1. **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

The principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries have not changed during the year and consisted of the operation of department stores, the rental of properties, property development, securities trading, the operation of restaurants, the operation of convenience chain stores and the provision of advertising agency services.

2. IMPACT OF A REVISED STATEMENT OF STANDARD ACCOUNTING PRACTICE

The revised Statement of Standard Accounting Practice ("SSAP") No. 12 "Income taxes" is effective for the first time for the current year's financial statements which prescribes the accounting for income taxes payable or recoverable, arising from the taxable profit or loss for the current period (current tax); and income taxes payable or recoverable in future periods, principally arising from taxable and deductible temporary differences and the carryforward of unused tax losses (deferred tax).

The SSAP has had no significant impact for these financial statements on the amounts recorded for income taxes. However, the related note disclosures are now more extensive than previously required. These are detailed in note 9 to the financial statements and include a reconciliation between the accounting result and the tax expense for the year.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with SSAPs, accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for the remeasurement of investment properties and investments in securities, as further explained below.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for the year together with the Group's share of the results for the year and post-acquisition reserves of its associates as set out below. The results of subsidiaries and associates acquired or disposed of during the year are consolidated with reference to their effective dates of acquisition or disposal, respectively. All significant intercompany transactions and balances within the Group are eliminated on consolidation.

Minority interests represent the interests of outside shareholders in the results and net assets of the Company's subsidiaries.

Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is a company in which the Company, directly or indirectly, controls more than half of its voting power or issued share capital or controls the composition of its board of directors.

The interests of subsidiaries are included in the Company's profit and loss account to the extent of dividends received and receivable. The Company's interests in subsidiaries are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

3. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

Associates

An associate is a company, not being a subsidiary, in which the Group has a long term interest of generally not less than 20% of the equity voting rights and over which it is in a position to exercise significant influence.

The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and reserves of associates is included in the consolidated profit and loss account and consolidated reserves, respectively. The Group's interests in associates are stated in the consolidated balance sheet at the Group's share of the net assets other than goodwill under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses.

The results of associates are included in the Company's profit and loss account to the extent of dividends received and receivable. The Company's investments in associates are treated as long term assets and are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

Certain associates also hold shares in The Sincere Company, Limited and, in these cases, in computing the Group's share of results, appropriate elimination is made of any amount by which these companies' own reported results have been affected by such shareholdings. The enhancement of the Group's share of the associates' retained profits resulting from the latters' receipt of dividends from The Sincere Company, Limited is reflected as a movement in the reserves of associates.

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiaries and associates represents the excess of the cost of the acquisition over the Group's share of the fair values of the identifiable assets and liabilities acquired as at the date of acquisition.

Goodwill arising on acquisition is recognised in the consolidated balance sheet as an asset and amortised on the straight-line basis over its estimated useful life. In the case of associates, any unamortised goodwill is included in the carrying amount thereof, rather than as a separately identified asset on the consolidated balance sheet.

On disposal of subsidiaries or associates, the gain or loss on disposal is calculated by reference to the net assets at the date of disposal, including the attributable amount of goodwill which remains unamortised and any relevant reserves, as appropriate.

The carrying amount of goodwill is reviewed annually and written down for impairment when it is considered necessary. A previously recognised impairment loss for goodwill is not reversed unless the impairment loss was caused by a specific external event of an exceptional nature that was not expected to recur, and subsequent external events have occurred which have reversed the effect of that event.

Impairment of assets

An assessment is made at each balance sheet date of whether there is any indication of impairment of any asset, or whether there is any indication that an impairment loss previously recognised for an asset in prior years may no longer exist or may have decreased. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is calculated as the higher of the asset's value in use or its net selling price.

3. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

Impairment of assets (continued)

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is charged to the profit and loss account in the period in which it arises, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, when the impairment loss is accounted for in accordance with the relevant accounting policy for that revalued asset.

A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of an asset, however not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortisation), had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years.

A reversal of an impairment loss is credited to the profit and loss account in the period in which it arises, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, when the reversal of the impairment loss is accounted for in accordance with the relevant accounting policy for that revalued asset.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the weighted average basis and includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion, and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling prices less any estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Investments in securities

(i) Long term investments in unlisted equity securities, which are intended to be held on a continuing basis, and which are held for an identified long term purpose documented at the time of acquisition or change of purpose and are clearly identifiable for the documented purpose, are stated at cost less any impairment losses, on an individual investment basis.

When impairments in value have occurred, the carrying amounts of the securities are reduced to their fair values, as estimated by the directors, and the amount of impairments are charged to the profit and loss account for the period in which they arise.

When the circumstances and events that led to the impairment cease to exist and there is persuasive evidence that the new circumstances and events will persist for the foreseeable future, the appreciation in fair value is credited to profit and loss account, on an individual investment basis, to the extent of the amount previously charged.

(ii) Investments in marketable securities are stated at their fair values on the basis of their quoted market prices at the balance sheet date on an individual investment basis. The gains or losses arising from changes in their respective fair values are credited or charged to the profit and loss account for the period in which they arise.

3. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

Debtors

Debtors, which generally have credit terms of one to three months, are recognised and carried at the original invoiced amount. An estimate for doubtful debts is made and deducted when collection of the full amount is no longer probable. Bad debts are written off as incurred.

Fixed assets and depreciation

Fixed assets, other than investment properties, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an asset comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Expenditure incurred after the fixed assets have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance costs, are normally charged to the profit and loss account in the period in which they are incurred. In situations where it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditure has resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of the fixed asset, the expenditure is capitalised as an additional cost of the fixed asset.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each asset over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Land Over the remaining lease terms

Buildings 2% - 4% Furniture, fixtures and equipment 10% - 20% Motor vehicles 16²/₃% - 25%

Leasehold improvements Shorter of lease terms and useful lives

The gain or loss on disposal or retirement of a fixed asset recognised in the profit and loss account is the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

Investment properties

Investment properties are interests in land and buildings in respect of which construction work and development have been completed and which are intended to be held on a long term basis for their investment potential. Such properties are not depreciated and are stated at their open market values on the basis of annual professional valuations performed at the end of each financial year. Changes in the values of investment properties are dealt with as movements in the investment property revaluation reserve. If the total of this reserve is insufficient to cover a deficit, on a portfolio basis, the excess of the deficit is charged to the profit and loss account. Any subsequent revaluation surplus is credited to the profit and loss account to the extent of the deficit previously charged.

Upon disposal of an investment property, the relevant portion of the investment property revaluation reserve realised in respect of the previous valuations is released to the profit and loss account.

3. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

Properties under development

Properties under development are stated at cost less any impairment losses plus attributable profits less foreseeable losses and sums received or receivable from buyers. Cost includes all costs attributable to such development, including finance charges capitalised until the earlier of the date of sale of the development or the date of the completion of the development.

When a property under development is pre-sold, the attributable profit recognised on the pre-sold portion of the property under development is determined by the apportionment of the estimated profit over the entire period of construction to reflect the progress of the development and is calculated by reference to the proportion of construction costs incurred up to the balance sheet date to the estimated total construction costs to completion, with due allowance for contingencies.

Properties under development which have been pre-sold and in respect of which occupation permits are expected to be granted within one year from the balance sheet date are classified under current assets.

No depreciation is provided on properties under development.

Properties held for sale

Properties held for sale are stated at the lower of their carrying amount and net realisable value. Carrying amount represents the cost or valuation, net of accumulated depreciation, transferred from land and buildings or investment properties in prior years. Income on property sales is recognised when the legally binding sales contracts are signed.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of an asset which takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the costs of the asset. The capitalisation rate for the year is based on the attributable cost of the specific borrowings. All other borrowing costs are charged to the profit and loss account in the period in which they are incurred.

Operating leases

Leases where substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets remain with the leasing company are accounted for as operating leases. Where the Group is the lessor, assets leased by the Group under operating leases are included in non-current assets and rentals receivable under the operating leases are credited to the profit and loss account on the straight-line basis over the lease terms. Where the Group is the lessee, rentals payable under the operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

3. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

Employee benefits

Paid leave carried forward

The Group provides paid annual leave to its employees under their employment contracts on a calendar year basis. Under certain circumstances, such leave which remains untaken as at the balance sheet date is permitted to be carried forward and utilised by the respective employees in the following year. An accrual is made at the balance sheet date for the expected future cost of such paid leave earned during the year by the employees and carried forward.

Retirement benefits

The Group operates a funded final salary defined benefit pension scheme (the "Scheme") for those employees who are eligible to participate in the Scheme. The expected costs of providing pensions under the Scheme are charged to the profit and loss account over the periods during which the employees provide the related services to the Group.

An actuarial estimate is made annually by a professionally qualified independent actuary, using the projected unit credit actuarial valuation method, of the present value of the Group's future defined benefit obligation under the Scheme earned by the employees as at the balance sheet date (the "Scheme obligation"). The assets contributed by the Group to the scheme (the "Scheme assets") are held separately from the assets of the Group in an independently administered fund, and are valued at their fair value at the balance sheet date.

The effect of actuarial gains and losses experienced in the estimation of the Scheme obligation and the valuation of the Scheme assets is initially recorded in the balance sheet and is subsequently recognised in the profit and loss account only when the net cumulative actuarial gains or losses in the balance sheet exceed 10% of the higher of the Scheme obligation and the fair value of Scheme assets at the beginning of the period. Such "excess" net cumulative actuarial gains or losses are recognised in the profit and loss account over the expected average remaining working lives of the employees participating in the Scheme.

The net of the Scheme obligation and the fair value of the Scheme assets at the balance sheet date, together with the actuarial gains and losses remaining in the balance sheet at that date, is recognised in the balance sheet within non-current assets or non-current liabilities, as appropriate. If the net amount results in an asset, the amount of the asset is limited to the net total of any net cumulative actuarial losses remaining in the balance sheet, and the present value of any future refunds from the Scheme or reductions in future contributions to the Scheme. Movements in the net asset or liability recognised in the balance sheet during the period, other than those deferred in the balance sheet, are recorded in the profit and loss account for the period.

The amounts of the contributions payable by the Group to the Scheme are determined by the actuary using the projected unit credit actuarial valuation method.

3. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

Employee benefits (continued)

Retirement benefits (continued)

In addition, the Group also operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund ("MPF") retirement benefits scheme under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance. Contributions to the MPF scheme are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF scheme. The Group's employer contributions are fully and immediately vested in favour of the employees when contributed to the MPF scheme.

The employees in the subsidiaries located in PRC are members of the Central Pension Scheme operated by the Chinese government. The subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their covered payroll to the Central Pension Scheme to fund the benefits. The only obligation for the subsidiaries with respect to the Central Pension Scheme is to meet the required contributions under the Central Pension Scheme.

Share option scheme

The Company operates a share option scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. The financial impact of share options granted under the share option scheme is not recorded in the Company's or the Group's balance sheet until such time as the options are exercised, and no charge is recorded in the profit and loss account or balance sheet for their cost. Upon the exercise of share options, the resulting shares issued are recorded by the Company as additional share capital at the nominal value of the shares, and the excess of the exercise price per share over the nominal value of the shares is recorded by the Company in the share premium account. Options which are cancelled prior to their exercise date, or which lapse, are deleted from the register of outstanding options.

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognised in the profit and loss account or in equity if it relates to items that are recognised in the same or a different period directly in equity.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences:

- except where the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

3. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carryforward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses can be utilised:

- except where the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Conversely, previously unrecognised deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and when the revenue can be measured reliably, on the following bases:

- (a) trading of securities, on the trade day;
- (b) interest, on a time proportion basis taking into account the principal outstanding and the effective rate of interest applicable;
- (c) dividends, when the shareholders' rights to receive payment is established;
- rental income, in the period in which the properties are let out and on the straight-line basis over the lease terms;
- (e) sales of goods, when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, provided that the Group maintains neither managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership, nor effective control over the goods sold;
- (f) sale of properties, when the legally binding unconditional sales contracts are signed and exchanged;
- pre-sale of properties under development, when the construction work has progressed to a (g) stage where the ultimate realisation of profit can be reasonably determined and on the basis set out under the paragraph "Properties under development" above;

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

- (h) receipts from restaurant operations and the operation of convenience chain stores, upon the delivery of food, beverages and other consumer goods to customers; and
- (i) advertising agency fee income, on completion of the services.

Research and development costs

All research costs are charged to the profit and loss account as incurred.

Expenditure incurred on projects to develop new products is capitalised and deferred only when the projects are clearly defined; the expenditure is separately identifiable and can be measured reliably; there is reasonable certainty that the projects are technically feasible; and the products have commercial value. Product development expenditure which does not meet these criteria is expensed when incurred.

Deferred development costs are stated at cost less any impairment losses and are amortised using the straight-line basis over the commercial lives of the underlying products from three to five years, commencing from the date when the products are put into commercial production.

Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are recorded at the applicable exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated at the applicable rates of exchange ruling at that date. Exchange differences are dealt with in the profit and loss account.

Forward exchange contracts are valued at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and exchange differences are dealt with in the profit and loss account.

On consolidation, the financial statements of overseas subsidiaries and associates are translated into Hong Kong dollars using the net investment method. The profit and loss accounts of overseas subsidiaries and associates are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year, and their balance sheets are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the balance sheet date. The resulting translation differences are included in the exchange fluctuation reserve.

For the purpose of the consolidated cash flow statement, the cash flows of overseas subsidiaries are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the cash flows. Frequently recurring cash flows of overseas subsidiaries which arise throughout the year are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

Related parties

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party, or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties may be individuals or corporate entities.

3. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the balance sheet, cash and bank balances comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits, which are not restricted as to use.

4. **SEGMENT INFORMATION**

In accordance with the requirements of SSAP 26 "Segment reporting", the Group has determined that business segments are its primary reporting format and geographical segments are its secondary reporting format.

The Group's operating businesses are structured and managed separately, according to the nature of their operations and the products and services they provide. Each of the Group's business segments represents a strategic business unit that offers products and services which are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other business segments. Summary details of the business segments are as follows:

- (a) the department store operations segment consists of the operation of department stores and convenience chain stores offering a wide range of consumer products;
- the restaurant operations segment consists of the operation of restaurants; (b)
- (c) the property rental segment consists of the leasing of premises to generate rental income;
- (d) the property development segment consists of the development and sale of properties;
- (e) the securities trading segment consists of the trading of Hong Kong and overseas securities; and
- (f) the corporate and others segment consists of corporate income and expenses items and advertising agency services.

In determining the Group's geographical segments, revenues and results are attributed to the segments based on the location of the businesses, and assets are attributed to the segments based on the location of the assets.

Inter-segment sales are transacted based on the direct costs incurred or an agreed rate for rental income and income from the provision of warehouse services, respectively.

4. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued)

(a) **Business segments**

The following tables present revenue, profit/(loss) and certain asset, liability and expenditure information for the Group's business segments.

	Depar	tment	Resta	urant	Prop	erty	Prop	erty	Secu	rities	Corp	orate				
	store op	erations	opera	itions	ren	tal	develo	pment	trac	ding	and o	thers	Elimin	ations	Consol	lidated
	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Segment revenue: Sales to external																
customers	195,953	277,451	22,180	23,099	15,530 17,607	19,339 18,941	30,084	11,821	44,716	(19,656)	4,918 6,296	3,097	(22,002)	(1,104)	313,381	314,047
Inter-segment sales Other revenue	88,354	54,183	137	128	(470)	422	1,145	850	-	2,230	0,290	1,596 3	(23,903) (1,165)	(20,537) (1,193)	88,001	56,623
Total	284,307	331,634	22,317	23,227	32,667	38,702	31,229	12,671	44,716	(17,426)	11,214	4,696	(25,068)	(22,834)	401,382	370,670
							_		_	_						
Segment results	(56,001)	(67,221)	(1,781)	(7,108)	7,988	10,669	(8,433)	(9,518)	39,556	(24,034)	(3,935)	(1,936)	_	_	(22,606)	(99,148)
Interest, dividend income and																44.700
unallocated revenue Unallocated expenses															12,476 (18,445)	14,788 (39,968)
Impairment on fixed assets in PRC Revaluation deficit	-	-	-	-	(7,036)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7,036)	-
on investment properties in PRC	_	_	_	_	(31,816)	(44,790)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(31,816)	(44,790)
Impairment on properties under development																
in PRC Impairment on properties under development	-	-	-	-	(42,401)	(53,704)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(42,401)	(53,704)
for sale in the UK	-	-	-	-	-	-	(40,453)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(40,453)	
Loss from operating activities															(150,281)	(222,822)
Finance costs															(8,328)	(13,999)
Share of profits less losses of associates															(25,420)	(11,278)
Loss before tax															(184,029)	(248,099)
Tax															843	(5,880)
Loss before minority															(195 196)	(252 070)
interests Minority interests															13,492	5,223
Net loss from ordinary activities attributable																
to shareholders															(169,694)	(248,756)

4. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued)

Business segments (continued)

	store op 2004	rtment perations 2003 HK\$'000		urant ations 2003 HK\$'000		perty ntal 2003 HK\$'000		perty pment 2003 HK\$'000		rities ding 2003 HK\$'000		orate others 2003 HK\$'000	Elimin 2004 HK\$'000	ations 2003 HK\$'000	Conso 2004 HK\$'000	lidated 2003 HK\$'000
Segment assets Unallocated assets	115,103	158,588	3,727	3,739	434,223	515,398	316,193	257,702	357,309	408,486	9,431	515	(23,556)	(20,134)	1,212,430 42,025	1,324,294 21,674
Interests in associates Bank overdrafts included	-	-	-	-	-	-	77,958	85,805	-	-	127,117	137,798	-	-		223,603
in segment assets	28,151	16,824	-	-	-	-	360	623	-	1,426	-	805	-	-	28,511	19,678
Total assets															1,488,041	1,589,249
Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities	75,686 -	36,301 -	4,388 -	3,983	10,695 -	10,510	22,424	17,176 -	939 -	(1,023)	4,299 -	(733) -	(23,556) -	(20,134)	94,875 444,337	46,080 453,026
Bank overdrafts included in segment assets	28,151	16,824	-	-	-	-	360	623	-	1,426	-	805	-	-	28,511	19,678
Total liabilities															567,723	518,784
Other segment information	n: 9,794	12,920	242	3,415	5,670	6,830	_	_	_	_	989	900	-	_	16,695	24,065
Capital expenditure	6,469	7,122	57	203	838	1,050	-	-	-	-	1,174	733	-	-	8,538	9,108
Provision/(write-back of provision) for																
doubtful debts	-	655	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	189	(97)	-	-	189	558
Provision/(write-back of provision) for obsolete inventories	(5,949)	8,900	-	-	-	(22)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(5,949)	8,878
Provision for impairment of long term investments	-	6,700	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,700
Impairment on fixed asset in PRC	s -	-	-	-	7,036	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,036	-
Revaluation deficit on investment properties in PRC	-	-	-	-	31,816	44,790	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31,816	44,790
Impairment on properties under development in PRC	-	-	-	-	42,401	53,704	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42,401	53,704
Impairment on properties under development for sale in the UK	-	-	-	-	-	-	40,453	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40,453	-
Amortisation and impairment on goodwil		_			5,988	7,105				_	_	_			5,988	7,105

4. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued)

(b) **Geographical segments**

The following table presents revenue and certain assets and expenditure information for the Group's geographical segments.

	Hong Kong		Hong Kong PRC		UK Ot		Oth	thers Elimi		Eliminations		Consolidated	
	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Segment revenue: Sales to external													
customers	253,888	306,269	11,296	6,388	30,084	11,821	18,113	(10,431)		-	313,381	314,047	
Segment assets	503,021	538,696	340,474	412,644	389,162	337,650	255,384	300,259			1,488,041	1,589,249	
Capital expenditure	4,527	6,524	3,000	1,851			1,011	733			8,538	9,108	

TURNOVER 5.

Turnover represents the invoiced value of goods sold less discounts and returns, rental income net of outgoings, gross proceeds from the sales of properties, net gain or loss on securities trading, the receipts from restaurant operations and operations of convenience stores and advertising agency fee income.

6. LOSS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

The Group's loss from operating activities is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

	2004 HK\$'000	2003 HK\$'000
Depreciation	16,695	24,065
Auditors' remuneration	1,780	1,615
Staff costs, excluding directors' remuneration (Note 30)		
Wages and salaries	41,535	56,464
Pension contributions, including pension costs for defined benefit scheme of HK\$2,220,000 (2003: HK\$2,258,000)	2,359	3,043
	43,894	59,507
Impairment on fixed assets in PRC*	7,036	-
Deficit on revaluation of investment properties in PRC*	31,816	44,790
Impairment on properties under development in PRC* Provision for impairment on properties under	42,401	53,704
development for sale in UK*	40,453	-
Provision for doubtful debts	189	558
Provision for impairment of long term investments*	-	6,700
Provision/(write-back of provision) for obsolete inventories**	(5,949)	8,878
Amortisation and impairment of goodwill*	5,988	7,105
Operating lease rentals payments in respect of land and buildings:		
Minimum lease payments	71,557	89,081
Contingent rent	6,204	361
Gain on disposal of fixed assets	(147)	-
Loss on disposal of properties held for sales	-	411
Exchange losses/(gains) – net	2,153	(3,028)
Gross rental income	(15,810)	(19,129)
Less: Outgoings	102	894
Net rental income	(15,708)	(18,235)
Gain on liquidation of a subsidiary	(1,763)	_
Dividends from listed investments	(3,590)	(3,235)
Net loss/(gain) on securities trading	(44,716)	19,656
Interest income	(5,023)	(10,998)

Amounts are included in "Other operating expenses" on the face of the consolidated profit and loss account.

^{**} Amount is included in "Cost of sales" on the face of the consolidated profit and loss account.

7. **PENSION SCHEME ASSETS**

The movements in the net pension scheme assets in the balance sheets during the year were as follows:

Group

		2004	2003
	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At beginning of year		5,506	5,132
Contribution paid to the pension scheme		2,672	2,816
Net pension scheme cost recognised in the profit and loss account	6, 7(c)	(2,404)	(2,442)
At 29 February/28 February	7(b)	5,774	5,506
Company			
		2004	2003
	Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At beginning of year		5,321	5,015
Contribution paid to the pension scheme		2,415	2,535
Net pension scheme cost recognised in the profit and loss account		(2,138)	(2,229)
At 29 February/28 February	7(b)	5,598	5,321

7. **PENSION SCHEME ASSETS** (continued)

The components of the pension scheme net assets as at the balance sheet date, were as follows:

Group

	Note	2004 HK\$'000	2003 HK\$'000
Present value of defined benefit obligation		(34,333)	(31,242)
Fair value of scheme assets		38,065	34,486
		3,732	3,244
Net cumulative actuarial losses remaining in the balance sheet		2,042	2,262
Net asset recognised at 29 February/ 28 February	7(a)	5,774	5,506
Company			
	Note	2004 HK\$'000	2003 HK\$'000
Present value of defined benefit obligation		(33,421)	(30,476)
Fair value of scheme assets		37,145	33,704
		3,724	3,228
Net cumulative actuarial losses remaining in the balance sheet		1,874	2,093
Net asset recognised at 29 February/ 28 February	7(a)	5,598	5,321

7. **PENSION SCHEME ASSETS** (continued)

The components of the Group's net pension scheme cost recognised in the consolidated profit and loss account for the year, together with the actual return on the scheme assets for the year, were as follows:

	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Current service cost	3,142	2,877
Interest cost on defined benefit obligation	1,531	1,902
Expected return on pension scheme assets	(2,278)	(2,337)
Net actuarial losses recognised	9	
	2,404	2,442
Actual return on scheme assets	407	747

The above amount of the Group's net pension scheme cost was included in the administrative expenses on the face of the consolidated profit and loss account.

(d) The principal actuarial assumptions used in determining the Group's and Company's net pension scheme assets as at the balance sheet date, were as follows:

	2004	2003
	%	%
Discount rate	4.5	5.0
Long term average expected return on scheme assets	6.5	6.5
Long term salary increase rate	4.5	4.5

(e) In addition to the above disclosures, the following further information is provided pursuant to the requirements of the Listing Rules. The actuarial valuation of the Group's pension scheme as at 29 February 2004 was performed by Mr. Aaron Wong, Fellow of the Society of Actuarial, of Watson Wyatt Hong Kong Limited, using the valuation method detailed under the heading "Employee benefits: Retirement benefits" in note 3 to the financial statements.

As at 29 February 2004, the level of funding of the pension scheme was 111% (2003: 109%), as calculated under the projected unit credit actuarial valuation method.

8. **FINANCE COSTS**

	2004 HK\$'000	2003 HK\$'000
Interest on bank loans and other loans wholly repayable within five years	17,916	20,919
Less: Interest capitalised (Notes 19, 20)	(9,588)	(6,920)
Net interest expense	8,328	13,999

9. TAX

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 17.5% (2003: 16%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year. The increased Hong Kong profits tax rate became effective from the year of assessment 2003/2004, and so is applicable to the assessable profits arising in Hong Kong for the whole of the year ended 29 February 2004. However, no provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made during the year as the Group did not generate any assessable profits arising in Hong Kong (2003: Nil).

Overseas tax has been provided on the profits of the subsidiaries in accordance with the tax laws of the countries in which these subsidiaries operate.

	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Group:		
Current – Hong Kong		
Charge for the year	-	-
Current – Overseas		
Charge for the year	_	_
Overprovision in prior year	(878)	-
	(878)	-
Change of Annual Anglian Anglian and Anglian	25	F 000
Share of tax attributable to associates		5,880
Total tax charge/(credit) for the year	(843)	5,880

9. **TAX** (continued)

A reconciliation of the tax expense applicable to loss before tax using the statutory rates, ranging from 17.5% to 33%, for the countries in which the Company and its subsidiaries and associates are domiciled to the tax expense at the effective tax rates, and a reconciliation of the applicable rates (i.e., the statutory tax rates) to the effective tax rates, are as follows:

	Group		
	2004	2003	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Loss before tax	(184,029)	(248,099)	
Tax at the statutory tax rate	(68,848)	(54,615)	
Adjustments in respect of current tax of previous periods	(910)	(25)	
Income not subject to tax	(6,611)	(5,816)	
Expenses not deductible for tax	39,508	15,815	
Deferred tax not recognised	(910)	937	
Estimated tax losses not recognised	36,928	49,584	
Tax charge/(credit) at the Group's effective rate	(843)	5,880	

The Group has tax losses arising in Hong Kong of approximately HK\$876,052,000 (2003: HK\$853,943,000) that are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the Group. Deferred tax asset has not been recognised in respect of these losses as the Group has been loss-making for some time.

10. NET LOSS FROM ORDINARY ACTIVITIES ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS

The net loss from ordinary activities attributable to shareholders dealt with in the financial statements of the Company amounted to HK\$143,722,000 (2003: HK\$68,746,000).

11. LOSS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic loss per share is based on the net loss from ordinary activities attributable to shareholders for the year of HK\$169,694,000 (2003: HK\$248,756,000) and the 574,308,000 (2003: 574,308,000) shares in issue throughout the year.

No diluted loss per share is presented for both current and last year as there are no dilutive potential ordinary shares in existence during these years.

12. FIXED ASSETS

Group

ld
ts Total
00 HK\$'000
1 511,839
- (5,118)
8,538
(24,682)
(31,816)
9 458,761
149,110
16,695
- 7,036
- (5,118)
(18,724)
148,999
309,762
362,729
9 284,261
- 174,500
9 458,761

FIXED ASSETS (continued) 12.

Company

		fixtures,		
	Land and	equipment and	Leasehold	
	buildings	motor vehicles	improvements	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Cost:				
At beginning of year	434	31,311	60,046	91,791
Additions	-	787	2,616	3,403
Disposals	(434)	(1,040)	(15,710)	(17,184)
At 29 February 2004		31,058	46,952	78,010
Accumulated depreciation:				
At beginning of year	217	25,748	45,263	71,228
Provided during the year	6	3,690	4,974	8,670
Disposals	(223)	(909)	(14,669)	(15,801)
At 29 February 2004		28,529	35,568	64,097
Net book value:				
At 29 February 2004		2,529	11,384	13,913
At 28 February 2003	217	5,563	14,783	20,563

Furniture.

The tenures and locations of the Group's land and buildings are as follows:

	Hong Kong	PRC	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Medium term leasehold	83,153	30,429	113,582

The investment properties are situated in PRC and held under medium term leases.

The investment properties were valued on 29 February 2004 by Castores Magi Surveyors Limited, an independent firm of professional valuers, on an open market value basis based on their existing use at HK\$174,500,000. A revaluation deficit of HK\$31,816,000 resulting from the valuation was charged to the profit and loss account.

The investment properties and certain of the land and buildings which are situated in PRC are pledged as security to a bank for a bank loan granted (Note 24).

HK\$'000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Year ended 29 February 2004)

13. GOODWILL

The amounts of the goodwill capitalised as an asset in the balance sheet, arising from the acquisition of subsidiaries, are as follows:

Cost:	
At beginning of year and at 29 February 2004	25,870
Accumulated amortisation and impairment:	
At beginning of year	7,105
Amortisation and impairment provided during the year	5,988
At 29 February 2004	13,093
Net book value:	
At 29 February 2004	12,777
At 28 February 2003	18,765

14. PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT

	Group		
	2004	2003	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
At beginning of year	166,301	279,217	
Transferred to fixed assets	-	(59,212)	
Provision for impairment	(42,401)	(53,704)	
	123,900	166,301	

The properties under development are located in Dalian, PRC and were valued on 29 February 2004 by Castores Magi Surveyors Limited on an open market value basis based on their existing use at HK\$123,900,000. An impairment loss of HK\$42,401,000 resulting from the valuation was charged to profit and loss account.

At the balance sheet date, the properties under development are pledged as security to banks for bank loans granted to the Group (Note 24).

15. LONG TERM RECEIVABLES

Long term receivables represent amounts due from purchasers of units in the Sincere House and are secured by those units and bear interest at 2.25% or 2.75% over the best annual lending rate in Hong Kong as quoted from time to time by The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited.

Group		
2004	2003	
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
4,886	7,816	
(1,295)	(1,735)	
3,591	6,081	
	2004 HK\$'000 4,886 (1,295)	

16. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

	Company		
	2004	2003	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Unlisted shares, at cost	42,024	41,815	
Due from subsidiaries	1,415,704	1,407,474	
Due to subsidiaries	(64,682)	(65,731)	
	1,393,046	1,383,558	
Less: Provisions for impairment	(557,804)	(454,515)	
	835,242	929,043	

The balances with subsidiaries are unsecured and are not repayable within the next 12 months from the balance sheet date. Certain of the balances bear interest at 4.3% (2003: 5.3%) per annum.

16. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows:

Company	Place of incorporation/ registration and principal operations	Nominal value of issued/ registered share capital/ paid-up capital	Class of		age held Indirectly	Nature of business
				,	,	
Citihood Developments Limited	British Virgin Islands	US\$30,000	Registered	100	-	Investment holding
Dalian Sincere Building Co., Ltd.	PRC	RMB72,000,000	N/A	-	100	Property development
Finsbay Investment Limited	British Virgin Islands	US\$10,000	Registered	-	51	Investment holding
Jubilee Street Limited	UK	GBP967	Ordinary "A" shares	-	100	Property investment
		GBP33	Ordinary "B" shares	-	-	
Kittany Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$20	Ordinary	100	-	Property holding
Ottoway Limited	British Virgin Islands	US\$1	Registered	100	-	Investment holding
Palatial Estates Holding Inc.	British Virgin Islands	US\$50,000	Registered	100	-	Investment holding
Peak Restaurants Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$22,500,000	Ordinary	-	70	Operation of restaurants
Prizeport Limited	UK	GBP2,200,000	Ordinary	-	95	Property development
Right View Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	Ordinary	-	100	Property holding
Silveroute Limited	British Virgin Islands	US\$1	Registered	100	-	Securities trading

16. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

Company	Place of incorporation/ registration and principal operations	Nominal value of issued/ registered share capital/ paid-up capital	Class of shares held		age held Indirectly	Nature of business
Sincere B.V.I. Limited	British Virgin Islands	US\$100	Registered	100	-	Investment holding
The Sincere Department Store (China) Limited	British Virgin Islands	US\$50,000	Registered	100	-	Investment holding
The Sincere Finance Company, Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	Ordinary	100	-	Finance
Sincere Worldwide Limited	British Virgin Islands	US\$2	Registered	100	-	Investment holding
Springview Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$500,000	Ordinary	100	-	Securities trading
Sino State Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$100	Ordinary	-	81	Investment holding
Shanghai Sincere Daily Stop Chain Corporation	PRC	RMB5,000,000	Registered	-	66	Operating and franchising of convenience chain stores
Matchgain Limited*	Hong Kong	HK\$100,000	Ordinary	74	-	Furniture retailing
360 Communications Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$100	Ordinary	-	60	Advertising agency
Pacific Falcon Limited#	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	Ordinary	-	80	Residential project desigr and furniture retailing
Charter Victory Limited#	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	Ordinary	-	88	Interior design and furnishing
Shanghai 360 Communications Limited#	PRC	RMB500,000	Registered	60	-	Advertising agency

INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued) 16.

- # Incorporated/established during the year
- * On 14 October 2003, a resolution was passed by the board of directors of the subsidiary to place the entity under liquidation in accordance with Section 228A of the Companies Ordinance.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company, which in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES 17.

	Group		Company	
	2004	2003	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Unlisted shares, at cost	-	-	16,611	16,611
Share of net assets other than goodwill	219,427	223,682		
	219,427	223,682	16,611	16,611
Due from/(to) associates	(14,352)	(79)		15,454
	205,075	223,603	16,611	32,065

The Group's share of the post-acquisition accumulated reserves of associates at 29 February 2004 was HK\$151,547,000 (2003: HK\$155,802,000).

The balances with associates are unsecured, interest-free and are not repayable within the next 12 months from the balance sheet date.

17. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (continued)

Particulars of the associates are as follows:

Company	Business structure	Place of incorporation	Class of shares held	of issued shares held	Nature of business
Brandlord Limited	Corporate	UK	Ordinary	27.00	Property investment
Tailbay Investments Limited	Corporate	British Virgin Islands	Ordinary	30.00	Investment holding
The Sincere Life Assurance Company Limited ("Life")	Corporate	Hong Kong	Ordinary	48.09	Insurance and investment
The Sincere Insurance & Investment Company, Limited ("Insurance")	Corporate	Hong Kong	Ordinary	40.67	General insurance and investment
The Sincere Company (Perfumery Manufacturers) Limited ("Perfumery")	Corporate	Hong Kong	Ordinary	37.15	Investment holding
140 Park Lane Limited	Corporate	UK	Ordinary	30.00	Property investment
CPE Investment Limited	Corporate	UK	Ordinary	50.00	Investment holding
Lancaster Partnership Limited	Corporate	UK	Ordinary	50.00	Property investment

At 29 February 2004, Life, Insurance and Perfumery directly held 31.89%, 13.17% and 0.30%, respectively, of the issued share capital of the Company.

18. LONG TERM INVESTMENTS

	Group		Compa	ny
	2004	2003	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Unlisted investments at cost:				
Hong Kong	20,724	21,824	20,724	21,824
Taiwan	23,108	23,108	23,108	23,108
Others	34,538	34,538		
	78,370	79,470	43,832	44,932
Less: Provisions for impairment	(29,312)	(29,312)	(29,312)	(29,312)
	49,058	50,158	14,520	15,620

At 29 February 2004, the unlisted investment in Hong Kong of the Group and of the Company represented an interest of 10% (2003: 10%) in the issued share capital of Goldian Limited against which a total provision of HK\$14,901,000 (2003: HK\$14,901,000) has been made for impairment as considered necessary by the directors of the Company.

19. PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT FOR SALE

	Group		
	2004	2003	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Carrying value at beginning of year	156,652	79,504	
Additions	81,067	73,183	
Interest capitalised (Note 8)	9,588	3,965	
Exchange realignment	28,868		
	276,175	156,652	
Less: Provision for impairment	(40,453)		
	235,722	156,652	

At the balance sheet date, the properties under development for sale are pledged to banks to secure bank loans granted to the Group (Note 24).

PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE 20.

	Group		
	2004		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
At beginning of year	45,018	57,910	
Additions	817	835	
Interest capitalised (Note 8)	-	2,955	
Sales during the year	(30,791)	(16,682)	
Exchange realignment	4,701		
	19,745	45,018	

At the balance sheet date, the properties held for sale are pledged to banks to secure bank loans granted to the Group (Note 24).

21. **DEBTORS**

The maturity profile of the current portion of the amounts due from purchasers of units in the Sincere House and debtors from other services at the balance sheet date was as follows:

	Group	
	2004	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Current - 3 months	1,454	421
4 - 6 months	326	430
7 - 12 months	660	884
	2,440	1,735

22. **MARKETABLE SECURITIES**

	Group	
	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Listed investments, at market value:		
Hong Kong	31,800	30,633
Elsewhere	280,867	360,596
	312,667	391,229

At the balance sheet date, marketable securities with an aggregate market value of approximately HK\$299,143,000 (2003: HK\$378,743,000) were pledged to banks to secure banking facilities granted to the Group (Note 24).

23. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

	Group		Company	
	2004	2003	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Cash on hand and in banks	44,738	24,652	6,930	6,155
Deposits with banks	2,357	1,176	-	1,176
	47,095	25,828	6,930	7,331

24. INTEREST-BEARING BANK LOANS AND OVERDRAFTS, SECURED

	Group		Group Company		any
	2004	2003	2004	2003	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Bank loans and overdrafts, secured	463,577	438,444	43,709	32,418	
Portion due within one year					
included under current liabilities	(267,727)	(438,444)	(43,709)	(32,418)	
Long term portion	195,850				

CREDITORS 25.

The age analysis of trade creditors at the balance sheet date included in the total creditors balance was as follows:

	Group		Group Company		any
	2004	2003	2004	2003	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Current - 3 months	37,599	17,404	34,563	14,427	
4 - 6 months	921	909	921	368	
7 - 12 months	596	827	596	827	
Over 1 year	427	558	427	558	
	39,543	19,698	36,507	16,180	

26. **SHARE CAPITAL**

2004	2003
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
300,000	300,000
287,154	287,154
	300,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Year ended 29 February 2004)

Share options

Details of the Company's share option scheme (the "Option Scheme") are set out in note 28 to the financial statements.

No option had been granted or agreed to be granted under the Option Scheme up to the date of approval of these financial statements.

27. SHARE PREMIUM ACCOUNT

	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At beginning and end of year	26	26

28. **SHARE OPTION SCHEME**

The Company operates the Option Scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants for their contribution to the Group. Eligible participants of the Option Scheme include any full-time employees and directors, excluding any non-executive directors, of the Group. The Option Scheme became effective on 1 August 2000 and, unless otherwise amended or altered, will remain in force for a period of 10 years from that date.

The maximum number of unexercised share options currently permitted to be granted under the Option Scheme is an amount equivalent, upon their exercise, of up to 10% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time. The maximum number of shares issuable under share options to each eligible participant in the Option Scheme is limited to 25% of the aggregate number of shares issuable under the Option Scheme.

The offer of the grant of a share option may be accepted within 28 days from the date of the offer, upon payment of a nominal consideration of HK\$1 in total by the grantee. The exercise period of the share options granted is determinable by the directors, and commences on a date determinable by the directors, and ends on a date which is not later than 10 years from the commencement date of the exercise period or the expiry date of the Option Scheme, if earlier.

28. **SHARE OPTION SCHEME** (continued)

The exercise price of the share options is determinable by the directors, but may not be less than the higher of (i) 90% of the average of the closing price of the Company's shares on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of offer of the option; and (ii) the nominal value of the Company's shares.

No options had been granted or agreed to be granted under the Option Scheme up to the date of approval of these financial statements.

29. **RESERVES**

(a) Group

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

(b) Company

	General	Retained	
	reserve	profits	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At 1 March 2002	46,613	775,707	822,320
Loss for the year		(68,746)	(68,746)
At 28 February 2003 and 1 March 2003	46,613	706,961	753,574
Loss for the year		(143,722)	(143,722)
At 29 February 2004	46,613	563,239	609,852

At 29 February 2004, the Company's reserves available for distribution, calculated in accordance with the provisions of Section 79B of the Companies Ordinance, amounted to HK\$609,852,000 (2003: HK\$753,574,000).

30. REMUNERATION OF THE DIRECTORS AND OF THE FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

Directors' remuneration consisted of:

	Executive	Directors	Other D	irectors	Tot	tal
	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Fees	3,592	3,592	402	402	3,994	3,994
Salaries and allowances	16,762	16,769	-	-	16,762	16,769
Pension contributions, including pension cost for defined benefit scheme of HK\$184,000						
(2003: HK\$184,000)		212				212
	20,558	20,573	402	402	20,960	20,975

There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year.

The remuneration of the directors fell within the following bands:

	Number of directors	
	2004	2003
NEL 11/61 000 000	2	2
Nil – HK\$1,000,000	3	3
HK\$2,000,001 – HK\$2,500,000	1	1
HK\$8,000,001 - HK\$8,500,000	1	1
HK\$10,000,001 – HK\$10,500,000	1	1

Of the five highest paid individuals, three are directors of the Company and their remuneration has been included in the directors' remuneration above. The remuneration of the remaining two highest paid individuals, analysed by the nature thereof and designated bands, is as set out below:

	Group	
	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Salaries and allowances	3,011	2,267
Pension contributions	24	68
	3,035	2,335

30. REMUNERATION OF THE DIRECTORS AND OF THE FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS (continued)

	Number of	Number of individuals	
	2004	2003	
HK\$1,000,001 – HK\$1,500,000	1	2	
HK\$2,000,001 - HK\$2,500,000	1		
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEM	ENT		

31.

Acquisition of a subsidiary (a)

	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Net assets acquired:		
Fixed assets	_	402
	_	
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	-	3,168
Cash and bank balances	-	39
Inventories	-	18
Creditors, deposits and accrued expenses	-	(2,187)
	-	1,440
Goodwill on acquisition	_	1,664
Goodwill on acquistion		
	-	3,104
Satisfied by:		
Cash		3,104

An analysis of the net outflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the acquisition of a subsidiary is as follows:

	2004 HK\$'000	2003 HK\$'000
Cash consideration	_	(3,104)
Cash and bank balances acquired		39
Net outflow of cash and cash equivalents		
in respect of the acquisition of a subsidiary	<u> </u>	(3,065)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT (continued) 31.

(b) Liquidation of a subsidiary

		2004	2003
	Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Net liabilities disposed of:			
Fixed assets		3,001	_
Cash and bank balances		74	_
Inventories		2,333	_
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	5	674	_
Creditors, deposits and accrued expenses		(5,369)	_
Minority interests		(2,476)	_
			
		(1,763)	-
Gain on liquidation of a subsidiary	6	1,763	
		-	-
Satisfied by:			
Cash		_	_

An analysis of the net inflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the liquidation of a subsidiary is as follows:

	2004 HK\$′000	2003 HK\$'000
Cash consideration Cash and bank balances upon liquidation		
Net outflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the liquidation of a subsidiary	(74)	

The results of the subsidiary liquidated during the year had no significant impact on the Group's consolidated turnover or consolidated loss after tax and before minority interests for the year ended 29 February 2004.

OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS 32.

(a) As lessor

The Group leases its investment properties under operating lease arrangements, with leases negotiated for terms ranging from 1 to 20 years.

As at the balance sheet date, the Group and the Company had total future minimum lease receivables under non-cancellable operating leases with their tenants falling due as follows:

	Group		Comp	oany
	2004	2003	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Within one year	7,684	17,643	2,328	11,976
In the second to fifth years, inclusive	17,802	20,227	45	2,470
After five years	59,930	64,369	-	-
	85,416	102,239	2,373	14,446

During the year, the Group did not receive any contingent rent.

(b) As lessee

The Group leases its land and buildings under operating lease arrangements, with leases negotiated for terms ranging from 1 to 5 years.

As at the balance sheet date, the Group and the Company had total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases falling due as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2004	2003	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Within one year	47,013	64,916	36,483	53,929
In the second to fifth years, inclusive	54,068	67,494	48,416	56,597
	101,081	132,410	84,899	110,526

A non-cancellable operating leases included in above were subject to contingent rent payments, which were charged at the higher of the amount of 12% of the gross sales attributable to the leased premises or the base rents as determined in the respective lease agreements. In addition, a lease for restaurant operations was charged at 15% of the restaurant's monthly gross turnover as determined in the respective lease agreement, and the corresponding contingent rent was not included in above.

OUTSTANDING COMMITMENTS 33.

Outstanding commitments at the balance sheet date were as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2004	2003	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Irrevocable letters of credit	9,885	7,957	9,885	7,957
Capital commitments				
– contracted, but not provided for	2,000	55,312	-	_
 authorised, but not contracted 	26,555	-	-	-
Commitments to purchase				
foreign currencies	177,453	17,000	20,508	-
Commitments to sell foreign currencies	177,097	17,000	20,549	-
Commitments to pay for delivery services	-	1,261	-	-
Commitments to pay for consultancy fee		3,100		

In addition to the above, certain associates of the Group had outstanding capital commitments in aggregate of approximately HK\$14,075,000 (2003: HK\$34,478,000) as at the balance sheet date in respect of the property development projects in London, the United Kingdom. In the opinion of the management, these property development projects will be financed by bank borrowings instead of internal financial resources.

34. **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

Contingent liabilities at the balance sheet date were as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2004	2003	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Guarantees executed by the Company in favour of banks to secure a loan				
granted to a subsidiary			167,334	265,084
Guarantees executed by the Company				
in favour of banks to secure a loan				
granted to an investee company		4,539		4,539
Guarantees executed by the Company				
in favour of banks to secure a loan				
granted to an associate	336,856	284,442	336,856	284,442
Letter of guarantee executed by the				
Company in lieu of rental and				
utility deposits	9,474	_	9,474	_

35. **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

During the year, the Group had the following transactions with related parties. The directors confirm that all of these transactions were carried out in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group.

	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Acquisition of additional shares in a subsidiary	-	24,000
Provision of advertising services to a related company (Note)	1,023	792

The advertising services provided to and services fees charged to this related company of which Charles M W Chan, an independent non-executive director of the Company, is an executive director of this related company, were carried out in the ordinary course of business of the Group and were effected on prices and terms similar to other customers.

The related party transactions set out above constituted connected transactions as defined in the Listing Rules.

36. **COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS**

As further explained in note 2 to the financial statements, due to the adoption of the revised SSAP during the current year, the accounting treatment and presentation of certain items in the financial statements have been revised to comply with the new requirements. Accordingly, certain comparative amounts have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation.

37. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 24 June 2004.