1 Principal accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the accounts are set out below:

(a) Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and comply with accounting standards issued by the Hong Kong Society of Accountants ("HKSA"). They have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

In the current year, the Group adopted the Statement of Standard Accounting Practice ("SSAP") 12 "Income taxes" issued by the HKSA, which is effective for accounting periods commencing on or after 1st January 2003. The adoption of this SSAP 12 resulted in a change in the Group's accounting policy on deferred taxation. Details of the change in the accounting policy and its effect are set out in note 1(h).

(b) Consolidation

Subsidiaries are those entities in which the Company, directly or indirectly, controls the composition of the board of directors, controls more than half the voting power or holds more than half of the issued equity capital.

The consolidated accounts include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 31st December. In the circumstances where a subsidiary over which the Company does not have unilateral control but joint control, the subsidiary is accounted for as a jointly controlled entity in accordance with the accounting policy set out in note 1(d) below.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated profit and loss account from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate.

All significant intercompany transactions and balances within the Group are eliminated on consolidation.



1 Principal accounting policies (Continued)

(b) Consolidation (Continued)

The gain or loss on the disposal of a subsidiary represents the difference between the proceeds of the sale and the Group's share of its net assets together with any unamortised goodwill or negative goodwill and any related accumulated foreign currency translation reserve.

Minority interests represent the interests of outside shareholders in the operating results and net assets of subsidiaries.

In the Company's balance sheet, the investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less provision. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend income.

(c) Goodwill/negative goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the net assets of the acquired subsidiary or jointly controlled entity at the date of acquisition.

Goodwill on acquisitions is recognised in the consolidated balance sheet and is amortised using the straight line method over its estimated useful life. Goodwill is generally amortised over a period of 15 to 20 years.

Negative goodwill represents the excess of the fair value of the Group's share of the net assets acquired over the cost of acquisition.

Negative goodwill is presented in the same balance sheet classification as goodwill. To the extent that negative goodwill relates to expectations of future losses and expenses that are identified in the Group's plan for the acquisition and can be measured reliably, but which do not represent identifiable liabilities at the date of acquisition, that portion of negative goodwill is recognised in the consolidated profit and loss account when the future losses and expenses are recognised. Any remaining negative goodwill, not exceeding the fair values of the identifiable non-monetary assets acquired, is recognised in the consolidated profit and loss account over the remaining weighted average useful life of those identifiable acquired depreciable/amortisable assets; negative goodwill in excess of the fair values of those non-monetary assets is recognised in the consolidated profit and loss account immediately.

1 Principal accounting policies (Continued)

(d) Jointly controlled entities

A joint venture is a contractual arrangement whereby the Group and other parties undertake an economic activity which is subject to joint control and none of the participating parties has unilateral control over the economic activity.

The consolidated profit and loss account includes the Group's share of the results of jointly controlled entities, and the consolidated balance sheet includes the Group's share of the net assets of the jointly controlled entities and goodwill or negative goodwill (net of accumulated amortisation) on acquisition.

In the Company's balance sheet, the investments in jointly controlled entities are stated at cost less provision. The results of jointly controlled entities are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend income.

(e) Fixed assets

Fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment.

Leasehold land and buildings are depreciated over their respective period of the lease while other fixed assets are depreciated at rates sufficient to write off their cost less accumulated impairment over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. The principal annual rates are as follows:

Leasehold land and buildings Over the unexpired lease terms or 2%

 Leasehold improvements
 12% – 20%

 Plant and machinery
 12% – 25%

 Office equipment
 12% – 33.33%

 Furniture and fixtures
 12% – 33.33%

 Motor vehicles
 12% – 33.33%

 Containers
 12% – 24%

 Vessels
 12% – 12.5%

The gain or loss on disposal of a fixed asset is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset, and is recognised in the profit and loss account.



1 Principal accounting policies (Continued)

(e) Fixed assets (Continued)

Major costs incurred in restoring fixed assets to their normal working condition are charged to the profit and loss account. Improvements are capitalised and depreciated over the expected useful lives to the Group.

(f) Trade receivables

Provision is made against trade receivables to the extent they are considered to be doubtful. Trade receivables in the balance sheet are stated net of such provision.

(g) Impairment of assets

At each balance sheet date, both internal and external sources of information are considered to assess whether there is any indication that the assets are impaired. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated and where relevant, an impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss account to reduce the asset to its recoverable amount.

(h) Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the accounts. Tax rates enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date are used to determine deferred taxation.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred taxation is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and jointly controlled entities, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

In prior years, deferred taxation was accounted for at the current tax rate in respect of timing differences between profit as computed for taxation purposes and profit as stated in the accounts to the extent that a liability or an asset was expected to be payable or recoverable in the foreseeable future. This accounting policy has been changed on the adoption of the SSAP 12 and has been applied retrospectively. The comparative figures have been restated to conform to the changed policy.

1 Principal accounting policies (Continued)

(h) Deferred taxation (Continued)

The change has decreased the Group's and the Company's opening retained profits at 1st January 2003 by HK\$469,000 (1st January 2002: HK\$555,000) and HK\$142,000 (1st January 2002: HK\$229,000) respectively which represent the additional net deferred tax liabilities provided for and has increased the Group's and the Company's profit for the year ended 31st December 2002 by HK\$86,000 and HK\$87,000 respectively.

(i) Translation of foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities expressed in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated at rates of exchange ruling at that date. Exchange differences arising are dealt with in the profit and loss account.

The balance sheets of subsidiaries and jointly controlled entities expressed in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date whilst the profit and loss accounts are translated at average exchange rates. Exchange differences arising are dealt with as a movement in reserves.

(j) Operating leases

Leases where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of assets remain with the leasing company are accounted for as operating leases.

Where the Group leases out assets under operating leases, the assets are included in the balance sheet according to their nature and where applicable, are depreciated in accordance with the Group's depreciation policies, as set out in note 1(e) above. Revenue arising from assets leased out under operating leases is recognised in accordance with the Group's revenue recognition policies, as set out in note 1(m) below.

Payments made under operating leases net of any incentives received from the leasing company are charged to the consolidated profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease periods.

(k) Employee benefit obligations

(i) Retirement benefit obligations

Contributions to the retirement benefit scheme which is defined contribution in nature and available to all employees in Hong Kong are charged to the consolidated profit and loss account as incurred. Contributions to this scheme are calculated based on a fixed percentage of the employees' applicable payroll costs or fixed sums as appropriate. The assets of the scheme are held separately from the Group's.



1 Principal accounting policies (Continued)

- (k) Employee benefit obligations (Continued)
 - (ii) Equity compensation benefits

 No compensation cost is recognised in the profit and loss account in connection with share options granted to directors and employees. When the share options are exercised, the proceeds received net of any transaction costs are credited to share capital (nominal value) and share premium.

(l) Provision

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Where the Group expects a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain.

(m) Revenue recognition

Revenues from the rendering of services in shipping agency and river trade cargo transportation, wharf cargo handling, cargo consolidation and godown storage and container hauling and trucking are recognised when services are rendered.

Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis, taking into account the principal amounts outstanding and the interest rates applicable.

Operating lease rental income is recognised on a straight line basis.

(n) Segment reporting

In accordance with the Group's internal financial reporting, the Group has determined that business segments are presented as the primary reporting format.

Unallocated income and expenses represent corporate income and expenses. Segment assets consist primarily of fixed assets, receivables and operating cash. Segment liabilities comprise operating and tax liabilities. Capital expenditure comprises additions to fixed assets, including additions resulting from acquisitions through purchases of subsidiaries.

In respect of geographical segment reporting, sales are based on the country in which the customer is located. Total assets and capital expenditure are where the assets are located.

2 Turnover, revenues and segment information

	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Turnover		
Shipping agency, river trade cargo direct shipment		
and transhipment	430,096	389,053
Wharf cargo handling, cargo consolidation and		
godown storage	61,947	60,508
Container hauling and trucking	1,057	1,059
	493,100	450,620
Other revenues		
Interest income		
- loans to jointly controlled entities (note 14(c))	1,884	2,177
- others	3,245	6,535
Sundries	906	657
	6,035	9,369
Total revenues	499,135	459,989

The Group is principally engaged in shipping agency, river trade cargo direct shipment and transhipment, wharf cargo handling, cargo consolidation and godown storage and container hauling and trucking.

Business segments

The Group is organised into three main business segments:

- (i) Cargo transportation Shipping agency, river trade cargo direct shipment and transhipment
- (ii) Cargo handling and storage Wharf cargo handling, cargo consolidation and godown storage
- (iii) Container hauling and trucking



2 Turnover, revenues and segment information (Continued)

Business segments (Continued)

		Cargo	•	handling		ner hauling				
		portation		storage		trucking		nations		otal
	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		(Restated)		(Restated)		(Restated)				(Restated)
Sales										
– external	430,096	389,053	61,947	60,508	1,057	1,059	-	-	493,100	450,620
- intersegments	131	13	45,595	44,729	37,810	37,001	(83,536)	(81,743)	-	-
Other revenues										
– external	861	1,351	106	439	4	55	-	-	971	1,845
- intersegments	-	-	505	504	-	3,342	(505)	(3,846)	-	-
Total	431,088	390,417	108,153	106,180	38,871	41,457	(84,041)	(85,589)	494,071	452,465
Segment results	315	9,488	28,125	20,268	3,775	3,125	-	-	32,215	32,88
Unallocated income									5,064	7,524
Unallocated expenses									(13,082)	(12,076
onunocuted expenses								-	(13,002)	(12,070
Operating profit									24,197	28,329
Finance costs									-	(2
Share of profits less										
losses of jointly										
controlled entities									59,214	50,829
Profit before taxation									83,411	79,156
Taxation									(15,342)	(15,439
Profit attributable to										
shareholders									68.069	63,717

2 Turnover, revenues and segment information (Continued)

Business segments (Continued)

		argo	•	handling		er hauling				
	transı	ortation	and	storage	and t	trucking	Elimi	nations	1	otal .
	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
										(Restated
Segment assets	168,869	182,986	344,083	303,639	18,761	15,218	(93,732)	(26,235)	437,981	475,608
entities									359,189	290,94
Unallocated assets									319,589	301,79
Total assets									1,116,759	1,068,35
Segment liabilities	164,959	139,003	42,664	17,469	15,156	10,923	(93,732)	(26,235)	129,047	141,16
Unallocated liabilities									33,107	6,98
Total liabilities									162,154	148,14
Capital expenditure										
- segment	4,125	1,229	28,548	20	-	-			32,673	1,24
– unallocated									49,639	1.
									82,312	1,26
Depreciation										
- segment	2,454	2,808	6,698	7,104	117	117			9,269	10,02
unallocated									1,143	71
									10,412	10,74

Geographical segments

Over 90% of the Group's revenue is derived from operations carried out in Hong Kong and customers are located in Mainland China and Hong Kong. The directors consider that it is impracticable to allocate the revenue and segment results to geographical segments.



2 Turnover, revenues and segment information (Continued)

Geographical segments (Continued)

The analysis of the Group's total assets and capital expenditure by geographical segments is as follows:

	Total	assets	Capital (expenditure
	2003	2002	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Hong Kong	730,869	777,405	56,764	1,264
Mainland China	26,701	-	25,548	-
	757,570	777,405	82,312	1,264
Jointly controlled entities	359,189	290,946		
	1,116,759	1,068,351		

3 Operating profit

Operating profit is stated after crediting and charging the following:

	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Crediting		
Negative goodwill	246	_
Net exchange gains	264	344
Operating lease rental income		
 Land and buildings 	1,360	-
- Others	126	156
Charging		
Auditors' remuneration	1,148	1,130
Depreciation	10,412	10,740
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	330	158
Operating lease rental expense		
 Vessels and barges 	31,704	25,529
 Land and buildings 	8,533	13,307
- Containers	338	3,134
Staff costs (including directors' emoluments) (note 10)	61,477	62,592

4 Finance costs

Finance costs in 2002 represented interest expense on bank overdrafts.

5 Share of profits less losses of jointly controlled entities

Share of profits less losses of jointly controlled entities for the year includes the net amortisation of goodwill and negative goodwill of HK\$1,544,000 (2002: HK\$1,561,000).

6 Taxation

	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		(Restated)
Current taxation		
- Hong Kong profits tax	4,176	4,121
- Over-provisions in prior years	(6)	(60
Deferred taxation		
- Origination and reversal of temporary differences	689	(86
- Effect on opening balances resulting from an increase		
in tax rate	87	_
	4,946	3,975
Share of taxation attributable to jointly controlled entities		
– PRC income tax	10,396	11,464
	15,342	15,439

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 17.5% (2002: 16%) on the estimated assessable profit for the year. Enterprise income tax of the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") has been calculated on the estimated assessable profit for the year at the rates of taxation prevailing in the regions where the jointly controlled entities operate.



Taxation (Continued)

The taxation on the profit before taxation differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the Hong Kong profits tax rate applicable to the Company as follows:

	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Profit before taxation	83,411	79,156
Calculated at a taxation rate of 17.5% (2002: 16%)	14,597	12,665
Effect of different taxation rates applicable to the		
jointly controlled entities in the PRC	(236)	3,081
Income not subject to taxation	(49,003)	(33,413)
Expenses not deductible for taxation purposes	49,903	33,294
Utilisation of previously unrecognised tax losses	-	(128)
Increase in tax due to increase in tax rate	87	_
Other items	(6)	(60)
Taxation charge	15,342	15,439

7 Profit attributable to shareholders

The profit attributable to shareholders is dealt with in the accounts of the Company to the extent of HK\$18,846,000 (2002: HK\$19,604,000, as restated).

8 Dividends

	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Interim, paid, of HK1 cent (2002: HK1 cent)		
per ordinary share	7,500	7,500
Final, proposed, of HK4 cents (2002: HK4 cents)		
per ordinary share	30,000	30,000
	37,500	37,500

The board of directors proposed a final dividend of HK4 cents per ordinary share. This proposed dividend will be reflected as an appropriation of retained profits for the year ending 31st December 2004.

9 Earnings per share

The calculation of earnings per share is based on the Group's profit attributable to shareholders of HK\$68,069,000 (2002: HK\$63,717,000, as restated).

The basic earnings per share is based on 750,000,000 (2002: 750,000,000) ordinary shares in issue during the year. The diluted earnings per share is based on 750,000,000 (2002: 750,000,000) ordinary shares in issue during the year plus the weighted average number of 16,570,000 (2002: 15,889,000) ordinary shares deemed to be issued at no consideration as if all outstanding options had been exercised.



10 Staff costs (including Directors' emoluments)

	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Salaries and allowances	57,256	60,415
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	2,250	2,177
Termination benefits	1,971	-
	61,477	62,592

Details of the share options granted to the staff of the Company are set out in note 19.

11 DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS

(a) Directors' emoluments

The aggregate amounts of emoluments paid and payable to directors of the Company during the year are as follows:

	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Fees	1,800	1,800
Other emoluments:		
Basic salaries, housing allowances, other allowances		
and benefits in kind	546	304
Discretionary bonuses	473	309
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	24	12
	2,843	2,425

Directors' fees include HK\$500,000 (2002: HK\$500,000) paid to independent non-executive directors.

During the year, the emoluments of each of the seven (2002: six) directors were below HK\$1,000,000.

Details of the share options granted to the directors are set out in note 19.

11 DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Senior management's emoluments

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year include two (2002: two) directors whose emoluments are shown above. The emoluments paid and payable to the remaining three (2002: three) highest paid individuals during the year are as follows:

	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Basic salaries, housing allowances, other allowances		
and benefits in kind	700	1,017
Bonuses	633	445
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	34	34
	1,367	1,496

During the year, the emoluments of each of the three (2002: three) individuals were below HK\$1,000,000.

Details of the share options granted to senior management are set out in note 19.

(c) During the year, no emoluments have been paid by the Group to the directors or the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group, or as compensation for loss of office. None of the directors waived or has agreed to waive any emoluments.



12 Fixed assets

Group

	Leasehold	Leasehold			Furniture				
	land and	improve-	Plant and	Office	and	Motor			
	buildings	ments	machinery	equipment	fixtures	vehicles	Containers	Vessels	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
ost									
At 1st January 2003	280,126	9,337	26,643	10,598	2,178	35,087	7,695	17,386	389,050
Reclassification	-	-	-	-	(736)	-	736	-	-
Additions	49,627	171	2,886	4,057	23	-	-	-	56,764
Acquisition of a subsidiary	22,764	119	1,342	-	21	1,302	-	-	25,548
Disposals	(183)	(6,590)	(5,384)	(2,318)	(1,131)	(341)	(410)	-	(16,357
				12.777		76.040	0.021	17.706	455,005
At 31st December 2003	352,334	3,037	25,487 	12,337	355	36,048	8,021 	17,386	
	31,840	6,821	26,379	7,337	1,415	33,187	2,595	14,436	'-
ccumulated depreciation	- -					- -			'-
ccumulated depreciation At 1st January 2003	31,840	6,821	26,379	7,337	1,415	33,187	2,595	14,436	124,010
ccumulated depreciation At 1st January 2003 Reclassification	31,840	6,821	26,379	7,337	1,415	33,187	2,595 227	14,436	124,010 - 10,412 (14,527
At 1st January 2003 Reclassification Charge for the year	31,840 - 6,196	6,821	26,379 - 287	7,337 - 824	1,415 (227) 82	33,187 - 745	2,595 227 1,018	14,436 - 596	124,010 - 10,412 (14,527
At 1st January 2003 Reclassification Charge for the year Disposals	31,840 - 6,196 (22)	6,821 - 664 (5,395)	26,379 - 287 (5,369)	7,337 - 824 (2,171)	1,415 (227) 82 (1,085)	33,187 - 745 (248)	2,595 227 1,018 (237)	14,436 - 596	124,010 - 10,412 (14,527
At 1st January 2003 Reclassification Charge for the year Disposals At 31st December 2003	31,840 - 6,196 (22)	6,821 - 664 (5,395)	26,379 - 287 (5,369)	7,337 - 824 (2,171)	1,415 (227) 82 (1,085)	33,187 - 745 (248)	2,595 227 1,018 (237)	14,436 - 596	124,010

12 Fixed assets (Continued)

Company

	Leasehold	Leasehold			
	land and	improve-	Office	Motor	
	buildings	ments	equipment	vehicles	Tota
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
ost					
At 1st January 2003	1,000	1,819	1,517	1,710	6,046
Additions	49,627	_	13	-	49,640
Disposals	-	(126)	(51)	-	(17
At 31st December 2003	50,627	1,693	1,479	1,710	55,50
ccumulated depreciation					
ccumulated depreciation At 1st January 2003	98	1,752	1,115	1,072	4,037
•		1,752 33	1,115 167	1,072 341	
At 1st January 2003	98	·		·	1,14
At 1st January 2003 Charge for the year	98	33	167	·	4,033 1,145 (12
At 1st January 2003 Charge for the year Disposals	98 604 –	33 (93)	167 (28)	341 –	1,145
At 1st January 2003 Charge for the year Disposals At 31st December 2003	98 604 –	33 (93)	167 (28)	341 –	1,14!



12 Fixed assets (Continued)

The net book values of leasehold land and buildings are analysed as follows:

	G	roup	Co	mpany
	2003	2002	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
In Hong Kong, held on:				
Leases of over 50 years	49,925	902	49,925	902
Leases of between 10 to 50 years	238,798	244,317	-	-
	288,723	245,219	49,925	902
Outside Hong Kong, held on:				
Leases of over 50 years	2,033	2,247	-	-
Leases of between 10 to 50 years	23,564	820	-	-
	25,597	3,067	<u>-</u>	
	314,320	248,286	49,925	902

13 Subsidiaries

	Company		
	2003	2002	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		(Restated)	
Unlisted investments, at cost	296,985	296,985	
Amount due from a subsidiary (note (b))	18,452	-	
Loan to a subsidiary (note (b))	28,810	28,810	
Less: Provision	(12,100)	(8,500)	
	332,147	317,295	

(a) Details of the subsidiaries as at 31st December 2003 are as follows:

	Place of establishment/		Particulars of issued shares/	Intere	st held
Name	operation	Principal activities	paid up capital	2003	2002
Direct subsidiaries					
Chu Kong Agency Company Limited	Hong Kong	Shipping agency and freight forwarding agency	100 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each 100,000 deferred shares of HK\$1 each (note (c))	100%	100%
Chu Kong Air-Sea Union Transportation Company Limited (note (e))	Hong Kong	Operation and management of a marine cargo terminal	10,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	51%	51%
Chu Kong Container Transportation Company Limited	Hong Kong	Container and cargo transportation and towing	100 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each 10,000 deferred shares of HK\$1 each (note (c))	100%	100%
Chu Kong Godown Wharf & Transportation Company Limited	Hong Kong	Godown and wharf operations	100 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each 1,000,000 deferred shares of HK\$1 each (note (c))	100%	100%
Chu Kong Infrastructure Investment Limited	British Virgin Islands/ PRC	Investment holding	2 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100%	100%
Chu Kong River Trade Terminal Co., Ltd.	British Virgin Islands/ PRC	Investment holding	2 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100%	100%



13 Subsidiaries (Continued)

	Place of establishment/		Particulars of issued shares/	Intere	st held
Name	operation	Principal activities	paid up capital	2003	2002
Direct subsidiaries (Cont	inued)				
Chu Kong Transhipment & Logistics Company Limited	Hong Kong	Transhipment and transportation	100 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each 100,000 deferred shares of HK\$1 each (note (c))	100%	100%
Chu Kong Transportation (H.K.) Limited	Hong Kong	Wharf cargo handling and transportation	100 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each 100,000 deferred shares of HK\$1 each <i>(note (c))</i>	100%	100%
Chu Kong Warehouse Properties Co., Ltd.	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	Property holding	100 ordinary shares of US\$1 each 9,900 preferred shares of US\$1 each (note (d))	100%	100%
Indirect subsidiaries					
Chu Kong International Airfreight Company Limited	Hong Kong	Freight forwarding	10,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%	100%
Ever Sky Transportation Limited	Hong Kong	Wharf cargo handling	10,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%	100%
Qingyuan Chu Kong Shipping Port Co., Ltd.	PRC	Wharf cargo handling	RMB27,460,000	90%	-

13 Subsidiaries (Continued)

- (b) The amounts receivable are unsecured, interest free and not repayable within the next twelve months from the balance sheet date.
- (c) The holders of the deferred shares of respective subsidiaries are entitled to minimal rights as to dividends and returns of capital, but are not entitled to share the subsidiary's profits, to attend or vote at any general meeting of the subsidiary or to rights which are vested in the holding of the ordinary shares.
- (d) The holders of the preferred shares have a non-cumulative preferential right to the profit of the subsidiary at 8% of the nominal amount of the share capital of that subsidiary, but are not entitled to receive notice of or to attend or vote at any meeting of members or directors.
- (e) Chu Kong Air-Sea Union Transportation Company Limited is a subsidiary of the Company as defined by section 2(4) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance but the Company does not have unilateral control but joint control over it. Accordingly, it is accounted for as a jointly controlled entity in accordance with SSAP 21 "Accounting for interests in joint ventures" in the consolidated accounts of the Group.
- (f) Qingyuan Chu Kong Shipping Port Co., Ltd is a sino-foreign equity joint venture in the PRC. All other subsidiaries are limited liability companies in Hong Kong.

14 Jointly controlled entities

	G	roup	Co	mpany
	2003	2002	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
				(Restated)
Unlisted investments, at cost	_	_	15,055	15,055
Share of net assets	248,519	198,325		,
Unamortised goodwill and				
negative goodwill	23,068	26,535		
Loans to jointly controlled entities				
(note (c))	87,602	66,086	-	-
	359,189	290,946	15,055	15,055



14 Jointly controlled entities (Continued)

(a) Details of the jointly controlled entities as at 31st December 2003 are as follows:

Name	Place of establishment/ operation	Principal activities	ownersh	age of interest in ip/voting power/ ofit sharing
Direct jointly controlled entities				
Shenzhen Yantian Port Zhujiang Logistics Company Limited (formerly Shenzhen Yantian Port Zhujiang Container Transportation Company Limited)	PRC	Container transportation and repairs	40%	40%
Indirect jointly controlled entitie	s			
Deqing Kangzhou Container Transportation Company Ltd.	PRC	Wharf cargo handling and godown storage	52%/60%/52%	52%/60%/52%
Dongguan Humen Great Trade Containers Port Co., Ltd.	PRC	Wharf cargo handling and godown storage	30%/29%/30%	30%/29%/30%
Foshan New Port Ltd.	PRC	Cargo transportation and consolidation	37.5%/40%/37.5%	25%/40%/25%
Foshan Gaoming Ming Chu Transportation Co., Ltd. (note 26)	PRC	Cargo transportation and consolidation	50%/50%/50%	25%/50%/25%
Guangdong Sanbu Passenger and Freight Transportation Co., Ltd.	PRC	Cargo and passenger transportation	40%/43%/40%	25%/43%/25%
Guangdong Zhu Chuan Navigation Co., Ltd.	PRC	Cargo transportation	49%/40%/49%	49%/40%/49%
Guangzhou-Foshan Expressway Ltd.	PRC	Operation of an expressway	25%/40%/25%	25%/40%/259
He Shan County Hekong Associated Forwarding Co., Ltd.	PRC	Wharf cargo handling, godown storage and river trade cargo transportation	49%/50%/49%	40%/50%/40%

14 Jointly controlled entities (Continued)

Name	Place of establishment/ operation	Principal activities	Percentage of interest in ownership/voting power/ profit sharing		
			2003	2002	
Indirect jointly controlled entiti	ies (Continued)				
Nankong Warehouse & Consolidator Co., Ltd.	PRC	Cargo transportation and consolidation	25%	25%	
Sanshui Sangang Containers Wharf Co., Ltd.	PRC	Cargo transportation and consolidation	30%/25%/30%	30%/25%/30%	
Shenzhen Zhu Chuan Internationa Freight Forwarding Co., Ltd.	l PRC	Freight forwarding agency	49%/40%/49%	49%/40%/49%	

- (b) All the jointly controlled entities are sino-foreign equity joint ventures in the PRC.
- (c) The loans to the jointly controlled entities are unsecured, not repayable within the next twelve months from the balance sheet date and interest free except for HK\$58,653,000 (2002: HK\$31,132,000) which bear interest at rates ranging from 4.9% to 9.0% per annum (2002: 5.85% to 9.0% per annum).



Jointly controlled entities (Continued)

(d) A summary of the financial information of Guangzhou-Foshan Expressway Ltd., a significant jointly controlled entity of the Group, prepared based on its PRC audited accounts, after making appropriate adjustments to conform to the Group's principal accounting policies is set out as follows:

	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Results for the year		
Turnover	261,708	257,126
Profit before taxation	193,593	174,743
Taxation	(33,279)	(38,609
Profit after taxation	160,314	136,134
Net assets		
Non-current assets	707,894	680,605
Current assets	46,150	53,522
Current liabilities	(224,841)	(230,196
Non-current liabilities	(85,964)	(60,790
	443,239	443,141

15 Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation are calculated in full on temporary differences under the liability method using a principal taxation rate of 17.5% (2002: 16%).

The movements on the net deferred tax liabilities are as follows:

2 2003 0 HK\$'000	2002 HK\$'000
)	(D 1 1 D
	(Restated)
3 -	_
5 142	229
8 142	229
6) 100	(87)
0) 109	142
	36) 109



15 Deferred taxation (Continued)

The deferred tax assets and liabilities (prior to offsetting of balances within the same taxation jurisdiction) are as follows:

	G	roup	Co	mpany
	2003	2002	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		(Restated)		(Restated)
Deferred tax assets				
- Provision for doubtful debts	(255)	(269)	-	-
– Tax losses	(231)	-	-	-
- Accelerated accounting depreciation	(26)	(48)	-	-
- Others	(200)	(493)	-	-
	(712)	(810)	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities				
– Accelerated tax depreciation	2,420	1,742	251	142
	1,708	932	251	142

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes relate to the same fiscal authority. The following amounts, determined after appropriate offsetting, are shown in the Group's and the Company's balance sheets:

	Group		Company	
	2003	2002	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		(Restated)		(Restated)
Deferred tax assets	(295)	(536)	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities	2,003	1,468	251	142
	1,708	932	251	142

16 Trade receivables

The ageing analysis of the Group's trade receivables is as follows:

	Group		
	2003		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Within 3 months	34,409	35,576	
4 to 6 months	5,557	3,474	
7 to 12 months	1,049	1,617	
Over 12 months	3,461	3,784	
	44,476	44,451	
Less: Provision for doubtful debts	(3,078)	(3,089	
	41,398	41,362	

The normal credit periods granted by the Group to customers on open accounts range from one to three months from the date of invoice.



17 Balances with related companies

	G	roup	Co	mpany
	2003	2002	2003	200
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'00
Amounts due from:				
 immediate holding company 	5,858	6,142	-	
 fellow subsidiaries 	52,349	52,494	-	
– subsidiaries	-	-	197,788	195,03
- jointly controlled entities	2,477	22,116	-	25
- other related companies	2,537	-	-	
	63,221	80,752	197,788	195,28
Amounts due to:				
 immediate holding company 	12,096	6,438	623	42
 fellow subsidiaries 	1,059	202	-	
– a subsidiary	-	-	11,211	9,87
- jointly controlled entities	31,881	44,992	-	1,88
- other related companies	8,014	9,848	-	
	53.050	61,480	11,834	12,18

These balances are unsecured, interest free and have no fixed terms of repayment.

18 Trade payables

The ageing analysis of the Group's trade payables is as follows:

	Group			
	2003			
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
Within 3 months	61,933	58,184		
4 to 6 months	6,175	1,984		
7 to 12 months	3,465	1,166		
Over 12 months	602	1,478		
	72,175	62,812		

19 Share capital

	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Authorised:		
2,000,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each	200,000	200,000
Issued and fully paid:		
750,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each	75,000	75,000

The Company operates share option schemes for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Eligible participants of the schemes include any full-time employees (including executive directors) in the service of the Group.

On 10th May 2002, the share option scheme adopted on 7th May 1997 (the "Old Scheme") ceased to operate. The share options granted previously under this Old Scheme will remain in force and effective.

On 14th May 2002, the Company adopted a new share option scheme (the "New Scheme") which, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from the date of adoption. No share options have been issued under the New Scheme since its adoption.

The offer of a grant of share options may be accepted within 28 days from the date of the offer, upon payment of a nominal consideration of HK\$10 in total by the grantee. An option may be exercised at any time within 10 years commencing on the date when the option is granted.

The exercise price of the share options is determined by the directors, but may not be less than the higher of (i) the closing price of the Company's shares on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") on the date of the offer of the share options; (ii) the average closing price of the Company's shares on the Stock Exchange for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of the offer; and (iii) the nominal value of an ordinary share.



19 Share capital (Continued)

Details of the share options outstanding and granted under the Old Scheme are as follows:

	At 1st	Cancelled during the	At 31st December	Exercise			Vested pe	ercentag
	January 2003	year	2003	price HK\$	Grant date	Exercisable period	2003	2002
Directors								
Mr. Yang Liansheng	7,000,000	(7,000,000)	-	1.55	11th December 1997	11th December 1997 to 10th December 2007	N/A	100%
	7,000,000	(7,000,000)	-	0.55	29th May 2000	29th May 2000 to 28th May 2010	N/A	100%
Mr. Liang Yongjiu	11,000,000	-	11,000,000	0.55	29th May 2000	29th May 2000 to 28th May 2010	100%	100%
Mr. Che Chiqiang	10,000,000	-	10,000,000	0.52	16th October 2000	16th October 2000 to 15th October 2010	100%	100%
	35,000,000	(14,000,000)	21,000,000					
Senior management	8,000,000	-	8,000,000	0.55	29th May 2000	29th May 2000 to 28th May 2010	100%	100%
Other employees	16,000,000	-	16,000,000	0.55	29th May 2000	29th May 2000 to 28th May 2010	100%	100%
	59,000,000	(14,000,000)	45,000,000					

14,000,000 share options were cancelled following the resignation of a director during the year.

20 Reserves

Group

	Share premium HK\$'000	Exchange reserve HK\$'000	Other reserves HK\$'000	Retained profits HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1st January 2002,					
as previously reported	489,185	(415)	12,002	311,276	812,048
Change in accounting policy on					
deferred taxation (note 1(h))	-	_	_	(555)	(555)
At 1st January 2002, as restated Profit attributable to	489,185	(415)	12,002	310,721	811,493
shareholders, as restated	_	-	-	63,717	63,717
Transfer of reserves (note)	-	-	2,145	(2,145)	-
2001 final dividend	-	-	-	(22,500)	(22,500
2002 interim dividend	-	-	-	(7,500)	(7,500
At 31st December 2002,					
as restated	489,185	(415)	14,147	342,293	845,210
Representing:					
2002 final dividend proposed	_	_	-	30,000	30,000
Others	489,185	(415)	14,147	312,293	815,210
	489,185	(415)	14,147	342,293	845,210
Retained by:					
Company and subsidiaries	489,185	(415)	-	264,247	753,017
Jointly controlled entities	-	_	14,147	78,046	92,193
At 31st December 2002	489,185	(415)	14,147	342,293	845,210



Reserves (Continued)

	Share	Exchange	Capital	Other	Retained	
	premium	reserve	reserve	reserves	profits	Tota
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At 1st January 2003, as						
previously reported	489,185	(415)	-	14,147	342,762	845,679
Change in accounting policy on						
deferred taxation (note 1(h))	_	-	-	_	(469)	(469
At 1st January 2003, as restated	489,185	(415)	-	14,147	342,293	845,210
Share of capital reserve of a						
jointly controlled entity	-	-	895	-	-	89
Profit attributable to shareholders	-	-	-	-	68,069	68,06
Transfer of reserves (note)	-	-	-	44	(44)	
2002 final dividend	-	-	-	-	(30,000)	(30,00
2003 interim dividend	_	-	-	-	(7,500)	(7,50
At 31st December 2003	489,185	(415)	895	14,191	372,818	876,67
Representing:						
2003 final dividend proposed	-	-	-	-	30,000	30,00
Others	489,185	(415)	895	14,191	342,818	846,67
	489,185	(415)	895	14,191	372,818	876,67
Retained by:						
Company and subsidiaries	489,185	(415)	-	-	245,537	734,30
Jointly controlled entities	-	-	895	14,191	127,281	142,36
At 31st December 2003	489,185	(415)	895	14,191	372,818	876,67

In accordance with PRC regulations, jointly controlled entities in the PRC are required to transfer part of their profit after taxation to the enterprise expansion and reserve funds. The quantum of the transfers are subject to the approval of the board of directors of these jointly controlled entities in accordance with their respective joint venture agreements. The funds are acquired to be retained in the accounts of the respective jointly controlled entities for specific purposes.

20 Reserves (Continued)

Company

	Share premium HK\$'000	Retained profits HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1st January 2002, as previously reported Change in accounting policy on	489,185	181,350	670,535
deferred taxation (note 1(h))	-	(229)	(229)
At 1st January 2002, as restated	489,185	181,121	670,306
Profit for the year, as restated	_	19,604	19,604
2001 final dividend	_	(22,500)	(22,500)
2002 interim dividend	-	(7,500)	(7,500)
At 31st December 2002, as restated	489,185	170,725	659,910
Representing:			
2002 final dividend proposed	_	30,000	30,000
Others	489,185	140,725	629,910
At 31st December 2002	489,185	170,725	659,910
At 1st January 2003, as previously reported	489,185	170,867	660,052
Change in accounting policy			
on deferred taxation (note 1(h))	-	(142)	(142
At 1st January 2003, as restated	489,185	170,725	659,910
Profit for the year	-	18,846	18,846
2002 final dividend	-	(30,000)	(30,000
2003 interim dividend	-	(7,500)	(7,500
At 31st December 2003	489,185	152,071	641,256
Representing:			
2003 final dividend proposed	_	30,000	30,000
Others	489,185	122,071	611,256
At 31st December 2003	489,185	152,071	641,256



21 Notes to the consolidated cash flow statement

(a) Reconciliation of operating profit to cash generated from operations

	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Operating profit	24,197	28,329
Depreciation	10,412	10,740
Negative goodwill	(246)	-
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	330	158
Interest income	(5,129)	(8,712)
Operating profit before working capital changes	29,564	30,515
Decrease in trade receivables	266	4,015
Decrease in prepayments, deposits and		
other receivables	3,655	485
Decrease/(increase) in net amounts due from related		
companies	8,582	(35,982)
Increase in trade payables	8,804	6,022
Increase in other payables and accruals	3,208	1,435
Cash generated from operations	54,079	6,490

21 Notes to the consolidated cash flow statement (Continued)

(b) Acquisition of a subsidiary

	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Net assets acquired		
Fixed assets	25,548	-
Trade receivables	302	-
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	296	-
Bank balances and cash	555	-
Trade payables	(559)	-
Other payables and accruals	(75)	-
Amounts due to related companies	(28)	-
Tax payable	(28)	-
Shareholders' loans	(519)	-
Minority shareholders' interests	(2,931)	-
	22,561	-
Negative goodwill	(246)	-
Consideration satisfied by cash	22,315	-
Amount paid	13,767	
Amount pard Amount payable	8,548	•
anount payable	0,340	
Total consideration	22,315	-

The subsidiary was acquired near the financial year end and therefore did not have significant contribution to the Group's cash flows.

Analysis of the net cash outflow on acquisition of the subsidiary:

	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Cash consideration paid	13,767	_
Cash consideration paid Bank balances and cash acquired	(555)	_
	13,212	-



22 Contingent liabilities

	G	roup	Company	
	2003	2002	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Counter-guarantees to banks in respect of bank guarantees provided				
to third parties Corporate guarantee for	1,450	1,450	-	-
banking facilities granted				
to subsidiaries	-	-	17,600	19,300
	1,450	1,450	17,600	19,300

23 Commitments

(a) Capital commitments

	Group		Company	
	2003	2002	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Contracted but not provided for				
- Investments (note)	16,048	14,245	16,048	-
– Fixed assets	4,976	520	4,476	-
	21,024	14,765	20,524	-
Authorised but not				
contracted for	-	-	-	_
	21,024	14,765	20,524	-

The Group's share of capital commitments of the jointly controlled entities themselves not included in the above is as follows:

	Group	
	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Contracted but not provided for	17,403	4,365
Authorised but not contracted for	3,870	27,745
	21,273	32,110

Note:

Pursuant to an agreement entered into between the Company and the ultimate holding company on 23rd July 2003, the Company has agreed to acquire 75% interest in Chu Kong (Guangdong) International Freight Forwarding Company Limited at a consideration of approximately HK\$16,048,000. At 31st December 2003, the acquisition has yet to be approved by the relevant PRC government authorities and the Group has yet to pay the consideration.



23 Commitments (Continued)

(b) Commitments under operating leases

The future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are payable as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2003	2002	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Land and buildings:				
Not later than one year Later than one year and not	5,709	8,185	-	1,058
later than five years	12,263	19,596	-	597
	17,972	27,781	-	1,655
Vessels and barges: Not later than one year Later than one year and	13,438	11,576	-	_
not later than five years	500	3,602	-	_
	13,938	15,178	<u>-</u>	
	31,910	42,959	_	1,655

24 Future operating lease arrangements

The future aggregate minimum lease receipts under non-cancellable operating leases are receivable as follows:

	Group	
	2003	2002
	HK\$'000	HK\$'00
Land and buildings:		
Not later than one year	2,200	
Later than one year but not later than five years	3,040	
	5,240	
Vessels and barges:		
Not later than one year	1,800	
Others:		
Not later than one year	110	
	7,150	

At 31st December 2003, the Company had no future operating lease arrangements (2002: Nil).

25 Related party transactions

In addition to those disclosed elsewhere in the accounts, the following is a summary of related party transactions which, in the opinion of the directors, were carried out in the normal course of the Group's business during the year:

(a) Transactions with immediate holding company, fellow subsidiaries and related entities (which include an entity directly owned as to 49% by the Group and directly owned as to 51% by the immediate holding company and another entity which is 25% and 15% owned by immediate holding company and ultimate holding company respectively):

			roup
	NI - 1 -	2003	2002
	Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Revenues:			
Shipping agency, river trade cargo direct shipment and transhipment income – fellow subsidiaries – related entities	<i>(i)</i>	950 319	2,491 662
Expenses:			
Shipping agency, river trade cargo direct shipment and transhipment expenses – fellow subsidiaries – a related entity	<i>(i)</i>	(12,112) (614)	(6,916) -
Wharf cargo handling, cargo consolidation and godown storage expenses – a related entity	(ii)	-	(178)
Fuel charges — fellow subsidiaries	(iii)	(5,182)	(2,367)
Vessel rental expenses - a fellow subsidiary - a related entity	(ii)	- (10,535)	(1,767) (7,715)
Warehouse rental expenses – immediate holding company	(iv)	(5,000)	(5,000)
Office rental expenses – immediate holding company – a fellow subsidiary	(ii)	(2,047) (877)	(3,072) (1,380)
Crew hire charges — a fellow subsidiary — a related entity	(ii)	- (591)	(178) (535)
Staff hire charges — a fellow subsidiary	(ii)	(232)	(607)
Marine supplies expenses — a fellow subsidiary	(iii)	(18)	(201)
Vessel repairs and maintenance expenses – a fellow subsidiary	(iii)	(233)	(115)



25 Related party transactions (Continued)

(b) Transactions with other related entities:

		Group	
		2003	2002
	Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Revenues:			
Shipping agency, river trade cargo direct			
shipment and transhipment income	(i)		
- a jointly controlled entity of the			
immediate holding company		3,971	2,922
- jointly controlled entities of the Group		6,432	6,420
Shipping agency, river trade cargo direct shipment and transhipment expenses – jointly controlled entities of the	(ii)		
immediate holding company		(7,498)	(5,528
- jointly controlled entities of the Group		(13,508)	(13,961
Wharf cargo handling, cargo consolidation			
and godown storage expenses	(ii)		
- jointly controlled entities of the			
immediate holding company		(11,684)	(6,943
- jointly controlled entities of the Group		(20,186)	(17,165

- (i) These transactions were conducted at terms pursuant to agreements as entered into between the Group and the respective related parties or as mutually agreed between the Group and the respective related parties.
- (ii) These transactions were conducted at terms pursuant to agreements as entered into between the Group and the respective related parties.

25 Related party transactions (Continued)

- (iii) These transactions were conducted at terms as mutually agreed between the Group and the respective related parties.
- (iv) The Group leased a warehouse from its immediate holding company and the rental was charged by the immediate holding company at HK\$5,000,000 for the year ended 31st December 2003 (2002: HK\$5,000,000).

26 Post balance sheet event

On 16th January 2004, the Group entered into agreements with the joint venture partner of Foshan Gaoming Ming Chu Transportation Co., Ltd. ("Gaoming Transportation"), a 50% owned jointly controlled entity of the Company, to further acquire 49% interest in Gaoming Transportation at a consideration of approximately HK\$56,604,000, payable in cash. Following the acquisition, Gaoming Transportation will become a subsidiary of the Group.

27 Ultimate holding company

The directors regard Guangdong Province Navigation Holdings Company Limited, a company incorporated in the PRC, as being the ultimate holding company.

28 Approval of accounts

The accounts were approved by the board of directors on 14th April 2004.