Notes to Financial Statements

31 March 2004 **25**

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

The Company was incorporated in Bermuda as an exempted company with limited liability on 20 August 1992 and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

During the year, the Group was engaged in the following principal activities:

- provision of multi-disciplinary of building services comprising, electrical engineering, water pumping and fire services, air-conditioning installation, plumbing and drainage, environmental engineering and extra low voltage systems engineering;
- project management; and
- trading of electrical and mechanical engineering materials and equipment.

2. IMPACT OF A REVISED STATEMENT OF STANDARD ACCOUNTING PRACTICE ("SSAP")

SSAP 12 (Revised) "Income taxes" is effective for the first time for the current year's financial statements, which prescribes the accounting for income taxes payable or recoverable, arising from the taxable profit or loss for the current period (current tax); and income taxes payable or recoverable in future periods, principally arising from taxable and deductible temporary differences and the carryforward of unused tax losses (deferred tax).

The SSAP has had no significant impact for these financial statements on the amounts recorded for income taxes. However, the related note disclosures are now more extensive than previously required. These are detailed in note 11 to the financial statements and include a reconciliation between the accounting profit and the tax expense for the year.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

31 March 2004

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Statements of Standard Accounting Practice, accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for the periodic remeasurement of certain long term investments, as further explained below.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 March 2004. The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are consolidated from or to their effective dates of acquisition or disposal, respectively. All significant intercompany transactions and balances within the Group are eliminated on consolidation.

Minority interests represent the interests of outside shareholders in the results and the net assets of the Company's subsidiaries.

Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is a company whose financial and operating policies the Company controls, directly or indirectly, so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The results of subsidiaries are included in the Company's profit and loss account to the extent of dividends received and receivable. The Company's interests in subsidiaries are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

Associates

An associate is a company, not being a subsidiary, in which the Group has a long term interest of generally not less than 20% of the equity voting rights and over which it is in a position to exercise significant influence.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

31 March 2004 **27**

3. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

Associates (Continued)

The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and reserves of associates is included in the consolidated profit and loss account and consolidated reserves, respectively. The Group's interests in associates are stated in the consolidated balance sheet at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses.

Impairment of assets

An assessment is made at each balance sheet date of whether there is any indication of impairment of any asset, or whether there is any indication that an impairment loss previously recognised for an asset in prior years may no longer exist or may have decreased. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is calculated as the higher of the asset's value in use or its net selling price.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is charged to the profit and loss account in the period in which it arises.

A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of an asset, however not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortisation), had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is credited to the profit and loss account in the period in which it arises.

Fixed assets and depreciation

Fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an asset comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Expenditure incurred after fixed assets have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to the profit and loss account in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditure has resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of the fixed asset, the expenditure is capitalised as an additional cost of that asset.

28

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

31 March 2004

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fixed assets and depreciation (Continued)

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each asset over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Leasehold land and properties held under

medium term leases 2%
Furniture and office equipment 20%
Motor vehicles 20%

Leasehold improvements 3 years or over the terms of the

lease, whichever is shorter

The gain or loss on disposal or retirement of a fixed asset recognised in the profit and loss account is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

Long term investments

Long term investments are non-trading investments in listed and unlisted equity securities intended to be held on a long term basis. Listed securities are stated at their fair values on the basis of their quoted market prices at the balance sheet date, on an individual investment basis. Unlisted securities are stated at their estimated fair values, on an individual basis.

The gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of an investment are credited or charged to the profit and loss account in the period in which they arise.

Installation and maintenance contracts and contracts in progress

Contract revenue comprises the agreed contract amount and appropriate amounts from variation orders, claims and incentive payments. Contract costs incurred comprise direct materials, the costs of subcontracting, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed installation and maintenance overheads.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

31 March 2004 **29**

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Installation and maintenance contracts and contracts in progress (Continued)

Revenue from fixed price installation and maintenance contracts is recognised on the percentage of completion method, measured by reference to the percentage of certified work performed to date to the estimated total contract sum of the relevant contracts. When the outcome of the contracts cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of certified work performed that is probable to be recoverable.

Provision is made for foreseeable losses as soon as they are anticipated by management.

Where contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses exceed progress billings, the surplus is treated as an amount due from contract customers.

Where progress billings exceed contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses, the surplus is treated as an amount due to contract customers.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the first-in, first-out basis. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal.

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognised in the profit and loss account or in equity if it relates to items that are recognised in the same or a different period, directly in equity.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

31 March 2004

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Income tax (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences:

- except where the deferred tax liability arises from goodwill or the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carryforward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses can be utilised:

- except where the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises
 from negative goodwill or the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that
 is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting
 profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Conversely, previously unrecognised deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

31 March 2004 31

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Provisions

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are recorded at the applicable exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated at the applicable exchange rates ruling at that date. Exchange differences are dealt with in the profit and loss account.

Related parties

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties may be individuals or corporate entities.

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the balance sheet, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, including time deposits, which are not restricted as to use.

Notes to NANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

31 March 2004

3. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

Leased assets

Leases that transfer substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets to the Group, other than legal title, are accounted for as finance leases. At the inception of a finance lease, the cost of the leased asset is capitalised at the present value of the minimum lease payments and recorded together with the obligation, excluding the interest element, to reflect the purchase and financing. Assets held under capitalised finance leases are included in fixed assets and depreciated over the shorter of the lease terms and the estimated useful lives of the assets. The finance costs of such leases are charged to the profit and loss account so as to provide a constant periodic rate of charge over the lease terms.

Leases where substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets remain with the lessor are accounted for as operating leases. Rentals payable under the operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Employee benefits

Paid leave carried forward

The Group provides paid annual leave to its employees under their employment contracts on a calendar year basis. Under certain circumstances, such leave which remains untaken as at the balance sheet date is permitted to be carried forward and utilised by the respective employees in the following year. An accrual is made at the balance sheet date for the expected future cost of such paid leave earned during the year by the employees and carried forward.

Retirement benefits schemes

The Group operates defined contribution retirement benefits schemes, including an Occupational Retirement Schemes Ordinance retirement benefits scheme (the "ORSO Scheme") and a Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, for all of its employees (including executive directors).

The ORSO Scheme is managed by an independent trustee. The Group makes monthly contributions to the scheme at 5% to 15% of the employees' basic salaries while the employees are not required to make any contributions. The employees are entitled to receive 100% of the contributions made by the Group together with the accrued earnings thereon upon retirement or leaving the Group after completing ten years of service or at a reduced scale of between 30% to 90% after completing three to nine years of service. Forfeited contributions and related earnings are used to reduce the contributions payable by the Group.

32

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

31 March 2004 33

3. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

Employee benefits (Continued)

Retirement benefits schemes (Continued)

Under the MPF Scheme, contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme, except for the Group's employer voluntary contributions, which are refunded to the Group when the employee leaves employment prior to the contributions vesting fully, in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme.

The assets of both types of scheme are held separately from those of the Group in independently administered funds.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and when the revenue can be measured reliably, on the following bases:

- (a) from the sale of goods, when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, provided that the Group maintains neither managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership, nor effective control over the goods sold;
- (b) from installation and maintenance contracts, on the percentage of completion basis, as further explained in the accounting policy for "Installation and maintenance contracts and contracts in progress" above;
- (c) service income from broadband connectivity, on an accrual basis over the life of the service agreement;
- (d) project management income, when project management services are rendered; and
- (e) interest income, on a time proportion basis taking into account the principal outstanding and the effective interest rate applicable.

FINA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

31 March 2004

Notes to

4. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Segment information is presented by way of the Group's primary segment reporting basis, by business segment. In determining the Group's geographical segments, revenues are attributed to the segments based on the location of the customers, and assets are attributed to the segments based on the location of the assets. No further geographical segment information is presented as over 90% of the Group's revenue is derived from customers based in Hong Kong, and over 90% of the Group's assets are located in Hong Kong.

The Group's operating businesses are structured and managed separately, according to the nature of their operations and the products and services they provide. Each of the Group's business segments represents a strategic business unit that offers products and services which are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of the other business segments. Summary details of the business segments are as follows:

- (a) the building services contracting business segment, which includes the provision of multidisciplinary building services, comprising electrical engineering, water pumping and fire services, air conditioning installation, plumbing and drainage, environmental engineering and extra low voltage systems engineering;
- (b) the project management segment;
- (c) the trading of electrical and mechanical engineering materials and equipment segment; and
- (d) the provision of broadband connectivity services segment which was discontinued during the year ended 31 March 2002 (note 6).

Intersegment sales and transfers are transacted with reference to the selling prices used for sales made to third parties at the then prevailing market prices.

34

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

31 March 2004 35

4. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

The following tables present revenue, profit/(loss) and certain asset, liability and expenditure information for the Group's business segments.

Group

	(Contin	uing)	(Contin	uing)	(Conting of and med	electrical	(Discon Provi	ision				
	Building	services	Proj	ect	engineering	materials	s conne	ctivity				
	contracting		manage		and equ	-	serv		Elimina		Consolid	
	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Segment revenue:												
Sales to external customers	704,579	588,147	2,240	4,638	27,370	51,234	-	291	-	-	734,189	644,310
Intersegment sales					9,951	8,342			(9,951)	(8,342)		
Total revenue	704,579	588,147	2,240	4,638	37,321	59,576	_	291	(9,951)	(8,342)	734,189	644,310
Segment results	23,122	4,874	2,240	4,638	(2,707)	606	_	(458)	_		22,655	9,660
Interest income and unallocated gains											1,842	2,718
Gain on dissolution of discontinued												
operations											4,105	-
Loss on dissolution of a subsidiary											(33)	-
Provision for amounts due from former subsidiaries											(2,179)	_
Unrealised holding losses on long											(2,17)	
term investments											(8,863)	(8,374)
Finance costs											(1,877)	(2,034)
Share of loss of an associate											-	(2)
D C4 1- C 4											15 (50	1.000
Profit before tax											15,650	1,968
Tax											(4,418)	(4,872)
Profit/(loss) before minority interests											11,232	(2,904)
Minority interests											(9,427)	(11,781)
Net profit/(loss) from ordinary activities												
attributable to shareholders											1,805	(14,685)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

31 March 2004

4. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

Group

					(Contin	nuing)	(Discon	inued)				
					Trading of	electrical	Provi	sion				
	(Contin	uing)	(Contin	uing)	and med	hanical	of broa	dband				
	Building s	ervices	Proje	ect	engineering	g materials	connec	tivity				
	contracting	business	manage	ement	and equ	ipment	serv	ices	Elimina	ations	Consoli	dated
	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$′000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Segment assets	259,504	278,251	_	_	19,085	21,847	_	591	_	_	278,589	300,689
Unallocated assets											43,124	68,953
Total assets											321,713	369,642
Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities	161,552	199,411	-	-	9,862	11,824	-	10,643	-	-	171,414 31,075	221,878
Total liabilities											202,489	261,462
Other segment information:												
Depreciation	2,485	3,018	-	-	54	69	-	-	-	-	2,539	3,087
Capital expenditure	92	577	-	-	13	11	-	-	-	-	105	588
Provision for doubtful debts	109										109	

2004

2002

Notes to

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

31 March 2004 37

5. TURNOVER AND REVENUE

Turnover represents the net invoiced value of services rendered and goods sold, after allowances for returns and trade discounts, and, an appropriate proportion of contract revenue from long term installation and maintenance contracts during the year.

An analysis of turnover and other revenue is as follows:

	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Turnover		
Continuing operations:		
Building services contracting business	704,579	588,147
Project management	2,240	4,638
Trading of electrical and mechanical engineering		
materials and equipment	27,370	51,234
	734,189	644,019
Discontinued operations:		
Provision of broadband connectivity services		291
	734,189	644,310
Other revenue		
Interest income	203	568
Others	1,639	2,150
	1,842	2,718

31 March 2004

6. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

In prior years, in view of a strategic plan by the Group to concentrate on its core activities, the directors determined to phase out the Group's broadband connectivity services business and it was substantially abandoned during the year ended 31 March 2002. In addition, certain of the Group's interest in a subsidiary, which was principally involved in the provision of design, installation and maintenance services of karaoke-on-demand systems, was disposed during the year ended 31 March 2002. Accordingly, the directors considered the aforesaid two businesses were discontinued operations during the year ended 31 March 2002.

During the year ended 31 March 2003, there were essentially no business activities of the broadband connectivity services. The subsidiary engaged in the broadband connectivity services business was in liquidation as of 31 March 2003 and was eventually dissolved in August 2003, which resulted in a net gain of approximately HK\$4,105,000 arising on the dissolution of the subsidiary being recorded in the consolidated profit and loss account for the year ended 31 March 2004.

The turnover, other revenue and gains, expenses, loss before tax and net loss for the year attributable to the discontinued operations are as follows:

	Provision of broadband			
	connectivity services			
	2004 2			
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
TURNOVER	_	291		
Cost of sales		(756)		
Gross loss	_	(465)		
Other revenue and gains		7		
Loss from operating activities	_	(458)		
Finance costs		(20)		
Loss before tax	_	(478)		
Tax				
Net loss for the year		(478)		

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

31 March 2004 39

6. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Continued)

The carrying amounts of the total assets and liabilities of the discontinued operations at the balance sheet date are as follows:

	Provision of be connectivity	
	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Total assets	_	678
Total liabilities		(10,643)
Net liabilities		(9,965)

The net cash flows attributable to the discontinued operations are as follows:

	Provision of b connectivity	
	2004 HK\$'000	2003 HK\$'000
Operating activities and net cash outflow		(950)

31 March 2004

7. PROFIT FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

The Group's profit from operating activities is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

	Group			
	2004	2003		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
Cost of inventories sold	24,583	43,188		
Cost of installation	609,008	510,648		
	633,591	553,836		
Depreciation (note 14)	2,539	3,087		
Minimum lease payments under operating leases				
in respect of land and buildings	1,425	1,993		
Auditors' remuneration	800	800		
Staff costs (including directors' remuneration (note 9)):				
Wages and salaries	64,181	64,217		
Pension scheme contributions	2,811	2,982		
Less: Forfeited contributions	(1,038)	(238)		
Net pension contributions *	1,773	2,744		
	65,954	66,961		
Provision for doubtful debts	109	_		
Recovery of previously provided doubtful debts	(392)	(754)		
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	7	434		

^{*} At 31 March 2004, the Group had no forfeited contributions available to reduce its contributions to the pension schemes in future years (2003: Nil).

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

31 March 2004 **41**

8. FINANCE COSTS

	Group		
	2004	2003	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Interest on bank loans, overdrafts and other borrowings			
wholly repayable within five years	1,110	1,405	
Bank charges	716	546	
Interest on finance leases	51	83	
	1,877	2,034	

9. **DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION**

Directors' remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules and Section 161 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance is as follows:

	Group		
	2004		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Fees:			
Executive directors	_	_	
Non-executive directors	-	_	
Independent non-executive directors	250	240	
	250	240	
Other emoluments for executive directors:			
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	5,731	3,880	
Pension scheme contributions	220	153	
	5,951	4,033	
	6,201	4,273	

31 March 2004

9. **DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION** (Continued)

The number of directors whose remuneration fell within the following bands is as follows:

	Number of directors		
	2004	2003	
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	8	6	
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	2	3	
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000	1		
	11	9	

There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year.

10. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees during the year included four (2003: three) directors, details of whose remuneration are set out in note 9 above. Details of the remuneration of the remaining one (2003: two) non-director, highest paid employee for the year are as follows:

	Group		
	2004	2003	
	HK\$′000	HK\$'000	
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	980	2,044	
Pension scheme contributions	63	129	
	1,043	2,173	

The number of non-director, highest paid employees whose remuneration fell within the following band is as follows:

	Number of e	Number of employees		
	2004	2003		
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1	2		

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

31 March 2004 43

11. TAX

The Company is exempt from tax in Bermuda until 2016. Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 17.5% (2003: 16%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year. The increased Hong Kong profits tax rate became effective from the year of assessment 2003/2004, and so is applicable to the assessable profits arising in Hong Kong for the whole of the year ended 31 March 2004.

	Group		
	2004	2003	
	НК\$′000	HK\$'000	
Group:			
Current – Hong Kong			
Charge for the year	4,590	5,245	
Overprovision in prior years	(66)	(66)	
Deferred (note 26)	(106)	(307)	
Total tax charge for the year	4,418	4,872	

A reconciliation of the tax expense applicable to profit before tax using the statutory rates for Hong Kong to the tax expense at the effective tax rate is as follows:

	Group	
	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Profit before tax	15,650	1,968
Tax at the statutory tax rate of 17.5% (2003: 16%)	2,739	315
Effect on opening deferred tax of increase in rates	_	24
Adjustments in respect of current tax of previous periods	(66)	(66)
Income not subject to tax	(728)	(25)
Expenses not deductible for tax	2,320	1,669
Tax losses utilised from previous periods	(802)	(340)
Tax losses not recognised	1,002	3,231
Others	(47)	64
Tax charge at the Group's effective rate	4,418	4,872

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

31 March 2004

12. NET PROFIT/(LOSS) FROM ORDINARY ACTIVITIES ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS

The net loss from ordinary activities attributable to shareholders for the year ended 31 March 2004 dealt with in the financial statements of the Company was approximately HK\$2,529,000 (2003: HK\$37,003,000) (note 28(b).

13. EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE

The calculations of basic earnings/(loss) per share were based on:

	The G	roup
	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Earnings/(loss)		
Net profit/(loss) attributable to shareholders, used in		
basic earnings/(loss) per share calculations	1,805	(14,685)
Shares		
Number of ordinary shares in issue during the		
year used in basic earnings/(loss) per share		
calculations	463,721,600	463,721,600

The diluted earnings/(loss) per share amounts for the years ended 31 March 2004 and 2003 have not been disclosed as no diluting events existed during the two years.

44

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

31 March 2004 **45**

14. FIXED ASSETS

Group

	Leasehold	Furniture			
	land and	and office	Motor	Leasehold	
	properties	equipment	vehicles	improvements	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Cost:					
At beginning of year	22,378	10,249	4,505	2,045	39,177
Additions	_	105	_	_	105
Disposals		(552)		(295)	(847)
At 31 March 2004	22,378	9,802	4,505	1,750	38,435
Accumulated depreciation:					
At beginning of year	3,318	8,056	3,055	1,572	16,001
Depreciation provided					
during the year	447	968	815	309	2,539
Disposals		(545)		(295)	(840)
At 31 March 2004	3,765	8,479	3,870	1,586	17,700
Net book value					
At 31 March 2004	18,613	1,323	635	164	20,735
At 31 March 2003	19,060	2,193	1,450	473	23,176

The Group's leasehold land and properties are located in Hong Kong and are held under medium-term leases.

At 31 March 2004, certain of the Group's leasehold land and properties with net book value of approximately HK\$16,100,000 (2003: HK\$16,500,000) were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group.

The net book value of the Group's fixed assets held under finance leases included in the total amount of motor vehicles at 31 March 2004 amounted to approximately HK\$468,000 (2003: HK\$648,000).

31 March 2004

15. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

	Company		
	2004		
	НК\$'000	HK\$'000	
Unlisted shares, at cost	33,116	33,116	
Due from subsidiaries	148,903	143,695	
	182,019	176,811	
Provision for impairment	(120,019)	(112,275)	
	62,000	64,536	

The balances with subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free, and have no fixed terms of repayment.

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries of the Group are as follows:

	Place of incorporation	Nominal value of issued ordinary	equity at	ntage of stributable Company	Principal
Name	and operations	share capital	Direct	Indirect	activities
Ecotech Engineering Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$650,001	_	89.99	Design, installation and maintenance of waste-water treatment systems
Ever Billion Engineering Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$100	-	100	Provision of building and electrical maintenance services
Shun Cheong Automation Systems Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2,000,000	_	85	Design and installation of computer control systems and building automation projects

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

31 March 2004 47

15. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

Name	Place of incorporation and operations	Nominal value of issued ordinary share capital	equity at	ntage of tributable Company Indirect	Principal activities
Shun Cheong Electrical Engineering Company Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$4,100,000	_	100	Design, installation, repair and maintenance of electrical and mechanical systems
Shun Cheong Electrical Supplies Company Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$100,000	_	100	General trading of materials and equipment for electrical installation
Shun Cheong M & E Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$663,000	-	100	Trading of electrical generators and uPVC conduits and trunking systems
Shun Cheong Management Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	_	100	Provision of management services
Shun Cheong Real Estates Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	-	100	Property holding
Shun Wing Construction & Engineering Company Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1,000	-	50.1	Provision of building and electrical maintenance services

31 March 2004

15. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

Name	Place of incorporation and operations	Nominal value of issued ordinary share capital	equity at	ntage of stributable Company Indirect	Principal activities
Tinhawk Company Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2,000,000	_	90	Installation and maintenance of water pumps and fire prevention and fighting systems
Westco Airconditioning Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$4,100,000	-	100	Design, installation and maintenance of heating ventilation and air-conditioning systems

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

31 March 2004 **49**

16. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE

Group		
2004	2003	
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
	2004	

Particulars of the associate are as follows:

Name	Business structure	Place of incorporation and operations	Percentage of ownership interest attributable to the Group	Principal activities
MIT Shun Cheong Company Limited	Corporate	Hong Kong	50	Inactive

17. LONG TERM INVESTMENTS

	Group		
	2004		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Listed equity investments in Hong Kong,			
at market value	411	166	
Unlisted investments, at fair value	3,257	12,365	
	3,668	12,531	

As at 31 March 2004, the Group held 7.7% equity interests in an unlisted company with fair value of HK\$3,257,000 and 10.47%, 8.91% and 22.33% equity interests in three unlisted companies with nil fair values, as estimated by the directors.

The unlisted investment with a carrying value of HK\$3,257,000 (2003: HK\$4,329,000) was stated at its fair value as at 31 March 2004 as estimated by the directors based on its latest available audited financial statements. The remaining three unlisted investments with nil aggregate carrying value (2003: HK\$8,036,000) were stated at their fair values as at 31 March 2004 as estimated by the directors, based on their latest available unaudited financial information and the estimated recoverable amounts.

31 March 2004

18. GROSS AMOUNT DUE FROM/(TO) CONTRACT CUSTOMERS

	Group		
	2004	2003	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Gross amount due from contract customers	84,798	86,453	
Gross amount due to contract customers	(61,827)	(83,514)	
	22,971	2,939	
Contract costs incurred plus recognised profits less			
recognised losses and foreseeable losses to date	3,138,146	2,473,677	
Less: Progress billings	(3,115,175)	(2,470,738)	
	22,971	2,939	

19. INVENTORIES

Inventories comprise electrical cables, conduits, wiring accessories, light fittings and switch gear.

	Group	
	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Merchandise for sale	3,248	3,499

As at 31 March 2004, no inventories were carried at net realisable value or pledged as security for any liability of the Group (2003: Nil).

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

31 March 2004 51

20. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Group	
	2004	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Trade receivables	108,948	133,525
Other receivables	34,971	27,379
	143,919	160,904

The Group grants its trade customers' credit periods normally ranging from cash on delivery to 60 days. A longer credit period is granted to a few customers with long business relationships with the Group and strong financial positions.

An aged analysis for trade receivables as at the balance sheet date, based on invoice date and net of provisions for bad and doubtful debts, is as follows:

	Group		
	2004 2		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
0 – 30 days	78,411	106,582	
31 - 60 days	17,261	9,329	
61 - 90 days	6,010	5,160	
Over 90 days	7,266	12,454	
	108,948	133,525	

31 March 2004

21. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND PLEDGED TIME DEPOSITS

	Grou	лр	Comp	any
	2004	2003	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Cash and bank balances	4,631	14,238	75	76
Time deposits	32,298	39,935		
Loss Diadard time deposits	36,929	54,173	75	76
Less: Pledged time deposits (note 23)	(26,800)	(27,348)		
Cash and cash equivalents	10,129	26,825	75	76

22. TRADE PAYABLES

An aged analysis for trade payables as at the balance sheet date, based on invoice date, is as follows:

	Group	
	2004	
	НК\$'000	HK\$'000
0 – 30 days	13,725	22,527
31 - 60 days	8,805	9,190
Over 60 days	8,098	13,073
	30,628	44,790

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

31 March 2004 53

23. INTEREST-BEARING BANK LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND OTHER BORROWINGS

	Group	
	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Bank overdrafts:		
Secured	17,143	16,086
Bank loans:		
Secured	3,333	7,333
Unsecured	9,798	13,655
	30,274	37,074
Bank overdrafts repayable within one year or on demand Bank loans repayable:	17,143	16,086
Within one year or on demand	3,333	4,000
In the second year	<i>3,333</i>	3,333
Trust receipt loans repayable within three months from		3,333
date of advance	9,798	13,655
	30,274	37,074
Portion classified as current liabilities	(30,274)	(33,741)
Long term portion		3,333

The Group's banking facilities, including overdrafts, term loans, letters of credit and bank guarantees of approximately HK\$93,500,000 (2003: HK\$108,500,000) are secured by bank deposits of the Group of approximately HK\$26,800,000 (2003: HK\$27,348,000) and certain of the Group's leasehold land and properties with a net book value of approximately HK\$16,100,000 (2003: HK\$16,500,000).

31 March 2004

24. FINANCE LEASE PAYABLES

The Group leases motor vehicles for its building services contracting business. These leases are classified as finance leases and have remaining lease terms within one year.

As at 31 March 2004, the total future minimum lease payments under finance leases and their present values were as follows:

Group

			Present value	Present value
	Minimum	Minimum	of minimum	of minimum
	lease	lease	lease	lease
	payments	payments	payments	payments
	2004	2003	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Amounts payable:				
Within one year	214	322	180	270
In the second year		214		180
Total minimum finance lease payments	214	536	180	450
Future finance charges	(34)	(86)		
Total finance lease payables Portion classified as	180	450		
current liabilities	(180)	(270)		
Long term portion		180		

25. LOANS FROM MINORITY SHAREHOLDERS OF SUBSIDIARIES

The loans from minority shareholders of subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

31 March 2004 **55**

26. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

The movements in deferred tax liabilities, which comprised the tax effect of the accumulated tax depreciation, and the cumulative differences in profit relating to incomplete long term installation and maintenance contracts, during the year, were as follows:

Group

	Cumi difference relating to Accumulated long term tax and mai depreciation cont			in profit ncomplete nstallation	Tota	1
	2004 HK\$'000	2003 HK\$'000	2004 HK\$'000	2003 HK\$'000	2004 HK\$'000	2003 HK\$'000
At the beginning of the year Deferred tax charged/ (credited) to the profit and loss account during the year (2003: including a charge of HK\$24,000 due to the effect of a change	_	_	253	560	253	560
in tax rates) (note 11)	147		(253)	(307)	(106)	(307)
At 31 March	147			253	147	253

The Group has tax losses arising in Hong Kong of HK\$37,675,000 (2003: HK\$37,475,000) that are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these losses as they have arisen in subsidiaries that have been loss-making for some time or the future profit streams are unpredictable.

At 31 March 2004, there is no significant unrecognised deferred tax liability (2003: Nil) for taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings of certain of the Group's subsidiaries or associate as the Group has no liability to additional tax should such amounts be remitted.

31 March 2004

27. SHARE CAPITAL

	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Authorised:		
800,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each	80,000	80,000
Issued and fully paid:		
463,721,600 ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each	46,372	46,372

There were no movements in share capital for both years.

28. RESERVES

(a) Group

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 21 of the financial statements.

(b) Company

	Share		Capital		
	premium	Contributed	redemption	Accumulated	
	account	surplus	reserve	losses	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At 1 April 2002	110,632	14,009	132	(69,404)	55,369
Loss for the year				(37,003)	(37,003)
At 31 March 2003					
and 1 April 2003	110,632	14,009	132	(106,407)	18,366
Loss for the year				(2,529)	(2,529)
At 31 March 2004	110,632	14,009	132	(108,936)	15,837

The contributed surplus represents the difference between the aggregate net asset value of the subsidiaries acquired and the nominal value of the Company's shares issued for the acquisition of the subsidiaries under a Group reorganisation in 1992. Under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), the contributed surplus is distributable to shareholders in certain circumstances.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

31 March 2004 **57**

29. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

Dissolution of subsidiaries, net

(\$'000
_
_
_
_
_
_
_
_
_

An analysis of the net outflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the dissolution of subsidiaries is as follows:

	2004 HK\$'000	2003 HK\$'000
Cash consideration Cash and bank balances disposed of	(651)	
Net outflow of cash and cash equivalents in respect of the dissolution of subsidiaries	(651)	

The results of the subsidiaries dissolved during the year ended 31 March 2004 had no significant impact on the Group's consolidated turnover or to the consolidated profit before minority interests for that year.

31 March 2004

30. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Save as disclosed in note 25 to the financial statements, the Group had the following material transactions with related companies during the year:

	Notes	2004 HK\$'000	2003 HK\$'000
Billing of building maintenance works and			
building services installation works to			
Chinney Construction Company, Limited	(i)	268,515	274,343
Payment to Diyixian.com Limited ("Diyixian")			
of rental for server co-location at Diyixian's			
data centres and for access to the Internet			
together with related set-up charges	(ii)	_	192
Purchase of merchandise from Chinney Alliance			
Engineering Limited	(iii)	1,155	808
Management fee paid to a 49.9% minority			
shareholder of Shun Wing Construction &			
Engineering Company Limited, a subsidiary of			
the Company, for the provision of management			
services of a building maintenance contract		6,510	5,091
Sub-contracting charge paid to a 49.9% minority			
shareholder of Shun Wing Construction &			
Engineering Company Limited, a subsidiary of			
the Company, for the completion of work orders			
of a building maintenance contract		92,310	81,670

VANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

59 31 March 2004

30. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Notes:

- (i) Chinney Construction Company, Limited is a company in which Dr. Wong Sai Wing, James and Mr. Chan Yuen Keung, Zuric, the directors of the Company, have indirect beneficial interests.
- (ii) Diyixian was a minority shareholder of Speedlink Limited, a former subsidiary of the Company which was dissolved in August 2003.
- (iii) Chinney Alliance Engineering Limited is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Chinney Alliance Group Limited, a company listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, which is a substantial shareholder of the Company. Dr. Wong Sai Wing, James and Mr. Yu Sek Kee, Stephen, the directors of the Company, are also directors of Chinney Alliance Group Limited.

In the opinion of the directors, the above transactions were conducted at mutually agreed rates in the normal course of the Group's business.

31. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 March 2004, the Company had provided guarantees of HK\$68,000,000 (2003: HK\$83,000,000) in total in respect of banking facilities granted to its subsidiaries, of which approximately HK\$54,301,000 (2003: HK\$82,800,000) were utilised as at the balance sheet date.

At the balance sheet date, the Group had no significant contingent liabilities (2003: Nil).

32. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

The Group leases certain of its office properties under operating lease arrangements. Leases for properties are negotiated for terms ranging from one to three years.

At the balance sheet date, the Group had total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases falling due as follows:

	2004	2003
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Within one year	734	1,641
In the second to fifth years, inclusive	64	577
	798	2,218

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

31 March 2004

33. COMMITMENTS

Apart from those disclosed in note 32, at the balance sheet date, neither the Group nor the Company had any significant commitments.

34. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 15 July 2004.

60