F8 Enterprises (Holdings) Group Limited F8 企業(控股)集團有限公司

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(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

Stock Code 股份代號: 8347

2025 ANNUAL REPORT 年報

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GEM 的定位乃為相比起聯交所上市的其他公 司帶有更高投資風險的中小型公司提供上市 的市場。有意投資者應了解投資於此類公司 的潛在風險,並應經審慎周詳考慮後方作出 投資決定。

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本報告乃遵照聯交所GEM證券上市規則 (「GEM上市規則」)的規定而提供有關F8企業 (控股)集團有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬公 司(統稱「本集團」)之資料。本公司之董事 (「董事」)願就本報告所載資料共同及個別承 擔全部責任。董事在作出一切合理查詢後, 確認就其所知及所信,本報告所載資料在各 重要方面均屬準確完備,沒有誤導或欺詐成 分,本報告無遺漏任何其他事項,足以令致 本報告或其所載任何陳述產生誤導。

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Corporate Information 公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Fong Chun Man (*Chairman*) Ms. Lo Pui Yee (*Vice Chairlady*) Mr. Chan Chi Fai (*Chief Executive Officer*)

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Chui Chi Yun, Robert Dr. Luk Che Chung, JP (Appointed with effect from 10 October 2024)

Mr. Wang Anyuan Mr. Kwong Yuk Lap (*Resigned with effect from 10 October 2024*)

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Chui Chi Yun, Robert *(Chairman)* Dr. Luk Che Chung, JP *(Appointed with effect from 10 October 2024)*

Mr. Wang Anyuan Mr. Kwong Yuk Lap (*Resigned with effect from 10 October 2024*)

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Wang Anyuan *(Chairman)* Mr. Chui Chi Yun, Robert Mr. Fong Chun Man

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Dr. Luk Che Chung, JP (*Chairman*) (Appointed with effect from 10 October 2024) Mr. Chui Chi Yun, Robert Mr. Fong Chun Man Mr. Kwong Yuk Lap (*Chairman*) (*Resigned with effect from 10 October 2024*)

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Fong Chun Man Ms. Lo Pui Yee

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COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Leung Yin Fai (HKICPA, ACCA, CPA Australia)

董事會

III

執行董事

方俊文先生(*主席)* 勞佩儀女士(*副主席)* 陳志輝先生(行政總裁)

獨立非執行董事

崔志仁先生 陸志聰醫生,_{太平紳士} (於2024年10月10日獲委任) 王安元先生 鄺旭立先生(於2024年10月10日辭任)

審核委員會

崔志仁先生(主席) 陸志聰醫生,太平紳士 (於2024年10月10日獲委任) 王安元先生 鄺旭立先生(於2024年10月10日辭任)

薪酬委員會

王安元先生(*主席)* 崔志仁先生 方俊文先生

提名委員會

陸志聰醫生,_{太平紳士}(主席) (於2024年10月10日獲委任) 崔志仁先生 方俊文先生 鄺旭立先生(主席) (於2024年10月10日辭任)

授權代表

方俊文先生 勞佩儀女士

公司秘書

梁燕輝女士(香港會計師公會、英國特許公認 會計師公會、澳洲會計師公會)

Corporate Information 公司資料

REGISTERED OFFICE

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Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands

HEADQUARTERS AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Unit 3304, 33/F, Tower 1, Enterprise Square Five, 38 Wang Chiu Road, Kowloon Bay, Kowloon, Hong Kong

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Boardroom Share Registrars (HK) Limited Room 2103B, 21/F, 148 Electric Road, North Point, Hong Kong

CAYMAN ISLANDS PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands

AUDITORS

HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited *Certified Public Accountants*

LEGAL ADVISER

D. S. Cheung & Co.

PRINCIPAL BANKER

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

COMPANY WEBSITE

www.f8.com.hk

註冊辦事處

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands

香港總部及主要營業地點

香港九龍九龍灣宏照道38號 企業廣場五期一座33樓3304室

香港股份過戶登記分處

寶德隆證券登記有限公司 香港北角電氣道148號21樓2103B室

開曼群島股份過戶登記總處

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands

核數師

國衛會計師事務所有限公司 *執業會計師*

法律顧問

張岱樞律師事務所

主要往來銀行

香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司

公司網站

www.f8.com.hk

Chairman's Statement 主席報告書

To our Shareholders,

On behalf of the board of Directors (the "**Board**") of F8 Enterprises (Holdings) Group Limited (the "**Company**"), I am pleased to present the annual audited financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "**Group**") for the year ended 31 March 2025 (the "**Reporting Period**").

The Group's revenue increased by approximately 19.2% from approximately HK\$290.0 million for the year ended 31 March 2024 to approximately HK\$345.8 million for the year ended 31 March 2025. The Group recorded a net loss of approximately HK\$0.8 million for the year ended 31 March 2025, as compared with a net loss of approximately HK\$8.6 million for the year ended 31 March 2024, representing decrease in net loss of approximately HK\$7.8 million. The decrease in net loss of the Group was mainly attributable to (i) increase in sale and transportation of diesel oil business; (ii) reversal of allowance for expected credit loss on financial assets; (iii) decrease in other losses; and (iv) decrease in finance costs for the year ended 31 March 2025. The effect was partially offset by decrease in other income. The increase in gross profit was mainly due to increase in revenue for the year ended 31 March 2025.

As at 31 March 2025, the Group had a fleet of eight diesel tank wagons of various capacity, a marine oil barge, a vessel and a tug to meet customers' requirement.

Besides, the Group had carried out marketing and promotional activities and negotiated with potential customers to secure purchase orders for marine diesel oil.

In the first quarter of 2025, the Hong Kong economy experienced solid growth, primarily driven by significant increases in exports of goods and services, along with a return to moderate growth in overall investment expenditure. This leads us to be optimistic about the market trend for diesel oil and marine diesel oil sales in Hong Kong. Consequently, the average selling prices and sales volumes of petroleum products showed an upward trend, resulting in an overall increase in the Group's total turnover. 各位股東:

本人謹代表F8企業(控股)集團有限公司(「本 公司」)董事會(「董事會」)欣然提呈本公司及 其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至2025年3月 31日止年度(「報告期間」)的年度經審核財務 報表。

本集團的收益由截至2024年3月31日止年度約290.0百萬港元增加約19.2%至截至2025年3月31日止年度約345.8百萬港元。本集團於截至2025年3月31日止年度錄得淨虧損約0.8 百萬港元,而截至2024年3月31日止年度則錄得淨虧損約8.6百萬港元,淨虧損減少約7.8 百萬港元。本集團淨虧損減少乃主要由於(i) 柴油業務銷售及運輸增加:(ii)金融資產預期 信貸虧損撥備撥回:(iii)其他虧損減少:及(iv) 截至2025年3月31日止年度的融資成本減少。 其他收入減少部分抵銷上述影響。截至2025 年3月31日止年度,毛利增加乃主要由於收 益增加。

於2025年3月31日,本集團擁有八架不同容 量的柴油貯槽車車隊、一艘船用柴油駁船、 一艘船舶及一艘拖船,以滿足客戶要求。

此外,本集團已進行市場推廣活動,並與潛 在客戶磋商以爭取船用柴油的採購訂單。

於2025年第一季度,香港經濟經歷穩健增長, 主要是由於貨物及服務出口大幅增加,以及 整體投資開支回復溫和增長所帶動。這使我 們對香港柴油及船用柴油銷售的市場趨勢持 樂觀態度。因此,石油產品的平均售價及銷 量均呈現上升趨勢,導致本集團總營業額整 體上升。

Chairman's Statement 主席報告書

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Looking ahead, we are optimistic about the market trend for the sale of diesel oil and marine diesel oil in Hong Kong. This optimism is primarily due to the stable and high levels of investment in public infrastructure projects, such as the railway network expansion and marine construction initiatives like the Hong Kong International Airport's third runway project. However, the Directors will continue to closely monitor and manage any associated risks. To this end, the Group will deploy more resources towards talent recruitment and strengthening its business development and marketing strategy for the diesel oil segment. Furthermore, the Group will proactively seek out potential business opportunities that can broaden its sources of income and enhance value for its Shareholders.

The Board would like to extend its sincere thanks to our shareholders (the "**Shareholders**"), business partners and customers for their utmost support to the Group. We would also like to take this opportunity to thank all management members and staff for their hard work and dedication throughout the year.

FONG Chun Man Chairman

Hong Kong, 27 June 2025

要由於公共基設項目(如鐵路網絡擴建)及海 事工程項目(如香港國際機場第三跑道項目) 均有穩定及較高水平的投資。然而,董事將 繼續密切監控及管理任何相關風險。為此, 本集團將投入更多資源招募人才,加強柴油 分部的業務發展與市場推廣策略。此外,本 集團將積極尋找潛在商機,擴闊收入來源及 提升股東價值。

展望未來,我們對香港柴油及船用柴油銷售

的市場趨勢持樂觀態度。這種樂觀態度乃主

董事會對股東(「**股東**」)、業務夥伴及客戶致 以衷心的謝意,感謝他們對本集團的鼎力支 持。我們亦藉此機會感謝所有管理層成員及 員工在這一年的辛勤工作及奉獻。

方俊文 主席

香港,2025年6月27日

BUSINESS REVIEW

The Group principally carries on the business of sale and transportation of diesel oil and related products and other products in Hong Kong. The Group also supplies marine diesel oil used for construction vessels and lubricant oil used for construction machinery and vehicles. Most of the Group's customers are construction companies which require diesel oil to operate their construction machinery and vehicles. The Group had a fleet of eight diesel tank wagons of various capacity, a marine oil barge, a vessel and a tug as at 31 March 2025.

The Group's strategic objective is to strengthen its established market position in the Hong Kong diesel oil and marine diesel oil industry. This will enable the Group to generate profits and investment returns for the Company's shareholders, as well as drive sustainable growth in the future. To achieve this objective, the Group will deploy more resources towards talent recruitment and strengthening its business development and marketing strategy for the diesel oil segment.

Sale and transportation of diesel oil and related products business

The Group's revenue increased by approximately 19.2% from approximately HK\$290.0 million for the year ended 31 March 2024 to approximately HK\$345.8 million for the year ended 31 March 2025, with the revenue from the sale of diesel oil, marine diesel oil and lubricant oil representing approximately 98.5%, 1.0% and 0.5% of the Group's total revenue, respectively.

業務回顧

本集團主要在香港進行柴油及相關產品以及 其他產品的銷售及運輸業務。本集團亦提供 用於工程船舶的船用柴油以及用於工程機器 及汽車的潤滑油。本集團的客戶大多數為需 要柴油以操作其工程機器及汽車的工程公司。 本集團於2025年3月31日擁有八架不同容量 的柴油貯槽車車隊、一艘船用柴油駁船、一 艘船舶及一艘拖船。

本集團的策略目標是鞏固其於香港柴油及船 用柴油行業的既定市場地位。這將使本集團 能為本公司股東創造利潤及投資回報,並推 動未來的可持續增長。為實現此目標,本集 團將投入更多資源招募人才,加強柴油分部 的業務發展與市場推廣策略。

柴油及相關產品的銷售及運輸業務

本集團的收益由截至2024年3月31日止年度約290.0百萬港元增加約19.2%至截至2025年3月31日止年度約345.8百萬港元,來自柴油、船用柴油及潤滑油銷售的收益分別佔本集團總收益約98.5%、1.0%及0.5%。

BUSINESS REVIEW (Continued)

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The Group recorded a net loss of approximately HK\$0.8 million for the year ended 31 March 2025, as compared with a net loss of approximately HK\$8.6 million for the year ended 31 March 2024, representing decrease in net loss of approximately HK\$7.8 million. The decrease in net loss of the Group was mainly attributable to (i) increase in sale and transportation of diesel oil business; (ii) reversal of allowance for expected credit loss on financial assets; (iii) decrease in other losses; and (iv) decrease in finance costs for the year ended 31 March 2025. The effect was partially offset by decrease in other income. The increase in gross profit was mainly due to increase in revenue for the year ended 31 March 2025.

INDUSTRY REVIEW AND PROSPECTS

In the first quarter of 2025, the Hong Kong economy experienced solid growth, primarily driven by significant increases in exports of goods and services, along with a return to moderate growth in overall investment expenditure. This leads us to be optimistic about the market trend for diesel oil and marine diesel oil sales in Hong Kong. Consequently, the average selling prices and sales volumes of petroleum products showed an upward trend, resulting in an overall increase in the Group's total turnover.

Looking ahead, we are optimistic about the market trend for the sale of diesel oil and marine diesel oil in Hong Kong. This optimism is primarily due to the stable and high levels of investment in public infrastructure projects, such as the railway network expansion and marine construction initiatives like the Hong Kong International Airport's third runway project. However, the Directors will continue to closely monitor and manage any associated risks. To this end, the Group will deploy more resources towards talent recruitment and strengthening its business development and marketing strategy for the diesel oil segment. Furthermore, the Group will proactively seek out potential business opportunities that can broaden its sources of income and enhance value for its Shareholders.

業務回顧(續)

本集團於截至2025年3月31日止年度錄得淨 虧損約0.8百萬港元,而截至2024年3月31日 止年度則錄得淨虧損約8.6百萬港元,淨虧損 減少約7.8百萬港元。本集團淨虧損減少乃主 要由於(i)柴油業務銷售及運輸增加;(ii)金融 資產預期信貸虧損撥備撥回;(iii)其他虧損減 少;及(iv)截至2025年3月31日止年度的融資 成本減少。其他收入減少部分抵銷上述影響。 截至2025年3月31日止年度,毛利增加乃主 要由於收益增加。

行業回顧及未來前景

於2025年第一季度,香港經濟經歷穩健增長, 主要是由於貨物及服務出口大幅增加,以及 整體投資開支回復溫和增長所帶動。這使我 們對香港柴油及船用柴油銷售的市場趨勢持 樂觀態度。因此,石油產品的平均售價及銷 量均呈現上升趨勢,導致本集團總營業額整 體上升。

展望未來,我們對香港柴油及船用柴油銷售 的市場趨勢持樂觀態度。這種樂觀態度乃主 要由於公共基設項目(如鐵路網絡擴建)及海 事工程項目(如香港國際機場第三跑道項目) 均有穩定及較高水平的投資。然而,董事將 繼續密切監控及管理任何相關風險。為此, 本集團將投入更多資源招募人才,加強柴油 分部的業務發展與市場推廣策略。此外,本 集團將積極尋找潛在商機,擴闊收入來源及 提升股東價值。

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue

The Group's revenue increased by approximately HK\$55.8 million or approximately 19.2% from approximately HK\$290.0 million for the year ended 31 March 2024 to approximately HK\$345.8 million for the year ended 31 March 2025.

For the year ended 31 March 2025, revenue from the sale of diesel oil, marine diesel oil and lubricant oil amounted to approximately HK\$340.6 million, HK\$3.4 million and HK\$1.8 million, representing approximately 98.5%, 1.0% and 0.5%, respectively, of the Group's total revenue for the year ended 31 March 2025. For the year ended 31 March 2024, the revenue from the sale of diesel oil, marine diesel oil and lubricant oil accounted for approximately HK\$284.9 million, HK\$3.7 million and HK\$1.4 million, representing approximately 98.2%, 1.3% and 0.5%, respectively, of the Group's total revenue for the year ended 31 March 2024.

The increase in the Group's revenue was primarily due to increase in demand from construction customers and logistic customers and higher volume sold during the year ended 31 March 2025.

Cost of sales

Cost of the sale and transportation of diesel oil and related products business primarily consists of diesel oil costs, marine diesel oil costs, lubricant oil costs, direct labour costs and depreciation. The purchase cost for the diesel oil, marine diesel oil costs and lubricant oil costs depends on the domestic purchase price offered by the Group's oil suppliers, with reference to the price indices such as Europe Brent spot crude price. For the year ended 31 March 2025, the Group's cost of sales was approximately HK\$328.4 million, representing an increase of approximately 19.1% from approximately HK\$275.7 million for the year ended 31 March 2024, which was in line with the increase in revenue.

Gross profit and gross profit margin

The gross profit represented the Group's revenue less cost of sales. The Group's gross profit increased by approximately HK\$3.1 million from approximately HK\$14.3 million for the year ended 31 March 2024 to approximately HK\$17.4 million for the year ended 31 March 2025. The Group's gross profit margins were stable at 4.9% and 5.0% for the years ended 31 March 2024 and 2025, respectively.

財務回顧

收益

本集團的收益由截至2024年3月31日止年度約290.0百萬港元增加約55.8百萬港元或約19.2%至截至2025年3月31日止年度約345.8百萬港元。

截至2025年3月31日止年度,來自柴油、船 用柴油及潤滑油銷售的收益分別約為340.6百 萬港元、3.4百萬港元及1.8百萬港元,分別佔 截至2025年3月31日止年度本集團的總收益 約98.5%、1.0%及0.5%。截至2024年3月31 日止年度,來自柴油、船用柴油及潤滑油銷 售的收益分別約為284.9百萬港元、3.7百萬 港元及1.4百萬港元,分別佔本集團截至2024 年3月31日止年度的總收益約98.2%、1.3%及 0.5%。

截至2025年3月31日止年度,本集團收益增 加主要由於建築客戶及物流客戶需求增加及 銷量上升所致。

銷售成本

柴油及相關產品銷售及運輸業務成本主要包括柴油成本、船用柴油成本、潤滑油成本、 直接勞工成本及折舊。柴油、船用柴油及潤 滑油的採購成本取決於本集團燃油供應商提 供的當地採購價,並經參考歐洲布倫特原油 現貨價格等價格指標。截至2025年3月31日 止年度,本集團的銷售成本約為328.4百萬港 元,較截至2024年3月31日止年度約275.7百 萬港元增加約19.1%,與收益的增幅相符。

毛利及毛利率

毛利指本集團的收益減去銷售成本。本集團 的毛利由截至2024年3月31日止年度的約 14.3百萬港元增加約3.1百萬港元至截至2025 年3月31日止年度的約17.4百萬港元。本集 團截至2024年及2025年3月31日止年度的毛 利率分別穩定於4.9%及5.0%。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

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Other income and other gains or losses

Other income decreased from approximately HK\$5.5 million for the year ended 31 March 2024 to approximately HK\$2.0 million for the year ended 31 March 2025. The decrease in other income was mainly due to the decrease in transportation services fee income and rental income from diesel vehicle.

The Group recognized a net loss on other gains or losses of approximately HK\$2.6 million for the year ended 31 March 2025, as compared with a net loss of approximately HK\$5.3 million for the year ended 31 March 2024, which was mainly due to decrease in loss arising on change in fair value on investment property during the year ended 31 March 2025.

Administration expenses

Administrative expenses were stable at approximately HK\$14.3 million and HK\$14.9 million for the years ended 31 March 2024 and 2025, respectively.

Other operating expenses

Other operating expenses decreased from approximately HK\$5.3 million for the year ended 31 March 2024 to approximately HK\$4.0 million for the year ended 31 March 2025. The decrease in other operating expenses was mainly due to the decrease in running expenses of motor vehicle and marine barge.

Loss for the year

As a result of the foregoing, the Group recognised a loss of approximately HK\$0.8 million for the year ended 31 March 2025, as compared with a net loss of approximately HK\$8.6 million for the year ended 31 March 2024. The Group recorded a negative net profit margin of approximately 0.2% for the year ended 31 March 2025 as compared to negative net profit margin of approximately 3.0% for the year ended 31 March 2024. The decrease in net loss and negative net profit margin for the year ended 31 March 2024. The decrease in net loss and negative net profit margin for the year ended 31 March 2025 was mainly due to (i) increase in sale and transportation of diesel oil business; (ii) reversal of allowance for expected credit loss on financial assets; (iii) decrease in other losses; and (iv) decrease in finance costs. The effect was partially offset by decrease in other income for the year ended 31 March 2025.

財務回顧(續)

其他收入及其他收益或虧損

其他收入由截至2024年3月31日止年度約5.5 百萬港元減少至截至2025年3月31日止年度 約2.0百萬港元。其他收入減少主要由於運輸 服務費收入及柴油車的租金收入減少。

截至2025年3月31日止年度,本集團確認其 他收益或虧損淨虧損約2.6百萬港元,而截至 2024年3月31日止年度則錄得淨虧損約5.3百 萬港元,主要由於截至2025年3月31日止年 度投資物業公平值變動而產生的虧損減少所致。

行政開支

截至2024年及2025年3月31日止年度,行政 開支分別穩定於約14.3百萬港元及14.9百萬 港元。

其他營運開支

其他營運開支由截至2024年3月31日止年度 約5.3百萬港元減少至截至2025年3月31日止 年度約4.0百萬港元。其他營運開支減少主要 由於汽車及船用駁船的營運開支減少所致。

年內虧損

由於上述原因,本集團於截至2025年3月31 日止年度確認虧損約0.8百萬港元,而截至 2024年3月31日止年度則錄得淨虧損約8.6百 萬港元。與截至2024年3月31日止年度的負 純利率約3.0%相比,本集團截至2025年3月 31日止年度錄得負純利率約0.2%。截至2025 年3月31日止年度淨虧損及負純利率的減少 主要由於(i)柴油業務銷售及運輸增加:(ii)金 融資產預期信貸虧損撥備撥回:(iii)其他虧損 減少:及(iv)融資成本減少。截至2025年3月 31日止年度的其他收入減少抵銷部分影響。

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Financial Resources and Liquidity

The Group finances its operations through cash generated from operating activities and interest-bearing bank borrowings. The Group recorded net current assets of approximately HK\$46.7 million as at 31 March 2025 (as at 31 March 2024: approximately HK\$43.8 million).

As at 31 March 2025, the Group's current assets amounted to approximately HK\$92.3 million (as at 31 March 2024: approximately HK\$114.9 million) and the Group's current liabilities amounted to approximately HK\$45.6 million (as at 31 March 2024: approximately HK\$71.1 million). Current ratio was approximately 2.0 as at 31 March 2025 (as at 31 March 2024: approximately 1.6). Current ratio is calculated based on total current assets as at the year ended date divided by total current liabilities as at the year ended date.

GEARING RATIO

As at 31 March 2025, the interest-bearing borrowing facilities of the Group amounted to approximately HK\$14.6 million (as at 31 March 2024: HK\$37.2 million) and approximately HK\$28.5 million (as at 31 March 2024: HK\$17.8 million) of the revolving borrowing facilities available to the Group was unutilised.

The bank and other borrowings were denominated in Hong Kong dollars at interest rates of the range from 3.0% to 6.75% per annum for the year ended 31 March 2025 (as at 31 March 2024: ranging from 2.00% to 7.38% per annum). As at 31 March 2025, the bank and other borrowings of the Group were secured by a corporate guarantee, fixed deposits, investment property and personal guarantee from Mr. Fong Chun Man.

Gearing ratio was approximately 16.0% as at 31 March 2025 which was calculated based on the total debt at the end of the year divided by total equity at the end of the year (as at 31 March 2024: 40.6%).

流動資金及資本資源

財務資源及流動資金

本集團透過經營活動所產生的現金及計息銀 行借款為其營運籌集資金。於2025年3月31 日,本集團錄得流動資產淨值約46.7百萬港 元(於2024年3月31日:約43.8百萬港元)。

於2025年3月31日,本集團的流動資產約為 92.3百萬港元(於2024年3月31日:約114.9 百萬港元),而本集團的流動負債則約為45.6 百萬港元(於2024年3月31日:約71.1百萬港 元)。於2025年3月31日,流動比率約為2.0 倍(於2024年3月31日:約1.6倍)。流動比率 乃根據年度結算日的總流動資產除以年度結 算日的總流動負債計算。

資產負債比率

於2025年3月31日,本集團的計息借款融資約為14.6百萬港元(於2024年3月31日:37.2百萬港元),而本集團可用的循環借款融資約28.5百萬港元(於2024年3月31日:17.8百萬港元)未動用。

截至2025年3月31日止年度,銀行及其他借 款以港元計值,按年利率介乎3.0厘至6.75厘 (於2024年3月31日:年利率介乎2.00厘至 7.38厘)計息。於2025年3月31日,本集團的 銀行及其他借款以公司擔保、定期存款、投 資物業及方俊文先生的個人擔保作擔保。

於2025年3月31日,資產負債比率約為 16.0%,乃按年末總債務除以年末總權益計算 (於2024年3月31日:40.6%)。

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

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For the year ended 31 March 2025, the capital structure of the Group consisted of equity attributable to the owners of the Company of approximately HK\$90.7 million (2024: approximately HK\$91.7 million). The share capital of the Group only comprises of ordinary shares.

There has been no material change in the share capital structure of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2025.

FOREIGN CURRENCY EXPOSURE RISKS

The Group operates mainly in Hong Kong and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to the distribution of lubricant oil transactions settled in Renminbi. Foreign exchange risk arises when future commercial transactions, recognised assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the group entities' functional currency. The Group however did not engage in any derivatives agreements and did not commit to any financial instrument to hedge its foreign exchange exposure during the year ended 31 March 2025.

資本架構

截至2025年3月31日止年度,本集團的資本 架構包括本公司擁有人應佔權益約為90.7百 萬元(2024年:約91.7百萬港元)。本集團的 股本僅包括普通股。

截至2025年3月31日止年度,本公司股本結 構並無重大變動。

外匯風險

本集團主要在香港經營,並面臨各種貨幣風險所引起的外匯風險,主要指以人民幣結算 的潤滑油分銷交易。當未來商業交易、已確 認資產及負債以非集團實體功能貨幣計值時, 則會出現外匯風險。然而,截至2025年3月 31日止年度,本集團並未涉及任何衍生工具 協議及概無訂立任何金融工具以對沖外匯風險。

TREASURY POLICIES

The Group has adopted a prudent financial management approach towards its treasury policies and thus maintained a healthy liquidity position throughout the year ended 31 March 2025. The Group strives to reduce exposure to credit risk by performing ongoing credit assessments and evaluations of the financial status of its customers. To manage liquidity risk, the Board closely monitors the Group's liquidity position to ensure that the liquidity structure of the Group's assets, liabilities and other commitments can meet its funding requirements from time to time.

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS, MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS

The Group did not have significant investments held, material acquisitions or disposals of subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures during the year ended 31 March 2025.

FINANCIAL ASSETS THROUGH PROFIT AND LOSS

As at 31 March 2025, the Group had approximately HK\$5.6 million of key management personnel life insurance with an insurance company (2024: approximately HK\$5.4 million).

CAPITAL COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 March 2025, save as disclosed below in the section headed "Use of Unutilised Proceeds From the Listing" and elsewhere in this report, the Group did not have any other material capital commitments or any material contingent liabilities.

DIVIDENDS

The Directors do not recommend a payment of any dividend for the year ended 31 March 2025 (2024: Nil).

庫務政策

本集團已對其庫務政策採取審慎的財務管理 方針,故於截至2025年3月31日止整個年度 內均得以維持穩健的流動資金狀況。本集團 致力透過持續進行的信貸評估及評估其客戶 的財務狀況以降低信貸風險。為管理流動資 金風險,董事會密切監視本集團的流動資金 狀況,以確保本集團資產、負債及其他承擔 的流動資金架構可滿足其不時的資金要求。

重大投資、重大收購及出售

於截至2025年3月31日止年度,本集團概無 持有其他重大投資、附屬公司、聯營公司或 合營企業的重大收購或出售。

透過損益計算金融資產

於2025年3月31日,本集團已向一間保險公司投保主要管理人員人壽保險約5.6百萬港元 (2024年:約5.4百萬港元)。

資本承擔及或然負債

於2025年3月31日,除本報告下文「未動用上 市所得款項用途」一節及本報告其他章節所披 露者外,本集團概無任何其他重大資本承擔 或任何重大或然負債。

股息

董事不建議就截至2025年3月31日止年度派 付任何股息(2024年:無)。

PLEDGE OF ASSETS

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As at 31 March 2025, the Group's pledged bank deposits in the amount of approximately HK\$6.2 million (as at 31 March 2024: approximately HK\$6.1 million), investment property in the amount of approximately HK\$12.0 million (as at 31 March 2024: HK\$14.6 million), life insurance policy in the amount of HK\$4.7 million (as at 31 March 2024: approximately HK\$4.6 million), oil barges in the amount of HK\$9.0 million (as at 31 March 2024: approximately HK\$10.8 million) and motor vehicles in the amount of Nil (as at 31 March 2024: approximately HK\$0.2 million) were pledged as security for the Group's banking facilities.

COMPARISON OF IMPLEMENTATION PLANS FOR BUSINESS STRATEGIES WITH ACTUAL IMPLEMENTATION PROGRESS

The following is a comparison of the Group's implementation plans for its business strategies up to 31 March 2025 as set out in the section headed "Future Plans and Use of Proceeds" in the prospectus of the Company dated 29 March 2017 (the "**Prospectus**") with the Group actual implementation progress:

資產抵押

於2025年3月31日,本集團的已抵押銀行存 款約6.2百萬港元(於2024年3月31日:約6.1 百萬港元)、投資物業約12.0百萬港元(於 2024年3月31日:約14.6百萬港元)、人壽保 單4.7百萬港元(於2024年3月31日:約4.6百 萬港元)、柴油駁船為9.0百萬港元(於2024 年3月31日:約10.8百萬港元)及汽車為零(於 2024年3月31日:約0.2百萬港元)已抵押, 以作為本集團銀行融資的抵押品。

業務策略推行計劃與實際推行進 度的比較

以下為本公司日期為2017年3月29日的招股 章程(「招股章程」)「未來計劃及所得款項用途」 一節所載本集團直至2025年3月31日的業務 策略推行計劃與本集團實際推行進度的比較:

Business strategy 業務策略	Implementation plan from 1 April 2017 to 31 March 2025 2017年4月1日至2025年3月31日 的推行計劃	Actual implementation progress up to 31 March 2025 直至 2025年3月31日的 實際推行進度
Expansion and enhancement of our fleet of diesel tank wagons 擴充及改善柴油貯槽車車隊	 Purchase three new diesel tank wagons Replace three existing diesel tank wagons Continue to evaluate the effectiveness and operating efficiency of new diesel tank wagons and assess our need for additional diesel tank wagons in view of our business development 購買三部新柴油貯槽車 取代三部現有的柴油貯槽車 纖續評估新柴油貯槽車的有效性及 運行效率,並評估我們因應業務發 展對更多柴油貯槽車的需要 	 Three new diesel tank wagons had been purchased and two existing diesel tank wagons had been replaced. The delivery of the rest of new diesel tank wagon will be completed at the end of March 2026. The effectiveness and operating efficiency of new diesel tank wagons has been closely evaluated. 已購買三部新柴油貯槽車及已取代 兩部現有的柴油貯槽車。餘下的新 柴油貯槽車將於 2026 年 3 月底完成 交付。 已密切評估新柴油貯槽車的有效性 及運行效率。

COMPARISON OF IMPLEMENTATION PLANS FOR BUSINESS STRATEGIES WITH ACTUAL IMPLEMENTATION PROGRESS (Continued)

業務策略推行計劃與實際推行進 度的比較(續)

Business strategy 業務策略	Implementation plan from 1 April 2017 to 31 March 2025 2017年4月1日至2025年3月31日 的推行計劃	Actual implementation progress up to 31 March 2025 直至2025年3月31日的 實際推行進度
Development and expansion of our marine bunkering business	• Commence trial and full operation of the marine diesel oil barge	• The Group had obtained all the licences and permits and commenced trial operation of the marine diesel oil barge in April 2018 and commenced full operation in July 2018.
	• Carry out marketing and promotional activities and negotiate with potential customers to secure purchase orders for marine diesel oil	• The Group had carried out marketing and promotional activities and negotiated with potential customers to secure purchase orders for marine diesel oil.
	• Evaluate the effectiveness and operating efficiency of the marine diesel oil barge	 The effectiveness and operating efficiency of the marine diesel oil barge had been evaluated from time to time.
發展及擴充海上供油業務	 開展船用柴油駁船的全面試運行 	 本集團已取得所有牌照及許可證, 並於2018年4月開展船用柴油駁船 的試運行並於2018年7月開始全面 運行。
	 進行市場推廣及宣傳活動,並與潛 在客戶進行磋商以獲得船用柴油的 採購訂單 評估船用柴油駁船的有效性及運行 	 本集團已進行市場推廣及宣傳活動,並與潛在客戶進行磋商以獲得船用柴油的採購訂單。 已不時評估船用柴油駁船的有效性
Upgrading our information technology and systems	效率 • Purchase and upgrade new office administrative information technology systems	及運行效率。 • Minor upgrade of information technology systems had been done. The Group was still in negotiation with the potential suppliers on the requirements and specification of the new office administrative information technology systems.
提升資訊科技及系統	 Continue to review and maintain the performance of the information technology systems 購買及更新新辦公室行政與資訊科 技系統 	 The Group closely monitors and maintains the performance of the information technology systems. 已完成資訊科技系統的次要升級。 本集團仍就新辦公室行政資訊科技 系統的要求及規格與潛在供應商進 行磋商。
	 繼續審閱及維持資訊科技系統的表現 	 本集團密切監控及維持資訊科技系 統的表現。

COMPARISON OF IMPLEMENTATION PLANS FOR BUSINESS STRATEGIES WITH ACTUAL IMPLEMENTATION PROGRESS (Continued)

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業務策略推行計劃與實際推行進 度的比較*(續)*

Business strategy 業務策略	Implementation plan from 1 April 2017 to 31 March 2025 2017年4月1日至2025年3月31日 的推行計劃	Actual implementation progress up to 31 March 2025 直至2025年3月31日的 實際推行進度
Strengthening our manpower	 Recruit three drivers and three logistics assistants to strengthen our workforce required for our fleet of diesel tank wagons Recruit one safety supervisor to enhance our occupational safety management Recruit (i) seafarers including two coxswains, two technical operators, four sailors, (ii) one administration staff, (iii) one operation manager and (iv) one independent consultant to cope with our marine bunkering business Evaluate the performance of the newly recruited staff and assess our need to recruit additional staff in view of our business development Provide training to our existing and newly recruited staff and/or sponsor our staff to attend training courses on occupational health and safety 	 One logistics assistant was hired, it is expected that the rest of staff will be hired around March 2026. Safety supervisor was hired through job reallocation. The Group contracted with a service company to operate the marine bunkering business. The Group evaluates and assesses the performance of our manpower continuously so as to facilitate the Group's business development. Training courses and on-the-job training have been provided to staff.
加強我們的人手	 聘請三名司機及三名物流助理,以加強我們柴油貯槽車車隊所需的人手 聘請一名安全監工,以加強職業安全管理 為配合海上供油業務而聘請(i)海員,包括兩名舵手、兩名技術操作員、四名水手;(ii)一名行政人員;(iii)一名操作經理;及(iv)一名獨立顧問 評估新入職員工的表現,並評估我們因應業務發展對招聘更多員工的 	 已聘請一名物流助理,預期其他員工將於2026年3月前後招聘。 已透過職位重新分配聘請安全監工。 本集團與服務公司訂立合約以經營海上供油業務。 本集團持續評估及評價人手的表現,以促進本集團業務發展。
	 们因應業務發展到招聘更多員工的 需要 為現有及新入職員工提供培訓 及/或資助員工參加職業健康與安 全的培訓課程 	現,以促進平集團業務發展。已向員工提供培訓課程及在職培訓。

USE OF UNUTILISED PROCEEDS FROM THE LISTING

As disclosed in the last year annual report of the Company issued on 23 June 2023, the actual net proceeds (the "**Net Proceeds**") from the share offer (after deduction of the underwriting commission and listing related expenses) (the "**Share Offer**") were approximately HK\$45.1 million, which was less than the estimated Net Proceeds of approximately HK\$50.9 million as set out in the prospectus (the "**Prospectus**") and the allotment results announcement of the Company dated 11 April 2017.

Set out below is the actual use of the Net Proceeds up to 31 March 2025:

未動用上市所得款項用途

誠如本公司於2023年6月23日刊發去年的年 報所披露,股份發售實際所得款項淨額(「**所** 得款項淨額」)(經扣除包銷佣金及上市相關開 支後)(「**股份發售**」)約為45.1百萬港元,低於 招股章程(「招股章程」)及本公司日期為2017 年4月11日的配售結果公佈所載估計所得款 項淨額約50.9百萬港元。

以下載列直至2025年3月31日的所得款項淨 額的實際用途:

						Expected
				Actual use	Unused	timeframe for
			Approximate	of Net	total Net	the remaining
		Planned use	percentage of	Proceeds up	Proceeds up	utilising
		of total Net	total Net	to 31 March	to 31 March	net proceeds
		Proceeds	Proceeds	2025	2025	(Note 6)
					直至 2025 年	
				直至 2025 年	3月31日的	剩餘可動用
		總所得	佔總所得	3月31日的	尚未使用	所得款項淨額
		款項淨額	款項淨額	所得款項淨額	總所得	預期時間表
		計劃用途	概約百分比	實際用途	款項淨額	(附註6)
		HK\$ million		HK\$ million	HK\$ million	
		百萬港元	%	百萬港元	百萬港元	
Purchase of diesel tank wagons	購買柴油貯槽車	7.8	17.3%	5.0	2.8	By 31 March 2026
(Note 1)	(附註1)					於2026年3月31日
						之前
Purchase of marine diesel oil barge	購買船用柴油駁船	14.0	31.0%	14.0	-	_
Further strengthen our manpower	進一步加強人手	6.1	13.5%	6.1	-	-
Upgrade of our information	提升資訊科技及系統	3.6	8.0%	1.1	2.5	By 31 March 2026
technology systems (Note 2)	(附註2)					於2026年3月31日
						之前
Working capital necessary for the	營運新柴油貯槽車及	9.1	20.2%	9.1	-	
operation of the new diesel tank	海上供油業務所需的					
wagons and marine bunkering	營運資金					
business						
Working capital	營運資金	4.5	10.0%	4.5	-	
Total	合計	45.1	100.0%	39.8	5.3	

USE OF UNUTILISED PROCEEDS FROM THE LISTING (Continued)

Notes:

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- 1 Three new diesel tank wagons had been purchased and two existing diesel tank wagons had been replaced up to 31 March 2025.
- 2 The Group was still in negotiation with the potential suppliers on the requirements and specification of the new office administrative information technology systems.

3 The expected timeline for utilising the remaining proceeds is based on the best estimation of the future market condition made by the Group. It will be subject to change based on current and future development of market conditions.

Save as disclosed above, the Group will apply the net proceeds received from the Share Offer in the manners consistent with the proposed applications set out in the section headed "Future Plans and Use of Proceeds" in the Prospectus. The implantation plans for business strategies and use of net proceeds as stated in the Prospectus were based on the best estimation and assumption of future market conditions made by the Group at the time of preparing the Prospectus. The Group will continue to implement its business strategies and apply the net proceeds based on the actual development of the Group's business and industry, as well as market conditions. In addition, in view of the situation of the recent Hong Kong economy situation, the Directors consider that it was not a good timing to expand our business by acquiring diesel tank wagons and diesel oil barge and upgrade of our information technology systems during the year ended 31 March 2025. Accordingly, the unutilised Net Proceeds could not be fully utilised during the year ended 31 March 2025. The Group intends to utilise the unutilised Net Proceeds as soon as practicable by 31 March 2026.

未動用上市所得款項用途(續)

附註:

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- 直至2025年3月31日,已購買三部新柴油貯槽車及 兩部現有的柴油貯槽車已被取代。
- 2 本集團仍就新辦公室行政資訊科技系統的要求及規 格與潛在供應商進行磋商。
 - 可動用剩餘所得款項的預期時間表乃按本集團對未 來市況的最佳估計為基礎。其將可根據當前及未來 市況發展而產生變化。

除上文所披露者外,本集團將按照與招股章 程「未來計劃及所得款項用途」一節所載的擬 定用途一致的方式應用從股份發售所收取的 所得款項淨額。招股章程所載的業務策略推 行計劃及所得款項淨額用途乃基於本集團於 編製招股章程時對未來市況作出的最佳估計 及假設。本集團將根據本集團業務及行業的 實際發展以及市況繼續推行其業務策略及應 用所得款項淨額。此外,鑒於近期香港經濟 情況,董事認為截至2025年3月31日止年度 並非透過收購柴油貯槽車及柴油駁船及提升 資訊科技系統以擴展業務的好時機。因此, 截至2025年3月31日止年度,尚未動用的 所得款項淨額未能全部獲動用。本集團擬於 2026年3月31日之前在切實可行的情況下盡 快動用尚未動用的所得款項淨額。

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

As at 31 March 2025, the Group had a total of 26 employees (as at 31 March 2024: 28 employees) including the Directors. The remuneration package the Group offered to the employees includes salary, bonuses and other cash subsidies. In general, the Group determines employees' salaries based on each employee's qualifications, position and seniority. The Group has designed an annual review system to assess the performance of our employees, which forms the basis of the Group's decisions with respect to salary raises, bonuses and promotions. For the year ended 31 March 2025, total staff costs amounted to approximately HK\$12.1 million (year ended 31 March 2024: approximately HK\$11.0 million).

The Remuneration Policy of Directors

Quality and committed staff are valuable assets contributing to the Group's success. To ensure the ability to attract and retain talents, the Group's remuneration policy of Directors is built upon the principles of providing equitable and market-competitive remuneration package that support the performance culture and enable the achievement of strategic business goals. The Group's remuneration policy of Directors is, therefore, aiming at providing competitive but not excessive remuneration package to the Directors.

The Directors' remuneration comprises fixed salary or service fee and variable components (such as bonus and share options), which is benchmarked against companies of comparable business or scale with reference to a mix of factors such as the prevailing market condition, the Company's performance and the qualifications, skills, experience and educational background of the Directors.

The Directors' remuneration is reviewed annually and are subject to shareholders' approval.

The Remuneration Policy of Employees

In order to attract and retain high quality staff and to enable smooth operations within the Group, the remuneration policy and package of the Group's employees are periodically reviewed. Employees' salary and relevant benefits are determined on the basis of performance, qualification, experience, positions and the Group's business performance.

EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Save as disclosed in note 39 to the consolidated financial statements of this report, the Directors are not aware of any significant event requiring disclosure that has taken place subsequent to the date of this report.

僱員及薪酬政策

於2025年3月31日,連董事在內,本集團 共有26名僱員(於2024年3月31日:28名僱 員)。本集團為僱員提供的薪酬待遇包括薪 資、獎金及其他現金補貼。一般而言,本集 團根據每位僱員的資歷、職位及年資釐定其 薪酬。本集團已設計一套年度考核制度評估 僱員的表現,作為本集團決定加薪、花紅及 晉升的依據。截至2025年3月31日止年度, 總員工成本約為12.1百萬港元(截至2024年3 月31日止年度:約11.0百萬港元)。

董事薪酬政策

優秀及敬業的員工乃本集團致勝的寶貴資產。 為確保能夠吸引及留聘人才,本集團的董事 薪酬政策乃建基於提供公平及具市場競爭力 的薪酬待遇的原則之上,以支持績效文化及 實現戰略業務目標。因此,本集團的董事薪 酬政策旨在為董事提供具競爭力但並非過度 的薪酬待遇。

董事薪酬包括固定薪金或服務費及可變部分 (如花紅及購股權),有關金額乃參考現行市 況、本公司業績以及董事的資格、技能、經 驗及教育背景等多項因素,並以具有可資比 較業務或規模的公司為基準。

董事薪酬每年進行檢討,並須經股東批准。

僱員薪酬政策

為吸引及留聘優秀員工並使本集團內運作暢 順,本集團定期檢討僱員薪酬政策及待遇。 僱員薪酬及相關福利乃按其表現、資歷、經 驗、職位以及本集團業務表現而釐定。

報告期後事項

除本報告綜合財務報表附註39所披露者外, 董事並不知悉於本報告日期後曾發生任何須 予披露的重大事件。

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CORPORATE CULTURE AND STRATEGY

Corporate strategy defines the Group's long-term goals, while corporate culture drives the behaviors and decisions that enable their achievement. For a company engaged in the sale and transportation of diesel oil and related products in Hong Kong, a strong culture is essential to ensure safety, reliability, and operational excellence.

The Group's mission is to deliver safe, efficient, and dependable products and services while maintaining high standards of environmental responsibility and customer service. To realize this, the Board promotes the following core cultural values:

Safety First: A proactive safety culture is embedded across all operations, supported by rigorous protocols, continuous training, and risk management.

Operational Excellence: The Group encourages innovation and efficiency in logistics, quality control, and customer service, ensuring cost-effective and reliable delivery.

Customer Commitment: The Group prioritizes long-term relationships through consistent service and clear communication.

These values are implemented through leadership engagement, structured training, and performance metrics. Progress is assessed through key indicators such as incident rates, delivery efficiency, and client satisfaction. Regular reviews by the Board ensure alignment with strategic goals and continuous improvement.

The Board believes that these core cultural values are aligned with the Group's vision, fostering resilience in a dynamic market, and are the cornerstones of the Group's sustainable growth.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICE

The Board is committed to establish and ensure high standards of corporate governance and adopt sound corporate governance practices so as to achieve effective accountability. The Company's corporate governance practices are based on the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report (the "**CG Code**") as set out in Appendix C1 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of the Stock Exchange (the "**GEM Listing Rules**"). The Directors strongly believe that reasonable and sound corporate governance practices are essential for the growth of the Group and for safeguarding and enhancing shareholders' interests.

The Directors consider that the Company has complied with all the applicable code provisions set out in the CG Code.

企業文化與策略

企業策略定義本集團的長期目標,而企業文 化則驅動了實現這些目標的行為及決策。對 於一家在香港從事柴油及相關產品銷售及運 輸的公司而言,強大的企業文化是確保安全、 可靠及卓越營運的必要條件。

本集團的使命是提供安全、高效、可靠的產 品及服務,同時維持高標準的環境責任及客 戶服務。為實現此目標,董事會提倡以下核 心文化價值觀:

安全第一:在嚴格的規程、持續的培訓及風 險管理的支持下將積極主動的安全文化貫穿 到所有營運中。

卓越營運:本集團鼓勵物流、品質控制及客 戶服務方面的創新及效率,確保成本效益及 可靠的交付。

客戶承諾:本集團透過一致的服務及清晰的 溝通優先建立長期關係。

這些價值觀透過領導參與、結構化訓練及績 效指標來落實。我們透過事故率、交付效率 及客戶滿意度等關鍵指標評估進度。董事會 定期進行審查,確保與策略目標保持一致並 持續改進。

董事會認為,這些核心文化價值與本集團的 願景一致,能在多變的市場中培養韌性,是 本集團持續成長的基石。

企業管治常規

董事會致力建立並維持高標準的企業管治並 採取穩健的企業管治常規以實現有效問責。 本公司的企業管治常規乃基於聯交所GEM證 券上市規則(「GEM上市規則」)附錄C1所載 企業管治守則及企業管治報告(「企業管治守 則」)。董事深信合理及穩健之企業管治常規 對於促進本集團增長以及保障與提升股東利 益至為重要。

董事認為本公司已遵守企業管治守則所載所 有適用守則條文。

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The key responsibilities of the Board include formulation of the Group's overall strategies, the setting of management targets and supervision of management performance. The management is delegated with the authority and responsibility by the Board for the management and administration of the Group. In addition, the Board has also delegated various responsibilities to the board committees of the Company. All the board committees of the Company are provided with sufficient resources to perform their duties. Further details of the board committees of the Company are set out below in this report.

The Board is entrusted with the overall responsibility for promoting the success of the Group by the direction and supervision of the Group's business and affairs and the ultimate responsibility for day to day management of the Group which is delegated to the management. To this end, monthly financial and operational information are provided to the Board for assessing the performance of the Company and its subsidiaries. For significant matters that are specifically delegated by the Board, the management must report back to and obtain prior approval from the Board before making decisions or entering into any commitments on behalf of the Company.

The Board is responsible for, among others, performing the corporate governance duties as set out in the code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code, which include:

- (a) to develop and review the Group's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations;
- (b) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of the Directors and senior management;
- (c) to review and monitor the Group's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (d) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to the Directors and employees; and
- (e) to review the Group's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the corporate governance report.

All Directors are committed to devote sufficient time and attention to the affairs of the Company.

董事會

董事會的主要職責包括制訂本集團的整體策 略、訂立管理目標,以及監察管理層的表現。 管理層獲董事會轉授有關本集團管理及行政 的授權及責任。此外,董事會亦已將各職責 轉授予本公司董事委員會。本公司所有董事 委員會均獲提供充足資源以履行其職責。有 關本公司董事委員會的進一步詳情載於本報 告下文。

董事會整體上負責指揮及監督本集團的業務 及事務,藉此推動本集團邁向成功,而本集 團日常管理的最終責任則指派予管理層。就 此而言,董事會將每月獲提供財務及營運資 料以評估本公司及其附屬公司的表現。就董 事會特別委派的重大事項而言,管理層須向 董事會匯報及取得董事會批准後方可代表本 公司作出決策或訂立任何承諾。

董事會負責(其中包括)履行企業管治守則第 A.2.1條守則條文所載的企業管治職責,包括:

- (a) 制定及檢討本集團的企業管治政策及常 規,並提出建議;
- (b) 檢討及監察董事及高級管理層的培訓及 持續專業發展;
- (c) 檢討及監察本集團在遵守法律及監管規 定方面的政策及常規;
- (d) 制定、檢討及監察適用於董事及僱員的 操守準則及合規手冊(如有);及
- (e) 檢討本集團遵守企業管治守則的情況及 在企業管治報告內的披露。
- 所有董事均承諾投入足夠的時間及精力處理 本公司事務。

Board Composition

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Details of the composition of the Directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report by category are as follows:

Executive Directors

Mr. Fong Chun Man *(Chairman)* Ms. Lo Pui Yee Mr. Chan Chi Fai

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Chui Chi Yun, Robert Dr. Luk Che Chung, JP (Appointed with effect from 10 October 2024)

Mr. Wang Anyuan

Mr. Kwong Yuk Lap (Resigned with effect from 10 October 2024)

All Directors have appropriate professional qualification or substantive experience and industry knowledge. The Board as a whole has achieved an appropriate balance of skills and experience. The composition of the Board is in accordance with the requirements of Rules 5.05 and 5.05A of the GEM Listing Rules. There are three independent non-executive Directors and one of them has account professional qualification. The Company has mechanisms in place to ensure independent views are available to the Board. The Board endeavours for having a balanced composition of executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors to maintain a strong independent element on the Board and to bring independent view and inputs from the Directors. The majority of the members of the Audit, Remuneration and Nomination Committees are independent nonexecutive Directors and each committee is chaired by an independent non-executive Director. More than one-third of the members of the Board are independent non-executive Directors, which brings a fairly strong independence element in its composition. The Board and the board committees are authorised to obtain outside legal or other independent professional advice in performing their duties at the Company's expense, where necessary.

The participation of independent non-executive Directors in the Board brings a diverse range of expertise, skills and independent judgment on issues relating to the Group's strategies, performance, conflicts of interests and management process to ensure that the interests of all Shareholders of the Company have been duly considered.

The details of Directors are set out in the section headed "Biographies of Board of Directors and Senior Management" on pages 89 to 95 of this report. Other than that Ms. Lo Pui Yee who is the wife of Mr. Fong Chun Man, there are no family or other material relationships among members of the Board.

董事會組成

年內及直至本報告日期,按類別劃分的本公 司董事組合詳情如下:

執行董事

方俊文先生(*主席)* 勞佩儀女士 陳志輝先生

獨立非執行董事

崔志仁先生
陸志聰醫生・太平紳士
(於2024年10月10日獲委任)
王安元先生
鄺旭立先生(於2024年10月10日辭任)

全體董事均擁有適當的專業資格或實質經驗 及行業知識。董事會整體在技能與經驗上已 達到適當的平衡。董事會乃根據GEM上市規 則第5.05及5.05A條的規定組成。有三名獨立 非執行董事,其中一名擁有會計專業資格。 本公司設有機制確保董事會可獲得獨立意見。 董事會致力維持執行董事與獨立非執行董事 的均衡組合,以維持董事會的高度獨立性, 並將董事的獨立觀點及意見帶入董事會。審 核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會的大多 數成員均為獨立非執行董事,且各委員會均 由獨立非執行董事擔任主席。超過三分之一 的董事會成員為獨立非執行董事,使董事會 的組成具有相當高度的獨立性。董事會及董 事委員會獲授權在履行其職責時尋求外部法 律或其他獨立專業意見,費用由本公司支付 (如有需要)。

獨立非執行董事加入董事會能為有關本集團 策略、表現、利益衝突及管理過程的事宜帶 來多元化的專業知識、技能及獨立判斷,確 保本公司全體股東的權益均得到充分考慮。

董事之詳情載於本報告第89至95頁「董事會 及高級管理層履歷」一節。除勞佩儀女士為方 俊文先生之妻子以外,董事會成員之間概無 家屬或其他重大關係。

The Company is governed by the Board which has the responsibility for leadership and monitoring of the Company. The Directors are collectively responsible for promoting the success of the Group by directing and supervising the Group's affairs.

The Board sets strategies and directions for the Group's activities with a view to developing its business and enhancing shareholders' value. The Board has delegated the daily operation and day-today management of the Group as well as the implementation of the Board's policies and strategies to the executive Directors and management of the Group.

Number of Meetings and Directors' Attendance

The Board has established three committees, including the audit committee (the "Audit Committee"), remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee") and nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee"), on 23 March 2017 with delegated powers for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affair. Each of the committees of the Board has been established with written terms of reference, in which the terms of reference of the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee were amended and restated with effect from 1 January 2019 and the terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee were amended on 3 January 2023.

The Board will conduct at least four regular meetings a year. The Directors can attend meetings in person or through other means of electronic communication in accordance with the Company's articles of association (the "**Articles**"). The Chairman also meets with the independent non-executive Directors at least once a year without the presence of other executive Directors. Notices and agendas of regular Board meetings are served to all Directors at least 14 days before convening the Board meeting. For all other Board and committee meetings, reasonable notice is generally given. All other schedules and the relevant information of each Board and committee meeting are generally made available to Directors or committee members at least three days in advance. The Board and each Director also have separate and independent access to the management whenever necessary.

本公司由董事會管治,董事會有責任領導及 監察本公司。各董事透過指導及監督本集團 事務,共同負責推動本集團創造佳績。

董事會制訂本集團之業務策略及方針,旨在 發展其業務及提升股東價值。董事會已委託 本集團執行董事及管理層處理本集團日常營 運及日常管理,並執行董事會之政策及策略。

會議次數及董事出席情況

董事會已於2017年3月23日成立三個委員會, 包括審核委員會(「**審核委員會**」)、薪酬委員 會(「**薪酬委員會**」)及提名委員會(「**提名委員** 會」),各自擁有指定權限以監察本公司不同 層面的事務。董事會各委員會於成立之時已 書面訂明其職權範圍,其中審核委員會及提 名委員會的職權範圍自2019年1月1日起經修 訂及重列而薪酬委員會的職權範圍於2023年 1月3日經修訂。

董事會將於每年舉行至少四次定期會議。董 事可親身出席或按本公司組織章程細則(「章 程細則」)所提及電子通訊的其他方式出席。 主席亦與獨立非執行董事每年舉行至少一次 會議的通告及議程會於董事會會議舉行前臺 會議的通告及議程會於董事會會議舉行前會 及委員會會議,一般會給予合理的通知。各 董事會及委員會會議的所有其他計劃及相關 資料一般最少會提前三日送交董事或委員會 成員。如有需要,董事會及各董事均可獨自 與管理人員聯絡。

II

The attendance of each of the Directors at the Annual General Meeting, Board Meeting and meetings of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee held during the year is set out below: 每名董事於年內舉行之股東週年大會、董事 會會議、審核委員會會議、薪酬委員會會議 以及提名委員會會議之出席次數如下:

	Attendance/Number of meetings 出席次數/會議舉行次數					
Name of Directors 董事姓名		General Meeting 股東大會	Board Meeting 董事會會議	Audit Committee 審核委員會	Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會	Nomination Committee 提名委員會
Executive Directors:	執行董事:					
Mr. Fong Chun Man <i>(Chairman)</i>	方俊文先生 <i>(主席)</i>	1/1	4/4	-	2/2	2/2
Ms. Lo Pui Yee	勞佩儀女士	1/1	4/4	-	_	_
Mr. Chan Chi Fai	陳志輝先生	1/1	3/3	-	-	-
Independent Non-executive Directors:	獨立非執行董事:					
Mr. Chui Chi Yun, Robert	崔志仁先生	1/1	4/4	3/3	2/2	2/2
Dr. Luk Che Chung, JP (Appointed with effect from 10 October 2024)	陸志聰醫生, _{太平紳士} <i>(於2024年</i>					
	10月10日獲委任)	-	2/2	1/1	-	-
Mr. Wang Anyuan Mr. Kwong Yuk Lap (<i>Resigned with</i> effect from 10 October 2024)	王安元先生 鄺旭立先生 <i>(於2024 年</i>	1/1	4/4	3/3	2/2	_
	10月10日辭任)	1/1	4/4	2/2	-	2/2

In addition to abovementioned regular board meetings, the Chairman also held a meeting with the independent non-executive Directors in the absence of the executive Directors and management during the year ended 31 March 2025.

The company secretary of the Company (the "**Company Secretary**") attended all the scheduled Board meetings to report matters arising from corporate governance, risk management, statutory compliance, accounting and finance.

Practice and Conduct of Meetings

Annual meeting schedules and draft agenda of each meeting are normally made available to Directors in advance. At least 14 days' notice should be given for a regular Board meeting. For other Board and committee meetings, reasonable notices are generally given.

Minutes of all Board meetings recording sufficient details of matters considered and decisions reached are duly kept by the Company Secretary at the meetings and open for inspection by the Directors.

The Articles contain provisions requiring Directors to abstain from voting and not to be counted in the quorum at meetings for approving transactions in which such Directors or any of their associates have a material interest. 除上述定期董事會會議外,於截至2025年 3月31日止年度,主席亦在其他執行董事及 管理層避席的情況下與獨立非執行董事會面。

本公司公司秘書(「**公司秘書**」)出席了所有預 定董事會會議,以報告有關企業管治、風險 管理、法例遵守、會計及財務方面的事宜。

會議常規及進程

全年會議時間表及每次會議草擬議程一般會 事先向董事提供。常規董事會會議通告最少 於會議日期14日前發出。其他董事會及委員 會會議,則一般給予合理時間之通知。

公司秘書已妥善保管記載所考慮事宜詳情及 所達成之決定之董事會會議記錄,該等記錄 可供董事查閱。

章程細則規定,有關董事於批准彼等或其任 何聯繫人擁有重大利益的交易時放棄投票且 並不計入會議法定人數。

Board papers together with all appropriate, complete and reliable information are sent to all Directors at least three days before each Board meeting or Audit Committee meeting to keep the Directors apprised of the latest developments and financial position of the Company and to enable them to make informed decisions.

Appointment and Re-election of Directors

The Articles provide that at each annual general meeting, one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three (3), the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation and that every Director shall be subject to retirement at an annual general meeting at least once every three years.

The independent non-executive Directors should be appointed for a specific term and subject to re-election. Each of the independent non-executive Directors has entered into an appointment letter with the Company. The appointment letter of each of the independent non-executive Directors is for a term of three years, which may be terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing served by either party on the other. The aforesaid appointment letters are subject to termination provisions therein and the retirement and reelection provisions in the Articles. Details of the appointment letters are summarised in the Report of the Board of Directors on pages 74 to 88 of this report.

DIRECTORS' CONTINUOUS TRAINING AND PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

To assist Directors' continuing professional development, the Company recommends Directors to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. This is to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. During the Reporting Period and up to the date of this report, all Directors have participated in continuous professional development by attending training course or reading relevant materials on the topics related to corporate governance and regulations in compliance with code provision C.1.4 if of the CG Code. Records of the training received by the respective Directors are kept and updated by the Company Secretary of the Company.

董事會文件連同所有合適、完整及可靠資料, 最少於各董事會會議或審核委員會會議三日 前送交全體董事,以便董事知悉本公司最新 發展及財務狀況以作出知情決定。

委任及重選董事

章程細則規定,在每屆股東週年大會上,當時為數三分之一的董事(或如董事人數並非三 (3)的倍數,則為最接近但不少於三分之一之 人數)須輪值退任,而每名董事須至少每三年 在股東週年大會上退任一次。

獨立非執行董事有特定委任年期,並須接受 重新選舉。各獨立非執行董事與本公司已訂 立委任函。各獨立非執行董事之委任函為期 三年,可由一方向另一方發出不少於三個月 的書面通知予以終止。上述委任函乃受其所 載之終止條款以及章程細則的退任及重選連 任條文規限。委任函詳情概述於本報告第74 至88頁董事會報告。

董事之持續培訓及專業發展

為協助董事的持續專業發展,本公司建議董 事參與持續專業發展以發展及更新彼等之知 識及技能。有關規定旨在確保各董事在知情 情況下向董事會作出適切的貢獻。於報告期 間及截至本報告日期,全體董事已遵守企業 管治守則的守則條文C.1.4,通過出席培訓課 程或閲覽有關企業管治及規例之資料參與持 續專業發展。各董事的培訓記錄由本公司之 公司秘書保管及更新。

The record of continuous professional development relating to directors' duties and regulatory and business development that have been received by the Directors during the year ended 31 March 2025 are summarised as follows:

董事於截至2025年3月31日止年度接受的董 事職責及規定及業務發展相關持續專業發展 記錄概要如下:

		**		Type of training 培訓種類 (Note)
Dir	rectors	董事		(附註)
Mr. Ms	ecutive Directors . Fong Chun Man <i>(Chairman)</i> . Lo Pui Yee . Chan Chi Fai	執行董事 方俊文先生 <i>(主)</i> 勞佩儀女士 陳志輝先生	守)	A, B A, B A, B
Mr. Dr.	lependent Non-executive Directors . Chui Chi Yun, Robert Luk Che Chung, JP (Appointed with effect from 10 October 2024)	獨立非執行董事 崔志仁先生 陸志聰醫生,太 (於2024年10)	平紳士	A, B <i>日獲委任)</i> A, B
	. Wang Anyuan	王安元先生	,,	A, B
	. Kwong Yuk Lap (Resigned with effect from	鄺旭立先生(於2	2024 年	
	10 October 2024)			А, В
Notes	5.		附註	:
Types	s of training		培訓和	重類
A:	Attending training sessions, including but not limited to, conferences, forums and workshops	briefing, seminars,	Α:	出席培訓,包括但不限於簡介會、研討會、會議、 論壇及工作坊
B:	Reading relevant news alerts, newspapers, journals, maga publications relating to the latest development of the GEM		В :	閱讀相關新聞、報紙、期刊、雜誌及GEM上市規則 最新發展、其他適用監管規定及董事職責相關刊物

publications relating to the latest development of the GEM Listing Rules, other applicable regulatory requirements and directors' duties and responsibilities

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Chui Chi Yun, Robert and Mr. Wang Anyuan were appointed as the independent non-executive Directors with effect from 23 March 2017. Dr. Luk Che Chung, JP was appointed as the independent nonexecutive Director with effect from 10 October 2024. Dr. Luk Che Chung, JP confirmed that he had obtained the legal advice as referred to under Rule 5.02D of the GEM Listing Rules on 9 October 2024 and also understood his obligation, duties and responsibilities of a director of a company listed on the Stock Exchange under the GEM Listing Rules.

The independent non-executive Directors are experienced professionals with expertise in respective areas of accounting, finance, industry knowledge and expertise. With their professional knowledge and experience, the independent non-executive Directors serve an important function of advising the senior management on strategy development and ensure that the Board maintains high standards in financial and other mandatory reporting as well as providing adequate checks and balances for safeguarding the interests of the Shareholders and the Company as a whole; and participate in the Company's various committees including Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee.

獨立非執行董事

崔志仁先生及王安元先生獲委任為獨立非執 行董事,自2017年3月23日起生效。陸志聰 醫生,太平紳士獲委任為獨立非執行董事,自 2024年10月10日起生效。陸志聰醫生,太平 紳士確認,彼已於2024年10月9日取得GEM 上市規則第5.02D條所述之法律意見,亦明白 彼根據GEM上市規則作為聯交所上市公司董 事之義務、職責及責任。

各獨立非執行董事均為經驗豐富的專業人士, 彼等具備會計、金融各個領域的專業技能以 及行業知識與專長。憑藉彼等的專業知識及 經驗,獨立非執行董事在就策略發展向高級 管理層提供意見方面扮演重要角色,確保董 事會維持高標準的財務及其他強制申報以及 提供充足檢查進行充分制衡,以保障股東及 本公司的整體利益;及參與包括審核委員會、 薪酬委員會及提名委員會在內的本公司各個 委員會。

The Company has received from each of its independent non-executive Directors the written confirmation of his independence. The Company considers the independent non-executive Directors to be independent in accordance with Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules.

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Mr. Fong Chun Man was appointed as the Chairman of the Board and an executive Director of the Company on 23 March 2017. Mr. Chan Chi Fai was appointed as the Chief Executive Officer and an executive Director of the Company on 23 March 2017.

The Chairman of the Board provides leadership to the Board and is also responsible for the effective functioning of the Board in accordance with good corporate governance practice and is responsible for the overall corporate management of the business development strategies of the Group. The Chief Executive Officer is responsible for the implementation of the business strategies, policies and objectives set out by the Board and is accountable to the Board for the overall operations of the Group. These functions and responsibilities are current being shared by the management team.

BOARD COMMITTEE

Audit Committee

The Company has established the Audit Committee on 23 March 2017 in compliance with Rules 5.28 to 5.29 of the GEM Listing Rules and with written terms of reference amended and restated with effect from 1 January 2019 in compliance with Appendix C1 of the GEM Listing Rules. The full terms of reference setting out details of the authority, duties and responsibilities of the Audit Committee is available on both the GEM website and the Company's website.

The Audit Committee comprises three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Chui Chi Yun, Robert, Dr. Luk Che Chung, JP and Mr. Wang Anyuan meanwhile Mr. Chui Chi Yun, Robert, is the Chairman of the Audit Committee.

The primary duties of the Audit Committee are to assist the Board by providing an independent view of the effectiveness of the Company's internal control and risk management system, overseeing the balance, transparency and integrity of the Company's financial statements and the application of financial reporting principles, reviewing the relationship with the external auditor and its independence assessment and the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of the Company's accounting staff, their training programs and budget. 本公司已收訖各獨立非執行董事發出的獨立 性確認函,本公司亦根據GEM上市規則第5.09 條規定確認獨立非執行董事為獨立人士。

主席及行政總裁

方俊文先生於2017年3月23日獲委任為本 公司董事會主席兼執行董事。陳志輝先生於 2017年3月23日獲委任為本公司行政總裁兼 執行董事。

董事會主席負責領導董事會,並負責確保董 事會根據良好企業管治常規有效運作並負責 本集團業務發展策略的整體企業管理。行政 總裁負責實施董事會所制定的業務策略、政 策及目標,並就本集團整體營運向董事會負 責。該等職能及職責現由管理團隊分擔。

董事委員會

審核委員會

本公司於2017年3月23日根據GEM上市規 則第5.28至5.29條成立審核委員會,並根據 GEM上市規則附錄C1自2019年1月1日起修 訂及重列書面職權範圍。載有審核委員會的 職權、職責及責任詳情的全部職權範圍可於 GEM網站及本公司網站查閱。

審核委員會由三名獨立非執行董事崔志仁先 生、陸志聰醫生,太平紳士及王安元先生組成, 崔志仁先生同時為審核委員會主席。

審核委員會的主要職責為透過就以下事項向 董事會提供獨立意見,為董事會提供協助: 本公司內部監控及風險管理系統的成效,監 督本公司財務報表的收支、透明度及完整性 以及財務報告原則的應用、審閱與外部核數 師的關係及其獨立性評估以及本公司會計人 員的資源、資格和經驗的充足性、其培訓計 劃及預算。

The Audit Committee is satisfied with their review of the auditors' remuneration, the independence of the auditors, HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited (the "**HLB**"), and recommended the Board to reappoint HLB as the Company's auditors, which is subject to the approval of Shareholders at the forthcoming AGM. The Audit Committee has reviewed the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025.

According to the current terms of reference, meetings of the Audit Committee shall be held not less than twice a year and the external auditor may request a meeting if they consider that one is necessary.

Details of the number of Audit Committee meetings held and Directors attendance are set out in the section headed "Number of Meetings and Directors' Attendance" on pages 22 to 23 in this report.

Remuneration Committee

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The Company established a remuneration committee (the "**Remuneration Committee**") on 23 March 2017 in compliance with Appendix C1 of the GEM Listing Rules, which comprised two independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Wang Anyuan and Mr. Chui Chi Yun, Robert together with Mr. Fong Chun Man. Mr. Wang Anyuan is the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee.

The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee are to make recommendation to the Board on the overall remuneration policy and structure relating to all Directors and senior management of the Group, review and approve the management's remuneration proposals, and ensure none of the Directors determine their own remuneration.

The full terms of reference setting out details of duties of the Remuneration Committee is available on both the GEM website and the Company's website.

The Remuneration Committee determines Directors' remuneration by reference to the benchmarking of the market. The Company also looks into individual Director's competence, duties, responsibilities, performance and the results of the Group in determining the exact level of remuneration for each Director.

Pursuant to the terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee, meeting shall be held at least once a year and additional meetings should be held if the committee shall so request.

Details of the number of Remuneration Committee meeting held and Directors attendance are set out in the section headed "Number of Meetings and Directors' Attendance" on pages 21 to 22 in this report. 審核委員會信納核數師薪酬及核數師國衛會 計師事務所有限公司(「國衛」)獨立性的審閲 結果,並向董事會建議續聘國衛為本公司的 核數師,惟須於應屆股東週年大會上經股東 批准後方可作實。審核委員會已審閲本集團 截至2025年3月31日止年度的綜合財務報表。

根據目前的職權範圍,每年舉行的審核委員 會會議應不少於兩次及外聘核數師在其認為 必要情況下可能要求召開一次會議。

已舉行審核委員會會議次數及董事出席情況的詳情乃列載於本報告第22至23頁所載 「會議次數及董事出席情況」一節。

薪酬委員會

本公司於2017年3月23日根據GEM上市規則 附錄C1成立薪酬委員會(「**薪酬委員會**」),由 兩名獨立非執行董事王安元先生及崔志仁先 生連同方俊文先生組成。王安元先生為薪酬 委員會主席。

薪酬委員會的主要職責為就本集團全體董事 及高級管理層的整體薪酬政策及架構向董事 會作出推薦意見;審閱及批准管理層薪酬建 議;及確保董事概無自行釐定薪酬。

載列薪酬委員會職責詳情的全部職權範圍可 於GEM網站及本公司網站查閱。

薪酬委員會透過參考市場基準釐定董事薪酬, 本公司亦考慮董事個人能力、職責、責任、 表現及本集團之業績釐定各董事之確切薪酬 水平。

根據薪酬委員會的職權範圍,每年應至少舉 行一次會議,並應按委員會的要求舉行其他 會議。

已舉行薪酬委員會會議次數及董事出席情況的詳情乃列載於本報告第21至22頁所載 「會議次數及董事出席情況」一節。

Senior Management's remuneration

高級管理層的薪酬

HK\$ 港元		Number of individuals 人數
HK\$1.000.001 to HK\$1.500.000	1.000.001港元至1.500.000港元	1

Details of the remuneration of the Directors and the five highest paid individuals are set out in notes 13 and 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

Remuneration policy

The remuneration policy of the Group for the Directors and senior management members was based on their experience, level of responsibility and general market conditions. Any discretionary bonus and other merit payments are linked to the performance of the Group and the individual performance of the Directors and senior management members.

Nomination Committee

The Company established a nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee") on 23 March 2017 which comprised Mr. Fong Chun Man and two independent non-executive Directors, namely Dr. Luk Che Chung, JP and Mr. Chui Chi Yun, Robert. Dr. Luk Che Chung, JP is the Chairman of the Nomination Committee. The written terms of reference are amended and restated with effect from 1 January 2019.

The primary function of the Nomination Committee is to review the policy concerning diversity of board members and the structure, size and composition of the Board on regular basis and disclose such policy, including any measurable objectives that the Committee has set for implementing the policy and progress on achieving those objectives, pursuant to the GEM Listing Rules (including disclosure in the Company's corporate governance report as appropriate); identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members; assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors; and make recommendations to the Board on relevant matters relating to the appointment or re-appointment of Directors. The full terms of reference setting out details of the authority, duties and responsibilities of the Nomination Committee is available on both the GEM website and the Company's website.

董事及五名最高薪酬人士之薪酬詳情乃載於 綜合財務報表附註13及14。

薪酬政策

本集團董事及高級管理層成員的薪酬政策乃 根據其經驗、職責及一般市況而釐定。任何 酌情花紅及其他酬金付款均與本集團業績以 及董事及高級管理層成員的個別表現掛鈎。

提名委員會

本公司於2017年3月23日成立提名委員會 (「提名委員會」),由方俊文先生以及兩名獨 立非執行董事陸志聰醫生,太平紳士及崔志仁 先生組成。陸志聰醫生,太平紳士為提名委員 會主席。書面職權範圍自2019年1月1日起經 修訂及重列。

提名委員會的主要職責為定期檢討有關董事 會成員組合多元化以及董事會架構、規模及 組成的政策,並根據GEM上市規則披露該政 策(包括適時在本公司的企業管治報告內披露 資料),當中包括委員會為落實該政策而制定 的任何可衡量目標及達致該等目標的進度; 物色適合且合資格成為董事會成員人選;評 核獨立非執行董事的獨立性;以及就有關 事意見。載列提名委員會的職權、職責及責任 詳情的全部職權範圍可於GEM網站及本公司 網站查閱。

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The Nomination Committee will recommend to the Board for the appointment of a Director in accordance with the following key procedures and process:

- i. The Nomination Committee will, giving due consideration to the current composition and size of the Board, develop a list of desirable skills, perspectives and experience at the outset to focus the search effort;
- ii. The Nomination Committee may adopt any process it considers appropriate in evaluating the suitability of the candidates, such as interviews, background checks, presentations and third party reference checks;
- Upon considering a candidate suitable for the directorship, the Nomination Committee will hold a meeting and/or by way of written resolutions to, if thought fit, approve the recommendation to the Board for appointment; and
- iv. The Nomination Committee will thereafter make the recommendation to the Board in relation to the proposed appointment.

Pursuant to the terms of reference of the Nomination Committee, meeting shall be held at least once a year and additional meetings should be held if the committee shall so request.

The Nomination Committee has reviewed the structure, size and composition of the Board and the Policy as well as discussing matters regarding the retirement and re-election of Directors.

Details of the number of Nomination Committee meeting held and Directors attendance are set out in the section headed "Number of Meetings and Directors' Attendance" on pages 22 to 23 in this report.

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

Directors' and auditor's responsibilities for the consolidated financial statements

All Directors understand and acknowledge their responsibility for ensuring that the Group's consolidated financial statements for each financial year are prepared to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs, the financial results and cash flows of the Group in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. In preparing the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025, the Board has adopted appropriate and consistent accounting policies and made prudent, fair and 提名委員會將根據以下主要步驟及程序,就 委任董事向董事會提供建議:

- 經周詳考慮董事會的目前組成及規模 後,提名委員會將編製有關所需技能、 觀點及經驗的清單,以集中物色人選;
- ii. 提名委員會可採納其認為合適的任何程 序評估候選人是否合適,例如面談、背 景查核、簡報及第三方背景查證;
- iii. 考慮適合擔任董事的候選人時,提名委員會將舉行會議及/或以書面決議案方式,以酌情批准向董事會作出委任建議:
- iv. 提名委員會其後將就建議委任向董事會 作出建議。

根據提名委員會的職權範圍,每年應至少舉 行一次會議,並應按委員會的要求舉行其他 會議。

提名委員會已檢討董事會架構、規模及組成 以及政策,並討論有關董事退任及重選的事宜。

已舉行提名委員會會議次數及董事出席情況的詳情乃列載於本報告第22至23頁所載 「會議次數及董事出席情況」一節。

問責性及審核

董事及核數師對綜合財務報表的責任

所有董事理解及承認其確保本集團各財政年 度的綜合財務報表均根據香港公司條例的披 露要求編製以真實公平地反映本集團事務、 財務業績及現金流量狀況的責任。於編製截 至2025年3月31日止年度的綜合財務報表時, 董事會已採納合適及一致的會計政策,並作 出謹慎及公平合理的判斷及估計。董事負責 維持適當的會計記錄,以合理準確地反映本

reasonable judgments and estimates. The Directors are responsible for maintaining proper accounting records which reflect with reasonable accuracy the state of affairs, operating results, cash flows and equity movement of the Group at any time. The Directors confirm that the preparation of the financial statements of the Group is in accordance with statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards.

The Directors also confirm that, to the best of their knowledge, information and belief, having made all reasonable enquiries, they are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Directors are responsible for taking all reasonable and necessary steps to safeguard the assets of the Group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities. The statement of auditors about their reporting responsibilities on the consolidated financial statements is set out in the Independent Auditors' Report.

The reporting responsibilities of the Company's auditors, are set out in the Independent Auditors' Report on pages 96 to 102 of this report.

AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

During the year ended 31 March 2025, the remuneration for the audit and non-audit services provided by the Company's auditor to the Group was as follows: 集團於任何時間的事務狀況、經營業績、現 金流量及股權變動情況。董事確認本集團財 務報表的編製乃符合法例規定及適用的會計 準則。

董事亦確認,就彼等在作出一切合理查詢後 所知、所悉及所信,彼等並不知悉可能導致 本公司持續經營能力受重大質疑的事件或情 況的任何重大不確定因素。

董事負責採取所有合理必要步驟保障本集團 的資產,以及避免和偵測欺詐及其他違規行 為。有關核數師對綜合財務報表的申報責任 的聲明載於獨立核數師報告。

本公司核數師的申報責任載於本報告第96至 102頁的獨立核數師報告。

核數師酬金

於截至2025年3月31日止年度,本公司核數 師向本集團提供審計及非審計服務的酬金如 下:

Services rendered 提供服務		HK\$′000 千港元
Annual audit service for the year ended 31 March 2025 Non-audit service for the year ended 31 March 2025	截至2025年3月31日止年度的 年度審計服務 截至2025年3月31日止年度的 非審計服務	500

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS

No corporate governance committee has been established and the Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance functions such as developing and reviewing the Company's policies, practices on corporate governance, training and continuous professional development of the directors and senior management, the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, etc.

企業管治職能

由於本公司並無成立企業管治委員會,董事 會負責執行企業管治職能,如制定及檢討本 公司企業管治的政策及常規、為董事及高級 管理層提供培訓及持續專業發展、確保本公 司政策及常規符合法律及監管規定等。

The Directors will review the Group's corporate governance policies and compliance with the CG Code each financial year and comply with the "comply or explain" principle in the corporate governance report which will be included in the annual reports upon the Listing.

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

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The Company has adopted a board diversity policy in accordance with the requirement as set out in the CG Code, which is summarised as below:

The policy of the Company specifies that in designing the composition the Board, Board diversity shall be considered from a number of aspects, including but not limited to age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills and knowledge. All Board members' appointment will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity including gender diversity of the Board. Selection of candidates for the Board will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, culture, ethnicity and educational background, professional experience, knowledge and skills. It also sets out the Board's commitment to gender diversity and other diversity aspects, with the ultimate goal of achieving gender parity on the Board.

The Nomination Committee will disclose the composition of the Board in Corporate Governance Report every year and supervise the implementation of the Policy. The Nomination Committee will discuss any revision that may be required, and recommend any such revision to the Board for consideration and approval.

As at 31 March 2025, the gender ratio in the workforce (including senior management) of the Group was 81% male and 19% female. The Group will continue to take gender diversity into consideration during recruitment and increase the female proportion at all levels over time with the ultimate goal of achieving gender diversity, such that there is a pipeline of female senior management and potential successors to the Board in the future.

In addition, as of 31 March 2025, female representation on the Board is approximately 17%. The Board targets to maintain at least the current level of female representation and this target, along with other matters related to diversity, which will be reviewed on an annual basis by the Board.

董事將於各財政年度檢討本集團的企業管治 政策及企業管治守則的合規情況,並遵守將 於上市後載入年報的企業管治報告中所載的 「不遵守就解釋」原則。

董事會成員多元化政策

本公司已根據企業管治守則所載規定採納董 事會成員多元化政策,政策摘要如下:

本公司政策確定在設定董事會成員組合時會 從多個方面考慮董事會成員多元化,包括但 不限於年齡、文化及教育背景、專業經驗、 技能及知識。董事會所有成員委任均以用人 唯才為原則,並在考慮人選時以客觀條件顧 及董事會成員多元化(包括性別多元化)的 處。甄選董事會人選將按一系列多元化範疇 為基準,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化、 種族及教育背景、專業經驗、知識及技能。 該政策亦列明董事會對於在性別方面以及其 他不同層面達致多元化所作出的承諾,並以 董事會達至性別均等為最終目標。

提名委員會將每年在企業管治報告中披露董 事會組成,並監察政策的執行。提名委員會 將會討論任何或需作出的修訂,再向董事會 提出任何有關修訂建議以供其審批。

於2025年3月31日,員工團隊(包括高級管理 層)中,性別比例為81%男性和19%女性。本 集團將繼續在招聘時考慮性別多元化,並隨 著時間的推移增加各層級的女性比例,以實 現性別多元化為最終目標,以便未來有女性 高級管理人員和董事會的潛在繼任者。

此外,於2025年3月31日,董事會中的女性 代表比例約為17%。董事會的目標是至少維 持目前的女性代表比例,並將每年檢討此目 標以及其他與多元化相關的事項。

SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules as its own code of conduct ("**Code of Conduct**") regarding securities transactions by the Directors. The Company has confirmed, having made specific enquiry of the Directors, that all the Directors have complied with the Code of Conduct throughout the year ended 31 March 2025 and up to the date of this report.

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

During the Reporting Period, the Company has adopted a Shareholders' communication policy, which has helped the Company to ensure that the Shareholders will have equal and timely access to the information about the Company in order to enable the Shareholders to exercise their rights in an informed manner and allow them to engage actively with the Company. The Company has reviewed and considered the Shareholders' communication policy and its implementation effective.

The Company endeavors to maintain an on-going dialogue with the shareholders and in particular, through annual general meetings or other general meetings to communicate with the shareholders and encourage their participation.

The Company will ensure that there are separate resolutions for separate issues proposed at the general meetings. All resolutions put forward at shareholder meetings will be voted on by poll pursuant to the GEM Listing Rules and poll results will be posted on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange in a timely manner after each shareholder meeting.

The Company will continue to maintain an open and effective investor communication policy and to update investors on relevant information on the Group's business in a timely manner, subject to relevant regulatory requirements.

Significant Changes in the Constitutional Documents

The Company adopted by a special resolution the second amended and restated memorandum and articles of association on 16 September 2022. For further details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 27 July 2022 and the circular of the Company dated 29 July 2022. Saved as disclosed, during the Reporting Period and up to the date of this report, there has been no significant changes in the constitutional documents of the Company. The Articles are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

董事進行證券交易

本公司已採納GEM上市規則第5.48條至第 5.67條作為其本身有關董事進行證券交易之 操守準則(「操守準則」)。經向董事作出特 定查詢後,本公司已確認全體董事已於截至 2025年3月31日止整個年度及直至本報告日 期一直遵守操守準則。

與股東溝通

於報告期間,本公司採納股東通訊政策,並 協助本公司確保股東可公平及時取得有關本 公司的資料,使股東可在知情情況下行使彼 等的權利及讓彼等積極參與本公司事務。本 公司已審閱股東通訊政策並認為其實施屬有效。

本公司致力與股東保持持續溝通,特別是透 過股東週年大會或其他股東大會與股東溝通, 並鼓勵股東參與其中。

本公司將確保就於股東大會提呈的各事項作 出獨立的決議案。根據GEM上市規則,所有 於股東大會上提呈的決議案將以投票方式進 行表決。投票結果將於各股東大會後適時刊 登於本公司及聯交所網站。

本公司將繼續維持公開及有效的投資者溝通 政策,並在相關監管規定限制下適時向投資 者提供有關本集團業務的最新相關資料。

章程文件的重大變動

於2022年9月16日,本公司通過特別決議案 採納第二次經修訂及重列組織章程大綱及公司細則。有關進一步詳情,敬請參閱本公司 日期分別為2022年7月27日之公告以及本公 司日期為2022年7月29日之通函。除上文所 披露者外,於報告期間及直至本報告日期, 本公司章程文件並無重大變動。有關章程細 則可在聯交所及本公司網站查閱。

General Meetings with Shareholders

The Company's annual general meeting will be held on Monday, 11 August 2025.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

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(a) Convening of an extraordinary general meeting on requisition by shareholders

Pursuant to Articles, any one or more shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the Company Secretary, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twentyone days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company. Shareholders also have the right to propose a person for election as a Director, the procedures are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

(b) Procedures for putting forward proposals at shareholders' meetings

Shareholders are welcomed to put forward proposals relating to the operations and management of the Group to be discussed at shareholders' meetings. The proposals shall be sent to the company secretary of the Company by a written requisition. Shareholders who wish to put forward a proposal should convene an extraordinary general meeting by following the procedures set out in "Convening of an extraordinary general meeting on requisition by shareholders" above.

(c) Enquiries to the Board

Shareholders may put forward enquiries to the Board to the extent such information is publicly available to the Company Secretary who is responsible for forwarding communications relating to matters within the Board and communication relating to ordinary business matters, such as suggestions, inquiries and consumer complaints, to the Chief Executive Officer, in writing to the principal office of the Company in Hong Kong or, in the event the Company ceases to have such a principal office, the registered office specifying the objects of the enquiries.

與股東的股東大會

本公司的股東週年大會將於2025年8月11日 (星期一)舉行。

股東權利

(a) 按股東要求召開股東特別大會

(b) 於股東大會提呈建議之程序

本公司歡迎股東提呈有關本集團業務及 管理的建議以於股東大會上討論。有關 建議須透過書面要求寄交予本公司的公 司秘書。擬提呈建議的股東應遵照上文 「按股東要求召開股東特別大會」所載的 程序召開股東特別大會。

(c) 向董事會作出查詢

股東可以書面形式向董事會查詢公司秘 書的公開資料(公司秘書負責將有關董 事會職責範圍內的事宜的通訊以及有關 日常業務事宜的通訊轉交行政總裁,例 如建議、查詢及顧客投訴),有關查詢 須提交至本公司於香港之主要辦事處或 倘本公司不再設有該主要辦事處,則提 交至註冊辦事處,須註明查詢事項。

INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Company believes that maintaining a high level of transparency is a key to enhancing investor relations. It is committed to a policy of open and timely disclosure of corporate information to its shareholders and investment public. The Company updates its shareholders on its latest business developments and financial performance through its annual, interim and quarterly reports. The corporate website of the Company (http://www.f8.com.hk) has provided an effective communication platform to the public and the shareholders.

COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company engages an external service provider, Ms. Leung Yin Fai, as its Company Secretary, Mr. Cheung Lee Kwok, the chief operation officer of the Group, is the primary contact person who Ms. Leung Yin Fai can contact.

Ms. Leung Yin Fai, the Company Secretary, is responsible for advising the Board on corporate governance matters and ensuring that the Board policy and procedures, and the applicable laws, rules and regulations are followed. All Directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary to ensure that the Board procedures and all applicable laws are followed. Moreover, the Company Secretary is responsible for facilitating communications among Directors as well as with management.

During the year ended 31 March 2025, the Company Secretary has undertaken more than 15 hours of relevant professional training in compliance with Rule 5.15 of the GEM Listing Rules.

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Company has adopted a dividend policy on 31 December 2018 which sets out the principles and measures on how the Company may propose a dividend.

The Board will take into account the following factors when considering the payment of dividends:

- i The general financial condition of the Group;
- ii The actual and future operations and liquidity positions of the Group;
- iii The future cash requirements and availability;
- iv Any restrictions on payments of dividends that may be imposed by the Group's lenders;
- v The general market conditions; and
- vi Any other factor that the Board deems appropriate.

Any declaration and payment of future dividends under the dividend policy will be subject to the Board's determination that the same would be in the best interests of the Group and the Shareholders of the Company as a whole. In addition, the declaration and payment of dividends may be subject to legal restrictions or any applicable laws, rules and regulations and the Articles.

投資者關係

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本公司相信,維持高透明度是提升投資者關 係的關鍵,並致力保持向其股東及投資大眾 公開及適時披露公司資料的政策。本公司透 過年度、中期及季度報告向股東更新其最新 業務發展及財務表現。本公司的公司網站 (http://www.f8.com.hk)已為公眾人士及股東 提供一個有效的溝通平台。

公司秘書

本公司已委聘外部服務提供者梁燕輝女士作 為公司秘書。本集團營運總監張利國先生為 梁燕輝女士可聯絡的主要聯絡人士。

公司秘書梁燕輝女士負責就企業管治事宜向 董事會提供意見並確保遵守董事會政策及程 序、適用法例、規則及規例。所有董事均可 獲得公司秘書的建議及服務以確保董事會進 行議事程序及所有適用法律獲得遵守。此外, 公司秘書負責促進董事之間以及管理層之間 的溝通。

於截至2025年3月31日止年度,公司秘書已 遵照GEM上市規則第5.15條的規定參與逾15 小時的相關專業培訓。

股息政策

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iv

本公司已於2018年12月31日採納股息政策, 當中載列有關本公司如何建議派付股息的原 則及計量方法。

考慮派付股息時,董事會將考慮以下因素:

- i 本集團的一般財務狀況;
 - 本集團的實際及未來營運以及流動資金 狀況;
- iii 未來現金需要及可動用程度;
 - 本集團貸款人可能對派付股息施加的任 何限制;
- v 整體市況;及
- vi 董事會認為適當的任何其他因素。

根據股息政策宣派及派付未來股息須由董事 會確定其是否符合本集團及本公司股東的整 體最佳利益後方可作實。此外,宣派及派付 股息或會受法律限制或任何適用法律、規則 及法規以及細則所規限。
Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

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RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board has overall responsibilities for establishing and maintaining appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems of the Group. The Group's systems of risk management and internal control include a defined management structure with limits of authority, is designed to help achieve business objectives, safeguard assets against unauthorised use or disposition, ensure the maintenance of proper accounting records for the provision of reliable financial information for internal use or for publication, and ensure compliance with relevant legislation and regulations. The systems are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss and to manage rather than eliminate risks of failure in operational systems and achievement of the Group's objectives.

An organisational structure with operating policies and procedures, lines of responsibility and delegated authority has been established. The division/department head of each core business segment is accountable for the conduct and performance of such segment within the agreed strategies, which are set by themselves and the Board together, and reports directly to the Board.

In the course of conducting the business of the Group, it is exposed to various types of risks. During the year ended 31 March 2025, the following principal risks of the Group were identified and classified into strategic risks, operational risks, financial risks and compliance risks.

風險管理及內部監控

董事會全面負責建立及維持本集團適當而有 效的風險管理及內部監控系統。本集團的風 險管理及內部監控系統包括一個具有職權限 制的界定管理架構,旨在協助達成業務目標、 保障資產不被擅自使用或處置、確保備存適 當的會計記錄以提供可供內部使用或供發佈 的可靠財務資料,以及確保遵守相關法律及 法規。系統旨在為防範重大失實陳述或損失 提供合理(但非絕對)的保證,並管理(而非消 除)營運系統失靈及本集團未能達成目標的風 險。

本集團已建立一套組織架構,訂明相關的營 運政策及程序、職責及權限。各核心業務分 部的分部/部門主管根據彼等與董事會共同 制定的協定策略,對該分部的運作及表現負 責,並直接向董事會報告。

在開展本集團業務過程中,其面臨各種風險。 於截至2025年3月31日止年度,本集團將下 列主要風險識別及分類為戰略風險、營運風 險、財務風險及合規風險。

Risk Areas 風險領域	Principal Risks 主要風險
Strategic Risks	Sensitivity to government policies; keeping up with new technologies and customers' taste; market competition risk, reputation risk
戰略風險	對政府政策的敏感性、保持新技術及客戶品味、市場競爭風險、聲譽風險
Operational Risks 營運風險	Insufficient labour supply; workplace injury; disruption of IT system 勞動力供給不足、工傷、資訊科技系統中斷
Financial Risks 財務風險	Liquidity risk, credit risk, interest rate risk, foreign exchange risk, inflation risk 流動資金風險、信貸風險、利率風險、外匯風險、通脹風險
Compliance Risks	Risk related to occupation safety and health; risk of non-compliance with ordinances related to
合規風險	employment; change of GEM Listing Rules and relevant company regulations and ordinances 與職業安全和健康有關的風險、不遵守與就業有關的法例的風險、GEM上市規則及相關公 司規例及條例更改

The Board is ultimately responsible for the risk management of the Group and it has delegated to executive management to carry out the risk identification and monitoring procedures. The objectives of the risk management are to enhance the governance and corporate management processes as well as to safeguard the Group against unacceptable levels of risks and losses.

董事會最終負責本集團的風險管理,且其已 授權最高行政管理層進行風險識別及監控程 序。風險管理的目標是增強管治及企業管理 程序,並保障本集團免遭不能接受的風險及 損失。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

The risk management process of the Group will involve, among others, (i) an annual risk identification and analysis exercise which involves assessment of the consequence and likelihood of risks and the development of risk management plans for mitigating such risks; and (ii) an annual review of the implementation of the risk management plans and fine tuning of the implementation plan when necessary.

During the Reporting Period and up to the date of this report, the Board, through the Audit Committee, has conducted review of both design and implementation effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group, covering all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls, with a view to ensuring that resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions are adequate. In this respect, the Audit Committee communicates any material issues to the Board.

Up to the date of this report, the Group has engaged an experienced personnel to maintain an internal audit function, the Board has overall responsibility for the risk management and internal control systems and for reviewing its effectiveness.

Also, the Company has engaged external independent professionals to review the Group's system of internal controls and risk management annually and further enhance the Group's internal control and risk management systems as appropriate.

During the Reporting Period, the scope of review of the internal control from the external independent professional covered the following aspects: (1) control environment and risk management, (2) fixed asset management cycle, (3) human resources management cycle and (4) sales and collection management cycle. The internal control review has been completed and certain internal control deficiencies were identified. Up to the date of this report, the Company has agreed to adopt the remedial measures (as below mentioned) recommended by the external independent professional. For instance,

- (a) Strengthen credit management for accounts receivable from new customers by increasing the limits on the credit terms offered to them.
- (b) Improve the asset acquisition process by requiring more detailed information and additional approvals during the acquisition.
- (c) Enforce existing policy requirements for terminating employment contracts, ensuring that the termination includes reason for termination and signature from management.

本集團的風險管理程序將涉及(其中包括)(i) 年度風險識別及分析,包括評估發生風險的 後果及可能性以及制定降低相關風險的風險 管理計劃:及(ii)年度審閱風險管理計劃的執 行情況及必要時完善執行方案。

於報告期間及直至本報告日期,董事會透過 審核委員會,檢討本集團風險管理及內部監 控系統的設計及實施成效,涵蓋所有重大監 控措施,包括財務,營運及合規控制,以確 保本集團的會計、內部審核及財務報告職能 均具備充足的資源、員工資歷及經驗、培訓 項目及預算。在此方面,審核委員會向董事 會通報任何重大事項。

直至本報告日期,本集團已聘請具經驗人士 維持內部審核職能,董事會全面負責風險管 理及內部監控系統及其成效檢討。

此外,本公司已聘請外部獨立專業人士每年 審閱本集團的內部監控及風險管理情況,進 一步加強本集團的內部監控及風險管理系統 (如適用)。

於報告期間,外部獨立專業人士對內部監控 的審查範圍涵蓋以下幾個方面:(1)控制環境 及風險管理、(2)固定資產管理週期、(3)人力 資源管理週期及(4)銷售與收款管理週期。內 部監控審查已完成,並發現若干內部監控缺 失。截至本報告日期,本公司已同意採納外 部獨立專業人士建議的補救措施(如下所述)。 舉例而言,

- (a) 透過提高向新客戶提供的信貸期限限 制,以加強對新客戶應收帳款的信貸管 理。
- (b) 透過在收購過程中要求提供更詳細的資 料及額外的批准,以改善資產收購程序。
- (c) 執行終止僱傭合約的現行政策規定,確 保終止合約包括終止理由及管理層的簽 名。

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Overall, the Company has complied with the risk management and internal control code provisions of the CG Code during the Reporting Period.

The Company has also established a whistleblowing policy as well as anti-corruption policy and systems, details of which are set out in the Environmental, Social and Governance Report below.

Internal control on connected transaction

As a general control, the Group maintained a list of connected persons and entities for the monitoring and identification of connected transaction. The risk management and internal control of the Group were reviewed by the Board and the Audit Committee for the year ended 31 March 2025.

The Board and the Audit Committee considered that (i) the risk management and internal control system of the Company was adequate and efficient; and (ii) the resources allocated, staff qualifications and experience in respect of the accounting, internal auditing and financial reporting functions of the Company as well as training programs and budget were adequate and sufficient.

Independent non-executive Directors' view on internal control for connected transactions

The management and independent non-executive Directors will continue to monitor connected transactions of the Company. The management and independent non-executive Directors consider that information provided by the Company's management to assist independent non-executive Directors in their annual review of connected transaction are fair and sufficient. The independent nonexecutive Directors also made regular enquiries upon whether there is any continuing connected transaction exceeding the proposed annual caps to ensure that continuing connected transaction was identified timely. The independent non-executive Directors have not encountered any challenges or difficulties in their annual review of connected transaction of the Company save as disclosed in this report.

LOOKING FORWARD

The Group will keep on reviewing its corporate governance standards on a timely basis and the Board endeavors to take the necessary actions to ensure compliance with the required practices and standards including the provisions of the CG Code. 整體而言,本公司於報告期間已遵守企業管 治守則有關風險管理及內部監控的守則條文。

本公司亦已制定舉報政策及反貪污政策及制 度,詳情載於下文環境、社會及管治報告。

關連交易的內部監控

作為一般監控,本集團已存置關連人士及實 體清單,以監控及識別關連交易。截至2025 年3月31日止年度,本集團的風險管理及內 部監控已由董事會及審核委員會審閲。

董事會及審核委員會認為(i)本公司的風險管 理及內部監控系統屬足夠及有效;及(ii)本公 司就會計、內部審核及財務報告職能所分配 的資源、員工資歷及經驗,以及培訓計劃及 預算均屬足夠及充分。

獨立非執行董事對關連交易內部監控的 看法

管理層及獨立非執行董事將持續監管本公司 的關連交易。管理層及獨立非執行董事認為 由本公司管理層提供以協助獨立非執行董事 就關連交易進行年度審閱的資料屬公平及充 分。獨立非執行董事亦定期查詢是否有超出 建議年度上限的任何持續關連交易,以確保 及時識別持續關連交易。除本報告所披露者 外,獨立非執行董事於進行本公司關連交易 的年度審閱時未有遇到任何挑戰或困難。

展望未來

本集團將繼續及時審閲其企業管治標準,而 董事會將竭力採取必要措施,以確保符合規 定常規及標準,包括企業管治守則的條文。

INTRODUCTION, ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE POLICIES

F8 Enterprises (Holdings) Group Limited ("F8 Enterprises", "Company", "we" and "our"), with its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group"), was principally engaged in the provision of the business of sale and transportation of diesel oil and related products in Hong Kong during the year ended on 31 March 2025.

This Environmental, Social and Governance ("**ESG**") Report summarizes the environmental, social and governance initiatives, plans and performances of the Group and demonstrates its commitment to sustainable development.

Our Business

F8 Enterprise was listed on the GEM Board of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited with the stock code of 8347. The principal operating activity of the Group is sale and transportation of diesel oil and related products in Hong Kong, and also supply of marine diesel oil for construction vessels and lubricant oil for construction machinery and vehicles. With the competitive advantage of economies of scale, with our experienced management, our own diesel tank wagons and marine diesel oil barge, the Group enjoys a competitive edge in the diesel oil industry in Hong Kong.

Our Vision

To maintain the leading position in the industry in order to provide high quality products and services in Hong Kong.

Our Mission

To provide the best quality and safe products and services to meet customers' demands and create value to the shareholders and investors.

前言、環境、社會及管治政策

截至2025年3月31日止年度,F8企業(控股)集團有限公司(「F8企業」、「本公司」及 「我們」)及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)主要在 香港從事提供柴油及相關產品的銷售及運輸 業務。

本環境、社會及管治(「**環境、社會及管治**」) 報告概述本集團的環境、社會及管治措施、 計劃及表現並展示其對可持續發展的承諾。

業務

F8企業於香港聯合交易所有限公司GEM上 市,股份代號為8347。本集團主要經營的業 務為在香港銷售及運送柴油及相關產品與工 程船舶的船用柴油以及工程機器及汽車的潤 滑油供應。憑藉規模經濟帶來的競爭優勢、 我們管理層的豐富經驗、本身的柴油貯槽車 及船用柴油駁船,本集團在香港的柴油業享 有競爭優勢。

願景

維持行業領先地位,以便在香港提供優質的 產品及服務。

使命

提供最優質及安全的產品及服務,以滿足客 戶需求,為股東及投資者締造價值。

Board of Directors

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董事會

Executive Directors	Independent Non-executive Directors
執行董事	獨立非執行董事
Mr. Fong Chun Man <i>(Chairman)</i>	Mr. Chui Chi Yun, Robert
方俊文先生 <i>(主席)</i>	崔志仁先生
Ms. Lo Pui Yee	Mr. Wang Anyuan
勞佩儀女士	王安元先生
Mr. Chan Chi Fai	Dr. Luk Che Chung, JP
陳志輝先生	陸志聰醫生,太平紳士

The ESG Governance Structure

環境、社會及管治的管治架構

The Group has set up an ESG working taskforce (the "**Taskforce**"), composed of staff from relevant departments, in which, full-time staff has been assigned to collect the data relevant to ESG and compile the ESG Report. The Taskforce would periodically report to the board of directors of the Company (the "**Board**"), assisting in the assessment and identification of risk management of the Group on ESG aspects and whether its internal control system is appropriate and effective. The Taskforce reviews the ESG performance of the Group, including environmental, labour practices, and other ESG aspects. The Board sets the tone at the top for its ESG strategies and is responsible for ensuring effective risk management and internal controls. The detail of the ESG strategy is stated below. 本集團已成立由相關部門員工組成的環境、 社會及管治工作專責小組(「專責小組」),其 中已指派全職員工收集有關環境、社會及管 治的數據並編製環境、社會及管治報告。專 責小組定期向本公司董事會(「董事會」)報告, 以協助評估及識別本集團在環境、社會及管 治方面的風險管理以及其內部監控系統是否 適當及有效。專責小組負責審查本集團的環 境、社會及管治績效,當中包括環境、勞工 常規以及其他環境、社會及管治範疇。董事 會將其環境、社會及管治策略置於首位,並 負責確保風險管理及內部監控措施有效。環 境、社會及管治策略的詳情載列如下。

Detail of the ESG Strategy

We established an ESG management system with clarified management functions and responsibilities at all levels. We carry out specific work through the Taskforce and help the Board understand our ESG risks and performance in a timely manner, and so a better incorporate ESG factor into company planning and daily operations.

- The Board is responsible for:
 - assessing and determining the Group's ESG risks
 - ensuring the establishment of appropriate and effective ESG risk management and internal control system
 - developing ESG strategies, action plans and objectives
 - monitoring the progress and performance of ESG work
 - reviewing and approving annual ESG reports
- The management is responsible for:
 - reporting ESG-related risks and opportunities to the Board
 - implementing ESG risk management and internal control systems
 - informing the Board of the effectiveness of ESG risk management and internal control systems
 - arranging work in accordance with the ESG strategies, action plans and objectives developed by the Board
 - reporting to the Board on the progress and performance of ESG work
 - reviewing and submitting annual ESG report to the Board for approval

環境·社會及管治策略的詳情

我們已建立一套環境、社會及管治管理系統, 闡明各級管理職能及職責。我們透過專責小 組開展特定工作,並協助董事會及時了解我 們的環境、社會及管治風險及績效,以便將 環境、社會及管治因素更妥善納入公司規劃 及日常營運。

- 董事會負責:
 - 評估及釐定本集團的環境、社會
 及管治風險
 - 一確保建立適當且有效的環境、社 會及管治風險管理及內部監控系 統
 - 制定環境、社會及管治策略、行動計劃及目標
 - 監測環境、社會及管治工作的進度及績效
 - 審閱及批准年度環境、社會及管 治報告
- 管理層負責:
 - 向董事會報告環境、社會及管治
 相關風險及機會
 - 一 實施環境、社會及管治風險管理 及內部監控系統
 - 通知董事會環境、社會及管治風
 險管理及內部監控系統是否有效
 - 根據董事會制定的環境、社會及 管治策略、行動計劃及目標安排 工作
 - 向董事會報告環境、社會及管治 工作的進度及績效
 - 審閱並向董事會提交年度環境、
 社會及管治報告以供批准

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• The Taskforce is responsible for:

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- carrying out specific ESG work
- reporting to the management on the progress of the work
- collecting information and data
- preparing annual ESG reports and reporting to the management

SCOPE OF REPORTING

This ESG Report covers the Group's business activities of offices in Hong Kong and mainland China, which represent the Group's major sources of revenue. The ESG key performance indicator ("**KPI**") data is gathered and included subsidiaries under the Group's direct control. The Group will extend the scope of disclosures when and where applicable. The KPIs are shown in the ESG Report as well as supplemented by explanatory notes to establish benchmarks.

REPORTING FRAMEWORK

The ESG Report has been prepared in accordance with the "Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide" (the "**ESG Reporting Guide**") as set out in the Appendix C2 of the GEM Listing Rules of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. The ESG Report has complied with the "mandatory disclosure requirements" and the "comply or explain" provisions in the ESG Reporting Guide. Information relating to the corporate governance practices of the Group has been set out in the Corporate Governance Report on p.19 to p.37 of Annual Report for the year ended 31 March 2025.

REPORTING PERIOD

The ESG Report describes the ESG activities, challenges and measures taken by the Group from 1 April 2024 to 31 March 2025 (the "**Reporting Period**").

The year ended 31 March 2024 is used as the baseline year for the ESG Report in the Reporting Period. The baseline year of 2024 was selected as it reflects the most recent reporting period in which the Group's ESG management structure and processes remained consistent with the current framework, ensuring comparability and continuity in tracking performance improvements.

- 專責小組負責:
 - 進行特定環境、社會及管治工作
 - 向管理層報告工作進度
 - 收集資料及數據
 - 編製年度環境、社會及管治報告 並向管理層呈報

報告範圍

本環境、社會及管治報告涵蓋本集團於香港 及中國內地辦事處的業務活動,該等業務活 動乃本集團的主要收益來源。環境、社會及 管治關鍵績效指標(「**關鍵績效指標**」)數據已 收集並已計入本集團直接控制附屬公司。本 集團將於適當情況下擴大披露範圍。關鍵績 效指標載於環境、社會及管治報告,並經註 釋補充,以建立基準。

報告框架

環境、社會及管治報告按照香港聯合交易所 有限公司GEM上市規則附錄C2所載的《環 境、社會及管治報告指引》(「環境、社會及管 治報告指引」)編製。環境、社會及管治報告 已遵守環境、社會及管治報告指引中的「強制 披露規定」及「不遵守就解釋」條文。有關本集 團企業管治常規的資料已載於截至2025年3 月31日止年度的年報第19至37頁的企業管治 報告。

報告期間

環境、社會及管治報告闡述本集團自2024年 4月1日至2025年3月31日期間(「報告期間」) 所進行環境、社會及管治活動、所面臨挑戰 及所採取措施。

截至2024年3月31日止年度為報告期間環境、 社會及管治報告的基準年。選擇2024年作為 基準年乃由於該年度反映了本集團的環境、 社會及管治管理架構及流程與現行框架保持 一致的最近一個報告期,從而確保在追蹤績 效改進方面的可比性及連續性。

STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

We value our stakeholders and their feedback regarding our businesses and ESG aspects. In order to understand and address their key concerns, we have maintained close communication with our key stakeholders, including but not limited to Hong Kong Stock Exchange, government, suppliers, investors, media & public, customers, employees, as well as society.

We take stakeholders' expectations into consideration in formulating our businesses and ESG strategies by utilizing diversified engagement methods and communication channels, shown as below.

權益人參與

我們重視權益人以及其對我們業務及環境、 社會及管治方面的反饋意見。為了解及處理 其主要關注事宜,我們一直與主要權益人保 持密切溝通,包括但不限於香港聯交所、政 府、供應商、投資者、傳媒與公眾人士、客 戶、僱員以及社會。

我們於制定業務以及環境、社會及管治策略 時,透過利用下文所示各種不同的參與方式 及溝通渠道計及權益人的期望。

Stakeholders 權益人	Expectations and Requirements 期望及要求	Means of Communication 溝通方式
Hong Kong Stock Exchange	Compliance with GEM Listing Rules	 Routine meetings, website updates and announcements
香港聯交所	• 遵守GEM上市規則	• 例行會議、網站更新及公告
Government	• Observance of laws and disciplines and payment of tax according to laws	 Compliance checks in cooperation with government and regulatory authorities
政府	• 遵守法律及紀律並依法納税	 Periodic filings workshops/seminars 配合政府及各監管機構執行各項合規 檢查 定期申報參與宣導會/研討會
Suppliers	Fair competition/quality and priceStable payment terms	 Business communication/procurement contract/e-mail and telephone contact Fair competition
供應商	 公平競爭/質素及價格 穩定還款期 	 業務溝通/採購合約/電子郵件及電 話聯繫 公平競爭
Shareholders/Investors	Financial performanceCorporate governanceMarket image	• Information published on websites of the Company/Hong Kong Stock Exchange (e.g. announcements, circulars, quarterly results reports,
股東/投資者	 財務業績 企業管治 市場形象 	 interim reports, annual reports, etc.) 於本公司/香港聯交所網站公佈訊息 (例如公告、通函、季度業績報告、 中期報告、年報等)
Media & Public	 Corporate governance, environmental protection, and human rights 	 Explanation on key issues/press releases
傳媒與公眾	 企業管治、環境保護及人權 	 關切議題溝通説明文件/新聞稿

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Stakeholders 權益人	Expectations and Requirements 期望及要求	Means of Communication 溝通方式
Customers	 Product quality Prohibited/restricted substance management Environmental, safety and health management performance Implementation performance of the code of conduct (labour relations/ labour rights/compliance with laws and regulations) Transparency and reliability of information disclosure 	 Setting up a variety of communication channels to understand customers' needs by email, phone call and client questionnaire Audit feedback/self-managed performance feedback
客戶	 產品品質 禁用/限用物質管理 環境、安全及衛生管理績效 行為準則執行績效(勞資關係/勞工 權利/法律及規例合規度) 資訊披露透明度與可靠性 	 建立各種溝通渠道,通過電郵、電話 及客戶調查表了解客戶需求 稽核回饋/自主管理績效回饋
Employees	 Good salary and benefits Fair promotion and career development Good and safe working environment 	 The Company's internal website/ e-mail/employee suggestion box/ Discussion between employees and executives/surveys (irregular) Strengthening communications with employees to provide fair promotion and establishing training system to equip employees with adequate working skills
僱員	 良好的薪酬及福利 公平的晉升及職業發展 良好安全的工作環境 	 本公司內部網站/電子郵件/僱員意 見箱/僱員幹部座談/問卷調查(不 定期) 加強與員工溝通,提供公平的晉升機 會及建立培訓制度,使員工具備足夠 的工作技能
Society	 Environmental issues/compliance with laws Transportation Employment opportunities/ community/public welfare 	 Sponsoring community public welfare activities/community visits/corporate website Environmental protection
社會	 Corporate Responsibility 環境事宜/遵守法律 運輸 就業機會/社區/大眾福利 企業責任 	 贊助社區公益活動/社區訪問/公司 網站 環境保護

We aim to collaborate with our stakeholders to improve our ESG performance and create greater value for the wider community on a continuous basis.

我們旨在與權益人合作,持續改善我們的環 境、社會及管治績效並為更廣泛社區創造更 大價值。

MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT

The management and staff of the Group's respective major operations have participated in the preparation of the ESG Report to assist the Group in reviewing our operations and identifying relevant ESG issues and assess the importance of related matters to our businesses and stakeholders. Based on the assessed significant ESG issues, a data collection questionnaire was prepared to collect information from relevant departments and business units of the Group.

The following is a summary of the Group's material ESG issues included in this ESG Report:

重要性評估

本集團各主要業務的管理層及員工均曾參與 本環境、社會及管治報告的編製工作,以協 助本集團檢討營運過程及識別相關環境、社 會及管治議題,並評估相關事宜對本集團業 務及權益人的重要性。我們已根據經評估重 大環境、社會及管治議題,編製數據收集問 卷,向本集團相關部門及業務單位收集資訊。

以下為本環境、社會及管治報告所載本集團 重大環境、社會及管治議題的概要:

Subject Areas 主題領域	Aspects 層面	Materiality 重要性
Environmental 環境	A1. Emissions A1. 排放	V
	A2. Use of Resources A2.使用資源	V
	A3. Environment and Natural Resources A3.環境與天然資源 A4. Climate Change A4.氣候變化	~
Social 社會	B1. Employment B1. 僱傭	V
	B2. Health and Safety B2. 健康與安全	V
	B3. Development and Training B3. 發展及培訓	V
	B4. Labour Standards B4.勞工準則	V
Operating Practices 作業規範	B5. Supply Chain Management B5.供應鏈管理	V
	B6. Product Responsibility B6.產品責任	V
	B7. Anti-corruption B7.反貪污	V
Community 社區	B8. Community Investment B8.社區投資	v

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Reporting principles 報告原則	Interpretation 釋義	Application of reporting principles 應用報告原則
Materiality	The Group should focus on reporting the ESG issues that have an important impact on the investors and its stakeholders.	The Group determines the impact of various ESG issues on the Group's operations through the materiality assessment. Based on the results of the assessment, the Group identifies material ESG issues and makes key disclosures in this ESG Report.
重要性	本集團應重點報告對投資者及其權益 人有重要影響的環境、社會及管治議題。	本集團透過重要性評估確定各類環境、社會 及管治議題對本集團經營的影響。根據評估 結果,本集團確定重大環境、社會及管治議題 並在本環境、社會及管治報告中披露。
Quantitative	The KPIs must be measurable and clearly state the calculation criteria and methods. The Group should set targets to reduce a particular impact.	This ESG Report is prepared in accordance with the ESG Reporting Guide and discloses KPIs in a quantitative manner. The KPIs are supplemented by explanatory notes to establish benchmarks where feasible.
量化	關鍵績效指標必須是可衡量的,並明 確説明計算標準及方法。本集團應設 定減少特定影響的目標。	本環境、社會及管治報告根據環境、社會及管治報告指南編制,以量化方式披露關鍵績效 指標。在可行情況下,關鍵績效指標輔以解釋 性附註,以建立基準。
Balance	The Group should objectively and truthfully report on its ESG performance and avoid selections, omissions, or presentation formats that may inappropriately influence a decision or	This ESG Report is based on an objective and impartial manner to ensure that the information disclosed faithfully reflects the overall performance of the Group in ESG aspects.
平衡	judgment by the report reader. 本集團應客觀真實地報告其環境、社 會及管治績效,避免選擇、遺漏或採用 可能不當影響報告讀者作出決策或判 斷的呈列形式。	本環境、社會及管治報告基於客觀公正的原 則,確保所披露的資料如實反映本集團在環 境、社會及管治方面的整體績效。
Consistency	The Group should use consistent disclosure and statistical methods to help stakeholders analyze and evaluate the organization's past and current performance. The Group should also explain any changes to the method.	Unless otherwise stated, the Group's disclosure and statistical methods are consistent with the past such as the year ended 31 March 2024 for meaningful comparison. If there are any changes that may affect comparison with previous reports, explanations will be provided in this ESG Report.
一致性	本集團應使用一致的披露及統計方法, 幫助權益人分析及評估本集團過往及 目前的績效。本集團亦應解釋該方法 的任何變化。	除另有説明者外,本集團的披露及統計方法 與過往(如於2024年3月31日止年度)一致, 以便進行有意義的比較。如有任何變化可能 影響與過往報告的比較,將於環境、社會及管 治報告中予以説明。

During the Reporting Period, the Group confirmed that it has established appropriate and effective management policies and internal control systems for ESG issues and confirmed that the disclosed contents are in compliance with the requirements of the "ESG Reporting Guide".

The Board reviews progress made against ESG-related goals and targets. The Group fully understands that ESG policies and practices may change over time to reflect the changes in business operations, structures, technologies, laws and regulations, and the environment and continuously reviews from time to time for the performance and implementation progress of the ESG-related goals and targets. If the progress falls short of expectations or changes in business operations, it may be necessary to make changes and communicate about the goals and targets with key stakeholders. The Group thus continues to invest substantial resources to monitor ESG issues, policies and practices and performance on an ongoing basis. In order to contribute to the sustainable development on the environment and society, whilst maximising the benefits to our employees and the stakeholders, the Group has continued to exercise due responsibility in maintaining the highest level of ethical standards when conducting its business and upholds strict compliance with all relevant laws, rules and regulations in all ESG matters.

CONTACT US

We welcome stakeholders to provide their opinions and suggestions. You can provide valuable advices in respect of the ESG Report or our performances in sustainable development by sending your feedback and enquires to our Customer Service Manager at cs@f8.com.hk. 於報告期間,本集團確認其已就環境、社會 及管治議題建立適當且有效的管理政策及 內部監控系統,並確認所披露的內容符合 「環境、社會及管治報告指引」的規定。

董事會檢討環境、社會及管治相關目標及指 標的進展。本集團充分了解環境、社會及管 治政策與常規可能會隨時間而改變,以反映 業務運作、架構、技術、法規及環境的變化, 並持續不時檢討環境、社會及管治相關目標 與指標的績效與實施進度。如果進展未達預 期或業務運作發生變化,則可能需要作出調 整,並與主要權益人溝通有關目標及指標。 因此,本集團持續投入大量資源,以持續監 控環境、社會及管治議題、政策與常規及績 效。為了對環境及社會的可持續發展作出貢 獻,同時最大限度地提高員工及權益人的利 益,本集團在開展業務時繼續履行應盡的責 任,保持最高水準的道德標準,並在所有環 境、社會及管治事宜上嚴格遵守所有相關法 律、規則及法規。

聯絡我們

我們歡迎權益人提供其意見及建議。 閣下如 欲就環境、社會及管治報告或我們在可持續 發展方面的表現提供寶貴建議,請透過向客 戶服務經理發出電郵(cs@f8.com.hk)提供反 饋意見及作出查詢。

CARING FOR THE ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL 關 RESOURCES

A. ENVIRONMENTAL

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A1 Emissions

Governance on Air Pollutants, GHG Emissions and Waste Management

The Group is strongly committed to the long-term sustainability of the environment and communities in which we operate. As such, the Group has established relevant procedures to detect and prevent any possible pollution incidents which affect the surrounding environment that may occur in the course of our business operations. During the year ended 31 March 2025, we measured and managed our environmental performance in several aspects throughout our operations.

In terms of the Group's sale, supply and transportation of diesel oil and related products businesses in Hong Kong, we understand there are environmental emissions such as air emissions, GHG emissions, waste-water discharges, general waste, and hazardous waste disposals. During the Reporting Period, the emissions and waste produced from the operations of 8 diesel oil tank wagons. By integrating environmental consideration into our decision-making processes, we embrace our responsibilities to create an environmentally sustainable business. We are also committed to raising our employees' environmental awareness and complying with relevant environmental laws and regulations.

To enhance our environmental governance practice and mitigate the environmental impacts produced by our operations, we have implemented relevant environmental protection policies and communicated such policies to our employees. These policies encourage our staff to contribute towards sustainability by adopting environmentally friendly operation methods. In the long run, we will continue to enhance our environmental management strategies in monitoring and minimizing the environmental impacts brought by our businesses regularly in the coming years.

關愛環境與天然資源

A. 環境

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A1 排放

空氣污染物、溫室氣體排放及廢棄物管理方 面的管治

本集團堅定承諾發展業務所在環境及社區 的長期可持續發展能力。因此,本集團已制 定有關程序,以檢測及預防業務營運過程中 可能會出現並會影響周邊環境的污染事件。 截至2025年3月31日止年度,我們已於營運 過程中就多個層面衡量及管理環保表現。

就本集團於香港進行的柴油及相關產品銷售、 供應及運輸業務而言,本公司明白業務存在 環境污染排放,例如空氣污染排放物、溫室 氣體排放、廢水排放、一般廢物及危險廢物 棄置。於報告期間,排放物及廢物自八部柴 油貯槽車的營運過程中產生。透過將環境考 慮因素納入我們的決策過程,我們承擔創建 環保可持續發展事業的責任。我們亦致力於 提高僱員的環保意識,並遵守相關的環保法 律和法規。

為改善我們的環境治理常規,減輕業務對環 境造成的影響,我們已實施相關環境保護政 策,並將該等政策傳達僱員。該等政策鼓勵 僱員採用環保的操作方法,為可持續發展作 出貢獻。長遠而言,我們將繼續加強環境管 理策略,並於未來數年定期監察及盡量減少 業務對環境造成的影響。

Air Pollutants Emissions

During the Reporting Period, the total air emission produced by the Group amounted to approximately 4,102.74 kg, which decreased by approximately 29.40% compared to last year. The emission intensity was approximately 512.84 kg per vehicles (2024: 726.44 kg per vehicles). The Group strives to save energy and reduce waste as much as possible in its daily work, thereby reducing air pollutants emissions. Through different environmental protection measures, employees' awareness of reducing exhaust gas emissions has been raised. The Group's air emissions during the Reporting Period were as follows:

空氣污染物排放

於報告期間,本集團產生的空氣排放物總量 約為4,102.74千克,較上個財政年度減少約 29.40%。每輛汽車的排放強度約為512.84千 克(2024年:每輛汽車726.44千克)。本集團 致力於日常工作中盡量節約能源及減少浪費, 從而減少空氣污染物排放。透過不同的環保 措施,僱員對減少廢氣排放的意識得以提升。 於報告期間,本集團的空氣污染排放物如下:

Air Pollutants Emission 空氣污染物排放	Unit 單位	2023/2024 2023/2024年	2024/2025 2024/2025年	% Change 百分比變動
Nitrogen oxidex (" NOx ") 氮氧化物(「 氮氧化物 」)	KG 千克	5,417.01	3,824.24	-29.40%
Sulphur oxidex (" SOx ") 硫氧化物(「 硫氧化物 」)	KG 千克	5.00	3.53	-29.40%
Particulate matters (" PM ") 可吸入懸浮微粒(「 可吸入懸浮微粒 」)	KG 千克	389.50	274.97	-29.40%
Total 總量		5,811.51	4,102.74	-29.40%

GHG Emissions and Energy Conservation

The GHG emissions generated by the Group are summarized below in direct and indirect section. The direct emissions are from the Group's vehicles' consumption of fuels while the indirect emissions are via using energy and paper disposal at landfills.

During the Reporting Period, the total GHG were approximately 595.20 tonnes. Our GHG emissions were mainly classified into three scopes:

Scope 1: Direct emission from the usage of fuels by our vehicles;

Scope 2: Energy indirect emissions; and

Scope 3: Indirect emissions of paper disposal at landfills.

溫室氣體排放及節約能源

本集團所產生的溫室氣體排放分別於下文直 接及間接部分概述。直接排放來自本集團汽 車耗用的燃料,而間接排放則來自使用能源 及於堆填區棄置紙張。

於報告期間,溫室氣體總量約為595.20噸。 我們的溫室氣體排放主要分為三個範圍:

- 範圍1: 汽車使用燃油造成的直接排放;
- 範圍2: 能源間接排放;及
- 範圍3: 於堆填區棄置紙張造成的間接排放。

The following table showed the figures of the Group's GHG emissions 下表顯示本集團於報告期間的溫室氣體排放。 during the Reporting Period.

GHG emissions 溫室氣體排放	Unit 單位	2023/2024 2023/2024年	2024/2025 2024/2025年	Change (%) 變動(百分比)
Direct emissions of GHG from the usage of fuels by vehicles 汽車使用燃油造成的溫室氣體 直接排放	Emissions tonnes 排放噸	815.62	575.80	-29.40%
Indirect emissions of GHG from the energy 能源造成的溫室氣體間接排放	Emissions tonnes 排放噸	12.95	13.37	3.28%
Indirect emissions of GHG from the paper disposal at landfills 於堆填區棄置紙張造成的溫室氣體 間接排放	Emissions tonnes 排放噸	2.84	6.03	112.04%
Total 總量		831.41	595.20	-28.41%

In line with our policies to minimize air pollutants and GHG emissions, The Group has set a target to reduce the air pollutants emission and the annual GHG emission intensity per unit of production volume by 3%. The Group's offices air conditioning is set and maintained at a fixed temperature and requiring employees to turn off all the lights and switch off the desktops after work.

Employees are also encouraged turn off the lights at lunch time and using power saving appliances all the time.

Waste Management

Hazardous waste handling method

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Despite the Group did not generate hazardous wastes during the Reporting Period, we have established guidelines in governing the management and disposal of hazardous wastes. In case there is any hazardous waste produced, we must engage a qualified chemical waste collector to handle such waste, which is complied with the relevant environmental regulations and rules. 為符合我們盡量減少空氣污染物及溫室氣體 排放的政策,本集團已設定目標,將空氣污 染物排放及每產量單位的年度温室氣體排放 密度降低3%。本集團辦公室的空調設置及保 持於固定溫度,並要求僱員下班後關上所有 電燈及關閉電腦。

我們亦鼓勵僱員於午飯時段關燈,並於任何 時間使用節能電器。

廢棄物管理

危險廢物處理方式

儘管本集團於報告期間並無產生危險廢物, 我們已制定規管危險廢物管理及處理的指引。 倘已產生任何危險廢物,我們必須聘請合資 格的化學廢物收集商處理此類廢物,以遵守 相關環境法規及規則。

Non-hazardous waste handling method

During the Reporting Period, the non-hazardous waste produced by the Group was mainly paper waste, which amount to 628.00 kg (2024: 592.33 kg) with a rise compared to last year. The paper wastes produced per employee was 24.15 kg per employee (2024: 22.78 kg per employee). The paper consumption increased when comparing with last year. We strive for reducing paper consumption in the coming year.

The Group has set a goal of reducing the intensity per employee in respect of hazardous and non-hazardous waste by 3% in the coming year. With the aim of minimizing the environmental impacts from nonhazardous wastes generated from our business operations, the Group have implemented measures to handle such wastes and launched different reduction initiatives. The Group have disposed the waste generated by business operation into three categories, which are general waste, recyclable waste and special waste. Recyclable waste includes papers, bottles, cans, etc. Special waste includes toner, battery, etc. The three categories are handled in different ways based on their nature.

We have implemented the following procedures to encourage employees to share responsibilities in waste management and minimize waste generations:

- Receiving faxes electronically as much as possible, using electronic systems for filing documents and distributing messages by electronic channels
- Purchasing environmentally friendly by checking item consumption to avoid overbuying
- Using recycled toner/inkjet cartridges
- Using double-sided printing or photocopying wherever possible
- Avoiding unnecessary paper using in the office
- Recycling one-sided printed paper
- Reusable tableware is provided in the pantry
- Recycling bins are placed in the office
- A food waste decomposer machine is in place for handling food waste

非危險廢物處理方式

於報告期間,本集團產生的非危險廢物主要 為廢紙,數量為628.00千克(2024年:592.33 千克),較上個年度有所上升。每名僱員所產 生的廢紙為每名僱員24.15千克(2024年:每 名僱員22.78千克)。與去年相比,耗紙量有 所上升。我們會於來年致力減少耗紙。

本集團已設定目標,於來年將每名僱員的有 害及無害廢棄物密度降低3%。為盡量減少業 務營運產生的非危險廢物對環境的影響,本 集團已實施處理該等廢物的措施,並推出不 同的減排措施。本集團已將業務營運所產生 的廢物分為三類,即一般廢物、可回收廢物 及特殊廢物。可回收廢物包括紙張、瓶、罐 等。特殊廢物包括碳粉、電池等。該三類廢 物根據性質,以不同方式處理。

我們實施了以下程序,以鼓勵僱員分擔廢棄 物管理責任並以最大程度減少廢物產生:

- 盡可能以電子方式接收傳真,使用電子 系統存檔文件及透過電子渠道分發訊息
- 檢查物品消耗以避免過度購買,從而購 買環保產品
- 使用回收碳粉盒/墨盒
- 盡可能使用雙面打印或影印
- ▶ 避免在辦公室使用不必要的紙張
- 回收單面打印紙
- 於茶水間提供可重複使用的餐具
- 在辦公室放置回收箱
- 設置廢棄食物分解機,用於處理廢棄食物

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During the Reporting Period, the Group did not have any material non-compliance with the relevant environmental laws and regulations in Hong Kong and mainland China, including but not limited to the "Waste Disposal Ordinance", "Air Pollution Control Ordinance", "Noise Control Ordinance" of Hong Kong and "Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China" of mainland China that had a significant influence on the Group's operations.

A2 Use of Resources

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The Group strives to optimise resource usage in our business operations and take initiatives to introduce measures on promoting resource efficiency and adopting eco-friendly approaches in our operations. The Group's major resource consumption contributes to energy consumption. We have established related policies and initiatives related to energy consumption management, which will be mentioned in this section.

Energy Consumption

The major energy consumption of the Group was electricity consumption in the daily operation. The Group aims to minimize environmental impacts in our operations by identifying and adopting appropriate measures. We continuously explore the use of new energy in our business operation and how to optimize, integrate and use the resources in a highly efficient manner with the support of the latest information science and technology, thereby achieving sustainable development. Related policies and initiatives on energy conservation have been developed to show our concern on energy efficiency. All employees must implement the adopted policies and measures in resource utilization. Regular review is conducted on our energy objectives and targets to seek continuous improvement in the Group's energy performance.

Monthly monitoring on the usage of electricity was implemented. Unexpected high electricity consumption would be investigated to find out the root cause and preventive measures would be taken. During the Reporting Period, the Group has implemented the following measures relating to mitigating emissions:

- Switching off unnecessary lightings and electrical appliances when not in use
- Don't use the high power incandescent lamps

於報告期間,本集團在香港及中國內地概無 任何重大不遵守相關環境法律及法規的情況, 包括但不限於對本集團營運產生重大影響的 香港《廢物處置條例》、《空氣污染管制條例》、 《噪音管制條例》及中國內地的《中華人民共和 國環境保護法》。

A2使用資源

本集團致力於業務營運中優化資源使用,並 在業務營運中主動引入提高資源效率的措施 及採納環保的方法。本集團的主要資源消耗 為能源消耗。我們已制定與能源消耗管理相 關的政策及措施,該等政策及措施將於本節 中提述。

能源消耗

本集團的主要能源消耗為日常營運中的汽油 及電力消耗。本集團旨在於營運時識別及採 取適當措施,將營運時對環境的影響降至最 低。我們不斷在業務營運中探索使用新能源 以及如何在最近期的資訊科技支援下高效地 優化、整合及使用資源,從而實現可持續發 展。本公司已制定相關節約能源政策及措施, 以顯示本公司關注能源效益。所有僱員在使 用資源時必須實施已採取的政策及措施。我 們定期檢討能源目標,以尋求持續改善本集 團於能源方面的表現。

我們每月監測電力的使用情況。我們會就意 外的高耗電情況進行調查找出因由,並採取 預防措施。於報告期間,本集團曾實施以下 減排措施:

- 在不使用時關上不必要的照明及電器
- 杜絕使用大功率白熾燈

- The air-conditioning of the meeting room should not be turned on until 15 minutes before anyone uses it, and the air-conditioning should be turned off immediately when leaving the meeting room
- Lower the curtains before leaving the office to reduce the amount of direct sunlight in the office the following day
- Initiating the standby or hibernate mode of the computer in order to make sure to turn off their computers before leaving the office
- Turning off unnecessary servers at night and on public holidays
- Implementing "no light policy" during lunch time
- Using appliances and devices which are eco-friendly or energysaving
- Setting all printers, photocopiers and computers to energy saving mode

During the Reporting Period, the total electricity consumption amount of the Group was approximately 36.14 MWh (2024: 34.99 MWh) and the electricity consumption intensity was approximately 1.39 MWh per employee (2024: 1.35 MWh per employee). After carefully reviewing current business operations, the Group has set the consumption target of energy as reducing 3% the electricity consumption intensity in the coming year. The Group will adopt measures in promoting the employee's awareness of energy conservation.

Water Consumption

As our principal business was focusing on sale and transportation of diesel oil products, we did not consume significant amounts of water through our business activities. In respect of water sourcing for office use, since the water source is from the government department, there was no water sourcing issue during the Reporting Period.

Use of Packaging Material

Due to the nature of the Group's business, the Group has no industrial production and no factory facilities. Therefore, no significant amount of packaging materials is used for packaging products.

- 會議室空調須於任何人士使用前15分鐘 開啟,離開會議室時須立即關閉
- 離開辦公室前調低窗簾,以減少翌日辦 公室的陽光直射
- 啟動電腦的待機或休眠模式,確保離開 辦公室前關閉電腦
- 在夜間及公眾假期關掉不必要的伺服器
- 於午飯時段實施「無光政策」
- 使用環保或節能電器及設備
- 將所有打印機、影印機及電腦設置為節 能模式

於報告期間,本集團的電力消耗總量約 為36.14兆瓦時(2024年:34.99兆瓦時), 而電力消耗密度約為每名僱員1.39兆瓦時 (2024年:每名僱員1.35兆瓦時)。經仔細檢 討當前業務營運後,本集團已設定能源消耗 目標,於來年降低3%的電力消耗密度。本集 團會採取措施提高僱員節約能源的意識。

耗水

由於我們的主要業務專注於柴油產品的銷售 及運輸,故我們並無通過業務活動大量耗水。 就辦公室用水而言,由於水源來自政府部門, 故報告期間並無供水問題。

包裝材料的使用

鑑於本集團的業務性質,本集團既無工業生 產工序,亦無工廠設施。因此,並無因包裝 產品而使用大量包裝材料。

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A3 The Environment and Natural Resources

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Protecting the Environmental Impact and Natural Resources

The business activities of the Group have no direct/significant impact on environment and natural resources. The Group nonetheless commits to using natural resources wisely and efficiently while we encourage the reuse and recycling of materials within our operations. We spent efforts in mitigating our potential environmental impacts through adopting industry best practices targeted at reducing natural resources consumption and developing effective environmental management. We regularly assess the environmental risks of our businesses, adopt preventive measures to reduce potential risks and ensure compliance with relevant laws and regulations.

Due to the decreased usage of vehicles for transportation of diesel oil and related products and the expansion in our business, our carbon emissions, paper consumption and electricity consumption decreased when compared with the emission from last year. Nonetheless, the awareness of environmental protection and sustainability has been raised among our employees.

In addition, in order to prevent any diesel oil leakage during both land and water transport, the oil tank wagons, and barge are inspected frequently and are closely monitored. Instant repairs and maintenance are carried out in case any unusual conditions are found in our vehicles. Besides, we have enough space vehicles for backup when needed. For the oil tank barge, we have contracted with a crew of experienced sailors to monitor the daily operations of the water transportation.

Paperless Office

In order to reduce paper usage, the Group strongly advocated paperless office operations. All offices are operated in the electronic system as far as possible to reduce the use and consumption of office paper in order to save forest resources. We also encouraged electronic medium for communications within the office and with suppliers.

As a socially responsible enterprise, protecting nature and the environment has become an integral part of the Group's corporate culture and important value, the Group constantly looks for ways to maximize benefits with minimal resource consumption and environmental impact, and continue to strive for sustainable development.

A3環境與天然資源 保護環境影響與天然資源

本集團的業務活動對環境及天然資源並無直 接/重大影響。然而,本集團承諾明智而有 效地使用天然資源,同時我們鼓勵在業務中 重用及回收材料。我們努力透過採納行業最 佳常規(以減少天然資源消耗及發展有效的 環境管理為目標),減輕我們對環境的潛在影 響。我們定期評估業務對環境造成的風險, 採取預防措施以減少潛在風險,並確保遵守 相關法律及法規。

由於減少使用汽車運輸柴油及相關產品以及 擴展業務,我們的碳排放、紙張銷耗及耗電 量與上個年度的排放物相比有所減少。然而, 僱員亦已提高環保意識及可持續發展能力。

此外,為防止陸路及海路運輸過程中洩漏柴 油,我們經常檢查且密切監控柴油貯槽車及 駁船。倘發現汽車情況異常,則我們會立即 進行維修及保養。此外,我們有足夠的備用 汽車可供在需要時使用。就柴油槽駁船而言, 我們已與一組經驗豐富的水手訂立合約,監 督有關海路運輸的日常業務。

無紙辦公室

為減少用紙,本集團強烈提倡無紙辦公室營 運。所有辦公室均盡量以電子系統運作,以 減少辦公用紙,節省森林資源。我們亦鼓勵 辦公室內部與供應商之間採用電子媒體溝通。

作為一家對社會責任的企業,保護天然環境 已成為本集團企業文化不可或缺的部分及重 要價值觀,本集團不斷尋找方法,務求於消 耗最少資源且對環境構成最少影響的情況下 獲取最大利益,並繼續努力實現可持續發展。

A4 Climate Change

During the Reporting Period, the Group has not been significantly impacted by climate-related issues while the Group understands climate-related issues are harmful to the environment and have been rigorously regulated by the United Nations' Framework Convention. The Group recognises the importance of identifying climate change risk to mitigate the associated impacts on its business operations by minimizing its GHG emission. However, typhoon, sandstorms, haze and other natural disaster, all of which, would directly affect the daily operating of the Group. As a result, the Group has continuously evaluated for any impact arising from natural disaster and has taken measures to mitigate its impacts.

CARING FOR THE PEOPLE AND SOCIETY

B. SOCIAL

B1 Employment and Labor Practices

Equal Employment Practices

The Group puts significant emphasis on the welfare of employees whom they are considered as the Group's most valuable assets. Hence, the Group strives to attract and retain talents and reconcile economical imperatives with well-beings, aiming at reinforcing satisfaction, loyalty and commitment of human capital.

The Group has adopted comprehensive human resources manual which includes policies and procedures applicable to staff. All employees are treated fairly regarding recruitment, training and development, appraisal of work performance, promotions, rest periods, remuneration and benefits. Staff dismissals are based on the Employment Ordinance (Chapter 57 of Laws of Hong Kong) or relevant local laws and regulations, as well as the requirements stipulated in the employment contracts. The Group is committed to providing equal opportunity for all employees and applicants without regard to race, color, religion, national origin, sex, age, marital status, sexual orientation, disability, political affiliation, personal appearance, family responsibilities, matriculation or any other characteristic protected under local law.

Throughout the F8 Enterprises' operation, the Group strives to provide an excellent and comfortable working environment. Based on the features of the principal business, the Group understands that taking a break by its staff from time to time is necessary for accomplishing the long-term goals of the Group, and so, it strikes a proper work life balance of its employees, providing them 6-day work per week with 8 working hours per weekday and 3 working hours every Saturday. We appreciate the efforts of employees during their working hours, and advocate a no over time working culture, to allow sufficient rest time for employees. In case overtime is needed, overtime compensation is paid to employees paid annual leave, maternity leave, paternity leave and funeral leave in addition to statutory holidays for the employees.

A4氣候變化

於報告期間,本集團並無受到氣候相關問題 的重大影響,但本集團深知氣候相關問題對 環境有害,並受聯合國框架公約嚴格監管。 本集團知悉識別氣候變化風險的重要性,透 過盡量減少其溫室氣體排放以減輕對其業務 營運的相關影響。然而,颱風、沙塵暴、霧 霾等自然災害將直接影響本集團的日常營運。 因此,本集團已持續評估自然災害造成的任 何影響,並已採取措施減少其影響。

以人為本,關懷社會 B. 社會

B1 僱傭及勞工常規 平等僱傭常規

本集團非常重視僱員福利,視其為本集團最 寶貴的資產。因此,本集團致力吸引及挽留 人才,並平衡經濟方面的訴求與福祉,以增 強人力資本的滿意度、忠誠度及投入。

本集團已採納全面的人力資源手冊,當中包 括適用於僱員的政策及程序。所有僱員在招 聘、培訓及發展、工作表現評估、晉升、假 期、薪酬及福利等方面均獲公平對待。解僱 員工乃基於香港法例第57章僱傭條例或相關 地方法律及法規以及僱傭合約規定的要求。 本集團致力為所有僱員及求職者提供平等機 會,不分種族、膚色、宗教、國籍、性別、年 齡、婚姻狀況、性取向、殘疾、政治派別、個 人外表、家庭責任、學歷或任何其他受地方 法律保障的特徵。

在F8企業的整個運營過程中,本集團致力提供良好舒適的工作環境。基於主要業務的特點,本集團明白,不時讓僱員休息為實現本集團長遠目標所需,因此,本集團致力為讓團長遠目標所需,因此,本集團致力,讓員於工作與生活之間爭取適當平衡,讓每週工作六日,平日每日工作八小時,調定出的努力,並提倡不超時工作文化,則有足夠時間休息。倘需超時工作,則都買會根據實際的額外工時向僱員支付超時工作的補償。除法定假期外,本集團向僱員提供帶薪年假、產假、侍產假及喪假。

In addition, we contribute to the Mandatory Provident Fund and employee's compensation insurance with reference to the relevant regulations and laws. Medical allowance is also provided by the Group to employees covering their clinic consultation, traditional Chinese medicine, dentistry, as a basic benefit for employees.

As at 31 March 2025, the Group employed 26 staffs in total. As an illustration, the workforce statistic by gender and age group are illustrated in pie graphs while the employment type and employment category are disclosed as bar charts:



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此外,我們參考相關法規及法律向強制性公 積金及偏員補償保險作出供款。本集團亦向 僱員提供醫療津貼,當中涵蓋診所診症、傳 統中醫、牙科服務等,以作為員工的基本福利。

於2025年3月31日,本集團合共聘用26名員 工。謹此説明,按性別及年齡組別劃分的員 工統計數據以餅狀圖表示,而按僱傭類型及 僱傭類別的員工統計數據則以柱狀圖披露:



Employment Type and Category Distribution 僱傭類型及類別分佈



Employee Breakdown by Employment Type





Geographical Region Distribution 地區分佈



Employment Turnover Rate by Gender, Age group and Geographical Region

Employee Turnover Rate by Gender

按性別、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱傭流失率



Employee Turnover Rate by Age Group 按年齡組別劃分的僱傭流失率

Breakdown by Geographical Region 按地區劃分的明細



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The Group is committed to complying with relevant labour standards and employment laws and regulations which are applicable to our business. During the Reporting Period, no material and significant disputes between the Group and the employees were occurred.

B2 Health and Safety

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Promoting Health and Safety

The Group considers health and safety of its employees as one of its primary responsibilities. As such, the Group is committed to providing a workplace free from injury and illness through effective procedures and practice on occupational health and safety.

Regarding workplace health and safety, first aid boxes are available at readily accessible locations in the Group's offices. Treatment for minor injuries can be obtained on request to the supervisor in charge at the site of the first aid box nearest to the scene of the accident. The Group purchased medical insurance for all employees to cover any medical, dental, hospital and surgical expenses and conducted health check from time to time to ensure the health of employees. Employees who suffer from injury arising out of and in the course of employment are entitled to compensation in accordance with the related regulations. During the Reporting Period, there were no fatal cases reported, in which we successfully achieved a 0% rate of fatality.

The measures for emergency situations in respect of fire occurring in certain buildings or installations are also regulated in terms of guidelines assisting employees to take sensible immediate action when discovering a fire. The Group provides fire drill for the employees to ensure they can evacuate quickly and safely from the premises and assembled in the designated area away from the building in the event of a fire.

During the Reporting Period, the Group has ensured full compliance with relevant occupational health and safety legislations of Hong Kong, the PRC, and other relevant legislations. No severe injury or fatality was reported and the number of days lost due to work-related injuries is 0 throughout the Reporting Period. 本集團致力遵守適用於本集團業務的相關勞 工準則及僱傭法律及法規。於報告期間,本 集團與僱員之間概無發生重大及重要的爭議。

B2 健康與安全 促進健康與安全

本集團視僱員健康及安全為首要責任之一, 因此,本集團以有效的職業健康及安全程序 及常規,致力為員工提供免受傷害及疾病的 工作場所。

就工作場所的健康與安全方面,本集團將急 救箱置於辦公室內易於取得的位置。受輕傷 者可向離事故現場最近的急救箱附近的主管 請求提供治療。本集團為所有僱員購買醫療 保險,以涵蓋任何醫療、牙科、醫院及外科 開支,以及不時進行健康檢查以確保僱員的 健康。因僱傭而受傷及在僱傭期間受傷的僱 員可按相關法規獲得賠償。於報告期間,亦 無致命個案報告,使我們成功達致0%死亡率。

指引條款中亦有就有關於若干建築物或設施 發生火災緊急情況的措施作出規定,以協助 僱員在發生火災事故時立即採取明智的行動。 本集團為僱員提供消防演習,確保僱員在發 生火災時能夠迅速和安全地撤離場所,並在 遠離建築物的指定區域集合。

於報告期間,本集團已確保全面遵守香港及 中國的相關職業健康及安全法例以及其他相 關法例。於整個報告期間,並無錄得嚴重傷 亡報告,因工傷而損失的天數為零。

B3 Development and Training

Talent Management

The Group recognizes the valuable contribution of our talents for the continuous success of the Group. Nurturing talents and polishing the skills of our human capital is crucial in leading us to excellence. This is achieved through development of training strategy that focuses on creating values and serving the needs of our customers, talents and society. Therefore, we encourage our employees to attend trainings and obtain professional qualifications.

We notice the importance of training and development for our staff to keep abreast of the latest trend in the industry and the dynamic pace in current market. During the Reporting Period, the Group mainly provided informal on-the-job training to employees. The Group also provided regular formal safety trainings for all its drivers and Excel programming updated for its office staff. The training time hours for the male staff is 267.5 and for the female is 22.5. The Group determine the company's vision and be willing to share it with employee. The Group also motivate employees by asking employees for their opinions and sharing ideas, so as to improve the cohesion and attraction of the team. In this way, employees feel that they are part of the team and an important participant in the success of the team. the Group has established relevant policies in the Staff Handbook stating that its employees are welcome to participate in the external training sessions organized by government agencies on occupational safety and environmental awareness.

B3 發展及培訓

人才管理

本集團深明人才對本集團持續成功所作寶貴 貢獻。培養人才及提升人力資本技能對於引 領我們追求卓越至關重要。為此,我們制定 培訓策略,策略著重於創造價值及滿足客戶、 人才及社會需求。因此,我們鼓勵員工參加 培訓及獲得專業資格。

我們深知僱員培訓及發展的重要性,讓僱員 及時掌握行業的最新趨勢及當前市場動態。 於報告期間,本集團主要為僱員提供非正式 在職培訓。本集團亦為其所有司機提供定期 正式安全培訓及為其辦公室員工提供Excel編 寫程式的更新資料。男性員工的受訓時數為 267.5小時而女性則為22.5小時。本集團亦向 員工徵求意見及分享想法藉以激勵員工, 高團隊的凝聚力及吸引力。藉此,員工認為 彼等為團隊的一部分,亦為團隊成功的重要 參與者。本集團已於員工手冊制定相關政策, 表示歡迎其僱員參與由政府機構舉辦有關職 業安全及環保意識的外部培訓班。

During the Reporting Period, the development and training statistic by gender and employment category are disclosed in following bar graphs:

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於報告期間,按性別及僱傭類別劃分的發展 及培訓統計數據披露於以下條形圖:



Average Training Hours Completed per Employee by Employee Category 按僱員類別劃分的每名僱員完成的 平均培訓時數



Gender 性別





Gender 性別

Employee Category 僱員類別

Employee Trained by Employee Category 按僱員類別劃分的受訓僱員



Employee Category 僱員類別

B4 Labor Standards

Prohibiting Child and Forced Labor

The Group prohibits the use of child labor and forced or compulsory labor at all its units and suppliers. No employee is made to work against his/her will or work as forced labor, or subject to corporal punishment or coercion of any type related to work.

Personal data are collected during the process to assist in the selection of suitable candidates and to verify candidates' personal data to ensure no child labor will be recruited. The human resources department also ensures identity documents are carefully checked. Overtime working is on a voluntary basis. Also, compensation is provided for overtime working with prior approval obtained from respective supervisor. If violation is involved, it will be dealt with in the light of the circumstances.

Also, the Group has zero-tolerance to employment of child labor and forced labor and the Group is not aware of any non-compliance with relevant rules and regulations, including but not limited to Employment Ordinance on preventing child or forced labor.

B5 Supply Chain Management

Upholding High Procurement Standards

The Group highly values our relationship with suppliers and regards them as important business partners. All suppliers are evaluated carefully and subjected to regular monitoring and assessment. The Group has formulated related procurement policies and procedures to manage its suppliers and the policies and procedures are reviewed annually.

As at 31 March 2025, the Group engaged 23 qualified oil suppliers in Hong Kong, including 4 major suppliers: Mobil, Caltex, Sinopec, SHELL. The Group has set clear requirements on selection and management of suppliers to ensure standardized management and proper selection of suppliers and effective control over operational risks resulting from improper selection, unreasonable method or fraudulent practice of suppliers. The Group's policies regarding the purchase from suppliers focused on quality, environment protection, price, and reputation, etc.

B4 勞工準則

禁止童工及強制勞工

本集團禁止其所有單位及供應商使用童工及 強制或強迫勞工。概無僱員於違背其意願的 情況下強制工作,或以強制勞工的身分工作, 或遭受與工作有關的體罰或任何類型的脅迫。

在招聘過程中,我們收集個人資料,以便選 擇合適的應徵者並驗證應徵者的個人資料, 確保不會招聘童工。人力資源部亦會確保仔 細檢查身份證明文件。員工超時工作遵循自 願原則。此外,在獲得相關主管事先批准後, 本集團會提供超時工作補償。若涉及違規行 為,將根據情況予以處理。

此外,本集團對僱用童工及強制勞工行為持 零容忍態度,本集團並無發現任何不遵守防 止童工或強制勞工的相關規定及法規(包括但 不限於《僱傭條例》)的情況。

B5 供應鏈管理

保持高採購標準

本集團高度重視與供應商的關係,並視其為 重要的業務夥伴。本集團仔細評估所有供應 商,並定期予以監督及評核。本集團已制定 相關採購政策及程序以管理其供應商,並每 年檢討有關政策及程序。

於2025年3月31日,本集團於香港共聘請 23家合資格石油供應商,包括4家主要供應 商:Mobil、加德士(Caltex)、中石化、殼牌 (SHELL)。本集團在有關其業務營運方面有數 間主要供應商提供石油。本集團對其供應商 的選擇及管理制定明確的規定,確保規範管 理及正確選擇供應商,並確保能夠有效控制 因供應商選擇不當、方式不合理或作出欺詐 行為而導致的營運風險。本集團有關向供應 商採購的政策主要集中於質量、環保、價格 及信譽等方面。

The Group have a set of criteria to choose suppliers. The basic criteria for selecting suppliers are the "Q, C, D, S" principle, which is the principle of quality, cost, delivery and service. Among the four, the quality factor is the most important. First, it is necessary to confirm whether the supplier has established a stable and effective quality assurance system including whether the products and/or services are environmentally preferable, and then confirm whether the supplier has the equipment and process capabilities to produce the specific products required. The second is cost, it is necessary to use value engineering methods to analyze the cost of the products involved, and to achieve cost savings through price negotiations. In terms of delivery, it is necessary to determine whether the supplier has sufficient production capacity, whether human resources are sufficient, and whether there is potential for production capacity. The last point is the supplier's pre-sales and after-sales service records.

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In order to manage the progress and quality of work conducted by our suppliers, we have set up standards for the tender and purchase from suppliers. We have also established a database of suppliers, which includes the basic information of suppliers, the types of products or services providers, the types of suppliers and the supply prices for the Group's long-term follow-up assessment of suppliers. Our managers and project coordinators conduct regular review with the appointed suppliers.

Related policies are formulated by the Group to ensure that the suppliers could participate in competitions in an open and fair way. The Group should not have differentiated or discriminated treatment on certain suppliers; it would strictly monitor and prevent all kinds of business bribery; and employees or personnel having any interest relationship with the supplier should not be involved in the related business activity.

本集團有一套甄選供應商的準則。甄選供應 商的基本標準為「Q、C、D、S」原則,即質 量、成本、交付及服務原則,其中,質量因 素最為重要。首先,需確認供應商是否已建 立穩定有效的質量保證體系(包括產品和/或 服務是否環保),然後確認供應商是否具備生 產所需特定產品的設備及工藝能力。其次是 成本,需要使用價值工程方法分析所涉產品 的成本,並通過價格談判實現成本節約。在 交付方面,需要確定供應商是否有足夠的產能 彩力。最後一點乃供應商的售前及售後服務 記錄。

為管理供應商的工作進度及質量,我們已就 供應商的招標及採購制定標準。我們亦建立 了供應商資料庫,其中包括供應商的基本資 料、產品或服務供應商的類別、供應商的類 別及供貨價格,以便本集團對供應商進行長 期跟進評估。我們的經理及項目統籌對指定 供應商進行定期審查。

本集團制定相關政策,以確保供應商能夠公 開公平地參與競爭。本集團不得對若干供應 商實行差別化或歧視待遇;嚴格監督並防止 各種商業賄賂行為;與供應商有利益關係的 僱員或人員不得參與相關業務活動。

B6 Product Responsibility

Delivering Unmatched Product Quality

The Group's business led by its experienced management team is committed to offering higher-value services to customers, in order to enhance the Group's competitiveness and achieve mutual success between the Group and customers. In order to ensure product quality, careful supply quality inspection is performed as mentioned above. Moreover, to ensure the service quality, regular training is provided to all drivers for the job-related skills and knowledge. During the Reporting Period, there was no case of product recalls for safety and health reason, nor was there any complaint received.

Intellectual Property Right

The Group is committed to safeguarding intangible assets and confidential information of its customers. The Group has strict guidelines on the handling of intellectual property related products, including patents, copyrights, trademarks, technology and trade secrets. Any employee found to improperly handling intellectual property rights will be subject to disciplinary action.

Customer Data Protection

The Group takes serious protection of our members' confidential information. The Group seeks to protect our members' information and accounts by employing data security measures such as encryption, passwords and firewalls, etc. The Group has hired specific employees to handle the storage and access of our customers' information. Our employees are prohibited to use the personal information of our customers for purposes which are not related to the maintenance of their accounts, unless their prior consent is obtained. If our employees would like to access the information of our customers, they will need to apply for approval. We do not sell, rent or otherwise share the personal information of clients with any third parties without their prior consent. Stipulated in our privacy policy, we make sure that the processing of personal data for marketing purposes, fulfil the requirements of applicable law.

B6 產品責任 提供最佳產品質素

本集團的業務由其經驗豐富的管理團隊領導 經營,致力為客戶提供更高價值的服務,以 提升本集團的競爭力及達致本集團與客戶雙 贏共榮的局面。為確保產品質量,本集團會 如上文所述對供應質量進行謹慎的檢查。此 外,為確保服務質量,本集團為所有司機提 供與工作相關的技能及知識的定期培訓。於 報告期間,概無發生因安全及健康理由而召 回產品的情況,也沒有收到任何投訴。

知識產權

本集團致力保護其無形資產及客戶的保密資料。本集團對處理知識產權相關的產品(包括 專利、版權、商標、技術及商業秘密)制定嚴 格的指引。任何被發現有不當處理知識產權 的僱員均將受到紀律處分。

客戶資料保護

本集團非常重視保護會員的機密資料,通過 採用加密、密碼及防火牆等數據保安措施, 保護會員的資料及賬戶。本集團已聘請專員 處理客戶資料的存儲及訪問權。除事先獲客 戶同意,否則本集團的僱員一律不得將客戶 個人資料用於與帳戶維護無關的用途。若本 個人資料用於與帳戶維護無關的用途。若本 非准。我們不會在未經客戶事先同意的情況 下向任何第三方出售、出租或以其他方式分 享客戶的個人資料。我們的隱私政策規定, 我們須確保為營銷目的而處理個人資料符合 適用法律的要求。

Complaint Mechanism

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To provide a pleasant user experience for our customers, the Group has long established a set of procedures to handle customers' feedback or complaints in a professional manner. Customers' information will be recorded, and enquiries or complaints cases received will be transferred to the related departments or further handling. Reviews on feedback or complaints is conducted, and action plans are in place promptly to address the identified issues. The Group will collect the information on the complaint cases, such as the occasion, reason, and the contact of the client, etc. Customers' satisfaction is evaluated after the cases are settled, and feedback or complaints may be circulated to management if necessary.

During the Reporting Period, there was no case of non-compliance with laws and regulations in relation to product responsibility within the offices of the Group.

B7 Anti-Corruption

Commitment to Anti-Corruption

The Group commits to maintaining a high standard of integrity when doing business as we strongly believe that it is essential to meeting the expectations of our stakeholders.

The Group promotes integrity and prevents unethical pursuits. Anticorruption policy has been formulated to comply with the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance. The Group has also implemented an effective whistle-blowing policy for reporting fraud, corruption, bribery, extortion and money laundering. The Group has provided anticorruption education and training for its directors and staff at least on an annual basis through case studies and internal training to stress the importance of tackling corruption. We encourage the reporting of suspected business irregularities and provide clear channels specifically for this purpose. When suspected wrongdoings are identified, such as breach of duty, abuse of power, receiving bribes, staff are trained to report to the Board for investigation and verification, and report to the regulator and/or to law enforcement authority when necessary.

During the year ended 31 March 2025, there are no concluded legal cases regarding corruption brought against the Group or its employees during the Reporting Period.

投訴機制

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為向客戶提供愉快的用戶體驗,本集團早已 建有一套程序,以專業方式處理客戶反饋或 投訴。客戶資料會予以記錄,所收到的查詢 或投訴個案交由相關部門作進一步處理。本 集團對客戶反饋或投訴進行審閱,並迅速制 定行動計劃以解決所識別的問題。本集團將 收集有關投訴個案的資料,例如場合、原因、 客戶聯繫方式等。在投訴個案獲解決後,將 對客戶滿意度進行評估,並在有必要時將反 饋或投訴傳發予管理層。

於報告期間,本集團辦公室內概無發生任何 不遵守與產品責任有關的法律及法規的情況。

B7 反貪污

反貪污的承諾

本集團承諾在開展業務時致力維持高誠信水 平,因我們堅信此舉對實現權益人的期望至 關重要。

本集團提倡誠信並防止不道德行為。本集團 已遵循《防止賄賂條例》制定反貪污政策。 本集團亦已落實有效的舉報政策以供舉報欺 詐、貪污、賄賂、勤索及洗黑錢行為。本集 團至少每年透過個案研究及內部培訓,為華 夏又每年透過個案研究及內部培訓,為 事及員工提供反貪污教育及培訓,強調打 貪污的重要性。我們鼓勵舉報可疑的業務違 規行為,並為此提供明確的專用渠道。當發 現疑似不當行為(如失職、濫用職權、收受賄 期查及核實,並在必要時向監管機構及/或 執法機關報告。

於2025年3月31日止年度,本集團或其員工 於報告期間並無遭提出已審結的貪污訴訟案件。

Contributing to the Welfare of Society

During the year ended 31 March 2025, the Group has not established standalone community investment initiatives. We fully recognize the significance of corporate contributions to community development and are actively developing a structured community engagement strategy. In the coming year, we plan to launch targeted programs aligned with local societal needs, such as educational support, care for vulnerable groups, or preservation of regional cultural heritage and at the same time, the Group will intend to invest more resources into volunteering initiatives to contribute to the society.

為社會福利作貢獻

於截至2025年3月31日止年度,本集團尚未 設立獨立的社區投資措施。我們充分認同企 業對社區發展貢獻的重要性,並積極制定有 系統的社區參與策略。來年,我們計劃推出 切合當地社會需要的針對性計劃,如教育支 援、關懷弱勢群體或保育地區文化遺產等, 同時,本集團亦打算投放更多資源於義工活 動,以貢獻社會。

INDEX FOR ESG REPORTING GUIDE

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環境、社會及管治報告指引索引

Subject Areas, Aspect, General Disclosure		
and KPIs 主題領域、層面、 一般披露及關鍵績	Description	Section/Declaration
效指標 Aspect A1: Emission A1層面:排放	描述	節/聲明
General Disclosure	 Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to air and GHG emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous water 	Emissions
一般披露	waste 有關廢氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地的排污、有害及無 害廢棄物的產生等的: (a) 政策:及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	排放
KPI A1.1 關鍵績效指標A1.1	The types of emissions and respective emissions data. 排放物種類及相關排放資料。	Emissions — Air Pollutants Emissions; GHG Emissions and Energy Conservation; Waste Management 排放 — 空氣污染物排放; 溫室
		氣體排放及節約能源;廢棄物 管理
KPI A1.2	GHG emissions in total (in tonnes) and intensity.	Emissions — GHG Emissions and Energy Conservation
關鍵績效指標A1.2	溫室氣體排放總量(噸)及密度。	排放 — 溫室氣體排放及節約能 源
KPI A1.3	Total hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and intensity.	Emissions — Waste Management (Not applicable — Explained)
關鍵績效指標A1.3	產生的危險廢物總量(噸)及密度。	排放 — 廢棄物管理(不適用 — 已解釋)
KPI A1.4	Total non-hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and	Emissions — Waste
關鍵績效指標A1.4	intensity. 產生的非危險廢物總量(噸)及密度。	Management 排放 — 廢棄物管理

Subject Areas, Aspect, General Disclosure		
and KPIs 主題領域、層面、 一般披露及關鍵績	Description	Section/Declaration
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KPI A1.5 關鍵績效指標 A1.5	Description of reduction initiatives and results achieved. 描述減低排放量的措施及所得成果。	Emissions — Air Pollutants Emissions; GHG Emissions and Energy Conservation; Waste Management 排放 — 空氣污染物排放;溫室 氣體排放及節約能源;廢棄物 管理
KPI A1.6	Description of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes	Emissions — Waste
關鍵績效指標A1.6	are handled, reduction initiatives and results achieved. 描述處理有害及無害廢棄物的方法、減低產生量的措施及 所得成果。	Management 排放 — 廢棄物管理
Aspect A2: Use of F A2層面:使用資源	Resources	
General Disclosure	Policies on the efficient use of resources, including energy, water and other raw materials.	Use of Resources
一般披露	有效使用資源,包括能源、水及其他原材料的政策。	使用資源
KPI A2.1	Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type in total and intensity.	Use of Resources — Energy Consumption
關鍵績效指標A2.1	直接及/或間接能源消耗(按類型)總量及密度。	使用資源—能源消耗
KPI A2.2	Water consumption in total and intensity.	Use of Resources — Water Consumption
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KPI A2.3	Description of energy use efficiency initiatives and results achieved.	Use of Resources — Energy Consumption
關鍵績效指標A2.3	描述能源使用效益計劃及所得成果。	使用資源—能源消耗
KPI A2.4	Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency initiatives and results achieved.	Use of Resources — Water Consumption (Not applicable — Explained)
關鍵績效指標A2.4	説明在採購用水時是否存在符合目的、節水計劃及取得成 果的問題。	使用資源— 耗水 (不適用— 已解釋)

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Subject Areas, Aspect, General Disclosure and KPIs 主題領域、層面、	Description	Section/Declaration
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關鍵績效指標A2.5	用於成品(噸)包裝材料總量,並參照每單位生產。	(Not applicable — Explained) 使用資源 — 包裝材料的使用 (不適用 — 已解釋)
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KPI A3.1	Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them.	The Environment and Natural Resources — Paperless Office
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Aspect A4: Climate 層面 A4:氣候變化	Change	
General Disclosure	Policies on identification and mitigation of significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer.	Climate Change
一般披露	識別及應對已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大氣候相關事宜的政策。	氣候變化
KPI A4.1	Description of the significant climate-related issues which have impacted and the actions taken to manage them	Climate Change
關鍵績效指標A4.1	描述已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大氣候相關事宜, 及應對行動。	氣候變化

Subject Areas, Aspect, General Disclosure and KPIs 主題領域、層面、 一般披露及關鍵績	Description	Section/Declaration
效指標	描述	節/聲明
Aspect B1: Employr B1 層面︰僱傭	nent	
General Disclosure	 Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare. 	Employment and Labour Practise
一般披露	有關薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉陞、工作時數、假期、平等機 會、多元化、反歧視以及其他待遇及福利的: (a) 政策;及 (b) 對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	僱傭及勞工常規
KPI B1.1	Total workforce by gender, employment type (for example,	Employment and Labour
關鍵績效指標B1.1	full- or part-time), age group and geographical region. 按性別、僱傭類型(如全職或兼職)、年齡組別及地區劃分 的僱員總數。	Practise 僱傭及勞工常規
KPI B1.2	Employee turnover rate by gender, age group and geographical region.	Employment and Labour Practise
關鍵績效指標B1.2	geographical region. 按性別、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員流失比率。	Fractise 僱傭及勞工常規
Aspect B2: Health a B2層面:健康與安全		
General Disclosure	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer	Health and Safety

 protecting employees from occupational hazards.

 一般披露
 有關提供安全工作環境及保障僱員避免職業性危害的:
 健康與安全

 (a) 政策;及

 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。

relating to providing a safe working environment and

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Subject Areas,			
Aspect,			
General Disclosure and KPIs 主題領域、層面、 一般披露及關鍵績	Description	Section/Declaration	
效指標	描述	節/聲明	
Aspect B3: Development and Training B3 層面:發展及培訓			
General Disclosure	Policies on improving employees' knowledge and skills for	Development and Training	
一般披露	discharging duties at work. Description of training activities. 有關提升僱員履行工作職責的知識及技能的政策。描述培 訓活動。	發展及培訓	
KPI B3.1	The percentage of employees trained by gender and employee category (e.g. senior management, middle management).	Development and Training	
關鍵績效指標B3.1	按性別及僱員類別(如高級管理層、中級管理層)劃分的受 訓僱員百分比。	發展及培訓	
KPI B3.2	The average training hours completed per employee by	Development and Training	
關鍵績效指標B3.2	gender and employee category. 按性別及僱員類別劃分,每名僱員完成受訓的平均時數。	發展及培訓	
Aspect B4: Labour Standards B4層面︰勞工準則			
General Disclosure	Information on:	Labour Standards	
	 (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to preventing child and forced labour. 		
一般披露	有關防止童工或強制勞工的: (a) 政策:及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	勞工準則	
KPI B4.1	Description of measures to review employment practices to avoid child and forced labour.	Labour Standards	
關鍵績效指標B4.1	avoid child and forced labour. 描述檢討招聘慣例的措施以避免童工及強制勞工。	勞工準則	
KPI B4.2	Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered.	Labour Standards	
關鍵績效指標B4.2	描述在發現違規情況時消除有關情況所採取的步驟。	勞工準則	

Subject Areas, Aspect, General Disclosure and KPIs	Description	Section/Declaration	
主題領域、層面、 一般披露及關鍵績 效指標	描述	節/聲明	
Aspect B5: Supply Chain Management B5層面:供應鏈管理			
General Disclosure	Policies on managing environmental and social risks of the	Supply Chain Management	
一般披露	supply chain 管理供應鏈的環境及社會風險政策	供應鏈管理	
KPI B5.1 關鍵績效指標 B5.1	Number of suppliers by geographical region. 按地區劃分的供應商數目。	Supply Chain Management 供應鏈管理	
KPI B5.2	Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers, number of suppliers where the practices are being implemented, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Supply Chain Management	
關鍵績效指標B5.2	描述有關聘用供應商的慣例,向其執行有關慣例的供應商 數目,以及相關執行及監察方法。	供應鏈管理	
KPI B5.3	Description of practices used to identify environmental and social risks along the supply chain, and how they are	Supply Chain Management	
關鍵績效指標B5.3	implemented and monitored. 描述有關識別供應鏈每個環節的環境及社會風險的慣例, 以及相關執行及監察方法。	供應鏈管理	
KPI B5.4	Description of practices used to promote environmentally preferable products and services when selecting suppliers,	Supply Chain Management	
關鍵績效指標B5.4	and how they are implemented and monitored. 描述在揀選供應商時促使多用環保產品及服務的慣例,以 及相關執行及監察方法。	供應鏈管理	
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Subject Areas, Aspect, General Disclosure		
and KPIs 主題領域、層面、 一般披露及關鍵績	Description	Section/Declaration
效指標	描述	節/聲明
Aspect B6: Product B6層面:產品責任	Responsibility	
General Disclosure	 Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress. 	Product Responsibility
一般披露	有關所提供產品和服務的健康與安全、廣告、標簽、私隱 事宜以及補救方法的: (a) 政策;及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	產品責任
KPI B6.1 關鍵績效指標B6.1	Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons. 已售或已運送產品總數中因安全與健康理由而須回收的百 分比。	Delivering Unmatched Product Quality 提供最佳產品質素
KPI B6.2	Number of products and service related complaints	Complaint Mechanism
關鍵績效指標B6.2	received and how they are dealt with. 接獲關於產品及服務的投訴數目以及應對方法。	投訴機制
KPI B6.3	Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual property rights.	Intellectual Property Right
關鍵績效指標B6.3	protecting intellectual property rights. 描述與維護及保障知識產權有關的慣例。	知識產權
KPI B6.4 關鍵績效指標B6.4	Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures. 描述質量檢定過程及產品回收程序。	Delivering Unmatched Product Quality 提供最佳產品質素
KPI B6.5	Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Customer Data Protection
關鍵績效指標B6.5	描述消費者資料保障及私隱政策,以及相關執行及監察方法。	客戶資料保護

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Subject Areas, Aspect, General Disclosure and KPIs 主題領域、層面、 一般披露及關鍵績	Description	Section/Declaration
效指標 Aspect B7: Anti-corr B7層面:反貪污	描述 	節/聲明
General Disclosure	 Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering. 	Anti-corruption
一般披露	有關防止賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢的: (a) 政策:及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	反貪污
KPI B7.1	Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the reporting period and the outcomes of the cases.	Anti-corruption
關鍵績效指標B7.1	於匯報期內對發行人或其僱員提出並已審結的貪污訴訟案 件的數目及訴訟結果。	反貪污
KPI B7.2	Description of preventive measures and whistle-blowing procedures, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Anti-corruption
關鍵績效指標B7.2	描述防範措施及舉報程序,以及相關執行及監察方法。	反貪污
KPI B7.3	Description of anti-corruption training provided to directors and staff.	Anti-corruption
關鍵績效指標B7.3	描述向董事及員工提供的反貪污培訓。	反貪污

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Subject Areas, Aspect, General Disclosure		
and KPIs 主題領域、層面、 一般披露及關鍵績	Description	Section/Declaration
效指標	描述	節/聲明
Aspect B8: Commu B8層面:社區投資	nity Investment	
General Disclosure	Policies on community engagement to understand the needs of the communities where the issuer operates and to ensure its activities take into consideration the communities' interests.	Community Investment
一般披露	有關以參與來了解發行人營運所在社區需要和確保其業務 活動會考慮社區利益的政策。	社區投資
KPI B8.1	Focus areas of contribution (e.g. education, environmental concerns, labour needs, health, culture, sport).	Community Investment
關鍵績效指標B8.1	專注貢獻範疇(如教育、環境事宜、勞工需求、健康、文化、體育)。	社區投資
KPI B8.2	Resources contributed (e.g. money or time) to the focus area.	Community Investment
關鍵績效指標B8.2	在專注範疇所動用資源(如金錢或時間)。	社區投資

The Directors of the Company are pleased to present their report together with the audited financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2025.

CORPORATE REORGANISATION AND SHARE OFFER

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands under the Companies Act as an exempted company with limited liability on 30 March 2016.

The shares of the Company have been listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange by way of placing and public offer on 12 April 2017.

On 8 August 2021, 130,000,000 new shares of HK\$0.01 each of the Company were allotted and issued as fully paid to a nominated shareholder at the issue price of HK\$0.086 each under general mandate. For further details, please refer to the announcements dated 11 June 2021, 16 June 2021, 8 July 2021, 30 July 2021 and 4 August 2021.

On 29 June 2022, the Company has completed a share consolidation which involves the consolidation of every ten issued and unissued existing shares of the Company of par value HK\$0.01 each into one consolidated share of the Company of par value of HK\$0.10 each.

On 15 September 2022, the Company has completed an allotment and issue of ordinary shares of the Company pursuant to the right issue on the basis of one rights share for every two existing shares of the Company, details of which are disclosed in the prospectus of the Company dated 23 August 2022.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 1 to the consolidated financial statements. The principal activity of the Group is sale and transportation of diesel oil and related products in Hong Kong.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The financial performance of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2025 and the financial position of the Group as at that date are set out in the consolidated financial statements on pages 103 to 107. The Directors do not recommend the payment of any dividend in respect of the year ended 31 March 2025.

本公司董事欣然呈報彼等之報告連同本集團截 至2025年3月31日止年度之經審核財務報表。

企業重組及股份發售

本公司於2016年3月30日根據公司法在開曼群 島註冊成立為獲豁免有限公司。

本公司股份於2017年4月12日透過配售及公開 發售於聯交所GEM上市。

於2021年8月8日,130,000,000股每股面值 0.01港元的本公司新股份根據一般授權按每股 0.086港元的發行價向獲提名股東配發及發行 為繳足股份。有關進一步詳情,請參閱日期為 2021年6月11日、2021年6月16日、2021年7月 8日、2021年7月30日及2021年8月4日的公佈。

於2022年6月29日,本公司完成股份合併,當 中涉及將每十股每股面值0.01港元的本公司已 發行及未發行現有股份合併為一股每股面值 0.10港元的本公司合併股份。

於2022年9月15日,本公司已根據供股完成配 發及發行本公司普通股,基準為每持有兩股本 公司現有股份獲發一股供股股份,有關詳情於 本公司日期為2022年8月23日的供股章程中披 露。

主要活動

本公司之主要活動為投資控股。其附屬公司的 主要活動載於綜合財務報表附註1。本集團主 要在香港從事柴油及相關產品的銷售及運輸。

業績及股息

本集團截至2025年3月31日止年度的財務表現 以及於該日本集團的財務狀況載於綜合財務報 表第103至107頁。董事不建議就截至2025年3 月31日止年度派付任何股息。

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

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A summary of the published results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five years is set out on pages 203 to 204 of this report.

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS AND FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS AND CAPITAL ASSETS

During the year ended 31 March 2025, the Group did not have any significant investment, material acquisitions nor disposals of subsidiaries and affiliated companies save for the section headed "Significant Investments, Material Acquisitions and Disposals" in this report. The Group did not have any future plans for material investments and capital assets as at 31 March 2025.

USE OF PROCEEDS FROM THE SHARE OFFER

On the Listing Date, the Company's shares were listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange. A total of 200,000,000 new shares with nominal value of HK\$0.01 each of the Company (the "**Share(s)**") were issued at HK\$0.32 per share for a total of approximately HK\$64.0 million. The net proceeds received by the Company from the Share Offer, after deduction of the underwriting commission and related expenses in connection with the Share Offer, was approximately HK\$45.1 million. The net proceeds, upon receipt by the Company after Listing, has been deposited at a bank and such net proceeds will be applied in the manners consistent with the proposed applications set out in the section headed "Future Plans and Use of Proceeds" in the Prospectus.

財務概要

本集團之已刊發過往五年之業績以及資產及負 債概要載於本報告第203至204頁。

重大投資以及有關重大投資及資本 資產的未來計劃

截至2025年3月31日止年度,除本報告「重大 投資、重大收購及出售」一節外,本集團概無 任何附屬公司及聯屬公司的重大投資、重大收 購或出售。本集團於2025年3月31日並無任何 重大投資及資本資產的未來計劃。

股份發售所得款項用途

於上市日期,本公司股份於聯交所GEM上市。 本公司已按每股0.32港元,發行合共200,000,000 股每股面值0.01港元的本公司新股份(「**股** 份」),合共約64.0百萬港元。本公司從股份 發售所得的所得款項淨額(經扣除包銷佣金 及有關股份發售相關開支後)約為45.1百萬港 元。上市後本公司於收到所得款項淨額後已存 入銀行,而有關所得款項淨額將按招股章程「 未來計劃及所得款項用途」一節所載的擬定應 用方式加以應用。

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year ended 31 March 2025 are set out in note 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS

Particulars of bank and other borrowings of the Group as at 31 March 2025 are set out in note 28 to the consolidated financial statements.

INTEREST CAPITALISED

The Group has not capitalised any interest during the year ended 31 March 2025.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2025 are set out in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESERVES

Details of movements in reserves of the Group and the Company during the year ended 31 March 2025 are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 107 and note 32 to the consolidated financial statements, respectively.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Group's financial condition, results of operation, business and prospects may be affected by a number of risks and uncertainties. The followings are the key risks and uncertainties identified by the Group relating to our business:

- The Group is dependent on the major supplier (in terms of total purchases) for the supply of diesel oil. Any shortage or delay in the supply of diesel oil from it, or any change in its existing marketing strategies may materially and/or adversely affect the Group's business and results of operations if we cannot secure alternative sources of supply immediately.
- The Group's customers are not subject to any minimum purchase requirement to purchase diesel oil from the Group.

物業、廠房及設備

截至2025年3月31日止年度,本集團物業、廠 房及設備的變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註 17。

銀行及其他借款

於2025年3月31日,本集團銀行及其他借款詳 情載於綜合財務報表附註28。

利息資本化

截至2025年3月31日止年度,本集團並無將任 何利息撥充資本。

股本

截至2025年3月31日止年度,本公司股本之變 動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註30。

儲備

截至2025年3月31日止年度,本集團及本公司 的儲備變動詳情分別載於第107頁的綜合權益 變動表及綜合財務報表附註32。

主要風險及不確定因素

本集團的財務狀況、營運業績、業務及前景或 會受一籃子風險及不確定因素影響。以下乃本 集團識別有關其業務的主要風險及不確定因 素:

- 本集團依賴主要供應商(就採購總額而 言)供應柴油。倘柴油供應出現短缺或 延誤或其現有營銷策略出現任何變動, 而本集團無法即時取得替代供應,本集 團業務及經營業績可能受到重大及/或 不良影響。
- 本集團客戶並無受限於向本集團採購柴 油的任何最低採購量規定。

- A significant portion of the Group's revenue was attributable to the sale of diesel oil and its profitability may be adversely affected if demand for diesel oil declines for any reason.
- The demand for our diesel oil would be adversely affected by the delay in public sector projects caused by failures or delays in passing funding for public work proposals by committees of the Legislative Council due to lawmakers' filibustering.
- The Group's business and results of operations are dependent on the oil price which are driven by factors beyond the Group's control and the uncertainty of the crude oil price could have a material adverse impact on the Group's financial condition and results of operations.
- Changes in the market conditions and trends in the construction industry and in the overall economy may affect the Group's operations and growth.

DIRECTORS

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The Directors of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2025 and up to the date of this report were as follows:

Executive Directors

Mr. Fong Chun Man *(Chairman)* Ms. Lo Pui Yee *(Vice Chairlady)* Mr. Chan Chi Fai *(Chief Executive Officer)*

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Chui Chi Yun, Robert Dr. Luk Che Chung, JP *(Appointed with effect from 10 October 2024)* Mr. Wang Anyuan Mr. Kwong Yuk Lap *(Resigned with effect from 10 October 2024)*

- 本集團收益有一大部份來自柴油銷售, 倘對柴油的需求因任何理由下跌,本集 團盈利能力可能受到不利影響。
- 倘公營機構項目因立法會議員拉布導致 未能或延遲通過立法會委員會的公共項 目撥款而延誤,我們柴油的需求將受到 不利影響。
- 本集團業務及經營業績取決受本集團無 法控制因素所帶動石油價格,而原油價 格的不確定因素可能會對本集團財務狀 況及經營業績造成重大不利影響。
- 工程界內市場狀況及趨勢以及整體經濟
 變動可能影響本集團的營運及增長。

董事

截至2025年3月31日止年度及直至本報告日 期,本公司董事如下:

執行董事

方俊文先生(主席) 勞佩儀女士(副主席) 陳志輝先生(行政總裁)

獨立非執行董事

崔志仁先生
 陸志聰醫生・太平紳士
 (於2024年10月10日獲委任)
 王安元先生
 鄺旭立先生(於2024年10月10日辭任)

Pursuant to article 84 of the Articles of Association of the Company (the "**Articles**"), one-third of the Directors shall retire from office by rotation and re-election at an annual general meeting of the Company in accordance with the Articles, provided that every Director shall be retired at least once every three years. Furthermore, pursuant to article 83(3) of the Articles, any Director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office until the first annual general meeting of the Company after his appointment and be subject to re-election at such meeting. Accordingly, Mr. Fong Chun Man, our executive Director, Mr. Chui Chi Yun, Robert, our independent non-executive Director, will retire from office at the forthcoming annual general meeting ("**AGM**") to be held on Monday, 11 August 2025. Mr. Fong Chun Man, Mr. Chui Chi Yun, Robert and Dr. Luk Che Chung, JP, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming AGM.

Confirmation of Independence

Each independent non-executive Director has given the Company an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules. The Company considers that all the independent non-executive Directors are independent and meet the independent guidelines set out in Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS AND LETTERS OF APPOINTMENT

(a) Executive Directors

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company and shall continue thereafter unless terminated in accordance with the terms therein. Under the terms of the service contract, the service contract may be terminated by not less than three months' notice served by either party on the other. The term of service of a Director is subject to retirement by rotation of Directors as set out in the Articles.

(b) Independent Non-executive Director

Each of the independent non-executive Director has signed a letter of appointment with the Company which may be terminated by not less than one month's notice served by either party on the other. The term of service of a Director is three years commencing on the respective dates of their appointments subject to the provisions on retirement by rotation of Directors as set out in the Articles.

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors has or is proposed to have a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the Company or its subsidiaries within one year without payment of compensation other than statutory compensation. 根據本公司組織章程細則(「細則」)第84 條,三分之一的董事須根據細則於本公司股東 週年大會上輪席退任及重選連任,惟每名董 事須至少每三年退任一次。此外,根據細則第 83(3)條,任何由董事會委任以填補臨時空缺 之董事,其任期直至其獲委任後之本公司首屆 股東週年大會為止,並須於會上膺選連任。因 此,執行董事方俊文先生、獨立非執行董事崔 志仁先生及獨立非執行董事陸志聰醫生,太平紳 ±將於2025年8月11日(星期一)舉行的應屆股 東週年大會(「**股東週年大會**」)上退任。方 俊文先生、崔志仁先生及陸志聰醫生,太平紳士 符合資格並願意於應屆股東週年大會上重選連 任。

獨立性確認

各獨立非執行董事已根據GEM上市規則第5.09 條向本公司提交有關獨立性之年度確認書。 本公司認為,全體獨立非執行董事均為獨立人 士,並符合GEM上市規則第5.09條所載之獨立 性指引。

董事之服務合約及委任函

(a) 執行董事

各執行董事已與本公司訂立服務合約並 將於其後繼續生效,除非根據其條款予 以終止。根據服務合約之條款,服務合 約可由其中一方向另一方發出不少於三 個月之通知予以終止。董事之服務任期 須受細則所載之董事輪值退任所規限。

(b) 獨立非執行董事

各獨立非執行董事已與本公司簽署委任 函,可由其中一方向另一方發出不少於 一個月之通知予以終止。董事於各自的 委任日期開始的三年服務任期須受細則 所載董事輪值退任之條文所規限。

除上文所披露者外,概無董事與本公司或其任 何附屬公司訂立或擬訂立服務合約,而該合約 不可由本公司或其附屬公司於一年內免付賠償 (法定賠償除外)而終止。

EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

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The emolument of the Directors is recommended by the Remuneration Committee by reference to the benchmarking of the market. The Company also looks into individual Director's competence, duties, responsibilities, and performance.

Details of the emoluments of the Directors and the five highest paid individuals of the Group are set out in notes 13 and 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S BIOGRAPHIES

Biographical details of the Directors and the senior management of the Group are set out on pages 89 to 95 of this report.

DIRECTORS' AND CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

Saved as disclosed in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements, none of the Directors had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, in any transaction, arrangement or contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party at any time during or at the end of the year ended 31 March 2025.

As of 31 March 2025, no contract of significance had been entered into between the Company, or any of its subsidiaries and the controlling shareholders of the Company or any of its subsidiaries.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

As at 31 March 2025, the Company did not enter into or have any management and/or administration contracts in respect of the whole or any principal business of the Company.

董事及五名最高薪酬人士之薪酬

董事之薪酬由薪酬委員會經參考市場基準而作 出建議。本公司亦會審視個別董事的能力、職 責、責任及表現。

本集團董事及五名最高薪酬人士之薪酬詳情載 列於綜合財務報表附註13及14。

董事及高級管理層履歷

本集團董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情載列於本 報告第89至95頁。

董事及控股股東於合約之權益

除綜合財務報表附註36所披露者外,截至2025 年3月31日止年度期間或於年末任何時間,概 無董事直接或間接於本公司或其任何附屬公司 參與訂立而對本集團業務而言屬重大之任何交 易、安排或合約中擁有重大權益。

截至2025年3月31日,本公司或其任何附屬公司並無與本公司或其任何附屬公司之控股股東訂立重大合約。

管理合約

於2025年3月31日,本公司並無訂立或擁有與 本公司全部或任何主要業務有關的管理及/或 行政管理的合約。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

During the year ended 31 March 2025 and up to the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any business and interest of the Directors nor the controlling shareholders of the Company nor any of their respective close associates (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules) that compete or may compete, directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group and any other conflict of interests which any such person has or may have with the Group during the year ended 31 March 2025 and up to the date of this report. The independent non-executive Directors confirmed that the internal control measures in relation to managing actual or potential conflict of interest of the Group have been properly implemented.

COMPLIANCE OF NON-COMPETITION UNDERTAKINGS

On 23 March 2017, Mr. Fong Chun Man and Grand Tycoon Limited (being controlling shareholders of the Group) entered into a deed of noncompetition ("Deed of Non-Competition") in favour of the Company (for itself and each of its subsidiaries), pursuant to which each of Mr. Fong Chun Man and Grand Tycoon Limited has irrevocably and unconditionally, jointly and severally, warrants and undertakes with the Company that, immediately upon the Share Offer becoming unconditional, each of them shall not, and shall procure each of his/its close associates and any company directly or indirectly controlled by Mr. Fong Chun Man and Grand Tycoon Limited (except for the members the Group) shall not, except through any member of our Group, directly or indirectly (whether on its own account or with each other or in conjunction with or on behalf of any person or company, or as principal or agent, through any body corporate, partnership, joint venture or other contractual arrangement and whether for profit or otherwise), carry on, engage in, invest or acquire or hold any rights or be interested or otherwise involved in any business that is similar to or in competition directly or indirectly with or is likely to be in competition with any business currently and from time to time engaged by our Group in Hong Kong and any other country or jurisdiction to which our Group carries on business or grants franchise from time to time ("Restricted Business").

董事在競爭業務中的權益

於截至2025年3月31日止年度及直至本報告日 期期間,董事並不知悉董事或本公司控股股東 或彼等各自的任何緊密聯繫人(定義見GEM上 市規則)於截至2025年3月31日止年度及直至 本報告日期期間擁有任何與本集團業務構成或 可能構成直接或間接競爭的業務及權益,亦不 知悉任何有關人士與本集團之間存在或可能存 在任何其他利益衝突。獨立非執行董事確認有 關管理本集團的實際或潛在利益衝突之內部控 制措施已妥為實施。

遵守不競爭承諾

於2017年3月23日,方俊文先生及本集團控股 股東宏亨有限公司以本公司(為其本身及其各 附屬公司)為受益人訂立不競爭契據(「**不競 爭契據**」),據此方俊文先生及宏亨有限公司 已不可撤銷及無條件、共同及個別向本公司承 諾及作出契諾,緊隨股份發售成為無條件後, 彼等各自將不會及將促使其各緊密聯繫人以及 方俊文先生及宏亨有限公司直接或間接控制的 任何公司(本集團成員公司除外)不會直接或 間接(透過本集團成員公司除外,不論為其自 身或其他人士或連同任何人士或公司或代表任 何人士或公司,或以主事人或代理人的身份, 透過任何法團、合夥公司、合資企業或其他合 約安排,且不論為溢利或其他)進行、參與、 投資或收購或持有任何權利或直接或間接於其 中擁有權益或以其他方式參與與本集團在香港 及本集團在其進行業務或不時對其授出特許經 營權的任何其他國家或司法權區目前及不時從 事的任何業務相似或構成競爭或可能構成競爭 的任何業務(「**受限制業務**」)。

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Mr. Fong Chun Man and Grand Tycoon Limited further undertake that when he/it or his/its close associates other than any member of the Group is offered or becomes aware of any new project or business opportunity ("New Business Opportunity") directly or indirectly to engage or become interested in a Restricted Business, he/it (i) shall promptly notify our Company of such New Business Opportunity in writing, refer the same to our Company for consideration first and provide such information as may be reasonably required by our Company to make an informed assessment of such New Business Opportunity; and (ii) shall not, and shall procure that the controlled persons or controlled company not to, invest or participate in any such New Business Opportunity unless such New Business Opportunity is declined by our Company, or our Company does not proceed with such New Business Opportunity within 30 business days from the date of the written notice (or if requested by our Company in writing, such 30 business days period may be extended to a maximum of 60 business days), and the principal terms of which he/it and/or his/its close associates invest or participate in are no more favourable than those made available to our Company.

For further details of the Deed of Non-Competition, please refer to the section headed "Relationship with Controlling Shareholders — Non-Competition Undertakings" in the Prospectus.

Mr. Fong Chun Man and Grand Tycoon Limited have both confirmed to the Company of his/its compliance with the Deed of Non-Competition during the Reporting Period and up to the date of this report. The independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the status of compliance and confirmed that all the undertakings under the Deed of Non-Competition have been complied by each of Mr. Fong Chun Man and Grand Tycoon Limited and duly enforced during the Reporting Period and up to the date of this report.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

For the year ended 31 March 2025, there has been no purchase, sale or redemption of the Company's listed securities by the Company or any of the subsidiaries.

方俊文先生及宏亨有限公司進一步承諾,當其 本身或其緊密聯繫人(除本集團成員公司外) 獲提呈或知悉任何直接或間接從事受限制業務 的新項目或商機(「**新商機**」)或於受限制業 務中擁有權益,其:(i)須即時以書面知會本公 司該新商機及轉介該新商機予本公司以先作考 慮,並提供本公司可能合理要求的有關資料, 以對該新商機作出知情評估;及(ii)將不會並將 促使受控制人士或受控制公司不投資於或參與 任何該新商機,除非該新商機已被本公司拒 絕,或本公司並無於自書面通知日期起計30個 營業日內從事有關新商機(或倘本公司作出書 面要求,有關30個營業日期間可予延長至最多 60個營業日),且其本身及/或其緊密聯繫人 投資或參與之主要條款不優於本公司獲提供之 該等條款。

有關不競爭契據的進一步詳情,請參閱招股章 程「與控股股東的關係 — 不競爭承諾」一節。

方俊文先生及宏亨有限公司均已向本公司確認 其於報告期間直至本報告日期已遵守不競爭契 據。獨立非執行董事已審閱有關遵守情況,並 確認方俊文先生及宏亨有限公司各自於報告期 間及直至本報告日期已一直遵守及妥為履行不 競爭契據項下的所有承諾。

購買、出售或贖回本公司上市證券

截至2025年3月31日止年度,本公司或其任何 附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回本公司上市證 券。

DISCLOSURE OF DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

Interests and short positions of Directors and chief executive in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations

As at 31 March 2025, the interests and short positions of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required (i) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO) or (ii) to be entered into the register required to be kept therein, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, or (iii) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Rules 5.46 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules relating to securities transactions by Directors to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange, were as follows:

董事權益之披露

董事及最高行政人員於本公司及其相聯法 團的股份、相關股份及債權證中的權益及 淡倉

於2025年3月31日,董事及本公司最高行政人 員於本公司或其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨 條例第XV部)的股份、相關股份或債權證中擁 有(i)根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部須 知會本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉(包括根據 證券及期貨條例有關條文被當作或視作擁有的 權益及淡倉)或(ii)須列入根據證券及期貨條例 第352條須存置的登記冊內的權益及淡倉,或 (iii)根據GEM上市規則第5.46條至5.67條有關須 知會本公司及聯交所的董事進行證券交易而須 知會本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉如下:

Name of Directors 董事姓名	Capacity/nature of interest 身份/權益性質	Number of shares held 持有股份數量	Percentage of shareholding 持股百分比
Mr. Fong Chun Man	Interest in a controlled corporation (Note 1)	68,897,616 (Long position)	50.1%
方俊文先生	受控制法團權益(附註1)	68,897,616 (好倉)	50.1%
Ms. Lo Pui Yee	Interest of spouse (Note 2)	68,897,616 (Long position)	50.1%
勞佩儀女士	配偶權益(附註2)	68,897,616 (好倉)	50.1%

Notes:

 The shares are held by Grand Tycoon Limited, the equity interest of which is owned as to 100% by Mr. Fong Chun Man. Mr. Fong Chun Man is deemed to be interested in all the shares held by Grand Tycoon Limited for the purpose of Part XV of SFO.

 Ms. Lo Pui Yee is the spouse of Mr. Fong Chun Man and is therefore deemed to be interested in all the shares which Mr. Fong Chun Man is interested for the purpose of Part XV of the SFO.

附註:

 該等股份由宏亨有限公司持有,其100%股權由方俊 文先生擁有。就證券及期貨條例第XV部而言,方俊 文先生被視為於宏亨有限公司持有之全部股份中擁有 權益。

 勞佩儀女士為方俊文先生之配偶,並因此就證券及期 貨條例第XV部而言,勞佩儀女士被視為於方俊文先 生擁有權益之全部股份中擁有權益。

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Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2025, none of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company has any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required (i) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part V of the SFO (including interests and/or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or (ii) to be entered into the register required to be kept therein, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, or (iii) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Rules 5.46 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules relating to securities transactions by directors to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

Interests and short positions of the substantial shareholders and other persons in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations

As at 31 March 2025, so far as it is known to the Directors, the following persons (not being a Director or chief executive of the Company) had or were deemed to have interests in shares or underlying shares which (i) were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO, or (ii) which would fall to be disclosed under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO and the GEM Listing Rules or, (iii) who will be, directly or indirectly, be interested in 10% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of any member of our Group.

除上文所披露者外,於2025年3月31日,概無 董事或本公司最高行政人員於本公司或其相關 法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)的股 份、相關股份及債權證中擁有(i)根據證券及期 貨條例第V部第7及8分部須知會本公司及聯交 所的任何權益或淡倉(包括根據證券及期貨條 例有關條文被當作或視作擁有的權益及/或淡 倉),或(ii)須列入根據證券及期貨條例第352 條須存置的登記冊內的任何權益或淡倉,或(iii) 根據GEM上市規則第5.46條至5.67條有關須知 會本公司及聯交所的董事進行證券交易而須知 會本公司及聯交所的任何權益或淡倉。

主要股東及其他人士於本公司及其相聯法 團的股份、相關股份及債權證中的權益及 淡倉

於2025年3月31日,據董事所知,下列人士(本公司董事或最高行政人員除外)於股份或相 關股份中擁有或被視作擁有權益,而(i)須列入 於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條規定須 存置的登記冊,或(ii)根據證券及期貨條例第XV 部第2及3分部條文及GEM上市規則而將予以披 露,或(iii)將直接或間接於附帶權利可於所有情 況下在本集團任何成員公司的股東大會上表決 的任何類別股本面值10%或以上中擁有權益。

Name of Shareholders 股東名稱/姓名	Capacity/nature of interest 身份/權益性質	Number of shares held 持有股份數量	Percentage of shareholding 持股百分比
Grand Tycoon Limited	Beneficial owner (Note 1)	68,897,616 (Long position)	50.1%
宏亨有限公司	實益擁有人(附註1)	68,897,616 (好倉)	50.1%

Note:

附註:

1.

 The shares are held by Grand Tycoon Limited, the equity interest of which is owned as to 100% by Mr. Fong Chun Man. Mr. Fong Chun Man is deemed to be interested in all the shares held by Grand Tycoon Limited for the purpose of Part XV of SFO.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2025, the Directors have not been notified by any person who had interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO, or which would fall to be disclosed under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO. 該等股份由宏亨有限公司持有,其100%股權由方俊 文先生擁有。就證券及期貨條例第XV部而言,方俊 文先生被視為於宏亨有限公司擁有之全部股份中擁有 權益。

除上文披露者外,於2025年3月31日,概無任 何人士已知會董事於本公司股份、相關股份 或債權證中擁有須列入根據證券及期貨條例第 336條須存置的登記冊或根據證券及期貨條例 第XV部第2及3分部條文須予披露之權益或淡 倉。

Share Option Scheme

The Company has conditionally adopted the share option scheme in which certain eligible participants including, among others, the Directors and employees of the Group may be granted options to subscribe for shares of the Company ("**Shares**") on 23 March 2017 (the "**Adoption Date**"). The share option scheme became unconditional upon the Listing Date. Under the terms of the share option scheme, the Board may, at its discretion, grant options to eligible participants to subscribe for Shares.

No share options were granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed since the Adoption Date up to 31 March 2025, and there was no share option outstanding as at 31 March 2025. Therefore, the Company may grant options in respect of up to 8,000,000 Shares (or such numbers of Shares as shall result from a sub-division or a consolidation of such 8,000,000 Shares from time to time) to the participants under the share option scheme.

Competing Interests

The Directors confirm that none of the Controlling Shareholders or the Directors and their respective close associates (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules) is interested in any business apart from the business operated by our Group which competes or is likely to compete, directly or indirectly, with our Group's business during the Reporting Period and up to the date of this report.

Directors' Securities Transactions

The Company adopted a code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions on terms no less exacting than the required standard of dealings set out in Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules. Having made specific enquiries of all Directors, the Company confirms that all of the Directors complied with such required standard of dealings and its code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions as at the date of this report.

購股權計劃

本公司已於2017年3月23日(「採納日期」) 有條件採納購股權計劃,其中若干合資格參與 者(其中包括董事及本集團僱員)可能獲授購 股權以認購本公司股份(「股份」)。購股權 計劃於上市日期後成為無條件。根據購股權計 劃的條款,董事會可酌情向合資格參與者授予 購股權以認購股份。

自採納日期起直至2025年3月31日,概無任何 購股權獲授出、行使、註銷或失效,而於2025 年3月31日亦無任何購股權尚未行使。因此, 根據購股權計劃,本公司可能向參與者授出涉 及最多8,000,000股股份(或該8,000,000股股份 不時分拆或合併引致的有關股份數目)的購股 權。

競爭權益

董事確認,於報告期間及直至本報告日期, 概無控股股東或董事及彼等各自之緊密聯繫人 (定義見GEM上市規則)於與本集團業務直 接或間接構成競爭或可能構成競爭之任何業務 (本集團所營運之業務除外)中擁有權益。

董事的證券交易

本公司已採納董事進行證券交易的行為守則, 其條款嚴謹程度不遜於GEM上市規則第5.48至 5.67條所載的規定交易標準。經向全體董事作 出具體查詢後,本公司確認,所有董事於本報 告日期均已遵守有關規定交易標準及有關董事 進行證券交易的行為守則。

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COMPLIANCE WITH THE RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Save for one isolated case for non-compliance under the GEM Listing Rules, details of which are set out in the announcement of the Company dated 10 August 2021, the Director is aware, the Group has complied in material respects with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operation of the Group and no material breach of or non-compliance with the applicable laws and regulations during the year ended 31 March 2025.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

For the year ended 31 March 2025, the aggregate amount of turnover attributed to the Group's largest and the five largest customers accounted for 17.6% and 48.2% (2024: 9.8% and 40.2%) of the total revenue of the Group, respectively. For the year ended 31 March 2025, the Group's purchase from the largest and the five largest suppliers accounted for 33.4% and 84.8% (2024: 23.9% and 70.6%) of the total purchases of the Group, respectively. At no time during the year ended 31 March 2025 did the Directors, their associates nor any shareholder of the Company (which to the knowledge of the Directors, owned more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) have any interest in the Group's major customers or suppliers as disclosed above.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS AND CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended 31 March 2025, the Group did not enter into any transactions which need to be disclosed as connected transactions or continuing connected transactions pursuant to Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.

Details of the material related party transactions are set out in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements of this report. These related party transactions did not constitute connected transactions or continuing connected transactions, or only constituted fully exempted connected transactions or continuing connected transactions by virtue of the de minimis exemption, under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.

Remuneration to key management personnel of the Group, including Directors described in notes 13 and 14 to the Group's consolidated financial statements are continuing connected transactions exempt from the connected transaction requirements under Rule 20.93 of the GEM Listing Rules.

遵守相關法律及法規

除一宗個別個案並無遵守GEM上市規則(有 關詳情載於本公司日期為2021年8月10日的公 佈)外,就董事所知,截至2025年3月31日止 年度,本集團在各重大方面已遵守對本集團業 務及營運有重大影響的相關法律及法規,且概 無嚴重違反或不遵守適用法律及法規。

主要客戶及供應商

截至2025年3月31日止年度,本集團最大及五大 客戶所貢獻總收入分別佔本集團總收益之17.6% 及48.2%(2024年:9.8%及40.2%)。截至2025 年3月31日止年度,本集團自最大及五大供應商 之採購分別佔本集團採購總額之33.4%及84.8% (2024年:23.9%及70.6%)。截至2025年3月31 日止年度,概無本公司董事、彼等之聯繫人或任 何股東(就董事所知擁有本公司已發行股本逾5% 者)於上文所披露之本集團主要客戶或供應商中 擁有任何權益。

關連交易及持續關連交易

截至2025年3月31日止年度,本集團並無訂立 根據GEM上市規則第20章須披露為關連交易或 持續關連交易的任何交易。

重大關聯方交易的詳情載於本報告綜合財務報 表附註36。根據GEM上市規則第20章,該等關 聯方交易並不構成關連交易或持續關連交易, 或僅因最低限額豁免而構成獲完全豁免的關連 交易或持續關連交易。

本集團綜合財務報表附註13及14所述之本集團 主要管理層(包括董事)之薪酬乃獲豁免遵守 GEM上市規則第20.93條關連交易規定的持續 關連交易。

Corporate Governance

The Company is firmly committed to maintaining and ensuring a high level of corporate governance standards and will review and improve the corporate governance practices and standards constantly. During the year ended 31 March 2025, the Company has complied with the code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "**Code Provisions**") contained in Appendix C1 of the GEM Listing Rules.

Details of the corporate governance practices adopted by the Company are set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 19 to 37 of this report.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENT

Save as disclosed in the section headed "Share Option Scheme", no equity-linked agreement was entered into by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2025 or subsisted at the end of the reporting year.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, as at the date of this report, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float as required under the GEM Listing Rules.

KEY RELATIONSHIPS WITH EMPLOYEES, CUSTOMERS, SUPPLIERS AND OTHERS

The Group understands the importance of maintaining a good relationship with its employees, suppliers and customers in order to meet its employees, immediate and long-term goals. During the Reporting Period, there was no material or significant dispute between the Group and its suppliers and customers.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provision for pre-emptive or similar rights under the laws of Cayman Islands or the Articles which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to the existing shareholders.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

During the year ended 31 March 2025, a directors' liability insurance was currently in place to protect the Directors against potential costs and liabilities arising from claims brought against the Directors.

企業管治

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本公司致力維持及確保高水平的企業管治標準,並將不斷檢討及改善企業管治常規及標準。截至2025年3月31日止年度,本公司一直遵守GEM上市規則附錄C1所載企業管治守則的守則條文(「**守則條文**」)。

本公司所採納之企業管治常規詳情載於本報告 第19至37頁的企業管治報告。

權益掛鈎協議

除「購股權計劃」一節所披露者外,本公司概 無於截至2025年3月31日止年度訂立或於報告 年度結束時仍然有效的權益掛鈎協議。

足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司可公開獲得的資料及就董事所知, 於本報告日期,本公司已維持GEM上市規則所 規定的足夠公眾持股量。

與僱員、客戶、供應商及其他人士 的關鍵關係

本集團深明與僱員、供應商及客戶保持良好關 係以實現其即時及長期目標的重要性。於報告 期間,本集團與僱員、供應商及客戶之間並無 嚴重或重大糾紛。

優先購買權

開曼群島法律或細則概無有關本公司須按比例 向現有股東提呈發售新股份之優先購買權或類 似權利之條文。

獲准許的彌償條文

截至2025年3月31日止年度,本公司目前已投 購董事責任保險,以保障董事免受因被提出申 索而可能招致的潛在成本及責任。

BUSINESS REVIEW

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A fair review of the business and outlook of the Company as well as a discussion and analysis of the Group's performance during the year and the material factors underlying its results and financial position, including a description of an indication of likely future development can be found in the management discussion and analysis set out on pages 6 to 7 of this annual report. Those discussions form part of this report.

RELIEF OF TAXATION

The Directors are not aware of any tax relief or tax exemption available to the shareholders by reason of their holding of the Company's securities.

The Company has received no tax relief for the year ended 31 March 2025 (2024: Nil), which is reflected in note 12 to the consolidated financial statements.

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

The annual general meeting ("**AGM**") of the Company will be held on Monday, 11 August 2025, the notice of which shall be sent to the shareholders of the Company in accordance with the Articles, the GEM Listing Rules and other applicable laws and regulations.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

In order to establish entitlements to attend and vote at the forthcoming AGM, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Wednesday, 6 August 2025 to Monday, 11 August 2025, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of the shares of the Company will be registered.

Shareholders are reminded to ensure that all completed share transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Boardroom Share Registrars (HK) Limited, at Room 2103B, 21/F, 148 Electric Road, North Point, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Tuesday, 5 August 2025.

業務回顧

有關本年度內本公司業務及前景的公平回顧及 本集團表現的討論及分析,以及與其業績及財 務狀況(包括對未來可能發展跡象的説明)有 關的重大因素載列於本年報第6至7頁所載的 管理層討論及分析。該等討論構成本報告一部 分。

税務寬免

董事並不知悉股東因其持有本公司證券而可獲 取任何税務寬免或免税。

截至2025年3月31日止年度,本公司並無獲取 税務寛免(2024年:無),並已於綜合財務報 表附註12內反映。

股東週年大會

本公司將於2025年8月11日(星期一)舉行股 東週年大會(「股東週年大會」),有關大會 通告將根據細則、GEM上市規則及其他適用法 律及法規寄發予本公司股東。

暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

為釐定出席應屆股東週年大會並於會上投票之 資格,本公司將於2025年8月6日(星期三)至 2025年8月11日(星期一)(包括首尾兩日) 暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續,期間將不會辦理 本公司股份過戶登記。

務請股東確保所有填妥之股份過戶表格連同相 關股票須不遲於2025年8月5日(星期二)下 午4時30分交回本公司之香港股份過戶登記分 處,寶德隆證券登記有限公司,地址為香港北 角電氣道148號21樓2103B室。

ENVIRONMENT POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

The principal activity of the sale and transportation of diesel oil and related products business of the Group is governed by Hong Kong environmental laws and regulations including the Air Pollution Control Ordinance (Chapter 311 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and the Water Pollution Control Ordinance (Chapter 358 of the Laws of Hong Kong) in Hong Kong.

These laws and regulations cover a broad range of environmental matters, including air pollution, noise and gas emissions, leakage of oil products or other hazardous substances. The Group recognises the importance of environmental protection and has implemented various environmental protection measures in order to minimise the operation impact on the environment and natural resources.

The Group will continue to monitor the business operations in order to ensure that it does not have only significant adverse effect on the environment and that the Group's environment protection measures are adequate to ensure compliance with all applicable current Hong Kong laws or regulations.

As at the date of this report, no prosecution, penalty or punishment has been imposed upon the Group for the violation of any environmental laws or regulations.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Save as disclosed in note 39 to the consolidated financial statements of this annual report, the Board is not aware of any significant events that have occurred requiring disclosure.

AUDITORS

The consolidated financial statement for the year ended 31 March 2025 has been audited by HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited, who shall retire at the forthcoming AGM and being eligible to offer themselves for re-appointment.

By order of the Board

F8 ENTERPRISES (HOLDINGS) GROUP LIMITED FONG Chun Man Chairman

環境政策及表現

本集團的主要業務為柴油及相關產品銷售及運 輸,受香港環保法律及法規規管,包括香港法 例第311章香港空氣污染管制條例及香港法例 第358章水污染管制條例。

該等法律及法規涵蓋範圍廣泛的環境事務,包 括空氣污染、噪音及氣體排放、石油產品或其 他危害物質的洩漏。本集團認同環境保護的重 要性,並已實施多項環境保護措施以將業務對 環境及天然資源的影響降至最低。

本集團將持續監察業務運營,以確保其並無對 環境造成重大不利影響,而本集團有充足的環 境保護措施以確保遵守所有香港現行適用法律 或法規。

於本報告日期,本集團概無因違反任何環境法 律或法規而遭受檢控、罰款或處罰。

報告期後事項

除本年報綜合財務報表附註39所披露者外,董 事會並不知悉任何已發生而須予披露之重大事 件。

核數師

截至2025年3月31日止年度的綜合財務報表已 由國衛會計師事務所有限公司審核,而其將於 應屆股東週年大會上退任並符合資格及願意續 聘連任。

承董事會命

F8企業(控股)集團有限公司 主席 方俊文

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EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

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Mr. Fong Chun Man ("**Mr. Fong**"), aged 45, is our founder, executive Director, Chairman, compliance officer, member of the Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee, and is responsible for our Group's overall corporate management and business development strategies. Mr. Fong was appointed as an executive Director on 23 March 2017. Mr. Fong established our Group in early 2005 and was appointed as the director of Great Wall (International) Oil Limited in December 2005.

Mr. Fong has over 20 years of experience in the sale and transportation of diesel oil and related products. The performance of the Company is achieved in great level. He was responsible for the Company's daily operation, including but not limited to submitting tender proposals and undertaking construction projects, managing its corporate accounting and administrative matter, monitoring the logistics of projects and contacting suppliers and customers, such as authorised agents appointed by the Oil Majors. Mr. Fong has also been the director of Jet Good Limited since April 2005, a company engaged in engineering business in Hong Kong, where he has gained experience in business operation and management expertise. In addition, Mr. Fong has acquired Xun Xiang Metalware Company Limited since 2017 to operate one of the largest scrap iron recycling companies in Hong Kong.

Mr. Fong is an eminent person who enjoys high status and extensive influence in the Hong Kong. He currently holds a number of important positions, including a member of the Election Committee of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region and a member of the Standing Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference Guangzhou Committee (中國人民政治協商會議廣州市 委員會), shouldering the responsibility of making recommendations for national and local development. In terms of social services, Mr. Fong serves as the executive vice chairman of the Hong Kong Federation of Guangdong Associations (香港廣東社團總會) and the executive chairman of the Federation of Hong Kong Guangdong Community Organisations (香港廣州社團總會), as well as the chairman of the volunteer team of the Hong Kong Guangdong Community Organisations, committed to promoting exchanges and cooperation between Hong Kong and the Mainland. In 2023, Fong was awarded the Medal of Honour in recognition of his long service to the community. In addition, Mr. Fong is the president of the Hong Kong Road Safety Patrol, leading the association to ensure public road safety. In the field of charity, Mr. Fang serves as a director of the board of Pok Oi Hospital and is committed to giving back to the society. He is also a vice president of the Hong Kong Real Property Federation and the life honorary chairman of the Hong Kong Commerce and Industry Association, making important contributions to Hong Kong's economic development. In addition, Mr. Fong was also appointed by the government as the vice chairman of the District Fight Crime Committee (Sha Tin District), a member of the Sha Tin Rural Committee, the chairman of the Sha Tin District Youth Community Building Committee, Honorary President of the Sha Tin District Primary School Branch of the Schools Sports Federation of Hong Kong, China and an honorary president of the Hong Kong Girl Guides Association Shatin branch, and has devoted himself to the local community. Mr. Fong is the spouse of Ms. Lo.

執行董事

方俊文先生(「方先生」),45歲,是我們的創 辦人、執行董事、主席、合規主任、提名委員 會及薪酬委員會成員,並負責本集團的整體 企業管理及業務發展策略。方先生於2017年 3月23日獲委任為執行董事。方先生於2005 年年初創辦本集團並於2005年12月獲委任為 長城(國際)石油有限公司的董事。

方先生於柴油及相關產品銷售及運輸方面擁 有逾20年經驗,並且業績彪炳。彼負責本公 司日常營運,包括但不限於提交招標建議及 承接工程項目、管理其企業會計及行政事宜、 監察項目物流以及聯絡供應商及客戶,例如 由主要石油業者委任的授權代理。自2005年 4月起,方先生亦於勤亨有限公司(一間從事 香港工程業務的公司)擔任董事,從中取得業 務營運經驗及管理的專業知識。另外,方先 生自2017年起收購迅祥鋼鐵有限公司,經營 全港最大型的廢鐵回收公司之一。

方先生是一位在香港社會享有崇高地位和廣 泛影響力的知名人士。他目前擔任多項重要 職務,包括:香港特別行政區選舉委員會委 員、中國人民政治協商會議廣州市委員會政 協常委,肩負著為國家和地方發展出謀劃策 的責任。在社會服務方面,他出任香港廣東 社團總會的常務副主席和香港廣州社團總會 的執行主席,以及香港廣州社團總會義工團 的主席,致力於推動香港和內地的交流合作。 於2023年,方生獲頒授榮譽勳章,表揚他長 期為社區服務。此外,方先生還擔任香港交 通安全會會長,帶領該會致力維護市民交通 安全。在公益慈善領域,方先生擔任博愛醫 院董事局總理,致力於回饋社會。他同時也 是香港房地產協會副會長和全港各區工商聯 永遠名譽會長,為香港經濟發展做出重要貢 獻。此外,方先生還獲政府委任沙田區撲滅 罪行委員會委員副主席,參與沙田鄉事委員 會、沙田區青年社區建設委員會主席、中國 香港學界體育聯會沙田區小學分會名譽會長 以及香港女童軍沙田分會名譽會長,為當地 社區盡心竭力。方先生為勞女士的配偶。

Saved as disclosed above, he was not a director in any listed companies for the last three preceding years.

Note: The English translation of name is for identification purpose only. The official names of the organisations are in Chinese

Ms. Lo Pui Yee ("**Ms. Lo**"), aged 46, was appointed as our executive Director, and vice chairlady on 22 August 2016. Ms. Lo is responsible for supervising the overall administration and operation of our Group. She has more than 20 years of experience in the business administration and marketing area. Ms. Lo joined our Group in June 2016.

Ms. Lo has completed the Hong Kong Advanced Level Examination in July 1999. Since June 2002, Ms. Lo has gained exposure in the daily administration, operation and executive management and has been a sole proprietor of Alpha Communications Company, which carries on the business of the provision of telecommunication and internet services, and has been responsible for supervising the business development and corporate governance. Since 2011, Ms. Lo has been a director and shareholder of Luxe Tuxedo Limited, an apparel company offering high-end men's formal suit and attire in Hong Kong, responsible for overseeing the administrative function, enhancing communication channels between management and staff and product branding. Ms. Lo is the spouse of Mr. Fong.

In addition, Ms. Lo is also currently a member of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference Guangzhou Nansha District Committee, an executive committee member of Guangzhou Federation of Industry and Commerce (廣州市工商業聯合會), an executive vice president of the Hong Kong Federation of Guangzhou Women Association (香港廣州婦聯總會), an honorary vice president of the foundation of Kowloon East Association (九龍東區各界聯會), an honorary president of the Hong Kong Girl Guides Association Shatin branch, the Chairman of the Yau Tsim Mong District Youth Community Building Committee (油尖旺區青年社區建設委員會) and a member of the Yau Tsim Mong District Fight Crime Committee (油尖旺區撲滅罪 行委員會).

Saved as disclosed above, she was not a director in any listed companies for the last three preceding years.

Note: The English translation of name is for identification purpose only. The official names of the organisations are in Chinese

除上文所披露者外,彼於過往三年內並無於 任何上市公司擔任董事職務。

附註: 有關名稱的英文翻譯僅供識別。該等組織的正式名 稱均為中文

勞佩儀女士(「勞女士」),46歲,於2016年8 月22日獲委任為我們的執行董事兼副主席。 勞女士負責監督本集團的整體行政及營運事 宜。彼於商業管理及市場推廣領域擁有逾20 年經驗。勞女士於2016年6月加盟本集團。

勞女士於1999年7月完成香港高級程度會 考。自2002年6月起,勞女士已取得日常行政 管理、經營及執行管理經驗,並一直為Alpha Communications Company(從事提供電訊及 互聯網服務的業務)獨資經營者,且一直負責 監督業務發展及企業管治。自2011年起,勞 女士為華麗男士禮服有限公司(一間於香港提 供男士高級禮服及西裝的服裝公司)的董事及 股東,負責監督行政管理職能、提升管理層 與員工之間的溝通以及產品品牌。勞女士為 方先生的配偶。

另外,勞女士亦現為中國人民政治協商會議 廣州市南沙區委員會政協委員、廣州市工商 業聯合會執委、香港廣州婦聯總會常務副會 長、九龍東區各界聯會基金會名譽副會長、 香港女童軍沙田分會名譽會長、油尖旺區青 年社區建設委員會主席及油尖旺區撲滅罪行 委員會委員。

除上文所披露者外,彼於過往三年內並無於 任何上市公司擔任董事職務。

附註: 有關名稱的英文翻譯僅供識別。該等組織的正式名 稱均為中文

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Mr. Chan Chi Fai ("**Mr. Chan**"), aged 45, was appointed as our executive Director and chief executive officer on 22 August 2016 and is responsible for the operation of our fleet of tank wagon and business strategies implementation. Mr. Chan has joined Great Wall (International) Oil Company since September 2010.

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Mr. Chan obtained a higher certificate and a higher diploma in Civil Engineering from the Hong Kong Institute of Vocational Education in July 2007 and July 2009, respectively. Mr. Chan also completed the certificate for Safety Supervisor (Construction Industry), Safety Training Techniques Course and Safe Working Cycle Course in February 2002, January 2009 and January 2009, respectively. Prior to joining our Group, Mr. Chan worked as a foreman in Yuk Shing Engineering Co., Limited from March 2000 to February 2007 whose principal business is construction and engineering, responsible for general site operation for drainage work and earthwork. From March 2007 to July 2010, Mr. Chan joined Vibro (H.K.) Limited and was promoted as a geotechnical field technician, whose principal business is construction, responsible for ground investigation arrangement and carrying out necessary testing.

Saved as disclosed above, he was not a director in any listed companies for the last three preceding years.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Chui Chi Yun, Robert ("**Mr. Chui**"), aged 68, was appointed as our independent non-executive Director on 23 March 2017. Mr. Chui is the chairman of the Audit Committee and a member of the Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee.

Mr. Chui obtained a Bachelor's degree in commerce from the Concordia University in June 1978 and was awarded the Medal of Honour by the Government of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region in 2014. Mr. Chui is currently a practicing certified public accountant in Hong Kong and is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Society of Accountants since June 1991 and the Chartered Association of Certified Accountants since May 1989. Mr. Chui has over 36 years of experience in the accounting field and is the founder of a Hong Kong accounting firm, Robert Chui CPA Limited since August 1991. **陳志輝先生**(「**陳先生**」),45歲,於2016年8 月22日獲委任為我們的執行董事及行政總裁, 並負責貯槽車車隊運作及實施業務策略。陳 先生自2010年9月加入長城(國際)石油公司。

陳先生分別於2007年7月及2009年7月取得 香港專業教育學院土木工程高級證書及高級 文憑。陳先生亦分別於2002年2月、2009年1 月及2009年1月取得安全督導員(建造業)證 書並完成安全訓練技巧課程及安全施工程序 課程。加入本集團前,陳先生自2000年3月 至2007年2月於鈺成工程有限公司(其主要業 務為建築及工程)擔任管工,負責渠務工程及 泥井工程的一般現場營運。自2007年3月至 2010年7月,陳先生加入惠保(香港)有限公 司(其主要業務為建築)並獲晉升為土力工程 領域技術人員,負責土地勘探安排及進行必 要檢測。

除上文所披露者外,彼於過往三年內並無於 任何上市公司擔任董事職務。

獨立非執行董事

崔志仁先生(「**崔先生**」),68歲,於2017年3 月23日獲委任為我們的獨立非執行董事。崔 先生為審核委員會主席以及提名委員會及薪 酬委員會成員。

崔先生於1978年6月取得康考迪亞大學商科 學士學位,並於2014年獲香港特別行政區政 府頒授榮譽勳章。崔先生目前為香港執業會 計師,並分別自1991年6月起及自1989年5 月起成為香港會計師公會及特許公認會計師 公會的資深會員。崔先生於會計領域擁有逾 36年經驗,自1991年8月起為於香港的會計 師行志仁會計師行有限公司的創辦人。

Mr. Chui has been appointed as a director of the following listed companies on the Stock Exchange during the periods indicated below:

崔先生於下文所示期間獲委任為以下聯交所 上市公司的董事:

Name of listed company (stock code) 上市公司名稱(股份代號)	Position held 所擔任職務	Period during which he held directorship 擔任董事期間
Dragon King Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 8493)	Independent non-executive directors	May 2023–October 2023
龍皇集團控股有限公司(股份代號:8493)	獨立非執行董事	2023年5月至2023年10月
Asia Cassava Resources Holdings Limited (stock code: 841)	Independent non-executive director	August 2018–Current
亞洲木薯資源控股有限公司(股份代號:841)	獨立非執行董事	2018年8月至今
National Arts Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 8228)	Independent non-executive director	May 2009–November 2022
國藝集團控股有限公司(股份代號:8228)	獨立非執行董事	2009年5月至2022年11月
Tse Sui Luen Jewellery (International) Limited (stock code: 417)	Independent non-executive director	April 1999–September 2023
謝瑞麟珠寶(國際)有限公司 (股份代號:417)	獨立非執行董事	1999年4月至2023年9月
Wing Lee Property Investments Limited (stock code: 864)	Independent non-executive director	February 2013–Current
永利地產發展有限公司(股份代號:864)	獨立非執行董事	2013年2月至今

Saved as disclosed above, he was not a director in any listed companies for the last three preceding years.

Dr. Luk Che Chung, JP ("**Dr. Luk**"), aged 63, was appointed as our independent non-executive Director on 10 October 2024. Dr. Luk is the chairman of the Nomination Committee and a member of the Audit Committee.

Dr. Luk is among the first batch of medical graduates from the Chinese University of Hong Kong in 1986. He holds a master's degree of public administration from the University of Hong Kong. Dr. Luk is also the Member of Faculty of Public Health since 2016. He has been a healthcare executive in the public sector since 1990 with a wide range of exposure and track record in managing complex and large healthcare systems, crisis management, human resources management, corporate governance, corporate communications and media management, quality and risk management and business development. He has solid experiences of working with senior professionals, media and regulatory bodies, government officials, politicians and people on all fronts, both inside and outside the healthcare sector. 除上文所披露者外,彼於過往三年內並無於 任何上市公司擔任董事職務。

陸志聰醫生,太平紳士(「**陸醫生**」),63歲,於 2024年10月10日獲委任為我們的獨立非執行 董事。陸醫生為提名委員會主席以及審核委 員會成員。

陸醫生,為1986年香港中文大學首批醫學畢 業生之一。彼持有香港大學公共行政碩士學 位。陸醫生亦自2016年起擔任公共衛生學院 (Faculty of Public Health)的成員。彼自1990 年起於公共部門擔任醫療行政人員,在管理 繁複大型醫療保健系統、危機管理、人力資 源管理、企業管治、企業通訊及媒體管理、 質量及風險管理以及業務發展方面擁有廣泛 經驗及往績記錄。彼曾與資深專業人士、媒 體及監管機構、政府官員、政治家及醫療行 業內外各方面的人士合作,擁有豐富經驗。

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During his 10 years of services at the Hospital Authority Head Office, Dr. Luk was responsible for the annual planning of overall operations, service and facilities planning, development of specialist clinical services, liaison with the social sector and community, hospital operations and quality management.

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Dr. Luk is currently the vice-chairman of Virtus Medical Group Limited. Since 1999, Dr. Luk worked as a hospital chief executive, managing various public hospitals at different times, the main ones being Kwong Wah Hospital, United Christian Hospital and Queen Mary Hospital. Since 2005, he also served as the cluster chief executive of Kowloon East Cluster for 4 years and then Hong Kong West Cluster for 9 years. Dr. Luk was appointed as the cluster chief executive of Hong Kong East Cluster and the hospital chief executive of Pamela Youde Nethersole Eastern Hospital, Wong Chuk Hang Hospital and St. John Hospital in October 2018. He was responsible for the management of 9,000 staff with a recurrent budget of over HK\$8 billion, and the operation of seven hospitals and 12 general outpatient clinics providing acute and comprehensive medical services to a population of 0.8 million. In November 2021, Dr. Luk retired from the Hospital Authority. He worked as the deputy chief executive officer for Your Health Specialists Medical Group Limited from November 2021 to September 2022.

Dr. Luk was appointed as an independent non-executive director of (i) ECI Technology Holdings Limited, a company listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 8013) since 5 September 2023 and (ii) GC Construction Holdings Limited, a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 01489) since 5 February 2024.

Over the years, Dr. Luk has been involved in various community work, including The Chinese University of Hong Kong and some tertiary institutions, the Medical Council, The Community Chest of Hong Kong, The Hong Kong Council of Social Service, other various community and non-governmental organisations.

In recent years, Dr. Luk has been directly involved in the Community Housing Movement and the Modular Housing Initiative. Dr. Luk was appointed as a Justice of the Peace by the Hong Kong SAR Government in 2019 and received the Distinguished Medical Alumni Award from the Faculty of Medicine of the Chinese University of Hong Kong in 2020.

Saved as disclosed above, he was not a director in any listed companies for the last three preceding years.

陸醫生於醫院管理局總辦事處工作10年期間, 負責整體營運年度規劃、服務及設施規劃、 專科臨床服務發展、與社會界別及社區聯絡、 醫院運作及品質管理。

陸醫生現時為尚至醫療集團的副主席。自 1999年起,陸醫生擔任醫院行政總監,曾於 不同時期管理多間公立醫院,主要包括廣華 醫院、基督教聯合醫院及瑪麗醫院。自2005 年起,彼亦擔任九龍東聯網的聯網總監,為 期4年,其後擔任港島西聯網的聯網總監,為 期9年。於2018年10月,陸醫生獲委任為港 島東聯網的聯網總監,以及東區尤德夫人那 打素醫院、黃竹坑醫院及長洲醫院的醫院行 政總監。彼負責管理9,000名員工,經常預算 逾80億港元,並負責營運7間醫院及12間普 通科門診診所,為0.8百萬人口提供急症及全 面的醫療服務。於2021年11月,陸醫生自醫 院管理局退任。彼曾於2021年11月至2022年 9月擔任嘉仁專科醫療集團有限公司的副行 政總裁。

陸醫生(i)自2023年9月5日起獲委任為聯交 所GEM上市公司ECI Technology Holdings Limited(股份代號:8013)之獨立非執行董 事及(ii)自2024年2月5日起獲委任為聯交 所主板上市公司GC Construction Holdings Limited(股份代號:01489)之獨立非執行董事。

多年來,陸醫生參與多項社區工作,包括香港中文大學和若干大專院校、醫務委員會、 香港公益金、香港社會服務聯會、其他不同 社區及非政府組織。

近年,陸醫生直接參與社會房屋共享計劃及 組合屋計劃。於2019年,陸醫生獲香港特別 行政區政府委任為太平紳士,並於2020年獲 香港中文大學醫學院頒發傑出醫科校友獎。

除上文所披露者外,彼於過往三年內並無於 任何上市公司擔任董事職務。

Mr. Wang Anyuan ("**Mr. Wang**"), aged 55, was appointed as our independent non-executive Director on 23 March 2017. Mr. Wang is the chairman of the Remuneration Committee and a member of the Audit Committee.

Mr. Wang obtained a Bachelor's degree specialising in maritime and communication accounting from the Shanghai Maritime University in July 1994. He joined China Merchants Group and served as the manager of the audit (risk assurance) department from September 1996 to July 2001, the chief financial officer of China Merchants Securities (HK) Company Limited from July 2001 to January 2007 and general manager of audit (risk assurance) department of China Merchants Finance Holdings Company Limited from February 2007 to February 2008. In April 2008, Mr. Wang served BOCOM International Holdings Company Limited as an executive director and head of China operation, responsible for the equity sales. From June to December 2009, Mr. Wang served CITIC Securities International as a director and head of China operation, responsible for their securities business and had been the account executive of CITIC Securities International Company Limited from January 2010 to November 2012. In October 2012, Mr. Wang served as a deputy head of brokerage department of China Investment Securities (Hong Kong) Financial Holdings Limited, responsible for securities trading. In February 2013, Mr. Wang served as a responsible officer of China Investment Securities International Brokerage Limited of Type 1 (Dealing in Securities) regulated activities as defined in the SFO. In addition, from May 2013 to October 2023, Mr. Wang served as a business director of Orient Financial Holdings (Hong Kong) Limited and the wealth management department of China Merchants Securities (HK) Co., Limited, respectively, and carried out regulated activities on its behalf. Mr. Wang served as an independent non-executive director of China Carbon Neutral Development Group Limited (stock code: 1372) from 18 November 2021 to 23 January 2025 and an independent non-executive director of China Ecotourism Group Limited (stock code: 1371) from 17 October 2024 to 19 March 2025.

Saved as disclosed above, he was not a director in any listed companies for the last three preceding years.

王安元先生(「**王先生**」),55歲,於2017年3 月23日獲委任為我們的獨立非執行董事。王 先生為薪酬委員會主席及審核委員會成員。

王先生於1994年7月自上海海運大學取得水 運經濟系會計學學士學位,彼自1996年9月 至2001年7月加入招商局集團,擔任審計(稽 核) 部主任, 自2001年7月至2007年1月為 招商證券(香港)有限公司的財務總監,並自 2007年2月至2008年2月為招商局金融集團 有限公司審計(稽核)部總經理。於2008年4 月,王先生於交銀國際控股有限公司擔任執 行董事及中國業務主管,負責股票銷售。自 2009年6月至12月, 王先生於中信證券國際 擔任董事及中國業務主管,負責證券業務, 並自2010年1月至2012年11月於中信証券國 際有限公司擔任客户經理。於2012年10月, 王先生於中投證券(香港)金融控股有限公 司擔任經紀部門副主管,負責證券交易。於 2013年2月, 王先生擔任中投證券國際經紀 有限公司(從事證券及期貨條例定義第1類(證 券交易)之受規管活動)的負責人員。另外, 自2013年5月至2023年10月,王先生分別在 東方金融控股(香港)有限公司和招商證券(香 港)有限公司的財富管理部門擔任業務董事, 並代表進行受規管活動。王先生自2021年11 月18日至2025年1月23日擔任中國碳中和發 展集團有限公司(股份代號:1372)獨立非執 行董事,並自2024年10月17日至2025年3月 19日擔任中國生態旅遊集團有限公司(股份 代號:1371)獨立非執行董事。

除上文所披露者外,彼於過往三年內並無於 任何上市公司擔任董事職務。

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SENIOR MANAGEMENT

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Mr. Cheung Lee Kwok ("**Mr. Cheung**"), aged 48, is our chief operation officer and is responsible for overseeing the daily operation and general financial management of our Group. Mr. Cheung has joined our Group since April 2016.

Mr. Cheung has over 15 years of experience in operational management. He obtained a bachelor's degree in mathematics from the National Central University, Taiwan, in June 2002. Prior to joining our Group, Mr. Cheung worked as an information technology engineer in Di Sheng Computer Limited (迪生電腦有限公司*) from March 2004 to July 2005, and from January 2007 to May 2007, responsible for conducting products testing and providing customer support. From June 2007 to April 2010, Mr. Cheung worked as an engineer in Chunghwa Picture Tubes, Ltd. (中華映管股份有限公司) whose principal business is involved in the optoelectronic industry (Taiwan stock exchange, stock code: 2475, and Luxembourg stock exchange, ISIN code: US17133M7092), responsible for supervising the production operation and quality control, as well as managing technicians and support staffs for improving operational efficiency. Mr. Cheung then worked in the sale of diesel oil related business in Great Wall (International) Company for six years from April 2010 to March 2016, responsible for the daily operations of the sole proprietorship.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Leung Yin Fai (梁燕輝), aged 61, was appointed as the Group's company secretary on 26 October 2017. Ms. Leung has been a director of K E Corporate Services Limited (a company secretarial services provider) since April 2016, the managing director of K E Management & Consultancy (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. since August 2015 and an independent non-executive director of Lotus Horizon Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 6063) since March 2020. Ms. Leung was a director of KCS Hong Kong Limited from August 2008 to October 2014 and an independent non-executive director of Green leader Holdings Group Limited (Stock Code: 0061) from April 2014 to January 2020.

Ms. Leung was admitted as a fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants (currently known as Chartered Association of Certified Accountants) in the United Kingdom in July 1995. Ms. Leung was also admitted as a fellow member of the CPA Australia in May 2004 and is currently a member of HKICPA. Ms. Leung obtained a master's degree in commerce from the University of New South Wales, Australia in November 2002.

高級管理層

張利國先生(「張先生」),48歲,獲委任為我 們的營運總監,並負責監察本集團的日常營 運及一般財務管理。張先生自2016年4月起 加入本集團。

張先生於營運管理方面擁有逾15年經驗。彼 於2002年6月自台灣國立中央大學取得數學 學士學位。加入本集團前,張先生自2004年 3月至2005年7月,及自2007年1月至2007年 5月,於迪生電腦有限公司擔任資訊科技工程 師,負責進行產品測試及提供客戶支援。自 2007年6月至2010年4月,張先生於中華映管 股份有限公司(其主要業務為從事光電行業) (台灣證券交易所,股份代號:2475,及盧森 堡交易所,證券代碼:US17133M7092)擔任 工程師,負責監督生產運作及質量控制,以 及管理技術員及支援員工以提升經營效率。 張先生隨後自2010年4月至2016年3月於長 城(國際)公司從事柴油相關業務銷售達六年, 負責獨資經營的日常營運。

公司秘書

梁燕輝女士,61歲,於2017年10月26日獲委 任為本集團公司秘書。梁女士自2016年4月 一直為東方凱譽有限公司(一間公司秘書供應 商)之董事、自2015年8月為凱誠管理諮詢(上 海)有限公司之董事及自2020年3月為智中國 際控股有限公司(股份代號:6063)之獨立非 執行董事。梁女士於2008年8月至2014年10 月期間為凱譽香港有限公司之董事及於2014 年4月至2020年1月期間為綠領控股集團有限 公司(股份代號:0061)之獨立非執行董事。

梁女士於1995年7月獲得英國特許註冊會計 師公會(現為特許註冊會計師公會)的會員資 格。梁女士亦於2004年5月獲得澳洲註冊會 計師協會會員資格,現為香港會計師公會會 員。梁女士於2002年11月獲得澳洲新南威爾 士大學商學碩士學位。

HLB 國衛會計師事務所有限公司 HODGSON IMPEY CHENG LIMITED

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF F8 ENTERPRISES (HOLDINGS) GROUP LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of F8 Enterprises (Holdings) Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 103 to 202, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2025, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2025, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. 31/F, Gloucester Tower The Landmark 11 Pedder Street Central Hong Kong 香港 中環 畢打街11號 置地廣場 告羅士打大廈31樓

致F8企業(控股)集團有限公司

股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

意見

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審計列載於第 103至202頁的F8企業(控股)集團有限公司 (「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)的 綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報表包括於2025 年3月31日之綜合財務狀況表與截至該日止 年度的綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權 益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及綜合財務 報表附註,包括重大會計政策資料。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會 計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港 財務報告準則會計準則真實而中肯地反映 了 貴集團於2025年3月31日的綜合財務狀 況及截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合 現金流量,並已按照香港公司條例的披露規 定妥為擬備。

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計 準則(「香港審計準則」)進行審核。我們在該 等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告「*核數師就審 計綜合財務報表的責任*」部分中作進一步闡 述。根據香港會計師公會頒佈的專業會計師 道德守則(「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集團, 並已履行守則中的其他專業道德責任。我們 相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當 地為我們的意見提供基礎。

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matter

關鍵審計事項

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Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為 對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。 這些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及 出具意見時進行處理的。我們不會對這些事 項提供單獨的意見。

How our audit address the key audit matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

Impairment assessment of trade receivables 貿易應收款項減值評估

Refer to Notes 5(b), 22 to the consolidated financial statements.

請參閱綜合財務報表附註5(b)及22。

At 31 March 2025, the Group had trade receivables of approximately HK\$77,764,000 (2024: HK\$102,975,000) with allowance for ECL on trade receivables of approximately HK\$16,030,000 (2024: HK\$18,764,000).

於2025年3月31日, 貴集團貿易應收款項約為77,764,000 港元(2024年:102,975,000港元),而貿易應收款項預期信 貸虧損撥備約為16,030,000港元(2024年:18,764,000港元)。

The determination as to whether trade receivables are collectable involved high level of management's judgement. Specific factors management considered include the age of the balances, business nature of customers, existence of disputes, recent historical payment patterns and any other available information concerning the creditworthiness of counterparties. Management used these information to determine whether a provision for ECL is required either for a specific transaction or for a customer's balance overall.

釐定貿易應收款項是否可收回涉及高水平的管理層判斷。 管理層考慮的特定因素包括結餘賬齡、客戶業務性質、是 否存在爭議、近期過往付款模式及有關對手方信譽的任何 其他可獲得資料。管理層已使用有關資料釐定是否須就特 定交易或整體客戶結餘計提預期信貸虧損撥備。 Our procedures in relation to management's ECL assessment of trade receivables included but not limited to:

我們就管理層的貿易應收款項預期信貸虧損評估進行的 程序包括但不限於:

 Understanding the key controls that the Group has implemented to manage and monitor its credit risk, and evaluating management's assessment process for allowance for ECL;

瞭解 貴集團已實施的關鍵監控措施以管理及監 控其信貸風險,並評估管理層有關預期信貸虧損 撥備的評估過程;

 Checking, on a sample basis, the ageing profile of the trade receivables as at 31 March 2025 to the underlying financial records and post year-end settlements to bank receipts;

抽樣檢查於2025年3月31日有關財務記錄內的貿易應收款項賬齡情況及於年結日後銀行結算收據;

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)

Key audit matter

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項(續)

How our audit address the key audit matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

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Impairment assessment of trade receivables (Continued) 貿易應收款項減值評估(續)

- Inquiring of management for the status of each of the material trade receivables past due as at year end and corroborating explanations from management with supporting evidence, understanding on-going business relationship with the customers based on trade records, checking historical and subsequent settlement records of and other correspondence with the customers; and 質詢管理層有關年結日已逾期的各項重大貿易應 收款項狀況以及管理層以證據支持的解釋、基於 貿易紀錄瞭解與客戶的持續業務關係、檢查過往 及後續結算記錄以及與客戶之間其他往來信函; 及
- Assessing the appropriateness of the ECL provisioning methodology, examining the key data inputs on a sample basis to assess their accuracy and completeness, and evaluating the assumptions, including both historical and forward-looking information, used to determine the ECL. 評估預期信貸虧損撥備方法是否恰當,抽樣審查 關鍵輸入數據以評估其準確性及完整性,並評估 釐定預期信貸虧損所用的假設(包括過往及前瞻性 資料)。

We found that the management judgement and estimates used to assess the allowance for ECL on trade receivables to be supportable by available evidence. 我們發現,管理層用以評估貿易應收款項預期信貸虧損 撥備的判斷及估計有可得證據支持。

OTHER INFORMATION

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The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditors' report thereon (the "Other Information").

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the Other Information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Other Information and, in doing so, consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the Other Information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

其他信息

董事須對其他信息負責。其他信息包括年報 內的信息,但不包括綜合財務報表及我們的 核數師報告(「其他信息」)。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信 息,我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何形式 的鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責 任是閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他 信息是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程 中所了解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在 重大錯誤陳述的情況。基於我們已執行的工 作,如果我們認為其他信息存在重大錯誤陳 述,我們需要報告該事實。在這方面,我們 沒有任何報告。

董事及負責管治者對綜合財務報 表的責任

董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港 財務報告準則會計準則及香港公司條例的披 露規定,擬備真實而中肯的綜合財務報表, 並對其認為為使綜合財務報表的擬備不存在 由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需 的內部控制負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴 集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露 與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營 為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤 或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

負責管治者須負責監督 貴集團的財務報告 過程。

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion, solely to you, as a body and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表的責 任

我們的目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是否不 存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述 取得合理保證,並出具包括我們意見的核數 師報告,僅供 閣下(作為整體)使用,除此 之外報告別無其他目的。我們不會就本報告 的內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。 合理保證是高水平的保證,但不能保證按照 香港審計準則進行的審計,在某一重大錯誤 陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐 或錯誤引起,如果合理預期它們單獨或匯總 認錄引起,如果合理預期它們單獨或匯總 將綜合財務報表所作出的經濟決定,則有關 的錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

在根據香港審計準則進行審計的過程中,我 們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。 我們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜 合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險、 設計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險, 以及獲取充足及適當的審計憑證,作為 我們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串 謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述或凌駕 內部控制之上,因此未能發現因欺詐而 導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未能發 現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
 - 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適 當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團 內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評估董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作 出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。

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AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business units within the Group as a basis for forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and review of the audit work performed for purposes of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表的責 任*(續)*

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當 性作出結論。根據所獲取的審計憑證, 確定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大 不確定性,從而可能導致對 貴集團的 持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。若我們認 為存在重大不確定性,則有必要在核數 師報告中提請使用者注意綜合財務報表 中的相關披露。假若有關的披露不足, 則修改我們的意見。我們的結論是基於 核數師報告日止所取得的審計憑證。然 而,未來事項或情況可能導致 貴集團 不能持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是否中肯反映相關交易及事項。
 - 規劃並執行集團審計,以獲取與 貴集 團內實體或業務單位財務信息相關的充 分、適當審計憑證,作為對綜合財務報 表發表意見的基礎。我們負責集團審計 的指導、監督及審查為集團審計目的而 進行的審計工作。我們為審計意見承擔 全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與負責管治者溝通了計 劃的審計範圍、審計時間安排、重大審核發 現等,包括我們在審計中識別出內部控制的 任何重大缺陷。

我們還向負責管治者提交聲明, 説明我們已 符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求, 並與 他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨 立性的所有關係和其他事項, 以及在適用的 情況下, 為消除威脅而採取的行動或防範措施。

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement director on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is Lee Pak Kin.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表的責 任(續)

從與負責管治者溝通的事項中,我們確定哪 些事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要, 因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告 中描述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開 披露這些事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如 果合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成的 負面後果超過有關溝通產生的公眾利益,我 們決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目董事為李 柏堅。

HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited Certified Public Accountants

Lee Pak Kin Practising Certificate Number: P08262

Hong Kong, 27 June 2025

國衛會計師事務所有限公司 執業會計師

李柏堅

執業證書號碼:P08262

香港,2025年6月27日

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

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For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度		Notes 附註	2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	收益	6	345,788	289,980
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(328,417)	(275,705)
Gross profit	毛利		17,371	14,275
Other income	其他收入	8	2,019	5,494
Other gains or losses	其他收益或虧損	9	(2,592)	(5,267)
Administrative expenses	行政開支		(14,938)	(14,266)
Other operating expenses	其他營運開支		(4,014)	(5,250)
Allowance for expected credit loss on	金融資產預期信貸虧損撥備			
financial assets reversed/(recognised)	撥回/(確認)		2,619	(2,621)
Profit/(loss) from operations	經營溢利/(虧損)		465	(7,635)
Finance costs	融資成本	10	(1,590)	(2,147)
Share of results of an associate	應佔一間聯營公司業績		119	921
Loss before taxation	除税前虧損	11	(1,006)	(8,861)
Income tax credit	所得税抵免	12	181	213
Loss for the year	年內虧損		(825)	(8,648)
Other comprehensive loss for	年內其他全面虧損			
the year				
Item that may be reclassified	其後可能重新分類至損益的			
subsequently to profit or loss:	項目:			
Share of other comprehensive	應佔一間聯營公司其他			
loss of an associate	全面虧損		(202)	(909)
Other comprehensive loss	除税後年內其他			
for the year, net of tax	全面虧損		(202)	(909)

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度		Notes 附註	2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Total comprehensive loss for the year	年內全面虧損總額		(1,027)	(9,557)
Loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔年內虧損		(825)	(8,648)
Total comprehensive loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔 年內全面虧損總額		(1,027)	(9,557)
Loss per share attributable to owners of the Company Basic and diluted (HK cents)	本公司擁有人應佔 每股虧損 基本及攤薄(港仙)	16	(0.60)	(6.29)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated 随附附註為此等綜合財務報表的組成部分。 financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

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At 31 March 2025		Notes	2025 2025年 HK\$′000	2024 2024年 HK\$'000
於2025年3月31日		附註	千港元	千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	17	9,482	11,002
Investment property	投資物業	18	12,000	14,600
Interest in an associate	一間聯營公司權益	19	17,748	17,831
Financial assets at fair value through	按公平值計入損益的			
profit or loss	金融資產	20	5,589	5,449
			44,819	48,882
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	21	2,893	1,260
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	22	61,734	84,211
Prepayments, deposits and	預付款項、按金及			
other receivables	其他應收款項	23	2,512	1,217
Amount due from an associate	應收一間聯營公司款項	24	11,435	11,679
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	25	6,156	6,122
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	25	7,607	10,452
			92,337	114,941
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	26	26,413	29,411
Accruals, other payables and	應計費用、其他應付款項及			
deposits received	已收按金	27	4,677	4,500
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借款	28	14,552	37,190
			45,642	71,101
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		46,695	43,840
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總值減流動負債		91,514	92,722

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

At 31 March 2025		Notes	2025 2025 年 HK\$′000	2024 2024年 HK\$'000
於2025年3月31日		附註	千港元	千港元
於2025年3月31日		的註	〒 / む 儿	〒/心儿
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	29	844	1,025
Net assets	資產淨值		90,670	91,697
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	30	13,752	13,752
Reserves	儲備		76,918	77,945
Total equity	總權益		90,670	91,697

Approved and authorised for the issue by the board of directors on 27 June 2025 and signed on its behalf by:

已於2025年6月27日獲董事會批准及授權刊 發,並經以下人士代表董事會簽署:

Fong Chun Man 方俊文 Executive Director 執行董事 **Lo Pui Yee** 勞佩儀 Executive Director 執行董事

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated 隨附附註為此等綜合 financial statements.

隨附附註為此等綜合財務報表的組成部分。
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

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					to owners of the 公司擁有人應佔	e Company			
For the year ended 31 March 2025		Share capital 股本 HK\$*000 千港元	Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 干港元 (Note i)	Other reserve 其他儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note ii)	Capital contribution reserve 資本 實繳儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note iii)	Fair value through other comprehensive income reserve 按公平值計入 其他全面 收益儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note iv)	Exchange reserve 匯兑儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note v)	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
截至2025年3月31日止年度			(附註i)	(附註ii)	(附註iii)	(附註iv)	(附註v)		
At 1 April 2023 Loss for the year Other comprehensive loss	於2023年4月1日 年內虧損 年內其他全面虧損	13,752 _	83,070	_*	24,652 -	(905) _	(1,017) _	(18,298) (8,648)	101,254 (8,648)
for the year		-	-	-	-	-	(909)	-	(909)
Loss and total comprehensive loss for the year	年內虧損及全面虧損總額	-	-	-	-	-	(909)	(8,648)	(9,557)
At 31 March 2024 and 1 April 2024 Loss for the year Other comprehensive loss	於2024年3月31日及 2024年4月1日 年內虧損 年內其他全面虧損	13,752 -	83,070 -	-* -	24,652 -	(905) –	(1,926) -	(26,946) (825)	91,697 (825)
for the year		-	-	-	-	-	(202)	-	(202)
Loss and total comprehensive loss for the year	年內虧損及全面虧損總額	-	-	-	-	-	(202)	(825)	(1,027)
At 31 March 2025	於2025年3月31日	13,752	83,070	-*	24,652	(905)	(2,128)	(27,771)	90,670

Notes:

(i) Share premium represents the excess of shares issue over the par value.

- (ii) Other reserve of the Group represents the difference between the total equity of the subsidiaries and the aggregated share capital of the subsidiaries pursuant to the reorganisation where the transfer of the subsidiaries to the Company are satisfies by issue of new shares from the Company.
- (iii) Capital contribution reserve represents the amount of the financial impact arisen from the transfer of business from Great Wall (International) Oil Company (Sole Proprietorship Business) to Great Wall (International) Oil Limited.
- (iv) Fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") reserve comprises the cumulative net change in the fair value of equity investments designated at FVTOCI.
- (v) Exchange reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations outside Hong Kong.

* The balance was approximately HK\$8.

附註:

(i)

股份溢價指股份發行超過面值的金額。

- (ii) 本集團的其他儲備指該等附屬公司的權益總額與附 屬公司根據重組應佔的股本總額之間的差額(轉讓 附屬公司予本公司透過本公司發行新股份支付)。
- (iii) 資本實繳儲備指長城(國際)石油公司(獨資經營業務)向長城(國際)石油有限公司轉讓業務產生的財務影響的金額。
- (iv) 按公平值計入其他全面收益(「按公平值計入其他全面收益」)儲備包括指定為按公平值計入其他全面收益的權益投資公平值累計變動淨額。
- (v) 匯兑儲備包括換算香港境外的海外業務財務報表所 產生的所有外匯差額。
- 6 餘額約為8港元。

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度		Notes 附註	2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Operating activities	經營活動			
Loss before taxation	除税前虧損		(1,006)	(8,861)
Adjustments for:	就以下各項作出調整:			
Interest Income	利息收入	8	(39)	(54)
Finance costs	融資成本	10	1,590	2,147
Depreciation of property, plant	物業、廠房及設備折舊			
and equipment		17	1,920	2,165
Loss arising on change in fair value	投資物業公平值變動			
of investment property	所產生虧損	18	2,600	4,800
Unrealised gain on financial	按公平值計入損益的金融			
assets at fair value through	資產未變現收益			
profit or loss		9	(140)	(152)
Gain on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備			
plant and equipment	的收益	9	-	(5)
Allowance for expected credit loss	金融資產的預期信貸			
on financial assets (reversed)/	虧損撥備(撥回)/確認			
recognised			(2,619)	2,621
Unrealised exchange loss	未變現匯兑虧損		132	624
Share of results of an associate	應佔一間聯營公司業績		(119)	(921)
Operating cash flows before	營運資金變動前之經營			
movements in working capital	現金流量		2,319	2,364
Increase in inventories	存貨增加		(1,633)	(857)
Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables	貿易應收款項減少/(增加)		25,211	(11,305)
(Increase)/decrease in deposits,	按金、預付款項及其他應收			
prepayments and other receivables	款項(增加)/減少		(1,298)	4,866
Decrease in trade payables	貿易應付款項減少		(2,998)	(1,407)
Increase/(decrease) in accruals, other	應計費用、其他應付款項及			
payables and deposits received	已收按金增加/(減少)		177	(1,269)
Net cash generated from/(used in)	經營活動所得/(所用)			
operating activities	現金淨額		21,778	(7,608)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

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For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度		Notes 附註	2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Investing activities	投資活動			
Interest received	已收利息		5	19
Acquisition of property, plant	收購物業、廠房及設備		(400)	
and equipment Proceeds from disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備		(400)	-
plant and equipment	所得款項 所得款項		_	30
Net cash (used in)/generated from	投資活動(所用)/所得			
investing activities	現金淨額		(395)	49
Financing activities	融資活動			
Interest paid	已付利息		(1,172)	(2,147)
Proceeds from bank and other	銀行及其他借款所得款項			
borrowings			12,676	16,700
Repayments of bank and other	償還銀行及其他借款			
borrowings			(35,732)	(25,099)
Net cash used in financing	融資活動所用			
activities	現金淨額		(24,228)	(10,546)
Net decrease in cash and	現金及現金等價物的			
cash equivalents	減少淨額		(2,845)	(18,105)
Cash and cash equivalents at the	年初現金及現金等價物			
beginning of the year			10,452	28,557
Cash and cash equivalents	年終現金及現金等價物			
at the end of the year				
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘		7,607	10,452

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated 隨附附註為此等綜合財務報表的組成部分。 financial statements.

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

F8 Enterprises (Holdings) Group Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands under the Companies Law as an exempted company with limited liability on 30 March 2018 and its shares are listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The registered office of the Company is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands and principal place of business in Hong Kong is Unit 3304, 33/F, Tower 1, Enterprise Square Five, 38 Wang Chiu Road, Kowloon Bay, Hong Kong. The Company's immediate and ultimate holding company is Grand Tycoon Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands. Grand Tycoon Limited is controlled by Mr. Fong Chun Man, a director of the Company.

The Company is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in sale and transportation of diesel oil and related products in Hong Kong.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is the functional currency of the Company and all values are rounded to the nearest thousands (HK\$'000), except when otherwise stated.

1. 一般資料

F8企業(控股)集團有限公司(「本公司」) 於2018年3月30日根據公司法在開曼 群島註冊成立為獲豁免有限公司,其股 份於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交 所」)GEM上市。本公司的註冊辦事處為 Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands及香港的主要營業地點為香港九 龍灣宏照道38號企業廣場五期一座33 樓3304室。本公司的直接及最終控股公 司為宏亨有限公司,該公司於英屬處女 群島註冊成立。宏亨有限公司由本公司 董事方俊文先生控制。

本公司為投資控股公司,其附屬公司主 要在香港從事銷售及運送柴油燃料及相 關產品。

除另有所指外,綜合財務報表以本公司 的功能貨幣港元(「港元」)呈列,而所有 價值則湊整至最接近千位(千港元)。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

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2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HKFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

Amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards that are mandatorily effective for the current year

In the current year, the Group has applied the following amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards issued by Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2024 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則會計準則

於本年度強制生效的經修訂香港財 務報告準則會計準則

於本年度,本集團已首次應用下列由香 港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)所頒 佈於2024年4月1日或之後開始的年度 期間強制生效的經修訂香港財務報告準 則會計準則,以編製綜合財務報表:

Amendments to HKFRS 16	Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback	香港財務報告準則 第16號(修訂本)	售後租回之租賃負債
Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020)	香港會計準則第1號 (修訂本)	分類為流動或非流 動負債及香港詮釋 第5號之相關修訂 (2020年)
Amendments to HKAS 1	Non-current Liabilities with Covenants	香港會計準則第1號 (修訂本)	附帶契諾的非流動 負債
Amendments to HKAS 7 and HKFRS 7	Supplier Finance Arrangements	香港會計準則第7號及 香港財務報告準則 第7號(修訂本)	供應商融資安排

The application of the amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements. 於本年度應用經修訂香港財務報告準則 會計準則對本集團本年度及過往年度之 財務狀況及表現及/或該等綜合財務報 表所載披露並無重大影響。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HKFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (Continued)

New and amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards in issued but not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards that have been issued but are not yet effective:

HKFRS 18	Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements ⁴	香港財務報告準則第18號	財務報表的呈列 及披露⁴
Amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards	Annual Improvements to HKFRS Accounting Standards — Volume11 ³	香港會計準則會計準則 (修訂本)	香港財務報告準則 會計準則的年度 改進 — 第11冊 ³
Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7	Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments ³	香港財務報告準則第9號 及香港財務報告準則 第7號(修訂本)	金融工具分類 及計量(修訂本) ³
Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7	Contracts Referencing Nature-dependent Electricity ³	香港財務報告準則第9號 及香港財務報告準則 第7號(修訂本)	涉及依賴自然能源 生產電力的合約 ³
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture ¹	香港財務報告準則 第10號及香港會計準則 第28號(修訂本)	投資者與其聯營公司 或合營企業之間的 資產出售或注資1
Amendments to HKAS 21	Lack of Exchangeability ²	香港會計準則第21號 (修訂本)	缺乏可兑換性2
¹ Effective for annual periods be	ginning on or after a date to be determined	1 於待定日期或之後開	乳始的年度期間生效。
² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025		² 於2025年1月1日或 效。	之後開始的年度期間生
³ Effective for annual periods be	ginning on or after 1 January 2026	³ 於2026年1月1日或 效。	之後開始的年度期間生

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027

The directors anticipate that the application of all the new and amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements in the foreseeable future.

2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則會計準則(續)

已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂及經修訂 香港財務報告準則會計準則

本集團並無提早應用以下已頒佈但尚未 生效的新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 會計準則:

(修訂本)				
1	於待定日期或之後開始的年度期間生效。			
2	於2025年1月1日或之後開始的年度期間生效。			
3	於2026年1月1日或之後開始的年度期間生效。			
4	於2027年1月1日或之後開始的年度期間生效。			
董事	預期,應用所有新訂香港財務報告			

ŧ 準則會計準則及其修訂本於可見將來將 不會對綜合財務報表產生重大影響。

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For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

3.1 Basic of preparation of consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards issued by the HKICPA. For the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements, information is considered material if such information is reasonably expected to influence decisions made by primary users. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosure required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of the Stock Exchange (the "GEM Listing Rules") and by the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain property and financial instruments that are measured at fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in the consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 Share-based Payment, leasing transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 16 Leases, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 Inventories or value in use in HKAS 36 Impairment of Assets.

綜合財務報表編製基準及重 大會計政策資料

3.1 綜合財務報表編製基準

綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師 公會頒佈的香港財務報告準則會 計準則編製。就編製綜合財務報 表而言,倘資料被合理預期會影 響主要使用者的決定,則有關資 料被視為重大。此外,綜合財務 報表包括聯交所GEM證券上市規 則(「GEM上市規則」)的適用披露 規定及香港公司條例的披露規定。

除若干物業及金融工具如下文的 會計政策所闡釋按公平值計量外, 綜合財務報表已按歷史成本基準 編製。

歷史成本一般基於換取商品及服 務所付出代價的公平值釐定。

公平值乃指市場參與者之間在計 量日期進行的有序交易中出售一 項資產所收取的價格或轉讓一項 負債所支付的價格,無論該價格 乃直接觀察到的結果,或採用其 他估值技術作出的估計。於估量 一項資產或負債的公平值時,本 集團考慮了市場參與者在計量日 期為該資產或負債進行定價時將 會考慮的該資產或負債的特徵。 於綜合財務報表中計量及/或披 露的公平值均按此基準予以釐定, 惟香港財務報告準則第2號以股份 為基礎的付款範圍內的以股份為 基礎的付款交易、香港財務報告 準則第16號租賃範圍內的租賃交 易及與公平值類似但並非公平值 的計量(例如香港會計準則第2號 存貨中的可變現淨值或香港會計 準則第36號資產減值中的使用價 值)除外。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

3.1 Basic of preparation of consolidated financial statements (Continued)

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

For investment property which are transacted at fair value and a valuation technique that unobservable inputs are to be used to measure fair value in subsequent periods, the valuation technique is calibrated so that at initial recognition the results of the valuation technique equals the transaction price.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

 綜合財務報表編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.1 綜合財務報表編製基準(續)

非金融資產公平值之計量計及市 場參與者可透過使用該資產並發 揮其最高及最佳作用,或將該資 產售予另一可使用該資產並發揮 其最高及最佳作用之市場參與者 而產生經濟利益之能力。

就按公平值交易的投資物業以及 於後續期間採用不可觀察輸入數 據計量公平值的估值技術而言, 估值技術應予校正,以便於初步 確認時估值技術的結果相等於交 易價格。

此外,就財務報告而言,公平值 計量根據公平值計量的輸入數據 可觀察程度及公平值計量的輸入 數據對其整體的重要性分類為第1 級、第2級或第3級,詳情如下:

- 第1級輸入數據為實體在計 量日期可以取得的相同資產 或負債的活躍市場報價(未 經調整);
- 第2級輸入數據為就資產或 負債直接或間接地可觀察的 輸入數據(第1級內包括的報 價除外);及
- 第3級輸入數據為資產或負 債的不可觀察輸入數據。

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綜合財務報表附註

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For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information

Basis of consolidation

The consolidation financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each item of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料

綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及本公 司控制的實體(包括結構性實體) 及其附屬公司的財務報表。當本 公司:

- 對被投資公司擁有權力;
- 因參與被投資公司業務而獲 得可變動回報的風險或權利;
 及
- 擁有運用其權力影響其回報 的能力時,即擁有控制權。

倘有事實及情況顯示上述三項控 制因素中出現一項或以上變數, 本集團會重新評估其是否控制被 投資公司。

將附屬公司綜合入賬乃於本集團 取得對附屬公司的控制權時開始 並於本集團失去對附屬公司的控制權 時終止。具體而言,於本集團 出售團取得控制權之日 之會由本集團取得控制權之日起 至本集團終止控制附屬公司之日 止包括在綜合損益及其他全面收 益表內。

本公司擁有人及非控股權益分佔 損益及其他全面收益的各項目。 即使導致非控股權益的結餘出現 虧絀,本公司擁有人及非控股權 益會分佔附屬公司的全面收益總額。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Basis of consolidation (Continued)

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries are presented separately from the Group's equity therein, which represent present ownership interests entitling their holders to a proportionate share of net assets of the relevant subsidiaries upon liquidation. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

綜合基準(續)

如有需要,附屬公司的財務報表 會作出調整,以使其會計政策與 本集團的會計政策一致。

所有與本集團成員公司之間的交 易有關的集團內部資產及負債、 股本、收入、開支及現金流量已 於綜合賬目時全面撇銷。

附屬公司的非控股權益與本集團 於當中的權益分開呈列,指現時 擁有權權益賦予持有人權利於清 盤時按比例分佔相關附屬公司資 產淨值。

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For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

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3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Interest in an associate

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. The financial statements of associates used for equity accounting purposes are prepared using uniform accounting policies as those of the Group for like transactions and events in similar circumstances. Under the equity method, an investment in an associate is initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate. Changes in net assets of the associate other than profit or loss and other comprehensive income are not accounted for unless such changes resulted in changes in ownership interest held by the Group. When the Group's share of losses of an associate exceeds the Group's interest in that associate (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

An investment in an associate is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes an associate. On acquisition of the investment in an associate, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

於聯營公司之權益

聯營公司為本集團具有重大影響 之實體。重大影響乃指參與被投 資方之財務及經營政策決策,但 非控制或共同控制該等政策之權力。

聯營公司之業績及資產與負債乃 採用權益會計法計入綜合財務報 表。為進行權益入賬所採用聯營 公司之財務報表,乃採用與本集 團在類似情況下就類似交易及事 件所用者一致之會計政策編製。 根據權益法,於聯營公司之投資 初步按成本於綜合財務狀況表確 認,其後作出調整,以確認本集 團應佔聯營公司之損益及其他全 面收益。聯營公司資產淨值(損益 及其他全面收益除外)之變動均不 予入賬,除非有關變動導致本集 團所持所有權權益出現變動。當 本集團應佔聯營公司虧損超過其 於聯營公司之權益(包括實質上構 成本集團於聯營公司淨投資之任 何長期權益),則本集團終止確認 其應佔之進一步虧損。僅當本集 團已產生法定或推定責任或代表 聯營公司支付款項,則確認額外 虧損。

於聯營公司的投資由被投資方成 為聯營公司當日起使用權益法入 賬。於收購於聯營公司的投資時, 投資成本超出本集團分佔被投資 方可識別資產及負債的公平淨值 的低何部分確認為商譽,計入 該 投資的賬面值。本集團分佔可識 別資產及負債的公平淨值超出投 資成本的任何部分,經重新評估 後即時於收購投資期間在損益確認。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Interest in an associate (Continued)

The Group assesses whether there is an objective evidence that the interest in an associate may be impaired. When any objective evidence exists, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised is not allocated to any asset, including goodwill, that forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

When the Group ceases to have significant influence over an associate, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in the investee with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. When the Group retains an interest in the former associate and the retained interest is a financial asset within the scope of HKFRS 9, the Group measures the retained interest at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition. The difference between the carrying amount of the associate and the fair value of any retained interest and any proceeds from disposing of the relevant interest in the associate is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate on the same basis as would be required if that associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that associate would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) upon disposal/partial disposal of the relevant associate.

 綜合財務報表編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

於聯營公司之權益(續)

倘本集團對聯營公司失去重大影 響力,其入賬列作出售被投資方 的全部權益,所產生的收益或虧 損於損益確認。倘本集團保留於 前聯營公司的權益,且該保留權 益為香港財務報告準則第9號範圍 內的金融資產,則本集團於該日 按公平值計量保留權益,而該公 平值被視為於初步確認時的公平 值。聯營公司的賬面值與任何保 留權益的公平值及出售聯營公司 相關權益的任何所得款項之間的 差額計入釐定出售該聯營公司的 收益或虧損。此外,本集團會將 先前在其他全面收益就該聯營公 司確認的所有金額入賬,基準與 倘該聯營公司已直接出售相關資 產或負債所需基準相同。因此, 倘該聯營公司先前已於其他全面 收益確認收益或虧損,其將於出 售相關資產或負債時重新分類至 損益,本集團於出售/部分出售 有關聯營公司時將收益或虧損由 權益重新分類至損益(作為重新分 類調整)。

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For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

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3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Interest in an associate (Continued)

When the Group reduces its ownership interest in an associate but the Group continues to use the equity method, the Group reclassifies to profit or loss the proportion of the gain or loss that had previously been recognised in other comprehensive income relating to that reduction in ownership interest if that gain or loss would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities.

When a group entity transacts with an associate of the Group, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate are recognised in the consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate that are not related to the Group.

Separate financial statements

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving a dividend from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of investee's net assets including goodwill.

Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provide to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocation resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the steering committee that makes strategic decisions. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

於聯營公司之權益(續)

當本集團減少其於聯營公司的擁 有權權益但本集團繼續使用權益 法時,倘有關收益或虧損將於出 售相關資產或負債時重新分類至 損益,則本集團將先前已於其他 全面收益確認的與該擁有權權益 減少有關的收益或虧損部分重新 分類至損益。

倘集團實體與本集團聯營公司進 行交易,與聯營公司進行交易所 產生的溢利及虧損於綜合財務報 表內確認,惟僅以與本集團無關 的聯營公司權益為限。

獨立財務報表

附屬公司投資按成本扣除減值列 賬。成本包括投資的直接歸屬成 本。附屬公司的業績由本公司按 已收及應收股息入賬。

如股息超過宣派股息期間內附屬 公司的全面收益總額,或如在獨 立財務報表的投資賬面值超過綜 合財務報表中被投資公司資產淨 值(包括商譽)的賬面值,則於收 到該等投資的股息後,必須對附 屬公司投資作減值測試。

分部報告

營運分部的報告方式須與主要營 運決策者獲提供的內部報告的方 式一致。作出策略決策的督導委 員會是主要營運決策者,其負責 分配資源並且評核營運分部的表現。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers

The Group recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer.

A performance obligation represents a good or service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same.

Control is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation if one of the following criteria is met:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs;
- the Group's performance creates and enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the distinct good or service.

A contract asset represents the Group's right to consideration in exchange for goods or services that the Group has transferred to a customer that is not yet unconditional. It is assessed for impairment in accordance with HKFRS 9. In contrast, a receivable represents the Group's unconditional right to consideration, i.e. only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

來自客戶合約的收益

本集團於完成履約責任時(或就此) 確認收益,即於特定履約責任相 關商品或服務的「控制權」移交客 戶時。

履約責任指一項獨特商品或服務 (或一攬子商品或服務)或一系列 大致相同的獨特商品或服務。

倘符合下列其中一項標準,則控 制權已在一段時間內轉移,而收 益會參考相關履約責任的已完成 履約進度後在一段時間內確認:

- 在本集團履約時,客戶同時 取得並消耗因本集團履約而
 帶來的利益;
- 本集團履約創造或改良在本 集團履約時客戶控制的資產;
 或
- 本集團履約並無創造對本集 團而言具替代用途的資產, 且本集團對迄今已完成的履 約付款具有可強制執行權利。

否則,收益於客戶獲得獨特商品 或服務控制權的時點確認。

合約資產指本集團就換取本集團 已轉讓予客戶的商品或服務收取 代價的權利,而有關權利尚未成 為無條件。本集團會根據香港財 務報告準則第9號評估減值。相 反,應收款項指本集團收取代價 的無條件權利,即在該代價到期 支付前僅需等待時間經過。

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For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

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3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer.

A contract asset and a contract liability relating to a contract are accounted for and presented on a net basis.

Principal versus agent

When another party is involved in providing goods or services to a customer, the Group determines whether the nature of its promise is a performance obligation to provide the specified goods or services itself (i.e. the Group is a principal) or to arrange for those goods or services to be provided by the other party (i.e. the Group is an agent).

The Group is a principal if it controls the specified good or service before that good or service is transferred to a customer.

The Group is an agent if its performance obligation is to arrange for the provision of the specified good or service by another party. In this case, the Group does not control the specified good or service provided by another party before that good or service is transferred to the customer. When the Group acts as an agent, it recognises revenue in the amount of any fee or commission to which it expects to be entitled in exchange for arranging for the specified goods or services to be provided by the other party.

Further details of the Group's revenue recognition policies are as follows:

Sale of diesel oil and related product, injecting molding machine and steel products

Revenue is recognised at a point in time when control of the goods has been transferred, being when the goods have been delivered to the customers' specific location. The normal credit term is 3 days to 150 days upon delivery. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

來自客戶合約的收益(續)

合約負債指本集團因本集團已向 客戶收取代價(或已到期代價金額) 而須向客戶轉讓商品或服務的責任。

與合約有關的合約資產及合約負 債按淨額列賬並呈列。

主事人與代理人

倘另一方參與向客戶提供商品或 服務,本集團會釐定其承諾性質 是否屬於自行提供特定商品或服 務(即本集團為主事人)或安排另 一方提供貨品或服務(即本集團為 代理人)的履約責任。

如果本集團在將特定商品或服務 轉移給客戶之前控制該商品或服 務,則本集團為主事人。

有關本集團收益確認政策的進一 步詳情如下:

銷售柴油及相關產品、注塑機及 鋼產品 收益於貨品的控制權已轉移時確 認,即貨品交付至客戶指定地點 之時。正常的信貸期為交貨後3日 至150日。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Leases

Definition of a lease

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

For contracts entered into or modified on or after the date of initial application or arising from business combinations, the Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease based on the definition under HKFRS 16 at inception, modification date or acquisition date, as appropriate. Such contract will not be reassessed unless the terms and conditions of the contract are subsequently changed.

The Group as a lessee

Allocation of consideration to components of a contract For a contract that contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

The Group applies practical expedient not to separate non-lease from lease component, and instead account for the lease component and any associated non-lease components as a single lease component.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to leases of office that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option. It also applies the recognition exemption for lease of low-value assets. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis or another systematic basis over the lease term. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

租賃

租賃定義

倘合約附帶於一段時間內控制所 識別資產的用途以交換代價的權 利,則合約為或包含租賃。

就於首次應用日期或之後訂立或 修訂或因業務合併而產生的合約 而言,本集團根據香港財務報告 準則第16號項下的定義於初始、 修改日期或收購日期(如合適)評 估該合約是否為或包含租賃。除 非合約的條款及條件其後出現變 動,否則有關合約將不予重新評估。

本集團作為承租人

分配代價至合約組成部分

就包含一項租賃組成部分及一項 或多項額外租賃或非租賃組成部 分的合約而言,本集團根據租賃 組成部分的相對單獨價格及非租 賃組成部分的單獨價格總和將合 約代價分配至各個租賃組成部分。

本集團採用實際權宜方法,不將 非租賃與租賃組成部分分開,而 將租賃組成部分與任何相關的非 租賃組成部分作為單個租賃組成 部分進行會計處理。

短期租賃及低價值資產租賃

本集團將短期租賃確認豁免應用 於辦公室的租賃,該租賃的租期 自開始日期起計為期十二個月或 以下並且不包括購買選擇權。其 亦對低價值資產租賃應用確認豁 免。短期租賃及低價值資產租賃 的租賃付款於租賃期內按直線法 或另一系統基準確認為開支。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

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3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

The Group as a lessor

Classification and measurement of leases

Leases for which the Group is a lessor are classified as finance or operating leases. Whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee, the contract is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset, and such costs are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term except for investment properties measured under fair value model.

Allocation of consideration to components of a contract

When a contract includes both leases and non-lease components, the Group applies HKFRS 15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* to allocate consideration in a contract to lease and non-lease components. Non-lease components are separated from lease component on the basis of their relative stand-alone selling prices.

Refundable rental deposits

Refundable rental deposits received are accounted for under HKFRS 9 and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments from lessees.

Lease modification

Changes in considerations of lease contracts that were not part of the original terms and conditions are accounted for as lease modifications, including lease incentives provided through forgiveness or reduction of rentals.

The Group accounts for a modification to an operating lease as a new lease from the effective date of the modification, considering any prepaid or accrued lease payments relating to the original lease as part of the lease payments for the new lease. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為出租人 <u>租賃之分類</u>及計量

本集團作為出租人的租賃分類為 融資或經營租賃。當租賃條款將 相關資產擁有權附帶的絕大部分 風險及回報轉移至承租人時,該 合約乃分類為融資租賃。所有其 他租賃乃分類為經營租賃。

經營租賃之租金收入乃按有關租 賃之租期以直線法於損益中確認。 協商及安排所產生之初步直接成 本乃加至租賃資產之賬面值,有 關成本於租賃期內按直線法確認 為開支,除投資物業則按公平值 模式計量。

將代價分配至合約組成部分

當合約包括租賃及非租賃組成部 分時,本集團應用香港財務報告 準則第15號客戶合約收益將合約 的代價分配至租賃及非租賃組成 部分。非租賃組成部分基於其相 對獨立售價而與租賃組成部分分 開呈列。

可退回租賃按金

已收可退回租賃按金根據香港財 務報告準則第9號入賬,初步按公 平值計量。初始確認時對公平值 作出之調整被視為承租人之額外 租賃款項。

租賃修訂

並非原有條款及條件一部分之租 賃合約代價變動入賬列作租賃修 訂,包括透過寬免或減少租金提 供之租賃優惠。

本集團將經營租賃修訂入賬列作 自修訂生效日期起生效之新租賃, 並將與原租賃相關之任何預付或 應計租賃款項視為新租賃之租賃 款項一部分。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Nonmonetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Nonmonetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. HK\$) using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expenses items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during that period, in which case the exchange rates at the date of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of exchange reserve (attributed to non-controlling interests as appropriate).

 綜合財務報表編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

外幣

結算貨幣項目及重新換算貨幣項 目產生之匯兑差額於產生期間之 損益確認。

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For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

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3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Foreign currencies (Continued)

On the disposal of a foreign operation (that is, a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, or a partial disposal of an interest in a joint arrangement or an associate that includes a foreign operation of which the retained interest becomes a financial asset), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss.

In addition, in relation to a partial disposal of a subsidiary that does not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiary, the proportionate share of accumulated exchange differences are re-attributed to non-controlling interests and are not recognised in profit or loss. For all other partial disposals (i.e. partial disposals of associates or joint arrangements that do not result in the Group losing significant influence or joint control), the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange differences is reclassified to profit or loss.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments on identifiable assets acquired arising on an acquisition of a foreign operation are treated as assets and liabilities of that foreign operation and translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Exchange differences arising are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are included.

 綜合財務報表編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

外幣(續)

出售海外業務時(即出售本集團於 海外業務之全部權益、或出售涉 及失去包括海外業務之附屬公司 之控制權、或出售包括海外業務 之合營安排或聯營公司之部份權 益(其保留權益成為一項金融資 產)),本公司擁有人就該業務應 佔之所有於權益累計之匯兑差額 乃重新分類至損益。

此外,有關部分出售附屬公司並 無導致本集團失去附屬公司之控 制權,則按比例分佔之累計匯兑 差額被重新分配至非控股權益, 而不在損益內確認。就所有其他 部分出售(即部分出售聯營公司或 合營安排但不引致本集團失去重 大影響力或共同控制權)而言,按 比例分佔之累計匯兑差額被重新 分類至損益。

收購海外業務所得可識別資產的 商譽及公平值調整,被視為該海 外業務的資產及負債,並按各報 告期末的適用匯率換算。由此產 生的匯兑差額於其他全面收益中 確認。

借款成本

所有借款成本乃於其產生期間在 損益內確認。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED 3. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Government grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

Government grants related to income that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable. Such grants are presented under "other income".

綜合財務報表編製基準及重 3. 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

政府補助

於合理確保本集團會符合政府補 助所附條件及可收取補助時,方 會確認該等政府補助。

政府補助按系統基準於本集團將 政府補助擬補償的相關成本確認 為開支的各期間在損益內確認。

作為已產生開支或虧損之補償或 向本集團提供即時財務資助(並無 日後相關成本)而應收與收入有關 的政府補助,乃於其成為應收款 項期間於損益中確認。有關補助 於[其他收入]項下呈列。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

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3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Employee benefits

Retirement benefits costs

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

The Group operates the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for those employees employed under the jurisdiction of the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance. The MPF Scheme is a defined contribution scheme, the assets of which are held in separate trustee-administered funds.

Under the MPF Scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the scheme at 5% of the employees' relevant income, with the employers' contributions subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$30,000. The Group's contributions to the MPF Scheme are expensed as incurred. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. There are no forfeited contributions for the MPF Scheme as the contributions are fully vested to the employees upon payment to the MPF Scheme. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

僱員福利

退休福利成本 向界定供款退休福利計劃支付的 供款於僱員提供服務而有權享有 供款時確認為開支。

本集團根據香港強制性公積金計 劃條例為其受香港僱傭條例所管 轄之僱員設立強制性公積金計劃 (「強積金計劃」)。強積金計劃乃 一項定額供款計劃,其資產由獨 立信託管理基金持有。

根據強積金計劃,僱主及僱員均 須按僱員相關收入之5%向計劃作 出供款,惟僱主供款以每月有關 收入30,000港元為上限。本集團 對強積金計劃之供款於產生時支 銷。支付供款後本集團即再無其 他付款責任。由於向強積金計劃 付款時供款全數歸屬僱員,故並 無強積金計劃之供款被沒收。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Employee benefits (Continued)

Short-term and other long-term employee benefits Short-term employee benefits are recognised at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid as and when employees rendered the services. All shortterm employee benefits are recognised as an expense unless another HKFRS Accounting Standards requires or permits the inclusion of the benefit in the cost of an asset.

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees (such as wages and salaries, annual leave and sick leave) after deducting any amount already paid.

Liabilities recognised in respect of other long-term employee benefits are measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows expected to be made by the Group in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date. Any changes in the liabilities' carrying amounts resulting from service cost, interest and remeasurements are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that another HKFRS Accounting Standards requires or permits their inclusion in the cost of an asset.

For long service payment ("LSP") obligation, the Group accounts for the employer MPF contributions expected to be offset as a deemed employee contribution towards the LSP obligation in terms of HKAS 19.93(a) and it is measure on a net basis. The estimated amount of future benefit is determined after deducting the negative service cost arising from the accrued benefits derived from the Group's MPF contributions that have been vested with employees, which are deemed to be contributions from the relevant employees. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

僱員福利(續)

短期及其他長期僱員福利 短期僱員福利乃以於僱員提供服 務時預期支付的福利的未貼現金 額確認。所有短期僱員福利確認 為開支,除非另一項香港財務報 告準則會計準則要求或允許將有 關福利納入資產成本,則作別論。

在扣除已經支付的任何金額後, 對僱員應得的福利(例如工資及薪 金、年假以及病假)確認負債。

有關其他長期僱員福利確認之負 債,乃按本集團預期就僱員截至 報告日期所提供服務作出之估計 未來現金流出之現值計量。因服 務成本、利息及重新計量導致的 負債賬面值之任何變動,乃於損 益中確認,惟另一項香港財務報 告準則會計準則要求或允許將有 關變動計入資產成本則除外。

就長期服務金(「長期服務金」)責任而言,本集團根據香港會計準則第19.93(a)條,將預期抵銷的僱主強積金供款視為僱員對長期超行的視同供款,並以淨額計量。未來福利的估計金額是加除來自本集團強積金供款已是服務 成本後確定,這些供款被視為相 關僱員的供款。

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For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

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3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit/loss before tax because of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit and at the time of the transaction does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill.

 綜合財務報表編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

税項

所得税開支指即期應付税項及遞 延税項的總和。

即期應付税項以本年度應課税溢 利計算。應課税溢利與除税前溢 利/虧損不同之處在於其他年度 內應課税或可抵免的收入或支出 以及從來毋須課税或從來不可抵 免的項目。本公司即期税項負員 按報告期末已實施或大致上已實 施的税率計算。

遞延税項確認為就綜合財務報表 內資產及負債的賬面值及用以計 算應課税溢利相應税基的臨時差 額。遞延税項負債一般會確認所 有應課税臨時差額。遞延税項資 產一般會確認所有可扣減臨時差 額而僅以可能出現的可動用臨時 差額扣税的應課税溢利為限。倘 暫時差額源自首次確認(業務合併 除外)不影響應課税溢利或會計溢 利交易的資產及負債且交易發生 時不產生同等應課税及可抵免臨 時差額,則有關遞延税項資產及 負債不予確認。此外,倘暫時差 額源自商譽的首次確認,則不會 確認遞延税項負債。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

税項(續)

遞延税項資產的賬面值於各報告 期末審閱,並削減至不可能再有 足夠應課税溢利以收回全部或部 分資產為止。

遞延税項資產及負債乃以清還負 債或變現資產的期間預計適用税 率計量,並根據於報告期末已頒 佈或實質頒佈的税率(及税務法例) 為基準。

遞延税項負債及資產計量反映本 集團於報告期末預期可收回或清 償其資產及負債賬面值的方式將 會產生的税務結果。

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For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

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3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Taxation (Continued)

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the carrying amounts of such properties are presumed to be recovered entirely through sale, unless the presumption is rebutted. The presumption is rebutted when the investment property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time, rather than through sale.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied to the same taxable entity by the same taxation authority.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are tangible assets that are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes. Property, plant and equipment are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost, less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets less their residual values over their useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

税項(續)

為計量使用公平值模型計量的投 資物業的遞延所得税,除非該推 定被推翻,否則該等物業的賬面 值應推定為完全透過出售收回。 當投資物業可予折舊及於目標為 隨時間而非透過銷售消耗投資物 業所包含之絕大部分經濟利益的 業務模式內持有時,則該推定被 推翻。

當有合法可執行權利將即期税項 資產與即期税項負債抵銷,以及 當其與同一税務機關對同一應課 税實體徵收的所得税有關時,則 遞延税項資產及負債互相抵銷。

即期及遞延税項於損益內確認。

物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備為持有用作生 產或提供貨物或服務或作行政用 途的有形資產。物業、廠房及設 備於綜合財務狀況表按成本減其 後累計折舊及其後累計減值虧損 (如有)列賬。

折舊乃按其可使用年期以直線法 撇銷資產成本減其剩餘價值確認。 於各報告期末會檢討估計可使用 年期、剩餘價值及折舊方法,而 任何估計變動的影響按前瞻基準 入賬。

物業、廠房及設備項目於出售時 或當繼續使用該資產預期不會產 生任何日後經濟利益時終止確認。 出售或棄用物業、廠房及設備項 目所產生的任何收益或虧損,釐 定為出售所得款項與資產賬面值 之間的差額,並於損益內確認。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

The property, plant and equipment are depreciated over their estimated useful lives, after taking into account of their residual value, on a straight-line basis at the following rates per annum:

Leasehold improvement	Over the lease terms
Motor vehicles	30%
Office equipment	30%
Oil barge	10%
Tug	10%

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reassessed at each reporting date.

Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation.

Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at fair value, adjusted to exclude any prepaid or accrued operating lease income.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment properties are included in profit or loss for the period in which they arise.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in profit or loss in the period in which the property is derecognised. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

物業、廠房及設備(續)

物業、廠房及設備在計入其剩餘 價值後於其估計可使用年期內以 直線法按以下年率折舊:

於租期內
30%
30%
10%
10%

折舊方法、可使用年期及剩餘價 值於各報告日期重新評估。

投資物業

投資物業為持作賺取租金及/或 資本增值的物業。

投資物業初步按成本計量,包括 任何直接應佔支出。於初始確認 後,投資物業按其公平值計量, 調整為不包括任何預付或應計的 經營租賃收入。

投資物業之公平值變動所產生之 收益或虧損於產生期間計入損益。

出售或投資物業永久性退出使用 且預期出售不會產生未來經濟利 益時,終止確認該投資物業。因 終止確認該物業而產生的任何收 益或虧損(按出售所得款項淨額與 資產賬面值之間的差額計算)計入 終止確認該物業的期間的損益中。

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For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

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3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Impairment of property, plant and equipment

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its property, plant and equipment to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

The recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment are estimated individually. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cashgenerating-units ("CGU") to which the asset belongs.

In testing a CGU for impairment, corporate assets are allocated to the relevant CGU when a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be established, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of CGUs for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be established. The recoverable amount is determined for the CGU or group of CGUs to which the corporate asset belongs, and is compared with the carrying amount of the relevant CGU unit or group of CGU. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

物業、廠房及設備減值

於各報告期末,本集團審閲其物 業、廠房及設備賬面值,以釐定 是否有任何跡象顯示該等資產已 出現減值虧損。倘存在任何該等 跡象,則會估計資產的可收回金 額以釐定減值虧損(如有)的程度。

物業、廠房及設備的可收回金額 乃個別估計。當不可能估計個別 資產的可收回金額,則本集團會 估計該資產所屬現金產生單位(「現 金產生單位」)的可收回金額。

於測試現金產生單位的減值時, 當能夠確立合理及一致的分配基礎時,企業資產將預分配到相關 現金產生單位,否則將獲分配到相關 能夠確立合理及一致分配基礎分 最小現金產生單位組別。企業 產所屬的現金產生單位或現金 與相關現金產生單位或現金產 單位組別的賬面值進行比較。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED 3. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Impairment of property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a CGU) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount. In allocating the impairment loss, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill (if applicable) and then to the other assets on a prorata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit or the group of CGUs. The carrying amount of an asset is not reduced below the highest of its fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable), its value in use (if determinable) and zero. The amount of the impairment loss that would otherwise have been allocated to the asset is allocated pro rata to the other assets of the unit or the group of CGUs. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or CGU or a group of CGUs) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or a CGU or a group of CGUs) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

3. 综合財務報表編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續) 物業、廠房及設備減值(續)

可收回金額為公平值減銷售成本 與使用價值兩者中的較高者。評 估使用價值時,估計未來現金流 量採用除税前貼現率貼現至其現 值,而該除税前貼現率反映金錢 時間價值的現行市場評估及未來 現金流量估計未經調整的資產特 定風險。

倘資產(或現金產生單位)的可收 回金額估計低於其賬面值,則該 資產(或現金產生單位)的賬面值 將減至其可收回金額。於分配減 值虧損時,首先分配減值虧損以 減低任何商譽(如適用)的賬面值, 再按該單位或一組現金產生單位 內各項資產的賬面值所佔比例分 配至其他資產。資產賬面值不得 減少至低於其公平值減出售成本 (如可計量)、其使用價值(如可釐 定)及零(以最高者為準)。本應分 配至資產的減值虧損金額按所佔 比例分配至該單位或該組現金產 生單位內的其他資產。減值虧損 即時於損益內確認。

倘減值虧損於其後撥回,該資產 (或現金產生單位或現金產生單位 組別)的賬面值則會增至經修訂的 估計可收回金額,惟增加後的賬 面值不得超出該資產(或現金產生 單位或現金產生單位組別)於過往 年度並無確認減值虧損時應予釐 定的賬面值。減值虧損撥回即時 於損益內確認。

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For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

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3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value with absorption cost. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale. Costs necessary to make the sale include incremental costs directly attributable to the sale and non-incremental costs which the Group must incur to make the sale.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (where the effect of the time value of money is material).

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

存貨

存貨以成本及可變現淨值兩者的 較低者與全部成本一同列賬。成 本以加權平均法釐定。可變現淨 值指存貨的估計售價減所有估計 竣工成本及必要銷售成本。進行 銷售所需的成本包括直接歸屬於 銷售的增量成本及本集團為進行 銷售而必須產生的非增量成本。

撥備

倘本集團因過往事件而現時承擔 法定或推定責任,本集團有可能 須清償該責任,且該責任金額能 可靠估計,則會確認撥備。

確認為撥備的金額為於報告期末 清償現時責任所需代價的最佳估 計,當中經計及該責任的風險及 不明朗因素。倘使用估計用以清 償現時責任的現金流量計量撥備, 如金錢時間價值的影響屬重大, 其賬面值為該等現金流量的現值。

預期向第三方收回須清償撥備的 若干或所有經濟利益時,倘基本 確定償付將被收回且應收款項金 額能可靠計量,則應收款項會確 認為資產。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Contingent assets and liabilities

Contingent assets

Contingent assets arise from unplanned or other unexpected events that give rise to the possibility of an inflow of economic benefits to the Group and they are not recognised in the consolidated financial statements. The Group assesses continually the development of contingent assets. If it has become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the Group recognises the asset and the related income in the consolidated financial statements in the reporting period in which the change occurs.

Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is a present obligation arising from past events but is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

Where the Group is jointly and severally liable for an obligation, the part of the obligation that is expected to be met by other parties is treated as a contingent liability and it is not recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

The Group assesses continually to determine whether an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits has become probable. If it becomes probable that an outflow of future economic benefits will be required for an item previously dealt with as a contingent liability, a provision is recognised in the consolidated financial statements in the reporting period in which the change in probability occurs, except in the extremely rare circumstances where no reliable estimate can be made. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

或然資產及負債

或然資產

或然資產源於有可能導致經濟利 益流入本集團之未計劃事件或其 他突發事件,有關資產不會於綜 合財務報表內確認。本集團會持 續評估或然資產之發展。倘幾可 肯定會有經濟利益流入,則本集 團會於變動出現之呈報期內在綜 合財務報表確認該資產及相關收入。

或然負債

或然負債指因過去事件而產生之 現有責任,但由於不可能需要流 出帶有經濟利益之資源以承擔責 任,或責任金額未能足以可靠地 計量而未予確認。

倘本集團須共同及個別承擔責任, 則預期由其他方承擔之部分責任 則會視作或然負債,並不會於綜 合財務報表內確認。

本集團會持續評估以釐定有否可 能流出帶有經濟利益之資源。倘 有可能需要就一項先前視作或然 負債處理之項目流出未來經濟利 益,則會於出現可能性變動之呈 報期內在綜合財務報表確認撥備, 除非出現無法作出可靠估計之極 端罕見情況則作別論。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

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3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents presented on the consolidated statement of financial position include:

- (a) cash, which comprises of cash on hand and demand deposits, excluding bank balances that are subject to regulatory restrictions that result in such balances no longer meeting the definition of cash; and
- (b) cash equivalents, which comprises of short-term (generally with original maturity of three months or less), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes.

For the purposes of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as defined above.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物於綜合財務狀 況表呈列,包括以下各項:

- (a) 現金,其包括手頭現金及活 期存款,不包括受監管限制
 而導致有關結餘不再符合現
 金定義的銀行結餘;及
- (b) 現金等價物,其包括短期(通常原到期日為三個月或更短)、可隨時轉換為已知數額現金且價值變動風險不大的高流動性投資。現金等價物持作滿足短期現金承擔, 而非用於投資或其他目的。

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及 現金等價物包括上文定義的現金 及現金等價物。

金融工具

金融資產及金融負債於集團實體 成為工具合約條文的訂約方時確 認。金融資產的所有常規買賣均 按交易日基準確認及終止確認。 常規買賣為需要於法規或市場慣 例制定的時限內交付資產的金融 資產買賣。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value except for trade receivables arising from contracts with customers which are initially measured in accordance with HKFRS 15. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income and interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts and payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Financial assets

<u>Classification and subsequent measurement of financial</u> assets

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

 綜合財務報表編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

實際利率法乃計算金融資產或金 融負債的攤銷成本及於相關期間 內分配利息收入及利息開支的方 法。實際利率乃按金融資產或金 融負債的預期年期或適用的方 期間,準確貼現估計未來現金收 支(包括構成實際利率不可或缺部 分的所有已付或已收費用及費點、 交易成本及其他溢價或折讓)至初 步確認時賬面淨值的利率。

金融資產 分類及其後計量金融資產

符合下列條件的金融資產其後按 攤銷成本計量:

- 按旨在收取合約現金流量的 業務模式持有金融資產;及
- 有關合約條款於特定日期僅 就支付本金及未償還本金額 利息的現金流量產生。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

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3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

<u>Classification and subsequent measurement of financial</u> assets (Continued)

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at FVTOCI:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both selling and collecting contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at FVTPL, except that at the date of initial recognition of a financial asset the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value of an equity investment in other comprehensive income if that equity investment is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which HKFRS 3 *Business Combinations* applies.

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is a part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

 綜合財務報表編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續) <u>分類及其後計量金融資產</u>(續)

符合下列條件的金融資產其後按 公平值計入其他全面收益計量:

- 按透過銷售及收取合約現金
 流量達成目標的業務模式持有金融資產;及
- 有關合約條款於特定日期僅
 就支付本金及未償還本金額
 利息的現金流量產生。

所有其他金融資產按公平值計入 損益計量,惟於初步確認金融資 產當日,本集團可能不可撤銷地 選擇於其他全面收益內呈列股權 投資公平值其後變動,前提是該 股權投資並非持作買賣,亦非收 購方於香港財務報告準則第3號業 務合併適用的業務合併中確認的 或然代價。

倘屬以下情況,金融資產被分類 為持作買賣:

- 收購該金融資產的目的主要 是在短期內出售;或
- 於初步確認時,該金融資產 構成本集團一併管理的已識 別金融工具的組合一部分, 並且具有最近實際短期獲利 模式;或
- 該金融資產為未被指定的衍 生工具及可有效作為對沖工 具。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

<u>Classification and subsequent measurement of financial</u> assets (Continued)

In addition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset that are required to be measured at the amortised cost or FVTOCI as measured at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch.

Amortised cost and interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for financial assets measured subsequently at amortised cost. Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired (see below). For financial assets that have subsequently become creditimpaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from the next reporting period. If the credit risk on the credit-impaired financial instrument improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset from the beginning of the reporting period following the determination that the asset is no longer credit-impaired.

Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI or designated as FVTOCI are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss excludes any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the "other gains and losses" line item. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續) <u>分類及其後計量金融資產</u>(續)

此外,本集團可能不可撤銷地指定 須按攤銷成本或按公平值計入其 他全面收益計量的金融資產為按 公平值計入損益計量,前提為此舉 可抵銷或大幅減少會計錯配情況。

攤銷成本及利息收入

按公平值計入損益的金融資產 金融資產如不符合按攤銷成本或 按公平值計入其他全面收益計量 或指定為按公平值計入其他全面 收益的準則,則按公平值計入損 益計量。

於各報告期末,按公平值計入損 益的金融資產按公平值計量,而 任何公平值收益或虧損則於損益 內確認。於損益內確認的收益或 虧損淨額不包括就金融資產所賺 取的任何股息或利息,並計入「其 他收益及虧損」項目內。

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For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

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3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued) Impairment of financial assets

The Group performs impairment assessment under expected credit loss ("ECL") model on financial assets (including trade receivables, deposits and other receivables, amount due from an associate, pledged bank deposits and bank balances). The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting period to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the relevant instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL ("12m ECL") represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting period. Assessment are done based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current conditions at the reporting period as well as the forecast of future conditions.

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for trade receivables without significant financing component.

For all other instruments, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12m ECL, unless when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, in which case the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值

本集團根據預期信貸虧損(「預期 信貸虧損」)模式於金融資產(包括 貿易應收款項、按金及其他應收 款項、應收一間聯營公司款項、 已抵押銀行存款以及銀行結餘)進 行減值評估。預期信貸虧損金額 於各報告期間更新,以反映自初 步確認起的信貸風險變動。

全期預期信貸虧損指因於相關工 具預期年期內所有可能發生的發 約事件而將會導致的預期信貸虧損 。相反,12個月預期信貸虧損」)則指貸 個月預期信貸虧損」)則指貸 約事件而導致的全期預 信貸虧損部分。評估乃根據 人特定因素、一般經濟狀況 以及對報告期間當前狀況所作評 估及未來狀況預測作出調整。

本集團一直就並無重大融資組成 部分的貿易應收款項確認全期預 期信貸虧損。

就所有其他工具而言,本集團會 計量相當於12個月預期信貸虧損 的虧損撥備,惟倘自初步確認後 信貸風險大幅增加,於該情況下, 本集團會確認全期預期信貸虧損。 是否應確認全期預期信貸虧損。 評估乃根據發生違約的可能性或 風險自初步確認以來是否大幅增 加進行。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued) <u>Impairment of financial assets</u> (Continued) Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the debtor;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; or
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

 綜合財務報表編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續) <u>金融資產減值</u>(續) 信貸風險大幅增加 於評估信貸風險自初步確認以來 是否大幅增加時,本集團會比較 金融工具於報告日期出現違約的 風險與該金融工具於初步確認日

期出現違約的風險。作此評估時, 本集團會考慮合理可靠的定量及 定性資料,當中包括過往經驗及 毋須花費過多成本或努力即可獲 得的前瞻性資料。

尤其是,評估信貸風險是否大幅 增加時會考慮下列資料:

- 金融工具外部(如有)或內部
 信貸評級的實際或預期嚴重
 惡化;
- 信貸風險的外部市場指標嚴 重惡化,例如信貸利差大幅 增加,債務人的信貸違約掉 期價格;
- 業務、財務或經濟狀況的現 有或預測不利變動預期導致 債務人履行其債務責任能力 大幅下降;
- 債務人經營業績實際或預期 嚴重惡化;或
- 債務人身處的監管、經濟或 技術環境的實際或預期重大 不利變動導致債務人履行其 債務責任能力大幅下降。
For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

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3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Significant increase in credit risk (Continued) Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

Definition of default

For internal credit risk management, the Group considers an event of default occurs when information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full.

Irrespective of the above, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續) 金融資產減值(續) 信貸風險大幅增加(續) 不論上述評估結果如何,本集團 假設,倘合約付款逾期超過30日, 則信貸風險自初步確認以來已大 幅增加,惟倘本集團擁有合理可 靠的資料顯示情況並非如此則另 作別論。

本集團定期監控用以識別信貸風 險是否大幅增加的標準是否具效 用,並修訂該等標準(如適當)以 確保有關標準能在金額逾期前識 別信貸風險是否大幅增加。

違約定義

就內部信貸風險管理而言,本集 團認為,倘內部制訂或自外界來 源獲得的資料顯示債務人不太可 能悉數向債權人(包括本集團)還 款,則發生違約事件。

不論上文如何,本集團認為,倘 金融資產逾期超過90日,則發生 違約,惟倘本集團有合理可靠的 資料顯示採用較滯後的違約標準 更為恰當則另作別論。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued) <u>Impairment of financial assets</u> (Continued) Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events of default that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;
- it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, for example, when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or in the case of trade receivables, when the amounts are over 2 years past due, whichever occurs sooner. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. Any subsequent recoveries are recognised in profit or loss. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續) <u>金融資產減值</u>(續) 信貸減值金融資產 倘對金融資產估計未來現金流量 構成不利影響的一項或多項違約 事件發生,則該金融資產屬於信 貸減值。金融資產信貸減值的證 據包括有關下列事件的可觀察數 據:

- 發行人或借款人出現重大財 務困難;
- 違反合約(如欠款或逾期事件);
- 借款人的貸款人因有關借款 人財務困難的經濟或合約理 由而向借款人授出貸款人本 身不會考慮的優惠;
- 借款人將可能陷入破產或其
 他財務重組;或
- 該金融資產的活躍市場因財
 務困難而消失。

撇銷政策

倘有資料顯示對手方面對嚴重財 務困難,且實際上並無收款前景 (如對手方被清盤或進入破產程 序,或(如為貿易應收款項)金額 已逾期超過兩年(以較早發生者為 準)),則本集團會撇銷金融資產。 經考慮法律意見後(如合適),遭 撇銷的金融資產可能仍須按本集 動。撇銷構成終止確認事項。任 何其後收款於損益內確認。

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For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

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3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued) <u>Impairment of financial assets</u> (Continued) Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forwardlooking information. Estimation of ECL reflects an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. The Group uses a practical expedient in estimating ECL on trade receivables using a provision matrix taking into consideration historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

Generally, the ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL for certain trade receivable are considered on a collective basis taking into consideration past due information and relevant credit information such as forward looking macroeconomic information.

For collective assessment, the Group takes into consideration the following characteristics when formulating the grouping:

- Past-due status;
- Nature, size and industry of debtors; and
- External credit ratings where available.

 綜合財務報表編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續) 計量及確認預期信貸虧損 計量預期信貸虧損乃違約概率、 違約損失率(即違約損失程度)及 違約風險的函數。違約概率及度)及 違約風險的函數。違約概率及資 調整的過反映無偏概率加權金及 資 調整的損反映無偏概率加權金額, 有權重方式損經驗的相關考 開 可行權宜方法估計,助 。 進 行 期 的前瞻性資料作出調整。

一般而言,預期信貸虧損乃本集 團根據合約應收的所有合約現金 流量與本集團預期收取的現金流 量之間的差額,並按初步確認時 釐定的實際利率貼現。

經計及逾期資料及相關信貸資料 (如前瞻宏觀經濟資料),若干貿 易應收款項的存續期預期信貸虧 損乃按集體基準予以考慮。

就集體評估而言,本集團將於制 定組別時考慮以下特徵:

- 逾期狀況;
- 債務人的性質、規模及行業;
 及
- 外部信貸評級(如有)。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued) <u>Impairment of financial assets</u> (Continued) Measurement and recognition of ECL (Continued) The grouping is regularly reviewed by management to ensure the constituents of each group continue to share similar credit risk characteristics.

Interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit-impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on amortised cost of the financial asset.

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments by adjusting their carrying amount, with the exception of trade receivables where the corresponding adjustment is recognised through a loss allowance account.

Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續)

計量及確認預期信貸虧損(續) 分類工作由管理層定期檢討,以 確保各組別成分繼續分擔類似信 貸風險特性。

利息收入根據金融資產的賬面總 值計算,惟金融資產存在信貸減 值則除外,在此情況下,利息收 入乃按金融資產的攤銷成本計算。

本集團通過調整金融工具賬面值, 於損益內確認所有金融工具的減 值收益或虧損,惟貿易應收款項 的相應調整通過虧損撥備賬確認 則除外。

終止確認金融資產

本集團僅在自資產收取現金流量 的合約權利屆滿,或於其將金融 資產及該資產擁有權的絕大部分 風險及回報轉讓至另一實體時, 方會終止確認該金融資產。

倘終止確認按攤銷成本計量的金 融資產,資產的賬面值與已收及 應收代價總和之間的差額會於損 益內確認。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

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3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Classification as financial liabilities or equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities (including bank and other borrowings, trade payables and accruals, other payables and deposits received) are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融負債及股本工具 <u>分類為金融負債或權益</u> 金融負債及股本工具乃根據合約 安排的性質與金融負債及股本工 具的定義分類為金融負債或權益。

股本工具

股本工具為可以證明實體在扣除 所有負債後所剩資產權益的任何 合約。本公司發行的股本工具扣 減直接發行成本後按已收所得款 項確認。

金融負債

所有金融負債其後採用實際利率 法按攤銷成本計量。

按攤銷成本計量的金融負債 金融負債(包括銀行及其他借款、 貿易應付款項及應計費用、其他 應付款項及已收按金)其後採用實 際利率法按攤銷成本計量。

終止確認金融負債

當且僅當本集團的責任獲解除、 取消或屆滿時,本集團方會終止 確認金融負債。終止確認的金融 負債的賬面值與已付及應付代價 之間的差額於損益內確認。

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Related parties transactions

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - the entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiaries is related to the others);
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group which the other entity is a member;
 - both entities are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;

 綜合財務報表編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

關聯方交易

倘屬以下人士,則被視為與本集 團有關連:

- (a) 倘屬以下人士,即該人士或 該人士的近親與本集團有關 連:
 - (i) 控制或共同控制本集
 團;
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響 力;或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母 公司的主要管理層成員。
- (b) 倘符合以下任何條件,即實 體與本集團有關連:
 - (i) 該實體與本集團屬同 一集團的成員公司(即 各母公司、附屬公司及 同系附屬公司彼此之 間均有關連);
 - (ii) 一間實體為另一實體 的聯營公司或合營企 業(或另一實體為成員 公司的集團旗下成員 公司的聯營公司或合 營企業);
 - (iii) 兩間實體均為同一第三方的合營企業;
 - (iv) 一間實體為第三方實 體的合營企業,而另一 實體則為該第三方實 體的聯營公司;

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For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

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3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Related parties transactions (Continued)

- (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group. If the Group is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employees are also related to the Group;
- (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
- (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); or
- (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the Company's parent.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity and include:

- that person's children and spouse or domestic partner;
- (b) children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and
- (c) dependents of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner.

A transaction is considered to be a related party transaction when there is a transfer of resources or obligations between the Group and a related party, regardless of whether a price is charged. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重 大會計政策資料(續)

3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

關聯方交易(續)

- (v) 實體為就本集團或與本 集團有關連的實體的 僱員利益而設立的離職 福利計劃。倘本集團本 身為有關計劃,供款僱 員亦與本集團有關連;
- (vi) 實體受(a)所識別的人士控制或共同控制;
- (vii) 於(a)(i)所識別的人士對 實體有重大影響力或 屬該實體(或該實體的 母公司)主要管理層成 員;或
- (viii) 該實體或該實體所屬 集團之任何成員公司 為本集團或本公司母 公司提供主要管理層 人員服務。

任何人士之近親為可能預期於與 該實體之交易中影響該名人士或 受該名人士影響之家族成員,包 括:

- (a) 該名人士之子女及配偶或同 居伴侶;
- (b) 該名人士之配偶或同居伴侶 之子女;及
- (c) 該名人士或其配偶或同居伴 侶之受養人。

倘在本集團與關聯方之間轉移資 源或責任(不論是否收取款項), 則該項交易會被視為關聯方交易。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in Note 3, management is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

The following are the critical judgments, apart from those involving estimations, that the management have made in the process of applying the entity's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

Deferred taxation on investment properties

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax arising from investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the directors have reviewed the Group's investment property portfolios and concluded that the Group's investment properties are not held under a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment properties over time. Therefore, in determining the deferred taxation on investment properties, the directors have determined that the presumption that the carrying amounts of investment properties measured using the fair value model are recovered entirely through sale is not rebutted. The Group has not recognised any deferred tax on changes in fair value of investment properties as the Group is not subject to any income taxes on the fair value changes of the investment properties on disposal.

4. 主要會計判斷及估計不明朗 因素的主要來源

管理層在應用附註3所述本集團會計政 策時,須就未能即時從其他來源得知的 資產及負債賬面值作出判斷、估計及假 設。估計及相關假設乃根據以往經驗及 其他被視為相關的因素作出。實際結果 可能會有別於該等估計。

估計及相關假設獲持續檢討。倘會計估 計的修訂僅影響該期間,修訂只會在修 訂估計的期間確認,或倘修訂同時影響 現時及未來期間,則會在修訂期間及未 來期間確認。

應用會計政策的主要判斷

以下為除涉及估計的判斷外,管理層在 應用實體的會計政策時作出且對綜合財 務報表內確認的金額具最重大影響力的 主要判斷。

投資物業遞延税項

就計量投資物業產生的遞延税項(按公 平值模式計量)而言,董事已審閱本集 團的投資物業組合,結論為本集團的投 資物業並非按商業模式持有,其目標為 消耗幾乎所有在一段時間內體現在投資 物業遞升有在一段時間內體現在投資 物業遞升有在一段時間內體現在投資 物業或計量的投資物業更面值透過 就收回的推定並無被反駁。由於本 低 新不受出售投資物業公平值變動的任何 遞延税項。

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For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

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The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Allowance for ECL for trade receivables

Trade receivables with significant balances and credit-impaired are assessed for ECL individually.

In addition, the Group uses practical expedient in estimating ECL on trade receivables which are not assessed individually using a provision matrix. The provision rates are based on aging of debtors as groupings of various debtors taking into consideration the Group's historical default rates and forwardlooking information that is reasonable and supportable available without undue costs or effort. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are reassessed and changes in the forward-looking information are considered.

The provision of ECL is sensitive to changes in estimates. The information about the ECL and the Group's trade receivables are disclosed in Note 5(b).

Fair value measurement of investment property

Investment property is stated at fair value based on the market values, being the estimated amount for which property could be exchanged on the date of valuation between a willing buyer and a willing seller in an arm's length transaction or the valuation performed by an independent valuer. In determining the fair value, the valuer has based on method of valuation which involves certain estimates and assumptions. In relying on the valuation report, the management has exercised their judgements and is satisfied that the method of valuation is reflective of the current market conditions. Should there be any changes in assumptions due to change of market conditions, the fair value of the investment property will be adjusted accordingly.

As at 31 March 2025, the carrying amount of the Group's investment property is HK\$12,000,000 (2024: HK\$14,600,000).

4. 主要會計判斷及估計不明朗 因素的主要來源(續)

估計不明朗因素的主要來源

以下為有關未來的主要假設及於報告期 末的其他估計不明朗因素的主要來源(可 能存在導致於下一個財政年度內的資產 及負債的賬面值重大調整的重大風險)。

貿易應收款項預期信貸虧損撥備

有重大結餘及信貸減值的貿易應收款項 為個別評估作預期信貸虧損。

此外,本集團使用實際權宜方法估計貿 易應收款項的預期信貸虧損,而並非使 用提列矩陣個別評估。撥備率乃基於債 務人賬齡,原因為經考慮本集團過往違 約率以及合理可支持及毋須花費過多成 本或努力即可獲得的前瞻性資料的若干 債務人分組。於每個報告日期,過往觀 察的違約率經重新評估及考慮前瞻性資 料的變動。

預期信貸虧損撥備容易受估計變動影 響。有關預期信貸虧損以及本集團貿易 應收款項的資料於附註5(b)披露。

投資物業的公平值計量

投資物業根據市值(即自願買方與自願 賣方於估值日期在公平交易中交換物 業的估計金額或獨立估值師進行的估 值)按公平值列賬。於釐定公平值時, 估值師乃根據涉及若干估計及假設的估 值方法。於依賴估值報告時,管理層已 作出判斷,並信納估值方法可反映現時 市況。倘假設因市況變動而出現任何變 動,投資物業之公平值將作出相應調整。

於2025年3月31日,本集團投資物業 賬面值為12,000,000港元(2024年: 14,600,000港元)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS 5.

金融工具

(a) Categories of financial instruments (a) 金融工具類別

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets	金融資產		
At amortised cost	按攤銷成本		
— Trade receivables	— 貿易應收款項	61,734	84,211
— Deposits and other receivables	— 按金及其他應收款項	1,318	996
— Amount due from an associate	— 應收聯營公司款項	11,435	11,679
— Pledged bank deposits	—已抵押銀行存款	6,156	6,122
— Cash and bank balances	—現金及銀行結餘	7,607	10,452
		88,250	113,460
At fair value	按公平值		
Financial assets at FVTPL	按公平值計入損益的金融資產	5,589	5,449
Financial liabilities	金融負債		
At amortised cost	攤銷成本		
— Trade payables	— 貿易應付款項	26,413	29,411
— Accruals, other payables and	— 應計費用、其他應付款項		
deposits received	及已收按金	4,677	4,500
— Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借款	14,552	37,190
		45,642	71,101

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The management monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Group through internal risks reports which analyse the exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. These risks include market risk (including interest rate risk and foreign currency risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策

管理層通過利用內部風險報告按 風險水平及幅度分析風險,監管 及管理有關本集團營運的財務風 險。該等風險包括市場風險(包括 利率風險及外匯風險)、信貸風險 及流動資金風險。

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For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

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5. 金融工具(續)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

The Group's major financial instruments include trade receivables, deposits and other receivables, amount due from an associate, pledged bank deposits, bank balances, financial assets at FVTPL, trade payables, accruals, other payables and deposits received and bank and other borrowings. Details of these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. Management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

(i) Market risk

Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to fixed-rate bank and other borrowings. The Group is also exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to variable-rate bank balances and variable-rate bank and other borrowings. The Group cash flow interest rate risk is mainly concentrated on the fluctuation of interest rates on bank balances and Hong Kong Inter-Bank Offered Rate ("HIBOR") and HK\$ prime rate as determined by the lender arising from the Group's HK\$ denominated borrowings. The Group aims at keeping borrowings at variable rates. The Group manages its interest rate exposures by assessing the potential impact arising from any interest rate movements based on interest rate level and outlook. The management will review the proportion of borrowings in fixed and floating rates and ensure they are within reasonable range.

A fundamental reform of major interest rate benchmarks is being undertaken globally, including the replacement of some interbank offered rates ("IBORs") with alternative nearly risk-free rates. Details of the impacts on the Group's risk management strategy arising from the interest rate benchmark reform and the progress towards implementation of alternative benchmark interest rates are set out under "interest rate benchmark reform" in this note.

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

本集團的主要金融工具包括貿易 應收款項、按金及其他應收款項、 废收聯營公司款項、已抵押銀行 存款、銀行結餘、按公平值計入 損益的金融資產、貿易應付款項、 應計費用、其他應付款項及已收 按金以及銀行及其他借款。該等風 險的政策的詳情載列如下。管理 按及時及有效的方式實行適當措施。

(i) 市場風險

利率風險

本集團面對有關固定利率銀 行及其他借款的公平值利率 風險。本集團亦面對有關浮 動利率銀行結餘及浮動利率 銀行及其他借款的現金流量 利率風險。本集團現金流量 利率風險主要集中於銀行結 餘的浮動利率及本集團港元 計值借款產生的香港銀行同 業拆息(「香港銀行同業拆 息」)及貸款人釐定的港元最 優惠利率。本集團旨在保留 浮動利率的借款。本集團透 過評估基於利率水平及前景 任何利率變動導致的潛在影 響管理其利率風險。管理層 將審閱固定及浮動利率借款 的比例,並確保其在合理範 圍入。

全球目前進行主要利率基準 基本改革,包括以幾乎無風 險利率取代若干銀行同業拆息 (「銀行同業拆息」)。有關 利率基準改革及實施替代利 率基準過程導致的本集團風 險管理策略影響的詳情載於 本附註「利率基準改革」項下。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(i) Market risk (Continued)

Interest rate risk (Continued) Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for the variable-rate bank borrowings. The analysis is prepared assuming the financial instruments outstanding at the end of the reporting period were outstanding for the whole year. A 50-basis point (2024: 50-basis point) increase or decrease in variable-rate bank borrowings are used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates. Bank balances are excluded from sensitivity analysis as the management considers that the exposure of cash flow interest rate risk arising from variable-rate bank balances is insignificant.

If interest rates had been 50 basis points higher/ lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's post-tax loss for the year ended 31 March 2025 would increase/decrease by approximately HK\$61,000 (2024: HK\$153,000). This is mainly attributable to the Group's exposure to interest rates on its variable-rate bank borrowings.

Foreign currency risk

The Group operates in Hong Kong and transactions are mainly denominated in HK\$ and Renminbi ("RMB"). Foreign currency risk arises from future commercial transactions, which are denominated in a currency that is not the functional currency of the Group.

- 5. 金融工具(續)
 - (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(i) 市場風險(續)

利率風險(續) 敏感度分析 以下敏感度分析乃根據浮息 銀行借款的利率風險而釐 定。編製該分析時假設於報 告期末的未償還金融工具於 全年內仍未償還。於報告主 要管理人員內部利率風險時 使用浮動利率銀行借款增加 或減少50基點(2024年:50 基點),並代表管理層對利 率合理可能變動的評估。銀 行結餘不包括敏感度分析, 原因為管理層認為,浮動利 率銀行借款導致的現金流量 利率風險並不重大。

倘利率上升/下降50基點, 而所有其他變量維持不變, 則本集團截至2025年3月31 日止年度的年內除税後虧損 將分別增加/減少約61,000 港元(2024年:153,000港 元)。此乃主要由於本集團 的浮息銀行借款的利率風險 所致。

外匯風險

本集團於香港經營業務,交 易主要以港元及人民幣(「人 民幣」)計值。外匯風險來自 未來商業交易,該等商業交 易以本集團功能貨幣以外的 貨幣計值。

綜合財務報表附註

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For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

5. 金融工具(續)

(i)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(i) Market risk (Continued)

Foreign currency risk (Continued) At the end of each reporting period, the carrying amounts of the monetary assets and liabilities of the Group, which are denominated in RMB, that is not the functional currency are as follows: 市場風險(續) 外匯風險(續) 於各報告期末,本集團以人 民幣(並非功能貨幣)計值的 貨幣資產及負債的賬面值如 下:

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

			Assets 資產		lities 債
		2025	2024	2025	2024
		2025年	2024年	2025年	2024年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
RMB	人民幣	11,444	11,687	-	_

The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy in respect of assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency. The Group will monitor its foreign currency exposure closely and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 5% increase and decrease in HK\$ against RMB. 5% is the sensitivity rate used which represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the end of the reporting period for a 5% change in foreign currency rates. A positive number below indicates a decrease in post-tax loss where HK\$ weakens 5% against RMB. For a 5% strengthening of HK\$ against RMB, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the post-tax loss and the number below would be negative. 就以外幣計值的資產及負債 而言,本集團現時並無外幣 對沖政策。本集團將密切監 察其外匯風險,並於必要時 考慮對沖重大外匯風險。

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元
If HK\$ strengthens against RMB by 5%	倘港元兑人民幣升值5%	(478)	(488)
If HK\$ weaken against RMB by 5%	倘港元兑人民幣貶值5%	478	488

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

- 5. 金融工具(續)
- (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(ii) Credit risk and impairment assessment

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to trade receivables, deposits and other receivables, amount due from an associate, pledged bank deposits and bank balances. At 31 March 2025 and 2024, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk, which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties arising from the carrying amounts of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements to cover its credit risks associated with its financial assets.

Trade receivables

Credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit terms. These evaluations focus on the customer's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as to the economic environment.

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer and therefore significant concentrations of credit risk primarily arises when the Group has significant exposure to individual customers. (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(ii) 信貸風險及減值評估

本集團的信貸風險主要來自 貿易應收款項、按金及其他 應收款項、废收聯營公司款 項、已抵押銀行存款以及 行結餘。於2025年及2024年 3月31日,本集團面對四次 易對手未能履行責任而令本 集團險乃自關合財務狀況 資 所示的相關已確認金融 產的持有任何抵押品或其之 融資產相關的信貸風險。

貿易應收款項

對所有要求取得信用期的客 戶進行個別信用評估。該等 評估著重於客戶於到期時支 付的過往付款歷史及現時的 支付能力,並考慮客戶以及 經濟環境的特定資料。

本集團面臨的信貸風險主要 受各客戶個別特徵的影響, 因此倘本集團面臨個別客戶 的重大風險,則會發生高度 集中的信貸風險。

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For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

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5. 金融工具(續)

(b)

- (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)
 - (ii) Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

Trade receivables (Continued)

In respect of trade receivables arising from the sale and transportation of diesel oil and related products in Hong Kong, the Group has a concentration of credit risk in certain individual customers. At the end of each reporting period, the Group has concentration of credit risk as 17% (2024: 23%) and 49% (2024: 57%) of the total trade receivables was due from the Group's largest customer and the five largest customers respectively within the sale of diesel oil business. The directors closely monitor the risk exposure of the customers and would take appropriate action to ensure the risk exposure is acceptable.

In order to minimise the credit risk, the management has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the management reviews the recoverability of each trade receivable at the end of each reporting period to ensure that adequate allowance for ECL are made for irrecoverable amounts. The Group applies simplified approach on trade receivables to provide for the ECL prescribed by HKFRS 9. The Group measures loss allowances for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECL, which is calculated using a provision matrix. As the Group's historical credit loss experience does not indicate significantly different loss patterns for different customer segments, the loss allowance based on past due status is not further distinguished between the Group's different customer bases.

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(ii) 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

貿易應收款項(續) 就於香港銷售及運送柴油及 相關產品所產生的貿易應收 款項而言,本集團承擔若干 個別客戶的集中信貸風險。 於各報告期末,由於貿易應 收款項總額的17%(2024年: 23%)及49%(2024年:57%) 分別來自本集團銷售柴油業 務的最大及五大客戶,故本 集團承擔信貸集中風險。董 事密切監察客戶的風險並採 取適當措施以確保風險處於 可接受的程度。

為盡量減低信貸風險,管理 層已委派團隊負責釐定信貸 限額、信貸審批及確保會對 收回逾期債務採取跟進行動 的其他監察程序。此外,管 理層於各報告期末檢討各貿 易應收款項的可收回程度, 以確保就不可收回款項作出 足夠的減值虧損。本集團應 用簡化法於貿易應收款項, 以就香港財務報告準則第9 號所規定的預期信貸虧損計 提撥備。本集團按相當於全 期預期信貸虧損的金額計 **量貿易應收款項虧損撥備**, 有關金額乃使用撥備矩陣計 算得出。由於本集團的過往 信貸虧損經驗並無顯示不同 客戶分部的重大不同虧損模 式,故基於過往逾期狀態的 虧損撥備並無進一步區分本 集團的不同客戶基礎。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

- (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)
 - (ii) Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

Trade receivables (Continued) The following table provides information about the

exposure to credit risk for trade receivables which are assessed on a collective basis by using provision matrix within lifetime ECL (not credit-impaired). Trade receivables that are credit-impaired were assessed individually. 5. 金融工具(續)

- (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)
 - (ii) 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

貿易應收款項(續) 下表提供有關於全期預期信 貸虧損(並無信貸減值)內採 用撥備矩陣按集體基準評估 的貿易應收款項的信貸風險 資料。發生信貸減值的貿易 應收款項已進行個別評估。

At 31 March 2025 於2025年3月31日		Expected loss rate 預期虧損率 % %	Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 HK\$'000 千港元	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 HK\$'000 千港元
Current (not yet past due)	即期(未逾期)	2.63	27,683	729
1–90 days past due	逾期1至90日	3.54	17,632	624
91–180 days past due	逾期91至180日	8.98	18,191	1,633
181–365 days past due	逾期181至365日	57.18	2,836	1,622
Over 365 days past due	逾期365日以上	100.00	267	267
Credit-impaired	信貸減值	100.00	11,155	11,155
			77,764	16,030

At 31 March 2024 於2024年3月31日		Expected loss rate 預期虧損率 % %	Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 HK\$'000 千港元	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 HK\$'000 千港元
Current (not yet past due) 1–90 days past due 91–180 days past due 181–365 days past due Credit-impaired	即期(未逾期) 逾期1至90天 逾期91至180日 逾期181至365日 信貸減值	2.07 3.17 10.68 41.61 100.00	51,424 20,287 11,373 6,934 12,957	1,065 643 1,214 2,885 12,957
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The estimated loss rates are estimated based on historical observed default rates over the expected life of the debtors and are adjusted for forwardlooking information that is available without undue cost or effort. The grouping is regularly reviewed by management to ensure relevant information about specific debtors is updated. 估計虧損率乃根據債務人於 預期年期的過往觀察所得違 約率估計,並就無需付出過 多成本或努力即可得的前瞻 性資料作出調整。管理層定 期檢討分組,以確保有關特 定債務人的相關資料已更新。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

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5. 金融工具(續)

(ii)

- (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)
 - (ii) Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

Trade receivables (Continued) At 31 March 2025, the Group recognised allowance for ECL of HK\$4,875,000 (2024: HK\$5,807,000) on trade receivables, based on collective assessment. Allowance for ECL of HK\$11,155,000 (2024: HK\$12,957,000) was made on credit-impaired trade receivables.

The following table shows the movement in lifetime ECL that has been recognised for trade receivables under the simplified approach: **信貸風險及減值評估**(續) 貿易應收款項(續) 於2025年3月31日,本集 團根據集體評估確認貿易 應收款項預期信貸虧損撥 備4,875,000港元(2024年: 5,807,000港元)。已就發 生信貸減值的貿易應收款 項作出預期信貸虧損撥備 11,155,000港元(2024年:

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

下表列示根據簡化方法就貿 易應收款項確認的全期預期 信貸虧損變動:

12,957,000港元)。

		Lifetime ECL (not credit- impaired) 全期預期信貸 虧損(並無 信貸減值) HK\$'000 干港元	Lifetime ECL (credit- impaired) 全期預期 信貸虧損 (已信貸減值) HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2023	於2023年4月1日	3,112	13,397	16,509
Transfer to credit-impaired	轉撥至信貸減值	(233)	233	-
Allowance for ECL recognised/ (reversed)	已確認預期信貸 虧損撥備/(撥回)	2,928	(20)	2,908
Written-off	撤銷	2,720	(653)	(653)
At 31 March 2024 and	於2024年3月31日及			
1 April 2024	2024年4月1日	5,807	12,957	18,764
Allowance for ECL reversed	預期信貸虧損			
	撥備撥回	(932)	(1,802)	(2,734)
At 31 March 2025	於2025年3月31日	4,875	11,155	16,030

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

5. 金融工具(續)

- (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)
 - (ii) Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

Trade receivables (Continued)

Trade receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Indicators that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery include, amongst others, the failure of a debtor to engage in a repayment plan with the Group, and a failure to make contractual payments for a period greater than agreed contract terms.

Allowance for ECL on trade receivables are presented within operating profit. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously impaired are credited against the same line item.

Further quantitative disclosures in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade receivables are set out in Note 22 to the consolidated financial statements.

The management monitored the financial background and creditability of those debtors on an ongoing basis. The Group seeks to minimise its risk by dealing with counterparties which have good credit history. Majority of the trade receivables that are not yet past due have no default payment history. In this regard, the directors consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

- (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)
 - (ii) 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

貿易應收款項(續) 貿易應收款項於無合理預期 可收回時撤銷。無合理預期 可收回款項的跡象包括(其 中包括)債務人未能與本集 團制定還款計劃,及於超過 協定合約期的期間內未能作 出合約付款。

貿易應收款項的預期信貸虧 損撥備呈列於經營溢利內。 其後收回先前減值的款項會 記入同一單行項目。

有關本集團面臨來自貿易應 收款項的信貸風險之進一步 定量披露載於綜合財務報表 附註22。

管理層持續監察該等債務人的財務背景及信用度。本集團的交易對手合作以盡逾期的交易對手合作以盡逾期的資易應收款項並無拖欠還易應收款項並無拖欠還認的。就此而言,董事認為降少。就此而言,董事認為降低。

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For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

5. 金融工具(續)

- (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)
 - (ii) Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

Deposits

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For deposits, the Group makes periodic individual assessment on the recoverability of deposits based on historical information about the counterparties and supportive forward-looking information. The Group believes that there is no significant increase in credit risk of these amounts since initial recognition and the Group provided impairment based on 12m ECL. At 31 March 2025, an accumulated allowance for ECL on deposits amounted to HK\$20,000 was recognised (2024: HK\$17,000), with ECL rate of 1.6% (2024: 1.7%).

Other receivables

For other receivables, the Group makes periodic individual assessment on the recoverability of other receivables based on historical information about the counterparties and supportive forwardlooking information. The Group considers that there is no significant increase in credit risk for other receivables with gross carrying amount of HK\$57,000 (2024: HK\$39,000) since initial recognition and the Group provided impairment based on 12m ECL. Other receivables with gross carrying amount of HK\$3,650,000 (2024: HK\$3,650,000) is credit-impaired and the Group provided impairment based on lifetime ECL. At 31 March 2025, an accumulated allowance for ECL on other receivables amounted to HK\$3,650,000 was recognised (2024: HK\$3,650,000), with ECL rate of 98.5% (2024: 98.9%).

- (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)
 - (ii) 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

按金

就按金而言,本集團根據有 關對手方的過往資料及支持 性前瞻性資料定期對按金的 可收回程度進行個別評估。 本集團認為,自初始確認以 來,該等款項的信貸風險並 無顯著增加,且本集團根據 12個月預期信貸虧損計提減 值。於2025年3月31日,已 確認按金累計預期信貸虧損 撥備20,000港元(2024年: 17,000港元),預期信貸虧損 率為1.6%(2024年:1.7%)。

其他應收款項

就其他應收款項而言,本集 團根據有關對手方的過往資 料及支持性前瞻性資料對其 他應收款項的可收回程度進 行定期個別評估。本集團認 為,自初始確認以來,賬面 總值為57.000港元(2024年: 39,000港元)的其他應收款項 的信貸風險並無顯著增加, 且本集團根據12個月預期信 貸虧損計提減值。賬面總值 為3,650,000港元(2024年: 3,650,000港元)的其他應收 款項出現信貸減值,本集團 根據全期預期信貸虧損計提 減值。於2025年3月31日, 已確認其他應收款項的累計 預期信貸虧損撥備3,650,000 港元(2024年:3.650.000 港元),預期信貸虧損率為 98.5%(2024年:98.9%)。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

5. 金融工具(續)

(ii)

- Financial risk management objectives and policies (b) (Continued)
 - (ii) Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

Amount due from an associate

The Group regularly monitors the business performance of the associate. The Group's credit risks in this balance is mitigated through the value of the assets held by the associate and the power to participate the relevant activities of the associate. The management believes that there is no significant increase in credit risk of this amount since initial recognition and the Group provided impairment based on 12m ECL. For the year ended 31 March 2025 and 2024, the Group recognised ECL by assessing the credit risk characteristics of amount due from an associate and the prevailing economic conditions. At 31 March 2025, an accumulated allowance for ECL of HK\$140,000 (2024: HK\$28,000) was recognised, with ECL rate of 1.2% (2024: 0.2%).

信貸風險及減值評估(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

應收聯營公司款項 本集團定期監察聯營公司的 業務表現。本集團於該項結 餘的信貸風險透過聯營公司 所持資產的價值及參與聯營 公司相關活動的權力來緩 和。管理層認為,該金額的 信貸風險自初始確認以來並 無顯著增加,且本集團根據 12個月預期信貸虧損計提減 值。截至2025年及2024年3 月31日止年度,本集團透過 評估應收聯營公司款項的信 貸風險特徵及現行經濟狀況 確認預期信貸虧損。於2025 年3月31日,已確認累計預 期信貸虧損撥備140,000港元 (2024年:28,000港元),預 期信貸虧損率為1.2%(2024 年:0.2%)。

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For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

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- 5. 金融工具(續)
- (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)
 - (ii) Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

Pledged bank deposit/bank balances

Credit risk on pledged bank deposits and bank balances are limited because the counterparties are reputable banks with high credit ratings assigned by credit agencies. The Group assessed 12m ECL for pledged bank deposits and bank balances by reference to information relating to probability of default and loss given default of the respective credit rating grades published by external credit rating agencies. Based on the average loss rates, the 12m ECL on pledged bank deposits and bank balances are considered to be insignificant and therefore no loss allowance were recognised.

(iii) Liquidity risk

The Group is exposed to minimal liquidity risk as a substantial portion of its financial assets and financial liabilities are due within one year and it can finance its operations from existing shareholders' funds and internally generated cash flows.

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of bank balances and cash deemed adequate by management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effect of fluctuations in cash flows. Management monitors current and expected liquidity requirements on a regular basis.

- (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)
 - (ii) 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

(iii) 流動資金風險

本集團承受的流動資金風險 輕微,原因為大部分金融資 產及金融負債均於一年內到 期,並且以現有股東資金及 內部所得現金流量為其業務 營運提供資金。

在管理流動資金風險方面, 本集團監察並維持管理層視 為足夠的銀行結餘及現金水 平,以為本集團業務營運提 供資金,並減低現金流量波 動的影響。管理層定期監控 目前及預期流動資金需求。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

- 5. 金融工具(續)
- (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(iii) Liquidity risk (Continued)

The following tables detail the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities based on the agreed repayment terms. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of the financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. Specifically, bank and other borrowings with a repayment on demand clause are included in the earliest time band regardless of the probability of the banks choosing to exercise their rights. The maturity dates for other non-derivative financial liabilities are based on the agreed repayment dates.

The tables include both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate at the end of the reporting period. (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(iii) 流動資金風險(續)

下表詳列本集團其餘非衍生 金融負債的合約到期情況, 乃根據協定還款期編製。下 表已按金融負債的未貼現現 金流量根據本集團可能需要 付款的最早日期編製。具題 而言,附帶按要求償還最款 的間段,而不論銀行選擇行 時間段,而不論銀行選擇行 使其權融負債的到期日乃根 據協定還款日期。

下表包括利息及本金現金 流量。倘利息流量為浮動利 率,則未貼現金額按報告期 末的利率計算。

		Weighted average interest rate 加權 平均利率 % %	On demand or within one year 應要求 或一年內 HK\$'000 千港元	More than one year but less than two years 超過一年 但少於兩年 HK\$'000 千港元	More than two years but less than five years 超過兩年 但少於五年 HK\$'000 千港元	More than five years 超過五年 HK\$'000 千港元	Total undiscounted cash flow 未貼現現金 流量總額 HK\$'000 千港元	Carrying amount 賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 March 2025	於2025年3月31日							
Non-derivative financial liabilities	非衍生金融負債							
Trade payables Accruals, other payables and	貿易應付款項 應計費用、其他應付款項及	-	26,413	-	-	-	26,413	26,413
deposits received	已收按金	-	4,677	-	-	-	4,677	4,677
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借款	4.3	14,552	-	-	-	14,552	14,552
			45,642	-	-	-	45,642	45,642

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5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

5. 金融工具(續)

- (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)
 - (iii) Liquidity risk (Continued)

- (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)
 - (iii) 流動資金風險(續)

		Weighted average interest rate 加權 平均利率 % %	On demand or within one year 應要求 或一年內 HK\$'000 千港元	More than one year but less than two years 超過一年 但少於兩年 HK\$'000 千港元	More than two years but less than five years 超過兩年 但少於五年 HK\$*000 千港元	More than five years 超過五年 HK\$'000 千港元	Total undiscounted cash flow 未貼現現金 流量總額 HK\$*000 千港元	Carrying amount HK\$*000 千港元
At 31 March 2024	於2024年3月31日							
Non-derivative financial liabilities	非衍生金融負債							
Trade payables Accruals, other payables and	貿易應付款項 應計費用、其他應付款項及	-	29,411	-	-	-	29,411	29,411
deposits received	已收按金	-	4,500	-	-	-	4,500	4,500
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借款	5.9	37,190	-	-	-	37,190	37,190
			71,101	-	-	-	71,101	71,101

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(iii) Liquidity risk (Continued)

Bank and other borrowings with a repayment on demand clause are included in the "on demand or less than 1 month" time band in the above maturity analysis. At 31 March 2025, the aggregate carrying amounts of these bank and other borrowings amounted to HK\$14,552,000 (2024: HK\$37,190,000). Taking into account the Group's financial position, the directors do not believe that it is probable that the banks/counterparties will exercise their discretionary rights to demand immediate repayment. The directors of the Company believe that such bank and other borrowings will be repaid within eight years (2024: nine years) after the end of the reporting period in accordance with the scheduled repayment dates set out in the borrowings agreements, details of which are set out in the table below:

Maturity analysis — Bank and other borrowings with a repayment on demand clause based on scheduled repayments

- 5. 金融工具(續)
 - (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(iii) 流動資金風險(續)

附帶按要求償還條款的銀行 及其他借款計入以上到期 分析中「按要求或少於一個 月」時段內。於2025年3月 31日,該等銀行及其他借款 總賬面值為14.552.000港元 (2024年:37,190,000港元)。 考慮到本集團財務狀況,董 事認為銀行/對手方將不可 能會行使其酌情權要求即時 還款。本公司董事認為,該 等銀行及其他借款將於報告 期末後八年(2024年:九年) 內按照借款協議所載的預定 還款日期償還,詳情載於下 表:

到期分析 — 附按要求償還 條款的銀行及其他借款(基 於還款計劃)

		Within one year	More than one year but less than two years 超過一年	More than two years but less than five years 超過兩年	More than five years	Total undiscounted cash flow 未貼現	Carrying amount
		一年內	但少於兩年	但少於五年	超過五年	現金流量總額	賬面值
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 31 March 2025	於2025年3月31日	5,817	3,591	3,437	2,960	15,805	14,552
At 31 March 2024	於2024年3月31日	22,573	7,080	5,972	4,205	39,830	37,190

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For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(iv) Interest rate benchmark reform

Several of the Group's HIBOR bank borrowings may be subject to the interest rate benchmark reform. The Group is closely monitoring the market and managing the transition to new benchmark interest rates, including announcements made by the relevant IBOR regulators.

HIBOR

While the Hong Kong Dollar Overnight Index Average ("HONIA") has been identified as an alternative to HIBOR, there is no plan to discontinue HIBOR. The multi-rate approach has been adopted in Hong Kong, whereby HIBOR and HONIA will co-exist.

(c) Fair value measurements of financial instruments

Fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

- The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities with standard terms and conditions and traded in active markets are determined with reference to quoted market bid prices and ask prices respectively, and
- (ii) The fair value of other financial assets and financial liabilities are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models (e.g. discounted cash flow analysis using observable and/or unobservable inputs).

- 5. 金融工具(續)
 - (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(iv) 利率基準改革

本集團若干香港銀行同業拆 息銀行借款可能受限於利率 基準改革。本集團密切監視 市場,並管理過渡至新利率 基準,包括相關銀行同業拆 息監管部門作出的公佈。

銀行同業拆息

港元隔夜平均指數(「港元隔 夜平均指數」)已識別為香港 銀行同業拆息替代方案,同 時並無計劃終止香港銀行同 業拆息。多率法已於香港 納,而香港銀行同業拆息及 港元隔夜平均指數將共存。

(c) 金融工具的公平值計量 按經常性基準以公平值計量的本 集團金融資產及金融負債公平值

> 金融資產及金融負債之公平值按 以下方式釐定:

- (i) 具有標準條款及條件並於活 躍市場買賣之金融資產及金 融負債之公平值分別經參照 市場之買賣盤報價釐定;及
- (ii) 其他金融資產及金融負債之 公平值乃根據公認定價模式 (如使用可觀察及/或不可觀 察數據進行之貼現現金流量 分析)釐定。

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5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(c) Fair value measurements of financial instruments (Continued)

Fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis (Continued)

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair values of financial instruments:

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liabilities, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- (iii) Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Fair value of the Group's financial assets are measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

- 5. 金融工具(續)
 - (c) 金融工具的公平值計量(續)
 - 按經常性基準以公平值計量的本 集團金融資產及金融負債公平值 (續)

本公司使用以下等級制度釐定及 披露金融工具公平值:

- (i) 第1級公平值乃以相同資產 及負債在活躍市場之報價(未 經調整)計量。
- (ii) 第2級公平值乃以第1級所包括之報價以外之輸入數據計量,有關輸入數據為資產或負債可從觀察中直接(即價格)或間接(即源自價格)得出。
- (iii) 第3級公平值乃以估值技術 計量,其包括並非以可觀察 市場數據為根據之資產或負 債輸入數據(不可觀察輸入 數據)。

本集團金融資產的公平值以按經 常性基準以公平值計量。

	Fair valu 於以下日期(Valuation	Significant
Financial assets	31 March 2025 2025年	31 March 2024 2024年	Fair value hierarchy	techniques and key inputs 估值方法及	unobservable inputs 主要不可觀察
金融資產	3月31日 HK\$′000 千港元	3月31日 HK \$ ′000 千港元	公平值等級	主要輸入資料	之輸入數據
Financial assets at FVTPL: 按公平值計入損益的金融資產: — Key management personnel life insurance policies — 主要管理人員人壽保單	5,589	5,449	Level 2 第2級	Quoted redemption value by insurance company 保險公司所報的 贖回價值	N/A 不適用

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For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(c) Fair value measurements of financial instruments (Continued)

Fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value on a recurring basis

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities carried at amortised cost were not materially different from their fair values at 31 March 2025 and 2024.

(d) Capital risk management

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged during the reporting period.

The capital structure of the Group consists of total borrowings and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising share capital, reserves and retained profits as disclosed in the consolidated financial statements.

The directors of the Company review the capital structure regularly. The Group considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital, and balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends and injection of capital.

The following is the gearing ratio at the end of each reporting period:

- 5. 金融工具(續)
 - (c) 金融工具的公平值計量(續)

非按經常性基準以公平值計量的 本集團金融資產及金融負債公平 值

本集團金融資產及金融負債按攤 銷成本的賬面值與於2025年及 2024年3月31日的公平值並無重 大差別。

(d) 資本風險管理

本集團管理其資本,以確保實體 可持續經營,同時透過優化債務 及權益結餘為股東帶來最大回報。 本集團的整體策略於報告期間維 持不變。

誠如綜合財務報表所披露,本集 團的資本架構包括總借款及本公 司擁有人應佔權益,當中包括股 本、儲備及保留溢利。

本公司董事定期審閱資本架構。 本集團會考慮資本成本及與各類 別資本有關的風險,並透過派付 股息及注資平衡整體資本架構。

以下為各報告期末的資產負債比 率:

					2025 2025年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元
	l borrowings (Note (a)) l equity (Note (b))	總借款(附註(a)) 總權益(附註(b))			14,552 90,670	37,190 91,697
	ing ratio	資產負債比率			16.0%	40.6%
Notes	:			附註	:	
(a)) Total borrowings represent bank and other borrowings as set out in Note 28; and			(a)	總借款指附註. 款;及	28所載銀行及其他借
(b)				(b)	總權益包括各報	8告期末的股本及儲備。

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6. **REVENUE**

6. 收益

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

來自客戶合約的收益分拆

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Type of goods	商品種類		
Sale of diesel oil and related products:	銷售柴油及相關產品		
Diesel oil	柴油	340,573	284,891
Marine diesel oil	船用柴油	3,423	3,714
Lubricant oil	潤滑油	1,792	1,375
Total	總計	345,788	289,980
Timing of revenue recognition	收益確認的時間		
A point in time	某一時間點	345,788	289,980

Performance obligations for contracts with customers

Details of performance obligations for contracts with customers are set out in Note 3.

客戶合約的履約責任

有關客戶合約的履約責任的詳情載列於 附註3。

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7. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The information reported to the directors, who are the chief operating decision-makers, for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of performance does not contain discrete operating segment financial information and the directors reviewed the financial results of the Group as a whole. Accordingly, only entity-wide disclosures, major customers and geographic information are presented.

Geographical information

The Group's operations are located in Hong Kong during the years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024. The Group's revenue from external customers based on the location of customers are detailed below:

7. 分部資料

為分配資源及評估表現而向董事(即主 要營運決策者)匯報的資料並無載有獨 立的經營分部財務資料,且董事按整體 基準審閱本集團的財務業績。因此,僅 呈列實體範圍披露、主要客戶及地理資 料。

地理資料

截至2025年及2024年3月31日止年度, 本集團的業務位於香港。本集團按客戶 所在地劃分來自外部客戶的收益詳情如 下:

		external o	Revenue from external customers 來自外部客戶收益	
		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元	
Hong Kong	香港	345,788	289,980	

Information about the Group's non-current assets is presented based on the geographical location of the assets are detailed below: 本集團按資產所在地點劃分呈列其非流 動資產的相關資料詳情如下:

			Non-current assets 非流動資產		
		2025	2025 2024		
		2025年	2024年		
		HK\$'000 HK\$'000			
		千港元	千港元		
Hong Kong	香港	21,482	25,602		
People's Republic of China (the "PRC")	中華人民共和國(「中國」)	17,748	17,831		
		39,230	43,433		

Non-current assets excluded financial assets at FVTPL.

非流動資產不包括按公平值計入損益的 金融資產。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

7. 分部資料(續)

Information about major customers

Revenue from customers of both years contributing over 10% of the total revenue of the Group are as follows:

Revenue from sale of diesel oil and related products in Hong Kong.

有關主要客戶的資料

於該兩個年度,客戶貢獻佔本集團總收 益超過10%的收益如下:

於香港銷售柴油及相關產品收益。

			2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Customer A ¹ Customer B ¹	客戶A ¹ 客戶B ¹		60,696 36,906	N/A不適用² N/A不適用²
Notes:		附註:		

² The corresponding revenue did not contribute over 10% of the total revenue of the Group.
² 相應收益並無佔本集團總收益10%以上。

8. OTHER INCOME

8. 其他收入

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	39	54
Transportation services fee	運輸服務費	1,686	3,464
Rental income from diesel vehicle	來自柴油車的租金收入	26	1,060
Rental income from investment property	來自投資物業的租金收入	86	444
Government grants (Note)	政府補助(附註)	141	219
Sundry income	雜項收入	41	253
		2,019	5,494

Note:

附註:

There was no unfulfilled condition and other contingencies attached to these government grants.

該等政府補助並無附帶任何未達成的條件或其他或 然負債。

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9. OTHER GAINS OR LOSSES

9. 其他收益或虧損

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Unrealised gain on financial assets at	按公平值計入損益的金融資產		
FVTPL	未變現收益	140	152
Loss arising on change in fair value of	投資物業公平值變動產生的虧損		
investment property		(2,600)	(4,800)
Gain on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備的收益		
plant and equipment		-	5
Exchange loss	匯兑虧損	(132)	(624)
		(2,592)	(5,267)

10. FINANCE COSTS

10. 融資成本

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest expenses on bank borrowings Interest expenses on other borrowings	銀行借款的利息開支 其他借款的利息開支	1,061 529 1,590	1,123 1,024 2,147

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11. LOSS BEFORE TAXATION

11. 除税前虧損

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss before taxation has been arrived at after charging/(crediting):	除税前虧損已扣除/ (計入)下列各項:		
Directors' emoluments (Note 13)	董事薪酬(附註13)	3,582	3,307
Other staff costs:	其他員工成本:		
 — Salaries and other benefits — Retirement benefits scheme 	— 薪金及其他福利 — 退休福利計劃供款	8,216	7,399
contributions		319	287
		8,535	7,686
Auditors' remuneration — Audit services	核數師薪酬 — 核數服務	500	600
Cost of inventories sold Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (Note 17)	已售存貨成本 物業、廠房及設備折舊(附註17)	320,512	265,315
— Cost of sales	— 銷售成本	1,916	2,097
— Administrative expenses	— 行政開支	4	68
		1,920	2,165
Allowance for ECL on financial assets (reversed)/recognised	金融資產預期信貸虧損撥備 (撥回)/確認		
— Trade receivables	— 貿易應收款項	(2,734)	2,908
 Deposits and other receivables 	— 按金及其他應收款項	3	(93)
— Amount due from an associate	— 應收一間聯營公司款項	112	(194)
		(2,619)	2,621
Expenses relating to short-term leases	與短期租賃有關的開支	1,771	3,806

12. INCOME TAX CREDIT

12. 所得税抵免

		2025 2025 年	2024 2024年
		2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Deferred tax (Note 29)	遞延税項(附註 29)	181	213

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12. INCOME TAX CREDIT (Continued)

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Under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime of Hong Kong Profits Tax, the first HK\$2 million of assessable profits of qualifying group entity will be taxed at 8.25%, and assessable profits above HK\$2 million will be taxed at 16.5%. Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% on the estimated assessable profit for both years.

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made for the year ended 31 March 2025 and 2024 as the Group has no assessable profits arising in Hong Kong or taxable profits were wholly absorbed by estimated tax losses brought forward.

The income tax credit for the year can be reconciled to the loss before taxation per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

12. 所得税抵免(續)

根據香港利得税的兩級制利得税率制度, 合資格集團實體的首2百萬港元應 課税溢利將按8.25%的税率徵税, 而2 百萬港元以上的應課税溢利將按16.5% 的税率徵税。香港利得税按兩個年度估 計應課税利潤16.5%計算。

由於本集團概無於香港產生應課税溢利 或該等應税溢利已全數計入承前估計税 項虧損,故並無就截至2025年及2024 年3月31日止年度之香港利得税作出撥 備。

年內所得税抵免與綜合損益及其他全面 收益表所列的除税前虧損可對賬如下:

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss before taxation	除税前虧損	(1,006)	(8,861)
Tax at domestic income tax rates	按當地所得税率計算的税項	(166)	(1,462)
Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purpose	毋須課税收入的税務影響	(24)	(28)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purpose	不可扣税開支的税務影響	478	863
Tax effect of share of results of an associate	分佔聯營公司業績的税務影響	(20)	(152)
Tax effect of deductible temporary differences not recognised	未確認可扣税暫時差額的 税務影響	30	497
Utilisation of deductible temporary differences previously not recognised	動用過往年度並無確認的 可扣税暫時差額	(153)	(47)
Tax effect of the tax losses not recognised Utilisation of tax losses previously not	未確認税項虧損的税務影響 動用先前未確認税務虧損	14	721
recognised		(340)	(605)
Income tax credit for the year	年內所得税抵免	(181)	(213)

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For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

13. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

13. 董事薪酬

For the year ended 31 March 2025

截至2025年3月31日止年度

		Directors' fees 董事袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	Salaries and other benefits 薪金及 其他福利 HK\$'000 千港元	Discretionary bonuses 酌情花紅 HK\$'000 千港元	Retirement benefits scheme contributions 退休福利 計劃供款 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$′000 千港元
Executive directors	執行董事					
Mr. Fong Chun Man	方俊文先生	-	871	-	18	889
Ms. Lo Pui Yee	勞佩儀女士	-	871	-	18	889
Mr. Chan Chi Fai, chief executive officer	陳志輝先生					
	(行政總裁)	-	1,143	283	18	1,444
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事					
Mr. Chui Chi Yun, Robert	崔志仁先生	120	-	-	-	120
Mr. Kwong Yuk Lap (resigned on	鄺旭立先生(於2024					
10 October 2024)	年10月10日辭任)	63	_	_	-	63
Dr. Luk Che Chung, <i>JP</i> (appointed on	陸志聰醫生,					
10 October 2024)	太平紳士					
10 0000001 2024)	(於2024年					
	(次2024年) 10月10日獲委任)	57				57
Mr. Wong Anywon		• •	-	-	-	
Mr. Wang Anyuan	王安元先生	120		-		120
		360	2,885	283	54	3,582

For the year ended 31 March 2024

截至2024年3月31日止年度

					Retirement	
			Salaries		benefits	
		Directors'	and other	Discretionary	scheme	
		fees	benefits 薪金及	bonuses	contributions 退休福利	Total
		董事袍金	其他福利	酌情花紅	計劃供款	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Executive directors	執行董事					
Mr. Fong Chun Man	方俊文先生	-	799	-	18	817
Ms. Lo Pui Yee	勞佩儀女士	-	799	-	18	817
Mr. Chan Chi Fai, chief executive officer	陳志輝先生					
	(行政總裁)	-	1,038	257	18	1,313
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事					
Mr. Chui Chi Yun, Robert	崔志仁先生	120	-	-	-	120
Mr. Kwong Yuk Lap	鄺旭立先生	120	-	-	-	120
Mr. Wang Anyuan	王安元先生	120	-	-	-	120
		360	2,636	257	54	3,307

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

13. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

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The executive directors' and the chief executive officer's emoluments shown above were mainly for their service in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and the Group.

The independent non-executive directors' emoluments shown above were mainly for their services as directors.

The executive directors and the chief executive officer of the Company are entitled to bonus payments which are determined based on their duties and responsibilities in the Group.

During the year ended 31 March 2025 and 2024, there was no arrangement under which a director or the chief executive officer of the Company waived or agreed to waive any remuneration.

During the year ended 31 March 2025 and 2024, no emoluments have been paid by the Group to any of the directors or the chief executive officer as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group as compensation for loss of office.

14. EMPLOYEES EMOLUMENTS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT EMOLUMENTS

The five highest paid individuals included three (2024: three) executive directors of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2025, details of whose emoluments are set out above in Note 13. The aggregate of the emoluments in respect of the remaining two (2024: two) highest paid employees who are neither a director nor chief executive of the Company are as follows:

13. 董事薪酬(續)

以上所示執行董事及行政總裁的薪酬主 要作為彼等與管理本公司及本集團事務 有關的服務。

上文所示獨立非執行董事的薪酬主要為 彼等作為董事提供服務的薪酬。

本公司執行董事及行政總裁有權享有花 紅,乃根據彼等於本集團之職務及責任 釐定。

截至2025年及2024年3月31日止年度, 並無本公司董事或行政總裁放棄或同意 放棄任何酬金之安排。

截至2025年及2024年3月31日止年度, 本集團概無支付任何薪酬予任何董事或 行政總裁,作為加入或於加入本集團後 的獎勵或作為離職補償。

14. 僱員薪酬及高級管理人員薪 酬

截至2025年3月31日止年度,五名最高 薪酬人士包括本公司三名(2024年:三 名)執行董事,有關薪酬詳情載於上文 附註13。餘下兩名(2024年:兩名)最高 薪酬僱員(非本公司董事或主要行政人 員)的薪酬總額如下:

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries and other benefits Discretionary bonuses Retirement benefits scheme contributions	薪金及其他福利 酌情花紅 退休福利計劃供款	1,444 358 36	1,314 325 36
		1,838	1,675

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

14. EMPLOYEES EMOLUMENTS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

14. 僱員薪酬及高級管理人員薪酬(續)

The number of non-director highest paid employees whose emoluments fell within the following bands is as follows:

其薪酬屬於以下範圍內的非董事最高薪 酬僱員人數如下:

		Number of individuals 人數	Number of individuals 人數
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	零至1,000,000港元 1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	1	2
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1,000,001/色儿主1,300,000/色儿	2	2

The number of the senior management (excluding directors) whose emoluments fell within the following bands is as follows:

其薪酬屬於以下範圍內的高級管理人員 (不包括董事)人數如下:

		Number of individual 人數	Number of individual 人數
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	零至1,000,000港元	-	1
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	1	_
		1	1

None of the above highest-paid individuals waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during the year ended 31 March 2025 and 2024.

During the year ended 31 March 2025 and 2024, no emoluments have been paid by the Group to any of the above highest-paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group as compensation for loss of office.

15. DIVIDENDS

The directors do not recommend the payment of any dividend for the year ended 31 March 2025 (2024: Nil).

概無上述最高薪僱員於截至2025年及 2024年3月31日止年度放棄或同意放棄 任何薪酬。

截至2025年及2024年3月31日止年度, 本集團概無支付任何薪酬予任何上述最 高薪僱員,作為加入或於加入本集團後 的獎勵或作為離職補償。

15. 股息

截至2025年3月31日止年度,董事並不 建議派付任何股息(2024年:零)。
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For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

16. LOSS PER SHARE

16. 每股虧損

The calculation of the basic and diluted loss per share attributable to owners of the Company is based on the following data:

本公司擁有人應佔每股基本及攤薄虧損 乃按以下數據計算:

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss Loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company for the purposes of basic and diluted loss per share	虧損 就計算每股基本及攤薄虧損 而言,本公司擁有人 應佔年內虧損	(825)	(8,648)
		2025 2025年 ′000 千股	2024 2024年 ′000 千股
Number of shares Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue for the purposes of basic and diluted loss per share	股份數目 就計算每股基本及 攤薄虧損而言, 已發行普通股的加權平均數	137,520	137,520

Diluted loss per share for both years were the same as the basic loss per share as there was no potential ordinary shares in issue for both years. 由於兩個年度均無已發行潛在普通股, 因此兩個年度的每股稀釋虧損與每股基 本虧損相同。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

17. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

17. 物業、廠房及設備

		Leasehold improvement 租賃物業裝修 HK\$'000 千港元	Oil barges 柴油駁船 HK\$'000 千港元	Tug 拖船 HK\$'000 千港元	Motor vehicles 汽車 HK\$'000 千港元	Office equipment 辦公設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost	成本						
At 1 April 2023	於2023年4月1日	662	18,000	-	10,437	47	29,146
Disposal	出售	-	-	-	(169)	-	(169)
At 31 March 2024 and	於2024年3月31日						
1 April 2024	及2024年4月1日	662	18,000	-	10,268	47	28,977
Addition	添置	-	-	400	-	-	400
At 31 March 2025	於2025年3月31日	662	18,000	400	10,268	47	29,377
Accumulated depreciation:	累計折舊:						
At 1 April 2023	於2023年4月1日	662	5,396	-	9,857	39	15,954
Charge for the year	年內支出	-	1,800	-	361	4	2,165
Eliminated on disposal	於出售時撇銷	-	-	-	(144)	-	(144)
At 31 March 2024 and	於2024年3月31日						
1 April 2024	及2024年4月1日	662	7,196	-	10,074	43	17,975
Charge for the year	年內支出	-	1,800	10	106	4	1,920
At 31 March 2025	於2025年3月31日	662	8,996	10	10,180	47	19,895
Carrying amount:	賬面值:						
At 31 March 2025	於2025年3月31日	-	9,004	390	88	-	9,482
At 31 March 2024	於2024年3月31日	-	10,804	-	194	4	11,002

At 31 March 2025, the Group's oil barges with carrying amounts of HK\$9,004,000 (2024: HK\$10,804,000) were pledged to secure the Group's loan facilities. The pledge was released subsequent to the end of the reporting period.

At 31 March 2024, the Group's motor vehicles with carrying amount of HK\$194,000 were pledged to secure the Group's bank borrowings.

截至2025年3月31日,本集團賬面值為 9,004,000港元(2024年:10,804,000港 元)的柴油駁船已作抵押,以取得本集 團貸款融。該抵押已於報告期末後解除。

於2024年3月31日,本集團賬面值為 194,000港元的汽車已作抵押,以取得 本集團的銀行借款。

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For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

18. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

18. 投資物業

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Fair value At 1 April Loss arising on change in fair value recognised in profit or loss	公平值 於4月1日 於損益確認的公平值變動產生的 虧損	14,600 (2,600)	19,400 (4,800)
At 31 March	於3月31日	12,000	14,600
Unrealised loss on change in fair value of investment property	投資物業公平值變動產生的 未變現虧損	(2,600)	(4,800)

The Group's investment property has been pledged to secure the Group's borrowings.

Fair value measurement

The Group's investment property was measured at fair value at 31 March 2025 and 2024. The valuation was carried out by an independent qualified professional valuer, International Valuation Limited ("IVL") which has among its staff members with appropriate qualifications and recent experience in the locations and categories of property being valued. The directors have discussion with IVL on the valuation assumptions and valuation results when the valuation was performed at the end of each reporting period.

In estimating the fair value of the investment property, the highest and best use of the investment property is their current use. 本集團的投資物業已作抵押,以取得本 集團的借款。

公平值計量

本集團的投資物業於2025年及2024年3 月31日按公平值計量。估值乃由獨立合 資格專業估值師國際評估有限公司(「國 評」)進行。國評的僱員具備適當資格及 對估值物業所在地點及類別有近期經 驗。董事已於各報告期末進行估值時與 國評討論估值假設及估值結果。

於估計投資物業的公平值時,投資物業 的最高及最佳用途為其現時用途。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

18. INVESTMENT PROPERTY (Continued)

Fair value measurement (Continued)

Fair value measurement of the Group's investment property located in Hong Kong is categorised into Level 3 fair value hierarchy. Valuation techniques and inputs used in fair value measurement are as follow:

18. 投資物業(續)

公平值計量(續)

本集團位於香港的投資物業的公平值計 量獲分類為第3級公平值等級。公平值 計量所用的估值技術及輸入數據如下:

	Valuation techniques	Significant unobservable input	Relation of significant unobservable inputs to fair value 重大不可觀察輸入數據與
	估值技術	重大不可觀察輸入數據 ————————————————————————————————————	公平值的關係
Commercial property located in Hong Kong 位於香港的商業物業	Income capitalisation method 收入資本化法	Capitalisation rate, taking into account the capitalisation of rental income potential, nature of the property, and prevailing market condition, of 3.9% (2024: 3.3%). 計及資本化租金收入潛力、物業性質及當前 市況,資本化率為3.9% (2024年: 3.3%)。	A slight increase in the capitalisation rate used would result in a significant decrease in fair value, and vice versa. 所採用的資本化率略有增加將導致公平值 大幅下降,反之亦然。
		Monthly market rent, taking into account the differences in location, and individual factors such as location, floor level, building age, size and conditions of the properties, at an average of HK\$33 (2024: HK\$34) per square foot. 考慮到位置差異以及地點、樓面、樓齡、大 小及物業狀況等個別因素,每月市場租 金為平均每平方英尺33港元(2024年:34 港元)。	A significant increase in the monthly market rent used would result in a significant increase in fair value, and vice versa. 所採用的每月市場租金大幅增加將導致公 平值大幅增加,反之亦然。

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19. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE

19. 於聯營公司的權益

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost of investment in an associate Share of post-acquisition loss and other	投資一間聯營公司的成本 分佔收購後虧損及其他全面虧損	18,507	18,507
comprehensive loss		(765)	(682)
Exchange alignment	匯兑調整	6	6
		17,748	17,831

Details of the Group's associate at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

本集團於報告期末的聯營公司詳情如下:

	Name of entity 實體名稱	Place of incorporation 註冊成立地點	Principal place of business 主要營業地點	Propor ownership and votin held by th 本集團持有的 及投票 2025 2025 年	o interest ng power ne Group 的所有權權益	Principal activities 主要業務
-	Jiangxi Xinji Power Technology Company Limited* ("Jiangxi Xinji") 江西新冀動力科技有限公司 (「江西新冀」)	The PRC 中國	The PRC 中國	19.70%	19.70%	Manufacturing, sale and distribution of steel products 鋼產品製造、銷售及分銷
*	For identification purposes only			*	僅供識別	

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19. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE (Continued)

Summarised financial information of material associate

Summarised financial information in respect of the Group's material associate is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts shown in the associate' financial statements prepared in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards.

19. 於聯營公司的權益(續)

重大聯營公司的財務資料概要

有關本集團重大聯營公司的財務資料概 要載列如下。下列財務資料概要為根據 香港財務報告準則會計準則編製聯營公 司財務報表所示金額。

Jiangxi Xinji

江西新冀

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產	69,236	72,902
Current assets	流動資產	52,085	48,005
Current liabilities	流動負債	(31,231)	(30,396)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	-	_
		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue for the years	年內收益	352,897	267,325
Profit for the years	年內溢利	604	4,673
Other comprehensive loss for the years	年內其他全面虧損	(1,025)	(4,614)
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the years	年內全面(虧損)/收益總額	(421)	59

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19. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE (Continued)

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19. 於聯營公司的權益(續)

Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in the associate recognised in the consolidated financial statements: 上述財務資料概要與綜合財務報表中確 認的於聯營公司的權益的賬面值之間的 對賬:

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Net assets of Jiangxi Xinji	江西新冀的淨資產	90,090	90,511
Proportion of the Group's ownership interest in Jiangxi Xinji	本集團於江西新冀的 所有權權益比例	19.7%	19.7%
The Group's share of net assets of Jiangxi Xinji	本集團分佔江西新冀的 淨資產	17,748	17,831
Carrying amount of the Group's interest in Jiangxi Xinji	本集團於江西新冀的 權益的賬面值	17,748	17,831

20. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

20. 按公平值計入損益的金融資產

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Key management personnel life insurance policy	主要管理層人員人壽保單	5,589	5,449
Analysed for reporting purposes as: Non-current	就呈報目的分析為: 非流動	5,589	5,449

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

20. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (Continued)

The Group entered into life insurance policies with insurance companies to insure against the death and permanent disability of executive director. Under the policy, the beneficiary and policy holder are the Company, Great Wall (International) Oil Limited ("Great Wall"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, and the total insured sum is approximately US\$3,150,000 (2024: US\$3,150,000) (equivalent to HK\$24,570,000 (2024: HK\$24,570,000)). The contracts will be terminated on the occurrence of the earliest of the death of the key management personnel insured or other terms pursuant to the contracts. The total insurance premium paid at the inception of the policy was approximately US\$768,000 (2024: US\$768,000) (equivalent to approximately HK\$5,990,000 (2024: HK\$5,990,000)). The total initial premium charge paid was approximately US\$38,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$309,000). The Group may request a surrender of the contracts at any time and receive cash back based on the cash value at the date of withdrawal, which is determined by the gross premium paid at inception plus accumulated guaranteed interest earned and minus insurance premium charged. A guaranteed interest rate for the first five years ranges from 4.10% to 4.25% per annum applied to the contracts, followed by the a minimum guaranteed interest rate of 2% per annum for the following years until termination. The fair value is based on redemption value quoted by the insurance companies.

20. 按公平值計入損益的金融資 產(續)

本集團向保險公司投購一份人壽保單, 就執行董事身故及永久傷殘投保。根 據保單,受益人及保單持有人為本公 司及本公司全資附屬公司長城(國際) 石油有限公司(「長城」),總投保額約 為3,150,000美元(2024年:3,150,000美 元)(相當於24,570,000港元(2024年: 24,570,000港元))。合約將於受保的主 要管理層人員身故時或根據合約其他 條款規定而予以終止(以最早發生者為 準)。於保單開始時已支付的保費總額 約為768,000美元(2024年:768,000美 元)(相當於約5,990,000港元(2024年: 5,990,000港元))。已付的初始保費費用 總額約為38,000美元(相當於約309,000 港元)。本集團可隨時要求退保,並根 據退保日期現金價值取回現金,有關價 值根據開始時已支付的保費總額加已賺 取的累計保證利息減所扣除保費釐定。 適用於合約的首五年保證年利率介乎4.10 厘至4.25厘,其後年度則為最低保證年 利率2厘,直至終止為止。公平值按保 險公司所報贖回價值計算。

21. INVENTORIES

21. 存貨

		2025 2025年	2024 2024年
		HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Finished goods	製成品	2,893	1,260

All inventories were stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

所有存貨均按成本與可變現淨值之較低 者列賬。

The following is an ageing analysis of trade receivables

presented based on the invoice date at the end of the

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22. TRADE RECEIVABLES

22. 貿易應收款項

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade receivables Less: allowance for ECL, net	貿易應收款項 減:預期信貸虧損撥備淨額	77,764 (16,030) 61,734	102,975 (18,764) 84,211

(a) Ageing analysis

reporting periods:

(a) 賬齡分析

以下為於報告期末按發票日期呈 列的貿易應收款項賬齡分析:

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within 30 days	30日內	16,059	27,749
31 to 60 days	31至60日	20,601	12,702
61 to 90 days	61至90日	4,049	14,313
91 to 120 days	91至120日	-	10,174
121 to 150 days	121至150日	4,626	7,218
Over 150 days	超過150日	32,429	30,819
		77,764	102,975

The Group's average credit term with its customers is, in general, 3 days to 150 days. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management.

(b) ECL assessment on trade receivables

During the year ended 31 March 2025, a reversal of allowance for ECL on trade receivables of approximately HK\$2,734,000 was recognised to profit or loss (2024: allowance for ECL of HK\$2,908,000 was recognised).

Details of ECL assessment on trade receivables are set out in Note 5(b).

本集團與其客戶的平均信貸期一 般為3日至150日。本集團致力對 尚未收回的應收款項維持嚴格控 制。逾期結餘由高級管理層定期 審閱。

(b) 貿易應收款項的預期信貸虧損 評估

截至2025年3月31日止年度,貿易應收款項的預期信貸虧損撥備 撥回約2,734,000港元於損益中確 認(2024年:已確認預期信貸虧損 撥備2,908,000港元)。

有關貿易應收款項的預期信貸虧 損評估詳情載於附註5(b)。

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For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

23. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

23. 預付款項、按金及其他應收款 項

				2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Dep	posits, net of allowance for ECL	按金(扣除預期信貸虧損持	發備)		
1)	Note (i))	(附註(i))		1,261	957
	payments (Note (ii))	預付款項(附註(ii))		1,194	221
	ner receivables, net of allowance	其他應收款項(扣除預期	•• >		20
tc	or ECL (Note (iii))	信貸虧損撥備)(附註(iii	I))	57	39
				2,512	1,217
	llysed for reporting purposes as: rent	就呈報目的分析為: 流動		2,512	1,217
Note	25:		附註	:	
(i)	Deposits mainly represent rental deposits ar	d utility deposits.	(i)	按金主要指租金按金》	及公共設施按金。
	At 31 March 2025, an accumulated allow approximately HK\$20,000 was recognised (20				己確認按金預期信貸虧 港元(2024年:17,000
(ii)	Prepayments mainly represent prepayments prepaid rent and prepaid insurance.	ent for purchase of diesel oil,	(ii)	預付款項主要為購買 租金及預付保險費。	柴油的預付款項、預付
(iii)	At 31 March 2025, an accumulated allowance approximately HK\$3,650,000 was recognised		(iii)		已確認其他應收款項 撥備約3,650,000港元 元)。
				及其他應收款項的 情載於附註5(b)。	的預期信貸虧損評

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24. AMOUNT DUE FROM AN ASSOCIATE

Amount due from an associate is unsecured, non-interest bearing, and repayable on demand.

During the year ended 31 March 2025, an allowance for ECL on amount due from an associate of approximately HK\$112,000 was recognised to profit or loss (2024: reversal of allowance for ECL of HK\$194,000).

Details of ECL assessment on amount due from an associate are set out in Note 5(b).

25. PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS/CASH AND BANK **BALANCES**

24. 應收聯營公司款項

應收聯營公司款項為無抵押、免息及須 按要求償還。

截至2025年3月31日止年度,應收聯 營公司款項的預期信貸虧損撥備約 112,000港元(2024年:預期信貸虧損撥 備撥回194,000港元)乃於損益中確認。

應收聯營公司款項的預期信貸虧損評估 詳情載於附註5(b)。

25. 已抵押銀行存款/現金及銀行 結餘

Pledged bank deposits 已抵押銀行存款 6,156 6,122 Cash and bank balances 田全及銀行結幹 7,607 10,452			2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
	Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	6,156	6,122
	Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	7,607	10,452

At 31 March 2025, the Group's cash and bank balances denominated in RMB was RMB8,000 (2024: RMB8,000) (equivalent to HK\$9,000 (2024: HK\$8,000)). RMB is not a freely convertible currency in the PRC and the remittance of funds out of the PRC is subject to the foreign exchange control promulgated imposed by the government of the PRC. The Group's cash and bank balances denominated in RMB which are located in Hong Kong are not subject to the foreign exchange control.

Cash and bank balances comprise cash at bank and cash on hand held by the Group. Bank balances earn interests at floating rate based on daily bank deposit rates and is placed with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

The pledged bank deposits were pledged as collateral for bank facilities and carried interest at a range of 0.25% to 0.50% (2024: range of 0.25% to 1.00%) per annum.

於2025年3月31日,本集團以人民幣計 值的現金及銀行結餘為人民幣8,000元 (2024年:人民幣8,000元)(相當於9,000 港元(2024年:8,000港元))。人民幣在 中國並非可自由兑換的貨幣,將資金匯 出中國須遵守中國政府頒佈的外匯管 制。本集團以人民幣計值的現金及銀行 結餘位於香港,不受外匯管制規限。

現金及銀行結餘包括銀行存款及本集團 持有的手頭現金。銀行結餘按每日銀行 存款利率以浮動利率賺取利息,存於近 期並無違約記錄且信譽良好的銀行。

已抵押銀行存款被抵押為銀行融資 的抵押品, 並以年利率介乎0.25厘至 0.50厘(2024年:介乎0.25厘至1.00厘) 計息。

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For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

26. TRADE PAYABLES

26. 貿易應付款項

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	26,413	29,411

The average credit term from suppliers is up to 3 to 90 days. The following is an ageing analysis of trade payables presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting periods:

供應商給予的平均信貸期最多為3至90 日。以下為於報告期末按發票日期呈列 的貿易應付款項賬齡分析:

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within 30 days	30日內	8,550	11,389
31 to 60 days	31至60日	8,308	6,604
61 to 90 days	61至90日	315	3,286
Over 90 days	超過90日	9,240	8,132
		26,413	29,411

27. ACCRUALS, OTHER PAYABLES AND DEPOSITS RECEIVED

27.應計費用、其他應付款項及已 收按金

		2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元
Accruals	應計費用	1,304	1,849
Other payables	其他應付款項	630	900
Amount due to a director	應付一名董事款項	2,078	1,622
Deposits received	已收按金	569	129
Rental and other deposit received	已收租金及其他按金	96	_
		4,677	4,500

Amount due to a director is unsecured, non-interest bearing, and repayable on demand.

應付一名董事款項為無抵押、免息及須 按要求償還。

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28. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS

28. 銀行及其他借款

	2025 2025年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Secured bank borrowings (Note (i)) 已抵押銀行借款(附註(i))	12,513	26,840
Secured other borrowings (Note (ii)) 已抵押其他借款(附註(ii))	2,039	10,350
	14,552	37,190
The carrying amounts of borrowings that contain a repayment on demand clause (shown under current liabilities) but repayable: the carrying amounts of borrowings that (已列作流動負債)的賬面值, 惟須於下列期間償還:		
Within one year 一年以內	5,339	21,432
Within a period of more than one year but 一年以上但不超過兩年		
not exceeding two years	3,329	6,519
Within a period of more than two years but 兩年以上但不超過五年		
not exceeding five years	3,039	5,301
Within a period of more than five years 五年以上	2,845	3,938
		07.400
	14,552	37,190

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Notes:

(i) At 31 March 2025, term Ioan of HK\$4,750,000 (2024: HK\$7,125,000) is interest bearing at 1.5% per annum above 1-month HIBOR, secured by investment property and pledged bank deposits of the Group, guaranteed by the Company and maturing in March 2027. At 31 March 2025, the effective interest rate of the term Ioan was 5.46% (2024: 5.98%) per annum.

At 31 March 2025, term loan of HK\$7,763,000 (2024: HK\$8,645,000) is interest bearing at 3.00% (2024: 3.63%) per annum, guaranteed by the HKMC Insurance Limited and Mr. Fong Chun Man and maturing in October 2032.

At 31 March 2024, invoice discounting facilities of HK\$10,506,000 are interest bearing at 1.5% per annum above HIBOR for a period equal in length to the loan period, secured by investment property and pledged bank deposits of the Group, guaranteed by the Company and maturing within four months. At 31 March 2024, the effective interest rate of the invoice discounting facilities ranged from 6.18% to 6.85% per annum.

At 31 March 2024, installment loans of HK\$518,000 are interest bearing at 2.25% per annum, guaranteed by Mr. Fong Chun Man, secured by motor vehicles of the Group and matured in July 2024.

At 31 March 2024, installment loan of HK\$46,000 is interest bearing at 2.00% per annum, guaranteed by Mr. Fong Chun Man, secured by motor vehicle of the Group and matured in June 2024.

(ii) At 31 March 2025, installment Ioan of HK\$2,039,000 (2024: HK\$4,594,000) is interest bearing at 1% per annum above HK\$ prime rate as determined by the lender, guaranteed by the Company, Mr. Fong Chun Man and HKMC Insurance Limited and maturing in December 2025. At 31 March 2025, the effective interest rate of the installment Ioan was 6.75% (2024: 7.38%) per annum.

At 31 March 2024, installment loans of HK\$5,756,000 are interest bearing at 1% per annum above HK\$ prime rate as determined by the lender, guaranteed by a subsidiary of the Company, secured by oil barges of the Group and maturing in June 2025. At 31 March 2024, the effective interest rate of the installment loan was 7.38% per annum. The Group has fully repaid the installment loans during the year ended 31 March 2025.

附註:

於2025年3月31日,定期貸款4,750,000港 元(2024年:7,125,000港元)按一個月香港 銀行同業拆息加年利率1.5厘計息,以本集 團投資物業及已抵押銀行存款作抵押,由本 公司擔保,於2027年3月到期。於2025年3 月31日,定期貸款的實際年利率為5.46厘 (2024年:5.98厘)。

於2025年3月31日,定期貸款7,763,000港 元(2024年:8,645,000港元)按年利率3.00 厘(2024:3.63厘)計息,由香港按證保險有 限公司及方俊文先生擔保,於2032年10月 到期。

於2024年3月31日,發票貼現融資 10,506,000港元按香港銀行同業拆息加年利 率1.5厘計息,年期與貸款期相等,以本集 團投資物業及已抵押銀行存款作抵押,由本 公司擔保,於四個月內到期。於2024年3月 31日,發票貼現融資的實際年利率介乎6.18 厘至6.85厘。

於2024年3月31日,分期貸款518,000港元 按年利率2.25厘計息,由方俊文先生作擔 保,並以本集團的汽車作抵押,於2024年7 月到期。

於2024年3月31日,分期貸款46,000港元按 年利率2.00厘計息,由方俊文先生擔保,並 以本集團的汽車作抵押,於2024年6月到期。

(ii) 於2025年3月31日,分期貸款2,039,000港元 (2024:4,594,000港元)按貸款人釐定的 港元最優惠利率加年利率1厘計息,由本公 司、方俊文先生及香港按證保險有限公司 作擔保,於2025年12月到期。於2025年3 月31日,分期貸款的實際年利率為6.75厘 (2024年:7.38厘)。

於2024年3月31日,分期貸款約5,756,000 港元按貸款人釐定的港元最優惠利率加年 利率1厘計息,由本公司一間附屬公司擔保, 並以本集團的柴油駁船作抵押,於2025年 6月到期。於2024年3月31日,分期貸款的 實際年利率為7.38厘。本集團已於截至2025 年3月31日止年度全數償還分期貸款。

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and 2024:

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29. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

The followings are the major deferred tax balances recognised and movements thereon during the years ended 31 March 2025

29. 遞延税項負債

以下為於截至2025年及2024年3月31 日止年度確認的主要遞延税項結餘及其 變動:

		Accelerated tax depreciation 加速税項折舊 HK\$'000 千港元
As 1 April 2023	於2023年4月1日	1,238
Credited to profit or loss	計入損益	(213)
As at 31 March 2024 and 1 April 2024	於2024年3月31日及2024年4月1日	1,025
Credited to profit or loss	計入損益	(181)
At 31 March 2025	於2025年3月31日	844

At 31 March 2025, the Group has unused tax losses of approximately HK\$43,082,000 (2024: HK\$45,055,000) available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax asset has been recognised due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. The tax losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

於2025年3月31日,本集團有未動用 税項虧損約43,082,000港元(2024年: 45,055,000港元)可供抵銷未來溢利。由 於無法預測未來溢利來源,故並無確認 遞延税項資產。税項虧損可無限期結轉。

30. SHARE CAPITAL

30. 股本

		Number of Share 股份數目	HK\$′000 千港元
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each (2024: HK\$0.1 each) Authorised: At 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2025	每股面值0.1港元(2024年: 每股面值0.1港元)的普通股 法定: 於2024年3月31日及 2025年3月31日	200,000,000	20,000
Issued and fully paid: At 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2025	已發行及繳足: 於2024年3月31日及 2025年3月31日	137,520,190	13,752

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31. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

2025 2024 2025年 2024年 Notes HK\$'000 HK\$'000 附註 千港元 千港元 Non-current assets 非流動資產 Investments in subsidiaries 於附屬公司之投資 Property, plant and equipment 物業、廠房及設備 9,394 10,804 9,394 10.804 Current assets 流動資產 Prepayment, deposits and other 預付款項、按金及 其他應收款項 receivables 87 108 16,392 Amounts due from subsidiaries 應收附屬公司款項 12,855 Cash and bank balances 現金及銀行結餘 178 93 13,120 16,593 **Current liabilities** 流動負債 Accruals and other payables 應計費用及其他應付款項 2,151 3.054 Other borrowings 其他借款 5,756 Amount due to a subsidiary 應付一間附屬公司款項 3,876 _ 6,027 8,810 7,093 Net current assets 流動資產淨值 7,783 Total asset less current liabilities 資產總值減流動負債 16,487 18,587 Non-current liabilities 非流動負債 Deferred tax liabilities 遞延税項負債 844 1,025 Net assets 資產淨值 15,643 17,562 **Capital and reserves** 資本及儲備 股本 30 Share capital 13,752 13,752 Reserves 儲備 32 1,891 3,810 總權益

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 27 June 2025 and signed on its behalf by:

已於2025年6月27日獲董事會批准及授 權刊印,並由下列董事代表簽署:

17,562

15,643

Fong Chun Man 方俊文 Executive Director 執行董事

Total equity

Lo Pui Yee 勞佩儀 Executive Director 執行董事

31. 本公司財務狀況表

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32. RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

32. 本公司儲備

		Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2023 Loss and total comprehensive loss	於2023年4月1日 年內虧損及全面虧損	83,070	(76,650)	6,420
for the year	總額	-	(2,610)	(2,610)
At 31 March 2024 and 1 April 2024	於2024年3月31日及 2024年4月1日	83,070	(79,260)	3,810
Loss and total comprehensive loss for the year	年內虧損及全面虧損 總額	_	(1,919)	(1,919)
At 31 March 2025	於2025年3月31日	83,070	(81,179)	1,891

At 31 March 2025, the Company had distributable reserves of HK\$1,891,000 (2024: HK\$3,810,000) in accordance with the Companies Law, Chapter 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands.

於2025年3月31日,根據開曼群島公司 法第22章(1961年第3號法例,經綜合 及修訂),本公司有1,891,000港元(2024 年:3,810,000港元)可供分派儲備。

綜合財務報表附註

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For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

33. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES

Details of the Company's principal subsidiaries at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

33. 主要附屬公司

於報告期末,本公司的主要附屬公司詳 情如下:

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place and date of incorporation 註冊成立地點及日期	Principal place of operations 主要 營業地點	Issued and paid up capital or registered capital 已發行及繳足 資本或註冊資本	Propor ownership i voting power Gro 本集團持存 權益及投 2025 2025年 %	nterest and r held by the pup 頁的所有權	Principle activities 主要業務
Great Wall	Hong Kong, 22 December 2005	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	100	Sale and transportation of diesel oil and related products
長城	香港, 2005年12月22日	香港	1港元			柴油及相關產品銷售 及運輸
Eastern Champion Investment Limited	Hong Kong, 26 May 2021	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	100	Property investment
	香港, 2021年5月26日	香港	1港元			物業投資

The above subsidiaries are indirectly held by the Company.

None of the subsidiaries had any debt securities outstanding at the end of the year.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Group, which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results or assets of the Group. To give detail of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive lengths.

上述附屬公司由本公司間接持有。

於年末,概無附屬公司有任何未償還的 債務證券。

上表載列董事認為主要影響本集團業績 或資產的本集團附屬公司。董事認為, 提供其他附屬公司的詳情會令資料冗長。

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34. RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEME

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance. Under the MPF Scheme, employees are required to contribute 5% of their monthly salaries or up to a maximum of HK\$1,500 (2024: HK\$1,500) and they can choose to make additional contributions. Employers' monthly contributions are calculated at 5% of the employee's monthly salaries or up to a maximum of HK\$1,500 (2024: HK\$1,500) (the "mandatory contributions"). Employees are entitled to 100% of the employer's mandatory contributions upon their retirement at the age of 65, death or total incapacity.

The retirement benefits scheme contributions arising from the MPF Scheme charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income represent contributions paid or payable to the funds by the Group at rates specified in the rules of the schemes.

At 31 March 2025 and 2024, there was no forfeited contribution under any defined contribution schemes available which may be used by the Group to reduce the existing level of contributions, nor any contribution under any defined contribution schemes was forfeited by the Group for both years.

The contributions paid and payable to the schemes by the Group are disclosed in Note 11.

35. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company adopted a share option scheme on 23 March 2017 (the "Share Option Scheme"). The Share Option Scheme became effective on the date of the Company's listing (12 April 2018) and, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for ten years from that date.

The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to attract and retain the best available personnel, to provide additional incentive to employees (full-time and part-time), directors, consultants, advisers, distributors, contractors, suppliers, agents, customers, business partners or service providers of the Group and to promote the success of the business of the Group.

34. 退休福利計劃

本集團根據強制性公積金計劃條例設 立一項定額供款之強制性公積金退休 福利計劃(「強積金計劃」)。根據強積金 計劃,僱員須按彼等之月薪供款5%, 最高供款額為1,500港元(2024年:1,500 港元),彼等亦可選擇作出額外供款。 僱主之每月供款乃按有關僱員月薪5% 計算,最高供款額為1,500港元(2024 年:1,500港元)(「強制供款」)。僱員在 65歲退休、身故或完全喪失工作能力 時,可全數獲取僱主為其作出之強制供 款。

於綜合損益及其他全面收益表扣除的強 積金計劃產生的退休福利計劃供款指本 集團按計劃規則訂明的比率向基金已付 或應付的供款。

於2025年及2024年3月31日,概無任何 定額供款計劃下的已沒收供款可供本集 團用作減少現有供款水平,於兩個年度 亦無沒收任何定額供款計劃下的任何供 款。

本集團已付及應付計劃的供款披露於附 註11。

35. 購股權計劃

本公司已於2017年3月23日年採納一項 購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」)。購股權計 劃於本公司上市日期(2018年4月12日) 生效,除非另有撤銷或修訂,否則將自 該日期起計十年內一直生效。

購股權計劃旨在吸引及挽留最優秀的 人員、向本集團僱員(全職及兼職)、董 事、諮詢人、顧問、分銷商、承建商、 供應商、代理、客戶、商業夥伴及服務 供應商提供額外獎勵以及推動本集團業 務創出佳績。

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For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

35. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

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The basis of eligibility of any participant to the grant of any option shall be determined by the board (or as the case may be, including, where required under the GEM Listing Rules, the independent non-executive directors) from time to time on the basis of the participant's contribution or potential contribution to the development and growth of the Group.

The maximum number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options granted and to be granted under the Share Option Scheme is 8,000,000 shares (or such number of shares as may result from a subdivision or consolidation of such 8,000,000 shares from time to time), representing 10% of the shares of the Company in issue as at the date of adoption of the Share Option Scheme and after share consolidation of the Company on 29 June 2022. The maximum number of share issuable under share options granted to each eligible participant in the Share Option Scheme (including both exercised and outstanding options) within any 12-month period is limited to 1% of the shares of the Company in issue. Any grant or further grant of share options in excess of this limit must be separately approved by shareholders in general meeting. Any grant of share options under the Share Option Scheme to a director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company, or to any of their associates, must be approved by the independent nonexecutive directors (excluding any independent non-executive director who is the grantee of the option). In addition, any share options granted to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company, or to any of their associates, which would result in the total number of share issues and to be issued, upon exercise of all options already granted and to be granted (including options exercised, cancelled and outstanding), to such person under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company to such person in any 12-month period up to and including the date of the grant in aggregate over 0.1% of the shares of the Company in issue and with an aggregate value (based on the closing price of the Company's share at the date of each grant) in excess of HK\$5 million, such further grant of options is required to be approved by shareholders of the Company at a general meeting of the Company, with voting to be taken by way of poll.

35. 購股權計劃(續)

董事會(視情況而定(倘GEM上市規則 要求),或包括獨立非執行董事)可不時 根據參與者對本集團發展及增長所作出 或可能作出的貢獻決定獲授任何購股權 的參與者資格。

因行使根據購股權計劃授出及將予授出 的所有購股權而可予發行的股份數目上 限為8,000,000股(或不時分拆或合併該 等8,000,000股股份可能產生的有關股份 數目),佔於購股權採納日期及於2022 年6月29日本公司股份合併後本公司已 發行股份的10%。於任何12個月內向購 股權計劃內每名合資格參與者授出的購 股權(包括已行使及尚未行使的購股權) 所涉及的可予發行股份數目上限為本公 司已發行股份的1%。授出或進一步授 出超過此上限的購股權須獲股東於股東 大會上單獨批准。向本公司董事、行政 人員或主要股東或彼等的任何聯繫人授 出購股權計劃下的購股權須獲獨立非執 行董事(不包括本身為購股權承授人的 任何獨立非執行董事)批准。此外,向 主要股東或獨立非執行董事或彼等各自 的任何聯繫人授出任何購股權而導致在 截至授出日期(包括該日)止任何12個 月期間內,上述人士因行使根據購股權 計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃已獲 授及將予獲授的全部購股權(包括已行 使、已註銷及尚未行使的購股權)而向 有關人士發行及將予發行的股份總數合 共超過本公司已發行股份的0.1%;及(根 據股份於各授出日期收市價計算)總值 超過5百萬港元,則額外授出購股權須 經股東在本公司股東大會上以投票方式 表決批准。

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35. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

The offer for the grant of share option must be accepted within seven days inclusive of the day on which such offer was made. The amount payable by the grantee of an option to the Company on acceptance of the offeror the grant of an option is HK\$1. An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme at any time during a period as the Board may determine which shall not exceed 10 years from the date of grant subject to provision of early termination thereof. There is no requirement of a minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised. The subscription price of a Share in respect of any particular option granted under the Share Option Scheme shall be a price solely determined by the board and notified to a participant and shall be at least the higher of: (i) the closing price of the shares as started in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the ate of grant of the option, which must be a business day; (ii) the average closing prices of the Shares as stared in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant of the option; and (iii) the nominal value of a Share on the date of grant of the option.

At 31 March 2025 and 2024, there was no outstanding share options under any share option scheme. No share option was granted, exercised, lapsed, expired or cancelled during the years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024.

35. 購股權計劃(續)

授出購股權的要約限於作出有關要約日 期(包括該日)起計七日內接納。購股權 承授人須於接納要約時就獲授的購股權 向本公司支付1港元。承授人可於董事 會可能釐定的期間,隨時根據購股權計 劃的條款行使購股權,惟行使期不得超 過授出日期起計十年,並受有關提前終 止條文所規限。現時並無有關購股權獲 行使前的最少持有期的規定。根據購股 權計劃授出的任何特定購股權的股份認 購價由董事會全權釐定並通知參與者, 但不得低於下列較高者:(i)於購股權授 出日期(必須為營業日)於聯交所每日報 價表所報的股份收市價;(ii)於緊接購股 權授出日期前五個營業日在聯交所每日 報價表所報的股份平均收市價;及(iii) 於購股權授出日期的股份面值。

於2025年及2024年3月31日,購股權計 劃項下並無尚未行使購股權。截至2025 年及2024年3月31日止年度,概無購股 權獲授出、行使、失效、屆滿或註銷。

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36. 重大關聯方交易 **36. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

Save as disclosed in elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, the Group had also entered into the following material related party transactions during the reporting period:

除綜合財務報表其他地方所披露者外, 於報告期間,本集團亦訂立以下重大關

> 2025 2025年

2024

2024年

HK\$'000

千港元

664

5

(a) **Related party transactions**

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Name of party Nature of transaction HK\$'000 關聯方名稱 交易性質 千港元 Jet Good Limited ("Jet Good") (Note) Rental expenses 315 勤亨有限公司(「勤亨」)(附註) 租金開支 Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment 出售物業、廠房及設備收益

(b) Related party balances

Name of party 關聯方名稱	Nature of balance 結餘性質	2025 2025年 HK\$′000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元
Jet Good (Note) 勤亨 (附註)	Prepayments 預付款項 Deposits 按金	374 442	132 437

Note: Mr. Fong Chun Man, an executive director and ultimate controlling shareholder of the Company, has beneficial interests in Jet Good. Hence, Jet Good is related company and connected entity of the Company under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.

For the transactions constitute connected transactions under the GEM Listing Rules, please refer to the sections headed "Connected Transactions and Continuing Connected Transactions" under the "Report of the Board of Directors".

附註:本公司執行董事及最終控股股東方 俊文先生於勤亨擁有實益權益。因 此,根據GEM上市規則第20章,勤 亨為本公司的關聯公司及關聯實體。

有關就GEM上市規則項下構成關 聯交易的交易,請參閱「董事會報 告」項下「關連交易及持續關連交 易」一節。

聯方交易:

(a) 關聯方交易

關聯方結餘

(b)

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36. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(Continued)

(c) Personal guarantee and securities provided by key management personnel

At 31 March 2025 and 2024, Mr. Fong Chun Man, an executive director of the Company, provides personal guarantee and life insurance policy of insured sum amounted to US\$2,600,000 which Mr. Fong Chun Man is the insured person as securities for loan facilities granted to the Group.

(d) Compensation of key management personnel

The directors of the Company and senior management are identified as key management personnel of the Group and their remunerations during the reporting period are set out in Notes 13 and 14.

37. PLEDGE OF ASSETS

Assets with the following carrying amounts have been pledged to secure the loan facilities of the Group as follow:

36. 重大關聯方交易(續)

(c) 由主要管理人員提供的個人擔 保及抵押

> 於2025年及2024年3月31日,本 公司執行董事方俊文先生提供個 人擔保及保額為2,600,000美元的 人壽保單(方俊文先生為受保人), 作為本集團獲授貸款融資的抵押。

(d) 主要管理人員的補償

本公司董事及高級管理層獲確定 為本集團的主要管理人員,彼等 於報告期間的薪酬載於附註13及 14。

37. 資產抵押

已將以下賬面值資產作抵押,以作為本 集團貸款融資擔保:

		2025 2025年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元
Financial assets at FVTPL — Key management personnel life	按公平值計入損益的金融資產 — 主要管理人員人壽保單		
insurance policy		4,677	4,564
Investment property	投資物業	12,000	14,600
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	6,156	6,122
Motor vehicles	汽車	-	194
Oil barges (Note)	柴油駁船(附註)	9,004	10,804
		31,837	36,284

Note: The pledge of oil barges was released subsequent to the end of reporting period.

附註:柴油駁船的抵押已於報告期末後解除。

綜合財務報表附註

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38. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

38. 融資活動所產生負債的對賬

		Bank and other borrowings 銀行及其他 借款 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2023	於2023年4月1日	45,589
Changes from financing cash flows:	來自融資現金流量的變動:	
Proceeds from bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借款所得款項	16,700
Repayment of bank and other borrowings	償還銀行及其他借款	(25,099)
Interest paid	已付利息	(2,147)
Total changes in financing cash flows	融資現金流量變動總額	(10,546)
Other changes:	其他變動:	
Interest expenses	利息開支	2,147
At 31 March 2024 and 1 April 2024	於2024年3月31日及	
	2024年4月1日	37,190
Changes from financing cash flows:	來自融資現金流量的變動:	
Proceeds from bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借款所得款項	12,676
Repayment of bank and other borrowings	償還銀行及其他借款	(35,732)
Interest paid	已付利息	(1,172)
Total changes in financing cash flows	融資現金流量變動總額	(24,228)
Other changes:	其他變動:	
Interest expenses	利息開支	1,590
At 31 March 2025	於2025年3月31日	14,552

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39. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

On 22 May 2025, Great Wall , an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, as the creditor, and a debtor entered into a settlement agreement, pursuant to which, Great Wall agreed to acquire and the debtor agreed to transfer a machine to Great Wall for a consideration of HK\$1,100,000. Pursuant to the settlement agreement, the consideration shall be set off against receivables owed by the debtor to Great Wall which amounted to approximately HK\$1,200,000. The remaining balance of the receivables amounted to approximately HK\$100,000 shall be waived by Great Wall. The acquisition of the machine was completed upon signing of the settlement agreement. Thereafter, ownership of the machine was transferred to Great Wall and the receivables was deemed to be settled in full.

Upon completion of the aforesaid acquisition, Great Wall, as the vendor, and a purchaser, entered into the sale and purchase agreement, pursuant to which, Great Wall agreed to sell and the purchaser agreed to purchase the machine acquired in the aforesaid acquisition for a consideration of HK\$1,100,000. The disposal of the machine was completed upon signing of the sale and purchase agreement.

40. AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 27 June 2025.

39. 報告期後事項

於2025年5月22日,本公司間接全資附 屬公司長城(作為債權人)與一名債務 人訂立清償協議,據此,長城同意收購 而債務人同意向長城轉讓機器,代價為 1,100,000港元。根據清償協議,代價將 抵銷債務人結欠長城約1,200,000港元之 應收款項。長城將豁免應收款項餘額約 100,000港元。該機器之收購事項已於 簽署清償協議後完成。其後,該機器之 所有權已轉移至長城,而應收款項已被 視為悉數清償。

於上述收購事項完成後,長城(作為賣 方)與一名買方訂立買賣協議,據此, 長城同意出售而買方同意購買於上述收 購事項所收購之機器,代價為1,100,000 港元。該機器之出售事項已於簽署買賣 協議後完成。

40. 授權刊發綜合財務報表

綜合財務報表已於2025年6月27日由董 事會批准及授權刊發。

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For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

RESULT

業績

		For the year ended 31 March 截至3月31日止年度					
		2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	
		2021年	2022年	2023年	2024年	2025年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
		(Restated)					
		(經重列)					
Continuing operations	持續經營業務						
Revenue	收益	357,753	357,471	429,940	289,980	345,788	
Cost of sales	銷售成本	(332,420)	(352,579)	(413,699)	(275,705)	(328,417)	
Gross profit	毛利	25,333	4,892	16,241	14,275	17,371	
Profit/(loss) for the year from	來自持續經營業務的						
continuing operations	年內溢利/(虧損)	7,592	(39,257)	(4,837)	(8,648)	(825)	
Discontinued operations	已終止經營業務						
(Loss)/profit for the year from	來自已終止經營業務的						
discontinued operations	年內(虧損)/溢利	(2,133)	7,370	-	-	-	
Profit/(loss) for the year	年內溢利/(虧損)	5,459	(31,887)	(4,837)	(8,648)	(825)	
Attributable to	下列人士應佔						
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人	6,387	(31,217)	(4,837)	(8,648)	(825)	
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(928)	(670)	_	-	-	
Profit/(loss) for the year	年內溢利/(虧損)	5,459	(31,887)	(4,837)	(8,648)	(825)	

Financial Summary

財務概要

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

資產及負債

		At 31 March 於3月31日					
		2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	
		2021年	2022年	2023年	2024年	2025 年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
Non-current asset	非流動資產	59,896	49,722	55,708	48.882	44,819	
		57,070	17,722	55,700	40,002	44,017	
Current assets	流動資產	154,726	131,411	128,960	114,941	92,337	
Current assets Non-current liabilities		,	,	,	- /		
	流動資產	154,726	131,411	128,960	114,941	92,337	
Non-current liabilities	流動資產 非流動負債	154,726 561	131,411 468	128,960 1,238	114,941 1,025	92,337 844	

The summary above does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

Such summary was prepared as if the current structure of the Group had been in existence throughout these financial years and is presented on the basis as set out in Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements.

上述概要不構成經審核綜合財務報表的一部分。

有關概要乃獲編製猶如本集團現行架構於該 等財政年度已存在,並按綜合財務報表附註3 所載的基準呈列。

F8 Enterprises (Holdings) Group Limited F8 企業(控股)集團有限公司