

CSOP ETF SERIES* (*This includes synthetic ETFs) (An umbrella unit trust established in Hong Kong)

CSOP FTSE CHINA A50 ETF Stock Codes: 82822 (RMB counter) and 02822 (HKD counter) (A sub-fund of CSOP ETF Series* (*This includes synthetic ETFs))

Reports and Financial Statements FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024



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REPORT OF THE MANAGER TO THE UNITHOLDERS

Introduction

CSOP FTSE China A50 ETF (the "CSOP A50 ETF" or the "Sub-Fund"), a sub-fund of the CSOP ETF Series, is a unit trust authorized under the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571) of Hong Kong. It was launched on 23 August 2012 and commenced trading in RMB under the stock code 82822 on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "SEHK") on 28 August 2012; following the SEHK's dual counter model, the CSOP A50 ETF started trading in HKD under the stock code 02822 on the SEHK on 8 November 2012. The CSOP A50 ETF is benchmarked against the FTSE China A50 Index (the "A50 Index") and primarily adopts the full-replication strategy. The Manager and Qualified Foreign Investor ("QFI") Holder of the CSOP A50 ETF is CSOP Asset Management Limited (the "Manager"). The trustee is HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited (the "Trustee").

The CSOP A50 ETF is a physical ETF which invests directly in the A50 Index securities within the PRC through the QFI status of the Manager and/or the Stock Connect. Under current regulations in the PRC, generally foreign investors can invest in the domestic securities and/or futures market through (i) certain foreign institutional investors that have obtained status as a QFI from the CSRC to remit foreign freely convertible currencies and RMB into the PRC for the purpose of investing in the PRC's domestic securities and/or futures markets, or (ii) the Stock Connect Program.

The FTSE China A50 Index (the "Index") is compiled and published by FTSE International Limited. It comprises the top 50 A-Share companies from both the Shanghai and Shenzhen markets by market capitalisation. The Index operates under clearly defined rules published by the index provider and is a tradable index.

Capital Gains Tax ("CGT") Treatment

Rules governing taxes on capital gains derived by QFI from the trading of PRC Securities (including China A-Shares) was announced on 14 November 2014. According to the rules, investors are not required to pay capital gain tax from 17 November 2014. Therefore, the Manager did not make provision for any withholding tax after 17 November 2014.

The Sub-Fund Performance

The CSOP A50 ETF seeks to provide investment results, before fees and expenses, which closely correspond to the performance of the Index. As of 31 December 2024, the dealing Net Asset Value ("NAV") per unit of the CSOP A50 ETF was RMB12.0885 and there were 745,500,000 units outstanding. The total asset under management was approximately RMB9 billion.

As of 31 December 2024, the FTSE China A50 net return index performed 21.34% while the dealing NAV performed 16.82%. The difference in performance between the NAV of the CSOP A50 ETF and the Index is mainly attributed to dividends, fees and expenses including tax on dividends and distributions to unitholders.

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEE TO THE UNITHOLDERS

We hereby confirm that, in our opinion, the Manager of CSOP FTSE China A50 ETF (the "Sub-Fund"), a sub-fund of CSOP ETF Series* (*This includes synthetic ETFs), has, in all material respects, managed the Sub-Fund in accordance with the provisions of the Trust Deed dated 25 July 2012, as amended, for the year ended 31 December 2024.

HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited 29 April 2025

STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE MANAGER AND THE TRUSTEE

MANAGER'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The Manager of CSOP FTSE China A50 ETF (the "Sub-Fund"), a sub-fund of CSOP ETF Series* (*This includes synthetic ETFs), is required by the Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds established by the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong and the Trust Deed dated 25 July 2012, as amended, (the "Trust Deed") to prepare financial statements for each annual accounting period which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Sub-Fund at the end of the year and of the transactions for the year then ended. In preparing these financial statements the Manager is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are prudent and reasonable; and
- prepare the financial statements on the basis that the Sub-Fund will continue in operation unless it is inappropriate to presume this.

The Manager is also required to manage the Sub-Fund in accordance with the Trust Deed and take reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

CSOP ETF Series* (*This includes synthetic ETFs) (the "Trust") is an umbrella unit trust governed by its Trust Deed. As at 31 December 2024, the Trust has established fifteen sub-funds, namely, CSOP FTSE China A50 ETF (the "Sub-Fund"), CSOP SZSE ChiNext ETF* (*This is a synthetic ETF), ICBC CSOP S&P New China Sectors ETF, CSOP Hong Kong Dollar Money Market ETF, CSOP US Dollar Money Market ETF, CSOP CSI 500 ETF* (*This is a synthetic ETF), CSOP Hang Seng TECH Index ETF, CSOP Yinhua CSI 5G Communications Theme ETF, CSOP Bitcoin Futures ETF, CSOP Ether Futures ETF, CSOP Saudi Arabia ETF, CSOP Nikkei 225 Index ETF, CSOP MSCI HK China Connect Select ETF, CSOP Huatai-PineBridge CSI 300 ETF and CSOP MAG Seven ETF. CSOP Nikkei 225 Index ETF was incepted on 29 January 2024, CSOP MSCI HK China Connect Select ETF was incepted on 2 July 2024, CSOP Huatai-PineBridge CSI 300 ETF was incepted on 14 July 2024 and CSOP MAG Seven ETF was incepted on 5 November 2024.

TRUSTEE'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The Trustee of the Sub-Fund is required to:

- ensure that the Sub-Fund in all material respects is managed in accordance with the Trust Deed and that the investment and borrowing powers are complied with;
- satisfy itself that sufficient accounting and other records have been maintained;
- safeguard the property of the Sub-Fund and rights attaching thereto; and
- report to the unitholders for each annual accounting period should the Manager not managing the Sub-Fund in accordance to the Trust Deed.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF CSOP FTSE CHINA A50 ETF (A SUB-FUND OF CSOP ETF SERIES* (*THIS INCLUDES SYNTHETIC ETFS), AN UMBRELLA UNIT TRUST ESTABLISHED IN HONG KONG)

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

What we have audited

The financial statements of CSOP FTSE China A50 ETF (the "Sub-Fund"), a sub-fund of CSOP ETF Series* (This includes synthetic ETFs), which are set out on pages 8 to 32, comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024;
- the statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the statement of changes in net assets attributable to unitholders for the year then ended;
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the financial statements, comprising material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.

Our opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Sub-Fund as at 31 December 2024, and of its financial transactions and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Sub-Fund in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF CSOP FTSE CHINA A50 ETF (A SUB-FUND OF CSOP ETF SERIES* (*THIS INCLUDES SYNTHETIC ETFS), AN UMBRELLA UNIT TRUST ESTABLISHED IN HONG KONG)

Key Audit Matters (Continued)

Key audit matters identified in our audit are summarised as follows:

Other Information

The manager and the trustee (the "Management") of the Sub-Fund is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF CSOP FTSE CHINA A50 ETF (A SUB-FUND OF CSOP ETF SERIES* (*THIS INCLUDES SYNTHETIC ETFS), AN UMBRELLA UNIT TRUST ESTABLISHED IN HONG KONG) (CONTINUED)

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The Management of the Sub-Fund is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA, and for such internal control as the Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Management of the Sub-Fund is responsible for assessing the Sub-Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Management either intends to liquidate the Sub-Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

In addition, the Management of the Sub-Fund is required to ensure that the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the relevant disclosure provisions of the Trust Deed dated 25 July 2012, as amended (the "Trust Deed") and the relevant disclosure provisions of Appendix E of the Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds issued by the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission (the "SFC Code").

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. In addition, we are required to assess whether the financial statements of the Sub-Fund have been properly prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant disclosure provisions of the Trust Deed and the relevant disclosure provisions of Appendix E of the SFC Code.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sub-Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Sub-Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Sub-Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF CSOP FTSE CHINA A50 ETF (A SUB-FUND OF CSOP ETF SERIES* (*THIS INCLUDES SYNTHETIC ETFS), AN UMBRELLA UNIT TRUST ESTABLISHED IN HONG KONG) (CONTINUED)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (Continued)

We communicate with the Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Management with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Management, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on matters under the relevant disclosure provisions of the Trust Deed and the relevant disclosure provisions of Appendix E of the SFC Code

In our opinion, the financial statements have been properly prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant disclosure provisions of the Trust Deed and the relevant disclosure provisions of Appendix E of the SFC Code.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Kwan Wai Tuen, Josephine.

PricewaterhouseCoopers Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 29 April 2025

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 December 2024

ASSETS	Notes	2024 <i>RMB</i>	2023 <i>RMB</i>
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Deposit reserve	<i>6(c)</i>	259,824	347,200
CURRENT ASSETS			
Investments	6(c), 8(a), 8(d)	8,146,920,736	7,110,816,667
Derivative financial instruments	8(a), 8(b), 8(d)	860,194,000	755,223,000
Interest receivable from bank deposits		508	2,390
Interest receivable from derivative counterparties		913,405	1,140,513
Cash and cash equivalents	6(c), 8(b)	15,082,309	33,367,196
Total assets		9,023,370,782	7,900,896,966
LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES Cash collateral payable Management fee payable	6(a)	7,640,675	20,784,688 6,689,558
Trustee fee payable	6(b)	308,714	270,285
License fee payable		2,998,022	3,250,947
Other accounts payable		466,172	468,833
Total liabilities		11,413,583	31,464,311
EQUITY			
Net assets attributable to unitholders	3	9,011,957,199	7,869,432,655

The financial statements on pages 8 to 32 were approved by the Trustee and the Manager on 29 April 2025 and were signed on their behalf.

For and on behalf of

For and on behalf of

CSOP Asset Management Limited as the Manager

HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited as the Trustee

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 December 2024

		Year ended 31 December	Year ended 31 December
		2024	2023
	Notes	RMB	RMB
INCOME			
Dividend income		304,791,079	300,409,603
Interest income from bank deposits	$\delta(c)$	266,665	100,470
Interest income from derivative counterparties		3,871,260	4,808,200
Net gain/(loss) on investments and derivative financial			
instruments	4	1,217,405,345	(1,187,936,770)
Net foreign currency gain		912	339
Other income		4,035,637	1,998,842
Total net income/(loss)		1,530,370,898	(880,619,316)
EXPENSES			
Management fee	6(a)	(81,705,124)	(94,350,075)
Trustee fee	6(b)	(3,301,217)	(3,812,124)
Transaction costs on investments	7	(8,266,802)	(12,618,634)
Audit fee		(359,041)	(488,115)
Safe custody and bank charges	6(e)	(984,469)	(1,383,783)
Legal and other professional fee		(33,338)	(8,087)
License fee		(5,719,359)	(6,604,505)
Other operating expenses	6(e)	(1,157,945)	(1,841,795)
Total operating expenses		(101,527,295)	(121,107,118)
Operating profit/(loss)		1,428,843,603	(1,001,726,434)
FINANCE COSTS			
Interest expense		(487,453)	(40,684)
interest enpense			(10,001)
Profit/(loss) before taxation		1,428,356,150	(1,001,767,118)
Taxation	5	(28,809,556)	(28,877,643)
Total comprehensive income/(loss)		1,399,546,594	(1,030,644,761)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS

For the year ended 31 December 2024

Net assets attributable to unitholders at the beginning	Notes	Year ended 31 December 2024 <i>RMB</i>	Year ended 31 December 2023 <i>RMB</i>
of the year		7,869,432,655	9,200,966,716
Issue of units		1,350,393,900	891,275,800
Redemption of units		(1,368,855,950)	(933,595,100)
		(1,500,055,750)	
Net decrease from unit transactions		(18,462,050)	(42,319,300)
Distribution to unitholders	9	(238,560,000)	(258,570,000)
Total comprehensive income/(loss)		1,399,546,594	(1,030,644,761)
Net assets attributable to unitholders at the end of the year		9,011,957,199	7,869,432,655

The movements of the redeemable units for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	Year ended 31 December 2024	Year ended 31 December 2023
	Units	Units
Number of units in issue at the beginning of the year	760,500,000	771,500,000
Units issued	109,500,000	72,000,000
Units redeemed	(124,500,000)	(83,000,000)
Number of units in issue at the end of the year	745,500,000	760,500,000

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended 31 December 2024

	Year ended 31 December 2024 <i>RMB</i>	Year ended 31 December 2023 <i>RMB</i>
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Payments for purchase of investments	(3,660,193,563)	(5,085,716,262)
Proceeds from sale of investments	3,710,984,988	5,167,109,356
Net receipts from derivative activities	25,539,763	10,230,695
Dividend income received, net of tax	275,982,658	272,010,858
Interest received from bank deposits	267,412	97,373
Interest received from derivative counterparties	4,098,368	4,580,923
Other income received	4,035,637	1,998,842
Management fee paid	(80,754,007)	(95,295,514)
Trustee fee paid	(3,262,788)	(3,850,324)
Transaction costs paid	(8,266,802)	(12,618,634)
Other operating expenses paid	(8,509,738)	(10,437,843)
(Decrease)/increase in cash collateral payable	(20,784,688)	20,784,688
Deposit reserve received/(paid)	87,376	(347,200)
Net cash generated from operating activities	239,224,616	268,546,958
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Interest paid	(487,453)	(40,684)
Proceeds on issue of units	1,350,393,900	891,275,800
Payments on redemption of units	(1,368,855,950)	(936,930,392)
Distribution paid	(238,560,000)	(258,570,000)
Net cash used in financing activities	(257,509,503)	(304,265,276)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(18,284,887)	(35,718,318)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	33,367,196	69,085,514
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	15,082,309	33,367,196
Analysis of balances of cash and cash equivalents Bank balances	15,082,309	33,367,196

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

CSOP ETF Series* (*This includes synthetic ETFs) (the "Trust") is an umbrella unit trust governed by its trust deed dated 25 July 2012, as amended, (the "Trust Deed") and authorised by the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong (the "SFC") pursuant to Section 104(1) of the Securities and Futures Ordinance. The terms of the Trust Deed are governed by the laws of Hong Kong. As at 31 December 2024, the Trust has fifteen sub-funds which are CSOP FTSE China A50 ETF (the "Sub-Fund"), CSOP SZSE ChiNext ETF* (*This is a synthetic ETF), ICBC CSOP S&P New China Sectors ETF, CSOP Hong Kong Dollar Money Market ETF, CSOP US Dollar Money Market ETF, CSOP CSI 500 ETF* (*This is a synthetic ETF), CSOP Hang Seng TECH Index ETF, CSOP Yinhua CSI 5G Communications Theme ETF, CSOP MSCI HK China Connect Select ETF, CSOP Huatai-PineBridge CSI 300 ETF and CSOP MAG Seven ETF. CSOP Nikkei 225 Index ETF was incepted on 29 January 2024, CSOP MSCI HK China Connect Select ETF was incepted on 2 July 2024, CSOP Huatai-PineBridge CSI 300 ETF was incepted on 14 July 2024 and CSOP MAG Seven ETF was incepted on 5 November 2024. The date of inception of the Sub-Fund was 23 August 2012. The Sub-Fund is listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

The manager and the trustee of the Sub-Fund are CSOP Asset Management Limited (the "Manager") and HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited (the "Trustee") respectively.

The investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to provide investment results that, before deduction of fees and expenses, closely correspond to the performance of the underlying index, namely, FTSE China A50 Index (the "Underlying Index"). In order to achieve the investment objective of the Sub-Fund, the Manager will primarily adopt a full replication strategy by directly investing all, or substantially all, of the assets of the Sub-Fund in index securities constituting the Underlying Index in substantially the same weightings (i.e. proportions) as these index securities have in the Underlying Index. The Manager may also use a representative sampling strategy to invest in:

- i. A representative sample whose performance is closely correlated with the Underlying Index, but whose constituents may or may not themselves be constituents of the Underlying Index.
- ii. Other collective investment schemes (CIS). The Sub-Fund's ability to invest in other CIS may not exceed 10% of the Net Asset Value of the Sub-Fund and the Sub-Fund will not hold more than 10% of any units issued by any single CIS.

The Manager may also invest in financial derivative instruments (the "FDIs") (mainly swaps with one or more counterparties) with no more than 15% of the Sub-Fund's NAV for investment and hedging purposes, where the Manager believes such investments will help the Sub-Fund achieve its investment objective and are beneficial to the Sub-Fund. The swaps which may be invested by the Sub-Fund will be funded total return swap transactions whereby the Sub-Fund will pass on the relevant portion of cash to the swap counterparties and in return the Swap Counterparties will provide the Sub-Fund with an exposure to the economic gain/loss in the performance of the relevant securities (net of indirect costs). Exposure of the Sub-Fund to the index securities (either through direct investment or FDIs) will be in substantially the same weightings (i.e. proportions) as these Index Securities have in the Underlying Index.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. GENERAL INFORMATION (Continued)

In pursuing a representative sampling strategy, the Manager may cause the Sub-Fund to deviate from the index weighting on the condition that the maximum deviation from the index weighting of any constituent will not exceed 3 percentage points above such weighting.

The Sub-Fund has been using FTSE China A50 net total return index as its underlying index.

Under current regulations in the People's Republic of China ("PRC"), generally foreign investors can invest in the domestic securities and/or futures market through (i) certain foreign institutional investors that have obtained status as a Qualified Foreign Investors ("QFI") from the China Securities Regulatory Commission ("CSRC") to remit foreign freely convertible currencies and Renminbi ("RMB") into the PRC for the purpose of investing in the PRC's domestic securities and/or futures markets, or (ii) the Stock Connect Program.

The Sub-Fund directly invests in securities issued within the PRC through the QFI status of the Manager and the Stock Connect.

These financial statements are prepared for the Sub-Fund only. The financial statements for CSOP Saudi Arabia ETF, CSOP SZSE ChiNext ETF* (*This is a synthetic ETF), ICBC CSOP S&P New China Sectors ETF, CSOP Hong Kong Dollar Money Market ETF, CSOP US Dollar Money Market ETF, CSOP CSI 500 ETF* (*This is a synthetic ETF), CSOP Hang Seng TECH Index ETF, CSOP Yinhua CSI 5G Communications Theme ETF, CSOP Bitcoin Futures ETF and CSOP Ether Futures ETF will be prepared separately. CSOP Nikkei 225 Index ETF was incepted on 29 January 2024 with the first financial statements to be issued for the period from 29 January 2024 (date of inception) to 31 December 2024. For CSOP MSCI HK China Connect Select ETF, CSOP Huatai-PineBridge CSI 300 ETF and CSOP MAG Seven ETF, the first financial statements will be issue for the period ending 31 December 2025.

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The material accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

(a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Sub-Fund have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKFRSs").

HKFRSs comprise the following authoritative literature:

- Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards
- Hong Kong Accounting Standards
- Interpretations developed by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of investments and derivative financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the Trustee and the Manager (together the "Management") to exercise their judgment in the process of applying the Sub-Fund's accounting policies.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(a) **Basis of preparation (Continued)**

Standards and amendments to existing standards effective 1 January 2024

The Sub-Fund has applied the following new and amended standards for its annual reporting period commencing 1 January 2024:

• Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and Non-current liabilities with covenants – Amendments to HKAS 1.

The amendments listed above did not have any material impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods.

New standards, amendments and interpretations effective after 1 January 2024 that are relevant to the Sub-Fund and have not been early adopted by the Sub-Fund

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 January 2024 and have not been early adopted in preparing these financial statements. The Sub-Fund is currently still assessing the effect of these forthcoming standards and amendments:

- Amendments to HKAS 21 Lack of Exchangeability (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025)
- Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026)
- HKFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027)

(b) Financial instruments

(i) Classification

The Sub-Fund classifies its investments based on both the Sub-Fund's business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The portfolio of financial assets is managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis. The Sub-Fund is primarily focused on fair value information and uses that information to assess the assets' performance and to make decisions. The Sub-Fund has not taken the option to irrevocably designate any equity securities as fair value through other comprehensive income. Consequently, all investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

(ii) Recognition/derecognition

Purchases and sales of investments are accounted for on the trade date basis - the date on which the Sub-Fund commits to purchase or sell the investments. Investments are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or the Sub-Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(b) Financial instruments (Continued)

(iii) Measurement

2.

Investments are initially recognised at fair value. Transaction costs are expensed as incurred in the statement of comprehensive income.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all investments are measured at fair value. Realised and unrealised gains and losses on investments are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income in the year in which they arise.

(iv) Fair value estimation

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives and trading securities) are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the reporting date. The Sub-Fund utilises the last traded market price for both listed financial assets and liabilities where the last traded price falls within the bid-ask spread. In circumstances where the last traded price is not within the bid-ask spread, the Management will determine the point within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value.

The fair value of financial assets that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-thecounter derivatives) is determined by using broker quotes or valuation techniques.

(v) Transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy

Transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy are deemed to have occurred at the beginning of the reporting period.

(vi) Derivatives

A financial asset or financial liability is classified as held for trading if it is acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term or is part of a portfolio of identifiable financial investments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit taking. Derivatives are also categorised as held for trading unless they are designated as hedges. The Sub-Fund does not classify any derivatives as hedges in a hedging relationship.

Financial assets and financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss at inception are financial instruments that are not classified as held for trading but are managed, and their performance is evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Sub-Fund's documented investment strategy.

The Sub-Fund's policy requires the Manager to evaluate the information about these financial assets and liabilities on a fair value basis together with other related financial information.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(b) Financial instruments (Continued)

(vii) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the company or the counterparty.

(c) Expected credit losses on financial assets measured at amortised cost

At each reporting date, the Sub-Fund shall measure the loss allowance on financial assets measured at amortised cost at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. If, at the reporting date, the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Sub-Fund shall measure the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. Significant financial difficulties of the counterparty, probability that the counterparty will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default in payments are all considered indicators that a loss allowance may be required. If the credit risk increases to the point that it is considered to be credit impaired, financial assets measured at amortised cost will be calculated based on the gross carrying amount adjusted for the loss allowance. A significant increase in credit risk is defined by Management as any contractual payment which is more than 30 days past due. Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit impaired.

(d) Amounts due to participating dealers/ brokers

Amounts due to participating dealers represent the redemption payable to the participating dealers at the end of the reporting year. The amounts are non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.

Amounts due to brokers represent payables for securities purchased that have been contracted for but not yet delivered on the statement of financial position date.

These amounts are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost.

(e) Dividend income and interest income

Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date with the corresponding foreign withholding taxes recorded as an expense.

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportionate basis using the effective interest method.

(f) Distributions to unitholders

Distributions to unitholders are recognised in the statement of changes in net assets attributable to unitholders when they are approved by the Manager. The Manager may, at its discretion, pay dividend out of capital.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(g) Other income/expenses

Other income/expense mainly represents the difference between the proceeds received from/paid to participating dealers and cost of investment purchased/sold and expense reimbursement by the manager.

(h) Transaction costs on investments

Transaction costs are costs incurred to acquire/dispose financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. They include fees and commissions paid to agents, brokers and dealers. Transaction costs, when incurred, are immediately recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as an expense.

(i) Expenses

Expenses are accounted for on an accrual basis.

(j) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, cash at bank, demand deposits and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

(k) Foreign currencies translation

Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Sub-Fund operates (the "functional currency"). The Sub-Fund invests in A-Shares in the PRC and the performance of the Sub-Fund is measured and reported to the unitholders in RMB. The Manager considers RMB as the currency that most faithfully represents the economic effects of the underlying transactions, events and conditions. The financial statements are presented in RMB, which is the Sub-Fund's functional and presentation currency.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign currency assets and liabilities are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rate prevailing at the statement of financial position date.

Foreign exchange gains and losses arising from translation are included in the statement of comprehensive income.

Foreign exchange gains and losses relating to the financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within "net loss on investments and derivative financial instruments".

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(l) **Redeemable units**

The Sub-Fund issues redeemable units, which are redeemable at the holder's option. These units represent puttable financial instruments of the Sub-Fund. The Sub-Fund classifies its puttable financial instruments as equity in accordance with HKAS 32 (Amendment), "Financial instruments: Presentation" as those puttable financial instruments meet all the following criteria:

- the puttable financial instruments entitle the holder to a pro-rata share of net asset value;
- the puttable financial instruments are the most subordinated units in issue and unit features are identical;
- there are no contractual obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset; and
- the total expected cash flows from the puttable financial instrument over its life are based substantially on the profit or loss of the Sub-Fund.

Units are issued and redeemed at the holder's option at prices based on the Sub-Fund's net asset value per unit at the time of issue or redemption. The Sub-Fund's net asset value per unit is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to unitholders with the total number of outstanding units.

In accordance with the Prospectus of the Sub-Fund, investment positions are valued based on the last traded market price for the purpose of determining the net asset value per unit for subscriptions and redemptions of the Sub-Fund.

(m) Taxation

The Sub-Fund currently incurs withholding taxes imposed by PRC on investment income. Such income is recorded gross of withholding taxes in the statement of comprehensive income. Withholding taxes are included as taxation in the statement of comprehensive income.

(n) Deposits with brokers/cash collateral payable

Cash collateral provided by the Sub-Fund is identified in the statement of financial position as deposits with brokers and is not included as a component of cash and cash equivalents. Cash collateral received from the Sub-Fund is identified in the statement of financial position as cash collateral payable. Cash collateral received is treated as an on-balance sheet transaction with a corresponding liability shown separately.

(o) Changes to presentation and comparative information

When the presentation or classification of items in the financial statements is amended, comparative amounts have been updated to conform with the current year's presentation or classification.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. NUMBER OF UNITS IN ISSUE AND NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS PER UNIT

The Sub-Fund's capital is represented by the units in the Sub-Fund, and shown as "net assets attributable to unitholders" in the statement of financial position. Subscriptions and redemptions of units during the year are shown in the statement of changes in net assets attributable to unitholders. In order to achieve the investment objectives, the Sub-Fund endeavors to invest its capital in accordance with the investment policies, whilst maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet redemption requests.

In accordance with the provisions of the Trust Deed dated 25 July 2012, as amended, and the Prospectus of the Sub-Fund, investments are stated at the last traded price on the valuation day for the purpose of determining net asset value per unit for subscriptions and redemptions and for various fee calculations.

As stated in Note 2(1), redeemable units of the Sub-Fund are classified as equities and they are carried at the price based on the Sub-Fund's net asset value per unit at the reporting date if the unitholder exercised the right to redeem the units in the Sub-Fund.

	As at 31 December 2024 Units	As at 31 December 2023 Units
Number of units in issue	745,500,000	760,500,000
	As at 31 December 2024 <i>RMB</i>	As at 31 December 2023 <i>RMB</i>
Net assets attributable to unitholders per unit as at 31 December	12.0885	10.3477

4. NET LOSS ON INVESTMENTS AND DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

	2024 <i>RMB</i>	2023 <i>RMB</i>
Net change in unrealised gain/loss in value of investments Net realised loss on sale of investments	1,574,152,277 (356,746,932)	(584,882,502) (603,054,268)
	1,217,405,345	(1,187,936,770)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5. TAXATION

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made for the Sub-Fund as it is authorised as a collective investment scheme under Section 104 of the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Ordinance and is therefore exempted from profits tax under Section 26A(1A) of the Hong Kong Inland Revenue Ordinance.

PRC tax

The Sub-Fund invests in A-Shares listed in the PRC and is subjected to 10% withholding tax on dividend income derived from A-Shares. The Sub-Fund held deposits with PRC bank and is subjected to 10% withholding tax on interest income arose from the deposits. Withholding tax was charged on dividend income received from A-Shares and interest income during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

The taxation of the Sub-Fund for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 represents:

	2024 <i>RMB</i>	2023 <i>RMB</i>
Withholding tax on dividend income Withholding tax on interest income	28,808,421 1,135	28,875,436 2,207
Taxation	28,809,556	28,877,643

6. TRANSACTIONS WITH THE TRUSTEE, MANAGER AND CONNECTED PERSONS

The following is a summary of significant related party transactions and transactions entered into during the year between the Sub-Fund and its related parties including the Trustee/Custodian, the Manager and their Connected Persons. Connected Persons are those as defined in the Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds established by the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong (the "SFC Code"). All transactions entered into during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023, between the Sub-Fund and its Connected Persons were carried out in the normal course of business and on ordinary commercial terms. To the best of the Manager's knowledge, the Sub-Fund does not have any other transactions with the Connected Persons except for those disclosed below.

(a) Management fee

The Manager is entitled to receive a management fee, currently at the rate of 0.99% per annum of the net asset value of the Sub-Fund accrued daily and calculated as at each dealing day and payable monthly in arrears.

(b) Trustee fee and registrar's fee

The Trustee is entitled to receive a trustee fee of up to 1% per annum of the net asset value of the Sub-Fund, the current Trustee's fee is calculated at a rate of up to 0.08% which is accrued daily and calculated as at each dealing day and payable monthly in arrears. The Trustee fee is inclusive of fees payable to The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited (the "Custodian") and HSBC Bank (China) Company Limited (the "PRC Custodian").

The Trustee, acting as the Registrar, is also entitled to a fee of RMB100 per participating dealer per transaction for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

The Trustee shall also be entitled to be reimbursed from the Sub-Fund for all out-of-pocket expenses incurred.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6. TRANSACTIONS WITH THE TRUSTEE, MANAGER AND CONNECTED PERSONS (Continued)

(c) Financial assets

The investments and bank balances of the Sub-Fund held with related parties of the Trustee are:

	2024	2023
Investments	RMB	RMB
The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited	7,907,660,998	6,851,643,078
HSBC Bank (China) Company Limited	239,259,738	259,173,589
	8,146,920,736	7,110,816,667
Bank balances		
The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited	11,323,076	23,230,840
HSBC Bank (China) Company Limited	3,759,233	10,136,356
	15,082,309	33,367,196
Deposit reserve		
HSBC Bank (China) Company Limited	259,824	347,200

Interest income amounted to RMB266,665 was earned on these bank balances for the year ended 31 December 2024 (2023: RMB100,470).

As at 31 December 2024, the Sub-Fund invested in Bank of Communications Ltd, a connected person of the Trustee, of RMB165,765,592 (2023: RMB130,372,321) and dividend income amounted to RMB8,211,393 (2023: RMB9,665,947) was earned during the year ended 31 December 2024.

(d) Holding in the Sub-Fund

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, no unit was held by the Trustee, the Manager and their connected persons.

(e) Other respective amounts paid to the Trustee and its connected persons

The other respective amounts paid to the trustee and its connected persons for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

	2024 <i>RMB</i>	2023 <i>RMB</i>
Safe custody and bank charges Other operating expenses	984,362 798,220	1,383,783 965,489
	1,782,582	2,349,272

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7. TRANSACTION COSTS

Transaction costs are costs incurred to acquire/dispose financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. They include fees and commissions paid to agents, advisers, brokers and dealers.

8. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The objective of the Sub-Fund is to provide investment results that, before deduction of fees and expenses, closely correspond to the performance of the FTSE China A50 Index. The Sub-Fund's activities may expose it to a variety of risks including but not limited to market risk (including market price risk, interest rate risk and currency risk), credit and counterparty risk and liquidity risk which are associated with the markets in which the Sub-Fund invests.

The following is a summary of the main risks and risk management policies.

(a) Market risk

(i) Market price risk

Market price risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual instrument or factors affecting all instruments in the market.

The Sub-Fund is designated to track the performance of the FTSE China A50 Index, therefore the exposures to market risk in the Sub-Fund will be substantially the same as the tracked index. The Sub-Fund invested in unlisted funded total return swap for investment and hedging purposes, where the Manager believes such investments will help the Sub-Fund achieve its investment objective and are beneficial to the Sub-Fund. The Manager manages the Sub-Fund's exposures to market risk by ensuring that the key characteristics of the portfolio, such as security weight and industry weight, are closely aligned with the characteristics of the tracked index.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(a) Market risk (Continued)

(i) Market price risk (Continued)

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Sub-Fund's investments and derivative financial instruments were concentrated in the following industries:

	2024		2023	
	Fair value RMB	% of net asset value	Fair value <i>RMB</i>	% of net asset value
Listed equities in PRC and unlisted funded total return swap* – by industry				
Basic materials	290,957,833	3.23	288,038,042	3.66
Consumer goods	1,898,461,132	21.07	2,355,461,267	29.94
Consumer services	1,262,377,699	14.00	909,479,183	11.56
Energy	688,586,735	7.64	392,274,578	4.98
Financials	2,985,435,644	33.13	2,310,790,462	29.37
Health care	327,178,913	3.63	564,255,019	7.16
Industrials	308,339,428	3.42	195,570,365	2.49
Real Estate	135,718,080	1.51	116,710,129	1.48
Technology	412,015,680	4.57	151,515,295	1.93
Telecommunications	304,943,015	3.39	251,381,000	3.19
Utilities	393,100,577	4.36	330,564,327	4.20
	9,007,114,736	99.95	7,866,039,667	99.96

*The data of unlisted funded total return swaps represents their underlying asset.

The Sub-Fund held 50 out of 50 (2023: 50 out of 50) constituent securities comprising the FTSE China A50 Index. The Sub-Fund is therefore exposed to substantially the same market price risk as the FTSE China A50 Index.

Sensitivity analysis in the event of a possible change in the index as estimated by the Manager

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, if the FTSE China A50 Index was to increase by 20% (2023: 10%), with all other variables held constant, this would increase the operating profit for the year by approximately RMB1,806,120,842 (2023: RMB802,736,747). Conversely, if the FTSE China A50 Index was to decrease by 20% (2023: 10%), this would decrease the operating profit for the year by an equal amount.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(a) Market risk (Continued)

(ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises from the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates on the fair value of financial assets and liabilities and future cash flow.

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, interest rate risk arises only from bank balances and unlisted funded total return swaps. As the bank balances held by the Sub-Fund is short term in nature and interest arising from these interest bearing assets are immaterial, and the swap interest being fixed, the Manager considers that changes in their fair value and future cash flows in the event of a change in market interest rates will not be material. As a result, the Manager considers sensitivity analysis of interest rate risk is not necessary to be presented.

(iii) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Sub-Fund is not exposed to currency risk arising from balances and transactions in foreign currencies as the majority of its assets and liabilities are denominated in RMB, the Sub-Fund's functional and presentation currency. As a result, the Manager considers sensitivity analysis of currency risk is not necessary to be presented.

(b) Credit and counterparty risk

Credit and counterparty risk is the risk that an issuer or counterparty will be unable or unwilling to meet a commitment that it has entered into with the Sub-Fund.

The Sub-Fund limits its exposure to credit and counterparty risk by carrying out the majority of its investment transactions and contractual commitment activities with well-established broker-dealers, banks and regulated exchanges with high credit ratings.

All transactions in listed securities are settled or paid for upon delivery using approved and reputable brokers. In addition, the Sub-Fund places bank balances with reputable financial institutions. As such, the Manager does not consider the Sub-Fund to be exposed to significant credit and counterparty risk.

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Sub-Fund placed bank balances of RMB11,323,076 (2023: RMB23,230,840) and investments of RMB7,907,660,998 (2023: RMB6,851,643,078) with The Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited ("HSBC"), which is the custodian of the Sub-Fund. As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the credit ratings of the Sub-Fund's custodian are at or above investment grade.

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Sub-Fund placed bank balances of RMB3,759,233 (2023: RMB10,136,356), deposit reserve of RMB259,824 (2023: RMB347,200) and investments of RMB239,259,738 (2023: RMB259,173,589) with HSBC Bank (China) Company Limited ("HSBC China"), which is the PRC custodian of the Sub-Fund. As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the credit ratings of the Sub-Fund's PRC custodian and the counterparties are at or above investment grade.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Credit and counterparty risk (Continued)

The Sub-Fund invested in unlisted funded total return swaps as follows:

Counterparty	Swap value	Collateral value	Collateral ratio
As at 31 December 2024			
Goldman Sachs International	332,125,600	332,821,882	100.21%
JP Morgan Securities Plc, London	522,484,400	521,626,670	99.84%
Morgan Stanley & Co. International Plc, London	5,584,000	4,499,861	80.58%
	860,194,000	858,948,413	
As at 31 December 2023			
Goldman Sachs International	245,050,000	244,069,324	99.60%
JP Morgan Securities Plc, London	510,173,000	510,905,940	100.14%
	755,223,000	754,975,264	

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the credit ratings of the counterparties are at or above investment grade.

The Sub-Fund receives government bonds as non-cash collateral for margins posted by its derivative counterparties. The total fair value of this non-cash collateral was RMB858,948,413 as at 31 December 2024 (2023: RMB734,190,576). The Sub-Fund is obliged to return this non-cash collateral upon request when the derivative counterparties' collateral obligations have been substituted with cash collateral or otherwise discharged. The Sub-Fund is permitted to sell or pledge such collateral in the event of the default of the derivative counterparties. Such non-cash collateral has been pledged by the counterparties to the Sub-Fund's custodian bank under security arrangements for the settlement in respect of the investments held. Non-cash collateral is not recognised on the statement of financial position of the Sub-Fund.

The non-cash collateral are being held by the Sub-Fund to mitigate the Sub-Fund's exposure to credit risk. As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the credit ratings of collateral included government bonds are at or above investment grade.

The Sub-Fund measures credit risk and expected credit losses using probability of default, exposure at default and loss given default. Management consider both historical analysis and forward looking information in determining any expected credit loss. As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, interest receivables and bank balances are held with counterparties with high credit ratings and are due to be settled within 1 month. Applying the requirements of HKFRS 9, the expected credit loss ("ECL") is immaterial for the Sub-Fund and, as such, no ECL has been recognised within the financial statements.

The maximum exposure to credit risk as at 31 December 2024 and 2023 is the carrying amount of the financial assets as shown on the statement of financial position.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Sub-Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous.

The Sub-Fund is exposed to daily redemptions of units in the Sub-Fund. The Sub-Fund invests the majority of its assets in securities that are traded in an active market which can be readily disposed of.

The table below analyses the Sub-Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the reporting date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances, as the impact of discounting is not significant.

Less than 1 month <i>RMB</i>	1 month to less than 3 months <i>RMB</i>	Over 3 months <i>RMB</i>	Total <i>RMB</i>
7,640,675	-	-	7,640,675
308,714	-	-	308,714
-	2,998,022	-	2,998,022
15,830	300	450,042	466,172
7,965,219	2,998,322	450,042	11,413,583
20,784,688	-	-	20,784,688
6,689,558	-	-	6,689,558
270,285	-	-	270,285
-	3,250,947	-	3,250,947
13,410	300	455,123	468,833
27,757,941	3,251,247	455,123	31,464,311
	1 month <i>RMB</i> 7,640,675 308,714 15,830 7,965,219 20,784,688 6,689,558 270,285 - 13,410	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

Units are redeemed on demand at the unitholder's option. As at 31 December 2024, there was two (2023: one) nominee accounts holding more than 10% of the Sub-Fund's units, representing in aggregate 42.19% (2023: 28.89%) of the total Sub-Fund's units.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (Continued)

The Sub-Fund manages its liquidity risk by investing in securities that it expects to be able to liquidate within 7 days or less. The following table illustrates the expected liquidity of assets held:

	Less than 1 month <i>RMB</i>	1 to 12 months <i>RMB</i>	No stated maturity <i>RMB</i>	Total <i>RMB</i>
As at 31 December 2024				
Total assets	9,022,197,045	913,913	259,824	9,023,370,782
As at 31 December 2023				
Total assets	7,899,406,863	1,142,903	347,200	7,900,896,966

(d) Fair value estimation

The Sub-Fund classifies fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Sub-Fund can access at the measurement date (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a level 3 measurement. Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.

The determination of what constitutes "observable" requires significant judgment by the Sub-Fund. The Sub-Fund considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(d) Fair value estimation (Continued)

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Sub-Fund's financial assets (by class) measured at fair value at 31 December 2024 and 2023:

	Level 1 <i>RMB</i>	Level 2 <i>RMB</i>	Level 3 <i>RMB</i>	Total <i>RMB</i>
As at 31 December 2024 Assets Investments - Listed equity securities Derivative financial instruments - Unlisted funded total	8,146,920,736	-	-	8,146,920,736
return swaps		860,194,000		860,194,000
Total assets	8,146,920,736	860,194,000	-	9,007,114,736
As at 31 December 2023 Assets Investments - Listed equity securities Derivative financial instruments - Unlisted funded total return swaps	7,110,816,667	- 755,223,000	-	7,110,816,667 755,223,000
Total assets	7,110,816,667	755,223,000	-	7,866,039,667

Investments whose values are based on quoted market prices in active markets, and therefore classified within level 1, include active listed equities. The Sub-Fund does not adjust the quoted price for these instruments.

Financial instruments that trade in markets that are not considered to be active but are valued based on quoted market prices, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified within level 2. As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, unlisted funded total return swaps was classified within level 2.

Investments classified within level 3 have significant unobservable inputs, as they trade infrequently or do not trade. As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Sub-Fund did not hold any investments classified in level 3.

Transfer between levels of the fair value hierarchy are deemed to have occurred at the beginning of the reporting year.

The assets and liabilities included in the statement of financial position, other than investments, are carried at amortised cost. The carrying value of these financial assets and liabilities are considered by the Manager to approximate their fair value as they are short term in nature and the effect of discounting is immaterial. There are no other assets and liabilities not carried at fair value but for which fair value is disclosed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(e) Capital risk management

The Sub-Fund's capital is represented by the redeemable units outstanding. The Sub-Fund's objective is to provide investment results that correspond generally to the performance of the respective index. The Manager may:

- Redeem and issue new units on a daily basis in accordance with the constitutive documents of the Sub-Fund;
- Exercise discretion when determining the amount of distributions of the Sub-Fund to the unitholders; and
- Suspend the creation and redemption of units under certain circumstances as currently disclosed in the Prospectus of the Sub-Fund.

(f) Offsetting and amounts subject to master netting arrangements and similar agreements

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Sub-Fund was subject to master netting arrangements with its derivative counterparties including Goldman Sachs International, JP Morgan Securities Plc, London and Morgan Stanley & Co. International Plc, London. All of the derivative assets and liabilities of the Sub-Fund are held with these counterparties and the margin balance maintained by the Sub-Fund is for the purpose of providing collateral on derivative positions.

The following table presents the recognised financial instruments that are offset, or subject to enforceable master netting arrangements and other similar agreements but not offset, as at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023. The column 'net amount' shows the impact on the group's balance sheet if all set-off rights were exercised. The tables are presented by type of financial instrument.

The Sub-Fund's financial assets

	Α	B Gross amounts of recognised	C = A - B Net amounts of financial	Related among off in the States	D ounts not set- Statement of al Position	E = C- D
	Gross amounts of recognised	financial liabilities set-off in the Statement of	assets presented in the Statement of	D(i)	D(ii)	
	financial	Financial	Financial	Financial		Net
	assets	Position	Position	instruments	Collateral	amount
	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB
As at 31 Decemb Financial assets Derivative finance instruments - Unlisted funded total						
funded total return swaps	860,194,000		860,194,000		858,252,131	1,941,869
	860,194,000	-	860,194,000	-	858,252,131	1,941,869

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(f) Offsetting and amounts subject to master netting arrangements and similar agreements (continued)

	А	B Gross amounts of recognised	C = A - B Net amounts of financial	Related am off in the S	D ounts not set- Statement of I Position	E = C- D
	Gross amounts of recognised	financial liabilities set-off in the Statement of	assets presented in the Statement of	D(i)	D(ii)	
	financial assets <i>RMB</i>	Financial Position RMB	Financial Position <i>RMB</i>	Financial instruments <i>RMB</i>	Collateral RMB	Net amount <i>RMB</i>
As at 31 Decemb	oer 2023					
Financial assets Derivative finance instruments - Unlisted funded total	ial					
return swaps	755,223,000	-	755,223,000		754,242,324	980,676
	755,223,000	-	755,223,000		754,242,324	980,676

Amount in D(i) and D(ii) above relate to amounts to set-off that do not qualify for offsetting under (B) above. This includes (i) amounts which are subject to set-off against the asset (or liability) disclosed in (A) which have not been offset in the statement of financial position and (ii) any financial collateral (including cash collateral), both received and pledged.

The Sub-Fund and its counterparties have elected to settle all transactions on a gross basis. However, each party has the option to settle all open contracts on a net basis in the event of default of the other party. Per the terms of the master netting agreement, an event of default includes the following:

- failure by a party to make payment when due;
- bankruptcy.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

9. **DISTRIBUTION**

	2024 <i>RMB</i>	2023 <i>RMB</i>
Undistributed income brought forward at the beginning of the year	-	-
Net gain/(loss) for the year	1,399,546,594	(1,030,644,761)
Final distribution:		
2024: RMB0.32 per unit on 745,500,000 units	(238,560,000)	-
2023: RMB0.34 per unit on 760,500,000 units	-	(258,570,000)
Undistributed (gain)/loss transferred to net assets attributable to		
unitholders for the year	(1,160,986,594)	1,289,214,761
Undistributed income carried forward at the end of the year		

The Manager intends to distribute income to unitholders annually (in December) having regard to the Sub-Fund's net income after fees and costs. The Manager may, at its discretion, pay dividend out of or effectively pay dividend out of capital. Distributions for all units (whether traded in HKD or RMB counter) will be in RMB only.

There was no undistributed income carried forward at the end of the years 2024 and 2023. Net distribution income does not include net change in unrealised gain/loss in value of investments.

The final distribution of RMB0.32 (2023: RMB0.34) per unit on 745,500,000 (2023: 760,500,000) units outstanding on the ex-dividend date 19 December 2024 (2023: 21 December 2023) was paid on 30 December 2024 (2023: 29 December 2023).

10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

As of 31 December 2024 and 2023, all financial assets, other than investments and derivative financial instruments as disclosed in the financial statements which are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, are categorized as per HKFRS 9 as carried at amortised cost. All the financial liabilities of the Sub-Fund are carried at amortised cost.

11. INVESTMENT LIMITATION AND PROHIBITIONS UNDER THE SFC CODE

Pursuant to the Chapter 8.6(h)(a) of the SFC Code, the Manager is permitted to overweight the holdings of the Sub-Funds relative to their respective weightings in the underlying index, on the condition that the maximum extra weighting in any constituent securities will not exceed the maximum limit reasonably determined by the Sub-Funds and after consultation with the SFC. The maximum limit for each of the Sub-Funds has been disclosed in their respective prospectus.

The SFC Code allows the Sub-Fund to invest in constituent securities issued by a single issuer for more than 10% of the Sub-Fund's net asset value provided that the investment is limited to any constituent securities that each accounts for more than 10% of the weighting of the Underlying index and the Sub-Fund's holding of any such constituent securities may not exceed their respective weightings in the Underlying index (except as a result of changes in the composition of the Index and the excess is transitional and temporary in nature).

The Manager and the Trustee have confirmed that the Sub-Fund has complied with this limit during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

There was one constituent security (2023: 1) which each individually accounted for more than 10% of the net asset value of the Sub-Fund and their respective weightings of the FTSE China A50 Index as at 31 December 2024.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11. INVESTMENT LIMITATION AND PROHIBITIONS UNDER THE SFC CODE (Continued)

	Weighting in the	Underlying		
	index (<u>% of net asset value</u>		
	2024	2023	2024	2023
KWEICHOW MOUTAI CO LTD-A	11.55	15.95	11.54	15.94

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the FTSE China A50 Net Total Return Index increased by 21.34% (2023: decreased by 9.15%) while the net asset value per unit of the Sub-Fund increased by 16.82% (2023: decreased by 13.23%).

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Sub-Fund paid dividend of RMB0.32 (2023: RMB0.34) per unit, which represented 2.65% (2023: 3.29%) to the net asset value per unit as at 31 December 2024. For the details of dividend distribution, refer to Note 9.

12. SOFT COMMISSION ARRANGEMENTS

The Manager has entered into soft commission arrangements for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 with some brokers under which certain goods and services used to support investment decision making are obtained from third parties and are paid for by the brokers in consideration of transactions of the Sub-Fund directed to the brokers. These may include, for example, research and advisory services; economic and political analysis; portfolio analysis, including valuation and performance measurement; market analysis, data and quotation services; clearing, registrar and custodial services and investment-related publication; computer hardware and software incidental to the above goods and services.

For the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Manager obtained the services through soft dollar arrangements on transactions amounting to RMB5,522,738,584 (2023: RMB9,889,892,390). Commission which amounted to RMB4,314,006 (2023: RMB3,957,605) is paid from the Sub-Fund on these transactions.

13. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Manager makes the strategic resource allocations on behalf of the Sub-Fund and has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed which are used to make strategic decisions.

The Manager considers that the Sub-Fund has a single operating segment which is investing in securities. The objectives of the Sub-Fund are to track the performance of the FTSE China A50 Index and invest in substantially all the index constituents with security weight and industry weight that are closely aligned with the characteristics of the tracked index.

The internal financial information used by the Manager for the Sub-Fund's assets, liabilities and performance is the same as that disclosed in the statement of financial position and statement of comprehensive income.

The Sub-Fund is domiciled in Hong Kong. The Sub-Fund's income is derived from investments in PRC securities which constitute FTSE China A50 Index, the tracked index.

The total of non-current assets of the Sub-Fund located in PRC is RMB259,824 (2023: 347,200) as at 31 December 2024. The Sub-Fund had no other assets classified as non-current assets. As at 31 December 2024, the Sub-Fund has a diversified portfolio of investments and one (2023: one) investment accounts for more than 10% of the Sub-Fund's net asset value.

14. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved by the Trustee and the Manager on 29 April 2025.

INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (Unaudited)

As at 31 December 2024

	Holdings	Fair value RMB	% of net assets
Investments and derivative financial instruments (99.95%)			
Investments (90.40%)			
Listed equities (90.40%)			
China (90.40%)			
AGRICULTURAL BANK OF CHINA-A	46,764,432	249,722,067	2.77
BANK OF CHINA LTD-A	24,364,473	134,248,246	1.49
BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS CO-A	21,334,053	165,765,592	1.84
BEIJING-SHANGHAI HIGH SPE-A	15,490,651	95,422,410	1.06
BYD CO LTD -A	985,722	278,624,179	3.09
CGN POWER CO LTD-A	457,600	1,889,888	0.02
CHINA CITIC BANK CORP LTD-A	12,506,082	87,292,452	0.97
CHINA CONSTRUCTION BANK-A	5,208,214	45,780,201	0.51
CHINA EVERBRIGHT BANK CO-A	25,215,300	97,583,211	1.08
CHINA MERCHANTS BANK-A	11,215,713	440,777,521	4.89
CHINA NATIONAL NUCLEAR POWER CO LTD	9,160,700	95,546,101	1.06
CHINA PACIFIC INSURANCE GR-A	3,720,009	126,777,907	1.41
CHINA PETROLEUM & CHEMICAL-A	23,591,664	157,592,315	1.75
CHINA SHENHUA ENERGY CO-A	3,841,437	167,025,681	1.85
CHINA STATE CONSTRUCTION -A	22,619,680	135,718,080	1.51
CHINA YANGTZE POWER CO LTD-A	13,302,896	393,100,577	4.36
CITIC SECURITIES CO-A	6,631,955	193,454,127	2.15
CONTEMPORARY AMPEREX TECHN-A	2,391,803	636,219,598	7.06
COSCO SHIPPING HOLDINGS CO LTD-A	6,932,400	107,452,200	1.19
CRRC CORP LTD -A	13,219,800	110,781,924	1.23
EAST MONEY INFORMATION CO-A	431,090	11,130,744	0.12
FOSHAN HAITIAN FLAVOURING -A	213,721	9,809,794	0.11
FOXCONN INDUSTRIAL INTERNE-A	6,786,931	145,919,016	1.62
GREAT WALL MOTOR CO LTD-A	1,510,535	39,772,387	0.44
GREE ELECTRIC APPLIANCES I-A	2,186,748	99,387,697	1.10
HAIER SMART HOME CO LTD-A	3,427,886	97,591,914	1.08
HYGON INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY CO LTD-A	513,368	76,897,393	0.85
IND & COMM BK OF CHINA-A	41,877,415	289,791,712	3.22
INDUSTRIAL BANK CO LTD -A	11,292,668	216,367,519	2.40
INNER MONGOLIA YILI INDUS-A	89,283	2,694,561	0.03
JIANGSU HENGRUI PHARMACEUT-A	3,467,142	159,141,818	1.77
KWEICHOW MOUTAI CO LTD-A	682,317	1,039,851,108	11.54

INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (Unaudited) (Continued)

As at 31 December 2024

Investments and derivative financial instruments (99.95%) (Continued)	Holdings	Fair value RMB	% of net assets
Investments (90.40%) (Continued)			
Listed equities (90.40%) (Continued)			
China (90.40%) (Continued)			
LUXSHARE PRECISION INDUSTR-A	3,901,472	159,023,999	1.77
LUZHOU LAOJIAO CO LTD-A	129,835	16,255,342	0.18
MUYUAN FOODS CO LTD-A	2,969,995	114,166,608	1.26
NARI TECHNOLOGY CO LTD-A	4,365,170	110,089,587	1.22
NAURA TECHN GROUP CO-A	288,200	112,686,200	1.25
PETROCHINA CO LTD-A	14,488,200	129,524,508	1.44
PICC HOLDING CO-A	5,788,100	44,105,322	0.49
PING AN BANK CO LTD-A	10,546,286	123,391,546	1.37
PING AN INSURANCE GROUP CO-A	5,851,163	308,063,732	3.42
POSTAL SAVINGS BANK OF CHI-A	6,500,620	36,923,522	0.41
S F HOLDING CO LTD-A	716,993	28,894,818	0.32
SHAANXI COAL INDUSTRY CO LTD	5,268,841	122,553,242	1.36
SHANGHAI PUDONG DEVEL BANK-A	15,953,666	164,163,223	1.82
SHANXI XINGHUACUN FEN WINE-A	72,967	13,441,251	0.15
SHENZHEN MINDRAY BIO-MEDIC-A	658,969	168,037,095	1.86
WANHUA CHEMICAL GROUP CO -A	1,706,351	121,748,144	1.35
WULIANGYE YIBIN CO LTD-A	2,110,204	295,512,968	3.28
ZIJIN MINING GROUP CO LTD-A	11,191,117	169,209,689	1.88
Total listed equity		8,146,920,736	90.40

INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (Unaudited) (Continued)

As at 31 December 2024

	Holdings	Fair value RMB	% of net assets
Investments and derivative financial instruments (99.95%) (Continued)			
Derivative financial instruments (9.55%)			
Unlisted funded total return swaps (9.55%)			
CHINA CITIC BANK CORP A (UNLISTED FUNDED TOTAL RETURN SWAPS)	800,000	5,584,000	0.06
CGN POWER CO LTD-A (UNLISTED FUNDED TOTAL RETURN SWAPS)	3,500,000	14,455,000	0.16
EAST MONEY INFORMATION CO-A (UNLISTED FUNDED			
TOTAL RETURN SWAPS) FOSHAN HAITIAN FLAVOURING -A (UNLISTED FUNDED	8,150,000	210,433,000	2.33
TOTAL RETURN SWAPS)	2,450,000	112,455,000	1.25
HYGON INFORMATION TECHNOLO-A (UNLISTED FUNDED TOTAL RETURN SWAPS)	750,000	112,342,500	1.25
INNER MONGOLIA YILI INDUS-A (UNLISTED FUNDED			1 1 2
TOTAL RETURN SWAPS) LUZHOU LAOJIAO CO LTD-A (UNLISTED FUNDED TOTAL	3,370,000	101,706,600	1.13
RETURN SWAPS) POSTAL SAVINGS BANK OF CHI-A (UNLISTED FUNDED	670,000	83,884,000	0.93
TOTAL RETURN SWAPS)	6,000,000	34,080,000	0.38
S F HOLDING CO LTD-A (UNLISTED FUNDED TOTAL RETURN SWAPS)	1,900,000	76,570,000	0.85
SHANXI XINGHUACUN FEN WINE-A (UNLISTED FUNDED		70,370,000	0.85
TOTAL RETURN SWAPS)	590,000	108,683,900	1.21
Total unlisted funded total return swaps		860,194,000	9.55
Total investments and derivative financial instruments		9,007,114,736	99.95
Other net assets		4,842,463	0.05
Net assets attributable to unitholders at 31 December 2024		9,011,957,199	100.00
Total investments and derivative financial instruments, at cost		8,106,275,794	

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STATEMENT OF MOVEMENTS IN INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (Unaudited)

For the year ended 31 December 2024

Listed equities and unlisted funded total return swaps* – by industry	% of net asset value 2024	% of net asset value 2023
Basic materials	3.23	3.66
Consumer goods	21.07	29.94
Consumer services	14.00	11.56
Energy	7.64	4.98
Financials	33.13	29.37
Health care	3.63	7.16
Industrials	3.42	2.49
Real Estate	1.51	1.48
Technology	4.57	1.93
Telecommunications	3.39	3.19
Utilities	4.36	4.20
	99.95	99.96
Total investments and derivative financial instruments	99.95	99.96
Other net assets	0.05	0.04
Total net assets	100.00	100.00

*The data of unlisted funded total return swaps represent their underlying asset

DETAILS IN RESPECT OF FINANCIAL DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS (Unaudited)

As at 31 December 2024

Unlisted funded total return swaps (9.55%)

The details of unlisted funded total return swaps held by the Sub-Fund as at 31 December 2024 are as follows.

	Underlying assets	Counterparty	Notional amount <i>RMB</i>	Fair value <i>RMB</i>
Financial assets:			NWD	ninD
CHINA CITIC BANK CORP A		Morgan Stanley &		
(UNLISTED FUNDED TOTAL	China Citic Bank	Co. International Plc,		
RETURN SWAPS)	Corp A	London	5,584,000	5,584,000
CGN POWER CO LTD-A	China General			
(UNLISTED FUNDED TOTAL	Nuclear Power Co	JPMorgan Securities	14.455.000	14455000
RETURN SWAPS)	Ltd - A	Plc, London	14,455,000	14,455,000
EAST MONEY INFORMATION	East Manary	IDM ansan Cassuitias		
CO-A (UNLISTED FUNDED TOTAL RETURN SWAPS)	East Money Information Co - A	JPMorgan Securities	210 422 000	210 422 000
FOSHAN HAITIAN FLAVOURING		Plc, London	210,433,000	210,433,000
-A (UNLISTED FUNDED TOTAL		Goldman Sachs		
RETURN SWAPS)	Flavouring - A	International	112,455,000	112,455,000
HYGON INFORMATION	Thavouring - A	International	112,433,000	112,433,000
TECHNOLO-A (UNLISTED	Hygon Information			
FUNDED TOTAL RETURN	Technology Co Ltd	JPMorgan Securities		
SWAPS)	- A	Plc, London	112,342,500	112,342,500
INNER MONGOLIA YILI INDUS-A		110, 20110011	112,0 12,0 00	112,0 .2,0 0 0
(UNLISTED FUNDED TOTAL	Industrial Gr Co	Goldman Sachs		
RETURN SWAPS)	Ltd - A	International	101,706,600	101,706,600
LUZHOU LAOJIAO CO LTD-A				- , - ,
(UNLISTED FUNDED TOTAL	Luzhou Laojiao Co	Goldman Sachs		
RETURN SWAPS)	Ltd - A	International	83,884,000	83,884,000
POSTAL SAVINGS BANK OF CHI	- Postal Savings			
A (UNLISTED FUNDED TOTAL	Bank Of China Co	Goldman Sachs		
RETURN SWAPS)	Ltd Ord CNY1	International	34,080,000	34,080,000
S F HOLDING CO LTD-A				
(UNLISTED FUNDED TOTAL	S.F. Holding Co	JPMorgan Securities		
RETURN SWAPS)	Ltd - A	Plc, London	76,570,000	76,570,000
SHANXI XINGHUACUN FEN	Shanxi			
WINE-A (UNLISTED FUNDED	Xinghuacun Fen	JPMorgan Securities		
TOTAL RETURN SWAPS)	Wine - A	Plc, London	108,683,900	108,683,900

860,194,000

HOLDINGS OF COLLATERAL (Unaudited)

As at 31 December 2024

Collateral provider	Nature of the collateral	Maturity tenor	Currency denomination	% of net asset value covered by collateral	Value of the collateral* <i>RMB</i>
Goldman Sachs International	Government bond	7-Aug-25	USD	2.49%	223,947,284
Goldman Sachs International	Government bond	28-Feb-26	USD	0.85%	77,084,032
Goldman Sachs International	Government bond	30-Nov-27	USD	0.10%	9,279,396
Goldman Sachs International	Government bond	30-Apr-29	USD	0.25%	22,511,170
JP Morgan Securities Plc, London	Government bond	20-Mar-26	JPY	0.94%	84,365,757
JP Morgan Securities Plc, London	Government bond	20-Sep-26	JPY	1.49%	134,246,183
JP Morgan Securities Plc, London	Government bond	20-Mar-27	JPY	3.36%	302,887,975
JP Morgan Securities Plc, London Morgan Stanley	Government bond	20-Mar-29	JPY	0.00%	126,755
& Co International plc	Government bond	20-Sep-34	JPY	0.05%	4,499,861
				9.53%	858,948,413

* The credit ratings of collateral are at or above investment grade.

Custody/safe-keeping arrangement

Custodians of collateral	Amount of collateral received/held 31 December 2024 <i>RMB</i>	Proportion of collateral posted by the sub-fund 31 December 2024 %
Pooled accounts The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, Hong Kong	858,948,413	100.00

INFORMATION ON EXPOSURE ARISING FROM FINANCIAL DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS (Unaudited)

As at 31 December 2024

The lowest, highest and average gross exposure arising from the use of financial derivative instruments for any purpose as a proportion to the Sub-Fund's total net asset value for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023.

	2024 % of NAV	2023 % of NAV
Lowest gross exposure	8.03	8.12
Highest gross exposure	9.89	9.98
Average gross exposure	9.25	9.22

The lowest, highest and average net exposure arising from the use of financial derivative instruments for any purpose as a proportion to the Sub-Fund's total net asset value for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023.

	2024 % of NAV	2023 % of NAV
Lowest net exposure	8.03	8.12
Highest net exposure	9.89	9.98
Average net exposure	9.25	9.22

PERFORMANCE RECORD (Unaudited)

Net asset value

	Net asset value of the Sub-Fund <i>RMB</i>	Net asset value per unit <i>RMB</i>
At the end of financial year dated		
31 December 2024	9,011,957,199	12.0885
31 December 2023*	7,869,432,655	10.3477
31 December 2022*	9,200,966,716	11.9261
Highest and lowest net asset value per unit		
	Highest issue price per unit <i>RMB</i>	Lowest redemption price per unit <i>RMB</i>
Financial year ended		
31 December 2024	13.3832	9.7512
31 December 2023	12.8866	10.0526
31 December 2022	14.5397	10.5367
31 December 2021	18.9471	14.0291
31 December 2020	16.6890	11.3679
31 December 2019	13.9976	9.9063

14.5348

13.9003

10.8850

15.0028

9.9521

9.9773

8.5007

8.6763

31 December 2018

31 December 2017

31 December 2016

31 December 2015

*The net asset value of the Sub-Fund disclosed is on a non-dealing day and is calculated in accordance with the Trust's Prospectus.

MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION

Manager and QFI Holder

CSOP Asset Management Limited Suite 2801 - 2803, Two Exchange Square 8 Connaught Place Central Hong Kong

Trustee and Registrar

HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited 1 Queen's Road Central Hong Kong

Adviser

China Southern Fund Management Co. Limited 33rd Floor, Duty-Free Business Building, 6 Fuhua 1st Rd, Futian CBD Shenzhen, China 518048

Custodian

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited 1 Queen's Road Central Hong Kong

PRC Custodian

HSBC Bank (China) Company Limited 33rd Floor, HSBC Building Shanghai ifc, 8 Century Avenue Pudong, Shanghai, China 200120

Service Agent

HK Conversion Agency Services Limited 1st Floor, One & Two Exchange Square 8 Connaught Place Central, Hong Kong

Listing Agent

Altus Capital Limited 21 Wing Wo Street Central Hong Kong

Directors of the Manager

Chen Ding Gaobo Zhang (resigned on 25 March 2025) Huachen Zhang (appointed on 25 March 2025) Li Chen (appointed on 25 March 2025) Qin Wang (appointed on 25 March 2025) Xiaosong Yang Yi Zhou Yundong Zhu (resigned on 25 March 2025) Zhiwei Liu (resigned on 25 March 2025) Zhongping Cai

Legal Advisor to the Manager

Simmons & Simmons 30th Floor, One Taikoo Place 979 King's Road Hong Kong

Auditor

PricewaterhouseCoopers Certified Public Accountants Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor 22/F, Prince's Building 15 Queen's Road Central Hong Kong



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