NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended July 31, 2000

1. GENERAL

The Company is a public limited company incorporated in Hong Kong and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

The Company acts as a property and investment holding company and provides corporate management services to its subsidiaries. Its subsidiaries are principally engaged in property investment and development, provision of agency services and property management and maintenance services.

2. ADOPTION OF REVISED AND NEW STATEMENTS OF STANDARD ACCOUNTING PRACTICE

In the current year, the Group has adopted, for the first time, the following revised and new Statements of Standard Accounting Practice ("SSAPs") issued by the Hong Kong Society of Accountants:

SSAP 1 (Revised)	Presentation of financial statements
SSAP 2 (Revised)	Net profit or loss for the period, fundamental errors
	and changes in accounting policies
SSAP 10 (Revised)	Accounting for investments in associates
SSAP 24	Accounting for investments in securities

SSAP 1 (Revised) and SSAP 2 (Revised) are concerned with the presentation and disclosure of financial information. The presentation in the current year's financial statements has been modified in order to conform with the requirements of those SSAPs. Comparative amounts have been restated in order to achieve a consistent presentation.

In particular:

- additional analyses of income and expenditure have been presented;
- expenses that were separately identified on the face of the income statement as 'exceptional items' have been reclassified within an appropriate expense classification; and
- amounts owing to and by subsidiaries, associates and investee companies which had previously been presented together with the Group's investments in such enterprises have been reclassified as current and non-current assets and liabilities according to the nature of the transactions giving rise to the balances.

In addition, the description of various components in the financial statements and the terminology used have been updated to reflect the terminology of those SSAPs.

SSAP 10 (Revised) has not resulted in any significant changes to the accounting treatment adopted for investments in associates and, accordingly, no prior period adjustment is required. Disclosures presented have been modified to meet the requirements of the revised SSAP.

SSAP 24 has introduced a new framework for the classification of investments in securities. In adopting SSAP 24, the Group selected the alternative treatment for securities other than held-to-maturity securities.

Under SSAP 24, investments in securities are now classified as held-to-maturity (carried at amortised cost less provision for irrecoverable amounts), trading securities (carried at fair value, with valuation movements dealt with in the income statement) and other securities (carried at fair value, with valuation movements dealt with in equity). In prior years, investments of the Group and the Company were classified either as long-term (carried at cost less provision for impairment in value) or short-term (carried at the lower of cost and market value). The accounting treatment specified by SSAP 24 has been applied retrospectively resulting in the creation of a deficit balance of HK\$6,372,126 in investment revaluation reserve of the Group at August 1, 1999 and an increase in the Group's net loss for the year of HK\$674,830 (1999: decrease in net loss of HK\$764,809). Similarly, the retrospective application of SSAP 24 results in an increase in deficit of HK\$126,270 and the creation of a deficit balance of HK\$4,139,561 in investment revaluation reserve of the Company at August 1, 1999 and an increase in the Company's net loss for the year of HK\$15,802 (1999: decrease in net loss of HK\$29,280). Comparative figures have been restated to reflect this change in accounting policy.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified for the revaluation of certain properties and investments in securities.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong. The principal accounting policies adopted are as follows:

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (except for those detailed in note 16) made up to July 31 each year.

The results of the subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated income statement from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate. All significant inter-company transactions and balances between group enterprises are eliminated on consolidation.

Goodwill

Goodwill or capital reserve represents respectively the excess or shortfall of the purchase consideration over the fair value ascribed to the Group's share of the separable net assets at the date of acquisition of a subsidiary. Goodwill or capital reserve is written off or credited directly to reserves, respectively, in the year of acquisition.

Any premium or discount arising on the acquisition of interests in associates, representing the excess or shortfall respectively of the purchase consideration over the fair value ascribed to the Group's share of the separable net assets of the associate at the date of acquisition, is dealt with in the same manner as that described above for goodwill.

When the directors considered goodwill no longer reflect the intrinsic value of a subsidiary or an associate represented by it, the attributable amount of goodwill previously debited to the reserves will be reversed and charged to the income statement.

On disposal of a subsidiary or an associate, the attributable amount of goodwill previously eliminated against or credited to reserves is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal.

Investment properties

Investment properties are completed properties which are held for their investment potential, any rental income being negotiated at arm's length.

Investment properties are stated at their open market value based on independent professional valuations at the balance sheet date. Any surplus or deficit arising on the revaluation of investment properties is credited or charged to the investment property revaluation reserve unless the balance of this reserve is insufficient to cover a deficit, in which case the excess of the deficit over the balance of the investment property revaluation reserve is charged to the income statement. Where a deficit has previously been charged to the income statement and a revaluation surplus subsequently arises, this surplus is credited to the income statement to the extent of the deficit previously charged.

On disposal of an investment property, the balance on the investment property revaluation reserve attributable to that property is transferred to the income statement.

No depreciation is provided on investment properties except where the unexpired term of the relevant lease is 20 years or less.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment and amortisation are stated at cost or valuation less depreciation and amortisation. The cost of an asset comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its present working condition and location for its intended use. Expenditure incurred after the asset has been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance and overhaul costs, is normally charged to the income statement in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditure has resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of the asset, the expenditure is capitalised as an additional cost of the asset.

The gain or loss arising from the disposal or retirement of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the income statement.

Where the recoverable amount of an asset has declined below its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to reflect the decline in value. In determining the recoverable amount of assets, expected future cash flows are not discounted to their present values.

Certain of the Group's and the Company's leasehold land and buildings were revalued during 1993 to 1995. Advantage has been taken of the transitional relief provided by paragraph 72 of SSAP 17 "Property, plant and equipment" from the requirement to make regular revaluations of leasehold land and buildings of the Group and the Company which had been carried at revalued amounts prior to August 1, 1995 and accordingly no further revaluation of land and buildings is carried out. In previous years, the surplus arising on revaluation of these assets was credited to the revaluation reserve. Any future decreases in value of these assets will be dealt with as an expense to the extent that they exceed the balance, if any, on the revaluation reserve relating to a previous revaluation of the same asset.

Depreciation and amortisation are provided to write off the cost or valuation of property, plant and equipment, over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method, at the following rates per annum:

Leasehold land Over the term of the relevant lease
Buildings Over the shorter of the term of the lease

or the estimated useful life of 25 to 50

years

Plant and machinery 10% – 20%

Furniture, fixtures and equipment 20% Motor vehicles 20%

Assets held under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their expected useful lives on the same basis as owned assets.

Assets held under hire purchase contracts

Assets held under hire purchase contracts are capitalised at their fair value at the date of acquisition. The corresponding liability to the hirer, net of interest charges, is included in the balance sheet as obligations under hire purchase contracts. Finance costs, which represent the difference between the total hire purchase commitments and the original outstanding principal at the inception of the hire purchase contracts, are charged to the income statement over the period of respective contract so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the remaining balance of the obligations for each accounting period.

All other leases are classified as operating leases and the rental payable is charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the terms of the relevant lease.

Investments in subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an enterprise in which the Company, directly or indirectly, holds more than half of the issued share capital or controls more than half of the voting power, or where the Company controls the composition of its board of directors or equivalent governing body.

Investments in subsidiaries are included in the Company's balance sheet at cost, as reduced by any decline in the value of the subsidiary that is other than temporary. Results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable during the year.

Investments in subsidiaries not consolidated are stated at cost plus the results of the subsidiaries attributable to the Group from the date of acquisition up to the date of de-consolidation, less provision for impairment in value, if necessary.

Investments in associates

An associate is an enterprise over which the Group is in a position to exercise significant influence, through participation in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee.

The consolidated income statement includes the Group's share of the post-acquisition results of its associates for the year. In the consolidated balance sheet, interests in associates are stated at the Group's share of net assets of the associates.

Where a group enterprise transacts with an associate of the Group, unrealised profits and losses are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the relevant associate, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred.

In the Company's balance sheet, investments in associates are stated at cost, as reduced by any impairment. Results of associates are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable during the year.

Investments in securities

Investments in securities are recognised on a trade date basis and are initially measured at cost.

All securities other than held-to-maturity debt securities are measured at fair value at subsequent reporting dates.

Where securities are held for trading purposes, unrealised gains and losses are included in profit or loss for the period. For other securities, unrealised gains and losses are dealt with in equity, until the security is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, at which time the cumulative gain or loss is included in profit or loss for the period.

Properties under development for sale

Properties under development for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes professional fees and other direct costs attributable to such properties until they reach a marketable condition. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Properties held for sale

Properties held for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes professional fees and other direct costs attributable to such properties until they reach a marketable condition. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is calculated using the weighted average cost method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs to completion and costs to be incurred in marketing, selling and distribution.

Convertible notes

Convertible notes are regarded as liabilities until conversion occurs. Finance costs are allocated to periods over the term of the notes at a constant rate on the carrying amount. The costs incurred in connection with the issue of the notes are charged to the income statement.

Revenue recognition

Sales of goods are recognised when goods are delivered and title has passed.

Sales of investments in securities are recognised when the related bought and sold notes are executed.

Commissions and service charges are recognised when services are provided.

When properties are developed for sale, income is recognised on the execution of a binding sales agreement or when the relevant occupation permit is issued by the building authority, whichever is the later. Payments received from purchasers prior to this stage are recorded as deposits received in advance under current liabilities.

Rental income from properties under operating leases is recognised on a straightline basis over the term of the relevant lease.

Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the interest rate applicable.

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholders' right to receive payment has been established.

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the results for the year as adjusted for items which are non-assessable or disallowed. Timing differences arise from the recognition for tax purposes of certain items of income and expenditure in a different accounting period from that in which they are recognised in the financial statements. The tax effect of timing differences, computed under the liability method, is recognised as deferred taxation in the financial statements to the extent that it is probable that a liability or an asset will crystallise in the foreseeable future.

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the rates ruling on the dates of the transactions or at the contracted settlement rate. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are re-translated at the rates ruling on the balance sheet date. Gains and losses arising on exchange are dealt with in the income statement.

On consolidation, the financial statements of subsidiaries which are denominated in currencies other than Hong Kong dollar and which operate in the People's Republic of China, other than Hong Kong, (the "PRC") and overseas are translated at the approximate rates ruling on the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising, if any, are classified as equity and are recognised as income or as expenses in the period in which the subsidiaries are disposed of.

Retirement benefit scheme contributions

The retirement benefit scheme contributions charged in the income statement represent the amount of contributions payable in respect of the current year to the Group's defined contribution scheme.

Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents represent short-term, highly liquid investments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which were within three months of maturity when acquired, less advances from banks repayable within three months from the date of the advance.

4. TURNOVER

Turnover represents the net amounts received and receivable for goods and trading securities sold, services rendered to outside customers and interest income during the year, and is summarised as follows:

	2000 HK\$	1999 <i>HK\$</i>
Continuing operations:		
Property maintenance, management		
and agency services	28,427,050	28,877,504
Property rental	14,495,279	15,724,171
Interest income	278,503	12,595,521
Sale of trading securities	3,335,636	7,223,553
	46,536,468	64,420,749
Discontinued operations:		
Manufacture and sale of biscuits	5,898,655	66,005,094
	52,435,123	130,425,843

5. LOSS FROM OPERATIONS

LOSS FROM OPERATIONS	2000	1999
	<i>HK</i> \$	HK\$
Loss from operations has been arrived at after charging (crediting):		
Directors' remuneration (note 8)	1,132,448	1,580,720
Other staff costs	26,663,671	34,149,165
Severance payments	1,049,847	
Total staff costs	28,845,966	35,729,885
Auditors' remuneration	404,874	470,175
Depreciation and amortisation on:		
Owned assets	1,284,403	6,366,686
Assets held under hire purchase contracts	38,053	105,410
Dividend income from investments in securities	(528,091)	(207,585)
Impairment loss of other securities	_	269,726
Loss on disposal of other securities	761,224	681,122
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment Operating lease charges:	2,237	341,615
Plant and machinery	_	1,050,980
Premises	_	963,238
Provision for bad and doubtful debts	_	1,874,414
Provision for properties held for sale	2,353,770	_
Unrealised holding loss of trading securities	<u>292,942</u>	919,299
FINANCE COSTS		
	2000	1999
	<i>HK</i> \$	HK\$
Interest on:		
Borrowings wholly repayable within five years:		
Bank borrowings	5,797,411	4,757,696
Convertible notes	454,421	1,610,000
Other borrowings	187,641	250,132
Bank borrowings not wholly repayable		
within five years	2,859,227	3,053,729
Obligations under hire purchase contracts	9,120	27,580
	9,307,820	9,699,137

6.

7. (LOSS) GAIN ON DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES WHICH HAD BEEN ENGAGED IN DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

During the year ended July 31, 2000, the Group disposed of its entire interest in Guangzhou Jessica Food Products Company Limited ("Guangzhou Jessica") to the minority shareholder. Guangzhou Jessica was engaged in the manufacture and sale of biscuits in the PRC. Accordingly, the Group's business of manufacture and sale of biscuits was discontinued and the effective date of discontinuance for accounting purposes was September 16, 1999.

A loss of approximately HK\$39,000 arose on the disposal of Guangzhou Jessica, being the proceeds of the disposal less the carrying amount of Guangzhou Jessica's net assets and currency translation reserve. No tax charge or credit arose from the transaction.

The results of the business of manufacture and sale of biscuits for the period from August 1, 1999 to September 16, 1999, which have been included in the consolidated income statement, together with the corresponding comparative figures for the year ended July 31, 1999, were as follows:

	8.1.1999	8.1.1998
	to	to
	9.16.1999	7.31.1999
	HK\$	HK\$
Turnover	5,898,655	66,005,094
Operating costs	(6,051,525)	(77,813,655)
Loss from operations	(152,870)	(11,808,561)

On July 31, 1999, the Group disposed of its entire interest in a subsidiary, F.I.A. Co., Ltd. ("F.I.A.") upon disposal of its immediate holding company to an independent third party for an aggregate consideration of HK\$8, resulting in a gain of HK\$14,612. F.I.A. was engaged in the manufacture and sale of ice-cream before it ceased operations in May 1997. The companies disposed of were inactive during the year ended July 31, 1999 and did not contribute significantly to the Group's operating results. No tax charge or credit arose from the transaction.

8. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

	2000	1999
	<i>HK</i> \$	HK\$
Fees:		
Executive directors	23,123	9,000
Non-executive and independent		
non-executive directors	40,000	8,828
	63,123	17,828
Other emoluments (executive directors):		
Salaries and other benefits	892,000	1,380,259
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	39,400	58,033
Other emoluments (non-executive directors):		
Salaries and other benefits	136,125	123,400
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	1,800	1,200
	1,069,325	1,562,892
	1,132,448	1,580,720

The emoluments of each of the directors were below HK\$1,000,000 for both years.

9. EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, one (1999: two) was a director of the Company whose emoluments are included in note 8 above. The emoluments of the remaining four (1999: three) employees are as follows:

	2000	1999
	HK\$	HK\$
Salaries and other benefits	1,239,526	1,209,394
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	235,862	43,200
Severance payments	566,978	
	2,042,366	1,252,594

The emoluments of each of these employees were below HK\$1,000,000 for both years.

10. TAXATION

	2000 HK\$	1999 <i>HK</i> \$
The charge comprises:		
Hong Kong Profits Tax		
Current year	84,000	14,001
Under(over)provision in prior years	53,426	(52,033)
	137,426	(38,032)
Share of taxation on results of associates	318,693	311,361
	456,119	273,329

Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16% of the estimated assessable profit for the year.

Details of the deferred taxation asset not recognised are set out in note 35.

11. NET LOSS FOR THE YEAR

Of the Group's net loss for the year of HK\$37,837,581 (1999: HK\$23,474,145 (as restated)), a net loss of HK\$42,828,002 (1999: HK\$21,173,054 (as restated)) has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company.

12. LOSS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic loss per share is based on net loss for the year of HK\$37,837,581 (1999: HK\$23,474,145 (as restated)) and on the weighted average number of 401,040,614 (1999: 388,479,082) shares in issue during the year.

No additional disclosure of diluted loss per share for both years is shown as the effect of the potential ordinary shares in issue is anti-dilutive for both years.

13. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	TH	E GROUP	THE COMPAN	
	2000 1999		2000	1999
	<i>HK</i> \$	HK\$	<i>HK</i> \$	HK\$
Balance brought forward Upon acquisition of	126,100,000	81,390,000	35,380,000	39,460,000
a subsidiary	_	68,000,000	_	_
Deficit arising				
on revaluation	(26,360,000)	(23,290,000)	(2,830,000)	(4,080,000)
Balance carried forward	99,740,000	126,100,000	32,550,000	35,380,000
Comprising:				
Investment properties in Hong Kong held under:				
Long leases	2,000,000	34,000,000		32,000,000
Medium-term leases	97,740,000	92,100,000	32,550,000	3,380,000
Medium-term reases	77,740,000	<u>72,100,000</u>		
	99,740,000	126,100,000	32,550,000	35,380,000

The investment properties of the Group and the Company are held for rental purposes under operating leases and were revalued at July 31, 2000 on an open market value basis by Chung Sen Surveyors Limited, an independent firm of professional valuers.

The deficit arising on revaluation of the Group's investment properties amounted to HK\$26,360,000 (1999: HK\$23,290,000), of which HK\$3,859,389 (1999: HK\$23,290,000) has been charged to the investment property revaluation reserve (note 34) and the remaining balance of HK\$22,500,611 (1999: Nil) has been charged to the income statement.

The deficit arising on revaluation of the Company's investment properties of HK\$2,830,000 (1999: HK\$4,080,000) has been charged to the Company's investment property revaluation reserve.

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

			Furniture,		
	Leasehold	DI4 I	fixtures	Mate	
	land and	Plant and	and	Motor	T-4-1
	buildings	machinery	equipment	vehicles	Total
	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
THE GROUP					
COST OR VALUATION					
At August 1, 1999	90,188,166	13,372,335	6,997,070	7,379,031	117,936,602
Additions	-	_	806,804	_	806,804
Disposals	_	_	(3,835)	-	(3,835)
Upon disposal of subsidiaries	(62,291,621)	(13,372,335)	(1,456,462)	(4,150,977)	(81,271,395)
At July 31, 2000	27,896,545		6,343,577	3,228,054	37,468,176
Comprising:					
At cost	20,496,545	_	6,343,577	3,228,054	30,068,176
At valuation – 1995	2,000,000	_	-	-	2,000,000
At valuation – 1994	1,600,000	_	_	_	1,600,000
At valuation – 1993	3,800,000	_	_	_	3,800,000
	27,896,545		6,343,577	3,228,054	37,468,176
DEPRECIATION AND					
AMORTISATION					
At August 1, 1999	37,661,886	7,335,056	4,852,481	6,755,620	56,605,043
Provided for the year	562,597	_	608,327	151,532	1,322,456
Provision for impairment					
in value	13,865,917	_	_	_	13,865,917
Eliminated on disposals	_	_	(1,598)	_	(1,598)
Eliminated on disposal					
of subsidiaries	(34,741,698)	(7,335,056)	(888,741)	(3,914,830)	(46,880,325)
At July 31, 2000	17,348,702		4,570,469	2,992,322	24,911,493
NET BOOK VALUES					
At July 31, 2000	10,547,843	_	1,773,108	235,732	12,556,683
At July 31, 1999	52,526,280	6,037,279	2,144,589	623,411	61,331,559

		Furniture,		
	Leasehold	fixtures		
	land and	and	Motor	
	buildings	equipment	vehicles	Total
THE COMPANY	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
THE COMPANY COST OR VALUATION				
At August 1, 1999	23,162,303	305,546	1,656,295	25,124,144
Additions		40,345		40,345
At July 31, 2000	23,162,303	345,891	1,656,295	25,164,489
Comprising:				
At cost	19,562,303	345,891	1,656,295	21,564,489
At valuation – 1995	2,000,000	_	_	2,000,000
At valuation – 1994	1,600,000			1,600,000
	23,162,303	345,891	1,656,295	25,164,489
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION				
At August 1, 1999	3,337,314	129,284	1,656,295	5,122,893
Provided for the year	419,074	63,798	_	482,872
Provision for impairment in value	13,865,917			13,865,917
At July 31, 2000	17,622,305	193,082	1,656,295	19,471,682
NET BOOK VALUES				
At July 31, 2000	5,539,998	152,809		5,692,807
At July 31, 1999	19,824,989	176,262		20,001,251

The directors have reviewed the carrying value of the leasehold land and buildings of the Group and the Company at July 31, 2000 and determined that the recoverable amount from the use of certain of these land and buildings had declined below their carrying value. Accordingly, the carrying value of these land and buildings was reduced by HK\$13,865,917 to reflect this impairment. Of that amount HK\$3,297,401 has been charged to the property revaluation reserve (note 34) and the remaining balance of HK\$10,568,516 has been charged to the income statement.

THE G	ROUP	THE CO	MPANY
2000	1999	2000	1999
HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$

The net book value of leasehold land and buildings shown above comprises:

Hong Kong:				
Long leases	_	4,269,397	_	4,269,397
Medium-term leases	8,737,779	18,845,317	5,539,998	15,555,592
Outside Hong Kong:				
Medium-term leases	1,810,064	29,411,566		
	10,547,843	52,526,280	5,539,998	19,824,989

Had the Group's and the Company's leasehold land and buildings been carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortisation, they would have been included in these financial statements at approximately HK\$6,676,000 (1999: HK\$45,211,000) and HK\$5,953,000 (1999: HK\$16,914,000), respectively.

At July 31, 2000, the net book value of property, plant and equipment of the Group included an amount of HK\$44,200 (1999: HK\$239,420) in respect of assets held under hire purchase contracts.

15. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

	THE COMPANY		
	2000	1999	
	HK\$	HK\$	
Unlisted investment, at cost	87,579,390	87,579,390	
Amounts due from subsidiaries	423,155,633	315,249,941	
Less: Provision for impairment in value	(338,681,679)	(216,658,026)	
	172,053,344	186,171,305	

Details of principal subsidiaries at July 31, 2000 were as follows:

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation registration	Issued and paid up share capital/ registered capital*	nomina issued/i capit by the	ortion of al value of registered al held Company Indirectly	Principal activities
Chadbury International Limited	British Virgin Islands	US\$1	-	100	Property investment
Hegel Trading Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	-	Property investment
Jet Asia Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	-	Property investment
Kingpower Far East Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100	-	Trading of marketable securities
Lee Tak Estates Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$17,500,000	100	_	Property investment
Mimosa Land Company Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$200	100	-	Property investment
Nanjing Zhong Qing Co. Ltd.	The PRC	RMB50,000,000*	-	51	Property development
Richamp Engineering Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	-	100	Electrical and maintenance services
Tai Hing Estates Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$500,000	100	-	Property investment
Yoshiya Property Management Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$150,000	100	-	Property management and investment holding

Other than Chadbury International Limited, which operates in Japan, all principal subsidiaries operate in their respective place of incorporation/registration.

None of the subsidiaries had any loan capital outstanding at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results or net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

16. SUBSIDIARIES NOT CONSOLIDATED

	THE GROUP 2000 & 1999 HK\$
Group's share of the net assets in subsidiaries not	22 (0 (400
consolidated up to the date of de-consolidation Attributable goodwill previously taken directly to reserves	23,696,400 15,541,253
Attributable goodwin previously taken directly to reserves	39,237,653
Amount advanced to a subsidiary	3,487,061
·	42,724,714
Less: Provision for impairment in value	(42,724,714)

Details of subsidiaries not consolidated at July 31, 2000 were as follows:

Name of subsidiary	Place of operation and incorporation	Issued and paid up share capital	Proportion of nominal value of issued capital held by the Company		Principal activities
			Directly %	Indirectly %	
Rayman Trading Company Limited ("Rayman") (now in creditors' liquidation)	Hong Kong	HK\$224,500	41	10	Activities suspended
Abacus Telecom Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	_	51	Activities suspended

On August 7, 1996, the directors of Rayman made a statutory declaration that Rayman together with its subsidiary, Abacus Telecom Limited ("Rayman Group") could not, by reason of its liabilities, continue its business and it was necessary that Rayman Group be wound up. On September 4, 1996, liquidators were appointed to handle the winding up. Full provision was made in 1996 in respect of the Group's interest in Rayman Group.

The losses relating to the subsidiaries not consolidated attributable to the Group are:

		2000 <i>HK</i> \$	Previous years since acquisition HK\$
	Dealt with in the consolidated financial statements		(125,260,770)
	Not dealt with in the consolidated financial statements		
17.	INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES	2000 HK\$	1999 <i>HK</i> \$
	THE GROUP Share of net assets of associates Amounts due from associates	4,901,446 1,047,750 5,949,196	3,503,071 1,047,750 4,550,821
	THE COMPANY Unlisted shares, at cost Amounts due from associates Less: Provision for impairment in value	3,469,925 1,047,750 (838,737) 3,678,938	3,469,925 1,047,750 (838,737) 3,678,938

The amounts due from associates are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have no fixed repayment terms. In the opinion of the directors, no part of the amount will be repaid within the next twelve months and, accordingly, the amount is presented as non-current.

Details of the principal associates as at July 31, 2000 were as follows:

Name of associate	Place of operation and incorporation	on and capital l		Principal activities	
	•	Directly %	Indirectly %		
Curtis Investment Company Limited	Hong Kong	50	-	Property investment	
Fairview Park Property Management Limited	Hong Kong	-	49	Property management	

The above table lists the associates of the Group which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results or net assets of the Group. To give details of other associates would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

18. OTHER SECURITIES

THE GROUP		THE	COMPANY
2000	1999	2000	1999
HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
13,809,120	22,418,950	10,113,480	17,085,770
_	399,125	_	399,125
321,514	321,514	320,514	320,514
14,130,634	23,139,589	10,433,994	17,805,409
	2000 HK\$ 13,809,120 - 321,514	2000 1999 HK\$ HK\$ 13,809,120 22,418,950 - 399,125 321,514 321,514	2000 1999 2000 HK\$ HK\$ HK\$ 13,809,120 22,418,950 10,113,480 - 399,125 - 321,514 321,514 320,514

19. AMOUNT DUE FROM AN INVESTEE COMPANY

The amount represents an advance to Mutual Luck Investment Limited ("Mutual Luck"), a company in which the Group holds a 15.33% interest as other securities. Mutual Luck is engaged in property investment and the advance was made for financing its acquisition of a parcel of leasehold land in Hong Kong in 1989.

The amount is unsecured, non-interest bearing (1999: bore interest at 1% above the prime rate) and has no fixed repayment terms. In the opinion of the directors, no part of the amount will be repaid within the next twelve months and the amount is therefore presented as non-current.

20. PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT FOR SALE

THE GROUP		
2000	1999	
<i>HK</i> \$	HK\$	
60,529,332	64,049,740	
_	102,047	
113,299	9,168,021	
_	(9,193,962)	
(7,108,526)	_	
	(3,596,514)	
53,534,105	60,529,332	
	2000 HK\$ 60,529,332 - 113,299 - (7,108,526)	

The Group's properties under development for sale at July 31, 2000 are held on medium-term land use rights in the PRC.

Details of the properties under development for sale at July 31, 2000 are set out on page 66 of the annual report.

21. PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE

	THE GROUP		THE	COMPANY
	2000	1999	2000	1999
	HK\$	HK\$	<i>HK</i> \$	HK\$
Properties in Hong Kong	30,555,994	30,555,994	206,207	206,207
Properties in Japan	42,780,000	42,408,976	_	_
Properties in the PRC		1,962,104		
	73,335,994	74,927,074	206,207	206,207

Included above are properties in Japan of HK\$42,780,000 (1999: HK\$42,408,976) and properties in the PRC of HK\$Nil (1999: HK\$54,723) which are carried at net realisable value.

Details of the properties held for sale at July 31, 2000 are set out on page 66 of the annual report.

22. INVENTORIES

	THE	GROUP
	2000	1999
	<i>HK</i> \$	HK\$
Raw materials	_	2,646,218
Finished goods		2,772,836
		5,419,054

23. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

The Group and the Company allows an average credit period of 30 days (1999: 60 days) to its trade customers. The ageing analysis of trade receivables is stated as follows:

	THE GROUP		THE C	OMPANY
	2000	1999	2000	1999
	<i>HK</i> \$	HK\$	<i>HK</i> \$	HK\$
0 to 60 days	3,890,251	10,797,871	19,664	37,257
61 to 90 days	9,800	74,065	_	_
91 days or above	8,500	62,987		
Total trade receivables	3,908,551	10,934,923	19,664	37,257
Other receivables	1,090,811	11,117,700	180,358	364,155
	4,999,362	22,052,623	200,022	401,412

24. LOAN RECEIVABLE FROM A MINORITY SHAREHOLDER

The amount was unsecured, bore interest at 7% per annum and was fully repaid during the year.

25. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

The ageing analysis of trade payables is stated as follows:

	THE GROUP		THE (COMPANY
	2000	1999	2000	1999
	<i>HK</i> \$	HK\$	<i>HK</i> \$	HK\$
0 to 60 days	3,195,278	12,334,996	4,872	18,000
91 days or above	5,163,437	5,018,720		
Total trade payables	8,358,715	17,353,716	4,872	18,000
Other payables	6,035,309	24,379,588	1,395,594	1,235,831
	14,394,024	41,733,304	1,400,466	1,253,831

26. AMOUNT DUE TO AN ASSOCIATE

The Group and the Company

The amount is unsecured, non-interest bearing and has no fixed repayment terms.

27. AMOUNT DUE TO AN INVESTEE COMPANY

The Group and the Company

The amount is unsecured, non-interest bearing and has no fixed repayment terms.

28. OBLIGATIONS UNDER HIRE PURCHASE CONTRACTS

	THE GROUP		
	2000	1999	
	<i>HK</i> \$	HK\$	
Obligations under hire purchase contracts are repayable as follows:			
Within one year	17,438	48,524	
More than one year, but not exceeding two years		17,438	
	17,438	65,962	
Less: Amount due within one year classified			
as current liabilities	(17,438)	(48,524)	
Amount due after one year		17,438	

29. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS

	THE GROUP		THE COMPANY		
	2000	1999	2000	1999	
	<i>HK</i> \$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	
Bank loans	47 202 194	20 002 105	12,000,000	12 000 000	
	47,303,184	39,092,105	, ,	12,000,000	
Bank overdrafts	28,050,125	29,720,931	16,982,915	16,015,377	
Mortgage loans	6,815,716	8,934,961	2,741,279	4,685,041	
Other loans		2,706,471		2,706,471	
	82,169,025	80,454,468	31,724,194	35,406,889	
Secured	82,169,025	77,080,522	31,724,194	35,406,889	
Unsecured	_	3,373,946	_	_	
	82,169,025	80,454,468	31,724,194	35,406,889	
borrowings are repayable within the periods as follows:					
Within one year or upon demand	57,443,541	51,561,174	31,146,408	32,670,236	
More than one year but not	, ,		, ,		
exceeding two years	2,816,578	4,174,508	577,786	2,161,433	
More than two years but not		0.061.000		575 220	
exceeding five years	8,308,464	8,061,998	_	575,220	
More than five years	13,600,442	16,656,788			
Less: Amount due within	82,169,025	80,454,468	31,724,194	35,406,889	
one year classified as current liabilities	(57,443,541)	(51,561,174)	(31,146,408)	(32,670,236)	
Amount due after one year	24,725,484	28,893,294	577,786	2,736,653	

30. CONVERTIBLE NOTES

The convertible notes were unsecured, bore interest at 7% per annum and were redeemed by the Company during the year.

31. AMOUNT DUE TO AN ASSOCIATE

The amount is unsecured, non-interest bearing and has no fixed repayment terms. In the opinion of the directors, no part of the amount will be repaid within the next twelve months and the amount is therefore presented as non-current.

Number of

378,999,630

20,000,000

398,999,630

401,999,630

3,000,000

151,599,852

159,599,852

160,799,852

1,200,000

8,000,000

32. SHARE CAPITAL

At August 1, 1998

At July 31, 1999

At July 31, 2000

Consideration for the acquisition of a subsidiary

Issue of shares on exercise of share options

	ordinary shares	Amount HK\$
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.40 each		
Authorised: At August 1, 1998, July 31, 1999 and July 31, 2000	750,000,000	300,000,000
Issued and fully paid:		

During the year ended July 31, 1999, 20,000,000 shares of HK\$0.40 each in the Company were issued at par as part of the total consideration of HK\$68,000,000 for the Group's acquisition of a subsidiary. These new shares were issued under the general mandate granted to the directors at the annual general meeting held on December 29, 1998.

During the year ended July 31, 2000, 3,000,000 shares of HK\$0.40 each in the Company were issued at a price of HK\$0.5712 per share upon the exercise of share options granted under the share option scheme of the Company as detailed in note 33.

All the shares issued above rank pari passu with the then existing shares in all respects.

Details of a change in issued share capital of the Company subsequent to the balance sheet date are set out in note 45.

33. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

Pursuant to the employees' share option scheme adopted on March 7, 1997, the Board of Directors of the Company may grant options to eligible employees, including directors, of the Company and its subsidiaries, to subscribe for shares in the Company at a price equal to the higher of the nominal value of the shares and 80 percent of the average of the closing prices of the shares on the Stock Exchange on the five trading days immediately preceding the date of grant of the options. The maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the share option scheme shall not exceed 10 percent of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time.

Details of the movements during the year and the balances of unexercised options at July 31, 2000 under the scheme are as follows:

	Exercise price	Num	nber of share options		
Exercisable period	per share, subject to adjustment HK\$	At August 1, 1999	Exercised during the year	At July 31, 2000	
April 8, 1997 to March 6, 2007	0.5712	6,000,000	(3,000,000)	3,000,000	
September 10, 1997 to March 6, 2007	1.0400	3,000,000		3,000,000	
		9,000,000	(3,000,000)	6,000,000	

Consideration received by the Company for the options granted is nominal.

34. RESERVES

	Share premium HK\$	Capital reserve	Special capital reserve (note) HK\$	property	Investment revaluation reserve HK\$	Property revaluation reserve HK\$	Currency translation reserve HK\$	Capital redemption reserve HK\$	Deficit HK\$	Total HK\$
THE GROUP										
Balance at August 1, 1998										
- as previously reported	250,874,944	103,639	9,278,080	27,149,389	-	7,449,507	(30,386,396)	268,000	(48,295,987)	216,441,176
- prior period adjustment					(17,853,652)					(17,853,652)
– as restated	250,874,944	103,639	9,278,080	27,149,389	(17,853,652)	7,449,507	(30,386,396)	268,000	(48,295,987)	198,587,524
Deficit arising on revaluation					, , , ,					
of investment properties	_	_	_	(23,290,000)	_	_	-	_	_	(23,290,000)
Arising on acquisition of										
interest in a subsidiary	-	48,932	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	48,932
Eliminated on disposal of										
subsidiaries	_	_	-	_	_	-	304,230	_	-	304,230
Exchange difference arising										
on consolidation	_	_	-	_	_	-	9,324,067	_	-	9,324,067
Realised on disposal of other										
securities	-	-	-	-	309,281	-	-	-	-	309,281
Revaluation surplus during										
the year	-	-	-	-	11,172,245	-	-	-	-	11,172,245
Write off of goodwill, which was previously taken directly to reserve, on streamlining of the Group's									12.010.900	12.010.800
operations	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	12,019,890	12,019,890
Net loss for the year (as restated)									(23,474,143)	(23,474,145)
Balance at July 31, 1999	250,874,944	152,571	9,278,080	3,859,389	(6,372,126)	7,449,507	(20,758,099)	268,000	(59,750,242)	185,002,024
Deficit arising on revaluation										
of investment properties	-	-	-	(3,859,389)	-	-	-	-	-	(3,859,389)
Provision for impairment in										
value of property, plant and										
equipment (note 14)	-	-	-	-	-	(3,297,401)	-	-	-	(3,297,401)
Eliminated on disposal of										
subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,495,677	-	-	3,495,677
Exchange difference arising										
on consolidation	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,724,794	-	-	2,724,794
Realised on disposal of other										
securities	-	-	-	-	635,958	-	-	-	-	635,958
Revaluation deficit during										
the year	-	-	-	-	(5,634,257)	-	-	-	-	(5,634,257)
Issue of shares on exercise of										
share options	513,600	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	513,600
Net loss for the year									(37,837,581)	(37,837,581)
Balance at July 31, 2000	251,388,544	152,571	9,278,080	-	(11,370,425)	4,152,106	(14,537,628)	268,000	(97,587,823)	141,743,425

Included in the above are the following Group's share of post-acquisition reserves of the associates:

	Share premium HK\$	Capital reserve	Special capital reserve (note) HK\$	Investment property revaluation reserve HK\$	Investment revaluation reserve HK\$	Property revaluation reserve HK\$	Currency translation reserve HK\$	Capital redemption reserve	Deficit HK\$	Total HK\$
Balance at August 1, 1998	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	438,377	438,377
Profit for the year									1,577,699	1,577,699
Balance at July 31, 1999	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,016,076	2,016,076
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,748,375	1,748,375
Dividend									(350,000)	(350,000)
Balance at July 31, 2000									3,414,451	3,414,451
THE COMPANY										
Balance at August 1, 1998										
- as previously reported	250,874,944	2,127,479	9,278,080	32,347,576	-	3,297,401	-	268,000	(83,401,679)	
- prior period adjustment					(13,132,765)				(126,270)	(13,259,035)
- as restated	250,874,944	2,127,479	9,278,080	32,347,576	(13,132,765)	3,297,401	-	268,000	(83,527,949)	201,532,766
Deficit arising on revaluation										
of investment properties	-	-	-	(4,080,000)	-	-	-	-	-	(4,080,000)
Realised on disposal of other securities	_	_	_	_	309,281	_	_	-	_	309,281
Revaluation surplus during										
the year	-	-	-	-	8,683,923	-	-	-	-	8,683,923
Net loss for the year (as restated)									(21,173,054)	(21,173,054)
Balance at July 31, 1999	250,874,944	2,127,479	9,278,080	28,267,576	(4,139,561)	3,297,401	-	268,000	(104,701,003)	185,272,916
Deficit arising on revaluation										
of investment properties Provision for impairment in value	-	-	-	(2,830,000)	-	-	-	-	-	(2,830,000)
of property, plant and equipment (note 14)	:	_			_	(3,297,401)		_		(3,297,401)
Issue of shares on exercise of						(3,277,401)				(3,277,401)
share options	513,600	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	513,600
Realised on disposal of other										
securities	-	-	-	-	489,351	-	-	-	-	489,351
Revaluation deficit during										
the year	-	-	-	-	(4,070,715)	_	-	-	(42.020.002)	(4,070,715)
Net loss for the year									(42,828,002)	(42,828,002)
Balance at July 31, 2000	251,388,544	2,127,479	9,278,080	25,437,576	(7,720,925)			268,000	(147,529,005)	133,249,749

At July 31, 2000, the Company had no reserve available for distribution to the shareholders.

Note:

On January 13, 1997, as a condition for the reduction of the authorised share capital of the Company from HK\$300,000,000 to HK\$120,000,000, the Company by its Counsel had given an undertaking to the Supreme Court as set out in the Order on Summons for Directors. The undertaking goes:

- as long as there shall remain any debt or liability of or claim against the (a) Company outstanding as at January 20, 1997, being the date when the reduction of capital becomes effective (the "Effective Date"), the Company shall credit to a special capital reserve (the "Special Capital Reserve") any amount taken into account in the accounting records of the Company for the year ended July 31, 1996 by way of provision or unrealised losses in respect of the advance of HK\$14,193,972 to and assumption as a guarantor of liability of HK\$105,368,592 incurred by Rayman which is recovered after the Effective Date and the amount in the Special Capital Reserve shall not be treated as realised profit and shall be treated as an undistributable reserve of the Company. However, the amount standing to the credit of the Special Capital Reserve shall not exceed either HK\$115,856,518 or the amount due at any time to the creditors of the Company as at the Effective Date, whichever is the lesser, and may be reduced by any increase in the issued share capital or in the share premium account of the Company resulting from an issue of shares for cash or other new consideration or upon a capitalisation of distributable reserves; and
- (b) a summary of such undertaking will be disclosed in the Company's audited financial statements until it shall no longer be applicable.

The special capital reserve of the Group and the Company represents the release of Rayman's bank loans assumed by the Company.

35. DEFERRED TAXATION ASSET NOT RECOGNISED

Deferred taxation asset in respect of tax losses available to set off future profits has not been recognised in the financial statements as it is not certain that the asset will crystallise in the foreseeable future.

At the balance sheet date, the major components of unrecognised deferred taxation (assets) liabilities are as follows:

THE GROUP		THE COMPANY		
2000	1999	2000	1999	
HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	

Tax effect of timing differences because of:

Difference between tax				
allowances				
and depreciation	65,000	137,000	(1,000)	(5,000)
Unutilised tax losses	(5,683,000)	(4,588,000)	(928,000)	(1,533,000)
Other timing differences	_	96,000	_	148,000
	(5,618,000)	(4,355,000)	(929,000)	(1,390,000)

The amount of unrecognised deferred taxation credit (charge) for the year is as follows:

THE GROUP		THE CO	MPANY
2000	1999	2000	1999
<i>HK</i> \$	HK\$	<i>HK</i> \$	HK\$

Tax effect of timing differences because of:

Shortfall (excess) of tax				
allowances				
over depreciation	72,000	(67,000)	(4,000)	(5,000)
Tax losses incurred				
(utilised)	1,095,000	(1,321,000)	(605,000)	(2,452,000)
Other timing differences	96,000	(376,000)	148,000	(352,000)
	1,263,000	(1,764,000)	(461,000)	(2,809,000)

Deferred taxation has not been provided on the revaluation surplus arising on the revaluation of certain land and buildings in Hong Kong as profits arising on the disposal of these assets would not be subject to taxation. Accordingly, the revaluation does not constitute a timing difference for tax purposes.

36. RECONCILIATION OF LOSS BEFORE TAXATION TO NET CASH INFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	2000	1999
	<i>HK</i> \$	HK\$
		(As restated)
Loss before taxation	(37,679,333)	(29,281,256)
Share of results of associates	(2,067,068)	(1,889,060)
Loss (gain) on disposal of subsidiaries	70,510	(3,461,552)
Interest expenses	9,307,820	9,699,137
Dividend income from investments in securities	(528,091)	(207,585)
Depreciation and amortisation	1,322,456	6,472,096
Loss on disposal of other securities	761,224	681,122
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	2,237	341,615
Loss on liquidation of an associate	_	10,403
Impairment loss of other securities	_	269,726
Provision for bad and doubtful debts	_	1,874,414
Provision for properties held for sale	2,353,770	_
Unrealised holding loss on trading securities	292,942	919,299
Deficit on revaluation of investment properties	22,500,611	_
Provision for impairment in value of property,		
plant and equipment	10,568,516	14,889,513
Write off of goodwill, which was previously taken		
directly to reserve, on streamlining of the Group's	S	
operations	_	12,019,890
Provision for impairment in value of properties		
under development for sale	_	3,596,514
Increase in amount due from an investee company	_	(11,640,137)
Increase in properties under development for sale	(113,299)	_
Decrease (increase) in inventories	1,125,699	(58,419)
Increase in trade and other receivables	(1,882,919)	(9,947,100)
Decrease (increase) in trading securities	4,211,323	(4,666,274)
Increase in trade and other payables	1,551,198	10,387,237
Net cash inflow from operating activities	11,797,596	9,583

37. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

	2000 HK\$	1999 <i>HK</i> \$
Net assets disposal of:		
Property, plant and equipment Property, plant and machinery held for sale Properties under development for sale Properties held for sale Inventories Trade and other receivables Compensation receivable	34,391,070 - 7,108,526 1,962,104 4,293,355 18,936,180	33,670,698 90,066,181 - 1,605,199 12,602,389 3,520,774
Bank balances and cash Trade and other payables Bank loans and overdrafts – matured within three months from date of advance Bank and other loans – matured after three months	13,178,551 (28,890,478) (3,373,946)	576,086 (70,589,472) (4,556,936)
from date of advance Currency translation Minority interests	3,495,677 (26,281,701)	(59,422,686) 304,230 (11,238,007)
(Loss) gain on disposal of subsidiaries– continuing operations– discontinued operations	24,819,338 (31,842) (38,668) 24,748,828	(3,461,544) 3,446,940 14,612 8
Satisfied by:		
Cash consideration received Balance of consideration receivable on disposal of subsidiaries	15,168,536 9,580,292	8
Total consideration	24,748,828	8

Analysis of the net inflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the disposal of subsidiaries:

	2000	1999
	<i>HK</i> \$	HK\$
Cash consideration received	15,168,536	8
Bank balances and cash disposed of	(13,178,551)	(576,086)
Bank loans and overdrafts disposed of		
- matured within three months from		
date of advance	3,373,946	4,556,936
Net inflow of cash and cash equivalents	5,363,931	3,980,858

The subsidiaries disposed of in both years did not contribute significantly to the Group's cash flows or operating results.

38. PURCHASE OF A SUBSIDIARY

	2000 <i>HK</i> \$	1999 <i>HK</i> \$
	21214	11114
Net assets acquired:		
Investment properties	_	68,000,000
Trade and other receivables	_	48,932
Amount due to a former shareholder		(52,364,365)
	_	15,684,567
Capital reserve arising on consolidation		(48,932)
		15,635,635
Satisfied by:		
Issue of shares	_	8,000,000
Interest in a property development project	_	60,000,000
Assignment of amount due to a former shareholder		(52,364,365)
		15,635,635

The subsidiary acquired in the prior year did not contribute significantly to the Group's cash flows or operating results.

39. ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN FINANCING DURING THE YEAR

							Obligations
	Share capital					Amounts	under hire
	and share	Bank	Mortgage	Other	Convertible	due to	purchase
	premium	loans	loans	loans	notes	associates	contracts
	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
Balance at August 1, 1998	402,474,796	87,643,764	10,835,119	10,425,121	23,000,000	550,000	186,666
Effect of foreign exchange							
rate changes	-	9,146,877	-	2,556,924	-	-	-
Issue of shares for non-cash							
consideration (note 38)	8,000,000	-	-	-	_	_	_
New loans raised	_	25,000,000	-	-	_	_	_
Advance during the year	_	_	-	-	_	100,000	_
Repayments during the year	_	(39,631,841)	(1,900,158)	-	_	-	(120,704)
Eliminated on disposals of							
subsidiaries		(46,440,641)		(12,982,045)			_
Balance at July 31, 1999	410,474,796	35,718,159	8,934,961	_	23,000,000	650,000	65,962
Issue of shares on exercise							
of share options	1,713,600	_	_	_	_	_	_
New loans raised	_	20,000,000	-	_	_	_	_
Advance during the year	_	_	_	_	_	200,000	_
Repayments during the year		(8,414,975)	(2,119,245)		(23,000,000)	(200,000)	(48,524)
Balance at July 31, 2000	412,188,396	47,303,184	6,815,716			650,000	17,438

40. PLEDGE OF ASSETS

At the balance sheet date, certain assets of the Group and the Company with the following net book values have been pledged to banks to secure banking facilities granted to the Group and the Company:

	THE GROUP		THE	THE COMPANY	
	2000	1999	2000	1999	
	<i>HK</i> \$	HK\$	<i>HK</i> \$	HK\$	
		(As restated)		(As restated)	
Property, plant					
and equipment	8,738,000	23,115,000	5,540,000	19,825,000	
Investment properties	52,150,000	64,300,000	32,550,000	35,380,000	
Properties held for sale	20,074,000	24,074,000	_	_	
Listed Shares					
in Hong Kong	10,400,000	14,913,000	9,278,000	14,913,000	
	91,362,000	126,402,000	47,368,000	70,118,000	

41. RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEME

The Group operates defined contributions schemes for all qualified employees. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the Group in funds under the control of trustees.

The retirement benefit cost represents contributions payable to the fund by the Group at rates specified in the rules of the scheme. Where there are employees who leave the scheme prior to vesting fully in the contributions, the contributions payable by the Group are reduced by the amount of forfeited contributions. For the year ended July 31, 2000, retirement benefit scheme contributions of the Group before reduction by forfeited contributions of HK\$931,563 (1999: HK\$163,369) amounted to HK\$820,082 (1999: HK\$980,115).

At the balance sheet date, the Group had no (1999: Nil) forfeited contributions, which arise upon employees leaving the retirement benefit scheme and which are available to reduce the contributions payable in future years.

42. COMMITMENTS

At the balance sheet date, the Group had the following capital commitments:

2000	1999
HK\$	HK\$

Contracted for but not provided for in the financial statements in respect of acquisition of property, plant and equipment

1,600,000 8,053,000

At the balance sheet date, the Company had no significant capital commitments.

43. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

At July 31, 2000, the Group had no significant operating lease commitments. The commitments at July 31, 1999 of the Group to make payment in the following year under non-cancellable operating leases were as follows:

	Leasehold land and buildings HK\$	Plant and machinery <i>HK</i> \$
Operating leases which expire over five years	1,132,000	984,000

At the balance sheet date, the Company had no significant operating lease commitments.

44. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

At July 31, 2000, the Company had outstanding guarantees issued in favour of a bank for securing banking facilities made available to a subsidiary amounting to HK\$20,000,000 (1999: Nil).

45. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

The following events have occurred subsequent to the balance sheet date:

- (a) On August 18, 2000, the Company entered into a subscription agreement to issue 80,399,926 new ordinary shares of HK\$0.40 each in the Company to Rocket High Investments Limited, a company beneficially and wholly owned by a director of Far East Consortium International Limited, a substantial shareholder of the Company, at a price of HK\$0.40 per share. This represented a discount of approximately 2.4% to the closing price of HK\$0.41 per share as quoted on the Stock Exchange on August 18, 2000 (being the date of the subscription agreement) and approximately 2.6% premium over the average of the closing prices of approximately HK\$0.39 per share as quoted on the Stock Exchange for the last 10 trading days up to and including August 18, 2000. Net proceeds resulted from such issue of approximately HK\$31,700,000 were used to reduce the Group's bank borrowings and for future investment purposes. The shares were issued on October 11, 2000 pursuant to the mandate granted to the directors of the Company at the extraordinary general meeting of the Company held on September 28, 2000 and rank pari passu in all respects with the then existing issued shares of the Company.
- (b) On October 14, 2000, the Group entered into various conditional agreements with independent third parties to dispose of its entire interests in Mimosa Land Company Limited, Jet Asia Development Limited and certain of its investment properties in Lee Tak Estates Limited at an aggregate consideration of approximately HK\$19,368,000 less the amount of outstanding mortgage loans in those companies as at the completion date of the sale if the existing legal charge of properties in those companies has not been discharged or released on or before the completion of the sale. On the same date, the Company entered into two other conditional agreements to dispose of certain of its investment and leasehold properties with an aggregate net book value of approximately HK\$36,340,000 for a consideration of approximately HK\$33,440,000.
- (c) On November 4, 2000, the Company entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement with a third party (the "Vendor") whereby the Company agreed to acquire a 40% interest of Worldwide IP Communications Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands, which is principally engaged in the business of internet communication products and services, for a consideration of HK\$168,000,000. This consideration will be satisfied as to HK\$78,000,000

in cash and as to HK\$90,000,000 by the transfer of the Company's entire interests in Tai Hing Estates Limited and Yoshiya Property Management Limited. Full details of the transaction were contained in an announcement of the Company dated November 6, 2000.

46. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

In September 1999, the Group disposed of its entire interests in Wuhan Han-ki Real Estate Development Engineering & Decoration Co., Ltd. and Guangzhou Jessica to the respective minority shareholders for cash consideration of approximately HK\$3,700,000 and HK\$21,000,000, respectively. The transactions were carried out at terms determined and agreed by relevant parties.

For the year ended July 31, 2000, the Group received interest income from loan receivable from a minority shareholder amounted to HK\$24,548 (1999: HK\$58,110). The Group also received interest income from an investee company of HK\$11,632,777 for the year ended July 31, 1999.

Details of the balances with the related parties are set out in the balance sheets and notes 17, 19, 24, 26, 27 and 31.