1. Corporate Information

During the year, the Group was principally engaged in investment holding, property holding and investment, the development of properties for sale, investing in infrastructure and energy projects, the water supply business to Hong Kong, Shenzhen and Dongguan in the mainland of the People's Republic of China ("Mainland China"), hotel ownership and operations, hotel management, the provision of travel and transportation services, the manufacture of malts for the brewing industry, the production of beer, the processing and sale of semi-finished and finished leather, the design, manufacture and sale of leatherware products, the manufacture of packaging materials, the merchandise trading and the provision of mortgage finance.

During the year, the Group's business in the design, supply and installation of curtain walls and aluminium windows (the "Curtain Wall Operations") was discontinued as a result of the Company's disposal of its entire 57.16% interest in Guangdong Building Industries Limited ("GD Building"). Further details of this transaction are set out in note 6(a) to the financial statements. Such discontinued operations have not been separately disclosed in the consolidated profit and loss account because of the immaterial amounts involved. However, segmented information about these operations is depicted in note 5 – Segment Information.

In the opinion of the directors, the ultimate holding company of the Company is 廣東粵港投資控股有限公司 (Guangdong Yue Gang Investment Holdings Company Limited) ("Yue Gang Investment"), a company established in Mainland China.

2. Impact of New and Revised Statements of Standard Accounting Practice ("SSAPs")

The following recently-issued and revised SSAPs and related Interpretations are effective for the first time for the current year's financial statements:

• SSAP 9 (Revised) : "Events after the balance sheet date"

SSAP 14 (Revised) : "Leases"

SSAP 17 (Revised) : "Property, plant and equipment"

SSAP 18 (Revised) : "Revenue"

SSAP 26 : "Segment reporting"

• SSAP 28 : "Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets"

SSAP 29 : "Intangible assets"

SSAP 30 : "Business combinations"SSAP 31 : "Impairment of assets"

SSAP 32 : "Consolidated financial statements and accounting for investments in

subsidiaries"

Interpretation 12 : "Business combinations – subsequent adjustment of fair values and goodwill

initially reported"

Interpretation 13 : "Goodwill - continuing requirements for goodwill and negative goodwill

previously eliminated against/credited to reserves"

Impact of New and Revised Statements of Standard Accounting Practice ("SSAPs") (continued)

These SSAPs prescribe new accounting measurement and disclosure practices. The major effects on the Group's accounting policies and on the amounts disclosed in these financial statements of adopting these SSAPs and Interpretations are summarised as follows:

SSAP 9 (Revised) prescribes which type of events occurring after the balance sheet date require adjustment to the financial statements, and which require disclosure, but no adjustment. Its principal impact on these financial statements is that the proposed final dividend which is not declared and approved until after the balance sheet date, is no longer recognised as a liability at the balance sheet date, but is disclosed as an allocation of retained earnings on a separate line within the capital and reserves section of the balance sheet. This has had no significant impact on these financial statements.

SSAP 14 (Revised) prescribes the basis for lessor and lessee accounting for finance and operating leases, and the required disclosures in respect thereof. Certain amendments have been made to the previous accounting measurement treatments, which may be accounted for retrospectively or prospectively, in accordance with the requirements of the SSAP. This revised SSAP has been applied prospectively and its requirements have not had a material effect on the amounts previously recorded in the financial statements, and therefore no prior year adjustment has been required. The disclosure changes under this SSAP have resulted in changes to the detailed information disclosed for finance leases and operating leases, which are further detailed in notes 36 and 48 to the financial statements.

SSAP 17 (Revised) prescribes the revised accounting treatment for transfer from investment properties to fixed assets which has resulted in a prior year adjustment as further detailed in note 46(d) to the financial statements. There is also a change in the presentation of impairment losses on fixed assets which were previously deducted from the cost of the relevant asset, whereas the revisions to SSAP 17 require the aggregation of the impairment losses on fixed assets with accumulated depreciation in note 14 to the financial statements. This disclosure reclassification has had no effect on the net carrying amount of fixed assets in the balance sheet.

SSAP 18 (Revised) prescribes the recognition of revenue and was revised as a consequence of the revision to SSAP 9 described above. Proposed final dividends from subsidiaries that are declared and approved by the subsidiaries after the balance sheet date are no longer recognised in the Company's own financial statements for the year. The adoption of the SSAP has resulted in a prior year adjustment, further details of which are included in notes 11 and 46 to the financial statements.

2. Impact of New and Revised Statements of Standard Accounting Practice ("SSAPs") (continued)

SSAP 26 prescribes the principles to be applied for reporting financial information by segment. It requires that management assesses whether the Group's predominant risks or returns are based on business segments or geographical segments and determines one of these bases to be the primary segment information reporting format, with the other as the secondary segment information reporting format. The impact of this SSAP is the inclusion of significant additional segment reporting disclosures which are set out in note 5 to the financial statements.

SSAP 28 prescribes the recognition criteria and measurement bases to apply to provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets, together with the required disclosures in respect thereof. This SSAP has been applied prospectively. The principal impact of this SSAP on the financial statements is that an adjustment to the opening balance of the Company's accumulated losses was made for the accrued dividend for the Company's redeemable cumulative preference shares as at 1 January 2001 as detailed in note 12 to the financial statements. Provisions are now disclosed as a separate line item on the face of the balance sheet and note 43 to the financial statements "Provision for bank loans guaranteed" has been revised to include the new required additional disclosures.

SSAP 29 prescribes the recognition and measurement criteria for intangible assets, together with the disclosure requirements. The adoption of this SSAP has resulted in no change to the previously adopted accounting treatment for intangible assets and the additional disclosures that it requires have not been significant for these financial statements. The SSAP does, however, require that impairment losses on intangible assets are aggregated with the accumulated amortisation whereas previously they were deducted from the cost of the relevant asset. This disclosure reclassification has had no effect on the net carrying amount of intangible assets in the balance sheet.

SSAP 30 prescribes the accounting treatment for business combinations, including the determination of the date of acquisition, the method for determining the fair values of the assets and liabilities acquired, and the treatment of goodwill or negative goodwill arising on acquisition. The SSAP requires the disclosure of goodwill and negative goodwill in the non-current assets section of the consolidated balance sheet. It requires that goodwill is amortised to the consolidated profit and loss account over its estimated useful life. Negative goodwill is recognised in the consolidated profit and loss account depending on the circumstances from which it arose, as further described in the accounting policy for negative goodwill disclosed in note 3 to the financial statements. Interpretation 13 prescribes the application of SSAP 30 to goodwill arising from acquisitions in previous years which remains eliminated against consolidated reserves. The adoption of the SSAP and Interpretation has not resulted in a prior year adjustment, for the reasons detailed in note 21 to the financial statements. The required new additional disclosures are included in notes 19 and 21 to the financial statements.

Impact of New and Revised Statements of Standard Accounting Practice ("SSAPs") (continued)

SSAP 31 prescribes the recognition and measurement criteria for impairments of assets. The SSAP is required to be applied prospectively and therefore, has had no effect on amounts previously reported in prior year financial statements.

SSAP 32 prescribes the accounting treatment and disclosures for the preparation and presentation of consolidated financial statements, and has had no impact on the preparation of these financial statements.

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Statements of Standard Accounting Practice, accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for the periodic remeasurement of investment and hotel properties and other investments, as further explained below.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 December 2001. The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are consolidated from or to their effective dates of acquisition or disposal, respectively. All significant intragroup transactions and balances within the Group are eliminated on consolidation.

Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is a company, other than a jointly-controlled entity, in which the Company, directly or indirectly, controls more than half of their voting power or issued share/registered capital or controls the composition of its board of directors.

The Company's interests in subsidiaries are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

Joint venture companies

A joint venture company is a company set up by contractual arrangement, whereby the Group and other parties undertake an economic activity. The joint venture company operates as a separate entity in which the Group and the other parties have an interest.

The joint venture agreement between the venturers stipulate the capital contributions of the joint venture parties, the duration of the joint venture and the basis on which assets are to be realised upon its dissolution. The profits and losses from operations and any distribution of surplus assets are shared by the venturers either in proportion to their respective capital contributions, or in accordance with the terms of the joint venture agreement.

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Joint venture companies (continued)

A joint venture company is treated as:

- (a) a subsidiary, if the Group has unilateral control over the joint venture company;
- (b) a jointly-controlled entity, if the Group does not have unilateral control, but has joint control over the joint venture company;
- (c) an associate, if the Group does not have unilateral or joint control, but holds generally not less than 20% of the joint venture company's registered capital and is in a position to exercise significant influence over the joint venture company; or
- (d) an investment security, if the Group holds less than 20% of the joint venture company's registered capital or the Group has neither joint control of nor is in a position to exercise significant influence over the joint venture company.

Jointly-controlled entity

A jointly-controlled entity is a joint venture company which is subject to joint control, resulting in none of the participating parties having unilateral control over the economic activity of the jointly-controlled entity.

The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and reserves of a jointly-controlled entity is included in the consolidated profit and loss account and consolidated reserves, respectively. The Group's interest in a jointly-controlled entity is stated in the consolidated balance sheet at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting less any impairment losses.

Associates

An associate is a company, not being a subsidiary or a jointly-controlled entity, in which the Group has a long term interest of generally not less than 20% of the equity voting rights and over which it is in a position to exercise significant influence.

The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and reserves of associates is included in the consolidated profit and loss account and consolidated reserves, respectively. The Group's interests in associates are stated in the consolidated balance sheet at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses. Goodwill or negative goodwill arising from the acquisition of associates, which was not previously eliminated or recognised in consolidated reserves, is included as part of the Group's interests in associates.

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Associates (continued)

The results of associates are included in the Company's profit and loss account to the extent of dividends received and receivable. The Company's interests in associates are treated as long term assets and are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

Contractual joint venture

A contractual joint venture refers to the rights and obligations stipulated in a contract for the development, jointly with independent third parties, of investment projects in Mainland China. Under the terms of such contracts, the Group does not hold any of the joint ventures' registered capital and the residual interests in the projects will be transferred to various parties at the end of the contractual period in accordance with the terms of the contracts. Such investments are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment, computed to write off the cost, less any residual value, of the contractual joint ventures over the underlying contract terms and impairment losses.

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiaries and associates represents the excess of the cost of the acquisition over the Group's share of the fair values of the identifiable assets and liabilities acquired as at the date of acquisition.

Goodwill arising on acquisition is recognised in the consolidated balance sheet as an asset and amortised on the straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of less than 20 years. In the case of associates, any unamortised goodwill is included in the carrying amount thereof, rather than as a separately identified asset on the consolidated balance sheet.

In prior years, goodwill arising on acquisition was eliminated against consolidated reserves in the year of acquisition. The Group has adopted the transitional provision of SSAP 30 that permits goodwill on acquisitions which occurred prior to 1 January 2001 to remain eliminated against consolidated reserves. Goodwill on subsequent acquisitions is treated according to the new accounting policy above.

On disposal of subsidiaries or associates, the gain or loss on disposal is calculated by reference to the net assets at the date of disposal, including the attributable amount of goodwill which remains unamortised and any relevant consolidated reserves, as appropriate. Any attributable goodwill previously eliminated against consolidated reserves at the time of acquisition is written back and included in the calculation of the gain or loss on disposal.

The carrying amount of goodwill, including goodwill remaining eliminated against consolidated reserves, is reviewed annually and written down for impairment when it is considered necessary. A previously recognised impairment loss for goodwill is not reversed unless the impairment loss was caused by a specific external event of an exceptional nature that was not expected to recur, and subsequent external events have occurred which have reversed the effect of that event.

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Negative goodwill

Negative goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiaries and associates represents the excess of the Group's share of the fair values of the identifiable assets and liabilities acquired as at the date of acquisition over the cost of the acquisition.

To the extent that negative goodwill relates to expectations of future losses and expenses that are identified in the acquisition plan and that can be measured reliably, but which do not represent identifiable liabilities as at the date of acquisition, that portion of negative goodwill is recognised as income in the consolidated profit and loss account when the future losses and expenses are recognised.

To the extent that negative goodwill does not relate to identifiable expected future losses and expenses as at the date of acquisition, negative goodwill is recognised in the consolidated profit and loss account on a systematic basis over the remaining average useful life of the acquired depreciable/amortisable assets. The amount of any negative goodwill in excess of the fair values of the acquired non-monetary assets is recognised as income immediately.

In the case of associates, any negative goodwill not yet recognised in the consolidated profit and loss account is included in the carrying amount thereof, rather than as a separately identified item on the consolidated balance sheet.

In prior years, negative goodwill arising on acquisitions was credited to the capital reserve in the year of acquisition. The Group has adopted the transitional provision of SSAP 30 that permits negative goodwill on acquisitions which occurred prior to 1 January 2001 to remain credited to the capital reserve. Negative goodwill on subsequent acquisitions is treated according to the new accounting policy above.

On disposal of subsidiaries or associates, the gain or loss on disposal is calculated by reference to the net assets at the date of disposal, including the attributable amount of negative goodwill which has not been recognised in the consolidated profit and loss account and any relevant reserves as appropriate. Any attributable negative goodwill previously credited to the capital reserve at the time of acquisition is written back and included in the calculation of the gain or loss on disposal.

Related parties

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties may be individuals or corporate entities.

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Impairment of assets

An assessment is made at each balance sheet date of whether there is any indication of impairment of any asset, or whether there is any indication that an impairment loss previously recognised for an asset in prior years may no longer exist or may have decreased. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is calculated as the higher of the asset's value in use or its net selling price.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is charged to the profit and loss account in the period in which it arises, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, when the impairment loss is accounted for in accordance with the relevant accounting policy for that revalued asset.

A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of an asset, however not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortisation), had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years.

A reversal of an impairment loss is credited to the profit and loss account in the period in which it arises, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, when the reversal of the impairment loss is accounted for in accordance with the relevant accounting policy for that revalued asset.

Fixed assets and depreciation

Fixed assets, other than construction in progress and investment and hotel properties, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an asset comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Expenditure incurred after fixed assets have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to the profit and loss account in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditure has resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of the fixed asset, the expenditure is capitalised as an additional cost of that asset.

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fixed assets and depreciation (continued)

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each fixed asset over its estimated useful life, after taking into account its estimated residual value. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Freehold land Nil

Leasehold land held under long, medium and short term leases Over the lease terms

Buildings 2% – 20% Tunnels, dams, water mains and reservoir 3.3% – 10%

Plant and machinery 4% – 25% Furniture, fixtures and equipment 4% – 32%

Leasehold improvements Over the lease terms

Motor vehicles 6% - 30% Toll road 3.6%

The gain or loss on disposal or retirement of a fixed asset recognised in the profit and loss account is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

Construction in progress represents building and plant and machinery under construction, which is stated at cost less any impairment losses, and is not depreciated. Cost comprises the direct costs of construction and capitalised borrowing costs on related borrowed funds during the period of construction. Construction in progress is reclassified to the appropriate category of fixed assets when completed and ready for use.

Hotel properties

Hotel properties are stated at their open market values, based on their existing use, on the basis of annual professional valuations. Movements in the values of the hotel properties are dealt with in the hotel property revaluation reserve, on an individual basis, unless the applicable reserve balance is exhausted, in which case the decrease is charged to the profit and loss account as incurred. Any subsequent revaluation surplus is credited to the profit and loss account to the extent of the deficit previously charged.

It is the Group's policy to maintain the hotel properties in such condition that their residual values are not currently diminished by the passage of time. The related maintenance and repairs expenditure is charged to the profit and loss account in the year in which it is incurred. The costs of significant improvements are capitalised. Accordingly, the directors consider that depreciation is not necessary due to the Group's ability to maintain or increase the hotel properties' residual values.

Upon the disposal of a hotel property, the relevant portion of the hotel property revaluation reserve realised in respect of previous valuations is transferred to retained profits as a movement in reserves.

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Investment properties

Investment properties are interests in land and buildings in respect of which construction work and development have been completed and which are intended to be held on a long term basis for their investment potential, any rental income being negotiated at arm's length. Such properties are not depreciated, except where the unexpired term of the lease is 20 years or less, in which case depreciation is provided on the carrying amount over the remaining term of the lease, and are stated at their open market values on the basis of annual professional valuations performed at the end of each financial year. Changes in the values of investment properties are dealt with as movements in the investment property revaluation reserve. If the total of this reserve is insufficient to cover a deficit, on a portfolio basis, the excess of the deficit is charged to the profit and loss account. Any subsequent revaluation surplus is credited to the profit and loss account to the extent of the deficit previously charged.

On disposal of an investment property, the relevant portion of the investment property revaluation reserve realised in respect of previous valuations is released to the profit and loss account.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets include an operating right and trademarks.

Operating right

The operating right represents the right to supply natural water to Hong Kong, Shenzhen and Dongguan in Mainland China for a period of 30 years commencing from 18 August 2000. The purchased operating right is stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment. Amortisation is charged to the profit and loss account on the straight-line basis over a period of 30 years.

Trademarks

Trademarks are stated at their acquisition cost less accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses. Amortisation is charged to the profit and loss account on the straight-line basis over a period of 5 years. Expenditure incurred for the renewal of trademarks is charged to the profit and loss account in the period in which it is incurred.

Leased assets

Leases that transfer substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets to the Group, other than legal title, are accounted for as finance leases. At the inception of a finance lease, the cost of the leased asset is capitalised at the present value of the minimum lease payments and recorded together with the obligation, excluding the interest element, to reflect the purchase and financing. Assets held under capitalised finance leases are included in fixed assets and amortised over the shorter of the lease terms and the estimated useful lives of the assets. The finance costs of such leases are charged to the profit and loss account so as to provide a constant periodic rate of charge over the lease terms.

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Leased assets (continued)

Leases where substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets remain with the lessor are accounted for as operating leases. Where the Group is the lessor, assets leased by the Group under operating leases are included in non-current assets and rental receivable under the operating leases are credited to the profit and loss account on the straight-line basis over the lease terms. Where the Group is the lessee, rentals payable under the operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Other financial assets

Other financial assets include investment securities and other investments.

Investment securities

Investment securities in listed and unlisted equity securities, intended to be held for a continuing strategic or long term purpose, are stated at cost less any impairment losses, on an individual investment basis.

When impairments have occurred, the carrying amounts of the securities are reduced to their fair values, as estimated by the directors, and the amounts of the impairments are charged to the profit and loss account for the period in which they arise. When the circumstances and events which led to the impairments cease to exist and there is persuasive evidence that the new circumstances and events will persist for the foreseeable future, the amounts of the impairments previously charged are credited to the profit and loss account to the extent of the amounts previously charged.

Other investments

Other investments comprising those securities which are not classified as investment securities are stated at their fair values at the balance sheet date on an individual investment basis.

The fair values of such listed securities are their quoted market prices at the balance sheet date whereas the fair values of such unlisted securities are estimated by the directors.

The gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of such securities are credited or charged to the profit and loss account in the period in which they arise.

The profit or loss on disposal of investment securities and other investments is accounted for in the period in which the disposal occurs as the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the investment.

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Other long term assets

Other long term assets include prepayment for land use right, prepaid rental, reusable packaging materials and deferred expenses.

The prepayment for land use right will be transferred to fixed assets upon the completion of the Phase IV Renovation Project (as referred to in note 24(b)) and the transfer of the title of the land use right to the Group. The prepayment for land use right is stated at cost less impairment losses. Depreciation on land use right will commence upon the completion of the Phase IV Renovation Project on the straight-line basis over the period of grant or 30 years, whichever is shorter.

Prepaid rental is stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Amortisation is charged to the profit and loss account on the straight-line basis over the period of the respective leases.

Reusable packaging materials currently in use are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Amortisation is charged to the profit and loss account on the straight-line basis over a period of three years.

Deferred expenses incurred in connection with the raising of long term finance is stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Amortisation is charged to the profit and loss account on the straight-line basis over the terms of the loans.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the weighted average basis and, in the case of work in progress and manufactured finished goods, comprises direct materials, direct labour, and an appropriate portion of overheads. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal.

Properties under development

Properties under development are stated at cost less impairment losses.

When a property under development is pre-sold, the attributable profit recognised on the pre-sold portion of the properties under development is determined by the apportionment of the estimated profit over the entire period of construction to reflect the progress of the development, and is calculated by reference to the proportion of construction costs incurred up to the balance sheet date to the estimated total construction costs to completion, but is limited to the amount of sales deposits and instalments received and with due allowance for contingencies.

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Construction/installation contracts

Construction/installation revenue comprises the agreed contract amount and appropriate amounts from variation orders, claims and incentive payments. Construction/installation costs incurred comprise direct materials, the costs of subcontracting, direct labour, interest charges and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed construction overheads.

Revenue from fixed price construction/installation contracts is recognised on the percentage of completion method, measured by reference to the costs incurred to date as compared to the total costs to be incurred under the construction/installation contract and/or independent quantity surveyor's assessment reports.

Provision is made for foreseeable losses as soon as they are anticipated by management.

Where progress billings exceed construction/installation costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses, the surplus is treated as an amount due to contract customers.

Where construction/installation costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses exceed progress billings, the surplus is treated as an amount due from contract customers.

Cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated cash flow statement, cash equivalents represent short term highly liquid investments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which were within three months of maturity when acquired, less advances from banks repayable within three months from the date of the advance. For the purpose of balance sheet classification, cash equivalents represent assets similar in nature to cash, which are not restricted as to use.

Provisions

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the balance sheet date of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in the profit and loss account.

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all significant timing differences to the extent it is probable that the liability will crystallise in the foreseeable future. A deferred tax asset is not recognised until its realisation is assured beyond reasonable doubt.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, i.e. assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. The capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs capitalised. In the prior year, funds had been borrowed generally, and used for the purpose of obtaining qualifying assets, a capitalisation rate of 8% was applied to the expenditure on the individual assets.

During the year, there were no borrowing costs capitalised.

Convertible bonds

Convertible bonds are stated at cost adjusted for accruals of the maximum redemption premium, on a time proportion basis, over the period from the date of issue to the date of redemption or according to the subsequent amendments to the terms of the bonds. When the convertible bonds are redeemed, purchased and cancelled, or converted prior to their maturity, any excessive provision of redemption premium will be recognised as income in the profit and loss account.

Interests on convertible bonds and accruals of the redemption premium are recognised as expenses in the period in which they are incurred.

Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are recorded at the applicable rates of exchange ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated at the applicable rates of exchange ruling at that date. Exchange differences are dealt with in the profit and loss account.

On consolidation, the financial statements of the subsidiaries, associates and a jointly-controlled entity operating overseas or in Mainland China are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the applicable rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. The resulting translation differences are included in the exchange fluctuation reserve.

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Retirement benefits scheme

The Company and certain of its subsidiaries operate a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. The MPF Scheme has operated since 1 December 2000. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed to the MPF Scheme, except for the Group's employer voluntary contributions, which are refunded to the Group when the employee leaves employment prior to the contributions vesting fully, in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme.

Prior to the MPF Scheme being effective, the Company and certain of its subsidiaries operated a defined contribution retirement benefits scheme (the "Prior Scheme") for those employees who were eligible to participate in this scheme. This Prior Scheme operated in a similar way to the MPF Scheme, except that when an employee left the Prior Scheme before his/her interest in the Group's employer contributions vested fully, the contributions payable by the Group were reduced by the relevant amount of forfeited employer contributions. With effect from 1 December 2000, the Group froze the Prior Scheme and ceased to make contributions to it. The Group's employer voluntary contributions are refunded to the Group when the employee leaves employment prior to the contributions vesting fully in accordance with the rules for the Prior Scheme.

The employees of the Group's certain subsidiaries which operate in Mainland China are mandatory to participate in local pension schemes ("LPSs") operated by respective local municipal government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute certain percentage of their payroll costs to the LPSs. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the LPSs is to pay the mandatory contributions under the LPSs. Contributions under the LPSs are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the LPSs.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and when the revenue can be measured reliably, on the following bases:

- (a) from the sale of goods, properties, fixed assets and investments (collectively "goods and investments"), when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, provided that the Group maintains neither managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership, nor effective control over the goods and investments sold;
- (b) from the sale of electricity, based on the consumption recorded by meter reading during the year;

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

- (c) from the sale of water to the purchasers, or when the actual volume of water supplied to Hong Kong is less than the contracted volume of water supplied, revenue is recognised according to the contracted volume;
- (d) from the rendering of hotel, tour and other services, based on the period in which such services are rendered:
- (e) from construction/installation contracts, based on the percentage of completion basis, as further explained in the accounting policy for "Construction/installation contracts";
- (f) income from joint ventures, when the Group has been guaranteed a minimum rate of return on its investments in joint ventures, is accrued at the minimum rate of return, and any return in excess of the minimum is recognised in the year in which it is received, or has become receivable;
- (g) rental income, on a time proportion basis over the lease terms;
- (h) toll revenue, net of business tax, on a cash receipt basis;
- (i) interest income, on a time proportion basis taking into account the principal outstanding and the effective interest rate applicable;
- (j) dividends and investment income, when the shareholders' right to receive payment has been established; and
- (k) on pre-sold properties under development, based on the stage of development and when the construction work has progressed to a stage where the ultimate realisation of profit can be reasonably determined. The stage of development is calculated with reference to the proportion of construction costs incurred to date to the estimated total construction costs to completion.

4. Turnover

Turnover represents interest income from the provision of credit facilities to customers; proceeds from the sale of investments; rental income; revenue from hotel ownership and operations; income generated from the provision of tour and travel-related businesses; the invoiced value of electricity and water sold; income from sales of properties, investment properties and properties under development; income from infrastructure and energy projects; the net invoiced value of manufactured products sold; the value of construction/installation work performed; the gross invoiced revenue arising from the trading business and retail sales; commission income; agency and consultancy fees; and toll revenue, after elimination of all significant intragroup transactions.

Revenue from the following activities has been included in turnover:

| | 2001 | 2000 |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | |
| Sale of goods | 2,664,926 | 2,660,117 |
| Sale of water and electricity | 3,305,624 | 637,662 |
| Sale of properties, investment properties and | | |
| properties under development | 389,590 | 510,766 |
| Hotel, tour service and rental income | 873,330 | 969,079 |
| Rendering of other services | 21,881 | 11,184 |
| Toll revenue | 7,786 | 9,029 |
| Investment, interest and dividend income | 1,395 | 72,723 |
| Value of construction/installation work performed | 6,986 | 77,424 |
| | 7,271,518 | 4,947,984 |

5. Segment Information

SSAP 26 was adopted during the year as detailed in note 2 to the financial statements. Segment information is presented by way of two segment formats: (i) on a primary segment reporting basis, by business segment; and (ii) on a secondary segment reporting basis, by geographical segment.

The Group's operating businesses are organised and managed separately, according to the nature of products and services provided, with each segment representing a strategic business unit which offers different products and serves different markets:

- The property investment segment mainly invests in carpark spaces and residential and commercial properties in Hong Kong, Mainland China and Thailand which are held for rental income purposes, it also performs property management services, which provide management and security services to the carpark spaces, residential and commercial properties;
- ii. The property development segment engages in residential, shopping arcades and hotel development property projects in Mainland China and Hong Kong;
- iii. The infrastructure segment invests in toll roads and toll bridges in Mainland China;
- iv. The water supply segment operates a water supply project in Mainland China supplying natural water to Hong Kong, Dongguan and Shenzhen;
- v. The power supply segment operates coal-fire power plants supplying electricity in Guangdong Province;
- vi. The hotel operations segment operates the Group's hotels in Hong Kong and Mainland China;
- vii. The tours and tour transportation services segment organises tours in Hong Kong and Mainland China and provides transportation services in Hong Kong and between Hong Kong and Guangdong Province;
- viii. The beer manufacturing, distribution and sales segment produces beer in Shenzhen and distributes and sells it in both Mainland China and Hong Kong;
- ix. The malting manufacturing, distribution and sales segment produces malts for use in the brewing production in Mainland China;
- x. The leather processing segment processes raw leather to finished leather for use in the leatherware products production industry;

5. Segment Information (continued)

- xi. The leatherware products manufacturing, distribution and sales segment produces leatherware products in Mainland China and sells them mainly in Hong Kong;
- xii. The merchandise trading segment purchases commodities and sells to customers;
- xiii. The packaging materials manufacturing, distribution and sales segment produces and distributes packaging materials in Mainland China;
- xiv. The department stores segment operates department stores in Mainland China;
- xv. The money lending segment provides credit facilities in Hong Kong;
- xvi. The curtain wall installation segment designed, supplied and installed curtain walls and aluminium windows in Hong Kong and Mainland China. This segment was discontinued following the Group's disposal of its entire 56.17% interest in GD Building in the current year as set out in note 6(a) to the financial statements;
- xvii. The timber manufacturing, distribution and sales segment produced timber related products and furniture in Mainland China, this segment was discontinued following the Acquisition last year as set out in note 6(b) to the financial statements; and
- xviii. Corporate and other segment mainly engages in providing corporate services to other segments.

5. Segment Information (continued)

(a) Business segments

The following tables present revenue, profit/(loss) and certain asset, liability and expenditure information for the Group's business segments.

Group

| | | | Property | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | inv | estment | deve | elopment | Infra | structure | Wat | er supply | Pow | er supply | St | ub-total |
| | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Segment revenue: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sales to external | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| customers | 302,495 | 288,020 | 391,292 | 512,362 | 7,785 | 9,029 | 2,727,623 | 4,255 | 578,001 | 633,407 | 4,007,196 | 1,447,073 |
| Inter-segment sales | 72,625 | 46,201 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 72,625 | 46,201 |
| Other revenue from | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| inter-segment (Note) | 454 | 1,174 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 454 | 1,174 |
| Other revenue from | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| external sources | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (Note) | 1,953 | 5,124 | 1,923 | 739 | 163 | 361 | - | - | 12,472 | 828 | 16,511 | 7,052 |
| Exchange gains/ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (losses), net | 26 | (5,036) | 209 | (1,976) | 558 | (231) | - | | - | (90) | 793 | (7,333) |
| Total | 377,553 | 335,483 | 393,424 | 511,125 | 8,506 | 9,159 | 2,727,623 | 4,255 | 590,473 | 634,145 | 4,097,579 | 1,494,167 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Segment results | 199,462 | 35,890 | 76,101 | (39,779) | (9,437) | (5,203) | 1,454,411 | (30,766) | 211,879 | 215,672 | 1,932,416 | 175,814 |

| Share of profits less losses of: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-------|-------|---|---|--------|----------|---|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| A jointly-controlled entity | - | - | - | - | 39,320 | 15,397 | - | - | - | - | 39,320 | 15,397 |
| Associates | (135) | (563) | 2 | 2 | _ | (25,857) | - | _ | 26,539 | 31,136 | 26,406 | 4,718 |

5. Segment Information (continued)

(a) Business segments (continued) Group

| | Hotel 2001 | operations 2000 | Tours and tour transportation services | | Beer manufacturing, distribution and sales 2001 2000 | | Malting manufacturing, distribution and sales 2001 2000 HK\$*000 HK\$*000 | | ring, ion Leather es processing 2000 2001 2000 | | Su 2001 | ıb-total 2000 |
|--|------------|--------------------|--|----------|--|----------|---|----------|--|----------|------------|------------------|
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| Segment revenue: Sales to external | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| customers | 248,580 | 314,562 | 323,245 | 368,441 | 536,603 | 603,278 | 682,764 | 582,779 | 470,312 | 483,428 | 2,261,504 | 2,352,488 |
| Inter-segment sales | 11,339 | 12,534 | - | - | - | - | 58,165 | 35,458 | - | - | 69,504 | 47,992 |
| Other revenue from inter-segment (Note) Other revenue from | - | - | - | - | 764 | 1,328 | - | - | 1,170 | 1,808 | 1,934 | 3,136 |
| external sources | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (Note) | 1,694 | 1,163 | 6,029 | 771 | 41,918 | 37,940 | 132 | 18,978 | 1,126 | 182 | 50,899 | 59,034 |
| Exchange gains/ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (losses), net | (1,646) | 270 | (201) | (1,832) | (217) | 12,234 | 2,038 | (264) | 5,141 | (3,618) | 5,115 | 6,790 |
| Total | 259,967 | 328,529 | 329,073 | 367,380 | 579,068 | 654,780 | 743,099 | 636,951 | 477,749 | 481,800 | 2,388,956 | 2,469,440 |
| Segment results | 34,527 | (270,685) | 30,590 | 16,684 | 69,766 | 78,643 | 47,551 | 17,054 | (10,164) | 24,975 | 172,270 | (133,329) |

| Share of profits less losses of: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|---|-------|-------|----------|----------|---|---|---|---|----------|----------|
| A jointly-controlled entity | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Associates | _ | _ | 1,857 | 2,441 | (13,424) | (14,496) | _ | _ | _ | _ | (11,567) | (12,055) |

5. Segment Information (continued)

(a) Business segments (continued) Group

| | Leatherware products manufacturing, | | | | Packaging materials manufacturing, | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|------------|----------|----------|
| | | ribution | Men | chandise | | ribution | De | partment | | | | |
| | | d sales | | rading | | d sales | | stores | Mon | ey lending | Su | b-total |
| | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| Segment revenue: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sales to external | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| customers | 31,358 | 54,457 | 241,260 | 160,683 | 21,999 | 22,573 | 673,311 | 581,918 | 1,395 | 71,642 | 969,323 | 891,273 |
| Inter-segment sales | _ | - | - | - | - | _ | - | - | - | 2,499 | - | 2,499 |
| Other revenue from | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| inter-segment (Note) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Other revenue from | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| external sources | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (Note) | 2,391 | 18 | 246 | 522 | - | 34 | 2,189 | 1,788 | 409 | 706 | 5,235 | 3,068 |
| Exchange gains/ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (losses), net | (163) | (23) | (243) | (184) | - | | | (2) | 23 | 121 | (383) | (88) |
| Total | 33,586 | 54,452 | 241,263 | 161,021 | 21,999 | 22,607 | 675,500 | 583,704 | 1,827 | 74,968 | 974,175 | 896,752 |
| Segment results | (26,745) | (78,047) | 12,557 | (24,320) | (9,524) | (222) | 16,328 | 39,252 | (26,481) | (34,456) | (33,865) | (97,793) |

| Share of profits less losses of: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|---|------|-------|---|---|--------|--------|---|---|--------|--------|
| A jointly-controlled entity | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Associates | - | - | (18) | (398) | - | - | 13,511 | 12,542 | - | - | 13,493 | 12,144 |

5. Segment Information (continued)

(a) Business segments (continued) Group

| | ins | tain wall tallation continued) | distributio | nufacturing, n and sales ntinued) | | orporate ad other | Elim | inations | Cor | solidated |
|--|----------|--------------------------------------|-------------|---|----------|----------------------|------------|-----------|--------------------------|------------------------|
| | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| Segment revenue: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sales to external | | | | | | | | | | |
| customers | 6,986 | 77,424 | - | 148,352 | 26,509 | 31,374 | - | - | 7,271,518 | 4,947,984 |
| Inter-segment sales | - | - | - | - | - | - | (142,129) | (96,692) | - | - |
| Other revenue from | | | | | | | | | | |
| inter-segment (Note) | - | - | - | - | 6,914 | 7,375 | (9,302) | (11,685) | - | - |
| Other revenue from | | | | | | | | | | |
| external sources | | | | | | | | | | |
| (Note) | 109 | 848 | - | 169 | 4,668 | 7,270 | - | - | 77,422 | 77,441 |
| Exchange gains/ | | | | | | | | | | |
| (losses), net | - | | - | | 3,268 | 2,990 | - | | 8,793 | 2,359 |
| Total | 7,095 | 78,272 | - | 148,521 | 41,359 | 49,009 | (151,431) | (108,377) | 7,357,733 | 5,027,784 |
| Segment results | (4,968) | (77,037) | - | (91,311) | (42,862) | (132,248) | 27,331 | 34,249 | 2,050,322 | (321,655) |
| Interest income and unallocated gains Unallocated expenses | | | | | | | | | 121,357 | 121,833 |
| Profit/(loss) from operating activities Finance costs | | | | | | | | | 2,159,168 (1,566,474) | (596,224) (572,367) |
| Share of profits less losses of: | | | | | | | | | (-,,, | (,) |
| A jointly-controlled entity | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 39,320 | 15,397 |
| Associates | - | - | - | (765) | - | 4,256 | - | - | 28,332 | 8,298 |
| Profit/(loss) before tax | | | | | | | | | 660,346 | (1,144,896) |
| Tax | | | | | | | | | (130,650) | (127,078) |
| Profit/(loss) before minority | | | | | | | | | | |
| interests | | | | | | | | | 529,696 | (1,271,974) |
| Minority interests | | | | | | | | | (244,154) | (84,328) |
| Net profit/(loss) from ordinary activities attributable to | | | | | | | | | | |
| shareholders | | | | | | | | | 285,542 | (1,356,302) |

5. Segment Information (continued)

(a) Business segments (continued)

Group

| | Property investment | | Property development | | Infrastructure | | Wa | ter supply | Pov | ver supply | Su | ıb-total |
|--|---------------------|--------------------|----------------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------|------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| Segment assets Interests in associates | 3,674,270 | 4,075,490 2,050 | 216,316 89,516 | 964,670 4,930 | 220,560 197,213 | 227,116 197,237 | 21,517,287 | 21,571,457 | 790,955 275,151 | 723,980 273,438 | 26,419,388 561,880 | 27,562,713 477,655 |
| Interest in a jointly- | _ | 2,000 | 00,010 | 4,300 | 137,210 | 131,201 | | | 210,101 | 270,400 | 301,000 | 411,000 |
| controlled entity | - | - | - | - | 972,344 | 929,662 | - | - | - | - | 972,344 | 929,662 |
| Segment liabilities | 448,712 | 505,281 | 59,064 | 431,025 | 95,735 | 279,830 | 280,979 | 538,998 | 264,831 | 269,693 | 1,149,321 | 2,024,827 |
| Other segment information: Depreciation and amortisation | 7,431 | 6,418 | 4,888 | 6,953 | 8,098 | 8,010 | 786,695 | 18,339 | 45,038 | 41,976 | 852,150 | 81,696 |
| Impairment losses recognised in the profit and loss account | 5,624 | - | 22,682 | 82,447 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 28,306 | 82,447 |
| Impairment losses reversed in the profit and loss account | - | - | (21,000) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (21,000) | - |
| Other non-cash | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| expenses | 68,129 | 187,419 | _ | 51,252 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 68,129 | 238,671 |
| Capital expenditure | 7,038 | 11,551 | 730 | 2,631 | 1,066 | _ | 513,439 | 3,380 | 28,086 | 24,319 | 550,359 | 41,881 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |

5. Segment Information (continued)

(a) Business segments (continued)

Group

| | | | | Tours and tour | | Beer manufacturing, | | manufacturing, | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------|--------------|----------|-----------------|-----------|---------------------|----------|----------------|----------|--------------|-----------|-----------|--|
| | Hote | l operations | transpor | tation services | distribut | ion and sales | distribu | tion and sales | Leathe | r processing | Su | b-total | |
| | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 | |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Segment assets | 1,812,147 | 2,014,136 | 227,669 | 327,031 | 1,302,148 | 1,525,063 | 895,220 | 915,902 | 380,977 | 522,159 | 4,618,161 | 5,304,291 | |
| Interests in associates | - | _ | 10,651 | 10,863 | 42,997 | 62,079 | _ | _ | - | _ | 53,648 | 72,942 | |
| Interest in a jointly- | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| controlled entity | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | |
| • | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Segment liabilities | 43,655 | 58,769 | 144,536 | 148,454 | 209,080 | 159,671 | 181,965 | 176,411 | 42,376 | 50,042 | 621,612 | 593,347 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Other segment | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| information: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Depreciation and | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| amortisation | 14,436 | 23,433 | 14,573 | 14,964 | 123,362 | 127,583 | 40,788 | 39,386 | 17,615 | 17,851 | 210,774 | 223,217 | |
| anortoaton | 1 1,100 | 20,100 | 1 1,010 | 11,001 | 120,002 | 121,000 | 10,100 | 00,000 | 11,010 | 11,001 | 210,111 | 220,211 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Impairment losses | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| recognised in the | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| profit and loss | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| account | 1,640 | - | - | - | 5,600 | 32,367 | 3,704 | - | 22,991 | - | 33,935 | 32,367 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Impairment losses | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| reversed in the | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| profit and loss | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | |
| account | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Other non-cash | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| expenses | 5,518 | 309,442 | 3,294 | 16,603 | 2,672 | 10,283 | 1,071 | 1,499 | 11,796 | 3,001 | 24,351 | 340,828 | |
| Capital expenditure | 18,245 | 32,474 | 9,336 | 7,705 | 9,800 | 27,639 | 3,131 | 14,512 | 9,745 | 28,172 | 50,257 | 110,502 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

5. Segment Information (continued)

(a) Business segments (continued)

Group

| | | ware products ufacturing, | manufacturing, | | | |], | | | | | Sub-total | | |
|--|----------|------------------------------|----------------|----------------|------------|----------|-------------------|-------------------|----------|-------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| | | tion and sales | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 | | |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | | |
| Segment assets Interests in associates | 25,682 | 60,970 | 111,621 - | 84,136 (15) | 7,902 - | 23,109 | 121,075 21,988 | 193,649 13,430 | 1,486 | 40,073 - | 267,766 21,988 | 401,937 13,415 | | |
| Interest in a jointly- | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| controlled entity | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | | |
| Segment liabilities | 10,760 | 15,361 | 7,298 | 15,737 | 1,734 | 3,325 | 119,879 | 159,766 | 316 | 25 | 139,987 | 194,214 | | |
| Other segment information: Depreciation and amortisation | 3,401 | 4,219 | 240 | 300 | 670 | 654 | 8,645 | 8,706 | 16 | 1,066 | 12,972 | 14,945 | | |
| Impairment losses recognised in the profit and loss account | 11,225 | 26,000 | - | 18,768 | 3,733 | - | - | - | - | - | 14,958 | 44,768 | | |
| Impairment losses reversed in the profit and loss account | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | | |
| Other non-cash | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| expenses | 3,671 | 46,706 | 3 | 6,637 | 2,767 | - | 8,925 | - | - | 15 | 15,366 | 53,358 | | |
| Capital expenditure | 989 | 321 | 13 | 63 | 174 | 42 | 7,792 | 3,821 | - | | 8,968 | 4,247 | | |

5. Segment Information (continued)

(a) Business segments (continued)

Group

| | Curtain | wall installation | distrib | ution and sales | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------|-------------------|----------|-----------------|----------|----------------|----------|------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | (Di | iscontinued) | (Dis | scontinued) | Corpo | rate and other | El | iminations | Co | nsolidated | | |
| | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 | | |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | | |
| Segment assets | _ | 64,217 | _ | _ | 245,351 | 683,525 | (18,634) | (54,044) | 31,532,032 | 33,962,639 | | |
| Interests in associates Interest in a jointly- | - | - | - | - | 3,647 | 39,991 | - | - | 641,163 | 604,003 | | |
| controlled entity Unallocated assets Bank overdrafts included | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 972,344 230,637 | 929,662 420,112 | | |
| in segment assets | | | | | | | | | 2,356 | 363 | | |
| Total assets | | | | | | | | | 33,378,532 | 35,916,779 | | |
| Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities Bank overdrafts included | - | 47,112 | - | - | 60,237 | 169,333 | (18,634) | (54,044) | 1,952,523 19,636,864 | 2,974,789 21,493,241 | | |
| in segment assets | | | | | | | | | 2,356 | 363 | | |
| Total liabilities | | | | | | | | | 21,591,743 | 24,468,393 | | |
| Other segment information: Depreciation and | 004 | 0.776 | | 14.405 | 40.045 | 10.005 | | | 1 000 400 | 055 044 | | |
| amortisation Unallocated amounts | 291 | 2,776 | - | 14,185 | 16,245 | 19,025 | - | - | 1,092,432 119 | 355,844 1,459 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | 1,092,551 | 357,303 | | |
| Impairment losses recognised in the profit and loss account Unallocated amounts | - | 18,101 | - | 11,518 | 247 | - | - | - | 77,446 22,850 | 189,201 382,585 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | 100,296 | 571,786 | | |
| Impairment losses reversed in the profit and loss | | | | | (0.75.1) | | | | (0.170.) | | | |
| account Unallocated amounts | - | - | - | - | (3,761) | - | - | - | (24,761) (19,140) | (66,412) | | |
| and an arrangement | | | | | | | | | (43,901) | (66,412) | | |
| | | | | | | | | | (10,001) | (00,112) | | |
| Other non-cash expenses | _ | 26,251 | _ | 54,351 | 4,360 | 7,214 | _ | _ | 112,206 | 720,673 | | |
| Capital expenditure | _ | 791 | _ | 4,987 | 2,624 | 2,720 | _ | _ | 612,208 | 165,128 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Timber manufacturing,

5. Segment Information (continued)

(b) Geographical segments

The following tables present revenue, profit/(loss) and certain asset and expenditure information for the Group's geographical segments.

Group

| | Hong Kong | | Mainland China | | Other Elin | | minations Co | | onsolidated | |
|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|----------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------|----------|-------------|------------|
| | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Segment revenue: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sales to external | | | | | | | | | | |
| customers | 608,580 | 779,319 | 6,661,172 | 4,140,741 | 1,766 | 27,924 | - | - | 7,271,518 | 4,947,984 |
| Other revenue from | | | | | | | | | | |
| external customers | | | | | | | | | | |
| (Note) | 8,803 | 5,590 | 63,964 | 70,714 | 4,655 | 1,137 | - | - | 77,422 | 77,441 |
| Exchange gains/ | | | | | | | | | | |
| (losses), net | 752 | (1,119) | 4,815 | 885 | 3,226 | 2,593 | - | - | 8,793 | 2,359 |
| Revenue from external | | | | | | | | | | |
| customers | 618,135 | 783,790 | 6,729,951 | 4,212,340 | 9,647 | 31,654 | | _ | 7,357,733 | 5,027,784 |
| Customers | 010,100 | 100,130 | 0,729,901 | 4,212,040 | 3,047 | 01,004 | | | 7,007,700 | 3,021,104 |
| Segment results | 39,237 | (327,646) | 2,069,256 | 117,120 | (58,171) | (111 100) | | | 2,050,322 | (001 655 \ |
| oegineni resuits | 38,231 | (327,040) | 2,009,230 | 117,120 | (30,171) | (111,129) | _ | | 2,000,022 | (321,655) |
| Other comment | | | | | | | | | | |
| Other segment | | | | | | | | | | |
| information: | 0.745.45 | 0.000.40= | 00 700 700 | 00 000 000 | 00.040 | 00.050 | (0.07.1) | (4.040) | 04 500 000 | 00 000 000 |
| Segment assets | 2,715,171 | 3,608,185 | 28,796,792 | 30,322,638 | 22,943 | 33,059 | (2,874) | (1,243) | 31,532,032 | 33,962,639 |
| Capital expenditure | 24,852 | 38,551 | 586,517 | 121,011 | 839 | 5,566 | - | - | 612,208 | 165,128 |

6. Discontinuation of Operations

(a) On 10 February 2001, the Company entered into a conditional sales and purchase agreement (the "Building Agreement") with Hi Sun Limited, an independent third party, for the disposal of the Company's entire 57.16% interest in GD Building, which used to operate the Group's Curtain Wall Operations, for a cash consideration of HK\$31,483,000 (the "Consideration"). Pursuant to the Building Agreement, the Group agreed to waive the net amounts due from the GD Building group which was HK\$358,000,000 (including certain bank loans of the GD Building group of HK\$185,000,000 taken up by the Company by means of the issuance of notes payable to the relevant bank creditors) as at 3 March 2001 and to assume a contingent liability of the GD Building group of HK\$19,819,000 as at 22 December 2000 as further disclosed in note 50(a) to the financial statements.

On 3 March 2001, the Building Agreement was completed. GD Building ceased to be a subsidiary of the Company, and the Group's Curtain Wall Operations were then discontinued. The gain on the discontinuation of Curtain Wall Operations represented the excess of the Consideration over the Group's cost of investment in and receivable from the GD Building group after taken into account the goodwill and accumulated losses of the GD Building group attributable to and taken up by the Group at the effective date of disposal. For the period from 1 January 2001 to 3 March 2001 (the completion date of the Building Agreement), the Curtain Wall Operations contributed HK\$6,986,000 (year ended 31 December 2000: HK\$77,424,000) to the Group's turnover and accounted for a loss of HK\$4,434,000 (year ended 31 December 2000: a loss of HK\$102,400,000) to the Group's profit for the year.

(b) On 22 December 2000, the Group transferred its entire 100% interest in Guangdong Timber Limited ("GD Timber") to GDH Limited, the immediate holding company of the Company as at 31 December 2001, as part of the consideration for an acquisition of an 81% interest in GH Water Supply (Holdings) Limited ("GH Holdings") (the "Acquisition") and effectively discontinued its timber operations. For the year ended 31 December 2000, the timber operations contributed HK\$148,352,000 to the Group's turnover and accounted for a loss of HK\$123,206,000 to the Group's loss for the year.

7. Profit/(Loss) from Operating Activities

The Group's profit/(loss) from operating activities is arrived at after charging:

| | 2001 | 2000 |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| Cost of inventories sold | 2,641,565 | 2,154,250 |
| Depreciation | 461,308 | 307,828 |
| Less: Depreciation capitalised to contract work in progress | _ | (231) |
| | 461,308 | 307,597 |
| Amortisation of investments in contractual joint ventures* | - | 1,459 |
| Amortisation of deferred expenses* | 12,915 | 29,096 |
| Amortisation of reusable packaging materials* | 11,523 | 3,892 |
| Amortisation of the operating right* | 494,096 | 13,259 |
| Amortisation of trademarks* | 1,400 | 2,000 |
| Amortisation of prepaid rental* | 111,190 | _ |
| Minimum lease payments under operating leases: | | |
| Land and buildings | 15,462 | 13,720 |
| Plant and machinery | 589 | 789 |
| | 16,051 | 14,509 |
| Auditors' remuneration | 7,150 | 7,660 |
| Staff costs (excluding directors' remuneration – Note 8) | | |
| Wages and salaries | 469,299 | 401,713 |
| Pension contributions | 28,772 | 20,506 |
| Less: Forfeited contributions | (1,109) | (2,827) |
| Net pension contributions | 27,663 | 17,679 |
| | 496,962 | 419,392 |
| Professional fees incurred in connection | | |
| with the Group's restructuring | - | 87,395 |

^{*} These amortisations for the year are included in "Cost of sales" on the face of the consolidated profit and loss account.

7. Profit/(Loss) from Operating Activities (continued)

| | 2001 HK\$'000 | 2000 HK\$'000 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| (Gains)/expenses included in other operating expenses, net: | | |
| Amortisation of goodwill (Note 21) | 119 | _ |
| Provisions against construction/installation contracts receivable | _ | 5,918 |
| Investment property revaluation deficit (Note 16) | 68,129 | 111,673 |
| Hotel property revaluation deficit, net | 4,196 | 309,442 |
| Impairment of investment securities | 932 | 17,608 |
| Unrealised loss on revaluation of other investments | 5,114 | 22,614 |
| Impairment of trademarks | 4,100 | 26,000 |
| Impairment of properties under development | 22,682 | 82,447 |
| Reversal of impairment loss of properties under development | (21,000) | _ |
| Impairment of investments in and loans to associates | 11,224 | 51,135 |
| Reversal of impairment loss of investment in an associate | (3,761) | _ |
| (Write-back of provision against)/provision against an | | |
| amount due from a fellow subsidiary | (8,000) | 56,156 |
| Impairment of fixed assets | 39,440 | 29,619 |
| Impairment of goodwill arising from acquisitions of | | |
| subsidiaries and associates previously dealt with in reserves | 21,918 | 364,977 |
| Reversal of impairment loss of deconsolidated subsidiaries | (19,140) | (66,412) |
| Loss on disposal of subsidiaries, net | 8,481 | _ |
| Loss on disposal of properties under development | 9,079 | _ |
| Loss on disposal of fixed assets, net | 20,518 | 4,971 |
| Loss on disposal of certain interest in a subsidiary | 3,087 | _ |
| Provisions against properties held for sale | _ | 94,602 |
| Provisions against inventories | 10,871 | 7,748 |
| Provisions for doubtful debts | 24,394 | 177,703 |
| Less: Write-back of provision against loan receivables | _ | (36,326) |
| Recovery from possession of shares in a subsidiary (Note 52(ii)) | _ | (12,697) |
| | 24,394 | 128,680 |
| Compensation payments in respect of the planned | | |
| curtailment of operations of a subsidiary | 4,616 | _ |

7. Profit/(Loss) from Operating Activities (continued)

| | 2001 HK\$'000 | 2000 HK\$'000 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| and after crediting: | | |
| Gross rental income from investment properties | 259,962 | 239,424 |
| Less: Outgoings | (17,299) | (12,824) |
| Net rental income from investment properties | 242,663 | 226,600 |
| Negative goodwill recognised as income* | 10,286 | _ |
| Other rental income, net | 28,153 | 7,985 |
| Gain on disposal of investment properties | _ | 566 |
| Gain on disposal of an associate | _ | 15,066 |
| Gain on disposal of a contractual joint venture | _ | 26,955 |
| Gain on disposal of other investments | 26,240 | _ |
| Royalty income from trademarks | 1,500 | _ |
| Interest income | 60,692 | 141,953 |
| Exchange gains, net | 8,793 | 2,359 |

The amount of forfeited pension scheme contributions available at the current and prior year ends to reduce contributions in future years was not significant.

^{*} The negative goodwill recognised as income for the year are included in "Other revenue and gains" on the face of the consolidated profit and loss account.

8. Directors' Remuneration and Five Highest Paid Employees

(a) Directors' remuneration disclosed pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") and Section 161 of the Companies Ordinance is as follows:

| | Group | |
|---|----------|----------|
| | 2001 | 2000 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| Fees: | | |
| Executive directors | _ | _ |
| Independent non-executive directors | 800 | 799 |
| | 800 | 799 |
| Other emoluments: | | |
| Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind | 2,872 | 5,278 |
| Bonuses paid and payable | 157 | _ |
| Pension scheme contributions | 102 | 176 |
| Less: Forfeited contributions | _ | |
| Net pension scheme expenses | 102 | 176 |
| Total directors' remuneration | 3,931 | 6,253 |

The number of directors whose remuneration fell within the following bands is as follows:

| | Number of directors | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|------|
| | 2001 | 2000 |
| | | |
| NiI - HK\$1,000,000 | 13 | 24 |
| HK\$1,500,001 - HK\$2,000,000 | 1 | |
| | 14 | 24 |

During the year, 57,000,000 options to acquire ordinary shares in the Company were granted to certain directors of which 37,500,000 options may be exercised from 11 February 2002 to the business day immediately preceding the fifth anniversary of that day (both days inclusive) to subscribe for 37,500,000 ordinary shares at a price of HK\$0.5312 per ordinary share. The remaining 19,500,000 options may be exercised from 2 May 2002 to the business day immediately preceding the fifth anniversary of that day (both days inclusive), to subscribe for 19,500,000 ordinary shares at a price of HK\$0.74 per ordinary share.

Group

31 December 2001

8. Directors' Remuneration and Five Highest Paid Employees (continued)

(a) (continued)

Further details of the share option scheme are set out under the heading "Share Options of the Company, its Subsidiaries and Associated Corporations" in the Report of the Directors on pages 36-42. No value in respect of the above share options granted has been charged to the profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2001.

There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year.

(b) The five highest paid employees of the Group during the year included one director (2000: one director resigned in 2000 and remained as an employee of the Company, details of whose remuneration while as a director are included in note 8(a) above). Details of the remuneration of the other four employees (2000: the above said former director for the whole year and the other four employees) are as follows:

| | Group | |
|---|----------|----------|
| | 2001 | 2000 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | |
| Salaries, allowances and other benefits in kind | 5,434 | 6,762 |
| Bonuses paid and payable | 1,281 | 1,331 |
| Pension scheme contributions | 68 | 190 |
| | 6,783 | 8,283 |
| | 0,700 | 0,200 |

The remuneration of the other four employees (2000: the above said former director for the whole year and the other four employees) fell within the following bands:

| | Number of individuals | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|------|
| | 2001 | 2000 |
| | | |
| HK\$1,000,001 - HK\$1,500,000 | 2 | 2 |
| HK\$1,500,001 - HK\$2,000,000 | 1 | 1 |
| HK\$2,000,001 - HK\$2,500,000 | _ | 2 |
| HK\$2,500,001 - HK\$3,000,000 | 1 | |
| | 4 | 5 |

8. Directors' Remuneration and Five Highest Paid Employees (continued)

(b) (continued)

During the year, 2,400,000 options to acquire ordinary shares in the Company were granted to two of the above four non-directors, highest paid employees in respect of their services to the Group. 2,400,000 options shall be exercised from 11 February 2002 to the business day immediately preceding the fifth anniversary of that day (both days inclusive) to subscribe for 2,400,000 ordinary shares at a price of HK\$0.5312 per ordinary share.

Further details of the share option scheme are included in the disclosures set out under the heading "Share Options of the Company, its Subsidiaries and Associated Corporation" in the Report of the Directors on pages 36-42. No value in respect of the above share options granted has been charged to the profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2001.

9. Finance Costs

| | Group | |
|--|-----------|----------|
| | 2001 | 2000 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | |
| Interest on bank loans, overdrafts and other borrowings repayable: | | |
| Within five years | 406,368 | 544,865 |
| Over five years | 1,122,628 | 30,255 |
| Interest on provision for bank loans guaranteed (Note 43) | 46,706 | _ |
| Interest on finance lease | 268 | 78 |
| | 1,575,970 | 575,198 |
| Less: Interest included in prepaid construction cost (Note 24(c)) | (11,768) | _ |
| Interest capitalised to contract work in progress | _ | (650) |
| Interest expense classified as cost of sales | - | (67,957) |
| | 1,564,202 | 506,591 |
| Amortisation of swap cost in respect of the Swap Agreement | | |
| (Note 41(b)(iii)) | 2,272 | _ |
| Provision for convertible bonds redemption premium | _ | 65,776 |
| Total finance costs for the year | 1,566,474 | 572,367 |

10. Tax

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16% (2000: 16%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year. Taxes on assessable profits of subsidiaries of the Company in Mainland China and overseas have been calculated at the rates of tax applicable to those subsidiaries based on existing legislation, interpretations and practices in respect thereof.

| | 2001 | 2000 |
|--------------------------------------|----------|----------|
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | |
| Company and subsidiaries: | | |
| Hong Kong | 5,912 | 2,845 |
| Mainland China | 110,261 | 121,347 |
| Under/(over) provision in prior year | 400 | (2,012) |
| Deferred tax | _ | (430) |
| | 116,573 | 121,750 |
| | | |
| Share of tax attributable to: | | |
| Jointly-controlled entity | 3,291 | 907 |
| Associates | 10,786 | 4,421 |
| Tax charge for the year | 130,650 | 127,078 |

11. Net Profit/(Loss) from Ordinary Activities Attributable to Shareholders

The net profit of the Group from ordinary activities attributable to shareholders for the year ended 31 December 2001 dealt with in the financial statements of the Company is HK\$9,229,000 (2000: a loss of HK\$130,530,000 as restated).

The comparative amount for 2000 has been restated by a prior year adjustment resulting in a net increase in the Company's net loss of HK\$14,380,000 for that year, and a net decrease of HK\$57,000,000 in respect of dividends receivable in the Company's balance sheet as at 31 December 2000. The prior year adjustment reversed dividends from subsidiaries which were declared and approved by the subsidiaries after the prior year's balance sheet date, but which were recognised by the Company as revenue in its financial statements for that year. The amount of HK\$14,380,000 represented the difference between dividends declared and approved by the subsidiaries after the balance sheet dates at 31 December 2000 of HK\$57,000,000 and 31 December 1999 of HK\$42,620,000. The prior year adjustment resulted in no change to the amount of accumulated losses of the Group as at 1 January 2000. This change in accounting policy has arisen from the adoption of revisions to SSAP 18, as further detailed in notes 2 and 46 to the financial statements.

11. Net Profit/(Loss) from Ordinary Activities Attributable to Shareholders (continued)

The effect of this change in accounting policy on the Company's net results for the current year, was to increase the net profit by HK\$48,000,000 to a profit of HK\$9,229,000, as disclosed above, representing the net effect of the prior year adjustment of HK\$57,000,000 and the dividends declared by the subsidiaries after the current balance sheet date of HK\$9,000,000.

12. Dividend

| 2001 | 2000 |
|--|----------|
| HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | |
| 31/4% redeemable cumulative convertible preference share | |
| ("Preference Share") dividend accrued during the year | 22,020 |

The board of directors does not recommend the payment of any dividend with respect to the ordinary shares for the year (2000: Nil).

Pursuant to the Articles of Association of the Company, dividends on the ordinary shares may not be paid until the accumulated and current dividends on the Preference Shares have been paid in full.

In the prior year, an amount of HK\$22,020,000 which represented one year's accrual for the fixed dividend on the Preference Shares was accrued. Such accrued fixed dividend was not subsequently declared and was accumulated with the other undeclared fixed dividends on the Preference Shares.

During the year, the Group adopted SSAP 28 prospectively. Pursuant to the Articles of Association of the Company, the Company may only pay the fixed dividend on the Preference Shares if the Company has sufficient distributable profits and if the payment of such dividend is declared. Under SSAP 28, as the Company did not have a present obligation to pay the fixed dividend on the Preference Shares as at 31 December 2001, no accrual for such dividend was made during the year. In addition, an adjustment to the opening balance of the Company's and the Group's accumulated losses was made for the reversal of the accrual for the fixed dividend on the Preference Shares of HK\$49,096,000 as at 1 January 2001 in accordance with the transitional provisions of SSAP 28 and the comparative information has not been restated.

As at 31 December 2001, the accumulated (but undeclared) fixed dividends on the Preference Shares amounted to HK\$70,448,000. Such accumulated dividends, in respect of the period starting from 7 October 1998, do not accrue interest.

13. Earnings/(Loss) Per Share

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share for the years ended 31 December 2001 and 2000 are based on the following data:

| | 2001 HK\$'000 | 2000 HK\$'000 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Earnings/(Loss): | | |
| Net profit/(loss) attributable to shareholders | 285,542 | (1,356,302) |
| Less: Provision for preference share redemption premium | (52,051) | (53,613) |
| Preference Share dividend | (21,352) | (22,020) |
| Earnings/(Loss) for the purpose of basic and diluted | | |
| earnings/(loss) per share | 212,139 | (1,431,935) |
| Number of shares: | | |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue | 4,891,876,282 | 2,630,265,335 |
| Effect of Additional Shares to be issued arising from | , , , - | , , , |
| the Acquisition from the date when all necessary | | |
| conditions have been satisfied | 16,500,000 | _ |
| For the purpose of basic earnings/(loss) per share | 4,908,376,282 | 2,630,265,335 |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue | 4,891,876,282 | |
| Assumed issued at no consideration on deemed exercise | | |
| of all share options outstanding during the year | 44,895,774 | |
| Effect of Additional Shares to be issued arising from | | |
| the Acquisition from the beginning of year | 66,000,000 | |
| For the purpose of diluted earnings/(loss) per share | 5,002,772,056 | N/A |

As WaterCo has already attained the performance milestones under the Earnout Agreement for both the first and second years of the Earnout Period in connection with the issuance of the Additional Shares in September 2001 and March 2002, respectively, the Company has obligation to issue 132 million Additional Shares to GDH Limited at a date which is the later of 21 December 2003 and the completion of the Phase IV Renovation Project. Further details of which are set out in note 46(b) to the financial statements.

13. Earnings/(Loss) Per Share (continued)

The effect of the 66 million Additional Shares for the first year of the Earnout Period have been incorporated in the computation of the basic and diluted earnings per share for the current year. However, the other 66 million Additional Shares for the second year of the Earnout Period have not been taken into account in the computation of the basic and diluted earnings per share for the current year because the relevant performance milestones was only met subsequent to the balance sheet date in March 2002.

In the current year, the effect of the Company arising from the exercise of the convertible bonds and Preference Shares was anti-dilutive.

No diluted loss per share is presented for the year ended 31 December 2000 as: (i) there was no dilutive effect arising from the contingent issuance of the Additional Shares (details of which are set out in note 46(b) to the financial statements); and (ii) the effect of the Company arising from the exercise of convertible bonds, share options and the Preference Shares was anti-dilutive.

14. Fixed Assets

Group

| | Hotel properties | Land and | Tunnels, dams, water mains and reservoir | Plant and machinery | Furniture, fixtures and equipment | Leasehold improve- | Motor vehicles | Toll road | Construction in progress | Total |
|---|------------------|-------------------|---|---------------------|--|--------------------|-------------------|--------------|--------------------------|--------------------|
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cost: At beginning of year: | | | | | | | | | | |
| As previously reported Reclassification to accumulated depreciation and | 1,957,190 | 5,287,641 | 1,488,023 | 2,340,218 | 297,758 | 153,524 | 176,669 | 224,284 | 540,816 | 12,466,123 |
| impairment (Note) | | 18,101 | | | | | | _ | _ | 18,101 |
| As restated | 1,957,190 | 5,305,742 | 1,488,023 | 2,340,218 | 297,758 | 153,524 | 176,669 | 224,284 | 540,816 | 12,484,224 |
| Additions Transfer from investment | 6,765 | 8,041 | 798 | 30,599 | 15,287 | 7,132 | 12,274 | 1,066 | 53,066 | 135,028 |
| properties, net | - | 301,315 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 301,315 |
| Transfer to inventories | _ | (13,504) | | _ | _ | _ | - | _ | - | (13,504) |
| Reclassifications | 19,693 | 3,126 | (75,181) | 102,404 | 5,216 | 712 | 188 | (5,871) | | (400.750) |
| Disposals | (289,564) | (28,601) | | (25,208) | (17,253) | (20,731) | (17,531) | - | (6,819) | (408,758) |
| Disposal of subsidiaries | - (4.400) | (73,974) | - | (3,792) | (21,494) | (3,267) | (16,696) | - | - | (119,223) |
| Revaluation deficit, net | (4,196) | (700.) | - | (4.470.) | (70.) | - (40.) | - (64.) | (00.1 | (000) | (4,196) |
| Exchange adjustments | (310) | (720) | | (1,170) | (70) | (48) | (61) | (80) | (269) | (2,728) |
| At 31 December 2001 | 1,689,578 | 5,501,425 | 1,410,589 | 2,443,051 | 279,444 | 137,322 | 154,843 | 219,399 | 536,507 | 12,372,158 |
| Accumulated depreciation and impairment: At beginning of year | | | | | | | | | | |
| As previously reported Reclassification from | - | 364,604 | 18,418 | 795,105 | 230,303 | 107,497 | 107,694 | 16,020 | - | 1,639,641 |
| cost (Note) | | 18,101 | | | | | | | | 18,101 |
| As restated | _ | 382,705 | 18,418 | 795,105 | 230,303 | 107,497 | 107,694 | 16,020 | _ | 1,657,742 |
| Provided during the year Transfer to investment | - | 176,529 | 46,233 | 172,968 | 19,786 | 16,226 | 21,468 | 8,098 | - | 461,308 |
| properties | - | (2,589) | | - | - | - | - | - | - | (2,589) |
| Transfer to inventories | _ | (6,160) | | 0.577 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | (6,160) |
| Reclassification | _ | - (0.011) | (3,577) | 3,577 | (40,000) | (17.074.) | (4E 076) | _ | - | (60.067.) |
| Disposals Impairment | _ | (3,811) 16,319 | (1,082) | (17,316) | (13,208) 398 | (17,874) | (15,076) 795 | _ | _ | (68,367) 39,440 |
| Disposal of subsidiaries | _ | (37,342) | | 16,616 (3,291) | (18,039) | 5,312 (2,590) | (11,648) | _ | _ | (72,910) |
| Exchange adjustments | _ | (146) | | (410) | (49) | (34) | (35) | (10) | | (684) |
| At 31 December 2001 | | 525,505 | 59,992 | 967,249 | 219,191 | 108,537 | 103,198 | 24,108 | | 2,007,780 |
| Net book value: | | | | | | | | | | |
| At 31 December 2001 | 1,689,578 | 4,975,920 | 1,350,597 | 1,475,802 | 60,253 | 28,785 | 51,645 | 195,291 | 536,507 | 10,364,378 |
| At 31 December 2000 | 1,957,190 | 4,923,037 | 1,469,605 | 1,545,113 | 67,455 | 46,027 | 68,975 | 208,264 | 540,816 | 10,826,482 |

14. Fixed Assets (continued)

Note: Accumulated impairment losses are aggregate with accumulated depreciation under the revised disclosure requirements of SSAP 17, as detailed in note 2 to the financial statements, whereas previously they were disclosed as an adjustment to the cost of the assets. This change has been disclosed as a retrospective reclassification. This disclosure reclassification has had no effect on the net carrying amount of fixed assets in the balance sheet.

The impairment losses of fixed assets of HK\$39,440,000 arose from subsequent sales and decrease in value in use of certain land and buildings and reduction in usage of certain production facilities of the Group's tannery plant and malting plant. The impairment losses for land and buildings were determined based on the subsequent selling price and professional valuation whereas the production facilities were considered as having zero recoverable value.

The net book values of the Group's hotel properties and land and buildings as at 31 December 2001 are analysed as follows:

| | Ho | tel properties | Lanc | l and buildings |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|----------------|-----------|-----------------|
| | 2001 2000 | | 2001 | 2000 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | | | |
| Long term leases in Hong Kong | 733,951 | 930,404 | 465,501 | 544,759 |
| Medium term leases in Hong Kong | 394,834 | 433,016 | 4,882 | 42,644 |
| Long term leases in Mainland China | _ | _ | 25,638 | 54,568 |
| Medium term leases in Mainland China | 560,793 | 593,770 | 4,476,292 | 4,275,940 |
| Short term lease in Mainland China | _ | _ | _ | 1,495 |
| Freehold in other location | _ | | 3,607 | 3,631 |
| | 1,689,578 | 1,957,190 | 4,975,920 | 4,923,037 |

The hotel properties were revalued individually at the balance sheet date by RHL Appraisal Limited, independent professional qualified valuers, on an open market basis, based on their existing use, at an aggregate HK\$1,689,578,000 as at 31 December 2001 (2000: HK\$1,957,190,000).

A net revaluation deficit of HK\$4,196,000 resulting from the above revaluations has been charged to the profit and loss account.

Had the carrying values of the Group's hotel properties been carried at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses in accordance with the Group's accounting policies, their carrying amounts would have been HK\$1,689,578,000 (2000: HK\$1,957,190,000).

14. Fixed Assets (continued)

The net book value of assets held under finance leases included in the total amount of fixed assets as at 31 December 2000 amounted to HK\$26,000.

Company

| | Furniture, | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------|--------------|----------|----------|
| | fixtures and | Leasehold | Motor | |
| | equipment | improvements | vehicles | Total |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| Cost: | | | | |
| At beginning of year | 10,820 | 10,298 | 1,515 | 22,633 |
| Additions | 827 | 13 | _ | 840 |
| Disposals | (490) | | (903) | (1,393) |
| At 31 December 2001 | 11,157 | 10,311 | 612 | 22,080 |
| Accumulated depreciation: | | | | |
| At beginning of year | 7,459 | 763 | 1,462 | 9,684 |
| Provided during the year | 1,435 | 2,743 | 53 | 4,231 |
| Disposals | (489) | | (903) | (1,392) |
| At 31 December 2001 | 8,405 | 3,506 | 612 | 12,523 |
| Net book value: | | | | |
| At 31 December 2001 | 2,752 | 6,805 | _ | 9,557 |
| At 31 December 2000 | 3,361 | 9,535 | 53 | 12,949 |

15. Properties Under Development

| | | Group |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| | 2001 | 2000 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | |
| Balance at beginning of year | 406,956 | 537,568 |
| Additions, at cost | 198,583 | 273,392 |
| Transfer to properties held for sale | (229,167) | (323,282) |
| Disposal of subsidiaries | (170,410) | _ |
| Disposals | (30,852) | _ |
| Impairment | (22,682) | (82,447) |
| Reversal of impairment losses | 21,000 | _ |
| Exchange adjustments | (281) | 1,725 |
| Balance at 31 December | 173,147 | 406,956 |
| Less: Portion classified as current assets | (173,147) | (366,118) |
| Non-current portion | _ | 40,838 |

The carrying value of the Group's properties under development is analysed as follows:

| | Group | |
|--------------------------------------|----------|----------|
| | 2001 | 2000 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| Long term leases in Mainland China | 64,000 | 241,443 |
| Medium term leases in Mainland China | 85,147 | 124,675 |
| Long term lease in Hong Kong | 24,000 | 40,838 |
| At 31 December | 173,147 | 406,956 |

The impairment losses arose from unfavourable conditions in property markets of Hong Kong and certain areas in Mainland China and were determined based on the directors' estimates of the market values of these properties under development with reference to professional valuations.

The reversal of impairment losses arose from the improved property market conditions of certain area in Mainland China and was determined based on the directors' estimate of the market values of these properties under development with reference to professional valuations.

16. Investment Properties

| | | Group |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| | 2001 | 2000 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | |
| Balance at beginning of year, at valuation | 2,894,255 | 3,234,067 |
| Arising on acquisition of subsidiaries | _ | 208,500 |
| Additions, at cost | _ | 4,749 |
| Transfer from fixed assets | 48,896 | _ |
| Transfer to fixed assets | (352,800) | (106,000) |
| Transfer to properties held for sale | (29,000) | (68,777) |
| Disposals | (3,000) | (20,000) |
| Disposal of subsidiaries | (178,480) | _ |
| Transfer out as a result of the Acquisition | _ | (247,070) |
| Revaluation deficit, net | (47,753) | (111,673) |
| Exchange adjustments | _ | 459 |
| Balance at 31 December, at valuation | 2,332,118 | 2,894,255 |
| Analysis by geographical location: | | |
| Freehold properties situated in Thailand | 16,858 | 23,335 |
| Long term leasehold properties situated in Hong Kong | 458,250 | 489,510 |
| Medium term leasehold properties situated in Hong Kong | 6,080 | 7,870 |
| Long term leasehold properties situated in Mainland China | _ | 29,000 |
| Medium term leasehold properties situated in Mainland China | 1,850,930 | 2,344,540 |
| At 31 December | 2,332,118 | 2,894,255 |

The Group's investment properties were revalued by independent professional valuers, RHL Appraisal Limited, on an open market basis, based on their existing use, at 31 December 2001.

An amount of HK\$68,129,000, representing the net deficit of HK\$47,753,000 arising from this revaluation after taking into account a revaluation surplus of HK\$20,376,000 attributable to minority interests, has been charged to the profit and loss account.

Further particulars of the Group's investment properties are included on pages 195-196.

17. Interests in Subsidiaries

| | | Company |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| | 2001 | 2000 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | |
| Investments at cost: | | |
| Listed | 726,825 | 800,043 |
| Unlisted | 6,329,401 | 6,976,891 |
| | 7,056,226 | 7,776,934 |
| Due from subsidiaries | 6,278,126 | 6,394,884 |
| Due to subsidiaries | (1,446,274) | (1,673,981) |
| | 11,888,078 | 12,497,837 |
| Provisions for impairment | (2,525,761) | (3,011,110) |
| | 9,362,317 | 9,486,727 |
| Market value of listed shares as at 31 December | 536,271 | 396,237 |

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries at the balance sheet date were as follows:

| Company | Place of incorporation/ registration and operations | Issued share capital, registered/ paid-up capital | Percenta attributabl interest h | e equity neld by | Principal activities |
|-------------------------------------|---|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|
| | | | Company | Group | |
| Bateson Developments Limited | British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong | US\$9 Ordinary US\$91 Non- voting Deferred | 100% | 100% | Property investment |
| Century Asia Enterprises Limited | Hong Kong | HK\$3 | - | 100% | Property investment |
| Chapel Hill Developments Limited | British Virgin Islands | US\$100 | - | 71.56% | Holder of trademarks |
| Crown South (Hong Kong) Limited | Hong Kong | HK\$2 | - | 71.56% | Sale of leatherware products |

| Company | Place of incorporation/ registration and operations | Issued share capital, registered/ paid-up capital | Percenta attributable interest I Company | le equity | Principal activities |
|---|---|--|---|-----------|--|
| Fill Success Investments Limited | Hong Kong | HK\$2 Ordinary HK\$2 Non-voting Deferred | - | 100% | Hotel ownership |
| Fonno International Industrial Limited ("Fonno") | Hong Kong | HK\$2 | - | 42.94% | Sale of leatherware products |
| * GH Water Supply (Holdings) Limited | Cayman Islands | HK\$1,000,000 HK\$100 Class A special share HK\$10 Class B special share | 81.43% | 81.43% | Investment holding |
| Gold Star Assets Limited | Hong Kong | HK\$2 | _ | 71.56% | Property investment |
| 廣東天貿 (集團) 股份 有限公司 (Guang Dong Teem (Holdings) Ltd.) ⁽¹⁾ | Mainland China | RMB840,000,000 | 8.77% | 62.77% | Property investment and investment holding |
| Guangdong Brewery Holdings Limited | Bermuda/ Hong Kong | HK\$125,000,000 | 72% | 72% | Investment holding |
| Guangdong (H.K.) Tours Company Limited | Hong Kong | HK\$3,500,000 Ordinary HK\$2,000,000 Non-voting Deferred | 100% | 100% | Travel services |

| Commonw | Place of incorporation/ registration and | Issued share capital, registered/ | Percentage of attributable equity interest held by | | Duine in all estivities |
|---|--|---|--|--------|-----------------------------------|
| Company | operations | paid-up capital | Company | Group | Principal activities |
| Guangdong Hotel Limited | Hong Kong | HK\$2 Ordinary HK\$5,000,000 Non-voting Deferred | - | 100% | Hotel ownership and operations |
| Guangdong (International) Hotel Management Limited | Hong Kong | HK\$10,000 | 100% | 100% | Hotel management |
| Guangdong Investment Finance (Cayman) Limited | Cayman Islands | US\$2 | 100% | 100% | Provision of finance to the Group |
| Guangdong Nan Fang (Holdings) Co. Ltd. | British Virgin Islands/ Mainland China | US\$10,000 | 56.34% | 56.34% | Property investment |
| Guangdong Parking Limited | British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong | US\$10 | - | 60% | Property investment |
| Guangdong Power (International) Limited | British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong | US\$44,078,850 | 51% | 51% | Investment holding |
| Guangdong Properties Holdings Limited | Hong Kong | HK\$2 | 100% | 100% | Investment holding |
| Guangdong Property Agency Limited | Hong Kong | HK\$300,000 | - | 100% | Property agent |

| Company | Place of incorporation/ registration and operations | Issued share capital, registered/ paid-up capital | Percent attributabl interest I Company | le equity | Principal activities |
|---|---|--|---|-----------|--------------------------------------|
| Guangdong Tannery Limited ("GD Tannery") | Hong Kong | HK\$52,415,400 | 71.56% | 71.56% | Investment holding |
| 廣東天貿南方大廈百貨 有限公司 (Guangdong Teem Nand Department Stores Ltd.) ⁽⁴⁾ ("Tiannan") | Mainland China | RMB8,000,000 | - | 76.92% | Department stores operations |
| Guangdong Tours Transportation Limited | Hong Kong | HK\$100,000 | - | 100% | Provision of transportation services |
| * 廣東粤港供水有限公司 (Guangdong Yue Gang Water Supply Company Limited) (2)(1) | Mainland China | HK\$6,116,000,000 | _ | 80.62% | Water supply business |
| Guangdong Yingde Highway Ltd. (2) | Mainland China | RMB93,200,000 | - | 70% | Highway operations |
| Guangzhou Malting Co., Ltd. (1) | Mainland China | RMB108,840,000 | - | 51.6% | Manufacture of malt |
| Guangzhou Yangcheng Malting Plant (1) | Mainland China | US\$11,000,000 | - | 51.6% | Manufacture of malt |
| Harbour Hill International Limited | Hong Kong | HK\$1,000,000 | - | 71.56% | Import and export trade |

| | Place of | Issued share | Dovoent | ana of | |
|--|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------|--|
| | incorporation/ registration and | capital, registered/ | Percent attributable | _ | |
| Company | operations | paid-up capital | interest I | | Principal activities |
| | | | Company | Group | |
| High Return Enterprises Limited | British Virgin Islands/ Mainland China | US\$2 | - | 56.34% | Property investment |
| 惠陽粤海房產發展 有限公司 (Hui Yang Yue Hai Real Estate Development Ltd.) ⁽²⁾ | Mainland China | RMB75,000,000 | _ | 80% | Property investment |
| Jaromet Limited | Hong Kong | HK\$500,000 | - | 62.77% | General trading |
| Keysworth Limited | British Virgin Islands | US\$1 | - | 100% | Investment holding |
| Nanhai Tannery & Leather Products Co., Ltd. (2) | Mainland China | US\$8,000,000 | - | 71.56% | Processing of cowhides and leather trading |
| Ningbo Malting Co., Ltd. ⁽³⁾ | Mainland China | US\$16,000,000 | - | 51% | Manufacture of malt |
| Qingdao Nanhai Tannery Co., Ltd. ^{(2)(a)} ("Qingdao Nanhai Tannery") | Mainland China | US\$2,500,000 | - | 71.56% | Processing of cowhides and leather trading |
| Sen International Ventures Corporation (Hong Kong) Limited | Hong Kong | HK\$2 | - | 100% | Hotel operation |

| Company | Place of incorporation/ registration and operations | Issued share capital, registered/ paid-up capital | Percenta attributabl interest the Company | le equity | Principal activities |
|---|---|--|--|-----------|--|
| | | | Company | Group | |
| Shaoguan Power Plant (D) Ltd. (1) | Mainland China | US\$51,500,000 | - | 45.9% | Power plant operations |
| 深圳粤海酒店企業 有限公司 (Shenzhen Guang Hotel Enterprise L | = | HK\$114,787,016 | 99% | 99% | Hotel ownership and operations |
| Shenzhen Kingway Brewery Co., Ltd. | Mainland China | US\$50,000,000 | - | 68.4% | Production, distribution and sale of beer, and investment holding |
| Shenzhen Kingway Brewing Co., Ltd. | Mainland China | US\$12,000,000 | - | 62.64% | Production, distribution and sale of beer |
| Shenzhen Kingway Packaging Co., Lt | Mainland China d. (1) | US\$12,000,000 | - | 62.64% | Provision of bottling and packaging services |
| Shenzhen Kingway I Co., Ltd. (1) | Utility Mainland China | US\$12,000,000 | - | 62.64% | Provision of utilities services |
| Sun Po (Hong Kong Leather Ware Con Limited | | HK\$2 | - | 71.56% | Property investment |
| Supertime Developm | nent Hong Kong | HK\$30,000,000 | 100% | 100% | Investment holding |

| | Place of incorporation/ | Issued share | Doroont | ago of | |
|---|---------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------|--|
| | registration and | capital, registered/ | Percent attributable | _ | |
| Company | operations | paid-up capital | interest I | | Principal activities |
| Company | operations | paid-up capital | Company | Group | i illicipal activities |
| Suzhou Yuehai Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. (2) | Mainland China | US\$6,000,000 | 100% | 100% | Property investment |
| Time Wise Profits Limited | British Virgin Islands | US\$1 | - | 71.56% | Import and export trade |
| Xuzhou Gangwei Colour Package Co., Ltd. (2)(b) ("Xuzhou Gangwei") | Mainland China | RMB50,000,000 | - | 71.56% | Manufacture and sale of packing materials |
| Xuzhou Nanhai Leather Factory Co., Ltd. (2)(e) ("Xuzhou Nanhai Tannery") | Mainland China | U\$\$5,000,000 | - | 71.56% | Processing of cowhides and leather trading |
| Yue Hai Hotel, Zhuhai (3) | Mainland China | US\$10,000,000 | - | 100% | Hotel ownership and operations |
| Yue Sheng Finance Limited | Hong Kong | HK\$2 | 100% | 100% | Finance and investment |
| Zhongshan Power (Hong Kong) Limited | Hong Kong | HK\$100 | 95% | 95% | Investment holding |
| 番禺協聯皮具有限公司 (「協聯皮具」) ^{(2)(d)} | Mainland China | US\$780,000 | - | 42.94% | Manufacture and sale of leatherware products |
| 番禺國穎皮具手袋 有限公司 (「國穎皮具」) ^{(3)(e)} | Mainland China | HK\$5,650,000 | - | 71.56% | Manufacture and sale of leatherware products |

- * Not audited by Ernst & Young Hong Kong or other Ernst & Young International member firms
- Notes: (1) Sino-foreign equity joint venture
 - (2) Sino-foreign co-operative joint venture
 - (3) Wholly-owned foreign enterprise
 - (4) Limited company established in Mainland China
- (a) The registered capital of Qingdao Nanhai Tannery was solely contributed by GD Tannery, a 71.56% owned subsidiary of the Company. GD Tannery is entitled to all the distributable profits of Qingdao Nanhai Tannery after the payment of an agreed annual fee to the joint venture partner in Mainland China. In the event of liquidation, the initial injected assets will be distributed to the respective original contributors and thereafter, any remaining surplus will vest with GD Tannery.
- (b) The registered capital of Xuzhou Gangwei is RMB50 million, of which GD Tannery has contributed RMB27 million. GD Tannery is entitled to all the distributable profits of Xuzhou Gangwei after the payment of an agreed annual fee to the joint venture partner in Mainland China. In the event of liquidation, the initial injected assets will be distributed to the respective original contributors and thereafter, any remaining surplus will vest with GD Tannery. Accordingly, Xuzhou Gangwei has been accounted for as if it is a wholly-owned subsidiary of GD Tannery, except that the assets contributed by the joint venture partner in Mainland China are not included in the net tangible assets of the Group.
- (c) The registered capital of Xuzhou Nanhai is US\$5 million, of which GD Tannery has contributed US\$3 million. Any subsequent increase in capital of an investment in Xuzhou Nanhai will be solely contributed by GD Tannery and it is entitled to all the distributable profits of Xuzhou Nanhai after the payment of an agreed annual fee to the joint venture partner in Mainland China. In the event of liquidation, the initial injected assets will be distributed to the respective original contributors and thereafter, any remaining surplus will vest with GD Tannery. Accordingly, Xuzhou Nanhai has been accounted for as if it is a wholly-owned subsidiary of GD Tannery, except that the assets contributed by the joint venture partner in Mainland China are not included in the net tangible assets of the Group.
- (d) The registered capital of 協聯皮具 is US\$780,000, of which Fonno (the Company indirectly holds a 42.94% interest in Fonno) has contributed US\$625,000. Fonno is entitled to all the distributable profits of 協聯皮具 after the payment of an agreed annual fee to the joint venture partner in Mainland China. In the event of liquidation, the initial injected assets will be distributed to the respective original contributors and thereafter, any remaining surplus will vest with Fonno. Accordingly, 協聯皮具 has been accounted for as if it is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Fonno, except that the assets contributed by the joint venture partner in Mainland China are not included in the net tangible assets of the Group.

Company

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17. Interests in Subsidiaries (continued)

- (e) 國類皮具 is a wholly foreign-owned enterprise established in Mainland China with a registered capital of HK\$5,650,000 verified by auditors in Mainland China and is wholly-owned by GD Tannery indirectly.
- (f) Pursuant to WaterCo's Articles of Association, the minority shareholder (also the Company's ultimate holding company, Yue Gang Investment, which directly holds 1% interest in WaterCo) is not entitled to any distributed profits of WaterCo for the first fifteen years of operations and 100% of the distributed profits for that period shall be made to GH Holdings. Starting from the sixteenth year of operations, 1.01% of the distributed profits of WaterCo for the first fifteen years of operations plus simple interest of 8% per annum on the unpaid amount of the distributed profits shall be made to Yue Gang Investment (collectively referred to as the "Deferred Dividend"). Once Yue Gang Investment has received the Deferred Dividend in full, all of the WaterCo's distributable profits shall be distributed to the GH Holdings and Yue Gang Investment according to their respective interests in WaterCo during the remaining operating period.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

Due to the disengagement arrangements regarding certain subsidiaries and their significant accumulated losses, the Group's interests in these subsidiaries were deconsolidated and full provisions for impairment were made in the prior years as summarised below.

Group

| | | Group | Company | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|-------------|--|
| | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 | |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | |
| | | | | | |
| Unlisted shares, at cost | _ | _ | 231,671 | 231,671 | |
| Net liabilities deconsolidated | (752,130) | (752,130) | _ | _ | |
| Amounts due from deconsolidated | | | | | |
| subsidiaries | 477,973 | 497,113 | 268,242 | 282,381 | |
| | (274,157) | (255,017) | 499,913 | 514,052 | |
| Provisions for guarantees granted to | | | | | |
| banks of deconsolidated subsidiaries | 582,885 | 601,779 | 582,885 | 582,885 | |
| | 308,728 | 346,762 | 1,082,798 | 1,096,937 | |
| Provisions for impairment | (308,728) | (346,762) | (1,082,798) | (1,096,937) | |
| | _ | | _ | | |
| | | | | | |

17. Interests in Subsidiaries (continued)

Particulars of the principal deconsolidated subsidiaries at the balance sheet date are as follows:

| Company | Place of incorporation/ registration and operations | Issued share capital, registered/ paid-up capital | Percents attributabl interest I Company | e equity | Principal activities |
|--|---|--|--|----------|-----------------------|
| #Guang Dong Nanhua Cement Limited | Mainland China | RMB500,000,000 | - | 70% | Manufacture of cement |
| Guangdong Construction Materials (International) Limited | Hong Kong | HK\$2 | - | 100% | Investment holding |
| #廣州市南方大廈 有限公司 (Guangzhou Nanfang Dasha Co., Ltd. "Nanfang") | Mainland China | RMB262,160,334 | 56.01% | 56.01% | Retailing |

[#] Sino-foreign equity joint venture.

The post-deconsolidation results of these subsidiaries not dealt with in the financial statements of the Company in prior years were insignificant.

During the year, the following changes in the deconsolidated subsidiaries took places:

- (a) On 6 July 2001, the Group acquired Nanfang's entire 38% interest in Tiannan. Details of which are set out in note 21(iii) to the financial statements; and
- (b) On 4 September 2001, the Group also acquired a property situated in Hong Kong under a long term lease from a wholly-owned subsidiary of Nanfang at a cash consideration of HK\$850,000.

Guangdong Investment Limited

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18. Interest in a Jointly-controlled Entity

| | 2001 | 2000 |
|--------------------------------------|----------|----------|
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | |
| Share of net assets | 720,829 | 684,798 |
| Due from a jointly-controlled entity | 251,515 | 244,864 |
| | 972,344 | 929,662 |

The amount due from a jointly-controlled entity is unsecured, interest-free and has no fixed terms of repayment.

Particulars of the jointly-controlled entity, which is a corporate, are as follows:

| Company | Issued and paid-up capital/place of incorporation/operations | Percentage of attributable equity interest held by the Group | Principal activities |
|--|--|--|--|
| Guangdong Transport Investment (BVI) Company Limited ("GTI") | US\$100,000/ British Virgin Islands | 51% | Investments in highway and bridge projects |

Extracts of the audited operating results and financial position of GTI are as follows:

Operating results for the year:

| | 2001 HK\$'000 | 2000 HK\$'000 |
|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Turnover | 32,348 | 45,649 |
| Profit after tax | 70,645 | 28,411 |

18. Interest in a Jointly-controlled Entity (continued)

Financial position at the balance sheet date:

| | 2001 | 2000 |
|--------------------------|-----------|-------------|
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | |
| Non-current assets | 2,676,766 | 2,860,714 |
| Current assets | 101,074 | 204,323 |
| Current liabilities* | (763,855) | (248,923) |
| Non-current liabilities* | (600,600) | (1,473,374) |
| Net asset value | 1,413,385 | 1,342,740 |

On 22 December 2000, GTI and its bank creditors entered into a bank debt restructuring agreement, pursuant to which the repayment of GTI's bank loan was rescheduled. Accordingly, the maturity of GTI's bank loan of HK\$1,056,275,000 as at 31 December 2000 was classified according to the repayment schedule as contained in its bank debt restructuring agreement. On 29 June 2001, such bank loan has been fully refinanced by a new loan, with a lower interest rate, drawn from a bank in Mainland China.

19. Interests in Associates

| | | Group | Company | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------|----------|-----------|-----------|--|
| | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 | |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | |
| | | | | | |
| Unlisted investments, at cost | _ | _ | 3,968 | 3,968 | |
| Share of net assets | 282,186 | 210,443 | _ | _ | |
| Due from associates | 472,745 | 499,559 | 254,116 | 266,724 | |
| Due to associates | (46,821) | (9,178) | (119) | _ | |
| | 708,110 | 700,824 | 257,965 | 270,692 | |
| Provisions for impairment | (104,637) | (96,821) | (168,382) | (165,348) | |
| | 603,473 | 604,003 | 89,583 | 105,344 | |
| Add: Loan from an associate | | | | | |
| included in note 37 | 37,690 | | _ | | |
| At 31 December | 641,163 | 604,003 | 89,583 | 105,344 | |

19. Interests in Associates (continued)

As detailed in notes 3 and 21 to the financial statements, the Group has adopted the transitional provision of SSAP 30 which permits goodwill and negative goodwill in respect of acquisitions which occurred prior to 1 January 2001 to remain eliminated against consolidated reserves or credited to the capital reserve, respectively.

During the year, the Group had no goodwill or negative goodwill arising from the acquisition of associates.

Included in the amounts due from associates are unsecured loans of HK\$32,873,000 (2000: HK\$57,205,000), which bear interest at rates ranging from 8% per annum to 11.5% per annum (2000: 6% to 12% per annum). The remaining balances with associates are unsecured and interest-free. All balances have no fixed terms of repayment.

The loan due to an associate was advanced by 廣州市番禺粤海房地產有限公司 (Guangzhou Panyu Yue Hai Real Estate Limited) ("GZ Panyu") to 廣東天貿 (集團) 有限公司 (Guangdong Teem (Holdings) Limited) ("GD Teem") prior to the Group's disposal of a 55.2% interest in GZ Panyu to Yue Gang Investment. Further details of this disposal are set out in note 52(vi) to the financial statements. The loan was unsecured, bore interest at 4% per annum and was fully repaid at the date of this report.

All associates of the Group are corporations.

Particulars of the principal associates are as follows:

| Company | Place of incorporation/ registration and operations | Percenta attributable interest h | e equity | Principal activities |
|--|---|--|----------|-------------------------------------|
| | | Company | Group | |
| Essential Holdings Limited | British Virgin Islands | - | 22.9% | Investment holding |
| 廣州市番禺粵海房地產有限公司 (Guangzhou Panyu Yue Hai Real Estate Limited) | Mainland China | - | 24.8% | Property investment and development |
| Guangdong Jusco Teem Stores Co. Ltd | Mainland China | - | 21.97% | Retailing |
| Guangdong Power Investment Limited | British Virgin Islands | 49% | 49% | Investment holding |

19. Interests in Associates (continued)

| Company | Place of incorporation/ registration and operations | Percenta attributabl interest h | e equity | Principal activities |
|---|---|---------------------------------------|----------|--|
| | • | Company | Group | • |
| Hennessy International Group, Inc. | United States of America | - | 23.85% | Trading of furs, leather and other outerwear |
| New World-Guangdong Highway Investments Co., Limited | Hong Kong | - | 50% | Investment in highway projects |
| Shandong Huazhong Amber Brewery Co., Ltd. | Mainland China | - | 36% | Production, distribution and sale of beer |
| 陽江市江城天貿置業發展公司 (Yang Jiang City Jiang Cheng Teem Property Development Co., Ltd.) | Mainland China | - | 31.39% | Property investment |
| Zhongshan Investment Limited | Hong Kong | 38.4% | 38.4% | Investment holding |
| 廣東省韶關粵江發電有限責任公司 (Guangdong Shaoguan Yue Jiang Power Supply Limited) | Mainland China | - | 11.48% | Power plant operations |
| 廣州新時代快車有限公司 (New Flash Transportation Co. (Guangzhou) Limited) | Mainland China | - | 46% | Transportation services |

The above table lists the associates of the Group which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other associates would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

20. Contractual Joint Venture

| | | Group |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| | 2001 | 2000 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | |
| Unlisted investments, at cost | 271,152 | 271,152 |
| Less: Accumulated amortisation and impairment | (231,126) | (231,126) |
| | | |
| | 40,026 | 40,026 |
| Loan to a contractual joint venture | 135,345 | 135,345 |
| Amounts due from a contractual joint venture | 70,227 | 70,354 |
| | | |
| At 31 December | 245,598 | 245,725 |
| Less: Portion classified as current assets | (53,697) | (32,567) |
| Non-current portion | 191,901 | 213,158 |

This represented the Group's cost of investment of approximately HK\$271 million in 中山火力發電廠 ("Zhongshan Power Plant") which is located in Zhongshan, Mainland China. The tenure of this contractual joint venture will expire in 2003.

The loan to a contractual joint venture is secured by the pledge of certain fixed assets of the contractual joint venture to the Group as security. The loan bears interest at 14.25% per annum and is repayable by 10 equal annual instalments commencing from April 1998.

21. Goodwill and Negative Goodwill

SSAP 30 was adopted during the year, as detailed in note 2 to the financial statements. The amounts of the goodwill and negative goodwill capitalised as an asset or recognised in the consolidated balance sheet, arising from the acquisition of additional interests in subsidiaries, are as follows:

| 0 | roup | |
|----------|--|--|
| | Negative | |
| Goodwill | goodwill | |
| HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | |
| | | |
| _ | _ | |
| 1,192 | (115,568) | |
| 1,192 | (115,568) | |
| | | |
| _ | _ | |
| 119 | (10,286) | |
| 119 | (10,286) | |
| | | |
| 1,073 | (105,282) | |
| _ | _ | |
| | Goodwill HK\$'000 - 1,192 1,192 - 119 119 | |

During the year, the Group further acquired additional interests in subsidiaries as follows:

(i) In January 2001, the Company succeeded in acquiring at an auction a further 1.1% interest in GD Teem and 6.77% interest in Teem Holdings Limited (which principally holds an 85% interest in GD Teem) for a total cash consideration of HK\$31,300,000. GD Teem and its subsidiaries are primarily engaged in property investment and department store operations in Mainland China. As a result of these acquisitions, the Group increased its effective interest in GD Teem from 55.91% to 62.77% and recognised negative goodwill of HK\$95,565,000.

21. Goodwill and Negative Goodwill (continued)

- (ii) In May, June, November and December 2001, the Company, under the terms of the shareholders agreement of GH Holdings, had exercised its first right of refusal in respect of certain GH Holdings' shares which certain existing holders wished to transfer, and acquired an aggregate of 0.43% interest in GH Holdings for a total cash consideration of HK\$6,458,000. As a result of these acquisitions, the Group increased its interest in GH Holdings from 81% to 81.43% and recognised negative goodwill of HK\$20,003,000.
- (iii) In July 2001, the Group further acquired an additional 38% interest in Tiannan from its deconsolidated subsidiary, Nanfang, for a consideration of HK\$12,898,000 which was satisfied as to a cash settlement of HK\$4,711,000 with the remaining balance set off against the Group's amounts due from Nanfang. Tiannan is a 62% owned subsidiary of GD Teem and operates department store in Mainland China. As a result of this acquisition, the Group increased its effective interest in Tiannan from 38.92% to 76.92% and recognised a goodwill of HK\$1,192,000.

As further detailed in note 3 to the financial statements, the Group has adopted the transitional provision of SSAP 30 which permits goodwill and negative goodwill, in respect of acquisitions which occurred prior to 1 January 2001, to remain eliminated against consolidated reserves or credited to the capital reserve respectively.

The Group had an accounting policy to assess the goodwill eliminated against consolidated reserves for impairment, which is consistent with SSAP 31, and impairment losses for part of the Group's share of goodwill previously eliminated against consolidated reserves of HK\$358,793,000 and HK\$706,967,000, together with an amount of HK\$6,184,000 and Nil attributable to minority interests, were charged to the consolidated profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2000 and in prior years, respectively.

21. Goodwill and Negative Goodwill (continued)

The movements of the goodwill and negative goodwill remaining in consolidated reserves, arising from the acquisition of subsidiaries and associates prior to 1 January 2001, during the year were as follows:

| | | Group |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| | Goodwill | Negative |
| | eliminated | goodwill |
| | against | credited to |
| | consolidated | consolidated |
| | capital reserve | capital reserve |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| Cost: | | |
| At beginning of year | 1,322,083 | (2,033,322) |
| Disposal of subsidiaries | (62,783) | 14,419 |
| Adjustment to negative goodwill arising from | | |
| Additional Shares to be issued (Note 46(b)) | | 121,440 |
| At 31 December 2001 | 1,259,300 | (1,897,463) |
| Accumulated impairment: | | |
| At beginning of year | 1,065,760 | _ |
| Disposal of subsidiaries | (62,783) | _ |
| Provided during the year | 15,685 | |
| At 31 December 2001 | 1,018,662 | |
| Net amount: | | |
| At 31 December 2001 | 240,638 | (1,897,463) |
| At 31 December 2000 | 256,323 | (2,033,322) |

The impairment loss on goodwill of HK\$15,685,000, together with an amount of HK\$6,233,000 attributable to minority interests, was charged to the profit and loss account in the current year. The impairment loss related to the Group's acquisition of a group of companies which is engaged in manufacturing leatherware products in Mainland China which distributes them mainly in Hong Kong. Due to the continuous keen competition in the retailing market of leatherware products as a result of the unfavourable economic conditions, the impairment loss is determined by the directors by discounting the expected future cash flows arising from this group of companies at a discount rate of 5%.

22. Other Financial Assets

| | | Group | | Company |
|------------------------------------|----------|-----------|----------|----------|
| | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | | | |
| Investment securities, at cost | | | | |
| Unlisted: | | | | |
| Outside Hong Kong | 146,952 | 174,897 | _ | 52,960 |
| Less: Impairment | (99,357) | (109,739) | _ | (4,613) |
| | 47,595 | 65,158 | - | 48,347 |
| Other investments, at fair value | | | | |
| Listed: | | | | |
| Hong Kong | 247 | 7,546 | _ | 7,442 |
| Unlisted: | | | | |
| Outside Hong Kong | 19,988 | 27,544 | 17,338 | 22,595 |
| Total other financial assets | | | | |
| at 31 December | 67,830 | 100,248 | 17,338 | 78,384 |
| Less: Other investments classified | | | | |
| as current assets, at fair value | (17,585) | (30,160) | (17,338) | (30,037) |
| Non-current portion | 50,245 | 70,088 | - | 48,347 |
| | | | | |
| Market value of Hong Kong | 0:- | 7.546 | | 7.4.0 |
| listed investment, at 31 December | 247 | 7,546 | _ | 7,442 |

Included in the unlisted investment securities at 31 December 2001 was a 24.5% interest in Pak Kong Transco Limited, a company established in Mainland China with an investment in the Pak Kong Bridges in Qingyuan, Mainland China, of HK\$31,107,000. In the opinion of the directors, the Group does not exercise significant influence over the financial and operating policies of Pak Kong Transco Limited and accordingly, this investment has not been equity accounted for as an associate.

During the year, an investment security of HK\$11,314,000 at cost, together with an accumulated impairment loss of HK\$11,314,000 made against this investment, was disposed of as a result of disposal of a subsidiary.

23. Intangible Assets

Group

| | Operating | | |
|--|------------|------------|------------|
| | right | Trademarks | Total |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| Cost: | | | |
| At beginning of year and at 31 December 2001 | 14,798,611 | 40,000 | 14,838,611 |
| Accumulated amortisation and impairment: | | | |
| At beginning of year | 182,992 | 33,000 | 215,992 |
| Amortisation during the year | 494,096 | 1,400 | 495,496 |
| Impairment recognised in the profit and loss account | | | |
| during the year | | 4,100 | 4,100 |
| At 31 December 2001 | 677,088 | 38,500 | 715,588 |
| Net book value: | | | |
| At 31 December 2001 | 14,121,523 | 1,500 | 14,123,023 |
| At 31 December 2000 | 14,615,619 | 7,000 | 14,622,619 |

Prior to the Acquisition, 廣東粤港供水有限公司 (Guangdong Yue Gang Water Supply Company Limited, "WaterCo"), an approximately 80.62% owned subsidiary of the Company as at 31 December 2001, acquired the operating right from Yue Gang Investment to operate a water supply business, which supplies natural water to Hong Kong and, Shenzhen and Dongguan in Mainland China, for a period of 30 years commencing from 18 August 2000. The operating right also grants WaterCo a right and licence to take up to 2.423 billion cubic metres of natural water annually from the Dongjiang River at Qiaotou Township in Dongguan, the exclusive right to supply natural water to Hong Kong and the non-exclusive right to supply natural water to Shenzhen and Dongguan for a period of 30 years commencing from 18 August 2000.

24. Other Long Term Assets

| | | Group | | Company |
|---|-----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | | | |
| Prepaid rental (Note a) | 291,665 | 402,855 | _ | _ |
| Prepayment for land use rights (Note b) | 452,773 | 452,773 | _ | _ |
| Prepaid construction costs (Note c) | 775,248 | _ | _ | _ |
| Reusable packaging materials | 5,975 | 12,025 | _ | _ |
| Other deferred expenses | 13,313 | 28,883 | 2,584 | 11,267 |
| | 1,538,974 | 896,536 | 2,584 | 11,267 |

Notes:

(a) Prior to the establishment of WaterCo on 18 August 2000, all fixed assets used for the existing exposed water supply channels and canals were owned by Yue Gang Investment. Following the completion of a "Phase IV Renovation Project", part of the existing fixed assets, including land, which are being used for the existing exposed water supply channels and canals will be replaced by the closed water system. Accordingly, the relevant fixed assets and the land which would not be used after the completion of the closed water supply system, are leased by WaterCo instead of being acquired from Yue Gang Investment.

The amount at the balance sheet date represented unamortised prepaid rental for leasing these fixed assets, including land used for the existing exposed water supply channels and canals from Yue Gang Investment for the period from 18 August 2000 to the completion date of the Phase IV Renovation Project. During the year, an amortisation of the prepaid rental of HK\$111,190,000 was charged to the profit and loss account.

- (b) The amount represented a prepayment for the right to use the land for the Phase IV Renovation Project for a period of 30 years commencing from 18 August 2000. The Phase IV Renovation Project will transform most of the existing exposed water supply channels and canals into an enclosed and protected water supply system in order to prevent contamination of water as it flows through the water supply system. The renovation work commenced in August 2000 and is expected to be completed by mid-2004.
- (c) Pursuant to a Concession Agreement dated 18 August 2000 entered into between WaterCo and the Guangdong Provincial Government, WaterCo agreed to appoint Guangdong Province Water Supply Project Administration General Bureau (the "Project Bureau") to be in charge of the organisation and implementation of the engineering, procurement and construction of the Phase IV Renovation Project according to an Engineering, Procurement and Construction Contract (the "EPC Contract") entered into with the Project Bureau on 15 December 2000. The projected total construction cost, including borrowing costs incurred for the Phase IV Renovation Project, is RMB4.7 billion.

At the balance sheet date, such borrowing costs included in the prepaid construction cost amounted to HK\$11,768,000.

25. Loan Receivables

| | Group | | |
|--|----------|----------|--|
| | 2001 | 2000 | |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | |
| | | | |
| Secured | 1,424 | 2,858 | |
| Unsecured | _ | 36,966 | |
| At 31 December | 1,424 | 39,824 | |
| | | | |
| Repayable: | | | |
| Within twelve months from the balance sheet date | 312 | 8,567 | |
| Beyond twelve months from the balance sheet date | 1,112 | 31,257 | |
| | 1,424 | 39,824 | |

26. Inventories

| | | Group |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|
| | 2001 | 2000 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| Raw materials | 230,420 | 205,844 |
| Work in progress | 56,892 | 95,005 |
| Finished goods | 202,915 | 183,153 |
| Properties held for sale | 25,146 | 281,123 |
| At 31 December | 515,373 | 765,125 |

At 31 December 2001, the carrying amount of inventories carried at net realisable value was HK\$67,728,000 (2000: HK\$205,110,000).

27. Construction/Installation Contracts Receivable

| | | Group |
|---|----------|----------|
| | 2001 | 2000 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| Gross amount due from contract customers | - | 5,045 |
| Contract costs incurred plus recognised profits less recognised | | |
| losses to date | _ | 100,569 |
| Less: Progress billings | _ | (95,524) |
| | - | 5,045 |

At 31 December 2000, retentions held by customers for contract works included in trade receivables amounted to approximately HK\$9,847,000.

The balance on 3 March 2001 was transferred out as a result of the Company's disposal of GD Building, further details of which are set out in note 6(a) to the financial statements.

28. Trade Receivables

The Group's trading terms with its customers are mainly on credit, except for new customers, where payment in advance is normally required. Invoices are normally payable ranging from 30 days to 180 days of issue. Credit limits are set for customers. The Group seeks to maintain tight control over its outstanding receivables in order to minimise credit risk. Overdue balances are regularly reviewed by senior management.

As at 31 December 2001, an aged analysis of the Group's trade receivables based on payment due date is as follows:

| | | Group |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| | 2001 | 2000 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | |
| Within 3 months | 540,609 | 734,048 |
| More than 3 months and less than 6 months | 6,496 | 68,043 |
| More than 6 months and less than 1 year | 16,432 | 72,078 |
| More than 1 year | 283,228 | 662,335 |
| | 846,765 | 1,536,504 |
| Less: Provisions for doubtful debts | (305,205) | (733,098) |
| | 541,560 | 803,406 |

29. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Pledged Bank Deposits

| | | Group | | Company |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|----------|----------|
| | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| Cash and bank balances | 1,258,150 | 1,523,609 | 123,263 | 208,533 |
| | 346,597 | 568,062 | 25,839 | 293,306 |
| Time deposits | 340,597 | | | |
| | 1,604,747 | 2,091,671 | 149,102 | 501,839 |
| | | | | |
| Less: Pledged time deposits for | | | | |
| trade facilities | (19,873) | (66,264) | - | (8) |
| Pledged time deposits for bank loan | | | | |
| repayable within one year from | | | | |
| the balance sheet date | (42,401) | _ | _ | _ |
| Pledged bank balances for securing | | | | |
| mortgage loans of certain | | | | |
| purchasers of the Group's | | | | |
| properties held for sale | (4,031) | | _ | |
| | (66,305) | (66,264) | _ | (8) |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | | | |
| as at 31 December | 1,538,442 | 2,025,407 | 149,102 | 501,831 |

As at 31 December 2001, the Company and certain of its subsidiaries held cash and bank balances of HK\$309 million (2000: HK\$741 million) which were subject to certain arrangements as set out in their respective debt restructuring documents. Pursuant to their respective debt restructuring documents, the Company and these subsidiaries are required to reserve cash and bank balances, from time to time, up to a maximum of HK\$365 million in total which is applied to be used as working capital for their operations.

In addition to the above-mentioned HK\$365 million, a subsidiary of the Company is also required to reserve certain cash and bank balances for, amongst other things, payment of interest, repayment of debts and distribution to shareholders of that subsidiary pursuant to an agreement dated 22 December 2000 entered into between the subsidiary and other parties. As at 31 December 2001, cash retained for such purpose amounted to HK\$130,766,000.

30. Due from a Related Company

Particulars of an amount due from a related company of the Company disclosed pursuant to Section 161B of the Companies Ordinance are as follows:

| | | Maximum | | |
|---|-------------|-----------------|-----------|--|
| | amount | | | |
| | 31 December | outstanding | 1 January | |
| Name | 2001 | during the year | 2001 | |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | |
| Eken Development Limited, owned by Tang Zhen* | 1,601 | 1,713 | 1,713 | |

^{*} Senior executive of the Company

The balance is secured by a leasehold property, bears interest at 2% below Hong Kong prime rate per annum and is repayable monthly over a maximum period of 11 years from the balance sheet date.

The advance, which was made to facilitate the senior executive's purchase of a residential premise as his main residence, was made in accordance with the Company's employee home purchase scheme.

31. Due from Minority Shareholders of Subsidiaries

The amounts due from minority shareholders of subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment.

32. Due from/to Fellow Subsidiaries

As at 31 December 2001, included in the amounts due from fellow subsidiaries is an unsecured loan due from GD Finance (as defined in note 52(iv)) of HK\$67,965,000 (2000: HK\$119,300,000), with a provision of HK\$48,156,000 (2000: HK\$56,156,000), which bore interest at rates ranging from London Inter Bank Offer Rate ("LIBOR") plus 1.8% per annum to Hong Kong Inter Bank Offer Rate ("HIBOR") plus 1.8% per annum and is repayable in accordance with the terms set out in the bank debt restructuring agreement of that fellow subsidiary. The remaining amounts due from fellow subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment.

The amount due to a fellow subsidiary as at 31 December 2000 was unsecured, interest-free and was transferred out as a result of the Company's disposal of GD Building.

Group

31 December 2001

33. Due from/to Immediate Holding Company

The amount due from immediate holding company, GDH Limited, is unsecured, interest-free and has no fixed terms of repayment.

The amounts due to immediate holding company are analysed as follows:

| | Group | |
|--|----------|----------|
| | 2001 | 2000 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| Non interest-bearing portion | 64,069 | _ |
| Interest-bearing portion (included in Note 37) | 113,241 | |
| | 177,310 | _ |

The non interest-bearing portion of amounts due to immediate holding company is unsecured, interest-free and has no fixed terms of repayment.

The interest-bearing portion of the amounts due to immediate holding company are unsecured and bear interest at 4% per annum up to September 2002 and, thereafter, the applicable interest rate will be the average of bank lending rate and deposit rate in Mainland China. The maturities of these unsecured loans are as follows:

| | Group | |
|---|----------|----------|
| | 2001 | 2000 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | |
| Within one year | 25,610 | _ |
| In the second year | 25,208 | _ |
| In the third to fifth years, inclusive | 46,813 | _ |
| Over five years | 15,610 | _ |
| | 113,241 | _ |
| Less: Portion classified as current liabilities | (25,610) | |
| Non-current portion | 87,631 | _ |

34. Due to Minority Shareholders of Subsidiaries

The amounts due to minority shareholders of subsidiaries at the balance sheet date are unsecured and are analysed as follows:

| | Group | |
|--|----------|-----------|
| | 2001 | 2000 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| Interest-bearing borrowings (included in Note 37): | | |
| Current portion | _ | 3,078 |
| Non-current portion | 42,448 | 112,604 |
| | 42,448 | 115,682 |
| Non interest-bearing borrowings: | | |
| Current portion | 323,684 | * 265,122 |
| Non-current portion | 265,044 | 263,721 |
| | 588,728 | 528,843 |
| | 631,176 | 644,525 |

^{*} The balance included an amount of HK\$116,956,000 which was classified under accruals and other liabilities. To accord with the presentation adopted in the current year, which in the opinion of the directors, better reflects the underlying nature of the balance, the amount has been reclassified to amounts due to minority shareholders of subsidiaries.

The maturities of the amounts due to minority shareholders of subsidiaries as at the balance sheet date are as follows:

| | Group | |
|--|----------|----------|
| | 2001 | 2000 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | |
| Within one year or no fixed terms of repayment | 323,684 | 268,200 |
| In the second year | 184,729 | 192,437 |
| In the third to fifth years, inclusive | 108,378 | 170,038 |
| Thereafter | 14,385 | 13,850 |
| | 631,176 | 644,525 |

The interest-bearing portion of amounts due to minority shareholders of subsidiaries are unsecured and bear interest at 2% above LIBOR per annum.

35. Trade Payables

As at 31 December, an aged analysis of the Group's trade payables based on payment due date is as follows:

| | Group | |
|---|----------|----------|
| | 2001 | 2000 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | |
| Within 3 months | 225,692 | 260,437 |
| More than 3 months and less than 6 months | 6,178 | 8,605 |
| More than 6 months and less than 1 year | 1,648 | 16,393 |
| More than 1 year | 53,771 | 202,109 |
| | 287,289 | 487,544 |

36. Finance Lease Payables

As 31 December 2000, the future minimum lease payments under finance leases was HK\$447,000 and their present values were HK\$179,000. During the year, the lease payables were fully settled in accordance with the leasing agreements.

37. Bank and Other Interest-bearing Borrowings

Group

| | | | 2001 | | 2000 | | |
|-------------------------------|-------|-------------|-------------|------------|-------------|-------------|------------|
| | | Current | Non-current | | Current | Non-current | |
| N | lotes | liabilities | liabilities | Total | liabilities | liabilities | Total |
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Bank loans and overdrafts | 38 | 540,812 | 3,058,193 | 3,599,005 | 838,041 | 3,297,949 | 4,135,990 |
| Bonds | 39 | - | 650,179 | 650,179 | 74,162 | 1,239,744 | 1,313,906 |
| Floating rate notes | 40 | - | 382,349 | 382,349 | 46,609 | 780,117 | 826,726 |
| Notes Payable and | | | | | | | |
| GH Holdings Debts | 41 | - | 13,786,870 | 13,786,870 | 147,068 | 14,045,422 | 14,192,490 |
| Transferable loan instruments | 42 | - | 413,140 | 413,140 | _ | - | _ |
| Due to immediate | | | | | | | |
| holding company | 33 | 25,610 | 87,631 | 113,241 | _ | _ | _ |
| Due to minority shareholders | | | | | | | |
| of subsidiaries | 34 | - | 42,448 | 42,448 | 3,078 | 112,604 | 115,682 |
| Due to an associate | 19 | 37,690 | _ | 37,690 | _ | _ | _ |
| At 31 December | | 604,112 | 18,420,810 | 19,024,922 | 1,108,958 | 19,475,836 | 20,584,794 |

Company

| | | | 2001 | | 2000 | | |
|-------------------------------|------|-------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|-----------|
| | | Current | Non-current | | Current | Non-current | |
| N | otes | liabilities | liabilities | Total | liabilities | liabilities | Total |
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Bank loans and overdrafts | 38 | 2,356 | 1,070,956 | 1,073,312 | 82,187 | 1,375,773 | 1,457,960 |
| Bonds | 39 | _ | _ | _ | 11,873 | 197,188 | 209,061 |
| Floating rate notes | 40 | _ | 382,349 | 382,349 | 46,609 | 780,117 | 826,726 |
| Notes Payable | 41 | _ | 144,063 | 144,063 | 10,848 | 181,642 | 192,490 |
| Transferable loan instruments | 42 | _ | 413,140 | 413,140 | - | - | _ |
| At 31 December | | 2,356 | 2,010,508 | 2,012,864 | 151,517 | 2,534,720 | 2,686,237 |

38. Bank Loans and Overdrafts

| | | Group | Company | | |
|----------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--|
| | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 | |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | |
| | | | | | |
| Bank loans and overdrafts: | | | | | |
| Secured | 2,273,331 | 1,451,857 | 213,036 | 284,667 | |
| Unsecured | 1,325,674 | 2,684,133 | 860,276 | 1,173,293 | |
| At 31 December | 3,599,005 | 4,135,990 | 1,073,312 | 1,457,960 | |

The maturities of the above amounts are as follows:

| | | Group | | Company | | |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--|--|
| | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 | | |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Within one year or on demand | 540,812 | 838,041 | 2,356 | 82,187 | | |
| In the second year | 697,691 | 620,854 | 228,971 | 206,624 | | |
| In the third to fifth years, inclusive | 1,883,493 | 2,677,095 | 841,985 | 1,169,149 | | |
| Over five years | 477,009 | _ | - | _ | | |
| | 3,599,005 | 4,135,990 | 1,073,312 | 1,457,960 | | |
| Less: Portion classified as current liabilities | (540,812) | (838,041) | (2,356) | (82,187) | | |
| Non-current portion | 3,058,193 | 3,297,949 | 1,070,956 | 1,375,773 | | |

On 22 December 2000, the Group entered into a series of bank debt restructuring agreements (the "Bank Debt Restructuring Agreements") with its bank creditors. The Bank Debt Restructuring Agreements will operate by way of a formal standstill; but override provisions will permit creditors to terminate the previous restructuring schemes and may revert to the terms of the respective loan agreements upon the occurrence of events of defaults. Pursuant to the Bank Debt Restructuring Agreements, inter alia, the Group is required to repay no less than 45% of its bank debts under the Bank Debt Restructuring Agreements as at 22 December 2000 within approximately five years commencing from that date in accordance with the repayment schedules contained in the Bank Debt Restructuring Agreements, with the remaining balance being repaid/refinanced no later than 30 September 2005.

Accordingly, the maturities of the above bank borrowings have been classified according to the repayment schedules and terms contained in the Bank Debt Restructuring Agreements.

38. Bank Loans and Overdrafts (continued)

Moreover, the Group's bank debts with terms governed by the Bank Debt Restructuring Agreements are transferable under a trading mechanism contained in these Bank Debt Restructuring Agreements. Included in the above bank loans and overdrafts were bank debts amounting to HK\$40,429,000 which was held by immediate holding company, GDH Limited, as a result of its acquisition of certain of the Group's bank debts through such trading mechanism.

39. Bonds

| | | | Group | | Company | | |
|---|-------|----------|-----------|----------|----------|--|--|
| | Notes | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 | | |
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | | |
| Convertible Bonds due 2005 Guaranteed Floating Rate | (a) | - | 209,061 | - | 209,061 | | |
| Bonds due 2005 | (b) | 650,179 | 1,104,845 | _ | | | |
| At 31 December | | 650,179 | 1,313,906 | _ | 209,061 | | |

The maturities of the above amounts are as follows:

| | | Group | Company | | |
|---|----------|-----------|----------|----------|--|
| | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 | |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | |
| | | | | | |
| Within one year | _ | 74,162 | _ | 11,873 | |
| In the second year | 139,008 | 187,589 | _ | 30,031 | |
| In the third to fifth years, inclusive | 511,171 | 1,052,155 | _ | 167,157 | |
| | 650,179 | 1,313,906 | _ | 209,061 | |
| Less: Portion classified as current liabilities | _ | (74,162) | _ | (11,873) | |
| Non-current portion | 650,179 | 1,239,744 | - | 197,188 | |

In accordance with a circular dated 16 November 2000 (the "Bond Circular") dispatched to the bond holders and an amendment and restatement agreement dated 22 December 2000 (the "Amendment Agreement"), the bond holders approved the respective restructuring of the terms of the Group's convertible bonds.

Pursuant to the Bond Circular and the Amendment Agreement, the redemption of the above bonds was rescheduled. Accordingly, the maturities of the above bonds have been classified according to the redemption schedule as contained in the Bond Circular and the Amendment Agreement.

39. Bonds (continued)

a. Convertible Bonds due 2005

On 15 December 1998, the Company issued in favour of Alexandra Global Investment Fund I, Ltd. (the "Investor") a convertible bond in the principal amount of US\$27,000,000 (the "2001 CB") pursuant to a subscription agreement dated 23 November 1998 made between the Company, Alexandra Capital Group, Ltd. and the Investor. The 2001 CB would otherwise have fallen due on 15 December 2001. The proceeds from the issue of the 2001 CB were approximately US\$26.7 million (before expenses), which was approximately US\$0.3 million less than the principal amount of the 2001 CB, resulting in a 1% premium upon redemption of the 2001 CB.

The 2001 CB carried interest at the flat rate of 5.5% per annum by reference to the Hong Kong dollar equivalent of the outstanding principal amount of the 2001 CB translated at the fixed exchange rate of HK\$7.743 to US\$1 (the "Fixed Exchange Rate"). Interest on the 2001 CB was payable semi-annually in arrears.

The 2001 CB carried a right to be converted into ordinary shares of HK\$0.50 each of the Company (the "Ordinary Shares") at the initial conversion price, which was an amount equal to the lower of HK\$2.00 per Ordinary Share (the "Fixed Conversion Price") and 75% of the average closing price for the five consecutive dealing days of the Ordinary Shares ending on the dealing day preceding the date of conversion (the "Floating Conversion Price"), subject to a minimum conversion price of HK\$1.6125 per Ordinary Share (the "Minimum Conversion Price"). The Fixed Conversion Price and the Minimum Conversion Price were subject to adjustment in accordance with the terms and conditions of the 2001 CB. Unless previously converted or redeemed by the registered holder(s) of the 2001 CB in accordance with its terms and conditions, the 2001 CB was redeemable on the due date at HK\$209,061,000 (that is, its principal amount translated at the Fixed Exchange Rate), together with accrued interest. The 2001 CB was not listed on any stock exchange.

As part of the comprehensive restructuring of the Group, the obligations of the Company under the 2001 CB have been amended and restructured pursuant to the Amendment Agreement (the "2005 CBs") which came into effect on 22 December 2000. The key aspects of the restructuring of the 2001 CB, pursuant to the Amendment Agreement, involved a waiver of the then existing technical defaults; an extension of the maturity date to 30 June 2005, or in the event of any further extension, a date falling no later than 30 September 2005 together with amendments of certain terms and conditions of the 2001 CB whereby, inter alia, the rights to convert the 2005 CBs into the Ordinary Shares were modified and the 2005 CBs were to be repaid by way of a fixed mandatory partial redemption and additional and/or accelerated mandatory partial redemptions.

39. Bonds (continued)

a. Convertible Bonds due 2005 (continued)

Each 2005 CBs has nominal value of US\$250,000 and carries a right to be converted in whole into Ordinary Shares within six months from 22 December 2000 (the "First Period"), at a conversion price of HK\$1.20 per Ordinary Share (the "Amended Fixed Conversion Price"), subject to adjustments in accordance with the terms and conditions of the 2005 CBs. Thereafter, the conversion right may be exercised within a period of 18 months from the end of the First Period (or, if at any time during the First Period, there shall be a 20 consecutive dealing day period where the share price of the Ordinary Shares (as determined in accordance with the terms of the 2005 CBs) for each of the 20 consecutive days exceeds HK\$1.20, the conversion right may only be exercised within the period of 15 months from the end of the First Period) at a conversion price of the lower of the Amended Fixed Conversion Price and 91% of the average closing price for the five consecutive dealing days of the Ordinary Shares ending on the dealing day preceding the date of conversion (the "Amended Floating Conversion Price"), subject to a minimum conversion price of HK\$0.80 per Ordinary Share (the "Amended Minimum Conversion Price"). The Fixed Exchange Rate has also been adjusted to HK\$7.8 to US\$1 (the "Amended Fixed Exchange Rate").

The Amended Fixed Conversion Price, the Amended Floating Conversion Price and the Amended Minimum Conversion Price are subject to adjustments in accordance with the terms and conditions of the 2005 CBs.

The 2005 CBs bear interest, effective from 22 December 2000, at LIBOR plus a margin of 2.375% per annum until such time as an aggregate principal amount of HK\$1,017.5 million in direct debt payments as defined in the Company's Bank Debt Restructuring Agreement (the "Direct Debt Payments") have been made, thereafter an applicable margin of 2% per annum will be applied. Where the maturity date is extended from 30 June 2005 to 30 September 2005, the applicable margin will revert to 2.375% per annum for the extended period as aforesaid. The first interest payment on the 2005 CBs was on 15 June 2001 and thereafter interest is payable quarterly in arrears.

Upon the execution of the Amendment Agreement, the Investor granted to GDH Limited a call option to purchase the 2005 CBs from the Investor ("Call Option"). The Call Option was exercisable for a period of 3 months commencing from 22 March 2001. The exercise price would be 106% of the principal amount outstanding of the 2005 CBs together with accrued interest.

On 13 June 2001, GDH Limited exercised the Call Option and the purchase of the 2005 CBs was completed on 3 July 2001. Upon full exercise of the conversion right attached to the 2005 CBs by GDH Limited, the Company allotted 263,250,000 Ordinary Shares at the conversion price of HK\$0.80 per Ordinary Share to GDH Limited on 30 November 2001.

39. Bonds (continued)

b. Guaranteed Floating Rate Bonds due 2005

On 7 July 1997, Guangdong Investment Finance (Cayman) Limited ("GIFL"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, issued US\$130,000,000 1% guaranteed convertible bonds due 2002 (the "2002 Bonds") which would otherwise have fallen due for repayment on 7 July 2002. The 2002 Bonds were listed on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange. The issue price of the 2002 Bonds was 100% of their principal amount (the "Principal") and the 2002 Bonds carried interest at the rate of 1% per annum payable annually in arrears. The 2002 Bonds carried a right to be converted into fully-paid Ordinary Shares at an initial conversion price of HK\$13.75 per Ordinary Share subject to adjustment in accordance with terms and conditions in the 2002 Bonds. Unless previously redeemed, converted or purchased and cancelled, the 2002 Bonds were redeemable on the due date at 138.748% of the Principal together with accrued interest.

As part of the comprehensive restructuring of the Group, the obligations of GIFL and the Company under the 2002 Bonds were restructured. On 16 November 2000, the directors announced the definitive terms of the proposal to amend the 2002 Bonds as the guaranteed floating rate bonds due 2005 (the "2005 Guaranteed Bonds"), which subsequently was approved at the meeting of the holders of the 2002 Bonds on 13 December 2000 and became effective on 22 December 2000.

The key aspects of the restructuring of the 2002 Bonds, pursuant to the Bond Circular, involved a waiver of the then technical defaults; an extension of the maturity date either to 30 June 2005, or in the event of any further extension, a date falling no later than 30 September 2005; amendments of certain terms and conditions of the 2002 Bonds whereby, inter alia, the rights to convert the 2002 Bonds into the Ordinary Shares were removed and the 2005 Guaranteed Bonds are repaid by way of fixed mandatory partial redemption and additional and/or accelerated mandatory partial redemptions. The 2005 Guaranteed Bonds are guaranteed by the Company and the listing status of 2005 Guaranteed Bonds on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange is maintained.

The aggregate principal amount outstanding of the 2005 Guaranteed Bonds as at 31 December 2000 was estimated to be US\$141,659,541 (being the aggregate of the Principals and the premium on early redemption of the 2002 Bonds calculated up to 21 December 2000) and it was estimated to be US\$1,268.01 per the 2005 Guaranteed Bonds in the notional principal amount of US\$1,000.

The 2005 Guaranteed Bonds bear interest, effective from 22 December 2000, at LIBOR plus a margin of 2.375% per annum until such time as an aggregate principal amount of HK\$1,017.5 million Direct Debt Payments have been made, thereafter an applicable margin of 2% per annum will be applied. Where the maturity date is extended from 30 June 2005 to 30 September 2005, the applicable margin will revert to 2.375% per annum for the extended period as aforesaid. The first interest payment on the 2005 Guaranteed Bonds was on 9 July 2001 and thereafter interest is payable quarterly in arrears.

Group and Company

31 December 2001

39. Bonds (continued)

b. Guaranteed Floating Rate Bonds due 2005 (continued)

On 19 April 2001, the Company announced an exchange offer whereby the holders of 2005 Guaranteed Bonds were invited to tender the 2005 Guaranteed Bonds during an offer period from 19 April 2001 to 5 June 2001 to be exchanged into transferable loan instruments ("TLIs").

On 9 July 2001, HK\$219,745,000 of the 2005 Guaranteed Bonds were exchanged into TLIs and the corresponding 2005 Guaranteed Bonds were cancelled. Further details of the terms of the TLIs are set out in note 42 to the financial statements.

40. Floating Rate Notes

| | 2001 | 2000 |
|---|----------|----------|
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | |
| Amended 2000 FRNs | 35,024 | 46,796 |
| Amended 2001 FRNs | 347,325 | 779,930 |
| At 31 December | 382,349 | 826,726 |
| The maturities of the above amounts are as follows: | | |
| | | |
| | 2001 | 2000 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | |
| Within one year | _ | 46,609 |
| In the second year | 81,746 | 117,895 |
| In the third to fifth years, inclusive | 300,603 | 662,222 |
| | 382,349 | 826,726 |
| | | |
| Less: Portion classified as current liabilities | _ | (46,609) |
| Non-current portion | 382,349 | 780,117 |
| | | |

In accordance with the proposals contained in the circulars dated 21 November 2000 dispatched to the respective floating rate notes holders (the "FRNs Circulars"), the restructuring terms of the Group's floating rate notes were approved. Accordingly, the maturities of the above floating rate notes have been classified according to the approved redemption schedule contained in the respective FRNs Circulars.

40. Floating Rate Notes (continued)

On 20 September 1995, the Company issued US\$50,000,000 floating rate notes due in September 2000 (the "2000 FRNs"). The 2000 FRNs were issued in bearer form and in denominations of US\$250,000 each. Interest on the 2000 FRNs was payable semi-annually in arrears and at a rate of LIBOR plus 1.3% per annum. Unless previously redeemed or purchased and cancelled by the Company, the outstanding 2000 FRNs were to have matured in September 2000.

On 15 November 1996, the Company issued US\$100,000,000 floating rate notes due in November 2001 (the "2001 FRNs"). The 2001 FRNs were listed on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange. The 2001 FRNs were issued in bearer form and in denominations of US\$250,000 each. Interest on the 2001 FRNs was payable semi-annually in arrears and at a rate of LIBOR plus 1.4% per annum. Unless previously redeemed or purchased and cancelled by the Company, the outstanding 2001 FRNs would mature in November 2001.

On 22 December 2000, the terms and conditions of the 2000 FRNs and 2001 FRNs were restructured as the US\$50,000,000 floating rate notes due 2005 (the "Amended 2000 FRNs") and the US\$100,000,000 floating rate notes due 2005 (the "Amended 2001 FRNs"), respectively, pursuant to extraordinary resolutions passed by the 2000 FRNs holders and the 2001 FRNs holders on 13 December 2000.

The Amended 2000 FRNs and Amended 2001 FRNs holders ceased to have the right to call for early redemption of all or any part of the Amended 2000 FRNs and Amended 2001 FRNs. The Amended 2001 FRNs maintain listing status on the Luxembourg Exchange.

The key aspects of the restructuring of Amended 2000 FRNs and Amended 2001 FRNs (collectively referred to as the "Amended FRNs"), pursuant to the FRNs Circulars, involved a waiver of the then technical defaults; an extension of the maturity date either to 30 June 2005 or, in the event of any further extension, to a date falling no later than 30 September 2005; together with amendments of certain terms and conditions of the Amended FRNs whereby, inter alia, the Amended FRNs are repaid by way of a fixed mandatory, partial redemption and an additional and/or accelerated mandatory partial redemption.

The Amended FRNs bear interest, effective from 22 December 2000, at LIBOR plus a margin of 2.375% per annum until such time as an aggregate principal amount of HK\$1,017.5 million Direct Debt Payments have been made, thereafter an applicable margin of 2% per annum will be applied. Where the maturity date is extended from 30 June 2005 to 30 September 2005, the applicable margin shall revert to 2.375% per annum for the extended period as aforesaid. The first interest payments on the Amended 2000 FRNs and Amended 2001 FRNs were on 26 March 2001 and 15 May 2001, respectively, and thereafter interest is payable quarterly in arrears.

As at 31 December 2001, the principal amount outstanding of the Amended 2000 FRNs and Amended 2001 FRNs as at 31 December 2001 was US\$4,490,000 (2000: US\$6,000,000) and US\$44,529,000 (2000: US\$100,000,000), respectively. The Amended 2000 FRNs and Amended 2001 FRNs are in denominations of US\$250,000 each.

40. Floating Rate Notes (continued)

On 19 April 2001, the Company announced an exchange offer whereby holders of the Amended 2000 FRNs and the Amended 2001 FRNs are invited to tender their respective Amended 2000 FRNs and Amended 2001 FRNs during the offer period from 19 April 2001 to 5 June 2001 to be exchanged into TLIs.

On 29 June 2001, HK\$293,925,000 of the Amended 2001 FRNs were exchanged into TLIs and the corresponding Amended 2001 FRNs were cancelled. Further details of the terms of the TLIs are set out in note 42 to the financial statements.

41. Notes Payable and GH Holdings Debts

Group

| · | | | 2001 | | 2000 | | |
|-------------------------|-------|-------------|-------------|------------|-------------|-------------|------------|
| | | Current | Non-current | | Current | Non-current | |
| | Notes | liabilities | liabilities | Total | liabilities | liabilities | Total |
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Notes Payable | (a) | - | 144,063 | 144,063 | 10,848 | 181,642 | 192,490 |
| GH Holdings Debts | (b) | | 13,642,807 | 13,642,807 | 136,220 | 13,863,780 | 14,000,000 |
| At 31 December | | - | 13,786,870 | 13,786,870 | 147,068 | 14,045,422 | 14,192,490 |
| Company | | | | | | | |
| Notes Payable at 31 Dec | ember | - | 144,063 | 144,063 | 10,848 | 181,642 | 192,490 |

(a) The Notes Payable

The Notes Payable were issued by the Company to replace certain bank loans of certain subsidiaries guaranteed by the Company. The Notes Payable bear interest at LIBOR plus a margin of 2.375% per annum until such time as an aggregate principal amount of HK\$1,017.5 million of Direct Debt Payments have been made. Thereafter, an applicable margin of 2% per annum will be applied. Where the maturity date is extended from 30 June 2005 to 30 September 2005, the applicable margin shall revert to 2.375% per annum for the extended period.

41. Notes Payable and GH Holdings Debts (continued)

(a) The Notes Payable (continued)

The maturities of the Notes Payable as at 31 December 2001 were as follows:

| | Group and Company | | |
|---|-------------------|----------|--|
| | 2001 | 2000 | |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | |
| Within one year | _ | 10,848 | |
| In the second year | 30,801 | 27,447 | |
| In the third to fifth years, inclusive | 113,262 | 154,195 | |
| | 144,063 | 192,490 | |
| Less: Portion classified as current liabilities | _ | (10,848) | |
| Non-current portion | 144,063 | 181,642 | |

(b) The GH Holdings Debts were issued by GH Holdings and consist of three pari passu tranches: Tranche A Credit, Tranche B Credit and Tranche C Notes.

(i) The Tranche A Credit

The Tranche A Credit is Hong Kong dollar-denominated with a principal amount of HK\$5,448,300,000. The amount bears interest at 8% per annum and is repayable by ten consecutive annual instalments within 10 years. The first repayment was made in December 2001.

(ii) The Tranche B Credit

The Tranche B Credit is Hong Kong dollar-denominated with a principal amount of HK\$5,448,300,000. The amount bears interest at 8% per annum and is repayable in full in 2010.

(iii) The Tranche C Notes

The Tranche C Notes are United States dollar ("US\$") denominated, being translated at an exchange rate of HK\$7.7585 to US\$1, with an equivalent principal amount of HK\$3,103,400,000 in total. Such US dollar debts bear interest at 7% per annum and are repayable in full in 2008. The Tranche C Notes were issued in note form under a trust deed.

41. Notes Payable and GH Holdings Debts (continued)

- (b) The GH Holdings Debts were issued by GH Holdings and consist of three pari passu tranches:

 Tranche A Credit, Tranche B Credit and Tranche C Notes. (continued)
 - (iii) The Tranche C Notes (continued)

On 20 December 2000, GH Holdings entered into certain currency and interest rate swap transactions ("Swap Agreement") to effectively convert its US dollar obligations under the Tranche C Notes, including both principal and interest, into Hong Kong dollar debts with an interest rate of 8% per annum and at a contracted exchange rate of HK\$7.80 to US\$1.

At 31 December 2001, the carrying amount of the Tranche C Notes was converted into Hong Kong dollars using the exchange rate of HK\$7.80 to US\$1, less any unamortised swap costs, which amounted to HK\$14,328,000 as at the balance sheet date, in respect of the Swap Agreement. The swap costs are amortised on a straight line basis over the period from the trade date to the termination date of the Swap Agreement. During the year, HK\$2,272,000 was amortised and included as part of the finance costs in the consolidated profit and loss account.

The GH Holdings Debts are guaranteed by WaterCo on a subordinated basis and secured by pledging the water revenue of WaterCo under a "Hong Kong Water Supply Agreement" entered into between the Guangdong Provincial Government and the Hong Kong Government, which has been assigned to WaterCo under a "WaterCo Water Supply Contract" entered into between WaterCo and the Guangdong Provincial Government. In addition, WaterCo has also guaranteed all of the obligations and liabilities of GH Holdings under the Swap Agreement in respect of US\$400 million of the Tranche C Notes. The amounts payable under the swap guarantee are senior in right of repayment to the GH Holdings Debts.

In addition to those GH Holdings Debts held by certain subsidiaries of GDH Limited pursuant to the restructuring of the GDE Group (as referred to in note 47(e) to the financial statements), GDH Limited and certain of these subsidiaries further acquired certain GH Holdings Debts from the GH Holdings Debts holders in accordance with the terms of Tranche A and B Credits and Tranche C Notes. As at 31 December 2001, GDH Limited and these fellow subsidiaries held certain Tranche A and B Credits and Tranche C Notes amounting to HK\$1,810,375,000.

42. Transferable Loan Instruments

The maturities of the TLIs as at the balance sheet date were as follows:

| | Group and Company | | |
|---|-------------------|----------|--|
| | 2001 | 2000 | |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | |
| | | | |
| Within one year | _ | _ | |
| In the second year | 88,329 | _ | |
| In the third to fifth years, inclusive | 324,811 | | |
| | 413,140 | _ | |
| Less: Portion classified as current liabilities | _ | | |
| Non-current portion | 413,140 | _ | |

The above TLIs were converted from the 2005 Guaranteed Bonds and Amended 2001 FRNs (as referred to in notes 39(b) and 40 to the financial statements, respectively) during the year.

These TLIs are for all purpose of the "Direct Bank Debts" which represented the principal indebtedness owing by the Company. Accordingly, TLIs bear the same interest and proportion of repayment as the other Direct Bank Debts. Therefore, the maturities of these TLIs have been classified according to the repayment schedule and terms as contained in the Bank Debt Restructuring Agreements.

43. Provision for Bank Loans Guaranteed

The maturity of the provision for bank loans guaranteed at the balance sheet date was as follows:

| | | Group | Company | | |
|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|--|
| | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 | |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | |
| | | | | | |
| Within one year or on demand | _ | 43,319 | _ | 42,098 | |
| In the second year | 119,486 | 106,953 | 119,486 | 106,483 | |
| In the third to fifth years, inclusive | 439,383 | 600,547 | 439,383 | 598,120 | |
| At 31 December | 558,869 | 750,819 | 558,869 | 746,701 | |
| Less: Portion classified as current liabilities | _ | (43,319) | _ | (42,098) | |
| Non-current portion | 558,869 | 707,500 | 558,869 | 704,603 | |

The balances represented the provision for the Group's obligation in respect of certain bank loans of Guangdong Construction Materials (International) Limited ("GCM", a deconsolidated subsidiary), GD Timber (a previous wholly-owned subsidiary and a fellow subsidiary of the Company as at 31 December 2001 as a result of the Acquisition) and Funai International Pte Limited (a previous deconsolidated subsidiary which was disposed of last year) (collectively referred to as the "Borrowers"), which were guaranteed by the Group.

In accordance with the Company's Bank Debt Restructuring Agreement, these bank loans are treated as if Direct Bank Debts of the Company which is obliged to repay these bank loans according to the Company's Bank Debt Restructuring Agreement. Moreover, the creditors of these bank loans may elect at any time to exit the balance sheets of the Borrowers and to become the bank creditors of the Company through the issue of notes payable pursuant to the Company's Bank Debt Restructuring Agreement.

In light of the financial positions of GCM and GD Timber, the directors opined that the cash inflows from them would be minimal. Therefore, the Group fully provided for these bank loans last year. The movements of the provision for bank loans guaranteed for the year are set out in note 47(b) to the financial statements.

These bank loans bear interest at rates ranging from LIBOR plus a margin of 2.375% per annum to HIBOR plus a margin of 2.375% per annum with such time as an aggregate principal amount of HK\$1,017.5 million in the Direct Debt Payments have been made, thereafter, an applicable margin of 2% per annum will be applied. The provision for the Company's obligation in respect of these bank loans are repayable according to the repayment schedule contained in the Company's Bank Debt Restructuring Agreement.

43. Provision for Bank Loans Guaranteed (continued)

Moreover, these bank loans are transferable under a trading mechanism set out in the Company's Bank Debt Restructuring Agreement. As at 31 December 2001, certain bank loans of GCM amounting to HK\$31,443,000 was held by immediate holding company, GDH Limited, as a result of its acquisition of these bank loans through such trading mechanism.

44. Deferred Tax

The provision for deferred tax as shown in the balance sheet relates principally to timing differences arising from accelerated capital allowances.

There are no significant potential deferred tax liabilities for which provision has not been made.

The revaluations of the Group's land and buildings and investment and hotel properties do not constitute timing differences and, consequently, the amount of potential deferred tax thereon has not been quantified.

45. Share Capital

| | 2001 | 2000 |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | |
| Authorised: | | |
| 8,000,000,000 Ordinary Shares of HK\$0.50 each | 4,000,000 | 4,000,000 |
| 200,000 31/4% Preference Shares of US\$1 each | 1,549 | 1,549 |
| | 4,001,549 | 4,001,549 |
| | | |
| Issued and fully paid: | | |
| 5,132,982,672 Ordinary Shares | 2,566,491 | 2,433,818 |
| (2000: 4,867,636,920 Ordinary Shares) | | |
| 85,949 Preference Shares (2000: 86,950 Preference Shares) | 666 | 674 |
| | 2,567,157 | 2,434,492 |

During the year, the following changes in the Company's share capital took place and a total of 265,345,752 Ordinary Shares were issued:

(i) On 1 June 2001 and 13 June 2001, 1 and 1,000 Preference Shares, respectively, were converted by way of redemption into an aggregate of 2,095,752 Ordinary Shares at conversion price of HK\$3.7 per Ordinary Share.

45. Share Capital (continued)

(ii) On 30 November 2001, the Company allotted 263,250,000 Ordinary Shares at HK\$0.80 per Ordinary Share to GDH Limited upon its full exercise of the conversion rights attached to the 2005 CBs. Further details of which are set out in note 39(a) to the financial statements.

Preference Shares

The Preference Shares, which are listed on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange, carry a fixed, cumulative dividend of 3.25% per annum by reference to the paid-up value of each Preference Share of US\$1,000. The Preference Shares carry a right to be converted into fully-paid Ordinary Shares at a conversion price of HK\$3.7 per Ordinary Share, subject to adjustment, and at the fixed exchange rate of HK\$7.74654 to US\$1.

Unless previously converted, purchased and cancelled or redeemed by the Company in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Preference Shares, the Preference Shares will be redeemed at 139.564% of their paid-up value on 7 April 2003 subject to the conditions of the Preference Shares and the provisions of the Companies Ordinance and any other fiscal regulations and other legislations applicable to the Company.

Assuming the full conversion of the outstanding 85,949 Preference Shares into Ordinary Shares of the Company at the conversion price, the Company would have issued 179,947,937 new Ordinary Shares, representing approximately 3.39% of the then existing issued ordinary share capital of the Company as enlarged by such new Ordinary Shares as at the balance sheet date.

45. Share Capital (continued)

Share options

The Company operates a share option scheme, further details of which are set out under the heading "Share Option of the Company, its Subsidiaries and Associated Corporation" in the Report of Directors on pages 36-42.

Movements in share options to subscribe for Ordinary Shares in the Company during the year are as follows:

Number of share options to subscribe for one Ordinary Share at an exercise price* of

| | | one o | rumary Share a | t all exercise p | rice of | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|-------------|----------------|------------------|-------------|-------------|
| | HK\$4.536 | HK\$2.892 | HK\$3.024 | HK\$0.74 | HK\$0.5312 | Total |
| Balance at beginning of year | 2,020,000 | 7,675,000 | 7,850,000 | - | - | 17,545,000 |
| Options granted during the year | - | - | - | 19,500,000 | 167,000,000 | 186,500,000 |
| Options cancelled during the year | (530,000) | (1,670,000) | (2,500,000) | | | (4,700,000) |
| Balance at 31 December 2001 | 1,490,000 | 6,005,000 | 5,350,000 | 19,500,000 | 167,000,000 | 199,345,000 |

^{*} Subject to adjustment

The options outstanding at 31 December 2001 expire at various dates up to the close of business on 1 May 2007, or if that day is not a business day, the expiry date will be the close of the business day preceding 1 May 2007. The exercise in full of the outstanding options would result in the issue of additional 199,345,000 Ordinary Shares and cash proceeds before the related issue expenses of approximately HK\$143,443,900.

American Depositary Receipt

Citibank N.A. established an American Depositary Receipt ("ADR") Programme for the Ordinary Shares, under which programme a maximum of 16,000,000 American Depositary Shares, representing 160,000,000 Ordinary Shares, might be traded over-the-counter in the U.S., and the registration statement for the ADR programme was declared effective by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission on 5 August 1994. No new shares were issued or are expected to be issued as a result of the ADR programme.

The ADR programme was established to enable the investor base of the Company to be enlarged. The Company has appointed Citibank N.A. as the depositary bank for the ADR programme.

46. Reserves

Group

| F | Preference share premium account | Ordinary share premium account | Ordinary Shares to be issued | Capital reserve | Fixed asset revaluation reserve | Hotel property revaluation reserve | Expansion fund reserve | Exchange fluctuation reserve | Special reserve | Accumu- lated losses | Total |
|---|---|---|---------------------------------------|-----------------|--|------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 (Note 46(b)) | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 (Note 46(a)) | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| At 1 January 2000: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| As previously reported Prior year adjustment: SSAP 17 (Revised) – revaluation surplus of investment properties no longer required to be frozen upon their transfer to fixed | 672,888 | 4,228,831 | - | 1,145,992 | 13,135 | 166,820 | 84,571 | (128,001) | 92,380 | (3,035,234) | 3,241,382 |
| assets (Notes 2 and 46(d)) | - | - | - | - | (13,135) | - | - | - | - | 13,135 | - |
| As restated Issue of Ordinary Shares | 672,888 | 4,228,831 | - | 1,145,992 | - | 166,820 | 84,571 | (128,001) | 92,380 | (3,022,099) | 3,241,382 |
| during the year Revaluation deficit | - | 1,612,520 - | - | - | - | - (166,820) | - | - | - | - | 1,612,520 (166,820) |
| Increase in capital reserve arising from the Acquisition Impairment of goodwill arising from | - | - | - | 2,403,829 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2,403,829 |
| acquisitions of subsidiaries and associates | - | - | - | 358,793 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 358,793 |
| Negative goodwill arising from acquisition of additional interest in a subsidiary | _ | _ | _ | 19,822 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 19,822 |
| Goodwill arising from | | | | 10,022 | | | | | | | 10,022 |
| acquisitions of associates | - | - | - | (14,872) | - | - | - | - | - | - | (14,872) |
| Exchange adjustments Provision for preference share | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 6,309 | - | - | 6,309 |
| redemption premium (Note 46(a)) Transfer from the profit and loss | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 53,613 | (53,613) | - |
| account | - | - | - | - | - | - | 10,568 | - | - | (10,568) | - |
| Provision for preference share dividend Net loss for the year | | | | | | | | | | (22,020) | (22,020) |
| At 31 December 2000 | 672,888 | 5,841,351 | | 3,913,564 | | | 95,139 | (121,692) | 145,993 | (4,464,602) | 6,082,641 |
| Reserves retained by: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Company and subsidiaries Associates | 672,888 - | 5,841,351 - | - | 3,913,564 | - | - | 87,817 3,952 | (122,984) 1,292 | 145,993 | (4,522,308) 21,130 | 6,016,321 26,374 |
| Jointly-controlled entity | _ | | | | | | 3,370 | | | 36,576 | 39,946 |
| At 31 December 2000 | 672,888 | 5,841,351 | | 3,913,564 | | | 95,139 | (121,692) | 145,993 | (4,464,602) | 6,082,641 |

46. Reserves (continued)

Group

| F | Preference share premium account | Ordinary share premium account | Ordinary Shares to be issued | Capital reserve | Fixed asset revaluation reserve | Hotel property revaluation reserve | Expansion fund reserve | Exchange fluctuation reserve | Special reserve | Accumu- lated losses | Total |
|--|---|---|------------------------------|-----------------|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-----------|
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 (Note 46(b)) | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 (Note 46(a)) | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| At 1 January 2001: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| As previously reported Prior year adjustment: SSAP 17 (Revised) – revaluation surplus of investment properties no onger required to be frozen upon their transfer to fixed | 672,888 | 5,841,351 | - | 3,913,564 | 13,135 | - | 95,139 | (121,692) | 145,993 | (4,477,737) | 6,082,641 |
| assets (Notes 2 and 46(d)) | | | | | (13,135) | | | | | 13,135 | |
| As restated | 672,888 | 5,841,351 | _ | 3,913,564 | _ | _ | 95,139 | (121,692) | 145,993 | (4,464,602) | 6,082,641 |
| Adjustment for reversal of accrued | | | | | | | | | | | |
| dividend (Note 12) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 49,096 | 49,096 |
| Transferred from special reserve | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (Note 46(a)) Conversion of Preference Shares into | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (145,993) | 145,993 | - |
| Ordinary Shares | (7,746) | 6,706 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | (1,040) |
| Share issue expenses | _ | (60) | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | (60) |
| Net profit for the year | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 285,542 | 285,542 |
| Conversion of 2005 CBs | | 70.075 | | | | | | | | | 70.075 |
| into Ordinary Shares Transfer from the profit and loss | - | 78,975 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 78,975 |
| account | - | - | - | - | - | - | 30,720 | - | - | (30,720) | - |
| Impairment of goodwill arising from | | | | | | | | | | | |
| acquisition of a subsidiary Capitalisation of retained profits and expansion fund reserve | - | - | - | 15,685 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 15,685 |
| as registered capital of a subsidiary | _ | _ | _ | 21,024 | _ | _ | (18,670) | _ | _ | (2,354) | _ |
| Release on disposal of subsidiaries | _ | _ | _ | (38,450) | _ | _ | (8,447) | 53,445 | _ | 32,478 | 39,026 |
| Exchange adjustments Additional Shares to be issued as a | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 475 | - | - | 475 |
| result of Acquisition (Note 46(b)) | - | - | 121,440 | (121,440) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| At 31 December 2001 | 665,142 | 5,926,972 | 121,440 | 3,790,383 | | _ | 98,742 | (67,772) | _ | (3,984,567) | 6,550,340 |
| Reserves retained by: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Company and subsidiaries | 665,142 | 5,926,972 | 121,440 | 3,790,383 | _ | _ | 90,197 | (62,778) | _ | (4,096,971) | 6,434,385 |
| Associates | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 4,112 | (4,994) | _ | 40,862 | 39,980 |
| Jointly-controlled entity | _ | | | | | | 4,433 | | | 71,542 | 75,975 |
| At 31 December 2001 | 665,142 | 5,926,972 | 121,440 | 3,790,383 | _ | _ | 98,742 | (67,772) | _ | (3,984,567) | 6,550,340 |

46. Reserves (continued)

Company

| | Preference share premium account | Ordinary share premium account | Ordinary Shares to be issued | Capital reserve | Exchange fluctuation reserve | Special reserve | Accumulated losses | Total |
|---|---|---|------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------|
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | ΤΙΚΨ ΟΟΟ | ΤΙΚΦ ΟΟΟ | (Note 46(b)) | Π Ψ 000 | ΠΑΦ ΟΟΟ | (Note 46(a)) | ΤΙΝΦ ΟΟΟ | ΤΙΚΦ ΟΟΟ |
| At 1 January 2000: | | | | | | | | |
| As previously reported Prior year adjustment: SSAP 18 (Revised) – net year-on-year effect of dividends from subsidiaries no longer recognised as income for | 672,888 | 4,228,831 | - | 1,733,711 | (14,813) | 92,380 | (3,843,030) | 2,869,967 |
| the year (Notes 2 and 11) | _ | _ | | | | | (42,620) | (42,620) |
| As restated | 672,888 | 4,228,831 | _ | 1,733,711 | (14,813) | 92,380 | (3,885,650) | 2,827,347 |
| Issue of Ordinary Shares during the year Provision for preference share redemption | - | 1,612,520 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,612,520 |
| premium (Note 46(a)) | - | - | - | - | - | 53,613 | (53,613) | - |
| Net loss for the year (Restated) | - | - | - | - | - | - | (130,530) | (130,530) |
| Provision for preference share dividend | | | | | | | (22,020) | (22,020) |
| At 31 December 2000 and 1 January 2001 | 672,888 | 5,841,351 | | 1,733,711 | (14,813) | 145,993 | (4,091,813) | 4,287,317 |
| At 31 December 2000 and 1 January 2001: As previously reported Prior year adjustment: SSAP 18 (Revised) – net year-on-year effect of dividends from subsidiaries no longer recognised as income for | 672,888 | 5,841,351 | - | 1,733,711 | (14,813) | 145,993 | (4,034,813) | 4,344,317 |
| the year (Notes 2 and 11) | - | - | - | - | - | - | (57,000) | (57,000) |
| As restated Adjustment for reversal of accrued dividend | 672,888 | 5,841,351 | - | 1,733,711 | (14,813) | 145,993 | (4,091,813) | 4,287,317 |
| (Note 12) | - | - | - | - | - | - | 49,096 | 49,096 |
| Transfer from special reserve (Note 46(a)) | - | - | - | - | - | (145,993) | 145,993 | - |
| Conversion of Preference Shares into | (7.746) | 6.706 | | | | | | (4.040.) |
| Ordinary Shares Share issue expenses | (7,746) | 6,706 (60) | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | (1,040) |
| Additional Shares to be issued as a result | | (00) | | | | | | (00) |
| of the Acquisition (Note 46(b)) | _ | _ | 121,440 | _ | _ | - | _ | 121,440 |
| Net profit for the year | _ | - | - | _ | - | - | 9,229 | 9,229 |
| Conversion of 2005 CBs into Ordinary Shares | | 78,975 | | | | | | 78,975 |
| At 31 December 2001 | 665,142 | 5,926,972 | 121,440 | 1,733,711 | (14,813) | | (3,887,495) | 4,544,957 |

46. Reserves (continued)

(a) Pursuant to Article 5(A)(x)(viii) of the Company's Articles of Association, the Company was required to establish a Preference Share Redemption Account and, subject to any applicable laws, transfer into such account annually one-fifth of the redemption premium payable on the maturity of the Preference Shares.

To date, the Company has not had sufficient distributable profits from which it could credit the appropriate amount to the Preference Share Redemption Account. Therefore, the directors established a special reserve which represented the amount that the Company would have been obliged to transfer to the Preference Share Redemption Account, had the Company had sufficient reserves available for the purpose. The amount standing to the credit of the special reserve was only to be transferred to the Preference Share Redemption Account if the Company no longer had accumulated losses (excluding losses attributable to the balance of the provision in the special reserve).

However, due to certain amendments to the Companies Ordinance, the Company may no longer repay the premium on redemption of the Preference Shares from the Preference Share Redemption Account. Therefore, the directors have concluded that such special reserve may no longer assist in the redemption of the Preference Shares and the balance of the amount standing to the credit of such special reserve as at 1 January 2001 has been transferred to accumulated losses in the current year.

(b) As part of the consideration for the Acquisition of GH Holdings (as referred to in note 6(b) to the financial statements), the Company issued 2.3 billion Ordinary Shares (the "Consideration Shares") to GDH Limited and is committed to issue 66 million Ordinary Shares (the "Additional Shares") for each year of the five years commencing from 22 December 2000 (the "Earnout Period") to GDH Limited subject to the performance of WaterCo meeting the milestones as set out in the Earnout Agreement. Further details of this obligation are set out in the shareholders' circular of the Company in respect of the Acquisition dated 15 September 2000 (the "Acquisition Circular").

WaterCo has already attained the performance milestones under the Earnout Agreement for both the first and second years of the Earnout Period (the former in September 2001 and the latter in March 2002). Accordingly, the Company has an obligation to issue a total of 132 million Additional Shares to GDH Limited in accordance with the Earnout Agreement upon the later of 21 December 2003 and the completion of the Phase IV Renovation Project (expected to be in mid-2004). The issuance of any further Additional Shares remains however contingent upon WaterCo meeting the performance milestones under the Earnout Agreement in subsequent years.

46. Reserves (continued)

(b) (continued)

As pointed out in the Acquisition Circular, following negotiation with GDH Limited, the Company's board of directors (the "Board") had determined to designate the issue price of each of the Additional Shares which might be issued to be HK\$1.20 and the same as the issue price for each of the Consideration Shares issued to GDH Limited upon the completion of the Acquisition. The issue price of HK\$1.20 as aforesaid (the "Circular Price") which was determined by reference to, in particular, the value of the Dongshen Water Supply Project was considered by both the independent financial adviser advising on the Acquisition and the Board (including the Independent Non-Executive Directors) to be fair and reasonable and approved by the shareholders of the Company in general meeting on 19 October 2000. Further details of the Circular Price determination and the valuation of Dongshen Water Supply Project were set out in the Acquisition Circular.

As a result of the SSAP 30 becoming effective and applicable to the current year's financial statements as detailed in note 2 to the financial statements, the Group and the Company are required to record each of the Additional Shares as shares that are to be issued at the prevailing market price of HK\$0.92 per Ordinary Share on the date of the completion of the Acquisition (the "Market Price") instead of the Circular Price which also was the price adopted for the recording of the issue of all the Consideration Shares in the prior year. Accordingly, an amount of HK\$121,440,000 (being the value of the aforesaid 132 million Additional Shares to be issued at the Market Price) was credited to the Group's and the Company's reserves as "Ordinary Shares To Be Issued" to reflect the respective obligation of the Group and the Company in respect of those 132 million Additional Shares to be issued by a reduction of the Group's capital reserve on the acquisition of GH Holdings and an increase in the Company's investment cost in GH Holdings both of the same amount as certain contingencies that would affect the amount of the Group's and the Company's purchase consideration for GH Holdings have become probable. It is solely because of the new requirements under SSAP 30 that the above accounting treatment becomes necessary. All the rights and obligations under the Earnout Agreement remain unchanged. The compliance by the Company with all the obligations under the Earnout Agreement to be observed and performed on its part also remains unaffected.

(c) During the year, prior to the Group's disposal of a 55.2% interest in Guangzhou Panyu Yue Hai Real Estate Limited ("GZ Panyu"), as further detailed in note 52(vi) to the financial statements, GZ Panyu capitalised its expansion fund reserve of HK\$23,357,000 and retained profits of HK\$2,943,000 as an increase in registered capital in proportion to the then interests held by the joint venture partners of GZ Panyu. Accordingly, the Group recorded reductions of its share of expansion fund reserve of HK\$18,670,000 and retained profits of HK\$2,354,000 of GZ Panyu by an increase in capital reserve of HK\$21,024,000 to reflect an increase in the Group's interest in the registered capital of GZ Panyu as a result of its capitalisation of reserves.

46. Reserves (continued)

(d) In prior years, when investment properties were transferred to fixed assets, the relevant portion of the revaluation surplus of the investment properties was also transferred to a fixed assets revaluation reserve which was frozen upon the transfer until the retirement or disposal of the assets, upon which the relevant portion of the revaluation reserve realised in respect of the previous valuation was transferred to retained profits as movements of reserve.

As a result of the adoption of revisions to SSAP 17, the revaluation surplus attached to the investment properties previously recognised is no longer required to be frozen. Further, the investment properties are required to be transferred at fair value which becomes the cost of those properties at the date of change in use. Any difference at that date between the fair value and the carrying amount of the property is to be dealt with in the same way as a revaluation under SSAP 13 "Accounting for Investment Properties".

The aforesaid change in accounting policy has been accounted for retrospectively. Since there was no transfer to the Group's fixed assets revaluation reserve for the year ended 31 December 2000, no restatement to the Group's results for that year was made. However, a restatement has been made to reduce the Group's fixed assets revaluation reserve of HK\$13,135,000 and accumulated losses of the same amount as at 1 January 2000 to reflect the effect of the aforesaid changes in accounting policy for periods prior to that date.

47. Notes to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

(a) Reconciliation of profit/(loss) from operating activities to net cash inflow from operating activities

| | 2001 | 2000 |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| Profit/(loss) from operating activities | 2,159,168 | (596,224) |
| Interest income | (60,692) | (72,956) |
| Depreciation | 461,308 | 307,597 |
| Amortisation of investments in contractual joint ventures | _ | 1,459 |
| Amortisation of deferred expenses | | ,,,,, |
| and reusable packaging materials | 24,438 | 32,988 |
| Amortisation of trademarks | 1,400 | 2,000 |
| Amortisation of the operating right | 494,096 | 13,259 |
| Amortisation of prepaid rental | 111,190 | _ |
| Amortisation of goodwill | 119 | _ |
| Provisions against construction/installation contracts receivable | _ | 5,918 |
| Investment property revaluation deficit | 68,129 | 111,673 |
| Hotel property revaluation deficit, net | 4,196 | 309,442 |
| Impairment of investment securities | 932 | 17,608 |
| Unrealised loss on revaluation of other investments | 5,114 | 22,614 |
| Impairment of trademarks | 4,100 | 26,000 |
| Impairment of properties under development | 22,682 | 82,447 |
| Reversal of impairment loss of properties under development | (21,000) | _ |
| Impairment of investments in and loans to associates | 11,224 | 51,135 |
| Reversal of impairment loss of investment in an associate | (3,761) | _ |
| (Write-back of provision against)/provision against | | |
| an amount due from a fellow subsidiary | (8,000) | 56,156 |
| Impairment of fixed assets | 39,440 | 29,619 |
| Impairment of goodwill arising from acquisitions | | |
| of subsidiaries and associates previously dealt with in reserves | 21,918 | 364,977 |
| Reversal of impairment loss of deconsolidated subsidiaries | (19,140) | (66,412) |
| Loss on disposal of subsidiaries, net | 8,481 | _ |
| Loss on disposal of properties under development | 9,079 | _ |
| Loss on disposal of fixed assets, net | 20,518 | 4,971 |
| Loss on disposal of certain interest in a subsidiary | 3,087 | _ |
| Provisions against properties held for sale | _ | 94,602 |
| Provisions against inventories | 10,871 | 7,748 |
| | | |

47. Notes to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement (continued)

(a) Reconciliation of profit/(loss) from operating activities to net cash inflow from operating activities (continued)

| | 2001 HK\$'000 | 2000 HK\$'000 |
|--|-------------------------|---|
| Provisions for doubtful debts, net of recovery from possession of shares in a subsidiary and write-back of provision | | |
| against loan receivable | 24,394 | 128,680 |
| Compensation payments in respect of the planned curtailment | | |
| of operations of a subsidiary | 4,616 | _ |
| Negative goodwill recognised as income | (10,286) | (FCC) |
| Gain on disposal of an associate | _ | (566) (15,066) |
| Gain on disposal of an associate Gain on disposal of a contractual joint venture | _ | , |
| Gain on discontinuation of Curtain Wall Operations | (25,534) | (26,955) |
| Decrease in amounts due from associates | 18,349 | 25,322 |
| Increase in amounts due to associates | 10,349 | 6,813 |
| Decrease in an amount due from a contractual | 47 | 0,013 |
| joint venture | 127 | 9,917 |
| Increase in an amount due from a | 121 | 9,917 |
| jointly-controlled entity | (6,651) | (43,015) |
| Decrease in construction/installation contracts receivable | (0,001) | 36,200 |
| (Increase)/decrease in trade receivables | 85,172 | (26,143) |
| Decrease in loan receivables | 38,400 | 148,729 |
| Decrease in the current portion of other investments | 7,442 | 483 |
| Decrease in prepayments, deposits and other debtors | 65,542 | 125,633 |
| Decrease in inventories | 288,377 | 290,410 |
| Increase in the current portion of properties under development | (176,810) | (273,392) |
| Decrease in an amount due from a related company | 112 | 92 |
| Increase in amounts due from minority shareholders | | |
| of subsidiaries | (13,541) | (51,071) |
| Increase in amounts due from a former major shareholder | | |
| and its subsidiaries | _ | (5,198) |
| Increase/(decrease) in trade payables, accruals and | | |
| other liabilities | (835,627) | 189,945 |
| Increase/(decrease) in amounts due to minority shareholders | | |
| of subsidiaries | (12,799) | 16,029 |
| Decrease in amounts due to subsidiaries of a former major shareholder | _ | (2,259) |
| Decrease in amounts due from deconsolidated subsidiaries | 10,953 | _ |
| Increase in amount due from immediate holding company | (135) | _ |
| Increase in amounts due to immediate holding company | 64,069 | _ |
| Net cash inflow from operating activities | 2,895,114 | 1,341,209 |
| | | |

Ordinary Shares:

31 December 2001

47. Notes to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement (continued)

| | Issued share capital and | | |
|--|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | share premium accou | | |
| | 2001 | 2000 | |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | |
| | | | |
| Balance at beginning of year | 8,275,169 | 5,509,649 | |
| Net cash inflow from financing activities | _ | 5,520 | |
| Share issue expenses | (60) | _ | |
| Conversion of Preference Shares into Ordinary Shares | 7,754 | _ | |
| Conversion of 2005 CBs into Ordinary Shares | 210,600 | _ | |
| Shares issued for non-cash consideration | _ | 2,760,000 | |
| Balance at 31 December | 8,493,463 | 8,275,169 | |
| | | erence Shares: share capital and | |

| share premium accoun | | | |
|----------------------|--|--|--|
| 2001 | | | |
| HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | | |
| 673,562 | 673,562 | | |
| (7,754) | | | |
| 665,808 | 673,562 | | |
| | 2001 HK\$'000 673,562 (7,754) | | |

47. Notes to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement (continued)

| | Minority interests | | |
|---|--------------------|-----------|--|
| | 2001 | 2000 | |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | |
| | | | |
| Balance at beginning of year | 2,931,253 | 1,923,991 | |
| Net cash inflow from financing activities | 1,794 | _ | |
| Investment properties revaluation surplus | 20,376 | _ | |
| Interest in a subsidiary compensated to the Group | _ | (9,086) | |
| Share capital reduction of a subsidiary | _ | (116,690) | |
| Share of goodwill released | 6,233 | 6,106 | |
| Goodwill arising from acquisition of associates | _ | (14,278) | |
| Arising on acquisition of subsidiaries | - | 1,192,439 | |
| Acquisition of additional shareholdings in subsidiaries | (165,084) | (55,393) | |
| Transfer out as a result of the Acquisition | _ | (33,573) | |
| Arising on disposal of subsidiaries | (155,671) | _ | |
| Disposal of certain interest in a subsidiary | 17,922 | _ | |
| Share of profits less losses for the year | 244,154 | 84,328 | |
| Share of exchange fluctuation reserve | 755 | (980) | |
| Dividends paid and payable to minority shareholders | (232,440) | (45,611) | |
| Balance at 31 December | 2,669,292 | 2,931,253 | |

| | | Bank loans |
|--|-----------|------------|
| | 2001 | 2000 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | |
| Balance at beginning of year | 4,135,627 | 4,883,296 |
| Net cash outflow from financing activities | (518,782) | (608,008) |
| Arising on acquisition of subsidiaries | _ | 838,970 |
| Transfer out as a result of the Acquisition | _ | (776,917) |
| Reclassified to Notes Payable | _ | (192,490) |
| Amortisation of swap cost in respect of the Swap Agreement | | |
| (Note 41(b)(iii)) | 2,272 | _ |
| Effect of foreign exchange adjustments | (22,468) | (9,224) |
| Balance at 31 December | 3,596,649 | 4,135,627 |

47. Notes to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement (continued)

| | | vision for bank ns guaranteed |
|---|------------|----------------------------------|
| | 2001 | 2000 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | |
| Balance at beginning of year | 750,819 | _ |
| Net cash outflow from financing activities | (191,950) | _ |
| Provided for the year | _ | 750,819 |
| Balance at 31 December | 558,869 | 750,819 |
| | | |
| | Not | es Payable and |
| | GH | Holdings Debts |
| | 2001 | 2000 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | |
| Balance at beginning of year | 14,192,490 | _ |
| Net cash outflow from financing activities | (405,620) | _ |
| Reclassified from bank loans | _ | 192,490 |
| Arising from the Acquisition | _ | 14,000,000 |
| Balance at 31 December | 13,786,870 | 14,192,490 |
| | | |
| | | Bonds |
| | 2001 | 2000 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| Balance at beginning of year | 1,313,906 | 1,244,404 |
| Net cash outflow from financing activities | (235,010) | _ |
| Converted into TLIs | (219,745) | _ |
| Conversion of 2005 CBs into Ordinary Shares | (210,600) | _ |
| Provision for redemption premium | _ | 65,776 |
| Effect of foreign exchange adjustments | 1,628 | 3,726 |
| Balance at 31 December | 650,179 | 1,313,906 |
| | | |

Floating rate notes

31 December 2001

47. Notes to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement (continued)

| | 2001 | 2000 |
|---|------------|-------------------|
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | |
| Balance at beginning of year | 826,726 | 823,811 |
| Net cash outflow from financing activities | (150,482) | _ |
| Converted into TLIs | (293,925) | _ |
| Effect of foreign exchange adjustments | 30 | 2,915 |
| Balance at 31 December | 382,349 | 826,726 |
| | Loan f | from an associate |
| | 2001 | 2000 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | Τιι (φ σσσ | Τπφ σσσ |
| Balance at beginning of year | _ | _ |
| Reclassified from an amount due to a subsidiary | | |
| which was as an associate after the Group's certain | | |
| interest in it being disposed of | 37,690 | _ |
| Balance at 31 December | 37,690 | _ |
| | | |
| | Tra | nsferable loan |
| | i | instruments |
| | 2001 | 2000 |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | |
| Balance at beginning of year | _ | _ |
| Net cash outflow from financing activities | (100,568) | _ |
| Converted from bonds and floating rate notes | 513,670 | _ |
| Effect of foreign exchange adjustments | 38 | |
| Balance at 31 December | 413,140 | _ |
| | | |

47. Notes to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement (continued)

| | Otl | Other loans | |
|---|------------|-----------------|--|
| | 2001 | 2000 | |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | |
| | | | |
| Balance at beginning of year | _ | 4,696 | |
| Net cash outflow from financing activities | _ | (1,591) | |
| Transfer out as a result of the Acquisition | _ | (3,104) | |
| Effect of foreign exchange adjustments | _ | (1) | |
| Balance at 31 December | | | |
| Bularioo at 0 1 Bookinson | | | |
| | Finance le | ase obligations | |
| | 2001 | 2000 | |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | |
| | | | |
| Balance at beginning of year | 179 | 825 | |
| Net cash outflow from financing activities | (179) | (646) | |
| Balance at 31 December | _ | 179 | |
| | | | |
| | Loans fr | om immediate | |
| | holdir | holding company | |
| | 2001 | 2000 | |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | |
| | | | |
| Balance at beginning of year | - | _ | |
| Net cash inflow from financing activities | 113,241 | | |
| Balance at 31 December | 113,241 | _ | |
| | | | |

47. Notes to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement (continued)

(c) Acquisition of GH Holdings

| | 2001 | 2000 |
|---|----------|--------------|
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | |
| Net assets acquired: | | |
| Fixed assets | _ | 4,992,598 |
| Operating right | _ | 14,628,878 |
| Other long term assets | _ | 858,613 |
| Trade receivables | _ | 261,127 |
| Prepayments, deposits and other debtors | _ | 396,586 |
| Inventories | _ | 12,450 |
| Cash and bank balances | _ | 454,438 |
| Trade payables, accruals and other liabilities | _ | (509,727) |
| Tax payable | _ | (26,596) |
| Bank and other interest-bearing borrowings | _ | (14,800,000) |
| Minority interests | _ | (1,192,439) |
| | - | 5,075,928 |
| Increase in capital reserve | _ | (2,403,829) |
| | _ | 2,672,099 |
| Satisfied by: | | |
| Cash injection from GDH Limited, net of expenses incurred | | |
| for the Acquisition | _ | (125,344) |
| Ordinary Shares issued | _ | 2,760,000 |
| Subsidiaries transferred out (Note 47(d)) | _ | (124,242) |
| Provision for bank loans guaranteed | _ | 161,685 |
| | _ | 2,672,099 |

47. Notes to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement (continued)

(c) Acquisition of GH Holdings (continued)

Analysis of net inflow of cash and cash equivalents as a result of the Acquisition:

| | 2001 | 2000 |
|--|----------|-----------|
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | |
| Cash injection from GDH Limited | _ | 156,000 |
| Cash and cash equivalents acquired | _ | 454,438 |
| Cash and cash equivalents transferred out (Note 47(d)) | _ | (103,263) |
| Net cash inflow of cash and cash equivalents as a result | | |
| of the Acquisition | _ | 507,175 |

As part of the restructuring of Guangdong Enterprises (Holdings) Limited ("GDE"), a former major shareholder of the Company, and its subsidiaries (the "GDE Group") on 22 December 2000, the Company completed an acquisition of an 81% interest in GH Holdings (the "Acquisition") from GDH Limited. GH Holdings holds a 99% interest in WaterCo which owns the Dongshen Water Supply Project that generates revenue mainly from the supply of natural water to Hong Kong. The consideration of the Acquisition was satisfied by, amongst other things, transferring the Company's entire 100% interests in GD Finance and GD Timber to GDH Limited; a waiver of profit guarantee claims against the GDE Group in respect of GD Finance, GD Timber and Yue Hai Hotel, Zhuhai, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, from the GDE Group; the issuance of the Consideration Shares and the Additional Shares to GDH Limited. Further details of which are set out in the Acquisition Circular and note 46(b) to the financial statements.

Following the Acquisition, GH Holdings contributed HK\$14,790,000 to the Group's net operating cash outflows, received HK\$45,000 in respect of the net returns on investments and servicing of finance and utilised HK\$3,380,000 for investing activities in the prior year.

47. Notes to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement (continued)

(d) Subsidiaries transferred out as a result of the Acquisition

| | 2001 | 2000 |
|--|----------|-----------|
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | |
| Net liabilities transferred out: | | |
| Fixed assets | _ | 307,889 |
| Investment properties | _ | 247,070 |
| Other financial assets | _ | 130 |
| Interests in associates | _ | (159) |
| Prepayments, deposits and other debtors | _ | 9,363 |
| Loan receivables | _ | 161,777 |
| Due from a fellow subsidiary | _ | 1,000 |
| Due from a minority shareholder of a subsidiary | _ | 15,150 |
| Due from a former major shareholder of a holding company | _ | 97,935 |
| Inventories | _ | 21,768 |
| Trade receivables | _ | 3,070 |
| Cash and bank balances | _ | 103,263 |
| Trade payables, accruals and other liabilities | _ | (93,152) |
| Tax payable | _ | (133) |
| Due to immediate holding company | _ | (119,300) |
| Due to a subsidiary of a former major shareholder | _ | (23,435) |
| Bank and other interest-bearing borrowings | _ | (780,021) |
| Due to minority shareholders of subsidiaries | _ | (42,884) |
| Minority interests | _ | (33,573) |
| | _ | (124,242) |

In the prior year, the subsidiaries transferred out contributed HK\$119,081,000 to the Group's net operating cash inflows, paid HK\$64,644,000 in respect of the net returns on investments and servicing of finance, received HK\$13,696,000 in respect of tax and utilised HK\$510,000 and HK\$281,427,000 for investing activities and financing activities, respectively.

47. Notes to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement (continued)

(e) Acquisition of subsidiaries other than GH Holdings

| | 2001 | 2000 |
|---|----------|-----------|
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | |
| Net assets acquired: | | |
| Fixed assets | _ | 41 |
| Investment properties | _ | 208,500 |
| Other long term assets | _ | 165 |
| Trade receivables, prepayments and deposits | _ | 146 |
| Cash and bank balances | _ | 654 |
| Trade payables, accruals and other liabilities | _ | (37,220) |
| Due to the Company | _ | (88,446) |
| Due to the holding company | _ | (84,531) |
| Due to minority shareholders | _ | (66,904) |
| Bank and other interest-bearing borrowings | _ | (38,970) |
| | _ | (106,565) |
| Assignment of the amount due to the holding company | | |
| to the Company | _ | 84,531 |
| Amount charged directly against the profit and loss account | | |
| in prior years, net | _ | 106,565 |
| | _ | 84,531 |
| | | _ |
| Satisfied by: | | |
| Settlement of an amount due to the Company | - | 84,531 |

Analysis of the net inflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the acquisition of subsidiaries:

| | 2001 | 2000 |
|--|----------|----------|
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | |
| Cash consideration | _ | _ |
| Cash and bank balances acquired | _ | 654 |
| Net inflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect | | |
| of the acquisition of subsidiaries | _ | 654 |
| Net inflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect | - | |

47. Notes to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement (continued)

(e) Acquisition of subsidiaries other than GH Holdings (continued)

On 19 October 2000, Nanfang, a deconsolidated subsidiary of the Company, partially settled its amount due to the Company of HK\$84,531,000 by the disposal of its entire 56.34% interest in Guangdong Nan Fang (Holdings) Co. Ltd. ("Nan Fang Holdings") (including Nanfang's shareholders' loan to Nan Fang Holdings of HK\$84,531,000) at a consideration of HK\$84,531,000 to the Company.

Upon the completion of this transaction, Nan Fang Holdings became a 56.34% owned subsidiary of the Company and provisions previously made against the Company's amounts due from Nanfang and Nan Fang Holdings were written back to the extent of the net asset value attributable to the Group recovered including the amount due from Nan Fang Holdings assigned from Nanfang as noted above of HK\$84,531,000 and an amount originally due from Nan Fang Holdings of HK\$88,446,000 as a result of the aforesaid transaction amounting to HK\$66,412,000.

The subsidiaries acquired in the prior year had no significant impact on the Group's cash flows.

47. Notes to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement (continued)

(f) Disposal of subsidiaries

| | 2001 | 2000 |
|--|-----------|----------|
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| Net assets disposed of: | | |
| Fixed assets | 46,313 | _ |
| Properties under development | 170,410 | _ |
| Investment properties | 178,480 | _ |
| Interest in associates | 37,891 | _ |
| Other long term assets | 2,717 | _ |
| Due from minority shareholders of subsidiaries | 14,935 | _ |
| Due from a fellow subsidiary | 37,690 | _ |
| Inventories | 213,169 | _ |
| Prepayments, deposits and other debtors | 54,986 | _ |
| Trade receivables | 156,608 | _ |
| Cash and bank balances | 75,437 | _ |
| Trade payables, accruals and other liabilities | (357,199) | _ |
| Tax payable | (7,048) | _ |
| Due to minority shareholders of subsidiaries | (550) | _ |
| Due to fellow subsidiaries | (1,000) | _ |
| Minority interests | (155,671) | |
| | 467,168 | _ |
| Release of goodwill | (11,865) | _ |
| Release of exchange fluctuation reserve | 53,512 | |
| | 508,815 | _ |
| Gain on discontinuation of Curtain Wall Operations | 25,534 | _ |
| Loss on disposal of subsidiaries, net | (8,481) | |
| | 525,868 | |
| | | |
| Satisfied by: | 000.050 | |
| Cash, net of expenses | 392,850 | _ |
| Increase in amounts due from fellow subsidiaries | 48,327 | _ |
| Reclassification to interests in associates | 84,691 | |
| | 525,868 | _ |
| | | |

47. Notes to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement (continued)

(f) Disposal of subsidiaries (continued)

Analysis of the net cash inflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the disposal of subsidiaries:

| | 2001 | 2000 |
|------------------------------------|----------|----------|
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| | | |
| Cash, net of expenses | 392,850 | _ |
| Cash and bank balances disposed of | (75,437) | _ |
| | | |
| | 317,413 | _ |

During the year, the subsidiaries disposed of contributed HK\$39,797,000 to the Group's net operating cash inflows, paid HK\$3,126,000 in respect of the net returns on investments and servicing of finance, paid HK\$56,747,000 in respect of tax and received HK\$11,351,000 and nil from investing activities and financing activities, respectively.

These subsidiaries contributed HK\$331,105,000 to turnover and HK\$53,774,000 to the consolidated profit after tax for the year ended 31 December 2001.

(g) Major non-cash transactions

The Group had the following significant major non-cash transactions during the year:

- (i) During the year, the Group settled a debt of HK\$12,293,000 by the transfer of certain interests of the Group in subsidiary to the creditor. Loss of HK\$3,087,000 was recognised as a result of this transaction.
- (ii) The Group agreed to assign its receivable from a customer of HK\$40,874,000, for which full provision was made in the prior year, by instalments to an independent third party as a result of a conditional sale and purchase agreement entered into between the Group and the independent third party on 9 April 2001 in connection with the Group's disposal of its 25% interest in Chapel Hill Developments Limited ("Chapel Hill"), a non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group. Chapel Hill holds certain trademarks of the Group and the customer used to be the sole distributor of leatherware products in Mainland China using these trademarks.

During the year, the Group assigned its receivable from the customer amounting to HK\$13,625,000 to the independent third party.

47. Notes to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement (continued)

(g) Major non-cash transactions (continued)

- (iii) During the year, the amount receivable from the Project Bureau of approximately HK\$292,095,000 was set off against part of the construction costs incurred by the Project Bureau in respect of the Phase IV Renovation Project.
- (iv) During the year, an amount receivable from the Project Bureau totalling HK\$90,798,000 was set off against part of the Group's payable to GDH Limited.
- (v) During the year, the Group further acquired an additional 38% interest in Tiannan from Nanfang for a consideration of HK\$12,898,000 which was satisfied as to a cash settlement of HK\$4,711,000 with the remaining balance of HK\$8,187,000 setting off against the Group's amounts due from Nanfang. Further details of this transaction is set out in note 21(iii) to the financial statements.

48. Operating Lease Arrangements

SSAP 14 (Revised), which was adopted during the year, requires lessors under operating leases to disclose the total future minimum operating lease receivables under non-cancellable operating leases, as detailed in note (a) below. This disclosure was not previously required.

SSAP 14 (Revised) requires lessees under operating leases to disclose the total future minimum operating lease payments, rather than only the payments to be made during the next year as was previously required. Since the Group has applied this SSAP prospectively, the prior year comparative amounts for operating leases as lessee in note (b) below, have not been restated to accord with the current year's presentation.

48. Operating Lease Arrangements (continued)

(a) As lessor

The Group leases its investment properties (note 16 to the financial statements) under operating lease arrangements, with leases negotiated for terms ranging from one to eight years. The terms of the leases generally also require the tenants to pay security deposits and provide for periodic rent adjustments according to the then prevailing market conditions.

At 31 December 2001, the Group had total future minimum lease receivables under non-cancellable operating leases with its tenants falling due as follows:

| | Group | | |
|---|-----------|-----------|--|
| | 2001 | 2000 | |
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | |
| Within one year | 310,490 | 228,681 | |
| In the second to fifth years, inclusive | 597,948 | 499,387 | |
| After five years | 352,378 | 409,344 | |
| | 1,260,816 | 1,137,412 | |

(b) As lessee

The Group leases certain of its office properties under operating lease arrangements. Leases for properties are negotiated for terms ranging from 2 to 3 years.

At 31 December 2001, the Group had total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of land and buildings falling due as follows:

| | 2001 |
|---|----------|
| | HK\$'000 |
| | |
| Within one year | 8,582 |
| In the second to fifth years, inclusive | 2,627 |
| | 11,209 |

48. Operating Lease Arrangements (continued)

(b) As lessee (continued)

As at 31 December 2000, the Group had annual commitments payable in the following year under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of land and buildings expiring:

| | 2000 HK\$'000 |
|---|-------------------------|
| Within one year | 8,435 |
| In the second to fifth years, inclusive | 13,276 |
| | 21,711 |

The Company did not have significant operating lease arrangements at the balance sheet date.

49. Commitments

In addition to the operating lease commitments detailed in note 48 to the financial statements, the Group had the following commitments at the balance sheet date:

| | | Group | | |
|-----|--|----------|----------|--|
| | | 2001 | 2000 | |
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | |
| (a) | Capital commitments in respect of property, plant and equipment: | | | |
| | Contracted for | 23,504 | 4,889 | |
| | Authorised, but not contracted for | 942 | 242,286 | |
| | | 24,446 | 247,175 | |
| (b) | Other capital commitments: | | | |
| | Contracted for | 32,420 | 32,902 | |
| | | | | |
| (c) | Commitments in respect of properties under development: | | | |
| | Contracted for | _ | 183,005 | |

49. Commitments (continued)

- (d) In accordance with the EPC Contract, as referred to in note 24(c) to the financial statements, the Project Bureau is responsible for funding any overrun cost in the event that the ultimate cost exceeds the projected total cost of RMB4.7 billion.
 - The cost of RMB4.7 billion will be financed by a non interest-bearing loan facility of RMB2.53 billion, which originates from a loan facility granted by the Hong Kong Government to the Guangdong Provincial Government for the Phase IV Renovation Project, and an interest-bearing loan facility of RMB2.17 billion from a group of banks in Mainland China at a rate of 5.589% per annum. An aggregate amount of RMB810 million has been drawn from these banks as at 31 December 2001.
- (e) As further explained in note 46(b), pursuant to the Earnout Agreement, the Company is committed to issue 132 million Additional Shares to GDH Limited on whichever is the later date of 21 December 2003 and the date of completion of the Phase IV Renovation Project. The completion of the Phase IV Renovation Project is scheduled in the mid-2004.
 - Further issuance of the remaining 198 million Additional Shares is contingent on the fulfillment of certain future performance of WaterCo in accordance with the Earnout Agreement.
- (f) Pursuant to WaterCo's Articles of Association, the minority shareholder (also the Company's ultimate holding company, Yue Gang Investment, which directly holds 1% interest in WaterCo) is not entitled to any distributed profits of WaterCo for the first fifteen years of operations and 100% of the distributed profits for that period shall be made to GH Holdings. Starting from the sixteenth year of operations, 1.01% of the distributed profits of WaterCo for the first fifteen years of operations plus simple interest of 8% per annum on the unpaid amount of the distributed profits shall be made to Yue Gang Investment (collectively referred to as the "Deferred Dividend"). Once Yue Gang Investment has received the Deferred Dividend in full, all of the WaterCo's distributable profits are to be distributed to the GH Holdings and Yue Gang Investment according to their respective equity interests in WaterCo during the remaining operating period.
- (g) The Company entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement on 13 February 2001 for the Company's disposal of its entire 95% interest in and its shareholders' loans to ZPHK. The consideration, including compensation for the discontinuation of certain guaranteed profits, is US\$16.76 million. The directors believe that there will be a gain on disposal of this investment. In addition, as a condition precedent to the completion of the sale, Zhongshan Power Plant, the contractual joint venture held by ZPHK, is required to fully repay all its indebtedness to Yue Sheng Finance Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, together with interest. Up to the date of the financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors, this transaction had not yet been completed.

49. Commitments (continued)

- (h) A preliminary agreement has been entered into between the Group and an independent third party on 20 March 2001 for the disposal of the Group's 70% interest in Nanhua Cement held by GCM for a total consideration of RMB30 million. GCM, which was a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, was deconsolidated from the Group's financial statements in prior years. When completed, the disposal would result in an increase of the net worth of the Group as full provision had previously been made by the Company in the prior year against its entire interests in the GCM Group as part of the process for the Company to disengage from non-core businesses. Up to the date of the financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors, this transaction had not yet been completed.
- (i) As at 31 December 2001, certain subsidiaries of the Group have commitments to make an annual fee payments to their joint venture partners in Mainland China over the respective joint venture period. An aggregate amount of HK\$808,000 (2000: HK\$10,869,000) will be paid in the following year.

50. Contingent Liabilities

| | | Group | | | Company |
|-----|---|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|
| | | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 |
| | | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| (a) | Guarantees: | | | | |
| | Guarantees given for banking facilities | | | | |
| | granted and utilised by: | | | | |
| | - Wholly-owned subsidiaries | _ | _ | 887,861 | 1,685,524 |
| | Non wholly-owned subsidiaries | - | _ | 153,360 | 667,777 |
| | Guarantees given for banking facilities granted, | | | | |
| | in proportion of equity interest owned | | | | |
| | by the Company, and utilised | | | | |
| | by a jointly-controlled entity | - | 538,700 | _ | 538,700 |
| | Guarantees given to banks in respect of performance bonds issued for Full Arts Metal Works Limited, | | | | |
| | a wholly-owned subsidiary of GD Building (Note 6(a)) | 19,819 | 19,819 | 19,819 | 19,819 |
| | Guarantees given for banking facilities granted | | | | |
| | to a fellow subsidiary | 8,791 | 19,723 | 8,791 | 19,723 |
| | Guarantees given in respect of mortgage loans made by banks to the Group's purchasers | | | | |
| | of properties | 34,499 | 11,888 | _ | _ |
| | | 63,109 | 590,130 | 1,069,831 | 2,931,543 |

50. Contingent Liabilities (continued)

(b) As at 31 December 2000, the Company and GZ Panyu, a then indirect 80% owned subsidiary of the Company, guaranteed the repayment of bank mortgage loans amounting to HK\$1,389,000 and HK\$662,607,000 respectively (the "Mortgage Guarantee"), in respect of certain purchasers of properties developed by GZ Panyu. As a result of the Group's disposal of its 55.2% interest in GZ Panyu to Yue Gang Investment (or its nominee) (as referred to in note 52(vi) to the financial statements), both Yue Gang Investment and the Company agreed to use their best endeavour to procure a change in the terms of the Mortgage Guarantee to the effect that the Company's potential liabilities will be reduced to 24.8% (severally), which is the Group's effective interest in GZ Panyu at the completion date (the "Mortgage Guarantee Changes"). Should the terms imposed by the banks in connection with the Mortgage Guarantee Changes not be acceptable to the Company, Yue Gang Investment will provide a counter-guarantee to the Company to the extent of limiting the Company's potential liabilities exposed to the Mortgage Guarantee to 24.8% (the "Counter Mortgage Guarantee"). Up to the date of this report, the parties involved are actively following up on the above arrangement.

As at 31 December 2001, the Group and the Company had contingent liabilities of HK\$1,012,000 in respect of the Mortgage Guarantee.

(c) During the year and subsequent to the balance sheet date, Guangdong (H.K.) Tours Company Limited ("GD Tours"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, received certain claims in respect of traffic accidents in Mainland China involving members of tour groups organised by GD Tours. However, up to the date of this report, no legal proceedings have been commenced.

Based on legal advice, the directors are of the opinion that it is premature to estimate the outcome and hence, no provision has been made in the financial statements on account of the claims.

In any event, according to legal advice, GD Tours is not at fault. It has therefore already denied liability in its reply to the claims and will further vigorously contest any such claim which may be brought.

(d) In March 2001, Yue Sheng Finance Limited ("Yue Sheng"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, commenced legal proceedings in Mainland China to recover two outstanding loans in the total sum of HK\$40,000,000 together with interest from the two Chinese parties who were the guarantors for those loans. As at the date of this report, the legal proceedings are still in progress.

50. Contingent Liabilities (continued)

(d) (continued)

After trying without success to dispute the jurisdiction of the Chinese Court in the aforesaid proceedings, the two guarantors together with the borrower of those two loans commenced legal proceedings in Hong Kong against Yue Sheng and a former subsidiary of the Group in July 2001 seeking, inter alia, a declaration that they were under no legal obligation to repay the two loans and compensation. Steps are being taken by Yue Sheng to stay or alternatively to strike out the action. The interlocutory appeal thereon is pending.

Based on legal advice, the directors are of the view that the claim brought against Yue Sheng is without merit and no provision for the claims of the guarantors and the borrower was considered necessary as at 31 December 2001.

(e) In January 2001, Guangdong Enterprises (North America) Fur Holdings Limited ("GDNA") and Harbour Hill International Limited ("Harbour Hill"), both subsidiaries indirectly held by the Company, commenced an action in the Southern District of New York against a company called Hennessy International Group, Inc. ("HIGI") and its owners/controllers. HIGI is one-third held by GDNA and is an associate of the Group. GDNA and Harbour Hill are attempting to recover from the corporate defendant and the individual defendants approximately US\$2.25 million in financing that GDNA and Harbour Hill provided to HIGI. Defendants have counterclaimed for US\$2 million, claiming that GDNA and Harbour Hill wrongly terminated HIGI's financing. Both plaintiffs and defendants are moving for summary judgment, which motions have been fully submitted to the court by 8 March 2002.

The directors, based on legal advice, believe that the case for the claim against the Group is not a strong one and accordingly, no provision has been made as at 31 December 2001.

51. Pledge of Assets

As at 31 December 2001, certain of the Group's fixed assets, investment properties and bank deposits, with a total net book value of HK\$1,560,761,000 (2000: HK\$1,104,872,000) were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group.

Included in the above net book value of the pledged assets is an amount of HK\$1,494,456,000 (2000: HK\$1,038,608,000) related to pledged properties, plant and equipment.

In addition to the above, a property under development in Mainland China held under a long term lease with a carrying amount of HK\$64,000,000 as at 31 December 2001 was held by the court in Mainland China as security for the Group's legal proceeding against the recovery from a debtor of the Group.

52. Related Party Transactions

In addition to the transactions set out elsewhere in the financial statements, the Group had the following related party transactions during the year.

| | Notes | 2001 HK\$'000 | 2000 HK\$'000 |
|---|--------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Sale of electricity to a minority shareholder | | | |
| of a subsidiary | (i) | (578,001) | (633,407) |
| Gain on possession of additional interest in a subsidiary | | | |
| from the then minority shareholder as compensation | | | |
| for an uncollectable receivable | (ii) | _ | (12,697) |
| Rental income from GDH Limited and certain | | | |
| of its subsidiaries | (iii) | (7,459) | (1,416) |
| Interest income from a fellow subsidiary, GD Finance | (iv) | (6,207) | _ |
| General computer and SAP financial system maintenance | | | |
| service fees from GDH Limited and certain | | | |
| of its subsidiaries | (v) | (1,668) | _ |
| Property construction costs paid and | | | |
| payable to a fellow subsidiary | (viii) | 44,340 | _ |
| Annual fees to minority shareholders of subsidiaries | (ix) | 10,735 | 10,527 |
| Property management service fees paid | | | |
| to a fellow subsidiary | (x) | 2,346 | _ |
| Interest expense to: | | | |
| - GDE Group | (xi) | - | 2,069 |
| - Minority shareholders of subsidiaries | (xii) | 3,990 | 4,352 |
| - GDH Limited and certain of its subsidiaries | (xiii) | 135,533 | _ |
| Engineering facilities construction costs paid | | | |
| to a fellow subsidiary | (xiv) | 2,762 | _ |
| Repairs and maintenance service fees paid | | | |
| to a fellow subsidiary | (xv) | 1,640 | _ |

52. Related Party Transactions (continued)

Notes:

- (i) Under an operating agreement between the subsidiary and its minority shareholder dated 23 April 1994, the minority shareholder agreed to purchase all the electricity generated by the subsidiary. The sale of electricity was made at the price stipulated by the relevant government authority in Mainland China. The amount due from the minority shareholder of this subsidiary was HK\$123,025,000 as at 31 December 2001 (2000: HK\$166,915,000).
- (ii) On 16 November 1999, Guangdong Tannery Limited ("GD Tannery"), a 71.56% owned subsidiary of the Company, and its then minority shareholder entered into a share pledge agreement (the "Share Pledge Agreement"). Pursuant to the Share Pledge Agreement, the then minority shareholder pledged its entire interest in Gastor Enterprises Limited ("Gastor"), a then 60% owned subsidiary of GD Tannery, (the "Pledged Shares") to GD Tannery as security for the collection of trade receivables from a customer of the Group. GD Tannery had right to possess the Pledged Shares if the customer failed to settle the Group's receivables.
 - On 31 December 2000, the Group made full provision for the outstanding balance due from the aforesaid customer and GD Tannery exercised the right to possess the Pledged Shares valued at HK\$12,697,000 to reduce the provision made. Since that date, Gastor became a wholly-owned subsidiary of GD Tannery.
- (iii) The rental income arose from the letting of certain of the Group's office premises to GDH Limited and certain of its subsidiaries in accordance with their respective tenancy agreements. As at the balance sheet date, the Group's balances with GDH Limited are set out in note 33 to the financial statements whereas the Group did not have any balance with these fellow subsidiaries except those disclosed in note 41(b) to the financial statements.
- (iv) Guangdong Finance Co., Limited ("GD Finance") was a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company before the Company transferred its entire interest in GD Finance to GDH Limited as part of the consideration for the Acquisition. As at 31 December 2001, GD Finance was a wholly-owned subsidiary of GDH Limited and a fellow subsidiary of the Company. The interest income arose from the Company's loan to GD Finance prior to the Acquisition. Further details of which, including the terms of the loan, are set out in note 32 to the financial statements. In addition, prior to the Acquisition, the Company has, jointly and severally with GDE, guaranteed certain bank loans to GD Finance at nil consideration. As at 31 December 2001, the outstanding amounts of these bank loans so guaranteed were HK\$1,358,000 and US\$953,000 (2000: HK\$2,799,000 and US\$2,170,000).

52. Related Party Transactions (continued)

Notes: (continued)

- (v) The Company provided certain general computer and SAP financial system maintenance services to GDH Limited and certain of its subsidiaries during the year in accordance with the respective agreements between the Company and GDH Limited and these fellow subsidiaries. The Group's balances with GDH Limited as at the balance sheet date are set out in note 33 to the financial statements. The Group did not have any balance with these fellow subsidiaries except for those disclosed in note 41(b) to the financial statements.
- (vi) On 26 October 2001, Guangdong Properties Holdings Limited ("GD Properties"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a conditional agreement in respect of the disposal of a 55.2% interest in GZ Panyu to Yue Gang Investment (or its nominees) at a consideration of RMB220,890,000. This transaction was completed on 28 December 2001. Further details of this transaction are set out in the Company's announcement dated 26 October 2001.
- (vii) Prior to the Group's disposal of a 55.2% interest in GZ Panyu, a loan of RMB10 million was advanced by GZ Panyu to its substantial shareholder, namely廣州市番禺區房地產聯合開發總公司 (the "Borrower") through a bank in Mainland China pursuant to an entrusted loan arrangement (the "Arrangement"). Further details of the Arrangement are set out in the Company's announcement dated 11 October 2001.
 - The interest income from the Borrower prior to the Group's disposal of a 55.2% interest in GZ Panyu amounted to HK\$73,000 (2000: Nil).
- (viii) The construction costs arose from the property construction works on GZ Panyu's property development project performed by a fellow subsidiary of the Company in accordance with a contract awarded pursuant to a prior agreement between GZ Panyu and that fellow subsidiary. At the balance sheet date, the Group did not have balance with the fellow subsidiary.
- (ix) The annual fees paid by the Group are in accordance with the respective Sino-foreign Co-operative joint venture agreements.
- (x) The management fees arose from the property management services rendered by a fellow subsidiary of the Company to WaterCo under contracts entered into in accordance with the terms of an agreement made between WaterCo and the fellow subsidiary. At the balance sheet date, the Group did not have balance with the fellow subsidiary.

52. Related Party Transactions (continued)

Notes: (continued)

- (xi) The interest expense arose from a loan advanced to GD Timber (a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company before the Company transferred its entire interests in GD Timber to GDH Limited as part of the consideration for the Acquisition) by the GDE Group prior to the Acquisition. The loan bore interest at 8.5% per annum and was transferred out as a result of the Acquisition in the prior year.
- (xii) The interest expense arose from funds advanced by minority shareholders of the Company's subsidiaries, details of which, including the terms, are disclosed in note 34 to the financial statements.
- (xiii) The interest expense arose from (a) loans advanced by GDH Limited to the Group which amounted to HK\$113,241,000 as at 31 December 2001, further details of which are set out in note 33 to the financial statements; and (b) certain bank indebtedness and GH Holdings Debts of the Group amounting to HK\$1,882,247,000 as at 31 December 2001 held by GDH Limited and certain of its subsidiaries, further details of which are set out in notes 38, 41(b) and 43 to the financial statements.
- (xiv) The construction costs arose from the construction of certain engineering facilities for WaterCo by a fellow subsidiary of the Company in accordance with contracts entered into pursuant to an existing agreement between WaterCo and the fellow subsidiary. At the balance sheet date, the Group did not have balance with the fellow subsidiary.
- (xv) The service fees arose from the repairs and maintenance works rendered by a fellow subsidiary of the Company on certain of WaterCo's plant and machinery. Such services were rendered in accordance with contracts entered into as required under existing contractual arrangements between WaterCo and the fellow subsidiary. At the balance sheet date, the Group did not have balance with the fellow subsidiary.
- (xvi) On 15 January 2001, the Company entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement with GDH Limited for the Company's disposal of its entire 70% interest in Guangdong Group (Shenzhen) Ltd. ("GD Shenzhen") together with a receivable of RMB1,412,000 owing by GD Shenzhen to the Company for a total consideration of HK\$206 million. This transaction was completed on 12 April 2001. Further details of this transaction are set out in the Company's announcement dated 15 January 2001.

52. Related Party Transactions (continued)

Notes: (continued)

- (xvii) A minority shareholder of a subsidiary of the Company has guaranteed bank loans made to the respective subsidiary at nil consideration. The outstanding bank loans guaranteed by the minority shareholder of the subsidiary as at 31 December 2001 amounted to HK\$7,350,000 (2000: HK\$11,204,344).
- (xviii) A minority shareholder of a subsidiary of the Company had provided a guarantee to an independent third party for loans made available to the subsidiary amounting to RMB5,000,000 (2000: RMB5,000,000) as at 31 December 2001.
- (xix) The cash distribution made by GH Holdings out of its capital contribution reserve, amounted to HK\$23,699,000 (2000: Nil), was paid or payable to GDH Limited and certain of its subsidiaries as shareholders of GH Holdings. The distribution is in accordance with their respective interests in GH Holdings.

53. Connected Transactions

In addition to the disclosures set out in notes 19, 39(a), 46(b), 47(d), 50(a) and 52 above, the other connected transactions disclosed in accordance with Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules are as follows:

(a) As at 31 December 2000, advances made by the Company to Guangdong Brewery Holdings Limited ("GD Brewery"), a 72% owned subsidiary of the Company, were outstanding in the aggregate amount of HK\$96,708,000. The loans were used to finance the construction of plants and purchases of machinery and equipment for the brewing operations. The loan balances were unsecured, bore interest at rates ranging from six months' FIBOR plus 0.65% to six months' LIBOR plus 0.65% per annum. During the year, the loan advances were fully repaid.

53. Connected Transactions (continued)

(b) The GD Brewery group made advances to Shenzhen Kingway Brewery Co., Ltd. ("SKB") and Shenzhen Kingway Brewing Co., Ltd. ("SBL"), 95% and 87% owned subsidiaries of GD Brewery, respectively, to finance the construction of plants and purchases of machinery and equipment for their brewing operations.

At the balance sheet date, the amount due from SKB to the GD Brewery group amounted to HK\$212,570,000 (2000: HK\$232,747,000). Included in the amount due from SKB to the GD Brewery group is an unsecured loan of HK\$89,860,000 (2000: HK\$123,645,000) which bears interest at six month's LIBOR plus 0.75% per annum and is repayable within five years from the balance sheet date. The remaining outstanding loan balance of HK\$122,710,000 is unsecured, interest-free and is not repayable within one year from the balance sheet date (2000: HK\$109,102,000 bore interest at long term lending rate per annum announced by the People's Bank of China).

At the balance sheet date, the amount due from SBL to the GD Brewery group amounted to HK\$340,361,000 (2000: HK\$193,373,000). Included in the amount due from SBL to the GD Brewery group are unsecured loans of HK\$193,636,000 (2000: HK\$193,373,000) which bear interest at six months' LIBOR plus 0.75% per annum (2000: LIBOR plus 2% per annum) and of which HK\$50,136,000 (2000: HK\$50,136,000) is repayable within one year and the remaining balance of HK\$143,500,000 (2000: HK\$143,237,000) is repayable within five years from the balance sheet date. The remaining balance of HK\$146,725,000 (2000: Nil) is unsecured, interest-free and is not repayable within one year.

- (c) As at 31 December 2000, GD Brewery executed a guarantee for banking facility granted and utilised by SKB for its operations amounted to HK\$28,283,000. The loan utilised by SKB was fully repaid during the year.
- (d) The Company made advances to GD Teem, a 62.77% owned subsidiary, to finance GD Teem's working capital. At the balance sheet date, the outstanding balances, which amounted to HK\$917,000 (2000: HK\$18,855,000, which bore interest at rates ranging from 5.85% to 5.9% per annum) were unsecured, interest-free and had no fixed terms of repayment.
- (e) The Company made advances to Guangdong Power (International) Limited ("GPIL"), a 51% owned subsidiary, to finance GPIL's working capital. At the balance sheet date, the outstanding balance of HK\$4,782,000 was unsecured, interest-free and had no fixed terms of repayment.

53. Connected Transactions (continued)

- (f) At the balance sheet date, outstanding advances of HK\$1,200,000 were made by the Company to Honour Million Industries Limited ("HMI"), a 83.6% owned subsidiary, to finance HMI's working capital. Included in the amount due from HMI to the Company is an unsecured loan of HK\$1,066,000 which bears interest at 1.8% above LIBOR per annum and is repayable in accordance with the terms contained in certain bank debt restructuring agreement. The remaining balance of HK\$134,000 is unsecured, interest-free and has no fixed terms of repayment.
- (g) At the balance sheet date, outstanding advances of HK\$18,058,000 were made by the Company to Prospect Top Developments Limited ("PTD"), a 51% owned subsidiary, to finance PTD's working capital. Included in the amount due from PTD to the Company are unsecured loans of HK\$17,576,000 (2000: HK\$18,099,000), which bear interest at 2% above LIBOR per annum and are repayable in accordance with the terms contained in the bank debt restructuring agreement of PTD. The remaining balance of HK\$482,000 is unsecured, interest-free and has no fixed terms of repayment.
- (h) An advance was made by the Group to finance the working capital of Ningbo Malting Co., Ltd. ("NBM"), a 51% owned subsidiary. The outstanding balance of HK\$13,266,000 at the balance sheet date was unsecured, interest-free and had no fixed terms of repayment. The prior year balance of HK\$28,019,000 was unsecured, bore interest at 7.5% per annum and was repayable in accordance with the terms set out in the bank debt restructuring agreement of NBM.
- (i) At the balance sheet date, outstanding advances of HK\$208,778,000 were made by the Company to Nan Fang Holdings to finance its working capital. Included in the amount due from Nan Fang Holdings is an unsecured loan of HK\$81,184,000 which bears interest at 9% per annum and is repayable on demand. The remaining balance of HK\$127,594,000 is unsecured, interest-free and has no fixed terms of repayment.
- (j) The Group made advances to Guang Dong Nanhua Cement Limited, a 70% owned subsidiary, to finance its expansion projects. At the balance sheet date, the outstanding loan balance, which amounted to HK\$364,344,000 (2000: HK\$364,344,000), was unsecured, bore interest at the bank lending rate prevailing in Mainland China and had no fixed terms of repayment. Full provision was made in the prior year.

53. Connected Transactions (continued)

- (k) The Company made an advance to Zhongshan Power (Hong Kong) Limited ("ZPHK"), a 95% owned subsidiary, to finance its investment in a power plant project. At the balance sheet date, the outstanding balance of HK\$162,620,000 (2000: HK\$162,600,000) was unsecured, interest-free and had no fixed terms of repayment. During the year, the Company and a minority shareholder of ZPHK entered into a conditional agreement in respect of the Company's disposal of its entire interest in ZPHK. Pursuant to the agreement, ZPHK's amount due to the Company will be assigned to a minority shareholder of ZPHK as this forms part of the terms and conditions for the disposal of the Company's interest in ZPHK, details of which are set out in note 49(g).
- (I) The Company's wholly-owned subsidiary made a loan to Zhongshan Power Plant, a contractual joint venture of ZPHK, to finance its expansion of the power plant project. At the balance sheet date, the outstanding balance, which amounted to US\$17,500,000 (2000: US\$17,500,000), was secured, bore interest at 14.25% per annum and was repayable by 10 equal annual instalments commencing from April 1998. As a condition precedent for the disposal of the Company's interest in ZPHK, the aforesaid indebtedness of the Zhongshan Power Plant due to the Group will be repaid in full together with interest.
- (m) The Company's non wholly-owned subsidiary executed certain guarantees amounting to HK\$6,100,000 (2000: HK\$10,572,000) for banking facilities granted to Fonno International Industrial Limited ("Fonno"), a 42.94% owned subsidiary. At the balance sheet date, an outstanding advance of HK\$1,490,000 (2000: HK\$3,609,000) was made by the Group to Fonno to finance Fonno's operations. The balances are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment.
- (n) The Company executed certain guarantees for banking facilities granted to certain of its non whollyowned subsidiaries for their operations and expansion projects. The tenures of the guarantees range from one to four years from the respective dates of granting. At the balance sheet date, details of the guarantees were as follows:
 - (i) HK\$98,742,000 (2000: HK\$134,834,000) for banking facilities granted to and utilised by Guangdong Parking Limited, a 60% owned subsidiary;
 - (ii) HK\$5,321,000 (2000: HK\$11,445,000) for banking facilities granted to and utilised by Harbour Hill International Limited, a 71.56% owned subsidiary; and
 - (iii) HK\$45,722,000 (2000: HK\$69,216,000) for banking facilities granted to and utilised by PTD.

53. Connected Transactions (continued)

- (o) 深圳粤海酒店企業有限公司 (Shenzhen Guangdong Hotel Enterprise Ltd.) ("Shenzhen Hotel"), a 99% owned subsidiary, pursuant to an entrusted loan agreement, advanced an unsecured loan of RMB23,000,000 to GD Teem to finance its working capital. At the balance sheet date, the outstanding balance of the unsecured loan was RMB23,000,000, which bore interest at 4% per annum and was repayable in April 2002.
- (p) Tiannan, pursuant to an entrusted loan agreement, advanced an unsecured loan of RMB40,000,000 to GD Teem to finance its working capital. At the balance sheet date, the outstanding balance of the unsecured loan was RMB40,000,000, which bore interest at 4% per annum and was repayable in April 2002.
- (q) Subsequent to the balance sheet date in January and April 2002, Shenzhen Hotel, pursuant to relevant entrusted loan agreements, advanced unsecured loans of RMB8,000,000 and RMB7,000,000 to Nanhai Tannery & Leather Products Co., Ltd ("Nanhai Tannery"), a 71.56% owned subsidiary, and GD Teem, respectively, to finance their working capital. The unsecured loan to Nanhai Tannery bore interest at 4.2% per annum and was repayable in September 2002 whereas the unsecured loan to GD Teem bore interest at 3.8% per annum and was repayable in April 2003.
- (r) Subsequent to the balance sheet date in April 2002, Tiannan pursuant to an entrusted loan agreement, advanced an unsecured loan of RMB20,000,000 to GD Teem to finance its working capital. The unsecured loan to GD Teem bore interest at 3.8% per annum and was repayable in April 2003.
- (s) Subsequent to the balance sheet date in February 2002, the Company advanced unsecured loan of RMB20,000,000 to GD Teem to finance its working capital. The unsecured loan to GD Teem bore interest at 3.8% per annum and was repayable in August 2002.
- (t) Subsequent to the balance sheet date in January and April 2002, Yue Hai Hotel, Zhuhai, a wholly-owned subsidiary, pursuant to relevant entrusted loan agreements, advanced unsecured loans of RMB12,000,000 and RMB7,000,000 to Nanhai Tannery and GD Teem, respectively, to finance their working capital. The unsecured loan to Nanhai Tannery bore interest at 4.2% per annum and was repayable in January 2003 whereas the unsecured loan to GD Teem bore interest at 3.8% per annum and was repayable in April 2003.
- (u) Subsequent to the balance sheet date, unsecured loans, in an aggregate sum of RMB61,000,000, were advanced by the Company to GD Tannery to finance its working capital. The loans were then partially repaid, and as at the date of this report, the outstanding unsecured loans to GD Tannery was RMB25,000,000 which bore interest at 3.8% per annum and was repayable in November 2002.

53. Connected Transactions (continued)

(v) Subsequent to the balance sheet date in April 2002, the Company advanced an unsecured loan of RMB86,000,000 to GD Teem to finance its working capital. The unsecured loan to GD Teem bore interest at 3.8% per annum and was repayable in October 2002.

54. Post Balance Sheet Events

Subsequent to the balance sheet date, the Group had the following significant post balance sheet events:

- (i) The Company under the terms of the shareholders agreement of GH Holdings had exercised its first right of refusal in respect of certain GH Holdings shares which certain existing holders wished to transfer. Subsequent to the balance sheet date, the Company further acquired 0.32% interest in GH Holdings at a total consideration of HK\$5,760,000. As a result of these acquisitions, the Group increased its holdings in GH Holdings from 81.43% at the balance sheet date to 81.75% and recognised a negative goodwill of HK\$13,247,000.
- (ii) On 18 January 2002, the Company entered into 8 separate agreements with GDH Limited and certain of its subsidiaries for the provision of general computer maintenance services by the Company to them. The term of the services commenced on 1 January 2002 until determined by either party by one month's prior written notice and the service charges will be reviewed annually. On the same date, the Company also entered into 5 separate agreements with certain subsidiaries of GDH Limited for the provision of SAP financial system maintenance services by the Company to them. The term of the service commenced from 1 January 2002 until the termination of the use of SAP financial system. The monthly service charges will be reviewed annually. Further details of which are set out in the Company's announcement dated 18 January 2002.
- (iii) On 28 December 2001, the Company entered into a conditional agreement with another shareholder of Zhongshan Investment Limited ("ZSI") for the disposal of the Company's entire 38.4% interest in ZSI at RMB4 million. This transaction was completed in February 2002 and did not result in any significant impact on the financial results of the Group.
- (iv) GD Tannery's bank debt restructuring scheme (the "Scheme") was terminated following the full payment of its then bank debts of HK\$108 million subject to the Scheme on 31 January 2002. These bank debts were fully repaid by GD Tannery's internal resources and refinancing of HK\$50,000,000 arranged from a bank in Mainland China. The new bank loan is secured by certain debt securities held by the immediate company of the Company at nil consideration.

54. Post Balance Sheet Events (continued)

- (v) In October 2001, GD Tours entered into a provisional sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party in respect of disposal of its properties at a total cash consideration of HK\$71,500,000. The disposal is expected to be completed on 30 April 2002 and would not result in any significant gain or loss to the Group.
- (vi) In February and April 2002, certain subsidiaries of GD Tannery entered into certain provisional sale and purchase agreements with independent third parties in respect of disposal of their certain residential and office premises at a total cash consideration of HK\$16,800,000. These disposals have not yet been completed up to the date of this report and would not result in any significant gain or loss to the Group.
- (vii) In January 2002, certain subsidiaries of GD Tannery entered into two sale and purchase agreements with the "Liquidation Committees" which were set up by the order of the court in respect of purchasing certain plant and machinery of joint venture partners of Xuzhou Tannery and Xuzhou Gangwei in Mainland China amounting to RMB13,000,000 during their liquidation process.
- (viii) On 27 July 2001, the Company entered into a conditional agreement with the Chinese joint venture partner for the disposal of the Company's entire 56.01% interest in Nanfang at a consideration of HK\$850,000. Upon the effecting of all necessary changes to the business registration of Nanfang, this transaction was duly completed in April 2002. Nanfang, which was a subsidiary of the Company, was deconsolidated from the Group's financial statements in prior years. The disposal has resulted in an increase of the net worth of the Group as full provision had previously been made by the Company in the prior year against its entire interests in Nanfang as part of the process of the Company to disengage from non-core businesses.
- (ix) In April 2002, Nanhai Tanney pledged its land and buildings of HK\$63,898,000, carrying value as at 31 December 2001, for new bank loans in an aggregate amount of RMB36,000,000 granted to it by a bank in Mainland China.

55. Comparative Amounts

As further explained in notes 2 and 34 to the financial statements, due to the adoption of certain new and revised SSAPs during the year, the accounting treatment and presentation of certain items and balances in the financial statements have been revised to comply with the new requirements. Accordingly, certain prior year adjustments have been made and certain comparative amounts have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation.

56. Approval of the Financial Statements

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 12 April 2002.