#### 1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these accounts are set out below:

#### (a) **Basis of preparation**

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and comply with accounting standards issued by the Hong Kong Society of Accountants ("HKSA"). They have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

In the current year, the Group adopted the following Statements of Standard Accounting Practice ("SSAP") issued by the HKSA which are effective for accounting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2002:

:	Presentation of financial statements
:	Foreign currency translation
:	Cash flow statements
:	Discontinuing operations
:	Employee benefits
	: : :

These SSAPs prescribe new accounting measurement and disclosure practices. The major effects on the Group's accounting policies and on the amounts disclosed in these accounts of those SSAPs which have had a significant effect on the accounts, are summarised as follows:

(i) SSAP 1 (revised) and SSAP 15 (revised): Presentation of financial statements and cash flow statements

Adoption of these revised SSAPs have introduced revised disclosure requirements which have been adopted in these accounts. Comparative amounts and disclosure for the prior period have been restated in order to achieve a consistent presentation. The adoption of these revised SSAPs has no material effect on the Group's results for the current and prior periods.

#### (ii) SSAP 11 (revised): Foreign currency translation

The balance sheet of subsidiaries and jointly controlled entities expressed in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date whilst the profit and loss is translated at an average rate. Exchange differences are dealt with as a movement in reserves. The adoption of this revised SSAP has no material effect on the Group's results for the current and prior periods.

(iii) SSAP 33: Discontinuing operations

The objectives of SSAP 33 are to establish a basis for segregating information about a major operation that an enterprise has discontinued from information about its continuing operations and to specify minimum disclosures about a discontinued operation. Details of discontinuing operations have been disclosed in note 3 to the accounts.

### (a) Basis of preparation (Continued)

(iv) SSAP 34 (revised): Employee benefits

In 2002, the Group has adopted the provisions of SSAP 34 "Employee benefits". The adoption of this revised SSAP has no material effect on the Group's results for the current and prior periods.

### (b) Consolidation

The consolidated accounts include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 31 December.

Subsidiaries are those entities in which the Company, directly or indirectly, controls more than one half of the voting power; has the power to govern the financial and operating policies; to appoint or remove the majority of the members of the board of directors; or to cast majority of votes at the meetings of the board of directors.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated profit and loss account from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate.

All significant intercompany transactions and balances within the Group are eliminated on consolidation.

The gain or loss on the disposal of a subsidiary represents the difference between the proceeds of the sale and the Group's share of its net assets together with any unamortised goodwill or negative goodwill or goodwill/negative goodwill taken to reserves and which was not previously charged or recognised in the consolidated profit and loss account.

In the Company's balance sheet the interests in subsidiaries are stated at cost less provision for impairment losses. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable.

The consolidated accounts for the year ended 31 December 2001 have been prepared using the merger basis of accounting, as a result of a group reorganisation (the "Reorganisation") on 17 October 2001. Pursuant to the Reorganisation, the Company became the holding company of the companies now comprising the Group and was listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited in place of Hi Sun Holdings Limited ("HSHL").

Full details of the Reorganisation are summarised in the "Group Reorganisation" circular to the shareholders of HSHL dated 9 August 2001.

On this basis, the Company has been treated as the holding company of its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 December 2001, rather than from the date of its acquisition of the subsidiaries. Accordingly, the consolidated results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2001 include the results of the Company and its subsidiaries with effect from 1 January 2001 or since their respective dates of incorporation where this is a shorter period.

### (c) Translation of foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities expressed in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated at rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising in these cases are dealt with in the consolidated profit and loss account.

The balance sheet of subsidiaries and jointly controlled entities expressed in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date whilst the profit and loss is translated at an average rate. Exchange differences are dealt with as a movement in reserves.

#### (d) Fixed assets

#### (i) Fixed assets

Leasehold land and buildings, leasehold improvements, office furniture and equipment, plant and equipment and motor vehicles are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

#### (ii) Depreciation

Leasehold land and buildings are depreciated over the period of the lease while other fixed assets are depreciated at rates sufficient to write off their costs over their estimated useful lives, on a straight-line basis. The principal annual rates are as follows:

Leasehold land and buildings	2% - 6%
Leasehold improvements	20%
Office furniture and equipment	18% - 25%
Plant and equipment	9% - 25%
Motor vehicles	18% - 25%

Major costs incurred in restoring fixed assets to their normal working condition are charged to the consolidated profit and loss account. Improvements are capitalised and depreciated over their expected useful lives to the Group.

#### (iii) Impairment and gain or loss on sale

At each balance sheet date, both internal and external sources of information are considered to assess whether there is any indication that assets included in fixed assets are impaired. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated and where relevant, an impairment loss is recognised to reduce the asset to its recoverable amount. Such impairment losses are recognised in the consolidated profit and loss account.

The gain or loss on disposal of a fixed asset is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset, and is recognised in the consolidated profit and loss account.

#### (e) **Operating leases**

Leases where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of assets remain with the leasing company are accounted for as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases net of any incentives received from the leasing company are charged to the consolidated profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the lease periods.

### (f) Inventories

Inventories comprise raw materials, work in progress and finished goods and are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost, calculated on the first-in, first-out basis, comprises materials and direct labour. Net realisable value is determined on the basis of anticipated sales proceeds less estimated selling expenses.

## (g) Construction and installation contracts

The Group uses the percentage of completion method to determine the appropriate amount of revenue and costs to be recognised in a given period; the stage of completion is measured by reference to the costs, comprising direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed construction overheads, incurred to date as compared to the estimated total costs to be incurred under the construction and installation contracts and or by reference to independent qualified surveyor's assessment reports. When it is probable total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognised as an expense immediately. Provision is made for foreseeable losses as soon as they are anticipated by management.

The aggregate of the costs incurred and the profit or loss recognised on each contract is compared against the progress billings up to the year-end. Where costs incurred and recognised profits (less recognised losses) exceed progress billings, the balance is shown as due from customers on construction and installation contracts, under current assets. Where progress billings exceed costs incurred plus recognised profits (less recognised losses), the balance is shown as due to customers on construction and installation contracts, under current liabilities.

#### (h) Accounts receivable

Provision is made against accounts receivable to the extent they are considered to be doubtful. Accounts receivable in the balance sheet are stated net of such provision.

### (i) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the balance sheet at cost. For the purpose of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, and cash investments with a maturity of three months or less from date of investment and bank overdrafts.

## (j) **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Where the Group expects a provision to be reimbursed, for example under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain.

## (k) Employee benefits

(i) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the balance sheet date.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity or paternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

#### (ii) Pension obligations

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme (the "Pension Scheme") set up pursuant to the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, for all of its employees in Hong Kong. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to the consolidated profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the Pension Scheme. The assets of the Pension Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administrated fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed to the Pension Scheme, except for the Group's employer voluntary contributions, which are refunded to the Group when the employee leaves employment prior to vesting fully in the contributions, in accordance with the rules of the Pension Scheme.

In addition, pursuant to the government regulations in The People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), the Group is required to contribute an amount to certain retirement benefit schemes based on 25.5% of the wages for the year of those workers in the PRC. The local municipal government undertakes to assume the retirement benefits obligations of those workers of the Group. Contributions to these retirement benefits schemes are charged to the consolidated profit and loss account as incurred.

### (I) Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is accounted for at the current taxation rate in respect of timing differences between profit as computed for taxation purposes and profit as stated in the accounts to the extent that a liability or an asset is expected to be payable or recoverable in the foreseeable future.

#### (m) Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. It can also be a present obligation arising from past events that is not recognised because it is not probable that outflow of economic resources will be required or the amount of obligation cannot be measured reliably.

### (m) Contingent liabilities and contingent assets (Continued)

A contingent liability is not recognised but is disclosed in the notes to the accounts. When a change in the probability of an outflow occurs so that outflow is probable, they will then be recognised as a provision.

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non occurrence of one or more uncertain events not wholly within the control of the Group.

Contingent assets are not recognised but are disclosed in the notes to the accounts when an inflow of economic benefits is probable. When inflow is virtually certain, an asset is recognised.

#### (n) Revenue recognition

Information system consultancy and integration service income is recognised when the services are rendered.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised on the transfer of risks and rewards of ownership, which generally coincides with the time when the goods are delivered to customers and title is passed.

Revenue from construction and installation contracts is recognised based on the stage of completion of the construction and installation work, provided that the revenue and the costs incurred, as well as the estimated costs to completion, can be measured reliably. The stage of completion of the construction and installation work performed is established by reference to the costs incurred to date as compared to the estimated total costs to be incurred under the construction and installation contracts and by reference to independent qualified surveyor's assessment reports.

Operating lease rental income is recognised on a straight line basis.

Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis, taking into account the principal amounts outstanding and the interest rate applicable.

#### (o) Negative goodwill

Negative goodwill represents the excess of the fair value of the Group's share of the net assets of the acquired subsidiary over the cost of acquisition.

To the extent that negative goodwill relates to expectations of future losses and expenses that are identified in the Group's plan for the acquisition and can be measured reliably, but which do not represent identifiable liabilities at the date of acquisition, that portion of negative goodwill is recognised in the consolidated profit and loss account when the future losses and expenses are recognised. Any remaining negative goodwill, not exceeding the fair values of the non-monetary assets acquired, is recognised in the consolidated profit and loss account over the remaining weighted average useful life of those assets of 5 years; negative goodwill in excess of the fair values of those non-monetary assets is recognised in the consolidated profit and loss account immediately.

## (p) Related parties

Related parties included companies in which the directors of the Company have beneficial interests or parties which are subject to common control or common significant influence in making significant financial and operating decisions.

### 2. TURNOVER, REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group is principally engaged in the sale of computer hardware and software, provision of information system consultancy and integration services and the construction and installation of curtain wall system. Revenues recognised during the year are as follows:

	2002	2001
	HK\$′000	НК\$′000
Turnover		
Sales of goods	287,247	191
Provision of information system consultancy and		
integration services	78,803	-
Value of construction and installation work performed	3,946	35,284
	369,996	35,475
Other revenue		
Rental income	238	410
Interest income	460	16
Waiver of payment to a sub-contractor	454	-
Others	787	
	1 <i>,</i> 939	426
Total revenue	371,935	35,901

#### 2. TURNOVER, REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

#### Primary reporting format – business segments

The Group is organised into five main business segments:

- (a) Financial solutions, services and related products provisions of customised information system consultancy and integration services and sales of computer hardware to financial institutions and banks;
- (b) Telecommunication solutions, services and related products provision of customised information system consultancy and integration services and sales of computer hardware to the telecommunication industries;
- (c) Electronic payment products and services sales of point-of-sale ("POS") terminals;
- (d) Construction and installation of curtain wall system construction and installation of curtain wall system and aluminium windows; and
- (e) Sanitary ware and kitchen cabinets sales and distribution of sanitary ware and kitchen cabinets.

On 30 September 2002, the construction and installation of curtain wall system segment and the sales and distribution of sanitary ware and kitchen cabinets segment were disposed of to an independent third party (Note 3).

In determining the Group's geographical segments, revenues and results are attributed to the segments based on the location of the customers.

There are no sales or other transactions between the business segments.

### Secondary reporting format - geographical segments

The Group's five business segments operate in two main geographical areas:

Hong Kong, Korea and South East Asia	-	financial solutions, services and related products, electronic payment products and services, construction and installation of curtain wall system, and sales and distribution of sanitary ware and kitchen cabinets
Mainland China	-	financial solutions, services and related products, telecommunication solutions, services and related products, and electronic payment products and services

There are no sales or other transactions between the geographical segments.

## 2. TURNOVER, REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Primary reporting format - business segments (Continued)

	Financial solutions, services and related products 2002 HK\$'000	Telecom- munication solutions, services and related products 2002 HK\$'000	Electronic payment products and services 2002 HK\$'000	Discontinuing operations 2002 HK\$'000	Other operations 2002 HK\$'000	Group 2002 HK\$'000
Turnover	287,168	33,146	45,736	3,946	-	369,996
Other revenue	530	97	491	248	573	1,939
Segment results	(26,443)	(4,548)	(6,330)	(3,413)	(4,632)	(45,366)
Gain on disposal of discontinuing operations					-	6,701
Operating loss Finance costs					-	(38,665) (2,140)
Loss before taxation Taxation					-	(40,805) (23)
Loss attributable to shareholders					-	(40,828)
Segment assets	192,362	22,445	56,368	-	41,137	312,312
Segment liabilities	(178,035)	(29,450)	(39,527)	-	(1,088)	(248,100)
Other segment information: Depreciation Provision for/(write-back) of provision for	5,458	1,019	481	469	2	7,429
doubtful debts	481	-	-	(3,651)	-	(3,170)
Provision for other receivables	280	-	-	-	-	280
Provision for obsolete inventories	-	-	2,237	-	-	2,237
Write-back of provision for contract work in progress	-	-	-	(5,218)	-	(5,218)
Loss on disposal and write off of fixed assets Capital expenditure	73 5,372	- 292	12 677	2,370 111	- 12	2,455 6,464

## 2. TURNOVER, REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Primary reporting format - business segments (Continued)

	Construction	Sales and		
	and	distribution of		
	installation	sanitary ware		
	of curtain	and kitchen	Other	
	wall system	cabinets	operations	Group
	2001	2001	2001	2001
	HK\$'000	HK\$′000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Turnover	35,284	191	_	35,475
Other revenue	395	31	-	426
Segment results	(8,373)	822	(761)	(8,312)
inance costs				(5,094)
Non-operating income, net			_	353,795
Profit before taxation				340,389
ax credit			_	3
Profit after taxation				340,392
Ainority interests				2,573
Profit attributable to shareholders			_	342,965
begment assets	26,907	362	19,062	46,331
Segment liabilities	(21,813)	(3,783)	(462)	(26,058)
Other segment information:				
Depreciation	1,153	17	-	1,170
Provision for impairment in values of leasehold land and buildings Write-back of provision for	589	-	-	589
doubtful debts	(3,688)	(906)	-	(4,594)
Vrite-back of provision for contract work in progress	(12,866)	-	-	(12,866)
Vrite-back of provision for warranty, net	(2,643)	-	_	(2,643)
Vrite-back of provision for legal claims	(2,300)	-	-	(2,300)
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	(1,378)	-	-	(1,378)
Capital expenditure	393	-	-	393
Non cash expenses	953	-	-	953

## 2. TURNOVER, REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

## Secondary reporting format – geographical segments

	Turnover 2002 HK\$'000	Segment results 2002 HK\$'000	Total assets 2002 HK\$′000	Capital expenditure 2002 HK\$'000
Hong Kong, Korea and				
South East Asia	42,353	(9,975)	52,269	124
Mainland China	327,643	(35,391)	260,043	6,340
	369,996	(45,366)	312,312	6,464
Unallocated income, net		6,701		
Operating loss		(38,665)		
		Segment	Total	Capital
	Turnover	results	assets	expenditure
	2001	2001	2001	2001
	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	HK\$′000
Hong Kong	30,169	(4,718)	42,807	218
Mainland China	5,306	(3,594)	3,524	175
	35,475	(8,312)	46,331	393
Unallocated costs				
Operating loss		(8,312)		

### 3. GAIN ON DISPOSAL OF DISCONTINUING OPERATIONS

On 7 November 2002 the Group publicly announced to sell the construction and installation of curtain wall system segment and the sales and distribution of sanitary ware and kitchen cabinets segment. HSHL, a then subsidiary, and its subsidiaries comprising these segments were sold on 30 September 2002 and is reported in these accounts as discontinuing operations. The sales, results, cash flows and net assets of these segments were as follows:

	Nine months to 30 September	Twelve months to 31 December
	2002 HK\$′000	2001 HK\$′000
Turnover	3,946	35,475
Cost of sales	(4,726)	(42,351)
Gross loss	(780)	(6,876)
Other revenue	248	426
Operating costs	(11,750)	(18,561)
Write back of provision for doubtful debts	3,651	4,594
Write back of provision for contract work in progress	5,218	12,866
Operating loss	(3,413)	(7,551)
Finance costs	(34)	(5,094)
Non-operating income, net	-	353,795
(Loss)/profit before taxation	(3,447)	341,150
Tax credit	18	3
(Loss)/profit after taxation	(3,429)	341,153
Net operating cash outflow	(2,173)	(8,471)
Net investing cash inflow/(outflow)	12,324	(475)
Net financing cash outflow	(1,656)	(2,451)
Total net cash inflow/(outflow)	8,495	(11,397)

## 3. GAIN ON DISPOSAL OF DISCONTINUING OPERATIONS (Continued)

	At	At
	30 September	31 December
	2002	2001
	HK\$′000	HK\$'000
Fixed assets (Note 12)	3,777	18,663
Interest in a jointly controlled entity	(2,335)	(2,335)
Current assets	13,747	11,473
Total assets	15,189	27,801
Total liabilities	(16,412)	(25,595
Net (liabilities)/assets	(1,223)	2,206
Net liabilities sold	(1,223)	
Reclassifications from shareholders' equity (Note 24)		
– exchange difference	825	
<ul> <li>reserve funds</li> </ul>	(273)	
Proceeds from sale	(8,500)	
Waiver of amount due to the Group	2,102	
Legal and professional fees in respect of the disposal	368	
Gain on disposal of discontinuing operations	(6,701)	
Taxation thereon		
After tax gain on disposal	(6,701)	
	At	
	30 September	
	2002	
	HK\$′000	
The net cash inflow on sale is determined as follows:		
Proceeds from sale, net of expenses	8,132	
Less: cash and cash equivalents in subsidiaries sold	(9,547)	
Sale of subsidiaries, net of expenses and cash disposed	(1,415)	

## 4. OPERATING LOSS

The Group's operating loss is stated after crediting and charging the following:

	2002	2001
	НК\$′000	НК\$′000
Crediting		
Net exchange gains	-	55
Write-back of provision for warranty, net	-	2,643
Write-back of provision for legal claims	-	2,300
Refund of value added tax	2,507	
Charging		
Auditors' remuneration	1,160	540
Depreciation:		
Owned fixed assets	7,429	1,170
Staff costs (Note 7)	90,149	11,609
Operating lease rentals for land and buildings	9,032	47
Provision for impairment in values		
of leasehold land and buildings	-	589
Loss on disposal and write off of fixed assets	2,455	139
Provision for doubtful debts	481	-
Provision for other receivables	280	308
Provision for obsolete inventories	2,237	-
Provision for amounts due from		
minority shareholders of a subsidiary	-	506
Net exchange losses	150	-

## 5. FINANCE COSTS

	2002 HK\$′000	2001 HK\$′000
Interest on bank loans and overdrafts	2,140	4,906
Interest on other loans wholly repayable within five years		82
Interest on finance leases		106
	2,140	5,094

### 6. NON-OPERATING INCOME, NET

On 10 February 2001, Hi Sun Limited, the Company's ultimate holding company, entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement (the "Agreement") with Guangdong Investment Limited ("GDI"), the then controlling shareholder of HSHL, to acquire its entire holding of 48,138,892 shares in the capital of HSHL. Pursuant to the Agreement, GDI and its subsidiaries (collectively the "GDI Group") agreed to waive the net balance owed by HSHL and its subsidiaries to the GDI Group. The Agreement was completed on 3 March 2001 and the indebtedness waived by the GDI Group, net of expenses of approximately HK\$3,731,000, amounted to approximately HK\$353,795,000.

## 7. STAFF COSTS

Excluding directors' remuneration

	2002	2001
	НК\$′000	HK\$′000
Wages and salaries	87,408	12,565
Pension costs – defined contribution plan	3,121	244
Less: staff costs capitalised into contract work in progress	(380)	(1,200)
	90,149	11,609

## 8. DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT EMOLUMENTS

#### (a) Directors' emoluments

The aggregate amounts of emoluments payable to Directors of the Company during the year are as follows:

	2002 HK\$′000	2001 HK\$′000
Fees	305	201
Other emoluments:		
Basic salaries, other allowances and benefits in kind	320	-
Contributions to pension schemes for Directors	8	
	633	201

### 8. DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

## (a) Directors' emoluments (Continued)

The emoluments of the Directors fell within the following bands:

	Number of	<b>Directors</b>
Emolument bands	2002	2001
HK\$nil – HK\$1,000,000	9	9

There was no arrangement under which a Director waived or agreed to waive any emolument during the year.

## (b) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year included one Director (2001: Nil) whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The emoluments payable to the remaining four (2001: five) individuals during the year are as follows:

	2002 HK\$′000	2001 HK\$′000
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	3,057	3,687

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

	Number of individuals		
Emolument bands	2002	2001	
HK\$nil – HK\$1,000,000	3	4	
HK\$1,000,001 – HK\$1,500,000	-	1	
HK\$1,500,001 – HK\$2,000,000	1	-	

#### 9. TAXATION

The amount of taxation charged/(credited) to the consolidated profit and loss account represents:

	2002	2001
	HK\$′000	HK\$′000
Current taxation:		
– Hong Kong profits tax	41	-
Overprovision in prior years	(18)	(3)
Taxation charge/(credit) for the year	23	(3)

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16% on the estimated assessable profit for the year (2001: Nil).

Pursuant to an approval from the Beijing Tax Bureau, the taxable income in respect of information technology products and services of certain subsidiaries of the Group are entitled to three years' PRC income tax exemption commencing from 1 January 2000. In addition, no provision for overseas profits tax has been provided in these accounts as the Group has no estimated assessable overseas profit for the year.

No provision for deferred taxation has been made in the accounts as there are no material timing differences which are expected to crystallise in the foreseeable future (2001: Nil).

## **10. LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS**

The loss attributable to shareholders is dealt with in the accounts of the Company to the extent of HK\$916,000 (2001: HK\$2,723,000).

#### 11. BASIS (LOSS)/EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic (loss)/earnings per share is based on the Group's loss attributable to shareholders of HK\$40,828,000 (2001: profit of HK\$342,965,000) and on the weighted average number of 215,119,396 (2001: 170,356,666) ordinary shares in issue during the year.

The weighted average number of shares in issue used to calculate the basic (loss)/earnings per share for the years ended 31 December 2002 and 2001 has been adjusted for the effect of the Company's bonus issue and rights issue as set out in note 23(f) and (h) to the accounts respectively.

There were no dilutive effects on the basic (loss)/earnings per share for the years ended 31 December 2002 and 2001.

## 12. FIXED ASSETS

	Group					
	Leasehold	Leasehold	Office furniture			
	land and	improve-	and	Plant and	Motor	
	buildings	ments	equipment	equipment	vehicles	Total
	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	HK\$′000
Cost:						
At 1 January 2002	42,729	1,180	1,918	37	1,688	47,552
Additions	-	358	5,588	165	353	6,464
Disposals	(36,830)	(1,180)	(1,272)	(37)	-	(39,319)
Acquisition of subsidiaries						
(Note 25(d))	-	5,947	16,763	278	3,463	26,451
Disposal of subsidiaries						
(Note 3)	(5,899)	(105)	(755)	-	(1,686)	(8,445
At 31 December 2002	-	6,200	22,242	443	3,818	32,703
Accumulated depreciation and impairment:						
At 1 January 2002	24,604	1,177	1,383	37	1,688	28,889
Charge for the year	243	2,376	4,004	45	761	7,429
Disposals	(22,383)	(1,178)	(1,109)	(37)	-	(24,707
Disposal of subsidiaries						
(Note 3)	(2,464)	(16)	(502)	-	(1,686)	(4,668
At 31 December 2002	-	2,359	3,776	45	763	6,943
Net book value:						
At 31 December 2002	-	3,841	18,466	398	3,055	25,760
At 31 December 2001	18,125	3	535	-	_	18,663

### 12. FIXED ASSETS (Continued)

	Company Office
	furniture and
	equipment
	HK\$'000
Cost:	
At 1 January 2002	-
Additions	12
At 31 December 2002	12
Accumulated depreciation:	
At 1 January 2002	-
Charge for the year	1
At 31 December 2002	1
Net book value:	
At 31 December 2002	11
At 31 December 2001	

### **13. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES**

	Company	
	2002	2001
	НК\$′000	HK\$′000
Unlisted investments, at cost	4,136	4,136
Less: Provision for impairment		(2,000)
	4,136	2,136
Due from/(to) subsidiaries	59,078	(515)
	63,214	1,621

The balances with subsidiaries are unsecured, interest free, and have no fixed terms of repayment, except for amounts due from subsidiaries of HK\$3,000,000, which are unsecured, bear interest at Hong Kong Dollar Prime Lending Rate plus 2% per annum, and are repayable within one year.

## 13. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

The following is a full list of the subsidiaries at 31 December 2002:

Name	Place of incorporation and type of legal entity	Principal activities and place of operation	Particulars of issued share capital/ registered capital	Interest held	Note
Autocare Limited	British Virgin Islands ("BVI"), limited liability company	Investment holding in BVI	4,230,769 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100%	а
北京高陽金信信息技術 有限公司 (Beijing Hi Sun Advanced Business Solution Information Technology Limited)	PRC, limited liability company	Provision of financial and banking solutions and services in the PRC	HK\$60,000,000	100%	a
北京高陽聖思園信息技術 有限公司 (Beijing Hi Sunsray Information Technology Limited)	PRC, limited liability company	Provision of telecommunication solutions and services in the PRC	HK\$27,000,000	100%	a
Emerging Technology Limited	BVI, limited liability company	Investment holding in BVI	7,692,308 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100%	а
Hi Sun (BVI) Limited	BVI, limited liability company	Investment holding in BVI	2 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	*100%	
Hi Sun Consulting Limited	BVI, limited liability company	Provision of consultancy services in Hong Kong	100 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100%	
Hi Sun Development Management Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	Provision of management services in Hong Kong	2 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%	

### 13. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

Name	Place of incorporation and type of legal entity	Principal activities and place of operation	Particulars of issued share capital/ registered capital	Interest held	Note
Hi Sun Technology Holding Limited	Bermuda, limited liability company	Provision of financial and banking solutions and services in Hong Kong	168,070,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each	100%	a
Pax Technology Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	Sale of POS terminals in Hong Kong	35,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%	a
Turbo Speed Technology Limited	BVI, limited liability company	Investment holding in BVI	3,589,744 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100%	a
百富計算機技術(深圳) 有限公司 (Pax Technology (Shenzhen) Limited)	PRC, limited liability company	Sale of POS terminals in the PRC	НК\$3,000,000	100%	а

\* Shares held directly by the Company

Note:

(a) On 28 February 2002, the Group acquired 100% of the share capital of Hi Sun Technology Holding Limited which, together with its subsidiaries (collectively the "HST Group"), are principally engaged in the provision of customised information system consultancy and integration services. The consideration of HK\$9,600,000 was settled in cash. The fair value of the net identifiable assets of the HST Group at the date of acquisition was HK\$10,021,000. The acquired business contributed revenues of HK\$366,050,000 and operating loss of HK\$37,321,000 to the Group for the period from 28 February 2002 to 31 December 2002. The net assets of the acquired business as at 31 December 2002 was HK\$24,163,000.

## 14. INTEREST IN A JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITY

The Group's interest in Shanghai Full Arts Curtain Wall Engineering Co., Limited, a jointly controlled entity incorporated in the PRC, was disposed of during the year following the Group's discontinuance of the construction and installation of curtain wall system business in September 2002.

## **15. INVENTORIES**

	Group	
	2002	2001
	HK\$′000	HK\$′000
Finished goods	14,898	-
Raw materials	5,472	-
Work in progress	5,148	_
	25,518	

As 31 December 2002, the amount of inventories that are carried at net realisable value amounted to HK\$3,039,000 (2001: Nil).

### 16. CONSTRUCTION AND INSTALLATION CONTRACT RECEIVABLES

Prior year construction and installation contract receivables of HK\$4,120,000 was related to a subsidiary of the Company engaged in the construction and installation of curtain wall system business which was disposed of by the Group in September 2002.

## **17. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES**

	Group		Co	mpany
	2002	2001	2002	2001
	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	HK\$′000
Trade receivables, net of				
provisions (Note)	143,467	4,734	-	-
Prepayments, deposits and				
other receivables	24,292	944	1,592	141
	167,759	5,678	1,592	141

Note: The Group's credit term to trade debtors ranges from 0 to 180 days. At 31 December 2002, the ageing analysis of the trade receivables was as follows:

	Group	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	001 <i>000</i>
Current to 90 days	-	625
91 to 180 days	· -	435
181 to 365 days	<b>8,871</b> 1,0	073
Over 365 days	<b>1,635</b> 1,6	601
	<b>143,467</b> 4,7	734

	G	roup	Company		
	<b>2002</b> 2001		2002	2001	
	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	
Trade payables (Note)	65,963	8,472	_	_	
Other payables and accruals	114,682	13,682	713	442	
	180,645	22,154	713	442	

### **18. TRADE PAYABLES, OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS**

Note: At 31 December 2002, the ageing analysis of the trade payables was as follows:

	Group	
	2002 HK\$′000	2001 <i>HK\$′000</i>
Current to 90 days	53,822	1,126
91 to 180 days	8,568	129
181 to 365 days	3,573	1,033
Over 365 days		6,184
	65,963	8,472

### **19. SHORT TERM BANK BORROWINGS**

	Group		
	2002	2001	
	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	
Bank overdrafts, secured (Note (a))	13,452	233	
Trust receipt loans, secured (Note (a))	2,960	1,656	
Short term bank loans, secured (Note (a))	12,757	-	
Short term bank loan, unsecured (Note (b))	28,037		
	57,206	1,889	

#### Note:

- (a) As at 31 December 2002, bank overdrafts, trust receipt loans and short term bank loans of HK\$29,169,000 were secured by fixed deposits at banks of HK\$19,000,000, deposits in a bank guaranteed fund of HK\$1,014,000, personal guarantee of HK\$7,000,000 from a Director of the Company, and corporate guarantee of HK\$30,000,000 by the Company in accordance with the banking facility terms provided to certain subsidiaries of the Group for trading arrangement with their suppliers.
- (b) Unsecured short term bank loan of RMB30,000,000 (approximately HK\$28,037,000) was guaranteed by an independent third party, of which RMB20,000,000 (approximately HK\$18,692,000) was counter-guaranteed by the Company to the independent third party.

#### 20. PROVISION FOR WARRANTY

Prior year warranty provision of HK\$2,015,000 was related to a subsidiary of the Company engaged in the construction and installation of curtain wall system business which was disposed of by the Group in September 2002.

## 21. DUE TO FELLOW SUBSIDIARIES AND THE ULTIMATE HOLDING COMPANY

The amounts due to fellow subsidiaries and the ultimate holding company are interest free, unsecured, and have no fixed terms of repayment.

## 22. PENSION OBLIGATIONS

	Group		
	2002	2001	
	НК\$′000	HK\$′000	
Obligations on:			
– pensions – defined contribution plan (Note)	1,234		
	1,234		

Note: No contribution was forfeited during the year.

## 23. SHARE CAPITAL

		Autha Ordinary HK\$0.0	shares of
	Note	No. of shares	HK\$′000
On incorporation, 31 May 2001	(a)	10,000,000	100
Increase in authorised ordinary share capital	(b)	990,000,000	9,900
At 31 December 2001 and 2002		1,000,000,000	10,000

#### 23. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

		lssued and ordinary HK\$0.0	shares of
	Note	No. of shares	НК\$′000
Issue of shares (on 7 June 2001)	(c)	10,000,000	-
Issue of shares (on 17 October 2001)	(d)	74,218,010	842
Issue of shares (on 24 December 2001)	(e)	16,800,000	168
At 31 December 2001		101,018,010	1,010
Bonus issue of shares	(f)	101,018,010	1,010
Issue of shares (on 17 July 2002)	(g)	20,000,000	200
Issue of shares (on 24 December 2002)	(h)	111,018,010	1,110
At 31 December 2002		333,054,030	3,330

Note:

- (a) On incorporation, the Company had an authorised share capital of HK\$100,000 divided into 10,000,000 shares of HK\$0.01 each.
- (b) Pursuant to the terms of the Reorganisation, the authorised share capital of the Company was increased from HK\$100,000 to HK\$10,000,000 by the creation of an additional 990,000,000 shares of HK\$0.01 each ranking pari passu in all respects with the existing share capital of the Company.
- (c) On 7 June 2001, 10,000,000 shares of HK\$0.01 each were allotted and issued as nil paid.
- (d) On 17 October 2001, pursuant to the Reorganisation, the Company allotted and issued 74,218,010 new shares of HK\$0.01 each credited as fully paid at par, and credited as fully paid at par 10,000,000 shares allotted and issued nil paid as set out in (c) above, to the then shareholders of HSHL, in consideration for their transfer of shares in HSHL to Hi Sun (BVI) Limited, a subsidiary of the Company, on a one share for one share basis.
- (e) On 24 December 2001, 16,800,000 shares of HK\$0.01 each were issued at HK\$1.14 per share by way of placing for a total cash consideration, before expenses, of HK\$19,152,000.
- (f) On 30 May 2002, a bonus issue of 101,018,010 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each was made on the basis of one bonus share for every one share held on 23 May 2002 by applying HK\$1,010,180 standing to the credit of the share premium account. These shares rank pari passu in all respects with the existing share capital of the Company.
- (g) On 17 July 2002, 20,000,000 shares of HK\$0.01 each were issued at HK\$0.82 per share by way of placing for a total cash consideration, before expenses, of HK\$16,400,000. These shares rank pari passu in all respects with the existing share capital of the Company.
- (h) On 24 December 2002, 111,018,010 shares of HK\$0.01 each were issued at HK\$0.63 per share by way of rights issue for a total cash consideration, before expenses, of HK\$69,941,000, on the basis of one rights share for every two shares held on that date. These shares rank pari passu in all respects with the existing share capital of the Company.

#### 23. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

Note: (Continued)

(i) Share option scheme

Pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed on 29 November 2001, a share option scheme (the "Scheme") was adopted. The Board of Directors is authorised to grant options to eligible employees including full time employees, and executive and non-executive Directors of the Group. The total number of shares in respect of which options may be granted shall not (together with all the other share option schemes, if any) exceed 10% of the total issued share capital of the Company. The maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Scheme, together with any unexercised share options granted under the Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company in issue, may not exceed 30% of the relevant class of securities of the Company in issue at any time. No share options were granted during the year or outstanding at the balance sheet date.

### 24. RESERVES

			Gr	oup		
		Contributed	Reserve			
	Share	surplus	funds	Exchange	Accumulated	
	premium	(Note i)	(Note ii)	difference	losses	Total
_	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	HK\$'000	HK\$′000	HK\$'000
At 1 January 2001	41,934	-	269	(816)	(467,121)	(425,734)
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	342,965	342,965
Contributed surplus arising						
from the Reorganisation	-	83,376	-	-	-	83,376
Transfer to contributed surplus pursuant to the						
Reorganisation	(41,934)	41,934	-	-	-	-
Issue of shares (Note 23(e))	18,984	-	-	-	-	18,984
Share issue expenses	(323)	-	-	-	-	(323)
Exchange differences	-	-	4	(9)	-	(5)
At 31 December 2001	18,661	125,310	273	(825)	(124,156)	19,263
At 1 January 2002	18,661	125,310	273	(825)	(124,156)	19,263
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	(40,828)	(40,828)
Bonus issue of shares						
(Note 23(f))	(1,010)	-	-	-	-	(1,010)
Reserves transferred to profit and loss account upon disposal of						
subsidiaries	-	-	(273)	825	-	552
Issue of shares						
(Note 23(g), (h))	85,031	-	-	-	-	85,031
Share issue expenses	(2,126)	-	-	-	-	(2,126)
At 31 December 2002	100,556	125,310	-	-	(164,984)	60,882

#### 24. **RESERVES** (Continued)

Note:

- (i) The contributed surplus of the Group represents the difference between the nominal value of the shares and share premium account of HSHL acquired pursuant to the Reorganisation, over the nominal value of the Company's shares issued in exchange therefor.
- (ii) Pursuant to the relevant laws and regulations for Sino-foreign joint venture enterprises, a portion of the profits of the Company's subsidiary and jointly controlled entity established in the PRC has been transferred to reserve funds which are restricted as to use.

	Company						
	Contributed						
	Share	surplus	Accumulated				
	premium	(Note)	losses	Total			
	HK\$'000	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	HK\$′000			
On incorporation, 31 May 2001	_	_	_	_			
Contributed surplus arising from							
the Reorganisation	-	3,293	-	3,293			
Issue of shares	18,984	-	-	18,984			
Share issue expenses	(323)	-	-	(323)			
Loss for the year		-	(2,723)	(2,723)			
At 31 December 2001	18,661	3,293	(2,723)	19,231			
At 1 January 2002	18,661	3,293	(2,723)	19,231			
Bonus issue of shares (Note 23(f))	(1,010)	-	-	(1,010)			
Issue of shares (Note 23(g) and (h))	85,031	-	-	85,031			
Share issue expenses	(2,126)	-	-	(2,126)			
Loss for the year		-	(916)	(916)			
At 31 December 2002	100,556	3,293	(3,639)	100,210			

Note: The contributed surplus of the Company represents the excess of the fair value of the shares of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the Reorganisation over the nominal value of the Company's shares issued in exchange therefor. Under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda, a company may make distributions to its members out of the contributed surplus under certain circumstances.

## 25. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

## (a) Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash outflow from operations

		2002	2001
	Note _	HK\$′000	HK\$′000
Operating loss		(38,665)	(8,312
Interest income		(460)	(16
Depreciation		7,429	1,170
Negative goodwill recognised directly	0.54 1		.,
in the profit and loss account	25(d)	(421)	_
Loss on disposal and written off of fixed assets Provision for impairment in values		2,455	139
of leasehold land and buildings		-	589
Provision for doubtful debts		481	-
Provision for other receivables		280	308
Provision for amounts due from minority shareholders of a subsidiary		_	506
Write-back of provision for legal claims		_	(2,300
Write-back of provision for doubtful debts		(3,651)	(4,594
Write-back of provision		(0)001)	(
for contract work in progress		(5,218)	(12,866
Provision for obsolete inventories		2,237	
Gain on disposal of discontinuing operations	25(c)	(6,701)	-
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary		-	(1,378
Write back of provision for warranty, net	_	-	(2,643
Operating loss before working capital changes (Increase)/decrease in trade		(42,234)	(29,397
and other receivables Decrease in construction and installation		(49,403)	19,991
contract receivables		10,360	13,980
Decrease in inventories		5,861	_
Increase in amounts due from minority		-,	
shareholders of a subsidiary		-	(506
Increase/(decrease) in trade payables, other payables and accruals		34,320	(11,225
Decrease in amount due		01/020	(11,220
to ultimate holding company		(45,841)	_
Increase in amounts due to fellow subsidiaries		6,369	_
Decrease in provision for warranty	_	-	(1,143
Net cash outflow from operations		(80,568)	(8,300

# 25. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT (Continued)

## (b) Analysis of changes in financing during the year

	Issued capital (including share premium account and contributed surplus) HK\$'000	Bank Ioans HK\$'000	i Lease payables HK\$'000	Due to a former ntermediate holding company HK\$'000	Due to former fellow subsidiaries HK\$'000	Minority interests HK\$'000
Balance at 1 January 2001	126,152	_	153	323,269	29,485	5,727
Cash inflow/(outflow) from				,	,	
financing, net	18,829	1,656	(153)	(117)	-	-
Waiver of loans by the GDI Group	) –	-	-	(323,152)	(29,485)	-
Share of loss for the year	-	-	-	-	-	(2,573)
Reclassification to interest in a jointly controlled entity	-	-	-	-	-	(3,154)
Balance at 31 December 2001 and 1 January 2002	144,981	1,656	-	-	_	_
Cash items:						
New bank loans	-	36,551	-	-	-	-
Issue of shares	84,215	-	-	-	-	-
Non cash items:						
Acquisition of subsidiaries	-	5,547	-	-	-	
Balance at 31 December 2002	229,196	43,754	-			-

## 25. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT (Continued)

## (c) Disposal of discontinuing operations

	2002
	НК\$′000
Net liabilities disposed of:	
Fixed assets	3,777
Cash and bank balances	9,547
Trade receivables, construction and installation	
contract receivables and other receivables	4,200
Trade payables, other payables and accruals	(14,310)
Amount due to the Group	(2,102)
Interest in a jointly controlled entity	(2,335)
	(1,223)
Waiver of amount due to the Group	2,102
Realisation of reserves:	
– exchange difference	825
- reserve funds	(273)
Legal and professional fees in respect of the disposal	368
Gain on disposal of discontinuing operations	6,701
	8,500
Satisfied by:	
Cash	8,500

Analysis of the net cash outflow in respect of the disposal of discontinuing operations is as follows:

	2002 HK\$′000
Cash consideration, net of expenses Cash and bank balances disposed of	8,132 (9,547)
Net cash outflow in respect of disposal of discontinuing operations	(1,415)

### 25. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT (Continued)

## (d) Purchase of subsidiaries

	2002
	НК\$′000
Net assets acquired:	
Fixed assets	26,451
Inventories	33,616
Trade and other receivables	115,010
Pledged bank deposits	10,000
Cash and bank balances	29,859
Trade payables, other payables and accruals	(136,484)
Bank overdrafts	(13,204)
Trust receipt loans	(5,547)
Amount due to ultimate holding company	(49,680)
	10,021
Negative goodwill on acquisition	(421)
	9,600
Satisfied by:	
Cash	9,600

The subsidiaries acquired during the year had resulted in net operating cash outflow for the Group of HK\$16,457,000, contributed HK\$36,370,000 in respect of the net returns on investments and servicing of finance, and utilised HK\$16,285,000 for investing activities.

Analysis of the net cash inflow in respect of the purchase of subsidiaries:

	2002
	НК\$′000
Cash consideration	(9,600)
Cash and bank balances	29,859
Bank overdrafts	(13,204)
Net cash inflow in respect of the purchase of subsidiaries	7,055

#### **26. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

In prior years, the then subsidiaries of the Company, namely HSHL and its subsidiary, Full Arts Metal Works Limited, were named defendants in lawsuits regarding certain completed construction and installation projects and a proposed acquisition of two companies in prior years. Full details of these lawsuits are contained in the annual report of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2001.

As disclosed in note 3 to the accounts, the Group disposed of the entire share capital of HSHL and its subsidiaries to an independent third party on 30 September 2002. Accordingly, in the opinion of the Directors, and based on the legal advice of the Company's legal advisor, the Group no longer had any contingent liability arising from such lawsuits.

As at 31 December 2002, the Group had no other contingent liabilities.

#### 27. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

At 31 December 2002, the Group had future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	Land and buildings	
	2002	2001
	HK\$′000	HK\$′000
Not later than one year	2,469	-
Later than one year and not later than five years	2,743	
	5,212	-

### 28. FUTURE OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

At 31 December 2002, the Group had future aggregate minimum lease receipts under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	G	Group	
	2002	2001	
	HK\$′000	HK\$′000	
Within one year		110	

#### 29. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Significant related party transactions, which were carried out in the normal course of the Group's business are as follows:

		Group	
		2002	2001
		HK\$′000	HK\$′000
Management fees paid to a related company	(a)	700	-
Consultancy fees paid to a related company	(b)	288	_

- (a) Two subsidiaries, Hi Sun Technology Holding Limited and Pax Technology Limited, received management services from Hi Sun Management Limited ("HSML"), a company owned by a Director, who is also a substantial shareholder, of the Company, on terms mutually agreed between the subsidiaries and HSML.
- (b) A subsidiary, Pax Technology Limited, received consultancy services from Hi Sun Information Technology Services Limited ("HSITSL"), a company owned by a Director, who is also a substantial shareholder, of the Company, on terms mutually agreed between the subsidiary and HSITSL.

#### **30. COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS**

As further explained in note 1(a) to the accounts, due to the adoption of certain new and revised SSAPs during the current year, the accounting treatment and presentation of certain items and balances in the accounts have been revised to comply with the new requirements. Accordingly, certain comparative amounts have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation.

#### 31. ULTIMATE HOLDING COMPANY

In the opinion of the Directors, the ultimate holding company is Hi Sun Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands.

### 32. APPROVAL OF ACCOUNTS

The accounts were approved by the board of directors on 22 April 2003.