



CHINA WOOD INTERNATIONAL HOLDING CO., LIMITED 中木國際控股有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)
(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

(Stock Code 股份代號 : 1822)

2024

Annual Report
年報



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Corporate Information

公司資料

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Lyu NingJiang (*Chairman and Chief Executive Officer*)
Ms. Ng Lai Ha

Non-executive Director

Mr. Hu YongGang

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Zhao Xianming
Mr. Chan Lik Shan
Mr. So Yin Wai

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Lee Pak Chung

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Lyu NingJiang
Mr. Lee Pak Chung

董事

執行董事

呂寧江先生(主席兼首席執行官)
吳麗霞女士

非執行董事

胡永剛先生

獨立非執行董事

趙憲明先生
陳力山先生
蘇彥威先生

公司秘書

李柏聰先生

授權代表

呂寧江先生
李柏聰先生

Corporate Information 公司資料

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Zhao Xianming (*Chairman*)
Mr. Chan Lik Shan
Mr. So Yin Wai

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Lyu NingJiang (*Chairman*)
Mr. Zhao Xianming
Mr. Chan Lik Shan
Mr. So Yin Wai

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Zhao Xianming (*Chairman*)
Mr. Chan Lik Shan
Mr. So Yin Wai

HONG KONG SHARE REGISTRAR

Tricor Investor Services Limited
17/F., Far East Finance Centre
16 Harcourt Road
Hong Kong

WEBSITE

www.chinawoodint.com.hk

STOCK CODE

01822

LEGAL ADVISOR

(Hong Kong Law)
Michael Li & Co
Room 1901A, 1902, 1902A, 19/F.
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Hong Kong

審核委員會

趙憲明先生 (*主席*)
陳力山先生
蘇彥威先生

提名委員會

呂寧江先生 (*主席*)
趙憲明先生
陳力山先生
蘇彥威先生

薪酬委員會

趙憲明先生 (*主席*)
陳力山先生
蘇彥威先生

香港股份登記處

卓佳證券登記有限公司
香港
夏慤道16號
遠東金融中心17樓

網址

www.chinawoodint.com.hk

股份代號

01822

法律顧問

(香港法例)
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香港中環
皇后大道中16-18號
新世界大廈一座
19樓1901A、1902及1902A室

Corporate Information

公司資料

PRINCIPAL BANKER

Bank of Communications Co., Ltd. Hong Kong Branch
Nanyang Commercial Bank, Limited

AUDITOR

McMillan Woods (Hong Kong) CPA Limited
Certified Public Accountants
24/F., Siu On Centre
188 Lockhart Road, Wanchai
Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive
P. O. Box 2681
Grand Cayman KY1-1111
Cayman Islands

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

11th Floor, Tower 2
Admiralty Centre
18 Harcourt Road, Admiralty
Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Suntera (Cayman) Limited
3rd Floor, Royal Bank House
24 Shedden Road, George Town
Grand Cayman KY1-1110
Cayman Islands

主要往來銀行

交通銀行股份有限公司，香港分行
南洋商業銀行有限公司

核數師

長青(香港)會計師事務所有限公司
執業會計師
香港
灣仔駱克道188號
兆安中心24樓

註冊辦事處

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive
P.O. Box 2681
Grand Cayman KY1-1111
Cayman Islands

總辦事處及香港主要營業地點

香港
金鐘夏慤道18號
海富中心
第2座11樓

主要股份過戶登記處

Suntera (Cayman) Limited
3rd Floor, Royal Bank House
24 Shedden Road, George Town
Grand Cayman KY1-1110
Cayman Islands

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal activity of China Wood International Holding Co., Limited (“**the Company**”) is investment holding. The Company and its subsidiaries (together the “**Group**”) are principally engaged in wood-related business, including the processing and distribution of furniture wood, and the manufacturing and sales of antique-style wood furniture and other wooden products. During the year of 2024 (the “**Year**”), the property sector in China is still struggling to emerge from the credit crisis after the government of the People’s Republic of China (the “**PRC**”) cracked down on its debt levels in August 2020. Wood consumption is closely linked to the housing market and its demand for construction materials, flooring, furniture, and decorative items. In the last quarter of the Year, the central bank in the PRC had come up with measures including RMB300 billion in lending support for state owned enterprises to buy completed but unsold housing inventory. Another RMB4 trillion in credit was targeted to boost project completions. Notwithstanding that, the property market in the PRC is still in a precarious position, and much depends on the PRC government’s follow through on support. As a result, the business environment in which the Group operates remains to be challenging and tough.

To counter the risks of over-exposure to the wood-related business and to capitalize on the Group’s expertise and experience in PRC marketing, the Company has been actively assessing the viability of business diversification. Since 2023, the Group has been actively studying business opportunities in areas including the functional food and beverage industry in the PRC. In light of the contingent liabilities arising from legal actions subsisted in the car rental business, its limited scale of operation, and taking into account of its future prospect, the Group considers it appropriate to discontinue the car rental business in October 2024 to release precious financial resources and management time in the functional food and beverage business in the PRC in the fourth quarter of the Year.

Wood-related Business

During the Year, the Company has continued its efforts in developing its core wood-related business, including wood management, distribution and processing of wood and timber products as well as the manufacturing and sale of antique-style wood furniture.

業務回顧

中國國際控股有限公司（「**本公司**」）之主要業務為投資控股。本公司及其附屬公司（統稱「**本集團**」）主要從事木材相關業務，包括傢俬木材之加工及分銷以及仿古木傢俬及其他木材產品之製造及銷售。二零二四年期間（「**本年度**」），自二零二零年八月中華人民共和國（「**中國**」）政府抑制債務水平後，中國的物業房產板塊仍未從信貸危機中走出來。木材消耗與房屋市場及其對建材、地板、家具及裝飾品的需求息息相關。於本年度的最後一季，中國央行已制定措施，包括向國有企業提供人民幣3,000億元貸款支持，以購買已完工但尚未出售的房屋庫存。另外人民幣40,000億元的信貸目標以促進項目完工。儘管如此，中國的物業市場仍處於不穩定狀態，很大程度上取決於中國政府的跟進支持。因此，本集團經營所在的商業環境仍然充滿挑戰和困難。

為應對木材相關業務所面臨的過度集中風險，並利用本集團於中國市場營銷的專業知識及經驗，本公司一直積極評估業務多元化的可行性。自二零二三年起，本集團一直積極研究包括中國功能性食品及飲料行業等領域的商機。鑑於汽車租賃業務因法律訴訟而產生的或然負債以及其有限的經營規模，並考慮到其未來前景，本集團認為於二零二四年十月終止汽車租賃業務，以便於本年度第四季度釋放寶貴的財務資源及管理時間於中國的功能性食品及飲料業務屬適當。

木材相關業務

於本年度內，本公司繼續努力開發其核心木材相關業務（包括木材管理以及木材及木材產品的加工及分銷）以及製造及銷售仿古木傢俬。

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

With the continuing efforts of the Company and the valuable expertise and extensive business connections of the Group, the revenue generated from the wood-related business has increased from approximately HK\$312.1 million in 2023 to approximately HK\$355.3 million in the Year.

Processing and distribution of furniture wood

Since late 2020, the Group has established various subsidiaries to develop the Group's core wood-related business, which is principally engaged in the provision of comprehensive supply chain management services and the processing and distribution of a variety of furniture woods, which mainly comprise of red mahogany wood, sandalwood, rosewood, pine wood, and fir wood, sourced in the PRC and overseas.

The Group's revenue generated from the processing and distribution of furniture wood for the Year amounted to approximately HK\$322.0 million (2023: approximately HK\$274.1 million).

Manufacturing and sales of antique-style wood furniture and other wooden products

In addition to the processing and distribution of furniture wood business, the Group continues to develop the manufacturing and sales of antique-style wood furniture and other wooden products business since 2022.

The Group's revenue generated from the manufacturing and sales of antique-style wood furniture and other wooden products amounted to approximately HK\$33.3 million for the Year (2023: approximately HK\$38.0 million).

鑒於本公司的不斷努力以及本集團的寶貴專業知識及廣泛的業務關係，木材相關業務產生的收益由二零二三年的約312,100,000港元增加至本年度的約355,300,000港元。

傢俬木材加工及分銷

自二零二零年底以來，本集團成立多家附屬公司以發展本集團核心木材相關業務，其主要從事提供綜合供應鏈管理服務及各種傢俬木材（主要包括在中國及海外採購的紅桃木、檀香木、薔薇木、松木及冷杉木）的加工及分銷。

本集團於本年度自傢俬木材加工及分銷產生的收益約322,000,000港元（二零二三年：約274,100,000港元）。

仿古木傢俬及其他木材產品的製造及銷售

除加工及分銷傢俬用木材業務外，本集團自二零二二年起持續發展製造及銷售仿古木傢俬及其他木材產品業務。

本集團於本年度自仿古木傢俬及其他木材產品的製造及銷售產生的收益約33,300,000港元（二零二三年：約38,000,000港元）。

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

Food and Beverage Business

With an increasing disposable income and awareness of a healthy lifestyle, driven by the recent pandemic, the desire for a balanced and healthy diet has expanded rapidly in recent years in the PRC, resulting in significant growth in the functional food and beverage industry in the PRC and the Group expects that as China's population ages, the need for functional foods and beverage will be even higher, and so will the opportunities for businesses. According to a market research report publicly available, the revenue of PRC functional foods market was estimated at approximately US\$36.77 billion in 2023 and is anticipated to grow to approximately US\$67.69 billion by 2030, representing a compounded annual growth rate of approximately 9.1% during the forecast period. In light of the robust growth in the PRC functional foods market, the board (the **"Board"**) of directors (the **"Director(s)"**) of the Company considers that it is in the interests of the Company and the shareholders of the Company (the **"Shareholders"**) as a whole for the Group to develop its functional food and beverage business in the PRC.

In the fourth quarter of 2024, the Company has established Shenzhen Weijianbao Food Technology Co. Ltd.* (深圳維健寶食品科技有限公司) (**"Shenzhen Weijianbao"**), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company in the PRC, to conduct functional food and beverage business in the PRC. The Group has allocated up to HK\$2 million out of its working capital for the initial setup and operation of Shenzhen Weijianbao. To assist in the initial setup and operation of Shenzhen Weijianbao, out of the HK\$2 million allocated, the Group has appointed an independent consultant who holds a degree in business administration and having over 10 years of business development management experience in the food and beverage industry; and another independent consultant who holds a degree in bio-science and having over 10 years of research development management experience in the food and beverage industry. To minimize business risk and on the strength of the Group expertise and experience in PRC marketing, the Group initially has marketed functional food and beverage products, supplied by ODM supplier, under its own branding through direct sales channel and achieved a revenue of approximately HK\$1.1 million in the Year.

食品及飲品業務

隨著國人可支配收入的增長及對健康生活方式認識的提高，在近期疫情的推動下，近年來對均衡健康飲食的需求迅速增長，帶動中國的功能性食品及飲料行業顯著增長，且本集團預期隨著中國人口不斷老齡化，人們對功能性食品及飲料的需求愈加旺盛，而這也將帶來更多商機。根據一份公開市場研究報告，中國功能性食品市場於二零二三年的收益估計約為367.7億美元，預期到二零三零年將增長至約676.9億美元，即預測期間的年均複合增長率約為9.1%。鑒於中國功能性食品市場的強勁增長，本公司董事（「**董事**」）會（「**董事會**」）認為本集團在中國發展其功能性食品及飲料業務符合本公司及本公司股東（「**股東**」）的整體利益。

於二零二四年第四季度，本公司已成立深圳維健寶食品科技有限公司（「**深圳維健寶**」），該公司為本公司於中國的全資附屬公司，於中國經營功能性食品及飲料業務。本集團已從其營運資金中撥出最多2,000,000港元，用作深圳維健寶的初期成立及營運。為協助深圳維健寶的初期成立及營運，本集團已從所撥出的2,000,000港元中委任一名持有工商管理學位並擁有超過10年食品及飲料行業的業務發展管理經驗的獨立顧問；以及另一名持有生物科學學位並擁有超過10年食品及飲料行業的研發管理經驗的獨立顧問。為將業務風險減至最低，並憑藉本集團於中國市場營銷的專業知識及經驗，本集團初步透過直銷渠道以自有品牌銷售由原設計供應商供應的功能性食品及飲料，並於本年度錄得收益約1,100,000港元。

* English name for identification purpose only

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

Car Rental Business

The car rental service business in the PRC had been one of the core businesses of the Group since 2014.

Pursuant to the sale and purchase agreement dated 28 October 2024 entered into between Easy Top Ace Limited (頂王有限公司), a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, as vendor; and Wanyi Asia Limited (萬益亞洲有限公司), an independent third party who is not connected with the Company and its connected persons (as defined under the Listing Rules), as purchaser, the Group disposed of Gigantic Wisdom Limited (鴻智有限公司) and its subsidiaries (the “**Disposal Group**”) which conducted all of the Group’s car rental business, at a consideration of HK\$50,000. For details, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 28 October 2024 and 31 October 2024.

Following the aforesaid disposal of the Disposal Group, the car rental business segment of the Group has been accounted for as discontinued operations in the consolidated financial statements in this annual report.

FUTURE OUTLOOK

Since 2020, the Group has been continuously developing its core wood-related business, which included the processing and distribution of furniture wood business, and manufacturing and sales of antique style wood furniture and other wooden products. The Group has accumulated its experience and expertise in the wood-related business, and will continue to develop and expand its operations in the foreseeable future.

The Group will continue to explore potential opportunities for strategic cooperation with market players, in the mid-stream to downstream of the industry value chain, such as real estate developers, high-end furniture brand retailers, logistics management services providers, as well as management expertise to further expand the Group’s wood-related business.

Given the initial positive results in the food and beverage business segment, the Group believes that it will be beneficial to further develop the functional food and beverage business in the PRC. As at the date of this annual report, the Company has not identified any potential targets for acquisition or formation of joint venture in relation to its planned development of functional food and beverage business in the PRC.

汽車租賃業務

自二零一四年起，中國汽車租賃服務業務曾一直為本集團核心業務之一。

根據本公司的直接全資附屬公司頂王有限公司（作為賣方）及與本公司及其關連人士（定義見上市規則）並無關連的獨立第三方萬益亞洲有限公司（作為買方）訂立日期為二零二四年十月二十八日之買賣協議，本集團出售鴻智有限公司及其附屬公司（「**該出售集團**」），其從事本集團所有汽車租賃業務，代價為50,000港元。有關詳情請參閱本公司日期為二零二四年十月二十八日及二零二四年十月三十一日的公告。

出售前述該出售集團後，本集團汽車租賃業務分部已於本年報的綜合財務報表內按已終止經營業務計提。

未來展望

本集團自二零二零年起一直在持續發展其核心木材相關業務（包括傢俬木材業務的加工及分銷，以及仿古木傢俬及其他木材產品的製造及銷售）。本集團已在木材相關業務積累了經驗及專業知識，並將於可見將來繼續發展及擴大其營運。

本集團將繼續探尋與行業供應鏈中游至下游的市場參與者（如房地產開發商、高端傢俬品牌零售商、物流管理服務提供商以及管理專業人才）進行戰略合作的潛在機遇，以進一步擴大本集團的木材相關業務。

考慮到食品及飲料業務分部的初步正面業績，本集團相信進一步發展中國功能性食品及飲料業務將帶來裨益。於本年報日期，本公司尚未就其計劃在中國發展功能性食品及飲料業務物色到任何潛在收購或成立合資企業的目標。

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

To further develop the functional food and beverage business, the Group also plans to: (i) recruit additional management and technical staff with established knowledge and experience in the functional food and beverage industry; (ii) conduct research activities for the development of proprietary rights and technology related to functional food and beverage to enhance the competitive advantages of the Group's products, the production of the Group's products will remain to be outsourced to external independent suppliers; and (iii) set up a sales and marketing team and engaging key opinion leaders ("**KOLs**") designated for the promotion of functional food and beverage products and the development of its functional food and beverage business in the PRC through direct sales channels. To finance the further development of the food and beverage business segment of the Group and to enhance the financial position of the Group, the Directors proposed the rights issue (the "**Rights Issue**") on the basis of one rights share ("**Right Share(s)**") for every one existing Share in issue that would strengthen the capital base of the Company without incurring debt financing cost. The Rights Issue was approved by the Independent Shareholders pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed at the extraordinary general meeting held on 18 February 2025.

The net proceeds from the Rights Issue (after deducting the estimated expenses) and assuming full acceptance of the Rights Issue by all the Qualifying Shareholders, are estimated to be approximately HK\$44.6 million. The Company intends to apply the net proceeds from the Rights Issue as follows: (i) approximately 44.8% of the net proceeds, or approximately HK\$20.0 million, for investment in functional food and beverage business in the PRC including the acquisition of research and development equipment for the development of proprietary rights and technology related to functional food products, costs associated with the continuous testing and development of functional food products, recruitment of management and technical staff with established knowledge and over five years of experience in the Hong Kong and/or PRC food and beverage industry, and costs for setting up a sales and marketing team and engaging KOLs to promote the functional food and beverage products developed by the Group; and (ii) approximately 55.2%

為進一步發展功能性食品及飲料業務，本集團亦計劃(i)額外招聘於功能性食品及飲料行業擁有豐富知識及經驗的管理及技術人員；(ii)進行研究活動，以開發功能性食品及飲料相關的專有權利及技術，從而提升本集團產品的競爭優勢，而本集團產品的生產仍將外判予外部獨立供應商；及(iii)成立銷售及市場推廣團隊，並聘請關鍵意見領袖（「**關鍵意見領袖**」），專門推廣功能性食品及飲料產品，並透過直銷渠道在中國發展其功能性食品及飲料業務。為資助本集團食品及飲料業務分部的進一步發展及提升本集團的財務狀況，董事建議按每一股現有已發行股份獲發一股供股股份（「**供股股份**」）的基準進行供股（「**供股**」），以加強本公司之資金基礎，而毋須承擔債務融資成本。供股根據於二零二五年二月十八日舉行的股東特別大會上通過之普通決議案獲獨立股東批准。

經扣除估計開支及假設所有合資格股東已全面接納供股後，供股之所得款項淨額估計將約為44,600,000港元。本公司擬按以下方式應用供股之所得款項淨額：(i)所得款項淨額中約44.8%或約20,000,000港元將用於投資中國之功能性食品及飲料業務，包括購買研發設備，以發展與功能性食品產品有關的專有權利及技術、與持續測試及發展功能性食品產品有關的成本、聘請於香港及／或中國的食品及飲料行業具備既有知識及有超過五年經驗的管理及技術人員及設立銷售及市場營銷團隊並聘請關鍵意見領袖的成本，以推廣本集團發展的功能性食品及飲料產品；及(ii)所得款項淨額中約55.2%或約24,600,000港

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of the net proceeds, or approximately HK\$24.6 million, for general working capital of the Group, including but not limited to operational costs, staff costs, rental expenses, professional fees and other office overheads of the Group.

The results of the Rights Issue are expected to be announced on 24 March 2025. Please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 19 November 2024 and 18 February 2025; the circular of the Company dated 28 January 2025; and the prospectus of the Company dated 3 March 2025 for details of the Rights Issue.

FINANCIAL RESTRUCTURING IN 2021 TO 2023

Appointment of the Joint Provisional Liquidators for restructuring purpose in the Cayman Islands

Having explored different options to restructure the debts of the Company, the Board decided to implement a management led restructuring under a court-supervised provisional liquidation regime pursuant to the laws of the Cayman Islands, commonly known as a “light touch” provisional liquidation, which provides a statutory moratorium prohibiting the commencement or continuance of any proceedings against the Company without the leave of the Grand Court of the Cayman Islands (the “**Cayman Court**”) in the Cayman Islands.

Accordingly, in order to facilitate the Company’s financial restructuring, a winding up petition together with an application for the appointment (the “**JPL Application**”) of joint and several provisional liquidators (the “**JPLs**”) of the Company (for restructuring purposes) on a light touch approach for restructuring purposes was presented and filed with the Cayman Court by the Company.

The JPL Application was heard before the Cayman Court on 2 February 2021 (Cayman Islands time). The Cayman Court made the orders as sought by the Company under the JPL Application, inter alia, Osman Mohammed Arab and Lai Wing Lun of RSM Corporate Advisory (Hong Kong) Limited, and Martin Nicholas John Trott of R&H Restructuring (Cayman) Ltd., were appointed as JPLs of the Company on a light touch approach for restructuring purpose. Please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 2 February 2021 and 5 February 2021 for details.

元將用作本集團之一般營運資金，包括但不限於本集團之營運成本、員工成本、租金開支、專業費用及其他辦公開支。

供股結果預期將於二零二五年三月二十四日公佈。有關供股詳情，請參閱本公司日期為二零二四年十一月十九日及二零二五年二月十八日的公告；本公司日期為二零二五年一月二十八日的通函；及本公司日期為二零二五年三月三日的供股章程。

二零二一年至二零二三年的財務重組

就重組於開曼群島委任共同臨時清盤人

經探討重組本公司債務的不同選擇，董事會決定根據開曼群島法律在法院監督的臨時清盤制度下實行由管理層主導的重組（俗稱「輕觸」方式臨時清盤），其提供法定延期償付，未經位於開曼群島的開曼群島大法院（「**開曼法院**」）許可，禁止對本公司開展或繼續進行任何訴訟。

因此，為促進本公司的財務重組，本公司向開曼法院提交清盤呈請連同委任本公司共同及個別臨時清盤人（「**共同臨時清盤人**」）（就重組目的）的申請（「**共同臨時清盤人申請**」），藉此以輕觸方式重組。

於二零二一年二月二日（開曼群島時間），共同臨時清盤人申請已於開曼法院進行聆訊。開曼法院已根據共同臨時清盤人申請作出本公司尋求的命令（其中包括）羅申美企業顧問有限公司的馬德民及黎穎麟以及R&H Restructuring (Cayman) Ltd.的Martin Nicholas John Trott獲委任為本公司共同臨時清盤人，藉此以輕觸方式重組。有關詳情，請參閱本公司日期為二零二一年二月二日及二零二一年二月五日的公告。

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On 28 January 2022, the Company's solicitors took out an ex parte originating summons with the High Court of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (the "**Hong Kong Court**") for the hearing on 8 February 2022 of an application by the Company for an order to convene a meeting of the creditors (the "**Scheme Meeting**") of the Company to consider and, if thought fit, approve, with or without modification, a scheme of arrangement (the "**Scheme**") proposed by the Company, pursuant to section 670 of the Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622). By an order of the Hong Kong Court, the Scheme Meeting was convened on 11 March 2022.

Capital Reorganisation, the Investor's Subscription and the Scheme

On 16 February 2022 (after trading hours), the Company, the JPLs, the Investor and Mr. Lyu Ning Jiang ("**Mr. Lyu**") entered into the conditional Restructuring Agreement, to carry out the Restructuring Transactions involving (i) the Capital Reorganisation; (ii) the Investor's Subscription; and (iii) the Scheme. Please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 10 March 2022 for details of the Restructuring Agreement and the Restructuring Transactions.

At the Scheme Meeting convened and held on 11 March 2022, the Scheme was approved by the requisite statutory majorities of the creditors. The sealed sanction order was delivered to the Registrar of Companies in Hong Kong on 26 April 2022.

As announced in the announcement of the Company dated 10 March 2022 and the circular in relation to the Restructuring Transactions and the Whitewash Waiver dated 5 August 2022, a Funding Agreement dated 31 December 2020 was entered into between the Company as the borrower and the Investor as the lender to provide the funding for the Company to continue and further develop its business. On 17 October 2022, the Funding Agreement was sanctioned by the Cayman Court.

於二零二二年一月二十八日，本公司律師在香港特別行政區高等法院（「**香港法院**」）取出單方原訴傳票，以便香港法院於二零二二年二月八日聆訊本公司根據第622章公司條例第670條提交的申請，即請求頒令召開本公司債權人會議（「**計劃會議**」），以考慮及酌情批准（不論有否修訂）本公司建議的安排計劃（「**計劃**」）。根據香港法院的傳令，計劃會議於二零二二年三月十一日舉行。

資本重組、投資者認購事項及計劃

於二零二二年二月十六日（交易時間後），本公司、共同臨時清盤人、投資者及呂寧江先生（「**呂先生**」）訂立有條件重組協議以進行重組交易，其中涉及(i)資本重組；(ii)投資者認購事項；及(iii)計劃。有關重組協議及重組交易的詳情，請參閱本公司日期為二零二二年三月十日的公告。

於二零二二年三月十一日召開及舉行的計劃會議上，計劃已獲法定所需之多數債權人的批准。加蓋印章的認許令已於二零二二年四月二十六日交付予香港公司註冊處處長。

誠如本公司日期為二零二二年三月十日的公告及日期為二零二二年八月五日的通函（內容有關重組交易及清洗豁免）所宣佈，本公司作為借款人與投資者作為貸款人訂立日期為二零二零年十二月三十一日的融資協議，以為本公司繼續並進一步發展其業務提供資金。於二零二二年十月十七日，融資協議已獲得開曼法院的認可。

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All the proposed resolutions in relation to the Capital Reorganisation, the Investor's Subscription, the Scheme, and the Whitewash Waiver were duly passed by the Shareholders or the Independent Shareholders (as the case may be) at the extraordinary general meeting held on 30 August 2022, and the Executive Director of the Corporate Department of SFC has granted the Whitewash Waiver on 22 August 2022. Please refer to the circular of the Company dated 5 August 2022 and the announcement of the Company dated 30 August 2022 for details.

The Company announced on 16 May 2023 that with all the conditions precedent for the Capital Reorganisation having been fulfilled (including (a) granting of the order from the Cayman Court confirming the Capital Reduction dated 14 April 2023; (b) due registration of the copy of the order of the Cayman Court and the minute approved by the Cayman Court by the Registrar of Companies in the Cayman Islands dated 1 May 2023; and (c) the Listing Committee of the Stock Exchange granting the approval for the listing of, and permission to deal in, the New Shares dated 16 May 2023), the Capital Reorganisation became effective on 17 May 2023.

Immediately following the effective implementation of the Capital Reorganisation, the authorized share capital of the Company was HK\$200,000,000 divided into 20,000,000,000 New Shares of HK\$0.01 each and the issued and fully paid-up capital of the Company was HK\$3,425,728.57 divided into 342,572,857 New Shares of HK\$0.01 each.

Pursuant to the terms of the Restructuring Agreement in relation to the Investor's Subscription, the Investor conditionally agreed to subscribe for, and the Company conditionally agreed to allot and issue, 2,260,980,856 New Shares at the issue price of HK\$0.044 per New Share.

所有有關資本重組、投資者認購事項、計劃及清洗豁免的提呈決議案已於二零二二年八月三十日舉行的股東特別大會上由股東或獨立股東（視情況而定）正式通過，而證監會企業融資部執行董事已於二零二二年八月二十二日授出清洗豁免。詳情請參閱本公司日期為二零二二年八月五日的通函及本公司日期為二零二二年八月三十日的公告。

本公司於二零二三年五月十六日宣佈，隨著資本重組的所有先決條件均獲達成（包括：(a) 開曼法院發出日期為二零二三年四月十四日的命令，確認股本削減；(b) 開曼群島公司註冊處處長於二零二三年五月一日正式登記開曼法院的命令副本以及經開曼法院批准的會議紀錄；及(c) 聯交所上市委員會於二零二三年五月十六日批准新股上市及買賣），資本重組於二零二三年五月十七日生效。

緊隨資本重組實施生效後，本公司的法定股本為200,000,000港元，分為20,000,000,000股每股面值0.01港元的新股，以及本公司的已發行及繳足股本為3,425,728.57港元，分為342,572,857股每股面值0.01港元的新股。

根據重組協議有關投資者認購事項的條款，投資者已有條件同意認購，而本公司已有條件同意按發行價每股新股0.044港元配發及發行2,260,980,856股新股。

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With all the conditions precedent for the Investor's Subscription having fulfilled (including: (a) the Capital Reorganisation having become effective; (b) the Listing Committee of the Stock Exchange granting the approval for the listing of, and permission to deal in, the Investor's Subscription Shares dated 16 May 2023; and (c) the Scheme having become unconditional (see below)), the Investor's Subscription became unconditional.

The Scheme is legally binding on the Company and its Creditors and it involves: (i) the Cash Bonus; (ii) the Scheme Shares Issue; and (iii) the Disposal.

With all the conditions precedent for the Scheme having fulfilled (including: (a) the Capital Reorganisation having become effective; (b) the Listing Committee of the Stock Exchange granting the approval for the listing of, and permission to deal in, the Scheme Shares dated 16 May 2023; and (c) the Investor's Subscription having become unconditional (see above)), the Scheme became unconditional.

(i) Cash Bonus

Under the Scheme and subject to the terms thereof, HK\$50 million of the total proceeds from the Investor's Subscription was utilised for distribution to the Creditors with Admitted Claims on a pro-rata basis for their Admitted Claim.

(ii) Scheme Shares Issue

Under the Scheme, the Company allotted and issued the Scheme Shares to the Creditors to compromise, discharge and/or settle the debts owing by the Company to the Creditors in full. After the adjudication for the Admitted Claims was completed, the Company implemented the Scheme Shares Issue, under which the Company allotted and issued, in aggregate, up to a maximum of 823,739,687 New Shares where the Creditors would receive 1 New Share for every HK\$1.80 in the amount of the Admitted Claims due to them by the Company for settlement of the debts of the Creditors in accordance with the terms of the Scheme, and upon which all the debts of the Creditors were discharged and extinguished and the Creditors were not allowed to make any claim against the Company in respect of their debts.

隨著投資者認購事項的所有先決條件均已獲達成(包括:(a)資本重組生效;(b)聯交所上市委員會於二零二三年五月十六日批准投資者認購股份上市及買賣;及(c)計劃已成為無條件(見下文)),投資者認購事項已成為無條件。

計劃對本公司及其債權人具有法律約束力,涉及(i)現金紅利;(ii)計劃股份發行;及(iii)出售事項。

隨著計劃的所有先決條件均已獲達成(包括:(a)資本重組生效;(b)聯交所上市委員會於二零二三年五月十六日批准計劃股份上市及買賣;及(c)投資者認購事項已成為無條件(見上文)),計劃已成為無條件。

(i) 現金紅利

根據計劃及受其條款規限,投資者認購事項的所得款項總額中的50,000,000港元,已用於就獲認可債權按比例分配給擁有獲認可債權的債權人。

(ii) 計劃股份發行

根據計劃,本公司已向債權人配發及發行計劃股份,以對本公司所欠債權人的債務悉數進行和解、解除及/或清償。待對獲認可債權的審裁完成後,本公司已實施計劃股份發行,據此本公司已配發及發行總額不超過最高823,739,687股新股,其中債權人將就本公司應付彼等的獲認可債權金額(用於根據計劃條款清償債權人債務)每1.80港元獲得一股新股,而此後債權人的所有債務已被解除及消除,債權人不得就其債務向本公司提出任何索償。

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(iii) Disposal

Under the Scheme, the Excluded Companies of the Group were disposed of to the Scheme Company. As a result, all the account receivables and the debts of the Group at the level of the Excluded Companies were handled by the Scheme Administrator(s) who would recover the Transferred Claims and would realise the assets of the Excluded Companies for the benefit of the Creditors subject to the Excluded Companies' own liabilities, or would dispose of the Excluded Companies for the benefit of the Creditors.

The Company announced on 16 June 2023 that based on the projection by the Board, the Company would become solvent upon completion of the Capital Reorganisation, the Investor's Subscription and the Scheme. In light of the above, the Company no longer faced an imminent liquidity risk. Therefore, given the successful debt restructuring, it was no longer necessary for the Company to remain in provisional liquidation (with the Petition pending) and for the JPLs to remain in their office. Accordingly, the Company, with the support of the JPLs, made an application to the Cayman Court for withdrawal of the Petition and discharge of the appointment of the JPLs. On 14 June 2023 (Cayman Islands time), the Cayman Court granted an order to approve the application and the JPLs were discharged and the Company exited the provisional liquidation (for restructuring purposes) on the same date.

The Company announced on 11 July 2023 that (i) pursuant to the Restructuring Agreement, completion of the Investor's Subscription took place on 11 July 2023, pursuant to which 2,260,980,856 New Shares were allotted and issued to the Investor at the issue price of HK\$0.044 per New Share; and (ii) pursuant to the Scheme, 823,739,687 New Shares were allotted and issued to China Wood Scheme Limited holding for and on behalf of the Creditors, credited as fully paid, for further distribution to the Creditors on the basis of 1 New Share for every HK\$1.80 in the amount of Admitted Claims from the Creditors in accordance with the terms of the Scheme.

(iii) 出售事項

根據計劃，本集團的除外公司已出售予計劃公司。因此，本集團在除外公司層面的所有應收賬款及債務已由計劃管理人處理，計劃管理人將收回獲轉讓債權及將變現除外公司的資產（受限於除外公司自身的負債），利益歸債權人所有，或出售除外公司，利益歸債權人所有。

本公司於二零二三年六月十六日宣佈，基於董事會的預測，於資本重組、投資者認購事項及計劃完成後，本公司將具備償債能力。鑒於上文所述，本公司不再面臨迫切的流動資金風險。因此，倘若債務重組成功，本公司不再需要繼續進行臨時清盤（呈請待決），而共同臨時清盤人亦無需繼續任職。故此，在共同臨時清盤人的支持下，本公司向開曼法院申請撤回呈請及解除委任共同臨時清盤人。於二零二三年六月十四日（開曼群島時間），開曼法院頒令批准該申請，而共同臨時清盤人獲解除職務，且本公司於同日退出臨時清盤（僅適用於公司重組）狀態。

本公司於二零二三年七月十一日宣佈，(i)根據重組協議，投資者認購事項於二零二三年七月十一日完成，據此，2,260,980,856股新股已按發行價每股新股0.044港元配發及發行予投資者；及(ii)根據計劃，823,739,687股新股已根據計劃的條款按債權人獲認可債權金額中每1.80港元獲發一股新股的基準配發及發行予China Wood Scheme Limited（為及代表債權人持有），並入賬列作繳足且進一步分配予債權人。

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FINANCIAL REVIEW

Results of the Group

Revenue

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group recorded a revenue of approximately HK\$356.4 million, which represented an increase of approximately 14.2% as compared to the revenue of approximately HK\$312.1 million (restated) as recorded for the year ended 31 December 2023. The increase was mainly resulted from the increase in turnover on wood-related business from approximately HK\$312.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately HK\$355.3 million for the year ended 31 December 2024 and contribution of a revenue of approximately HK\$1.1 million from the food and beverage business (2023: HK\$Nil).

Cost of sales and services rendered

Cost of sales and services rendered of the Group grew by approximately 18.9% from approximately HK\$275.1 million (restated) for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately HK\$327.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2024. The increase was mainly attributable to the increase in sales volume of wood products goods and cost inflation during the Year.

Gross profit and margin

The Group recorded a gross profit of approximately HK\$29.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2024, representing a decrease of approximately 21.1% as compared to the gross profit of approximately HK\$37.0 million (restated) recorded in the prior year. The gross profit margin decreased from 11.9% for the year ended 31 December 2023 to 8.2% for the year ended 31 December 2024 as a result of downward pressure on profit margin by general slowdown of the wood-related business market and cost inflation.

Other income and losses, net

Other income and losses, net remained insignificant for the year ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

財務回顧

集團業績

收益

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度，本集團錄得收益約356,400,000港元，較截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度錄得的收益約312,100,000港元（經重列）增加約14.2%。該增加主要由於木材相關業務的營業額由截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度的約312,100,000港元增加至截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度的約355,300,000港元，以及來自食品及飲料業務的收益貢獻約1,100,000港元（二零二三年：零港元）。

銷售及提供的服務成本

本集團的銷售及提供的服務成本由截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度的約275,100,000港元（經重列）增長約18.9%至截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度的約327,100,000港元。該增加主要由於本年度木製品銷量有所增加及成本上升。

毛利及毛利率

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度，本集團錄得毛利約29,200,000港元，較往年錄得毛利約37,000,000港元（經重列）減少約21.1%。毛利率由截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度的11.9%減少至截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度的8.2%，乃由於木材相關業務市場整體放緩對毛利率造成的下行壓力及成本上升所致。

其他收入及虧損淨額

截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度的其他收入及虧損淨額仍屬不重大。

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

Allowances for expected credit losses ("ECLs") on trade and other receivables, net

For the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group had recorded allowances for "expected credit losses" ("ECLs") on trade and other receivables of approximately HK\$3,484,000 (2023 (restated): approximately HK\$2,543,000) in total which is mainly comprising of allowances for ECLs on trade receivables of approximately HK\$3,792,000 (2023 (restated): HK\$1,019,000); and reversal of allowances for ECLs on other receivables of approximately HK\$308,000 (2023 (restated): allowances for ECLs on other receivables of approximately HK\$1,524,000).

To properly account for the risk adhered to those long outstanding trade, loan and other receivables as, the management of the Company has engaged an independent valuer to assess the risk of potential losses based on the management's estimate of the lifetime ECLs, which are estimated by taking into account the credit loss experience, ageing of the trade receivables, debtors' settlement records and financial status, expected timing and amount of realisation of outstanding balances and ongoing business relationship with debtors. The management also considered forward-looking information that may impact the debtors' abilities to repay the outstanding balances in order to estimate the allowances for ECLs on trade receivables.

There has been no significant changes in inputs and assumption applied in 2024 as compared with those applied in 2023.

Selling and distribution expenses

Selling and distribution expenses of the Group increased to approximately HK\$1.1 million during the year ended 31 December 2024 (2023: approximately HK\$0.9 million (restated)).

Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses of the Group decreased by approximately 1.2% from approximately HK\$25.3 million (restated) for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately HK\$25.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2024.

應收賬款及其他應收款項淨額的預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)撥備

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度，本集團錄得應收賬款及其他應收款項「預期信貸虧損」(「**預期信貸虧損**」)撥備合共約3,484,000港元(二零二三年(經重列)：約2,543,000港元)，其主要由應收賬款預期信貸虧損撥備約3,792,000港元(二零二三年(經重列)：1,019,000港元)及其他應收款項預期信貸虧損撥備回撥約308,000港元(二零二三年(經重列)：其他應收款項預期信貸虧損撥備約1,524,000港元)組成。

為妥善核算該等長期未償還應收賬款、貸款及其他應收款項所伴隨的風險，本公司管理層已委聘獨立估值師基於管理層對全期預期信貸虧損的估計，評估潛在虧損的風險，有關估計乃經計及信貸虧損經驗、應收賬款賬齡、債務人的償還記錄及財務狀況、未償還結餘的預期變現時間及金額以及與債務人的持續業務關係而作出。管理層亦考慮可能影響債務人償還未償還結餘的能力的前瞻性資料，以估計應收賬款預期信貸虧損撥備。

二零二四年所應用之輸入數據及假設相較於二零二三年所應用者並無重大變動。

銷售及分銷費用

本集團的銷售及分銷費用增加至截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度的約1,100,000港元(二零二三年：約900,000港元(經重列))。

行政費用

本集團的行政費用由截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度的約25,300,000港元(經重列)減少約1.2%至截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度的約25,000,000港元。

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

Gain on the Scheme

The Scheme was approved by the requisite statutory majorities of the creditors at the Scheme Meeting held on 11 March 2022. The Scheme was also sanctioned by the High Court of Hong Kong on 22 March 2022. Since then, the Scheme became effective on 11 July 2023.

As a result of the Cash Bonus, Scheme Shares Issue, and the Disposal involved in the Scheme, a gain on the Scheme of approximately HK\$1,273,377,000 was recognised for the year ended 31 December 2023.

Finance costs

Finance costs decreased from approximately HK\$68.3 million (restated) for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately HK\$0.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2024 as the Scheme to restructure debts took effect in July 2023.

Income tax expense

The Group recorded a current income tax expense of approximately HK\$3.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2024 (2023: approximately HK\$4.8 million (restated)), mainly on operating profits of the Group's wood-related business in the PRC.

Significant Investments Held

Save for the Company's investment in various subsidiaries, the Group did not hold any significant investment with a value at 5 percent or more of the Group's total assets as at 31 December 2024 (2023: None).

計劃收益

計劃已於二零二二年三月十一日舉行的計劃會議上獲得法定必須多數債權人批准。計劃亦於二零二二年三月二十二日獲得香港高等法院批准。自此，計劃於二零二三年七月十一日起生效。

因計劃涉及的現金紅利、計劃股份發行及出售事項，計劃收益約1,273,377,000港元已於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度確認。

融資成本

由於以計劃方式重組債務於二零二三年七月生效，融資成本由截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度的約68,300,000港元（經重列）減少至截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度的約900,000港元。

所得稅開支

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度，本集團錄得當期所得稅開支約3,600,000港元（二零二三年：約4,800,000港元（經重列）），主要與本集團於中國木材相關業務的經營溢利有關。

持有的重大投資

除本公司於若干附屬公司的投資外，本集團於二零二四年十二月三十一日並無持有任何價值佔本集團總資產5%或以上的重大投資。（二零二三年：無）

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

Liquidity and Financial Position

流動資金及財務狀況

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current assets	流動資產	58,145	96,088
Current liabilities	流動負債	23,443	160,284
Current ratio	流動比率	2.48	0.60

At 31 December 2024, cash and cash equivalents of the Group amounted to approximately HK\$0.7 million (2023: approximately HK\$3.5 million). As at 31 December 2024, the Group had no interest-bearing bank and other borrowings (2023: approximately HK\$14.1 million).

於二零二四年十二月三十一日，本集團的現金及現金等價物約為700,000港元（二零二三年：約3,500,000港元）。於二零二四年十二月三十一日，本集團並無任何計息銀行及其他借貸（二零二三年：約14,100,000港元）。

On the basis of the considerations as disclosed in note 2 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2024 in this annual report, the Board is confident that the Group will have sufficient financial resources to meet its debt repayment and finance needs for its operations for the foreseeable future.

根據本年報內本集團截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度的綜合財務報表附註2所披露考慮因素，董事會深信本集團於可見將來有充裕財務資源應付其債務償還及其業務的融資需要。

Gearing Ratio

資產負債比率

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Total bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借貸總額	–	14,120
Total assets	資產總值	66,700	128,298
Gearing ratio	資產負債比率	0%	11.00%

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

As at 31 December 2024, the maturity profile of the bank and other borrowings of the Group falling due within one year amounted to HK\$Nil (2023: approximately HK\$14.1 million), of which the bank and other borrowings of HK\$Nil (2023: approximately HK\$13.7 million) were denominated in Renminbi.

Capital Structure

The capital of the Company comprises only ordinary shares. As at 31 December 2024, the issued share capital of the Company was 411,219,340 ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each (2023: 3,427,293,400 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each) with an aggregate nominal value of approximately HK\$41.1 million (2023: approximately HK\$34.3 million).

Charges on the Group's Assets

At 31 December 2024, there was no charge on the Group's assets (2023: None).

Foreign Currency Exposure

The foreign currency exposure of the Group primarily arises from revenue or income generated, cost and expenses incurred and certain bank and other borrowings denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the Group's operating units. For the Group's operating units that have United States dollar and Renminbi as their functional currencies, their foreign currency transactions and the units' monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that were translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at 31 December 2024 were mainly denominated in Hong Kong dollars. The Group expected that the exposure to exchange rates fluctuation was not significant and therefore had not engaged in any hedging activities.

As at 31 December 2024, no member of the Group was engaged in any litigation or arbitration or claims which would materially or adversely affect the operations of the Company and no litigation, arbitration or claim which would materially or adversely affect the operations of the Company was known to the directors of the Company to be pending or threatened by or against any member of the Group.

於二零二四年十二月三十一日，本集團於一年內到期的銀行及其他借貸為零港元（二零二三年：約14,100,000港元），其中銀行及其他借貸為零港元（二零二三年：約13,700,000港元）以人民幣計值。

資本架構

本公司的資本僅由普通股組成。於二零二四年十二月三十一日，本公司已發行股本為411,219,340股每股0.10港元的普通股（二零二三年：3,427,293,400股每股0.01港元的普通股），面值總額約為41,100,000港元（二零二三年：約34,300,000港元）。

本集團資產抵押

於二零二四年十二月三十一日，本集團並無抵押任何資產（二零二三年：無）。

外匯風險

本集團的外匯風險主要來自所得收益或收入、所產生成本及開支以及以本集團營運單位功能貨幣以外的貨幣列值的若干銀行及其他借貸。就本集團以美元及人民幣作為功能貨幣的營運單位而言，其外幣交易及有關單位以外幣（按功能貨幣於二零二四年十二月三十一日的現行匯率換算為外幣）列值的貨幣資產和負債主要以港元列值。本集團預期匯率波動風險並不重大，故並無進行任何對沖活動。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日，本集團成員公司概無涉及任何將對本公司營運產生重大或不利影響之訴訟、仲裁或索賠，且就本公司董事所知，本集團任何成員公司亦無任何尚未了結或面臨之將對本公司營運產生重大或不利影響之訴訟、仲裁或索賠。

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

Capital Commitments

As at the end of the reporting period, the Group had no outstanding capital commitments (2023: None).

DIVIDEND

The Board does not recommend the payment of any dividend for the year ended 31 December 2024 (2023: HK\$Nil).

EMPLOYEES AND EMOLUMENT POLICY

At 31 December 2024, the Group employed a total of 25 (2023: 45 (restated)) employees. Total costs including the emoluments of the directors of the Company, amounted to approximately HK\$6.3 million for the Year (2023: approximately HK\$6.9 million (restated)). The emolument policy of the Group is determined with reference to the performance, qualifications and experience of individual employees (including Directors), as well as the results of the Group and the market conditions. The Group provides discretionary bonus, medical insurance, provident fund, education subsidy and training to its employees.

MATERIAL ACQUISITION AND DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES OR ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

Save as disclosed in this annual report, the Group had no material acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries or associates during the year ended 31 December 2024.

資本承擔

於報告期末，本集團並無未償付資本承擔(二零二三年：無)。

股息

董事會不建議就截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度派付任何股息(二零二三年：零港元)。

僱員及薪酬政策

於二零二四年十二月三十一日，本集團僱用合共25名(二零二三年：45名(經重列))僱員。本年度成本總額(包括本公司董事酬金)約為6,300,000港元(二零二三年：約6,900,000港元(經重列))。本集團的薪酬政策參照個別僱員(包括董事)的表現、資質及經驗、本集團業績及市況釐定。本集團向其僱員提供酌情花紅、醫療保險、公積金供款、教育津貼及培訓。

重大收購及出售附屬公司或聯營公司

除本年報所披露者外，本集團於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度並無重大收購或出售附屬公司或聯營公司。

Biographical Details of Directors

董事的詳細履歷

The biographical details of the Directors as at 31 December 2024 are set out below:

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Lyu NingJiang ("Mr. Lyu"), aged 65, was appointed as the Chairman of the Board and an executive Director on 3 December 2020. He has received education in mainland China with a forestry major. He had worked with various forestry-related corporations in mainland China with extensive experience in the wood business. Mr. Lyu has over 15 years of experience in senior corporate management. Mr. Lyu was the chairman and chief executive of China Wood Group Company Limited* (中國木材(集團)有限公司) during the period from 1998 to 2013. Mr. Lyu was redesignated as the senior consultant of China Wood Group Company Limited* (中國木材(集團)有限公司) from 2013 to 2018.

Ms. Ng Lai Ha ("Ms. Ng"), aged 59, was appointed as an executive Director and a member of the Executive Committee of the Board on 31 December 2024. Ms. Ng has over 30 years of experience in accounting, finance, money lending and securities. Before joining the Company, she worked for several international companies and a securities firm.

Non-executive Director

Mr. Hu YongGang ("Mr. Hu"), aged 58, was appointed as a non-executive Director on 3 December 2020. Mr. Hu has received education in mainland China with an international trade major. Mr. Hu has over twenty years of extensive experience in the automobile business in mainland China and he operates automobile dealers, 4S spareparts service shops and car rental business for almost 17 years. Mr. Hu is the founder owner of BeiJing DeRunFeng Car Rental Company Limited* (北京德潤豐汽車租賃有限公司) since 2012.

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Zhao Xianming ("Mr. Zhao"), aged 48, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 16 July 2014. Mr. Zhao assumed various positions such as the supervisor of the legal and auditorial center of Fanhua Construction Group Limited* (泛華建設集團有限公司), the general legal counsel, the vice-president and the board secretary of China Agritech Inc. (a company listed on the NASDAQ Stock Market). He graduated from China Foreign Affairs University with a master degree of International Law and is a certified enterprise risk manager.

* English name for identification purpose only

於2024年12月31日的董事詳細履歷如下：

董事

執行董事

呂寧江先生(「呂先生」)，65歲，於二零二零年十二月三日獲委任為董事會主席兼執行董事。彼曾於中國內地接受林業專業教育。彼曾就職於中國內地的多家林業相關公司，在木材業務方面擁有豐富經驗。呂先生擁有逾15年的企業高管經驗。於一九九八年至二零一三年期間，呂先生為中國木材(集團)有限公司主席兼總裁。於二零一三年至二零一八年，呂先生獲調任為中國木材(集團)有限公司的高級顧問。

吳麗霞女士(「吳女士」)，59歲，於二零二四年十二月三十一日獲委任為執行董事及董事會執行委員會委員。吳女士於會計、財務、借貸及證券業務方面擁有逾30年經驗。在加入本公司之前，她曾在多家國際公司及一所證券公司工作。

非執行董事

胡永剛先生(「胡先生」)，58歲，於二零二零年十二月三日獲委任為非執行董事。胡先生曾於中國內地接受國際貿易專業教育。胡先生於中國內地的汽車業務方面擁有逾20年的豐富經驗，且彼經營汽車經銷商、4S汽車配件服務店及汽車租賃業務近17年。胡先生自二零一二年起為北京德潤豐汽車租賃有限公司的創始人。

獨立非執行董事

趙憲明先生(「趙先生」)，48歲，於二零一四年七月十六日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。趙先生擔任泛華建設集團有限公司之法務審計中心總監、China Agritech Inc. (一間於納斯達克證券市場上市之公司)之總法律顧問、副總裁及董事會秘書等多個職務。彼畢業於外交學院，獲頒國際法碩士學位，並為企業風險管理師。

Biographical Details of Directors

董事的詳細履歷

Mr. Chan Lik Shan ("Mr. Chan"), aged 54, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 27 January 2023. Mr. Chan holds a Bachelor's Degree in Business Administration from The Chinese University of Hong Kong, a Master's Degree in Business Administration from Hong Kong Baptist University, a Master's Degree in Law from The Renmin University of China, and a Postgraduate Diploma in Professional Accountancy from The Chinese University of Hong Kong. Mr. Chan has over 20 years of working experience with multinational and sizeable companies including The Kowloon Motor Bus Co. (1933) Limited, Xinhua Finance Limited, Cheeminmet Finance Limited, Aureos Capital Limited, Global Group International Holdings Limited, and China Youth Galaxy Capital Holdings Limited, in private equity investment, mergers and acquisitions, corporate finance, the capital market in Hong Kong, and post-deal investment management.

Mr. So Yin Wai ("Mr. So"), aged 62, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 23 December 2021. Mr. So graduated from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University in 1986 and he has been in the accounting profession for more than 30 years. He is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants of United Kingdom and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He has previously worked for international public accounting firms and been involved in the audit of a number of international and local engagements and listed companies. He is currently the sole practitioner of his own firm "Alex So & Co. (Certified Public Accountants)". Apart from his auditing experiences, Mr. So also specializes in company secretarial work, tax planning and management consultancy matters. Mr. So is the chairman of "New SOHO New Life Association" and the former chairman of "Chinese Business Association". He is also the honorary auditor of a number of voluntary organizations, including "Hong Kong Parkinson's Disease Foundation" and "HK Po Yin Association for the Development of Education".

陳力山先生(「陳先生」)，54歲，於二零二三年一月二十七日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。陳先生持有香港中文大學工商管理學士、香港浸會大學工商管理碩士、中國人民大學法學碩士及香港中文大學專業會計深造課程文憑。陳先生擁有超過20年於跨國公司及大企業包括九龍巴士(一九三三)有限公司、新華財經有限公司、企榮財務有限公司、歐瑞斯資本有限公司、高寶集團國際控股有限公司及中青銀河資本控股有限公司等在私募股權投資、收購合併、企業財務、香港資本市場工作及專案投資後管理方面的經驗。

蘇彥威先生(「蘇先生」)，62歲，於二零二一年十二月二十三日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。蘇先生於一九八六年在香港理工大學畢業，彼從事專業會計超過30年。彼為英國特許公認會計師公會及香港會計師公會資深會員。彼曾於數家國際會計師事務所工作，並曾參與多家國際及本地企業及上市公司之審計工作。彼現時為其所持有之「蘇彥威會計師行」的獨資執業者。除審計外，蘇先生亦專責公司秘書、稅務規劃及管理諮詢事務。蘇先生為「新甦豪新生活協會」主席及「華商經貿協進會」前主席。彼為多個志願團體之榮譽核數師，包括「香港柏金遜症基金會」及「香港普賢教育促進會」。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

The Board is pleased to present this corporate governance report for the year ended 31 December 2024. This report highlights the key corporate governance practices of the Company.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company acknowledges the importance of good corporate governance practices and procedures and regards a pre-eminent board of directors, sound internal controls and accountability to all shareholders as the core elements of its corporate governance principles. The Company endeavours to ensure that its businesses are conducted in accordance with rules and regulations, and applicable codes and standards. The Company has adopted the Corporate Governance Code (the “**Code**”) as set out in Appendix C1 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “**Listing Rules**”).

The Board reviews at least annually the corporate governance practices of the Company to ensure its continuous compliance with the Code, and make appropriate changes if considered necessary. The Company was in compliance with the applicable code provisions in the Code (the “**Code Provision(s)**”) for the year ended 31 December 2024 except for the deviation as disclosed below. The following sections set out the principles in the Code as they have been applied by the Company, including any deviations therefrom, for the year under review.

BOARD

The Company is governed by the Board, which is responsible for overseeing the overall strategy and development of the Company, as well as monitoring the internal control policies and evaluating the financial performance of the Group. The Board sets the overall strategies and directions for the Group with a view to developing its business and enhancing the shareholders’ value.

As at the date of this annual report, the Board comprises two executive Directors, one non-executive Director and three independent non-executive Directors.

The Board is characterised by significant diversity and has a balance of skills and experience appropriate for the requirements of the business of the Company.

董事會欣然呈列截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度的企業管治報告。本報告側重於本公司的主要企業管治常規。

企業管治常規

本公司深明良好企業管治常規及程序的重要性，確信傑出的董事會、良好的內部監控、向全體股東負責乃企業管治原則的核心要素。本公司致力確保其業務遵守有關規則及規例，以及符合適用守則及標準。本公司採納香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則（「**上市規則**」）附錄C1所載企業管治守則（「**守則**」）。

董事會每年至少檢討本公司的企業管治常規一次，以確保本公司一直遵守守則並於彼等認為需要時作出適當更改。本公司於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度內一直遵守守則的適用守則條文（「**守則條文**」），惟下文所披露之偏離者除外。以下各節載述本公司於回顧年度應用守則的原則，包括任何偏離情況。

董事會

本公司由董事會管治，董事會須負責監督本公司的整體策略和發展，以及監察內部監控政策及評估本集團的財務表現。董事會制定本集團的整體策略及方針，以發展業務及提高股東價值。

於本年報日期，董事會由兩名執行董事、一名非執行董事及三名獨立非執行董事組成。

董事會具顯著多元化特色，於本公司業務所需適當技巧及經驗方面亦取得平衡。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Mr. Lyu NingJiang, being the chairman of the Company (the “**Chairman**”) is responsible for the overall strategic planning and management of the Group. Code Provision C.2.1 requires that the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Mr. Lyu, being the Chairman, has also been appointed as the chief executive officer of the Group (the “**Chief Executive Officer**”) who will keep strong and consistent leadership to achieve strategic business growth of the Group to enable a better execution of long-term strategies. The Board believes that the roles of both chairman and chief executive officer vested in the same individual would enable the Company to achieve higher responsiveness, efficiency and effectiveness when formulating business strategies and executing business plans. All the Board members will be ensured to keep abreast of adequate, complete and reliable information by Mr. Lyu on issues to be discussed at Board meetings. Moreover, the independent non-executive Directors (the “**INEDs**”) provide independent and professional opinion on issues addressed at Board meetings and therefore, the Board believes that there is a balance of power and authority governed by the current Board structure with half of them being the INEDs and does not intend to make significant change to the composition of the Board. The Board will continue to review the Board composition from time to time and shall make necessary changes when appropriate in a timely manner accordingly and inform the Company’s shareholders.

主席及首席執行官

本公司主席(「**主席**」)呂寧江先生負責本集團的整體策略規劃及管理。守則條文第C.2.1條規定主席及首席執行官的角色應有所區分，且不應由同一人士擔任。主席呂先生亦獲委任為本集團首席執行官(「**首席執行官**」)，彼將保持強勁及貫徹一致的領導，從而達成本集團的策略性業務增長，令長期策略得以更有效執行。董事會認為，主席及首席執行官的職務由同一人士擔任將使本公司於制定業務策略及實施業務計劃時實現更高回應性、效率及效益。呂先生將確保全體董事會成員就將於董事會會議上討論的事宜及時了解充足、完整及可靠的資料。此外，獨立非執行董事(「**獨立非執行董事**」)就於董事會會議上提及的事宜提供獨立且專業的意見，因此，董事會相信，現時董事會架構中一半成員為獨立非執行董事足以制衡權力，故無意對董事會成員組成作出重大變動。董事會將繼續不時檢討董事會成員組成，於適當時候及時相應作出所需變動，並知會本公司股東。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received from each of its INED an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and the Company considers that all of the INEDs are independent.

During the Year, the attendance of each Director is set out below:

獨立非執行董事

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條發出的獨立性年度確認書，且本公司認為全體獨立非執行董事均屬獨立人士。

本年度內，各董事的出席情況如下：

Director	董事	Meeting attended/ meetings entitled to attend 實際出席次數/ 有權出席次數
Executive Directors	執行董事	
Mr. Lyu NingJiang (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)	呂寧江先生(主席兼首席執行官)	5/5
Ms. Ng Lai Ha	吳麗霞女士	N/A 不適用
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事	
Mr. Hu Yong Gang	胡永剛先生	5/5
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	
Mr. Zhao Xianming	趙憲明先生	5/5
Mr. Chan Lik Shan	陳力山先生	5/5
Mr. So Yin Wai	蘇彥威先生	5/5

All the INEDs were appointed for a specific term but are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meetings in accordance with the articles of association of the Company (the “**Articles of Association**”).

所有獨立非執行董事均有訂明具體任期，惟須依照本公司組織章程細則（「**組織章程細則**」）於股東週年大會輪值退任及重選。

COMMITTEES

As part of the corporate governance practices, the Board has established the remuneration committee, nomination committee, and audit committee. All of the committees are mainly composed of INEDs with terms of reference in accordance with the principles set out in the Code.

委員會

在企業管治常規中，董事會已成立薪酬委員會、提名委員會及審核委員會。所有委員會均主要由獨立非執行董事組成，並已按照守則所載的原則備有書面職權範圍。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Company established a remuneration committee (the “**Remuneration Committee**”) on 27 November 2009 with written terms of reference. As at the date of this annual report, the Remuneration Committee comprises all of the INEDs, namely Mr. Zhao Xianming, Mr. Chan Lik Shan and Mr. So Yin Wai, and is chaired by Mr. Zhao Xianming.

The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee are formulating remuneration policies, determining the specific remuneration packages of executive Directors and making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of Directors. During the Year, the Remuneration Committee reviewed and made recommendations on the remuneration packages of the existing Directors.

Details of the remuneration paid to members of the senior management of the Group (including the Directors) by band for the Year are set out below:

薪酬委員會

本公司於二零零九年十一月二十七日成立備有書面職權範圍的薪酬委員會（「**薪酬委員會**」）。於本年報日期，薪酬委員會的成員包括所有獨立非執行董事，即趙憲明先生、陳力山先生及蘇彥威先生。趙憲明先生為該委員會的主席。

薪酬委員會的主要職務為制訂薪酬政策、釐定執行董事的具體薪酬待遇，以及向董事會提出有關董事薪酬的建議。本年度內，薪酬委員會曾檢討現有董事的薪酬待遇並提出建議。

本年度已付本集團高級管理層成員（包括董事）之薪酬範圍詳情如下：

Remuneration band	薪酬範圍	Number of senior management (including the Directors) 高級管理層(包括董事) 之人數
Below HK\$1,000,000	低於1,000,000港元	16
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	1

During the Year, one Remuneration Committee meeting was held and the attendance of each member is set out below:

本年度內，薪酬委員會舉行了一次會議，下文載列各成員的出席情況：

Committee Member	委員	Attendance 出席情況
Mr. Zhao Xianming	趙憲明先生	1/1
Mr. Chan Lik Shan	陳力山先生	1/1
Mr. So Yin Wai	蘇彥威先生	1/1

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Company established a nomination committee (the “**Nomination Committee**”) on 27 November 2009 with written terms of reference. As at the date of this annual report, the Nomination Committee comprises one executive Director and three INEDs, namely Mr. Lyu NingJiang, Mr. Zhao Xianming, Mr. Chan Lik Shan and Mr. So Yin Wai, and is chaired by Mr. Lyu NingJiang.

The primary duties of the Nomination Committee are reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board, formulating relevant procedures for nomination of directors, identifying qualified individuals to become members of the Board and making recommendation to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of directors. During the Year, the Nomination Committee reviewed the composition of the Board and made recommendations to the Board.

Board Diversity Policy

The Company aims to build and maintain a Board with a diversity of Directors, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, or professional experience. The Board has adopted a policy which sets out the approach to achieve and maintain diversity on the Board (the “**Board Diversity Policy**”).

The Nomination Committee will discuss and agree annually measurable objectives for implementing diversity on the Board and recommend them to the Board for adoption. The Board understands a single gender board will not be considered to have achieved diversity. The Board has looked forward to the potential candidates and has appointed Ms. Ng Lai Ha as an executive Director on 31 December 2024 upon completion of an induction on obligations of director(s) of listed companies by a legal advisor. For the detailed gender ratio in the workforce (including senior management) for the Year, please refer to the separate environmental, social, and governance report of the Company.

提名委員會

本公司於二零零九年十一月二十七日成立備有書面職權範圍的提名委員會（「**提名委員會**」）。於本年報日期，提名委員會的成員包括一名執行董事及三名獨立非執行董事，即呂寧江先生、趙憲明先生、陳力山先生及蘇彥威先生。呂寧江先生為該委員會的主席。

提名委員會的主要職務為檢討董事會的架構、規模和組成、制定提名董事的相關程序、物色合資格人士擔任董事會成員，以及向董事會提出有關任免董事的建議。本年度內，提名委員會曾檢討董事會的組成及向董事會提出建議。

董事會多元化政策

本公司矢志建立及維持董事會董事多元化，包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景或專業經驗。董事會已採納政策，以載列實現並維持董事會多元化的方法（「**董事會多元化政策**」）。

提名委員會將每年討論並協定關於實施董事會多元化的可計量目標，並向董事會提出意見以供採納。董事會了解到單一性別董事會將不會被視為已實現多元化。董事會已尋求潛在候選人並自法律顧問完成有關上市公司董事義務的就任須知後，於二零二四年十二月三十一日委任吳麗霞女士擔任執行董事。有關本年度內僱員（包括高級管理層）性別比例詳情，請參閱本公司獨立的環境、社會及管治報告。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

Director Nomination Policy

The Committee shall consider, among others, the following criteria in evaluating and selecting candidates for directorships:

- Character and integrity;
- Personal attributes including professional qualifications, skills, knowledge, experience and expertise that are relevant to the Company's business and corporate strategy, and the ability to provide insights and practical wisdom based on those attributes;
- Willingness to devote adequate time to discharge duties as a Board member, other directorships, memberships of various committees and significant commitments;
- For independent non-executive directors to be appointed in accordance with the Listing Rules and whether the candidates would be considered independent with reference to the independence guidelines set out in the Listing Rules;
- Ability to develop a good working relationship with other Board members and contribute to the Board's working relationship with senior management of the Company;
- Board Diversity Policy and any measurable objectives adopted by the Committee for achieving diversity on the Board; and
- Any other perspectives appropriate to the Company's business.

During the Year, one Nomination Committee meeting was held and the attendance of each member is set out below:

董事提名政策

評估及甄選候選人擔任董事職務時委員會應考慮(其中包括)以下標準：

- 品格及誠信；
- 個人特性，包括與本公司業務及企業戰略相關的專業資質、技術、知識、經驗及專長，以及基於該等特性帶來遠見及實踐智慧的能力；
- 付出足夠時間履行作為董事會成員、其他董事職務、各委員會成員的職責及作出巨大貢獻的意願；
- 就根據上市規則獲委任的獨立非執行董事，及參考上市規則所載獨立性指引確認候選人是否被視為獨立；
- 與其他董事會成員形成良好工作關係並促進董事會與本公司高級管理層的工作關係的能力；
- 董事會多元化政策及委員會為實現董事會多元化採納的任何可計量目標；及
- 適用本公司業務的任何其他適用方面。

本年度內，曾召開一次提名委員會會議，各成員出席情況載列如下：

Committee Member	委員	Attendance 出席情況
Mr. Lyu NingJiang	呂寧江先生	1/1
Mr. Zhao Xianming	趙憲明先生	1/1
Mr. Chan Lik Shan	陳力山先生	1/1
Mr. So Yin Wai	蘇彥威先生	1/1

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

AUDIT COMMITTEE

As at the date of this annual report, the audit committee of the Company (the “**Audit Committee**”) comprises all three INEDs, namely Mr. Zhao XianMing (chairman), Mr. Chan Lik Shan and Mr. So Yin Wai. The primary duties of the Audit Committee are to supervise the internal control policies, the financial reporting systems and procedures of the Company, to review the financial statements and reports of the Group, and to review the terms of engagement and scope of audit work of the external auditors. The audited financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2024 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee has met the external auditor of the Company, McMillan Woods (Hong Kong) CPA Limited, and reviewed the Group’s results for the year ended 31 December 2024.

During the Year, the Audit Committee reviewed the risk management and internal control systems, as well as the interim and annual results of the Group, which, in the opinion of the Audit Committee, were prepared in compliance with the applicable accounting standards and the Listing Rules.

During the Year, two Audit Committee meetings were held and the attendance of each member is set out below:

Committee Member	委員	Attendance 出席情況
Mr. Zhao Xianming	趙憲明先生	2/2
Mr. Chan Lik Shan	陳力山先生	2/2
Mr. So Yin Wai	蘇彥威先生	2/2

Corporate Governance Function

The Board does not have a corporate governance committee. The functions that would be carried out by a corporate governance committee are performed by the Board as a whole and are as follows:

- to develop and review the Company’s policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board;

審核委員會

於本年報日期，本公司審核委員會（「**審核委員會**」）包括所有三名獨立非執行董事，即趙憲明先生（主席）、陳力山先生及蘇彥威先生。審核委員會的主要職務為監督本公司的內部監控政策、財務申報系統和程序，審閱本集團的財務報表和報告，以及檢討外聘核數師的委聘條款和審核工作的範圍。審核委員會已審閱本集團截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度的經審核財務報表。

審核委員會曾與本公司之外聘核數師長青（香港）會計師事務所有限公司會面，亦曾審閱本集團截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度之業績。

本年度內，審核委員會審閱本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統，以及中期及全年業績。審核委員會認為，該等業績乃按照適用會計準則及上市規則而編製。

本年度內，審核委員會舉行了兩次會議，下文載列各成員的出席情況：

企業管治職能

董事會並無設立企業管治委員會，企業管治委員會應承擔的職能由董事會全體共同承擔，載列如下：

- 制定及檢討本公司的企業管治政策及常規，並向董事會提供推薦意見；

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

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| <p>2. to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;</p> | <p>2. 檢討及監察董事及高級管理人員的培訓及持續專業發展；</p> |
| <p>3. to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;</p> | <p>3. 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監管規定方面的政策及常規；</p> |
| <p>4. to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and directors; and</p> | <p>4. 制定、檢討及監察員工及董事的操守準則及合規手冊(如有)；及</p> |
| <p>5. to review the Company's compliance with the Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.</p> | <p>5. 檢討本公司遵守守則的情況及在企業管治報告內的披露。</p> |

The corporate governance policy is formulated with an emphasis on the Board's quality, effective internal control, stringent disclosure practices and transparency and accountability to all shareholders of the Company. The Board strives to comply with the Code Provisions and reviews its corporate governance policy regularly in order to maintain high standards of business ethics and corporate governance, and to ensure the full compliance of our operations with applicable laws and regulations.

制定企業管治政策的重點在於董事會的質素，有效的內部監控，嚴格的披露常規及對本公司全體股東的透明度及責任。董事會致力遵守守則條文並定期檢討其企業管治政策以維持高標準的商業道德及企業管治，以及確保本公司的營運全面遵守適用的法律及條例。

During the Year, members of the Board have reviewed and discussed, among other things, the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance at regular board meetings. They have also reviewed and monitored the training and continuous professional development of directors, and the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements as well as its disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report. The Board has reviewed the code of conduct applicable to employees and directors setting out the standards of behavior that the Company expects from them and the guidelines on how they should handle different situations in business dealings with the Group.

本年度內，董事會成員已於定期董事會會議檢討及討論(其中包括)本公司的企業管治政策及常規。彼等亦已檢討及監察董事的培訓及持續專業發展，及本公司在遵守法律及監管規定方面的政策及常規，以及其於企業管治報告中的披露。董事會已檢討適用於員工及董事的行為守則，當中列明本公司對彼等所期望的行為標準並就處理本集團業務交易的各種情況作出指引。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules (the “**Model Code**”). The Company periodically issues notices to the Directors reminding them of the general prohibition on dealing in the Company's listed securities during the blackout periods before the publication of announcements of results. The Company has confirmed, having made specific enquiry of the Directors, all the Directors have complied with the Model Code throughout the year under review.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for overseeing the preparation of the accounts of the Company. Save as disclosed on note 2 of the notes to the consolidated financial statements of this annual report, the Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions which may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

BOARD INDEPENDENCE

The Group has mechanisms to ensure independent views and input are available to the Board and such mechanisms will be reviewed annually by the Board, encouraging all directors including independent non-executive directors to express their views in an open manner during the full meetings of committee meetings of the Board. While all independent non-executive directors are also members of the board committees to enable various and independent views on the Company's matters. In addition, all Directors, including INEDs, are entitled to seek further information and documentation from the management on the matters to be discussed at board meetings. They can also seek assistance from the company secretary of the Company and, where necessary, independent advice from external professional advisers at the Company's expense. The Board considered the said mechanisms have been operating effectively.

董事進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄C3所載上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則（「**標準守則**」）。本公司定期向董事發出通知，提醒彼等於刊發業績公佈前的禁制期內全面禁止買賣本公司的上市證券。經向董事作出特定查詢後，本公司確認全體董事已於回顧年度遵守標準守則。

董事就財務報表的責任

董事確認彼等監督本公司賬目的編製的責任。除本年報綜合財務報表附註附註2所披露者外，董事並無察覺關於可能對本公司持續經營能力存在重大疑問的事件或狀況的任何重大不確定性。

董事會獨立性

本集團設有機制，以確保董事會可獲得獨立意見及投放資源，且董事會將每年對有關機制進行檢討，鼓勵全體董事（包括獨立非執行董事）於董事會全體委員會會議上公開發表意見。所有獨立非執行董事亦為董事委員會成員，以就本公司事宜發表不同及獨立意見。此外，全體董事（包括獨立非執行董事）均有權就將於董事會會議上討論的事宜向管理層尋求進一步資料及文件。彼等亦可向本公司公司秘書尋求協助及在必要時，向外部專業顧問尋求獨立意見，費用由本公司承擔。董事會認為，上述機制一直處於有效運作。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The statement of the external auditor of the Company about their reporting responsibilities on the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024 is set out in the section "Independent Auditor's Report" of this annual report.

The Group's external auditor provided the following services to the Group for the year ended 31 December 2024:

核數師酬金

本公司外聘核數師有關彼等對本公司截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度綜合財務報表的申報責任的聲明，載於本年報「獨立核數師報告」一節。

本集團的外聘核數師於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度為本集團提供下列服務：

		HK\$'000 千港元
Audit services	核數服務	1,050
Non-audit services*	非核數服務*	—

* The non-audit services mainly comprised review of financial information, tax services and financial due diligence services.

* 非核數服務主要包括審閱財務資料，稅務服務及財務盡職調查服務。

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board acknowledges that it is its duty to monitor the risk management and internal control systems of the Group on an ongoing basis and review their effectiveness. Such systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

During the Year, the Board, through the Audit Committee, conducted review of both design and implementation effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group, covering all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls, with a view to ensuring that resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions are adequate. In this respect, the Audit Committee communicates any material issues to the Board.

風險管理及內部監控

董事會明白其職責為持續監察本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統並檢討其效能。有關系統旨在管理而非排除未能達到業務目標之風險，且僅能為防止重大錯誤陳述或損失提供合理而非絕對之保證。

本年度內，董事會通過審核委員會檢討本集團風險管理及內部監控系統的設計及執行效能，涵蓋所有重大監控措施（包括財務、營運及合規監控），確保本集團會計、內部審核及財務報告職能的資源、員工資歷、培訓計劃及預算充足。就此而言，審核委員會向董事會匯報任何重大事項。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

During the Year, the Group appointed an independent third party, Biz Gear Corporate Consulting Limited ("**Biz**") to:

- assist in identifying and assessing the risks of the Group through a series of workshops and interviews; and
- independently perform internal control review and assess effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems.

The results of the independent review and assessment were reported to the Audit Committee and the Board. Moreover, improvements in internal control and risk management measures as recommended by Biz to enhance the risk management and internal control systems of the Group and mitigate risks of the Group were adopted by the Board. Based on the findings and recommendations of Biz as well as the comments of the Audit Committee, the Board considered the internal control and risk management systems effective and adequate.

Our Enterprise Risk Management Framework

The Group established its enterprise risk management framework in 2017. While the Board has the overall responsibility to ensure that sound and effective internal controls are maintained, management is responsible for designing and implementing an internal control system to manage all kinds of risks faced by the Group.

Through the risk identification and assessment processes, risks are identified, assessed, prioritized and allocated treatments. Our risk management framework follows the COSO Enterprise Risk Management — Integrated Framework, which allows the Board and management to manage the risks of the Group effectively. The Board receives regular reports through the Audit Committee that oversees risk management and internal audit functions.

本年度內，本集團已委任一名獨立第三方Biz Gear Corporate Consulting Limited ("**Biz**")以：

- 透過進行一系列的工作坊及訪問，協助識別及評估本集團的風險；及
- 獨立進行內部監控檢討及評估本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統之效能。

已向審核委員會及董事會匯報獨立檢討及評估結果。此外，董事會已採納Biz就提升本集團風險管理及內部監控系統及減低本集團風險所建議的內部監控及風險管理改善措施。根據Biz之評估結果及推薦建議以及審核委員會之意見，董事會認為內部監控及風險管理系統屬有效及充分。

企業風險管理架構

本集團於二零一七年設立其企業風險管理架構。董事會全盤負責維持完善及有效的內部監控，而管理層則負責設計及執行內部監控系統，以管理本集團面對的所有類別的風險。

透過風險識別及評估程序，風險得以識別、評估、訂定優先次序及分配處理方法。風險管理架構遵從COSO企業風險管理—整合架構，讓董事會及管理層可有效管理本集團的風險。董事會通過負責監督風險管理及內部審核職能的審核委員會定期收取報告。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

Our Risk Control Mechanism

The Group adopts a “three lines of defence” corporate governance structure with operational management and controls performed by operations management, coupled with risk management monitoring carried out by the finance and compliance team and independent internal audit outsourced to and conducted by Biz. The Group maintains a risk register to keep track of all identified major risks of the Group. The risk register provides the Board, the Audit Committee, and management with a profile of its major risks and records management’s action taken to mitigate the relevant risks. Each risk is evaluated at least annually based on its likelihood of occurrence and potential impact upon the Group. The risk register is updated by management as the risk owners with addition of new risks and/or removal of existing risks, if applicable, at least annually, after the annual risk evaluation has been performed. This review process can ensure that the Group proactively manages the risks faced by it in the sense that all risk owners have access to the risk register and are aware of and alert to those risks in their areas of responsibility so that they can take follow-up actions in an efficient manner.

Our risk management activities are performed by management on an ongoing process. The effectiveness of our risk management framework will be evaluated at least annually, and periodic management meetings are held to update the progress of risk monitoring efforts. Management is committed to ensuring that risk management forms part of the daily business operation processes in order to align risk management with corporate goals in an effective manner.

The Group has established internal control procedures for the handling and dissemination of inside information in order to comply with Chapter 13 of the Listing Rules as well as Part XIVA of the Securities and Futures Ordinance. The internal control mechanism includes information flow and reporting processes, confidentiality arrangements, disclosure procedures, and staff training arrangements, etc.

The Company will continue to engage external independent professionals to review the Group’s system of internal controls and risk management annually and further enhance the Group’s internal control and risk management systems as appropriate.

風險監控機制

本集團採納「三道防線」的企業管治架構，由營運管理層進行營運管理及監控，並由財務及合規團隊進行風險管理監控，以及外判予 Biz 並由其進行獨立內部審核。本集團保存一份風險登記冊，以記錄本集團所有已識別主要風險。該風險登記冊為董事會、審核委員會及管理層提供其主要風險概況及管理層為減低相關風險所採取的行動的紀錄。各項風險最少每年按其發生的可能性及對本集團的潛在影響予以評估。風險登記冊乃由管理層（作為風險承擔者）最少每年於進行年度風險評估後更新新增風險及／或撤除現有風險（倘適用）。該檢討程序可確保本集團積極管理其面對的風險，令所有風險承擔者可參閱該風險登記冊，並注意彼等職責範疇的風險及保持警覺，從而有效地採取跟進措施。

管理層負責持續進行風險管理活動。風險管理架構的效能將最少每年予以評估，而管理層會議亦將定期舉行以更新風險監控成果的最新進展。管理層致力確保風險管理成為日常業務營運過程的一部分，以有效保持風險管理及企業目標一致。

本集團已就處理及發佈內幕消息制定內部監控程序，以遵守上市規則第13章及證券及期貨條例第XIVA部。內部監控機制包括消息流向與申報流程、保密安排、披露程序及員工培訓安排等。

本公司將繼續委聘外部獨立專家每年檢討本集團的內部監控及風險管理，並於適當時候進一步提升本集團的內部監控及風險管理系統。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

There is currently no internal audit function within the Group. The Directors have reviewed the need for an internal audit function and are of the view that in light of the size, nature and complexity of the business of the Group, it would be more cost effective to appoint external independent professionals to perform internal audit function for the Group in order to meet its needs. Nevertheless, the Directors will continue to review at least annually the need for an internal audit function.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Procedures for Shareholders to Convene an Extraordinary General Meeting

Pursuant to the Articles of Association, any one or more members of the Company holding at the date of the deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of such of the paid-up capital of the Company as at the date of the deposit carries the right of voting at general meetings shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the Company Secretary, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and the meeting shall be held within two (2) months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty one (21) days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board will be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

Communication with Shareholders and Procedures for Putting forward Proposals at a General Meeting

All published information, including all the statutory announcements and press releases, is promptly posted on the Group's website at www.chinawoodint.com.hk. Shareholders can also send enquiries to the Board or the company secretary of the Company (the "**Company Secretary**"), and/or proposals to be put forward at general meetings for shareholders' consideration by email at cs@chinawoodint.com.hk or directly by raising questions at the general meetings of the Company.

目前，本集團並無內部審核職能。董事已檢討內部審核職能的需要，並認為就本集團的規模、性質及業務的複雜程度而言，委任外部獨立專家履行本集團所需的內部審核職能更合符成本效益。然而，董事將至少每年持續檢討內部審核職能的需要。

股東權利

股東召開股東特別大會的程序

根據組織章程細則，任何一名或多名本公司股東，於提出要求當日持有本公司附有可於股東大會上投票權利不少於十分之一的實繳股本，有權隨時向董事會或公司秘書發出書面要求，要求董事會召開股東特別大會，以處理該要求內註明的任何事務。該大會須於提出要求後兩(2)個月內舉行。倘董事會未能於收到要求後二十一(21)日內召開該大會，提出要求人士可按相同方式舉行股東特別大會，而因董事會未能召開大會以致提出要求人士產生的一切合理開支，將由本公司償付予提出要求人士。

與股東的溝通及於股東大會上提呈建議的程序

所有刊載資料（包括所有法定公告及新聞稿）均會迅速在本集團網站 www.chinawoodint.com.hk 發佈。股東亦可通過發送郵件至 cs@chinawoodint.com.hk 向董事會或本公司的公司秘書（「**公司秘書**」）查詢及／或發送將於股東大會上提呈以供股東考慮的建議，或於本公司的股東大會上直接提問。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Company believes that maintaining a high level of transparency is a key to enhancing investor relations. It is committed to a policy of open and timely disclosure of corporate information to its shareholders and investment public.

The Company updates its shareholders on its latest business developments and financial performance through its annual and interim reports, announcements and circulars. The corporate website of the Company (www.chinawoodint.com.hk) has provided an effective communication platform to the public and the shareholders.

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

During the Year, the Company has not made any changes to its memorandum and articles of association. An updated version of the Company's memorandum and articles of association is available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company Secretary has duly complied with the relevant training requirement under the Listing Rules.

投資者關係

本公司相信，維持高透明度是提升投資者關係的關鍵，並致力保持向其股東及投資大眾公開及適時披露公司資料的政策。

本公司透過其年度及中期報告、公告及通函向其股東更新其最新業務發展和財務表現。本公司的公司網站 (www.chinawoodint.com.hk) 已為公眾人士及股東提供一個有效的溝通平台。

憲章文件

於本年度，本公司並未對其組織章程大綱及細則作出任何變更。本公司的組織章程大綱及細則的更新版本可於本公司及聯交所網站閱覽。

公司秘書

公司秘書已妥為遵守根據上市規則有關培訓之規定。

Report of the Directors

董事會報告

The Board hereby present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. Details of the principal activities of the principal subsidiaries are set out in note 34 to the consolidated financial statements in this annual report.

BUSINESS REVIEW

A review of the business of the Group during the Year and a discussion on the Group's future business development are provided in the "Management Discussion and Analysis" on pages 5 to 20 of this annual report. Description of the financial risk management objectives and policies of the Group can be found in note 6 to the consolidated financial statements in this annual report.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The Group's profit for the year ended 31 December 2024 and the Group's financial position at that date are set out in the consolidated financial statements on pages 58 to 186.

The Board does not recommend the payment of any dividend for the year ended 31 December 2024 (2023: HK\$Nil).

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Company has a specified dividend policy ("**Dividend Policy**"), under which the Board shall also take into account, inter alia, the operating results, cash flow, financial condition and capital requirements of the Group and the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole when proposing any dividend payout. The Company's distribution of dividends shall also be subject to any restrictions under the laws of the Cayman Islands and the Articles of Association as well as all applicable laws, rules and regulations.

The Dividend Policy allows the Board to declare special dividends from time to time in addition to the interim and/or annual dividends. There is no guarantee that any particular amount of dividends will be distributed for any specific periods.

董事會謹此提呈彼等的報告及截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度的經審核財務報表。

主要業務

本公司的主要業務為投資控股。其主要附屬公司的詳細主要業務載於本年報綜合財務報表附註34。

業務回顧

本集團於本年度內的業務回顧及就本集團未來業務發展的討論於本年報第5至20頁的「管理層討論及分析」中提供。有關本集團財務風險管理目標及政策的描述載於本年報綜合財務報表附註附註6。

業績及股息

本集團截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度的溢利及本集團於該日的財務狀況載於綜合財務報表第58至186頁。

董事會不建議就截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度派付任何股息(二零二三年：零港元)。

股息政策

本公司有既定股息政策(「**股息政策**」)，董事會在考慮派發任何股息時，會考慮(其中包括)本集團的經營業績、現金流量、財務狀況、資本需求以及本公司股東的整體利益。本公司派發股息亦受開曼群島法律及組織章程細則以及所有適用法律、法規及規則的任何規限。

股息政策容許董事會可以在中期及／或全年股息外不時宣派特別股息。任何既定期間概無保證宣派任何特定金額的股息。

Report of the Directors

董事會報告

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of its Directors, the Directors confirm that the Company has maintained during the year under review the amount of public float as required under the the Listing Rules.

SHARE CAPITAL, SHARE OPTIONS, WARRANTS AND CONVERTIBLE BONDS

Details of movements in the Company's share capital during the Year are set out in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements of this annual report.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the Year.

SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

A summary of the published results and assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the audited financial statements, is set out on pages 187 to 188. This summary does not form part of the audited financial statements.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Articles of Association or the laws of the Cayman Islands which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing shareholders.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

The Company's distributable reserves comprise the share premium, other reserves and accumulated losses. As at 31 December 2024, the Company had no distributable reserves (2023: HK\$Nil).

足夠公眾持股量

基於本公司可公開獲得的資料，據董事所知，董事確認本公司於回顧年度維持上市規則所規定公眾持股量。

股本、購股權、認股權證及可換股債券

本年度內，本公司股本的變動詳情載於本年報綜合財務報表附註32。

購買、出售或贖回本公司的上市證券

本年度內，本公司及其任何附屬公司並無購買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

財務資料摘要

本集團過去五個財政年度的已刊發業績、資產及負債摘要(摘錄自經審核財務報表)載於第187至188頁。該摘要並不構成經審核財務報表的一部分。

優先購買權

組織章程細則或開曼群島法例並無載有優先購買權的條文，規定本公司須按比例向現有股東提呈發售新股份。

可供分派儲備

本公司的可供分派儲備包括股份溢價，其他儲備及累計虧損。於二零二四年十二月三十一日，本公司並無可供分派儲備(二零二三年：零港元)。

Report of the Directors

董事會報告

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the Year, sales to the Group's five largest customers accounted for 40.9% of the total sales for the year and sales to the largest customer included therein amounted to 8.3%. Purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for 42.7% of the total purchases for the Year and purchases from the largest supplier included therein amounted to 9.1%.

None of the Directors or any of their associates or any shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any beneficial interests in the Group's five largest customers and suppliers.

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the Year and up to the date of this annual report were:

Executive Directors

Mr. Lyu NingJiang

Ms. Ng Lai Ha (appointed on 31 December 2024)

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Hu Yong Gang

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Zhao Xianming

Mr. Chan Lik Shan

Mr. So Yin Wai

In accordance with Article 84(1) of the Articles of Association, Mr. Lyu NingJiang and Mr. Chan Lik Shan shall retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting, and in accordance with Article 83(3) of the Articles of Association, Ms. Ng Lai Ha shall retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting, and being eligible, they would all offer themselves for re-election.

CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE

The Company has received an annual confirmation of independence from each of the independent non-executive Directors pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers the INEDs to be independent as at the date of this annual report.

主要客戶及供應商

本年度內，本集團五大客戶的銷售額佔本年度總銷售額的40.9%，其中最大客戶的銷售額佔8.3%。本集團五大供應商的採購額佔本年度總採購額的42.7%，其中最大供應商的採購額佔9.1%。

董事或其任何聯繫人士或任何股東(就董事所悉擁有本公司已發行股本逾5%者)概無於本集團五大客戶及供應商中擁有任何實益權益。

董事

本年度內及直至本年報日期為止的董事為：

執行董事

呂寧江先生

吳麗霞女士(於二零二四年十二月三十一日獲委任)

非執行董事

胡永剛先生

獨立非執行董事

趙憲明先生

陳力山先生

蘇彥威先生

根據組織章程細則第84(1)條，呂寧江先生、及陳力山先生應於即將舉行的股東週年大會上退任，而根據組織章程第83(3)條，吳麗霞女士將於是次股東週年大會上退任，彼等均符合資格且願意重選連任。

獨立性的確認

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條發出的獨立性年度確認書。本公司認為於本年報日期，獨立非執行董事均屬獨立。

Report of the Directors

董事會報告

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS

The biographical details of the Directors are set out on pages 21 to 22 of this annual report.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

No Director has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

CONTRACT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save as disclosed in this annual report, no contract of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted during or at the end of the Year.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

During the Year and up to the date of this annual report, no Directors are considered to have interests in a business which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group, as defined in the Listing Rules.

EMOLUMENT POLICY

The emolument policy of the Group is determined with reference to the performance, qualifications and experience of individual employees (including Directors), as well as the results of the Group and the market conditions. The Group provides discretionary bonus, medical insurance, provident fund, education subsidy and training to its employees. The Company has adopted a share option scheme as an incentive to eligible participants, details of which are set out below in the section "Share Option Scheme".

Details of the emoluments of the Directors and five highest paid individuals are set out in note 13 and 14 to the consolidated financial statements in this annual report, respectively.

董事的詳細履歷

董事的詳細履歷載於本年報第21至22頁。

董事的服務合約

概無董事與本公司訂立不可於一年內由本公司免付賠償（法定賠償除外）而終止的服務合約。

重大合約

除本年報所披露者外，於本年度內或年結日，本公司或其任何附屬公司概無訂立任何涉及對本集團業務有重大關係而董事直接或間接在其中擁有重大權益的重要合約。

董事於競爭業務之權益

於本年度內及截至本年報日期為止，按上市規則之定義，概無董事被視作於直接或間接與本集團業務構成競爭或可能構成競爭的業務中擁有權益。

薪酬政策

本集團的薪酬政策參照個別僱員（包括董事）的表現、資歷及經驗、本集團業績及市況釐定。本集團向其僱員提供酌情花紅、醫療保險、公積金供款、教育津貼及培訓。本公司已採納購股權計劃作為對合資格參與者的鼓勵。其詳情載於下文「購股權計劃」一節。

董事及五名最高薪酬人士的薪酬詳情，分別載於本年報綜合財務報表附註13及14。

Report of the Directors

董事會報告

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY OR ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

As at 31 December 2024, the interests of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the “SFO”), as notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which he/she was taken or deemed to have taken under such provisions of the SFO), as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the “Model Code”) set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules were as follows:

Long positions in the shares of the Company (the “Share”)

Name of Director	Capacity/Nature of Interests
董事姓名	身份／權益性質
Mr. Lyu NingJiang (“Mr. Lyu”) 呂寧江先生(「呂先生」)	Interest in a controlled corporation (note 2) 受控法團權益(附註2)

Notes:

- The letter “L” denotes a person’s “long position” (as defined under Part XV of the SFO) in such Share.
- Mr. Lyu beneficially owns 100% of the share capital of Right Momentum Group Limited (“Right Momentum”). By virtue of the SFO, Mr Lyu is deemed to be interested in 226,098,085 Shares held by Right Momentum representing approximately 54.98% of the entire issued share capital of the Company.
- The percentage(s) were disclosed pursuant to the relevant disclosure form(s) filed under the SFO and represented the number of shares over the total issued share capital of the Company as 31 December 2024 of 411,219,340 Shares.

董事及最高行政人員於本公司或其相聯法團的股份、相關股份及債權證中的權益及淡倉

於二零二四年十二月三十一日，董事及本公司最高行政人員於本公司及其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)的股份、相關股份及債權證中，擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部知會本公司及聯交所的權益(包括根據證券及期貨條例的有關條文被當作或視為擁有的權益及淡倉)；已記入根據證券及期貨條例第352條須存置登記冊內的權益；或根據上市規則附錄C3所載上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)以其他方式知會本公司及聯交所的權益如下：

於本公司股份(「股份」)之好倉

Total number of Shares and underlying Shares held	Approximately percentage of the Company's issued share capital
(note 1)	(note 3)
所持股份及相關股份總數	佔本公司已發行股本概約百分比
(附註1)	(附註3)
226,098,085 (L)	54.98%

附註：

- 字母「L」指該人士於有關股份之「好倉」(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)。
- 呂先生擁有 Right Momentum Group Limited (「Right Momentum」)全部股本權益。根據證券及期貨條例，呂先生被視為於Right Momentum持有之226,098,085股股份中擁有權益，相當於本公司全部已發行股本約54.98%。
- 有關百分比是根據按照證券及期貨條例存檔之相關披露表格披露，並代表相關股份數目除以本公司於二零二四年十二月三十一日全部已發行股本411,219,340股股份之數。

Report of the Directors

董事會報告

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2024, none of the Directors or chief executive of the Company had any other interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were required to be recorded in the register kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO or otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 December 2024, so far as is known to the Directors, the following persons (other than the directors of the Company) had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company, being 5% or more of the total issued share capital of the Company, as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO:

Long position in the Shares:

Name of substantial shareholders	Capacity/Nature of interests	Total number of Shares and underlying Shares held (note 1)	Approximate percentage of the Company's issued share capital (note 3)
主要股東名稱	身份／權益性質	所持股份及相關股份總數 (附註1)	佔本公司已發行股本的概約百分比 (附註3)
Right Momentum (note 2)	Beneficial owner	226,098,085 (L)	54.98%
Right Momentum (附註2)	實益擁有者		
Cheung Ching Mo	Beneficial owner	30,000,353 (L)	7.29%
張政武	實益擁有者		

除上文所披露者外，於二零二四年十二月三十一日，概無董事或本公司最高行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團（定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部）的任何股份、相關股份或債權證中，擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部須知會本公司及聯交所的任何其他權益或淡倉（包括根據證券及期貨條例的有關條文彼等被當作或視為擁有的權益或淡倉）；或須記入本公司根據證券及期貨條例第352條存置的登記冊內的任何其他權益或淡倉；或根據標準守則以其他方式知會本公司及聯交所的任何其他權益或淡倉。

主要股東及其他人士於本公司股份、相關股份及債券證的權益及淡倉

於二零二四年十二月三十一日，據董事所知，下列人士（本公司董事除外）於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有的權益或淡倉（佔本公司已發行股本總額5%或以上）已記錄於本公司須根據證券及期貨條例第336條存置的登記冊內：

股份的好倉：

Report of the Directors

董事會報告

Notes:

1. The letter “L” denotes a person’s “long position” (as defined under Part XV of the SFO) in such Share.
2. These 226,098,085 Shares are registered in the name of Right Momentum (a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands), the entire issued share capital of Right Momentum is owned as to 100% by Mr. Lyu.
3. The percentage(s) were disclosed pursuant to the relevant disclosure form(s) filed under the SFO and represented the number of shares over the total issued share capital of the Company as 31 December 2024 of 411,219,340 Shares.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2024, no person (other than the Directors whose interests are set out in the section headed “Directors’ and Chief Executive’s Interests and Short Positions in the Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures of the Company or its Associated Corporations” above) had registered an interest or a short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company that was required to be recorded in the register of the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The existing share option scheme was adopted on 3 June 2016 (the “**Share Option Scheme**”) by the shareholders. The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group. The Share Option Scheme was adopted for a period of 10 years commencing from 3 June 2016 and will remain in force until 2 June 2026.

Eligible participant under the Share Option Scheme includes any full-time or part-time employees, executives (including executive, non-executive and independent non-executive Directors) of the Company or any of its subsidiaries, any suppliers of goods or services, any customers, any person or entity that provides research, development or other technological support, any shareholder of any member of the Group, any adviser or consultant to any area of business or business development of any member of the Group and any other groups, or classes of participants who have contributed or may contribute by way of joint venture, business alliance or other business arrangement to the development and growth of the Group.

附註：

1. 字母「L」指該人士於有關股份之「好倉」(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)。
2. 此等226,098,085股股份乃以Right Momentum (一間於英屬維爾京群島註冊成立的公司)之名義登記，其全部已發行股本由呂先生100%擁有。
3. 根據證券及期貨條例的相關披露表格中披露的百分比指股份數目佔於二零二四年十二月三十一日本公司全部已發行股本411,219,340股股份的比率。

除上文所披露者外，於二零二四年十二月三十一日，概無人士(除其權益載於上文「董事及最高行政人員於本公司或其相關法團的股份、相關股份及債權證中的權益及淡倉」一節的董事外)於本公司的股份或相關股份中擁有已登記的權益或淡倉而須根據證券及期貨條例第336條記錄於本公司的登記冊內。

購股權計劃

現有購股權計劃乃由股東於二零一六年六月三日採納(「**購股權計劃**」)。購股權計劃旨在對本集團成功作出貢獻的合資格參與者給予獎勵及報酬。購股權計劃的年期自二零一六年六月三日起為期10年，並維持有效直至二零二六年六月二日。

購股權計劃項下的合資格參與者包括本公司或其任何附屬公司的任何全職或兼職僱員、行政人員(包括執行、非執行及獨立非執行董事)、任何商品或服務供應商、任何客戶、任何提供研發或其他技術支持的人士或實體、本集團任何成員公司的任何股東、本集團任何成員公司的任何業務範圍或業務發展的任任何顧問或諮詢人，以及任何以合營公司、業務聯盟或其他業務安排的方式貢獻或可能貢獻本集團發展及增長的其他組別或類別參與者。

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The subscription price shall be determined by the Board but shall not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of Shares as stated in the daily quotations sheets issued by the Stock Exchange on the date of the offer for grant which must be a business day; (ii) the average closing price of Shares as stated in the daily quotations sheets issued by the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of the offer for the grant; and (iii) the nominal value of the Shares.

Upon acceptance of the options, the grantee shall pay HK\$1 to the Company as nominal consideration for the grant. The acceptance of an offer of the grant of the option must be made within 21 days from the date of offer for grant. An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme at any time during a period to be determined and notified by the Board which shall not exceed ten years from the date of grant subject to the provisions of early termination thereof. Unless otherwise determined by the Board and stated in the offer for the grant to a grantee, there is no minimum period required under the Share Option Scheme for the holding of an option before it can be exercised and no performance target which needs to be achieved by a grantee before the options can be exercised.

Based on 6,481,375,000 shares in issue as at the date of adoption of the Share Option Scheme, the maximum number of shares to be issued upon the exercise of options that may be granted under the Share Option Scheme were 648,137,500 shares, being 10% of the number of shares in issue as at the date of adoption. After the share consolidation effected on 26 June 2020 and the share consolidation effected on 18 June 2024, the total number of shares available for issue under the Share Option Scheme as at 31 December 2024 was 3,240,687 Shares, representing 0.79% of the total number of Shares in issue as at 31 December 2024. The maximum entitlement of each participant shall not in any 12-month period exceed 1% of the Company's issued share capital from time to time.

For the year ended 31 December 2024, no option was granted under the Share Option Scheme. In addition, there was no outstanding share option under the Share Option Scheme as at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023.

認購價將由董事會釐定，惟將不少於以下的最高者：(i)於提呈授出要約日期（必須為營業日）聯交所發出的每日報價表所載的股份收市價；(ii)於緊接提呈授出要約日期前五個營業日聯交所發出的每日報價表所載的股份平均收市價；及(iii)股份的面值。

承授人接納購股權時須就授出向本公司支付1港元的名義代價，而授出購股權的要約必須於提呈授出要約日期起計21日內予以接納。購股權可根據購股權計劃的條款於董事會釐定及通知的期間內隨時予以行使，該期間不得超過自授出日期起計十年，並受限於提早終止條款。除董事會另行釐定及於致承授人的要約中有訂明者外，購股權計劃項下概無就購股權可予行使前持有購股權訂有最短期限，且可行使購股權前承授人無需達致任何表現目標。

根據於採納購股權計劃日期已發行的6,481,375,000股股份，行使根據購股權計劃可授出的購股權時將予發行的最高股份數目為648,137,500股股份，即於採納日期時已發行股份數目的10%。於二零二零年六月二十六日生效的股份合併及於二零二四年六月十八日生效的股份合併後，於二零二四年十二月三十一日，購股權計劃項下可予發行的股份總數為3,240,687股，佔於二零二四年十二月三十一日已發行股份總數的0.79%。每名參與人士於任何十二個月期間的最高配額不得超過本公司不時已發行股本的1%。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度，概無根據購股權計劃授出購股權。此外，於二零二四年十二月三十一日及二零二三年十二月三十一日，購股權計劃項下並無尚未行使的購股權。

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董事會報告

USE OF PROCEEDS

On 20 September 2024, the Company, through a placing agent completed the placing (the “Placing”) of 68,490,000 new shares, which rank pari passu in all respects among themselves and with the existing shares in issue on the date of allotment under the general mandate granted by the Shareholders at the annual general meeting held on 14 June 2024 to no less than 6 placees, all being independent third parties to the Company, at issue price of HK\$0.226 per share. The net proceeds from the Placing received by the Company, after deducting all related costs, fees, expenses and commission, were approximately HK\$15.2 million, representing a net issue price of approximately HK\$0.222 per share. The placing price of HK\$0.226 represents a discount of approximately 16.3% to the closing price of HK\$0.270 per share as quoted on the Stock Exchange on the date of the determination of the placing price. All of the funds raised from the Placing were utilized as proposed as of 31 December 2024, namely, approximately HK\$8.0 million for repayments of debts; and approximately HK\$7.2 million for general working capital of the Group.

ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

At no time during the Year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Directors or their respective spouses or minor children, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

DIRECTORS’ INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

There has been no transaction, arrangement or contract of significance to which the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party and in which a director of the Company or an entity connected with the Director is or was materially interested, either directly or indirectly, subsisting during or at the end of the Year.

所得款項用途

於二零二四年九月二十日，本公司透過配售代理，根據股東於二零二四年六月十四日舉行的股東週年大會授予的一般授權按每股0.226港元的發行價，完成向不少於六名承配人配售68,490,000股新股份（「配售事項」），其於所有方面於彼此之間及與配發當日已發行的現有股份享有同等地位，彼等均為本公司獨立第三方。扣除所有相關成本、費用、開支和佣金後，本公司從配售事項所收取的所得款項淨額約15,200,000港元，相當於每股淨發行價約0.222港元。配售價0.226港元較於釐定配售價日期在聯交所所報的收市價0.270港元折讓約16.3%。於二零二四年十二月三十一日，由配售事項籌得的所有資金已按所建議方式動用，即約8,000,000港元用於償還債務及約7,200,000港元用於本集團一般營運資金。

購買股份或債券證的安排

本年度內概無向任何董事或彼等各自的配偶或未成年子女授出透過收購本公司股份或債券而獲取利益的權利，彼等亦無行使任何該等權利；本公司或任何其附屬公司亦非任何讓董事獲取任何其他法人團體該等權利之安排的訂約方。

董事於交易、安排或合約中的權益

本公司、其控股公司、或其任何附屬公司或同系附屬公司概無訂立本公司董事或與董事有關連的實體於其中擁有或曾擁有重大權益（無論直接或間接），並於本年度內或未仍然生效的重大交易、安排或合約。

Report of the Directors

董事會報告

PERMITTED INDEMNITY

Pursuant to the Company's Articles of Association, subject to the applicable laws and regulations, every Director shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets and profits of the Company against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them may incur or sustain in or about the execution of their duty in their offices.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Other than the share option scheme of the Company, no equity-linked agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing shares or that require the Company to enter into any agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing shares were entered into by the Company during the Year or subsisted at the end of the Year.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Significant related party transactions entered into by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2024 is disclosed in note 37 to the consolidated financial statements in this annual report.

None of the related party transactions as disclosed in note 37 to the consolidated financial statements in this annual report constituted discloseable non-exempted connected transaction or non-exempted continuing connected transaction under the Listing Rules.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Significant events after the reporting period of the Group are disclosed in note 39 to the consolidated financial statements in this annual report.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND CORPORATE RESPONSIBILITY

The environmental, social and governance report prepared with the assistance of a professional third party for the Year will be published separately in compliance with the requirement of the Listing Rules.

獲准許彌償

根據本公司組織章程細則，受限於適用法律及法規，每名董事須有權就其於執行職務或與此有關的情況而可能產生或持續出現的一切或任何行動、成本、費用、虧損、損害及支出自本公司資產及溢利中獲得彌償及擔保。

股票掛鈎協議

除本公司購股權計劃外，概無股票掛鈎協議將或可能導致本公司發行股份或規定本公司須訂立任何將或可能導致本公司發行股份的協議由本公司於本年度內訂立或於本年度末仍然生效。

關連方交易

本集團於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度訂立的重大關連方交易於本年報綜合財務報表附註37披露。

本年報綜合財務報表附註37所披露之關連方交易並未構成上市規則項下之須予披露非豁免關連交易或非豁免持續關連交易。

報告期後事項

本集團的報告期後的重大事項於本年報綜合財務報表附註39內披露。

環境、社會及企業責任

本年度環境、社會及管治報告由專業第三方協助編製，將根據上市規則規定獨立刊發。

Report of the Directors

董事會報告

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS, RULES AND REGULATIONS

The Company encourages its employees to understand, comply with and keep themselves abreast of the laws, rules and regulations applicable to their positions and the operation of the businesses of the Group as any violation could jeopardize the integrity of the Group. The Company has employed suitable personnel and engaged professional advisers as and when appropriate to provide legal advice on the applicability, existence or interpretation of any laws, rules and regulations. The Board is not aware of any violation of the applicable laws, rules and regulations that had a significant impact on the business and/or operation of the Group during the Year.

RELATIONSHIPS WITH KEY STAKEHOLDERS

The Group's success lies also on the support from key stakeholders, including but not limited employees, customers, bankers, service providers and shareholders.

Employees

The Group treasures our employees as the most important and valuable assets of the Group. The objective of the Group's human resources management is to reward and recognise our employees by providing a competitive remuneration package, appropriate incentives, and opportunities within the Group for career advancement.

Customers

The Group is committed to provide excellent services to our customers with a view to maintaining steady business and asset growth as well as long term profitability.

Bankers

To order to ensure adequate market penetration and access, the Group has maintained excellent relationship with our bankers and has been soliciting funds from our bankers as and when necessary.

遵守法律、規則及法規

由於任何違規將損害本集團之誠信，本公司鼓勵其員工理解、遵守及了解與其職位及本集團業務營運相關之法律、規則及法規之最新情況。本公司已委任合適人選並委聘專業顧問適時提供任何法律、規則及法規之適用性、存在或詮釋之法律意見。董事會並不知悉本年度之任何違反適用法律、規則及法規對本集團之業務及／或營運有重大影響。

與主要利益相關者之關係

本集團之成功亦有賴於主要利益相關者之支持，包括但不僅限於僱員、客戶、往來銀行、服務供應商及股東。

僱員

本集團珍視我們的僱員，視彼等為本集團最重要的寶貴資產。本集團人力資源管理之目標為透過提供具競爭力之薪酬待遇、適當之獎勵及本集團內職位晉升之機會以給予我們的僱員獎賞及認可。

客戶

本集團致力於向我們的客戶提供卓越服務，以期維持穩定的業務及資產增長以及長期的盈利能力。

往來銀行

為確保充分滲透及進入市場，本集團與我們的往來銀行維持良好的關係，並於必要時自我們的往來銀行籌集資金。

Report of the Directors

董事會報告

Auditor

The Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024 had been audited by McMillan Woods (Hong Kong) CPA Limited, who will retire and being eligible, offer themselves for reappointment as auditor at the Company's forthcoming annual general meeting.

核數師

本集團截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度的綜合財務報表已由長青(香港)會計師事務所有限公司審核。彼等將退任並合資格且願意於本公司應屆股東週年大會上應聘連任為核數師。

**On behalf of the board of directors of
China Wood International Holding Co., Limited**
中木國際控股有限公司

代表董事會
China Wood International Holding Co., Limited
中木國際控股有限公司

Lyu NingJiang
Chairman and Executive Director

Hong Kong, 18 March 2025

主席及執行董事
呂寧江

香港，二零二五年三月十八日

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告



McMillanWoods
Professionalism at the forefront

To the shareholders of China Wood International Holding Co., Limited

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of China Wood International Holding Co., Limited (the "**Company**") and its subsidiaries (the "**Group**") set out on pages 58 to 186, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2024, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("**HKFRSs**") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "**HKICPA**") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

長青

致中木國際控股有限公司全體股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

意見

吾等已審核載於第58至186頁中木國際控股有限公司(「**貴公司**」)及其附屬公司(「**貴集團**」)的綜合財務報表，包括於二零二四年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表以及截至該日止年度的綜合損益及其他全面收入表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表，以及綜合財務報表附註，包括重大會計政策資料。

吾等認為，綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「**香港會計師公會**」)所頒佈的《香港財務報告準則》(「**香港財務報告準則**」)真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於二零二四年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況及其截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量，並已遵照香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥為編製。

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

MATERIAL UNCERTAINTY RELATING TO GOING CONCERN

We draw attention to note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, which indicates that the Group incurred a loss for the year from continuing operations of approximately HK\$4,844,000 and net cash outflows from operating activities of approximately HK\$11,321,000 during the year ended 31 December 2024, and as of 31 December 2024, the Group had a low cash and bank balances of approximately HK\$706,000, which is far below the current liabilities of approximately HK\$23,443,000. These events or conditions, along with other matters as set forth in note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In addition to the matter described in the Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern section, we have determined the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

意見的基礎

吾等已根據香港會計師公會所頒佈的《香港審計準則》(「香港審計準則」)進行審計。吾等在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任」部分中作進一步闡述。根據《香港會計師公會專業會計師道德守則》(以下簡稱「守則」)，吾等獨立於貴集團，並已履行守則中的其他專業道德責任。吾等相信，吾等所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為吾等的審計意見提供基礎。

有關持續經營的重大不確定性

吾等注意到綜合財務報表附註2顯示，貴集團截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度已產生持續經營業務的年度虧損約4,844,000港元，並錄得經營活動現金流出淨額約11,321,000港元，而於二零二四年十二月三十一日，貴集團現金及銀行結餘處於約706,000港元的較低水平，遠低於流動負債約23,443,000港元。該等事件或狀況，連同綜合財務報表附註2所載其他事項，顯示存在重大不確定性，或對貴集團持續經營的能力構成重大疑問。吾等於此方面並無修訂意見。

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據吾等的專業判斷，認為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這些事項是在吾等審計整體綜合財務報表及出具意見時進行處理的。吾等不會對這些事項提供單獨的意見。除有關持續經營的重大不確定性一節所述的事項外，吾等已釐定將於吾等的報告中進行溝通的關鍵審計事項。

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (continued)

關鍵審計事項(續)

Key audit matter

關鍵審計事項

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

吾等於審計時如何處理關鍵審計事項

Impairment assessment of trade receivables, deposits and other receivables

應收賬款、按金及其他應收款項的減值評估

Refer to notes 4(x), 5(b)(iii), 24 and 25 to the consolidated financial statements of material accounting policy information, critical judgements and key estimates and relevant disclosures.

請參閱綜合財務報表附註4(x)、5(b)(iii)、24及25所載之重大會計政策資料、關鍵判斷及主要估計以及相關披露。

The Group tested the amount of trade receivables, deposits and other receivables for impairment. The balance of trade receivables, deposits and other receivables, net of impairment were approximately HK\$1,653,000 and HK\$32,413,000 as at 31 December 2024. In addition, the measurement of forward-looking expected credit loss ("ECL") approach requires the application of significant judgement and increased complexity which include the identification of exposures with a significant deterioration in credit quality, and assumptions used in the ECL models. Due to the significant amount of trade receivables, deposits and other receivables and the corresponding uncertainty inherent in such estimates, we consider this as a key audit matter.

貴集團就應收賬款、按金及其他應收款項金額進行減值測試。於二零二四年十二月三十一日，應收賬款、按金及其他應收款項餘額（經扣除減值）約為1,653,000港元及32,413,000港元。此外，計量前瞻性預期信貸虧損（「預期信貸虧損」）的方法須應用關鍵判斷及更高的複雜性，包括識別信貸質量嚴重惡化的風險敞口及預期信貸虧損模型使用的假設。由於應收賬款、按金及其他應收款項數量巨大且該等估計存有相應的不確定性，故吾等視其為一項關鍵審計事項。

Our procedures in relation to the management's assessment of ECL included, among others:

吾等就管理層就預期信貸虧損的評估程序包括（其中包括）：

- Obtaining an understanding of and evaluating the Group's credit policies on ECL assessment;
- 了解並評估 貴集團有關預期信貸虧損評估的信貸政策；
- Recalculating the amounts of the ECL on trade receivables, deposits and other receivables; assessing the appropriateness and adequacy of the ECL as at 31 December 2024;
- 於二零二四年十二月三十一日重估應收賬款、按金及其他應收款項的預期信貸虧損金額；評估預期信貸虧損是否適當及充足；
- For simplified approach, testing the integrity of information used by management to develop the provision matrix, including trade receivables ageing analysis as at 31 December 2024, on a sample basis, by comparing individual items in the analysis with the relevant sales agreements, sales invoices, credit terms, settlement records and other supporting documents;
- 就簡化法而言，通過對比分析中的個別項目與相關銷售協議、銷售票據、信貸條款、還款記錄及其他支援文件，按採樣基準測試管理層使用以建立撥備矩陣的資料的真實性（包括於二零二四年十二月三十一日的應收賬款的賬齡分析）；

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (continued)

關鍵審計事項(續)

Key audit matter

關鍵審計事項

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

吾等於審計時如何處理關鍵審計事項

Impairment assessment of trade receivables, deposits and other receivables (continued)

應收賬款、按金及其他應收款項的減值評估(續)

- For general approach, assessing the reasonableness of the Group's ECL models by examining the model input used by management to form such judgements, including testing the accuracy of the default data from external international credit rating agency, evaluating whether the default data are appropriately adjusted based on current economic conditions and forward-looking information including the economic variables and assumptions used in each of the economic scenarios and their probability weightings and assessing whether there was an indication of management bias when recognising of the categorisation of debtors, assessing relevant of macroeconomic variables with forward-looking rate and how the change of these variables after ECL;
- 就一般方法而言，通過檢驗管理層就建立該等判斷而使用的模型輸入數據評估本集團的預期信貸虧損模型的合理性，包括測試來自外部國際信貸評級機構的逾期數據的準確性、估計逾期數據是否根據現行經濟情況及前瞻性資料(包括經濟變量、於各種經濟情況下使用的假設及其各自的可能性比重)已作出適當調整以及於確認應收款項的分類、評估使用前瞻性利率的相關宏觀經濟變量及該等變量於預期信貸虧損後如何變動時評估是否有跡象顯示管理層存在偏見；

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (continued)

關鍵審計事項(續)

Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 吾等於審計時如何處理關鍵審計事項

Impairment assessment of trade receivables, deposits and other receivables (continued)

應收賬款、按金及其他應收款項的減值評估 (續)

- With the assistance of auditor's expert, assessing management's basis and judgement in determining credit loss allowance on receivables as at 31 December 2024, including the appropriateness of the ECL provisioning methodology, the reasonableness of management's grouping of the debtors into different categories in the provision matrix, and the basis of estimated loss rates applied in each category in the provision matrix (with reference to historical default rates and forward-looking information);
- 在審計專家的幫助下，評估管理層釐定截至二零二四年十二月三十一日應收款項的信貸虧損撥備的基礎及判斷，包括預期信貸虧損撥備方法的合理性，在撥備矩陣中將應收賬款劃分為不同類別的合理性以及在撥備矩陣中每個類別應用的估計損失率（參考歷史違約率及前瞻性資料）；
- Reviewing the appropriateness of the disclosure of the Group's credit risk exposure and ECL assessment in the consolidated financial statements; and
- 審閱於綜合財務報表中所作信貸風險敞口及預期信貸虧損評估披露的合適性；及
- Inspecting settlements after the financial year end relating to the trade and other receivables as at 31 December 2024.
- 檢查截至二零二四年十二月三十一日的財政年度後有關貿易及其他應收款項的清償情況。

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors of the Company determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors of the Company are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

其他資料

貴公司董事須對其他資料負責。其他資料包括年報內的資料，但不包括綜合財務報表及吾等的核數師報告。

吾等對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他資料，吾等亦不對該等其他資料發表任何形式的鑒證結論。

結合吾等對綜合財務報表的審計，吾等的責任是閱讀其他資料，在此過程中，考慮其他資料是否與綜合財務報表或吾等在審計過程中所了解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。基於吾等已執行的工作，如果吾等認為其他資料存在重大錯誤陳述，吾等需要報告該事實。在這方面，吾等沒有任何報告。

董事及審核委員會就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會所頒佈的《香港財務報告準則》及香港《公司條例》的披露規定編製真實而中肯的綜合財務報表，並對其認為為使綜合財務報表的編製不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部控制負責。

在編製綜合財務報表時，貴公司董事負責評估貴集團持續經營的能力，並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項，以及使用持續經營為會計基礎，除非貴公司董事有意將貴集團清盤或停止經營，或別無其他實際的替代方案。

審核委員會協助貴公司董事履行監督貴集團的財務報告流程的責任。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSA's will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSA's, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔 的責任

吾等的目標，是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得合理保證，並出具包括吾等意見的核數師報告。吾等根據雙方協定之聘用協議條款僅向閣下報告吾等的意見。除此以外，本報告不可用作其他用途。吾等概不就本報告的內容，向任何其他人士負責或承擔法律責任。

合理保證是高水平的保證，但不能保證按照香港審計準則進行的審計，在某一重大錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起，如果合理預期它們單獨或滙總起來可能影響綜合財務報表使用者依賴綜合財務報表所作出的經濟決定，則有關的錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

在根據香港審計準則進行審計的過程中，吾等運用了專業判斷，保持了專業懷疑態度。吾等亦：

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險，設計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險，以及獲取充足和適當的審計憑證，作為吾等意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述，或凌駕於內部控制之上，因此未能發現因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制，以設計適當的審計程序，但目的並非對貴集團內部控制的有效性發表意見。

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors of the Company.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business units within the Group as a basis for forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and review of the audit work performed for purposes of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔 的責任(續)

- 評價 貴公司董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。
- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性作出結論。根據所獲取的審計憑證，確定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大不確定性，從而可能導致對 貴集團的持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。如果吾等認為存在重大不確定性，則有必要在核數師報告中提請使用者注意綜合財務報表中的相關披露。假若有關的披露不足，則吾等應當修改意見。吾等的結論是基於核數師報告日止所取得的審計憑證。然而，未來事項或情況可能導致 貴集團不能持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構和內容，包括披露，以及綜合財務報表是否中肯反映交易和事項。
- 計劃和執行集團審計，以獲取關於 貴集團內實體或業務單位財務信息的充足及適當的審計憑證，以對綜合財務報表形成審計意見提供基礎。吾等負責以集團審計為目的之審計工作的方向、監督和執行。吾等為審計意見承擔總體責任。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

McMillan Woods (Hong Kong) CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants

Leung Kam Wa

Audit Engagement Director

Practising Certificate Number: P08370

24/F., Siu On Centre,
188 Lockhart Road,
Wanchai, Hong Kong

18 March 2025

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔 的責任(續)

吾等與審核委員會溝通了(其中包括)計劃的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等,包括吾等在審計中識別出內部控制的任何重大缺陷。

吾等還向審核委員會提交聲明,說明吾等已符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響吾等獨立性的所有關係和其他事項,及為消除對獨立性的威脅所採取的行動或防範措施(如適用)。

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,吾等確定哪些事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要,因而構成關鍵審計事項。吾等在核數師報告中描述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露這些事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預期在吾等報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾利益,吾等決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

長青(香港)會計師事務所有限公司

執業會計師

梁淦樺

審核項目董事

執業證書編號:P08370

香港灣仔
駱克道188號
兆安中心24樓

二零二五年三月十八日

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

綜合損益及其他全面收入表

For the year ended 31 December 2024
截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

		Note 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Continuing operations	持續經營業務			
Revenue	收益	8	356,374	312,085
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(327,145)	(275,082)
Gross profit	毛利		29,229	37,003
Other income and losses, net	其他收入及虧損淨額	9	23	1
Allowances for expected credit losses ("ECLs") on trade and other receivables, net	應收賬款及其他應收款項預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)撥備淨額		(3,484)	(2,543)
Selling and distribution expenses	銷售及分銷開支		(1,142)	(864)
Administrative expenses	行政費用		(24,991)	(25,301)
(Loss)/profit from operations	經營所得(虧損)/溢利		(365)	8,296
Gain on the Scheme	計劃收益	10	–	1,273,377
Finance costs	融資成本	11	(926)	(68,315)
(Loss)/profit before tax	除稅前(虧損)/溢利	12	(1,291)	1,213,358
Income tax expense	所得稅開支	15	(3,553)	(4,844)
(Loss)/profit for the year from continuing operations	來自持續經營業務的年內(虧損)/溢利		(4,844)	1,208,514
Discontinued operations	已終止經營業務			
Profit/(loss) for the year from discontinued operations	來自已終止經營業務的年內溢利/(虧損)	17	68,625	(7,711)
Profit for the year	年內溢利		63,781	1,200,803
Other comprehensive income/(loss), net of tax	其他全面收入/(虧損)，扣除稅項			
Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss	其後可能重新分類至損益的項目			
Exchange difference arising on translation of foreign operations	換算境外業務的匯兌差額		2,300	325
Release of exchange difference upon the disposal of Excluded Companies	出售除外公司時解除匯兌差額		–	(7,610)
Release of exchange difference upon the disposal of the Disposal Group	出售該出售集團時解除匯兌差額		(379)	–
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year, net of tax	年內其他全面收入/(虧損)，扣除稅項		1,921	(7,285)
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收入總額		65,702	1,193,518

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

綜合損益及其他全面收入表

For the year ended 31 December 2024
截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

	Note 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Profit for the year attributable to: Owners of the Company	以下各方應佔年內溢利： 本公司擁有人	63,781	1,200,803
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to: Owners of the Company	以下各方應佔年內全面收入總額： 本公司擁有人	65,702	1,193,518
Earnings per share from continuing and discontinued operations attributable to owners of the Company: Basic (HK cents)	本公司擁有人應佔的來自持續經營業務及已終止經營業務的每股盈利： 基本(港仙)	17.62	662.29
Diluted (HK cents)	攤薄(港仙)	N/A不適用	N/A不適用
(Loss)/earnings per share from continuing operations attributable to owners of the Company: Basic (HK cents)	本公司擁有人應佔的來自持續經營業務的每股(虧損)/盈利： 基本(港仙)	(1.34)	666.55
Diluted (HK cents)	攤薄(港仙)	N/A不適用	N/A不適用
Earnings/(loss) per share from discontinued operations attributable to owners of the Company: Basic (HK cents)	本公司擁有人應佔的來自已終止經營業務的每股盈利/(虧損)： 基本(港仙)	18.96	(4.25)
Diluted (HK cents)	攤薄(港仙)	N/A不適用	N/A不適用

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2024
於二零二四年十二月三十一日

		Note	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
		附註		
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	19	73	9,683
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	20	8,482	13,320
Goodwill	商譽	21	–	–
Intangible assets	無形資產	22	–	9,207
			8,555	32,210
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	23	1,173	1,920
Trade receivables	應收賬款	24	1,653	5,357
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	預付款項、按金及其他應收款項	25	54,613	85,289
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	26	706	3,522
			58,145	96,088
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade payables	應付賬款	27	2,763	2,960
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計款項	28	14,888	136,721
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借貸	29	–	14,120
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	30	4,803	4,652
Tax payables	應付稅項		989	1,831
			23,443	160,284
Net current assets/(liabilities)	流動資產／(負債)淨額		34,702	(64,196)
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		43,257	(31,986)

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2024
於二零二四年十二月三十一日

		Note 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	30	4,022	8,849
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延稅項負債	31	–	876
			4,022	9,725
NET ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)	資產／(負債)淨額		39,235	(41,711)
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備			
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔權益			
Share capital	股本	32	41,122	34,273
Reserves	儲備		(1,887)	(75,984)
TOTAL EQUITY/(CAPITAL DEFICIENCIES)	權益總額／(資本虧絀)		39,235	(41,711)

Approved by the Board of Directors on 18 March 2025 and signed on its behalf by:

已由董事會於二零二五年三月十八日批准，並由下列董事代為簽署：

Lyu NingJiang

呂寧江

Chairman and Executive Director
主席兼執行董事

Ng Lai Ha

吳麗霞

Executive Director
執行董事

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2024
截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

		Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔						Non- controlling interests	Total equity
		Share capital	Share premium	Capital reserve	Foreign currency translation reserve 外幣 匯兌儲備 (note 33(c)) (附註33(c))	Accumulated losses	Total		
		股本	股份溢價 (note 33(a)) (附註33(a))	股本儲備 (note 33(b)) (附註33(b))	外幣 匯兌儲備 (note 33(c)) (附註33(c))	累計虧損	總計	非控股權益	權益總額
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日	68,515	1,059,713	14,593	1,417	(2,538,258)	(1,394,020)	(8,832)	(1,402,852)
Profit for the year	年內溢利	-	-	-	-	1,200,803	1,200,803	-	1,200,803
Other comprehensive loss:	其他全面虧損:								
Exchange difference arising on translation of foreign operations	換算海外業務產生的匯兌差額	-	-	-	325	-	325	-	325
Release of exchange difference upon the disposal of Excluded Companies (note 10)	於出售除外公司時解除匯兌差額 (附註10)	-	-	-	(7,610)	-	(7,610)	-	(7,610)
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	年內全面收入/(虧損)總額	-	-	-	(7,285)	1,200,803	1,193,518	-	1,193,518
Capital Reorganisation (note 32(a))	資本重組 (附註32(a))	(65,089)	(1,059,713)	-	-	1,124,802	-	-	-
Investor's Subscription (note 32(b))	投資者認購事項 (附註32(b))	22,610	76,872	-	-	-	99,482	-	99,482
Scheme Shares Issue (note 32(c))	計劃股份發行 (附註32(c))	8,237	51,072	-	-	-	59,309	-	59,309
Deconsolidation of Excluded Companies (note 10)	取消合併除外公司 (附註10)	-	-	(14,593)	-	14,593	-	8,832	8,832
		(34,242)	(931,769)	(14,593)	-	1,139,395	158,791	8,832	167,623
At 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024	於二零二三年十二月三十一日及二零二四年一月一日	34,273	127,944	-	(5,868)	(198,060)	(41,711)	-	(41,711)
Profit for the year	年內溢利	-	-	-	-	63,781	63,781	-	63,781
Other comprehensive income:	其他全面收入:								
Exchange difference arising on translation of foreign operations	換算海外業務產生的匯兌差額	-	-	-	2,300	-	2,300	-	2,300
Release of exchange difference upon the disposal of the Disposal Group	於出售該出售集團時解除匯兌差額	-	-	-	(379)	-	(379)	-	(379)
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收入總額	-	-	-	1,921	63,781	65,702	-	65,702
Placing of shares, net of transaction costs (note 32(e))	配售股份 (扣減交易成本) (附註32(e))	6,849	8,395	-	-	-	15,244	-	15,244
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	41,122	136,339	-	(3,947)	(134,279)	39,235	-	39,235

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2024
截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

	Note 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營活動所得現金流量		
(Loss)/profit before tax	除稅前(虧損)/溢利		
Continuing operations	持續經營業務	(1,291)	1,213,358
Discontinued operations	已終止經營業務	68,625	(12,187)
		67,334	1,201,171
Adjustments for:	經以下各項調整：		
Finance costs	融資成本	1,620	68,756
Interest income	利息收入	(1)	(18)
Gain on disposal of the Disposal Group	出售該出售集團的收益	(69,818)	–
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	6,231	9,330
Depreciation on right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	4,807	1,401
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備的收益	–	(60)
Impairment of right-of-use assets	使用權資產減值	–	53
Gain on the Scheme	計劃收益	–	(1,273,377)
Allowances for ECLs on trade and other receivables, net	應收賬款及其他應收款項預期信貸虧損撥備淨額	2,400	2,268
Impairment of intangible assets	無形資產減值	–	12,694

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2024
截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

	Note 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Operating profit before working capital changes	營運資金變動前的經營溢利	12,573	22,218
Decrease in inventories	存貨減少	698	12,967
Decrease in trade receivables	應收賬款減少	51	63,661
Decrease/(increase) in deposits, prepayments and other receivables	按金、預付款項及其他應收款項減少／(增加)	27,373	(38,758)
Decrease in trade payables	應付賬款減少	(41)	(53,032)
(Decrease)/increase in other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計款項(減少)／增加	(47,576)	16,204
Cash (used in)/generated from operations	經營活動(所用)／所得現金	(6,922)	23,260
Bank charges paid	已付銀行手續費	(4)	(152)
Income taxes paid	已付所得稅	(4,395)	(2,230)
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities	經營活動(所用)／所得現金淨額	(11,321)	20,878
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動所得現金流量		
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	購買物業、廠房及設備	—	(624)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備的所得款項	—	282
Cash inflow from disposal of the Disposal Group	來自出售該出售集團的現金流入	37	—
Decrease in restricted bank balances	受限制銀行結餘減少	—	3
Interest received	已收利息	1	18
Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities	投資活動所得／(所用)現金淨額	38	(321)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2024
截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

			2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
	Note 附註			
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		融資活動所得現金流量		
Proceeds from Investor's Subscription		投資者認購事項所得款項	—	99,482
Placing of shares		配售股份	15,244	—
Cash Bonus under the Scheme and relevant expenses paid	10	計劃項下現金紅利及已付相關開支	—	(56,942)
Raising of new bank and other borrowings		籌措新銀行及其他借貸	4,247	25,310
Repayment of bank and other borrowings		償還銀行及其他借貸	(5,447)	(86,947)
Interest element of lease rental paid		已付租賃租金的利息部分	(924)	(169)
Capital element of lease rental paid		已付租賃租金的資本部分	(4,633)	(1,751)
Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities		融資活動所得／(所用)現金淨額	8,487	(21,017)
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		現金及現金等價物減少淨額	(2,796)	(460)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 1 JANUARY		於一月一日的現金及現金等價物	3,522	4,060
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes		外匯利率變動的影響	(20)	(78)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 31 DECEMBER		於十二月三十一日的現金及現金等價物	706	3,522
ANALYSIS OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		現金及現金等價物分析		
Cash and bank balances	26	現金及銀行結餘	706	3,522

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024
截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

(a) General information

China Wood International Holding Co., Limited (the **"Company"**) was incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability. The registered office address of the Company is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111, Cayman Islands. The Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong is 11th Floor, Tower 2, Admiralty Centre, 18 Harcourt Road, Admiralty, Hong Kong. The Company's shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the **"Stock Exchange"**).

The Company is an investment holding company and the Group is principally engaged in (i) wood-related business, including the processing and distribution of furniture wood, and the manufacturing and sales of antique-style wood furniture and other wooden products; (ii) food and beverage business in the People's Republic of China (**"PRC"**); and (iii) car rental business in the PRC. As disclosed in notes 7, 17 and 35(b) to the consolidated financial statements, following the disposal of the car rental business segment in October 2024 by the Group, the car rental business segment has been accounted for as discontinued operations for the year ended 31 December 2024.

As at 31 December 2024, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that Right Momentum Group Limited (**"Right Momentum"**), a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands (**"BVI"**), is the immediate and ultimate holding company of the Company; Mr. Lyu NingJiang (**"Mr. Lyu"**), the shareholder of Right Momentum, is the ultimate controlling party of the Company.

1. 公司資料

(a) 一般資料

中木國際控股有限公司（「**本公司**」）是一間於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司。本公司註冊辦事處的地址為 Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111, Cayman Islands。本公司在香港的主要營業地點為香港金鐘夏慤道18號海富中心第2座11樓。本公司股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司（「**聯交所**」）主板上市。

本公司為一間投資控股公司及本集團主要從事(i)木材相關業務，包括傢俬木材的加工及分銷以及仿古木傢俬及其他木材產品的製造及銷售；(ii)中華人民共和國（「**中國**」）的食品及飲料業務；及(iii)中國的汽車租賃業務。誠如綜合財務報表附註7、17及35(b)，本集團於二零二四年十月出售汽車租賃業務分部後，汽車租賃業務分部已於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度獲計提為已終止經營業務。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日，本公司董事認為 Right Momentum Group Limited（「**Right Momentum**」），一間於英屬維爾京群島（「**英屬維爾京群島**」）註冊成立的公司）為本公司直接及最終控股公司；Right Momentum股東呂寧江先生（「**呂先生**」）為本公司最終控制方。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024
截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION (continued)

(b) Financial restructuring from 2021 to 2023

- (1) *Appointment of the Joint Provisional Liquidators for restructuring purpose in the Cayman Islands*
Having explored different options to restructure the debts of the Company, the board (the “**Board**”) of directors (the “**Directors**”) of the Company decided to implement a management led restructuring under a court-supervised provisional liquidation regime pursuant to the laws of the Cayman Islands, commonly known as a “light touch” provisional liquidation, which provides a statutory moratorium prohibiting the commencement or continuance of any proceedings against the Company without the leave of the Grand Court of the Cayman Islands (the “**Cayman Court**”) in the Cayman Islands.

Accordingly, in order to facilitate the Company’s financial restructuring, a winding up petition together with an application for the appointment (the “**JPL Application**”) of joint and several provisional liquidators (the “**JPLs**”) of the Company (for restructuring purposes) on a light touch approach for restructuring purposes was presented and filed with the Cayman Court by the Company.

The JPL Application was heard before the Cayman Court on 2 February 2021 (Cayman Islands time). The Cayman Court made the orders as sought by the Company under the JPL Application, inter alia, Osman Mohammed Arab and Lai Wing Lun of RSM Corporate Advisory (Hong Kong) Limited, and Martin Nicholas John Trott of R&H Restructuring (Cayman) Ltd., were appointed as JPLs of the Company on a light touch approach for restructuring purpose. Please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 2 February 2021 and 5 February 2021 for details.

1. 公司資料(續)

(b) 二零二一年至二零二三年的財務重組

- (1) *就重組於開曼群島委任共同臨時清盤人*
經探討重組本公司債務的不同選擇，本公司董事（「**董事**」）會（「**董事會**」）決定根據開曼群島法律在法院監督的臨時清盤制度下實行由管理層主導的重組（俗稱「輕觸」方式臨時清盤），其提供法定延期償付，未經位於開曼群島的開曼群島大法院（「**開曼法院**」）許可，禁止對本公司開展或繼續進行任何訴訟。

因此，為促進本公司的財務重組，本公司向開曼法院呈列及提交清盤呈請連同委任本公司共同及個別臨時清盤人（「**共同臨時清盤人**」）（就重組目的）的申請（「**共同臨時清盤人申請**」），藉此以輕觸方式重組。

於二零二一年二月二日（開曼群島時間），共同臨時清盤人申請已於開曼法院進行聆訊。開曼法院已根據共同臨時清盤人申請作出本公司尋求的命令（其中包括）羅申美企業顧問有限公司的馬德民及黎穎麟以及R&H Restructuring (Cayman) Ltd.的Martin Nicholas John Trott獲委任為本公司共同臨時清盤人，藉此以輕觸方式重組。有關詳情，請參閱本公司日期為二零二一年二月二日及二零二一年二月五日的公告。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024
截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION (continued)

(b) Financial restructuring from 2021 to 2023 (continued)

(1) *Appointment of the Joint Provisional Liquidators for restructuring purpose in the Cayman Islands* (continued)

On 28 January 2022, the Company's solicitors has taken out an ex-parte originating summons with the High Court of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (the "**Hong Kong Court**") for the hearing on 8 February 2022 of an application by the Company for an order to convene a meeting of the creditors (the "**Scheme Meeting**") of the Company to consider and, if thought fit, approve, with or without modification, a scheme of arrangement (the "**Scheme**") proposed by the Company, pursuant to section 670 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622). By an order of the Hong Kong Court, the Scheme Meeting was convened on 11 March 2022.

(2) *Capital Reorganisation, the Investor's Subscription and the Scheme*

On 16 February 2022 (after trading hours), the Company, the JPLs, the Investor and Mr. Lyu entered into the conditional Restructuring Agreement, pursuant to which the Company will carry out the Restructuring Transactions involving (i) the Capital Reorganisation; (ii) the Investor's Subscription; and (iii) the Scheme. Please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 10 March 2022 for details of the Restructuring Agreement and the Restructuring Transactions.

At the Scheme Meeting convened and held on 11 March 2022, the Scheme was approved by the requisite statutory majorities of the creditors. The sealed sanction order was delivered to the Registrar of Companies in Hong Kong on 26 April 2022.

1. 公司資料(續)

(b) 二零二一年至二零二三年的財務重組(續)

(1) *就重組於開曼群島委任共同臨時清盤人(續)*

於二零二二年一月二十八日，本公司律師在香港特別行政區高等法院(「**香港法院**」)取出單方原訴傳票，以便香港法院於二零二二年二月八日聆訊本公司根據第622章香港公司條例第670條提交的申請，即請求頒令召開本公司債權人會議(「**計劃會議**」)，以考慮及酌情批准(不論有否修訂)本公司建議的安排計劃(「**計劃**」)。根據香港法院的傳令，計劃會議已於二零二二年三月十一日舉行。

(2) *資本重組、投資者認購事項及計劃*

於二零二二年二月十六日(交易時間後)，本公司、共同臨時清盤人、投資者及呂先生訂立有條件重組協議，據此，本公司將進行重組交易，其中涉及(i)資本重組；(ii)投資者認購事項；及(iii)計劃。有關重組協議及重組交易的詳情，請參閱本公司日期為二零二二年三月十日的公告。

於二零二二年三月十一日召開及舉行的計劃會議上，計劃已獲法定所需之多數債權人的批准。加蓋印章的認許令已於二零二二年四月二十六日交付予香港公司註冊處處長。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024
截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION (continued)

(b) Financial restructuring from 2021 to 2023 (continued)

(2) *Capital Reorganisation, the Investor's Subscription and the Scheme (continued)*

As announced by the Company on 10 March 2022 in relation to the Restructuring Transactions and the Whitewash Waiver dated 5 August 2022, a Funding Agreement dated 31 December 2020 was entered into between the Company as the borrower and the Investor as the lender to provide the funding for the Company to continue and further develop its business. On 17 October 2022, the Funding Agreement was sanctioned by the Cayman Court.

All the proposed resolutions in relation to the Capital Reorganisation, the Investor's Subscription, the Scheme, and the Whitewash Waiver were duly passed by the Shareholders or the Independent Shareholders (as the case may be) at the extraordinary general meeting held on 30 August 2022, and the Executive Director of the Corporate Department of SFC has granted the Whitewash Waiver on 22 August 2022. Please refer to the circular of the Company dated 5 August 2022 and the announcement of the Company dated 30 August 2022 for details.

1. 公司資料(續)

(b) 二零二一年至二零二三年的財務重組(續)

(2) *資本重組、投資者認購事項及計劃(續)*

誠如本公司於二零二二年三月十日就日期為二零二二年八月五日的重組交易及清洗豁免所宣佈，本公司作為借款人與投資者作為貸款人訂立日期為二零二零年十二月三十一日的融資協議，以為本公司繼續並進一步發展其業務提供資金。於二零二二年十月十七日，融資協議已獲得開曼法院的認可。

所有有關資本重組、投資者認購事項、計劃及清洗豁免的提呈決議案已於二零二二年八月三十日舉行的股東特別大會上由股東或獨立股東(視情況而定)正式通過，而證監會企業融資部執行董事已於二零二二年八月二十二日授出清洗豁免。詳情請參閱本公司日期為二零二二年八月五日的通函及本公司日期為二零二二年八月三十日的公告。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024
截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION (continued)

(b) Financial restructuring from 2021 to 2023 (continued)

(2) Capital Reorganisation, the Investor's Subscription and the Scheme (continued)

The Company announced on 16 May 2023 that with all the conditions precedent for the Capital Reorganisation having been fulfilled (including (i) granting of the order from the Cayman Court confirming the Capital Reduction dated 14 April 2023; (ii) due registration of the copy of the order of the Cayman Court and the minute approved by the Cayman Court by the Registrar of Companies in the Cayman Islands dated 1 May 2023; and (iii) the Listing Committee of the Stock Exchange granting the approval for the listing of, and permission to deal in, the New Shares dated 16 May 2023), the Capital Reorganisation became effective on 17 May 2023.

Immediately following the effective implementation of the Capital Reorganisation, the authorised share capital of the Company of HK\$200,000,000 was divided into 20,000,000,000 New Shares of HK\$0.01 each and the issued and fully paid-up capital of the Company is HK\$3,425,728.57 divided into 342,572,857 New Shares of HK\$0.01 each.

Pursuant to the terms of the Restructuring Agreement in relation to the Investor's Subscription, the Investor conditionally agreed to subscribe for, and the Company conditionally agreed to allot and issue, 2,260,980,856 New Shares at the issue price of HK\$0.044 per New Share.

1. 公司資料(續)

(b) 二零二一年至二零二三年的財務重組(續)

(2) 資本重組、投資者認購事項及計劃(續)

本公司於二零二三年五月十六日宣佈，隨著資本重組的所有先決條件均獲達成(包括：(i)開曼法院發出日期為二零二三年四月十四日的命令，確認股本削減；(ii)開曼群島公司註冊處處長於二零二三年五月一日正式登記開曼法院的命令副本以及經開曼法院批准的會議紀錄；及(iii)聯交所上市委員會於二零二三年五月十六日批准新股上市及買賣)，資本重組於二零二三年五月十七日生效。

緊隨資本重組有效實行後，本公司的法定股本為200,000,000港元，分為20,000,000,000股每股面值0.01港元的新股，以及本公司的已發行及繳足股本為3,425,728.57港元，分為342,572,857股每股面值0.01港元的新股。

根據重組協議有關投資者認購事項的條款，投資者已有條件同意認購，而本公司已有條件同意按發行價每股新股0.044港元配發及發行2,260,980,856股新股。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024
截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION (continued)

(b) Financial restructuring from 2021 to 2023 (continued)

(2) Capital Reorganisation, the Investor's Subscription and the Scheme (continued)

With all the conditions precedent for the Investor's Subscription having fulfilled (including: (i) the Capital Reorganisation having become effective; (ii) the Listing Committee of the Stock Exchange granting the approval for the listing of, and permission to deal in, the Investor's Subscription Shares dated 16 May 2023; and (iii) the Scheme having become unconditional (see below)), the Investor's Subscription became unconditional.

The Scheme is legally binding on the Company and its Creditors and it involves: (i) the Cash Bonus; (ii) the Scheme Shares Issue; and (iii) the Disposal.

With all the conditions precedent for the Scheme having fulfilled (including: (i) the Capital Reorganisation having become effective; (ii) the Listing Committee of the Stock Exchange granting the approval for the listing of, and permission to deal in, the Scheme Shares dated 16 May 2023; and (iii) the Investor's Subscription having become unconditional (see above)), the Scheme became unconditional.

(i) Cash Bonus

Under the Scheme and subject to the terms thereof, HK\$50 million of the total proceeds from the Investor's Subscription was utilised for distribution to the Creditors with Admitted Claims on a pro-rata basis for their Admitted Claim.

1. 公司資料(續)

(b) 二零二一年至二零二三年的財務重組(續)

(2) 資本重組、投資者認購事項及計劃(續)

隨著投資者認購事項的所有先決條件均已獲達成(包括：(i)資本重組生效；(ii)聯交所上市委員會於二零二三年五月十六日批准投資者認購股份上市及買賣；及(iii)計劃已成為無條件(見下文))，投資者認購事項已成為無條件。

計劃對本公司及其債權人具有法律約束力，涉及(i)現金紅利；(ii)計劃股份發行；及(iii)出售事項。

隨著計劃的所有先決條件均已獲達成(包括：(i)資本重組生效；(ii)聯交所上市委員會於二零二三年五月十六日批准計劃股份上市及買賣；及(iii)投資者認購事項已成為無條件(見上文))，計劃已成為無條件。

(i) 現金紅利

根據計劃及受其條款規限，投資者認購事項的所得款項總額中的50,000,000港元，已於就獲認可債權按比例分配給擁有獲認可債權的債權人。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024
截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION (continued)

(b) Financial restructuring from 2021 to 2023 (continued)

(2) Capital Reorganisation, the Investor's Subscription and the Scheme (continued)

(ii) Scheme Shares Issue

Under the Scheme, the Company allotted and issued the Scheme Shares to the Creditors to compromise, discharge and/or settle the debts owing by the Company to the Creditors in full. After the adjudication for the Admitted Claims was completed, the Company allotted and issued, 823,739,687 New Shares where the Creditors would receive 1 New Share for every HK\$1.80 in the amount of the Admitted Claims due to them by the Company for settlement of the debts of the Creditors in accordance with the terms of the Scheme, and upon which all the debts of the Creditors were discharged and extinguished and the Creditors were not allowed to make any claim against the Company in respect of their debts.

(iii) Disposal

Under the Scheme, the Excluded Companies of the Group were disposed of to the Scheme Company. As a result, all the account receivables and the debts of the Group at the level of the Excluded Companies were handled by the Scheme Administrator(s) who would recover the Transferred Claims and would realise the assets of the Excluded Companies for the benefit of the Creditors subject to the Excluded Companies' own liabilities, or would dispose of the Excluded Companies for the benefit of the Creditors.

1. 公司資料(續)

(b) 二零二一年至二零二三年的財務重組(續)

(2) 資本重組、投資者認購事項 及計劃(續)

(ii) 計劃股份發行

根據計劃，本公司已向債權人配發及發行計劃股份，以對本公司所欠債權人的債務悉數進行和解、解除及／或清償。待對獲認可債權的審裁完成後，本公司已配發及發行823,739,687股新股，其中債權人已就公司應付彼等的獲認可債權金額(用於根據計劃條款清償債權人債務)每1.80港元將獲得一股新股，而此後債權人的所有債務已被解除及消除，債權人不得就其債務向本公司提出任何索償。

(iii) 出售事項

根據計劃，本集團的除外公司出售予計劃公司。因此，本集團在除外公司層面的所有應收賬款及債務將由計劃管理人處理，計劃管理人將收回獲轉讓債權及將變現除外公司的資產(受限於除外公司自身的負債)，利益歸債權人所有，或出售除外公司，利益歸債權人所有。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024
截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION (continued)

(b) Financial restructuring from 2021 to 2023 (continued)

(2) *Capital Reorganisation, the Investor's Subscription and the Scheme (continued)*

The Company announced on 16 June 2023 that based on the projection by the Board, the Company would become solvent upon completion of the Capital Reorganisation, the Investor's Subscription and the Scheme. In light of the above, the Company no longer faced an imminent liquidity risk. Therefore, given the successful debt restructuring, it is no longer necessary for the Company to remain in provisional liquidation (with the Petition pending) and for the JPLs to remain in their office. Accordingly, the Company, with the support of the JPLs, made an application to the Cayman Court for withdrawal of the Petition and discharge of the appointment of the JPLs. On 14 June 2023 (Cayman Islands time), the Cayman Court granted an order to approve the application and the JPLs were discharged and the Company exited the provisional liquidation (for restructuring purposes) on the same date.

The Company announced on 11 July 2023 that (i) pursuant to the Restructuring Agreement, completion of the Investor's Subscription took place on 11 July 2023, pursuant to which 2,260,980,856 New Shares were allotted and issued to the Investor at the issue price of HK\$0.044 per New Share; and (ii) pursuant to the Scheme, 823,739,687 New Shares were allotted and issued to China Wood Scheme Limited holding for and on behalf of the Creditors, credited as fully paid, for further distribution to the Creditors on the basis of 1 New Share for every HK\$1.80 in the amount of Admitted Claims from the Creditors in accordance with the terms of the Scheme.

1. 公司資料(續)

(b) 二零二一年至二零二三年的財務重組(續)

(2) *資本重組、投資者認購事項及計劃(續)*

本公司於二零二三年六月十六日宣佈，基於董事會的預測，於資本重組、投資者認購事項及計劃完成後，本公司將具備償債能力。鑒於上文所述，本公司不再面臨迫切的流動資金風險。因此，倘若債務重組成功，本公司不再需要繼續進行臨時清盤(呈請仍待決)，而共同臨時清盤人亦無需繼續任職。故此，在共同臨時清盤人的支持下，本公司向開曼法院申請撤回呈請及解除委任共同臨時清盤人。於二零二三年六月十四日(開曼群島時間)，開曼法院頒令批准該申請，因此共同臨時清盤人獲解除職務，而本公司於同日退出臨時清盤(僅適用於公司重組)狀態。

本公司於二零二三年七月十一日宣佈，(i)根據重組協議，投資者認購事項於二零二三年七月十一日完成，據此，2,260,980,856股新股已按發行價每股新股0.044港元配發及發行予投資者；及(ii)根據計劃，823,739,687股新股已根據計劃的條款按債權人獲認可債權金額中每1.80港元獲發一股新股的基準配發及發行予China Wood Scheme Limited(為及代表債權人持有)，並入賬列作繳足且將進一步分配予債權人。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024
截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“**HKFRSs**”) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the “**HKICPA**”). HKFRSs comprise Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“**HKFRS**”); Hong Kong Accounting Standards (“**HKAS**”); and Interpretations (“**Ints**”). These consolidated financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the “**Listing Rules**”) on the Stock Exchange and with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622). Material accounting policy information adopted by the Group are disclosed below.

The HKICPA has issued certain new/revised and amendments to HKFRSs that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group. Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current and prior accounting periods reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

Going concern assumption

The Group incurred a loss from continuing operations of approximately HK\$4,844,000 and a net cash outflow from operating activities of approximately HK\$11,321,000 during the year ended 31 December 2024, and as of 31 December 2024, the Group had a low cash and bank balances of approximately HK\$706,000 which is far below the current liabilities of approximately HK\$23,443,000. These events and conditions indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Group’s ability to continue as a going concern. Despite these challenges, the Directors believe that the going concern basis remains appropriate due to several mitigating factors as follows:

2. 編製基準

該等綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會（「**香港會計師公會**」）頒佈的所有適用香港財務報告準則（「**香港財務報告準則**」）而編製。香港財務報告準則包括香港財務報告準則（「**香港財務報告準則**」）、香港會計準則（「**香港會計準則**」）及詮釋（「**詮釋**」）。該等綜合財務報表亦遵守聯交所證券上市規則（「**上市規則**」）的適用披露條文及香港公司條例（第622章）的披露要求。本集團所採納的重大會計政策資料披露於下文。

香港會計師公會已頒佈若干於本集團當前會計期間首次生效或可供提前採納的新訂／經修訂香港財務報告準則以及香港財務報告準則修訂本。於當前及過往會計期間，由於首次應用該等與本集團有關的新訂及經修訂所引致的任何會計政策變動已反映於該等綜合財務報表中，其資料載於綜合財務報表附註3。

持續經營假設

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度，本集團已產生持續經營所得虧損約4,844,000港元，並錄得經營活動現金流出淨額約11,321,000港元，而於二零二四年十二月三十一日，本集團現金及銀行結餘處於約706,000港元的較低水平，遠低於流動負債約23,443,000港元。此等事件或狀況，顯示存在重大不確定性，或對本集團持續經營的能力構成重大疑問。儘管有上述挑戰，惟基於下列數項緩解因素，董事相信持續經營基準仍屬恰當：

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024
截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

Going concern assumption (continued)

(a) the Group will continue to take proactive measures to improve operating cash flow by controlling administrative costs and containing capital expenditure; (b) to finance the further development of the food and beverage business segment of the Group and to enhance the financial position of the Group, the Company issued a circular on 28 January 2025 to the Shareholders proposing the rights issue (the “Rights Issue”) on the basis of one rights share (“Right Share(s)”) for every one existing Share in issue that would strengthen the capital base of the Company without incurring debt financing cost. The Rights Issue was approved by the Independent Shareholders pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed at the extraordinary general meeting held on 18 February 2025. The net proceeds from the Rights Issue (after deducting the estimated expenses) and assuming full subscription and acceptance, are estimated to be approximately HK\$44.6 million, that would significantly improve the Group’s liquidity and financial position upon completion; and (c) the ultimate controlling party agreed to provide financial support to finance the Group’s working capital requirements.

Management has prepared cash flow projections that cover a period of not less than twelve months from the date of this annual report. The directors of the Company are of the opinion that, the Group will have sufficient working capital to finance its operations and to meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due within twelve months from the date of this annual report. Accordingly, the directors are satisfied that it is appropriate to prepare the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis.

Should the Group be unable to continue as a going concern, adjustments would have to be made to the consolidated financial statements, to write down the value of assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for further liabilities which might arise and to reclassify non-current assets and non-current liabilities as current assets and current liabilities, respectively. The effect of these adjustments has not been reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

2. 編製基準(續)

持續經營假設(續)

(a)本集團將繼續主動採取措施，通過控制行政成本及遏制資本支出以改善營運現金流；(b)為資助本集團食品及飲料業務分部的進一步發展及提升本集團的財務狀況，本公司於二零二五年一月二十八日向股東刊發通函，建議按每一股現有已發行股份獲發一股供股股份(「供股股份」)的基準進行供股(「供股」)，以加強本公司之資金基礎，而毋須承擔債務融資成本。供股根據於二零二五年二月十八日舉行的股東特別大會上通過之普通決議案獲獨立股東批准。經扣除估計開支及假設已獲全面認購及接納供股後，供股之所得款項淨額估計將約為44,600,000港元，故完成時可大幅改善本集團的流動資金及財務狀況；及(c)最終控制方同意提供財務支援為本集團的營運資本需求提供資金。

管理層已編製涵蓋自本年報日期起計不少於十二個月的現金流量預測。本公司董事認為，本集團將有足夠的營運資金為其經營提供資金，並於本年報日期的十二個月內履行其到期的財務義務。因此，董事信納，按持續經營基準編製綜合財務報表乃屬恰當。

倘本集團未能繼續持續經營，則須對綜合財務報表作出調整，將資產價值撇減至其可收回金額，就可能產生的其他負債作出撥備，以及將非流動資產及非流動負債分別重新分類為流動資產及流動負債。該等調整的影響並未反映在綜合財務報表中。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024
截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND/OR REVISED HKFRSs

(a) Application of new/revised HKFRSs

The Group has applied the following amendments to HKFRSs and Ints issued by the HKICPA for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2024 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current
Amendments to HKAS 1	Non-current Liabilities with Covenants
Amendments to HKAS 16	Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback
Hong Kong Interpretation 5 ("HK Int 5") (Revised)	Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause
Amendments to HKAS 7 and HKFRS 7	Supplier Finance Arrangements

The application of the new/revised HKFRSs and Ints in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's consolidated financial position and performance for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in the consolidated financial statements.

3. 採納新訂及／或經修訂的香港財務報告準則

(a) 應用新訂／經修訂的香港財務報告準則

本集團於編製綜合財務報表時，已首次應用於二零二四年一月一日或之後開始的年度期間強制生效的由香港會計師公會頒佈的下列香港財務報告準則修訂及詮釋：

香港會計準則第1號修訂	負債分類流動負債或非流動負債
香港會計準則第1號修訂	附有契諾的非流動負債
香港會計準則第16號修訂	售後租回的租賃負債
香港詮釋第5號（「香港詮釋第5號」）（經修訂）	呈列財務報表—借款人對包含按要求償還條款之定期貸款的分類
香港會計準則第7號及香港財務報告準則第7號修訂	供應商融資安排

於本年度應用該等新訂／經修訂香港財務報告準則及詮釋對本集團目前及過往年度的綜合財務狀況及表現及／或載列於綜合財務報表的披露信息概無重大影響。

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024
截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND/OR REVISED HKFRSs (continued)

(b) New/revised HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not early applied new/revised HKFRSs and Ints that have been issued but are not yet effective for the financial year beginning on 1 January 2024. These new/revised HKFRSs and Ints include the following which may be relevant to the Group.

3. 採納新訂及／或經修訂的香港財務報告準則(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂／經修訂的香港財務報告準則

本集團並無提早應用已頒佈但尚未於二零二四年一月一日開始的財政年度生效的新訂／經修訂香港財務報告準則及詮釋。該等新訂／經修訂香港財務報告準則及詮釋包括以下可能與本集團相關的準則。

**Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after
於以下日期或之後開始的會計期間生效**

Amendments to HKAS 21 and HKFRS 1 – Lack of Exchangeability 香港會計準則第21號及香港財務報告準則第1號修訂－缺乏可兌換性	1 January 2025 二零二五年一月一日
Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7 – Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments 香港財務報告準則第9號及香港財務報告準則第7號修訂－金融工具分類及計量的修訂	1 January 2026 二零二六年一月一日
Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7 – Contracts Referencing Nature-dependent Electricity 香港財務報告準則第9號及香港財務報告準則第7號修訂－依賴自然條件的電力合約	1 January 2026 二零二六年一月一日
Annual Improvements to HKFRS Accounting Standards – Volume 11 香港財務報告準則會計準則年度改進－第11冊	1 January 2026 二零二六年一月一日
HKFRS 18 – Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements 香港財務報告準則第18號－財務報表的呈列及披露	1 January 2027 二零二七年一月一日
HKFRS 19 – Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures 香港財務報告準則第19號－非公共受託責任附屬公司：披露	1 January 2027 二零二七年一月一日
Amendments to HK Int 5 – Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause 香港詮釋第5號修訂－呈列財務報表－借款人對包含按要求償還條款之定期貸款的分類	1 January 2027 二零二七年一月一日
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 – Sales or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture 香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則第28號修訂－投資者與其聯營公司或合營公司之間出售或注入資產	To be determined 待定

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024
截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND/OR REVISED HKFRSs (continued)

(b) New/revised HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (continued)

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these new/revised HKFRSs and Ints is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far it has concluded that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements except for HKFRS 18 – Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements which may have impact on the entity's results and/or financial position, and giving further details of the impact in accordance with HKAS 8.

HKFRS 18 – Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements

HKFRS 18 will replace HKAS 1 – Presentation of financial statements, introducing new requirements that will help to achieve comparability of the financial performance of similar entities and provide more relevant information and transparency to users. Even though HKFRS 18 will not impact the recognition or measurement of items in the consolidated financial statements, HKFRS 18 introduces significant changes to the presentation of financial statements, with a focus on information about financial performance present in the statement of profit or loss, which will affect how the Group present and disclose financial performance in the financial statements. The key changes introduced in HKFRS 18 relate to (i) the structure of the statement of profit or loss, (ii) required disclosures for management-defined performance measures (which are referred to alternative or non-GAAP performance measures), and (iii) enhanced requirements for aggregation and disaggregation of information.

The directors of the Company are currently assessing the impact of applying HKFRS 18 on the presentation and the disclosures of the consolidated financial statements.

3. 採納新訂及／或經修訂的香港財務報告準則(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂／經修訂的香港財務報告準則(續)

本集團正在評估該等新訂／經修訂香港財務報告準則及詮釋預期將於首次應用期間產生的影響。迄今結論為採納該等準則不大可能對綜合財務報表造成重大影響，惟香港財務報告準則第18號 – 財務報表的呈列及披露除外，其可能影響實體的業績及／或財務狀況，並根據香港會計準則第8號給予有關影響的進一步詳情。

香港財務報告準則第18號－財務報表的呈列及披露

香港財務報告準則第18號將取代香港會計準則第1號－財務報表的呈列，引入新規定，有助於實現類似實體財務表現的可比性，並為使用者提供更多相關資料及透明度。儘管香港財務報告準則第18號並不影響綜合財務報表項目的確認或計量，但香港財務報告準則第18號對財務報表的呈列方式引入重大變動，聚焦於損益表中呈列的財務表現資料，其將影響本集團於財務報表中呈列及披露財務表現的方式。香港財務報告準則第18號引入的主要變更涉及：(i)損益表的結構；(ii)管理層定義的業績計量(即替代或非公認會計原則業績計量)的披露要求；及(iii)強化資料彙總及細分的要求。

本公司董事目前正在評估應用香港財務報告準則第18號對綜合財務報表的呈列及披露的影響。

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024
截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, unless mentioned otherwise in the material accounting policies information below, such as certain financial instruments that are measured at fair value.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in note 5 to the consolidated financial statements.

The material accounting policies applied in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are set out below.

These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

(a) Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 31 December. Subsidiaries are entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The Group has power over an entity when the Group has existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities, i.e. activities that significantly affect the entity's returns.

When assessing control, the Group considers its potential voting rights as well as potential voting rights held by other parties. A potential voting right is considered only if the holder has the practical ability to exercise that right.

4. 重大會計政策資料

除非於下列重大會計政策資料內另有提及，該等綜合財務報表乃根據歷史成本慣例編製，如若干以公平值計量的金融工具。

編製符合香港財務報告準則的綜合財務報表須使用若干關鍵會計估計。這亦須管理層在應用本集團會計政策的過程中行使其判斷。涉及較高程度判斷或複雜程度的範疇或有關假設及估計對綜合財務報表而言屬重大的範疇於綜合財務報表附註5披露。

於編製綜合財務報表時應用的重大會計政策載列如下。

除另行說明外，該等修訂均已一致應用於所有呈列年度。

(a) 綜合入賬

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公司截至十二月三十一日止編製的財務報表。附屬公司為本集團擁有控制權的實體。當本集團因其參與實體業務而承擔可變回報風險或有權享有可變回報，且有能力透過其對該實體的權力影響該等回報時，則本集團控制該實體。當本集團擁有令其目前有能力指導相關活動（即對實體回報造成重大影響的活動）的現有權利時，則本集團對該實體擁有權力。

於評估控制權時，本集團會考慮其潛在投票權及其他各方持有的潛在投票權。僅當持有人有實際能力行使該權利時方予考慮潛在投票權。

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024
截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION (continued)

(a) Consolidation (continued)

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date the control ceases.

The gain or loss on the disposal of a subsidiary that results in a loss of control represents the difference between (i) the fair value of the consideration of the sale plus the fair value of any investment retained in that subsidiary and (ii) the Company's share of the net assets of that subsidiary plus any remaining goodwill and any accumulated foreign currency translation reserve relating to that subsidiary.

Intragroup transactions, balances and unrealised profits are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in subsidiaries not attributable, directly or indirectly, to the Company. Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position and consolidated statement of changes in equity within equity. Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as an allocation of profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between the non-controlling shareholders and owners of the Company.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling shareholders even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(a) 綜合入賬(續)

附屬公司自控制權轉移至本集團當日起綜合入賬。該等附屬公司自控制權終止當日起終止綜合入賬。

導致失去控制權的出售一間附屬公司收益或虧損指(i)銷售代價公平值加於該附屬公司保留的任何投資公平值與(ii)本公司分佔該附屬公司資產淨值加有關該附屬公司的任何餘下商譽及任何累計外幣換算儲備之間的差額。

集團內公司間的交易、結餘及未變現溢利均予以對銷。除非交易提供憑證顯示所轉讓資產出現減值，否則未變現虧損亦予以對銷。附屬公司的會計政策於必要時會作出調整，以確保符合本集團採納的政策。

非控股權益指本公司不直接或間接應佔的附屬公司權益。非控股權益乃於綜合財務狀況表及綜合權益變動表的權益內呈列。非控股權益乃於綜合損益及其他全面收入表內呈列為年內損益及全面收入總額於非控股股東與本公司擁有人之間的分配。

損益及其他全面收入的各組成部分乃歸屬於本公司擁有人及非控股股東，即使此舉引致非控股權益出現虧絀結餘。

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綜合財務報表附註

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截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION (continued)

(a) Consolidation (continued)

Changes in the Company's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions (i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners). The carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to the owners of the Company.

(b) Separate financial statements

In the Company's statement of financial position, an investment in a subsidiary and associate are stated at cost less impairment loss, unless the investment is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale). Cost includes direct attributable costs of investments. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received or receivable.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(a) 綜合入賬(續)

本公司於附屬公司之擁有權權益出現不會導致失去控制權的變動列賬為股權交易(即以擁有人身份與擁有人進行之交易)。控股權益及非控股權益之賬面值將作調整以反映其於附屬公司之相對權益變動。非控股權益之調整金額與已付或已收代價之公平值兩者之間任何差額直接於權益確認，並由本公司擁有人分佔。

(b) 獨立財務報表

於本公司之財務狀況表內，除非投資分類為持作出售(或計入分類為持作出售之出售組別)，否則於附屬公司及聯營公司的投資乃按成本減減值虧損列賬。成本包括投資的直接歸屬成本。附屬公司的業績由本公司按已收或應收股利基準入賬。

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綜合財務報表附註

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4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION (continued)

(c) Foreign currency translation

(i) *Functional and presentation currency*

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "**functional currency**"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong Dollars ("**HK\$**"), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

(ii) *Transactions and balances in each entity's financial statements*

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency on initial recognition using the exchange rates prevailing on the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the end of each reporting period. Gains and losses resulting from this translation policy are recognised in profit or loss.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(c) 外幣換算

(i) *功能及呈列貨幣*

計入本集團各實體財務報表的項目均使用實體經營所在主要經濟環境的貨幣(「**功能貨幣**」)計量。綜合財務報表以港元(「**港元**」, 為本公司功能及呈列貨幣)呈列。

(ii) *各實體財務報表的交易及結餘*

以外幣計值的交易於初步確認時使用交易日期的現行匯率換算為功能貨幣。以外幣計值的貨幣資產及負債於各報告期末按匯率換算。因該換算政策而產生的收益及虧損於損益內確認。

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綜合財務報表附註

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截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION (continued)

(c) Foreign currency translation (continued)

(ii) Transactions and balances in each entity's financial statements (continued)

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. The transaction date is the date on which the company initially recognises such non-monetary assets or liabilities. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates at the dates when the fair values are determined.

When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in other comprehensive income, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income. When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

(iii) Translation on consolidation

The results and financial position of all foreign operations (none of which has the currency of hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the Company's presentation currency are translated into the Company's presentation currency as follows:

- Assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(c) 外幣換算(續)

(ii) 各實體財務報表的交易及結餘(續)

以外幣按歷史成本計量的非貨幣資產及負債使用交易日的匯率換算。交易日為本公司初步確認有關非貨幣資產或負債之日期。按公平值計量以外匯計值的非貨幣項目乃使用釐定公平值當日的匯率換算。

倘非貨幣項目的收益或虧損於其他全面收入內確認，則該收益或虧損的任何匯兌組成部分於其他全面收入內確認。倘非貨幣項目的收益或虧損於損益內確認，則該收益或虧損的任何匯兌組成部分於損益內確認。

(iii) 綜合賬目的換算

功能貨幣有別於本公司呈列貨幣的所有海外業務(當中沒有嚴重通貨膨脹經濟體的貨幣)的業績及財務狀況均按以下方式換算為本公司的呈列貨幣：

- 於各財務狀況表呈列的資產及負債按該財務狀況表日期的收市匯率換算；

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

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4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION (continued)

(c) Foreign currency translation (continued)

(iii) Translation on consolidation (continued)

- Income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates for the period (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the exchange rates on the transaction dates); and
- All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange fluctuation reserve.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of monetary items that form part of the net investment in foreign entities are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange fluctuation reserve. When a foreign operation is sold, such exchange differences are reclassified to consolidated profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(c) 外幣換算(續)

(iii) 綜合賬目的換算(續)

- 收入及開支按該期間的平均匯率換算(除非該平均匯率並非交易日期的現行匯率累計影響的合理約數,在該情況下,收入及開支按交易日期的匯率換算);及
- 所有因此產生的匯兌差額均於其他全面收入內確認,並於外匯波動儲備內累計。

於綜合賬目時,換算構成境外實體投資淨額一部分的貨幣項目產生的匯兌差額均於其他全面收入內確認,並於外匯波動儲備內累計。當出售境外業務時,有關匯兌差額將作為出售收益或虧損的一部分重新分類至綜合損益。

收購境外實體產生的商譽及公平值調整被視為境外實體的資產及負債,並按收市匯率換算。

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4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION (continued)

(d) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost, less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised in profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is calculated at the rates sufficient to write off their cost less their residual values over the estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The principal annual rates are as follows:

Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	10% to 33.33%
Leasehold improvements	Over the shorter of the term of the lease or 25%
Motor vehicles	20% to 25%

The gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset, and is recognised in profit or loss.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(d) 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備於綜合財務狀況表按成本減其後累計折舊及其後累計減值虧損(如有)列賬。

其後成本僅於與該項目有關的未來經濟利益將有可能流入本集團，且該項目的成本能夠可靠計量時，方計入資產賬面值或確認為獨立資產(如適用)。所有其他維修及保養於其產生期間在損益內確認。

折舊以足以撇銷其成本減其剩餘價值的比率於估計可使用年期以直線法計算。主要年率如下：

傢俬、裝置及辦公室設備	10%至33.33%
租賃物業裝修	租賃期內或25%，以較短者為準
汽車	20%至25%

出售物業、廠房及設備收益或虧損為出售所得款項淨額與相關資產賬面值之間的差額，並於損益內確認。

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4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION (continued)

(e) Leases

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to direct the use of the identified asset and to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from that use.

The Group as a lessee

At the lease commencement date, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, except for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. When the Group enters into a lease in respect of a low-value asset, the Group decides whether to capitalise the lease on a lease-by-lease basis. The lease payments associated with those leases which are not capitalised are recognised as an expense on a systematic basis over the lease term.

Where the lease is capitalised, the lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, using a relevant incremental borrowing rate. Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the lease liability. After initial recognition, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost and interest expense is calculated using the effective interest method.

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Group uses a build-up approach that starts with a risk-free interest rate adjusted for credit risk for leases held in the car rental business segment before being discontinued, which does not have recent third-party financing.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(e) 租賃

於合約開始時，本集團會評估該合約是否為或包含租賃。倘合約為換取代價而給予在一段時間內控制已識別資產使用的權利，則該合約為或包含租賃。倘客戶有權指示已識別資產的使用及從該使用中獲得絕大部分經濟利益，則表示擁有控制權。

本集團作為承租人

於租賃開始日期，本集團確認使用權資產及租賃負債，惟租賃期為12個月或以下的短期租賃及低價值資產租賃則除外。當本集團就低價值資產訂立租賃，則本集團決定是否按個別租賃基準將租賃資本化。與該等尚未資本化的租賃有關的租賃付款於租賃期內按系統化基準確認為開支。

倘租賃已資本化，則租賃負債初步於租賃期內按應付租賃付款的現值確認，並使用租賃中隱含的利率進行貼現，或倘該利率無法輕易釐定，則使用相關增量借貸利率。根據可合理確定之延續選擇權而支付之租賃付款亦納入租賃負債之計量中。於初步確認後，租賃負債以攤銷成本計量且利息支出使用實際利率法計算。

為釐定增量借貸利率，本集團在無最近第三方融資的情況下，採用以無風險利率作為起點的累加法，並根據其終止汽車租賃業務分部前所持租賃的信貸風險調整該利率。

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4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION (continued)

(e) Leases (continued)

The Group as a lessee (continued)

The right-of-use asset recognised when a lease is capitalised is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability plus any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, and any initial direct costs incurred. Where applicable, the cost of the right-of-use assets also includes an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, discounted to their present value, less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use asset is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

Refundable rental deposits paid are accounted under HKFRS 9 and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments and included in the cost of right-of-use assets.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(e) 租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

於租賃資本化時確認的使用權資產初步按成本計量，當中包括租賃負債的初步金額加任何於開始日期或之前作出的租賃付款及所產生的任何初步直接成本。在適用的情況下，使用權資產成本亦包括拆卸及移除相關資產或將相關資產或相關資產所在地復原的成本估計，按其現值貼現並扣減任何已收租賃優惠。使用權資產其後按成本減累計折舊及減值虧損列賬。

使用權資產於其估計可使用年期及租賃期兩者中的較短者按直線法計提折舊。

已付可退回租賃按金根據香港財務報告準則第9號入賬及初步按公平值計量。首次確認時對公平值作出的調整被視為額外租賃付款且計入使用權資產成本。

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4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION (continued)

(e) Leases (continued)

The Group as a lessee (continued)

The lease liability is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, or there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or there is a change arising from the reassessment of whether the Group will be reasonably certain to exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The lease liability is also remeasured when there is a change in the scope of a lease or the consideration for a lease that is not originally provided for in the lease contract ("**lease modification**") that is not accounted for as a separate lease. In this case the lease liability is remeasured based on the revised lease payments and lease term using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification.

The Group as a lessor

When the Group acts as a lessor, it determines at lease inception whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of an underlying assets to the lessee. If this is not the case, the lease is classified as an operating lease.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(e) 租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

倘未來租賃付款因指數或利率變動而出現變動，或本集團剩餘價值擔保項下預期應付的金額估計出現變動，或因重新評估本集團是否將合理確定行使購買、延長或終止選擇權而產生變動，則重新計量租賃負債。倘租賃負債以此方式重新計量，則對使用權資產的賬面值作出相應調整，或倘使用權資產的賬面值已調減至零，則於損益內列賬。

當租賃範疇發生變化或租賃合同原先並無規定的租賃代價發生變化(「**租賃修改**」)，且未作為單獨的租賃入賬時，則亦要對租賃負債進行重新計量。在該等情況，租賃負債根據經修訂的租賃付款和租賃期限，使用經修訂的貼現率在修改生效日重新計量。

本集團作為出租人

倘本集團作為出租人，其於租賃開始時釐定各租賃是否為融資租賃或經營租賃。倘將相關資產所有權附帶的絕大部分風險及回報轉移至承租人，租賃分類為融資租賃。倘不屬該情況，則租賃分類為經營租賃。

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4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION (continued)

(f) Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is the fair value at the date of acquisition. The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are tested for impairment annually either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. Such intangible assets are not amortised. The useful life of an intangible asset with an indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life assessment continues to be supportable. If not, the change in the useful life assessment from indefinite to finite is accounted for on a prospective basis.

Vehicle rental business licence and licence plates are accounted for as intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and are not amortised. They are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

(g) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(h) Contract liabilities

A contract liability is recognised when the customer pays consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue. A contract liability would also be recognised if the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue. In such cases, a corresponding receivable would also be recognised.

When the contract includes a significant financing component, the contract balance includes interest accrued under the effective interest method.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(f) 無形資產(商譽除外)

於業務合併中收購無形資產的成本乃於收購日期的公平值。無形資產的可使用年期乃評估為具特定年期或無特定年期。無特定可使用年期的無形資產每年個別或按現金產生單位級別進行減值測試。該等無形資產不予攤銷。無特定年期的無形資產的可使用年期每年進行檢討，以釐定無特定年期的評估是否仍然適當。如不適當，則按預期基準將可使用年期的評估由無特定年期變更為具特定年期而入賬。

汽車租用業務牌照及車牌乃作為無特定可使用年期的無形資產入賬及不予攤銷。該等無形資產按成本減任何減值虧損列賬。

(g) 存貨

存貨按成本及可變現淨值兩者中的較低者入賬。成本按先進先出基準釐定。可變現淨值乃於日常業務過程中的估計售價減作出銷售所需的估計成本。

(h) 合約負債

當客戶在本集團確認相關收入之前支付代價時，則合約負債被確認。倘本集團在本集團確認相關收入之前擁有無條件收取代價的權利，則合約負債亦被確認。於該等情況下，相應的應收款項亦將確認。

倘合約包含重大融資成份，則合約結餘包括根據實際利率法計算的應計利息。

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4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION (continued)

(i) Recognition and derecognition of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when the Group's entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(i) 確認及終止確認金融工具

倘本集團實體成為工具合約條文的訂約方，則金融資產及金融負債於綜合財務狀況表內確認。

金融資產及金融負債初步按公平值計量。收購或發行金融資產及金融負債(按公平值計入損益(「**按公平值計入損益**」))的金融資產及金融負債除外)直接應佔的交易成本於初步確認時加至或扣自金融資產或金融負債的公平值(如適用)。收購按公平值計入損益的金融資產或金融負債直接應佔的交易成本即時於損益內確認。

本集團僅於來自資產的現金流量合約權利屆滿，或於其將金融資產及資產擁有權的絕大部分風險及回報轉移至另一實體時，方會終止確認金融資產。倘本集團並無轉移或保留擁有權的絕大部分風險及回報，且繼續控制已轉讓資產，則本集團就其或須支付的金額確認其於資產及相關負債中的保留權益。倘本集團保留已轉讓金融資產擁有權的絕大部分風險及回報，則本集團繼續確認金融資產並確認已收所得款項的抵押借貸。

於僅於本集團的責任遭解除、註銷或屆滿時，本集團方會終止確認金融負債。已終止確認金融負債的賬面值與已付及應付代價(包括任何已轉讓非現金資產或已承擔負債)之間的差額於損益內確認。

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4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION (continued)

(i) Recognition and derecognition of financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the consolidated statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the company or the counterparty.

(j) Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace. All recognised financial assets are measured subsequently in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

Debt investments

Debt investments held by the Group are classified under: amortised cost, if the investment is held for the collection of contractual cash flows which represent solely payments of principal and interest. Interest income from the investment is calculated using the effective interest method.

Equity investments

An investment in equity securities is classified as FVTPL are recognised in profit or loss as other income.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(i) 確認及終止確認金融工具(續)

倘有法定可強制執行權利抵銷已確認金額，且有意按淨額基準結算或同時變現資產及結算負債，則金融資產及負債互相抵銷，而有關淨額則於綜合財務狀況表內呈報。法定可強制執行權利不得依賴未來事件而定，且必須於正常業務過程中及在公司或對手方違約、無法償債或破產的情況下強制執行。

(j) 金融資產

所有常規買賣的金融資產按交易日基準確認及終止確認。常規買賣指須於市場法規或慣例設定的時間框架內交付資產的金融資產買賣。所有已確認金融資產其後整體按攤銷成本或公平值計量，惟視乎金融資產的分類而定。

債務投資

本集團持有的債務投資分類為：按攤銷成本，倘投資持作收取合約現金流量（僅為本金及利息付款）。投資所得利息收入使用實際利率法計算。

股權投資

於股本證券的投資分類為按公平值計入損益於損益內確認為其他收入。

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4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION (continued)

(k) Trade and other receivables

A receivable is recognised when the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration. A right to receive consideration is unconditional if only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due. If revenue has been recognised before the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration, the amount is presented as a contract asset.

Receivables are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional unless they contain significant financing components, when they are recognised at fair value. The Group holds the receivables with the objective of collecting the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method less allowance for credit losses.

(l) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows. Cash and cash equivalents are assessed for ECL.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(k) 應收賬款及其他應收款項

於本集團擁有無條件權利收取代價時確認應收款項。倘該代價付款到期前僅須待時間推移，則收取代價的權利為無條件。倘於本集團擁有無條件權利收取代價前已確認收益，則該金額呈列為合約資產。

於按公平值確認應收款項時，除非其包含重大融資成份，否則初步會按無條件代價金額確認。本集團持有應收款項旨在收回合約現金流量，因此其後會採用實際利率法按攤銷成本減信貸虧損撥備計量應收款項。

(l) 現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物包括銀行及手頭現金、存放於銀行及其他金融機構的活期存款以及短期及高流動性投資，該等投資隨時可轉換為已知數額的現金，且所涉及的價值變動風險不大，並已於收購後三個月內到期。就綜合現金流量表而言，倘銀行透支須按要求償還且構成本集團現金管理的不可或缺部分，則亦作為現金及現金等價物的組成部分入賬。現金及現金等價物就預期信貸虧損進行評估。

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4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION (continued)

(m) Discontinued operations

A discontinued operation is a component of the Group (i.e. the operations and cash flows of which can be clearly distinguished from the rest of the Group) that either has been disposed of, or is classified as held for sale, and which represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, or is part of a single co-ordinated plan to dispose of a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, or is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale.

Classification as a discontinued operation occurs upon disposal or when the component meets the criteria to be classified as held for sale in accordance with HKFRS 5, if earlier. It also occurs when the component is abandoned.

When an operation is classified as discontinued, a single amount is presented in the statement of profit or loss, which comprises:

- the post-tax profit or loss of the discontinued operation; and
- the post-tax gain or loss recognised on the measurement to fair value less costs to sell, or on the disposal, of the assets or disposal group constituting the discontinued operation.

(n) Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument under HKFRSs. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. The accounting policies adopted for specific financial liabilities and equity instruments are set out below.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(m) 已終止經營業務

已終止經營業務為本集團的一個組成部分(即其經營及現金流量可與本集團其他部分清楚區分)，其已獲出售或分類為持有待售，且代表一項獨立主營業務或經營地區，或就出售獨立主營業務或經營地區而制定的單一協調計劃的一部分，或作為一間專門為轉售而收購的附屬公司。

於出售或根據香港財務報告準則第5號組成部分符合資格獲分類為持有待售時(以較早者為準)，將其分類為已終止經營業務。而當組成部分被拋棄時亦適用上述分類。

當一項業務被分類為已終止時，損益表中會呈列一項單一金額，該金額包括：

- 已終止經營業務的稅後溢利或虧損；及
- 就公平值減出售成本的計量而確認的稅後收益或虧損，或就出售構成已終止經營業務的資產或出售組合而確認的稅後收益或虧損。

(n) 金融負債及股本工具

金融負債及股本工具根據所訂立合約安排的實質內容以及香港財務報告準則項下金融負債及股本工具的定義分類。股本工具為證明經扣除其所有負債後於本集團資產的剩餘權益的任何合約。就特定金融負債及股本工具採納的會計政策載列如下。

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4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION (continued)

(o) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless, at the end of the reporting period, the Group has a right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

Covenants that the Group is required to comply with, on or before the end of the reporting period, are considered in classifying loan arrangements with covenants as current or non-current.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(o) 借貸

借貸初步按公平值扣除產生的交易成本確認，其後採用實際利率法按攤銷成本計量。在貸款有可能部分或全部提取的情況下，就設立貸款融資支付的費用會確認為貸款的交易成本。在此情況下，該費用將遞延至提取貸款發生之時。在並無跡象顯示貸款有可能部分或全部提取的情況下，該費用將撥充資本作為流動資金服務的預付款項，並於其相關融資期間內予以攤銷。

除非本集團於報告期末有權推遲償還債務的時間至報告期後最少12個月，該等借貸獲分類為流動負債。

本集團於報告期末當日或之前須遵守的契諾在分類附有契諾的貸款安排為流動或非流動時獲考慮。

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4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION (continued)

(p) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

(q) Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidence a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

(r) Revenue and other income

Revenue is recognised when control over a product or service is transferred to the customer, at the amount of promised consideration to which the Group is expected to be entitled, excluding those amounts collected on behalf of third parties. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

Revenue from the sale of materials is recognised when control of the goods has transferred, being when the goods have been shipped to the wholesaler's specific location (delivery). Following delivery, the wholesaler has full discretion over the manner of distribution and price to sell the goods, has the primary responsibility when on selling the goods and bears the risks of obsolescence and loss in relation to the goods. A receivable is recognised by the Group when the goods are delivered to the wholesaler as this represents the point in time at which the right to consideration becomes unconditional, as only the passage of time is required before payment is due.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(p) 應付賬款及其他應付款項

應付賬款及其他應付款項初步按公平值確認，其後採用實際利率法按攤銷成本計量，除非貼現影響甚微，若屬此情況則以成本列賬。

(q) 股本工具

股本工具為在扣減實體的所有負債後，展示其資產內剩餘價值的任何合約。本公司發行的股本工具按已收所得款項扣除直接發行成本入賬。

(r) 收益及其他收入

當產品或服務控制權以本集團預計有權獲得的代價金額(不包括代第三方收取的金額)轉移予客戶時，收益予以確認。收益不包括增值稅或其他銷售稅，並已扣除貿易折扣。

銷售物料收益於貨品控制權轉移時確認，即貨品已交付至批發商指定地點(交付)付運後，批發商可全權酌情釐定銷售貨品的分銷方式及價格，並須承擔銷售貨品或貨品報廢及虧損風險的主要責任。本集團於貨品交付至批發商時確認應收款項，此為代價權利成為無條件的時間點，於付款到期前僅需要經過一段時間。

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4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION (continued)

(r) Revenue and other income (continued)

Rental income receivable under operating leases is recognised in profit or loss in equal instalments over the periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the use of the leased asset. Lease incentives granted are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments receivable. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as income in the accounting period in which they are earned.

Interest income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method. For financial assets measured at amortised cost that are not credit-impaired, the effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of the asset. For credit impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is applied to the amortised cost (i.e. gross carrying amount net of loss allowance) of the asset.

(s) Employee benefits

(i) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave and long service leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave and long service leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of the reporting period.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(r) 收益及其他收入(續)

經營租賃應收租金收入在租賃期所涵蓋的期間內均等地於損益中確認；但如有另一種方法更能代表使用租賃資產所得的利益模式則除外。授予的租金優惠應作為總應收租金的一部分損益確認。毋須視乎指數或利率的可變租金在賺取租金的會計期間確認為收入。

利息收入於應計時按實際利率法確認。就按攤銷成本計量且並無信貸減值的金融資產而言，實際利率法用於資產的賬面總額。就信貸減值金融資產而言，實際利率法適用於資產的攤銷成本（即賬面總額減虧損撥備）。

(s) 僱員福利

(i) 僱員休假權利

僱員可享有的年假及長期服務假期於應計予僱員時確認。本公司為僱員於直至報告期末提供的服務而產生的年假及長期服務假期的估計負債作出撥備。

僱員可享有的病假及產假直至放假時才確認。

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4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION (continued)

(s) Employee benefits (continued)

(ii) Pension obligations

The Group contributes to defined contribution retirement schemes which are available to all employees. Contributions to the schemes by the Group and employees are calculated as a percentage of employees' basic salaries. The retirement benefit scheme cost charged to profit or loss represents contributions payable by the Group to the funds.

(iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised at the earlier of the dates when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when the Group recognises restructuring costs and involves the payment of termination benefits.

(t) Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

(u) Government grants

Government grants are recognised when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to it and that the grants will be received.

Government grants that become receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(s) 僱員福利(續)

(ii) 退休金責任

本集團向定額供款退休金計劃供款，所有僱員均可參與。本集團與僱員按僱員基本薪金的百分比向計劃作出供款。計入損益的退休福利計劃成本指本集團向基金應付的供款。

(iii) 離職福利

離職福利於本集團不能再撤銷提供該等福利，及本集團確認重組成本並涉及支付離職福利的日期(以較早者為準)確認。

(t) 借貸成本

所有借貸成本於產生期間在損益中確認。

(u) 政府補貼

政府補貼於合理保證本集團將遵守政府補貼的附帶條件及將會獲取補貼的情況下予以確認。

作為已承擔開支或虧損的補償或向本集團提供即時財務援助而可收取(並無日後相關成本)的政府補貼，乃於其成為可收取的期間於損益內確認。

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4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION (continued)

(v) Taxation

Income tax represents the sum of the current tax and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit recognised in profit or loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary difference to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses or unused tax credits can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit and at the time of transaction does not give rise of equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(v) 稅項

所得稅為即期稅項與遞延稅項的總和。

即期應付稅項乃按年度應課稅溢利計算。應課稅溢利與損益中所確認的溢利不同，因應課稅溢利不包括在其他年度應課稅收入或可扣減開支項目，而且不包括永遠毋須課稅及不可扣稅的項目。本集團的即期稅項負債，應按於報告期末已執行的或實質上已執行的稅率計算。

遞延稅項根據綜合財務報表中資產及負債的賬面值與用作計算應課稅溢利的相應計稅基礎兩者之間的暫時性差異確認。所有應課稅暫時性差異一般均會確認為遞延稅項負債。而只有當能夠獲得可扣稅暫時性差異、未動用稅務虧損或未動用稅項抵免抵扣的應課稅溢利時，才能一般確認計入所有可扣稅暫時性差異的遞延稅項資產。倘暫時性差異產生自商譽或產生自既不影響應課稅溢利也不影響會計溢利的交易中的其他資產及負債（於業務合併者除外）的初步確認，則不會確認該等資產及負債，且於交易時不會產生相等的應課稅及可扣稅暫時性差異。

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4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION (continued)

(v) Taxation (continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

The measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for leasing transactions in which the Group recognises the right-of-use assets and the related lease liabilities, the Group first determines whether the tax deductions are attributable to the right-of-use assets or the lease liabilities.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(v) 稅項(續)

遞延稅項負債乃按於附屬公司及聯營公司的投資而產生的應課稅暫時性差異確認，惟倘本集團可控制暫時性差異撥回並預期該暫時性差異將不會在可見將來撥回者除外。

遞延稅項資產的賬面值乃於各報告期末作出檢討，並在不再可能有足夠應課稅溢利收回全部或部分資產時作出相應調低。

遞延稅項乃按預期於有關負債結算或有關資產變現之期間適用之稅率根據報告期末已制定或大致上制定之稅率計算。遞延稅項於損益中確認，除非遞延稅項與於其他全面收入或直接於權益中確認之項目有關，在此情況下，遞延稅項亦會於其他全面收入或直接於權益中確認。

遞延稅項資產和負債的計量反映按照本集團預期的方式，於報告期末，收回或清償其資產及負債的賬面值的稅務後果。

就計量本集團確認使用權資產及相關租賃負債的租賃交易的遞延稅項而言，本集團首先釐定稅項扣減是否歸因於使用權資產或租賃負債。

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4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION (continued)

(v) Taxation (continued)

For leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group applies HKAS 12 requirements to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities separately. The Group recognises a deferred tax asset related to lease liabilities to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilised and a deferred tax liability for all taxable temporary differences.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

(w) Impairment of non-financial assets

Intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life are reviewed for impairment annually and whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

The carrying amounts of other non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date for indications of impairment and where an asset is impaired, it is written down as an expense through the statement of profit or loss to its estimated recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. If this is the case, recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Recoverable amount is the higher of value in use and the fair value less costs of disposal of the individual asset or the cash-generating unit.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(v) 稅項(續)

就稅項扣減歸因於租賃負債的租賃交易而言，本集團將香港會計準則第12號規定分別應用於使用權資產及租賃負債。本集團於可能有應課稅溢利可用以抵銷可扣減暫時差額時確認與租賃負債有關的遞延稅項資產，並就所有應課稅暫時差額確認遞延稅項負債。

遞延稅項資產及負債於有可合法強制執行權利將即期稅項資產抵銷即期稅項負債、與相同稅務機關徵收之所得稅有關且本集團擬按淨額基準清償其即期稅項資產及負債之情況下予以抵銷。

(w) 非金融資產減值

具無限可使用年期之無形資產每年及於發生事件或情況變化顯示賬面值可能無法收回時進行減值檢討。

於各報告日期就減值的跡象對其他非金融資產賬面值進行檢討，倘資產已減值，則透過損益表列為開支撇減至其估計可收回金額。可收回金額乃就個別資產釐定，除非該資產不會產生大致上獨立於其他資產或資產組別所產生者的現金流入。在此情況下，可收回金額乃根據該資產所屬的現金產生單位釐定。可收回金額為該個別資產或現金產生單位的使用價值與公平值減出售成本的較高者。

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4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION (continued)

(w) Impairment of non-financial assets (continued)

Value in use is the present value of the estimated future cash flows of the asset/cash-generating unit. Present values are computed using pre-tax discount rates that reflect the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset/cash-generating unit whose impairment is being measured.

Impairment losses for cash-generating units are allocated first against the goodwill of the unit and then pro rata amongst the other assets of the cash-generating unit. Subsequent increases in the recoverable amount caused by changes in estimates are credited to profit or loss to the extent that they reverse the impairment.

(x) Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises a loss allowance for ECLs on trade receivables, loan receivables, deposits and other receivables, as well as on financial guarantee contracts. The amount of ECLs is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial instrument.

The Group always recognises lifetime ECLs for trade receivables. The ECLs on these financial assets are estimated using a provision matrix based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date, including time value of money where appropriate.

For all other financial instruments, the Group recognises lifetime ECLs when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. However, if the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(w) 非金融資產減值(續)

使用價值為資產／現金產生單位的估計未來現金流量的現值。現值按反映貨幣時間價值及資產／現金產生單位(計量減值者)之特定風險的稅前貼現率計算。

現金產生單位的減值虧損首先按商譽分配，再按比例分配至現金產生單位的其他資產。可收回金額因估計有變產生之其後增加計入損益，直至撥回減值。

(x) 金融資產減值

本集團就應收賬款、應收貸款、存款及其他應收款項以及財務擔保合約上的預期信貸虧損確認虧損撥備。預期信貸虧損金額於各報告日期更新以反映信貸風險自首次確認相關金融工具以來的變動。

本集團始終就應收賬款確認全期預期信貸虧損。該等金融資產的預期信貸虧損將根據本集團過往信貸虧損經驗採用撥備矩陣進行估計，並按債務人的特定因素、一般經濟狀況以及於報告日期當前及預測狀況的評估(包括貨幣的時間價值(如適用))作出調整。

就所有其他金融工具而言，本集團於信貸風險自首次確認以來出現大幅上升時確認全期預期信貸虧損。然而，倘金融工具之信貸風險自首次確認以來並無大幅上升，本集團按與12個月預期信貸虧損相同的金額計量該金融工具的虧損撥備。

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4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION (continued)

(x) Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Lifetime ECLs represents the ECLs that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECLs represents the portion of lifetime ECLs that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort. Forward-looking information considered includes the future prospects of the industries in which the Group's debtors operate, obtained from economic expert reports, financial analysts, governmental bodies, relevant think-tanks and other similar organisations, as well as consideration of various external sources of actual and forecast economic information that relate to the Group's core operations.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(x) 金融資產減值(續)

全期預期信貸虧損指於該金融工具的預期可使用年內由所有可能違約事件造成的預期信貸虧損。相反，12個月預期信貸虧損指於報告期日期後12個月內可能發生的金融工具違約事件預期會造成的全期預期信貸虧損部分。

信貸風險顯著增加

評估金融工具的信貸風險自首次確認後是否顯著增加時，本集團比較報告日期就金融工具產生的違約風險和於首次確認日期就金融工具產生的違約風險。於作出是次評估時，本集團均會考慮合理及有據的定量及定性資料，包括過往經驗及毋須花費過度成本或努力即可獲得的前瞻性資料。所考慮的前瞻性資料包括獲取自經濟專家報告、金融分析師、政府機構、相關智囊團及其他類似組織的本集團債務人經營所在行業的未來前景，以及本集團核心業務相關的實際及預測經濟資料的各種外部來源。

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4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION (continued)

(x) Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Significant increase in credit risk (continued)

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk for a particular financial instrument;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor;
- significant increases in credit risk on other financial instruments of the same debtor; and
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(x) 金融資產減值(續)

信貸風險顯著增加(續)

具體而言，評估信貸風險自初步確認以來有否顯著增加時會考慮以下資料：

- 金融工具外部(如有)或內部信貸評級的實際或預期顯著轉壞；
- 特定金融工具信貸風險的外部市場指標顯著轉壞；
- 商業、金融或經濟情況目前或預期不利變動，預期將導致債務人償還債務能力顯著下降；
- 債務人經營業績實際或預期顯著轉壞；
- 同一債務人的其他金融工具信貸風險顯著增加；及
- 債務人的監管、經濟或技術環境的實際或預期重大不利變動，導致債務人償還債務能力顯著下降。

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4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION (continued)

(x) Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Significant increase in credit risk (continued)

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

Despite the foregoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date. A financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk if:

- (i) the financial instrument has a low risk of default;
- (ii) the debtor has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term; and
- (iii) adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(x) 金融資產減值(續)

信貸風險顯著增加(續)

不論上述評估結果如何，本集團均假設於合約付款逾期超過30日時，金融資產的信貸風險自初步確認以來已顯著上升，除非本集團有合理及有理據的資料證明並非如此則作別論。

儘管存在上述情況，倘一項金融工具於報告日期被釐定為低信貸風險，則本集團假設該項金融工具之信貸風險自初步確認以來並無顯著增加。於下列情況下，一項金融工具將被釐定為低信貸風險：

- (i) 金融工具違約風險低；
- (ii) 債務人近期具充分能力履行合約現金流量責任；及
- (iii) 長期經濟及業務狀況之不利變動或會(但非必然)降低債務人履行合約現金流量責任的能力。

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4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION (continued)

(x) Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Significant increase in credit risk (continued)

The Group considers a financial asset to have low credit risk when the asset has external credit rating of "investment grade" in accordance with the globally understood definition or if an external rating is not available, the asset has an internal rating of "performing". Performing means that the counterparty has a strong financial position and there is no past due amounts.

For financial guarantee contracts, the date that the Group becomes a party to the irrevocable commitment is considered to be the date of initial recognition for the purposes of assessing the financial instrument for impairment. In assessing whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition of a financial guarantee contracts, the Group considers the changes in the risk that the specified debtor will default on the contract.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(x) 金融資產減值(續)

信貸風險顯著增加(續)

倘資產外部信貸評級為國際通用之「投資評級」或倘外部評級不可用，而資產內部評級為「表現出色」，則本集團認為該金融資產為低信貸風險。表現出色指交易對手財務狀況強勁且並無逾期款項。

就財務擔保合約而言，本集團成為不可撤銷承擔一方的日期被視為就金融工具減值評估進行確認的日期，故於估計信貸風險自財務擔保合約初始確認起是否有顯著上升時，本集團會考慮指定債務人違約風險的變動。

本集團定期監控用以識別信貸風險有否顯著增加的標準的有效性，並修訂標準(如適當)以確保標準能夠於金額逾期前識別信貸風險顯著增加。

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4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION (continued)

(x) Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Definition of default

The Group considers the following as constituting an event of default for internal credit risk management purposes as historical experience indicates that receivables that meet either of the following criteria are generally not recoverable:

- when there is a breach of financial covenants by the counterparty; or
- information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above analysis, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Company has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(x) 金融資產減值(續)

違約定義

本集團認為以下情況就內部信貸風險管理目標而言構成違約事件，此乃由於過往經驗表明符合以下任何一項條件之應收款項一般無法收回：

- 交易對手違反財務契諾；或
- 內部產生或獲取自外部來源之資料顯示，債務人不太可能向債權人(包括本集團)全額還款(不計及本集團持有之任何抵押品)。

不論上文分析，本集團認為當金融資產逾期超過90日時，即屬發生違約，除非本集團有合理及有理據的資料證明較寬鬆的違約標準更為適用則當別論。

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4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION (continued)

(x) Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the counterparty;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- the lender(s) of the counterparty, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the counterparty's financial difficulty, having granted to the counterparty a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;
- it is becoming probable that the counterparty will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(x) 金融資產減值(續)

信貸減值金融資產

當發生對金融資產之估計未來現金流量造成不利影響之一個或多個事件時，即代表金融資產出現信貸減值。金融資產出現信貸減值之證據包括以下可觀察數據：

- 發行人或交易對手出現重大財政困難；
- 違反合約，例如拖欠或逾期支付；
- 交易對手借方就有關交易對手財政困難的經濟或合約原因，向交易對手作出借出方理應不會考慮的讓步；
- 交易對手很有可能破產或進行其他財務重組；或
- 因財政困難而導致金融資產失去活躍市場。

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4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION (continued)

(x) Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, including when the debtor has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or in the case of trade receivables, when the amounts are over two years past due, whichever occurs sooner. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. Any recoveries made are recognised in profit or loss.

Measurement and recognition of ECLs

The measurement of ECLs is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward looking information as described above. As for the exposure at default, for financial assets, this is represented by the assets' gross carrying amount at the reporting date; for financial guarantee contracts, the exposure includes the amount drawn down as at the reporting date, together with any additional amounts expected to be drawn down in the future by default date determined based on historical trend, the Group's understanding of the specific future financing needs of the debtors, and other relevant forward-looking information.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(x) 金融資產減值(續)

撇銷政策

當存在資料顯示債務人陷入重大財政困難，且並無實際收回資產的可能性時(包括債務人已進行清盤或進入破產程序，或就應收賬款而言，金額逾期超過兩年(以較早發生者為準)，本集團將撇銷金融資產。已撇銷金融資產仍可根據本集團收回程序並於適當情況下考慮法律意見後實施強制執行活動。任何收回資產乃於損益中確認。

預期信貸虧損之計量及確認

預期信貸虧損的計量乃違約概率、違約虧損(即違約虧損程度)以及違約風險的函數。違約概率以及違約虧損的評估乃基於歷史數據按上述前瞻性資料所調整。對於違約風險，就財務資產而言，其於資產於報告日期的賬面總值中反映；就財務擔保合約而言，風險包括於報告日期已提取的金額，連同任何預計將於未來違約日期(根據歷史趨勢、本集團對債務人的個別未來融資需求的理解，以及其他相關前瞻性資料釐定)前提取的額外金額。

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4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION (continued)

(x) Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Measurement and recognition of ECLs (continued)

For financial assets, the ECLs is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

For a financial guarantee contract, as the Group is required to make payments only in the event of a default by the debtor in accordance with the terms of the instrument that is guaranteed, the expected loss allowance is the expected payments to reimburse the holder for a credit loss that it incurs less any amounts that the Group expects to receive from the holder, the debtor or any other party.

If the Group has measured the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs in the previous reporting period, but determines at the current reporting date that the conditions for lifetime ECLs are no longer met, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs at the current reporting date, except for assets for which simplified approach was used.

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(x) 金融資產減值(續)

預期信貸虧損之計量及確認(續)

就金融資產而言，預期信貸虧損乃根據合約應付本集團之所有合約現金流量與本集團預期收取之所有現金流量之間的差額(按初始實際利率貼現)所估計。

就財務擔保合約而言，由於本集團根據所擔保工具的條款僅須於債務人違約時作出付款，故有關的預期虧損撥備相當於償還持有人所產生信貸虧損的預期付款，減本集團預期自持有人、債務人或任何其他方收取的任何金額。

倘本集團已於過往報告期間以相等於全期預期信貸虧損金額計量一項金融工具的虧損撥備，惟於當前報告日期釐定其不再符合全期預期信貸虧損的條件，則本集團於當前報告日期以相等於12個月預期信貸虧損金額計量虧損撥備，使用簡化法計量之資產者除外。

本集團於損益中確認所有金融工具之減值收益或虧損，並透過減值撥備相應調整所有金融工具之賬面值。

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4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION (continued)

(y) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow is remote.

(z) Events after the reporting period

Events after the reporting period that provide additional information about the Group's position at the end of the reporting period are adjusting events and are reflected in the consolidated financial statements. Events after the reporting period that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements when material.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(y) 撥備及或然負債

倘本集團因過往事件負上現有法律或推定責任而可能需要以經濟溢利流出履行責任，於能對有關金額作出可靠估計時，便會就未有確定時間或金額的負債確認撥備。

倘需要流出經濟溢利的可能性不大，或未能可靠估計有關金額，則除非流出經濟溢利的可能性極微，否則有關責任承擔將列作或然負債披露。須視乎一宗或多宗未來事件是否發生才能確定存在與否的潛在責任，除非流出經濟溢利的可能性極微，否則亦會披露為或然負債。

(z) 報告期後事項

為本集團於報告期末之業務狀況提供額外資料的報告期後事項為調整事項，並反映於綜合財務報表。並非調整事項的報告期後事項，倘屬重大，則於綜合財務報表附註內披露。

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5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES

In applying the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 4 to the consolidated financial statements, the directors are required to make judgements (other than those involving estimations) that have a significant impact on the amounts recognised and to make estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

5. 關鍵判斷及主要估計

應用綜合財務報表附註4所述本集團之會計政策時，董事須作出對所確認金額有重大影響之判斷（涉及估計者除外）及作出有關無法即時自其他來源獲得之資產及負債賬面值之估計及假設。有關估計及假設乃基於過往經驗及被視為相關之其他因素。實際結果可能有別於該等估計。

估計及相關假設會持續檢討。倘對會計估計之修訂僅影響修訂有關估計之期間，則於該期間確認；或倘該修訂影響本期間及未來期間，則於修訂及未來期間確認。

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綜合財務報表附註

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5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES (continued)

(a) Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

In the process of applying the accounting policies, the directors have made the following judgements that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements (apart from those involving estimations, which are dealt with below).

(i) *Going concern basis*

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, the validity of which depends upon the successful outcomes of the Group's plans and measures to improve operating cash flows, to complete the Rights Issue after the date of this annual report and to obtain the financial support of the ultimate controlling party. Details are explained in note 2 to the consolidated financial statements.

(ii) *Significant increase in credit risk*

As explained in note 4(x) to the consolidated financial statements, ECLs under general approach are measured as an allowance equal to 12-month ECLs for stage 1 assets, or lifetime ECLs for stage 2 or stage 3 assets. An asset moves to stage 2 when its credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. HKFRS 9 does not define what constitutes a significant increase in credit risk. In assessing whether the credit risk of an asset has significantly increased the Group takes into account qualitative and quantitative reasonable and supportable forward-looking information.

5. 關鍵判斷及主要估計(續)

(a) 應用會計政策的關鍵判斷

應用會計政策的過程中，董事已作出下列對於綜合財務報表確認的金額造成最重大影響的判斷(惟涉及估計者除外，涉及估計者按下文所述者處理)。

(i) *持續經營基準*

該等綜合財務報表按持續經營基準編製，其有效性取決於本集團改善營運現金流量、於本年報日期後完成供股以及獲取最終控制方的財務支持的計劃及措施的成果。詳情於綜合財務報表附註2闡述。

(ii) *信貸風險大幅增加*

誠如綜合財務報表附註4(x)所闡述，一般方法下預期信貸虧損就第一階段資產按等於12個月預期信貸虧損的撥備計量，就第二階段或第三階段資產按全期預期信貸虧損的撥備計量。如一項資產自初步確認後其信貸風險顯著增加，則其轉移至第二階段。香港財務報告準則第9號並沒有對信貸風險顯著增加的構成要素進行定義。評估一項資產的信貸風險是否顯著增加時，本集團將會考慮合理可依的定量及定性前瞻性資料。

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5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES (continued)

(b) Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

(i) *Income taxes*

The Company is subject to income taxes in several jurisdictions. Significant estimates are required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

During the year, income tax expense of approximately HK\$3,553,000 (2023: approximately HK\$4,844,000 (restated)) was charged to profit or loss based on the estimated profit from the Group's continuing operations.

As at 31 December 2024, the income tax payables amounted to approximately HK\$989,000 (2023: approximately HK\$1,831,000).

5. 關鍵判斷及主要估計(續)

(b) 估計不確定性的主要來源

於報告期末，有關日後主要假設及其他估計不確定性之主要來源闡述如下，此等假設及不確定性存在導致資產及負債賬面值於下一財政年度內出現重大調整之重大風險。

(i) *所得稅*

本公司須於若干司法權區繳納所得稅。在釐定所得稅之撥備時，本公司須作出重大估計。於日常業務過程中，多項交易及計算均難以明確作出最終稅務釐定。倘該等事宜之最終稅務結果與最初記錄金額不同，該等差額將對涉及作出該等釐定期內所得稅及遞延稅項撥備構成影響。

年內，所得稅開支約3,553,000港元(二零二三年：約4,844,000港元(經重列))已根據本集團估計持續經營溢利自損益中扣除。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日，應付所得稅約為989,000港元(二零二三年：約1,831,000港元)。

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5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES (continued)

(b) Key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

(ii) *Impairment of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets*

Property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets are stated at costs less accumulated depreciation/amortisation and impairment, if any. In determining whether an asset is impaired, the Group has to exercise judgement and make estimation, particularly in assessing: (i) whether an event has occurred or any indicators that may affect the asset value; (ii) whether the carrying value of an asset can be supported by the recoverable amount, in the case of value in use, the net present value of future cash flows which are estimated based upon the continued use of the asset; and (iii) the appropriate key assumptions to be applied in estimating the recoverable amounts including cash flow projections and an appropriate discount rate. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the assets belongs. Changing the assumptions and estimates, including the discount rates or the growth rate in the cash flow projections, could materially affect the net present value used in the impairment test.

5. 關鍵判斷及主要估計(續)

(b) 估計不確定性的主要來源(續)

(ii) *物業、廠房及設備、使用權資產及無形資產減值*

物業、廠房及設備、使用權資產及無形資產按成本減累計折舊／攤銷及減值(如有)列賬。於釐定資產是否減值時，本集團須進行判斷及估計，尤其評估：(i)是否有事件已發生或有任何指標可能影響資產淨值；(ii)資產賬面值是否能夠以可收回金額支持，如為使用價值，即按照持續使用資產估計的未來現金流量的淨現值；及(iii)將應用於估計可收回金額的適當關鍵假設(包括現金流量預測及適當的貼現率)。當無法估計個別資產的可收回金額時，本集團估計資產所屬現金產生單位的可收回金額。更改假設及估計，包括於現金流量預測內的貼現率或增長率，均可能嚴重影響減值測試所採用淨現值。

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5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES (continued)

(b) Key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

(ii) Impairment of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets (continued)

As at 31 December 2024, the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets were as follows:

- property, plant and equipment: approximately HK\$73,000 (2023: approximately HK\$9,683,000) with no impairment for both years;
- right-of-use assets: approximately HK\$8,482,000 (2023: approximately HK\$13,320,000) after deducting an impairment of HK\$Nil (2023: approximately HK\$53,000); and
- intangible assets: HK\$Nil (2023: approximately HK\$9,207,000) after deducting an impairment of HK\$Nil (2023: approximately HK\$12,694,000).

5. 關鍵判斷及主要估計(續)

(b) 估計不確定性的主要來源(續)

(ii) 物業、廠房及設備、使用權資產及無形資產減值(續)

於二零二四年十二月三十一日，物業、廠房及設備、使用權資產及無形資產的賬面值如下：

- 物業、廠房及設備：約73,000港元(二零二三年：約9,683,000港元)(於兩個年度均無減值)；
- 使用權資產：約8,482,000港元(二零二三年：約13,320,000港元)(經扣除減值零港元(二零二三年：約53,000港元)後)；及
- 無形資產：零港元(二零二三年：約9,207,000港元)(經扣除減值零港元(二零二三年：約12,694,000港元)後)。

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5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES (continued)

(b) Key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

(iii) Impairment of trade receivables, deposits and other receivables

The management of the Group estimates the amount of impairment loss for ECLs on trade receivables, deposits and other receivables based on the credit risk of trade receivables, deposits and other receivables. The amount of the impairment loss based on ECLs model is measured as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition. Where the future cash flows are less than expected, or being revised downward due to changes in facts and circumstances, a material impairment loss may arise.

As at 31 December 2024, the carrying amount of trade receivables was approximately HK\$1,653,000 (after deduction of accumulated allowance for ECL of approximately HK\$4,890,000 (2023: approximately HK\$5,357,000 (after deduction of accumulated allowance for ECL of approximately HK\$2,532,000)); and the carrying amount of deposits and other receivables was approximately HK\$32,413,000 (after deducting accumulated allowance for ECL of approximately HK\$1,447,000) (2023: approximately HK\$60,085,000 (after deducting accumulated allowance for ECL of approximately HK\$1,816,000)).

5. 關鍵判斷及主要估計(續)

(b) 估計不確定性的主要來源(續)

(iii) 應收賬款、按金及其他應收款項減值

本集團管理層根據應收賬款、按金及其他應收款項之信貸風險估計應收賬款、按金及其他應收款項預期信貸虧損之減值虧損金額。根據預期信貸虧損模式計算的減值虧損金額按照本集團根據合約應付的所有合約現金流量與本集團預期收到的所有現金流量之間的差額計算，並按於初步確認時釐定的實際利率貼現。倘未來現金流量低於預期，或因事實及情況變化而下調，則可產生重大減值虧損。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日，應收賬款賬面值約為1,653,000港元(扣除累計預期信貸虧損撥備約4,890,000港元)(二零二三年：約5,357,000港元(扣除累計預期信貸虧損撥備約2,532,000港元))；及按金及其他應收款項賬面值為約32,413,000港元(扣除累計預期信貸虧損撥備約1,447,000港元)(二零二三年：約60,085,000港元(扣除累計預期信貸虧損撥備約1,816,000港元))。

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6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: foreign currency risk, credit risk, interest rate risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

(a) Foreign currency risk

The Group has certain exposure to foreign currency risk as some of its transactions, assets and liabilities are denominated in the currencies other than the functional currency of the Group's entities such as HK\$, United States dollars ("US\$") and Renminbi ("RMB").

The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy in respect of foreign currency transactions, assets and liabilities. The Group monitors its foreign currency exposure closely and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

The directors of the Group are of the opinion that the US\$ is pegged against HK\$ and the risk of movements in exchange rates between US\$ and HK\$ to be insignificant. Accordingly, no sensitivity analysis is performed on the movements in exchange rates between US\$ and HK\$.

For the Group's PRC subsidiaries, the functional currency being RMB, if USD had strengthened/weakened 5% against RMB with all other variables held constant, the profit (2023: profit) for the year ended 31 December 2024 would have been HK\$Nil (2023: approximately HK\$420,000) higher/lower (2023: higher/lower), as a result of net foreign exchange gain/loss on translation of net monetary assets denominated in USD.

6. 財務風險管理

本集團業務使其面對各種財務風險：外匯風險、信貸風險、利率風險及流動資金風險。本集團整體風險管理計劃聚焦於金融市場的不可預測性，尋求盡量減低對本集團財務表現的潛在不利影響。

(a) 外匯風險

本集團承受若干外幣風險，乃由於其若干交易、資產及負債均以本集團實體的功能貨幣以外的貨幣計價，例如港元、美元（「美元」）和人民幣（「人民幣」）。

本集團目前並未就外幣交易、資產及負債制訂外幣對沖政策。本集團會密切監視其外幣風險，並將於有需要時考慮對沖重大外幣風險。

本集團董事認為美元與港元掛鈎，美元與港元匯率變動風險甚微。因此，並無就美元與港元匯率變動進行敏感度分析。

就本集團以人民幣為功能貨幣的中國附屬公司而言，倘美元兌換人民幣升值／貶值5%，而所有其他可變因素維持不變，截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度的溢利（二零二三年：溢利）將增加／減少（二零二三年：增加／減少）零港元（二零二三年：約420,000港元），主要由於以美元計值的貨幣資產淨額匯兌收益／虧損而產生。

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6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument, leading to a financial loss. The Group is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and other financial institution, foreign exchange transactions and other financial instruments. The Group's exposure to credit risk arising from bank balances is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit-rating assigned by international credit-rating agencies, for which the Group considers to have low credit risk.

(i) Trade receivables

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Group has no significant concentration of credit risk in certain individual customers. The Group seeks to minimise its risk by dealing with counterparties which have good credit history.

6. 財務風險管理(續)

(b) 信貸風險

信貸風險指交易對手未能履行其於金融工具項下的責任而導致本集團財務損失的風險。本集團的信貸風險源自經營活動(主要為應收賬款)及源自金融活動,包括銀行及其他金融機構存款、外匯交易及其他金融工具。本集團所面對銀行結餘產生之信貸風險有限,原因是交易對手獲國際信貸評級機構評定高信貸評級的銀行,本集團對此認為信貸風險為低。

(i) 應收賬款

於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團並無於若干個別客戶存在重大集中信貸風險。本集團尋求透過於信貸記錄良好的對手方交易,以減低風險。

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6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

(i) Trade receivables (continued)

Customer credit risk is managed by each business unit subject to the Group's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Individual credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount. These evaluations focus on the customer's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates. Trade receivables are due within 0 to 90 days from the date of billing or could be longer under certain circumstances. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from customers.

The Group measures loss allowances for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, which is calculated using a provision matrix. As the Group's historical credit loss experience does not indicate significantly different loss patterns for different customer segments, the loss allowance based on past due status is not further distinguished between the Group's different customer bases.

6. 財務風險管理(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(i) 應收賬款(續)

客戶信貸風險由各業務單位管理，受限於本集團訂立的客戶信貸風險管理政策、程序及控制。對於所有要求若干信貸金額之客戶均會進行個別信貸評估。此等評估主要針對客戶以往到期時之還款紀錄及現時付款能力，並考慮客戶個別資料及有關客戶經營所在經濟環境之資料。應收賬款自發出賬單當日計起0至90日內到期或在有關情況下可能更長。一般情況下，本集團不會要求客戶提交任何抵押品。

本集團按相等於全期預期信貸虧損之金額計量應收賬款虧損撥備，有關金額乃使用撥備矩陣計算得出。由於根據本集團的過往信貸虧損經驗，不同客戶分類並未顯示出虧損模式的重大差異，故此基於逾期狀態的虧損撥備不會於本集團不同客戶群之間進一步區分。

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6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

(i) Trade receivables (continued)

The following table provides information about the Group's exposure to credit risk and ECLs for trade receivables as at 31 December 2024 and 2023:

		2024 二零二四年		
		Expected loss rate 預期虧損比率 %	Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 HK\$'000 千港元	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 HK\$'000 千港元
Not yet due	尚未逾期	N/A不適用	–	–
Within 90 days past due	逾期90天內	2.65%	1,698	45
Over 90 days and within 180 days past due	逾期90天至 180天內	N/A不適用	–	–
Over 180 days and within 1 year past due	逾期180天至 1年內	N/A不適用	–	–
Over 1 year	1年以上	100%	4,845	4,845
			6,543	4,890
		2023 二零二三年		
		Expected loss rate 預期虧損比率 %	Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 HK\$'000 千港元	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 HK\$'000 千港元
Not yet due	尚未逾期	–*	2,847	10
Within 90 days past due	逾期90天內	29%	1,230	362
Over 90 days and within 180 days past due	逾期90天至 180天內	50%	3,326	1,674
Over 180 days and within 1 year past due	逾期180天至 1年內	N/A不適用	–	–
Over 1 year	1年以上	100%	486	486
			7,889	2,532

* Represents less than 1%

* 指低於1%

6. 財務風險管理(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(i) 應收賬款(續)

下表載列本集團於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日的信貸風險敞口及應收賬款預期信貸虧損相關資料：

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6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

(i) Trade receivables (continued)

Expected loss rates are based on actual loss experience. These rates are adjusted to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historic data has been collected, current conditions and the Group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the trade receivables.

(ii) Deposits and other receivables

For deposits and other receivables with gross carrying amount of approximately HK\$33,860,000 (2023: approximately 61,901,000), the expected loss rates are estimated based on historical settlement records, the likelihood of recovery, quantitative information that is reasonable, historical observed default rates over the expected life of the debtors and are adjusted for forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort. Such forward-looking information is used by management of the Group to assess both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date. The grouping is regularly reviewed by the management of the Group to ensure relevant information about specific debtors is updated. In determining the ECLs of the Group's deposits and other receivables, the management assessed the expected losses individually by estimation based on historical credit loss experience, general economic conditions of the relevant industry in which the debtors operate and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date. Based on the result of the foregoing, reversal of impairment loss of approximately HK\$308,000 (2023: provision for impairment loss of approximately HK\$755,000) was recognised during the year ended 31 December 2024 on the remaining balance of deposits and miscellaneous receivables.

6. 財務風險管理(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(i) 應收賬款(續)

預期虧損比率基於實際虧損經驗。有關比率經調整，反映收集過往數據期間經濟狀況、目前狀況及本集團對應收賬款預計年期經濟狀況的看法的差異。

(ii) 按金及其他應收款項

就按金及其他應收款項的賬面總值約33,860,000港元(二零二三年：約61,901,000港元)而言，預期虧損率乃基於債務人的歷史償還記錄、收回的可能性、合理的定量資料及於估計年期的過往觀察違約率估計，並按毋須花費過度成本或努力即可獲得的前瞻性資料作出調整。本集團管理層將有關前瞻性資料用於評估於報告日期的現狀及狀況預測方向。本集團管理層定期審閱該分項，以確保更新特定債務人的相關資料。於釐定本集團按金及其他應收款項的預期信貸虧損時，管理層透過基於過往信貸虧損經驗、債務人經營所在相關行業的整體經濟狀況及於報告日期對現狀及預測狀況方向的評估之估計，單獨評估預期虧損。基於前述結果，於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度就按金及應收雜項餘下款項確認減值虧損撥回約308,000港元(二零二三年：減值虧損撥備約755,000港元)。

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6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

(ii) Deposits and other receivables (continued)

The following table provides information about the Group's exposure to credit risk and ECLs for deposits and other receivables which has significant increase in the credit risk:

Internal credit rating	內部信貸評級	2024 二零二四年		
		Expected loss rate 預期虧損比率 %	Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 HK\$'000 千港元	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 HK\$'000 千港元
Stage 1	第一階段	4.27	33,860	1,447
Stage 2	第二階段	N/A不適用	—	—
Stage 3	第三階段	N/A不適用	—	—
			33,860	1,447

Internal credit rating	內部信貸評級	2023 二零二三年		
		Expected loss rate 預期虧損比率 %	Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 HK\$'000 千港元	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 HK\$'000 千港元
Stage 1	第一階段	2.93	61,901	1,816
Stage 2	第二階段	N/A不適用	—	—
Stage 3	第三階段	N/A不適用	—	—
			61,901	1,816

6. 財務風險管理(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(ii) 按金及其他應收款項(續)

下表載列本集團信貸風險敞口及信貸風險大幅增加的按金及其他應收款項的預期信貸虧損相關資料：

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6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

Movement in the allowance for trade receivables, loan receivables, deposits, other receivables and financial guarantee measured at amortised cost:

		Loan receivables 應收貸款 General approach 一般方法	Trade receivables 應收賬款 Simplified approach 簡化法	Deposits and other receivables 按金及其他應收款項 General approach 一般方法	Financial guarantee 財務擔保 General approach 一般方法		
		Lifetime ECLs-Credit impaired 全期預期信貸虧損 信貨虧損 信貨減值 HK\$'000 千港元	Lifetime ECLs 全期預期信貸虧損 信貨虧損 信貨減值 HK\$'000 千港元	12-month ECLs 12個月預期信貸虧損 信貨虧損 信貨減值 HK\$'000 千港元	Lifetime ECLs-Credit impaired 全期預期信貸虧損 信貨虧損 信貨減值 HK\$'000 千港元	Lifetime ECL 全期預期信貸虧損 信貨虧損 信貨減值 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
1 January 2023	二零二三年一月一日	15,629	833,772	9,044	116,019	36,000	1,010,464
Provision for ECLs from continuing operations	來自持續經營業務的預期信貸虧損撥備	-	1,019	1,524	-	-	2,543
Provision for/(reversal of) ECLs from discontinued operations	來自已終止經營業務的預期信貸虧損撥備/(回撥)	-	494	(769)	-	-	(275)
Deconsolidation of Excluded Companies	取消合併除外公司	(15,629)	(827,831)	(4,369)	-	(36,000)	(883,829)
Written-off	撇銷	-	(4,807)	(3,614)	(116,019)	-	(124,440)
Exchange difference	匯兌差額	-	(115)	-	-	-	(115)
At 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024	於二零二三年十二月三十一日及二零二四年一月一日	-	2,532	1,816	-	-	4,348
Provision for/(reversal of) ECLs from continuing operations	來自持續經營業務的預期信貸虧損撥備/(回撥)	-	3,792	(308)	-	-	3,484
Reversal of ECLs from discontinued operations	來自已終止經營業務的預期信貸虧損回撥	-	(1,084)	-	-	-	(1,084)
Disposal of the Disposal Group	出售該出售集團	-	(350)	(61)	-	-	(411)
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	-	4,890	1,447	-	-	6,337

6. 財務風險管理(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

按攤銷成本計量之應收賬款、應收貸款、按金、其他應收款項及財務擔保之撥備變動：

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綜合財務報表附註

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6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

Maximum exposure and year-end staging

The table below shows the credit quality and the maximum exposure based on the Group's credit policy, which is mainly based on past due information unless other information is available without undue cost or effort, and year-end staging classification as at 31 December.

The amounts presented are gross carrying amounts for financial asset and the exposure to credit risk for the financial guarantee.

Maximum exposure as at 31 December 2024

		12-month ECLs 12個月預期 信貸虧損	Lifetime ECLs 全期預期信貸虧損			
		Stage 1 第一階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Stage 2 第二階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Stage 3 第三階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Simplified approach 簡化法 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade receivables*	應收賬款*	-	-	-	6,543	6,543
Deposits	按金	4,818	-	-	-	4,818
Other receivables	其他應收款項	29,042	-	-	-	29,042
		33,860	-	-	6,543	40,403

6. 財務風險管理(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

最大風險及年末階段

下表顯示基於本集團信貸政策的信貸質素及最大風險(主要基於逾期資料，除非其他資料可於毋須付出過分成本或努力的情況下獲得)以及於十二月三十一日的年末階段分類情況。

所呈列的金額為金融資產總賬面值及財務擔保的信貸風險。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日的最大風險

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6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

Maximum exposure and year-end staging (continued)

Maximum exposure as at 31 December 2023

6. 財務風險管理(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

最大風險及年末階段(續)

於二零二三年十二月三十一日的最大風險

		12-month ECLs 12個月預期 信貸虧損	Lifetime ECLs 全期預期信貸虧損			
		Stage 1 第一階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Stage 2 第二階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Stage 3 第三階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Simplified approach 簡化法 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade receivables*	應收賬款*	–	–	–	7,889	7,889
Deposits	按金	5,604	–	–	–	5,604
Other receivables	其他應收款項	56,297	–	–	–	56,297
		61,901	–	–	7,889	69,790

* For trade receivables to which the Group applies the simplified approach for impairment, information on the expected credit losses is disclosed in note 6 (b)(i) and note 24 to the consolidated financial statements. There is no significant concentration of credit risk.

* 對於本集團就減值應用簡化法的應收賬款，資料乃基於綜合財務報表附註6(b)(i)及附註24中披露的預期信貸虧損。不存在重大集中信貸風險。

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6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(c) Interest rate risk

The Group has interest-bearing assets and liabilities in relation to bank balances, other payables, bank and other borrowings and lease liabilities, details of which are disclosed in notes 26, 28, 29 and 30, to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

The Group's bank and other borrowings, lease liabilities and other payables bear interest at fixed rates and therefore are subject to fair value interest rate risks.

The Group's exposure to cash flow interest-rate risk mainly arises from the fluctuation of interest rate on bank balances. These bank balances bear interests at variable rates that varied with the then prevailing market condition.

Except as stated above, the Group does not have other significant interest-bearing assets and liabilities at the end of reporting period, its income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates.

Sensitivity analysis on cash flow interest-rate risk has not been presented as the reasonably possible changes in market interest rate will not have significant impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

6. 財務風險管理(續)

(c) 利率風險

本集團的計息資產及負債與銀行結餘、其他應付款項、銀行及其他借貸及租賃負債有關，其詳情分別披露於綜合財務報表附註26、28、29及30。

本集團的銀行及其他借貸、租賃負債及其他應付款項按固定利率計息，因此面對公平值利率風險。

本集團現金流量利率風險主要產生自銀行結餘利率波動。銀行結餘按浮動利率計息，隨當時市況浮動。

除上文所述者外，於報告期末，本集團並無其他重大計息資產及負債，其收入及經營現金流量很大程度獨立於市場利率變動。

由於市場利率合理可能變動將不會對本集團綜合財務報表造成重大影響，故並無呈列現金流量利率風險敏感度分析。

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6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(d) Liquidity risk

Individual operating entities within the Group are responsible for their own cash management, including the raising of loans to cover expected cash demands, subject to approval by the directors of the Company when the borrowing exceed certain predetermined level of authority.

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Disposal Group (as defined in note 7 to the consolidated financial statements) breached certain covenant clauses in borrowings agreements resulting in the Group's default on repayment of bank and other borrowings. As a result, as at 31 December 2023, bank and other borrowings of approximately HK\$13,702,000 become repayable on demand by the lenders. These borrowings were classified as current liabilities as at 31 December 2023. During the year ended 31 December 2024, such borrowings were fully settled and/or deconsolidated as a result of the disposal of the Disposal Group.

6. 財務風險管理(續)

(d) 流動資金風險

本集團內獨立經營的實體須負責彼等自身的現金管理，包括籌措貸款以應付預期現金需求，但當借款超過若干預定的授權水平時，須經本公司董事批准。

本集團政策為定期監察目前及預期流動資金需要，確保維持足夠現金儲備，滿足短期及長期流動資金需要。

於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度，該出售集團(定義見綜合財務報表附註7)違反借貸協議的若干契諾條款，導致本集團在償還銀行及其他借貸方面出現違約。因此，於二零二三年十二月三十一日，銀行及其他借貸約為13,702,000港元須按貸款人要求時償還。該等借貸於二零二三年十二月三十一日分類為流動負債。截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度，該等借貸已獲悉數償還及／或因出售該出售集團而終止入賬。

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024
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6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(d) Liquidity risk (continued)

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the maturity analyses based on contractual undiscounted cash flows of the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities are as follows:

		On demand or less than 1 year 按要求或 少於1年 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 1 and 2 years 1至2年 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 2 and 5 years 2至5年 HK\$'000 千港元	Total undiscounted cash flow 未貼現 現金流量總額 HK\$'000 千港元	Carrying value 賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年 十二月三十一日					
Trade payables	應付賬款	2,763	–	–	2,763	2,763
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及 應計費用	14,888	–	–	14,888	14,888
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	5,358	4,187	–	9,545	8,825
		23,009	4,187	–	27,196	26,476
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年 十二月三十一日					
Trade payables	應付賬款	2,960	–	–	2,960	2,960
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及 應計費用	136,721	–	–	136,721	136,721
Bank and other borrowings (note)	銀行及其他借貸 (附註)	14,141	–	–	14,141	14,120
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	5,521	5,439	4,187	15,147	13,501
		159,343	5,439	4,187	168,969	167,302

6. 財務風險管理(續)

(d) 流動資金風險(續)

於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日，基於本集團非衍生金融負債合約未貼現現金流量的到期分析如下：

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024
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6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(d) Liquidity risk (continued)

Note:

Included in the above bank and other borrowings of the Group was a term loan with a carrying amount of approximately HK\$13,702,000 as at 31 December 2023, which contained a repayment on demand clause giving the lender the right to call in the loan at any time. Accordingly, for the purpose of the above maturity profile, the contractual undiscounted payments of such loan of the Group in the amount of approximately HK\$13,702,000 were classified as “on demand” as at 31 December 2023.

The bank and other borrowings with a repayment on demand clause based on agreed scheduled repayments were classified as “on demand or less than 1 year”.

(e) Categories of financial instruments at 31 December

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets:	金融資產：		
Financial assets at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量的金融資產	34,772	68,964
Financial liabilities:	金融負債：		
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量的金融負債	16,808	88,009

(f) Fair values

Except as disclosed in notes to the consolidated financial statements, the carrying amounts of the Group’s financial assets and financial liabilities as reflected in the consolidated statement of financial position approximate their respective fair values.

6. 財務風險管理(續)

(d) 流動資金風險(續)

附註：

於二零二三年十二月三十一日，計入上述本集團銀行及其他借貸，為賬面值13,702,000港元的定期貸款，定期貸款包含按要求償還條款，給予借款人隨時收回貸款的權利。因此，就上述到期情況而言，本集團有關貸款合約未貼現付款約13,702,000港元於二零二三年十二月三十一日分類為「按要求」。

根據協定計劃還款的按要求償還銀行及其他借貸已分類為「按要求或少於1年」。

(e) 於十二月三十一日的金融工具類別

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets:	金融資產：		
Financial assets at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量的金融資產	34,772	68,964
Financial liabilities:	金融負債：		
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量的金融負債	16,808	88,009

(f) 公平值

除綜合財務報表所披露的附註外，於綜合財務狀況表反映的本集團金融資產及金融負債賬面值與各自公平值相約。

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024
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7. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group has three operating segments as follows:

1. Wood-related business segment – primarily engages in the processing and distribution of furniture wood, and the manufacturing and sales of antique-style wood furniture and other wooden products;
2. Financing services and investments segment – primarily engages in money lending business through the provision of loans and financial investment holding; and
3. Food and beverage segment – primarily engages in functional food and beverage business in the PRC.

The car rental business in the PRC had been one of the core businesses of the Group since 2014. Pursuant to the sale and purchase agreement dated 28 October 2024 entered into between Easy Top Ace Limited (頂王有限公司), a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, as vendor, and Wanyi Asia Limited (萬益亞洲有限公司), an independent third party not connected with the Company or its connected persons (as defined under the Listing Rules), as purchaser, the Group disposed of Gigantic Wisdom Limited (鴻智有限公司) and its subsidiaries (the “**Disposal Group**”), which conducted all of the Group’s car rental business, at a consideration of HK\$50,000. For details, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 28 October 2024 and 31 October 2024.

Following the aforesaid disposal, the car rental business segment of the Group has been accounted for as discontinued operations in these consolidated financial statements.

7. 分部資料

本集團擁有三項經營分部，如下：

1. 木材相關業務分部－主要從事傢俬用木材加工及分銷、製造及銷售仿古木傢俬及其他木材產品；
2. 融資服務及投資分部－主要通過提供貸款從事放債業務及金融投資控股；及
3. 食品及飲料分部－主要於中國從事功能食品及飲料業務。

自二零一四年起，中國汽車租賃業務曾一直為本集團核心業務之一。根據本公司的直接全資附屬公司頂王有限公司（作為賣方）及與本公司或其關連人士（定義見上市規則）並無關連的獨立第三方萬益亞洲有限公司（作為買方）訂立日期為二零二四年十月二十八日之買賣協議，本集團出售鴻智有限公司及其附屬公司（「**該出售集團**」），其從事本集團所有汽車租賃業務，代價為50,000港元。有關詳情請參閱本公司日期為二零二四年十月二十八日及二零二四年十月三十一日的公告。

前述出售之後，本集團汽車租賃業務分部已於該等綜合財務報表內按已終止經營業務計提。

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7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Management monitors the results of the Group's operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resources allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on reportable segment results, which exclude unallocated interest income, unallocated other income and gains, unallocated depreciation, unallocated finance costs, gain on the Scheme as well as corporate and other unallocated expenses.

Segment assets exclude other unallocated head office and corporate assets as these assets are managed on a group basis.

Segment liabilities exclude bank and other borrowings, tax payables and other unallocated head office and corporate liabilities as these liabilities are managed on a group basis.

7. 分部資料(續)

為作出資源分配決策及評估表現，管理層個別監察本集團經營分部的業績。分部表現乃按須予申報分部業績進行評估，惟不包括未分配利息收入、未分配其他收入及收益、未分配折舊、未分配融資成本、計劃收益以及企業及其他未分配開支。

分部資產不包括若干按公平值計入損益的金融資產及其他未分配總公司及企業資產，原因為該等資產均以集團為基礎進行管理。

分部負債不包括銀行及其他借貸、應付稅項以及其他未分配總公司及企業負債，原因為該等負債均以集團為基礎進行管理。

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7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

7. 分部資料(續)

		Continuing operations 持續經營業務							
		Wood-related business 木材相關業務		Financing services and investments 融資服務及投資		Food and beverage 食品及飲料		Total 總計	
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Segment revenue:	分部收益：								
Sales of goods	銷售貨品	355,317	312,085	-	-	1,057	N/A 不適用	356,374	312,085
Revenue	收益	355,317	312,085	-	-	1,057	N/A 不適用	356,374	312,085
Segment results	分部業績	5,922	13,976	-	-	274	N/A 不適用	6,196	13,976
Reconciliations:	對賬：								
Unallocated depreciation on property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備未分配折舊							(11)	(8)
Unallocated allowances for ECLs on other receivables	其他應收款項的預期信貸虧損未分配撥備							308	(1,524)
Corporate and other unallocated expenses	企業及其他未分配開支							(7,783)	(8,410)
Corporate and other unallocated income	企業及其他未分配收入							-	1,273,071
Unallocated finance costs	未分配融資成本							(1)	(63,747)
(Loss)/profit before tax from continuing operations	來自持續經營業務的除稅前(虧損)/溢利							(1,291)	1,213,358
Segment assets	分部資產	63,919	92,936	-	515	353	N/A 不適用	64,272	93,451
Reconciliations:	對賬：								
Assets relating to discontinued operations	與已終止經營業務有關的資產							-	25,120
Corporate and other unallocated assets	企業及其他未分配資產							2,428	9,727
Total assets	資產總值							66,700	128,298
Segment liabilities	分部負債	18,766	30,891	-	-	32	N/A 不適用	18,798	30,891
Reconciliations:	對賬：								
Liabilities relating to discontinued operations	與已終止經營業務有關的負債							-	85,783
Corporate and other unallocated liabilities	企業及其他未分配負債							8,667	53,335
Total liabilities	負債總額							27,465	170,009
Other segment information:	其他分部資料：								
Finance costs	融資成本	925	4,568	-	-	-	N/A 不適用	925	4,568
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	56	56	-	-	-	N/A 不適用	56	56
Depreciation on right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	4,782	991	-	-	-	N/A 不適用	4,782	991
Capital expenditure	資本開支	-	6	-	-	-	N/A 不適用	-	6
Other material items of income and expense:	其他重大收入及開支項目：								
Cost of sales	銷售成本	326,427	275,082	-	-	718	N/A 不適用	327,145	275,082

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7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

7. 分部資料(續)

		The PRC 中國		Hong Kong 香港		Total 總計	
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Revenue from external customers from continuing operations	來自持續經營業務的外部客戶收益	323,053	289,614	33,321	22,471	356,374	312,085
Non-current assets	非流動資產	8,551	32,196	4	14	8,555	32,210

Revenue from major customers

No customer contributed over 10% of total revenue of the Group for both years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

來自主要客戶的收益

截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日止兩個年度均無客戶佔本集團總收益的10%以上。

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8. REVENUE

Disaggregation of revenue from contract with customers by major products or service line for the year is as follows:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Revenue from continuing operations	來自持續經營業務的收益		
Contracts with customers within the scope of HKFRS 15:	於香港財務報告準則第15號範疇內的客戶合約：		
Sales of goods	銷售貨品	356,374	312,085

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods at a point in time in the following major product line and geographical regions:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Time of revenue recognition:	確認收益的時間：		
At a point in time	於某個時間點	356,374	312,085
Geographical market:	地區市場：		
The PRC	中國	356,374	312,085

8. 收益

年內，按主要產品或服務線的客戶合約收益分拆如下：

本集團的收益源於某個時間點及於一段時間在以下主要產品線及地區轉移產品及服務：

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9. OTHER INCOME AND LOSSES, NET

9. 其他收入及虧損淨額

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Continuing operations	持續經營業務		
Other income	其他收入		
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	1	18
Others	其他	22	76
		23	94
Loss	虧損		
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net	出售物業、廠房及設備的虧損淨額	—	(93)
Net	淨額	23	1

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10. GAIN ON THE SCHEME

The Scheme was approved by the requisite statutory majorities of the creditors at the Scheme Meeting held on 11 March 2022. The Scheme was also sanctioned by the High Court of Hong Kong on 22 March 2022. Since then, the Scheme became effective on 11 July 2023.

As a result of the Cash Bonus, Scheme Shares Issue, and the Disposal involved in the Scheme, a gain on the Scheme of approximately HK\$1,273,377,000 was recognised during the year ended 31 December 2023, being calculated as follows:

10. 計劃收益

計劃已於二零二二年三月十一日舉行的計劃會議上獲得法定必須多數債權人批准。計劃亦於二零二二年三月二十二日獲得香港高等法院批准。自此，計劃於二零二三年七月十一日起生效。

因計劃涉及的現金紅利、計劃股份發行及出售事項，計劃收益約1,273,377,000港元已於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度確認，即按如下計算：

		2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Assets transferred pursuant to the Scheme:	根據計劃已轉讓的資產：	
Deferred tax assets	遞延稅項資產	(5,371)
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	(21)
Financial assets at FVTPL	按公平值計入損益之金融資產	(11,938)
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	預付款項、存款及其他應收款項	(420)
Restricted bank balances	受限制銀行結餘	(56)
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	(166)
		(17,972)
Debts discharged pursuant to the Scheme:	根據計劃已解除的債務：	
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	603,114
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借貸	769,542
Financial guarantee	財務擔保	36,000
		1,408,656
Release of reserves:	撥回儲備：	
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(8,832)
Foreign currency translation reserve	外幣匯兌儲備	7,610
		(1,222)
Relevant expenses:	相關開支：	
Restructuring costs and other expenses	重組成本及其他開支	(6,776)
Satisfied by:	透過以下償付：	
Cash Bonus paid	已付現金紅利	(50,000)
Scheme Shares issued	已發行計劃股份	(59,309)
Total consideration	總代價	(109,309)
Gain on the Scheme	計劃收益	1,273,377
Net cash outflow arising on the Scheme	產生自計劃的現金流出淨額	
Cash Bonus paid	已付現金紅利	50,000
Relevant expenses paid	已付相關開支	6,776
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	166
		56,942

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11. FINANCE COSTS

11. 融資成本

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Continuing operations	持續經營業務		
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息	922	116
Interest on bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借貸利息	–	68,047
Bank charges	銀行手續費	4	152
		926	68,315

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12. (LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE TAX

The Group's (loss)/profit before tax from continuing operations is arrived at after charging/(crediting) the followings:

12. 除稅前(虧損)/溢利

本集團之來自持續經營業務的除稅前(虧損)/溢利已扣除/(抵免)以下各項：

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Cost of sales	銷售成本	327,145	275,082
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	67	64
Depreciation on right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	4,782	991
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金		
– audit services	– 核數服務	1,050	1,300
– non-audit services	– 非核數服務	–	211
Employee benefit expenses (including directors' emoluments (note 13)):	僱員福利開支 (包括董事酬金(附註13))：		
Wages, salaries, allowances and bonus	工資、薪金、津貼及花紅	5,977	6,476
Pension scheme contributions (note)	退休金計劃供款(附註)	304	411
		6,281	6,887
Expenses relating to short-term lease	有關短期租賃的開支	284	654
Exchange losses/(gains), net	匯兌虧損/(收益)淨額	390	(296)
Allowances for ECLs on trade and other receivables	應收賬款及其他應收款項的預期信貸虧損撥備	3,484	2,543

Note:

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Group had no forfeited contributions available to reduce its contributions to its pension schemes in future years.

附註：

於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日，本集團並無沒收供款可供削減其未來年度對其退休金計劃作出的供款。

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13. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S REMUNERATION

13. 董事及首席執行官薪酬

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Fees	袍金	720	720
Other emoluments:	其他酬金：		
Salaries, allowances and other emoluments	薪金、津貼及其他酬金	—	—
Pension scheme contributions (defined contribution scheme)	退休金計劃供款 (定額供款計劃)	—	—
		720	720

There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

於截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度，概無董事放棄或同意放棄任何酬金安排。

(a) Independent non-executive directors

The fees paid or payable to independent non-executive directors during the year were as follows:

(a) 獨立非執行董事

年內已付或應付獨立非執行董事的袍金如下：

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Mr. Zhao Xianming	趙憲明先生	120	120
Mr. So Yin Wai	蘇彥威先生	120	120
Mr. Chan Lik Shan	陳力山先生	120	120
		360	360

There were no other emolument payable to the independent non-executive directors for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度，並無其他應付獨立非執行董事的薪酬。

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13. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S REMUNERATION (continued)

(b) Executive directors, non-executive directors and the chief executive officer

13. 董事及首席執行官薪酬(續)

(b) 執行董事、非執行董事及首席執行官

		Fees	Salaries, allowances and other emoluments	Pension scheme contributions	Total remuneration
		袍金	薪金、津貼及其他酬金	退休金計劃供款	薪酬總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
2024	二零二四年				
Executive directors:	執行董事：				
Mr. Lyu NingJiang	呂寧江先生				
(Chief Executive Officer)	(首席執行官)	240	-	-	240
Ms. Ng Lai Ha	吳麗霞女士				
(appointed on 31 December 2024)	(於二零二四年十二月三十一日獲委任)	-	-	-	-
Non-executive director:	非執行董事：				
Mr. Hu YongGang	胡永剛先生	120	-	-	120
		360	-	-	360

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13. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S REMUNERATION (continued)

(b) Executive directors, non-executive directors and the chief executive officer (continued)

	Fees	Salaries, allowances and other emoluments	Pension scheme contributions	Total remuneration
	袍金	薪金、津貼及其他酬金	退休金計劃供款	薪酬總額
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
2023	二零二三年			
Executive director:	執行董事：			
Mr. Lyu NingJiang (Chief Executive Officer)	呂寧江先生 (首席執行官)	240	-	240
Non-executive director:	非執行董事：			
Mr. Hu YongGang	胡永剛先生	120	-	120
		360	-	360

(c) Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

Save for disclosed in note 37 to the consolidated financial statements, no other significant transaction, arrangement and contract in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company and the directors' connected party had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

13. 董事及首席執行官薪酬(續)

(b) 執行董事、非執行董事及首席執行官(續)

	Salaries, allowances and other emoluments	Pension scheme contributions	Total remuneration
	薪金、津貼及其他酬金	退休金計劃供款	薪酬總額
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元	千港元

(c) 董事於交易、安排或合約中的重大利益

除綜合財務報表附註37所披露者外，概無本公司為訂約方及本公司董事及董事關連方於其中直接或間接擁有重大權益且與本集團業務相關，並於年末或年內任何時間存續的其他重大交易、安排及合約。

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14. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees during the year included no (2023: no) director, details of whose remuneration are set out in note 13 above. Details of the remuneration for the year of the remaining five (2023: five) highest paid employees who are neither a director nor the chief executive officer of the Company are as follows:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries, allowances and other emoluments	薪金、津貼及其他酬金	3,476	3,382
Pension scheme contributions (defined contribution scheme)	退休金計劃供款 (定額供款計劃)	90	54
		3,566	3,436

14. 五名最高薪的僱員

年內，五名最高薪的僱員不包含(二零二三年：不包含)董事，彼等的薪酬詳情載於上文附註13。年內，其餘五名(二零二三年：五名)非本公司董事或首席執行官的最高薪僱員的薪酬詳情如下：

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14. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES (continued)

For the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 there was no discretionary bonus paid or payable to any directors or five highest paid employee of the Group.

The number of non-director highest paid employees whose remuneration fell within the following band is as follows:

		Number of employees 僱員人數	
		2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
Below HK\$1,000,000	低於1,000,000港元	4	4
HK\$1,000,001 – HK\$1,500,000	1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	1	1

For the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 there was no emolument paid or payable by the Group to the directors or any of the five highest paid individuals set out in notes 13 and 14 as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office. There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any emoluments for both years.

14. 五名最高薪的僱員(續)

截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度，本集團概無已支付或應付予任何董事或五名最高薪僱員的酌情花紅。

薪酬介乎下列範圍的非董事最高薪僱員的人數如下：

截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度，本集團概無已支付或應付予董事或附註13及14所載的任何五名最高薪的僱員酬金作為加入本集團或於加入時的獎勵或作為離職補償。於兩個年度內，概無董事放棄或同意放棄任何酬金的安排。

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15. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

15. 所得稅開支

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Continuing operations	持續經營業務		
Current – PRC Enterprise Income Tax	即期－中國企業所得稅		
Charge for the year	年內開支	3,553	4,844

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made in the consolidated financial statements since the Group's Hong Kong entities have no assessable profits for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

PRC Enterprise Income Tax has been provided at a rate of 25% (2023: 25%) based on the assessable profits in accordance with the tax rules and regulations in the PRC.

由於本集團的香港實體截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度並無應課稅溢利，故並無於綜合財務報表就香港所得稅作出撥備。

根據中國稅務規則及法規規定的應課稅溢利，中國企業所得稅按25% (二零二三年：25%) 稅率計提撥備。

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15. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (continued)

The reconciliations between the income tax expense and the product of (loss)/profit before tax multiplied by the Hong Kong Profits Tax rate is as follows:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)
(Loss)/profit before tax from continuing operations	來自持續經營業務的 除稅前(虧損)/溢利	(1,291)	1,213,358
Tax at Hong Kong Profits Tax rate of 16.5% (2023: 16.5%)	按香港利得稅稅率16.5% (二零二三年：16.5%) 計算的稅項	(213)	200,204
Effect of difference in tax rate for specific jurisdiction or enacted by local tax authority	特定司法權區或當地稅務 機構實行不同的稅率的影響	781	1,010
Tax effect of income not subject to tax	毋須課稅收入的稅務影響	(112)	(210,107)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax	不可扣稅開支的稅務影響	2,088	13,648
Tax effect of deductible temporary differences not recognised	未確認可扣稅暫時性差異的 稅務影響	871	89
Tax losses not recognised	未確認稅項虧損	138	–
Income tax expense	所得稅開支	3,553	4,844

15. 所得稅開支(續)

所得稅開支與除稅前(虧損)/溢利乘以香港利得稅稅率的乘積之間的對賬如下：

16. DIVIDENDS

No dividend was paid or proposed for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023, nor has any dividend been proposed since the end of the reporting period.

16. 股息

截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度概無已派付或建議派付的股息，自報告期末以來亦未建議派付任何股息。

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17. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

On 28 October 2024, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement to dispose the Disposal Group to an independent third party. Details of the assets and liabilities disposed of, as well as the calculation of the profit or loss on disposal, are set out in note 35(b) to the consolidated financial statements.

The results for the year from the Disposal Group up to the date of disposal of 28 October 2024 are set out below. The comparative figures in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income have been restated to present such arrangement as a discontinued operation.

17. 已終止經營業務

於二零二四年十月二十八日，本集團訂立買賣協議，以向一名獨立第三方出售該出售集團。已出售的資產和負債的詳情，以及出售事項損益的計算，載於綜合財務報表附註35(b)。

該出售集團直至出售日期二零二四年十月二十八日的本年度業績列載如下。綜合損益及其他全面收入表的比較數字已予重列，以呈列該安排為已終止經營業務。

		From 1 January 2024 to 28 October 2024 二零二四年 一月一日至 二零二四年 十月二十八日 HK\$'000 千港元	From 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 二零二三年 一月一日至 二零二三年 十二月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit/(loss) for the year from discontinued operations:	來自已終止經營業務的 年內溢利／(虧損)：		
Revenue – other sources	收益－其他來源	5,850	11,326
Cost of services rendered	提供服務的成本	(5,032)	(9,557)
Other gains, net	其他收益淨額	–	212
Reversal of ECLs on trade and other receivables, net	應收帳款及其他應收款項的 預期信虧損撥回	1,084	275
Selling expenses	銷售開支	(1)	(93)
Administrative expenses	行政開支	(2,400)	(1,162)
Other expenses	其他開支	–	(12,747)
Finance costs	融資成本	(694)	(441)
Loss before tax	除稅前虧損	(1,193)	(12,187)
Income tax expense	所得稅開支	–	4,476
		(1,193)	(7,711)

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17. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (continued)

17. 已終止經營業務(續)

		From 1 January 2024 to 28 October 2024 二零二四年 一月一日至 二零二四年 十月二十八日 HK\$'000 千港元	From 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 二零二三年 一月一日至 二零二三年 十二月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元
Gain on disposal of the Disposal Group (note 35(b))	出售該出售集團所得收益 (附註35(b))	69,818	–
Profit/(loss) for the year from discontinued operations (attributable to owners of the Company)	來自己終止經營業務的年內 溢利／(虧損) (本公司擁有 人應佔)	68,625	(7,711)
Profit/(loss) for the year from discontinued operations include the following:	來自己終止經營業務的年內 溢利／(虧損)，包括下列 各項：		
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	6,164	9,266
Depreciation on right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	25	410
Cash flows from discontinued operations:	來自己終止經營業務的 現金流量：		
Net cash inflows from operating activities	經營活動所得現金流入淨額	161	1,123
Net cash outflows from investing activities	投資活動所得現金流出淨額	–	(559)
Net cash outflows from financing activities	融資活動所得現金流出淨額	(189)	(822)
Net cash outflows	現金流出淨額	(28)	(258)

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18. EARNINGS PER SHARE

a. Basic earnings per share

The calculation of the basic earnings per share is based on the profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company and the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on:

18. 每股盈利

a. 每股基本盈利

每股基本盈利乃根據本公司擁有人應佔的年內溢利及年內已發行普通股的加權平均數計算。

每股基本盈利的計算乃基於：

		Number of shares 股份數目	
		2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年 (Restated) (經重列)
Number of shares	股份數目		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year for the purpose of calculating basic earnings per share	用於計算每股基本盈利的本年度已發行普通股加權平均股數	362,003,848	181,309,717
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit	溢利		
Profit attributable to owners of the Company for the purpose of calculating basic earnings per share	用於計算每股基本盈利的本公司擁有人應佔溢利	63,781	1,200,803

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18. EARNINGS PER SHARE (continued)

a. Basic earnings per share (continued)

From continuing operations

The calculation of the basic and diluted (loss)/earnings per share from continuing operations is based on the following:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
(Loss)/profit	(虧損)/溢利		
Profit for the purpose of calculating basic earnings per share	就計算每股基本盈利之溢利	63,781	1,200,803
(Profit)/loss for the year from discontinued operations	來自已終止經營業務的年內(溢利)/虧損	(68,625)	7,711
(Loss)/profit for the purpose of calculating basic (loss)/earnings per share from continuing operations	就計算來自持續經營業務每股基本(虧損)/溢利之(虧損)/溢利	(4,844)	1,208,514

The weighted average number of ordinary shares for current and prior years have been adjusted retrospectively to reflect the effect of the share consolidation that took effect on 18 June 2024.

From discontinued operations

Basic earnings/(loss) per share from the discontinued operations is approximately HK18.96 cents per share (2023: HK4.25 cents loss per share), based on the profit/(loss) for the year from discontinued operations attributable to the owners of the Company of approximately HK\$68,625,000 (2023: loss of approximately HK\$7,711,000) and the denominators used are the same as those detailed above for both basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share.

b. Diluted earnings per share

No diluted earnings per share has been presented as there were no potential dilutive shares outstanding for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

18. 每股盈利(續)

a. 每股基本盈利(續)

來自持續經營業務

按下列各項計算來自持續經營業務每股基本及攤薄(虧損)/盈利：

	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
(Loss)/profit	(虧損)/溢利	
Profit for the purpose of calculating basic earnings per share	63,781	1,200,803
(Profit)/loss for the year from discontinued operations	(68,625)	7,711
(Loss)/profit for the purpose of calculating basic (loss)/earnings per share from continuing operations	(4,844)	1,208,514

目前及過往年度的普通股加權平均數乃獲回溯調整以反映於二零二四年六月十八日進行的股份合併。

來自已終止經營業務

根據本公司擁有人應佔已終止經營業務年內溢利/(虧損)約68,625,000港元(二零二三年：虧損約7,711,000港元)計算，來自已終止經營業務的每股基本盈利/(虧損)為約每股18.96港仙(二零二三年：每股虧損4.25港仙)，而每股基本及攤薄盈利/(虧損)所用分母與該等於上文詳述者相同。

b. 每股攤薄盈利

於截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度，並無呈列每股攤薄盈利，原因為並無已發行在外之潛在攤薄股份。

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19. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

19. 物業、廠房及設備

		Furniture, fixtures and equipment 傢俬、裝置 及設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Leasehold improvements 租賃裝修 HK\$'000 千港元	Motor vehicles 汽車 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost	成本				
At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日	1,527	1,906	26,960	30,393
Additions	添置	13	–	611	624
Disposals	出售	–	–	(850)	(850)
Deconsolidation of Excluded Companies (note 10)	取消合併除外公司 (附註10)	(341)	(104)	–	(445)
Exchange difference	匯兌差額	(47)	(55)	(826)	(928)
At 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024	於二零二三年十二月三十一日 及二零二四年一月一日	1,152	1,747	25,895	28,794
Disposal of the Disposal Group (note 35(b))	出售該出售集團 (附註35(b))	(887)	(1,739)	(25,737)	(28,363)
Exchange difference	匯兌差額	(22)	(8)	(158)	(188)
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	243	–	–	243
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	累計折舊 及減值				
At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日	1,191	486	9,595	11,272
Charge for the year	年內開支	184	587	8,559	9,330
Disposals	出售	–	–	(628)	(628)
Deconsolidation of Excluded Companies (note 10)	取消合併除外公司 (附註10)	(341)	(83)	–	(424)
Exchange difference	匯兌差額	(46)	(19)	(374)	(439)
At 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024	於二零二三年十二月三十一日 及二零二四年一月一日	988	971	17,152	19,111
Charge for the year	年內開支	94	–	6,137	6,231
Disposal of the Disposal Group (note 35(b))	出售該出售集團 (附註35(b))	(905)	(966)	(23,203)	(25,074)
Exchange difference	匯兌差額	(7)	(5)	(86)	(98)
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	170	–	–	170
Carrying amount	賬面值				
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	73	–	–	73
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日	164	776	8,743	9,683

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19. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

The Group's motor vehicles were identified to be part of the car-rental cash-generating unit ("**Car Rental CGU**"). The carrying amount of property, plant and equipment as at 31 December 2023 of approximately HK\$9,641,000 was allocated to the Car Rental CGU for the impairment assessment of this cash-generating unit. During the year ended 31 December 2023, details of the assessment of impairment of the Car Rental CGU are set out in note 22 to the consolidated financial statements. Nevertheless, the motor vehicles' recoverable amounts can be determined based on their fair value less costs of disposal using direct comparison method. The key assumptions in the valuation are recent transaction prices of similar motor vehicles with similar remaining useful lives. The fair value on which the recoverable amount is based on is categorised as level 3. The fair value less costs of the disposal is above the carrying amount of the motor vehicles, and hence no impairment was recognised.

19. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

本集團之汽車已識別為汽車租賃現金產生單位(「**汽車租賃現金產生單位**」)之部分。於二零二三年十二月三十一日，就該現金產生單位的減值評估而言，已分配至汽車租賃現金產生單位之物業、廠房及設備的賬面值約為9,641,000港元。截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度，汽車租賃現金產生單位之減值評估詳情載於綜合財務報表附註22。儘管如此，汽車的可回收金額可使用直接比較法基於其公平值減出售成本釐定。估值的關鍵假設為擁有相似剩餘可使用年期的同類汽車的近期交易價格。可回收金額所依據的公平值獲分類為第三級。公平價減出售成本高於汽車的賬面值，因此概無減值獲確認。

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20. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

20. 使用權資產

		Leased motor vehicles 租賃汽車 HK\$'000 千港元	Leased properties 租賃物業 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日	364	141	505
Additions	添置	–	14,289	14,289
Depreciation	折舊	(344)	(1,057)	(1,401)
Impairment loss	減值虧損	(8)	(45)	(53)
Exchange difference	匯兌差額	(8)	(12)	(20)
At 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024	於二零二三年 十二月三十一日及 二零二四年一月一日	4	13,316	13,320
Depreciation	折舊	(4)	(4,803)	(4,807)
Disposal of the Disposal Group (note 35(b))	出售該出售集團 (附註35(b))	–	(6)	(6)
Exchange difference	匯兌差額	–	(25)	(25)
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年 十二月三十一日	–	8,482	8,482

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20. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (continued)

Lease liabilities of approximately HK\$8,825,000 (2023: approximately HK\$13,501,000) are recognised with related right-of-use assets of approximately HK\$8,482,000 (2023: approximately HK\$13,320,000) as at 31 December 2024. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants other than the security interests in the leased assets that are held by the lessor. Leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

20. 使用權資產(續)

於二零二四年十二月三十一日，確認租賃負債約8,825,000港元(二零二三年：約13,501,000港元)，相關使用權資產約為8,482,000港元(二零二三年：約13,320,000港元)。除出租人持有的租賃資產中的擔保權益外，租賃協議不施加任何其他契據。租賃資產不得用於借貸擔保。

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Depreciation on right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	4,807	1,401
Interest expense on lease liabilities included in finance costs	租賃負債利息開支 計入融資成本	924	169
Expenses relating to short-term leases included in	短期租賃相關開支計入		
– cost of sales and services rendered	– 銷售及提供的服務成本	–	398
– administrative expenses	– 行政費用	284	654

Details of total cash outflow for leases are set out in note 35(c) to the consolidated financial statements.

有關租賃現金流出總額詳情載於綜合財務報表附註35(c)。

For both years, the Group leases various offices, premises and motor vehicles for its operations. Lease contracts are entered into for fixed term of 2 years to 3 years (2023: 2 years to 3 years), but may have extension and termination options as described below. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. In determining the lease term and assessing the length of the non-cancellable period, the Group applies the definition as per the contract and determines the period for which the contract is enforceable.

於兩年內，本集團租賃多個辦公室及多輛汽車作其經營之用。租賃合約簽訂的固定期限為2年至3年(二零二三年：2年至3年)，惟可能具有下述的延期及終止選擇權。租賃期乃在個別基礎上協商，並包含各種不同的條款及條件。於釐定租賃期及評估不可撤回期間的長度時，本集團應用合約的定義並釐定合約可強制執行的期間。

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20. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (continued)

In addition, the Group reassesses whether it is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, upon the occurrence of either a significant event or a significant change in circumstances that is within the control of the lessee. During the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023, there has been no such triggering event.

20. 使用權資產(續)

此外，當發生重大事件或承租人控制範圍內的情況發生重大變化時，本集團會重新評估其是否合理地確定行使延期選擇權。截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度，尚無此類觸發事件。

21. GOODWILL

21. 商譽

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost	成本		
At 1 January	於一月一日	24,939	24,939
Disposal of the Disposal Group	出售該出售集團	(24,939)	–
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	–	24,939
Accumulated impairment losses	累計減值虧損		
At 1 January	於一月一日	(24,939)	(24,939)
Eliminated on disposal of the Disposal Group	出售該出售集團時撇銷	24,939	–
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	–	(24,939)
Carrying amount	賬面值		
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	–	–

Goodwill acquired through a business combination was allocated to the car rental cash-generating unit.

透過業務合併收購的商譽已被分配至汽車租賃現金產生單位。

The goodwill was fully impaired in the prior years and accordingly no further impairment assessment was performed for the year ended 31 December 2023.

商譽於以往年度悉數減值，因此截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度並無進一步進行減值評估。

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22. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

22. 無形資產

		Vehicle rental		Total
		Licence plates 車牌 HK\$'000 千港元	business licence 汽車租用 業務牌照 HK\$'000 千港元	
Cost	成本			
At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日	14,665	46,816	61,481
Exchange difference	匯兌差額	(414)	(1,324)	(1,738)
At 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024	於二零二三年十二月三十一日 及二零二四年一月一日	14,251	45,492	59,743
Disposal of the Disposal Group (note 35(b))	出售該出售集團 (附註35(b))	(14,251)	(45,492)	(59,743)
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	–	–	–
Accumulated impairment losses	累計減值虧損			
At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日	9,312	29,735	39,047
Impairment loss	減值虧損	3,028	9,666	12,694
Exchange difference	匯兌差額	(288)	(917)	(1,205)
At 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024	於二零二三年十二月三十一日 及二零二四年一月一日	12,052	38,484	50,536
Eliminated on disposal of the Disposal Group (note 35(b))	出售該出售集團時撇銷 (附註35(b))	(12,052)	(38,484)	(50,536)
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	–	–	–
Carrying amount	賬面值			
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	–	–	–
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日	2,199	7,008	9,207

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22. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

The license plates and vehicle rental business license with indefinite useful lives were acquired through a business combination and were allocated, together with the right-of-use assets of leased motor vehicles, to the car rental cash-generating unit for impairment testing. The license plates have no expiry dates and the vehicle rental business license has been renewed from March 2023 to 20 March 2026. At 31 December 2023, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, the Group would be able to continuously renew the vehicle rental business license at minimal costs.

Impairment assessment

In light of the sustained losses of the car rental segment, for the year ended 31 December 2023, the management of the Group conducted impairment assessment on recoverable amount of Car Rental CGU to which property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets were allocated.

The recoverable amount of the Car Rental CGU was determined on value-in-use basis, based on the future cash flow projections using income approach.

The key assumptions for the discounted cash flow method are those regarding the discount rates, growth rates and budgeted gross margin and turnover during the period. The Group estimates discount rates using pre-tax rates that reflect current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the relevant assets. The growth rates were based on long-term average economic growth rate of the geographical area in which the businesses of the relevant assets operate. Budgeted gross margin and turnover are based on past practices and expectations on market development.

22. 無形資產(續)

無特定可使用年期之車牌及汽車租用業務牌照乃透過業務合併收購，並連同租賃汽車的使用權資產分配至汽車租賃現金產生單位作減值測試。車牌並無屆滿日期，汽車租用業務牌照自二零二三年三月續期至二零二六年三月二十日。於二零二三年十二月三十一日，本公司董事認為，本集團將能以最低成本繼續重續汽車租用業務牌照。

減值虧損

鑒於汽車租用分部持續虧損，截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度，本集團的管理層就物業、廠房及設備、使用權資產及無形資產獲分配至汽車租賃現金產生單位的可回收金額進行減值評估。

汽車租賃現金產生單位的可收回金額已根據未來現金流量預測按使用價值基準採用收入法釐定。

貼現現金流量法所採用的主要假設乃有關貼現率、增長率、預算毛利率及期內營業額。本集團利用可反映目前市場對貨幣時值的評估及相關資產的特定風險的除稅前利率估計貼現率。增長率則按相關資產經營業務所在地區的長期平均經濟增長率為基準。預算毛利率及營業額乃按過往慣例及預期市場發展為基準。

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22. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

For year ended 31 December 2023, the Group prepared cash flow forecasts derived from the most recent financial budgets approved by the directors for the next five years with the residual period using the annual growth rate of 2%. This rate did not exceed the average long-term growth rate for the relevant markets. The discount rate and terminal growth rate used were 15.07% and 2% respectively.

Pursuant to the valuation report from the independent qualified professional valuer, the recoverable amount of the Car Rental CGU as at 31 December 2023 was approximately HK\$7,345,000 which was lower than its carrying amount of the Car Rental CGU. Accordingly, impairment loss of approximately, HK\$Nil, HK\$53,000 and HK\$12,694,000 respectively was recognised in respect of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets respectively based on the best estimate by the directors with reference to the valuation report and the market condition of the relevant assets for the year ended 31 December 2023.

23. INVENTORIES

22. 無形資產(續)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度，本集團所編製的現金流量預測源自獲董事批准未來五年的最近期財政預算，剩餘期間使用年增長率2%。該增長率不超過有關市場的平均長期增長率。已用貼現率及最終增長率分別為15.07%及2%。

根據獨立合資格專業估值師的估值報告，汽車租賃現金產生單位於二零二三年十二月三十一日的可收回金額約為7,345,000港元，該金額低於其汽車租賃現金產生單位的賬面值。因此，截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度，經參考估值報告及有關資產的市況，基於董事之最佳估算，分別確認有關物業、廠房及設備、使用權資產及無形資產的減值虧損分別約為零港元、53,000港元及12,694,000港元。

23. 存貨

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Merchandise	商品	1,173	1,920

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24. TRADE RECEIVABLES

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade receivables	應收賬款	6,543	7,889
Less: Allowance for ECLs	減：預期信貸虧損撥備	(4,890)	(2,532)
		1,653	5,357

The Group's trading terms with its customers are mainly on credit with credit period generally ranging from 0 to 90 days, or could be longer under certain circumstances. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management.

The Group generally does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over its trade receivable balances.

The ageing analysis of trade receivables based on the invoice date, and net of allowance for ECLs, is as follows:

本集團與客戶主要按信貸方式訂立貿易條款，信貸期一般介乎0至90天，在若干情況下可能更長。本集團致力嚴格監控逾期應收賬款。高級管理層會定期審查逾期的結餘。

本集團一般並無就其應收賬款結餘持有任何抵押品或其他信貸提升物。

根據發票日期，應收賬款（經扣除預期信貸虧損撥備）的賬齡分析如下：

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within 90 days	90天內	1,653	3,705
Over 90 days and within 1 year	超過90天及1年內	–	1,652
		1,653	5,357

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade receivables are denominated in RMB.

本集團應收賬款的賬面值以人民幣計值。

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25. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Prepayments	預付款項	22,200	25,204
Deposits	按金	4,818	5,604
Other receivables (note)	其他應收款項(附註)	29,042	56,297
Less: Allowance for ECLs	減：預期信貸虧損撥備	(1,447)	(1,816)
		54,613	85,289

Note:

Included in other receivables was miscellaneous receivables from various debtors of approximately HK\$29,042,000 (2023: HK\$56,297,000) with an allowance for ECLs as at 31 December 2024 of approximately HK\$1,447,000 (2023: HK\$1,816,000).

Save for the allowance for ECLs on deposits and other receivables of approximately HK\$1,447,000 (2023: HK\$1,816,000) provided as at 31 December 2024, none of the above assets was impaired at the end of the reporting period.

Details of the ECLs assessment are set out in note 6(b)(ii) to the consolidated financial statements.

附註：

其他應收款項包括來自不同債務人的應收雜項約29,042,000港元(二零二三年：56,297,000港元)，而於二零二四年十二月三十一日的預期信貸虧損撥備約1,447,000港元(二零二三年：1,816,000港元)。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日，除按金及其他應收款項預期信貸虧損撥備約1,447,000港元(二零二三年：1,816,000港元)外，於報告期末，上述資產均未減值。

預期信貸虧損評估的詳情載於綜合財務報表附註6(b)(ii)。

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26. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	706	3,522

As at 31 December 2024, the cash and bank balances of the Group's subsidiaries in the PRC denominated in Renminbi ("RMB") amounted to approximately HK\$418,000 (2023: approximately HK\$802,000). Conversion of RMB into foreign currencies is subject to the PRC's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations.

於二零二四年十二月三十一日，本集團的中國附屬公司按人民幣（「人民幣」）計值的現金及現金等價物約為418,000港元（二零二三年：約802,000港元）。人民幣兌換為外幣須遵守中華人民共和國外匯管理條例以及結匯、售匯及付匯管理條例。

27. TRADE PAYABLES

The ageing analysis of trade payables based on the invoice date is as follows:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within 30 days	30天內	–	14
31 to 60 days	31至60天	–	426
61 to 180 days	61至180天	–	168
181 to 365 days	181至365天	–	2,273
Over 365 days	365天以上	2,763	79
		2,763	2,960

The trade payables are interest-free and are normally settled on 30 to 90 days after the month-end statement.

27. 應付賬款

根據發票日期，應付賬款的賬齡分析如下：

應付賬款為免息，一般於月結後30至90天結算。

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28. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

28. 其他應付款項及應計款項

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Other payables (note a)	其他應付款項(附註a)	6,779	64,109
Provisions for claims (note b)	索賠計提撥備(附註b)	–	49,933
Accruals	應計款項	7,266	6,820
Contract Liabilities (note c)	合約負債(附註c)	843	15,859
		14,888	136,721

Notes:

- a. Other payables represent (i) amounts due to certain independent third parties of approximately HK\$6,779,000 (2023: approximately HK\$54,481,000); and (ii) interest payables of HK\$ Nil (2023: approximately HK\$9,628,000).
- b. Provisions for claims were related to the followings legal claims:
- i. A provision for claim amounted to HK\$200,000,000 was made by the Group for the year ended 31 December 2020 in respect of a claim of HK\$200,000,000 brought against the Company on 9 December 2020 by the joint official liquidators in Hong Kong and the Cayman Islands of Honghua Investment Fund Limited, an exempted company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability (the "Fund"), appointed by the holders of its Class A Shares and Class B Shares under which the Company, as being the holder of Class C Shares of the Fund, was requested to indemnify the holders of Class A Shares and Class B Shares in the sum of HK\$200,000,000 plus purported returns pursuant to the terms of the subscription agreement dated 6 July 2017 and upon the Fund was being wound up. The provision was derecognised upon the Scheme becoming effective on 11 July 2023.

附註：

- a. 其他應付款項指(i)應付若干獨立第三方的款項約6,779,000港元(二零二三年：約54,481,000港元)；及(ii)應付利息零港元(二零二三年：約9,628,000港元)。
- b. 與下列法律索賠有關的索賠撥備：
- i. 本集團於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度就 Honghua Investment Fund Limited (在開曼群島註冊成立的獲豁免有限公司，「該基金」) 的A類股份及B類股份持有人所委任在香港及開曼群島的共同正式清盤人於二零二零年十二月九日向本公司作出的索賠200,000,000港元計提索賠撥備200,000,000港元。根據該索賠，本公司(作為該基金的C類股份持有人)被要求根據日期為二零一七年七月六日的認購協議條款及於該基金清盤後向A類股份及B類股份持有人賠償總金額200,000,000港元加上指稱回報。該撥備自計劃於二零二三年七月十一日起生效後終止確認。

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28. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS (continued)

Notes: (continued)

b. Provision for claims represent the followings legal claims: (continued)

- ii. A provision for claim amounted to RMB33,440,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$40,947,000) was made by the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 following a judgement and order by Zhuhai Hengqin New District People's Court (珠海橫琴新區人民法院) on 2 August 2021 that a compensation amounted to approximately RMB33.4 million with accrued interest be settled by the Group on 2 August 2021. The provision was deconsolidated as part of the disposal of Excluded Companies on 11 July 2023.
- iii. A provision for claim amounted to RMB44,500,000 was made by the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 following a judgement of the Beijing Court requiring the Disposal Group to pay a sum of approximately RMB37.0 million plus damages of RMB7.5 million for breach of contract. Immediately after the judgement, the Disposal Group made an appeal to the Beijing No.3 Intermediate People's Court (北京市第三中級人民法院) against the judgement. In April 2022, the Beijing No.3 Intermediate People's Court dismissed the Group's appeal against the judgement. The Disposal Group had taken steps to request a review of the case. The provision was deconsolidated upon the disposal of the Disposal Group.

28. 其他應付款項及應計款項(續)

附註：(續)

b. 索賠撥備指以下法律索賠：(續)

- ii. 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度，本集團於二零二一年八月二日自珠海橫琴新區人民法院接獲判決及命令(本集團須於二零二一年八月二日支付連帶應計利息賠償約人民幣33,400,000元)後，計提索賠撥備人民幣33,440,000元(相當於約40,947,000港元)。該撥備於二零二三年七月十一日作為出售除外公司的一部分獲取消合併。
- iii. 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度，本集團接獲北京法院的判決，要求該出售集團支付金額約人民幣37,000,000元及違約產生的損害賠償人民幣7,500,000元後，已作出索賠撥備人民幣44,500,000元。緊隨判決後，該出售集團已就判決向北京市第三中級人民法院提出上訴。於二零二二年四月，北京市第三中級人民法院駁回了本集團對該判決的上訴。該出售集團已採取措施要求覆核該案件。撥備已於出售該出售集團時終止入賬。

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28. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS (continued)

Notes: (continued)

b. Provision for claims represent the followings legal claims: (continued)

The movements of provisions for claims during the year are as follows:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January	於一月一日	49,933	287,294
Settled by the Scheme	通過計劃結清	–	(200,000)
Deconsolidation of Excluded Companies	取消合併除外公司	–	(36,062)
Disposal of the Disposal Group	出售該出售集團	(48,501)	–
Exchange difference	匯兌差額	(1,432)	(1,299)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	–	49,933

c. Details of contract liabilities are as follows:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Contract liabilities	合約負債		
– Sales of merchandise	– 銷售貨品	843	2,485
– Provision of services	– 提供服務	–	13,374
		843	15,859

Contract liabilities include short-term advances received to deliver products and render services to customers.

28. 其他應付款項及應計款項(續)

附註：(續)

b. 索賠撥備指以下法律索賠：(續)

於年內索賠計提撥備的變動如下：

c. 合約負債的詳情如下：

合約負債包括已收取短期墊款以向客戶交付產品或向其提供服務。

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28. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS (continued)

Notes: (continued)

c. Details of contract liabilities are as follows: (continued)

Movements in contract liabilities:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Balance at 1 January	於一月一日的結餘	15,859	22,824
Decrease in contract liabilities as a result of recognising revenue during the year was included in the contract liabilities at the beginning of the period	年內確認收入導致的合約負債減少已計入期初的合約負債	(10,618)	(11,421)
Increase in contract liabilities as a result of advances received during the year	年內已收取墊款導致合約負債增加	863	5,052
Disposal of the Disposal Group	出售該出售集團	(5,103)	–
Exchange difference	匯兌差額	(158)	(596)
Balance at 31 December	於十二月三十一日的結餘	843	15,859

29. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS

28. 其他應付款項及應計款項(續)

附註：(續)

c. 合約負債的詳情如下：(續)

合約負債變動：

29. 銀行及其他借貸

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Bank and other borrowings – unsecured (note (a))	銀行及其他借貸—無抵押 (附註(a))	–	14,120

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29. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (continued)

The borrowings are repayable as follows:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year or on demand	一年內或按要求	–	14,120
Amounts shown under current liabilities	列為流動負債的金額		
– repayable on demand due to loan covenants (note (b))	– 因貸款契諾須按要求償還 (附註(b))	–	13,702
– repayable within one year (note (a))	– 須於一年內償還 (附註(a))	–	418
		–	14,120

The carrying amounts of the Group's borrowings are denominated in the following currencies:

本集團借貸的賬面值以下列貨幣計值：

		HK\$ 港元 HK\$'000 千港元	RMB 人民幣 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
2024 Bank and other borrowings – unsecured	二零二四年 銀行及其他借貸 – 無抵押	–	–	–
2023 Bank and other borrowings – unsecured	二零二三年 銀行及其他借貸 – 無抵押	418	13,702	14,120

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29. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (continued)

The average interest rates at 31 December were as follows:

	2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
Bank and other borrowings – unsecured 銀行及其他借貸—無抵押	N/A 不適用	10%

At 31 December 2023, bank and other borrowings were arranged at fixed interest rates from 5% to 10.2% per annum and expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk.

Note:

- At 31 December 2023, the Group had borrowing of approximately HK\$418,000 due to Mr. Deng ShiChao, a director of a number of the Group's subsidiaries in Hong Kong. This borrowing carried interest at interest rate of 5% per annum and was also unsecured and repayable on demand.
- For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Disposal Group breached certain covenant clauses in agreements in respect of bank and other borrowings, resulting in the Group's default on repayment. As a result, as at 31 December 2023, bank and other borrowings of approximately HK\$13,702,000 were subject to early repayment options exercisable by the lenders. These borrowings were classified as current liabilities as at 31 December 2023 and were deconsolidated upon the disposal of the Disposal Group.
- At 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Group had no secured borrowing facilities.

29. 銀行及其他借貸(續)

於十二月三十一日的平均利率如下：

於二零二三年十二月三十一日，銀行及其他借貸按固定利率每年5%至10.2%計息，並令本集團承受公平值利率風險。

附註：

- 於二零二三年十二月三十一日，本集團有一筆應付本集團若干香港附屬公司董事鄧世超先生的借貸約418,000港元。該借貸利率為每年5%，亦為無抵押及須按要求償還。
- 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度，該出售集團違反銀行及其他借貸協議的若干契諾條款，導致本集團在還款方面出現違約。因此，於二零二三年十二月三十一日，銀行及其他借貸約13,702,000港元須受貸款人可行使要求提早還款選擇權所限。該等借貸於二零二三年十二月三十一日已分類為流動負債，並於出售該出售集團時終止入賬。
- 於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日，本集團概無任何已抵押借貸融資。

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30. LEASE LIABILITIES

30. 租賃負債

		Minimum lease payments 最低租賃付款		Present value of minimum lease payments 最低租賃付款現值	
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year	一年內	5,358	5,521	4,803	4,652
More than one year, but not exceeding two years	超過一年但不超過兩年	4,187	5,439	4,022	4,827
More than two years, but not exceeding five years	超過兩年但不超過五年	–	4,187	–	4,022
		9,545	15,147	8,825	13,501
Less: Future finance charges	減：未來融資開支	(720)	(1,646)	N/A不適用	N/A不適用
Present value of lease obligations	租賃承擔的現值	8,825	13,501	8,825	13,501
Less: Amount due for settlement within 12 months (shown under current liabilities)	減：須於12個月內償還的金額 (列為流動負債)			(4,803)	(4,652)
Amount due for settlement after 12 months	須於12個月後償還的金額			4,022	8,849

At 31 December 2024 and 2023, the lease liabilities of leased properties and motor vehicles amounted to approximately HK\$8,825,000 (2023: approximately HK\$13,369,000) and HK\$Nil (2023: approximately HK\$132,000) respectively.

The weighted average incremental borrowing rates applied to lease liabilities were 8.1% (2023: 8.1%) per annum.

Lease liabilities denominated in RMB amounting to approximately HK\$543,000 (2023: approximately HK\$1,303,000).

於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日，租賃物業及汽車的租賃負債分別為約8,825,000港元(二零二三年：約13,369,000港元)及零港元(二零二三年：約132,000港元)。

適用於租賃負債的加權平均增量借貸利率為每年8.1%(二零二三年：8.1%)。

以人民幣計值的租賃負債，為約543,000港元(二零二三年：約1,303,000港元)。

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31. DEFERRED TAX

The movements in deferred tax liabilities/(assets) during the year are as follows:

		Fair value adjustments arising from acquisition of a subsidiary 因收購一間附屬公司產生之公平值調整 HK\$'000 千港元	A financial asset at FVTPL 一項按公平值計入損益之金融資產 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日	6,226	(5,780)	446
Credited to profit or loss for the year	年內於損益計入	(4,737)	–	(4,737)
Deconsolidation of Excluded Companies (note 10)	取消合併除外公司(附註10)	–	5,371	5,371
Exchange difference	匯兌差額	(613)	409	(204)
At 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024	於二零二三年十二月三十一日及二零二四年一月一日	876	–	876
Disposal of the Disposal Group (note 35(b))	出售該出售集團(附註35(b))	(876)	–	(876)
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	–	–	–

31. 遞延稅項

年內，遞延稅項負債／（資產）的變動如下：

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31. DEFERRED TAX (continued)

The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances for consolidated statement of financial position purposes:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延稅項負債	—	876

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has unused tax losses of approximately HK\$5,779,000 (2023: approximately HK\$78,118,000) available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of such losses due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. Included in unrecognised tax losses are losses of HK\$ Nil (2023: approximately HK\$73,175,000) that will expire within 5 years. Other tax losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group have unrecognised deductible temporary differences arising from ECLs allowance of approximately HK\$1,584,000 (2023: approximately HK\$1,087,000). A deferred tax asset has not been recognised in relation to such deductible temporary differences as it is not probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, deferred taxation has not been provided in the consolidated financial statements in respect of temporary difference amounting to approximately HK\$2,243,000 (2023: approximately HK\$2,840,000) attributable to profits earned by the Group's PRC subsidiaries as the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

31. 遞延稅項(續)

以下為就綜合財務狀況表目的作出的遞延稅項結餘分析：

於報告期末，本集團的未用稅項虧損約 5,779,000 港元（二零二三年：約 78,118,000 港元），可供抵銷未來溢利。由於未來溢利流量無法預測，尚未就該等虧損確認遞延稅項資產。計入未確認稅項虧損的零港元（二零二三年：約 73,175,000 港元）虧損，將於五年內到期。其他稅項虧損可無限期結轉。

於報告期末，本集團已不再確認預期信貸虧損所產生的可扣稅暫時性差異約 1,584,000 港元（二零二三年：約 1,087,000 港元）。由於不大可能存有應課稅溢利可用作抵銷可扣稅暫時性差異，故並無就該等可扣稅暫時性差異確認一項遞延稅項資產。

於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日，本集團中國附屬公司賺取的溢利應佔暫時性差異約 2,243,000 港元（二零二三年：約 2,840,000 港元）並未在綜合財務報表中計提遞延稅項，乃由於本集團可控制撥回暫時性差異的時間，而暫時性差異很可能於可見將來不會撥回。

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32. SHARE CAPITAL

32. 股本

Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 (2023: HK\$0.01) each	普通股每股面值0.10港元 (二零二三年：0.01港元)	2024 二零二四年		2023 二零二三年	
		Number of shares 股份數目	Amount (HK\$'000) 金額 (千港元)	Number of shares 股份數目	Amount (HK\$'000) 金額 (千港元)
Authorised:	法定：				
At beginning of the year	於年初	20,000,000,000	200,000	1,000,000,000	200,000
Capital Reduction (note a)	股本削減(附註a)	-	-	-	(190,000)
Share consolidation (note d)	股份合併(附註d)	(18,000,000,000)	-	-	-
		2,000,000,000	200,000	1,000,000,000	10,000
Increase in authorised share capital (note a)	法定股本增加 (附註a)	-	-	19,000,000,000	190,000
At end of the year	於年終	2,000,000,000	200,000	20,000,000,000	200,000
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足：				
At beginning of the year	於年初	3,427,293,400	34,273	342,572,857	68,515
Capital Reduction (note a)	股本削減(附註a)	-	-	-	(65,089)
Share consolidation (note d)	股份合併(附註d)	(3,084,564,060)	-	-	-
		342,729,340	34,273	342,572,857	3,426
Investor's Subscription (note b)	投資者認購事項(附註b)	-	-	2,260,980,856	22,610
Scheme Shares Issue (note c)	計劃股份發行(附註c)	-	-	823,739,687	8,237
Placing of shares (note e)	配售股份(附註e)	68,490,000	6,849	-	-
At end of the year	於年終	411,219,340	41,122	3,427,293,400	34,273

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32. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

Notes:

- a. As set out in the circular of the Company dated 5 August 2022, the Board proposed the Capital Reorganisation to reorganise the share capital of the Company in the following manner: (i) Share Premium Cancellation: the entire amount in the sum of approximately HK\$1,059.7 million standing to the credit of the share premium account of the Company would be cancelled to set off against part of the total accumulated losses of the Company of approximately HK\$2,114.4 million as at 31 December 2021; (ii) Capital Reduction, the issued share capital of the Company be reduced by cancelling the paid-up capital of the Company to the extent of HK\$0.19 on each of the then issued Shares such that the par value of each issued Share would be reduced from HK\$0.20 to HK\$0.01 (each a “**New Share**”) and the total credit of approximately HK\$65.1 million arising therefrom would be applied to further set off the accumulated losses of the Company of approximately HK\$2,114.4 million as at 31 December 2021. After the completion of the Capital Reduction and the Share Premium Cancellation, the total amount of set-off to the accumulated losses amounted to HK\$1,124.8 million; and (iii) Unissued Share Capital Cancellation: immediately following the Capital Reduction, the existing unissued share capital of the Company of HK\$131,485,428.6 would, after the completion of the Capital Reduction, be cancelled in its entirety. Forthwith upon the Unissued Share Capital Cancellation becoming effective, the authorised share capital of the Company would be increased to HK\$200,000,000 by the creation of such number of additional New Shares as should be sufficient to increase the authorised share capital of the Company to HK\$200,000,000 divided into 20,000,000,000 New Shares.

The Capital Reorganisation took effect on 17 May 2023 following: (i) the passing of the necessary resolutions by the shareholders of the Company to approve the Capital Reorganisation at an extraordinary meeting on 30 August 2022; (ii) the Grand Court confirming the Capital Reduction on 14 April 2023; (iii) registration by the Registrar of Companies in the Cayman Islands on 1 May 2023 of a copy of the order of the Grand Court confirming the Capital Reduction and the minute approved by the Grand Court containing the particulars required under the Companies Act of the Cayman Islands with respect to the Capital Reduction; and (iv) the Listing Committee of the Stock Exchange granting approval for the listing of, and permission to deal in, the New Shares in issue following the Capital Reorganisation taking effect on 16 May 2023.

32. 股本(續)

附註：

- a. 誠如本公司日期為二零二二年八月五日的通函所載，董事會建議資本重組，擬按以下方式重組本公司股本：(i)註銷股份溢價：本公司股份溢價賬戶的全部進賬金額約1,059,700,000港元將被註銷，以抵銷本公司在二零二一年十二月三十一日的部份累計虧損總額約2,114,400,000港元；(ii)股本削減：削減本公司之已發行股本，透過將本公司每股當時已發行股份之已繳足股本註銷0.19港元，將已發行股份每股面值由0.20港元削減至0.01港元(各為一股「**新股**」)，由此產生的約65,100,000港元總進賬將用於進一步抵銷本公司於二零二一年十二月三十一日的累計虧損約2,114,400,000港元。於完成股本削減及註銷股份溢價後，用以抵銷累計虧損之總額為1,124,800,000港元；及(iii)註銷未發行股本：緊隨股本削減後，本公司現有未發行股本131,485,428.6港元將於股本削減完成後全部註銷。待註銷未發行股本生效後，透過增設額外新股份(足以增加本公司法定股本至200,000,000港元，分為20,000,000,000股新股份)將本公司法定股本增加至200,000,000港元。

資本重組於以下條件達成後於二零二三年五月十七日生效：(i)本公司股東於二零二二年八月三十日的股東特別大會上通過必要決議案以批准資本重組；(ii)大法院於二零二三年四月十四日確認股本削減；(iii)開曼群島公司註冊處處長於二零二三年五月一日登記大法院確認股本削減之命令以及經大法院批准載有開曼群島公司法項下所規定有關股本削減詳情之會議紀錄；及(iv)聯交所上市委員會於二零二三年五月十六日批准資本重組生效後發行的新股上市及買賣。

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32. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

Notes: (continued)

- b. According to the Restructuring Agreement, completion of the Investor's Subscription took place on 11 July 2023, under which 2,260,980,856 New Shares were allotted and issued to the Investor at the issue price of HK\$0.044 per New Share.

- c. According to the Scheme, 823,739,687 New Shares were allotted and issued to China Wood Scheme Limited holding for and on behalf of the Creditors, credited as fully paid, for further distribution to the Creditors on the basis of 1 New Share for every HK\$1.80 in the amount of Admitted Claims from the Creditors in accordance with the terms of the Scheme.

The fair value of each New Share issued under the Scheme has been determined at HK\$0.072 per New Share, with reference to the open market price at the date when the debts were discharged pursuant to the Scheme.

- d. Pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed by shareholders of the Company at the extraordinary general meeting of the Company on 14 June 2024, the Company effected the consolidation of every 10 issued and unissued ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each on the share capital of the Company into 1 ordinary share of HK\$0.10 each on 18 June 2024. Details of the consolidation of ordinary shares are set out in the Company's announcements dated 10 May 2024 and 14 June 2024.

- e. On 20 September 2024, the Company, through a placing agent completed the placing (the "**Placing**") of 68,490,000 new shares, which rank pari passu in all respects among themselves and with the existing shares in issue on the date of allotment under the general mandate granted by the shareholders of the Company at the annual general meeting held on 14 June 2024 to no less than 6 placees, all being independent third parties to the Company, at issue price of HK\$0.226 per share. The net proceeds from the Placing received by the Company, after deducting all related costs, fees, expenses and commission, were approximately HK\$15,244,000.

32. 股本(續)

附註：(續)

- b. 根據重組協議，投資者認購事項於二零二三年七月十一日完成，據此，2,260,980,856股新股已按發行價每股新股0.044港元配發及發行予投資者。

- c. 根據計劃，823,739,687股新股已根據計劃的條款按債權人獲認可債權金額中每1.80港元獲發一股新股的基準配發及發行予China Wood Scheme Limited(為及代表債權人持有)，並入賬列作繳足且將進一步分配予債權人。

根據計劃發行的每股新股的公平值參照根據計劃解除債務當日的公開市場價格確定為每股新股0.072港元。

- d. 根據股東於二零二四年六月十四日在本公司股東特別大會上通過的一項普通決議案，本公司於二零二四年六月十八日按每10股本公司股本每股面值0.01港元的已發行及未發行普通股合併為1股每股面值0.10港元的普通股。普通股合併詳情載於本公司日期分別為二零二四年五月十日及二零二四年六月十四日的公告內。

- e. 於二零二四年九月二十日，本公司透過配售代理，根據本公司股東於二零二四年六月十四日舉行的股東週年大會授予的一般授權按每股0.226港元的發行價，完成向不少於六名承配人配售68,490,000股新股份(「**配售事項**」)，其於所有方面於彼此之間及與配發當日的已發行股份享有同等地位，彼等均為本公司獨立第三方。扣除所有相關成本、費用、開支和佣金後，本公司從配售事項所收取的所得款項淨額約15,244,000港元。

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32. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

The Group's objective when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maximise the return to the shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance.

The Company reviews the capital structure frequently by considering the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. The Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues and share buy-backs as well as the issue of new debts, redemption of existing debts or selling assets to reduce debts.

The Company has the following externally imposed capital requirements: (a) to maintain listing of shares of the Company on the Stock Exchange, the Company is required to have a public float of at least 25% of its total issued share capital; (b) to meet financial covenants attached to interest-bearing borrowings.

32. 股本(續)

本集團管理資金旨在保障本集團持續經營的能力，並通過優化債務及股權餘額給予股東最大的回報。

本公司經常通過考慮資本成本及各類資本相關風險來檢討資本架構。本集團將通過支付股息，發行新股及購回股份，以及發行新債、贖回現有負債或出售資產以減少負債，平衡其整體資本架構。

本公司有以下外部施加資本要求：(a)為維持本公司股份於聯交所上市，本公司須至少擁有25%已發行股本總額的公眾持股量；(b)滿足計息借貸所附財務契諾。

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33. RESERVES

Group

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity of the consolidated financial statements.

Nature and purpose of reserves

a. Share premium

The share premium account of the Group includes: (i) the premium arising from the issue of new shares during the year and in prior years; (ii) amount transferred from share-based compensation reserve upon exercise of share options in prior years. The balance was partially applied for (i) dividend payout in prior years (ii) the expenses incurred in connection with issuance of new shares during the year and in prior years; and (iii) set-off of the accumulated losses as part of the Capital Reorganisation.

b. Capital reserve

The capital reserve represented the excess of paid-in capital of the companies comprising the Group, being proceeds from the issue of preference shares without voting rights issued by a subsidiary included in the Excluded Companies to certain independent third parties in prior years. The amount was transferred to accumulated losses during the year ended 31 December 2023 upon the deconsolidation of the Excluded Companies.

c. Foreign currency translation reserve

The foreign currency translation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operation. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 4(c) to the consolidated financial statements.

33. 儲備

本集團

本集團儲備的款項及其於本年度及過往年度的變動呈列於綜合財務報表綜合權益變動表內。

儲備的性質及目的

a. 股份溢價

本集團股份溢價賬包括：(i)於年內及過往年度發行新股產生之溢價；(ii)過往年度行使購股權後自股份補償儲備中轉撥的金額。餘額部分用於(i)過往年度的股息派付；(ii)於年內及過往年度就發行新股產生之開支；及(iii)抵銷累計虧損。

b. 資本儲備

資本儲備指組成本集團的公司的實繳資本盈餘，乃過往年度除外公司內的一間附屬公司向若干獨立第三方發行的無表決權優先股所得款項。該金額於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度在除外公司獲取消合併時轉移至累計虧損。

c. 外幣匯兌儲備

外幣匯兌儲備包含因換算海外業務財務報表而產生的所有匯兌差額。儲備乃根據綜合財務報表附註4(c)中所載的會計政策予以處理。

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34. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries as at 31 December 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and operation 註冊成立/ 註冊及經營地點	Particular of issued share capital 已發行股本詳情	Percentage of ownership interest/ voting power/profit sharing 擁有權/表決權/ 應佔溢利百分比		Principal activities 主要業務
			Direct 直接	Indirect 間接	
Asia Pacific Forestry Development (HK) Limited 亞太森林開發(香港)有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary share of HK\$1 1港元的普通股	100% (2023: 100%) (二零二三年: 100%)	–	Investment holding 投資控股
Beijing Tu An Car Rental Services Limited* (note (a)) 北京途安汽車租賃有限責任公司 (附註(a))	PRC 中國	Registered capital of RMB10,000,000 人民幣10,000,000 的註冊資本	–	– (2023: 100%) (二零二三年: 100%)	Provision of car rental services 提供汽車租賃服務
Easy Top Ace Limited 頂王有限公司	BVI 英屬維爾京群島	Ordinary share of US\$1 1美元的普通股	100% (2023: 100%) (二零二三年: 100%)	–	Investment holding and trading and processing of functional food and beverage products 投資控股以及功能食品及飲料產品買賣及加工
Shenzhen Weijianbao Food Technology Co., Ltd.* (note (b)) 深圳維健寶食品科技有限公司 (附註(b))	PRC 中國	Registered capital of RMB1,000,000, 人民幣1,000,000元 的註冊資本	–	100% (2023: N/A) (二零二三年: 不適用)	Trading and processing of functional food and beverage products 功能食品及飲料產品買賣及加工

34. 於附屬公司的投資

主要的附屬公司於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日的詳情如下：

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34. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

34. 於附屬公司的投資(續)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and operation 註冊成立/ 註冊及經營地點	Particular of issued share capital 已發行股本詳情	Percentage of ownership interest/ voting power/profit sharing 擁有權/表決權/ 應佔溢利百分比		Principal activities 主要業務
			Direct 直接	Indirect 間接	
China Wood Green Resources (Shenzhen) Co., Limited* (note(b)) 中木綠色資源(深圳)有限公司(附註(b))	PRC 中國	Registered capital of RMB10,000,000 人民幣10,000,000元 的註冊資本	–	100% (2023: 100%) (二零二三年： 100%)	Trading and processing of furniture wood 傢俬用木材交易及加工
Qingdao Jinhuifeng Wood Industry Co., Limited* (note (b)) 青島金惠豐木業有限公司(附註(b))	PRC 中國	Registered capital of USD20,000,000 20,000,000美元 的註冊資本	–	100% (2023: 100%) (二零二三年： 100%)	Trading and processing of wood products 木材產品之交易及加工
Fame Steps Limited 譽步有限公司	BVI 英屬維爾京群島	Ordinary share of USD50,000 50,000美元的普通股	100% (2023: 100%) (二零二三年： 100%)	–	Trading and processing of furniture and other wooden products 傢俬及其他木材產品交易及 加工

* English name for identification purpose only

Notes:

(a) Disposed on 28 October 2024 as part of the Disposal Group.

(b) These subsidiaries are registered as limited liability company (wholly foreign-owned enterprise) under the PRC Law.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net liabilities/assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, result in particulars of excessive length.

附註：

(a) 作為出售集團的一部分於二零二四年十月二十八日出售。

(b) 該等附屬公司乃根據中國法律註冊為有限公司(外商獨資企業)。

本公司董事認為，上表所列本公司的附屬公司乃主要影響本集團本年度業績或組成本集團淨負債／資產的重要部分。本公司董事認為載列其他附屬公司的詳情會令篇幅過長。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024
截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

35. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

a. Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

35. 綜合現金流量表附註

a. 融資活動產生之負債對賬

		Interest payables included in other payables 計入其他應付款項的應付利息 HK\$'000 千港元	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 HK\$'000 千港元	Bank and other borrowings 銀行及其他借貸 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2024	於二零二四年一月一日	9,628	13,501	14,120
Changes from financing cash flows:	融資現金流量變動：			
Raising of new interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	籌措新計息銀行及其他借貸	-	-	4,247
Capital element of lease rental paid	已付租賃租金的資本部分	-	(4,633)	-
Interest element of lease rental paid	已付租賃租金的利息部分	-	(924)	-
Repayment of bank and other borrowings	償還銀行及其他借貸	-	-	(5,447)
		-	(5,557)	(1,200)
Other changes:	其他變動：			
Interest charge	利息開支	-	924	-
Disposal of the Disposal Group	出售該出售集團	(9,311)	(16)	(13,624)
Exchange difference	匯兌差額	(317)	(27)	704
		(9,628)	881	(12,920)
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	-	8,825	-

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024
截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

35. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

a. Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities (continued)

		Interest payables included in other payables 計入其他應付款項的應付利息 HK\$'000 千港元	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 HK\$'000 千港元	Bank and other borrowings 銀行及其他借貸 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日	273,683	994	846,873
Changes from financing cash flows:	融資現金流量變動：			
Raising of new interest-bearing bank and other borrowings	籌措新計息銀行及其他借貸	–	–	25,310
Capital element of lease rental paid	已付租賃租金的資本部分	–	(1,751)	–
Interest element of lease rental paid	已付租賃租金的利息部分	–	(169)	–
Repayment of bank and other borrowings	償還銀行及其他借貸	–	–	(86,947)
		–	(1,920)	(61,637)
Other changes:	其他變動：			
Interest charge	利息支出	68,435	169	–
Increase in lease liabilities	租賃負債增加	–	14,289	–
Deconsolidation of Excluded Companies	取消合併除外公司	(331,453)	–	(769,542)
Exchange difference	匯兌差額	(1,037)	(31)	(1,574)
		(264,055)	14,427	(771,116)
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日	9,628	13,501	14,120

35. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

a. 融資活動產生之負債對賬(續)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024
截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

35. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

b. Disposal of the Disposal Group

As referred to in note 17 to the consolidated financial statements, on 28 October 2024, the Group discontinued its car rental business at the time of the disposal of the Disposal Group.

Net cash flows arising on disposal of the Disposal Group at the date of disposal of 28 October 2024 were as follows:

35. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

b. 出售該出售集團

誠如綜合財務報表附註17所述，於二零二四年十月二十八日，本集團在出售該出售集團時終止其汽車租賃業務。

於出售日期二零二四年十月二十八日的因出售該出售集團產生的現金流量淨額如下：

		HK\$'000 千港元
Property, plant and equipment (note 19)	物業、廠房及設備(附註19)	3,289
Right-of-use assets (note 20)	使用權資產(附註20)	6
Intangible assets (note 22)	無形資產(附註22)	9,207
Trade receivable	應收帳款	845
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	預付款項、存款及其他應收款項	2,813
Cash and bank balances	銀行及現金結餘	13
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	(62)
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款款及應計款項	(70,984)
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借貸	(13,624)
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	(16)
Deferred tax liabilities (note 31)	遞延稅項負債(附註31)	(876)
Net liabilities disposed of	已出售負債淨額	(69,389)
Release of foreign currency translation reserve	解除外幣換算儲備	(379)
Gain on disposal of the Disposal Group (note 17)	出售該出售集團所得收益(附註17)	69,818
Total consideration	總代價	50
Consideration satisfied by	按下列分類的代價：	
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	50
Net cash inflow arising on disposal of the Disposal Group:	出售該出售集團時所得現金流入淨額：	
Cash consideration received	已收現金代價	50
Cash and cash equivalents disposed of	已出售現金及現金等價物	(13)
		37

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024
截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

35. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

c. Total cash outflow for leases

Amounts included in the consolidated statement of cash flows for leases comprise the following:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within operating cash flows	於經營現金流量內	284	1,052
Within financing cash flows	於融資現金流量內	5,557	1,920
		5,841	2,972

These amounts relate to the following:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Lease rental paid	已付租賃租金	5,841	2,972

35. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

c. 租賃現金流出總額

租賃計入綜合現金流量表中的金額包括以下：

	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within operating cash flows	284	1,052
Within financing cash flows	5,557	1,920
	5,841	2,972

該等金額與下列有關：

	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Lease rental paid	5,841	2,972

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024
截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

36. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

a. As lessor

Minimum lease payments receivable on leases are as follows:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year	一年內	–	5,565
In the second year	於第二年	–	1,294
Total	總計	–	6,859

The following table presents the amounts reported in profit or loss:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
From discontinued operations	來自已終止經營業務		
Lease income on operating leases	經營租賃的租賃收入	5,850	11,326

b. As lessee

The Group regularly entered into short-term leases for motor vehicles and offices. As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the portfolio of short-term leases is similar to the portfolio of short-term leases to which the expenses relating to short-term leases disclosed in note 20 to the consolidated financial statements.

As at 31 December 2024, the outstanding lease commitments relating to these motor vehicles and offices was HK\$Nil (2023: approximately HK\$148,000).

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Group has no new lease being entered into and not yet commenced.

36. 經營租賃安排

a. 作為出租人

租賃的應收最低租賃付款如下：

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year	一年內	–	5,565
In the second year	於第二年	–	1,294
Total	總計	–	6,859

下表列出於損益中報告的金額：

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
From discontinued operations	來自已終止經營業務		
Lease income on operating leases	經營租賃的租賃收入	5,850	11,326

b. 作為承租人

本集團定期訂立汽車及辦公室短期租賃。於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日，短期租賃組合與綜合財務報表附註20中披露的與短期租賃有關的開支的短期租賃組合相似。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日，有關該等汽車及辦公室的未償還租賃承擔為零港元(二零二三年：約148,000港元)。

於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日，本集團並無已訂立但尚未開始的新租賃。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024
截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

37. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

- a. In addition to the transactions detailed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, the Group had the following transactions with related parties during the year:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Finance cost paid to a related company (note)	向關連公司支付的融資成本 (附註)	—	2,290
Investor subscription paid from a related company (note)	來自關連公司支付的投資者認購事項 (附註)	—	99,483

Note:

Mr. Lyu NingJiang, a director of the Company, is also a director of the related company in 2024 and 2023.

37. 關連方交易

- a. 除該等綜合財務報表其他部分所詳述的交易外，本集團年內曾與關連方進行下列交易：

附註：

於二零二四年及二零二三年，呂寧江先生為本公司董事，亦為關連公司董事。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024
截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

37. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

- b. Compensation of key management personnel of the Group, including amounts paid or payable to the Company's directors, is as follows:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Short term employee benefits	短期僱員福利	1,430	2,160
Post-employment benefits	離職後福利	18	18
Total compensation paid or payable to key management personnel	向主要管理人員支付或應付的酬金總額	1,448	2,178

Further details of directors' emoluments are included in note 13 to the consolidated financial statements.

37. 關連方交易(續)

- b. 本集團主要管理人員之薪酬，包括已付或應付予本公司董事之金額如下：

董事薪酬的進一步詳情載於綜合財務報表附註13。

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024
截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

38. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY

a. Statement of financial position of the Company

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產		
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	4	14
Current assets	流動資產		
Prepayments	預付款項	3,822	4,022
Amounts due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	11,073	2,683
Bank balances	銀行結餘	113	60
		15,008	6,765
Current liabilities	流動負債		
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計款項	7,627	12,993
Other borrowings	其他借貸	–	418
		7,627	13,411
Net current assets/(liabilities)	流動資產／(負債)淨額	7,381	(6,646)
NET ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)	資產／(負債)淨額	7,385	(6,632)
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備		
Share capital	股本	41,122	34,273
Reserves	儲備	(33,737)	(40,905)
TOTAL EQUITY/ (CAPITAL DEFICIENCIES)	權益總額／ (資本虧絀)	7,385	(6,632)

Approved by the Board of Directors on 18 March 2025
and are signed on its behalf by:

經董事會於二零二五年三月十八日
批准並由下列董事代為簽署：

Lyu NingJiang
呂寧江
Chairman and Executive Director
主席兼執行董事

Ng Lai Ha
吳麗霞
Executive Director
執行董事

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024
截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

38. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY

(continued)

b. Reserve movements of the Company

		Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日	1,059,713	(2,269,501)	(1,209,788)
Capital Reorganisation (note 32(a))	資本重組 (附註32(a))	(1,059,713)	1,124,802	65,089
Investor's Subscription (note 32(b))	投資者認購事項 (附註32(b))	76,872	–	76,872
Scheme Shares Issue (note 32(c))	計劃股份發行 (附註32(c))	51,072	–	51,072
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	年內溢利及全面 收入總額	–	975,850	975,850
At 31 December 2023 and at 1 January 2024	於二零二三年 十二月三十一日及 二零二四年一月一日	127,944	(168,849)	(40,905)
Placing of shares (note 32 (e))	配售股份 (附註32(e))	8,395	–	8,395
Loss and total comprehensive income for the year	年內虧損及全面 收入總額	–	(1,227)	(1,227)
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年 十二月三十一日	136,339	(170,076)	(33,737)

38. 本公司的財務狀況表及儲備變動 (續)

b. 本公司之儲備變動

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024
截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

39. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

On 28 January 2025, the Company issued a circular to the Shareholders, proposing the Rights Issue, to raise up to approximately HK\$45,600,000 by issuing 411,219,340 Rights Shares to the qualifying Shareholders. The Rights Issue was approved by the Independent Shareholders pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed at the extraordinary general meeting held on 18 February 2025. Details of the Rights Issue are disclosed in the Company's announcements dated 22 January 2025 and 18 February 2025, the Company's circular dated 28 January 2025 and the Company's prospectus dated 3 March 2025. The Rights Issue is expected to be completed by the end of March 2025.

40. COMPARATIVE FIGURE

Following the disposal of the Disposal Group (as described in notes 17 and 35(b) to the consolidated financial statements), which is classified as discontinued operations under HKFRS 5 "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations", certain comparative figures were restated to distinguish the results of the discontinued operations from the continuing operations.

39. 報告期後事項

於二零二五年一月二十八日，本公司向股東刊發通函，內容有關建議進行供股，通過向合資格股東發行411,219,340股供股股份籌集最高約45,600,000港元。獨立股東根據於二零二五年二月十八日舉行的股東特別大會通過的普通決議案批准供股。供股的詳情披露於本公司日期為二零二五年一月二十二日及二零二五年二月十八日的該等公告、本公司日期為二零二五年一月二十八日的通函及本公司日期為二零二五年三月三日的供股章程內。供股預期將於二零二五年三月底前完成。

40. 比較數字

出售該等出售集團（誠如綜合財務報表附註17及35(b)所述）後，根據香港財務報告準則第5號「持有出售的非流動資產及已終止經營業務」獲分類為已終止經營業務，而若干比較數字已獲重新呈列以區分持續經營業務與已終止經營業務的業績。

Five-Year Financial Summary

五年財務摘要

A summary of the Group's results for the last five financial years and the assets and liabilities of the Group as at 31 December 2024, 2023, 2022, 2021 and 2020 as extracted from the published audited financial statements, is set out below. No separate disclosures of continuing operations and discontinued operations were made on the financial figures for 2020 to 2022. The summary does not form part of the audited financial statements.

下文載列本集團於過去五個財政年度的業績及本集團於二零二四年、二零二三年、二零二二年、二零二一年及二零二零年十二月三十一日的資產及負債的概要，有關資料乃摘錄自已刊發經審核財務報表。並無於二零二零年至二零二二年的財務數字內對持續經營業務及已終止經營業務作出單獨披露。本概要並不構成經審核財務報表的一部分。

		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度				
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
RESULTS	業績					
REVENUE	收益	356,374	312,085	145,378	116,067	24,304
Cost of sales and services rendered	銷售及提供的服務成本	(327,145)	(275,082)	(121,266)	(101,651)	(19,906)
Gross profit	毛利	29,229	37,003	24,112	14,416	4,398
Other income, gains and (losses), net	其他收入、收益及(虧損)淨額	23	1	3,139	(48,192)	(374,992)
Allowances for ECLs on trade, loan and other receivables, net	應收賬款、貸款及其他應收款項預期信貸虧損撥備淨額	(3,484)	(2,543)	(35,578)	(2,850)	(348,305)
Provision for financial guarantee	財務擔保撥備	-	-	(1,000)	(2,000)	(7,200)
Selling and distribution expenses	銷售及分銷費用	(1,142)	(864)	(981)	(386)	(2,922)
Administrative expenses	行政費用	(24,991)	(25,301)	(22,443)	(15,762)	(44,617)
Other expenses	其他開支	-	-	-	(101,823)	(212,513)
Gain on the Scheme	計劃收益	-	1,273,377	-	-	-
Finance costs	融資成本	(926)	(68,315)	(113,738)	(117,730)	(120,129)
Share of results of: Joint ventures	應佔業績：合營公司	-	-	-	-	(1,091)
PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAX	除稅前溢利／(虧損)	(1,291)	1,213,358	(146,489)	(274,327)	(1,107,371)
Income tax (expense)/credit	所得稅(開支)／抵免	(3,553)	(4,844)	(3,913)	(233)	42,952
(Loss)/profit for the year from continuing operations	來自持續經營業務的年內(虧損)／溢利	(4,844)	1,208,514	(150,402)	(274,560)	(1,064,419)
Discontinued operations	已終止經營業務					
Profit/(loss) for the year from discontinued operations	來自已終止經營業務的年內溢利／(虧損)	68,625	(7,711)	-	-	-

Five-Year Financial Summary

五年財務摘要

		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度				
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (經重列)	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR	年內溢利／(虧損)	63,781	1,200,803	(150,402)	(274,560)	(1,064,419)
Attributable to:	以下各方應佔：					
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人	63,781	1,200,803	(150,133)	(274,550)	(1,055,985)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	-	-	(269)	(10)	(8,434)
		63,781	1,200,803	(150,402)	(274,560)	(1,064,419)

		As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日				
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	資產及負債					
TOTAL ASSETS	資產總值	66,700	128,298	196,155	230,825	163,211
TOTAL LIABILITIES	負債總額	(27,465)	(170,009)	(1,599,007)	(1,494,644)	(1,149,710)
		39,235	(41,711)	(1,402,852)	(1,263,819)	(986,499)



CHINA WOOD INTERNATIONAL HOLDING CO., LIMITED 中木國際控股有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)
(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

(Stock Code 股份代號 : 1822)

