

Moody Technology Holdings Limited 滿地科技股份有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability and continued in Bermuda with limited liability)
(於開曼群島註冊成立並於百慕達存續之有限公司)

Stock Code 股份代號: 1400

2024 ANNUAL REPORT 年度報告

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CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

主席報告

Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the Board of Directors of Moody Technology Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group"), I report to shareholders our annual report for the year ended 31 December 2024 (the "Year" or "Period").

RESULTS

The Group recorded revenue from continuing operation of approximately RMB112.7 million for the year ended 31 December 2024, representing a decrease of approximately 11.0% as compared with the revenue from continuing operation of RMB126.7 million for the year ended 31 December 2023. The Group's products experienced a gross profits margin of approximately 8.0%, as compared with a gross profits margin of approximately 11.7% from previous year. Total comprehensive loss attributable to owners of the Company for the Year decreased from loss of approximately RMB812.8 million in 2023 to loss of approximately RMB90.3 million in 2024, representing a decrease of approximately 88.9% as compared with the last year, which was mainly attributable to net effect of (i) The Group recognised a loss of approximately RMB756.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 from the issue of the Scheme Shares in accordance with the relevant accounting standards. Such loss was one-off and non-cash in nature and did not have any effect on net equity deficit amounts in the consolidated financial position as at 31 December 2023; and (ii) loss on written off of property, plant and equipment of RMB11.1 million and loss rising from settlement of borrowings of approximately RMB20.5 million were recognised for the year ended 31 December 2024.

致股東:

本人謹代表滿地科技股份有限公司(「本公司」) 及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)向股東報告截至 二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度(「本年度」或 「本期間」)之年報。

業績

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團錄得持續經營業務的收益約人民幣112.7百萬 元,較截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度 持續經營業務的收益人民幣126.7百萬元減少約 11.0%。本集團產品錄得毛利率約8.0%,而上 一年度毛利率為約11.7%。本年度本公司擁有人 應佔全面虧損總額由二零二三年虧損約人民幣 812.8百萬元減至二零二四年虧損約人民幣90.3 百萬元,較去年減少約88.9%,主要由於以下各 項的淨影響:(j)根據相關會計準則,本集團於截 至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度因發行計 劃股份而確認一項虧損約人民幣756.2百萬元。 該項虧損屬一次性非現金性質,對二零二三年 十二月三十一日的合併財務狀況中的權益淨虧絀 金額並無任何影響;及(ii)截至二零二四年十二月 三十一日止年度確認物業、廠房及設備撇銷之虧 損人民幣11.1百萬元及清償貸款產生之虧損約人 民幣20.5百萬元。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告

OUTLOOK

According to the data from the National Bureau of Statistics of China, the gross domestic product (GDP) was RMB134,908.4 billion in 2024, an increase of 5.0 percent over the previous year at constant prices. The GDP growth target is also set at around 5.0 percent in 2025, which remains the same goal as 2024. According to the "Statistical Bulletin on National Economic and Social Development of the People's Republic of China 2024", final consumption expenditure in 2024 drove the growth of GDP by 2.2 percentage points. As such, the Group expects to continue its development in new industry in addition to its traditional main business.

According to the data from China Internet Network Information Center, the scale of online e-commerce shopping users brought by Internet advertising marketing was approximately 974 million in 2024, a 6.5% increase from 2023. Following our country's trend and after more than one year of development, the Group had built up a team with creative and innovative in its digital marketing business. In 2025, the Group will proceed with its expansion to the digital marketing business in a prudent manner.

Furthermore, the management will continue our effort to explore various business opportunities to strength the capacity of the Group. The management will also closely monitor the Group's financial performance, financial position and cash flow in order to maintain the normal operation of the Group.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Lastly, I would like to express my gratitude on behalf of the Board to all our stakeholders for giving the Group their care, patience and support over the years.

Moody Technology Holdings Limited

Li Wanyuan

Acting Chairman and Executive Director

Hong Kong, 31 March 2025

展望

根據中國國家統計局數據顯示,二零二四年國內生產總值(GDP)約為人民幣1,349,084億元,按不變價格計算,較去年增長5.0%。二零二五年的GDP增長目標亦設定為5.0%左右,與二零二四年的目標一致。根據《中華人民共和國2024年國民經濟和社會發展統計公報》,二零二四年最終消費支出拉動GDP增長2.2個百分點。因此,本集團預期除傳統主營業務外,亦將繼續發展新產業。

根據中國互聯網絡信息中心數據顯示,二零二四年網絡廣告營銷帶來的網絡購物用戶規模約為9.74億人,較二零二三年增長6.5%。本集團順應國家趨勢,經過一年多的發展,建立了一支富有創意及創新的數字營銷業務團隊。於二零二五年,本集團將繼續審慎拓展數字營銷業務。

此外,管理層將繼續努力發掘各種商機,增強本 集團的實力。管理層亦將密切監察本集團的財務 表現、財務狀況及現金流量,以維持本集團的正 常營運。

鳴謝

最後,本人謹代表董事會對全體持份者一直以來 對本集團的關注、忍耐和支持致以由衷的感謝。

滿地科技股份有限公司

李萬元

代理主席兼執行董事

香港,二零二五年三月三十一日

CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive directors

Mr. Li Wanvuan (Acting Chairman)

Mr. Liu Junting

Ms. Lin Yuxi

Independent non-executive directors

Mr. Lin Yugang (Resigned on 18 June 2024)

Mr. Chow Yun Cheung

Mr. Li Gang

Mr. Guo Xianwang (Appointed on 18 June 2024)

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Chow Yun Cheung (Chairman)

Mr. Lin Yugang (Resigned on 18 June 2024)

Mr. Guo Xianwang (Appointed on 18 June 2024)

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Lin Yugang (Resigned as Chairman on 18 June 2024)

Mr. Chow Yun Cheung

Mr. Li Gang (Redesignated as Chairman on 18 June 2024)

Mr. Guo Xianwang (Appointed on 18 June 2024)

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Li Wanyuan (Chairman)

Mr. Lin Yugang (Resigned on 18 June 2024)

Mr. Chow Yun Cheuna

Mr. Li Gang (Appointed on 18 June 2024)

REGULATORY COMPLIANCE COMMITTEE

Mr. Li Wanvuan (Chairman)

Mr. Tse Kwok Hing Henry

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Tse Kwok Hing Henry

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Li Wanyuan

Mr. Tse Kwok Hing Henry

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

McMillan Woods (Hong Kong) CPA Limited Certified Public Accountants

24/F. Siu On Centre

188 Lockhart Road

Wanchai, Hong Kong

董事會

執行董事

李萬元先生(代理主席)

劉俊廷先生

林禹熙女士

獨立非執行董事

林宇剛先生(於二零二四年六月十八日辭任)

周潤璋先生

黎剛先生

郭獻旺先生(於二零二四年六月十八日獲委任)

審核委員會

周潤璋先生(主席)

林宇剛先生(於二零二四年六月十八日辭任)

黎剛先生

郭獻旰先生(於二零二四年六月十八日獲委任)

薪酬委員會

林宇剛先生(於二零二四年六月十八日辭任主席) 周潤璋先生

黎剛先生(於二零二四年六月十八日獲調任為主席) 郭獻旺先生(於二零二四年六月十八日獲委任)

提名委員會

李萬元先牛(丰席)

林宇剛先生(於二零二四年六月十八日辭任)

周潤璋先生

黎剛先生(於二零二四年六月十八日獲委任)

監管合規委員會

李萬元先生(主席)

謝國興先生

公司秘書

謝國興先生

授權代表

李萬元先生

謝國興先生

獨立核數師

長青(香港)會計師事務所有限公司

執業會計師

香港灣仔

駱克道188號

兆安中心24樓

CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Nanyang Commercial Bank Limited The Bank of East Asia Limited CMB Wing Lung Bank

REGISTERED OFFICE

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

20/F, Infinitus Plaza, 199 Des Voeux Road Central, Sheung Wan, Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTER AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Conyers Corporate Services (Bermuda) Limited Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTER AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Investor Services Limited 17/F, Far East Finance Centre 16 Harcourt Road Hong Kong

COMPANY'S WEBSITE

www.moodytech-holdingltd.com

STOCK CODE

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited: 1400

主要往來銀行

南洋商業銀行有限公司 東亞銀行有限公司 招商永隆銀行

註冊辦事處

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香港上環 德輔道中199號 無限極廣場20樓

主要股份過戶登記處

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香港股份過戶登記分處

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本公司網站

www.moodytech-holdingltd.com

股份代號

香港聯合交易所有限公司:1400

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

管理層討論及分析

OVERVIEW

During the Year, the Group's revenue from continuing operation decreased from approximately RMB126.7 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately RMB112.7 million for the year ended 31 December 2024. Loss attributable to owners of the Company decreased by 89.1% to approximately RMB88.4 million against last year. Basic and diluted loss per share decreased from loss per share of RMB0.24 in 2023 to loss per share of RMB0.02 in 2024.

INDUSTRY REVIEW

Textile and apparel industry

According to the General Administration of Customs, China's textile and apparel exports in 2024 amounted to US\$301.1 billion, with a year-on-year growth of 2.8%. Among them, textile exports amounted to US\$141.96 billion, up 5.7% year-on-year, while apparel exports reached US\$159.14 billion, increasing by 0.3% year-on-year. In RMB-denominated terms, the textile and garment exports totalled RMB2.14 trillion, up 4% year-on-year. Thereinto, textile exports were RMB1.01 trillion and apparel exports amounted to RMB113 billion, up by 7% and 1.4% year-on-year, respectively.

Digital Industry

According to the Ministry of Industry and Information Technology, the digital industry's business revenue reached RMB35 trillion yuan (about US\$4.9 trillion) in 2024, representing a 5.5% year-on-year increase. Total profits grew 3.5 percent year on year to RMB2.7 trillion. The added value of major manufacturers of computers, communication devices and other electronic devices grew 11.8%, up 8.4 percentage points from the previous year. Boosted by artificial intelligence, cloud platforms and other emerging business activities, the country's software sector recorded 10 percent growth in business revenue, which reached RMB13.7 trillion.

BUSINESS REVIEW

During the Year, the Group had three product segments (2023: four), namely sales of shoes and clothing, elastic webbings and provision of digital marketing services. During the year, the Group's factory lands and buildings located in Huangmei Town of Huangmei County, Hubei Province, the PRC (the "Huangmei Properties"), which have been pledged as collateral for certain bank borrowings with a local bank, were transferred to the bank following two unsuccessful auctions (the "Forced Sales"). The Huangmei Properties were plants for the fabric manufacturing business of the Group. After the Forced Sales, the Group ceases to carry on the fabric manufacturing business. Accordingly, the fabric segment have been included in the discontinued operation during the year.

概覽

於本年度,本集團持續經營業務的收益由截至 二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度的約人民 幣126.7百萬元減少至截至二零二四年十二月 三十一日止年度的約人民幣112.7百萬元。本公 司擁有人應佔虧損較去年減少89.1%至約人民幣 88.4百萬元。每股基本及攤薄虧損由二零二三年 每股虧損人民幣0.24元減少至二零二四年每股虧 損人民幣0.02元。

行業回顧

紡織及成衣業

根據海關總署的資料,中國紡織品及服飾於二零二四年的出口額達3,011億美元,同比增長2.8%。當中紡織品出口額為1,419.6億美元,同比增長5.7%,而服飾出口額為1,591.4億美元,同比增長0.3%。如以人民幣計價,紡織品及服飾出口額合共人民幣21,400億元,同比增長4%。當中紡織品出口額為人民幣10,100億元,而服飾出口額為人民幣1,130億元,同比增長分別為7%及1.4%。

數字行業

根據工業和信息化部的資料,數字行業於二零二四年的業務收入達人民幣350,000億元(約49,000億美元),同比增長5.5%。利潤總額同比增長3.5%至人民幣27,000億元。大型電腦、通訊設備及其他電子產品製造商的增值增長11.8%,較去年上升8.4個百分點。在人工智能、雲平台及其他新興商業活動所帶動下,國內軟件板塊的業務收入錄得10%增長,達到人民幣137,000億元。

業務回顧

於本年度,本集團擁有三個產品分部(即鞋履及服裝銷售、彈性織帶銷售及提供數字營銷服務)(二零二三年:四個)。於本年度,本集團位於中國湖北省黃梅縣黃梅鎮的工廠土地及建築物(「黃梅物業」)(已予押記作為當地銀行若干銀行借資的抵押物),於兩次拍賣失敗後已被轉讓予該銀行(「強制出售」)。黃梅物業是本集團面料製造業務的廠房。於強制出售後,本集團不再經營面料製造業務。因此,面料分部於本年度計入已終止經營業務。

During the year, the Group mainly engaged in manufacturing and sales of clothes as well as elastic webbings products. The Group's clothing products comprised of T-shirt, jackets, pants and hoodies, etc and the Group's elastic webbings products comprised of certain types of dyed strap, including jacquard tape, knitted strap and bundle strap, etc.

於本年度,本集團主要從事服裝及彈性織帶產品製造和銷售。本集團的服裝產品包括T恤、夾克、褲子和連帽衫等,而本集團的彈性織帶產品則包括若干類型染色織帶,包括提花帶、針織帶、束帶等。

The Group also engaged in provision of digital marketing services which was under the business subgroup of Zhuhai Sundust during the Year. During the year, the Group offers diversified digital marketing services including performance-based advertising services, display-based advertising services and short video exposure services. To fulfill contracts with certain customers, the Group enters into cooperation agreements with third party platforms and places the advertisements of the Group's customers displayed on third party platforms, such as facebook, TapTap and Google.

於本年度,本集團亦從事提供數字營銷服務,其屬於珠海泓利旗下的業務子集團。於本年度,本集團提供效果性廣告服務、展示性廣告服務及短視頻曝光服務等多元化數字營銷服務。為履行與部分客戶簽訂的合同,本集團與第三方平台簽訂合作協議,將本集團客戶的廣告投放到第三方平台,如Facebook、TapTap及Google。

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue

The Group's revenue from continuing operations mainly generated from sales of shoes and clothes, manufacturing and sales of elastic webbings and provision of digital marketing services. The total revenue decreased from approximately RMB126.7 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately RMB112.7 million for the year ended 31 December 2024.

The revenue generated from manufacturing and sales of clothing products in the PRC, decreased from RMB83.6 million in 2023 to approximately RMB48.8 million in 2024. Such decrease was mainly due to the decrease in market demands from the customers during the year. The sales quantities of clothing products were approximately 1,017,000 pieces in 2024, decrease from approximately 1,691,000 pieces in 2023.

財務回顧

收益

本集團持續經營業務的收益主要來自鞋履及服裝銷售、彈性織帶製造及銷售以及提供數字營銷服務。總收益由截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度的約人民幣126.7百萬元減少至截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度的約人民幣112.7百萬元。

於中國製造及銷售服裝產品所產生的收益由二零二三年的人民幣83.6百萬元減少至二零二四年的約人民幣48.8百萬元。有關減少主要由於本年度客戶市場需求減少所致。服裝產品銷量由二零二三年約1,691,000件減少至二零二四年約1,017,000件。

The manufacturing and sales of elastic webbing comprised of sales of certain types of dyed strap, including jacquard tape, knitted strap and bundle strap, etc. The revenue contributed from this product segment was approximately RMB35.6 million (2023: RMB31.8 million) for the Year. For the year ended 31 December 2024, the production and sales quantities of the shoulder straps and bundle straps were approximately 45,600 kilograms (2023: 71,500 kilograms) and approximately 178,000 kilograms (2023: 211,000 kilograms), respectively.

In addition, the business segment of digital marketing services was commenced in the second half of 2023, which contributed revenue of approximately RMB28.4 million (2023: RMB11.3 million) for the Year.

The table below sets out a breakdown of the Group's revenue categorised from continuing operations by products during the year:

製造及銷售彈性織帶包括銷售若干類型染色織帶,包括提花帶、針織帶、束帶等。本年度該產品分部貢獻的收益為約人民幣35.6百萬元(二零二三年:人民幣31.8百萬元)。截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,肩帶及束帶的產量及銷量分別約為45,600公斤(二零二三年:71,500公斤)及約178,000公斤(二零二三年:211,000公斤)。

此外,於二零二三年下半年開始營運的新業務分部數字營銷服務於本年度貢獻收益約人民幣28.4百萬元(二零二三年:人民幣11.3百萬元)。

下表載列本集團於本年度按產品分類的持續經營業務收益明細:

		2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Year ended 3 截至十二月三- % to total revenue 佔總收益 百分比		% to total revenue 佔總收益 百分比
Shoes, clothes and others Elastic webbings Digital marketing services	鞋履、服裝、及其他銷售 彈性織帶 數字營銷服務	48,788 35,577 28,351	43.3 31.5 25.2	83,620 31,762 11,314	66.0 25.1 8.9
Total	總計	112,716	100.0	126,696	100.0

Cost of sales

The Group's cost of sales from continuing operations decreased by 7.2% from approximately RMB111.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately RMB103.7 million for the year ended 31 December 2024. Such decrease in cost of sales was in line with the decreased turnover during the Year.

銷售成本

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團持續經營業務的銷售成本由截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度約人民幣111.9百萬元減少7.2%至約人民幣103.7百萬元。銷售成本減少與本年度營業額減少一致。

The table below sets out a breakdown of the Group's cost of sales categorised from continuing operations by products during the year:

下表載列本集團於本年度按產品分類的持續經營業務銷售成本明細:

		2024 二零二四年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	Year ended 3 截至十二月三- % to total cost of sales 佔總銷售 成本百分比		% to total cost of sales 佔總銷售 成本百分比
Shoes, clothes and others Elastic webbings Digital marketing services	鞋履、服裝及其他銷售 彈性織帶 數字營銷服務	40,597 35,001 28,136	39.1 33.8 27.1	72,678 28,612 10,526	65.0 25.6 9.4
Total	總計	103,734	100.0	111,816	100.0

Gross profits

The gross profits of the Group from continuing operations decreased from approximately RMB14.8 million, representing a gross profits margin of approximately 11.7% in 2023 to approximately RMB9.0 million, representing a gross profits margin of approximately 8.0% in 2024. A decrease in overall gross profits margins was mainly attributable to an increase in costs of production for elastic webbings during the Year.

The table below sets out a breakdown of the Group's gross profits categorised from continuing operations by products during the year:

毛利

本集團持續經營業務的毛利由二零二三年的約人民幣14.8百萬元(毛利率約為11.7%)減少至二零二四年的約人民幣9.0百萬元(毛利率約為8.0%)。整體毛利率減少乃主要由於本年度彈性織帶生產成本增加。

下表載列本集團於本年度按產品分類的持續經營業務毛利明細:

		2024 二零二四年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	Year ended 3 截至十二月三- Gross profit margin 毛利率		Gross profit margin 毛利率
Shoes, clothes and others Elastic webbings Digital marketing services	鞋履、服裝及其他銷售 彈性織帶 數字營銷服務	8,191 576 215	16.8% 1.6% 0.8%	10,942 3,150 788	13.1% 9.9% 7.0%
Total	總計	8,982	8.0%	14,880	11.7%

Other income

An increase in other income from continuing operations by 82.4% from approximately RMB1.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately RMB2.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2024 was mainly attributable to the increase of rental income of RMB0.3 million (2023: RMB0.1 million) as well as an increase in a consultancy fee income of RMB1.6 million (2023: RMB0.7 million) during the year.

Loss on derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group recognised a loss of approximately HK\$858.1 million (equivalent to RMB756.2 million) for the year ended 31 December 2023 from the issue of the Scheme Shares in accordance with the relevant accounting standards. Such loss was one-off and non-cash in nature and did not have any effect on net equity deficit amounts in the consolidated financial position as at 31 December 2023.

The Group recognised a loss on derecognition of financial liabilities of approximately HK\$858.1 million (equivalent to RMB756.2 million) for the year ended 31 December 2023. Such loss is recognised in accordance with the requirement of HK(IFRIC) Interpretation 19 as a result of the issuance of 3,262,705,241 shares at an issue price of HK\$0.317 per share on 4 January 2023 to the Scheme Creditors. The issue price is at a significant discount to the closing market price on the relevant date i.e. HK\$0.580 per share. Such loss was reflected in the Group's consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2023 and in the contribution surplus of the Group's consolidated statement of financial position and did not have any impact on the net amount of the Group's capital deficiency as at 31 December 2023.

Net foreign exchange gains

The net foreign exchange gains from continuing operations of approximately RMB1.8 million (2023: RMB3.5 million) was affected by the depreciation of RMB against HK\$ in 2024.

Selling and distribution costs

The decrease in selling and distribution costs by 28.5% from approximately RMB10.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately RMB7.7 million for the year ended 31 December 2024 mainly because less staff cost, logistics and advertising expenses were incurred during the Year.

其他收入

持續經營業務的其他收入由截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度約人民幣1.2百萬元,增加82.4%至截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度約人民幣2.2百萬元,主要是由於本年度租金收入增加人民幣0.3百萬元(二零二三年:人民幣0.1百萬元)及顧問費收入增加人民幣1.6百萬元(二零二三年:人民幣0.7百萬元)所致。

終止確認金融負債之虧損

根據相關會計準則,本集團於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度因發行計劃股份而確認一項虧損約858.1百萬港元(相當於人民幣756.2百萬元)。該項虧損屬一次性非現金性質,對二零二三年十二月三十一日的合併財務狀況中的權益淨虧絀金額並無任何影響。

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團確認一項終止確認金融負債的虧損約858.1 百萬港元(相當於人民幣756.2百萬元)。根據 香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)詮釋第19號的 規定,確認該項虧損乃由於於二零二三年一月 四日按發行價每股0.317港元向計劃債權人發 四日按發行價每股0.317港元向計劃債權人發 3,262,705,241股股份所致。發行價較相關。 時期 的收市價(即每股0.580港元)存在大幅折讓。有 關虧損已反映在本集團於截至二零二三年十二月 三十一日止年度的合併損益及其他全面收入 本集團的合併財務狀況表的供款盈餘中,及對 集團於二零二三年十二月三十一日的資本虧絀淨 額並無任何影響。

匯兑收益淨額

持續經營業務的匯兑收益淨額約人民幣1.8百萬元(二零二三年:人民幣3.5百萬元)受二零二四年人民幣兑港元貶值影響。

銷售及分銷成本

銷售及分銷成本由截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度約人民幣10.8百萬元,減少28.5%至截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度約人民幣7.7百萬元,主要由於本年度員工成本、物流及宣傳開支減少。

General and administrative expenses

The increase in general and administrative expenses by 25.1% from approximately RMB27.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately RMB33.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2024 was mainly attributable to (i) an increase in impairment loss of inventories of approximately RMB5.0 million (2023: Nil); and (ii) an increase in a loss on written-off of property, plant and equipment of approximately RMB1.1 million (2023: Nil).

Finance costs

The decrease in finance costs by 14.9% from approximately RMB2.3 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately RMB1.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2024 was mainly because the Group had repaid certain bank borrowings during the Year.

Income tax credit

Income tax credit of approximately RMB0.6 million was recognised for the Year as compared to income tax credit of approximately RMB0.1 million recognised in 2023.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE, LIQUIDITIES AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

During the Year, the cash of the Group was mainly used in the operating activities and generated from financing activities. For the year ended 31 December 2024, net cash used in operating activities of the Group amounted to RMB6.4 million as compared to RMB120.3 million in 2023. Net cash generated from financing activities of the Group amounted to approximately RMB3.4 million in 2024 as compared to net cash used in financing activities of the Group amounted to approximately RMB140.0 million in 2023 mainly due to decrease proceeds from one placing (2023: three placings) of new shares completed during the year.

Our primary uses of cash are to satisfy our working capital needs and our capital expenditure needs. Since our establishment, our working capital needs and capital expenditure requirements have been principally financed through a combination of shareholders' equity, cash generated from operations, and borrowings. The Group adopts a prudent cash and financial management policy.

In order to achieve better cost control and minimize the cost of funds, the Group's treasury activities and cash and cash equivalents are generally deposited with certain financial institutions such as banks denominated mostly in Renminbi and Hong Kong dollars.

一般及行政開支

一般及行政開支由截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度約人民幣27.0百萬元,增加25.1%至截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度約人民幣33.8百萬元,主要是由於(i)存貨之減值虧損增加約人民幣5.0百萬元(二零二三年:無);及(ii)物業、廠房及設備撤銷之虧損增加約人民幣1.1百萬元(二零二三年:無)。

融資成本

融資成本由截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度的約人民幣2.3百萬元,減少14.9%至截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度約人民幣1.9百萬元,主要是因為本集團已於本年度償還若干銀行借貸。

所得税抵免

於本年度確認所得税抵免約人民幣0.6百萬元, 而於二零二三年確認所得税抵免約人民幣0.1百 萬元。

資本架構、流動資金及財務資源

於本年度,本集團的現金主要用於經營活動和來自融資活動。截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團經營活動所用現金淨額為人民幣6.4百萬元,而二零二三年為人民幣120.3百萬元。於二零二四年本集團融資活動產生的現金淨額約為人民幣3.4百萬元,而二零二三年約為人民幣140.0百萬元,主要由於年內來自一次(二零二三年:三次)已完成新股份配售的所得款項減少。

我們的現金主要用於滿足我們的營運資金需要及資本開支需要。自本公司成立以來,我們的營運資金需要及資本開支需求一直主要透過股東權益、經營所得現金及借款獲得資金支持。本集團採取審慎的現金及財務管理政策。

為更好地控制成本及盡可能降低資金成本,本集 團財資活動和現金及現金等價物一般存放於銀 行等若干金融機構,且大部分以人民幣及港元計 值。

During the Year, the Company had completed a placing of new shares.

於本年度,本公司已完成一次新股配售。

Reference is made to the announcements of the Company dated 22 November 2024, 31 December 2024, 2 January 2025 and 7 February 2025 and the circular of the Company dated 13 December 2024 in relation to, among other things, the proposed Capital Reorganisation which included the implementation of the proposed Share Consolidation, proposed Change in Board Lot Size and the Capital Reduction. The proposed resolution (the "Resolution") as set out in the notice of the special general meeting (the "SGM") dated 13 December 2024 was not passed by the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders") by way of poll at the SGM held on 7 February 2025. As the Resolution was not approved by the Shareholders at the SGM, which is one of the conditions of the Capital Reorganisation, the Capital Reorganisation will not become effective. As a result, the authorised share capital and the issued share capital of the Company remained unchanged during the Year.

The Placing

On 20 May 2024, after trading hours of the Stock Exchange, the Company entered into the placing agreement (the "Placing Agreement") with China Sky Securities Limited (the "Placing Agent") pursuant to which the Company appointed the Placing Agent as its agent to procure not less than six placees to subscribe up to 300,000,000 placing shares (the "Placing Shares") at a price of HK\$0.10 per Placing Share on a best effort basis on the terms and subject to the condition of the Placing Agreement.

The Directors considered that the Placing offered a good opportunity to raise further capital of the Company thereby increasing the liquidity of the shares as well as to strengthen the financial position of the Group. The Directors considered that the terms of Placing Agreement were fair and reasonable and the Placing is in the interests of the Company and its Shareholders as a whole.

茲提述本公司日期為二零二四年十一月二十二日、二零二四年十二月三十一日、二零二五年二月七日的公告及內內建議及本五年二月七日的通函,內內建議股本重組,當中包括)建議股本重組賣單位及股東制別公司,與為二零二四年十二月十三日之股東特別大會」,與東特別大會上五年二月七日舉行的股票表護內分別,於二零二五年二月七日舉行的股票表護內方,以與東」)以投票表護內方,與東京於政東特別大會上組的於決議案於股東特別大會上組的於決議案於股東特別大會上組的於東東的政本,與本重組的條件之一),股本重組的條件之一),股本重組持不變。

配售事項

於二零二四年五月二十日聯交所交易時段後,本公司與中天證券有限公司(「配售代理」)訂立配售協議(「配售協議」),據此,本公司委任配售代理代其盡最大努力依據配售協議所載條款並在其條件規限下促使不少於六名承配人按每股配售股份0.10港元的價格認購最多300,000,000股配售股份(「配售股份」)。

董事認為,配售事項為籌集本公司進一步資本提供了良機,從而增加股份的流動性並增強了本集團之財務狀況。董事認為,配售協議之條款屬公平合理,且配售事項符合本公司及其股東之整體利益。

On 5 June 2024, the Placing was completed and an aggregate of 200,000,000 Placing Shares were successfully placed by the Placing Agent to not less than six placees at the placing price of HK\$0.10 per Placing Share. To the best of the Directors' knowledge, information and belief having made all reasonable enquiries, the placees are third parties independent of the Company and not connected nor acting in concert with any of the connected persons of the Company or any of their respective associates.

配售事項已於二零二四年六月五日完成,配售代理已按每股配售股份0.10港元之配售價成功配售合共200,000,000股配售股份予不少於六名承配人。經董事作出一切合理查詢後,就董事所知、所悉及所信,承配人為獨立於本公司之第三方,與本公司之任何關連人士或其任何聯繫人士概無任何關連或一致行動。

The Placing shares represented approximately 5.55% of the issued share capital of the Company immediately before the Placing and approximately 5.26% of the issued share capital of the Company as enlarged by the issue of the subscription shares immediately upon completion of the Placing. The net proceeds from the Placing of approximately HK\$19.79 million were used as intended for general working capital of the Group.

配售股份佔緊接配售事項前本公司已發行股本的約5.55%,以及佔緊隨配售事項完成後經發行認購股份擴大的本公司已發股本的約5.26%。配售事項所得款項淨額約19.79百萬港元按計劃用作本集團一般營運資金。

As at 31 December 2024, the net proceeds from the Placing of approximately HK\$19.79 million was fully utilized for general working capital of the Group, of which (i) approximately HK\$6.49 million for settlement of trade and other payables of the Group; (ii) approximately HK\$9.00 million for repayment of bank borrowings; (iii) approximately HK\$3.20 million for staff costs; and (iv) approximately HK\$1.10 million for legal and professional fees.

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日,配售事項所得款項淨額約19.79百萬港元悉數用作本集團一般營運資金,其中(i)約6.49百萬港元用作結算本集團之貿易及其他應付款項:(ii)約9.00百萬港元用作償還銀行借款:(iii)約3.20百萬港元用作員工成本:及(iv)約1.10百萬港元用作法律及專業費用。

Details of the Placing are set out in the Company's announcements dated 20 May 2024 and 5 June 2024.

有關配售事項的詳情,請參閱本公司日期為二零二四年五月二十日及二零二四年六月五日的公告。

Net current assets and working capital

The following table sets forth the Group's current ratio, quick ratio, gearing ratio and debt to equity as at 31 December 2024 and 2023:

流動資產淨額及營運資金

下表載列本集團於二零二四年及二零二三年十二 月三十一日的流動比率、速動比率、資產負債比 率及債務股本比率:

		As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日	
		2024 二零二四年 RMB′000	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Current assets	流動資產	82,207	100,153
Current liabilities	流動負債	(324,476)	(439,941)
Net current liabilities	流動負債淨額	(242,269)	(339,788)
Current ratio	流動比率	25.3%	22.8%
Quick ratio	速動比率	12.9%	12.2%
Gearing ratio	資產負債比率	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
Debt to equity ratio	債務股本比率	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用

BORROWINGS

Particulars of borrowings of the Company and the Group as at 31 December 2024 are set out in note 26 to the consolidated financial statements.

PLEDGE OF ASSETS

As at 31 December 2024, the Group's rights-of-use assets and buildings, machinery and equipment with an aggregate net book value of approximately RMB25.3 million were pledged to secure banking facilities for purposes of working capital and purchases of fixed assets for the Group (as at 31 December 2023: approximately RMB165.4 million).

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RISK

The Group mainly operates in the mainland China with most of the revenue and expenditure transactions denominated and settled in RMB, where its foreign exchange risk is limited. The Group's exposure to foreign exchange risk is mainly on its sales and purchase transactions (i.e. export or import of products) in Hong Kong which are mainly denominated in US\$. The functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries is RMB and HK\$.

借款

本公司及本集團於二零二四年十二月三十一日的 借款詳情載於合併財務報表附註26。

資產抵押

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團賬面淨值 總額約人民幣25.3百萬元的使用權資產及樓宇、 機器及設備已予抵押,以取得用作本集團營運 資金及購買固定資產的銀行融資(於二零二三年 十二月三十一日:約人民幣165.4百萬元)。

外幣匯兑風險

本集團主要於中國內地營運,所以大部分收益及 開支交易以人民幣計值及結算,故外幣匯兑風險 有限。本集團所面對外幣風險主要為在香港主要 以美元計值的銷售及採購交易(即出口或進口產 品)。本公司及其附屬公司的功能貨幣為人民幣 及港元。

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Save as those disclosed in note 34 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group did not have any material contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2024.

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENT, MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSAL OF ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

Save as those disclosed in note 38 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group did not have any material investment. Acquisitions and disposal of subsidiaries and associated companies during the Year.

HUMAN RESOURCES

As at 31 December 2024, the Group had a total workforce of 165 (as at 31 December 2023: 190). The decrease in staff was mainly attributable to the discontinued fabrics business during the year. The total staff costs, including Directors' emoluments and retirement benefit scheme contributions, of the Group were approximately RMB30.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2024 (2023: approximately RMB29.9 million) from continuing operations.

The Group offers its staff competitive remuneration schemes. In addition, discretionary bonuses and share options may also be granted to eligible staff based on individual and Group's performance. The Group is committed to nurturing a learning and sharing culture in the organization. Heavy emphasis is placed on the training and development of individual staff and team building, as the Group's success is dependent on the contribution of all functional divisions comprising skilled and motivated staff.

DIVIDEND

The Board has resolved not to recommend the payment of any final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2024 (2023: Nil). As there is no interim dividend payable during the year, there will be no dividend distribution for the whole year of 2024.

PURCHASE, SALE AND REDEMPTION OF THE LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

There was no purchase, sale or redemption of the Company's shares by the Company or its subsidiaries during the Year.

或然負債

除合併財務報表附註34所披露者外,於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團並無任何重大或然負債。

重大投資、重大收購以及出售聯營公 司

除合併財務報表附註38所披露者外,於本年度, 本集團並無任何重大投資、收購及出售附屬公司 及聯營公司。

人力資源

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團員工合共 165名(於二零二三年十二月三十一日:190名)。 員工減少主要是由於年內終止經營面料業務所 致。截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本 集團持續經營業務的總員工成本(包括董事酬金 和退休福利計劃供款)約為人民幣30.2百萬元(二 零二三年:約為人民幣29.9百萬元)。

本集團向其員工提供具競爭力的酬金計劃。此外,合資格員工亦可按其個人及本集團的表現獲授酌情花紅及購股權。本集團致力於組織內營造學習及分享文化。本集團的成功有賴由技巧純熟且士氣高昂的員工組成各職能部門的貢獻,故此本集團重視員工的個人培訓及發展,以及團隊建設。

股息

董事會已議決不建議就截至二零二四年十二月 三十一日止年度派發任何末期股息(二零二三年: 無)。由於年內並無應派中期股息,故二零二四 年全年將不會派發任何股息。

購買、銷售及贖回本公司的上市證券

本公司或其附屬公司於本年度概無購買、銷售或 贖回本公司股份。

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Save as those disclosed in the consolidated financial statements, the Group did not have any significant events after the reporting period.

THE AUDIT OUALIFICATION

As detailed in Note 3 to the annual report, the conditions existed indicate the existence of material uncertainties which may cast significant doubt regarding the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. In view of such circumstances, the Directors of the Company had assessed the Group's current liquidity, performance and available sources of financing in considering the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

The management's position on the Audit Qualification

The Directors have also taken or will continue to implement the measures to mitigate the Group's liquidity pressure and improve the conditions of cash flow, and on the assumption of successful and continued implementation of such measures, and taking into account the Group's cash flow projections which covers a period of not less than 12 months from 31 December 2024, the management of the Company and also the Directors are satisfied that it is appropriate to prepare the Group's consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis. The Directors are of the view that the Group, based on the continuing effort of the action plan as detailed below, will have sufficient cash resources to satisfy future working capital and other financing requirements as and when they fall due in the next twelve months from the reporting date.

Subsequent to the Forced Sale of Huangmei Properties by Fengtai (Hubei) Textile Co. Limited ("Fengtai Hubei") as disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 11 December 2024 (the "Forced Sale"), the Group's consolidated net liabilities position as at 31 December 2024 primarily reflected the net liabilities positions of Fengtai Hubei and Shishi City Yingfeiling Supply Chain Management Limited ("Yingfeiling") in the amount of approximately RMB176.5 million and RMB185.3 million, respectively, which are subsidiaries of the Company in Hubei and Fujian, respectively. To address this, the Company is currently actively pursuing opportunities for the disposal of Fengtai Hubei and Yingfeiling (the "Proposed Disposals"). The successful completion of the Proposed Disposals would result in significant the removal of the net liabilities of Fengtai Hubei and Yingfeiling from the Group's consolidated financial statements, which would in turn significantly improve the Group's overall financial position. The Company will make further disclosures in compliance with the Listing Rules regarding such disposals as applicable.

報告期後事項

除合併財務報表所披露者外,本集團於報 告期後並無發生任何重大事件。

審核保留意見

誠如本年報附註3所詳述,該等情況存在表明出 現重大不明朗性,可能會對本集團的持續經營能 力產生重大疑問。鑑於有關情況,本公司董事於 考慮本集團的持續經營能力時,已評估本集團當 前的流動資金、表現及可動用融資來源。

管理層對審核保留意見之立場

董事亦已採取或將繼續實施措施,以舒緩本集團的流動資金壓力並改善現金流狀況,及假設成立繼續實施該等措施,且經計及本集團的現金流預測(涵蓋自二零二四年十二月三十一日起以金河於12個月期間)的情況下,本公司管理層以合併對事均信納,按持續經營基準編製本集團之合併財務報表屬適當。董事認為,基於下文所詳述資源來計劃的持續努力,本集團將有充足的現金資源來計劃的持續努力,本集團將有充足的現金源源來清足於報告日期起未來12個月內到期的未來營運資金及其他融資需求。

誠如於本公司日期為二零二四年十二月十一日 之公告所披露,豐太(湖北)紡織有限公司(「豐 大湖北」)強制出售黃梅物業(「強制出之合併 等額狀況主要反映本公司於湖北及福建的附限公司 司豐太湖北及石獅市英飛凌供應鏈管理有人公司 (「英飛凌」)分別約人民幣176.5百萬元及民司 (「英飛凌」)分別約人民幣176.5百萬元及公民司 (「英飛凌」)分別約人民幣176.5百萬元及民司 (「英飛凌」)分別約人民幣176.5百萬元及民司 (「本飛凌」)。成功完成 議出售事項」)。成功完成 議出售事項」)。成功完成 議出售事項」的 資源,從而大幅 的負債淨額,從而大幅改善本集團的整體財務 的負債淨額,從而規則就該等出售事項 (如 適用)作進一步披露。

- (i) the relevant memorandum of understandings or sale purchase agreements in respect of the Proposed Disposals entered into between the Group and the proposed purchaser(s) and (ii) the duly signed agreements in relation to the fund-raising activities with any potential investors. Up to the date of this Annual Report, the Group has not entered into any such memorandum of understandings or sale purchase agreements in respect of the Proposed Disposals. In addition, the Company has been monitoring the share price of the Company and considering the feasibility of potential fund raising exercise by way of issuance of new shares.
- (i) 本集團與建議買家就建議出售事項訂立的 相關諒解備忘錄或買賣協議;及(ii)與任何 潛在投資者就集資活動正式簽署的協議。 截至本年報日期,本集團並無就建議出售事 項訂立任何該等諒解備忘錄或買賣協議。 此外,本公司一直監察本公司的股價,並 考慮透過發行新股進行潛在集資活動的可 行性。

Further to as set out in the annual report, in the view of (i) whether the Group would successfully secure new financing from the financial institutions to fund its operations and financial obligations as and when they fall due as well as restructuring of the existing borrowings by extending the payment schedule; (ii) whether the Group would have successful negotiations with the lenders of the defaulted borrowing that they will not take any actions against the Group to exercise their rights to demand immediate payment of the principals and interests of these borrowings: (iii) whether the Group would successfully obtain external source of funding from potential investors by issuance of new shares; and (iv) the Group's ability to generate operating cash flows to meet the Group's ongoing funding needs as well as successfully control operations costs and capital expenditure, and implement various strategies to enhance the Group's revenue, which may constitute the possible cumulative effects on the consolidated financial statements, the Auditor disclaimed their opinion on the consolidated financial statements in respect of the material uncertainty relating to the going concern basis (the "Audit Oualification").

除本年報所載者外,鑑於(i)本集團能否成功從金融機構取得新的融資,為其營運及到期的財務,為其營運及到期有借於,為其營運及到期有借款,並透過延長還款期重組現有倍商。 (ii)本集團能否成功與拖欠借款的貸款人磋商,使其不會對本集團採取任何行動,行使其團能可以其不會對本集團採取任何行動,行使其團能或不會對本集團的資金需求。 資行新股成功地從潛在投資者處獲得外部以營工本集團持續的資金需求。 實施各種戰略以營工本集團制 資本支出,以及能對自關持續經營基準有重大, 數的人的財務報表不發表意見(「審核保留意見」)。

Audit Committee's view towards the Audit Oualification

The audit committee of the Company (the "Audit Committee") had critically reviewed the Audit Qualification and also the Directors' position and Action Plan (as defined below) of the Group to address the Audit Qualification. The Audit Committee is in agreement with the Directors with respect to the Audit Qualification and the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, and in particular the Action Plan to be implemented by the Directors or the Group. The Audit Committee's views are based on (i) a critical review of (a) the Directors' Action Plan to address the Audit Oualification (and the assumption of successful and continued implementation), in particular the Proposed Disposal, and (b) a review of the Group's cash flow projections which covers a period of not less than 12 months from 31 December 2024, and also (ii) discussions between the Audit Committee, the Auditor and the Directors regarding the Audit Qualification. The Audit Committee is also of the view that the Directors shall and continue its efforts in implementing the Action Plan, in particular the Proposed Disposal, with the intention of removing the Audit Qualification.

Status and results of the action plan of the Group to address the Audit Qualification for the year ended 31 December 2024

Reference is made to the Company's announcements dated 23 October 2020, 9 September 2021 and 30 June 2022 in relation to, among others, the action plans (the "Action Plan") of the Company to address and remove the audit modification for the years ended 31 December 2020, 2021 and 2022, the announcement dated 11 December 2024 in relation to the Forced Sale (the "Forced Sale Announcement"), the announcements dated 20 May 2024 and 5 June 2024 in relation to the placing of new shares of the Company (the "Placing Announcements"), the announcement dated 22 November 2024 and the circular dated 13 December 2024 in relation to the capital reorganisation of the Company (the "Capital Reorganisation Circular") . Unless otherwise defined, terms used herein shall bear the same meanings as defined in the aforementioned announcements and the Capital Reorganisation Circular.

審核委員會對審核保留意見的見解

本公司審核委員會(「審核委員會」)已嚴格審閱審核保留意見以及董事的立場及本集團回應委員的行動計劃(定義見下文)。審核委員會力動計劃(定義見下文)。審核營營計劃等核保留意見及本集團持續經營計劃與是董事或本集團所實施之行動計劃(及假設計劃與人類),及(的)。審核保留意見的行動計劃(及假設計劃),及(的)。實濟之一,以及(前)。實濟之一,以及(前)。實濟之一,以及(前)。實濟之一,以及(前)。 會、核數認為董事應繼續致力實施行動計劃。 其是建議出售事項),以剔除審核保留意見。

本 集 團 回 應 截 至 二 零 二 四 年 十 二 月 三十一日止年度的審核保留意見的行動 計劃狀態及結果

(i) The Forced Sale and the Proposed Disposal

As disclosed in the Forced Sale Announcement, Fengtai Hubei received two enforcement rulings made by the Huangmei County People's Court of Hubei Province that the Group's factory buildings and lands located in Huangmei Town of Huangmei County, which were pledged as collateral for certain bank borrowings amounting to an aggregate principal amount of RMB90 million (the "Bank Loans") with Huangmei Rural Commercial Bank were, following two failed auctions, transferred to Huangmei Rural Commercial Bank in satisfaction of the outstanding amount of the Bank Loans in the sum of approximately RMB115.12 million. As set out in response (A1) above, subsequent to the Forced Sale, the Group's consolidated net liability position as at 31 December 2024 primarily reflected the net liability positions of Fengtai Hubei and Yingfeiling in the amount of approximately RMB176.5 million and RMB185.3 million, respectively. As at the date of this response, the Company is actively pursuing opportunities for the Proposed Disposals and is using its best endeavours to seek potential purchasers, the successful completion of which would result in the removal of the net liabilities of Fengtai Hubei and Yingfeiling from the Group's consolidated financial statements, which would in turn significantly improve the Group's overall financial position. In addition, the outstanding bank borrowings of Fengtai Hubei and Yingfeiling were not guaranteed by the Company and were not collateralized by any assets belonging to the Company.

(i) 強制出售及建議出售

誠如強制出售公告所披露,豐太湖北收到 湖北省黃梅縣人民法院作出的兩份執行裁 定書,裁定本集團位於黃梅縣黃梅鎮的工 廠建築物及土地(作為於黃梅農村商業銀行 的若干銀行貸款本金總額人民幣90百萬元 (「該等銀行貸款」)之抵押物),於兩次拍 賣失敗後,被轉讓予黃梅農村商業銀行以 清償該等銀行貸款未償還金額,總計約人 民幣115.12百萬元。如上文回應(A1)所述, 強制出售後,本集團於二零二四年十二月 三十一日的綜合負債淨額狀況主要反映豐 太湖北及英飛凌的負債淨額狀況,金額分別 約為人民幣176.5百萬元,及人民幣185.3 百萬元。於本回應日期,本公司正積極尋 求建議出售事項的機會,並盡最大努力尋 求潛在買家,成功完成建議出售事項後, 本集團的合併財務報表將刪除豐太湖北及 英飛凌的負債淨額,從而大幅改善本集團 的整體財務狀況。此外,豐太湖北及英飛 凌的未償還銀行借款並無由本公司擔保, 亦無以任何屬於本公司的資產作抵押。

(ii) Fundraising from the financing activities

For the year ended 31 December 2024, the Company had completed a placing of an aggregate of 200,000,000 Placing Shares at a Placing Price of HK\$0.100 per Placing Share whereby the net proceeds from the Placing (after deducting the placing commission payable to the Placing Agent and other expenses incurred in the Placing) were approximately HK\$19.5 million (further details had been disclosed in the Placing Announcement

In addition, as disclosed in the Capital Reorganisation Circular, the Company had proposed to implement the Capital Reorganisation involving (i) the Capital Reduction whereby the issued share capital of the Company will be reduced by (a) rounding down the total number of Consolidated Shares in the issued share capital of the Company to the nearest whole number by cancelling any fraction of a Consolidated Share in the issued share capital of the Company; and (b) cancelling the paid up capital of the Company to the extent of HK\$0.99 on each of the then issued Consolidated Shares such that the par value of each issued Consolidated Share will be reduced from HK\$1.0 to HK\$0.01; (ii) the Share Sub-division whereby each of the authorised but unissued Consolidated Shares (including the authorised but unissued Shares arising from the Capital Reduction) will be divided into one hundred (100) Adjusted Shares of HK\$0.01 each; and (iii) the transfer of all the credits arising from the Capital Reduction to the contributed surplus account of the Company (within the meaning of the Companies Act) on the Effective Date for use by the Directors in any manner consistent with the Companies Act and the bye-laws of the Company. The Capital Reorganisation involves the Capital Reduction which will reduce the par value of the Consolidated Shares and reduce the par value of the Adjusted Shares to a level of HK\$0.01 per Adjusted Share, which will allow greater flexibility in the pricing for any issue of new Shares in the future when necessary.

However, per the results of the special general meeting of the Company held on 7 February 2025 to approve the Capital Reorganisation as a special resolution, less than 75% of the votes were casted in favour of the special resolution to approve the Capital Reorganisation, and the Capital Reorganisation was not passed as a special resolution of the Company, which will have an effect on the action plans of the Company in respect of fund-raising activities in the year ending 31 December 2025.

(ii) 從融資活動籌集資金

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司已完成按配售價每股配售股份0.100港元配售合共200,000,000股配售股份,配售所得款項淨額(經扣除應付配售代理之配售佣金及配售產生之其他開支)約為19.5百萬港元(進一步詳情已於配售公告內披露)。

此外,誠如股本重組通函所披露,本公司建 議進行股本重組,涉及(i)股本削減,據此本 公司之已發行股本將诱過(a)註銷本公司已 發行股本中合併股份的任何零碎股份,從而 將本公司已發行股本中合併股份總數向下 湊整至最接近之整數;及(b)註銷本公司司 當時每股已發行合併股份的繳足資本0.99 港元,以將每股已發行合併股份之面值由 1.0港元消減至0.01港元;(ii)股份拆細,每 股法定但未發行合併股份(包括因股本削減 產生之法定未發行股份)據此將拆細為一百 (100)股每股面值0.01港元之經調整股份; 及(jii)於生效日期將因股本削減產生之所有 進賬轉撥至本公司的繳入盈餘賬(定義見公 司法),供董事以符合公司法及本公司之公 司細則的任何方式予以動用。股本重組涉 及股本削減,而股本削減將減少合併股份 的面值並使經調整股份之面值維持在每股 經調整股份0.01港元的水平,並將於必要 時為日後於任何新股份發行作出定價提供 更大之靈活性。

然而,根據本公司於二零二五年二月七日舉行以特別決議案批准股本重組的股東特別大會的結果,贊成批准股本重組的特別決議案的票數少於75%,股本重組未能作為本公司的特別決議案獲得通過,此將對本公司截至二零二五年十二月三十一日止年度有關集資活動的行動計劃構成影響。

Nonetheless, the Group will continue to generate operating cash flows, use their best efforts to seek potential purchasers in respect of the Proposed Disposal and assess the feasibility of fund raising activities.

儘管如此,本集團將繼續產生營運現金流, 竭盡所能就建議出售事項尋找潛在買家, 並評估集資活動的可行性。

The views of the Directors (including Audit Committee) on the effectiveness of the plan to resolve the Audit Issue

Based on the Company's discussion with the Auditor, the Board is given to understand that if all of the above Action Plan had been completed as at 31 December 2025, the Audit Qualification would not have been issued. The Auditor has advised the Directors that as the Audit Qualification relates to a going concern issue, in preparing the financial statements for the year ending 31 December 2025, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and the appropriateness of preparing the Group's consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis, based on the conditions and circumstances as at 31 December 2025. In accordance with the Hong Kong Standards on Auditing, the Auditor needs to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the Group's consolidated financial statements, and to conclude, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists regarding the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Directors' assessment of the Company's ability to continue as a going concern as at 31 December 2025 would need to take into consideration of the then conditions and circumstances and also include cash flow projections covering a period of not less than 12 months from 31 December 2025. As such, the Auditor is unable to ascertain whether the Audit Qualification can be removed in the next financial year based purely on the Action Plan, given sufficient appropriate audit evidence is yet to be obtained regarding the Directors' future assessment as at 31 December 2025.

董事(包括審核委員會)對解決審計事項 計劃之有效性的意見

董事就評估二零二五年十二月三十一日本公司的持續經營能力需考慮當時狀況及情況,並需包括涵蓋由二零二五年十二月三十一日起計不少於十二個月期間的現金流量預測。因此,核數師無法純粹基於行動計劃確定能否於下一個財政年度剔除審核保留意見,因尚未就董事於二零二五年十二月三十一日的未來評估取得充分適當審核憑證。

Having said that, the Audit Committee considers that the proposed Action Plan would still be effective in assisting the Company to remove the Audit Qualification in the next financial year given that, in particular, the Company is currently using its best efforts to seek potential purchasers in respect of the Proposed Disposal, the successful completion of which will significantly improve the Group's net liability position, and the Company is contemplating to conduct further fund-raising activities to generate cash flows. Therefore, assuming if (i) the Company will successfully dispose of Fengtai Hubei and Yifeiliang and the Group's net liability position significantly improves; (ii) the Company is able to conduct further fund-raising activities to generate cash flow; and (iii) there is a satisfactory completion of review of the Directors' assessment of the Company's going concern by the Auditor together with sufficient and appropriate evidence, the Audit Qualification is expected to be removed in connection with the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ending 31 December 2025.

因此,假設(i)本公司將成功出售豐泰湖北及英飛凌且本集團的負債淨額狀況顯著改善:(ii)本公司能夠進一步進行集資活動以產生現金流量:及(iii)建同充分適當憑證圓滿地完成審閱管理層對本公司持續經營的評估,預期可就審核本集團截至二零二五年十二月三十一日止年度的合併財務報表剔除審核保留意見。

儘管如此,審核委員會認為建議的行動計劃仍將

有效地幫助本公司在下一個財政年度剔除審核保

留意見,特別是,本公司目前正盡最大努力就建

議出售事項尋找潛在買家,成功完成建議出售事

項將顯著改善本集團的負債淨額狀況,而本公司

亦正考慮進一步進行集資活動以產生現金流量。

Impact of the Audit Qualification on the Company's financial position

Should the Group fail to achieve the Action Plans, it might not be able to continue to operate as a going concern, and adjustments would have to be made to write down the carrying value of the Group's assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for any further liabilities which might arise, and to reclassify non-current assets and non-current liabilities as current assets and current liabilities. The effect of these adjustments has not been reflected in the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2024.

審核保留意見對本公司財務狀況的影響

倘本集團未能實施上述計劃行動,其未必能在持續經營的基礎上繼續經營,本集團須作出調整以將其資產賬面價值撇減至資產之可收回金額,以就可能進一步產生的負債計提撥備,同時將非流動資產及非流動負債重新分類為流動資產和流動負債。該等調整的影響尚未反映於本集團截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度的合併財務報表中。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治報告

The Company has adopted the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix C1 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") (the "Listing Rules") as its own code of corporate governance. The manner in which the principles and code provisions in the CG Code are applied and implemented during the year ended 31 December 2024 and up to the date of this annual report (the "Period") is explained in this Corporate Governance Report.

本公司已採納香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄C1所載的企業管治守則(「企業管治守則」)為其自身企業管治守則。截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度至截至本年報日期止(「期間」),企業管治守則內的有關原則及守則條文的應用及實施方式於本企業管治報告內説明。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company was committed to maintaining high level of corporate governance and has steered its development and protected the interests of its shareholders in an enlightened and open manner. The Board comprises three executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors. The Board has complied with the applicable code provisions as set out in the CG Code throughout the year save for code provision C.1.8.

Code provision C.1.8 of the CG Code stipulates that the Company should arrange appropriate insurance cover in respect of legal action against its Directors. Currently, the Company does not consider necessary to have insurance cover for legal action against its Directors and will monitor any changes to the situation and make necessary action. The Board believes with the current internal control system and the close supervision of the management, the Directors' risk of being sued or getting involved in litigation in their capacity as Directors is relatively low.

The Company will, from time to time, review and enhance its corporate governance practices to ensure that these continue to meet the requirements of the CG Code.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules as its code of conduct regarding dealings in the securities of the Company by the Directors.

Having made specific enquiries, all the Directors confirmed that they have complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code during the Year. Employees who are likely to be in possession of inside information of the Company are also subject to compliance with guidelines on no less exacting terms than the Model Code.

企業管治

本公司致力於保持高水平企業管治,以開明和開放的理念維護本公司的發展及保障股東的權益。董事會由三位執行董事及三位獨立非執行董事組成。除守則條文第C.1.8條外,董事會已於整個年度內遵守企業管治守則載列之適用守則條文。

企業管治守則之守則條文第C.1.8條規定,本公司應就向其董事提出的法律行動安排合適的保險保障。目前,本公司認為暫無必要就向其董事提出的法律行動提供保險保障,惟將會監控任何情況變動以作出必要行動。董事會相信,透過現有的內部監控系統及管理層的密切監督,各董事以董事身份被控告或牽涉於訴訟的風險相對較低。

本公司將不時審閱及加強其企業管治常規以確保其持續符合企業管治守則的規定。

董事的證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄C3所載的上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」), 作為董事進行本公司證券交易的行為守則。

於作出特定查詢後,全體董事確認彼等於年內已 遵守標準守則所載規定準則。可能取得本公司內 幕消息的僱員亦須遵守其條款不遜於標準守則的 指引。

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Responsibilities

The Board is responsible for leadership and control of the Company and oversees the businesses, strategic decisions and performance of the Group. The Board has delegated to the executive Directors and senior management the authority and responsibility for the day-to-day management and operation of the Group. In addition, the Board has established Board committees and has delegated to these Board committees various responsibilities as set out in their respective terms of reference.

All Directors carry out duties in good faith, in compliance with applicable laws and regulations, and in the interests of the Company and its shareholders at all times.

Board Composition

The Board currently comprises six members, consisting of three executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors.

The Company has throughout the Period met the requirements of Rule 3.10(1) and 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive Directors with at least one independent non-executive Director possessing appropriate professional qualifications, and accounting or related financial management expertise. At all times during the Period, the independent non-executive Directors represent at least one-third of the Board.

The Board currently consists of one female member. The Board will take opportunity to increase the proportion of female members over time when selecting and making recommendation on suitable candidates for Board appointments. The Board would ensure that appropriate balance of gender diversity is achieved with reference to stakeholders' expectation and international and local recommended best practices, with the ultimate goal of bringing the Board to gender parity. The Board also aspires to having an appropriate proportion of Directors who have direct experience in the Group's core markets, with different ethnic backgrounds, and reflecting the Group's strategy.

董事會

責任

董事會負責領導及監控本公司並監察本集團的業務、策略性決定及表現。董事會已向執行董事及高級管理層轉授本集團日常管理及營運的權力及責任。此外,董事會已設立董事委員會,並向該等董事委員會轉授其各自職權範圍載列的各項責任。

全體董事時刻本著誠信、根據適用法律及法規及 從本公司及其股東利益出發履行職責。

董事會組成

董事會目前由六名成員組成,包括三名執行董事 及三名獨立非執行董事。

本公司於整個期間一直履行上市規則第3.10(1)條及第3.10(2)條有關委任至少三名獨立非執行董事且至少一名獨立非執行董事須具備合適專業資格以及會計或相關財務管理專業知識的規定。於整個期間,獨立非執行董事至少佔董事會三分之一席位。

董事會目前僅包括一名女性成員。董事會將在選擇合適的董事會成員候選人並提出建議時,把握機會提高女性成員的比例。董事會將確保經經照持份者的期望以及國際及當地推薦的最佳做法後取得適當的多元性別平衡,從而實現帶領董事會,其會於不同種族對學的最終目標。董事會亦期望於景學、董事佔有適當的比例,從而反映本集團的策略。

The Board comprises the following Directors:

Executive Directors:

Mr. Li Wanyuan *(Acting Chairman)* Mr. Liu Junting *(Chief Executive Officer)*

Ms. Lin Yuxi

Independent non-executive Directors:

Mr. Chow Yun Cheung

Mr. Lin Yugang (Resigned on 18 June 2024)

Mr. Li Gang

Mr. Guo Xianwang (Appointed on 18 June 2024)

A description of the biographies of the Directors is set out in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" in this annual report.

The list of Directors is also disclosed in all corporate communications issued by the Company pursuant to the Listing Rules from time to time. The independent non-executive Directors are expressly identified in all corporate communications pursuant to the Listing Rules.

The Company has received written annual confirmation from each independent non-executive director of his independence pursuant to the requirements of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all independent non-executive Directors to be independent in accordance with the independence guidelines as set out in the Listing Rules.

All Directors, including the independent non-executive Directors, have brought a wide spectrum of valuable business experience, knowledge and professionalism to the Board for its efficient and effective functioning. Independent non-executive Directors are invited to serve on the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company.

The Board members have no financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship with each other.

董事會包括下列董事:

執行董事:

李萬元先生(代理主席) 劉俊廷先生(行政總裁) 林禹熙女士

獨立非執行董事:

周潤璋先生

林宇剛先生(於二零二四年六月十八日辭任)

黎剛先生

郭獻旺先生(於二零二四年六月十八日獲委任)

董事履歷詳情載於本年報「董事及高級管理層」 一節。

董事名單亦於本公司根據上市規則不時刊發的所 有公司通訊內披露。獨立非執行董事的身份均已 根據上市規則在所有公司通訊中明確説明。

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則的 規定就其獨立性而呈交的年度書面確認。根據上 市規則所載的獨立性指引,本公司認為所有獨立 非執行董事確屬獨立人士。

全體董事(包括獨立非執行董事)均為董事會的 有效及高效運作注入廣泛而珍貴的業務經驗、知 識及專業態度。獨立非執行董事獲邀加入本公司 的審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會。

董事會成員之間並無財務、業務、家族或其他重大/相關關係。

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

As at the date of this annual report, the Acting Chairman of the Company, Mr. Li Wanyuan, leads the Board in the determination of the strategy of the Group and in the achievement of its objectives. He is responsible for organizing the business of the Board, ensuring its effectiveness and setting agenda but not involved in the day-to-day business of the Group.

Mr. Liu Junting has been appointed as the Chief Executive Officer of the Company since 2 August 2023. The duties and responsibilities of the Chief Executive Officer of daily operation of the Group are carried out by the executive Directors and they are accountable to the Board for financial and operational performance of the Group.

Appointment and Re-election of Directors

Pursuant to the Company's Bye-laws, at each annual general meeting of the Company, one third of the Directors for the time being (or. if their number is not a multiple of three (3), the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. The Directors to retire by rotation shall include any Director who wishes to retire and not to offer himself for re-election. Any further Directors so to retire shall be those of the other Directors subject to retirement by rotation who have been longest in office since their last re-election or appointment and so that as between persons who became or were last re-elected Directors on the same day those to retire shall (unless they otherwise agree among themselves) be determined by lot. Any Director appointed pursuant to Bye-law 83(2) shall not be taken into account in determining which particular Directors or the number of Directors who are to retire by rotation.

主席及行政總裁

於本年報日期,本公司代理主席李萬元先生領導 董事會釐定本集團策略及達成其目標。彼負責組 織董事會事務、確保其效率及制定議程,但不參 與本集團的日常事務。

劉俊廷先生已自二零二三年八月二日起獲委任為 本公司行政總裁。行政總裁有關本集團日常運作 的職責由執行董事履行,執行董事就本集團的財 務及經營表現向董事會負責。

委任及重選董事

根據本公司細則,於本公司每屆股東週年大會上,當時董事三分之一人數(或如人數並非三(3)的倍數,則取最接近惟不低於三分之一人數)須輪值告退,惟每名董事須至少每三年輪值告退的董事將包括有意告退且無意為是任的董事。任何其他因此退任的董事將負去意為過一名董事中自上次重選連任或獲委任以來任期最次配價輪值告退的董事。如有超過一名式決定退時間,則會以抽籤方式決定退所。 者(除非彼等之間另行達成協議)。根據細則任之董事名單或數目內。

李萬元先生

The following Directors will retire by rotation and offer themselves for re-election in the forthcoming AGM to be held on 20 June 2025:

下列董事將於二零二五年六月二十日舉行的應 屆股東週年大會上輪值告退,並表示願意膺選連 任:

Mr. Li Wanyuan

Mr. Chow Yun Cheung

Mr. Guo Xianwang

The procedures and process of appointment, re-election and removal of directors are laid down in the Company's articles of association. Pursuant to the Company's articles of association, all Directors are subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years and any new Director appointed to fill a causal vacancy shall hold office until the first general meeting of the Company after his appointment and be eligible for re-election and any Director appointed as an addition to the Board shall hold office until the next annual general meeting of the Company after his appointment and be eligible for re-election. Where vacancies arise at the Board, candidates will be proposed and put forward to the Board by the Nomination Committee.

周潤璋先生 郭獻旺先生 委任、重選及罷免董事的程序及過程載於本公司 的組織章程細則。根據本公司的組織章程細則, 全體董事須至少每三年輪值退任一次,而任何獲

安任、里選及能兒重事的程序及過程載於平公司的組織章程細則。根據本公司的組織章程細則, 全體董事須至少每三年輪值退任一次,而任何獲委任以填補臨時空缺的新董事須任職至其獲委 任後本公司首次舉行的股東大會為止,並合資格 重選連任,而任何獲委任為董事會新增成員的有 事須任職至其獲委任後本公司下屆股東週年大會 為止,並合資格重選連任。倘董事會出現空缺席 位,提名委員會將建議候選人並提交董事會。

Induction and Continuing Development of Directors

Each newly appointed Director receives a comprehensive induction on the first occasion of his appointment to ensure appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Company and full awareness of director's responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and relevant statutory requirements.

According to code provision C.1.4 of the CG Code, all Directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. The Company should be responsible for arranging and funding suitable training, as well as placing an appropriate emphasis on the roles, functions and duties of the Directors.

During the Period, the Company has provided seminars for the Directors on updates of the Listing Rules and the CG Code. The Directors are also encouraged to keep up-to-date their knowledge of directors' duties and responsibilities by reading relevant materials or attending relevant training courses.

董事的入職及持續發展

每名新委任的董事均會於首次接受委任時獲得全面的入職介紹,以確保其對本公司的業務及運作均有適當的認知,以及完全知悉上市規則及有關監管規定下的董事職務及責任。

根據企業管治守則守則條文第C.1.4條,全體董事須參與專業持續發展,以增進及重溫知識與技巧,確保對董事會作出知情適切的貢獻。本公司須負責安排及資助適當培訓,以及著重針對董事角色、職能及責任方面的培訓。

於期內,本公司為董事舉辦有關上市規則及企業 管治守則最新資料的研討會。本公司亦鼓勵董事 透過閱讀相關材料或參加相關培訓課程,不斷更 新其對董事職責及責任的認識。

Board Meetings

Board Practices and Conduct of Meetings

Directors' resolutions were passed by way of written resolutions or by physical meetings during the Period. The Board is expected to meet regularly and at least two times a year. The Directors have full access to information on the Group and independent professional advice at all times whenever deemed necessary by the Directors.

The Board meets regularly to discuss the overall strategy as well as the operation and financial performance of the Group, and to review and approve the Group's annual and interim results. During the year and up to the date of this annual report, 3 Board meetings were held and attendance of each Director at the Board meetings as well as general meetings in 2024 is set out as follows:

董事會會議

董事會會議常規及程序

於期間,董事決議案乃通過書面決議案或由現場會議通過。預計董事會將定期舉行會議,每年至少舉行兩次會議。董事有權查閱本集團所有資料,亦有權在彼等認為有必要的情況下隨時諮詢獨立專業意見。

董事會定期會面以討論本集團整體策略以及營運及財務表現,並審閱以及批准本集團的年度及中期業績。於年內及直至本年報日期曾舉行3次董事會會議,各董事於二零二四年舉行之董事會會議及股東大會出席率載列如下:

			Annual	Special
		Board	General	General
		Meetings	Meeting	Meeting
Board member	董事會成員	董事會會議	股東週年大會	股東特別大會
Executive directors	執行董事			
Mr. Li Wanyuan (Acting Chairman)	李萬元先生(代理主席)	3/3	1/1	1/1
Mr. Liu Junting	劉俊廷先生	3/3	1/1	1/1
Ms. Lin Yuxi	林禹熙女士	3/3	1/1	1/1
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事			
Mr. Lin Yugang (Resigned on 18 June 2024)	林宇剛先生(於二零二四年			
	六月十八日辭任)	1/3	1/1	0/1
Mr. Chow Yun Cheung	周潤璋先生	3/3	1/1	1/1
Mr. Li Gang	黎剛先生	3/3	1/1	1/1
Mr. Guo Xianwang	郭獻旺先生(於二零二四年	2/3	0/1	1/1
(Appointed on 18 June 2024)	六月十八日獲委任)			

The Company has to comply with the CG Code provisions with regard to the conduct of meetings, has annual meeting schedules and draft agenda of each meeting made available to directors in advance and serve notice of regular Board meetings to all directors at least 14 days before the meeting. For other Board and committee meetings, reasonable notice is required to be given.

Board papers together with all appropriate, complete and reliable information have to be sent to all Directors at least 3 days before each Board meeting or committee meeting to keep Directors apprised of the latest developments and financial position of the Company and to enable them to make informed decisions. The Board and each Director also have separate and independent access to the senior management where necessary.

本公司須遵守企業管治守則中有關會議程序、年度會議日程表及召開每次會議前向董事發出草擬議程,以及於常規董事會議前至少14日向全體董事送達通知的條文。如屬其他董事會及委員會會議,則須發出合理通知。

董事會文件連同所有合適、完整及可靠資料須於 各董事會會議或委員會會議前至少3日向全體董 事發出,讓董事知悉本公司最新發展及財務狀 況,以便董事作出知情決定。如有需要,董事會 及各董事亦可單獨聯絡高級管理層。

The Bye-laws contain provisions requiring Directors to abstain from voting and not to be counted in the quorum at meetings for approving transactions in which such directors or any of their associates have a material interest.

細則載有條文,規定董事在審批董事或彼等的任 何聯繫人擁有重大權益之交易的會議上,須放棄 投票及不得計入法定人數。

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Company established a nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee"), a remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee") and an audit committee (the "Audit Committee") on 27 March 2014 with written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code. The Company also established a regulatory compliance committee (the "Regulatory Compliance Committee") on 26 February 2014.

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee comprises three members namely Mr. Li Wanyuan, Mr. Li Gang, and Mr. Chow Yun Cheung. Mr. Li Wanyuan is as the chairman of the Nomination Committee. On 18 June 2024, Mr. Lin Yugang resigned as a member of the Nomination Committee and Mr. Li Gang was appointed as a member of the Nomination Committee.

The primary duties of the Nomination Committee include reviewing the Board structure and composition, developing and formulating relevant procedures for nomination and appointment of directors, making recommendations to the Board on the appointment and succession planning of directors, and assessing the independence of the independent non-executive Directors based on criteria such as integrity, accomplishment, experience, professional and educational background and time commitments.

DIRECTOR NOMINATION POLICY

The director nomination policy of Company aims to set out the criteria and process in the nomination and appointment of directors of the Company; ensure that the board (the "Board") of directors of the Company has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the Company; and ensure the Board continuity and appropriate leadership at Board level.

董事委員會

本公司於二零一四年三月二十七日根據企業管治守則成立提名委員會(「提名委員會」)、薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」)及審核委員會(「審核委員會」),並制訂書面職權範圍。本公司亦於二零一四年二月二十六日成立監管合規委員會(「監管合規委員會」)。

提名委員會

提名委員會包括三名成員,即李萬元先生、黎剛 先生及周潤璋先生。李萬元先生為提名委員會主 席。於二零二四年六月十八日,林宇剛先生辭任 提名委員會成員,而黎剛先生獲委任為提名委員 會成員。

提名委員會的主要職責包括檢討董事會架構及組成、草擬及制定提名及委任董事的相關程序、就董事委任及接任計劃向董事會作出建議及根據操守、成就、經驗、專業及教育背景以及投入之時間等基準評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性。

董事提名政策

本公司董事提名政策旨在載列本公司提名及委任董事的標準及程序:確保本公司的董事會(「董事會」)成員具備切合本公司所需的技能、經驗及多元觀點:及確保董事會的持續性及維持董事會層面的適當領導角色。

Criteria for nomination and appointment of Directors

The criteria for selecting any candidate for directorship are set out as follows:

- bringing an independent judgment and making constructive recommendation on issues of strategy, policy, performance, accountability, resources, key appointments and standards of conducts;
- taking the lead where potential conflicts of interests arise;
- serving on the Audit Committee, and the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee (in the case of candidate for Non-Executive Director) and other relevant Board Committees, if invited;
- devoting sufficient time to the Board and/or any Committee(s) on which he or she serves so as to allow them to benefit from his or her skills, expertise, and varied backgrounds and qualifications and diversity through attendance and participation in the Board;
- scrutinising the Company's performance in achieving agreed corporate goals and objectives, and monitoring the reporting of performance;
- ensuring the Nomination Committees on which he or she serves to perform their powers and functions conferred on them by the Board; and
- conforming to any requirement, direction and regulation that may from time to time be prescribed by the Board or contained in the constitutional documents of the Company or imposed by legislation or the Listing Rules, where appropriate.

If the candidate is proposed to be appointed as an INED, his or her independence shall be assessed in accordance with, among other things, the factors as set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules, subject to any amendments as may be made by the Stock Exchange from time to time. Where applicable, the totality of the candidate's education, qualifications and experience shall also be evaluated to consider whether he or she has the appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise for filling the office of an INED with such qualifications or expertise as required under Rule 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules.

董事提名及委任標準

甄選任何董事候選人的標準如下:

- 就策略、政策、表現、職責、資源、主要委任及操守準則等事項作出獨立判斷及提供 建設性建議;
- 於發生潛在利益衝突時發揮領導作用;
- 服務於審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會(如為非執行董事候選人)以及其他相關董事委員會(如獲邀請);
- 對董事會及/或所服務的任何委員會投入 充足時間,從而透過出席及參與董事會而 令董事會及任何委員會受惠於其技能、專 長、各種背景及資格以及多元觀點;
- 監察本公司在達致議定企業宗旨及目標方面的表現以及監督表現的申報情況:
- 確保所服務的提名委員會履行董事會授予 的權力及職能;及
- 遵守董事會不時指定或本公司章程文件不時所載或法例或上市規則不時施加的任何規定、指示及規例(如適用)。

如建議委任候選人為獨立非執行董事,則須根據 (其中包括)上市規則第3.13條(經聯交所可能 不時作出修訂)所載的因素評估其獨立性。如適 用,則亦須評估該候選人的學歷、資格及經驗等 整體情況,以考慮其是否具備合適的專業資格或 會計或相關財務管理專長(即上市規則第3.10(2) 條所規定的相關資格或專長)以擔任獨立非執行 董事。

Nomination process

(a) Appointment of New Director

- (i) The Nomination Committee and/or the Board should, upon receipt of the proposal on appointment of new director and the biographical information (or relevant details) of the candidate, evaluate such candidate based on the criteria as set out above to determine whether such candidate is qualified for directorship.
- (ii) If the process yields one or more desirable candidates, the Nomination Committee and/or the Board should rank them by order of preference based on the needs of the Company and reference check of each candidate (where applicable).
- (iii) The Nomination Committee should then recommend to the Board to appoint the appropriate candidate for directorship, as applicable.
- (iv) For any person that is nominated by a shareholder for election as a director at the general meeting of the Company, the Nomination Committee and/or the Board should evaluate such candidate based on the criteria as set out above to determine whether such candidate is qualified for directorship. Where appropriate, the Nomination Committee and/or the Board should make recommendation to shareholders in respect of the proposed election of director at the general meeting.

(b) Re-election of Director at General Meeting

- (i) The Nomination Committee and/or the Board should review the overall contribution and service to the Company of the retiring director and the level of participation and performance on the Board.
- (ii) The Nomination Committee and/or the Board should also review and determine whether the retiring director continues to meet the criteria as set out above.
- (iii) The Nomination Committee and/or the Board should then make recommendation to shareholders in respect of the proposed re-election of director at the general meeting.

提名程序

(a) 委任新董事

- (i) 提名委員會及/或董事會應在收到委 任新董事的建議及候選人的履歷資料 (或相關詳情)後,依據上述準則評估 該候選人,以判斷該候選人是否合資 格擔任董事。
- (ii) 如過程涉及一個或多個合意的候選 人,提名委員會及/或董事會應根據 本公司的需要及各候選人的證明審查 (如適用)排列彼等的優先次序。
- (iii) 提名委員會隨後應就委任合適人選擔任董事一事向董事會提出推薦意見 (如適用)。
- (iv) 就任何經由股東提名於本公司股東大會上選舉為董事的人士,提名委員會及/或董事會應依據上述準則評估該候選人,以判斷該候選人是否合資格擔任董事。倘適合,提名委員會及/或董事會應就於股東大會上選舉董事的提案向股東提出推薦意見。

(b) 於股東大會上重選董事

- (i) 提名委員會及/或董事會應檢討退任 董事對本公司的整體貢獻及服務,以 及在董事會的參與程度及表現。
- (ii) 提名委員會及/或董事會亦應檢討及 確定退任董事是否仍然符合上文所載 標準。
- (iii) 提名委員會及/或董事會其後應就於 股東大會上重選董事的提案向股東提 出推薦意見。

Where the Board proposes a resolution to elect or re-elect a candidate as director at the general meeting, the relevant information of the candidate will be disclosed in the circular to shareholders and/ or explanatory statement accompanying the notice of the relevant general meeting in accordance with the Listing Rules and/or applicable laws and regulations.

倘董事會於股東大會上提呈決議案選舉或重選某 候選人為董事,隨附相關股東大會通告的致股東 通函及/或説明函件中,將會按上市規則及/或 適用法律及法規要求披露候選人的相關資料。

(c) Re-election of INED at General Meeting

Where the Board proposes a resolution to elect an individual as an INED at the general meeting, it should set out in the circular to shareholders and/or explanatory statement accompanying the notice of the relevant general meeting:

- (i) the process used for identifying the individual and why the Board believes the individual should be elected and the reasons why it considers the individual to be independent;
- (ii) if the proposed INED will be holding their seventh (or more) listed company directorship, why the Board believes the individual would still be able to devote sufficient time to the Board;
- (iii) the perspectives, skills and experience that the individual can bring to the Board; and
- (iv) how the individual contributes to diversity (including gender diversity) of the Board.

The Nomination Committee will conduct regular review on the structure, size and composition of the Board and this Policy and where appropriate, make recommendations on changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy and business needs, to comply with all applicable laws and regulations from time to time and maintain good corporate governance practice.

(c) 於股東大會上重選獨立非執行董事

倘董事會於股東大會上提呈決議案選任某 人士為獨立非執行董事,則須於隨附相關 股東大會通告的致股東通函及/或説明函 件內載明:

- (i) 用以物色該名人士的流程及董事會認 為應選任該名人士的理由以及認為該 名人士屬獨立人士的原因;
- (ii) 如建議獨立非執行董事將出任第七家 (或以上)上市公司的董事,董事會認 為該名人士仍可投入足夠時間於董事 會的原因;
- (iii) 該名人士可為董事會帶來的觀點、技能及經驗;及
- (iv) 該名人士如何促進董事會成員多元化 (包括性別多元化)。

提名委員會將會定期為董事會的架構、規模及組成以及本政策舉行檢討,並在有需要時向董事會提出修訂建議,以完善本公司的企業策略及切合本公司的業務需要,以不時遵守所有適用的法律及法規以及維持良好企業管治常規。

On 27 March 2014, the Board adopted a board diversity policy which aims to set out the approach to achieve diversity on the Board. All Board appointments will be based on merit while taking into account diversity including gender diversity. The Nomination Committee will regularly review the measurable objectives to ensure its effectiveness to achieve diversity on the Board. The following measurable objectives have been set for implementing the board diversity policy:

- inclusion of candidates for Board members with overseas working experience (outside of PRC);
- ensuring that there is no limitation on gender on selection of Directors:
- inclusion of candidates for Board members with working experience in other industries; and
- inclusion of candidates for Board members with knowledge and skills in different aspects.

As at the date of this annual report, the above objectives have been achieved, 1 out of 6 members of the Board has overseas working experience and 2 out of 6 members of the Board have accounting or other professional qualifications.

The Nomination Committee shall meet at least once a year. During the year and up to the date of this annual report, three committee meetings were held to review the structure and composition of the Board and the re-election of the retiring Directors and attendance of each member is set out as follows:

於二零一四年三月二十七日,董事會採納董事會 成員多元化政策,旨在羅列達成董事會成員多元 化的方法。董事會內任命的原則是任人唯才,亦 考慮到多元化,包括性別多元化。提名委員會將 定期審閱可計量目標,確保有效達成董事會多元 化。已就執行董事會多元化政策而制定以下可計 量目標:

- 董事會的候選董事應包括具備海外(中國境外)工作經驗者;
- 應確保不限性別地選任董事;
- 董事會的候選董事應包括具備其他行業工作經驗者;及
- 董事會的候選董事應具備不同領域的知識 及技能。

於本年報日期,上述目標已達成,6名董事會成員中有1名具備海外工作經驗及6名董事會成員中有2名具備會計或其他專業資格。

提名委員會每年須會面至少一次。於年內及直至 本年報日期曾舉行三次委員會會議以檢討董事會 的結構及組成以及重選退任董事,各成員的出席 率載列如下:

> Number of meetings attended/held

Committee member	委員會成員	出席/舉行會議次數
Mr. Li Wanyuan <i>(Chairman)</i>	李萬元先生(主席)	3/3
Mr. Lin Yugang (Resigned on 18 June 2024)	林宇剛先生(於二零二四年六月十八日辭任)	1/3
Mr. Chow Yun Cheung	周潤璋先生	3/3
Mr. Li Gang (Appointed on 18 June 2024)	黎剛先生(於二零二四年六月十八日獲委任)	2/3

The Nomination Committee has adopted a written nomination procedure (the "Nomination Procedure") specifying the process and criteria for the selection and recommendation of candidates for directorship of the Company. The Nomination Committee shall, based on those criteria as set out in the Nomination Procedure (such as appropriate experience, personal skills and time commitment etc.), identify and recommend the proposed candidate to the Board for approval of an appointment.

提名委員會已採納一套以書面列載之提名程序 (「提名程序」),具體列明本公司董事候選人之甄 選及推薦程序及準則。提名委員會將根據提名程 序所載之該等準則(如恰當經驗、個人技能及投 放時間等),物色及向董事會推薦候選人以予批 准委任。

New Directors, on appointment, will be given an induction package containing all key legal and Listing Rules' requirements as well as guidelines on the responsibilities and obligations to be observed by a Director. The package will also include the latest published financial reports of the Company and the documentation for the corporate governance practices adopted by the Board. The senior management will subsequently conduct such briefing as is necessary to give the new Directors more detailed information on the Group's businesses and activities.

新董事在獲委任後將獲發一套入職資料文件,載 有所有主要法律及上市規則規定,以及有關董事 應遵守之責任及義務之指引。資料文件亦包括本 公司最新公佈之財務報告及董事會採納之企業管 治常規文件。高級管理層其後將於有需要時提供 説明,並為新董事提供本集團業務及活動之詳細 資料。

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee comprises three members who are all the independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Li Gang, Mr. Chow Yun Cheung and Mr. Guo Xianwang. On 18 June 2024, Mr. Lin Yugang resigned as the chairman of the Remuneration Committee and Mr. Li Gang is redesignated as the chairman of the Remuneration Committee. Mr. Guo Xianwang was appointed as a member of the Remuneration Committee on 18 June 2024.

The primary functions of the Remuneration Committee include making recommendations on and approving the remuneration policy and structure and remuneration packages of the executive Directors and the senior management. The Remuneration Committee is also responsible for establishing transparent procedures for developing such remuneration policy and structure to ensure that no Director or any of his associates will participate in deciding his own remuneration, which remuneration will be determined by reference to the performance of the individual and the Company as well as market practice and conditions.

The Remuneration Committee shall meet at least once a year. During the year and up to the date of this annual report, three committee meetings were held to review and discuss the existing policy and structure for the remuneration of Directors, the remuneration packages of both the executive and non-executive Directors and attendance of each member is set out as follows:

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會包括三名成員,即黎剛先生、周潤璋 先生及郭獻旺先生(全部均為獨立非執行董事)。 於二零二四年六月十八日,林宇剛先生辭任薪酬 委員會主席,而黎剛先生獲調任為薪酬委員會主 席。郭獻旺先生於二零二四年六月十八日獲委任 為薪酬委員會成員。

薪酬委員會之主要職能,包括建議及審批執行董事及高級管理人員之薪酬政策及架構以及薪酬待遇。薪酬委員會亦負責設立具透明度之程序,以發展有關薪酬政策及架構,從而確保概無任何董事或其任何聯繫人將參與釐定其本身之薪酬,有關薪酬將參照其個人及本公司表現以及市場慣例及狀況而定。

薪酬委員會每年須會面至少一次。於年內及直至本年報日期曾舉行三次委員會會議以檢討及討論現行政策及董事的薪酬架構,以及執行董事及非執行董事的薪酬待遇,各成員的出席率載列如下:

Number of meetings attended/held

Committee member	委員會成員	出席/舉行會議次數
Mr. Lin Yugang (Resigned as the chairman	林宇剛先生(於二零二四年六月十八日辭任	1/3
on 18 June 2024)	主席)	
Mr. Chow Yun Cheung	周潤璋先生	3/3
Mr. Li Gang (redesignated as the chairman	黎剛先生(於二零二四年六月十八日獲調任為	3/3
on 18 June 2024)	主席)	
Mr. Guo Xianwang (appointed on 18 June 2024)	郭獻盱先生(於二零二四年六月十八日獲委任)	2/3

The Remuneration Committee confirms that the remuneration payable to Directors will depend on their respective contractual terms under their employment or service contracts as approved by the Board on the recommendation of the Remuneration Committee.

薪酬委員會確認,應付董事之薪酬將視乎薪酬委員會向董事會提供之建議獲批准後,並按彼等各自之僱傭或服務合約內之合約條款而釐定。

Pursuant to code provision E.1.5 of the CG Code, the remuneration of the senior management for the year ended 31 December 2024 is set out below: 根據企業管治守則的守則條文第E.1.5條,高級管理層於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度之薪酬載列如下:

Number of individuals

 In the band of
 範圍
 人數

 Nil to HK\$1,000,000
 零至1,000,000港元
 1

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee comprises three members who are the independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Chow Yun Cheung, Mr. Guo Xianwang and Mr. Li Gang. Mr. Chow Yun Cheung is the chairman of the Audit Committee. On 18 June 2024, Mr. Lin Yugang resigned as a member of the Audit Committee and Mr. Guo Xianwang was appointed as a member of the Audit Committee.

The main duties of the Audit Committee include the following:

- To review the financial statements and reports and consider any significant or unusual items raised by the staff responsible for the accounting and financial reporting function, internal auditor or external auditors before submission to the Board:
- To review the relationship with the external auditors by reference to the work performed by the auditors, their fees and terms of engagement, and make recommendations to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of external auditors; and
- To review the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's financial reporting system, internal control system and risk management system and associated procedures.

The Audit Committee oversees the internal control system of the Group, reports to the Board on any material issues, and makes recommendations to the Board.

The Audit Committee shall meet at least twice a year. During the year up to the date of this annual report, three committee meetings were held and the attendance of each member is set out as follows:

審核委員會

審核委員會包括三名成員,即周潤璋先生、郭獻 旺先生及黎剛先生(全部均為獨立非執行董事)。 周潤璋先生為審核委員會主席。於二零二四年六 月十八日,林宇剛先生辭任審核委員會成員,而 郭獻旺先生獲委任為審核委員會成員。

審核委員會主要職責包括下列各項:

- 在向董事會提交財務報表及報告前審閱該 等財務報表及報告,並考慮由負責會計及 財務申報職責的員工、內部核數師或外聘 核數師所提出的任何重大或非常規項目;
- 在參考核數師所進行之工作、其收費及委 聘條款後,檢討與外聘核數師的關係,並 就外聘核數師的委任、續聘及罷免向董事 會作出建議;及
- 審閱本公司的財務申報系統、內部監控系統及風險管理系統以及相關程序的充分性及有效程度。

審核委員會監督本集團內部監控系統,向董事會報告任何重大事項並向董事會提出建議。

審核委員會每年須會面至少兩次。於年內及直至 本年報日期曾舉行三次委員會會議,各成員的出 席率載列如下:

> Number of meetings attended/held

Committee member	委員會成員	出席/舉行會議次數
Mr. Chow Yun Cheung (chairman)	周潤璋先生(主席)	3/3
Mr. Lin Yugang (resigned on 18 June 2024)	林宇剛先生(於二零二四年六月十八日辭任)	1/3
Mr. Li Gang	黎剛先生	2/3
Mr. Guo Xianwang (appointed on 18 June 2024)	郭獻旺先生(於二零二四年六月十八日獲委任)	2/3

During the meetings held in 2024 and the first quarter of 2025, the Audit Committee had performed the work as summarised below:

- (i) reviewed and approved the audit scope and fees proposed by the external auditor regarding the final audit of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2024 (the "2024 Final Audit");
- (ii) reviewed the external auditor's report of findings and audit opinion in relation to the 2024 Final Audit for the year ended 31 December 2024:
- (iii) reviewed the management accounts of the Group and the Group's 2024 interim financial statements;
- (iv) reviewed the financial report for the six months ended 30 June 2024:
- (v) reviewed the Company's financial controls, internal control and risk management systems to ensure that management has discharged its duty to have effective systems:
- (vi) reviewed the Company's financial and accounting policies and practices;
- (vii) reviewed the external auditor's management letter, material queries raised by the external auditor to the management, if any, in respect of the accounting records, financial accounts or systems of control and the management's response to such queries; and
- (viii) reported to the Board on the matters set out in the Code on the Audit Committee.

There was no disagreement between the Board and the Audit Committee on the selection, appointment, resignation or dismissal of the external auditors.

Regulatory Compliance Committee

The Regulatory Compliance Committee comprises of two members, namely Mr. Li Wanyuan and Mr. Tse Kwok Hing Henry.

The primary duties of the Regulatory Compliance Committee are to ensure that the Group's business operations and activities are in compliance with the relevant laws and regulations, and the Regulatory Compliance Committee directly reports to the Board.

於二零二四年及二零二五年第一季度舉行之會議,審核委員會已履行之工作概述如下:

- (i) 檢討及批准外聘核數師建議之本集團截至 二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度之年終 審核(「二零二四年年終審核」)之核數範圍 及費用;
- (ii) 檢討外聘核數師就截至二零二四年十二月 三十一日止年度之二零二四年年終審核結 果及審核意見之報告;
- (iii) 檢討本集團管理賬目及本集團二零二四年 中期財務報表;
- (iv) 檢討截至二零二四年六月三十日止六個月 之財務報告:
- (v) 檢討本公司之財務監控、內部監控、風險 管理制度以確保管理層已履行其職責建立 有效制度;
- (vi) 檢討本公司之財務及會計政策及常規;
- (vii) 檢討外聘核數師致管理層之函件、檢討外聘核數師就會計記錄、財務賬目或監控制度向管理層提出之任何重大疑問(如有)及管理層對該等疑問之回應;及
- (viii) 就企業管治守則所載有關審核委員會的事 宜向董事會滙報。

董事會及審核委員會就甄選、委聘、退任或罷免 外聘核數師並無意見分歧。

監管合規委員會

監管合規委員會包括兩名成員,即李萬元先生及 謝國興先生。

監管合規委員會的主要職責為確保本集團業務經 營及活動遵守相關法律法規,監管合規委員會直 接向董事會報告。

The Regulatory Compliance Committee shall meet at least once a year. During the year, one committee meeting were held to review and discuss the compliance status of the existing business operations and activities, with the relevant laws and regulations in the PRC, Hong Kong and the respective jurisdictions if applicable. Attendance of each member is set out as follows:

監管合規委員會須至少每年舉行一次會議。年內 曾舉行一次委員會會議,以檢討及討論現有業務 營運及活動遵守中國、香港及各司法管轄區(如 適用)的相關法例及法規的情況。各成員的出席 率載列如下:

> Number of meetings attended/held 山庄/陶仁会学數日

Committee member委員會成員出席/舉行會議數目Mr. Li Wanyuan (Executive Director)李萬元先生(執行董事)1/1Mr. Tse Kwok Hing Henry (Company Secretary)謝國興先生(公司秘書)1/1

GOING CONCERN ISSUE

The Group incurred a loss of approximately RMB93,351,000 for the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group had net current liabilities and capital deficiency of approximately RMB242,269,000 and RMB223,378,000 respectively as at 31 December 2024. In addition, as disclosed in note 26 to the consolidated financial statements, as at 31 December 2024, the Group's borrowings of approximately RMB103,649,000 are subject to renewal or to be fully repaid within the next twelve months, of which approximately RMB97,030,000 were overdue. Furthermore, The Group recorded net operating cash outflow of approximately RMB6,380,000 for the year ended 31 December 2024 with the Group's total bank and cash balance remaining at a low level of RMB8,267,000 as of 31 December 2024. These conditions indicate the existence of multiple material uncertainties which may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Therefore, the Group may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

Having carefully considered the liquidity and working capital requirements for the next twelve months, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that it is appropriate to prepare the consolidated financial statements on going concern basis. Certain plans and measures have been or will be taken by director of the Company to mitigate the Group's liquidity pressure and to improve its cashflows which include, but are not limited to, the following:

- (a) The Group will seek potential purchasers in respect of the Proposed Disposal;
- (b) The Group will assess the feasibility of obtaining external source of funding potential investors by insurance of new shares; and

持續經營事宜

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團 產生虧損約人民幣93,351,000元,而於二零二四 年十二月三十一日,本集團有流動負債淨額及 資本虧絀分別約人民幣242,269,000元及人民幣 223,378,000元。此外,如合併財務報表附註26 所披露,於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團 約人民幣103,649,000元的借款須於未來十二個 月內重續或悉數償付,其中約人民幣97,030,000 元已逾期。另外,本集團於截至二零二四年十二 月三十一日止年度錄得經營現金流出淨額約人 民幣6,380,000元,且截至二零二四年十二月 三十一日,本集團的銀行及現金結餘總額維持在 約人民幣8,267,000元的低位。該等情況説明存 在多項重大不明朗因素,可能對本集團的持續經 營能力造成重大疑問。因此,本集團可能無法於 正常業務過程中變現資產及償還債務。

經審慎考慮未來十二個月的流動資金及營運資金需求後,本公司董事認為以持續經營為基礎編製合併財務報表是適當的。本公司董事已或將要採取若干計劃及措施,以紓緩本集團的流動資金壓力及改善其現金流狀況,包括但不限於以下內容:

- (a) 本集團將就建議出售事項尋求潛在買家;
- (b) 本集團將評估透過發行新股從外部取得潛 在投資者資金來源的可行性;及

- (c) The Directors of the Company have been taking various cost control measures to tighten the costs of operations and capital expenditure and implementing various strategies to enhance the Group's revenue.
- (c) 本公司董事一直採取各項成本控制措施以 收緊營運成本及資本開支,並實施多項策 略以增加本集團的收入。

The Directors of the Company are of the opinion that, considering the abovementioned plans and measures, the Group will have sufficient working capital to finance its operations and to meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due within twelve months from 31 December 2024. Accordingly, they are satisfied that it is appropriate to prepare the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis.

本公司董事認為,考慮到上述計劃及措施,本集 團將有足夠的營運資金為其營運提供資金,並在 二零二四年十二月三十一日起十二個月內到期時 履行其財務責任。因此,彼等確信根據持續經營 基準編製合併財務報表屬適當。

Notwithstanding the above, material uncertainties exist as to whether the Group will be able to achieve its plans and measures as described above. Whether the Group will be able to continue as a going concern would depend upon the following:

儘管綜上所述,本集團是否能夠實現上述計劃及 措施仍存在重大不確定性。本集團是否能夠持續 經營將取決於以下因素:

- (a) successfully seek potential purchasers in respect of the Proposed Disposal;
- (a) 成功就建議出售事項尋找到潛在買家;
- (b) successful obtain external source of funding from potential investors by issuance of new shares; and
- (b) 成功通過發行新股從潛在投資者獲得外部 資金來源;及
- (c) the Group's ability to generate operating cash flows to meet the Group's ongoing funding needs as well as successfully controlling operations costs and capital expenditure, and implementing various strategies to enhance the Group's revenue.
- (c) 本集團產生營運現金流,以滿足本集團的 持續資金需求的能力,以及成功控制營運 成本及資本開支,並實施多項策略提升本 集團之收益。

Should the Group be unable to continue as a going concern, adjustments would have to be made to the consolidated financial statements, to write down the value of assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for further liabilities which might arise and to reclassify non-current assets and non-current liabilities as current assets and current liabilities, respectively. The effect of these adjustments has not been reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

倘本集團無法持續經營,則必須對合併財務報表 作出調整,以將資產之價值撇減至其可收回金 額,以撥備可能出現之任何額外負債,並將非流 動資產及非流動負債分別重新分類為流動資產及 流動負債。該等調整之影響並無於合併財務報表 內反映。

DELEGATION OF MANAGEMENT FUNCTIONS

The Board reserves for its decision all major matters of the Company including approval and monitoring of all policy matters, overall strategies and budgets, internal control and risk management systems, material transactions (in particular those that may involve conflict of interests), financial information, appointment of directors and other significant financial and operational matters.

All Directors have full and timely access to all relevant information as well as the advice and services of the Company Secretary, with a view to ensure that Board procedures and all applicable laws and regulations are followed. Each Director is normally able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances at the Company's expense, upon making request to the Board.

The day-to-day management, administration and operation of the Company are delegated to the executive Directors and the senior management. The delegated functions and responsibilities are periodically reviewed. Approval has to be obtained from the Board prior to any significant transactions entered into by the aforesaid officers.

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2024.

The Board is responsible for presenting a balanced, clear and understandable assessment of annual and interim reports, price sensitive announcements and other disclosures required under the Listing Rules and other statutory and regulatory requirements.

The management has provided to the Board such explanation and information as are necessary to enable the Board to carry out an informed assessment of the Company's financial statements, which are put to the Board for approval.

The reporting responsibility of the external auditor of the Company on the consolidated financial statements of the Group are set out in the Independent Auditor's Reports in this annual report.

管理職能之轉授

董事會保留對本公司所有重大事項的決定權,包括批准及監控所有政策事宜、整體策略及預算、內部監控及風險管理系統、重大交易(尤其是該等可能涉及利益衝突之交易)、財務資料、委任董事及其他重大財務及經營事宜。

所有董事均可全面和及時取得所有有關資料以及 公司秘書的意見及服務,旨在確保遵守董事會程 序及所有適用法律法規。每名董事一般可於適當 情況下在向董事會提出要求後尋求獨立專業意 見,費用由本公司承擔。

本公司日常管理、行政及營運轉授予執行董事及 高級管理人員。轉授的職能及職責會定期檢討。 上述高級職員在訂立任何重大交易前須向董事會 取得批准。

問責及審核

董事確認彼等編製本公司截至二零二四年十二月 三十一日止年度財務報表之責任。

根據上市規則規定及其他法定及監管規定,董事 會須負責就年度及中期報告、股價敏感公告及其 他披露呈報持平、清晰且易於理解之評估。

管理層向董事會提供所需相關說明及資料,使董 事會可就提呈董事會批准之本公司財務報表作出 知情評估。

本公司外聘核數師關於本集團合併財務報表的申報責任載於本年報獨立核數師報告。

INTERNAL CONTROL AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Board is responsible for maintaining an adequate internal control system to safeguard shareholder investments and Company assets and with the support of the Audit Committee, reviewing the effectiveness of such system on an annual basis. The Group has developed its systems of internal control and risk management. The internal control system of the Group is designed to facilitate effective and efficient operations, to ensure reliability of financial reporting and compliance with applicable laws and regulations, to identify and manage potential risks and to safeguard assets of the Group.

Procedures and Internal Controls for the Handling and Dissemination of Inside Information

With respect to procedures and internal controls for the handling and dissemination of inside information, the Group (i) carries out its daily operation with regards to the "Guidelines on Disclosure of Inside Information" issued by the Securities and Futures Commission; and (ii) closely communicate with its legal advisor regarding whether the relevant information is likely to have impact on the price of the Company's shares or their trading volume and thus is considered as inside information that needs to be disclosed pursuant to the Inside Information Provisions under Part XIVA of the SFO and the Listing Rules.

To comply with the SFO, the Company has also developed internal control mechanisms for handling and disseminating inside information, including information flow and reporting processes, confidentiality arrangement, disclosure procedures and staff trainings. In addition, whistleblowing policy has been adopted. Accordingly, effective channels will be set up to encourage employees to report incidents of alleged misconduct or fraud.

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

For the year ended 31 December 2024, the remuneration paid/payable to the Company's auditor, McMillan Woods (Hong Kong) CPA Limited, amounted to approximately RMB923,000 in respect of the annual audit service.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

The Audit Committee reviews and monitors the independent auditor's independence, objectivity and effectiveness of the audit process. It receives letter every year from the independent auditor confirming their independence and objectivity and holds meetings with representatives of the independent auditor to consider the scope of its audit, approve its fees, and the scope and appropriateness of non-audit services, if any, to be provided by it. The Audit Committee also makes recommendations to the Board on the appointment and retention of the independent auditor.

內部監控及風險管理

董事會負責維持充足的內部監控系統以保障股東的投資及本公司資產,並在審核委員會支援下每年檢討該制度的成效。本集團已發展其內部監控及風險管理系統。本集團的內部監控系統旨在促進有效及高效營運,確保財務申報的可靠性及符合適用法例及規例,識別及管理潛在風險以保障本集團資產。

處理及發放內幕消息之程序及內部監控

就處理及發放內幕消息之程序及內部監控而言,本集團(i)按照證券及期貨事務監察委員會發表的「內幕消息披露指引」進行日常運作;及(ii)與其法律顧問密切溝通,以就相關資料是否相當可能對本公司股份價格或本公司股份交易量產生影響,因此被視為內幕消息而須根據證券及期貨條例第XIVA部之內幕消息條文以及上市規則予以披露。

為遵守證券及期貨條例,本公司亦已制訂內部 監控機制,用於處理及發放內幕消息,包括消息 流程及報告流程、保密安排、披露程序及員工培 訓。此外,本公司已採納舉報政策。因此,本公 司將建立有效渠道,鼓勵僱員舉報涉嫌不當行為 或欺詐之事件。

核數師薪酬

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,就本公司核數師長青(香港)會計師事務所有限公司提供年度審核服務已付/應付酬金分別約為人民幣923,000元。

獨立核數師

審核委員會檢討及監察獨立核數師的獨立性、客觀性及審核過程的效用。其每年接獲獨立核數師函件,確認彼等的獨立性及客觀性,並與獨立核數師的代表進行會議,審議其審核範圍、批准其費用,及將由其提供的非審核服務(如有)的範圍及適當性。審核委員會亦就獨立核數師的委任及留任向董事會作出推薦建議。

COMPANY SECRETARY

The Board appointed its Company Secretary in accordance with the Company's Bye-laws and in compliance with the requirements of the Listing Rules. The Board is of the view that Mr. Tse Kwok Hing Henry, the Company Secretary, is qualified and has appropriate experience to discharge his duties. Mr. Tse Kwok Hing Henry confirmed that he had received not less than 15 hours of relevant professional training during the Year. The Company provides Mr. Tse Kwok Hing Henry with sufficient resources to receive not less than 15 hours of professional training for every financial year as required by the Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

Rights of Shareholders to Convene a Special General Meeting

Pursuant to Bye-law 58, the Board may whenever it thinks fit call special general meetings, and members holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the secretary of the Company, to require a special general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two (2) months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty one (21) days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting the requisitionists themselves may do so in accordance with the provisions of Section 74(3) of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda.

Sending Enquiries to the Board and Procedures for Putting Forward Proposals at Shareholders' Meetings Shareholders or investors can contact the Company in the following ways to make enquiry or to provide suggestions:

Contact Person: Mr. Tse Kwok Hing Henry, Company Secretary

Postal Address: 20/F Infinitus Plaza, 199 Des Voeux Road

Central, Sheung Wan, Hong Kong

To put forward proposals at a general meeting, the shareholders should submit a written notice of those proposals with detailed contact information to the company secretary at the Company's principal place of business stated above.

公司秘書

董事會根據本公司之公司細則及上市規則之規定委任公司秘書。董事會認為,公司秘書謝國興先生有資格及適當的經驗履行其職責。於本年度,謝國興先生確認其已接受不少於15個小時的相關專業培訓。按上市規則第3.29條的要求,本公司將向謝國興先生提供充足的資源,使其於每個財政年度接受不少於15個小時的專業培訓。

股東召開股東特別大會的權利

根據細則第58條,董事會可於認為適當時召開股東特別大會,而於提出要求日期持有可於本公司股東大會上行使表決權之本公司繳足股本不公司於十分之一之股東,隨時有權向董事會或本公司秘書作出書面要求,要求董事會召開股東特別大會,以處理該要求所列明之任何事務;而該要求後兩(2)個月內舉行。倘董事會無法於該提出要求日期起計二十一(21)日內召司法大會,則要求人可根據百慕達一九八一年公司法第74(3)條之條文自行召開該大會。

向董事會查詢及於股東大會上提呈建議之程序 股東或投資者如欲提出查詢或提供建議,可透過 下列方式聯絡本公司:

聯絡人: 公司秘書謝國興先生

郵寄地址: 香港上環德輔道中199號無限極廣場

20樓

股東如欲於股東大會上提呈建議,須將有關建議 的書面通知連同詳細聯絡資料送交本公司上述主 要營業地點,並註明公司秘書收啟。

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Company considers that effective communication with shareholders is essential for enhancing investor relations and investor understanding of the Group's business performance and strategies. The Company also recognises the importance of transparency and timely disclosure of corporate information, which will enable shareholders and investors to make the best investment decisions.

The general meetings of the Company provide a forum for communication between the Board and the shareholders. The Company continues to enhance communication and relationship with its investors. Enquiries from investors are dealt with in an informative and timely manner.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

To safeguard shareholders' interests and rights, a separate resolution would be proposed for each substantially separate issue at shareholder meetings, including the election of individual directors.

All resolutions put forward at shareholder meetings will be voted on by poll pursuant to the Listing Rules and poll results will be posted on the websites of the Company and of the Stock Exchange after each shareholder meeting.

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

The Company's constitutional documents are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

與股東之溝通及投資者關係

本公司認為與股東之有效溝通對促進投資者關係 及加深投資者對本集團業務表現及策略之了解攸 關重要。本公司亦深明高透明度及適時披露公司 資料之重要性,使股東及投資者能作出最佳投資 決定。

本公司股東大會為董事會及股東提供溝通場所。 本公司持續加強與其投資者的溝通及關係。投資 者之查詢會適時處理及獲提供詳盡資料。

股東權利

為保障股東權益及權利,本公司就各重大獨立事宜(包括選舉個別董事)於股東大會提呈獨立決議案。

根據上市規則,所有在股東大會上提呈之決議案 須以投票方式進行表決及投票表決結果將於每次 股東大會結束後上載於本公司及聯交所網站。

章程文件

本公司之章程文件可於本公司及聯交所網站查閱。

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

董事及高級管理層

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Li Wanyuan (李萬元) ("Mr. Li") has been appointed as the Acting Chairman and Executive Director of the Company with effect from 22 October 2021. Mr. Li, aged 62, is an entrepreneur. In 1999, he started running factories and founded Zhuhai Wanyi Enterprise Co., Ltd. (珠海市萬億企業有限公司), which mainly engaged in sales of electrical machinery and equipment and provision of repair and maintenance services in PRC. In April 2003, Mr. Li founded Zhuhai Xiangzhou Wanxin Electrica (「珠海市香洲萬信機電設備行) which was mainly engaged in wholesale of electrical products. In December 2003, Mr. Li started to engage in webbing business and founded Zhongshan Nan Qu Wanlong Webbing Factory (中山市南區萬龍繩帶廠).

Mr. Liu Junting (劉俊廷) ("Mr. Liu"), aged 35, has been appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company with effect from 23 October 2019 and redesignated as an executive director of the Company and serve as the chief executive officer of the Company with effect from 2 August 2023. Mr. Liu graduated from Beijing Institute of Technology in July 2013 and completed a marketing course at Glyndwr University, United Kingdom in July 2014. Mr. Liu has over ten years of experience in corporate finance, group strategic planning, investment, management and business development. From June 2022 to April 2023, Mr. Liu served as an executive director and joint-chairman of the board of directors of Gaodi Holdings Limited (formerly known as China Shenghai Group Limited), a company listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 1676).

Ms. Lin Yuxi (林禹熙) ("Ms. Lin") has been appointed as the Executive Director of the Company with effect from 15 October 2020. Ms. Lin, aged 35, graduated from University of East London and obtained a degree of bachelor of arts in business management in 2014. After graduation, Ms. Lin gained extensive experience in corporate management and strategic planning. Before joining us, Ms. Lin was the director of general department of Beijing Tengyuan New Energy Technology Consultancy Service Limited (北京騰源新能源科技咨詢服務有限公司).

執行董事

李萬元先生(「李先生」)已獲委任為本公司之代理主席及執行董事,自二零二一年十月二十二日起生效。李先生,62歲,是一名企業家。一九九九年,彼開辦實業工廠,創立珠海市萬億企業有限公司,主要在中國從事機電設備的銷售和維修保養服務。二零零三年四月,李先生創立珠海市香灣電設備行,主要從事機電設備的批發,二零零三年十二月,李先生開始從事繩帶業務,創立中山市南區萬龍繩帶廠。

劉俊廷先生(「劉先生」),35歲,已獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事,自二零一九年十月二十三日起生效及調任為本公司執行董事及擔任本公劉先生於二零一三年七月畢業於北京理工大學及勞生之零一四年七月完成英國格林多大學的市場營營工零一四年七月完成英國格林多大學的市場營營工零一四年七月完成英國格林多大學的市場營資工學營工學及業務發展等擁有逾十年經驗。於二二份有限公司(前稱為中國升海集團有限公司)(香港聯交所上市公司(股份代號:1676))的執行董事及董事會聯席主席。

林禹熙女士(「林女士」)已獲委任為本公司執行董事,自二零二零年十月十五日起生效。林女士,35歲,二零一四年畢業於東倫敦大學,獲頒發商業管理學士學位。畢業後,林女士於企業管理及策略規劃領域獲得豐富經驗。加入我們前,林女士為北京騰源新能源科技咨詢服務有限公司之綜合部主任。

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT 董事及高級管理層

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Chow Yun Cheung (周潤璋) ("Mr. Chow") has been appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company with effect from 13 August 2019. Mr. Chow, aged 45, has over 20 years of experience in accounting, corporate finance and compliance fields. He obtained a bachelor's degree in Business Administration in 2001 from the Chinese University of Hong Kong. He is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Chow had served as an independent non-executive director of various listed companies in Hong Kong, including (i) Hon Corporation Limited (stock code: 8259, the shares of which were delisted on 22 June 2022) from January 2022 to May 2022; (ii) Echo International Holdings Group Limited (stock code: 8218) from January 2021 to March 2023; and (iii) Gaodi Holdings Limited (formerly known as China Shenghai Group Limited) (stock code: 1676) from November 2022 to July 2023.

Further, Mr. Chow has been serving as an independent non-executive director of Sterling Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 1825) since January 2024 and would commence to serve as an independent non-executive director of Lapco Holdings Limited (stock code: 8472) since 1 April 2024. The issued shares of both companies are listed on the Stock Exchange.

From February 2018 to September 2023, Mr. Chow had been appointed as a non-executive director of Industronics Berhad (stock code: 9393), the issued shares of which are listed on Bursa Malaysia (the stock exchange in Malaysia). He has been re-designated as an independent non-executive director of the same company since September 2023.

Mr. Li Gang (黎剛) ("Mr. Li") has been appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company with effect from 2 August 2023. Mr. Li, aged 45, graduated from Hunan Xiangtan University. He has over 20 years of experience in strategic consulting and finance. Since 2020, he serves as a partner in several companies including Huamin Equity Investment and Fund Management (Shenzhen) Limited, Boao Business Consulting (Guangzhou) Limited and Bohuai Consulting (Shenzhen Corporate) LLP, who is mainly responsible for the financial projects including investment, merger and acquisition.

獨立非執行董事

周潤璋先生(「周先生」)已獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事,自二零一九年八月十三日起生效。周先生,45歲,於會計、企業融資及合規領域擁持之。彼於二零零一年取得香港中文會員工商管理學士學位。彼為香港會計師公會會理學士學位。彼為香港會計師公會會,包括(i)中國大健康建設產業有限公司(股份代號:8259,其股份於二零二二年六月二十分日除牌)(二零二二年一月至二零二三年五月);(ii) 毅高(國際)控股集團有限公司(股份代號:8218)(二零二一年一月至二零二三年三月)。

此外,周先生自二零二四年一月起擔任美臻集團 控股有限公司(股份代號:1825)之獨立非執行 董事並將自二零二四年四月一日起擔任立高控 股有限公司(股份代號:8472)之獨立非執行董 事。兩間公司之已發行股份均於聯交所上市。

於二零一八年二月至二零二三年九月,周先生獲委任為Industronics Berhad(股份代號:9393,其已發行股份於馬來西亞證券交易所Bursa Malaysia上市)之非執行董事。彼自二零二三年九月起調任該公司之獨立非執行董事。

黎剛先生(「黎先生」)已獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事,自二零二三年八月二日起生效。黎先生,45歲,畢業於湖南湘潭大學。黎先生擁有逾20年戰略諮詢及金融行業經驗。自二零二零年起,為多家企業擔任合夥人包括華民股權投資基金管理(深圳)有限公司、博澳企業諮詢(廣州)有限公司及博淮諮詢深圳企業(有限合夥),主要負責投資及收併購等金融項目。

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT 董事及高級管理層

Mr. Guo Xianwang (郭獻旺) ("Mr Guo") has been appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company with effect from 18 June 2024. Mr. Guo, aged 46, obtained a bachelor's degree of business administration in accounting from Sun Yat-Sen University in 2003. Mr. Guo has over twenty years of experience in the accounting and finance fields. Upon graduation, he served as positions of assistants, managers and controllers in various corporations including CITIC Securities South China Co., Ltd., Shengda Futures Co., Ltd and Jianhua Construction Materials (Jingzhou) Co. Ltd, etc. He is currently the financial controller of Yunfu Xunji Stone Industry Co., Ltd.

郭獻旺先生(「郭先生」)已獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事,自二零二四年六月十八日起生效。郭先生,46歲,於二零零三年於中山大學獲取管理學學士學位主修會計學。郭先生擁有逾二十年會計及金融行業經驗。於畢業後,為多家企業擔任助理、經理及總監等職務,包括中信證券華南股份有限公司、盛達期貨有限公司及建華建材(荊州)有限公司等。彼現為雲浮市洵記石業有限公司之財務總監。

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Tse Kwok Hing Henry ("Mr. Tse"), aged 40, has been appointed as the company secretary of the Group with effect from 7 November 2019. Mr. Tse has extensive experience in accounting, auditing and finance fields. Mr. Tse obtained a bachelor's degree of Business Administration in Accounting and Finance from the University of Hong Kong in 2007. He is currently a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales.

Mr. Tse was the chief financial officer and company secretary of China Yuanbang Property Holdings Limited, the issued shares of which are listed on the main board of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (Stock Code: BCD.SI) from April 2016 to May 2018. Mr. Tse has been appointed as an independent non-executive director of China Environmental Technology and Bioenergy Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 1237) since 1 September 2022. He has been appointed as an independent non-executive director of CROSSTEC Group Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 3893) since 20 July 2023. He has also been appointed as an independent non-executive director of Litian Pictures Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 9958) since 13 August 2024. The issued shares of these companies are listed on the Stock Exchange.

公司秘書

謝國興先生(「謝先生」),40歲,已獲委任為本集團公司秘書,自二零一九年十一月七日起生效。謝先生於會計、審計及財務領域擁有豐富經驗。謝先生於二零零七年獲香港大學頒授工商管理(會計及財務)學士學位。彼現為香港會計師公會資深會員及英格蘭與威爾斯特許會計師協會會員。

謝先生曾於二零一六年四月至二零一八年五月為中國元邦房地產控股有限公司(其已發行股份於新加坡證券交易所有限公司主板上市,股份代號:BCD.SI)的財務總監及公司秘書。自二年九月一日起,謝先生獲委任為中科生物控股有限公司(股份代號:1237)的獨立非執行董事。自二零二三年七月二十日起,彼獲委任為易緯集團控股有限公司(股份代號:3893)的獨立非執行董事。首二零二四年八月十三日起,彼亦獲委任為力天影業控股有限公司(股份代號:9958)的獨立非執行董事。該等公司之已發行股份均於聯交所上市。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

董事會報告書

The Directors of the Company (the "Directors") are pleased to present the annual report of the Company with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2024.

本公司董事(「董事」) 欣然提呈截至二零二四年 十二月三十一日止年度的本公司年報及本集團經 審核合併財務報表。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. During the year, there were no material changes in the principal activities of the Group, except that the segment of sales of fabrics has been reclassified as a discontinued operation of the Group. The continuing operations of the Group comprised of sales of shoes, clothes and others, sales of elastic webbings and provision of digital marketing services. The discontinued operation of the Group was mainly sales of fabrics. Details of the principal activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in note 37 to the consolidated financial statements.

BUSINESS SEGMENTS

The Group is engaged in the sales of shoes, clothes and others, sales of elastic webbings and provision of digital marketing services. Business analysis of sales, segment results, total assets and capital expenditure are set out in note 8 to the accompanying financial statements.

GEOGRAPHICAL SEGMENTS

The Group's revenue mainly came from the Mainland China, Hong Kong and others. Geographical analysis of the Group are set out in note 8 to the consolidated financial statements.

BUSINESS REVIEW

For details of business review in relation to the development, performance or position of the Company's business, please refer to the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" of this annual report.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND CORPORATE RESPONSIBILITY

As a responsible corporation, the Group is committed to maintaining the highest environmental and social standards to ensure sustainable development of its business. To the best knowledge of the Directors, the Group has complied with all the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group in relation to its business including health and safety, workplace conditions, employment and the environment. The Group understands that a better future depends on everyone's participation and contribution. It has encouraged all employees to participate in environmental and social activities which benefit the community as a whole.

主要業務

本公司主要業務為投資控股。於本年度,除面料銷售分部重新分類為本集團已終止經營業務外,本集團的主要業務並無重大變動。本集團的持續經營業務包括鞋履、服裝及其他銷售、彈性織帶銷售及提供數字營銷服務。本集團的已終止經營業務主要為面料銷售。其主要附屬公司的主要業務詳情載於合併財務報表附註37。

業務分類

本集團從事鞋履、服裝及其他銷售、彈性織帶銷售及提供數字營銷服務。營業額、分類業績、資產總額及資本開支業務分析載於隨附之財務報表附註8。

地區分類

本集團收益主要來自於中國大陸、香港及其他。 本集團地區分析載於合併財務報表附註8。

業務回顧

關於本公司業務發展、表現或狀況之業務回顧詳情,請參閱本年報「管理層討論及分析1一節。

環境、社會及企業責任

作為一間具社會責任的企業,本集團致力維持最高要求之環境及社會標準,以確保其業務可持續發展。據董事所知,本集團已遵守所有對本集團有重大影響且與其業務有關的相關法例及法規,包括健康及安全、工作環境條件、就業及環境。本集團明白有賴所有人的參與及貢獻才能成就美好將來,亦因此鼓勵所有僱員參與環境及社會活動,惠及整個社區。

The Group also advocated conservation of resources in office and encouraged employees to develop good habits, conserve resources and energy to build a green and comfortable office environment. The Group will issue a separate environmental, social and governance report for the year ended 31 December 2024 in due course with the relevant requirements of the Listing Rules.

本集團亦引導各項辦公室減耗措施,鼓勵員工養成良好習慣,節約資源和能源,建設綠色舒適的辦公環境。本集團將於適當時候按照上市規則的有關規定另行發佈截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度之環境、社會及管治報告。

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2024 are set out in the consolidated financial statements of this annual report. The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year ended 31 December 2024 (2023: Nil).

RESERVES

Details of movement in the reserves of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2024 are set out in note 31 to the consolidated financial statements and in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. As at 31 December 2024, no reserve of the Company was available for distribution (2023: Nil).

DONATIONS

The Group did not make any charitable and other donations during the year (2023: Nil).

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of property, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in note 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of and reasons for movements in the share capital of the Company during the year under review are set out in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements.

TAX RELIEF

The Company is not aware of any tax relief or exemption available to the shareholders of the Company by reason of their holding of the Company's securities.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 155 to 156 of this annual report.

業績及撥款

本集團於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 的業績載於本年報合併財務報表。董事不建議就 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度派發股息 (二零二三年:無)。

儲備

有關本集團截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度的儲備變動詳情,載於合併財務報表附註31及合併權益變動表。於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本公司概無可供分派的儲備(二零二三年:無)。

捐款

於年內,本集團並無作出任何慈善捐款及其他捐獻(二零二三年:無)。

物業、廠房及設備

本集團的物業、廠房及設備詳情載於合併財務報 表附註18。

股本

於回顧年度內本公司的股本變動詳情及原因載於 合併財務報表附註30。

税務減免

本公司並不知悉任何因持有本公司證券而提供予 本公司股東之稅務減免或豁免。

財務摘要

本集團過去五個財政年度的業績以及資產及負債 概要載於本年報第155至156頁。

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 December 2024.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights over shares of the Company under the Company's Bye-laws (the "Bye-laws") or the laws of Bermuda where the Company is incorporated, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders of the Company.

AUDITOR

The Board has appointed McMillan Woods (Hong Kong) CPA Limited ("McMillan Woods") with effect from 10 February 2020 to fill the casual vacancy following the resignation of Worldlink. McMillan Woods will retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for reappointment at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company on 20 June 2025.

DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report are as follows:

Executive directors

Mr. Li Wanyuan (Acting Chairman)

Mr. Liu Junting

Ms. Lin Yuxi

Independent non-executive directors

Mr. Lin Yugang (Resigned on 18 June 2024)

Mr. Chow Yun Cheung

Mr. Li Gang

Mr. Guo Xianwang (Appointed on 18 June 2024)

The Company has received, from each of the independent non-executive Directors, a confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all the independent non-executive Directors are independent.

The biographical details of the Directors are set out in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management".

購買、出售或購回上市證券

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度內,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或購回本公司上市證券。

優先購買權

根據本公司細則(「細則」)或本公司註冊成立地 點百慕達的法律,概無有關本公司有義務按比例 向本公司現有股東發售新股份的本公司股份優先 購買權的規定。

核數師

董事會已委任長青(香港)會計師事務所有限公司 (「長青」)填補華普天健辭任留下的臨時空缺,由 二零二零年二月十日起生效。於二零二五年六月 二十日舉行之本公司應屆股東週年大會上,長青 將退任及符合資格並願意膺選連任。

董事

於年內及截至本報告日期的本公司董事如下:

執行董事

李萬元先生(代理主席) 劉俊廷先生 林禹熙女士

獨立非執行董事

林宇剛先生(於二零二四年六月十八日辭任) 周潤璋先生

黎剛先生

郭獻旺先生(於二零二四年六月十八日獲委任)

本公司已獲每名獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第 3.13條規定確認其獨立性。本公司認為所有獨立 非執行董事均為獨立人士。

董事履歷詳情載列於「董事及高級管理層」一節。

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Pursuant to Bye-law 84, at each annual general meeting of the Company, one third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three (3), the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. The Directors to retire by rotation shall include any Director who wishes to retire and not to offer himself for reelection. Any further Directors so to retire shall be those of the other Directors subject to retirement by rotation who have been longest in office since their last re-election or appointment and so that as between persons who became or were last re-elected Directors on the same day those to retire shall (unless they otherwise agree among themselves) be determined by lot. None of the Directors has a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation other than statutory compensation.

DISCLOSURE PURSUANT TO RULE 13.51B(1) OF THE LISTING RULES

Pursuant to the service contracts entered into by each of executive directors as disclosed in the paragraph headed "Directors' services contracts" above, each of Mr. Li Wanyuan, Mr. Liu Junting and Ms. Lin Yuxi is entitled to a monthly salary of HK\$30,000, HK\$20,000 and HK\$20,000, respectively. In addition, pursuant to the above service contracts, each of them is also entitled to a management bonus in respect of each financial year in such sum as the Board may in its absolute discretion determine aggregate amount of management bonuses payable to all directors.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

A permitted indemnity provision (as defined in section 469 of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong)) for the benefit of the Directors of the Company is currently in force and was in force throughout the year.

INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON -EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received from each of its independent non-executive Directors confirmation of his/her independence and the Company considers that each of them to be independent based on the guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

董事服務合約

根據細則第84條,於本公司每屆股東週年大會上,當時董事總數三分之一人數(或如人數數一一人數)的倍數,則取最接近的整數,惟不得至之一人數)須輪值告退,惟每名董事將但是不會一一人數)須輪值告退的董事將他一直選連任的董事將為其他董事中自上次重選連任的東任,但是不可能的來任期最長而領土。任政事,但是是一個人。 一名董事上次乃於同一日獲委任或重選連任的大公司,是一名董事上次乃於同一日獲委任或重選連任的董事,是一個人。 會以抽籤方式決定退任者(除非彼等包制)。 一名董事上次乃於同一日獲委任或重選連行,行公前會以抽籤方式決定退任者(除非彼等之間屬別)。 一名大公司或其任何附屬的, 一名大公司或其任何附屬的, 一名大公司或其任何附屬的, 一名大公司或其任何所屬的, 一名大公司或其任何所屬的, 一名大公司或其任何所屬的, 一名大公司或其任何所屬的, 一名大公司或其任何所屬的,

根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條作出之 披露

根據上文「董事服務合約」一段披露各執行董事各自訂立之服務合約,李萬元先生、劉俊廷先生及林禹熙女士分別有權獲得月薪30,000港元、20,000港元及20,000港元。此外,根據上述服務合約,彼等各自亦有權就各財政年度獲得管理層花紅,董事會可全權酌情釐定應付全體董事的管理層花紅總額。

獲准許的彌償條文

有關本公司董事利益的獲淮許彌償條文(定義見香港法例第622章公司條例第469條)現正生效及於本年度一直生效。

獨立非執行董事之獨立性

本公司已獲得各獨立非執行董事確認其獨立性, 而根據上市規則第3.13條所載指引,本公司認為 彼等各自均為獨立。

REPORT EMOLUMENT POLICY

The emolument policy of the employees of the Group is set up by the management on the basis of their merit, qualifications and competence.

The Remuneration Committee considers and recommends to the Board on the remuneration and other benefits paid by the Company to the Directors by reference to the Company's operating results, individual performance and comparable market rates. The remuneration of all Directors is subject to regular monitoring by the Remuneration Committee to ensure that the levels of their remuneration and compensation are appropriate.

As at 31 December 2024, the Group had a total workforce of 165 (as at 31 December 2023: 190). Employee costs including directors' emoluments totalled RMB30.2 million for the year of 2024 (2023: RMB29.9 million). The Group recruited and promoted individual persons according to their strength and development potential. The Group determined the remuneration packages of all employees including the Directors with reference to individual performance and current market salary scale.

The Group regularly reviews the emolument package of the existing employees, considers increment of salaries and conducts some long term incentive scheme when appropriate.

Details of Directors' remuneration are set out in note 14(a) to the consolidated financial statements.

DISCLOSURE OF INTERESTS IN SECURITIES

A. Directors' Interests in the Shares of the Company

As at 31 December 2024 and the date of this annual report, none of the Directors and chief executives of the Company had any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company, any of its Group members or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Future Ordinance ("SFO")) which were notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or which were required, pursuant to the Model Code.

薪酬報告政策

本集團僱員的薪酬政策乃由管理層根據彼等表 現、資歷及能力制訂。

薪酬委員會經參考本公司經營業績、個人表現及 可比較市場水平考慮及向董事會推薦本公司向董 事支付的酬金及其他福利。所有董事的酬金受薪 酬委員會定期監察,確保其酬金和薪酬定於適當 水平。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團共有165名員工(於二零二三年十二月三十一日:190名)。二零二四年的僱員成本(包括董事酬金)共計人民幣30.2百萬元(二零二三年:人民幣29.9百萬元)。本集團根據個人能力及發展潛力聘請及提升僱員。本集團根據個人表現及當前市場薪資水平釐定所有僱員(包括董事)的薪酬待遇。

本集團經常複核現存僱員之薪酬待遇,並在適當 時考慮提升薪金及採取一些長期激勵計劃。

董事酬金詳情載於合併財務報表附註14(a)。

於證券中的權益披露

A. 董事於本公司股份之權益

於二零二四年十二月三十一日及本年報日期,本公司董事及主要行政人員概無於本公司、其任何集團成員公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)之股份、相關股份及債權證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部須知會本公司及聯交所(包括彼等根據證券及期貨條例之該等規定被當作或視為海352條須記錄於該條例所指之登記冊或根據標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所之權益或淡倉。

B. Substantial shareholders' interests in the shares of the Company

As at 31 December 2024 and the date of this annual report, so far as the Directors are not aware of any persons (not being a Director of the Company) had or were deemed to have interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares which would fall to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or who will, directly or indirectly, be interested in 5% or more of the Company's issued share capital.

ARRANGEMENT TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

At no time during the year was the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company conditionally adopted the share option scheme on 27 March 2014, and such scheme has become effective on the Listing Date (the "Share Option Scheme"). The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to recognize and acknowledge the contribution of the eligible participants made to the Group. The Board may, at its discretion, grant options pursuant to the Share Option Scheme to Directors (including the independent non-executive Directors), the Company's subsidiaries, employees of the Group and other persons the Board considers have contributed or will contribute to the Group. The maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company (i.e. 100,000,000 shares), unless otherwise approved by the shareholders of the Company in general meeting and/or other requirements prescribed under the Listing Rules. The subscription price of a share in respect of a particular option shall be not less than the highest of (a) the official closing price of the Shares on the daily quotation sheet of the Stock Exchange; (b) the average official closing price of the shares on the daily quotation sheet of the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (c) the nominal value of a share. The Share Option Scheme shall remain effective within a period of 10 years from that date.

B. 主要股東於本公司股份中的權益

於二零二四年十二月三十一日及本年報日期,董事並不知悉任何人士(並非本公司董事)擁有或被視為擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部的規定須向本公司及聯交所披露的股份或相關股份的權益或淡倉,或直接或間接於本公司5%或以上的已發行股本中擁有權益。

購買股份或債權證的安排

於年內任何時間,本公司、其控股公司或其任何 附屬公司概無訂立任何安排,以令本公司董事可 透過獲得本公司或任何其他法團的股份或債權證 而獲得利益。

購股權計劃

本公司於二零一四年三月二十七日有條件採納購 股權計劃,該計劃於上市日期起生效(「購股權計 劃」)。購股權計劃旨在肯定及獎勵對本集團作出 貢獻的合資格參與者。董事會可根據購股權計劃 酌情決定向董事(包括獨立非執行董事)、本公 司的附屬公司、本集團僱員及董事會認為對本集 團已作出或將作出貢獻的其他人士授出購股權。 根據購股權計劃可能授出的購股權所涉及的股份 數目上限合共不得超過本公司已發行股本的10% (即100,000,000股股份),惟本公司股東在股東 大會上另行批准及/或上市規則有其他規定者除 外。某一特定購股權所涉及股份的認購價不得低 於以下三者的最高者:(a)於聯交所每日報價表所 報股份的正式收市價;(b)緊接授出日期前五個營 業日股份於聯交所每日報價表所報股份的正式平 均收市價;及(c)股份面值。購股權計劃自該日期 起計10年期間仍屬有效。

As at 31 December 2015 and 2016, 50,000,000 share options and 50,000,000 share options were granted and exercised, respectively, representing maximum number of shares to be granted under the Share Option Scheme. For details of the share option scheme, please refer to page 57 to 58 of the 2016 annual report and page 44 to 45 of the 2015 annual report, respectively.

Share options granted

The fair value of services received determined by reference to the fair value of share options granted at the date of grant is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, with a corresponding increase in equity. For the share options granted by the Company, when they are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to share premium. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will continue to be held in share options reserve. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in other reserve will continue to be held in other reserve.

CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

No contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries, was a party and in which a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year. No contract of significance has been entered into between the Company or any of its subsidiaries and the controlling shareholders (as defined in the Listing Rules) of the Company or any of its subsidiaries.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year under review, the aggregate sales attributable to the Group's largest and five largest customers were 11% and 31% of the Group's total sales respectively (2023: 5% and 17%). The aggregate purchases attributable to the Group's largest and five largest suppliers were 31% and 73% of the Group's total purchases respectively during the year under review (2023: 25% and 43%).

During the year, none of the Directors, their associates or any shareholders (who to the knowledge of the Directors owned more than 5% of the issued share capital of the Company) had any interest in any of the five largest customers or suppliers of the Group.

於二零一五年及二零一六年十二月三十一日,分別有50,000,000份購股權及50,000,000份購股權已獲授出及行使,即根據購股權計劃可授出的股份數目上限。關於購股權計劃的詳情,請分別參閱二零一六年年報第57至58頁及二零一五年年報第44至45頁。

授予的購股權

所獲取服務的公平值乃參照所授出購股權於授出目期的公平值而釐定,於歸屬期內以直線法法銷,權益亦相應增加。就本公司授出的購股權儲有內意購股權獲行使時,原先於購股權儲備內證調份益價,而當購股權於固滿日期後被沒收或於屆滿日期仍未行使時,原先於購股權儲備內確認的款項將繼續於其他儲備內持有。

重大合約

概無任何與本集團業務有重大關係且本公司或其 任何附屬公司為訂約方及董事擁有重大權益(不 論直接或間接)之合約於年終或年內任何時間存 在。本公司或其任何附屬公司與本公司或其任何 附屬公司之控股股東(定義見上市規則)之間概 無訂立重大合約。

主要客戶及供應商

於回顧年度,來自本集團最大及五大客戶的總銷售額分別佔本集團總銷售額的11%及31%(二零二三年:5%及17%)。於回顧年度,來自本集團最大及五大供應商的總採購額分別佔本集團總採購額的31%及73%(二零二三年:25%及43%)。

於年內,概無董事、其聯繫人或據董事所知擁有本公司已發行股本5%以上的任何股東於本集團任意五大客戶或供應商中擁有任何權益。

KEY RELATIONSHIPS WITH EMPLOYEES, CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

Being people-oriented, the Group ensures all staff are reasonably remunerated and continues to improve and regularly review and update its policies on remuneration and benefits, training, occupational health and safety. The Group maintains a good relationship with its customers. A customer complaint handling mechanism is in place to receive, analyse and study complaints and make recommendations on remedies with the aim of improving service quality. The Group is in good relationship with its suppliers and conducts a fair and strict appraisal of its suppliers on an annual basis.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts of significance concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or subsisted during the year under review.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

No connected transactions were incurred during the year ended 31 December 2024.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, from the Listing Date and up to the date of this report, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float of at least 25% of the Company's issued share capital as required under the Listing Rules.

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Board intends to adopt a prudent dividend payment policy which will base on the main factor of the Group's profitability for the year. The Board has resolved not to recommend the payment of any final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2024 (2023: Nil). As there is no interim dividend payable during the year, there will be no dividend distribution for the whole year at 2024.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Company comprises the Nomination Committee, the Remuneration Committee, the Audit Committee and the Regulatory Compliance Committee as described from page 29 to 38 of this annual report.

與僱員、客戶及供應商的重要關係

本集團以人為本,給予所有僱員合理待遇,同時不斷完善薪酬福利、培訓、職業健康與安全等政策,並定期檢討更新。本集團與其客戶維持良好關係。為改善服務質素,本集團設立客戶投訴處理機制,包括投訴收集、分析研究及提出改正意見。本集團與其供應商關係良好,每年對其供應商進行公平及嚴格審核。

管理合約

於回顧年度內,本公司並無就整體業務或任何重 要業務部分之管理及行政工作簽訂或存續任何重 大合約。

關連交易

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,概無發 牛關連交易。

公眾持股量之充足程度

根據可供本公司公開索取之資料及就董事所知,由上市日期起及截至本報告日期,本公司按照上市規則所規定維持至少本公司已發行股本25%的充足公眾持股量。

股息政策

董事會擬採用審慎的派息政策,根據本集團年內 盈利能力等主要因素釐定派息。董事會不建議就 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度派發任何 末期股息(二零二三年:無)。由於年內並無應派 中期股息,故二零二四年全年將不會派發股息。

董事委員會

本公司包括提名委員會、薪酬委員會、審核委員會及監管合規委員會(於本年報第29至38頁詳述)。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

Each of the Directors has confirmed that he is neither engaged, nor interested, in any business which, directly or indirectly, competes or may compete with the Group's business.

NON-COMPETITION UNDERTAKINGS BY THE CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS

The controlling shareholders of the Company, has entered into a deed of non-competition on 27 March 2014 (the "Deed of Non-Competition") so as to better safeguard the Group from any potential competition and to formalise the principles for the management of potential conflicts between them and to enhance its corporate governance in connection with the listing of the shares on the Stock Exchange.

The independent non-executive Directors were not required to review any matter in relation to compliance and enforcement of the Deed of Non-Competition during the Period.

董事於競爭業務之權益

各董事已確認其概無從事與本集團業務直接或間 接存在競爭或可能存在競爭之任何業務或於該等 業務中擁有權益。

控股股東作出之不競爭承諾

於二零一四年三月二十七日,本公司控股股東訂立一份不競爭契約(「不競爭契約」),為更好地保障本集團免於涉及任何潛在競爭及規範針對彼等之間潛在衝突的管理原則,以及就股份於聯交所上市加強企業管治。

獨立非執行董事毋須在本期間檢討有關遵守及執行不競爭契約的任何事官。

On behalf of the Board **Li Wanyuan** *Executive Director* Hong Kong, 31 March 2025 代表董事會 李萬元 執行董事 香港,二零二五年三月三十一日

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告



To the members of Moody Technology Holdings Limited

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability and continued in Bermuda with limited liability)

DISCLAIMER OF OPINION

We were engaged to audit the consolidated financial statements of Moody Technology Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 59 to 154, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policy information.

We do not express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements of the Group. Because of the significance of the matter described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion section of our report, we have not been able to obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on these consolidated financial statements. In all other respects, in our opinion, the consolidated financial statements have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

致滿地科技股份有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立並於百慕達存續的有限公司)

不發表意見

吾等獲委任審核第59頁至154頁所載滿地科技股份有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(「貴集團」)的合併財務報表,包括於二零二四年十二月三十一日的合併財務狀況表,及截至該日期止年度的合併損益及其他全面收益表、合併權益變動表及合併現金流量表,以及合併財務報表附註,包括重大會計政策資料概要。

吾等並無就 貴集團合併財務報表發表任何意見。由於吾等之報告不發表意見的基準一節所述事宜的重大性,吾等未能獲取充足及適當的審核證據,作為就該等合併財務報表發表審核意見的依據。在所有其他方面,吾等認為,合併財務報表已遵照香港公司條例的披露規定妥為編製。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

BASIS FOR DISCLAIMER OF OPINION

Multiple material uncertainties related to going concern

We draw attention to note 3 to the consolidated financial statements which mentions that the Group incurred a loss of approximately RMB93,351,000 for the year ended 31 December 2024, and as at 31 December 2024, the Group had net current liabilities and capital deficiency of approximately RMB242,269,000 and RMB223,378,000, respectively. In addition, as disclosed in note 26 to the consolidated financial statements, as at 31 December 2024, the Group's borrowings of approximately RMB103,469,000 are subject to renewal or to be fully repaid within the next twelve months, of which approximately RMB97,030,000 were overdue. Furthermore, the Group recorded net operating cash outflow of approximately RMB6,380,000 for the year ended 31 December 2024 with the Group's total bank and cash balance remaining at a low level of RMB8,267,000 as of 31 December 2024. These conditions indicate the existence of multiple material uncertainties which may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern

The directors of the Company have been undertaking a number of plans and measures to improve the Group's liquidity and financial position, which are set out in note 3 to the consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, the validity of which depends on the outcome of these plans and measures, which are subject to multiple uncertainties, including:

- successfully secure new financing from the financial institutions to fund its operations and financial obligations as and when they fall due as well as restructuring of the existing borrowings by extending the payment schedule;
- successful negotiations with the lenders of the defaulted borrowings that they will not take any actions against the Group to exercise their rights to demand immediate payment of the principals and interests of these borrowings;

不發表意見的基準 有關持續經營的多項重大不明朗因素

務請注意合併財務報表附許3所述 貴集團截 至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度產生虧損 約人民幣93.351.000元,及於二零二四年十二 月三十一日, 貴集團的流動負債淨額及資本 虧絀分別約為人民幣242.269.000元及人民幣 223,378,000元。此外,誠如合併財務報表附註 26所披露,於二零二四年十二月三十一日, 貴 集團約人民幣103,469,000元的借款須於未來 十二個月內重續或悉數償付,其中約人民幣 97,030,000元已逾期。另外, 貴集團於截至二 零二四年十二月三十一日止年度錄得經營現金流 出淨額約人民幣6.380.000元,且截至二零二四年 十二月三十一日, 貴集團的銀行及現金結餘總 額維持在人民幣8,267,000元的低位。該等情況 説明存在多項重大不明朗因素,可能對 貴集團 的持續經營能力造成重大疑問。

貴公司董事已採取多項計劃及措施,以改善貴集團的流動資金及財務狀況,該等計劃及措施載於合併財務報表附註3。合併財務報表乃根據持續經營基準編製,其有效性取決於該等計劃及措施的實施結果,而該等計劃及措施受到多種不明朗因素所影響,該等因素包括以下各項:

- a. 成功自金融機構獲得新融資,為其運營及 到期財務責任提供資金,並通過延長付款 時間表重組現有借款;
- b. 成功與違約借款的貸款人磋商,彼等不會 對 貴集團採取任何行動以行使其權利要 求立即償還該等借款的本金及利息;

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

- c. successfully obtain external source of funding from potential investors by issuance of new shares; and
- d. the Group's ability to generate operating cash flows to meet the Group's ongoing funding needs as well as successfully control operations costs and capital expenditure, and implementing various strategies to enhance the Group's revenue.

As a result of these multiple uncertainties, the potential interaction of these uncertainties, and the possible cumulative effect thereof, we were unable to form an opinion as to whether the going concern basis in preparing the consolidated financial statements is appropriate. Should the Group fail to achieve the abovementioned plans and measures, it might not be able to continue to operate as a going concern, and adjustments would have to be made to write down the carrying value of the Group's assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for any further liabilities which might arise and to reclassify non-current assets and non-current liabilities as current assets and current liabilities, respectively. The effects of these adjustments have not been reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors of the Company are assisted by Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

- c. 成功通過發行新股從潛在投資者獲得外部 資金來源;及
- d. 貴集團產生營運現金流,以滿足 貴集團的 持續資金需求的能力,以及成功控制營運成 本及資本開支並實施多項策略以增加 貴 集團的收入。

由於該等多項不明朗因素、該等不明朗因素的潛 在相互影響以及其可能的累積影響,吾等無法就 編製合併財務報表的持續經營基準是否適當發 表意見。倘 貴集團未能實施上述計劃及措施, 其可能無法繼續持續經營,則必須作出調金強 ,則必須作出調金主 ,以撥備可能出現之任何額外負債,並將非流動 產及非流動負債分別重新分類為流動資產及動 負債。該等調整之影響並無於合併財務報表內反 映。

董事及治理層對合併財務報表的責 任

貴公司董事負責根據國際會計準則理事會頒佈的 國際財務報告準則會計準則以及香港公司條例的 披露規定編製真實及公平的合併財務報表,並負 責董事認為必要的相關內部控制,以令合併財務 報表的編製不存在重大錯誤陳述(不論是否因欺 詐或錯誤所引致)。

在編製合併財務報表時, 貴公司董事須負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並披露與持續經營 有關的事宜(如適用)。除非董事有意將 貴集團 清盤,或停止營運,或除此之外並無其他實際可 行的辦法,否則董事須採用以持續經營為基礎的 會計法。

審核委員會協助 貴公司董事履行職責,監督 貴集團財務報告過程。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our responsibility is to conduct an audit of the Group's consolidated financial statements in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and to issue an auditor's report solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act and for no other purposes. However, because of the matter described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion section of our report, we were not able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on these consolidated financial statements.

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

McMillan Woods (Hong Kong) CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants

Hui Chi Kong

Audit Engagement Director
Practising Certificate Number — P07348

24/F., Siu On Centre 188 Lockhart Road, Wan Chai Hong Kong

Hong Kong, 31 March 2025

核數師對審核合併財務報表的責任

吾等的責任是遵循香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港核數準則對 貴集團的合併財務報表執行審核工作並根據百慕達公司法第90條僅向 閣下(作為整體)發出核數師報告,除此以外,並無其他目的。然而,由於吾等之報告不發表意見的基準一節所述事宜,吾等未能獲得充足適當的審核證據,作為就該等合併財務報表發表審核意見的依據。

根據香港會計師公會的專業會計師道德守則(「守則」),吾等與 貴集團互為獨立,且吾等亦根據 守則履行其他道德責任。

長青(香港)會計師事務所有限公司

執業會計師

許志剛

審計項目董事 執業證書編號-P07348

香港

灣仔駱克道188號 兆安中心24樓

香港,二零二五年三月三十一日

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 合併損益及其他全面收益表

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Represented) (經重列)
Continuing operations	持續經營業務			
Revenue	收益	9	112,716	126,696
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(103,734)	(111,816)
Gross profit	毛利		8,982	14,880
Other income Loss on derecognition of financial	其他收入 終止確認金融負債之虧損	10	2,220	1,217
liabilities Impairment losses of trade and other receivables Net foreign exchange gains Selling and distribution costs General and administrative expenses	貿易及其他應收款項之 減值虧損 匯兑收益淨額 銷售及分銷成本 一般及行政開支	13	(323) 1,805 (7,727) (33,827)	(756,228) (4,770) 3,495 (10,805) (27,037)
Loss from operations	營運虧損		(28,870)	(779,248)
Finance costs	融資成本	11	(1,937)	(2,277)
Loss before tax	除税前虧損		(30,807)	(781,525)
Income tax credit	所得税抵免	12	654	111
Loss for the year from continuing operations	持續經營業務 年內虧損	13	(30,153)	(781,414)
Discontinued operation	已終止經營業務		,	
Loss for the year from discontinued operation, net of tax	已終止經營業務的年內虧損, 扣除税項	17	(63,198)	(34,906)
Loss for the year	年內虧損		(93,351)	(816,320)
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	其他全面虧損 [,] 扣除税項			
Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations	其後可能重新分類至損益之 項目: 換算海外業務產生之 匯兑差額		(2,281)	(2,318)
Other comprehensive loss for the year, net of tax	年內其他全面虧損 [,] 扣除税項		(2,281)	(2,318)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	年內全面虧損總額		(95,632)	(818,638)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 合併損益及其他全面收益表

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Represented) (經重列)
Loss for the year attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interest	以下人士應佔年內虧損 : 本公司擁有人 非控股權益		(88,389) (4,962)	(811,388) (4,932)
			(93,351)	(816,320)
Total comprehensive loss for the year attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interest	以下人士應佔年內全面虧損 總額: 本公司擁有人 非控股權益		(90,267) (5,365)	(812,770) (5,868)
			(95,632)	(818,638)
From continuing and discontinued operations	持續經營及已終止 經營業務			
Loss per share Basic (RMB)	每股虧損 基本(人民幣)	16	(0.02)	(0.24)
Diluted (RMB)	攤薄(人民幣)	16	(0.02)	(0.24)
From continuing operations	持續經營業務			
Loss per share Basic (RMB)	每股虧損 基本(人民幣)	16	(0.01)	(0.23)
Diluted (RMB)	攤薄(人民幣)	16	(0.01)	(0.23)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

合併財務狀況表

At 31 December 2024 於二零二四年十二月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	18	27,110	178,589
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	19	12,805	31,677
Investment in an associate	於一間聯營公司的投資	20	_	_
			39,915	210,266
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	21	40,237	46,598
Other current assets	其他流動資產	22	7.461	1,136
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項	23	26,242	35,042
Bank and cash balances	銀行及現金結餘	24	8,267	17,377
			82,207	100,153
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	25	219,490	236,833
Borrowings	借款	26	103,469	200,371
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	27	1,489	2,711
Current tax liabilities	即期税項負債		28	26
			324,476	439,941
			324,470	433,341
Net current liabilities	流動負債淨額		(242,269)	(339,788)
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總額減流動負債		(202,354)	(129,522)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 合併財務狀況表

At 31 December 2024 於二零二四年十二月三十一日

		Notes	2024 二零二四年 RMB′000	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Borrowings	光加到貝頂 借款	26	18,691	
Lease liabilities		27	864	2 205
	租賃負債			2,295
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	29	1,469	2,147
Deferred income	遞延收入	28		12,162
			21,024	16,604
Net liabilities	負債淨額		(223,378)	(146,126)
Equity	權益			
Share capital	股本	30	336,995	318,424
Reserves	儲備	31	(567,735)	(477,277)
Equity attributable to owners of	本公司擁有人應佔權益			
the Company			(230,740)	(158,853)
Non-controlling interest	非控股權益		7,362	12,727
Capital deficiency	股本虧絀		(223,378)	(146,126)

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 於二零二五年三月三十一日獲董事會批准及授權 31 March 2025.

刊發。

Li Wanyuan 李萬元 Director 董事

Liu Junting 劉俊廷 Director 董事

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

合併權益變動表

	Attribute to owners of the Company 本公司養有人應佔									
		Share capital 股本	Contributed surplus 實繳盈餘 (note 31(a)) (附註31(a))	Capital reserve 資本儲備 (note 31(b)) (附註31(b))	Statutory reserve 法定儲備 (note 31(c)) (附註31(c))	Translation reserve 匯兑储備 (note 31(d)) (附註31(d))	Accumulated losses 累計虧損	Subtotal 小計	Non- controlling interest 非控股權益	Total 總計
		RMB'000 人民幣千元		RMB'000 人民幣千元		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日	7,753	687,663	113,510	24,151	_	(2,008,412)	(1,175,335)	_	(1,175,335)
Loss for the yearOther comprehensive loss	一年內虧損 一其他全面虧損	_ _	- -	- -	- -	— (1,382)	(811,388)	(811,388) (1,382)	(4,932) (936)	(816,320) (2,318)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	年內全面虧損總額	_	_	_	_	(1,382)	(811,388)	(812,770)	(5,868)	(818,638)
Issue of Scheme Shares (note 30(a)) Acquisition of subsidiaries (note 38) Placing of new shares under general mandate (notes 30(b), 30(c) and	發行計劃股份(附註30(a)) 收購附屬公司(附註38) 根據一般授權配售新股份 (附註30(b)、30(c)及30(d))	287,539 —	1,380,187	_	-	-	-	1,667,726 —	— 18,595	1,667,726 18,595
30(d)) Share issue expenses	股份發行開支	23,132	139,630 (1,236)	- -	- -			162,762 (1,236)	- -	162,762 (1,236)
At 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024	於二零二三年十二月三十一日及 二零二四年一月一日	318,424	2,206,244	113,510	24,151	(1,382)	(2,819,800)	(158,853)	12,727	(146,126)
- Loss for the year - Other comprehensive loss	-年內虧損 -其他全面虧損	-	-	-	-	(1,878)	(88,389)	(88,389) (1,878)	(4,962) (403)	(93,351) (2,281)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	年內全面虧損總額	-	-	-	-	(1,878)	(88,389)	(90,267)	(5,365)	(95,632)
Placing of new shares under general mandate (note 30(e)) Share issue expenses	根據一般授權配售新股份 (附註30(e)) 股份發行開支	18,571 -	- (191)		-	-	-	18,571 (191)	-	18,571 (191)
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	336,995	2,206,053	113,510	24,151	(3,260)	(2,908,189)	(230,740)	7,362	(223,378)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

合併現金流量表

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cash flows from operating activities Loss before tax Continuing operations Discontinued operation	經營活動所得現金流量 除税前虧損 持續經營業務 已終止經營業務		(30,807) (63,198)	(781,525) (34,826)
			(94,005)	(816,351)
Adjustments for: Amortisation of deferred income Depreciation of property, plant and	就下列各項作出調整: 遞延收入攤銷 物業、廠房及設備折舊		(286)	(312)
equipment Depreciation of right-of-use assets Finance costs	使用權資產折舊 融資成本		14,833 2,996 19,401	17,237 3,028 20,526
Loss on derecognition of financial liabilities Loss on disposal of property, plant and	終止確認金融負債之虧損 出售物業、廠房及設備之	13	-	756,228
equipment Loss arising from settlement of	面音物果· 廠房及設備之 虧損 清償借款產生之虧損		-	8
borrowings Gain on the termination of right-of-use	終止使用權資產收益	40	20,518	_
assets Impairment losses of trade receivables Impairment losses of other receivables Impairment losses of prepayments Impairment loss of inventories Write-off of property, plant and	貿易應收款項之減值虧損 其他應收款項之減值虧損 預付款項減值虧損 存貨減值虧損 物業、廠房及設備撇銷		(33) 841 7,002 – 5,028	(8) 44 12,995 1,719
equipment Interest income Net foreign exchange gains	初泉、		11,132 (34) –	(231) (1,650)
Operating loss before working capital changes Decrease in inventories Decrease in trade and other receivables Increase in other current assets Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables	營運資本變動前經營虧損 存貨減少 貿易及其他應收款項減少 其他流動資產增加 貿易及其他應付款項 增加/(減少)		(12,607) 1,333 957 (6,176) 12,072	(6,767) 5,368 9,457 (1,137) (124,064)
Cash used in operations Income tax paid Interest paid on lease liabilities Interest paid on borrowings	經營所用現金 已付所得税 已付租賃負債利息 已付借款利息		(4,421) (22) (184) (1,753)	(117,143) (882) (226) (2,032)
Net cash used in operating activities	經營活動所用現金淨額		(6,380)	(120,283)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 合併現金流量表

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cash flow from investing activities Purchases of items of property, plant and equipment	投資活動所得現金流量 購買物業、廠房及 設備項目		(6,407)	(1,273)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Interest received Acquisition of subsidiaries	出售物業、廠房及設備 所得款項 已收利息 收購附屬公司	38	- 34 -	60 231 (2,857)
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用現金淨額		(6,373)	(3,839)
Cash flow from financing activities Borrowings raised Repayment of borrowings Principal element of lease payments Proceeds from placing of shares Share issue expenses	融資活動所得現金流量 籌集借款 償還借款 租賃付款本金部分 配售股份所得款項 股份發行開支		19,470 (32,189) (2,219) 18,571 (191)	42,327 (61,239) (2,594) 162,762 (1,236)
Net cash from financing activities	融資活動所得現金淨額		3,442	140,020
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents Effect of foreign exchange rate change Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January	現金及現金等價物(減少)/ 增加淨額 外匯匯率變動之影響 於一月一日之現金及 現金等價物		(9,311) 201 17,377	15,898 181 1,298
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December	於十二月三十一日之 現金及現金等價物		8,267	17,377
Analysis of cash and cash equivalents Bank and cash balances	現金及現金等價物分析 銀行及現金結餘	24	8,267	17,377

合併財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Moody Technology Holdings Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law, Cap. 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands on 29 April 2013. On 23 May 2019, the board of directors of the Company (the "Board") has been de-registered in the Cayman Islands and duly continued in Bermuda as an exempted company under the laws of Bermuda (the "Change of Domicile"). The address of its registered office is Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda. The principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong is located at 20/F, Infinitus Plaza, 199 Des Voeux Road Central, Sheung Wan, Hong Kong. The Company's shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") since 25 April 2014 (the "Listing").

The Company is an investment holding company. The particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are set out in note 37 to the consolidated financial statements.

Winding-up petition and appointment of the joint and several provisional liquidators for restructuring purpose

On 20 September 2019, the Company received a petition (the "Petition") from Su Dajie (the "Petitioner"), a holder of the 2% bond and 2.5% bond in the principal amount of approximately HK\$3,000,000 and HK\$3,006,000 issued by the Company on 12 April 2018 and 13 April 2018 (collectively, the "Bonds") respectively, in the matter of the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance (Chapter 32, Laws of Hong Kong) filed in the High Court of The Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (the "High Court") under Companies Winding-up Proceedings No. 283 of 2019, alleged that the outstanding indebtedness owed by the Company to him up to 11 March 2019 was approximately HK\$2,890,000. The winding up petition was heard before the High Court on 20 November 2019. In connection with the Petition, the Company has engaged professional parties to work out a restructuring plan for the Company's indebtedness. Such restructuring plan had been filed to the Supreme-Court of Bermuda (the "Bermuda Court").

1. 公司資料

滿地科技股份有限公司(「本公司」)於二零 一三年四月二十九日根據開曼群島法律, 22章《公司法》(一九六一年第3號法律, 經合併及修訂)在開曼群島註冊成立二月 器免有限公司。於二軍事員」)已於開 品撤銷註冊,轉而根據百幕續(「更改計 島撤銷註冊,轉而根據司存續(「更改計 地點」)。其註冊辦事處地址為Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda。本公司於香港的主要營養廣場20 樓。本公司股份自二零一四年四月二十五日 起在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」) 主板上市(「上市」)。

本公司是一家投資控股公司。本公司主要 附屬公司的詳情載於合併財務報表附註37。

清盤呈請及以重組目的委任之共同 及多個臨時清盤人

於二零一九年九月二十日,本公司收到蘇大 傑(「呈請人」)(持有本公司於二零一八年四 月十二日發行的本金額約為3,000,000港元 的2%债券和本公司於二零一八年四月十三 日發行的本金額約為3,006,000港元的2.5% 債券(以下簡稱「本債券」))就香港法例第 32章公司(清盤及雜項條文)條例向香港特 別行政區高等法院(「高等法院」)提交的呈 請(「呈請」),根據二零一九年第283號公司 清盤程序,聲稱截至二零一九年三月十一 日,本公司欠其未償債務為約2,890,000港 元。清盤呈請已於二零一九年十一月二十 日於高等法院進行聆訊。就呈請而言,本 公司已聘請專業人十編製有關本公司債務 的財務重組計劃。有關重組計劃已提交百 慕達最高法院(「百慕達法院」)。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION (Continued)

Winding-up petition and appointment of the joint and several provisional liquidators for restructuring purpose (Continued)

To facilitate the Company's financial restructuring, on 10 October 2019, a winding up petition together with an application for the appointment (the "JPL Application") of Tang Chung Wah and Kan Lap Kee of Shinewing Specialist Advisory Services Limited and Edward Alexander Niles Whittaker of R&H Services Limited respectively was appointed as joint and several provisional liquidators of the Company (together "JPLs") on a light touch approach for restructuring purpose was presented and filed with the Bermuda Court by the Company's Bermuda Counsel, Conyers Dill & Pearman at the request of the Company.

Under the JPL Application, the Company sought an order from the Bermuda Court so that the board of directors of the Company should under the monitoring of the JPLs, continue to manage the Company's affairs in all respects and exercise the powers conferred upon it by the Company's Memorandum of Association and Bye-laws, provided always that, the JPLs should have the power to seek such directions from the Bermuda Court as the JPLs are advised are appropriate to maximize the prospects of the financial restructuring being successful and to provide a moratorium to avoid a disorderly insolvency liquidation of the Company and its subsidiaries by any of the creditors who have threatened to commence liquidation proceedings.

On 5 March 2020, upon the joint application of the Petitioner and the Company by way of the consent summons, an order was made by the High Court that the Petition be dismissed.

On 11 November 2020, as part of the Company's debt restructuring scheme, the Company, together with JPLs, has formulated a restructuring transaction involving the issue of shares. On 18 May 2022, pursuant to the order dated 20 April 2022 made by the High Court, the High Court has directed that a meeting of creditors be convened for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, approving (with or without modification) a creditors scheme of arrangement (the "Scheme") proposed to be made between the Company and the creditors of the Company in respect of claims against the Company which arose on or before the effective date of the Scheme.

1. 公司資料(續)

清盤呈請及以重組目的委任之共同 及多個臨時清盤人(績)

為促進本公司的財務重組,於二零一九年十月十日,應本公司的要求,本公司的百慕達律師康德明律師事務所以非強制基礎上僅以重組為目的向百慕達法院送呈及提交清盤呈請以及申請委任(「共同臨時清盤人會」信永中和諮詢專項服務有限公司之節也之是dward Alexander Niles Whittaker分別為本公司的共同及多個臨時清盤人(統稱「共同臨時清盤人」)。

於二零二零年三月五日,於呈請人及本公司透過同意傳票的方式共同提出申請後, 高等法院頒令,呈請被駁回。

於二零二零年十一月十一日,作為本公司 債務重組計劃之一部分,本公司與共局 時清盤人制訂涉及發行股份之重組交易。 於二零二二年五月十八日,根據高令法院 於二零二二年四月二十日頒佈之以為院 等法院已指示召開債權人會議。公司與之 所 大之間就於計劃生效日期或之所 產生針對本公司之索償擬作出的債權 持計劃([計劃])。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION (Continued)

Winding-up petition and appointment of the joint and several provisional liquidators for restructuring purpose (Continued)

Pursuant to the resolution to approve the Scheme was duly passed on 8 June 2022 and the Scheme has been sanctioned by the Hong Kong Court on 28 June 2022, the Scheme has become effective on 5 September 2022. The completion of issue of Scheme Shares under specific mandate (the "Completion") took place on 4 January 2023. An aggregate of 3,262,705,241 Scheme Shares were allotted and issued to the Scheme Creditors at the issue price of HK\$0.317 per Scheme Share for settlement of the all Admitted Claims of the Scheme Creditors totalling approximately HK\$1,034.3 million.

Upon Completion, all the Admitted Claims owing by the Company to the Scheme Creditors, including all amount owing by the Company under the Bonds (including the Notes), were discharged and released in full.

On 25 January 2024, the High Court had made an order in modifying the Scheme (i) the identity of the scheme administrators be changed from Mr. Tang Chung Wah (Alan) and Mr. Kan Lap Kee (Terry) of SHINEWING Specialist Advisory Services Limited to Mr. Lai Wing Lun and Mr. Osman Mohammed Arab of Acclime Advisory Services Limited (the "New Scheme Administrators"); and (ii) the New Scheme Administrators will continue to complete all the outstanding procedures of the Scheme of arrangements as mentioned in the Scheme documents.

The Company lodged an application in relation to (i) withdrawal of the winding-up petition and (ii) discharge of the JPLs. The application was presented and filed with the Bermuda Court by the Company's Bermuda Counsel, Conyers Dill & Pearman at the request of the Company. The Bermuda Court granted an order dated 10 October 2024 (Bermuda time) that, *inter alia*, the Petition is withdrawn, and the JPLs are discharged and released.

Details of the above are set out in the Company's announcements and circulars dated 11 November 2020, 11 April 2022, 18 May 2022, 9 June 2022, 28 June 2022, 21 July 2022, 5 September 2022, 4 January 2023, 25 January 2024, 30 September 2024 and 15 October 2024 respectively.

1. 公司資料(續)

清盤呈請及以重組目的委任之共同 及多個臨時清盤人(績)

根據有關批准該計劃並於二零二二年六月 八日獲正式通過的決議案,該計劃已於二零 二二年六月二十八日獲得香港法院批准, 並於二零二二年九月五日生效。完成根據 特別授權發行計劃股份(「完成」)已於二零 二三年一月四日作實。合共3,262,705,241 股計劃股份已按發行價每股計劃股份0.317 港元配發及發行予計劃債權人,以清償計 劃債權人的所有認可索償,總額約1,034.3 百萬港元。

於完成後,本公司結欠計劃債權人的所有 認可索償(包括本公司根據債券(包括票據) 所結欠的所有金額)已被全部解除及免除。

於二零二四年一月二十五日,高等法院已作出頒令修訂計劃:(i)計劃管理人之身份由信永中和諮詢專項服務有限公司的鄧忠華先生及簡立祈先生變更為Acclime Advisory Services Limited的黎穎麟先生及馬德民先生(「新計劃管理人」):及(ii)新計劃管理人將繼續完成計劃文件所述安排計劃之所有未完成程序。

本公司已就(i)撤回清盤呈請及(ii)解除共同臨時清盤人向百慕達法院提交申請。該申請乃由本公司之百慕達律師Conyers Dill & Pearman應本公司之要求提交及存檔。百慕達法院於二零二四年十月十日(百慕達時間)授出一項法令,其中包括撤回呈請,並解除及釋放共同清盤人。

上述內容詳情分別載於本公司日期為二零二零年十一月十一日、二零二二年四月十一日、二零二二年五月十八日、二零二二年六月九日、二零二二年六月二十八日、二零二二年七月二十一日、二零二二年九月五日、二零二三年一月四日、二零二四年九月三十日及二零二四年十月十五日的公告及通函。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards issued by International Accounting Standards Board (the "IASB"). IFRS Accounting Standards comprise IFRS Accounting Standards, IAS Standards; and Interpretations. These consolidated financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange and with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622). Material accounting policies information adopted by the Group are disclosed below.

The IASB has issued certain new and revised IFRS Accounting Standards that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group. Note 4 provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current and prior accounting periods reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

3. GOING CONCERN BASIS

The Group incurred a loss of approximately RMB93,351,000 for the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group had net current liabilities and capital deficiency of approximately RMB242,269,000 and RMB223,378,000 respectively as at 31 December 2024. In addition, as disclosed in note 26 to the consolidated financial statements, as at 31 December 2024, the Group's borrowings of approximately RMB103,469,000 are subject to renewal or to be fully repaid within the next twelve months, of which approximately RMB97,030,000 were overdue. Furthermore, The Group recorded net operating cash outflow of approximately RMB6,380,000 for the year ended 31 December 2024 with the Group's total bank and cash balance remaining at a low level of RMB8,267,000 as of 31 December 2024. These conditions indicate the existence of multiple material uncertainties which may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Therefore, the Group may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

2. 呈列基準

該等合併財務報表乃根據國際會計準則理事會(「國際會計準則理事會」)頒佈之國際財務報告準則會計準則編製。國際財務報告準則會計準則為大學。國際財務報告準則、國際會計準則及詮釋。該等合併財務報表亦遵守聯交所證券上市規則之海財務報表亦遵守聯交所證券上市規則之適大國,第622章)之披露規定。本集團採納的重大會計政策資料披露如下。

國際會計準則理事會已頒佈若干新訂及經修訂國際財務報告準則會計準則,該等準則於本集團當前會計期間首次生效或可供提早採納。附註4提供有關因國際財務報告 準則會計準則初始修訂而導致任何會計政策變動的資料,而其範圍與本集團於該等合併財務報表所反映的當前及過往會計期間有關。

3. 持續經營基準

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團產生虧損約人民幣93,351,000元, 而於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團 有流動負債淨額及資本虧絀分別約人民幣 242,269,000元及人民幣223,378,000元。 此外, 誠如合併財務報表附註26所披露, 於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團約 人民幣103,469,000元的借款須重續或於 未來十二個月內悉數償付,其中約人民幣 97,030,000元已逾期。另外,本集團於截 至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度錄得 經營現金流出淨額約人民幣6,380,000元, 且截至二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集 團的銀行及現金結餘總額維持在人民幣 8,267,000元的低位。該等情況説明存在多 項重大不明朗因素,可能對本集團的持續 經營能力造成重大疑問。因此,本集團可 能無法於正常業務過程中變現資產及償還 債務。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

3. GOING CONCERN BASIS (Continued)

Having carefully considered the liquidity and working capital requirements for the next twelve months, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that it is appropriate to prepare the consolidated financial statements on going concern basis. Certain plans and measures have been or will be taken by director of the Company to mitigate the Group's liquidity pressure and to improve its cashflows which include, but are not limited to, the following:

- (a) The Group will negotiate with certain financial institutions, including the existing major lenders, for options of restructuring of the Group's existing borrowings or obtaining new financing;
- (b) The Group will continue its ongoing efforts to convince the lenders of the defaulted borrowing not to take any actions against the Group for immediate payment of the principals and interest of these borrowings;
- (c) Obtain external source of funding from potential investors by issuance of new shares; and
- (d) The directors of the Company have been taking various cost control measures to tighten the costs of operations and capital expenditure and implementing various strategies to enhance the Group's revenue.

The directors of the Company are of the opinion that, considering the abovementioned plans and measures, the Group will have sufficient working capital to finance its operations and to meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due within twelve months from 31 December 2024. Accordingly, they are satisfied that it is appropriate to prepare the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis.

3. 持續經營基準(續)

經審慎考慮未來十二個月的流動資金及營 運資金需求後,本公司董事認為以持續經 營為基礎編製合併財務報表是適當的。本 公司董事已或將要採取若干計劃及措施, 以紓緩本集團的流動資金壓力及改善其現 金流狀況,包括但不限於以下內容:

- (a) 本集團將與若干金融機構(包括現有 主要貸款人)就重組本集團現有借款 或獲得新融資的方案進行磋商;
- (b) 本集團將繼續努力說服違約借款的貸款人不要對本集團採取任何行動,要求立即償還該等借款的本金及利息;
- (c) 通過發行新股從潛在投資者獲得外部 資金來源;及
- (d) 本公司董事一直採取各項成本控制措施以收緊營運成本及資本開支,並實施多項策略以增加本集團的收入。

本公司董事認為,考慮到上述計劃及措施,本集團將有足夠的營運資金為其營運提供資金,並在二零二四年十二月三十一日起十二個月內到期時履行其財務責任。因此,彼等確信根據持續經營基準編製合併財務報表屬適當。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

3. GOING CONCERN BASIS (Continued)

Notwithstanding the above, material uncertainties exist as to whether the Group will be able to achieve its plans and measures as described above. Whether the Group will be able to continue as a going concern would depend upon the following:

- (a) successfully secure new financing from the financial institutions to fund its operations and financial obligations as and when they fall due as well as restructuring of the existing borrowings by extending the payment schedule;
- successful negotiations with the lenders of the defaulted borrowing that they will not take any actions against the Group to exercise their rights to demand immediate payment of the principals and interests of these borrowings;
- (c) successful obtain external source of funding from potential investors by issuance of new shares; and
- (d) the Group's ability to generate operating cash flows to meet the Group's ongoing funding needs as well as successfully control operations costs and capital expenditure, and implementing various strategies to enhance the Group's revenue.

Should the Group be unable to continue as a going concern, adjustments would have to be made to the consolidated financial statements, to write down the value of assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for further liabilities which might arise and to reclassify non-current assets and non-current liabilities as current assets and current liabilities, respectively. The effect of these adjustments has not been reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

3. 持續經營基準(續)

儘管綜上所述,本集團是否能夠實現上述 計劃及措施仍存在重大不確定性。本集團 是否能夠持續經營將取決於以下因素:

- (a) 成功自金融機構獲得新融資,為其運 營及到期財務責任提供資金,並通過 延長付款時間表重組現有借款;
- (b) 成功與違約借款的貸款人磋商,彼等 不會對本集團採取任何行動以行使其 權利要求立即償還該等借款本金及利 息;
- (c) 成功通過發行新股從潛在投資者獲得 外部資金來源;及
- (d) 本集團產生營運現金流的能力,以滿 足本集團的持續資金需求,以及成功 控制營運成本及資本開支並實施多項 策略以增加本集團的收入。

倘本集團無法持續經營,則必須對合併財務報表作出調整,以將資產之價值撇減至其可收回金額,以撥備可能出現之任何額外負債,並將非流動資產及非流動負債分別重新分類為流動資產及流動負債。該等調整之影響將不會於合併財務報表內反映。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

4. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED IFRS Accounting Standards

(a) Application of new and revised IFRS Accounting Standards

In the current year, the Group has applied the following amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards issued by the IASB for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2024 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

Amendments to IAS 1 國際會計準則第1號(修訂) Amendments to IAS 1 國際會計準則第1號(修訂) Amendments to IFRS 16 國際財務報告準則第16號(修訂) Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7 國際會計準則第7號及國際財務報告準則第7號(修訂)

採納新訂及經修訂國際財務報告 準則會計準則

(a) 應用新訂及經修訂國際財務報 告準則會計準則

於本年度,本集團已於編製合併財務 報表時首次應用以下由國際會計準則 理事會頒佈且於二零二四年一月一日 或之後開始的年度期間強制生效的經 修訂國際財務報告準則會計準則:

Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current 負債分類為流動或非流動 Non-current Liabilities with Covenants 附帶契諾的非流動負債 Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback 售後租回中的租賃負債 Supplier Finance Arrangements 供應商融資安排

Adoption of Amendments to IAS 1 "Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current" and Amendments to IAS 1 "Non-current Liabilities with Covenants" (collectively the "IAS 1 Amendments")

As a result of the adoption of the IAS 1 Amendments, the Group changed its accounting policy for the classification of borrowings as below:

"Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless, at the end of the reporting period, the Group has a right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

Covenants that the Group is required to comply with, on or before the end of the reporting period, are considered in classifying loan arrangements with covenants as current or non-current. Covenants that the Group is required to comply with after the reporting period do not affect the classification."

This new policy did not result in a change in the classification of the Group's borrowings. The Group did not make retrospective adjustments as a result of adopting IAS 1 Amendments.

採納國際會計準則第1號(修訂)「負債分類為流動或非流動」及國際會計準則第1號(修訂)「附帶契諾的非流動負債」 (統稱為「國際會計準則第1號(修訂)」)

由於採納國際會計準則第1號(修訂),本集團有關借款分類的會計政策變更如下:

「借款分類為流動負債,除非於報告期 末,本集團有權推遲至報告期後至少 12個月償還負債。

將附帶契諾的貸款安排分類為流動或 非流動時,會考慮本集團於報告期末 或之前須遵守的契諾。本集團於報告 期後須遵守的契諾不影響該分類。」

該項新政策並未導致本集團借款的分類發生變化。本集團並無因採納國際會計準則第1號(修訂)而作出追溯調整。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

4. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED IFRS Accounting Standards (Continued)

(a) Application of new and revised IFRS Accounting Standards (Continued)

Except for the above, the other amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards effective for the current year beginning on 1 January 2024 do not have a material impact on the Group's consolidated financial statement.

(b) New and amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not early applied new and amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards that have been issued but are not yet effective for the financial year beginning 1 January 2024. These new and amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards include the following which may be relevant to the Group.

4. 採納新訂及經修訂國際財務報告 準則會計準則(績)

(a) 應用新訂及經修訂國際財務報 告準則會計準則(續)

> 除上文所述者外,於二零二四年一月 一日開始之當前年度生效的其他經修 訂國際財務報告準則會計準則對本集 團的合併財務報表概無重大影響。

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂及經 修訂國際財務報告準則會計準 則

> 本集團並無提前應用於二零二四年一 月一日開始的財政年度已頒佈但尚未 生效的新訂及經修訂國際財務報告準 則會計準則。該等新訂及經修訂國際 財務報告準則會計準則包括可能與本 集團相關的以下各項。

> > Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 於以下日期或之後開始的會計期間生效

Amendments to IAS 21 and IFRS 1 – Lack of Exchangeability

Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 – Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments

Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting Standards – Volume 11

IFRS 18 – Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements

Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 – Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture 國際會計準則第21號及國際財務報告 準則第1號(修訂)— 缺乏可交換性

國際財務報告準則第9號及國際財務 報告準則第7號(修訂)— 金融工具 的分類及計量

國際財務報告準則會計準則年度改進一第11卷

國際財務報告準則第18號一財務報表 的呈列及披露

國際財務報告準則第10號及國際會計 準則第28號(修訂)— 投資者與其 聯營公司或合營公司之間的資產出 售或注資 1 January 2025 二零二五年一月一日 1 January 2026

1 January 2026 二零二六年一月一日 1 January 2027 二零二七年一月一日 To be determined

待釐定

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

4. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED IFRS Accounting Standards (Continued)

(b) New and amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards in issue but not yet effective

(Continued)

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these amendments and new standards is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far it has concluded that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements except for the following.

IFRS 18 "Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements"

IFRS 18 will replace IAS 1 "Presentation of financial statements", introducing new requirements that will help to achieve comparability of the financial performance of similar entities and provide more relevant information and transparency to users. Even though IFRS 18 will not impact the recognition or measurement of items in the consolidated financial statements, IFRS 18 introduces significant changes to the presentation of financial statements, with a focus on information about financial performance present in the statement of profit or loss. which will affect how the Group present and disclose financial performance in the financial statements. The key changes introduced in IFRS 18 relate to (i) the structure of the statement of profit or loss, (ii) required disclosures for management-defined performance measures (which are referred to alternative or non-GAAP performance measures), and (iii) enhanced requirements for aggregation and disaggregation of information.

The directors of the Company are currently assessing the impact of applying IFRS 18 on the presentation and the disclosures of the consolidated financial statements.

- 4. 採納新訂及經修訂國際財務報告 準則會計準則(續)
 - (b) 已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂及經 修訂國際財務報告準則會計準 則(續)

本集團現正評估該等修訂及新訂準則 於首次應用期間預期產生的影響。截 至目前,本集團認為採納該等修訂及 新訂準則不太可能會對合併財務報表 造成重大影響,惟下列方面除外。

國際財務報告準則第18號「財務報表的呈列及披露」

國際財務報告準則第18號將取代國際 會計準則第1號「財務報表的呈列」, 引入新規定,有助於實現類似實體財 務表現的可比性,並為使用者提供更 多相關資料及诱明度。儘管國際財務 報告準則第18號並不影響合併財務報 表項目的確認或計量,但國際財務報 告準則第18號對財務報表的呈列方式 引入重大變動,聚焦於損益表中呈列 的財務表現資料,其將影響本集團於 財務報表中呈列及披露財務表現的方 式。國際財務報告準則第18號頒佈的 主要變更涉及:(i)損益表的結構;(ii) 管理層定義的業績計量(即替代或非 公認會計原則業績計量)的披露要求; 及(iii)強化信息彙總及細分的要求。

本公司董事目前正在評估應用國際財務報告準則第18號對合併財務報表的 呈列及披露的影響。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

5. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS Accounting Standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in note 6.

The material accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below.

(a) Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 31 December. Subsidiaries are entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The Group has power over an entity when the Group has existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities, i.e. activities that significantly affect the entity's returns.

When assessing control, the Group considers its potential voting rights as well as potential voting rights held by other parties. A potential voting right is considered only if the holder has the practical ability to exercise that right.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date the control ceases.

Intragroup transactions, balances and unrealised profits are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

5. 重大會計政策資料

該等合併財務報表乃根據歷史成本慣例編 製。

編製符合國際財務報告準則會計準則的財務報表須使用若干關鍵會計估計。這亦須管理層在應用本集團會計政策過程中作出判斷。該等範疇涉及高度判斷或複雜性或為其假設及估計對合併財務報表有重大影響的範疇,在附註6中披露。

以下為編製該等合併財務報表所應用的主 要會計政策。

(a) 合併入賬

在評估控制權時,本集團會考慮其潛 在投票權以及其他人士持有之潛在投 票權。僅在持有人能實際行使潛在投 票權之情況下,方會考慮該權利。

附屬公司之賬目由其控制權轉至本集 團當日起合併入賬,直至控制權終止 之日起不再合併入賬。

集團內公司間交易、結餘及未變現溢 利均予對銷。未變現虧損亦會對銷, 除非該交易有證據顯示所轉讓資產出 現減值則作別論。附屬公司的會計政 策已作出必要調整,以確保與本集團 所採納的政策貫徹一致。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

5. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

(a) Consolidation (Continued)

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in subsidiaries not attributable, directly or indirectly, to the Company. Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position and consolidated statement of changes in equity within equity. Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as an allocation of profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between the non-controlling shareholders and owners of the Company.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling shareholders even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

In the Company's statement of financial position, an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment loss.

(b) Associates

Associates are entities over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of an entity but is not control or joint control over those policies. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible, including potential voting rights held by other entities, are considered when assessing whether the Group has significant influence. In assessing whether a potential voting right contributes to significant influence, the holder's intention and financial ability to exercise or convert that right is not considered.

5. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(a) 合併入賬(續)

非控股權益指並非直接或間接歸屬於本公司之附屬公司權益。非控股權益於合併財務狀況表及合併權益變動表之權益內呈列。非控股權益於合併損益及其他全面收益表內呈列,作為本年度損益及全面收益總額在非控股股東與本公司擁有人之間的分配。

損益及其他全面收益的各組成部分歸屬於本公司擁有人及非控股股東,即 使此舉會導致非控股權益出現虧絀結 餘亦然。

於本公司之財務狀況表內,於附屬公司的投資乃按成本減減值虧損列賬。

(b) 聯營公司

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

5. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

(b) Associates (Continued)

Investment in an associate is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements by the equity method and is initially recognised at cost. Identifiable assets and liabilities of the associate in an acquisition are measured at their fair values at the acquisition date. The excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the associate's identifiable assets and liabilities is recorded as goodwill. The goodwill is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is tested for impairment together with the investment at the end of each reporting period when there is objective evidence that the investment is impaired. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of acquisition is recognised in consolidated profit or loss.

The Group assesses whether there is an objective evidence that the interest in an associate may be impaired. When any objective evidence exists, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with IAS 36 *Impairment of Assets* as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised is not allocated to any asset, including goodwill, that forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with IAS 36 *Impairment of Assets* to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

The Group's share of an associate's post-acquisition profits or losses and other comprehensive income is recognised in consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate. If the associate subsequently reports profits, the Group resumes recognising its share of those profits only after its share of the profits equals the share of losses not recognised.

5. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(b) 聯營公司(續)

本集團評估有否客觀證據表明於聯營公司的權益可能出現減值。當部點沒值的全額證據時,該國際會計準則第36號資產減值作為單一資金額(使為單一資金額(使為單一資金額(使為單一資金額(使為單一數,值值其會的任何減值的任何資產(包括商譽)。倘其國際會議會,則按照國際該國際會議會,則接照國際該國際的資產減值確認撥回該資產減值確認撥回該該資產減值確認撥回該減值虧損。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

5. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

(c) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB"), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances in each entity's financial statements

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency on initial recognition using the exchange rates prevailing on the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the end of each reporting period. Gains and losses resulting from this translation policy are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. The transaction date is the date on which the company initially recognises such non-monetary assets or liabilities.

When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in other comprehensive income, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income. When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

5. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(c) 外幣匯兑

(i) 功能及呈列貨幣

本集團各實體財務報表內所包括項目,均利用該實體經營的主要經濟環境的貨幣(「功能貨幣」)計量。合併財務報表以人民幣(「人民幣」)呈列,人民幣為本公司之功能及呈列貨幣。

(ii) 於各個實體的財務報表中的 交易及結餘

外幣交易於初始確認時使用交易 日期之通行匯率換算為功能貨 幣。以外幣為單位之貨幣資產及 負債按各報告期末之匯率換算。 此換算政策產生之盈虧於損益內 確認。

以外幣列值並以歷史成本計量的 非貨幣資產及負債乃使用於交易 日期適用的外幣匯率換算。交易 日期為本公司首次確認相關非貨 幣資產或負債的日期。

當非貨幣項目的盈利或虧損於其他全面收益確認時,該盈利或虧損的任何匯兑部分於其他全面收益確認。當非貨幣項目的盈利或虧損於損益確認時,該盈利或虧損的任何匯兑部分於損益確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

5. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

(c) Foreign currency translation (Continued)

(iii) Translation on consolidation

The results and financial position of all the Group entities that have a functional currency different from the Company's presentation currency are translated into the Company's presentation currency as follows:

- Assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- Income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates for the period (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the exchange rates on the transaction dates); and
- All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the foreign currency translation reserve.

(d) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment, including buildings held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes (other than properties under construction as described below), are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost, less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised in profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

5. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(c) 外幣匯兑(續)

(iii) 合併換算

功能貨幣與本公司呈列貨幣不同 的所有集團實體的業績及財務狀 況,均按以下方法換算為本公司 的呈列貨幣:

- 呈列於每份財務狀況表的 資產及負債,均以該財務 狀況表日期的收市匯率換 算;
- 期內收入及支出均按平均 匯率換算(惟該平均值並非 有關交易日通行匯率累積 影響的合理近似值則作別 論,在此情況收入及支出 均按交易日匯率換算);及
- 所有最終匯兑差額於其他 全面收益確認及於外幣匯 兑儲備累計。

(d) 物業、廠房及設備

持作用於生產或提供貨品或服務或作 行政用途的物業、廠房及設備,包括 建築物(下文所述的在建物業除外)乃 按成本減後續累計折舊及後續累計減 值虧損(如有)於合併財務狀況表列 賬。

其後成本只有在與該資產有關的未來 經濟利益有可能流入本集團,而該項 目的成本能可靠計量時,才包括在項 目的賬面值或確認為獨立資產(如適 用)。所有其他維修及保養成本在產 生的期間內於損益內確認。

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5. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

(d) Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated at rates sufficient to write off their cost less their residual values over the estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The useful lives or rates are as follows:

Buildings	On the shorter of the term of
	the lease, and 20–30 years
Machinery and equipment	10%
Office equipment and furni	ture 20%
Motor vehicles	20%

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Construction in progress represents buildings under construction and plant and equipment pending installation, and is stated at cost less impairment losses. Depreciation begins when the relevant assets are available for use.

The gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset, and is recognised in profit or loss.

5. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(d) 物業、廠房及設備(續)

物業、廠房及設備的折舊乃按足以在 其估計可使用年期內撇銷其成本減剩 餘價值的比率以直線法計算。可使用 年期或率列載如下:

建築物	以租期或20年至
	30年較短者
機器及設備	10%
辦公室設備及傢俱	20%
汽車	20%

剩餘價值、可使用年期及折舊方法在 各報告期末進行檢討及在適當情況下 調整。

在建工程指在建的建築物及有待安裝 的廠房及設備,按成本減減值虧損列 值。有關資產可供使用時開始折舊。

出售物業、廠房及設備的收益或虧損 指出售所得款項淨額與有關資產的賬 面值的差額,並於損益確認。

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5. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

(e) Leases

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to direct the use of the identified asset and to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from that use.

(i) The Group as a lessee

Where the contract contains lease component(s) and non-lease component(s), the Group has elected not to separate non-lease components and accounts for each lease component and any associated non-lease components as a single lease component for all leases.

At the lease commencement date, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, except for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets, which for the Group are primarily office and factory. When the Group enters into a lease in respect of a low-value asset, the Group decides whether to capitalise the lease on a lease-by-lease basis. The lease payments associated with those leases which are not capitalised are recognised as an expense on a systematic basis over the lease term.

Where the lease is capitalised, the lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, using a relevant incremental borrowing rate. After initial recognition, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost and interest expense is calculated using the effective interest method. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are not included in the measurement of the lease liability and hence are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

5. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(e) 租賃

本集團會於合約初始生效時評估該合約是否屬租賃或包含租賃。倘合約在一段時間內為換取代價而轉讓可識別資產使用的控制權,則該合約屬租賃或包含租賃。倘客戶有權主導可識別資產的使用及從該使用中獲取幾乎所有的經濟收益,則已轉讓控制權。

(i) 本集團作為承租人

當合約包含租賃部分及非租賃部分,本集團已選擇不區分非租賃部分及將各租賃部分及任何關聯非租賃部分入賬列為所有租賃之單一租賃部分。

於租賃開始日期,本集團確認問用權資產和租賃負債,惟租租賃負債,惟租租賃負債的短期租租賃值資產(就本集團而言除知五年團就低價值資產(就本集團」在實立室及廠房)的租賃值資產的資產情可可用。與該等可用與該等有關的租賃有關的租賃有關的租賃期內按系統基準確認為開支。

當租賃資本化時,租賃負債初始 按於租賃期內應付的租賃付款不用租赁的內含利率(如果用租赁的內含利率,則使現 關增量借款利率)折,租赁原 關增量借款利率)折,租赁原 關始確認後,和負債使 實際就本計量,而利息開支於 實際或此率的可變租賃付,因 指在租賃負債的計量內, 發生的會計期間扣自損益。

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5. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

(e) Leases (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Group:

- where possible, uses recent third-party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third party financing was received.
- uses a build-up approach that starts with a risk-free interest rate adjusted for credit risk for leases held by the Group, which does not have recent third-party financing, and
- makes adjustments specific to the lease, such as term, country, currency and security.

If a readily observable amortising loan rate is available to the individual lessee (through recent financing or market data) which has a similar payment profile to the lease, then the group entities use that rate as a starting point to determine the incremental borrowing rate.

The right-of-use asset recognised when a lease is capitalised is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability plus any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, and any initial direct costs incurred. Where applicable, the cost of the rightof-use assets also includes an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, discounted to their present value, less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use asset is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

5. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(e) 租賃(續)

(i) 本集團作為承租人(續)

為釐定增量借款利率,本集團:

- 在可能情況下,使用個別 承租人收取的最近第三方 融資作為起點,調整反映 自收取第三方融資以來的 融資條件變動;
- 使用建立法,由無風險利 率開始調整本集團持有的 並無近期第三方融資租賃 的信貸風險;及
- 針對租賃作出具體調整, 如條款、國家、貨幣及抵

倘個別承租人可獲得可隨時觀察 到的攤銷貸款利率(通過近期融 資或市場數據)且其付款情況與 租賃類似,則本集團實體以該利 率為起點以釐定增量借款利率。

於租賃資本化時所確認的使用權 資產初始以成本計量,其包括租 賃負債的初始金額加在開始日或 之前支付的任何租賃付款,以及 發生的任何初始直接費用。在適 用的情况下,使用權資產的成本 亦包括拆卸及移除相關資產或將 相關資產或相關資產所在地復原 的估計成本折現的現值,並減去 任何收到的租賃激勵。使用權資 產其後以成本減去累計折舊及減 值虧損列值。

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5. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

(e) Leases (Continued)

(i) The Group as a lessee (Continued)

Right-of-use assets in which the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the underlying leased assets at the end of the lease term are depreciated from commencement date to the end of the useful life. Otherwise, right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

The lease liability is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, or there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or there is a change arising from the reassessment of whether the Group will be reasonably certain to exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The lease liability is also remeasured when there is a change in the scope of a lease or the consideration for a lease that is not originally provided for in the lease contract ("lease modification") that is not accounted for as a separate lease. In this case the lease liability is remeasured based on the revised lease payments and lease term using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification.

5. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(e) 租賃(續)

(i) 本集團作為承租人(續)

本集團已合理地確定可於租期結束時取得相關租賃資產所有權的使用權資產由開始日期起至可使用年期結束止計提折舊。在其他情況下,使用權資產按直線法於其估計可使用年期及租期(以較短者為準)內計提折舊。

當租賃範疇發生變化或租賃合同原先並無規定的租賃代價發生變化(「租賃修改」),且未完實獨的租賃入賬時,則亦要對租賃負債進行重新計量。在該等情況,租賃負債根據經修訂的租赁期限,使用經修訂的財現率在修改生效日重新計量。

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5. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

(e) Leases (Continued)

(ii) The Group as a lessor

When the Group acts as a lessor, it determines as lease inception whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of an underlying assets to the lessee. If this is not the case, the lease is classified as an operating lease.

Rental income from operating lease is recognised in profit or loss on a straight line bases over the term of the relevant lease.

(f) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average basis. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of all production overhead expenditure. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Costs necessary to make the sales include incremental costs directly attributable to the sale and non-incremental costs which the Group must incur to make sale

(a) Other current assets

Other current assets are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. When the other current assets are utilised, it is recognised as cost in profit or loss.

5. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(e) 租賃(續)

(ii) 本集團作為出租人

倘本集團作為出租人,則於租賃 開始時釐定各租賃是否為融資租 賃或經營租賃。倘租賃將相關資 產擁有權附帶的絕大部分風險及 回報轉移至承租人,則分類為融 資租賃。倘不屬於以上情況,則 租賃分類為經營租賃。

經營租賃的租金收入在相關租賃 期內按直線法於損益確認。

(f) 存貨

存貨乃按成本與可變現淨值兩者之 中較低者列賬。成本使用加權平包括 產定。製成品及在製品的成本包括原 料、直接人工及適當比例的所業 強項開支。可變現淨值為日常業產 程中的估計售價減去估計完成生產 程中的估計售價減去估計完成 進行銷售所需的成本包括可直接 售的增量成本和本集團進行銷售所必 須發生的非增量成本。

(q) 其他流動資產

其他流動資產以成本減累計減值虧損 計量。其他流動資產獲動用時,於損 益中確認為成本。

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5. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

(h) Recognition and derecognition of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when the Group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value except for trade receivable arising from contracts with customers which are initially measured in accordance with IFRS 15. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

5. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(h) 確認及終止確認金融工具

金融資產及金融負債於集團實體成為 工具合約條文的訂約方時於合併財務 狀況表內確認。

本集團當及僅於其責任獲解除、取消或已失效時終止確認金融負債。終止確認之金融負債賬面值與已付及應付代價(包括任何所轉讓之非現金資產或所承擔之負債)之間的差額於損益中確認。

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5. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

(i) Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace. All recognised financial assets are measured subsequently in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income and interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts and payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

(i) Trade and other receivables

A receivable is recognised when the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration. A right to receive consideration is unconditional if only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due. If revenue has been recognised before the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration, the amount is presented as a contract asset.

Receivables are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less allowance for expected credit losses ("ECL").

5. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(i) 金融資產

所有以常規方式購入或出售之金融資 產均按買賣日期基準確認及終止確 認。以常規方式購入或出售指須於市 場規定或慣例所訂時限內交付資產之 金融資產購入或出售。所有已確認金 融資產其後全部按攤銷成本或公平值 計量,視乎金融資產的分類而定。

(i) 貿易及其他應收款項

本集團具有無條件權利收取代價時確認應收款項。在該代價到期支付前, 收取代價的權利僅需經過一段時間方 為無條件。如收益在本集團擁有無條 件權利收取代價前經已確認,則金額 呈列為合約資產。

應收款項利用實際利率法按攤銷成本減預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)撥備列賬。

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5. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

(k) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the consolidated cash flow statement. Cash and cash equivalents are assessed for ECL.

(I) Discontinued operations

A discontinued operation is a component of the Group (i.e. the operations and cash flows of which can be clearly distinguished from the rest of the Group) that either has been disposed of, or is classified as held for sale, and which represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, or is part of a single coordinated plan to dispose of a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, or is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale.

Classification as a discontinued operation occurs upon disposal or when the component meets the criteria to be classified as held for sale in accordance with IFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations, if earlier. It also occurs when the component is abandoned.

When an operation is classified as discontinued, a single amount is presented in the statement of profit or loss, which comprises:

- The post-tax profit or loss of the discontinued operation; and
- The post-tax gain or loss recognised on the measurement to fair value less costs to sell, or on the disposal, of the assets or disposal group constituting the discontinued operation.

5. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(k) 現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物包括銀行及手頭 現金,並無明顯變值風險並在購入後 三個月內到期。就合併現金流量表而 言,須按要求償還並構成本集團現金 管理組成部分的銀行透支亦入賬列作 現金及現金等價物的一部分。現金及 現金等價物評估預期信貸虧損。

(I) 已終止經營業務

已終止經營業務為本集團已經處置或劃分為持作出售類別之組成部分,其業務及現金流量可與本集團其他部分明確區分,並代表一項獨立主要業務或經營地區,或屬於擬出售一項獨立主要業務或經營地區之單一協調計劃之一部分,或僅為轉售而收購之附屬公司。

倘該部分業務被出售或根據國際財務報告準則第5號持作出售的非流動資產及已終止經營業務符合標準被分類為持作出售之項目(如較早發生),則分類為已終止經營業務。撤出業務時,該部分業務亦會分類為已終止經營業務。

當一項業務被分類為已終止經營業 務時,於損益表中將僅以單一數額列 示,包括:

- 已終止經營業務之除稅後溢利或 虧損,及
- 按公平值減銷售成本計量或出售 構成已終止經營業務的資產或出 售組別時確認的稅後收益或虧 損。

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5. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

(m) Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument under IFRS Accounting Standards. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. The accounting policies adopted for specific financial liabilities and equity instruments are set out below.

(n) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

(o) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless, at the end of the reporting period, the Group has a right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

Covenants that the Group is required to comply with, on or before the end of the reporting period, are considered in classifying loan arrangements with covenants as current or non-current. Covenants that the Group is required to comply with after the reporting period do not affect the classification at the reporting date.

(p) Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises a loss allowance for ECL on trade and other receivables. The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial instrument.

5. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(m) 金融負債及權益工具

(n) 貿易及其他應付款項

貿易及其他應付款項按其公平值初始 確認,其後使用實際利率法按攤銷成 本計量,除非貼現影響不大,在該情 況下以成本列賬。

(o) 借款

借款初步按公平值扣除所產生之交易 成本確認,並其後以實際利率法按攤 銷成本計算。

除非於報告期末本集團擁有權利,可 將負債之償還日期遞延至報告期後至 少十二個月,否則借貸被分類為流動 負債。

在將附帶契諾的貸款安排分類為流動 或非流動時,會考慮本集團須於報告 期結束時或之前遵守的契諾。本集團 於報告期後須遵守的契諾不影響於報 告日期的分類。

(p) 金融資產減值

本集團就貿易及其他應收款項的預期 信貸虧損確認虧損撥備。預期信貸虧 損之金額於各報告日期更新,以反映 信貸風險自初始確認相關金融工具以 來之變化。

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5. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

(p) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for trade and other receivables. The ECL on these financial assets are estimated using the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date, including time value of money where appropriate.

For all other financial instruments, the Group recognises lifetime ECL when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. However, if the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month ECL.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forwardlooking information that is available without undue cost or effort. Forward-looking information considered includes the future prospects of the industries in which the Group's debtors operate, obtained from economic expert reports, financial analysts, governmental bodies, relevant think-tanks and other similar organisations, as well as consideration of various external sources of actual and forecast economic information that relate to the Group's core operations.

5. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(p) 金融資產減值(續)

本集團通常就貿易及其他應收款項確認全期預期信貸虧損。該等金融資產之預期信貸虧損乃使用本集團過往信貸虧損經驗進行估計,並就債務人之特定因素、整體經濟狀況及對於報告日期之現時狀況及預測動向的評估(於適用情況下包括貨幣之時間價值)作出調整。

就所有其他金融工具而言,倘信貸風險自初始確認後顯著增加,則本集團確認全期預期信貸虧損。然而,倘該金融工具的信貸風險自初始確認後並無顯著增加,本集團以相當於12個月預期信貸虧損的金額計量該金融工具的損失撥備。

全期預期信貸虧損指一切可能於金融工具預計年期內發生之違約事件將導致之預期信貸虧損。相對而言,12個月期預期信貸虧損指預期於報告日期之後12個月內可能發生金融工具違約事件所引致之部分全期預期信貸虧損。

信貸風險顯著上升

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

5. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (Continued)

(p) Impairment of financial assets (Continued) Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating:
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk for a particular financial instrument;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor;
- significant increases in credit risk on other financial instruments of the same debtor;
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

5. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(p) 金融資產減值(續) 信貸風險顯著上升(續)

具體而言,評估信貸風險自初始確認 以來有否顯著上升時,會考慮下列資 料:

- 金融工具外部(如有)或內部信 貸評級的實際或預期重大倒退;
- 某特定金融工具的信貸風險的外 部市場指標的重大惡化;
- 業務、財務或經濟狀況現存或預 測的不利變動,預料將導致債務 人履行其債務責任的能力顯著下
- 債務人經營業績的實際或預期顯 著倒退;
- 同一債務人的其他金融工具的信 貸風險大幅增加;
- 債務人監管、經濟或技術環境的 實際或預期重大不利變動,導致 債務人履行其債務責任的能力顯 著下降。

不論上述評估結果,本集團假定,倘 合約付款逾期超過30日,則金融資產 的信貸風險自初始確認以來已顯著增 加,惟當本集團擁有合理並有理據支 持的資料顯示情況並非如此,則作別 論。

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5. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

(p) Impairment of financial assets (Continued) Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)

Despite the foregoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date. A financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk if:

- (i) The financial instrument has a low risk of default,
- (ii) The debtor has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term, and
- (iii) Adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations.

The Group considers a financial asset to have low credit risk when the asset has external credit rating of "investment grade" in accordance with the globally understood definition or if an external rating is not available, the asset has an internal rating of "performing". Performing means that the counterparty has a strong financial position and there is no past due amounts.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

5. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(p) 金融資產減值(續) 信貸風險顯著上升(續)

儘管有上述規定,若於報告日期金融 工具被判定為具有較低信貸風險,本 集團會假設金融工具的信貸風險自初 始確認以來並未顯著上升。在以下情 況下,金融工具會被判定為具有較低 信貸風險:

- (i) 金融工具具有較低違約風險,
- (ii) 債務人有很強的能力履行近期的 合約現金流量義務,及
- (iii) 經濟及商業環境的長期不利變動 有可能但未必會降低借款人履行 合約現金流量義務的能力。

本集團認為,若根據眾所周知的定義,資產的外部信貸評級為「投資級」,或若無外部評級,資產的內部信貸評級為「履行」,則該金融資產具有較低信貸風險。履行意味著交易對手具有強大的財務狀況且無逾期金額。

本集團定期監察識別信貸風險是否顯 著上升所用標準的有效性,並酌情修 訂以確保該標準能夠在款項逾期前識 別信貸風險的顯著上升。

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5. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

(p) Impairment of financial assets (Continued) Definition of default

The Group considers the following as constituting an event of default for internal credit risk management purposes as historical experience indicates that receivables that meet either of the following criteria are generally not recoverable.

- when there is a breach of financial covenants by the counterparty; or
- information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above analysis, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the counterparty;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- the lender(s) of the counterparty, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the counterparty's financial difficulty, having granted to the counterparty a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider:
- it is becoming probable that the counterparty will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

5. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(p) 金融資產減值(續)

違約的定義

本集團認為以下情況就內部信貸風險 管理目的而言構成違約事件,因為過 往經驗表明符合以下任何一項條件的 應收款項一般無法收回。

- 一 交易對手違反財務契諾;或
- 內部產生或獲取自外部來源的資料表明,債務人不太可能向債權人(包括本集團)全額還款(不考慮本集團持有的任何抵押品)。

不論上述分析,本集團認為,違約已 於當金融資產逾期超過90天時發生, 惟本集團有合理且可支持的資料證明 更為滯後的違約標準更為適當除外。

信貸減值金融資產

當發生對金融資產的估計未來現金流量產生不利影響的一項或多項事件之時,該金融資產即出現信貸減值。金融資產信貸減值的證據包括以下事件的可觀察數據:

- 發行人或交易對手陷入嚴重財 困;
- 一 違反合約,例如違約或逾期事 件;
- 交易對手的貸款人出於與交易對 手財困相關的經濟或合約原因, 而向交易對手授予貸款人原本不 會考慮的優惠;
- 交易對手可能破產或進行其他財務重組;或
- 金融資產的活躍市場因財困而消失。

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5. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

(p) Impairment of financial assets (Continued) Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, including when the debtor has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or in the case of trade receivables, when the amounts are over two years past due, whichever occurs sooner. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. Any recoveries made are recognised in profit or loss.

Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information as described above. As for the exposure at default, for financial assets, this is represented by the assets' gross carrying amount at the reporting date determined based on historical trend, the Group's understanding of the specific future financing needs of the debtors, and other relevant forward-looking information.

For financial assets, the ECL is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

If the Group has measured the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to lifetime ECL in the previous reporting period, but determines at the current reporting date that the conditions for lifetime ECL are no longer met, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month ECL at the current reporting date, except for assets for which simplified approach was used.

5. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(p) 金融資產減值(續) *撇銷政策*

本集團在有資料顯示債務人陷入嚴重財務困難,且無實際收回可能定時(包括債務人被清盤或已進入破理序,或貿易應收款項逾期超過兩年(以較早發生者為準))撇銷金融資產。在考慮法律意見(如適當)後收內壓了實施強制執行。任何收回款項於損益中確認。

預期信貸虧損的計量及確認

預期信貸虧損的計量乃指違約概率、 違約損失率程度(即倘違約所達。 損失程度)及違約風險的函數。 違約概率及違約損失率程度報 更數據作出,並根據前瞻性資產之 (誠如上文所述)。就金融資產違納 險而言,此乃代表根據過往趨勢本集, 於報告日期的資產賬面總值、的了 於報告日期的資產服會需求的 對債務人未來具體融資需求 以及其他相關前瞻性信息。

就金融資產而言,預期信貸虧損按根據合約應付本集團的所有合約現金流量與本集團預期可收取的所有現金流量(按原定實際利率貼現)之間的差額估算。

倘本集團於前一報告期間按全期預期 信貸虧損的相同金額計量金融工具的 虧損撥備,惟於本報告日期判定已已 再符合全期預期信貸虧損之條件,則 本集團於本報告日期按12個月預期信 貸虧損的相同金額計量虧損撥備,惟 使用簡化方法的資產則作別論。

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5. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

(p) Impairment of financial assets (Continued) Measurement and recognition of ECL (Continued)

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

(q) Revenue

Revenue is recognised when control over a product is transferred to the customer, at the amount of promised consideration to which the Group is expected to be entitled, excluding those amounts collected on behalf of third parties. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

Sales of manufactured products

Revenue from the sale of manufactured products is recognised at a point in time when control of the goods has transferred, being when the goods have been shipped to the buyer's specific location (delivery). Following delivery, the buyer has full discretion over the manner of distribution and price to sell the goods, has the primary responsibility when on selling the goods and bears the risks of obsolescence and loss in relation to the goods. A receivable is recognised by the Group when the goods are delivered to the buyer as this represents the point in time at which the right to consideration becomes unconditional, as only the passage of time is required before payment is due.

5. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(p) 金融資產減值(續)

預期信貸虧損的計量及確認(續)

本集團於損益確認所有金融工具的減 值收益或虧損,並通過虧損撥備賬對 其賬面值作出相應調整。

(q) 收益

當產品的控制權按本集團預期有權 獲取的承諾代價數額(不包括代表第 三方收取的金額)轉移至客戶時確認 收益。收益不包括增值税或其他銷售 税,並經扣除任何貿易折扣。

銷售製成品

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5. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

(q) Revenue (Continued)

Provision of digital marketing services

The Group offers diversified digital marketing services including performance-based advertising services and short video exposure services. To fulfill contracts with certain customers, the Group enters into cooperation agreements with third party platforms and places the advertisements of the Group's customers displayed on third party platforms. For above services mentioned, the Group is the principal for fulfilling these marketing service contracts as it has obtained controls over third party platform services through cooperation contracts. The Group is also primarily responsible for fulfilling these marketing services as it is the only party that the Group's customers entered agreements with. As such, the Group recognises revenues from contracts with customers on a gross basis and records charges from third party platforms as cost of revenues.

(i) Performance-based advertising services

The Group provides performance-based advertising services which allow advertising customers to place links on the third parties' internet platforms. Performance-based advertising services are primarily presented and delivered in the way of short video with clickable thumbnails together with other recommended short videos or displayed between other short videos at varying frequency. Revenue from performance-based advertising services is recognised when relevant specific performance measures are fulfilled.

(ii) Short video exposure services

The Group also provides short video exposure services where the customers pay for exposure of their short video to a targeted number of viewers for a specified period of time on the third parties' internet platforms. The Group has determined that each exposure to a target viewer represents one performance obligation. Revenue from each performance obligation is recognised when the short video or live show is exposed.

5. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(q) 收益(續)

提供電子營銷服務

(i) 效果基礎廣告服務

本集團提供效果基礎廣告服務, 允許廣告客戶在第三方互聯網務 台放置鏈接。效果基礎廣告服務 的呈列及交付方式主要為顯示明 點擊縮略圖的短視頻,與其他短 薦短視頻或以不同頻率在其他短 視頻之間顯示。效果基礎廣告服 務收益於達成相關特定效果評估 時確認。

(ii) 短視頻曝光服務

本集團亦提供短視頻曝光服務, 用戶通過付費方式在指定時間內 於第三方互聯網平台向目標觀眾 推廣其短視頻。本集團釐定向目 標觀眾推廣一次即達成一次履約 責任。每次履約責任的收益於推 廣短視頻或直播表演時確認。

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5. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

(r) Employee benefits

(i) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave and long service leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave and long service leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of the reporting period. Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

(ii) Pension obligations

The Group contributes to defined contribution retirement schemes which are available to all employees. Contributions to the schemes by the Group and employees are calculated as a percentage of employees' basic salaries. The retirement benefit scheme cost charged to profit or loss represents contributions payable by the Group to the funds.

(iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised at the earlier of the dates when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits, and when the Group recognises restructuring costs and involves the payment of termination benefits.

(s) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

(t) Government grants

A government grant is recognised when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to it and that the grant will be received.

Government grants relating to income are deferred and recognised in profit or loss over the period to match them with the costs they are intended to compensate.

5. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(r) 僱員福利

(i) 僱員應享假期

僱員的年假及長期服務假期於僱員應享有時予以確認。截至報告期末,因僱員所提供的服務而產生的年假及長期服務假期的估計負債已計提撥備。僱員享有的病假及產假於僱員休假時方會確認。

(ii) 退休金責任

本集團向為所有僱員提供的定額 供款退休計劃進行供款。本集團 及僱員對計劃的供款根據僱員基 本薪金的百分比計算。在損益內 扣除的退休福利計劃成本指本集 團須向基金支付的供款。

(iii) 離職福利

離職福利於本集團不能取消提供 該等福利時及本集團確認重組成 本並涉及支付離職福利時(以較 早者為準)予以確認。

(s) 借款成本

借款成本於其產生期間在損益中確認。

(t) 政府補助金

當能合理確定本集團將遵守補助金的 附帶條件並將收到政府的補助金時, 則補助金會予以確認。

與收入相關的政府補助金將遞延並於 損益內根據與擬獲補償之成本相匹配 的期間確認。

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5. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

(t) Government grants (Continued)

Government grants that become receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

Government grants relating to the purchase of assets are recorded as deferred income and recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the useful lives of the related assets.

(u) Taxation

Income tax represents the sum of the current tax and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit recognised in profit or loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses or unused tax credits can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit and at the time of transaction does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary difference.

5. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(t) 政府補助金(續)

作為已承擔開支或虧損的補償或向本 集團提供即時財務援助而可收取(並 無日後相關成本)的政府補助金,乃 於其成為可收取的期間於損益內確認。

與購買資產相關的政府補助金記錄為 遞延收入及以直線法按相關資產的可 使用年期於損益確認。

(u) 税項

所得税指即期税項及遞延税項的總額。

即期應付税項按本年度應課税溢利計算。應課税溢利與於損益內確認的溢利有所不同,乃由於其他年度的應課税或可扣税收入或開支項目以及免税或不可扣税項目。本集團有關即期税項的負債採用於報告期末前已實行或實際已實行的稅率計算。

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5. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

(u) Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

The measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

5. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(u) 税項(續)

遞延稅項負債就於附屬公司及聯營公司投資而產生的應課稅暫時差額予以確認,惟倘本集團可控制暫時差額的撥回,且該暫時差額可能不會於可見將來撥回者除外。

遞延税項資產之賬面值於各報告期末 進行檢討,並在不可能再有足夠應課 税溢利以收回全部或部份遞延税項資 產時予以減少。

遞延稅項根據於報告期末前已實行或實際已實行的稅率,按預期在負債價還或資產變現期間適用的稅率計算與於損益內確認,惟倘遞延稅項於損益內確認或強不可與於其他全面收益內確認或延接於權益中確認的項目有關,則遞延稅權權益內確認或直接於權益中確認。

遞延税項資產及負債的計量反映按照 本集團預期於報告期末收回或結算其 資產及負債賬面值的方式而產生的稅 務影響。

當合法執行權利許可將即期稅項資產 與即期稅項負債抵銷,並且當與同一 稅務機關所徵收的所得稅有關且本集 團擬按淨額基準結算其即期稅項資產 及負債,或同時變現資產和結算負債 時,遞延稅項資產及負債可予以對銷。

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5. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

(v) Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date for indications of impairment and where an asset is impaired, it is written down as an expense through the consolidated statement of profit or loss to its estimated recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. If this is the case, recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit ("CGU") to which the asset belongs. Recoverable amount is the higher of value in use and the fair value less costs of disposal of the individual asset or the cash-generating unit.

Value in use is the present value of the estimated future cash flows of the asset/cash-generating unit. Present values are computed using pre-tax discount rates that reflect the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset/cash-generating unit whose impairment is being measured.

Impairment losses for cash-generating units are allocated first against the goodwill of the unit and then pro rata amongst the other assets of the cash-generating unit. Subsequent increases in the recoverable amount caused by changes in estimates are credited to profit or loss to the extent that they reverse the impairment.

(w) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditures expected to settle the obligation.

5. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(v) 非金融資產減值

使用價值為資產/現金產生單位估計 未來現金流量之現值。現值按反映貨 幣時間價值及資產/現金產生單位 (已計量減值)特有風險之稅前貼現率 計算。

現金產生單位減值虧損首先就該單位 之商譽進行分配,然後按比例在現金 產生單位其他資產間進行分配。因估 計變動而造成其後可收回金額增加將 計入損益直至撥回已作出之減值。

(w) 撥備及或然負債

倘本集團因過往事件須承擔現有法律 或推定責任,而履行責任有可能導致 經濟利益流出,並能夠作出可靠估計 時,須對時間或金額不確定的負債確 認撥備。倘貨幣的時間價值重大,則 撥備按預期用於履行該責任的支出現 值列賬。

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5. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

(w) Provisions and contingent liabilities (Continued)

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow is remote.

(x) Events after the reporting period

Events after the reporting period that provide additional information about the Group's position at the end of the reporting period are adjusting events and are reflected in the consolidated financial statements. Events after the reporting period that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements when material.

6. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES

In applying the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 5, the directors are required to make judgements (other than those involving estimations) that have a significant impact on the amounts recognised and to make estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

5. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(w) 撥備及或然負債(續)

倘經濟利益流出的可能性較低,或金額無法可靠估計,則責任披露為或然負債,除非流出的可能性極低則另作別論。可能出現的責任(其存在與否僅取決於一項或多項未來事件的發生與否)亦披露為或然負債,除非流出的可能性極低則另作別論。

(x) 報告期後事項

提供本集團於報告期末之狀況之額外 資料之報告期後事項為調整事項,並 於合併財務報表反映。並非調整事項 之報告期後事項,如屬重大時乃於合 併財務報表附註披露。

6. 重要判斷及主要估計

在應用附註5所述的本集團會計政策時,董事須作出對已確認金額有重大影響的判斷(涉及估計者除外),並就無法輕易從其他來源獲得的資產及負債的賬面值作出估計及假設。估計及相關假設乃基於過往經驗及其他被視為相關的因素。實際結果可能與這些估計不同。

估計及相關假設均會持續進行檢討。倘會計估計之修訂僅影響估計獲修訂之期間,則會計估計之修訂於該期間予以確認,倘若修訂影響現時及未來期間,則會計估計之修訂於修訂及未來期間內予以確認。

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6. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES

(Continued)

Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

In the process of applying the accounting policies, the directors of the Company have made the following judgements that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements (apart from those involving estimations, which are dealt with below).

(a) Going concern basis

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, the validity of which depends upon the successful outcome of the proposed plans and measures to improve the Group's liquidity and financial position, as set forth in note 3 to the consolidated financial statements.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

(a) Impairment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets

Property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets are stated at costs less accumulated depreciation and impairment. In determining whether an asset is impaired, the Group has to exercise judgement and make estimation, particularly in assessing: (1) whether an event has occurred or any indicators that may affect the asset value; (2) whether the carrying value of an asset can be supported by the recoverable amount; and (3) the appropriate key assumptions to be applied in estimating the recoverable amounts. Changing the assumptions and estimates could materially affect the recoverable amounts.

The carrying amount of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets as at 31 December 2024 were approximately RMB27,110,000 and RMB12,805,000 (2023: RMB178,589,000 and RMB31,677,000) respectively.

6. 重要判斷及主要估計(續)

應用會計政策的重要判斷

於應用會計政策的過程中,本公司董事已 作出以下對合併財務報表中所確認金額有 重大影響的判斷(下文所述涉及估計的該等 判斷除外)。

(a) 持續經營基準

該等合併財務報表乃按持續經營基準編製,其有效性取決於合併財務報表附註3所載列之建議改善本集團流動資金及財務狀況的計劃及措施的成功實施結果。

估計不確定性之主要來源

下文詳述有關未來的主要假設及於報告期末的估計不確定性之其他主要來源,而該 等假設及不確定估計存在導致下一財政年度的資產及負債賬面值須作出重大調整的重大風險。

(a) 物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資 產之減值

物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產於 二零二四年十二月三十一日之賬面值 分別約為人民幣27,110,000元及人民 幣12,805,000元(二零二三年:人民幣 178,589,000元及人民幣31,677,000 元)。

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6. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES

(Continued)

Kev sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

(b) Impairment losses for trade and other receivables

The management of the Group estimates the amount of impairment loss for ECL on trade receivables and other receivables based on the credit risk of trade receivables and other receivables. The amount of the impairment loss based on ECL model is measured as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition. Where the future cash flows are less than expected, or being revised downward due to changes in facts and circumstances, a material impairment loss may arise.

As at 31 December 2024, the total carrying amount of trade and other receivables is approximately RMB24,135,000 (net of allowance for ECL of approximately RMB17,166,000) (2023: RMB32,618,000 (net of allowance for ECL of approximately RMB10.054.000)).

7. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: foreign currency risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

(a) Foreign currency risk

The Group has minimal exposure to foreign currency risk as some of its business transactions, assets and liabilities are denominated in the currencies other than functional currencies of the Group entities.

The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy in respect of foreign currency transactions, assets and liabilities. The Group monitors its foreign currency exposure closely and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

重要判斷及主要估計(續)

估計不確定性之主要來源(續)

(b) 貿易及其他應收款項減值虧損

本集團管理層根據貿易應收款項及其 他應收款項的信貸風險,估計貿易應 收款項及其他應收款項的預期信貸虧 損的減值虧損金額。根據預期信貸虧 損模式計算的減值虧損金額,乃按根 據合約應付本集團的所有合約現金流 量與本集團預期收取的所有現金流量 之間的差額(按初始確認時釐定的實 際利率貼現)計量。如未來現金流量 低於預期,或因事實及情況變化而下 調,則可能出現重大減值虧損。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,貿易 及其他應收款項的賬面值總額約為人 民幣24,135,000元(扣除預期信貸虧 損撥備約人民幣17,166,000元)(二零 二三年:人民幣32,618,000元(扣除預 期信貸虧損撥備約人民幣10.054.000 元))。

7. 財務風險管理

本集團經營活動面臨各種金融風險,包括 外幣風險、信貸風險、流動性風險及利率 風險。本集團的整體風險管理乃專注於不 可預測的金融市場,並努力降低對本集團 財務表現的潛在不利影響。

(a) 外幣風險

本集團面臨的外幣風險不大,因為其 部分業務交易、資產及負債以集團實 體的功能貨幣以外的貨幣計值。

本集團目前並無就外匯交易、資產及 負債制定外匯對沖政策。本集團密切 監察其外匯風險,並將適時考慮對沖 重大外匯風險。

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7. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Group is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities of trade and other receivables and bank balances. The Group's exposure to credit risk arising from bank balances is limited because the counterparties are banks and financial institutions with high credit-rating assigned by international credit-rating agencies, for which the Group considers to have low credit risk.

The Group has no concentration of credit risk.

Customer credit risk is managed by each business unit subject to the Group's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Individual credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount. These evaluations focus on the customer's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates. Trade receivables are due within 90 days from the date of billing. Debtors with balances that are more than 30 days past due are requested to settle all outstanding balances before any further credit is granted. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from customers.

The Group measures loss allowances for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECL. As the Group's historical credit loss experience does not indicate significantly different loss patterns for different customer segments, the loss allowance based on past due status is not further distinguished between the Group's different customer bases.

7. 財務風險管理(續)

(b) 信貸風險

信貸風險是指交易對手將無法履行金融至人人。 融工具或客戶合約所規定的責任,會工具或客戶合約所規定。本集團款受其經營活動(貿易及其他應收款。 受其經營活動(貿易及其他應收款。 是國承受銀行結餘的信貸風險有資經 大山於交易對手為獲國際信貸風險 機構給予高信貸評級的銀行及金融機 構,故本集團認為低信貸風險。

本集團並無集中信貸風險。

本集團按等同於整個有效期的預期信貸虧損的金額計量貿易應收款項的虧損撥備。由於本集團過往信貸虧損情況並無明顯表示不同客戶分部的不同虧損模式,故並無根據過往逾期狀況計算的虧損撥備在本集團不同客戶群之間作進一步區分。

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7. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

The following table provides information about the Group's exposure to credit risk and ECL for trade receivables:

7. 財務風險管理(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

下表提供有關本集團所面對的貿易應 收款項之信貸風險及預期信貸虧損資 料:

		Expected loss rate 預期虧損率 %	2024 二零二四年 Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current (not past due) Less than 3 months past due Over 3 months but less than 6 months past due Over 6 months	即期(未逾期) 逾期少於3個月 逾期超過3個月但少於 6個月 逾期超過6個月	1.43% 1.57% 6.82% 21.20%	13,050 572 44 2,104	187 9 3 446
			15,770	645

		Expected loss rate 預期虧損率 %	2023 二零二三年 Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current (not past due) Less than 3 months past due Over 6 months	即期(未逾期) 逾期少於3個月 逾期超過6個月	0.06% 2.95% 100%	17,811 677 505	10 20 505
			18,993	535

Expected loss rates are based on actual loss experience. The above expected loss rates are adjusted to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historic data has been collected, current conditions and the Group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the trade receivables.

預期虧損率乃基於實際虧損經驗計 算。上述預期虧損率乃經調整,以反 映收集歷史數據期間的經濟狀況、目 前狀況以及本集團對貿易應收款項的 預期年期期間經濟狀況之看法的差異。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

7. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

Movement in the loss allowance for trade receivables during the year is as follows:

7. 財務風險管理(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

年內貿易應收款項虧損撥備變動如下:

		2024 二零二四年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January Impairment losses recognised for the year Write off	於一月一日 年內已確認減值虧損 撇銷	535 841 (731)	491 44 –
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	645	535

For other receivables, the Group recognises lifetime ECL when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. However, if the credit risk on the other receivables has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for the other receivables at an amount equal to 12-month ECL.

The following table provides information about the Group's exposure to credit risk and ECL for other receivables:

就其他應收款項而言,本集團在信貸 虧損自初始確認起大幅增加時確認至 期預期信貸虧損。然而,倘其他應收 款項的信貸風險自初始確認起並無大 幅增長,本集團則按與十二個月預期 信貸虧損相等的金額計量其他應收款 項的虧損撥備。

下表提供有關本集團所面對之其他應 收款項之信貸風險及預期信貸虧損資 料如下:

Internal credit rating	內部信貸評級	Expected loss rate 預期虧損率 %	2024 二零二四年 Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Stage 1 Stage 2 Stage 3 Default	第一階段 第二階段 第三階段 違約	0.70% - 17.62% 100.00%	1,003 - 9,728 14,800	7 - 1,714 14,800
			25,531	16,521

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7. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

7. 財務風險管理(續)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

Ci Cait Hist (continued)		(5) 14 54 15	AV I XX (MR.)	
			2023 二零二三年 Gross	
		Expected	carrying	Loss
		loss rate	amount	allowance
		預期虧損率	賬面總值 BMB(000	虧損撥備
	1 1 - A 10	•	RMB'000	RMB'000
Internal credit rating	內部信貸評級	%	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Stage 1	第一階段	0.12%	7,903	9
Stage 2	第二階段	3.01%	6,454	195
Stage 3	第三階段	30%	10	3
Default	違約	100%	9,312	9,312
			23,679	9,519

The above expected loss rates are adjusted to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historic data has been collected, current conditions and the Group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the other receivables.

上述預期虧損率乃經調整,以反映收 集歷史數據期間的經濟狀況、目前狀 況以及本集團對其他應收款項的預期 年期期間經濟狀況之看法的差異。

Movement in the loss allowance for other receivables during the year is as follows:

年內其他應收款項虧損撥備變動如下:

		2024 二零二四年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January	於一月一日	9,519	1,307
Impairment losses recognised for the year	年內已確認減值虧損	7,002	12,995
Write off	撇銷		(4,783)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	16,521	9,519

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7. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(c) Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to cash flow interest-rate risk arises from its bank deposits and borrowings. The bank deposits and borrowings bear interests at variable rates that vary with the then prevailing market condition.

Except as stated above, the Group does not have other significant interest-bearing assets and liabilities at the end of reporting period, its income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates, with all other variable held constant, of the Group's loss before tax.

7. 財務風險管理(續)

(c) 利率風險

本集團所承擔現金流利率風險源自其 銀行存款及借款。銀行存款及借款按 浮動利率計息,隨著當時現行市況而 有所變動。

除上述者外,本集團於報告期末並無 其他重大計息資產及負債,其收入及 經營現金流量大部分不受市場利率變 化影響。

下表顯示在全部其他變量維持不變的 情況下,本集團的除税前虧損對利率 的合理潛在變化的敏感度。

Functional currency strengthened/ (weakened) by 功能貨幣 增強/(減弱)

(Increase)/ decrease in loss after tax 除税後虧損 (增加)/減少 RMB'000 人民幣千元

For the year ended 31 December 截至二零二四年 2024 十二月三十一日止年度

1%/(1%)

(1,139)/1,139

For the year ended 31 December 2023

截至二零二三年 十二月三十一日止年度

1%/(1%) (1,830)/1,830

(d) Liquidity risk

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

(d) 流動性風險

本集團政策為定期監控即期及預期流 動資金要求,以確保其維持充足現金 儲備以滿足其短期及長期的流動資金 需求。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(d) Liquidity risk (Continued)

The following tables show the remaining contractual maturities at the end of each reporting period of the Group's financial liabilities, based on undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on rates current at the reporting date) and the earliest date the Group can be required to pay.

The maturity analysis based on contractual undiscounted cash flows of the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities is as follows:

7. 財務風險管理(續)

(d) 流動性風險(續)

下表列示本集團金融負債於各報告期 末按未貼現現金流量(包括按合約利 率計算或(如為浮動利率)按報告日期 的現行利率計算的利息付款)及本集 團可能被要求付款的最早日期計算的 剩餘合約年期。

本集團非衍生金融負債按合約未貼現 現金流量的到期情況分析如下:

		Weighted average interest rate 加權平均 利率 %	On demand or less than 1 year 按要求或 一年內 RMB'000 人民幣千元	1 to 2 years 一至兩年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2 to 5 years 兩至五年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Over 5 years 五年以上 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Carrying amount 賬面值 RMB'000 人民幣千元
31 December 2024 Trade and other payables Borrowings Lease liabilities	二零二四年十二月三十一日 貿易及其他應付款項 借款 租賃負債	N/A 不適用 8. 75 % 5.86%	167,792 104,820 1,577	- 1,400 877	- 18,463 -	- - -	167,792 124,683 2,454	167,792 122,160 2,353
31 December 2023 Trade and other payables Borrowings Lease liabilities	二零二三年十二月三十一日 貿易及其他應付款項 借款 租賃負債	N/A 不適用 8.76% 5.84%	181,619 201,773 2,918	- - 1,635	- - 760	- - -	181,619 201,773 5,313	181,619 200,371 5,006

(e) Categories of financial instruments at 31 **December**

(e) 於十二月三十一日之金融工具 類別

		2024 二零二四年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Financial assets: Financial assets at amortised cost	金融資產 : 按攤銷成本計量的金融資產	33,337	51,240
Financial liabilities: Financial liabilities at amortised cost	金融負債 : 按攤銷成本計量的金融負債	289,952	381,990

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

7. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(f) Fair values

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities as reflected in the consolidated statement of financial position approximate their respective fair values.

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION

For the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group has three (2023: four) reportable segments as follows:

- Sales of shoes, clothes and others:
- Sales of elastic webbings; and
- Provision of digital marketing services.

Due to the reportable segment representing the sales of fabrics was discontinued during the report period, the segment information reported does not include any amounts for the discontinued operation, which are described in more detail in note 17.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, as detailed in note 38, the Group completed the acquisition of 80.95% equity interest in Leader Elastic Limited ("Leader Elastic"), a company incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability. Leader Elastic owns approximately 84.14% of the share capital of Zhuhai Sundust Apparel Co. Ltd, a company established in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") whose shares were listed on the National Equities Exchange and Quotations in the PRC (stock code: 832674) (collectively, the "Leader Elastic Group") and delisted on 9 October 2024. The principal activities of Leader Elastic and its subsidiaries are sales of elastic webbing used for bras and underwear in the PRC and provision of digital marketing services. Its revenue and results are separate into two reportable segments, being sales of elastic webbings and provision of digital marketing services.

The Group's reportable segments are strategic business units that offer different products. The directors of Company, being the chief operating decision maker, managed the operating segments separately because each business requires different resources, technology and marketing strategies.

7. 財務風險管理(續)

(f) 公平值

合併財務狀況表所示本集團金融資產 及金融負債的賬面值與其各自的公平 值相若。

8. 分部資料

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團有以下三個(二零二三年:四個)可 呈報分部:

- 鞋履、服裝及其他銷售;
- 彈性織帶銷售;及
- 提供數字營銷服務。

由於代表面料銷售的可呈報分部於報告期間終止經營,故所呈報的分部資料不含已終止經營業務的任何金額,詳情請參閱附註17。

本集團的可呈報分部為提供各種產品的策略業務單位。由於各業務需要不同的資源、技術及營銷策略,故本公司董事(即主要經營決策者)各自獨立管理經營分部。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

The material accounting policies information of the operating segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies. Segment profit or loss do not include other income, net foreign exchange (losses)/gains, selling and distribution costs, general and administrative expenses, finance costs and loss on derecognition of financial liabilities. Segment assets do not include lease office, investment in an associate, bank and cash balances and other unallocated assets. Segment liabilities do not include lease liabilities, borrowings, current tax liabilities, deferred tax liabilities and other unallocated liabilities.

8. 分部資料(續)

經營分部的重大會計政策資料與本集團之會計政策相同。分部損益不包括其他收入、本 (虧損)/收益淨額、銷售及分銷成本 一般及行政開支、融資成本及終止確認 融負債之虧損。分部資產不包括租赁及現 室、於一間聯營公司的投資、銀行及現 結餘及其他未分配資產。分部負債、遞延税項 負債及其他未分配負債。

	Shoes, clothes and others 鞋履、服裝 及其他 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Elastic webbings 彈性纖帶 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Digital marketing services 數字營銷 服務 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Unallocated 未分配 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
持續經營業務 分部業績 截至二零二四年 十二月三十一日止年度:					
來自外部客戶的可呈報收益 可呈報分部溢利 其他收入 匯兑收益淨額 銷售及分銷成本 一般及行政開支 融資成本	48,788 8,211	35,577 445	28,351 3	-	112,716 8,659 2,220 1,805 (7,727) (33,827) (1,937)
除税前虧損					(30,807)
其他分部項目 物業、廠房及設備折舊 使用權資產折舊 終止使用權資產收益 存貨減值虧損 貿易應收款項之(減值虧損 其他應收款項之(減值虧損 撥回)/減值虧損	16 141 - - 90 (108)	1,646 396 (14) 5,028 120	556 - (19) - 213	12 2,121 - - - (1)	2,230 2,658 (33) 5,028 423 (100)
	分截 平	はの性的な は	Clothes and others and others webbings Elastic	clothes and others and others and others and others \$\frac{4}{8} \text{RM} \text{RME} \text{Vebbings}\$ marketing services \$\frac{4}{9} \text{SER} \text{RMB} \text{Vebbings}\$ \$\frac{4}{8} \text{RME} \text{NBY} \text{RMB'000} \text{RMB'000} \text{RMB'000} \text{RMB'000} \text{RMB'000} \text{ACR*** \text{RMF**} \text{T}}\$ \$\frac{4}{8} \text{MB'000} \text{RMB'000} \text{RMB'000} \text{ACR*** \text{T}}\$ \$\frac{4}{8} \text{MB'000} \text{RMB'000} \text{ACR*** \text{RMF*** \text{T}}\$ \$\frac{4}{8} \text{MS*** \text{RMF***} \text{T}}\$ \$\frac{4}{8} \text{MS*** \text{MB'000}}\$ \$\frac{4}{8} \text{MS*** \text{T}}\$ \$\frac{4}{8} \text{MS*** \text{MB'000}}\$ \$\frac{4}{8} \text{MS**** \text{MB'000}}\$ \$\frac{4}{8} \text{MS***** \text{MB'000}}\$ \$\frac{4}{8} MS************************************	clothes and others and others and others and others that the properties and others that the properties and others that the properties that the prope

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

8. 分部資料(續)

		Shoes, clothes and others 鞋履、服裝 及其他 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Elastic webbings 彈性織帶 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Digital marketing services 數字營銷 服務 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Unallocated 未分配 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Segment results Year ended 31 December 2023:	分部業績 截至二零二三年 十二月三十一日止年度:					
Reportable revenue from external customers Reportable segment profit Other income Net foreign exchange gains Selling and distribution costs General and administrative expenses Finance costs Loss on derecognition of financial liabilities	來自外部客戶的可呈報收益 可呈報分部溢利 其他收入 匯兑收益淨額 銷售及分強成本 一般及行政開支 融資成本 終止確認金融負債之虧損	83,620 6,109	31,762 3,215	11,314 786	-	126,696 10,110 1,217 3,495 (10,805) (27,037) (2,277) (756,228)
Loss before tax	除税前虧損					(781,525)
Other segment items Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Depreciation of right-of-use assets Gain on the termination of right-of-use assets (Reversal of impairment losses)/ impairment losses of trade receivables	其他分部項目 物業、廠房及設備折舊 使用權資產折舊 終止使用權資產收益 貿易應收款項之(減值虧損 撥回)/減值虧損	25 - - (3)	3,618 353 - (51)	- - - 2	5 2,269 (8)	3,648 2,622 (8)
Impairment losses/(reversal of impairment losses) of other receivables	其他應收款項之減值虧損/ (減值虧損撥回)	4,828	(6)	_	-	4,822

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

8. **SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)**

8. 分部資料(續)

		Shoes, clothes and others 鞋履、服裝 及其他 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Elastic webbings 彈性織帶 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Digital marketing services 數字營銷 服務 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Segment assets and liabilities At 31 December 2024:	分部資產及負債 於二零二四年十二月三十一日:				
Segment assets Unallocated assets Assets related to discontinued operations	分部資產 未分配資產 與已終止經營業務相關之資產	9,735	75,464	16,955	102,154 11,953 8,015
Total assets	資產總額				122,122
Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities Liabilities related to discontinued operations	分部負債 未分配負債 與已終止經營業務相關之負債	5,774	8,897	16,037	30,708 42,069 272,723
Total liabilities	負債總額				345,500
		Shoes, clothes and others 鞋履、服裝 及其他 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Elastic webbings 彈性織帶 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Digital marketing services 數字營銷 服務 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Segment assets and liabilities At 31 December 2023:	分部資產及負債 於二零二三年十二月三十一日:				
Segment assets Unallocated assets Assets related to discontinued operations	分部資產 未分配資產 與已終止經營業務相關之資產	8,962	87,906	4,847	101,715 27,812 180,892
Total assets	資產總額				310,419
Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities Liabilities related to discontinued operations	分部負債 未分配負債 與已終止經營業務相關之負債	9,774	7,216	54	17,044 56,506 382,995
Total liabilities	負債總額				456,545

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Geographical information

The Group's revenue from external customers by location of operations are detailed below:

8. 分部資料(續) 地區資料

本集團來自外部客戶收益按經營位置詳列 如下:

Over 90% of the Group's non-current assets (excluding investment in an associate) are located in the PRC. Accordingly, no further geographical information of non-current assets to be disclosed.

Revenue from major customers

No customer contributed 10% or more of the Group's revenue for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

9. REVENUE

Revenue represents the aggregation of net amounts received and receivable during the year. An analysis of the Group's revenue for the year is as follows:

超過90%的本集團非流動資產(不包括於一間聯營公司的投資)位於中國。因此,概無 非流動資產的其他地理資料須予披露。

來自主要客戶的收益

截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,概無客戶貢獻本集團收益的10%或以上。

9. 收益

收益指年內已收及應收款項淨額之總額。 本集團的年內收益分析如下:

		2024 二零二四年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Represented) (經重列)
Continuing operations Contracts with customers recognised at a point in time within the scope of IFRS 15: Sales of shoes, clothes and others Sales of elastic webbings Provision of digital marketing services	持續經營業務 在國際財務報告準則第15號 範疇內某一時間點確認之 客戶合約: 鞋履、服裝及其他銷售 銷售彈性織帶 提供數字營銷服務	48,788 35,577 28,351	83,620 31,762 11,314
		112,716	126,696

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

10. OTHER INCOME

10. 其他收入

		2024 二零二四年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Represented) (經重列)
Continuing operations	持續經營業務		
Gain on the termination of right-of-use	終止使用權資產收益		
assets		33	8
Interest income	利息收入	33	228
Rental income	租金收入	326	81
Consultancy fee income	諮詢費收入	1,613	772
Others	其他	215	128
		2,220	1,217

11. FINANCE COSTS

11. 融資成本

		2024 二零二四年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Represented) (經重列)
Continuing operations Interest expenses on borrowings Interest expenses on lease liabilities	持續經營業務 借款的利息開支 租賃負債的利息開支	1,753 184	2,051 226
		1,937	2,277

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

12. INCOME TAX CREDIT

12. 所得税抵免

Income tax (credit)/expense has been recognised in profit or loss as follows:

已於損益確認的所得税(抵免)/開支如下:

2024 二零二四年

		RMB′000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Represented) (經重列)
Continuing operations Current tax – provision for the year	持續經營業務 即期税項 – 年內撥備		
PRC Enterprise Income Tax ("PRC EIT")(Over)/under — provision in prior years	- 中國企業所得税 (「中國企業所得税」) 過往年度(超額撥備)/撥備不足	24	_
– Hong Kong Profits Tax – PRC FIT	- 香港利得税	_	(218)
Deferred tax	- 中國企業所得税 遞延税項	(678)	107
		(654)	(111)

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax are required since the Group's Hong Kong subsidiaries have no assessable profit for the year ended 31 December 2024 (2023: Nil).

For the Group's subsidiaries established and operated in the PRC are subject to PRC EIT at the rate of 25% (2023: 25%) for the year ended 31 December 2024.

The reconciliation between the income tax credit and the loss before tax is as follows:

由於本集團之香港附屬公司於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度並無應課税溢利,故毋須就香港利得税作出撥備(二零二三年:無)。

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團於中國成立及經營的附屬公司須按 25%(二零二三年:25%)的税率繳納中國 企業所得稅。

所得税抵免及除税前虧損的對賬如下:

		2024 二零二四年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Represented) (經重列)
Continuing operations Loss before tax	持續經營業務 除税前虧損	(30,807)	(781,525)
Notional tax on loss before tax, calculated at the rates applicable in the tax jurisdictions concerned Tax effect of income not taxable Tax effect of expense not deductible Tax effect of tax losses not recognised Tax effect of temporary differences not	除稅前虧損之名義稅項, 按相關稅務計算 適用稅稅計算 不應訊稅稅內之稅務影響 不應扣稅稅項支之稅務影響 未確認暫時性差額之稅務影響	(7,059) (12) 2,320 4,061	(132,072) (82) 127,507 1,776
recognised Over-provision in prior year	過往年度超額撥備	36 -	2,871 (111)
Income tax credit	所得税抵免	(654)	(111)

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

13. LOSS FOR THE YEAR

The Group's loss for the year is arrived at after charging/ (crediting) the following:

13. 年內虧損

本集團的年內虧損經扣除/(計入)下列項目後得出:

		2024 二零二四年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Represented) (經重列)
Continuing operations	持續經營業務		
Auditor's remuneration	核數師薪酬	923	996
Cost of inventories sold	已售存貨成本	74,398	85,869
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (note (a))	物業、廠房及設備折舊 (附註(a))	2,230	3,648
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊(附註(a))	2,230	3,010
(note (a))	// / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	2,658	2,622
Gain on termination of right-of-use assets Loss on disposal of property, plant and	終止使用權資產收益 出售物業、廠房及設備之	(33)	(8)
equipment	虧損	_	8
Loss on derecognition of financial liabilities	終止確認金融負債之虧損		756 220
(note (b)) Loss on written-off of property, plant and	(附註(b)) 物業、廠房及設備撇銷之	_	756,228
equipment	虧損	1,101	_
Impairment losses/(reversal of impairment	貿易應收款項之減值虧損/	400	(52)
losses) of trade receivables (Reversal of impairment losses)/Impairment	(減值虧損撥回) 其他應收款項之(減值虧損	423	(52)
losses of other receivables	撥回)/減值虧損	(100)	4,822
Impairment loss of inventories	存貨減值虧損	5,028	_
Expenses relating to short-term lease	有關短期租賃的開支		
(included in cost of sales and general and administrative expenses)	(計入銷售成本及一般及 行政開支)	24	201
Staff costs (including directors' emoluments)	員工成本(包括董事酬金)		
(note (a))	(附註(a))	25.444	24.222
 Salaries, bonuses and allowances Retirement benefit scheme contributions 	一薪金、紅利及津貼 一退休福利計劃供款	25,114 5,046	24,332 5,534
	ター はい旧 は 1 日上 南 1 1 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	3,0-10	3,334
		30,160	29,866

Notes:

- (a) Depreciation of property, plant and equipment, depreciation of right-of-use assets and staff costs of approximately RMB1,663,000, RMB459,000 and RMB14,058,000 (2023: RMB20,000, RMB63,000 and RMB9,791,000) were included in the cost of sales.
- (b) As disclosed the note 30(a) to the consolidated financial statements, the Company issued the shares for the settlement of debts. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liabilities extinguished and the fair value of issued shares at the date of derecognition has been recognised as loss on derecognition of financial liabilities in the profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2023.

附註:

- (a) 物業、廠房及設備折舊、使用權資產折舊 以及員工成本約人民幣1,663,000元、人民 幣459,000元及人民幣14,058,000元(二零 二三年:人民幣20,000元、人民幣63,000 元及人民幣9,791,000元)已計入銷售成
- (b) 誠如合併財務報表附註30(a)所披露,本公司發行股份以清償債務。於終止確認日期已償清金融負債的賬面值與已發行股份的公平值之間的差額已於終止確認金融負債時作為虧損於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度的損益中確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

14. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS

(a) Directors' emoluments

Directors' emoluments disclosed pursuant to section 383(1) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance are as follows:

14. 董事福利及權益

(a) 董事酬金

根據香港公司條例第383(1)條披露的 董事酬金如下:

		2024 二零二四年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Fees	袍金	301	232
Other emoluments	其他酬金		
Salaries and allowances Retirement benefit scheme contributions	薪金及津貼 退休福利計劃供款	1,314 45	875 34
		1,359	909
		1,660	1,141

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

14. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS

14. 董事福利及權益(續)

(Continued)

(a) Directors' emoluments (Continued)

(a) 董事酬金(續)

		Fees 袍金 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Salaries and allowances 薪金及津貼 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Retirement benefit scheme contributions 退休福利 計劃供款 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
31 December 2024	二零二四年十二月三十一日				
Executive directors	執行董事				
Mr. Li Wanyuan	李萬元先生	_	369	17	386
Ms. Lin Yuxi	林禹熙女士	-	222	11	233
Mr. Liu Junting	劉俊廷先生	-	723	17	740
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事				
Mr. Chow Yun Cheung	周潤璋先生	144	-	-	144
Mr. Lin Yugang (Resigned on 18 June 2024)	林宇剛先生(於二零二四年 六月十八日辭任)	23			2.
Mr. Li Gang	が	23 111	_	_	23 111
Mr. Guo Xianwang (Appointed on 18	郭獻旺先生(於二零二四年	111	_	_	111
June 2024)	六月十八日獲委任)	23	_	_	23
		301	1,314	45	1,660
31 December 2023					
Executive directors	二零二三年十二月三十一日 執行董事				
Mr. Li Wanyuan	李萬元先生	_	362	16	378
Ms. Lin Yuxi	林禹熙女士	_	217	11	228
Mr. Liu Junting (Redesignated from	劉俊廷先生(於二零二三年				
independent non-executive directors	八月二日自獨立非執行董事				
on 2 August 2023)	調任)	-	296	7	303
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事				
Mr. Chow Yun Cheung	周潤璋先生	141	-	-	141
Mr. Lin Yugang	林宇剛先生	46	-	-	46
Mr. Li Gang (Appointed on 2 August 2023)	黎剛先生(於二零二三年 八月二日獲委任)	45	_	_	45
	/ \/ J 一日 JX X L/				
		232	875	34	1,141

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

14. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS

(Continued)

(a) Directors' emoluments (Continued)

There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any emolument during the year (2023: Nil).

During the year, no emolument has been paid to the directors as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group; or as compensation for loss of office (2023: Nil).

There was no discretionary bonus paid or payable to any of the directors during the year (2023: Nil).

The executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and the Group. The independent non-executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services as directors of the Company.

(b) Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

Save for disclosed in note 35 to the consolidated financial statements, no significant transaction, arrangement and contract in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company and the director's connected party had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

14. 董事福利及權益(續)

(a) 董事酬金(續)

於年內,概無董事放棄或同意放棄任 何酬金之安排(二零二三年:無)。

於年內,概無支付任何酬金予董事作 為吸引加入本集團或加入本集團時的 獎勵或作為離職補償(二零二三年: 無)。

於年內,概無向任何董事支付或應付 任何酌情花紅(二零二三年:無)。

上述執行董事的酬金為與其管理本公司及本集團事務有關的服務支付的酬金。上述獨立非執行董事的酬金為其擔任本公司董事支付的酬金。

(b) 董事於交易、安排或合約中的 重大權益

除合併財務報表附註35所披露者外, 於年終及本年內任何時間,概無於本 公司作為一方而與本集團業務有關的 重大交易、安排及合約中,本公司董 事及董事之關連人士直接或間接擁有 重大權益。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

15. FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

The five highest paid individuals in the Group during the year included one (2023: Nil) director whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented in note 14 to the consolidated financial statements. The emoluments of the remaining four (2023: five) individuals are set out below:

15. 五名最高薪酬人士

於年內,本集團五名最高薪酬人士包括一 名(二零二三年:無)董事,其薪酬反映在 合併財務報表附註14中的分析中。其餘四 名(二零二三年:五名)人士的薪酬如下:

		2024 二零二四年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Salaries and allowances Retirement benefit scheme contributions	薪金及津貼 退休福利計劃供款	5,467 44	2,663 83
		5,511	2,746

The number of non-directors, highest paid employees, whose emoluments fell within the following bands, is as follows:

薪酬介乎下列範圍的非董事最高薪酬人士 數目如下:

	2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
Nil to RMB1,000,000 零至人民幣1,000,000元 RMB1,000,001 to RMB1,500,000 人民幣1,000,001元至人民幣1,500,000元	2 2	5
	4	5

During the year, no emolument has been paid to these individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group; or as compensation for loss of office (2023: Nil).

There was no discretionary bonus paid or payable to any of the highest paid employees during the year (2023: Nil).

於年內,本集團並無向該等人士支付酬金, 以作為邀請加盟或加盟本集團的獎勵,或 作為離職補償(二零二三年:無)。

於年內,概無向任何最高薪酬僱員支付或 應付任何酌情花紅(二零二三年:無)。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

16. LOSS PER SHARE

(a) Basic loss per share

From continuing and discontinued operations

The calculation of the basic and diluted loss per share is based on the following:

16. 每股虧損

(a) 每股基本虧損

持續經營及已終止經營業務

每股基本及攤薄虧損乃根據以下資料 計算:

2024 2023 二零二四年 二零二三年 **RMB'000** RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元

Loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company used in the basic and diluted loss per share calculation 計算每股基本及攤薄虧損 所用之本公司擁有人 應佔年內虧損

(88,389) (811,388)

Number of shares 股份數目 **2024** 2023

二零二四年 二零二三年

Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year used in basic and diluted loss per share calculation 計算每股基本虧損所用之 年內已發行及攤薄 普通股加權平均數

3,716,287,912 3,424,865,075

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

16. LOSS PER SHARE (Continued)

(a) Basic loss per share (Continued)

From continuing operations

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share from continuing operations is based on the following:

16. 每股虧損(續)

(a) 每股基本虧損(續)

持續經營業務

持續經營業務的每股基本及攤薄虧損 乃根據以下資料計算:

		2024 二零二四年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Attributable to owners of the Company Loss for the purpose of calculating basic loss per share Less: Loss for the year from discontinued operations	本公司擁有人應佔 計算每股基本虧損所用 的虧損 減:本年度已終止經營業務 的虧損	(88,389) 63,198	(811,388) 34,906
Loss for the purpose of calculating basic and diluted loss per share from continuing operations	計算持續經營業務每股 基本及攤薄虧損所用 的虧損	(25,191)	(776,482)

The weighted average numbers of ordinary shares used as denominators in calculating the basic and diluted loss per share are the same.

From discontinued operation

Basic and diluted loss per share from the discontinued operations is RMB0.02 per share (2023: RMB0.01 per share), based on the loss for the year from discontinued operations attributable to the owners of the Company of approximately RMB63,198,000 (2023: approximately RMB34,906,000) and the denominators used are the same as those detailed above for both basic and diluted loss per share.

(b) Diluted loss per share

Diluted loss per share is same as the basis loss per share as the Company did not have any dilutive potential ordinary share during the two years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

計算每股基本及攤薄虧損時用作分母 的普通股加權平均數均為相同。

已終止經營業務

按本公司擁有人應佔已終止經營業務 年內虧損約人民幣63,198,000元(二 零二三年:約人民幣34,906,000元) 及與上文詳述用於每股基本及攤薄虧 損的相同分母計算,已終止經營業務 的每股基本及攤薄虧損為每股人民幣 0.02元(二零二三年: 每股人民幣0.01 元)。

(b) 每股攤薄虧損

由於本公司於截至二零二四年及二零 二三年十二月三十一日止兩個年度概 無任何潛在攤薄普通股,故每股攤薄 虧損與每股基本虧損相同。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

17. DISCONTINUED OPERATION

During the year, the Group's factory located in Huangmei Town of Huangmei County, Hubei Province, People's Republic of China, which has been pledged as collateral for certain borrowings with a local bank, were transferred to the bank following two unsuccessful auctions. This transfer served as partial settlement for the outstanding borrowings. With the completion of the disposal, the manufacturing operation associated with the disposed factory ceased during the reporting year. The results of the discontinued operation for the period from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024 have been included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

17. 已終止經營業務

Loss for the year from discontinued operation:

已終止經營業務之年內虧損:

	Fabrics 面料	
	2024 二零二四年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
收益 銷售成本	- -	13,600 (13,670)
毛損	_	(70)
其他收入 清償借款產生之虧損 貿易及其他確收款預減值虧損	801 (20,518)	1,591 –
預付款項減值虧損	(7,520) -	(8,269) (1,719)
匯兑收益淨額 一般及行政開支 融資成本	5,848 (24,345) (17,464)	5,604 (13,714) (18,249)
除税前虧損 所得税開支	(63,198)	(34,826)
本公司擁有人應佔已終止經營 業務年度虧損	(52.402)	(34,906)
	销售成本 毛損 其他收入 清價易及其他應收款項減值虧損 預付款項減值虧損 預付款項減值虧損 匯免股及行政開支 融資成本 除稅前虧損 所得稅開支 本公司擁有人應佔已終止經營	2024 2024 2零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

17. DISCONTINUED OPERATION (Continued)

17. 已終止經營業務(續)

Loss for the year from discontinued operation includes the followings:

已終止經營業務之年內虧損包括以下方面:

		Fabrics 面料	
		2024 二零二四年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cost of inventories sold	已售存貨成本	_	9,421
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊	42.602	12.500
equipment	体 田 排 次 文 长 <i>苗</i>	12,603	13,589
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	338	406
Impairment losses of trade receivables	貿易應收款項減值虧損	418	96
Impairment losses of other receivables	其他應收款項減值虧損	7,102	8,173
Impairment losses of prepayments	預付款項減值虧損	_	1,719
Loss on written-off of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備撇銷虧損		
equipment		10,031	_
Loss arising from settlement of borrowings	清償借款產生之虧損	20,518	_
Staff costs	員工成本		
– Salaries, bonuses and allowances	-薪金、花紅及津貼	184	1,920

Cash flows from discontinued operation:

已終止經營業務的現金流量:

		2024 二零二四年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities Net cash inflow from investing activities Net cash outflow from financing activities	經營活動(所用)/所得現金 淨額 投資活動現金流入淨額 融資活動現金流出淨額	(462) - -	170 3 (110)
Net cash (outflows)/inflows	現金(流出)/流入淨額	(462)	63

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

18. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

18. 物業、廠房及設備

		Buildings 建築物 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Machinery and equipment 機器 及設備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Office equipment and furniture 辦公室設備 及傢俱 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Motor vehicles 車輛 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Construction in progress 在建工程 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cost At 1 January 2023 Acquisition of subsidiaries Additions Disposal Exchange difference	成本 於二零二三年一月一日 收購附屬公司 添置 出售 匯兑差額	241,925 17,441 - - -	116,562 8,190 481 (79)	811 457 783 - 2	159 73 9 - 15	1,960 - - - -	361,417 26,161 1,273 (79) 17
At 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024 Additions Derecognition upon settlement of borrowings (note 40) Write-off Exchange difference	於二零二三年十二月三十一日及 二零二四年一月一日 添置 價遠借款後終止確認(附註40) 撤銷 匯兑差額	259,366 - (241,925) - -	125,154 - (6) (116,861) -	2,053 71 – (1,356) 61	256 6,336 - (159) 110	1,960 - (1,960) - -	388,789 6,407 (243,891) (118,376) 171
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	17,441	8,287	829	6,543	-	33,100
Accumulated depreciation and impairment At 1 January 2023 Charge for the year Disposal Exchange difference	累計折舊及減值 於二零二三年一月一日 年內支出 出售 匯兑差額	90,857 12,504 - -	101,201 4,502 (11)	754 212 - 1	146 19 - 15	- - - -	192,958 17,237 (11) 16
At 31 December 2023 and	於二零二三年十二月三十一日及						
1 January 2024 Charge for the year Derecognition upon settlement of borrowings (note 40) Write-off Exchange difference	二零二四年一月一日 年內支出 償還借款後終止確認(附註40) 撤銷 匯兑差額	103,361 10,824 (111,851) - -	105,692 3,336 (6) (106,426)	967 106 - (672) 54	180 567 - (146) 4	- - - -	210,200 14,833 (111,857) (107,244) 58
Charge for the year Derecognition upon settlement of borrowings (note 40) Write-off	二零二四年一月一日 年內支出 償還借款後終止確認(附註40) 撤銷	10,824	3,336	106 - (672)	567 - (146)	- - -	14,833 (111,857) (107,244)
Charge for the year Derecognition upon settlement of borrowings (note 40) Write-off Exchange difference	二零二四年一月一日 年內支出 償還借款後終止確認(附註40) 撤銷 匯兑差額	10,824 (111,851)	3,336 (6) (106,426)	106 - (672) 54	567 - (146) 4	- - -	14,833 (111,857) (107,244) 58

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

18. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EOUIPMENT (Continued)

As at 31 December 2024, buildings of the Group with carrying amount of approximately RMB14,767,000 (2023: RMB137,409,000) and machinery and equipment of the Group with carrying amount of nil (2023: RMB1,266,000) were pledged as collateral for certain borrowings of the Group (note 26).

The Group has carried out a review of the recoverable amount of its property, plant and equipment as at 31 December 2024 and 2023 with reference to the valuation performed by an independent valuer, Peak Vision Appraisals Limited. The recoverable amount is assessed based on fair value less cost of disposal by using depreciated replacement cost approach which involves observable and unobservable inputs, including replacement cost, estimated useful life and residual value, under level 3 fair value measurement. During the two years, there were no change in the valuation techniques used.

During the year ended 31 December 2024 and 2023, no impairment losses was recognised in the profit or loss in respect of property, plant and equipment.

18. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團賬 面值約人民幣14,767,000元(二零二三年: 人民幣137,409,000元)的建築物以及本 集團賬面值約零元(二零二三年:人民幣 1.266.000元)的機器及設備已抵押作本集 團若干借款的抵押品(附註26)。

本集團已參考獨立估值師澋鋒評估有限公 司進行的估值,審閱其於二零二四年及二 零二三年十二月三十一日的物業、廠房及 設備的可收回金額。可收回金額使用第三 級公平值計量下的折舊重置成本法(涉及可 觀察及不可觀察輸入數據,包括重置成本、 估計可使用年期及剩餘價值),以公平值減 處置成本作評估。於兩年內,所使用的估 值技術並無變動。

截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一 日止年度,概無就物業、廠房及設備於損 益確認減值虧損。

19. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

19. 使用權資產

		Leasehold land and land use right 租賃土地及 土地使用權 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Lease office 租賃 辦公室 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB′000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2023 Acquisition of subsidiaries Additions Termination of lease Depreciation	於二零二三年一月一日 收購附屬公司 添置 終止租賃 折舊	16,220 11,230 - - (759)	473 - 6,879 (97) (2,269)	16,693 11,230 6,879 (97) (3,028)
At 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024 Additions Derecognition upon settlement of borrowings	於二零二三年十二月三十一日及 二零二四年一月一日 添置 償還借款後終止確認 (附註40)	26,691	4,986 312	31,677 312
(note 40) Termination of lease Depreciation At 31 December 2024	終止租賃 折舊 於二零二四年十二月三十一日	(15,475) - (706) 10,510	(713) (2,290) 2,295	(15,475) (713) (2,996) 12,805

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19. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (Continued)

As at 31 December 2024, leasehold land of the Group with carrying amount of approximately RMB10,510,000 (2023: RMB26,691,000) were pledged as collateral for certain borrowings of the Group (note 26).

Lease liabilities of approximately RMB2,353,000 (2023: RMB5,006,000) are recognised with right-of-use assets of approximately RMB2,295,000 (2023: RMB4,986,000) as at 31 December 2024.

19. 使用權資產(續)

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團賬面值約為人民幣10,510,000元(二零二三年:人民幣26,691,000元)的租賃土地已抵押作本集團若干借款的抵押品(附註26)。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,租賃負債約人民幣2,353,000元(二零二三年:人民幣5,006,000元)與使用權資產約人民幣2,295,000元(二零二三年:人民幣4,986,000元)確認。

		2024 二零二四年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Depreciation expenses of right-of-use assets Expenses relating to short-term lease (included in cost of sales and general and	使用權資產折舊開支 有關短期租賃的開支 (計入銷售成本及一般及	2,996	3,028
administrative expenses) Interest expenses on lease liabilities	行政開支) 租賃負債利息開支	24 184	201 226
Gain on the termination of right-of-use assets	終止使用權資產收益	(33)	(8)

The Group leases offices and factory for its operations. Lease contracts are entered into for fixed term of two to three years (2023: two to four years). Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. In determining the lease term and assessing the length of the non-cancellable period, the Group applies the definition of a contract and determines the period for which the contract is enforceable.

In addition, the Group owns several industrial buildings where its manufacturing facilities and office buildings are primarily located. The Group is the registered owner of these property interests, including the underlying leasehold land. Lump sum payments were made upfront to acquire these property interests.

The Group has carried out a review of the recoverable amount of its leasehold land as at 31 December 2024 and 2023 with reference to the valuation performed by an independent valuer, Peak Vision Appraisals Limited. The recoverable amount is assessed based on fair value less cost of disposal by using direct comparison approach which involves observable and unobservable inputs, including market price per square, under level 3 fair value measurement. During the two years, there were no change in the valuation techniques used.

本集團為其業務經營租賃辦公室及廠房。租賃合約按固定期限兩年至三年訂立(二零二三年:兩年至四年)。租賃條款乃以個人基準進行磋商,並包含各種不同的條款及條件。於釐定租期及評估不可取消期間的時長時,本集團應用合約的定義,並釐定合約可執行的期限。

此外,本集團亦擁有數棟生產設施及辦公 大樓所在的工業大樓。本集團為該等物業 權益的註冊所有人,包括相關租賃土地。 為收購該等物業權益,已預先支付一次性 付款。

本集團已參考獨立估值師澋鋒評估有限公司進行的估值,審閱其於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日的租賃土地的可收回金額。可收回金額使用第三級公可可 計量下的直接比較法(涉及可觀察及不可觀察輸入數據,包括每平方米市價),以公平值減處置成本作評估。於兩年內,所使用的估值技術並無變動。

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19. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2024 and 2023, no impairment of leasehold land was made, as its recoverable amount was higher than its carrying amount as at 31 December 2024.

20. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE

Investment in an associate

19. 使用權資產(續)

截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一 日 1 年度,由於和賃十地的可收回金額高 於其於二零二四年十二月三十一日之賬面 值,因此並無對租賃土地作出減值。

20. 於一間聯營公司的權益 於一間聯營公司的投資

		2024 二零二四年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Unlisted investments: Share of net assets Goodwill	非上市投資: 分佔資產淨值 商譽	- 60,909	60,909
Impairment loss	減值虧損	60,909 (60,909)	60,909 (60,909)

Details of the Group's associate at 31 December 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

本集團於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月 三十一日的聯營公司詳情如下:

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation 註冊成立地點	Issued and paid up capital 已發行及繳足股本	ownershi 擁有權權益 2024	tage of p interest 所佔百分比 2023 二零二三年	Principal activities and place of operation 主要業務及經營地點
Baixin (China) Co., Limited	The PRC	RMB100,000,000	50%	50%	Manufacturing and sales of yarn and cotton fabric, the PRC
百鑫(中國)有限公司	中國	人民幣100,000,000元			, 製造及銷售紗線及面料,中國

The associate suspended the production since the year ended 31 December 2018. All assets were fully impaired.

The Group has not recognised loss for the year amounting to RMB5,816,000 (2023: RMB5,805,000) for the associate. The accumulated losses not recognised were RMB70,822,000 (2023: RMB65,006,000).

聯營公司自截至二零一八年十二月三十一 日止年度停產。所有資產已獲悉數減值。

本集團並無確認聯營公司的本年度虧損 人民幣5,816,000元(二零二三年:人民幣 5,805,000元)。未確認之累計虧損為人 民幣70,822,000元(二零二三年:人民幣 65,006,000元)。

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21. INVENTORIES

21. 存貨

		2024 二零二四年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Raw materials	原材料	6,654	5,946
Work-in-progress	在製品	21,250	21,432
Finished goods	製成品	12,333	19,220
		40,237	46,598

22. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

22. 其他流動資產

The Group has recognised the following other current assets:

本集團已確認以下其他流動資產:

		2024 二零二四年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Other current assets	其他流動資產	7,461	1,136

The other current assets represented for the digital marketing service business data purchased from the third party platforms provider, are recognised as other current assets in the consolidated statement of financial position and classified as current assets.

其他流動資產指從第三方平台提供商購買的數字營銷服務業務數據,於合併財務狀況表中確認為其他流動資產並分類為流動資產。

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23. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

23. 貿易及其他應收款項

		2024 二零二四年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Trade receivables (note 23(a)) Less: Impairment losses for trade	貿易應收款項(附註23(a)) 減:貿易應收款項之減值虧損	15,770	18,993
receivables (note 23(a))	(附註23(a))	(645)	(535)
		15,125	18,458
Prepayments Less: Impairment losses for	預付款項 減:預付款項之減值虧損	87,746	87,753
prepayments		(86,574)	(86,574)
		1,172	1,179
Other receivables Less: Impairment losses for other	其他應收款項 減:其他應收款項之減值虧損	25,531	23,679
receivables		(16,521)	(9,519)
		9,010	14,160
Deposits	按金	935	1,245
		26,242	35,042

(a) Trade receivables

The Group's trading terms customers are mainly on credit. The credit terms generally 90 days (2023: 90 days). Each customer has a maximum credit limit. For new customers, payment in advance is normally required. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by the directors.

(a) 貿易應收款項

本集團與客戶之貿易往來主要以信貸 形式進行。信貸期一般為90日(二零 二三年:90日)。每名客戶設有最高信 貸限額。就新客戶而言,我們通常要 求預先付款。本集團致力嚴格監控未 償還應收款項。董事定期審閱逾期結 餘。

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23. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

(a) Trade receivables (Continued)

The ageing analysis of trade receivables based on the invoice date, and net of allowance, is as follows:

23. 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

(a) 貿易應收款項(續)

貿易應收款項(經扣除撥備)按發票日 期之賬齡分析如下:

		2024 二零二四年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Within 1 month	1個月內	7.392	9,994
Over 1 month but less than 3 months	1個月以上但少於3個月	5,318	7,807
Over 3 months but less than 6 months	3個月以上但少於6個月	719	239
Over 6 months but less than 9 months	6個月以上但少於9個月	709	418
Over 9 months	9個月以上	987	
		15,125	18,458

As of 31 December 2024, trade receivables of approximately RMB2,262,000 (2023: RMB657,000) were past due but not impaired. These trade receivables related to customers for whom there was no recent history of default.

The Group does not charge interest or hold any collateral over these balances.

The Group applied simplified approach to provide the ECL as prescribed by IFRS 9. The impairment methodology is set out in notes 5(p) and 7(b) to the consolidated financial statements.

Details of impairment assessment of trade and other receivables for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 are set out in note 7(b) to the consolidated financial statements.

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,貿易 應收款項約人民幣2,262,000元(二零 二三年:人民幣657.000元)已逾期但 未減值。該等貿易應收款項與近期並 無違約記錄的客戶有關。

本集團並無就該等結餘收取利息或持 有任何抵押品。

本集團採用簡化方法按國際財務報告 準則第9號規定計提預期信貸虧損。減 值方法載於合併財務報表附註5(p)及 7(b) °

截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月 三十一日 1 年度,貿易及其他應收款 項減值評估的詳情載於合併財務報表 附註7(b)。

24. BANK AND CASH BALANCES

24. 銀行及現金結餘

		2024 二零二四年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
RMB	人民幣	672	3,949
USD	美元	5,582	962
HK\$	港元	2,013	12,466
		8,267	17,377

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24. BANK AND CASH BALANCES (Continued)

As at 31 December 2024, the bank and cash balance of the Group's subsidiaries in the PRC denominated in RMB amounted to approximately RMB672,000 (2023: RMB3,943,000).

Conversion of RMB into foreign currencies is subject to the PRC's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations. However, under the PRC's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

24. 銀行及現金結餘(續)

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團於中 國之附屬公司以人民幣計值的銀行及現金結 餘約為人民幣672,000元(二零二三年:人民 幣3,943,000元)。

人民幣兑換為外幣須受《中國外匯管制條例》 《結匯、售匯及付匯管理規定》規管。然而, 根據《中國外匯管制條例》及《結匯、售匯及 付匯管理規定》,本集團獲准誘過獲授權進 行外匯業務之銀行將人民幣兑換為其他貨 幣。

25. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

25. 貿易及其他應付款項

		2024 二零二四年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Trade payables Salary payables Interest payables Other payables and accruals (note)	貿易應付款項 應付薪酬 應付利息 其他應付款項及應計費用(附註)	34,584 26,147 88,218 70,541	32,445 29,822 120,033 54,533
		219,490	236,833

Note: Amounts due to directors of approximately RMB274,000 (2023: Nil) were included in the other payables and accruals. The amounts due are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

附註: 應付董事款項約人民幣274,000元(二 零二三年:無)已計入其他應付款項及 應計費用。該等應付款項為無抵押、免 息及須按要求償還。

Trade payables

An ageing analysis of trade payables at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

貿易應付款項

於報告期末根據發票日期的貿易應付款項賬 齡分析如下:

		2024 二零二四年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Over 3 months but less than 12 months 3	8個月內 8個月以上但少於12個月 12個月以上	6,780 - 27,804	4,541 3,289 24,615
		34,584	32,445

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26. BORROWINGS

26. 借款

		2024 二零二四年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current: Secured borrowings (note) Unsecured borrowings (note)	流動: 有抵押借款(附註) 無抵押借款(附註)	6,439 97,030	147,662 52,709
		103,469	200,371
Non-current: Secured borrowings (note)	非流動: 有抵押借款(附註)	18,691	_
		122,160	200,371

Note:

As at 31 December 2024, borrowings amounted to approximately RMB97,030,000 (2023: RMB162,864,000) were overdue. As a result, the Group is subject to a penalty interest expense during the overdue period.

The Group's borrowings of approximately RMB19,470,000 (2023: RMB129,626,000) were secured by its property, plant and equipment (note 18) and right-of-use assets (note 19), and approximately RMB5,660,000 (2023: RMB18,036,000) were secured by the properties with corporate guarantee provided by the former shareholders of Leader Elastic and personal guarantee provided by the former directors of Leader Elastic, Mr. Ma Chun Hing and Mr. Lim Fung Yiu, who are also the non-controlling shareholders of Leader Elastic.

The effective interest rates and default interest rates on borrowings were ranging from 3.16% to 11.99% and 4.73% to 11.99% (2023: 3.07% to 11.99% and 5.00% to 11.99%) per annum respectively for the year ended 31 December 2024.

The carrying amounts of the Group's borrowings are denominated in the following currencies:

附註:

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團約人民幣97,030,000元(二零二三年:人民幣162,864,000元)的借款已逾期。因此,本集團須繳付逾期期間的罰息開支。

本集團借款約人民幣19,470,000元(二零二三年) 人民幣129,626,000元) 由其物業、廠房 設備(附註18)及使用權資產(附註19)作抵押 而約人民幣5,660,000元(二零三三年:人民幣 18,036,000元)則由利達彈性織物的前股東提供公司擔保及利達彈性織物前董事馬進興先生及林豐耀先生(彼等亦為利達彈性織物的非控股股東)提供個人擔保以物業作抵押。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度借款的實際年利率及違約利率分別介乎3.16%至11.99% 及4.73%至11.99%(二零二三年:3.07%至11.99%及5.00%至11.99%)。

本集團借款之賬面值按以下貨幣計值:

		2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
HK\$ RMB	港元人民幣	5,660 116,500	18,037 182,334
		122,160	200,371

The maturity profile of the carrying amount of the borrowings is analysed as follows:

借款賬面值的到期情況分析如下:

		2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB 000 人民幣千元
Within one year Within a period of more than one year	一年以內 一年以上但不超過兩年期間	103,469	200,371
but not exceeding two years	一十以上但个但過州十州间	779	_
Within a period of more than two years but not exceeding five years	兩年以上但不超過五年期間	17,912	_
		122,160	200,371

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27. LEASE LIABILITIES

27. 租賃負債

			Minimum lease payments 最低租賃付款		alue of e payments 款現值
		2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2024 二零二四年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Within one year	一年以內	1,577	2,918	1.489	2,711
More than one year, but not exceeding two years	一年以後但不超過兩年	877	1.635	864	1,546
More than two years, but not exceeding five years			760	-	749
Less: Future finance charges	減:未來融資收費	2,454 (101)	5,313 (307)	2,353 N/A 不適用	5,006 N/A 不適用
Present value of lease obligations	租賃責任現值	2,353	5,006	2,353	5,006
Less: Amount due for settlement within 12 months (shown under current liabilities)	減:應於 12 個月內結算款項 (於流動負債項下列示)			(1,489)	(2,711)
Amount due for settlement after 12 months	應於 12 個月後結算款項			864	2,295

The ranging incremental borrowing rates applied to lease liabilities were 5.1%-6.0% (2023: 5.0%-6.0%).

所有租賃負債均以人民幣計值。

適用於租賃負債之增量借款利率範圍為5.1%至6.0%(二零二三年:5.0%至6.0%)。

All lease liabilities are denominated in RMB.

28. DEFERRED INCOME

28. 遞延收入

		2024 二零二四年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Government grants relating to leasehold land and land use right	與租賃土地及土地使用權 有關的政府補助金	-	12,162

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28. DEFERRED INCOME (Continued)

28. 遞延收入(續)

The movements of deferred income during the year are as follows:

遞延收入於年內的變動載列如下:

		2024 二零二四年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January Amortised as income Derecognition upon settlement of	於一月一日 攤銷為收入 償還借款後終止確認	12,162 (286)	12,474 (312)
borrowings (note 40)	(附註40)	(11,876)	
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	_	12,162

29. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

29. 遞延税項負債

The analysis of deferred tax liabilities as follows:

遞延税項負債的分析如下:

		2024 二零二四年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	1,469	2,147

The deferred tax liabilities are in relation to fair value gain on property, plant and equipment and right-of-use asset upon acquisition of subsidiaries (note 38).

At the end of the reporting period the Group has unused tax losses of approximately RMB30,864,000 (2023: RMB16,273,000) available for offset against future profits for continuing operations. No deferred tax asset has been recognised due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. Included in unrecognised tax losses are losses of approximately RMB24,217,000 (2023: RMB11,260,000) that will expire in five years. Other tax losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

遞延税項負債乃關於收購附屬公司時物業、 廠房及設備以及使用權資產之公平值收益 (附註38)。

於報告期末,本集團可用作抵免持續經營業務的未來溢利的未動用税項虧損約人民幣30,864,000元(二零二三年:人民幣16,273,000元)。由於無法預測未來溢利流,故未確認遞延税項資產。未確認稅項虧損包括將於五年內到期的虧損約人民幣24,217,000元(二零二三年:人民幣11,260,000元)。其他稅項虧損可無限期結轉。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

30. SHARE CAPITAL

30. 股本

		Number of ordinary shares 普通股數目 '000 千股	HK \$'000 千港元
Authorised: At 1 January 2023, 31 December 2023, 1 January 2024 and 31 December 2024	法定: 於二零二三年一月一日、二零二三年 十二月三十一日、二零二四年一月一日 及二零二四年十二月三十一日	20,000,000	2,000,000
	~~~~~~	20,000,000	2,000,000
At 1 January 2023 at HK\$0.1 per share Issue of scheme shares under specific mandate	於二零二三年一月一日按每股0.1港元 根據特別授權發行計劃股份(附註(a))	90,332	9,033
(note (a))		3,262,705	326,271
Placing of new shares under general mandate (note (b))	根據一般授權配售新股份(附註(b))	133,690	13,369
Placing of new shares under general mandate	根據一般授權配售新股份(附註(c))	133,090	13,309
(note (c))		64,230	6,423
Placing of new shares under general mandate (note (d))	根據一般授權配售新股份(附註(d))	50,810	5,081
At 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024 at	於二零二三年十二月三十一日及		
HK\$0.1 per share	二零二四年一月一日按每股0.1港元 根據一般授權配售新股份(附註(e))	3,601,767	360,177
Placing of new shares under general mandate (note (e))	依據一放沒種即告初放切(附註 <b>(e)</b> /	200,000	20,000
At 31 December 2024 at HK\$0.1 per share	於二零二四年十二月三十一日按每股0.1港元	3,801,767	380,177
Equivalent to RMB'000:	等值人民幣千元:		
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日		318,424
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日		336,995

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#### 30. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) On 4 January 2023, an aggregate of 3,262,705,241 Scheme Shares were allotted and issued to the Scheme Creditors at the agreed price of HK\$0.317 per Scheme Share with totally of approximately HK\$1,034.28 million (equivalent to RMB911.50 million) for settlement of all the Admitted Claims of the Scheme Creditors. Upon the completion of the settlement, approximately HK\$326.27 million (equivalent to RMB287.54 million) and HK\$1,566.10 million (equivalent to RMB1,380.19 million) were credited against share capital and contributed surplus respectively. Details of the above are set out in the Company's announcements and circulars dated 11 November 2020, 11 April 2022, 18 May 2022, 9 June 2022, 28 June 2022, 21 July 2022, 5 September 2022 and 4 January 2023 respectively.
- (b) On 8 June 2023, the Company entered into the Placing Agreement with the Placing Agent pursuant to which the Company appointed the Placing Agent as its agent to procure not less than six Placees to subscribe up to 200,000,000 Placing Shares at a price of HK\$0.49 per Placing Shares under general mandate. The Placing was completed on 3 July 2023 and an aggregate of 133,690,000 Placing Shares were successfully placed. The net proceeds from the Placing (after deducting the placing commission payable to the Placing Agent and other expenses incurred in the Placing), after deduction of share issue expenses of approximately HK\$0.60 million, was approximately HK\$64.90 million (equivalent to approximately RMB60.14 million). Details of the Placing were disclosed in announcements of the Company dated 8 June 2023 and 3 July 2023.
- (c) On 7 August 2023, the Company entered into the Placing Agreement with the Placing Agent pursuant to which the Company appointed the Placing Agent as its agent to procure not less than six Placees to subscribe up to 100,000,000 Placing Shares at a price of HK\$0.95 per Placing Shares under general mandate. The Placing was completed on 30 August 2023 and an aggregate of 64,230,000 Placing Shares were successfully placed. The net proceeds from the Placing (after deducting the placing commission payable to the Placing Agent and other expenses incurred in the Placing), after deduction of share issue expenses of approximately HK\$0.40 million, was approximately HK\$60.61 million (equivalent to approximately RMB56.40 million). Details of the Placing were disclosed in announcements of the Company dated 7 August 2023 and 30 August 2023.

## 30. 股本(續)

附註:

- (b) 於二零二三年六月八日,本公司與配售代理訂立配售協議,據此,本公司委任配售代理代其促使不少於六名承配人按股配售股份0.49港元的價格根據一份。各根認購最多200,000,000股配售股份。各售已於二三三年七月三日獲成,配售之配售與份發行開支約0.60百萬港元(相下,不可以有一个人民幣的14年,在133,690,000股配售股份已獲成功配售,配票之配售,有數項淨額(扣除應之其他開支)的為64.90百萬港市(相當於約入民幣60.14百萬元)。配售詳情於本公司日期為二三三年六月八日及二零二三年七月三日之公告披露。
- (c) 於二零二三年八月七日,本公司與配售 代理訂立配售協議,據此,本公司與任配 售代理代其促使不少於六名承配人按授 股配售股份0.95港元的價格根據一般 服職最多100,000,000股配售股份。 已於二零二三年八月三十日完成, 64,230,000股配售股份已獲成功配售 股份發行開支約0.40百萬港元後 除股份發行開支約0.40百萬港元後 是之所得就項淨額(扣除應付予配售代到 配售佣金及配售所產生之其他開支)約百 高一百萬一 高元)。配售詳情於本公司日期為二零 年八月七日及二零二三年八月三十日 告披露。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 30. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

- On 27 September 2023, the Company entered into the Placing Agreement with the Placing Agent pursuant to which the Company appointed the Placing Agent as its agent to procure not less than six Placees to subscribe up to 100,000,000 Placing Shares at a price of HK\$0.95 per Placing Shares under general mandate. The Placing was completed on 20 October 2023 and an aggregate of 50,810,000 Placing Shares were successfully placed. The net proceeds from the Placing (after deducting the placing commission payable to the Placing Agent and other expenses incurred in the Placing), after deduction of share issue expenses of approximately HK\$0.30 million, was approximately HK\$47.96 million (equivalent to approximately RMB44.98 million). Details of the Placing were disclosed in announcements of the Company dated 27 September 2023 and 20 October 2023.
- On 20 May 2024, the Company entered into the Placing Agreement with the Placing Agent pursuant to which the Company appointed the Placing Agent as its agent to procure not less than six Placees to subscribe up to 300,000,000 placing shares of a price of HK\$0.10 per placing share under general mandate. The Placing was completed on 5 June 2024 and an aggregate of 200,000,000 Placing Shares were successfully placed. The net proceeds from the Placing (after deducting the placing commission payable to the Placing Agent and other expenses incurred in the Placing), after deduction of share issue expenses of approximately HK\$0.20 million, was approximately HK\$19.79 million (equivalent to approximately RMB18.38 million). Details of the Placing were disclosed in the announcements of the Company dated 20 May 2024 and 5 June 2024

## 30. 股本(續)

附註:(續)

- 於二零二三年九月二十七日,本公司與配 售代理訂立配售協議,據此,本公司委任 配售代理代其促使不少於六名承配人按 每股配售股份0.95港元的價格根據一般授 權 認 購 最 多 100.000.000 股 配 售 股 份。 配 售已於二零二三年十月二十日完成,合共50,810,000股配售股份已獲成功配售。扣 除股份發行開支約0.30百萬港元後,配售 之所得款項淨額(扣除應付予配售代理之 配售佣金及配售所產生之其他開支)約為 47.96百萬港元(相當於約人民幣44.98百萬元)。配售詳情於本公司日期為二零二三 年九月二十七日及二零二三年十月二十日 之公告披露。
- 於二零二四年五月二十日,本公司與配 售代理訂立配售協議,據此,本公司委 任配售代理作為其代理人,以促使不少 於六名承配人根據一般授權認購最多 300,000,000股配售股份,配售價為每股 配售股份0.10港元。配售事項已於二零 二四年六月五日完成,合共200,000,000 股配售股份獲成功配售。扣除股份發行 開支約0.20百萬港元之後,配售事項的所 得款項淨額(扣除應付配售代理人的配售 佣金及配售事項產生的其他開支後)約為 19.79百萬港元(相當於約人民幣18.38百 萬元)。配售事項的詳情分別於本公司日 期為二零二四年五月二十日及二零二四年 六月五日的公告披露。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 30. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meeting of the Company. All ordinary shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual asset.

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maximise the return to the shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The capital structure of the Group comprises all components of shareholders' equity.

The Group reviews the capital structure frequently by considering the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. The Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues and share buy-backs as well as the issue of new debts, redemption of existing debts or selling assets to reduce debts. No change was made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

The only externally imposed capital requirement for the Group is that in order to maintain its listing on the Stock Exchange, it has to have a public float of at least 25% of the shares. The Group has maintained a sufficient public float to comply with the Listing Rules from the date of the Listing.

## 31. RESERVES

The amounts of the Group's reserves and movements therein are presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and consolidated statement of changes in equity.

## Nature and purpose of reserves

## (a) Contributed surplus

The contributed surplus represents the difference between the par value of the shares of the Company and proceeds received from the issuance of the shares of the Company.

## 30. 股本(續)

普通股持有人有權收取不時宣派之股息,並有權 在本公司之大會上按每股一票進行投票。所有普 通股就本公司之剩餘資產而言均享有同等權益。

本集團在資本管理上的目標為保障本集團有能力 繼續營運,透過優化債務及股本結餘為股東提供 最大回報。本集團的資本架構包括所有股東權益 部分。

本集團透過考慮資本成本及與各類資本有關的風險經常審閱資本架構。本集團將透過派付股息、發行新股及股份回購以及發行新債、贖回現有債務或出售資產以減少債務來平衡整體資本架構。截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,資本管理的目標、政策或程序並無作出任何變動。

唯一外部強制性資本要求為,本集團如欲維持其在聯交所上市的地位,其公眾持股量最少為股份的25%。本集團自上市日期起一直維持足夠的公眾持股量以符合上市規則。

## 31. 儲備

本集團儲備金額及其變動於合併損益及其他 全面收益表及合併權益變動表內呈列。

## 儲備性質及用途

## (a) 實繳盈餘

實繳盈餘指本公司股份面值與本公司發行股份獲得的所得款項之間的差額。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 31. RESERVES (Continued)

# Nature and purpose of reserves (Continued)

#### (a) Contributed surplus (Continued)

Under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda, the contributed surplus account of the Company is available for distribution. However the Company cannot declare or pay a dividend, or make a distribution out of contributed surplus if:

- it is, or would after the payment be, unable to pay its liabilities as they become due; or
- the realisable value of its assets would thereby be less than the aggregate of its liabilities and its issued share capital and share premium accounts.

## (b) Capital reserve

The capital reserve of the Group mainly represents the reserve arising from the Group reorganisation.

#### (c) Statutory reserve

In accordance with the PRC Company Law and the Group's PRC subsidiaries' articles of association, the Group's PRC subsidiaries are required to allocate 10% of its profit after tax as determined in accordance with the relevant accounting principles and financial regulations applicable to PRC companies to the statutory reserve until such reserve reaches 50% of the registered capital. The appropriation to the reserve must be made before any distribution of dividends to equity holders. The statutory surplus reserve can be used to offset previous years' losses, if any, and part of the statutory surplus reserve can be capitalised as paid-in capital provided that the amount of such reserve remaining after the capitalisation shall not be less than 25% of the paid-in capital of the Group's subsidiaries.

## (d) Translation reserve

Translation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operation whose functional currency is different from that of the Company's functional currency.

# 31. 儲備(續)

# 儲備性質及用途(續)

#### (a) 實繳盈餘(續)

根據百慕達一九八一年公司法,本公司之繳入盈餘賬可供分派。倘出現以下情況,則本公司不可以繳入盈餘宣派或派發股息,或作出分派:

- 其(或於派發後)未能支付其到期 之負債;或
- 其資產之可變現價值因此低於其 負債、其已發行股本及股份溢價 賬之總額。

## (b) 資本儲備

本集團資本儲備主要指本集團重組產 生的儲備。

# (c) 法定儲備

根據中國公司法及本集團中國附屬公司法及本集團中國附屬公司為及本集團之中國附屬公司有領籍按照適用於中國公司的10%稅關則及財務規定所釐定的10%稅儲備,直至該法定儲備,直至該法定儲備,直至該法於儲備在的權益持有人分配股息之前進行的定盈餘儲備可用以抵銷過往年度有少於本集團附屬本化為實收資本的25%。

## (d) 匯兑儲備

匯兑儲備包括因換算海外業務(其功能 貨幣不同於本公司的功能貨幣)的財務 報表而產生的所有外幣匯兑差額。

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# 32. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND 32. 本公司財務狀況表及儲備變動 RESERVES MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY

- (a) Statement of financial position of the Company
- (a) 本公司財務狀況表

		2024 二零二四年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Non-current asset	非流動資產		
Investments in subsidiaries	於附屬公司投資	3,773	18,546
Current assets	流動資產		
Deposits and other receivables	按金及其他應收款項	476	4,826
Amounts due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	4,916	24,029
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	26	7,648
		5,418	36,503
Current liabilities	流動負債		
Other payables	其他應付款項	7,026	5,293
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	380	367
		7,406	5,660
Net current (liabilities)/assets	流動(負債)/資產淨額	(1,988)	30,843
Net assets	資產淨額	1,785	49,389

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 32. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND 32. 本公司財務狀況表及儲備變動(續) RESERVES MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY

(Continued)

(a) Statement of financial position of the Company (Continued)

(a) 本公司財務狀況表(續)

		<b>2024</b> 二零二四年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Equity Share capital (note 30) Reserves (note 32(b))	<b>權益</b> 股本(附註30) 儲備(附註32(b))	336,995 (335,210)	318,424 (269,035)
Total equity	總權益	1,785	49,389

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 31 March 2025.

於二零二五年三月三十一日獲董事會 批准及授權刊發。

Li Wanyuan 李萬元 董事 Director

Liu Junting 劉俊廷 董事 Director

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 32. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY

32. 本公司財務狀況表及儲備變動(續)

(Continued)

(b) Reserves movement of the Company

(b) 本公司儲備變動

		Other reserves 其他儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日	924,203	(1,859,122)	(934,919)
Issue of Scheme Shares	發行計劃股份	1,380,187	_	1,380,187
Placing of new shares under general mandate	根據一般授權配售新股份	139,630	_	139,630
Share issue expenses	股份發行開支	(1,236)	_	(1,236)
Loss and total comprehensive loss for the year	年內虧損及全面虧損總額	_	(852,697)	(852,697)
At 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024	於二零二三年十二月三十一日及 二零二四年一月一日	2,442,784	(2,711,819)	(269,035)
Share issue expenses	股份發行開支	(191)	_	(191)
Loss and total comprehensive loss for the year	年內虧損及全面虧損總額		(65,984)	(65,984)
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	2,442,593	(2,777,803)	(335,210)

## 33. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

## The Group as lessor

For the year ended 31 December 2024, lease relate to motor vehicles owned by the Group with lease terms of 3 years. The lessee does not have options to extend the lease term and to purchase the motor vehicles at the expiry of the lease period.

# 33. 經營租賃承擔 本集團作為出租人

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,租 賃涉及本集團擁有的汽車,租賃期為三年。 承租人無權延長租賃期及於租賃期屆滿時購 買該等汽車。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 33. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS (Continued)

#### The Group as lessor (Continued)

Minimum lease payments receivables on leases are as follows:

#### **33.** 經營租賃承擔(續) 本集團作為出租人(績)

租賃的最低應收租賃付款如下:

		2024 二零二四年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Represented) (經重列)
Within 1 year In the second year In the third year	第一年內 第二年 第三年	385 385 240	- - -
		1,010	_

The following table presents the amounts reported in profit or loss:

下表呈列於損益報告的金額:

RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 (Represented	2024	2023
<b>人民幣千元</b> 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 (Represented	二零二四年	二零二三年
(Represented		
	人民幣十元 	
(經重列		(Represented) (經重列)

Continuing operations持續經營業務Lease income on operating lease經營租賃租金收入326

#### 34. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

During the course of business, the Group has been involved in litigations initiated by various suppliers, customers and lenders concerned with the contract disputes, quality of goods and repayment of debts, including claims of insignificant or unspecified amounts. Some of the litigations have been concluded by the court and/or settled, while some of the litigations are still pending judgement. Since the Group has already accounted for these payables in the consolidated financial statements, the directors are of the view that the litigations will not have any significant financial impact to the Group.

#### 34. 或然負債

本集團於業務過程曾牽涉多個由供應商、客戶及貸款人就合約糾紛、貨品質素及債務償還提起之訴訟,包括金額並不重大或並未訂明金額之索償。部分訴訟已由法院結案及/或和解,而部分訴訟仍有待裁決。由於本集團已於合併財務報表記錄該等應付款項,故董事認為該等訴訟將不會對本集團產生任何重大財務影響。

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#### 35. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

#### 35. 關聯方交易

The emoluments of directors during the year was as follows:

年內董事的酬金如下:

		<b>2024</b> 二零二四年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Fees	袍金	301	232
Other emoluments	其他酬金		
Salaries and allowances	薪金及津貼	1,314	875
Retirement benefit scheme contributions		45	34
		4.550	000
		1,359	909
		1,660	1,141

Further details of emoluments of directors and other members of key management during the year are set out in notes 14 and 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

年內董事及其他主要管理人員的酬金之進一步詳情載於合併財務報表附註14及15。

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#### 36. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

#### (a) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

The table set forth below is the detail changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

#### 36. 合併現金流量表附註

#### (a) 融資活動產生的負債對賬

下表詳述本集團融資活動產生的負債 的變動,包括現金和非現金變動。融 資活動所產生負債為現金流量已於或 未來現金流量將於本集團合併現金流 量表中分類為融資活動現金流量的負 債。

		Borrowings 借款 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Bonds 債券 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日	162,974	913,149	384	1,076,507
Cash flow	現金流量	(20,944)	-	(2,820)	(23,764)
Acquisition of subsidiaries	收購附屬公司	59,368	_	446	59,814
Settlement of bonds by issuing shares	透過發行股份結算債券	_	(911,499)	_	(911,499)
Termination of lease	終止租賃	_	_	(105)	(105)
Additions	添置	_	_	6,879	6,879
Interest expenses	利息開支	20,300	_	226	20,526
Transfer to interest payables	撥往應付利息	(18,268)	_	_	(18,268)
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	(3,059)	(1,650)	(4)	(4,713)
At 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024	於二零二三年十二月三十一日及 二零二四年一月一日	200,371	-	5,006	205,377
Cash flow	現金流量	(14,472)	_	(2,403)	(16,875)
Settlement by property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets (note 40)	以物業、廠房及設備以及 使用權資產結算(附註40)	(65,836)	-	-	(65,836)
Termination of lease	終止租賃	_	_	(746)	(746)
Additions	添置	_	_	312	312
Interest expenses	利息開支	19,217	_	184	19,401
Transfer to interest payables	撥往應付利息	(17,464)	_	_	(17,464)
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	344	-	_	344
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	122,160	_	2,353	124,513

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## 36. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT 36. 合併現金流量表附註(續) OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

#### (b) Total cash outflow for leases

Amounts included in the statement of cash flow for leases comprise the following:

#### (b) 租賃現金流出總額

計入租賃現金流量表的金額包括以下項目:

		2024 二零二四年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Within operating cash flows Within financing cash flows	於經營現金流量內 於融資現金流量內	208 2,219	427 2,594
		2,427	3,021

These amounts relate to the following:

該等金額與以下項目有關:

		<b>2024</b> 二零二四年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Lease rental paid	已付租賃租金	2,427	3,021

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#### 37. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES OF 37. 本公司主要附屬公司之詳情 THE COMPANY

Details of the Group's principal subsidiaries as at 31 December 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一 日,本集團主要附屬公司之詳情如下:

Name	Place of incorporation/ establishment	Registered/issued and paid up capital 已註冊/已發行	Percenta ownership 擁有	interest 權	Principal activities and place of operation
名稱	註冊成立/成立地點	及繳足股本	權益所佔 <b>2024</b> 二零二四年	百分比 2023 二零二三年	主要業務及經營地點
Moody Group (Int'l) Holding Limited 滿地集團 (國際) 股份有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	Indirect 100% 間接100%		Investment holding, Hong Kong 投資控股·香港
Shishi City Yingfeiling Supply Chain	The PRC	HK\$520,000,000	Indirect 100%	Indirect 100%	Investment holding, the PRC
Management Limited* 石獅市英飛凌供應鏈管理有限公司	中國	520,000,000港元	間接100%	間接100%	投資控股,中國
Fengtai Hubei Textile Co., Limited' 豐太湖北紡織有限公司	The PRC 中國	RMB50,000,000 人民幣50,000,000元	Indirect 100% 間接100%		Manufacturing and sales of fabrics, the PRC 生產及銷售面料,中國
Hongtai (Hubei) Marketing Co., Limited	The PRC	RMB2,000,000	Indirect 100%	Indirect 100%	Sales of fabrics, the PRC
Dasheng Guanshan* 宏太(湖北)營銷有限公司	中國	人民幣2,000,000元	間接100%	間接100%	銷售面料,中國
Shishi Hongtai Supply Chain Management	The PRC	RMB1,000,000	Indirect 100%	Indirect 100%	Dormant, the PRC
Co., Limited* 石獅市宏太供應鏈管理有限公司	中國	人民幣1,000,000元	間接100%	間接100%	無業務活動,中國
Shishi Meimei Yina Co. Limited*	The PRC	RMB1,000,000	Indirect 100%	Indirect 100%	
石獅美美依娜服飾有限公司	中國	人民幣1,000,000元	間接100%	間接100%	others, the PRC 生產及銷售鞋履·服裝及其他,中國
Leader Elastic Limited [#]	Hong Kong	HK\$52,500,000	Indirect 80.95%	Indirect 80.95%	Investment holding and wholesale and retain
利達彈性織物有限公司#	香港	52,500,000港元	間接80.95%	間接80.95%	of elastic webbings, Hong Kong 投資控股以及批發及零售彈性織帶,香港
Zhuhai Sundust Apparel Company	The PRC	RMB70,000,000	Indirect 68.11%	Indirect 68.11%	Investment holding and manufacturing of elastic
Limited*# 珠海泓利科技股份有限公司#	中國	人民幣70,000,000元	間接68.11%	間接68.11%	webbings, the PRC 投資控股及生產彈性繼帶,中國

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## 37. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES OF 37. 本公司主要附屬公司之詳情(績) THE COMPANY (continued)

Name	Place of incorporation/ establishment	Registered/issued and paid up capital 已註冊/已發行	Percentage of ownership interest 擁有權	Principal activities and place of operation
名稱	註冊成立/成立地點	及總足股本	# 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	
Sundust (Hong Kong) Company Limited [#] 泓利(香港)有限公司 [#]	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$11,628,000 11,628,000港元	Indirect 68.11% Indirect 68.114 間接68.11% 間接68.11	6 Provision of digital marketing, service, Hong Kong 6 提供數字營銷服務,香港
Zhuhai Hongli Yongtai Investment Co., Limited" [#]	The PRC	RMB9,500,000	Indirect 68.11% Indirect 68.11	6 Investment holding and assets management, the PRC
珠海泓利永泰投資有限公司#	中國	人民幣9,500,000元	間接68.11% 間接68.11	6 投資控股及資產管理,中國
Zhuhai Hongli Shengtai Investment Co., Limited* [#]	The PRC	RMB2,500,000	Indirect 68.11% Indirect 68.11	6 Investment holding and assets management, the PRC
珠海泓利盛泰投資有限公司#	中國	人民幣2,500,000元	間接68.11% 間接68.11	6 投資控股及資產管理,中國
Guangdong Hongli Flow Technology Co., Limited**	The PRC	RMB10,000,000	Indirect 47.68% Indirect 47.689	Information transmission, software and information technology services, the PRC
廣東泓利流量科技有限公司#	中國	人民幣10,000,000元	間接47.68% 間接47.68%	
Zhuhai Hongli Ribbon Co., Limited' [‡] 珠海泓利織帶有限公司 [‡]	The PRC 中國	RMB5,000,000 人民幣5,000,000元	Indirect 68.11% Indirect 68.11% 間接68.11% 間接68.11%	6 Manufacturing of elastic webbings, the PRC 6 生產彈性織帶,中國

^{*} The English translation of the company names is for reference only. The official names of these companies are in Chinese. The companies are registered as limited liability companies under the PRC law.

[#] The Companies were acquired by the Group on 28 April 2023.

^{*} 公司名稱之英文翻譯僅供識別。該等公司的官方名稱為中文。該等公司根據中國法律註冊為有限公司。

[#] 該等公司由本集團於二零二三年四月二十八 日收購。

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## 37. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

As at 31 December 2024, the bank and cash balances of the Group's subsidiaries in the PRC denominated in RMB amounted to approximately RMB672,000 (2023: RMB3,943,000). Conversion of RMB into foreign currencies is subject to the PRC's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations. However, under the PRC's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group's subsidiaries in the PRC is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

#### 38. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES

On 28 April 2023, the Group completed the acquisition of 80.95% equity interests of Leader Elastic, a company with limited liability incorporated under the laws of Hong Kong. Leader Elastic owns approximately 84.14% issued share capital of Zhuhai Sundust Apparel Co. Ltd ("Zhuhai Sundust"), a company established in the PRC whose shares were listed on the National Equities Exchange and Quotations in the PRC (stock code: 832674) and delisted on 9 October 2024. The principal activity of Leader Elastic and its subsidiaries is investment holding and sales of elastic webbing used for bras, underwear in the PRC and provision of digital marketing services. The consideration for the acquisition was HK\$21,000,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB18,546,000).

The acquisition was in line with the Company's business strategy to expand the Company's business in the production and the sales of elastic webbing used for bras and underwear as well as provision of digital marketing services, and strengthen the products, revenue sources and cash flow position of the Group in future.

#### 37. 本公司主要附屬公司之詳情(續)

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團於中國的附屬公司以人民幣計價的銀行及現金結餘約為人民幣672,000元(二零二三年:人民幣3,943,000元)。將人民幣兑換成外幣須遵守中國的《外匯管理條例》和《結匯、售匯及付匯管理規定》。然而,根據中國《外匯管理條例》及《結匯、售匯及付匯管理條例》,本集團於中國的附屬公司可通過獲授權開展外匯業務之銀行將人民幣兑換成其他貨幣。

#### 38. 收購附屬公司

於二零二三年四月二十八日,本集團完成收購利達彈性織物的80.95%股權,利達彈性織物為一家根據香港法律註冊成立的有限公司。利達彈性織物擁有珠海泓利服飾股份有限公司(「珠海泓利」)(一間於中國成立的好限公司,其股份曾於中國全國中小企業股份轉讓系統掛牌交易,證券代碼為832674,並於二零二四年十月九日退市)已發行股本約84.14%。利達彈性織物及其附屬公司之主要業務為投資控股及於中國銷售用於文胸及內衣的彈性織帶以及提供數字營銷服務。收購代價為21,000,000港元(相當於約人民幣18,546,000元)。

該收購符合本公司的業務策略,可拓展本公司用於文胸及內衣的彈性織帶的製造和銷售 以及提供數字營銷服務業務,且日後將增強 本集團的產品、收入來源及現金流量狀況。

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#### 38. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

# The fair values of the identifiable assets and liabilities of Leader Elastic Group acquired during the year ended 31 December 2023 as at the date of acquisition is set out below:

#### 38. 收購附屬公司(續)

於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度內 所收購利達彈性織物集團於收購日期的可識 別資產及負債的公平值載列如下:

		RMB′000 人民幣千元
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	26,161
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	11,230
Inventories	存貨	41,557
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項	12,952
Bank and cash balances	銀行及現金結餘	15,689
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	(8,275)
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	(446)
Current tax liabilities	即期税項負債	(212)
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	(2,147)
Borrowings	借款	(59,368)
Total identifiable net assets at fair value	按公平值計量之可識別資產淨值總額	37,141
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(18,595)
Total consideration	總代價	18,546
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Analysis of cash flows on acquisition:	收購之現金流量分析:	
Cash and cash equivalent acquired	收購之現金及現金等價物	15,689
Purchase consideration transferred	轉撥購買代價	(18,546)
Net cash flow on acquisition	收購之現金流量淨額	(2,857)

The non-controlling interests in Leader Elastic Group of approximately RMB18,595,000 recognised at the acquisition date was measured with reference to the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the fair value of net assets of Leader Elastic Group at that date.

Since the acquisition, Leader Elastic Group has contributed revenue of approximately RMB43,076,000 to the Group's turnover and loss of approximately RMB10,516,000 to the Group's profit for the period between the date of acquisition and 31 December 2023. Had the acquisition been completed on 1 January 2023, the consolidated pro forma revenue and loss for the year ended 31 December 2023 would have been approximately RMB48,391,000 and RMB17,981,000 respectively.

於收購日期確認利達彈性織物集團的非控股權益約人民幣18,595,000元乃參照非控股權益按比例應佔利達彈性織物集團於該日淨資產公平值的份額計量。

自收購以來,利達彈性織物集團為本集團的營業額貢獻收入約人民幣43,076,000元,為本集團於收購日期至二零二三年十二月三十一日的溢利貢獻虧損約人民幣10,516,000元。倘收購於二零二三年一月一日完成,截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度的綜合備考收益及虧損將分別為約人民幣48,391,000元及人民幣17,981,000元。

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#### 38. ACOUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

The proforma information is for illustrative purposes only and is not necessarily an indication of the total revenue and profit after tax of the Group that actually would have been achieved had the acquisition been taken place at the beginning of the year ended 31 December 2023, nor is intended to be a projection of future results.

#### 39. PARTLY OWNED SUBSIDIARIES WITH **MATERIAL NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS**

The table below shows details of a non-wholly owned subsidiaries of the Group that have material non-controlling interests ("NCI"):

#### 38. 收購附屬公司(續)

備考資料僅供説明之用,不一定表明本集團 若於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度 之年初完成收購,實際實現的總收益及稅後 溢利,亦無意預測未來業績。

#### 39. 擁有重大非控股權益的非全資擁 有附屬公司

下表載列對本集團屬重大之非控股權益(「非 控股權益」)之非全資附屬公司資料。

					tal comprehensi 空股權益應佔的虧		
Name of the subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Principal place of business 主要營業地點	interests and vo by 非控股權益持	of ownership oting rights held NCI 有的擁有權權益 所佔百分比	Total comprel attributab 非控股權益服 虧損約	le to NCI 怎佔的全面	<b>Accumula</b> 累計非控	
		<b>2024</b> 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Zhuhai Sundust 珠海泓利	The PRC 中國	Indirect 31.89% 間接31.89%	Indirect 31.89% 間接31.89%	(1,845)	(3,268)	3,774	5,619
Zhuhai Hongli Ribbon Co., Limited ("Zhuhai Hongli") 珠海泓利织帶有限公司 (「珠海泓利织帶」)	The PRC 中國	Indirect 31.89% 間接31.89%	Indirect 31.89% 間接31.89%	(2,536)	(634)	(3,170)	(634
Individual immaterial subsidiaries with NCI 持有非控股權益的個別非重大附屬公司	The PRC 中國					6,758	7,742
						7,362	12,727

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## 39. PARTLY OWNED SUBSIDIARIES WITH MATERIAL NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

#### (Continued)

The summarised financial information below represents amounts before intragroup eliminations.

#### 39. 擁有重大非控股權益的非全資擁 有附屬公司(續)

下文所呈列之財務資料概要指集團內部抵銷 前之金額。

		Zhuhai Sundust 珠海泓利		Zhuhai Hongli 珠海泓利织帶	
		<b>2024</b> 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年	<b>2024</b> 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
Non-current assets	非流動資產	44,372	47,400	52	_
Current assets	流動資產	32,444	46,156	22,113	10,407
Current liabilities	流動負債	(19,493)	(30,420)	(8,413)	(7,396)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(28)	(55)	(18,691)	
Equity attributable to owners of the	本公司擁有人應佔權益				
Company		53,521	57,462	(1,769)	3,645
NCI	非控股權益	3,774	5,619	(3,170)	(634)
Revenue	收益	6,288	16,649	31,268	10,327
Loss and total comprehensive loss attributable to owners of the Company Loss and total comprehensive loss	本公司擁有人應佔虧損及 全面虧損總額 非控股權益應佔虧損及	(3,941)	(6,979)	(5,414)	(1,355)
attributable to NCI	<ul><li>并在放性血滤巾虧損及</li><li>全面虧損總額</li></ul>	(1,845)	(3,268)	(2,536)	(634)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	本年度全面虧損總額	(5,786)	(10,247)	(7,950)	(1,989)
Net cash (used in)/generated from	經營活動(所用)/所得現金 淨額	(2.500)	1 002	440	(24.204)
operating activities  Net cash from/(used in)  investing activities	净額 投資活動所得/(所用)現金 淨額	(3,599)	1,982 487	142 (57)	(24,294)
Net cash (used in)/from financing activities	融資活動(所用)/所得現金淨額	_	(326)	(01)	24,470
Net cash (outflows)/inflows	現金(流出)/流入淨額	(3,599)	2,143	85	176

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 40. MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS

During the year, the Group settled borrowings of approximately RMB65,836,000 and interest payable of approximately RMB49,279,000 through the transfer of approximately RMB132,034,000 of property, plant and equipment and approximately RMB15,475,000 of right-of-use assets. Following the transfer of the property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets, the deferred income associated with leasehold land and land use right amounting to RMB11,876,000 was derecognised.

#### 41. COMPARATIVE FIGURE

Following the discontinued operation as described in note 17 to the consolidated financial statements, certain comparative figures were represented so as to reflect the results of the continuing operations and discontinued operation.

#### 42. APPROVAL OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL **STATEMENTS**

The consolidated financial statements are approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 31 March 2025.

#### 40. 主要非現金交易

年內,本集團透過轉讓約人民幣 132.034.000元的物業、廠房及設備及約人 民幣15.475.000元的使用權資產,結清借款 約人民幣65,836,000元及應付利息約人民幣 49,279,000元。轉讓物業、廠房及設備及土 地使用權後,已終止確認與租賃土地及土 地使用權相關的遞延收入人民幣11.876.000 元。

#### 41. 比較數字

如合併財務報表附註17所述已終止經營業務 後,若干比較數字已重新呈列,以反映持續 經營業務及已終止經營業務的業績。

#### 42. 批准合併財務報表

合併財務報表已於二零二五年三月三十一日 獲董事會批准並授權刊發。

### FINANCIAL SUMMARY

#### 財務摘要

#### **OPERATING RESULTS**

#### 經營業績

		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度					
		<b>2024</b> 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年	
		-4-41	— <del>4</del> —— 1	— <i>-</i> — 1	— < —	— <del>-</del> 1	
Revenue (RMB'000)	收益(人民幣千元)	112,716	126,696*	90,544	155,541	206,666	
Gross profit/(loss) (RMB'000)	毛利/(損)(人民幣千元)	8,982	14,880*	7,396	3,627	(12,315)	
Gross profit/(loss) margin	毛利/(損)率	8.0%	11.7%*	8.2%	2.3%	(6.0%)	
Loss for the year attributable to	本公司擁有人應佔年內						
owners of the Company	虧損總額						
(RMB'000)	(人民幣千元)	(88,389)	(811,388)	(140,498)	(100,528)	(219,049)	
Net loss margin	淨虧損率	(78.4%)	(640.4%)*	(155.2%)	(64.6%)	(106.0%)	

#### **CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET**

The following table sets forth our assets/liabilities position as at 31 December 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023 and 2024:

#### 合併資產負債表

下表載列我們於二零二零年、二零二一年、二零 二二年、二零二三年及二零二四年十二月三十一 日的資產/負債狀況:

		<b>A</b> s at 31 December 於十二月三十一日					
		<b>2024</b> 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年	
Current assets	流動資產	82,207	100,153	58,006	58,006	53,509	
Current liabilities	流動負債	(324,476)	(439,941)	(1,284,755)	(1,284,755)	(983,267)	
Net current liabilities	流動負債淨額	(242,269)	(339,788)	(1,226,749)	(1,226,749)	(929,758)	
Net liabilities	負債淨額	(223,378)	(146,126)	(1,175,335)	(1,175,335)	(959,287)	

Comparative figures for the year ended 31 December 2023 were * 由於合併財務報表附註17所述的已終止經營業 represented as a result of the discontinued operation mentioned in the note 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

務,截至二零二三年十二月三十一止年度的比較 數字已重新呈列。

#### FINANCIAL SUMMARY 財務摘要

#### **FINANCIAL INDICATORS**

#### 財務指標

			Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度					
		<b>2024</b> 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年	2020		
		一令一四十	令二十	令牛	令+	令令十		
Return on equity (%) (Note 1)	股本回報率(%)(附註1)	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用		
Return on assets (%) (Note 2)	資產回報率(%)(附註2)	(78.3)	(263.7)*	(57.8)	(44.1)	(78.2)		
Interest coverage ratio (Note 3)	利息覆蓋率(附註3)	(15.6)	(358.5)*	(2.7)	(1.5)	(1.7)		
			As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020		
		二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二零年		
Current ratio (%) (Note 4)	流動比率(%)(附註4)	25.3	22.8	4.5	2.0	5.4		
Quick ratio (%) (Note 5)	速動比率(%)(附註5)	12.9	12.2	3.7	1.8	5.1		
Debt to equity ratio (%) (Note 6)	債務股本比率(%)(附註6)	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用		
Gearing ratio (%) (Note 7)	權益負債比率(%)(附註7)	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用		
* Comparative figures for the year ended 31 December 2023 were represented as a result of the discontinued operation mentioned in the note 17 to the consolidated financial statements.			* 由於合併財務報表附註17所述的已終止經營業務,截至二零二三年十二月三十一止年度的比較數字已重新呈列。					

#### Notes:

- Return on equity was calculated based on our total comprehensive income for the respective year divided by the total equity of the respective year and multiplied by 100%.
- Return on assets was calculated based on our loss and total comprehensive income for the respective year divided by our total assets of the respective year and multiplied by 100%.
- (3) Interest coverage ratio was calculated based on our loss for the year for the respective year divided by our finance costs for the respective year.
- Current ratio were calculated based on our current assets of the respective date divided by our current liabilities of the respective date and multiplied by 100%.
- Quick ratio were calculated based on our current assets minus inventories as at the respective date divided by our current liabilities as at the respective date and multiplied by 100%.
- Debt to equity ratio were calculated based on our total debts (being sum of our total borrowings and amounts due to related parties and third parties) as at the respective date divided by total equity as at the respective year and multiplied by 100%.
- Gearing ratio were calculated based on our net debts (being total debts net of cash and cash equivalents) as at the respective date divided by total equity as at the respective year and multiplied by 100%.

#### 附註:

- 股本回報率乃按有關年度全面收益總額除以有關 (1) 年度總權益再乘以100%計算。
- 資產回報率乃按有關年度虧損及全面收益總額除 以有關年度資產總值再乘以100%計算。
- 利息覆蓋率乃按有關年度之年度虧損除以有關年 (3)度的融資成本計算。
- 流動比率乃按有關日期的流動資產除以有關日期 的流動負債再乘以100%計算。
- 速動比率乃按有關日期的流動資產減去存貨後除 (5)以有關日期的流動負債再乘以100%計算。
- 債務股本比率乃按有關日期的債務總額(即借款 總額與應付關聯方及第三方款項的總和)除以有 關年度總權益再乘以100%計算。
- 權益負債比率乃按有關日期的債務淨額(即債務 總額扣除現金及現金等價物)除以有關年度總權 益再乘以100%計算。

