

環球信貸集團有限公司 Global International Credit Group Limited

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)
(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)
Stock Code 股份代號:1669

2024



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## **Corporate Information**

## 公司資料

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Executive Directors**

Ms. Wang Yao *(Chairman and Chief Executive)*Ms. Jin Xiaoqin
Ms. Yip Lee Ying

#### **Independent non-executive Directors**

Dr. Ng Lai Man, Carmen Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick Mr. Pao Ping Wing

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Dr. Ng Lai Man, Carmen *(Chairman)* Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick Mr. Pao Ping Wing

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick *(Chairman)* Dr. Ng Lai Man, Carmen Ms. Wang Yao Mr. Pao Ping Wing

#### **NOMINATION COMMITTEE**

Ms. Wang Yao *(Chairman)* Dr. Ng Lai Man, Carmen Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick Mr. Pao Ping Wing

## **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Ms. Yip Lee Ying

## 董事會

## 執行董事

王瑤女士(主席及總裁) 金曉琴女士 葉莉盈女士

## 獨立非執行董事

吳麗文博士 文耀光先生 浦炳榮先生

### 審核委員會

吳麗文博士(主席) 文耀光先生 浦炳榮先生

### 薪酬委員會

文耀光先生(主席) 吳麗文博士 王瑤女士 浦炳榮先生

#### 提名委員會

王瑤女士(主席) 吳麗文博士 文耀光先生 浦炳榮先生

#### 公司秘書

葉莉盈女士

## Corporate Information (Continued) 公司資料(續)

#### **AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES**

Ms. Wang Yao Ms. Yip Lee Ying

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

P.O. Box 309 Ugland House Grand Cayman KY1-1104 Cayman Islands

### **HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS**

Unit 01, 12/F World-Wide House 19 Des Voeux Road Central Hong Kong

## PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE IN CAYMAN ISLANDS

Maples Fund Services (Cayman) Limited P.O. Box 1093 Boundary Hall Cricket Square Grand Cayman KY1-1102 Cayman Islands

## BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE IN HONG KONG

Boardroom Share Registrars (HK) Limited Room 2103B, 21/F 148 Electric Road North Point Hong Kong

## 授權代表

王瑤女士 葉莉盈女士

## 註冊辦事處

P.O. Box 309 Ugland House Grand Cayman KY1-1104 Cayman Islands

## 總部及主要營業地點

香港 德輔道中19號 環球大廈 12樓01室

## 開曼群島主要股份過戶登記處

Maples Fund Services (Cayman) Limited P.O. Box 1093 Boundary Hall Cricket Square Grand Cayman KY1-1102 Cayman Islands

#### 香港股份過戶登記分處

寶德隆證券登記有限公司 香港 北角 電氣道148號 21樓2103B室

## **Corporate Information (Continued)**

公司資料(續)

#### **LEGAL ADVISER**

P. C. Woo & Co.

#### **AUDITOR**

BDO Limited Certified Public Accountants Registered Public Interest Entity Auditors

#### **PRINCIPAL BANKER**

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited

## **STOCK CODE**

1669

### **WEBSITE ADDRESS**

www.gicl.com.hk

## 法律顧問

胡百全律師事務所

### 核數師

香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司 執業會計師 註冊公眾利益實體核數師

## 主要往來銀行

中國銀行(香港)有限公司

## 股份代號

1669

### 網址

www.gicl.com.hk

## Chairman's Statement 主席報告

On behalf of the board of directors (the "Board") of Global International Credit Group Limited (the "Company" together with its subsidiaries, the "Group"), I am delighted to present the annual report of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2024 ("FY2024").

FY2024 has proven to be a year of sustained challenges for the Group and the broader Hong Kong property market. Despite the Hong Kong Government's decision to abolish all property cooling measures in February 2024, the property market has yet to find a clear path to recovery. A persistent high-interest rate environment, diminishing investor confidence, and a subdued domestic economy have continued to exert downward pressure on residential property prices, which declined by a further 7.2% during the year.

Under the aforesaid challenging operating environment in the year under review, the Group's mortgage business faced additional pressures from rising delinquency ratios and a decline in collateral values, reflecting the strain felt across the sector. The Group conducted its business cautiously with a strategic focus on lower-risk first mortgage loans and has adjusted its pricing in order to maintain a reasonable yield to cope with the increasing underlying risk. The Group also devoted extra effort to reviewing and monitoring the repayment status and the quality of collaterals of its loan portfolio to manage its credit loss. While these steps reflect the realities of the current landscape, they also underscore our commitment to maintaining stability and positioning ourselves for future opportunities.

Amid such challenging operating environment, the Group's gross loans receivable and repossessed assets declined in aggregate by HK\$91.5 million or 10.8% from HK\$845.0 million as at 31 December 2023 to HK\$753.5 million as at 31 December 2024. Although revenue rose modestly by HK\$2.0 million or 2.3% from HK\$87.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 ("FY2023") to HK\$89.9 million in FY2024, an increase in impairment losses on loans and interest receivables, which rose to HK\$10.0 million in FY2024 from HK\$4.7 million in prior year, impacted profitability. Consequently, net profit for FY2024 decreased by HK\$4.5 million or 9.0% to HK\$45.8 million as compared to HK\$50.3 million in the prior year.

本人謹代表環球信貸集團有限公司(「本公司」,連同其附屬公司,統稱為「本集團」)董事會(「董事會」)欣然提呈本集團截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度(「二零二四年財政年度」)的年報。

二零二四年財政年度對本集團及香港整體物業市場而言,無疑是一個充滿持續挑戰的一年。儘管香港政府於二零二四年二月決定取消所有物業降溫措施,物業市場仍未找到明確的復甦路徑。持續的高利率環境、投資者信心減弱,以及疲弱的本地經濟,繼續對住宅物業價格構成下行壓力,該價格於年內進一步下跌7.2%。

在如此具挑戰性的經營環境中,本集團的應收貸款總額及收回資產合計減少了91,500,000港元,或10.8%,從二零二三年十二月三十一日的845,000,000港元下降至二零二四年十二月三十一日的753,500,000港元。儘管收入從截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度(「二零二三年財政年度」)的87,900,000港元,略為上升2,000,00港元,或2.3%,至2024財年的89,900,000港元,但貸款及應收利息的減值損失增加,從去年度的4,700,000港元上升至2024財年的10,000,000港元,影響了盈利能力。因此,2024財年的淨利潤減少了4,500,000港元,或9.0%,至45,800,000港元,相比去年度的50,300,000港元。

## **Chairman's Statement (Continued)**

主席報告(續)

The Hong Kong property market remains in search of equilibrium, with recovery heavily dependent on a moderation in interest rates and a sustained uplift in the local economy. The Group has been adopting judicious approach on its credit policy back when the property market was still red-hot to preserve the overall quality of our loan portfolio. We believe that the overall quality of our loan portfolio remains benign with the overall weighted average loan-to-value ratio managed at 60.7% as at 31 December 2024. Amid the upcoming challenges and uncertainties, the Group will continue to conduct its loan business cautiously and to take active measures to manage its credit risks. With years of effort in strengthening our risk management policy, we believe our Group is well positioned in facing the upcoming challenges and be ready to capture growth opportunities should they arise.

I would like to express my heartfelt appreciation to all the senior management and staff of the Group for their commitment and contributions in upholding our service quality. I remain deeply grateful to my fellow Board members for their invaluable advice and contributions to the Group's direction of development and corporate governance. I also wish to offer sincere thanks to our customers, shareholders and business partners for their continuing loyalty and trust. We will continue with our endeavor to pursue growth of our business and create value for our shareholders.

To reward and thank our shareholders for their support, the Board recommends the payment of a final dividend of HK5.0 cents per share.

#### **Wang Yao**

Chairman of the Board

28 March 2025

本人衷心感謝本集團全體高級管理層及員工對維持我們的服務質素所作出的承諾及貢獻。本人亦對董事會各位同仁於本集團的發展方向及企業管治所提供的寶貴意見及貢獻深表謝意。本人同時感謝我們的客戶、股東及業務夥伴一直以來的忠誠支持和信任。我們將繼續致力取得業務增長及為股東增值。

為報答及酬謝股東的支持,董事會建議派付末期股息每股5.0港仙。

*董事會主席* **王瑤** 

二零二五年三月二十八日

## **Management Discussion and Analysis**

管理層討論及分析



#### **BUSINESS REVIEW AND INDUSTRY OVERVIEW**

The Group is principally engaged in the money lending business focusing primarily on providing short-term and long-term property mortgage loans in Hong Kong under the Money Lenders Ordinance (Chapter 163 of the Laws of Hong Kong).

During the year ended 31 December 2024 ("FY2024"), Hong Kong's Gross Domestic Product grew by approximately 2.5%, which was primarily supported by the external sector. However, the local economy remained weak in terms of domestic consumption due to a shift in consumption patterns and weak investment sentiment. Despite the government's removal of all property cooling measures in February 2024, the property market's brief rebound faded. The Private Domestic Property Price Index of Hong Kong plunged by 7.2% from 311.3 in December 2023 to 288.9 in December 2024. Although the best lending rate in Hong Kong began to decline from September 2024, with a cumulative reduction of 0.625% over the year following interest rate cut by the U.S. Federal Reserve, the overall interest rate environment remained elevated. Coupled with low confidence and a subdued domestic economy, this kept the industry under pressure.

In light of the challenging operating environment, the Group continued to manage its mortgage loan business with stringent credit control to minimise associated credit risk during the year. With loan demand remaining relatively subdued, the Group's gross loans receivable decreased by approximately HK\$88.6 million or 10.6% from approximately HK\$834.7 million as at 31 December 2023 to HK\$746.1 million as at 31 December 2024. Meanwhile, the Group's revenue increased slightly by HK\$2.0 million or 2.3% from HK\$87.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 ("FY2023") to HK\$89.9 million for FY2024.

## 業務回顧及行業概覧

本集團根據香港法例第163章放債人條例於香港 主要從事貸款業務,主力提供短期及長期物業 按揭貸款。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度(「二零二四年財政年度」),香港的本地生產總值增是了約2.5%,這主要由對外環節所支持。當地模濟在本土消費方面仍然疲弱,這是由於消費之一。 會在本土消費方面仍然疲弱,這是由於消費式的轉變和投資氣氛低迷所致。儘管政府於,完工四年二月取消了所有房地產降溫措施人房地產市場的短暫反彈逐漸消退,香港私人住下降的最優惠貸款利率跟隨美國聯邦儲備降息的計入。從二零二四年九月開始下降,全年累計減少0.625%,但整體利率環境仍然高企,加上信心低迷及本地經濟欠佳,使該行業持續承受壓力。

面對充滿挑戰的經營環境下,本集團於本年度繼續以嚴格的信貸控制管理其按揭貸款業務,將相關信貸風險降至最低。由於貸款需求仍然相對疲軟,本集團的貸款應收總額由二零二三年十二月三十一日的約834,700,000港元減少約88,600,000港元或10.6%至二零二四年十二月三十一日的746,100,000港元。同時,本集團的收入由二零二三年財政年度的87,900,000港元輕微增加2,000,000港元或2.3%至二零二四年財政年度的89,900,000港元。

Due to the on-going deterioration of the property market in 2024, there was an overall decrease in the market value of the Group's collaterals coupled with an increase in default loans receivable and interest receivables. As a result, the Group recorded impairment losses on loans receivable, interest receivables and repossessed assets of HK\$10.0 million in FY2024, compared to HK\$4.7 million in FY2023. In response to the rising threat of declining collateral value and an increase in delinquent payments, the Group has implemented measures to regularly review customer's repayment records and conduct comprehensive assessments of the related collaterals to manage the credit risk. Prompt legal action for loan recovery has been initiated for any identified defaults to minimise possible credit losses. The Group strived to uphold the quality of its loan portfolio, managing the overall weighted average loan-to-value ratio at 60.7% as at 31 December 2024 (2023: 60.0%).

集團抵押品市值整體下降,並且違約應收貸款及應收利息增加。因此,本集團於二零二四年財政年度錄得應收貸款、應收利息及收回資產的減值虧損10,000,000港元,而二零二三年財政年度則為4,700,000港元。為了應對抵押品買值下降及拖欠貸款增加的威脅,本集團已採取措施定期審查客戶的還款記錄,並對有關抵押品進行全面評估以管理信貸風險。對於任何款別違約情況,已及時採取法律行動追回貸款,以盡量減少可能的信貸損失。本集團致力維持其貸款組合的質量,截至二零二四年十二月三十一日,整體加權平均貸款對估值比率維持於60.7%(二零二三年:60.0%)。

由於二零二四年物業市場情況持續惡化促使本

#### **FINANCIAL REVIEW**

#### Revenue

For FY2024, the Group's interest income from its money lending business was HK\$89.9 million, representing a slight increase of HK\$2.0 million or 2.3% from interest income of HK\$87.9 million for FY2023. The increase is mainly attributable to the increase in effective interest rate in FY2024 given the average month-end balance of aggregate loans receivable decreased by HK\$11.6 million or 1.4% from HK\$822.7 million for FY2023 to HK\$811.1 million for FY2024.

#### Other income

Other income increased by HK\$0.5 million from HK\$1.8 million in FY2023 to HK\$2.3 million in FY2024. The increase was mainly due to increase in bank interest income.

#### 財務回顧

#### 收入

於二零二四年財政年度,本集團來自其貸款業務的利息收入為89,900,000港元,較二零二三年財政年度的利息收入87,900,000港元輕微增加2,000,000港元或2.3%。利息收入增加乃主要由於二零二四年財政年度實際利率上升,而應收貸款總額的平均月底結餘由二零二三年財政年度822,700,000港元減少11,600,000港元或1.4%至二零二四年財政年度811,100,000港元。

#### 其他收入

其他收入由二零二三年財政年度的1,800,000港元增加500,000港元至二零二四年財政年度的2,300,000港元。增加乃主要由於銀行利息增加。

#### Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses incurred by the Group mainly comprised employee benefit expenses, advertising and marketing expenses, legal and professional fees, auditor's remuneration, depreciation of property, plant and equipment, depreciation of right-of-use assets and other administrative expenses. These expenses, which constitute 27.9% and 25.8% of the total revenue for FY2024 and FY2023, respectively, increased from HK\$22.7 million in FY2023 to HK\$25.1 million in FY2024, representing an increase of HK\$2.4 million or 10.6%.

Employee benefit expenses increased by HK\$1.4 million or 13.1% from HK\$10.7 million in FY2023 to HK\$12.1 million in FY2024.

Advertising and marketing expenses decreased by HK\$0.6 million or 14.6% from HK\$4.1 million in FY2023 to HK\$3.5 million in FY2024. The decrease in advertising and marketing expenses in FY2024 was mainly due to a decrease in expenses for television advertising.

Excluding employee benefit expenses and advertising and marketing expenses mentioned above, administrative expenses increased by HK\$1.6 million or 20.3% from HK\$7.9 million in FY2023 to HK\$9.5 million in FY2024. These expenses were comprised of mainly legal and professional fees of HK\$1.3 million (FY2023: HK\$1.3 million); auditor's remuneration of HK\$1.0 million (FY2023: HK\$0.9 million); depreciation of property, plant and equipment of HK\$0.7 million (FY2023: HK\$0.1 million); depreciation of right-of-use assets of HK\$3.1 million (FY2023: HK\$4.1 million); and other administrative expenses of HK\$3.4 million (FY2023: HK\$1.5 million). The increase in other administrative expenses was mainly due to increase in expenses relating to loan recovery process and miscellaneous expenses on office relocation.

#### 行政開支

本集團產生的行政開支主要包括僱員福利開支、廣告及市場推廣開支、法律及專業費用、核數師酬金、物業、廠房及設備折舊、使用權資產折舊以及其他行政開支。該等開支分別佔二零二四年財政年度及二零二三年財政年度總收入的27.9%及25.8%,並由二零二三年財政年度的22,700,000港元增加2,400,000港元或10.6%至二零二四年財政年度的25,100,000港元。

僱員福利開支由二零二三年財政年度的10,700,000港元增加1,400,000港元或13.1%至二零二四年財政年度的12,100,000港元。

廣告及市場推廣開支由二零二三年財政年度的 4,100,000港元減少600,000港元或14.6%至二零 二四年財政年度的3,500,000港元。二零二四年 財政年度的廣告及市場推廣開支的減少主要由 於電視廣告開支減少所致。

撇除上述僱員福利開支以及廣告及市場推廣開支,行政開支由二零二三年財政年度的7,900,000港元增加1,600,000港元或20.3%至二零二四年財政年度的9,500,000港元。該等開支主要包括法律及專業費用1,300,000港元(二零二三年財政年度:1,300,000港元):核數師酬金1,000,000港元(二零二三年財政年度:900,000港元);物業、廠房及設備折舊700,000港元(二零二三年財政年度:100,000港元);使用權資產折舊3,100,000港元(二零二三年財政年度:4,100,000港元);及其他行政開支3,400,000港元(二零二三年財政年度:1,500,000港元)。其他行政開支的增加乃主要由於與貸款回收流程相關的費用及辦公室搬遷雜項費用增加。

#### Impairment losses on financial assets, net of reversal

The Group recognised impairment losses on financial assets of HK\$10.0 million in FY2024 (FY2023: HK\$4.7 million), which was primarily due to increase in default loans receivable and interest receivables and the decrease in market value of the related collaterals.

A majority of the provisions made in FY2024 related to loans and interest receivables that were classified as credit impaired as at 31 December 2024, below is the breakdown of provision for impairment and write-off of loans and interest receivables and repossessed assets incurred in FY2024 and FY2023:

#### 金融資產減值虧損,扣除撥回

本集團於二零二四年財政年度確認金融資產減值虧損10,000,000港元(二零二三年財政年度:4,700,000港元),主要由於逾期應收貸款及應收利息增加及相關抵押品的市值下降。

二零二四年財政年度計提的大部分撥備與截至 二零二四年十二月三十一日被分類為信用減損 的貸款和應收利息有關,以下是二零二四及二 零二三年財政年度應收貸款及利息以及收回資 產減值撥備及撇銷之分析:

		tage  12 months expected credit loss (Stage 1)  12個月預期 信貸虧損 (第一階段) HK\$'m	二零二四年十二 Lifetime expected credit loss not credit impaired (Stage 2) 非信貸減值 的全期預期 信貸虧損 (第二階段) HK\$'m	December 2024 二月三十一日止年 Lifetime expected credit loss credit impaired (Stage 3) 信貸減預 的全期預 信貸配期 信貸階段) HK\$'m	Total 總計 HK\$'m
		百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元
Net (reversal of)/charge for provisions for impairment losses on loans receivable	應收貸款減值損失 撥備(撥回)/開支 淨額	(0.4)	0.4	8.5	8.5
Net charge for provisions for impairment losses on interest	應收利息減值損失 撥備開支淨額				
receivables	饭佣州又/尹餀	_*	_*	0.6	0.6
Write-off of loans receivable and interest receivables	撇銷應收貸款及應 收利息	-	-	0.2	0.2
Charge for impairment losses on a repossessed asset	收回資產減值損失 開支	_	_	0.7	0.7
•					
		(0.4)	0.4	10.0	10.0

<sup>\*</sup> less than HK\$0.1 million

\* 少於100,000港元

		 截至	Year ended 31 D 二零二三年十二	ecember 2023 月三十一日止年 <i>。</i>	<del></del> <del></del>
			Lifetime expected	Lifetime expected	
		12 months	credit loss	credit	
		expected	not credit	loss credit	
		credit loss	impaired	impaired	
		(Stage 1)	(Stage 2) 非信貸減值	(Stage 3) 信貸減值	Tota
		12個月預期 信貸虧損	的全期預期 信貸虧損	的全期預期 信貸虧損	
		(第一階段)	(第二階段)	(第三階段)	總計
		HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m	HK\$'m
		百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元
Net (reversal of)/charge for provisions for impairment losses on loans receivable	應收貸款減值損失 撥備(撥回)/開支 淨額	(1.3)	(2.2)	7.7	4.2
Net charge for provisions for impairment losses on interest receivables	應收利息減值損失 撥備開支淨額	_*	_*	0.4	0.4
Charge for impairment losses on a repossessed asset	收回資產減值損失 開支	<u> </u>	_	0.1	0.1
		(1.3)	(2.2)	8.2	4.7

\* less than HK\$0.1 million

As at 31 December 2024, except for gross loans and interest receivables of approximately HK\$0.4 million, which were unsecured and fully provided for, approximately 97% of the remaining credit impaired loans and interest receivables were first mortgage loans, while approximately 3% were subordinated mortgage loans. The management had initiated legal actions to recover these credit impaired loans.

少於100,000港元

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,除無抵押並已 悉數撥備的總貸款及應收利息約400,000港元 外,其餘信用減值貸款及應收利息約97%為物 業一按貸款及約3%為物業二按貸款。管理層已 採取法律行動以收回該等信用減值貸款。

## Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

管理層討論及分析(續)

#### Impairment loss on intangible asset

The Group recognised an impairment loss of HK\$1.8 million on golf club membership during FY2024 (FY2023: HK\$1.6 million) that was charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, details of which are disclosed in Note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **Finance costs**

Finance costs decreased by HK\$0.1 million or 25.0% from HK\$0.4 million in FY2023 to HK\$0.3 million in FY2024 due to a decrease in average borrowings during the year.

#### Net interest margin

Net interest margin during the year refers to the interest income in respect of the Group's mortgage loans and personal loans less finance costs (excluding interest expenses on lease liabilities) divided by the average of month-end gross loans receivable balances of the corresponding loans during the year.

Net interest margin increased from 10.7% for FY2023 to 11.1% for FY2024.

#### Income tax expenses

The Group's effective tax rate increased from 16.4% for FY2023 to 16.9% for FY2024

#### Profit and total comprehensive income

As a result of the foregoing, the Group's profit and total comprehensive income for FY2024 was HK\$45.8 million, representing a decrease of HK\$4.5 million or 9.0% as compared to the Group's profit and total comprehensive income of HK\$50.3 million for FY2023.

#### 無形資產減值虧損

本集團於二零二四年財政年度就高爾夫球會會籍確認一項減值虧損1,800,000港元(二零二三年財政年度:1,600,000港元),並計入合併綜合收益表,其詳情於合併財務報表附註16中披露。

#### 財務成本

財務成本由二零二三年財政年度400,000港元減少100,000港元或25.0%至二零二四年財政年度300,000港元,乃由於年內平均借款減少所致。

#### 淨息差

年內的淨息差指本集團按揭貸款及私人貸款的 利息收入減財務成本(不包括租賃負債的利息開 支)除以年內相應貸款的月底應收貸款結餘總額 平均值。

淨息差由二零二三年財政年度10.7%增加至二零 二四年財政年度11.1%。

#### 利得税開支

本集團的實際税率由二零二三年財政年度的 16.4%增加至二零二四年財政年度的16.9%。

#### 溢利及綜合收益總額

因上文所述,本集團於二零二四年財政年度的 溢利及綜合收益總額為45,800,000港元,較本集 團二零二三年財政年度的溢利及綜合收益總額 50,300,000港元減少4,500,000港元或9.0%。

#### **OUTLOOK**

As 2025 begins, Hong Kong's economic landscape presents a mix of positive developments and lingering uncertainties. Moderating geopolitical tensions, a steady recovery in China's economy, and interest rate reductions initiated in late 2024 provide a supportive environment for loan growth. However, the property market, which has been in decline for three consecutive years, requires sustained lower interest rates and broader economic improvement to achieve gradual stabilisation.

Given the considerable decline in the Group's collateral value in recent years, and with the property market yet to show confirmed signs of stabilisation, the Group will focus on enhancing its loan portfolio. This includes prioritizing efforts to minimise exposure to high-risk segments and adjusting pricing strategies to address elevated mortgage-related risks in this uncertain environment.

Although the Group does not have any detailed plans for material investments, capital assets or launching new products in a large scale in the coming year, it will continue to improve its existing products and services to enhance customer experience.

## LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND CAPITAL STRUCTURE

During FY2024, the Group's operational and capital requirements were financed principally through retained earnings.

Based on the Group's current and anticipated levels of operations, the Group's future operations and capital requirements will be mainly financed through retained earnings and share capital. There were no significant commitments for capital expenditure as at 31 December 2024.

During FY2024, the Group did not use financial investments for hedging purposes.

#### 展望

隨著二零二五年開始,香港的經濟形勢既呈現 出正面的發展,也充滿了持續的不確定性。地 緣政治緊張局勢緩和、中國經濟穩步復甦以及 二零二四年底開始的降息,為貸款增長提供了 支持性環境。然而,連續三年下滑的房地產市 場需要持續的低利率和更廣泛的經濟改善才能 逐步穩定。

鑑於近年來本集團的抵押品價值大幅下降,且 房地產市場尚未顯示穩定跡象,本集團將專注 於提升其貸款組合,這包括優先努力減少對高 風險領域的敞口,並調整定價策略,以應對在 不確定的環境下抵押貸款相關的風險上升。

雖然本集團來年並無任何重大投資、資本資產或大規模推出新產品的詳細計劃,但將繼續改善 善現有產品及服務,以提升客戶體驗。

#### 流動資金及財務資源及資本結構

於二零二四年財政年度,本集團主要透過保留 盈利為經營及資本需求提供資金。

基於本集團目前及預期的運營水平,本集團將主要透過保留盈利及股本為日後經營及資本需求提供資金。於二零二四年十二月三十一日,概無任何重大資本開支承擔。

於二零二四年財政年度,本集團並無使用金融 工具進行對沖。

As at 31 December 2024, cash and cash equivalents amounted to HK\$181.8 million, which were mainly denominated in Hong Kong dollars, representing a significant increase of HK\$129.5 million as compared to the position as at 31 December 2023. The increase was mainly attributable to a decrease in gross loans receivable as at 31 December 2024.

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Group did not have any outstanding interest-bearing bank loans or loans from related parties.

During FY2024, none of the Group's borrowing facilities were subject to any covenants relating to financial ratio requirements or any material covenants that restrict the Group from undertaking additional debt or equity financing. As at 31 December 2024, the unutilised facility available to the Group for drawdown amounted to HK\$50.0 million (2023: HK\$50.0 million).

#### **Current ratio**

The Group's current ratio increased from 44.8 times as at 31 December 2023 to 57.7 times as at 31 December 2024.

#### **Gearing ratio**

The Group's gearing ratio was calculated by dividing net debts (being the total borrowings and lease liabilities less cash and cash equivalents) by total equity. The Group was in a net cash position as at 31 December 2024 and 2023 and hence no gearing ratio is presented.

#### Return on total assets and return on equity

The return on total assets decreased from 5.4% as at 31 December 2023 to 4.8% as at 31 December 2024. The return on equity decreased from 5.5% as at 31 December 2023 to 4.9% as at 31 December 2024.

## SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS HELD, MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS

The Group did not have any significant investments held, material acquisitions or disposals of subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures during FY2024.

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,現金及現金等價物為181,800,000港元(主要以港元計值),較於二零二三年十二月三十一日大幅增加129,500,000港元。有關增加乃主要由於二零二四年十二月三十一日的應收貸款總額減少。

於二零二四及二零二三年十二月三十一日,本 集團概無任何尚未償還的計息銀行貸款或來自 關聯方的貸款。

截至二零二四年財政年度,本集團的借款融資並無受到有關財務比率要求的任何契諾或限制本集團承擔額外債務或股本融資的任何重大契諾所規限。於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團的未動用可供提取融資為50,000,000港元(二零二三年:50,000,000港元)。

#### 流動比率

本集團的流動比率由於二零二三年十二月 三十一日的44.8倍上升至於二零二四年十二月 三十一日的57.7倍。

#### 資產負債比率

本集團的資產負債比率乃按負債淨額(即借款總額及租賃負債減現金及現金等價物)除以權益總額計算。本集團於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日處於淨現金狀態,因此並無呈現資產負債比率。

#### 資產總額回報率及股本回報率

資產總額回報率由二零二三年十二月三十一日的5.4%減少至二零二四年十二月三十一日的4.8%。股本回報率由於二零二三年十二月三十一日的5.5%減少至於二零二四年十二月三十一日的4.9%。

## 所持重大投資、重大收購及出售事項

本集團於二零二四年財政年度,概無持有任何 重大投資,且並無有關附屬公司、聯營公司及 合營企業的重大收購或出售事項。

#### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Group's operations, financial conditions, operational results and growth prospects are affected by a number of risks and uncertainties as outlined below. These factors are not exhaustive and there may be other risks in addition to those shown below which are not known to the Group or which may not be material now but could become material in the future.

#### Financial risk

Financial risk factors include cash flow and fair value interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. As a licensed money lender in Hong Kong providing mainly mortgage loan financings to corporations and private individuals which are secured against real estate assets in Hong Kong, credit risk is regarded as the prime risk of the Group.

The Group generates revenue from interest received from the provision of loans to corporate and private individual customers. The Group's principal loan products are (i) first mortgage loans, which are secured by the first mortgage on the borrowers' real estates; and (ii) subordinated mortgage loans, which are secured by mortgages subordinated to the first mortgages charged on the borrowers' pledged properties. The Group only offers mortgage loan financings which are secured against real estate assets located in Hong Kong, of which approximately 70% being residential properties and the remaining of 30% being commercial properties, industrial properties and car park spaces as at 31 December 2024. Unsecured loans accounted for less than 1% of the Group's total loan portfolio as at 31 December 2024.

The Group has a credit policy in place and the exposures to credit risk are monitored on an on-going basis. Before loan applications are approved, the Group will carry out due diligence procedures such as verifying the identity of the borrowers, reviewing their financial strength, conducting background searches and assessing the valuation of the collaterals. Approval for loan applications, together with the loan amount and corresponding interest rate, are determined by the Group's credit committee based on a number of factors including, amongst others, the credit history and profile of the applicant, the property type, profile and valuation of the proposed property to be mortgaged and the prevailing market conditions according to the Group's internal credit policy and guidelines and their respective approval limit. The standard annual interest rates of the mortgage loans charged by the Group during FY2024 ranged from 8% to 25.0%. In the majority of the cases, the Group grants loan with a loan-to-value ratio of no more than 70%. As at 31 December 2024, the overall weighted average loan-to-value ratio of the Group's loan portfolio is managed at 60.7% (2023: 60.0%).

#### 主要風險及不確定因素

本集團的經營、財務狀況、經營業績及增長前 景受下文所列多項風險及不確定因素所影響。 該等因素並非詳盡無遺,除下文所列者外,仍 有其他本集團尚未知悉或目前並不重大但日後 可能成為重大的其他風險。

#### 財務風險

財務風險因素包括現金流及公平值利率風險、 信貸風險及流動資金風險。作為香港的一家持 牌貸款人,我們主要向企業及個人提供以香港 的物業資產作抵押的按揭貸款融資,信貸風險 被視為本集團的首要風險。

本集團自向公司及個人客戶提供貸款所得利息產生收入。本集團的主要貸款產品為(i)物業一按貸款,以借款人的一按物業作抵押;及(ii)物業二按貸款,以借款人已作第一抵押的二按物業作抵押。於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團僅提供以位於香港的物業資產作抵押的按場貸款融資,當中約70%為住宅物業,餘下30%為商用物業、工業物業及停車場車位。於二零二四年十二月三十一日,無抵押貸款佔本集團總貸款組合的少於1%。

本集團已制訂信貸政策,並持續監察信貸風 險。在貸款申請獲得批准前,本集團將進行盡 職審查程序,包括核實借款人的身份、審查其 財務實力、進行背景調查以及評估抵押品的估 值。貸款申請的審批以及貸款金額及相應利率 由本集團的信貸委員會根據本集團的內部信貸 政策及指引及其各自的審批權限依多項因素決 定,包括(其中包括)申請人的信貸記錄及概 况、建議將予抵押物業的物業類型、概況及估 值以及當時市況。本集團於二零二四年財政年 度就該等按揭貸款所收取的標準年利率介乎 8%至25.0%。在大多數情況下,本集團授予貸 款的貸款對估值比率不超過70%。於二零二四 年十二月三十一日,本集團貸款組合的整體加 權平均貸款對估值比率維持於60.7%(二零二三 年:60.0%)。

The Group also establishes standard procedures and the credit department is responsible for on on-going monitoring of loan recoverability, which include the repayment status and the market value of the underlying collateral, and loan collection.

The Group has a wide customer base, there were approximately 193 customers as at 31 December 2024 with outstanding loan size by customer ranging from approximately HK\$23,000 to HK\$35,000,000. The Group's top five customers accounted for approximately 18.2% of the Group's total gross loans receivable and the largest customer accounted for approximately 4.7% of the Group's total gross loans receivable as at 31 December 2024.

Further information on the internal control and risk management measures in relation to credit risk, including the assessments of impairments on loans receivable, and other aforesaid financial risk factors of the Group are elaborated in Note 3.1 "Financial risk factors" to the consolidated financial statements of this annual report.

#### Operational risk

Operational risk is defined as the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, human and system errors or from external events. Responsibility for managing operational risks basically rests with every function at departmental levels. Key functions in the Group are guided by their standard operating procedures, limits of authority and reporting framework. Management will identify and assess key operational exposures regularly so that appropriate risk response can be taken.

#### Market risk

Performance of the Group's business will be affected by various market factors in Hong Kong, including but not limited to economic conditions and the overall property market conditions in Hong Kong. A downturn in the economy and/or property market in Hong Kong may result not only in a decline in the number of real estate transactions, which may limit the growth of the Group's mortgage loan portfolio, but also a decline in the value of the underlying properties in respect of the Group's mortgage loans, which may increase the risk of impairment of the Group's mortgage loan portfolio. The Group has implemented polices to carry out continuous monitoring of the property market and the collateral value of the underlying mortgage loan portfolio so that appropriate risk response can be taken.

本集團亦設立標準程序,而信貸部門負責監察 貸款可收回性,包括還款狀況及相關抵押品的 市值以及追討欠款。

本集團擁有廣泛的客戶基礎,於二零二四年十二月三十一日約有193名客戶,客戶未償還貸款數額介乎約23,000港元至35,000,000港元不等。於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團的五大客戶佔本集團應收貸款總額約18.2%,最大客戶佔本集團應收貸款總額約4.7%。

有關本集團信貸風險(包括應收貸款的減值評估)及其他上述財務風險因素的內部控制及風險管理措施的更多資料,於本年報綜合財務報表附註3.1 「財務風險因素」中闡述。

#### 操作風險

操作風險是指由不完善或不起效用的內控程序、人員及系統失誤或外部事件導致損失的風險。管理操作風險的責任基本落於各部門級別的職能單位。本集團的主要職能單位設有標準操作程序、權限及匯報架構作為指引。管理層會定期識別及評估主要操作風險以便採取適當的風險應對措施。

#### 市場風險

本集團業務表現受香港多個市場因素影響,包括但不限於經濟狀況及香港整體樓市狀況。香港經濟及/或樓市低迷不僅會導致房地產交。看減少,限制本集團按揭貸款組合的發展,亦會致使有關本集團按揭貸款的相關物業之價值、 下降,進而可能加大本集團按揭貸款組合的減值風險。本集團已採取政策持續監控樓市和相關按揭貸款組合的抵押物價值,以應對相應風險。

#### Reputational risk

The Group maintains a strong market position in the money lending business market in Hong Kong. One of the keys to its success is its reputation and recognition of the brand "GICL". Maintaining and promoting brand and reputation will depend on the Group's marketing efforts and service quality. If existing or potential customers lose confidence in "GICL", or in the industry in general, because of negative publicity, the Group's performance may be negatively impacted. To safeguard and manage the brand, the Group strives to uphold its brand value, corporate image, and maintain high business ethics.

#### Risk management

The Group has established and maintained sufficient risk management procedures to identify and control various types of risk within the organisation and the external environment with active management participation and effective internal control procedures in the best interest of the Group and its shareholders. Details of its risk management system are elaborated on pages 39 to 41 under section "Corporate Governance Report" of this annual report.

#### RELATIONSHIPS WITH KEY STAKEHOLDERS

The Group maintains strong and close relationships with its employees and customers and has enhanced cooperation with its business partners so as to ensure sustainable development.

The Group regards employees as one of the most valuable assets of the Group and regards the personal development of its employees as highly important. The Group (i) regularly reviews the remuneration package of employees and makes necessary adjustments to conform to the market standard; (ii) provides a safe working environment to its employees; and (iii) provides continuous training support to its employees in order to drive their personal development and improve their knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work.

The Group maintains a close relationship with its customers to fulfill their immediate and long-term financing needs. The Group has on-going communication with customers through various channels, such as the Group's website, telephone, direct mail, marketing materials and social media.

#### 聲譽風險

本集團佔據香港貸款業務市場穩固地位,聲譽及「環球信貸」品牌的認知度乃成功要素之一。品牌及聲譽的維持及發揚取決於本集團推廣力度及服務質素。倘現有或潛在客戶因負面報導而對「環球信貸」或整體行業失去信心,則會對本集團業績有不利影響。為維護及管理品牌,本集團力求提升品牌價值、企業形象及維持高水準商業道德。

#### 風險管理

本集團已建立及保持足夠風險管理程序,輔以管理層之積極參與及有效之內部監控程序,以找出及控制公司內部及外圍環境現存之多種風險,符合本集團及其股東之最佳利益。有關風險管理系統的詳情於本年報第39至41頁的「企業管治報告」一節闡述。

#### 與主要利益相關人士的關係

本集團與僱員及客戶維持穩健密切的關係,並 加強與業務夥伴合作,確保持續發展。

本集團視僱員為本集團最寶貴的資產之一,高度重視僱員的個人發展。本集團(i)定期檢討僱員的薪酬福利,因應市場標準作出必要調整;(ii)為僱員提供安全的工作環境;及(iii)為僱員提供持續培訓支援,推動彼等個人發展及提升履行工作職責的知識及技巧。

本集團與客戶維持密切關係,滿足彼等即時和 長期的融資需求。本集團通過本集團網站、電 話、郵寄宣傅單張、營銷材料及社交媒體等多 種途徑持續與客戶進行溝通。

#### **EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION**

As at 31 December 2024, the Group employed 19 full-time employees (2023: 18). The total employee benefit expenses (including directors' emoluments) of the Group for FY2024 and FY2023 were HK\$12.1 million and HK\$10.7 million, respectively. The remuneration of its employees included salaries, overtime allowances, commissions and year end discretionary bonuses. The Group remunerates its employees mainly based on current market trends, individual performance and experience and conducts performance appraisals on an annual basis. The Group also provides continuous training support to its employees in order to drive their personal development and improve their knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work.

#### **FOREIGN CURRENCY EXPOSURE**

The business activities of the Group were denominated in Hong Kong dollars. The Directors did not consider that the Group was exposed to any significant foreign exchange risks during FY2024. As the impact from foreign exchange exposure was minimal, the Directors were of the view that no hedging against foreign currency exposure was necessary. In view of the operational needs, the Group will continue to monitor the foreign currency exposure from time to time and take necessary actions to minimise exchange related risks.

#### **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Group had no material contingent liabilities.

#### **PLEDGE OF ASSETS**

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Group did not have any pledged assets.

## 僱員及薪酬

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團聘有19名全職僱員(二零二三年:18名)。本集團截至二零二四年及二零二三年財政年度的僱員福利開支總額(包括董事薪酬)分別為12,100,000港元及10,700,000港元。僱員薪酬包括工資、加班津貼、佣金及年底的酌情花紅。本集團主要根據現時市場趨勢、個人表現及經驗向僱員發放薪酬,並每年進行績效評核。本集團亦為僱員提供持續的培訓支持,以推動其個人發展及提升其履行工作職責的知識及技能。

#### 外匯風險

本集團的業務活動以港元計值。董事認為,截至二零二四年財政年度,本集團並無承受任何重大外匯風險。由於外匯風險的影響極微,董事認為毋須為外匯風險作出對沖。鑑於營運需要,本集團將繼續不時監察外匯風險,並採取必要行動以降低匯兑相關風險。

#### 或然負債

於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日, 本集團並無重大或然負債。

#### 資產抵押

於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日, 本集團並無任何已抵押資產。

## **Directors and Senior Management**

## 董事及高級管理層

#### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Ms. Wang Yao (王瑤), aged 41, is the Chairman and Chief Executive of the Company and was appointed as Director on 20 January 2014 and designated as an executive Director on 24 July 2014. Ms. Wang is a cofounder of the Group and is responsible for the overall management of the money lending business as well as strategic planning and development of the Group. In particular, she is responsible for developing the Group's overall business model and product portfolio as well as formulating its advertising and marketing strategy. Ms. Wang also serves as director to a number of subsidiaries of the Group. Ms. Wang graduated from Macquarie University in Australia with a double bachelor's degree in applied finance and commerce accounting and a master degree of applied finance. She also obtained the degree of Master of Science in Management from the Stanford University. Ms. Wang is the daughter of Ms. Jin. Ms. Wang is also a director of Blossom Spring Global Limited, a company which has an interest in the shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under Division 2 and 3 of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance.

**Ms. Jin Xiaoqin** (金曉琴), aged 68, was appointed as Director on 9 April 2014 and designated as an executive Director on 24 July 2014. Ms. Jin is a co-founder of the Group and an experienced property investor. Between July 2006 and July 2008 she was the director of a privately held company in Hong Kong which, through its subsidiaries, was engaged in motorcycle manufacturing and trading business in the PRC. She is responsible for the overall management of the Group's business and operations and participating in monitoring of the Group's treasury functions. Ms. Jin is the mother of Ms. Wang.

Ms. Yip Lee Ying (葉莉盈), aged 41, was appointed as an executive Director on 28 August 2020. Ms. Yip joined the Group in February 2016 as chief financial officer and has also been appointed as the company secretary of the Company. Ms. Yip is principally responsible for overseeing the Group's financial management, internal control, company secretarial and corporate finance matters. Ms. Yip has over 10 years of experience in professional accounting and financial advisory services. Prior to joining the Group, Ms. Yip worked at Deloitte Hong Kong from 2007 to 2016. Ms. Yip holds a Bachelor of Commerce degree in Accounting and Finance and a Master of Commerce degree in Funds Management from the University of New South Wales. She is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

#### 執行董事

金曉琴女士,68歲,於二零一四年四月九日獲委任為董事,並於二零一四年七月二十四日調任為執行董事。金女士為本集團的共同創辦人,並為資深物業投資者。二零零六年七月創辦人,並為資深物業投資者。二零零八年七月期間,彼為香港一間私人公司的董事,該公司透過其附屬公司在中國從事電單車製造及買賣業務。彼負責本集團業務及營運的整體管理,並參與監察本集團的庫務職能。金女士為王女士的母親。

葉莉盈女士,41歲,於二零二零年八月二十八日獲委任為執行董事。葉女士於二零一六年零月加盟本集團擔任首席財務總監,並同時責監管任為本公司的公司秘書。葉女士主要負責監管本集團財務管理、內部監控、公司秘書及財務管理、內部監控、公司秘書及財務會問服務經驗。於加盟本集團前,德勤予二、一次經濟學會計及金融商學與一次資金管理商學碩士學位。彼為香港會計師公會成員。

## Directors and Senior Management (Continued) 董事及高級管理層(續)

#### INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Dr. Ng Lai Man, Carmen (吳麗文), aged 60, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director with effect from 22 November 2014. She has about 30 years of experience in professional accounting and corporate finance in Hong Kong, the PRC, the United States and Europe. Dr. Ng is a practicing certified public accountant in Hong Kong, a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants in the United Kingdom, and The Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales. She is currently a director of Cosmos CPA Limited. She received her Doctor of Business Administration Degree from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University, Juris Doctor Degree from The Chinese University of Hong Kong, Master of Laws Degree in Corporate and Financial Laws from The University of Hong Kong, Master of Business Administration Degree from The Chinese University of Hong Kong, Master of Professional Accounting Degree from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University and Master of Science in Global Finance from The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology and Leonard N. Stern School of Business of New York University. Dr. Ng is currently an independent non-executive director of eSun Holdings Limited (stock code: 571), Lion Rock Group Limited (stock code: 1127) and Moiselle International Holdings Limited (stock code: 130), all of which are listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

#### 獨立非執行董事

吳麗文博士,60歲,於二零一四年十一月 二十二日起獲委任為獨立非執行董事。彼於香 港、中國、美國及歐洲擁有約30年專業會計及 企業融資經驗。吳博十為香港執業會計師、香 港會計師公會、英國特許公認會計師公會以及 英格蘭及威爾斯特許會計師公會資深會員。彼 目前為華恩會計師事務所有限公司的董事。彼 擁有香港理工大學工商管理博士學位、香港中 文大學法律博士學位、香港大學公司法與金融 法法律碩士學位、香港中文大學工商管理碩士 學位、香港理工大學專業會計學碩士學位及香 港科技大學及紐約大學史登商學院環球金融理 學碩士。吳博士現任豐德麗控股有限公司(股份 代號:571),獅子山集團有限公司(股份代號: 1127)及慕詩國際集團有限公司(股份代號: 130)的獨立非執行董事,該等公司全部為於香 港聯交所上市。

## Directors and Senior Management (Continued) 董事及高級管理層(續)

**Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick** (文耀光), aged 55, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director with effect from 1 January 2016. Mr. Man has over 20 years of experience in the corporate finance field. Mr. Man obtained a Bachelor's Degree of Business Administration from Simon Fraser University, Canada in October 1993. He has been an associate member of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants since January 2000 and a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants since September 2003. Mr. Man is currently an independent non-executive director of PanAsialum Holdings Company Limited (stock code: 2078), which is listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

文耀光先生,55歲,於二零一六年一月一日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。文先生擁有逾20年的企業融資經驗。文先生於一九九三年十月畢業於加拿大西門菲莎大學,取得工商管理學士學位。彼自二零零零年一月起成為香港會計師公會會員及自二零零三年九月起成為特許公認會計師公會資深會員。文先生日前為榮陽實集團有限公司(股份代號:2078)的獨立非執行董事,該公司於香港聯交所上市。

Mr. Pao Ping Wing (浦炳榮), aged 77, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director with effect from 1 January 2024. Mr. Pao has more than 30 years of experience in corporate governance for companies in Hong Kong. Over the years, Mr. Pao had been actively serving in the consultation and formulation of government policies, including those relating to town planning, urban renewal, public housing, and environment matters, etc.. Mr. Pao has been appointed as a Justice of the Peace of Hong Kong since 1987 and he was an ex-Urban Councillor. Mr. Pao obtained a Master's degree of Science in Human Settlement Planning and Development from the Asia Institute of Technology in Thailand. He was elected as one of the Ten Outstanding Young Persons of Hong Kong in 1982 and one of the Ten Outstanding Young Persons of the World in 1983. Currently, He is an independent non-executive director of a number of companies listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, namely, Sing Lee Software (Group) Limited (stock code:8076), Capital Environment Holdings Limited (stock code:3989), Maoye International Holdings Limited (stock code:848), and Soundwill Holdings Limited (stock code:878). In the last three years, Mr. Pao also served as an independent non-executive director of Oriental Enterprise Holdings Limited (formerly known as Oriental Press Group Limited) (stock code:18) from July 1987 to August 2023, which is listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and an independent nonexecutive director of Zhuzhou CRRC Times Electric Co., Ltd. (stock code: 3898) from June 2006 to June 2023, which is listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and Shanghai Stock Exchange.

浦炳榮先生,77歲,於二零二四年一月一日獲 委任為獨立非執行董事。浦先生於香港公司 企業管治方面擁有逾三十年經驗。多年來,浦 先生積極參與政府政策的諮詢及制定,所涉事 務包括城市規劃、市區重建、公共房屋及環境 事務等。浦先生於一九八七年獲委任為香港太 平紳士,及曾為前市政局議員。浦先生取得 泰國亞洲理工學院人居規劃發展碩士學,於 一九八二年獲頒發香港十大傑出青年,並於 一九八三年獲頒發世界十大傑出青年。彼現為 多間於香港聯交所上市的公司之獨立非執行董 事,包括新利軟件(集團)股份有限公司(股份 代號:8076)、首創環境控股有限公司(股份代 號:3989)、茂業國際控股有限公司(股份代 號:848)及金朝陽集團有限公司(股份代號: 878)。 過去三年,浦先生亦於一九八七年七月 至二零二三年八月期間擔任東方企控集團有限 公司(前稱東方報業集團有限公司)(股份代號: 18)的獨立非執行董事,該公司於香港聯交所上 市,及於二零零六年六月至二零二三年六月期 間擔任株洲中車時代電氣股份有限公司(股份代 號:3898)獨立非執行董事,該公司分別於香港 聯交所及上海證券交易所上市。

#### **SENIOR MANAGEMENT**

**Mr. Ng Yiu Lun (伍耀倫)**, aged 50, joined the Group in February 2009 and is the chief operating officer of the Group. Mr. Ng has over 10 years of experience in money lending business and is mainly responsible for managing the Group's business operation with a focus on credit and risk management functions. Mr. Ng was an executive Director of the Company from 30 July 2018 to 27 August 2020.

**Ms. Chan Mei Chun (陳美珍)**, aged 46, joined the Group in February 2009 as senior relationship manager and is responsible for management of customer relationships.

#### 高級管理層

伍耀倫先生,50歲,於二零零九年二月加盟本集團,並擔任本集團的首席運營官。伍先生在放債業務方面累積逾10年經驗,主要負責管理本集團之業務營運,並專注於信貸及風險管理職能。伍先生由二零一八年七月三十日至二零二零年八月二十七日為本公司的執行董事。

**陳美珍女士**,46歲,於二零零九年二月加盟本 集團擔任高級客戶經理,負責管理客戶關係。

## **Corporate Governance Report**

## 企業管治報告

The Board is pleased to present the corporate governance report of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2024 (the "Relevant Period"). The Company is committed to achieving and maintaining high standards of corporate governance consistent with the needs and requirements of its business and Shareholders to enable them to evaluate how the principles of corporate governance have been applied. The corporate governance principles of the Company emphasise a high quality Board, sound internal controls, and transparency and accountability to all Shareholders.

The Company has adopted and complied with the relevant code provisions under Part 2 of the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules. During the Relevant Period, the Company has complied with the Code (the "Code") applicable as at 31 December 2024 except for the following deviations:

Pursuant to Code Provision C.2.1 of the Code, the role of chairman and the chief executive should be segregated and should not be performed by the same individual. However, the Company does not have a separate chairman and chief executive and Ms. Wang Yao currently performs these two roles. The Board believes that vesting the roles of both chairman and chief executive in the same position has the benefit of ensuring consistent leadership within the Group and enables more effective and efficient overall strategic planning for the Group. A balance of power and authority between the Board and management can be ensured by the operation of the Board, whose members (including the three independent non-executive directors) are individuals with ample experience, such that the interests of shareholders can be safeguarded. Furthermore, the Directors had regular discussions in relation to major matters affecting the operations of the Group and the Group has an effective risk management and internal control systems in place for providing adequate checks and balances. The Board considers that the balance of power and authority for the present arrangement will not be impaired and this structure will enable the Company to make and implement decisions promptly and effectively. The Board will continue to review and consider splitting the roles of chairman of the Board and chief executive of the Company at a time when it is appropriate and suitable by taking into account the circumstances of the Group as a whole.

In light of this situation, the Directors consider that the aforementioned does not have any material impact on the corporate governance of the Company during the Relevant Period.

The Directors will carry out a regular review on the Company's corporate governance policies and will propose any amendment, if necessary, to ensure compliance with the Code Provisions from time to time.

董事會欣然提呈本公司截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度(「相關期間」)的企業管治報告。本公司致力達致及維持符合其業務及股東需要及要求的高水平企業管治,讓股東評價企業管治原則如何加以應用。本公司的企業管治原則著重高質素的董事會、穩健的內部監控,以及對全體股東保持透明度及向其負責。

本公司已採納及遵守上市規則附錄C1(企業管治守則第二部分(「守則」)之相關守則條文(於二零二四年十二月三十一日適用)。於相關期間,本公司一直遵守守則,惟以下偏離事項除外:

根據守則之守則條文C.2.1條,主席與總裁的角 色應有區分,不應由同一人士擔任。然而,本 公司的主席及總裁並無分開,王瑤女士目前身 兼兩職。董事會相信,主席及總裁的職務歸於 同一職位能確保本集團擁有一致的領導,並使 本集團的整體策略規劃更為有效及高效。董事 會之運作能確保董事會及管理層之間的權力和 授權分佈均衡,而董事會成員(包括三名獨立 非執行董事)均為經驗豐富的人士,從而可保障 股東利益。此外,董事定期討論影響本集團業 務的主要事宜,且本集團擁有有效的風險管理 及內部控制系統以提供充足的制約平衡。董事 會認為,目前的安排不會損害權力及權限的平 衡,而此架構將使本公司可即時及有效作出及 實施決策。董事會將於適當時候在考慮本集團 的整體情況後檢討及考慮分開董事會主席與本 公司總裁的職務。

鑒於上述情況,董事認為上述情況對本公司於 相關期間的企業管治並無任何重大影響。

董事將定期檢討本公司的企業管治政策,並於 有需要時建議任何修訂,以確保遵守不時生效 的守則條文。

## **Corporate Governance Report (Continued)** 企業管治報告(續)

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

## 董事會

#### **Board composition**

The Board currently comprises six Directors, being three executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors, with a variety and a balance of skills and experience in accounting, business, finance, investment and legal profession. The current composition of the Board is as follows:

## 董事會成員

董事會目前由六名董事組成,即三名執行董事 及三名獨立非執行董事,彼等擁有多樣化的均 衡技術及經驗,涵蓋會計、商業、金融、投資 及法律專業。董事會現任成員列載如下:

Directors	Membership of Board Committee(s)
董事	董事委員會成員職務

#### **Executive Directors:**

#### 執行董事:

Ms. Wang Yao (Chairman and Chief Executive) 王瑤女士(主席及總裁)

Chairman of the Nomination Committee 提名委員會主席 Member of the Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會成員

Ms. Jin Xiaogin 金曉琴女士

Ms. Yip Lee Ying 葉莉盈女士

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors:**

#### 獨立非執行董事:

Dr. Ng Lai Man, Carmen 吳麗文博士

Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick 文耀光先生

Mr. Pao Ping Wing 浦炳榮先生

Chairman of the Audit Committee

審核委員會主席

Member of the Remuneration Committee

薪酬委員會成員

Member of the Nomination Committee

提名委員會成員

Chairman of the Remuneration Committee

薪酬委員會主席

Member of the Audit Committee

審核委員會成員

Member of the Nomination Committee

提名委員會成員

Member of the Audit Committee

審核委員會成員

Member of the Remuneration Committee

薪酬委員會成員

Member of the Nomination Committee

提名委員會成員

## **Corporate Governance Report (Continued)**

企業管治報告(續)

Save for Ms. Wang Yao, who is the daughter of Ms. Jin Xiaoqin, and Ms. Jin Xiaoqin, who is the mother of Ms. Wang Yao, the Directors have no financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationships with each other.

The Company has received written annual confirmation from each of the independent non-executive Directors of his/her independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all independent non-executive Directors to be independent in accordance with the independence guidelines as set out in the Listing Rules.

Dr. Ng Lai Man, Carmen and Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick have served as independent non-executive Directors for more than nine years and the Nomination Committee and the Board have reviewed and assessed their independence pursuant to Code Provision B.2.3 of the Code. Given that (a) Dr. Ng Lai Man, Carmen and Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick meet the independence factors set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and have provided written confirmation of independence to the Company; (b) they do not have any interest in the business activities of the Group, nor any relationships which would interfere with the exercise of their independent judgment; and (c) they continue to demonstrate the attributes of an independent non-executive director, including being able to exercise their independent professional judgment and draw upon their extensive knowledge, expertise and experience and there is no evidence that their tenure has had any impact on their independence, the Board is of the opinion that Dr. Ng Lai Man, Carmen and Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick, remain independent notwithstanding the length of their service. In addition, taking into account Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick's in-depth knowledge in the Group's business together with his professional knowledge and expertise and general business acumen, the Board considers that Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick should be re-elected as the Company's independent nonexecutive Directors to continue making contributions to the Group.

The Code Provisions require directors to disclose to the issuer the number and nature of offices held in public companies or organisations and other significant commitments as well as the nature of such companies or organisations and the time involved in such offices. Each Director has agreed to disclose their commitments to the Company in a timely manner.

Pursuant to Rule 3.10(1) of the Listing Rules, every board of directors of a listed issuer must include at least three independent non-executive directors. In addition, pursuant to Rules 3.10A and 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules, every listed issuer is required to have such number of independent non-executive directors representing at least one-third of the Board, and at least one of whom must have appropriate professional qualifications, or accounting or related financial management expertise. Dr. Ng Lai Man, Carmen who is a practicing certified public accountant in Hong Kong, a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants in the United Kingdom and The Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales, is regarded as an appropriate person to fulfill this requirement.

除王瑤女士為金曉琴女士的女兒及金曉琴女士 為王瑤女士的母親外,各董事之間概無財務、 業務、家族或其他重大/相關關係。

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事按照上市規則 第3.13條就其獨立性發出的年度確認書。根據 上市規則所載的獨立性指引,本公司認為,全 體獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士。

吳麗文博士及文耀光先生已擔任獨立非執行董 事超過九年,提名委員會及董事會已根據守則 之守則條文B.2.3檢討及評估其獨立性。鑑於(a) 吳麗文博士及文耀光先生符合上市規則第3.13 條所載之獨立性因素,並已向本公司提供獨立 性之書面確認;(b)彼等於本集團之業務活動 中不存在任何利益,也不存在任何幹擾其進行 獨立判斷的關係;及(c)彼等繼續展現獨立非執 行董事之特質,包括能夠運用其獨立的專業判 斷並利用其廣泛之知識、專長和經驗,並且沒 有證據表明彼等之任期對其獨立性產生任何影 響,董事會認為儘管吳麗文博士及文耀光先生 服務年期,仍然保持獨立。此外,考慮到文耀 光先生對本集團業務之深入了解,以及彼之專 業知識和專長以及一般商業頭腦,董事會認為 應重選文耀光先生為本公司獨立非執行董事以 繼續為本公司作出貢獻。

守則條文規定董事應向發行人披露其於公眾公司或組織擔任職位的數目及性質以及其他重大承擔,亦應披露所涉及的公眾公司或組織的性質以及其擔任有關職務所涉及的時間,各董事已同意適時向本公司披露彼等的職務承擔。

根據上市規則第3.10(1)條,上市發行人的董事會須包括至少三名獨立非執行董事。此外,市 據上市規則第3.10A條及第3.10(2)條,各上市稅 行人的獨立非執行董事必須佔董事會成員人大 至少三分之一,且其中至少一名獨立非執行 事必須具備適當專業資格,或具備適當會業 相關財務管理專長。吳麗文博士為香港執計師、香港會計師公會、英國特許公認會 計師、香港會計師公會、英國特許公會 計師、香港會計師公會 公會以及英格蘭及威爾斯特許會計師公會 會員,因此被視為合符有關要求的合適人士。

## Corporate Governance Report (Continued) 企業管治報告(續)

The Board meets regularly and at least four times a year. During the Relevant Period, the Board has held four board meetings, and the AGM of the Company was held on 4 June 2024. The attendance of each Director at these meetings are stated as follows:

董事會定期舉行常規會議,且每年最少會面四次。於相關期間,董事會已舉行四次董事會議,而本公司於二零二四年六月四日舉行了股東週年大會。各董事出席該等會議之情況載列如下:

Members of the Board 董事會成員	Attendance/ Number of Board meetings regularly held 出席次數/ 董事會常規會議舉行次數	Attendance/ Number of general meetings held 出席次數/ 股東大會舉行次數
Executive Directors:		
<b>執行董事:</b> Ms. Wang Yao <i>(Chairman and Chief Executive)</i> 王瑤女士 <i>(主席及總裁)</i>	4/4	1/1
上海文エ( <i>上海 )</i>	2/4	0/1
金曉琴女士 Ms. Yip Lee Ying 葉莉盈女士	4/4	1/1
Independent Non-executive Directors:		
獨立非執行董事:		
Dr. Ng Lai Man, Carmen	4/4	1/1
吳麗文博士 Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick	4/4	1/1
文耀光先生 Mr. Pao Ping Wing 浦炳榮先生	4/4	1/1

## MECHANISMS REGARDING INDEPENDENT VIEWS TO THE BOARD

The Company has established mechanisms as detailed below to ensure that a strong independent element on, and independent views and input are available to the Board.

#### (i) Composition of the Board and Board Committees

- The Board endeavours to ensure the appointment of at least three independent non-executive directors ("INEDs") and at least one-third of its members being INEDs (or such higher threshold as may be required by the Listing Rules from time to time.
- Apart from complying with the requirements prescribed by the Listing Rules as to the composition of certain Board committees, INEDs will be appointed to other Board committees as far as practicable to ensure independent views are available.

#### (ii) Independence Assessment

 The Nomination Committee strictly adheres to the Group's nomination policy and the independence assessment criteria as set out in the Listing Rules with regards to the nomination and appointment of INEDs.

#### 有關向董事會表達獨立觀點之機制

本公司已成立機制以確保董事會具備強大獨立 元素,且能得到獨立觀點及意見,詳情如下。

### (i) 董事會及董事會委員會的組成

- 董事會致力確保委任最少三名獨立非執行董事(「獨立非執行董事」),且 其最少三分之一成員為獨立非執行董事(或由上市規則不時要求的更高門 檻)。
- 除遵守上市規則所要求的組成若干董事會委員會外,獨立非執行董事將於可行時獲委任至其他董事會委員會,以確保能得到獨立觀點。

#### (ii) 獨立評估

提名委員會於提名及委任獨立非執行 董事時嚴格遵守本集團的提名政策及 載於上市規則的獨立評估準則。

## **Corporate Governance Report (Continued)**

企業管治報告(續)

#### (iii) Compensation

 No equity-based remuneration with performance-related elements will be granted to INEDs as this may lead to bias in their decision-making and compromise their objectivity and independence.

## (iv) Board Decision Making

- The Directors (including INEDs) upon reasonable request, may seek independent professional advice at the Company's expense, to assist the performance of their duties.
- The Directors (including INEDs) shall not vote or be counted in the quorum on any board resolution approving any contract or arrangement in which such Director has a conflict of interest.
- The chairman of the Board shall at least annually hold meetings with the INEDs without the presence of other Directors to discuss major issues and any concerns.

The implementation and effectiveness of such mechanism was reviewed on an annual basis. The Board considers that such mechanism has been implemented properly and effectively during the Relevant Period.

#### RESPONSIBILITIES AND DELEGATION OF DIRECTORS

The Board is accountable to stakeholders for the activities and performance of the Group and its primary functions cover, among other things, the formulation of overall strategy, the review corporate and financial policies and the oversight of the management of the Group's business and affairs.

The management, consisting of the executive Directors along with other senior executives, is delegated with responsibilities for implementing the strategy and direction as adopted by the Board from time to time, and conducting the day-to-day operations of the Group. Executive Directors and senior executives meet regularly to review the performance of the businesses of the Group as a whole, co-ordinate overall resources and make financial and operational decisions. The Board also gives clear directions as to their powers of management including circumstances where management should report back, and will review the delegation arrangements on a periodic basis to ensure that they remain appropriate to the needs of the Group.

#### (iii) 補償

概不會向獨立非執行董事授予與表現 相關的股權薪酬,因其可能導致彼等 之决策出現偏差,並影響彼等之客觀 性及獨立性。

## (iv) 董事會決策

- 董事(包括獨立非執行董事)可按合理 要求尋求獨立專業意見(費用由本公 司支付),以協助其履行職責。
- 董事(包括獨立非執行董事)在批准與 該董事存在利益衝突的任何合約或安 排的任何董事會决議案中不得投票或 被計入法定人數。
- 董事會主席應最少每年與獨立非執行 董事舉行一次沒有其他董事在場的會 議,以討論主要問題及任何關注事 項。

該機制的實施及成效將每年審閱一次。董事會認為已於相關期間適當及有效地實施該機制。

#### 董事的責任及委派

董事會就本集團的活動及表現向利益相關人士 負責,其主要職能為(其中包括)制訂整體策略,審閱企業及財務政策,以及監督本集團的 業務及事務的管理。

管理層(包括執行董事)連同其他高級行政人員 獲委派負責執行董事會不時採納的策略及指示 並進行本集團的日常營運。執行董事及高級行 政人員會定期會面,以檢討本集團整體業務表 現、調配整體資源及作出財務及營運決定。 事會亦在彼等管理權力範圍內給予清晰指示, 包括管理人員應作報告的情況,亦會定期檢 委派安排,以確保有關安排切合本集團的需要。

## Corporate Governance Report (Continued) 企業管治報告(續)

All Directors shall ensure that they carry out duties in good faith, in compliance with applicable laws and regulations, and in the interests of the Company and its Shareholders at all times.

During the year, a meeting of the Chairman and the independent non-executive Directors without the presence of other executive Directors was held to discuss the matters that they wish to raise.

In compliance with Code Provision C.1.4, the Group will arrange for, and provide funds for, all Directors to participate in continuous professional development ("CPD") to help them refresh their knowledge, skills and understanding of the Group and its business or to update their skills and knowledge on the latest development or changes in the relevant statutes, the Listing Rules and corporate governance practices. The Company will also update the Directors of any material changes in the Listing Rules and corporate governance practices from time to time.

During the Relevant Period, all Directors have participated in CPD, by attending external training or seminars, attending in-house training, participating in e-learning and/or reading materials on various topics covering regulations, corporate governance, finance and business, to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills, which ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. The Directors have provided records of training to the Company with details as below:

全體董事須確保秉誠履行職責,遵守適用法例 及法規,並於任何時候均以本公司及其股東的 利益行事。

年內,主席與獨立非執行董事曾在其他執行董 事避席的情況下舉行一次會議,以討論彼等有 意提出的事宜。

根據守則條文第C.1.4條,本集團將撥資安排全體董事參與持續專業發展(「持續專業發展」)幫助彼等重溫知識、技能及對本集團與其業務的理解,或緊貼法規、上市規則及企業管治常規的最新發展或變動,增進技能及知識。本公司亦不時向董事提供有關上市規則及企業管治常規的任何重大變動的最新資料。

於相關期間,全體董事已參與持續專業發展,包括參加外界培訓或研討會,參加內部培訓,參與網上培訓及/或閱讀有關規管、企業管治、財務及業務等各類議題的資料,發展並更新其知識及技能,以確保其繼續在具備全面資訊及切合所需的情況下對董事會作出貢獻。各董事已向本公司提供彼接受培訓的記錄,有關細節如下:

Type of CPD program 持續專業發展項目類 Participating in		
Directors	training/seminars/	Reading materials
董事	e-learning 參與培訓/研討會/網上培訓	or updates 閱讀材料或更新資料
Executive Directors:		
<b>執行董事:</b> Ms. Wang Yao		$\sqrt{}$
王瑤女士 Ms. Jin Xiaoqin		$\checkmark$
金曉琴女士 Ms. Yip Lee Ying 葉莉盈女士	$\checkmark$	$\sqrt{}$
Independent Non-executive Directors: 獨立非執行董事:		
<b>倒立弁執11星争・</b> Dr. Ng Lai Man, Carmen 吳麗文博士	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick 文耀光先生	$\checkmark$	$\sqrt{}$
Mr. Pao Ping Wing 浦炳榮先生	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$

## **Corporate Governance Report (Continued)**

企業管治報告(續)

## APPOINTMENT, RE-ELECTION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

The terms of reference of Nomination Committee include a nomination procedure specifying the process and criteria for selection and recommendation of candidates for directorships of the Company.

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service agreement or a letter of appointment with the Company regarding the appointment as an executive Director for a term of three years and shall be subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the AGM in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company (the "Articles"). Each of the service agreement and letter of appointment is renewable automatically upon the expiry of the then current term of appointment, unless terminated by either party in accordance with the terms thereof.

Each of the independent non-executive Directors, has signed a letter of appointment with the Company with a term of appointment not more than three years and shall be subject to retirement by rotation and reelection at annual general meetings in accordance with the Articles, unless otherwise terminated in accordance with the relevant letter of appointment.

Pursuant to Article 16.2 of the Articles, the Directors shall have power at any time and from time to time to appoint any person to be a Director, either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the existing Directors. Any Director so appointed shall hold office only until the next general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election at that meeting.

Furthermore, pursuant to Article 16.18 of the Articles, at each AGM of the Company, one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three, then the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation. Every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. The retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.

## COMPLIANCE WITH THE MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted a code of conduct (the "Company's Code") regarding securities transactions by the Directors on terms no less exacting than the required standards set out in the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix C3 of the Listing Rules. Having made specific enquiry with all Directors, the Company confirms that all the Directors have complied with the required standards as stated in the Model Code and the Company's Code throughout the Relevant Period.

### 委任、重選及罷免董事

提名委員會之職權範圍內包含一套提名程序,列明甄選及推薦本公司董事候選人之程序標準。

各執行董事已就彼獲委任為執行董事與本公司 訂立任期為三年的服務協議或委任函,彼等須 根據本公司組織章程細則(「細則」)於股東週年 大會上輪值告退及膺選連任。各服務協議及委 任函在當時任期屆滿後自動續期,除非由任何 一方根據其條款予以終止。

各獨立非執行董事已與本公司簽訂任期不多於 三年的委任函,除根據相關委任函的其他方式 予以終止外,彼等須根據細則於股東週年大會 上輪值告退及鷹撰連任。

根據細則第16.2條,董事有權隨時及不時委任 任何人士出任董事,以填補現任董事的臨時空 缺或作為新增董事。按上述方式獲委任的任何 董事任期僅至本公司下屆股東大會舉行時止, 屆時將符合資格於會上重選連任。

此外,根據細則第16.18條,在本公司每屆股東 週年大會上,當時在任三分之一董事(倘董事人 數並非三之整數倍,則為最接近但不少於三分 之一之數目)須輪值退任。每名董事須最少每三 年輪值退任一次。該等退任董事將符合資格重 選連任。

### 遵守證券交易的標準守則

本公司已就董事進行證券交易採納一套操守準則(「公司準則」),而條款並不遜於上市規則附錄C3所載上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)的規定準則。經向全體董事作出具體查詢後,本公司確認全體董事於相關期間,均一直遵守標準守則及公司準則所載的規定準則。

## Corporate Governance Report (Continued) 企業管治報告(續)

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

The Board has established three committees, namely, the audit committee (the "Audit Committee"), the remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee") and the nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee"), for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs. All Board committees of the Company are established with defined written terms of reference. The terms of reference of the Board committees are posted on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange and are available to Shareholders upon request.

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Audit Committee was established on 22 November 2014 with written terms of reference in compliance with the Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules and paragraph D.3 of the Code Provisions as set out in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules.

The primary duties of the Audit Committee include, amongst other things:

- to propose the appointment or removal of the external auditors and the effectiveness of the audit process;
- (ii) to discuss with the external auditor on the nature and scope of the audit work prior to commencement of the audit work;
- (iii) to review the Group's financial and accounting policies and procedures;
- (iv) to ensure co-ordination between the internal and external auditors and to ensure that the internal audit function is adequately resourced and has appropriate standing within the Group, and to review and monitor its effectiveness;
- (v) to review the Company's financial information and disclosure thereof, and to consider any significant or unusual items that are, or may need to be, reflected in the reports and accounts;
- (vi) to review and supervise the Group's financial controls, internal control and risk management systems and their implementation; and
- (vii) to review the arrangements for employees to raise concerns about financial reporting improprieties.

During the Relevant Period, the Audit Committee consisted of Dr. Ng Lai Man, Carmen, Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick and Mr. Pao Ping Wing, all of whom are independent non-executive Directors. The chairman of the Audit Committee is Dr. Ng Lai Man, Carmen who holds the appropriate professional qualifications as required under Rules 3.10(2) and 3.21 of the Listing Rules.

This annual report has been reviewed by the Audit Committee.

### 董事委員會

董事會已成立三個委員會,即審核委員會(「審核委員會」)、薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」)及提名委員會(「提名委員會」),以監督本公司特定方面的事務。所有本公司的董事委員會已按明確的書面職權範圍成立。董事委員會的職權範圍已上載於本公司及聯交所的網站,並可按股東要求以供查閱。

### 審核委員會

本公司已遵照上市規則第3.21條及上市規則附錄C1所載守則條文第D.3段於二零一四年十一月二十二日成立審核委員會,並制訂書面職權範圍。

審核委員會的主要職責包括(其中包括):

- (i) 建議委任或罷免外聘核數師及審核程序的 有效性;
- (ii) 於審核工作開始前與外聘核數師討論審核 工作的性質及範圍:
- (iii) 檢討本集團的財務及會計政策與程序;
- (iv) 確保內部及外聘核數師之間的協調,並確 保內部審核職能在本集團內獲得足夠資源 及適當支持,以及檢討及監察其成效;
- (v) 審閱本公司的財務資料及相關披露,以及 考慮於或可能需要於報告及賬目中反映的 任何重大或不尋常事項;
- (vi) 檢討及監督本集團的財務監控、內部監控 及風險管理制度與其實施;及
- (vii) 檢討僱員就財務申報的不當行為提出關注 的安排。

於相關期間,審核委員會由吳麗文博士、文耀 光先生及浦炳榮先生組成,彼等均為獨立非執 行董事。審核委員會主席為吳麗文博士,彼擁 有上市規則第3.10(2)及3.21條所規定的合適專業 資格。

本年報經由審核委員會審閱。

### **Corporate Governance Report (Continued)**

企業管治報告(續)

During the Relevant Period, two meetings of the Audit Committee were held (with the attendance of the Company's external auditor in compliance with the Code Provisions and the Audit Committee's terms of reference), with the members' respective record of attendance as follows:

於相關期間,審核委員會已舉行兩次會議(本公司外聘核數師已出席以符合守則條文及審核委員會職權範圍),成員各自之出席記錄如下:

Members of the Audit Committee 審核委員會成員	Attendance/ Number of Audit Committee meetings held 出席次數/ 審核委員會會議舉行次數
Independent Non-executive Directors:	
獨立非執行董事:	
Dr. Ng Lai Man, Carmen (Chairman of Audit Committee)	2/2
吳麗文博士 <i>(審核委員會主席)</i>	
Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick	2/2
文耀光先生	
Mr. Pao Ping Wing	2/2
浦炳榮先生	

During the Relevant Period, the Audit Committee has performed the following work:

於相關期間,審核委員會已履行下列職責:

- reviewed the annual report and the annual results announcement for the year ended 31 December 2023, with a recommendation to the Board for approval;
- 2. reviewed the interim report and the interim results announcement for the six months ended 30 June 2024, with a recommendation to the Board for approval;
- 3. proposed and recommended to the Board the auditors' fee and the appointment of the Company's new independent external auditor;
- 4. discussed with the external auditors on the nature and scope of the audit work prior to the commencement of the audit work;
- 5. reviewed the internal control review report prepared by an independent external reviewer; and
- 6. reviewed the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal control and risk management system of the Group.

- 審閱截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年 度的年報及年度業績公告,並建議董事會 通過;
- 審閱截至二零二四年六月三十日止六個月的中期報告及中期業績公告,並建議董事會通過;
- 3. 向董事會提議及建議核數師費用及新聘本公司外聘獨立核數師;
- 4. 在開始審核工作前與外聘核數師商討審核 工作的性質及範圍;
- 5. 審閱外聘獨立審核員編製的內部監控審核 報告;及
- 檢討本集團內部監控及風險管理制度是否 充足及有效。

## Corporate Governance Report (Continued) 企業管治報告(續)

#### Auditor's remuneration

The Audit Committee of the Company is responsible for considering the appointment and re-election of our Company's external auditor and reviewing any non-audit functions performed by the external auditor, including whether such non-audit functions could lead to any potential material adverse effect to the Company. BDO Limited is the external auditor of the Company. For the year ended 31 December 2024, the external auditor received the following remuneration for audit and non-audit services provided to the Group:

#### 核數師的薪酬

本公司審核委員會負責考慮委任及重新聘任本公司外聘核數師,以及審核外聘核數師履行的任何非審核職能,包括有關非審核職能會否導致本公司遭受潛在重大不利影響。香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司為本公司外聘核數師。截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,外聘核數師就提供審核及非審核服務予本集團而收取的酬金如下:

		HK\$′000 千港元
Audit services	審核服務	730
Non-audit services	非審核服務	
Interim review services	中期審閱服務	110
Taxation services	税務服務	54
Other	其他	10
Total	總計	904

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

The Remuneration Committee was established on 22 November 2014 with written terms of reference in compliance with paragraph E.1 of the Code Provisions as set out in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules.

The primary functions of the Remuneration Committee include, amongst other things:

- to make recommendations to the Board on the policy and structure for all Directors' and senior management's remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy;
- (ii) to review and approve management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives;
- (iii) to consider and make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages and overall benefits paid to the Directors and senior management;
- (iv) to review and approve compensation payable to executive Directors and senior management for any loss or termination of office or appointment; and
- (v) to review and approve compensation arrangements relating to dismissal or removal of Directors for misconduct.

#### 薪酬委員會

本公司已遵照上市規則附錄C1所載守則條文第 E.1段於二零一四年十一月二十二日成立薪酬委 員會,並制訂書面職權範圍。

薪酬委員會的主要職責包括(其中包括):

- (i) 就全體董事及高級管理層的薪酬政策及架 構以及設立正規具透明度的薪酬政策制訂 程序,向董事會提出建議;
- (ii) 參照董事會的企業方針及目標檢討並批准 管理層的薪酬建議;
- (iii) 考慮支付予董事及高級管理層的薪酬待遇 及整體福利並就此向董事會提出建議;
- (iv) 檢討及批准向執行董事及高級管理層就其喪失或終止職務或委任而應付的補償;及
- (v) 檢討及批准因董事行為不當而解僱或罷免 有關董事所涉及的補償安排。

#### **Corporate Governance Report (Continued)**

企業管治報告(續)

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Remuneration Committee consisted of one executive Director, Ms. Wang Yao, and three independent non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick, Dr. Ng Lai Man, Carmen and Mr. Pao Ping Wing. The chairman of the Remuneration Committee is Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick.

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,薪酬 委員會由一名執行董事王瑤女士及三名獨立非 執行董事文耀光先生、吳麗文博士及浦炳榮先 生組成。薪酬委員會主席為文耀光先生。

During the year ended 31 December 2024, one meeting of the Remuneration Committee was held with the member's respective record of attendance as follows:

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,薪酬 委員會已舉行一次會議,成員各自之出席記錄 如下:

Members of the Remuneration Committee	Attendance/ Number of Remuneration Committee meetings held 出席次數/ 薪酬委員會會議舉行次數
Independent Non-executive Directors:	
獨立非執行董事: Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick (Chairman of Remuneration Committee)	1/1
文耀光先生 <i>(薪酬委員會主席)</i> Dr. Ng Lai Man, Carmen	1/1
吳麗文博士 Mr. Pao Ping Wing 浦炳榮先生	1/1
Executive Director:	
<b>執行董事:</b> Ms. Wang Yao	1/1

During the Relevant Period, the Remuneration Committee has performed the following work:

於相關期間,薪酬委員會已執行以下工作:

- reviewed and recommended to the Board on the remuneration their assessed performance:
- packages of executive Directors and senior management based on
- reviewed and recommended to the Board on the Group's remuneration policy;
- reviewed and recommended to the Board the terms of letter of appointment of independent non-executive Directors; and
- reviewed and recommended to the Board the level of remuneration for independent non-executive Directors and ensure that their level of remuneration are linked to their contribution in terms of time commitment and responsibilities undertaken.

Details of the Directors' remuneration are set out in Note 31 to the consolidated financial statements.

According to the Directors' remuneration policy, the remuneration payable to Directors will depend on the skills, knowledge, involvement in the Company's affairs and the performance of each Director, and to the profitability of the Company and prevailing market conditions during the year.

- 按執行董事及高級管理層之表現檢討其薪 1. 酬待遇並就此向董事會提出建議;
- 2. 檢討本集團薪酬政策並就此向董事會提出 建議;
- 檢討獨立非執行董事委任書條款並就此向 董事會提出建議;及
- 檢討獨立非執行董事的薪酬水平並就此向 董事會提出建議,以及確保彼等的薪酬水 平與彼等在時間投入及所承擔責任方面的 貢獻掛鈎。

有關董事的薪酬詳情載於合併財務報表附註31。

根據董事薪酬政策,應付董事的薪酬將取決於 個別董事之才識、知識水平及參與公司事務之 程度及表現,並參照年內公司之盈利狀況及市 場環境。

干瑤女士

## Corporate Governance Report (Continued) 企業管治報告(續)

## REMUNERATION OF THE MEMBERS OF THE SENIOR MANAGEMENT BY BAND

## 按等級劃分的高級管理層成員薪酬

Pursuant to paragraph E.1.5 of the Code Provisions, the remuneration of the members of the senior management (as described under the section "Directors and Senior Management") by band for the year ended 31 December 2024 is set out below:

根據守則條文第E.1.5段,截至二零二四年十二 月三十一日止年度按等級劃分的高級管理層成 員(見「董事及高級管理層」一節所述)薪酬載列 如下:

Remuneration band 薪酬等級		Number of individuals 人數
HK\$1 to HK\$1,000,000	1港元至1,000,000港元	2

#### **NOMINATION COMMITTEE**

## 提名委員會

The Nomination Committee of the Company was established on 22 November 2014 with written terms of reference in compliance with paragraph B.3 of the Code Provisions as set out in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules.

第B.3段於二零一四年十一月二十二日成立提名 委員會,並制訂書面職權範圍。

本公司已遵照上市規則附錄(1所載的守則條文

The primary duties of the Nomination Committee include, amongst other things:

提名委員會的主要職責包括(其中包括):

- to review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board at least annually and to make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the corporate strategy;
- (i) 最少每年檢討董事會的架構、規模及組成 (包括技能、知識及經驗),並向董事會提 出任何建議變動的建議以配合我們的企業 策略;
- (ii) to identify individuals suitably qualified to become members of the Board and select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorship;
- (ii) 物色具備適當資格可擔任董事會成員的人 士,並挑選個別人士提名出任董事或就挑 選向董事會提出建議;
- (iii) to assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors; and
- (iii) 評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性;及
- (iv) to consider and make recommendations to the Board regarding the re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors, in particular the Chairman and the Chief Executive.
- (iv) 考慮續聘董事及董事(尤其是主席及總裁) 繼任計劃並就此向董事會提出建議。

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Nomination Committee consisted of one executive Director and three independent non-executive Directors: Ms. Wang Yao, Dr. Ng Lai Man, Carmen, Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick and Mr. Pao Ping Wing. The chairman of the Nomination Committee is Ms. Wang Yao.

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,提名 委員會由一名執行董事及三名獨立非執行董事 組成:王瑤女士、吳麗文博士、文耀光先生及 浦炳榮先生。提名委員會主席為王瑤女士。

## **Corporate Governance Report (Continued)**

企業管治報告(續)

During the Relevant Period, one meeting of the Nomination Committee was held with the member's respective record of attendance as follows:

於相關期間,提名委員會已舉行一次會議,成員各自之出席記錄如下:

Members of the Nomination Committee 提名委員會成員	Attendance/ Number of Nomination Committee meetings held 出席次數/ 提名委員會會議舉行次數
Executive Director: 執行董事: Ms. Wang Yao (Chairman of Nomination Committee) 王瑤女士(提名委員會主席)	1/1
Independent Non-executive Directors: 獨立非執行董事:	
Dr. Ng Lai Man, Carmen	1/1
吳麗文博士 Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick	1/1
文耀光先生 Mr. Pao Ping Wing 浦炳榮先生	1/1

During the Relevant Period, the Nomination Committee has performed the following work:

- 於相關期間,提名委員會已履行下列職責:
- 1. reviewed the structure, size and composition (including skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board;
- 1. 檢討董事會的架構、規模及組成(包括技能、知識及經驗);
- discussed and recommended to the Board the re-appointment of Directors;
- 2. 討論並向董事會建議續聘董事;
- 3. reviewed and assessed the independence of independent nonexecutive Directors of the Company; and
- 審視及評核本公司獨立非執行董事的獨立 性;及
- 4. reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the diversity policy and nomination policy adopted.
- 審視所採取的多元化政策及提名政策的實施及成效。

## Corporate Governance Report (Continued) 企業管治報告(續)

#### NOMINATION POLICY

The Group has adopted a nomination policy (the "Nomination Policy") to govern the criteria, procedures and process of nomination of Directors. The Nomination Policy sets out, inter alia, the selection criteria, the evaluation and procedures in nominating candidates to be appointed or re-appointed as Directors of the Company for ensuring that the Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives which are appropriate to the requirements of the Group's business.

#### Criteria for nomination and appointment of Directors

When identifying, assessing and recommending suitable candidates for directorship for the Board's consideration, the Nomination Committee will have regard to, but without limitation, the following criteria:

- skills, competence, experience, expertise, professional and educational qualifications, background and personal qualities of the candidate that will contribute to the diversity of the Board (including gender diversity) and best complement the effectiveness and current composition of the Board;
- capability of the candidate to devote the necessary, sufficient time and commitment to carry out his duties. In this regard, the number and nature of offices held in public companies or organizations, other executive appointments or other significant commitments will be considered:
- potential conflicts of interest and assessment of the independence of the candidate; and
- other factors as the Nomination Committee may deem are in the best interests of the Company and its Shareholders.

If the candidate is proposed to be appointed as an INED, his or her independence shall be assessed in accordance with, among other things, the factors as set out in the Listing Rules. Where applicable, the totality of the candidate's education, qualifications and experience shall also be evaluated to consider whether he or she has the appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise for filling the office of an INED with such qualifications or expertise as required under the Listing Rules.

By adopting such criteria, it facilitates the Company to develop a pipeline of candidates to the Board to achieve gender diversity.

#### 提名政策

本集團已採納提名政策(「提名政策」)以管理董事提名的準則、程序及過程。提名政策規定(其中包括)獲委任或重新獲委任為本公司董事的提名候選人的評選標準、評估及程序,以確保董事會在技能、經驗及多樣性方面保持平衡,適合本集團業務的要求。

## 提名及委任董事的標準

在確定、評估及推薦合適的董事候選人以供董事會考慮時,提名委員會將考慮但不限於以下標準:

- 將對董事會多元化貢獻(包括性別多元化) 及最有效地補充董事會的有效性及當前結 構的候選人的技能、能力、經驗、專業知 識、專業及教育資格、背景及個人素質;
- 假選人貢獻必要的、足夠的時間及承諾以履行其職責的能力。在這方面,將考慮在上市公司或組織擔任職位的數目及性質、其他行政任命或其他重大承擔;
- 一 潛在的利益衝突及評估候選人的獨立性;及
- 提名委員會認為符合本公司及其股東的最佳利益的其他因素。

倘候選人建議委任為獨立非執行董事,其獨立 性須按照(其中包括)上市規則所列因素進行評 估。在適用的情況下,根據上市規則規定,亦 須評估候選人的教育程度、資格和經驗等整體 情況,以考慮是否備有適當的專業資格或會計 或相關的財務管理專業知識,以填補獨立非執 行董事的職位。

採納該等標準有助本公司發展董事會候選人渠 道,以實現性別多元化。

#### **Corporate Governance Report (Continued)**

企業管治報告(續)

#### Nomination procedure and process

The Nomination Policy includes the following procedure and process in respect of the nomination of Directors, subject to the provisions of the Company's Articles:

- any member of the nomination committee or the Board may invite and nominate suitable candidates; and external recruitment agencies may be engaged to assist in identifying and selecting suitable candidates, if considered necessary;
- the Nomination Committee shall evaluate the nomination based on criteria set under the Nomination Policy and Board Diversity Policy and make recommendation to the Board, including the terms and conditions of the appointment, for its consideration and approval;
- in the context of re-appointment of retiring Directors, the Nomination Committee shall review the candidate's overall contribution and performance and make recommendations to the Board and/or the shareholders for consideration in connection with his/her re-election at general meetings; and
- for any person that is nominated by a shareholder for election as a director at the general meeting of the Company, the Nomination Committee and/or the Board should evaluate such candidate based on the criteria as set out above to determine whether such candidate is qualified for directorship.

The Nomination Policy is subject to review from time to time to ensure that it continues to be relevant to the needs of the Company and reflects current regulatory requirements and good governance practice.

#### 提名程序及過程

提名政策包括以下有關董事提名的程序及過程,但須遵守本公司細則的規定:

- 提名委員會或董事會的任何成員可邀請及 提名合適的候選人;倘認為有必要,可聘 請外部招聘機構協助確定及選擇合適的候 選人;
- 提名委員會將根據提名政策及董事會多元 化政策規定的標準評估提名,並為董事會 提供建議,包括委任的條款及條件,供其 審議及批准;
- 在重新委任退任董事的情況下,提名委員會須審查候選人的整體貢獻及表現,並向董事會及/或股東提出建議,以供考慮彼是否於股東大會上獲重選;及
- 就任何由股東提名參選本公司股東大會董事的人士而言,提名委員會及/或董事會應根據上述標準對該候選人進行評估,以確定該候選人是否有資格成為董事。

提名政策將不時受到審查,以確保其繼續與本 公司的需求相關,並反映當前的監管要求及良 好的管治常規。

#### **BOARD DIVERSITY**

With a view to enhancing Board effectiveness and corporate governance, the Board should include a balanced composition of executive and non-executive Directors (including independent non-executive Directors) so that there is a strong independence element on the Board, which can effectively exercise independent judgement.

The Company has adopted a board diversity policy (the "Board Diversity Policy") with measurable objectives. The Nomination Committee evaluates the balance and blend of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives of the Board. Selection of candidates is based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to age, cultural and educational background, professional and industry experience, skills, knowledge, ethnicity and other qualities essential to the Company's business, and merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board. The Board will review such measurable objectives from time to time to ensure their appropriateness and ascertain the progress made towards achieving those objectives.

During the Relevant Period, the Company maintained an effective Board comprising members of different genders, professional background and industry experience. The Board Diversity Policy was consistently implemented. The proportion of female Board representation is a measurable objective of the Company in assessing the implementation of the Board Diversity Policy. As at 31 December 2024, the Board consists of four female and two male Directors. The Company is of the view that the gender diversity in respect of the Board has been achieved. The Company will continue to apply the principle of appointments based on merits with reference to the Board Diversity Policy as a whole, and targets to maintain a similar level of female representation on the Board.

As at 31 December 2024, a 60:40 gender ratio, being a measurable objective for gender diversity, has been achieved in the workforce (including senior management). Please refer to the section headed "Employment" in the Environmental, Social and Governance Report for further information on the composition of the Group's workforce.

During the Relevant Period, the Board, through the Nomination Committee, has conducted an annual review of the implementation and effectiveness of the Board Diversity Policy and confirm that the Board has an appropriate mix of skills and experience to deliver the Company's strategy.

#### 董事會多元化

為提升董事會的效益及企業管治水平,董事會應具備執行與非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)的均衡組合,使董事會保持獨立而可有效發揮獨立的判斷能力。

於相關期間,本公司維持一個由不同性別、專業背景及行業經驗的成員組成的有效董事會貫徹實施董事會多元化政策。董事會的女代表比例為本公司評估落實董事會多元化功策的可計量目標。於二零二四年十二月三十分,董事會由四名女董事及兩名男董事組成公司認為董事會已達致性別多元化。司化政策作參考,並計劃維持相約水平的董事會女代表。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,員工團隊(包括高級管理層)已達至60:40性別比例,此乃性別多元化的可計量目標。有關本集團員工團隊的進一步資料請參閱環境、社會及管治報告內「僱傭」一節。

於相關期間,董事會透過提名委員會對董事會多元化政策的實施及成效進行年度審閱,並確認董事會具備適當的技術及經驗以傳達本公司策略。

#### **Corporate Governance Report (Continued)**

企業管治報告(續)

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTION

The Board recognises that corporate governance should be the collective responsibility of Directors and their corporate governance duties include:

- (i) to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations;
- (ii) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- (iii) to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (iv) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors; and
- (v) to review the Company's compliance with the Code Provisions and disclosure in the corporate governance report.

During the Relevant Period, the Board has performed the corporate governance duties in accordance with its terms of reference.

#### **ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT**

#### **Financial reporting**

Financial results of the Group are announced in a timely manner in accordance with all statutory requirements, particularly the timeframe stipulated in Rule 13.49(1) and (6) of the Listing Rules. All Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements of the Group on a going concern basis, with supporting assumptions or qualifications as necessary, for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the Group's financial affairs. The Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions which may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The statement of the auditors about their reporting responsibilities on the financial statements of the Group is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 78 to 83 of this annual report.

#### 企業管治職能

董事會確認企業管治應為董事的共同責任,而 彼等的企業管治職責包括:

- (i) 制訂及檢討本公司的企業管治政策及常 規,並作出建議;
- (ii) 檢討及監察董事及高級管理層的培訓及持 續專業發展;
- (iii)檢討及監察本公司遵守法律及監管規定的 政策及常規;
- (iv) 制訂、檢討及監察適用於僱員及董事的行 為守則及合規手冊(如有);及
- (v) 檢討本公司遵守守則條文及在企業管治報 告中作出披露的情況。

於相關期間,董事會已根據其職權範圍履行企業管治職責。

#### 問責及審核

#### 財務申報

本集團已按照所有法例規定,特別是上市規則第13.49(1)及(6)條所訂明的時間表,及時公佈其財務業績。全體董事確認彼等須承擔於每個財政期間按持續經營基準並以所需假設或保留編製本集團的財務報表的責任,以真實公平反映本集團的財務事宜。董事並不知悉任何會嚴重質疑本公司持續經營能力的重大不確定因素的事件或情況。

本集團財務報表內有關核數師申報責任的聲明 載於本年報第78至83頁的獨立核數師報告。

#### RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board acknowledges that it is its duty to monitor the risk management and internal control systems of the Group on an on-going basis and review their effectiveness.

During the Relevant Period, the Board, through the Audit Committee, conducted a review of both design and implementation effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group, covering all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls, with a view to ensuring that resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions are adequate, as well as those relating to ESG performance and reporting. In this respect, the Audit Committee communicates any material issues to the Board.

During the Relevant Period, the Group appointed Acclime Consulting (Hong Kong) Limited to independently perform internal control review of the Group's internal control systems.

The results of the independent review and assessment were reported to the Audit Committee and the Board. Moreover, improvements in internal control measures as recommended by Acclime Consulting (Hong Kong) Limited to enhance the internal control systems of the Group were adopted by the Board. No significant area of concern that may affect the financial, operational, compliance, control and risk management of the Group has been identified.

The Group's risk management and internal control systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. The Board has the overall responsibility to maintain the adequacies of resources, staff qualifications and experience training programs and budget of accounting and financial reporting function. Based on the findings and recommendations of Acclime Consulting (Hong Kong) Limited, reports from the Group's management as well as the comments of the Audit Committee, the Board considered the internal control and risk management systems effective and adequate.

#### 風險管理及內部監控

董事會瞭解,持續監察本集團之風險管理及內部監控系統以及檢討其成效為其職責。

於相關期間,董事會透過審核委員會就設計及落實本集團風險管理及內部監控系統之成效進行檢討,內容涵蓋所有重大監控,包括財務、經營及合規監控,以確保資源、員工資歷及經驗、培訓課程及本集團之會計預算、內部審核及財務報告職能充足,以及該等有關環境、社會及管治的表現及報告。就此而言,審核委員會就任何重大事項與董事會溝通。

於相關期間,本集團已委任凱晉諮詢顧問有限公司對本集團之內部監控系統進行獨立內部監控審閱。

獨立審閱及評估之結果已向審核委員會及董事會呈報。此外,董事會已採納凱晉諮詢顧問有限公司建議之內部監控改善措施,以加強本集團之內部監控系統。概無識別出任何重大關注範疇可能影響本集團的財務、營運、合規、監控及風險管理。

#### **Corporate Governance Report (Continued)**

企業管治報告(續)

#### **Enterprise Risk Management Framework**

The Group has established its enterprise risk management framework in 2016. While the Board has the overall responsibility to ensure that sound and effective internal controls are maintained, management is responsible for designing and implementing an internal control system to manage all kinds of risks faced by the Group.

Through the risk identification and assessment processes, risks are identified, assessed, prioritised and allocated treatments. The Group's risk management framework follows the COSO Enterprise Risk Management – Integrated Framework, which allows the Board and management to manage the risks of the Group effectively. The Board receives regular reports through the Audit Committee that oversights risk management and internal audit functions.

#### **Principal Risks**

The principal risks and relevant measures taken by the Group are set out on pages 15 to 17 under the section "Management Discussion and Analysis" of this annual report.

#### **Our Risk Control Mechanism**

The Group adopts a "three lines of defence" corporate governance structure with operational management and controls performed by operations management, coupled with risk management monitoring carried out by the finance team and independent internal audit outsourced to and conducted by independent reviewers. The Group maintains a risk register to keep track of all identified major risks of the Group. The risk register provides the Board, the Audit Committee, and management with a profile of its major risks and records management's action taken to mitigate the relevant risks. Each risk is evaluated at least annually based on its likelihood of occurrence and potential impact upon the Group. The risk register is updated by management as the risk owners with addition of new risks and/or removal of existing risks, if applicable, at least annually, after the annual risk evaluation has been performed. This review process can ensure that the Group proactively manages the risks faced by it in the sense that all risk owners have access to the risk register and are aware of and alert to those risks in their area of responsibility so that they can take follow-up action in an efficient manner.

Risk management activities of the Group are performed by management on an on-going process. The effectiveness of the risk management framework will be evaluated at least annually, and periodic management meeting is held to update the progress of risk monitoring efforts. Management is committed to ensure that risk management forms part of the daily business operation processes in order to align risk management with corporate goals in an effective manner. The Board acknowledged that it had received a confirmation from the management on the effectiveness of the internal control and risk management framework of the Group.

#### 企業風險管理框架

本集團已於二零一六年建立其企業風險管理框架。董事會全面負責確保維持穩健及有效之內部監控,而管理層負責設計及落實內部監控系統,以管理本集團所面臨之所有類別風險。

透過風險辨識及評估程序,風險已得到辨識、評估、優先處理及分配。本集團之風險管理框架遵從COSO企業風險管理一綜合框架,令董事會及管理層得以有效管理本集團之風險。審核委員會監督風險管理及內部審核職能,而董事會定期透過審核委員會接獲有關報告。

#### 主要風險

本集團面臨之主要風險及採取之相關措施載於 本年報第15至17頁「管理層討論及分析」一節。

#### 本集團之風險監控機制

本集團採納一套「三道防線」企業管治架構,以 營運管理層進行營運管理及監控,加上財務部 進行之風險管理監督及外判予獨立審核員進行 之獨立內部審核。本集團存有風險登記冊以追 踪本集團所有已辨識之主要風險。風險登記冊 向董事會、審核委員會及管理層提供其主要風 險組合,並記錄管理層就減低相關風險所採取 之行動。根據風險發生之可能性及對本集團之 潛在影響,各風險至少每年評估一次。於進行 年度風險評估後,風險登記冊由管理層(作為風 險擁有人)通過加入新風險及/或移除現有風險 (倘適用)每年至少更新一次。此審閱程序可確 保本集團積極管理其面臨之風險,令所有風險 擁有人均可查閱風險登記冊及於彼等所負責之 範圍內知悉及察覺該等風險,從而讓彼等能有 效採取跟進行動。

本集團之風險管理活動由管理層按持續基準進行。本集團會對風險管理框架之成效至少每年評估一次,並定期舉行管理層會議,以更新風險監控活動之進展。管理層致力確保風險管理成為日常業務運營程序之一部分,令風險管理有效達致企業目標。董事會確認已收到管理層對本集團內部監控及風險管理架構的成效的確認。

There is currently no internal audit function within the Group. The Board has reviewed the need for an internal audit function and is of the view that in light of the size, nature and complexity of the business of the Group, it would be more cost effective to appoint external independent professionals to perform internal audit function for the Group in order to meet its needs. Nevertheless, the Board will continue to review at least annually the need for an internal audit function.

本集團目前並無內部審核職能。董事會已檢討 內部審核職能之需求,並認為鑒於本集團業務 之規模、性質及複雜性,委聘外聘獨立專業人 士代本集團履行內部審核職能以滿足其需要, 此舉更具成本效益。然而,董事會將繼續對內 部審核職能之需求至少每年檢討一次。

#### **Inside Information**

The Company has set up an information disclosure policy (the "Disclosure Policy") to ensure that the Company shall be in strict compliance with the disclosure obligation of inside information, that inside information remains confidential until the disclosure of such information is appropriately approved, and the dissemination of such information is efficiently and consistently made. The Company acknowledges its obligations under Chapter 13 of the Listing Rules and the principles of inside information as set forth in the Securities and Futures Ordinance. The Disclosure Policy stipulated responsibilities, guidelines and logistics in the assessment, approval and dissemination of inside information, strictly prohibited unauthorised use of confidential information and established procedures for responding to external enquires or rumours.

#### 內幕消息

本公司已制訂消息披露政策(「披露政策」), 以確保本公司嚴格遵守內幕消息的披露責任, 且內幕消息在獲適當批准披露前一直保密。 以有效及一致方式發佈有關消息。本公司內 其於上市規則第十三章以及證券及期貨條例 載內幕消息原則項下的責任。披露政策訂 試上, 批准及散佈本公司內幕消息的責任、 投勤總務,並嚴格禁止未經授權使用機密消 息,且就外界查詢及流言訂立回應程序。

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Ms. Yip Lee Ying was appointed by the Board as the Company Secretary of the Company in April 2016 and she is also an executive Director and the chief financial officer of the Group. The Company Secretary supports the Chairman in promoting the highest standards of corporate governance and facilitates the effective functioning of the Board and its committees. All Directors have direct access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary. The Company Secretary reports to the Chairman on board governance matters, and is responsible for ensuring that board procedures are followed and for facilitating timely and appropriate information flows among directors. Ms. Yip has taken no less than 15 hours of the relevant professional training on review of Listing Rules and other compliance requirements during the year.

The biography of the Company Secretary is set out under the section "Directors and Senior Management" of this annual report.

#### 公司秘書

某莉盈女士已於二零一六年四月獲董事會委任 為本公司的公司秘書,而彼亦為本集團的執行 董事及首席財務總監。公司秘書協助主席委員 最高標準的企業管治及推動董事會及其委司 最高標準的企業管治及推動董事會及其委司 的有效運作。所有董事均可直接聯繫公司匯 以取得其意見及服務。公司秘書向主席獲得內 事會管治事宜,並負責確保董事會程序獲得內 等女士已就審閱上市規則及其他合規規定接 不少於15小時的相關專業培訓。

有關公司秘書的履歷載於本年報「董事及高級管理層」一節。

#### **Corporate Governance Report (Continued)**

企業管治報告(續)

#### **DIVIDEND POLICY**

The Company has adopted a dividend policy ("Dividend Policy"), pursuant to which the Company may distribute dividends to the shareholders of the Company by way of cash or shares. Any distribution of dividends shall be in accordance with the Articles.

The recommendation of the payment of any dividend is subject to the absolute discretion of the Board, and any declaration of final dividend will be subject to the approval of the Shareholders. In proposing any dividend payout, the Board shall also take into account, inter alia, the Group's earnings per share; financial conditions including its liquidity position and capital and debt level; long-term earning capacity; expected working capital requirements, capital expenditure requirement and future expansion plans; Shareholders' and investors' expectation and industry's norm; the market sentiment and circumstances; and any other factors that the Board considers relevant and appropriate.

The Dividend Policy will be reviewed from time to time and there is no assurance that a dividend will be proposed or declared in any specific periods.

#### **SHAREHOLDER RIGHTS**

#### **General Meeting**

The general meetings of the Company provide an opportunity for communication between the Shareholders and the Board. The Chairman of the Board as well as chairmen of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee, or in their absence, their duly appointed delegates are available to answer questions at the Shareholders' meetings. The auditor of the Company is also invited to attend the Company's AGM and is available to assist the Directors in addressing queries from Shareholders relating to the conduct of the audit and the preparation and contents of the Independent Auditor's Report. Separate resolutions are proposed at Shareholders' meetings on each substantial issue, including the election of individual Directors.

Notice of the AGM together with related papers are sent to the Shareholders at least 21 days before the meeting, setting out details of each proposed resolution, voting procedures and other relevant information. All votes of Shareholders at the general meeting will be decided by poll, where appropriate, in accordance with Article 13.8. The Chairman will explain such rights and procedures during the AGM before voting on the resolutions. An independent scrutineer will be appointed to count the votes and the poll results will be posted on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange after the AGM.

#### 股息政策

本公司已採納股息政策(「股息政策」),據此,本公司可透過現金或股份方式向本公司股東派發股息。任何股息分配均應符合細則。

支付任何股息之建議視乎董事會之絕對酌情權而定,任何末期股息宣派須待股東批准後方可作實。在提出任何股息支付時,董事會還應考慮(其中包括)本集團之每股盈利;財務狀況(包括其流動資金狀況以及資本及債務水平);長期盈利能力;預期營運資金需求、資本支出需求及日後擴展計劃;股東與投資者的預期及行業規範;市場氣氛及情況;董事會認為相關且適當的任何其他因素。

股息政策將不時進行審查,並不保證在任何特 定時期內會建議派付或宣派股息。

#### 股東權利

#### 股東大會

本公司的股東大會為股東與董事會提供溝通之 良機。董事會主席以及審核委員會、薪酬委員 會及提名委員會主席或(在其缺席時)其正式委 任的代表會在股東大會上解答提問。本公司核 數師亦獲邀出席本公司的股東週年大會,並可 協助董事解答股東有關審核及編製的行為以及 獨立核數師報告內容的提問。本公司將就各重 大議題(包括選舉個別董事)於股東大會提呈個 別決議案。

載列各建議決議案、表決程序及其他相關資料的股東週年大會通告,連同相關文件會於大會舉行前最少21日向股東發送。於股東大會的所有股東投票將根據細則第13.8條按股數投票表決方式(如適用)決定。主席將於股東週年大會表決決議案前解釋有關權利及程序。一名獨立監票員將獲委任點算票數,而表決結果將於股東週年大會後於本公司及聯交所網站公佈。

Shareholders can make a requisition to convene an extraordinary general meeting ("EGM") pursuant to Article 12.3 of the Articles. The procedures for the Shareholders to convene an EGM are as follows:

- 股東可按細則第12.3條要求召開股東特別大會 (「股東特別大會」)。股東召開股東特別大會之 程序如下:
- 1. Any one or more Shareholders (the "Requisitionist") holding together, at the date of deposit of the requisition, shares representing not less than one-tenth of the voting rights, on a one vote per share basis, of the Company which carry the right of voting at general meetings shall have the right, by written notice, to require an EGM to be called by the directors for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition.
- 1. 於投遞請求書之日共同持有本公司以每股 一票為基礎投票權不少於十分之一且具有 一般投票權的股份的任何一名或以上股東 (「請求人」)有權以書面通知要求董事召開 股東特別大會,以處理該要求書中指明之 任何事項。
- 2. Such requisition shall be made in writing to the Board of the Company signed by the requisitionists and deposited at the following address:
- 2. 由請求人簽署的有關請求書須以書面方式 按以下地址向本公司董事會投遞:

#### Principal place of business of the Company

#### 本公司主要營業地點

Address: Unit 01, 12/F, World-Wide House, 19 Des Voeux Road Central, Hong Kong

地址: 香港中環德輔道中19號環球大廈 12樓01室

3. If the Directors fail to proceed to convene such meeting within 21 days of such deposit, the Requisitionist(s) themselves or any of them representing more than one-half of the total voting rights of all of them may do so in the same manner which shall be held no later than the day which falls three months after the expiration of the said twenty-one day period, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the Requisitionist as a result of the failure of the Directors shall be reimbursed to the Requisitionist by the Company.

3. 倘董事未能於該投遞起計21日內召開該大會,請求人本身或佔其當中所有人的總投票權多於一半的任何人士可以相同方式於不遲於上述二十一日期間屆滿後三個月內之任何一日召開大會,而請求人因董事未能行事而產生之一切合理開支須由本公司發還予請求人。

# Procedures for Shareholders to direct enquiries to the Company

#### 股東向本公司直接查詢的程序

For matters in relation to the Board, Shareholders can contact the Company at the following:

凡有關董事會的事宜,股東可按以下方式聯繫 本公司:

Address: Unit 01, 12/F, World-Wide House, 19 Des Voeux Road Central,

地址:香港中環德輔道中19號環球大廈12樓01室

Hong Kong
Email: info@gic.com.hk
Tel: (852) 2111 0998
Fax: (852) 2111 0819

電郵:info@gic.com.hk 電話:(852)21110998 傳真:(852)21110819

For share registration related matters, such as share transfer and registration, change of name or address, loss of share certificates or dividend warrants, the registered Shareholders can contact:

Address: Room 2103B, 21/F, 148 Electric Road, North Point, Hong Kong

凡有關股份登記相關事宜,如股份過戶登記、 更改名稱或地址、丢失股票或股息單,登記股 東可按以下方式聯繫本公司:

Hong Kong branch share registrar and transfer office Boardroom Share Registrars (HK) Limited

寶德隆證券登記有限公司 地址:香港北角電氣道148號21樓2103B室

Tel: (852) 2153 1688 Fax: (852) 3020 5058 電話:(852)21531688 傳真:(852)30205058

香港股份過戶登記分處

# COMMUNICATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTORS AND INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Company aims to promote and maintain an effective communication with Shareholders and investors (both individuals and institutions) to ensure that the Group's information is disseminated to Shareholders and potential investors in a timely manner and enable them to have a clear assessment of the Group's performance.

Extensive information on the Group's activities and financial position will be disclosed in the annual reports, interim reports, announcements, circulars and other corporate communications which will be sent to Shareholders and/or published on the websites of the Stock Exchange (www.hkexnews.hk) and the Company (www.gicl.com.hk).

Shareholders may make enquiries with the Company through channels including (i) Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar of the Company, Boardroom Share Registrars (HK) Limited, for enquiries on shareholdings; and (ii) Company Secretary of the Company for direct questions, request for publicly available information and provision of comments and suggestions.

An annual general meeting of the Company was held on 4 June 2024 at which Directors have attended by person to meet the Shareholders, answer their enquiries, and to understand their views.

During the Relevant Period, the Board has reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the Company's shareholders' communication policy. As there are multiple channels of communication and engagement in place as detailed above, the Board considered that the policy has been properly implemented and is effective.

#### 與股東及投資者的溝通以及投資者關係

本公司旨在提倡及維持與股東及投資者(個別人士及機構)的有效溝通,以確保本集團的資訊可及時向其股東及潛在投資者傳達,並確保彼等對本集團表現擁有清晰評估。

有關本集團的活動及財務狀況的全面資料將於年報、中期報告、公告、通函及其他公司資訊渠道披露,並將向股東提呈及/或於聯交所(www.hkexnews.hk)及本公司(www.gicl.com.hk)網站內發佈。

股東可透過以下渠道向本公司作出查詢,包括 (i)本公司香港股份過戶登記分處寶德隆證券登 記有限公司,作股份查詢;及(ii)本公司秘書, 作直接提問、要求可取得的公開資料及提供意 見及建議。

本公司股東週年大會已於二零二四年六月四日 舉行,董事已親身出席以解答股東查詢及了解 其之觀點。

於相關期間,董事會已審閱本公司股東通訊政策的實施及成效。由於誠如上文所述的多個溝通及參與渠道,故董事會認為該政策已妥善實施及有效。

#### **CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS**

By a special resolution passed at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 4 June 2024, the Company adopted the Third Amended and Restated Articles of Association to, among other things, comply with the latest regulatory requirements under the Listing Rules in relation to the expanded paperless listing regime and the electronic dissemination of corporate communications by listing issuers and the relevant amendments made to the Listing Rules which took effect on 31 December 2023, and adopt certain consequential and house keeping amendments. For details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 27 March 2024 and circular of the Company dated 29 April 2024. The Third Amended and Restated Articles of Association of the Company are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

# Procedures for Shareholders to put forward proposals at Shareholders' meetings

To put forward proposals at a general meeting of the Company, a Shareholder should lodge a written notice of his/her proposal (the "Proposal") together with his/her detailed contact information at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong at Unit 01, 12/F, World-Wide House, 19 Des Voeux Road Central, Hong Kong in the same manner as set out above.

The request will be verified by the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong and upon their confirmation that the request is proper and in order, the Board will be asked to include the Proposal in the agenda for the general meeting.

The notice period to be given to all the Shareholders for consideration of the Proposal raised by the Shareholder concerned at the general meeting varies as follows:

- (a) At least 21 days' notice in writing if the Proposal will be put forward for approval in an AGM.
- (b) At least 14 days' notice in writing if the Proposal will be put forward for approval in any other EGM.

#### 憲章文件

#### 股東於股東大會上提呈建議的程序

為於本公司股東大會上提呈建議,股東須以書面通告,連同詳細聯絡資料按上文所載同一方式將該建議(「建議」)寄往本公司的香港主要營業地點,地址為香港中環德輔道中19號環球大廈12樓01室。

本公司的香港股份過戶登記分處會核實該要求,於其確認該要求為恰當及適當後,將要求 董事會在股東大會的議程內加入有關建議。

向全體股東發出通知以供考慮相關股東於股東 大會上提呈的建議的期限的不同,分別如下:

- (a) 倘建議將提交至股東週年大會批准,須發 出最少21日的書面通知。
- (b) 倘建議將提交至任何其他股東特別大會批准,須發出最少14日的書面通知。

## **Environmental, Social and Governance Report**

# 環境、社會及管治報告

#### **ABOUT THIS REPORT**

Global International Credit Group Limited (the "Company" together with its subsidiaries (the "Group")) is pleased to issue the Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") Report for the year ended 31 December 2024 ("FY2024") which outlines its policies and practices in four aspects, namely environmental protection, employment and labour practices, operating practices and community investment, with reference to the ESG Reporting Guide (the "ESG Guide") as set out in Appendix C2 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") for disclosures.

During FY2024, save as disclosed herein, the Group complied with the applicable provisions set out in the ESG Guide.

Unless otherwise stated, this report covers the Group's office in Hong Kong and all the operating subsidiaries of the Group.

#### **Board Statement - ESG Governance Structure**

As a responsible and caring corporate citizen, the Group upholds the principle that good business practices and corporate social responsibility are vital for the sustainability of its success. The Group has developed an effective governance structure to ensure quality ESG performance and reporting. Our ESG governance structure is divided into two components, namely the board of directors of the Company (the "Board") and the ESG working team. The Board is responsible for overseeing the Group's overall ESG strategy and reporting. An ESG working team, composing of core members across all functions, has been established to facilitate the Board to identify relevant ESG issues and to assess their materiality to the Group's business as well as the Company's stakeholders, through reviewing our operations and internal discussions.

The following governance structure shows the key roles with well-defined responsibilities for managing our ESG-related efforts:

#### **The Board**

- identifies and evaluates ESG-related risks to ensure appropriate and effective ESG risk management and internal control systems are in place;
- provides strategic guidance to ensure the Group's social responsibility objectives are aligned with and go beyond the minimum legal requirements;

#### 關於本報告

環球信貸集團有限公司(「本公司」,連同其附屬公司統稱為「本集團」)欣然發表環境、社會及管治(「環境、社會及管治」)報告,報告活蓋截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度(「二零二四年財政年度」),當中概述我們於環境保護、僱傭及勞工常規、營運慣例及社區投資等。條價及勞工常規、營運慣例及社區投資等。所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄C2所載《環境、社會及管治報告指引》(「環境、社會及管治指引」)作出披露。

於二零二四年財政年度,除本年報所披露者外,本集團遵守有關環境、社會及管治指引。

除另有指明者外,本報告涵蓋本集團於香港的 辦事處及本集團所有營運附屬公司。

#### 董事會聲明-環境、社會及管治的 治理政策

以下治理架構顯示管理我們的環境、社會及管 治相關工作的關鍵角色及明確的責任:

#### 董事會

- 識別和評估與環境、社會及管治有關的風險,以確保建立適當和有效的環境、社會及管治風險管理和內部控制制度;
- 提供戰略指導,確保本集團的社會責任目標與最低的法律要求相一致,並超越該等要求;

- sets ESG-related goals in relation to the Group's businesses as well as management approach and strategy;
- oversees formulation and implementation of action plans by the ESG working team and the achievement of ESG-related goals and Key Performance Indicators ("KPIs"); and
- approves the ESG Report.

#### **ESG** working team

- assists the Board and engages stakeholders to identify and prioritise material ESG-related aspects and KPIs that are relevant to the Group and its stakeholders;
- works through the KPIs and allocate the right tools and resources to handle the ESG issues;
- formulates and executes action plans and ensure execution by respective teams to achieve the ESG-related goals set by the Board;
- collects and analyses ESG data, monitoring and evaluating the Group's ESG performance and regularly report to the Board; and
- prepares the ESG Report.

#### **Feedback**

This report is designed to allow our stakeholders and the public to have a more comprehensive and profound understanding of the Group's corporate social responsibility and culture. We welcome feedback and comments on to this report and its contents which will lead us to create further common value. Please feel free to provide your comments by email to info@gic.com.hk.

- 設定與集團業務以及管理方法和戰略有關的環境、社會及管治目標;
- 監督環境、社會及管治工作團隊行動計劃 的制定和實施,以及環境、社會及管治相 關目標及關鍵績效指標(「關鍵績效指標」) 的實現;及
- 批准環境、社會及管治報告。

#### 環境、社會及管治工作小組

- 協助董事會並與利益相關人士接觸,以確定和優先考慮與本集團及其利益相關人士相關的重大環境、社會及管治方面和關鍵績效指標;
- 通過關鍵績效指標,分配適當的工具和資源來處理環境、社會及管治問題;
- 制定和執行行動計劃,並確保各團隊的執行,以實現董事會設定的環境、社會及管治相關目標;
- 收集和分析環境、社會及管治數據,監察 和評估集團的環境、社會及管治表現,並 定期向董事會匯報;及
- 編製環境、社會及管治報告。

#### 意見反饋

本報告旨在使利益相關人士及公眾更全面透徹 地了解本集團的企業社會責任及企業文化。我 們歡迎 閣下就本報告與其內容發表評論及意 見,此舉有助我們締造更多共同價值。請 閣 下將意見電郵至info@qic.com.hk。

#### **Environmental, Social and Governance Report (Continued)**

環境、社會及管治報告(續)

# STAKEHOLDERS ENGAGEMENT AND MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT

#### 利益相關人士的參與及重大性評估

The Group actively strives to better understand our stakeholders and engage them to ensure that improvements are implemented to our products and services. We strongly believe that our stakeholders would play a crucial role for sustaining the success of our business in the challenging market. The Group has identified key stakeholders that are important to our business and established various channels for communication. The following table provides an overview of the Group's key stakeholders, and various platforms and methods of communication are used to reach, listen and respond.

本集團積極致力更好地了解利益相關人士並徵 詢彼等意見,確保我們產品及服務有所改善。 我們深信,利益相關人士在業務於充滿挑戰的 市場持續取得成功方面扮演著至關重要的角 色。本集團已經識別對我們業務而言重要的關 鍵利益相關人士,並建立各種溝通渠道。下表 提供本集團關鍵利益相關人士概況,並使用各 種溝通平台及方法接觸、聆聽和回應。

Stakeholders	Possible concerned issues	Communication and responses
利益相關人士	潛在相關事宜	溝通與回應
HKEx	Compliance of listing rules, timely and accurate announcements	Meetings, training, workshops, programs, website updates and announcements
香港交易所	遵守上市規則,及時而準確地刊發公告	會議、培訓、研討會、計劃、網站更新及公告
Government	Compliance of laws and regulations, preventing tax evasion, and social welfare	Interaction and visits, government inspections, tax returns and other information
政府	遵守法律法規、防止避税及提供社會福利	互動及拜訪、政府視察、納税申報及其他刊物
Shareholders/ Investors	Corporate governance system, business strategies and performance, investment returns	Organising and participating in seminars, interviews, shareholders' meetings, financial reports or operation reports for investors, media and analysts
股東/投資者	企業管治制度、業務策略及表現、投資回報	組織及參與為投資者、媒體及分析人員舉辦的 研討會、訪談、股東大會,為彼等編製財務報 告或營運報告
Media & Public	Corporate governance, environmental protection, human right	Issue of newsletters on the Group's website
媒體及公眾	企業管治、環境保護、人權	本集團網站發佈通訊稿
Customers	Quality of loan services, repayment terms, handling time, reasonable interest costs, privacy protection	After-sales services, email and customer service hotline, visits and meetings
客戶	貸款服務質素、償還條款、處理時間、合理利 息成本、私隱保障	售後服務、電郵及客戶服務熱線、拜訪及會議
Employees	Rights and benefits, employee compensation, training and development, work hours, working environment	Trainings, interviews for employees, issuing employee handbooks, internal memos, employee suggestion boxes
僱員	權利及福利、僱員報酬、培訓與發展、工作時 間、工作環境	培訓、與僱員進行面談、發放員工手冊、內部 備忘錄、設立僱員意見箱
Peer/Industry associations	Experience sharing and cooperation, fair competition	Industry conference and seminars, site visits
同行/產業協會	經驗分享與合作,公平競爭	行業會議及研討會,實地考察
Community	Community environment, employment and community development, social welfare	Developing community activities, employee voluntary activities and community welfare subsidies and donations
社區	社區環境、僱傭及社區發展、社會福利	組織社區活動、僱員志願活動以及社區福利補 貼及捐贈

Through general communication with stakeholders, the Group understands the expectations and concerns from stakeholders. The feedbacks obtained allow the Group to make more informed decisions, and to better assess and manage the resulting impact.

The Group has adopted the principle of materiality in the ESG reporting by understanding the key ESG issues that are important to the business of the Group.

The Group has evaluated the materiality and importance in ESG aspects through the following steps:

#### Step 1: Identification — Industry Benchmarking

- Relevant ESG aspects were identified through the review of relevant ESG reports of the local and international industry peers.
- The materiality of each ESG aspect was determined based on the importance of each ESG aspect to the Group through internal discussion of the ESG working team with reference to the recommendation of the ESG Guide.

#### Step 2: Prioritisation — Stakeholder Engagement

 The ESG working team is responsible to discuss with and collect feedback from the key stakeholders on material ESG-related aspects identified above to ensure all the key aspects are covered.

#### Step 3: Validation — Determining Material Issues

• Based on the assessment and recommendation from the ESG working team through step 1 and step 2 above, the Board is responsible to select and confirm all the related ESG-related aspects, which are significant to the Group's business and important to our stakeholders and in compliance with the ESG Guide, to be included in the ESG Report.

Based on the evaluation for FY2024, there are four major ESG-aspects identified, namely, i) environmental protection, ii) employment and labour practices, iii) operating practices and iv) community investment which will be discussed in this ESG Report. The principles of materiality, quantitative and consistency as recommended by the ESG Guide have been applied. This ESG Report adopts methodologies for the calculation of key performance indicators that are consistent with previous years. There was no significant change in the ESG-aspects as there was no significant change in the Group's business scope.

通過與利益相關人士的基本溝通,本集團了解 到利益相關人士的期望和關注。獲得的反饋使 本集團能夠做出更明智的决定,並更好地評估 和管理由此產生的影響。

本集團在環境、社會及管治報告中採用重要性 原則,了解對本集團業務重要的關鍵環境、社 會及管治問題。

本集團通過以下步驟評估環境、社會及管治方面的重要性:

#### 步驟1:識別一行業基準

- 通過審閱當地及國際同業的相關環境、社會及管治報告,識別出相關環境、社會及管治範疇。
- 各項環境、社會及管治範疇的重要性乃通 過環境、社會及管治工作小組的內部討論 和參考環境、社會及管治報告指引的建 議,按照各項環境、社會及管治範疇對本 集團的重要性而釐定。

#### 步驟2:優先考慮一利益相關人士參與

• 環境、社會及管治工作小組負責與關鍵利益相關人士就上述識別的關鍵環境、社會及管治範疇進行討論及收集回饋意見,以確保涵蓋所有關鍵層面。

#### 步驟3:驗證一釐定重要事項

 根據環境、社會及管治工作小組通過上述 步驟1和步驟2作出的評估及建議,董事會 負責選擇和確認所有相關的環境、社會及 管治相關範疇。對本集團業務有重大意 義,對我們的利益相關人士有重要意義, 且符合環境、社會及管治指引的所有相關 方面,將被納入環境、社會及管治報告。

根據對二零二四年財政年度的評估,有四個主要環境、社會及管治範疇,即:i)環境保健護;ii)僱傭及勞工常規;iii)營運慣例;及iv)社區資,將在本環境、社會及管治報告中討論。的已應用環境、社會及管治指引所建議。的是實治報告採納與往年一致的關鍵績效指標的計算方法。由於本集團的業務範圍並無重大變動,環境、社會及管治方面並無重大變動。

#### A. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

The Group is committed to leading by example, inspiring others to strive for environmental sustainability, and minimising our environmental impacts from operations. We have implemented eco-friendly measures to reduce carbon footprint in our business operations. During FY2024, there was no material non-compliance issue with relevant laws and regulations related to the environment.

#### A1. EMISSION

#### **Air Pollutant Emissions**

As a provider of money lending services, the Group's operations do not have a material impact on the environment in relation to pollutant emissions. Nevertheless, the Group still causes direct emissions in the Group's operation through the use of motor vehicles which run on petrol for business purposes. In prior years, fuel consumption from transportation is minimal in our business and our employees rely mainly on public transport. In FY2024, with the intention to enhance operational efficiency and improve our customer service experience, the Group increases its usage of private car transportation for business purposes and therefore there is an increase in air pollutant emission.

The Group will take initiative to balance the utilisation of private car transportation and public transportation and encourage employees to reduce unnecessary transportation for the reduction of air pollutant emissions in our daily operation. The Group will also explore alternatives in reducing its air pollutant emissions including using vehicles with engines that fulfil Euro VI Standards.

The details of air pollutant emissions of the Group during the reporting period was as follows:

#### A. 環境保護

本集團致力以身作則,啟發其他公司為環境可持續發展努力,將營運對環境造成的影響減至最低。我們實施環保措施,以減低業務營運的碳足印。於二零二四年財政年度,概無任何嚴重違反與環境有關的相關法律及法規的事件。

#### A1. 排放

#### 空氣污染物排放

作為貸款服務供應商,就污染物排放而言,本集團的營運對環境並無重大影響,然而,本集團仍透過耗用汽油作商業用策的汽車,於本集團的營運中造成直接開放。往年,我們在業務中因交通運輸的原因引致的燃料消耗量極低,而我們則財產是要依賴公共交通。於二零二四財政程度,為提升營運效率及改善客戶服務體驗,本集團增加商業用途私家車運輸的使用,致使空氣污染物排放量增加。

本集團將主動平衡私家車與公共交通的使用,並鼓勵員工減少不必要的交通安排, 以減少日常營運中的空氣污染物排放。本 集團亦將探索減少空氣污染物排放的替代 方案,包括使用符合歐盟六期標準引擎的 車輛。

於報告期內,本集團空氣污染物排放詳情 如下:

Type of air pollutant emissions (in kg)	空氣污染物類別(以公斤計)	<b>FY2024</b> 二零二四年 財政年度	FY2023 二零二三年 財政年度
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)	氮氧化物(NOx)	5.99	1.75
Sulphur dioxide (SO <sub>2</sub> )	二氧化硫(SO <sub>2</sub> )	0.17	0.05
Particulate matter (PM)	懸浮粒子(PM)	0.44	0.13

#### Greenhouse Gas ("GHG") Emission

Apart from direct emission from the use of motor vehicles for business purposes, the Group also indirectly generates greenhouse gas ("GHG") emission through our consumption of electricity and production of paper waste at the Group's office in Hong Kong, which occupies a gross floor area of 3,033 square feet. Several measures to reduce the Group's GHG emissions have been implemented to demonstrate the Group's determination of maintaining environmental sustainability. Those measures included promoting paperless office by usage of tablets, encouraging double-sided printing, and encouraging employees to switch off all idle appliances.

During FY2024, the Group's total GHG emissions was approximately 49.8 tonnes (FY2023: 29.5 tonnes) and the total GHG emission per average employee was 2.62 tonnes (FY2023: 1.55 tonnes). The increase in GHG emissions for FY2024 was mainly attributable to the increase in the uses of vehicles for business purposes during the year.

#### 溫室氣體(「溫室氣體 |)排放

除為業務用途使用的汽車所產生的直接排放外,本集團亦因其於香港的辦事處(佔地面積3,033平方呎)耗用電力和產生廢紙而間接產生溫室氣體(「溫室氣體」)。本集團已實行多項減少本集團溫室氣體排放的措施,以彰顯本集團保持環境可持續發展的決心。該等措施包括使用平板電腦,提倡無紙辦公、鼓勵雙面列印及鼓勵僱員關閉所有閒置電器。

於二零二四年財政年度,本集團的溫室氣體總排放量約為49.8公噸(二零二三年財政年度:29.5公噸),僱員人均溫室氣體總排放量為2.62公噸(二零二三年財政年度:1.55公噸)。二零二四年財政年度之溫室氣體排放量增加,主要由於年內業務用途的汽車用量增加。

GHG emissions (in tonnes)	溫室氣體排放(以公噸計)	<b>FY2024</b> 二零二四年 財政年度	FY2023 二零二三年 財政年度
Direct GHG emissions (Scope 1)  – combustion of fuels in mobile sources Indirect GHG emissions (Scope 2)	直接溫室氣體排放(範圍1) 一車用燃燒源 間接溫室氣體排放(範圍2)	28.0	8.2
- Electricity consumption (in tonnes) Other indirect GHG emissions (Scope 3)  - Disposal of paper waste (in tonnes)	一耗電量(以公噸計) 其他間接溫室氣體排放(範圍3) 一處理廢紙量(以公噸計)	19.6	21.3
Total GHG emissions (in tonnes)	溫室氣體排放總量(以公噸計)	49.8	29.5
Average number of employees	平均僱員數目	19	19
GHG emissions per average employee (in tonnes)	僱員人均溫室氣體排放量 (以公噸計)	2.62	1.55

#### **Waste Management**

The Group's operations do not produce any hazardous waste, which includes but not limited to chemical wastes, clinical wastes and hazardous chemicals. The non-hazardous waste produced by the Group was mainly paper waste. Measures for reducing and recycling paper waste were put in place. We encourage double-sided printing, as well as reuse of single side printed paper. A recycling company was engaged to collect and recycle our paper waste regularly. In FY2024, approximately 48% of our paper waste was recycled (FY2023: 100%). To further reduce the Group's non-hazardous waste, we have also purchased some electronic tablets so as to facilitate usage of electronic document and promote a paperless office.

#### 廢物管理

本集團的營運並不產生任何有害廢物(包括但不限於化學廢料、醫療廢物及有害化學物質)。本集團產生的無害廢物主要廢紙。減少及回收廢紙的措施經已實施。我們鼓勵雙面列印,以及重複使用單面可的紙張。我們已委聘一間回收公四軍定則收集及回收我們的廢紙。於二零二四年財政年度,我們約有48%的廢紙得以回收(二零二三年財政年度:100%)。為求進一步減少本集團的無害廢物,我們亦已購入若干平板電腦,有助電子化文檔的利用及推廣無紙辦公。

Non-hazardous waste (in kg)	無害廢物(以公斤計)	<b>FY2024</b> 二零二四年 財政年度	FY2023 二零二三年 財政年度
Paper waste (in kg) Note (i)	廢紙(以公斤計)附註(1)	461	_
Average number of employees	平均僱員數目	19	19
Paper waste per average employee (in kg)	僱員人均廢紙量(以公斤計)	24.3	n/a

<sup>(</sup>i) Being paper waste net of amount being recycled.

#### (i) 為廢紙扣除回收的數量。

#### **A2. USE OF RESOURCES**

The Group is committed to upholding high environmental standards in order to promote environmental friendliness. As a provider of money lending services, the Group strives to minimise environmental impact by reducing energy and paper consumption and encouraging recycling of office supplies and other materials.

During FY2024, the Group does not require packaging materials for the provision of its services.

#### **Energy Consumption**

Combustion of fuels in mobile sources and the electricity consumed by the Group's head office remained the key contributors to the greenhouse gas footprint. To reduce the Group's carbon and energy footprints, the Group has posted some energy conservation reminders in place. Computers and office lights are switched off during non-business hours to minimise light pollution and reduce energy consumption. The total energy consumption increased by approximately 131% in FY2024 when compared to FY2023 due to the increase in business related local traveling.

#### A2. 資源利用

本集團致力奉行高環保標準,以改善環境。本集團為貸款服務的供應商,力求通 過減少能源及紙張消耗以及鼓勵循環再用 辦公用品和其他物品,將對環境所造成的 影響降至最低。

於二零二四年財政年度,本集團無需使用 包裝物品提供其服務。

#### 能源消耗

車用燃燒源及本集團總部的電力消耗維持產生主要比重的溫室氣體足印。為減少本集團的碳及能源足印,本集團已於適當位置刊貼若干節能提示。非辦公時段內會關閉電腦及辦公室的燈,藉此減低光污染及減少能源消耗。二零二四年財政年度的總能源消耗量較二零二三年財政年度增加約131%,由於業務相關的本地交通增加。

		<b>FY2024</b> 二零二四年 財政年度	FY2023 二零二三年 財政年度
Combustion of fuels in mobile sources (in kWh)	車用燃燒源(以千瓦時計)	115,108	33,652
Electricity consumption (in kWh)	耗電量(以千瓦時計)	24,798	26,977
Total energy consumption (in kWh)	總能源消耗量(以千瓦時計)	139,906	60,629
Average number of employees	平均僱員數目	19	19
Total energy consumption per average employee (in kWh)	僱員人均能源耗量(以千瓦時計)	7,363	3,191

#### Paper Usage

Efficiency in usage of paper has been promoted and communicated to our employees. Tablets were provided to employees to encourage reduction of usage of paper. The single-sided printings were collected for reuse. Paper usage increased by approximately 11.2% when compared with last year.

#### 用紙

我們已將有效用紙的觀念推廣及傳達予我們的僱員。我們向僱員提供平板電腦以減少用紙,而單面列印的紙張亦得以收集重用。用紙量較去年增加約11.2%。

		<b>FY2024</b> 二零二四年 財政年度	FY2023 二零二三年 財政年度
Paper usage (in kg)	用紙量(以公斤計)	881	792
Average number of employees	平均僱員數目	19	19
Paper usage per average employee (in kg)	僱員人均用紙量(以公斤計)	46.3	41.7

#### **Water Consumption**

The Group's water consumption comes from the daily business operations in the office. As the Group's office does not have a separate meter for water consumption measurement, the Group does not have any data on the amount of water consumed. Due to the nature of the Group's business, water consumption is not identified as a material issue relevant to the Group's operation. Nevertheless, as water is a precious resource, water conservation measures have been taken and encouraged throughout the office.

#### 耗水量

本集團的用水源自辦公室的日常業務營運。由於本集團的辦公室並無一個單獨的水錶測量用水量,本集團並無任何關於用水量的數據。由於本集團的業務性質,耗水並無被界定為與本集團的營運有關的重大事項。然而,由於水是一種寶貴的資源,整個辦公室已經採取並鼓勵節約用水的措施。

#### A3. THE ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES

Due to the nature of our business, the Group does not have any direct and significant impact on the environment and natural resources in the course of its operations. By taking the above-mentioned green initiatives, the Group is committed to doing our part to mitigate our environmental impact and acting in a manner that is both environmentally and socially responsible.

#### **A4. CLIMATE CHANGE IMPACT**

Awareness over climate change continues to grow and is one of the most discussed topics among nations as rising temperatures and extreme weather are threatening the community and our business operations. Although the operations of the Group does not involve production, the Group is committed to managing the potential climate-related risks and to adopt environmental friendly operating measures to reduce GHG emissions. The Group has implemented risk management exercise in identifying and mitigating climate-related risks.

Physical risk – The increased frequency and severity of extreme weather events such as typhoons, storms, and heavy rains bring acute and chronic physical risks to the Group's business and the safety of our employees. To minimize the potential risks, the Group has established mitigation plans, including flexible working arrangements and precautionary measures during bad or extreme weather conditions. In addition, risk of extreme weather events may negatively impact the value of collateral properties under the Group's mortgage loan portfolios.

Transition risk – More stringent policies and reporting requirements for corporate sustainability may expose enterprises to higher risks of claim and compliance costs. In response to the policy and legal risks, the Group constantly monitors any changes in laws or regulations to avoid cost increments, non-compliance fines or reputational risks. In addition, the Group will continue its efforts to control energy consumption and carbon emissions.

#### A3. 環境及天然資源

基於其業務性質,而本集團並無於其業務 過程中對環境及天然資源造成任何直接及 重大影響。透過採取上述環保措施,本集 團致力紓緩我們對環境造成的影響,並對 環境及社會負責。

#### A4. 氣候變化的影響

由於氣溫上升及極端天氣正在威脅社區及我們的業務運營,對氣候變化的認知持續增長,並成為各國討論最多的話題之一。雖然本集團的營運不涉及生產,但本集團致力管理潜在的氣候相關風險,並採取環保的經營措施,減少溫室氣體排放。本集團在識別及減輕氣候相關風險方面實施風險管理。

物理風險一颱風、風暴及暴雨等極端天氣 事件的頻率及嚴重程度加劇,為本集團的 業務及僱員安全帶來嚴重和長期的物理風 險。為了儘量減少潜在的風險,本集團已 建立緩解計劃,包括在惡劣或極端天氣條 件下的靈活工作安排和預防措施。此外, 極端天氣事件的風險可能對本集團抵押貸 款組合的物業價值產生負面影響。

過渡風險:對企業可持續發展更嚴格的政策及報告要求可能使企業面臨更高的索賠風險和合規成本。為應對政策和法律風險,本集團不斷監察法律或法規的任何變化,以避免成本增加、違規罰款或聲譽風險。此外,本集團將繼續努力控制能源消耗及碳排放。

#### **Target and Achievement**

The following table summarises the Group's achievement on its emission target in FY2024:

#### 目標及成果

下表總結了本集團於二零二四年財政年度 實現的排放目標:

Aspects	Target	Achievement
方面	目標	成果
GHG emissions	Not more than 30 tonnes	higher than the set target by 19.8 tonnes
溫室氣體排放	不多於30噸	高於所定目標19.8噸
Waste production 廢物製造	Recycle at least 50% of our paper waste 循環回收至少50%的廢紙	Recycled approximately 48% of our paper waste 回收約48%的廢紙
Energy consumption	Not more than 30,000 kWh	Higher than the set target by approximately 110,000 kWh
能源消耗	不多於30,000千瓦時	高於所定目標約110,000千瓦時
Paper usage	Not more than 1,400 kg	Total paper usage increased by 11.2% but lower than the target
用紙	不多於1,400公斤	用紙總數增加11.2%但低於目標。

Having considered the nature of the Group's business and its continuous efforts in minimising its impacts on environment, unless there is a material change of the Group's business scope and business scale, the Group has set emission targets of the total GHG emission, non-hazardous waste production and use of resources with reference to the relevant data in the previous years, except that targets for GHG emissions will increase from the original target of not more than 30 tonnes to not more than 50 tonnes and the energy consumption will increase from not more than 30,000 kWh to 150,000 kWh due to the increased use of vehicles for business purposes.

考慮到本集團的業務性質及其在儘量減少對環境影響方面的持續努力,除非本集團的業務範圍和業務規模發生重大變化,即本集團已參考過往年度的相關數據設定溫室氣體排放總量、無害廢物製造及原使用的排放目標,惟由於商業用途車輛的使用,溫室氣體排放將由原定目標不多於30噸上升至不多於50噸及能源消耗由原定目標不多於30,000千瓦時上升至不多於150,000千瓦時。

#### **B. SOCIAL ASPECTS**

#### B. 社會方面

#### **EMPLOYMENT AND LABOUR PRACTICES**

#### 僱傭及勞工常規

#### **B1. EMPLOYMENT**

# The Group regards employees as one of the most valuable assets of the Group and regards the personal development of its employees as highly important. The Group has a set of HR management policies and procedures in place to set out the Group's standard of staff recruitment, remuneration, work periods, rest periods as well as termination of employment and compensation matters. The Group strictly complies with the Employment Ordinance (Chapter 57 of the Laws of Hong Kong), the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance (Chapter 485 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and other relevant laws and regulations which cover all employment protection (including the provision of a safe working environment and protection of employees from occupational hazards) and benefits.

As at 31 December 2024, the Group employed 19 full-time employees (2023: 18) which are all located in Hong Kong. The Group has a diverse workforce in terms of gender and age, generating creative opinions and different level of capabilities. The following table sets forth the number and breakdown of our full-time employees as at 31 December 2024:

#### B1. 僱傭

本集團視僱員為本集團最寶貴的資產之一,高度重視僱員的個人發展免 集團制訂一套人力資源管理政策策 序,當中載列本集團有關僱員招展與招 所之權期、休息時間及終稅 與補償事宜的準則。本集團嚴格 與福 所有僱傭保障(包括提供性危害) 與福利的香港法例第57章僱傭條例 與福利的香港法例第57章僱傭條例 對福 條例以及其他相關法律及法規。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團僱用19名全職僱員(二零二三年:18名),彼等均受僱於香港。本集團有不同性別及年齡的多元化員工提供富有創意的見解,並具備不同程度的能力。下表載列我們於二零二四年十二月三十一日的全職僱員數目及明細:

	Age 30 or below 三十歲或以下	Age 31 to 40 三十一至四十歲	Above 40 四十歲以上	Total 總計
Male 男性	0	2	6	8
Female 女性	0	6	5	11
Total 總計	0	8	11	19

Note: All the employees of the Group are full-time employees.

附註:本集團全部僱員為全職僱員。

Remunerations of the employees of the Group are determined with reference to the prevailing market standard as well as the competency, qualifications and experience of individual employees. Discretionary bonuses based on financial results of the Group as well as individual performance will be paid to the employees as recognition of their contribution to the Group annually. The Group regularly reviews the remuneration package and promotion opportunities of employees and makes necessary adjustments to conform to the market standard in order to retain talents. To increase the employees' sense of belonging, the Group also offer various welfare incentives to employees, including insurance schemes, over-time allowance, various paid leaves and holiday gifts.

The Group adopts equal employment opportunity policies and treats all the employees equally, and their employment, remuneration and promotion will not be affected by their social identities such as ethnicity, race, nationality, gender, religion, age, sexual orientation, political faction and marital status.

The management believes that employees are important assets of the Group, and remains committed to attracting and retaining talent with diverse backgrounds for achieving sustainable growth and maintaining a stable turnover rate. The turnover rates of the Group's workforce for FY2024 are as below:

本集團採納平等就業務機會政策及公 平對待全體僱員,而彼等的僱用、薪 酬與晉升不會受到彼等的社會身份所 影響,如民族、種族、國籍、性別、 宗教、年齡、性取向、政黨及婚姻狀 況。

管理層認為,僱員是本集團的重要資產,故繼續致力吸引及保留具有不同背景的人才,以實現可持續增長及保持穩定的離職率。本集團僱員於二零二四年財政年度的流失率如下:

Turnover rate (%)	流失率(%)	<b>FY2024</b> 二零二四年 財政年度	FY2023 二零二三年 財政年度
Overall	整體	15.8%	27.8%
By gender • Male • Female	<b>按性別</b> ・男性 ・女性	25.0% 9.1%	37.5% 20.0%
<ul><li>By age group</li><li>Age 30 or below</li><li>Age 31 to 40</li><li>Above 40</li></ul>	<b>按年齡組別</b> • 30歲或以下 • 31歲至40歲 • 40歲以上	n/a n/a 25.0%	100% 25.0% 20.0%

Note: All the employees of the Group are located in Hong Kong.

附註:本集團全體僱員皆位於香港

#### **B2. HEALTH AND SAFETY**

The Group is committed to providing a safe and healthy working environment to its employees, and encourages them to achieve a balance between work and a healthy life. Air purifiers are placed in the workplace to improve air circulation. We take a systematic approach to safeguard the health and safety of our employees by reducing the likelihood of safety risks occurrence in the office so we aim at training employee's responsiveness to emergencies. Over the past three years, i.e., for the year ended 31 December 2022 to 2024, there was no instance of injury reported nor work-related fatalities occurred within our Group. The Group provides medical insurance for employees and the coverage of insurance includes hospital and surgical service, dental services and out-patient fees. The Group complies with the relevant occupational health and safety laws and regulations.

The Group has also enhanced the cleanliness of the workplace by implementing regular cleaning and disinfection of frequently touched surfaces, in order to maintain a clean working environment.

#### **B3. TRAINING AND DEVELOPMENT**

The Group encourages employees to participate in on-the-job training and continuing education to create opportunities for career development.

In order to help employees acclimatise to the volatile business environment, the Group provides continuous updates in relation to market and industry trends as well as updates on relevant regulations to its employees. In addition, the Group also encourages continuous personal development of its employees by implementing an educational reimbursement program.

The Group also invites the directors and senior management to attend training in relation to updates on the Listing Rules, corporate governance, relevant laws and regulations so as to maintain sustainable professional development and refresh their knowledge.

#### B2. 健康及安全

本集團致力為其僱員提供安全及健康 的工作環境, 並鼓勵僱員達致工作及 健康生活的平衡。我們於工作場所放 置空氣淨化機以改善空氣流涌。我們 採取有系統的方法以保障僱員的健康 及安全, 為降低辦公室出現的安全風 險的可能性,我們旨在訓練僱員對突 發事件的應變能力。於過去三年(即 截至二零二二年至二零二四年十二月 三十一日止年度),本集團概無已上 報的受傷事件,亦無發生工作相關的 死亡事故。本集團為僱員提供醫療保 險,保險涵蓋範圍包括住院及外科服 務、牙科保健服務及門診費用。本集 **專遵守相關職業健康及安全的法例及** 法規。

本集團亦加強工作場所內的清潔工作,對經常接觸的表面進行定期清潔 和消毒,以保持潔淨的工作環境。

#### B3. 培訓及發展

本集團鼓勵僱員參加在職培訓並持續 進修,為職業發展創造機會。

為協助僱員應對波動的業務環境,本 集團持續向其僱員提供有關市場及業 界趨勢以及相關法規的最新資訊。除 此之外,本集團亦透過推行教育補助 計劃,推動其僱員的持續個人發展。

本集團亦邀請董事及高級管理層參與 有關上市規則、企業管治、相關法律 及法規最新動態的培訓,以維持持續 專業發展並讓彼等溫故知新。

The detailed breakdown of the percentage of employees trained and the average training hours completed per employee by gender and employee category was as follows:

按性別及僱員類別劃分的受訓僱員百分比及每名僱員平均完成的培訓時數的詳情如下:

		Average training hours (hours/employee) 平均培訓時數 (小時/僱員)		Percentage of employed trained (%) 受訓僱員百分比(%)	
		FY2024       FY2023         二零二四年       二零二三年         財政年度       財政年度		FY2024 二零二四年 財政年度	FY2023 二零二三年 財政年度
Overall	整體	3.4	3.4	45.5%	52.5%
By gender • Male • Female	<b>按性別</b> ・男性 ・女性	1.0 5.4	2.2 4.4	50% 41.7%	20.0% 76.9%
By employment category ・ Senior management ・ 高級管理層・ Middle management ・ 中級管理層・ 一般員工		12.7 3.9 0.8	7.7 7.6 0.7	66.7% 42.9% 41.7%	66.7% 83.3% 35.7%

#### **B4. LABOUR STANDARDS**

The Group is committed to comply with the Employment Ordinance (Chapter 57 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and associated guidelines. Every act of employment is subject to a stringent internal review process that involves a well-defined monitoring procedure designed to verify a candidate's personal information in order to avoid misrepresentation and any form of child and forced labour. During FY2024, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with the Employment Ordinance (Chapter 57 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and other laws and regulations relating to employment and labour practices (FY2023: nil).

#### B4. 勞工標準

本集團致力遵守香港法例第57章僱傭條例及相關指引。所有僱員行為均 遵守嚴格的內部審閱過程,其中涉核查求職者個人資料的明確監控程序,以避免失實陳述及任何形式的 童工及強迫勞工。於二零二四年財政 年度,本集團並不知悉任何嚴重違反 香港法例第57章僱傭條例以及與僱傭 及勞工慣例相關的其他法律及法規的 事件(二零二三年財政年度:無)。

#### **OPERATING PRACTICES**

#### **B5. SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT**

As a money lending service provider, while there is no major procurement involved in our business, the Group mainly engages third party services providers to provide ancillary services such as information technology services, advertising services and legal and consulting services. The Group has set up a procurement policy with defined criteria and procedure in the selection of suppliers, our evaluation criteria include factors such as price, service or product quality, stability, capability, and experience. Preference will also be given to potential suppliers that demonstrate their commitment to environment protection. Besides, to ensure competitive fairness, we will obtain quotations from two or more potential suppliers for any new supplier engagement with a defined approval mechanism. An annual review on the existing suppliers will also be performed to ensure a consistent performance.

As there is no major procurement involved in the Group's principal business, the Board considers that the number of suppliers is not a material ESG issue to be reported.

#### **B6. PRODUCT AND SERVICE RESPONSIBILITY**

#### **Customer Care**

Customer care is one of the core values of the Group. The Group is committed to provide customers with thoughtful and consistently high standard of service and strive to treat customers fairly at all stages of its business relationship. Adopting a "Customer-First" principal, the Group emphasises a one-on-one personalized approach to customer service and provides a variety of highly flexible loan solutions to its customers.

Front-line employees are well-trained with adequate and upto-date knowledge on relevant laws and regulations to ensure the services provided complies with all relevant regulations. The Group also acknowledges the increasing use of social media and electronic applications, and strives to enhance its service delivery through the development of mobile applications and incorporating various value-added features to improve customer experience. Complaint system has been set up for customers to express their comments and complaints. Our service pledge is to follow up and resolve complaints in a responsive manner. During FY2024, no written complaints from customers were reported (FY2023: nil)

#### 營運慣例

#### B5. 供應鏈管理

作為一個放債服務供應商,雖然我們 的業務並無涉及重大採購,但本集團 主要聘請第三方服務供應商提供輔助 性服務,如資訊科技服務、廣告服務 以及法律和諮詢服務。本集團已制定 一項採購政策,在選擇供應商時有明 確的標準及程序,我們的評估標準包 括價格、服務或產品質量、穩定性、 能力及經驗等因素。我們還將優先考 慮該等表明其對環境保護承諾的潜在 供應商。此外,為了確保競爭的公平 性,對於任何新供應商的參與,我們 將向兩個或以上的潜在供應商取得報 價, 並設有明確的審批機制。我們還 將對現有的供應商進行年度檢討,以 確保其表現穩定。

由於本集團的主營業務並無涉及重大 採購,董事會認為供應商的數量並不 是須報告的重大環境、社會及管治問 題。

#### B6. 產品及服務責任

#### 關懷客戶

關懷客戶為本集團的核心價值之一。 本集團致力向客戶提供周全及持續的 高質素服務,務求於其業務關係的所 有階段公平對待客戶。本集團秉持 「客戶第一」的服務原則,著重以一對 一的私人方式服務客戶,並為其提供 多項高靈活度的貸款方案。

前線員工訓練有素,充份理解相關法規,並掌握最新資訊,以確保所所有相關法規。的服務符合所有相關法規。使用社交媒體及電子產品的使用程效力透過開發流動應用程式能過時,並揉合各種增宜立。與務傳送,並揉合各種增立立。發展內體驗。我見及投訴。於日內提出速地跟進度,並無數時不應。於二零二三年財政年度:無)。

Customer education is also another topic that we have been working on as we value the well-being of our customers and the society. The Group communicates the latest market information to customers through its social media channels, such as news relating to fraud cases commenced by illegal financial intermediates and tips to avoid falling prey to scams, in order to increase customer's awareness vigilance.

#### **Customer Privacy**

The Group values the trust of its customers and as a provider of money lending services, the Group has access to significant personal data of its customers and therefore ensuring the privacy of customer information is one of the issues the Group cares about the most

The Group is committed to the full implementation and has complied with the Six Data Protection Principles and the requirements of the Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance (Cap. 486, Laws of Hong Kong) (the "PDPO"). The Group has formulated a set of privacy principles regarding collection, retention, use, security, openness and accessibility of personal information to ensure customer information received is only for its intended purpose and to prevent information leakage, such as:

- requiring employees not to retain or disclose any confidential information about the Group's business activities and other sensitive confidential data to any third parties:
- requiring customers to acknowledge their rights under the PDPO, the purpose of collecting their personal data upon completion and signing of the application forms;
- ensuring that confidential personal data is not obtained through telephone conversations; and
- ensuring that customer files are kept in a locked cabinet.

Employees are also invited and encouraged to attend the training courses organised by the Privacy Commissioner for Personal Data to increase awareness and understanding of the PDPO. The Group will continue to monitor, review and, when necessary, update its privacy principles and policies to ensure they are in compliance with the PDPO.

由於我們重視客戶及社會的福祉,故 教導客戶為我們正著手處理的另一個 主題。為提升客戶的意識,本集團透 過其社交媒體渠道向客戶傳達最新市 場資訊,如與非法財務中介的欺詐案 件有關的新聞及防止遭詐騙的提示。

#### 客戶私隱

本集團重視客戶對我們的信任。作為 貸款服務供應商,本集團可獲取其客 戶的重要個人資料,因此,保障客戶 資料的私隱乃本集團最為關注的議題 之一。

本集團致力全面實施並遵守六項保障資料原則及個人資料(私隱)條例(香港法例第486章)(「個人資料(私隱)條例」)的規定。本集團已制訂一套有關收集、保留、使用、保安措施、透明度及查閱個人資料的私隱原則,以確保所獲取的客戶資料僅供其作擬定用途,並防止資料外洩,該私隱原則如下:

- 規定員工不得保留或向任何第三 方披露有關本集團業務活動的機 密資料及其他敏感機密資料;
- 要求客戶於填寫及簽署申請表格時知悉彼等於個人資料(私隱)條例項下的權利及收集其個人資料的目的:
- 確保機密個人資料不得透過電話 交談方式獲取;及
- 確保客戶的檔案存置於上鎖的文件櫃內。

本集團亦邀請並鼓勵僱員參與由個人資料私隱專員公署所舉辦的培訓課程,以提升對個人資料(私隱)條例的意識及認知。本集團將持續監督、檢討並於必要時更新其私隱原則及政策,以確保其遵守個人資料(私隱)條例。

The Group also understands that our computer systems may be prone to hackers' attacks due to increasing hacker activities, therefore, the Group regularly conducts IT control reviews to update the security system.

#### **Protection of Intellectual Property**

The Group protects its intellectual property rights by the use and registration of domain names and trademarks. The Group's trademarks and domain names are constantly monitored, and renewed prior to their expiration.

The Group also prohibits the installation or copying of any unlicensed software onto computers of the Group.

#### **B7. ANTI-CORRUPTION**

The Group recognises the importance of compliance with regulatory requirements and during the Reporting Period, the Group has complied, to the best of its knowledge, with applicable laws and regulations that have significant impact on the business of the Group, including but not limited to:

- Money Lenders Ordinance (Cap. 163, Laws of Hong Kong) ("MLO")
- Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorist Financing Ordinance (Cap. 615, Laws of Hong Kong)
- Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622, Laws of Hong Kong)
- Competition Ordinance (Cap. 619, Laws of Hong Kong)
- Employment Ordinance (Cap. 57, Laws of Hong Kong)
- Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance (Cap. 486, Laws of Hong Kong)
- Prevention of Bribery Ordinance (Cap. 201, Laws of Hong Kong)
- Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571, Laws of Hong Kong)
- The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

本集團亦明白電腦系統可能因日益增加的黑客活動而受到黑客入侵,因此,本集團定期進行資訊科技監控審閱,更新保安系統。

#### 保護知識產權

本集團通過對域名及商標的使用和註 冊保護其知識產權。本集團的商標及 域名一直受到監控,並在到期前重 續。

本集團亦禁止在本集團電腦上安裝或複製任何未經授權的軟件。

#### B7. 反貪污

本集團深知遵守監管規定的重要性。 就本集團所深知,本集團於報告期間 一直遵守對本集團業務有重大影響的 適用法律及法規,包括但不限於:

- · 放債人條例(香港法例第163章) (「放債人條例」)
- 打擊洗錢及恐怖分子資金籌集條例(香港法例第615章)
- · 公司條例(香港法例第622章)
- ・ 競爭條例(香港法例第619章)
- 僱傭條例(香港法例第57章)
- · 個人資料(私隱)條例(香港法例 第486章)
- · 防止賄賂條例(香港法例第201 章)
- · 證券及期貨條例(香港法例第571 章)
- 香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上 市規則

In particular, as a money lenders license holder, the Money Lenders Ordinance ("MLO") constitutes a significant influence to the Group's money lending business. The credit approval policy and process adopted by the Group has been designed to ensure that the Group's business operates in accordance with the MLO. The Group also regularly monitors, reviews and, when necessary, updates the existing policy to ensure the money lending business is strictly in compliance with the MLO.

In order to uphold the highest ethical standards, all management and staff of the Group are required to strictly follow the Group's Code of Conduct and to sign acknowledgements that they understand and agree to the Code of Conduct adopted by the Group. With the purpose of preventing potential bribery, extortion and fraud, the Group's Code of Conduct clearly states that:

- Employees shall not accept gifts or other benefits that are beyond common business hospitality, or the head of department or the chief executive shall be consulted.
- Under no circumstances should an employee offer bribes to any person or company for the purpose of obtaining or retaining business.
- Employees should always avoid any situation involving a conflict, or that could be perceived by others as a conflict, between their personal interests, or those of their close relatives, and the performance of their official duties.
- If a potential conflict exists, employees should make prompt and full disclosure to the management.

The Group has also adopted a whistleblowing policy and procedures for all levels under the Group. The Group's whistleblowing policy encourages all internal staff and public to report actual or suspected improper conduct, in confidence, to the Group's executive directors or the Group's Audit Committee if the suspected improper conduct involves the Group's executive directors.

In order to enhance anti-corruption awareness, the Group has provided anti-corruption awareness refresher materials to staff during FY2024. There were no concluded legal cases during FY2024 regarding corrupt practices brought against the Group or our employees (FY2023: nil).

具體而言,就持牌放債人而言,放債 人條例(「放債人條例」)對本集團的貸 款業務構成重大影響。本集團採納的 信貸審批政策和程序旨在確保本集團 的業務按照放債人條例營運。本集團 亦定期監察、檢討及在必要時更新現 行政策,以確保貸款業務嚴格遵守放 債人條例。

為了維持最高道德標準,本集團內所有管理層及員工均須嚴格遵守本集團的行為守則,並簽署確認彼等理解並同意本集團採納的行為守則。為防止潛在賄賂、勒索及詐騙,本集團的行為守則明確規定:

- 員工不得接受超出一般業務接待 範圍的禮品或其他福利,或須諮 詢部門主管或總裁的意見。
- 在任何情況下,員工不得賄賂任 何人士或公司,藉以取得或保留 業務。
- 員工應避免牽涉任何與其個人或 近親及履行公務時產生的利益衝 突或其他人士所認定的利益衝 突。
- 倘可能出現衝突,員工應迅速向管理層全面披露。

本集團還採用針對本集團所有級別的 舉報政策及程序。本集團的舉報政策 鼓勵所有內部員工及公眾以保密方式 向本集團的執行董事或本集團的審核 委員會(倘涉嫌不當行為涉及本集團 執行董事)舉報實際或涉嫌的不當行 為。

為提高反貪腐意識,本集團已於二零二四年財政年度向員工提供反貪腐意識更新材料。於二零二四年財政年度,並無任何針對本集團或我們的僱員的貪污行為的已結案法律案件(二零二三年財政年度:無)。

To prevent and detect money laundering and terrorist financing, the Group follows the "Guideline on Compliance of Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorist Financing Requirements for Licensed Money Lenders" ("AML/CTF Guideline") issued by the Companies Registry and has incorporated policies and procedures in our operation and credit guidelines and policies, which include procedures for customer due diligence, reporting of suspicious transactions, record-keeping, and staff training. The Group's policies and procedures in respect of prevention and detection of money laundering and terrorist financing activities include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Check loan applicants against the sanctioned countries, firms, entities and individuals from database provided by professional compliance firm.
- Conduct customer due diligence based on result of risk assessment on each potential customer.
- Carry out know-your-client procedures by verifying the applicant's identity using reliable and independent source documents.
- All loan repayments from customers are made by cheque, bank transfer or autopay with their own bank accounts.
- The Group will report any suspicious transactions to the Joint Financial Intelligence Unit using the standard form or the e-channel "STREAMS".
- The Group maintains all essential information of our customers, with the PDPO.
- The Group encourages and supports its employees to maximise their potential and to seek practical and professional training, when available, on matters related and relevant to their roles and responsibilities, the money lending business and current legislation and practices.

The Group also engages an independent third party to perform independent reviews on the Group's policies to ensure compliance with the AML/CTF Guideline.

During FY2024, the Group did not identify any non-compliance related to anti-money laundering (FY2023: nil).

為防止及偵測洗黑錢及恐怖分子集資活動,本集團遵守公司註冊處原 資金籌集指引》(「打擊洗錢和恐怖 資金籌集指引」)及已在營運及信 義資金籌集指引」)及已在營運及信 義資金籌集指引」)及已在營運及信 指引及政策中引入相關政策及程序 當中載有與客戶盡職審查、報告可的 當中載有與客戶盡職審查 京。本集團防止及偵測洗黑錢及程序 分子集資活動的政策及程序包括但不 限於以下各項:

- 將貸款申請人與專業合規公司所 提供數據庫中的受制裁國家、商 號、實體及個別人士對照檢查。
- 基於對各潛在客戶的風險評估結果對客戶進行盡職調查。
- 利用可靠且獨立的原始文件核實申請人的身份以展開「審查客戶」程序。
- 客戶須使用其本身的銀行賬戶以 支票、銀行轉賬或自動轉賬形式 償還所有貸款。
- 本集團會使用標準格式或透過電子渠道「可疑交易報告管理系統」 (STREAMS)向聯合財富情報組報告任何可疑交易。
- 本集團根據個人資料(私隱)條例 備存客戶的所有必要資料。
- 本集團鼓勵及支持僱員盡最大潛能並致力參與與彼等的職務及職責、貸款業務及現行法例及實務相關的實用及專業培訓(倘於可行情況下)。

本集團亦聘請獨立第三方對本集團的 政策進行獨立審閱,以確保符合打擊 洗錢/恐怖主義資金籌集指引。

於二零二四年財政年度,本集團並無發現任何有關反洗黑錢的違規事件 (二零二三年財政年度:無)。

#### **B8. COMMUNITY INVESTMENT**

The Group is committed to honoring its corporate social responsibility for the benefit of the society by participating in a variety of charitable events and cultivating the concept of corporate social responsibility throughout the organisation. The Group has been awarded the "Caring Company Award" for over ten consecutive years by the Hong Kong Council of Social Service in recognition of our commitment in serving the community and caring for our employees. While there is no specific areas of contributions, the Group participates in a variety of charitable events every year and the followings summarised the Group's contribution during the year:

 Made donations of HK\$124,000 to support Hong Kong Cancer Fund, Médecins Sans Frontières, Orbis, UNICEF, Po Leung Kuk, Children's Cancer Foundation, The Red Cross Hong Kong, the Hong Kong Children's Hospital Charitable Foundation, Jing Yuan Charity Foundation Limited and Care of Rehabilitated Offenders Association Limited (FY2023: HK\$100.000).

#### B8. 社區投資

本集團通過參與各種慈善活動及在企 業範圍內灌輸企業社會責任的概念。 致力為社會的福祉履行企業社會責任。本集團連續超過十年獲香港社 低務聯會頒發「商界展關懷」標誌,表 揚我們致力服務社區及關懷僱員。表 揚我們致力服務社區及關懷僱員每 管沒有具體的貢獻領域,本集團每年 均參與各類慈善活動,以下概述本集 團於本年度的貢獻:

· 捐贈124,000港元予香港癌症基 金會、無國界醫生、奧比斯、聯 合國兒童基金會、保良局、兒童 癌病基金、香港紅十字會、香港 兒童醫院慈善基金、淨緣慈善基 金有限公司及關顧更生人士會有 限公司(二零二三年財政年度: 100,000港元)。

## **Report of the Directors**

# 董事會報告

The Board of Directors (the "Board") presents their report together with the audited financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2024.

董事會(「董事會」)欣然提呈報告連同本集團截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度經審核財務報表。

#### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The activities of the subsidiaries are set out in Note 17 to the financial statements.

#### 主要業務

本公司主要業務為投資控股。附屬公司的業務 載列於財務報表附註17。

#### **RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS**

The results of the Group for the year are set out in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on page 84.

#### 業績及分配

本集團的年度業績載列於第84頁的合併綜合收益表。

#### **FINAL DIVIDEND**

The Board recommends the payment of a final dividend of HK5.0 cents per ordinary share, totalling HK\$20,000,000 payable to the Shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on Monday, 16 June 2025. The proposed final dividend will be paid on or about Monday, 30 June 2025 following approval at the forthcoming AGM of the Company.

#### 末期股息

董事會建議向於二零二五年六月十六日(星期一)名列本公司股東名冊的股東派付末期股息每股普通股5.0港仙,合共為20,000,000港元。建議末期股息將於本公司應屆股東週年大會上獲批准後,於二零二五年六月三十日(星期一)或前後派付。

No arrangement under which a shareholder has waived or agreed to waive any dividends was made by the Company.

本公司並無作出股東據此放棄或同意放棄任何 股息之安排。

#### **DONATIONS**

Charitable and other donations made by the Group during the year amounted to HK\$124,000 (2023: HK\$100,000).

#### 捐款

年內,本集團作出慈善及其他捐款為124,000港元(二零二三年:100,000港元)。

#### **DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES**

Distributable reserves of the Company at 31 December 2024 available for distribution to Shareholders amounted to HK\$573,910,000 (2023: HK\$566,164,000).

#### 可分派儲備

本公司於二零二四年十二月三十一日可向股東 分派的可分派儲備為573,910,000港元(二零二三 年:566,164,000港元)。

#### Report of the Directors (Continued) 董事會報告(續)

#### **SHARE CAPITAL AND DEBENTURES**

No new shares or debentures were issued by the Company during the year ended 31 December 2024.

Details of the share capital of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2024 are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity and Note 27 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Articles of Association or the laws of the Cayman Islands which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing Shareholders.

#### **TAXATION RELIEF AND EXEMPTION**

The Company is not aware of any tax relief or exemption available to Shareholders by reason of their holding of the Shares.

#### **FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 164 of this annual report.

# PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither our Company nor any of our subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of our Company's listed securities during the year.

#### **SHARE OPTION SCHEME**

The share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") was adopted and approved pursuant to a written resolution of the sole Shareholder passed on 22 November 2014 and its refreshment of the scheme mandate limit was approved at an extraordinary general meeting held on 11 November 2015.

#### 股本及債權證

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度內本公司並無發行新股份或債權證。

本公司股本於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日 止年度之詳情載於合併權益變動表及合併財務 報表附註27。

#### 優先購買權

本公司的組織章程細則或開曼群島法律並無有 關本公司須按比例向現有股東提呈發售新股份 的優先購買權規定。

#### 税務寬減及豁免

本公司並不知悉股東因持有股份而享有任何税 務寬減或豁免。

#### 五年財務概要

本集團過去五個財政年度的業績以及資產及負 債概要載列於本年報第164頁。

#### 購買、出售或贖回本公司上市證券

本公司或本公司任何附屬公司於年內期間概無購買、出售或贖回任何本公司的上市證券。

#### 購股權計劃

本公司根據二零一四年十一月二十二日唯一股東通過的書面決議案採納及批准購股權計劃 (「購股權計劃」),其計劃授權限額已於二零 一五年十一月十一日所舉行的股東特別大會上 獲批准更新。

#### Report of the Directors (Continued)

董事會報告(續)

The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to provide incentives and to recognise and acknowledge the contributions which the Eligible Participants (defined in paragraph below) have made or may make to the Group. The Share Option Scheme will provide the Eligible Participants with the opportunity to own a personal stake in the Company with a view to motivating the Eligible Participants and/or attracting and retaining or otherwise maintaining on-going relationship with the Eligible Participants whose contributions are, will be or are likely to be beneficial to the long term growth of the Group.

購股權計劃旨在獎勵、肯定及表彰合資格參與者(定義見下一段)對本集團已作出或將作出的貢獻。購股權計劃將為合資格參與者提供個人擁有本公司股權的機會,藉以激勵合資格參與者及/或吸引及挽留合資格參與者,或與令本集團長期發展受惠或將令或可能令本集團長期發展受惠的合資格參與者一直保持良好關係。

The Directors (which include a duly authorised committee thereof) may, at its absolute discretion, invite any person belonging to any of the following classes of participants ("Eligible Participants"), to take up options (the "Options") to subscribe for the ordinary shares of the Company ("Shares"):

董事(包括獲其正式授權的董事委員會)可全權 酌情邀請屬於下列任何類別參與者(「合資格參 與者」)的任何人士接納購股權(「購股權」)以認 購本公司普通股(「股份」):

- any Director (whether executive or non-executive or independent non-executive), employee (whether full-time or part-time), officer, consultant, customer, supplier, agent, partner or adviser of or contractor to the Group or any entity in which the Company or any subsidiary holds any interest ("Invested Entity");
- (i) 本集團或本公司或任何附屬公司持有任何權益的任何實體(「投資實體」)的任何董事(不論為執行或非執行或獨立非執行董事)、僱員(不論全職或兼職)、職員、諮詢人、客戶、供應商、代理、合夥人或顧問或承辦商;
- (ii) any discretionary trust the discretionary objects of which include any Director (whether executive or non-executive or independent non-executive), employee (whether full time or part time), officer, consultant, customer, supplier, agent, partner or adviser of or contractor to the Group or any Invested Entity; and
- (ii) 任何全權信託,其全權信託受益人包括本 集團或任何投資實體的任何董事(不論為 執行或非執行或獨立非執行董事)、僱員 (不論全職或兼職)、職員、諮詢人、客 戶、供應商、代理、合夥人或顧問或承辦 商;及
- (iii) any corporation wholly-owned by any person mentioned in clause (i) above.
- (iii) 上述第(i)條所述任何人士全資擁有的任何 公司。

Under the terms of the Share Option Scheme, the maximum number of Shares which may be issued upon the exercise of all options available to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company must not in aggregate exceed the Scheme Mandate Limit (i.e. 10% of the Shares in issue as at 11 November 2015 being the date of approval of the refreshed limit by the Shareholders). The Company had 400,000,000 Shares in issue as at 11 November 2015, the refreshed Scheme Mandate Limit allows the Company to issue under the Share Option Scheme a maximum of 40,000,000 Shares, representing 10% of the issued shares as at the date of this annual report. The number of options available for grant under the Scheme Mandate as at 1 January 2024 and 21 November 2024 (i.e., the date of expiry of the Share Option Scheme) was 40,000,000.

根據購股權計劃條款,於所有根據購股權計劃 及本公司任何其他購股權計劃將予授出的購 股權獲行使時可予發行的股份最高數目不得超 過計劃授權限額的總額(即二零一五年十一月 十一日(股東批准經更新限額之日)已發行股份 的10%)。二零一五年十一月十一日,本公司已 發行400,000,000股股份,經更新計劃授權限 使本公司根據購股權計劃可發行最多40,000,000 股股份,佔於本年報日期已發行股份的10%。 於二零二四年一月一日及二零二四年十一月 二十一日(即購股權計劃屆滿之日),計劃授權 下可授出的購股權數目為40,000,000。

Notwithstanding the above, the total number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company must not in aggregate exceed 30% of the Shares in issue from time to time.

儘管如此,於所有根據購股權計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃已授出但未行使的購股權獲行使時可予發行的股份總數不得超過不時已發行股份的30%。

#### Report of the Directors (Continued) 董事會報告(續)

The total number of Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all Options granted to an Eligible Participant (including exercised and outstanding Options) in any 12-month period must not exceed 1% of the Shares in issue from time to time, unless approved by the Shareholders in general meeting.

general meeting. 大會批准

An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Share Dption Scheme at any time during a period to be determined and notified by the board of directors to each grantee, which period may commence 记录 是是授出的 con a day after the date upon which the offer for the grant of options is 於授出購

The Share Option Scheme is valid and effective for a period of 10 years from 22 November 2014, the date on which the Share Option Scheme was adopted.

made but shall end in any event not later than 10 years from the date of

grant of the option. No further options may be granted more than 10 years

The subscription price per share under the Share Option Scheme (the "Subscription Price") shall be a price determined by the Directors, but shall not be less than the highest of:

- (i) the closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of the offer of grant, which must be a Business Day;
- (ii) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet for the five Business Days immediately preceding the date of the offer of grant; and
- (iii) the nominal value of a share.

after 22 November 2014.

For the purpose of calculating the Subscription Price, where the Company has been listed for less than five Business Days, the new issue price shall be used as the closing price for any Business Day falling within the period before listing.

A nominal consideration of HK\$1.0 is payable on acceptance of the grant of an option within 21 days from the date of the offer of grant of the option.

There were no outstanding options as at 1 January 2024 and up to 21 November 2024 (i.e. date of expiry of the Share Option Scheme). No share options under the Share Option Scheme were granted, exercised, lapsed or cancelled during the year ended 31 December 2024 up to 21 November 2024 (i.e. date of expiry of the Share Option Scheme).

於任何十二個月期間根據授予合資格參與者的 全部購股權(包括已獲行使及尚未行使之購股 權)獲行使時已發行及將予發行的股份總數不得 超過不時已發行股份的1%,除非經股東於股東 大會批准。

購股權可於董事會釐定並知會各承授人的期限 內隨時根據購股權計劃條款獲行使,該期間自 提呈授出購股權日期翌日開始,惟無論如何須 於授出購股權日期起計十年內終止。二零一四 年十一月二十二日後不會再授出十年以上之購 股權。

購股權計劃自二零一四年十一月二十二日(採納 購股權計劃當日)起計十年內有效。

購股權計劃規定的每股股份認購價(「認購價」) 由董事釐定,價格不得低於下列各項的最高者:

- (i) 於授出要約日期(必須為營業日)聯交所每日報價表所列的股份收市價;
- (ii) 緊接授出要約日期前五個營業日聯交所每日報價表所列的股份平均收市價;及
- (iii) 股份面值。

就計算認購價而言,如本公司上市少於五個營業日,則新發行價將採用上市前期間任何一個營業日的收市價。

提呈授出購股權日期起21日內,須就接納授出 的購股權支付象徵式代價1.0港元。

於二零二四年一月一日及直至二零二四年十一月二十一日(即購股權計劃屆之日)時,並無尚未行使的購股權。於截至二零二四年財政年度內,直至二零二四年十一月二十一日(即購股權計劃屆之日),概無購股權根據購股權計劃獲授出、行使、失效或註銷。

#### Report of the Directors (Continued)

董事會報告(續)

#### **DIRECTORS**

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this report were:

#### **Executive Directors:**

Ms. Wang Yao (Chairman and Chief Executive)
Ms. Jin Xiaoqin

Ms. Yip Lee Ying

#### **Independent non-executive Directors:**

Dr. Ng Lai Man, Carmen Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick Mr. Pao Ping Wing

Pursuant to Article 16.18 of the Articles, Ms. Wang Yao and Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick shall retire from office by rotation at the next annual general meeting and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election.

The Company has received, from each of the independent non-executive Directors, an annual confirmation of their independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all of the independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

#### 董事

年內及截至本報告日期的董事如下:

#### 執行董事:

王瑤女士(主席及總裁) 金曉琴女士 葉莉盈女士

#### 獨立非執行董事:

吳麗文博士 文耀光先生 浦炳榮先生

根據細則第16.18條,王瑤女士及文耀光先生將 於下屆股東週年大會上輪值退任,惟彼等均有 資格並願意膺選連任。

本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則 第3.13條發出的年度獨立確認書。本公司認為 所有獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士。

#### Report of the Directors (Continued) 董事會報告(續)

# DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS AND LETTER OF APPOINTMENT

# Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service agreement or a letter of appointment with the Company regarding her appointment as executive Director for a term of three years and shall continue thereafter unless terminated in accordance with the service agreement or the letter of appointment.

None of the Directors who are proposed for re-election at the upcoming annual general meeting of the Company has or is proposed to have a service contract that is not determinable by the Company within one year without the payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

According to the terms of the service agreements entered into between the Company and the executive Directors, each of the executive Directors will receive a monthly salary which is subject to annual review by the Board and the Remuneration Committee. Each of the executive Directors is also entitled to a discretionary performance bonus as may be determined by the Board upon the recommendation of the Remuneration Committee.

The emoluments of Directors have been determined with reference to the skills, knowledge, involvement in the Company's affairs and the performance of each Director, and to the profitability of the Company and prevailing market conditions during the year.

Each of our independent non-executive Directors, Dr. Ng Lai Man, Carmen, Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick and Mr. Pao Ping Wing, has signed a letter of appointment with the Company and their term of appointment is subject to retirement by rotation and re-election provisions under the Articles and the Listing Rules.

#### 董事服務合約及委任函

執行董事各自就其獲委任為執行董事與本公司 訂立為期三年的服務協議或委任函,其後將繼 續有效,直至按照服務協議或委任函終止為止。

概無計劃於本公司應屆股東週年大會上重選的董事已訂立或擬訂立本公司將於一年內在毋須作出賠償(法定賠償除外)下不得終止的服務合約。

根據本公司與執行董事訂立的服務協議條款, 各執行董事將可收取月薪,該等薪金須由董事 會及薪酬委員會進行年度審閱。在薪酬委員會 推薦下,各執行董事亦有權享有董事會可能釐 定的酌情表現花紅。

董事酬金已根據個別董事之才識、知識水平及 參與公司事務之程度及表現,並參照年內公司 之盈利狀況及市場環境而釐定。

各獨立非執行董事(吳麗文博士、文耀光先生及 浦炳榮先生)已與本公司簽訂委任函,而其任期 須受細則及上市規則有關輪值退任及重選的條 文所規限。

# Report of the Directors (Continued)

董事會報告(續)

# DIRECTORS' MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS THAT ARE SIGNIFICANT IN RELATION TO THE COMPANY'S BUSINESS

Save as disclosed in the related party transactions as disclosed in Note 29 of the consolidated financial statements, no other transactions, arrangements and contracts of significance to which the Company's subsidiaries or its parent company was a party and in which a Director and a Director's connected party had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

#### INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

As at the date of this annual report, none of the Directors nor their respective associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) had interests in businesses, which compete or are likely to compete either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Company and its subsidiaries as required to be disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules.

Each of Blossom Spring Global Limited ("Blossom Spring") and Ms. Jin Xiaoqin ("Ms. Jin") has provided annual confirmations in respect of the compliance with non-competition undertaking (the "Undertaking") given by them.

The independent non-executive Directors have also reviewed the compliance by each of Blossom Spring and Ms. Jin with the Undertaking during the year ended 31 December 2024. The independent non-executive Directors have confirmed that, as far as they can ascertain, there is no breach by any of Blossom Spring and Ms. Jin of the Undertaking given by them.

# BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Brief biographical details of Directors and senior management are set out on pages 19 to 21 to this annual report.

# 董事於對本公司業務屬重大之交易、 安排及合約中的重大權益

除合併財務報表附註29所披露有關關聯方交易外,董事及其關連方概無於本公司附屬公司或 其母公司所訂立於年終或年內任何時間仍生效 的任何重大交易、安排及合約中擁有直接或間 接重大權益。

### 董事於競爭業務的權益

於本年報日期,董事及彼等各自的聯繫人(定義 見上市規則)並無於直接或間接與本公司及其附 屬公司業務競爭或可能競爭的業務中擁有根據 上市規則須予披露的權益。

Blossom Spring Global Limited(「Blossom Spring」)及金曉琴女士(「金女士」)已各自就遵守其所作出的不競爭承諾(「承諾」)提供年度確認。

獨立非執行董事亦已審閱截至二零二四年十二 月三十一日止年度,Blossom Spring及金女士各 自遵守承諾的情況。獨立非執行董事確認,就 彼等所能確定而言,Blossom Spring及金女士均 並無違反其作出的承諾。

#### 董事及高級管理層履歷詳情

董事及高級管理層簡歷載列於本年報第19至21頁。

# Report of the Directors (Continued) 董事會報告(續)

# DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND/OR SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY OR ANY SPECIFIED UNDERTAKING OF THE COMPANY OR ANY OTHER ASSOCIATED CORPORATION

董事及總裁於本公司或本公司任何指 定業務或任何其他相聯法團股份、相 關股份及債權證的權益及/或淡倉

As at 31 December 2024, the interests and short positions of each Director and chief executive in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")) which were (i) as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of Part XV of the SFO; or (ii) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix C3 of the Listing Rules, were as follows:

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,董事及總裁各 自於本公司及其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條 例(「證券及期貨條例」)的股份、相關股份及債 權證中,擁有(i)須登記於本公司根據證券及期 貨條例第XV部第352條置存之登記冊:或(ii)根 據上市規則附錄C3所載上市發行人董事進行證 券交易的標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所的權 益或淡倉載列如下:

# Interest in the Company

# 於本公司的權益

附註:

Name of Director 董事姓名	Capacity 身份	Nature of interest 權益性質	Number of ordinary shares held 所持普通股數目	% of issued share capital of the Company 佔本公司已發行 股本百分比
Ms. Jin 金女士	Interest in a controlled corporation <sup>(1)</sup> 受控法團權益 <sup>(1)</sup>	Long position 好倉	300,000,000	75%

Note:

Blossom Spring is the registered and beneficial owner of these shares. The entire issued share capital of Blossom Spring is held by Ms. Jin. Therefore, Ms. Jin is deemed to be interested in all the shares held by Blossom Spring for the purposes of the SFO. (1) Blossom Spring為該等股份的註冊及實益擁有人。 Blossom Spring的全部已發行股本由金女士持有。因此,就證券及期貨條例而言,金女士被視為於Blossom Spring持有的全部股份中擁有權益。

Save as disclosed above, at no time during the year did the Directors or chief executive of the Company (including their spouse and children under 18 years of age) have any interest in, or had been granted or exercised, any rights to subscribe for shares (or warrants or debentures, if applicable) of the Company, and its other associated corporations which required to be disclosed pursuant to the SFO.

除上文所披露者外,年內本公司董事或總裁(包括彼等的配偶及未成年子女)概無於本公司或其他相聯法團的股份(或認股權證或債權證,如適用)中擁有根據證券及期貨條例須予披露的任何權益或獲授或行使可認購股份(或認股權證或債權證,如適用)的任何權利。

#### **EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENT**

Save for the Share Option Scheme of the Company as set out in this annual report, no equity-linked agreements were entered into by the Group, or existed during the year ended 31 December 2024.

# 權益相關協議

除本年報載列的本公司購股權計劃外,截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團並無訂立,亦不存在任何權益相關協議。

# Report of the Directors (Continued)

董事會報告(續)

# SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 December 2024, so far as is known to the Directors or chief executive of the Company, the following persons other than a Director or chief executive of the Company had an interest or a short position in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of Part XV of the SFO:

# 主要股東於本公司股份及相關股份的權益

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,據本公司董事或總裁所知悉,除本公司董事或總裁外,下列人士於本公司股份及相關股份中,擁有須登記於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第336條置存的登記冊的權益或淡倉:

Name of Director 董事姓名	Capacity 身份	Nature of interest 權益性質	Number of ordinary shares held 所持普通股數目	% of issued share capital of the Company 佔本公司已發行 股本百分比
Blossom Spring <sup>(1)</sup>	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	Long position 好倉	300,000,000	75%
Mr. Wong Tai Wai <sup>(2)</sup> 王大威先生 <sup>(2)</sup>	Interest of spouse 配偶權益	Long position 好倉	300,000,000	75%

#### Notes:

- The entire issued share capital of Blossom Spring is held by Ms. Jin. By virtue of the SFO, Ms. Jin is deemed to be interested in all the shares held by Blossom Spring.
- (2) Mr. Wong Tai Wai is the spouse of Ms. Jin. By virtue of the SFO, Mr. Wong Tai Wai is deemed to be interested in the same number of shares in which Ms. Jin is deemed to be interested.

Save as disclosed herein, as at 31 December 2024, there was no other person so far known to the Directors or chief executives of the Company, other than the Directors or chief executives of the Company as having an interest or a short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO.

#### 附註:

- (1) Blossom Spring的全部已發行股本由金女士持有。根據 證券及期貨條例,金女士被視為於Blossom Spring持有 的全部股份中擁有權益。
- (2) 王大威先生為金女士的配偶。根據證券及期貨條例, 王大威先生被視為於金女士被視為擁有權益的相同數 目股份中擁有權益。

除本年報所披露者外,於二零二四年十二月 三十一日,據本公司董事或總裁所知悉,除本 公司董事或總裁外,概無其他人士於本公司股 份或相關股份中,擁有須登記於本公司根據證 券及期貨條例第336條置存的登記冊的權益或淡 倉。

# Report of the Directors (Continued) 董事會報告(續)

#### MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

Save for employment contracts, no contracts concerning the management and administrative of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

#### **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

For the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group's top five customers accounted for approximately 18.5% of total revenue and the Group's single largest customer accounted for approximately 4.7% of total revenue.

All the Group's top five customers were independent third parties. To the best of their knowledge, information and belief, none of the Group, its Directors, members of senior management, and their respective associates and Shareholders who own more than 5% of the issued shares, had any interest in or financial or business relationship with any of the Group's top five customers during the year.

The Group had no major supplier due to the nature of principal activities of the Group.

#### **CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS**

The related party transactions entered into by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2024 as disclosed in Note 29 to the consolidated financial statements constituted fully exempted connected transactions under the Listing Rules.

# CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDER'S INTEREST IN CONTRACTS

No contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which the Group's controlling shareholder or any of its subsidiaries had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

There were no contract of significance for the provision of services to the Company or any of its subsidiaries by the Company's controlling shareholder or any of its subsidiaries during the year.

# 管理合約

除僱傭合約外,年內,本公司並無就其整體或 任何重要部分業務的管理及行政事宜訂立或訂 有任何合約。

### 主要客戶及供應商

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團五大客戶佔總收入約18.5%及本集團的單一最 大客戶佔總收入約4.7%。

本集團五大客戶均為獨立第三方。據彼等所知、所悉及所信,於年內,本集團、董事、高級管理層成員及彼等各自的聯繫人及擁有本公司5%以上已發行股份的股東概無於本集團任何五大客戶中擁有任何權益或與其擁有任何財務或業務關係。

由於本集團主要業務的性質,本集團並無主要供應商。

### 關連交易

合併財務報表附註29所披露本集團於截至二零 二四年十二月三十一日止年度之關聯方交易構 成根據上市規則之全面豁免關連交易。

## 控股股東於合約的權益

本集團控股股東或其任何附屬公司概無於本公司或其任何附屬公司所訂立於年終或年內任何時間仍生效且與本集團業務有關的任何重大合約中擁有直接或間接重大權益。

年內並無就本公司的控股股東或其任何附屬公司向本公司或其任何附屬公司提供服務而訂立 任何重要合約。

# Report of the Directors (Continued)

董事會報告(續)

### PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Appropriate Directors' liability insurance has been arranged to indemnify the Directors for liabilities arising out of corporate activities. The coverage and the sum insured under the policy are reviewed annually. Further, the Company's Articles of Association provide that Directors are entitled to be indemnified out of the Company's assets against claims from third parties in respect of certain liabilities.

The Company has taken out and maintained appropriate insurance cover in respect of potential legal actions against its Directors and officers.

#### SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, it is confirmed that there is sufficient public float of at least 25% of the Company's issued shares as at the latest practicable date prior to the issue of this annual report (being 22 April 2025).

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

Additional information of business review and the relationship between the Group and key stakeholders, principal risks and uncertainties, outlook of the Company's business, are set out on pages 7 to 18 under the section "Management Discussion and Analysis" of this annual report, which forms part of this directors' report.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE**

The Group is committed to strive for environmental sustainability, and minimising its environmental impact from operations.

Further information on the Group's environmental issues are detailed in the "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" on pages 46 to 65 to this annual report.

### 經批准彌償撥備

本公司已為各董事購買適當之董事責任保險, 以保障彼等因企業經營活動而引起之賠償責 任,有關保障範圍及投保金額會每年進行檢 討。此外,本公司組織章程細則規定,倘董事 就若干責任遭第三方提出申索,彼等有權自本 公司資產中獲得彌償。

本公司已就有關其董事及高級人員的潛在法律訴訟安排及維持適當的保險。

### 充足公眾持股量

根據本公司可取得的公開資料及據董事所知,確認本公司於本年報刊發前的最後實際可行日期(即二零二五年四月二十二日)擁有佔本公司已發行股份最少25%的充足公眾持股量。

#### 業務回顧

業務回顧及本集團與主要利益相關人士的關係,主要風險及不確定因素,公司業務展望的其他資料載於年報第7至18頁構成本董事會報告一部分的「管理層討論及分析」一節。

## 環境政策及表現

本集團致力於環境可持續發展,並盡量減少營 運對環境的影響。

有關本集團環境事宜的進一步資料詳見本年報第46至65頁的「環境、社會及管治報告」。

# Report of the Directors (Continued) 董事會報告(續)

#### **COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS**

As far as the Board and management are aware, the Group has complied in material respects with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operation of the Group.

#### **EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD**

Subsequent to the end of the financial year ended 31 December 2024 and up to the date of this annual report, there was no other significant or important event that affects the business of the Group.

#### **AUDITORS**

In the three preceding years, PricewaterhouseCoopers ("PWC") has resigned as the auditor of the Company with effect from 10 August 2021 as the Company was unable to reach an agreement with PWC on the audit fee for the financial year ended 31 December 2021. BDO Limited was appointed as the auditor of the Company with effect from 10 August 2021 to fill the casual vacancy following the resignation of PWC and was reappointed as the auditor of the Company at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 1 June 2022 and 25 May 2023, respectively.

The financial statements for FY2024 have been audited by BDO Limited. A resolution to re-appoint BDO Limited as auditors of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming AGM.

On behalf of the Board Wang Yao Chairman Hong Kong, 28 March 2025

### 遵守法律及法規

就董事會及管理層所知,本集團已於各重大方面遵守對本集團業務及營運造成重大影響的相關法律及法規。

### 報告期後事項

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止財政年度 結束後及直至本年報日期,概無任何其他影響 本集團業務的重大或重要事項。

### 核數師

於過去三年,羅兵咸永道會計師事務所(「羅兵咸永道會計師事務所」)自二零二一年八月十日起已辭任本公司核數師,因本公司未能與羅兵咸永道會計師事務所就截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止財政年度的審計費用達成共識。香港立信德豪會計師事務所自二零二一年八月中起已獲委任為本公司核數師,以填補羅兵別於本公司於二零二二年六月一日及二零二三年五月二十五日舉行的股東週年大會上獲續聘為本公司核數師。

二零二四年財政年度的財務報表已由香港立信 德豪會計師事務所審計。本公司擬於應屆股東 週年大會上提呈一項決議案,以續聘香港立信 德豪會計師事務所為本公司核數師。

代表董事會 主席 王瑤 香港,二零二五年三月二十八日

# **Independent Auditor's Report**

# 獨立核數師報告



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# TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF GLOBAL INTERNATIONAL CREDIT GROUP LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

#### **OPINION**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Global International Credit Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") set out on pages 84 to 163, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2024, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

# 致環球信貸集團有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

# 意見

我們已審計環球信貸集團有限公司(以下簡稱 「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」) 列載於第84至163頁的合併財務報表,包括:於 二零二四年十二月三十一日的合併財務狀況表 及截至該日止年度的合併綜合收益表、合併權 益變動表及合併現金流量表以及合併財務報表 附註,包括主要會計政策資訊。

我們認為,合併財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)所頒佈的《香港財務報告準則為會計準則真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於二零二四年十二月三十一日的合併財務狀況及其截至該日止年度的合併財務表現及合併現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥為擬備。

#### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's "Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants" (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# 意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會所頒佈的《香港審計準則》(「香港審計準則」)進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就審計合併財務報表承擔的責任」部分中作進一步闡述。根據《香港會計師公會專業會計師道德守則》(以下簡稱「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已履行守則中的其他專業道德責任。我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

# Independent Auditor's Report (Continued) 獨立核數師報告(續)

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

### Impairment assessment of loans and interest receivables

Refer to summary of material accounting policies in Note 2.9, critical estimates, judgements and errors in Note 4.1(a), disclosure of loans receivable in Note 19 and interest receivables in Note 20 to the consolidated financial statements.

As at 31 December 2024, the Group's net loans and interest receivables amounted to HK\$734.8 million and HK\$6.8 million, respectively. Provision for impairment losses on loans and interest receivables under the expected credit loss ("ECL") model amounted to HK\$11.3 million and HK\$0.5 million, respectively, as at 31 December 2024.

Management assessed the provision for impairment of loans and interest receivables based on the estimation of ECL under a "three-stage" model. In developing the loss allowance of loans and interest receivables, management use judgement in making the assumptions about the probability of default and loss given default with reference to the historical delinquency rate of loans portfolio, collateral values and current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors.

We have identified impairment assessment of loans and interest receivables as a key audit matter due to the carrying amount of loans and interest receivables is significant to the consolidated financial statements and the management's impairment assessment of loans and interest receivables require the use of significant judgements and estimates.

### 關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本期合併財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這 些事項是在我們審計整體合併財務報表及出具 意見時進行處理的。我們不會對這些事項提供 單獨的意見。

# 應收貸款及利息的減值評估

請參閱合併財務報表附註2.9的重大會計政策概要、附註4.1(a)的關鍵估計、判斷及錯誤、附註19的應收貸款披露資料及附註20的應收利息。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日, 貴集團的應收貸款及利息淨額分別為734,800,000港元及6,800,000港元。根據預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)模式,於二零二四年十二月三十一日就應收貸款及利息的減值損失作出撥備分別11,300,000港元及500,000港元。

管理層根據「三階段」模型下的預期信貸虧損估計評估該等應收款項的減值撥備。在編製應收貸款及利息的虧損撥備時,管理層經參考貸款組合的過往拖欠比率、抵押品價值及有關宏觀經濟因素的現有及前瞻性資料,使用判斷對違約概率及違約損失率程度作出假設。

我們將應收貸款及利息的減值評估識別為一項 關鍵審計事項乃由於應收貸款及利息的賬面值 對合併財務報表屬重大,而管理層對應收貸款 及利息的減值評估須運用重大判斷及估計。

# **Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)**

獨立核數師報告(續)

#### Our response:

Our procedures in relation to management's impairment assessment of loans and interest receivables included:

- understood the control of management over impairment assessment of loans and interest receivables, which related to management's identification of events that triggered the significant increase in credit risk of loans and interest receivables and events of default;
- carried out procedures, on a sample basis, to test the existence and accuracy of the aging of loans and interest receivables as at the reporting date;
- checked the valuation methodology and approach adopted by management in the ECL assessment;
- evaluated the appropriateness of the key assumptions, such as delinquency rate and collateral values used in assessing the ECL based on the historical data as well as market economic data and forward-looking information; and
- re-performed management's calculation of loss allowance under ECL model which grouped together all the receivables with similar risk characteristics and based on the probability of default, exposure at default and loss given default.

#### OTHER INFORMATION IN THE ANNUAL REPORT

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

#### 我們的回應:

我們就管理層對應收貸款及利息的減值評估的 程序包括:

- 瞭解管理層對應收貸款及利息減值評估的 控制,其涉及管理層所確認觸發應收貸款 及利息信貸風險大幅增加的事項以及違約 事項;
- 以抽樣方式執行程序,以測試應收貸款及 利息於報告日期的賬齡存續及準確性;
- 檢查管理層於預期信貸虧損評估中所使用 的估值方法;
- 評估主要假設的適當性,如基於過往數據、市場經濟數據以及前瞻性信息評估預期信貸虧損所用拖欠率及抵押品價值;及
- 重新執行管理層對預期信貸虧損模式下虧 損撥備的計算方法,其將所有風險特徵相 近的應收款項組合一起並根據違約概率、 違約風險及違約損失率程度進行。

# 年報其他資料

董事須對其他資料負責。其他資料包括 貴公司年報內的所有資料,但不包括合併財務報表及我們的核數師報告。

我們對合併財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他資料,我們亦不對該等其他資料發表任何形式的 鑒證結論。

# Independent Auditor's Report (Continued) 獨立核數師報告(續)

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

結合我們對合併財務報表的審計,我們的責任 是閱讀其他資料,在此過程中,考慮其他資料 是否與合併財務報表或我們在審計過程中所了 解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤 陳述的情況。基於我們已執行的工作,如果我 們認為其他資料存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要 報告該事實。在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

# DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the HKFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are also responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process. The Audit Committee assists the directors in discharging their responsibility in this regard.

# AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

# 董事就合併財務報表須承擔的責任

董事須負責根據香港會計師公會所頒佈的《香港財務報告準則》會計準則及香港《公司條例》的披露規定擬備真實而中肯的合併財務報表,並對其認為為使合併財務報表的擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部控制負責。

在擬備合併財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

董事亦須負責監督 貴集團的財務報告過程。 審核委員會須負責協助董事監督 貴集團的財 務報告過程。

### 核數師就審計合併財務報表承擔的責任

我們的目標,是對合併財務報表整體是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得合理保證,並出具包括我們意見的核數師報告。本報告是根據聘用條款,僅向整體股東報告。除此以外,本報告不可用作其他用途。我們概不就本報告的內容,向任何其他人士負責或承擔法律責任。

# Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

獨立核數師報告(續)

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the
  consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error,
  design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks,
  and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to
  provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
  misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting
  from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional
  omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

合理保證是高水平的保證,但不能保證按照香港審計準則進行的審計,在某一重大錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起,如果合理預期它們單獨或滙總起來可能影響合併財務報表使用者依賴合併財務報表所作出的經濟決定,則有關的錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

在根據香港審計準則進行審計的過程中,我們 運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。我們 亦:

- · 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致合併財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險,以及獲取充足和適當的審計憑證,作為我們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述,或凌駕於內部控制之上,因此未能發現因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適當 的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部 控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作出 會計估計和相關披露的合理性。
- · 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性作出結論。根據所獲取的審計憑證,確定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大不確確性,從而可能導致對 貴集團的持續在經營能力產生重大疑慮。如果我們認為報在經營主動,則有必要在核數師報告主意合併財務報表中的相關發露。假若有關的披露不足,則我們應當數表非無保留意見。我們的結論是基於的報告日止所取得的審計憑證。然而,未來事項或情況可能導致 貴集團不能持續經營。

# Independent Auditor's Report (Continued) 獨立核數師報告(續)

- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business units within the group as a basis for forming an opinion on the group financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and review of the work performed for the purposes of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

- 評價合併財務報表的整體列報方式、結構 和內容,包括披露,以及合併財務報表是 否中肯反映交易和事項。
- · 計劃並執行 貴集團審計,以獲取 貴集 團內實體或業務單位的財務資料的充足及 適當的審計憑證,作為對 貴集團財務報 表發表意見的基礎。我們負責指導、監督 和審查 貴集團的審計工作。我們為審計 意見承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與審計委員會滿通了計劃 的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等,包 括我們在審計中識別出內部控制的任何重大缺 陷。

我們還向審計委員會提交聲明,說明我們已符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與他們 溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的 所有關係和其他事項,以及在適用的情況下, 相關的防範措施。

從與董事溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些事項對本期合併財務報表的審計最為重要,因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露這些事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

# **BDO Limited**

Certified Public Accountants **TSUI, Ka Che, Norman** 

Practising Certificate No.: P05057

Hong Kong, 28 March 2025

#### 香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司

執業會計師

徐家賜

執業證書編號: P05057

香港,二零二五年三月二十八日

# **Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income**

# 合併綜合收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度		
			<b>2024</b> 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
		Notes 附註	一~一 <b>一</b> HK\$′000 千港元	— - — - HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	收入	6	89,879	87,860
Other income	其他收入	6	2,256	1,756
Administrative expenses	行政開支	7	(25,055)	(22,714)
Impairment losses on financial assets, net of reversal	金融資產之減值虧損, 扣除撥回	8	(9,974)	(4,683)
Impairment loss on intangible asset	無形資產之減值虧損	16	(1,800)	(1,640)
Finance costs	財務成本	10	(259)	(422)
Profit before income tax	除利得税前溢利		55,047	60,157
Income tax expense	利得税開支	11	(9,287)	(9,853)
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year attributable to	本公司擁有人應佔年內 溢利及綜合收入總額			
owners of the Company			45,760	50,304
Earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔每股盈利			
- Basic and diluted (expressed in HK cents per share)	-基本及攤薄 (以每股港仙呈列)	12	11.4	12.6

The above consolidated statement of comprehensive income should be 上述合併綜合收益表應與隨附附註一併閱覽。 read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

# **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

# 合併財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2024 於二零二四年十二月三十一日

Repossers				As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日			
Notes							
Non-current assets							
ASSETS							
Non-current assets			附註	千港元	千港元		
Property, plant and equipment Right Forus assets       物業、廠房及設備       14       1,134       223         Right-of-use assets       使用權資產       15(a)       3,068       6,175         Intangible asset       無形資產       16       11,560       13,360         Loans receivable       應收貸款       19       278,054       369,334         Deposits       按金       22       1,220       1,220         Deferred tax assets       遞延稅項資產       24       369       485         Total non-current assets         非流動資產總值         Current assets         Loans receivable       應收貸款       19       456,736       455,343         Interest receivables       應收貸款       19       456,736       455,343         Interest receivables       應收利息       20       6,772       12,778         Repossessed assets       收回資產       21       6,626       10,331         Prepayments, deposits and other receivables       款項       22       6,369       9,174         Cash and cash equivalents       現金及現金等價物       23       181,823       52,317         Total current assets       資產總值       953,731       930,740	ASSETS	資產					
Right-of-use assets 使用權資產 15(a) 3,068 6,175 Intangible asset 無形資產 16 11,560 13,360 Loans receivable 應收貸款 19 278,054 369,334 Deposits 按金 22 1,220 1,220 Deferred tax assets 遊延稅項資產 24 369 485  Total non-current assets 非流動資產總值 295,405 390,797  Current assets	Non-current assets	非流動資產					
Repaired   March   March	Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	14	1,134	223		
Deposits	Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	15(a)	3,068	6,175		
Deposits     按金     22     1,220     1,220       Deferred tax assets     遞延稅項資產     24     369     485       Total non-current assets     非流動資產總值     295,405     390,797       Current assets     流動資產       Loans receivable     應收貸款     19     456,736     455,343       Interest receivables     應收利息     20     6,772     12,778       Repossessed assets     收回資產     21     6,626     10,331       Prepayments, deposits and other receivables     款項     22     6,369     9,174       Cash and cash equivalents     現金及現金等價物     23     181,823     52,317       Total current assets     流動資產總值     658,326     539,943       Total assets     資產總值     953,731     930,740       EQUITY     權益       Equity attributable to owners of the Company     本公司擁有人應估權益       Share capital     股本     27     4,000     4,000       Reserves     儲備     28     936,884     911,124	Intangible asset	無形資產	16	11,560	13,360		
Deferred tax assets     遞延税項資產     24     369     485       Total non-current assets     非流動資產總值     295,405     390,797       Current assets     流動資產     20     456,736     455,343       Interest receivables     應收利息     20     6,772     12,778       Repossessed assets     收回資產     21     6,626     10,331       Prepayments, deposits and other receivables     煎付款項、按金及其他應收 款項     22     6,369     9,174       Cash and cash equivalents     現金及現金等價物     23     181,823     52,317       Total current assets     流動資產總值     953,731     930,740       EQUITY     權益     953,731     930,740       Equity attributable to owners of the Company     本公司擁有人應佔權益     953,731     930,884       Share capital     股本     27     4,000     4,000       Reserves     儲備     28     936,884     911,124	Loans receivable	應收貸款	19	278,054	369,334		
#流動資産總値 295,405 390,797    Current assets	Deposits	按金	22	1,220	1,220		
Current assets流動資產Loans receivable應收貸款19456,736455,343Interest receivables應收利息206,77212,778Repossessed assets收回資產216,62610,331Prepayments, deposits and other receivables款項226,3699,174Cash and cash equivalents現金及現金等價物23181,82352,317Total current assets流動資產總值658,326539,943Total assets資產總值953,731930,740EQUITY權益 年Quity attributable to owners of the Company本公司擁有人應佔權益Share capital Reserves股本274,0004,000Reserves儲備28936,884911,124	Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	24	369	485		
Current assets流動資產Loans receivable應收貸款19456,736455,343Interest receivables應收利息206,77212,778Repossessed assets收回資產216,62610,331Prepayments, deposits and other receivables款項226,3699,174Cash and cash equivalents現金及現金等價物23181,82352,317Total current assets流動資產總值658,326539,943Total assets資產總值953,731930,740EQUITY權益 年Quity attributable to owners of the Company本公司擁有人應佔權益Share capital Reserves股本274,0004,000Reserves儲備28936,884911,124							
Loans receivable	Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值		295,405	390,797		
Interest receivables	Current assets	流動資產					
Repossessed assets       收回資產       21       6,626       10,331         Prepayments, deposits and other receivables       預付款項、按金及其他應收款項       22       6,369       9,174         Cash and cash equivalents       現金及現金等價物       23       181,823       52,317         Total current assets       流動資產總值       658,326       539,943         EQUITY       權益       953,731       930,740         EQUITY       權益       本公司擁有人應佔權益         of the Company       股本       27       4,000       4,000         Reserves       儲備       28       936,884       911,124	Loans receivable	應收貸款	19	456,736	455,343		
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables預付款項、按金及其他應收款項226,3699,174Cash and cash equivalents現金及現金等價物23181,82352,317Total current assets流動資產總值658,326539,943EQUITY權益 本公司擁有人應佔權益 of the CompanyShare capital Reserves股本274,0004,000Reserves儲備28936,884911,124	Interest receivables	應收利息	20	6,772	12,778		
receivables       款項       22       6,369       9,174         Cash and cash equivalents       現金及現金等價物       23       181,823       52,317         Total current assets       流動資產總值       658,326       539,943         EQUITY       權益         Equity attributable to owners of the Company       本公司擁有人應佔權益       4,000       4,000         Share capital Reserves       版本       27       4,000       4,000         Reserves       儲備       28       936,884       911,124	Repossessed assets	收回資產	21	6,626	10,331		
Cash and cash equivalents       現金及現金等價物       23       181,823       52,317         Total current assets       流動資產總值       658,326       539,943         Total assets       資產總值       953,731       930,740         EQUITY       權益       本公司擁有人應佔權益       4,000       4,000         Share capital       股本       27       4,000       4,000         Reserves       儲備       28       936,884       911,124	Prepayments, deposits and other	預付款項、按金及其他應收					
Total current assets 流動資產總值 658,326 539,943  Total assets 資產總值 953,731 930,740  EQUITY 權益     本公司擁有人應佔權益     of the Company Share capital 股本 27 4,000 4,000 Reserves 儲備 28 936,884 911,124	receivables	款項	22	6,369	9,174		
Total assets 資産總値 953,731 930,740  EQUITY 權益     本公司擁有人應佔權益     of the Company Share capital 股本 27 4,000 4,000 Reserves 儲備 28 936,884 911,124	Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	23	181,823	52,317		
Total assets 資産總值 953,731 930,740  EQUITY 權益 Equity attributable to owners of the Company Share capital 股本 27 4,000 4,000 Reserves 儲備 28 936,884 911,124	Total current assets	流動資產總值		658.326	539.943		
EQUITY 権益 A 公司擁有人應佔權益 of the Company Share capital 股本 27 4,000 4,000 Reserves 儲備 28 936,884 911,124		710 30 50 E 1100 E		333,323			
Equity attributable to owners	Total assets	資產總值		953,731	930,740		
Equity attributable to owners	FOURTY	## 光					
of the Company       Share capital     股本     27     4,000     4,000       Reserves     儲備     28     936,884     911,124	4.						
Reserves							
	Share capital			4,000	4,000		
Total equity	Reserves	儲備	28	936,884	911,124		
	Total equity	<b>雄</b>		0//0 99/	015 124		

# **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (Continued)**

合併財務狀況表(續)

As at 31 December 2024 於二零二四年十二月三十一日

			As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日		
			<b>2024</b> 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年	
		Notes 附註	HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	
LIABILITIES Non-current liability	負債 非流動負債				
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	15(a)	1,430	3,587	
Total non-current liability	非流動負債總額		1,430	3,587	
Current liabilities	流動負債				
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項	25	2,613	2,905	
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	15(a)	2,157	3,048	
Tax payable	應付税項		6,647	6,076	
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		11,417	12,029	
Total liabilities	負債總額		12,847	15,616	
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額		953,731	930,740	

The above consolidated statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上述合併財務狀況表應與隨附附註一併閱覽。

The consolidated financial statements on pages 84 to 163 were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 28 March 2025 and were signed on its behalf.

列載於第84至163頁的合併財務報表已由董事會 於二零二五年三月二十八日批准刊發,並由以 下董事代表簽署。

Ms. Wang Yao 王瑤女士 Director 董事 **Ms. Yip Lee Ying 葉莉盈女**士 *Director 董事* 

# **Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity**

合併權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

			Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔				
		Notes 附註	Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 千港元	Share premium* 股份溢價* HK\$'000 千港元	Capital reserve* 資本儲備* HK\$'000 千港元	Retained earnings* 保留盈利* HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Balance at 1 January 2023 Total comprehensive	於二零二三年一月一日的結餘 年度綜合收入總額		4,000	122,176	390,621	368,423	885,220
income for the year Transactions with owners Final dividend relating to 2022	<b>與擁有人的交易</b> 有關二零二二年的末期股息					50,304 (20,400)	50,304 (20,400)
Total transactions with owners, recognised directly in equity	與擁有人的交易總額, 直接於權益確認			-	-	(20,400)	(20,400)
Balance at 31 December 2023	於二零二三年 十二月三十一日的結餘		4,000	122,176	390,621	398,327	915,124
Balance at 1 January 2024 Total comprehensive	於二零二四年一月一日的結餘 年度綜合收入總額		4,000	122,176	390,621	398,327	915,124
income for the year Transactions with owners Final dividend relating to 2023	<b>與擁有人的交易</b> 有關二零二三年的末期股息	13	-	-	-	45,760 (20,000)	45,760 (20,000)
Total transactions with owners, recognised directly in equity	與擁有人的交易總額, 直接於權益確認		-	-	-	(20,000)	(20,000)
Balance at 31 December 2024	於二零二四年 十二月三十一日的結餘		4,000	122,176	390,621	424,087	940,884

The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上述合併權益變動表應與隨附附註一併閱覽。

<sup>\*</sup> As at 31 December 2024, the total of these reserves amount to a surplus of HK\$936,884,000 (2023: HK\$911,124,000).

<sup>\*</sup> 於二零二四年,該等儲備的盈餘總額為936,884,000港元(二零二三年:911,124,000港元。

# **Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

# 合併現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

			Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度		
		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	
Cash flows from operating activities Cash generated from operations Interest paid Hong Kong Profits Tax paid, net	<b>經營活動現金流量</b> 經營業務所產生現金 已付利息 已付香港利得税淨額	26(a)	160,854 - (8,600)	92,777 (204) (10,536)	
Net cash generated from operating activities	經營活動所產生 現金淨額		152,254	82,037	
Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of property, plant and equipment Payments for right-of-use assets Purchase of intangible asset Bank interest received	投資活動現金流量 購買物業、廠房及設備 使用權資產付款 購買無形資產 已收銀行利息		(1,635) - - 2,205	(11) (38) (15,000) 1,552	
Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities	投資活動所產生/(所用)現金淨額		570	(13,497)	
Cash flows from financing activities Repayment of bank loans Repayment of loans from a related company	融資活動現金流量 償還銀行貸款 償還關聯公司貸款	26(b)	-	(15,000) (28,000)	
Lease payments  Dividend paid to the equity holders	租賃付款已付當時權益持有人股息		(3,318) (20,000)	(3,979)	
Net cash used in financing activities	融資活動所用現金淨額		(23,318)	(67,379)	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning	現金及現金等價物增加淨額年初現金及現金等價物		129,506	1,161	
of the year	T [[] 列亚汉列亚 [T] [E] [[]		52,317	51,156	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	年末現金及現金等價物		181,823	52,317	

The above consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in 上述合併現金流量表應與隨附附註一併閱覽。 conjunction with the accompanying notes.

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 合併財務報表附註

#### I GENERAL INFORMATION

Global International Credit Group Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 20 January 2014 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law, Cap 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised), of the Cayman Islands. The address of the Company's registered office is P.O. Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands.

The Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") are principally engaged in the money lending business of providing property mortgage loans and personal loans in Hong Kong.

The immediate holding company of the Company is Blossom Spring Global Limited ("Blossom Spring"), a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands ("BVI"). The directors of the Company (the "Directors") regard Blossom Spring as the ultimate holding company of the Company.

The Company has its listing on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

These consolidated financial statements are presented in thousands of Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$'000"), unless otherwise stated. These consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors for issue on 28 March 2025.

# 1 一般資料

環球信貸集團有限公司(「本公司」)於二零 一四年一月二十日根據開曼群島法律第22 章《公司法》(一九六一年第三號法例,經 綜合及修訂)在開曼群島註冊成立為獲豁 免有限公司。本公司的註冊辦事處地址為 P.O. Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands。

本公司及其附屬公司(「本集團」)主要於香港從事提供物業按揭貸款及私人貸款的貸款業務。

本公司直接控股公司為Blossom Spring Global Limited(「Blossom Spring」,為於英屬處女群島(「英屬處女群島」)註冊成立的公司。本公司董事(「董事」)視Blossom Spring為本公司的最終控股公司。

本公司在香港聯合交易所有限公司上市。

除另有註明者外,此等合併財務報表以千港元(「千港元」)呈列。此等合併財務報表於二零二五年三月二十八日獲董事會批准刊發。

#### 2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This note provides a list of the material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated. The consolidated financial statements are for the Group consisting of Global International Credit Group Limited and its subsidiaries.

# 2.1 Basis of preparation

### (i) Compliance with HKFRSs and HKCO

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance Cap. 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong.

#### (ii) Historical cost convention

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared on a historical cost basis.

# (iii) Adoption of new and revised HKFRS Accounting Standards – effective from 1 January 2024

In the current year, the Group has applied for the first time the following amendments of standards issued by the HKICPA, which are relevant and effective for the Group's consolidated financial statements for the annual period beginning on 1 January 2024:

- Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback (Amendments to HKFRS 16 Leases);
- Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current (Amendment to HKAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements);
- Non-current Liabilities with Covenants (Amendment to HKAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements);

### 2 重大會計政策概要

本附註提供編製該等合併財務報表時所採納之重大會計政策清單。除另有説明外,該等政策於所有呈報年度貫徹應用。合併財務報表乃為本集團(由環球信貸集團有限公司及其附屬公司組成)編製。

### 2.1 編製基準

# (i) 遵守香港財務報告準則及香港公 司條例

本集團之合併財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒布的香港財務報告準則會計準則及香港公司條例(香港法例第622章)的披露規定編製。

#### (ii) 歷史成本法

本集團之合併財務報表已按歷史 成本基準編製。

# (iii) 採納新訂及經修訂的香港財務報 告準則會計準則-自二零二四年 --月--日起生效

於本年度,本集團首次應用香港會計師公會頒布的下列準則修訂,該等修訂與本集團自二零二四年一月一日開始的年度期間的合併財務報表相關且生效:

- 售後租回的租賃負債(香港 財務報告準則第16號(修訂 本)租賃);
- · 將負債分類為流動或非流 動(香港會計準則第1號(修 訂本)財務報表之呈列);
- · 附帶契約的非流動負債(香港會計準則第1號(修訂本) 財務報表之呈列);

# 2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# 2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

# (iii) Adoption of new and revised HKFRS Accounting Standards – effective from 1 January 2024 (Continued)

- Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (Revised) Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause (Amendment to HKAS 1 – Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and Non-current Liabilities with Covenants); and
- Supplier Finance Arrangements (Amendment to HKAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows and HKFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures).

Adoption of these amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards had no material impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

# (iv) New and revised HKFRS Accounting Standards that have been issued but are not yet effective

The following new and revised HKFRS Accounting Standards potentially relevant to the Group's consolidated financial statements, have been issued, but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group:

- Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments (Amendments to HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments and HKFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures)<sup>1</sup>
- Annual Improvements to HKFRS Accounting Standards – Volume 11 (Amendments to HKFRS 1, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 9, HKFRS 10 and HKAS 7)<sup>1</sup>
- HKFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements<sup>2</sup>

# 2 重大會計政策概要(續)

# 2.1 編製基準(續)

(iii) 採納新訂及經修訂的香港財務報 告準則會計準則-自二零二四年 -月-日起生效(續)

- 香港詮釋第5號(經修訂)財務報表之呈列一借款人對包含隨時要求償還條文之定期貸款的分類(香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)將負債分類為流動或非流動及附帶契約的非流動負債);及
- · 供應商融資安排(香港會計 準則第7號(修訂本)現金流 量表及香港財務報告準則 第7號(修訂本)金融工具: 揭露)。

採納該等香港財務報告準則會計 準則的修訂並未對本集團的合併 財務報表產生重大影響。

# (iv) 已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂及經修 訂香港財務報告準則會計準則

下列可能與本集團合併財務報表 相關的新訂及經修訂香港財務報 告準則會計準則已頒布但尚未生 效,亦未被本集團提前採納:

- ・ 金融工具分類及計量(香港 財務報告準則第9號(修訂 本)金融工具及香港財務報 告準則第7號(修訂本)金融 工具:揭露)
- · 香港財務報告準則會計準則 年度改進一第11卷(香港財 務報告準則第1號、香港財 務報告準則第7號、香港財 務報告準則第9號、香港財 務報告準則第10號及香港會 計準則第7號(修訂本))<sup>1</sup>
- 香港財務報告準則第18號 財務報表的呈列及披露<sup>2</sup>

合併財務報表附註(續)

# 2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# 2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

(iv) New and revised HKFRS Accounting Standards that have been issued but are not yet effective (continued)

Other than HKFRS 18, the Group does not expect these pronouncements issued by the HKICPA, but not yet effective, to have a material impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

- 1. Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026
- 2. Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027

# 2 重大會計政策概要(續)

# 2.1 編製基準(續)

(iv) 已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂及經修 訂香港財務報告準則會計準則 (續)

> 除香港財務報告準則第18號外, 本集團預期香港會計師公會發布 但尚未生效的公告不會對本集團 的合併財務報表產生重大影響。

- 1. 二零二六年一月一日或之後開始的 年度期間生效
- 2. 二零二七年一月一日或之後開始的 年度期間生效

# 2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# 2.2 Principles of consolidation Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Company has control. The Company controls an entity when the Company is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Company. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

# 2 重大會計政策概要(續)

# 2.2 綜合原則

### 附屬公司

附屬公司指本公司對其有控制權的所有實體。本公司對實體有控制權,是指本公司因參與該實體的營運而獲得或有權享有其可變回報,並能夠運用其指導實體活動的權力影響上述回報。附屬公司在控制權轉移至本公司當日悉數合併入賬。附屬公司在控制權終止之日起停止合併入賬。

集團內公司間交易、結餘及集團公司間交易的未變現收益均予以抵銷。未變現虧損亦會對銷,除非該交易有證據顯示所轉讓資產出現減值則作別論。附屬公司的會計政策已按需要變更,以確保與本集團所採納政策貫徹一致。

合併財務報表附註(續)

# 2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# 2.3 Foreign currency translation

# (i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

#### (ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are generally recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings are presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, within finance costs.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Translation differences on these non-monetary items are recognised in consolidated statement of comprehensive income as part of the fair value gain or loss.

# 2 重大會計政策概要(續)

# 2.3 外幣換算

#### (i) 功能及呈列貨幣

本集團各實體的財務報表所包括的項目,乃按有關實體經營所在的主要經濟環境的貨幣(「功能貨幣」)計量。合併財務報表以本公司的功能及呈列貨幣港元(「港元」)呈列。

#### (ii) 交易及結餘

外幣交易以交易當日之匯率換算 為功能貨幣。結算該等交易及按 年末匯率換算以外幣計值之貨幣 資產及負債所產生之匯兑盈虧一 般於合併綜合收益表內確認。

與借貸有關之匯兑盈虧於合併綜 合收益表內「財務成本」呈列。

以公平值計量並以外幣計值之非 貨幣性項目採用公平值確定日期 的匯率換算。該等非貨幣性項目 之匯兑差異於合併綜合收益表內 確認作部分公平值收益或虧損。

# 2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# 2.4 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost to their residual values over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Furniture, fixtures and equipment

4–5 years

– Leasehold improvements

Shorter of remaining lease terms or useful lives

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (Note 2.6).

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount. These are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

# 2.5 Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Any conclusion that the useful life of an intangible asset is indefinite is reviewed annually to determine whether events and circumstances continue to support the indefinite useful life assessment for that asset. If do not, the change in the useful life assessment from indefinite to finite is accounted for prospectively from the date of change and in accordance with the policy for amortisation of intangible assets with finite lives.

# 2 重大會計政策概要(續)

# 2.4 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備按歷史成本減折舊 列賬。歷史成本包括直接因收購該等 項目而產生的開支。

其後成本僅在本集團可能獲得與該項目有關的未來經濟利益及該項目的成本能可靠計量時,計入資產賬面值或確認為獨立資產(如適用)。作為獨立資產入賬的任何部分的賬面值於替換時取消確認。所有其他維修及保養會於其產生的財政期間在合併綜合收益表中扣除。

折舊乃使用直線法計算,以於其估計 可使用年期內,分配其成本至剩餘價 值:

- 一傢具、裝置及 4至5年 設備
- -租賃物業裝修 餘下租賃期限或可 使用年期兩者中較 短者

資產剩餘價值及可使用年期於各報告期末進行檢討及調整(如適用)。

倘資產賬面值高於其估計可收回金額,則該資產的賬面值即時撇銷至可收回金額(附註2.6)。

出售盈虧以比較所得款項及賬面值的 方式釐定。其計入合併綜合收益表。

# 2.5 無形資產(商譽除外)

獨立收購擁有無限使用年期的無形資產以成本扣除累計減值虧損列賬。 集團將每年檢討任何有關無形資產用限可使用年期之結論,以產產用內值,以養定有。 尚並無限可使用年期之情況。 尚並無出現繼續支持該資產無限可使用年期,則可使用年期,則可使用年期,則可使用時間,以為有限,並自更改當日起就資產期情況及根據具有限年期之無形資產攤銷政策入賬。

合併財務報表附註(續)

# 2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## 2.6 Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. In addition, intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are tested for impairment annually, and whenever there is an indication that they may be impaired. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflow which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

# 2.7 Investments and other financial assets

#### (i) Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income ("OCI") or through profit or loss); and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or OCI. For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, this will depend on whether the Group has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI").

# 2 重大會計政策概要(續)

# 2.6 非金融資產減值

# 2.7 投資及其他金融資產

#### (i) 分類

本集團按以下的計量類別將其金 融資產分類:

- 其後按公平值計量(不論計 入其他綜合收益(「其他全 面收益」)或計入損益);及
- 按攤銷成本計量。

分類取決於公司管理金融資產的 業務模式及現金流量的合約年 期。

就按公平值計量的資產而言,收益及虧損將於損益或其他全面收益列賬。就並非持作買賣的股本工具投資而言,將取決於本集團是否於初始確認時作出不可撤回選擇,將股本投資以按公平值計入其他綜合收益計量(「按公平值計入其他綜合收益」)入賬。

# 2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### 2.7 Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

#### (ii) Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

#### (iii) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss ("FVPL"), transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVPL are expensed in profit or loss.

#### Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the Group classifies its debt instruments:

 Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

# 2 重大會計政策概要(續)

# 2.7 投資及其他金融資產(續)

#### (ii) 確認及終止確認

常規購入及出售的金融資產於交易日期(即本集團承諾買賣該資產之日期)予以確認。倘從金融資產收取現金流量之權利已到期或經已轉讓,而本集團已將其擁有權之絕大部分風險及回報轉讓時,則會終止確認金融資產。

#### (iii) 計量

初始確認時,本集團按金融資產 之公平值加(倘並非按公平值計 入損益(「按公平值計入損益」)之 金融資產)直接歸屬於收購金融 資產之交易成本計量。按公平值 計入損益列賬之金融資產之交易 成本於損益內支銷。

#### 債務工具

債務工具的後續計量取決於本集 團管理資產之業務模式及該等資 產的現金流量特徵。本集團將其 債務工具分類為三種計量類別:

# 2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

# 2.7 Investments and other financial assets (Continued) (iii) Measurement (Continued)

Debt instruments (Continued)

(CONTINUED)

- EVOCI: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at FVOCI. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest income and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in profit or loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognised in other gains/(losses). Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest method. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in other gains/(losses) and impairment gains or losses are presented as separate line item in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.
- FVPL: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at FVPL. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at FVPL is recognised in profit or loss and presented net within other gains/(losses) in the period in which it arises.

The Group's financial assets held during the year are all debt instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, loans receivable, interest receivables, deposit and other receivables which are all being classified as to be measured at amortised cost.

# 2 重大會計政策概要(續)

# 2.7 投資及其他金融資產(續)

(iii) 計量(續)

債務工具(續)

- 按公平值計入其他綜合收 益: 倘持有資產目的為收 取合約現金流量及銷售金 融資產,且資產的現金流 量純粹為本金及利息付 款,則按公平值計入其他 綜合收益計量。賬面值變 動計入其他全面收益,惟 減值收益或虧損、利息收 入及匯兑收益或虧損於損 益中確認。於終止確認金 融資產時,先前於其他全 面收益確認的累計收益或 虧損自權益重新分類至 損益並於其他收益/(虧 損)確認。該等金融資產 所產生利息收入乃使用實 際利率法計入財務收入。 匯兑收益及虧損於其他收 益/(虧損)呈列,而減值 損益在合併全面收益表中 呈列為獨立項目。

本集團於年內持有的金融資產均 為債務工具,包括現金及現金等 價物、應收貸款、應收利息,按 金及其他應收款項、均分類為按 攤銷成本計量。

# 2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# 2.7 Investments and other financial assets (Continued) (iii) Measurement (Continued)

# Equity instruments

The Group subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Group's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in OCI, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in profit or loss as other income when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value. Changes in the fair value of financial assets at FVPL are recognised in other gains/(losses) in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as applicable.

### (iv) Impairment

The Group assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit loss ("ECL") associated with its debt instruments carried at amortised cost.

The Group recognises a loss allowance for such losses at each reporting date. The measurement of ECL reflect:

- An unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes;
- The time value of money; and
- Reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

# 2 重大會計政策概要(續)

# 2.7 投資及其他金融資產(續)

#### (iii) 計量(續)

#### 股本工具

本集團隨後就所有股本投資按公 平值計量。當本集團管理層已選 擇於其他全面收益呈列股本投資 的公平值收益及虧損,公平值收 益及虧損於終止確認投資後不會 重新分類至損益。該等投資的股 息於本集團收取款項的權利確立 時繼續於損益確認為其他收入。

按公平值計入其他綜合收益計量的股本投資的減值虧損(及減值虧損撥回)不會因公平值其他變動而分開列報。按公平值計入損益的金融資產公平值變動於合併全面收益表確認為其他收益/(虧損)(按適用情況)。

#### (iv) 減值

本集團對有關其按攤銷成本列賬 之債務工具的預期信貸虧(「預期 信貸虧損」)損進行前瞻性評估。

本集團於各報告日期確認該等虧 損的虧損撥備。預期信貸虧損的 計量反映:

- 經評估一系列可能結果而 釐定的公正及概率加權金 額;
- 貨幣時間價值;及
- · 於報告日期毋須付出不必 要的成本或工作而可獲得 有關過往事件、目前狀況 及未來經濟狀況預測的合 理及支持資料。

合併財務報表附註(續)

# 2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# 2.7 Investments and other financial assets (Continued) (iv) Impairment (Continued)

Note 3.1(b) provides more details of how the ECL allowance is measured.

Loans receivable, interest receivables and repossessed assets of the Group are classified as debt investments carried at amortised cost and are subject to the ECL model.

While cash and cash equivalents, deposits and other receivables are also subject to the impairment assessment requirements of HKFRS 9, the identified impairment loss was immaterial.

# 2.8 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the consolidated statement of financial position where the Group currently has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The Group has also entered into arrangement that do not meet the criteria for offsetting but still allow for the related amount to be set off in certain circumstances, such as bankruptcy or the termination of a contract.

# 2 重大會計政策概要(續)

# 2.7 投資及其他金融資產(續)

#### (iv) 減值(續)

附註3.1(b)提供更多有關預期信 貸虧損如何計量的詳情。

本集團的應收貸款、應收利息及 回收資產分類為按攤銷成本列賬 的債務投資,並須採用預期信貸 虧損模式。

儘管現金及現金等價物、按金及其他應收款項亦須遵守香港財務報告準則第9號的減值評估規定,但已識別減值虧損並不重大。

# 2.8 抵銷金融工具

當本集團目前擁有法定可執行權力抵 銷已確認金額,並有意按淨額基準結 算或同時變現資產和結算負債時,金 融資產與負債可互相抵銷,並在合併 財務狀況表呈報其淨額。本集團亦 已就不符合抵銷條件但在若干情況下 (例如破產或終止合約)仍獲准抵銷相 關金額之工具訂立安排。

# 2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 2.9 Loans and interest receivables

Loans and interest receivables are property mortgage loans and personal loans granted to customers in the ordinary course of business. If collection of loans and interest receivables are expected in one year or less, they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Loans and interest receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. The gross carrying amount is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written-off are recognised in "impairment losses on financial assets, net of reversal" in profit or loss.

### 2.10 Prepayments, deposits and other receivables

Prepayments, deposits and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

# 2.11 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand and deposits held at call with banks.

#### 2.12 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

### 2.13 Other payables

Other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the end of the reporting period. They are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

# 2 重大會計政策概要(續)

# 2.9 應收貸款及利息

應收貸款及利息為日常業務過程中授 予客戶的物業按揭貸款及私人貸款。 倘應收貸款及利息預期於一年或以內 可收回,則分類為流動資產,否則呈 列為非流動資產。

應收貸款及利息初始按公平值確認, 其後採用實際利率法按攤銷成本減減 值撥備計量。倘合理預期無法收回 時,本集團會部分或全面撇銷總賬面 值。其後收回先前已撇銷之款項於損 益「金融資產之減值虧損,扣除撥回」 內確認。

# 2.10 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項

預付款項、按金及其他應收款項初始 按公平值確認,其後使用實際利率法 按攤銷成本減減值撥備計量。

### 2.11 現金及現金等價物

就於合併現金流量表呈列而言,現金 及現金等價物包括手頭現金及於銀行 的活期存款。

#### 2.12 股本

普通股分類為權益。發行新股份直接 應佔的新增成本於權益中呈列為所得 款項扣減(扣除稅項)。

#### 2.13 其他應付款項

其他應付款項呈列為流動負債,除非付款並非於報告期末後12個月內到期則作別論。其初步按公平值確認,隨後採用實際利率法按攤銷成本計量。

合併財務報表附註(續)

# 2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## 2.14 Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

#### 2.15 Borrowing costs

General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete the asset for its intended use or sales.

Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred

### 2.16 Current and deferred tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable or refundable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

# 2 重大會計政策概要(續)

# 2.14 借款

借款初始按公平值扣除所產生的交易 成本確認。借款其後按攤銷成本計 量。所得款項(扣除交易成本)與贖回 價值之間的任何差額以實際利率法在 借款期間於合併綜合收益表中確認。

在融資可能被部分或全部提取的情況 下,設立貸款融資所支付的費用乃確 認為貸款交易成本。在此情況下,該 費用將遞延至提取貸款發生時。倘並 無跡象顯示可能將部分或全部提取有 關融資,則該費用資本化為流動資金 服務的預付款項,並於其相關融資期 間內予以攤銷。

除非本集團有權無條件將負債結算日 期遞延至報告期末後最少12個月,否 則借款將被劃分為流動負債。

# 2.15 借款成本

直接歸屬於收購、建設或生產合資格 資產之一般及特定借款成本於資產完 成其預定用途或銷售所需的期間撥充 資本。

其他借款成本於產生期間支銷。

#### 2.16 即期及遞延税項

本期間之利得税開支或抵免指就本期間應課税收入按各司法權區之適用利得税税率支付或可退回之税項(就暫時性差額及未動用稅項虧損應佔之遞延稅項資產及負債變動作出調整)。

# 2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# 2.16 Current and deferred tax (Continued) Current tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation and considers whether it is probable that a taxation authority will accept an uncertain tax treatment. The Group measures its tax balances either based on the most likely amount or the expected value, depending on which method provides a better prediction of the resolution of the uncertainty.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in foreign operations where the entity is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

# 2 重大會計政策概要(續)

# 2.16 即期及遞延税項(續)

#### 即期利得税

即期利得税支出根據本公司及其附屬公司的營運所在及產生應課税收入的國家於報告期末已頒佈或實質頭所免稅務法例計算。管理層定期就可予詮釋的適用稅務法規涉及的情況,並考慮稅務機關是不可能接受未能確定的稅收待遇。本期間值(視乎何者能更準確預測不確定因素的解決方案而定),計量其稅收餘額。

### 遞延税項

僅於可能出現可使用該等暫時性差額 及虧損之未來應課稅金額時,方會確 認遞延稅項資產。

倘實體能夠控制撥回暫時性差額之時間,且該等差額可能不會於可見將來撥回,則不會於海外業務之投資賬面 值與稅基之間之暫時性差額確認遞延 稅項負債及資產。

合併財務報表附註(續)

# 2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# 2.16 Current and deferred tax (Continued) Deferred tax (Continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority.

Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

#### Investment allowances and similar tax incentives

Companies within the Group may be entitled to claim special tax deductions for investments in qualifying assets or in relation to qualifying expenditure. The Group accounts for such allowances as tax credits, which means that the allowance reduces income tax payable and current tax expense. A deferred tax asset is recognised for unclaimed tax credits that are carried forward as deferred tax assets.

### 2.17 Employee benefits

#### (a) Pension obligations

The Group has a defined contribution plan for its employees. The Group pays contributions for MPF Scheme to trustee-administered pension funds on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis. The Group has no further payment obligations on pension liability once the contributions have been paid. Contributions to the MPF Scheme are charged as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

# 2 重大會計政策概要(續)

# 2.16 即期及遞延税項(續)

#### 遞延税項(續)

倘有法定可強制執行權利抵銷即期稅 項資產及負債,以及遞延稅項結餘與 同一稅務機關相關,則抵銷遞延稅項 資產及負債。

倘實體擁有法定可強制執行權利抵銷 及擬按淨額基準償付或變現資產及同 時償付負債,則抵銷即期税項資產及 税項負債。

除與於其他綜合收益或直接於權益確認的項目相關外,即期及遞延稅項於 損益內確認。於此情況下,稅項亦分 別於其他綜合收益或直接於權益確 認。

### 投資津貼及類似税務獎勵

本集團旗下公司或有權就合資格資產 或就合資格開支申索特別稅務減免。 本集團將該等津貼入賬為稅務抵免, 即表示該津貼降低應付利得稅及即期 稅項開支。遞延稅項資產就作為遞延 稅項資產轉結之未申索稅務抵免而予 以確認。

#### 2.17 僱員福利

#### (a) 退休金責任

本集團為其僱員參與界定供款計劃。本集團按強制、合約或支供款額 基準向受託人管理的退休金支持 強積金計劃供款。本集團於款債 供款後再無其他退休金付款債 任。強積金計劃的供款於僱員確 供服務使其有權獲得供款時產確 為開支。預付供款確認為資產 惟以退回現金或可扣減日後付款 金額為限。

合併財務報表附註(續)

# 2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# 2.17 Employee benefits (Continued)

# (b) Bonus plans

The Group recognises a liability and an expense for bonuses, based on a formula that takes into consideration the profit attributable to the Company's shareholders after certain adjustments. The Group recognises a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

#### (c) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of the reporting period. Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

#### (d) Long Service Payment ("LSP") obligation

For LSP obligation under the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance, the estimated amount of future benefit is determined after deducting the negative service cost arising from the accrued benefits derived from the Group's MPF contributions that have been vested with employees, which are deemed to be contributions from the relevant employees.

As at 31 December 2024, included in accruals of HK\$223,000 (31 December 2023: HK\$211,000) (Note 25) that is provided in relation to the LSP obligation.

### 2.18 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the management's best estimate of expenditures required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

# 2 重大會計政策概要(續)

# 2.17 僱員福利(續)

#### (b) 花紅計劃

本集團按計及經若干調整後的本 公司股東應佔溢利的公式確認花 紅負債及開支。本集團就合約責 任或產生推定責任的過往慣例確 認撥備。

#### (c) 僱員假期權利

僱員享有的年假乃於向僱員提供 年假時確認。已就截至報告期末 因僱員提供的服務所產生年假的 估計負債計提撥備。僱員病假及 產假權利於請假時方予以確認。

#### (d) 長期服務金責任

就香港僱傭條例下的長期服務金 責任而言,預計未來福利金額乃 於扣除本集團已授予僱員的強積 金供款所產生的累算權益所產生 的負服務成本後釐定,該等累算 權益被視為相關僱員的供款。

於二零二四年,應計費用中包含 長期服務金責任計提223,000港元(二零二三年:211,000港元) (附註25)。

### 2.18 撥備

倘本集團現時因過往事件而涉及法律 或推定責任,而可能須以資源流出履 行責任,且能夠可靠地估計金額的情 況下,則確認撥備。概不會就未來經 營虧損確認撥備。

倘有多項類似責任,會整體考慮責任 類別以釐定履行責任時將須耗用的資源。即使在同一責任類別所涉及任何 一個項目相關流出可能性較低,仍須 確認撥備。

撥備按管理層於報告期末就結算現有 責任所需開支之最佳估計計量。用以 釐定現值之貼現率為反映當時市場對 該負債特有之貨幣時間值及風險之評 估的除税前比率。隨時間流逝而產生 的撥備增加確認為利息開支。

# 2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## 2.19 Repossessed assets

In the recovery of credit-impaired loans and interest receivables, the Group obtains rights to rent or sell of the underlying collateral assets (e.g. through court proceedings) but does not obtain ownership and control of the underlying collateral assets, repossessed assets represent these credit-impaired loans and interest receivables that are not derecognised and continue to be measured at amortised cost less provision for impairment under HKERS 9.

### 2.20 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of services in the ordinary course of the Group's activities.

The Group recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities as described below.

### Interest income

Interest income is recognised and accrued using the effective interest method. When a loan and receivable is impaired, the Group reduces the carrying amount to its recoverable amount, being the estimated future cash flow discounted at the original effective interest rate of the instrument, and continues unwinding the discount as interest income. Interest income on impaired loan and receivables is recognised using the original effective interest rate.

# 2 重大會計政策概要(續)

# 2.19 收回資產

在收回已信貸減值應收貸款及利息時,本集團(例如透過法院訴訟)獲得相關抵押資產出租或出售之權利但並無獲得相關抵押資產的所有權及控制權的情況下,收回資產指未終止確認並繼續根據香港財務報告準則第9號按攤銷成本減去減值撥備計量之已信貸減值應收貸款及利息。

## 2.20 收入確認

收入包含本集團日常業務過程中銷售 服務的已收或應收代價的公平值。

本集團於收入金額能夠可靠地計量, 未來經濟利益可能流入實體並已符合 下述本集團各活動的特定條件時確認 收入。

#### 利息收入

利息收入以實際利率法確認及累算。 倘貸款及應收款項出現減值,則本集 團將其賬面值減至可收回金額,即估 計未來現金流量按工具的原實際利率 折現,並繼續解除折現為利息收入。 已減值貸款及應收款項利息收入按原 實際利率確認。

# 2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### 2.21 Leases

Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group.

Contracts may contain both lease and non-lease components. The Group allocates the consideration in the contract to the lease and non-lease components based on their relative standalone prices. However, for leases of real estate for which the Group is a lessee, it has elected not to separate lease and non-lease components and instead accounts for these as a single lease component.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable;
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable by the Group under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising that option.

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Group, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

# 2 重大會計政策概要(續)

# 2.21 租賃

租賃於租賃資產可供本集團使用當日確認為使用權資產及相應負債。

合約可能包含租賃及非租賃部分。本 集團按照租賃及非租賃部分相應的獨 立價格,將合約代價分配至租賃及非 租賃部分。然而,就本集團為承租人 的房地產租賃而言,其選擇將租賃及 非租賃部分視為單一租賃部分,並無 將兩者區分。

租約產生的資產及負債初步以現值計量。租賃負債包括以下租賃付款的淨 現值:

- 固定付款(包括實質固定付款)減 任何應收租賃優惠;
- 取決於指數或利率的可變租賃付款(初始於開始日期利用指數或利率計量);
- 本集團根據餘值擔保預期應付的 金額;
- 在本集團合理確定行使採購選擇權的情況下採購選擇權的行使價:及
- 支付終止租賃的罰款(倘租賃條款反映本集團正行使該權利)。

根據合理確定延續選擇權支付的租賃付款亦計入負債計量之內。

租賃付款採用租賃所隱含的利率予以 貼現。倘無法釐定該利率(本集團的 租賃一般屬此類情況),則使用承租 人遞增借款利率,即個別承租人在類 似經濟環境中按類似條款、抵押及條 件借入獲得與使用權資產價值類似的 資產所需資金必須支付的利率。

合併財務報表附註(續)

# 2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## 2.21 Leases (Continued)

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Group:

- where possible, uses recent third-party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third party financing was received; and
- makes adjustments specific to the lease, e.g. term, country, currency and security.

The Group is exposed to potential future increases in variable lease payments based on an index or rate, which are not included in the lease liability until they take effect. When adjustments to lease payments based on an index or rate take effect, the lease liability is reassessed and adjusted against the right-of-use asset.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received;
- any initial direct costs; and
- restoration costs.

## 2 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.21 租賃(續)

為釐定遞增借款利率,本集團:

- 在可能情況下,使用個別承租人 最近獲得的第三方融資為出發點 作出調整以反映自獲得第三方融 資以來融資條件的變動;及
- 進行特定於租約的調整,例如期限、國家、貨幣及抵押。

本集團未來可能根據指數或利率增加 可變租賃付款,而有關指數或利率在 生效前不會計入租賃負債。當根據指 數或利率對租賃付款作出的調整生效 時,租賃負債根據使用權資產進行重 新評估及調整。

租賃付款於本金及財務成本之間作出 分配。財務成本在租賃期間於損益扣 除,藉以令各期間的負債餘額的期間 利率一致。

使用權資產按成本計量,包括以下各項:

- 初始計量租賃負債的金額;
- 在開始日期或之前作出的任何租 賃付款減任何已收租賃優惠;
- 任何初步直接成本;及
- 復原成本。

# 2 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 2.21 Leases (Continued)

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. If the Group is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the right-of-use asset is depreciated over the underlying asset's useful life. While the Group revalues its land and buildings that are presented within property, plant and equipment, it has chosen not to do so for the right-of-use buildings held by the Group.

Payments associated with short-term leases of equipment and vehicles and all leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets comprise IT equipment and small items of office furniture.

#### 2.22 Dividend distribution

Provisions is made for the amount of any dividend declared being appropriately authorised and no longer at the discretion of the Group, on or before the end of the reporting period but not distributed at the end of the reporting period.

#### 2.23 Government grants

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all the attached conditions.

Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognised in the profit or loss over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate.

#### 2 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.21 租賃(續)

使用權資產一般按直線基礎以資產可使用年期或租期(以較短者為準)計算折舊。倘本集團合理確定行使採購選擇權,則使用權資產於相關資產的可使用年期內予以折舊。本集團在對其土地及樓宇(於物業、廠房及設備內呈列)重新估值時,已選擇不就權內呈列)重新估值時權樓宇行使有關權利。

與設備及車輛的短期租賃及所有低價 值資產租賃相關的付款以直線法於損 益確認為開支。短期租賃為租賃期12 個月或以下的租賃。低價值資產包括 資訊科技設備及小型辦公家具。

#### 2.22 股息分派

就於報告期間或報告期間結束之前已 宣派但於報告期間結束時尚未分派的 已宣派任何股息(已適當授權及不再 由本集團酌情決定)的款項作出撥備。

#### 2.23 政府補助

政府補助按公平值入賬倘能合理保證 本集團將會收到政府補貼且本集團將 符合所有附帶條件,則有關補助按公 平值確認。

與成本相關的政府補助在有必要使其 與擬補償的成本相符的期間於損益遞 延及確認。

合併財務報表附註(續)

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to various types of financial risks: market risk (including cash flow and fair value interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

#### (a) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

As at 31 December 2024, the Group's interest rate risk arises from its loans receivable (Note 19), repossessed assets (Note 21) and cash and cash equivalents (Note 23). Cash and cash equivalents are interest bearing at variable rates, and expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk, loans receivable and repossessed assets are interest bearing at fixed rates and expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk. The Group currently does not have an interest rate hedging policy. The Group manages its cash flow and fair value interest rate risk mainly by adjusting the interest rate on loans granted to customers.

As at 31 December 2024, if market interest rates had been 1% higher/lower with all other variables held constant, post-tax profits would have been approximately HK\$1,518,000 higher/lower (2023: HK\$437,000 higher/lower), respectively.

#### 3 財務風險管理

#### 3.1 財務風險因素

本集團的經營令其面臨多項財務風險:市場風險(包括現金流量及公平值利率風險)、信貸風險及流動資金風險。本集團整體風險管理計劃專注於金融市場的不可預測性,並致力盡量減低對本集團財務表現的潛在不利影響。

#### (a) 現金流量及公平值利率風險

於二零二四年十二月三十一日, 倘市場利率上升/下降1%而所 有其他變數保持不變,除税後溢 利將分別增加/減少約1,518,000 港元(二零二三年:增加/減少 437,000港元)。

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a customer or counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. The Group's main income generating activity is lending to customers and therefore credit risk is a principal risk.

The Group's credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, loans receivable, interest receivables, repossessed assets and deposits and other receivables. Management has a credit policy in place and the exposures to credit risk are monitored on an ongoing basis. The carrying amounts of these balances represent the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to financial assets which are stated as follows:

#### 3 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (b) 信貸風險

信貸風險是指客戶或交易對方未 能履行合同義務而導致本集團產 生財務損失的風險。本集團的主 要創收活動是向客戶提供貸款, 因此信貸風險為主要風險。

本集團信貸風險產生自現金及現金等價物、應收貸款、應收利息、收回資產以及按金及其他應收款項。管理層已制訂信貸政策,持續監察該等信貸風險。相關結餘賬面值即本集團就下述金融資產而面臨的最大信貸風險:

		As at 31 D 於十二月三十	
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loans receivable (Note 19) Interest receivables (Note 20) Repossessed assets (Note 21) Deposits and other receivables	應收貸款(附註19) 應收利息(附註20) 收回資產(附註21) 按金及其他應收款項	734,790 6,772 6,626	824,677 12,778 10,331
(Note 22) Cash and cash equivalents (Note 23)	(附註22) 現金及現金等價物 (附註23)	6,152 181,823	8,542 52,317
	(11) METERY	936,163	908,645

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, all of the Group's cash at bank are deposited in major financial institutions located in Hong Kong, which the Group's management believes are of high credit quality.

於二零二四年及二零二三年十二 月三十一日,本集團所有銀行現 金存於香港的大型金融機構,本 集團管理層相信該等機構信貸質 素優良。

合併財務報表附註(續)

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (b) Credit risk (Continued)

#### (i) Credit risk management

The Group manages and analyses the credit risk for each of its new and existing customers before standard payment terms and conditions are offered. In particular, the Group manages its credit risk by:

- Ensuring that the Group has appropriate credit risk practices, including an effective system of internal control, to consistently determine adequate allowances in accordance with the Group's stated policies and procedures, HKFRS Accounting Standards and relevant supervisory guidance.
- Creating credit policies to protect the Group against the identified risks including the requirements to obtain collateral from borrowers, to perform robust ongoing credit assessment of borrowers and to continually monitor exposures against internal risk limits.
- Limiting concentrations of exposure by type of asset, counterparties, credit rating, geographic location etc
- If there is no independent rating, risk control assesses the credit quality of the customer, taking into account its financial position, past experience and other factors.
- Establishing a robust control framework regarding the authorisation structure for the approval and renewal of credit facilities.
- Developing and maintaining the Group's processes for measuring ECL including monitoring of credit risk, incorporation of forward-looking information and the method used to measure ECL.
- Ensuring that the Group has policies and procedures in place to appropriately maintain and validate models used to assess and measure ECL.

#### 3 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (b) 信貸風險(續)

#### (i) 信貸風險管理

於提供標準的付款條款及條件之前,本集團會管理及分析其各新客戶及現有客戶的信貸風險。特別是,本集團通過以下方式管理其信用風險:

- 一 確保本集團進行恰當的信 用風險管控(包括有效的內 部控制系統在內),根據本 集團規定的政策和程序, 香港財務報告準則及相關 監管指引持續準確的計提 撥備。
- 一制定信貸政策,包括從借款人獲取抵押品,對借款人進行持續信貸評估,以及持續管控內部風險限限 風險敞口等,保護本集 免受已識別風險的影響。
- 按資產類別、交易對手、 信用評級、地理位置等限 制風險敞口。
- 一 若無獨立評級,則風險控制會評估客戶信貸質素, 考慮客戶的財務狀況、過 往表現及其他因素。
- 建立對有關批准及更新貸款的授權架構的管控體系。
- 制定和維護本集團計量預期信貸虧損的流程,包括 點控信貸風險,納入前瞻 性資料及衡量預期信貸虧 損的方法。
- 一確保本集團已制定適當的 政策和程序,得以恰當地 保持並驗證用於預期信貸 虧損的評估及計量模型。

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

- (b) Credit risk (Continued)
- (ii) Measurement of ECL

The Group measures loss allowance under HKFRS 9 ECL model. The measure of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e., the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information.

Generally, the ECL is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition.

Interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on amortised cost of the financial asset.

The key inputs used for measuring ECL are:

- Probability of default (PD);
- · Loss given default (LGD); and
- Exposure at default (EAD)

These figures are generally derived from internally developed statistical models and other historical data and they are adjusted to reflect probability-weighted forward-looking information.

#### 3 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

- (b) 信貸風險(續)
- (ii) 預期信貸虧損計量

本集團根據香港財務報告準則第 9號預期信貸虧損模式計量虧損 撥備。預期信貸虧損之計量值為 違約概率、違約損失率程度(即 倘發生違約之虧損程度)與違約 風險敞口。違約概率及違約損失 率程度之評估乃根據經前瞻性資 料的過往數據作出調整。

一般而言,預期信貸虧損乃根據 合約應付本集團之所有合約現金 流量與本集團預期收取之所有現 金流量之間的差額估算,並按初 始確認時釐定之實際利率貼現。

利息收入乃根據金融資產之賬面 總值計算,除非該金融資產已作 信貸減值,則在此情況下利息收 入乃根據金融資產之攤銷成本計 算。

用於計量預期信貸虧損的關鍵輸 入數據包括:

- · 違約概率(PD);
- · 違約損失率(LGD);及
- 違約風險敞口(EAD)

該等數據通常來自內部制定的統 計模型及其他歷史數據,其會進 行調整以反映概率加權的前瞻性 資料。

合併財務報表附註(續)

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

- (b) Credit risk (Continued)
- (ii) Measurement of ECL (Continued)

Elements of the ECL models that are considered accounting judgements and estimates include:

- The Group's estimation of probabilities of default to individual group;
- The Group's criteria for assessing if there has been a significant increase in credit risk and so allowances for financial assets should be measured on a lifetime ECL basis and the qualitative assessment;
- Development of ECL models, including the various formulas and the choice of inputs over determination of the period over which the entity is exposed to credit risk based on the behavioural life of the credit exposures, loss given default and collateral recovery of the credit exposures:
- Determination of associations between macroeconomic scenarios and, economic inputs, such as delinquency rate and collateral values, and the effect on probabilities of default, exposures at default and losses given default; and
- Selection of forward-looking macroeconomic scenarios and their probability weightings, to derive the economic inputs into the ECL models.

It has been the Group's policy to regularly review its models in the context of actual loss experience and adjust when necessary.

#### 3 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

- (b) 信貸風險(續)
- (ii) 預期信貸虧損計量(續) 本集團使用被視為會計判斷及估 計作出的判斷包括:
  - 本集團估計違約機會率分配予個別組別;
  - 本集團評估信貸風險是否 已顯著增加致使金融資產 的撥備應按全期預期信貸 虧損基準計量及定性評估 的條件;
  - · 制定預期信貸虧損模型, 包括根據信貸風險行為回 期、違約虧損率及收內 對風險抵押品的情況內 實別所用的多種算式及輸入 值選擇;
  - · 釐定宏觀經濟情況與經濟 輸入值(如失業水平與抵押 品價值)之間的聯繫性,以 及違約可能性的影響、違 約風險及違約損失;及
  - · 選出前瞻性宏觀經濟情況 及彼等發生的可能性比 重,將經濟輸入值導入預 期信貸虧損模型當中。

本集團政策為在實際虧損經驗的 情況下定期檢視其模式,並於有 需要時作出調整。

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

- (b) Credit risk (Continued)
- (ii) Measurement of ECL (Continued)

The Group categorises the credit quality of its loans receivable and interest receivables according to 3 different stages under the ECL model:

- Stage 1: financial assets without significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition where loss allowance is calculated based on 12-month ECL
- Stage 2: financial assets with significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition where loss allowance is calculated based on lifetime ECL
- Stage 3: credit impaired assets where loss allowance is calculated based on lifetime ECL

#### Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

#### 3 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

- (b) 信貸風險(續)
- (ii) 預期信貸虧損計量(續)

根據預期信貸虧損模型,本集團 根據三個不同階段對應收貸款及 應收利息的信貸質素進行分類:

- 第一階段:自初始確認後 信貸風險並無顯著增加的 金融資產,其虧損撥備根 據12個月預期信貸虧損計
- 第二階段:自初始確認後 信貸風險顯著增加的金融 資產,其虧損撥備根據全 期預期信貸虧損計算
- 第三階段:信貸減值資產,其虧損撥備根據全期預期信貸虧損計算

#### 信貸風險顯著增加

於評估信貸風險是否自初始確認以來大幅增加時,本集團比較金融工具於報告日期發生違約之日期發生違約之日期發生違約之風險。在進行有關評估時,本集團會考慮合理有據之定量及定性資料,包括過往經驗及毋須花費過大成本或精力即可獲得之前瞻性資料。

合併財務報表附註(續)

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

- (b) Credit risk (Continued)
- (ii) Measurement of ECL (Continued)

Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)
In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk, e.g. a significant decrease in credit rating of the debtor;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; and
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtors' ability to meet its debt obligations.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

#### 3 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

- (b) 信貸風險(續)
- (ii) 預期信貸虧損計量(續) 信貸風險顯著增加(續) 具體而言,評估信貸風險是否大 幅增加時會考慮下列資料:
  - 信貸風險的外界市場指標 之重大惡化,例如債務人 之信貸評級大幅下跌;
  - · 預期導致債務人在履行其 債務責任之能力大幅下降 的業務、財務或經濟狀況 之現有或預測不利變動;
  - · 債務人經營業績之實際或 預期重大倒退;及
  - · 導致債務人在履行其債務 責任之能力大幅下降的監 管、經濟或技術環境之實 際或預期重大不利變動。

不論上述評估結果如何,本集團假定當合約逾期超過30天,則信貸風險乃自初始確認以來已大幅增加,除非本集團擁有合理有據之資料顯示並非如此,則作別論。

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

- (b) Credit risk (Continued)
- (ii) Measurement of ECL (Continued)

Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)

The Group monitors all financial assets that are subject to impairment requirements to assess whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If there has been a significant increase in credit risk, the Group will measure the loss allowance based on lifetime rather than 12-month ECI.

The Group collects performance and default information about its credit risk exposures and analyses all data collected using statistical model and estimates the remaining lifetime PD of exposures and how these are expected to change over time. The factors taken into account in this process include macro-economic data such as delinquency rate on residential mortgage and residential property price index. The Group generates a 'base case' scenario of the future direction of relevant economic variables as well as a representative range of other possible forecast scenarios. The Group then uses these forecasts, which are probability-weighted, to adjust its estimates of PDs

The Group uses different criteria to determine whether credit risk has increased significantly and the Group presumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

The Group has monitoring procedures in place to make sure that the criteria used to identify significant increases in credit are effective, meaning that significant increase in credit risk is identified before the exposure is defaulted or when the asset becomes 30 days past due. The Group performs periodic back-testing of its ratings to consider whether the drivers of credit risk that led to default were accurately reflected in the rating in a timely manner.

# 3 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

- (b) 信貸風險(續)
- (ii) 預期信貸虧損計量(續)

信貸風險顯著增加(續)

本集團對符合減值要求的所有金融資產進行監控,以評估初始確認後信貸風險是否顯著增加。倘信貸風險顯著增加,本集團將根據全期預期信貸虧損而非12個月預期信貸虧損進行損失撥備。

本集團使用不同的標準釐定信貸 風險是否已顯著增加,且本集 團假設當合約付款逾期超過30日 時,金融資產的信貸風險已自初 始確認以來顯著增加,除非本集 團有合理可作為依據的資料顯示 並非如此則作別論。

本集團已制定監控程序,以確保 用於識別信貸顯著增加的標準屬 有效,這意味著在違約風險或資 產到期30天之前可識別信貸風險 的顯著增加。本集團定期對其評 級進行回溯測試,以考慮導致違 約的信貸風險驅動因素是否及時 準確反映於評級中。

合併財務報表附註(續)

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (b) Credit risk (Continued)

#### (ii) Measurement of ECL (Continued)

Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)

The Group has controls and procedures in place to identify when the credit risk of an asset improves and the definition of significant increase in credit risk is no longer met. When this is the case the asset may move back to stage 1 from stage 2, subject to payments being up to date and the ability of the borrower to make future payments on time.

#### Default and credit-impaired

The Group considers that default has occurred when the instrument is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate. In particular, the following qualitative indicators are taken into account in determining the risk of default occurring:

- probable bankruptcy entered by the borrowers; and
- · death of the debtor.

#### *Incorporation of forward-looking information*

The Group uses forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort in its assessment of significant increase of credit risk as well as in its measurement of ECL. The Group uses internal and external information to generate a 'base case' scenario of future forecast of relevant economic variables along with a representative range of other possible forecast scenarios. The external information used includes economic data and forecasts published by governmental bodies and monetary authorities.

The Group uses multiple scenarios to model the nonlinear impact of assumptions about macroeconomic factors on ECL. The Group applies probabilities to the forecast scenarios identified.

In applying the forward-looking information and probabilities to the forecast scenario identified for assessing the expected credit losses as at 31 December 2024, the Group has taken into account the possible impacts associated with the overall change in economic environment.

# 3 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (b) 信貸風險(續)

#### (ii) 預期信貸虧損計量(續)

信貸風險顯著增加(續)

本集團已制定監控措施及程序, 以識別資產的信貸風險何時改善 及不再符合信貸風險大幅增加的 定義。於此情況下,資產可能會 由第二階段返回至第一階段,視 乎付款是否截至該日止及借款人 能否按時支付未來款項的能力而 定。

#### 違約及信貸減值

本集團認為,倘有關工具逾期超 過90天,則違約已經發生,除非 本集團擁有合理有據之資料顯示 一項更滯後之違約標準更為合 適,則另作別論。具體而言,於 釐定發生違約的風險時,已考慮 以下定性指標:

- 借方可能破產;及
- 債務人身故。

#### 納入前瞻性資料

本集團使用多種情境模擬宏觀經 濟因素假設對預期信貸虧損的非 線性影響。本集團將概率應用於 所識別的預測情境。

在對就評估二零二四年十二月 三十一日之預期信貸虧損確定之 預測情境應用前瞻性資料及可能 性時,本集團已考慮整體經濟環 境變化可能帶來之影響。

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

## 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (b) Credit risk (Continued)

#### (iii) Credit risk exposure

The credit quality classification of loans receivable and their respective interest receivables and repossessed assets using the Group's ECL model is set out in the table below:

#### 3 財務風險管理(續)

# 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (b) 信貸風險(續)

#### (iii) 信貸風險敞口

根據本集團預期信貸虧損模型, 應收貸款及其各自應收利息以及 經收回資產的信貸質素分類載列 於下表:

		As at 31 December 2024 於二零二四年十二月三十一日			
		Stage 1 12-month ECL 第一階段 12個月 預期 信貸虧損 HK\$'000	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL 第二階段 全期預期 信貸虧損 HK\$'000	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL 第三階段 全期預期 信貸虧損 HK\$'000	Total 總計 HK\$'000
	mr. u.l. 4% +b	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Loans receivable Impairment allowance	應收貸款 減值撥備	604,747 (918)	34,572 (814)	106,771 (9,568)	746,090 (11,300)
Loans receivable  – net of impairment allowance	應收貸款 一扣除滅值撥備	603,829	33,758	97,203	734,790
Interest receivables Impairment allowance	應收利息 減值撥備	1,991 (6)	946 (21)	4,362 (500)	7,299 (527)
Interest receivables – net of impairment allowance	應收利息 一扣除減值撥備	1,985	925	3,862	6,772
Repossessed assets Impairment allowance	收回資產 減值撥備	-	-	7,377 (751)	7,377 (751)
Repossessed assets – net of impairment allowance	收回資產 一扣除減值撥備	-	-	6,626	6,626

合併財務報表附註(續)

# 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED) 3 財務風險管理(續)

# 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

- (b) Credit risk (Continued)
- (iii) Credit risk exposure (Continued)

# 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(iii) 信貸風險敞口(續)

		As at 31 December 2023 於二零二三年十二月三十一日			
		Stage 1 12-month ECL 第一階段	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	Total
		12個月 預期 信貸虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	第二階段 全期預期 信貸虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	第三階段 全期預期 信貸虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Loans receivable Impairment allowance	應收貸款 減值撥備	652,700 (1,313)	45,733 (429)	136,237 (8,251)	834,670 (9,993)
Loans receivable  – net of impairment allowance	應收貸款 一扣除減值撥備	651,387	45,304	127,986	824,677
Interest receivables Impairment allowance	應收利息 減值撥備	3,119 (13)	1,080 (20)	9,066 (454)	13,265 (487)
Interest receivables  – net of impairment allowance	應收利息 一扣除減值撥備	3,106	1,060	8,612	12,778
Repossessed assets Impairment allowance	收回資產 減值撥備	<u>-</u>	-	10,331	10,331
Repossessed assets – net of impairment allowance	收回資產 一扣除減值撥備	-	-	10,331	10,331

合併財務報表附註(續)

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (b) Credit risk (Continued)

#### (iv) Sensitivity analysis

The allowance for credit losses is sensitive to the inputs used in internally developed models, macroeconomic variables in the forward-looking forecasts, economic scenario weighting and other factors considered when applying management judgment. Changes in these inputs, assumptions and judgments impact the assessment of significant increase in credit risk and the measurement of ECLs.

The following table shows the impact on ECL allowance on loans receivable, interest receivables and repossessed assets as at 31 December 2024 and 2023 by changing individual input.

#### 3 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (b) 信貸風險(續)

#### (iv) 敏感性分析

信貸虧損準備金的計量對內部制定的模型中使用的參數、前瞻性預測的宏觀經濟變量、經濟場景權重以及應用管理層判斷時考慮的其他因素等是敏感的。該等參數、假設及判斷的變動將對信貸虧損計量產生影響。

下表顯示通過改變個別參數對截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二 月三十一日的應收貸款、應收利 息及經收回資產的預期信貸虧損 準備金的影響。

#### Change in input on ECL model

## <u>預期信貸</u>虧損模型中的參數變動

- Assuming a further 10% weighting added to the probability of the optimistic scenario and a corresponding 10% weighting reduction in the base scenario
- 假設在樂觀情境的概率進一步增加10%的權重及 於基本情境相應減少10%的權重
- Assuming a further 10% weighting added to the probability of the pessimistic scenario and a corresponding 10% weighting reduction in the base scenario
- 假設在悲觀情境的概率進一步增加10%的權重及 於基本情境相應減少10%的權重
- Assuming no significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition was identified (i.e., all the financial assets in Stage 2 moved to Stage 1)
- 假設確定初始確認後信貸風險並無顯著增加(即 第二階段的所有金融資產轉移至第一階段)
- Assuming the forecast collateral value increase by 10%
- 假設預測抵押品價值上升10%
- Assuming the forecast collateral value decrease by 10%
- 假設預測抵押品價值下降10%

# Impact on ECL allowance on loans receivable, interest receivables and repossessed assets

對有關應收貸款、應收利息及經收回資產的 預期信貸虧損準備金影響

- Decrease by HK\$295,000 (2023: Decrease by HK\$28,000)
- 減少295,000港元(二零二三年:減少 28,000港元)
- Increase by HK\$1,771,000 (2023: Increase by HK\$1,905,000)
- 增加1,771,000港元(二零二三年:增加 1,905,000港元)
- Decrease by HK\$627,000 (2023: Decrease by HK\$81,000)
- 減少627,000港元(二零二三年:減少 81,000港元)
- Decrease by HK\$947,000 (2023: Decrease by HK\$923,000)
- 減少947,000港元(二零二三年:減少 923,000港元)
- Increase by HK\$973,000 (2023: Increase by HK\$937,000)
- 增加973,000港元(二零二三年:增加937,000港元)

合併財務報表附註(續)

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

# (b) Credit risk (Continued)

#### (v) Collateral held as security

The Group holds collateral against certain loans receivable in the form of mortgages over property. As at 31 December 2024, except for HK\$1,108,000 gross loans receivable of the Group were unsecured, all the gross loans receivable of the Group were secured by mortgages over property. Majority of the collateral are residential properties, commercial properties and industrial properties and all of the collateral are located in Hong Kong.

In the majority of cases, the Group grants loans with a loan-to-value ratio of no more than 70% of the value in the valuation report of the property for first property mortgages, and where it is a subordinated property mortgage, the aggregate lending (Group's loan aggregated with all prior mortgage loans) of no more than 70% of the value of the underlying property. Approval from a director of the subsidiary of the Company, a credit manager and a credit officer is needed for loans granted with a loan-to-value ratio that exceeds 70%. The directors and senior management of the Company meet regularly to review the loan-to-value ratio and when (1) there is a significant change in the property price index in Hong Kong; or (2) when loans are renewed. The directors and senior management of the Company consider that the credit risk arising from the loans and interest receivables is significantly mitigated by the property held as collateral, with reference to the market value of the property which were valued by independent third party valuers as at the end of the reporting period.

#### (vi) Concentration on credit risk

Revenue from the top five customers constituted approximately 18.5% (2023: 21.2%) of the Group's revenue for the year ended 31 December 2024. They accounted for approximately 18.2% (2023: 26.6%) of the gross mortgage loans receivable balances as at 31 December 2024.

#### 3 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (b) 信貸風險(續)

#### (v) 持有作為擔保的抵押品

本集團以物業按揭形式就若干應收貸款持有抵押品。於二零二四年十二月三十一日,除1,108,000港元本集團應收貸款總額無抵押外,本集團全部應收貸款總額無抵押外,本集團全部應收貸款總額以物業按揭作抵押。大部分抵押品為住宅物業、商業物業及工業物業,而所有抵押品均位於香港。

在大多數情況下,對於第一物業 按揭,本集團授予貸款的按揭成 數不超過物業估值報告內價值的 70%;倘為第二物業按揭,則借 貸總額(本集團貸款與之前所有 按揭貸款的總額)不得超過相關 物業價值的70%。授出按揭成數 超過70%的貸款須經本公司附屬 公司董事、信貸經理及信貸專員 批准。當(1)香港物業價格指數 發生顯著變動;或(2)當貸款獲 續期時,本公司董事及高級管理 層會定期舉行會議,檢討按揭成 數。經參考獨立第三方估值師所 估計於報告期末的物業市值,本 公司董事及高級管理層認為,源 自應收貸款及應收利息的信貸風 險乃由持作抵押品的物業大幅緩 解。

## (vi) 信貸集中風險

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,五大客戶收入佔本集團收入約18.5%(二零二三年:21.2%),佔二零二四年十二月三十一日的應收按揭貸款結餘總額約18.2%(二零二三年:26.6%)。

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (c) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facility. Cash flow forecasting is performed by management. The Group monitors its rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn borrowing facilities at all times so that the Group does not breach borrowing limits on any of its borrowing facilities. Such forecasting takes into consideration the Group's debt financing plans, covenant compliance, compliance with internal financial position ratio targets and, if applicable external regulatory or legal requirements.

The Group has an undrawn borrowing facility of HK\$50,000,000 as at 31 December 2024 (2023: HK\$50,000,000). Such undrawn borrowing facility expires within one year and is annual facility subject to review every year.

The Group's primary cash requirements, apart from granting loans to customers, are for payment for operating expenses.

#### 3 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (c) 流動資金風險

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團的未提取借款融資為50,000,000港元(二零二三年:50,000,000港元)。該未提取借款融資於一年內屆滿,且屬須在每年檢討的年度融資。

本集團的主要現金需求(向客戶 授出貸款除外)用於經營開支付 款。

合併財務報表附註(續)

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (c) Liquidity risk (Continued)

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the end of the reporting year to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates, if floating, based on rates current at the reporting date) and the earliest date the Group can be required to pay.

#### 3 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (c) 流動資金風險(續)

下表分析根據報告年末至合約到 期日的剩餘期間劃分本集團的金 融負債至有關到期組別。表中所 披露金額為合約未折現現金流量 (包括採用合約利率或(倘為浮動 利率)基於報告期間結算日的現 行利率計算的利息付款)且本集 團可能被要求付款之最早日期。

		demand years years cash flow am				Carrying amount
		於一年內 或按要求 HK\$′000 千港元	一年以上 但少於兩年 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	兩年以上 但少於五年 HK\$'000 千港元	合約未貼現 現金流量總額 HK\$′000 千港元	賬面值 HK\$′000 千港元
Other payables (Note 25) Lease liabilities (Note 15(a))	其他應付款項(附註25) 租賃負債(附註15(a))	708 2,288	- 1,453	-	708 3,741	708 3,587
		2,996	1,453	-	4,449	4,295

		As at 31 December 2023 於二零二三年十二月三十一日				
			More than	More than		
		Within	one year	two years	Total	
		one year	but less	but less	contractual	
		or on	than two	than five	undiscounted	Carrying
		demand	years	years	cash flow	amount
		於一年內	一年以上	兩年以上	合約未貼現	
		或按要求	但少於兩年	但少於五年	現金流量總額	賬面值
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Other payables (Note 25)	其他應付款項(附註25)	758	_	_	758	758
Lease liabilities (Note 15(a))	租賃負債(附註15(a))	3,305	2,288	1,453	7,046	6,635
		4,063	2,288	1,453	7,804	7,393

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### 3.2 Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, so that they can continue to provide returns to the shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debts.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total equity. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings ('lease liabilities' as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position) less cash and cash equivalents. Total equity is calculated as 'equity' as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position. The Group's strategy remains unchanged, which was to maintain the gearing ratio within 100%, and the gearing ratios and net cash/debt position of the Group as at 31 December 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

#### 3 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.2 資本管理

本集團管理資本的目標為保障其持續 經營的能力,致使其能夠繼續為股東 提供回報並為其他利益相關人士提供 利益,以及維持最佳的資本架構以減 低資本成本。

為維持或調整資本架構,本集團或會 調整支付予股東的股息金額、向股東 退還資本、發行新股份或出售資產以 減低債務。

本集團以資產負債比率為基準監察資本。該比率按債務淨額除以股本總額計算。債務淨額按借款總額(「租賃負債」)減現金及現金等價物計算。權益總額按合併財務狀況表所示的「權益」計算。本集團的策略維持不變,資產負債比率維持在100%以內;而本集團於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日的資產負債比率及現金/債務狀況淨額如下:

		As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日		
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	
Lease liabilities (Note 15(a)) Less: cash and cash equivalents (Note 23)	租賃負債(附註15(a)) 減:現金及現金等價物 (附註23)	3,587 (181,823)	6,635 (52,317)	
Net cash	現金淨額	(178,236)	(45,682)	
Total equity	權益總額	940,884	915,124	
Gearing ratio	資產負債比率	Not applicable 不適用	Not applicable 不適用	

#### 4 CRITICAL ESTIMATES, JUDGEMENTS AND ERRORS

The preparation of consolidated financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which, by definition, will seldom equal the actual results. Management also needs to exercise judgement in applying the Group's accounting policies.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### 4.1 Critical accounting estimates

# (a) Estimation of recoverability of loans and other receivables

The Group assesses provision for impairment of loans and other receivables based on an estimate of the recoverability of these receivables. Provisions are applied to loans and other receivables where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be collectible. The identification of impairment of loans and other receivables under HKFRS 9 requires the use of estimates and judgement. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying amount of receivables and provision for impairment losses in the period in which such estimate has been changed.

The Group uses judgement in making assumptions and selecting the inputs to its ECL calculation, based on the Group's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period. Details of the key assumptions and inputs used are disclosed in Note 3.1(b).

#### (b) Critical judgement in income tax

The Group is subject to income tax in Hong Kong. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the current and deferred tax assets and liabilities in the period in which such determination is made.

# 4 關鍵估計、判斷及錯誤

編製合併財務報表需要使用會計估計,顧 名思義,該等估計很少等同實際情況。管 理層應用本集團之會計政策時亦需要作出 判斷。

估計及判斷乃持續評估。其以過往經驗及 其他因素為基礎,包括對可能影響實體之 財務狀況及在有關情況下被認為合理之未 來事件之預測。

#### 4.1 關鍵會計估計

#### (a) 貸款及其他應收款項可收回性之 估計

本集團根據貸款及其他應收款項 的可回收性估計評估該等應收款項 變化顯示貸款及其他應收款項 餘未必能收回時,則應用撥備。 能據香港財務報告準則第9號 認貸款及其他應收款項減值別於 認貸款及其他應收款項減值別於 調付計時,則有關差額將會影響 有關估計變動期內應收款項 值虧損撥備賬面值。

於各報告期末,本集團根據其歷 史違約率、現時市況以及前瞻性 估計,通過判斷作出該等假設及 選擇其預期信貸虧損計算的輸入 數據。關鍵假設及所需的輸入數 據的詳情於附註3.1(b)披露。

#### (b) 利得税的關鍵判斷

#### 5 SEGMENT INFORMATION

During the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023, all of the Group's revenue was generated from the money lending business of providing property mortgage loans and personal loans in Hong Kong. Revenue represents interest income earned from loans offered to the Group's customers. Information reported to the Group's chief operating decision maker, for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of the Group's performance, is focused on the operating results of the Group as a whole as the Group's resources are integrated and no discrete financial information is available. Accordingly, no segment analysis or information about the Group's products and services are presented.

All of the Group's revenue from external customers and assets was generated from and located in Hong Kong during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

#### **6 REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME**

Revenue represents the interest income earned from the money lending business of providing property mortgage loans and personal loans in Hong Kong. Revenue and other income recognised during the year are as follows:

#### 5 分部資料

於截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團的收入產生自於 香港提供物業按揭貸款及私人貸款的貸款 業務。收入即自授予本集團客戶的贷款所 賺取的利息收入。就本集團資源分配及 現評估而言,呈報予本集團主要經營決不 現評估而言,呈報予本集團資源且 養得獨立財務資料情況下的本集團產 營業績。因此,並無呈列有關本集團產品 與服務的分部分析或資料。

於截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團來自外部客戶的 所有收入及資產均產生自及位於香港境 內。

## 6 收入及其他收入

收入指自於香港提供物業按揭貸款及私人 貸款的貸款業務所賺取的利息收入。於年 內已確認的收入及其他收入如下:

		Year ended 3 截至十二月三	81 December 十一日止年度
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue Interest income	<b>收入</b> 利息收入	89,879	87,860
Other income  Bank interest income  Government grants (Note)	<b>其他收入</b> 銀行利息收入 政府補助(附註)	2,256 –	1,635 121
		2,256	1,756

Note: Being subsidies provided by the Hong Kong Government. There are no unfulfilled conditions or other contingencies attaching to these grants.

附註:為香港政府提供的補貼。該等補助概無未達成 條件或其他或然事項。

# 7 ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

# 7 行政開支

		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度		
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	
Employee benefit expenses   (including directors' emoluments) (Note 9) Advertising and marketing expenses Legal and professional fees Auditor's remuneration  – Audit services  – Non-audit services Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (Note 14)	僱員福利開支 (包括董事薪酬)(附註9) 廣告及市場推廣開支 法律及專業費用 核數師酬金 一審核服務 一非審核服務 物業、廠房及設備折舊(附註14)	12,072 3,488 1,332 730 174	10,722 4,093 1,293 740 162	
Depreciation of right-of-use assets (Note 15(b)) Other administrative expenses	使用權資產折舊(附註15(b)) 其他行政開支	3,118 3,417 25,055	4,079 1,510 22,714	

# 8 IMPAIRMENT LOSSES ON FINANCIAL ASSETS, NET OF 8 金融資產之減值虧損<sup>,</sup>扣除撥回 REVERSAL

	Year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度			
	12 months expected credit loss (Stage 1) 12個月預期 信貸虧損 (第一階段) HK\$'000 千港元	Lifetime expected credit loss not credit impaired (Stage 2) 非信貸減預期 信貸期 信貨階段) HK\$'000 千港元	Lifetime expected credit loss credit impaired (Stage 3) 信貸減預期 信貨階段) HK\$'000 千港元	## Total 總計 #K\$'000 千港元
Net (reversal of)/charge for 應收貸款減值損失		I Æ J	I /E/L	I /E/U
provisions for impairment losses	(395)	385	8,441	8,431
on interest receivables	(7)	1	630	624
Written off of loans receivable and 撤銷應收貸款及 interest receivables 應收利息	_	_	184	184
Charge for impairment losses on 收回資產減值 repossessed assets 損失開支	_	-	735	735
	(402)	386	9,990	9,974

		Year ended 31 l 二零二三年十二 Lifetime expected credit loss not credit impaired (Stage 2) 非信貸減預期 信貸期預虧 (第二階段)		
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Net (reversal of)/charge for provisions for impairment losses on loans receivable Net (reversal of)/charge for provisions for impairment losses  Net (reversal of)/charge for 應收貸款減值損失 應收利息減值損失 撥備(撥回)/	(1,318)	(2,176)	7,726	4,232
on interest receivables 開支淨額 Charge for impairment losses on a 收回資產減值	(13)	(36)	390	341
repossessed asset 損失開支		_	110	110
	(1,331)	(2,212)	8,226	4,683

# 9 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS)

# 9 僱員福利開支(包括董事薪酬)

		Year ended 3 截至十二月三	
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries, benefits and bonus Pension costs – defined contribution plans (Note)	薪金、福利及花紅 退休金成本-界定供款計劃 (附註)	11,756 316	10,438
		12,072	10,722

Note: The Group participates in a Mandatory Provident Fund scheme (the "MPF Scheme") in accordance with the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme Ordinance of Hong Kong. Under the rules of the MPF Scheme, the employer and its employees in Hong Kong are each required to contribute 5% of their gross earnings with a ceiling of HK\$1,500 per month to the MPF Scheme. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the MPF Scheme is to make the required contributions under the Scheme. No forfeited contribution is available to reduce the contribution payable in future year.

Contributions totalling HK\$50,000 (2023: HK\$50,000) were payable to the fund at the year-end date.

#### Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group include 3 (2023: 3) directors for the year ended 31 December 2024, whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis shown in Note 31. The emoluments payable to the remaining 2 (2023: 2) individual for the year ended 31 December 2024 are as follows:

附註: 本集團根據香港《強制性公積金計劃條例》參與 強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)。根據強 積金計劃規則,香港僱主及其僱員各自須按其 盈利總額的5%(每月上限為1,500港元)向強積 金計劃供款。在強積金計劃內,本集團的責任 僅為向該計劃作出所需供款。概無已沒收供款 可用作減少未來年度應付供款。

截至年結日應付基金供款合共為50,000港元(二零二三年:50,000港元)。

#### 五名最高薪酬人士

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團內五名最高薪酬人士包括3名(二零二三年:3名)董事,其薪酬已反映於附註31所示分析內。截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,應付予餘下2名(二零二三年:2名)最高薪酬人士的薪酬如下:

		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度	
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries, benefits and other remuneration Discretionary bonus Pension costs – defined contribution plans	薪金、福利及其他酬金 酌情花紅 退休金成本-界定供款計劃	1,760 125 36	1,547 112 36
		1,921	1,695

# 9 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS) (CONTINUED)

# 9 僱員福利開支(包括董事薪酬)(續)

The above individuals with the highest emoluments are within the following bands:

上述最高薪酬人士的薪酬範圍如下:

		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度	
		<b>2024</b> 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
Emoluments bands HK\$500,001 – HK\$1,000,000	薪酬範圍 500,001港元至1,000,000港元	2	2

During the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023, no emoluments had been paid by the Group to the directors or the five highest paid individuals referred above as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as a compensation for loss of office.

截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團並無向董事或上 述五名最高薪酬人士支付任何薪酬作為加 入或加入本集團後的獎勵或作為離職補償。

#### 10 FINANCE COSTS

#### 10 財務成本

		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度	
		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Interest expenses on unsecured bank loan Interest expenses on loans from	無抵押銀行貸款利息開支 關聯公司貸款利息開支	-	6
a related company		-	188
Interest expenses on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息開支	259	228
		259	422

#### 11 INCOME TAX EXPENSE

# Hong Kong Profits Tax has been provided for at the rate of 8.25% for the first HK\$2,000,000 estimated assessable profits and 16.5% for estimated assessable profits above HK\$2,000,000 for the group entity qualified for the two-tiered profits tax rates regime introduced pursuant to the Inland Revenue (Amendment) (No. 7) Bill 2017. For group entities not qualifying for the two-tiered profits tax rates regime, Hong Kong Profits Tax has been provided for at a flat rate of 16.5%.

#### 11 利得税開支

根據二零一七年税務(修訂)(第7號)條例草案引入利得税税率兩級制,合資格集團實體的首2,000,000港元估計應課税溢利按8.25%作出撥備,2,000,000港元以上的估計應課税溢利按16.5%作出撥備。就未符合兩級制利得税資格的集團實體而言,香港利得税以税率16.5%的統一税率作出撥備。

合併財務報表附註(續)

#### 11 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (CONTINUED)

# 11 利得税開支(續)

The amount of income tax charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income represents:

計入合併綜合收益表的利得税金額指:

		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度	
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current tax  – Current tax on profits for the year  – Over-provision in prior years	即期税項 一年內即期利得税 一往年超額撥備	9,177 (6)	9,403 (135)
Total current tax	即期税項總額	9,171	9,268
Deferred tax (Note 24) Decrease in deferred tax assets	遞延税項(附註24) -遞延税項資產減少	116	585
Income tax expense	利得税開支	9,287	9,853

The tax on the Group's profit before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise as follows:

按本集團的除利得税前溢利計算的税項與 理論金額不同,現載列如下:

		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度	
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit before income tax	除利得税前溢利	55,047	60,157
Calculated at Hong Kong Profits Tax rate of 8.25% or 16.5% (2023: 8.25% or 16.5%)  Over-provision in prior years  Tax effect of income not subject to taxation  Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax	按香港利得税税率8.25%或16.5% 計算(二零二三年:8.25%或 16.5%) 往年超額撥備 毋須課税税收影響 不可扣税税務影響	8,918 (6) (373)	9,761 (135) (270)
purposes	十四河南吐羊茄石孔双叉鄉	543	510
Tax effect of temporary difference not recognised Utilisation of previously unrecognised tax losses	未確認暫時差額的税務影響動用先前未確認税項虧損	205	(17)
Income tax expense	利得税開支	9,287	9,853

#### 11 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (CONTINUED)

During the year ended 31 December 2017, the Hong Kong Inland Revenue Department (the "IRD") has issued enquiries and a letter to the Company disagreeing with certain interest income received by the Company during the years of assessment 2015/16 and 2016/17 being claimed as capital and offshore in nature.

Notices of assessment of HK\$129,000 and HK\$3,058,000 were issued by the IRD to the Company for the years of assessment 2015/16 and 2016/17, respectively. The Company has lodged objection against the tax assessments with the IRD considering that valid technical grounds are available in claiming the said interest income as capital and offshore in nature. The IRD agreed to hold over the tax claim subject to the purchase of tax reserve certificates of HK\$3,187,000, which was purchased by the Company during the year ended 31 December 2018. During the year ended 31 December 2020, a notice of assessment of HK\$1,310,000 was further issued by the IRD to the Company for the year of assessment 2017/18 on the said interest income. The Company has lodged an objection against the tax assessment 2017/18 with the IRD on the same technical grounds and has purchased an additional tax reserve certificate of HK\$1,310,000 for holding over the tax claim during the year ended 31 December 2020. As at 31 December 2024, the case is referred to the Appeals Section for the Commissioner's determination.

As the ultimate outcome cannot presently be determined and with a view of probable outflow with resources, a tax provision of HK\$4,522,000 in respect of the tax enquiries has been provided in previous years and the Company considered that adequate provision has been made in the Group's consolidated financial statements.

#### 11 利得税開支(續)

截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度,香港税務局(「税務局」)向本公司發出查詢及函件,表示不同意本公司於二零一五/一六年及二零一六/一七年評税年度收取之若干利息收入申報為資本及離岸性質。

税務局向本公司就二零一五/一六年及二 零一六/一七年評税年度發出評税通知金 額分別為129,000港元及3,058,000港元。 本公司考慮到存在有效技術理據聲稱前述 利息收入為資本及離岸性質後向税務局提 出反對税項評税。税務局同意暫緩税項申 索,前提須購買儲税券3,187,000港元,本 公司已於截至二零一八年十二月三十一 日止年度內購買。截至二零二零年十二 月三十一日止年度, 税務局因應上述利 息收入進一步向本公司就二零一七/一八 年評税年度發出評税通知金額為1,310,000 港元。本公司按相同技術理據向稅務局提 出反對二零一七/一八年的税項評税,而 本公司已於截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度購買額外儲税券1,310,000港元, 以暫緩税項申索。於二零二四年十二月 三十一日,該個案已轉介予上訴組供專員 決定。

由於最終結果現時未能釐定及考慮到有資源外流的可能性,於過往年度就有關稅項查詢作出稅項撥備4,522,000港元,且本公司認為已就本集團的合併財務報表作出了充足撥備。

合併財務報表附註(續)

#### 12 EARNINGS PER SHARE

#### (a) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the Company of HK\$45,760,000 (2023: HK\$50,304,000) by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year of 400,000,000 (2023: 400,000,000 shares).

#### 12 每股盈利

#### (a) 每股基本盈利

每股基本盈利按本公司擁有人應佔 溢利45,760,000港元(二零二三年: 50,304,000港元)除以年內已發行普 通股加權平均數400,000,000股(二零 二三年:400,000,000股)計算。

		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度	
		<b>2024</b> 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
Profit attributable to owners of the Company (HK\$'000)	本公司擁有人應佔溢利 (千港元)	45,760	50,304
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue for basic earnings per share ('000)	就計算每股基本盈利所用的 已發行普通股加權平均數 (千股)	400,000	400,000
Basic earnings per share (HK cents)	每股基本盈利(港仙)	11.4	12.6

#### (b) Diluted earnings per share

There were no potential dilutive ordinary shares outstanding during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 and hence the diluted earnings per share is the same as the basic earnings per share.

#### 13 DIVIDEND

A final dividend in respect of the year ended 31 December 2024 of HK5.0 cents per share, totalling HK\$20,000,000 is to be proposed at the upcoming annual general meeting. These consolidated financial statements do not reflect this dividend payable.

#### (b) 每股攤薄盈利

截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月 三十一日止年度,概無發行在外且具 潛在攤薄的普通股,因此每股攤薄盈 利與每股基本盈利相同。

## 13 股息

本公司將於應屆股東週年大會上建議派付截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度的末期股息每股5.0港仙(合共20,000,000港元)。此等合併財務報表並無反映此應付股息。

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Proposed final dividend of HK5.0 cents (2023: HK5.0 cents) per share	建議派付末期股息每股5.0港仙 (二零二三年:5.0港仙)	20,000	20,000

# 14 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

# 14 物業、廠房及設備

		Furniture, fixtures and equipment 傢具、 裝置及設備	Leasehold improvements 租賃物業裝修	Total 總計
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$′000 千港元
As at 31 December 2022	於二零二二年 十二月三十一日			
Cost Accumulated depreciation and	成本 累計折舊及減值	3,249	2,793	6,042
impairment		(2,922)	(2,793)	(5,715)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	327	_	327
Year ended 31 December 2023	截至二零二三年			
Opening net carrying amount	十二月三十一日止年 <b>度</b> 年初賬面淨值	327	-	327
Additions Depreciation	添置 折舊	11 (115)	- -	11 (115)
Closing net carrying amount	年末賬面淨值	223	-	223
As at 31 December 2023	於二零二三年			
Cost	十二月三十一日 成本	3,260	2,793	6,053
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	累計折舊及減值	(3,037)	(2,793)	(5,830)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	223	_	223
Year ended 31 December 2024	截至二零二四年			
Opening net carrying amount	<b>十二月三十一日止年度</b> 年初賬面淨值	223	-	223
Additions Eliminated on written off of cost	添置 消除撇銷成本	25 (380)		1,635 (3,173)
Depreciation Eliminated on written off of	折舊 消除撇銷折舊	(120)	,	(724)
depreciation		380	2,793	3,173
Closing net carrying amount	年末賬面淨值	128	1,006	1,134
As at 31 December 2024	於二零二四年 十二月三十一日			
Cost Accumulated depreciation and	成本 累計折舊及減值	2,905	1,610	4,515
impairment		(2,777)	(604)	(3,381)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	128	1,006	1,134

合併財務報表附註(續)

#### 15 LEASES

# (a) Amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position

The consolidated statement of financial position shows the following amounts relating to leases:

#### 15 租賃

# (a) 於合併財務狀況表內確認的款 項

合併財務狀況表反映以下有關租賃的 款項:

		As at 31 D 於十二月:	
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
<b>Right-of-use assets</b> Land and buildings	<b>使用權資產</b> 土地及樓宇	3,068	6,175
<b>Lease liabilities</b> Current Non-current	<b>租賃負債</b> 流動 非流動	2,157 1,430	3,048 3,587
		3,587	6,635

Additions to the right-of-use assets during the year ended 31 December 2024 were HK\$11,000 (2023: HK\$5,825,000).

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年 度添置使用權資產為11,000港元(二零 二三年:5,825,000港元)。

#### 15 LEASES (CONTINUED)

# (b) Amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income

The consolidated statement of comprehensive income shows the following amounts relating to leases:

#### 15 租賃(續)

# (b) 於合併綜合收益表內確認的款項

合併綜合收益表以下有關租賃的款項:

			Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度	
		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets Land and buildings	<b>使用權資產折舊費用</b> 土地及樓宇	7	3,118	4,079
Interest expense (included in finance cost)	利息開支(計入融資成本)	10	259	228

The total cash outflow for leases during the year ended 31 December 2024 was HK\$3,318,000 (2023: HK\$3,979,000).

# (c) The Group's leasing activities and how these are accounted for

The Group leases an office and a warehouse. Rental contracts are typically made for fixed periods of 2 to 3 years.

Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants other than the security interests in the leased assets that are held by the lessors. Leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes. 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,租賃的現金流出總額為3,318,000港元(二零二三年:3,979,000港元)。

## (c) 本集團的租賃活動及其入賬的 方式

本集團租賃辦公室及倉庫。租賃合約 一般以2至3年為固定期限下訂立。

租期按個別基準磋商,且包含各種不同條款及條件。除出租人持有的租賃 資產中的擔保權益外,租賃協議不施加任何其他契據。租賃資產不得用於 借款擔保。

合併財務報表附註(續)

#### **16 INTANGIBLE ASSET**

#### 16 無形資產

		Club membership 會籍
		HK\$′000 千港元
Cost As at 1 January 2023 Additions	<b>成本</b> 於二零二三年一月一日 添置	15,000
As at 31 December 2023, 1 January 2024 and 31 December 2024	於二零二三年十二月三十一日、 二零二四年一月一日及 二零二四年十二月三十一日	15,000
Accumulated impairment As at 1 January 2023 Impairment loss	<b>累計減值</b> 於二零二三年一月一日 減值虧損	(1,640)
As at 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024 Impairment loss	於二零二三年十二月三十一日及 二零二四年一月一日 減值虧損	(1,640) (1,800)
As at 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	(3,440)
Net carrying amount As at 31 December 2023	<b>賬面淨值</b> 於二零二三年十二月三十一日	13,360
As at 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	11,560

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group acquired a nominated membership of Hong Kong Golf Club ("Club Membership") at a cost of HK\$15,000,000. As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Club Membership is assessed as having an indefinite useful life as the management considered the Group has the contractual right to control over the asset and legal rights with an indefinite period. The Club Membership is carried at cost less accumulated impairment.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group carried out an assessment of the recoverable amount of the Club Membership and recognised an impairment loss of HK\$1,800,000 (2023: HK\$1,640,000) charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2024. Such recoverable amount is estimated with reference to the current open market value less cost of disposal as of the end of the reporting period.

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團以15,000,000港元成本收購香港高爾夫球會提名人會藉(「會藉」)。於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日,管理層認為本集團擁有控制該資產的合約權利及無限期法定權利,因此該會藉被於於為具擁有有無限使用年期。該會藉以成本扣除累計減值虧損列賬。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團對該會籍的可收回金額進行評估,並確認減損虧損1,800,000港元(二零二三年:1,640,000港元)並計入截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度的合併綜合收益表。該可收回金額是參考於報告期末的現行公開市場價值減出售成本估算得出。

#### 17 INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES

# 17 於附屬公司的投資

The following is a list of the principal subsidiaries as at 31 December 2024 and 2023:

以下為於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月 三十一日的主要附屬公司列表:

Name	Place of incorporation and kind of legal entity 註冊成立地點及	Principal activities and place of operation	Share capital	The Con equity i	
名稱	法律實體類型	主要業務及營運地點	股本	本公司的	股本權益
				<b>2024</b> 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
Directly owned: 直接擁有:					
GIC (Overseas) Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands limited liability company	Investment holding in Hong Kong	201 ordinary shares US\$nil	100%	100%
GIC (Overseas) Holdings Limited	英屬處女群島有限公司	於香港投資控股	201股普通股 零美元		
GITI (Overseas) Limited	British Virgin Islands limited liability company	Investment holding in Hong Kong	101 ordinary shares US\$nil	100%	100%
GITI (Overseas) Limited	英屬處女群島有限公司	於香港投資控股	101股普通股 零美元		
Indirectly owned: 間接擁有:					
Global International Credit Limited	Hong Kong limited liability company	Money lending business of providing property mortgage loans and personal loans in Hong Kong	10,100 ordinary shares HK\$391,000,000	100%	100%
環球信貸有限公司	香港有限公司	於香港提供物業按揭貸款及 私人貸款的貸款業務	10,100股普通股 391,000,000港元		
Global International Finance Limited	Hong Kong limited liability company	Money lending business of providing property mortgage loans in Hong Kong	1,000 ordinary shares HK\$1,000	100%	100%
環球貸款有限公司	香港有限公司	於香港提供物業按揭貸款的 貸款業務	1,000股普通股 1,000港元		
Global Property Finance Limited	Hong Kong limited liability company	Money lending business of providing personal loans in Hong Kong	10,000 ordinary shares HK\$10,000	100%	100%
環球物業按揭有限公司	香港有限公司	於香港提供私人貸款的貸款業務	10,000股普通股 10,000港元		

None of the subsidiaries has issued any debt securities at the end of the reporting period.

概無附屬公司於報告期末發行任何債務證券。

合併財務報表附註(續)

#### 18 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

# 18 按類別劃分的金融工具

		<b>As at 31 December</b> 於十二月三十一日	
		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets	金融資產		17870
Financial assets at amortised cost	按攤銷成本列賬的金融資產		
Loans receivable (Note 19)	應收貸款(附註19)	734,790	824,677
Interest receivables (Note 20)	應收利息(附註20)	6,772	12,778
Repossessed assets (Note 21)	收回資產(附註21)	6,626	10,331
Deposits and other receivables (Note 22)	按金及其他應收款項(附註22)	6,152	8,542
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 23)	現金及現金等價物(附註23)	181,823	52,317
Total	總計	936,163	908,645
Financial liabilities	金融負債		
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	按攤銷成本列賬的金融負債		
Other payables (Note 25)	其他應付款項(附註25)	708	758
Lease liabilities (Note 15(a))	租賃負債(附註15(a))	3,587	6,635
Total	炮 計	4,295	7,393

#### 19 LOANS RECEIVABLE

#### 19 應收貸款

			As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日		
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元		
Loans receivable Less: Provision for impairment losses on loans receivable - Stage 1 - Stage 2 - Stage 3	應收貸款 減: 應收貸款減值損失撥備	746,090	834,670		
	一第一階段 一第二階段 一第三階段	(918) (814) (9,568)	(1,313) (429) (8,251)		
		(11,300)	(9,993)		
Loans receivable, net of provision Less: non-current portion	扣除撥備後的應收貸款 減:非流動部分	734,790 (278,054)	824,677 (369,334)		
Current portion	流動部分	456,736	455,343		

The Group's loans receivable, which arise from the money lending business of providing property mortgage loans and personal loans in Hong Kong, are denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

As at 31 December 2024, except for loans receivable of HK\$1,108,000 (2023: HK\$1,301,000), which are unsecured, interest-bearing and are repayable with fixed terms agreed with customers, all other loans receivable are secured by collaterals provided by customers, interest-bearing and are repayable with fixed terms agreed with the customers. The maximum exposure to credit risk at each of the reporting dates is the carrying amount of the loans receivable mentioned above.

本集團於香港提供物業按揭貸款及私人貸款的貸款業務所產生的應收貸款以港元計值。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,除為數1,108,000港元(二零二三年:1,301,000港元)的無抵押、計息並須於與客戶議定的固定期限內償還的應收貸款外,所有其他應收貸款以客戶提供的抵押品作為抵押、計息並須於與客戶議定的固定期限內償還。於各報告日期所面臨的最大信貸風險為上文所述應收貸款賬面值。

合併財務報表附註(續)

#### 19 LOANS RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

As at 31 December 2024, loans receivable of HK\$115,283,000 (2023: HK\$107,493,000) were past due but not credit-impaired. As at 31 December 2024, except for loans receivable of HK\$112,000 (2023: HK\$13,000), which are unsecured, all overdue loans receivable were property secured mortgage loans. These were related to a number of third-party customers and that the directors of the Company are of the opinion that these overdue loans receivable were fully secured by the collateral. Accordingly, these balances are still considered to be fully recoverable.

The aging analysis of these past due but not impaired loans receivable is as follows:

# 19 應收貸款(續)

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,為數 115,283,000港元(二零二三年:107,493,000 港元)的應收貸款已逾期但尚未信貸減 值。於二零二四年十二月三十一日,除為 數112,000港元(二零二三年:13,000港元) 的無抵押應收貸款外,全部已逾期應收貸 款為已抵押物業按揭貸款。該等貸款與多 個獨立第三方客戶有關,本公司董事認為 該等逾期應收貸款由抵押品全數擔保。因 此,該等餘額仍被視為可全數收回。

該等已逾期但尚未減值的應收貸款的賬齡 分析如下:

			As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日		
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元		
1–30 days 31–90 days Over 90 days	1至30日 31至90日 超過90日	9,860 28,931 76,492	15,921 9,116 82,456		
		115,283	107,493		

Further analysis on credit quality of loans receivable are set out in Note 3.1(b).

應收貸款的信貸質素的進一步分析載於附註3.1(b)。

## 19 LOANS RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

# 19 應收貸款(續)

Movements on the Group's impairment of loans receivable are as follows:

本集團的應收貸款減值變動如下:

		Year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度			
		Stage 1 第一階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Stage 2 第二階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Stage 3 第三階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$′000 千港元
As at 1 January 2024	於二零二四年一月一日	1,313	429	8,251	9,993
New loans originated	來自新貸款	57	-	36	93
Loans recovered or repaid	年內已收回或償還的貸款				
during the year		(351)	-	(491)	(842)
Provision transferred to repossessed assets	撥備轉移至收回資產	-	-	(6,432)	(6,432)
Transfer to 12-month expected credit loss (Stage 1)	轉移至12個月預期信貸 虧損(第一階段)	257	(257)	_	_
Transfer to lifetime expected credit loss not credit impaired (Stage 2) Transfer to lifetime expected credit	轉移至全期預期信貸虧損 (未信貸減值)(第二階段) 轉移至全期預期信貸虧損	(1)	1	-	-
loss credit impaired (Stage 3)	(已信貸減值)(第三階段)	(211)	(172)	383	-
Total transfer between stages Impact on year end expected credit loss of exposures transferred between	各階段內轉移總計 年內各階段轉移風險對年末預期 信貸虧損的影響	45	(428)	383	-
stages during the year		(139)	813	7,639	8,313
Movements due to changes in credit risk	信貸風險變更引致的變動	(7)	-	874	867
Write-off	撤銷	-	-	(692)	(692)
As at 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	918	814	9,568	11,300

合併財務報表附註(續)

#### 19 LOANS RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

#### 19 應收貸款(續)

		Year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度			鼓
		Stage 1 第一階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Stage 2 第二階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Stage 3 第三階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日	2,631	2,605	525	5,761
New loans originated	來自新貸款	36	172	-	208
Loans recovered or repaid during the year	年內已收回或償還的貸款	(1,097)	(155)	(86)	(1,338)
Transfer to 12-month expected credit loss (Stage 1)	轉移至12個月預期信貸 虧損(第一階段)	710	(710)	-	-
Transfer to lifetime expected credit loss not credit impaired (Stage 2)	轉移至全期預期信貸虧損 (未信貸減值)(第二階段)	(96)	96	-	-
Transfer to lifetime expected credit loss credit impaired (Stage 3)	轉移至全期預期信貸虧損 (已信貸減值)(第三階段)	(183)	(1,740)	1,923	_
Total transfer between stages Impact on year end expected credit loss of exposures transferred between	各階段內轉移總計 年內各階段轉移風險對年末預期 信貸虧損的影響	431	(2,354)	1,923	-
stages during the year	IEVVIEDIVITAN E	(371)	161	5,807	5,597
Movements due to changes in credit risk	信貸風險變更引致的變動	(317)	-	82	(235)
As at 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日	1,313	429	8,251	9,993

#### 19 LOANS RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

In general, loans receivable are considered as default when the loans receivable or its related instalments are overdue by over 90 days. As at 31 December 2024, loans receivable of HK\$106,771,000 (2023: HK\$136,237,000) was default under lifetime ECL and a provision of HK\$9,568,000 (2023: HK\$8,251,000) was provided.

For loans that are not credit-impaired without significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition "Stage 1", ECL is measured at an amount equal to the portion of lifetime ECL that result from default events possible within the next 12 months. If a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition is identified ("Stage 2") but not yet deemed to be credit impaired, ECL is measured based on lifetime ECL. In general, when loans receivable or its related instalments are overdue by 30 days, there are significant increase in credit risk. During the year ended 31 December 2024, a total provision under Stage 1 and Stage 2 of HK\$10,000 was released from (2023: HK\$3,494,000 was released from) the consolidated statement of comprehensive income based on assessment from ECL model.

A maturity profile of the loans receivable as at the end of the reporting period, based on the maturity date, net of provision, is as follows:

#### 19 應收貸款(續)

一般而言,倘應收貸款或其相關分期付款逾期超過90天,則應收貸款被視為違約。於二零二四年十二月三十一日,應收貸款106,771,000港元(二零二三年:136,237,000港元)於全期預期信貸虧損下已違約,並已計提9,568,000港元(二零二三年:8,251,000港元)的撥備。

根據到期日,應收貸款(扣除撥備)於報告期末的到期情況如下:

		As at 31 C 於十二月	
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current Over 1 year and within 5 years Over 5 years	即期 超過一年及五年以內 超過五年	456,736 124,646 153,408 734,790	455,343 205,945 163,389 824,677

合併財務報表附註(續)

#### **20 INTEREST RECEIVABLES**

#### 20 應收利息

			As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日		
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元		
Interest receivables	應收利息	7,299	13,265		
Less:	減:				
Provision for impairment losses on interest receivables	應收利息的減值損失撥備				
– Stage 1	-第一階段	(6)	(13)		
– Stage 2	一第二階段	(21)	(20)		
– Stage 3	- 第三階段	(500)	(454)		
		(527)	(487)		
Interest receivables, net of provision	扣除撥備後的應收利息	6,772	12,778		

The Group's interest receivables, which arise from the money lending business of providing property mortgage loans and personal loans in Hong Kong, are denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

As at 31 December 2024, except for interest receivables of HK\$96,000 (2023: HK\$30,000), which are unsecured and are repayable with fixed terms agreed with the customers, all other interest receivables are secured by collaterals provided by customers and are repayable with fixed terms agreed with the customers. The maximum exposure to credit risk at each of the reporting dates is the carrying amount of the interest receivables mentioned above.

本集團自於香港提供物業按揭貸款及私人 貸款的貸款業務所產生的應收利息以港元 計值。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,除為數96,000港元(二零二三年:30,000港元)的無抵押並須於與客戶議定的固定期限內償還的應收利息外,所有其他應收利息以客戶提供的抵押品作擔保,並須於與客戶議定的固定期限內償還。於各報告日期所面臨的最大信貸風險為上文所述應收利息賬面值。

#### 20 INTEREST RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

As at 31 December 2024, interest receivables of HK\$5,268,000 (2023: HK\$11,221,000) were past due but not credit-impaired. As at 31 December 2024, except for HK\$88,000 overdue interest receivables which were unsecured (2023: HK\$19,000), all overdue interest receivables were interest derived from property secured mortgage loans. These were related to a number of third-party customers and that the directors of the Company are of the opinion that these overdue interest receivables and the respective loans receivable were fully secured by the collateral. Accordingly, these balances are still considered to be fully recoverable.

The ageing analysis of these interest receivables by due date, net of provision, is as follows:

#### 20 應收利息(續)

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,應收利息 5,268,000港元(二零二三年:11,221,000港 元)已逾期但尚未信貸減值。於二零二四 年十二月三十一日,除為數88,000港元 已逾期應收利息為無抵押(二零二三年: 19,000港元),全部已逾期應收利息為來自 已抵押物業按揭貸款的利息。該等利息與 多名獨立第三方客戶有關,本公司董事認 為該等逾期應收利息及相應應收貸款由抵 押品全數擔保。因此,該等餘額仍被視為 可全數收回。

該等應收利息按到期日的賬齡分析(扣除 撥備)如下:

		As at 31 D 於十二月	
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current 1–30 days 31–90 days Over 90 days	即期 1至30日 31至90日 超過90日	1,504 1,762 1,653 1,853	1,557 3,378 2,963 4,880

Further analyses on credit quality of interest receivables are set out in Note 3.1(b).

應收利息的信貸質素的進一步分析載於附註3.1(b)。

合併財務報表附註(續)

#### 20 INTEREST RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

#### 20 應收利息(續)

Movements on the Group's impairment on interest receivables are as follows:

本集團應收利息減值變動如下:

		Year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度			
		Stage 1 第一階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Stage 2 第二階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Stage 3 第三階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 1 January 2024	於二零二四年一月一日	13	20	454	487
New loans originated	新發貸款	-	-	2	2
Loans recovered or repaid during the year	年內已收回或償還的貸款	(5)	-	(18)	(23)
Provision transferred to repossessed assets	撥備轉移至收回資產	-	-	(334)	(334)
Transfer to 12-month expected credit loss (Stage 1) Transfer to lifetime expected credit loss	轉移至12個月預期信貸虧損 (第一階段) 轉移至全期預期信貸虧損	5	(5)	-	-
not credit impaired (Stage 2) Transfer to lifetime expected credit loss	(未信貸減值)(第二階段) 轉移至全期預期信貸虧損	-	-	-	-
credit impaired (Stage 3)	(已信貸減值)(第三階段)	(1)	(15)	16	-
Total transfer between stages Impact on year end expected credit loss of exposures transferred between stages	各階段內轉移總計 年內各階段轉移風險 對年末預期信貸虧損的影響	4	(20)	16	-
during the year		(4)	21	393	410
Movements due to changes in credit risk	信貸風險變更引致的變動	(2)	-	237	235
Write-off	撇銷	-	-	(250)	(250)
At at 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	6	21	500	527

#### 20 INTEREST RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

#### 20 應收利息(續)

		Year ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度			
		Stage 1 第一階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Stage 2 第二階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Stage 3 第三階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日	26	56	64	146
New loans originated	新發貸款	-	15	-	15
Loans recovered or repaid during the year	年內已收回或償還的貸款	(11)	(3)	(3)	(17)
Transfer to 12-month expected credit loss (Stage 1) Transfer to lifetime expected credit loss	轉移至12個月預期信貸虧損 (第一階段) 轉移至全期預期信貸虧損	17	(17)	-	-
not credit impaired (Stage 2) Transfer to lifetime expected credit loss	(未信貸減值)(第二階段) 轉移至全期預期信貸虧損	(1)	1	-	-
credit impaired (Stage 3)	(已信貸減值)(第三階段)	(2)	(36)	38	-
Total transfer between stages Impact on year end expected credit loss of exposures transferred between stages	各階段內轉移總計 年內各階段轉移風險 對年末預期信貸虧損的影響	14	(52)	38	-
during the year		(14)	4	330	320
Movements due to changes in credit risk	信貸風險變更引致的變動	(2)	_	25	23
At at 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日	13	20	454	487

In general, interest receivables are considered as default when they are overdue by over 90 days. As at 31 December 2024, interest receivables of HK\$4,362,000 (2023: HK\$9,066,000) was default under lifetime ECL and a provision of HK\$500,000 (2023: HK\$454,000) was provided.

一般而言,應收利息逾期超過90天時,應收利息被視為違約。於二零二四年十二月三十一日,應收利息4,362,000港元(二零二三年:9,066,000港元)於全期預期信貸虧損下已違約,並已計提500,000港元(二零二三年:454,000港元)的撥備。

合併財務報表附註(續)

#### 20 INTEREST RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

For loans that are not credit-impaired without significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition "Stage 1", ECL is measured at an amount equal to the portion of lifetime ECL that result from default events possible within the next 12 months. If a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition is identified ("Stage 2") but not yet deemed to be credit impaired, ECL is measured based on lifetime ECL. In general, when interest receivables or its related instalments are overdue by 30 days, there are significant increase in credit risk. During the year ended 31 December 2024, a total provision under Stage 1 and Stage 2 of HK\$6,000 was released from (2023: HK\$49,000 was released from) the consolidated statement of comprehensive income based on assessment from ECL model.

All the interest receivables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the maturity date, are current.

#### 21 REPOSSESSED ASSETS

The nature and carrying amount of these assets held as at 31 December are summarised as follows:

#### 20 應收利息(續)

根據到期日,於報告期末的所有應收利息 均屬即期。

#### 21 收回資產

於十二月三十一日所持該等資產的性質及 賬面值概述如下:

		As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日	
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Repossessed properties  – residential properties  – industrial property  Less: provision for impairment assessment	收回物業 一住宅物業 一工業物業 減:減值評估撥備	7,377 - (751)	4,487 5,844 -
Repossessed assets, net of provision	扣除撥備後的收回資產	6,626	10,331

Repossessed assets represent the outstanding balances reclassified from loans and interest receivables in which the underlying collateral assets that the Group has the rights to rent or sell in the recovery of the credit impaired loans and interest receivables (e.g. through court proceedings) but does not obtain ownership and control of the underlying collateral assets. They are classified as debt instruments carried at amortised cost and are subject to the expected credit loss model. The estimated market value of such repossessed assets as at 31 December 2024 was HK\$10,500,000 (2023: HK\$55,000,000).

收回資產指從應收貸款及利息中重分類的未償還餘額,當中本集團在收回已信貸減值應收貸款及利息(例如透過法院訴訟)時獲得出租或出售之權利但並無獲得相關抵押資產的所有權及控制權的相關抵押資產。該等分類為按攤銷成本列賬之債務工具,並受限於預計信貸損失模型。該等收回資產於二零二四年十二月三十一日之估計市值為10,500,000港元(二零二三年:55,000,000港元)。

#### 21 REPOSSESSED ASSETS (CONTINUED)

#### 21 收回資產(續)

Movements on the Group's provision for impairment of repossessed assets are as follows:

本集團收回資產減值撥備變動如下:

		As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日		
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	
As at 1 January Lifetime expected credit loss transferred from loan and interest receivables under Stage 3 Provisions for impairment losses on repossessed assets provided during	於一月一日 從第三階段的應收貸款及利息的 全期預期信貸虧損轉移 年內計提收回資產減損撥備	6,766	658	
the year Written off on disposal	出售時撇銷	735 (6,750)	(658)	
As at 31 December	於十二月三十一日	751	-	

# 22 PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES 22 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項

		<b>As at 31 December</b> 於十二月三十一日	
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Prepayments Deposits Tax reserve certificate Other receivables	預付款項 按金 儲税券 其他應收款項	1,437 1,319 4,497 336	1,852 3,947 4,497 98
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables Less: non-current portion	預付款項、按金及其他應收款項 減:非流動部分	7,589	10,394
Current portion	流動部分	6,369	9,174

The Group's deposits and other receivables are denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

本集團的按金及其他應收款項以港元計

All deposits and other receivables are neither past due nor impaired.

所有按金及其他應收款項均既無逾期亦無 減值。

合併財務報表附註(續)

#### 23 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

#### 23 現金及現金等價物

#### Cash at bank and on hand

銀行及手頭現金

		As at 31 D 於十二月	
		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Cash at bank and on hand	銀行及手頭現金	181,823	52,317

The carrying amounts of the Group's cash at bank and on hand are all denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

本集團銀行及手頭現金的賬面值按全部以港元計值。

#### 24 DEFERRED TAX ASSETS

All deferred tax assets of the Group are expected to be recovered after more than 12 months.

The movement in deferred income tax assets during the year, without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction, is as follows:

#### 24 遞延税項資產

預期本集團所有遞延税項資產將於超過十二個月後收回。

遞延利得税資產於年內的變動(並未計及同一稅務司法權區內的結餘抵銷)如下:

		Accelerated tax	Provisions for collective impairment of loans and interest	
		depreciation 加速税項折舊 HK\$'000 千港元	receivable 應收貸款 共同減值及 利息撥備 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> <b>總計</b> HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2023 Charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income	於二零二三年一月一日於合併綜合收益表扣除	193	877 (585)	1,070
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日	193	292	485
At 1 January 2024 Charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income	於二零二四年一月一日於合併綜合收益表扣除	193	292	485 (116)
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	80	289	369

#### 24 DEFERRED TAX ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences to the extent that the realisation of the related tax benefit through future taxable profits is probable.

As at 31 December 2024, the Group did not recognise deferred tax assets of HK\$230,000 (2023: HK\$230,000) in respect of losses amounting to HK\$1,391,000 (2023: HK\$1,391,000) that can be carried forward indefinitely against future taxable income.

#### 25 ACCRUALS AND OTHER PAYABLES

#### 24 遞延税項資產(續)

倘有可能透過日後應課税溢利變現有關稅 項優惠,則就可扣減暫時差額確認遞延稅 項資產。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團並無就可無限期結轉並可抵銷未來應課税收入的虧損1,391,000港元(二零二三年:1,391,000港元)確認遞延税項資產230,000港元(二零二三年:230,000港元)。

#### 25 應計費用及其他應付款項

		— As at 31 [ 於十二月	December 三十一日
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Accruals Other payables	應計費用 其他應付款項	1,905 708	2,147 758
Total	總計	2,613	2,905

Accruals and other payables are denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

應計費用及其他應付款項以港元計值。

合併財務報表附註(續)

#### **26 CASH FLOW INFORMATION**

# 26 現金流量資料

## (a) Cash generated from operations

### (a) 經營業務所產生現金

		Year ended 3 截至十二月三	
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit before income tax Adjustments for:	除利得税前溢利 就下列各項作出調整:	55,047	60,157
Bank interest income (Note 6)  Depreciation of property, plant and	銀行利息收入(附註6) 物業、廠房及設備折舊	(2,256)	(1,635)
equipment (Note 7)  Depreciation on right-of-use assets	(附註7) 使用權資產折舊	724	115
(Note 7) Interest expenses (Note 10)	(附註7) 利息開支(附註10)	3,118 259	4,079 422
Impairment losses on financial assets, net of reversal (Note 8) Impairment losses on intangible asset	金融資產之減值虧損, 扣除撥回(附註8) 無形資產之減值虧損(附註16)	9,974	4,683
(Note 16) Changes in working capital:	營運資金變動:	1,800	1,640
Loans receivable	應收貸款	81,456	36,857
Interest receivables	應收利息	5,198	(4,105)
Repossessed assets	收回資產	2,970	(5,736)
Prepayments, deposits and	預付款項、按金及		
other receivables	其他應收款項	2,856	(2,837)
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項	(292)	(863)
Cash generated from operations	經營業務所產生現金	160,854	92,777

#### **26 CASH FLOW INFORMATION (CONTINUED)**

### 26 現金流量資料(續)

# (b) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

# (b) 融資活動所產生負債的對賬

		Bank loan/ Bank and other borrowings Note 銀行貸款/	Loans from a related company	Dividend payable	Lease liabilities	Total liabilities from financing activities
		銀行及其他借款 附註 HK\$'000	關聯 公司貸款 HK\$'000	<b>應付股息</b> HK\$'000 エ:# ニ	租賃負債 HK\$'000 インサー	融資活動 負債總額 HK\$'000 ~~;# =
As at 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日	千港元 15,000	千港元 28,000	千港元	千港元 4,599	千港元 47,599
Changes from financing cash flows: Repayment of loans Dividend paid Lease payment	融資現金流量變動: 償還貸款 已付股息 租賃付款	(15,000)	(28,000)	(20,400) -	- (3,979)	(43,000) (20,400) (3,979)
Total change from financing cash flows	融資現金流量變動總額	(15,000)	(28,000)	(20,400)	(3,979)	(67,379)
Other changes: Dividend declared Addition to lease liabilities Interest on lease liabilities	其他變動: 已宣派股息 增加租賃負債 租賃負債利息	- - -	- - -	20,400 - -	- 5,787 228	20,400 5,787 228
Total other changes	其他變動總額	-	-	20,400	6,015	26,415
As at 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月 三十一日	-	-	-	6,635	6,635
As at 1 January 2024	於二零二四年一月一日	-	-	-	6,635	6,635
Changes from financing cash flows: Dividend paid Lease payment	融資現金流量變動: 已付股息 租賃付款		- -	(20,000)	- (3,318)	(20,000) (3,318)
Total change from financing cash flows	融資現金流量變動總額	-	-	(20,000)	(3,318)	(23,318)
Other changes: Dividend declared Addition to lease liabilities Interest on lease liabilities	其他變動: 已宣派股息 增加租賃負債 租賃負債利息		- - -	20,000 - -	- 11 259	20,000 11 259
Total other changes	其他變動總額	-	-	20,000	270	20,270
As at 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月 三十一日	-	-	-	3,587	3,587

Note: For the year ended 31 December 2023, interest paid is classified as generated from cash used in operating activities of approximately HK\$204,000.

附註: 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度, 已付利息歸類為經營現金流並經營活動所 用現金記賬約204,000港元。

合併財務報表附註(續)

#### **27 SHARE CAPITAL**

#### 27 股本

#### **Authorised share capital**

#### 法定股本

		Number of ordinary shares 普通股數目		Equivalent nominal value of ordinary shares 普通股等同面值 HK\$ 港元
At 1 January 2023, 31 December 2023, 1 January 2024 and 31 December 2024	於二零二三年一月一日、 二零二三年十二月三十一日、 二零二四年一月一日及 二零二四年十二月三十一日	10,000,000,000	0.01	100,000,000

#### Issued share capital

#### 已發行股本

		Number of issued shares 已發行股份數目	Amount 金額 HK\$ 港元
At 1 January 2023, 31 December 2023, 1 January 2024 and 31 December 2024	於二零二三年一月一日、 二零二三年十二月三十一日、 二零二四年一月一日及 二零二四年十二月三十一日	400,000,000	4,000,000

#### **28 RESERVES**

thereof.

#### 28 儲備

The amount of the Group's reserve and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 87 of the financial statements.

The Group's capital reserve represents the excess of the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiaries acquired by the Company pursuant to the reorganisation prior to the Listing of the Company's share, over the nominal value of the Company's share issued in exchange

本集團本年度及過往年度的儲備金額及 變動載於財務報表第87頁的合併權益變動 表。

本集團之資本儲備指根據本公司股份上市 前重組本公司收購之附屬公司資產淨值公 平值超過本公司已發行作為交換之股份之 面值。

#### 29 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Group is controlled by Blossom Spring (incorporated in BVI), which is the ultimate holding company of the Company and owns 75% of the Company's shares. The remaining 25% of the shares are widely held. The ultimate controlling party is Ms. Jin Xiaoqin ("Ms. Jin").

In addition to the transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in this consolidated financial statement, the following is a summary of the significant transactions carried out between the Group and its related parties in the ordinary course of business during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

#### (a) Interest expenses on loans from a related company

#### 29 關聯方交易

本集團由Blossom Spring(於英屬處女群島註冊成立)控制,Blossom Spring為本公司最終控股公司,並擁有本公司75%的股份。其餘25%股份則由多方持有。最終控制方為金曉琴女士(「金女士」)。

除本合併財務報表其他部分所披露的交易 及結餘外,下文概述本集團與其關聯方 於截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月 三十一日止年度在日常業務過程中進行的 重大交易。

#### (a) 關聯公司貸款利息開支

		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度		
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	
Interest expenses on loans from a related company – World Deluxe Limited ("World Deluxe")	關聯公司貸款利息開支一 威達龍有限公司(「威達龍」)	-	188	

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group obtained an unsecured revolving loan facility from World Deluxe, a related company of the Group where Ms. Wang Yao, an executive director of the Company, is the sole ultimate beneficial owner, with a facility limit of HK\$50,000,000 (2023: HK\$50,000,000). The facility is denominated in Hong Kong dollars, repayable in one year and bears a fixed interest rate of 6.5% per annum (2023: 5.5%). As at 31 December 2024, the Group did not utilise the loan facility (2023: nil).

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團自本集團關聯公司威達龍獲得無抵押循環貸款融資,而王瑤女士(本公司之執行董事)為唯一最終實益擁有人,融資限額為50,000,000港元(二零二三年:50,000,000港元)。融資以港元計值、須於一年內償還及按固定年利率6.5%(二零二三年:5.5%)計息。於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團未有動用有關貸款融資(二零二三年:無)。

合併財務報表附註(續)

#### 29 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

## 29 關聯方交易(續)

#### (b) Key management compensation

The remuneration of executive Directors of the Company and other members of key management is shown below:

### (b) 主要管理人員薪酬

本公司執行董事及其他主要管理人員 之薪酬如下所示:

		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度		
		<b>2024</b> 20 二零二四年 二零二三 <b>HK\$'000</b> HK\$'0 千港元 千港		
Salaries, benefits and other remuneration Discretionary bonus Pension costs	薪金、福利及其他酬金 酌情花紅 退休金成本	4,464 332 72	4,147 288 72	
		4,868	4,507	

# 30 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY

#### 30 本公司財務狀況表及儲備變動

Statement of Financial Position of the Company

本公司財務狀況表

			As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日		
			2024	2023	
			二零二四年	二零二三年	
		Notes 附註	HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$′000 千港元	
ASSETS Non-current assets Investments in subsidiaries Intangible asset Amounts due from subsidiaries	資產 非流動資產 於附屬公司的投資 無形資產 應收附屬公司款項	17	444,795 11,560 80,053	444,795 13,360 105,988	
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值		536,408	564,143	
<b>Current assets</b> Prepayment and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents	<b>流動資產</b> 預付款項及其他應收款項 現金及現金等價物		4,701 60,885	4,735 25,370	
Total current assets	流動資產總值		65,586	30,105	
Total assets	資產總值		601,994	594,248	
EQUITY Equity attributable to owners of the Company Share capital	權益 本公司擁有人應佔權益 股本		4,000	4,000	
Other reserves Retained earnings/(accumulated losses)	其他儲備	(a)	566,591 7,319	566,591 (427)	
Total equity	權益總額		577,910	570,164	
LIABILITIES Non-current liability	負債 非流動負債				
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項		19,554	19,554	
Total non-current liability	非流動負債總額		19,554	19,554	
<b>Current liabilities</b> Tax payable Accruals	<b>流動負債</b> 應付税項 應計費用		4,522 8	4,522 8	
Total current liabilities	流動負債總值		4,530	4,530	
Total liabilities	負債總額		24,084	24,084	
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額		601,994	594,248	

The statement of financial position of the Company was approved by the Board of Directors on 28 March 2025 and was signed on its behalf.

本公司財務狀況表獲董事會於二零二五年 三月二十八日批准刊發並由以下人士代為 簽署。

Ms. Wang Yao王瑤女士  $Director \overline{m{z}}$  事

Ms. Yip Lee Ying 葉莉盈女士 Director董事

合併財務報表附註(續)

# 30 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY (CONTINUED)

# 30 本公司財務狀況表及儲備變動(續)

#### Statement of Financial Position of the Company (Continued)

Note (a) Reserve movement of the Company

### 本公司財務狀況表(續)

附註(a) 本公司儲備變動

		Share premium	Capital reserve	(Accumulated losses)/ Retained earnings (累計虧損)/	Total
		<b>股份溢價</b> HK\$'000	<b>資本儲備</b> HK\$'000	<b>保留盈利</b> HK\$'000	合計 HK\$'000
Balance at 1 January 2023 Total comprehensive income	於二零二三年一月一日之結餘 年內綜合收入總額	千港元 122,176	千港元 444,415	千港元 1,575	千港元 568,166
<b>for the year Transactions with owners</b> Dividend paid relating to 2022	<b>與擁有人的交易</b> 有關二零二二年已付股息	-	-	18,398 (20,400)	18,398 (20,400)
Total transactions with owners, recognised directly in equity	與擁有人的交易總額 (直接於權益確認)	_	-	(20,400)	(20,400)
Balance at 31 December 2023	於二零二三年 十二月三十一日之結餘	122,176	444,415	(427)	566,164
Representing Reserves Proposed final dividend	佔以下項目 儲備 建議末期股息	122,176	424,415 20,000	(427) -	546,164 20,000
Balance at 31 December 2023	於二零二三年 十二月三十一日之結餘	122,176	444,415	(427)	566,164
Balance at 1 January 2024 Total comprehensive income	於二零二四年一月一日之結餘 年內綜合收入總額	122,176	444,415	(427)	566,164
<b>for the year Transactions with owners</b> Dividend paid relating to 2023	<b>與擁有人的交易</b> 有關二零二三年已付股息	-	-	27,746 (20,000)	27,746 (20,000)
Total transactions with owners, recognised directly in equity	與擁有人的交易總額 (直接於權益確認)	_	-	(20,000)	(20,000)
Balance at 31 December 2024	於二零二四年 十二月三十一日之結餘	122,176	444,415	7,319	573,910
Representing Reserves Proposed final dividend	佔以下項目 儲備 建議末期股息	122,176	424,415 20,000	7,319 -	553,910 20,000
Balance at 31 December 2024	於二零二四年 十二月三十一日之結餘	122,176	444,415	7,319	573,910

# 30 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY (CONTINUED)

# 30 本公司財務狀況表及儲備變動(續)

#### Statement of Financial Position of the Company (Continued)

Note (a) Reserve movement of the Company (Continued)

The Company's capital reserve represents the excess of the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiaries acquired by the Company pursuant to the reorganisation prior to the listing of the Company's share, over the nominal value of the Company's share issued in exchange therefor.

Under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, a company may make distributions to its shareholders out of the capital reserves in certain circumstances.

# 31 BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS

#### (a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments

The remuneration of every director and the chief executive of the Company is set out below:

#### For the year ended 31 December 2024:

#### 本公司財務狀況表(續)

附註(a) 本公司儲備變動(續)

由重組產生的本公司資本儲備指於本公司股份上市前,本公司根據重組收購附屬公司的資產淨值的公平值超出本公司為換取上述附屬公司而發行的股份面值之數額。

根據開曼群島公司法,公司可於若干情況下 自資本儲備向其股東作出分派。

#### 31 董事福利及利益

#### (a) 董事及總裁的薪酬

本公司每名董事及總裁的酬金載列如下:

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日 止年度:

		作系	Emoluments paid or receivable in respect of a person's services as a di whether of the company or its subsidiary undertaking 作為董事為本公司或附屬公司業務提供個人服務的已付或應收酬金 Discretionary Pension Other				<b>金</b>
		Fees 袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	Salary 薪金 HK\$'000 千港元	bonuses 酌情花紅 HK\$'000 千港元	costs 退休金成本 HK\$'000 千港元	benefits 其他福利 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Executive Directors Ms. Wang Yao Ms. Jin Xiaoqin Ms. Yip Lee Ying	<b>執行董事</b> 王瑤女士 金曉琴女士 葉莉盈女士	600 600 -	- - 1,505	- - 207	18 - 18	- - -	618 600 1,730
		1,200	1,505	207	36	-	2,948
Independent non-executive Directors Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick Dr. Ng Lai Man, Carmen Mr. Pao Ping Wing	<b>獨立非執行董事</b> 文耀光先生 吳麗文博士 浦炳榮先生	240 240 180	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	240 240 180
		660	-	-	-	-	660

合併財務報表附註(續)

# 31 BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

# (a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments (Continued)

During the year, no director has waived any emoluments (2023: nil).

#### For the year ended 31 December 2023:

#### 31 董事福利及利益(續)

#### (a) 董事及總裁的薪酬(續)

年內,概無董事放棄任何酬金(二零 二三年:無)。

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日 止年度:

		作為	Emoluments paid or receivable in respect of a person's services as a director whether of the company or its subsidiary undertaking 作為董事為本公司或附屬公司業務提供個人服務的已付或應收酬金 Discretionary Pension Other					
		Fees 袍金	Salary 薪金	bonuses 酌情花紅	costs 退休金成本	benefits # 44 垣 利	Total 4a ≟⊥	
		他並 HK\$'000 千港元	新亚 HK\$'000 千港元	的旧化紅 HK\$'000 千港元	巡州並成本 HK\$'000 千港元	其他福利 HK\$'000 千港元	總計 HK\$'000 千港元	
Executive Directors Ms. Wang Yao	<b>執行董事</b> 王瑤女士	600	_	_	18	_	618	
Ms. Jin Xiaoqin Ms. Yip Lee Ying	金曉琴女士 葉莉盈女士	600	- 1,401	- 175	- 18	-	600 1,594	
		1,200	1,401	175	36	-	2,812	
Independent non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事					-		
Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick	文耀光先生	240	-	-	-	-	240	
Dr. Ng Lai Man, Carmen Mr. Tang, Warren Louis	吳麗文博士 唐偉倫先生	240 240				-	240 240	
		720	-	-	-	-	720	

# 31 BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

# (b) Directors' retirement benefits and termination benefits

None of the directors received or will receive any retirement benefits or termination benefits during the year (2023: nil).

# (c) Consideration provided to third parties for making available directors' services

During the year ended 31 December 2024, no consideration was provided to or receivable by third parties for making available director's services (2023: nil).

# (d) Information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such directors

There are no loans, quasi-loans or other dealings in favour of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such directors subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year (2023: nil).

# (e) Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

Save as disclosed in Note 29, no significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year (2023: nil).

#### 31 董事福利及利益(續)

#### (b) 董事退休與離職福利

並無董事於本年度內收取或將會收取 任何退休福利和離職福利(二零二三 年:無)。

#### (c) 因董事服務向第三方提供的代 價

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,並無因董事服務向第三方提供代價,第三方亦無應收代價(二零二三年:無)。

#### (d) 關於以董事、受控制法人團體 及與該等董事有關連之實體為 受益人的貸款、準貸款及其他 交易資料

截至本年度末或於年內任何時間並無 以董事、受控制法人團體及該等董事 有關連之實體為受益人的貸款、準貸 款及其他交易(二零二三年:無)。

#### (e) 董事於交易、安排或合約之重 大權益

除附註29所披露外,截至本年度末或 於年內任何時間,本公司並無訂立任 何與本集團業務有關且本公司董事擁 有重大權益(無論直接或間接)的重 大交易、安排及合約(二零二三年: 無)。

# **Five Year Financial Summary**

# 五年財務概要

RESULTS 業績

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	收入	89,879	87,860	90,524	85,981	103,277
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year attributable to owners	擁有人應佔的年度溢利及 綜合收入總額	45,760	50,304	50,959	52,520	64,165

#### **ASSETS AND LIABILITIES**

### 資產及負債

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Total assets Total liabilities	資產總值 負債總額	953,731 12,847	930,740 15,616	943,941 58,721	905,458 49,997	898,924 57,583
Total equity	權益總額	940,884	915,124	885,220	855,461	841,341



環球信貸集團有限公司 Global International Credit Group Limited (Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

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