accounting standards.

確認燃氣接駁收入

Recognition of gas connection revenue

請參閱綜合財務報表附註6以及第119頁至121頁所載的會計政策

Refer to note 6 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies on pages 119 to 121

關鍵審計事項

The Key Audit Matter

貴集團於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度錄得燃氣 接駁收入9,250,793,000港元。

The Group recorded gas connection revenue amounting to HK\$9,250,793,000 for the year ended 31st December, 2024.

來自燃氣接駁建築合同的收入按時間確認, 並參照年內產 生的成本與履行合同估計成本總額的比例按輸入法計量, 這需要定期評估合同的情況。管理層須於評估以下各項時 運用重大判斷:履行燃氣接駁合同履約義務的進度及完成 所需成本預測的完整性及準確性。

Revenue from a construction contract for gas connection was recognised over time, measured based on the input method by reference to the costs incurred during the year relative to the estimated total costs for satisfaction of the contract, which required the status of contracts to be assessed on a regular basis. Management exercised significant judgements in assessing the extent of progress in the satisfaction of the performance obligations in gas connection contracts and the completeness and accuracy of forecast costs to complete.

我們的審計如何處理該事項

How the matter was addressed in our audit

我們就確認燃氣接駁收入的審計程序包括以下各項: Our procedures in relation to the recognition of gas connection revenue included the following:

- 評估燃氣接駁收入確認的關鍵內部控制的設計、執行 情況及運行有效性;
- Assessing the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of key internal controls over recognition of gas connection revenue;
- 透過抽樣檢查燃氣接駁合同,了解與確認及計量燃氣 接駁收入相關的會計政策,以參照現行會計準則的規 定評估收入確認會計政策的適當性;
- Obtaining an understanding with respect to the accounting policies related to the recognition and measurement of gas connection revenue and inspecting the gas connection contracts on a sample basis to assess the appropriateness of revenue recognition accounting policies with reference to the requirements of the prevailing accounting standards;

確認燃氣接駁收入

Recognition of gas connection revenue

請參閱綜合財務報表附註6以及第119頁至121頁所載的會計政策

Refer to note 6 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies on pages 119 to 121

關鍵審計事項

The Key Audit Matter

我們將確認燃氣接駁收入認定為關鍵審計事項,因為其 對、綜合財務報表而言屬重大,且其確認涉及重大的管理 層判斷及估計,而該等判斷及估計本身存在不確定性,並 可能受到潛在管理層偏差的影響。

We identified the recognition of gas connection revenue as a key audit matter because they were significant to the consolidated financial statements and their recognition involve significant management judgements and estimations that are inherently uncertain and could be subject to potential management bias.

我們的審計如何處理該事項

How the matter was addressed in our audit

- 將建告合同總成本及獲批材料成本預算與用於計算完 工百分比的估計總成本進行抽樣比較;
- Comparing the total costs in construction contracts and approved budgets for the material costs with the estimated total costs used to calculate the percentage of completion, on a sample basis;
- 抽樣檢查所用材料的採購發票及與承包商的記錄,以 了解年內產生的實際成本,包括材料成本及人工成 本;
- Inspecting purchase invoices for the materials used and records with contractors on a sample basis for the actual costs incurred during the year. including material costs and labour costs;
- 通過將本年度已完成收入合同產生的實際成本與預算 成本總額進行抽樣比較,評估 貴集團估計履行履約 義務進展的過往準確性; 及
- Evaluating the historical accuracy of the Group's estimates on the progress in the satisfaction of the performance obligation by comparing the actual costs incurred against total budgeted costs for completed revenue contracts in current year on a sample basis; and
- 基於已產生的實際成本及估計總成本採用投入法抽樣 重新計算完工百分比及已確認的相應收入。
- Recalculating the percentage of completion and the corresponding revenue recognised, on a sample basis, under the input method based on the actual costs incurred and the estimated total costs.

綜合財務報表及其核數師報告以外的資料

董事需對其他信息負責。其他信息包括刊 載於年報內的全部信息,但不包括綜合財 務報表及我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他 信息,我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何 形式的鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的 責任是閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮 其他信息是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審 計過程中所了解的情況存在重大抵觸或者 似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。

基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其 他信息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告 該事實。在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香 港財務報告準則》及香港《公司條例》的披露 要求擬備真實而中肯的綜合財務報表,並 對其認為為使綜合財務報表的擬備不存在 由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所 需的內部控制負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評 估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情 況下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使 用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意 將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他 實際的替代方案。

審計委員會協助董事履行監督 貴集團的 財務報告過程的責任。

Information other than the consolidated financial statements and auditor's report thereon

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the directors for the consolidated financial statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

我們的目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是否 不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤 陳述取得合理保證,並出具包括我們意見 的核數師報告。我們是按照百慕達1981年 《公司法案》第90條的規定,僅向整體股東 報告。除此以外,我們的報告不可用作其 他用途。我們概不就本報告的內容,對任 何其他人士負責或承擔法律責任。

合理保證是高水平的保證,但不能保證按 照《香港審計準則》進行的審計,在某一重 大錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可 以由欺詐或錯誤引起,如果合理預期它們 單獨或匯總起來可能影響綜合財務報表使 用者依賴財務報表所作出的經濟決定,則 有關的錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程 中,我們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷 疑態度。我們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜 合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風 險,設計及執行審計程序以應對這些 風險,以及獲取充足和適當的審計憑 證,作為我們意見的基礎。由於欺詐 可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虚 假陳述,或凌駕於內部控制之上,因 此未能發現因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤 陳述的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而導 致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計 適當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴 集團內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及 作出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

Independent auditor's report

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰 當性作出結論。根據所獲取的審計 憑證,確定是否存在與事項或情況 有關的重大不確定性,從而可能導致 對 貴集團的持續經營能力產生重大 疑慮。如果我們認為存在重大不確定 性,則有必要在核數師報告中提請使 用者注意綜合財務報表中的相關披 露。假若有關的披露不足,則我們應 當發表非無保留意見。我們的結論是 基於核數師報告日止所取得的審計憑 證。然而,未來事項或情況可能導 致 貴集團不能持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、 結構和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財 務報表是否中肯反映交易和事項。
- 計劃和執行集團審計,以就 貴集團 內實體或業務單位的財務信息獲取充 足、適當的審計憑證,以對集團財務 報表形成審計意見提供基礎。我們負 責指導、監督和覆核為集團審計而執 行的審計工作。我們為審計意見承擔 全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與審核委員會溝通了 計劃的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發 現等,包括我們在審計中識別出內部控制 的仟何重大缺陷。

我們還向審計委員會提交聲明,説明我們 已符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求, 並與他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響 我們獨立性的所有關係和其他事項,以及 為消除對獨立性的威脅所採取的行動或防 範措施。

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business units within the Group as a basis for forming an opinion on the group financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and review of the audit work performed for purposes of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

從與審計委員會溝通的事項中,我們確定 哪些事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為 重要,因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核 數師報告中描述這些事項,除非法律法規 不允許公開披露這些事項,或在極端罕見 的情況下,如果合理預期在我們報告中溝 通某事項造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾 利益,我們決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人 是江永雄。

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in the independent auditor's report is Kong Wing Hung.

畢馬威會計師事務所 執業會計師

香港中環 遮打道10號 太子大廈8樓

二零二五年三月二十八日

KPMG

Certified Public Accountants

8th Floor, Prince's Building 10 Chater Road Central, Hong Kong

28th March, 2025

綜合損益及其他綜合收益表

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

		附註 NOTES	二零二四年 2024 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 千港元 HK\$'000
收入 銷售成本	Revenue Cost of sales	6	102,675,888 (84,417,510)	101,271,905 (82,820,234)
毛利 其他收入 銷售及分銷開支 行政開支 金融及合約資產之減值虧損淨額	Gross profit Other income Selling and distribution expenses Administrative expenses Impairment losses on financial and contract	7	18,258,378 1,203,328 (7,068,728) (4,578,990)	18,451,671 2,261,927 (6,820,385) (4,529,012)
財務成本 應佔合營公司業績 應佔聯營公司業績	assets, net Finance costs Share of results of joint ventures Share of results of associates	8	(75,704) (740,391) 412,002 336,319	(158,547) (940,931) 277,682 366,640
除税前溢利 所得税	Profit before taxation Income tax	9 10	7,746,214 (1,997,920)	8,909,045 (1,850,159)
年內溢利	Profit for the year		5,748,294	7,058,886
年內其他全面收益 隨後可能重新分類至損益的項目 換算產生的匯兑差額	Other comprehensive income for the year Item that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss Exchange differences arising on translation		(1,390,473)	(1,602,022)
隨後不會重新分類至損益的項目 指定為按公平值計入其他全面收益的權益工具: 公平值變動(扣除税項) 重新計量界定福利計劃責任	through other comprehensive income: Changes in fair value, net of tax Remeasurement of defined benefit plan		81,378	(19,634)
	obligations		(28,692)	(8,986)
年內其他全面收益(扣除税項)	Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		52,686 (1,337,787)	(1,630,642)
年內全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income for the year		4,410,507	5,428,244
以下人士應佔年內溢利: 本公司擁有人 非控股權益	Profit for the year attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests		4,088,148 1,660,146	5,223,705 1,835,181
			5,748,294	7,058,886

綜合損益及其他綜合收益表

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2024

				=
			二零二四年	二零二三年
			2024	2023
		附註	千港元	千港元
		NOTES	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
以下人士應佔年內全	面收益總額: Total comprehensive income for the year	'		
	attributable to:			
本公司擁有人	Owners of the Company		3,191,736	3,972,715
非控股權益	Non-controlling interests		1,218,771	1,455,529
			4,410,507	5,428,244
			港元	港元
			HK\$	HK\$
有肌 取利	Farriage and above			
每股盈利	Earnings per share			
基本	Basic	13	1.80	2.30

第103頁至第248頁的附註構成本綜合財務 報表的一部分。

The notes on pages 103 to 248 form part of these consolidated financial statements.

綜合財務狀況表

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

於二零二四年十二月三十一日 At 31st December, 2024

			二零二四年	二零二三年
			十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
			31st December,	31st December,
			2024	2023
		附註	千港元	千港元
		NOTES	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	Non-current assets			
物業、廠房及設備	Property, plant and equipment	14	62,932,934	61,198,859
投資物業	Investment properties	15	871,432	913,030
使用權資產	Right-of-use assets	16(a)	4,687,395	4,755,028
於合營公司的權益	Interests in joint ventures	17	17,264,301	17,655,331
於聯營公司的權益	Interests in associates	18	4,417,166	4,646,000
指定為按公平值計入其他全	Equity instruments designated at fair			
面收益的權益工具	value through other comprehensive			
	income	19	463,567	382,644
商譽	Goodwill	20	4,775,023	4,911,756
其他無形資產	Other intangible assets	21	4,815,215	5,022,879
遞延税項資產	Deferred tax assets	34	568,474	608,779
向一間合營公司提供貸款	Loans to a joint venture	22	1,869,043	1,909,907
收購資產的按金	Deposits for acquisition of assets		350,287	413,073
非流動資產總額	Total non-current assets		103,014,837	102,417,286
流動資產	Current assets			
存貨	Inventories	23	1,403,794	1,493,608
應收貿易賬款及其他應收款	Trade and other receivables	24	17,673,735	20,896,233
合同工程相關資產	Assets related to contract works	25	2,720,247	2,727,615
已抵押銀行存款及受限制	Pledged bank deposits and restricted			
現金	cash	26	139,498	357,875
銀行結餘及現金	Bank balances and cash	27	7,530,584	9,978,468
流動資產總額	Total current assets		29,467,858	35,453,799
流動負債	Current liabilities			
應付貿易賬款及其他應付款	Trade and other payables	28	29,989,960	35,868,589
合同負債	Contract liabilities	29	8,844,275	9,569,067
政府補助金	Government grants	30	38,477	29,628
銀行及其他借貸	Bank and other borrowings	31	13,718,688	4,892,674
中期票據	Medium-term notes	32	539,935	_
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	16(b)	132,771	144,160
應付税項	Taxation payable		572,884	604,816
流動負債總額	Total current liabilities		53,836,990	51,108,934
流動負債淨額	Net current liabilities		(24,369,132)	(15,655,135)
總資產減流動負債	Total assets less current liabilities		78,645,705	86,762,151

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

於二零二四年十二月三十一日 At 31st December, 2024

			二零二四年	二零二三年
			十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
			31st December,	31st December,
			2024	2023
		附註	千港元	千港元
		NOTES	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	Equity	'		
股本	Share capital	35	231,401	231,401
儲備	Reserves		40,940,566	40,540,830
本公司擁有人應佔權益	Equity attributable to owners of the			
	Company		41,171,967	40,772,231
非控股權益	Non-controlling interests		22,799,009	22,611,451
總權益	Total equity		63,970,976	63,383,682
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities			
政府補助金	Government grants	30	774,279	819,489
銀行及其他借貸	Bank and other borrowings	31	8,742,236	17,279,384
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	16(b)	390,749	328,030
中期票據	Medium-term notes	32	-	551,740
其他長期負債	Other long-term liabilities	33	1,848,554	1,362,969
遞延税項負債	Deferred tax liabilities	34	2,918,911	3,036,857
非流動負債總額	Total non-current liabilities		14,674,729	23,378,469
			78,645,705	86,762,151

第92頁至248頁之綜合財務報表經由董事 會於二零二五年三月二十八日批准及授權 刊發,並由下列人士代表董事會簽署:

The consolidated financial statements on pages 92 to 248 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 28th March, 2025 and are signed on its behalf by:

楊平 YANG PING 董事 DIRECTOR 主席 CHAIRMAN

秦艷 **QIN YAN** 董事 **DIRECTOR** CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

第103頁至248頁的附註構成本綜合財務報 表的一部分。

The notes on pages 103 to 248 form part of these consolidated financial statements.

綜合權益變動表

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2024

本公司擁有人應佔 Attributable to owners of the Company

		Attributable to owners of the Company							_			
	股本	股份溢價*	缴入盈餘*	資本儲備*	匯总儲備*	為獎勵計劃 持有之股份* Shares	其他儲備*	合併儲備*	保留溢利*	小計	非控股權益	總權益
						held for an incentive					Non-	
	Share	Share	Contributed	Capital	Translation	award	Other	Merger	Retained		controlling	Total
	capital	premium*	surplus*	reserve*	reserve*	scheme*	reserves*	reserve*	profits*	Sub-total	interests	equity
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			(附註a)	(附註b)			(附註c)	(附註d)				
			(Note a)	(Note b)			(Note c)	(Note d)				
於二零二三年一月一日 At 1st January, 2023	231,401	10,038,588	4,507,967	363,159	(2,748,473)	(166,250)	5,196,286	(8,727,518)	30,612,452	39,307,612	13,237,811	52,545,423
年內溢利 Profit for the year	-	-	-	=	-	-	-	-	5,223,705	5,223,705	1,835,181	7,058,886
按公平值計入其他全面收益的 Change in fair value of equ	ity											
權益工具公平值變動 (扣除 instruments at fair value												
税項) through other comprehe	ensive											
income, net of tax	=	-	=	-	-	-	(11,266)	-	-	(11,266)	(8,368)	(19,634)
重新計量界定福利計劃責任 Remeasurement of defined												
benefit plan obligations	-	=	-	=	-	=	(4,902)	=	=	(4,902)	(4,084)	(8,986)
換算海外業務產生的匯兑差額 Exchange differences arisin	ng on											
translation of foreign op	eration –	=	=	=	(1,234,822)	=	=	=	=	(1,234,822)	(367,200)	(1,602,022)
年內全面收益總額 Total comprehensive incom	ne for											
the year	-	-	-	-	(1,234,822)	-	(16,168)	-	5,223,705	3,972,715	1,455,529	5,428,244
非控股權益注資 Capital contribution from												
non-controlling interests	-	=	-	=	-	=	=	=	=	=	37,335	37,335
收購附屬公司(附註38) Acquisition of subsidiaries												
(Note 38)	-	=	-	(126,470)	-	=	=	=	=	(126,470)	9,171,441	9,044,971
已付股息 (附註12) Dividends paid (Note 12)	-	-	(2,381,626)	=	-	-	-	-	-	(2,381,626)	-	(2,381,626)
已付附屬公司非控股權益股息 Dividends paid to non-cont	rolling											
interests of subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,290,665)	(1,290,665)
自保留溢利轉出 Transfer from retained prof	its -	-	-	-		-	548,425	-	(548,425)	-	-	=
於二零二三年十二月三十一日 At 31st December, 2023	231,401	10,038,588	2,126,341	236,689	(3,983,295)	(166,250)	5,728,543	(8,727,518)	35,287,732	40,772,231	22,611,451	63,383,682

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

本公司擁有人應佔 Attributable to owners of the Company

		Attributable to owners of the Company														
		股本	股本	股本	股本	股份溢價*	缴入盈餘*	資本儲備*	匿兑儲備*	為獎勵計劃 持有之股份* Shares held for an incentive	其他儲備*	合併儲備*	保留溢利*	小計	非控股權益 Non-	绘·霍兰 必·霍兰
		Share	Share	Contributed	Capital	Translation	award	Other	Merger	Retained		controlling	Total			
		capital	premium*	surplus*	reserve*	reserve*	scheme*	reserves*	reserve*	profits*	Sub-total	interests	equity			
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元			
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000			
				(附註a)	(附註b)			(附註c)	(附註d)							
				(Note a)	(Note b)			(Note c)	(Note d)							
於二零二四年一月一日	At 1st January, 2024	231,401	10,038,588	2,126,341	236,689	(3,983,295)	(166,250)	5,728,543	(8,727,518)	35,287,732	40,772,231	22,611,451	63,383,682			
年內溢利	Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,088,148	4,088,148	1,660,146	5,748,294			
按公平值計入其他全面收益的	Change in fair value of equity															
權益工具公平值變動(扣除	instruments at fair value															
税項)	through other comprehensive															
	income, net of tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,403	-	-	20,403	60,975	81,378			
重新計量界定福利計劃責任	Remeasurement of defined															
	benefit plan obligations	-	-	-	-	-	-	(15,941)	-	-	(15,941)	(12,751)	(28,692)			
換算海外業務產生的匯兑差額	Exchange differences arising on															
	translation of foreign operation	-	-	-	-	(900,874)	-	-	-	-	(900,874)	(489,599)	(1,390,473)			
年內全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income for															
	the year	-	-	-	-	(900,874)	-	4,462	-	4,088,148	3,191,736	1,218,771	4,410,507			
非控股權益注資	Capital contribution from															
	non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	54,142	54,142			
收購附屬公司(附註38)	Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 38)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27,951	27,951			
出售獎勵計劃持有的股份	Disposal of shares held for															
	incentive award scheme	-	-	-	-	-	7,260	-	-	51,660	58,920	-	58,920			
已付股息(附註12)	Dividends paid (Note 12)	-	-	(2,126,341)	-	-	-	-	-	(724,579)	(2,850,920)	-	(2,850,920)			
已付附屬公司非控股權益股息	Dividends paid to non-controlling															
	interests of subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,113,306)	(1,113,306)			
自保留溢利轉出	Transfer from retained profits	-	-	-	-	-	-	462,157	-	(462,157)	-	-	-			
於二零二四年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2024	231,401	10,038,588	-	236,689	(4,884,169)	(158,990)	6,195,162	(8,727,518)	38,240,804	41,171,967	22,799,009	63,970,976			

綜合權益變動表

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2024

附註:

- 根據本公司於二零一一年五月三十日召開 的股東特別大會上批准的特別決議案,金 額為7,388,600,000港元的股份溢價進賬 額已轉撥至繳入盈餘。繳入盈餘為可分 配儲備並將用於支付股息及百慕達一九八 一年公司法容許的其他用途。截至二零 二四年十二月三十一日止年度,已動用 2.126.341.000港元(截至二零二三年十二 月三十一日止年度:2,381,626,000港元) 支付股息。
- 資本儲備來自就非控股權益調整的金額與 就收購/出售於附屬公司的權益所支付/ 收到的代價之間的差額。
- 其他儲備包括於中華人民共和國(「中國」) 成立的附屬公司的指定按公平值計入其他 全面收益權益工具公平值變動、一般儲 備、法定盈餘儲備、企業發展基金、法定 公益金及酌情盈餘儲備以及以注資方式增 加於附屬公司擁有權權益方面本集團應佔 資產淨值之變動。
 - 一般儲備乃每年自若干附屬公司的除税後 溢利按5%至10%的基準分配,並由彼等各 自的董事會根據各附屬公司組織章程細則 釐定。該儲備僅供彌補虧損、撥充資本及 擴充生產力和業務之用。
- 合併儲備指(i)已付現金代價、視為分派至 同系附屬公司及本公司所發行股份;與(ii) 集團重組中已合併實體之已發行股本及溢 價金額之間的差額。
- 有關儲備賬包括綜合財務狀況表中的綜合 儲備40,940,566,000港元(二零二三年: 40,540,830,000港元)。

Notes:

- Pursuant to the approval of a special resolution at the special general meeting of the Company on 30th May, 2011, the amount of HK\$7,388,600,000 standing to the credit of share premium has been transferred to the contributed surplus. The contributed surplus is a distributable reserve and will be used for the payment of dividends and for such other purposes as allowed by the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda. For the year ended 31st December, 2024, the amount of HK\$2,126,341,000 (for the year ended 31st December, 2023: HK\$2,381,626,000) has been used for the payment of dividends.
- h The capital reserve arose from the difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the consideration paid/received for the acquisition/disposal of interests in subsidiaries.
- Other reserves comprise the changes in fair value of equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income, general reserve, statutory surplus reserve, enterprise expansion fund, statutory public welfare fund and discretionary surplus reserve of subsidiaries established in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), and the changes in net assets attributable to the Group in relation to the increase in ownership interests in subsidiaries through capital contribution.

The general reserve is appropriated each year on the basis of 5% to 10% of the profit after taxation of certain subsidiaries as determined by their boards of directors in accordance with the articles of association of the subsidiaries. This reserve should only be used for making up losses, capitalisation into capital and expansion of production and operation.

- The merger reserve represented the difference between (i) the cash consideration paid, deemed distribution to a fellow subsidiary and shares issued by the Company; and (ii) the amount of issued capital and premium of the combined entities under group reorganisations.
- These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of HK\$40,940,566,000 (2023: HK\$40,540,830,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position.

第103頁至第248頁的附註構成本綜合財務 報表的一部分。

The notes on pages 103 to 248 form part of these consolidated financial statements.

綜合現金流量表 Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

		附註 NOTES	二零二四年 2024 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 千港元 HK\$'000
	OPERATING ACTIVITIES		,	
除税前溢利	Profit before taxation		7,746,214	8,909,045
調整:	Adjustments for:		7,740,214	0,909,043
財務成本	Finance costs	8	740,391	940,931
利息收入	Interest income	7	(308,421)	(381,019)
按公平值計入其他全面收益的權益工具的股息收入	Dividend income from equity instruments at fair value through	,	(000,421)	(001,010)
	other comprehensive income	7	(256)	(9,524)
已確認政府補助金	Government grants recognised		(44,068)	(80,321)
應佔合營公司及聯營公司業績	Share of results of joint ventures and associates		(748,321)	(644,322)
出售/ 撇銷物業、廠房及設	Gain on disposal/write-off of property,		(110,000)	(= : :, = =)
備收益	plant and equipment	7	(44,384)	(45,929)
出售使用權資產的收益	Gain on disposal of right-of-use assets	7	(38,212)	(29,056)
視為出售合營公司收益	Gain on deemed disposal of joint	·	(00,= 1 =)	(20,000)
視為出售聯營公司收益	ventures Gain on deemed disposal of	7	(741)	(382,127)
仍為田台聯呂召司农血	associates	7	_	(694,093)
應收貿易賬款減值確認	Impairment recognised on trade	1	_	(094,093)
凉 认 只勿怒 <u>冰</u> ,然且唯吣	receivables	9	72,714	143,496
其他應收款減值(撥回)/	Impairment (reversed)/recognised on	9	72,714	143,490
確認	other receivables	9	(6,218)	21,115
合同資產減值確認/(撥回)	Impairment recognised/(reversed) on	J	(0,210)	21,113
	contract assets	9	9,208	(6,064)
物業、廠房及設備折舊	Depreciation of property, plant and	3	3,200	(0,004)
100米 MM/00 X X IH JI 自	equipment	9	3,101,647	3,205,192
使用權資產折舊	Depreciation of right-of-use assets	9	317,232	423,929
投資物業折舊	Depreciation of investment properties	9	32,043	27,051
其他無形資產攤銷	Amortisation of other intangible assets	9	203,306	404,945
	-		200,000	
營運資金變動前的經營	Operating cash flows before movements			
現金流量	in working capital		11,032,134	11,803,249
存貨減少	Decrease in inventories		65,484	139,939
應收貿易賬款及其他應收款	Decrease/(increase) in trade and other		0.440.404	(4.077.000)
減少/(増加)	receivables		2,419,484	(1,877,996)
合同工程相關資產(增加)/	(Increase)/decrease in assets related to		(00.045)	500 500
減少	contract works		(60,945)	520,586
應付貿易賬款及其他應付款 (減少)/增加	(Decrease)/increase in trade and other		(0.004.100)	0.700.050
合同負債減少	payables Decrease in contract liabilities		(3,804,108) (555,798)	2,700,953 (1,064,060)
			• • •	
經營業務產生的現金	Cash generated from operations		9,096,251	12,222,671
已付中國企業所得稅	PRC Enterprise Income Tax paid		(2,094,425)	(2,066,078)
經營業務所得現金淨額	NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		7,001,826	10,156,593

綜合現金流量表

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

		附註 NOTES	二零二四年 2024 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 千港元 HK\$'000
投資業務	INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
贖回其他按金所得款項	Proceeds from redemption of other deposits		27,419,219	46,106,064
出售物業、廠房及設備	Proceeds from disposal of property,			
所得款項	plant and equipment		689,636	241,448
已收合營公司股息 合營公司減資收款	Dividends received from joint ventures Receipt from capital reduction of joint		484,817	24,372
	ventures		260,579	-
已收利息 提取/(存放)有抵押銀行存款	Interest received Withdrawal/(placement) of pledged bank		235,006	381,019
及受限制現金	deposits and restricted cash		213,797	(359,797)
已收聯營公司股息 來自一間同系附屬公司的 還款/(向一間同系附屬	Dividends received from associates Repayment from/(advance to) a fellow subsidiary		211,034	95,341
爱	Proceeds from disposal of right-of-use		139,501	(463,462)
	assets		72,925	57,917
業務合併	Business combinations	38	67,042	854,655
聯營公司減資收款	Receipt from capital reduction of associates		66,299	_
來自聯營公司的還款/(向聯營公司提供的墊款)	Repayment from/(advance to) associates	5	37,637	(12,289)
出售按公平值計入其他全面 收益的金融資產所得款項	Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		35,497	_
取得與物業、廠房及設備有關的	Receipt of government grants for		20,121	
政府補助金	property, plant and equipment		25,609	161,680
來自合營公司的還款	Repayment from joint ventures		16,552	_
使用權資產按金	Deposits for right-of-use assets		10,583	(306,149)
存放其他存款 購置物業、廠房及設備的付款	Placement of other deposits Payments for acquisition of property,		(27,851,167)	(44,436,458)
	plant and equipment		(4,197,563)	(5,148,990)
使用權資產付款	Payments for right-of-use assets		(146,199)	(189,854)
於聯營公司的投資	Investments in associates		(13,211)	=
於合營公司的投資	Investments in joint venture		(5,399)	(1,565,819)
出售按公平值計入損益的 金融資產所得款項	Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or			
机次拉合	loss		-	34,657
投資按金 購置投資物業的付款	Deposits for investments Payments for acquisition of investment		-	(4,915)
	properties			(2,350)
投資業務所用現金淨額	NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(2,227,806)	(4,532,930)

綜合現金流量表

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

		附註 NOTES	二零二四年 2024 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 千港元 HK\$'000
融資業務	FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
新增銀行及其他借貸	New bank and other loans		25,153,935	26,120,879
償還銀行及其他借貸	Repayment of bank and other loans		(24,379,530)	(22,131,882)
償還予中間控股公司	Repayment to an intermediate holding company		(3,800,000)	(2,500,000
償還予合營公司	Repayment to joint ventures		(11,683)	(20,057)
償還予同系附屬公司	Repayment to fellow subsidiaries		(11,000)	(2,238,960)
非控股股東注資	Contribution from non-controlling			(2,200,000)
) I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	shareholders		54,142	37,335
墊付自中間控股公司	Advance from an intermediate holding		0 1,1 1=	0.,000
ENT NAME OF THE PROPERTY OF TH	company		_	3,800,000
墊付自非控股股東	Advance from non-controlling shareholders		168,151	29,739
已付股息	Dividends paid		(2,850,920)	(2,381,626)
已付非控股股東股息	Dividends paid to non-controlling shareholders		(902,493)	(1,290,665)
已付利息	Interest paid		(724,264)	(919,010)
信 還超短期商業票據	Repayment of super short-term		(724,204)	(919,010)
貝 塞四位州问未示修	commercial papers		_	(322,839)
租約付款主要部分	Principal portion of lease payments		(194,243)	(145,037)
出售為獎勵計劃持有的股份	Proceeds from disposal of shares held		(194,240)	(143,037)
所得款項	for incentive award scheme		58,920	_
			30,920	
融資業務所用現金淨額	NET CASH USED IN FINANCING			
	ACTIVITIES		(7,427,985)	(1,962,123)
現金及現金等價物(減少)/	NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH			
增加淨額	AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(2,653,965)	3,661,540
年初現金及現金等價物	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT			
	THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		9,978,468	6,437,479
匯率變動的影響,淨額	Effect of exchange rate changes, net		(225,867)	(120,551)
年終現金及現金等價物,即銀行	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
結餘及現金	AT THE END OF THE YEAR,			
	REPRESENTED BY BANK BALANCES			
	AND CASH		7,098,636	9,978,468

綜合現金流量表

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2024

		附註 NOTES	二零二四年 2024 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 千港元 HK\$'000
綜合財務狀況表內的銀行結餘 及現金	Bank balances and cash in the consolidated statement of financial position		7,530,584	9,978,468
減:存放期限在三個月以上的 銀行存款	Less: deposits with banks with more than three months to maturity when placed		(431,948)	_
綜合現金流量表中的現金及 現金等價物	Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated cash flow statement		7,098,636	9,978,468

第103頁至第248頁的附註構成本綜合財務 報表的一部分。

The notes on pages 103 to 248 form part of these consolidated financial statements.

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2024

1. 一般資料

本公司為一家於百慕達註冊成立的獲 豁免的上市有限公司,其股份於香港 聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上 市,其中間母公司為於香港計冊成立 的華潤(集團)有限公司(「華潤集團公 司1);而其最終控股公司為中國華潤 有限公司(「中國華潤」),該公司為一 家於中國成立的公司。本公司註冊辦 事處及主要營業地點的地址於本年報 內公司資料一節披露。

本公司為一家投資控股公司,其主要 附屬公司、合營公司及聯營公司的業 務分別載於附註46、47及48。

綜合財務報表以港元(「港元」)呈列, 原因為本公司為一家股份於香港聯交 所上市的上市公司, 而其大部分投資 者亦在香港,因此本公司董事認為在 呈列本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集 團」)經營業績及財務狀況時使用港元 更為合適。

2. 編製基準

於編製本綜合財務報表時,有見 及於二零二四年十二月三十一日 本集團的流動負債超逾其流動資產 24,369,132,000港元及本集團有資本 承擔131,100,000港元,本公司董事 已審慎考慮本集團的未來流動資金狀 况。於二零二四年十二月三十一日, 本集團的銀行及其他借貸及中期票 據合共23,000,859,000港元,其中 14,258,623,000港元被分類為流動負 債。

本公司董事認為,經計及本集團未動 用的銀行融資27,680,818,000港元 及內部產生資金,本集團有充足營運 資金可滿足二零二四年十二月三十一 日起計未來十二個月的現時需求。因 此,本綜合財務報表以持續經營基准 予以編製。

1. GENERAL

The Company is a listed public company incorporated in Bermuda as an exempted company with limited liability and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The Company's intermediate parent company is China Resources (Holdings) Company Limited ("CRH"), a company incorporated in Hong Kong, and its ultimate holding company is China Resources Company Limited ("CRCL"), a company established in the PRC. The addresses of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the Corporate Information of the annual report.

The Company is an investment holding company. The activities of its principal subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates are set out in notes 46, 47 and 48, respectively.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") as the Company is a public company with its shares listed on the Stock Exchange in Hong Kong where most of its investors are located, and therefore, the directors of the Company consider that HK\$ is preferable in presenting the operating results and financial position of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group").

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company have given careful consideration to the future liquidity of the Group in light of the fact that the Group's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by HK\$24,369,132,000, and the Group had capital commitments of HK\$131,100,000 as at 31st December, 2024. As at 31st December, 2024, the Group had bank and other borrowings and medium-term notes totalling of HK\$23,000,859,000, of which HK\$14,258,623,000 was classified as current liabilities.

The directors of the Company are of the opinion that, taking into account of the unutilised banking facilities of HK\$27,680,818,000 and internally generated funds of the Group, the Group has sufficient working capital for its present requirements for the next twelve months from 31st December, 2024. Accordingly, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

綜合財務報表附註

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2024

3.1 會計政策變更

本集團已就本會計期間的綜合財務報 表應用以下由香港會計師公會頒佈的 經修訂香港財務報告準則:

香港會計準則 財務報告的呈列:

第1號的修訂 負債分類為流動或

非流動負債(「二零 二零年修訂本1)及 香港會計準則第1號 的修訂,財務報告 的呈列:附帶契約 的非流動負債(「二

零二二年修訂本」)

香港會計準則 租賃:售後租回之 第16號的修訂 租賃負債

香港會計準則 現金流量表及香港 第7號的修訂 財務報告準則第7

> 號,金融工具:披 露一供應商融資安 排

本集團尚未應用於本會計期間尚未生 效的任何新準則或詮釋。採納經修訂 香港財務報告準則的影響討論如下:

3.1 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Group has applied the following amended Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") to these consolidated financial statements for the current accounting period:

Amendments to Hong Kong Accounting Standard ("HKAS") 1

statements - Classification of liabilities as current or noncurrent ("2020 amendments") and amendments to HKAS 1, Presentation of financial statements - Non-current liabilities with covenants ("2022

Presentation of financial

amendments")

Amendments to HKAS 16

Leases - Lease liability in a sale

and leaseback

Amendments to HKAS 7

Statement of cash flows and HKFRS 7, Financial instruments: disclosures - Supplier finance

arrangements

The Group has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period. Impacts of the adoption of the amended HKFRSs are discussed below:

3.1 會計政策變更(續)

香港會計準則第1號的修訂 - 財務報 告的呈列(二零二零年及二零二二年 修訂本,統稱為香港會計準則第1號 修訂本)

香港會計準則第1號修訂本影響負債 的流動或非流動分類,並一起追溯應 用。

二零二零年修訂本主要説明可用自身 股權工具結算的負債的分類。倘負債 的條款可由交易方選擇,通過轉讓實 體自身的權益工具進行結算,且該轉 換選擇作為權益工具入賬,則相關條 款不會影響負債的流動或非流動分 類。否則,權益工具的轉讓將構成負 債的清償並影響分類。

二零二二年修訂本規定,實體在報告 日期後須遵守的條件不影響負債的流 動或非流動分類。然而,實體須受該 等條件限制披露相關非流動負債的信 息。

3.1 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Amendments to HKAS 1, Presentation of financial statements (the 2020 and 2022 amendments, collectively the "HKAS 1 amendments")

The HKAS 1 amendments impact the classification of a liability as current or non-current, and have been applied retrospectively as a package.

The 2020 amendments primarily clarify the classification of a liability that can be settled in its own equity instruments. If the terms of a liability could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the transfer of the entity's own equity instruments and that conversion option is accounted for as an equity instrument, these terms do not affect the classification of the liability as current or non-current. Otherwise, the transfer of equity instruments would constitute settlement of the liability and impact classification.

The 2022 amendments specify that conditions with which an entity must comply after the reporting date do not affect the classification of a liability as current or non-current. However, the entity is required to disclose information about non-current liabilities subject to such conditions.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2024

3.1 會計政策變更(續)

香港財務報告準則第16號的修訂,租 賃:售後租回之租賃負債

該等修訂本闡述實體如何於交易日期 後對售後租回進行會計處理。該等修 訂本要求賣方一承租人應用租賃負債 後續會計的一般要求,其方式不確認 與其保留的使用權相關的任何收益或 虧損。賣方一承租人須將該等修訂本 追溯應用於首次應用日期後訂立的售 後租回交易。由於本集團並未進行任 何售後租回交易,因此該等修訂本對 該等財務報表並無重大影響。

香港會計準則第7號的修訂,現金流 量表及香港財務報告準則第7號,金 融工具:披露-供應商融資安排

該等修訂本引入新的披露規定,以提 高供應商融資安排的透明度及其對實 體的負債、現金流量及流動資金風險 的影響。

上述修訂本不會對本集團本年度及過 往年度的業績及財務狀況的編製及於 該等綜合財務報表的呈列方式造成重 大影響。

3.1 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Amendments to HKFRS 16, Leases - Lease liability in a sale and leaseback

The amendments clarify how an entity accounts for a sale and leaseback after the date of the transaction. The amendments require the seller-lessee to apply the general requirements for subsequent accounting of the lease liability in such a way that it does not recognise any gain or loss relating to the right of use it retains. A seller-lessee is required to apply the amendments retrospectively to sale and leaseback transactions entered into after the date of initial application. The amendments do not have a material impact on these financial statements as the Group has not entered into any sale and leaseback transactions.

Amendments to HKAS 7, Statement of cash flows and HKFRS 7, Financial instruments: disclosures - Supplier finance arrangements

The amendments introduce new disclosure requirements to enhance transparency of supplier finance arrangements and their effects on an entity's liabilities, cash flows and exposure to liquidity risk.

The above amendments have no material effect on how the Group's results and financial position for the current and prior years have been prepared and presented in these consolidated financial statements.

3.2 已頒佈但尚未生效的香港財 務報告準則

截至本綜合財務報表刊發日期,香港 會計師公會已頒佈多項於截至二零二 四年十二月三十一日止年度尚未生效 且尚未於本財務報表中採納的新訂或 經修訂準則。該等修訂包括以下可能 與本集團有關的事項。

> 在以下日期 或之後開始 的會計期間 生效

香港會計準則第21號 二零二五年

(修訂本)-外匯匯 一月一日

率變動的影響:缺 乏可兑换性

香港財務報告準則 二零二六年

第9號,金融工具 一月一日

及香港財務報告 準則第7號,金融 工具:披露(修訂 本)-針對金融工 具的分類及計量之

香港財務報告準則之 二零二六年 年度改進 - 第11 一月一日

∰

修訂

香港財務報告準則第 二零二十年 18號,財務報表之 一月一日

呈列及披露

香港財務報告準則第 二零二七年 一月一日 19號,非公眾受托

責任附屬公司:披

本公司董事認為採納該等修訂不大可 能對綜合財務報表產生重大影響。

3.2 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

Up to the date of issue of these consolidated financial statements, the HKICPA has issued a number of new or amended standards, which are not yet effective for the year ended 31st December, 2024 and which have not been adopted in these financial statements. These developments include the following which may be relevant to the Group.

> Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after

Amendments to HKAS 21, The effects of changes in 1st January, 2025

foreign exchange rates - Lack of exchangeability

Amendments to HKFRS 9, Financial instruments 1st January, 2026

and HKFRS 7, Financial instruments: disclosures

- Amendments to the classification and measurement of financial instruments

Annual improvements to HKFRSs - Volume 11 1st January, 2026

HKFRS 18. Presentation and disclosure in financial 1st January, 2027

statements

HKFRS 19, Subsidiaries without public 1st January, 2027

accountability: disclosures

The directors of the Company consider the adoption of these amendments is unlikely to have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2024

4. 重大會計政策

合規聲明

本綜合財務報表乃根據所有適用的香 港財務報告準則編製,此統稱包括香 港會計師公會所頒佈的所有適用的個 別香港財務報告準則、香港會計準則 及詮釋以及香港公司條例的披露規 定。本綜合財務報表亦遵守聯交所證 券上市規則的適用披露條文。本集團 採納的重大會計政策披露如下。

綜合財務報表的編製基準

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年 度的綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附 屬公司以及本集團於聯營公司及合營 公司的權益。

除於各個報告期末按公平值計算的若 干金融工具外,綜合財務報表乃根據 歷史成本基準編製,已在下列會計政 策中作出解釋。

歷史成本一般以交換貨品及服務時給 予代價的公平值為基準。

公平值是於計量日期市場參與者於有 秩序交易中出售資產可收取或轉讓負 債須支付的價格, 而不論該價格是否 直接可觀察或可使用其他估值技術估 計。若市場參與者於計量日期對資產 或負債定價時會考慮資產或負債的特 點,則本集團於估計資產或負債的公 平值時會考慮該等特點。此等綜合財 務報表中作計量及/或披露用途的公 平值乃按此基準釐定,惟屬於香港財 務報告準則第2號「以股份為基礎的付 款」(「香港財務報告準則第2號」)範圍 的以股份付款的交易、屬於香港財務 報告準則第16號「租賃」範圍內的租 賃交易,以及與公平值有部分相若地 方但並非公平值的計量,譬如香港會 計準則第2號「存貨」內的可變現淨額 或香港會計準則第36號「資產減值」 的使用價值除外(「香港會計準則第36 號」)。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable HKFRSs, which collective term includes all applicable individual HKFRS, HKAS and Interpretations issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These consolidated financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange. Material accounting policies adopted by the Group are disclosed below.

Basis of preparation of the consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st December, 2024 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries and the Group's interest in associates and joint ventures.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for sharebased payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 Share-based payment ("HKFRS 2"), leasing transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 16 Leases, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 Inventories or value in use in HKAS 36 Impairment of assets ("HKAS 36").

4. 重大會計政策(續)

綜合財務報表的編製基準(續)

此外,就財務呈報而言,公平值計量 根據公平值計量的輸入數據可觀察程 度及公平值計量的輸入數據對其整體 的重要性分類為第一級、第二級或第 三級,詳情如下:

- 第一級輸入數據是實體於計量日 期可以取得的相同資產或負債於 活躍市場之報價(未經調整);
- 第二級輸入數據是就資產或負債 直接或間接地可觀察之輸入數據 (第一級內包括的報價除外);及
- 第三級輸入數據是資產或負債的 不可觀察輸入數據。

合併基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其所控制 實體及其附屬公司的財務報表。倘本 公司符合以下條件時,即取得控制 權:

- 可對投資對象行使權力;
- 因參與投資對象業務而承受浮動 回報的風險或享有權利;及
- 有能力動用其權力影響其回報。

倘有事實及情況顯示上述三項控制因 素之一項或多項出現變化,本集團將 重新評估其是否控制投資對象。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of preparation of the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date:
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved where the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2024

4. 重大會計政策(續)

合併基準(續)

倘本集團於投資對象的投票權未能佔 大多數,但只要投票權足以賦予本集 團實際能力可單方面掌控投資對象之 相關業務時,本集團即對投資對象擁 有權力。一般而言,推定多數投票權 形成控制權。在評估本集團於投資對 象的投票權是否足以賦予其權力時, 本集團考慮所有相關事實及情況,包 括:

- 本集團持有投票權之規模相較其 他投票權持有人所持投票權之規 模及分散度;
- 本集團、其他投票權持有人或其 他人士持有之潛在投票權;
- 其他合同安排產生之權利;及
- 於需要作出決定時,本集團當前 能否掌控相關活動(包括於過往 股東大會上的投票方式)。

附屬公司之合並入賬自本集團取得有 關附屬公司之控制權起開始,並於本 集團失去有關附屬公司之控制權時終 止。具體而言,年內所收購或出售附 屬公司之收入及開支乃自本集團取得 控制權之日期起計入綜合損益及其他 綜合收益表,直至本集團不再控制有 關附屬公司之日期為止。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of consolidation (Continued)

When the Group has less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee, it has power over the investee when the voting rights are sufficient to give it the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee unilaterally. Generally, there is a presumption that the majority of voting rights results in control. The Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether or not the Group's voting rights in an investee are sufficient to give it power, including:

- the size of the Group's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders:
- potential voting rights held by the Group, other vote holders or other parties;
- rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- the current ability to direct the relevant activities at the time that decisions need to be made, including voting patterns at previous shareholders' meetings.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

合併基準(續)

損益及其他全面收益之每個項目乃歸 屬於本公司擁有人及非控股權益。附 屬公司之全面收益總額歸屬於本公司 擁有人及非控股權益,即使此舉會導 致非控股權益產生虧絀結餘。

於必要時,將對附屬公司之財務報表 作出調整,以令彼等之會計政策與本 集團之會計政策一致。

有關本集團成員公司之間交易的所有 集團內公司間之資產及負債、權益、 收入、支出及現金流量於合併時悉數 抵銷。

本集團於現有附屬公司所有權權益的 變動

本集團於現有附屬公司所有權的權益 出現變動,但並無導致本集團失去該 等附屬公司的控制權,均以權益交易 入賬。本集團相關權益組成部分及非 控股權益的賬面值予以調整,以反映 彼等於附屬公司的相關權益的變動, 包括按本集團及非控股權益的權益比 例在兩者之間重新分配相關儲備。

非控股權益於重新歸屬相關權益組成 部分後的調整款額與所付或所收代價 的公平值兩者之間的差額,均直接於 權益確認並歸屬於本公司擁有人。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Profit or loss and each item of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the noncontrolling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the noncontrolling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's relevant components of equity and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries, including re-attribution of relevant reserves between the Group and the non-controlling interests according to the Group's and the noncontrolling interests' proportionate interests.

Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted after re-attribution of the relevant equity component, and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2024

4. 重大會計政策(續)

業務合併

並非合併共同控制業務的收購業務採 用收購法入賬。業務合併中之轉讓代 價按公平值計量,而計算方法為本集 團所轉讓資產、本集團自被收購方原 股東承接之負債及本集團為交換被收 購方之控制權而發行之股權於收購當 日之公平值總額。有關收購之成本通 常於產生時於損益中確認。

當所收購的一組活動及資產包括對共 同創造產出能力作出重大貢獻的資源 投入及一項實質過程,本集團認為其 已收購一項業務。

於收購日期,所收購之可識別資產及 所承擔之負債乃於收購日期按公平值 確認,惟以下情況除外:

- 遞延税項資產或負債及與僱員福 利安排有關的資產或負債分別按 香港會計準則第12號「所得税」 及香港會計準則第19號 [僱員福 利 |確認及計量;
- 與被收購方的以股份為基礎的付 款安排或為取代被收購方的以股 份為基礎的付款安排而訂立的本 集團的以股份為基礎的付款安排 有關的負債或權益工具,乃於收 購日期按香港財務報告準則第2 號計量;及
- 根據香港財務報告準則第5號 「持作出售的非流動資產及已終 *止經營業務*」分類為持作出售的 資產(或出售組別)根據該準則 計量。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Business combinations

Acquisitions of businesses that are not combinations of business under common control are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

The Group determines that it has acquired a business when the acquired set of activities and assets includes an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create outputs.

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair value at the acquisition date, except that:

- deferred tax assets or liabilities, and assets or liabilities related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with HKAS 12 Income taxes and HKAS 19 Employee benefits respectively;
- liabilities or equity instruments related to share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree or share-based payment arrangements of the Group entered into to replace share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree are measured in accordance with HKFRS 2 at the acquisition date; and
- assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with HKFRS 5 Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations are measured in accordance with that standard.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

業務合併(續)

商譽是以所轉撥之代價、被收購方之 任何非控股權益金額及收購方以往持 有之被收購方股權之公平值(如有)之 總和,減所收購之可識別資產及於收 購日期所承擔之負債之淨值後之差額 計值。倘經重估後,所收購之可識別 資產與所承擔負債於收購日期之淨額 高於轉撥之代價、被收購方之任何非 控股權益金額以及收購方以往持有之 被收購方權益之公平值(如有)之總 和,則差額即時於損益內確認為議價 收購收益。

現時屬擁有權權益且於清盤時賦予持 有人權利可按比例分佔有關附屬公司 資產淨值的非控股權益,可初步按非 控股權益應佔被收購方可識別資產淨 值的已確認金額比例或公平值計量。 計量基準視乎每項交易而作出選擇。 其他種類的非控股權益乃按其公平值 計量。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Business combinations (Continued)

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net amount of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed as at acquisition date. If, after re-assessment, the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the relevant subsidiary's net assets in the event of liquidation are initially measured at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets or at fair value. The choice of measurement basis is made on a transaction-by-transaction basis. Other types of non-controlling interests are measured at their fair value.

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4. 重大會計政策(續)

涉及受共同控制實體的業務合併的合 併會計處理

綜合財務報表計入發生共同控制合併 的合併實體或業務的財務報表項目, 猶如該等實體或業務在該等合併實體 或業務首次受控制方控制當日便已合 併一樣。

合併實體或業務的資產淨值乃按最終 控制方認為的現有賬面值綜合入賬。 本集團並無就商譽或就收購公司於被 收購公司可識別資產、負債及或然負 債的公平淨值中應佔權益超出共同控 制下合併時的成本的部份確認任何金 額,惟以控制方持續擁有權益為限。

綜合全面收入報表包括自最早呈列日 期起或自該等合併實體或業務首次受 共同控制當日起(以期限較短者為準) 直至出售日期(視適用情況而定)各合 併實體或業務的業績。

綜合財務報表的可比較金額乃按猶如 該等實體或業務在上一個報告期間或 於首次受共同控制時(以期限較短者 為準)直至出售日期(視適用情況而 定)已合併的方式重列。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Merger accounting for business combinations involving entities under common control

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements items of the combining entities or businesses in which the common control combination occurs as if they had been combined from the date when the combining entities or businesses first came under the control of the controlling party.

The net assets of the combining entities or businesses are consolidated using the existing book values from the ultimate controlling parties' perspective. No amount is recognised in respect of goodwill or excess of acquirer's interest in the net fair value of acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over cost at the time of common control combination, to the extent of the continuation of the controlling party's interest.

The consolidated statement of comprehensive income includes the results of each of the combining entities or businesses from the earliest date presented or since the date when the combining entities or businesses first came under the common control, where this is a shorter period and up to the date of disposal, as appropriate.

The comparative amounts in the consolidated financial statements are restated as if the entities or businesses had been combined at the previous reporting period or when they first came under common control, whichever is shorter and up to the date of disposal, as appropriate.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

商譽

收購業務所產生商譽,乃按於業務收 購日期(請參閱上文的會計政策)確立 的成本減任何累計減值虧損(若有)入 賬。

就減值測試而言, 商譽會分配至預期 會從合併獲得協同效益的本集團各現 金產生單位(或現金產生單位組別), 而該單位或單位組別指就內部管理目 的監控商譽的最低水平且不超過經營 分類。

獲分配商譽的現金產生單位(或現金 產生單位組別)會每年或於單位出現 減值跡象時更頻繁進行減值測試。就 於報告期內收購產生的商譽,獲分配 商譽的現金產生單位(或現金產生單 位組別)會於該報告期結束前進行減 值測試。倘若現金產生單位的可收回 金額少於其賬面值,則減值虧損會首 先分配以削減任何商譽的賬面值,其 後按各項資產所佔單位(或現金產生 單位組別)的賬面值比例分配至其他 資產。

於出售有關現金產生單位時,在釐定 出售溢利或虧損金額時會計入應佔的 商譽數額(或本集團監控商譽的現金 產生單位組別中的任何現金產生單 位)。

本集團對於收購聯營公司及合營公司 產生的商譽的政策載列如下。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business (see the accounting policy above) less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units (or groups of cashgenerating units) that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, which represent the lowest level at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes and not larger than an operating segment.

A cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently whenever there is indication that the unit may be impaired. For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a reporting period, the cash-generating unit (or group of cashgenerating units) to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that reporting period. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill, and then to the other assets on a pro-rata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit (or group of cash-generating units).

On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the amount of profit or loss on disposal (or any of the cash-generating unit within group of cash-generating units in which the Group monitors goodwill).

The Group's policy for goodwill arising on the acquisition of an associate and a joint venture is described below.

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4. 重大會計政策(續)

於聯營公司及合營公司的投資

聯營公司指本集團可對其產生重大影 響的實體。重大影響指參與被投資公 司的財務及營運決策的權力,而非控 制或共同控制有關政策的權力。

合營公司乃一項合營安排, 對安排擁 有共同控制權的訂約方據此對合營安 排的資產淨值擁有權利。共同控制權 指按照合同協定對一項安排所共有的 控制權,僅在相關活動必須獲得共同 享有控制權的各方一致同意方能決定 時存在。

聯營公司或合營公司的業績、資產及 負債採用權益會計法納入該等綜合財 務報表。按權益法核算的聯營公司及 合營公司的財務報表乃按與本集團就 同類交易及同類事項的統一會計政策 編製。根據權益法,於聯營公司或合 營公司的投資按成本於綜合財務狀況 表中初步確認,其後經調整以確認本 集團所佔聯營公司或合營公司損益及 其他全面收益。除損益及其他全面收 益外,聯營公司/合營公司的資產淨 值變動不予入賬,除非該等變動導致 本集團持有的所有權權益出現變動。 倘本集團應佔聯營公司或合營公司的 虧損超過本集團於該聯營公司或合營 公司的權益,則本集團會終止確認其 應佔的進一步虧損。額外虧損僅以本 集團已產生法律或推定責任或代表該 聯營公司或合營公司所作付款為限進 行確認。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Investments in associates and joint ventures

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint arrangement. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates or joint ventures are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. The financial statements of associates and joint ventures used for equity accounting purposes are prepared using uniform accounting policies as those of the Group for like transactions and events in similar circumstances. Under the equity method, an investment in an associate or a joint venture is initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate or joint venture. Changes in net assets of the associate/joint venture other than profit or loss and other comprehensive income are not accounted for unless such changes resulted in changes in ownership interest held by the Group. When the Group's share of losses of an associate or a joint venture exceeds the Group's interest in that associate or joint venture, the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate or joint venture.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

於聯營公司及合營公司的投資(續)

自投資對象成為一家聯營公司或合營 公司當日起,對聯營公司或合營公司 的投資採用權益法入賬。於收購一間 聯營公司或合營公司的投資時,投資 成本高於本集團應佔投資對象可識別 資產及負債公平淨值的數額確認為商 譽。有關商譽計入投資的賬面值。本 集團所佔可識別資產及負債的公平淨 值高於投資成本之數額,則會於重新 評估後於收購投資期間即時於損益內 確認。

香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」 (「香港財務報告準則第9號」)之規定 予以應用,以釐定是否需要就本集團 於聯營公司或合營公司之投資確認任 何減值虧損。於需要時,該項投資之 全部賬面值(包括商譽)會根據香港會 計準則第36號以單一資產的方式進行 減值測試,方法是比較其可收回金額 (即使用價值與公平值減出售成本兩者 中之較高者)與賬面值。任何已確認 之減值虧損構成該項投資賬面值之一 部分。有關減值虧損之任何撥回乃於 該項投資之可收回金額其後增加之情 況下根據香港會計準則第36號確認。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Investments in associates and joint ventures (Continued)

An investment in an associate or a joint venture is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes an associate or a joint venture. On acquisition of the investment in an associate or a joint venture, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

The requirements of HKFRS 9 Financial instruments ("HKFRS 9") are applied to determine whether it is necessary to recognise any impairment loss with respect to the Group's investment in an associate or a joint venture. When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

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4. 重大會計政策(續)

於聯營公司及合營公司的投資(續)

倘本集團不再對聯營公司有重大影響 力或失去對合營公司的共同控制權, 其入賬列作出售被投資方的全部權 益,所產生的盈虧於損益確認。倘根 據香港財務報告準則第9號之範圍, 本集團保留於前聯營公司或合營公司 之權益,且保留權益為金融資產時, 則本集團於當日按公平值計量保留權 益,而公平值則被視為初步確認時之 公平值。聯營公司或合營公司之賬面 值與任何保留權益之公平值及出售聯 營公司或合營公司相關權益任何所得 款項之間的差額,乃計入釐定出售聯 營公司或合營公司之損益。此外,倘 該聯營公司或合營公司直接出售相關 資產或負債,則本集團可能需要按相 同基準計入有關該聯營公司或合營公 司的以往於其他全面收益確認的所有 金額。因此, 倘聯營公司或合營公司 以往於其他全面收益確認之盈虧重新 分類為出售相關資產或負債之損益, 待出售/部分出售有關聯營公司或合 營公司後,本集團將權益盈虧重新分 類至損益(列作重新分類調整)。

當於聯營公司之投資成為對合營公司 之投資或於合營公司之投資成為對聯 營公司之投資時,本集團繼續使用權 益法。於相關所有權權益發生變動 時,不會對公平值進行重新計量。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Investments in associates and joint ventures (Continued)

When the Group ceases to have significant influence over an associate or joint control over a joint venture, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in the investee with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. When the Group retains an interest in the former associate or joint venture and the retained interest is a financial asset within the scope of HKFRS 9, the Group measures the retained interest at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition. The difference between the carrying amount of the associate or joint venture and the fair value of any retained interest and any proceeds from disposing the relevant interest in the associate or joint venture is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate or joint venture. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate or joint venture on the same basis as would be required if that associate or joint venture had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that associate or joint venture would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) upon disposal/partial disposal of the relevant associate or joint venture.

The Group continues to use the equity method when an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or an investment in a joint venture becomes an investment in an associate. There is no remeasurement to fair value upon such changes in ownership interests.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

於聯營公司及合營公司的投資(續)

當本集團削減於聯營公司或合營公司 之所有權權益但繼續使用權益法時, 倘以往於其他全面收益確認有關削減 所有權權益之盈虧部分將於出售相關 資產或負債時重新分類至損益,則本 集團會將該盈虧重新分類至損益。

倘一集團實體與本集團之聯營公司或 合營公司交易,與該聯營公司或合營 公司交易所產生之損益只會在有關聯 營公司或合營公司之權益與本集團無 關的情況下,才會在本集團之綜合財 務報表確認。

確認收益

來自客戶合同的收入

來自客戶合同的收益於貨物或服務控 制權轉讓至客戶時確認,其余額反映 本集團預期就交換該等貨物或服務而 有權獲得的代價。

當合同中的代價包括可變金額時,代 價金額乃估計為本集團有權就貨物或 服務轉讓至客戶而換取的金額。可變 代價於合同開始時估計並受限制,直 至可變代價的有關不明朗因素其後解 决,而已確認的累計收益金額的大額 收益撥回極有可能不會發生為止。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Investments in associates and joint ventures (Continued)

When the Group reduces its ownership interest in an associate or a joint venture but the Group continues to use the equity method, the Group reclassifies to profit or loss the proportion of the gain or loss that had previously been recognised in other comprehensive income relating to that reduction in ownership interest if that gain or loss would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities.

When a group entity transacts with an associate or a joint venture of the Group, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate or joint venture are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate or joint venture that are not related to the Group.

Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of goods or services is transferred to the customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

When the consideration in a contract includes a variable amount, the amount of consideration is estimated to which the Group will be entitled in exchange for transferring the goods or services to the customer. The variable consideration is estimated at contract inception and constrained until it is highly probable that a significant revenue reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur when the associated uncertainty with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved.

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4. 重大會計政策(續)

確認收益(續)

來自客戶合同的收入(續)

倘合同載有融資部分及其向客戶提供 就超過一年為轉讓貨物或服務予客戶 撥付資金而產生的重大利益時,收入 按應收款項的現值計量,並使用於合 同開始時本集團與該客戶訂立的個別 融資交易中所反映的折現率貼現。倘 合同載有向本集團提供超過一年的重 大財務利益的融資部分,則根據該合 同確認的收入包括根據實際利率法計 算的合同負債所附有的利息開支。對 於客戶作出付款至轉讓承諾貨物或服 務的期限為一年或以下的合同,該交 易價格不會採用香港財務報告準則第 15號「來自客戶合同的收入」(「香港財 務報告準則第15號」)下的可行權宜方 式就重大融資部分的影響作出調整。

(a) 貨物銷售(包括氣體燃料、燃氣 器具及相關產品)

銷售貨品的收益乃分別於資產控 制權轉移至客戶(一般為客戶使 用氣體燃料及交付燃氣器具及相 關產品)時確認。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenue recognition (Continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

When the contract contains a financing component which provides the customer with a significant benefit of financing the transfer of goods or services to the customer for more than one year, revenue is measured at the present value of the amount receivable, discounted using the discount rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction between the Group and the customer at contract inception. When the contract contains a financing component which provides the Group with a significant financial benefit for more than one year, revenue recognised under the contract includes the interest expense accreted on the contract liability under the effective interest method. For a contract where the period between the payment by the customer and the transfer of the promised goods or services is one year or less, the transaction price is not adjusted for the effects of a significant financing component, using the practical expedient in HKFRS 15 Revenue from contracts with customers ("HKFRS 15").

(a) Sale of goods (including gas fuel, gas appliances and related products)

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised at the point in time when control of the asset is transferred to the customer, generally when the gas fuel is used by the customers and on delivery of the gas appliances and related products, respectively.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

確認收益(續)

來自客戶合同的收入(續)

(b) 燃氣接駁/設計及建設服務

來自提供燃氣接駁、設計及建設 服務的收益乃按時間確認, 並參 考年內已產生成本與履行合約的 估計總成本的比例按輸入法計 量。當無法可靠估計燃氣接駁建 築合同的結果時, 收益僅以可能 收回的已產生的合同成本為限進 行確認。

向客戶提出的索償乃本集團尋求 從客戶收回的金額,作為原有建 造合同中未包含的工程範圍的成 本及邊際溢利補償。索償列賬為 可變代價並受限制,直至可變代 價的有關不明朗因素其後解決, 而已確認的累計收益金額的大額 收益撥回極有可能不會發生時 止。本集團使用預期價值法估計 索償金額,此乃由於該方法為預 測本集團將有權獲得的可變代價 金額的最佳方法。

(c) 綜合能源服務

綜合能源服務收益於產品或服務 的控制權轉讓至客戶時確認,其 金額為按本集團預期有權獲得的 承諾代價。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenue recognition (Continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

(b) Gas connection/design and construction services

Revenue from the provision of gas connection and design and construction services is recognised over time, measured based on the input method by reference to the costs incurred during the year relative to the estimated total costs for satisfaction of the contract. When the outcome of a construction contract for gas connection cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of contract cost incurred that is probable to be recoverable.

Claims to customers are amounts that the Group seeks to collect from the customers as reimbursement of costs and margins for scope of works not included in the original construction contract. Claims are accounted for as variable consideration and constrained until it is highly probable that a significant revenue reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur when the associated uncertainty with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved. The Group uses the expected value method to estimate the amounts of claims because this method best predicts the amount of variable consideration to which the Group will be entitled.

(c) Integrated energy service

Revenue from integrated energy service is recognised when control over a product or service is transferred to the customer at the amount of promised consideration to which the group is expected to be entitled.

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4. 重大會計政策(續)

確認收益(續)

其他來源的收益

利息收入採用實際利率法按應計基準 確認,方法為採用該利率將於金融工 具之預計年期(或較短期間,倘適用) 內之估計未來應收現金準確地貼現為 該金融資產之賬面淨值。

股息收入於股東收取付款之權利被確 立時確認,與股息相關的經濟利益可 能將流入本集團,且該股息金額能被 可靠地計量。

本集團確認來自經營租約收益的會計 政策乃於以下和賃的會計政策中闡述。

合同資產

合同資產為向客戶轉讓貨物或服務作 為交換而收取代價的權利。倘本集團 通過於客戶支付代價或付款到期前向 客戶轉讓貨物或服務履約,則就所賺 取的有條件代價確認合同資產。合同 資產須進行減值評估,其詳情包含於 金融資產減值會計政策內。合同資產 乃於賬目名為「合同工程相關資產」的 單獨財務報表項目披露。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenue recognition (Continued)

Revenue from other sources

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, when appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Dividend income is recognised when the shareholders' right to receive payment has been established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

The Group's accounting policy for recognition of revenue from operating leases is described in the accounting policy for leasing below.

Contract assets

A contract asset is the right to consideration in exchange for goods or services transferred to the customer. If the Group performs by transferring goods or services to a customer before the customer pays consideration or before payment is due, a contract asset is recognised for the earned consideration that is conditional. Contract assets are subject to impairment assessment, details of which are included in the accounting policies for impairment of financial assets. The contract assets are disclosed under a separate financial statement line item named "Assets related to contract works".

4. 重大會計政策(續)

合同負債

於本集團轉讓相關商品或服務之前, 收到客戶付款或付款到期時(以較早 者為準),確認合同負債。當本集團根 據合同履約時(即將相關商品或服務 的控制權轉移給客戶),合同負債確認 為收入。

合同成本

除資本化為存貨及無形資產的成本 外,倘符合以下所有條件,為履行與 客戶之間的合同產生之成本資本化為 資產:

- (a) 有關成本與實體可特定地識別之 合同或預期訂立之合同有直接關 係。
- (b) 有關成本令實體將用於完成(或 持續完成)日後履約責任之資源 得以產生或有所增加。
- (c) 有關成本預期可收回。

資本化合同成本按與資產相關貨物或 服務轉讓予客戶的基準一致的系統性 基準於綜合損益及其他綜合收益表攤 鎖及列支。其他合同成本於產生時支 銷。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Contract liabilities

A contract liability is recognised when a payment is received or a payment is due (whichever is earlier) from a customer before the Group transfers the related goods or services. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Group performs under the contract (i.e., transfers control of the related goods or services to the customer).

Contract costs

Other than the costs which are capitalised as inventories, and intangible assets, costs incurred to fulfil a contract with a customer are capitalised as an asset if all of the following criteria are met:

- (a) The costs relate directly to a contract or to an anticipated contract that the entity can specifically identify.
- (b) The costs generate or enhance resources of the entity that will be used in satisfying (or in continuing to satisfy) performance obligations in the future.
- (c) The costs are expected to be recovered.

The capitalised contract costs are amortised and charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on a systematic basis that is consistent with the transfer to the customer of the goods or services to which the asset relates. Other contract costs are expensed as incurred.

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4. 重大會計政策(續)

物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備(包括持作生產、 提供貨品或服務、或行政管理用途的 樓宇,惟不包括在建工程)乃按成本 值減其後累計折舊及累計減值虧損 (如有)於綜合財務狀況表列賬。

在建工程包括處於動工階段以供生產 用途或自用的物業、廠房及設備。在 建工程按成本減任何已確認減值虧損 列賬。在建工程於完成及可用作擬定 用涂時分類為適當類別的物業、廠房 及設備。該等資產的折舊於資產可投 入擬定用途時按與其他物業資產相同 的基準開始。

按直線法在物業、廠房及設備(在建 工程除外)項目的估計使用年期內且 經計及估計剩餘價值後確認折讓,以 撇銷其成本。估計可使用年期、剩餘 價值及折舊方法於各報告期末進行檢 討,而任何估計變動的影響以預期基 準列賬。

物業、廠房及設備項目於出售或當預 期持續使用該資產不再帶來未來經濟 利益時終止確認。出售或廢棄物業、 廠房及設備項目產生之任何盈虧按出 售所得款項與資產賬面值間之差額計 算,並於損益內確認。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment including buildings held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes (other than construction in progress) are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Construction in progress includes property, plant and equipment in the course of construction for production or for own use purposes. Construction in progress is carried at cost less any recognised impairment loss. Construction in progress is classified to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets commence when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment other than construction in progress over their estimated useful lives and after taking into account their estimated residual values, using the straightline method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

供業主日後自用的發展中租約土地及 樓宇

倘發展中租約土地及樓宇乃作生產或 管理用途,租約土地部分歸類為使用 權資產,並以直線法按租期攤銷。於 興建期間,就租約土地撥備的攤銷開 支列作在建樓宇成本的一部分。在建 樓宇按成本值減任何已識別減值虧損 列賬,並分類為物業、廠房及設備。 樓宇於可供使用時(即樓宇在管理層 擬定地點及達致管理層擬定運作狀況 時)開始折舊。

投資物業

投資物業乃為賺取租金及/或資本增 值而持有的物業。

投資物業乃按成本初步計量,包括任 何直接應佔開支。於首次確認後,投 資物業乃按成本減其後累計折舊及任 何累計減值虧損列賬。按直線法在投 資物業的估計使用年期內且經計及估 計剩餘價值後確認折舊,以撇銷其成 本。

投資物業於被出售時或當其永久不能 使用及預期日後無法從出售中獲得任 何經濟利益時終止確認。終止確認該 資產所產生的任何收益或虧損(按出 售該資產所得款項淨額與其賬面值的 差額計算)於該項目被終止確認的期 間計入損益。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Leasehold land and buildings under development for future owner-occupied purpose

When the leasehold land and buildings are in the course of development for production or for administrative purposes, the leasehold land component is classified as a right-of-use asset and amortised on a straight-line basis over the lease term. During the construction period, the amortisation charge provided for the leasehold land is included as part of costs of buildings under construction. Buildings under construction are carried at cost, less any identified impairment losses and are classified as property, plant and equipment. Depreciation of buildings commences when they are available for use (i.e. when they are in the location and condition necessary for them to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management).

Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation.

Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of investment properties over their estimated useful lives and after taking into account their estimated residual values, using the straight-line method.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposals. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the profit or loss in the period in which the item is derecognised.

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4. 重大會計政策(續)

無形資產(商譽除外)

無形資產包括城市管道網絡的其他無 形資產。

獨立收購的無形資產

獨立收購及可使用年期有限的無形資 產按成本減累計攤銷及任何累計減值 虧損列賬。可使用年期有限的無形資 產按估計可使用年期以直線法計提攤 绀。

業務合併中收購的無形資產

業務合併中收購的無形資產會與商譽 分開確認, 並初步按其於收購日期的 公平值確認(被視作其成本)。

於初步確認後,業務合併中收購的可 使用年期有限的無形資產, 乃根據獨 立收購的無形資產的相同基準,按成 本減累計攤銷及任何累計減值虧損申

無形資產乃於出售後或當預期持續使 用該資產將不會產生未來經濟利益時 終止確認。於終止確認無形資產時產 生的任何收益或虧損以出售所得款項 淨額與資產賬面值的差額計算,並於 終止確認該資產的期間在損益確認。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Intangible assets include the Other intangible assets for city pipeline network.

Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets acquired separately and with finite useful lives are carried at costs less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation for intangible assets with finite useful lives is provided on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination are recognised separately from goodwill and are initially recognised at their fair value at the acquisition date (which is regarded as their cost).

Subsequent to initial recognition, intangible assets acquired in a business combination with finite useful lives are reported at costs less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses, on the same basis as intangible assets that are acquired separately.

An intangible asset is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising from derecognition of an intangible asset is measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss in the period when the asset is derecognised.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

租賃

本集團於合約開始時評估合約是否為 或包含租賃。倘合約為換取代價而給 予在一段時間內控制已識別資產使用 的權利,則該合約為或包含租賃。

本集團作為承租人

本集團對所有租賃(惟短期租賃及低 價值資產租賃除外)採取單一確認及 計量方法。本集團確認租賃負債以作 出租賃款項,而使用權資產指使用相 關資產的權利。

(a) 使用權資產

使用權資產於租賃開始日期(即 相關資產可供使用當日)確認。 使用權資產按成本減任何累計折 舊及減值虧損計量,並就任何重 新計量租賃負債作出調整。使用 權資產成本包括已確認租賃負債 的款額、已產生初始直接成本及 於開始日期或之前作出的租賃款 項減任何已收租賃獎勵。使用權 資產按租賃期及資產的估計可使 用年期中的較短者以直線法予以 折舊,如下:

租賃土地 2至50年 樓宇 2至25年 廠房、機器及設備 2至24年

倘租賃資產的所有權在租賃期結 束時轉移至本集團或成本反映了 購買選擇權的行使,則使用該資 產的估計可使用年期計算折舊。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Leases

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Group as a lessee

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases for low-value assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

(a) Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets are recognised at the commencement date of the lease (that is the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease terms and the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Leasehold land 2 to 50 years Buildinas 2 to 25 years Plant, machinery and equipment 2 to 24 years

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Group by the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

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4. 重大會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(b) 租賃負債

租賃負債於租賃開始日期,以租 **賃期內作出的租賃款項現值確** 認。租賃款項包括定額付款(含 實質定額款項)減任何應收租賃 獎勵款項、取決於指數或利率的 可變租賃款項以及預期根據剩餘 價值擔保下支付的金額。租賃款 項亦包括本集團合理確定行使的 購買選擇權的行使價及倘在租賃 期內反映本集團正行使終止租賃 選擇權時,有關終止租賃支付的 罰款。不取決於指數或利率的可 變租賃款項在出現觸發付款的事 件或條件的期間內確認為支出。

於計算租賃款項的現值時,由於 租賃內所含利率不易釐定,故本 集團應用租賃開始日期的增量借 貸利率計算。於開始日期後,租 賃負債金額的增加反映利息的增 加,並因支付租賃款項而減少。 此外,倘有任何修改(租期變 更、租賃款項變更(例如指數或 利率的變更導致未來租賃付款發 生變化)或購買相關資產的選擇 權評估的變更),則重新計量租 賃負債的賬面值。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Leases (Continued)

Group as a lessee (Continued)

(b) Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are recognised at the commencement date of the lease at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for termination of a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate the lease. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as an expense in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in lease payments (e.g., a change to future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or rate) or a change in assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(c) 短期租賃及低價值資產租賃

本集團將短期租賃確認豁免應用 於其機器及設備的短期租賃(即 自開始日期起計租期為十二個月 或以下,並且不包含購買選擇權 的租賃)。低價值資產租賃的確 認豁免亦應用於被認為低價值的 辦公室設備租賃。

短期租賃及低價值資產租賃的租 賃款項在租期內按直線法確認為 支出。

本集團作為出租人

倘本集團作為出和人,其於和賃開始 時(或租賃變更時)將各租賃分類為經 營租賃或融資租賃。

本集團並未轉讓資產所有權所附帶的 絕大部分風險及回報的租賃歸類為經 營租賃。倘合約包含租賃及非租賃部 分,本集團按相關單獨售價基準將合 約代價分配至各部分。租金收入於租 期內按直線法列賬並由於其經營性質 計入損益內收入。於磋商及安排經營 租賃時產生的初始直接成本乃計入租 賃資產的賬面值,並於租期內按相同 基準確認為租金收入。或然租金乃於 所賺取的期間內確認為收益。

庫存股份

本公司購回並持有的自有權益工具直 接按成本在權益中確認。本集團購 買、售出、發行或註銷自有權益工具 時並不會於損益內確認任何盈虧。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Leases (Continued)

Group as a lessee (Continued)

(c) Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of machinery and equipment (that is those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the recognition exemption for leases of low-value assets to leases of office equipment that are considered to be of low value.

Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of lowvalue assets are recognised as an expense on a straightline basis over the lease term.

Group as a lessor

When the Group acts as a lessor, it classifies at lease inception (or when there is a lease modification) each of its leases as either an operating lease or a finance lease.

Leases in which the Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. When a contract contains lease and non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each component on a relative stand-alone selling price basis. Rental income is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and is included in revenue in profit or loss due to its operating nature. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

Treasury shares

Own equity instruments which are reacquired and held by the Company are recognised directly in equity at cost. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Group's own equity instruments.

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4. 重大會計政策(續)

存貨

存貨以成本及可變現淨值兩者的較低 者入賬。成本以加權平均法計算。可 變現淨值為日常業務過程中的估計售 價減估計完成成本及進行銷售所需的 估計成本。

現金及現金等價物

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金和現金 等價物包括手頭現金、活期存款及可 隨時轉換為已知數額現金、價值變動 風險極低及一般自購入後三個月內到 期之短期高流動性投資,扣除須於要 求時償還及構成本集團現金管理不可 分割部分之銀行诱支。

就綜合財務狀況表而言,現金及現金 等價物包括用途不受限制的手頭現金 與存放於銀行的現金(包括定期存款) 以及性質類似現金的資產。

投資及其他金融資產

初步確認及計量

倘集團實體為工具合同條文的訂約 方,則有關金融資產及金融負債在綜 合財務狀況表內確認。

於初始確認時,金融資產分類取決於 金融資產的合同現金流量特點及本集 團管理該等金融資產的業務模式。除 了並不包含重大融資組成部分或本集 團已應用可行權宜方法不就重大融資 組成部分的影響作出調整的應收貿易 賬款外,本集團初始按公平值另加 (倘金融資產並非按公平值計入損益) 交易成本確認金融資產。並無重大融 資組成部分或本集團已應用可行權宜 方法的應收貿易賬款根據上文「確認 收益」所載政策按香港財務報告準則 第15號釐定的交易價格計量。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is calculated using the weighted average method. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of financial position, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits, and assets similar in nature to cash, which are not restricted as to use.

Investments and other financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised on the consolidated statement of financial position when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group initially measures a financial asset at its fair value, plus in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under HKFRS 15 in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" above.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

初步確認及計量(續)

為使金融資產按攤餘成本或按公平值 計入其他全面收益進行分類及計量, 需產生純粹為支付本金及未償還本金 利息(「純粹為支付本金及利息」)的現 金流量。現金流量並非純粹為支付本 金及利息之金融資產分類為按公平值 計入損益計量,而不論業務模式。

本集團管理金融資產的業務模式指其 如何管理其金融資產以產生現金流 量。業務模式確定現金流量是否來自 收取合同現金流量、出售金融資產, 或兩者兼有。分類為按攤餘成本計量 的金融資產按業務模式持有,持有目 的為收取合約現金流量,而分類為按 公平值計入其他全面收益計量的金融 資產按業務模式持有,持有目的為收 取合約現金流量及出售。並非按上述 業務模式持有的金融資產分類為按公 平值計入損益計量。

所有以常規方式買賣的金融資產於交 易日確認,即本集團承諾買賣資產的 日期。常規方式買賣指遵循市場中的 規則或慣例須在一般期間內交付資產 的金融資產買賣。

後續計量

金融資產按其分類的後續計量如下:

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

Initial recognition and measurement (Continued)

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI") on the principal amount outstanding. Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model.

The Group's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both. Financial assets classified and measured at amortised cost are held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, while financial assets classified and measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling. Financial assets which are not held within the aforementioned business models are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

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4. 重大會計政策(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

後續計量(續)

按攤餘成本計量的金融資產

按攤餘成本計量的金融資產後續使用 實際利率法計量,並受減值影響。當 資產終止確認、修訂或減值時,收益 及虧損於損益及其他綜合收益表中確 認。

按公平值計入其他全面收益的金融資

就按公平值計入其他全面收益的債務 投資而言,利息收入、外匯重估及減 值虧損或撥回於損益及其他綜合收益 表中以與按攤餘成本計量金融資產相 同的計算方式確認。其餘公平值變動 於其他全面收益中確認。終止確認 後,於其他全面收益確認的累計公平 值變動將再次撥回損益及其他綜合收 益表。

指定按公平值計入其他全面收益的金 融資產

於初步確認時,本集團可選擇於股本 投資符合香港會計準則第32號「金融 工具:呈報]項下的股本定義且並非 持作買賣時,將其股本工具不可撤回 地分類為指定按公平值計入其他全面 收益的股本工具。分類乃按個別工具 基準釐定。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

Subsequent measurement (Continued)

Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

For debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income, interest income, foreign exchange revaluation and impairment losses or reversals are recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and computed in the same manner as for financial assets measured at amortised cost. The remaining fair value changes are recognised in other comprehensive income. Upon derecognition, the cumulative fair value change recognised in other comprehensive income is recycled to the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Financial assets designated at fair value through other comprehensive income

Upon initial recognition, the Group can elect to classify irrevocably its equity instruments as equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income when they meet the definition of equity under HKAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation and are not held for trading. The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

後續計量(續)

指定按公平值計入其他全面收益的金 融資產(續)

該等金融資產的收益及虧損概不會被 重新計入全面收益表。當付款權利被 確立時,與股息相關的經濟利益可能 流入本集團,且股息金額能被可靠地 計量,股息於綜合損益及其他綜合收 益表中確認為其他收入,惟當本集團 於作為收回金融資產一部分成本的所 得款項中獲益時則除外,於此情況 下,該等收益於其他全面收益入賬。 指定按公平值計入其他全面收益的股 本工具不受減值評估影響。

按公平值計入損益的金融資產

按公平值計入損益的金融資產按公平 值於綜合財務狀況表列賬,而公平值 變動淨額於綜合損益及其他綜合收益 表內確認。

此類別包括本集團並無不可撤銷地選 擇按公平值計入其他全面收益分類的 衍生工具及股本工具。分類為按公平 值計入損益的金融資產的股本工具的 股息亦於支付權確立、與股息相關的 經濟利益很可能流入本集團且股息金 額能可靠地計量時在損益中確認為其 他收益。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

Subsequent measurement (Continued)

Financial assets designated at fair value through other comprehensive income (Continued)

Gains and losses on these financial assets are never recycled to the statement of comprehensive income. Dividends are recognised as other income in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income when the right of payment has been established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably, except when the Group benefits from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the financial asset, in which case, such gains are recorded in other comprehensive income. Equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income are not subject to impairment assessment.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

This category includes derivative instruments and equity instruments which the Group had not irrevocably elected to classify at fair value through other comprehensive income. Dividends on equity instruments classified as financial assets at fair value profit or loss are also recognised as other income in profit or loss when the right of payment has been established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

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4. 重大會計政策(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

後續計量(續)

按公平值計入損益的金融資產(續)

倘經濟特徵及風險與主體並不密切相 關,則混合式合同的內含嵌入式衍生 工具中包含金融負債或非金融主體, 與主體分開,並作為單獨的衍生工具 入賬;與嵌入衍生工具具有相同條款 的單獨工具將符合衍生工具的定義; 而混合式合同並非按公平值計入損益 計量。嵌入式衍生工具按公平值計 量,公平值變動計入損益及其他綜合 收益表。

倘合同條款發生變化時方會重新評 估,該變更會重大修訂原本需要的現 金流量或將金融資產重新分類為按公 平值計入損益類別。

嵌入包含金融資產主體的混合式合同 的衍生工具不單獨列賬。金融資產主 體與嵌入式衍生工具必須全部分類為 按公平值計入損益的金融資產。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

Subsequent measurement (Continued)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Continued)

A derivative embedded in a hybrid contract, with a financial liability or non-financial host, is separated from the host and accounted for as a separate derivative if the economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to the host; a separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative would meet the definition of a derivative; and the hybrid contract is not measured at fair value through profit or loss. Embedded derivatives are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Reassessment only occurs if there is either a change in the terms of the contract that significantly modifies the cash flows that would otherwise be required or a reclassification of a financial asset out of the fair value through profit or loss category.

A derivative embedded within a hybrid contract containing a financial asset host is not accounted for separately. The financial asset host together with the embedded derivative is required to be classified in its entirety as a financial asset at fair value through profit or loss.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

終止確認金融資產

在下列情況下通常會終止確認(即自 本集團的綜合財務狀況表移除)金融 資產:

- 收取資產現金流量的權利已到 期;或
- 本集團已根據「轉手」安排轉讓 收取資產現金流量的權利或有責 任在無重大延誤的情況下將已 收取的現金流量全部支付予第三 方;及(a)本集團已轉讓該資產 的絕大部分風險及回報,或(b) 本集團既無轉讓亦無保留該資產 的絕大部分風險及回報,但已轉 讓該資產的控制權

倘本集團已轉讓其收取資產現金流量 的權利或已訂立轉手安排,本集團評 估其是否及以何等程度保留該資產擁 有權的風險及回報。倘本集團既無轉 讓亦無保留該資產絕大部分風險及回 報,亦無轉讓該資產的控制權,本集 團繼續按本集團之持續參與程度確認 所轉讓資產。在此情況下,本集團亦 會確認相關負債。已轉讓資產及相關 負債以反映本集團保留之權利及義務 為基準計量。

以已轉讓資產作擔保方式持續參與業 務,乃按資產之原賬面值及本集團可 能被要求償付之最高代價金額兩者中 較低者計量。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

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4. 重大會計政策(續)

金融資產減值

本集團確認對並非按公平值計入損益 持有的所有債務工具預期信貸虧損 (「預期信貸虧損」)的撥備。預期信貸 虧損乃基於根據合同到期的合同現金 流量與本集團預期收取的所有現金流 量之間的差額而釐定,並以原實際利 率的近似值貼現。預期現金流量將包 括出售所持抵押的現金流量或組成合 同條款的其他信貸提升措施。

一般方法

預期信貸虧損分兩個階段確認。就自 初步確認起未有顯著增加的信貸風險 而言,就未來12個月內可能發生的 違約事件而導致的信貸虧損(12個月 預期信貸虧損)計提預期信貸虧損。 就自初步確認起已經顯著增加的信貸 風險而言,不論何時發生違約,於餘 下風險年期內的預期信貸虧損均須計 提虧損撥備(整個存續期預期信貸虧 損)。

於各報告日期,本集團評估金融工具 的信貸風險自初步確認起是否出現顯 著增加。作此評估時,本集團比較金 融工具於報告日期出現違約的風險與 該金融工具於初步確認日期出現違約 的風險,並考慮毋須花費不必要成本 或精力即可獲得的合理及有理據的資 料,包括過往及前瞻性資料。本集團 認為倘合同付款逾期超過30天時信貸 風險已顯著增加。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises an allowance for expected credit losses ("ECLs") for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

General approach

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12 months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When making the assessment, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort, including historical and forward-looking information. The Group considers that there has been a significant increase in credit risk when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

金融資產減值(續)

一般方法(續)

就按公平值計入其他全面收益的債務 投資而言,本集團採用低信貸風險簡 化。於各報告日期,本集團採用所有 毋須花費不必要成本或精力即可獲得 之合理及有理據之資料,評估該等債 務投資是否屬低信貸風險。作出評估 時,本集團會重新評估該等債務投資 之外部信貸評級。信貸評級機構評級 為頂級投資類別的債務投資被認為是 低信貸風險投資。本集團的政策是按 12個月基準計量此類工具的預期信貸 虧損。然而,倘債務投資的信貸風險 自開始年度起顯著增加, 撥備將基於 整個存續期預期信貸虧損。本集團使 用信貸評級機構的評級決定債務工具 的信貸風險是否顯著增加並估計預期 信貸虧損。

倘合同付款逾期90天,則本集團認 為金融資產違約。然而,於若干情況 下,倘內部或外部資料顯示,在計及 本集團持有的任何信貸提升措施前, 本集團不大可能悉數收取未償還合同 款項,則本集團亦可認為金融資產違 約。倘無法合理預期收回合同現金流 量,則會撇銷金融資產。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

General approach (Continued)

For debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income, the Group applies the low credit risk simplification. At each reporting date, the Group evaluates whether the debt investments are considered to have low credit risk using all reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. In making that evaluation, the Group reassesses the external credit ratings of the debt investments. Debt investments graded in the top investment categories by the Credit Rating Agency are considered to be low credit risk investments. It is the Group's policy to measure ECLs on such instruments on a 12-month basis. However, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk of debt investments since origination, the allowance will be based on the lifetime ECL. The Group uses the ratings from the Credit Rating Agency both to determine whether the debt instruments have significantly increased in credit risk and to estimate ECLs.

The Group considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

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截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2024

4. 重大會計政策(續)

金融資產減值(續)

一般方法(續)

按公平值計入其他全面收益之債務投 資及按攤餘成本列賬之金融資產,在 一般方法下可能會出現減值,且會在 以下階段進行分類以計量預期信貸虧 損,惟應用簡化法之應收貿易賬款及 合同工程相關資產(誠如下文所詳述) 除外。

第1階段 - 自初步確認以來其信貸 風險並無顯著增加,且 虧損撥備乃按相等於12 個月預期信貸虧損的金 額計量的金融工具

第2階段 - 自初步確認以來其信貸 風險顯著增加(惟並非 信貸減值金融資產), 且虧損撥備乃按相等於 整個存續期預期信貸虧 損的金額計量的金融工 具

第3階段 - 於報告日期屬信貸減值 性質(惟並非購入或源 生信貸減值),且虧損 撥備乃按相等於整個存 續期預期信貸虧損的金 額計量的金融資產

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

General approach (Continued)

Debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets at amortised cost are subject to impairment under the general approach and they are classified within the following stages for measurement of ECLs except for trade receivables and assets related to contract works which apply the simplified approach as detailed below.

Stage 1 - Financial instruments for which credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs

Stage 2 - Financial instruments for which credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition but that are not credit-impaired financial assets and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs

Stage 3 - Financial assets that are credit-impaired at the reporting date (but that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired) and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs

4. 重大會計政策(續)

金融資產減值(續)

簡化法

就並無重大融資組成部分的或本集團 應用可行權宜方法不就重大融資組成 部分的影響作出調整的應收貿易賬款 及合同工程相關資產而言,本集團應 用簡化法計算預期信貸虧損。根據簡 化法,本集團並無追蹤信貸風險的變 動,而是於各報告日期根據整個存續 期預期信貸虧損確認虧損撥備。本集 團已設立根據其過往信貸虧損經驗計 算的撥備矩陣,並按債務人特定的前 瞻性因素及經濟環境作出調整。

就包括重大融資組成部分及應收租賃 款項的應收貿易賬款及合同工程相關 資產而言,本集團於計算預期信貸虧 損時選擇採納上述政策所述之簡化法 作為其會計政策。

本集團於各報告期末評估是否存在客 觀證據顯示一項金融資產或一組金融 資產出現減值。倘於初步確認該資產 後發生的一項或多項事件對可以可靠 估計的金融資產或一組金融資產的估 計未來現金流量構成影響,則存在減 值。減值證據可能包括以下跡象:債 務人或一組債務人正面臨重大財務困 難、違約或未能償還利息或本金,有 可能破產或進行其他財務重組,以及 有可觀察得到的數據顯示估計未來現 金流量出現可計量的減少,例如欠款 數目變動或出現與違約相關的經濟狀 況。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Simplified approach

For trade receivables and assets related to contract works that do not contain a significant financing component or when the Group applies the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group applies the simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Under the simplified approach, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience. adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

For trade receivables and assets related to contract works that contain a significant financing component and lease receivables, the Group chooses as its accounting policy to adopt the simplified approach in calculating ECLs with policies as described above.

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. An impairment exists if one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset have an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include indications that a debtor or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation and observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

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4. 重大會計政策(續)

金融負債

初步確認及計量

於初步確認時,金融負債分類為按公 平值計入損益的金融負債、貸款及借 貸、應付款項或於有效對沖中指定為 對沖工具之衍生工具(如適用)。

所有金融負債初步按公平值確認,倘 屬貸款及借貸以及應付款項,則扣除 直接應佔交易成本。

本集團金融負債包括應付貿易賬款及 其他應付款、應付最終控股公司款 項、衍生金融工具以及計息銀行及其 他借貸。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, an amount due to the ultimate holding company, derivative financial instruments and interest-bearing bank and other borrowings.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

金融負債(續)

後續計量

金融自債按其分類的其後計量如下:

按攤餘成本計量的金融負債

在初步確認後,計息貸款及借貸其後 使用實際利率法按攤餘成本進行計 量,但若貼現的影響不重大,在此情 況下,則以成本列賬。收益及虧損於 負債終止確認時透過實際利率攤銷程 序於損益及其他綜合收益表中確認。

攤餘成本的計算需要考慮收購中所產 生的折讓或溢價,以及構成實際利率 一部分的費用或成本。實際利率攤銷 計入損益及其他綜合收益表內的融資 成本中。

財務擔保合同

本集團作出之財務擔保合同即要求作 出付款以償付持有人因特定債務人未 能根據債務工具之條款償還到期款項 而招致損失之合同。財務擔保合同初 步按其公平值確認為一項負債,並就 作出該擔保直接產生之交易成本作出 調整。於初步確認後,本集團按(i)根 據「金融資產減值」所載之政策釐定的 預期信貸虧損撥備;及(ii)初步確認之 金額減(如適用)已確認收入累計金額 (以較高者為準)計量財務擔保合同。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial liabilities (Continued)

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance costs in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. A financial guarantee contract is recognised initially as a liability at its fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group measures the financial guarantee contracts at the higher of: (i) the ECL allowance determined in accordance with the policy as set out in "Impairment of financial assets"; and (ii) the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, the cumulative amount of income recognised.

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4. 重大會計政策(續)

終止確認金融負債

當負債項下的責任已解除、取消或屆 滿,即會終止確認金融負債。

倘一項現有金融負債被來自同一貸方 且大部分條款不同之另一項金融負債 所取代,或現有負債之條款被大幅修 改,則該項置換或修改視作終止確認 原有負債及確認新增負債處理,而相 關賬面值差額於綜合損益及其他綜合 收益表中確認。

金融工具的抵銷

倘目前擁有可合法執行權利以抵銷已 確認的款項,且有意清償該款項的淨 額,或變現該等資產及同時清償該等 負債,則可抵銷金融資產及金融負 債,並於財務狀況表內呈列淨額。

借貸成本

收購、建設或生產於用作其擬定用途 或出售前須較長準備時間的合資格資 產直接產生的借貸成本乃計入有關資 產的成本,直至有關資產已大致可作 其擬定用涂或出售為止。

特定借貸在未用作合資格資產的開支 前進行的短期投資所賺取的投資收 入,將從撥充資本的借貸成本扣除。

所有其他借貸成本於產生期間於損益 中確認。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the costs of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

退休福利成本

向界定供款退休福利計劃/國家管理 的退休福利計劃/強制性公積金計劃 支付的款項乃於僱員提供服務後而享 有供款時確認為開支。

短期僱員福利

短期僱員福利在僱員提供服務期間按 預期就服務所支付的福利未折現金額 確認。所有短期僱員福利確認為開 支,除非另一項香港財務報告準則規 定或許可將福利計入資產成本中。

僱員就工資、薪金、年假及病假應計 之福利在扣減任何已付金額後確認為 負債。

其他僱員福利

界定福利計劃

本集團實行若干界定福利計劃,該等 計劃要求向中國每名合資格僱員作出 付款。有關福利為無供資。根據界定 福利計劃提供福利的成本使用預計單 位信用精算估值法確定。

界定福利退休金計劃產生的重新計 量,包括精算損益、資產最高限額的 影響(不包括計入界定福利負債淨額 的淨利息的金額)和計劃資產回報(不 包括計入界定福利負債淨額的淨利息 的金額),於綜合財務狀況表中即時確 認,並在發生當期透過其他全面收益 從保留溢利相應扣除或計入其中。重 新計量在後續期間不會重新分類至損 益。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Retirement benefit costs

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans/statemanaged retirement benefit schemes/the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are recognised at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid as and when employees rendered the services. All short-term employee benefits are recognised as an expense unless another HKFRS requires or permits the inclusion of the benefit in the cost of an asset.

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees (such as wages and salaries, annual leave and sick leave) after deducting any amount already paid.

Other employee benefits

Defined benefit plan

The Group operates several defined benefit plans which require payments to be made to each qualifying employee in the PRC. The benefits are unfunded. The cost of providing benefits under the defined benefit plans is determined using the projected unit credit actuarial valuation method.

Remeasurements arising from defined benefit pension plans, comprising actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability) and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the consolidated statement of financial position with a corresponding debit or credit to retained profits through other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

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4. 重大會計政策(續)

其他僱員福利(續)

界定福利計劃(續)

過往服務成本在下列較早的日期在損 益中確認:

- 計劃修訂或削減的日期;及
- 本集團確認與重組相關的費用的 日期

淨利息是通過將折現率應用於界定福 利負債或資產淨額來計算的。本集團 在綜合損益表中按功能在「銷售成本」 及「行政開支」下確認界定福利負債淨 額的以下變化:

- 服務成本,包括當期服務成本、 過往服務成本、削減和非常規結 算的損益
- 淨利息開支或收入

所得税開支指即期應付税項與遞延税 項的總和。

即期應付税項按年內應課税溢利計 算。應課税溢利不包括其他年度的應 課税或可扣税收支項目,亦不包括毋 須課税或不可扣税項目,因而與綜合 損益及其他綜合收益表所呈報的除稅 前溢利有所不同。本集團的即期税項 負債乃按在報告期末已頒佈或實質頒 佈的税率計算。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Other employee benefits (Continued)

Defined benefit plan (Continued)

Past service costs are recognised in profit or loss at the earlier

- the date of the plan amendment or curtailment; and
- the date that the Group recognises restructuring-related costs

Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset. The Group recognises the following changes in the net defined benefit obligation under "cost of sales" and "administrative expenses" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss by function:

- service costs comprising current service costs, past-service costs, gains and losses on curtailments and non-routine settlements
- net interest expense or income

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit before taxation as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

税項(續)

遞延税項乃按綜合財務報表內資產及 負債賬面值與計算應課税溢利時採用 的相應税基兩者間的差額確認。遞延 税項負債一般就所有應課税暫時差額 確認入賬。遞延税項資產通常於可能 有應課税溢利可用於抵銷可用的所有 可扣税暫時差額時就該等可扣税暫時 差額確認入賬。如暫時差額乃因商譽 或在一項不會對應課稅溢利及會計溢 利造成影響的交易中首次確認(業務 合併除外)其他資產及負債而產生, 則此類資產及負債將不會確認入賬。

遞延税項負債就於附屬公司、聯營公 司及合營公司的投資相關的應課税暫 時差額確認,惟倘本集團可控制暫時 差額撥回及該暫時差額可能不會於可 見將來撥回時則除外。因與有關投資 及權益相關的可扣減暫時差額而產生 的遞延税項資產僅於可能產生足夠應 課税溢利以動用暫時差額溢利並預期 可於可見將來撥回時確認。

遞延税項資產的賬面值於報告期末均 會進行審閱,如不再可能有足夠應課 税溢利可用於抵免全部或部分相關資 產,則會予以扣減。

遞延税項資產及負債乃根據於報告期 末已實施或實質已實施的税率(及税 法),按預期於負債清償或資產變現期 間適用之税率計算。

遞延税項負債與資產之計量,反映按 照本集團於報告期末預期收回或清償 資產及負債賬面值之方式所產生税務 結果。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of the reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

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4. 重大會計政策(續)

税項(續)

即期及遞延税項於損益內確認,惟倘 税項涉及於其他全面收益或直接在權 益確認的項目,則即期及遞延税項亦 會分別於其他全面收益或直接於權益 內確認。倘對業務合併進行初步會計 處理時產生即期或遞延税項,則對業 務合併進行會計處理時會計入該稅項 影響。

股息

倘末期股息於股東大會上獲股東批 准,則末期股息確認為負債。建議末 期股息於財務報表附註中披露。

中期股息同步建議及宣派,乃因本公 司備忘錄及組織章程細則授權董事宣 派中期股息。因此,中期股息於其建 議及宣派時隨即確認為負債。

外幣

各集團實體的財務報表所列項目乃按 實體經營所在主要經濟環境的貨幣 (「功能貨幣」)計量。綜合財務報表乃 以本公司的功能貨幣及本集團的呈列 貨幣港元呈列。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Taxation (Continued)

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

Dividends

Final dividends are recognised as a liability when they are approved by the shareholders in a general meeting. Proposed final dividends are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Interim dividends are simultaneously proposed and declared, because the Company's memorandum and articles of association grant the directors the authority to declare interim dividends. Consequently, interim dividends are recognised immediately as a liability when they are proposed and declared.

Foreign currencies

Items included in the financial statements of each of the group entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in HK\$, which is the Company's functional currency and the Group's presentation currency.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

外幣(續)

編製各個別集團實體的財務報表時, 以該實體功能貨幣以外的貨幣(外幣) 進行的交易均按交易日期的適用匯率 換算確認。於報告期末,以外幣計值 的貨幣項目均按該日的適用匯率重新 換算。以外幣為單位按公平值入賬的 非貨幣項目,按釐定公平值日期的適 用匯率重新換算。以外幣歷史成本計 量的非貨幣項目則不會重新換算。

結算貨幣項目及重新換算貨幣項目所 產生之匯兑差額,於其產生期間在損 益中確認,惟應收或應付海外業務的 貨幣項目的匯兑差額除外,就此,有 關結算未納入計劃中亦無可能產生 (因此形成海外業務投資淨額部分), 且就出售或部分出售本集團於聯營公 司或合營公司權益而初步於其他全面 收益中確認並自權益中重新分類至損 益。

就呈列綜合財務報表而言,集團實體 的資產及負債於報告期末採用適用的 匯率換算為本集團的呈列貨幣(即港 元),而收入及開支項目則按該年度平 均匯率換算。所產生的匯兑差額(如 有)會在匯兑儲備項下於其他全面收 益中確認及於權益中累計。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Foreign currencies (Continued)

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Nonmonetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise, except for exchange differences on monetary items receivable from or payable to a foreign operation for which settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur (therefore forming part of the net investment in the foreign operation), which are recognised initially in other comprehensive income and are reclassified from equity to profit or loss on disposal or partial disposal of the Group's interests in associates or joint ventures.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the group entities are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e., HK\$) using exchange rates prevailing at the end of reporting period. Income and expenses items are translated at the average exchange rates for the year. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of translation reserve.

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4. 重大會計政策(續)

外幣(續)

集團實體之功能貨幣僅在與該集團實 體有關的相關交易、事件及狀況發生 變化時,方可變更。該集團實體將於 變更日期前瞻性地應用適用於新功能 貨幣的換算程序。於變更日期,該集 團實體採用當日的適用匯率將所有項 目換算為新的功能貨幣,所產生的非 貨幣項目之換算金額視作其歷史成本。

於二零零五年一月一日或其後收購海 外業務所產生商譽及所購入可識別資 產的公平值調整, 視作該海外業務的 資產及負債處理,按於報告期末適用 的匯率換算。所產生的匯兑差額於匯 兑儲備中確認。

有形及無形資產(商譽除外)的減值虧

於報告期末,本集團檢查其附有限定 使用年期的有形及無形資產的賬面值 以決定是否有任何跡象顯示該等資產 遭遇減值虧損。如若有此跡象,估計 有關資產的可收回金額以確定減值虧 損的程度(如有)。

倘無法估算單項資產的可收回金額, 本集團會估算該資產所屬現金產生單 位的可收回金額。於可識別合理及一 貫分配基準的情況下,企業資產亦會 被分配至個別的現金產生單位,否則 會被分配至可合理及按一貫分配基準 而識別的最小現金產生單位組別中。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Foreign currencies (Continued)

The functional currency of a group entity is changed only where there is a change to the underlying transactions, events and conditions relevant to the group entity. The group entity applies the translation procedures applicable to the new functional currency prospectively from the date of the change. At the date of the change, the group entity translates all items into the new functional currency using the prevailing exchange rate at that date and the resulting translated amounts for non-monetary items are treated as their historical cost.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments on identifiable assets acquired arising on an acquisition of a foreign operation on or after 1 January 2005 are treated as assets and liabilities of that foreign operation and translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of the reporting period. Exchange differences arising are recognised in the translation reserve.

Impairment losses on tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets with finite useful lives to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the relevant asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an asset individually, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash - generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

有形及無形資產(商譽除外)的減值虧 損(續)

可收回金額是指公平值減去處置費用 後的餘額和使用價值兩者中的較高 者。在評估使用價值時,預計未來現 金流量會採用税前折現率折現為其現 值,該税前折現率反映了對貨幣時間 價值的當前市場評價及該資產(或現 金產生單位)特有的風險(並無就該風 險調整估計未來現金流量)。

若某資產(或現金產生單位)的可收回 金額估計少於其賬面值,該資產(或 現金產生單位) 賬面值減至其可收回 金額。於分配減值虧損時,首先分配 減值虧損以減少任何商譽的賬面值 (如適用),然後按比例根據該單位各 資產的賬面值分配至其他資產。資產 賬面值不得減少至低於其公平值減處 置費用(如可計量)、其使用價值(如 可計量)及零之中的最高值。已另行 分配至資產之減值虧損數額按比例分 配至該單位其他資產。減值虧損會即 時於損益確認。

當減值虧損其後撥回,該資產(或現 金產生單位)的賬面值增至其可收回 金額的修訂估計值,然而,賬面值增 加不會超過假若該資產(或現金產生 單位)過往年度並無確認減值虧損所 應釐定的賬面值。減值虧損撥回即時 於損益確認。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Impairment losses on tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill (Continued)

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset (or a cash-generating unit) for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. In allocating the impairment loss, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill (if applicable) and then to the other assets on a pro-rata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. The carrying amount of an asset is not reduced below the highest of its fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable), its value in use (if determinable) and zero. The amount of the impairment loss that would otherwise have been allocated to the asset is allocated pro rata to the other assets of the unit. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or a cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

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4. 重大會計政策(續)

政府補助金

政府補助金乃於有合理保證本集團將 遵守政府補助金隨附條件並將取得補 助金時確認。

於本集團確認補助金擬補償的有關成 本為開支的期間於損益內以系統方式 確認。與可予折舊資產有關的政府補 助金於綜合財務狀況表中確認為負 債,並於相關資產可使用年期內按系 統及合理基準轉撥至損益內。其他政 府補助金於與該等政府補助金擬補償 的成本相符的期間內以系統方式確認 為收益。作為開支或已產生的虧損的 補償或向本集團提供即時財務援助而 可收取(並無日後相關成本)的政府補 助金,乃於其成為可收取的期間於損 益內確認。

長期獎勵計劃

根據長期獎勵計劃收購本公司股份的 成本入賬列作持作獎勵計劃的股份。 持作獎勵計劃的股份將被出售以換取 現金,該現金將分派予合資格僱員。

倘為長期獎勵計劃而持有的股份被出 售而出售所得款項被分派予僱員,則 分派予僱員的所得款項被確認為開支 (員工成本),而已收代價與股份成本 之間的差額將計入保留溢利。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Government grants related to depreciable assets are recognised as liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position and transferred to profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis over the useful lives of the related assets. Other government grants are recognised as revenue over the periods necessary to match them with the costs for which they are intended to compensate, on a systematic basis. Government grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

Long term award scheme

The cost of acquisition of the Company's shares pursuant to the long-term award scheme is recorded as shares held for incentive award scheme. The shares held for incentive award scheme will be disposed of for cash which will be distributed to the eligible employees.

When the shares held for long term award scheme are disposed of and the resulting proceeds from disposal are distributed to the employees, the proceeds distributed to employees are recognised as expenses (staff costs), and the difference between the consideration received and the cost of the shares will be credited to retained profits.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

關連人士

- (a) 倘屬以下人士,即該人士或該人 士之近親與本集團有關連:
 - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團;
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響;或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公司 的主要管理人員。
- (b) 倘符合下列任何條件,即實體與 本集團有關連:
 - (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一集 團之成員公司(即各母公 司、附屬公司及同系附屬 公司彼此間有關連)。
 - (ii) 一間實體為另一實體之聯 營公司或合營公司(或另一 實體為成員公司之集團旗 下成員公司之聯營公司或 合營公司)。
 - (iii) 兩間實體均為同一第三方 之合營公司。
 - (iv) 一間實體為第三方實體之 合營公司,而另一實體為 該第三方實體之聯營公司。
 - (v) 該實體為本集團或與本集 團有關連之實體就僱員利 益設立之離職福利計劃。
 - (vi) 該實體受(a)所識別人士控 制或受共同控制。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Related parties

- (a) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a Group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).

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4. 重大會計政策(續)

關連人士(續)

- (b) 倘符合下列任何條件,即實體與 本集團有關連:(續)
 - (vii) 於(a)(i)所識別人士對實體 有重大影響力或屬該實體 (或該實體之母公司)主要 管理人員。
 - (viii) 該實體或其所屬集團的任 何成員公司向本集團或本 集團的母公司提供主要管 理人員服務。

一名人士之直系親屬為可能預期於與 實體進行交易時將影響該名人士或受 該名人士影響之該等家族成員。

分類呈報

經營分類及綜合財務報表中各分部項 目之金額,均見於定期向集團最高行 政管理人員呈報的財務資料以對集團 內不同部門及地區作出資源分配及評 估其表現。

個別重大的營運分部不會彙集進行財 務匯報,除非此等分部有類似的經濟 特徵、產品與服務性質、生產過程性 質、客戶類別或級別、分銷產品或提 供服務的方法,以及監管環境性質。 若個別並不重大的經營分類符合上述 大部分條件,或會彙集處理。

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Related parties (Continued)

- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies: (Continued)
 - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
 - (viii) The entity, or any member of a Group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the Group's parent.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the consolidated financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

5. 關鍵性會計判斷及估計不明 朗因素的主要來源

於應用本集團的會計政策(如附註4所 述) 時,本公司董事須就並未在其他 來源顯示的資產及負債的賬面值作出 判斷、估計及假設。該等估計及相關 假設乃根據過往經驗及被視為相關的 其他因素作出。實際結果或會有別於 該等估計。

有關估計及相關假設會作持續檢討。 倘對會計估計的修訂僅影響對估計進 行修訂的期間,則於該期間確認,或 倘修訂會影響目前及未來期間,則會 於作出修訂期間及未來期間確認。

應用會計政策的關鍵性判斷

以下為董事在應用本集團會計政策過 程中所作關鍵性判斷(涉及估計(見下 文)者除外),該等判斷對於綜合財務 報表中確認的金額有最重大影響。

對富陽華潤燃氣有限公司及中山華潤 燃氣有限公司的控制權

儘管本集團僅擁有富陽華潤燃氣有限 公司的50%擁有權權益及投票權,但 富陽華潤燃氣有限公司仍為本集團的 附屬公司。本集團自二零零六年六月 起擁有富陽華潤燃氣有限公司50%擁 有權權益,剩餘50%股權則由一名與 本集團並無關聯的股東擁有。

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION **UNCERTAINTY**

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 4, the directors of the Company are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations (see below), that the directors have made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

Control over 富陽華潤燃氣有限公司 and 中山華潤燃氣有限公司

富陽華潤燃氣有限公司 is a subsidiary of the Group although the Group has only a 50% ownership interest and voting rights in 富陽華潤燃氣有限公司. The Group has had the 50% ownership interest since June 2006 in 富陽華潤燃氣有限公司 and the remaining 50% of equity interest is owned by a shareholder that is unrelated to the Group.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

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5. 關鍵性會計判斷及估計不明 朗因素的主要來源(續)

應用會計政策的關鍵性判斷(續)

對富陽華潤燃氣有限公司及中山華潤 燃氣有限公司的控制權(續)

本公司董事已基於本集團是否有實際 能力單方面掌管富陽華潤燃氣有限公 司的相關活動評估本集團是否對富陽 華潤燃氣有限公司擁有控制權。在作 出判斷時,董事已考慮本集團所持富 陽華潤燃氣有限公司股權的投票權。 富陽華潤燃氣有限公司董事會包括七 名董事。本集團提名及委任富陽華潤 燃氣有限公司的四名董事,富陽華潤 燃氣有限公司的相關活動須超過半數 以上的董事批准。經評估後,董事認 定,本集團擁有可掌管富陽華潤燃氣 有限公司相關活動的絕對主導性投票 權,因此本集團對富陽華潤燃氣有限 公司擁有控制權。

中山華潤燃氣有限公司為本集團的附 屬公司。本集團擁有中山華潤燃氣有 限公司的55%擁有權權益及投票權, 剩餘45%股權則由一名與本集團並無 關聯的股東擁有。

本公司董事已基於本集團是否有實際 能力單方面掌管中山華潤燃氣有限公 司的相關活動評估本集團是否對中山 華潤燃氣有限公司擁有控制權。在作 出判斷時,董事已考慮本集團所持中 山華潤燃氣有限公司股權的投票權。 中山華潤燃氣有限公司董事會包括五 名董事。本集團提名及委任中山華潤 燃氣有限公司的三名董事,中山華潤 燃氣有限公司的相關活動須超過半數 以上的董事批准。經評估後,董事認 定,本集團擁有可掌管中山華潤燃氣 有限公司相關活動的絕對主導性投票 權,因此本集團對中山華潤燃氣有限 公司擁有控制權。

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION **UNCERTAINTY (CONTINUED)**

Critical judgements in applying accounting policies (Continued)

Control over 富陽華潤燃氣有限公司 and 中山華潤燃氣有限公司 (Continued)

The directors of the Company assessed whether or not the Group has control over 富陽華潤燃氣有限公司 based on whether the Group has the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of 富陽華潤燃氣有限公司 unilaterally. In making their judgement, the directors considered the Group's voting power of shareholding in 富陽華潤燃氣有限公司. The board of directors of 富陽華潤燃 氣有限公司 comprise 7 directors. The Group nominated and appointed 4 directors in 富陽華潤燃氣有限公司 and the relevant activities of 富陽華潤燃氣有限公司 require over 50% of directors' approval. After assessment, the directors concluded that the Group has sufficiently dominant voting interest to direct the relevant activities of 富陽華潤燃氣有限公司, and therefore, the Group has control over 富陽華潤燃氣有限公司.

中山華潤燃氣有限公司 is a subsidiary of the Group. The Group has 55% ownership interests and voting rights in 中山華潤燃氣有 限公司 and the remaining 45% of equity interests are owned by a shareholder that is unrelated to the Group.

The directors of the Company assessed whether or not the Group has control over 中山華潤燃氣有限公司 based on whether the Group has the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of 中山華潤燃氣有限公司 unilaterally. In making their judgement, the directors considered the Group's voting power of shareholding in 中山華潤燃氣有限公司. The board of directors of 中山華潤燃 氣有限公司 comprise 5 directors. The Group nominated and appointed 3 directors in 中山華潤燃氣有限公司 and the relevant activities of 中山華潤燃氣有限公司 require over 50% of directors' approval. After assessment, the directors concluded that the Group has sufficiently dominant voting interest to direct the relevant activities of 中山華潤燃氣有限公司, and therefore, the Group has control over 中山華潤燃氣有限公司.

5. 關鍵性會計判斷及估計不明 朗因素的主要來源(續)

應用會計政策的關鍵性判斷(續)

對宜實華潤燃氣有限公司、無錫華潤 燃氣有限公司、鎮江華潤燃氣有限公 司及淄博華潤燃氣有限公司(「中國實 體 1) 的控制權

儘管本集團僅分別擁有中國實體的 49%、50%、51%及51%擁有權權益 及投票權,及中國實體的餘下股權由 與本集團並無關聯的股東擁有,中國 實體仍為本集團的附屬公司。

本公司董事已基於本集團是否有實際 能力單方面掌管中國實體的相關活 動,評估本集團是否對中國實體擁有 控制權。在作出判斷時,董事已考慮 本集團所持中國實體股權的投票權。 中國實體的股東簽訂備忘錄,在該備 忘錄中,其他股東將同意本集團對中 國實體的經營、投資及融資業務所作 的決策,且其他股東將同意委任由本 集團提名的中國實體的所有高級管理 層。經評估後,董事認定本集團擁有 可掌管中國實體相關活動的絕對主導 性投票權,因此本集團對中國實體擁 有控制權。

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION **UNCERTAINTY (CONTINUED)**

Critical judgements in applying accounting policies (Continued)

Control over 宜賓華潤燃氣有限公司, 無錫華潤燃氣有限公司, 鎮江華 潤燃氣有限公司 and 淄博華潤燃氣有限公司(the "PRC Entities")

The PRC Entities are subsidiaries of the Group although the Group has only 49%, 50%, 51% and 51% ownership interests and voting rights respectively in the PRC Entities and the remaining equity interests of the PRC Entities are owned by shareholders that are unrelated to the Group.

The directors of the Company assessed whether or not the Group has control over the PRC Entities based on whether the Group has the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the PRC Entities unilaterally. In making their judgement, the directors considered the Group's voting power of shareholding in the PRC Entities. The shareholders of the PRC Entities signed memorandums in which the other shareholders would agree the Group's decisions on operating, investing and financing activities of the PRC Entities, and the other shareholders would agree the appointment of the entire senior management of the PRC Entities nominated by the Group. After assessment, the directors concluded that the Group has sufficiently dominant voting interest to direct the relevant activities of the PRC Entities, and therefore, the Group has control over the PRC Entities.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2024

5. 關鍵性會計判斷及估計不明 朗因素的主要來源(續)

估計不明朗因素

以下為涉及未來的主要假設及於報告 期間末估計不明朗因素的其他主要來 源(均有導致下個財政年度資產的賬 面值須作出大幅調整的重大風險)。

商譽減值

釐定商譽有否減值需估計獲分配商譽 的現金產生單位的可收回金額。可收 回金額為使用價值與公平值減出售成 本兩者中的較高者。在計算使用價值 時,本集團需估計預期現金產生單位 產生的未來現金流量並以適當的折現 率計算現值。倘實際的未來現金流量 少於預期,或事實及情況有變致令 下調未來現金,則會產生重大減值 虧損。於二零二四年十二月三十一 日,商譽的賬面值為4,775,023,000 港元(二零二三年:4,911,756,000港 元)。可收回金額的計算詳情於附註 20披露。

燃氣接駁收入確認

燃氣接駁收入按輸入法計量,即根據 本集團履行履約義務的努力或投入與 履行該履約責任的預期總投入的比例 確認收入。因此,所產生的實際成本 及估計預算成本的任何變動均可能對 於合約期限內各會計期間確認的收入 具有重大影響。本集團管理層須於評 估履行履約責任的進度時運用重大判 斷,以及預測成本的完成情況及完成 的準確性。

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION **UNCERTAINTY (CONTINUED)**

Estimation uncertainty

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets within the next financial year.

Impairment of goodwill

Determining whether goodwill is impaired requires an estimation of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated, which is the higher of the value in use and fair value less costs of disposal. The value-in-use calculation requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash-generating unit and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value. Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, or changes in facts and circumstances result in downward revision of future cash, a material impairment loss may arise. As at 31st December, 2024, the carrying amount of goodwill was HK\$4,775,023,000 (2023: HK\$4,911,756,000). Details of the recoverable amount calculation are disclosed in note 20.

Recognition of gas connection revenue

Revenue from gas connection revenue is measured based on the input method, which is to recognise revenue on the basis of the Group's efforts or inputs to the satisfaction of a performance obligation relative to the total expected inputs to the satisfaction of that performance obligation. Accordingly, any changes to the actual costs incurred and the estimated budgeted costs may have material impact on the revenue recognised in each accounting period over the contract term. The management of the Group is required to exercise significant judgments in the assessment of the progress of satisfaction of performance obligation, and the completion and accuracy of forecast costs to complete.

5. 關鍵性會計判斷及估計不明 朗因素的主要來源(續)

估計不明朗因素(續)

物業、廠房及設備的可使用年期估計

管理層根據物業、廠房及設備的預期 壽命估計其可使用年期。物業、廠房 及設備的可使用年期可能因技術創新 而出現重大變動。倘因商業及技術環 境變化而令物業、廠房及設備的實際 可使用年期與其估計可使用年期產生 差異,則有關差異將會影響未來期間 的折舊費用及所撇減的資產數額。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日, 物業、廠房及設備的賬面值為 62.932.934.000港元(二零二三年: 61,198,859,000港元)。

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION **UNCERTAINTY (CONTINUED)**

Estimation uncertainty (Continued)

Estimation of useful lives of property, plant and equipment

Management estimates the useful lives of property, plant and equipment based on the expected lifespan of those property, plant and equipment. The useful lives of property, plant and equipment could change significantly as a result of technical innovation. When the actual useful lives of property, plant and equipment are different from their estimated useful lives due to the change of commercial and technological environment, such difference will impact the depreciation charges and the amounts of assets written down for future periods.

The carrying amount of property, plant and equipment at 31st December, 2024 was HK\$62,932,934,000 (2023: HK\$61.198.859.000).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2024

6. 收益及分類資料

為就資源分配及分類業績評估向本公 司執行董事(即主要營運決策者)報告 之資料,重點為交付貨物或提供服務 的類型。

按照香港財務報告準則第8號,本集 團的經營分類如下:

- (i) 銷售及分銷氣體燃料及相關產 品一銷售天然氣及較少量住 宅、商業和工業用液化石油氣;
- (ii) 燃氣接駁 根據燃氣接駁合同 建設燃氣管網;
- (iii) 綜合服務 銷售燃氣器具、相 關產品以及延伸服務;
- (iv) 設計及建設服務 有關燃氣接 駁項目的設計、建設、顧問及管 理;
- (v) 加氣站 於天然氣加氣站銷售 氣體燃料。

於達致本集團之呈報分類時,並無合 併經營分類。

分類業績指各分類所賺取的除稅前溢 利,但不包括雜項收入、利息收入、 租金收入、財務成本、投資物業折 舊、中央行政成本及董事薪金。此等 為呈報予本公司執行董事用作收益分 配及評估分類表現的方式。

6. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

Information reported to the executive directors of the Company, being the chief operating decision maker, for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance, focuses on the types of goods or services delivered or provided.

The Group's operating segments under HKFRS 8 are as follows:

- (i) Sale and distribution of gas fuel and related products sale of natural gas and to a much lesser extent, liquefied petroleum gas for residential, commercial and industrial use;
- (ii) Gas connection construction of gas pipeline networks under gas connection contracts;
- (iii) Comprehensive services sales of gas appliances, related products and extended services;
- (iv) Design and construction services design, construction, consultancy and management for gas connection projects;
- (v) Gas stations sale of gas fuel in natural gas filling stations.

No operating segments have been aggregated in arriving at the reportable segments of the Group.

Segment results represent the profit before taxation earned by each segment, excluding sundry income, interest income, rental income, finance costs, depreciation of investment properties, central administrative costs and directors' salaries. This is the measure reported to the executive directors of the Company for the purpose of revenue allocation and assessment of segment performance.

6. 收益及分類資料(續)

分類收益、分類業績、分類資產及分 類負債的資料如下:

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

分類收益及業績

6. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

The information of segment revenue, segment results, segment assets and segment liabilities is as follows:

For the year ended 31st December, 2024

Segment revenue and results

		_					
		銷售及分銷氣體					
		燃料及相關產品	燃氣接駁	綜合服務	設計及建設服務	加氣站	合計
		Sale and					
		distribution					
		of gas fuel			Design and		
		and related	Gas	Comprehensive	construction	Gas	
		products	connection	services	services	stations	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
收益	Revenue						
外部銷售	External sales	85,565,630	9,250,793	4,205,793	418,694	3,234,978	102,675,888
業績	Results						
分類業績	Segment results	7,975,419	2,926,671	1,401,275	71,326	245,640	12,620,331
應佔合營公司業績	Share of results of joint ventures						412,002
應佔聯營公司業績	Share of results of associates						336,319
財務成本(租賃負債利息除外)	Finance costs (other than interest on lease						
	liabilities)						(719,344)
未分配收入	Unallocated income						985,242
未分配開支	Unallocated expenses						(5,888,336)
除税前溢利	Profit before taxation						7,746,214

6. 收益及分類資料(續)

6. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年 度(續)

ASSETS

Segment assets

Interests in joint ventures

Unallocated corporate assets (Note a)

Unallocated corporate liabilities (Note b)

Interests in associates

Deferred tax assets

LIABILITIES

Segment liabilities

Taxation payable

Deferred tax liabilities

For the year ended 31st December, 2024 (Continued)

Segment assets and liabilities

分類資產及負債

資產

分類資產

於合營公司的權益

於聯營公司的權益

未分配公司資產(附註a)

遞延税項資產

負債

分類負債

應付税項

遞延税項負債

未分配公司負債(附註b)

		idomnico	ocio ana n	ocyment ao
	設計及建			銷售及分銷氣體
加氣站	設服務	綜合服務	燃氣接駁	燃料及相關產品
				Sale and
				distribution
	Design and			of gas fuel
Gas	construction	Comprehensive	Gas	and related
stations	services	services	connection	products
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
1,588,264	810,971	948,895	4,883,311	84,386,892
131,586	2,722,050	355,152	13,076,154	15,171,877
	Gas stations 千港元 HK\$'000	設服務 加氣站 Design and construction Gas services stations 千港元 千港元 HK\$'000 HK\$'000	設計及建 综合服務 設服務 加氣站 Design and Comprehensive construction Gas services stations 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 948,895 810,971 1,588,264	燃氣接駁 綜合服務 設服務 加氣站 Design and Gas Comprehensive construction Gas connection services services stations 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000

2,918,911

33,563,105 68,511,719

6. 收益及分類資料(續)

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年 度(續)

其他資料

計量分類溢利及分類資產所計入之款

6. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31st December, 2024 (Continued)

Other information

Amounts included in the measure of segment profit and segment assets:

	!	销售及分銷氣體						
	†	燃料及相關產品	燃氣接駁	綜合服務	設計及建設服務	加氣站	未分配	合計
		Sale and						
		distribution						
		of gas fuel			Design and			
		and related	Gas	Comprehensive	construction	Gas		
		products	connection	services	services	stations	Unallocated	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
添置非流動資產	Additions to non-current assets	7,184,282	-	-	2,651	60,972	8,210	7,256,115
折舊及攤銷	Depreciation and amortisation	3,591,661	-	-	9,129	21,395	32,043	3,654,228
應收貿易賬款減值虧損確認淨額	Impairment loss recognised on trade receivables,							
	net	63,578	5,399	2,252	179	1,306	-	72,714
其他應收款減值虧損撥回淨額	Reversal of impairment loss on other receivables,							
	net	-	-	-	-	-	(6,218)	(6,218)
合同資產減值虧損確認淨額	Impairment loss recognised on contract assets, net	-	9,208	-	-	-	-	9,208
出售/撤銷物業、廠房及設備收益	Gain on disposal/write-off of property,							
	plant and equipment	(44,384)	-	-	-	-	-	(44,384)
出售使用權資產收益	Gain on disposal of right-of-use assets	(38,212)	-	-	-	-	-	(38,212)

6. 收益及分類資料(續)

6. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

分類收益及業績

For the year ended 31st December, 2023

Segment revenue and results

25 然 及		oogom	oromac ame	1 1000110			
		銷售及分銷氣體 燃料及相關產品	燃氣接駁	綜合服務	設計及建設服務	加氣站	合計
		MYX相關生印 Sale and	/////////////////////////////////////	称 口 加 份	或引 <i>以</i> 连或版份	加料垍	ΠĀ
		distribution					
		of gas fuel			Design and		
		and related	Gas	Comprehensive	construction	Gas	
		products	connection	services	services	stations	Total
		· 千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
收益	Revenue						
外部銷售	External sales	82,625,103	10,887,718	4,044,968	435,583	3,278,533	101,271,905
<i>業績</i>	Results						
分類業績	Segment results	7,344,444	4,040,844	1,372,947	64,819	255,965	13,079,019
應佔合營公司業績	Share of results of joint ventures						277,682
應佔聯營公司業績	Share of results of associates						366,640
財務成本(租賃負債利息除外)	Finance costs (other than interest on lease						
	liabilities)						(919,010)
未分配收入	Unallocated income						2,032,318
未分配開支	Unallocated expenses						(5,927,604)
除税前溢利	Profit before taxation						8,909,045

6. 收益及分類資料(續)

6. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年 度(續)

For the year ended 31st December, 2023 (Continued)

分類資產及負債

Segment assets and liabilities

		U					
		銷售及分銷氣體 燃料及相關產品	燃氣接駁	綜合服務	設計及建設服務	加氣站	合計
		Sale and	711171137.37	1-1-14 th/s/17	BY H I MYT BY DIV M	жиличн	н
		distribution					
		of gas fuel			Design and		
		and related	Gas	Comprehensive	construction	Gas	
		products	connection	services	services	stations	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
資產	ASSETS	'					
分類資產	Segment assets	85,649,753	5,342,116	789,748	766,891	1,780,576	94,329,084
於合營公司的權益	Interests in joint ventures						17,655,331
於聯營公司的權益	Interests in associates						4,646,000
遞延税項資產	Deferred tax assets						608,779
未分配公司資產(附註a)	Unallocated corporate assets (Note a)						20,631,891
							137,871,085
負債	LIABILITIES	,					
分類負債	Segment liabilities	20,429,836	13,692,011	395,132	2,471,982	156,468	37,145,429
應付税項	Taxation payable					-	604,816
遞延税項負債	Deferred tax liabilities						3,036,857
未分配公司負債(附註b)	Unallocated corporate liabilities (Note b)						33,700,301
							74,487,403

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2024

6. 收益及分類資料(續)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年 度(續)

其他資料

計量分類溢利及分類資產所計入之款

6. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31st December, 2023 (Continued)

Other information

Amounts included in the measure of segment profit and segment assets:

		特色 特色 大き 大き 大き 大き 大き 大き 大き 大き 大き 大き	燃氣接駁	綜合服務	設計及建設服務	加氣站	未分配	合計
		of gas fuel			Design and			
		and related	Gas	Comprehensive	construction	Gas		
		products	connection	services	services	stations	Unallocated	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
添置非流動資產	Additions to non-current assets	6,117,561	=	_	3,938	17,843	2,350	6,141,692
折舊及攤銷	Depreciation and amortisation	4,010,021	=	=	2,620	21,425	27,051	4,061,117
應收貿易賬款減值虧損	Impairment loss recognised on trade							
確認淨額	receivables, net	120,250	16,010	3,005	150	4,081	-	143,496
其他應收款減值虧損	Impairment loss recognised on other							
確認淨額	receivables, net	-	-		-	-	21,115	21,115
合同資產減值虧損撥回	Reversal of impairment loss on contract							
淨額	assets, net	=.	(6,064)	-	-	-	-	(6,064)
出售/撇銷物業、廠房	Gain on disposal/write-off of property, plant							
及設備收益	and equipment	(45,929)	-	-	-	-	-	(45,929)
出售使用權資產收益	Gain on disposal of right-of-use assets	(29,056)	-	-	-	-	-	(29,056)

附註:

- 未分配公司資產指商譽、投資物業、 指定按公平值計入其他綜合收益的權 益工具、對合營企業的貸款、若干應 收貿易賬款和其他應收款、已抵押銀 行存款及受限制現金以及銀行結餘及 現金。
- 未分配公司負債指其他應付款、銀行 及其他借貸、中期票據及若干長期負 債。

Notes:

- Unallocated corporate assets represent goodwill, investment properties, equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income, loans to a joint venture, certain trade and other receivables, pledged bank deposits and restricted cash and bank balances and cash.
- Unallocated corporate liabilities represent other payables, bank and other borrowings, medium-term notes and certain long-term liabilities.

6. 收益及分類資料(續)

地區資料

有關本集團非流動資產(不包括金融 資產及遞延税項資產)的資料根據資 產所在地呈列:

6. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Geographical information

Information about the Group's non-current assets (excluding financial assets and deferred tax assets) is presented based on the locations of the assets:

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
中國	PRC	100,105,408	99,508,506
香港	Hong Kong	8,345	7,450
		100,113,753	99,515,956

於該兩年內,本集團的收入均來自中 或。

The Group's revenue was derived in the PRC during both years.

收益確認時間

Timing of revenue recognition

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於時間點轉讓貨品	Goods transferred at a point in time	93,006,401	89,948,604
隨時間轉讓服務	Services transferred over time	9,669,487	11,323,301
來自客戶合同的收入總額	Total revenue from contracts with customers	102,675,888	101,271,905

有關主要客戶的資料

於該兩年內,並無來自單一外部客戶 交易的收益佔本集團收益10%或以 上。

Information about major customers

No single external customer contributed revenue from transactions amounting to 10% or more of the revenue of the Group during both years.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2024

6. 收益及分類資料(續)

來自客戶合同的收入

(i) 分拆收入資料

下表載列本報告期間確認的收入 金額,當中包括於報告期初及過 往期間履行履約責任所確認的合 同負債:

6. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Revenue from contracts with customers

Disaggregated revenue information

The following table shows the amounts of revenue recognised in the current reporting period that were included in the contract liabilities at the beginning of the reporting period and recognised from performance obligations satisfied in previous periods:

> 二零二四年 二零二三年 2024 2023 千港元 千港元 HK\$'000 HK\$'000

期初的合同負債):

所確認的收入(計入於報告 Revenue recognised that was included in contract liabilities at the beginning of the

reporting period:

燃氣接駁/設計及建設

Gas connection/design and construction

服務 services 8.715.375 8.867.954

(ii) 履約責任

有關本集團履約責任的資料概述 如下:

銷售及分銷氣體燃料及相關產品

履約責任於交付燃氣後獲履行, 付款通常於交付後30日內到期。

燃氣接駁

履約責任隨著服務的提供而逐漸 獲履行,付款通常於完成安裝及 客戶接受後到期,惟新客戶通常 須提前付款。

綜合服務

履約責任於交付燃氣器具及相關 產品後及提供延伸服務後獲履 行。付款通常於交付燃氣器具及 相關產品後及完成延伸服務及客 戶接受後到期。

(ii) Performance obligations

Information about the Group's performance obligations is summarised below:

Sale and distribution of gas fuel and related products

The performance obligation is satisfied upon delivery of gas and payment is generally due within 30 days from delivery.

Gas connection

The performance obligation is satisfied over time as services are rendered and payment is generally due upon completion of installation and customer acceptance, except for new customers, where payment in advance is normally required.

Comprehensive services

The performance obligation is satisfied upon delivery of gas appliances and related products and as extended services are rendered. The payment is generally due upon delivery of the gas appliances and related products and upon completion of extended services and customer acceptance.

6. 收益及分類資料(續)

來自客戶合同的收入(續)

(ii) 履約責任(續)

設計及建設服務

履約責任隨服務的提供而逐漸獲 履行,付款通常於完成安裝及客 戶接受後到期,惟新客戶通常須 提前付款。

加氣站

履約責任於交付燃氣時獲履行, 通常提前付款。

餘下履約(未履行或部分未 履行)於二零二四年十二 月三十一日的交易價格為 12,294,960,000港元(二零二三 年:12.272.052.000港元)。與 燃氣接駁有關的餘下履約責任預 計將在一年內確認並履行。

6. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

(ii) Performance obligations (Continued)

Design and construction services

The performance obligation is satisfied over time as services are rendered and payment is generally due upon completion of installation and customer acceptance, except for new customers, where payment in advance is normally required.

Gas stations

The performance obligation is satisfied upon delivery of gas and payment is generally in advance.

The transaction prices allocated to the remaining performance (unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied) as at 31st December, 2024 were HK\$12,294,960,000 (2023: HK\$12,272,052,000). The remaining performance obligations related to gas connection are expected to be recognised and satisfied within one year.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2024

7. 其他收入

7. OTHER INCOME

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
來自指定按公平值計入其他全	Dividend income from equity instruments		
面收益的權益工具的股息收	designated at fair value through other		
入	comprehensive income	256	9,524
視同出售聯營公司的收益	Gain on deemed disposal of associates	_	694,093
視同出售合營公司的收益	Gain on deemed disposal of joint ventures	741	382,127
出售附屬公司的收益	Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	7,575	-
出售/撇銷物業、廠房及設	Gain on disposal/write-off of property, plant		
備收益	and equipment	44,384	45,929
出售使用權資產收益	Gain on disposal of right-of-use assets	38,212	29,056
政府補助金	Government grants	218,086	229,609
綜合能源服務	Integrated energy services	360,151	269,647
銀行存款利息收入	Interest income from bank deposits	88,623	62,108
其他存款利息收入(附註)	Interest income from other deposits (Note)	96,031	211,032
來自存放於同系附屬公司的存	Interest income from deposits placed with a		
款利息收入	fellow subsidiary	4,824	26,629
來自聯營公司的利息收入	Interest income from associates	2,104	2,366
來自合營公司的利息收入	Interest income from joint ventures	63,067	66,860
來自向同系附屬公司提供貸款	Interest income from loans to fellow		
的利息收入	subsidiaries	53,772	12,024
來自經營租約的租金收入	Rental income from operating leases	48,575	78,259
其他	Others	176,927	142,664
		1,203,328	2,261,927

附註:

Note:

截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十 一日止年度,來自其他存款的利息收入包 括來自位於中國的銀行發放的以人民幣計 值的保本存款及銀行融資產品的利息收入。

For the years ended 31st December, 2024 and 2023, interest income from other deposits consisted of interest income from principal protected deposits and bank financing products denominated in Renminbi ("RMB") issued by banks in the PRC.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2024

8. 財務成本

8. FINANCE COSTS

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
以下各項之利息:	Interest on:		
銀行及其他借貸	Bank and other borrowings	696,138	879,411
超短期商業票據	Super short-term commercial papers	-	4,544
中期票據	Medium-term notes	15,658	16,082
租賃負債利息	Interest on lease liabilities	21,047	21,921
應付合營公司款項	Amounts due to joint ventures	1,720	1,869
應付中間控股公司款項	Amounts due to intermediate holding		
	companies	4,344	14,430
應付同系附屬公司款項	Amounts due to fellow subsidiaries	-	1,783
應付附屬公司非控股權益	Amounts due to non-controlling interests of		
款項	subsidiaries	1,329	60
其他長期負債	Other long-term liabilities	155	831
		740,391	940,931

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2024

9. 除税前溢利

9. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

			二零二四年	二零二三年
			2024	2023
		附註	千港元	千港元
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
除税前溢利已扣除/	Profit before taxation has been arrived			
(計入):	at after charging/(crediting):			
員工成本	Staff costs			
董事酬金	Directors' emoluments	11	10,308	11,756
其他員工	Other staff			
一薪金及紅利	 Salaries and bonus 		4,291,937	4,116,681
一其他福利	 Other benefits 		1,242,785	1,165,531
一退休福利計劃供款	- Retirement benefit scheme			
	contributions		1,097,511	1,044,893
員工成本總額	Total staff costs		6,642,541	6,338,861
核數師酬金	Auditor's remuneration		16,325	14,236
物業、廠房及設備折舊	Depreciation of property, plant and			
	equipment	14	3,101,647	3,205,192
投資物業折舊	Depreciation of investment properties	15	32,043	27,051
使用權資產折舊	Depreciation of right-of-use assets	16(a)	317,232	423,929
其他無形資產攤銷(已計	Amortisation of other intangible			
入行政開支)	assets (included in administrative			
	expenses)	21	203,306	404,945
金融及合同資產減值淨額	Impairment of financial and contract			
	assets, net			
- 應收貿易賬款減值確	 Impairment recognised on trade 			
認淨額	receivables, net	24	72,714	143,496
- 其他應收款減值	- Impairment (reversed)/recognised			
(撥回)/確認淨額	on other receivables, net		(6,218)	21,115
- 合同資產減值確認/	Impairment recognised/(reversed)			
(撥回)淨額	on contract assets, net	25	9,208	(6,064)
未計入租賃負債計量的租	Lease payments not included in the			
約付款	measurement of lease liabilities	16(c)	65,750	81,989

10. 所得税

10. INCOME TAX

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
税項支出包括:	The tax charge comprises:		
即期税項	Current taxation		
中國企業所得税以及有關中	PRC Enterprise Income Tax, withholding tax		
國投資已分派溢利及集團	for distributable profits and intergroup		
內重組的預扣税	restructuring of investments in the PRC	2,055,797	1,876,618
過往年度撥備不足	Under-provision in prior years	19,360	18,330
		2,075,157	1,894,948
遞延税項(附註34)	Deferred taxation (Note 34)	(77,237)	(44,789)
		1,997,920	1,850,159

年內的香港利得税乃根據來自香港的 估計應課税溢利按税率16.5%(二零二 三年:16.5%)計提撥備。本公司及其 於香港經營的附屬公司於兩個年度內 並無應課税溢利,因此,並無於綜合 財務報表內計提香港利得税撥備。

根據中華人民共和國企業所得税法 (「企業所得税法」)及企業所得税法 實施條例,中國附屬公司的稅率為 25%,惟若干集團實體享有各種優惠 税率或税項減免。

根據財政部及國家税務總局聯合下 發的通知(財税二零一一年第1號), 外資企業僅於向外國投資者分派其於 二零零八年一月一日前賺取的溢利時 方可不溯既往並獲豁免繳納預扣税; 而於該日後根據所產生溢利而分派的 股息則須根據新税法第3條及第27條 以及其詳細實施規則第91條按5%或 10%的税率繳納企業所得税(由中國 實體扣除)。

Hong Kong Profits Tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2023: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year. The Company and its subsidiaries operating in Hong Kong did not have assessable profits, accordingly no provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made in the consolidated financial statements for both years.

Under the Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (the "EIT Law") and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the tax rate of the PRC subsidiaries is 25% except for certain group entities which are entitled to various concessionary tax rates or tax exemptions and reliefs.

According to a joint circular of the Ministry of Finance and the State Administration of Taxation, Cai Shui 2011 No. 1, only the profits earned by foreign-investment enterprises prior to 1st January, 2008, when distributed to foreign investors, can be grandfathered and exempted from withholding tax. Whereas dividend distributed out of the profits generated thereafter, shall be subject to the Enterprise Income Tax at 5% or 10% and withheld by the PRC entities, pursuant to Articles 3 and 27 of the New Law and Article 91 of its Detailed Implementation Rules.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2024

10. 所得税(續)

10. INCOME TAX (CONTINUED)

年內税項支出與綜合損益及其他綜合 收益表上除税前溢利的對賬如下:

The tax charge for the year can be reconciled to the profit before taxation per consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

		二零二四年 2024 千港元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 千港元 HK\$'000
除税前溢利	Profit before taxation	7,746,214	8,909,045
按適用所得税率25%(二零二 三年:25%)計算的税項 就税務用途不可扣減開支的税	Tax at the applicable income tax rate of 25% (2023: 25%) Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax	1,936,554	2,227,261
務影響	purposes	332,054	285,879
就税務用途毋須課税收入的税 務影響	Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purposes	(54,771)	(328,763)
應佔合營公司業績的稅務影響	Tax effect of share of results of joint ventures	(103,001)	(69,421)
應佔聯營公司業績的稅務影響	Tax effect of share of results of associates	(84,080)	(91,660)
未確認税項虧損的税務影響 動用過往並未確認的税項虧損	Tax effect of tax losses not recognised Utilisation of tax losses previously not	78,621	102,883
到川旭江亚小唯秘时/////宋准川只	recognised	(59,067)	(103,357)
按優惠税率計算的所得税 有關中國投資可分派溢利及集 團內重組的預扣税	Income tax at concessionary rates Withholding tax for distributable profits and intergroup restructuring of investments in	(134,706)	(190,231)
	the PRC	76,591	10,084
過往年度撥備不足	Under-provision in prior years	19,360	18,330
其他	Others	(9,635)	(10,846)
年內税項支出	Tax charge for the year	1,997,920	1,850,159

11. 董事及行政總裁酬金及五名 最高薪僱員

11. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S **EMOLUMENTS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES**

董事

已付或應付董事的酬金如下:

Directors

The emoluments paid or payable to the directors are as follows:

				二零二四年 2024					二零二三年 2023		
	-		薪金及其他	論 功行賞的	退休福利計			薪金及其他	論功行賞的	退休福利計	
		袍金	福利	拠分 1 英出	当供款	合計	袍金	福利		劃供款	合計
		102	ie i	Performance	Retirement		10±	IHIJ	Performance	Retirement	HHI
			Salaries	related	benefit			Salaries	related	benefit	
			and other	incentive	schemes			and other	incentive	schemes	
董事姓名	Name of directors	Fees	benefits	payments	contributions	Total	Fees	benefits	payments	contributions	Total
		千港元	千港元	· , 千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
執行董事(附註a)	Executive directors										
	(Note a)										
楊平	Yang Ping	-	1,540	1,450	103	3,093	-	1,595	2,170	166	3,931
秦艷 (附註a)	Qin Yan (Note a)	-	951	1,950	104	3,005	-	-	-	-	-
黎小雙 (附註a)	Li Xiaoshuang (Note a)	-	948	1,956	106	3,010	-	1,114	1,370	169	2,653
葛彬 (附註a)	Ge Bin (Note a)	-	-	-	-	-	=	1,455	2,360	157	3,972
非執行董事(附註d)	Non-executive directors (Note d)										
王傳棟(附註b)	Wang Chuandong (Note b)	-	-	-	-	-	=	=	=	=	-
王高強	Wang Gaoqiang	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	=	-
劉堅(附註b)	Liu Jian (Note b)	-	-	-	-	-	=	=	-	=	-
葛路(附註b)	Ge Lu (Note b)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	=
李巍巍(附註b)	Li Weiwei (Note b)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	=
張軍政(附註b)	Zhang Junzheng (Note b)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	=
劉曉勇(附註b)	Liu Xiaoyong (Note b)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	=
何友棟(附註b)	He Youdong (Note b)	-	-	-	-	-	=	=	=	=	-
獨立非執行董事	Independent non-										
	executive directors										
黃得勝	Wong Tak Sing	300	-	-	-	300	300	-	-	-	300
俞漢度	Yu Hon To, David	300	-	-	-	300	300	-	-	-	300
楊玉川	Yang Yuchuan	300	-	-	-	300	300	-	-	-	300
李博恩(附註c)	Li Pok Yan (Note c)	300	-	-	-	300	77	-	-	-	77
胡曉勇(附註c)	Hu Xiaoyong (Note c)	-		-	-	-	223		-	-	223
		1,200	3,439	5,356	313	10,308	1,200	4,164	5,900	492	11,756

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截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2024

11. 董事及行政總裁酬金及五名 最高薪僱員(續)

董事(續)

附註:

- (a) 楊平先生已於二零二四年八月十六日 獲委任為本公司董事會主席。葛彬先 生已於二零二三年十二月七日辭任本 公司執行董事及副主席,而黎小雙先 生已於二零二三年十二月七日獲委任 為執行董事,及上表所披露的薪酬為 全年薪酬。秦艷女士已於二零二四年 十二月十七日獲委任為執行董事,及 上表所披露的薪酬為全年薪酬。
- (b) 何友棟先生及劉曉勇先生已於二零二 三年九月二十七日辭任非執行董事, 而葛路女士已於二零二三年九月二十 七日獲委任為非執行董事。王傳棟先 生已於二零二四年八月十六日辭任本 公司非執行董事及董事會主席。李巍 巍先生及張軍政先生已於二零二四年 十一月二十九日獲委任為本公司非執 行董事。劉堅先生已於二零二五年一 月二十一日辭任非執行董事,而房昕 先生已於二零二五年一月二十一日獲 委任為非執行董事。
- (c) 胡曉勇先生已於二零二三年九月二十 七日辭任獨立非執行董事,而李博恩 先生已於二零二三年九月二十七日獲 委任為獨立非執行董事。
- (d) 非執行董事於二零二四年及二零二三 年的酬金由華潤(集團)有限公司承 擔或部分承擔。

以上所載執行董事的酬金乃主要針對 彼等對本公司及本集團管理事務提供 的服務。以上所載非執行董事及獨立 非執行董事的酬金乃主要針對彼等作 為本公司董事提供的服務。

行政總裁或任何董事概無於該兩個年 度放棄任何酬金。

11. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S **EMOLUMENTS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES (CONTINUED)**

Directors (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) Mr. Yang Ping has been appointed as the Chairman of the Board of the Company on 16th August, 2024. Mr. Ge Bin has resigned as an executive director and the vice chairman of the Company on 7th December, 2023 and Mr. Li Xiaoshuang has been appointed as an executive director on 7th December, 2023 and the emolument disclosed in above table represents compensation for the full year. Ms. Qin Yan has been appointed as an executive director on 17th December, 2024 and the emolument disclosed in above table represents compensation for the full year.
- (b) Mr. He Youdong and Mr. Liu Xiaoyong have resigned as nonexecutive directors on 27th September, 2023 and Ms. Ge Lu has been appointed as a non-executive director on 27th September 2023. Mr. Wang Chuandong has resigned as a non-executive director and the Chairman of the Board of the Company on 16th August, 2024. Mr. LI Weiwei and Mr. Zhang Junzheng have been appointed as non-executive directors on 29th November, 2024. Mr. Liu Jian has resigned as a non-executive director on 21st January, 2025 and Mr. Fang Xin has been appointed as a non-executive director on 21st January, 2025.
- (c) Mr. Hu Xiaoyong has resigned as an independent non-executive director on 27th September, 2023 and Mr. Li Pok Yan has been appointed as an independent non-executive director on 27th September, 2023.
- (d) The emoluments of the non-executive directors for 2024 and 2023 were borne or partially borne by China Resources (Holdings) Company Limited.

The executive directors' emoluments shown above were paid for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and the Group. The emoluments of the nonexecutive directors and independent non-executive directors shown above were paid for their services as directors of the Company.

Neither the chief executive nor any of the directors waived any emoluments in both years.

11. 董事及行政總裁酬金及五名 最高薪僱員(續)

僱員

本集團五名最高薪人士包括三名(二 零二三年:三名)執行董事,彼等的 酬金詳情載於上文。其餘兩名(二零 二三年:兩名)最高薪僱員(彼等並非 本集團董事或行政總裁)的酬金如下:

11. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S **EMOLUMENTS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES (CONTINUED)**

Employees

The five highest paid individuals of the Group included three (2023: three) of the executive directors, details of whose emoluments are set out above. The emoluments of the remaining two (2023: two) highest paid employees who are neither a director nor chief executive of the Group are as follows:

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
薪金及其他福利	Salaries and other benefits	2,304	2,678
論功行賞的獎金	Performance related incentive payments	3,590	4,097
退休福利計劃供款	Retirement benefit scheme contributions	209	339
		6,103	7,114

上述僱員的酬金介乎以下範圍:

The emoluments of the above employees are within the following bands:

二零二三年	二零二四年		
2023	2024		
僱員人數	僱員人數		
Number of	Number of		
employees	employees		
1	2	HK\$3,000,001 to HK\$3,500,000	3,000,001港元至3,500,000港元
1	_	HK\$3,500,001 to HK\$4,000,000	3,500,001港元至4,000,000港元
-	_	HK\$4,000,001 to HK\$4,500,000	4,000,001港元至4,500,000港元
-	_	HK\$4,500,001 to HK\$5,000,000	4,500,001港元至5,000,000港元
-	_	HK\$5,000,001 to HK\$5,500,000	5,000,001港元至5,500,000港元
_	-	HK\$5,500,001 to HK\$6,000,000	5,500,001港元至6,000,000港元
2	2		

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截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2024

12. 股息

12. DIVIDENDS

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
年內確認為分派的股息:	Dividends recognised as distribution during the year:		
二零二四年中期股息 - 每股25	2024 interim dividend - 25 HK cents per		
港仙(二零二三年:二零二三	share (2023: 2023 interim dividend - 15		
年中期股息 - 每股15港仙)	HK cents per share)	567,054	340,232
二零二三年末期股息 - 每股	2023 final dividend - 100.69 HK cents per		
100.69港仙(二零二三年:二	share (2023: 2022 final dividend - 90 HK		
零二二年末期股息 - 每股90	cents per share)		
港仙)		2,283,866	2,041,394
		2,850,920	2,381,626

董事建議派付截至二零二四年十二 月三十一日止年度的末期股息每股 70.00港仙(二零二三年:100.69港 仙),總額達1,587,770,000港元(二 零二三年:2,283,866,000港元)。

The directors recommend the payment of a final dividend of 70.00 HK cents (2023: 100.69 HK cents) per share for the year ended 31st December, 2024 in an aggregate amount of HK\$1,587,770,000 (2023: HK\$2,283,866,000).

13. 每股盈利

每股基本盈利乃按以下數據計算:

13. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic earnings per share is based on the following data:

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
盈利:	Earnings:		
用以計算每股基本盈利的盈	Earnings for the purpose of basic earnings		
利(本公司擁有人應佔年	per share (profit for the year attributable to		
內溢利)	owners of the Company)	4,088,148	5,223,705
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
股份數目:	Number of shares:		
用以計算每股基本盈利的加	Weighted average number of shares in issue		
權平均已發行股份數目減	less shares held for incentive award scheme		
為獎勵計劃持有的股份	for the purpose of basic earnings per share	2,268,243,405	2,268,215,487

由於兩個年度並無已發行的潛在普通 股,故並無呈列每股攤薄盈利。

No diluted earnings per share is presented as there were no potential ordinary shares in issue for both years.

14. 物業、廠房及設備

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

			樓宇	廠房、機器及設備	燃氣管道	傢私及裝置	租賃物業裝修	汽車	在建工程	合計
				Plant, machinery		Furniture and	Leasehold	Motor	Construction	
			Buildings	and equipment	Gas pipelines	fixtures	improvements	vehicles	in progress	Total
		附註	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
成本	COST									
於二零二三年一月一日	At 1st January, 2023		7,620,343	5,019,402	43,727,710	1,182,491	594,526	636,241	4,117,121	62,897,834
添置	Additions		1,066	1,152,003	52,581	95,255	35,458	31,224	3,974,224	5,341,811
業務合併	Business combinations		1,509,080	259,173	8,153,730	123,884	18,955	97,806	1,255,950	11,418,578
出售/撤銷	Disposals/write-off		(62,580)	(150,480)	(115,753)	(32,220)	(9,257)	(75,013)	(13,953)	(459,256)
自投資物業轉出	Transfer from investment									
	properties	15	1,743	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,743
重新分類	Reclassification		417,660	163,306	4,821,628	6,669	26,602	-	(5,435,865)	-
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments		(98,289)	(72,510)	(588,225)	(14,877)	(6,018)	(11,761)	(61,995)	(853,675)
於二零二三年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2023		9,389,023	6,370,894	56,051,671	1,361,202	660,266	678,497	3,835,482	78,347,035
	Additions		9,454	1,382,062	-	143,923	44,636	34,596	4,898,258	6,512,929
業務合併	Business combinations	38	505	266	30,316	94	-	120	-	31,301
出售/撤銷	Disposals/write-off		(193,649)	(343,057)	(599,892)	(53,681)	(7,984)	(79,521)	(67,706)	(1,345,490)
轉撥至投資物業	Transfer to investment									
	properties	15	(8,210)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(8,210)
重新分類	Reclassification		1,535,681	138,600	4,208,460	-	8,497	-	(5,891,238)	-
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments		(226,521)	(175,536)	(874,542)	(37,835)	(10,914)	(18,683)	(117,026)	(1,461,057)
於二零二四年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2024		10,506,283	7,373,229	58,816,013	1,413,703	694,501	615,009	2,657,770	82,076,508

14. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

			樓宇	廠房、機器及設備	燃氣管道	傢私及裝置	租賃物業裝修	汽車	在建工程	合計
				Plant, machinery		Furniture and	Leasehold	Motor	Construction	
			Buildings	and equipment	Gas pipelines	fixtures	improvements	vehicles	in progress	Total
		附註	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
折舊	DEPRECIATION									
於二零二三年一月一日	At 1st January, 2023		1,664,306	2,311,368	9,127,720	620,332	369,136	340,198	-	14,433,060
年度撥備	Provided for the year		572,069	407,327	1,946,230	145,696	40,530	93,340	-	3,205,192
出售/撤銷時撤除	Eliminated on disposal/write-off		(26,483)	(120,105)	(33,643)	(10,211)	(2,972)	(70,323)	-	(263,737)
自投資物業轉出	Transfer from investment									
	properties	15	619	=	=	=	=	=	=	619
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments		(23,660)	(50,816)	(130,160)	(10,602)	(3,597)	(8,123)	-	(226,958)
於二零二三年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2023		2,186,851	2,547,774	10,910,147	745,215	403,097	355,092	-	17,148,176
年度撥備	Provided for the year		623,051	570,053	1,619,935	153,771	46,091	88,746	-	3,101,647
出售/撤銷時撤除	Eliminated on disposal/write-off		(100,674)	(322,261)	(161,550)	(36,133)	(5,316)	(74,304)	-	(700,238)
轉撥至投資物業	Transfer to investment									
	properties	15	(3,775)	=	=	=	=	=	=	(3,775)
匯 兑調整	Exchange adjustments		(70,513)	(108,603)	(181,249)	(22,399)	(6,345)	(13,127)	-	(402,236)
於二零二四年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2024		2,634,940	2,686,963	12,187,283	840,454	437,527	356,407	-	19,143,574
	CARRYING VALUES									
於二零二四年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2024		7,871,343	4,686,266	46,628,730	573,249	256,974	258,602	2,657,770	62,932,934
於二零二三年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2023		7,202,172	3,823,120	45,141,524	615,987	257,169	323,405	3,835,482	61,198,859

14. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

除賬面淨額分別約為3,131,000港 元、5,645,000港元及7,327,000港元 的若干本集團樓宇、廠房、機器及設 備以及燃氣管道於二零二三年十二月 三十一日被抵押以為本集團銀行及其 他借貸114.873.000港元(已於本年償 還)作抵押外,於二零二四年十二月 三十一日,概無其他已抵押物業、廠 房及設備。

上述物業、廠房及設備項目(在建工 程除外)按估計可使用年期在計及其 估計剩餘價值後以直線法予以折舊如 下:

樓宇

Buildings

廠房、機器及設備

Plant, machinery and equipment

燃氣管道

Gas pipelines

傢俬及裝置

Furniture and fixtures

租賃物業裝修

Leasehold improvements

汽車

Motor vehicles

本集團的樓宇位於中國土地上。

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

Except for certain of the Group's buildings, plant, machinery and equipment and gas pipelines with a net carrying amount of approximately HK\$3,131,000, HK\$5,645,000 and HK\$7,327,000 respectively were pledged to secure bank and other borrowings of HK\$114.873.000 at 31st December, 2023, which were repaid in this year, there was no other pledged property, plant and equipment as at 31st December, 2024.

The above items of property, plant and equipment, other than construction in progress, are depreciated over their estimated useful lives and after taking into account their estimated residual values, using the straight-line method, as follows:

25至40年

25 to 40 years

5至20年

5 to 20 years

20至40年

20 to 40 years

3至12年

3 to 12 years

3至5年

3 to 5 years

31/3至10年

 $3^{1}/_{3}$ to 10 years

The Group's buildings are situated on the land in the PRC.

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截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2024

15. 投資物業

15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

		附註 Notes	千港元 HK\$'000
成本	COST		
於二零二三年一月一日	At 1st January, 2023		138,112
添置	Addition		2,350
業務合併	Business combinations		858,314
轉至物業、廠房及設備	Transfer to property, plant and equipment	14	(1,743)
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments		(3,470)
於二零二三年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2023		993,563
轉撥自物業、廠房及設備	Transfer from property, plant and equipment	14	8,210
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments		(19,031)
於二零二四年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2024		982,742
折舊	DEPRECIATION		
於二零二三年一月一日	At 1st January, 2023		54,606
年度撥備	Provided for the year		27,051
轉至物業、廠房及設備	Transfer to property, plant and equipment	14	(619)
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments		(505)
於二零二三年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2023		80,533
年度撥備	Provided for the year		32,043
轉撥自物業、廠房及設備	Transfer from property, plant and equipment	14	3,775
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments		(5,041)
於二零二四年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2024		111,310
	CARRYING VALUES		
於二零二四年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2024		871,432
於二零二三年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2023		913,030

本集團所有用以賺取租金的物業權益 皆以成本模式計量,並分類為投資物 業入賬。折舊乃按剩餘租賃年期以直 線法撇銷投資物業的成本計提。

於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三 十一日,本集團的所有投資物業均位 於中國。

All of the Group's property interests to earn rentals are measured using the cost model and are classified and accounted for as investment properties. Depreciation is provided to write off the cost of investment properties using the straight-line method over the remaining terms of the leases.

At 31st December, 2024 and 2023, all of the Group's investment properties were situated in the PRC.

16. 租賃

本集團作為承租人

本集團有用於其業務營運的樓宇、廠 房、機器及設備多個項目的租賃合 約。通常已提前作出一次性付款以 向業主收購租賃土地,租期為2至50 年,而根據該等土地租賃的條款,將 不會繼續支付任何款項。樓宇的租期 通常為2至25年,而廠房、機器及設 備的租期通常介乎2至24年。

(a) 使用權資產

本集團年內使用權資產的賬面值 及變動如下:

16. LEASES

The Group as a lessee

The Group has lease contracts for various items of buildings, plant, machinery and equipment used in its operations. Lump sum payments were generally made upfront to acquire the leased land from the owners with lease periods of 2 to 50 years, and no ongoing payments will be made under the terms of these land leases. Leases of buildings generally have lease terms between 2 and 25 years, and leases of plant, machinery and equipment have lease terms between 2 and 24 years.

(a) Right-of-use assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's right-of-use assets and the movements during the year are as follows:

			租賃土地 Leasehold	樓宇	廠房、機器及 設備 Plant, machinery	合計
			land	Buildings	and equipment	Total
		附註 Note	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000	千港元 HK\$'000
於二零二三年一月一日	As at 1st January, 2023		2,941,475	275,536	57,279	3,274,290
添置	Additions		171,030	200,291	13,137	384,458
業務合併	Business combinations		1,595,007	-	-	1,595,007
出售	Disposals		(28,861)	-	-	(28,861)
折舊開支	Depreciation charge		(294,665)	(120,575)	(8,689)	(423,929)
匯 兑調整	Exchange adjustments		(40,663)	(5,016)	(258)	(45,937)
於二零二三年十二月三十一日	As at 31st December, 2023		4,343,323	350,236	61,469	4,755,028
添置	Additions		138,144	223,933	22,612	384,689
業務合併	Business combinations	38	201	355	_	556
出售	Disposals		(29,913)	(699)	(4,101)	(34,713)
折舊開支	Depreciation charge		(160,148)	(142,929)	(14,155)	(317,232)
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments		(74,125)	(22,115)	(4,693)	(100,933)
於二零二四年十二月三十一日	As at 31st December, 2024		4,217,482	408,781	61,132	4,687,395

於二零二四年十二月三十一 日,賬面淨額約為3,549,000港 元(二零二三年:3,800,000港 元)的若干使用權資產已被抵 押以為本集團銀行及其他借貸 2,159,000港元(二零二三年: 114,873,000港元)作抵押。

At 31st December, 2024, certain of the right-of-use assets with a net carrying amount of approximately HK\$3,549,000 (2023: HK\$3,800,000) were pledged to secure bank and other borrowings of HK\$2,159,000 (2023: HK\$114,873,000) of the Group.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2024

16. 租賃(續)

16. LEASES (CONTINUED)

本集團作為承租人(續)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

(b) 租賃負債

(b) Lease liabilities

			二零二四年	二零二三年
			2024	2023
		附註	千港元	千港元
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於一月一日的賬面值	Carrying amount at 1st January	,	472,190	407,395
新租賃	New leases		238,490	194,604
業務合併	Business combinations	38	381	11,171
年內已確認利息增幅	Accretion of interest recognised during			
	the year		21,047	21,921
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments		(14,345)	(17,864)
付款	Payments		(194,243)	(145,037)
於十二月三十一日的賬面值	Carrying amount at 31st December			
(附註)	(Note)		523,520	472,190
分析為:	Analysed into:			
流動部分	Current portion		132,771	144,160
非流動部分	Non-current portion		390,749	328,030

附註:租賃負債87,379,000港元(二 零二三年:50,672,000港元) 與同系附屬公司有關。

Note: Lease liability of HK\$87,379,000 (2023: HK\$50,672,000) is related to fellow subsidiaries.

(c) 於損益中確認的租賃相關款項如 下:

(c) The amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to leases are as follows:

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
租賃負債利息	Interest on lease liabilities	21,047	21,921
使用權資產折舊開支	Depreciation charge of right-of-use		
	assets	317,232	423,929
與短期租賃及低價值資產租賃	Expense relating to short-term leases		
有關的開支(計入行政開支	and leases of low-value assets		
以及銷售及分銷開支)	(included in administrative expenses		
	and selling and distribution expenses)	65,750	81,989
損益中確認款項總額	Total amount recognised in profit or loss	404,029	527,839

16. 租賃(續)

本集團作為出租人

於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三 十一日,日後本集團根據與其租戶之 不可撤銷經營租賃的應收未貼現租賃 款項如下:

16. LEASES (CONTINUED)

The Group as a lessor

At 31st December, 2024 and 2023, the undiscounted lease payments receivable by the Group in future periods under noncancellable operating leases with its tenants are as follows:

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
一年內	Within one year	42,436	14,697
第二年至第五年(包括首尾兩年)	In the second to fifth years inclusive	104,876	24,778
五年以後	After five years	1,259	4,298
		148,571	43,773

17. 於合營公司的權益

17. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
應佔淨資產	Share of net assets	15,462,961	15,814,607
收購產生的商譽	Goodwill on acquisition	1,801,340	1,840,724
		17,264,301	17,655,331

於報告期末,本集團的主要合營公司 詳情載於附註47。

Details of the Group's principal joint ventures at the end of the reporting period are set out in note 47.

17. 於合營公司的權益(續)

主要合營公司的財務資料概要:

有關本集團主要合營公司的財務資料概要載列如下。

合營公司乃於本綜合財務報表中按權益法入賬:

17. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

Summarised financial information of material joint ventures:

The summarised financial information in respect of the Group's material joint ventures is set out below. The joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method in these consolidated

financial statements:

		津燃華潤燃	(華潤燃氣有限公司	南昌市燃氣集團	副有限公司	福州華潤燃氣有限公	有限公司	青島能源華潤燃氣	氣有限公司	寧波華潤興光燃氣有限公	氣有限公司	合肥合燃華潤燃氣	氣有限公司
		一零二四年	事!!	二零二四年	事二	零 四年		二零二四年		二零二四年		二零二四年	
		7.8	2023	7 2024	2023	2024	2023	7.84	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
		十港元 HK\$'000	出来: HK\$'000	+ → → → HK\$,000	上海:HK\$'000	上海 HK\$'000	出版+ HK\$'000	十 ^油 元 HK\$'000	十海元 HK\$'000	十港元 HK\$′000	十港元 HK\$'000	十港元 HK\$ '000	日東十 HK\$,000
放動資產	Current assets	5,135,813	6,538,152	522,776	390,043	1,009,338	1,104,930	944,481	1,050,594	5,168,565	4,815,957	4,056,381	5,461,565
非流動資產	Non-current assets	13,058,981	13,715,354	2,428,299	2,409,376	2,468,128	2,431,784	3,728,517	3,873,387	1,764,802	1,738,689	6,788,838	6,705,331
流動負債	Current liabilities	(10,853,282)	(13,008,387)	(1,536,080)	(1,527,264)	(1,466,989)	(1,533,364)	(1,975,208)	(2,162,931)	(1,237,613)	(1,082,109)	(2,430,133)	(2,543,467)
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities	(3,885,748)	(3,219,175)	(10,865)	(3,094)	(74,755)	(85,256)	(680,625)	(996,715)	(55,312)	(43,051)	(2,097,440)	(2,318,213)
上述資產及負債金額包括下別各項:	債金額包括下別各項: The above amounts of assets and												
現金及現金等價物	naumines include the following. Cash and cash equivalents	2,203,659	2,562,706	158,151	108,612	439,473	494,970	545,308	553,598	2,114,666	2,302,633	2,275,565	3,457,294
流動金融負債 (不包括應付貿易賬款 以及其他應付款及撥備)	Current financial liabilities (excluding trade and other payables and												
	provisions)	(13,545)	(219,399)	(556,611)	(492,794)	(120,714)	(77,851)	(935,335)	(618'806)	1	1	(89,188)	(174,335)
非流動金融負債(不包括應付貿易賬 款以及其他應付款及撥備)	Non-current financial liabilities (excluding trade and other payables and												
	provisions)	(2,654,862)	(2,198,443)	(1,654)	(22)	(44,363)	(51,279)	(679,706)	(665,121)	,	ı	(152,198)	(178,487)

17. 於合營公司的權益(續)

17. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

主要合營公司的財務資料概要:(<i>續</i>	务資料概要:(續)			Sun	marised	financial	informati	on of mat	erial join	Summarised financial information of material joint ventures: (Continued)	s: (Continu	(pen	
		津燃華潤燃氣有限公司	有限公司	南昌市燃氣集	市燃氣集團有限公司	福州華潤燃氣有限公	有限公司	青島能源華潤燃氣有限公	氧有限公司	寧波華潤興光燃氣有限公	南有限公司	合肥合燃華潤燃氣有限公司	氢有限公司
		二零二四年 2024 千港元 HKS'000	二零二三年 2023 千港元 HK&5000	二零二四年 2024 千湖元 HKS' 000		二零二四年 2024 千港元 HKS'000	零 2023 千海元 HKS(700			零 四年 2024 千港元 HKS,000		Me L L L L L L L L L	二零二二年 2023 千港元 HK&Y000
燃氣接較收入 其他收入	Gas connection revenue Other revenue	170,383 12,363,086	624,570	321,487 2,184,114	359,268	247,755	375,017	217,665	127,763	188,442 5,950,634	204,146	528,471 4,403,997	607,315
收入	Revenue	12,533,469	13,564,960	2,505,601	2,527,250	4,396,362	4,455,253	2,474,282	2,291,952	6,139,076	6,303,431	4,932,468	5,272,252
年內(虧損)/溢利及全面收入總額	(Loss)/profit and total comprehensive income for the year	(436,260)	(600,234)	173,794	157,002	122,470	121,767	214,403	227,205	292,640	237,029	104,605	95,557
年內已收合營公司脫急	Dividends declared from joint ventures during the year	1	ı	1	ı	25,217	13,694	107,373	27,035	,	ı	451,174	1
上述年內溢利或虧損金額包括下列 各項: 折舊及難銷	The above amounts of profit or loss for the year include the following: Depreciation and amortisation	837,096	792,299	103,072	95,203	135,258	107,359	151,739	116,229	100,672	100,040	312,500	295,664
利息收入	Interest income	27,995	44,645	1,445	1,623	5,184	8,140	2,894	5,711	91,485	102,526	57,895	92,874
利息支出	Interest expense	218,843	247,117	13,620	12,448	3,226	7,443	49,249	27,818			1,373	1,476
所得稅開支/(抵免)	Income tax expense/(credited)	(127)	2,849	59,028	53,145	60,922	61,486	55,082	31,755	81,966	75,045	25,267	13, 136

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於合營公司的權益(續) 17.

主要合營公司的財務資料概要:(續)

上述財務資料概要與於綜合財務報表內確認的合營公司權益 的賬面值對賬如下:

Summarised financial information of material joint ventures: (Continued)

17. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

A reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amounts of the interests in inint ventures reconnised in the consolidated financial statements is as follows:

		洋燃華潤燃氣	有限公司	南昌市燃氣集團	團有限公司	福州華潤燃氣	有限公司	青島能源華潤燃	氣有限公司	寧波華潤興光燃	?光燃氣有限公司	合肥合燃華潤燃	氣有限公司
		哪 四年	二零二二年	二零二四年	- 秦 - - 秦 - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	秦 四年		二零二四年	一零二二年	二零二四年		二零二四年	-
		2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
		工業工	上海十	工業上	上海上	千滿元	比拠十	工業上	尼拠 十	千滿元	比幾十	上海	- 一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一
		HK\$,000	HK\$,000	HK\$, 000	HK\$,000	HK\$, 000	HK\$,000	HK\$,000	HK\$'000	HK\$, 000	HK\$,000	HK\$,000	HK\$'000
擁有人應佔合營公司資產淨值	Net assets of joint ventures attributable to												
	Owners	2,902,491	3,429,454	1,404,129	1,269,060	1,809,896	1,803,956	1,759,762	1,821,752	5,596,031	5,472,300	6,317,646	7,348,127
本集團於合營公司的	Proportion of the Group's ownership												
擁有權權益比例	interest in joint ventures	49%	49%	46%	49%	49%	49%	49%	49%	46%	49%	49%	49%
應佔合營公司淨資產	Share of net assets of joint ventures	1,422,221	1,680,432	688,023	621,839	886,849	883,938	862,283	892,658	2,742,055	2,681,427	3,095,647	3,600,582
海電	Goodwill		1	408,487	420,698	352,189	362,717	65,401	67,356	339,383	349,528	588,351	605,938
於收購時公平值調整的影響	Effect of fair value adjustments at				6	:				:		į	6
	acquisition		ı	81,040	680'68	83,140	91,301	•	ı	293,142	314,227	472,042	208'386
本集團於合營公司的權益的賬面值	Carrying amount of the Group's interests												
	in joint ventures	1,422,221	1,680,432	1,177,550	1,131,626	1,322,178	1,337,956	927,684	960,014	3,374,580	3,345,182	4,156,040	4,715,915

主要合營公司乃全部主要從事與本集團相似的活動,對本集 團銷售天然氣及液化石油氣、建設燃氣接駁合同項下的燃氣 網、銷售燃氣器具及相關產品、有關燃氣接駁項目的設 計、建設、顧問及管理及於天然氣加氣站銷售氣體燃料具有 戰略意義。其主要營業地點位於中國

.⊑ The material joint ventures are all principally engaged in similar activities to the Group and are strategic to the Group's activities of the sale of natural gas and liquefied petroleum gas, the construction of gas pipeline networks under gas connection contracts, the sale of gas appliances and related products, the design, construction, consultancy and management for gas connection projects and the sale of gas fuel natural gas filling stations. Their principal place of business is in the PRC.

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17. 於合營公司的權益(續)

17. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

單獨而言並非屬重大的合營公司的總 計資料:

Aggregate information of joint ventures that are not individually material:

		二零二四年 2024 千港元	二零二三年 2023 千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
本集團應佔溢利及全面收益 總額	The Group's share of profit and total comprehensive income	180,893	199,404
本集團於該等合營公司的 權益賬面值總額	Aggregate carrying amount of the Group's interests in these joint ventures	4,884,048	4,484,206

18. 於聯營公司的權益

18. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
應佔淨資產	Share of net assets	4,415,702	4,644,504
收購產生的商譽	Goodwill on acquisition	1,464	1,496
		4,417,166	4,646,000

於報告期末,本集團的主要聯營公司 詳情載於附註48。

主要聯營公司的財務資料概要:

於該等綜合財務報表中,聯營公司採 用權益法入賬。

Details of the Group's principal associates at the end of the reporting period are set out in note 48.

Summarised financial information of material associates:

The associates are accounted for using the equity method in these consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2024

18. 於聯營公司的權益(續)

主要聯營公司的財務資料概要:(續)

本集團的主要聯營公司成都燃氣集團 股份有限公司(「成都燃氣」)於二零二 四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日的 財務資料概要載列如下。

18. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONTINUED)

Summarised financial information of material associates: (Continued)

Summarised financial information in respect of 成都燃氣集團股份 有限公司 ("成都燃氣"), the Group's material associate, as at 31st December, 2024 and 2023, is set out below.

		成都燃氣	
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
流動資產	Current assets	4,161,955	3,890,518
非流動資產	Non-current assets	4,848,865	5,126,932
流動負債	Current liabilities	(3,465,396)	(3,534,423)
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities	(212,624)	(254,432)
非控股權益	Non-controlling interests	(289,776)	(299,562)
		ct; ±47 ₩ €	,
		成都燃氣	
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
收入	Revenue	5,744,730	5,708,107
年內溢利及全面收益總額	Profit and total comprehensive income		
	for the year	563,509	614,520
年內向聯營公司宣派的股息	Dividends declared from the associate		
	during the year	94,663	95,341

18. 於聯營公司的權益(續)

主要聯營公司的財務資料概要:(續)

上述財務資料概要與於綜合財務報表 內確認的聯營公司權益的賬面值對賬 如下:

18. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONTINUED)

Summarised financial information of material associates: (Continued)

A reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interests in the associate recognised in the consolidated financial statements is as follows:

		成都燃氣	
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
擁有人應佔聯營公司淨資產	Net assets of the associate attributable to		
	owners	5,043,024	4,929,033
本集團於聯營公司的擁有權權	Proportion of the Group's ownership		
益比例	interests in associates	32.40%	32.40%
本集團應佔淨資產	The Group's share of net assets	1,633,940	1,597,007
商譽	Goodwill	1,464	1,496
於收購時公平值調整的影響	Effect of fair value adjustments at acquisition	41,163	130,366
本集團於聯營公司權益的	Carrying amount of the Group's interests in		
賬面值	associates	1,676,567	1,728,869
上市投資的公平值(附註)	Fair value of listed investments (Note)	3,119,395	3,254,336

附註:上市股份的公平值計量(第一級公平 值計量) 乃來自活躍市場的市價報價。

成都燃氣乃主要從事與本集團相似的 活動,對本集團銷售天然氣及液化石 油氣、建設燃氣接駁合同項下的燃氣 管網、有關燃氣接駁項目的設計、建 設、顧問及管理以及於天然氣加氣站 銷售氣體燃料具有戰略意義。其主要 營業地點位於中國。

Note: The fair value measurements of the listed shares (Level 1 fair value measurements) are derived from quoted prices in an active market.

成都燃氣 is principally engaged in similar activities to the Group and are strategic to the Group's activities of the sale of natural gas and liquefied petroleum gas, the construction of gas pipeline networks under gas connection contracts, the design, construction, consultancy and management for gas connection projects and the sale of gas fuel in natural gas filling stations. Its principal place of business is the PRC.

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18. 於聯營公司的權益(續)

主要聯營公司的財務資料概要:(續)

單獨而言並非屬重大的聯營公司的總 計資料:

18. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONTINUED)

Summarised financial information of material associates: (Continued)

Aggregate information of associates that are not individually material:

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
本集團應佔溢利及全面收益 總額	The Group's share of profit and total comprehensive income	153,742	194,662
	· · ·	155,742	194,002
本集團於該等聯營公司權益的 賬面值總額	Aggregate carrying amount of the Group's interests in these associates	2,740,599	2,917,131

19. 指定按公平值計入其他全面 收益的權益工具

19. EQUITY INSTRUMENTS DESIGNATED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE **INCOME**

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
上市權益工具,按公平值	Listed equity instruments, at fair value	61,832	66,761
非上市權益工具,按公平值	Unlisted equity instruments, at fair value (Note)		
(附註)		401,735	315,883
		463,567	382,644

附註:上述權益工具為不可撤回地指定按公 平值計入其他全面收益,因為本集團 認為該等投資屬戰略性質。

Note: The above equity instruments were irrevocably designated at fair value through other comprehensive income as the Group considers these investments to be strategic in nature.

20. 商譽

20. GOODWILL

		附註	千港元
		Note	HK\$'000
	CARRYING VALUE	'	
於二零二三年一月一日	At 1st January, 2023		2,154,360
業務合併	Business combinations		2,879,586
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments		(122,190)
於二零二三年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2023		4,911,756
業務合併	Business combinations	38	17,402
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments		(154,135)
於二零二四年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2024		4,775,023

由業務合併所取得的商譽會分配到預 期將受惠於該業務合併之現金產生單 位(「現金產生單位」)。就商譽減值測 試而言,管理層視各附屬公司為獨立 的現金產生單位。

Goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to cash-generating units ("CGUs") that are expected to benefit from that business combination. Management considers that each subsidiary represents a separate CGU for the purpose of goodwill impairment testing.

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20. 商譽(續)

於報告期末,商譽的賬面值主要指由 收購以下附屬公司所產生的商譽:

20. GOODWILL (CONTINUED)

At the end of the reporting period, the carrying amount of goodwill mainly represented goodwill arising from the acquisition of subsidiaries as follows:

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
重慶燃氣集團股份有限公司(附註b)	重慶燃氣集團股份有限公司(Note b)	2,310,957	2,389,165
四川德陽天然氣有限責任公司(附註b)	四川德陽天然氣有限責任公司(Note b)	654,810	676,970
昆明煤氣(集團)控股有限公司(附註b)	昆明煤氣(集團)控股有限公司(Note b)	261,050	269,885
彭州華潤燃氣有限公司(附註a)	彭州華潤燃氣有限公司(Note a)	200,584	207,372
蘇創燃氣股份有限公司(附註b)	蘇創燃氣股份有限公司(Note b)	204,557	204,557
廈門華潤燃氣有限公司(附註b)	廈門華潤燃氣有限公司(Note b)	155,873	161,148
安嶽華潤燃氣有限公司(附註b)	安嶽華潤燃氣有限公司(Note b)	117,208	121,175
武漢華潤燃氣有限公司(附註a)	武漢華潤燃氣有限公司(Note a)	111,351	115,119
華潤燃氣(上海)有限公司(附註a)	華潤燃氣(上海)有限公司(Note a)	107,732	111,378
西安華潤燃氣有限公司(附註a)	西安華潤燃氣有限公司(Note a)	93,817	96,992
長興華潤燃氣有限公司(附註b)	長興華潤燃氣有限公司(Note b)	68,590	70,911
襄陽華潤綜合能源有限公司(附註c)	襄陽華潤綜合能源有限公司(Note c)	65,580	67,799
台州燃氣有限公司(附註a)	台州燃氣有限公司(Note a)	62,059	64,159
海東平安華潤燃氣有限公司(附註a)	海東平安華潤燃氣有限公司(Note a)	47,017	48,608
高縣三鼎天然氣有限責任公司(附註a)	高縣三鼎天然氣有限責任公司(Note a)	43,714	45,193
宜賓市南溪區天然氣有限公司(附註b)	宜賓市南溪區天然氣有限公司(Note b)	39,337	40,668
安陽華潤燃氣有限公司(附註a)	安陽華潤燃氣有限公司(Note a)	28,554	29,520
仁壽縣恒燁燃氣有限公司(附註a)	仁壽縣恒燁燃氣有限公司(Note a)	25,890	26,766
鄭州華潤燃氣股份有限公司(附註a)	鄭州華潤燃氣股份有限公司(Note a)	25,615	26,482
文山潤燃天然氣有限公司(附註a)	文山潤燃天然氣有限公司(Note a)	20,746	21,448
大同華潤燃氣有限公司(附註a)	大同華潤燃氣有限公司(Note a)	19,583	20,246
其他(附註a)	Others (Note a)	110,399	96,195
		4,775,023	4,911,756

附註:

- 該等現金產生單位所涉及經營分類 為:(i)銷售及分銷氣體燃料及相關產 品;(ii)燃氣接駁;及(iii)綜合服務。
- 該等現金產生單位所涉及經營分類 為:(i)銷售及分銷氣體燃料及相關產 品;(ii)燃氣接駁;(iii)綜合服務;及 (iv)加氣站。
- 現金產生單位從事綜合能源(包括電 力)銷售。

Notes:

- These CGUs are engaged in the operating segments of (i) the sale and distribution of gas fuel and related products; (ii) gas connection; and (iii) comprehensive services.
- These CGUs are engaged in the operating segments of (i) the sale and distribution of gas fuel and related products; (ii) gas connection; (iii) comprehensive services; and (iv) gas stations.
- The CGU is engaged in the sale of integrated energy including electricity.

20. 商譽(續)

現金產生單位的可收回金額乃按使用 價值計算方法釐定。本集團聘請獨立 專業估值師協助計算若干現金產生單 位。計算使用價值時的主要假設與未 來收入增長率及折現率有關。管理層 乃採用可反映有關貨幣時值及現金產 生單位特有的風險的現行市場評估的 税前利率估計折現率。未來收入增長 率按業內增長預測以及管理層過往慣 例及預期市場未來變化而釐定。

本集團根據高級管理層批准有關未來 五年(銷售液化氣及燃氣接駁業務的 一般發展期)的最近期財政預算編製 現金流量預測,及按首五年的估計未 來收入增長率0%-20%及按餘下年度 的估計未來收入增長率2%(二零二三 年:首五年為5%及剩餘年度為2%) 來推斷預算期後期間的現金流量。預 測現金產生單位的現金流量所用的 税前折現率為8.1%-10.1%(二零二 三年:8.3%)。董事認為,於報告期 末,燃氣業務的商譽並未識別任何重 大減值虧損。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,重慶 燃氣的可收回金額為17,411,198,000 港元,較其賬面值高784.684.000港 元。

倘於二零二四年十二月三十一日,用 於計算重慶燃氣現金產生單位的使用 價值的估計未來增長率較管理層估計 降低4.5%,則重慶燃氣的淨空將減至 零,但不會導致減值支出。

20. GOODWILL (CONTINUED)

The recoverable amounts of the CGUs are determined based on value-in-use calculations. The Group engaged an independent professional valuer to assist with the calculation for certain CGUs. The key assumptions for the value-in-use calculations are those regarding the future revenue growth rates and discount rates. Management estimates discount rates using pre-tax rates that reflect current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the CGUs. The future revenue growth rates are based on industry growth forecasts and management's past practices and expectations of future changes in the market.

The Group prepares cash flow forecasts derived from the most recent financial budgets approved by senior management for the next 5 years, which is the general development period for the sale of liquefied gas and the gas connection business and extrapolates cash flows for the period beyond the budget period based on the estimated future revenue growth rates of 0%-20% for the first 5 years and 2% for the remaining years (2023: 5% for the first 5 years and 2% for the remaining years). The pre-tax rate used to discount the forecast cash flows for the CGUs is 8.1%-10.1% (2023: 8.3%). In the opinion of the directors, no material impairment loss on goodwill on gas operation was identified at the end of the reporting period.

As at 31st December, 2024, the recoverable amount of 重慶燃 氣 was HK\$17,411,198,000, which was higher than its carrying amount by HK\$784,684,000.

If the estimated future growth rates used in the value in use calculation for the CGU of 重慶燃氣 had been decreased by 4.5% from management's estimates at 31st December, 2024, the headroom in 重慶燃氣 would be reduced to nil but would not result in an impairment charge.

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20. 商譽(續)

倘應用於該重慶燃氣現金產生單位現 金流量預測的貼現率較管理層估計增 加4.5%,則重慶燃氣的淨空將減至 零,但不會導致減值支出。

對於其他現金產生單位,管理層認 為,該等主要假設的任何合理可能變 動不會導致現金產生單位的賬面值總 額超逾該等現金產生單位的可收回金 額。

21. 其他無形資產

20. GOODWILL (CONTINUED)

If the discount rate applied to the cash flow projections of this CGU of 重慶燃氣 had been increased by 4.5% from management's estimates, the headroom in 重慶燃氣 would be reduced to nil but would not result in an impairment charge.

For other CGUs, management believes that any reasonably possible changes in any of these key assumptions that would not cause the aggregate carrying amount of the CGUs to exceed the recoverable amount of the CGUs.

21. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

			經營權 Operating	專利	總計
			rights	Patents	Total
		附註	千港元	千港元	千港元
		NOTE	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
成本	COST				
於二零二三年一月一日	At 1st January, 2023		3,326,966	-	3,326,966
業務合併	Business combinations		2,745,549	36,626	2,782,175
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments		(49,073)	(835)	(49,908)
於二零二三年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2023		6,023,442	35,791	6,059,233
業務合併	Business combinations	38	-	33	33
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments		(46,181)	(784)	(46,965)
於二零二四年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2024		5,977,261	35,040	6,012,301
攤銷	AMORTISATION				
於二零二三年一月一日	At 1st January, 2023		660,260	-	660,260
年度撥備	Provided for the year		403,114	1,831	404,945
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments		(28,809)	(42)	(28,851)
於二零二三年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2023		1,034,565	1,789	1,036,354
年度撥備	Provided for the year		201,494	1,812	203,306
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments		(42,556)	(18)	(42,574)
於二零二四年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2024		1,193,503	3,583	1,197,086
	CARRYING VALUES				
於二零二四年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2024		4,783,758	31,457	4,815,215
於二零二三年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2023		4,988,877	34,002	5,022,879

城市管道網絡的經營權乃以直線法於 估計可用年期10至50年內攤銷,專利 乃以直線法於估計可用年期10至30年 內攤銷。

The operating rights for the city pipeline network are amortised over the estimated useful lives ranging from 10 to 50 years on a straight-line basis, Patents are amortised over the estimated useful lives ranging from 10 to 30 years on a straight-line basis.

22. 向一間合營公司提供貸款

向一間合營公司提供貸款為無抵押, 按5年期貸款市場報價利率(「貸款市 場報價利率」)減20%的浮動貸款年利 率計息(二零二三年:20%)。

23. 存貨

22. LOANS TO A JOINT VENTURE

The loans to a joint venture are unsecured, bearing interest at a floating loan rate of the 5-year Loan Prime Rate ("LPR") downward 20% (2023: 20%) per annum.

23. INVENTORIES

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
建築材料	Construction materials	440,444	382,855
製成品	Finished goods	963,350	1,110,753
		1,403,794	1,493,608

24. 應收貿易賬款及其他應收款 24. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
應收貿易賬款	Trade receivables	10,192,959	11,847,395
減值	Impairment	(375,811)	(411,468)
		9,817,148	11,435,927
應收合營公司款項(附註a)	Amounts due from joint ventures (Note a)	338,813	433,893
應收聯營公司款項(附註b)	Amounts due from associates (Note b)	163,838	150,100
應收非控股股東款項(附註c)	Amounts due from non-controlling		
	shareholders (Note c)	73,566	186,740
應收同系附屬公司款項	Amounts due from fellow subsidiaries		
(附註d)	(Note d)	691,043	824,312
存款(附註e)	Deposits (Note e)	845,489	830,866
預付款項(附註f)	Prepayments (Note f)	5,211,375	6,690,904
其他應收款(附註g)	Other receivables (Note g)	621,285	424,138
減值撥備(附註g)	Impairment allowance (Note g)	(88,822)	(80,647)
		17,673,735	20,896,233

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24. 應收貿易賬款及其他應收款

附註:

- 除於二零二三年十二月三十一日的應 收合營公司款項16.552.000港元, 為無抵押及按4.28厘年利率計息,且 已於本年償還外,餘下結餘屬於貿易 性質。
- 除應收聯營公司款項77,583,000港 元(二零二三年:105,937,000港元) 為無抵押、按4.35厘(二零二三年: 4.35厘)的年利率計息外,餘下結餘 屬貿易性質。
- 應收非控股股東款項屬貿易性質。
- 除應收同系附屬公司323,961,000港 元(二零二三年:463,462,000港元) 為無抵押、於二零二四年十二月三十 一日起按3.20厘至3.25厘(二零二三 年:3.20厘至3.25厘)的年利率計息 及須於一年內償還外,餘下結餘屬貿 易性質。
- e. 按金主要包括支付予燃氣供應商的按 金、租賃按金及税項按金。
- 預付款項主要包括購買氣體燃料及相 關產品的預付款。
- 就有跡象顯示本集團不大可能悉數收 回未支付合同金額的若干其他應收款 計提減值外,概無就自初步確認以來 信貸風險並無大幅增加的其他應收款 計提減值撥備。

24. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

Notes:

- Except for amount due from joint ventures of HK\$16,552,000 which were unsecured, bearing interest at 4.28% per annum as at 31st December, 2023 and were repaid in this year, the remaining balances are in trade-nature
- Except for the amounts due from associates of HK\$77,583,000 (2023: HK\$105,937,000) which were unsecured, bearing interest at a rate of 4.35% (2023: 4.35%) per annum, the remaining balances are in trade-nature.
- Amounts due from non-controlling shareholders are in trade-nature. С
- d. Except for the amount due from a fellow subsidiary of HK\$323,961,000 (2023: HK\$463,462,000) which is unsecured, bearing interest at rates ranging from 3.20% to 3.25% (2023: 3.20% to 3.25%) per annum as at 31st December, 2024 and is repayable within one year, the remaining balances are in trade-nature.
- Deposits mainly include deposits paid to gas suppliers, rental deposits and deposits of taxes.
- Prepayments mainly include prepayments for purchase of gas fuel and related goods.
- Except for the impairment provided for certain other receivables which indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full, no impairment allowance is provided for other receivables for which credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

24. 應收貿易賬款及其他應收款

本集團給予其客戶的信貸期一般為30 天至90天。已扣除虧損撥備的應收貿 易賬款基於發票日期或收益確認日期 的賬齡分析呈列如下:

24. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

The Group generally allows credit periods ranging from 30 to 90 days to its customers. The aging analysis of trade receivables, net of loss allowance, is presented based on the invoice dates or the revenue recognition dates as follows:

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
0至90天	0 to 90 days	6,151,140	7,599,525
91至180天	91 to 180 days	257,865	258,442
181至365天	181 to 365 days	1,378,626	1,436,956
365天以上	Over 365 days	2,029,517	2,141,004
		9,817,148	11,435,927

應收貿易賬款的減值虧損撥備變動載 列如下:

The movements in the loss allowance for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

		附註	二零二四年	二零二三年
		Note	2024	2023
			千港元	千港元
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於年初	At beginning of year		411,468	315,212
減值虧損	Impairment loss	9	72,714	143,496
撥回減值	Reversal of impairment		(51,725)	(391)
撇銷減值	Write-off of impairment		(1,755)	(934)
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments		(54,891)	(45,915)
於年末	At end of year		375,811	411,468

於各報告日期均採用撥備矩陣進行減 值分析,以計量預期信貸虧損。撥備 率乃基於擁有類似虧損模式的不同客 戶分部組別(即按地區、產品類別、 客戶類別及評級以及信用證或其他形 式信貸保險的覆蓋範圍劃分)的逾期 日數計量。該計算反映或然率加權結 果、貨幣時值及於報告日期可得的有 關過往事項、當前狀況及未來經濟條 件預測的合理及可靠資料。

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date using a provision matrix to measure expected credit losses. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments with similar loss patterns (i.e., by geographical region, product type, customer type and rating, and coverage by letters of credit or other forms of credit insurance). The calculation reflects the probability-weighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

24. 應收貿易賬款及其他應收款

下表載列使用撥備矩陣計算的本集團 應收貿易賬款的信貸風險的資料:

於二零二四年十二月三十一日

24. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Group's trade receivables using a provision matrix:

As at 31st December, 2024

		0-90天 0-90 days	91-180天 91-180 days	181-365天 181-365 days	365天以上 Over 365 days	總計 Total
 預期信貸虧損率(%)	Expected credit loss					
	rate (%)	0.01	2.63	4.62	12.93	3.69
總賬面值(千港元)	Gross carrying amount					
	(HK\$'000)	6,151,795	264,839	1,445,357	2,330,968	10,192,959
預期信貸虧損	Expected credit losses					
(千港元)	(HK\$'000)	655	6,974	66,731	301,451	375,811

於二零二三年十二月三十一日

As at 31st December, 2023

		0-90天	91-180天	181-365天	365天以上	總計
		0 - 90	91 – 180	181 – 365	Over 365	
		days	days	days	days	Total
預期信貸虧損率(%)	Expected credit loss					
	rate (%)	0.01	2.12	5.97	12.79	3.47
總賬面值(千港元)	Gross carrying amount					
	(HK\$'000)	7,600,285	264,034	1,528,192	2,454,884	11,847,395
預期信貸虧損	Expected credit losses					
(千港元)	(HK\$'000)	760	5,592	91,236	313,880	411,468

於釐定應收賬款是否可收回時,本集 團考慮債務人的信用狀況從信貸最初 授出日期起是否有任何不利變動及是 否存在信貸集中風險。因此,本公司 董事認為除已在綜合財務報表中作出 的呆賬撥備外,無須另行作出信貸撥 備。

In determining the recoverability of a receivable, the Group considers whether there has been an adverse change in the credit standing of the debtor from the date on which the credit was initially granted and whether there was any concentration of credit risk. Accordingly, the directors of the Company believe that there is no further credit provision required in excess of the allowance for doubtful debts already provided for in the consolidated financial statements.

25. 合同工程相關資產

25. ASSETS RELATED TO CONTRACT WORKS

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
合同工程相關資產	Assets related to contract works	2,743,220	2,741,681
減值	Impairment	(22,973)	(14,066)
		2,720,247	2,727,615

合同工程相關資產初始確認為自銷售 貨物及提供有關燃氣接駁活動所賺取 的收益,此乃由於收取代價須以成功 完成建設為條件。計入建築服務的合 同工程相關資產包括應收保留金。在 完成建設及客戶接收後,確認為合同 工程相關資產的金額乃重新分類為應 收貿易賬款。

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日 止年度,22,973,000港元(二零二三 年:14,066,000港元)確認為合同工 程相關資產的預期信貸虧損撥備。本 集團與客戶的交易條款及信貸政策乃 於綜合財務報表附註24披露。

於十二月三十一日,合同工程相關資 產的預計收回或結算時間如下:

Assets related to contract works are initially recognised for revenue earned from the sale of goods and the provision of related gas connection activities as the receipt of consideration is conditional on successful completion of construction. Included in assets related to contract works for construction services are retention receivables. Upon completion of construction and acceptance by the customer, the amounts recognised as assets related to contract works are reclassified to trade receivables.

During the year ended 31st December, 2024, HK\$22,973,000 (2023: HK\$14,066,000) was recognised as an allowance for expected credit losses on assets related to contract works. The Group's trading terms and credit policy with customers are disclosed in note 24 to the consolidated financial statements.

The expected timing of recovery or settlement for assets related to contract works as at 31st December is as follows:

一年內	Within one year	1,623,367	1,506,869
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年

25. 合同工程相關資產(續)

合同資產的減值虧損撥備變動載列如 下:

25. ASSETS RELATED TO CONTRACT WORKS (CONTINUED)

The movements in the loss allowance for impairment of contract assets are as follows:

		附註	二零二四年	二零二三年
		Note	2024	2023
			千港元	千港元
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於年初	At beginning of year		14,066	20,422
減值虧損確認/(撥回)	Impairment loss recognised/(reversed)	9	9,208	(6,064)
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments		(301)	(292)
於年末	At end of year		22,973	14,066

於各報告日期均採用撥備矩陣進行減 值分析,以計量預期信貸虧損。計量 合同資產預期信貸虧損的撥備率乃基 於應收貿易賬款的預期信貸虧損撥備 率,原因為合同資產及應收貿易賬款 均來自同一客戶群。合同資產撥備率 乃基於擁有類似虧損模式的不同客戶 分部組別(即按地區、產品類別、客 戶類別及評級以及信用證或其他形式 信貸保險的覆蓋範圍劃分)的應收貿 易賬款逾期日數計量。該計算反映或 然率加權結果、貨幣時值及於報告日 期可得的有關過往事項、當前狀況及 未來經濟條件預測的合理及可靠資料。

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date using a provision matrix to measure expected credit losses. The provision rates for the measurement of the expected credit losses for the contract assets are based on those for the trade receivables as the contract assets and the trade receivables are from the same customer bases. The provision rates for contract assets are based on days past due of trade receivables for groupings of various customer segments with similar loss patterns (i.e., by geographical region, product type, customer type and rating, and coverage by letters of credit or other forms of credit insurance). The calculation reflects the probabilityweighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

25. 合同工程相關資產(續)

下文列載使用撥備矩陣計算的本集團 合同資產的信貸風險資料:

25. ASSETS RELATED TO CONTRACT WORKS (CONTINUED)

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Group's contract assets using a provision matrix:

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
預期信貸虧損率(%)	Expected credit loss rate (%)	0.84	0.51
總賬面值(千港元)	Gross carrying amount (HK\$'000)	2,743,220	2,741,681

26. 已抵押銀行存款及受限制現

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,銀行 存款139,498,000港元(二零二三年: 357,875,000港元)已抵押作為應付 天然氣供應商的應付貿易賬款及向政 府特許經營的擔保。已抵押銀行存款 乃以人民幣計值,按市場年利率0.10 厘至3.38厘(二零二三年:0.20厘至 3.38厘)計息。

27. 銀行結餘及現金

銀行結餘按市場年利率0.10厘至3.55 厘(二零二三年:0.20厘至3.40厘)計 息。

26. PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS AND **RESTRICTED CASH**

At 31st December, 2024, bank deposits of HK\$139,498,000 (2023: HK\$357,875,000) are pledged as security for trade payables to suppliers of natural gas and franchise performance to the government. The pledged bank deposits are denominated in RMB and carry interest at market rates ranging from 0.10% to 3.38% (2023: 0.20% to 3.38%) per annum.

27. BANK BALANCES AND CASH

The bank balances carry interest at market rates ranging from 0.10% to 3.55% (2023: 0.20% to 3.40%) per annum.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2024

28. 應付貿易賬款及其他應付款 28. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
應付貿易賬款	Trade payables	11,981,863	14,435,105
應付合營公司款項(附註a)	Amounts due to joint ventures (Note a)	91,831	99,912
應付聯營公司款項(附註b)	Amounts due to associates (Note b)	148,586	53,259
應付非控股股東款項(附註c)	Amounts due to non-controlling shareholders		
	(Note c)	791,038	537,503
應付同系附屬公司款項(附註d)	Amounts due to fellow subsidiaries (Note d)	86,933	16,346
應付一間中間控股公司款項	Amounts due to an intermediate holding		
(附註e)	company (Note e)	_	3,804,920
預收款	Receipts in advance	9,794,863	10,134,560
其他應付款及應計費用	Other payables and accruals	7,094,846	6,786,984
		29,989,960	35,868,589

附註:

- 除應付合營公司款項83,566,000港 元(二零二三年:95.249.000港元) 為無抵押、按1.15厘至1.65厘(二零 二三年:1.15厘至1.65厘)的年利率 計息及須於一年內償還外,餘下結餘 屬貿易性質。
- 應付聯營公司款項屬貿易性質。
- 除應付非控股股東款項197,809,000 港元(二零二三年:29,739,000港 元) 為無抵押、於二零二四年十二月 三十一日按年利率介乎4.28厘至4.75 厘(二零二三年:4.28厘)計息及須 於兩年到期時按要求償還外,餘下結 餘屬貿易性質。
- d. 應付同系附屬公司款項屬貿易性質。
- 除應付一間中間控股公司款項 3,800,000,000港元為無抵押及按 HIBOR加年利率0.55厘計息,且已 於本年償還外,剩餘結餘屬貿易性 皙。

Notes:

- Except for the amounts due to joint ventures of HK\$83,566,000 (2023: HK\$95,249,000) which are unsecured, bearing interest at rates ranging from 1.15% to 1.65% (2023: from 1.15% to 1.65%) per annum and are repayable within one year, the remaining balances are in trade-nature.
- b. Amounts due to associates are in trade-nature.
- Except for amounts due to non-controlling shareholders of HK\$197,809,000 (2023: HK\$29,739,000) which are unsecured, bearing interest at rates ranging from 4.28% to 4.75% (2023: a rate of 4.28%) per annum as at 31st December, 2024 and are repayable on demand with maturity of two years, the remaining balances are in trade-nature
- d. Amounts due to fellow subsidiaries are in trade-nature.
- Except for amount due to an intermediate holding company of HK\$3,800,000,000 which are unsecured, bearing interest at a rate of HIBOR plus 0.55% per annum and were repaid in this year, the remaining balance are in trade-nature.

28. 應付貿易賬款及其他應付款

應付貿易賬款於報告期末基於發票日 期的賬齡分析呈列如下:

28. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (CONTINUED)

The aging analysis of trade payables is presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period as follows:

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
0-90天	0 - 90 days	9,155,151	10,939,344
91-180天	91 - 180 days	1,147,085	893,948
181-365天	181 - 365 days	343,421	1,020,617
365天以上	Over 365 days	1,336,206	1,581,196
		11,981,863	14,435,105

購貨的信貸期為7天至180天。

The credit periods on purchases of goods range from 7 to 180 days.

29. 合同負債

29. CONTRACT LIABILITIES

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
合同負債	Contract liabilities	8,844,275	9,569,067

於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三 十一日的合同負債的詳情如下:

Details of contract liabilities as at 31st December, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

一面一四左

		—苓—四年	_~一二年
		2024	2023
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
自客戶收到的短期預付款燃氣	Short-term advances received from customers		
接駁活動	Gas connection activities	8,844,275	9,569,067

合同負債包括為提供燃氣接駁活動而 收到的短期預付款。

Contract liabilities include short-term advances received to provide gas connection activities.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2024

30. 政府補助金

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,政府 補助金812,756,000港元(二零二三 年:849,117,000港元)主要指中國政 府有關當局提供的資助,用作為收購 物業、廠房及設備以及建設燃氣管道 提供資金。

30. GOVERNMENT GRANTS

At 31st December, 2024, government grants of HK\$812,756,000 (2023: HK\$849,117,000) mainly represent subsidies granted by the PRC government authorities for the purpose of financing the acquisition of property, plant and equipment and the construction of gas pipelines.

31. 銀行及其他借貸

31. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$000	HK\$000
銀行貸款 - 無抵押	Bank loans - unsecured	21,703,634	22,082,504
銀行貸款 - 有抵押(附註a)	Bank loans - secured (Note a)	734,785	66,971
其他貸款 - 有抵押(附註b)	Other loans - secured (Note b)	22,505	22,583
		22,460,924	22,172,058
本集團的銀行及其他借貸須於 以下期間償還(附註c):	The Group's bank and other borrowings are repayable as follows (Note c):		
一年內	Within one year	13,718,688	4,892,674
多於一年但不超過兩年	More than one year, but not exceeding two		
	years	4,978,438	7,693,823
多於兩年但不超過五年	More than two years, but not exceeding five		
	years	2,320,333	8,873,101
多於五年	More than five years	1,443,465	712,460
		22,460,924	22,172,058
減:流動負債所示於一年內到	Less: amount due within one year shown		
期的款項	under current liabilities	(13,718,688)	(4,892,674)
非流動負債所示於一年後到期	Amount due after one year shown under		
的款項	non-current liabilities	8,742,236	17,279,384

31. 銀行及其他借貸(續)

附註:

- 於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集 團銀行借貸734,785,000港元(二零 二三年:66,971,000港元)由若干附 屬公司提供擔保及由收入所得款項作 抵押,其中2.159.000港元亦以使用 權資產作抵押。本集團銀行借貸於二 零二四年十二月三十一日及二零二三 年十二月三十一日悉數動用。
- 於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本 集團其他借貸22,505,000港元由管 道租金收入作抵押。於二零二三年 十二月三十一日,本集團其他貸款 22,583,000港元由本集團賬面值約 22,583,000港元的若干物業、廠房 及設備作抵押,已於截至二零二四年 十二月三十一日止年度償還。
- 到期款項乃根據貸款協議內所載的還 款日期釐定。

本集團的銀行及其他借貸的實際年利 率介平每年0.65厘至5.35厘(二零二 三年:0.65厘至5.35厘)。於二零二 四年十二月三十一日,銀行及其他借 貸的加權平均實際年利率為2.45厘 (二零二三年:2.59厘)。

31. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

Notes:

- On 31st December, 2024, the Groups' bank borrowings of HK\$734,785,000 (2023: HK\$66,971,000) were guaranteed by certain subsidiaries and secured by the proceeds from the revenue, of which HK\$2,159,000 was also secured by the right-of-use assets. The Groups' bank borrowings were fully utilised on 31st December, 2024 and 31st December, 2023.
- b. On 31st December, 2024, the Group's other borrowings of HK\$22,505,000 were secured by pipeline rental income. On 31st December, 2023, the Group's other borrowings of HK\$22,583,000 were secured by the Group's certain property, plant and equipment with carrying amount of approximately HK\$22,583,000, which was repaid during the year ended 31st December, 2024.
- The amounts due are based on the repayment schedule set out in the loan agreements.

The effective annual interest rates on the Group's bank and other borrowings range from 0.65% to 5.35% (2023: 0.65% to 5.35%) per annum. The weighted average effective interest rate on bank and other borrowing is 2.45% (2023: 2.59%) per annum as at 31st December, 2024.

31. 銀行及其他借貸(續)

31. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

本集團的銀行及其他借貸的條款詳情 如下:

Details of the terms of the Group's bank and other borrowings are set out below:

		實際年利率 Effective interest rates	二零二四年	二零二三年
		per annum	2024	2023
			千港元	千港元
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
定息借貸:	Fixed rate borrowings:			
有抵押人民幣銀行貸款	Secured RMB bank loans	2.50% - 3.36%	59,285	18,729
無抵押人民幣銀行貸款	Unsecured RMB bank loans	2.25% - 3.70%	3,769,683	14,944,670
無抵押港元銀行貸款	Unsecured HK\$ bank loans	1.85%	2,700,000	2,850,000
無抵押美元(「美元」)銀行貸款	Unsecured US dollars ("USD")			
	bank loans	1.85% - 4.50%	2,031,886	1,743,764
無抵押日圓(「日圓」)銀行貸款	Unsecured Japanese Yen ("JPY")			
	bank loan	0.65 – 0.75%	252,404	138,037
定息借貸總額	Total fixed rate borrowings		8,813,258	19,695,200
浮息借貸:	Floating rate borrowings:			
有抵押人民幣銀行貸款,按息差加	Secured RMB bank loans at			
中國人民銀行基礎利率計息	margin plus the People's Bank			
	of China Base Rate	2.30% - 5.05%	675,500	48,242
有抵押人民幣其他貸款,按息差加	Secured RMB other loans at			
中國人民銀行基礎利率計息	margin plus People's Bank of			
	China Base Rate	5.35%	22,505	22,583
無抵押港元銀行貸款,按息差加	Unsecured HK\$ bank loans at			
HIBOR計息	margin plus HIBOR	0.61% - 3.34%	_	300,000
無抵押人民幣銀行貸款,按息差加	Unsecured RMB bank loans at			
中國人民銀行基礎利率計息	margin plus the People's Bank			
	of China Base Rate	1.00% - 4.26%	12,949,661	2,106,033
浮息借貸總額	Total floating rate borrowings		13,647,666	2,476,858
借貸總額	Total borrowings		22,460,924	22,172,058

32. 中期票據

於二零二二年十一月三日,重慶燃 氣發行本金額為人民幣500,000,000 元(相當於539,935,000港元)的中 期票據,發行價為中期票據面值的 100%。該等中期票據按息票率每年 2.90厘計息,於到期時及按年付息, 並將於二零二五年十一月三日到期。 該等借貸為無抵押,實際年利率為 2.90厘。

33. 其他長期負債

其他長期負債主要包括收購城市管網 經營權的應付款項、界定福利義務及 其他應付款。

於二零二四年,本集團運作多項無 供資界定福利計劃,要求每年向中 國每名合資格僱員作出介乎162港 元至58,138港元的付款(二零二三 年:介平275港元至59.307港元)。 該計劃承受利率風險及退休人員的預 期壽命變化風險。界定福利義務現 值319,350,000港元(二零二三年: 311,581,000港元),乃於二零二四 年十二月三十一日由Willis Towers Watson採用預測單位信貸精算估值法 進行。

於報告期末所使用的主要精算假設如 下:

32. MEDIUM-TERM NOTES

On 3rd November, 2022, 重慶燃氣 issued medium-term notes with principal amount of RMB500,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$539,935,000) at an offer price of 100% of the face values of the medium-term notes. The medium-term notes bear coupon interest at 2.90% per annum, payable at maturity and annually in arrears and would be due on 3rd November, 2025. These borrowings were unsecured and carried effective interest rate of 2.90% per annum.

33. OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The other long-term liabilities mainly consist of payables for acquisition of operating rights for the city pipeline network, defined benefit obligations and other payables.

In 2024, the Group operates several unfunded defined benefit plans which require payments ranging from HK\$162 to HK\$58,138 (2023: HK\$275 to HK\$59,307) per year to be made to each qualifying employee in the PRC. The plan is exposed to interest rate risk and the risk of changes in the life expectancy for pensioners. The defined benefit obligations with a present value of HK\$319,350,000 were carried out on 31st December, 2024 (2023: HK\$311,581,000) by Willis Towers Watson using the projected unit credit actuarial valuation method.

The principal actuarial assumptions used as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
僱員退休福利折現率(%)	Discount rate of post- employment benefits (%)	2.00	2.75
辭退福利折現率(%)	Discount rate of termination		
	benefits (%)	1.00	2.50
死亡率	Mortality rate	中國人壽保險死亡率表	中國人壽保險死亡率表
		(2010-2013)-CL5/CL6	(2010-2013)-CL5/CL6
		China Life Insurance	China Life Insurance
		Mortality Table	Mortality Table
		(2010-2013)-CL5/CL6	(2010-2013)-CL5/CL6

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34. 遞延税項

以下為本年度主要已確認遞延税項資 產/(負債)及其變動:

34. DEFERRED TAXATION

The following are the major deferred tax assets/(liabilities) recognised and the movements thereon during the year:

		因收購				
		附屬公司而產生		未分配溢利		
		的公平值調整	其他無形資產	的預扣税	其他暫時差額	合計
		Fair value				
		adjustments		Withholding		
		arising from	Other	tax on	Other	
		acquisition of	intangible	undistributed	temporary	
		subsidiaries	assets	profits	differences	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於二零二三年一月一日	At 1st January, 2023	(561,538)	(450,245)	(343,403)	137,366	(1,217,820)
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments	8,745	5,711	4,907	(1,963)	17,400
年內撥回/(支出)	Credit/(charge) for the year					
(附註10)	(Note 10)	103,603	54,892	9,296	(123,002)	44,789
收購附屬公司	Acquisition of subsidiaries	(849,097)	(692,357)	=	269,007	(1,272,447)
於二零二三年	At 31st December, 2023					
十二月三十一日		(1,298,287)	(1,081,999)	(329,200)	281,408	(2,428,078)
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments	27,778	23,150	7,044	(57,568)	404
年內撥回/(支出)	Credit/(charge) for the year					
(附註10)	(Note 10)	69,584	54,423	(83,635)	36,865	77,237
於二零二四年	At 31st December, 2024					
十二月三十一日		(1,200,925)	(1,004,426)	(405,791)	260,705	(2,350,437)

34. 遞延税項(續)

34. DEFERRED TAXATION (CONTINUED)

就申報目的的分析如下:

Analysed for reporting purposes as:

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
遞延税項資產	Deferred tax assets	568,474	608,779
遞延税項負債	Deferred tax liabilities	(2,918,911)	(3,036,857)
		(2,350,437)	(2,428,078)

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本 集團有未動用税項虧損984,712,000 港元(二零二三年:1,026,080,000 港元)可抵銷未來溢利。由於未來 溢利來源難以確定,故並無就有關 虧損確認遞延税項資產。除税項虧 損69.551.000港元(二零二三年: 69,551,000港元)可無限期結轉外, 虧損將自開始年度起五年內到期。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,概無 就有關附屬公司未分派盈利之暫時 差額23,911,040,000港元(二零二三 年:24,998,470,000港元)確認遞延 税項負債。由於本集團能控制暫時差 額的回撥時間且該等差額在可見將來 可能不會回撥,故並無就該等差額確 認負債。

At 31st December, 2024, the Group had unused tax losses of HK\$984,712,000 (2023: HK\$1,026,080,000) available to offset against future profits. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of such losses due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. Except for the tax loss of HK\$69,551,000 (2023: HK\$69,551,000) which may be carried forward indefinitely, the losses will expire within 5 years from the year of origination.

At 31st December, 2024, no deferred tax liabilities have been recognised for the temporary differences relating to undistributed earnings of subsidiaries amounting to HK\$23,911,040,000 (2023: HK\$24,998,470,000). No liability has been recognised in respect of these differences because the Group is in a position to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that such differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

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35. 股本

35. SHARE CAPITAL

股份數目 股份面值 Number of Nominal value shares of shares 千港元 HK\$'000

每股面值0.10港元的股份 Shares of HK\$0.10 each

法定: Authorised:

於二零二三年一月一日、 At 1st January, 2023, 31st December, 二零二三年十二月三十一日及 2023 and 31st December, 2024

二零二四年十二月三十一日 10,000,000,000 1,000,000

已發行及繳足:

Issued and fully paid:

於二零二三年一月一日、 At 1st January, 2023, 31st December, 二零二三年十二月三十一日及 2023 and 31st December, 2024

二零二四年十二月三十一日 2.314.012.871 231.401

於該兩年內,本公司的法定、已發行 及繳足股本概無變動。

36. 長期獎勵計劃

於二零零八年十二月一日,本公司採 納股份購回現金獎勵計劃(「獎勵計 劃」),作為挽留並鼓勵員工的獎勵, 以實現本集團持續運營及發展。

根據獎勵計劃,本公司現有股份將由 受託人利用本集團所注入的現金從市 場購買,並以信託方式為特定僱員持 有,直至股份歸屬於特定僱員為止。 倘計劃有效期內所授出限制性股份總 數超過本公司於計劃採納日期已發行 股本之5%,則不得再授出限制性股 份。根據獎勵計劃可授予特定僱員的 限制性股份的最大數目不得超過本公 司不時已發行股本之0.5%。

於二零一零年三月十六日,本公司對 獎勵計劃作出修訂,將用現金取代受 限制股份作為獎勵。本公司於根據獎 勵計劃作出現金獎勵時,將動用出售 由受託人持有的限制性股份產生的所 得款項。

There were no changes in the Company's authorised, issued and fully paid share capital during both years.

36. LONG-TERM AWARD SCHEME

On 1st December, 2008, the Company adopted the share repurchased cash award scheme ("Incentive Award Scheme") as an incentive to retain and encourage the employees for the continual operation and development of the Group.

Pursuant to the Incentive Award Scheme, existing shares of the Company will be purchased by the trustee from the market out of cash contributed by the Group and be held in trust for the selected employees until such shares are vested with the selected employees. No restricted shares will be granted if the aggregate number of restricted shares awarded throughout the duration of the scheme is to be in excess of 5% of the issued share capital of the Company at the adoption date of the scheme. The maximum number of restricted shares which may be awarded to a selected employee under the Incentive Award Scheme shall not exceed 0.5% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time.

On 16th March, 2010, the Company amended the Incentive Award Scheme such that cash instead of restricted shares will be awarded. The Company will utilise the proceeds generated from disposal of the restricted shares held by the trustee for making cash awards under the Incentive Award Scheme.

36. 長期獎勵計劃(續)

於截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止 年度,受託人以平均價每股23.08港 元向市場出售2,266,000股股份。出 售該等股份的所得款項為52.302.000 港元。所得款項全部被用作本集團 若干董事及僱員的現金獎勵,相關 款項於綜合損益及其他綜合收益表 確認為等額開支(作為截至二零一六 年十二月三十一日止年度的僱員福 利)。股份成本與所得款項之間的差額 44,095,000港元計入保留溢利。

於二零二四年九月二十五日,本公司 董事會決議終止獎勵計劃。

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止 年度,受託人以平均價每股29.46港 元向市場出售2,000,000股股份。出 售該等股份的所得款項為58,920,000 港元。股份成本與所得款項之間的差 額51,660,000港元計入保留溢利。

受託人於報告期末持有43,797,384 (二零二三年:45,797,384)股股份。

概無根據獎勵計劃向合資格僱員授出 限制性股份。

37. 退休福利計劃

香港

本集團同時參加根據職業退休保障計 劃條例登記的退休福利計劃(「職業退 休保障計劃」),以及根據香港強制性 公積金計劃條例成立的強制性公積金 計劃(「強積金計劃」)。該等計劃的 資產與本集團的資產分開持有,並以 受託人控制的基金持有。倘僱員於強 積金計劃成立前已經成為職業退休保 障計劃的成員,則可選擇繼續選用職 業退休保障計劃或轉而參加強積金計 劃,而於二零零零年十二月一日或之 後加盟本集團的所有新僱員均須參加 強積金計劃。

36. LONG-TERM AWARD SCHEME (CONTINUED)

During the year ended 31st December, 2016, 2,266,000 shares were disposed of by the trustee to the market at an average price of HK\$23.08 per share. The proceeds from disposal of those shares amounted to HK\$52.302.000. The whole amount of the proceeds was awarded in cash to certain directors and employees of the Group, with an equivalent expense recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as employee benefits during the year ended 31st December, 2016. The difference of HK\$44,095,000 between the cost of the shares and the proceeds were credited to retained profits.

On 25th September, 2024, the board of the directors of the Company resolved to terminate the Incentive Award Scheme.

During the year ended 31st December, 2024, 2,000,000 shares were disposed of by the trustee to the market at an average price of HK\$29.46 per share. The proceeds from disposal of those shares amounted to HK\$58,920,000. The difference of HK\$51,660,000 between the cost of the shares and the proceeds were credited to retained profits.

There are 43,797,384 (2023: 45,797,384) shares held by the trustee at the end of the reporting period.

No restricted shares were granted to eligible employees pursuant to the Incentive Award Scheme.

37. RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEMES

Hong Kong

The Group participates in both a retirement benefit scheme which is registered under the Occupational Retirement Scheme Ordinance (the "ORSO Scheme") and a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme") established under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the Group, in funds under the control of trustees. Employees who were members of the ORSO Scheme prior to the establishment of the MPF Scheme were offered a choice of staying within the ORSO Scheme or switching to the MPF Scheme, whereas all new employees joining the Group on or after 1st December, 2000 are required to join the MPF Scheme.

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37. 退休福利計劃(續)

香港(續)

職業退休保障計劃同時由僱員及本集 團按僱員基本薪金的特定百分比(視 乎有關僱員於本集團的服務年期而 定)每月作出供款。倘僱員在可取回 供款前退出職業退休保障計劃,則被 沒收的供款會用作扣減本集團應付的 供款。於兩個年度內,均無按此方式 動用被沒收供款。

至於強積金計劃成員方面,本集團會 按有關僱員薪金成本的5%或每人每月 最高限額1.500港元向該計劃作出供 款,而有關僱員亦會同時作出等額供 款。

於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三 十一日,可用作扣減未來年度應付供 款的沒收供款金額並不重大。

中國

本集團的中國僱員為中國地方政府營 運的國家管理退休福利計劃的成員。 本集團須按薪金成本的指定百分比向 退休福利計劃作出供款,從而為退休 福利提供資金。本集團對於該等退休 福利計劃的唯一責任是作出指定的供 款。

本集團運作多項無供資界定福利計 劃,要求每年向中國各合資格僱員作 出介乎162港元至58,138港元(二零 二三年:275港元至59,307港元)的 付款。

37. RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEMES (CONTINUED)

Hong Kong (Continued)

The ORSO Scheme is funded by monthly contributions from both employees and the Group based on a specified percentage of the employee's basic salary, depending on the length of service with the Group. Where there are employees who leave the ORSO Scheme prior to vesting, the contributions payable by the Group are reduced by the amount of forfeited contributions. No forfeited contributions were utilised in this manner for both years.

For members of the MPF Scheme, the Group contributes 5% of relevant payroll costs or at a monthly maximum cap of HK\$1,500 for each person to the scheme, where contribution is matched by the employees.

At 31st December, 2024 and 2023, the amount of forfeited contributions available to reduce contributions payable in the future years was insignificant.

PRC

The employees of the Group in the PRC are members of statemanaged retirement benefit schemes operated by the local government in the PRC. The Group is required to contribute a specified percentage of the payroll costs to the retirement benefit schemes to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefit schemes is to make the specified contributions.

The Group operates several unfunded defined benefit plans which require payments ranging from HK\$162 to HK\$58,138 (2023: HK\$275 to HK\$59,307) per year to be made to each qualifying employee in the PRC.

38. 業務合併

(a) 廈門華潤市政智慧能源有限公 司(「廈門智慧能源」,於二零二 三年十二月三十一日被計為合營 公司)由本集團持有51%及由獨 立第三方持有餘下49%。於二零 二四年七月十六日,本集團與獨 立第三方簽署經修訂的廈門智慧 能源組織章程細則。簽訂後,本 集團於廈門智慧能源股東大會及 董事會會議擁有多數表決權。因 此,本集團接管廈門智慧能源的 經營活動,而廈門智慧能源自此 成為本集團的附屬公司。

> 廈門智慧能源從事合同能源管 理、提供節能技術推廣服務,以 及供電銷售及熱力生產和供應等 業務。有關收購乃本集團擴大其 於下游城市燃氣行業的市場份額 策略的一部分。

> 廈門智慧能源於收購日期可識別 資產及負債的公平值如下:

38. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

(a) 廈門華潤市政智慧能源有限公司("廈門智慧能源") was 51% held by the Group and remaining 49% by an independent third-party, which was accounted for as joint venture as at 31st December, 2023. On 16th July, 2024, the Group and the independent third-party signed the amended Articles of Association of 廈門智慧能源. Upon the signing, the Group held the majority voting rights in the general meeting of the shareholders and the meeting of the board of directors of 廈門智慧能源. Accordingly, the Group took the control over operating activities of 廈門智慧能源, which became a subsidiary of the Group since then.

廈門智慧能源 is engaged in contract energy management, providing energy-saving technology promotion services, and sales of electricity supply and heat production and supply. The acquisition was made as part of the Group's strategy to expand its market share in the downstream city gas industry.

The fair values of the identifiable assets and liabilities of 廈 門智慧能源 as at the date of acquisition were as follows:

> 於收購時 確認的公平值 Fair values recognised on acquisition 千港元 HK\$'000

物業、廠房及設備	Property, plant and equipment	45
使用權資產	Right-of-use assets	355
其他無形資產	Other intangible assets	33
存貨	Inventories	6,782
應收貿易賬款及其他應收款	Trade and other receivables	19,725
銀行結餘及現金	Bank balances and cash	81,348
應付貿易賬款及其他應付款	Trade and other payables	(23,554)
合同負債	Contract liabilities	(27,311)
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	(381)
可識別資產淨值總額(按公平值計)	Total identifiable net assets at fair value	57,042
非控股權益	Non-controlling interests	(27,951)
		29,091
以於合營公司的權益表示的過往所	持 Previously held interest, represented by interest in	
股權(按公平值計)	the joint venture, at fair value	29,091

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38. 業務合併(續)

(a) (續)

就收購廈門智慧能源之現金流量 分析如下:

38. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (CONTINUED)

(a) (Continued)

An analysis of the cash flows in respect of the acquisition of 廈門智慧能源 is as follows:

千港元

		HK\$'000
已收購現金及銀行結餘	Cash and bank balances acquired	81,348
計入投資業務所用現金流量的 現金及現金等價物流入淨額	Net inflow of cash and cash equivalents, included in cash flows used in investing	
	activities	81,348

自收購事項以來,廈門智慧能源 為本集團截至二零二四年十二月 三十一日止年度的綜合財務報表 貢獻收益80.769.000港元及溢 利11,158,000港元。

倘合併於年初發生,本集團年內 收益將增加169,804,000港元及 溢利將增加23,576,000港元。

(b) 於二零二四年十一月三十日,本 集團自獨立第三方撫州惠民能源 投資有限公司(「撫州惠民」)收 購銷售及分銷氣體燃料及相關產 品、燃氣接駁及相關資產組業 務。該收購事項為本集團持續擴 張策略的一部分,旨在成為下游 城市燃氣行業的市場領導者。 該收購事項的收購代價以現金 支付,其中人民幣13,212,000 元(相當於14,306,000港元) 已於二零二四年支付及餘下 人民幣31,135,000元(相當於 33,713,000港元)已於二零二四 年十二月三十一日計入其他應付 款。

Since the acquisition, 廈門智慧能源 contributed revenue of HK\$80,769,000 and profit of HK\$11,158,000 to the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st December, 2024.

Had the combination taken place at the beginning of the year, the revenue of the Group for the year would have been increased by HK\$169,804,000 and the profit of the Group for the year would have been increased by HK\$23,576,000.

(b) On 30th November, 2024, the Group acquired the business of the sale and distribution of gas fuel and related products and gas connection and a related asset group from 撫州 惠民能源投資有限公司 ("撫州惠民"), an independent third party. The acquisition is part of the on-going expansion strategy of the Group with the aim of becoming the market leader in the downstream city gas industry. The purchase consideration for the acquisition was in the form of cash, with RMB13,212,000 (equivalent of HK\$14,306,000) paid in 2024, and the remaining amount of RMB31,135,000 (equivalent of HK\$33,713,000) included in other payable at 31st December, 2024.

38. 業務合併(續)

(b) (續)

撫州惠民於收購日期可識別資產 及負債的公平值如下:

物業、廠房及設備

使用權資產

合同負債

38. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (CONTINUED)

(b) (Continued)

The fair values of the identifiable assets and liabilities of 撫 州惠民 as at the date of acquisition were as follows:

> 於收購時 確認的公平值 Fair values recognised on acquisition

千港元 HK\$'000 31,256 201 (840)30,617 17,402

收購產生的商譽 Goodwill on acquisition 支付方式 Satisfied by 現金 Cash 14,306 其他應付款 Other payables 33,713

Total identifiable net assets at fair value

Property, plant and equipment

Right-of-use assets

Contract liabilities

上文確認的商譽主要包括撫州惠 民與本集團業務合併產生的預期 協同效應。

可識別資產淨值總額(按公平值計)

The goodwill recognised above consists largely of the expected synergies from combining the operations of 撫州 惠民 with the Group.

就收購撫州惠民之現金流量分析 如下:

An analysis of the cash flows in respect of the acquisition of 撫州惠民 is as follows:

> 千港元 HK\$'000

現金代價 已收購現金及銀行結餘	Cash consideration Cash and bank balances acquired	(14,306) –
計入投資業務所得現金流量的現金及現金等價物流出淨額	Net outflow of cash and cash equivalents included in cash flows from investing activities	(14,306)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

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38. 業務合併(續)

(b) (續)

自收購事項以來, 撫州惠民為 本集團截至二零二四年十二月 三十一日止年度的綜合財務報 表貢獻收益643,000港元及虧損 558.000港元。

倘合併於年初發生,本集團年內 收益將增加6,923,000港元及年 內溢利將增加256,000港元。

39. 承擔

本集團於報告期末擁有以下資本承 擔:

38. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (CONTINUED)

(b) (Continued)

Since the acquisition, 撫州惠民 contributed revenue of HK\$643,000 and a loss of HK\$558,000 to the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st December, 2024.

Had the combination taken place at the beginning of the year, the revenue of the Group for the year would have been increased by HK\$6,923,000 and the profit of the Group for the year would have been increased by HK\$256,000.

39. COMMITMENTS

The Group had the following capital commitments at the end of the reporting period:

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
就以下各項已訂約但未於	Capital commitments contracted for but not		
綜合財務報表中撥備的	provided in the consolidated financial		
資本承擔:	statements in respect of:		
投資	Investments	95,359	142,790
收購物業、廠房及設備以及	Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		
使用權資產	and right-of-use assets	35,741	293,985
		131,100	436,775

40. 資產抵押

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集 團已抵押下列資產作為應付予天然氣 供應商的應付貿易賬款及對政府的特 許經營表現的擔保:

40. PLEDGE OF ASSETS

At 31st December, 2024, the Group pledged the following assets as security for trade payables to suppliers of natural gas and franchise performance to the government:

		二零二四年 2024	二零二三年 2023
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
已抵押銀行存款	Pledged bank deposits	139,498	357,875

此外,本集團若干貸款由本集團資產 作抵押, 詳情載於綜合財務報表附註 14及16。

In addition, certain loans of the Group are pledged by the Group's assets, details of which are set out in notes 14 and 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

41. 關連人士披露

與關連人士的交易/結餘

除相關附註所載的關連人士交易外, 本集團於年內與關連人士進行下列重 大交易:

41. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Transactions/balances with related parties

In addition to the related party transactions set out in the respective notes, the Group entered into the following material transactions with related parties during the year:

			二零二四年	二零二三年
			2024	2023
		附註	千港元	千港元
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
與聯營公司的交易:	Transactions with associates:			
銷售貨品	Sale of goods	а	347,639	194,042
購買貨品	Purchase of goods	b	132,362	134,623
貸款利息收入	Interest income from loans	d	2,104	2,366
與合營公司的交易:	Transactions with joint ventures:			
銷售貨品	Sale of goods	а	4,869,919	823,979
購買貨品	Purchase of goods	b	107,256	123,268
貸款利息收入	Interest income from loans	d	63,067	66,860
利息開支	Interest expenses	d	1,720	1,869
與同系附屬公司的交易:	Transactions with fellow subsidiaries:			
銷售貨品	Sale of goods	а	453,011	278,192
購買貨品	Purchase of goods	b	63,267	-
存款利息收入	Interest income from deposits	С	4,824	26,629
貸款利息收入	Interest income from loans	d	53,772	12,024
利息開支	Interest expenses	d	_	1,783
租金開支	Rental expenses	е	35,333	31,522
與附屬公司非控股股東	Transactions with non-controlling			
的交易:	shareholders of subsidiaries:			
銷售貨品	Sale of goods	а	43,295	291,188
購買貨品	Purchase of goods	b	1,131,504	1,259,622
利息開支	Interest expenses	d	1,329	60
與中間控股公司的交易:	Transactions with intermediate holding			
	companies:			
利息開支	Interest expenses	d	4,344	14,430

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截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2024

41. 關連人士披露(續)

與關連人士的交易/結餘(續)

附註:

- 向聯營公司、合營公司、同系附屬公 司及附屬公司非控股股東進行的銷售 根據向本集團主要客戶提供的已發佈 價格及條件作出。
- 向聯營公司、合營公司、同系附屬公 司及附屬公司非控股股東進行的購買 根據聯營公司、合營公司及附屬公司 非控股股東向其主要客戶提供的已發 佈價格及條件作出。
- 於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集 團於本公司同系附屬公司珠海華潤銀 行股份有限公司存入銀行及其他存款 1,155,597,000港元(二零二三年: 1,469,909,000港元),該等存款計入 銀行結餘及現金。
- 來自聯營公司、合營公司、同系附 屬公司、附屬公司非控股股東及中 間控股公司的貸款利息收入及開支 乃按中國人民銀行所公佈於該相同 期間的人民幣貸款基準利率及香港 銀行同業拆息率(「HIBOR」)計得, 惟以下各項除外:應收聯營公司款 項77,583,000港元(二零二三年: 105,937,000港元)按利率4.35% (二零二三年:4.35%)計息,應收 同系附屬公司款項323,961,000港 元(二零二三年:463,462,000港 元)按年利率3.20%至3.25%(二零 -=年:320%至325%)計息, 應付合營公司款項83.566.000港元 (二零二三年:95,249,000港元)按 利率1.15%至1.65%(二零二三年: 1.15%至1.65%)計息,應付非控 股股東款項197,809,000港元(二 零二三年:29,739,000港元)按利 率4.28%至4.75%(二零二三年: 4.28%) 計息,向合營公司提供的 貸款1,869,043,000港元(二零二三 年:1,909,907,000港元)按5年期貸 款市場報價年利率減20%的浮動貸 款利率計息。有關交易詳情載於附註 22、24及28。
- 支付予同系附屬公司及非控股股東的 和金開支乃根據市場和金作出。

41. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

Transactions/balances with related parties (Continued)

Notes:

- The sales to associates, joint ventures, fellow subsidiaries, and the non-controlling shareholders of subsidiaries were made according to the published prices and conditions offered to the major customers of the Group.
- The purchases from associates, joint ventures, fellow subsidiaries, and the non-controlling shareholders of subsidiaries were made according to the published prices and conditions offered by associates, joint ventures and non-controlling shareholders of subsidiaries to their major customers.
- c. At 31st December, 2024, the Group placed bank and other deposits of HK\$1,155,597,000 (2023: HK\$1,469,909,000) with China Resources Bank of Zhuhai Co., Ltd., a fellow subsidiary of the Company, and these deposits were included in bank balances and cash.
- The interest income and expenses from loans from associates, joint ventures, fellow subsidiaries, non-controlling shareholders of subsidiaries and intermediate holding companies were made according to the benchmark interest rate for RMB loans over the same period announced by the People's bank of China and Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate ("HIBOR"), except for amounts due from associates of HK\$77,583,000 (2023: HK\$105,937,000) which bear interest at rate of 4.35% (2023: 4.35%), amount due from a fellow subsidiary of HK\$323,961,000 (2023: HK\$463,462,000) which bears interest at rates ranging from 3.20% to 3.25% (2023: 3.20% to 3.25%) per annum, amounts due to joint ventures of HK\$83,566,000 (2023: HK\$95,249,000) which bearing interest at rates ranging from 1.15% to 1.65% (2023: 1.15% to 1.65%), amounts due to non-controlling shareholders of HK\$197,809,000 (2023: HK\$29,739,000) which bearing interest at a rate of 4.28% to 4.75% (2023: 4.28%), loans to a joint venture of HK\$1,869,043,000 (2023: HK\$1,909,907,000) which bears interest at a floating loan rate of the 5-year LPR downward 20% per annum. Details of the transaction is set out in notes 22, 24 and 28.

The rental expenses to fellow subsidiaries and non-controlling shareholders were made according to the market rents.

41. 關連人士披露(續)

與關連人士的交易/結餘(續)

本集團自身為中國政府控制的中國華 潤旗下較大集團公司的一部分,而本 集團目前在以中國政府控制、共同控 制或施加重大影響力的實體為主的經 **濟環境運營。**

除與母公司及其附屬公司的交易(已 於綜合財務報表的其他附註披露) 外,本集團亦與中國政府直接或間接 控制、共同控制或施加重大影響力的 實體在日常業務過程中進行業務,包 括其大部分銀行存款及相應利息收 入、若干銀行及其他借貸以及相應財 務成本、大部分採購及部分燃氣銷售 的業務。本公司董事認為與該等政府 相關實體進行交易,屬於正常商業營 運, 並根據市場條款進行。本集團亦 已制定其定價策略,而該等策略並不 倚賴對手方是否為政府相關實體。

本集團主要管理人員酬金

41. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

Transactions/balances with related parties (Continued)

The Group itself is part of a larger group of companies under CRCL which is controlled by the government of the PRC and the Group operates in an economic environment currently predominated by entities controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by the PRC government.

Apart from the transactions with the parent company and its subsidiaries which have been disclosed in other notes to the consolidated financial statements, the Group also conducts businesses with entities directly or indirectly controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by the PRC government in the ordinary course of business, including businesses regarding the majority of its bank deposits and the corresponding interest income, certain bank and other borrowings and the corresponding finance costs, a large portion of purchases and part of the sales of gas. The directors of the Company consider the transactions with these government-related entities are within normal business operations and are carried out on market terms. The Group has established its pricing strategies and these strategies do not depend on whether or not the counterparties are government-related entities.

Compensation of key management personnel of the Group

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
短期福利	Short-term benefits	16,629	29,404
僱員退休福利	Post-employment benefits	602	1,822
		17,231	31,226

有關上述b及c項的關連人士交易亦構 成上市規則第14A章所界定的關連交 易或持續關連交易。

The related party transactions in respect of items b and c above also constitute connected transactions or continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

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42. 資本風險管理

本集團管理其資本以維持經營業務所 得現金流量的持續性及使用銀行及其 他借貸靈活性之間的平衡。本集團亦 定期監控現時及預期流動資金需求及 符合貸款契諾,以確保具備足夠的營 運資金及充足的承諾融資渠道以滿足 流動資金需求。本集團維持過往年度 之整體策略不變。

本集團的資本架構包括負債(包括銀 行及其他借貸)及中期票據,不包括 銀行結餘及本公司擁有人應佔權益 (由已發行資本、保留溢利及其他儲備 組成)。

本集團管理層定期檢討資本架構。管 理層認為資本成本及相關風險乃檢討 內容的一部分,並採取適當行動調整 本集團的資本架構,包括派付股息、 發行新股、發行新債或償清現有債務。

42. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to maintain a balance between continuity of cash flows from operating activities and the flexibility through the use of bank and other borrowings. The Group also monitors the current and expected liquidity requirements and its compliance with lending covenants regularly to ensure that sufficient working capital and adequate committed lines of funding are maintained to meet its liquidity requirements. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior years.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debts, which include bank and other borrowings, medium-term notes, net of bank balances and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued capital, retained profits and other reserves.

The management of the Group reviews the capital structure on a regular basis. As part of this review, management considers the cost of capital and the associated risks, and takes appropriate actions to adjust the Group's capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues as well as the issue of new debts or the redemption of existing debts.

43. 金融工具

(a) 金融工具類別

二零二四年

金融資產

43. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Categories of financial instruments

2024

Financial assets

按公平值計入其他全面 收益的金融資產 Financial assets at fair value through

other comprehensive income 按攤餘成本

		債務投資	股本投資	列賬的金融資產	總額
				Financial	
		Debt	Equity	assets at	
		investments	investments	amortised cost	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
按公平值計入其他	Equity investments at fair				
全面收益的股本投資	value through other				
	comprehensive income	_	463,567	_	463,567
向一間合營公司	Loans to a joint venture				
提供的貸款		_	_	1,869,043	1,869,043
應收貿易賬款	Trade receivables	127,018	_	9,690,130	9,817,148
計入其他應收款的	Financial assets included				
金融資產	in other receivables	_	_	1,818,295	1,818,295
已抵押銀行存款及	Pledged bank deposits				
受限制現金	and restricted cash	-	_	139,498	139,498
銀行結餘及現金	Bank balances and cash	-	-	7,530,584	7,530,584
		127,018	463,567	21,047,550	21,638,135

金融負債 Financial liabilities

按攤餘成本 列賬的金融負債 Financial liabilities at amortised cost 千港元 HK\$'000 應付貿易賬款 Trade payables 11,981,863 銀行及其他借貸 Bank and other borrowings 22,460,924 中期票據 Medium-term notes 539,935 計入其他應付款及 Financial liabilities included in other payables 其他負債的金融負債 and other liabilities 2,046,529 37,029,251

43. 金融工具(續)

(a) 金融工具類別(續)

二零二三年

金融資產

43. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(a) Categories of financial instruments (Continued)

2023

Financial assets

按公平值計入其他全面 收益的金融資產 Financial assets at fair value through

other comprehensive income

				按攤餘成本	
		債務投資	股本投資	列賬的金融資產	總額
				Financial	
		Debt	Equity	assets at	
		investments	investments	amortised cost	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
按公平值計入其他	Equity investments at fair	,			
全面收益的股本投資	value through other				
	comprehensive income	_	382,644	_	382,644
向一間合營公司	Loans to a joint venture				
提供的貸款		_	_	1,909,907	1,909,907
應收貿易賬款	Trade receivables	155,681	_	11,280,246	11,435,927
計入其他應收款的	Financial assets included				
金融資產	in other receivables	=	=	1,938,536	1,938,536
已抵押銀行存款及	Pledged bank deposits				
受限制現金	and restricted cash	=	=	357,875	357,875
銀行結餘及現金	Bank balances and cash		-	9,978,468	9,978,468
		155,681	382,644	25,465,032	26,003,357

金融負債 Financial liabilities

		按攤餘成本
		列賬的金融負債
		Financial
		liabilities at
		amortised cost
		千港元
		HK\$'000
應付貿易賬款	Trade payables	14,435,105
銀行及其他借貸	Bank and other borrowings	22,172,058
中期票據	Medium-term notes	551,740
計入其他應付款及其他負債的金融負債	Financial liabilities included in other payables	
	and other liabilities	5,750,845
		42,909,748

43. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團的主要金融工具包括按公 平值計入其他全面收益的權益工 具、應收貿易賬款及其他應收 款、已抵押銀行存款及受限制現 金、銀行結餘及現金、應付貿 易賬款及其他應付款、銀行及其 他借貸、中期票據及其他長期負 債。該等金融工具的詳情披露於 其各自的附註。與該等金融工具 相關的風險及如何減低該等風險 的政策載於下文。本集團管理及 監察該等風險,確保能按時及有 效採取適當措施。

外幣風險

以下載列本集團於報告期末以 外幣(即各集團實體之功能貨幣 以外的貨幣)列值的貨幣資產及 貨幣負債(主要為銀行結餘及現 金、銀行及其他借貸及中期票 據)的賬面值:

43. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income, trade and other receivables, pledged bank deposits and restricted cash, bank balances and cash, trade and other payables, bank and other borrowings, medium-term notes and other long-term liabilities. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in the respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The Group manages and monitors these exposures to ensure that appropriate measures are implemented in a timely and effective manner.

Foreign currency risk

The carrying amounts of the Group's monetary assets and monetary liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, i.e. currencies other than the functional currency of the respective group entities, which are mainly bank balances and cash, bank and other borrowings and medium-term notes, at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

		二零二四年 2024	二零二三年 2023
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	Assets		
美元兑人民幣	US\$ against RMB	62,758	69,252
美元兑港元	US\$ against HK\$	3,475	3,251
港元兑人民幣	HK\$ against RMB	2,625	1,666
人民幣兑港元	RMB against HK\$	7,003	1,485
 負債	Liabilities		
美元兑港元	US\$ against HK\$	2,031,886	1,743,764
日圓兑人民幣	JPY against RMB	252,404	138,037

本集團透過密切關注外幣匯率波 動以控制其外幣風險。本集團現 時並無訂立任何外幣遠期合同對 沖外幣風險。管理層將於必要時 考慮對沖外幣風險。

The Group manages its foreign currency risk by closely monitoring the movements of foreign currency exchange rates. The Group currently has not entered into any foreign currency forward contracts to hedge against foreign currency risk. Management will consider hedging foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

43. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

外幣風險(續)

外幣敏感度分析

下表詳細載列本集團就集團實體 的相關功能貨幣兑換下列外幣 上升及下跌5%(二零二三年: 5%)的敏感度。5%(二零二三 年:5%)為敏感度率,為管理 層對外幣匯率可能出現變動的評 估的基準。敏感度分析僅包括尚 未處理的以外幣為單位的貨幣項 目,並於年終按外幣匯率5%(二 零二三年:5%)的變化調整其匯 兑。由於美元與港元掛鈎,因此 敏感度分析不包括一家實體(以 港元作為其功能貨幣)以美元為 單位的結餘。倘集團實體的相關 功能貨幣兑相關外幣上升5%(二 零二三年:5%),則正數表示年 內税前溢利增加; 倘集團實體的 相關功能貨幣兑相關外幣下跌 5%(二零二三年:5%),則年內 税前溢利可能受到相等但反向的 影響且下列結餘將為負數。

43. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Foreign currency risk (Continued)

Foreign currency sensitivity analysis

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 5% (2023: 5%) increase and decrease in the relevant functional currencies of the group entities, against the following foreign currencies. 5% (2023: 5%) is the sensitivity rate which represents management's assessment of the possible change in foreign currency rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding monetary items denominated in foreign currencies and adjusts their translation at the year end for the 5% (2023: 5%) change in foreign currency rates. The sensitivity analysis excludes balances which are denominated in US\$ for an entity with HK\$ as its functional currency since US\$ is pegged to HK\$. A positive number indicates an increase in pre-tax profit for the year when the relevant functional currencies of the group entities strengthen by 5% (2023: 5%) against the relevant foreign currencies. For a 5% (2023: 5%) weakening of the relevant functional currencies of the group entities against the relevant foreign currencies, there would be an equal but opposite impact on the pre-tax profit for the year and the balances below would be negative.

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
美元	US\$		
年內税前溢利	Pre-tax profit for the year	3,138	3,463
港元	нк\$		
年內税前溢利	Pre-tax profit for the year	131	83
日圓	JPY		
年內税前溢利	Pre-tax profit for the year	(12,620)	(6,902)
人民幣	RMB		
年內税前溢利	Pre-tax profit for the year	350	74

管理層認為,由於在年終面臨的 風險並不反映全年的風險,因此 敏感度分析不能代表固有的外匯 風險。

In management's opinion, the sensitivity analysis is unrepresentative of the inherent foreign exchange risk as the year end exposure does not reflect the exposure during the year.

43. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

利率風險

本集團的銀行結餘及已抵押銀行 存款及受限制現金(有關結餘的 詳情請參閱附註27及26)、浮息 應收/應付合營公司款項、應 付中間控股公司款項及銀行及其 他借貸(有關該等借貸的詳情請 參閱附註28及31)承受與現行 市場利率有關的現金流量利率風 險。管理層持續監察利率波動情 况並於需要時考慮進一步對沖利 率風險。

本集團亦承受有關定息銀行及其 他借貸、應收中間控股公司款 項、應收同系附屬公司款項及中 期票據(有關詳情請參閱附註24 及32)的公平值利率風險。管理 層會持續監察利率風險。

利率敏感度分析

敏感度分析取決於計息銀行結 餘、有抵押銀行存款、應收/ 應付合營公司款項、應付中間控 股公司款項以及銀行及其他借貸 的利率風險。分析乃假設於各報 告期末的該等未償還結餘於整年 內均未償還而編製。採用10或 50個基點的增加或減少,代表 管理層對利率的合理可能變動作 出的評估。

43. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to prevailing market interest rates on bank balances and pledged bank deposits and restricted cash (see notes 27 and 26 for details of these balances) and floating-rate amounts due from/to joint ventures, amounts due to intermediate holding companies and bank and other borrowings (see notes 28 and 31 for details of these borrowings). Management continuously monitors interest rate fluctuation and will consider further hedging interest rate risk should the need arise.

The Group is also exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to fixed-rate bank and other borrowings, amounts due from intermediate holding companies, amounts due from fellow subsidiaries and medium-term notes (see notes 24 and 32 for details). Management continuously monitors interest rate exposure.

Interest rate sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis has been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for interest-bearing bank balances, pledged bank deposits, amounts due from/to joint ventures, amounts due to intermediate holding companies and bank and other borrowings. The analysis is prepared assuming that those balances outstanding at the end of each reporting period were outstanding for the whole year. A 10 or 50 basis points increase or decrease which represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates is used.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2024

43. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

利率風險(續)

利率敏感度分析(續)

倘按浮息計值的銀行結餘、已抵 押銀行存款及受限制現金、向 一間合營公司提供的貸款及應 收/應付合營公司款項的利率 上調/下浮10個基點且所有其 他變數維持不變,則截至二零二 四年十二月三十一日止年度的税 前溢利將增加/減少9,472,000 港元(二零二三年:12,033,000 港元)。倘浮息銀行及其他借貸 以及應付中間控股公司款項的 利率上調/下浮50個基點且所 有其他變數維持不變,則截至 二零二四年十二月三十一日止 年度的税前溢利將減少/增加 68,238,000港元(二零二三年: 33.644.000港元)。這主要是由 於本集團浮息銀行及其他借貸以 及應付中間控股公司款項的利率 以HIBOR為基準,承受利率風 險所致。

本集團面臨的現金流量利率風險 主要是中國人民銀行基準利率及 HIBOR之波動。

信貸風險

倘交易對手未能履行有關各類已 確認金融資產的責任,則本集團 的信貸風險將以綜合財務狀況表 所列的該等資產賬面值為限。為 盡量減低信貸風險,本集團制訂 政策以釐定信貸限額、批核信貸 額及其他監管程序,以確保能跟 進追討有關逾期債務的事宜。

43. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Interest rate risk (Continued)

Interest rate sensitivity analysis (Continued)

If the interest rate on bank balances, pledged bank deposits and restricted cash, loans to a joint venture and amounts due from/to joint ventures carried at variable rates had been 10 basis points higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the pre-tax profit for the year ended 31st December, 2024 would increase/decrease by HK\$9,472,000 (2023: HK\$12,033,000). If the interest rate on floating-rate bank and other borrowings and amounts due to intermediate holding companies had been 50 basis points higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the pre-tax profit for the year ended 31st December, 2024 would decrease/ increase by HK\$68,238,000 (2023: HK\$33,644,000). This is mainly attributable to the Group's exposure to interest rates benchmarked to HIBOR on its floating-rate bank and other borrowings and amounts due to intermediate holding companies.

The Group's exposure to cash flow interest rate risk is mainly concentrated on the fluctuation of the People's Bank of China Base Rate and the HIBOR.

Credit risk

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in the event of the counterparties' failure to perform their obligations in relation to each class of recognised financial assets is the carrying amount of those assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position. In order to minimise the credit risk, the Group has policies in place for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts

43. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

於接納任何新客戶前,本集團就 新客戶的信譽進行調查、評估潛 在客戶的信貸質素並界定客戶的 信貸限額。賦予客戶的信貸限額 每年檢討一次。

此外,本集團定期檢討各項個別 貿易債務是否可收回,以確保就 不可收回款項作出足夠減值虧 損。就此,本集團認為信貸風險 已大幅減少。

由於交易對手為具有良好信貸評 級的金融機構,故此銀行存款的 信貸風險有限。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日面 臨的最大風險及年末階段

下表截列基於二零二四年十二月 三十一日本集團信貸政策(主要 基於過往逾期資料,除非其他資 料可得,且毋須付出不必要成本 或努力)以及年末階段分類列示 的信貸質素及面臨的最大信貸風 險。所呈列的金額為金融資產的 總賬面值。

43. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

Before accepting any new customer, the Group carries out searches on the creditability of the new customer and assesses the potential customer's credit quality and defines credit limits by customer. Limits attributed to customers are reviewed once a year.

In addition, the Group reviews the recoverability of each individual trade debt on a regular basis to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the Group considers that the credit risk is significantly reduced.

The credit risk on bank deposits is limited because the counterparties are financial institutions with high credit standing.

Maximum exposure and year-end staging as at 31st December, 2024

The table below shows the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the Group's credit policy, which is mainly based on past due information unless other information is available without undue cost or effort, and year-end staging classification as at 31st December, 2024. The amounts presented are gross carrying amounts for financial assets.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2024

43. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

於二零二四年十二月三十一日面 臨的最大風險及年末階段(續)

43. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

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Maximum exposure and year-end staging as at 31st December, 2024 (Continued)

		12 個月預期				
		信貸虧損	整個	存續期預期信貸虧攅		
		12-month ECLs		Lifetime ECLs		
		階段1	階段2	階段3	簡化法	總額
					Simplified	
		Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	approach	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
向一間合營公司提供貸款	Loans to a joint venture	1,869,043	_	-	_	1,869,043
應收合營公司款項	Amounts due from joint ventures	338,813	-	-	-	338,813
應收聯營公司款項	Amounts due from associates	163,838	-	-	-	163,838
應收非控股股東款項	Amounts due from non-controlling					
	shareholders	73,566	-	-	-	73,566
應收同系附屬公司款項	Amounts due from fellow					
	subsidiaries	691,043	-	-	-	691,043
應收貿易賬款*	Trade receivables*	-	-	-	10,192,959	10,192,959
其他應收款**	Other receivables**	621,285	-	-	-	621,285
已抵押銀行存款及受限制現金	Pledged bank deposits and					
	restricted cash	139,498	-	-	-	139,498
銀行結餘及現金	Bank balances and cash	7,530,584	-	-	-	7,530,584
		11,427,670	-	-	10,192,959	21,620,629

- 就本集團採用簡化法作出減值 的應收貿易賬款而言,有關撥 備矩陣的資料披露於綜合財務 報表附註24。
- 當計入其他應收款的金融資產 未逾期,且無資料顯示金融資 產的信貸風險自初步確認起出 現重大增加,則其信貸質素被 視為「正常」。
- For trade receivables to which the Group applies the simplified approach for impairment, information based on the provision matrix is disclosed in note 24 to the consolidated financial statements.
- The credit quality of the financial assets included in other receivables is considered to be "normal" when they are not past due and there is no information indicating that the financial assets had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition.

43. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

於二零二三年十二月三十一日面 臨的最大風險及年末階段

下表截列基於二零二三年十二月 三十一日本集團信貸政策(主要 基於過往逾期資料,除非其他資 料可得,且毋須付出不必要成本 或努力)以及年末階段分類列示 的信貸質素及面臨的最大信貸風 險。所呈列的金額為金融資產的 總賬面值。

43. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

Maximum exposure and year-end staging as at 31st December, 2023

The table below shows the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the Group's credit policy, which is mainly based on past due information unless other information is available without undue cost or effort, and year-end staging classification as at 31st December, 2023. The amounts presented are gross carrying amounts for financial assets.

		· = IH / 1 1// / / 1				
		信貸虧損	整個	存續期預期信貸虧損		
		12-month ECLs		Lifetime ECLs		
		階段1	階段2	階段3	簡化法	總額
					Simplified	
		Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	approach	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
向一間合營公司提供貸款	Loans to a joint venture	1,909,907	=	=	=	1,909,907
應收合營公司款項	Amounts due from joint ventures	433,893	-	-	-	433,893
應收聯營公司款項	Amounts due from associates	150,100	-	-	-	150,100
應收非控股股東款項	Amounts due from non-controlling					
	shareholders	186,740	-	-	=	186,740
應收同系附屬公司款項	Amounts due from fellow					
	subsidiaries	824,312	=	=	=	824,312
應收貿易賬款*	Trade receivables*	=	-	-	11,847,395	11,847,395
其他應收款**	Other receivables**	424,138	-	-	=	424,138
已抵押銀行存款及受限制現金	Pledged bank deposits and					
	restricted cash	357,875	-	-	=	357,875
銀行結餘及現金	Bank balances and cash	9,978,468	-	-	-	9,978,468
		14,265,433	=	=	11,847,395	26,112,828

12個月預期

- 就本集團採用簡化法作出減值 的應收貿易賬款而言,有關撥 備矩陣的資料披露於綜合財務 報表附註24。
- 當計入其他應收款的金融資產 未逾期,且無資料顯示金融資 產的信貸風險自初步確認起出 現重大增加,則其信貸質素被 視為「正常」。
- For trade receivables to which the Group applies the simplified approach for impairment, information based on the provision matrix is disclosed in note 24 to the consolidated financial statements.
- The credit quality of the financial assets included in other receivables is considered to be "normal" when they are not past due and there is no information indicating that the financial assets had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2024

43. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險

管理流動資金風險時,本集團監 察並維持管理層認為足以撥付本 集團業務的現金及現金等價物水 平,減輕波動對現金流量的影 響。管理層亦監察銀行借貸的動 用,確保遵守貸款契諾(如有)。

於二零二四年十二月三十一 日,本集團流動負債淨額為 24,369,132,000港元。經計入 本集團的未動用銀行貸款備用額 27,680,818,000港元、內部產 生的資金及附註2所述的其他因 素,本集團擁有充足的營運資金 可滿足其自二零二四年十二月三 十一日起未來十二個月的現時需 求。

43. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Liquidity risk

In the management of liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. Management also monitors the utilisation of bank borrowings and ensures compliance with loan covenants, if any.

At 31st December, 2024, the Group had net current liabilities of HK\$24,369,132,000. Taking into account of the unutilised banking facilities of HK\$27,680,818,000 and internally generated funds of the Group and the other factors described in note 2, the Group has sufficient working capital for its present requirements for the next twelve months from 31st December, 2024.

43. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險(續)

下表詳細載列本集團金融負債及 租賃負債的剩餘合同年期。該表 按基於本集團可被要求支付的最 早日期的未貼現現金流量編製。 該表包括利息及本金的現金流 量。

43. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Liquidity risk (Continued)

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities and lease liabilities. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows.

		加權平均利率	按要求或 不到一年	超過1年 但不超過5年 Over 1 year	超過5年	未貼現 現金流量總額	賬面值
		Weighted	On demand	but not more		Total	
		average	or less than	than		undiscounted	Carrying
		interest rate	1 year	5 years	Over 5 years	cash flows	amounts
		interest rate	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		%	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於二零二四年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2024						
應付貿易賬款及其他應付款	Trade and other payables						
- 免息	- interest-free	_	13,712,836	_	_	13,712,836	13,712,836
- 計息	- interest-bearing	2.33	287,917	_	_	287,917	281,375
銀行及其他借貸	Bank and other borrowings	2.45	14,054,796	7,477,591	1,478,830	23,011,217	22,460,924
中期票據	Medium-term notes	2.90	555,593	_	_	555,593	539,935
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	4.22	138,374	150,244	256,995	545,613	523,520
其他長期負債	Other long-term liabilities	3.95	6,342	14,032	15,157	35,531	34,181
			28,755,858	7,641,867	1,750,982	38,148,707	37,552,771
於二零二三年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2023						
應付貿易賬款及其他應付款	Trade and other payables						
- 免息	- interest-free	-	15,981,757	-	-	15,981,757	15,981,757
- 計息	- interest-bearing	5.65	4,146,854	-	=	4,146,854	3,924,988
銀行及其他借貸	Bank and other borrowings	2.59	5,019,394	16,996,007	730,913	22,746,314	22,172,058
中期票據	Medium-term notes	2.90	-	567,740	-	567,740	551,740
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	4.22	150,244	44,695	297,178	492,117	472,190
其他長期負債	Other long-term liabilities	3.95	-	57,477	252,940	310,417	279,205
			25,298,249	17,665,919	1,281,031	44,245,199	43,381,938

倘浮動利率的變動與於報告期末 釐定的利率估計不同,則上述非 衍生金融負債的浮息工具金額亦 會相應變動。

The amounts included above for variable interest rate instruments for non-derivative financial liabilities are subject to change if changes in variable interest rates differ to those estimates of interest rates determined at the end of the reporting period.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

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43. 金融工具(續)

(c) 金融工具的公平值計量

本附計提供有關本集團如何釐定 各類金融資產及金融負債公平值 的資料。

就財務呈報而言,本集團的部分 資產乃按公平值計量。

於估算資產的公平值時,本集團 使用可觀察市場數據(倘可得)。 倘並無第一級輸入數據,本集團 會訂定適當估值方法及輸入數據 進行估值。

於估算若干類型金融工具的公平 值時,本集團使用包含並非根據 可觀察市場數據得出的輸入數據 的估值方法。有關釐定各類資產 及負債公平值所使用的估值方 法、輸入數據及主要假設載於下 文。

43. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(c) Fair value measurements of financial instruments

This note provides information about how the Group determines fair values of various financial assets and financial liabilities.

Some of the Group's assets are measured at fair value for financial reporting purposes.

In estimating the fair value of an asset, the Group uses market-observable data to the extent that it is available. Where Level 1 inputs are not available, the Group establishes the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs to perform the valuation.

The Group uses valuation techniques that include inputs that are not based on observable market data to estimate the fair value of certain types of financial instruments. The valuation techniques, inputs and key assumptions used in the determination of the fair value of various assets and liabilities are stated below.

43. 金融工具(續)

(c) 金融工具的公平值計量(續)

本集團以經常性基準按公平值計 量的金融資產的公平值

於各報告期末,本集團的部分金 融資產乃按公平值計量。下表載 列如何釐定該等金融資產公平值 的資料(尤其是所使用的估值方 法及輸入數據)。

43. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(c) Fair value measurements of financial instruments (Continued)

Fair value of the Group's financial assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis

Some of the Group's financial assets are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets are determined (in particular, the valuation technique(s) and inputs used).

☆配資 並配資 性	於十二月三	三十一日的公平值	公平值等級	估值方法及 主要輸入數據 Valuation	重大不可觀察輸入數據	不可觀察輸入 數據與公平值的關係 Relationship of	敏感度
Financial assets	Fair value as 二零二四年 2024	at 31st December, 二零二三年 2023	Fair value hierarchy	technique(s) and key input(s)	Significant unobservable input(s)	unobservable inputs to fair value	Sensitivity
	千港元 HK\$'000	12023 千港元 HK\$'000					千港元 HK\$'000
指定為按公平值計入其他全面 收益的權益工具	上市股本證券 - 61,832 港元	上市股本證券 — 66,761港元	第一級(i)	活躍市場所報買入價	不適用	不適用	不適用
Equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income	Listed equity securities – HK\$61,832	Listed equity securities – HK\$66,761	Level 1 (i)	Quoted bid prices in an active market	N/A	N/A	N/A
指定為按公平值計入其他全面 收益的權益工具	非上市股本證券 - 253,818港元	非上市股本證券 — 315,883港元	第三級(iii)	估值倍數	同業平均市盈率、P/S、市 淨率(P/B)、企業價值/ 於扣除利息、稅項、折舊 及攤銷前(EV/EBITA)的 倍數	倍數愈高,公平值愈高	倍數增加/減少5%可導致公平值增加/減少9,540港元 (二零二三年十二月三十一日: 14,686港元)
Equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income	Non-listed equity securities – HK\$253,818	Non-listed equity securities – HK\$315,883	Level 3 (iii)	Valuation multiples	Average P/E, P/S, P/B, EV/EBITA multiples of peers	The higher the multiples, the higher the fair value	5% increase/decrease in multiples would result in increase/decrease in fair value by HK\$9,540 (31st December, 2023: HK\$14,686)
					缺乏流動性折扣	折扣越高,公平值則越底	折扣增加/減少5%可導致公平值減少/增加4,082港元(二零二三年十二月三十一日:6,106港元)
					Discount for lack of marketability	The higher the discount, the lower the fair value	5% increase/decrease in discount would result in decrease/increase in fair value by HK\$4,082 (31st December, 2023: HK\$6,106)

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43. 金融工具(續)

43. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(c) 金融工具的公平值計量(續)

本集團以經常性基準按公平值計 量的金融資產的公平值(續)

(c) Fair value measurements of financial instruments (Continued)

Fair value of the Group's financial assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis (Continued)

金融資產	於十二月三	十一日的公平值	公平值等級 Fair value	估值方法及 主要輸入數據 Valuation technique(s)	重大不可觀察輸入數據 Significant	不可觀察輸入 數據與公平值的關係 Relationship of unobservable inputs to	敏感度
Financial assets	Fair value as : 二零二四年	at 31st December, 二零二三年	hierarchy	and key input(s)	unobservable input(s)	fair value	Sensitivity
	2024 千港元	2023 千港元					千港元
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000					HK\$'000
指定為按公平值計入其他全面收益 的權益工具	非上市股本證券 - 147,917港元	不適用	第三級(iii)	收入資本化法	貼現率	貼現率愈高,公平值愈低	貼現增加/減少5%可導致公平值 減少/増加3,108港元(二零二 三年十二月三十一日:不適用)
Equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income	Non-listed equity securities- HK\$147,917	N/A	Level 3 (iii)	Income capitalisation approach	Discount rate	The higher the discount rate, the lower the fair value	5% increase/decrease in discount would result in decrease/increase in fair value by HK\$3,108 (31st December, 2023:N/A)
按公平值計入其他全面收益的 債務工具	應收貿易賬款 - 127,018港元	應收貿易賬款 -155,681港元	第二級(ii)	重大可觀察輸入數據	不適用	不適用	不適用
Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	Trade receivables – HK\$127,018	Trade receivables – HK\$155,681	Level 2 (ii)	Significant observation inputs	N/A	N/A	N/A

43. 金融工具(續)

(c) 金融工具的公平值計量(續)

本集團以經常性基準按公平值計 量的金融資產的公平值(續)

公平值計量根據公平值計量的輸 入數據可觀察程度及公平值計量 的輸入數據對其整體的重要性分 類為第一級、第二級或第三級, 詳情如下:

- 第一級輸入數據是實體於 計量日期可以取得的相同 資產或負債於活躍市場之 報價(未經調整);
- (ii) 第二級輸入數據是就資產 或負債直接或間接地可觀 察之輸入數據(第一級內包 括的報價除外);
- (iii) 第三級輸入數據是資產或 負債的不可觀察輸入數據。

於本年度及過往年度,第一級、 第二級及第三級之間並無任何轉 撥。

本公司董事認為,於綜合財務報 表按攤餘成本入賬的其他金融資 產及金融負債(附註32所披露的 中期票據除外)的賬面值與彼等 的公平值相若。

金融資產及金融負債的公平值乃 根據公認定價模式,按照貼現現 金流量分析釐定。

43. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(c) Fair value measurements of financial instruments (Continued)

Fair value of the Group's financial assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis (Continued)

Fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2, or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- (ii) Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly;
- (iii) Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

There were no transfers among Levels 1, 2 and 3 in the current and prior years.

The directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of other financial assets and financial liabilities (except for medium-term notes as disclosed in note 32) recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate to their fair values.

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities have been determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on the discounted cash flow analysis.

融資活動的負債對賬 44.

金流量於本集團綜合現金流量表中分類為融資活動現金 流量的負債。 金變動。融資活動產生的負債乃指其現金流量或未來現 下表詳列本集團融資活動的負債變動,包括現金及非現

ACTIVITIES

44. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING

including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

	總計					Total	千港元	HK\$,000			27,086,583	238,490	381	(4,690,127)	740,391	1,113,306	(107,454)	(514,257)	23,867,313
	租賃負債				Lease	liabilities	千港元	HK\$,000	(外註16)	(Note 16)	472,190	238,490	381	(194,243)	21,047	ı	1	(14,345)	523,520
銀行及	其他借貸			Bank	and other	borrowings	千港元	HK\$,000	(附註31)	(Note 31)	22,172,058	ı	I	70,874	696,138	1	1	(478,146)	22,460,924
應付非控股	股東款項		Amounts	due to non-	controlling	shareholders	千港元	HK\$,000	(附註28)	(Note 28)	537,503	1	l	(734,342)	1,329	1,113,306	(111,387)	(15,371)	791,038
應付合營	公司款項			Amounts	due to joint	ventures	千港元	HK\$,000	(附註28)	(Note 28)	99,912	1	ı	(11,683)	1,720	ı	3,933	(2,051)	91,831
應付中間	控股公司款項	Amount	due to an	intermediate	holding	company	千满元	HK\$,000	(附註28)	(Note 28)	3,804,920	ı	ı	(3,804,920)	4,344	1	1	(4,344)	1
	應付利息				Interest	payable	千港元	HK\$, 000			ı	1	ı	(15,813)	15,813	ı	1	I	ı
											At 1st January, 2024	New leases entered	Business combination	Financing cash flows	Finance costs recognised	Dividend declared	Operating cash flows	Foreign exchange translation	At 31st December, 2024

44. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING	VITIES (CONTINUED)
44. RECONCILIATI	ACTIVITIES (C

44. 融資活動的負債對賬(續)

			應付中間	應付合營	應付非控股	應付同系	銀行及	超短期		
		應付利息	控股公司款項	公司款項	股東款項	附屬公司款項	其他借貸	商業票據	租賃負債	標準
			Amount							
			due to an		Amounts			Super		
			intermediate	Amounts	due to non-	Amounts	Bank	short-term		
		Interest	holding	due to joint	controlling	due to fellow	and other	commercial	Lease	
		payable	company	ventures	shareholders	subsidiaries	borrowings	papers	liabilities	Total
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	比拠十	千港元	出鄉出	千港元	上港上
		HK\$,000	HK\$,000	HK\$,000	HK\$,000	HK\$,000	HK\$,000	HK\$'000	HK\$,000	HK\$,000
			(附註28)	(附註28)	(附註28)	(附註28)	(解註31)	(附註32)	(附註16)	
			(Note 28)	(Note 28)	(Note 28)	(Note 28)	(Note 31)	(Note 32)	(Note 16)	
於二零二三年一月一日	At 1st January, 2023	1	2,507,449	121,550	447,657	2,297,856	17,716,411	ı	407,395	23,498,318
新訂租約	New leases entered	ı	I	ı	1	1	ı	I	194,604	194,604
業務合併	Business combination	ı	ı	1	1	1	756,856	338,585	11,171	1,106,612
融資現金流量	Financing cash flows	(16,913)	1,285,570	(1,869)	(1,260,986)	(2,240,743)	3,109,586	(327,383)	(145,037)	402,225
已確認融資成本	Finance costs recognised	16,913	14,430	1,869	09	1,783	879,411	4,544	21,921	940,931
已宣派股息	Dividend declared	ı	1	1	1,290,665	1	1	ı	1	1,290,665
外匯換算	Foreign exchange translation	1	(2,529)	(21,638)	60,107	(42,550)	(290,206)	(15,746)	(17,864)	(330,426)
於二零二三年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2023	I	3,804,920	99,912	537,503	16,346	22,172,058	I	472,190	27,102,929

45. 本公司的財務狀況表 45. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		31st December,	
		2024	2023
		千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
非流動資產	Non-current assets		
物業、廠房及設備	Property, plant and equipment	67	203
於附屬公司的投資	Investments in subsidiaries	20,681,343	20,681,343
使用權資產	Right-of-use assets	8,278	3,217
		20,689,688	20,684,763
流動資產	Current assets		
其他應收款	Other receivables	99,943	2,251,847
應收附屬公司款項	Amounts due from subsidiaries	2,549,229	618,778
銀行結餘及現金	Bank balances and cash	330,544	48,374
		2,979,716	2,918,999
流動負債	Current liabilities		
其他應付款及應計費用	Other payables and accrued charges	8,905	227,411
應付附屬公司款項	Amounts due to subsidiaries	9,090,991	1,911,753
應付中間控股公司款項	Amount due to an intermediate holding		
	company	-	3,804,920
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	4,487	3,313
銀行借貸	Bank borrowings	4,406,823	500,000
遞延負債	Deferred liabilities	112	112
		13,511,318	6,447,509
流動負債淨額	Net current liabilities	(10,531,602)	(3,528,510)
		10,158,086	17,156,253
股本及儲備	Capital and reserves		
股本	Share capital	231,401	231,401
儲備	Reserves	9,923,265	12,356,034
		10,154,666	12,587,435
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities		
銀行及其他借貸	Bank and other borrowings	-	4,568,818
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	3,420	
		3,420	4,568,818
		10,158,086	17,156,253

45. 本公司的財務狀況表(續)

45. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (CONTINUED)

本公司儲備變動:

Movements in the Company's reserves:

		股份溢價 Share premium 千港元	缴入盈餘 Contributed surplus 千港元	為獎勵計劃 持有之股份 Shares held for incentive award scheme 千港元	匯兑儲備 Translation reserve 千港元	保留溢利 Retained profits 千港元	合計 Total 千港元
於二零二三年一月一日	At 1st January, 2023	HK\$'000 10,038,588	HK\$'000 4,507,967	HK\$'000 (166,250)	HK\$'000 (691,862)	HK\$'000 946,078	HK\$'000 14,634,521
年內溢利及全面收益總額	Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	103,139	103,139
已付股息	Dividends paid	=	(2,381,626)	=	=	=	(2,381,626)
於二零二三年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2023	10,038,588	2,126,341	(166,250)	(691,862)	1,049,217	12,356,034
年內溢利及全面收益總額 已付股息	Profit and total comprehensive income for the year Dividends paid	-	- (2,126,341)	-	-	359,231 (724,579)	359,231 (2,850,920)
出售為獎勵計劃持有的股份	Disposal of shares held for incentive award scheme	=	-	7,260	-	51,660	58,920
於二零二四年十二月三十一日	At 31st December, 2024	10,038,588	-	(158,990)	(691,862)	735,529	9,923,265

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46. 主要附屬公司資料

主要附屬公司的一般資料

於報告期末,本集團附屬公司的資料 載列如下。

46. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES

General information of principal subsidiaries

Details of the Group's subsidiaries at the end of the reporting period are set out below.

公司名稱 Name of company	註冊成立/ 成立地點 Place of incorporation/ establishment	已發行及繳足股本/ 註冊資本 Issued and fully paid share/ registered capital	本集團應 Attribu equity i of the 二零二四年 2024 %	itable nterest	主要業務 Principal activities
華潤燃氣有限公司	英屬處女群島	普通股4美元	100	100	投資控股
China Resources Gas Limited	British Virgin Islands	Ordinary US\$4			Investment holding
AEI China Gas Limited	開曼群島	普通股1,000美元	100	100	投資控股
	Cayman Islands	Ordinary US\$1,000			Investment holding
重慶燃氣2	中國	人民幣1,571,340,000元	39.17	39.17	銷售液化氣及接駁輸氣管道
	PRC	RMB1,571,340,000			Sale of liquefied gas and connection of gas pipelines
無錫華潤燃氣有限公司1,4	中國	29,980,000美元	50.00	50.00	銷售液化氣及接駁輸氣管道
	PRC	U\$\$29,980,000			Sale of liquefied gas and connection of gas pipelines
鄭州華潤燃氣有限公司1,4	中國	人民幣950,000,000元	80.00	80.00	銷售液化氣及接駁輸氣管道
	PRC	RMB950,000,000			Sale of liquefied gas and connection of gas pipelines
鎮江華潤燃氣有限公司1,4	中國	人民幣150,000,000元	51.00	51.00	銷售液化氣及接駁輸氣管道
	PRC	RMB150,000,000			Sale of liquefied gas and connection of gas pipelines
昆明煤氣(集團)控股有限公司1,4	中國	人民幣174,708,000元	51.00	51.00	銷售液化氣及接駁輸氣管道
	PRC	RMB174,708,000			Sale of liquefied gas and connection of gas pipelines

46. 主要附屬公司資料(續)

46. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

主要附屬公司的一般資料(續)

General information of principal subsidiaries (Continued)

公司名稱 Name of company	註冊成立 成立地點 Place of incorporation/ establishment	已發行及繳足股本/ 註冊資本 Issued and fully paid share/ registered capital	本集團质 Attribu equity of the 二零二四年 2024 %	utable interest	主要業務 Principal activities
宜賓華潤燃氣有限公司1.4	中國 PRC	人民幣150,000,000元 RMB150,000,000	49.00	49.00	銷售液化氣及接駁輸氣管道 Sale of liquefied gas and connection of gas pipelines
濟寧華潤燃氣有限公司1.4	中國 PRC	人民幣286,582,858元 RMB286,582,858	51.00	51.00	銷售液化氣及接駁輸氣管道 Sale of liquefied gas and connection of gas pipelines
秦皇島華潤燃氣有限公司1.4	中國 PRC	人民幣785,000,000元 RMB785,000,000	66.43	66.43	銷售液化氣及接駁輸氣管道 Sale of liquefied gas and connection of gas pipelines
廈門華潤燃氣有限公司1.4	中國 PRC	人民幣1,000,000,000元 RMB1,000,000,000	51.00	51.00	銷售液化氣及接駁輸氣管道 Sale of liquefied gas and connection of gas pipelines

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2024

46. 主要附屬公司資料(續)

主要附屬公司的一般資料(續)

- 該等公司在中國以中外合資企業的形 式成分。
- 由於本集團可提名50%以上的董事會 人選,故本集團現時有權指導該附屬 公司的相關活動。因此,該公司被視 為本集團的附屬公司。
- 該等公司在中國以外商獨資企業的形 式成立。
- 由於在本集團簽訂的備忘錄中另一名 股東將同意本集團對該附屬公司的經 營、投資及融資業務所作的決策,且 另一名股東將同意委任由本集團提名 的全部高級管理層,故本集團有權指 導該附屬公司的相關活動。因此,該 公司入賬列作本集團的附屬公司。

除華潤燃氣有限公司由本公司直接持 有外,所有上述主要附屬公司均由本 公司間接持有,並主要在其註冊成 立/成立地點經營業務。

除重慶燃氣外,於二零二四年及二零 二三年十二月三十一日或年內任何時 間,概無其他附屬公司持有任何未償 環債券。

本公司董事認為,上表所列的本集團 附屬公司對本集團的業績或資產與負 債有重大影響。本公司董事認為,載 列其他附屬公司的詳情將令本報告過 於冗長。

46. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

General information of principal subsidiaries (Continued)

- These companies were established in the PRC in the form of Sinoforeign equity joint venture enterprise.
- The Group has existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the subsidiary as the Group is able to nominate over 50% of the board of directors. Accordingly, the company is regarded a subsidiary of the Group.
- These companies were established in the PRC in the form of whollyforeign-owned enterprises.
- The Group has rights to direct the relevant activities of the subsidiary as the Group signed a memorandum in which the other shareholder would agree with the Group's decisions on operating, investment and financing activities of the subsidiary, and the other shareholder would agree the appointment of the entire senior management nominated by the Group. Accordingly, the company is accounted for as a subsidiary of the Group.

Except for China Resources Gas Limited which is directly held by the Company, all the above principal subsidiaries are indirectly held by the Company and operate principally in their places of incorporation/establishment.

Except for 重慶燃氣, none of the subsidiaries had any debt securities outstanding at 31st December, 2024 and 2023 or at any time during the year.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Group which, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, principally affected the results or assets and liabilities of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, result in particulars of excessive length.

46. 主要附屬公司資料(續)

擁有重大非控股權益的非全資附屬公 司的詳情

下表列示擁有重大非控股權益的本集 團非全資附屬公司詳情:

46. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

Details of non-wholly-owned subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests

The table below shows details of non-wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Group that have material non-controlling interests:

公司名稱	註冊成立及 主要營業地點 Place of incorporation and principal place of	擁有權權 Proportion of	非控股權益所持 擁有權權益比例 Proportion of ownership interests held by		權益的溢利 ted to non-	累計非控 Accum	
Name of company	business	non-controlli	•	controlling	interests	non-controlli	ng interests
		二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
		%	%	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
				HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
重慶燃氣	中國						
	PRC	60.83	60.83	269,033	259,032	4,303,490	3,107,417
鄭州華潤燃氣有限公司	中國						
	PRC	20.00	20.00	63,902	94,825	2,951,038	2,704,345
無錫華潤燃氣有限公司	中國						
	PRC	50.00	50.00	249,635	215,249	1,777,810	1,544,988
廈門華潤燃氣有限公司	中國						
	PRC	49.00	49.00	38,992	12,871	681,181	410,082
鎮江華潤燃氣有限公司	中國						
	PRC	49.00	49.00	76,960	68,773	526,588	451,491
宜賓華潤燃氣有限公司	中國						
	PRC	51.00	51.00	52,268	38,678	448,451	427,880
昆明煤氣(集團)控股有限公司	中國						
	PRC	49.00	49.00	28,743	41,659	405,218	349,880

46. 主要附屬公司資料(續)

46. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

擁有重大非控股權益的非全資附屬公 司的詳情(續)

Details of non-wholly-owned subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests (Continued)

HJ A J R十 I月(<i>海</i>)		11011-01	ontrolling if	iteresis (CO	niinueu)			
公司名稱	註冊成立及 主要營業地點 Place of incorporation and principal place of	非控股權 擁有權權 Proportion of interests	益比例 f ownership held by	分配予非控股 Profit alloca		累計非控股權益 Accumulated		
Name of company	business	non-controlli	ng interests	controlling	interests	non-controlli	ng interests	
		二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二四年	二零二三年	
		2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	
		%	%	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
				HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
秦皇島華潤燃氣有限公司	中國							
	PRC	33.57	33.57	18,392	34,517	374,058	506,139	
濟寧華潤燃氣有限公司	中國							
	PRC	49.00	49.00	24,913	29,296	364,581	372,864	
擁有非控股權益的個別								
非重大附屬公司								
Individually immaterial								
subsidiaries with								
non-controlling interests						10,966,594	12,736,365	
	-					22,799,009	22,611,451	

For the year ended 31st December, 2024

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

主要附屬公司資料(續) 46.

料概要載列如下。以下財務資料概要為集團內公司間抵 有關擁有重大非控股權益的本集團各附屬公司的財務資 銷前的金額。

Summarised financial information in respect of each of the Group's subsidiaries that has material non-controlling interests is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts before intra-group eliminations.

46. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

		重慶燃氣		無錫華潤燃氣	有限公司	鄭州華潤燃氣7	有限公司	鎮江華潤燃氣	有限公司	昆明煤氣(集團)控	股有限公司
		二零二四年	二零二二年	二零二四年	二零二二年	二零二四年	零二 年	二零二四年	一零二二年	二零二四年	二零二二年
		2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
		千浦元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千浦元	千港元	千港元	一	千港元	千港元
		HK\$,000	HK\$,000	HK\$,000	HK\$,000	HK\$,000	HK\$,000	HK\$' 000	HK\$'000	HK\$,000	HK\$,000
資產總值	Total assets	11,963,994	11,235,321	5,015,959	5,068,991	14,163,746	15,177,772	1,744,295	2,007,472	2,703,836	2,809,484
收入	Revenue	11,133,738	11,351,480	5,436,046	5,920,579	7,434,431	8,272,909	2,411,250	2,396,452	1,216,185	1,261,952
年內溢利	Profit for the year	442,270	584,882	499,270	478,778	319,510	527,298	157,062	156,094	58,660	94,553
年內全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income for the year	565,137	571,940	499,270	471,671	318,904	519,470	108,583	147,148	61,262	63,882

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31st December, 2024

46. 主要附屬公司資料(續)

46. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

		宜賓華潤燃	氣有限公司	濟寧華潤燃	氣有限公司	秦皇島華潤燃	秦皇島華潤燃氣有限公司		氣有限公司
		二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
資產總值	Total assets	1,607,138	1,655,640	1,834,308	1,830,152	1,325,105	1,277,216	3,444,943	2,968,840
收入	Revenue	1,236,845	1,268,746	1,041,528	1,258,083	1,152,965	1,209,264	2,677,249	2,258,475
年內溢利	Profit for the year	102,486	84,345	50,843	66,492	54,788	63,108	79,575	42,641
年內全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income								
	for the year	102,124	83,565	50,843	64,397	54,788	64,104	79,575	42,008

47. 主要合營公司資料

47. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL JOINT VENTURES

	成立地點		本集團應係			
公司名稱	风立地為 Place of	註冊資本	Attributa equity int		主要業務	
Name of company	establishment	Registered capital	of the G		Principal activities	
, , , , ,		.,	二零二四年		•	
			2024	2023		
			%	%		
寧波華潤興光燃氣有限公司	中國	人民幣2,800,000,000元	49	49	銷售液化氣及接駁輸氣管道	
	PRC	RMB2,800,000,000			Sale of liquefied gas and	
					connection of gas	
					pipelines	
青島能源華潤燃氣有限公司	中國	人民幣717,578,600元	49	49	銷售液化氣及接駁輸氣管道	
13 mg Bong, 1 M-3/M/M (1) [872-1-3	PRC	RMB717,578,600			Sale of liquefied gas and	
		,,			connection of gas	
					pipelines	
南昌市燃氣集團有限公司	中國	人民幣100,000,000元	49	49	銷售液化氣及接駁輸氣管道	
	PRC	RMB100,000,000			Sale of liquefied gas and	
					connection of gas	
					pipelines	
福州華潤燃氣有限公司	中國	人民幣538,995,300元	49	49	銷售液化氣及接駁輸氣管道	
	PRC	RMB538,995,300			Sale of liquefied gas and	
					connection of gas	
					pipelines	
津燃華潤燃氣有限公司	中國	人民幣5,000,000,000元	49	49	銷售液化氣及接駁輸氣管道	
F	PRC	RMB5,000,000,000	43	43	Sale of liquefied gas and	
	THO	111111111111111111111111111111111111111			connection of gas	
					pipelines	
合肥合燃華潤燃氣有限公司	中國	人民幣1,000,000,000元	49	49	銷售液化氣及接駁輸氣管道	
口加口松羊用松料有限公司	中國 PRC	入氏帝1,000,000,000几 RMB1,000,000,000	49	49	朝告/仪化制及按歐鞩制官組 Sale of liquefied gas and	
	rnu	טטט,טטט,ו סואוח,			connection of gas	
					pipelines	
					pipolilioo	

47. 主要合營公司資料(續)

由於相關業務的決策均需要本集團及 合營公司的一致同意,故本集團可對 該等公司行使共同控制權。故此,該 等公司被視為本集團的合營公司。

本公司董事認為,上表所列的本集團 合營公司對本集團年內的業績有重大 影響或構成本集團資產淨值重大部 分。本公司董事認為,載列其他合營 公司的詳情將令本報告過於冗長。

48. 主要聯營公司資料

47. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

The Group is able to exercise joint control over these companies of which the decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the Group and the joint ventures. Accordingly, these companies are regarded as joint ventures of the Group.

The above table lists the joint ventures of the Group which, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, principally affected the results of the year or form a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other joint ventures would, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, result in particulars of excessive length.

48. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL ASSOCIATES

	成立地點		持有的 Equity i	的股權	本集團應 Attribu				
公司名稱 Name of company	Place of establishment	註冊資本 Registered capital			interest of the		主要業務 Principal activities		
			二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二四年	二零二三年			
			2024	2023	2024	2023			
			%	%	%	%			
成都燃氣集團股份	中國	人民幣889,000,000元	32.40	32.40	32.40	32.40	銷售液化氣及接駁輸氣管道		
有限公司*	PRC	RMB889,000,000					Sale of liquefied gas and		
							connection of gas pipelines		

스쌀자리 / 싸屆자리

本公司董事認為,上表所列的本集團 聯營公司對本集團的業績或資產與負 債有重大影響。本公司董事認為,載 列其他聯營公司的詳情將令本報告過 於冗長。

The above table lists the associates of the Group which, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, principally affected the results or assets and liabilities of the Group. To give details of other associates would, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, result in particulars of excessive length.

該等公司之股份在上海證券交易所上

These companies have listed their shares on the Shanghai Stock Exchange.

五年財務概要 Five-year Financial Summary

業績 **RESULTS**

截至十二月三十一日止年度

Year ended 31st December,

		二零二零年	二零二一年	二零二二年	二零二三年	二零二四年
		2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
收入	REVENUE	55,864,169	79,642,030	94,338,329	101,271,905	102,675,888
年內溢利	PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	6,711,888	8,439,832	6,308,519	7,058,886	5,748,294
應佔:	ATTRIBUTABLE TO:	'				
本公司擁有人	OWNERS OF THE COMPANY	5,151,292	6,395,368	4,733,455	5,223,705	4,088,148
非控股權益	NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS	1,560,596	2,044,464	1,575,064	1,835,181	1,660,146
		6,711,888	8,439,832	6,308,519	7,058,886	5,748,294

資產及負債

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

十二月三十一日

31st December,

二零二零年	二零二一年	二零二二年	二零二三年	二零二四年
2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		(經重列)		
		(Restated)		
93,870,809	106,136,308	112,303,585	137,871,085	132,482,695
47,002,450)	(52,098,646)	(59,758,162)	(74,487,403)	(68,511,719)
46,868,359	54,037,662	52,545,423	63,383,682	63,970,976
36,274,287	41,256,915	39,307,612	40,772,231	41,171,967
10,594,072	12,780,747	13,237,811	22,611,451	22,799,009
46,868,359	54,037,662	52,545,423	63,383,682	63,970,976
	2020 千港元 HK\$'000 93,870,809 47,002,450) 46,868,359 36,274,287 10,594,072	2020 2021 千港元 千港元 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 93,870,809 106,136,308 47,002,450) (52,098,646) 46,868,359 54,037,662 36,274,287 41,256,915 10,594,072 12,780,747	2020 2021 2022 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 (經重列) (Restated) 93,870,809 106,136,308 112,303,585 47,002,450) (52,098,646) (59,758,162) 46,868,359 54,037,662 52,545,423 36,274,287 41,256,915 39,307,612 10,594,072 12,780,747 13,237,811	2020 2021 2022 2023 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 (經重列) (Restated) 93,870,809 106,136,308 112,303,585 137,871,085 47,002,450) (52,098,646) (59,758,162) (74,487,403) 46,868,359 54,037,662 52,545,423 63,383,682 36,274,287 41,256,915 39,307,612 40,772,231 10,594,072 12,780,747 13,237,811 22,611,451

附註:本集團於二零二二年十二月三十一日的綜 合財務狀況的比較數字已重列,猶如初始 會計處理自各收購日期起已完成。

Note: The comparative figures of the Group's consolidated financial position as at 31st December, 2022 have been restated as if the initial accounting had been completed from the respective acquisition dates.

公司資料

Corporate Information

董事會

執行董事

楊平先生(主席) 秦艷女士(總裁)

黎小雙先生

非執行董事

王高強先生

葛路女士

李巍巍先生

張軍政先生

房昕先生

獨立非執行董事

黄得勝先生

俞漢度先生

楊玉川先生

李博恩先生

審核與風險管理委員會

俞漢度先生(主席)

黄得勝先生

楊玉川先生

王高強先生

房昕先生

薪酬委員會

黃得勝先生(主席)

俞漢度先生

李博恩先生

張軍政先生

提名委員會

楊平先生(主席)

黄得勝先生

俞漢度先生

楊玉川先生

葛路女士

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. YANG Ping (Chairman)

Ms. QIN Yan (Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. LI Xiaoshuang

Non-executive Directors

Mr. WANG Gaogiang

Ms. GE Lu

Mr. LI Weiwei

Mr. ZHANG Junzheng

Mr. FANG Xin

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. WONG Tak Shing

Mr. YU Hon To. David

Mr. YANG Yuchuan

Mr. LI Pok Yan

AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

Mr. YU Hon To, David (Chairman)

Mr. WONG Tak Shing

Mr. YANG Yuchuan

Mr. WANG Gaogiang

Mr. FANG Xin

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. WONG Tak Shing (Chairman)

Mr. YU Hon To, David

Mr. LI Pok Yan

Mr. ZHANG Junzheng

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. YANG Ping (Chairman)

Mr. WONG Tak Shing

Mr. YU Hon To, David

Mr. YANG Yuchuan

Ms. GE Lu

環境、社會及管治委員會 (前稱「企業管治委員會 |)

楊平先生(主席)

黃得勝先生

楊玉川先生

李博恩先生

李巍巍先生

公司秘書

鄭桂鈺女士

註冊辦事處

Victoria place, 5th Floor 31 Victoria Street Hamilton HM10 Bermuda

主要營業地點

香港

灣仔

港灣道26號

華潤大廈

1901-02室

法律顧問

禮德齊伯禮律師行

核數師

畢馬威會計師事務所

於會計及財務匯報局條例下的註冊公眾利益實 體核數師

香港中環

遮打道10號

太子大廈8樓

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE (FORMERLY KNOWN AS "CORPORATE **GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE"**)

Mr. YANG Ping (Chairman)

Mr. WONG Tak Shing

Mr. YANG Yuchuan

Mr. LI Pok Yan

Mr. LI Weiwei

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. CHENG Kwai Yuk

REGISTERED OFFICE

Victoria place, 5th Floor 31 Victoria Street Hamilton HM10 Bermuda

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

Room 1901-02

China Resources Building

26 Harbour Road

Wanchai

Hong Kong

LEGAL ADVISOR

Reed Smith Richards Butler

AUDITOR

KPMG

Public Interest Entity Auditor registered in accordance with the Accounting and Financial Reporting Council Ordinance

8th Floor, Prince's Building

10 Chater Road

Central, Hong Kong

公司資料

Corporate Information

主要股份過戶登記處

Appleby Global Corporate Services (Bermuda) Limited Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street, PO Box HM 1179, Hamilton HM EX Bermuda

香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳秘書商務有限公司 香港夏慤道16號 遠東金融中心17樓

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Appleby Global Corporate Services (Bermuda) Limited Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street, PO Box HM 1179, Hamilton HM EX Bermuda

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Secretaries Limited 17/F, Far East Finance Centre 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong

華潤燃氣控股有限公司 China Resources Gas Group Limited

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