

# 泰邦集團國際控股有限公司 Top Dynamic International Holdings Limited



# CHARACTERISTICS OF THE GROWTH ENTERPRISE MARKET OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG LIMITED

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This report, for which the Directors collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the GEM Listing Rules for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Company. The Directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, the information contained in this report is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading or deceptive, and there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement herein or in this report misleading.

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## Corporate Profile

The Group is principally engaged in the assembly, packaging and sales of self-manufactured discrete semiconductors with a primary focus on applications for smart consumer electronic devices, and trading of semiconductors sourced from third-party suppliers. The Company was incorporated as an exempted company with limited liability in the Cayman Islands on 10 September 2014 and its shares were listed on GEM on 9 October 2015.

The Group's self-manufactured products are mainly used in consumer and industrial portable electronics such as mobile phones, display monitors, LED televisions, portable electronic equipment and power supplies manufactured by its customers who are mainly OEM/ODM manufacturers for well-known consumer electronic brands mainly in Korea and the PRC, and mainly encompass four categories of discrete semiconductors including diodes, transistors, rectifiers and transient voltage suppressors, which are assembled and packaged in a variety of packages. The Group also deploys the fourth generation discrete semiconductor packaging technology to manufacture ultra-small thin profile near chip scale leadframe DFN series packages.

The Group's strong reputation for its reliability and ability to provide high-quality products, value-added solution kits services and engineering solutions services, as well as comprehensive customer service has been a key contributor to its growth. With technologically advanced production lines and strong technology expertise, the Group is able to offer customisable products which enable it to satisfy multiple end-market product requirements and the diverse specifications of its customers, which in turn contribute to its continued success.

The Group serves customers from different parts of the globe including the PRC, Hong Kong, Korea, Thailand, Vietnam, Taiwan, Europe and the United States, etc.

## **Corporate Information**

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Chow Hin Keong (Chairman)

Mr. Chow Hin Kok (Chief Executive Officer)

#### **Independent Non-Executive Directors**

Ms. Wong Sau Ying

Ms. Chan Mei Po

Ms. Man Oi Yuk Yvonne

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Ms. Lam Yuk Yee FCCA, HKICPA

#### COMPLIANCE OFFICER

Mr. Chow Hin Kok

#### **AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES**

Mr. Chow Hin Keong

Ms. Lam Yuk Yee FCCA, HKICPA

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Ms. Man Oi Yuk Yvonne (Chairperson)

Ms. Wong Sau Ying

Ms. Chan Mei Po

#### REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Ms. Wong Sau Ying (Chairperson)

Mr. Chow Hin Kok

Ms. Chan Mei Po

Ms. Man Oi Yuk Yvonne

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Ms. Chan Mei Po (Chairperson)

Mr. Chow Hin Keong

Ms. Wong Sau Ying

Ms. Man Oi Yuk Yvonne

#### **COMPLIANCE ADVISER**

Celestial Capital Limited

21st Floor, Low Block

Grand Millennium Plaza

181 Queen's Road Central

Hong Kong

#### **AUDITORS**

SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited Certified Public Accountants

43rd Floor, Lee Garden One

33 Hysan Avenue

Causeway Bay

Hong Kong

#### PRINCIPAL BANKERS

DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Limited China Construction Bank

#### REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square

**Hutchins Drive** 

PO Box 2681

Grand Cayman

KY1-1111

Cayman Islands

## PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

#### IN HONG KONG

Office A, 31st Floor

Billion Plaza II

10 Cheung Yue Street

Cheung Sha Wan

Kowloon

Hong Kong

#### HONG KONG LEGAL ADVISERS

Reed Smith Richards Butler

20th Floor, Alexandra House

18 Chater Road

Central

Hong Kong

#### SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICES

#### Principal share registrar

Codan Trust Company (Cayman) Limited

Cricket Square

Hutchins Drive

PO Box 2681

Grand Cayman

KY1-1111

Cayman Islands

#### Hong Kong branch share registrar

Tricor Investor Services Limited

Level 22

Hopewell Centre

183 Queen's Road East

Hong Kong

#### STOCK CODE

8327

#### WEBSITE OF THE COMPANY

www.topdynamicintl.com

### Chairman's Statement

On behalf of the Board, I am pleased to present the audited financial results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2016.

#### **BUSINESS OVERVIEW**

The Group has achieved encouraging overall results in 2016. During the Period, the Group recorded a turnover of approximately HK\$254.5 million for the year ended 31 December 2016, representing an increase of approximately 18.2% when compared to the previous year. The Group's net profit after tax for the Period was approximately HK\$45.8 million, representing an increase of approximately 72.2% when compared to the previous year. We achieved earnings per share of approximately 5.72 HK cents, representing an increase of approximately 29.7% when compared to the previous year (please refer to note 13 to the consolidated financial statements for further details).

We have also successfully expanded our customer base to new customers in the automotive industry during the Period. With a view to further broadening our customer base and enhancing our brand recognition, we participated in product exhibitions including the Global Sources Exhibitions held in Hong Kong in April 2016 and the Taipei International Electronics Show held in Taiwan in October 2016, which are trade shows targeting primarily participants in the electronics industry. Further discussions of the Group's business performance during the Period are set out in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" in this report.

During the Period, the Group has successfully commenced mass production of its new products including:

- the SOT563 packages (the third generation mainstream packages) feature surface mount package suitable for automated placement, as well as a wide variety of available configurations. Its principal applications include OLED televisions, portable electronic equipment and display monitors, and it is well accepted in the industry;
- (ii) the DFN0603 packages (the fourth generation mainstream packages) are of a size of 0.61 mm x 0.32 mm x 0.3 mm, about half the size of the Group's other existing DFN series packages. Its principal applications include computers and peripherals, digital cameras, smart phones, mobile phone accessories, network communication devices and portable electronics;
- (iii) the DFN2510 packages, which is integrated with a multi-channel product that can substitute four single channel products to save cost. Its principal applications include various display port interface, HDMI, LAN/WAN equipment, MDDI ports, serial ATA and UDI;
- (iv) the ABF packages, which is a small-package sized surface mount package suitable for automated placement. Its principal applications include LED driver power supplies, portable devices and power supplies;
- (v) the SMAF packages, which can substitute SMA packages without modification to printed circuit boards and having only half the height of SMA packages. Its principal applications include LED lighting, mobile phone chargers and polarity protection. It is expected that SMA packages will gradually phase out and will be replaced by SMAF packages; and

### Chairman's Statement

#### **BUSINESS OVERVIEW** (Continued)

(vi) the SOT363 packages, which is in between the size of SOT26 and SOT563 packages we are currently manufacturing. Its principal applications include OLED televisions, portable electronic equipment as well as display monitors.

The Group has also expanded its existing self-manufactured product offerings to include:

- (i) the DFN1006 packages, which is a thin profile and surface mount package. Its principal applications include smart phones, automative application, communication systems, computers and peripherals;
- (ii) the DFN1608 packages, which is an ultra slim and leadless package. The design of the package has excellent heat dissipation performance. Its principal applications include smart phones, power supplies and mobile phone chargers; and
- (iii) the SOT26 packages, which is generally smaller in size and more cost competitive as compared to part of SOD series packages.

As the Group's manufacturing business continues to grow, an increasing portion of the Group's turnover was derived from sales of its self-manufactured products during the Period as compared to the last year.

In addition to its manufacturing business, the Group continues to operate its trading business during the Period, primarily to complement sales of its self-manufactured products. The Group acts as a solution kits integrator and is engaged in trading of semiconductors that its customers specifically require, but which are not manufactured by the Group. As the product mix required by its customers varies from time to time, and given the widening of the Group's self-manufactured product offerings to meet its customers' demand, the Group's trading segment saw a decrease in turnover during the Period as compared to the last year. However, as a result of a different mix of trading products ordered by its customers during the Period, segment profit margin improved as compared to the last year.

#### **BUSINESS OUTLOOK**

Following the Group's successful introduction of its new DFN0603 packages to the market during the Period, its management has evaluated market interests in SOT723 packages and compared market responses of SOT723 packages with the Group's existing DFN1006-3 packages, the management has noted that DFN series packages generally carry a higher profit margin than the average profit margin of the Group's other products offerings and that the DFN1006-3 packages are better-received by existing and potential customers, as the lead-free DFN1006-3 packages provide an equivalent or better performance than SOT723 packages whilst occupying only 40% of the printed circuit board area and DFN1006-3 packages have an off board height of 0.4 mm or 0.5 mm, making it ideal for thin profile consumer electronic products. DFN1006-3 packages can also increase the product reliability, and it can be applied in a broad range of portable electronic products, such as digital cameras, tablets, smart phones and other high-end portable consumer electronics products. After studying the market indication of interests in SOT723 packages, the management will, in the deployment of resources, prioritise further expansion of the Group's more profitable DFN1006 series packages production lines in light of market indication of an increasing demand, and put on hold the setting up of the new SOT723 packages production line subject to any further increase in demand.

### Chairman's Statement

#### **BUSINESS OUTLOOK** (Continued)

In 2017, we will continue our effort in further expanding our production facilities with a view to achieving further growth for the Group through increasing our production capacity for selected products, and offering new products to capture a wider customer base in the PRC, Hong Kong, and other overseas markets.

We also intend to maintain and continue to build the Group's knowledge base of designs and engineering solutions to expand the range of value-added services and strengthen the quality of products and services we deliver. To achieve this goal, we intend to increase the Group's investment in its engineering and quality management team via, for example, acquisition of additional reliability testing facilities and recruiting additional experts as and when appropriate to enhance application and development capabilities so that it can offer the most efficient value-added services to its customers. The Group will also strengthen its inter-departmental cooperation to keep its product offerings and market intelligence up-to-date in order for its application and development engineers to develop and introduce new designs and engineering solutions that would help its customers to stay abreast of the latest developments in technology.

The competitive landscape in the market has generally remained consistent during the Period with that of 2015 and we have adhered to our existing business strategies and achieved an encouraging overall business growth from the previous year. We intend to adhere to a prudent and pragmatic approach in implementing our expansion plans for our production facilities and closely monitor the market with a view to reacting to market changes with appropriate countermeasures in the interests of the Company and our Shareholders.

#### **APPRECIATION**

On behalf of the Board, I would like to express our gratitude to for the hard work of our staff, and the support of the Group from all our Shareholders and stakeholders.

**Chow Hin Keong** 

Chairman

Hong Kong, 2 March 2017

# Financial Highlights

|   | For the year ended<br>31 December |                         |
|---|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|
|   | 2016<br><i>HK\$'000</i>           | 2015<br><i>HK\$'000</i> |
|   |                                   |                         |
| Turnover  | 254,493                           | 215,273                 |
| Cost of sales   | (161,321)                         | (132,921)               |
| Gross profit  | 93,172                            | 82,352                  |
| Other income  | 683                               | 1,623                   |
| Selling and distribution costs  | (11,161)                          | (11,310)                |
| Administrative expenses   | (24,808)                          | (34,977)                |
| Profit before tax   | 57,886                            | 37,688                  |
| Income tax expenses   | (12,105)                          | (11,137)                |
| Profit for the year   | 45,781                            | 26,551                  |
| Other comprehensive expense for the year  Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: |                                   |                         |
| Exchange difference arising on translation of a   | (0.1.40)                          | (5,000)                 |
| foreign operation   | (6,142)                           | (5,008)                 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year   |                                   |                         |
| attributable to owners of the Company   | 39,639                            | 21,543                  |
|   |                                   |                         |
| Earnings per share  - Basic and diluted (HK cents)  | 5.72                              | 4.41                    |

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

The Group is principally engaged in the assembly, packaging and sales of its self-manufactured discrete semiconductors and trading of semiconductors sourced from third-party suppliers.

The Group's manufacturing business has exhibited moderate growth during the Period when compared to the previous year, and in line with its established business strategy, an increasing portion of the Group's turnover was derived from sales of its self-manufactured products during the Period as compared to the last year. The Group believes that there will continue to be a growing demand for packages with increased input/output density, smaller size and better heat dissipation characteristics. In light of such growing demand and the increasing utilisation of its SOT26 production line, the Group has deployed the net proceeds raised from the Placing to acquire during the Period additional equipment to enhance the production lines for the production of its SOT26, SOT563, DFN0603 and DFN1006 packages.

During the Period, the Group has successfully commenced mass production of its new products including:

- the SOT563 packages (the third generation mainstream packages) feature surface mount package suitable for automated placement, as well as a wide variety of available configurations. Its principal applications include OLED televisions, portable electronic equipment and display monitors, and it is well accepted in the industry;
- (ii) the DFN0603 packages (the fourth generation mainstream packages) are of a size of 0.61 mm x 0.32 mm x 0.3 mm, about half the size of the Group's other existing DFN series packages. Its principal applications include computers and peripherals, digital cameras, smart phones, mobile phone accessories, network communication devices and portable electronics;
- (iii) the DFN2510 packages, which is integrated with a multi-channel product that can substitute four single channel products to save cost. Its principal applications include various display port interface, HDMI, LAN/WAN equipment, MDDI ports, serial ATA and UDI;
- (iv) the ABF packages, which is a small-package sized surface mount package suitable for automated placement. Its principal applications include LED driver power supplies, portable devices and power supplies;
- (v) the SMAF packages, which can substitute SMA packages without modification to printed circuit boards and having only half the height of SMA packages. Its principal applications include LED lighting, mobile phone chargers and polarity protection. It is expected that SMA packages will gradually phase out and will be replaced by SMAF packages; and
- (vi) the SOT363 packages, which is in between the size of SOT26 and SOT563 packages the Group is currently manufacturing. Its principal applications include OLED televisions, portable electronic equipment as well as display monitors.

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW** (Continued)

The Group has also expanded its existing self-manufactured product offerings to include:

- (i) the DFN1006 packages, which is a thin profile and surface mount package. Its principal applications include smart phones, automative application, communication systems, computers and peripherals;
- (ii) the DFN1608 packages, which is an ultra slim and leadless package. The design of the package has excellent heat dissipation performance. Its principal applications include smart phones, power supplies and mobile phone chargers; and
- (iii) the SOT26 packages, which is generally smaller in size and more cost competitive as compared to part of SOD series packages.

As the Group's manufacturing business continues to grow, an increasing portion of the Group's turnover was derived from sales of its self-manufactured products during the Period as compared to the last year.

In addition to its manufacturing business, the Group continues to operate its trading business during the Period, primarily to complement sales of its self-manufactured products. The Group acts as a solution kits integrator and is engaged in trading of semiconductors that its customers specifically require, but which are not manufactured by the Group. As the product mix required by its customers varies from time to time, and given the widening of the Group's self-manufactured product offerings to meet its customers' demand, the Group's trading segment saw a decrease in turnover during the Period as compared to the last year. However, as a result of a different mix of trading products ordered by its customers during the Period, segment profit margin improved as compared to the last year. The Group also continues to provide tailormade engineering solutions services that cater for its customers' product design needs during the Period. Although the Group amortises its value-added engineering solutions services into the unit selling prices of its products and does not record them as separate sources of turnover, the Group believes that they have enabled it to create demand for its products. The Group believes that its understanding of its customers' needs and its ability to deliver high quality products and value-added solution kits services and engineering solutions services have been the key to its success in maintaining stable relationships with its existing customers and attracting new customers. The number of the Group's customers increased from 102 as at 31 December 2015 to 126 as at 31 December 2016.

Having achieved an overall encouraging results for the Period, the Group will remain cautious in evaluating and implementing its business strategies going forward in face of recent currency fluctuations and worldwide economic uncertainties, as well as potential increases in the costs of raw materials.

#### COMPARISON OF BUSINESS OBJECTIVES WITH ACTUAL BUSINESS PROGRESS

The table below sets out the Directors' analysis by comparing the business objectives of the Group as set out in the Prospectus with the Group's achievement of these objectives up to 31 December 2016. These business objectives are in place with a view to generating long-term value to the Company and the Shareholders.

#### **Business Objectives**

 Continue to increase sales of the Group's self-manufactured products and penetrate markets with growth opportunities

#### Actual Business Progress up to 31 December 2016

Approximately 79.0% of the Group's turnover for the year ended 31 December 2016 was derived from sales of its selfmanufactured products, representing an increase from 2015 where sales of the Group's self-manufactured products accounted for approximately 72.3% of its turnover for that year. In light of customers' indication of demand and advance orders for SOT563 packages, the Group has pushed forward its SOT563 production line development plan and mass production run commenced in the first guarter of 2016. The management has evaluated the expansion of the Group's product offering to include SOT723 packages, and after studying the market indication of interests in SOT723 packages, the management has expanded and will, in the deployment of resources, prioritise further expansion of the Group's more profitable DFN1006 series packages production lines in light of market indication of an increasing demand, and put on hold the setting up of the new SOT723 packages production line subject to any increase in further demand.

The Group participated in product exhibitions including the Global Sources Exhibitions in April 2016 and the Taipei International Electronics Show in October 2016 with a view to introducing its products and brands to potential customers.

The number of the Group's customers increased from 102 as at 31 December 2015 to 126 as at 31 December 2016.

#### COMPARISON OF BUSINESS OBJECTIVES WITH ACTUAL BUSINESS PROGRESS (Continued)

#### **Business Objectives**

### Continue to introduce technologically advanced products and diversify the Group's presence in industries which it considers to have high potential

#### Actual Business Progress up to 31 December 2016

The Group has successfully introduced its new DFN0603 products, which is of a size of 0.61 mm x 0.32 mm x 0.3 mm, about half the size of the Group's other existing DFN series products in commercial production, and carries a higher profit margin as compared to the average profit margin of the Group's other product offerings. Mass production of this product commenced in the fourth quarter of 2016.

The Group has also successfully developed its SOT563 products and mass production of this product commenced in the first quarter of 2016.

In addition, the Group has continued to expand its self-manufactured products mix to include the new DFN2510, ABF, SMAF and SOT363 packages in meeting customers' demand.

The Group has also successfully expanded its customer base to new customers in the automotive industry during the Period.

3. Continue to focus on value-added services to customers

The Group has continued to review the performance of its existing engineering and quality management team and evaluate the need and possible time frame for increasing its investment in its engineering and quality management team in order to enhance its application and development capabilities to offer the most efficient value-added services to its customers. For example, the Group's engineering and quality management staff has increased from 45 as at 31 December 2015 to 62 as at 31 December 2016. The Group has also acquired additional reliability testing facilities during the Period.

In addition, the Group has also acquired ISO/TS 16949:2009 certification in November 2016 for its quality management system relating to the design and development, production and, when relevant, installation and service of automotive-related products.

#### COMPARISON OF BUSINESS OBJECTIVES WITH ACTUAL BUSINESS PROGRESS (Continued)

#### **Business Objectives**

#### Actual Business Progress up to 31 December 2016

4. Continue to attract and retain top talent in the industry

The Group's staff count has grown along with the operation scale of the Group during the Period, and the number of its full-time employees expanded from 244 as at 31 December 2015 to 298 as at 31 December 2016. The Group has continued to review its staff performance vis-a-vis the Group's current business scale and will consider further recruitment as and when the management considers appropriate.

#### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The principal risks and uncertainties in implementing the Group's business strategies include the following:

- (i) if the Group is unable to obtain additional packaging equipment or facilities in a timely manner and at a reasonable cost, its competitiveness and future profitability could be adversely affected;
- (ii) the Group's production capacity may not correspond precisely to its production demands, and any significant increase in its idle or unutilised production capacity during any particular period could adversely affect the Group's operating results in that period; and
- (iii) the Group relies on the stable operation of its production facilities and there is no assurance that its production would be free of disruptions in the future.

In addressing these risks and uncertainties, the Group will take a cautious approach when considering new purchases of equipment and machinery and will only do so if and when the Directors consider it to be in the interest of the Group to do so. The Group has also implemented a maintenance system for its facilities and equipment, which includes regular maintenance and repairs, and regular inspections of facilities and equipment. This allows the Group to operate its production lines at optimal levels. The Group carries out routine cleaning and maintenance of its equipment to enhance its useful life. The Group also conducts major annual maintenance work. The Group's maintenance system aims to maintain operational efficiency and high-quality control standards. The Group has not experienced any material or prolonged interruptions to its manufacturing process due to equipment or machinery failure during the Period.

The other risks and uncertainties incidental to the Group's business operations are detailed further in the Prospectus.

#### USE OF PROCEEDS FROM THE PLACING

Net proceeds in the amount of approximately HK\$40.8 million were raised from the Placing. During the Period, approximately HK\$17.0 million from the net proceeds raised from the Placing has been applied towards the purchase of equipment for the expansion of the Group's production lines including that for its SOT26, DFN1006 and DFN0603 packages, and its SOT563 packages (developed earlier than scheduled in light of customers' demand).

As at 31 December 2016, the unused net proceeds from the Placing of approximately HK\$7.1 million have been placed as interest-bearing deposits with a licensed bank in Hong Kong.

#### FINANCIAL REVIEW

#### **Turnover**

For the year ended 31 December 2016, the Group recorded turnover of approximately HK\$254.5 million (2015: HK\$215.3 million), representing an increase of approximately 18.2% when compared to the previous year. The increase in turnover was primarily attributable to the increase in the sales of the Group's self-manufactured products as a result of its continuous effort in expanding its customer base and production capacity during the Period.

The Group's turnover attributable to its self-manufactured products recorded a significant growth of approximately 29.2% from approximately HK\$155.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2015 to approximately HK\$201.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2016. The increase was primarily attributable to the expansion in the Group's existing production lines for its SOT26, DFN1006 and DFN1608 packages, as well as the commencement of mass production of the Group's new SOT563, DFN0603, DFN2510, ABF, SMAF and SOT363 packages.

The Group's trading of products primarily complements sales of its self-manufactured products when it provides solution kits services to its customers. The turnover derived from the Group's trading business for the Period decreased from approximately HK\$59.7 million for the year ended 31 December 2015 to approximately HK\$53.5 million for the year ended 31 December 2016 as a result of different product mix required by its customers, and that part of their demand has been satisfied by the introduction of the Group's new products in 2016.

In terms of geographic coverage, the PRC and Korea remained the Group's major target markets during the Period and they collectively accounted for approximately 66.5% of the Group's total turnover for the year ended 31 December 2016 (2015: 74.3%). The turnover derived from sales in the PRC market and the Korean market were approximately HK\$78.3 million (2015: HK\$75.6 million) and approximately HK\$90.9 million (2015: HK\$84.4 million) respectively, representing increases of approximately 3.6% and 7.7% when compared to the previous year. The Group's turnover from other Asian markets (i.e. Hong Kong, Thailand, Vietnam and Taiwan) has also increased by approximately 69.1% from approximately HK\$44.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2015 to approximately HK\$75.4 million for the year ended 31 December 2016. This reflects the Group's continuous efforts in expanding its presence in other regions.

#### FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

#### **Turnover** (Continued)

For the Period, approximately HK\$156.6 million (2015: HK\$125.3 million) of the Group's total turnover was derived from direct sales to customers whereas approximately HK\$97.9 million (2015: HK\$90.0 million) was generated from customers referred by its third-party agent. These increases reflect the Group's efforts in expanding its customer base during the Period.

#### Cost of Sales

In line with its increased turnover, the Group's cost of sales for the Period was approximately HK\$161.3 million, representing an increase of approximately 21.4% from approximately HK\$132.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2015. Such increase was primarily attributable to increased consumption of raw materials and direct labour costs in line with the increased sales volume of the Group's self-manufactured products over the Period.

#### **Gross Profit and Gross Profit Margin**

Along with its increased turnover, the Group's gross profit for the Period was approximately HK\$93.2 million, increased by approximately 13.1% when compared to that of approximately HK\$82.4 million for the year ended 31 December 2015. The Group's gross profit margin exhibited a slight decrease from approximately 38.3% for the year ended 31 December 2015 to approximately 36.6% for the year ended 31 December 2016, which was primarily attributable to a decrease in the gross profit margin in the sales of the Group' self-manufactured products.

For the Period, the average gross profit margin of the Group's self-manufactured products was approximately 41.9% (2015: 47.0%). The decrease was primarily due to the varying mix of products sold during the Period, where the Group sold more products that carry a lower gross profit margin than that in 2015. The average gross profit margin for trading of products sourced from third-party suppliers for the Period was approximately 16.7% (2015: 15.5%). Such difference was attributable to different product mix required by its customers from time to time.

#### **Selling and Distribution Costs**

The Group's selling and distribution costs for the Period amounted to approximately HK\$11.2 million, which was comparable to that of approximately HK\$11.3 million for the year ended 31 December 2015.

#### **Administrative Expenses**

The Group's administrative expenses for the Period was approximately HK\$24.8 million, representing a decrease of approximately 29.1% over that of approximately HK\$35.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2015. The decrease was primarily attributable to the absence of expenses in relation to the Listing during the Period.

#### **Income Tax Expenses**

The Group's income tax expenses for the Period was approximately HK\$12.1 million, representing an increase of approximately 9.0% from that of approximately HK\$11.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2015. Such increase in its income tax expenses was mainly the result of an increase in the Group's profit before tax during the Period.

#### FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

#### Net Profit and Net Profit Margin

The Group's net profit for the Period was approximately HK\$45.8 million, representing an increase of approximately 72.2% when compared to that of approximately HK\$26.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2015, which was primarily due to the increased gross profit of the Group during the Period as well as savings in administrative expenses brought about by the absence of expenses relating to the Listing during the Period.

Along with the increase in the Group's net profit for the Period, its net profit margin (which is calculated by dividing the net profit for the relevant period by the turnover for the same period) has also increased from approximately 12.4% for the year ended 31 December 2015 to approximately 18.0% for the Period.

#### LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND CAPITAL STRUCTURE

During the Period, the operations at the Group were funded by internally generated cash flows and net proceeds from the Placing.

The Group's outstanding capital commitments as at 31 December 2016 amounted to approximately HK\$2.1 million (2015: HK\$4.4 million). Such commitments primarily related to purchase of equipment and machineries to expand the production capacity of the Group's production facilities, including DFN0603 and DFN1006 packages. Such outstanding commitments are expected to be funded by net proceeds from the Placing.

As at 31 December 2016, the Group had no outstanding bank borrowings.

Please refer to note 20 to the consolidated financial statements for the ageing analysis in respect of the trade payables of the Group as at 31 December 2015 and 2016.

The Group's gearing ratio as at 31 December 2015 and 2016, which was calculated by dividing its total borrowings by its total equity as at those dates, were both nil due to the absence of borrowings as at those dates.

#### **CHARGES ON GROUP ASSETS**

As at 31 December 2016, an amount of approximately HK\$5.1 million (2015: HK\$5.0 million) was pledged to a bank to secure short-term bank facilities granted to the Group.

#### SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS/MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS

The Group had not made any significant investments or material acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries during the Period.

#### **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

As at 31 December 2016, the Group did not have any significant contingent liabilities.

#### **EXPOSURE TO FLUCTUATIONS IN EXCHANGE RATES**

The Group is exposed to foreign currency risks as several of its subsidiaries have foreign currency sales and purchases. For the years ended 31 December 2016 and 2015, approximately 75.4% and 76.5%, respectively, of the Group's sales were denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the relevant group entities making the sale, and approximately 76.4% and 76.0%, respectively, of purchases were denominated in the relevant group entities' functional currency.

The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities as at 31 December 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

|                       | Asse              | ts       | Liabilit          | ies      |
|-----------------------|-------------------|----------|-------------------|----------|
|                       | As at 31 December |          | As at 31 December |          |
|                       | 2016              | 2015     | 2016              | 2015     |
|                       | HK\$'000          | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000          | HK\$'000 |
| United States dollars | 74,624            | 30,980   | 3,607             | 4,375    |
| Renminbi              | 11,669            | 4,757    | 7,274             | 6,788    |
| HK\$                  | 2,328             | 3,211    |                   |          |
|                       | 88,621            | 38,948   | 10,881            | 11,163   |

The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the Directors continuously monitor the related foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

#### **HUMAN RESOURCES**

As at 31 December 2016, the Group had a workforce of 298 full-time employees (including the two executive Directors but excluding the three independent non-executive Directors) of whom approximately 96.3% were employed in the PRC and approximately 3.7% in Hong Kong. The Group's staff costs (excluding contributions to pension schemes) for the years ended 31 December 2016 and 2015 amounted to approximately HK\$28.1 million and HK\$23.3 million, respectively. The Group's employees in Hong Kong are required to participate in the Mandatory Provident Fund scheme under which it is required to contribute a fixed percentage of the employees' payroll costs (up to a maximum of HK\$1,500 per month) to the scheme. For the employees of its PRC Subsidiary, the Group makes contributions to various government sponsored employee benefit funds, including housing provident fund, basic pension insurance fund, basic medical insurance, unemployment insurance, maternity insurance and work related injury insurance funds in accordance with applicable PRC laws and regulations.

#### **HUMAN RESOURCES** (Continued)

The Group generally recruits employees from the open market. It actively pursues a strategy to recruit, develop and retain talented employees by (i) providing them with training programs on a regular basis to keep them abreast of their knowledge in the products it distributes, technology development and market conditions of the electronics industry; (ii) aligning employees' compensation and incentives with their performance; and (iii) providing them with a clear career path with opportunities for additional responsibilities and promotions.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL MATTERS**

While the Group is subject to the PRC environmental laws and regulations including the Environment Protection Law of the PRC, which govern a broad range of environmental matters, including air pollution, noise emissions, discharge of waste water and waste residues, the Directors believe that the Group's production process does not generate environmental hazards which would pose a significant adverse effect on the environment and that the environmental protection measures undertaken by the Group are adequate to comply with all applicable current local and national PRC regulations.

During the Period, to the best of the Directors' knowledge, the Group had not received any complaint from its customers or any other parties in respect of any environmental protection issues, and had not experienced any material environmental incidents arising from its manufacturing activities. During the Period, no material administrative sanctions or penalties were imposed upon the Group for the violation of environmental laws or regulations which had an adverse impact on its operations.

Please also refer to the Environmental, Social and Governance Report in this report.

#### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

#### Mr. Chow Hin Keong

Mr. Chow Hin Keong, aged 53, is a co-founder of the Group, the Chairman of the Board and an executive Director. Mr. Chow Hin Keong is responsible for formulating the Group's overall strategic plans and overseeing its overall business development and policy-setting. He has also been a director of TD Int'l (BVI) since 30 November 2012 and director of TD Enterprises, TD Electronics and Top Empire since 29 December 2014. Mr. Chow Hin Keong is also a director and the sole shareholder of Platinum Dynamic, one of the controlling shareholders of the Company. Mr. Chow Hin Keong is the elder brother of Mr. Chow Hin Kok, who is an executive Director and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company.

Mr. Chow Hin Keong has over 25 years of experience in the semiconductor industry. Mr. Chow Hin Keong co-founded the Group in 2012 with Mr. Chow Hin Kok, his younger brother. Prior to the establishment of the Group, Mr. Chow Hin Keong founded SAG Components Sdn Bhd ("SAG"), a trading company in Malaysia in 1994 which is principally engaged in the trading of various electronic components including but not limited to semiconductors deploying second generation or below production technology, resettable fuses, speakers, and switches to markets such as Malaysia, Singapore and Indonesia. Mr. Chow Hin Keong worked for Goldentech Discrete Semiconductor Co., Ltd., an electronic components production company and acquired his first experience in the semiconductor industry through his then responsibilities in sales and marketing. Mr. Chow Hin Keong accumulated and gained further experience in the semiconductor industry during his service at SAG from 1994 to 2014 when he was primarily responsible for the operation, management and marketing of the trading of electronic components including semiconductor products. Mr. Chow Hin Keong obtained a degree of bachelor of arts in economics from Tunghai University, Taiwan in June 1988.

#### Mr. Chow Hin Kok

Mr. Chow Hin Kok, aged 50, is a co-founder of the Group, an executive Director and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company. Mr. Chow Hin Kok is responsible for overseeing the Group's business operations, its overall sales and marketing strategies and its engineering, production and product development. Mr. Chow Hin Kok co-founded the Group in 2012 with Mr. Chow Hin Keong, his elder brother. He has also been a director of TD Enterprises, TD Electronics, Top Empire since 2 January 2014, Dongguan Jia Jun since 21 April 2013, and TD Int'l (BVI) since 30 November 2012. Mr. Chow Hin Kok is also a director and the sole shareholder of Silver Dynamic, one of the controlling shareholders of the Company. Mr. Chow Hin Kok is the younger brother of Mr. Chow Hin Keong, who is the Chairman of the Board and an executive Director.

In 1995, Mr. Chow Hin Kok joined SAG, the Malaysian trading company founded by Mr. Chow Hin Keong, which is principally engaged in the sale of various electronic components, including but not limited to semiconductor products, first as its sales manager and subsequently as its sales director. During his service at SAG from 1995 and 2014, Mr. Chow Hin Kok was able to gain experience in the semiconductor industry as Mr. Chow Hin Kok was primarily responsible for the sales of electronic components including semiconductor products.

#### INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

#### Ms. Wong Sau Ying

Ms. Wong Sau Ying ("Ms. Wong"), aged 47, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 23 September 2015 and is responsible for providing independent opinion and judgment on the issues of strategy, performance, resources and standard of conduct of the Group.

Ms. Wong became an associate member of both the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants in October 1995, and a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants in November 2000. After graduating from City Polytechnic of Hong Kong (now known as the City University of Hong Kong) with a Bachelor's Degree in Accountancy in November 1992, she commenced her career working with Horwath & Company, an international audit firm. From 1993 to 1997, she worked at New Horizon Associates Ltd., a Hong Kong-based management consultancy company firstly as an accountant and subsequently as an accounting manager. She graduated in February 1999 with a Master's Degree in Business Administration at the University of Hull of the United Kingdom. In 1999, she joined the Hong Kong office of G4S (Hong Kong - Holding) Ltd (previously known as Jardine Securicor Ltd/Securicor Hong Kong Holdings Ltd/G4S Holdings (Hong Kong) Ltd), a multi-national security solutions service provider, firstly as its finance manager and subsequently as its finance director for the Hong Kong and Macau regions. Apart from finance functions, she had a broad range of responsibilities during her employment with G4S including contract management, information technology, business support services and company secretarial functions. From June 2014 to June 2016, she has been managing a group of companies with business in property investment, consultancy and management services, with accounting, taxation, company secretarial and other consultancy responsibilities. On 4 July 2016, she re-joined G4S (Hong Kong - Holding) Ltd as head of Finance, Greater China.

#### Ms. Chan Mei Po

Ms. Chan Mei Po ("Ms. Chan"), aged 46, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 23 September 2015 and is responsible for providing independent opinion and judgment on the issues of strategy, performance, resources and standard of conduct of the Group.

Ms. Chan has over 13 years of operation and business management experience. Since March 2001, she has been responsible for formulating the business strategies, as well as managing the day-to-day operations of AB Creative Depot Limited, a company engaged in public relation service, promotions, consultancy services and consignment of goods, as its director. In January 2010, she joined I & M International Limited and worked as its general manager, a company providing public relations, market research and event organisation services. Her responsibilities include formulating business strategies and overseeing its business operations. In April 2012, Ms. Chan founded 4448 Finger Marketing Limited, a brand management company providing brand building and related services and has acted as its director.

Ms. Chan obtained a Master's Degree in Business Administration from the University of South Australia in October 2009. She also holds a diploma in general business awarded by the Seneca College of Applied Arts and Technology, Canada, in August 1995.

#### **INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS** (Continued)

#### Ms. Man Oi Yuk Yvonne

Ms. Man Oi Yuk Yvonne ("Ms. Man"), aged 48, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 23 September 2015 and is responsible for providing independent opinion and judgment on the issues of strategy, performance, resources and standard of conduct of the Group.

Ms. Man became a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants in March 2001, an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Company Secretaries and the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators in October 2003, and the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales in February 2008. Ms. Man has over 25 years of experience in the accounting, taxation and audit field and in 2017, she became an audit partner of F.S. Li & Co., certified public accountants, for whom Ms. Man has worked for more than 20 years. From February 2013 to March 2014, she worked as the company secretary of Amax International Holdings Limited, a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 959). Ms. Man is the holder of a degree of Master of Professional Accounting awarded by the Hong Kong Polytechnic University in November 2000.

#### COMPANY SECRETARY AND OTHER SENIOR MANAGEMENT

#### Ms. Lam Yuk Yee

Ms. Lam Yuk Yee ("Ms. Lam"), aged 50, is the Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary of the Company. Ms. Lam joined the Group on 4 February 2014 and is responsible for overseeing and controlling the Group's daily financial operations, managing its accounting and internal control departments, as well as its investment and legal affairs.

Ms. Lam has over 20 years of experience in the financial and management accounting and information system management in the manufacturing field. Prior to joining the Group, Ms. Lam was employed first as a senior accounting manager (2004-2011) and then the assistant financial controller (2011-2013) of a subsidiary of Ruixin International Holdings Limited (then known as Sino-Tech International Holdings Limited), a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 724), which is principally engaged in, among other things, manufacture and trading of electronic and electrical parts and components. From 1995 to 2002, Ms. Lam worked for Yu-Me (H.K.) Limited, currently a subsidiary of Perfectech International Holdings Limited, a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 765), which is engaged in the manufacture and sale of novelties and decorations products and toy products, with accounting responsibilities.

Ms. Lam graduated with a Master's Degree in Business Administration from the University of South Australia in October 2009. She was admitted as a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants in May 2012, and an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants in September 2007.

#### COMPANY SECRETARY AND OTHER SENIOR MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### Mr. Luo Zongyou

Mr. Luo Zongyou ("**Mr. Luo**"), aged 41, is the Group's Quality and Processes Manager. Mr. Luo joined the Group on 1 August 2014 and is responsible for monitoring the quality of the products and factory staff training and other product quality-related responsibilities, such as evaluation of suppliers and product research and development. Mr. Luo has over 18 years of working experience in the electronic component production field. From 1997 to 2014, he worked for (Dongguan) Broad Electronics Co., Ltd. (科廣電子(東莞)有限公司), a company established in the PRC and a manufacturer of electronic components, first worked as technician and, from 2005, as its quality and process manager.

#### Mr. Liu Yuantian

Mr. Liu Yuantian ("Mr. Liu"), aged 41, is the Group's Production Manager. Mr. Liu joined the Group on 1 July 2013 and is responsible for coordinating and supervising the Group's production process, as well as overseeing the maintenance of its production facilities. Mr. Liu has over 17 years of working experience in the electronic component production field. From 1997 and until joining the Group in 2013, he worked for (Dongguan) Broad Electronics Co., Ltd. (科廣電子(東莞)有限公司), a company established in the PRC and a manufacturer of electronic components. Mr. Liu first worked as its technician and customer technical support manager and, from 2012, as its production process manager.

Mr. Liu obtained a degree of Electrical Engineering and Automation and an associate degree in Business Administration from the Guangdong Ocean University (廣東海洋大學) in January 2014 and January 2011, respectively.

The Directors submit their report together with the audited consolidated financial statements for the Period.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The Group is principally engaged in the assembly, packaging and sales of its self-manufactured discrete semiconductors and trading of semiconductors sourced from third-party suppliers.

#### **RESULTS OF THE GROUP**

The Group's results for the Period and the state of affairs of the Company and the Group as at 31 December 2016 are set out in the consolidated financial statements on pages 55 to 104 of this report.

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

A business review in respect of the Group's performance during the Period and the material factors underlying its results and financial position, principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group, as well as the Group's environmental policies, are set out in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" in this report. Please also refer to the section headed "Chairman's Statement" in this report for discussions on the Group's business outlook. Such review and discussion form parts of this Directors' Report.

#### SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

A summary of the published results and the assets and liabilities of the Group for the years ended 31 December 2013, 2014, 2015 and 2016 is set out on page 105 of this report.

#### SHARE CAPITAL AND ISSUE OF SECURITIES DURING THE PERIOD

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company are set out in note 22 to the consolidated financial statements. No member of the Group had issued any shares, debentures, convertible securities, options, warrants or similar rights during the Period.

#### **DIVIDENDS**

The Board does not recommend payment of any final dividend for the Period. During the Period, no interim dividend was paid or declared.

#### **RESERVES**

As at 31 December 2016, the total reserves available for distribution, taking into account accumulated losses, to Shareholders by the Company amounted to approximately HK\$81.5 million (2015: HK\$84.6 million). Details of movements in the reserves of the Group and of the Company during the Period are set out in the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and note 24 to the consolidated financial statements, respectively.

#### PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the plant and equipment of the Group during the Period are set out in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements. The Group did not have any investment property as at 31 December 2016.

#### PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Articles and there is no restriction against such rights under the laws of the Cayman Islands which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing Shareholders.

#### PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the Period.

#### SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company adopted a share option scheme on 23 September 2015, the terms of which are in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 23 of the GEM Listing Rules.

The Scheme is valid and effective for a period of 10 years from 9 October 2015 and its purpose is to reward eligible participants who have contributed or will contribute to the Group and to encourage eligible participants to work towards enhancing the value of the Company and its Shares for the benefits of the Company and its Shareholders as a whole, and to maintain or attract business relationships with participants whose contributions are or may be beneficial to the growth of the Group.

Eligible participants of the Scheme include (i) any Directors (including executive Directors, non-executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors) and employees of any member of the Group; and (ii) any advisers, consultants, distributors, contractors, suppliers, agents, customers, business partners, joint venture business partners, promoters, service providers of any member of the Group, whom the Board considers, in its sole discretion, have contributed or will contribute to the Group.

The total number of Shares available for issue under the Scheme is 80,000,000 Shares, representing 10% of the total number of Shares in issue. The total number of Shares to be issued upon exercise of the share options granted to each eligible participant under the Scheme in any 12-month period must not exceed 1% of the total Shares then in issue, unless approved by Shareholders in general meeting in the manner prescribed under the GEM Listing Rules. The number of Shares to be issued in respect of which options may be granted to a substantial Shareholder or an independent non-executive Director of any of their respective close associates (within the meaning of the GEM Listing Rules) representing in aggregate over 0.1% of the total number of the Shares on the date of such grant or with an aggregate value in excess of HK\$5,000,000 must be approved by Shareholders in general meeting.

An offer of a grant of share options under the Scheme may be accepted within five business days from the date on which the offer is made with a cash consideration of HK\$1.00 payable to the Company. The period for the exercise of a share option is determined by the Board in its sole discretion, but such period shall not be more than 10 years from the date of grant of the option.

Under the Scheme, the subscription price payable upon exercise of any options granted is determined by the Board but in any event shall be at least the highest of: (i) the closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets on the date on which the option is offered to a participant; (ii) the average of the closing prices of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of offer of the option; and (iii) the nominal value of the Shares.

No share option had been granted since the adoption of the Scheme and there was no share option outstanding as at 31 December 2016.

#### BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Brief biographical details of Directors and senior management of the Company as at the date of this report are set out in the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" in this report.

#### LIST OF DIRECTORS

The Directors during the Period and up to the date of this report are:

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Chow Hin Keong (Chairman)

Mr. Chow Hin Kok (Chief Executive Officer)

#### **Independent Non-Executive Directors**

Ms. Wong Sau Ying

Ms. Chan Mei Po

Ms. Man Oi Yuk Yvonne

#### **DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS**

There are no service contracts for any of the Directors who are nominated for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to be held in 2017 which are not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

#### INDEMNITY OF DIRECTORS

The Directors are indemnified against actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses incurred in discharge of their duties subject to the provisions of the Articles and other applicable legislation. The Company has taken out Directors' and officers' liabilities insurance for such purposes for the Period.

#### EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS, SENIOR MANAGEMENT AND THE FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

Details of the emoluments of the Directors and the five highest paid individuals in the Group are set out in note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

The emoluments paid or payable to the senior management of the Group who are not Directors were within the following bands:

|                                | 2016<br>No. of<br>employees | 2015<br>No. of<br>employees |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Nil to HK\$1,000,000           | 2                           | 2                           |
| HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000 | 1                           | 1                           |
|                                | 3                           | 3                           |

#### **EMOLUMENT POLICY**

The Directors and senior management receive compensation in the form of salaries, benefits in kind and discretionary bonuses relating to the performance of the Company. The Company also reimburses them for expenses which are necessarily and reasonably incurred for providing services to the Group or executing their functions in relation to the Group's operations. The Company reviews and determines the remuneration and compensation package of the Directors and senior management, by reference to, among other things, market level of salaries paid by comparable companies, the respective responsibilities of its Directors and senior management and the performance of the Company. The Directors and employees of the Group may also receive options which may be granted under the Scheme. However, no option was so granted during the Period.

#### DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SECURITIES

As at 31 December 2016, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executives of the Company in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Rule 5.46 of the GEM Listing Rules were as follows:

#### Long positions in the Shares

| Name of Director  | Nature of interest                            | Number of<br>ordinary shares held<br>(Note 1) | Approximate shareholding percentage in the issued share capital of the Company |
|---|---|---|--|
| Mr. Chow Hin Keong  | Interest in a controlled corporation (Note 2) | 300,000,000 Shares (L)                        | 37.5   |
| Mr. Chow Hin Kok  | Interest in a controlled corporation (Note 3) | 300,000,000 Shares (L)                        | 37.5   |
| Notes:  |   |   |  |
| (1) The letter "L" denotes the person's long position in such Shares.                             |   |   |  |
| (2) 300,000,000 Shares were held by Platinum Dynamic which is wholly owned by Mr. Chow Hin Keong. |   |   |  |
| (3) 300,000,000 Shares were held by Silver Dynamic which is wholly owned by Mr. Chow Hin Kok.     |   |   |  |

#### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SECURITIES

As at 31 December 2016, the interests and short positions of substantial Shareholders and other persons, other than the Directors or chief executives of the Company, in the Shares and the underlying Shares as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

| Name of Shareholder          | Nature of interest  | Number of ordinary shares held <i>(Note 1)</i> | Approximate shareholding percentage in the issued share capital of the Company |
|------------------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| Platinum Dynamic (Note 2)    | Beneficial interest | 300,000,000 Shares (L)                         | 37.5   |
| Ms. H'ng Siew Hoong (Note 3) | Interest of spouse  | 300,000,000 Shares (L)                         | 37.5   |
| Silver Dynamic (Note 4)      | Beneficial interest | 300,000,000 Shares (L)                         | 37.5   |
| Ms. Ong Siew Ning (Note 5)   | Interest of spouse  | 300,000,000 Shares (L)                         | 37.5   |

#### Notes:

- (1) The letter "L" denotes the person's long position in such Shares.
- (2) Platinum Dynamic is wholly owned by Mr. Chow Hin Keong. Under the SFO, Mr. Chow Hin Keong is deemed to be interested in all of the 300,000,000 Shares held by Platinum Dynamic.
- (3) Ms. H'ng Siew Hoong is the spouse of Mr. Chow Hin Keong and is therefore deemed to be interested in the 300,000,000 Shares in which Mr. Chow Hin Keong is interested.
- (4) Silver Dynamic is wholly owned by Mr. Chow Hin Kok. Under the SFO, Mr. Chow Hin Kok is deemed to be interested in all of the 300,000,000 Shares held by Silver Dynamic.
- (5) Ms. Ong Siew Ning is the spouse of Mr. Chow Hin Kok and is therefore deemed to be interested in the 300,000,000 Shares in which Mr. Chow Hin Kok is interested.

#### **COMPETING INTERESTS**

None of the Directors or controlling shareholders of the Company and their respective close associates (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules) has any interest in a business which competed or might compete with the business of the Group or has any other conflict of interest with the Group during the Period. As disclosed in the Prospectus, the Company and its controlling shareholders (namely, Mr. Chow Hin Keong, Mr. Chow Hin Kok, Platinum Dynamic and Silver Dynamic) had entered into a deed of non-competition under which the controlling shareholders of the Company have given certain non-competition undertakings in favour of the Group, including making an annual declaration as to compliance with the terms of the deed of non-competition. The Company has received from each of its controlling shareholders the annual confirmation that they and their respective close associates have complied with the terms of those non-competition undertakings during the Period and the independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the compliance by the controlling shareholders of the Company with the deed of non-competition for that period.

#### MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contract concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company (not being a contract of service with any Director or any person engaged in the full-time employment of the Company) was entered into or was subsisting during the Period.

#### CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE TO THE BUSINESS OF THE GROUP

No contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the Period or at any time during the Period.

No contracts of significance (including those in relation to provision of services) between members of the Group and the controlling shareholders of the Company or any of its subsidiaries subsisted at the end of the Period or at any time during the Period.

#### ARRANGEMENT TO ACQUIRE SHARES AND DEBENTURES

At no time during the Period was the Company or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries, a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

#### COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

During the Period, the Group was not aware of any incidence of non-compliance with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group's business and operations.

#### RELATIONSHIP WITH STAKEHOLDERS

The Group recognises that employees, customers and business partners are keys to its sustainable development. The Group is committed to establishing a close and caring relationship with its employees, providing quality services to its customers and enhancing cooperation with its business partners.

The Group strives to provide a safe workplace to its employees. It also provides competitive remuneration and benefits, as well as training programs so that staff can keep abreast with developments in the market. Employees are also provided with clear career path with opportunities for additional responsibilities and promotions based on their merits and performance.

#### **RELATIONSHIP WITH STAKEHOLDERS** (Continued)

The Group believes that product quality is the key to maintain a good customer relationship. To achieve this goal, the Group has a set of established quality assurance standards to meet its customers' requirements, and each shipment of finished products is checked and sub-standard products will be re-worked and retested prior to delivery to customers.

The Group is also dedicated to maintaining good relationship with suppliers as long-term business partners to ensure stability of the Group's business.

#### MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The Group's five largest customers collectively accounted for approximately 44.8% of its total turnover for the Period (2015: 29.0%) and its largest customer accounted for approximately 10.6% of its total turnover for the Period (2015: 8.2%).

The Group's five largest suppliers collectively accounted for approximately 64.6% of its total purchases for the Period (2015: 55.2%) and its largest supplier accounted for approximately 18.3% of its total purchases for the Period (2015: 13.7%).

None of the Directors and their respective close associates (within the meaning of the GEM Listing Rules) or any holder of Shares who, to the knowledge of the Directors, owns more than 5% of the issued Shares has any interest in any of the Group's five largest customers or five largest suppliers during the Period.

#### RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION

Significant related party transactions entered into by the Group during the Period are set out in note 29 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Directors consider that these significant related party transactions disclosed in note 29 to the consolidated financial statements did not fall under the definition of "connected transactions" or "continuing connected transactions" (as the case may be) in Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules requiring compliance with any of the reporting, announcement or independent Shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.

#### ANNUAL CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE

The Company has received from each independent non-executive Director the annual confirmation of her independence, and the Company considers them to be independent in light of the guidelines set out in Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules.

#### **PUBLIC FLOAT**

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, as at the date of this report, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float of not less than 25% of the issued Shares as required under the GEM Listing Rules.

#### **CHARITABLE DONATIONS**

The Group made charitable donations of HK\$200,000 (2015: nil) in total during the Period.

#### **EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD**

There is no material event undertaken by the Company or by the Group subsequent to 31 December 2016 and up to the date of this report.

#### INTEREST OF COMPLIANCE ADVISER

The Company has received confirmation from its compliance adviser, Celestial Capital Limited (the "Compliance Adviser"), that as at 31 December 2016, except for the compliance adviser's agreement entered into between the Company and the Compliance Adviser dated 24 June 2015 in connection with the Listing, neither the Compliance Adviser nor its directors, employees or close associates had any interests in relation to the Company or any member of the Group which is required to be notified to the Company pursuant to Rule 6A.32 of the GEM Listing Rules.

#### **AUDITORS**

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2016 have been audited by SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited and have been reviewed by the audit committee of the Company.

A resolution for the re-appointment of SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited as the auditor of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

On behalf of the Board of

Top Dynamic International Holdings Limited

**Chow Hin Keong** 

Chairman

Hong Kong, 2 March 2017

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company is committed to achieving high standards of corporate governance. The Directors believe that sound and reasonable corporate governance practices are essential for the continued growth of the Group and for safeguarding and maximising Shareholders' interests.

The Company has complied with the code provisions set out in the CG Code during the Period.

#### SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code on terms no less exacting than the required standard of dealings set out in Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules.

Upon specific enquiry made with all the Directors, the Company was not aware of any non-compliance with the Model Code during the Period regarding securities transactions by Directors.

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Board Composition and Responsibilities**

The Board consists of five Directors, including two executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors.

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Chow Hin Keong (Chairman)

Mr. Chow Hin Kok (Chief Executive Officer)

#### Independent Non-executive Directors

Ms. Wong Sau Ying

Ms. Chan Mei Po

Ms. Man Oi Yuk Yvonne

Details of background and qualifications of all Directors as at the date of this report are set out in the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" in this report.

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS** (Continued)

The overall management of the Company's business is vested in the Board which assumes the responsibility for leadership and control of the Company and is collectively responsible for promoting the success of the Company by directing and supervising its affairs. The Board delegates the authority and responsibility for implementing day-to-day operations, business strategies and management of the Group's business to the executive Directors and senior management of the Group. During the Period, Mr. Chow Hin Keong served as the Chairman of the Board and was responsible for leading the Board in establishing and monitoring implementation of business strategies while Mr. Chow Hin Kok served as the Chief Executive Officer of the Group and was responsible for managing the overall business operations of the Group. Save that Mr. Chow Hin Keong and Mr. Chow Hin Kok are brothers, there is no relationship, including financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship(s) between members of the Board.

Significant matters of the Group are required to be approved by the Board, including:

- (i) formulating corporate development planning;
- (ii) formulating the Company's operational and management strategies;
- (iii) approving financial statements;
- (iv) approving notifiable transactions and connected transactions undertaken by any member of the Group as may be required under the GEM Listing Rules;
- (v) approving the risk management and internal control systems of the Group; and
- (vi) distribution of any dividend.

#### Appointment and Re-election of Directors

Each Director (including the independent non-executive Directors) entered into a service contract/letter of appointment with the Company for a term of three years and is subject to retirement by rotation but is eligible for re-election at the annual general meeting in accordance with the Articles. None of the Directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract/letter of appointment with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation. We have also taken out Directors' and officers' liabilities insurance for such purposes for the Period.

The Articles have specified that any Director appointed during the year to fill a casual vacancy are subject to re-election by Shareholders at the first annual general meeting after appointments and any Director appointed by the Board as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election. Each Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years pursuant to the Articles.

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS** (Continued)

#### **Directors' Training**

During the Period, the Directors have participated in continuous professional development by attending a training session in respect of the roles and responsibilities of directors of a company listed on GEM, as well as reading related materials. They also received from the Company from time to time updates on laws, rules and regulations which may be relevant to their roles, duties and functions as directors of a listed company. Particulars of participation by the Directors are set out as follows:

|                                     | Reading materials<br>relevant to<br>listing rules and<br>regulatory requirements | Attending training session relevant to disclosure of inside information |
|-------------------------------------|--|---|
| Eventive Directors                  |  |   |
| Executive Directors                 |  |   |
| Mr. Chow Hin Keong                  | ✓  | ✓   |
| Mr. Chow Hin Kok                    | ✓  | ✓   |
| Independent Non-executive Directors |  |   |
| Ms. Wong Sau Ying                   | ✓  | ✓   |
| Ms. Chan Mei Po                     | ✓  | ✓   |
| Ms. Man Oi Yuk Yvonne               | ✓  | ✓   |

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

In order to assist the Board in discharging its duties in a more efficient manner, the Board has established, with written terms of reference, three Board committees, namely audit committee, nomination committee and remuneration committee, to oversee particular aspects of the Company's affairs. The Board committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties. The written terms of reference for each Board committee are in compliance with the GEM Listing Rules and they are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

#### **Audit Committee**

The Company established an audit committee on 23 September 2015 in compliance with Rule 5.28 of the GEM Listing Rules. Written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 5.29 of the GEM Listing Rules and code provision C.3.3 of the CG Code have been adopted. The primary duties of the audit committee are mainly to make recommendation to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of external auditor, monitor the integrity of the financial statements, annual reports, half-yearly reports and quarterly reports and review significant financial reporting judgments contained in them, and oversee financial reporting system, risk management and internal control systems of the Group. The audit committee of the Company consists of three members, namely Ms. Wong Sau Ying, Ms. Chan Mei Po and Ms. Man Oi Yuk Yvonne. Ms. Man Oi Yuk Yvonne is the chairperson of the audit committee.

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES** (Continued)

#### Audit Committee (Continued)

The audit committee held five meetings during the Period, at which all committee members were present. The summary of key work done by the committee during the Period is set out as follows:

- \* reviewed the annual, interim, and quarterly results of the Group and recommended the same to the Board for approval; and
- \* reviewed and assessed the adequacy and effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems.

There was no disagreement between the Board and the audit committee regarding the appointment of external auditor.

#### **Nomination Committee**

The Company established a nomination committee on 23 September 2015. Written terms of reference in compliance with code provision A.5.2 of the CG Code have been adopted. The primary duties of the nomination committee are to review the structure, size, composition and diversity of the Board and make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships, appointment or reappointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors. The nomination committee of the Company consists of four members, namely Mr. Chow Hin Keong, Ms. Wong Sau Ying, Ms. Chan Mei Po and Ms. Man Oi Yuk Yvonne. Ms. Chan Mei Po is the chairperson of the nomination committee.

The Board recognises the importance of diversity in relation to its business, and has adopted a Board diversity policy. As a summary of the policy, selection of candidates has been considered from a number of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board. The ultimate decision of Board appointment will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates may bring to the Board.

During the Period, the nomination committee held one meeting, at which all committee members were present. The summary of key work done by the committee during the Period is set out as follows:

- reviewed and confirmed the independence of the Company's independent non-executive Directors;
   and
- reviewed the structure and composition of the Board, as well as policy of nomination of Directors in light of, among other things, the diversity criteria set out in the Company's Board diversity policy.

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES** (Continued)

#### **Remuneration Committee**

The Company established a remuneration committee on 23 September 2015 in compliance with Rule 5.34 of the GEM Listing Rules. Written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 5.35 of the GEM Listing Rules and code provision B.1.2 of the CG Code have been adopted. The primary duties of the remuneration committee are mainly to make recommendation to the Board on the overall remuneration policy and structure relating to all Directors and senior management of the Group, review remuneration proposals of the management with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives, and ensure that none of the Directors or any of his/her associates is involved in deciding his/her own remuneration. The remuneration committee of the Company consists of four members, namely Mr. Chow Hin Kok, Ms. Wong Sau Ying, Ms. Chan Mei Po and Ms. Man Oi Yuk Yvonne. Ms. Wong Sau Ying is the chairperson of the remuneration committee.

The remuneration committee is authorised by the Board to determine, subject to approval by the Board, the remuneration payable to executive Directors and members of senior management, the emolument policies and the basis for determining such emoluments. No Director or any of his/her associates was involved in deciding his/her own remuneration.

During the Period, the remuneration committee held one meeting, at which all committee members were present. The summary of key work done by the committee in respect of the Period is set out as follows:

- reviewed the policy for the remuneration and assessed performance of executive Directors; and
- reviewed the remuneration payable to executive Directors.

#### **Corporate Governance Functions**

The Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance duties set out in code provision D.3.1 of the CG Code, namely:

- (i) to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance;
- (ii) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- (iii) to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (iv) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (including in relation to securities trading) applicable to employees and Directors; and
- (v) to review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the corporate governance report in the Company's annual report.

The Board held four meetings during the Period, at which the Board reviewed the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and legal and regulatory compliance, training and continuous professional development participations of the Directors, as well as the Company's compliance with the CG Code.

#### BOARD MEETINGS AND ATTENDANCE RECORD OF DIRECTORS

Code provision A.1.1 of the CG Code states that at least four regular Board meetings should be held each year at approximately quarterly intervals with active participation of a majority of Directors, either in person or through other electronic means of communication.

During the Period, the Board held four meetings, where all Directors attended the meeting, and one Shareholders' meeting (being the annual general meeting of the Company) was held. The Directors' attendance records in respect of meetings held during the Period are shown as follows:

|                          | Attendance Record of Meetings held during the Period |                    |                         |                           |                              |
|--------------------------|--|--------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| Name of Director         | Board  | Audit<br>Committee | Nomination<br>Committee | Remuneration<br>Committee | Annual<br>General<br>Meeting |
| Number of total meetings | 4  | 5                  | 1                       | 1                         | 1                            |
| Mr. Chow Hin Keong       | 4/4  | N/A                | 1/1                     | N/A                       | 1/1                          |
| Mr. Chow Hin Kok         | 4/4  | N/A                | N/A                     | 1/1                       | 1/1                          |
| Ms. Wong Sau Ying        | 4/4  | 5/5                | 1/1                     | 1/1                       | 1/1                          |
| Ms. Chan Mei Po          | 4/4  | 5/5                | 1/1                     | 1/1                       | 1/1                          |
| Ms. Man Oi Yuk Yvonne    | 4/4  | 5/5                | 1/1                     | 1/1                       | 1/1                          |

## **AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION**

The fees in respect of audit and non-audit services provided by the external services providers, SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited (for audit services) and its affiliate companies (for non-audit services) to the Group for the year ended 31 December 2016 amounted to approximately HK\$680,000 and HK\$206,000 respectively. The non-audit services included primarily taxation and risk management and internal control consultancy with the service providers stated above.

## **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Ms. Lam Yuk Yee, the Company's Company Secretary, has undertaken not less than 15 hours of relevant professional training to update her skills and knowledge, during the Period.

## DIRECTORS' AND AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR ACCOUNTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Period, which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group on a going concern basis.

Statements of Directors' responsibilities, for preparing the consolidated financial statements of the Group and external auditor's reporting responsibilities are set out in the Independent Auditor's Report in this report.

### RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The management has the responsibility to maintain appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems, and the Board has the responsibility review and monitor the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems at least annually covering material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls, to ensure that the systems in place are adequate and effective. The Group adopts a risk management system which manages the risk associated with its business and operations. The system comprises the following phases:

- Identification: Identify ownership of risks, business objectives and risks that could affect the achievement of objectives.
- Evaluation: Analyse the likelihood and impact of risks and evaluate the risk portfolio accordingly.
- Management: Consider the risk responses, ensure effective communication to the Board and on-going monitor the residual risks.

The Company has in place an internal control system which is compatible with The Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO") 2013 framework. The COSO framework enables the Group to achieve objectives regarding effectiveness and efficiency of operations, reliability of financial reporting and compliance with applicable laws and regulations. The five key components of the COSO framework are shown as follows:

- Control Environment: A set of standards, processes and structures that provide the basis for carrying out internal control across the Group.
- Risk Assessment: A dynamic and iterative process for identifying and analysing risks to achieve the Group's objectives, forming a basis for determining how risks should be managed.
- Control Activities: Action established by policies and procedures to help ensure that management directives to migitgate risks to the achievement of objectives are carried out.
- Information and Communication: Internal and external communication to provide the Group with the information needed to carry out day-to-day controls.
- Monitoring: Ongoing and separate evaluations to ascertain whether each component of internal control is present and functioning.

The Group's risk management and internal control systems are, however, designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Group has conducted an annual review on whether there is a need for an internal audit department. Given the Group's relatively simple corporate and operation structure, as opposed to diverting resources to establish a separate internal audit department, the Board, supported by the audit committee, is directly responsible for risk management and internal control systems of the Group and for reviewing its effectiveness.

## RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL (Continued)

During the Period, the Company engaged an external independent consultant with professional staff in possession of relevant expertise to conduct an independent review of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group semi-annually in order to maintain high standards of corporate governance. The review plan has been approved by the Board and its audit committee. The Board and its audit committee has also reviewed the resources, staff qualifications and experience and training programs of the external independent consultant and considered they are adequate and sufficient.

With respect to procedures and internal controls for the handling and dissemination of inside information, the Company is aware of the relevant obligations under the SFO and the GEM Listing Rules.

In order to enhance the Group's system of handling inside information, and to ensure the truthfulness, accuracy, completeness and timeliness of its public disclosures, the Group also adopts and implements an inside information policy and procedures. Certain reasonable measures have been taken from time to time to ensure that proper safeguards exist to prevent a breach of a disclosure requirement in relation to the Group, which include:

- The access of information is restricted to a limited number of employees on a need-to-know basis.
   Employees who are in possession of inside information are fully conversant with their obligations to preserve confidentiality.
- Confidentiality covenants will be in place when the Group enters into significant negotiations.

In addition, all employees are required to strictly adhere to the rules and regulations regarding the management of inside information, including that all employees who, because of his/her office or employment, is likely to be in possession of inside information in relation to the Company, are required to comply with the securities transaction rules adopted by the Company which are on terms no less exacting than those required under the GEM Listing Rules.

The Board and its audit committee had reviewed the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems semi-annually. Several areas have been considered during such reviews, which include but not limited to (i) the changes in the nature and extent of significant risks since the last annual review, and the Group's ability to respond to changes in its business and the external environment; and (ii) the scope and quality of management's ongoing monitoring of risks and of the internal control systems. The Board and its audit committee were not aware of any material internal control defects, and considered such systems effective and adequate throughout the Period.

### SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

The general meetings of the Company provide a forum for the Shareholders to exchange views directly with the Board. Subject to provisions of the applicable laws in the Cayman Islands and rules and regulations of the Stock Exchange, the Articles require that an annual general meeting of the Company is held each year and at the venue as determined by the Board. Each general meeting, other than an annual general meeting, is called an extraordinary meeting.

According to the Articles, any one or more holder of Shares holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the secretary of the Company, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition. The notice of requisition must be deposited at the registered office of the Company.

Subject to the provisions of the Articles, eligible Shareholders who wish to move a resolution at any extraordinary general meeting of the Company may, by means of requisition, convene an extraordinary general meeting following the procedures set out above.

Shareholders may direct enquiries about their shareholdings to the Company's share registrars. To the extent the requisite information of the Company is publicly available, Shareholders and the investing community may at any time make enquiry in respect of the Company in writing at its office in Hong Kong by post, facsimile or email via the numbers and email addresses available on the Company's website at www.topdynamicintl.com.

## **INVESTOR RELATIONS**

The Company establishes different communication channels with investors to update them with the latest business development and financial performance including the publication of quarterly, interim and annual reports, the publish and posting of notices, announcements and circulars on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company in order to maintain a high level of transparency.

### CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

Pursuant to Rule 17.102 of the GEM Listing Rules, the Company has published its memorandum of association and the Articles on the respective websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company. No amendments were made to the constitutional documents of the Company during the Period.

### **GENERAL**

This report covers certain environmental and social responsibility aspects underlying the Group's business operations in Hong Kong and the PRC during the Period and is prepared with reference to the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide as set out in Appendix 20 of the GEM Listing Rules ("ESG Reporting Guide").

The Company has complied with the "comply or explain" provisions set out in the ESG Reporting Guide during the Period.

For details of the Group's financial performance and corporate governance matters, please refer to other sections in the annual report of the Company of which this ESG Report forms part.

## Sustainability Overview and Management Objectives

The Group believes its success is founded upon the principles of sustainability through selling high-quality products consistently, providing value-added solution kits services and engineering solutions services, whilst at the same time striving to preserve the environment and support the communities through its social responsibility practices.

The Group has a dedicated environmental, health and safety team that strives to meet relevant local/international standards relating to the Group's operations. The Group's facilities are operated under a number of quality assurance systems, namely ISO 14001:2004 Environmental Management System, IECQ QC080000:2012 Hazardous Substance Process Management System and OHSAS 18001:2007 Occupational Health and Safety Management System. The Group actively manages its business in an environmentally and socially responsible manner consistent with the policies adopted and the below sections present a brief summary of these policies and their implementation during the Period.

### GROUP POLICIES RELATING TO ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

As the Group's manufacturing facilities are based in the PRC, its business operations are principally subject to the PRC environmental laws and regulations. With a view to complying with the relevant environmental laws and regulations and minimising the impact on the environment arising from the Group's business operations, the Group has developed during the Period an environmental management program ("EMP") for the purpose of identifying aspects of the Group's operations ("Aspects") that may have significant impact on the environment in light of applicable laws and otherwise.

Under the EMP, representatives from each operational department within the Group will meet yearly with the Group's environmental management representative ("EMR") to review its key processes and identify possible Aspects underlying the operation of such department. The Group's senior management team will then discuss with the EMR regarding any significant Aspects identified, and design measures aiming at reducing the environmental impacts arising from such Aspects. These measures will be documented and the related staff will be provided with suitable training, with EMR supervision and reporting to senior management from time to time to ensure effective implementation.

# GROUP POLICIES RELATING TO ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION (Continued) Emissions and Waste Generation

The principal types of emissions and wastes generated from the Group's business operations, i.e. the assembly and packaging of semiconductor products, and the sale of self-manufactured/third-party semiconductor products, are listed as follows and the Group believes these emissions do not have a significant adverse effect on the environment:—

# • Greenhouse gases, i.e. carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>) and sulphur oxides (SO<sub>x</sub>) and particulate matters (PM)

These greenhouse gases are principally emitted from third-party transport vehicles commissioned generally on an ad-hoc basis by the Group for the transportation of products and personnel, the emissions data of which during the Period are unavailable to the Group. The Group also owns two motor vehicles which are also used as product transportation back-up and for other business uses. The below table sets out the summary statistics relating to emissions by the motor vehicles owned by the Group from 1 May 2016 to 31 December 2016, according to data available:—

|                                   | Total volume emitted<br>from 1 May 2016 to<br>31 December 2016<br>(approx. tonnes) | Intensity <sup>Note</sup> of emission<br>from 1 May 2016 to<br>31 December 2016<br>(approx. tonnes per person) |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| Carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ) | 17.03  | 0.06   |
| Nitrogen oxides (NOx)             | 32.50  | 0.11   |
| Sulphur oxides (SO <sub>x</sub> ) | 0.0973   | 0.00034  |
| Particulate matters (PM)          | 3.01   | 0.01   |

*Note:* Intensity is measured by dividing the total volume emitted by 289, being the average number of staff members of the Group from 1 May 2016 to 31 December 2016.

In addition to the above direct gas emissions, the use of electricity by the Group is also indirectly attributable to production of greenhouse gases, most notably carbon dioxide, in the electricity generation process. With reference to the kilowatt-hour power generation to carbon dioxide emission ratio respectively published by the PRC provincial government and the Group's power supplier in Hong Kong, during the Period, approximately 1,702 tonnes and 22 tonnes of carbon dioxide were respectively attributable to the Group's electricity usage in its production process in the PRC and by its office and factory quarters in Hong Kong and the PRC, respectively.

# • Organic solvents and depleted batteries with mercury content generated from production process and office premises respectively

The Group generates organic solvent wastes principally from ultrasonic cleaning of DFN products and cleaning of delicate parts in taping and bonding machines; and depleted batteries with mercury content from employees and office use. During the Period, the Group has generated a total of approximately 175kg of organic solvent wastes and 10.6kg of depleted batteries with mercury content. These wastes could potentially pose environmental concerns if not disposed of properly and the Group has therefore had arrangements in place (as described below) to periodically process them so as to minimise their impact on the environment.

## **GROUP POLICIES RELATING TO ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION (Continued)**

**Emissions and Waste Generation** (Continued)

• Metallic frames, paper cartons, plastic containers and glass bottles from the Group's production process and other incidental wastes

As part of the Group's manufacturing and trading business, it generates non-hazardous wastes such as metallic frames from forming process, paper from product packaging and office use, and plastic containers and glass bottles for storage of raw materials before utilisation. During the Period, approximately 16.5 tonnes of metallic frames, 10.8 tonnes of paper wastes, and 0.4 tonnes of plastic and other wastes have been generated as a result of the Group's business operations.

The Group's factory quarters in the PRC and office premises in Hong Kong also generate certain domestic wastes which are discharged in ordinary means in compliance with applicable regulations. The Group did not receive any notification regarding sewage discharge violation during the Period. The Group believes that the discharged sewage does not pose material impact on the surrounding environment which is different from that posed by local domestic sewage discharges.

## Measures undertaken to reduce emissions and wastes

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With a view to minimising the environmental impact brought by these emissions and wastes, the Group has adopted the following measures during the Period to supplement its EMP:-

- Implementing clear guidelines as to business uses and maintenance of corporate vehicles, recording
  and monitoring the consumption of fuel on a continuing basis and periodically reviewing adherence
  to vehicle emission standards for existing corporate vehicles, so as to enhance efficiency in their
  deployment and reduce emissions;
- 2. Understanding better the Group's suppliers and subcontractors and taking into account their environmental and social responsibility practices in the selection process. Please refer to the subsection headed "Social Responsibility Operational Practices Supply Chain Management" below in this ESG Report for further details;
- 3. Commissioning organic solvent wastes and depleted batteries with mercury content to a licensed waste disposal service provider located in Dongguan, the PRC which will further process these wastes for reuse/storage. During the Period, the Group has engaged a licensed waste disposal service provider to process accumulated wastes totalling approximately 475kg of organic solvent wastes and 20kg of depleted batteries with mercury content in accordance with the Solid Waste Pollution Prevention Law of the PRC requirements, thereby minimising the environmental impact from these wastes; and
- 4. Periodically arranging environmental compliance inspections to ensure the Group's compliance with the applicable PRC environmental laws relating to the Group's operations. During the Period, the Group has commissioned two independent environmental inspections at its factory site in Dongguan, the PRC as regards its compliance with applicable regulations on effluents, emissions and noise and has been certified by the inspecting agencies for compliance with the relevant environmental standards.

## GROUP POLICIES RELATING TO ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION (Continued)

## **Resources Consumption**

The Group recognises the importance of efficient resources consumption and continuously aims at streamlining its operations with a view to developing an energy-efficient culture. The principal types of resources utilised by the Group in its business operations during the Period, and the measures undertaken by the Group to promote efficient usage are discussed below:—

## Electricity

Electricity is necessary for each stage of the Group's production process and is the main source of energy used. During the Period, the Group's factory facility utilised an aggregate electricity of approximately 2.4 million kilowatt hours (kWh) or, 1.08 kWh per thousand product units produced. The Group's office premises in Hong Kong utilised an aggregate electricity of approximately 20,800 kWh, or 164 kWh per head, during the Period.

Incidental to the Group's business operations, its factory quarters also utilised an aggregate electricity of approximately 12,500 kWh, or 35 kWh per head, during the Period.

Most of the Group's factory quarters in the PRC and office premises in Hong Kong are illuminated with LED or other energy efficient lights.

The Group has adopted an internal policy during the Period to promote conservative energy uses. Under the policy, the usage of electricity in different departments is continuously monitored and there are clear guidelines on the operating hours/energy-saving measures in respect of electrical appliances such as office equipment and lighting and air conditioning facilities. For example, for energy conservation, lightings in stairwells are switched off during day time when there is sufficient light, and electrical appliances with high energy consumption characteristics are modified to the extent practicable to improve energy efficiency, etc. In addition, energy consumption efficiency of electrical appliances will also be taken into account when purchases are being considered.

### Vehicle Fuel

Apart from transportation of products via logistics companies, the Group also utilises two motor vehicles as product transportation back-up and for other business uses. From 1 May 2016 to 31 December 2016, the Group's motor vehicles consumed a total of approximately 6,200 litres of fuel. The Group has adopted policies to promote efficient use of corporate vehicles as described above.

### GROUP POLICIES RELATING TO ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION (Continued)

**Resources Consumption** (Continued)

## • Paper and Packaging Materials

The Group mainly adopts paper cardboard packaging with customised plastic inserts for its self-manufactured products and trading products sourced from third parties in batches. During the Period, a total of approximately 18.5 tonnes and 28.6 tonnes (or 0.008kg and 0.013kg per thousand product units produced, respectively) of paper-based and plastic packaging materials were respectively used by the Group.

The Group's factory in the PRC and office premises in Hong Kong also utilised, respectively, approximately 3.2 tonnes and 0.1 tonnes of paper in the daily business operation during the Period for documentary uses. To facilitate efficient paper usage, the Group has put in place internal guidelines regarding paper conservation. Pursuant to these guidelines, the use of paper by different departments of the Group will be accounted for and monitored, and paper-saving measures such as double-sided printing, using smaller sheets for sundry uses, and paperless internal correspondences, etc. are also adopted.

#### Water

The Group's production process does not involve high level of water consumption as the water employed in cooling processes can be re-used in the same production process. Save as aforesaid, all water resources are consumed by employees in the factory quarters in the PRC and the Group's office premises in Hong Kong for daily domestic use.

Currently, water resources supply comes from the government via its domestic water supply and the Group has not encountered any difficulty in procuring such water supply during the Period. The aggregate volume of domestic water consumed at the Group's factory quarters during the Period amounted to approximately 1,385 tonnes (or an average of approximately 3.91 tonnes per residing staff at the factory quarters). The Group's factory and office utilised insignificant amount of water resources as compared to domestic water usage at factory quarters. The Group has adopted internal guidelines and provides staff education to promote water conservation, as well as routinely inspects and upkeeps water supply facilities, to reduce water wastage. To further ensure quality of water supplied for staff use, the Group has also adopted clear guidelines regarding sanitisation and filtration in water supply and storage facilities.

## **GROUP POLICIES RELATING TO ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION (Continued)**

## Resources Consumption (Continued)

The Group also promotes the "3R" Program which aims at minimising, to the extent practicable, the amount of wastes produced during the course of the Group's business operations. The term "3R" represents:-

- (a) Reduction reducing the volume of relative toxicity of wastes generated to the extent practicable, by using alternative materials, processes and procedures;
- (b) Reuse reusing wastes generated and returning unused materials such as plastic containers and packaging cartons; and
- (c) Recycling converting waste materials into usable materials or extracting useful substances from them, such as recycling scrap metal, packaging material and paper.

During the Period, the Group recycled an aggregate of approximately 12.2 tonnes of paper-based and plastic packaging material wastes generated, which accounted for approximately 25.9% of the total packaging materials used by the Group during the same Period.

During the Period, to the best of the Directors' knowledge, the Group did not receive any complaint from its customers or any other parties in respect of any environmental protection issues, and had not experienced any material environmental incidents arising from its manufacturing activities. During the Period, no material administrative sanctions or penalties were imposed upon the Group for the violation of environmental laws or regulations which had an adverse impact on its operations.

## GROUP POLICIES RELATING TO CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY PRACTICES

The Group believes that its employees are indispensable in its achievement of success, and is committed to ensuring the health, safety and general welfare of its employees at work. In addition, the Group provides various job-related seminars, workshops and training courses for the employees' continuous development. Further, the Group has also adopted a number of social responsibility practices for the support of the community and upholding the Group's business integrity.

# GROUP POLICIES RELATING TO CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY PRACTICES (Continued) Employment and Labour Practices

## Health and Safety

The Group is committed to providing a safe working environment to its employees. The Group has adopted the Occupational Health and Safety Management System (OHSAS) 18001:2007 standards which provide a framework to assist the Group in identifying and controlling health and safety risks and reducing workplace injuries. The below sets out a few examples of the practices adopted by the Group in compliance with the applicable local laws and regulations in relation to workplace safety, and for reducing accident rate at the workplace:—

- Providing health checks to its PRC staff members as appropriate prior to commencement of employment
- Streamlining production process on a continuous basis and reducing/eliminating the use of known hazardous substances in the Group's manufacturing process to the extent practicable
- Employing certified contractors for regular inspection of fire safety equipment at the Group's factory plant and quarters in the PRC and office premises in Hong Kong
- Providing personal protective equipment and other safety equipment at the workplace
- Supervising and providing specific technical training to staff members who may come in contact with potentially hazardous substances
- Prohibiting smoking at the workplace and factory quarters
- Providing safety training to staff members and practising from time to time emergency responses in the case of fire or other hazards
- Regular cleaning of the water supply filters and daily garbage removal

During the Period, no workplace injury has been recorded at both the Group's factory in the PRC and its office premises in Hong Kong.

# GROUP POLICIES RELATING TO CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY PRACTICES (Continued)

# Employment and Labour Practices (Continued)

## Vocational Training and Development

Considering its employees to be indispensable to the Group's business achievements, apart from safety-related training as mentioned above, the Group also provides both internal and external training programs to its employees regularly with a view to enhancing their work quality and personal development. Such training covers topics such as:-

- Product knowledge enhancement training programs are held on a regular basis to familiarise its staff with the Group's products
- Market updates staff members are brought abreast with technology development and market conditions of the electronics industry
- General training general systems of the Group and specific systems of individual departments
- Management systems training
- Occupational safety and health training
- Management and communication techniques training

During the Period, the Group has provided/procured in aggregate approximately 5,835 hours of job-related training on the above topics to its staff.

The Group also introduces a mentorship program whereby senior staff members will supervise new employees, and provide on-job training and orientation to them to facilitate smooth integration into the Group's operation process.

## Employment and Labour Standards

The Company strives to be a responsible employer and the Group is committed to implementing good employment practices, and advocates ethics and human rights at the workplace.

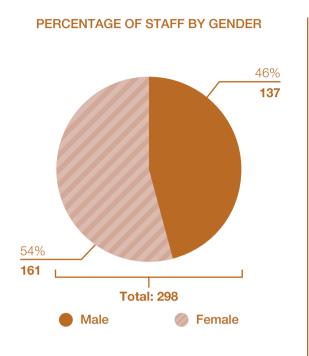
### (a) Practices on recruitment process

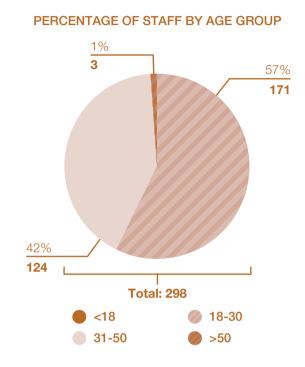
The Group is an equal opportunity employer and recruits employees from the open market. Its employment policy is based on individual merits, suitability to the relevant job requirements, and fairness. The Group prohibits discrimination against potential candidates in the recruitment process on account of their race, colour, religion, sex and gender identity/sexual orientation, age, marital and parental status, and/or pregnancy or medical conditions.

The Group does not hire any persons aged below 16 (or the relevant thresholds as may be prescribed under the local employment law) and its policy is not to employ any young persons aged 16 to 17 unless in compliance with applicable laws. During the recruitment process, job applicants will be requested to produce identity proof to ensure compliance with the Group's policy as stated above. During the Period, all employees of the Group are aged 18 or above. The following diagrams illustrate the Group's staff composition as at 31 December 2016:

## GROUP POLICIES RELATING TO CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY PRACTICES (Continued)

**Employment and Labour Practices** (Continued) **Employment and Labour Standards** (Continued)





## (b) Practices on remuneration and promotion

The Group offers competitive salary in order to attract talents. The remuneration of each employee will be determined with reference to a number of factors including educational background, experience, job duties, professional skills and technical capabilities, as well as salary level for similar job positions in the industry. The Company has also adopted upon Listing a share option scheme under which employees of the Group are, based on management's evaluation of their individual performance, eligible to be granted share options as incentives. The Group adopts an open-door communication policy and carries out annual review with its employees on their performance during the Period, during which process each employee is given equal opportunity for promotion. The Group's employees are provided with a clear career path with opportunities for additional responsibilities and promotions.

## (c) Practices on working hours and general welfare

The resting time of the Group's employees is well respected and the employees are also entitled paid holidays pursuant to statutory requirements or otherwise under their respective employment contracts. There is a computerised attendance registration system in place to continuously monitor the working hours of the employees. During working hours, the employees' personal movements are not restricted in any way. By reviewing the working hours of the employees, the Group strives to ensure that no forced labour is being used in the Group's business operations. The Group also adopts a no-violence policy towards sexual harassment at the workplace to protect its employees from unsolicited sexual advances.

## GROUP POLICIES RELATING TO CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY PRACTICES (Continued)

**Employment and Labour Practices** (Continued)

Employment and Labour Standards (Continued)

(c) Practices on working hours and general welfare (Continued)

Besides, the Group also makes statutory pension scheme contributions for the benefit of employees in accordance with the relevant legal requirements in Hong Kong and the PRC, including the mandatory provident fund contributions in Hong Kong and social insurance payments in the PRC.

To enhance overall morale of its employees, the Group also organises company events such as New Year Party, Christmas Party, Birthday Parties, Sports Days, etc. to allow the staff members to gather outside of work for bonding and team-building.

The Group believes, to the best of the Directors' knowledge and belief, that during the Period, it is generally in compliance with local labour law regarding working hours, overtime, vacation, minimum wage requirements, and compensation and dismissal. In addition, it has not received any complaint or notification from governmental authorities for contravention of any of the employment practices referred to above.

# Social Responsibility Operational Practices

## Supply Chain Management

To ensure the Group's product quality, its raw material and trading goods procurement policy is to select only those suppliers on an approved list who have passed the Group's quality control tests and have a satisfactory record of quality and on-time delivery. The Group also practises ethical procurement and targets to source raw materials and trading goods from socially responsible suppliers. To achieve this, all personnel with supply chain management responsibilities are trained to ensure, to the extent practicable, that selected suppliers are legally compliant in respect of materials and products provided to the Group, especially with respect to compliance with laws against slavery and human trafficking, and other employment— and environment-related laws. Conformity by suppliers with the relevant industrial standards and ethical business norms in their supply of materials and products to the Group is one of the supplier selection criteria that the Group takes into account. Suppliers' fulfilment of the environment, health and safety requirements of the Group are relevant factors which will be taken into account by the Group in its supplier selection process.

Apart from continuously monitoring the quality of products and materials procured under quality assurance agreements entered into with suppliers, the Group will also review suppliers' environmental and social responsibility-related practices annually through, for example, site inspections and interviews. The Group's management will review the procurement process and may source materials/products from alternative suppliers when a supplier has been identified by the Group to have deficient environmental and social responsibility practices and has not made any improvement upon request.

## Product Responsibility

The Group places high priority on providing customers with quality and safe products. It has devised a stringent materials specification and implemented a Hazardous Substance Process Management System (IECQ QC080000:2012) to ensure that the use of hazardous substances in the manufacturing of its products is reduced or eliminated to the extent practicable. To ensure adherence to this policy, the Group conducts periodic assessment through third-party inspection agencies on all products manufactured by it against international standards and other benchmarks prescribed by applicable legislation such as the European RoHS (Restriction of Hazardous Substances Directive), REACH (Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals) standards and HAF (Halogen– and Antimony-Free) standards. The assessment covers the entire product lifecycle from the research and development phase to customer sale and product waste disposal.

## GROUP POLICIES RELATING TO CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY PRACTICES (Continued)

Social Responsibility Operational Practices (Continued)

Product Responsibility (Continued)

The Group's suppliers also entered into quality assurance agreements regarding control of hazardous substances and their adherence to the assurance undertakings is also a factor taken into account at the Group's annual review as a part of its supply chain management. During the Period, there was no material deviation from the benchmark standards in respect of products produced by the Group, and no product recall had been made by the Group or its suppliers (in respect of materials supplied to the Group).

In terms of product description and labelling, as the Group's products are self-manufactured or sourced from third-party suppliers in accordance with the customer's order and detailed specifications regarding the product are set out in the respective agreements/purchase orders with the customers, or are otherwise available upon customer's request, its product packaging can therefore maintain a relatively simple design.

## Anti-corruption Practices

Conducting business with integrity is one of the core values underlying the Group's business operations and the Group believes an effective anti-corruption mechanism is the cornerstone for the sustainable and organic growth of the Group. The Group has adopted and circulated internally clear guidelines for employees which strictly prohibit bribery, extortion, fraud, money laundering and other acts such as gambling and personal loans with persons having business relationships with the Group, misappropriation of the Group's assets, inappropriate charitable donation or sponsorship, unlawful solicitation of business or favourable treatment, provision or acceptance of "kickbacks" or unreasonable gifts, entertainments or other improper benefits, etc. and require its personnel to declare any interests in the Group's business partners, suppliers and advisers that may conflict with the Group's business interests.

Employees are also required to comply strictly with applicable laws (including the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance in Hong Kong and the PRC Criminal Law) relating to the above acts. It is also a term under the Group's standard employment contract that legal non-compliance will constitute a ground of termination of employment. The Group also expects its suppliers and business partners to similarly abide by the relevant local anti-corruption laws.

During the Period, the Group has not received any complaint or notification from governmental authorities regarding non-compliance of the Group or its employees with anti-corruption laws referred to above.

## **Community Participation**

The Group believes that community support is important to the Group's success. Externally, it offers financial support to registered charitable organisations and encourages employees in volunteering to help the underprivileged and deserving members in its community. During the Period, the Group donated HK\$200,000 in total to a number of registered charitable organisations, namely Fu Hong Society, End Child Sexual Abuse Foundation and Chu Kong Plan.



SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited 43/F., Lee Garden One 33 Hysan Avenue Causeway Bay, Hong Kong

### TO THE MEMBERS OF TOP DYNAMIC INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

#### **OPINION**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Top Dynamic International Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 55 to 104, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2016, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2016, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code") and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

#### ESTIMATED IMPAIRMENT LOSS ON TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Refer to note 18 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies on pages 69 to 71.

## The key audit matter

## How the matter was addressed in our audit

We have identified impairment on trade receivables as a key audit matter because of its significance to the consolidated financial statements and the policy for making such impairment involves significant degree of management judgment.

Our procedures were designed to review the management's assessment process and challenge the reasonableness of the methods and assumptions used to estimate the allowance for doubtful debts.

These conclusions are dependent upon management judgment in respect of assessing the ultimate realisation of these receivables.

We have challenged the assumptions and critical judgment used by the management by assessing the reliability of the management's past estimates and taking into account the ageing of receivables at year end and cash received after year end, as well as the recent creditworthiness of each debtor.

### OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company (the "Directors") are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

# RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

## AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion, solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements.
   We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Lau Kai Wong.

SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited
Certified Public Accountants
Lau Kai Wong

Practising Certificate Number: P06623

Hong Kong 2 March 2017

# Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income For the year ended 31 December 2016

|  | Notes | 2016<br><i>HK\$'000</i> | 2015<br><i>HK\$'000</i> |
|--|-------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Turnover Cost of sales   | 8     | 254,493<br>(161,321)    | 215,273<br>(132,921)    |
| Gross profit   |       | 93,172                  | 82,352                  |
| Other income   | 9     | 683                     | 1,623                   |
| Selling and distribution costs   |       | (11,161)                | (11,310)                |
| Administrative expenses  |       | (24,808)                | (34,977)                |
| Profit before tax  |       | 57,886                  | 37,688                  |
| Income tax expenses  | 10    | (12,105)                | (11,137)                |
| Profit for the year  | 11    | 45,781                  | 26,551                  |
| Other comprehensive expense for the year   |       |                         |                         |
| Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:  Exchange difference arising on translation of |       |                         |                         |
| a foreign operation  |       | (6,142)                 | (5,008)                 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year  |       |                         |                         |
| attributable to owners of the Company  |       | 39,639                  | 21,543                  |
| Earnings per share  - Basic and diluted (HK cents)   | 13    | 5.72                    | 4.41                    |

# Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2016

|                                       | Notes | 2016<br><i>HK\$'000</i> | 2015<br><i>HK\$'000</i> |
|---------------------------------------|-------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Non-current assets                    |       |                         |                         |
| Plant and equipment                   | 15    | 85,876                  | 60,474                  |
| Intangible asset                      | 16    | _                       | 1,681                   |
| Prepayment for plant and equipment    |       | 2,451                   | 3,889                   |
|                                       |       | 88,327                  | 66,044                  |
| Current assets                        |       |                         |                         |
| Inventories                           | 17    | 27,494                  | 18,781                  |
| Trade and other receivables           | 18    | 58,888                  | 47,315                  |
| Pledged deposit                       | 19    | 5,063                   | 5,035                   |
| Bank balances and cash                | 19    | 79,205                  | 72,466                  |
|                                       |       | 170,650                 | 143,597                 |
| Current liabilities                   |       |                         |                         |
| Trade and other payables              | 20    | 61,751                  | 49,755                  |
| Tax payables                          |       | 2,459                   | 4,705                   |
|                                       |       | 64,210                  | 54,460                  |
| Net current assets                    |       | 106,440                 | 89,137                  |
| Total assets less current liabilities |       | 194,767                 | 155,181                 |
| Non-current liability                 |       |                         |                         |
| Deferred tax liabilities              | 21    | 173                     | 226                     |
|                                       |       | 194,594                 | 154,955                 |
| Canital and vacanua                   |       |                         |                         |
| Capital and reserves Share capital    | 22    | 8,000                   | 8,000                   |
| Reserves                              | 22    | 186,594                 | 146,955                 |
|                                       |       | 194,594                 | 154,955                 |

The consolidated financial statements on pages 55 to 104 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board on 2 March 2017 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr. Chow Hin Keong

Director

Mr. Chow Hin Kok

Director

# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity For the year ended 31 December 2016

|   | Share<br>capital<br>HK\$'000<br>(note 22(a)) | Share<br>premium<br>HK\$'000<br>(note 22a<br>(iii), (iv)&(v)) | PRC<br>statutory<br>reserve<br>HK\$'000<br>(note 22b(ij) | Capital<br>reserve<br>HK\$'000<br>(note 22b(ii)) | Translation<br>reserve<br>HK\$*000 | Retained profits HK\$'000 | Total<br>HK\$'000 |
|---|--|---|--|--|------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| At 1 January 2015   | -  | -   | 1,162  | 8  | 229                                | 19,915                    | 21,314            |
| Profit for the year  Other comprehensive expense for the year:  Exchange difference arising on translation of | -  | -   | -  | -  | -                                  | 26,551                    | 26,551            |
| a foreign operation   |  | _   | _  |  | (5,008)                            |                           | (5,008)           |
| Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year   | _  | _   |  | _  | (5,008)                            | 26,551                    | 21,543            |
| Issue of new shares on Loan Capitalisation  | 600  | 59,400  | _  | _  | _                                  | _                         | 60,000            |
| Issue of new shares by way of placing   | 2,000  | 58,000  | _  | -  | -                                  | -                         | 60,000            |
| Transaction costs attributable to issue of new shares   | _  | (7,902)   | _  | _  | _                                  | _                         | (7,902)           |
| Capitalisation Issue of shares  | 5,400  | (5,400)   | _  | -  | _                                  | -                         | -                 |
| Transfer to PRC statutory reserve   | _  | _   | 1,640  | _  | -                                  | (1,640)                   |                   |
| At 31 December 2015 and 1 January 2016  | 8,000  | 104,098   | 2,802  | 8  | (4,779)                            | 44,826                    | 154,955           |
| Profit for the year  Other comprehensive expense for the year:  | -  | -   | -  | -  | -                                  | 45,781                    | 45,781            |
| Exchange difference arising on translation of a foreign operation   | -  | _   | -  | _  | (6,142)                            | _                         | (6,142)           |
| Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year   | _  |   |  |  | (6,142)                            | 45,781                    | 39,639            |
| Transfer to PRC statutory reserve   | _  | _   | 1,555  | _  | _                                  | (1,555)                   |                   |
| At 31 December 2016   | 8,000  | 104,098   | 4,357  | 8  | (10,921)                           | 89,052                    | 194,594           |

# Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended 31 December 2016

|  | 2016<br><i>HK\$'000</i> | 2015<br><i>HK\$'000</i> |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| OPERATING ACTIVITIES   |                         |                         |
| Profit before tax  | 57,886                  | 37,688                  |
| Adjustments for:  Bank interest income   | (88)                    | (54)                    |
| Depreciation of plant and equipment  | 9,744                   | 7,516                   |
| Amortisation of intangible asset  Government grants  | 1,681<br>(301)          | 919                     |
| Loss on disposal of plant and equipment  | 12                      | 15                      |
|  | 00.004                  | 40.004                  |
| Operating cash flows before movements in working capital  Increase in inventories  | 68,934<br>(9,960)       | 46,084<br>(8,386)       |
| (Increase) decrease in trade and other receivables   | (13,994)                | 4,205                   |
| Increase in trade and other payables   | 8,994                   | 4,389                   |
| Cash generated from operations   | 53,974                  | 46,292                  |
| Hong Kong Profits Tax paid   | (8,943)                 | (4,295)                 |
| PRC Enterprise Income Tax paid   | (5,335)                 | (5,583)                 |
| NET CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES   | 39,696                  | 36,414                  |
|  |                         |                         |
| INVESTING ACTIVITIES  Acquisition of plant and equipment   | (30,427)                | (14,944)                |
| Acquisition of intangible asset  | _                       | (2,600)                 |
| Proceeds from disposal of plant and equipment  Settlement of payables for plant and equipment  | 6<br>(180)              | 40<br>(5,366)           |
| Prepayment for plant and equipment   | (2,451)                 | (3,889)                 |
| Bank interest received   | 60                      | 6                       |
| NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES  | (32,992)                | (26,753)                |
|  |                         |                         |
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES  Net proceeds from issue of new shares by way of placing  | _                       | 52,098                  |
| Government grants received   | 301                     |                         |
| NET CASH GENERATED FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES   | 301                     | 52,098                  |
| NET OF GENERALIZED FROM THE WORLD AND THE CONTROL OF GENERAL AND THE CONTRO |                         | 02,000                  |
| NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS  | 7,005                   | 61,759                  |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR   | 72,466                  | 11,274                  |
| Effect of foreign exchange rate changes  | (266)                   | (567)                   |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR   |                         |                         |
| REPRESENTED BY BANK BALANCES AND CASH  | 79,205                  | 72,466                  |

For the year ended 31 December 2016

### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 10 September 2014 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Cayman Companies Law, Chapter 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands and its Shares have been listed on GEM since 9 October 2015.

The address of the registered office of the Company is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111, the Cayman Islands. The address of the principal place of business of the Company is Office A, 31st Floor, Billion Plaza II, 10 Cheung Yue Street, Cheung Sha Wan, Kowloon, Hong Kong. Its ultimate controlling parties are Mr. Chow Hin Keong and Mr. Chow Hin Kok.

The Company is principally engaged in investment holding and the principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 30.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in HK\$, which is the same as the functional currency of the Company.

### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

Pursuant to the Reorganisation, the Company became the holding company of the companies now comprising the Group on 22 September 2015 as detailed in the section headed "History, Reorganisation and Group Structure" of the Prospectus. The Company and its subsidiaries now comprising the Group are under the common control of Mr. Chow Hin Keong and Mr. Chow Hin Kok (the "Controlling Shareholders") throughout the year ended 31 December 2015 or since their respective dates of incorporation or establishment up to 31 December 2015. As there was a continuation of the risks and benefits to the Controlling Shareholders and, therefore, the Reorganisation is considered to be a restructuring of entities and business under common control and the Group now comprising the Company and its subsidiaries resulting from the Reorganisation is regarded as a continuing entity.

Accordingly, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared as if the Company had always been the holding company of the companies now comprising the Group throughout the year ended 31 December 2015, using the principles of merger accounting with reference to Accounting Guideline 5 "Merger Accounting for Common Control Combinations" issued by the HKICPA as set out in note 4 below.

The consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for year ended 31 December 2015 include the results and cash flows of the companies now comprising the Group have been prepared as if the current group structure had been in existence throughout the year ended 31 December 2015.

For the year ended 31 December 2016

# 3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

In the current year, the Group has applied the following new and revised HKFRSs, which include HKFRSs, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKAS(s)"), amendments and Interpretations ("Int(s)"), issued by the HKICPA.

Amendments to HKFRSs Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2012 – 2014 Cycle

Amendments to HKAS 1 Disclosure Initiative

Amendments to HKAS 16 and Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and

HKAS 38 Amortisation

Amendments to HKAS 16 and Agriculture: Bearer Plants

HKAS 41

Amendments to HKAS 27 Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements

Amendments to HKFRS 10, Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception HKFRS 12 and HKAS 28

Amendments to HKFRS 11 Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations

The application of the above new and revised HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial performance and positions for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in the consolidated financial statements.

## New and revised HKFRSs issued but not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

HKFRS 9 (2014) Financial Instruments<sup>2</sup>

HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers<sup>2</sup>

HKFRS 16 Leases<sup>3</sup>

Amendments to HKAS 7 Disclosure Initiative<sup>1</sup>

Amendments to HKAS 12 Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses<sup>1</sup>

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its

HKAS 28 Associate or Joint Venture<sup>4</sup>

Amendments to HKFRS 2 Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment

Transactions<sup>2</sup>

Amendments to HKFRS 4 Applying HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments with HKFRS 4

Insurance Contracts<sup>2</sup>

For the year ended 31 December 2016

# 3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

New and revised HKFRSs issued but not yet effective (Continued)

- <sup>1</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017.
- <sup>2</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018.
- <sup>3</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019.
- <sup>4</sup> Effective date not yet been determined.

The Directors anticipate that, except as described below, the application of the other new and revised HKFRSs will have no material impact on the results and the financial position of the Group.

## HKFRS 9 (2014) Financial Instruments

HKFRS 9 issued in 2009 introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. HKFRS 9 was amended in 2010 and includes the requirements for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities and for derecognition. In 2013, HKFRS 9 was further amended to bring into effect a substantial overhaul of hedge accounting that will allow entities to better reflect their risk management activities in the financial statements. A finalised version of HKFRS 9 was issued in 2014 to incorporate all the requirements of HKFRS 9 that were issued in previous years with limited amendments to the classification and measurement by introducing a "fair value through other comprehensive income" ("FVTOCI") measurement category for certain financial assets. The finalised version of HKFRS 9 also introduces an "expected credit loss" model for impairment assessments.

Key requirements of HKFRS 9 (2014) are described as follows:

• All recognised financial assets that are within the scope of HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement to be subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, and that have contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, are measured at FVTOCI. All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair values at the end of subsequent reporting periods. In addition, under HKFRS 9 (2014), entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment (that is not held for trading) in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognised in profit or loss.

For the year ended 31 December 2016

# 3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

HKFRS 9 (2014) Financial Instruments (Continued)

- With regard to the measurement of financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss, HKFRS 9 (2014) requires that the amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is presented in other comprehensive income, unless the recognition of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. Changes in fair value of financial liabilities attributable to changes in the financial liabilities' credit risk are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. Under HKAS 39, the entire amount of the change in the fair value of the financial liability designated as fair value through profit or loss was presented in profit or loss.
- In the aspect of impairment assessments, the impairment requirements relating to the accounting for an entity's expected credit losses on its financial assets and commitments to extend credit were added. Those requirements eliminate the threshold that was in HKAS 39 for the recognition of credit losses. Under the impairment approach in HKFRS 9 (2014) it is no longer necessary for a credit event to have occurred before credit losses are recognised. Instead, expected credit losses and changes in those expected credit losses should always be accounted for. The amount of expected credit losses is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition and, consequently, more timely information is provided about expected credit losses.
- HKFRS 9 (2014) introduces a new model which is more closely aligns hedge accounting with risk management activities undertaken by companies when hedging their financial and non-financial risk exposures. As a principle-based approach, HKFRS 9 (2014) looks at whether a risk component can be identified and measured and does not distinguish between financial items and non-financial items. The new model also enables an entity to use information produced internally for risk management purposes as a basis for hedge accounting. Under HKAS 39, it is necessary to exhibit eligibility and compliance with the requirements in HKAS 39 using metrics that are designed solely for accounting purposes. The new model also includes eligibility criteria but these are based on an economic assessment of the strength of the hedging relationship. This can be determined using risk management data. This should reduce the costs of implementation compared with those for HKAS 39 hedge accounting because it reduces the amount of analysis that is required to be undertaken only for accounting purposes.

HKFRS 9 (2014) will become effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018 with early application permitted.

The Directors are in the process of assessing the impacts on the consolidated financial statements.

For the year ended 31 December 2016

# 3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

## **HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers**

The core principle of HKFRS 15 is that an entity should recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Thus, HKFRS 15 introduces a model that applies to contracts with customers, featuring a contract-based five-step analysis of transactions to determine whether, how much and when revenue is recognised. The five steps are as follows:

- i) Identify the contract with the customer;
- ii) Identify the performance obligations in the contract;
- iii) Determine the transaction price;
- iv) Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations; and
- v) Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

HKFRS 15 also introduces extensive qualitative and quantitative disclosure requirements which aim to enable users of the financial statements to understand the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers.

HKFRS 15 will supersede the current revenue recognition guidance including HKAS 18 *Revenue*, HKAS 11 *Construction Contracts* and the related interpretations when it becomes effective.

HKFRS 15 will become effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018 with early application permitted.

The Directors are in the process of assessing the impacts on the consolidated financial statements.

For the year ended 31 December 2016

## 3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

("HKFRSs") (Continued)

## **HKFRS 16 Leases**

HKFRS 16 provides a comprehensive model for the identification of lease arrangements and their treatment in the financial statements of both lessors and lessees.

In respect of the lessee accounting, the standard introduces a single lessee accounting model, requiring lessees to recognise assets and liabilities for all leases with the lease term of more than 12 months, unless the underlying asset has a low value.

At the commencement date of the lease, the lessee is required to recognise a right-of-use asset at cost, which consists of the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability, plus any lease payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received, the initial estimate of restoration costs and any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee. A lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date.

Subsequently, the right-of-use asset is measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. Lease liability is subsequently measured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability, reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payment made, and remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications or to reflect revised in-substance fixed lease payments. Depreciation and impairment expenses, if any, on the right-of-use asset will be charged to profit or loss following the requirements of HKAS 16 *Property, Plant and Equipment*, while interest accrual on lease liability will be charged to profit or loss.

In respect of the lessor accounting, HKFRS 16 substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements in HKAS 17. Accordingly, a lessor continues to classify its leases as operating leases or finance leases, and to account for those two types of leases differently.

HKFRS 16 will supersede the current lease standards including HKAS 17 *Leases* and the related interpretations when it becomes effective.

HKFRS 16 will be effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019 with early application permitted provided that the entity has applied HKFRS 15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* at or before the date of initial application of HKFRS 16.

The Directors are in the process of assessing their impact on the consolidated financial statements of these requirements.

For the year ended 31 December 2016

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the GEM Listing Rules and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e. an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. Details of fair value measurement are explained in the accounting policies set out below.

The principal accounting policies are set out below.

### Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Company reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Company obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Company gains control until the date when the Company ceases to control the subsidiary.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

For the year ended 31 December 2016

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## Merger accounting for business combination involving entities under common control

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements items of the combining entities or businesses in which the common control combination occurs as if the combination had occurred from the date when the combining entities or businesses first came under the control of the controlling party.

The net assets of the combining entities or businesses are combined using the existing book values from the controlling party's perspective. No amount is recognised as consideration for goodwill or excess of acquirer's interest in the net fair value of acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over cost at the time of common control combination, to the extent of the continuation of the controlling party's interest.

The consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income includes the results of each of the combining entities or businesses from the earliest date presented or since the date when the combining entities or businesses first came under the common control, where this is a shorter period, regardless of the date of the common control combination.

The comparative amounts in the consolidated financial statements are presented as if the entities or businesses had been combined at the beginning of the previous reporting period unless the combining entities or businesses first came under common control at a later date.

## Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods sold in the normal course of business, net of discounts and sales related taxes.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the goods are delivered and titles have passed, at which time all the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Group has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- the Group retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Group; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

For the year ended 31 December 2016

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## Revenue recognition (Continued)

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income from a financial asset is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

### Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment held for use in the production of goods and/or supply of goods, or for administrative purposes are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of items of plant and equipment, less their residual values, if any, over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual value, if any, and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

## Leasing

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

## The Group as lessee

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

## Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in the respective functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

For the year ended 31 December 2016

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## Foreign currencies (Continued)

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operation are translated into the presentation currency of the Company (i.e. HK\$) using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expenses items are translated at the average exchange rates for the year. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of translation reserve.

### **Taxation**

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from "profit before tax" as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary difference to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

For the year ended 31 December 2016

## 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred taxes are recognised in profit or loss.

### **Inventories**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs of inventories are calculated using the first-in, first-out method. Net realisable value represented the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sales.

### Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition.

### Financial assets

The Group's financial assets are classified into loans and receivables. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

For the year ended 31 December 2016

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments.

## Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables (including trade and other receivables, pledged deposit and bank balances and cash) are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment losses (see accounting policy on impairment of financial assets below).

## Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have been affected.

Objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- breach of contract, such as default or delinquency in interest and principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation; or
- disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

For the year ended 31 December 2016

## 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

For certain categories of financial assets, such as trade and other receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are, in addition, assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period or observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment loss recognised is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade and other receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss. When a trade and other receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited to profit or loss.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment losses was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

## Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Debt and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

### Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

For the year ended 31 December 2016

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities including trade and other payables, are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

#### Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis.

#### Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

#### Intangible asset

Intangible asset with finite useful life that is acquired separately is carried at costs less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation for intangible asset with finite useful life is recognised on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life.

The estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

For the year ended 31 December 2016

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Impairment of tangible and intangible asset with finite useful life

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible asset with finite useful life to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted. If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or the cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately in profit or loss.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Bank balances and cash in the consolidated statement of financial position comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with a maturity of three months or less.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits as defined above.

For the year ended 31 December 2016

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Government grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

#### Retirement benefits costs

Payments to the state-managed retirement benefit scheme and the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme") are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

#### 5. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 4, the Directors are required to make judgment, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

For the year ended 31 December 2016

#### 5. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

#### Useful lives and impairment assessment of plant and equipment

Plant and equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and identified impairment losses. The estimation of useful lives impacts the level of annual depreciation expenses recorded. Plant and equipment is evaluated for possible impairment on a specific asset basis or in groups of similar assets, as applicable. This process requires management's estimate of future cash flows generated by each asset or group of assets. For any instance where this evaluation process indicates impairment, the relevant asset's carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount and the amount of the write-down is charged against the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise.

As at 31 December 2016, the carrying amount of plant and equipment was approximately HK\$85,876,000 (2015: HK\$60,474,000). No impairment has been recognized for both years.

#### Estimated allowance for inventories

The management of the Group reviews an ageing analysis at the end of each reporting period and makes allowance for obsolete and slow-moving items identified that are no longer suitable for sale or use. The Group makes allowance for inventories based on the assessment of the net realisable value. The management estimates the net realisable value for inventories based primarily on the latest invoice prices and current market conditions.

As at 31 December 2016, the carrying amount of inventories was approximately HK\$27,494,000 (2015: HK\$18,781,000). No allowance had been recognised during both years.

For the year ended 31 December 2016

#### 5. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

#### Estimated impairment loss on trade and other receivables

When there is objective evidence of impairment loss of trade and other receivables, the Group takes into consideration the estimation of future cash flows of respective trade and other receivables. The amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition). Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise.

As at 31 December 2016, the carrying amount of trade and other receivables were approximately HK\$58,888,000 (2015: HK\$47,315,000). No impairment had been recognised during both years.

#### 6. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of bank balances and cash and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital and reserves.

The Directors review the capital structure of the Group periodically. As part of this review, the Directors consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the Directors, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends and new share issues. The Directors will also consider the raise of borrowings as second source of capital.

The Directors also endeavour to ensure the steady and reliable cash flows from the normal business operation.

For the year ended 31 December 2016

#### 7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

### (a) Categories of financial instruments

|   | 2016<br><i>HK\$'000</i> | 2015<br><i>HK\$'000</i> |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Financial assets  Loans and receivables (including cash and cash equivalents) | 130,602                 | 115,343                 |
| Financial liabilities Liabilities measured at amortised cost                  | 61,653                  | 49,755                  |

#### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include trade and other receivables, pledged deposit, bank balances and cash and trade and other payables. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments included market risk (interest rate risk and currency risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management of the Group manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

#### Interest rate risk

The Group is mainly exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to variable-rate bank balances, and fair value interest rate risk in relation to fixed-rate pledged bank deposits, short-term bank deposits.

The Group currently does not have interest rate hedging policy. However, management closely monitors its exposure to future cash flow risk as a result of change on market interest rate and will consider hedging changes in market interest rates should the need arise.

No sensitivity analysis is presented as the Group's exposure to interest rate is not significant.

For the year ended 31 December 2016

#### 7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

# (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued) Currency risk

Several subsidiaries of the Group have foreign currency sales and purchases, which expose the Group to foreign currency risk. For the year ended 31 December 2016, approximately 75% (2015: 77%) of the Group's sales is denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the group entity making the sales, whilst almost 76% (2015: 76%) of purchases is denominated in the respective group entity's functional currency.

The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

|                               | Assets                  | 5                       | Liabilitie              | es                      |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
|                               | 2016<br><i>HK\$'000</i> | 2015<br><i>HK\$'000</i> | 2016<br><i>HK\$'000</i> | 2015<br><i>HK\$'000</i> |
|                               |                         |                         |                         |                         |
| United States dollars ("USD") | 74,624                  | 30,980                  | 3,607                   | 4,375                   |
| Renminbi ("RMB")              | 11,669                  | 4,757                   | 7,274                   | 6,788                   |
| HK\$                          | 2,328                   | 3,211                   | -                       |                         |
|                               |                         |                         |                         |                         |
|                               | 88,621                  | 38,948                  | 10,881                  | 11,163                  |

The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the Directors continuously monitor the related foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

#### Sensitivity analysis

The Group is mainly exposed to fluctuation against foreign currencies USD, RMB and HK\$.

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 5% (2015: 5%) increase and decrease in functional currency of respective group entities against the relevant foreign currencies. 5% (2015: 5%) is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the end of the reporting period for a 5% (2015: 5%) change in foreign currency rates.

A positive number below indicates an increase in post-tax profit where the functional currency of respective group entities weakens 5% (2015: 5%) against the relevant foreign currencies. For a 5% (2015: 5%) strengthening of the functional currency of respective group entities against the relevant foreign currencies, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the post-tax profit.

For the year ended 31 December 2016

#### 7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Currency risk (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis (Continued)

|                           | 2016<br><i>HK\$'000</i> | 2015<br><i>HK\$'000</i> |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Effect on post-tax profit |                         |                         |
| USD                       | 2,965                   | 1,111                   |
| RMB<br>HK\$               | 184<br>87               | (85)<br>120             |

#### Credit risk

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties is arising from the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts.

In addition, the Group reviews the recoverability of each individual trade debt at the end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the Directors consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The Group has concentration of credit risk as 15% (2015: 14%) of the total trade receivables as at 31 December 2016 was due from the Group's largest customer and 53% (2015: 42%) of the total trade receivables as at 31 December 2016 was due from the Group's five largest customers with sales within both manufacturing and trading segments.

The Group's concentration of credit risk by geographical locations is mainly in the PRC, which accounted for 47% (2015: 37%) of the total trade receivables as at 31 December 2016.

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

For the year ended 31 December 2016

#### 7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

# (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued) Liquidity risk

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group regularly monitors current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and current working capital to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and long term.

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, the Group's remaining contractual maturities for its non-derivative financial liabilities, based on the undiscounted cash flows on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay, are within one year or repayable on demand.

#### (c) Fair values of financial instruments

The Directors consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values due to their short-term maturities.

#### 8. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

Information reported to the Board, being the chief operating decision maker (the "CODM"), for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on types of goods delivered. No operating segments identified by the CODM have been aggregated in arriving at the reportable segments of the Group.

Specifically, the Group's reportable and operating segments under HKFRS 8 are manufacturing and trading as follows:

- a) Manufacturing segment engages in selling of electronic and electrical parts and components manufactured by the Group.
- b) Trading segment engages in trading of electronic and electrical parts and components sourced from third-party suppliers.

For the year ended 31 December 2016

#### 8. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the method used to distribute the products and/or the nature of production processes.

Despite that all of the Group's products are of a similar nature, they are subject to dissimilar risks and returns. Accordingly, the Group's operating activities are attributable to manufacturing and trading segments.

Segment revenue represents revenue derived from the manufacturing and trading of electronic and electrical parts and components.

#### Segment revenues and results

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by reportable and operating segments:

|   | Manufacti               | ıring                   | Tradin                  | 9                       | Total                   |                         |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
|   | 2016<br><i>HK\$'000</i> | 2015<br><i>HK\$'000</i> | 2016<br><i>HK\$'000</i> | 2015<br><i>HK\$'000</i> | 2016<br><i>HK\$'000</i> | 2015<br><i>HK\$'000</i> |
| Segment revenue                         | 200,984                 | 155,579                 | 53,509                  | 59,694                  | 254,493                 | 215,273                 |
| Segment profit                          | 75,414                  | 64,941                  | 6,597                   | 6,101                   | 82,011                  | 71,042                  |
| Unallocated income Unallocated expenses |                         |                         |                         | _                       | 683<br>(24,808)         | 1,623<br>(34,977)       |
| Profit before tax                       |                         |                         |                         | _                       | 57,886                  | 37,688                  |

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in note 4. Segment profit represents the profit earned by each segment without allocation of certain administrative expenses and other income. This is the measure reported to the CODM of the Group for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment.

For the year ended 31 December 2016

#### 8. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

#### Segment assets and liabilities

The following is an analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by reportable and operating segments:

|                     | 2016<br><i>HK\$'000</i> | 2015<br><i>HK\$'000</i> |
|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
|                     |                         |                         |
| SEGMENT ASSETS      |                         |                         |
| Manufacturing       | 158,720                 | 113,578                 |
| Trading             | 13,078                  | 13,912                  |
| Unallocated         | 87,179                  | 82,151                  |
|                     |                         |                         |
| Total assets        | 258,977                 | 209,641                 |
|                     |                         |                         |
| SEGMENT LIABILITIES |                         |                         |
| Manufacturing       | 41,129                  | 27,052                  |
| Trading             | 14,920                  | 18,212                  |
| Unallocated         | 8,334                   | 9,422                   |
|                     |                         |                         |
| Total liabilities   | 64,383                  | 54,686                  |

For the purposes of monitoring segment performance and allocating resources between segments:

- all assets are allocated to operating segments other than certain plant and equipment for administrative purpose, intangible asset, certain other receivables and prepayments, pledged deposit and bank balances and cash as these assets are managed on a group basis; and
- all liabilities are allocated to operating segments other than certain other payables, tax payables and deferred tax liabilities as these liabilities are managed on a group basis.

For the year ended 31 December 2016

# 8. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued) Other segment information

|   | Manufacturing  HK\$'000    | Trading<br>HK\$'000 | Unallocated  HK\$'000 | <b>Total</b><br><i>HK\$'000</i> |
|---|----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|
| Amounts included in the measure of segments                         | s profit or segment assets |                     |                       |                                 |
| Year ended 31 December 2016   |                            |                     |                       |                                 |
| Loss on disposal of plant and equipment                             | _                          | _                   | 12                    | 12                              |
| Depreciation of plant and equipment                                 | 8,038                      | -                   | 1,706                 | 9,744                           |
| Amortisation of intangible asset                                    | _                          | -                   | 1,681                 | 1,681                           |
| Additions to non-current assets                                     | 37,606                     | _                   | 878                   | 38,484                          |
| Year ended 31 December 2015 Loss on disposal of plant and equipment | _                          | -                   | 15                    | 15                              |
| Depreciation of plant and equipment                                 | 5,919                      | -                   | 1,597                 | 7,516                           |
| Amortisation of intangible asset                                    | _                          | _                   | 919                   | 919                             |
| Additions to non-current assets                                     | 17,592                     | _                   | 4,021                 | 21,613                          |

For the year ended 31 December 2016

#### 8. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

#### Geographical information

Information about the Group's revenue from external customers is presented based on the geographical location of customers. Information about the Group's non-current assets is presented based on the geographical location of the assets.

|                                 | Hong Kong<br><i>HK\$</i> '000 | PRC<br>(excluding<br>Hong Kong)<br>HK\$'000 | Asia<br>(excluding<br>Korea, the PRC<br>and Hong Kong)<br>HK\$'000 | Korea<br>HK\$'000 | Europe<br>and other<br><i>HK\$</i> '000 | <b>Total</b><br><i>HK\$'000</i> |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|--|-------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| Revenue from external customers |                               |   |  |                   |   |                                 |
| Year ended 31 December 2016     | 55,847                        | 78,313                                      | 19,523   | 90,944            | 9,866                                   | 254,493                         |
| Year ended 31 December 2015     | 22,916                        | 75,590                                      | 21,681   | 84,364            | 10,722                                  | 215,273                         |
| Non-current assets              |                               |   |  |                   |   |                                 |
| As at 31 December 2016          | 2,148                         | 86,179                                      | _  | -                 | _                                       | 88,327                          |
| As at 31 December 2015          | 4,100                         | 61,944                                      | -  | _                 | _                                       | 66,044                          |

#### Information about major customers

Revenue from customers of the corresponding year contributing over 10% of the total revenue of the Group are as follows:

|                         | 2016<br><i>HK\$'000</i> | 2015<br><i>HK\$'000</i> |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Customer A <sup>1</sup> | 26,997                  | N/A <sup>2</sup>        |
| Customer B <sup>1</sup> | 26,714                  | N/A <sup>2</sup>        |
| Customer C <sup>1</sup> | 25,919                  | N/A <sup>2</sup>        |

Customers of the Group's manufacturing and trading segments.

The corresponding revenue did not contribute over 10% of the total revenue of the Group.

For the year ended 31 December 2016

#### 9. OTHER INCOME

|                          | 2016<br><i>HK\$'000</i> | 2015<br><i>HK\$'000</i> |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
|                          |                         |                         |
| Government grants (Note) | 301                     | _                       |
| Exchange gains, net      | 278                     | 1,569                   |
| Bank interest income     | 88                      | 54                      |
| Sundry income            | 16                      | _                       |
|                          |                         |                         |
|                          | 683                     | 1,623                   |

*Note:* Government grants were received from local government authorities of which the Group fulfilled conditions attached to the subsidies.

#### 10. INCOME TAX EXPENSES

|                               | 2016<br><i>HK\$'000</i> | 2015<br><i>HK\$'000</i> |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
|                               |                         | ·                       |
| Current tax                   |                         |                         |
| Hong Kong Profits Tax         | 6,632                   | 5,579                   |
| PRC Enterprise Income Tax     | 5,526                   | 5,721                   |
|                               |                         |                         |
|                               | 12,158                  | 11,300                  |
| Over provision in prior years |                         |                         |
| Hong Kong Profits Tax         | _                       | (39)                    |
|                               |                         |                         |
|                               | 12,158                  | 11,261                  |
| Deferred tax (note 21)        | (53)                    | (124)                   |
|                               |                         |                         |
|                               | 12,105                  | 11,137                  |

- (a) Pursuant to the rules and regulations of the BVI and Cayman Islands, the Group is not subject to any income tax in these jurisdictions for both years.
- (b) Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% of the estimated assessable profits for both years.
- (c) Under the Law of the PRC on Enterprise Income Tax (the "EIT Law") and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the tax rate of the subsidiary registered in the PRC is 25% for both years.

For the year ended 31 December 2016

#### 10. INCOME TAX EXPENSES (Continued)

The income tax expenses for the year can be reconciled to the profit before tax per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

|   | 2016<br><i>HK\$'000</i> | 2015<br><i>HK\$'000</i> |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Profit before tax   | 57,886                  | 37,688                  |
| Tax at the domestic income tax rate of 16.5%  Effect of different tax rate of a subsidiary operating in other | 9,551                   | 6,219                   |
| jurisdiction  | 2,012                   | 1,956                   |
| Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purpose   | 800                     | 2,844                   |
| Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purpose  | (94)                    | (28)                    |
| Tax effect of temporary differences not recognised  | 97                      | _                       |
| Tax effect of tax losses not recognised   | _                       | 185                     |
| Utilisation of tax losses previously not recognised   | (261)                   | _                       |
| Over provision in respect of prior years  |                         | (39)                    |
| Income tax expenses for the year  | 12,105                  | 11,137                  |

Details of the deferred tax are set out in note 21.

#### 11. PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

Profit for the year has been arrived at after charging:

|   | 2016<br><i>HK\$'000</i> | 2015<br><i>HK\$'000</i> |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|
|   |                         |                         |
| Listing expenses  | _                       | 13,247                  |
| Auditors' remuneration  | 680                     | 641                     |
| Amount of inventories recognised as expenses                  | 161,321                 | 132,921                 |
| Depreciation of plant and equipment                           | 9,744                   | 7,516                   |
| Amortisation of intangible asset                              | 1,681                   | 919                     |
| Loss on disposal of plant and equipment                       | 12                      | 15                      |
| Operating lease rentals in respect of rented premises         | 1,790                   | 1,447                   |
|   |                         |                         |
| Emoluments of the Directors and chief executive (note 14)     | 3,016                   | 2,773                   |
| Other staff costs:  |                         | 40.400                  |
| Salaries and allowances                                       | 22,380                  | 18,138                  |
| Retirement benefits scheme contributions                      | 2,704                   | 2,371                   |
|   |                         |                         |
| Total staff costs including emoluments of directors and chief |                         |                         |
| executive   | 28,100                  | 23,282                  |

For the year ended 31 December 2016

#### 12. DIVIDEND

No dividend was paid or proposed during the year ended 31 December 2016, nor has any dividend been proposed since the end of the reporting period (2015: nil).

#### 13. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company is based on the following data:

#### Basic earnings per share

|   | 2016           | 2015           |
|---|----------------|----------------|
|   |                |                |
| Earnings  |                |                |
| Earnings for the purpose of basic earnings per share        |                |                |
| - Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company | HK\$45,781,000 | HK\$26,551,000 |
|   |                |                |
| Number of shares  |                |                |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares                  |                |                |
| for the purpose of basic earnings per share (Note)          | 800,000,000    | 602,630,000    |

#### Note:

The weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year ended 31 December 2015 has been adjusted for the effects of the Reorganisation, the Loan Capitalisation, the Capitalisation Issue and the Subdivision.

#### Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share is the same as basic earnings per share for each of the years ended 31 December 2016 and 2015 as there were no dilutive potential ordinary shares outstanding during both years.

For the year ended 31 December 2016

### 14. EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS, CHIEF EXECUTIVE AND EMPLOYEES

The emoluments paid or payable to each of the five (2015: five) Directors, which include the chief executive of the Group, were as follows:

|  | Executive                              | directors                                | Independ   | ent non-executive                                   | directors  |                          |
|--|--|--|--|---|--|--------------------------|
| For the year ended<br>31 December 2016   | Mr. Chow Hin<br>Kok<br><i>HK\$'000</i> | Mr. Chow Hin<br>Keong<br><i>HK\$'000</i> | Ms. Chan Mei<br>Po<br><i>HK\$'000</i><br>(Note (ii)) | Ms. Man Oi Yuk<br>Yvonne<br>HK\$'000<br>(Note (ii)) | Ms. Wong Sau<br>Ying<br><i>HK\$'000</i><br>(Note (ii)) | Total<br><i>HK\$'000</i> |
| Emoluments paid or receivable in respect of a person's services as a director, whether of the Company or its subsidiary undertakings   |  |  |  |   |  |                          |
| Fees   | _                                      | _  | 120  | 120   | 120  | 360                      |
| Other emoluments   | -                                      | -  | -  | -   | -  | -                        |
| Emoluments paid or receivable in respect of director's other services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company or its subsidiary undertakings (Note (ii)) |  |  |  |   |  |                          |
| Other emoluments   |  |  |  |   |  |                          |
| - Salaries and allowance   | 1,320                                  | 1,300                                    | -  | -   | -  | 2,620                    |
| - Retirement benefits scheme contributions   | 18                                     | 18                                       | _  | _   | _  | 36                       |
|  | 1,338                                  | 1,318                                    | 120  | 120   | 120  | 3,016                    |

For the year ended 31 December 2016

### 14. EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS, CHIEF EXECUTIVE AND EMPLOYEES (Continued)

|   | Executive                              | directors                                | Independ   | ent non-executive                                   | directors                                       |                          |
|---|--|--|--|---|---|--------------------------|
| For the year ended<br>31 December 2015  | Mr. Chow Hin<br>Kok<br><i>HK\$'000</i> | Mr. Chow Hin<br>Keong<br><i>HK\$'000</i> | Ms. Chan Mei<br>Po<br><i>HK\$'000</i><br>(Note (ii)) | Ms. Man Oi Yuk<br>Yvonne<br>HK\$'000<br>(Note (ii)) | Ms. Wong Sau<br>Ying<br>HK\$'000<br>(Note (ii)) | Total<br><i>HK\$'000</i> |
| Emoluments paid or receivable in respect of a person's services as a director, whether of the Company or its subsidiary undertakings  |  |  |  |   |   |                          |
| Fees  | _                                      | _  | 33   | 33  | 33  | 99                       |
| Other emoluments  | -                                      | -  | -  | -   | -   | -                        |
| Emoluments paid or receivable in respect of director's other services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company or its subsidiary undertakings (Note (i)) |  |  |  |   |   |                          |
| Other emoluments  |  |  |  |   |   |                          |
| Salaries and allowances      Retirement benefits scheme   | 1,338                                  | 1,300                                    | -  | -   | -   | 2,638                    |
| contributions   | 18                                     | 18                                       | -  | _   | _   | 36                       |
|   | 1,356                                  | 1,318                                    | 33   | 33  | 33  | 2,773                    |

#### Notes:

<sup>(</sup>i) The emoluments represent the salaries paid to the Directors in respect of their services in connection with management of the affairs of the Group.

<sup>(</sup>ii) Appointed on 23 September 2015.

For the year ended 31 December 2016

#### 14. EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS, CHIEF EXECUTIVE AND EMPLOYEES (Continued)

Mr. Chow Hin Kok is also the chief executive of the Company and his emoluments disclosed above includes those for services rendered by him as the chief executive.

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, two (2015: two) were Directors including the chief executive of the Company whose emoluments are included in the disclosures above. The emoluments of the remaining three (2015: three) individuals were as follows:

|  | 2016<br><i>HK\$'000</i> | 2015<br><i>HK\$'000</i> |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Salaries and allowances Retirement benefits scheme contributions | 2,057<br>54             | 2,034<br>53             |
|  | 2,111                   | 2,087                   |

Their emoluments were within the following bands:

|  | 2016<br>No. of<br>employees | 2015<br>No. of<br>employees |
|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Nil to HK\$1,000,000<br>HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000 | 2 1                         | 2                           |
|  | 3                           | 3                           |

No emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the directors (including the chief executive) or the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office for both years.

No directors (including the chief executive) or the five highest paid individuals waived or agreed to waive any emoluments for both years.

For the year ended 31 December 2016

#### 15. PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

|  | Leasehold improvements                | Plant and machinery                   | Furniture,<br>fixtures and<br>equipment | Total           |
|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|-----------------|
|  | HK\$'000                              | HK\$'000                              | HK\$'000                                | HK\$'000        |
| 0007                                   |                                       |                                       |   |                 |
| COST At 1 January 2015                 | 0.070                                 | E 4 E 0 0                             | 0.000                                   | 61 400          |
| Additions                              | 2,978<br>1,323                        | 54,522                                | 3,988<br>503                            | 61,488          |
| Disposals                              | (607)                                 | 13,632                                | (106)                                   | 15,458<br>(713) |
| Exchange realignment                   | (150)                                 | (3,454)                               | (70)                                    | (3,674)         |
| Exchange realignment                   | (100)                                 | (3,454)                               | (70)                                    | (3,074)         |
| At 31 December 2015 and 1 January 2016 | 3,544                                 | 64,700                                | 4,315                                   | 72,559          |
| Additions                              | 318                                   | 38,592                                | 1,012                                   | 39,922          |
| Disposals                              | -                                     | -                                     | (50)                                    | (50)            |
| Exchange realignment                   | (172)                                 | (5,489)                               | (87)                                    | (5,748)         |
| Exchange realignment                   | (112)                                 | (0,400)                               | (01)                                    | (0,1+0)         |
| At 31 December 2016                    | 3,690                                 | 97,803                                | 5,190                                   | 106,683         |
| 7tt of Becomber 2010                   |                                       | 01,000                                | 0,100                                   | 100,000         |
| ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION               |                                       |                                       |   |                 |
| At 1 January 2015                      | 738                                   | 4,214                                 | 795                                     | 5,747           |
| Charge for the year                    | 945                                   | 5,342                                 | 1,229                                   | 7,516           |
| Eliminated on disposals                | (607)                                 | _                                     | (51)                                    | (658)           |
| Exchange realignment                   | (38)                                  | (454)                                 | (28)                                    | (520)           |
|  |                                       | , ,                                   |   |                 |
| At 31 December 2015 and 1 January 2016 | 1,038                                 | 9,102                                 | 1,945                                   | 12,085          |
| Charge for the year                    | 1,024                                 | 7,361                                 | 1,359                                   | 9,744           |
| Eliminated on disposals                | · _                                   | _                                     | (32)                                    | (32)            |
| Exchange realignment                   | (68)                                  | (868)                                 | (54)                                    | (990)           |
|  |                                       | , ,                                   |   |                 |
| At 31 December 2016                    | 1,994                                 | 15,595                                | 3,218                                   | 20,807          |
|  | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,   | <u> </u>        |
| CARRYING VALUES                        |                                       |                                       |   |                 |
| At 31 December 2016                    | 1,696                                 | 82,208                                | 1,972                                   | 85,876          |
|  | ,                                     | ,                                     | 7-                                      |                 |
| At 31 December 2015                    | 2,506                                 | 55,598                                | 2,370                                   | 60,474          |
| At 51 December 2015                    | 2,000                                 |                                       | ۷,۵۱۷                                   | 00,474          |

For the year ended 31 December 2016

#### 15. PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

The above items of plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis at the following rates per annum:

Leasehold improvements 33% or over the lease term, whichever is shorter

Plant and machinery 10% – 33%

Furniture, fixtures and equipment 33%

#### 16. INTANGIBLE ASSET

|  | Trademark  HK\$'000 |
|--|---------------------|
| 0007   |                     |
| COST At 1 January 2015                                   |                     |
| At 1 January 2015 Additions                              | 2,600               |
| Additions  | 2,000               |
| At 31 December 2015, 1 January 2016 and 31 December 2016 | 2,600               |
|  |                     |
| AMORTISATION   |                     |
| At 1 January 2015  | _                   |
| Charge for the year                                      | 919                 |
|  |                     |
| At 31 December 2015 and 1 January 2016                   | 919                 |
| Charge for the year                                      | 1,681               |
|  |                     |
| At 31 December 2016                                      | 2,600               |
|  |                     |
| CARRYING VALUES  |                     |
| At 31 December 2016                                      |                     |
|  |                     |
| At 31 December 2015                                      | 1,681               |

The trademark has finite useful life of 1.5 years and is amortised on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life.

For the year ended 31 December 2016

#### 17. INVENTORIES

|                              | 2016<br><i>HK\$'000</i> | 2015<br><i>HK\$'000</i> |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Raw materials Finished goods | 14,402<br>13,092        | 8,480<br>10,301         |
|                              | 27,494                  | 18,781                  |

#### 18. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

|                                | 2016<br><i>HK\$'000</i> | 2015<br><i>HK\$'000</i> |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
|                                |                         |                         |
| Trade receivables              | 43,263                  | 35,402                  |
| Deposits and other receivables | 3,071                   | 2,440                   |
| Prepayments                    | 12,554                  | 9,473                   |
|                                |                         |                         |
|                                | 58,888                  | 47,315                  |

The Group does not hold any collateral over its trade and other receivables. No impairment of trade and other receivables had been recognised during the year ended 31 December 2016 and 2015.

The Group allows a credit period of 0 to 90 days to its trade customers. The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables presented based on the invoice date, which approximates the respective revenue recognition dates, at the end of the reporting period.

|   | 2016<br><i>HK\$'000</i> | 2015<br><i>HK\$'000</i> |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Within O magazina                                     | 40,000                  | 04.570                  |
| Within 3 months  Over 3 months but less than 6 months | 42,299<br>964           | 34,578<br>824           |
|   |                         |                         |
|   | 43,263                  | 35,402                  |

The Group's policy for impairment loss on trade receivables is based on an evaluation of collectability and aged analysis of the receivables which requires the use of judgment and estimates. Impairment would be applied to the receivables when there are events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be collectible. The management of the Group closely reviews the trade receivables balances and any overdue balances on an ongoing basis and assessments are made by the management on the collectability of overdue balances.

For the year ended 31 December 2016

#### 18. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables presented based on the due date at the end of the reporting period:

|  | 2016<br><i>HK\$'000</i> | 2015<br><i>HK\$'000</i> |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Current  | 43,139                  | 34,501                  |
| Overdue within 3 months Overdue 3 months to 6 months | 124<br>-                | 751<br>150              |
|  | 43,263                  | 35,402                  |

Trade receivables that were neither past due nor impaired related to a wide range of customers for whom there was no recent history of default.

Included in the Group's trade receivables balance are debtors with aggregate carrying amount of approximately HK\$124,000 (2015: HK\$901,000) as at 31 December 2016 which are past due at the end of the reporting period for which the Group has not provided for impairment loss. Receivables that were past due but not impaired related to a number of independent customers with no recent history of default.

#### 19. PLEDGED DEPOSIT AND BANK BALANCES AND CASH

|   | 2016<br><i>HK\$'000</i> | 2015<br><i>HK\$'000</i> |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Pledged deposit   | 5,063                   | 5,035                   |
| Cash at banks and in hand Time deposit with original maturity within three months | 71,205<br>8,000         | 52,466<br>20,000        |
| Bank balances and cash  | 79,205                  | 72,466                  |

The pledged deposit carries fixed interest rate of 0.56% (2015: 0.57%) per annum during the year ended 31 December 2016 and is pledged to a bank to secure short-term banking facilities granted to the Group.

Cash at banks carried interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates for the years ended 31 December 2016 and 2015. During the year ended 31 December 2016, time deposit with original maturity within three months carries fixed interest rate of 0.63% (2015: 0.40%) per annum.

For the year ended 31 December 2016

#### 20. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

|                                  | 2016<br><i>HK\$'000</i> | 2015<br><i>HK\$'000</i> |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
|                                  |                         |                         |
| Trade payables                   | 44,967                  | 41,625                  |
| Payables for plant and equipment | 5,606                   | 180                     |
| Receipt in advance               | 98                      | _                       |
| Accruals and other payables      | 11,080                  | 7,950                   |
|                                  |                         |                         |
|                                  | 61,751                  | 49,755                  |

Included in the Group's accruals and other payables as at 31 December 2016 were accrued directors' emoluments of approximately HK\$383,000 (2015: HK\$482,000). The amount is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

The following is an aged analysis of trade payables presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period.

|                                      | 2016<br><i>HK\$'000</i> | 2015<br><i>HK\$'000</i> |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| MULL O H                             | 40.440                  | 00.700                  |
| Within 3 months                      | 40,410                  | 33,782                  |
| Over 3 months but less than 6 months | 4,557                   | 7,843                   |
|                                      |                         |                         |
|                                      | 44,967                  | 41,625                  |

The credit period on purchases of goods ranged from 30 to 120 days. The Group has financial risk management policies in place to ensure that all payables are settled within the credit timeframe.

For the year ended 31 December 2016

#### 21. DEFERRED TAX

The following is the deferred tax liability of the Group recognised and movements thereon during both years:

|  | Accelerated tax depreciation  HK\$'000 |
|--|--|
| At 1 January 2015                      | 350                                    |
| Credited to profit or loss (note 10)   | (124)                                  |
| At 31 December 2015 and 1 January 2016 | 226                                    |
| Credited to profit or loss (note 10)   | (53)                                   |
| At 31 December 2016                    | 173                                    |

At 31 December 2016, the Group has unused Hong Kong tax losses of approximately HK\$851,000 (2015: HK\$2,430,000) available for offset against future profits indefinitely. As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, no deferred tax asset had been recognised in respect of such tax losses due to the unpredictability of future profit streams.

At 31 December 2016, the Group had deductible temporary differences of approximately HK\$585,000 (2015: nil). No deferred tax asset has been recognised in relation to such deductible temporary difference as it is not probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

Under the EIT Law, withholding tax is imposed on dividends declared in respect of profits earned by the PRC Subsidiary from 1 January 2008 onwards. Deferred tax has not been provided for in the consolidated financial statements in respect of temporary differences attributable to accumulated profits of the PRC Subsidiary amounting to approximately HK\$38,230,000 (2015: HK\$24,947,000) as the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

For the year ended 31 December 2016

#### 22. SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES

### (a) Share capital

|  | Number of shares    |                     | Share cap               | oital                   |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
|  | <b>2016</b><br>'000 | <b>2015</b><br>'000 | <b>2016</b><br>HK\$'000 | <b>2015</b><br>HK\$'000 |
| Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each                 |                     |                     |                         |                         |
| Authorised                                       |                     |                     |                         |                         |
| At beginning of the year                         | 2,000,000           | 500                 | 20,000                  | 50                      |
| Sub-division of shares (note (ii))               | _                   | 4,500               | -                       | _                       |
| Increase on 22 September 2015                    |                     |                     |                         |                         |
| (note (iii))                                     | _                   | 1,995,000           | _                       | 19,950                  |
|  |                     |                     |                         |                         |
| At end of the year                               | 2,000,000           | 2,000,000           | 20,000                  | 20,000                  |
|  |                     |                     |                         |                         |
| Issued and fully paid                            |                     |                     |                         |                         |
| At beginning of the year                         | 800,000             | -                   | 8,000                   | _                       |
| Issue of new shares on                           |                     |                     |                         |                         |
| Reorganisation (note (ii))                       | -                   | -                   | -                       | _                       |
| Issue of new shares on Loan                      |                     |                     |                         |                         |
| Capitalisation (note (iii))                      | _                   | 60,000              | _                       | 600                     |
| Capitalisation Issue of shares (note (iv))       | _                   | 540,000             | _                       | 5,400                   |
| Issue of new shares by way of placing (note (v)) | _                   | 200,000             | _                       | 2,000                   |
| [Hote (V)]                                       |                     | 200,000             | <del></del>             | 2,000                   |
| At end of the year                               | 800,000             | 800,000             | 8,000                   | 8,000                   |

#### Notes:

(i) At the beginning of the year, the Company had two ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each issued at par.

#### (ii) Subdivision

Pursuant to the Reorganisation, on 22 September 2015, the Company acquired from Mr. Chow Hin Keong and Mr. Chow Hin Kok their respective 50% shareholding in Top Dynamic International (BVI) Limited ("TD Int'I (BVI)") by the issuance of two ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each credited as fully paid to each of the respective nominees of Mr. Chow Hin Keong and Mr. Chow Hin Kok. On the same date, (i) each authorised share of the Company of HK\$0.1 each was subdivided into 10 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each, and (ii) the authorised share capital of the Company was increased from HK\$50,000 to HK\$20,000,000 by the creation of 1,995,000,000 new shares of HK\$0.01 each.

For the year ended 31 December 2016

#### 22. SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES (Continued)

#### (a) Share capital (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

#### (iii) Loan Capitalisation

On 22 September 2015, the Company acquired two loans each in the amount of HK\$30,000,000 owed by, a wholly owned subsidiary, TD Enterprises to Mr. Chow Hin Keong and Mr. Chow Hin Kok respectively on a dollar-for-dollar basis. On the same date, the Company negotiated with the two shareholders and entered into capitalisation agreements respectively in relation to, among others, the set-off of each of the shareholders' outstanding amounts by way of the allotment and issue of capitalisation shares of 30,000,000 ordinary shares of the Company of HK\$0.01 each, credited as fully paid, to each of the nominees of Mr. Chow Hin Keong and Mr. Chow Hin Kok. The Loan Capitalisation was completed on the same date, of which an aggregate of 60,000,000 ordinary shares were allotted and issued to the two shareholders, resulting in a share premium of approximately HK\$59,400,000.

#### (iv) Capitalisation Issue

Pursuant to a resolution in writing of the shareholders of the Company passed on 23 September 2015, 539,999,960 ordinary shares of the Company of HK\$0.01 each were credited as fully paid by way of capitalisation of the amount of approximately HK\$5,400,000 standing to the credit of the share premium account of the Company.

#### (v) Placing

On 9 October 2015, 200,000,000 ordinary shares of the Company of HK\$0.01 each were issued by way of placing to public investors at a placing price of HK\$0.30 per share resulting in a share premium of HK\$58,000,000.

All shares issued during the year ended 31 December 2015 ranked pari passu with those existing shares in all respects.

#### (b) Reserves

#### (i) PRC statutory reserve

PRC statutory reserves were established in accordance with the relevant PRC rules and regulations and the articles of association of Dongguan Jia Jun. Appropriations to the reserves were determined by the board of directors of Dongguan Jia Jun and can be used to offset accumulated losses and increase capital upon approval from the relevant government authorities.

#### (ii) Capital reserve

Capital reserve represents the difference between the aggregate amount of issued and fully paid share capital of the subsidiaries acquired by the Company and the nominal amount of the shares issued by the Company as consideration.

For the year ended 31 December 2016

#### 23. MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTION

During the year ended 31 December 2015, 60,000,000 ordinary shares of the Company of HK\$0.01 each were issued on 22 September 2015, credited as fully paid, by the way of capitalisation of amounts due to shareholders with aggregate principal amount of HK\$60,000,000. Details are set out in note 22(a)(iii).

#### 24. INFORMATION ABOUT THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

|                                   | 2016<br><i>HK\$'000</i> | 2015<br><i>HK\$'000</i> |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
|                                   |                         | , , , ,                 |
| Non-current asset                 |                         |                         |
| Investments in subsidiaries       | 54,396                  | 54,396                  |
|                                   |                         |                         |
| Current assets                    |                         |                         |
| Amount due from a subsidiary      | 75,952                  | 46,457                  |
| Prepayments and other receivables | 644                     | 403                     |
| Bank balances and cash            | 13,567                  | 46,410                  |
|                                   | 00.400                  | 00.070                  |
|                                   | 90,163                  | 93,270                  |
| Current liability                 |                         |                         |
| Other payables                    | 650                     | 632                     |
| Other payables                    |                         |                         |
|                                   | 650                     | 632                     |
| Net current assets                | 89,513                  | 92,638                  |
|                                   |                         | 02,000                  |
|                                   | 143,909                 | 147,034                 |
| Capital and reserves              |                         |                         |
| Share capital (note 22)           | 8,000                   | 8,000                   |
| Reserves (note a)                 | 135,909                 | 139,034                 |
| Tioonivoo (note a)                | 100,000                 | 100,004                 |
|                                   | 143,909                 | 147,034                 |

For the year ended 31 December 2016

#### 24. INFORMATION ABOUT THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

(Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

#### (a) Movements in the Company's reserves

|  | Share<br>premium<br><i>HK\$</i> '000 | Capital<br>reserve<br>HK\$'000<br>(Note) | Accumulated<br>losses<br>HK\$'000 | <b>Total</b><br><i>HK\$'000</i> |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| At 1 January 2015                          | _                                    | _  | (3,452)                           | (3,452)                         |
| Loss and total comprehensive expense       |                                      |  | (-) - /                           | (=)                             |
| for the year                               | _                                    | _  | (16,008)                          | (16,008)                        |
| Acquisition of subsidiaries                | _                                    | 54,396                                   | _                                 | 54,396                          |
| Issue of new shares on loan capitalisation | 59,400                               | _  | _                                 | 59,400                          |
| Issue of new shares by way of placing      | 58,000                               | _  | _                                 | 58,000                          |
| Transaction costs                          |                                      |  |                                   |                                 |
| attributable to issue of new shares        | (7,902)                              | _  | _                                 | (7,902)                         |
| Capitalisation Issue of shares             | (5,400)                              | -  |                                   | (5,400)                         |
| At 31 December 2015 and                    |                                      |  |                                   |                                 |
| 1 January 2016                             | 104,098                              | 54,396                                   | (19,460)                          | 139,034                         |
| Loss and total comprehensive expense       |                                      |  |                                   |                                 |
| for the year                               | _                                    | _  | (3,125)                           | (3,125)                         |
| At 31 December 2016                        | 104,098                              | 54,396                                   | (22,585)                          | 135,909                         |

*Note:* Capital reserve represents the difference between the nominal value of the shares issued for the acquisition of equity interests of its subsidiaries and the net assets value of its subsidiaries at the date of acquisition.

For the year ended 31 December 2016

#### 25. RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEMES

The Group operates the MPF Scheme under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for its employees in Hong Kong. The MPF Scheme is a defined contribution retirement plan and the assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in funds administered by independent trustee. Under the MPF Scheme, the Group and its employees makes monthly contributions to the MPF Scheme at 5% of the employee's earnings capped at HK\$1,500 per month to the MPF Scheme both years.

The employees of the Group's subsidiary in the PRC are members of a state-managed retirement benefit scheme operated by the PRC government. The subsidiary is required to contribute a specified percentage of payroll costs to the retirement benefit scheme to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefit scheme is to make the specified contributions.

The total cost charged to profit or loss of approximately HK\$2,740,000 (2015: HK\$2,407,000) represent contributions payable to these schemes by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2016. Contributions to the schemes vest immediately.

#### 26. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS

#### Equity-settled share option scheme of the Company

The Company's Scheme, was adopted pursuant to a resolution passed on 23 September 2015 for the primary purpose of rewarding the Directors and eligible employees, advisers, consultants, distributors, contractors, suppliers, agents, customers, business partners, joint venture business partners, promoters, service providers of any member of the Group whom the Board considers, in its sole discretion, have contributed or will contribute to the Group.

The total number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Scheme is not permitted to exceed 10% of the Shares in issue at any point in time, without prior approval from the Company's shareholders. Besides, the limit on the number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the any share option schemes of our Company must not exceed such number of Shares as shall represent 30% of the total number of Shares in issue from time to time. No options may be granted if such grant will result in this 30% limit being exceeded. The number of Shares issued and to be issued in respect of which options granted and may be granted to any individual in any one year is not permitted to exceed 1% of the Shares of the Company in issue at any point in time, without prior approval from the Company's shareholders. Options granted to substantial shareholders or independent non-executive directors in excess of 0.1% of the Company's share capital or with a value in excess of HK\$5,000,000 (or such other amount as shall be permissible under the GEM Listing Rules from time to time) must be approved in advance by Shareholders.

For the year ended 31 December 2016

#### **26.** SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

#### Equity-settled share option scheme of the Company (Continued)

Options may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Scheme shall be a period of time to be notified by the Board to each option-holder, which the Board may in its absolute discretion determine, save that such period shall not be more than ten years from the offer date. The exercise price is determined by the Directors, and will not be less than the higher of (i) the closing price of the Shares as stated in Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets on the date on which the option is offered to a participant ("Offer Date"); (ii) the average of the closing prices of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the Offer Date; and (iii) the nominal value of the Shares.

At 31 December 2016, no options had been granted and remained outstanding under the Scheme (2015: nil).

#### 27. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has the following capital commitments in respect of the acquisition of plant and equipment:

|  | 2016<br><i>HK\$'000</i> | 2015<br><i>HK\$'000</i> |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Contracted for but not provided in the consolidated financial statements | 2,135                   | 4,423                   |

#### 28. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

#### The Group as lessee

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had commitment for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases which fall due as follows:

|                                       | 2016<br><i>HK\$'000</i> | 2015<br><i>HK\$'000</i> |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
|                                       |                         |                         |
| Within one year                       | 1,128                   | 1,685                   |
| In the second to fifth year inclusive | 2,167                   | 2,210                   |
| Over five years                       | 608                     | 1,136                   |
|                                       |                         |                         |
|                                       | 3,903                   | 5,031                   |

Operating lease payment represents rental payable by the Group for certain of its office and production plant. Leases are negotiated for original terms of two to ten years (2015: two to ten years) and rentals are fixed over the lease terms of respective leases.

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#### 29. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Save as disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, the Group has the following transaction with its related parties.

#### (a) Related parties' transactions

During the year ended 31 December 2016, the Group was granted the right to use two (2015: three) trademarks registered by a company (the "Related Company") jointly controlled by Mr. Chow Hin Keong, a shareholder and a director of the Company, and an independent third party at nil consideration. In 2015, the Group acquired one of the three trademarks from the Related Company for a cash consideration of HK\$2,600,000. Details of the trademark are disclosed in note 16.

#### (b) Compensation of key management personnel

The Directors considered that they are the only key management personnel of the Group for the years ended 31 December 2016 and 2015 and their emoluments are disclosed in note 14.

The emoluments of the Directors and key executives are determined by the Board with reference to the performance of individuals and market trends.

For the year ended 31 December 2016

#### 30. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY

| Name of subsidiary                        | Place/<br>country of<br>incorporation or<br>registration/<br>operation | Issued and fully<br>paid share capital/<br>registered capital | Attributable<br>equity interest and vol<br>held by the Gro | ting power | Principal activities  |
|---|--|---|--|------------|---|
| Directly held                             |  |   | 2016   | 2015       |   |
| TD Int'l (BVI)                            | BVI  | USD1,000  | 100%   | 100%       | Investment holding  |
| Indirectly held Top Dynamic (BVI) Limited | BVI  | USD100  | 100%   | 100%       | Investment holding  |
| TD Electronics                            | Hong Kong  | HK\$1   | 100%   | 100%       | Trademark holding   |
| Top Empire                                | Hong Kong  | HK\$1   | 100%   | 100%       | Provision of management service   |
| TD Enterprises                            | Hong Kong  | HK\$1   | 100%   | 100%       | Trading of electronic and electrical parts and components                   |
| Dongguan Jia Jun<br>(Notes (i) and (ii))  | PRC  | USD8,000,000  | 100%   | 100%       | Manufacturing and trading of electronic and electrical parts and components |

#### Notes:

- (i) Dongguan Jia Jun is a wholly-owned foreign enterprise established in the PRC.
- (ii) The English translation of the company name is for reference only. The official name of this company is in Chinese.

None of the subsidiaries had issued any debt securities during both years or at the end of both years.

## Financial Summary of the Group

|                              | For the year ended 31 December |                         |                         |                         |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
|                              | 2013<br><i>HK\$'000</i>        | 2014<br><i>HK\$'000</i> | 2015<br><i>HK\$'000</i> | 2016<br><i>HK\$'000</i> |
|                              |                                |                         |                         |                         |
| Results                      |                                |                         |                         |                         |
| Turnover                     | 45,685                         | 159,323                 | 215,273                 | 254,493                 |
| Profit before tax            | 6,181                          | 21,797                  | 37,688                  | 57,886                  |
| Total comprehensive income   |                                |                         |                         |                         |
| for the year attributable to |                                |                         |                         |                         |
| owners of the Company        | 5,010                          | 16,243                  | 21,543                  | 39,639                  |

|                        | As at 31 December       |                         |                         |                         |
|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
|                        | 2013<br><i>HK\$'000</i> | 2014<br><i>HK\$'000</i> | 2015<br><i>HK\$'000</i> | 2016<br><i>HK\$'000</i> |
| Assets and Liabilities |                         |                         |                         |                         |
| Total assets           | 61,048                  | 137,575                 | 209,641                 | 258,977                 |
| Total liabilities      | 55,977                  | 116,261                 | 54,686                  | 64,383                  |
| Total equity           | 5,071                   | 21,314                  | 154,955                 | 194,594                 |

#### Note:

The Company was incorporated as an exempted company with limited liability in the Cayman Islands on 10 September 2014. The consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statements of changes in equity and consolidated statements of cash flows in this report included the results and cash flows of the companies now comprising the Group as if the current Group structure had been in existence throughout the years ended 31 December 2013 and 2014. The consolidated statements of financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2013 and 2014 have been prepared to present the assets and liabilities of the companies now comprising the Group as if the current Group structure had been in existence at those dates.

The financial results of the Group for the years ended 31 December 2013 and 2014 and its financial position as at 31 December 2013 and 2014 are extracted from the Prospectus. The financial results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2015 are extracted from the Company's annual report 2015.

### **Definitions**

In this report, unless the context otherwise requires, the following expressions have the following meanings:

"ABF" a very thin type of bridge rectifier package which is manufactured

using clip bonding technique for more advanced thinner portable

electronic devices

"Articles" the articles of association of the Company adopted on 23

September 2015

"Board" the board of Directors

"BVI" the British Virgin Islands

"Capitalisation Issue" the issue of 539,999,960 Shares made upon the capitalisation

of certain sums standing to the credit of the share premium account of the Company pursuant to the written resolutions of the

Shareholders passed on 23 September 2015

"CG Code" Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix 15 to the GEM

Listing Rules

"close associate(s)" has the meaning ascribed thereto under the GEM Listing Rules

"Company" Top Dynamic International Holdings Limited 泰邦集團國際控股有

限公司, a company incorporated as an exempted company with

limited liability in the Cayman Islands

"Director(s)" the director(s) of the Company

"Dongguan Jia Jun" or 東莞市佳駿電子科技有限公司(Dongguan Jia Jun Electronic

"PRC Subsidiary" Technology Company Limited\*), a company established in the PRC

with limited liability and a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company

"GEM" the Growth Enterprise Market of the Stock Exchange

"GEM Listing Rules" the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM, as amended,

supplemented and/or otherwise modified from time to time as the

context may require

"Group" the Company and its subsidiaries

"HKICPA" Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants

## **Definitions**

| "HK\$" or "HK dollar(s)"<br>and "HK cents"     | Hong Kong dollars and cents respectively, the lawful currency of Hong Kong   |
|--|--|
| "Hong Kong"                                    | the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the PRC   |
| "Hong Kong Stock Exchange" or "Stock Exchange" | The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited  |
| "Korea"  | the Republic of Korea  |
| "Listing"                                      | the listing of the Shares on GEM on 9 October 2015   |
| "Loan Capitalisation"                          | the issue of 30,000,000 Shares to each of the nominees of Mr. Chow Hin Keong and Mr. Chow Hin Kok for the set-off of each of their outstanding amounts of HK\$30,000,000 owed by the Company, credited as fully paid, on 22 September 2015, particulars of which are set out in the Prospectus |
| "Model Code"                                   | a code of conduct adopted by the Company regarding securities transactions by Directors on terms no less exacting than the required standard of dealings set out in Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules effective from the date of Listing   |
| "Period"                                       | the year ended 31 December 2016  |
| "Placing"                                      | the placing of the Shares by the Company in connection with the Listing, particulars of which are set out in the Prospectus  |
| "Platinum Dynamic"                             | Platinum Dynamic Investments Ltd, a company incorporated in the BVI wholly-owned by Mr. Chow Hin Keong, Chairman of the Board and an executive Director, and is a controlling shareholder (as defined under the GEM Listing Rules) of the Company  |
| "PRC"  | the People's Republic of China, save that, for the purpose of this report and unless the context otherwise requires, references in this report do not include Hong Kong, Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and Taiwan                                      |
| "Prospectus"                                   | the prospectus of the Company dated 30 September 2015 issued in connection with the Listing  |
| "Reorganisation"                               | the reorganisation of the Company in connection with the Listing,  |

Group Structure" of the Prospectus

details of the Reorganisation are set out in the paragraph headed "Reorganisation" in the section headed "History, Reorganisation and

### **Definitions**

Shareholders on 23 September 2015

"SFO" Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong

Kong)

"Share(s)" ordinary share(s) of HK\$0.01 each in the share capital of the

Company

"Shareholder(s)" holder(s) of the Shares

"Silver Dynamic" Silver Dynamic Investments Ltd, a company incorporated in the

BVI wholly-owned by Mr. Chow Hin Kok, an executive Director and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company, and a controlling shareholder (as defined under the GEM Listing Rules) of the

Company

"SMA" a small outline plastic surface mount package diode which is mainly

used in traditional power circuit

"SMAF" a flat lead small outline plastic surface mount package diode with a

thinner body, which is manufactured using clip bonding technique. SMAF has a better stability electrical characteristic than traditional

SMA

"Subdivision" the sub-division of each issued and unissued share of the Company

of HK\$0.10 each into ten Shares of HK\$0.01 each pursuant to the written resolutions of the Shareholders passed on 22 September

2015

"TD Electronics" Top Dynamic Electronics Limited, a company incorporated in Hong

Kong with limited liability and a wholly-owned subsidiary of the

Company

"Top Empire" Top Empire Management Limited, a company incorporated in Hong

Kong with limited liability and a wholly-owned subsidiary of the

Company

"TD Enterprises" Top Dynamic Enterprises Limited, a company incorporated in Hong

Kong with limited liability and a wholly-owned subsidiary of the

Company

"TD Int'I (BVI)" Top Dynamic International (BVI) Limited, a company incorporated

in the BVI with limited liability and a wholly-owned subsidiary of the

Company

"%" per cent

<sup>\*</sup> The English translation of the company name is for reference only. The official name of this company is in Chinese.