For the year ended 31st December, 2002

#### 1. GENERAL

The Company is incorporated in Bermuda as an exempted company with limited liability and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

The principal activities of the Group are the manufacture of novelties, decorations and packaging products, and the trading of PVC films and plastic materials.

## 2. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED STATEMENTS OF STANDARD ACCOUNTING PRACTICE

In the current year, the Group has adopted, for the first time, a number of new and revised Statements of Standard Accounting Practice ("SSAP(s)") issued by the Hong Kong Society of Accountants. The adoption of these new and revised SSAPs has resulted in a change in the format of presentation of the cash flow statement and the inclusion of a statement of changes in equity, but has had no material effect on the results for the current or prior accounting periods. Accordingly, no prior period adjustment is required.

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified for the revaluation of investment properties and investments in securities, and in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong. The principal accounting policies adopted are as follows:

#### **Basis of consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 31st December each year.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated income statement from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate.

#### Revenue recognition

Sales of goods are recognised when goods are delivered and title has passed.

Rental income under operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the terms of the relevant leases.

Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the interest rate applicable.

Dividend income from investments in securities is recognised when the shareholders' rights to receive payment have been established.

## Goodwill

Goodwill arising on consolidation represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's interest in the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of a subsidiary at the date of acquisition.

Goodwill is capitalised and amortised on a straight-line basis over its useful economic life. Goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiaries is presented separately in the balance sheet.

## 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### **Investments in subsidiaries**

Investments in subsidiaries are included in the Company's balance sheet at cost less any identified impairment loss

#### **Investment properties**

Investment properties are completed properties which are held for their investment potential, any rental income being negotiated at arm's length.

Investment properties are stated at their open market value based on independent professional valuations at each balance sheet date. Any revaluation increase or decrease arising on the revaluation of investment properties is credited or charged to the investment property revaluation reserve unless the balance on this reserve is insufficient to cover a revaluation decrease, in which case the excess of the revaluation decrease over the balance on the investment property revaluation reserve is charged to the income statement. When a decrease has previously been charged to the income statement and a revaluation increase subsequently arises, this increase is credited to the income statement to the extent of the decrease previously charged.

On disposal of an investment property, the balance on the investment property revaluation reserve attributable to that property is transferred to the income statement.

No depreciation is provided on investment properties except when the unexpired term of the relevant lease is 20 years or less.

### Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less depreciation and amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment over their estimated useful lives and after taking into account their estimated residual value, using the straight-line method, at the following rates per annum:

Leasehold land Over the term of the lease

Buildings Over the shorter of the term of the lease, or 50 years

Factory premises 5%
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment 15-20%
Plant, machinery and moulds 10-20%
Motor vehicles 25-30%

The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the income statement.

#### **Impairment**

At each balance sheet date, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.

## 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### **Operating leases**

Rental expenses under operating leases are charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant leases.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises all costs of purchase and, where applicable, costs of conversion and other costs that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is calculated using the first-in, first-out method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price less all estimated costs to completion and costs to be incurred in marketing, selling and distribution.

#### Investments in securities

Investments in securities are recognised on a trade-date basis and are initially measured at cost.

All securities other than held-to-maturity debt securities are measured at subsequent reporting dates at fair value.

Where securities are held for trading purposes, unrealised gains and losses are included in net profit or loss for the period. For other securities, unrealised gains and losses are dealt with in equity, until the security is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in equity is included in net profit or loss for the period.

## Foreign currencies

Transactions in currencies other than Hong Kong dollars are translated at the rates ruling on the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than Hong Kong dollars are retranslated at the rates ruling on the balance sheet date. Gains and losses arising on exchange are dealt with in the income statement.

On consolidation, the assets and liabilities of the Group's overseas operations are translated at exchange rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period. Exchange differences arising, if any, are classified as equity and transferred to the Group's translation reserve. Such translation differences are recognised as income or as expense in the period in which the operation is disposed of.

#### **Taxation**

The charge for taxation is based on the results for the year as adjusted for items which are non-assessable or disallowed. Timing differences arise from the recognition for tax purposes of certain items of income and expense in a different accounting period from that in which they are recognised in the financial statements. The tax effect of timing differences, computed using the liability method, is recognised as deferred taxation in the financial statements to the extent that it is probable that a liability or asset will crystallise in the foreseeable future.

## Retirement benefit costs

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plan are charged as an expense as they fall due.

## 4. BUSINESS SEGMENTS

For management purposes, the Group is currently organised into three business segments, namely the manufacture and sale of novelties and decorations, the manufacture and sale of packaging products and the trading of PVC films and plastic materials. These business segments are the basis on which the Group reports its primary segment information.

## 2002

Novelties and decorations HK\$'000	Packaging products HK\$'000	PVC films and plastic materials HK\$'000	Eliminations HK\$'000	Consolidated HK\$'000
149,544	128,738	38,974	_	317,256
86	19,884	823	(20,793)	
149,630	148,622	39,797	(20,793)	317,256
18,424	16,547	(503)	(2,198)	32,270
s				699
				232
				33,201
				(156)
				33,045
				(2,987)
				30,058
	and decorations HK\$'000  149,544 86  149,630	and decorations         Packaging products           HK\$'000         HK\$'000           149,544         128,738           86         19,884           149,630         148,622           18,424         16,547	Novelties and and decorations HK\$'000         Packaging products Products HK\$'000         films and plastic materials HK\$'000           149,544         128,738         38,974           86         19,884         823           149,630         148,622         39,797           18,424         16,547         (503)	Novelties and and decorations HK\$'000         Packaging products Products HK\$'000         Image: Packaging products Phis in the plastic materials products HK\$'000         Eliminations Phis in the plastic materials Phis in the plastic Phis in the

Inter-segment sales are charged at prevailing market rates.

(Cont'd)

For the year ended 31st December, 2002

## 4. BUSINESS SEGMENTS (Cont'd)

**2002** (Cont'd)

## BALANCE SHEET

	Novelties and decorations HK\$'000	Packaging products HK\$'000	PVC films and plastic materials HK\$'000	Consolidated HK\$'000
ASSETS Segment assets Unallocated corporate assets	132,675	95,705	11,443	239,823 13,444
Consolidated total assets				253,267
LIABILITIES Segment liabilities Unallocated corporate liabilities	11,562	11,711	915	24,188 165
Consolidated total liabilities				24,353

## OTHER INFORMATION

	Novelties and decorations HK\$'000	Packaging products HK\$'000	PVC films and plastic materials HK\$'000	Others HK\$'000	Consolidated HK\$'000
Capital additions	3,992	11,770	34	_	15,796
Depreciation	6,269	7,635	56	60	14,020
Amortisation of goodwill	_	_	_	107	107
Other non-cash expenses	_	_	_	1,732	1,732

## 4. BUSINESS SEGMENTS (Cont'd)

2001

	Novelties and decorations HK\$'000	Packaging products HK\$'000	PVC films and plastic materials HK\$'000	Eliminations HK\$'000	Consolidated HK\$'000
TURNOVER					
External sales Inter-segment sales	149,566 77	132,408 18,007	54,313 590	(18,674)	336,287
inter-segment sales		10,007		(10,074)	
Total revenue	149,643	150,415	54,903	(18,674)	336,287
RESULT					
Segment result	28,589	14,598	(237)	(3,503)	39,447
Loss from investments in securities Unallocated corporate expenses	es				(5,655) (457)
Profit from operations Finance costs					33,335 (896)
Profit before taxation					32,439
Taxation					(3,249)
Profit after taxation					29,190

Inter-segment sales are charged at prevailing market rates.

## **BALANCE SHEET**

	Novelties and decorations HK\$'000	Packaging products HK\$'000	PVC films and plastic materials HK\$'000	Consolidated HK\$'000
ASSETS Segment assets Unallocated corporate assets	116,634	83,820	22,511	222,965 18,006
Consolidated total assets				240,971
LIABILITIES			(A) (C) (C) (A)	AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON
Segment liabilities	6,993	10,284	999	18,276
Unallocated corporate liabilities				134
Consolidated total liabilities			A STATE OF THE STA	18,410

(Cont'd)

For the year ended 31st December, 2002

## 4. BUSINESS SEGMENTS (Cont'd)

**2001** (Cont'd)

## OTHER INFORMATION

	Novelties and decorations HK\$'000	Packaging products HK\$'000	PVC films and plastic materials HK\$'000	Others HK\$'000	Consolidated HK\$'000
Capital additions	3,597	3,826	4	_	7,427
Depreciation	7,216	7,440	64	75	14,795
Amortisation of goodwill	_	_	_	107	107
Impairment loss recognised					
in income	_	_	_	38	38
Other non-cash expenses	_	_	_	5,609	5,609

## 5. GEOGRAPHICAL SEGMENTS

The following table provides an analysis of the Group's sales by geographical market:

	<b>2002</b> HK\$'000	<b>2001</b> HK\$'000
By geographical market:		
Hong Kong Europe America Asia (other than Hong Kong) Others	169,955 88,231 44,863 2,991 11,216	193,579 76,145 47,288 6,650 12,625
	317,256	336,287

The following is an analysis of the carrying amount of segment assets, and additions to property, plant and equipment, analysed by the geographical area in which the assets are located:

	Carrying amount of segment assets		Additions to proper plant and equipme	
	2002	2001	2002	2001
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Hong Kong	133,422	131,136	43	832
The People's Republic of China	119,845	109,835	15,753	6,595
	253,267	240,971	15,796	7,427

(Cont'd)
For the year ended 31st December, 2002

## 6. OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

Negative goodwill released to income (included in other operating income)

7.

	<b>2002</b> HK\$'000	<b>2001</b> <i>HK\$'000</i>
	$HK_{\mathcal{F}} UUU$	HK\$ 000
Unrealised losses on trading securities	1,432	5,209
Loss on disposal of trading securities	_	663
Impairment loss recognised in respect of other securities	_	38
	1,432	5,910
PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS		
	2002	2001
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Profit from operations has been arrived at after charging:		
Auditors' remuneration	472	450
Amortisation of goodwill (included in administrative expenses)	107	107
Allowance for bad debts	1,365	1,953
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	14,020	14,795
Foreign exchange losses, net	251	3,234
Loss on disposal of trading securities	_	663
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	509	283
Staff costs (including directors' emoluments)	40,933	39,933
and after crediting:		
Interest income	1,620	2,076
Gain on disposal of trading securities	1,469	_
Dividend income from trading and other securities	200	255
Gain on redemption of other securities	255	_

#### DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS 8.

#### **Directors' emoluments** (a)

	<b>2002</b> HK\$'000	<b>2001</b> HK\$'000
Fees:		
Executive directors	_	_
Independent non-executive directors	200	200
	200	200
Other emoluments (executive directors):		
Salaries and other benefits	5,098	5,470
Contributions to retirement benefit scheme	75	85
	5,173	5,555
Total emoluments	5,373	5,755
The emoluments of the directors were within the following bands:		

	2002 Number of directors	2001 Number of directors
Nil – HK\$1,000,000	3	6
HK\$1,000,001 – HK\$1,500,000	1	_
HK\$1,500,001 – HK\$2,000,000	1	1
HK\$2,000,001 – HK\$2,500,000	1	1
	6	8

#### **(b) Employees' emoluments**

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments of the Group, three (2001: three) were directors of the Company whose emoluments are set out in (a) above. The emoluments of the remaining two (2001: two) individuals were as follows:

	<b>2002</b> HK\$'000	<b>2001</b> <i>HK\$'000</i>
Salaries and other benefits Contributions to retirement benefit scheme	2,062 21	2,169 23
	2,083	2,192

(Cont'd)

For the year ended 31st December, 2002

## 8. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (Cont'd)

Their emoluments were within the following bands:

	2002 Number of employees	2001 Number of employees
Nil – HK\$1,000,000	_	1
HK\$1,000,001 – HK\$1,500,000	2	1
	2	2

## 9. FINANCE COSTS

Finance costs represented interest on bank borrowings wholly repayable within five year.

#### 10. TAXATION

2002	2001
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
3,142	3,317
(155)	(68)
2,987	3,249
	3,142 (155)

Details of the unprovided deferred taxation are set out in note 23.

### 11. DIVIDENDS

	<b>2002</b> HK\$'000	<b>2001</b> HK\$'000
Interim paid: 1 cent (2001: 2 cents) per share	2,739	5,583
Final paid: 4.5 cents per share for 2001 (2001: 4 cents per share for 2000)	12,738	11,437
	15,477	17,020

The final dividend of 5 cents (2001: 4.5 cents) per share has been proposed by the directors and is subject to approval by the shareholders in general meeting.

#### 12. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic earnings per share is based on the net profit for the year of approximately HK\$29,936,000 (2001: HK\$28,767,000) and on the weighted average number of 278,992,721 (2001: 283,843,443) ordinary shares in issue throughout the year.

The computation of diluted earnings per share for the year does not assume the exercise of the Company's share options because the exercise price of the Company's share options is higher than the average market price per share for the current year. No diluted earnings per share was presented for the year ended 31st December, 2001 as the Company did not have any potential dilutive shares for that year.

## 13. GOODWILL

	HK\$'000
THE GROUP COST	1.050
At 1st January, 2002 and 31st December, 2002	1,070
AMORTISATION At 1st January, 2002 Charge for the year	428 107
At 31st December, 2002	535
NET BOOK VALUES At 31st December, 2002	535
At 31st December, 2001	642

Goodwill is amortised over a period of 10 years.

## 14. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	THE GROUP		
	2002	2001	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
At beginning of the year	4,400	4,800	
Revaluation deficit	(300)	(400)	
At end of the year	4,100	4,400	

The Group's investment properties were revalued at their open market value at 31st December, 2002 by Norton Appraisals Limited, Registered Professional Surveyors, Valuers & Property Advisers, on an open market value basis. This valuation gave rise to a revaluation deficit of HK\$300,000 (2001: HK\$400,000), which has been charged to the consolidated income statement.

All of the Group's investment properties are rented out under operating leases.

All of the Group's investment properties are situated in Hong Kong and are held under medium-term leases.

## 15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Leasehold land and buildings HK\$'000	Factory premises HK\$'000	Furniture, fixtures and office equipment HK\$'000	Plant, machinery and moulds HK\$'000	Motor vehicles HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
THE GROUP						
COST At 1st January, 2002	3,019	35,668	19,255	138,373	3,924	200,239
Additions	-	1,117	770	13,909	5,524	15,796
Disposals	_	(790)	(110)	(40)	(185)	(1,125)
At 31st December, 2002	3,019	35,995	19,915	152,242	3,739	214,910
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION						
At 1st January, 2002	510	14,906	13,867	111,237	2,761	143,281
Provided for the year	57	1,820	1,463	10,184	496	14,020
Eliminated on disposals		(315)	(72)	(40)	(185)	(612)
At 31st December, 2002	567	16,411	15,258	121,381	3,072	156,689
NET BOOK VALUES						_
At 31st December, 2002	2,452	19,584	4,657	30,861	667	58,221
At 31st December, 2001	2,509	20,762	5,388	27,136	1,163	56,958

The net book value of properties shown above comprises:

	Le	easehold		
	land and buildings		Factory premises	
	2002	2001 200		2001
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Held in Hong Kong:			菱	
Medium-term lease	2,452	2,509	-8	_
Held outside Hong Kong:			1	Ø.
Medium-term lease	-	_	19,584	20,762
	2,452	2,509	19,584	20,762
			41- March 2004 (A)	The second second

The Group has not obtained Land Use Right Certificates or Certificate for Housing Ownership in respect of the Group's factory premises with an aggregate net book value of approximately HK\$19,584,000 (2001: HK\$20,762,000) at 31st December, 2002.

The Company did not have any property, plant and equipment at the balance sheet date.