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Corporate Information

公司資料

Board of Directors

Executive directors

Mr. She Siu Kee William (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Chong Cheuk Ki Mr. Leung Yat Pang

Non-executive director

Mr. Leung Wai Ming

Independent non-executive directors

Mr. Poon Chun Wai

Mr. Fu Chung

Mr. Ma Siu Kit

Ms. Yu Mei Hung

Audit Committee

Mr. Ma Siu Kit (Chairman)

Mr. Poon Chun Wai

Mr. Fu Chung

Ms. Yu Mei Hung

Remuneration Committee

Mr. Poon Chun Wai (Chairman)

Mr. She Siu Kee William

Mr. Fu Chung

Nomination Committee

Mr. Fu Chung (Chairman)

Mr. She Siu Kee William

Mr. Poon Chun Wai

Ms. Yu Mei Hung

Authorised Representatives

Mr. She Siu Kee William

Ms. Leung Ngan Yi

Company Secretary

Ms. Leung Ngan Yi

Registered Office

Cricket Square Hutchins Drive, PO Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111

Cayman Islands

董事會

執行董事

佘紹基先生 *(主席兼行政總裁)* 莊卓琪先生 梁一鵬先生

非執行董事

梁衞明先生

獨立非執行董事

潘振威先生 傅忠先生

馬兆杰先生

余美紅女士

審核委員會

馬兆杰先生(主席)

潘振威先生

傅忠先生

余美紅女士

薪酬委員會

潘振威先生(主席)

佘紹基先生

傅忠先生

提名委員會

傅忠先生(主席)

佘紹基先生

潘振威先生

余美紅女士

授權代表

佘紹基先生

梁雁怡女士

公司秘書

梁雁怡女士

註冊辦事處

Cricket Square Hutchins Drive, PO Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

Headquarter and Principal Place of Business in Hong Kong

Flat A, 4/F, Phase 3 Kwun Tong Industrial Centre 448-458 Kwun Tong Road Kwun Tong, Kowloon Hong Kong

Principal Bankers

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited Dah Sing Bank, Limited

Auditor

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Certified Public Accountants
Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor

Legal Advisor to the Company (Hong Kong Law)

Hastings & Co.

Principal Share Registrar and Transfer Office

Ocorian Trust (Cayman) Limited Windward 3, Regatta Office Park PO Box 1350 Grand Cayman KY1-1108 Cayman Islands

Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar and Transfer Office

Tricor Investor Services Limited 17/F, Far East Finance Centre 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong

Company Website

http://www.eprintgroup.com.hk

Stock Code

1884

香港總公司及主要營業地點

香港 九龍觀塘 觀塘道448-458號 觀塘工業中心 第三期四樓A室

主要往來銀行

中國銀行(香港)有限公司 大新銀行有限公司

核數師

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 執業會計師 註冊公眾利益實體核數師

本公司法律顧問(香港法例)

希仕廷律師行

主要股份登記及過戶處

Ocorian Trust (Cayman) Limited Windward 3, Regatta Office Park PO Box 1350 Grand Cayman KY1-1108 Cayman Islands

香港股份登記及過戶分處

卓佳證券登記有限公司 香港夏慤道16號 遠東金融中心17樓

公司網址

http://www.eprintgroup.com.hk

股份代號

1884

Financial Highlights

財務摘要

- The revenue of the Group amounted to approximately HK\$292.6 million and approximately HK\$316.3 million respectively for the years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024.
- The gross profit of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2025 was approximately HK\$114.2 million, representing a decrease of approximately 4.2% as compared to that for the year ended 31 March 2024 while the gross profit margin improved from approximately 37.7% for the year ended 31 March 2024 to approximately 39.0% for the year ended 31 March 2025.
- The loss for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company was approximately HK\$6.1 million for the year ended 31 March 2025, represented a decrease in loss of approximately HK\$2.2 million as compared to that for the year ended 31 March 2024.
- The cash and cash equivalents of the Group was approximately HK\$103.1 million as at 31 March 2025, representing an increase of approximately HK\$3.0 million as compared to that as at 31 March 2024.
- The Board did not recommend the payment of final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2025.

- 截至二零二五年及二零二四年三月三十一日止年度,本集團的收益分別為約292,600,000港元及約316,300,000港元。
- 截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度,本集團之毛利約為114,200,000港元,較截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度之毛利減少約4.2%,毛利率由截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度的約37.7%增長至截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度的約39.0%。
- 截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度,本公司權益持有人應佔年內虧損約為6,100,000港元,較截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度減少虧損約2,200,000港元。
- 於二零二五年三月三十一日,本集團現金及現金等值項目約為 103,100,000港元,較於二零二四年 三月三十一日之現金及現金等值項 目增加約3,000,000港元。
- 董事會並無建議派付截至二零二五 年三月三十一日止年度的末期股息。

Chairman's Statement 主席報告

To Our Shareholders

On behalf of the board (the "Board") of directors (the "Directors") of eprint Group Limited (the "Company", together with its subsidiaries, collectively known as the "Group"), I am pleased to present the annual results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2025, together with the comparative figures for the year ended 31 March 2024.

Operating Results

The external environment of Hong Kong remain complicated. As a result of the ongoing market downturn, the Group reported revenue of approximately HK\$292.6 million for the year ended 31 March 2025, reflecting a decrease of approximately HK\$23.7 million compared with that for the year ended 31 March 2024.

The Group achieved a reduction in loss attributable to equity holders of the Company, reporting a loss of approximately HK\$6.1 million for the year ended 31 March 2025. This represents an improvement of approximately HK\$2.2 million compared to the loss of HK\$8.3 million for the year ended 31 March 2024.

Prospects

Throughout the year ended 31 March 2025, the Group continued to build on its investments in advanced machinery, further solidifying its capabilities in paper printing and digital printing. These enhancements have enabled us to better align our offerings with customer expectations and emerging market demands, reinforcing our position as a trusted industry leader. Our ongoing commitment to upgrading production facilities and embracing innovative technologies remains a cornerstone of our strategy to drive growth and competitiveness.

Despite persistent economic uncertainties, the Group remains vigilant in monitoring market conditions and proactively refining its cost and risk management policies. We are prepared to respond swiftly to shifts in the business landscape, ensuring operational agility and financial stability. Moving forward, management is dedicated to fortifying our core printing businesses while optimizing resource allocation to enhance efficiency and profitability. This approach aims to establish a resilient and sustainable operation that delivers long-term value.

各位股東:

本人謹代表eprint集團有限公司(「本公司」,連同其附屬公司統稱「本集團」)董事(「董事」)會(「董事會」)欣然提呈本集團截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度的全年業績,連同截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度的比較數字。

營運業績

香港外部環境仍然錯綜複雜。受市場持續低迷影響,截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度,本集團錄得收益約292,600,000港元,較截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度減少約23,700,000港元。

本集團實現本公司權益持有人應佔虧損減少,截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度錄得虧損約6,100,000港元,較截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度的虧損8,300,000港元改善約2,200,000港元。

前景

於截至二零二五年三月三十一日止整個年度,本集團持續加大先進機器投資化度,進一步鞏固其於紙類印刷及數碼的實力。該等改進使我們能夠更地調整產品以滿足客戶期望及新興市場需求,從而加強我們作為值得信賴的行業設領導者的地位。我們持續致力升級生產設施並採用創新技術,而這始終是我們推動增長及競爭力策略的基石。



In addition, the Group will actively pursue new business opportunities to diversify revenue streams and unlock greater growth potential. Our focus remains on accelerating business development, fostering innovation, and maximizing returns for shareholders. By combining disciplined execution with strategic vision, we aspire to lead the Group toward a future of consistent growth, strong performance, and enduring success, creating stable and growing value for our shareholders.

此外,本集團將積極物色新商機,以多元 化收入來源並釋放更大增長潛力。我們將 繼續專注加速業務發展、推動創新,並為 股東創造最大回報。結合嚴格的執行力與 策略願景,我們致力帶領本集團邁向持續 增長、表現強勁、長久成功的未來,為股 東創造穩定且不斷增長的價值。

Appreciation

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I extend our heartfelt appreciation to our shareholders, customers, and business partners for their unwavering trust and steadfast support throughout the year. I also wish to express my deep gratitude to our dedicated management team and staff, whose hard work, loyalty, and talent have been instrumental in driving our progress. Their commitment and invaluable contributions continue to shape a bright future for the Group, and for that, we are truly thankful.

鳴謝

本人謹代表董事會,衷心感謝股東、客戶及業務夥伴於過去一年的堅定信任及鼎力支持。本人亦向我們勤勉的管理層團隊及全體員工致以深切謝意,彼等的辛勤付出、忠誠奉獻及卓越才華推動我們進步。彼等的投入及寶貴貢獻持續為本集團塑造美好未來,對此,我們深表謝意。

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

Business Review

The Company is an investment holding company. The Group is principally engaged in the provision of printing services to a diversified customer base in Hong Kong. The Group is also engaged in the provision of solutions on advertisement, bound books and stationeries as well as yacht financing.

The Board presents to its shareholders (the "Shareholders") the results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2025. As at 31 March 2025 and currently, the Group is principally engaged in three business segments, paper printing business, banner printing business and yacht financing business.

Paper printing business

For the paper printing segment, the revenue was mainly derived from the brand "e-print". e-print provides a wide range of paper printing products including leaflets, booklets, business cards, stationery, etc.

For the years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024, the revenue of the Group's paper printing segment were approximately HK\$197.6 million and approximately HK\$223.6 million respectively.

Banner printing business

For the Group's banner printing segment, the revenue was mainly derived from the brand "e-banner". e-banner provides a large number of digital printing products, roll-up banners, mountings (foamboard, PVC board and hollow board, etc.), stickers, posters, flags, promotional tables, outdoor banners etc.

For the years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024, the Group recorded revenue from banner printing business of approximately HK\$90.3 million and approximately HK\$92.7 million respectively.

業務回顧

本公司為投資控股公司。本集團主要從事於香港向多元化客戶群提供印刷服務。本 集團亦從事就廣告、精裝圖書及文具提供 解決方案以及遊艇融資。

董事會向股東(「股東」)提呈本集團截至 二零二五年三月三十一日止年度的業績。 於二零二五年三月三十一日及目前,本集 團主要從事三個業務分部,即紙品印刷業 務、噴畫印刷業務及遊艇融資業務。

紙品印刷業務

就紙品印刷分部而言,收益主要來自「e-print」品牌。e-print提供廣泛的紙品印刷產品,包括宣傳張單、書刊、咭片、信紙等。

截至二零二五年及二零二四年三月三十一日止年度,本集團紙品印刷分部收益分別為約197,600,000港元及約223,600,000港元。

噴畫印刷業務

本集團噴畫印刷分部的收益主要來自 [e-banner]品牌。e-banner提供大量數碼印刷產品、易拉架噴畫、支架(泡沫板、 PVC板及空心板等)、貼紙、海報、旗幟、 促銷檯、戶外噴畫橫幅等。

截至二零二五年及二零二四年三月三十一日止年度,本集團錄得噴畫印刷業務收益分別約90,300,000港元及約92,700,000港元。

Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

Business Review (Continued)

Yacht financing business

For the segment of yacht financing, the Group generated revenue from the provision of financing of yacht to commercial and personal customers.

The revenue from yacht financing segment for the year ended 31 March 2025 amounted to approximately HK\$4.7 million.

Materials events occurred during the reporting period

The Group also conducted the following transactions in the ordinary and usual course of business during the year ended 31 March 2025:

Acquisition of Properties

On 21 March 2024, Kimley Technology (HK) Limited, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, as purchaser (the "Purchaser") and Blissful Sky Holdings Company Limited, as vendor (the "Vendor") entered into a purchase agreement, pursuant to which, the Purchaser agreed to purchase and the Vendor agreed to sell a property located at Unit H4, 3rd Floor, Block 4, Kwun Tong Industrial Centre, Nos. 436-446 Kwun Tong Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong ("Property 1") at a consideration of HK\$9,156,000.

In addition, on 2 April 2024, the Purchaser and the Vendor had entered into a provisional agreement, pursuant to which, the Purchaser agreed to purchase and the Vendor agreed to sell a property at Unit J4, 3rd Floor, Block 4, Kwun Tong Industrial Centre, Nos. 436-446 Kwun Tong Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong ("Property 2") at a consideration of HK\$10,404,000.

The acquisition of the Property 1 and Property 2 had already been completed in accordance with the terms and conditions of the respective agreements. For further details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 2 April 2024.

業務回顧(續)

遊艇融資業務

本集團遊艇融資分部的收益產生自向商業及個人客戶提供遊艇融資。

截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度,遊艇融資分部的收益約為4,700,000港元。

於報告期內發生之重大事項

於截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度, 本集團亦於日常及一般業務過程中進行 下列交易:

收購物業

於二零二四年三月二十一日,本公司之間接全資附屬公司金來科技(香港)有限公司(作為買方)(「買方」)與樂天控股有限公司(作為賣方)(「賣方」)訂立購買協議,據此,買方同意購買而賣方同意出售位於香港九龍觀塘道436-446號觀塘工業中心第四期三樓H4室之物業(「物業一」),代價為9,156,000港元。

此外,於二零二四年四月二日,買方與賣方訂立臨時協議,據此,買方同意購買而賣方同意出售位於香港九龍觀塘道436-446號觀塘工業中心第四期三樓J4室之物業(「物業二」),代價為10,404,000港元。

收購物業一及物業二已根據各自協議之條款及條件完成。有關進一步詳情,請參 閱本公司日期為二零二四年四月二日之公告。

Materials events occurred during the reporting period (Continued)

Capital Injection into Top Success BVI

On 17 May 2024, E-Boss Co., Limited ("E-Boss"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, applied for the subscription of 290,000 new shares in Top Success Investment Group Limited ("Top Success BVI"), at a consideration of HK\$14,500,000, representing 72.5% of the enlarged issued share capital of Top Success BVI whereas the other two shareholders of Top Success BVI also applied for the subscription of 60,000 new shares and 10,000 new shares in Top Success BVI at the respective consideration of HK\$3,000,000 and HK\$500,000, representing 15.0% and 2.5% of the enlarged issued share capital of Top Success BVI, respectively (the "Capital Injection"). Upon completion of the Capital Injection, Top Success BVI is held as to 77.5% by E-Boss and becomes a non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company.

On the same date, E-Boss with the other two shareholders of Top Success BVI entered into a shareholders agreement to set out the rights and obligations of the shareholders of Top Success BVI which became effective upon the completion of the Capital Injection.

The Capital Injection constituted a discloseable transaction on the part of the Company under Chapter 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"). For further details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 17 May 2024.

Extension of Shareholders' Loan

On 12 September 2024, Yacht Easy International Limited, a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of Top Success BVI, on behalf of Top Success Investment (Hong Kong) Limited ("Top Success HK"), a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of Top Success BVI has repaid HK\$7,000,000 to E-Boss as the partial early repayment of the shareholder's loan in the aggregate principal amount of HK\$30,000,000 (the "Shareholder's Loan") advanced by E-Boss to Top Success HK pursuant to the shareholder loan agreement dated 17 March 2020 (as amended by the supplemental agreement dated 17 May 2024) entered into between E-Boss and Top Success HK (the "Early Repayment"). After the Early Repayment, the outstanding principal amount of the Shareholder's Loan was HK\$15,000,000, which would be due for repayment between July 2025 to December 2025 based on the actual drawdown date of respective parts of the Shareholder's Loan. Upon the Early Repayment, the personal guarantee provided by Mr. Cheng Hiu Man, Elliott, a shareholder of Top Success BVI, in favour of E-Boss as security of the Shareholder's Loan has been released.

於報告期內發生之重大事項(續)

注資鼎盛投資

於二零二四年五月十七日,本公司之間接全資附屬公司老闆網有限公司(「老闆網」)已申請以代價14,500,000港元認購北方鼎盛投資控股有限公司(「鼎盛投資」)之290,000股新股份,佔鼎盛投資經擴大已發行股本的72.5%,而鼎盛投資之其他兩名股東亦已申請分別以代價3,000,000港元及500,000港元認購鼎盛投資60,000股新股份及10,000股新股份,分別佔鼎盛投資經擴大已發行股本的15.0%及2.5%(「注資」)。注資完成後,鼎盛投資由老闆網持有77.5%權益,且成為本公司的非全資附屬公司。

於同日,老闆網與鼎盛投資之其他兩名股東訂立股東協議,載明鼎盛投資股東的權利及責任,且於注資完成後生效。

根據香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)第14章,注資構成本公司之須予披露交易。有關進一步詳情,請參閱本公司日期為二零二四年五月十七日之公告。

延長股東貸款

於二零二四年九月十二日,鼎盛投資的直 接全資附屬公司船太易國際有限公司代 表鼎盛投資的直接全資附屬公司北方鼎 盛投資(香港)有限公司(「鼎盛香港」)已 向老闆網償還7,000,000港元,作為提前 部分償還老闆網根據老闆網與鼎盛香港 訂立之日期為二零二零年三月十七日之 股東貸款協議(經日期為二零二四年五 月十七日之補充協議修訂)向鼎盛香港墊 付之本金總額為30,000,000港元之股東 貸款(「股東貸款」)(「提前還款」)。於 提前還款後,股東貸款之未償還本金額為 15,000,000港元,根據股東貸款各部分之 實際提取日期,將於二零二五年七月至二 零二五年十二月期間到期償還。於提前還 款後,鼎盛投資股東鄭曉敏先生為老闆網 提供之個人擔保(作為股東貸款抵押)已 獲解除。



Materials events occurred during the reporting period (Continued)

Extension of Shareholders' Loan (Continued)

On 17 September 2024, E-Boss and Top Success HK entered into a supplemental shareholder loan agreement, pursuant to which the parties agreed to, among others, extend the maturity date of the Shareholder's Loan in the principal amount of HK\$15,000,000 for five years with effect from 17 September 2024.

For further details of the extension of Shareholder's Loan, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 17 September 2024.

Outlook

As we progress beyond 31 March 2025, the macroeconomic environment remains complex. Despite recovery momentum creating opportunities, persistent uncertainties demand adaptability and proactive strategies. The Group remains committed to advancing its core strengths by investing in state-of-the-art printing production facilities and innovative technology. These enhancements are designed to meet evolving customer demands and align with market trends, particularly in the paper printing and digital printing sectors. Leveraging the permanent properties acquired in recent years, the Group is well-positioned to expand its operational capacity, to maintain a competitive edge in the industry.

Looking ahead, the Group will prioritize operational efficiency and resource optimization to navigate the challenges of rising costs and competitive pressures. By implementing robust cost management strategies and refining our operation processes, we aim to ensure operational resilience and sustained margin improvement. By balancing innovation with fiscal discipline, the Group is well-prepared to navigate the complexities of the coming year and seize opportunities for growth in the printing industry.

於報告期內發生之重大事項(續)

延長股東貸款(續)

於二零二四年九月十七日,老闆網與鼎盛香港訂立補充股東貸款協議,據此,訂約方同意(其中包括)將本金額為15,000,000港元的股東貸款的到期日延長五年,自二零二四年九月十七日生效。

有關延長股東貸款之進一步詳情,請參閱本公司日期為二零二四年九月十七日之公告。

展望

我們於二零二五年三月三十一日後奮力向前,宏觀經濟環境仍然錯綜複雜。儘管復甦勢頭創造機遇,但持續的不確定性略求我們採取靈活應變和積極主動的策略的策略,本集團將繼續致力透過投資先進的的該與生產設施及創新技術提升核心優勢。該與生產一次企業的人類。該與此一個人類,是在紙品印刷領域。憑藉近年來收購的永久物業,本集團已作好充分準備,擴大營運能力,保持行業競爭優勢。

展望未來,本集團將優先提升營運效率和優化資源,以應對成本上升及競爭壓力帶來的挑戰。透過實施嚴格的成本管理策略及優化營運流程,我們致力確保營運韌性及持續提升利潤率。透過平衡創新與財務紀律,本集團已作好充分準備,應對未來一年的複雜形勢,並抓住印刷業的增長機遇。

Financial Review

Revenue

The revenue was mainly generated from provision of printing services from paper printing business and banner printing business. The Group's revenue decreased approximately 7.5% from approximately HK\$316.3 million for the year ended 31 March 2024 to approximately HK\$292.6 million for the year ended 31 March 2025.

Gross profit and gross profit margin

The gross profit of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2025 was approximately HK\$114.2 million, representing a decrease of approximately 4.2% as compared to that for the year ended 31 March 2024. Although the revenue dropped, the gross profit margin of the Group improved from approximately 37.7% for the year ended 31 March 2024 to approximately 39.0% for the year ended 31 March 2025 which was mainly attributable by the cost control measures implemented by the Group.

Other income

Other income of the Group mainly consisted of sales of scrap materials. The Group's other income decreased from approximately HK\$5.2 million for the year ended 31 March 2024 to approximately HK\$4.2 million for the year ended 31 March 2025, representing a decrease of approximately HK\$1.0 million.

Other gains/(losses) - net

For the year ended 31 March 2025, the Group reported a net gain of approximately HK\$0.4 million, representing an increase of approximately HK\$6.6 million as compared to the loss of approximately HK\$6.2 million for the year ended 31 March 2024.

The significant increase in amount was mainly attributable to the turnaround from loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment of approximately HK\$4.4 million to a gain for the year ended 31 March 2025 and the fair value gain recognised on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss of approximately HK\$1.7 million.

財務回顧

收益

該收益主要來自紙品印刷業務及噴畫印刷業務提供的印刷服務。本集團的收益由截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度約316,300,000港元減少約7.5%至截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度約292,600,000港元。

毛利及毛利率

截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度,本集團的毛利約為114,200,000港元,較截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度減少約4.2%。儘管收益下跌,但本集團的毛利率由截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度約37.7%提升至截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度約39.0%,主要由於本集團實行成本控制措施所致。

其他收入

本集團之其他收入主要包括銷售廢料。本 集團之其他收入由截至二零二四年三月 三十一日止年度約5,200,000港元減少至 截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度約 4,200,000港元,減少約1,000,000港元。

其他收益/(虧損)-淨額

於截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度,本集團錄得收益淨額約400,000港元,較截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度的虧損約6,200,000港元增加約6,600,000港元。

金額大幅增加主要由於出售物業、廠房及設備轉虧為盈,由虧損約4,400,000港元轉為截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度錄得收益及就透過損益按公允價值列賬的金融資產確認的公允價值收益約1,700,000港元。



Selling and distribution expenses

Selling and distribution expenses mainly consisted of employee benefits expenses, handling charges for electronic payments, and depreciation of right-of-use assets. Selling and distribution expenses remained stable at approximately HK\$32.6 million during the years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024.

Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses mainly included employee benefits expenses and outsourced customer support expenses. For the years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024, the Group reported the administrative expenses of approximately HK\$90.8 million and approximately HK\$92.0 million respectively. The decrease in expenses of approximately HK\$1.2 million was mainly due to the decrease in employee benefits expenses by approximately HK\$1.5 million.

Finance income

Finance income mainly represented the interest income generated from the other financial assets at amortised cost and bank interest income. The amount significantly decreased by approximately HK\$3.3 million which was mainly due to the material decrease in interest income from other financial assets at amortised cost and fixed deposits. Since the Group further acquired Top Success BVI by way of the Capital Injection on 17 May 2024, the Group has not recorded the interest income from other financial assets at amortised cost from Top Success BVI in the consolidated financial statements of the Group, and therefore the interest income from other financial assets at amortised cost decreased as compared with the last year.

Finance costs

Finance costs primarily consisted of interest expenses on bank borrowings and interest expenses on lease liabilities. Finance costs remained stable at approximately HK\$3.5 million for both years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024.

財務回顧(續)

銷售及分銷開支

銷售及分銷開支主要包括僱員福利開支、電子付款的手續費及使用權資產折舊。截至二零二五年及二零二四年三月三十一日止年度,銷售及分銷開支保持穩定,約為32,600,000港元。

行政開支

行政開支主要包括員工福利開支及外包客戶支援開支。截至二零二五年及二零二四年三月三十一日止年度,本集團錄得行政開支分別約90,800,000港元及約92,000,000港元。開支減少約1,200,000港元,主要由於員工福利開支減少約1,500,000港元。

融資收入

融資成本

融資成本主要包括銀行借貸的利息開支及租賃負債的利息開支。截至二零二五年及二零二四年三月三十一日止年度,融資成本保持穩定,約為3,500,000港元。

Share of loss of an associate

As at 31 March 2025 and 2024, the Group had one associate in Hong Kong which is Step Wise Limited.

For the years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024, the Group recorded the share of loss of an associate of approximately HK\$78,000 and approximately HK\$199,000 respectively.

Share of profits of joint ventures

Share of profits of joint ventures represented the share of results of the Group's joint ventures.

As at 31 March 2025, the Group had one joint venture in Malaysia, namely e-print Solutions Sdn. Bhd.. As at 31 March 2024, the Group had two joint ventures in Malaysia and Hong Kong, namely e-print Solutions Sdn. Bhd. and Top Success Investment Group Limited respectively.

The Group recorded the share of profits of joint ventures for the years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024 in the amount of approximately HK\$1.6 million and approximately HK\$1.2 million respectively.

Loss for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company

For the year ended 31 March 2025, the loss for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company was approximately HK\$6.1 million, representing a decrease in loss of approximately HK\$2.2 million.

財務回顧(續)

應佔一間聯營公司虧損

於二零二五年及二零二四年三月三十一日,本集團於香港擁有一家聯營公司,即 來智有限公司。

截至二零二五年及二零二四年三月三十一日止年度,本集團錄得應佔一間聯營公司虧損分別約78,000港元及約199,000港元。

應佔合營企業溢利

應佔合營企業溢利指應佔本集團合營企 業業績。

於二零二五年三月三十一日,本集團在馬來西亞擁有一家合營企業,即e-print Solutions Sdn. Bhd.。於二零二四年三月三十一日,本集團於馬來西亞及香港擁有兩家合營企業,分別為e-print Solutions Sdn. Bhd.及北方鼎盛投資控股有限公司。

於截至二零二五年及二零二四年三月三十一日止年度,本集團錄得應佔合營企業溢利分別約1,600,000港元及1,200,000港元。

本公司權益持有人應佔年內虧損

截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度,本公司權益持有人應佔年內虧損約為6,100,000港元,虧損減少約2,200,000港元。

Liquidity and Financial Information

As at 31 March 2025, the Group's bank balances and cash was approximately HK\$103.1 million, represented an increase of approximately HK\$3.0 million when compared with that as at 31 March 2024.

As at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024, the financial ratios of the Group were as follows:

財務回顧(續)

流動資金及財務資料

於二零二五年三月三十一日,本集團的銀行結餘及現金為約103,100,000港元,較二零二四年三月三十一日增加約3,000,000港元。

於二零二五年三月三十一日及二零二四年三月三十一日,本集團財務比率如下:

As at	As at
31 March	31 March
2025	
	於二零二四年
三月三十一日	三月三十一日
	_

Current ratio (1)
Gearing ratio (2)

流動比率⁽¹⁾ 資產負債比率⁽²⁾ 1.1 40.8% 1.2 36.1%

Notes:

- Current ratio is calculated based on total current assets divided by total current liabilities.
- (2) Gearing ratio is calculated based on total bank borrowings and leases liabilities divided by total equity and multiplied by 100%.

附註:

- (1) 流動比率乃按總流動資產除以總流動負債計算。
- (2) 資產負債比率乃按總銀行借貸及租賃負債除以權益總額乘以100%計算。

Borrowings

As at 31 March 2025 and 2024, the Group's total bank borrowings balance amounted to approximately HK\$71.1 million and approximately HK\$41.0 million respectively, representing an increase in bank borrowings by approximately HK\$30.1 million which was mainly arising from the mortgage loans of the new properties acquired during the year by the Group.

All bank borrowings were made from banks in Hong Kong. No financial instruments were used for hedging purposes, nor were there any foreign currency net investments hedged by current borrowings and/or other hedging instruments.

借貸

於二零二五年及二零二四年三月三十一日,本集團的銀行借貸結餘總額分別為約71,100,000港元及約41,000,000港元,銀行借貸增加約30,100,000港元,乃主要由於本集團於年內收購的新物業的抵押貸款所致。

所有銀行借貸均由香港的銀行提供。概無 金融工具用作對沖,亦無任何外匯投資淨 額由目前的借貸及/或其他對沖工具對 沖。

Treasury Policy

The Group has always pursued a prudent financial management approach towards its treasury policy and thus maintained a healthy liquidity position throughout the year. The Group closely and actively manages its liquidity position with sufficient standby banking facilities to cope with daily operation and strategic investment requirements.

Capital Structure

The capital of the Company comprises ordinary shares and other reserves. The shares of the Company have been listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") since 3 December 2013. As at 31 March 2025, the total number of issued ordinary shares of the Company was 550,000,000 shares.

Capital Commitments

As at 31 March 2025 and 2024, the Group had capital commitments of approximately HK\$0.3 million and HK\$9.5 million respectively.

Significant Investments Held

In addition to the investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and an associate, the Group also holds some investments including debentures and equity investments. These investments were classified as financial asset at fair value through profit or loss.

Future Plans for Material Investments and Capital Assets

As at 31 March 2025, saved as disclosed elsewhere in this report, the Group has no plans for any material investments or capital assets.

財務回顧(續)

庫務政策

本集團一直對庫務政策採取審慎的財務 管理方法,因此全年保持穩健的流動資金 狀況。本集團嚴密、積極地管理流動資金 狀況,提供充足的備用銀行融資,以應對 日常經營和策略投資需求。

股本架構

本公司股本由普通股及其他儲備組成。本公司股份自二零一三年十二月三日起於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板上市。於二零二五年三月三十一日,本公司已發行普通股的總數為550,000,000股。

資本承擔

於二零二五年及二零二四年三月三十一日,本集團的資本承擔分別約為300,000港元及9,500,000港元。

所持重大投資

除於附屬公司、合營企業及聯營公司的投資外,本集團亦持有若干投資,包括債券及股本投資。該等投資獲分類為透過損益按公允價值列賬之金融資產。

重大投資及資本資產的未來計劃

於二零二五年三月三十一日,除本報告其他章節所披露者外,本集團並無任何重大投資或資本資產的計劃。

Material Acquisition and Disposal

During the year ended 31 March 2025, save as disclosed elsewhere in this report, there was no material acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures by the Group.

Exposure to Foreign Exchange Risk

The Group operates principally in Hong Kong and its business is supported by an information technology support services centre located in the PRC. The Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk mainly arising from the exposure of Renminbi against Hong Kong dollars. The Group does not hedge its foreign exchange risk as its exposure to foreign exchange risk is low as the Group's cash flows mainly denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

Charges on Assets

At 31 March 2025 and 2024, the Group pledged the plant and machinery with carrying values of approximately HK\$17.4 million and approximately HK18.8 million respectively, as collaterals to secure the Group's leases liabilities. As at 31 March 2025 and 2024, the Group pledged the properties with the total carrying values of approximately HK\$124.4 million and approximately HK\$105.5 million respectively, as collaterals to secure the Group's mortgage loans.

Capital Expenditure

During the year ended 31 March 2025, the Group invested approximately HK\$49.8 million (2024: HK\$27.5 million) in property, plant and equipment, which represented an increase of approximately HK\$22.3 million in capital expenditure compared with the last year. The significant increase in amount was mainly because the addition of properties.

財務回顧(續)

重大收購及出售

於截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度, 除本報告其他章節所披露者外,本集團並 無任何附屬公司、聯營公司及合營企業的 重大收購或出售事項。

承受外匯風險

本集團主要在香港營業,其業務由位於中國的資訊科技支援服務中心支援。本集團主要承受人民幣兑港元所產生的外匯風險。由於本集團的現金流量主要以港元列值,所承受的外匯風險很低,故本集團並無對沖外匯風險。

資產抵押

於二零二五年及二零二四年三月三十一日,本集團分別以賬面值約17,400,000港元及約18,800,000港元的廠房及機器質押作為抵押品,以擔保本集團租賃負債。於二零二五年及二零二四年三月三十一日,本集團以賬面總值分別約124,400,000港元及約105,500,000港元的物業質押作為抵押品,以擔保本集團的按揭貸款。

資本開支

於截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度,本集團投資約49,800,000港元(二零二四年:27,500,000港元)於物業、廠房及設備,資本開支較去年增加約22,300,000港元。金額大幅增加乃主要由於添置物業所致。

Employees and Emolument Policies

At 31 March 2025, the Group had 311 (31 March 2024: 340) full time employees. The employee benefits expenses of the Group, including Directors' emoluments, employees' salaries and allowances, retirement benefits schemes contributions and other benefits amounted to approximately HK\$103.1 million for the year ended 31 March 2025 (2024: HK\$104.3 million).

There was no significant change in the Group's emolument policies. On top of basic salaries, bonuses may be paid by reference to the Group's performance as well as individual's performance. Other staff benefits included contributions to Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme in Hong Kong, provision of pension funds, medical insurance, unemployment insurance and other relevant insurance for employees who are employed by the Group pursuant to the PRC rules and regulations and the prevailing regulatory requirements of the PRC, and the Employees Provident Fund and contributions to Social Security Organization for employees who are employed by the Group pursuant to the Malaysia rules and regulations and the prevailing regulatory requirements of Malaysia. Share options may be granted under the share option scheme to eligible employees as incentives or rewards for their contribution to the Group; to attract and retain personnel to promote the sustainable development of the Group; and to align the interest with those of the Shareholders of the Company to promote the long-term financial and business performance of the Company. In addition, the Group provides training through seminars and forums and encourage the employees to grow with the Group together.

Contingent Liabilities

As at 31 March 2025, the Group had no significant contingent liability (31 March 2024: Nil).

財務回顧(續)

僱員及薪酬政策

於二零二五年三月三十一日,本集團共有311名(二零二四年三月三十一日:340名)全職僱員。截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度,本集團的僱員福利開支(包括董事薪酬、僱員薪金及津貼、退休福利計劃供款及其他福利)約為103,100,000港元(二零二四年:104,300,000港元)。

本集團的薪酬政策並無重大變動。除基本 薪金外,獎金亦會參考本集團業績及個人 表現而發放。其他員工福利包括香港強積 金退休福利計劃供款,根據中國規則及規 例和中國的現行監管規定,向本集團聘用 僱員提供養老金基金、醫療保險、失業保 險及其他相關保險及根據馬來西亞規則 及規例和馬來西亞的現行監管規定,向本 集團聘用僱員提供僱員公積金及社會保 障組織供款。購股權可根據購股權計劃授 予合資格僱員,以激勵或獎勵彼等對本集 團作出的貢獻;吸引及留住人才以推動本 集團的可持續發展;及使其利益與本公司 股東的利益一致以促進本公司的長期財 務及業務表現。此外,本集團透過研討會 及論壇提供培訓,鼓勵僱員與本集團共同 成長。

或然負債

於二零二五年三月三十一日,本集團並無重大或然負債(二零二四年三月三十一日:無)。





Events after the Reporting Period

On 9 May 2025, Yacht Easy International Limited ("YEIL"), an indirect non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company principally engaged in provision of finance of yacht in Hong Kong under the Money Lenders Ordinance (Chapter 163 of the laws of Hong Kong), as lender, entered into a loan agreement with Deepsea Marine HK Limited, as borrower, and Mr. Chan Kiu Lik Eric, as guarantor, pursuant to which YEIL agreed to grant a secured loan in the amount of HK\$7,800,000 at interest rate of 8% per annum for the first to twelfth month and 10% per annum for the thirteen to twenty-fourth months. The above loan is secured by a charge registered in respect of a pleasure yacht of Ferretti brand (model: Custom Line 112) located in the typhoon shelter of Kwun Tong, Kowloon and a personal guarantee provided by the guarantor in favour of YEIL.

On 21 May 2025, YEIL, as lender, entered into another loan agreement with Absolute Marine Limited, as the borrower, and Mr. Tsui Wing Tak, as guarantor, pursuant to which YEIL agreed to grant a secured loan in the amount of HK\$4,000,000 at interest rate of 12% per annum for 12 months. The above loan is secured by a charge registered in respect of a pleasure yacht of Ferretti brand (model: 500) located in the typhoon shelter of Shau Kei Wan, Hong Kong and a personal guarantee provided by the guarantor in favour of YEIL.

The above provision of loans respectively constituted a discloseable transaction for the Company under Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules. For further details, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 9 May 2025 and 21 May 2025.

Final Dividend

The Board does not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2025 (2024: Nil).

財務回顧(續)

報告期後事項

於二零二五年五月九日,船太易國際有限公司(「船太易」,本公司的間接非经第163 章放債人條例於香港提供遊艇融資)(作為貸款方)與深灣船務有限公司(作為訂額的方)及陳翹力先生(作為語授保出資款的人。 資款協議,據此,船太易同意授(作為訂額的十五個月之年息率為10%。法知一至第二十四個月之年息率為10%。法知一一般位於九龍觀塘上拉拉所出的押記及擔(型號: Custom Line 112)個擔保作抵押。

於二零二五年五月二十一日,船太易(作為貸款方)與Absolute Marine Limited (作為借款方)及徐穎德先生(作為擔保人)訂立另一份貸款協議,據此,船太易同意授出為期12個月,金額為4,000,000港元的有抵押貸款,貸款之年息率為12%。上述貸款由一艘位於香港筲箕灣避風塘的法拉帝品牌遊艇(型號:500)登記的押記及擔保人為船太易提供的個人擔保作抵押。

根據上市規則第14章,上述提供貸款分別 構成本公司之須予披露交易。有關進一步 詳情,請參閱本公司日期為二零二五年五 月九日及二零二五年五月二十一日之公 告。

末期股息

董事會不建議派付截至二零二五年三月 三十一日止年度的末期股息(二零二四 年:無)。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

The Company is committed to maintaining good corporate governance standard and procedures to ensure the integrity, transparency and quality of disclosure in order to enhance the Shareholders' value.

本公司致力維持良好企業管治水平及程序,旨在確保披露的完整性、透明度及質素,以提升股東價值。

Corporate Governance Practice

The Company has adopted the code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code ("CG Code") in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules as its own code of corporate governance.

During the year ended 31 March 2025, the Company was in compliance with the code provisions set out in the CG Code except for the deviation as explained below.

Code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code provides that the roles of the chairman and chief executive officer should be separated and should not be performed by the same individual. The Company does not at present separate the roles of the chairman and chief executive officer. Mr. She Siu Kee William is the chairman and chief executive officer of the Company. The Board believes that vesting the roles of both chairman and chief executive officer in the same person has the benefit of ensuring consistent leadership within the Group and enables more effective and efficient overall strategic planning for the Group. The Board further believes that the balance of power and authority for the present arrangement will not be impaired and is adequately ensured by the current Board which comprises experienced and high caliber individuals with sufficient number thereof being non-executive Director and independent non-executive Directors.

Save as the aforesaid and in the opinion of the Directors, the Company had met all code provisions set out in the CG Code during the year ended 31 March 2025.

The Board will continue to review and further improve the Company's corporate governance practices and standards, so as to ensure its business activities and decision-making processes are regulated in a proper and prudent manner.

企業管治常規

本公司已採納上市規則附錄C1列載的企業 管治守則(「企業管治守則」)所列載的守則 條文作為其企業管治守則。

截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度,本公司已遵守企業管治守則所載的守則條文,惟下文所述偏離者除外。

除上文所述者外,董事認為,本公司於截至 二零二五年三月三十一日止年度已遵守企 業管治守則所載的所有守則條文。

董事會將持續檢討及進一步改進本公司的企業管治常規及水平,以確保其業務活動及決策過程受到適當及審慎之規管。

Model Code For Securities Transactions By Directors

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules as the code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the Directors. Having made specific enquiry of all Directors, the Company confirmed that all Directors had complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the year.

Board of Directors

The Board is responsible for the leadership and control of the Company, and is responsible for setting up the overall strategy as well as reviewing the operation and financial performance of the Group. The Board reserved for its decision or consideration matters covering overall Group strategy, major acquisitions and disposals, annual budgets, annual and interim results, recommendations on Directors' appointment or re-appointment, approval of major capital transactions and other significant operational and financial matters. The management was delegated the authority and responsibility by the Board for the daily management of the Group. In addition, the Board had also delegated various responsibilities to the Board committees. Further details of these committees are set out in this report.

The Board currently consists of eight Directors including three executive Directors, one non-executive Director and four independent non-executive Directors:

Executive Directors

Mr. She Siu Kee William (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Chong Cheuk Ki Mr. Leung Yat Pang

Non-executive Director

Mr. Leung Wai Ming

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Poon Chun Wai Mr. Fu Chung Mr. Ma Siu Kit Ms. Yu Mei Hung

董事進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄C3列載的上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則 (「標準守則」),作為董事進行證券交易 的行為守則。本公司經向全體董事作出特定查詢後確認,所有董事於整年內均已遵 守標準守則所列載的標準規定。

董事會

董事會目前由八名董事組成,包括三名執行董事、一名非執行董事及四名獨立非執行董事:

執行董事

佘紹基先生(主席兼行政總裁) 莊卓琪先生 梁一鵬先生

非執行董事

梁衞明先生

獨立非執行董事

潘振威先生 傅忠先生 馬兆杰先生 余美紅女士

Board of Directors (Continued)

Save as Mr. She Siu Kee William, Mr. Chong Cheuk Ki, Mr. Leung Yat Pang and Mr. Leung Wai Ming (or their controlled entities) had entered into a deed of confirmation confirming the existence of their acting in concert arrangement to jointly control their respective interest in the Company held through eprint Limited, the Board members have no financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationships with each other. Such balanced board composition is formed to ensure strong independence exists across the Board. The composition of the Board reflects the balanced skills and experience for effective leadership. The biographical information of the Directors are set out on pages 88 to 90 under the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" in this annual report.

The Board decides on corporate strategies, approves overall business plans and evaluates the Group's financial performance and management. Specific tasks that the Board delegates to the Group's management include the implementation of strategies approved by the Board, the monitoring of operating budgets, the implementation of internal control procedures, and the ensuring of compliance with relevant statutory requirements and other rules and regulations.

Board Meetings

During the year ended 31 March 2025 ("FY2024/25"), five Board meetings were held. All Directors were given an opportunity to include any matters in the agenda for regular Board meetings, and were also given sufficient time to review documents and information relating to matters to be discussed in Board meetings in advance.

董事會(續)

董事會決定企業策略、批准整體業務計劃、評估本集團的財務表現及管理。董事會交予本集團管理層的指定任務包括實施董事會批准的策略、監察營運預算、落實內部監控程序,以及確保遵守相關法定規定及其他規則與法規。

董事會會議

於截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度 (「二零二四/二五財政年度」),董事會 共舉行五次會議。全體董事均給予機會可 提呈任何事宜納入定期董事會會議的議 程中,彼等亦有充裕時間預先審閱有關將 於董事會會議上討論事宜的文件及資料。

Name of Director	董事姓名	Number of attendance 出席次數
Mr. She Siu Kee William	佘紹基先生	5/5
Mr. Chong Cheuk Ki	莊卓琪先生	5/5
Mr. Leung Yat Pang (Note)	梁一鵬先生(附註)	4/4
Mr. Leung Wai Ming	梁衞明先生	5/5
Mr. Poon Chun Wai	潘振威先生	5/5
Mr. Fu Chung	傅忠先生	5/5
Mr. Ma Siu Kit	馬兆杰先生	5/5
Ms. Yu Mei Hung	余美紅女士	5/5

Note: Mr. Leung Yat Pang was appointed with effect from 21 August 2024 and four Board meetings were held after his appointment.

附註:梁一鵬先生獲委任並自二零二四年八月二十一 日起生效,彼獲委任後,曾召開四次董事會會議。

Board Meetings (Continued)

Board minutes are kept by the company secretary of the Company (the "Company Secretary") and are open for inspection by the Directors. Every Board member is entitled to have access to Board papers and related materials, and has unrestricted access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary, and has the liberty to seek external professional advice if so required.

The Board adopted a mechanism for Directors to obtain independent opinions and perspectives in order for them to discharge their duties and responsibilities, and to ensure independent views and input are available to the Board.

The Company shall arrange suitable and sufficient resources to cover any matters relating to the obtaining of an independent opinion by the Board, including but not limited to the engagement of a legal team or any other professionals for such purpose (where appropriate).

The Board has reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the said mechanism during FY2024/25 and considered that it has been operating effectively and will continue to monitor its implementation and effectiveness on an annual basis.

The Directors shall give at least three working days' notices to the Company Secretary to obtain an independent opinion, including but not limited to engaging a professional team for such purpose (where appropriate).

The Board is required to review its structure, size, composition (including skills, knowledge and experience) and Board Diversity policy (as defined below) at least annually to ensure that the composition of the Board complies with the relevant requirements of the Listing Rules, including maintaining a balanced mix of executive and non-executive Directors (including independent non-executive Directors) so that the Board can make and exercise judgment independently and effectively.

If all independent non-executive Directors have served on the Board for more than nine years, the Company should consider to appoint a new independent non-executive Director at the next annual general meeting.

董事會會議(續)

董事會會議記錄由本公司公司秘書(「公司秘書」)保存,並公開供董事查閱。每名董事會成員有權查閱董事會文件及相關資料,並可無限制取得公司秘書的意見及服務,以及於有需要時可自由尋求外部專業意見。

董事會採納董事機制以獲取獨立意見及觀點,以使彼等履行其職責及責任,並確保董事會獲取獨立意見及輸入數據。

本公司應安排適當及充足資源以涵蓋董事會獲取獨立意見相關的任何事項,包括但不限於就此目的委聘法律團隊或任何其他專業人員(倘適當)。

董事會已於二零二四/二五財政年度審 閱上述機制的實施情況及有效性,並認為其一直有效運作及將繼續每年監察其實施情況及有效性。

董事應向公司秘書發出至少三個工作日的通告,以獲取獨立意見,包括但不限於 就此目的委聘專業團隊(倘適當)。

董事會須至少每年審閱其架構、規模、組成(包括技能、知識及經驗)及董事會成員多元化政策(定義見下文),確保董事會組成遵守上市規則相關規定,包括維持執行與非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)的均衡組合,以使董事會能獨立有效作出及執行判斷。

倘全體獨立非執行董事均已於董事會任 職超過九年,本公司應考慮於下屆股東週 年大會上委任一名新的獨立非執行董事。

General Meetings

During FY2024/25, one general meeting was held, being the 2024 annual general meeting of the Company held on 21 August 2024.

股東大會

於二零二四/二五財政年度,本公司舉行一次股東大會,即於二零二四年八月二十一日舉行的本公司二零二四年股東週年大會。

Name of Director	董事姓名	Number of attendance 出席次數
Mr. She Siu Kee William	佘紹基先生	1/1
Mr. Chong Cheuk Ki	莊卓琪先生	1/1
Mr. Leung Yat Pang (Note)	梁一鵬先生(附註)	N/A不適用
Mr. Leung Wai Ming	梁衞明先生	1/1
Mr. Poon Chun Wai	潘振威先生	1/1
Mr. Fu Chung	傅忠先生	1/1
Mr. Ma Siu Kit	馬兆杰先生	1/1
Ms. Yu Mei Hung	余美紅女士	1/1

Note: Mr. Leung Yat Pang was appointed on 21 August 2024 after the conclusion of the 2024 annual general meeting of the Company. No general meeting was held after his appointment.

附註:梁一鵬先生於本公司二零二四年股東週年大會 結束後於二零二四年八月二十一日獲委任·在 其獲委任後並無舉行股東大會。

The Board is responsible for maintaining an on-going dialogue with the Shareholders and in particular, uses annual general meeting or other general meetings to communicate with them and encourage their participation. The Board notes that the Chairman of the Board and the chairmen or, in their absence, other members of the audit committee (the "Audit Committee"), the nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee") and the remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee") of the Company should attend the annual general meeting to answer questions and collect views of Shareholders.

董事會負責保持與股東持續溝通,特別是透過股東週年大會或其他股東大會以與敗東進行溝通,並鼓勵股東參與股東衛。董事會知悉董事會主席及本公司會核委員會(「審核委員會」)、提名委員會」)及薪酬委員會(「提名委員會」)及薪酬委員會(「請酬及與集份東週年大會,以回應股東提問及收集股東意見。

Directors' Training

According to code provision C.1.4 of the CG Code, all Directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure that their contribution to the board remains informed and relevant.

All Directors have participated in continuous professional development by way of receiving in-house briefing, taking part in training or reading materials relating to the Listing Rules and corporate governance matters or attending seminars relating to their roles as a director of listed issuer. Each of the Directors has provided a record of training they received for the FY2024/25 to the Company.

董事培訓

根據企業管治守則守則條文第C.1.4條, 全體董事均須參與持續專業發展,以增進 並更新其知識及技能,確保各董事在知情 情況下對董事會作出切合需要的貢獻。

全體董事透過接收內部簡報、參與有關上市規則及企業管治事宜的培訓或研讀閱讀材料或出席與其作為上市發行人董事相關的研討會參與持續專業發展。各董事已向本公司提供彼等於二零二四/二五財政年度已接受的培訓記錄。

Directors' Training (Continued)

Mr. Leung Yat Pang had obtained legal advice from a firm of solicitors qualified to advise on Hong Kong law as regards the requirements under the Listing Rules that are applicable to him as a director of a listed issuer and the possible consequences of making a false declaration or giving false information to the Stock Exchange on 22 August 2024. Mr. Leung Yat Pang has confirmed he understood his obligations as a director of a listed issuer.

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Mr. She Siu Kee William, the Chairman of the Company, was also appointed as the Chief Executive Officer of the Company. The Board believes that vesting the roles of both chairman and chief executive officer in the same person has the benefit of ensuring consistent leadership within the Group and enables more effective and efficient overall strategic planning for the Group. The Board further believes that the balance of power and authority for the present arrangement will not be impaired and is adequately ensured by current Board which comprises experienced and high caliber individuals with sufficient number thereof being non-executive Director and independent non-executive Directors.

Independent non-executive Directors and non-executive Directors

The four independent non-executive Directors are persons of high caliber, with working experience, academic and professional qualifications in the fields of accounting, company secretaryship, administration, printing or management. With their experience gained from various sectors, they provide strong support towards the effective discharge of the duties and responsibilities of the Board. Each of the independent non-executive Director has provided his/her annual confirmation of independence to the Company pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all of the independent non-executive Directors are independent.

All non-executive Director and independent non-executive Directors are appointed for a specific term of three years and are subject to retirement by rotation in accordance with the articles of association of the Company (the "Articles").

董事培訓(續)

梁一鵬先生已於二零二四年八月二十二日就適用於其作為上市發行人董事的上市規則規定,以及向聯交所作出虛假聲明或提供虛假資料的可能後果,向一間合資格就香港法律提供意見的律師行取得法律意見。梁一鵬先生已確認明白其作為上市發行人董事的責任。

主席及行政總裁

獨立非執行董事及非執行董事

四名獨立非執行董事均極具才幹,於會計、公司秘書、行政、印刷或管理各範疇具備工作經驗、學術及專業資格。憑藉彼等於各個界別獲取的經驗,對董事會有效履行其職責與責任提供強大支持。各獨立非執行董事已按上市規則第3.13條向本公司提供其獨立性的年度確認。本公司認為全體獨立非執行董事均屬獨立人士。

全體非執行董事及獨立非執行董事均按 三年的指定任期獲委任,並須根據本公司 組織章程細則(「細則」)輪值告退。

Nomination Committee

In considering the nomination of new Directors, the Board will take into account the qualification, ability, working experience, leadership and professional ethics of the candidates, especially their experience in the printing business and/or other professional area.

The Company established the Nomination Committee on 13 November 2013 with written terms of reference which was revised on 25 February 2019 to conform with the provision of the CG Code. The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee is currently made available on the Stock Exchange's website and the Company's website.

The Nomination Committee consists of three independent nonexecutive Directors, namely Mr. Fu Chung (as chairman), Mr. Poon Chun Wai and Ms. Yu Mei Hung, and an executive Director, namely Mr. She Siu Kee William. The functions of the Nomination Committee are to review the structure, size, composition and diversity of the Board and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Group's strategy; to identify qualified individuals to become members of the Board; to assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors: and to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors, in particular the Chairman and the chief executive officer. The Company adopted the board diversity policy (the "Board Diversity Policy") on 13 November 2013 whereby it recognises and embraces the benefits of a diversity of Board members. The Company endeavour to ensure that the Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the requirements of the Company's business. The Company seeks to achieve Board diversity through the consideration of a number of factors, including but not limited to age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. The Company will also take into consideration its own business model and specific needs from time to time in determining the optimum composition of the Board.

The Board has reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the Board Diversity Policy during the year and considered that it has been operating effectively and will continue to monitor its implementation and effectiveness on an annual basis.

The Board delegated certain duties under the Board Diversity Policy to the Nomination Committee. The Nomination Committee will review the necessity for setting measurable objectives for implementing the Board Diversity Policy from time to time.

提名委員會

於考慮新董事提名時,董事會將考慮候選人的資格、能力、工作經驗、領導能力及專業操守,特別是彼等於印刷業務及/或其他專業範疇的經驗。

本公司於二零一三年十一月十三日成立 提名委員會,並設有與企業管治守則條文 一致的書面職權範圍(於二零一九年二月 二十五日經修訂)。提名委員會的職權範 圍目前可於聯交所網站及本公司網站查 閱。

提名委員會由三名獨立非執行董事傅忠 先生(主席)、潘振威先生及余美紅女士 以及一名執行董事佘紹基先生組成。提名 委員會的職責為檢討董事會的架構、人 數、組成及多元化程度,並就任何為落實 本集團策略而擬對董事會作出的變動提 供建議; 物色具備合適資格可擔任董事會 成員的人士;評估獨立非執行董事的獨立 性;以及就董事委任或重新委任以及董事 (尤其是主席及行政總裁)繼任計劃向董 事會提出建議。本公司於二零一三年十一 月十三日採納董事會成員多元化政策(「董 事會成員多元化政策」),據此,本公司認 同並深信董事會成員多元化的裨益。本公 司致力確保董事會具備均衡技能、經驗及 多元化角度以切合本公司業務需要。本公 司致力透過考慮多項因素達致董事會成 員多元化,包括(但不限於)年齡、文化及 教育背景、種族、專業經驗、技術、知識及 服務年期。在決定董事會成員的最佳組成 時,本公司亦會不時考慮本身的業務模式 及具體需要。

董事會已於年內檢討董事會成員多元化政策的實施及成效,認為有關政策一直有效運作,並將繼續每年監察其實施情況及成效。

董事會已委授董事會成員多元化政策下的若干職責予提名委員會。提名委員會將 不時檢討設立實施董事會成員多元化政 策的可計量目標的必要性。

Board Level

Pursuant to the Board Diversity Policy, selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural background and ethnicity, in addition to educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board.

The Board will consider setting measurable objectives to implement the Board Diversity Policy and review such objectives from time to time to ensure their appropriateness and ascertain the progress made towards achieving those objectives.

The Nomination Committee believes that gender diversity is a representing manifestation of Board diversity, among all other measurable objectives. The Company will engage more resources in training female staff who have long and relevant experience in the printing industry, with the aim of promoting them to the senior management or directorship of the Group.

Workforce Level

As at 31 March 2025, approximately 61.7% of the Company's workforce (including the Directors and senior management) is male and approximately 38.3% is female which is considered as satisfactory.

Nomination Policy

To ensure changes to the Board composition can be managed without undue disruption, there should be a formal, prudent and transparent procedure for selection, appointment and reappointment of Directors, as well as plans in place for orderly succession (if considered necessary), including periodical review of such plans. The appointment of a new Director (to be an additional Director or fill a casual vacancy as and when it arises) or any reappointment of Directors is a matter for decision by the Board upon the recommendation of the proposed candidate by the Nomination Committee.

董事會層面

根據董事會成員多元化政策,除教育背景、專業經驗、技術、知識及服務年期外,甄選候選人將基於多個多元化範疇,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化背景及種族。最終將基於所選候選人將為董事會作出的功績及貢獻而決定。

董事會將考慮設定可計量目標,以實施董事會成員多元化政策並不時檢討該等目標,確保其適當性及確定達致該等目標之進展。

提名委員會認為於所有其他可計量目標中性別多元化乃董事會成員多元化的體現。本公司將會在培訓於印刷行業具備長期及相關經驗的女性員工上投入更多資源,旨在促使彼等擔任本集團高級管理層或董事職務。

員工層面

於二零二五年三月三十一日,本公司員工(包括董事及高級管理層)中約61.7% 為男性及約38.3%為女性,此比例令人滿意。

提名政策

為確保董事會組成的變更能夠在不受不當干擾的情況下進行,甄選、委任及重選 董事的過程應為正式、審慎和具透明度) 及有序地計劃繼任(如果認為有必要), 當中包括定期審查該等計劃。任命新董 (額外董事或於需要時填補臨時空缺)事 重新委任董事,均由董事會根據提名委 會對建議候選人的推薦意見作出決定。

Nomination Policy (Continued)

The criteria to be applied in considering whether a candidate is qualified shall be his/her ability to devote sufficient time and attention to the affairs of the Company and contribute to the diversity of the Board as well as the effective discharge by the Board of the responsibilities which, in particular, are set out as follows:

- (a) participating in Board meetings to bring an independent judgment on issues of strategy, policy, performance, accountability, resources, key appointments and standards of conducts:
- (b) taking the lead where potential conflicts of interests arise;
- (c) serving on the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee (in the case of candidate for non-executive Director) and other relevant Board committees, if invited;
- (d) bringing a range of business and financial experience to the Board, giving the Board and any committees on which he/she serves the benefit of his/her skills, expertise, and varied backgrounds and qualifications and diversity through attendance and participation in the Board/committee meetings;
- scrutinising the Company's performance in achieving agreed corporate goals and objectives, and monitoring the reporting of performance;
- (f) ensuring the committees on which he/she serves to perform their powers and functions conferred on them by the Board; and
- (g) conforming to any requirement, direction and regulation that may from time to time be prescribed by the Board or contained in the constitutional documents of the Company or imposed by legislation or the Listing Rules, where appropriate.

提名政策(續)

考慮候選人是否符合資格採用的標準為彼能否付出足夠時間和精力處理本公司的事務,並有助於董事會的多元化以及有效執行董事會職責,尤其是以下責任:

- (a) 參加董事會會議並就策略、政策、績效、問責制、資源、主要任命和行為 守則等問題作出獨立判斷;
- (b) 出現潛在利益衝突時發揮領導作用;
- (c) 如為非執行董事候選人,倘受邀時, 須在審核委員會、薪酬委員會和提 名委員會和其他相關董事會委員會 任職;
- (d) 通過出席和參與董事會/委員會會議並以其技能、專業知識、不同背景及資歷與多樣化為董事會及其所服務的任何委員會帶來一系列的商業和財務經驗:
- (e) 審核本公司達成其商定的企業目標 及指標表現,並監督績效報告;
- (f) 確保所服務的委員會履行董事會賦 予彼等的權力和職能;及
- (g) 須遵守董事會不時訂明或載於本公司的憲章文件或法例或上市規則所施加的任何規定、方針及規例(如適用)。

Nomination Policy (Continued)

If the candidate is proposed to be appointed as an independent non-executive Director, his/her independence shall be assessed in accordance with, among other things, the factors as set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules, subject to any amendments as may be made by the Stock Exchange from time to time. Where applicable, the totality of the candidate's education, qualifications and experience shall also be evaluated to consider whether he/she has the appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise for filling the office of an independent non-executive Director with such qualifications or expertise as required under Rule 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules.

During FY2024/25, the Nomination Committee held one meeting for (1) reviewing the structure, size and diversity of the Board, (2) assessing the independence of each independent non-executive Director, (3) discussing the re-election of Directors, and (4) reviewing the effectiveness of the terms of reference of the Nomination Committee in discharging their duties and made recommendation on any proposed changes to the Board. The Nomination Committee also made recommendation of new Director candidate for the Board's approval by way of written resolutions.

提名政策(續)

如候選人建議委任為獨立非執行董事,其獨立性須按照(其中包括)上市規則第3.13條所列因素進行評估,惟受限於聯交所將不時作出修訂。在適用的情況下,根據事市規則第3.10(2)條所規定的資格度、資格知經驗以考慮是否備有適當的專業與格或會計或相關的財務管理專業知識,以填補獨立非執行董事的職位。

於二零二四/二五財政年度,提名委員會、 舉行一次會議,以(1)檢討董事會的架構、 規模及多元化情況;(2)評估各獨立非執 行董事的獨立性;(3)討論董事重選事宜: 及(4)檢討提名委員會職權範圍在履董事 責時的成效,並就任何建議變動向所 提供推薦建議。提名委員會亦推薦事事 候選人,以書面決議案方式提交董事會批 准。

Nomination Committee member	提名委員會成員	Number of attendance 出席次數
Mr. Fu Chung <i>(chairman)</i>	傅忠先生 <i>(主席)</i>	1/1
Mr. She Siu Kee William	佘紹基先生	1/1
Mr. Poon Chun Wai	潘振威先生	1/1
Ms. Yu Mei Hung (Note)	余美紅女士(附註)	N/A 不適用

Note: Ms. Yu Mei Hung was appointed as a member of the Nomination Committee on 1 April 2025.

附註:余美紅女士於二零二五年四月一日獲委任為提 名委員會成員。



Remuneration Committee

The Company established the Remuneration Committee on 13 November 2013 with written terms of reference, which was aligned with the CG Code. The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee was revised on 28 June 2023 and is currently made available on the Stock Exchange's website and the Company's website.

The Remuneration Committee consists of two independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Poon Chun Wai (as chairman) and Mr. Fu Chung and one executive Director, namely Mr. She Siu Kee William.

The functions of the Remuneration Committee are to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure on the remuneration packages for all Directors' and senior management and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy. The model of Remuneration Committee described in code provision E.1.2(c)(ii) of the CG Code has been adopted by the Remuneration Committee, which is to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management, including benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments, including any compensation payable for loss or termination of their office or appointment.

薪酬委員會

本公司於二零一三年十一月十三日成立 薪酬委員會,並設有與企業管治守則一致 的書面職權範圍。薪酬委員會的職權範圍 已於二零二三年六月二十八日修訂,目前 可於聯交所網站及本公司網站查閱。

薪酬委員會由兩名獨立非執行董事潘振 威先生(主席)及傅忠先生以及一名執行 董事佘紹基先生組成。

薪酬委員會的職能為,就本公司全體董事, 及高級管理層薪酬待遇的政策及架構開 及就制訂薪酬政策而設立正式及具透明度的程序,向董事會提供推薦意見。薪文 委員會已採納企業管治守則守則條式 E.1.2(c)(ii)條所述的薪酬委員會模式, 董事會建議個別執行董事及高級管理報 的薪酬待遇,包括實物利益、退休金報 及賠償金額(包括就喪失或終止職務或委任應付的賠償)。



Remuneration Committee (Continued)

During FY2024/25, the Remuneration Committee held one meeting for (i) reviewing the policy and structure of the remuneration for the Directors and senior management and (ii) reviewing the effectiveness of the terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee in the discharge of their duties and recommend any proposed changes to the Board. The Remuneration Committee also made recommendation of the remuneration of the proposed Director and the grant of discretionary bonus to a director of a non-wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company for the Board's approval by way of written resolutions.

薪酬委員會(續)

於二零二四/二五財政年度,薪酬委員會舉行一次會議,以(i)檢討董事及高級管理層薪酬政策及架構及(ii)檢討薪酬委員會職權範圍在履行其職責方面的成效,會向董事會建議任何擬議變動。薪酬委員會的就建議董事酬金及向本公司非全資附屬,公司之董事授出酌情花紅作出推薦建議,以書面決議案方式提交董事會批准。

Remuneration Committee member	薪酬委員會成員	Number of attendance 出席次數
Mr. Poon Chun Wai <i>(chairman)</i>	潘振威先生(主席)	1/1
Mr. She Siu Kee William	佘紹基先生	1/1
Mr. Fu Chung	傅忠先生	1/1

The emolument payable to Directors and senior management will depend on their respective contractual terms under employment contracts or service contracts, if any, and will be fixed by the Board based on the recommendation of the Remuneration Committee, the performance of the Group and the prevailing marketing conditions. Details of the Directors' emoluments for FY2024/25 are set out in Note 40 to the consolidated financial statements.

應付董事及高級管理層的酬金將視乎彼 等各自於僱傭合約或服務合約(如有)項 下合約條款而定,並由董事會根據薪酬委 員會的推薦建議、本集團的表現及當前市 況釐定。於二零二四/二五財政年度的 董事之酬金詳情載於合併財務報表附註 40。

Senior Management's Remuneration

Senior management's remuneration payment of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2025 falls within the following band:

高級管理層薪酬

截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度,本 集團高級管理層的薪酬範圍如下:

Number of individuals 人數

Nil to HK\$1,000,000 零至1,000,000港元 2

Audit Committee

The Company established an Audit Committee on 13 November 2013 with written terms of reference which was revised on 25 February 2019 to comply with the CG Code. The primary duties of the Audit Committee are to review and supervise the financial reporting system and to review the risk management and internal control systems of the Group. The Audit Committee has reviewed the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for FY2024/25.

The Audit Committee comprises four independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Ma Siu Kit (as chairman), Mr. Poon Chun Wai, Mr. Fu Chung and Ms. Yu Mei Hung.

The Audit Committee is mainly responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of the external auditor and to approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditor, and any questions of resignation or dismissal of such auditor; reviewing the interim and annual reports and accounts of the Group; and overseeing the Company's financial reporting system (including the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff in charge of the Company's financial reporting function and their training arrangement and budget) and supervising the risk management and the internal control systems.

The Audit Committee meets the external auditor regularly to discuss any area of concern during the audit. The Audit Committee reviews the interim and annual reports before submission to the Board. The Audit Committee focuses not only on the impact of the changes in accounting policies and practices but also on the compliance with accounting standards, the Listing Rules and the legal requirements in the review of the Company's interim and annual reports.

During FY2024/25, the Audit Committee held two meetings.

審核委員會

本公司於二零一三年十一月十三日成立 審核委員會,並制定書面職權範圍(於二 零一九年二月二十五日經修訂)以遵守企 業管治守則。審核委員會的主要職責為審 閱及監督本集團的財務匯報系統及審閱 風險管理及內部監控系統。審核委員會已 審閱本集團於二零二四/二五財政年度 的經審核合併財務報表。

審核委員會由四名獨立非執行董事馬兆 杰先生(主席)、潘振威先生、傅忠先生及 余美紅女士組成。

審核委員會主要負責就外聘核數師的委任、重新委任及罷免向董事會提供建建,即達數師的薪酬及聘用條款,理任何有關該核數師辭任或辭退內問題不集團的中期及年度報告以及監管本公司的財務匯報系統(包工的財務匯報報能的員工所接資本公司財務匯報職能的受工的資源、負責本公司財務匯報職能的受工時營工戶,以至對人內部監控系統。

審核委員會定期與外聘核數師會面,以討論審核過程中任何關注事項。審核委員會於呈交董事會前審閱中期及年度報告。審核委員會不僅著重會計政策及慣例變動的影響,亦著重檢討本公司的中期及年度報告是否已符合會計準則、上市規則及法定要求。

於二零二四/二五財政年度,審核委員會已舉行兩次會議。

Audit Committee member	審核委員會成員	Number of attendance 出席次數
Mr. Ma Siu Kit (chairman)	馬兆杰先生(主席)	2/2
Mr. Poon Chun Wai	潘振威先生	2/2
Mr. Fu Chung	傅忠先生	2/2
Ms. Yu Mei Hung	余美紅女士	2/2
		•

Audit Committee (Continued)

During FY2024/25, the Audit Committee reviewed, among others, the annual results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2024 ("FY2023/24") and interim results of the Group for the six months ended 30 September 2024, which were in the opinion of the Audit Committee that the preparation of such consolidated financial statements and results complied with the applicable accounting standards and the Listing Rules.

The Audit Committee noted the existing risk management and internal control systems of the Group and also noted that review of the same shall be carried out annually.

The accounts for FY2024/25 were audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers ("PwC") whose term of office will expire upon the conclusion of the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company ("2025 AGM"). The Audit Committee has reviewed the terms of engagement of PwC, inter alias, (i) the size and structure as well as the nature and complexity of the business of the Group, (ii) the relevant audit fees and (iii) the resources deployed by PwC in respect of the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Group in accordance with "Guidelines for the Effective Operation of Audit Committees – Selection, Appointment and Reappointment of Auditors" published by the Financial Reporting Council on 16 December 2021 and recommended the Board the re-appointment of PwC as the auditor of the Company at the 2025 AGM.

Corporate Governance Functions

The Company's corporate governance functions are carried out by the Board pursuant to the code provisions as set out in the CG Code.

The corporate governance functions currently performed by the Board are to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance to comply with the CG Code and other legal or regulatory requirements; to oversee the Company's orientation program for new Directors; to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management; to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors; and to review the Company's disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

審核委員會(續)

於二零二四/二五財政年度,審核委員會審閱(其中包括)本集團於截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度(「二零二三/二四財政年度」)的全年業績及本集團的全工零二四年九月三十日止六個月關中期業績。審核委員會認為,編製有關內併財務報表及業績已遵守適用會計準則及上市規則。

審核委員會知悉本集團現有風險管理及 內部監控系統,亦知悉有關系統會每年進 行檢討。

企業管治職能

董事會根據載於企業管治守則之守則條 文進行本公司企業管治職能。

董事會於近期執行的企業管治職能為:制定及檢討本公司企業管治政策及常規以遵守企業管治守則及其他法律或監監規定;監督本公司為新董事舉辦的經濟之監察董事及高級管理層的的方面,檢討及監察董事的操守準則及合規手冊(放展員及董事的操守準則及合規手冊(如披有);及檢討企業管治報告內的本公認。



Corporate Governance Functions (Continued)

During FY2024/25, the Board had reviewed the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management, reviewed the Company's compliance with the CG Code and reviewed the Company's disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

Auditors' Remuneration

For FY2024/25, the remuneration payable or paid to the Company's auditor, PwC, was as follows:

企業管治職能(續)

於二零二四/二五財政年度,董事會已檢討董事及高級管理層的培訓及持續專業發展、檢討本公司遵守企業管治守則的情況及檢討企業管治報告內的本公司披露。

核數師酬金

於二零二四/二五財政年度,應付或已付本公司核數師羅兵咸永道酬金如下:

HK\$'000 千港元

Services rendered

- Audit services

- Non-audit services (Note 1)

提供服務

- 審計服務

- 非審計服務(附註1)

1,050

98

Notes:

(1) The non-audit services comprised tax services and other related services provided by PwC. 附註:

(1) 非審計服務包括由羅兵咸永道提供的税務服務及其他相關服務。

Company Secretary

The Company engaged an external professional company secretarial services provider, Greenfield Services Limited ("Greenfield"), to provide compliance and full range of company secretarial services to the Group in order to assist the Group to cope with the changing regulatory environment and to suit different commercial needs.

Ms. Leung Ngan Yi ("Ms. Leung"), the representative of Greenfield, was appointed as the named company secretary of the Company ("Company Secretary"). Mr. Hui Chi Tung Denny, the Chief Financial Officer of the Company, is the primary point of contact at the Company for the Company Secretary.

According to the requirements of Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules, Ms. Leung had taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training for FY2024/25.

公司秘書

本公司委聘外部專業公司秘書服務供應商Greenfield Services Limited (「Greenfield」)為本集團提供合規及全套公司秘書服務,藉以協助本集團應付不斷變化的監管環境及適應不同的商業需求。

Greenfield的代表梁雁怡女士(「梁女士」) 獲委任為本公司具名公司秘書(「公司秘書」)。本公司的財務總監許志東先生為 公司秘書於本公司的主要聯絡人。

根據上市規則第3.29條規定,梁女士已於二零二四/二五財政年度接受不少於15小時的相關專業培訓。

Dividend Policy

In considering the payment of dividends, there shall be a balance between retaining adequate reserves for the Group's future growth and rewarding the Shareholders.

The Board shall also take into account, among other things, the following factors when considering the declaration and payment of dividends:

- the Group's overall results of operation, financial condition, expected working capital requirements and capital expenditure requirements, liquidity position and future expansions plans;
- the amount of retained profits and distributable reserves of the Company;
- general economic conditions, business cycle of the Group's business and other internal or external factors that may have an impact on the business or financial performance and position of the Group; and
- any other factors that the Board deems relevant.

The declaration and payment of dividends by the Company is subject to any restrictions under the Companies Act of the Cayman Islands, the Company's memorandum of association and Articles, the Listing Rules and any other applicable laws and regulations.

The Company does not have any pre-determined dividend distribution ratio. The Company's dividend distribution record in the past may not be used as a reference or basis to determine the level of dividends that may be declared or paid by the Company in the future.

The dividend policy shall in no way constitute a legally binding commitment by the Group in respect of its future dividend and/or in no way obligate the Group to declare a dividend at any time or from time to time.

The Board will continually review the dividend policy and reserves the right in its sole and absolute discretion to update, amend and modify the dividend policy at any time.

股息政策

於考慮派付股息時,需要取得維持足夠儲備以達致本集團未來增長與回饋股東之間之平衡。

於考慮宣派及派付股息時,董事會亦將計及(其中包括)以下因素:

- 本集團之整體營運業績、財務狀況、 預期的營運資金需求及資本開支需 求、流動資金狀況及未來擴展計劃;
- 本公司的保留溢利及可供分派儲備 之金額;
- 整體經濟狀況、本集團業務的業務 週期及可能影響本集團業務或財務 表現及狀況的其他內在或外在因素: 及
- 董事會認為相關的任何其他因素。

本公司宣派及派付股息受開曼群島公司 法、本公司組織章程大綱及細則、上市規 則以及任何其他適用法律及法規之任何 限制。

本公司並無任何預定股息分派比率。本公司之過往股息分派記錄不可用作釐定本公司於未來可能宣派或派付之股息水平之參考或基準。

股息政策於任何情況下均不會構成本集 團有關其未來股息之具法律約束力之承 擔及/或於任何情況下均不會使本集團 有責任於任何時間或不時宣派股息。

董事會將持續檢討股息政策,並保留權利 全權及絕對酌情於任何時間更新、修訂及 修改股息政策。



Shareholders' Rights

The general meetings of the Company provide an opportunity for communication between the Shareholders and the Board. An annual general meeting of the Company shall be held in each year and at the place as may be determined by the Board. Each general meeting, other than an annual general meeting, shall be called an extraordinary general meeting.

Shareholders to convene an extraordinary general meeting

According to the Articles, extraordinary general meetings shall be convened on the requisition of one or more Shareholders holding, at the date of deposit of the requisition, not less than one tenth of the paid up capital of the Company having the right of voting at general meetings. Such requisition shall be made in writing to the Board or the Company Secretary for the purpose of requiring an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition. Such meeting shall be held within 2 months after the deposit of such requisition. If within 21 days of such deposit, the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

Putting enquiries by Shareholders to the Board

Shareholders may send written enquiries to the Company for the attention of the Company Secretary at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong. The relevant address is as follows:

Flat A, 4/F, Phase 3 Kwun Tong Industrial Centre 448-458 Kwun Tong Road Kwun Tong, Kowloon Hong Kong

股東權利

本公司的股東大會為股東及董事會提供 溝通機會。本公司的股東週年大會應每年 舉行,地點由董事會釐定。股東週年大會 以外的各股東大會應稱為股東特別大會。

股東召開股東特別大會

股東向董事會查詢

股東可向本公司寄發書面查詢,地址為本公司的香港主要營業地點,收件人請註名 為公司秘書。相關地址如下:

香港 九龍觀塘 觀塘道448-458號 觀塘工業中心 第三期四樓A室

Shareholders' Rights (Continued)

Procedures for putting forward proposals by Shareholders at Shareholders' meetings

Shareholders should follow the procedures set out in the subsection headed "Shareholders to convene an extraordinary general meeting" above for putting forward proposals for discussion at general meetings.

Voting by Poll

Pursuant to Rule 13.39(4) of the Listing Rules, any vote of shareholders at a general meeting must be taken by poll except where the chairman, in good faith, decides to allow a resolution which relates purely to a procedural or administrative matter to be voted on by a show of hands. As such, all the resolutions to be set out in the notice of 2025 AGM will be voted by poll.

Communication with Shareholders

The Company is committed to a policy of open and regular communication and reasonable disclosure of information to its Shareholders.

The Board adopted a shareholders communication policy on 13 November 2013 (the "Shareholders Communication Policy") which sets out the provisions with the objective of providing Shareholders with information about the Company and enabling them to engage actively with the Company and exercise their rights as Shareholders in an informed manner.

股東權利(續)

股東於股東大會上提呈建議的程序

股東須根據上述「股東召開股東特別大會」 分節所載的程序,於股東大會上提呈建議 作討論。

投票表決

根據上市規則第13.39(4)條,股東於股東大會上的任何表決必須以投票表決進行,除非主席真誠決定允許純粹與程序或行政事宜有關的決議以舉手投票進行表決。因此,二零二五年股東週年大會通告所載的全部決議案將以投票表決。

與股東溝通

本公司堅持採取開誠的態度,定期與股東溝通,並向彼等作出合理的資料披露。

董事會已於二零一三年十一月十三日採納股東通訊政策(「股東通訊政策」),其 所載條文旨在向股東提供有關本公司的 資料並令其能夠積極與本公司互動並在 知情的情況下行使其作為股東的權利。



General Policy

The Board shall maintain an on-going dialogue with Shareholders and potential investors. The Board shall regularly review the Shareholders Communication Policy to ensure its effectiveness.

According to the Shareholders Communication Policy, there are multiple channels for information of the Company to be disseminated to Shareholders, which are included in the following manners:

- Delivery of annual and interim results and reports to all Shareholders;
- Publication of announcements on the annual and interim results, issue of other announcements and Shareholders' circulars in accordance with the continuing disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules and other corporate communications on the Stock Exchange's website and the Company's website; and
- General meetings of the Company is also an effective communication channel between the Board and Shareholders.

Effective and timely dissemination of information to Shareholders shall be ensured at all times.

Communication Strategies

Shareholders' Enquiries

Shareholders may at any time make a request for the Company's information to the extent such information is publicly available. Shareholders shall be provided with designated contacts, email addresses and enquiry lines of the Company in order to enable them to make any query in respect of the Company.

Corporate Communication

Corporate communication including, but not limited to, copy of annual reports, interim reports, notices of meeting, circulars, proxy forms will be provided to Shareholders in plain language and in both English and Chinese versions to facilitate Shareholders' understanding.

整體政策

董事會應與股東及潛在投資者保持持續 對話。董事會將定期審閱股東通訊政策以 確保其成效。

根據股東通訊政策,本公司資訊乃經多個渠道向股東傳達,包括下列方式:

- 向全體股東送呈年度及中期業績及 報告:
- 根據上市規則之持續披露責任在聯 交所網站及本公司網站上刊發年度 及中期業績公告、發佈其他公告及 股東通函以及其他公司通訊;及
- 本公司之股東大會亦是董事會與股東進行溝通的有效渠道之一。

本公司應時刻確保有效及適時向股東傳 達資料。

通訊策略

股東查詢

股東可隨時要求索取本公司的公開資料。 本公司須向股東提供指定的聯絡人、電郵 地址及查詢途徑,以便彼等提出任何有關 本公司的查詢。

公司通訊

向股東發放的公司通訊(包括但不限於 年報、中報、會議通告、通函、代表委任表 格)會以淺白中英雙語編寫,以利便股東 了解通訊內容。



Communication Strategies (Continued)

Corporate Website

An "Investor Relations" section is available on the Company website (http://www.eprintgroup.com.hk/). Information on the Company website is updated on a regular basis.

Information released by the Company to the Stock Exchange is also posted on the Company website immediately thereafter. Such information includes financial statements, results announcements and other announcements, circulars and notices of general meetings and associated explanatory documents, etc.

Shareholders' Meetings

Shareholders are encouraged to participate in general meetings or to appoint proxies to attend and vote at the general meetings for and on their behalf if they are unable to attend the general meetings. Appropriate arrangements for the general meetings shall be in place to encourage Shareholders' participation. The process of the Company's general meeting will be monitored and reviewed on a regular basis, and, if necessary, changes will be made to ensure that Shareholders' needs are best served. Board members, in particular, either the chairmen of Board committees or their delegates, appropriate management executives and external auditors will attend annual general meetings to answer Shareholders' questions.

Shareholder Privacy

The Company recognises the importance of Shareholders' privacy and will not disclose Shareholders' information without their consent, unless required by law to do so.

The Board has conducted a review of the Shareholders Communication Policy for FY2024/25 to ensure the effectiveness of the Shareholders Communication Policy. Such review shall be conducted annually. The Board considered that the Shareholders Communication Policy remains effective.

通訊策略(續)

公司網站

本公司網站(http://www.eprintgroup.com.hk/) 設有「投資者關係」一欄。本公司網站上 的資料會定期更新。

本公司發送予聯交所的資料亦會隨即登載在本公司網站。有關資料包括財務報表、業績公告及其他公告、通函及股東大會通告以及相關説明文件等。

股東大會

股東私隱

本公司明白股東私隱的重要性,除非法律要求,否則不會在獲得股東同意前擅自披露股東資料。

董事會已審閱二零二四/二五財政年度的股東通訊政策,以確保股東通訊政策的成效。有關審閱應每年進行一次。董事會認為股東通訊政策仍成效。

Directors' Responsibilities for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Board acknowledges its responsibility to prepare the Company's consolidated financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of financial position of the Group and the Group's financial performance and cash flows for that period. In preparing the consolidated financial statements for FY2024/25, the Board has selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently; made judgments and estimates that are prudent, fair and reasonable and prepared the accounts on a going concern basis.

The Directors are responsible for taking all reasonable and necessary steps to safeguard the assets of the Group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The Directors, having made appropriate enquiries, consider that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and that, for this reason, it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

Risk Management and Internal Control

The Board acknowledges that it is responsible for monitoring the risk management and internal control systems of the Group on an ongoing basis and reviewing their effectiveness. Such systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Board, through the Audit Committee, conducted an annual review of both design and implementation effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group for FY2024/25, covering material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls, with a view to ensuring that resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions, as well as those relating to the Group's ESG performance and reporting, are adequate. In this respect, the Audit Committee communicates any material issues to the Board.

The Directors have reviewed the need for an internal audit function and are of the view that in light of the size, nature and complexity of the business of the Group, it would be more cost effective to appoint external independent professionals to perform internal audit function for the Group in order to meet its needs.

董事於合併財務報表的責任

董事會確認其對編製本公司各財政年度 的合併財務報表的責任,合併財務報表的 真實並公平地反映本集團的財務狀況 及本集團於該期間的財務表現及現 是。於編製二零二四/二五財政年度 合併財務報表時,董事會選擇適當的計 政策並貫徹應用:作出的判斷及估計審 慎、公平及合理,並按持續經營基準編製 賬目。

董事負責採取一切合理所需的行動,以保 障本集團的資產,並防止及偵察欺瞞行為 及其他違法行為。

董事於作出適當查詢後認為本集團具備 足夠資源以於可見將來繼續營運,故於編 製合併財務報表時採用持續經營基準屬 合宜。

風險管理及內部監控

董事會知悉其有責任按持續經營基準監 控本集團風險管理及內部監控系統並審 閱其成效。該等系統旨在管理而非消除未 能達成業務目標的風險,且僅可就重大失 實陳述或虧損作出合理而非絕對的保證。

董事已檢討內部審核職能部門之需要,彼等認為以本集團業務之規模、性質及複雜性而言,在需要時聘用外聘獨立專業人士為本集團履行內部審核職能,更具成本效益。

Risk Management and Internal Control

(Continued)

During FY2024/25, the Group appointed Smart Giraffe Consulting Limited ("SGCL") to:

- assist in identifying and assessing the risks of the Group through a series of interviews; and
- independently perform internal control review and assess effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems.

The results of the independent review and assessment were reported to the Audit Committee and the Board. Moreover, improvements in internal control and risk management measures as recommended by SGCL to enhance the risk management and internal control systems of the Group and mitigate risks of the Group were adopted by the Board. Based on the findings and recommendations of SGCL as well as the comments of the Audit Committee, the Board considered the internal control and risk management systems effective and adequate.

Enterprise Risk Management Framework

The Group established its enterprise risk management framework. While the Board has the overall responsibility to ensure that sound and effective internal controls are maintained, management is responsible for designing and implementing an internal control system to manage all kinds of risks faced by the Group.

Through the risk identification and assessment processes, risks are identified, assessed, prioritised and allocated treatments. The Group's risk management framework follows the COSO Enterprise Risk Management – Integrated Framework, which allows the Board and management to manage the risks of the Group effectively. The Board receives regular reports through the Audit Committee that oversees risk management and internal audit functions.

風險管理及內部監控(續)

於二零二四/二五財政年度,本集團委任銘信企業諮詢有限公司(「銘信企業諮詢」):

- 透過一系列訪談,協助識別及評估本集團的風險;及
- 獨立進行內部監控審閱並評估本集 團的風險管理及內部監控系統的有 效性。

獨立審閱及評估結果乃呈報予審核委員會及董事會。此外,銘信企業諮詢所建議為提高本集團風險管理及內部監控系統,以及減低本集團風險的內部監控及風險管理的改進措施已獲董事會採納。根據銘信企業諮詢之審閱結果及推薦意見以部審核委員會的意見,董事會認為,內部監控及風險管理系統乃屬有效及充足。

企業風險管理框架

本集團已建立其企業風險管理框架。董事會的整體職責是確保維持良好和有效之內部監控,而管理層負責設計及實施內部 監控系統以管理本集團所面臨的各種風險。

透過風險識別及評估程序,各種風險已被識別、評估、排序及作出應對的措施。本集團的風險管理框架遵循COSO企業風險管理一整合框架,讓董事會及管理層能夠有效管理本集團的風險。董事會透過審核委員會收取定期報告,而審核委員會監督風險管理及內部審核職能。



Enterprise Risk Management Framework

企業風險管理框架(續)

(Continued)

Principal Risks

主要風險

For FY2024/25, the following principal risks of the Group were identified and classified into strategic risks, operational risks, financial risks and compliance risks.

於二零二四/二五財政年度,本集團已識別以下主要風險並分類為戰略風險、營運 風險、財務風險及合規風險。

Risk Areas	Principal Risks
風險領域	主要風險
Strategic Risks 戰略風險 Operational Risks 營運風險 Financial Risks 財務風險 Compliance Risks 合規風險	Impact of U.SChina trade tensions on demand for printing products 中美貿易緊張局勢對印刷產品需求的影響 Risk of asset misappropriation by internal and external parties 內外部人士挪用資產的風險 No significant risk identified 未發現重大風險 No significant risk identified 未發現重大風險

Risk Control Mechanism

風險監控機制

The Group adopts a "three-layer" corporate governance structure with operational management and controls performed by operations management, coupled with risk management monitoring carried out by the finance team and independent internal audit outsourced to and conducted by SGCL. The Group maintains a risk register to keep track of all identified major risks of the Group. The risk register provides the Board, the Audit Committee, and management with a profile of its major risks and records management's actions taken to mitigate the relevant risks. Each risk is evaluated at least annually based on its likelihood of occurrence and potential impact upon the Group. The risk register is updated by management as the risk owners with addition of new risks and/or removal of existing risks, if applicable, at least annually, after the annual risk evaluation has been performed. This review process can ensure that the Group proactively manages the risks faced by it in the sense that all risk owners have access to the risk register and are aware of and alert to those risks in their area of responsibility so that they can take follow up actions in an efficient manner.

本集團採納「三層」企業管治架構,由營 運管理層進行營運管理及監控, 連同財務 團隊開展的風險管理監控及外包予並由 銘信企業諮詢進行獨立的內部審核。本集 團設立風險登記冊以記錄本集團所有已 識別的主要風險。風險登記冊為董事會、 審核委員會及管理層提供其主要風險情 況,並記錄管理層為降低相關風險所採取 的行動。每種風險乃根據其發生的可能性 及對本集團的潛在影響至少每年進行評 估。風險登記冊由管理層作為風險擁有人 於進行年度風險評估後至少每年更新額 外新風險及/或去除現有風險(倘適用)。 此檢討程序可確保本集團主動地管理其 所面臨的風險,從某種意義上講,所有風 險擁有人可查閱風險登記冊並知悉及警 覺於彼等責任領域內的該等風險,以使彼 等可採取有效的跟進行動。

Risk Control Mechanism (Continued)

The Group's risk management activities are performed by management on an ongoing process. The Company has adopted risk management policy and procedures. The effectiveness of the Group's risk management framework will be evaluated at least annually, and periodic management meeting is held to update the progress of risk monitoring efforts. Management is committed to ensure that risk management forms part of the daily business operation processes in order to align risk management with corporate goals in an effective manner.

The Company will continue to engage external independent professionals to review the Group's system of internal controls and risk management annually to further enhance the Group's internal control and risk management systems as appropriate.

Handling and Dissemination of Inside Information

The Company regulates the handling and dissemination of inside information according to the "Guidelines on Disclosure of Inside Information" published by the Securities and Future Commission in June 2012 to ensure inside information remains confidential until the disclosure of such information is appropriately approved, and the dissemination of such information is efficiently and consistently made. The Company regularly reminds the Directors and employees about due compliance with all policies regarding the inside information. Also, the Company keeps Directors, senior management and employees appraised of the latest regulatory updates. The Company shall prepare or update appropriate guidelines or policies to ensure the compliance with regulatory requirements.

Constitutional Documents

There was no change in the Company's constitutional documents during FY2024/25.

風險監控機制(續)

本集團的風險管理活動由管理層持續進行。本公司已採納風險管理政策及程序。 本集團風險管理框架的成效將至少每年 予以評估,並舉行定期的管理層會議以 新風險監控工作進度。管理層致力於確保 風險管理為日常業務營運程序的一部分, 以高效協調風險管理與企業目標一致。

本公司會繼續每年委任外聘獨立專業人士對本集團內部監控及風險管理系統進行檢討,以適時進一步加強本集團的內部 監控及風險管理系統。

內幕消息的處理及發佈

章程文件

於二零二四/二五財政年度,本公司的章程文件並無變動。

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

環境、社會及管治報告

Message from the Board

In the face of ongoing global economic uncertainty, the Board remains steadfast in its commitment to sustainable and responsible growth. We recognise that resilience is built not only through financial performance but also through our environmental, social, and governance (ESG) practices. As a leading player in the printing industry, we continue to prioritise resource efficiency, waste reduction, and innovation in sustainable operations. At the same time, we are dedicated to fostering a safe and inclusive workplace, engaging meaningfully with our stakeholders, and maintaining high standards of corporate governance. Through these efforts, we aim to create long-term value for our shareholders, employees, and the communities we serve, while navigating the challenges of a dynamic global landscape.

We are committed to embedding sustainability into our operations through comprehensive management strategies that align with global standards. Our robust ESG framework guides strategic decision-making and ensures long-term resilience across all departments. Transparency remains central to our engagement with stakeholders, including employees, customers, and non-governmental organisations (NGOs), as we proactively address environmental and reputational risks.

Environmental protection is a key focus in our business development. We prioritise resource efficiency, waste reduction, and recycling to meet rising regulatory expectations and contribute positively to society. By involving all relevant stakeholders in our ESG processes, we ensure diverse perspectives shape our approach, strengthening our ability to manage climate-related risks and opportunities.

In response to global climate challenges – such as those highlighted at COP28 – we continuously assess climate impacts and integrate them into our annual risk management process. This enables us to enhance our preparedness and adaptability in a rapidly changing world.

董事會致辭

面對持續的全球經濟不確定性,董事會堅定不移地致力可持續及負責任任增長。我到了時續及負責任,亦通過財務表現,,如性不僅通過財務表現。。作營治(ESG)實踐建立。作營營者,我們持續於了,作營營者,我們持續於了,,我們致力營造安全包內,及維持局所等的企業管治。透過該等工作,我們使力,透過該等工作,我們有一時,標員及服務社區創造長期價值的時應對不斷變化的全球格局所帶來的挑戰。

我們致力透過符合全球標準的綜合管理策略,將可持續發展融入我們的營運。我們穩健的環境、社會及管治框架指導策略決策,並確保所有部門的長期韌性。我們積極應對環境及聲譽風險,透明度仍對我們與持份者(包括僱員、客戶及非政府組織(NGOs))的溝通至關重要。

環境保護是我們業務發展的重中之重。我們優先考慮資源效率、減少浪費及回收,以滿足日益嚴苛的監管要求,並為社會作出積極貢獻。透過讓所有相關持份者參與我們的環境、社會及管治程序,我們確保從多元化視角制定方針,從而加強我們管理氣候相關風險和機遇的能力。

為應對全球氣候挑戰(如COP28上強調的挑戰),我們持續評估氣候影響,並將其納入年度風險管理程序,使我們能夠在變化莫測的世界中提升防範及應變能力。

Our Governance Structure

With years of operational experience, the Group has established a governance structure for managing ESG issues, employing a "top-down" approach. We have integrated ESG factors into the decision-making processes of the Company's business and operations.

Our Board takes the lead in formulating strategic plans that drive sustainable growth for the Company. They hold the responsibility for ensuring the effectiveness of ESG strategies, decisions, and risk management within the Group. To enhance our management of ESG performance and identify potential risks and opportunities, we have formed an ESG working team. This team consists of members from middle to senior management and supports the Board in implementing ESG-related strategies and targets. They conduct materiality assessments of ESG issues, prioritise them, and promote the implementation of relevant measures. Under the authority of the Board, the ESG working team collaborates with respective functional departments to collect ESG data, monitor the implementation of measures, and investigate any deviations from targets. They also facilitate prompt rectification actions when required.

In our commitment to transparency, the Group will disclose comprehensive details about our governance structure for ESG issues, ESG management policies and strategies, ESG-related goals and progress review, as well as the progress and effectiveness of significant issues in our ESG report.

管治架構

憑藉多年的營運經驗,本集團採用「由上而下」的方式建立管理環境、社會及管治議題的治理架構。我們已將環境、社會及管治因素融入本公司業務及營運的決策流程。

就我們對透明度的承諾而言,本集團將在環境、社會及管治報告中全面披露我們的環境、社會及管治議題的管治結構、環境、社會及管治管理政策及策略、環境、社會及管治相關目標及進展檢討,以及重大議題的進展及有效性。

Governance Structure

管治架構

Board 董事會

- Assume ultimate accountability for the Group's ESG strategy and reporting
 Oversee the Group's ESG mission, management approach and goals
- Monitor and manage significant ESG-related issues and risks
- Evaluate the advancements made towards ESG-related goals and targets
- 對本集團的環境、社會及管治策略和報告承擔最終責任
- 監督本集團的環境、社會及管治工作、管理方法及目標
- 監控及管理重大環境、社會及管治相關議題及風險
- 評估就環境、社會及管治相關目標所取得的進展

ESG working team 環境、社會及管治工作團隊

- Oversee the formulation and development of the sustainability strategy and goals
- Preview and implement ESG-related policies and practices
- Identify and assess the Group's ESG-relates issues and risks
- 監督可持續發展策略及目標的制定及發展
- 預覽並落實環境、社會及管治相關政策及慣例
- 識別及評估本集團的環境、社會及管治相關議題及風險

Functional department 職能部門

- Identify and highlight emerging ESG-related risks and opportunities
- · Execute sustainability policies, procedures, and initiatives
- Gather ESG information and data for the purpose of ESG disclosure
- 識別及重視新興的環境、社會及管治相關風險及機會
- 執行可持續發展政策、程序及措施
- 就環境、社會及管治披露收集環境、社會及管治資料及數據

Our Stakeholders

The Group prioritises meeting stakeholders' needs and has set up a comprehensive and multi-channel communication system. By actively engaging with stakeholders, we aim to build stronger relationships, identify all relevant stakeholders, understand their expectations, and address them appropriately.

持份者

本集團優先滿足持份者的需求,並已建立 全面的多渠道溝通體系。透過積極與持份 者互動,我們鋭意建立更穩固的關係,識 別所有相關持份者,了解彼等的期望,並 作出適當的應對。

Our Stakeholders (Continued)

We use different communication channels to keep track of changes in stakeholder viewpoints and make proactive adjustments to enhance collaboration between the Group, society, and the environment as we grow. The communication channels and expectations between the Group and its major stakeholders are outlined below:

持份者(續)

我們採用不同的溝通渠道,時刻了解持份者觀點的變化,並主動作出調整,務求在發展的同時,加強本集團、社會及環境的協作。本集團與主要持份者之間的溝通渠道及彼等的期望概述如下:

Stakeholders 寺份者	Probable points of concern 可能關注事宜	Communication and responses 溝通及回應
The government and regulatory authorities 政府及監管機構	 Compliance with laws and regulations Preventing tax evasion Compliance with listing rules Timely and accurate announcements 遵守法律及法規 避免逃税 遵守上市規則 適時刊發準確的公告 	 Interaction and visits Government inspections Tax returns Announcements and other information 互動及視察 政府檢查 報税表 公告及其他資料
Shareholders 股東	 Corporate governance system Business strategies and performance 企業管治體系 業務策略及表現 	 Financial reports General meetings Official website of the Group 財務報告 股東會議 本集團官方網站
Employees 僱員	 Employee compensation and benefits Training and development Working environment Labour protection 僱員薪酬及福利 培訓及發展 工作環境 勞工保護 	 Employee performance appraisals Team building activities Trainings Staff meetings Internal memos, emails, notice boards, and cultural activities for employees 僱員表現評估 團隊建設活動 培訓 員工會議 內部通告、電郵、通告欄及為僱員舉辦文化活動

Our Stakeholders (Continued)

持份者(續)

Stakeholders 持份者	Probable points of concern 可能關注事宜	Communication and responses 溝通及回應
Customers 客戶	 Product quality Reasonable prices Delivery schedule Customer Services Personal data protection 產品質素 合理價格 交付計劃 客戶服務 個人資料保護 	 Customer service hotlines and emails Customer satisfaction surveys 客服熱線電話及電郵 客戶滿意度調查
Suppliers 供應商	 Payment schedule Stable demand Fair and open competition Strengthening contact and communication 付款期 穩定需求 公平、公開的競爭 加強聯繫及溝通 	 Site visits Face-to-face meetings 現場參觀 面對面會議
Media & Public 媒體與公眾	 Business ethics Corporate governance Environmental protection Human rights 商業道德 企業管治 環保 人權 	 ESG reports Public welfare activities Official website of the Group 環境、社會及管治報告 公益活動 本集團官方網站
Community 社區	 Community development Social welfare 社區發展 社會福利 	 Community activities Employee voluntary activities Community welfare subsidies and donations 社區活動 僱員義工活動 社區福利贊助與捐款

Materiality Assessment

The Board and management have diligently identified ESG issues that have the potential or actual impact on the sustainable development of the Group. These issues have been sourced from various channels, including previous ESG reports, internal policies, industry trends, and the Materiality Map provided by the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board. To thoroughly analyse the identified ESG issues, several factors were taken into consideration, such as the Group's overall strategy, development, and goals and targets. In order to determine the significance of these ESG issues to the Group's business and stakeholders, a comprehensive materiality assessment was conducted, evaluating their respective levels of impact. The results of the materiality assessment for the identified material ESG issues are summarised as follows:

重要性評估

Environmental, Social and Governance Issues

環境、社會及管治事宜



- Use of Resources
- · Health and Safety Working Environment
- Supply Chain Management
- Product Responsibility
- 資源使用
- 健康及安全的工作環境
- 供應鏈管理
- 產品責任



- Staff Development and Training
- Community Investment
- Anti-corruption
- 員工發展及培訓
- 社區投資
- 反貪污



- Emissions
- The Environment and Natural Resources
- Climate Change
- 排放物
- 環境及天然資源
- 氣候變化

Our Environment

At our Group, we are dedicated to achieving sustainable operational growth by carefully managing the consumption of energy and water resources across our assets, effectively handling waste, and safeguarding natural resources.

Our Group strictly complies with relevant laws and regulations related to emissions of exhaust gases and Greenhouse Gas ("GHG") emissions, pollution discharge to water and land, and the production of hazardous and non-hazardous waste. In FY2024/25, our Group was not aware of any significant material non-compliance with laws and regulations that may have a significant impact on the Group or are related to environmental laws and regulations.

Emissions

Our Group has established the "Environmental Protection and Use of Resources Policy & Procedures" by which we pay full attention to environmental protection standards and guidelines to help fulfil our commitment to environmental protection and efficient use of resources.

Also, we have implemented a number of internal environmental protection measures, with appropriate equipment installed to help reduce the adverse impact brought to the environment. At the same time, we are committed to achieving environmental protection and energy conservation by cooperating with other environmental protection units and by promoting them to the public. Below are the measures to reduce our carbon emissions:

- Transitioning from using IPA alcohol in printing to Alcoholfree dampening solution in order to significantly reduce safety hazards associated with flammable liquids during storage and usage.
- Maintain the average indoor temperature from 24 to 26 degrees Celsius.
- Use compact fluorescent lamps, T5, T8 light tubes or LED lights.
- Turn off the electrical appliances e.g. air conditioners, lights, computers, etc., when they are not in use e.g. during nonoffice hours, and lunch time.
- Turn off lights and air conditioners in the office/production plant when members of staff are not in the office/production plant e.g. Saturday afternoon.

我們的環境

本集團致力透過謹慎管理集團上下的能源及水資源消耗,有效處理廢棄物以及保護天然資源來實現可持續營運發展。

本集團嚴格遵守有關廢氣及溫室氣體(「溫室氣體」)排放、污染物排放至水及土地以及有害及無害廢棄物產生的相關法律及法規。於二零二四/二五財政年度,本集團並不知悉有任何可能對本集團產生重大影響或與環境法律及法規相關的重大嚴重違反法律及法規的情況。

排放物

本集團已制定「環保與資源使用的政策及程序」,高度重視環保標準及指引,以助 我們履行環保及有效使用資源的承諾。

此外,我們已執行多項內部環保措施及配置合適設備,有助於減少對環境帶來的不利影響。同時,我們致力於透過與其他環保機構合作,並向公眾普及環保意識的方式實現環保及節能。我們降低碳排放的措施如下:

- 從在印刷中使用異丙醇酒精過渡至 無酒精潤版液,以大幅降低於儲存 及使用過程中與易燃液體相關的安 全隱患。
- 維持平均室內溫度在24至26攝氏度 之間。
- 使用節能燈、T5、T8燈管或LED燈。
- 當不使用電器(如空調、照明燈、電腦等)時(如非辦公時間及午餐時間),應關掉該等電器。
- 當員工均不在辦公室/生產車間時 (如星期六下午),應關閉辦公室/ 生產車間的照明燈及空調。

Our Environment (Continued)

Emissions (Continued)

To uphold the principles of sustainable development, the Group is committed to reducing or maintaining the GHG emission intensity between 90% to 120% of the level of the baseline year ended 31 March 2025 in the next reporting year.

For details regarding emissions during the Reporting Period, please refer to the section "Key Performance Indicators – Part A. Environmental – Emission Indicators KPI A1.1 & KPI A1.2".

Waste Management

Hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are generated during the course of our production and daily operations.

They include but are not limited to, chemical wastewater, cloths stained with chemicals, wasted zinc, photograph potions, Isopropyl alcohol (IPA) and polyvinyl chloride (PVC). Non-hazardous wastes include but are not limited to, paper, foam board, synthesised paper, lightbox film, cloth and stickers.

During the Reporting Period, we complied with all relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on our business, including, but not limited to, the Waste Disposal Ordinance of Hong Kong and Prevention and Control of Environmental Pollution by Solid Waste of the PRC.

To advocate waste reduction within our workplace, we have encouraged our employees to adopt double-sided printing, with the single-side-printed paper being collected for reuse. A paperless work environment has also been promoted by encouraging employees to switch from printed documents to electronic documents.

To uphold the principles of sustainable development, the Group is committed to reducing or maintaining both the hazardous waste and non-hazardous waste intensity between 90% to 120% of the level of the baseline year ended 31 March 2025 in the next reporting year.

For details regarding the production of wastes during the Reporting Period, please refer to the section "Key Performance Indicators – Part A. Environmental – Hazardous Waste Indicators KPI A1.3 & Non-hazardous Waste Indicators KPI A1.4".

我們的環境(續)

排放物(續)

為秉持可持續發展原則,本集團致力在下 一個報告年度將溫室氣體排放強度降低 或維持在截至二零二五年三月三十一日 止基準年度水平的90%至120%之間。

有關報告期內排放物的詳情,請參閱「關鍵績效指標一第一部分:環境一排放指標一關鍵績效指標A1.1及關鍵績效指標A1.2」一節。

廢棄物管理

我們於生產及日常營運過程中產生有害 及無害廢棄物。

有害廢棄物包括(但不限於)化工廢水、 化工布料、廢棄鋅、顯影藥水、異丙醇(IPA) 及聚氯乙烯(PVC)。無害廢棄物包括(但 不限於)紙張、發泡膠板、合成紙、燈箱膠 片、布料和貼紙。

於報告期內,我們遵守所有對我們業務有重大影響的相關法律法規,包括(但不限於)香港《廢物處置條例》及《中華人民共和國固體廢物污染環境防治法》。

為了倡導減少工作場所的浪費,我們鼓勵僱員採用雙面列印,收集單面列印的紙張再次使用。我們亦透過鼓勵僱員以電子文檔取代打印文件,促進了無紙化工作環境。

為秉持可持續發展原則,本集團致力在下一個報告年度將有害廢物及無害廢物強度降低或維持在截至二零二五年三月三十一日止基準年度水平的90%至120%之間。

有關報告期內廢物產生的詳情,請參閱「關鍵績效指標-第一部分:環境-有害廢棄物指標-關鍵績效指標A1.3及無害廢棄物指標-關鍵績效指標A1.4」一節。

Our Environment (Continued)

Use of Resources

The Group has established the "Environmental Protection and Use of Resources Policy & Procedures" to ensure that the concept of environmental sustainability is integrated into every part of our daily business operations by complying with all environmental protection policies, practices and initiatives.

The Group complies with the policies in the efficient use of resources, including energy, water and raw materials. To uphold the principles of sustainable development, the Group is committed to reducing or maintaining the electricity and water intensity between 90% to 120% of the level of the baseline year ended 31 March 2025 in the next reporting year. The measures that reduces the use of resources are listed below:

Water:

- Report matters related to water dripping to the Administration Department for follow-up.
- Turn off the water source after use, even though there is no difficulty in sourcing water.
- Use recycled water instead of running water for rinsing zinc plates.
- Install refilters in printing machines to recycle water.
- Configure a wastewater treatment system which helps to dilute the wastewater produced during the pre-press stage of production to ensure that the pH value of the wastewater meets the required standard before the wastewater is discharged.

我們的環境(續)

資源使用

本集團已制定「環保與資源使用的政策及 程序」,以確保通過遵守所有環保政策、 慣例及措施,使環境可持續性的理念融入 日常業務經營的每個部分。

本集團遵守有效使用資源的政策,包括有關能源、水及原材料的政策。為秉持可持續發展原則,本集團致力在下一個報告年度將耗電及用水強度降低或維持在截至二零二五年三月三十一日止基準年度水平的90%至120%之間。減少資源使用的措施列示如下:

水:

- 向行政部門報告漏水相關事宜以作 跟進。
- 使用後關閉水源,即使取水並無困 難。
- 使用再生水代替自來水沖洗鋅板。
- 為印刷機安裝再過濾裝置以循環利用水。
- 安裝廢水處理系統,稀釋印前生產階段產生的廢水,確保排放廢水前, 其pH值符合規定的標準。

Our Environment (Continued)

Use of Resources (Continued)

Raw materials:

- Use non-alcoholic printing to reduce air pollution.
- Use environmental-friendly paper during each production process.
- Provide FSC (Forest Certification) paper as one of the choices which the customers can choose from.
- Clean regularly the parts of the production machine contaminated with color ink to reduce cases of reprint.
- If some parts can still be reused after they have been taken out from the machine, they will be reserved as spare parts.
- Use kraft paper instead of carton packaging for some of the packaging.
- Encourage customers to bring their own shopping bags (BYOB).
- Use the printing ink in the production process that is made of soybeans.
- Hand over most of the wastes produced in the production process to qualified recyclers for recycling.

Packaging materials used for finished products:

- Suggest our customers bring their own shopping bags
- Use recyclable and biodegradable elements for our packaging materials

For details regarding the consumption of energy and water during the Reporting Period, please refer to the section of "Key Performance Indicators – Part A. Environment – Energy and Water Consumption Indicators KPI A2.1 & KPI A2.2"

我們的環境(續)

資源使用(續)

原材料:

- 採用無酒精印刷以減少空氣污染。
- 各生產過程均使用環保紙。
- 提供FSC(森林認證)紙張供客戶選 擇。
- 定期清潔沾染彩色油墨的生產機器 以免重新印刷。
- 倘從機器取出相關部件後,該等部件仍可再使用,則留作備用件。
- 部分包裝過程中使用牛皮紙代替紙 板箱包裝。
- 鼓勵客戶自備購物袋。
- 生產過程使用大豆製成的油墨。
- 將生產過程產生的大部分廢物轉運至合資格再生廠進行循環使用。

製成品所用包裝材料:

- 建議客戶自備購物袋
- 就我們的包裝材料使用可回收及可 生物降解元素

有關報告期內能源及水消耗的詳情,請參閱「關鍵績效指標-第一部分:環境-能源及水消耗指標-關鍵績效指標A2.1及關鍵績效指標A2.2|一節。

Our Environment (Continued)

The Environment and Natural Resources

As a paper printing and banner printing service provider, there is no significant consumption of natural resources and therefore the Group's activities do not have any significant impact on the environment. Notwithstanding, the Group strives to enhance environmental sustainability and environmental awareness among its employees, such as implementing applicable systems and policies to monitor the use of natural resources and circulating notices regarding how to save energy and resources.

We will continue to assess the environmental risks of our business, review the environmental practices and adopt preventive measures as necessary to reduce the risks and ensure compliance with relevant laws and regulations regarding the Group's emissions and the use of resources.

Focusing on Climate Change

We have performed a climate risk assessment using the TCFD recommendations as a reference. This involved conducting a forward-looking analysis to evaluate the probability and consequences of each significant climate risk. Our aim was to assess the potential impacts on various business units and develop comprehensive plans to both mitigate and adapt to the challenges posed by climate change.

我們的環境(續)

環境及天然資源

作為一家紙類印刷及噴畫印刷服務提供商,我們並未大量消耗天然資源,故本集團的業務活動對環境並無任何重大影響。儘管如此,本集團致力提高僱員的環境可持續性和環保意識,例如實施適用的制度及政策以監控天然資源的利用和傳閱有關如何節約能源和資源的通告。

我們會繼續評估業務的環境風險,檢討環境措施和採納必要預防措施以降低風險 及確保遵守與本集團排放及資源使用相 關的法律法規。

專注於氣候變化

我們已參考氣候相關財務披露工作小組的建議進行氣候風險評估。該評估涉及進行前瞻性分析以評估各重大風險評估的可能性及後果。我們的目的為評估對多個業務單位的潛在影響,並制定全面計畫以緩減及適應氣候變化帶來的挑戰。

Our Environment (Continued)

我們的環境(續)

Focusing on Climate Change (Continued)

專注於氣候變化(續)

Risk Type 風險類別	Risk Description 風險説明	Potential Financial Impact 潛在財務影響	Short (current reporting period) 短期 (報告期間)	Medium (one to three years) 中期 (一至三年)	Long (four to ten years) 長期 (四至十年)	Mitigation Strategy 緩減策略
Acute Physical Risk	Extreme weather conditions such as flooding and typhoon	 Reduced revenue due to business and supply chain disruptions Damage physical assets 	✓	√		 Establish an adverse weather condition policy Maintain or expand the supplier base to avoid disruption Consider increasing
嚴重實體風險	• 極端天氣情況,如洪 水及颱風	業務及供應鍵中斷導致收益減少損害實體資產				insurance coverage • 制定一項有關惡劣天氣狀況政策 • 維持或擴大供應商基礎以避免中斷 • 考慮增加投保範圍
Chronic Physical Risk	Increased in average temperature	Increased operating costs for increased cooling demands			✓	
長期實體風險	● 平均氣溫增加	冷卻需求增加導致營 運成本增加				● 採取節能措施以避免過度消耗天然資源
Transition Risks – Policy and Legal	Changes in environmental-related regulations	• Higher operating costs to adopt new practices or technologies		✓	✓	
過渡風險-政策及 法律	• 環境相關法規變化	採取新常規或技術導 致營運成本上升				 採取節能措施以減少排放 持續監察監管環境以確保本集團遵守環境相關法律及法規
Transition Risks – Market	Shift in consumer preference to products incorporating the more environmentally friendly concept	Reduced demand for printing and other products, decreased competitiveness and create an adverse impact on revenues			✓	
過渡風險一市場	• 消費者偏好轉變為融 合環保概念的產品	• 印刷及其他產品需求 減少、競爭力下降及對 收益造成不利影響				堅守本集團的可持續發展理念,嚴格控制印刷生產過程及致力生產優質產品符合客戶及市場期望 電腦

Our People

In our endeavor to nurture a positive and thriving corporate culture, the Group is wholeheartedly dedicated to cultivating a friendly and inclusive work environment. We recognise the immense importance of this aspect in ensuring the wellbeing and overall job satisfaction of our employees. We firmly believe that by providing a well-organised workspace, we can empower our staff to unleash their full potential, enhance work efficiency, and foster unwavering loyalty towards the company.

Adhering to Employment Regulations

As of 31 March 2025, we had 311 employees in total. For the statistics related to our employment structure and employee turnover rate as of the year ended 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024, please refer to the section of "Key Performance Indicators – B. Social – Employment Indicators – KPI B1.1 & KPI B1.2".

The Group maintains an Employees Handbook which stipulates the policies of recruitment, dismissal, promotion, remuneration and benefits of employees. All new employees have an employment contract signed with the Group, setting out the rights and responsibilities of both parties in order to safeguard the interests of both parties.

Besides, "Human Resources Operation Procedures" has been established that helps management to comply with labour laws and relevant regulations that have a significant impact on the Group's internal procedures relating to recruitment and promotion, working hours, holidays, and etc. For example, employees should normally work for 8-9 hours per day and they can apply for overtime claims or compensation leave, subject to the approval of department supervisors.

我們的團隊

本集團致力於培育積極向上、蓬勃發展的 企業文化,全心全意營造友好、包容的工 作環境。我們深知,這對於確保僱員的身 心健康及整體工作滿意度極為重要。我們 堅信,一個井然有序的工作空間可以讓員 工充分發揮潛能,提高工作效率,並培養 彼等對本公司堅定不移的守護。

堅守僱傭條例

截至二零二五年三月三十一日,我們合 共擁有311名僱員。截至二零二五年三月 三十一日及二零二四年三月三十一日止 年度,有關我們的僱傭架構及僱員流失率 的統計數字,請參閱「關鍵績效指標-第 二部分:社會一僱傭指標-關鍵績效指標 B1.1及關鍵績效指標B1.2」一節。

本集團制定之僱員手冊規定有關僱員招聘、解僱、晉升、薪酬及福利的政策。本集 團與所有新僱員簽署僱傭合約,列明雙方的權利與責任,從而保障雙方權益。

此外,我們已設立「人力資源操作流程」, 有助管理層遵守對本集團內部程序(涉及 招聘及晉升、工時、節假日等)影響重大 之勞動法及相關法規。例如,僱員通常每 天工作8至9小時且僱員可申請加班補貼 或帶薪休假,惟須獲得部門主管的批准。

Our People (Continued)

Adhering to Employment Regulations (Continued)

In addition, the Group strictly complies with all relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on its business, including but not limited to the following:

- The Group is in compliance with the local laws and regulations, such as enforcing the terms of employment under the Employment Ordinance (Chapter 57) of Hong Kong for recruitment, and provision of reasonable working conditions.
- The Group provides MPF benefits to our staff in accordance with the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance.
- In determining the remuneration of employees, the Group complies with the "Minimum Wage Ordinance" (Chapter 608).
- For both recruitment and dismissal, the Group prohibits the practice of discrimination by complying with the Sex Discrimination Ordinance (Chapter 480), the Disability Discrimination Ordinance (Chapter 481) and Race Discrimination Ordinance (Chapter 602).
- The Group follows the "Employees' Compensation Ordinance" (Chapter 282) in regard to the work injury of employees.

Zero Tolerance

During the Reporting Period, the Group complied with all relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Company relating to preventing child and forced labour.

The Group has established an "Anti-discrimination Policy" to ensure that all our employees understand that harassment and discrimination are not tolerated. The Group is committed to providing a fair working environment where all employees are treated equally. All employees are assessed based on their ability, performance and contribution, irrespective of their nationality, race, religion, gender, age or family status.

我們的團隊(續)

堅守僱傭條例(續)

此外,本集團嚴格遵守所有對其業務有重 大影響的相關法例法規,包括但不限於以 下內容:

- 本集團遵守地方法例法規,如於招聘過程中遵守香港《僱傭條例》(第 57章)項下僱傭條款以及提供合理工作條件。
- 本集團亦根據《強制性公積金計劃 條例》為員工提供強積金保障。
- 釐定僱員薪酬時,本集團遵守《最低 工資條例》(第608章)。
- 於招聘及解聘期間,本集團通過遵照《性別歧視條例》(第480章)、 《殘疾歧視條例》(第481章)及《種族歧視條例》(第602章)避免歧視。
- 本集團亦就僱員工傷遵守《僱員補 償條例》(第282章)。

零容忍

於報告期內,本集團已遵守與防止童工及 強制勞工有關並會對本公司產生重大影 響的所有相關法律法規。

本集團已制定「反歧視政策」,確保所有僱員明白本集團不容忍騷擾及歧視。本集團致力提供良好工作環境,對所有僱員一視同仁。我們將根據僱員的能力、績效及貢獻對其進行評估,而不論其國籍、種族、宗教、性別、年齡或家庭狀況。

Our People (Continued)

Zero Tolerance (Continued)

The Group has adopted the following three measures to avoid recruiting child labour and forced labour during the recruitment process:

- During the recruitment process, the recruitment advertisements set out the job responsibilities for candidates' reference in order to avoid potential misunderstandings and disputes arising from the requirements of the job duties. In addition, the Group does not select any persons aged 15 or below during the stage of shortlisting candidates.
- Candidates are required to fill in a job application form before the interview and provide identity documents to ensure that the candidates can be legally employed in Hong Kong.
- At the time of appointment, the Group enters into an employment contract with the new employee, prescribing the terms of the employment, including basic salary, working hours, days of annual leave, overtime allowance, meal allowance, etc., for preventing future disputes over the employment terms.

According to the Employees' Handbook issued by the Group, employees who are in breach of rules, or commit serious dereliction of duty, malpractice or criminal offence would be immediately dismissed.

Protecting Health and Safety

We focus on providing a safe and enjoyable working environment for all of our employees.

During the Reporting Period, we complied with all relevant laws and regulations regarding industrial health and safety, such as the Factories and Industrial Undertaking Ordinance (Chapter 59) and the Occupational Safety and Health Ordinance (Chapter 509) of Hong Kong. In the case that an employee encounters an industrial accident, the Group will take all necessary measures to ensure that adequate compensation is granted to the employee concerned in accordance with the requirements stipulated in the Employees' Compensation Ordinance.

我們的團隊(續)

零容忍(續)

本集團已採納下列三項措施,以避免於招 聘過程中招聘童工及強制勞工:

- 於招聘過程中,招聘廣告將列明工作職責以供求職者參考,從而避免因工作職責導致的潛在誤會及爭議。此外,本集團在篩選候選人階段不會選擇年齡15歲或低於15歲的人士。
- 求職者須於面試前填寫求職申請表並提供身份證明文件,確保求職者可於香港合法受僱。
- 於僱用時,本集團將與新僱員訂立 僱傭合約,列明僱傭條款,包括基本 工資、工作時數、年假天數、加班津 貼、伙食津貼等,預防僱傭期內可能 出現的未來爭議。

根據本集團發佈的僱員手冊,僱員若違反 相關規則、嚴重瀆職、玩忽職守或造成刑 事責任,將被立即解僱。

保障健康及安全

我們致力為全體僱員創建安全舒適的工 作環境。

於報告期內,我們遵守所有有關工業健康 及安全的相關法律法規,例如香港《工廠 及工業經營條例》(第59章)及《職業安 全及健康條例》(第509章)。倘僱員遭遇 工傷事故,本集團將採取一切必要措施, 確保根據《僱員補償條例》的規定,向有 關僱員提供足夠的賠償。



Our People (Continued)

Protecting Health and Safety (Continued)

We emphasise that occupational safety is the first priority of our Group. In this respect, we policies and procedures to standardise the occupational safety procedures of various departments of the Group.

For the number of work-related fatalities and lost days due to work injury during the Reporting Period, please refer to the section of "Key Performance Indicators – Part B. Social – Health and Safety Indicators – KPI B2.1 & KPI B2.2".

Improving Talent Development and Training

We believe that our staff members are the valuable assets of the organization. Training is arranged for new employees during the probation with regard to the skills required for that particular position. For example, the Customer Service Department conveys the knowledge about product specifications, technology for production, workflows of order placement, and customer service techniques, etc. to the responsible staff. Before the end of the probation, management assesses the performance of the new employees in order to ensure that the new employees are equipped with the required job knowledge and skills. The assessment criteria include but are not limited to, a sense of responsibility, interpersonal skills and work attitude, etc.

For the percentage of employees trained and average training hours completed per employee during the Reporting Period, please refer to the section of "Key Performance Indicators – Part B. Social – Development and Training Indicators – KPI B3.1 & KPI B3.2".

Our Customers

Fostering Product Responsibility

As a printing company, we place a strong emphasis on product responsibility. We understand the significance of producing high-quality printed materials that not only meet the expectations of our customers but also adhere to ethical and sustainable standards.

我們的團隊(續)

保障健康及安全(續)

我們強調職業安全為本集團首要任務。就 此而言,我們設立政策及程序,將本集團 各部門職業安全程序標準化。

有關報告期內因工作關係而死亡人數及因工傷損失工作日數,請參閱「關鍵績效指標一第二部分:社會一健康及安全指標一關鍵績效指標B2.1及關鍵績效指標B2.2」一節。

提升人才發展及培訓

我們認為員工是公司最寶貴的資產。新僱員將於試用期內就特定職位所需技能接受培訓。例如,客服部將向負責員工介紹產品規格、生產技術、訂單流程、客評品通技巧等。試用期結束前,管理層將評估新僱員的表現,以確保新僱員具備所需職位知識與技能。評估標準包括(但不限於)責任感、人際交往能力及工作態度等。

有關報告期內受過培訓的僱員百分比及每位僱員完成的平均培訓時數,請參閱「關鍵績效指標-第二部分:社會-發展及培訓指標-關鍵績效指標B3.1及關鍵績效指標B3.2」一節。

我們的客戶

培養產品責任

作為一家印刷公司,我們極為重視產品責任。我們深明生產優質印刷材料的重要性,該等材料不僅滿足客戶期望,且遵守道德及可持續標準。

Our Customers (Continued)

Fostering Product Responsibility (Continued)

During the Reporting Period, our Group strictly complied with laws and regulations in regard to product responsibility in Hong Kong, Malaysia and the PRC that have a significant impact on our business, including, but not limited to, Copyright Ordinance (Chapter 528) of Hong Kong; Trademark Law of the PRC, Copyright Law of the PRC and Rules of Protection on Information Network Dissemination Rights of the PRC; and Consumer Protection Act 1999 of Malaysia.

We have established procedures in relation to monitoring and protection of intellectual property rights. For the orders placed by customers at the retail shops or the self-service platform or through the customer service hotline, the Customer Service Department is responsible for checking the files against infringement of intellectual property rights or any other issues. If the file to be printed is suspected of possible infringement of intellectual property rights, the Group would not start printing unless the customer can provide the authorization proof of the intellectual property for verification. In case the customer fails to provide such authorization/proof, the Group has the right to reject the order. Moreover, the Group reserves the rights to any claims or litigation in respect of infringement of intellectual property rights arising from the printing of documents provided by the customers.

In order to safeguard product safety, the printing ink used in the production process is made of non-hazardous substances such as soybean, and vegetable oil, and therefore, is free from toxic chemicals like lead. Test reports which list the composition of the ingredients of printing ink are obtained from the ink manufacturers for our reference. The test reports show that no hazardous components are contained in the printing ink. If customers are not satisfied with the quality of the products delivered, the staff of the retail shops have to conduct the preliminary assessment and will pass the products to the Quality Control Department for further checking, if necessary.

For the percentage of total products sold subject to recalls and the number of products and service-related complaints received during the Reporting Period, please refer to the section of "Key Performance Indicators – Part B. Social – Product Responsibility Indicators – KPI B6.1 & KPI B6.2".

我們的客戶(續)

培養產品責任(續)

於報告期內,本集團嚴格遵守香港、馬來西亞及中國有關產品責任並對我們的業務產生重大影響的法律法規,包括但不限於香港《版權條例》(第528章):中華人民共和國《商標法》、中華人民共和國《信息網絡傳作權法》及中華人民共和國《信息網絡傳播權保護條例》以及馬來西亞《一九九九年消費者保障法》。

為確保產品安全,生產過程所用印刷油墨以大豆及植物油等無害物質製成,因為等有害化學成分。油墨廠商會提供列明印刷油墨成分的測試報告,以供害人。測試報告顯示印刷油墨並無有意分。倘客戶對所交付產品的質素不滿產的。倘客戶對所交付產品的質素不滿產品移交質量控制部以作進一步核實(如必要)。

就於報告期內所售須召回的總產品百分比及所收到的產品及服務相關投訴數目,請參閱「關鍵績效指標一第二部分:社會一產品責任指標一關鍵績效指標B6.1及關鍵績效指標B6.2」一節。

Our Customers (Continued)

Placing Customer Services at First Place

Our Group places a high value on customers. Complaints received must be recorded in the internal system and passed to senior staff or the Customer Service Department for follow-up.

Under normal circumstances, the Group should reply to the complainant within a few working days. However, in exceptional cases, if the investigation is still in progress, the Group would update the complainant about the investigation status once a week.

In order to enhance the service quality of various departments, the Customer Service Department reports the details of the complaint to relevant departments for follow-up during the business review meeting with the Marketing and Production Department.

Protecting Privacy Matters

All the personal information collected by the Group is strictly used in accordance with relevant data privacy laws and regulations, including the "Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance" of Hong Kong and the "Personal Information Protection Law" of the PRC.

The Group has implemented several measures for protecting the personal data collected. For example, access controls are in place in server rooms in order to prevent unauthorised access to confidential information. Besides, when the Group collects personal data via the Group's website, encryption technology is adopted to protect the personal data from potential leakage. Firewall has also been set up on the Group's website to prevent unauthorised access and abuse by third parties. According to the "Employee Handbook", all employees are required to protect the sensitive information and clients' personal information obtained when performing job duties. Information should not be disclosed to any third parties unless and to the extent that it is necessary to make such disclosure. If there is any leakage of the Group's confidential information, the Group may impose fines, administrative penalties or pursue legal liabilities against the parties concerned to protect the interests of the Group and its clients.

我們的客戶(續)

將客服放在首位

本集團高度重視客戶。收到的投訴須錄入 內部系統且報至高級職員或客服部以作 跟進。

在正常情況下,本集團將於幾個工作日內 對投訴者作出回覆。然而,特殊情況下, 倘調查程序仍在進行,則本集團會每週向 投訴者報告一次調查狀況。

為提高各部門的服務質素,客服部將向有關部門報告投訴詳情以便在業務審核會議上與市場部及生產部進行跟進。

保護私隱事宜

本集團收集的所有個人資料均嚴格按照 有關資料私隱法律及法規使用,包括香港 「個人資料(私隱)條例」及中國「個人信息保護法」。

Our Customers (Continued)

Aiming for More Suppliers Complying with Our Code of Conduct

We stress the importance of minimizing the environmental impact caused by our production. For instance, we adopt green procurement practices by using printing ink that is made of soybeans in our production. Compared to the traditional Petroleum-based ink, soy-based ink is more environmentally friendly and makes the paper easier to recycle.

Moreover, we continuously monitor the performance of our supply chain so as to ensure the quality of products provided to our customers. We have set criteria for assessing suppliers such as price, quality, relationship, stability on goods supply, delivery time, and payment terms, etc. Only suppliers with satisfactory results in the initial assessment will be added to our list of approved suppliers and engaged in our business operations. Suppliers who take the environmental and social concerns into account of their production would be more favourable to be accepted as approved suppliers. On top of that, the Group also conducts an annual assessment of the approved suppliers to ensure that the products or services are of consistent quality and up to the Group's required standards. Suppliers with unsatisfactory results in the annual assessment will be eliminated from our list of approved suppliers. For the number of our suppliers by geographical region during the Reporting Period. please refer to the section "Key Performance Indicators - Part B. Social - Supply Chain Management Indicators - KPI B5.1".

Upholding Business Ethics

Anti-corruption

Our Group takes a zero-tolerance approach towards all forms of bribery and corruption and is committed to observing and upholding high standards of business integrity, honesty, fairness, impartiality and transparency in all its business dealings at all times.

We have established Anti-Corruption Policy to require employees promptly report any suspected fraud cases, whether they are aware of any suspected persons or events. Employees may report suspected fraud cases to their immediate supervisor or the department manager. The reports can be made verbally, e.g. telephone, or formally in written form, e.g. letter/email. After the potential fraudulent cases have been reported, the investigation will be conducted with due care and the investigation process will be kept confidential. For the proven fraud, management will take corrective action immediately.

我們的客戶(續)

旨在促使更多供應商遵守我們的行 為守則

我們重視盡量減低生產所造成的環境影響。例如,我們透過在生產過程中使用大豆製成的印刷油墨實踐綠色採購。相比傳統的石油油墨,大豆油墨更環保並令紙品更易回收。

此外,我們持續監控供應鏈的表現以確保 向客戶提供的產品質素。我們已設有供應 商評估標準,如價格、質素、關係、貨品供 應穩定程度、交期及付款期等。僅於初步 評估中取得滿意結果的供應商方可添加 至我們的認可供應商名單中並參與我們 的業務營運。於生產中考慮環境及社會問 題的供應商將更有利於獲接納為認可供 應商。除此之外,本集團亦對認可供應商 進行年度評估,以確保產品或服務的質素 始終如一,並達到本集團規定的標準。年 度評估未達滿意結果的供應商將從我們 的認可供應商名單中剔除。就報告期內按 地區劃分的供應商數目而言,請參閱 [關 鍵績效指標-第二部分:社會-供應鏈管 理指標-關鍵績效指標B5.1」一節。

恪守商業道德

反貪污

本集團對所有形式的賄賂及貪污採取零容忍態度,並致力於在所有業務交易中始終遵守及維護高標準的商業誠信、誠實、公平、公正及透明。

無論僱員有否發現嫌疑人或事件,我們已制定反貪污政策要求彼等即時報告任何疑似欺詐事件。僱員可向直接監管人或過門經理報告疑似欺詐事件。報告可透過口頭(如電話)或書面形式(如信函/郵件)正式作出。於報告潛在欺詐事件後,本集團將進行審慎調查且調查流程將保密。對於經證實的欺詐,管理層將立即執行糾正措施。

Our Customers (Continued)

Upholding Business Ethics (Continued)

Anti-corruption (Continued)

During the Reporting Period, the Group complied with all relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on us, relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering, including, but not limited to, Criminal Law of the PRC, Anti-Money Laundering Law of the PRC, the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance of Hong Kong and the Malaysian Anti-Corruption Commission Act 2009.

There was no corruption case was noted and/or reported during the Reporting Period. In addition, the Group arranged anti-corruption training for the new employees. The Group will closely monitor the regulatory development and will arrange relevant anti-corruption training for our employees and directors, where necessary.

Whistle-blowing Procedures

We have implemented a comprehensive whistleblowing system to foster a culture of transparency and combat business corruption effectively. Our Group provides multiple channels for employees and external parties to report any suspected misconduct, ensuring the efficacy of our anti-corruption monitoring efforts. Whistleblowers are encouraged to disclose their concerns orally or in writing, providing comprehensive details and supporting evidence to their respective department heads. To safeguard the Group's interests, we diligently investigate any suspicious or unlawful activities. Moreover, we have established a mechanism to ensure the confidentiality of whistleblowers and protect them against unfair repercussions or dismissal. In the event of a suspected criminal offense, our management promptly reports it to the appropriate regulatory or law enforcement authorities as deemed necessary.

Our Community

As a printing company, we firmly believe that education is the most powerful tool for promoting and nurturing community investments. We recognise the transformative impact that education can have on individuals, families, and the community as a whole. With this understanding, we are committed to supporting educational initiatives that empower individuals and contribute to the development of a well-educated and skilled workforce.

我們的客戶(續)

恪守商業道德(續)

反貪污(續)

於報告期內,概無發現及/或報告貪污事件。此外,本集團為新僱員安排了反貪污培訓。本集團將密切監察監管發展,並將於有需要時為僱員及董事安排相關反貪污培訓。

舉報程序

我們的社區

作為一家印刷公司,我們深信教育是推動 及培育社區投資的最強大工具。我們深明 教育對個人、家庭及整個社會所能產生的 變革性影響。基於此理解,我們致力於支 持賦能個人的教育計劃,並為培養高素質 和技能的勞動力作出貢獻。

Our Community (Continued)

During the Reporting Period, our Group sponsored a scholarship programme at Youth College under the Vocational Training Council (VTC) Group in Hong Kong. This initiative reflects our dedication to nurturing future talent and supporting young people in pursuing their academic and professional aspirations. By investing in education, we aim to contribute to the long-term growth of the community and promote equal opportunities for students from diverse backgrounds.

We also offered free printing support to organisations such as the Hong Kong Federation of Business Students (香港大專商學生聯會), Fook Yan Service Centre (扶廕社會服務中心), Hong Kong Employment Development Service (香港就業發展服務), and the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals (SPCA) (香港愛護動物協會). These efforts reflect our dedication to using our core business capabilities to contribute positively to society and assist NGOs in advancing their missions. Through such initiatives, we aim to strengthen our social impact and foster long-term partnerships within the community.

For details of the resources we have contributed to the community during the Reporting Period, please refer to the section of "Key Performance Indicators – Part B. Social – Community Investment Indicators – KPI B8.2".

About this report

Report Profile

This ESG report ("Report") focuses on the Group's main operations in Hong Kong, mainland China ("PRC") and Malaysia, for the financial year ended 31 March 2025 ("Reporting Period"). It describes the Group's progress on its way towards creating sustainable value for its shareholders and other stakeholders. During the process of preparing this Report, we have conducted thorough review and evaluation of the existing ESG practices of the Group with the aim of achieving better performance results in the future.

我們的社區(續)

於報告期間,本集團贊助香港職業訓練局(VTC)集團轄下青年學院的獎學金計劃。 此舉反映我們致力培育未來人才,並支 持年青人追求學業及專業抱負。透過投資 教育,我們希望為社會的長遠發展作出貢 獻,並促進來自不同背景的學生享有平等 機會。

我們亦為香港大專商學生聯會、扶廕社會服務中心、香港就業發展服務及香港愛護動物協會等機構提供免費印刷支援。此等工作反映出我們致力於運用核心業務能力為社會作出積極貢獻,並協助非政府組織推進其使命。透過該等活動,我們力爭加強我們的社會影響力,並在社區建立長期夥伴關係。

有關我們於報告期內向社區投入資源的 詳情,請參閱「關鍵績效指標一第二部 分:社會一社區投資指標一關鍵績效指標 B8.2 | 一節。

有關本報告

報告簡介

本環境、社會及管治報告(「報告」)專注 於本集團截至二零二五年三月三十一日 止財政年度(「報告期」)於香港、中國內 地(「中國」)及馬來西亞的主要業務。本 報告説明本集團為其股東及其他持份份 創造可持續價值的進展。編製本報告的過 程中,我們已對本集團現有的環境、社會 及管治的實踐作出詳盡審查及評估,旨在 於日後取得更好的成績。

About this report (Continued)

Report Scope and Boundary

This Report contains information that is material to understand the Group's ESG practices and performance in its daily operations. Unless otherwise specified, the environmental disclosure in the Report covers business in Hong Kong and the PRC. As the production volume in Malaysia is less than 5% of the total production volume of the Group, it is regarded as immaterial and hence the environmental data of the Malaysia office is not disclosed in the Report. The social disclosure in the Report covers all locations of the operating entities of the Group, which included Hong Kong, the PRC and Malaysia.

This Report is prepared in accordance with the ESG Reporting Guide as set out in Appendix C2 to the Rules Governing the Listing Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules").

The ESG Report complies with all provisions of "mandatory disclosure" or "comply or explain", as well as the principles of materiality, quantitative, balance and consistency. In preparing the Report, we have adopted the international standards and emission factors specified in the guidance materials on ESG issued by The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited for computing the relevant Key Performance Indicators ("KPIs"), and there is no change in the way the Report has been prepared from the previous year unless otherwise stated. The application of materiality is detailed in the subsection headed "ESG Management – Materiality Assessment".

Although there were no specific programs to engage stakeholders outside the Group when this Report was being prepared, we have included the key issues which are of different stakeholder groups' concerns, based on our continual communication with them. Should you wish to provide comments or recommend improvements on our ESG reporting, please reach us through our feedback hotline (telephone no. at (852) 2319 7107).

有關本報告(續)

報告範圍及界限

本報告載有對了解本集團環境、社會及 實踐及其日常經營中的表現至關 的資料。除另有說明外,本報告中的 披露涵蓋香港及中國的業務。由於馬 亞的產量不到本集團總產量的5%,被 為並不重要,因此馬來西亞辦事處的 為並未於報告中披露。報告中的社會數 據披露涵蓋本集團所有經營實體所在地, 包括香港、中國及馬來西亞。

本報告乃根據香港聯合交易所有限公司 證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄C2所載 之環境、社會及管治報告指引編製。

環境、社會及管治報告已遵守所有「強制披露」規定或「不遵守就解釋」條文,條及重要性、量化、平衡及一致性的原則。於編製本報告時,我們已採納香港管別局所有限公司發佈的環境、社會及管治學相關的關鍵績效指標(「關鍵績製效指標」),而除另有指明外,本報告更數性對於「環境、社會及管治管理一重要性評估」分節詳述。

儘管於編製本報告時並無委聘本集團以外持份者的具體計劃,但我們已根據我們與彼等的持續溝通列出不同類別持份者關注的主要事宜。 閣下如欲就我們的環境、社會及管治報告作出評論或對其提出改進建議,請透過我們的反饋熱線(電話號碼:(852)23197107)與我們聯絡。

Key Performance Indicators

關鍵績效指標

Part A. Environmental

第一部分:環境

Emission Indicators – KPI A1.1 排放指標-關鍵績效指標A1.1			
Emission Data from Vehicles	Unit	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
車輛的排放數據	單位	截至二零二五年 三月三十一日止年度	
Kilometres travelled	kilometers	97,787.5	100,406.2
已行駛公里	公里		
Units of fuel Consumed			
所耗燃料單位			
- Petrol	Liter	7,127.1	7,213.5
- 汽油	升		
Nitrogen Oxides	grams	15,874.5	13,105.1
氧化氮	克		
Sulphur Oxides	grams	104.8	106.0
硫氧化合物	克		
Particulate Matter	grams	1,376.5	1,100.8
微粒物質	克		

關鍵績效指標(續)

Part A. Environmental (Continued)

第一部分:環境(續)

Emission Indicators - KPI A1.2 排放指標-關鍵績效指標A1.2

For the year ended For the year ended 31 March 2025

31 March 2024

Unit

截至二零二五年 截至二零二四年

溫室氣體排放總量

Total GHG Emissions

單位

三月三十一日止年度 三月三十一日止年度

Scope 1: Direct Emissions or Removals from Sources

範圍1:直接排放或消除來源

Scope 1b - GHG Emissions from Mobile Combustion Sources

範圍1b-流動源的燃料燃燒所致的溫室氣體排放

Units of fuel Consumed

所耗燃料單位

- Petrol	Liter	7,127.1	7,213.5
- 汽油	升		
Carbon Dioxide	tonnes	19.0	19.2
二氧化碳	噸		

Scope 2 - Energy Indirect Emissions

範圍2-能源間接排放

Electricity	kWh	3,031,839.4	2,804,271.8
電能	千瓦時		
Carbon Dioxide	grams	1,171.1	1,112.9
二氧化碳	克		
Total Amount of Carbon Dioxic Produced during the Reporting	5 -	1,191.1	1,132.1
於報告期內產生的二氧化碳總量	: 克		
The intensity of Carbon Dioxid	e tonnes per employee	3.7	3.6

The intensity of Carbon Dioxide **Produced during the Reporting Period**

(tonnes per employee):

3.7

3.6

於報告期內產生的二氧化碳密度

每個僱員噸

(每個僱員噸):

關鍵績效指標(續)

Part A. Environmental (Continued)

第一部分:環境(續)

Hazardous Waste Indicators – KPI A1.3 有害廢棄物指標-關鍵績效指標A1.3

Total hazardous waste produced	Unit	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
產生的有害廢棄物總量	單位	截至二零二五年 三月三十一日止年度	截至二零二四年 三月三十一日止年度
Chemical Wastewater	tonnes	2,809.0	2,701.0
化工污水	噸		
Cloths Stained With Chemicals	tonnes	4.1	3.8
含有化學品的污染布料	噸		
Wasted Zinc	tonnes	132.3	162.4
廢鋅	噸		
Photograph Potions	tonnes	24.4	24.9
相片藥水	噸		
Isopropyl Alcohol (IPA)	tonnes	3.3 (Note 1)	7.8
異丙醇	噸	(附註1)	
Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC)	tonnes	7.0	7.1
聚氯乙烯	噸		

關鍵績效指標(續)

Part A. Environmental (Continued)

第一部分:環境(續)

Hazardous	Waste	Indicator	s – KPI A1.3
有害廢棄物	指標-	關鍵績效料	旨標A1.3

Hazardous waste produced per tonne of product produced	Unit	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
生產每噸產品所產生的有害廢棄物	單位	截至二零二五年 三月三十一日止年度	截至二零二四年 三月三十一日止年度
Chemical Wastewater	in tonnes/tonne produced	0.732	0.704
化工污水	以所產生的噸數計		
Cloths Stained With Chemicals	in tonnes/tonne produced	0.001	0.001
含有化學品的污染布料	以所產生的噸數計		
Wasted Zinc	in tonnes/tonne produced	0.034	0.042
廢鋅	以所產生的噸數計		
Photograph Potions	in tonnes/tonne produced	0.006	0.006
相片藥水	以所產生的噸數計		
Isopropyl Alcohol (IPA)	in tonnes/tonne produced	0.001	0.002
異丙醇	以所產生的噸數計		
Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC)	in tonnes/tonne produced	0.002	0.002
聚氯乙烯	以所產生的噸數計		

Note 1: The company transitioned from using IPA Alcohol in printing to Alcohol-free Dampening Solutions, leading to a substantial reduction in the consumption of IPA Alcohol.

附註1:本公司在印刷中由使用異丙醇過渡至無酒精 潤版液,導致大幅減少了異丙醇的消耗量。

關鍵績效指標(續)

Part A. Environmental (Continued)

第一部分:環境(續)

,	·		
Non-hazardous Waste Indicators – KPI A1.4 無害廢棄物指標-關鍵績效指標A1.4			
Total non-hazardous waste produced	Unit	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
產生的無害廢棄物總量	單位	截至二零二五年 三月三十一日止年度	截至二零二四年 三月三十一日止年度
Paper	tonnes	669.5	665.4
紙張	噸		
Foam Board	tonnes	25.3	25.6
泡沫板	噸		
Synthesised Paper	tonnes	8.1	8.3
合成紙	噸		
Lightbox Film	tonnes	0.4	0.4
燈箱薄膜	噸		
Cloth	tonnes	5.2	5.5
布料	噸		
Sticker	tonnes	14.1	15.5
貼紙	噸		
Non-hazardous waste produced per tonne of product produced	I		
生產每噸產品所產生的無害廢棄物	ש		
Paper	in tonnes/tonne produced	0.175	0.173
紙張	以所產生的噸數計		
Foam Board	in tonnes/tonne produced	0.235	0.238
泡沫板	以所產生的噸數計		
Synthesised Paper	in tonnes/tonne produced	0.199	0.204
合成紙	以所產生的噸數計		
Lightbox Film	in tonnes/tonne produced	0.009	0.010
燈箱薄膜	以所產生的噸數計		
Cloth	in tonnes/tonne produced	2.797	2.962
布料	以所產生的噸數計		•
Sticker	in tonnes/tonne produced	0.188	0.206
貼紙	以所產生的噸數計		
			_

Key Performance Indicators (Continued)

關鍵績效指標(續)

Part A. Environmental (Continued)

第一部分:環境(續)

Packaging Material Indicators – KF	PI A2.5		
包裝材料指標 – 關鍵績效指標A2.5 Total Packaging Material used for Finished Products	Unit	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Timoned Froddots	Onic	截至二零二五年	截至二零二四年
製成品所用包裝材料總量	單位		三月三十一日止年度
Paper Box	tonnes	0.3	0.8
紙盒	噸		
Plastic Box	tonnes	3.8	3.9
塑料盒	噸		
Kraft Paper	tonnes	7.7	8.2
牛皮紙	噸		
Carton	tonnes	61.2	65.5
紙箱	噸		
Transparent Wrap	tonnes	5.8	4.5
透明薄膜	噸		
Sealing Tape	tonnes	0.4	1.0
密封帶	噸		
Packaging material per tonne of product produced			
每噸產品所產生的包裝材料			
Paper Box	in tonnes/tonne produced	0.0001	0.0002
紙盒	以所產生的噸數計		
Plastic Box	in tonnes/tonne produced	0.0009	0.0009
塑料盒	以所產生的噸數計		
Kraft Paper	in tonnes/tonne produced	0.0018	0.0019
牛皮紙	以所產生的噸數計		
Carton	in tonnes/tonne produced	0.0145	0.0155
紙箱	以所產生的噸數計		
Transparent Wrap	in tonnes/tonne produced	0.0014	0.0011
透明薄膜	以所產生的噸數計		
Sealing Tape	in tonnes/tonne produced	0.0001	0.0002
密封帶	以所產生的噸數計		

關鍵績效指標(續)

Part A. Environmental (Continued)

第一部分:環境(續)

Energy and Water Consumption Indicators – KPI A2.1 & KPI A2.2 能源及水消耗指標 – 關鍵績效指標A2.1及關鍵績效指標A2.2

Total Consumption	Source	Uint	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
總消耗量	來源	單位	截至二零二五年 三月三十一日止年度	
	Electricity	kWh	3,031,839.4	2,804,271.8
	電能	千瓦時		
	Water	cubic metres	4,231.0	4,194.0
	水	立方米		
Consumption per unit produced				
每單位所產生的 消耗量				
	Electricity	kWh per tonne	691.6	665.5
	電能	千瓦時每噸		
	Water	cubic metres per tonne	1.0	1.0
	水	立方米每噸		

Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告

Key Performance Indicators (Continued)

關鍵績效指標(續)

第二部分:社會 Part B. Social

Employment Indicators – KPI B1.1 僱傭指標-關鍵績效指標B1.1		
Employment	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
僱傭	於二零二五年 三月三十一日	於二零二四年 三月三十一日
Total number of employees	311	340
僱員總數		
By gender		
按性別分		
Male	192	212
男性		
Female	119	128
女性		
By age group		
按年齡分		
Below 25	12	17
25歲以下		
25 to 29	33	41
25至29歲		
30 to 39	84	100
30至39歲		
40-49	77	76
40至49歲		
Over 50	105	106
50歲以上		

關鍵績效指標(續)

Part B. Social (Continued)

Employment Indicators – KPI B1.1 僱傭指標-關鍵績效指標B1.1		
Employment	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
僱傭	於二零二五年 三月三十一日	於二零二四年 三月三十一日
By region		
按區域分		
Hong Kong	263	293
香港		
PRC	22	25
中國		
Malaysia	26	22
馬來西亞		
By Employment Type		
按僱傭類型分		
Permanent Staff	303	326
永久編制人員		
Contract Staff	8	14
合同人員		

關鍵績效指標(續)

Part B. Social (Continued)

Employment Indicators – KPI B1.2 僱傭指標-關鍵績效指標B1.2		
Employee turnover	For the Year Ended 31 March 2025	For the Year Ended 31 March 2024
	截至二零二五年	截至二零二四年
僱員流失比率	三月三十一日止年度	三月三十一日止年度
Total employee turnover rate	22%	21%
合共僱員流失比率		
By gender		
按性別分		
Male	24%	23%
男性		
Female	19%	19%
女性		
By age group		
按年齡分		
Below 25	25%	59%
25歲以下		
25 to 29	12%	37%
25至29歲		
30 to 39	25%	25%
30至39歲		
40 to 49	19%	16%
40至49歲		
Over 50	25%	9%
50歲以上		

關鍵績效指標(續)

Part B. Social (Continued)

第二部分:社會(續)

Employme	nt Indicators - KPI B1.2
僱傭指標-	關鍵績效指標B1.2

Employee turnover	For the Year Ended 31 March 2025	For the Year Ended 31 March 2024
	截至二零二五年	截至二零二四年
僱員流失比率	三月三十一日止年度	三月三十一日止年度
By region		
按區域分		
Hong Kong	25%	24%
香港		
PRC	14%	4%
中國		
Malaysia	-	_
馬來西亞		

Health and Safety Indicators – KPI B2.1& KPI B2.2 健康及安全指標 – 關鍵績效指標B2.1及關鍵績效指標B2.2

	For the Year Ended 31 March 2025	For the Year Ended 31 March 2024	For the Year Ended 31 March 2023
		截至二零二四年 三月三十一日止年度	
Fatality number	-	-	_
傷亡人數			
Number of reportable injuries	7	6	8
須予報告工傷數量			
Number of day lost	13.5	16	205
缺勤天數			

75

關鍵績效指標(續)

Part B. Social (Continued)

Development and Training Indicators – KPI B3.1 發展及培訓指標 – 關鍵績效指標B3.1		
Percentage of total number of employees trained	For the Year Ended 31 March 2025	For the Year Ended 31 March 2024
佔已培訓總僱員人數百分比	截至二零二五年 三月三十一日止年度	截至二零二四年 三月三十一日止年度
Total	17%	23%
總計		
By gender		
按性別分		
Male	37%	68%
男性		
Female	63%	32%
女性		
By employee category		
按僱員類別分		
Entry level	56%	83%
入門級		
Middle level	36%	12%
中層		
Management level	8%	5%
管理層		

關鍵績效指標(續)

Part B. Social (Continued)

管理層

Development and Training Indicators – KPI B3.2 發展及培訓指標-關鍵績效指標B3.2		
	For the Year Ended 31 March 2025	For the Year Ended 31 March 2024
	截至二零二五年 三月三十一日止年度	截至二零二四年 三月三十一日止年度
Total number of hours of internal training received by employees	80.5	283.0
僱員所接受內部培訓的總時數		
Average hours of training per employee		
每個僱員平均培訓時數		
Average hours of training per employee by gender		
按性別分每個僱員平均培訓時數		
Male	1.5	4.2
男性		
Female	1.6	2.3
女性		
Average hours of training per employee by employment category		
按僱傭類別分每個僱員平均培訓時數		
Entry level	1.8	1.9
入門級		
Middle level	1.3	4.1
中層		
Management level	1.0	30.1

Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告

Key Performance Indicators (Continued)

關鍵績效指標(續)

Part B. Social (Continued)

Supply Chain Management Indicators – KPI B5.1 供應鏈管理指標-關鍵績效指標B5.1		
Supplier management	For the Year Ended 31 March 2025	For the Year Ended 31 March 2024
供應商管理	截至二零二五年 三月三十一日止年度	截至二零二四年 三月三十一日止年度
Total number of suppliers	174	121
供應商總數		
By region		
按區域分		
Hong Kong	132	98
香港		
PRC	38	5
中國		
Taiwan	3	3
台灣		
Malaysia	1	15
馬來西亞		

關鍵績效指標(續)

Part B. Social (Continued)

第二部分:社會(續)

Product Responsibility Indicators – KPI B6.1& KPI B6.2 產品責任指標-關鍵績效指標B6.1及關鍵績效指標B6.2

产品员工品标 朗妮· 原从品标记 (人的 妮		
	For the Year Ended 31 March 2025	For the Year Ended 31 March 2024
	截至二零二五年 三月三十一日止年度	截至二零二四年 三月三十一日止年度
Total No. of Products sold or shipped	406,035	427,737
已售或已運送產品總數		
Total number of products subject to recalls for safety and health reason	-	-
因安全及健康原由須召回的產品總數		
Total number of complaints received	_	-
已收投訴總數		

Community Investment Indicators – KPI B8.2

社區投資指標-關鍵績效指標**B8.2**

	For the Year Ended 31 Mar 2025	For the Year Ended 31 Mar 2024
	截至二零二五年 三月三十一日止年度	截至二零二四年 三月三十一日止年度
Resources contributed to education, environmental concerns, labour needs, health, culture, sport (Amount in HK\$)	14,456	190,811
對教育、環境問題、勞動需求、健康、文化、體育 貢獻的資源(按港元計值)		
Hours spent on corporate charitable activities	5	26
企業慈善活動所用時數		
Number of employee volunteer participating in corporate charitable activities	14	64
僱員志願參加企業慈善活動人數		

香港交易所環境、社會及管治 報告指引內容索引

ESG Aspects

Related Section(s)

環境、社會及管治層面

相關章節

Part A: Environmental

第一部分:環境

A1. Emissions

A1. 排放物

Information on the policies and compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste.

有關廢氣及溫室氣體排放、對水及土地的排污、有害及無害廢棄物的產生等的政策及遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及法規的資料。

KPI A1.1 The types of emissions and respective emission data.

關鍵績效指標A1.1 排放物種類及相關排放數據。

KPI A1.2 Direct (Scope 1) and energy indirect (Scope 2) greenhouse gas emission in total (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).

關鍵績效指標A1.2 直接(範圍1)及間接能源(範圍2)溫室氣體總排放量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。

KPI A1.3 Total hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).

關鍵績效指標A1.3 所產生有害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。

KPI A1.4 Total non-hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).

關鍵績效指標A1.4 所產生無害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。

KPI A1.5 Description of emissions target set and steps taken to achieved them.

關鍵績效指標A1.5 描述所訂立的排放量目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。

KPI A1.6 Description of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are handled, and a description of reduction target set and steps taken to achieved them.

關鍵績效指標A1.6 描述處理有害及無害廢棄物的方法,及描述所訂立的減廢目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。

Our Environment - Emissions

我們的環境一排放物

Key Performance Indicators – Part A. Environmental

關鍵績效指標-第一部分:環境

Our Environment - Emissions

我們的環境一排放物

Our Environment – Waste Management

我們的環境一廢棄物管理

(Continued)

香港交易所環境、社會及管治 報告指引內容索引(續)

ESG Aspects 環境、社會及管治層面	Related Section(s) 相關章節
A2. Use of Resources	
A2. 資源使用	
Policies on the efficient use of resources, including energy, water and other raw materials.	Our Environment – Use of Resources
有關有效使用資源(包括能源、水及其他原材料)的政策。	我們的環境-資源使用
KPI A2.1 Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type (e.g. electricity, gas or oil) in total (kWh in '000s) and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	Key Performance Indicators – Part A. Environmental
關鍵績效指標A2.1 按類型劃分的直接及/或間接能源(如電、氣或油)總耗量(以千個千瓦時計算)及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	關鍵績效指標-第一部分:環境
KPI A2.2 Water consumption in total and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	Key Performance Indicators – Part A. Environmental
關鍵績效指標A2.2 總耗水量及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	關鍵績效指標-第一部分:環境
KPI A2.3 Description of energy use efficiency target set and steps taken to achieve them.	Our Environment – Use of Resources
關鍵績效指標A2.3 描述所訂立的能源使用效益目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	我們的環境-資源使用
KPI A2.4 Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency target set and steps taken to achieve them.	Our Environment – Use of Resources
關鍵績效指標A2.4 描述求取適用水源上可有任何問題,所訂立的用水效益目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	我們的環境-資源使用
KPI A2.5 Total packaging material used for finished products (in tonnes) and, if applicable, with reference to per unit produced.	Our Environment – Use of Resources, Key Performance Indicators – Part A. Environmental
關鍵績效指標A2.5 製成品所用包裝材料的總量(以噸計)及(如適用) 每生產單位佔量。	我們的環境一資源使用,關鍵績效指標一第一部分:環境

(Continued)

香港交易所環境、社會及管治報告指引內容索引(續)

ESG Aspects 環境、社會及管治層面	Related Section(s) 相關章節
	竹闌早即
A3. The Environmental and Natural Resources	
A3. 環境及天然資源	
Policies on minimizing the issuer's significant impact on the environment and natural resources.	Our Environment – The Environment and Natural Resources
有關盡量減低發行人對環境及天然資源造成重大影響的政策。	我們的環境-環境及天然資源
KPI A3.1 Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them.	Our Environment – The Environment and Natural Resources
關鍵績效指標A3.1 描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及已 採取管理有關影響的行動。	我們的環境-環境及天然資源
A4. Climate Change	
A4. 氣候變化	
Policies on identification and mitigation of significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer.	Our Environment – Focusing on Climate Change
有關識別及減低已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大氣候相關事宜 的政策。	我們的環境-專注於氣候變化
KPI A4.1 Description of the significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer, and the actions taken to manage them.	Our Environment – Focusing on Climate Change
關鍵績效指標A4.1 描述已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大氣候 相關事宜及已採取管理有關事宜的行動。	我們的環境-專注於氣候變化
Part B. Social	
第二部分:社會	
B1. Employment	
B1. 僱傭	
Information on the policies and compliance with laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare.	Our People – Adhering to Employment Regulations
有關薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、假期、平等機會、多元化、	我們的團隊一堅守僱傭條例

法律及法規的資料。

反歧視以及其他待遇及福利的政策及遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關

(Continued)

香港交易所環境、社會及管治 報告指引內容索引(續)

ESG Aspects	Related Section(s)
環境、社會及管治層面	相關章節
KPI B1.1 Total workforce by gender, employment type, age group and geographical region.	Key Performance Indicators – Part B. Social
關鍵績效指標B1.1 按性別、僱傭類型、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員總數。	關鍵績效指標-第二部分:社會
KPI B1.2 Employment turnover rate by gender, age group and geographical region.	Key Performance Indicators – Part B. Social
關鍵績效指標B1.2 按性別、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員流失比率。	關鍵績效指標一第二部分:社會
B2. Health and Safety	
B2. 健康與安全	
Information on the policies and compliance with laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards.	Our People – Protecting Health and Safety
有關提供安全工作環境及保障僱員避免職業性危害的政策及遵守對發 行人有重大影響的相關法律及法規的資料。	我們的團隊-保障健康及安全
KPI B2.1 Number and rate of work-related fatalities.	Key Performance Indicators – Part B. Social
關鍵績效指標B2.1 因工作關係而死亡的人數及比率。	關鍵績效指標-第二部分:社會
KPI B2.2 Lost days due to work injury.	Key Performance Indicators – Part B. Social
關鍵績效指標B2.2 因工傷損失工作日數。	關鍵績效指標-第二部分:社會
KPI B2.3 Description of occupational health and safety measures adopted, how they are implemented and monitored.	Our People - Protecting Health and Safety
關鍵績效指標B2.3 描述所採納的職業健康與安全措施、相關執行及監察方法。	我們的團隊-保障健康及安全

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香港交易所環境、社會及管治報告指引內容索引(續)

ESG Aspects 環境、社會及管治層面	Related Section(s) 相關章節
B3. Development and Training	ᄱᇑᆍᇝ
B3. 發展及培訓	
Policies on improving employees' knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work. Description of training activities.	Our People – Improving Talent Development and Training
有關提升僱員履行工作職責的知識及技能的政策。培訓活動的描述。	我們的團隊-提升人才發展及培訓
KPI B3.1 The percentage of employees trained by gender and employee category (e.g. senior management, middle management).	Key Performance Indicators – Part B. Social
關鍵績效指標B3.1 按性別及僱員類別(如高級管理層、中級管理層) 劃分的受訓僱員百分比。	關鍵績效指標-第二部分:社會
KPI B3.2 The average training hours completed per employee by gender and employee category.	Key Performance Indicators – Part B. Social
關鍵績效指標B3.2 按性別及僱員類別劃分,每名僱員完成受訓的平均時數。	關鍵績效指標-第二部分:社會
B4. Labour Standards	
B4. 勞工準則	
Information on the policies and compliance with laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to preventing child and forced labour.	Our People – Zero Tolerance
有關防止童工及強制勞工的政策及遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及法規的資料。	我們的團隊-零容忍
KPI B4.1 Description of measures to review employment practices to avoid child and forced labour.	Our People - Zero Tolerance
關鍵績效指標B4.1 描述檢討僱傭慣例的措施以避免童工及強制勞工。	我們的團隊-零容忍
KPI B4.2 Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered.	Our People - Zero Tolerance
關鍵績效指標B4.2 描述在發現違規情況時解決有關情況所採取的步驟。	我們的團隊-零容忍

(Continued)

香港交易所環境、社會及管治 報告指引內容索引(續)

ESG Aspects	Related Section(s)
環境、社會及管治層面	相關章節
B5. Supply Chain Management	
B5. 供應鏈管理	
Policies on managing environmental and social risks of the supply chain.	Our Customers – Aiming for More Suppliers Complying with Our Code of Conduct
有關管理供應鏈的環境及社會風險的政策。	我們的客戶一旨在促使更多供應商 遵守我們的行為守則
KPI B5.1 Number of suppliers by geographical region.	Key Performance Indicators- Part B. Social
關鍵績效指標B5.1 按地區劃分的供應商數目。	關鍵績效指標-第二部分:社會
KPI B5.2 Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers, number of suppliers where the practices are being implemented, how they are implemented and monitored.	Our Customers – Aiming for More Suppliers Complying with Our Code of Conduct
關鍵績效指標B5.2 描述有關聘用供應商的慣例,向其執行有關慣例的供應商數目、有關慣例的執行及監察方法。	我們的客戶一旨在促使更多供應商 遵守我們的行為守則
KPI B5.3 Description of practices used to identify environmental and social risks along the supply chain, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Our Customers – Aiming for More Suppliers Complying with Our Code of Conduct
關鍵績效指標B5.3 描述用於識別供應鏈的環境及社會風險的慣例以 及有關慣例的執行及監察方法。	我們的客戶一旨在促使更多供應商 遵守我們的行為守則
KPI B5.4 Description of practices used to promote environmentally preferable products and services when selecting suppliers, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Our Customers – Aiming for More Suppliers Complying with Our Code of Conduct
關鍵績效指標B5.4 描述用於甄選供應商時推動環保產品及服務的慣例以及有關慣例的執行及監察方法。	我們的客戶一旨在促使更多供應商 遵守我們的行為守則

香港交易所環境、社會及管治報告指引內容索引(續)

(Continued)

ESG Aspects 環境、社會及管治層面	Related Section(s) 相關章節
B6. Product Responsibility	
B6. 產品責任	
Information on the policies and compliance with laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and method of redress.	Our Customers – Fostering Product Responsibility
有關所提供產品和服務的健康與安全、廣告、標籤及私隱事宜以及補 救方法的政策及遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及法規的資料。	我們的客戶-培養產品責任
KPI B6.1 Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons.	Key Performance Indicators – Part B. Social
關鍵績效指標B6.1 已售或已運送產品總數中因安全與健康理由而須 召回的百分比。	關鍵績效指標-第二部分:社會
KPI B6.2 Number of products and service-related complaints received and how they are dealt with.	Key Performance Indicators – Part B. Social
關鍵績效指標B6.2 接獲關於產品及服務的投訴數目以及應對方法。	關鍵績效指標-第二部分:社會
KPI B6.3 Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual property rights.	Our Customers – Fostering Product Responsibility
關鍵績效指標B6.3 描述與維護及保障知識產權有關的慣例。	我們的客戶-培養產品責任
KPI B6.4 Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures.	Our Customers – Fostering Product Responsibility
關鍵績效指標B6.4 描述質量檢定過程及產品召回程序。	我們的客戶-培養產品責任
KPI B6.5 Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, how they are implemented and monitored.	Our Customers – Protecting Privacy Matters
關鍵績效指標B6.5 描述消費者資料保護及私隱政策、相關執行及監察方法。	我們的客戶一保護私隱事宜

(Continued)

香港交易所環境、社會及管治 報告指引內容索引(續)

ESG Aspects	Related Section(s)
環境、社會及管治層面	相關章節
B7. Anti-corruption	
B7. 反貪污	
Information on the policies and compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering.	Our Customers – Anti-corruption
有關賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢的政策及遵守對發行人有重大影響的 相關法律及法規的資料。	我們的客戶一反貪污
KPI B7.1 Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the reporting period and the outcomes of the cases.	Our Customers – Anti-corruption
關鍵績效指標B7.1 於報告期內對發行人或其僱員提出並已審結的貪 污訴訟案件的數目及訴訟結果。	我們的客戶-反貪污
KPI B7.2 Description of preventive measures and whistle-blowing procedures, how they are implemented and monitored.	Our Customers – Whistle-blowing Procedures
關鍵績效指標B7.2 描述防範措施及舉報程序、相關執行及監察方法。	我們的客戶 - 舉報程序
KPI B7.3 Description of anti-corruption training provided to directors and staff.	Our Customers – Anti-corruption
關鍵績效指標B7.3 描述提供給董事及員工的反貪污培訓。	我們的客戶一反貪污
B8. Community investment	
B8. 社區投資	
Policies on community engagement to understand the needs of the communities where the issuer operates and to ensure that its activities take into consideration the communities' interests.	Our Community
有關以社區參與來了解發行人營運所在社區需要和確保其業務活動會 考慮社區利益的政策。	我們的社區
KPI B8.1 Focus areas of contribution (e.g. education, environmental concerns, labour needs, health, culture, sport).	Our Community
關鍵績效指標B8.1 專注貢獻範疇(如教育、環境問題、勞動需求、健康、文化、體育)。	我們的社區
KPI B8.2 Resources contributed (e.g. money or time) to the focus area.	Key Performance Indicators – Part B. Social
關鍵績效指標B8.2 在專注範疇所動用資源(如金錢或時間)。	關鍵績效指標-第二部分:社會

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management

董事及高級管理層之簡歷

Executive Directors

Mr. She Siu Kee William (余紹基) ("Mr. She"), aged 62, is the Chairman, executive Director and chief executive officer. He is the founder of the Group and has participated in the management of the Group since October 2001. Mr. She is a director of certain subsidiaries of the Group and a member of each of the Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee. Mr. She is primarily responsible for the overall management, development and planning of the Group and has over 25 years of experience in the printing industry.

Mr. She is also a director of eprint Limited, a company which has discloseable interests in the shares of the Company under the provisions in Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571, the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "SFO").

Mr. Chong Cheuk Ki (莊卓琪) ("Mr. Chong"), aged 60, was appointed as a non-executive Director in November 2013 and was redesignated as an executive Director on 16 August 2019. He joined the Group in 2005. Mr. Chong has approximately 15 years of experience in corporate management. He was awarded a diploma in marketing from the Chartered Institute of Marketing for fulfilling the requirements of the institute's examiners at the diploma examination held in June 1991. Mr. Chong also obtained a certificate in marketing from Vocational Training Council in June 1989 and a higher certificate in electronic engineering from Hong Kong Polytechnic (currently known as the Hong Kong Polytechnic University) in November 1987.

Mr. Leung Yat Pang (梁一鵬) ("Mr. YP Leung"), aged 60, was appointed as an executive Director on 21 August 2024. He is a director of several subsidiaries of the Company and has been engaged as an executive assistant of the Group since August 2023. He served as a non-executive Director of the Company from 13 November 2013 to 28 May 2015. Mr. YP Leung has approximately 30 years of experience in the printing industry. He graduated from Huaqiao University with a bachelor's degree in engineering in July 1987.

執行董事

会紹基先生(「佘先生」),62歲,主席、執行董事及行政總裁。彼為本集團的創辦人,自二零零一年十月起參與管理本集團。佘先生為本集團若干附屬公司董事及薪酬委員會及提名委員會各自之成員。佘先生主要負責本集團的整體管理、發展及規劃,彼擁有逾25年印刷業的經驗。

佘先生亦為eprint Limited的董事,該公司 於本公司股份中擁有香港法例第571章證 券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV 部第2及3分部規定的須予披露權益。

莊卓琪先生(「莊先生」),60歲,於二零一三年十一月獲委任為非執行董和行為執董於二零一九年八月十六日調任為執莊先問。被於二零零五年加入本集團。莊先先為正在企業管理方面擁有約15年經驗。被達會一九九一年六月舉辦的文憑考試學學會考官的要求,故獲學年於對新市務學會考官的要求,故獲學年於到時,於一九八七年十一月取得香港理工學)的電子工程高級證書。

梁一鵬先生(「梁一鵬先生」),60歲,於二零二四年八月二十一日獲委任為執行董事。彼為本公司多家附屬公司的董事,並自二零二三年八月起獲聘為本集團行政助理。彼曾於二零一三年十一月期間擔任日至二零一五年五月二十八日期間擔任本公司的非執行董事。梁一鵬先生於印刷業擁有約30年經驗。彼於一九八七年七月畢業於華僑大學,獲工程學士學位。

Non-executive Director

Mr. Leung Wai Ming (梁衞明) ("Mr. WM Leung"), aged 53, is a non-executive Director. He joined the Group in 2008. Mr. WM Leung has over 15 years of experience in the marketing field.

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Poon Chun Wai (潘振威) ("Mr. Poon"), aged 67, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 15 August 2016. He is also the chairman of the Remuneration Committee and a member of each of the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee. Mr. Poon has over 35 years of experience in printing. He has served several large-scale companies in printing solutions industry.

Mr. Fu Chung (傅忠) ("Mr. Fu"), aged 56, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 8 March 2017. He is also the chairman of the Nomination Committee and a member of each of the Audit Committee and the Remuneration Committee. Mr. Fu has over 30 years of experience in the printing industry. He was an executive committee member of the Chamber of Commerce for The Hong Kong Printers Association from 2009 to 2016. Mr. Fu was a sales manager of Kodak (China) Limited from 2000 to 2003, and in which he was also a sales director from 2003 to 2016.

Mr. Ma Siu Kit (馬兆杰) (former name: Ma Man Wai (馬文 威)) ("Mr. Ma"), aged 55, was appointed as an independent nonexecutive Director on 30 December 2016. He is also the chairman of the Audit Committee. Mr. Ma had obtained a bachelor's degree in business (accountancy) from Queensland University of Technology, Australia in 1993. He is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Ma served as an independent non-executive director of China Kangda Food Company Limited (whose shares are listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange, stock code: 834) from 15 December 2022 to 22 January 2024. He is currently the company secretary of China Boton Group Company Limited (formerly known as China Flavours and Fragrances Company Limited) (whose shares are listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange, stock code: 3318). Mr. Ma had worked in accounting firms and different enterprises. He is a seasoned professional in accounting with over 20 years of relevant experience.

非執行董事

梁衞明先生(「梁衞明先生」),53歲,非執行董事。彼於二零零八年加入本集團。 梁衞明先生於市場推廣領域擁有逾15年 經驗。

獨立非執行董事

潘振威先生(「潘先生」),67歲,於二零一六年八月十五日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。彼亦為薪酬委員會之主席及審核委員會及提名委員會各自之成員。潘先生擁有逾35年印刷業經驗。彼曾任職多間印刷解決方案行業的大型公司。

傳忠先生(「傅先生」),56歲,於二零一七年三月八日獲委任為獨立非執行行事。彼亦為提名委員會之主席及審核委員會及薪酬委員會各自之成員。傅先生擁至逾30年的印刷業經驗。彼於二零平九傳統二零一六年為香港印刷業商會理事。於二零零等至年至二零零三年期間亦擔任其之零零三年至二零一六年期間亦擔任其銷售總監職務。

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層之簡歷

Independent Non-executive Directors (Continued)

Ms. Yu Mei Hung (余美紅) ("Ms. Yu"), aged 61, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director with effect from 1 July 2023. She is also a member of each of the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee. Ms. Yu obtained a postgraduate certificate in computing studies from The University of Hong Kong, School of Professional and Continuing Education in association with The University of Melbourne in July 1996 and a bachelor's degree of economics in business administration from Jinan University in June 1989. Ms. Yu has been a senior financial planner as an individual insurance agent since August 2016. Ms. Yu has extensive experience in the administration field, particularly in dealing with business operations in China. She worked in (i) Lenovo Group Limited during March 2001 to August 2013, (ii) K. Wah Construction Materials (Hong Kong) Limited during June 1997 to June 2000, (iii) K. Wah Management Services Limited during April 1995 to May 1997 and (iv) Wheelock Properties Limited during November 1992 to February 1995.

Company Secretary

Ms. Leung Ngan Yi (梁雁怡) ("Ms. Leung") has been appointed as the Company Secretary with effect from 28 June 2023. She obtained a bachelor's degree of business administration in corporate administration at The Open University of Hong Kong (now known as Hong Kong Metropolitan University) in 2009. She is a Chartered Secretary, a Chartered Governance Professional and a fellow member of both The Hong Kong Chartered Governance Institute and The Chartered Governance Institute. Ms. Leung has more than 10 years' experience in handling listed company secretarial and compliance related matters.

獨立非執行董事(續)

余美紅女士(「余女士|),61歳,於二零 二三年七月一日起獲委任為獨立非執行 董事。彼亦為審核委員會及提名委員會成 員。余女士於一九九六年七月於香港大學 專業進修學院聯同墨爾本大學合辦的計 算研究課程取得深造證書及於一九八九 年六月於暨南大學取得經濟學(企業管理) 學士學位。余女士自二零一六年八月起擔 任個人保險代理人的高級理財規劃師。余 女士在行政方面擁有豐富經驗,尤其是在 處理與中國業務經營相關方面。彼(i)於二 零零一年三月至二零一三年八月在聯想 集團有限公司、(ii)於一九九七年六月至二 零零零年六月於嘉華建材(香港)有限公 司、(iii)於一九九五年四月至一九九七年 五月於嘉華企業管理有限公司;及(iv)於 -九九二年十一月至一九九五年二月於 會德豐地產有限公司工作。

公司秘書

梁雁怡女士(「梁女士」)已獲委任為公司 秘書,自二零二三年六月二十八日起生效。彼於二零零九年自香港公開大學(現香港都會大學)取得企業行政學工理學士學位。彼為特許秘書、公司治理公會資際會員。梁女士於處理上市公司司之公司秘書及合規性相關事務方面擁有超過十年的經驗。

Senior Management

Mr. Chan Cheung Yuen (陳長原) ("Mr. Chan") is the Group's deputy chief executive officer. Mr. Chan joined the Group in 2004 and he possesses extensive experience in the development and maintenance of customer information systems and intelligent operational solutions. Mr. Chan is responsible for overseeing the Group's overall operations and driving the Group's transformation and reforms in printing processes and operations automation.

Mr. Hui Chi Tung Denny (許志東) ("Mr. Hui") has been appointed as the Chief Financial Officer of the Group with effect from 1 January 2023. He is responsible for overseeing the Group's business management, financial reporting, capital markets activities and legal and compliance matters. Prior to join the Group, Mr. Hui had been worked in investment bank divisions of certain financial institutions and he has around 20 years' experience in the fields of capital markets, strategic management, business development and financial reporting and involved in a wide range of capital market transactions including initial public offerings, takeovers, acquisitions and business restructuring. Mr. Hui was awarded a Bachelor's degree of Commerce (Honours) in Accounting at the Hong Kong Shue Yan University in July 2006. He is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, a fellow member and a chartered tax adviser of the Taxation Institute of Hong Kong and a member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales. He is also a Certified Environmental, Social and Governance Analyst (CESGA®) awarded by The European Federation of Financial Analysts Societies.

高級管理層

陳長原先生(「陳先生」),為本集團副行政總裁。陳先生於二零零四年加入本集團,彼於客戶信息系統開發及維護、智能營運方案方面具有豐富經驗。陳先生主要負責監督本集團整體營運及推動本集團印刷流程改革及營運自動化。

許志東先生(「許先生」)於二零二三年一 月一日獲委任為本集團財務總監。彼負責 監督本集團的業務管理、財務報告、資本 市場活動以及法律及合規事宜。於加入本 集團前,許先生曾在若干金融機構的投 資銀行部門任職。彼於資本市場、戰略管 理、業務發展及財務報告領域擁有約二十 年的經驗並曾參與廣泛的資本市場交易, 包括首次公開發售、併購、收購及業務重 組。許先生於二零零六年七月於香港樹 仁大學獲得會計學(榮譽)商學士學位。 彼為香港會計師公會資深會員、香港稅務 學會資深會員及特許税務師以及英國特 許公認會計師公會及英格蘭及威爾士特 許會計師公會會員。彼亦為獲歐洲金融分 析師聯合會(The European Federation of Financial Analysts Societies)認證的註冊 環境、社會及管治分析師(CESGA®)。

Report of the Directors

董事會報告

The Board is pleased to submit their report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for FY2024/25.

董事會欣然提呈其報告,連同本集團於二 零二四/二五財政年度的經審核合併財 務報表。

Principal Activities

The Company is an investment holding company. The Group is principally engaged in the provision of printing services to a diversified customer base in Hong Kong. The Group is also engaged in the provision of solutions on advertisement, bound books and stationeries as well as yacht financing.

Business Review

The business review, analysis using financial key performance indicators, future development in the business of the Group and material events occurred after the reporting period of FY2024/25 are discussed under the sections headed "Chairman's Statement" and "Management Discussion and Analysis". Such discussion forms an integrate part of this report.

Environmental Policy and Performance

The environmental policies and performance of the Group for FY2024/25 is set out in the section headed "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" on pages 43 to 87 of this annual report.

主要業務活動

本公司為投資控股公司。本集團主要從事於香港向多元化客戶群提供印刷服務。本 集團亦從事就廣告、精裝圖書及文具提供 解決方案以及遊艇融資。

業務回顧

本集團的業務回顧、運用財務關鍵績效指標進行的分析、業務未來的發展以及於二零二四/二五財政年度的報告期後發生的重大事項,於「主席報告」及「管理層討論及分析」章節內論述。該等論述為本報告不可缺少的組成部分。

環境政策及表現

有關本集團於二零二四/二五財政年度的環境政策及表現載於本年報第43頁至第87頁的「環境、社會及管治報告」一節。

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

業務回顧(續)

主要風險及不確定因素

Risk Description

Reduction of market demand

Aside from traditional media used by businesses, for example newspapers advertising, radio advertising, television advertising and telemarketing, today the internet and online media have become an indispensable tool for marketing.

A wide variety of online advertising media have grown rapidly, including pay-per-click advertising and online banner advertising that entails the display of a graphical advertising unit, etc., and social media advertising such as Youtube, Twitter, Facebook, LinkedIn that are the other type of media to maintain customer relationships.

There is also a trend of having paperless offices and online paperless portals.

In this regard, the output of printing industry in Hong Kong and overseas market (e.g. Malaysia) has been declining in recent years and the Group might face the risk of unfavorable sales performance.

市場需求減少

風險描述

除業務使用傳統媒介外,如報紙廣告、廣播 廣告、電視廣告及電話營銷,當下網絡及線 上媒體已成為不可或缺的營銷手段。

各種線上廣告媒體都在迅速發展,包括點擊付費廣告及需要顯示圖形廣告的在線橫幅廣告等,以及社交媒體廣告,如Youtube、Twitter、Facebook及LinkedIn等是另一種維繫客戶關係的媒介。

無紙化辦公及在線無紙門戶網站亦成為趨勢。

就此,近年來香港及海外市場(如馬來西亞) 印刷行業的產量不斷下降,本集團或會面 臨銷售表現不佳的風險。

Principal Risks and Uncertainties (Continued)

業務回顧(續)

主要風險及不確定因素(續)

Risk Response

Although the market demand on traditional printing has been declining to a certain extent, the breakthrough of printing technology flourishes the printing business and the market demand for business communication materials such as brochures, rack cards and catalogs for exhibition or other promotional functions is still dominant.

Currently, the Group keeps monitoring the change of consumer behaviour and builds up a customer relationship management (CRM) by way of such as customer loyalty program and advocacy marketing, including VIP membership, one-stop shop, etc. The Group also provides various kinds of service in and outside Hong Kong such as the offset printing products, digital printing products and e-banner to meet the requirements of customers, in addition to traditional printing services.

In addition, the Marketing Department had been continuously exploring and diversifying other possible product lines to broaden the types of services offered. Examples include variables printing, promotion gifts and other complementary printing products, etc.

Besides minimizing the operating cost, the Group will continue to strengthen its leading market position and increase market share by strengthening the cost efficiency to achieve a competitive pricing strategy. In addition, the Group continues to improve its product mix and enhance the value-added services such as e-print mobile application, online self-service platform and logistics system, etc., in order to enhance the customer experience to increase customer loyalty.

風險應對

儘管市場對傳統印刷需求已有一定程度的下降,但印刷技術的突破使得印刷業務蓬勃發展,而且市場對業務通訊材料,如供展覽或其他推廣功能的小冊子、宣傳卡及目錄的需求仍佔主導地位。

目前,本集團不斷留意消費行為的變化,並通過如客戶忠誠計劃及宣傳營銷方式(包括VIP會員、一站式店舖等)建立客戶關係管理。除了傳統印刷服務外,本集團亦在香港內外提供各種服務,如柯式印刷產品、數碼印刷產品及電子橫幅以滿足客戶的需求。

此外,市場部已持續探索及豐富其他可能的生產線,以擴大提供的服務種類,比如可變印刷、推廣禮品及其他補充印刷產品等。

除盡量減少營運成本外,本集團將繼續透過加強成本效益實現具競爭力的定價策略,從而鞏固其領先的市場地位並增加市場份額。此外,本集團繼續優化其產品組合及提高服務附加值,例如e-print移動應用程序、線上自助平台及物流系統等,以提升客戶體驗,從而增加客戶忠誠度。



Principal Risks and Uncertainties (Continued)

業務回顧(續)

風險描述

主要風險及不確定因素(續)

Risk Description

Fluctuations of purchase costs for raw materials

Major raw materials used by the Group include paper, zinc printing plates, and printing ink. Among them, paper costs are the largest component of raw materials costs. The Group purchases a wide range of paper products from several suppliers located in Hong Kong and the PRC. Availability and costs of paper can vary as a result of natural disasters, general economic conditions, and changes in government regulations. Furthermore, rising labour costs and other expenses incurred by suppliers may be passed on to the Group, resulting in higher raw material costs.

The Group's business is sensitive to fluctuations in the cost of raw materials. Such fluctuations may impact its profitability and results.

原材料採購成本波動

本集團業務易受原材料成本波動影響。有 關波動可能影響其盈利能力及業績。

Risk Response

As paper is the major printing material, the Group regularly monitors the trend of paper prices by conducting marketing research. Vendor comparisons would be conducted before placing a purchase order of raw materials. The Group signed contract with suppliers to fix the price, or to change suppliers to keep the costs down and stabilise the supply for the normal operations for a certain period of time.

Management will keep monitoring the price trend of raw materials and strengthening the cost control.

Save as the above operational risks, the Company also identified "impact of U.S. - China trade tensions on demand for printing products" and "risk of asset misappropriation by internal and external parties" as principal risks and will keep monitoring these risks.

風險應對

由於紙張為主要印刷材料,本集團透過開展市場營銷研究定期監察紙張價格趨勢。於下達購買原材料訂單前將對供應商進行比較。本集團與供應商簽訂合約以釐定價格,或更換供應商以於一段時間內降低成本及穩定正常營運的供應。

管理層將繼續監察原材料的價格趨勢及加 強成本控制。

除上述營運風險外,本公司亦將「中美貿易緊張局勢對印刷產品需求的影響」及「內外部人士挪用資產的風險」識別為主要風險,並將持續監察該等風險。

Compliance with the Relevant Laws and Regulations

During the year under review, as far as the Board and management are aware, there was no material breach of or non-compliance with the applicable laws and regulations by the Group that have a significant impact on the businesses and operation of the Group.

Key Relationships with Employees and Customers

The key relationships with the Group's employees and customers are discussed under section headed "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" on pages 43 to 87 of this annual report.

Key Relationships with Suppliers

The Group understands sustainable supply of quality products is indispensable for long-term business development. In view of this, the Group has adopted a supplier management policy to ensure quality and sustainability of product supply. The Group selects its suppliers prudently. The suppliers need to fulfill certain assessment criteria of the Group, including meeting the Group's standards for the quality of raw materials, reputation, environmental friendliness, production capacity, financial capability and experience. We view our suppliers as partners who make important contribution to our business success.

Results and Appropriations

The results of the Group for FY2024/25 are set out in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on pages 126 to 127.

The Board does not recommend the payment of a final dividend for FY2024/25 (FY2023/24: Nil).

Donations

During FY2024/25, the Group made HK\$14,456 charitable and other donations (FY2023/24: HK\$190,811).

業務回顧(續)

遵守相關法例及法規

於回顧年度,就董事會及管理層所知,本集團並無嚴重違反或不遵守適用的法例及法規從而對本集團的業務及營運造成重大影響。

與僱員及客戶的主要關係

與本集團僱員及客戶的主要關係於本年報第43頁至第87頁的「環境、社會及管治報告」一節論述。

與供應商的主要關係

本集團認為高質素產品的可持續供應是 取得長期業務發展不可或缺的因素。因此,本集團採納了供應商管理政策,以確 保產品供應的質素及可持續性。本集團 慎挑選供應商。供應商均需符合本集團的 若干評估標準,包括原材料質素、聲內 環保、生產能力、財務實力及經驗均 環保、生產能力、財務實力及經驗均 業務成功作出重大貢獻的合作夥伴。

業績及分派

本集團二零二四/二五財政年度的業績 載於第126至127頁之合併綜合收益表。

董事會不建議派付二零二四/二五財政年度的末期股息(二零二三/二四財政年度:無)。

捐款

於二零二四/二五財政年度,本集團作出14,456港元的慈善及其他捐款(二零二三/二四財政年度:190,811港元)。

Annual General Meeting

The 2025 AGM will be held on Thursday, 21 August 2025.

Closure of Register of Members

For the purpose of determining the identity of the shareholders entitled to attend and vote at the 2025 AGM to be held on Thursday, 21 August 2025, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Friday, 15 August 2025 to Thursday, 21 August 2025, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares will be registered. All transfer of shares accompanied by the relevant certificates must be lodged with the Company's transfer office and share registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Investor Services Limited at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Thursday, 14 August 2025. The record date for ascertaining Shareholders' entitlement to attend and vote at the 2025 AGM is Thursday, 21 August 2025.

Share Capital

Details of movements in the Company's share capital for FY2024/25 are set out in Note 27 to the consolidated financial statements.

Pre-emptive Rights

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Articles or the laws of the Cayman Islands, being the jurisdiction in which the Company was incorporated, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing Shareholders.

Purchase, Redemption or Sale of Listed Securities of the Company

Neither the Company nor its subsidiaries purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities (including the sale of treasury shares) during the year ended 31 March 2025.

股東週年大會

二零二五年股東週年大會將於二零二五 年八月二十一日(星期四)舉行。

暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

股本

本公司於二零二四/二五財政年度的股本變動的詳情列載於合併財務報表附註 27。

優先購股權

細則或開曼群島(本公司註冊成立的司法權區)法例下均無有關本公司須按比例向現有股東發售新股份的優先購股權規定。

購入、贖回或出售本公司上市 證券

於截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度, 本公司或其附屬公司概無購入、贖回或出 售任何本公司上市證券(包括銷售庫存股份)。



Distributable Reserves

As at 31 March 2025, the Company's reserves available for distribution, calculated in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act of the Cayman Islands (the "Companies Act"), amounted to approximately HK\$154,638,000. Under the Companies Act, the share premium account of the Company of approximately HK\$132,921,000 as of 31 March 2025 is distributable to the Shareholders provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend, if any, is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

Permitted Indemnity Provision

The Company has arranged for appropriate insurance cover for Directors' and officers' liabilities in respect of legal actions against its Directors and senior management arising out of corporate activities. The permitted indemnity provision is in force for the benefit of the Directors as required by section 470 of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "Companies Ordinance") when the Report of the Directors prepared by the Directors is approved in accordance with section 391(1)(a) of the Companies Ordinance.

Five-year Financial Summary

A summary of the results, assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 260.

可供分派儲備

於二零二五年三月三十一日,根據開曼 群島公司法(「公司法」)條文計算之本。 司可供分派儲備約為154,638,000港元。 根據公司法,本公司於二零二五年三月 三十一日的股份溢價賬約為132,921,000 港元,如緊隨建議分派股息(如有)日期 後,本公司可在正常業務過程中,在債務 到期之時予以清償,則股份溢價賬可用以 向股東作出分派。

獲准許的彌償條文

本公司已就其董事及高級職員可能面對因企業活動產生針對彼等的法律行動,為董事及高級職員的責任作出適當的投保安排。基於董事利益的獲准許彌償條文根據公司條例(香港法例第622章)(「公司條例」)第470條的規定於董事編製之董事會報告按照公司條例第391(1)(a)條獲通過時生效。

五年財務概要

本集團於過去五個財政年度的業績、資產 及負債概要載於第260頁。



Report of the Directors 董事會報告

Directors

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this report were as follows:

Executive Directors

Mr. She Siu Kee William Mr. Chong Cheuk Ki

Mr. Leung Yat Pang (appointed with effect from 21 August 2024)

Non-executive Director

Mr. Leung Wai Ming

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Poon Chun Wai Mr. Fu Chung Mr. Ma Siu Kit Ms. Yu Mei Hung

In accordance with article 108(a) of the Articles, Mr. Leung Wai Ming, Mr. Fu Chung and Ms. Yu Mei Hung shall retire from office at the 2025 AGM by rotation and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

In accordance with article 112 of the Articles, Mr. Leung Yat Pang was appointed after the annual general meeting on the Company held on 21 August 2024, he shall hold office until the 2025 AGM, and being eligible, offers himself for re-election.

Independence Confirmation

The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all of the independent non-executive Directors are independent.

董事

於本年度及截至本報告日期的董事如下:

執行董事

佘紹基先生 莊卓琪先生

梁一鵬先生(自二零二四年八月二十一日 起獲委任)

非執行董事

梁衞明先生

獨立非執行董事

潘振威先生 傅忠先生 馬兆杰先生 余美紅女士

根據細則第108(a)條,梁衞明先生、傅忠 先生及余美紅女士須於二零二五年股東 週年大會上輪值告退及合資格且願意膺 選連任。

根據細則第112條,梁一鵬先生於本公司在二零二四年八月二十一日舉行之股東週年大會後獲委任,彼將任職至二零二五年股東週年大會,惟符合資格並願意膺選連任。

獨立性確認

本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條就其獨立性所作出的年度確認。本公司認為所有獨立非執行董事 為獨立人士。

Directors' and Chief Executives' Interests in **Shares**

As at 31 March 2025, the interests or short positions of the Directors and chief executives of the Company in the shares. underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO. which were notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or which were required, pursuant to the Model Code, are set out below:

Interests and short positions in shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or its associated corporation

The Company

董事及主要行政人員的股份權

於二零二五年三月三十一日,本公司董 事及主要行政人員於本公司或任何相聯 法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)股 份、相關股份及債券中擁有須根據證券及 期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部通知本公司 及聯交所的權益或淡倉(包括根據證券及 期貨條例相關條文而被視作或當作擁有 的權益或淡倉),或根據證券及期貨條例 第352條須登記在該條所述的登記冊,或 根據標準守則須通知本公司及聯交所的 權益或淡倉如下:

於本公司或其相聯法團股份、相關 股份及債券的權益及淡倉

本公司 (i)

Name of Directors 董事姓名	Capacity 身份	Long position/ short position 好倉/淡倉	Number of ordinary shares held 持有 普通股數目	Approximate percentage of shareholding in the Company 於本公司持股概約百分比
Mr. She Siu Kee William 佘紹基先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 Interest of controlled corporation (Note 1)	Long position 好倉 Long position	1,584,000 313,125,000	0.29% 56.93%
Mr. Chong Cheuk Ki 莊卓琪先生	受控制法團權益(附註1) Interest of controlled corporation (Note 1) 受控制法團權益(附註1) Interest of spouse (Note 2)	好倉 Long position 好倉 Long position	313,125,000 712,000	56.93% 0.13%
Mr. Leung Wai Ming 梁衞明先生	配偶權益(附註2) Interest of controlled corporation (Note 1) 受控制法團權益(附註1)	好倉 Long position 好倉	313,125,000	56.93%
Mr. Leung Yat Pang 梁一鵬先生	Interest of controlled corporation (Note 1) 受控制法團權益(附註1)	Long position 好倉	313,125,000	56.93%

Notes:

313,125,000 shares are held by eprint Limited. eprint Limited is held as to 21.62%, 21.62%, 21.62% and 13.52% by Star Leader Limited (a company controlled by Mr. She Siu Kee William), Cheuk Fei Holding Limited (a company controlled by Mr. Chong Cheuk Ki), Mr. Chow Yuk Kau Michael, Mr. Leung Wai Ming and China Leader International Limited (a company controlled by Mr. Leung Yat Pang) (collectively, the "Concerted Shareholders") respectively. Pursuant to the deed of confirmation dated 6 January 2025 (the "Deed of Confirmation"), each of the above Concerted Shareholders has agreed to jointly control their respective interests in the Company. Accordingly, eprint Limited shall be accustomed to act in accordance with joint instructions of the Concerted Shareholders. Hence, each of the Concerted Shareholders is deemed to be interested in all the shares of the Company held by eprint Limited by virtue of the SFO.

附註:

eprint Limited持有313,125,000股股份。 eprint Limited由Star Leader Limited (余 紹基先生控制的公司)、卓飛控股有限 公司(莊卓琪先生控制的公司)、周鋈球 先生、梁衞明先生及領華國際有限公司 (梁一鵬先生控制的公司)(統稱「一致 行動股東」)分別持有21.62%、21.62%、 21.62%、21.62%及13.52%權益。根據日 期為二零二五年一月六日之確認契據(「確 認契據」),上述一致行動股東已各自同 意共同控制彼等各自於本公司的權益。 因此, eprint Limited慣常根據一致行動股 東共同指示行事。因此,根據證券及期 貨條例,各一致行動股東被視為於eprint Limited所持有所有本公司股份中擁有權

Directors' and Chief Executives' Interests in Shares (Continued)

Interests and short positions in Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company or its associated corporation (Continued)

(i) The Company (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

Mr. Chong is deemed to be interested in 712,000 shares of the Company held by his spouse, Ms. Yip Fei.

(ii) Associated corporation – eprint Limited

董事及主要行政人員的股份權 益*續*

於本公司或其相聯法團股份、相關 股份及債券的權益及淡倉(續)

(i) 本公司(續)

附註:(續)

2. 莊先生被視為於其配偶葉飛女士持有的 712,000股本公司股份中擁有權益。

(ii) 相聯法團-eprint Limited

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Name of Directors 董事姓名	Nature of interest 權益性質	Number of ordinary shares held in the associated corporation 持有相聯法團 普通股數目	Percentage of shareholding in the associated corporation 於相聯法團持股 百分比
Mr. She Siu Kee William 佘紹基先生	Interest of controlled corporation (Notes 1 and 4) 受控制法團權益(附註1及4)	2,162	21.62%
Mr. Chong Cheuk Ki 莊卓琪先生	Interest of controlled corporation (Notes 2 and 4) 受控制法團權益(附註2及4)	2,162	21.62%
Mr. Leung Wai Ming 梁衞明先生	Beneficial owner (Note 4) 實益擁有人(附註4)	2,162	21.62%
Mr. Leung Yat Pang 梁一鵬先生	Interest of controlled corporation (Notes 3 and 4) 受控制法團權益(附註3及4)	1,352	13.52%

Notes:

- These 2,162 shares of eprint Limited were held by Star Leader Limited, a company controlled by Mr. She Siu Kee William.
- These 2,162 shares of eprint Limited were held by Cheuk Fei Holding Limited, a company controlled by Mr. Chong Cheuk Ki.
- These 1,352 shares of eprint Limited were held by China Leader International Limited, a company controlled by Mr. Leung Yat Pang.
- 4. The disclosed interest represents the interests in eprint Limited, the controlling shareholder of the Company which is held as to 21.62%, 21.62%, 21.62%, 21.62% and 13.52% by Star Leader Limited (a company controlled by Mr. She Siu Kee William), Cheuk Fei Holding Limited (a company controlled by Mr. Chong Cheuk Ki), Mr. Chow Yuk Kau Michael, Mr. Leung Wai Ming and China Leader International Limited (a company controlled by Mr. Leung Yat Pang).

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors, chief executives of the Company and/or their associates had any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations as recorded in the register to be kept under section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code as at 31 March 2025.

附註:

- 該等2,162股eprint Limited股份由佘紹基 先生控制的公司Star Leader Limited持有。
- 2. 該等2,162股eprint Limited股份由莊卓琪 先生控制的公司卓飛控股有限公司持有。
- 3. 該等1,352股eprint Limited股份由梁一鵬 先生控制的公司領華國際有限公司持有。
- 4. 所披露權益指持有本公司控股股東eprint Limited的權益。eprint Limited的權益。eprint Limited的 Star Leader Limited(余紹基先生控制的公司)、卓飛控股有限公司(莊卓琪先生控制的公司)、周鋈球先生、梁衞明先生及領華國際有限公司(梁一鵬先生控制的公司)分別持有21.62%、21.62%、21.62%及13.52%權益。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二五年三月三十一日,概無本公司董事、主要行政人員及/或彼等的聯繫人士於本公司或其任何相聯法團的任何股份、相關股份及債券中,擁有須記存於根據證券及期貨條例第352條規定須存置的登記冊內或根據標準守則另行知會本公司及聯交所的任何權益或淡倉。



Share Schemes

The Company adopted a share option scheme (the "Old Share Option Scheme") on 13 November 2013 pursuant to the written resolutions of the then shareholders passed on 13 November 2013. The Old Share Option Scheme was a share incentive scheme and was established to recognise and acknowledge the contributions of the eliqible participants have had or may have made to the Group.

The Old Share Option Scheme was terminated by the shareholders at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 22 August 2023 ("2023 AGM"). No further options shall be granted under the Old Share Option Scheme. Outstanding options granted under the Old Share Option Scheme but not yet exercised shall continue to be valid and exercisable in accordance with the Old Share Option Scheme.

Details of the movement in the share options granted under the Old Share Option Scheme during FY2024/25 are as follows:

股份計劃

根據於二零一三年十一月十三日通過的 當時股東書面決議案,本公司於二零一三 年十一月十三日採納購股權計劃(「原購 股權計劃一)。原購股權計劃為一項股份 獎勵計劃,旨在肯定及認可合資格參與者 對本集團已作出或可能已作出的貢獻而 設立。

股東於二零二三年八月二十二日舉行的 本公司股東週年大會(「二零二三年股東 週年大會|) | 終止原購股權計劃。原購 股權計劃項下不再進一步授出購股權。根 據原購股權計劃授出但尚未行使的購股 權將繼續有效,並可根據原購股權計劃行

於二零二四/二五財政年度,根據原購股 權計劃授出的購股權變動詳情如下:

Category of participants 參與者類別	Date of grant of share option 購股權授出日期	Exercise Period 行使期間	Closing price per share immediately before the date of grant (HK\$) 緊接 授出日期前每股收市價(港元)	Exercise Price (HK\$) 行使價格 (港元)	Outstanding as at 1 April 2024 於二零二四年 四月一日 尚未行使	Granted during the year 於本年度 授出	Exercised/ cancelled during the year 於本年度 行使/註銷	Lapsed during the year 於本年度 失效	Outstanding as at 31 March 2025 於二零二五年 三月三十一日 尚未行使
Employees in aggregate 僱員總數	16 December 2022 二零二二年十二月十六日	16 December 2022 to 16 December 2024 二零二二年十二月十六日至 二零二四年十二月十六日	0.64	0.79	44,000,000	-	-	(44,000,000)	-

The share options vests immediately from the date of grant and are exercisable up to 16 December 2024.

At the 2023 AGM, the shareholders approved the adoption of the new share option scheme (the "New Share Option Scheme").

購股權自授出日期起即時歸屬及直至二零 二四年十二月十六日可行使。

股東於二零二三年股東週年大會上批准採 納新購股權計劃(「新購股權計劃」)。

Share Schemes (Continued)

The principal terms of the New Share Option Scheme are summarised as follows:

- 1. The purpose of the New Share Option Scheme is to enable the Group to grant options to the eligible participants as incentives or rewards for their contribution to the Group; to attract and retain personnel to promote the sustainable development of the Group; and to align the interest of the grantees with those of the Shareholders of the Company to promote the long-term financial and business performance of the Company.
- The participants of the New Share Option Scheme include any employees (whether full time or part time), director or officer of the Group, and any employee, director, chief executive or officer of the holding company(ies), fellow subsidiary(ies) or associated company(ies) of the Company.
- 3. The maximum number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the New Share Option Scheme and any other schemes of the Company shall not exceed 10% of the issued shares of the Company as at 24 August 2023 (the "Adoption Date"), being the date on which the New Share Option Scheme becomes unconditional, which was 55,000,000 shares (the "Scheme Mandate Limit") and such limit might be refreshed by Shareholders at general meeting in accordance with the requirements under the Listing Rules.
- 4. The total number of options available for grant under the Scheme Mandate Limit at 1 April 2024 and 31 March 2025 was 55,000,000. As at the date of this report, the total number of shares available for issue under the New Share Option Scheme is 55,000,000 shares, representing 10% of the issued shares of the Company.
- 5. Unless approved by the Shareholders, the Board shall not grant any options to any participant which, if exercised, would result in such participant becoming entitled to subscribe for such number of shares as, when aggregated with the total number of shares already issued or to be issued to him under all options or awards granted to him (excluding any options and awards lapsed in accordance with the terms of the New Share Option Scheme or any other schemes of the Company) in any 12-month period exceed 1% of the shares in issue.

股份計劃(續)

新購股權計劃的主要條款概述如下:

- 新購股權計劃旨在使本集團能夠向合 資格參與者授出購股權,作為對彼等 對本集團作出貢獻的獎勵或回報:吸 引及挽留人才,以促進本集團的可持 續發展:及使承授人的利益與本公司 股東的利益保持一致,以促進本公司 的長期財務及業務表現。
- 新購股權計劃的參與者包括本集團的 任何僱員(無論全職或兼職)、董事或 高級職員,及本公司控股公司、同系 附屬公司或聯營公司的任何僱員、董 事、主要行政人員或高級職員。
- 3. 於二零二三年八月二十四日(「採納日期」,即新購股權計劃成為無條件之日),根據新購股權計劃及本公司任何其他股份計劃將予授出的所有購股權獲行使而可能發行的股份最大數不得超過本公司已發行股份的10%,即55,000,000股股份(「計劃授權限額」),而股東可於股東大會上根據上市規則之規定更新有關限額。
- 4. 於二零二四年四月一日及二零二五年三月三十一日,根據計劃授權限額可供授出的購股權總數為55,000,000份。截至本報告日期,根據新購股權計劃可供發行的股份總數為55,000,000股,佔本公司已發行股份的10%。
- 5. 除非經股東批准,否則董事會不得向任何參與者授出任何購股權,以致絕若有關購股權獲行使,將導致該領人。 若有關購股權獲行使,將導致該何12個月期間內根據其獲授的所有購別權或獎勵(不包括根據新購股權計劃的條款失效可任何其他計劃的條款失向其發行的股份總數合併計算,將超過已發行股份的1%。

Share Schemes (Continued)

- Unless approved by the Shareholders, the Board shall not grant any options to any independent non-executive Director or a substantial shareholder of the Company or any of their respective associates would result in the shares issued and to be issued in respect of all options and awards already granted or to be granted under the New Share Option Scheme or any other schemes of the Company (excluding any options and awards lapsed in accordance with the terms of the relevant schemes) to such person in the 12-month period exceed 0.1% of the shares in issue.
- The option may be exercised at any time during a period to be determined and notified by the Directors to each grantee and such period shall not exceed the period of 10 years from the date of grant.
- The vesting period of the options granted under the New Share Option Scheme shall not be shorter than 12 months from the date of acceptance of the offer. The Board may, however, at its absolute discretion, set any performance targets that must be achieved before the option can be exercised upon the grant of an option to a grantee.
- The offer of a grant of options may be accepted within 21 days after the date of making the offer and the grantee shall pay HK\$1.00 to the Company by the way of consideration for the grant.
- 10. The subscription price shall be determined by the Board in its absolute discretion but in any event shall be not less than the higher of (i) the closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of grant, which must be a business day; and (ii) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant.
- 11. Subject to earlier termination by the Company at general meeting, the New Share Option Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of 10 years from the Adoption Date, i.e. 24 August 2023.

股份計劃(續)

- 除非經股東批准,否則董事會不得向 本公司任何獨立非執行董事或主要股 東或彼等各自的任何聯繫人授出任何 購股權,以致根據新購股權計劃或本 公司任何其他計劃向該人士授出或將 予授出的所有購股權及獎勵(不包括 根據有關計劃的條款失效的任何購股 權及獎勵)於12個月期間內所涉及的 已發行及將予發行的股份超過已發行 股份的0.1%。
- 購股權可於董事確定並通知各承授人 7. 的期限內隨時行使,惟該期限不得超 過自授出之日起10年。
- 根據新購股權計劃授出之購股權的歸 屬期不得短於接納要約之日起12個 月。然而,董事會可全權在向承授人 授出購股權時設定任何表現目標,購 股權可獲行使前須達致有關目標。
- 授出購股權的要約可於作出要約日期 後21日內接納,而承授人須向本公司 支付1.00港元作為授出購股權的代價。
- 認購價將由董事會全權釐定,惟任何 情況下均不得低於以下各項中的較高 者:(i)股份於授出日期(須為營業日) 於聯交所每日報價表所列收市價;及(ii) 股份於緊接授出日期前五個營業日於 聯交所每日報價表所列平均收市價。
- 11. 除本公司於股東大會上提前終止外, 新購股權計劃自採納日期(即二零 二三年八月二十四日)起10年內均將 有效。



Report of the Directors 董事會報告

Share Schemes (Continued)

Details of the New Share Option Scheme are set out in the circular of the Company dated 28 July 2023.

No share options were granted under the New Share Option Scheme since the Adoption Date.

The Company does not have any other share schemes except for the New Share Option Scheme. 44,000,000 share options granted under the Old Share Option Scheme were lapsed in December 2024, which represented 8% of the weighted average number of issued shares of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2025.

Equity-Linked Agreements

Save as disclosed above in the section headed "Share Schemes", no equity-linked agreements were entered into by the Group, or existed during FY2024/25.

股份計劃(續)

新購股權計劃的詳情載於本公司日期為二 零二三年七月二十八日之通函。

自採納日期以來,概無根據新購股權計劃 授出任何購股權。

除新購股權計劃外,本公司概無任何其他股份計劃。根據原購股權計劃授出的44,000,000份購股權已於二零二四年十二月失效,佔本公司於截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度已發行股份加權平均數的8%。

股權掛鈎協議

除上文「股份計劃」章節所披露者外,本 集團於二零二四/二五財政年度概無訂 立或存在任何股權掛鈎協議。

Substantial Shareholders and Other Persons' Interests in Shares and Underlying **Shares of the Company**

As at 31 March 2025, so far as is known to the Directors, the following persons (other than the Directors and the chief executives of the Company) had interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company which were required to be notified to the Company under Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or which were recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO:

Interests or short positions in shares and underlying shares of the Company

主要股東及其他人士於本公司 股份及相關股份的權益

於二零二五年三月三十一日,據董事所 知,以下人士(不包括本公司董事及主要 行政人員)在本公司股份及相關股份中擁 有須根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3 分部知會本公司或已根據證券及期貨條 例第336條規定備存的登記冊內記錄的權 益或淡倉:

於本公司股份及相關股份的權益或 淡倉

Name 名稱	Nature of interest 權益性質	Long position/ short position 好倉/淡倉	Number of ordinary Shares/ underlying Shares held 所持普通股數目/ 相關股份數目	Approximate percentage of shareholding in the Company 於本公司持股 概約百分比
eprint Limited (Note 1) eprint Limited (附註1)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	Long position 好倉	313,125,000	56.93%
Star Leader Limited (Note 2) Star Leader Limited (附註2)	Beneficial Owner 實益擁有人	Long position 好倉	313,125,000	56.93%
Ms. Lo Suet Yee (Note 3) 盧雪兒女士 (附註3)	Interest of spouse 配偶權益	Long position 好倉	314,709,000	57.22%
Cheuk Fei Holding Limited (Note 4) 卓飛控股有限公司 (附註4)	Beneficial Owner 實益擁有人	Long position 好倉	313,125,000	56.93%
Ms. Yip Fei (Note 5) 葉飛女士 (附註5)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	Long position 好倉	712,000	0.13%
	Interest of spouse 配偶權益	Long position 好倉	313,125,000	56.93%
Mr. Chow Yuk Kau Michael (Note 6) 周鋈球先生(附註6)	Beneficial Owner 實益擁有人	Long position 好倉	313,125,000	56.93%
Ms. Lo Oi Lin (Note 7) 盧愛蓮女士 (附註7)	Interest of spouse 配偶權益	Long position 好倉	313,125,000	56.93%
Ms. Chau Fung Kiu (Note 8) 周鳳翹女士 (附註8)	Interest of spouse 配偶權益	Long position 好倉	313,125,000	56.93%
China Leader International Limited (Note 9) 領華國際有限公司 (附註9)	Beneficial Owner 實益擁有人	Long position 好倉	313,125,000	56.93%
Ms. Wang Fang (Note 10) 汪芳女士 (附註10)	Interest of spouse 配偶權益	Long position 好倉	313,125,000	56.93%

Substantial Shareholders and Other Persons' Interests in Shares and Underlying Shares of the Company (Continued)

Interests or short positions in Shares and underlying shares of the Company (Continued)

Notes:

- eprint Limited is directly interested in 313,125,000 shares of the Company, representing approximately 56.93% of the issued Shares. eprint Limited is held as to 21.62%, 21.62%, 21.62%, 21.62% and 13.52% by Star Leader Limited (a company controlled by Mr. She Siu Kee William), Cheuk Fei Holding Limited (a company controlled by Mr. Chong Cheuk Ki), Mr. Chow Yuk Kau Michael, Mr. Leung Wai Ming and China Leader International Limited (a company controlled by Mr. Leung Yat Pang) respectively. Pursuant to the Deed of Confirmation, each of the Concerted Shareholders has agreed to jointly control their respective interests in the Company. Accordingly, eprint Limited shall be accustomed to act in accordance with joint instructions of the Concerted Shareholders.
- Star Leader Limited is a company controlled by Mr. She Siu Kee William.
 Pursuant to the Deed of Confirmation, Star Leader Limited is deemed to be
 interested in all the shares held by eprint Limited by virtue of the SFO.
- Ms. Lo Suet Yee is the spouse of Mr. She Siu Kee William. Under the SFO, Ms. Lo Suet Yee is taken to be interested in the same number of shares in which Mr. She Siu Kee William is interested.
- 4. Cheuk Fei Holding Limited is a company controlled by Mr. Chong Cheuk Ki. Pursuant to the Deed of Confirmation, Cheuk Fei Holding Limited is deemed to be interested in all the shares held by eprint Limited by virtue of the SFO.
- Ms. Yip Fei is the spouse of Mr. Chong Cheuk Ki. Under the SFO, Ms. Yip Fei is taken to be interested in the same number of shares in which Mr. Chong Cheuk Ki is interested.
- Pursuant to the Deed of Confirmation, Mr. Chow Yuk Kau Michael is deemed to be interested in all the shares held by eprint Limited by virtue of the SFO.
- Ms. Lo Oi Lin is the spouse of Mr. Chow Yuk Kau Michael. Under the SFO, Ms. Lo Oi Lin is taken to be interested in the same number of shares in which Mr. Chow Yuk Kau Michael is interested.
- 8. Ms. Chau Fung Kiu is the spouse of Mr. Leung Wai Ming. Under the SFO, Ms. Chau Fung Kiu is taken to be interested in the same number of shares in which Mr. Leung Wai Ming is interested.
- China Leader International Limited is a company controlled by Mr. Leung Yat Pang. Pursuant to the Deed of Confirmation, China Leader International Limited is deemed to be interested in all the shares held by eprint Limited by virtue of the SFO.
- Ms. Wang Fang is the spouse of Mr. Leung Yat Pang. Under the SFO, Ms. Wang Fang is taken to be interested in the same number of shares in which Mr. Leung Yat Pang is interested.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2025, the Directors were not aware of any other person who had an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company pursuant to Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of Part XV of the SFO.

主要股東及其他人士於本公司 股份及相關股份的權益*(贏)*

於本公司股份及相關股份的權益或 淡倉(續)

附註:

- 1. eprint Limited於313,125,000股本公司股份中擁有直接權益,佔已發行股份約56.93%。eprint Limited由Star Leader Limited(佘紹基先生控制的公司)、卓飛控股有限公司(莊卓琪先生控制的公司)、周鋈球先生、梁衞明先生及領華國際有限公司(梁一鵬先生控制的公司)分別持有21.62%、21.62%、21.62%、21.62%、21.62%及13.52%權益。根據確認契據,控股股東已各自同意共同控制彼等各自於本公司的權益。因此,eprint Limited將價常根據一致行動股東的共同指示行事。
- Star Leader Limited為一間由佘紹基先生控制的公司。根據確認契據以及證券及期貨條例·Star Leader Limited被視為於eprint Limited持有的所有股份中擁有權益。
- 4. 卓飛控股有限公司為一間由莊卓琪先生控制的公司。根據確認契據以及證券及期貨條例,卓飛控股有限公司被視為於eprint Limited持有的所有股份中擁有權益。
- 5. 葉飛女士為莊卓琪先生的配偶。根據證券及期 貨條例,葉飛女士被視為於莊先生所擁有權益 之相同數目股份中擁有權益。
- 6. 根據確認契據以及證券及期貨條例,周鋈球先 生被視為於eprint Limited持有的所有股份中擁 有權益。
- 盧愛蓮女士為周鋈球先生的配偶。根據證券及 期貨條例,盧愛蓮女士被視為於周鋈球先生所 擁有權益之相同數目股份中擁有權益。
- 周鳳翹女士為梁衞明先生的配偶。根據證券及 期貨條例,周鳳翹女士被視為於梁衞明先生所 擁有權益之相同數目股份中擁有權益。
- 領華國際有限公司為一間由梁一鵬先生控制的公司。根據確認契據以及證券及期貨條例,領華國際有限公司被視為於eprint Limited持有的所有股份中擁有權益。
- 10. 汪芳女士為梁一鵬先生的配偶。根據證券及期 貨條例·汪芳女士被視為於梁一鵬先生所擁有 權益之相同數目股份中擁有權益。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二五年三月三十一日,董事並不知悉有任何其他人士在本公司的股份或相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部須向本公司披露或須記錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第336條規定存置的登記冊的權益或淡倉。



Directors' Rights to Acquire Shares or Debentures

Save as disclosed above, at no time during the year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or in any other body corporate.

Directors' Service Contracts

Mr. She, an executive Director, has entered into a renewed service agreement with the Company on 26 June 2025 for a further term of three years commencing from 13 November 2025. Mr. Chong, an executive Director, has entered into a renewed service agreement with the Company on 26 June 2025 for a further term of three years commencing from 16 August 2025. Mr. YP Leung, an executive Director, has entered into a service agreement with the Company on 21 August 2024 for an initial term of three years commencing from 21 August 2024. Each of Mr. She, Mr. Chong and Mr. YP Leung may receive a discretionary bonus, the amount of which will be determined by reference to the recommendations of the Remuneration Committee.

Mr. WM Leung has signed a renewed letter of appointment issued by the Company on 26 June 2025 for a further term of three years commencing from 13 November 2025.

Mr. Poon has signed a renewed letter of appointment issued by the Company on 26 June 2025 for a further term of three years commencing from 15 August 2025.

Mr. Fu has signed a renewed letter of appointment issued by the Company on 25 November 2022 for a further term of three years commencing from 8 March 2023.

Mr. Ma has signed a renewed letter of appointment issued by the Company on 26 June 2025 for a further term of three years commencing from 30 December 2025.

Ms. Yu has signed a letter of appointment issued by the Company on 28 June 2023 for an initial term of three years commencing from 1 July 2023.

None of the Directors who are proposed for re-election at the 2025 AGM has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

董事購入股份或債券的權利

除上文所披露者外,於本年度任何時間, 本公司或其任何附屬公司概無訂立任何 安排,致使董事可獲得藉購入本公司或任 何其他法人團體之股份或債券而獲益之

董事服務合約

執行董事余先生已於二零二五年六月 二十六日與本公司續訂服務協議,由二 零二五年十一月十三日起再續三年。執行 董事莊先生已於二零二五年六月二十六 日與本公司續訂服務協議,由二零二五年 八月十六日起再續三年。執行董事梁一鵬 先生已於二零二四年八月二十一日與本 公司訂立服務協議,由二零二四年八月 二十一日起初步為期三年。余先生、莊先 生及梁一鵬先生各自可收取酌情花紅,金 額將參考薪酬委員會的建議釐定。

梁衞明先生已簽署由本公司於二零二五 年六月二十六日發出的續新委任函,由二 零二五年十一月十三日起再續三年。

潘先生已簽署由本公司於二零二五年六 月二十六日發出的續新委任函,由二零 二五年八月十五日起再續三年。

傅先生已簽署由本公司於二零二二年 十一月二十五日發出的續新委任函,由二 零二三年三月八日起再續三年。

馬先生已簽署由本公司於二零二五年六 月二十六日發出的續新委任函,由二零 二五年十二月三十日起再續三年。

余女士已簽署由本公司於二零二三年六 月二十八日發出的委任函,由二零二三年 七月一日起初步為期三年。

擬於二零二五年股東週年大會上重選連 任的董事,概無與本公司訂立不可於一年 內免付賠償(法定賠償除外)而終止的服 務合約。

Directors' Interests in Transactions, Arrangements or Contracts

Other than those disclosed in the sections headed "Connected Transactions" below and "Related Party Transactions" in note 38 to the consolidated financial statements for FY2024/25, no significant transaction, arrangements and contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party, and in which a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly subsisted at the year-end or at any time during the year.

Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors

The Company has adopted the Model Code set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules as the code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the Directors. Having made specific enquiry of all Directors, the Company confirmed that all Directors had complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the year.

Connected Transactions

The Group has connected transactions with the following connected persons which are effective from 1 April 2023:

Connected Persons

1. CTP Limited ("CTP")

CTP is principally engaged in the business of property investment, and is beneficially owned as to 25% by Mr. She, 25% by Mr. Chong, 25% by Mr. WM Leung and 25% by Mr. Chow Yuk Kau Michael ("Mr. Chow"), respectively.

2. Promise Properties Limited (保諾時物業有限公司) ("Promise Properties")

Promise Properties is principally engaged in the business of property investment, and is beneficially owned as to approximately 21.62% by Mr. She, 21.62% by Mr. Chong, 21.62% by Mr. WM Leung, 13.52% by Mr. YP Leung, and 21.62% by Mr. Chow.

董事於交易、安排或合約中的 權益

除下文「關連交易」及二零二四/二五財政年度的合併財務報表附註38「關連方交易」所披露者外,董事概無於本公司或其任何附屬公司所訂立對本集團業務屬重大且於年末或年內任何時間仍然有效的任何重大交易、安排及合約中直接或間接擁有重大權益。

董事進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄C3列載的標準守則,作為董事進行證券交易的行為守則。本公司經向全體董事作出特定查詢後確認,所有董事於整年內均已遵守標準守則所列載的標準規定。

關連交易

本集團與以下關連人士訂立自二零二三 年四月一日起生效的關連交易:

關連人士

1. CTP Limited (「CTP |)

CTP主要從事物業投資業務,由佘 先生、莊先生、梁衞明先生及周鋈球 先生(「周先生」)分別實益擁有其 25%、25%、25%及25%股權。

2. 保諾時物業有限公司(「保諾時物業」)

保諾時物業主要從事物業投資業務, 由佘先生、莊先生、梁衞明先生、 梁一鵬先生及周先生分別實益擁有 其約21.62%、21.62%、21.62%、 13.52%及21.62%股權。

Connected Persons (Continued)

3. VVV Limited ("VVV")

VVV is principally engaged in the business of property investment, and is beneficially owned as to approximately 21.62% by Mr. She, 21.62% by Mr. Chong, 21.62% by Mr. WM Leung, 13.52% by Mr. YP Leung and 21.62% by Mr. Chow, respectively.

Profit More Rich Limited (盈富多有限公司) ("Profit More")

Profit More is principally engaged in the business of property investment and is a wholly-owned subsidiary of CTP.

King Profit International Limited (至利國際有限公司) ("King Profit")

King Profit is principally engaged in the business of property investment and is a wholly-owned subsidiary of VVV.

Mr. She, Mr. Chong, Mr. YP Leung and Mr. WM Leung are the Directors and they are controlling Shareholders. The above companies are associates of Mr. She, Mr. Chong, Mr. YP Leung and Mr. WM Leung, and hence they are considered as connected persons of the Company under Rule 14A.12 of the Listing Rules.

關連交易(續)

關連人士(續)

VVV Limited (\[VVV \|)

VVV主要從事物業投資業務,由余 先生、莊先生、梁衞明先生、梁一 鵬先生及周先生分別實益擁有其約 21.62% \ 21.62% \ 21.62% \ 13.52% 及21.62%股權。

盈富多有限公司(「盈富多」)

盈富多主要從事物業投資業務,為 CTP全資附屬公司。

至利國際有限公司(「至利」)

至利主要從事物業投資業務,為VVV 全資附屬公司。

佘先生、莊先生、梁一鵬先生及梁衞明先 生為董事且彼等為控股股東。上述公司 為佘先生、莊先生、梁一鵬先生及梁衞明 先生的聯繫人士,因此,根據上市規則第 14A.12條,彼等被視為本公司的關連人

Tenancy agreements

(a) Tenancy agreements relating to CTP

On 11 January 2023, Lucky Gainer and e-banner as tenants and CTP as landlord entered into the tenancy agreements in respect of the tenancy of Unit W6 on 3rd Floor of Block 1; Units K2, L2, W1 and W2 on 2nd Floor of Block 2; Unit A3 on 1st Floor of Block 3; Units W1 to W5 and N3 on 2nd Floor of Block 3; Unit B3 on 3rd Floor of Block 3; Unit B3 on 4th Floor of Block 3; Unit R4 on 2nd Floor of Block 4; Unit A4 on 5th Floor of Block 4; and Units M4, N4, P4 and R4 on 6th Floor of Block 4, Kwun Tong Industrial Centre, Nos. 436-484 Kwun Tong Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong for lease term from 1 April 2023 to 31 March 2026 with monthly rent of HK\$451,800 for industrial use.

(b) Tenancy agreements relating to King Profit

On 11 January 2023, Lucky Gainer and Promise Network as tenants and King Profit as landlord entered into the tenancy agreements in respect of the tenancy of Unit A3 (including flat roof appurtenant thereto) on 4th Floor of Block 3, Unit L4 on 3rd Floor of Block 4 and Car Parking Space No. 36 on Basement, Kwun Tong Industrial Centre, Nos. 436-484 Kwun Tong Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong for lease term from 1 April 2023 to 31 March 2026 with monthly rent of HK\$66,700 for industrial and carparking use.

(c) Tenancy agreement relating to Profit More

On 11 January 2023, Lucky Gainer as tenant and Profit More as landlord entered into the tenancy agreement in respect of the tenancy of Workshop Nos. M201, M202 and M210 on 3rd Floor of Block 2, Kwun Tong Industrial Centre, Nos. 436-484 Kwun Tong Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong for lease term from 1 April 2023 to 31 March 2026 with monthly rent of HK\$53,500 for industrial use.

關連交易(續)

租賃協議

(a) 有關CTP的租賃協議

於二零二三年一月十一日,旺豪及e-banner(作為租戶)與CTP(有戶)與CTP

(b) 有關至利的租賃協議

於二零二三年一月十一日,旺豪及保諾時(作為租戶)與至利(作為租戶)與至利(作為租戶)與至利(作為報連工業中心第三期四樓A3號單位(包括其附屬平台)、第四期三樓L4號配位及地下停車位36號的租賃訂立日位及地下停車位36號的租賃訂立日日至二零二六年三月三十一日,每月租金為66,700港元,作工業及停車場用途。

(c) 有關盈富多的租賃協議

於二零二三年一月十一日,旺豪(作為租戶)與盈富多(作為業主)就香港九龍觀塘道436-484號觀塘工業中心第二期三樓M201、M202及M210號工場的租賃訂立租賃協議,租期為二零二三年四月一日至二零二六年三月三十一日,每月租金為53,500港元,作工業用途。

Tenancy agreements (Continued)

(d) Tenancy agreement relating to Promise Properties

On 11 January 2023, Lucky Gainer as tenant and Promise Properties as landlord entered into the tenancy agreement in respect of the tenancy of Unit W3 on 2nd Floor of Block 2; Unit K3 on 3rd Floor of Block 3; Unit H3 on 4th Floor of Block 3; Unit P4 on 2nd Floor of Block 4; and Unit A4 on 6th Floor of Block 4, Kwun Tong Industrial Centre, Nos. 436-484 Kwun Tong Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong for lease term from 1 April 2023 to 31 March 2026 with monthly rent of HK\$156,200 for industrial use.

(e) Tenancy agreements relating to VVV

On 11 January 2023, Lucky Gainer and Promise Network as tenants and VVV as landlord entered into the tenancy agreements in respect of the tenancy of Unit J2 on 2nd Floor of Block 2; Unit K4 on 3rd Floor of Block 4; and Car Parking Space No. 78 on Ground Floor, Kwun Tong Industrial Centre, Nos. 436-484 Kwun Tong Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong and Workshop No. 1 on Ground Floor, Trend Centre, No. 29 Cheung Lee Street, Hong Kong for lease term from 1 April 2023 to 31 March 2026 with monthly rent of HK\$217,100 for industrial and carparking use.

The rental payment made by Lucky Gainer, Promise Network and e-banner under the above tenancy agreements were recognised as right-of-use assets and had been regarded as an acquisition of assets by the Group for the purpose of the Listing Rules.

The above tenancy agreements, when aggregated, constituted (i) a discloseable transaction of the Company which was subject to the reporting and announcement requirements but was exempt from the approval of Shareholders requirement under Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules; and (ii) a connected transaction on the part of the Company which was subject to the reporting and announcement requirements but was exempt from the circular (including independent financial advice) and independent Shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. The Company has complied with the disclosure requirement in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. For further details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 11 January 2023 and the circular of the Company dated 17 February 2023.

關連交易(續)

租賃協議(續)

有關保諾時物業的租賃協議 (d)

於二零二三年一月十一日,旺豪(作 為租戶)與保諾時物業(作為業主) 就香港九龍觀塘道436-484號觀塘 工業中心第二期二樓W3號單位;第 三期三樓K3號單位;第三期四樓H3 號單位;第四期二樓P4單位;及第四 期六樓A4號單位的租賃訂立租賃協 議,租期為二零二三年四月一日至 二零二六年三月三十一日,每月租 金156,200港元,作工業用途。

(e) 有關VVV的租賃協議

於二零二三年一月十一日,旺豪及 保諾時(作為租戶)與VVV(作為業 主)就香港九龍觀塘道436-484號觀 塘工業中心第二期二樓J2號單位; 第四期三樓K4號單位;及地面停車 位78號;以及香港祥利街29號國貿 中心地面1號工場的租賃訂立租賃協 議,租期為二零二三年四月一日至 二零二六年三月三十一日,每月租 金為217,100港元,作工業及停車場 用途。

旺豪、保諾時及e-banner根據上述租賃協 議作出的租賃付款已被確認為使用權資 產,且根據上市規則,已被視作本集團的 收購資產。

上述租賃協議合併計算後構成(i)本公司 的須予披露交易,須遵守上市規則第十四 章項下的申報及公告規定,但獲豁免遵守 股東批准規定;及(ii)本公司的一項關連交 易,須遵守上市規則第十四A章項下的申 報及公告規定,但獲豁免遵守通函(包括 獨立財務意見)及獨立股東批准規定。本 公司已根據上市規則第14A章遵守披露規 定。有關進一步詳情,請參閱本公司日期 為二零二三年一月十一日的公告及本公 司日期為二零二三年二月十七日的通函。

Details of the Group's related party transactions for FY2024/25 are set out in Note 38 to the consolidated financial statements. Save as disclosed above, the Group did not carry out connected transaction or continuing connected transaction that are not exempted under Rule 14A.73 of the Listing Rules during FY2024/25.

Non-Compete Undertakings

eprint Limited, Mr. She, Mr. Chong, Mr. Lam Shing Kai ("Mr. SK Lam"), Mr. WM Leung and Mr. YP Leung (together, the "Covenantors") entered into the deed of non-competition in favour of the Company on 13 November 2013 (the "NCU"), pursuant to which the Covenantors have undertaken to the Company (for itself and for the benefit of each of the members of the Group) that, with effect from the date of listing (i.e. 3 December 2013) and for as long as the shares of the Company remain so listed on the Stock Exchange and the controlling Shareholders are individually or collectively with any of his/its associates interested directly or indirectly in not less than 30% of the issued ordinary share capital of the Company, the Covenantors or their respective associates shall not, (i) directly or indirectly engage in, participate or hold any right or interest in or render any services to or otherwise be involved in any business (whether as owner, director, operator, licensor, licensee, partner, shareholder, joint venturer, employee, consultant or otherwise) in competition with or likely to be in competition with the existing business carried on by the Group (the "Restricted Business"); and (ii) directly or indirectly take any action which constitutes an interference with or a disruption of the Restricted Business including, but not limited to, solicitation of the Group's customers, suppliers or personnel of any member of the Group.

關連交易(續)

本集團於二零二四/二五財政年度的關聯方交易詳情載於合併財務報表附註38。除上文所披露者外,本集團於二零二四/二五財政年度概無從事任何上市規則第14A.73條項下未獲豁免之關連交易或持續關連交易。

不競爭承諾

eprint Limited、余先生、莊先生、林承佳 先生(「林承佳先生」)、梁衞明先生及梁 一鵬先生(統稱「承諾人」)以本公司為受 益人於二零一三年十一月十三日簽訂不 競爭契據(「不競爭承諾」),據此,承諾人 已向本公司承諾(為其本身及代表本集團 各成員公司的利益),自卜市日期(即二 零一三年十二月三日) 起及於本公司股份 仍然在聯交所上市及控股股東個別或共 同與其任何聯繫人直接或間接持有之權 益不少於本公司之30%已發行普通股股 本之期間,承諾人或彼等各自之聯繫人將 不會(i)直接或間接從事、參與或持有任何 權利或權益或提供任何服務或以其他方 式參與與本集團進行的現有業務(「受限 制業務」)競爭或可能競爭的任何業務(不 論作為擁有人、董事、經營者、發牌人、持 牌人、合夥人、股東、合資經營人、僱員、 諮詢人或其他身份);及(ii)直接或間接採 取對受限制業務構成干預或中斷的任何 行動,包括但不限於本集團客戶、供應商 或本集團任何成員公司人員的徵求。



Non-Compete Undertakings (Continued)

The Covenantors, except for Mr. SK Lam, have confirmed to the Company that each of them and their respective associates have complied with the NCU during FY2024/25.

As Mr. SK Lam transferred all his shares in eprint Limited to Mr. Chow on 15 October 2024. Mr. Chow became a shareholder of eprint Limited and executed an acting in concert agreement with all other shareholders of eprint Limited. Mr. Chow considered himself should also comply with the NCU as if he is one of the Covenantors. Mr. Chow confirmed to the Company that he has complied with the NCU during the period from 15 October 2024 to 31 March 2025.

The independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the NCU and confirmed the compliance with the NCU by the Covenantors (except Mr. SK Lam) during FY2024/25 and Mr. Chow during the period from 15 October 2024 to 31 March 2025.

On 1 April 2025, eprint Limited, Star Leader Limited (a company controlled by Mr. She), Cheuk Fei Holding Limited (a company controlled by Mr. Chong), Mr. Chow, Mr. WM Leung and China Leader International Limited (a company controlled by Mr. YP Leung) (together, the "New Covenantors") entered into a deed of non-competition in favour of the Company. Pursuant to which the New Covenantors have undertaken to the Company (for itself and for the benefit of each of the members of the Group) that, as long as the shares of the Company remain listed on the Stock Exchange and the New Covenantors are individually or collectively with any of his/its associates interested directly or indirectly in not less than 30% of the issued ordinary share capital of the Company, the Covenantors or their respective associates and/or shareholders (as the case may be) shall not, (i) directly or indirectly engage in, participate or hold any right or interest in or render any services to or otherwise be involved in any Restricted Business; and (ii) directly or indirectly take any action which constitutes an interference with or a disruption of the Restricted Business including, but not limited to, solicitation of the Group's customers, suppliers or personnel of any member of the Group.

不競爭承諾(續)

除林承佳先生外,各承諾人已向本公司確 認,彼等各自及彼等各自的聯繫人於二零 二四/二五財政年度已遵守不競爭承諾。

由於林承佳先生已於二零二四年十月 十五日將其於eprint Limited之全部股份 轉讓予周先生,周先生成為eprint Limited 股東,並與eprint Limited之所有其他股東 簽立一致行動協議。周先生認為其本身 亦應遵守不競爭承諾,猶如其為其中一 名承諾人。周先生向本公司確認,彼於二 零二四年十月十五日至二零二五年三月 三十一日期間一直遵守不競爭承諾。

獨立非執行董事已審閱不競爭承諾,並 確認承諾人(林承佳先生除外)於二零 二四/二五財政年度內及周先生於二 零二四年十月十五日至二零二五年三月 三十一日期間已分別遵守不競爭承諾。

於二零二五年四月一日, eprint Limited、 Star Leader Limited (余先生控制的公 司)、卓飛控股有限公司(莊先生控制的 公司)、周先生、梁衞明先生及領華國際 有限公司(梁一鵬先生控制的公司)(統 稱「新承諾人」)以本公司為受益人簽訂 不競爭契據,據此,新承諾人已向本公司 (為其本身及代表本集團各成員公司的利 益)承諾,只要本公司股份仍然在聯交所 上市及新承諾人個別或與其任何聯繫人 共同直接或間接持有不少於本公司已發 行普通股股本之30%,則承諾人或彼等各 自之聯繫人及/或股東(視情況而定)將 不會(i)直接或間接從事、參與受限制業務 或於其中持有任何權利或權益或向受限 制業務提供任何服務或以其他方式參與 受限制業務;及(ii)直接或間接採取對受限 制業務構成干預或中斷的任何行動,包括 但不限於本集團客戶、供應商或本集團任 何成員公司人員的徵求。

Non-Compete Undertakings (Continued)

As disclosed in 2022/2023 and 2023/2024 annual report, the Company has reasonable cause to believe Mr. SK Lam was in breach of and has not complied with the NCU due to his brother's interest in a company currently listing on GEM of the Stock Exchange with principal business activities which are similar to those of the Group. Notwithstanding that, the Company considered the non-compliance committed by Mr. SK Lam had not caused any material financial loss or operation disruption to the Group up until he ceased to be a member of eprint Limited.

As of the date of this report, save as disclosed above, the Company is not aware of any other matters regarding the compliance of the undertakings in the NCU and there has not been any material change in the terms of the NCU during FY2024/25.

Tax Relief and Exemption

The Directors are not aware of any tax relief and exemption available to the Shareholders by reason of their holding of the Company's securities.

Major Customers and Suppliers

During the year, the percentage of sales attributable to the largest customer and the five largest customers of the Group is 1.2% and 3.9% respectively.

During the year, the largest supplier and the five largest suppliers of the Group accounted for approximately 55.4% and 65.8% of the total purchases of the Group respectively.

None of the Directors, their close associates or any Shareholder (which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had an interest in the major suppliers or customers noted above.

不競爭承諾(續)

如二零二二/二三年及二零二三/二四年年報所披露,本公司有合理理由相信,由於林承佳先生之胞兄弟於一家目前在聯交所GEM上市,且其主要業務活動與本集團類似的公司中擁有權益,故其違反且並未遵守不競爭承諾。儘管如此,本公司認為,直至林承佳先生不再為eprint Limited之股東為止,其違規行為並未對本集團造成任何重大財務損失或營運中斷。

截至本報告日期,除上文所披露者外,本公司並不知悉任何其他有關遵守不競爭承諾中承諾的事宜,及於二零二四/二五財政年度,不競爭承諾的條款概無任何重大變動。

税項減免及豁免

董事並不知悉股東由於持有本公司證券 而獲得任何税項減免及豁免之事宜。

主要客戶及供應商

於本年度內,最大客戶及五大客戶應佔本集團的銷售額百分比分別為1.2%及3.9%。

於本年度內,本集團之最大供應商及五大 供應商分別佔本集團採購總額的約55.4% 及65.8%。

董事、彼等之緊密聯繫人士或任何股東 (就董事所知,為擁有本公司股本超過5% 者)概無於上文所述的主要供應商或客戶 中擁有權益。



Subsidiaries, an Associate and Joint Ventures

Details of the principal subsidiaries, an associate and joint ventures of the Company are set out in Note 16. Note 17 and Note 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

Public Float

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float as required under the Listing Rules during the year and up to the date of this report.

Audit Committee

The Company established the Audit Committee on 13 November 2013 with written terms of reference which was revised on 25 February 2019 to comply with the CG Code. The primary duties of the Audit Committee are to review and supervise the financial reporting system and to review the risk management and internal control systems of the Group. The Audit Committee comprises four independent non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Ma Siu Kit (chairman), Mr. Poon Chun Wai, Mr. Fu Chung and Ms. Yu Mei Hung. The Audit Committee has reviewed the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for FY2024/25.

Competition and Conflict of Interests

During the year, save as disclosed in this annual report, none of the Directors or substantial Shareholders or any of their respective associates has engaged in any business that competes or may compete with the business of the Group.

Corporate Governance

A report on the principal corporate governance practices adopted by the Company is set out on pages 19 to 42 of this annual report.

附屬公司、一間聯營公司及合營

有關本公司主要附屬公司、一間聯營公司 及合營企業之詳情載於合併財務報表附 註16、附註17及附註18。

公眾持股量

根據本公司可公開取閱之資料及就董事 所知,於本年度及直至本報告日期,本公 司已根據上市規則維持足夠公眾持股量。

審核委員會

本公司於二零一三年十一月十三日成立 審核委員會,並制定書面職權範圍(於二 零一九年二月二十五日經修訂)以遵守企 業管治守則。審核委員會的主要職責為審 閱及監察本集團的財務匯報程序及審閱 風險管理及內部監控系統。審核委員會由 四名獨立非執行董事,即馬兆杰先生(主 席)、潘振威先生、傅忠先生及余美紅女 士組成。審核委員會已審閱本集團於二零 二四/二五財政年度的經審核合併財務 報表。

競爭及利益衝突

除本年報所披露者外,年內概無董事或主 要股東或其各自之任何聯繫人士從事任 何與本集團業務構成競爭或可能競爭之 業務。

企業管治

本公司所採納的主要企業管治常規報告 載列於本年報第19至42頁。



Report of the Directors 董事會報告

Auditor

There has been no change in auditor of the Company during the past three years.

The term of appointment of PwC as auditor of the Company shall expire at the conclusion of the 2025 AGM. A resolution will be proposed at the 2025 AGM to re-appoint PwC as auditor of the Company.

On behalf of the Board eprint Group Limited She Siu Kee William Chairman

Hong Kong, 26 June 2025

核數師

本公司核數師於過往三年內概無變動。

本公司核數師羅兵咸永道的委任期限將 於二零二五年股東週年大會結束時屆滿。 本公司將於二零二五年股東週年大會上 提呈一項決議案續聘羅兵咸永道為本公 司核數師。

代表董事會 eprint集團有限公司 主席 佘紹基

香港,二零二五年六月二十六日



Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

To the Shareholders of eprint Group Limited

(Incorporated in the Cavman Islands with limited liability)

Opinion

What we have audited

The consolidated financial statements of eprint Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), which are set out on pages 126 to 259, comprise:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2025;
- the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended:
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the consolidated financial statements, comprising material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.

Our opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2025, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

致eprint集團有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

意見

我們已審計的內容

eprint集團有限公司(以下簡稱「貴公司」) 及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」)列載 於第126至259頁的合併財務報表包括:

- 於二零二五年三月三十一日的合併 財務狀況表;
- 截至該日止年度合併綜合收益表;
- 截至該日止年度合併權益變動表;
- 截至該日止年度合併現金流量表;
- 合併財務報表附註,包括重大會計 政策信息及其他解釋信息。

我們的意見

我們認為,該等合併財務報表已根據香港 會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的 《香港財務報告準則會計準則》真實而 中肯地反映了 貴集團於二零二五年三 月三十一日的合併財務狀況及其截至該 日止年度的合併財務表現及合併現金流 量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》的披露規 定妥為擬備。

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") as issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The key audit matter identified in our audit is related to revenue recognition from paper printing and banner printing segment.

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港審計準則》進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就審計合併財務報表承擔的責任」部分中作進一步闡述。

我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的意見提供基礎。

獨立性

根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《專業會計師道德守則》(以下簡稱「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已履行守則中的其他道德責任。

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認 為對本期合併財務報表的審計最為重要 的事項。該等事項是在我們審計整體合併 財務報表及出具意見時進行處理的。我們 不會對該等事項提供單獨的意見。

我們在審計中識別的關鍵審計事項與紙品印刷及噴畫印刷分部的收益確認有關。

Key Audit Matter

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

Revenue recognition from paper printing and banner printing segment

Refer to Notes 5 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Group recognised revenue of HK\$287,923,000 on sales of goods from paper printing and banner printing segment.

The revenue from sales of goods is recognised at a point in time when the Group delivers the goods to its customers.

We focus on this area due to its magnitude and the high volume of transactions involved. As a result, a significant amount of effort was spent on auditing this area.

We have performed the following procedures to address this key audit matter:

We understood, evaluated and tested management's key internal controls in respect of revenue recognition on sales of goods.

We tested the revenue transactions on a sample basis by tracing to supporting documents such as sales contracts and customer receipts.

We also performed cut-off testing on a sample of revenue transactions related to individual customers before and after year end to assess whether the transactions were recognised in the proper period by tracing to sales contracts, customer receipts and deferred revenue calculation, where applicable.

Based on the procedures performed, we considered that the revenue recognition from paper printing and banner printing segment were supportable by the available evidence.

獨立核數師報告

關鍵審計事項

我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

紙品印刷及噴畫印刷分部收益確認

請參閱合併財務報表附註5。

貴集團確認紙品印刷及噴畫印刷分部收益287,923,000 港元。

銷售貨品收益於 貴集團向客戶交付貨品時確認。

由於其規模較大及涉及大量交易,故我們專注於此範疇。因此,我們花費大量精力審計此範疇。

我們已執行下列程序以處理此項關鍵審計事項:

我們瞭解、評估並測試了管理層對銷售貨品收益確認 的主要內部控制。

我們透過追溯銷售合約及客戶收據等證明文件,以抽 樣方式測試收益交易。

我們亦於年終前後對個別客戶的收益交易進行抽樣截斷測試,透過追溯銷售合約、客戶收據及遞延收益計算(如適用)來評估該等交易是否於適當期間確認。

根據我們已執行的程序,我們認為紙品印刷及噴畫印刷分部收益確認獲可取得證據支持。



Other Information

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Directors and Audit Committee for the Consolidated Financial **Statements**

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

其他信息

貴公司董事須對其他信息負責。其他信息 包括年報內的所有信息,但不包括合併財 務報表及我們的核數師報告。

我們對合併財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其 他信息,我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任 何形式的鑒證結論。

結合我們對合併財務報表的審計,我們的 責任是閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮 其他信息是否與合併財務報表或我們在 審計過程中所了解的情況存在重大抵觸 或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情况。

基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其 他信息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告 該事實。在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

董事及審核委員會就合併財務 報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會 頒佈的《香港財務報告準則會計準則》及 香港《公司條例》的披露規定擬備真實而 中肯的合併財務報表,並對其認為為使合 併財務報表的擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯 誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部控 制負責。

在擬備合併財務報表時,董事負責評 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情 況下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使 用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他 實際的替代方案。

審核委員會須負責監督 貴集團的財務 報告過程。

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師就審計合併財務報表承 擔的責任

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程中,我們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。我們亦:

- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計 適當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴 集團內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性 及作出會計估計和相關披露的合理 性。



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business units within the Group as a basis for forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and review of the audit work performed for purposes of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

核數師就審計合併財務報表承 擔的責任(續)

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰 當性作出結論。根據所獲取的審計 憑證,確定是否存在與事項或情況 有關的重大不確定性,從而可能導 致對 貴集團的持續經營能力產生 重大疑慮。如果我們認為存在重大 不確定性,則有必要在核數師報告 中提請使用者注意合併財務報表中 的相關披露。假若有關的披露不足, 則我們應當發表非無保留意見。我 們的結論是基於核數師報告日止所 取得的審計憑證。然而,未來事項或 情況可能導致 貴集團不能持續經
- 評價合併財務報表的整體列報方式、 結構和內容,包括披露,以及合併財 務報表是否中肯反映相關交易和事 項。
- 規劃並開展集團審計以就 內實體或業務單位的財務信息獲取 充足、適當的審計憑證,作為對合併 財務報表達成意見之基準。我們負 責指導、監督及審閱就集團審計開 展的審計工作。我們為審計意見承 擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們還與審核委員會溝通 了計劃的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計 發現等,包括我們在審計中識別出內部控 制的任何重大缺陷。

我們還向審核委員會提交聲明,説明我們 已符合有關獨立性的相關道德要求,並與 他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我 們獨立性的所有關係和其他事項,以及在 適用的情況下,用以消除對獨立性產生威 脅的行動或採取的防範措施。



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Continued)

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Lee Chun Wah, Ryan (practising certificate number: P07034).

核數師就審計合併財務報表承 擔的責任(續)

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們確定何種事項對本期合併財務報表的審計最為重要,因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露這些事項,或在極端足的情況下,如果合理預期在我們報告中見的情況下,如果合理預期在我們報告中,滿通某事項造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥 人是李振華(執業證書編號: P07034)。

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 26 June 2025

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 執業會計師

香港,二零二五年六月二十六日



Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

合併綜合收益表

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度

		Note 附註	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue Cost of sales	收益 銷售成本	5 8	292,593 (178,375)	316,277 (197,060)
Gross profit	毛利		114,218	119,217
Other income Other gains/(losses) – net Selling and distribution expenses Administrative expenses Provision for impairment losses on financial assets	其他收入 其他收益/(虧損)-淨額 銷售及分銷開支 行政開支 金融資產減值虧損撥備	6 7 8 8 3.1(b)	4,249 443 (32,620) (90,760)	5,235 (6,187) (32,786) (92,044) (1,972)
Operating loss	營運虧損		(4,535)	(8,537)
Finance income Finance costs	融資收入 融資成本	10 10	1,625 (3,522)	4,952 (3,518)
Finance (costs)/income – net	融資(成本)/收入-淨額	10	(1,897)	1,434
Share of loss of an associate Share of profits of joint ventures	應佔一間聯營公司虧損 應佔合營企業溢利	17 18	(78) 1,638	(199) 1,218
			1,560	1,019
Loss before income tax Income tax expense	除所得税前虧損 所得税開支	11	(4,872) (842)	(6,084) (816)
Loss for the year	年內虧損		(5,714)	(6,900)

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income 合併綜合收益表

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度

		Note 附註	2025 二零二五年 HK\$ '000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
(Loss)/profit for the year attributable to: - Equity holders of the Company - Non-controlling interests	以下各項應佔年內 (虧損)/溢利: 一本公司權益持有人 一非控股權益		(6,130) 416	(8,306) 1,406
Loss for the year	年內虧損		(5,714)	(6,900)
Other comprehensive income/(loss): Item that may be reclassified to profit or loss:	其他綜合收益/(虧損): 可能重新分類至損益的項目:			
Currency translation differences	匯兑差額		615	(949)
Total other comprehensive income/(loss), net of tax	其他綜合收益/(虧損)總額, 扣除税項		615	(949)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	年內綜合虧損總額		(5,099)	(7,849)
Loss per share attributable to the equity holders of the Company:	本公司權益持有人 應佔每股虧損:			
Basic and diluted (HK cents per share)	基本及攤薄(每股港仙)	12	(1.11)	(1.51)
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year attributable to: - Equity holders of the Company - Non-controlling interests	以下各項應佔年內 綜合(虧損)/收益總額: 一本公司權益持有人 一非控股權益		(5,557) 458	(9,198) 1,349
			(5,099)	(7,849)

The above consolidated statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上述合併綜合收益表應與隨附附註一併閱 讀。

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

合併財務狀況表

As at 31 March 2025 於二零二五年三月三十一日

			2025	2024 二零二四年
		Note	二零二五年 HK\$'000 イ进ニ	HK\$'000
		附註	——千港元 ———	千港元
Assets	資產			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	13	175,446	134,589
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	14	39,110	54,669
ntangible assets	無形資產	15	725	728
oan receivables	應收貸款	23	7,396	-
Other financial assets at amortised cost	按攤銷成本列賬之其他金融資產	24	_	29,576
nvestment in an associate	於一間聯營公司的投資	17	1,103	1,18
nvestments in joint ventures	於合營企業的投資	18	11,675	11,06
Deferred income tax assets	遞延所得税資產	31	224	256
Deposits and prepayments	按金及預付款項	22	1,109	21,223
			236,788	253,280
Current assets	流動資產			
nventories	存貨	20	10,433	5,332
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	21	5,043	5,29
Deposits, prepayments and	按金、預付款項及其他應收款項			
other receivables		22	9,005	5,310
_oan receivables	應收貸款	23	12,553	-
Other financial assets at amortised cost	按攤銷成本列賬之其他金融資產	24	_	-
Financial assets at fair value through	透過損益按公允價值列賬之			
profit or loss	金融資產	25	1,225	8,994
Amounts due from related companies	應收關連公司款項	38	377	328
Current income tax recoverable	可收回當期所得税		363	84
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目	26	103,056	100,035
			142,055	125,374
	No. 34 34			
Total assets	資產總額		378,843	378,654
Equity	權益			
Capital and reserves attributable to	本公司權益持有人應佔資本			
the equity holders of the Company	及儲備			
Share capital	股本	27	5,500	5,500
Share premium	股份溢價	27	132,921	132,92
Other reserves	其他儲備	28	85,871	91,428
JUIN 10001100	アプロ 国 国		00,071	01,420
			224,292	229,849
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	16(a)	18,952	14,219

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 合併財務狀況表 As at 31 March 2025 於二零二五年三月三十一日

			2025 二零二五年	2024 二零二四年
		Note 附註	ーマーユー HK\$'000 千港元	— ₹—
Liabilities	負債			
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	14	5,291	23,764
Other payables	其他應付款項	29	2,045	877
Deferred income tax liabilities	遞延所得税負債	31	4,074	3,836
			11,410	28,477
O Pakippi	沈弘 <i>在</i> 唐			
Current liabilities	流動負債	00	E 40E	10.704
Trade payables	貿易應付款項 應計款項及其他應付款項	29	5,435	10,734
Accruals and other payables	應計	29 30	24,176	30,454 40,951
Borrowings Lease liabilities	租賃負債	14	71,128 22,791	23,408
Amounts due to directors	應付董事款項	38	407	23,408
Current income tax payable	應付當期所得稅		252	414
			124,189	106,109
			124,109	
Total liabilities	負債總額		135,599	134,586
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額		378,843	378,654

The above consolidated statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上述合併財務狀況表應與隨附附註一併閱讀。

The consolidated financial statements on pages 126 to 259 were approved by the Board of Directors on 26 June 2025 and were signed on its behalf.

第126至259頁所載合併財務報表已於二零 二五年六月二十六日獲董事會批准,並由 下列董事代表簽署。

Mr. She Siu Kee William 佘紹基先生 Director 董事 Mr. Chong Cheuk Ki 莊卓琪先生 Director

董事

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

合併權益變動表

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度

				Attributal	ole to equity ho 本公司權益技		ompany				
		Share capital	Share premium	Capital reserve	Other reserve	Share based payment reserve 股權付款	Exchange reserve	Retained earnings	Sub-total	Non- controlling interests	Total
		股本 HK\$'000 千港元	股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	資本儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	其他儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	股權刊款 儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	外匯儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	保留盈利 HK\$'000 千港元	小計 HK\$'000 千港元	非控股權益 HK\$'000 千港元	總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Balance at 1 April 2023	於二零二三年四月一日結餘	5,500	132,921	6,593	(21)	17,051	(3,035)	80,038	239,047	12,743	251,790
Comprehensive (loss)/income (Loss)/profit for the year	綜合(虧損) /收益 年內(虧損) /溢利	-	-	-	-	-	-	(8,306)	(8,306)	1,406	(6,900)
Other comprehensive loss Currency translation differences - Group - Joint ventures and an associate	其他綜合虧損 匯兑差額 一本集團 一合營企業及一間聯營公司	-	-	-	-	-	(81) (811)	-	(81) (811)	(57)	(138) (811)
Total comprehensive (loss)/income	綜合(虧損) /收益總額		-	-	-		(892)	(8,306)	(9,198)	1,349	(7,849)
Transactions with owners, recognised directly in equity Transfer upon lapse of share options Disposal of a subsidiary	直接於權益確認的與 擁有人的交易 於購股權失效時轉潑 出售一間附屬公司	- -	- -	- -	- -	(1,950)	- -	1,950	- -	- 127	- 127
Total transactions with owners, recognised directly in equity	直接於權益確認的與 擁有人的總交易					(1,950)		1,950		127	127
Balance at 31 March 2024	於二零二四年三月三十一日 結餘	5,500	132,921	6,593	(21)	15,101	(3,927)	73,682	229,849	14,219	244,068

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 合併權益變動表

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度

				Attributabl	e to equity ho 本公司權益技		Company				
						Share based				Non-	
		Share capital	Share premium	Capital reserve	Other reserve	payment reserve	Exchange reserve	Retained earnings	Sub-total	controlling interests	Tota
		股本 HK\$'000 千港元	股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	資本儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	其他儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	股權付款 儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	外匯儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	保留盈利 HK\$'000 千港元	小計 HK\$'000 千港元	非控股權益 HK\$'000 千港元	總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Balance at 1 April 2024	於二零二四年四月一日結餘	5,500	132,921	6,593	(21)	15,101	(3,927)	73,682	229,849	14,219	244,068
Comprehensive (loss)/income (Loss)/profit for the year	綜合(虧損) /收益 年內(虧損) /溢利	-	-	-	-	_	-	(6,130)	(6,130)	416	(5,714
Other comprehensive loss	其他綜合虧損 匯兑差額										
Currency translation differences – Group	性兄左似一本集團	_	_	_	_	_	34	_	34	42	76
- Joint ventures and an associate	一合營企業及一間聯營公司	-	-	-	-	-	539	-	539	-	539
Total comprehensive (loss)/income	綜合(虧損) / 收益總額	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	573	(6,130)	(5,557)	458	(5,099
Transactions with owners, recognised directly in equity	直接於權益確認的與 擁有人的交易										
Transfer upon lapse of share options	於購股權失效時轉撥	_	_	_	_	(15,101)	_	15,101	_	_	
Acquisition of a subsidiary	收購一間附屬公司	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,500	4,500
Dividend paid	已付股息	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	(225)	(225
Total transactions with owners, recognised directly in equity	直接於權益確認的與 擁有人的總交易	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	(15,101)	<u>-</u>	15,101	<u>-</u>	4,275	4,27
Balance at 31 March 2025	於二零二五年三月三十一日 結餘	5,500	132,921	6,593	(21)		(3,354)	82,653	224,292	18,952	243,24

The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上述合併權益變動表應與隨附附註一併閱讀。

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

合併現金流量表

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度

			2025 二爾二五年	2024
		Note 附註	二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash flows from operating activities	經營活動產生的現金流量			
Cash generated from operations	營運產生的現金	33(a)	15,457	28,029
Interest paid Income tax (paid)/refunded	已付利息 已(付)/退還所得税		(1,939) (891)	(1,289) 752
	<u>. </u>		(55.7)	
Net cash generated from operating activities	經營活動所得現金淨額		12,627	27,492
Cash flows from investing activities	投資活動產生的現金流量			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	購買物業、廠房及設備		(32,565)	(30,971)
Proceeds from disposals of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備的 所得款項	33(b)	486	2,188
Proceeds on redemption of other financial assets at amortised cost	贖回按攤銷成本列賬之 其他金融資產之所得款項		8,000	14
Proceeds from disposals of financial	出售透過損益按公允價值		0,000	17
assets at fair value through profit or loss	列賬之金融資產之 所得款項		9,408	7,212
Interest received Acquisition of a subsidiary	已收利息 收購一間附屬公司	34 & 35	1,625 5,380	4,952 (28,831)
Proceeds on disposal of a subsidiary,	出售一間附屬公司所得款項,	04 & 00	3,300	,
net of cash Dividend received from financial assets at	扣除現金 來自透過損益按公允價值		_	3
fair value through profit or loss	列賬之金融資產之 已收股息		36	25
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用現金淨額		(7,630)	(45,408)
Cash flows from financing activities	融資活動產生的現金流量 借貸所得款項	22(a)	70 711	71 540
Proceeds from borrowings Repayments of borrowings	償還借貸	33(c) 33(c)	70,711 (44,674)	71,548 (53,279)
Payment for lease liabilities Repayment to an non-controlling interest	支付租賃負債 向非控股權益還款	33(c) 33(c)	(25,396) (2,500)	(25,264)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests		33(c)	(225)	
Net cash used in financing activities	融資活動所用現金淨額		(2,084)	(6,995)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and	現金及現金等值項目			
cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents	增加/(減少)淨額 年初現金及現金等值項目		2,913	(24,911)
at beginning of year			100,035	125,024
Effect of change in exchange rates	匯率變動的影響		108	(78)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	年末現金及現金等值項目	26	103,056	100,035

The above consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上述合併現金流量表應與隨附附註一併閱

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

合併財務報表附註

1 General information

eprint Group Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 10 January 2013 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law (Revised) of the Cayman Islands. The Company's address of its registered office is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands.

The Company is an investment holding company. The activities of its principal subsidiaries, an associate and joint ventures are set out in Notes 16, 17 and 18, respectively.

The consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), unless otherwise stated.

2 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards ("HKFRS") as issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance Cap. 622.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, which are carried at fair value.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 4.

1 一般資料

eprint集團有限公司(「本公司」)於二零一三年一月十日根據開曼群島公司法(經修訂)於開曼群島註冊成立為獲豁免有限公司。本公司註冊辦事處地址為Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands。

本公司為投資控股公司。其主要附屬公司、一間聯營公司及合營企業 之業務分別載於附註16、17及18。

除另有説明外,本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)的合併財務報表均以港元(「港元」)呈報。

2 編製基準

本公司的合併財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之香港財務報告準則會計準則(「香港財務報告準則」)及香港法例第622章香港公司條例的披露規定編製。

合併財務報表已根據歷史成本法編製,並就以公允價值計量透過損益按公允價值列賬的金融資產的重估作出修訂。

編製符合香港財務報告準則的合併財務報表須使用若干重大會計估計,並須管理層於應用本集團會計政策時作出判斷。涉及較高程度判斷或複雜性的領域,或假設及估算對合併財務報表有重大影響的領域,披露於附註4。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 合併財務報表附註

2 Basis of preparation (Continued)

2.1 Changes in accounting policy and disclosures

(a) Amended standards and interpretation adopted by the Group

The Group has applied the following amended standards and interpretation for the financial year beginning 1 April 2024 and are relevant to its operations:

Amendments to HKAS 1 香港會計準則第1號之修訂本 Amendments to HKAS 1 香港會計準則第1號之修訂本 Amendments to HKFRS 16 香港財務報告準則第16號之修訂本 Amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (Revised)

香港詮釋第5號之修訂本(經修訂)

Amendments to HKAS 7 and HKFRS 17

香港會計準則第7號及香港財務報告 準則第17號之修訂本 nded standards 本集團已於二零二四年四月一 eginning 1 April 日開始之財政年度應用以下經

(a)

編製基準(續)

2.1 會計政策變動及披露事項

之業務有關:

本集團已採納的經修訂準則及

修訂準則及詮釋,且與本集團

Classification of Liabilities as Current and Non-current 將負債分類為流動及非流動

Non-current Liabilities with Covenants

附帶契諾的非流動負債

Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback

售後租回之租賃負債

Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause

財務報表呈列一借款人對包含按要求償還條款之定期貸款之分類

Supplier Finance Arrangements

供應商融資安排

The adoption of these amended standards and interpretation does not have any significant change to the accounting policies or any significant effect on the results and financial position of the Group.

採納該等經修訂準則及詮釋並 無對會計政策產生任何重大變 動或對本集團之業績及財務狀 況造成任何重大影響。

2 Basis of preparation (Continued)

2.1 Changes in accounting policy and disclosures (Continued)

(b) New standards, amended standards and interpretation which are not yet effective for this financial period and have not been early adopted by the Group

Certain new standards, amended standards and interpretation have been published that are not mandatory for the year ended 31 March 2025 and have not been early adopted by the Group in preparing the consolidated financial statements:

2 編製基準(續)

2.1 會計政策變動及披露事項(續)

(b) 於本財政期間尚未生效且本集 團並無提早採納之新訂準則、經 修訂準則及詮釋

> 若干新訂準則、經修訂準則及 詮釋已頒佈但毋須於截至二零 二五年三月三十一日止年度強 制應用,而本集團於編製合併 財務報表時亦無提早採納:

> > Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 於以下日期或之後開始的會計期間生效

Amendments to HKAS 21 and HKFRS 1	Lack of Exchangeability	1 January 2025
香港會計準則第21號及香港 財務報告準則第1號之修訂本	缺乏可交換性	二零二五年 一月一日
Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7	Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments	1 January 2026
香港財務報告準則第9號及香港 財務報告準則第7號之修訂本	金融工具之分類及計量	二零二六年 一月一日
HKFRS 1, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 9, HKFRS 10 and HKAS 7	Annual Improvements to HKFRS Accounting Standards – Volume 11	1 January 2026
香港財務報告準則第1號、 香港財務報告準則第7號、 香港財務報告準則第9號、 香港財務報告準則第10號及 香港會計準則第7號	香港財務報告準則會計準則之年度改進-第11卷	二零二六年 一月一日
HKFRS 18	Presentation and Disclosure in	1 January 2027

riesentation and Disclosure in	1 January 2021
Financial Statements	
財務報表呈列及披露	二零二七年
77 177 TK 2C 22 7 1 7 1 7 1 7 1 7 1 7 1 7 1 7 1 7 1	—
Subsidiaries without Public Accountability:	1 January 2027
Disclosures	
無公共問責性的附屬公司:披露	二零二七年
無 4 六 円 貝 I L F) 们 圉 4 F) · 1X 路	
	一月一日
Presentation of Financial Statements –	1 January 2027
Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan	,
that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause	
' '	_ =
財務報表的呈列-借款人對包含可隨時要求償還	二零二七年
條款之定期貸款之分類	一月一日
Sale or Contribution of Assets between	To be determined

an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

投資者與其聯營公司或合營企業的資產出售或

注資

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 香港財務報告準則第10號及香港 會計準則第28號之修訂本

香港財務報告準則第18號

香港財務報告準則第19號

Amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5

香港詮釋第5號之修訂本

HKFRS 19

待釐定

Basis of preparation (Continued) 2

2.1 Changes in accounting policy and disclosures (Continued)

(b) New standards, amended standards and interpretation which are not yet effective for this financial period and have not been early adopted by the Group (Continued)

Management is in the process of assessing potential impact of the above new standards, amended standards and interpretation that are relevant to the Group upon initial application. It is not yet in a position to state whether these new standards, amended standards and interpretation will have a significant impact on the Group's results of operations and financial position.

Financial risk management 3

3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, cash flow and fair value interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

Management regularly monitors the financial risks of the Group. Because of the simplicity of the financial structure and the current operations of the Group, no hedging activities are undertaken by management.

Market risk (a)

(i) Foreign exchange risk

> Foreign exchange risk arises when future commercial transactions or recognised assets or liabilities denominated in a currency that is not the entity's function currency. The Group operates in various regions and is exposed to foreign exchange risk primarily arising from cash and cash equivalents and deposits and other receivables which are denominated in Japanese Yen ("JPY") and US dollar ("US\$") which are held by group companies whose functional currency is not the same as the respective foreign currencies. The Group manages its foreign exchange risk by performing regular review of the Group's net foreign exchange exposures.

編製基準(達)

2.1 會計政策變動及披露事項(續)

於本財政期間尚未生效且本集 **團並無提早採納之新訂準則、經** 修訂準則及詮釋(續)

> 管理層正在評估上述新訂準則、 經修訂準則及詮釋於初始應用 時對本集團相關的潛在影響。 本集團尚未能夠指出該等新訂 準則、經修訂準則及詮釋將否 對本集團的經營業績及財務狀 況告成重大影響。

財務風險管理 3

3.1 財務風險因素

本集團經營活動面對各種財務風險: 市場風險(包括外匯風險、現金流量 及公允價值利率風險及價格風險)、 信貸風險及流動資金風險。

管理層定期監控本集團之財務風險。 由於本集團之財務結構及現行營運 簡單,管理層毋須進行對沖活動。

市場風險 (a)

外匯風險 (i)

外匯風險來自未來商業交易或 並非以實體功能貨幣計值的已 確認資產或負債。本集團在多個 地區經營業務,所承受的外匯風 險主要來自集團公司(其功能貨 幣與有關外幣不同)持有並以日 圓(「日圓」)及美元(「美元」)計 值的現金及現金等值項目以及 按金及其他應收款項。本集團會 定期審視其淨外匯風險,以管理 其外匯風險。

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(a) Market risk (Continued)

(i) Foreign exchange risk (Continued)

As at 31 March 2025, if JPY had strengthened/ weakened by 5% against the HK\$ with all other variables held constant, pre-tax loss for the year would not have a significant impact (2024: HK\$533,000 lower/higher), mainly as a result of foreign exchange losses/gains on translation of JPY denominated deposits and other receivables.

The currency risk on assets and liabilities denominated in US\$ which were mainly held by Hong Kong group entities, the functional currency of which is HK\$, is considered to be minimal as HK\$ is currently pegged to US\$.

(ii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

The Group's cash flow and fair value interest rate risk mainly arises from cash at banks, other financial assets at amortised cost, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, bank borrowings and lease liabilities.

As at 31 March 2025 and 2024, the Group's bank borrowings, cash and cash equivalents are carried at amortised costs with variable rates, which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(a) 市場風險(續)

(i) 外匯風險(續)

於二零二五年三月三十一日,倘日圓兑港元升值/貶值5%而所有其他變數維持不變,年內稅前虧損將影響不大(二零二四年:減少/增加533,000港元),主要由於換算以日圓計值的按金及其他應收款項而產生的外匯虧損/收益所致。

由於港元目前與美元掛鈎,主要 由功能貨幣為港元的香港集團 實體持有之以美元計值的資產 及負債的外匯風險被視為極低。

(ii) 現金流量及公允價值利率風險

本集團的現金流量及公允價值 利率風險主要來自銀行現金、 按攤銷成本列賬之其他金融資 產、透過損益按公允價值列賬 之金融資產、銀行借貸及租賃 負債。

於二零二五年及二零二四年三 月三十一日,本集團銀行借貸、 現金及現金等值項目乃按攤銷 成本列賬並按浮動利率計息, 令本集團承受現金流量利率風 險。

- 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)
- (a) Market risk (Continued)
 - Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk (Continued)

As at 31 March 2025 and 2024, the Group's financial assets and liabilities at amortised costs, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and lease liabilities which are of fixed interest rates and are also exposed to the risk of future changes in market interest rates.

However, the Group's income and cash flows from operations were substantially independent of changes in market interest rates as the significant interest-bearing assets were either fixed or not expected to fluctuate significantly.

As at 31 March 2025 and 2024, financial assets and liabilities at amortised costs and lease liabilities at fix rates exposure the Group to insignificant fair value interest rate risk as the fixed interest rates approximate market interest rates.

For the year ended 31 March 2025, if interest rates on borrowings had been 100 basis points higher/lower with all other variables held constant, the Group's loss before income tax would have been approximately HK\$541,000 higher/lower (2024: HK\$410,000 higher/lower). The sensitivity analysis has been determined assuming that the change in interest rates had occurred at the reporting date. The 100 basis point increase/decrease represents management's assessment of reasonable possible change in the interest rate which has the most impact on the Group over the period until the next year end date.

財務風險管理(續)

- 3.1 財務風險因素(續)
- 市場風險(續) (a)
 - 現金流量及公允價值利率風險 (續)

於二零二五年及二零二四年三 月三十一日,本集團按攤銷成 本列賬之金融資產及負債、透 過損益按公允價值列賬之金融 資產及租賃負債乃按固定利率 計息,令本集團亦承受未來市 場利率變動風險。

然而,本集團於經營產生的收 入及現金流量大致上獨立於市 場利率變動,原因是重大計息 資產之利率固定或預期無顯著 波動幅度。

於二零二五年及二零二四年三 月三十一日,按攤銷成本列賬 之金融資產及負債以及按固定 利率計息的租賃負債令本集團 承受並不重大之公允價值利率 風險,原因是固定利率與市場 利率相若。

截至二零二五年三月三十一日 上年度,倘借貸的利率增加/ 減少100個基點,而所有其他 可變因素維持不變,本集團除 所得税前虧損將增加/減少約 541,000港元(二零二四年:增 加/減少410,000港元)。敏感 度分析乃假設利率變動於報告 日期出現而釐定。該100個基點 增加/減少指管理層對利率合 理可能之變動於期內直至下個 年結日對本集團造成之最大影 響之估計。

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(a) Market risk (Continued)

(iii) Price risk

The Group's exposure to price risk arises from investments held by the Group and classified in the consolidated statement of financial position at fair value through profit or loss (Note 25).

To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Group diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of the portfolio is done in accordance with the limits set by the Group.

The Group's investment in securities are publicly traded. The fair value is determined with reference to quoted market prices. For the Group's investment that is not publicly traded, management is of the opinion that the fair values of the equity instruments affected by changes in the market price of the underlying equity instruments is immaterial (Note 3.3). Accordingly, no sensitivity analysis is required.

Based on the assumption that the fair values of equity had increased or decreased by 5% respectively with all other variables held constant, that all of the Group's equity instruments increased or decreased by HK\$61,000 (2024: HK\$450,000), that moved in line with the assumption. The management is of the opinion that the Group has minimal exposure to the price risk as at 31 March 2025 and 2024.

(b) Credit risk

The credit risk of the Group mainly arises from cash and cash equivalents, loan and interest receivables, other financial assets at amortised cost, trade receivables, deposits and other receivables, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and amounts due from related companies. The carrying amounts of these balances represent the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to financial assets.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(a) 市場風險(續)

(iii) 價格風險

本集團的價格風險來自本集團 持有,並於合併財務狀況表分 類為透過損益按公允價值列賬 之投資(附註25)。

為管理股本證券投資產生之價格風險,本集團多元化其投資組合。投資組合的多元化乃根據本集團設定的限制進行。

根據股本的公允價值分別增減5%而所有其他變量保持不變的假設,本集團所有的權益工具增減61,000港元(二零二四年出450,000港元),該變動與假設一致。管理層認為本集團於二零二五年及二零二四年三月三十一日面臨的價格風險極低。

(b) 信貸風險

本集團之信貸風險主要由現金及現金等值項目、應收貸款及利息、按攤銷成本列賬之其他金融資產、貿易應收款項、按金及其他應收款項、透過損益按公允價值列賬之金融資產及應收關連公司款項產生。該等結餘之賬面值即本集團就金融資產所承擔之最高信貸風險。

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

Management has credit policy in place and the exposure to credit risks are monitored on an ongoing basis.

(i) Cash and cash equivalents

Risk management

As at 31 March 2025 and 2024, all the bank deposits are deposited in the high-quality financial institutions.

Impairment of cash and cash equivalents

Cash and bank deposits are also subject to impairment requirement of HKFRS 9. Management are of the view that the Group's cash and cash equivalents are placed in those banks which are independently rated with a high credit rating. Management does not expect any material losses from non-performance by these banks as they have no default history in the past.

Loan receivables and other financial assets at amortised cost

Risk management

The Group has considered the probability of default upon initial recognition of assets and whether there has been significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis throughout each year. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk, the Group considered the actual or expected significant adverse changes in business, financial economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the third party's ability to meet its obligations.

財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

信貸風險(續) (b)

管理層已採取信貸政策,並持續對 該等信貸風險作出監察。

現金及現金等值項目

風險管理

於二零二五年及二零二四年三 月三十一日,所有銀行存款乃 存置於具有高質素的金融機構。

現金及現金等值項目減值

現金及銀行存款亦須遵守香港 財務報告準則第9號的減值規 定。管理層認為,本集團現金及 現金等值項目存於獨立評級且 具備較高信用評級的銀行。由 於該等銀行過往並無違約記錄, 管理層預期不會因彼等不履約 而造成任何重大虧損。

應收貸款及按攤銷成本列賬之 其他金融資產

風險管理

本集團已每年按持續基準考慮 初步確認資產後的違約概率及 信貸風險是否大幅增加。為評 估信貸風險是否存在大幅增加, 本集團考慮預期將導致第三方 履行其義務的能力發生顯著變 化的業務及財經狀況的實際或 預期的重大不利變動。

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

(ii) Loan receivables and other financial assets at amortised cost (Continued)

Impairment of loan receivables and other financial assets at amortised cost

Management applies the HKFRS 9 general approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a 3-stage expected credit loss model to recognise the loss allowance for loan receivables and other financial assets at amortised cost.

The Group uses three categories for loan receivables and other financial assets at amortised cost which reflect their credit risk and how the expected credit loss provision is determined for each of those categories. The Group accounts for its credit risk by appropriately providing for expected credit loss on a timely basis. To measure the expected credit losses, management has considered quantitatively and qualitatively whether there has been an actual or expected significant increase in credit risk (i.e. Stage 2 or 3) to the balance since its initial recognition. Management would base on the credit risk assessment of the counterparty and adopt the loss rate with reference from the external credit rating agent. The loss rate was adjusted to reflect current and forwardlooking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the counterparties to settle the receivables.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(ii) 應收貸款及按攤銷成本列賬之 其他金融資產(續)

應收貸款及按攤銷成本列賬之其他金融資產之減值

管理層應用香港財務報告準則第9號一般方法計量預期信貸虧損,該方法為應收貸款及按攤銷成本列賬之其他金融資產使用三階段預期信貸虧損模型確認虧損撥備。

本集團就應收貸款及按攤銷成 本列賬之其他金融資產採用三 個類別,以反映其信貸風險及 如何就各類別釐定預期信貸虧 損撥備。本集團透過適時就預 期信貸虧損作出適當撥備,將 其信貸風險入賬。為計量預期 信貸虧損,自初始確認以來,管 理層定量及定性地考慮了結餘 之信貸風險(即第二或第三階 段)是否有實際或預期大幅增 加。管理層將根據交易對手的 信貸風險評估並參考外部信用 評級機構的評級,採用虧損率。 有關虧損率乃經調整以反映有 關影響交易對手結清應收款項 能力之宏觀經濟因素的當前及 前瞻性資料。

- 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)
- (b) Credit risk (Continued)
 - Loan receivables and other financial assets at amortised COSt (Continued)

Impairment of loan receivables and other financial assets at amortised cost (Continued)

A summary of the assumptions underpinning the Group's expected credit loss model is as follows:

Category 類別	Group definition of category 本集團就類別所下定義
Stage 1	Receivables have a low risk of default and a strong capacity to meet contractual cash flows
第一階段	違約風險偏低及應付合約現金流量能 力強勁的應收款項
Stage 2	Receivables for which there is a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition
第二階段	自初步確認以來信貸風險大幅上升的 應收款項
Stage 3	Receivables for which it is credit impaired since initial recognition
第三階段	自初步確認以來錄得信貸減值的應收 款項

財務風險管理(續)

- 3.1 財務風險因素(續)
- (b) 信貸風險(續)
 - 應收貸款及按攤銷成本列賬之 其他金融資產(續)

應收貸款及按攤銷成本列賬之 其他金融資產之減值(續)

本集團預期信貸虧損模型的假 設概要如下:

Basis for recognition of expected credit loss provision 確認預期信貸虧損撥備的基準

- 12 months expected credit loss. Where the expected lifetime of an asset is less than 12 months, expected losses are measured at its expected lifetime 12個月預期信貸虧損。倘資產的預期年 期少於12個月,則預期虧損按預期年 期計量
- Lifetime expected credit loss
- 全期預期信貸虧損
- Lifetime expected credit loss
- 全期預期信貸虧損

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

(ii) Loan receivables and other financial assets at amortised cost (Continued)

Impairment of loan receivables and other financial assets at amortised cost (Continued)

Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the loan receivables as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the loan receivables as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- whether the customers have met the contractual payment obligations;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk;
- any actual or expected significant deterioration in operating results or financial conditions of customers;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations; and

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(ii) 應收貸款及按攤銷成本列賬之 其他金融資產(續)

> 應收貸款及按攤銷成本列賬之 其他金融資產之減值(續)

信貸風險顯著增加

尤其是,於評估信貸風險是否 顯著增加時,會考慮以下資料:

- 客戶是否已履行合約付款 責任;
- 信貸風險的外部市場指標 大幅轉差;
- 客戶的經營業績或財務狀況的任何實際或預期明顯轉差;
- 商業、金融或經濟狀況的 現有或預測不利變動,預 期導致債務人履行其債務 責任的能力大幅下降;及

- 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)
- (b) Credit risk (Continued)
 - Loan receivables and other financial assets at amortised COSt (Continued)

Impairment of loan receivables and other financial assets at amortised cost (Continued)

an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

Definition of default and credit-impaired

The Group determines that a financial instrument is credit-impaired and in Stage 3 by considering relevant objective evidence.

The following qualitative factors would also be considered in determining whether default has occurred:

- The customer is deceased;
- The customer is insolvent; or
- It is becoming probable that the customer will enter into bankruptcy.

The factors above have been applied to the loans to customers of the Group and are consistent with the definition of default used for internal credit risk management purposes. Therefore, the definitions of credit-impaired and default are aligned as far as possible so that Stage 3 represents all loans that are considered defaulted or otherwise credit-impaired.

財務風險管理(續)

- 3.1 財務風險因素(續)
- (b) 信貸風險(續)
 - 應收貸款及按攤銷成本列賬之 其他金融資產(續)

應收貸款及按攤銷成本列賬之 其他金融資產之減值(續)

債務人的監管、經濟或技 術環境的實際或預期重大 不利變動,導致債務人履 行其債務責任的能力大幅 下降。

違約及信貸減值的定義

本集團誘過考慮相關客觀證據 章定金融工具出現信貸減值及 屬於第三階段。

於釐定違約是否發生時,亦將 考慮以下定性因素:

- 客戶已身故;
- 客戶無力償債;或
- 客戶很可能會破產。

上述因素已應用於本集團向客 戶提供貸款,且與用作內部信 貸風險管理的違約定義一致。 因此,信貸減值與違約的定義 盡可能一致,使第三階段代表 被視為違約或出現信貸減值的 所有貸款。

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

(ii) Loan receivables and other financial assets at amortised cost (Continued)

Impairment of loan receivables and other financial assets at amortised cost (Continued)

(a) Loan receivables

As at 31 March 2025 and 2024, the Group provided for expected credit loss provision against loan receivables as follows:

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(ii) 應收貸款及按攤銷成本列賬之 其他金融資產(續)

> 應收貸款及按攤銷成本列賬之 其他金融資產之減值(續)

(a) 應收貸款

於二零二五年及二零二四 年三月三十一日,本集團 就應收貸款計提預期信貸 虧損撥備如下:

		Stage 1 第一階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Stage 2 第二階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Stage 3 第三階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 31 March 2025	於二零二五年				
Weighted average	三月三十一日 加權平均預期虧損率				
expected loss rate		0.1%	6.9%	-	2.0%
Gross carrying amount	賬面總值	14,596	5,762	-	20,358
Loss allowance	虧損撥備 	12	397	_	409
As at 31 March 2024	於二零二四年 三月三十一日				
Weighted average expected loss rate	加權平均預期虧損率	_	_	_	_
Gross carrying amount	賬面總值	_	_	_	_
Loss allowance	虧損撥備	_	-	_	_

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

Loan receivables and other financial assets at amortised COSt (Continued)

Impairment of loan receivables and other financial assets at amortised cost (Continued)

(a) Loan receivables (Continued)

The closing loss allowance for loan receivables as at 31 March 2025 and 2024 reconcile to the opening loss allowance as follows:

財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

應收貸款及按攤銷成本列賬之 其他金融資產(續)

> 應收貸款及按攤銷成本列賬之 其他金融資產之減值(續)

應收貸款(續)

於二零二五年及二零二四 年三月三十一日,應收貸 款的年末虧損撥備與年初 虧損撥備對賬如下:

	Stage 1 第一階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Stage 2 第二階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Stage 3 第三階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Opening loss allowance 於二零二三年及 as at 1 April 2023 and 2024 二零二四年四月一日 的年初虧損撥備 年內於損益確認的 mpairment of impairment of loan receivables recognised in profit	-	-	-	-
and loss during the year	12	397		409
Closing loss allowance 於二零二五年 as at 31 March 2025 三月三十一日的 年末虧損撥備	12	397	-	409

For the year ended 31 March 2025, the loss allowance of approximately HK\$409,000 was recognised and debited to the profit and loss (2024: HK\$nil).

截至二零二五年三月 三十一日止年度,虧損撥 備約409,000港元已確認 並於損益扣除(二零二四 年:零港元)。

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

(ii) Loan receivables and other financial assets at amortised cost (Continued)

Impairment of loan receivables and other financial assets at amortised cost (Continued)

(b) Other financial assets at amortised cost

As at 31 March 2025 and 2024, the Group provided for expected credit loss provision against other financial assets at amortised cost as follows:

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(ii) 應收貸款及按攤銷成本列賬之 其他金融資產(續)

> 應收貸款及按攤銷成本列賬之 其他金融資產之減值(續)

(b) 按攤銷成本列賬之其他金 融資產

> 於二零二五年及二零二四年三月三十一日,本集團就按攤銷成本列賬之其他 金融資產計提預期信貸虧 損撥備如下:

		Stage 1 第一階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Stage 2 第二階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Stage 3 第三階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 31 March 2025	於二零二五年				
	三月三十一日				
Weighted average	加權平均預期虧損率				
expected loss rate		_	-	100%	100%
Gross carrying amount	賬面總值	-	-	4,489	4,489
Loss allowance	虧損撥備		_	4,489	4,489
As at 31 March 2024	於二零二四年				
	三月三十一日				
Weighted average	加權平均預期虧損率				
expected loss rate		1.41%	-	100%	14.2%
Gross carrying amount	賬面總值	30,000	-	4,489	34,489
Loss allowance	虧損撥備	424	_	4,489	4,913

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

- (b) Credit risk (Continued)
 - Loan receivables and other financial assets at amortised COSt (Continued)

Impairment of loan receivables and other financial assets at amortised cost (Continued)

Other financial assets at amortised cost (Continued)

The closing loss allowance for other financial assets at amortised cost as at 31 March 2025 and 2024 reconcile to the opening loss allowance as follows:

財務風險管理(續)

- 3.1 財務風險因素(續)
- (b) 信貸風險(續)
 - 應收貸款及按攤銷成本列賬之 其他金融資產(續)

應收貸款及按攤銷成本列賬之 其他金融資產之減值(續)

按攤銷成本列賬之其他金 融資產(續)

> 於二零二五年及二零二四 年三月三十一日,按攤銷 成本列賬之其他金融資產 的年末虧損撥備與年初虧 損撥備對賬如下:

		Stage 1 第一階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Stage 2 第二階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Stage 3 第三階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Opening loss allowance as at 1 April 2023 Transfer (Reversal of loss allowance)/loss allowance for impairment of other financial assets at amortised costs recognised in profit and loss during	於二零二三年四月一十十十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二	2,168 –	1,194 (1,194)	- 1,194	3,362
the year		(1,744)	_	3,295	1,551
Closing loss allowance as at 31 March 2024 and opening loss allowance as at 1 April 2024 Reversal of loss allowance from acquisition of a subsidiary	於二零二四年三月 三十一日的年末素 損撥備及於二零 二四有四月一日的 年初虧損撥備 收購一間附屬公司產 生之虧損撥備撥回	424 (424)	-	4,489	4,913 (424)
Closing loss allowance as at 31 March 2025	於二零二五年三月 三十一日的年末 虧損撥備	-	-	4,489	4,489

- 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)
- (b) Credit risk (Continued)
 - (ii) Loan receivables and other financial assets at amortised cost (Continued)

Impairment of loan receivables and other financial assets at amortised cost (Continued)

(b) Other financial assets at amortised cost (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2025, the reversal of loss allowance of approximately HK\$424,000 was recognised and credited to the profit and loss. For the year ended 31 March 2024, the provision of loss allowance of approximately HK\$1,551,000 was recognised and debited to the profit and loss.

(iii) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Risk management

The Group has investments in listed securities. For listed equity securities, the Group monitors the credit risks of its investments through evaluation of credit ratings. Management did not consider there was material exposure to credit risks as the investments in listed equity securities were graded as low risk with reference to at least one major rating agency.

3 財務風險管理(續)

- 3.1 財務風險因素(續)
- (b) 信貸風險(續)
 - (ii) 應收貸款及按攤銷成本列賬之 其他金融資產(續)

應收貸款及按攤銷成本列賬之 其他金融資產之減值(續)

(b) 按攤銷成本列賬之其他金融資產(續)

截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度,虧損撥備約424,000港元已確認並計入損益。截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度,虧損撥備約1,551,000港元已確認並於損益扣除。

(iii) 透過損益按公允價值列賬之金 融資產

風險管理

本集團擁有上市證券投資。就 上市股本證券而言,本集團 過評估信貸等級來監控其 之信貸風險。經參考至少一本 重大等級機構,於上市股本證 券之投資等級為低風險,故 理層認為不存在重大信貸風險。 Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 合併財務報表附註

Financial risk management (Continued)

- 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)
- (b) Credit risk (Continued)
 - (iv) Trade receivables

The Group applies the simplified approach to provide for expected credit losses prescribed by HKFRS 9, which permits the use of the lifetime expected loss provision for all trade receivables. As the Group's historical credit loss experience indicates different loss patterns for different customer segments, the loss allowance is calculated based on days past due from various customer segments which are grouped with similar patterns.

To measure expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on the days past due and shared credit risk characteristics.

The expected credit losses on trade receivables are estimated using a provision matrix based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, internal categorisations and/or the debtors' credit history with the Group and ageing profile as at the end of reporting period. The historical loss rates are adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the customers to settle the receivables. The Group has identified the gross domestic product and the consumer price index of the countries in which it sells its goods and services to be the most relevant factors, and accordingly adjusts the historical loss rates based on expected changes in these factors.

財務風險管理(續)

- 3.1 財務風險因素(續)
- 信貸風險(續)
 - 貿易應收款項 (iv)

本集團採納香港財務報告準則 第9號規定的簡化方法為預期 信貸虧損計提撥備,有關準則 允許使用全期預期虧損為所有 貿易應收款項計提撥備。由於 本集團歷史信貸虧損經驗顯示 不同客戶分部之虧損模式存在 差異,故虧損撥備乃基於按相 似模式作分類的多個客戶分部 的逾期天數計算。

為計量預期信貸虧損,貿易應 收款項已按照逾期天數和共同 的信貸風險特徵分組。

貿易應收款項的預期信貸虧損 乃基於本集團歷史信貸虧損經 驗、內部分類及/或債務人與 本集團的歷史信貸記錄及於報 告期末之賬齡,使用撥備矩陣 估計。歷史虧損率經調整以反 映影響客戶交付應收款項能力 的宏觀因素之現時及前瞻性資 料。本集團已確認銷售其貨品 及服務國家的國內生產總值及 消費者物價指數為最相關因素, 並基於該等因素的預期變動相 應調整歷史虧損率。

財務風險管理(續)

3 Financial risk management (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

- ,
 - (iv) Trade receivables (Continued)

As at 31 March 2025 and 2024, the loss allowance for trade receivables was determined as follows, the expected credit losses below also incorporated forward-looking information.

- 3.1 財務風險因素(續)
- (b) 信貸風險(續)
 - (iv) 貿易應收款項(續)

於二零二五年及二零二四年三 月三十一日,貿易應收款項的 虧損撥備釐定如下,以下預期 信貸虧損亦納入前瞻性資料。

		Not yet due 未逾期 HK\$'000 千港元	Overdue within 30 days 逾期 30天內 HK\$'000 千港元	Overdue 31-60 days 逾期 31至60天 HK\$'000 千港元	Overdue 60 days 逾期 60天 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 31 March 2025	於二零二五年 三月三十一日					
Paper printing products	紙類印刷產品					
Weighted average expected loss rate	加權平均預期虧損率	0.2%	2.0%	8.3%	37.1%	7.3%
Gross carrying amount	賬面總值	1,185	251	12	329	1,777
Loss allowance	虧損撥備	2	5	1	122	130

		Not yet due 未逾期 HK\$'000 千港元	Overdue within 30 days 逾期 30天內 HK\$'000 千港元	Overdue 31-60 days 逾期 31至60天 HK\$'000 千港元	Overdue 60 Days 逾期 60天 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 31 March 2025	於二零二五年 三月三十一日					
Banner printing products Weighted average expected	噴畫印刷產品 加權平均預期虧損率					
loss rate	加性工列点对此识不	3.3%	3.3%	7.0%	16.5%	10.8%
Gross carrying amount	賬面總值	672	769	273	2,093	3,807
Loss allowance	虧損撥備	22	25	19	345	411

財務風險管理(續)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(iv) Trade receivables (Continued)

(iv) 貿易應收款項(續)

		Not yet due	Overdue within 30 days 逾期	Overdue 31-60 days 逾期	Overdue 60 days 逾期	Total
		未逾期 HK\$'000 千港元	30天內 HK\$'000 千港元	31至60天 HK\$'000 千港元	60天 HK\$'000 千港元	總計 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 31 March 2024	於二零二四年 三月三十一日					
Paper printing products Weighted average expected	紙類印刷產品 加權平均預期虧損率					
loss rate		0.1%	1.0%	7.7%	45.5%	7.4%
Gross carrying amount Loss allowance	賬面總值 虧損撥備	1,342 2	103 1	26 2	275 125	1,746 130
		Not yet	Overdue within 30	Overdue 31-60	Overdue	

		Not yet due 未逾期 HK\$'000 千港元	Overdue within 30 days 逾期 30天內 HK\$'000 千港元	Overdue 31-60 days 逾期 31至60天 HK\$'000 千港元	Overdue 60 Days 逾期 60天 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 31 March 2024	於二零二四年 三月三十一日					
Banner printing products Weighted average expected loss rate	噴 畫印刷產品 加權平均預期虧損率	3.4%	3.3%	7.7%	17.0%	8.3%
Gross carrying amount Loss allowance	賬面總值 虧損撥備	1,187 40	896 30	705 54	1,218 207	4,006 331

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

(iv) Trade receivables (Continued)

The loss allowances for trade receivables as at 31 March 2025 and 2024 reconcile to the opening loss allowances as follows:

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(iv) 貿易應收款項(續)

於二零二五年及二零二四年三 月三十一日,貿易應收款項虧 損撥備與年初虧損撥備的對賬 如下:

		HK\$'000 千港元
Opening loss allowance as at 1 April 2023	於二零二三年四月一日的年初 虧損撥備	1,166
Loss allowance for impairment of trade receivables recognised in profit and	年內於損益確認之貿易應收款項 減值虧損撥備	
loss during the year		42
Written off during the year	年內撇銷	(747)
Closing loss allowance as at 31 March 2024 an opening loss allowance as at 1 April 2024	d 於二零二四年三月三十一日的 年末虧損撥備及於二零二四年 四月一日的年初虧損撥備	461
Loss allowance for impairment of trade receivables recognised in profit and	年內於損益確認之貿易應收款項 減值虧損撥備	
loss during the year		170
Written off during the year	年內撇銷	(90)
Closing loss allowance as at 31 March 2025	於二零二五年三月三十一日的	
	年末虧損撥備	541

The creation and release of provision for impaired receivables have been included in 'provision for impairment losses on financial assets' in the profit and loss. Amounts charged to the allowance account are generally written off, when there is no expectation of recovering additional cash.

應收款項減值撥備的增設及解除已計入損益內的「金融資產減值虧損撥備」。撥備賬的扣除額一般在預期不可收回額外現金時撇銷。

- 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)
- (b) Credit risk (Continued)
 - Deposits, other receivables and amounts due from related companies (non-trade) ("Other Receivables")

Risk management

The Group has considered the probability of default upon initial recognition of assets and whether there has been significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis throughout each year. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk, the Group considered the actual or expected significant adverse changes in business, financial economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the third party's ability to meet its obligations.

Impairment of Other Receivables

Other Receivables are subject to impairment requirement of HKFRS 9. The credit quality of the Other Receivables has been assessed with reference to historical information about the counterparties default rates and financial position of the counterparties. Management would base on the credit risk assessment of the counterparty and adopt the loss rate with reference from the external credit rating agent. The loss rate was adjusted to reflect current and forward looking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the counterparty to settle the receivables.

For the year ended 31 March 2025, the provision of loss allowance of HK\$nil was recognised and debited to the profit and loss (2024: HK\$379,000).

財務風險管理(續)

- 3.1 財務風險因素(續)
- (b) 信貸風險(續)
 - 按金、其他應收款項及應收關連 公司款項(非貿易)(「其他應收 款項 ()

風險管理

本集團已每年按持續基準考慮 初步確認資產後的違約概率及 信貸風險是否大幅增加。為評 估信貸風險是否存在大幅增加, 本集團考慮預期將導致第三方 履行其義務的能力發生顯著變 化的業務及財務經濟狀況的實 際或預期的重大不利變動。

其他應收款項減值

其他應收款項遵守香港財務報 告準則第9號的減值規定。其他 應收款項之信貸質量已經參考 對手方歷史違約率資料及其財 務狀況進行評估。管理層將根 據對手方的信貸風險評估並參 考外部信用評級機構的評級, 採用虧損率。有關虧損率乃經 調整以反映有關影響對手方結 清應收款項能力之宏觀經濟因 素的當前及前瞻性資料。

截至二零二五年三月三十一日 止年度,已確認計提虧損撥備 零港元並於損益中扣除(二零 二四年:379,000港元)。

- 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)
- (b) Credit risk (Continued)
 - (v) Deposits, other receivables and amounts due from related companies (non-trade) ("Other Receivables") (Continued)

Impairment of Other Receivables (Continued)

The closing loss allowance for Other Receivables as at 31 March 2025 and 2024 reconcile to the opening loss allowance as follows:

3 財務風險管理(續)

- 3.1 財務風險因素(續)
- (b) 信貸風險(續)
 - (v) 按金、其他應收款項及應收關連 公司款項(非貿易)(「其他應收 款項」)(續)

其他應收款項減值(續)

於二零二五年及二零二四年三 月三十一日,其他應收款項的 年末虧損撥備與年初虧損撥備 對賬如下:

		HK\$'000 千港元
Opening loss allowance as at 1 April 2023	於二零二三年四月一日的年初 虧損撥備	628
Loss allowance for impairment of Other Receivables recognised in profit and	年內於損益確認的其他應收款項 減值虧損撥備	
loss during the year		379
Closing loss allowance as at 31 March 2024 an opening loss allowance as at 1 April 2024 and closing loss allowance as at 31 March 2025		1,007

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 合併財務報表附註

Financial risk management (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

Liquidity risk (c)

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due and to close out market positions. As at 31 March 2025, the Group held cash and cash equivalents of approximately HK\$103,056,000 (2024: HK\$100,035,000) that are expected to readily generate cash inflows for managing liquidity risk.

The Group monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash flows of cash and cash equivalents generated from the financing activities and the operating activities, respectively to meet its operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn committed borrowing facilities at all times so that the Group does not breach borrowing limits or covenants (where applicable) on any of its borrowing facilities. This is generally carried out at local level in the operating companies of the Group, in accordance with practice and limits set by the Group. These limits vary by location considering the liquidity of the market in which the entity operates.

As at 31 March 2025 and 2024, the directors do not consider that it is probable that the banks will exercise their discretion to demand immediate repayment after taking into account the Group's financial position. The directors believe that such borrowings and lease liabilities will be repaid in accordance with the scheduled repayment dates set out in the loan agreements.

財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

流動資金風險

審慎的流動資金風險管理指維持足 夠現金以及透過足夠的已承諾信貸 融資保持可動用資金以履行到期責 任及結算市場持倉。於二零二五年 三月三十一日,本集團持有現金及 現金等值項目約103,056,000港元 (二零二四年:100,035,000港元), 預期可隨時為管理流動資金風險產 牛現金流入。

本集團對流動資金需求的滾動預測 進行監控,確保在隨時維持足夠未 用承諾借貸融資的同時持有足夠產 生自融資活動及經營活動之現金及 現金等值項目之現金流量以分別滿 足經營需求,以確保本集團不會違 反其任何借貸融資的借貸額度或契 約(如適用)。監控方法一般是根據 本集團所訂立的慣例和限額,在本 集團旗下營運公司當地層面執行。 考慮到實體經營所在市場的流動性, 此等限額因地區而各異。

於二零二五年及二零二四年三月 三十一日,經計及本集團的財務狀 況後,董事認為銀行將會行使要求 及時還款的酌情權的可能性不大。 董事相信,有關借貸及租賃負債將 會根據貸款協議所載的預定還款日 期償還。

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (Continued)

Maturities of financial liabilities

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the year-end date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates). Where the loan agreement contains a repayable on demand clause which gives the lender the unconditional right to call the loan at any time, the amounts of repayable are classified in the earliest time bracket in which the lender could demand repayment and no interest payments were included. The maturity analysis for financial liabilities is prepared based on the scheduled repayment dates. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows and the earliest date the Group can be required to pay.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(c) 流動資金風險(續)

金融負債到期

		On demand 按要求 HK\$'000 千港元	Within 1 year 一年內 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 1 and 2 years 一至兩年 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 2 and 5 years 兩至五年 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 31 March 2025	於二零二五年 三月三十一日					
Borrowings	ークート H 借貸	71,128	_	_	_	71,128
Lease liabilities and interest	租賃負債及利息開支	,				
expenses		-	23,485	3,875	1,598	28,958
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	-	5,435	-	-	5,435
Accruals and other payables	應計款項及 其他應付款項		10,623			10,623
Amounts due to directors	應付董事款項		407	-	_	407
As at 31 March 2024	於二零二四年 三月三十一日					
Borrowings	借貸	40,951	_	_	_	40,951
Lease liabilities and interest	租賃負債及利息開支					
expenses	(2) D -> 11 +1 -7	-	24,905	21,635	2,809	49,349
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	_	10,734	_	-	10,734
Accruals and other payables	應計款項及 其他應付款項		10,220			10,220
Amounts due to directors	應付董事款項	_	10,220	-	-	148

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (Continued)

Maturities of financial liabilities (Continued)

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the scheduled repayment dates set out in the loan agreements and the effect of any repayment on demand clause is ignored.

財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(c) 流動資金風險(續)

金融負債到期(續)

下表分析本集團的金融負債,乃根 據貸款協議所載預定還款日期計算, 並無計入任何按要求償還條款的影 響分類為相關到期類別。

		Within 1 year 一年內 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 1 and 2 years 一至兩年 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 2 and 5 years 兩至五年 HK\$'000 千港元	Over 5 years 五年以上 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 31 March 2025	於二零二五年					
Borrowings and interest expenses	三月三十一日 借貸及利息開支	25,514	6,395	19,016	27,724	78,649
Lease liabilities and interest expenses	租賃負債及利息開支	23,485	3,875	1,598	´ -	28,958
Trade payables	貿易應付款項 應計款項及	5,435	-	-	-	5,435
Accruals and other payables	應可	10,623	_	_	_	10,623
Amounts due to directors	應付董事款項	407	_	_	_	407
As at 31 March 2024	於二零二四年					
	三月三十一日					
Borrowings and interest expenses	借貸及利息開支	4,651	4,477	13,432	24,830	47,390
Lease liabilities and interest expenses	租賃負債及利息開支	24,905	21,635	2,809	-	49,349
Trade payables Accruals and other payables	貿易應付款項 應計款項及	10,734	-	-	_	10,734
Accidate and other payables	其他應付款項	10,220	_	_	_	10,220
Amounts due to directors	應付董事款項	148		-	-	148

3.2 Capital risk management

The Group's objectives on managing capital are to finance its operations with its owned capital and to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to enhance shareholders' value in the long term.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders and return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as total debt divided by total equity. Total debt is calculated as borrowings and lease liabilities and total equity is calculated as "equity" as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The gearing ratios as at 31 March 2025 and 2024 were as follows:

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.2 資本風險管理

本集團的資本管理目標,是以其自有資本為營運提供資金支持並保障本公司能繼續營運,為股東提供回報及為其他持份者帶來利益以及維繫最優資本結構,從而長期提升股東價值。

為維持或調整資本結構,本集團可 調整派付予股東之股息金額及退還 股東資本,發行新股或出售資產以 減少債務。

本集團按行業慣例,根據資產負債 比率監控資本。該比率乃按債務總 額除以權益總額計算。債務總額乃 根據借貸及租賃負債計算,而權益 總額於合併財務狀況表作為「權益」 計算。

於二零二五年及二零二四年三月三十一日的資產負債比率呈列如下:

		2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Borrowings (Note 30) Lease liabilities (Note 14)	借貸(附註30) 租賃負債(附註14)	71,128 28,082	40,951 47,172
Total debt	債務總額	99,210	88,123
Total equity	權益總額	243,244	244,068
Gearing ratio	資產負債比率	41%	36%

As at 31 March 2025, the gearing ratio has increased from 36% to 41% as a result of addition in bank borrowings due to acquisition of the properties.

於二零二五年三月三十一日,由於 收購物業導致銀行借貸增加,資本 負債比率由36%上升至41%。 Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 合併財務報表附註

Financial risk management (Continued)

3.3 Fair value estimation

As at 31 March 2025 and 2024, the carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities, including cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, deposits and other receivables, loan receivables, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, other financial assets at amortised costs, amounts due from related companies, trade payables, accruals and other pavables, amounts due to directors, lease liabilities and borrowings approximate their fair values due to their short maturities and/or bear interest rate at market. The nominal value less estimated credit adjustments for financial assets and liabilities with a maturity of less than one year are assumed to approximate their fair values.

The table below analyses the Group's financial instrument carried at fair value as at 31 March 2025 and 2024 by level of the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. Such inputs are categorised into three levels within a fair value hierarchy as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

財務風險管理(續)

3.3 公允價值估計

於二零二五年及二零二四年三月 三十一日,本集團金融資產及金融 負債(包括現金及現金等值項目、貿 易應收款項、按金及其他應收款項、 應收貸款、透過損益按公允價值列 賬之金融資產、按攤銷成本列賬之 其他金融資產、應收關連公司款項、 貿易應付款項、應計款項及其他應 付款項、應付董事款項、租賃負債及 借貸)之賬面值與彼等之公允價值相 若,原因是其期限較短,及/或按市 場利率計息。於一年以內到期之金 融資產及負債之面值減估計信貸調 整乃假設為與其公允價值相若。

下表按計量公允價值之估值技術所 用輸入數據的層級,分析本集團於二 零二五年及二零二四年三月三十一 日按公允價值列賬之金融工具。有 關輸入數據乃按下文所述而分類歸 入公允價值架構內的三個層級:

- 相同資產或負債於活躍市場的 報價(未經調整)(第一級)。
- 除第一級所包括的報價外,該 資產或負債可直接(即價格)或 間接(自價格衍生)觀察的輸入 數據(第二級)。
- 資產或負債並非依據可觀察市 場數據的輸入數據(即不可觀 察輸入數據)(第三級)。

3.3 Fair value estimation (Continued)

The following table presents the Group's financial assets that are measured at fair value at 31 March 2025 and 2024.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.3 公允價值估計(續)

下表呈列本集團於二零二五年及二 零二四年三月三十一日按公允價值 計量的金融資產。

		Level 1 第一級 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 2 第二級 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 3 第三級 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
31 March 2025 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	二零二五年三月三十一日 透過損益按公允價值列賬 之金融資產	1,225	-	-	1,225
31 March 2024 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	二零二四年三月三十一日 透過損益按公允價值列賬 之金融資產	8,994	-	-	8,994

There were no transfers between level 1, 2 and 3 during the years.

Financial instrument in level 1

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the current bid price. These instruments are included in level 1. Instruments included in level 1 comprise primarily listed equity securities and debentures classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

年內,第一、二及三級之間並無轉 移。

第一級金融工具

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 合併財務報表附註

Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition. seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

(a) Impairment of loan receivables and other financial assets at amortised cost

The loss allowances for loan receivables and other financial assets at amortised cost are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Group uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the Group's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period. Details of the key assumptions and inputs used are disclosed in Note 3.1(b).

(b) Income taxes

Deferred tax is recognised, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying values in the consolidated financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carry forward of unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilised, based on all available evidence. Recognition primarily involves judgements regarding the future financial performance of the particular legal entity or tax group. A variety of other factors are also evaluated in considering whether there is convincing evidence that it is probable that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will ultimately be realised, such as the existence of taxable temporary differences, group relief, tax planning strategies and the periods in which estimated tax losses can be utilised.

關鍵會計估計及判斷

估計及判斷持續受到評估,並基於 過往經驗及其他因素,包括在合理 情況下對未來事件之預期。

本集團對未來作出估計及假設。所 達致之會計估計(按定義)甚少相等 於有關實際結果。對下個財政年度 內具有引致資產及負債賬面值須作 大幅調整之重大風險之估計及假設 討論如下。

(a) 應收貸款及按攤銷成本列 賬之其他金融資產減值

應收貸款及按攤銷成本列賬之 其他金融資產的虧損撥備基於 對違約風險和預期損失率的假 設。於各報告期末,本集團根據 其過往歷史、現時市況及前瞻 性估計,利用判斷作出該等假 設及選擇減值計算之輸入數據。 所採用之主要假設及輸入數據 詳情載於附註3.1(b)。

(b) 所得税

遞延税項以負債法就資產及負 債之税基與其彼等於合併財務 報表中之賬面值之暫時差額作 出確認。遞延税項資產根據所 有可得之憑證預期可能獲得之 未來應課税溢利與可扣減之暫 時差異、滾存可使用之未用税 項虧損與可抵扣税額可互相抵 銷之程度, 而予以確認。 遞延税 項資產之確認主要涉及有關法 定實體或稅務組別的未來財務 表現之判斷。多項其他不同因 素亦予以評估,以考慮是否存 在有力之憑證證明部分或全部 遞延税項資產最終很有可能會 變現,例如存在應課税臨時差 額、總體寬免、稅務規劃策略及 可動用估計税務虧損之期間。

4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements (Continued)

(b) Income taxes (Continued)

The ultimate realisation of deferred tax assets recognised for certain of the Group's businesses depends principally on these businesses maintaining profitability and generating sufficient taxable profits to utilise the underlying unused tax losses. It may be necessary for some or all of the deferred tax assets recognised to be reduced and charged to the profit and loss if there is a significant adverse change in the projected performance and resulting projected taxable profits of these businesses. Judgement is required to determine key assumptions adopted in the taxable profit and loss projections and changes to key assumptions used can significantly affect these taxable profit and loss projections.

(c) Purchase price allocation in business combinations

The Group recognises identifiable assets and liabilities at fair value at the date of acquisition. In applying the acquisition method, the Group recognises the goodwill with the excess of the acquisition cost over the fair values of the identified net assets of acquirees. The accounting for business combination involves the use of significant management judgment and estimates including identifying assets acquired and the liabilities assumed and the determination of their corresponding fair values. Management engages an independent professional valuer to assist in performing the purchase price allocation exercise on the fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed as at the acquisition date, which involves significant management judgement and estimations in the determination of valuation parameters including discount rates, long term growth rate and the assumptions in the operating and financial performance including revenue growth rates and gross profit margin.

4 關鍵會計估計及判斷(續)

(b) 所得税(續)

(c) 業務合併中的收購價分攤

本集團於收購日期按公允價值 確認可識別資產及負債。於應 用收購方法時,本集團以收購 成本超出被收購方已識別淨資 產的公允價值的部分確認商譽。 業務合併的會計處理涉及採用 重大管理層判斷及估計(包括 識別收購的資產及承擔的負債) 以及釐定其相應的公允價值。 管理層委聘獨立專業估值師, 對收購的資產及承擔的負債於 收購日期的公允價值進行收購 價分攤的操作,其中涉及釐定 估值參數時的重大管理層判斷 及估計,包括貼現率、長期增長 率及經營及財務業績中的假設 (包括收益增長率及毛利率)。



5 **Segment information**

The chief operating decision-maker has been identified as the Executive Directors of the Company. The chief operating decision-maker has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the Executive Directors of the Company, that are used to make strategic decisions and assess performance.

The chief operating decision-maker has determined the operating segments based on these reports. The Group is organised into three business segments:

- paper printing segment (mainly derived from the brand "e-print");
- banner printing segment (mainly derived from the brand "e-banner"); and
- yacht financing segment.

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decisionmaker.

Management assesses the performance of the operating segments based on a measure of gross profit less selling and distribution expenses and administrative expenses that are allocated to each segment. Other information provided is measured in a manner consistent with that in the consolidated financial statements.

The subsidiary incorporated in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") provides I.T. support services within the Group. The subsidiary incorporated in Malaysia generated immaterial external revenue during the year. Since the Group mainly operates in Hong Kong and the Group's assets are mainly located in Hong Kong, no geographical segment information is presented.

Revenue for the year ended 31 March 2025 consists of the revenue from paper printing, banner printing and yacht financing. The Group derives revenue from the sale of goods at a point in time and vacht financing derives all revenue of time proportion basis with effective interest method.

Revenue for the year ended 31 March 2024 consists of the revenue from paper printing and banner printing. The Group derives revenue from the sale of goods at a point in time.

During the years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024, no external customers contributed over 10% of the Group's revenue.

分部資料 5

本公司之執行董事被視為主要經營 決策者。主要經營決策者已根據本 公司執行董事審閱並用於作策略決 定及評估表現的報告釐定經營分部。

主要經營決策者已根據該等報告釐 定經營分部。本集團排列出三個業 務分部:

- 紙類印刷分部(主要源於 (a) 「e-print」品牌);
- 噴畫印刷分部(主要源於 (b) 「e-banner」品牌);及
- 遊艇融資分部。

經營分部以向主要經營決策者提供 內部呈報一致的形式呈報。

管理層根據分配至各分部之毛利減 銷售及分銷開支及行政開支評估經 營分部表現。所提供的其他資料之 計量與合併財務報表一致。

於中華人民共和國(「中國」)註冊成 立的附屬公司在本集團內提供資訊 科技支援服務。於馬來西亞許冊成 立的附屬公司於年內產生少量外部 收入。由於本集團主要於香港營運 且本集團的資產主要位於香港,概 無呈列地理分部資料。

截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年 度之收益包括紙類印刷、噴畫印刷 及遊艇融資所得收益。本集團收益 源於銷售貨品,於某一時點獲得,而 遊艇融資的所有收益則按時間比例 基準以實際利息法計算。

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年 度之收益包括紙類印刷及噴畫印刷 所得收益。本集團收益來源於於某 一時點銷售貨品。

截至二零二五年及二零二四年三月 三十一日 1 年度,概無外部客戶貢 獻超過本集團收益的10%。

(a) Segment revenue and results

The following tables present revenue and segment results regarding the Group's reportable segments for the years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024 respectively.

For the year ended 31 March 2025:

分部資料(續)

(a) 分部收益及業績

下表分別載列本集團報告分部截 至二零二五年及二零二四年三月 三十一日止年度之收益及分部業績。

截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年 度:

		Paper printing 紙類印刷 HK\$'000 千港元	Banner printing 噴畫印刷 HK\$'000 千港元	Yacht financing 遊艇融資 HK\$'000 千港元	Eliminations 抵銷 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Segment revenue Revenue from external customers – Sales of goods	分部收益 來自外部客戶收益 一銷售貨品	197,608	90,315			287,923
 Interest income 	一利息收入	191,000	90,313	4,670	_	4,670
Inter-segment revenue	分部間收益	769	231	-	(1,000)	-
Total	總計	198,377	90,546	4,670	(1,000)	292,593
Segment results	分部業績	(8,297)	2,306	2,019		(3,972)
Unallocated: Remeasurement loss on investment						(500)
in a joint venture Finance income Finance costs	重新計量虧損 融資收入 融資成本					(563) 1,625 (3,522)
Share of loss of an associate Share of profits of joint ventures	應佔一間聯營公司 虧損 應佔合營企業溢利					(78) 1,638
Loss before income tax Income tax expense	除所得税前虧損 所得税開支					(4,872) (842)
Loss for the year	年內虧損					(5,714)
Other information: Reversal of/(provision for) impairment losses on financial assets	其他資料: 金融資產減值虧損 撥回/(撥備)	424	(80)	(409)		(65)
Depreciation of property,	物業、廠房及設備折舊	727	(00)	(409)	_	
plant and equipment Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	(8,797) (14,894)	(3,613) (6,834)	(244)	- 1,446	(12,654) (20,282)
Capital expenditures	資本開支	(45,611)	(4,144)		-	(49,755)
Acquisition of a subsidiary - Property, plant and equipment	收購一間附屬公司 一物業、廠房及設備	_	_	(4,203)	_	(4,203)

(a) Segment revenue and results (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2024:

分部資料(續)

(a) 分部收益及業績(續)

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年 度:

		Paper printing 紙類印刷 HK\$'000 千港元	Banner printing 噴畫印刷 HK\$'000 千港元	Eliminations 抵銷 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Segment revenue Revenue from external customers	分部收益 來自外部客戶收益				
- Sales of goods Inter-segment revenue	一銷售貨品 分部間收益	223,565 791	92,712 244	- (1,035)	316,277
Total	總計	224,356	92,956	(1,035)	316,277
Segment results	分部業績	(13,830)	5,448		(8,382)
Unallocated: Loss on disposal of a subsidiary Finance income Finance costs Share of loss of an associate Share of profits of joint ventures	未分配: 出售一間附屬公司之虧損 融資收入 融資成本 應佔一間聯營公司虧損 應佔合營企業溢利				(155) 4,952 (3,518) (199) 1,218
Loss before income tax Income tax expense	除所得税前虧損 所得税開支				(6,084) (816)
Loss for the year	年內虧損				(6,900)
Other information: Provision of impairment losses on financial assets	其他資料: 金融資產減值虧損撥備	(1,895)	(77)	_	(1,972)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	(7,850)	(2,592)	-	(10,442)
Depreciation of right-of-use assets Capital expenditures Acquisition of a subsidiary - Property, plant and	使用權資產折舊 資本開支 收購一間附屬公司 一物業、廠房及設備	(17,597) (25,142)	(7,064) (2,332)	4,071 -	(20,590) (27,474)
equipment	170木 枫历	_	(28,887)	_	(28,887)

5 分部資料(續)

(b) Segment assets and liabilities

(b) 分部資產及負債

Segment assets

分部資產

		Paper printing 紙類印刷 HK\$'000 千港元	Banner printing 噴畫印刷 HK\$'000 千港元	Yacht financing 遊艇融資 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 31 March 2025 As at 31 March 2024	於二零二五年三月三十一日 於二零二四年三月三十一日	160,595 182,873	78,255 83,504	24,159 -	263,009 266,377

A reconciliation of segment assets to total assets is provided as follows:

分部資產與總資產對賬如下:

		2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Segment assets Investment in an associate Investments in joint ventures Cash and cash equivalents	分部資產 於一間聯營公司的投資 於合營企業的投資 現金及現金等值項目	263,009 1,103 11,675 103,056	266,377 1,181 11,061 100,035
		378.843	378.654

Segment liabilities

分部負債

		Paper printing 紙類印刷 HK\$'000 千港元	Banner printing 噴畫印刷 HK\$'000 千港元	Yacht financing 遊艇融資 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 31 March 2025 As at 31 March 2024	於二零二五年三月三十一日 於二零二四年三月三十一日	96,349 93,038	33,755 41,548	5,495 -	135,599 134,586

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 合併財務報表附註

5 **Segment information** (Continued)

Accounting policies - Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods or services, stated net of discounts, returns and value added taxes.

Revenue is recognised when, or as, the control of the goods or services is transferred to the customer. Depending on the terms of the contract and the laws applicable, control of the goods and services may be transferred over time or at a point in time.

The Group bases its estimate of return on historical results. taking into consideration the type of customer, the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement.

Sales of goods (i)

Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customers, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specified location and the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer. As receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

分部資料(續)

會計政策-收益確認

收益乃按已收或應收代價之公允價 值計量,指本集團就貨品或服務的 應收款項,並已扣除折扣、退貨及增 值税。

常或於貨品或服務的控制權轉移至 客戶時確認收益。視乎合約條款及 適用法律,貨品及服務的控制權或 會隨時間或按某一時間點轉移。

本集團基於過往業績,並計及客戶 類型、交易類型及各安排之詳情後 作出退貨估計。

銷售貨品

銷售乃在產品的控制權獲轉讓 時確認,即當產品交付給客戶 並且沒有未履行的義務可能影 響客戶接受產品時。直至產品 已運抵指定地點,且陳舊過時 及虧損風險已轉移至客戶,貨 品交付方告完成。當貨品交付 後,並從該時刻開始,可以無條 件收到代價(到期付款前的時 間流逝除外),便可確認為應收 款。

Accounting policies - Revenue recognition

(Continued)

(ii) Interest income

Where the loan to customer is originated by the Group, interest on loan to customer is accrued based on the contractual interest rates of the loans as earned using the effective interest method. When a financial asset at amortised cost is impaired, the Group reduces the carrying amount to its recoverable amount, being the estimated future cash flow discounted at the original effective interest rate of the instrument, and continues unwinding the discount as interest income. Interest income on impaired loans and receivables is recognised using the original effective interest rate.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and of allocating the interest income over the year. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial asset or, when appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount of the financial asset. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Group estimates cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument but does not consider future credit losses. The calculation includes all fees paid or received between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts.

Accounting policies - Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decisionmaker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the chairman and executive directors of the Group that make strategic decisions.

5 分部資料(續)

會計政策-收益確認(續)

(ii) 利息收入

會計政策一分部報告

經營分部按與向主要經營決策者提供內部報告的一致方式呈報。主要經營決策者已確定為作出戰略決策的本集團主席及執行董事,負責分配資源及評估經營分部之表現。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 合併財務報表附註

Other income

其他收入

		2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Scrap sales Government grant (Note) Software licensing income Others	廢料出售 政府補助(附註) 軟件許可收入 其他	2,819 853 103 474	3,124 802 350 959
		4,249	5,235

Note: There are no unfulfilled condition or other contingencies attaching to these grants. These amounts mainly represent branding promoting and upgrading subsidies received from the Hong Kong Government.

附註:該等補助概無附帶未達成的條件或其他 或然情況。該等金額主要指香港政府的 品牌發展及升級補貼。

7 Other gains/(losses) - net

其他收益/(虧損)-淨額

		2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Gains/(losses) on disposals of property, plant and equipment Exchange losses – net Fair value gains/(losses) on financial assets at fair value	出售物業、廠房及設備收益/ (虧損) 匯兑虧損一淨額 透過損益按公允價值列賬之 金融資產的公允價值	36 (721)	(4,406) (1,200)
through profit or loss Others	收益/(虧損) 其他	1,674 (546)	(414) (167)
		443	(6,187)

8 Expenses by nature

8 按性質分類的開支

Expenses included in cost of sales, selling and distribution expenses and administrative expenses are analysed as follows:

計入銷售成本、銷售及分銷開支以及行政開支的開支分析如下:

		2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost of materials	材料成本	54,807	65,312
Remuneration to the Company's auditor	本公司核數師酬金	,	,
Audit services	-審計服務	1,050	1,522
 Non-audit services 	一非審計服務	98	140
Remuneration to the other auditors	其他核數師酬金		
 Audit services 	一審計服務	117	244
 Non-audit services 	一非審計服務	79	94
Bank charges	銀行手續費	4,303	4,865
Employee benefits expense (Note 9)	僱員福利開支(附註9)	103,143	104,333
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊		
equipment (Note 13)	(附註13)	12,654	10,442
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊		
(Note 14)	(附註14)	20,282	20,590
Outsourced customer support expenses	外判客戶支援開支	20,292	18,763
Subcontracting fee	分包費用	34,822	43,799
Operating lease for short-term and	短期及低價值租賃之經營租賃		
low value lease (Note 14)	(附註14)	4,047	3,409
Repairs and maintenance	維修及保養	4,343	4,788
Distribution costs	分銷成本	14,844	16,030
Utility expenses	公用服務支出	5,144	4,977
Others	其他	21,730	22,582
Total cost of sales, selling and	銷售成本、銷售及分銷開支以及		
distribution expenses and	行政開支總額		
administrative expenses		301,755	321,890

Others mainly represent advertising and promotion expenses and telecommunication expenses.

其他主要指廣告及促銷開支及電訊 開支。

Employee benefits expense (including directors and senior management's emoluments)

僱員福利開支(包括董事及 高級管理層薪酬)

		2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries and allowances Bonuses and commissions	薪金及津貼 花紅及佣金	93,496 2,918	89,294 8,635
Pension costs – defined contribution plans (Note a) Welfare and other benefits	退休金成本-界定供款計劃 (附註a) 福利及其他利益	5,490 1,239	5,296 1,108
		103,143	104,333

Notes:

(a) Pension costs - defined contribution plans

The Group has arranged for its employees to join the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme"), a defined contribution scheme managed by an independent trustee. Under the MPF Scheme, each of the Group's subsidiaries (the employer) and its employees make monthly contributions to the scheme generally at 5% of the employees' earnings as defined under the Mandatory Provident Fund legislation. The monthly contributions of each of the employer and the employees are subject to a maximum contribution of HK\$1,500 (2024: HK\$1,500) per month and thereafter contributions are voluntary. The Group has no further obligation for post-retirement benefits beyond the contributions.

The Group is also required to contribute to an Employees Provident Fund Scheme in Malaysia. Each of the employer and employee make monthly contributions to the scheme generally at 13% and 11% of the employees' salaries respectively. The Group has no further obligation for post-retirement benefits beyond the contributions.

As stipulated by rules and regulations in the PRC, the Group contributes to state-administered retirement plans for employees in the PRC. The employees contribute up to 8% (2024: Same) of their basic salaries, while the Group contributes approximately 14% to 17% (2024: 14% to 15%) of such salaries. The Group has no further obligations for the actual payment of pensions or post-retirements benefits beyond these contributions. The state-administrated retirement plans are responsible for the entire pension obligations payable to the retired employees.

For the year ended 31 March 2025, the amount of the Group's employer contributions to defined contribution plans was approximately HK\$5,490,000 (2024: HK\$5,296,000). There were no forfeited contributions to the MPF Scheme (2024: HK\$nil) which has been utilised for the year ended 31 March 2025. As at 31 March 2025, contribution payable to the MPF Scheme amounted to approximately HK\$566,000 (2024: HK\$608,000).

附註:

退休金成本-界定供款計劃

本集團已安排其僱員參加強制性公積金 計劃(「強積金計劃」),而該計劃為由一 名獨立受託人管理的一項界定供款計劃。 根據強積金計劃,本集團的每間附屬公 司(僱主)及其僱員均須按月向該計劃供 款,而根據強制性公積金法例,供款金額 一般為僱員收入的5%。各僱主及僱員的 每月供款上限為1,500港元(二零二四年: 1,500港元),超出上限之供款屬自願供 款。除供款外,本集團並無其他有關退休 後福利的責任。

本集團亦須對馬來西亞的僱員公積金計 劃作出供款。僱主及僱員每月一般分別 按僱員薪金的13%及11%對該計劃作出 供款。除該等供款外,本集團並無其他退 休後福利之責任。

誠如中國法例及法規所規定,本集團須 替其中國僱員向由國家管理的退休計 劃供款。僱員按底薪作出最多8%(二零 二四年:相同)之供款,而本集團則按有 關薪金約14%至17%(二零二四年:14% 至15%)作出供款。除該等供款外,本集 團並無其他有關實際支付退休金或退休 後福利之責任。退休僱員全部退休金責 任由國家管理的退休計劃承擔。

截至二零二五年三月三十一日 止年度, 本集團僱主向界定供款計劃供款約 5,490,000港元(二零二四年:5,296,000 港元)。截至二零二五年三月三十一日止 年度並無已動用的遭沒收強積金計劃供 款(二零二四年:零港元)。於二零二五 年三月三十一日,應向強積金計劃供款 約566,000港元(二零二四年:608,000港 元)。

9 Employee benefits expense (including directors and senior management's emoluments) (Continued)

9 僱員福利開支(包括董事及 高級管理層薪酬)

Notes: (Continued)

(b) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year include three directors (2024: one), whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis shown in Note 40. The emoluments payable to the remaining two (2024: four) individuals are as follows:

附註:(續)

(b) 五名最高薪人士

年內,本集團的五名最高薪人士包括三名董事(二零二四年:一名),該等董事的薪酬已於附註40呈列的分析中反映。應付餘下兩名人士(二零二四年:四名)的薪酬如下:

		2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries and allowances	薪金及津貼	2,387	4,655
Discretionary bonuses	酌情花紅	333	695
Pension costs – defined contribution plans	退休金成本-界定供款計劃	36	72
		2,756	5,422

The emoluments of these individuals fell within the following bands:

該等人士的薪酬介乎以下範圍:

		Number of individuals 人數	
		2025 二零二五年	2024 二零二四年
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	2	3
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元		1
		2	4

No emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the directors or other members of the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join, upon joining the Group, leave the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

本集團概無向任何董事或五名最高薪人士中的其他成員支付酬金作為吸引加盟本集團、在加盟後、離開本集團的獎勵或作為離職補償。

9 **Employee benefits expense (including** directors and senior management's emoluments) (Continued)

Accounting policies - Employee benefits

Employee leave entitlement

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the reporting date.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

(b) Bonus plans

The expected cost of bonus payments is recognised as a liability when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of services rendered by employees and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made.

Liabilities for bonus plans are expected to be settled within 12 months and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when they are settled.

(c) Pension obligations

The Group operates defined contribution retirement benefits schemes for its employees. Contributions are made based on certain percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are recognised as employee benefit expense as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the schemes. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the Group in independently administered funds.

Long service payment

The Group's net obligation in respect of long service payments to its employees upon the termination of their employment or retirement when the employee fulfills certain circumstances under the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance is the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their services in the current and prior periods.

僱員福利開支(包括董事及 高級管理層薪酬)(續)

會計政策-僱員福利

僱員應享假期權利

僱員應享年假權利乃於其應計 予僱員時確認。僱員假期乃按 截至報告日期止因僱員提供服 務而產生之估計年假計提撥備。

僱員應享病假及分娩假期權利 僅於支取假期時方予確認。

(b) 獎金計劃

當本集團因僱員所提供服務而 產生現有之法定性或推定性責 任,且責任金額能可靠估算,則 確認支付獎金之預計成本為負 債入賬。

獎金計劃之負債預期須在12個 月內償付並根據在償付時預計 須支付之金額計算。

退休金承擔 (c)

本集團為其僱員設定界定供款 退休福利計劃。供款基於僱員 的基本薪資的特定比例並於供 款根據計劃規例應付時確認為 僱員福利開支。供款 一經支付, 本集團概無其他支付責任。該 等計劃之資產與本集團之資產 於獨立管理之基金中分開持有。

長期服務金 (d)

根據香港僱傭條例,本集團在 僱員滿足若干情況下終止聘用 或僱員退任時而須向其支付的 長期服務金責任淨額,為僱員 因本期及過往期間提供服務而 賺取的未來福利金額。

9 Employee benefits expense (including directors and senior management's emoluments) (Continued)

Accounting policies - Employee benefits (Continued)

(d) Long service payment (Continued)

The obligation is calculated using the projected unit credit method, discounted to present value and reduced by entitlements accrued under the Group's retirement plans that are attributable to contributions made by the Group. The discount rate is the yield at the reporting date on high quality corporate bonds which have terms to maturity approximating the terms of the related liability.

Remeasurement are charged or credited to equity in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

(e) Share-based compensation benefits of the Group

Share-based compensation benefits are provided to employees via the share option scheme, the executive short-term incentive scheme and share appreciation. Information relating to the scheme is set out in Note 36.

The fair value of options granted under the share option scheme is recognised as an employee benefits expense with a corresponding increase in equity. The total amount to be expensed is determined by reference to the fair value of the options granted:

- including any market performance conditions (e.g. the entity's share price);
- excluding the impact of any service and non-market performance vesting conditions (e.g. profitability, sales growth targets and remaining an employee of the entity over a specified time period); and
- including the impact of any non-vesting conditions (e.g. the requirement for employees to save or hold shares for a specific period of time).

The total expense is recognised over the vesting period, which is the period over which all of the specified vesting conditions are to be satisfied. At the end of each period, the entity revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest based on the non-market vesting and service conditions. It recognises the impact of the revision to original estimates, if any, in profit or loss, with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

9 僱員福利開支(包括董事及 高級管理層薪酬)

會計政策-僱員福利(續)

(d) 長期服務金(續)

此責任是以預計單位貸記法計算,並貼現至其現值,再扣減因本集團所作供款而根據本集團的退任計劃應計的應得權益。 貼現率為到期期限與有關負相若的優質公司債券於報告日期的孳息率。

重新計量於產生當期列支或計 入其他綜合收益的權益中。

(e) 本集團的股權薪酬福利

我們通過購股權計劃、執行短期獎勵計劃及股份增值向僱員 提供股權薪酬福利。有關該計 劃的資料載於附註36。

根據購股權計劃授出的購股權 的公允價值確認為僱員福利開 支並相應增加權益。將予支銷 之總額乃參考所授出購股權之 公允價值釐定:

- 包括任何市場表現條件 (如實體股價);
- 不包括任何服務及非市場 表現歸屬條件(如盈利能 力、銷售增長目標及於指 定期間挽留實體的僱員) 的影響;及
- 包括任何非歸屬條件(如 有關僱員於指定期間保留 或持有股份的規定)的影響。

開支總額於歸屬期間(即將達成所有指定歸屬條件之期間)確認。於各期間末,實體根據非市場歸屬及服務條件修訂其預期將予歸屬之購股權數目估計。其於損益內確認修訂初始估計(如有)的影響,並對權益作出相應調整。

10 Finance (costs)/income - net

10 融資(成本)/收入-淨額

		2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Finance income - Interest income from other financial	融資收入 一按攤銷成本列賬之其他金融		
assets at amortised cost	資產之利息收入	119	1,829
- Interest income from bank deposits	一銀行存款利息收入	1,506	3,123
		1,625	4,952
Finance costs	融資成本		
- Interest expenses on lease liabilities	一租賃負債利息開支	(1,583)	(2,205)
 Interest expenses on borrowings 	一借貸利息開支	(1,902)	(1,289)
- Others	一其他	(37)	(24)
		(3,522)	(3,518)
			<u></u>
Finance (costs)/income – net	融資(成本)/收入-淨額	(1,897)	1,434

Accounting policies - Interest income

Interest income is presented as "financial (costs)/income net", where it is earned from financial assets that are held for cash management purposes. Any other interest income is included in "finance (costs)/income - net".

Accounting policies - Borrowings costs

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit and loss in the period in which they are incurred.

會計政策-利息收入

利息收入以「融資(成本)/收入一 淨額」列賬,其乃自為現金管理目的 而持有之金融資產賺取。任何其他 利息收入均計入「融資(成本)/收 入一淨額」中。

會計政策-借貸成本

直接歸屬於收購、興建或生產合資 格資產(指必須經一段長時間處理 以作其預定用途或銷售的資產)的一 般及特定借貸成本,加入該等資產 的成本內,直至資產大致上備妥供 其預定用途或銷售為止。

有待用於合資格資產支出的特定借 貸臨時投資賺取的投資收入,應自 合資格資本化的借貸成本中扣除。

所有其他借貸成本在產生期內的損 益中確認。

11 Income tax expense

11 所得税開支

		2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current income tax – Hong Kong profits tax Over-provision in prior years	當期所得税 -香港利得税 過往年度超額撥備	477 (129)	952 (256)
Deferred income tax expense (Note 31)	遞延所得税開支(附註31)	348 494	696 120
Income tax expense	所得税開支	842	816

Under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime of Hong Kong profits tax, the first HK\$2,000,000 of profits of the qualifying group entity will be taxed at 8.25%, and profits above HK\$2,000,000 will be taxed at 16.5%. The profits of group entities not qualifying for the two-tiered profits tax rates regime will continue to be taxed at a flat rate of 16.5% (2024: Same).

Subsidiary incorporated in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") is a High and New Technology Enterprise defined by Shenzhen Finance Bureau, Administrator of Local Taxation of Shenzhen Municipality and Shenzhen Municipal office of the State Administration of Taxation, the PRC and therefore was entitled to 15% preferential tax rate for PRC enterprise income tax for three years starting from year ended 31 December 2020 and three years starting from year ended 31 December 2023 according to the New PRC Enterprise Income Law. The PRC enterprise income tax is calculated at 15% preferential tax rate on the estimated assessable profit for the years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024.

根據香港利得税的兩級制利得税制度,合資格集團實體的首2,000,000港元溢利將按8.25%的税率徵税,而超過2,000,000港元的溢利將按16.5%的税率徵税。不符合兩級制利得税制度的集團實體溢利將繼續按劃一税率16.5%徵税(二零二四年:相同)。

於中華人民共和國(「中國」)註冊成立的附屬公司經中國深圳市財務局及國家稅務企業別市稅務局界定為高新技術企業等有人。 深圳市稅務局界定為高新技術企業等,因此,根據新的中國零二零中人。 至二十一三年內享至一日上年度之十十一日國子, 是十一三年內享至十一日國子, 是十一日國子, 是一日上年度之估計應 是一日上年度之估計應 大學區, 是一日上年度之估計應 是一日上年度之估計應 是一日上年度之估計應 是一日上年度之估計應 是一日上年度之估計應 是一日上年度之估計應 是一日上年度之估計應 表記等二十一日國子 是一日上年度 是一日上年度 是一日上年度 是一日上年度 是一日上年度 是一日, Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 合併財務報表附註

11 Income tax expense (Continued)

The taxation on the Group's loss before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the weighted average tax rate applicable to profits/losses of the consolidated entities in the respective jurisdictions as follows:

11 所得税開支(續)

就本集團的除所得稅前虧損而須繳 納的税項與採用適用於位於相關司 法權區的合併實體的溢利/虧損的 加權平均税率計算的理論金額有所 不同,具體情況如下:

		2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss before income tax expense	所得税開支前虧損	(4,872)	(6,084)
Tax calculated at domestic tax rates applicable to profits/(losses) in	按各國家溢利/(虧損)適用之當地稅率計算之稅項		
the respective countries Tax effects of:	以下各項的税項影響:	(734)	(996)
 Share of loss of an associate Share of profits of joint ventures Income not subject to tax Expenses not deductible for 	一應佔一間聯營公司虧損 一應佔合營企業溢利 一毋須繳税的收入 一不可扣税開支	13 (270) (548)	33 (201) (796)
tax purposes - Tax losses and other temporary differences for which no deferred	一並無確認遞延所得税的税項 虧損及其他暫時性差額	875	1,076
income tax was recognised – Utilisation of previously unrecognised	一動用過往未確認的税項虧損	1,832	1,957
tax losses - Over-provision in prior years	-過往年度超額撥備	(197) (129)	(1) (256)
		842	816

Note: The Group was subject to tax in different tax jurisdictions which are mainly Hong Kong, the PRC, Malaysia with tax rate ranged from 15% to 24%.

附註:本集團須於不同税務司法權區(主要為 香港、中國及馬來西亞)繳稅,稅率介乎 15%至24%。

12 Loss per share

(a) Basic loss per share

Basic loss per share is calculated by dividing the loss attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue for the years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024.

12 每股虧損

(a) 每股基本虧損

每股基本虧損乃根據本公司權益持 有人應佔虧損除以截至二零二五年 及二零二四年三月三十一日止年度 已發行普通股加權平均數計算。

		2025 二零二五年	2024 二零二四年
Loss attributable to equity holders of the Company (HK\$'000)	本公司權益持有人應佔虧損 (千港元)	(6,130)	(8,306)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (thousands)	已發行普通股加權平均數 (千股)	550,000	550,000
Basic loss per share attributable to the equity holders of the Company (HK cents)	本公司權益持有人應佔每股基本虧損(港仙)	(1.11)	(1.51)

(b) Diluted loss per share

Diluted loss per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. During the year ended 31 March 2024, the diluted loss per share is the same as the basic loss per share as the share options outstanding were anti-dilutive. Diluted loss per share is the same as the basic loss per share for the year ended 31 March 2025 as there were no potential dilutive ordinary shares outstanding.

(b) 每股攤薄虧損

13 Property, plant and equipment

13 物業、廠房及設備

		Buildings	Leasehold improvements	Plant and machinery	Computer, furniture and equipment 電腦、傢俱	Motor vehicles and yacht	Total
		樓宇 HK\$'000 千港元	租賃物業裝修 HK\$'000 千港元	廠房及機器 HK\$'000 千港元	及設備 HK\$'000 千港元	汽車及遊艇 HK\$'000 千港元	總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2023 Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment	於二零二三年四月一日 成本 累計折舊 累計減值	77,201 (14,713) –	16,462 (14,836)	97,175 (69,277) (1,217)	23,528 (19,419) –	2,238 (1,770) –	216,604 (120,015) (1,217)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	62,488	1,626	26,681	4,109	468	95,372
Year ended 31 March 2024 Opening net book amount Additions Acquisition of a subsidiary (Note 35)	截至二零二四年三月 三十一日止年度 年初賬面淨值 添置 收購一間附屬公司(附註35)	62,488 18,005 28,887	1,626 1,747 -	26,681 4,806 –	4,109 1,434 -	468 1,482 -	95,372 27,474 28,887
Disposals Disposal of a subsidiary Depreciation Currency translation differences	出售 出售一間附屬公司 折舊 匯兇差額	(3,831)	(9) (507) (5)	(6,542) (14) (4,132) (1)	(52) (60) (1,748) (19)	- (224) -	(6,594) (83) (10,442) (25)
Closing net book amount	年末賬面淨值	105,549	2,852	20,798	3,664	1,726	134,589
At 31 March 2024 Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment	於二零二四年三月三十一日 成本 累計折舊 累計滅值	130,269 (24,720)	17,999 (15,147)	56,721 (35,301) (622)	24,016 (20,352) –	3,717 (1,991) –	232,722 (97,511) (622)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	105,549	2,852	20,798	3,664	1,726	134,589
Year ended 31 March 2025 Opening net book amount Additions Acquisition of a subsidiary (Note 34) Disposals Depreciation Currency translation differences	截至二零二五年三月 三十一日止年度 年初賬面淨值 添置 收購一間附屬公司(附註34) 出售 折舊 匯兑差額	105,549 20,281 3,968 - (5,415)	2,852 2,191 186 (97) (1,035)	20,798 25,195 - (322) (4,211) 2	3,664 2,088 49 (31) (1,594)	1,726 - - - (399)	134,589 49,755 4,203 (450) (12,654) 3
Closing net book amount	年末賬面淨值	124,383	4,097	41,462	4,177	1,327	175,446
At 31 March 2025 Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment	於二零二五年三月三十一日 成本 累計折舊 累計減值	154,518 (30,135) –	19,332 (15,235) –	71,072 (28,951) (659)	25,350 (21,173) -	3,719 (2,392) –	273,991 (97,886) (659)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	124,383	4,097	41,462	4,177	1,327	175,446

As at 31 March 2025, buildings with the carrying amounts of approximately HK\$124,383,000 (2024: HK\$105,549,000) were pledged to banks to secure bank borrowings of approximately HK\$50,651,000 (2024: HK\$40,779,000)

於二零二五年三月三十一日,賬面值為約124,383,000港元(二零二四年:105,549,000港元)的樓宇已抵押予銀行,以擔保金額為約50,651,000港元(二零二四年:40,779,000港元)的銀行借貸(附註30)。

13 Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

13 物業、廠房及設備(續)

Depreciation of the Group's property, plant and equipment has been charged to the profit and loss as follows:

本集團的物業、廠房及設備之折舊 已於損益中扣除,具體情況如下:

		2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost of sales Selling and distribution expenses Administrative expenses	銷售成本 銷售及分銷開支 行政開支	6,245 2,778 3,631	5,115 2,781 2,546
		12,654	10,442

Accounting policies – Property, plant and equipment

會計政策一物業、廠房及設備

Buildings comprise mainly offices. All property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the profit and loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost to their residual values over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings	30 to 50 years or over lease term, whichever is shorter	樓宇	30至50年或於 租期內,以較 短者為準
Leasehold improvements Plant and machinery	5 years 5 to 15 years	租賃物業裝修廠房及機器	5年 5至15年
Computer, furniture and equipment	5 years	電腦、傢俱及設備	5年
Motor vehicles and yacht	5 years	汽車及遊艇	5年

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

樓宇主要包含辦公室。所有物業、廠 房及設備以歷史成本減折舊呈列。 歷史成本包括收購項目直接應佔的 開支。

當與項目有關的未來經濟利益可能 流入本集團,以及項目成本能可靠 計算時,其後成本才會計入資產的賬 面值或確認為獨立資產(如適用)。 重置部分的賬面值被終止確認。所 有其他維修及保養開支在產生期間 於損益中支銷。

折舊採用以下的估計可使用年期將 成本按直線法分攤至剩餘價值計算:

資產的剩餘價值及可使用年期在每個報告期末進行檢討,及在適當時 動態 調整。

13 Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Accounting policies - Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the profit and loss.

14 Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities

The Group has lease contracts for machinery, equipment and stores.

(a) Balances recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position

The consolidated statement of financial position shows the following amounts relating to leases:

13 物業、廠房及設備(續)

會計政策一物業、廠房及設備 (續)

倘資產的賬面值超過其估計可收回 數額,則資產的賬面值將即時撇減 至其可收回數額。

出售的盈虧按所得款項與賬面值之 間的差額釐定,並於損益中確認。

14 使用權資產及租賃負債

本集團已訂立機器、設備及商店的 租賃合約。

(a) 於合併財務狀況表確認之結餘

合併財務狀況表顯示以下與租賃有 關的金額:

		2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產		
Machinery and equipment Machinery and motor vehicle under	機器及設備 融資租賃項下的機器及汽車	1,943	_
finance lease		17,358	18,775
Stores	商店	19,809	35,894
	,	39,110	54,669
Lease liabilities	租賃負債		
Current portion	流動部分	22,791	23,408
Non-current portion	非流動部分	5,291	23,764
		28,082	47,172

Note:

As at 31 March 2025 and 2024, the machinery and motor vehicle under finance lease were secured by personal guarantees provided by directors of the subsidiaries of the Group. For details, please refer to Note 38(c).

附註:

於二零二五年及二零二四年三月三十一日,融 資租賃項下的機器及汽車乃由本集團附屬公司 董事提供的個人擔保作為抵押。詳情請參閱附 註38(c)。

14 Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities

14 使用權資產及租賃負債(續)

(Continued)

(b) Amounts recognised in the profit and loss

(b) 於損益中確認的款項

		2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊(附註8)	00.000	00.500
(Note 8) Interest expenses on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息開支(附註10)	20,282	20,590
(Note 10)	后地立任唐佑和传之远妙和传	1,583	2,205
Operating lease rental for short-term and low value leases (Note 8)	租金(附註8)	4,047	3,409

The total cash outflow of leases for the year ended 31 March 2025 was approximately HK\$29,443,000 (2024: HK\$28,673,000).

During the year ended 31 March 2025, depreciation of approximately HK\$14,014,000 (2024: HK\$13,588,000) has been charged in 'cost of sales', approximately HK\$5,208,000 (2024: HK\$5,423,000) in 'selling and distribution expenses' and approximately HK\$1,060,000 (2024: HK\$1,579,000) in 'administrative expenses' respectively.

(c) The Group's leasing activities and how these are accounted for

The Group leases various stores, machineries, and office equipment. Rental contracts are typically made for fixed periods of 1 to 4 years but may have extension options as described in (d) below.

Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants other than the security interests in the leased assets that are held by the lessor. Leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度的租賃現金流出總額約為29,443,000港元(二零二四年:28,673,000港元)。

截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度,折舊約14,014,000港元(二零二四年:13,588,000港元)、約5,208,000港元(二零二四年:5,423,000港元)及約1,060,000港元(二零二四年:1,579,000港元)分別於「銷售成本」、「銷售及分銷開支」及「行政開支」中支銷。

(c) 本集團之租賃活動及其入賬方式

本集團租賃多間商店、各類機器及辦公設備。租賃合約一般為1至4年的固定期限,惟可有下文(d)項所述的延長選擇權。

租賃條款乃按個別基準磋商,包含各種不同條款及條件。租賃協議並無施加任何契諾,惟出租人持有的租賃資產中的擔保權益則除外。租賃資產不可用作為借貸的抵押。



14 Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities

(Continued)

(d) Extension options

Extension options are included in a number of leases across the Group. These terms are used to maximise operational flexibility in terms of managing contracts. The majority of extension options held are exercisable only by the Group and not by the respective lessor. Extension options are only included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended.

Accounting policies - Leases

The Group as a lessee

Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable; and
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option.

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Group, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Group uses recent third-party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third party financing was received.

14 使用權資產及和賃負債(續)

(d) 延長選擇權

本集團多項租賃均包含延長選擇權。 就管理合約而言,此等條款乃用以 盡量增加營運彈性。大部分所持有 的延長選擇權僅可由本集團行使, 相關出租人無權行使。僅當可合理 確定延長租賃期限時,延長選擇權 方會包含在租期內。

會計政策-租賃

本集團為承租人

租賃於本集團可動用租賃資產當日 被確認為使用權資產及相應負債。

租賃產生的資產及負債初步按現值 基準計量。租賃負債包括以下租賃 付款的淨現值:

- 固定付款(包括實質固定付款) 減任何應收租賃優惠;及
- 購買權的行使價格(倘本集團 合理地確定行使該選擇權)

根據合理確定延續選擇權支付的租 賃付款亦計入負債計量之內。租賃 付款使用租賃中隱含的利率進行貼 現。倘無法輕易確定該利率(為本集 團租賃的一般情況),則使用承租人 的增量借貸利率,即個別承租人在 類似經濟環境中按類似條款、抵押 及條件借入獲得與使用權資產具有 類似價值的資產所需資金而必須支 付的利率。

為釐定增量借貸利率,本集團使用 個別承租人最近獲得的第三方融資 為出發點作出調整,以反映自獲得 第三方融資以來融資條件的變動。

14 Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities

(Continued)

(d) Extension options (Continued)

Accounting policies - Leases (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit and loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability; and
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received.

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. If the Group is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the right-of-use asset is depreciated over the underlying asset's useful life.

Payments associated with short-term leases are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit and loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets comprise small items of office furniture.

14 使用權資產及租賃負債(續)

(d) 延長選擇權(續)

會計政策-租賃(續)

本集團為承租人(續)

租賃付款於本金及財務成本之間作出分配。財務成本在租賃期間於損益扣除,藉以令各期間的負債餘額的期間利率一致。

使用權資產按成本計量,包括以下 各項:

- 租賃負債的初始計量金額;及
- 開始日期或之前支付的任何租賃付款減去已收任何租賃優惠。

使用權資產一般於資產可使用年期 或租賃期(以較短者為準)按直線基 準計算折舊。倘本集團合理確定行 使購買選擇權,則使用權資產於相 關資產的可使用年期內予以折舊。

與短期租賃相關的付款以直線法於 損益確認為開支。短期租賃為租賃 期12個月或以下的租賃。低價值資 產包括小型辦公室傢俱。

15 Intangible assets

15 無形資產

Goodwill 商譽 HK\$'000 千港元

725

At 1 April 2023, 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2025

於二零二三年四月一日、 二零二四年三月三十一日及

Cost

二零二五年三月三十一日 成本

Accumulated amortisation

累計攤銷

賬面淨值 Net book amount 725

Impairment test for goodwill

Goodwill arisen from acquisition of e-banner (i)

Management reviews the business performance of the Group based on the products and services the respective business provided. Goodwill is monitored by management at the operating segment level. The Group's goodwill was arisen from the acquisition of additional 11% equity interests in e-banner Limited on 1 April 2015 and it is allocated to the banner printing operating segment.

Management reviews annually whether the carrying amount of a CGU is higher than the recoverable amount which results in impairment of goodwill. The carrying amount consisted of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and goodwill. The recoverable amount of a CGU is determined based on value-inuse calculation. The calculation use pre-tax cash flow projections based on financial budget approved by management covering a five-year period with an average five year growth rate of 2% (2024: 5%). Gross profit margin are assumed to be 43% - 45% (2024: 45% -47%) for the forecast period. Cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using the estimated growth rate of 2% (2024: 3%) and pre-tax discount rate of 11.2% (2024: 11.1%).

商譽減值測試

收購e-banner產生的商譽 (i)

管理層基於各業務提供之產品 和服務審閱本集團業務業績。 管理層監督經營分部層面之商 譽。本集團商譽於二零一五年 四月一日購買e-banner Limited 額外11%之股權獲得並獲分配 至噴畫印刷業務分部。

管理層每年檢討現金產生單位 賬面值是否高於可收回金額而 致使商譽減值。賬面值包括物 業、廠房及設備、使用權資產 及商譽。現金產生單位的可收 回金額按使用價值計算釐定。 該計算採用基於管理層批准的 涵蓋五年期間的財政預算按平 均五年的增長率2%(二零二四 年:5%)作出的税前現金流量 預測。於預測期間假設毛利率 為43%至45%(二零二四年: 45%至47%)。該五年期間之 後的現金流量採用估計增長率 2%(二零二四年:3%)及税前 貼現率11.2%(二零二四年: 11.1%)推算。

15 Intangible assets (Continued)

Impairment test for goodwill (Continued)

(i) Goodwill arisen from acquisition of e-banner

Management determined the revenue growth rate based on past performance and expectations on market and operational development. The discount rate applied by the Group is rate that reflect current market assessment of the time value of money and the risk specific to the CGU.

Management assumes the cash flows under VIU calculation would be more or less the same but the FVLCTD would be approximately lower than the VIU as "discount for lack of marketability" and "cost to disposal" will be deducted under FVLCTD calculation. Based on the VIU result (the higher in value), there are sufficient headroom for the CGUs with no impairment noted. As the recoverable amount is the higher of FVLCTD and VIU, we considered there would have no impact to our conclusion when FVLCTD is either higher or lower than VIU calculation and therefore, concur with management of the selection of VIU calculation.

As a result of the impairment review, the recoverable amount calculated based on the value-in-use calculation exceeded carrying amount by approximately HK\$4,862,000 (the headroom) as at 31 March 2025 (2024: HK\$23,822,000). As a result, no impairment loss was charged for the year ended 31 March 2025 (2024: HK\$nil).

15 無形資產(續)

商譽減值測試(續)

(i) 收購e-banner產生的商譽(續)

管理層基於市場及運營發展之 以往業績及期望釐定收益增長 率。本集團應用之貼現率反映 貨幣時間價值之當前市場評估 及現金產生單位特定風險。

由於減值檢討,於二零二五年 三月三十一日根據使用價值計 算法計算的可收回金額超過賬 面值約4,862,000港元(差額) (二零二四年:23,822,000港元)。因此,於截至二零二五年 元)。因此,於截至二零二五年 減值虧損(二零二四年:零港 元)。 Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 合併財務報表附註

16 Subsidiaries

16 附屬公司

The following is a list of the subsidiaries at 31 March 2025 and 2024:

於二零二五年及二零二四年三月 三十一日,附屬公司名單如下:

Name of company 公司名稱	Place of incorporation and kind of legal entity 註冊成立地點及法律實體類型	Particulars of issued share capital 已發行股本詳情	ordinary s by the G 本集團持有普 2025	连通股比例 (%) 2024	Proportion of ordinary shares held by non-controlling interest (%) 非控股權益持有普通股比例(%) 2025 2024 二零二五年 二零二四年	Principal activities and place of operation 主要業務活動及 營業地點
Directly held: 直接持有:						
Promise Network Holding Limited 保諾時網絡控股有限公司	The British Virgin Islands ("BVI"), limited liability company 英屬處女群島 (「英屬處女群島」), 有限責任公司	2,887 ordinary shares of US\$1 each 2,887股每股面值1美元的 普通股	100%	100%	<u>.</u> -	Investment holding in Hong Kong 香港投資控股
eprint Digital Holding Limited	The BVI, limited liability company 英屬處女群島,有限責任公司	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each 1股每股面值1美元的普通股	100%	100%		Investment holding in Hong Kong 香港投資控股
E-print Group Limited	The BVI, limited liability company 英屬處女群島,有限責任公司	50,000 ordinary shares of US\$1 each 50,000股每股面值1美元的 普通股	100%	100%		Investment holding in Hong Kong 香港投資控股
eprint Holdings Limited	The BVI, limited liability company 英屬處女群島,有限責任公司	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each 1股每股面值1美元的普通股	100%	100%		Investment holding in Hong Kong 香港投資控股
e-print Trading Limited	The BVI, limited liability company 英屬處女群島,有限責任公司	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each 1股每股面值1美元的普通股	100%	100%		Investment holding in Hong Kong 香港投資控股

16 附屬公司(續)

Name of company 公司名稱	Place of incorporation and kind of legal entity 註冊成立地點及法律實體類型	Particulars of issued share capital 已發行股本詳情	Propor ordinary sl by the G 本集團持有普 2025 二零二五年	hares held roup (%) 通股比例(%) 2024	Proportion of ordinary shares held by non-controlling interest (%) 非控股權益持有 普通股比例(%) 2025 2024 二零二五年 二零二四年	Principal activities and place of operation 主要業務活動及 營業地點
Indirectly held: 間接持有 :						
Promise Network Printing Limited 保諾時網上印刷有限公司	Hong Kong, limited liability company 香港·有限責任公司	2,886 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each 2,886股每股面值1港元的 普通股	100%	100%	-	Provision of printing services in Hong Kong 在香港提供印刷 服務
Invoice Limited 寶明印刷有限公司	Hong Kong, limited liability company 香港·有限責任公司	1,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each 1,000股每股面值1港元的 普通股	100%	100%	-	Provision of money lending business in Hong Kong 在香港提供放債 業務
Kimley Technology (HK) Limited 金來科技(香港)有限公司	Hong Kong, limited liability company 香港·有限責任公司	2,775 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each 2,775股每股面值1港元的 普通股	100%	100%		Investment holding in Hong Kong 香港投資控股
Kimley Development Limited 金來拓展有限公司	Hong Kong, limited liability company 香港·有限責任公司	10,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each 10,000股每股面值1港元的 普通股	100%	100%		Dormant 暫無業務
Kimley Trading Limited 金來貿易有限公司	Hong Kong, limited liability company 香港·有限責任公司	10,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each 10,000股每股面值1港元的 普通股	100%	100%		Property investment in Hong Kong 香港物業投資
Dajinlai Technology (Shenzhen) Limited ^{1,2} 大金來科技(深圳) 有限公司 ^{1,2}	The PRC, limited liability company 中國·有限責任公司	1,000,000 ordinary shares or RMB1 each 1,000,000股每股面值 人民幣1元的普通股	f 100%	100%		Provision of I.T. services in the PRC 在中國提供資訊 科技服務
Lucky Gainer Limited 旺豪有限公司	Hong Kong, limited liability company 香港·有限責任公司	2 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each 2股每股面值1港元的普通股	100%	100%		Provision of management services in Hong Kong 在香港提供管理 服務

16 附屬公司(續)

Name of company	Place of incorporation and kind of legal entity	Particulars of issued share capital	Proporti ordinary sh by the Gro	ares held	Proportion of o shares held non-contro interest (非控股權益	d by Iling %)	Principal activities and place of operation 主要業務活動及
公司名稱	註冊成立地點及法律實體類型	已發行股本詳情	本集團持有普遍 2025 二零二五年	2024	普通股比例 2025 二零二五年 二	l(%) 2024	營業地點
Indirectly held: (Continued) 間接持有: (續)							
Design Easy Limited 設計易 (香港) 有限公司	Hong Kong, limited liability company 香港·有限責任公司	2,775 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each 2,775股每股面值1港元的 普通股	100%	100%	-	-	Provision of printing services in Hong Kong 在香港提供印刷 服務
eprint Investments Limited	The BVI, limited liability company 英屬處女群島·有限責任公司	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each 1股每股面值1美元的普通股	100%	100%	-	-	Property investment in Hong Kong 香港物業投資
eprint Property Investments Limited	The BVI, limited liability company 英屬處女群島·有限責任公司	1 ordinary share of US\$1 each 1股每股面值1美元的普通股	100%	100%	-	-	Property investment in Hong Kong 香港物業投資
e-banner Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company 香港·有限責任公司	40,133,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each 40,133,000股每股面值 1港元的普通股	51%	51%	49%	49%	Provision of digital printing services in Hong Kong 在香港提供數字 印刷服務
Digital Printing Centre Limited 數碼印刷中心有限公司	Hong Kong, limited liability company 香港·有限責任公司	10,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each 10,000股每股面值1港元的 普通股	51%	51%	49%	49%	Investment holding in Hong Kong 香港投資控股
Ebanner Solution Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia, limited liability company 馬來西亞·有限責任公司	400,000 ordinary shares of RM1 each 400,000股每股面值1令吉的 普通股	51%	51%	49%	49%	Provision of printing services in Malaysia 在馬來西亞提供 印刷服務
E-Boss Co., Limited ("E-Boss") 老闆網有限公司 (「老闆網」)	Hong Kong, limited liability company 香港·有限責任公司	1 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each 1股每股面值1港元的普通股	100%	100%	-	-	Investment holding in Hong Kong 香港投資控股

16 附屬公司(續)

Name of company	Place of incorporation and kind of legal entity	Particulars of issued share capital	Proporti ordinary sha by the Gro	ares held	Proportion of shares he non-contr interest 非控股權註	eld by colling (%)	Principal activities and place of operation 主要業務活動及
公司名稱	註冊成立地點及法律實體類型	已發行股本詳情	本集團持有普遍 2025	2024	普通股比· 2025	例 (%) 2024	工 <i>实</i> 未仍归却及 營業地點
			二零二五年	二零二四年	二零二五年	零二四年	
Indirectly held: (Continued) 間接持有: (績)							
TTTH Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company 香港·有限責任公司	10,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each 10,000股每股面值1港元的 普通股	51%	51%	49%	49%	Dormant 暫無業務
WAB2 Group (HK) Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company 香港·有限責任公司	10,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each 10,000股每股面值1港元的 普通股	51%	51%	49%	49%	Property investment in Hong Kong 香港物業投資
e-gabuy Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company 香港·有限責任公司	10,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each 10,000股每股面值1港元的 普通股	51%	51%	49%	49%	Trading of goods 貨品貿易
Top Success Investment Group Limited ("Top Success BVI") ³ 北方鼎盛投資控股有限公司 (「鼎盛投資」) ³	The BVI, limited liability company 英屬處女群島·有限責任公司	400,000 ordinary shares of HK\$50 each 400,000股每股面值50港元 的普通股	77.5%	50%	22.5%	50%	Investment holding in Hong Kong 香港投資控股
Top Success Investment (Hong Kong) Limited ("Top Success HK") ³ 北方鼎盛投資(香港) 有限公司(「鼎盛香港」) ³	Hong Kong, limited liability company 香港·有限責任公司	10,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each 10,000股每股面值1港元的 普通股	77.5%	50%	22.5%	50%	Property investment in Hong Kong 香港物業投資
Yacht Easy International Limited ("Yacht Easy") ³ 船太易國際有限公司 (「船太易」) ³	Hong Kong, limited liability company 香港·有限責任公司	1,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each 1,000,000股每股面值1港元 的普通股	77.5%	50%	22.5%	50%	Yacht financing in Hong Kong 香港遊艇融資
¹ English translatio	on is for identification purpose	only		1	英文譯名僅供	識別	
² Registered as wh	nolly foreign owned enterprise	s under PRC law		2 村	艮據中國法律	: 註冊為列	商獨資企業
Top Success BV 30 May 2024.	/I, Top Success HK and Yacl	nt Easy were acquired	on		鼎盛投資、鼎 二四年五月三		及船太易於二零 <購。

(a) Material non-controlling interests

The total non-controlling interests as at 31 March 2025 is HK\$18,952,000 (2024: HK\$14,219,000), in which the amount is attributed to e-banner Limited and its subsidiaries ("e-banner Group") and Top Success BVI and its subsidiaries ("Top Success Group").

Summarised consolidated financial information on subsidiaries with material non-controlling interests

Set out below is the summarised consolidated financial (i) information for the e-banner Group that have noncontrolling interests that are material to the Group. The amounts disclosed for e-banner Group are before intercompany eliminations.

Summarised consolidated statement of financial position

16 附屬公司(續)

(a) 重大非控股權益

於二零二五年三月三十一日,非控 股權益總額為18.952.000港元(二 零二四年:14,219,000港元),屬 於e-banner Limited及其附屬公司 (「e-banner集團 |)以及鼎盛投資及 其附屬公司(「鼎盛集團」)。

擁有重大非控股權益的附屬公司之 合併財務資料概要

下文載列對本集團而言屬重大 的擁有非控股權益的e-banner 集團之合併財務資料概要。就 e-banner集團所披露的金額為 公司間抵銷前的金額。

合併財務狀況表概要

		e-banner Group e-banner集團 2025 20 二零二五年 二零二四 HK\$'000 HK\$'0	
Current Assets Liabilities	流動 資產 負債	18,218 (36,138)	22,200 (43,765)
Net current liabilities	流動負債	(17,920)	(21,565)
Non-current Assets Liabilities	非流動 資產 負債	52,177 (3,840)	59,048 (7,544)
Net non-current assets	非流動資產淨額	48,337	51,504
Net assets	資產淨額	30,417	29,939

(a) Material non-controlling interests (Continued)

Summarised consolidated financial information on subsidiaries with material non-controlling interests

Summarised consolidated statement of comprehensive income

16 附屬公司(續)

(a) 重大非控股權益(續)

擁有重大非控股權益的附屬公司之 合併財務資料概要(續)

合併綜合收益表概要

		e-banner Group e-banner集團	
		2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue Profit before income tax Income tax expense Profit for the year	收益 除所得税前溢利 所得税開支 年內溢利	90,546 885 (494) 391	92,956 3,737 (450) 3,287

- (ii) Set out below is the summarised consolidated financial information for the Top Success Group that have noncontrolling interests that are material to the Group. The amounts disclosed for Top Success Group are before inter-company eliminations.
- (ii) 下文載列對本集團而言屬重大的擁有非控股權益的鼎盛集團之合併財務資料概要。就鼎盛集團所披露的金額為公司間抵銷前的金額。

(a) Material non-controlling interests (Continued)

Summarised consolidated financial information on subsidiaries with material non-controlling interests

Summarised consolidated statement of financial position

16 附屬公司(續)

(a) 重大非控股權益(續)

擁有重大非控股權益的附屬公司之 合併財務資料概要(續)

合併財務狀況表概要

		Top Success Group 鼎盛集團 2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current Assets Liabilities	流動 資產 負債	28,585 (20,495)
Net current assets	流動資產淨額	8,090
Non-current Assets	非流動資產	11,579
Net assets	資產淨額	19,669

Summarised consolidated statement of comprehensive income

合併綜合收益表概要

		Top Success Group 鼎盛集團 2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue Profit before income tax Income tax expense Profit for the year	收益 除所得税前溢利 所得税開支 年內溢利	4,670 883 (214) 669

Accounting policies - Subsidiaries

(a) Consolidation

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

Intra-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between Group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated. When necessary amounts reported by subsidiaries have been adjusted to conform with the Group's accounting policies.

(i) Business combinations

The Group applies the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date.

16 附屬公司(續)

會計政策-附屬公司

(a) 合併

集團內公司之間的交易、結餘 及本集團公司間之交易之未變 現收益予以對銷。未變現虧損 亦予以對銷。如有需要,附屬公 司報告之金額已作出調整以符 合本集團之會計政策。

(i) 業務合併

Accounting policies - Subsidiaries (Continued)

- (a) Consolidation (Continued)
 - (i) Business combinations (Continued)

The Group recognises any non-controlling interests in the acquiree on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis. Non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation are measured at either fair value or the present ownership interests' proportionate share in the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at their acquisition date fair value, unless another measurement basis is required by HKFRS.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date; any gains or losses arising from such re-measurement are recognised in profit and loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the Group is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration that is deemed to be an asset or liability is recognised in accordance with HKAS 39 either in profit and loss or as a change to other comprehensive income. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not re-measured, and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

16 附屬公司(續)

會計政策-附屬公司(續)

- (a) 合併(續)
 - 業務合併(續) (i)

本集團按逐項收購基準, 確認於被收購方之任何非 控股權益。於被收購方之 非控股權益(即現時所有 權權益,且可令其持有人 有權於清盤時享有實體 定比例之資產淨值)以公 允價值或以現時所有權權 益按比例分佔被收購方已 確認之可識別資產淨值計 量。除香港財務報告準則 規定須使用另一計量基準 外,所有其他非控股權益 部分乃按於收購日期的公 允價值計量。

收購相關成本於產生時支 銷。

倘業務合併分階段進行, 收購方於收購日期前持有 的被收購方的股權的賬面 值應按照於收購日期之公 允價值重新計量;有關重 新計量所產生的任何盈虧 於損益確認。

本集團所轉讓的任何或然 代價於收購當日按公允 價值確認。被視作一項資 產或負債的或然代價公允 價值的隨後變動,將根據 香港會計準則第39號,於 損益確認或確認為其他綜 合收益變動。被分類為權 益的或然代價毋須重新計 量,而其後結算於權益入 賬。

Accounting policies - Subsidiaries (Continued)

(a) Consolidation (Continued)

(i) Business combinations (Continued)

The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the total of consideration transferred, non-controlling interest recognised and previously held interest measured is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognised directly in the profit and loss.

(ii) Changes in ownership interests

Transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions – that is, as transactions with the owners of the subsidiary in their capacity as owners. The difference between fair value of any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity.

16 附屬公司(續)

會計政策-附屬公司(續)

(a) 合併(續)

(i) 業務合併(續)

(ii) 所有權權益變動

Accounting policies - Subsidiaries (Continued)

- (a) Consolidation (Continued)
 - Changes in ownership interests (Continued)

When the Group ceases to consolidate or equity account for an investment because of a loss of control, joint control or significant influence, any retained interest in the entity is remeasured to its fair value with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. This fair value becomes the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in consolidated statements of comprehensive income are reclassified to consolidated statements of profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as specified or permitted by applicable HKFRSs.

If the ownership interest in a joint venture or an associate is reduced but joint control or significant influence is retained, only a proportionate share of the amounts previously recognised in consolidated statements of comprehensive income are reclassified to consolidated statements of profit or loss where appropriate.

16 附屬公司(續)

會計政策-附屬公司(續)

- (a) 合併(續)
 - 所有權權益變動(續)

當本集團因喪失控制權、 共同控制權或重大影響力 而不再合併投資或按權益 入賬一項投資時,於該實 體的任何保留權益按其公 允價值重新計量,賬面值 的變動於損益確認。就其 後入賬列作聯營公司、合 營公司或金融資產的保留 權益而言,該公允價值為 初始賬面值。此外,先前 於其他綜合收益確認與該 實體有關的任何金額按猶 如本集團已直接出售有關 資產或負債的方式入賬。 這可能意味著先前於合併 綜合收益表確認的金額重 新分類至合併損益表或轉 撥至適用香港財務報告準 則所指明或許可的另一權 益類別內。

倘合營企業或聯營公司的 所有權權益被削減但仍保 留共同控制權或重大影響 力,則先前於合併綜合收 益表確認的金額僅有一定 比例份額重新分類至合併 損益表(如適用)。

Accounting policies – Subsidiaries (Continued)

(a) Consolidation (Continued)

(iii) Closure of subsidiaries

When the Group ceases to consolidate or equity account for an investment because of a loss of control, any retained interest in the entity is re-measured to its fair value at the date when control is lost, with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit and loss. The fair value becomes the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. It means that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to retained earnings as permitted by applicable HKFRSs.

(b) Separate financial statements

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving dividends from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

16 附屬公司(續)

會計政策-附屬公司(續)

(a) 合併(續)

(iii) 關閉附屬公司

當本集團因失去控制權而 不再將投資合併入賬或終 止權益列賬,在實體的任 何保留權益於失去控制權 當日重新計量至公允價 值,賬面值的變動在損益 中確認。就其後入賬列作 聯營公司、合營企業或金 融資產的保留權益而言, 其公允價值為初始賬面 值。此外,先前於其他綜 合收益確認與該實體有關 的任何金額,按猶如本集 團已直接處置相關資產或 負債的方式入賬。這意味 著先前於其他綜合收益確 認的金額按適用香港財務 報告準則所允許被重新分 類至保留盈利。

(b) 獨立財務報表

於附屬公司的投資按成本扣除減值列賬。成本包括直接歸屬投資成本。附屬公司的業績由本公司按已收及應收股息入賬。

於收取附屬公司投資的股息時,如股息超過宣派股息期內附屬公司的總綜合收益,或如在超立財務報表的投資賬面值超過合併財務報表中被投資公司淨資產(包括商譽)的賬面值,則必須對附屬公司投資作減值測試。

17 Investment in an associate

17 於一間聯營公司的投資

		2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
At beginning of year Share of loss of an associate	於年初 應佔一間聯營公司虧損	1,181 (78)	1,380 (199)
At end of year	於年末	1,103	1,181

Details of the Group's investment in an associate are as follows:

本集團於一間聯營公司的投資詳情 如下:

Name of company 公司名稱	Place of business/ country of incorporation 業務地點/ 註冊成立國家	Effective in as at 31 於三月三 持有實	March ∃ + – ⊟	Principal activities 主要業務活動	Measurement method	Carrying 賬面	
A 7) L'III	IT 110 W 7 50 3/	2025 二零二五年	2024 二零二四年	上 <i>头</i> 未切旧到	川重刀仏	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Step Wise Limited 來智有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	15%	15%	Provision of premium car wrap service 提供優質汽車包覆服務	Equity 權益法	1,103	1,181

Notes:

- There are no commitments and contingent liabilities relating to the Group's interest in an associate.
- Although the Group owns not more than 20% interest in Step Wise Limited ("Step Wise"), it is able to exercise its voting rights by virtue of the fact that 1 out of 3 directors of Step Wise are elected by the Group and the Group is able to influence the activities of Step Wise which significantly affect the returns.
- 附註:
- 並無有關本集團於一間聯營公司權益的 承擔及或然負債。
- 儘管本集團擁有來智有限公司(「來智」) 不超過20%的權益,由於來智三名董事中 的一名由本集團選舉,因此本集團能行 使其投票權,本集團亦能影響來智的對 收益產生重大影響的業務活動。

18 Investments in joint ventures

18 於合營企業的投資

		2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
At beginning of year Share of profits of joint ventures	於年初 應佔合營企業溢利	11,061 1,638	10,654 1,218
Transfer to a subsidiary	轉移附屬公司	(1,563)	, <u>-</u>
Currency translation differences	正	539	(811)
At end of year	於年末	11,675	11,061

Details of the Group's joint ventures are as follows:

本集團之合營企業詳情如下:

Name of company	Place of business/ country of incorporation 業務地點/	Percentag ownership in		Principal activities	Measurement method	Carrying	amount
公司名稱	註冊成立國家	所有權權益百 2025 二零二五年 <u></u>	5分比 2024 二零二四年	主要業務活動	計量方法	賬 配 2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	5值 2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
e-print Solutions Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia 馬來西亞	30%	30%	Provision of printing services 提供印刷服務	Equity 權益法	11,675	9,536
Top Success Investment Group Limited 北方鼎盛投資控股有限公司	The BVI 英屬處女群島	N/A 不適用	50%	Provision of finance leasing of yacht 提供遊艇融資租賃	Equity 權益法	-	1,525

Note: 附註:

- (i) As at 31 March 2025 and 2024, the Group has no commitments and no contingent liabilities relating to the Group's interest in joint ventures.
- (i) 於二零二五年及二零二四年三月三十一 日·本集團並無有關本集團於合營企業 權益的任何承擔及或然負債。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 合併財務報表附註

18 Investments in joint ventures (Continued)

Accounting policies - Joint arrangement

The Group has applied HKFRS 11 to all joint arrangement. Under HKFRS 11 investments in joint arrangements are classified as either joint operations or joint ventures depending on the contractual rights and obligations of each investor. The Group has assessed the nature of its joint arrangement and determined them to be joint venture. Joint venture is accounted for using the equity method.

Under the equity method of accounting, interest in a joint venture is initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses and movements in other comprehensive income. The Group's investment in a joint venture includes goodwill identified on acquisition. Upon the acquisition of the ownership interest in a joint venture, any difference between the cost of the joint venture and the Group's share of the net fair value of the joint venture's identifiable assets and liabilities is accounted for as goodwill. When the Group's share of loss in a joint venture equals or exceeds its interest in a joint venture (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the joint ventures), the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of a joint venture.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its joint venture is eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in a joint venture. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policy of a joint venture has been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

18 於合營企業的投資(會)

會計政策-共同安排

本集團已對所有共同安排應用香港 財務報告準則第11號。根據香港財 務報告準則第11號,於共同安排之 投資分類為合營業務或合營企業, 乃根據各投資方之合約權利及責任 作分類。本集團已評估其共同安排 之 性質, 並 釐 定 該 等 共 同 安 排 為 合 營企業。合營企業採用權益法入賬。

根據權益會計法,於合營企業之權 益初步按成本確認,隨後進行調整 以確認本集團應佔收購後溢利或虧 損及其他綜合收益的變動。本集團 於合營企業之投資包括於收購時已 識別之商譽。於收購合營企業之所 有權權益時,合營企業之成本與本 集團應佔合營企業之可識別資產及 負債之公允價值淨額之任何差額入 賬 為 商 譽。倘 本 集 團 應 佔 合 營 企 業 的虧損等於或超過所持合營企業之 權益(包括實際上構成本集團於合 營企業之投資淨額部分的任何長期 權 益),本集團不會再確認虧損,除 非本集團產生責任或代表合營企業 付款,則作別論。

本集團與合營企業交易的未變現收 益會對銷,以本集團所持合營企業 權益為限。除非有證據顯示交易中 所轉讓資產出現減值,否則未變現 虧損亦會對銷。合營企業之會計政 策已作必要修訂,確保與本集團所 採納之政策一致。

19 Financial instruments by category

19 按類別劃分的金融工具

		Financial asset at amortised costs - loans and receivables 按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產一貸款及應收款項HK\$'000千港元	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 透過損益按 公允價值列賬 之金融資產 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Assets As at 31 March 2025	資產 於二零二五年			
Trade and other receivables (excluding prepayments) Loan receivables	三月三十一日 貿易及其他應收款項 (不包括預付款項) 應收買法 2 司款項	12,073 19,949	-	12,073 19,949
Amounts due from related companies	應收關連公司款項	377	_	377
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Cash and cash equivalents	透過損益按公允價值列賬 之金融資產 現金及現金等值項目	- 103,056	1,225 -	1,225 103,056
		135,455	1,225	136,680
Assets As at 31 March 2024 Trade and other receivables	資產 於二零二四年 三月三十一日 貿易及其他應收款項			
(excluding prepayments) Amounts due from related	(不包括預付款項) 應收關連公司款項	15,194	_	15,194
companies Other financial assets at	按攤銷成本列賬之	328	_	328
amortised cost Financial assets at fair value	其他金融資產 透過損益按公允價值	29,576	_	29,576
through profit or loss Cash and cash equivalents	列賬之金融資產 現金及現金等值項目	- 100,035	8,994 -	8,994 100,035
		145,133	8,994	154,127

19 Financial instruments by category (Continued) 19 按類別劃分的金融工具(續)

		Financial liabilities at amortised cost 按攤銷成本 列賬之 金融負債 HK\$'000 千港元
Liabilities	負債	
As at 31 March 2025	於二零二五年三月三十一日	
Amounts due to directors	應付董事款項	407
Borrowings	借貸	71,128
Trade payables, accruals and other payables	貿易應付款項、應計款項及	
(excluding contract liabilities)	其他應付款項(不包括合約負債)	16,058
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	28,082
		115,675
Liabilities	負債	
As at 31 March 2024	^{貝 貝} 於二零二四年三月三十一日	
Amounts due to directors	應付董事款項	148
Borrowings	借貸	40,951
Trade payables, accruals and other payables	貿易應付款項、應計款項及	.0,00
(excluding contract liabilities)	其他應付款項(不包括合約負債)	20,954
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	47,172
		100.005
		109,225

20 Inventories

20 存貨

		2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Raw materials	原材料	9,560	5,108
Work-in-progress	在製品	524	123
Finished goods	製成品	349	101
		10,433	5,332

The cost of materials recognised as an expense and included in 'cost of sales' amounted to approximately HK\$54,807,000 for the year ended 31 March 2025 (2024: HK\$65,312,000).

截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度,確認為開支並列入「銷售成本」的材料成本約為54,807,000港元(二零二四年:65,312,000港元)。

Accounting policies – Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The cost of inventories comprises materials to be consumed in the rendering of services. It excludes borrowing costs. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

會計政策-存貨

存貨乃按成本與可變現淨值兩者之較低者呈列。成本乃按先入先出法釐定。存貨成本包括於提供服務時將消耗之材料。存貨成本不包括借貸成本。可變現淨值乃按日常業務範圍內之估計售價,減適用之可變銷售開支估計。

21 Trade receivables

21 貿易應收款項

		2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade receivables Less: loss allowance	貿易應收款項 減:虧損撥備	5,584 (541)	5,752 (461)
Trade receivables – net	貿易應收款項-淨額	5,043	5,291

21 Trade receivables (Continued)

Notes:

The directors of the Company apply the simplified approach to provide for expected credit losses prescribed by HKFRS 9, which permits the use of the lifetime expected loss provision for trade receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, these receivables have been grouped based on firstly shared credit risk characteristics and then aging from billing.

See Note 3.1(b) for credit risk exposure and expected credit loss provision for trade receivables and information about how impairment losses are calculated. Movements of the Group's loss allowance for impairment of trade receivables are detailed in Note 3.1(b).

- As at 31 March 2025 and 2024, the maximum exposure to credit risk is the carrying amounts of trade receivables and the Group does not hold any collateral as security.
- As at 31 March 2025 and 2024, due to the short-term nature of trade receivables, the directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of trade receivables approximate their fair values.
- (iv) As at 31 March 2025 and 2024, the carrying amounts of trade receivables are mainly denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

Payment terms granted to customers are mainly cash on delivery and on credit. The average credit period ranges from 30 days to 60 days. The ageing analysis of the gross trade receivables based on invoice date is as follows:

21 貿易應收款項(續)

附註:

本公司董事採用簡化方法計提香港財務 報告準則第9號規定的預期信貸虧損,香 港財務報告準則第9號允許對貿易應收款 項使用全期預期虧損撥備。為計量預期 信貸虧損,該等應收款項已首先根據共 同信貸風險特徵分組,然後根據賬單進 行賬齡分析。

> 有關信貸風險敞口及貿易應收款項的預 期信貸虧損以及有關減值虧損的計算資 料,請參閱附註3.1(b)。有關本集團貿易 應收款項減值虧損撥備的變動詳述於附 註3.1(b)。

- 於二零二五年及二零二四年三月三十一 日,承受的最大信貸風險乃貿易應收款 項的賬面值及本集團並無持有任何抵押 品作擔保。
- 於二零二五年及二零二四年三月三十一 日,由於貿易應收款項的短期性質,本公 司董事認為貿易應收款項的賬面值與其 公允價值相若。
- 於二零二五年及二零二四年三月三十一 日,貿易應收款項的賬面值主要以港元 計值。

向客戶提供的付款條款主要為貨到 付款及賒賬。平均信貸期介乎30日 至60日。按發票日期劃分的貿易應 收款項毛額賬齡分析如下:

		2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
0-30 days	0至30日	2,243	2,747
31-60 days	31至60日	708	1,150
Over 60 days	超過60日	2,633	1,855
		5,584	5,752

21 Trade receivables (Continued)

Accounting policies - Trade receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for good sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection of trade receivables is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. See Note 41.5 for further information about the Group's accounting for trade receivables and description of the Group's impairment policies.

21 貿易應收款項(續)

會計政策一貿易應收款項

貿易應收款項為在日常業務過程中就已售貨品或提供服務應收客戶的款項。倘若貿易應收款項預期於一年或一年以內(或如屬較長時間,則以一般業務營運週期為準)收回,其被分類為流動資產;否則其呈列為非流動資產。

貿易應收款項最初按公允價值確認, 其後則以實際利息法按攤銷成本計 算並扣除減值撥備。有關本集團貿 易應收款項會計處理之其他資料及 有關本集團減值政策之描述,請見 附註41.5。

22 Deposits, prepayments and other receivables

22 按金、預付款項及其他應收款項

		2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Deposits and prepayments (Note (i))	按金及預付款項(附註(i))	8,152	25,210
Other receivables	其他應收款項	1,962	1,323
		10,114	26,533
Less: non-current portion	減: 非流動部分		
Deposits and prepayments	按金及預付款項	(1,109)	(21,223)
Deposits, prepayments and	按金、預付款項及其他應收		
other receivables - current portion	款項一流動部分	9,005	5,310

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 合併財務報表附註

22 Deposits, prepayments and other receivables (Continued)

Notes:

- Amount mainly represents rental deposits, and prepayments for utility, prepayments for machineries, insurance expenses and sub-contracting
- For deposits and other receivables, the Group applies the HKFRS 9 general approach to measure expected credit losses which uses a 3-stage model to measure loss allowance.

See Note 3.1(b) for credit risk exposure and expected credit loss provision for deposits, and other receivables and the information about how impairment losses are calculated.

As at 31 March 2025 and 2024, management considered that the expected credit loss for deposits and other receivables was immaterial, thus no loss allowance was made.

- (iii) As at 31 March 2025 and 2024, the maximum exposure to credit risk is the carrying amounts of deposits and other receivables as the Group does not hold any collateral as security.
- As at 31 March 2025 and 2024, the directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of deposits and other receivables approximate their fair values.

As at 31 March 2025 and 2024, the carrying amounts of the Group's deposits, prepayments and other receivables are mainly denominated in the following currencies:

22 按金、預付款項及其他應收 款項(續)

附註:

- 該金額主要指租賃按金及公用服務預付 款項、機器預付款項、保險開支及分包費
- 就按金及其他應收款項而言,本集團採 用香港財務報告準則第9號一般方法計量 預期信貸虧損,其採用三階段模型計量 虧損撥備。

有關按金及其他應收款的信貸風險敞口 及預期信貸虧損撥備以及有關如何計算 減值虧損的資料,請參閱附註3.1(b)。

於二零二五年及二零二四年三月三十一 日,管理層認為按金及其他應收款項的 預期信貸虧損並不重大,因此未計提虧 損撥備。

- 於二零二五年及二零二四年三月三十一 日,本集團並未持有任何抵押品作擔保, 承受的最大信貸風險乃按金及其他應收 款項的賬面值。
- 於二零二五年及二零二四年三月三十一 日,本公司董事認為,按金及其他應收款 項的賬面值與其公允價值相若。

於二零二五年及二零二四年三月 三十一日,本集團按金、預付款項及 其他應收款項的賬面值主要以下列貨 幣計值:

		2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
HK\$	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9,588	11,861
JPY	日圓	_	12,925
Euro	歐元	_	1,206
Others	其他	526	541
		10,114	26,533

Accounting policies - Other receivables

Other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. See Note 41.5 for further information about the Group's accounting for trade receivables and description of the Group's impairment policies.

會計政策一其他應收款項

其他應收款項最初按公允價值確認, 其後則以實際利息法按攤銷成本計 算並扣除減值撥備。有關本集團貿易 應收款項會計處理之其他資料及有 關本集團減值政策之描述,請見附註 41.5 °

23 Loan receivables

23 應收貸款

		2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loan receivables Less: loss allowance	應收貸款 減:虧損撥備	20,358 (409)	_
Less: current portion	減:流動部分	19,949 (12,553)	_
Non-current portion	非流動部分	7,396	_

Notes:

As at 31 March 2025, the loan receivables from customers are secured by the yacht charged, interest-bearing and are repayable with fixed terms agreed with customers. The maximum exposure to credit risk is the carrying amounts of loan receivables.

The ageing analysis of loan receivables based on whether individual customer balance has become overdue is as follows:

附註:

於二零二五年三月三十一日,應收客戶貸款以已押記遊艇作抵押,計息及須按與客戶協定的固定條款償還。最大信貸風險敞口為應收貸款的賬面值。

基於個別客戶結餘是否逾期的應收貸款賬齡分 析如下:

		2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current Overdue 1-90 days	即期 逾期1至90日	14,596 5,762	- -
		20,358	-

23 Loan receivables (Continued)

23 應收貸款(續)

Notes: (Continued)

附註:(續)

The aging analysis of loan receivables based on contractual due date of instalments is as follows:

基於分期付款合約到期日的應收貸款的賬齡分 析如下:

		2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current	即期	20,061	_
Overdue 1-30 days	逾期1至30日	99	_
Overdue 31-60 days	逾期31至60日	99	_
Overdue 61-90 days	逾期61至90日	99	_

As at 31 March 2025, the Group applies the HKFRS 9 general approach to measure expected credit losses which uses a 3-stage model to measure loss allowance for loan receivables.

See Note 3.1(b) for credit risk exposure and expected credit loss provision for loan receivables and the information about how impairment losses are calculated.

As at 31 March 2025, the Group has provision for impairment of loan receivables of HK\$409,000.

As at 31 March 2025, the carrying amount of loan receivables are dominated in Hong Kong dollars.

See Note 41.5 for further information about the Group's accounting for loan receivables.

於二零二五年三月三十一日,本集團應用香港 財務報告準則第9號一般方法計量預期信貸虧 損,該方法採用三階段模式計量應收貸款的虧 損撥備。

有關應收貸款的信貸風險敞口及預期信貸虧損 撥備以及有關計算減值虧損方法的資料,請參 閲附註3.1(b)。

於二零二五年三月三十一日,本集團已就應收 貸款計提減值撥備409,000港元。

於二零二五年三月三十一日,應收貸款的賬面 值以港元計值。

有關本集團對應收貸款會計處理的進一步資料, 請參閱附註41.5。

24 Other financial assets at amortised cost 24 按攤銷成本列賬之其他金融資產

		2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loan and interest receivables (Note a) Less: loss allowance (Note b)	應收貸款及利息(附註a) 減:虧損撥備(附註b)	4,489 (4,489)	34,489 (4,913)
Less: current portion	減:流動部分	<u>-</u>	29,576 -
Non-current portion	非流動部分	_	29,576

(a) Movement of loan and interest receivables

(a) 應收貸款及利息的變動

		2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
At beginning of the year Accrued interest Transfer to amount due from a subsidiary Settlement for the year	於年初 應計利息 轉撥至應收一間附屬公司款項 年度結算	34,489 119 (22,000) (8,119)	34,503 1,829 – (1,843)
At end of the year	於年末	4,489	34,489

As at reporting date, the balance mainly composed of:

- ii) On 17 March 2020, the Group entered into a loan arrangement with the subsidiary of a joint venture Top Success BVI at a principal amount of HK\$30,000,000, which was interest bearing at 6% per annum and repayable in 2025. During the year ended 31 March 2025, additional interest in Top Success BVI was acquired by the Group (see Note 34) and thereafter, Top Success BVI became a subsidiary and the loan was transferred to an amount due from a subsidiary accordingly.
- (ii) A loan arrangement with the then associate E-Post Limited entered by the Group on 22 April 2020. The principal amount of the loan amounted to approximately HK\$4,991,000, with interest bearing at 5% per annum and repayable for the year ending 31 March 2025.

於報告日期,結餘主要包括:

- (i) 於二零二零年三月十七日,本集團與一家合營企業一鼎盛投資制工。 團與一家合營企業一鼎盛投資 附屬公司訂立貸款安排,本金6% 計息及須於二零二五年償還。於 截至二零二五年三月三十一資, 在主度,本集團收購鼎盛投資, 與資成為附屬公司,故資計 或投資成為附屬公司, 或持續至應收一間附屬公司款 項。
- (ii) 本集團於二零二零年四月 二十二日與當時一家聯營公司一 E-Post Limited訂立的貸款安排。 貸款本金約為4,991,000港元,按 年利率5%計息,應於截至二零 二五年三月三十一日止年度償 還。

24 Other financial assets at amortised cost

(Continued)

(b) Loss allowance

As at 31 March 2025 and 2024, the Group applies the HKFRS 9 general approach to measure expected credit losses which uses a 3-stage model to measure loss allowance for other financial assets at amortised cost.

See Note 3.1(b) for credit risk exposure and expected credit loss provision for other financial assets at amortised cost and the information about how impairment losses are calculated.

Movements of the Group's loss allowance for impairment of other financial assets at amortised cost are detailed in Note 3.1(b).

As at 31 March 2025 and 2024, the maximum exposure to credit risk is the carrying amounts of other financial assets at amortised cost as the Group does not hold any collateral as security.

As at 31 March 2025 and 2024, the carrying amount of other financial assets at amortised costs are dominated in Hong Kong dollar.

24 按攤銷成本列賬之其他金 融資產ஞ

(b) 虧損撥備

於二零二五年及二零二四年三月 三十一日,本集團應用香港財務報告 準則第9號一般方法計量預期信貸虧 損,其採用三階段模型計量按攤銷成 本列賬之其他金融資產的虧損撥備。

有關信貸風險敞口及按攤銷成本列賬 之其他金融資產的預期信貸虧損撥備 以及有關如何計算減值虧損的資料, 請參閱附註3.1(b)。

本集團按攤銷成本列賬之其他金融 資產減值虧損撥備之變動詳情載於 附註3.1(b)。

於二零二五年及二零二四年三月 三十一日,由於本集團並無持有任何抵 押品作擔保,故最高信貸風險為按攤銷 成本列賬之其他金融資產的賬面值。

於二零二五年及二零二四年三月 三十一日,按攤銷成本列賬之其他金 融資產的賬面值以港元計值。

25 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

25 透過損益按公允價值列賬 之金融資產

2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元 2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元

Debentures and equity investments

债券及股本投資

1,225

8,994

Notes:

- (i) The fair values of the debentures and equity investments are based on quoted prices in active markets and are classified within level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.
- (ii) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is presented within investing activities in the consolidated statement of cash flows.
- (iii) Changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recorded in 'other gains/(losses) – net' in the consolidated profit and loss (Note 7).
- (iv) Information about the relevant accounting policy and fair value estimation is provided in Note 41 and Note 3.3, respectively. For an analysis of the Group's exposure to the price risk and credit risk, please refer to Notes 3.1(a) and 3.1(b).

附註:

- (i) 債券及股本投資的公允價值乃根據於活躍市場的報價計算且歸類於公允價值等級的第一級內。
- (ii) 透過損益按公允價值列賬之金融資產呈 列於合併現金流量表之投資活動內。
- (iii) 透過損益按公允價值列賬之金融資產的 公允價值變動載於合併損益「其他收益/ (虧損)一淨額」(附註7)。
- (iv) 有關相關會計政策及公允價值估計的資料分別載於附註41及附註3.3。有關本集團面臨的價格風險及信貸風險分析,請參閱附註3.1(a)及3.1(b)。



26 Cash and cash equivalents

26 現金及現金等值項目

		2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash at banks and on hand Short-term bank deposits (Note (i))	銀行現金及手頭現金短期銀行存款(附註(j))	60,547 42,509	74,095 25,940
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目	103,056	100,035

Notes:

- (i) It represents short-term bank deposits with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition.
- Cash at banks earn interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposits rate.
- Cash at banks and on hand of approximately HK\$1,229,000 (2024: HK\$1,051,000) are denominated in Renminbi. The conversion of Renminbi denominated balances into foreign currencies and the remittance of such foreign currencies denominated bank balances and cash out of PRC are subject to the relevant rules and regulations of foreign exchange control promulgated by the PRC government.

The carrying amounts of the cash and cash equivalents are denominated in the following currencies:

附註:

- 其指從收購日期起,原到期日為三個月 或以內之短期銀行存款。
- 銀行現金根據每日銀行存款利率按浮動 (ii) 利率賺取利息。
- 銀行及手頭現金約1,229,000港元(二零 二四年:1,051,000港元) 乃以人民幣計 值。凡將人民幣計值的結餘兑換成外幣 及將該等外幣計值的銀行結餘及現金匯 出中國,均須遵守中國政府頒佈的相關 外匯管制規則及法規。

現金及現金等值項目的賬面值以下 列貨幣計值:

		2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
HK\$ Renminbi US\$ Others	港元 人民幣 美元 其他	86,111 1,229 14,916 800	81,707 1,051 16,102 1,175
		103,056	100,035

Accounting policies - Cash and cash equivalents

會計政策-現金及現金等值項

For the purpose of presentation in the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

為呈列合併現金流量表,現金及現 金等值項目包括手頭現金、金融機 構的活期存款、原到期日不超過三 個月的其他短期高流動性投資(易 於轉換為已知金額的現金,價值變 動風險極小)。

27 Share capital and share premium

27 股本及股份溢價

		Number of shares 股份數目 (thousands) (千股)	Nominal value of ordinary shares 普通股面值 HK\$'000 千港元	Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元
Authorised capital – ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each At 1 April 2023, 31 March 2024, 1 April 2024 and 31 March 2025		10,000,000	100,000	
Issued and fully paid: At 1 April 2023, 31 March 2024, 1 April 2024 and 31 March 2025	已發行及繳足: 於二零二三年四月一日、 二零二四年三月 三十一日、二零二四年 四月一日及二零二五年			

Notes:

(i) The ordinary shares entitle the holders to participate in dividends, and to share in the proceeds of winding up the company in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the shares held. The ordinary shares entitle the holders to one vote per share at meetings in person or by proxy.

三月三十一日

(ii) Share premium represents the excess of the issuance price of the Company's shares over its nominal value.

Accounting policies - Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

附註:

550,000

(i) 普通股賦予持有人參與股息分配的權利, 並就所持有股份數量及支付金額比例分配公司清盤所得款項。普通股賦予持有人親身或委任代表出席會議,並就每股投一票的權利。

5.500

132.921

(ii) 股份溢價乃指本公司股份發行價格超過 其面值。

會計政策一股本

普通股分類列為權益。直接歸屬於發行新股份或購股權之新增成本在權益中列為所得款項之減少(除稅後)。



28 Other reserves

28 其他儲備

		Capital reserve (Note i) 資本儲備 (附註i) HK\$ ¹ 000 千港元	Other reserve 其他儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Share based payment reserve 股權 付款儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Exchange reserve (Note ii) 外匯儲備 (附註ii) HK\$'000 千港元	Retained earnings 保留盈利 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2023	於二零二三年四月一日	6,593	(21)	17,051	(3,035)	80,038	100,626
Loss for the year Currency translation differences	年內虧損 匯兑差額	-	-	-	-	(8,306)	(8,306)
Group Joint ventures and an associate	世元左領 一本集團 一合營企業及	-	-	-	(81)	-	(81)
Transfer upon lapse of share options	一間聯營公司於購股權失效時轉撥	-	-	- (1,950)	(811)	- 1,950	(811) -
At 31 March 2024 and 1 April 2024	於二零二四年 三月三十一日及 二零二四年四月一日	6,593	(21)	15,101	(3,927)	73,682	91,428
Loss for the year Currency translation differences	年內虧損 匯兑差額	-	-	-	-	(6,130)	(6,130)
Group Joint ventures and an associate	四九左領 一本集團 一合營企業及	-	-	-	34	-	34
Transfer upon lapse of share options	一間聯營公司 於購股權失效時轉撥	-	- -	- (15,101)	539 -	- 15,101	539 _
At 31 March 2025	於二零二五年 三月三十一日	6,593	(21)	_	(3,354)	82,653	85,871

Notes:

Capital reserve

As at 31 March 2025 and 2024, capital reserve of the Group represents the aggregate values of share capital and share premium of certain subsidiaries comprising the Group.

Exchange reserve

Exchange differences arising from the translation of the foreign controlled entity are recognised in other comprehensive income as described in Note 41 and accumulated in a separate reserve within equity. The cumulative amount is to be transferred to profit and loss when the respective foreign controlled entities are disposed.

附註:

資本儲備

於二零二五年及二零二四年三月三十一 日,本集團的資本儲備指組成本集團的 若干附屬公司的股本及股份溢價的總價 值。

外匯儲備

如附註41所述,換算外國控制實體所產 生的匯兑差額於其他綜合收益確認,並 於權益內的單獨儲備中累計。累計金額 將於出售各外國控制實體時轉撥至損益。

29 Trade payables, accruals and other payables

29 貿易應付款項、應計款項及 其他應付款項

		2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	5,435	10,734
Accruals and other payables: Accrued expenses Contract liabilities Other payables	應計款項及其他應付款項: 應計開支 合約負債 其他應付款項	17,925 6,407 1,889	25,430 5,029 872
Accruals and other payables	應計款項及其他應付款項	26,221	31,331
Less: non-current portion	減: 非流動部分	(2,045)	(877)
Accruals and other payables – current portion	應計款項及其他應付款項 一流動部分	24,176	30,454

Notes:

- Payment terms granted by suppliers are mainly on credit. The credit period ranges from 30 to 90 days.
- (ii) For the year ended 31 March 2025, HK\$5,029,000 (2024: HK\$5,419,000) of revenue recognised was included in the contract liabilities balance at the beginning of the period.
- (iii) As at 31 March 2025 and 2024, all trade payables, accruals and other payables of the Group were non-interest bearing, and their carrying amounts approximated their fair values due to short maturities.
- (iv) The carrying amounts of the Group's trade payables, accruals and other payables are mainly denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

The ageing analysis of the trade payables based on invoice date was as follows:

附註:

- (i) 供應商提供的付款方式主要為賒購。信 貸期介乎30日至90日。
- (ii) 於截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度,確認的收益5,029,000港元(二零二四年:5,419,000港元)計入期初合約負債結餘。
- (iii) 於二零二五年及二零二四年三月三十一日,本集團所有貿易應付款項、應計款項及其他應付款項均無利息。由於到期日較短,彼等的賬面值與其公允價值相若。
- (iv) 本集團的貿易應付款項、應計款項及其 他應付款項的賬面值主要以港元計值。

貿易應付款項基於發票日期的賬齡 分析如下:

		2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
0-30 days	0至30日	4,826	5,769
31-60 days	31至60日	378	4,604
61-90 days	61至90日	226	-
Over 90 days	超過90日	5	361
	0		//
		5,435	10,734

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 合併財務報表附註

29 Trade payables, accruals and other payables (Continued)

Accounting policies - Trade and other payables

Trade payables are obligation to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade and other payables are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

29 貿易應付款項、應計款項及 其他應付款項(續)

會計政策一貿易及其他應付款

貿易應付款項是日常業務過程中從 供應商購買貨品或接受服務而應有 的付款責任。倘貿易及其他應付款 項在一年或一年以內到期(或如屬 較長時間,則以一般業務營運週期 為準),則分類為流動負債,否則其 呈列為非流動負債。

貿易及其他應付款項最初按公允價 值確認,並隨後按實際利息法按攤 銷成本計算。

30 Borrowings

30 借貸

2025 二零二五年 零二四年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元

Bank loans 銀行貸款 71,128 40,951

Notes:

- The borrowings of the Group are subject to financial covenants and the Group is in compliance with the financial covenants as at 31 March 2025 and 2024.
- As at 31 March 2025, the borrowings of the Group were secured by personal guarantees provided by directors of the subsidiaries of the Group disclosed in Note 38(c). Included in bank loans to the extent of approximately HK\$50,651,000 (2024: HK\$40,779,000) are mortgage loans which are secured by properties of the Group with carrying amount of approximately HK\$124,383,000 (2024: HK\$105,549,000).
- The carrying amount of bank borrowings approximated their fair value as the interest payable on these borrowings is either close to current market rates or the borrowings are of a short-term nature.
- Details of the Group's exposure to risks arising from borrowings are set (iv) out in Note 3.1(c).
- The carrying amounts of borrowings are denominated in Hong Kong (v) dollars as at 31 March 2025 and 2024.

附註:

- 於二零二五年及二零二四年三月三十一 日,本集團的借貸須受金融契約的限制 且本集團一直遵守金融契約。
- 於二零二五年三月三十一日,本集團的 借貸乃由本集團附屬公司董事提供的個 人擔保作為抵押(於附註38(c)披露)。 銀行貸款中包含約50,651,000港元(二 零二四年:40,779,000港元)以本集團賬 面值約124,383,000港元(二零二四年: 105,549,000港元)的物業作抵押的按揭 貸款。
- 銀行借貸的賬面值與其公允價值相若, 乃由於該等借貸的應付利息接近現行市 場利率或借貸屬短期性質。
- 本集團因借貸而面臨的風險敞口詳情載 (iv) 於附註3.1(c)。
- 於二零二五年及二零二四年三月三十一 (v) 日,借貸的賬面值以港元計值。

30 Borrowings (Continued)

The table below analyses the Group's borrowings into relevant maturity groups based on the scheduled repayment dates set out in the loan agreements and ignore the effect of any repayment on demand clause:

30 借貸(續)

下表為本集團根據貸款協議所載預 定還款日期按相關到期組別劃分的 借貸分析,並無計入任何按要求償 環條款的影響:

		2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within 1 year	一年內	24,053	3,534
Between 1 and 2 years	一至兩年	5,092	3,460
Between 2 and 5 years	兩至五年	16,043	11,005
Over 5 years	五年以上	25,940	22,952
		71,128	40,951

Note:

Bank borrowings contained a repayment on demand clause which enables the bank to exercise at its sole discretion. Accordingly, the entire balance was classified under current liabilities.

The weighted average effective interest rates per annum were as follows:

附註:

銀行借貸包含銀行可全權酌情行使之按要求償還條款。因此,全部結餘分類為流動負債。

加權平均實際年利率如下:

		2025 二零二五年	2024 二零二四年
Bank loans	銀行貸款	3.94%	3.57%

Note:

The fair values of the borrowings approximate to their carrying amounts as at 31 March 2025 and 2024 as all the borrowings carry interests which are benchmarked against Hong Kong Dollar prime rate or Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate ("HIBOR").

Accounting policies – Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the profit and loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

附註:

於二零二五年及二零二四年三月三十一日,借貸的公允價值與其賬面值相若,原因是所有借貸乃參照港元最優惠利率或香港銀行同業拆息率(「香港銀行同業拆息率」)計息。

會計政策-借貸

借貸乃按公允價值(扣除已產生的交易成本)初步確認。借貸其後按攤銷成本列賬,如扣除交易成本之後的所得款項及贖回價值出現任何差額,則於借貸期內以實際利息法於損益內確認。

除非本集團有權無條件將債務結算 日期遞延至報告期末後至少12個月, 否則借貸將被分類為流動負債。

31 Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is calculated in full on temporary differences under the liability method using the tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes related to the same fiscal authority.

The analysis of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities is as follows:

31 遞延所得税

遞延所得税乃根據負債法按於報告 日期已頒佈或實質頒佈的税率就暫 時性差額全面計算。

當有合法可強制執行權利可將即期 税項資產與即期税項負債抵銷,且 遞延所得税涉及同一財政機關,則 遞延所得税資產與負債互相抵銷。

遞延 税項資產和遞延税項負債分析 如下:

	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Deferred tax assets - Deferred tax assets to be recovered after more than 12 months Deferred tax liabilities - Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered 一超過十二個月後將予收回的	224	256
after more than 12 months	(4,074)	(3,836)
Deferred tax liabilities – net	(3,850)	(3,580)

The gross movements on the deferred income tax account are as follows:

遞延所得税賬目的總變動如下:

		2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
At beginning of year Acquisition of a subsidiary Charged to the consolidated profit and	於年初 收購一間附屬公司 於合併損益中扣除(附註11)	(3,580) 224	(3,460)
loss (Note 11)	2/ H M 12 m 1 JHW (11) EE 11)	(494)	(120)
At end of year	於年末	(3,850)	(3,580)

31 Deferred income tax (Continued)

31 遞延所得税(續)

The movements in deferred income tax assets and liabilities for the years, without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances with the same tax jurisdiction, are as follows:

遞延所得税資產及負債於所示年度 (未考慮同一徵税區內之結餘抵銷) 變動如下:

		Accelerated tax 加速税项 2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債		
At beginning of year (Charged)/credited to the consolidated	於年初 於合併損益中(扣除)/計入	(4,290)	(4,626)
profit and loss		(4,427)	336
At end of year	於年末	(8,717)	(4,290)
Set-off of deferred tax assets pursuant to	o 根據抵銷撥備抵銷遞延税項資產		454
set-off provisions		4,643	454
		(4,074)	(3,836)

		Fair value cha ass 固定資產公	ets	Tax lo 税項		Tot 總	
		2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產						
At beginning of year Acquisition of a subsidiary Credited/(charged) to	於年初 收購一家附屬公司 於合併損益中計入/	- 224	-	710 -	1,166 -	710 224	1,166 -
the consolidated profit and loss	(扣除)	_		3,933	(456)	3,933	(456)
At end of year	於年末	224		4,643	710	4,867	710
Set-off of deferred tax liabilities pursuant to set-off provisions	根據抵銷撥備抵銷遞延 税項負債			(4,643)	(454)	(4,643)	(454)
		224	_	_	256	224	256

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 合併財務報表附註

31 Deferred income tax (Continued)

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for tax losses carry-forwards to the extent that the realisation of the related tax benefit through future taxable profits is probable. Tax losses in the PRC can be carried forward to offset against future taxable profits for 10 years and tax losses in Hong Kong and Malaysia can be carried forward to offset against future taxable profits without expiry date.

As at 31 March 2025 and 2024, the Group had the following recognised and unrecognised tax losses available for offsetting against future taxable profits.

31 遞延所得税(續)

遞延所得税資產乃因相關税項溢利 有機會透過未來應課税溢利變現而 就所結轉之税項虧損作出確認。中 國的税項虧損可結轉以抵銷未來10 年的應課税溢利及香港和馬來西亞 的税項虧損可結轉以抵銷未來應課 税溢利,無屆滿日期。

於二零二五年及二零二四年三月 三十一日,本集團有以下已確認及 未確認的税項虧損可用於抵銷未來 應課税利潤。

		2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Unrecognised tax losses expiring: – Within 10 years	未確認的到期税項虧損:	24,098	18,951
– Unlimited	一無期限	15,556 39,654	10,618 29,569

The Group did not recognise deferred income tax asset of HK\$9,042,000 (2024: HK\$6,829,000) in respect of tax losses amounting to HK\$39,654,000 (2024: HK\$29,569,000). Tax losses in Hong Kong can be carried forward to offset against future assessable profits and have no expiry date in 2025 (2024: Same). Tax losses in PRC can be carried forward to offset against future taxable profits for 10 years (2024: Same).

本集團並無確認與稅項虧損 39,654,000港元(二零二四年: 29,569,000港元)有關的遞延所得税 資產9,042,000港元(二零二四年: 6,829,000港元)。於二零二五年, 香港税項虧損可結轉用於抵銷未來 應課税溢利,且並無屆滿日期(二零 二四年:相同)。中國税項虧損可結 轉用於抵銷未來10年的應課稅溢利 (二零二四年:相同)。

32 Dividends

No dividend in respect of the years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024 has been declared as of the date of approval of these consolidated financial statements.

32 股息

截至該等合併財務報表批准日期, 概無就截至二零二五年及二零二四 年三月三十一日止年度宣派股息。

33 Notes to the consolidated statement of cash flows

33 合併現金流量表附註

(a) Cash generated from operations

(a) 營運產生的現金

			2025 	2024
		Note 附註	二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss before income tax Adjustments for: Depreciation of property,	除所得税前虧損 就以下各項進行的調整: 物業、廠房及設備折舊		(4,872)	(6,084)
plant and equipment		13	12,654	10,442
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	14	20,282	20,590
(Gains)/losses on disposals of	出售物業、廠房及設備的		•	
property, plant and equipment	(收益)/虧損	33(b)	(36)	4,406
Loss on disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司的虧損		-	155
Remeasurement loss on	於合營企業之投資之重新計			
investment in a joint venture	虧損	34	563	_
Impairment loss on financial assets		3.1(b)	65	1,972
Fair value (gains)/losses on	透過損益按公允價值列賬之			
financial assets at fair value	資產的公允價值(收益)/		(4.07.4)	44.4
through profit or loss	虧損 股息收入	7	(1,674)	414
Dividend income	版思收入 提前終止租賃的收益		(36)	(25)
Gain on early termination of lease Finance income	挺	10	- (4 605)	(56)
Finance costs	融資成本	10 10	(1,625) 3,522	(4,952) 3,518
Share of loss of an associate	應佔一間聯營公司虧損	17	3,322 78	199
Share of profits of joint ventures	應佔合營企業之溢利	18	(1,638)	(1,218)
Changes in working capital	營運資金變動	10	(1,000)	(1,210)
- Inventories	一存貨		(5,101)	2,282
- Trade receivables	一貿易應收款項		168	(909)
Loan receivables	一應收貸款		5,923	(000)
 Deposit, prepayments and 	-按金、預付款項及其他原	蕉收	5,525	
other receivables	款項	5. 7.	(747)	2,328
 Trade payables 	一貿易應付款項		(5,299)	(1,215)
 Accruals and other payables 	- 應計款項及其他應付款	項	(6,980)	(3,883)
 Amounts due to directors 	一應付董事款項		259	16
 Amounts due from related 	一應收關連方款項			
parties			(49)	49
Cash generated from operations	營運產生的現金		15,457	28,029

33 Notes to the consolidated statement of cash flows (Continued)

33 合併現金流量表附註(續)

- (b) In the consolidated statement of cash flows, proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment comprise:
- (b) 於合併現金流量表中,出售物 業、廠房及設備的所得款項包 括:

		2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Net book amount (Note 13) Gains/(losses) on disposals of property,	賬面淨值(附註13) 出售物業、廠房及設備	450	6,594
plant and equipment (Note 7)	收益/(虧損)(附註7)	36	(4,406)
Proceeds from disposals	出售所得款項	486	2,188

33 Notes to the consolidated statement of cash flows (Continued)

33 合併現金流量表附註(續)

(c) Net cash reconciliation

(c) 現金淨額對賬

		Borrowings 借貸 HK\$'000 千港元	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 HK\$'000 千港元	Amount due to non- controlling interests 應付非控股 權益款項 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 1 April 2023	於二零二三年四月一日	(22,682)	(46,399)	_
Cash movements: Proceeds from bank borrowings Repayment for bank borrowings Payment for lease liabilities Payment for interest expenses (presented as operating cash flows)	現金變動: 銀行借貸所得款項 償還銀行借貸 支付租賃負債 支付利息開支(呈列為 經營現金流量)	(71,548) 53,279 – 1,289	- - 25,264	- - -
Non-cash movements: Termination of leases Addition of leases Interest expenses Foreign exchange adjustments	非現金變動: 終止租約 增加租約 利息開支 外匯調整	- - (1,289) -	4,437 (28,288) (2,205) 19	- - - -
As at 31 March 2024	於二零二四年 三月三十一日	(40,951)	(47,172)	_
Cash movements: Proceeds from bank borrowings Repayment for bank borrowings Repayment to a non-controlling	<i>現金變動:</i> 銀行借貸所得款項 償還銀行借貸 向非控股權益還款	(70,711) 44,674	Ξ	Ξ
interest Payment for lease liabilities Dividend paid to non-controlling	支付租賃負債 已付非控股權益股息	_	25,396	2,500
interests Payment for interest expenses (presented as operating cash flows)	支付利息開支(呈列為經營現金流量)	1,902	-	225 37
Non-cash movements: Termination of leases Addition of leases Acquisition of a subsidiary (Note 34)	非現金變動: 終止租約 增加租約 收購一間附屬公司	Ξ	1,407 (6,128)	Ī
Dividend declared Interest expenses Foreign exchange adjustments	(附註34) 已宣派股息 利息開支 外匯調整	(4,140) - (1,902) -	- (1,583) (2)	(2,500) (225) (37)
As at 31 March 2025	於二零二五年 三月三十一日	(71,128)	(28,082)	_

33 Notes to the consolidated statement of cash flows (Continued)

(d) Significant non-cash transactions:

Except for the non-cash transactions disclosed above, there were no other significant non-cash transactions during the years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024.

34 Business combination

On 17 May 2024, E-Boss Co., Limited ("E-Boss"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a shareholder agreement with other two shareholders of Top Success BVI, pursuant to which the Group and other two shareholders agreed to subscribe for 290,000 and 70,000 new shares in Top Success BVI at the consideration of HK\$14.500.000 and HK\$3.500.000, respectively. Upon completion of the share subscription, Top Success BVI is held as to 77.5% by the Group and Top Success BVI becomes a non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company (the "Step Acquisition").

As at the completion date of the Step Acquisition, the Group remeasured its previously held equity interest in Top Success BVI to its fair value and recognised a resulting loss of approximately HK\$563,000, which has been recognised to the profit or loss under "Other gains/(losses) - net" in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Details of the carrying value and fair value of the Group's previously held equity interest in Top Success BVI at the completion date of the Step Acquisition were summarised as follows:

33 合併現金流量表附計(續)

(d) 重大非現金交易:

於截至二零二五年及二零二四年三 月三十一日止年度,除上文所披露 之非現金交易外、概無其他重大非 現金交易。

34 業務合併

於二零二四年五月十十日,老闆網 有限公司(「老闆網」, 為本公司的間 接全資附屬公司)與鼎盛投資的其他 兩名股東訂立股東協議,據此,本集 團及其他兩名股東同意分別以代價 14,500,000港元及3,500,000港元認 購290.000股及70.000股鼎盛投資新 股份。於股份認購完成後,鼎盛投資 由本集團持有77.5%權益,且鼎盛投 資成為本公司非全資附屬公司(「分 步收購1)。

於分步收購完成日期,本集團按公允 價值重新計量其過往於鼎盛投資持 有的股權,因此確認虧損約563,000 港元,且已於合併綜合收益表 [其他 收益/(虧損)-淨額」項下之損益 確認。

於分步收購完成日期本集團過往於 鼎盛投資持有的股權之賬面值及公 允價值詳情概述如下:

	HK\$'000 千港元
Fair value of previously held equity interest in 過往於鼎盛投資持有的股權之公允價值	1 000
Top Success BVI	1,000
Carrying value of previously held equity interest in 於分步收購前過往於鼎盛投資持有的	(4. 500)
Top Success BVI before the Step Acquisition 股權之賬面值	(1,563)
Remeasurement loss on investment in 於合營企業之投資之重新計量虧損	
a joint venture	(563)

34 Business combination (Continued)

34 業務合併(續)

The fair value of identifiable assets and liabilities of Top Success as at the date of Step Acquisition were as follows:

鼎盛投資於分步收購日期之可識別 資產及負債之公允價值如下:

		HK\$'000 千港元
Property, plant and equipment Loan and other receivables Deferred tax assets Cash and cash equivalents Accruals and other payables Bank borrowings Loans from shareholders Tax payables	物業、廠房及設備 應收貸款及其他應收款項 遞延税項資產 現金及現金等值項目 應計款項及其他應付款項 銀行借貸 股東貸款 應付税項	4,203 26,305 224 19,880 (1,870) (4,140) (24,500) (102)
Total identifiable net assets at fair value	按公允價值列賬之可識別資產淨值總計	20,000
Less: Non-controlling interest initially recognised as at acquisition date	減:於收購日期初步確認之非控股權益	(4,500)
Total identifiable net assets at fair value attributable to the Group	本集團應佔按公允價值列賬之可識別 資產淨值總計	15,500
Satisfied by: Cash consideration Fair value of previously held equity interest in Top Success BVI	以下列方式支付: 現金代價 過往於鼎盛投資持有的股權之公允價值	14,500
		15,500

(i) Accounting policy choice for non-controlling interests

The Group recognises non-controlling interests in an acquired entity either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquired entity's net identifiable assets. See note 16 for the Group's accounting policies for business combinations.

(i) 非控股權益的會計政策選擇

本集團按公允價值或非控股權益應 佔被收購實體可識別淨資產比例確 認被收購實體之非控股權益。有關 本集團業務合併的會計政策,請參 閱附註16。 Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 合併財務報表附註

34 Business combination (Continued)

(ii) Revenue and profit contribution

The acquired business contributed revenues of HK\$4,670,000 and net profit of HK\$669,000 to the Group from date of Step Acquisition to 31 March 2025.

If the acquisition had occurred on 1 April 2024, consolidated revenue and loss for the year ended 31 March 2025 would have been HK\$293,088,000 and HK\$5,591,000 respectively. These amounts have been calculated using the subsidiaries' results and adjusting them for:

- differences in the accounting policies between the Group and the subsidiaries, and
- the decrease on depreciation and amortisation that would have been charged assuming the fair value adjustments to property, plant and equipment had applied from 1 April 2024, together with the consequential tax effects.

An analysis of the cash flows in respect of the acquisition was as follows:

34 業務合併(續)

(ii) 收益及利潤貢獻

收購業務於自分步收購日期起至二 零二五年三月三十一日期間為本集 團 貢 獻 收 益4,670,000港 元 及 純 利 669,000港元。

倘收購於二零二四年四月一日發 生,則截至二零二五年三月三十一 日止年度的合併收益及虧損將分別 為293,088,000港元及5,591,000港 元。該等金額由經以下調整後的附 屬公司業績計算得出:

- 本集團與附屬公司之間的會計 政策差異,及
- 假設從二零二四年四月一日起 對物業、廠房及設備進行公允 價值調整,則可能減少折舊與 攤銷,以及相應的税收影響。

收購事項之現金流量分析如下:

		HK\$'000 千港元
Cash consideration Cash and cash equivalents acquired	現金代價 所收購現金及現金等值項目	14,500 (19,880)
Net inflow of cash and cash equivalents included in cash flows from investing activities	計入投資活動所得現金流量之現金及 現金等值項目流入淨額	(5,380)

Acquisition-related costs

Acquisition-related costs of HK\$208,000 that were not directly attributable to the issue of shares are included in administrative expenses in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income and in operating cash flows in the consolidated statement of cash flows.

收購相關成本

非直接歸因於發行股份的收購相關 成本208,000港元計入合併綜合收益 表的行政開支及合併現金流量表的 經營現金流量中。

35 Asset acquisitions through acquisition of a subsidiary

On 1 June 2023, e-banner Limited ("e-banner"), an indirect non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a share purchase agreement with Mr. Li Cham Kuen ("Mr. Li") and Mr. Lee Wut Chuen ("the Vendors"), pursuant to which the Vendors agreed to sell and e-banner agreed to purchase 10,000 issued ordinary shares in the share capital of WAB2 Group (HK) Limited ("WAB2"), a limited liability company incorporated in Hong Kong, presently legally and beneficiary held by the Vendors, representing 100% of the existing issued shares of WAB2, and a loan due to Mr. Li at a total consideration of HK\$28.861.000.

The transaction was identified as acquisition of assets and liabilities which required the cost of acquisition to be allocated to individual identifiable assets and liabilities of WAB2 on the basis of their relative fair values at the date of acquisition as summarised below:

35 透過收購一間附屬公司進 行資產收購

於二零二三年六月一日,本公司之間接非全資附屬公司e-banner Limited (「e-banner」)與李湛權先生(「李先生」)及李活泉先生(「賣方」)訂立購股協議,據此,賣方同意出售而e-banner同意收購WAB2 Group (HK) Limited (「WAB2」)(一間於香港註冊成立之有限公司)股本中目前由賣方合法實益持有的10,000股已發行普通股(相當於WAB2現有已發行股份之100%)及應付李先生貸款,總代價為28,861,000港元。

該項交易被識別為資產及負債的收購,須將收購成本按於收購日期的相對公允價值分配至WAB2的個別可識別資產及負債,有關概要如下:

		HK\$'000 千港元
Property, plant and equipment Cash and cash equivalents Other payables	物業、廠房及設備 現金及現金等值項目 其他應付款項	28,887 30 (56)
Total identifiable net assets at fair value acquired	已收購按公允價值計量的可識別資產 淨值總額	28,861
Satisfied by: Cash consideration	以下列方式支付: 現金代價	28,861

An analysis of the cash flows in respect of the acquisition are as follows:

收購事項之現金流量分析如下:

		HK\$'000 千港元
Cash consideration Cash and cash equivalents acquired	現金代價 所收購現金及現金等值項目	28,861 (30)
Net outflow of cash and cash equivalents included in cash flows from investing activities	計入投資活動所得現金流量之現金及 現金等值項目流出淨額	28,831

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 合併財務報表附註

36 Share option scheme

The Company adopted a share option scheme (the "Scheme") on 13 November 2013 pursuant to the written resolutions of the then Shareholders passed on 13 November 2013. The Scheme is a share incentive scheme and is established to recognise and acknowledge the contributions of the Eligible Participants (as defined in the prospectus of the Company dated 20 November 2013 (the "Prospectus")) have had or may have made to the Group. Pursuant to the Scheme, the Board may, at its discretion, offer to grant an option to subscribe of new Shares in aggregate not exceeding 30% of the Shares in issue from time to time.

Pursuant to the Scheme, options were granted by the Group to eligible employees, including directors of the Company, to subscribe for shares of the company at pre-determined exercise price during the exercisable period, as a part of their remunerations.

49,500,000 share options were granted to the employees of the Group during the year ended 31 March 2023. The fair value of share options granted was determined using the Binomial option pricing model. The fair value of the share options were approximately HK\$17,051,000, and the Group recognised a share based payment expenses of HK\$17,051,000 during the year ended 31 March 2023.

36 購股權計劃

根據當時股東於二零一三年十一月 十三日 通過的書面決議案,本公司 於二零一三年十一月十三日採納一 項購股權計劃(「該計劃」)。該計劃 為一項股份獎勵計劃,旨在肯定及 認可合資格參與者(定義見本公司 日期為二零一三年十一月二十日的 招股章程(「招股章程|))對本集團 已作出或可能已作出的貢獻。根據 該計劃,董事會可酌情授出購股權 以認購新股份,總數不超過不時已 發行股份的30%。

根據該計劃,本集團向合資格僱員 (包括本公司董事)授出購股權以於 可行使期間內按預先釐定之行使價 認購本公司股份,作為彼等薪酬的 一部分。

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止 年度,49.500.000份購股權已授予 本集團僱員。已授出購股權的公允 價值乃使用二項式購股權定價模 型予以釐定。截至二零二三年三月 三十一日止年度,購股權的公允價 值 為17,051,000港 元,本 集 團 確 認 股權付款開支約17,051,000港元。

36 Share option scheme (Continued)

36 購股權計劃(續)

The assumptions used in estimating the fair value of share options granted were as follows:

於估計已授出購股權的公允價值時 所用假設如下:

		As at the grant date 於授出日期
Share price	股價	HK\$0.79 0.79港元
Exercise price	行使價格	HK\$0.79 0.79港元
Expected volatility	預期波幅	103.58%
Risk-free interest rate	無風險利率	4.3%
Expected option term (life)	預期購股權期限(年期)	2
Early exercise behavior	提前行使行為	2.2-2.8
Post-vesting exit rate	歸屬後流失率	15%
Fair value per share option	每份購股權之公允價值	HK\$0.332-0.355 0.332港元至 0.355港元

The exercise price of the options was determined by the highest of: (i) the closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotation sheet of the Stock Exchange on the offer date. which must be a trading day; (ii) the average closing prices of the shares as stated in the daily quotation sheets of the Stock Exchange for the 5 consecutive trading days immediately preceding the offer date; and (iii) the nominal value of the shares. The risk-free rate was determined with reference to the yield rate of the Hong Kong Exchange Fund Notes with a similar to the expected life of the options. The expected life of the options was the contractual life to maturity of the options. The expected volatility of the underlying security of the options was determined based on the historical volatility of the share prices the Group. The post-vesting exit rate was determined based on the historical record provided by the management of the Group.

The Scheme was terminated by the shareholders at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 22 August 2023 ("2023 AGM"). No further options shall be granted under the Scheme. Outstanding options granted under the Scheme but not yet exercised shall continue to be valid and exercisable in accordance with the Scheme.

該計劃於二零二三年八月二十二日舉行的本公司股東週年大會(「二零二三年股東週年大會」)上由股東終止。該計劃不再授予購股權。根據該計劃授出但尚未行使的購股權將繼續有效,並可根據該計劃行使。

36 Share option scheme (Continued)

36 購股權計劃(續)

The following table summarises the movements during the years ended 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024:

下表概述截至二零二五年三月 三十一日及二零二四年三月三十一 日止年度的變動:

		20 二零:		20; 二零 <i>二</i>	
		Exercise price per share HK\$ 每股 行使價格	No. of share options	Exercise price per share HK\$ 每股 行使價格	No. of share options
		············港元	購股權數目	港元 	購股權數目
Employees	僱員				
At 1 April	於四月一日	0.79	44,000,000	0.79	49,500,000
Granted	已授出	-	-	_	_
Lapsed	已失效	0.79	(44,000,000)	0.79	(5,500,000)
At 31 March	於三月三十一日	_	_	0.79	44,000,000

Share options outstanding at the end of the year have the following expiry dates and exercise prices:

於年末,尚未行使的購股權的屆滿 日期及行使價格如下:

Grant date 授出日期	Expiry date 屆滿日期	Closing price per share immediately before the date of grant 緊接授出 日期前的每股 收市價 HK\$	Exercise price per share 每股 行使價格 HK\$ 港元	No. of share options 購股權數目
16 December 2022 二零二二年十二月十六日	16 December 2024 二零二四年十二月十六日	0.64	0.79	49,500,000
At 31st March 2025 於二零二五年三月三十一日				-
At 31st March 2024 於二零二四年三月三十一日				44,000,000

36 Share option scheme (Continued)

At the 2023 AGM, the shareholders approved the adoption of the new share option scheme (the "New Share Option Scheme") to enable the Group to grant options to the eligible participants as incentives or rewards for their contribution to the Group; to attract and retain personnel to promote the sustainable development of the Group; and to align the interest of the grantees with those of the shareholders of the Company to promote the long-term financial and business performance of the Company. The New Share Option Scheme was adopted on 24 August 2023, being the date on which the New Share Option Scheme becomes unconditional, and the number of options available for grant under the scheme mandate is 55,000,000 new shares.

37 Commitments

Capital commitment

Capital expenditure contracted for at the end of the year but not yet incurred is as follows:

36 購股權計劃(續)

37 承擔

資本承擔

年末已訂約但尚未產生的資本開支 如下:

 2025
 2024

 二零二五年
 二零二五年

 HK\$'000
 千港元

 Froperty, plant and equipment
 物業、廠房及設備

 2025
 2024

 二零二五年
 二零二四年

 HK\$'000
 千港元

 Property, plant and equipment
 物業、廠房及設備

9,525

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38 Related party transactions

Parties are considered to be related to the Group if the party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to exercise control or significant influence over the Group in making financial and operating decisions, or vice versa. Related parties may be individuals (being members of key management personnel, significant shareholders and/or their close family members) or other entities and include entities which are under the significant influence of related parties of the Group where those parties are individuals. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control.

The directors of the Company are of the view that the following individuals and companies were related parties that had transactions or balances with the Group:

38 關連方交易

倘某一方可直接或間接在作出財務 及經營決策過程中對本集團行使控 制權或重大影響力,則視該方與本 集團有關連,反之亦然。關連方可為 個人(即主要管理層人員、主要股東 及/或彼等的近親家庭成員)或其他 實體,包括受身為個人的本集團關 連方重大影響的實體。受共同控制 的各方亦被視為有關連。

本公司董事認為,下列個人及公司 為曾與本集團進行交易或存在結餘 的關連方:

Name of related party	Relationship with the Group
關連方名稱	與本集團關係
Mr. She Siu Kee William	Executive Director and chairman
佘紹基先生	執行董事及主席
Mr. Chong Cheuk Ki	Executive Director
莊卓琪先生	執行董事
Mr. Leung Yat Pang	Executive Director
梁一鵬先生	執行董事
Mr. Leung Wai Ming	Non-executive Director
梁衞明先生	非執行董事
Mr. Poon Chun Wai	Non-executive Director
潘振威先生	非執行董事
Mr. Ma Siu Kit	Non-executive Director
馬兆杰先生	非執行董事
Mr. Fu Chung	Non-executive Director
傅忠先生	非執行董事
Ms. Yu Mei Hung	Non-executive Director
余美紅女士	非執行董事

38 關連方交易(續)

Name of related party	Relationship with the Group
關連方名稱	與本集團關係
Mr. Chan Kong Hung Chris 陳剛雄先生	The then non-controlling interests of a subsidiary of the Group本集團附屬公司當時非控股權益持有人
Mr. Foo Pei Pan	Non-controlling interests of a subsidiary of the Group
傅備斌先生	本集團附屬公司非控股權益持有人
Mr. Cheng Sze Tok	Non-controlling interests of a subsidiary of the Group
鄭思鐸先生	本集團附屬公司非控股權益持有人
Mr. Cheng Hiu Man, Elliott	Non-controlling interests of a subsidiary of the Group
鄭曉敏先生	本集團附屬公司非控股權益持有人
Mr. Ma Lok Kan	Non-controlling interests of a subsidiary of the Group
馬諾勤先生	本集團附屬公司非控股權益持有人
CTP Limited	Controlled by the directors of the Company 由本公司董事控制
e-print Solutions Sdn. Bhd.	Joint venture of the subsidiary of the Group 本集團附屬公司的合營企業
eprint Limited	Ultimate holding company (Note i) 最終控股公司 (附註i)
King Profit International Limited	Controlled by the directors of the Company
至利國際有限公司	由本公司董事控制
Protoss IT Sdn Bhd	Controlled by a joint venture of the Group 由本集團合營企業控制
Profit More Rich Limited	Controlled by the directors of the Company
盈富多有限公司	由本公司董事控制
Promise Properties Limited	Controlled by the directors of the Company
保諾時物業有限公司	由本公司董事控制
VVV Limited	Controlled by the directors of the Company 由本公司董事控制

38 關連方交易(續)

Name of related party 關連方名稱	Relationship with the Group 與本集團關係
Top Success BVI 鼎盛投資	Subsidiary (2024: Joint venture of the subsidiary of the Group) 附屬公司(二零二四年:本集團附屬公司的合營企業)
Top Success HK 鼎盛香港	Subsidiary (2024: Joint venture of the subsidiary of the Group) 附屬公司(二零二四年:本集團附屬公司的合營企業)
Step Wise Limited 來智有限公司	Associate of the subsidiary of the Group 本集團附屬公司的聯營公司
Kimley (HK) Limited 大金來(香港)有限公司	Controlled by the spouse of a director of the Company 由本公司董事的配偶控制

Note:

The Company is controlled by eprint Limited, which owns approximately 56.9% of the Company's shares as at 31 March 2024, and is beneficially owned by Mr. She Siu Kee William, Mr. Chong Cheuk Ki, Mr. Lam Shing Kai, Mr. Leung Wai Ming, and Mr. Leung Yat Pang. On 15 October 2024, Mr. Lam Shing Kai transferred all his shares in eprint Limited to Mr. Chow Yuk Kau Michael. Since then and as at 31 March 2025, eprint Limited is beneficially owned by Mr. She Siu Kee William, Mr. Chong Cheuk Ki, Mr. Leung Wai Ming, Mr. Leung Yat Pang and Mr. Chow Yuk Kau Michael. The directors consider eprint Limited, a company incorporated in the BVI, being the immediate and the ultimate holding company.

附註:

本公司由eprint Limited控制。於二零二四 年三月三十一日, eprint Limited擁有本公 司約56.9%股份,並由佘紹基先生、莊卓 琪先生、林承佳先生、梁衞明先生及梁一 鵬先生實益擁有。於二零二四年十月十五 日,林承佳先生已將其於eprint Limited的 全部股份轉讓予周鋈球先生。自此及於 二零二五年三月三十一日, eprint Limited 由佘紹基先生、莊卓琪先生、梁衞明先生、 梁一鵬先生及周鋈球先生實益擁有。董 事認為eprint Limited(於英屬處女群島註 冊成立之公司)為直接及最終控股公司。

(a) Transactions with related parties

The following transactions were undertaken by the Group with related parties. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the related party transactions were carried out in the normal course of business and at terms negotiated between the Group and the respective related parties.

38 關連方交易(續)

(a) 與關連方的交易

本集團與關連方曾進行以下交易。 本公司董事認為,關連方交易於正 常業務過程中按本集團與各關連方 商定的條款進行。

Group and the respective related parties.			
		2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Rental expense of plants and machinery, premises, stores and carparks in Hong Kong payable or paid CTP Limited Profit More Rich Limited Promise Properties Limited VVV Limited King Profit International Limited	應付或已付於香港的廠房及機器、處所、商店及停車場租金開支 — CTP Limited —盈富多有限公司 —保諾時物業有限公司 — VW Limited —至利國際有限公司	5,453 642 1,875 2,605 800	5,429 642 1,875 2,605 800
		11,375	11,351
Emolument payable or paid – Mr. Chan Kong Hung Chris – Mr. Foo Pei Pan – Mr. Cheng Sze Tok – Mr. Cheng Hiu Man, Elliott – Mr. Ma Lok Kan	應付或已付薪酬 一陳剛雄先生 一傅備斌先生 一鄭思鐸先生 一鄭曉敏先生 一馬諾勤先生	- 1,480 923 920 564	535 1,799 875 N/A不適用 N/A不適用
		3,887	3,209
I.T. license fee income receivable or received - e-print Solutions Sdn. Bhd.	應收或已收資訊科技使用許可費 收入 — e-print Solutions Sdn. Bhd.	103	102
Subcontracting fee payable or paid - Protoss IT Sdn. Bhd.	應付或已付分包費用 — Protoss IT Sdn. Bhd.	21	10
Revenue from sales of goods and services receivable or received – Protoss IT Sdn. Bhd.	應收或已收銷售貨品及服務收益 — Protoss IT Sdn. Bhd.	2,206	2,013
Interest income from other financial asset at amortised costs receivable or received	s應收或已收按攤銷成本列賬之 其他金融資產之利息收入		
- Top Success HK	- 鼎盛香港	119	1,800
Purchase of property, plant and equipment – Kimley (HK) Limited	購買物業、廠房及設備 一大金來(香港)有限公司	_	1,000
Interest expenses payable or paid – Mr. Cheng Hiu Man, Elliott	應付或已付利息開支 一鄭曉敏先生	37	N/A不適用

(b) Key management compensation

Key management includes the directors and senior management of the Group.

Compensation of key management personnel of the Group, including directors' remuneration as disclosed in Note 40, are as follows:

38 關連方交易(續)

(b) 主要管理人員薪酬

主要管理人員包括本集團董事及高 級管理層。

本集團主要管理人員薪酬(包括附 註40所披露之董事薪酬)如下:

	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries, discretionary bonus, allowances 薪資、酌情花紅、津貼及 and benefit in kind 實物福利 Retirement benefit scheme contribution 退休福利計劃供款	10,878 108	9,481 90
	10,986	9,571

(c) Guarantees and securities provided by related parties

Guarantees and securities provided by related parties for borrowings (Note 30) and lease liabilities (Note 14) were as follows:

關連方就借貸(附註30)及租賃負債 (附註14)所提供擔保和抵押如下:

(c) 關連方所提供擔保和抵押

		2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Guarantees provided by directors of subsidiaries of the Group	由本集團附屬公司董事 提供擔保	37,876	35,500

38 關連方交易(續)

(d) Balances with related parties

(d) 與關連方結餘

		2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Amounts due from related companies			
(Notes i, ii and iii)	(附註i、ii及iii)		
eprint Limited	eprint Limited	19	_
e-print Solutions Sdn. Bhd.	e-print Solutions Sdn. Bhd.	44	16
Protoss IT Sdn. Bhd.	Protoss IT Sdn. Bhd.	314	312
		377	328
	12 112 12 12 12 12 12 12		
Other financial assets at amortised co			
(Note 24)	其他金融資產:(附註24) 鼎盛香港	N/A不適用	00 F76
Top Success HK	新盤台/© 	N/A个週用 	29,576
Associate also be altered as	萨		
Amounts due to directors:	應付董事款項:		
Mr. She Siu Kee, William	佘紹基先生	27	28
Mr. Chong Cheuk Ki	莊卓琪先生	100	20
Mr. Leung Yat Pang	梁一鵬先生	100	_
Mr. Leung Wai Ming	梁衞明先生	100	20
Mr. Poon Chun Wai	潘振威先生	20	20
Mr. Ma Siu Kit	馬兆杰先生	20	20
Mr. Fu Chung	傅忠先生	20	20
Ms.Yu Mei Hung	余美紅女士	20	20
		407	148
			110
Lease liabilities:	租賃負債:		
CTP Limited	CTP Limited	5,523	10,244
Profit More Rich Limited	盈富多有限公司 2000年	628	1,230
Promise Properties Limited	保諾時物業有限公司	1,834	3,593
VVV Limited	VVV Limited	2,214	4,993
King Profit International Limited	至利國際有限公司	783	1,534
		10,982	21,594

(d) Balances with related parties (Continued)

Notes:

- The above balances with related parties are unsecured, interest-free and are repayable on demand. The carrying amounts of these balances approximate their fair values.
- For amounts due from related parties, the Group applies the HKFRS 9 general approach to measure expected credit losses which uses a 3-stage model to measure loss allowance.
 - As at 31 March 2025 and 2024, management considered that the expected credit loss for intercompany receivables was immaterial, thus no loss allowance was made.
- The amounts due from related companies do not contain impaired assets. The Company does not hold any collateral as security.
- The above related party balances with related parties are denominated (iv) in Hong Kong dollars.

38 關連方交易(續)

(d) 與關連方結餘(續)

附註:

- 上述與關連方有關的結餘為無抵押、免 息、須按要求償還。該等結餘的賬面值與 其公允價值相若。
- 就應收關連方款項而言,本集團採用香 港財務報告準則第9號一般方法計量預期 信貸虧損,其採用三階段模型計量虧損

於二零二五年及二零二四年三月三十一 日,管理層認為公司間應收款項的預期 信貸虧損並不重大,因此未作出虧損撥

- 應收關連公司款項不包含減值資產。本 公司並無持有任何抵押品作擔保。
- 上述與關連方相關的關連方結餘以港元 (iv) 計值。

39 Statement of financial position and reserve movement of the Company

39 本公司財務狀況表及儲備 變動

Statement of financial position of the Company

本公司財務狀況表

		Note 附註	2025 二零二五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Assets	資產			
Non-current asset Investments in subsidiaries	非流動資產 於附屬公司的投資		73,378	73,897
Current assets	流動資產			
Prepayments and other receivables			186	187
Current income tax receivable	應收當期所得稅		188	_
Financial assets at fair value	透過損益按公允價值列賬之 金融資產			6.006
through profit or loss Amounts due from subsidiaries	並		- 158,632	6,336 151,945
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目		2,109	2,514
- Cacif and Cacif Oquivalents			2,100	2,011
			161,115	160,982
Total assets	資產總額		234,493	234,879
Equity	權益			
Equity attributable to owners of	本公司擁有人應佔權益			
the Company Share capital	股本		5 500	5 500
Share premium	股份溢價		5,500 132,921	5,500 132,921
Other reserves	其他儲備	а	95,225	95,638
				,
Total equity	權益總額		233,646	234,059
Liabilities	負債			
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Accruals	應計款項		439	454
Amounts due to directors	應付董事款項		408	148
Current income tax payable	應付當期所得税			218
Total liabilities	負債總額		847	820
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額		234,493 →	234,879

39 Statement of financial position and reserve movement of the Company

(Continued)

Statement of financial position of the Company

(Continued)

附註: Note:

Reserve movements of the Company

39 本公司財務狀況表及儲備 變動(續)

本公司財務狀況表(續)

本公司儲備變動

		Capital reserve 資本儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Share based payment reserve 股權付款儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Retained earnings 保留盈利 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2023 Profit for the year Transfer upon lapse of share options	於二零二三年四月一日 年內溢利 於購股權失效時轉撥	73,508 - -	17,051 - (1,950)	3,807 1,272 1,950	94,366 1,272
At 31 March 2024 and 1 April 2024 Loss for the year Transfer upon lapse of	於二零二四年 三月三十一日及 二零二四年四月一日 年內虧損 於購股權失效時轉撥	73,508 -	15,101 -	7,029 (413)	95,638 (413)
share options	於 勝	-	(15,101)	15,101	
At 31 March 2025	於二零二五年 三月三十一日	73,508	_	21,717	95,225

40 Benefits and interests of directors

40 董事利益及權益

(a) Directors' emoluments

Mr. She Siu Kee William is the chief executive officer of the Group. The emoluments of each director of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2025 is set out as below.

(a) 董事薪酬

佘紹基先生為本集團的行政總裁。 本公司截至二零二五年三月三十一 日止年度各董事之薪酬載列如下。

		3,280	5,195	455	_	72	_	_	9,00
Ms. Yu Mei Hung	余美紅女士	240	-	-	-	-	-	-	24
Mr. Fu Chung	傅忠先生	240	-	-	-	-	-	-	24
Mr. Ma Siu Kit	馬兆杰先生	240	-	-	-	-	-	-	24
Mr. Poon Chun Wai	潘振威先生	240	-	-	-	-	-	-	24
ndependent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事								
Vr. Leung Wai Ming	梁衞明先生	640	480	40	-	18	-	-	1,1
Non-executive Director	非執行董事								
Mr. Leung Yat Pang (note i)	梁一鵬先生(附註i)	710	480	40	-	18	-	-	1,2
Mr. Chong Cheuk Ki	莊卓琪先生	640	480	40	-	18	-	-	1,1
Mr. She Siu Kee William	佘紹基先生	330	3,755	335	-	18	-	-	4,4
xecutive Directors	執行董事								
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'0
		袍金	薪金	表現花紅	津貼及實物福利	福利計劃供款	股權付款	度收的其他酬金 應收的其他酬金	總
						僱主的退休		公司業務事宜的 其他服務已付或	
								本公司或其附屬	
								就董事管理	
		Fees	Salaries	bonuses	in kind	benefit scheme	payments	undertaking	Tot
				Performance	and benefits	a retirement	Share-based	or its subsidiary	
					Allowances	contribution to		the Company	
						Employer's		of the affairs of	
								the management	
								connection with	
								director's other services in	
								respect of	
								or receivable in	
								emoluments paid	
								Other	

40 Benefits and interests of directors (Continued)

(a) Directors' emoluments (Continued)

Mr. She Siu Kee William is the chief executive officer of the Group. The emoluments of each director of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2024 is set out as below.

40 董事利益及權益(續)

(a) 董事薪酬(續)

佘紹基先生為本集團的行政總裁。 本公司截至二零二四年三月三十一 日止年度各董事之薪酬載列如下。

								Other	
								Other	
								emoluments paid or receivable in	
								respect of director's	
								other services in	
								connection with	
								the management	
						Employer's		of the affairs of	
					Allowances	contribution to		the Company or	
				Performance	and benefits	a retirement	Share-based	its subsidiary	
		Fees	Salaries		and benefits in kind	a retirement benefit scheme		undertaking	Total
		rees	Salaries	bonuses	III KIIIU	Deneiil Scrieme	payments	undertaking 就董事管理	
								平公司以共附屬 公司業務事宜的	
						僱主的退休		公 印 耒 粉 争 且 的 其 他 服 務 已 付 或	
		袍金	薪金	表現花紅	津貼及實物福利	催土的经外 福利計劃供款	股權付款	共他版粉已刊以 應收的其他酬金	總計
			新亚 HK\$'000						
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$ 000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
		丁/吃儿	丁/尼儿	T/电儿	丁/尼儿	T.吃儿	TÆN	丁佬儿	ТÆЛ
Executive Directors	執行董事								
Mr. She Siu Kee William	佘紹基先生	330	4,020	335	-	18	-	-	4,703
Mr. Chong Cheuk Ki	莊卓琪先生	240	720	100	-	18	-	-	1,078
Non-executive Director	非執行董事								
Mr. Leung Wai Ming	梁衞明先生	240	720	25	-	18	-	-	1,003
ndependent Non-executive	獨立非執行董事								
Directors									
Mr. Poon Chun Wai	潘振威先生	240	-	-	-	-	-	-	240
Mr. Ma Siu Kit	馬兆杰先生	240	-	-	-	-	-	-	240
Mr. Fu Chung	傅忠先生	240	-	-	-	-	-	-	240
Ms. Yu Mei Hung	余美紅女士	180	-	-	-	-	-	-	180
		1,710	5,460	460	_	54	_	_	7,684

No directors waived or agreed to waive any emoluments in any of the years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024.

Mr. Leung Yat Pang was appointed as executive director of the Company on 21 August 2024.

截至二零二五年及二零二四年三月 三十一日止任何年度,概無董事放 棄或同意放棄任何酬金。

附註:

梁一鵬先生於二零二四年八月二十一日 獲委任為本公司執行董事。

Note:

40 Benefits and interests of directors (Continued)

(b) Directors' retirement benefits and termination benefits

No Directors' retirement benefits or termination benefits were paid during the years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024.

(c) Consideration provided to third parties for making available Directors' services

The Company did not pay consideration to any third parties for making available Directors' services during the years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024.

(d) Information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of Directors, controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such Directors

Save as disclosed in Note 38(d), no loans, quasi-loans and other dealings were made available in favour of Directors, body corporates controlled by and connected entities with such Directors subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024.

(e) Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

No significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year (2024: Nil).

40 董事利益及權益(續)

(b) 董事退休福利及董事終止服務 福利

> 截至二零二五年及二零二四年三月 三十一日止年度,概無支付任何董 事退休福利或董事終止服務福利。

(c) 就提供董事服務向第三方支付 的代價

> 截至二零二五年及二零二四年三月 三十一日止年度,本公司並無就提 供董事服務向第三方支付任何代價。

(d) 董事、受該等董事控制的法人 團體及該等董事的關連主體之 貸款、準貸款及其他交易之資 料

> 除附註38(d)所披露者外,於年末或 於截至二零二五年及二零二四年三 月三十一日止年度內任何時間,並 無向董事、受該等董事控制的法人 團體及該等董事的關連主體提供任 何貸款、準貸款和作出其他交易。

(e) 董事於交易、安排或合約中的 重大權益

本公司概無訂立年末或年內任何時間生效,並涉及本集團之業務而本公司董事直接或間接在其中擁有重大權益之重大交易、安排及合約(二零二四年:無)。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 合併財務報表附註

41 Summary of other potentially material accounting policies

This note provides a list of other potentially material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated. The consolidated financial statements are for the Group consisting of the Company and its subsidiaries.

41.1 Associates

Associates are entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associate are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, the investment is initially recognised at cost, and the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognise the investor's share of the profit and loss of the investee after the date of acquisition. The Group's investments in associate include goodwill identified on acquisition. Upon the acquisition of the ownership interest in associate, any difference between the cost of the associate and the Group's share of the net fair value of the associate' identifiable assets and liabilities is accounted for as goodwill.

If the ownership interest in associate is reduced but significant influence is retained, only a proportionate share of the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit and loss where appropriate.

41 其他可能重大會計政策概

本附計載列擬備該等合併財務報表 時可能採納之其他重大會計政策。 除另有所述者外,此等政策已貫徹 應用於所呈列之各年度。合併財務 報表乃有關由本公司及其附屬公司 組成之本集團。

41.1 聯營公司

聯營公司指本集團對其有重大影響 力而無控制權的實體,通常附帶有 20%-50%投票權的股權。於聯營公 司的投資以權益會計法入賬。根據 權益會計法,投資初始以成本確認, 而賬面值被增加或減少以確認投資 者享有被投資者於收購日期後的損 益份額。本集團於聯營公司的投資 包括收購時已識別之商譽。於收購 聯營公司之所有權權益時,聯營公 司之成本與本集團應佔聯營公司之 可識別資產及負債之公允價值淨額 之任何差額入賬為商譽。

倘於聯營公司的所有權權益被削減 但 仍 保 留 重 大 影 響 力,只 有 按 比 例 將之前於其他綜合收益中確認的數 額重新分類至損益(如適當)。

41 Summary of other potentially material accounting policies (Continued)

41.1 Associates (Continued)

The Group's share of post-acquisition profit or loss is recognised in the profit and loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income with a corresponding adjustment to the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

The Group determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investments in the associate are impaired. If this is the case, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate and its carrying value and recognises the amount adjacent to 'share of loss of an associate' in the profit and loss.

Profits and losses resulting from upstream and downstream transactions between the Group and its associates are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of unrelated investor's interests in the associates. Unrealised losses are eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

41 其他可能重大會計政策概 要(續)

41.1 聯營公司(續)

本集團於每個報告日期釐定是否有客觀證據證明聯營公司投資已減值。 倘投資已減值,本集團計算減值,數額為聯營公司可收回金額與其賬面值的差額,並於損益中「應佔一間聯營公司虧損」確認。

本集團與其聯營公司之間的上游和下游交易的溢利及虧損於本集團的為利及虧損於本集團的合併財務報表中確認,但僅限於無關連投資者於聯營公司權益的數額。除非交易提供證據顯示所轉讓資訊值,否則未變現虧損予以數學以確保與本集團採用的政策一致。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 合併財務報表附註

41 Summary of other potentially material accounting policies (Continued)

41.2 Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Group operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Group's functional and presentation currency.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the profit and loss.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the profit and loss. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in profit and loss within 'other gains/(losses) - net'.

41 其他可能重大會計政策概

41.2 外幣換算

(a) 功能及呈列貨幣

本集團各實體的財務報表所載 項目乃採用本集團營運所在主 要經濟環境的貨幣(「功能貨 幣」)計算。合併財務報表以港 元(本集團的功能及呈列貨幣) 早列。

交易及結餘

外幣交易按交易當日的現行匯 率或項目重新計量的估值換算 為功能貨幣。因該等交易結算 而產生以及因以外幣計值的貨 幣資產及負債按年終匯率換算 而產生的外匯收益及虧損於損 益內確認。

與借貸及現金及現金等值項目 有關的外匯收益及虧損於損益 中呈列。所有其他外匯收益及 虧損於損益內的「其他收益/ (虧損) -淨額|內呈列。

41 Summary of other potentially material accounting policies (Continued)

41.2 Foreign currency translation (Continued)

(c) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the Group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyper-inflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each consolidated statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the reporting date;
- (ii) income and expenses for each profit and loss are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the rate on the dates of the transactions); and
- (iii) all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of any net investment in foreign entities are recognised in other comprehensive income. When a foreign operation is sold or any borrowings forming part of the net investment are repaid, the associated exchange differences are reclassified to profit and loss, as part of the gain or loss on sale.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate. Current translation differences arising are recognised in other comprehensive income.

(d) Closure of foreign operation

On the closure of a foreign operation that involving loss of significant influence over an associate that includes a foreign operation, all of the currency translation differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to profit and loss.

41 其他可能重大會計政策概要(續)

41.2 外幣換算(續)

(c) 集團公司

功能貨幣與呈列貨幣不同之所 有本集團實體(該等實體概無 擁有高通脹經濟體之貨幣)之 業績及財務狀況均按以下方法 換算為呈列貨幣:

- (i) 各合併財務狀況表呈列之 資產及負債均以報告日期 之收市匯率換算;
- (ii) 各損益之收入及開支按平均匯率換算(除非平均匯率換算(除非平均匯率並非在有關交易日期現行匯率累積影響的合理約數,於該情況下,收入及開支按於交易日期的匯率換算);及
- (iii) 所有引致的匯兑差額在其 他綜合收益中確認。

於合併時,任何於海外實體之投資淨額換算產生的匯兑差額於其他綜合收益內確認。倘成告境外業務或償還任何構成投資淨額組成部分的借貸,相關匯兑差額重新分類為損益,作為待售損益的一部分。

收購海外實體所產生的商譽及公允價值調整均視為海外實體 的資產及負債,並按收市匯率 換算。產生即期匯兑差額於其 他綜合收益中確認。

(d) 關閉境外業務

於關閉涉及失去對包含境外業務之聯營公司有重大影響力的境外業務時,在權益內與該項業務相關並歸屬於本公司擁有人之所有累計匯兑差額均重新分類至損益。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 合併財務報表附註

41 Summary of other potentially material accounting policies (Continued)

41.3 Intangible assets

Goodwill

Goodwill arises on the acquisition of subsidiaries represents the excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisitiondate fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identified net assets acquired.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the cashgenerating units ("CGUs"), or groups of CGUs, that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is allocated represents the lowest level within the entity at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. Goodwill is monitored at the operating segment level.

Goodwill impairment reviews are undertaken annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate a potential impairment. The carrying value of the CGU containing the goodwill is compared to the recoverable amount, which is the higher of value in use and the fair value less costs of disposal. Any impairment is recognised immediately as an expense and is not subsequently reversed.

41 其他可能重大會計政策概

41.3 無形資產

商譽

收購附屬公司產牛之商譽指所轉撥 代價、於被收購方之任何非控股權 益金額及任何先前於被收購方之股 本權益於收購日期之公允價值超逾 所收購可識辨資產淨值之公允價值 的差額。

就減值測試而言,業務合併所獲得 的商譽會分配至預期將受益於合併 協同效應的各現金產生單位(「現金 產生單位」)或現金產生單位組別。 商譽所分配的各單位或單位組別為 實體內就內部管理目的而監察商譽 的最低層次。商譽乃於經營分部層 次進行監察。

商譽每年進行減值檢討,或當有事 件出現或情況改變顯示可能出現減 值時,作出更頻密檢討。包含商譽之 現金產生單位賬面值與可收回金額 作比較,可收回數額為使用價值與 公允價值減出售成本的較高者。任 何減值即時確認為開支,且其後不 會撥回。

41 Summary of other potentially material accounting policies (Continued)

41.4 Impairment of non-financial assets

Intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life or intangible assets not ready to use are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

41.5 Investments and other financial assets

(a) Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets and liabilities in the following categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value through profit or loss, and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will be recorded in profit and loss.

The Group reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

41 其他可能重大會計政策概 要(續)

41.4 非金融資產減值

41.5 投資及其他金融資產

(a) 分類

本集團將金融資產及負債作如 下分類:

- 其後透過損益按公允價值 計量;及
- 按攤銷成本計量。

該分類取決於實體管理金融資 產之業務模式以及現金流量的 合約條款。

對於以公允價值計量之資產, 其盈虧將計入損益。

僅當管理該等資產之業務模式 發生變化時,本集團方會對債 務投資進行重新分類。

41 Summary of other potentially material accounting policies (Continued)

41.5 Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

(b) Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade-date - the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit and loss.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are two measurement categories into which the Group classifies its debt instruments:

Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in profit and loss and presented in "other gains/(losses) – net" together with foreign exchange gains and losses. Impairment losses are presented as separate line item in profit and loss.

41 其他可能重大會計政策概

41.5 投資及其他金融資產(續)

(b) 確認及終止確認

以常規方式買賣的金融資產於 交易日期(即本集團承諾買賣 資產的日期)確認。當自投資收 取現金流量的權利已屆滿或已 轉讓,且本集團已轉讓擁有權 的絕大部分風險及回報時,金 融資產會被終止確認。

(c) 計量

於初始確認時,本集團按公允 價值加上(倘金融資產並非按 透過損益按公允價值列賬)可 直接歸屬於收購該項金融資產 之交易費用計量金融資產。透 過損益按公允價值列賬之金融 資產之交易費用於損益支銷。

在釐定其現金流量是否僅為本 金及利息付款時,本集團會考 慮具有嵌入式衍生工具的金融 資產整體。

債務工具

債務工具之後續計量取決於本 集團管理該資產之業務模式以 及該資產之現金流量特徵。本 集團對其債務工具進行分類時 有兩種計量類別:

攤銷成本:對於持有以收 取合約現金流量而該等現 金流量僅代表對本金和利 息之支付之資產而言,該 資產則以攤銷成本計量。 該等金融資產之利息收入 以實際利率法計算,計入 融資收入。終止確認時產 生之任何盈虧直接於損益 確認,並與匯兑盈虧一同 呈列在「其他收益/(虧 損)一淨額」中。減值虧損 於損益中列為單獨項目。

41 Summary of other potentially material accounting policies (Continued)

41.5 Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

(c) Measurement (Continued)

Debt instruments (Continued)

 Fair value through profit or loss: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in profit and loss and presented net within "other gains/(losses) – net" in the period in which it arises.

Equity instruments

The Group subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Group's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in profit or loss as other income when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in "other gains/ (losses) – net" in the profit and loss.

41 其他可能重大會計政策概 要(續)

41.5 投資及其他金融資產(續)

(c) 計量(續)

債務工具(續)

權益工具

透過損益按公允價值計量之金融資產公允價值變動於損益內 「其他收益/(虧損)-淨額」 確認。

41 Summary of other potentially material accounting policies (Continued)

41.5 Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

(d) Impairment

The Group assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its debt instruments carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by HKFRS 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables, see Note 3.1(b) for further details.

For other financial assets at amortised cost, including cash and cash equivalents, loan receivables, deposits and other receivables, other financial assets at amortised cost, and amounts due from related companies, the Group applies general approach permitted by HKFRS 9, which uses 3-stage expected credit loss model to recognise the loss allowance from initial recognition. See Note 3.1(b) for details.

For financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, are not subject to review for impairment as the impairment losses would include in the fair value changes and recognised in "other gains/(losses) - net" in the profit and loss.

41 其他可能重大會計政策概

41.5 投資及其他金融資產(續)

(d) 減值

對於以攤銷成本計量之債務工 具而言,本集團就其預期信貸 虧損作出前瞻性評估。所應用 減值方法取決於其信貸風險是 否顯著增加。

對於貿易應收款項而言,本集 團採用香港財務報告準則第9 號允許之簡化方法,該準則規 定於初始確認應收款項時確認 預期全期虧損,進一步詳情見 附註3.1(b)。

對於按攤銷成本列賬之其他金 融資產(包括現金及現金等值 項目、應收貸款、按金及其他應 收款項、按攤銷成本列賬之其 他金融資產及應收關連公司款 項)而言,本集團採用香港財務 報告準則第9號允許之一般方 法,該準則採用三階段預期信 貸虧損模型自初始確認確認虧 損撥備。詳情見附註3.1(b)。

對於透過損益按公允價值列賬 之金融資產而言,本集團無需 進行減值審查,原因為減值虧 損將計入公允價值變動並於損 益內「其他收益/(虧損)-淨 額」中確認。

41 Summary of other potentially material accounting policies (Continued)

41.6 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the company or the counterparty.

41.7 Current and deferred income tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

(a) Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the year end date in the countries where the Company's subsidiaries, an associate and joint ventures operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

41 其他可能重大會計政策概 要(續)

41.6 抵銷金融工具

有可合法強制執行權力抵銷已確認 金額,並有意圖按淨額基準結算 同時變現資產及結算負債時在 資產與負債可互相抵銷,可合法強 ,並不得取決於未來事件而公 , 上須在一般業務過程中以及尚、無 質能力或破產時可強制執行。

41.7 當期及遞延所得税

期內所得稅開支或抵免乃根據各司法管轄區適用所得稅稅率按當期應課稅收入計算的應付稅項,有關稅項乃根據暫時性差額及未動用稅項虧損產生的遞延稅項資產及負債變動作出調整。

(a) 當期所得税

41 Summary of other potentially material accounting policies (Continued)

41.7 Current and deferred income tax (Continued)

(b) Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred income tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in foreign operations where the company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

41 其他可能重大會計政策概

41.7 當期及遞延所得税(續)

(b) 遞延所得税

搋 延 所 得 税 採 用 負 倩 法 就 資 產 及負債的税基與其於合併財務 報表的賬面值之間產生的暫時 性差額悉數計提撥備。然而,如 遞延税項負債源自初步確認的 商譽,則其不會被確認。如遞延 所得税乃源自業務合併以外的 交易中初步確認的資產或負債, 而在交易時並不影響會計或應 課税溢利或虧損,則遞延所得 税亦不會入賬處理。當有關遞 延所得税資產已變現或遞延所 得税負債已結算時,遞延所得 税以於報告期末已制定或實質 已制定及預期獲應用之税率(及 法例)釐定。

遞延所得税資產僅於可能有未 來應課税金額可用於動用該等 暫時性差額及虧損時方會確認。

倘公司能控制撥回暫時性差額 的時間及該等差額可能不會於 可見將來撥回,則不會就外國 業務投資賬面值與稅基之間的 暫時性差額確認遞延税項負債 及資產。

41 Summary of other potentially material accounting policies (Continued)

41.7 Current and deferred income tax (Continued)

(b) Deferred income tax (Continued)

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit and loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

41.8 Provisions

Provisions for legal claims are recognised when: the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

41 其他可能重大會計政策概 要(續)

41.7 當期及遞延所得税(續)

(b) 遞延所得税(續)

倘有可依法強制執行權利將當期稅項資產與當期稅項資產與當期稅資產與當期稅資產與當期稅資產人國國, 與同一稅務機關就一個或有關稅實體徵收之所得稅有關實體有意按淨額基準 而有關實體有意接淨產及關 所有關實體時,遞延所得稅資產產與 負債時,遞延所得稅資產產與 負債將予互相抵銷。

即期及遞延税項於損益確認,惟倘即期及遞延税項與在其他綜合收益或直接於權益中確認的項目有關,在此情況下,税項亦會分別於其他綜合收益或直接於權益中確認。

41.8 撥備

當本集團因已發生的事件須承擔現有之法定或推定責任,而將來可能需要有資源流出以解除責任及有關金額乃可予以可靠衡量時,則確認訴訟索償撥備。未來經營虧損並無確認撥備。

倘出現多項類似責任,會否導致經濟利益流出以清償債務乃經考慮責任之整體類別後確定。即使同類別責任中任何一項可能流出經濟利益的機會不大,仍會確認撥備。

撥備乃利用税前利率(反映現時市場對金錢時間價值以及與責任有關之風險之估計)根據預期須履行責任之開支的現值而計量。由於時間過去而作出的撥備增幅,確認為利息開支。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 合併財務報表附註

41 Summary of other potentially material accounting policies (Continued)

41.9 Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts are recognised as a financial liability at the time the guarantee is issued. The liability is initially measured at fair value and subsequently at the higher

- the amount determined in accordance with the expected credit loss model under HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments and
- the amount initially recognised less, where appropriate, the cumulative amount of income recognised in accordance with the principles of HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers.

The fair value of financial guarantees is determined based on the present value of the difference in cash flows between the contractual payments required under the debt instrument and the payments that would be required without the guarantee. or the estimated amount that would be payable to a third party for assuming the obligations.

Where guarantees in relation to loans or other payables of an associate are provided for no compensation, the fair values are accounted for as contributions and recognised as part of the cost of the investment.

41.10 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Group's consolidated financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders or directors, where appropriate.

41 其他可能重大會計政策概

41.9 財務擔保合約

財務擔保合約於發行擔保時確認為 金融負債。有關負債首次按公允價 值計量,其後則按以下較高者計量

- 根據香港財務報告準則第9號 金融工具項下的預期信貸虧損 模型釐定的金額;及
- 首次確認的金額減根據香港財 務報告準則第15號客戶合約收 益的原則確認的累計收入金額 (如適用)。

財務擔保的公允價值按債務工具下 的合約付款與在並無擔保下須作出 的付款之間的現金流量的差額的現 值,或就承擔責任而可能須付予第 三方的估計金額所釐定。

倘按無償方式就聯營公司的貸款或 其他應付款項作出擔保,則有關公 允價值乃作為出資入賬,並確認為 投資成本的一部分。

41.10 股息分派

向本公司股東分派的股息,於股息 獲本公司股東或董事(倘適用)批准 的期間內,於本集團合併財務報表 確認為負債。

41 Summary of other potentially material accounting policies (Continued)

41.11 Loss per share

(a) Basic loss per share

Basic loss per share is calculated by dividing the loss attributable to owners of the Company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year.

(b) Diluted loss per share

Diluted loss per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic loss per share to take into account the after-income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares, and the weighted average number of additional ordinary shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

41.12 Government grants

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions.

Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognised in the profit and loss over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate.

41 其他可能重大會計政策概 要(續)

41.11 每股虧損

(a) 每股基本虧損

每股基本虧損乃根據財政年度 內本公司擁有人應佔虧損(扣 除普通股以外之任何服務權益 成本)除以發行在外普通股加 權平均數計算,並就年內已發 行普通股的紅利作出調整。

(b) 每股攤薄虧損

每股攤薄虧損調整於釐定每股 基本虧損時所用的數字,以計 及與攤薄潛在普通股相關之利 息及其他融資成本的除所得稅 後影響,以及假設轉換全部攤 薄潛在普通股而將予發行在外 的額外普通股的加權平均數。

41.12 政府補助金

當能夠合理地保證政府補助金將可 收取,而本集團將會符合所有附帶 條件時,該補助金按其公允價值確 認。

有關成本之政府補助金遞延入賬, 並配合按擬補償之成本所需期間於 捐益確認。

Five-year Financial Summary

五年財務概要

		2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
		二零二五年 [HK\$'000	二零二四年 : HK\$'000	二零二三年 . HK\$'000	二零二二年 : HK\$'000	二零二一年 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Results	業績					
Vanuandad 04 Mayab	# * 					
Year ended 31 March	截至三月三十一日 止年度					
(Loss)/profit attributable	本公司權益持有人					
to equity holders of the Company	應佔(虧損)/ 溢利	(6,130)	(8,306)	(14,243)	2,097	19,009
Assets and liabilities	資產及負債					
As at 31 March	於三月三十一日					
Total assets	總資產	378,843	378,654	372,608	335,568	331,152
Total liabilities	總負債	(135,599)	(134,586)	(120,818)	(85,300)	(80,497)
Net assets	資產淨額	243,244	244,068	251,790	250,268	250,655



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