補充財務資料

Supplementary Financial Information

(以港幣千元位列示)

(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong Dollars)

以下資料屬於集團之銀行系,包括 大新銀行有限公司、大新財務有 限公司、豐明銀行有限公司、 D.A.H. Hambros Bank (Channel Islands) Limited。 資料披露只列作賬目中附帶資料,並 不屬於經審核賬目之一部份。 The following information relates to the Banking Group which includes Dah Sing Bank, Limited, Dah Sing Finance Limited, MEVAS Bank Limited and D.A.H. Hambros Bank (Channel Islands) Limited. The information is disclosed as part of the accompanying information to the accounts and does not form part of the audited accounts.

一、 不履行、逾期及經重組資產 各項客戶貸款

1. NON-PERFORMING, OVERDUE AND RESCHEDULED ASSETS

佔總貸款額

百分比

佔總貸款額

百分比

Advances to customers

(i) 不履行貸款:

(i) Non-performing loans:

目分類 % of Tota Advance 2.20	2000 666,535 (164,161)	日分比 % of Total Advances 2.07	2001 605,935 (267,035)	Gross advances Specific provisions made	貸款總額 已撥出特別準備
	502,374 442,714	-	338,900 328,420	Market value of security held	持有抵押品市值
	63,019	_	53,147	Interest in suspense	懸欠利息
				(ii) Overdue advances:	(ii) 逾期未償還貸款:
佔總貸款額 百分比 % of Tota Advance	2000	佔總貸款額 百分比 % of Total Advances	2001		
				Gross advances overdue for: Six months or less but over	逾期未償還貸款總額: 三個月以上至六個月
0.87	256,755	0.61	179,324	three months	
0.2	78,746	0.39	113,761	One year or less but over six months	六個月以上至一年
0.90	264,913	0.65	191,569	Over one year —	一年以上
2.04	600,414	1.65	484,654	_	
				The amount on which interest is still	上述貸款之仍累計
	107,080	-	60,536	being accrued	利息部份
				Market value of security held against	有擔保逾期貸款所持
	405,506	-	308,015	the secured advances	的抵押品市值
	402,948		290,424	Secured overdue advances	有擔保逾期貸款
	197,466	_	194,230	Unsecured overdue advances	無擔保逾期貸款
			184,044	Specific provisions made	已撥出特別準備

一、不履行、逾期及經重組資產 (續) NON-PERFORMING, OVERDUE AND RESCHEDULED ASSETS (Continued)

各項客戶貸款(續)

Advances to customers (Continued)

(iii) 逾期未償還貸款與不履行貸款 對賬如下: (iii) Overdue advances are reconciled to non-performing loans as follows:

		2001	2000
貸款逾期超過三個月	Advances which are overdue for more than three months	484,654	600,414
加:逾期三個月或以下之不履行貸款	Add: non-performing loans which are overdue		
	for three months or less	109,379	8,425
加:未逾期之不履行貸款	Add: non-performing loans which are not yet overdue	20,536	61,426
加:經重組貸款減去已列入逾期	Add: rescheduled advances net of amounts included in		
貸款內之金額	overdue advances	51,902	103,350
減:逾期超過三個月,但仍在累計	Less: advances which are overdue for more than		
利息之貸款	three months and on which interest		
	is still being accrued	(60,536)	(107,080)
不履行貸款	Non-performing loans	605,935	666,535

(iv) 經重組貸款(已扣除載於上述註(ii) 內逾期超過三個月以上未償還貸款):

(iv) Rescheduled advances (net of those which have been overdue for over three months and reported in Note (ii) above):

		2001	佔總貸款額 百分比 % of Total Advances	2000	佔總貸款額 百分比 % of Total Advances
經重組貸款	Rescheduled advances	268,364	0.92	460,574	1.56
已撥出特別準備	Specific provisions made	20,349		25,523	

於二零零零年十二月三十一日及二零 零一年十二月三十一日並無貸予銀行 及金融機構的貸款或其他資產被分類 為不履行、逾期及經重組資產。 There were no advances to banks and financial institutions nor other assets that were classified under non-performing, overdue and rescheduled assets as at 31st December 2001 and 31st December 2000.

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Supplementary Financial Information

二、資本充足及流動資產比率

2. CAPITAL ADEQUACY AND LIQUIDITY RATIOS

		2001	2000
資本充足比率	Capital adequacy ratio	18.7%	14.3%
涇調整資本充足比率	Adjusted capital adequacy ratio	18.6%	14.2%
范動資產比率	Liquidity ratio	46.2%	44.4%

資本充足比率顯示集團銀行系於十二 月三十一日之綜合比率。集團銀行系 內各公司之資本充足比率乃根據銀行 業條例第三附表計算。 The capital adequacy ratio represents the consolidated ratio of the Banking Group as at 31st December. The capital adequacy ratio of each entity within the Banking Group is computed in accordance with the Third Schedule of the Banking Ordinance.

經調整資本充足比率表示集團銀行系於十二月三十一日之綜合比率。集團銀行系內各公司之經調整資本充足比率乃根據香港金融管理局所發出「就市場風險維持充足資本」指引計算,是項經調整比率已顧及在十二月三十一日之市場風險。

The adjusted capital adequacy ratio represents the consolidated ratio of the Banking Group as at 31st December. The adjusted capital adequacy ratio of each entity within the Banking Group is computed in accordance with the Guideline "Maintenance of Adequate Capital Against Market Risks" issued by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority. The adjusted ratio takes into account market risk as at 31st December.

流動資產比率顯示集團銀行系於財政 年度期間十二個月每個曆月的平均流 動資產比率的簡單平均數。集團銀行 系內各公司之流動資產比率是根據銀 行業條例第四附表計算。 The liquidity ratio is calculated as the simple average of each calendar month's average liquidity ratio for the twelve months of the financial year for the Banking Group. The liquidity ratio of each entity within the Banking Group is computed in accordance with the Fourth Schedule of the Banking Ordinance.

三、 扣減後的資本基礎

扣減後的資本基礎及用作計算上述在 十二月三十一日資本充足比率並向香 港金融管理局呈報的分析如下:

3. CAPITAL BASE AFTER DEDUCTIONS

The capital base after deductions used in the calculation of the above capital adequacy ratios as at 31st December and reported to the Hong Kong Monetary Authority is analysed as follows:

		2001	2000
核心資本	Core capital		
繳足股款的普通股股本	Paid up ordinary share capital	1,207,749	1,157,749
儲備	Reserves	3,157,358	2,742,566
核心資本總額	Total core capital	4,365,107	3,900,315
附加資本	Supplementary capital		
土地及土地權益價值重估的儲備	Reserve on revaluation of land and interests in land	229,354	232,084
持有非用作買賣用途的證券的	Reserve on revaluation of holding of securities not		
重估儲備	held for trading purposes	(3,900)	(23,785)
一般呆賬準備	General provisions for doubtful debts	268,594	275,066
有期後償債項	Term subordinated debts	974,719	
可計算的附加資本總額	Total eligible supplementary capital	1,468,767	483,365
扣減前的資本基礎總額	Total capital base before deductions	5,833,874	4,383,680
資本基礎總額的扣減項目	Deductions from total capital base	(120,201)	(122,701)
扣減後的資本基礎總額	Total capital base after deductions	5,713,673	4,260,979

(甲) 按業務分類:

Supplementary Financial Information

四、分項資料-集團銀行系

口 万点英作 木圆纸门木

4. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION - BANKING GROUP

(a) By class of business:

				財資及	
		商業銀行	個人銀行	集團業務	
		Commercial	Personal	Treasury and	合計
_ 零 —	2001	Banking	Banking	Corporate	Total
營運收入總額(扣除利息支出)	Total operating income (net of interest expense)	633,346	1,116,035	397,537	2,146,918
扣除準備前之營運溢利	Operating profit before provisions	484,501	508,150	229,780	1,222,431
扣除準備後之營運溢利	Operating profit after provisions	405,117	189,121	203,201	797,439
除税前溢利	Profit before taxation	405,117	195,302	305,555	905,974
				財資及	
		商業銀行	個人銀行	集團業務	
		Commercial	Personal	Treasury and	合計
- 東東東 - 令令令	2000	Banking	Banking	Corporate	Total
營運收入總額(扣除利息支出)	Total operating income (net of interest expense)	646,874	975,091	338,682	1,960,647
扣除準備前之營運溢利	Operating profit before provisions	483,099	441,818	216,543	1,141,460
扣除準備後之營運溢利	Operating profit after provisions	309,717	308,785	211,837	830,339
除税前溢利	Profit before taxation	309,717	308,785	236,924	855,426

商業銀行業務包括接受存款、貸款、 營運資金融資、貿易融資及應收賬貼 現融資,其存款來源及融資客戶主要 是工商業及機構性客戶,亦包括機 械、汽車及運輸的租購及租賃。

個人銀行業務包括接受個人客戶存 款、住宅樓宇按揭、私人貸款、透支 和信用卡服務、保險業務的銷售和投 資服務。

財資業務主要包括外匯服務、中央貸 存現金管理、利率風險管理、證券投 資管理及集團銀行系整體之資金運用 管理。集團業務為不直屬其他業務部 的投資及商業營運。

(乙) 按區域分類:

本集團銀行系超過九成之資產組合的 業務決定及營運皆在香港,而本集團 銀行系超過九成之營業收入乃源自香 港,故並無區域分佈資料提供。 Commercial banking business includes the acceptance of deposits from and the advance of loans and working capital finance to commercial, industrial and institutional customers, and the provision of trade financing and receivable financing. Hire purchase finance and leasing related to equipment, vehicle and transport financing are included.

Personal banking business includes the acceptance of deposits from individual customers and the extension of residential mortgage lending, personal loans, overdraft and credit card services, the provision of insurance sales and investment services.

Treasury activities are mainly the provision of foreign exchange services and centralised cash management for deposit taking and lending, interest rate risk management, management of investment in securities and the overall funding of the Banking Group. Corporate activities are investment and business operations not directly identified under other business divisions.

(b) By geographical area:

No geographical reporting is provided as over 90% of the Banking Group's revenues is derived from Hong Kong and over 90% of the Banking Group's assets are originated from business decisions and operations based in Hong Kong.

四、 分項資料-銀行集團系(續) 4.	SEGMENTAL I	NFORMATION	- BANKIN	G GROUP (C	ontinued)
(丙) 客戶貸款總額一按行業及貨 用途分類:	資款 (c)	Gross advances t the usage of the	o customers by in loan are:	dustry secto	r classified acc	cording to
					2001	2000
工商金融	Indu	ıstrial, commercial ar	nd financial			
一 物業發展	– Pro	operty development			447,730	247,580
一 物業投資	– Pro	operty investment			2,379,572	2,040,681
一金融企業	– Fir	nancial concerns			363,192	219,453
一 股票經紀	– Sto	ockbrokers			12,512	13,245
一 批發與零售業		holesale and retail tr	ade		1,168,226	1,303,074
一 製造業	- M	anufacturing			2,134,177	2,099,579
一 運輸及運輸設備	– Tra	ansport and transpor	t equipment		2,180,592	4,669,011
一其他	– Ot	thers		-	888,067	813,579
					9,574,068	11,406,202
個人		viduals	6.61			
一 購買「居者有其屋計劃」、	– Lo	ans for the purchase				
「私人參建居屋計劃」 及「租者置其屋計劃」樓宇貸:	± <i>l</i> ₁	Home Ownership So			2.465.067	1 024 050
		Participation Scheme ans for the purchase			2,465,067	1,834,950
─ 購買其他住宅物業的貸款 ─ 信用卡貸款		edit card advances	of other residential	properties	8,443,582	8,459,579
— 信用下貝派 — 其他		thers			2,773,749	2,275,706
— 共他	- 01	ners		-	3,661,823	3,050,226
				-	17,344,221	15,620,461
在香港使用的貸款	Loar	ns for use in Hong Ko	ong		26,918,289	27,026,663
貿易融資	Trad	le finance			1,879,976	1,989,595
在香港以外使用的貸款	Loar	ns for use outside Ho	ng Kong		476,092	469,323
				_	29,274,357	29,485,581
(丁) 跨國債權	(d)	Cross-border cla	ms:	•		
				集	團銀行系	
二零零一年十二月三十一日	As at 31st Dec	ember 2001		Banl	cing Group	
			銀行及其他			
			金融機構			
			Banks and	公營機構		
			other financial	Public sector	. 其他	合計
			institutions	entities		Total
	Equivalent in mi	llions				
相等於百萬港元	of Hong Kong					
亞太區,不包括香港在內	Asia Pacific excl	uding Hong Kong	855	_	267	1,122
	North and South		823	1,889	3,665	6,377
	Middle East and		1		_	1
	Europe		2,576	_	479	3,055
			4,255	1,889	4,411	10,555

四、分項資料-集團銀行系(續)

4. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION – BANKING GROUP (Continued)

(丁) 跨國債權(續)

(d) Cross-border claims (Continued):

		集團銀行系
二零零零年十二月三十一日	As at 31st December 2000	Banking Group

		銀行及其他 金融機構 Banks and other financial institutions	公營機構 Public sector entities	其他 Others	合計 Total
相等於百萬港元	Equivalent in millions of Hong Kong Dollars				
亞太區,不包括香港在內 北美及南美 歐洲	Asia Pacific excluding Hong Kong North and South America Europe	1,901 334 1,845	_ 1,070 _ 	112 1,668 402	2,013 3,072 2,247
		4,080	1,070	2,182	7,332

跨國債權資料是在顧及風險的轉移後,根據交易對手的所在地而披露與外地交易對手最終的風險。一般而言,若交易對手的債權是由在不同國家的另一方擔保,或履行債權是一銀行的海外分行,而其總部是處於不同的國家,才會確認風險,由一國家轉往另一國家。資料的披露只限於佔跨國債權總額百分之十或以上的地區。

The information of cross-border claims discloses exposures to foreign counterparties on which the ultimate risk lies, and is derived according to the location of the counterparties after taking into account any transfer of risk. In general, transfer of risk from one country to another is recognised if the claims against a counterparty are guaranteed by another party in a different country or if the claims are on an overseas branch of a bank whose head office is located in a different country. Only regions constituting 10% or more of the aggregate cross-border claims are disclosed.

五、 風險管理

本集團銀行系確認須透過完善的管理 架構以有效地管理各類會改變之風 險。

風險管理專注於三大範圍:信貸風險、市場風險及流動資金風險。信貸風險之產生主要源於信貸組合,其中包括零售和商業借貸,機器和租購融資及財資部和金融機構業務部的大手借貸。

大部份的市場風險是源於財資部。這 主要是與本集團銀行系資產負債表內 之買賣交易及資產負債表外為對冲買 賣交易活動之持倉有關連。

流動資產風險之產生橫跨本集團銀行 系之資產負債表。

5. MANAGEMENT OF RISKS

The Banking Group recognises the changing nature of risk and manages it through a well developed management structure.

Risk management is focused on the three major areas of risk – credit risk, market risk and liquidity risk. Credit risk occurs mainly in the Banking Group's credit portfolios comprising Commercial and Retail lendings, Equipment and Hire Purchase financing, and Treasury and Financial Institutions wholesale lendings.

Market risk arises mainly in Treasury and is associated principally with the Banking Group's on-balance sheet positions in the trading book, and off-balance sheet positions taken to hedge elements of the trading book.

Liquidity risk arises across the Banking Group's balance sheet.

五、風險管理(續)

(甲) 大新集團銀行系風險管理架構

董事會對所有類別的風險管理負上總 體的責任。關於風險控制方面,董事 會的責任包括:

- 批准總體的策略及政策以確保 能在交易及組合層面適當地管 理信貸及其他風險;
- 財務和非財務方面的風險管理, 透過營運和行政控制,包括審核 委員會的操作;業績檢討(比對 預測)、營運統計和政策問題作 出監控;及
- 對比預算業績檢討和分析主要 非財務指標。

行政委員會被委任監察及領導由集團 風險部和各功能委員會主導管理及處 理的不同類形風險。

(乙) 資產及負債管理委員會

由董事會成立的資產及負債管理委員會,被委任有責任地監察和控制資產負債架構性風險的水平,並就資產負債表架構主要元素,向行政委員會或本集團及大新銀行董事會匯報。其中包括,但不局限於市場風險、流動資金風險、資本運用、融資需求及配合。

資產及負債管理委員會最少每星期開 會一次,其責任包括:

- 分配集團資產負債表風險予各 集團業務和營運部門。
- 集團資產負債表的組合(在董事會核定的策略性限額內),包括資本、融資及由財資部持有作銀行交易用途的資產比例;及
- 批准為管理集團資產負債表的 財務交易項目。

為識別風險管理對本集團銀行系的重要性·資產及負債管理委員會由集團常務董事主持會議。其他與會成員包括執行董事和集團負責不同業務·財務監理和風險管理的高級行政人員。成員的資歷·與及廣博的知識和經驗·確保委員會有權力處理有關集團銀行系資產負債表內需要解決的跨業務問題。

5. MANAGEMENT OF RISKS (Continued)

(a) The risk management structure of the Dah Sing Banking Group

The Board of Directors has the broad overall responsibility for the management of all types of risk. The responsibilities of the Board in relation to risk control are:

- the approval of the overall strategy and policies to ensure that credit and other risks are properly managed at both the transaction and portfolio levels;
- the management of risk, both financial and non-financial, conducted through operational and administrative control systems including the operation of the Audit Committee; review of key results (against forecasts), operational statistics and policy issues; and
- financial performance by analysis against approved budgets and analysis of variations in key non-financial measures.

The Executive Committee has been delegated the authority to oversee and guide the management of different risks which are more particularly managed and dealt with by Group Risk and different functional committees.

(b) The Asset and Liability Management Committee ("ALCO")

The ALCO established by the Board is charged with the responsibility of monitoring and controlling the level of structural balance sheet risk of the Banking Group and managing and reporting to the Executive Committee or the Board of the Group and Dah Sing Bank on key elements in the balance sheet structure. This covers, but is not limited to, market risk, liquidity risk, capital utilization, funding requirements and liquidity.

ALCO meets at least weekly and has responsibility for:

- the allocation of group balance sheet risk between individual group businesses and operating divisions;
- the structure of the group balance sheet (within any nature of strategy limits approved by the Board). This includes capital, funding and the proportion of assets held by Treasury for banking and trading purposes; and
- the approval of transactions for managing the balance sheet and financial performance of the Group.

In recognition of the importance of risk management to the Banking Group, ALCO is chaired by the Group Managing Director. Other members of ALCO include executive directors and senior executives of the Group responsible for different businesses, financial control and risk management. The seniority of the members of ALCO coupled with their broad base of knowledge and experience ensures that it has the authority to deal with any cross functional issues that require resolution in relation to Banking Group balance sheet issues.

五、風險管理(續)

(丙) 集團風險部

集團的獨立風險部負責確保本集團銀 行系整體上的政策訂定和權責。集團 風險部監察並透過行政委員會向董事 會匯報集團銀行系風險狀況,制定財 務風險和資料完善的標準,及確保在 策劃和訂價的過程中, 充份考慮財務 方面的風險。集團風險部審閱和核定 所有本集團銀行系的信貸風險,包括 對新市場、經濟行業、組織、信貸產 品和令本集團銀行系產生信貸與相關 風險的財務工具的核定。在決定信貸 策略時,集團風險部會考慮香港金融 管理局制定的指引、業務方向及經風 險調整的業務表現。集團風險部亦列 席集團營運部門和業務的信貸或風險 委員會。

本集團銀行系風險管理的專業知識持續提升其借貸組合的總體質素,並促使本集團銀行系能應付改變中的監管要求和有信心地掌握與授信相關的風險和回報。

在集團風險部董事引導下,本集團銀行系持續發展其風險管理能力並增加專注風險策略對風險和報酬與及資本回報的影響。本集團銀行系在面對日常業務管理不同形式的風險時會採用一系列的風險管理和分析工具。此等工具亦持續地在被改良和提升以配合不斷改變的業務需要和監管機構的要求。

(丁) 業務部門信貸委員會

本集團銀行系各營運部門均擁有其信貸或風險委員會,該等委員會負責核定和推薦其業務範圍內的政策,限額和風險控制的權責。這體制反映本集團銀行系在集團風險部統籌下把風險管理的責任融入各項業務之管理運作中。故此,各業務之信貸風險功能均向其支援的業務及集團風險部匯報。

5. MANAGEMENT OF RISKS (Continued)

(c) Group risk

The independent Group Risk function is responsible for ensuring that policies and mandates are established for the Banking Group as a whole. Group Risk monitors and reports Banking Group risk positions to the Board via the Executive Committee, sets standards for financial risks and data integrity and ensures that the financial risks are fully considered in the planning and pricing process. Group Risk reviews and approves all credit exposure policies for the Banking Group including the approval of exposures to new markets, economic sectors, organisations, credit products and financial instruments which expose the Banking Group to credit and related risks. In determining credit policies, Group Risk takes into account the guidelines established by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority, business direction, and risk adjusted performance of each business. Group Risk is also represented on the lending or risk committees of the Banking Group's operating divisions and businesses.

The Banking Group's risk management expertise continues to advance the overall quality of the Banking Group's lending portfolios, and enables the Banking Group to meet the changing regulatory requirements and enter into credit exposures with the confidence that it understands the associated risks and rewards.

The Banking Group is continuing to evolve its risk management capabilities under the aegis of the Banking Group Risk Director, increasing the focus of its risk strategy on risk and reward and returns on capital. The Banking Group uses a range of risk measurement and analytical tools in its management of the various risks which it faces in its day-to-day businesses and these are continually being enhanced and upgraded to reflect the ever-changing business needs and the requirements of the regulators.

(d) Business division credit committees

Each of the operating divisions of the Banking Group has its own credit or risk committee responsible for approving and recommending policies, limits and mandates for risk control within their respective business areas. This is consistent with the Banking Group's approach of devolving responsibility for risk management to the individual business areas under the aegis of the Group Risk function. As such, each business credit risk function reports to both Group Risk and the business area which it supports.

五、風險管理(續)

(戊) 信貸風險

本集團銀行系重點管理因借貸客戶或 交易對方未能履行對本集團銀行系清 還債務與借貸、庫務及衍生工具活動 有關而產生的信貸風險。本集團銀行 系各業務部門均設有風險或信貸委員 會。成員包括銀行系附屬公司執行董 事, 連同個別業務高級經理及集團風 險部。此等委員會,在集團風險部的 支持下負責推介,明確地設立及修訂 信貸政策及程序,並被委派監察推行 信貸政策的責任。本集團銀行系所有 營運部門之信貸政策除規定授予信貸 的準則及指引、信貸批核、複閱及監 察過程外,亦包括貸款分級、信貸評 分及撥備制度,此等信貸政策須持續 地複閱以配合蜕變中的營商環境。

本集團銀行系基於業務、財務、市場、行業及抵押資料,評估不同類型的客戶及交易對方的信貸風險值,並根據信貸批核及複閱政策而審慎地管理所有類型的信貸風險。不同的管理階層會基於已制定的指引而批核各種信貸產品、客戶或交易對手及信戶產品、客戶或交易對手及信戶產品、客戶或交易對手及信戶產品、客戶或交易對手及信戶產品。管理層、信貸委員會及集團風險。部會定期監察及控制信貸風險、系內內部。

個別的信貸政策亦確定新產品及活動 的審批政策及程序,亦兼顧信貸等級、 評分、程序和撥備政策等細節事宜。

為避免風險的集中,對個別客戶或其有 關集團之大額風險均被規限於資本基礎 的某個百分比。對各行業的貸款亦規管 於批准限額內以求組合達致平衡。

在適當的時候,為減低信貸風險,本 集團銀行系會收取抵押品作為信貸額 的擔保。認可抵押品之類別及其特性 和各類貸款息差皆確定於信貸政策內。

所有信貸,無論有否收取抵押品,皆 取決於客戶的現金流量情況及其還款 能力。

5. MANAGEMENT OF RISKS (Continued)

(e) Credit risk

The Dah Sing Banking Group attaches high priority to the management of credit risk which arises from the possibility that borrowing customers or counterparties may default on their payment obligations associated with lending, treasury and derivative activities undertaken by the Banking Group. The Banking Group's business Divisions each have a risk or credit committee comprising executive directors of the banking subsidiaries along with other senior managers of the respective business and Group Risk. These committees have the responsibility for recommending, formulating and revising credit policy and procedures under the aegis of Group Risk, as well as the delegated responsibility for overseeing the implementation of credit policies. The credit policies of all of the Banking Group's operating Divisions, which define credit extension criteria, guidelines, credit approval, review and monitoring processes as well as the systems for loan classification, credit scoring and provisioning, are the subject of continuous review to reflect the changing business environment of the markets in which the Banking Group operates.

The Banking Group manages all types of credit risk on a prudent basis, in accordance with the credit approval and review policies, by evaluating the credit worthiness of different types of customers and counterparties based on assessment of business, financial, market, industry sector and collateral information applicable to the types of loans and counterparty dealings. Credits, where approved, are extended within the limits set out in the credit policies, for each product, customer or counterparty and are approved by different levels of management based upon an established authority guide contained within the credit policy and delegated by the Board of Directors. Actual credit exposures, limits and asset quality are regularly monitored and controlled by management, the credit committees and Group Risk. The Banking Group's internal auditors conduct regular reviews and audits to ensure compliance with credit policies and procedures.

The individual credit policies also establish policies and processes for the approval and review of new products and activities, together with details of the facility grading, or credit scoring, processes and provisioning policies.

To avoid concentration of risk, large exposures to individual customers or related groups are limited to a percentage of the capital base, and advances to industry sectors are managed within approved limits to achieve a balanced portfolio.

In order to mitigate the credit risk and, where appropriate, the Banking Group will obtain collateral which is secured against the credit facility. The acceptable types of collateral and their characteristics are established within the credit policies, as are the respective margins of finance.

Irrespective of whether collateral is taken, all credit decisions are based upon the customer's cashflow position and ability to repay.

五、風險管理(續)

(己) 流動資金風險

本集團銀行系審慎地管理流動資產以確保流動資金比率於全年度均能保持高於法定最低要求的流動資產比率。 一如上述披露的資本充足及流動資產 比率,實質平均流動資產比率遠高於 銀行業條例最低要求的百分之二十五。

本集團銀行系的資產及負債管理委員會定期檢討貸款和存款的組合與其改變、融資需求及預測、到期錯配狀況及對流動資金比率作出持續的監管。本集團銀行系亦對流動資金定下適當的限額及持有充足的流動資產以確保能應付所有短期資金需求。

本集團銀行系的資金主要包括客戶存 款及已發行的存款證。存款證的發行 有助延長融資的年期及減少到期錯 配,在少數情况下,亦會選用短期銀 行同業存款。本集團銀行系是銀行同 業市場的淨放款人。

(庚) 利率風險

本集團銀行系承擔的利率風險,主要 是源於以浮動利率存款來融資定息貸 款。當利率上升時,定息貸款所賺取 的利息收入將不會增加,而影響了利 率差距及淨利息收入。資產及負債管 理委員會會因應市場及利率的形勢而 應用資產負債表外的利率套戥工具對 沖本集團銀行系部份的定息貸款,從 而減低利率風險。

(申) 外匯風險

本集團銀行系承擔的外匯風險十分有限,因為由客戶交易引致的外匯持倉及外匯結存,通常會與其他的客戶交易或市場交易互相抵銷。淨風險持倉,無論是個別貨幣或總體而言,每日皆由本集團銀行系外匯及財資部控制在已制定的外匯限額內。

若用長期外幣資金融資港元資產,通 常會透過貨幣掉期或遠期外匯合約對 沖而減低外匯風險。

5. MANAGEMENT OF RISKS (Continued)

(f) Liquidity risk

The Banking Group manages its liquidity on a prudent basis to ensure that a sufficiently high liquidity ratio relative to the statutory minimum is maintained throughout the year. As disclosed in the capital adequacy and liquidity ratios shown above, the average liquidity ratio of the Banking Group for the year was well above the 25% minimum ratio set by the Banking Ordinance.

The Banking Group's ALCO regularly reviews the Banking Group's current loan and deposit mix and changes, funding requirements and projections, and maturity mismatch with the ongoing monitoring of the liquidity ratio. Appropriate liquidity limits are set and sufficient liquid assets are held to ensure that the Banking Group can meet all short-term funding requirements.

The Banking Group's funding comprises mainly deposits of customers and certificates of deposit issued. The issuance of certificates of deposit helps lengthen the funding maturity and reduce the maturity mismatch. Short-term interbank deposits are taken on a limited basis and the Banking Group is a net lender to the interbank market.

(g) Interest rate risk

The Banking Group's interest rate risk mainly arises from the funding of fixed-rate loans by floating rate deposits. When interest rates rise, the interest spread and net interest income will be affected as interest income generated by the existing fixed-rate loans will not increase. The Banking Group's interest rate risk is mitigated in part by the use of off-balance sheet interest rate hedging instruments to hedge a portion of the Banking Group's fixed-rate loans as determined by ALCO based on consideration of market and interest rate conditions.

(h) Foreign exchange risk

The Banking Group has very limited foreign exchange exposure as foreign exchange positions and foreign currency balances arising from customer transactions are normally offset against other customer transactions or transactions with the market. The net exposure positions, both by individual currency and in aggregate, are managed by the Treasury of the Banking Group on a daily basis within established foreign exchange limits.

Long-term foreign currency funding, to the extent that this is used to fund Hong Kong dollar assets, is normally hedged using currency swaps or forward exchange agreements to reduce the foreign exchange risk.

五、風險管理(續)

(申) 外匯風險(續)

以下為本集團銀行系截至十二月三十 一日所持有外匯淨盤總額百分之十或 以上的貨幣:

5. MANAGEMENT OF RISKS (Continued)

(h) Foreign exchange risk (Continued)

The following is the Banking Group's net foreign exchange position in individual currency that constitutes 10% or more of the total net position in all foreign currencies as at 31st December:

		2001		200	00
		美元	日元	美元	日元
		US\$	Yen	US\$	Yen
	Equivalent in millions				
相等於百萬港元	of Hong Kong Dollars				
現貨資產	Spot assets	20,757	2,555	21,332	1,103
現貨負債	Spot liabilities	(20,522)	(2,570)	(21,250)	(1,125)
遠期買入	Forward purchases	20,847	3,888	24,667	1,409
遠期賣出	Forward sales	(19,064)	(3,903)	(24,123)	(1,388)
長/(短)盤淨額	Net long / (short) position	2,018	(30)	626	(1)

(壬) 市場風險

市場風險乃指由市場上利率及價格變化而引致對資產、負債及資產負債表外持倉之虧損風險。本集團銀行系之市場風險一般只涉及作買賣交易而在外匯、債務證券、權益性證券及衍生工具之持倉。大部份資產負債表外之衍生工具持倉源於為客戶外匯交易而作出之買賣及對其他買賣交易項目作對沖。

各類交易之市場風險均在本集團銀行 系內資產及負債管理委員會及財資風 險委員會所制定之風險限額及指引內 處理。風險均按照本金額或名義金 額、未結算之結餘及止蝕限額予以量 度及監察。所有市場風險交易持倉皆 需要每日按市值入賬,並受外匯及財 資部監察與管理。監察、檢查及確認 交易均由另一和財資買賣部獨立的財 資風險管理及控制部門處理; 本集團 銀行系之稽核處則會進行定期檢查及 以抽查方式查核,以確保財資部和有 關負責部門遵從市場風險限額與指 引。所有不符合核准限額之情況均須 經適當管理層或資產及負債管理委員 會審查及批准。

(i) Market risk management

Market risk is the risk of losses in assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet positions arising from movements in market rates and prices. Generally, the Banking Group's market risk is associated with its positions in foreign exchange, debt securities, equity securities and derivatives in the trading book. Most off-balance sheet derivative positions arise from the execution of customer-related foreign exchange orders and positions taken to hedge other elements of the trading book.

Market risk exposure for different types of transactions is managed within risk limits and guidelines approved by ALCO and the Treasury Risk Committee. Exposures are measured and monitored on the basis of principal and notional amount, outstanding balances and stop-loss limits. All market risk trading positions are subject to daily mark-to-market valuation, monitored and managed by Treasury. Independent monitoring, checking and trade confirmation are undertaken by a separate Treasury Risk Management and Control department independent of Treasury Dealing whilst the Banking Group's Internal Audit performs regular review and testing to ensure compliance with the market risk limits and guidelines by Treasury and other relevant units. All exceptions to approved limits have to be reviewed and approved by the appropriate level of Management or ALCO.

五、風險管理(續)

(壬) 市場風險(續)

外匯交易 利率交易

本集團銀行系在二零零一年內,從市場風險相關的庫務活動賺取的收益平均每日達281,000港元(2000:248,000港元),其標準差是2,108,000港元(2000:835,000港元)。主要交易活動的每日平均收益及標準差分析如下:

5. MANAGEMENT OF RISKS (Continued)

(i) Market risk management (Continued)

The average daily revenue earned from the Banking Group's market risk related treasury activities in 2001 was HK\$281,000 (2000: HK\$248,000) and the standard deviation for such daily revenue is HK\$2,108,000 (2000: HK\$835,000). The following are the average daily revenue and the standard deviation for daily revenue analysed by principal dealing activities:

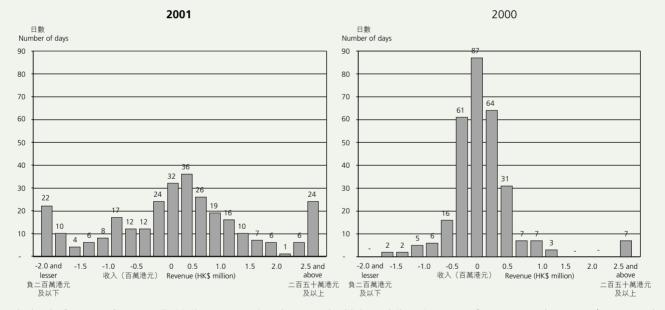
	Average daily revenue		Standard o	deviation
	2001	2000	2001	2000
oreign exchange dealing	119	140	208	189
nterest rate dealing	162	108	2,111	784

每日平均收益

標準差

下圖是與市場風險有關的每日收入分佈情況:

The following histograms show the frequency of daily revenues related to market-risk activities:



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本 年 度 內 , 最 高 單 日 收 益 為 14,705,000港元(2000:8,006,000港元),最大單日虧損為7,248,000港元(2000:1,945,000港元)。

(癸) 稽核處的角色

本集團之稽核處是一獨立、客觀及顧問性質的部門,集中於改進和維持本集團銀行系業務及後勤部門良好的內部控制。該處直接向一獨立非執行董事所主持的審核委員會匯報。稽核處處理各類不同形式的內部控制活動,例如遵從性審計、操作和系統覆查以確定本集團銀行系控制系統的完整性、效率和有效性。

During the year, the highest daily gain was HK\$14,705,000 (2000: HK\$8,006,000) and the maximum daily loss was HK\$7,248,000 (2000: HK\$1,945,000).

(i) The role of Internal Audit

The Banking Group's Internal Audit Division is an independent, objective assurance and consulting unit which is designed to focus on enhancing and sustaining sound internal control in all business and operational units of the Banking Group. The Division directly reports to the Audit Committee which is chaired by an Independent Non-Executive Director. The Division conducts a wide variety of internal control activities such as compliance audits and operations and systems reviews to ensure the integrity, efficiency and effectiveness of the systems of control of the Banking Group.