1. 一般資料

深圳中航實業股份有限公司(「本公司」)為在中華人民共和國(「中國」)註冊成立之股份有限公司。本公司的股份已在香港聯合交易所有限公司主板上市。本公司及其附屬公司(以下統稱「本集團」)主要在中國從事生產和銷售機械及石英手錶、液晶體顯示器、印制電路板、有線電視系統器材及其它高新技術電子產品業務。

公司辦公地址為中國深圳市福田區深南中路中航苑航都大廈25樓。

2. 編製基準

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

CATIC Shenzhen Holdings Limited (the "Company") was established as a joint stock limited company in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") and its shares have been listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. The Company and its subsidiaries (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Group") are principally engaged in the manufacture and sale of watches and clocks, liquid crystal displays, printed circuit boards, cable television equipment and other high-tech electronic products in the PRC.

The office address of the Company is 25/F, Hangdu Building, CATIC Zone, Shennan Road Central, Futian District, Shenzhen, PRC.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of property, plant and equipment, available-for-sale investments and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. The accounting policies and bases adopted in the preparation of these financial statements differ from those used in the statutory accounts of the Group which are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and relevant financial regulations in the PRC ("PRC GAAP"). The differences arising from the restatement of the results of operations for compliance with IFRS, if any, are adjusted in these financial statements but will not be taken up in the accounting books of the Group.

2. 編製基準(續)

編製符合國際財務會計準則的財務報表需要使用若干關鍵會計估算。這亦需要管理層在應用本公司會計政策過程中行使其判斷。涉及高度的判斷或高度複雜性的範疇,或涉及對綜合財務報表屬重大假設和估算的範疇,在附註4中披露。

在二零零五年,本集團採用了如下這 些與本集團業務相關的新頒佈的或更 改過的國際財務報告準則。二零零四 年的比較數據按照相關準則的要求作 了相應的重列。

國際會計準則第1號

(二零零三年修訂)財務報表的列報

國際會計準則第2號

(二零零三年修訂)存貨

國際會計準則第8號

(二零零三年修訂)會計政策,

會計估計變更和差錯

國際會計準則第10號

(二零零三年修訂)資產負債表

日後事項

國際會計準則第16號

(二零零三年修訂)不動產、

廠場和設備

國際會計準則第17號

(二零零三年修訂)租賃

國際會計準則第21號

(二零零三年修訂)匯率變動的影響

國際會計準則第24號

(二零零三年修訂)關連方披露

國際會計準則第27號

單獨財務報表

(二零零三年修訂)合併及

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in Note 4.

In 2005, the Group adopted the new/revised IFRS below, which are relevant to its operations. The 2004 comparatives have been amended as required, in accordance with the relevant requirements.

IAS 1 (revised in 2003)

Presentation of Financial Statements

IAS 2 (revised in 2003) Inventories

IAS 8 (revised in 2003) Accounting Policies,

Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors

IAS 10 (revised in 2003)

Events after the Balance Sheet Date

IAS 16 (revised in 2003) Property, Plant and Equipment

IAS 17 (revised in 2003) Leases

IAS 21 (revised in 2003)

The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates IAS 24 (revised in 2003) Related Party Disclosures

IAS 27 (revised in 2003)

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

2. 編製基準(續)

國際會計準則第28號

(二零零三年修訂)聯營公司投資

國際會計準則第32號

(二零零三年修訂)金融工具

披露和列報

國際會計準則第33號

(二零零三年修訂)每股收益

國際會計準則第36號

(二零零四年修訂)資產減值

國際會計準則第38號

(二零零四年修訂)無形資產

國際會計準則第39號

(二零零三年修訂)金融工具

確認和計量

國際會計準則第40號

(二零零三年修訂)投資物業

國際財務報告準則第5號

(二零零四年頒佈)持有待售的

非流動資產和終止業務

國際會計準則第1號、第2號、第8號、第 10號、第16號、第17號、第21號、第24 號、第32號、第33號、第36號、第38號、 第39號、第40號和國際財務報告準則 第5號的採用對本公司及其子公司的 會計政策無重大影響。主要更新列示 如下:

- 國際會計準則第1號影響少數 股東權益及其它的披露信息的 列報。
- 一 國際會計準則第2號、第8號、第 10號、第16號、第17號、第21號、 第32號、第33號、第36號、第38 號、第39號和第40號對本公司 及其子公司的會計政策無重大 影響。
- 國際會計準則第24號修改了對關連方判定和披露的範圍。
- 國際財務報告準則第5號影響 終止業務的報表呈列及附註披露。

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

IAS 28 (revised in 2003) Investments in Associates

IAS 32 (revised in 2003)

Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation

IAS 33 (revised in 2003) Earnings per Share

IAS 36 (revised in 2004) Impairment of Assets

IAS 38 (revised in 2004) Intangible Assets

IAS 39 (revised in 2003)

Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement

IAS 40 (revised in 2003) Investment Property

IFRS 5 (issued in 2004)

Non-Current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations

The adoption of IAS 1, 2, 8, 10, 16, 17, 21, 24, 32, 33, 36, 38, 39, 40 and IFRS 5 did not result in substantial changes to the Group's accounting policies. In summary:

- IAS 1 has affected the presentation of minority interests and other disclosures.
- IAS 2, 8, 10, 16, 17, 21, 32, 33, 36, 38, 39
 and 40 had no material effect on the Group's policies.
- IAS 24 has affected the definition of related parties and related-party disclosures.
- IFRS 5 has affected the presentation of discontinued operations and other disclosures.

2. 編製基準(續)

關聯方包括本公司的最終控股公司的最終控股公司的最終控股公司(「中的工業」)和其附屬公司,由中國政府直接或間接控制的其他國有企業及其大學與大學,本公司和中航深切的家工,本公司和中航深切的家工,在工程,與關聯方的交易不包括那些上戶,與關聯方的交易不包括那些上戶,與關聯方的有上無法選擇中對條款且無法選擇中對條款且無法選擇供當的交易,如電力、通信、郵政及當的交易,如電力、通信、郵政及的養老基金等。

國際會計準則第27號和第28號的採用改變了本公司資產負債表內對子公司投資的會計政策。截至二零四年十二月三十一日止,本公司投資採用權益法核算。自國際會計可投資採用權益法核算。自國際會計可投資採用權益法核算。自國際會計可以第27號和第28號生效起,本本司的投資以成本對子公司及聯營公司的投資以成聯營公司及聯營公司按已收及應收股息入賬。

國際會計準則第27號和第28號的採用 導致如下變動:

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

Related parties include the Company's ultimate holding company, CATIC Shenzhen Company ("CATIC Shenzhen"), and its subsidiaries, other state-controlled enterprises and their subsidiaries directly or indirectly controlled by the government of the PRC, corporations in which the Company is able to control or exercise significant influence, key management personnel of the Company and CATIC Shenzhen and their close family members. Transactions with related parties do not include those done in the ordinary course of business with terms consistently applied to all public and non-public entities and where there is no choice of supplier such as electricity, telecommunications, postal service and local government retirement funds.

The adoption of IAS 27 and 28 has resulted in a change in the accounting policy for investments in subsidiaries and associates in the Company's balance sheet. Until 31st December 2004, investments in subsidiaries and associates are accounted for using the equity method in the Company's balance sheet. Upon adoption of IAS 27 and 28, investments in subsidiaries and associates are stated at cost less provision for impairment losses. The results of associates are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

The adoption of IAS 27 and 28 resulted in:

		本	 公司
		The C	ompany
		二零零五年	二零零四年
		2005	2004
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
對子公司投資 的減少	Decrease in investments in subsidiaries	532,182	518,243
對聯營公司投資 的減少 儲備的減少	Decrease in investments in associates Decrease in capital reserves	21,388 182,235	21,847 182,235
	Decrease in retained earnings	371,335	357,855

3. 重要會計政策摘要

編製本綜合財務報表採用的主要會計 政策載於下文。除另有説明外,此等政 策在所呈報的所有年度內貫徹應用。

(a) 編製基準

(b) 附屬公司

在本公司之資產負債表內,於 附屬公司之投資按成本值扣除 減值虧損準備列賬。附屬公司 之業績由本公司按已收及應收 股息入賬。

3. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

(a) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries. All significant intra-group balances, transactions and unrealised gains and losses on transactions between group companies have been eliminated on consolidation; unrealised losses are also eliminated unless cost cannot be recovered. Where necessary, accounting policies for subsidiaries have been changed to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group. The results of operations of subsidiaries and the share attributable to minority interests are accounted for in the consolidated income statement.

(b) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

In the Company's balance sheet the investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less provision for impairment losses. The results of subsidiaries are accounted by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

3. 重要會計政策摘要(續)

(c) 聯營公司

聯營公司指所有本集團對其有重大影響力而無控制權的實體,通常附帶有20%-50%投票權的股權。聯營公司投資以權益會計法入賬,初始以成本確認。本集團於聯營公司之投資包括收購時已識辨的商譽(扣除任何累計減值虧損)。

本集團與其聯營公司之間交易 的未實現收益按集團在聯營公 司權益的數額對銷。除非交易 提供所轉讓資產減值之憑證, 否則未實現虧損亦予以對銷。 聯營公司的會計政策已按需要 作出改變,以確保與本集團採 用的政策符合一致。

在本公司之資產負債表內,於聯營公司之投資按成本值扣除減值虧損準備列賬。聯營公司之業績由本公司按已收及應收股息入賬。

3. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)(c) Associates

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting and are initially recognised at cost. The Group's investment in associates includes goodwill (net of any accumulated impairment loss) identified on acquisition.

The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in the consolidated income statement, and its share of post-acquisition movements in reserves is recognised in reserves. The cumulative post-acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

In the financial statements of the Company, investments in associates are stated at cost less provision for impairment losses. The results of associates are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

重要會計政策摘要(續) 3.

(d) 分部報告

業務分部指從事提供產品或服 務的一組資產和業務,而產品 或服務的風險和回報與其他業 務分部的不同。地區分部指在 某個特定經濟環境中從事提供 產品或服務,其產品或服務的 風險和回報與在其他經濟環境 中營運的分部的不同。

外幣匯兑 (e)

功能和列賬貨幣 (i)

本集團每個實體的財務 報表所列項目均以該實 體營運所在的主要經濟 環境的貨幣計量(「功能 貨幣 |)。綜合財務報表 以人民幣呈報,人民幣為 本公司的功能及列賬貨 幣。

交易及結餘 (ii)

外幣交易採用交易日的 匯率換算為功能貨幣。除 了符合在權益中遞延入 賬的現金流量對沖和淨 投資對沖外,結算此等交 易產生的匯兑盈虧以及 將外幣計值的貨幣資產 和負債以年終匯率換算 產生的匯兑盈虧在損益 表確認。

PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 3.

Segment reporting

A business segment is a group of assets and operations engaged in providing products or services that are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other business segments. A geographical segment is engaged in providing products or services within a particular economic environment that are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of segments operating in other economic environments.

(e) Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB"), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

Transactions and balances (ii)

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the income statement, except when deferred in equity as qualifying cash flow hedges or qualifying net investment hedges.

3. 重要會計政策摘要(續)

(e) 外幣匯兑(續)

(ii)

交易及結餘(續) 非貨幣項目(例如按記 門面持有透過損益別的換益記 等項性益表中呈報在損益表中呈報的一部份。 等項目(例如分類產的一部份,為 等項目(例如分類產的 供出售財務資包括內 對類包括。

(f) 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備按歷史成本 或評估值減累計折舊及累計 值損失列賬。歷史成本包括 購該項目直接應佔的開支關 後成本只有在與該可目 人不經濟利益有可能流可 事,而該項目的成本 事,而該項目的成本 事,而該項目的成產 大來經濟 有其他維修及保養 在 資 有其他維修 及 以 期間內於損益表 支 銷

3. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(e) Foreign currency translation (continued)

(ii) Transactions and balances (continued)
Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets and liabilities are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss.
Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets and liabilities such as equities held at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in profit or loss as part of the fair value gain or loss.
Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets such as equities classified as available for sale are included in the fair value reserve in equity.

(f) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost or valuation less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Independent valuations are performed periodically. In the intervening period, the directors review the carrying value of the property, plant and equipment and adjustment is made where in the directors' opinion there has been a material change in value. Increases in valuation are credited to revaluation reserve. Decreases in valuation are first offset against increases on earlier valuations in respect of the same property, plant and equipment and are thereafter debited to operating profit. Any subsequent increases are credited to operating profit up to the amount previously debited.

3. 重要會計政策摘要(續)

f) 物業、廠房及設備(續)

物業、廠房及設備折舊在扣除 其估計殘值後按其估計可使用 年限以直線法計提。各類固定 資產之估計可使用年限如下:

樓宇20至35年設備及機器5至10年運輸工具5至6年

當資產賬面值高於其預期變現 值,將立即調整至其預期變現 值。

當資產出售或報廢後,其成本 或估值、累計折舊及攤銷均從 賬上撇銷,而出售所得之收益 或虧損則計入綜合損益表內。

(g) 投資物業

投資物業主要是指為獲得長期 租金收入而持有且非本集團佔 用之辦公物業。投資物業作為 長期投資,以成本減累計折舊 及如有的累計減值損失後的淨 值列賬。

折舊按投資物業的成本及其估計可使用年限20-35年以直線法計提。當投資物業的賬面值高於其預計可變現值時,將立即調整至其可變現值。

3. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(f) Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is provided using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives, after deducting the

lives are as follows:

Buildings 20 to 35 years
Equipment and machinery 5 to 10 years
Motor vehicles 5 to 6 years

estimated residual value. The estimated useful

Where the carrying amount of an asset is greater than its estimated recoverable amount, it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount and are included in operating profit. On disposal of revalued assets, the revaluation amounts are transferred to retained earnings.

(g) Investment properties

Investment properties, principally comprising office buildings, are held for long-term rental yields and are not occupied by the Group. Investment properties are treated as long-term investments and are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method to write off the cost of the investment properties over their estimated useful lives of 20-35 years. Where the carrying amount of an investment property is greater than its estimated recoverable amount, it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount.

3. 重要會計政策摘要(續)

(g) 投資物業(續)

其保養、維修以及細小設備的 費用支出於發生時計入當期損 益表:重大的裝修及翻新的支 出且可增加日後運用該項資產 所帶來的經濟利益將被資本 化。出售投資物業的損益以其 賬面值作為參考。

(h) 租賃土地及土地使用權

租賃土地及土地使用權是指為獲得長期使用土地之權利而支付的款項,以成本入賬,並按土地剩餘租賃期限以直線法攤銷。

(i) 在建工程

在建工程包括興建中之廠房、 員工宿舍及其它物業及設備, 按成本列賬。成本包括建築於 本、廠房及設備成本,以及有關 建、安裝及測試期間之有關 程借款的利息支出。所有其工程 借款可使用狀態,其成本 轉文 物業、廠房及設備,並按上述 關的會計政策計提折舊。

3. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(g) Investment properties (continued)

The cost of maintenance, repairs and minor equipment is charged to the income statement as incurred; the cost of major renovations and improvements is capitalised when it is probable that future economic benefits in excess of the originally assessed standard of performance of the existing asset will flow to the Group. The profit or loss on disposal of an investment property is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the investment property and is recognised in the income statement.

(h) Leasehold land and land use rights

Leasehold land and land use rights are up-front payments to acquire long-term interests in land. These payments are stated at cost and amortised over the remaining period of the leases on a straight-line basis.

(i) Construction-in-progress

Construction-in-progress represents plant, staff quarters and other property, machinery and equipment under construction and is stated at cost. This includes the costs of construction, the costs of plant and machinery, and interest charges arising from borrowings used to finance these assets during the period of construction or installation and testing. All other borrowing costs are expensed. When the assets concerned are available for use, the costs are transferred to property, plant and equipment and depreciated in accordance with the policies as stated above.

3. 重要會計政策摘要(續)

(j) 非金融資產的減值

(k) 投資

本集團把投資分為以下幾類: 以公允價值計量且其變動計入 損益的投資、持有至到期日的 投資、貸款和應收款項及可供 出售的投資。

(i) 以公允價值計量且其變 動計入損益的投資 主要為了從價格的短期 波動中獲利而購置的投 資歸類為以公平價值計 量且其變動計入損益的 投資,屬於流動資產。

3. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(j) Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

(k) Investments

The Group classifies its investments into the following categories: at fair value through profit or loss, held-to-maturity, loans and receivables and available-for-sale.

(i) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Investments that are acquired principally for the purpose of generating a profit from short-term fluctuations in price are classified as investments at fair value through profit or loss and included in current assets.

3. 重要會計政策摘要(續)

(k) 投資(續)

(iii) 貸款和應收款項

(iv) 可供出售的投資

可供出售財務資產為非 衍生工具·被指定為此類 別或並無分類為任何其 他類別。除非管理層有意 在結算日後12個月內出 售該項投資·否則此等資 產列在非流動資產內。

管理層取得投資時會決 定適當的分類,並定期重 新評估該分類的適當性。

3. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(k) Investments (continued)

(ii) Held-to-maturity investments

Investments with fixed maturity that the management has the intention and ability to hold to maturity are classified as held-to-maturity and are included in current assets if their respective maturity dates are twelve months or less from balance sheet date, or in non-current assets if their respective maturity dates are more than 12 months from balance sheet date. The Group did not hold any investment in this category during the year presented.

(iii) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the balance sheet date. These are classified as non-current assets. Loans and receivables are included in trade and other receivables in the balance sheet (Note 3(m)).

(iv) Available-for-sale investments

Available-for-sale financial assets are nonderivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. They are included in non-current assets unless management intends to dispose of the investment within 12 months of the balance sheet date.

Management determines the appropriate classification of its investments at the time of the purchase and re-evaluates such designation on a regular basis.

3. 重要會計政策摘要(續)

(k) 投資(續) (iv) 可供

可供出售的投資(續) 投資的購入及出售在交 易日確認一交易日指本 集團承諾購入或出售該 資產之日。對於並非按公 平值诱過損益記賬的所 有財務資產,投資初步按 公平值加交易成本確認。 當從投資收取現金流量 的權利經已到期或經已 轉讓,而本集團已將擁有 權的所有風險和回報實 際轉讓時,投資即終止確 認。可供出售財務資產及 按公平值诱過損益記賬 的財務資產其後按公平 值列賬,除非其在活躍市 場上沒有標價並且其公 平價值不能以估值工具 可靠計量外,可供出售的 投資以公平價值計量。以 成本計量的可供出售的 投資需進行減值測試。貸 款及應收款以及持至到 期日投資利用實際利息 法按攤銷成本列賬。因為 「按公平值透過損益記 賬的財務資產」類別的 公平值變動而產生的已 實現及未實現盈虧,列入 產生期間的損益表內。被 分類為可供出售的非貨 幣證券公平值變動產生 的未實現盈虧,在權益中 確認。當分類為可供出售 的證券被售出或減值時, 累計公平值調整列入損 益表作為投資證券的盈 虧。

3. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(k) Investments (continued)

Available-for-sale investments (continued) (iv) Purchases and sales of investments are recognised on trade-date - the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Investments are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Available-forsale financial assets and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently carried at fair value except there are no quoted market prices in active markets and whose fair values cannot be reliably measured using valuation techniques. Available-for-sale investments carried at cost are subject to review for impairment. Loans and receivables and held-to-maturity investments are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Realised and unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' category are included in the income statement in the period in which they arise. Unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of non-monetary securities classified as available-for-sale are recognised in equity. When securities classified as available-forsale are sold or impaired, the accumulated fair value adjustments are included in the income statement as gains or losses from investment securities.

重要會計政策摘要(續) 3.

(I) 存貨

存貨按成本及可變現淨值兩者 的較低者列賬。成本利用加權 平均法釐定。製成品及在製品 的成本包括設計成本、原材料、 直接勞工、其他直接成本和相 關的生產經常開支(依據正常 營運能力)。這不包括貸款成 本。可變現淨值為在通常業務 過程中的估計銷售價,減適用 的變動銷售費用。

(m) 貿易應收款

貿易應收款初步以公平值確 認,其後利用實際利息法按攤 銷成本扣除減值撥備計量。當 有客觀證據證明本集團將無法 按應收款的原有條款收回所有 款項時,即就貿易及其它應收 款設定減值撥備。債務人出現 重大財政困難,或有可能宣告 破產或財務重組,或逾期還期 均為存在減值因素的指標,減 值準備的金額為該項資產之賬 面值與按實際利率幘計算的估 計未來現金流量現值的差額。 撥備金額為資產賬面值與按實 際利率貼現的估計未來現金流 量的現值兩者的差額。撥備金 額在損益表確認。

PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 3.

(1) **Inventories**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises design costs, raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads (based on normal operating capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

(m) **Trade receivables**

Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for impairment of trade receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default or delinquency in payments are considered indicators that the trade receivable is impaired. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate. The amount of the provision is recognised in the income statement.

重要會計政策摘要(續) 3.

税項 (n)

本集團各公司根據其財務報告 之法定利潤,經就毋須繳納或 不得用以扣除所得税之收入及 支出項目作出調整後,計提税 項準備。本集團之税項準備乃 按適用於中國企業的稅法及條 例提取。

遞延税項乃按負債法就各項資 產或負債於資產負債表中所載 金額與其計税基數之間的暫時 性差異作出全數撥備。然而,若 遞延所得税來自在交易(不包 括企業合併)中對資產或負債 的初步確認,而在交易時不影 響會計損益或應課税盈虧,則 不作記賬。遞延税項採用在結 算日前已頒佈或實質頒佈,並 在有關之遞延所得税資產實現 或遞延所得稅負債結算時預期 將會適用之税率(及法例)而釐 定。

遞延所得税資產是就可能有未 來應課税盈利而就此可使用暫 時差異而確認。

遞延 税項就附屬公司、聯營公 司及共同控制實體投資產生之 暫時差異而撥備,但假若本集 團可以控制暫時差異之撥回時 間,而暫時差異在可預見將來 有可能不會撥回則除外。

PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 3. (n) **Taxation**

The Group companies provide for taxation on the basis of their statutory profits for financial reporting purposes, adjusted for income and expense items which are not assessable or deductible for income tax purposes after considering all available tax benefits. Taxation of the Group is based on the relevant tax laws and regulations applicable to enterprises established in the PRC.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

3. 重要會計政策摘要(續)

(o) 社會保險計劃

本集團已參與由深圳市社會保險局(「社會保險局」)管理的舊 老保險計劃及醫療保險計劃。 根據有關規定,本集團需等保險計劃。 按職工工資繳付養老保險需和實 接保險予社會保險局。本集時 療保險予社會保險局。本 應負責的供款部分於上述 實 供款外,本集團並無其他 員工福利承諾。

根據上述社會保險計劃,社會 保險局將承擔本集團現有和未 來退休員工的福利費用。

(p) 現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物包括現金、 銀行通知存款、原到期日為三 個月或以下的其他短期高流動 性投資,以及銀行透支。銀行透 支在資產負債表的流動負債內 貸款中列示。

(q) 貸款

貸款初步按公平值並扣除產生的交易成本確認。貸款其後按攤銷成本列賬;所得款(扣除交易成本)與贖回價值的任何差額利用實際利息法於貸款期間內在損益表確認。

除非本集團有無條件權利將負債的結算遞延至結算日後最少 12個月,否則貸款分類為流動 負債。

3. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(o) Retirement benefit costs

The Group participates in the retirement and medical insurance scheme organised by Shenzhen Municipal Social Security Administration Bureau ("SMSSAB"). Pursuant to the relevant provisions, the Group is required to make monthly contributions in respect of the above insurance scheme to SMSSAB based on the monthly salaries of its employees. The Group's contributions under the scheme are charged to the income statement as incurred. Apart from the above monthly contributions, the Group does not have other significant commitments to benefits of its employees.

Pursuant to the above social insurance scheme, SMSSAB undertakes to assume the retirement benefit obligations of existing and future retired employees of the Group.

(p) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 3 months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the balance sheet.

(q) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the balance sheet date.

3. 重要會計政策摘要(續)

(r) 研究及開發

(s) 租賃

資產擁有權之大部份風險及回報基本上由出租人享有的租賃 均列為經營性租賃。經營性租 賃之租金收入及支出乃按租賃 年期以直線法計入損益表。

(t) 收益確認

收益包括出售貨品及服務的公 平值,並扣除增值税、回扣和折 扣,以及對銷集團內部銷售。收 益確認如下:

(i) 銷售收入

貨品銷售在本集團實體 已將貨品交付予顧客,顧 客接收產品後,以及有關 應收款的收回可合理確 保時確認。

3. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(r) Research and development

Research expenditure is recognised as an expense as incurred. Cost incurred on development projects (relating to the design and testing of new or improved products) are recognised as intangible assets when it is probable that the project will be a success considering its commercial and technological feasibility, and its cost can be measured reliably. Other development expenditures that do not meet these criteria are recognised as an expense as incurred. Development costs previously recognised as an expense are not recognised as an asset in a subsequent period. Capitalised development costs are recorded as intangible assets and amortised from the point at which the asset is ready for use on a straightline basis over its useful life, not exceeding five years.

(s) Leases

Leases where a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership retained by the lessors are classified as operating leases. Operating lease income and expenses are credited and charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease respectively.

(t) Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue is shown net of value-added tax, returns, rebates and discounts and after eliminated sales within the Group. Revenue is recognised as follows:

(i) Sales of goods

Sales of goods are recognised when a group entity has delivered products to the customer, the customer has accepted the products and collectibility of the related receivables is reasonably assured.

3. 重要會計政策摘要(續)

(t) 收益確認(續)

(ii) 利息收入 利息收入採用實際利息 法按時間比例基準確認。

(iii) 股息收入 股息收入在收取款項的 權利確定時確認。

(u) 股息分派

向本公司股東分派的股息在股 息獲本公司股東批准的期間內 於本集團的財務報表內列為負 債。

(v) 政府資助

當能夠合理地保證政府補貼將 可收取,而本集團將會符合所 有附帶條件時,將政府提供的 補助按其公平值確認入賬。

與成本有關之政府補貼遞延入 賬,並按擬補償之成本配合所 需期間在損益賬中確認。

與購買物業、機器及設備有關之政府補貼列入非流動負債作為遞延政府補貼,並按有關資產之預計年期以直線法在損益 賬確認。

3. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(t) Revenue recognition (continued)

(ii) Interest income
Interest income is recognised on a timeproportion basis using the effective
interest method.

(iii) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

(u) Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Group's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders.

(v) Government grants

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions.

Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognised in the income statement over the period necessary to match them with the costs they are intended to compensate.

Government grants relating to the purchase of property, plant and equipment are included in non-current liabilities as other liabilities and are credited to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the expected lives of the related assets.

4. 關鍵會計估算及判斷

(a) 所得税

(b) 機器和設備的可使用年期

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

(a) Income taxes

The Group is subject to income taxes in the PRC. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

(b) Useful lives of plant and equipment

The Group's management determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation expenses for its plant and equipment. This estimate is based on projected product lifecycles for its plant and equipment. It could change significantly as a result of technical innovations and competitor actions in response to severe industry cycles. Management will increase the depreciation expense where useful lives are less than previously estimated lives, or it will write-off or write-down technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold.

5. 營業額及分部資料

本集團從事的生產和銷售按主要業務 分類如下:

- 手錶一生產和銷售機械及石英 手錶;
- 電子產品一生產和銷售液晶體 顯示器、印制電路板及有線電 視系統器材;
- 模具一生產和銷售塑料膠模和 塑料件,本業務於二零零五年 出售。

各業務分部之間沒有交易及銷售往來。分部資產主要包括物業、廠房及設備、投資物業、土地租賃款項、存貨、應收款項和營運現金·但不包含聯營公司投資。分部負債包括營運負債,不包括少數股東權益。資本性支出主要包含物業、廠房及設備(附註17)、投資物業(附註18)、在建工程(附註19)和租賃土地及土地使用權(附註20)的支出。

本集團所有的資產和業務都在中國境 內·可被視為在同一地理區域·其經濟 環境擁有相近的風險和回報。

5. TURNOVER AND SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

The Group is principally engaged in the manufacturing and sales activities through the following major business segments:

- Clocks and watches manufacture and sale of mechanical and quartz timepieces
- Electronic products manufacture and sale of liquid crystal displays, printed circuit boards and cable television equipment
- Moulds manufacture and sales of plastic moulds and plastic products, which was discontinued in 2005

There were no sales or other transactions between the business segments. Segment assets consist primarily of property, plant and equipment, investment properties, leasehold land and land use rights, inventories, receivables and operating cash, and exclude investments in associates. Segment liabilities comprise operating liabilities and exclude minority interests. Capital expenditure mainly comprises additions to property, plant and equipment (Note 17), investment properties (Note 18), construction-in-progress (Note 19) and leasehold and land use rights (Note 20).

All assets and operations of the Group are located in the PRC, which is considered as one geographic location in an economic environment with similar risks and returns.

5. 營業額及分部資料(續)

5. TURNOVER AND SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

(continued)

本集團的分部資料分析如下:

An analysis of the Group's segmental information is as follows:

(a) 主要分部報告形式-按業務 劃分 (a) Primary reporting format – business segments

								有線電視系	統器材業務	模具及	注塑業務	未分配	的項目		
		手錶	業務	液晶顯示	器業務	印制電	路板業務	Ca	ble	Moule	ds and	Unallo	cated	總	計
		Clocks an	d watches	Liquid cryst	tal displays	Printed cir	cuit boards	television	equipment	plastic	casings	corporat	e items	To	tal
		二零零五年	二零零四年	二零零五年	二零零四年	二零零五年	二零零四年	二零零五年	二零零四年	二零零五年	二零零四年	二零零五年	二零零四年	二零零五年	二零零四年
		2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
持續經營業務	Continuing operations														
營業額	Turnover	298,898	250,902	1,097,652	1,066,291	445,002	351,574	77,032	55,972	-	-	-	-	1,918,584	1,724,739
經營溢利/(虧損)	Results														
按業務劃分的	Segment result														
經營業績		(13,959)	(9,796)	67,561	88,631	70,437	61,044	(5,907)	(4,415)	-	-	(27,045)	(21,074)	91,087	114,390
其他經營(損失)/	Other operating (loss)/														
收入	income	(844)	(9,599)	351	181	-	-	-	1	-	-	(45,517)	(83,617)	(46,010)	(93,034
其他收入	Other revenues	35,175	22,578	6,246	1,747	8,193	2,185	667	1,356	-	-	15	-	50,296	27,866
經營溢利/(虧損)	Operating profit/(loss)	20,372	3,183	74,158	90,559	78,630	63,229	(5,240)	(3,058)	-	-	(72,547)	(104,691)	95,373	49,222
融資成本-淨額	Finance (costs)/income	(1,505)	(98)	(19,717)	(22,309)	1,971	(125)	(498)	(650)	-	-	(4,029)	(1,426)	(23,778)	(24,608
應佔聯營公司之業績	Share of results of associat	es -	-	(5,016)	(2,410)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(460)	8	(5,476)	(2,402
税項(支出)/抵免	Taxation (charge)/credit	(1,591)	(2,818)	(6,386)	1,444	(10,383)	(9,386)	-	-	-	-	656	1,285	(17,704)	(9,478
持續經營業務除稅後	Profit/(loss) for the year from	m													
溢利/(虧損)	continuing operations	17,276	267	43,039	67,284	70,218	53,718	(5,738)	(3,708)	-	-	(76,380)	(104,824)	48,415	12,737
非持續經營業務	Discontinued operations														
非持續經營業務	Loss for the year from														
除税後虧損 ————	discontinued operations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3,696)	(1,455)	-	-	(3,696)	(1,458
除税後溢利/(虧損)	Profit/(loss) for the year	17,276	267	43,039	67,284	70,218	53,718	(5,738)	(3,708)	(3,696)	(1,455)	(76,380)	(104,824)	44,719	11,282
其他資料	Other information														
按業務劃分的資產	Segment assets	638,311	654,522	1,375,378	1,512,002	485,726	426,000	39,436	50,546		36,059	129,287	146,341	2,668,138	2,825,470
在聯營公司的投資	Investments in	-,,-	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, .,	, -,	-,,	-,	,			2,230	-,	-1	,,	,, ==,
	associates	-	-	850	5,865	-	-	-	-	-	2,053	26,399	26,858	27,249	34,776

- 5.
- 營業額及分部資料(續) 5. TURNOVER AND SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (continued)
 - (a) 主要分部報告形式 按業務 劃分(續)
- Primary reporting format business (a) segments (continued)

		手鎖	業務	液晶顯示	示器業務	印制電	路板業務		統器材業務		注塑業務 ds and	未分配 Unallo		總	計
				Liquid crys			cuit boards	television	equipment	plastic	casings	corpora	te items	To	
		二零零五年	二零零四年	二零零五年	二零零四年	二零零五年	二零零四年	二零零五年	二零零四年	二零零五年	二零零四年	二零零五年	二零零四年	二零零五年	二零零四年
		2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
總負債	Total liabilities	90,297	129,011	604,733	772,858	128,642	79,135	26,751	32,122	-	17,135	71,457	83,734	921,880	1,113,995
資本性支出	Capital expenditure	17,911	89,974	12,821	65,997	35,922	34,819	216	199	1,080	16	-	-	67,950	191,005
非現金之費用	Non-cash expenses														
一固定資產及	- Depreciation of property	,													
投資物業折舊	plant and equipment,														
	and investment														
	properties	19,978	11,664	54,076	52,182	46,419	46,891	717	834	1,311	2,377	1,267	9,675	123,768	123,623
一租賃土地及土地	- Amortisation of leasehold														
使用權攤銷	land and land use right	ts 461	461	832	832	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,293	1,293
一貿易應收及其他	- Provision for/(reversal of)														
應收款減值撥備	impairment loss of														
計提/沖回	receivables	335	(1,307)	(867)	9,826	4,140	1,856	1,698	(106)	-	(610)	-	-	5,306	9,659
一陳舊存貨減值撥備	- Provision for/(reversal of)														
計提/沖回	inventory obsolescence	e 2,288	(3,915)	12,847	23,774	704	69	179	12	(118)	(2,383)	-	_	15,900	17,557

- 5. 營業額及分部資料(續)
- 5. TURNOVER AND SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (continued)
- (b) 次要分部報告形式 按市場 割分的銷售收入
- (b) Secondary reporting format sales by principal market

		二零零五年	二零零四年
		2005	2004
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
持續經營業務	Continuing operations		
中國內地	Mainland China	1,216,823	1,155,588
香港	Hong Kong	163,410	172,556
歐美	Europe and America	249,418	323,338
東亞及東南亞	East and Southeast Asia	159,916	46,483
其他	Others	129,017	26,774
		1,918,584	1,724,739
		二零零五年	二零零四年
		2005	2004
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
非持續經營業務	Discontinued operations		
中國內地	Mainland China	18,948	17,992
香港	Hong Kong	9,260	14,911
		28,208	32,903

銷售收入根據客戶所在國家 劃分。 Sales are based on the country in which customers are located.

6. 其他收入

6. OTHER REVENUES

			二零零五年	二零零四年
			2005	2004
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
投資物業之經營	Operating lease rental income			
租賃收入	in respect of			
	investment properties		40,767	24,256
手錶維修收入	Income from maintenance			
	of timepieces		408	671
特定存款投資收益	Investment income from			
	designated deposits		-	351
政府補貼收入	Government subsidies		7,888	_
其他	Others		3,934	4,180
			52,997	29,458
/⊥ ± ·	Depuse continue			
代表:	Representing:			
持續經營業務	Other revenues, from continuing		F0 000	07.000
之其他收入	operations		50,296	27,866
非持續經營業務	Other revenues, from discontinued	10	0.704	4.500
之其他收入	operations	13	2,701	1,592

7. 其他經營虧損

其他經營虧損主要包括本集團於 年末為交易而持有之投資的公允 價值的變化而導致的未實現之虧 損為人民幣46,482,000元(二零零 四年:人民幣92,993,000元)。

7. OTHER OPERATING LOSS

Other operating loss mainly included unrealised loss of RMB46,482,000 (2004: RMB92,993,000) arising from change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss held by the Group at the year end.

8. 經營溢利

經營溢利包括下列項目:

8. OPERATING PROFIT

The following items have been included in arriving at operating profit:

		二零零五年	二零零四年
		2005	2004
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
核數師酬金	Auditors' remuneration	2,643	1,555
租賃土地及土地	Amortisation of leasehold land		
使用權攤銷	and land use rights	1,293	1,293
其他長期資產攤銷	Amortisation of other non-current assets	1,437	1,032
折舊	Depreciation		
一物業、廠房及設備	- property, plant and equipment	110,873	109,288
一投資物業	- investment properties	12,895	14,335
出售物業、廠房及	Loss/(gain) on disposal of property,		
設備虧損/(溢利)	plant and equipment	700	(1,416)
物業之經營	Operating lease rental expenses in respect		
租賃支出	of properties	12,050	9,331
投資物業之支出	Outgoings in respect of investment properties	4,475	2,411
維修保養支出	Repairs and maintenance expenditure	10,548	8,374
陳舊存貨撥備	Provisions for inventory obsolescence	15,900	17,557
研究及開發支出	Research and development expenditure	49,424	45,961
職工成本	Staff costs		
一工資、薪金及獎金	- wages, salaries and bonuses	175,877	155,092
一社會保險費用	- social insurance expenses		
(附註11)	(Note 11)	20,709	18,835
一職工福利	- staff welfare	16,416	14,275
計提/(沖回)	Provisions for/(reversal of) impairment losses		
減值撥備	in respect of		
一貿易應收款	- trade receivables	6,893	11,083
一其他應收款	- other receivables	(1,587)	(1,424)
按公平值透過	Loss from financial assets		
損益列賬的	at fair value through		
投資交易損失	profit or loss		
一按公允值列賬之	- fair value loss (Note 7)		
虧損(附註7)		46,482	92,993
-出售(溢利)/虧損	- (gain)/loss on sales	(472)	41
製成品及在製品的	Changes in inventories of finished goods		
存貨變動	and work in progress	14,060	(107,767)
使用的原材料及消耗品	Raw materials and consumables used	1,169,223	1,070,445

9. 董事及高級行政人員之酬金 9.

(a) 董事之酬金

截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度,每名董事的薪酬如下:

9. DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR EXECUTIVES' EMOLUMENTS

(a) Directors' emoluments

The remunerations of the directors for the year ended 31st December 2005 are set out below:

				花紅	退休福利 Employer's contribution	
		袍金	薪金	Discretionary	to pension	合計
		Fee	Salary	bonuses	schemes	Total
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
董事姓名:	Name of directors:					
吳光權先生	Mr. Wu Guang Quan	_	255	302	52	609
賴偉宣先生	Mr. Lai Wei Xuan	_	100	_	_	100
隋湧先生	Mr. Sui Yong	-	204	238	40	482
閻海忠先生	Mr. Yan Hai Zhong	-	223	282	33	538
劉瑞林先生	Mr. Liu Rui Lin	-	244	569	16	829
徐東升先生	Mr. Xu Dong Sheng	-	244	310	16	570
由鐳先生	Mr. You Lei	-	244	825	16	1,085
王寶瑛(i)	Mr. Wang Bao Ying (i)	-	48	132	8	188
許業淳先生(i)	Mr. Xu Ye Chun (i)	-	131	186	40	357
潘昭國先生	Mr. Poon Chiu Kwok	104	-	-	-	104
廖於勤先生	Mr. Eugene Liu	104	-	-	-	104
劉憲法先生	Mr. Liu Xian Fa	50	-	-	-	50
王濱濱先生	Mr. Wang Bin Bin	50	-	-	-	50
李承寧先生(ii)	Mr. Li Cheng Ning (ii)	50	-	-	-	50
季貴榮先生(ii)	Mr. Ji Gui Rong (ii)	_	-	-	-	_

- 9. 董事及高級行政人員之酬金 9. DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR EXECUTIVES' (續) EMOLUMENTS (continued)
 - (a) 董事之酬金(續) 截至二零零四年十二月三十一 日止年度,每名董事的薪酬如 下:
- (a) Directors' emoluments (continued)

 The remunerations of the directors for the year

ended 31st December 2004 are set out below:

退休福利 Employer's 花紅 contribution 袍金 薪金 Discretionary 合計 to pension Fee Salary bonuses schemes Total 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 董事姓名: Name of directors: 吳光權先生 Mr. Wu Guang Quan 225 262 40 527 賴偉宣先生 Mr. Lai Wei Xuan 58 58 隋湧先生 Mr. Sui Yong 219 458 203 36 閻海忠先生 Mr. Yan Hai Zhong 210 825 30 1,065 Mr. Liu Rui Lin 劉瑞林先生 192 1,051 15 1,258 徐東升先生 Mr. Xu Dong Sheng 192 181 15 388 由鐳先生 Mr. You Lei 384 182 187 15 Mr. Wang Xin Kuo 王心闊 (於二零零四年 (resigned in May 2004) 五月辭職) 255 167 30 452 許業淳先生 Mr. Xu Ye Chun 207 274 40 521 潘昭國先生 Mr. Poon Chiu Kwok 107 107 廖於勤先生 Mr. Eugene Liu 106 106 劉憲法先生 Mr. Liu Xian Fa 50 50 王濱濱先生 Mr. Wang Bin Bin 50 50 季貴榮先生(ii) Mr. Ji Gui Rong (ii) 50 50

9. 董事及高級行政人員之酬金

(a) 董事之酬金(續)

附註:

- (i) 更改董事:本公司執行董事 許業淳先生於二零零五年 七月七日逝世。根據本公 章程,王寶瑛先生於二零 五年八月九日獲委任為 公司之執行董事。王寶英先 生之任期由二零零五年 月九日至二零零六年本 司召開二零零五年股東 年大會結束為止。

上述董事袍金包括付予獨立非 執行董事共人民幣258,000元 (二零零四年:人民幣263,000 元)。

於本年度,無董事放棄任何酬 金(二零零四年:無)。

(b) 五位最高薪酬人士

二零零五及二零零四年度本集 團支付給五位最高薪人員皆為 本公司董事·董事之薪酬詳情 已在上述附註中披露。

9. DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR EXECUTIVES' EMOLUMENTS (continued)

- (a) Directors' emoluments (continued)

 Notes:
 - (i) Change of directors: Mr. Xu Ye Chun, executive director of the Company, passed away on 7th July 2005. Pursuant to the articles of association of the Company, at the 2005 Interim Board Meeting of the Company held on 9th August 2005, the Board appointed Mr. Wang Bao Ying as the executive director of the Company until the conclusion of the 2005 annual general meeting to be held in 2006.
 - (ii) At the First Extraordinary General Meeting 2005 convened on 29th March 2005, Mr. Ji Gui Rong resigned as a non-executive Director of the Company due to his busy working schedules and his resignation was approved at the meeting. It was also resolved that Mr. Li Cheng Ning be elected as a non-executive Director of the Company for a term of office commencing form 29th March 2005 until the conclusion of the 2005 annual general meeting to be held in 2006. No emolument paid to Mr. Ji Gui Rong by the Company during 2005.

Directors' fees disclosed above include RMB258,000 (2004: RMB263,000) paid to independent non-executive directors.

None of the directors waived any emoluments during the year (2004: Nil).

(b) Five highest paid individuals

All of the five highest paid individuals in the Group for the years of 2005 and 2004 are directors of the Company whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above.

10. 融資成本-淨額

10. FINANCE COSTS - NET

			一品带工仁	二零零四年
			二零零五年	
		-// >>	2005	2004
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
利息支出:	Interest expenses			
一銀行貸款	- bank borrowings		24,736	17,960
	· ·			
一其他貸款	- other borrowing		290	154
一貼現票據費用	- discounted bills		4,703	4,707
利息收入:	Interest income			
一銀行存款	bank deposits		(5,402)	(1,675)
外匯交易淨	Net foreign exchange transaction			
(收益)/損失	(gain)/loss		(1,875)	779
其他	Others		2,156	3,327
			04.000	05.050
			24,608	25,252
代表:	Representing:			
持續經營業務	Finance expense, net, from			
之融資成本一				
淨額	continuing operations		23,778	24,608
非持續經營業務	Finance expense, net, from		20,0	21,300
之融資成本一	Thanso expense, her, hom			
	discontinued energtions	10	920	6.4.4
淨額 ———————	discontinued operations	13	830	644

11. 社會保險計劃

本集團已參與由深圳市社會保險局管理的養老保險計劃及醫療保險計劃。 根據有關規定,本集團每月須向深圳市社會保險局繳納養老保險基金及醫療保險基金,供款額分別為僱員月薪的19%及9%。本集團分別承擔其中的14%及7%,其餘的款項由僱員本身承擔。

根據以上社會保險計劃,深圳市社會保險局須負責支付一般醫療費用和退休金予本集團在職僱員及退休僱員。

本年度的上述社會保險費用為:

11. SOCIAL INSURANCE SCHEMES

The Group has participated in certain social insurance schemes in respect of retirement and health managed by SMSSAB. Pursuant to the relevant provisions, the Group is required to make monthly contributions in respect of retirement insurance and health insurance to SMSSAB, equivalent to 19% and 9% respectively based on the monthly salaries of its employees, of which, the Group bears 14% and 7% respectively, and the employees bear the rest.

Pursuant to the above social insurance schemes, SMSSAB is responsible for medical expenses and pension of the existing and retired employees of the Group.

Social insurance expenses for the year are as follows:

		二零零五年	二零零四年
		2005	2004
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
養老保險基金	Retirement insurance	15,213	14,640
醫療保險基金	Health insurance	4,776	3,569
其他	Others	720	626
		20,709	18,835

12. 税項

根據有關所得稅法,本集團於深圳經濟特區內成立的公司及聯營公司,適用稅率為15%,而於其他地區成立的公司,適用稅率為33%。此外,集團內某些公司為中外合資企業,因而享有從彌補完以前年度虧損之首個獲利年度起,兩年免征及於隨後之三年減半徵收企業所得稅的優惠。

12. TAXATION CHARGE

Pursuant to the relevant income tax laws of the PRC, the Group and its associates established in the Shenzhen Special Economic Zone are subject to income tax at a rate of 15% while those established in other areas are subject to income tax at a rate of 33%. Further, certain Group companies are Sinoforeign joint ventures which are entitled to full exemption from PRC income tax for two years and a 50% reduction in the next three years starting from the first profit-making year after offsetting available tax losses carried forward from prior years.

本年度税項支出包括:

Taxation charge for the year are as follows:

		二零零五年	二零零四年
		2005	2004
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
本年度中國企業	Current PRC enterprise		
所得税	income tax	12,949	14,856
遞延税項	Deferred tax		
(附註24)	(Note 24)	4,785	(5,361)
		17,734	9,495
代表:	Representing:		
持續經營業務	Current PRC income tax, from continuing		
之中國所得稅	operations		
撥備	oporations	17,704	9,475
J.X. IIII		,	0,110
非持續經營業務	Current PRC income tax, from discontinued		
之中國所得税	operations (Note 13)		
撥備(附註13)		30	20

12. 税項(續)

本集團計提所得税與按照集團除税前 溢利及適用於本公司及附屬公司之基 本税率所計算之税項差別如下:

12. TAXATION CHARGE (continued)

The tax on the Group's profit before taxation differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the tax rates of the home country of the Company and its subsidiaries as follows:

		二零零五年	二零零四年
		2005	2004
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
除税前溢利	Profit before taxation	62,453	20,777
按本公司及	Tax calculated at the tax rates		
附屬公司各自	applicable to the Company		
適用之税率	and its subsidiaries ranging		
(15%至33%)	from 15% to 33%		
計算之税項		9,331	3,117
未確認應課税虧損	Tax effect on unrecognised		
的税項影響	tax losses	3,246	1,845
附屬公司免税	Tax effect of subsidiaries which were entitled		
之影響	to exemption or reduction of income tax	(10,132)	(10,737)
不得抵扣之費用	Expenses not deductible for		
的税項影響	tax purpose	15,907	15,328
不須繳税之收入	Income not subject to tax	(618)	(58)
税項支出	Tax charge	17,734	9,495

13. 非持續經營業務

本公司於二零零五年十二月三十一日出售深圳航空精密模具塑料製品公司64.5%的股權,基準對價為人民幣9,833,000元,剩餘10%股權保留在為可供出售的投資。由於深圳航空精密模具塑料製品公司被作為單獨的業務分部披露,因此於本財務報告中作為終止經營列報,其銷售、經營業績和現金流量及淨資產如下:

13. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

On 31st December 2005, the Company disposed of 64.5% equity interest in Shenzhen Aero-Precision Mould and Plastics Company Limited at a cash consideration of RMB9,833,000, and retained the remaining 10% equity interest in available-for-sale investment. Since the business of Shenzhen Aero-Precision Mould and Plastics Company Limited was presented as one separate segment, the disposal was reported in the financial statements as a discontinued operation. The sales, results, cash flows and net assets were as follows:

			二零零五年	二零零四年
			2005	2004
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
非持續經營業務	Discontinued operations			
損益表	Income statement			
營業額	Turnover	5	28,208	32,903
銷售成本	Cost of sales		(26,391)	(30,855)
其他收入	Other revenue	6	2,701	1,592
管理費用	General and administrative expenses		(3,655)	(4,431)
經營溢利/(虧損)	Operating profit/(loss)		863	(791)
融資成本一淨額	Finance costs - net	10	(830)	(644)
除税前溢利/	Profit/(loss) before			
(虧損)	taxation		33	(1,435)
税項	Taxation charge	12	(30)	(20)
			3	(1,455)
出售業務損失	Loss on sales of discontinued			
	operations		(3,699)	
非持續經營業務	Loss for the year from discontinued	d		
除税後虧損	operations		(3,696)	(1,455)
應佔:	Attributable to:			
	Equity holders of the Company		(3,697)	(1,084)
少數股東權益	Minority interests		1	(371)
			(3,696)	(1,455)

13. 非持續經營業務 (續) 13. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (continued)

		+5 1 11 45 -	
		截止出售日	,
		At disposal	二零零四年
		date	2004
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
簡明資產負債表	Condensed balance sheet		
非流動資產	Non-current assets	20,711	15,200
現金及現金等價物	Cash and cash equivalents	2,423	1,381
其他流動資產	Other current assets	18,107	21,531
總資產	Total assets	41,241	38,112
總負債	Total liabilities	(20,261)	(17,135)
淨資產 ——————	Net assets	20,980	20,977
		 二零零五年	二零零四年
		2005	2004
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
現金流量表	Cash flow statement		
經營業務產生的	Net cash (outflow)/inflow from		
現金淨(流出)/			
流入量	.,	(647)	1,986
投資活動產生的	Net cash inflow from		,
現金淨流入量	investing activities	689	138
融資活動產生的	Net cash inflow/(outflow) from		
現金淨流入/	financing activities		
(流出)量	midnering detivities	1,000	(2,500)
山佳类双丛	Total apply inflavor		
出售業務的 現金淨流入量	Total cash inflows	4.040	(0.70)
光 立 伊 川 八 里		1,042	(376)

14. 本公司權益持有人應佔盈利/ (虧損)

已在本公司財務報表內反映之截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度之權益持有人應佔的溢利(並未包含以權益法計入附屬公司及聯營公司的業績)約為人民幣2,772,000元(二零零四年:虧損約人民幣77.397,000元)。

14. PROFIT/(LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The profit attributable to equity holders for the year ended 31st December 2005 is dealt with in the financial statements of the Company to the extent of a profit of approximately RMB2,772,000 (2004: loss of approximately RMB77,397,000).

15. 每股盈利/(虧損)

每股基本和攤薄盈利/(虧損)是將該期間的溢利/(虧損)分別除以當年已發行普通股股數。

15. EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE

Basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share is calculated by dividing the net profit/(loss) by the number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

二零零五年

二零零四年

2005 2004 (重列後) (Restated) 持續經營業務 **Continuing operations** 本公司權益 Profit/(loss) attributable to equity holders 持有人應佔 of the Company (RMB'000) 盈利/(虧損) (人民幣千元) 20,648 (19,525)已發行普通股 Number of ordinary shares in issue 股數(千股) 642,000 (thousands) 642,000 每股盈利/ Basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share (虧損),基本 (RMB per share) 與攤薄 (人民幣/每股) 0.0322 (0.0304)非持續經營業務 **Discontinued operations** 本公司權益 Loss attributable to equity holders 持有人 of the Company (RMB'000) 應佔虧損 (人民幣千元) (3,697)(1.084)已發行普通股 Number of ordinary shares in issue 股數(千股) (thousands) 642,000 642,000 每股虧損,基本 Basic and diluted loss per share 與攤薄 (RMB per share) (人民幣/每股) (0.0058)(0.0017)

16. 股息

16. DIVIDENDS

二零零五年	二零零四年
2005	2004
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
RMB'000	RMB'000

年終前宣派的股息

末期股息:人民

幣每股0.013元* Dividends declared before year end

(二零零四年: Final, RMB0.013* per share

人民幣每股0.03元) (2004: 0.03) **8,346** 19,260

年終後擬派的末期股息

末期股息:人民 Dividends proposed after year end 幣每股0.006元 Final, RMB0.006 per share (2004: RMB0.013 per

人民幣每股0.013元) share) **3,852** 8,346

* 二零零四年末期股息於二零零五年宣派

* Final dividends for 2004 declared in 2005.

於二零零六年四月十九日,本公司董事會建議二零零五年年終股利為每股人民幣0.006元。這項建議派發的股利沒有反映在此財務報表中,而作為截止至二零零六年十二月三十一日止年度末分配利潤的利潤分配入賬。

At the Board of director's meeting held on 19th April 2006, the directors proposed a final dividend of RMB0.006 per share for the year ended 31st December 2005. This proposed dividend is not reflected as a dividend payable in the financial statements, but will be reflected as an appropriation of retained earnings for the year ending 31st December 2006.

17. 物業、廠房及設備 本集團

17. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT Group

			二零零	四年	
			20	04	
			設備及機器		
			Equipment	運輸工具	
		樓宇	and	Motor	總額
		Buildings	machinery	vehicles	Total
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
成本/評估值	Cost/valuation				
截至二零零四年	Year ended 31st December	ar .			
十二月三十一日	2004	,1			
止年度	2004				
年初餘額	At beginning of year	471,730	768,794	28,497	1,269,021
在建工程轉入	Transfer from	47 1,700	700,704	20,401	1,200,021
(附註19)	construction-in-progress				
(11) (11)	(Note 19)	2,997	21,765	_	24,762
添置	Additions	34,601	58,461	5,384	98,446
出售	Disposals	(17,973)	(25,667)	(1,017)	(44,657)
投資物業轉入	Transfer from investment	(**,****)	(==,==:)	(,,,,,	(, , , , , ,
(附註18)	properties (Note 18)	5,092	_	_	5,092
重分類至投資物業					-,
(附註18)	properties (Note 18)	(4,073)	_	_	(4,073)
		<u> </u>			
年末餘額	At end of year	492,374	823,353	32,864	1,348,591
ル ≢・	Denvecenting				
代表:	Representing:				
按成本	At cost	271,789	330,461	13,254	615,504
按評估值	At valuation	220,585	492,892	19,610	733,087
		492,374	823,353	32,864	1,348,591

本集團(續)

17. 物業、廠房及設備 (續) 17. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued) Group (continued)

			二零零	图年	
			20	04	
			設備及機器		
			Equipment	運輸工具	
		樓宇	and	Motor	總額
		Buildings	machinery	vehicles	Total
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
累計折舊	Accumulated depreciation	on			
年初餘額	At beginning of year	110,430	292,722	18,128	421,280
本年度計提	Charge for the year	24,437	81,908	2,943	109,288
出售	Disposals	(14,301)	(21,912)	(939)	
投資物業轉入	Transfer from investment				
(附註18)	properties (Note 18)	943	_	_	943
重分類至投資物業	Reclassification to investm	ent			
(附註18)	properties (Note 18)	(1,057)	_	_	(1,057)
年末餘額	At end of year	120,452	352,718	20,132	493,302
賬面淨值	Net book amount				
年末餘額	At end of year	371,922	470,635	12,732	855,289
年初餘額	At beginning of year	361,300	476,072	10,369	847,741
如果物業、廠房及詢	及備按成本減累計 2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.	Had the prope	ertv. plant and	d equipment	been carried
折舊列賬,則賬面值		at cost less a			
		amounts would			, ,
成本	Cost	472,761	801,269	32,864	1,306,894
累計折舊	Accumulated depreciation	108,271	330,350	20,132	458,753
賬面淨值 ————————————————————————————————————	Net book amount	364,490	470,919	12,732	848,141

17. 物業、廠房及設備 (續) 本集團 (續)

17. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

Group (continued)

二零零五年

		2005			
			設備及機器	03	
			Equipment	運輸工具	
		樓宇	and	産制工具 Motor	總額
		接于 Buildings	machinery	vehicles	Total
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		ス 成 市 干 ル RMB'000	RMB'000	ス 氏 赤 干 ル RMB'000	ス 氏 寺
		NIVID 000	HIVID 000	HIVID UUU	TIVID 000
成本/評估值	Cost/valuation				
截至二零零五年	Year ended 31st December	er			
十二月三十一日	2005	•			
止年度					
年初餘額	At beginning of year	492,374	823,353	32,864	1,348,591
在建工程轉入	Transfer from				
(附註19)	construction-in-progress				
	(Note 19)	1,185	33,602	_	34,787
添置	Additions	12,547	44,269	3,141	59,957
出售	Disposals	(5,069)	(28,781)	(2,656)	(36,506)
投資物業轉入	Transfer from investment				
(附註18)	properties (Note 18)	2,838	-	-	2,838
重分類至投資物業	Reclassification to investmen	nt			
(附註18)	properties (Note 18)	(4,524)	_	-	(4,524)
出售附屬公司	Disposal of a subsidiary	(13,671)	(20,638)	(1,865)	(36,174)
年末餘額	At end of year	485,680	851,805	31,484	1,368,969
代表:	Representing:				
按成本	At cost	285,521	408,332	16,395	710,248
按評估值	At valuation	200,159	443,473	15,089	658,721
		485,680	851,805	31,484	1,368,969

本集團(續)

17. 物業、廠房及設備 (續) 17. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued) Group (continued)

			二零零	五年	
			200	05	
			設備及機器		
			Equipment	運輸工具	
		樓宇	and	Motor	總額
		Buildings	machinery	vehicles	Total
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
累計折舊	Accumulated depreciation	on			
年初餘額	At beginning of year	120,452	352,718	20,132	493,302
本年度計提	Charge for the year	23,526	83,602	3,745	110,873
出售	Disposals	(5,069)	(24,224)	(2,318)	(31,611
投資物業轉入	Transfer from investment	,	, ,	,	•
(附註18)	properties (Note 18)	163	_	_	163
重分類至投資物業	Reclassification to investm	ient			
(附註18)	properties (Note 18)	(3,231)	_	_	(3,231)
出售附屬公司	Disposal of a subsidiary	(4,102)	(14,685)	(1,722)	(20,509)
年末餘額 	At end of year	131,739	397,411	19,837	548,987
賬面淨值	Net book amount				
年末餘額	At end of year	353,941	454,394	11,647	819,982
年初餘額	At beginning of year	371,922	470,635	12,732	855,289
如果物業、廠房及設	備按成本減累	Had the prope	erty, plant and	d equipment I	been carried
計折舊列賬,則賬面	值如下:	at cost less a	ccumulated c	depreciation,	the carrying
		amounts would	d have been:		
成本	Cost	466,067	829,721	31,484	1,327,272
累計折舊	Accumulated depreciation	119,558	375,043	19,837	514,438

17. 物業、廠房及設備 (續) 本公司

17. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued) Company

			二零零	§ 四年	
			20	04	
			設備及機器		
			Equipment	運輸工具	
		樓宇	and	Motor	總額
		Buildings	machinery	vehicles	Total
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
成本/評估值	Cost/valuation				
截至二零零四年	Year ended 31st December	er			
十二月三十一日	2004				
止年度					
年初餘額	At beginning of year	21,925	110	4,103	26,138
年末餘額	At end of year	21,925	110	4,103	26,138
代表:	Representing:				
按成本	At cost	_	13	_	13
按評估值	At valuation	21,925	97	4,103	26,125
		,		,	
		21,925	110	4,103	26,138
累計折舊	Accumulated depreciation	n			
年初餘額	At beginning of year	8,055	89	2,930	11,074
本年度計提	Charge for the year	828	2	410	1,240
年末餘額 	At end of year	8,883 	91 - – – – – –	3,340	12,314
賬面淨值	Net book amount				
年末餘額	At end of year	13,042	19	763	13,824
年初餘額	At beginning of year	13,870	21	1,173	15,064

本公司(續)

如果物業、廠房及設備按成本減累計 折舊列賬,則賬面值如下:

17. 物業、廠房及設備 (續) 17. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued) Company (continued)

Had the property, plant and equipment been carried at cost less accumulated depreciation, the carrying amounts would have been:

		二零零四年			
		2004			
			設備及機器		
			Equipment	運輸工具	
		樓宇	and	Motor	總額
		Buildings	machinery	vehicles	Total
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
成本	Cost	21,925	110	4,103	26,138
累計折舊	Accumulated depreciation	8,883	91	3,340	12,314
賬面淨值	Net book amount	13,042	19	763	13,824

17. 物業、廠房及設備 (續) 本公司 (續)

17. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued) Company (continued)

		二零零五年				
		2005				
			設備及機器			
			Equipment	運輸工具		
		樓宇	and	Motor	總額	
		Buildings	machinery	vehicles	Total	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
成本/評估值	Cost/valuation					
截至二零零五年	Year ended 31st Decemb	ner				
十二月三十一日		JC1				
止年度	2000					
年初餘額	At beginning of year	21,925	110	4,103	26,138	
出售	Disposals	_	_	(33)	(33)	
年末餘額	At end of year	21,925	110	4,070	26,105	
代表:	Representing:					
按成本	At cost	_	13	_	13	
按評估值	At valuation	21,925	97	4,070	26,092	
		21,925	110	4,070	26,105	
田 辻 化 莊	A					
累計折舊 年初餘額	Accumulated depreciation At beginning of year	8,883	91	3,340	12,314	
本年度計提	Charge for the year	855	2	410	1,267	
出售	Disposals	-	_	(28)	(28)	
年末餘額	At and of year	0.700	02	0.700	10 550	
十 不 跡	At end of year	9,738	93	3,722	13,553	
賬面淨值	Net book amount					
年末餘額	At end of year	12,187	17	348	12,552	
年初餘額	At beginning of year	13,042	19	763	13,824	

17. 物業、廠房及設備(續) 本公司(續)

如果物業、廠房及設備按成本減累計 折舊列賬,則賬面值如下:

17. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued) Company (continued)

Had the property, plant and equipment been carried at cost less accumulated depreciation, the carrying amounts would have been:

				=	
		二零零五年			
		2005			
			設備及機器		
			Equipment	運輸工具	
		樓宇	and	Motor	總額
		Buildings	machinery	vehicles	Total
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
成本	Cost	21,925	110	4,070	26,105
累計折舊	Accumulated depreciation	9,738	93	3,722	13,553
賬面淨值	Net book amount	12,187	17	348	12,552

本集團之物業、廠房及設備已由一中國註冊獨立評估師深圳市鵬信房地產(資產)評估有限公司(「深圳鵬信」)以二零零二年十二月三十一日的市場價格或重置成本法作出評估,重估值與二零零二年十二月三十一日的賬面值沒有重大差異。

折舊費用其中人民幣88,454,000元 (二零零四年:人民幣86,956,000元) 在已售貨品成本中支銷,人民幣 5,015,000元(二零零四年:人民幣 3,548,000元)計入銷售及推廣成本, 而人民幣17,404,000元(二零零四年: 人民幣18,784,000元)則計入行政費 用中。 The buildings and other property, plant and equipment of the Group were revalued on an open market value and a replacement cost basis respectively at 31st December 2002 by Shenzhen Pengxin Real Estate Appraisal Co., Ltd. ("Shenzhen Pengxin"), an independent valuer registered in the PRC. The revalued amounts were not materially different from the carrying values of property, plant and equipment as at 31st December 2002.

Depreciation expense of RMB88,454,000 (2004: RMB86,956,000) has been charged in cost of goods sold, RMB5,015,000 (2004: RMB3,548,000) in selling and marketing costs and RMB17,404,000 (2004: RMB18,784,000) in administrative expenses.

17. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

本集團所有建築物均位於中國境內,該等建築物所在的土地使用權由深圳市城市規劃及土地管理局授予30-50年使用期。

本集團和本公司所擁有的樓宇中,包括租賃土地和建築物,其各自的賬面淨值約為人民幣111,735,000元(二零零四年:人民幣131,768,000元)和人民幣12,187,000元(二零零四年:人民幣13,042,000元)。因不能可靠地估計樓宇中租賃土地之應佔價值,此類樓宇的租賃土地及土地使用權未能於本財務報表附註20一「租賃土地及土地使用權」中單獨披露。

未能可靠地估計租賃樓宇中租賃土地的價值對本集團無重大影響·因為(i)該等樓宇中租賃土地按20-35年計提折舊,與其剩餘租賃期限相約:及(ii)該等租賃樓宇的重估值與其賬面值沒有重大差異,即使該等租賃樓宇按成本減累計折舊列賬,其賬面值亦與重估值接近。

17. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

The Group's buildings are situated in the PRC and the related leasehold land was granted by Town Planning and Land Administration Bureau of Shenzhen for a period of 30-50 years.

Included in buildings of the Group and the Company are leasehold properties, including both leasehold land and buildings, with an aggregate net book value of RMB111,735,000 (2004: RMB131,768,000) and RMB12,187,000 (2004: RMB13,042,000) respectively. Because of an inability to estimate reliably the element of leasehold land value attributable to the leasehold properties, leasehold land and land use rights in respect of these properties are not separately classified under the heading of "Leasehold land and land use rights" as disclosed in Note 20 to the financial statements.

The inability to estimate reliably the leasehold land value attributable to the leasehold properties however did not have a significant financial effect to the Group because (i) the leasehold land attributable to the leasehold properties is depreciated over a period of 20-35 years, which approximate the remaining period of the leases; and (ii) the revalued amount of these leasehold properties does not materially differ from their carrying value, which also approximate their carrying amounts had these leasehold properties been carried at cost less accumulated depreciation.

17. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

於二零零五年十二月三十一日,淨值 約為人民幣3,056,000元的一棟樓宇 (二零零四年:人民幣16,456,000元的 兩棟樓宇) 已作為本公司之附屬公司 一深圳邁威有線電視器材有限公司取 得短期銀行貸款人民幣2,600,000元 (二零零四年:深圳邁威有線電視器材 有限公司及深圳精密模具塑料製品公 司取得銀行貸款人民幣12,000,000 元)之抵押品。另一淨值約為人民幣 180,742,000 (二零零四年:人民幣 185,120,000元)的兩棟樓宇已作為本 公司之附屬公司一深圳天馬微電子股 份有限公司取得長期銀行貸款人民幣 35,000,000元(二零零四年:人民幣 35,000,000元) 之抵押品(附註31)。

17. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

As of 31st December 2005, one plant building with a net book value of approximately RMB3,056,000 (2004: two plant buildings with an aggregate net book value of RMB16,456,000) was pledged for short-term bank loans of RMB2,600,000 made available to Shenzhen Maiwei Cable TV Equipments Co., Ltd. (2004: RMB12,000,000 to Shenzhen Maiwei Cable TV Equipments Co., Ltd. & Shenzhen Aero-Precision Mould and Plastics Co., Ltd.). Another two plant buildings with an aggregate net book value of approximately RMB180,742,000 (2004: RMB185,120,000) was pledged for a long-term bank loan of RMB35,000,000 (2004: RMB35,000,000) made available to Shenzhen Tian Ma Microelectronics Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of the Group (Note 31).

18. 投資物業

18. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

			集團
			oup
		二零零五年	二零零四年
		2005	2004
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
賬面值	Carrying amount		
年初餘額	At beginning of year	282,408	108,569
在建工程轉入	Transfer from construction-in-progress		
(附註19)	(Note 19)	-	174,858
固定資產轉入	Reclassification from property, plant		
(附註17)	and equipment (Note 17)	4,524	4,073
重分類至固定	Transfer to property, plant and equipment		
資產 (附註17)	(Note 17)	(2,838)	(5,092)
出售附屬公司	Disposal of a subsidiary	(4,273)	
年末餘額	At end of year	279,821	282,408
累計折舊	Accumulated depreciation		
年初餘額	At beginning of year	60,476	46,027
本年計提	Charge for the year	12,895	14,335
固定資產轉入	Reclassification from property, plant		
(附註17)	and equipment (Note 17)	3,231	1,057
重分類至固定	Transfer to property, plant	,	,
資產(附註17)	and equipment (Note 17)	(163)	(943)
出售附屬公司	Disposal of a subsidiary	(1,392)	
年末餘額	At end of year	75,047	60,476
淨值	Net book value		
年末餘額	At end of year	204,774	221,932
年初餘額	At beginning of year	221,932	62,542
業 車 <i>什</i>	Directors' valuation		
董事估值	Directors' valuation		
一包括相關租賃	- including the valuation of the relevant	F00 400	007.454
土地款項	leasehold land payments	506,166	397,451

18. 投資物業 (續)

本集團的投資物業均位於中國境內, 其相關的租賃土地由深圳市城市規劃 及土地管理局授予30-50年使用期。此 等投資物業於二零零五年十二月三十 一日及二零零四年十二月三十一日的 估值乃由董事按公平市場價格作出評 估。

18. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

The investment properties of the Group are situated in the PRC and the related leasehold land was granted by Town Planning and Land Administration Bureau of Shenzhen for a period of 30-50 years. The valuation for the investment properties at 31st December 2005 and 2004 were determined by the directors on an open market value basis.

19. 在建工程

19. CONSTRUCTION-IN-PROGRESS

		本集團		本公司	
		Gro	up	Company	
		二零零五年	二零零四年	二零零五年	二零零四年
		2005	2004	2005	2004
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
年初餘額	At beginning of year	36,303	143,364	-	-
添置	Additions	7,993	92,559	-	-
轉入物業、廠房	Transfer to property, plant	and			
及設備 (<i>附註17)</i>	equipment (Note 17)	(34,787)	(24,762)	-	-
轉入投資物業	Transfer to investment				
(附註18)	properties (Note 18)	_	(174,858)	-	-
年末餘額	At end of year	9,509	36,303	-	_

20. 租賃土地及土地使用權

20. LEASEHOLD LAND AND LAND USE RIGHTS

		本	集團	
		Group		
		二零零五年	二零零四年	
		2005	2004	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	
於一日一日之淨值	Net book value at 1st January	36,746	38,039	
難銷	Amortisation	(1,293)	(1,293)	
於十二月三十一日	Net book value			
之淨值	at 31st December	35,453	36,746	
按性質包括:	Representing by nature:			
投資物業	Investment properties	15,543	16,004	
其他物業	Other properties	19,910	20,742	
		35,453	36,746	

本集團租賃土地均位於中國境內·並由深圳城市規劃及土地管理局授予30-50年使用期。

The Group's leasehold land is situated in the PRC and was granted by Town Planning and Land Administration Bureau of Shenzhen for a period of 30-50 years from date of grant.

21. 於附屬公司之投資

21. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

		本	本公司		
		Con	npany		
		二零零五年 二零零			
		2005	2004		
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元		
		RMB'000	RMB'000		
			(重列後)		
			(Restated)		
投資,按成本:	Investment at cost:				
一上市股份	- shares in listed companies	387,946	387,946		
一非上市股份	- unlisted equity interest	184,074	189,404		
		572,020	577,350		

於二零零五年十二月三十一日,本公司直接擁有下列本公司董事認為佔本集團主要收入及擁有大部分資產及負債的主要附屬公司(該等公司均於中國註冊成立)的權益:

As at 31st December 2005, the Company had direct interests in the following major subsidiaries which, in the opinion of the Directors, materially contribute to the net results of the Group or held a material portion of the assets or liabilities of the Group (all incorporated/established and operating in the PRC):

附屬公司名稱 Name of subsidiary	註冊/成立日期 Date of incorporation/ establishment	百 Attrik equity	所佔之權益 分比 putable interest 二零零四年 2004	註冊資本 Registered capital	企業類別 Type of legal entity	主要業務 Principal activities
深圳市飛亞達 (集團) 股份有限公司 Shenzhen Fiyta Holdings Limited	一九九零年 三月三十日 30th March 1990	52.24%	52.24%	人民幣 249,318,000元 RMB249,318,000	股份有限公司 (深圳上市公司) Joint stock company (listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange)	製造及銷售手錶 Manufacture and sale of watches and clocks
深圳天馬微電子股份 有限公司 Shenzhen Tian Ma Microelectronics Co., Ltd.	一九八三年 十一月八日 8th November 1983	59.85%	59.85%	人民幣 265,540,000元 RMB265,540,000	股份有限公司 (深圳上市公司) Joint stock company (listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange)	製造及銷售 液晶顯示器 Manufacture and sale of liquid crystal displays

21. 於附屬公司之投資(續)

21. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

附屬公司名稱 Name of subsidiary	註冊/成立日期 Date of incorporation/ establishment	本公司所佔 百分b Attributa equity int	t able	註冊資本 Registered capital	企業類別 Type of legal entity	主要業務 Principal activities
		二零零五年 二 2005		·		
深圳深南電路有限公司 Shenzhen Shennan Circuit Co., Ltd.	一九八四年 七月三日 3rd July 1984	95%	95%	人民幣 130,000,000元 RMB130,000,000	有限責任公司 Limited liability company	製造及銷售印 制電路板 Manufacture and sale of printed circuit boards
深圳邁威有線電視器材 有限公司 Shenzhen Maiwei Cable TV Equipments Co., Ltd.	一九九一年 八月三日 3rd August 1991	60%	60%	人民幣 20,000,000元 RMB20,000,000	合資企業 Contractual joint venture	製造及銷售有線 電視系統器材 Manufacture and sale of electronic components of cable television appliances
深圳中航數碼顯示 科技有限公司 Shenzhen CAERO Digital Display Inc.	二零零五年 二月二十六日 26th February 2005	51%	-	人民幣 10,000,000元 RMB10,000,000	有限責任公司 Limited liability company	平板顯示終端 產品的開發及 貨物及技術 進出口 Research and develop and sale of digital displays

22. 於聯營公司之投資

22. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES

		本集	惠	本公司		
		Gro	up	Comp	any	
		二零零五年	二零零四年	二零零五年	二零零四年	
		2005	2004	2005	2004	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
					(重列後)	
					(Restated)	
年初	At beginning of year	34,776	28,902	5,011	5,011	
添置	Additions	-	8,276	-	-	
應佔聯營公司	Share of loss of					
之虧損	associates	(5,476)	(2,402)	-	-	
出售	Disposal	(2,051)	-	-	-	
年終	At end of year	27,249	34,776	5,011	5,011	

司直接擁有下列聯營公司的權益:

於二零零五年十二月三十一日·本公 As at 31st December 2005, the Company had direct interests in the following major associates:

聯營公司名稱 Name of associate	註冊/成立日期 Date of incorporation/ establishment	本公司 權益 i Attribi equity i	ī分比 utable	註冊資本 Registered capital	企業類別 Type of legal entity	主要業務 Principal activities/place of incorporation and operation
		二零零五年	二零零四年			
		2005	2004			
深圳中施機械設備	一九八六年	50%	50%	美元1,595,000	合資企業	製造及銷售乾洗機,中國
有限公司	十一月十五日			USD1,595,000	Contractual	Manufacture and
CASTIC-SMP Machinery Corporation Limited	15th November 1986				joint venture	sale of dry cleaning machines, PRC
深圳深蓉工程塑料	一九八九年	30%	30%	人民幣3,400,000元	合資企業	製造及銷售注塑製品,中國
有限公司	一月十七日			RMB3,400,000	Contractual	Manufacture and
Shenzhen Shenrong Engineering Plastics Co., Ltd.	17th January 1989				joint venture	sale of plastic casings, PRC

22. 於聯營公司之投資(續)

22. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES (continued)

聯營公司名稱	註冊/成立日期 Date of incorporation/	本公司 權益 B Attrib	·····································	註冊資本	企業類別 Type of	主要業務 Principal activities/place of incorporation
Name of associate	establishment	equity i		Registered capital	legal entity	and operation
		2005	2004			
養維克斯公司 IYVIX Co., Ltd.	二零零四年 三月五日 5th March 2004	25%	25%	美元1,500,000 USD1,500,000	合資企業 Contractual joint venture	生產研發及銷售液晶 顯示器相關產品·韓國 Manufacture, research and sale of liquid crystal displays, Korea

本集團在主要聯營公司(全部均為非上市)的應佔聯營公司盈利/(虧損)及應佔資產(包括負債)如下:

The Group's share of the results of its principal associates, all of which are unlisted, and its share of the assets (including liabilities) are as follows:

		二零零五年				
		2005				
					盈利/	
					(虧損)	
		資產	負債	收入	Profit/	
		Assets	Liabilities	Revenues	(loss)	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
深圳中施機械	CASTIC-SMP Machinery					
設備有限公司	Corporation Limited	25,258	4,406	17,034	(680)	
深圳深蓉塑料	Shenzhen Shenrong Engine	eering				
制品有限公司	Plastics Co., Ltd.	5,108	1,203	6,258	221	
漢維克斯公司	HYVIX Co., Ltd.	1,729	879	297	(5,017)	
		32,095	6,488	23,589	(5,476)	

22. 於聯營公司之投資(續) 22. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES (continued)

		二零零四年				
		2004				
					盈利/	
					(虧損)	
		資產	負債	收入	Profit/	
		Assets	Liabilities	Revenues	(loss)	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
深圳中施機械	CASTIC-SMP Machinery					
設備有限公司	Corporation Limited	24,830	3,297	12,442	6	
深圳深蓉塑料	Shenzhen Shenrong Engin	eering				
制品有限公司	Plastics Co., Ltd.	5,283	2,583	5,112	3	
漢維克斯公司	HYVIX Co., Ltd.	1,907	830	171	(2,411)	
		32,020	6,710	17,725	(2,402)	

23. 可供出售的投資

23. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS

		本集	靊	本公司		
		Group		Company		
		二零零五年	二零零四年	二零零五年	二零零四年	
		2005	2004	2005	2004	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
按成本值於香港 以外上市公司	Investments in promoters' shares of a company					
法人股之投資	listed outside Hong Kong, at cost	6,910	6,910	-	-	
按成本值於 非上市公司 股份之投資	Investments in shares of unlisted companies, at cost	6,678	4,580	1,400	-	
減:減值撥備	Less: provision for impairment losses	(820)	(820)	_		
		12,768	10,670	1,400	_	

23. 可供出售的投資(續)

本集團可供出售的投資包括上市公司 法人股之投資,其轉讓需經過相關地 方政府部門的批准,以及非上市公司 之股份投資,均無活躍市場可提供的 標價和其他明確可行的合理估計公允 值的方法,故以成本減如有的累計減 值損失列賬。

24. 遞延税項

當有法定可執行權力將現有稅項資產 與現有稅務負債抵銷,且遞延所得稅 涉及同一財政機關,則可將遞延所得 稅資產與負債互相抵銷。抵銷的金額 如下:

23. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS

(continued)

The Group's available-for-sale investments represent investments in promoters' shares of a listed company, which are transferable subject to approval from relevant local authorities, and shares in certain unlisted companies, which do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured using valuation techniques. Accordingly, these investments are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

24. DEFERRED TAX

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes relate to the same fiscal authority. The offset amounts are as follows:

二零零四年	二零零五年		
2004	2005		
人民幣千元	人民幣千元		
RMB'000	RMB'000		
		Defermed to consta	近江 44 西次文。
		Deferred tax assets:	遞延税項資產:
		- Deferred tax asset to be	一超過12個月後
		recovered after more than	收回的遞延
31,645	31,645	12 months	税項資產
		- Deferred tax asset to be	-在12個月內
		recovered within 12 months	收回的遞
5,439	-		延税項資產
37,084	31,645		
,	,	Deferred tax liabilities:	遞延税項負債:
		- Deferred tax liability to be	- 在12個月內
		recovered within 12 months	支銷的遞
(654)	-		延税項負債
36,430	31,645		

24. 遞延税項(續)

遞延所得税賬的總變動如下:

24. DEFERRED TAX (continued)

The gross movement on the deferred income tax account is as follows:

			Ξ:	零零五年	二零零四年
				2005	2004
			人	民幣千元	人民幣千元
			F	RMB'000	RMB'000
<i>t</i> − \π					
年初	Beginning of the year			36,430	31,069
計入損益	Income statement (charge)	/credit			
(附註12)	(Note 12)			(4,785)	5,361
年終	End of the year			31,645	36,430
遞延税項資產:		Deferred tax a	ssets:		
				 為交易而	
				持有之投資	
				按公允值列	
		計提呆賬準備	計提陳舊	服之損失 服之損失	
		Provision for	存貨準備	Fair value	
		impairment	Provision for	losses of	
		losses on trade	inventory	trading	合計
		receivables	obsolescence	investments	Total
於二零零四年一月一日	At 1st January 2004	18,939	13,746	323	33,008
計入損益	Credited to the income statemen		847	1,426	4,076
——————————————————————————————————————	Ordited to the moone statemen	1,000	0+1	1,420	
於二零零四年 十二月三十一日	At 31st December 2004	20,742	14,593	1,749	37,084
Tー月ニTーロ計入損益	Charged to the income statemen	t (260)	(4,915)	(264)	(5,439)
於二零零五年	At 31st December 2005				
十二月三十一日	THE STATE BOOMINGS EGGO	20,482	9,678	1,485	31,645

24. 遞延税項(續)

遞延税項負債:

24. **DEFERRED TAX** (continued)

Deferred tax liabilities:

			原列為物業、	
			廠房及設備的	
		物業、廠房及	投資物業之	
		設備重估增值	重估增值	
		Revaluation	Revaluation	
		surplus of	surplus	
		property, plant	of investment	合計
		and equipment	properties	Total
於二零零四年	At 1st January 2004			
一月一日		(1,037)	(902)	(1,939)
計入損益	Credited to the income statement	687	598	1,285
於二零零四年	At 31st December 2004			
十二月三十一日		(350)	(304)	(654)
計入損益	Credited to the income statement	350	304	654
於二零零五年				
十二月三十一日	At 31st December 2005	-	-	-

未在賬目中計提之潛在遞延税項資產 金額如下: The potential deferred tax assets not accounted for in the accounts amounted to:

		二零零五年	二零零四年
		2005	2004
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
税項虧損	Tax losses carried forward	21,457	23,169
為交易而持有之	Fair value losses of financial assets		
投資按公允值	at fair value through profit or loss		
列賬之損失		19,287	12,457
		40,744	35,626

24. 遞延税項(續)

於二零零五年十二月三十一日與稅項 虧損相關的未計提之遞延稅項資產到 期日如下:

24. DEFERRED TAX (continued)

The expiry date of deferred tax assets not accounted for in respect of tax losses carried forward as at 31st December 2005 is as follows:

		二零零五年	二零零四年
		2005	2004
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
一年內到期	Expire within 1 year	4,516	4,958
一至兩年到期	Expire in 1 ~ 2 years	5,298	4,516
兩至三年到期	Expire in 2 ~ 3 years	5,668	5,298
三至四年到期	Expire in 3 ~ 4 years	2,729	5,668
四至五年到期	Expire in 4 ~ 5 years	3,246	2,729
		21,457	23,169

據中國企業所得税暫行條例第十一條,本集團設立於中國的公司之虧損 可結轉用以抵扣未來五年之應課税利 得。 According to Provisional Regulations on PRC Enterprise Income Tax No.11, tax losses of the PRC companies can be carried forward to offset future assessable profit for a period of 5 years.

25. 其他非流動資產

包括在其他流動資產中的人民幣12,794,000元為預付款收購深圳市南光(集團)股份有限公司(「南光」)共12.06%之非流通法人股。於資產負債表日後,股份轉讓之手續已經辦理完畢。

25. OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS

Included in other non-current assets was an amount of RMB12,794,000 prepayment for acquiring 12.06% of the legal person share of Shenzhen Nan-guang (Group) PLC ("Nanguang"). The procedures for transferring the legal title of the share were completed after the balance sheet date.

26. 存貨

26. INVENTORIES

		本集	本集團		本公司		
		Gro	up	Company			
		二零零五年	二零零四年	二零零五年	二零零四年		
		2005	2004	2005	2004		
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元		
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000		
原材料	Raw materials	130,547	159,436	-	-		
在製品	Work-in-progress	60,042	55,531	-	-		
製成品	Finished goods	297,380	286,461	-	-		
		487,969	501,428	-	_		

27. 貿易應收款

本集團銷售貨物的回款期限一般為期 30至90天, 賬齡分析如下:

27. TRADE RECEIVABLES

The Group's credit terms on sale of goods range from 30 to 90 days and the aging analysis of trade receivables is as follows:

		本集團		本公司		
		Gro	up	Company		
		二零零五年	二零零四年	二零零五年	二零零四年	
		2005	2004	2005	2004	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
流動	Current	180,327	390,036	-	-	
30-60天	30-60 days	140,051	46,602	-	_	
60-90天	60-90 days	104,856	26,344	-	_	
超過90天	over 90 days	128,466	129,258	-	_	
減:應收款減值	Less: provision for					
撥備	impairment losses	(84,159)	(82,454)	-	-	
		469,541	509,786	_		

貿易應收款的公平值與賬面值相等。

The carrying amount of current trade receivables approximates their fair value.

28. 預付款及其它應收款

28. PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

		本集團		本公司		
		Gro	up	Comp	any	
		二零零五年	二零零四年	二零零五年	二零零四年	
		2005	2004	2005	2004	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
預付款	Prepayments	2,563	3,918	-	_	
其他應收款	Other receivables	107,790	103,732	446	6	
減:應收款減值	Less: provision for					
撥備	impairment losses	(60,312)	(61,941)	-	_	
		50,041	45,709	446	6	

29. 按公平值透過損益列賬的投資 29. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

		本集團 Group		本公司 Company	
		二零零五年	二零零四年	二零零五年	二零零四年
		2005	2004	2005	2004
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
香港以外上市	Market value of investments				
股份的市值	listed outside Hong Kong				
一權益股份	 Equity shares 	40,966	93,699	36,017	81,548

30. 貿易應付款

30. TRADE PAYABLES

		本集	惠	本公司		
		Gro	up	Comp	any	
		二零零五年	二零零四年	二零零五年	二零零四年	
		2005	2004	2005	2004	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
流動	Current	184,285	200,845	-	_	
30-60天	30-60 days	61,437	62,626	-	_	
60-90天	60-90 days	32,864	29,224	-	_	
超過90天	over 90 days	30,167	73,473	-	_	
		308,753	366,168	-	_	

31. 貸款

(a) 貸款包括銀行貸款和其他貸款,分析如下:

31. BORROWINGS

(a) Borrowings include bank borrowings and other borrowing which are analysed as follows:

		本集團		本公司		
		Gro	up	Company		
		二零零五年	二零零四年	二零零五年	二零零四年	
		2005	2004	2005	2004	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
非流動	Non-current					
銀行貸款	Bank borrowings	70,000	100,000	-		
流動	Current					
銀行貸款	Current bank borrowings	285,960	483,975	60,000	70,000	
非流動貸款的	Current portion of non-cur	rent				
流動部分	bank borrowings	100,000	_	_	-	
其他貸款	Other borrowing	7,990	1,500	-		
		393,950	485,475	60,000	70,000	
總貸款	Total borrowings	463,950	585,475	60,000	70,000	

31. 貸款(續)

總貸款中包括本集團之附屬公司之抵押流動銀行貸款人民幣37,600,000(二零零四年:人民幣47,000,000),此貸款以本集團的樓宇為抵押(附註17)。截止至二零零五年十二月三十一日止,流動銀行貸款中人民幣195,000,000元(二零零四年:非流動銀行貸款中人民幣65,000,000元)由中航深圳提供擔保。

其他貸款向中航深圳所借,並按年利率6%(二零零四年:6%)計算利息。

(b) 於各結算日貸款的賬面金額, 根據類似條款和到期日的貸款 當時普遍適用的利率計算約相 等於公允價值。

貸款的賬面金額以下列貨幣為單位:

31. BORROWINGS (continued)

Total borrowings include secured bank current borrowings of RMB37,600,000 (2004: RMB47,000,000) made to certain subsidiaries of the Group, which are secured by plant buildings of the Group (Note 17). As at 31st December 2005, current bank borrowings of RMB195,000,000 (2004: non-current bank borrowings of RMB65,000,000) are guaranteed by CATIC Shenzhen.

The other borrowing was borrowed from CATIC Shenzhen at the rate of 6% (2004: 6%) per annum.

(b) The carrying amount of the borrowings at the respective balance sheet dates approximated their fair value base on the prevailing borrowing rates available for borrowings with similar terms and maturities.

The carrying amounts of the borrowings are denominated in the following currencies:

		本集	專	本公司		
		Gro	up	Company		
		二零零五年	二零零四年	二零零五年	二零零四年	
		2005	2004	2005	2004	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
人民幣	RMB	402,793	423,500	60,000	70,000	
美元	USD	40,351	140,701	-	_	
港幣	HKD	20,806	21,274	-	_	
		463,950	585,475	60,000	70,000	

31. 貸款(續)

(c) 本集團在利率變動時承擔的風 險的貸款如下:

31. BORROWINGS (continued)

(c) The exposure of the borrowings to interest rate changes at the balance sheet dates is as follows:

	本集團 Group		本公司 Company		
Gro					
二零零五年	二零零四年	二零零五年	二零零四年		
2005	2004	2005	2004		
人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元		
RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000		

1-2年 1-2 years **70,000** – **-** -

- (d) 非流動銀行貸款的到期日如 下:
- (d) The maturity of non-current bank borrowings is as follows:

1-2年 1-2 years **70,000** 100,000 **-** -

31. 貸款(續)

- **31. BORROWINGS** (continued)
- 如下:
- (e) 於結算日的加權平均實際利率 (e) The effective interest rates at the balance sheet date were as follows:

		本集團					
			Group				
			二零零五年			二零零四年	Ē
			2005			2004	
		人民幣	美元	港幣	人民幣	美元	港幣
		RMB	USD	HKD	RMB	USD	HKD
銀行貸款	Bank borrowings	4.3%	4%	4.8%	4.8%	3.1%	1.7%
其他貸款	Other borrowing	6.0%	-	-	6.0%	_	-
				本 :	公司		
				Com	pany		
			二零零五年			二零零四年	Ē
			2005			2004	
		人民幣	美元	港幣	人民幣	美元	港幣
		RMB	USD	HKD	RMB	USD	HKD
銀行貸款	Bank borrowings	5.6%	-	_	5.2%	-	_

一卖卖五年

242,000

642,000

242,000

642,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

32. 股本

32. SHARE CAPITAL

	_	_ 令令四年
	2005	2004
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	RMB'000	RMB'000
已註冊、發行及 Registered, issued and fully paid or		
繳足或入賬列為 credited as fully paid capital:		
繳足之股本:		
400,000,000股 400,000,000 Domestic Shares		
每股人民幣1元 of RMB 1 each (Note a)		
之中國內資股		
(附註a)	400,000	400,000
242,000,000股 242,000,000 H Shares of		
每股人民幣1元 RMB 1 each (Note b)		

附註:

(a) 本公司於一九九七年六月二十日成立,於成立日向中航深圳發行400,000,000股每股面值人民幣1元的中國內資股,以換取其擁有的若干附屬公司、聯營公司和物業的權益。該等中國內資股未在任何證券交易所上市。

之H股(附註b)

(b) 於一九九七年九月二十二日·本公司以配售及公開認購的形式按每股1.73港元發售242,000,000股每股面值人民幣1元的H股。該等H股已於一九九七年九月二十九日在香港聯合交易所有限公司上市。

Notes:

- (a) On 20th June 1997, the Company was established by issuance of 400,000,000 Domestic Shares of RMB1 each to CATIC Shenzhen in exchange for its interests in certain subsidiaries, associates and properties. These Domestic Shares are not listed on any stock exchanges.
- (b) On 22nd September 1997, the Company issued 242,000,000 H Shares of RMB1 each by way of placement and public offer at a price of HK\$1.73 each. These H Shares were listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited on 29th September 1997.

33. 法定儲備

根據中國公司法及本公司之公司章程,於每年分派淨溢利時,本公司須分別將中國法定賬目所載的淨溢利的10%撥作法定盈餘公積金(除非該公積金已達本公司註冊股本金額的50%)及5%至10%撥作法定公益金。除儲備設立之目的外,儲備不得用作其他用途及不得用作現金股息分配。

經股東大會決議後,法定盈餘公積金 可轉為股本,但以留存的該項公積金 不得少於註冊股本金額的25%為限。

法定公益金用於本集團職工的集體福 利。

本公司董事會於二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度提取下列法定儲備:

33. STATUTORY RESERVES

According to the Company Law of the PRC and the Articles of Association of the Company, when distributing net profit each year, the Company shall set aside 10% of its net profit as reported in the PRC statutory accounts for the statutory common reserve fund (except where the fund has reached 50% of the Company's registered share capital) and 5% to 10% for the statutory common welfare fund. These reserves cannot be used for purposes other than those for which they are created and are not distributable as cash dividends.

The statutory common reserve fund may be converted into share capital provided it is approved by a resolution at a shareholders' general meeting and the balance of the statutory common reserve fund does not fall below 25% of the registered share capital.

The statutory common welfare fund is used for the collective welfare of the staff and workers of the Group.

For the year ended 31st December 2005, the directors of the Company proposed the following appropriations to these statutory reserves funds:

	二零零五年		二零零四年		
	2005	5	2004		
	百分比	人民幣千元	百分比	人民幣千元	
	Percentage	RMB'000	Percentage	RMB'000	
Statutory common					
reserve fund	10%	586	-	-	
Statutory common					
welfare fund	8%	468	_		
	400/	1.054			
	reserve fund Statutory common	百分比 Percentage Statutory common reserve fund 10% Statutory common	Statutory common reserve fund 10% 586 Statutory common welfare fund 8% 468	百分比 人民幣千元 百分比 Percentage RMB'000 Percentage Statutory common reserve fund 10% 586 - Statutory common welfare fund 8% 468 -	

34. 營運產生的現金

年度溢利與營業運作之現金流入量的 調節:

34. CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

Reconciliation of profit for the year to cash generated from operations:

		二零零五年	二零零四年
		2005	2004
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
			(重列後)
			(Restate)
年度盈利	Profit for the year	44,719	11,282
調整項目:	Adjustments for		
税項(附註12)	Tax (Note 12)	17,734	9,495
折舊	Depreciation		
一物業、廠房及設備	- property, plant and equipment	110,873	109,288
一投資物業	 investment properties 	12,895	14,335
租賃土地及土地使用權	Amortisation of leasehold land		
難銷	and land use rights	1,293	1,293
其他長期資產攤銷	Amortisation of other non-current assets	1,437	1,032
出售終止經營之虧損	Loss on sale of discontinued operations	3,699	-
按公平值透過損益列賬	Fair value loss on financial assets at fair		
的投資的公平值虧損	value through profit or loss	46,482	92,993
出售為交易而持有之	(Gain)/loss from sale of financial assets		
投資之(收益)/虧損	at fair value through profit or loss	(472)	41
特定存款投資收益	Income from designated deposits	_	(351
利息收入	Interest income	(5,402)	(1,675
利息費用	Interest expenses	29,729	22,821
佔聯營公司之虧損	Share of loss of associates	5,476	2,402
出售物業、廠房及設備	Loss/(gain) on disposal of property,		
之虧損/(溢利)	plant and equipment	700	(1,416
政府補貼	Government subsidies	(7,888)	_

261,275 261,540

34. 營運產生的現金 (續) 34. CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS (continued)

		二零零五年	二零零四年
		2005	2004
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
			(重列後)
			(Restate)
運資金變動	Changes in working capital		
應收票據之增加	Increase in notes receivable	(133,478)	(1,187
貿易應收款減少/	Decrease/(increase) in trade		
(增加)	receivables	37,716	(182,914
存貨之增加	Increase in inventories	(988)	(146,892
預付款項和其他應收	(Increase)/decrease in prepayments		
款之(增加)/減少	and other receivables	(4,694)	38,782
應收最終控股公司款項	Decrease/(increase) in amounts due from		
之減少/(增加)	the ultimate holding company	2,570	(1,638
應付最終控股公司款項	Decrease in amount due to		
之減少	the ultimate holding company	-	(719
其他流動資產之	(Increase)/decrease in other		
(增加)/減少	current assets	(222)	519
應付票據之(減少)/	(Decrease)/increase in notes		
增加	payable	(3,070)	10,625
貿易應付款之	(Decrease)/increase in trade payables		
(減少)/增加		(49,692)	110,905
應付薪金及福利費	Increase in salary and staff welfare		
之增加	payables	14,970	2,67
預提費用及其它應付款	(Decrease)/increase in accruals		
之(減少)/增加	and other payables	(21,170)	11,171
按公平值透過損益	Decrease/(increase) in financial		
列賬的投資之減少/	assets at fair value through		
(增加)	profit or loss	6,723	(35,341

35. 關聯方

本集團的一部分業務是與其他國有企 業進行的。本集團認為此等交易是基 於適用於本集團所有客戶一致的正常 商業條款進行的。為關連方交易披露 之目的,本集團在可行程度內根據直 接股權結構辨別屬於國有企業的客戶 與供應商。但是值得注意的是,本集團 的主要商業活動均在中國進行並且中 國政府對中國經濟具普遍及深入的影 響。故此,中國政府間接擁有眾多公司 的權益。許多國有企業股權架構層次 複雜並歷經多次重組和權益變更。這 些權益本身或者和上述間接權益一起 構成了控制權益。但是,本集團難以得 知這些權益關係並反映在以下披露 中。此外,本集團的服務中有相當部分 為與最終用戶直接交易的服務,該模 式等同於零售性質的服務,而在此類 服務中包括與交易企業所屬員工、其 關鍵管理人員以及其家屬和其他相關 關聯方之交易。此等交易是基於與適 用於本集團所有客戶一致的正常商業 條款進行的。由於此類交易的發生普 遍及其交易量很大,本集團無法披露 此類交易的合計金額。因此,以下披露 的提供服務產生的收入的金額並不包 含與關聯方間等同於零售性質的服 務,然而,本集團確信與關連方披露相 關有意義的信息已得到充分的披露。

35. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

A portion of the Group's business activities are conducted with other state-owned enterprises. The Group believes that these transactions are carried out on normal commercial terms that are consistently applied to all customers. For the purpose of related party transactions disclosure, the Group has identified, to the extent practicable, those corporate customers and suppliers which are state-owned enterprises based on their immediate ownership structure. It should be noted, however, that substantially all of the Group's business activities are conducted in the PRC and the influence of the PRC government in the Chinese economy is pervasive. In this regard, the PRC government indirectly holds interests in many companies. Many state-owned enterprises have multi-layered corporate structure and the ownership structures change over time as a result of transfers and privatisation programs. Some of these interests may, in themselves or when combined with other indirect interests, be controlling interests. Such interests, however, would not be known to the Group and are not reflected in the disclosures below. In addition, a portion of the Group's services provided are of a retail nature to end users, which include transactions with the employees of state-owned enterprises on corporate business, their key management personnel and close family members. These transactions are carried out on normal commercial terms that are consistently applied to all customers. Due to the vast volume and the pervasiveness of these transactions, the Group is unable to determine the aggregate amount of these transactions for disclosure. Therefore, the revenue from provision of services disclosed below does not include retail transactions with these related parties. However, the Group believes that meaningful information relating to related party disclosures has been adequately disclosed.

35. 關聯方(續)

除了報表中已披露的與關聯公司的相關信息外,下面總結了本集團之關連 方間重大的關連交易及由此產生的結 餘:

(a) 與關聯方的交易

35. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY

TRANSACTIONS (continued)

In addition to the related party information shown elsewhere in the financial statements, the following is a summary of significant related party transactions entered into in the ordinary course of business between the Group and its related parties and the balances arising from related party transactions:

(a) Transactions with related parties

本集團 Group

二零零五年 二零零四年

2005

2004

人民幣千元

人民幣千元

RMB'000

RMB'000

與最終控股公司Transactions with the ultimate和同系子公司holding company and的交易a fellow subsidiary

開支: Expenses:

物業管理費用 Expenses for property

開支 management fee **2,752** 3,087

截止至二零零五年十二月三十一日止,本集團接受其最終控股公司提供的擔保為人民幣195,000,000元(截止至二零零四年十二月三十一日止,人民幣65,000,000元)(附註31(a))。

As at 31st December 2005, the Group received RMB195,000,000 guarantees from the ultimate holding company (2004: RMB65,000,000) (Note 31(a)).

35. 關聯方(續)

35. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY

TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(a) 與關聯方的交易(續)

(a) Transactions with related parties (continued)

本集團		
Group		
二零零五年	二零零四年	
2005	2004	
人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
RMB'000	RMB'000	

與其他國有企業 Transactions with other 的交易 state-owned enterprises

i. 收入: i. Revenue:

出售子公司	Disposal of a subsidiary (Note 13)	9,833	_
銷售商品的收入	銷售商品的收入 Revenue from sales of goods		420,411
投資物業的租賃	Rental income in respect of		
收入	investment properties	2,867	2,510
銀行存款所獲	Interest income from bank		
利息收益	deposits	5,402	1,675

ii. 開支: ii. Expenses:

購買商品 Purchase of goods **14,773** 8,226

35. 關聯方(續)

(b) 資產負債表項目

應收/應付有關連公司款項均是免息及須於索償當時繳還。

35. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY

TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(b) Balances with related parties

The amounts due from / to related parties companies are non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.

		本	集團
		Gr	oup
		二零零五年	二零零四年
		2005	2004
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
與最終控股公司 的結餘	Balances with the ultimate holding co	mpany	
應收最終控股	Amounts due from the ultimate		
公司款項	holding company	_	2,570
與同系子公司 的結餘:	Balances with a fellow subsidiary		
預提費用和其他	Accruals and other payables		
應付款		1,015	
與其他國有	Balances with other		
銀行/企業	state-owned banks/		
的結餘	enterprises		
現金及現金	Cash and cash equivalents	217,466	283,353
等價物			
貿易應收款	Trade receivables	194,175	189,034
應收票據	Notes receivable	102,803	15,000
貿易應付款	Trade payables	2,155	529

35. 關聯方(續)

35. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(c) 貸款

(c) Loans

		本:	集團
		Gr	oup
		二零零五年	二零零四年
		2005	2004
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
從最終控股公司	Loans from the ultimate		
之貸款	holding company		
於年初	At beginning of the year	1,500	_
本年收到的貸款	Proceeds from loans	6,490	1,500
於年末	At end of the year	7,990	1,500
從國有銀行之貸款	Loans from state-owned banks		
於年初	At beginning of the year	428,762	237,597
本年收到的貸款	Proceeds from loans	436,186	505,775
本年歸還的貸款	Repayment of loans	(449,794)	(314,610)
於年末	At end of the year	415,154	428,762
計提的利息	Interest charged	18,112	10,356

於二零零五年十二月三十一日,借款的加權平均有效利率為4.3%(於二零零四年十二月三十一日:4.3%)。

The weighted average effective interest rate of the loans were 4.3% as at 31st December 2005 (2004: 4.3%).

36. 財務風險管理

(a) 財務風險因素

本集團的活動承受著多種的財務風險:市場風險(包括貨幣風險、公平值利率風險及價格風險)、信貸風險、流動資金風險及現金流量利率風險。本集別的整體風險管理計劃專注於求惠財務市場的難預測性,並尋求的難預測性,並表現的潛量減低對本集團財務表現的潛在不利影響。

(1) 市場風險

(i) 外匯風險

本集團部分業務 在國外營運,因此 要承受不同貨幣 產生的外匯風險, 而主要涉及美元 的風險。外匯風險 來自未來商業交 易、已確認負債。 為了管理已確認 負債的外匯風 險,集團實體利 用銷售合約來管 理外匯風險。董事 認為本集團的外 匯風險是易於管 理的。

(ii) 價格風險

由的產為資透財集券集價於投負可產過務團的團線在表出按益產受格承價不風無在表出按益產受格承險團線中售公列故股風受。持合分財平賬此權險商有資類務值的本證本品

36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

(a) Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow interest rate risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

(1) Market risk

(i) Foreign exchange risk

The Group exposes to foreign exchange risks as certain portion of business activities are denominated in foreign currencies, primarily with respect to the US dollar. The Group has negotiated sales contracts to manage the risk arising from certain recognised liabilities. The directors are of the opinion that the Group's expose to foreign exchange risk is manageable.

(ii) Price risk

The Group is exposed to equity securities price risk because investments held by the Group are classified on the consolidated balance sheet either as available-for-sale financial assets or as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. The Group is not exposed to commodity price risk.

36. 財務風險管理(續)

(a) 財務風險因素(續)

(2) 信貸風險

本集團存在重大集中的 信貸風險。於二零零不本集 團前五大客戶貿易總 新餘額佔本集團總錄 的46%(二零零四年: 30%)。本集團有向 保產品的銷售是的 確保產品的資歷史的 售。

(3) 流動資金風險

審慎的流動資金風險管 理指維持充足的現金 有價證券·透過已承諾信 貸融資的足夠額度備有 資金·和有能力結算市場 持倉。集團司庫致力透額 已承諾的可用信貸 維持資金的靈活性。

(4) 現金流量及公平值利率 風險

> 由於本集團並無重大計 息資產,故本集團的收入 和營運現金流量基本上 不受市場利率波動的影響。

> 本集團的利率風險來自 按固定利率發行的長期 貸款。董事認為本集團的 貸款不存公平值利率風 險。

36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(a) Financial risk factors (continued)

(2) Credit risk

The Group has significant concentrations of credit risk. The top 5 customers accounted for more than 46% of the balance of trade receivables as at 31st December 2005 (2004: 30%). It has policies in place to ensure that sales of products are made to customers with an appropriate credit history.

(3) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to close out market positions. The Group aims to maintain flexibility in funding by keeping committed credit lines available.

(4) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

As the Group has no significant interestbearing assets, the Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates.

The Group's interest rate risk arises mainly from borrowings bearing fixed interest rates. The directors are of the opinion this risk is not material as at 31st December 2005.

36. 財務風險管理(續)

(b) 公平值估計

貿易應收款的賬面值減呆賬準 備,被假定接近其公平值。作為 披露目的,財務負債公平值的 估計按未來合約現金流量以本 集團類似財務工具可得的現有 市場利率貼現計算。

36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(b) Fair value estimation

The nominal value less impairment provision of trade receivables are assumed to approximate their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Group for similar financial instruments.

37. 承擔

(a) 資本承擔

於資產負債表日後的未作撥備 的未履行資本承擔如下:

37. COMMITMENTS

(a) Capital commitments

Capital commitments not provided for at the balance sheet date is as follows:

		本集	惠	本公	司
		Gro	up	Company	
		二零零五年	二零零四年	二零零五年	二零零四年
		2005	2004	2005	2004
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
已訂約但	Contracted but not				
未撥備	provided for				
物業	Properties	_	357	_	_
生產設備	Machinery	499	13,277	_	_
於附屬公司	Investment in				
之投資	a subsidiary	957,638	5,100	648,638	5,100
		958,137	18,734	648,638	5,100

37. 承擔(續)

(a) 資本承擔(續)

37. COMMITMENTS (continued)

(a) Capital commitments (continued)

		本集團		本公司	
		Gro	up	Company	
		二零零五年	二零零四年	二零零五年	二零零四年
		2005	2004	2005	2004
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
已授權但未立約	Authorised but not contracted for				
物業	Properties	549,300	_	_	_
生產設備	Machinery	720,700	_	_	
		1,270,000	-	_	-

(b) 經營租約承擔

本集團根據職工宿舍及辦公樓 宇不可撤銷經營租約未來最低 應支付租金匯總如下:

(b) Operating lease commitments

The Group has commitments under noncancelable operating leases in respect of staff quarters and office premises as follows:

		二零零五年	二零零四年
		2005	2004
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
一年內	Not later than one year	9,421	6,361
兩年至五年	Later than one year and		
	not later than five years	14,249	11,427
		23,670	17,788

37. 承擔(續)

(b) 經營租約承擔(續)

本集團不可撤銷經營租約未來 最低應收租金匯總如下:

37. COMMITMENTS (continued)

(b) Operating lease commitments (continued) The future minimum lease receipts under noncancelable operating leases in respect of buildings are as follows:

		二零零五年	二零零四年
		2005	2004
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
一年內	Not later than one year	40,242	32,606
兩年至五年	Later than one year and		
	not later than five years	38,604	53,926
		78,846	86,532

本集團之經營租約期限一般為 三年或以上。 Generally the Group's operating leases are for terms of three years or more.

38. 或然負債

38. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

		本集團 Group		本公司	
				Comp	any
		二零零五年	二零零四年	二零零五年	二零零四年
		2005	2004	2005	2004
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
銀行貸款額度	Guarantees to banks in				
提供之擔保	respect of banking				
一附屬公司	facilities granted to				
	subsidiaries	-	_	20,000	101,274

39. 期後事項

根據中國證券監督管理委員會股權分置改革之要求,本公司作為三間發行A股之公司深圳市飛亞達(集團)股份有限公司(「飛亞達」)、深圳天馬微電子股份有限公司(「天馬」)及南光之之,同意進行股權分置改革。本公司已分別與三間公司之其他非流通股股東就股權分置改革之建議方案進行多次協商。

本公司同意之方案如下:(1)向飛亞達 A股流通股股東以10股送3.0股以換取 其同意所有飛亞達非流通A股改為上 市流通A股;(2)向天馬A股流通股股東 以10股送3.2股以換取其同意所有天馬 非流通股改為上市流通A股;(3)向南光 A股流通股股東以10股送3.0股以換取 其同意所有南光非流通股改為上市流 通A股。根據上市規則第14章規定,飛 亞達、天馬及南光之股權分置改革分 別構成本公司須予披露交易、主要交 易及關連交易。本公司就此已刊發公 告,並於二零零六年二月二十日刊發 通函,有關議案已於二零零六年四月 七日召開之本公司股東特別大會上獲 股東批准。截止本報告日,南光股權分 置改革方案已於二零零六年三月七日 召開之南光股東特別大會上獲股東審 議通過,股權分置改革已於二零零六 年四月十日實施完畢。天馬股權分置 改革方案已於二零零六年四月十二日 召開之天馬股東特別大會上獲股東審 議通過。但飛亞達股權分置改革方案 未能於二零零六年四月十二日召開之 飛亞達股東特別大會獲通過。

39. EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

According to the share segregation reform requirements of the China Securities Regulatory Commission (the "CSRC"), the Company, being the holder of non-circulation shares of three A share issuers, namely Shenzhen Fiyta Holdings Limited ("Fiyta"), Shenzhen Tian Ma Microelectronics Co., Ltd. ("Tian Ma") and Nanguang agreed to carry out share segregation reform based on the proposals of the three companies. The Company has conducted negotiations with other holders of non-circulating shares of each of the three companies concerning the respective proposals.

The Company agreed to the following proposals: (1) offering 3.0 shares for every 10 shares held by the Fiyta A shares holders in exchange for their approval for the conversion of all the non-circulating A shares of Fiyta into listed A shares; (2) offering 3.2 shares for every 10 shares held by the Tian Ma A shares holders in exchange for their approval for the conversion of all non-circulating A shares of Tian Ma into listed A Shares; (3) offering 3.0 shares for every 10 shares held by the Nanguang A shares holders in exchange for their approval for the conversion of all non-circulating A shares of Nanguang into listed A shares. Pursuant to Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules, the share segregation reforms of Fiyta, Tian Ma and Nanguang constitute a disclosable transaction, major transaction and connected transaction of the Company respectively. The Company has made announcements in respect of such matter and the circular was issued on 20th February 2006. The relevant proposals were approved at the extraordinary general meeting of the Company held on 7th April 2006. As at the date of the report. The scheme of share segregation reform of Nanguang was approved by shareholders at the extraordinary general meeting of Nanguang held on 7th March 2006, and the share segregation reform was all completed on 10th April 2006. The scheme of share segregation reform of Tian Ma was approved by shareholders at the extraordinary general meeting of Tian Ma held on 12th April 2006. The scheme of share segregation reform of Fiyta was not approved at the extraordinary general meeting of Fiyta held on 12th April 2006.

40. 最終控股公司

本公司全體董事認為成立於中華人民 共和國的中航深圳是本集團之最終控 股公司。

41. 比較數據

本集團採納自二零零五年一月一日起 生效的國際財務報筘準則。誠如 附註2·該項變動導致部分賬項之呈報 需予改變·比較收字亦已相應予以重 列以符合本期之呈列方式。

40. ULTIMATE HOLDING COMPANY

The directors regard CATIC Shenzhen, a company established in the PRC, as being the ultimate holding company.

41. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

The Group has adopted new/revised IFRS which are effective for accounting periods commencing on or after 1st January 2005. As mentioned in Note 2, this has resulted in changes to the presentation of certain items and comparative financial statements have been restated accordingly. In addition, certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.