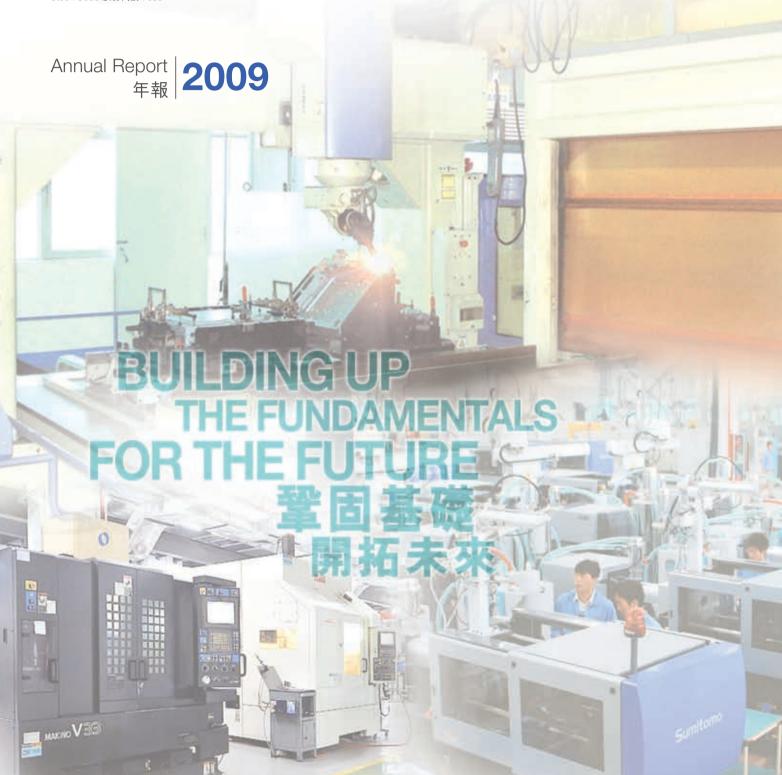


EVA Precision Industrial Holdings Limited 億和精密工業控股有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

Stock Code 股份代號:838



Contents

- 2 Group Profile
- 3 Corporate Milestone
- 10 Financial Highlights
- 12 Corporate Information
- 13 Chairman's Statement
- 16 Management Discussion and Analysis
- 26 Directors and Senior Management Profile
- 30 Corporate Governance Report
- 37 Report of the Directors
- 54 Independent Auditor's Report
- 56 Consolidated Statement of Financial Position
- 57 Statement of Financial Position
- 58 Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income
- 59 Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity
- 61 Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows
- 62 Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
- 130 Five Years Financial Summary



Group Profile

EVA Precision Industrial Holdings Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 12 July 2004 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law, Chapter 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands. The address of its registered office is Codan Trust Company (Cayman) Limited, Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands. The Company is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") are principally engaged in the provision of precision manufacturing services in China, focusing on the production of moulds and components with high quality standard and dimensional accuracy. The Company has been listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited since 11 May 2005. Currently, the Group operates two production facilities in Shenzhen and one production facility in Suzhou. Further, another production facility is currently under construction in Zhongshan.

The Group started its business as a mould producer in 1993. Since its establishment, it has been supplying moulds, components and semi-finished products to overseas brand owners most of whom are Japanese. The Group possesses solid technological foundation and has over 15 years of experience in serving demanding Japanese brand owners, who are well-known for their stringent quality and production requirements. Customers of the Group include, among others, Toshiba, Konica Minolta, Kyocera Mita, Canon, Ricoh, Fuji Xerox, Epson and Brother. Following the financial crisis in late 2008, thanks to the Chinese Government's efforts to boost domestic consumption, China's demand for high end consumer products is rapidly increasing. As a result, the Group has made a conscious effort to switch its focus to the domestic market in China. Today, in addition to serving overseas brand owners who are placing increasing emphasis on the China market, the Group has also started to make significant inroads into the high-end China consumption market. Notably, significant progress has been made in the areas of medical equipment, consumer durables/electronics and automobiles.

Year	Event				
1993	The Group started its business through the establishment of EVA Limited, a subsidiary of the Group, in Hong Kong. The Group established its first production plant in Shenzhen, the PRC in the same year. The Group started its business as a metal stamping mould manufacturer and its business was later extended to the manufacture of metal stamping components.				
2002	Yihe Precision Hardware (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of the Group, was accredited as one of the "300 Enterprises with Highest Growth Potential in Shenzhen" (深圳市 300家最具成長性企業) and "Shenzhen Top 10 Industry Practitioner" (深圳行業10強企業) by Shenzhen Enterprises Evaluation Association (深圳市企業評價協會). The first factory building of the Group's Shenzhen (Shiyan) production plant with a construction area of approximately 21,000 sq.m. was completed. The Group's production lines were moved to the Group's Shenzhen (Shiyan) production plant in the same year.				
2003	The second factory building of the Group's Shenzhen (Shiyan) production plant with a construction area of approximately 19,000 sq.m. was completed. Yihe Precision Hardware (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. was awarded with the ISO9001:2000 certification in respect of quality management system and ISO14001:1996 certification in respect of environmental management system by the BSI Group. It was also accredited as: — "Hi-Tech Enterprise in Shenzhen" (深圳市高新技術企業) by Shenzhen Science and Technology Bureau (深圳市科學技術局); — "Reliable and Credible Enterprise" (守合同重信用企業) by Shenzhen Bureau of Industry and Commerce Administration (深圳市工商行政管理局); — "Quality Assurance Honourable Enterprise in the PRC (Brand)" (中國質量承諾誠信經營企業(品牌)) by Quality Assurance Centre for PRC Light Industry Products (中國中輕產品質量保障中心) and Shenzhen Enterprises Evaluation Association (深圳市企業評價協會).				

Year	Event				
2004	Yihe Precision Hardware (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. was granted with the "Exceller Supplier Award" (優秀供應商獎) and "Acclamation Certificate" (表彰狀) by Toshik and "Certificate of Green Activity" by Canon. EVA Limited was granted with "Ve Valuable Vendor (Improvement) Award" (VVV獎-進步獎) by Canon.				
	The Group expanded into plastic mould and component manufacturing business through the establishment of EVA Plastic Mould Products (HK) Limited in Hong Kong and Yihe Precision Plastic and Electronic Products (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. in Shenzhen. The first production line of the Group's plastic production line was established and located in the second factory building of the Group's Shenzhen (Shiyan) production plant for trial production.				
2005	EVA Precision Industrial Holdings Limited was listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.				
	EVA Limited was granted with "Very Valuable Vendor (2004 Best Assistance) Award" (VVV獎-二零零四年最佳協力獎) and "Very Valuable Vendor (Improvement) Award" (VVV獎-進步獎) by Canon and "Acclamation Certificate" (表彰狀) by Konica Minolta. Yihe Precision Hardware (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. was granted with an approval certificate for chemical substances management (CMS) standard by Ricoh. EVA Precision Industrial Holdings Limited was granted with a gratitude trophy by Fuji Xerox.				
	The construction of the third factory building of the Group's Shenzhen (Shiyan) production plant was completed and thereafter the Group's plastic production line was moved to the third factory building of the Group's Shenzhen (Shiyan) production plant and commenced commercial production.				
	The Group started to establish a new production plant in Suzhou through the establishment of EVA Precision Industrial (Suzhou) Limited.				
	Yihe Precision Hardware (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. was granted with the "Shenzhen Most Respected and Influential Enterprise Award" (深圳最受尊敬(最具影響力)企業獎) by Shenzhen Enterprises Evaluation Association (深圳市企業評價協會).				

Year	Event				
2006	The construction of phase one of the Group's new production plant in Suzhou was completed and commenced production.				
	EVA Limited received "2006 First Round Southern China Quality Very Valuable Vendor Award" (VVV獎-二零零六年華南地區品質準優秀獎) and "Very Valuable Vendor (Remarkable Effort) Award" (VVV獎-敢鬪獎) from Canon.				
	EVA Precision Industrial Holdings Limited and Yihe Precision Hardware (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. received an approval certificate for chemical substances management (CMS) standard from Epson.				
Yihe Precision Plastic and Electronic Products (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. and Okund Metal Co., Limited received an approval certificate for chemical substances ma (CMS) standard from Ricoh.					
	Yihe Precision Hardware (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. received "High and New Technology Project" (高新技術項目) accreditation from Shenzhen Technology and Information Bureau (深圳市科技和信息局) and was accredited as "Enterprise with Highest Growth Potential in Human Resources" (深圳市最具人材成長價值企業) by Shenzhen Human Resources Exchange Services Centre (深圳市人材交流服務中心) and Shenzhen Enterprises Evaluation Association (深圳市企業評價協會).				
	EVA Precision Industrial Holdings Limited was accredited as "Enterprise with Highest Growth Potential in China" (中國最具成長性企業) by Chinese Enterprise Union (中國企業聯合會) and Chinese Entrepreneur Union (中國企業家協會), "Most Creative Enterprise in China" (中國最具創新力企業) by China Marketing Association (中國市場學會) and China Enterprises News Society (中國企業報社) and "Shenzhen Top 100 Enterprise" (深圳百強企業) by Shenzhen Enterprises Association (深圳市企業聯合會) and Shenzhen Commercial Press (深圳商報).				
	EVA Precision Industrial Holdings Limited was admitted to "the Database of Outstanding Enterprises in China" (中國優秀企業數據庫) by Chinese Enterprise Union (中國企業聯合會).				
	EVA Precision Industrial Holdings Limited and its subsidiaries – Yihe Precision Hardware (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd., Yihe Precision Plastic and Electronic Products (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd., Okuno Precision Metal Co., Limited and EVA Precision Industrial (Suzhou) Limited jointly obtained ISO 9001: 2000 integrated certification from the BSI Group.				
	Yihe Precision Plastic and Electronic Products (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. was awarded with TS16949:2002 certification in respect of the production of automobile parts by the BSI Group.				

Year	Event				
2007	EVA Limited and Yihe Precision Hardware (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. received "Encouragement Award"(鼓勵獎), "2006 Supplier Special Improvement Award" (二零零六年供應商特別改善獎) and "Environment Friendly Corporate Certificate" (環保企業証書) from Fuji Xerox.				
	EVA Limited received "2007 Second Round Southern China Quality Very Valuable Vendor Award" (VVV獎-二零零七年華南地區品質準優秀獎) from Canon.				
Yihe Precision Hardware (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. received "P-DOAZ (Part-E Arrival Zero) Award" (零部件零缺陷獎) and "Environmental Collaboration Certificate"(環保系統証書) from Konica Minolta.					
	EVA Precision Industrial Holdings Limited was accredited as "2007 China's Manufacturing Top 500" (二零零七年中國制造500強) by World Company Competitiveness Laboratory (世界競爭力實驗室), China Industrial and Economic Academy (中國工業經濟研究院) and World Production Review China's Editorial Office (全球製造評論中文版編輯部).				
EVA Precision Industrial Holdings Limited received "Corporate Citizen – Refor Society Award" (企業公民-責任獻社會獎) from China Social Welfare – China Committee of Corporate Citizenship (中國社會工作協會企業公民					
EVA Precision Industrial Holdings Limited received "Best Under a Billion" at Forbes (Asia) magazine.					
	Yihe Precision Hardware (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. was accredited as "Shenzhen Most Influential Enterprise" (深圳最具影響力企業) by Shenzhen Enterprises Evaluation Association (深圳市企業評價協會).				
	EVA Precision Industrial Holdings Limited and its subsidiaries – Yihe Precision Hardware (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd., Yihe Precision Plastic and Electronic Products (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd., Okuno Precision Metal Co., Limited and EVA Precision Industrial (Suzhou) Limited jointly obtained ISO 14001: 2004 integrated certification from the BSI Group.				

Year	Event
2008	The Group's mould development centre in Shenzhen commenced commercial operations in the fourth quarter of 2008.
	EVA Precision Industrial Holdings Limited was accredited as one of the "Top 50 Listed Companies with Highest Investment Value in Guangdong Province" (廣東最具投資價值上市公司50強) and "Top 100 Manufacturing Enterprises in Guangdong Province" (廣東省製造企業100強) by Guangdong Enterprises Confederation (廣東省企業聯合會) and Guangdong Entrepreneur Confederation (廣東省企業家協會).
	EVA Precision Industrial (Suzhou) Limited was accredited as an "Outstanding and Advanced Enterprise" (先進單位) by Suzhou Mould Industry Association (蘇州市模具行業協會).
	EVA Precision Industrial Holdings Limited and EVA Limited received the certificates of honour for donation from Shenzhen Machinery Association(深圳市機械行業協會) and the Hong Kong Mould and Die Technology Association (香港模具科技協會) for their donations and efforts dedicated to the recovery work of the Sichuan Wenchuan Earthquake.
	Mr. Zhang Hwo Jie, chairman of the Group, was granted with the "Young Industrialist Award of Hong Kong" (香港青年工業家獎) by the Federation of Hong Kong Industries (香港工業總會).

Year	Event
2009	EVA Plastic Mould Products (HK) Limited and Yihe Precision Plastic and Electronic Products (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. received "Golden Quality Award" (品質金獎) from Konica Minolta.
	EVA Limited received "2008 E (Environment) Q (Quality) C (Cost) D (Delivery) Remarkable Contribution Award" (2008年度E (環境) Q (品質) C (成本) D (納期) 顯著貢獻獎) from Canon.
	EVA Precision Industrial Holdings Limited received distinguished supplier award (優秀 供應商獎)from General Electric.
	EVA Precision Industrial Holdings Limited was granted with:
	- an "Outstanding Enterprise in China Machinery Industry" award (中國機械工業優秀企業) and the "Most Influential Brand Name in China Machinery Industry" award (中國機械工業最具影響力的品牌) by China Machinery Industry Federation (中國機械工業聯合會);
	- "Employee Care" award (關愛員工獎) by Golden Bee CSR China Honour Roll (金蜜蜂企業社會責任中國榜);
	– "Great Love in Guangming" award (大愛光名獎) by the charity committee of Shenzhen Guangming New District;
	– "Hong Kong Outstanding Enterprises" award (香港傑出企業獎) by Hong Kong Economic Digest (香港經濟一周); and
	– "Chairman Enterprise" (會長企業) by China Shenzhen Machinery Association (深圳市機械行業協會)
	Yihe Precision Hardware (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. was recognised as a "National High and New Technology Enterprise" (國家級高新技術企業).
	EVA Precision Industrial (Suzhou) Limited was accredited as a "Star Overseas Chinese Enterprise in Jiangsu Province" (江蘇省明星僑資企業) by the Overseas Chinese Office of the People's Government of Jiangsu Province (江蘇省人民政府僑務辦公室).
	Yihe Precision Hardware (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. was accredited as a "National Excellent Taxpaying and Turnover Performance Enterprise with Foreign Investment" (全國外商投資雙優企業) by China Association of Enterprises with Foreign Investment (中國外商投資企業協會) and Shenzhen Association of Enterprises with Foreign Investment

(深圳外商投資企業協會).

Year	Event				
2010	EVA Limited received "2009 E (Environment) Q (Quality) C (Cost) D (Delivery) Remarkabl Contribution Award" (2009年度E (環境) Q (品質) C (成本) D (納期) 顯著貢獻獎) from Canon.				
	EVA Precision Industrial Holdings Limited was accredited as:				
	- "Shenzhen Top 100 Enterprise" (深圳百強企業) by Shenzhen Enterprises Association (深圳市企業聯合會) and Shenzhen Commercial Press (深圳商報); and				
	- "Outstanding Culture Building Organisation in Shenzhen" (深圳企業文化建設優秀單位) by Shenzhen Enterprise Association (深圳市企業聯合會) and Shenzhen Media Group (深圳廣播電影電視集團)				
	Shenzhen EVA Mould Manufacturing Limited was recognised as a qualified supplier (合格供應商) and was granted with "Special Contribution Award" (特殊貢獻獎) by Midea (美的).				
	Yihe Precision Hardware (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. and Yihe Precision Plastic and Electronic Products (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. was granted with Supplier QCC Forum – Second and Third Class Awards (第一回供應商QCC發表會二等獎及三等獎) respectively by Kyocera Mita (京瓷美達)				

Financial Highlights

		2009 HK\$'000	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000	2006 HK\$'000	2005 HK\$'000
OPERATING RESULTS Turnover	HK\$'000	1,026,097	<u>1,084,982</u>	952,030	691,240	485,023
Earnings before interest and taxation (EBIT)	HK\$'000	48,786	109,477	<u>173,013</u>	128,763	98,974
Earnings before interest, taxation, depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA)	HK\$'000	130,363	<u>170,249</u>	223,076	<u>160,344</u>	<u>119,352</u>
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company	HK\$'000	31,519	82,578	<u>153,856</u>	108,649	<u>83,215</u>
FINANCIAL POSITION Cash generated from operations	HK\$'000	258,970	159,384	<u>157,457</u>	108,480	<u>87,146</u>
Net current assets (liabilities)	HK\$'000	24,735	199,458	253,870	30,746	4,673
Shareholders' equity	HK\$'000	896,816	967,056	930,719	498,596	306,892
PER SHARE DATA Earnings per share - Basic (Note 1)	HK cents	4.8	11.5	22.5	18.5	17.6
– Diluted (Note 2)	HK cents	4.5	11.5	21.9	18.5	N/A
OTHER KEY STATISTICS Earnings before interest, taxation, depreciation and amortisation	(0()	40.7	45.7	22.4	22.0	24.6
(EBITDA) margin	(%)	<u>12.7</u>	<u>15.7</u>	23.4	23.2	24.6
Net profit margin	(%)	<u>3.1</u>	7.6	<u>16.2</u>	<u>15.7</u>	<u>17.2</u>
Return on shareholders' equity	(%)	3.5	8.5	16.5	21.8	27.1
Net debt-to-equity ratio (Note 3)	(%)	18.7	23.6	Net cash	26.9	29.3

Financial Highlights

- Note 1: Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of (i) 659,444,000 ordinary shares in issue during the year ended 31 December 2009; (ii) 716,479,000 ordinary shares in issue during the year ended 31 December 2008; (iii) 685,190,000 ordinary shares in issue during the year ended 31 December 2007; (iv) 587,288,000 ordinary shares in issue during the year ended 31 December 2006; and (v) 473,699,000 ordinary shares in issue during the year ended 31 December 2005.
- Note 2: Diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of 587,617,000 ordinary shares, 702,687,000 ordinary shares, 718,997,000 ordinary shares and 693,670,000 ordinary shares respectively for the years ended 31 December 2006, 2007, 2008 and 2009 adjusted to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares (i.e. share options). A calculation is made in order to determine the number of shares that could have been acquired at fair value (determined as the average annual market share price of the Company's shares) based on the monetary value of the subscription rights attached to outstanding share options. There were no potential dilutive ordinary shares before 2006.
- Net debt-to-equity ratio is calculated based on the total balance of bank borrowings and finance lease Note 3: liabilities less cash and bank balances divided by shareholders' equity.

Corporate Information

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Zhang Hwo Jie (Chairman)

Mr. Zhang Jian Hua (Vice Chairman)

Mr. Zhang Yaohua (Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Nomo Kenshiro

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS AND AUDIT COMMITTEE

Dr. Lui Sun Wing (Chairman)

Mr. Choy Tak Ho

Mr. Leung Tai Chiu

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Zhang Hwo Jie (Chairman)

Dr. Lui Sun Wing Mr. Choy Tai Ho

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Wong Hoi Chu Francis

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Zhang Hwo Jie Mr. Wong Hoi Chu Francis FCCA CPA

HEAD OFFICE

Unit 8, 6th Floor, Greenfield Tower, Concordia Plaza No.1 Science Museum Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE

Codan Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

STOCK CODE

838

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Hong Kong

DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Limited Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Chong Hing Bank Limited Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited

Mainland China

Agricultural Bank of China Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Shenzhen Development Bank

LEGAL ADVISOR

Jones Day

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

HSBC Trustee (Cayman) Limited P.O. Box 484, HSBC House 68 West Bay Road Grand Cayman, KY1-1106 Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Rooms 1712-1716, 17th floor Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wanchai, Hong Kong

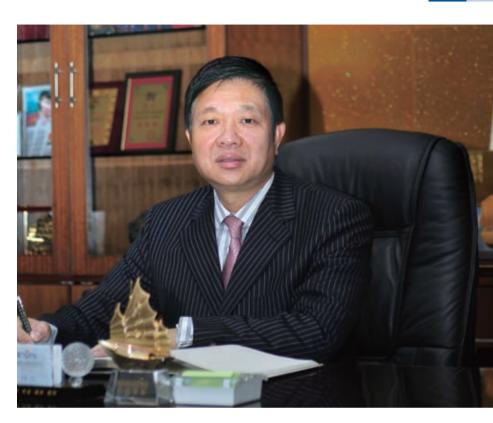
WEBSITE

www.eva-group.com www.irasia.com/listco/hk/evaholdings

AUDITORS

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Certified Public Accountants

Chairman's Statements



Zhang Hwo Jie Chairman

On behalf of the Board of Directors (the "Board"), I am pleased to present to you the annual report of EVA Precision Industrial Holdings Limited (the "Company" and together with its subsidiaries collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2009.

BUSINESS REVIEW

During the year under review, the global economy was adversely affected by the financial tsunami and the Group's performance was no exception. The Group's turnover amounted to approximately HK\$1,026,097,000, representing a slight decrease of approximately 5.4% from the previous year. The slight decrease in turnover was primarily attributable to a reduction in component revenue which was caused by our customers' policy to reduce their inventories. However, our mould revenue continued to record a growth. The Group's business model is such that brand owners would normally require us to jointly co-develop the relevant moulds with them right from their product development stages. Thereafter, the completed moulds would be consigned in our production plants for future mass production of components and semi-finished products. In other words, the Group's mould revenue is a leading indicator of our future revenue from components and semi-finished products. It is worth noting that, despite an overall decrease in turnover in FY2009, our revenue from the manufacture of moulds actually went up by as much as 30% YOY to over HK\$123 million. Thus, we expect to see substantially increased sales of components and semi-finished products in FY2010, leading to a quantum leap in profitability.

Chairman's Statements

Prior to the onset of the financial tsunami, the Group had been engaging in rapid expansion in its production capacity. The net book value of its property, plant and equipment actually increased from approximately HK\$595 million as at 31 December 2007 to approximately HK\$931 million as at 31 December 2008. With only a stable turnover, the Group's production capacity was significantly underutilised for the year under review. Together with other fixed costs associated with the expansion in production facilities, the Group's net profit for the year ended 31 December 2009 decreased by approximately 61.8% to approximately HK\$31,519,000.

BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT

As a result of the financial tsunami, the manufacturing sector in China underwent a consolidation process. Weaker companies collapsed, primarily attributable to lack of technological edges and shaky financial positions. Thus, corporations which survived, such as our Group, stand to benefit from a much less crowded marketplace.

As part of the Stimulus Package, the Chinese Government has vouched to boost domestic consumption, aiming to improve the general standard of living of the population and to cure the problems arising from the excess build-up of its foreign currency reserves in US dollars. Together with the rapid rise of a middle class in China, the Chinese consumers are now "moving up the consumption ladder". Chinese consumers are not only demanding more consumer products, but also higher quality products.

In order to capitalise on the China consumption boom and to revitalise profits growth, the Group has made conscious effort over the last 9 months to expand from its previous concentration on just office automation ("OA") equipment (primarily for exports) to a diversity of consumer products geared towards domestic consumption in China. Thus far, we have already made significant inroads in new product lines such as consumer electronics, automobiles and medical equipment.



Chairman's Statements

To further improve our competitive edges, the Group has continued to devote resources to technological enhancement, which included the enrichment of our mould engineering expertise by recruiting experienced engineers from various industries and the development of our laser welding production line, a Japanese technology with welding area of less than 0.2mm of product distortion. With a solid technological foundation, the Group is well equipped to capture the increasing demand for high-end and sophisticated products from Chinese consumers.

PROSPECTS

Going forward, China is expected to gradually move away from being just an export-driven economy and put increasing emphasis on domestic consumption. To this end, many of our reputable Japanese customers have already publicly announced their shift of strategic focus to China and more and more production facilities were relocated to China with a view to better serving the domestic Chinese market. With more than 15 years of experience in serving Japanese brand owners, the Group is well positioned to partner with them to capitalise on the burgeoning Chinese market. Further, equipped with the credentials of serving Japanese brand owners which are well-known for their demanding quality requirements, the Group is well positioned to service other domestic brand owners.

Last but none the least, on behalf of the Board of Directors, I would like to take this opportunity to express our sincerest gratitude to our shareholders, customers, business partners and employees for their unwavering support, without which the Group's continuous success would not have been possible. We would continue to do our best to providing customers with services and products of the highest quality, and equally important, our shareholders with the highest possible returns.

Zhang Hwo Jie

Chairman

Hong Kong, 26 March 2010



SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AND DEVELOPMENT



The year 2009 saw a very challenging start for the Group. At the beginning of the year, the effect of the financial tsunami continued to take its toll on the Group's business and de-stocking by manufacturers globally continued. Nevertheless, thanks to the Stimulus Package initiated by the Chinese Government, business started to substantially improve in the second half of the year. Starting from the fourth quarter of FY2009, the Group saw a strong resurgence of order flows from both international and domestic brand owners practically all of whom have shifted their focus to the China Market. The fulfillment and delivery of these orders are expected to lead to a quantum leap in the Group's results in FY2010.

Interestingly, despite the challenges brought about by the financial tsunami, it also presents various opportunities to the Group to revitalise its growth. Conscious efforts have been made by the Group to switch from its previous focus on office automation ("OA") equipment primarily destined for exports to catering for the consumer sector in China. In addition to the OA market, the Group has recently made significant inroads into new products lines including consumer electronics/durables, automobiles and sophisticated medical equipment, all of which are destined for the fast growing domestic consumption









The Group's competitive edge in the marketplace was also substantially strengthened as a result of the massive consolidation of China's manufacturing sector during the financial tsunami. A lot of small-sized factories went out of business, primarily due to liquidity problems, which caused a sudden disruption in the supply chain for many of our customers. Having learnt the lesson, many customers have started to place orders to large manufacturers such as ourselves in order to avoid disruptions in the supply chain. Not only does this result in new businesses for us, but it also further enhances our pricing power.

The Group's business model is such that brand owners would normally require us to jointly co-develop the relevant moulds with them right from their product development stages. Thereafter, the completed moulds would be consigned in

our production plants for future mass production of components and semi-finished products. In other words, the Group's mould revenue is a leading indicator of its future component revenue. It is worth noting that, despite an overall decrease in turnover in FY2009, our revenue from the manufacture of moulds actually went up by as much as 30% YOY to over HK\$123 million. This is expected to lead to substantially increased sales of components and semi-finished products in FY2010.



We had been engaging in building new plants to allow capacity expansion in the years prior to 2008. Unfortunately, the financial tsunami that took place in late 2008/early 2009 led to under-utilised capacity in FY2009, thus adversely affecting our bottom-line in the last two financial years. Going forward though, this provides us with adequate production capacity to cope with the substantial increase in order flows starting from the fourth quarter of FY2009. In addition, our construction of new production plant in Zhongshan, Guangdong Province, is scheduled to be completed by end of 2010. Upon completion, certain of our production equipment will be relocated to the new Zhongshan production plant. However, should our production capacity be unable to cope with the rapid surge in turnover, the Zhongshan production plant can provide adequate production floor area for further capacity expansion.

As part of the Group's strategic shift to focus on domestic consumption, we have recently established a sales office in Chongging in March 2010, which is intended to source orders from domestic automobile makers such as Changan Ford, Qingling Motors and Suzuki. In the years to come, the Group plans to set up sales offices in various other cities in China including Changchun, Tianjin and Huizhou (for high tech consumer electronics).

As part of our efforts to maintain a healthy balance sheet and cash flows, we have taken steps to minimise inventory levels. Our inventory balance actually saw a significant decrease of 46.3% from approximately HK\$179 million as at 31 December 2008 to approximately HK\$96 million as at 31 December 2009. This allows us to reduce our cash conversion cycle (defined as the total sum of inventory and debtors' turnover days less creditors' turnover days) from approximately 78 days for the year ended 31 December 2008 to approximately 40 days for the year ended 31 December 2009. Also, our conscious efforts to streamline working capital requirement resulted in significantly increased cash generated from operations despite a decrease in net profits. As a proof, cash generated from operations actually increased to approximately HK\$258 million in FY2009 as compared to HK\$159 million in FY2008 (See Note 27 to the consolidated financial statements). During the year, we also utilised our internally generated cash flows to pay down bank borrowings, and accordingly our net debt-to-equity reduced from approximately 0.24x as at 31 December 2008 to approximately 0.19x as at 31 December 2009.

As always, the Group is committed to maximising shareholders' value. Since our listing in 2005, we have always been adhering to a dividend payout at 30% to 35% of net profit, and FY2009 is no exception. In order to enhance future earnings per share, the Group took advantage of the unreasonably low share price levels brought about by the financial tsunami by implementing a share buyback program since 2008. In 2008 and 2009, we repurchased a total of 123,608,000 shares from the market, representing approximately 17.1% of our issued share capital.

Our superior quality standards and expertise have not only been recognised by our customers, but also by the Chinese government which is now encouraging technological innovation and upgrade. During 2009, Yihe Precision Hardware (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd., our major subsidiary, was recognised by the Chinese Government as a "National High and New Technology Enterprise", entitling it to a preferential tax rate of 15% commencing from 1 January 2010. In the coming years, we will adhere to our philosophy of continuous technological improvement, whilst maximising returns to our shareholders at the same time.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Adversely affected by global de-stocking during the financial tsunami, our total component revenue decreased by approximately 8.1% to approximately HK\$879,661,000, which dragged down our overall turnover by approximately 5.4%. Since the Group had been engaging in a rapid capacity expansion prior to the financial crisis, a slightly reduced turnover resulted in an under-utilisation of our production capacity and therefore our net profit declined by approximately 61.8% to approximately HK\$31,519,000.

An analysis of the Group's turnover and results by segment is as follows:

	2009 HK\$'000	%	2008 HK\$'000	%
By business segment Turnover Metal division				
Design and fabrication of metal stamping moulds	72,576	7.1%	59,574	5.5%
Manufacturing of metal stamping components	508,083	49.5%	617,788	56.9%
Manufacturing of lathing components	67,849	6.6%	82,392	7.6%
Others (Note 1)	19,881	1.9%	30,305	2.8%
	668,389		790,059	
Plastic division				
Design and fabrication of plastic injection moulds	51,154	5.0%	35,692	3.3%
Manufacturing of plastic injection components	303,729	29.6%	257,357	23.7%
Others (Note 1)	2,825	0.3%	1,874	0.2%
	357,708		294,923	
Total	1,026,097	,	1,084,982	
Segment results				
Metal division	31,945		79,421	
Plastic division	17,225		30,570	
Operating profit	49,170		109,991	
Unallocated expenses	(384)		(514)	
Finance income	1,684		2,022	
Finance costs	(11,862)		(9,884)	
Income tax expenses	(7,089)		(19,037)	
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company	31,519	:	82,578	

Note 1: Others mainly represented sales of scrap materials

Turnover

Metal division

During the year ended 31 December 2009, the financial tsunami led to conscious de-stocking by manufacturers worldwide. As such, revenue from the manufacturing of metal stamping components and lathing components, which were primarily sold to customers for furthering processing into final products, decreased by approximately 17.7% to approximately HK\$575,932,000.

However, with a view to capturing the next wave of growth in China, both our existing and new customers have been developing new models, primarily for sales in China. This was reflected by a 21.8% YOY increase in our revenue from the design and fabrication of metal stamping moulds during the year under review.

Plastic division

We commenced our business as a metal mould producer in 1993 and subsequently set up the plastic division in 2005, which was under initial development stage prior to 2008. As the plastic division is a relatively new division with lower revenue base, the plastic division had been able to achieve satisfactory growth since its establishment. Despite the financial tsunami, revenue from the manufacturing of plastic injection components for the year ended 31 December 2009 still achieved growth of approximately 18%, amounted to approximately HK\$303,729,000.

At the same time, revenue from the design and fabrication of plastic injection moulds increased by 43.3% to approximately HK\$51,154,000, which was primarily caused by the continuing development of new models by our customers.

Gross profit and segment results

Prior to 2009, the Group had been engaging in a rapid capacity expansion plan. In particular, a new mould development centre was established and commenced commercial production in November 2008. Coupled with the additions of various machineries in our existing Shenzhen and Suzhou production plants, our production capacity was significantly expanded by the end of 2008 and the net book value of the Group's property, plant and equipment increased by 56.4% from approximately HK\$595,456,000 as at 31 December 2007 to approximately HK\$931,106,000 as at 31 December 2008.

Unfortunately, by the end of 2008, global economy was struck by the financial tsunami and global de-stocking followed. Despite an expanded production capacity, the Group's total turnover decreased slightly by approximately 5.4% to approximately HK\$1,026,097,000, a level similar to that for the years ended 31 December 2007 and 2008 prior to the completion of capacity expansion. As such, the Group's production facilities were significantly under-utilised. Although the Group had devoted substantial effort to cost control, certain costs such as depreciation, overheads and other set-up costs associated with the expanded operations of the Group could not be avoided. These unavoidable costs had an adverse impact on the profitability of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2009.

During the year ended 31 December 2009, the Group's gross profit decreased by approximately 25.3% to approximately HK\$204,209,000. Gross profit margin was approximately 19.9%, as compared to that of approximately 25.2% for the year ended 31 December 2008. Segment results of the Group's metal and plastic division were approximately HK\$31,945,000 and HK\$17,225,000 respectively, representing decreases of approximately 59.8% and 43.7% respectively, as compared to that for the year ended 31 December 2008. The reduction in gross profit and segment results of the Group was primarily caused by global de-stocking and under-utilisation of the Group's newly added production capacities as mentioned above.

Finance costs

The Group's finance costs for the year ended 31 December 2009 amounted to approximately HK\$11,862,000, representing an increase of approximately 20% as compared to the previous year. Finance costs increased because the Group's average borrowing balance (defined as the average balance of bank borrowings and finance lease liabilities as at beginning of year and end of year) for the year ended 31 December 2009 increased as compared to that for the year ended 31 December 2008.

Income tax expenses

During the year ended 31 December 2009, income tax expenses amounted to approximately HK\$7,089,000. Effective tax rate (defined as the percentage of income tax expenses as compared to profit before income tax) for the year ended 31 December 2009 was approximately 18.4%, which was comparable to that of approximately 18.7% for the year ended 31 December 2008.

Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company

During the year ended 31 December 2009, profit attributable to equity holders of the Company was approximately HK\$31,519,000, representing a decrease of approximately 61.8% as compared to the previous year. The reduction in profitability of the Group was primarily caused by the global de-stocking stemming from the financial tsunami and under-utilisation of the Group's newly added production capacities as mentioned above.

LIQUIDITY, FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND RATIOS

For the year ended 31 December 2009, the Group recorded cash generated from operations amounting to approximately HK\$258,970,000, representing an increase of approximately 62.5% as compared to that of approximately HK\$159,384,000 for the year ended 31 December 2008. The increase in cash generated from operations was a result of the stringent cash flow management measures implemented by the Group following the financial tsunami. Net cash used in investing activities, which was primarily related to the purchases of fixed assets and amounted to approximately HK\$74,483,000 for the year ended 31 December 2009, decreased by approximately 64.8% as compared to that of approximately HK\$211,702,000 for the year ended 31 December 2008 due to the completion of the Group's capacity expansion plan prior to 2009. In addition, the Group recorded net cash used in financing activities of approximately HK\$195,666,000 during the year ended 31 December 2009, which was primarily caused by the repayment of bank borrowings and share repurchases with a view to reducing the financial burden of the Group and enhancing shareholders' value.

Bank loans as at 31 December 2009 were denominated in Hong Kong dollars with floating interest rates and were used for financing the Group's operations and expansion. Treasury activities are controlled by senior management members with an objective of achieving a balance between the Group's expansion needs and its financial stability. An analysis of the Group's key liquidity and capital adequacy ratios as at 31 December 2009 are as follows:

Inventory turnover days (Note 1)
Debtors' turnover days (Note 2)
Creditors' turnover days (Note 3)
Current ratio (Note 4)
Net debt-to-equity ratio (Note 5)

31 December 2008
81
68
71
1.45
0.24

Note -

- 1. Calculation of inventory turnover days is based on the ending inventories divided by cost of sales and multiplied by the number of days during the year.
- 2. Calculation of debtors' turnover is based on the ending balance of trade receivables divided by turnover and multiplied by the number of days during the year.

- 3. Calculation of creditors' turnover is based on the ending balance of trade payables divided by cost of sales and multiplied by the number of days during the year.
- 4. Current ratio is calculated based on the Group's total current assets divided by total current liabilities.
- 5. Net debt-to-equity ratio is calculated based on the total balance of bank borrowings and finance lease liabilities less cash and bank balances divided by shareholders' equity.

Inventory turnover days

With a view to reducing the Group's working capital requirements for its next wave of growth, we devoted substantial effort on strengthening our inventory control during the year ended 31 December 2009. Inventories as at 31 December 2009 reduced substantially by 46.3% to approximately HK\$96,266,000, as compared to that of approximately HK\$179,204,000 as at 31 December 2008. Accordingly, the Group's inventory turnover days for the year ended 31 December 2009 was approximately 43 days, which decreased by 38 days as compared to that for the year ended 31 December 2008.

Debtors' and creditors' turnover days

During the year ended 31 December 2009, the Group's debtors' and creditors' turnover days remained relatively stable, which were approximately 73 days and 76 days respectively.

Current ratio and net debt-to-equity ratio

A substantial portion of the Group's bank borrowings and finance lease liabilities are repaid by instalments. With the gradual repayment of bank borrowings and finance lease liabilities, a higher percentage of these bank borrowings and finance lease liabilities became repayable with one year. Accordingly, the Group's current ratio reduced from approximately 1.45 as at 31 December 2008 to approximately 1.05 as at 31 December 2009. However, with such repayments, the total borrowings of the Group (bank borrowings and finance lease liabilities) as at 31 December 2009 decreased to approximately HK\$393,295,000, as compared to that of approximately HK\$481,267,000 as at 31 December 2008. As such, the Group's net debt-to-equity ratio reduced from approximately 0.24 as at 31 December 2008 to approximately 0.19 as at 31 December 2009.

FOREIGN CURRENCY EXPOSURE

Currently, most of the Group's sales and cost of sales are currently made in HK dollars and US dollars and only a portion of its sales and purchases are denominated in Renminbi. During the year ended 31 December 2009, approximately 31%, 59% and 10% (For the year ended 31 December 2008: 35%, 57% and 8%) of the Group's sales and approximately 15%, 68% and 17% (For the year ended 31 December 2008: 19%, 67% and 14%) of the Group's purchases were denominated in Hong Kong dollars, US dollars and Renminbi, respectively.

Although the settlement currencies between the Group's revenue and expenditure are basically matched, management evaluates the Group's foreign currency exposure on a continuing basis and takes actions to minimise the Group's exposure whenever necessary. In particular, despite the Group's substantial business operations in Mainland China, all of the Group's borrowings were denominated in Hong Kong dollars instead of Renminbi. Management will continue to closely monitor the Group's foreign currency exposure to safeguard the Group from any potential risks that may arise from the fluctuation in exchange rates.

CHARGES ON THE GROUP'S ASSETS

As at 31 December 2009, the charges on the Group's assets included (i) pledge of bank deposits of approximately HK\$1,136,000 which were pledged in favour of a contractor of construction work as deposits for construction costs; (ii) pledge of leasehold land and buildings located in Hong Kong and equipment located in Suzhou with net book value of approximately HK\$7,703,000 and HK\$67,006,000, respectively, for securing bank borrowings and (iii) mortgage of equipment under finance lease liabilities with net book value of HK189,400,000 for securing finance lease liabilities.

HUMAN RESOURCES

As at 31 December 2009, the total number of employees of the Group was 4,974 employees, representing an increase of 29.3% as compared to 3,847 employees as at 31 December 2008. The increase in headcount was primarily due to the recruitment of additional engineers and production personnel with a view to preparing for the next wave of boom in the Group's turnover in the coming years.

The Group considers its employees, in particular the skilled technicians and production management members, as its core assets since the Group's future success relies on the strengthening of its product quality and management on a continuing basis. Remuneration policy is reviewed regularly, making reference to the prevailing legal framework, market conditions and performance of the Group and individual staff. Share option schemes were adopted to attract and retain talents to contribute to the Group. However, apart from providing attractive remuneration packages, management believes that the creation of a harmonious working environment suitable for the development of employees' potential is also important for attracting and retaining qualified staff for its future success. Various employee activities were organised to inspire the team spirit of the Group's staff, which included the organisation of company outings and sport activities in which the Group's employees, top management (including executive directors) and customers participated. Substantial resources were also devoted to improve the factory and dormitory environment of the Group with a view to providing an attractive working and living environment for the Group's employees.

OUTLOOK

Most economists and analysts have now concluded that the worst of the financial tsunami is now behind us. Thanks to the Chinese Government's efforts to boost domestic consumption and the maintenance of a stable exchange rate, China is expected to continue its strong GDP growth over the next few years, with the domestic consumption sector particularly benefited.

To revitalise growth, the Group has made conscious effort over the last 9 months to expand from its previous concentration on just office automation ("OA") equipment (primarily for exports) to a diversity of consumer products geared towards domestic consumption in China. Thus far, we have already made significant inroads in new product lines such as consumer electronics, automobiles and medical equipment.

As a leading indicator, our revenue from the manufacture of moulds actually went up by as much as 30% YOY to over HK\$123 million in FY2009. This is expected to lead to a substantial increase in sales of components and semi-finished products in FY2010. We therefore expect to see a quantum leap in the results of the Group in FY2010 and beyond.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. ZHANG HWO Jie, aged 47, is the chairman of the Group. He is responsible for the overall strategic planning and marketing development of the Group. Prior to the establishment of the Group, Mr. Zhang had worked for a PRC joint venture company engaging in civil engineering projects. He started his first business in 1983 by acting as a contractor for civil engineering projects of the local government. In 1993, Mr. Zhang established EVA Limited and thereafter Mr. Zhang acquired extensive experience in customer relationship development and corporate management. He has over 15 years of experience in marketing, strategic planning and corporate management in manufacturing industry and was granted with the "Young Industrialist Award of Hong Kong" by the Federation of Hong Kong Industries in December 2008. Mr. Zhang Hwo Jie is one of the founders of the Group in 1993. Mr. Zhang was appointed as a director on 27 July 2004.

Mr. ZHANG Jian Hua, aged 35, is the vice chairman of the Group. He is responsible for the overall supervision of day-to-day operations of the Group. Mr. Zhang graduated from the University of Shenzhen (深圳大學) with a diploma in finance and taxation. Prior to joining the Group, he operated his own business in the civil engineering industry where he obtained substantial experience in business development and management. He is a brother of Mr. Zhang Hwo Jie and Mr. Zhang Yaohua. Mr. Zhang was appointed as a director on 14 September 2005.

Mr. ZHANG Yaohua, aged 37, is the chief executive officer of the Group. He is responsible for the operation and management of the Group. He joined the Group in 1993 and was one of the co-founders of the Group. Mr. Zhang has over 15 years of operational management experience in the industry of precision mould and component manufacturing. He is presently the president of the Shenzhen Machinery Association (深圳市機械行業協會), the vice president of the Shenzhen Baoan Entrepreneur Confederation (深圳市寶安區企業家協會), Guangdong Die & Mould Industry Association (廣東省模 具工業協會), Shenzhen Council for the Promotion of International Investment (深圳市國際投資促進 會), Shenzhen Enterprise Confederation (深圳市企業聯合會) and Shenzhen Associations of Enterprises with Foreign Investment (深圳市外商投資企業協會), and the council member of China Entrepreneur Association (中國企業家協會). Mr. Zhang has obtained the international chief human resource officer qualification from the Hong Kong International Enterprise Management Institute in September 2003 and was accredited as one of the outstanding people in machinery industry by the Shenzhen Machinery Association (深圳市機械行業協會) in 2004. Further, Mr. Zhang was accredited as a "Creative and Outstanding Person of China Enterprises" (中國企業創新優秀人物) by China Marketing Association (中國市場學會) and China Enterprises News Society (中國企業報社) in July 2006 and an "Outstanding Entrepreneur in China Machinery Industry" (中國機械工業優秀企業家) by China Machinery Industry Fedaration (中國機械工業聯合會) in January 2009. He was also accredited as a "Certified International Organisation Planning Consultant" (註冊國際企業規劃專家) by the American Certification Institute (美 國認証協會), China Human Resources Expert Science and Economic Consultancy Centre (人事部中國 專家科技經濟諮詢中心) and International Professional Qualification Certificate China Examination and Instruction Centre (國際職業資格証書中國考試指導中心). Mr. Zhang is a brother of Mr. Zhang Hwo Jie and Mr. Zhang Jian Hua. Mr. Zhang was appointed as a director on 11 January 2005.

Mr. NOMO Kenshiro, aged 68, is the executive director and senior consultant of the Group. Mr. Nomo is responsible for advising on the Group's production and operational management, business development and strategic planning. He is also a director of EVA Precision Industrial (Suzhou) Limited, a subsidiary of the Group. Mr. Nomo has over 40 years of solid experience in manufacturing, sales and marketing, public relationship and corporate management. Prior to joining the Group in June 2003, he held several managerial positions of various departments in Shenzhen Meiyang Plastic Injection Co., Ltd. (深圳美陽注塑有限公司), a subsidiary of Tenma Corporation in Japan, from 1991 to 2003. Mr. Nomo obtained a bachelor's degree in mechanical engineering from the Industrial Institution of Japan in 1963. Mr. Nomo was appointed as a director on 11 January 2005.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Dr. LUI Sun Wing, aged 59, is an independent non-executive director and the chairman of the Company's audit committee. Dr. Lui was a branch director of the Hong Kong Productivity Council for the period from December 1992 to June 2000. He then joined the Hong Kong Polytechnic University as a vice president in 2000, and is now responsible for partnership development. He is also the chief executive officer of the Institute for Enterprise of the Hong Kong Polytechnic University and the chief executive officer and the chairman of the board of directors of PolyU Technology & Consultancy Co., Limited. Dr. Lui is also a director of Advance New Technology Limited, a non-executive director of Eco-Tek Holdings Limited and an independent non-executive directors of Leeport (Holdings) Limited. Dr. Lui was appointed as a director on 11 January 2005.

Mr. CHOY Tak Ho, aged 81, is an independent non-executive director. Mr. Choy has 40 years of experience in international trading business in Hong Kong. He is the president of Union International (H.K.) Co., Ltd., the founding chairman of Hong Kong Kwun Tong Industries and Commerce Association Limited and the honorary president of the Chinese Manufacturers' Association of Hong Kong Limited. He is also a member of National Committee of the 8th and 9th Chinese People's Political Consultation Conference, the honorary director of China Overseas Friendship Association, a member of the 6th, 7th and 8th executive committee of All China Federation of Industry and Commerce, the 4th honorary president of Guangdong Chamber of Foreign Investors, the honorary vice president of Pui Ching Commercial College, the charter president of Hong Kong and Overseas Chinese Association of Commerce Ltd., the honorary permanent president of Hong Kong Commerce Industrial Associations and the honorary life chairman of Chinese General Chamber of Commerce Hong Kong. He currently also serves as the independent non-executive director of Sino Golf Holdings Limited, Oriental Explorer Holdings Limited and Multifield International Holding Limited. He was appointed as a director on 11 January 2005.

Mr. Leung Tai Chiu, aged 63, is an independent non-executive director. Mr. Leung is a Fellow of Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales. He obtained his professional qualification in the United Kingdom in 1975 and has worked in the auditing profession for over 30 years, 20 years of which as a partner. Mr. Leung retired from PricewaterhouseCoopers effective from 1 May 2005. Mr. Leung is also an independent non-executive director of Kingboard Laminates Holdings Limited. He was appointed as a director on 5 June 2006.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. WONG Hoi Chu Francis, aged 37, is the chief financial officer and company secretary of the Group. Mr. Wong is responsible for the accounting, taxation and financial affairs of the Group. Mr. Wong has over 10 years of experience in the field of auditing, accounting and taxation. He is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a Fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. Prior to joining the Group in September 2004, he served as a senior manager of a major international accounting firm. Mr. Wong holds a bachelor's degree in business management from the Hong Kong University of Science and Technology and an Executive MBA degree from the Chinese University of Hong Kong.

Mr. LI Te Min, aged 42, is the chief strategic officer of the Group. Mr. Li is responsible for the planning and formation of the Group's business strategies, organisational structure, quality control methodologies, human resources management, performance evaluation systems and corporate culture. Mr. Li has over 16 years of experience in production and quality management in the industrial field. Prior to joining the Group in December 2005, Mr. Li held various technical supervision and senior management positions at Dong Feng Motor Corporation (東風汽車公司), Epson Precision (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. (愛普生精密(深 圳)有限公司), Haier Century (Qingdao) Precision Production Co., Ltd. (海爾世紀(青島)精密制品有限公 司) and Sun Wing Hing Painting Industry (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. (新永興噴塗製品(深圳)有限公司). Mr. Li holds a bachelor degree in material engineering from Dalian University of Technology (大連理工大學) and an Executive EMBA degree from Sun Yat-sen University (中山大學). Mr. Li received "Quality Control System Consultant Certificate" (品質管理體系諮詢師証書) from the National Accredited Committee of China Certification Personnel and Training Institute (中國認証人員與培訓機構國家認可委員會) and was also appointed as an expert advisor by the Shenzhen Expert Committee of The China High-Tech Industrialisation Corporation Organisation (全國高技術產業化協作組織深圳專業委員會).

Ms. Sun Li, aged 33, is the chief purchasing officer of the Group. Ms. Sun joined the Group in August 2008 and is responsible for the overall management of the purchasing function of the Group. Prior to joining the Group, Ms. Sun has over 10 years of quality management, production technology and purchasing experience in the office automation equipment industry and possesses extensive knowledge in supply chain and cost management. Ms. Sun holds a bachelor degree in Machinery Manufacturing Technology and Equipment from Hunan University (湖南大學).

Mr. CHEN Hong Bin, aged 42, is the general manager of Shenzhen EVA Mould Manufacturing Limited, a subsidiary of the Group. Mr. Chen is responsible for the general operation and management of Shenzhen EVA Mould Manufacturing Limited. Mr. Chen has over 15 years of experience in manufacturing and operational management. Prior to joining the Group in July 2002, he served as the factory manager of the metal and plastic factory of ART Precision Industrial Ltd. (深圳藝晶五金實業有限公司). Mr. Chen holds a bachelor's degree in business and administration from the University of Shenzhen (深圳大學). Mr. Chen is also a director of Shenzhen EVA Mould Manufacturing Limited, Yihe Precision Hardware (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. and Yihe Precision Plastic and Electronic Products (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd., subsidiaries of the Group.

Mr. HU Xiao Feng, aged 39, is the general manager of Yihe Precision Hardware (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of the Group. Mr. Li is responsible for the general operation and management of Yihe Precision Hardware (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. Mr. Hu joined the Group in December 2004. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Hu had 10 years of experience in the metal stamping industry, specialising in the office automation equipment sector. Mr. Hu has extensive knowledge in various aspects of the manufacturing industry which include production operations, quality control and logistic management. Mr. Hu holds a high diploma in business administration from Peking University (北京大學) and has obtained a professional management qualification certificate from the Hong Kong Human Resource Accreditation Centre.

Mr. SONG Lei, aged 35, is the general manager of EVA Precision Industrial (Suzhou) Limited. Mr. Song is responsible for the overall operation and management of EVA Precision Industrial (Suzhou) Limited. Mr. Song joined the Group in 1997. He had previously taken up various positions inside the Group which included ERP system manager, human resources manager and sales manager and was appointed as the general manager of EVA Precision Industrial (Suzhou) Limited in December 2007. Mr. Song has over 10 years of marketing, corporate planning and management experience in manufacturing industry and have extensive knowledge in production operations, quality control and logistic management. Mr. Song holds a bachelor degree in Computer and Applications from Fushun Petroleum Institute (撫順石油學院), which is now renamed as Liaoning Shihua University (遼寧石油化工大學).

Mr. LIU You Wan, aged 37, is the general manager of Yihe Precision Plastic and Electronic Products (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. Mr. Liu is responsible for the overall management and operations of Yihe Precision Plastic and Electronic Products (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. Mr. Liu joined the Group in December 2007. Prior to joining the Group, he had accumulated over 13 years of quality control, technology, marketing and production management experience in the plastic and moulding industry, specialising in the office automation equipment sector. Mr. Liu has extensive knowledge in production operations, quality and logistic management. Mr. Liu holds a professional diploma in mechanical and electrical applications from Jiangxi Hailian University (江西海聯大學) and has obtained a professional management certificate from the Ministry of Labour and Social Security of the People's Republic of China.

The Group has strong intention to comply with the provisions of the Code on Corporate Governance Practices as set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. The Company has its own code of conduct regarding corporate governance which is not less stringent than the provisions of the Code on Corporate Governance Practices of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and the Company also has a policy of seeking to comply with established best practice in the field of corporate governance.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Group is controlled by its Board. Accountable to the shareholders, the Board is collectively responsible for formulating the strategic business direction of the Group, setting objectives for management, overseeing its performance and assessing the effectiveness of management strategies. Specific tasks that the Board delegates to the Group's management include the implementation of strategies approved by the Board, the implementation of internal control procedures and the ensuring of compliance with relevant statutory requirements and other rules and regulations. The Board reviews the performance of the operating divisions on a regular basis and also exercises a number of reserved powers, including:

- formulating long-term strategy;
- approving public announcements including the interim and annual financial statements;
- setting dividend policy;
- approving major acquisitions, divestments and capital experience;
- reviewing the effectiveness of the Group's internal control system which cover all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions;
- approving appointments to the Board of Directors and the company secretary; and
- approving material borrowings and treasury policy.

The Board consists of seven directors including four executive directors and three independent nonexecutive directors:

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Zhang Hwo Jie (Chairman)

Mr. Zhang Jian Hua (Vice Chairman)

Mr. Zhang Yaohua (Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Nomo Kenshiro

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Dr. Lui Sun Wing Mr. Choy Tak Ho Mr. Leung Tai Chiu

Mr. Zhang Hwo Jie, Mr. Zhang Jian Hua and Mr. Zhang Yaohua are brothers. Save as aforesaid, the Board members have no financial, business, family or other material relationships with each other. A balanced board composition is formed to ensure strong independence exists across the Board and currently more than one-third of its members comprises independent non-executive directors. The biographical information of directors are set out on page 26 to page 29 under the section headed "Directors and Senior Management Profile" of the annual report.

The Group has arranged appropriate insurance cover in respect of relevant actions against its directors with the details and coverage of this insurance being reviewed each year.

Independent non-executive directors

The independent non-executive directors are persons of high caliber, with extensive experience in the field of accounting, financial management and trading and manufacturing businesses. With their experience gained from various sectors, they provide strong support towards the effective discharge of the duties and responsibilities of the Board. The Group has received from each of the independent non-executive directors an annual confirmation of his independence as required under Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. As such, the Group considers all independent non-executive directors to be independent. Each of the independent non-executive directors has entered into a service contract with the Company for a term of two years and is also subject to retirement by rotation in the annual general meeting of the Company. These contracts are terminable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

To ensure that a balance of power and authority, the role of the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer is segregated. The Chairman of the Board is Mr. Zhang Hwo Jie and the Chief Executive Officer is Mr. Zhang Yaohua. Mr. Zhang Hwo Jie and Mr. Zhang Yaohua are brothers. However, there is a clear distinction between the Chairman's responsibility for overall strategic planning and management of the Board and the Chief Executive Officer's responsibility for the management of day-to-day operations of the Group's business.

Directors' responsibilities for the financial statements

The directors acknowledged their responsibilities for the preparation of financial statements of the Group to ensure that these financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group, its results of operations and cash flows. In preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009, the Board had selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently; made judgments and estimates that are prudent, fair and reasonable and prepared the financial statements in accordance with relevant accounting standards and regulations and on a going concern basis. The directors are also responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records of the Group which disclose the Group's financial position are kept at all times and taking all reasonable and necessary steps to safeguard the assets of the Group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities. The directors, having made appropriate enquiries, consider that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and that, for this reason, it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in the preparation of the financial statements. The Board has also reviewed and discussed the effectiveness of system of internal control, including financial, operational and compliance control and risk management functions of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2009.

BOARD MEETING

During the year ended 31 December 2009, the Board held 8 meetings.

Name of directors	Number of attendance
Mr. Zhang Hwo Jie	8/8
Mr. Zhang Jian Hua	8/8
Mr. Zhang Yaohua	8/8
Mr. Nomo Kenshiro	8/8
Dr. Lui Sun Wing	8/8
Mr. Choy Tak Ho	8/8
Mr. Leung Tai Chiu	8/8

The meetings of the Board are held on a regular and ad hoc basis. Regular meetings are convened by the Chairman at least four times a year, at approximately guarterly intervals and 14 days notice is given to all directors before such meetings. Agendas and related documents are sent to director at least three days prior to such meetings.

Board minutes are kept by the company secretary and are open for inspection by the directors. Every board member is entitled to have access to board papers and related materials and has unrestricted access to the advice and services of the company secretary and has the liberty to seek external professional advice if so required.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company has set up an audit committee on 20 April 2005 in accordance with the requirements of the Code on Corporate Governance Practices for the purpose of reviewing and providing supervision on the financial reporting process and internal control system of the Group. The audit committee comprises the three independent non-executive directors with Dr. Lui Sun Wing as the chairman. The audit committee is mainly responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of the external auditor, approving the remuneration and terms of engagement of external auditor and other matters relating to the resignation or dismissal of external auditor. The audit committee also reviews the interim and annual reports and financial statements of the Group and oversees the Group's financial report system and internal control procedures. The terms of reference of the audit committee, which are aligned with the provision set out in the Code on Corporate Governance Practices, are available on the Company's website www.irasia.com/listco/hk/evaholdings.

The audit committee held 2 meetings during the year ended 31 December 2009 and had attended to the following matters:

- discuss with external auditor with respect to the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group, compliance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and other financial reporting requirements; and
- discuss the internal controls, risk management and financial reporting matters relating to the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2008 and the interim financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2009 before recommending the financial statements to the Board for approval.

Name of audit committee member

The external auditor of the Group also attended the meeting. Individual attendance of each audit committee member at the meeting is as follows:

Dr. Lui Sun Wing 2/2 Mr. Choy Tak Ho 2/2 Mr. Leung Tai Chiu 2/2

Attendance

The audit committee has reviewed the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and discussed internal control and financial reporting matters with management including a review of the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009. The audit committee has also considered the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Group's accounting and financial reporting function, and their training programmes and budget.

NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS

In considering the nomination of new directors, the Board will take into account the qualification, ability, working experience, leadership and professional ethics of the candidates. Furthermore, as the full Board is responsible for the selection and approval of candidate for the appointment of director to the Board, the Group therefore has not established a nomination committee at present. The Group had established a remuneration committee which comprises two independent non-executive directors, namely Dr. Lui Sun Wing and Mr. Choy Tak Ho and the chairman and executive director Mr. Zhang Hwo Jie on 22 June 2005. Mr. Zhang Hwo Jie is the chairman of the remuneration committee. The remuneration committee has rights and duties consistent with those set out in the Code on Corporate Governance Practices as set out in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. The remuneration committee is principally responsible for formulating the Group's policy and structure for all remuneration of the directors and senior management and for providing advice and recommendations to the Board of Directors. The terms of reference of the remuneration committee are available on the Company's website www.irasia.com/listco/hk/evaholdings.

During the year ended 31 December 2009, the remuneration committee held 3 meetings with all members present at the meetings. The remuneration committee reviewed and discussed the remuneration package of the directors which is determined by reference to the prevailing market conditions, the business development of the Group and the responsibilities of individual directors. Details of the remuneration to directors for the year ended 31 December 2009 are set out in Note 21 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Company had conditionally adopted a share option scheme on 20 April 2005 which became unconditional on 11 May 2005. The purpose of the share option scheme is to provide incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. The eligible participants of the share option scheme include any executive, non-executive and independent non-executive directors of the Company. Further details in respect of the Group's share option scheme are set out in the sub-section headed "Share options" under the section headed "Report of the Directors" of the annual report.

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

During the year ended 31 December 2009, the total remuneration for audit services provided by PricewaterhouseCoopers, the external auditor, amounted to HK\$1,480,000. The audit fee was approved by the audit committee. The statement made by the auditor in respect of their reporting responsibilities are set out on page 54 to page 55 of this annual report.

During the year ended 31 December 2009, the total remuneration for permissible non-audit services provided by the external auditor (including any entity under common control, ownership or management with the auditor) amounted to HK\$492,000. The non-audit services comprised tax compliance and tax advisory services of approximately HK\$204,000 and non-audit review of interim consolidated financial statements of approximately HK\$288,000. The audit committee had been briefed in respect of the non-audit services and related fees and was satisfied that such services did not (in terms of the nature of services and the amount of fees charged) affect the independence of external auditor. The re-appointment of PricewaterhouseCoopers as auditor of the Company has been recommended by the audit committee and endorsed by the Board and is subject to approval by shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company had adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. Having made specific enquiry of all directors, all directors confirm that they have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code during the year ended 31 December 2009 and up to the date of this report.

Corporate Governance Report

COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE **PRACTICES**

The Company and the directors confirm, to the best of their knowledge, that the Company has compiled with the Code on Corporate Governance Practices as set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited during the year ended 31 December 2009.

> By order of the Board **Zhang Hwo Jie** Chairman

Hong Kong, 26 March 2010

The directors of the Company are pleased to present their annual report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2009.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company. Its subsidiaries are principally engaged provision of precision manufacturing services in China, focusing on the production of moulds and components with high quality standard and dimensional accuracy.

An analysis of the Group's turnover and operating result by business segment for the year ended 31 December 2009 is set out in Note 5 to the consolidated financial statements.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The percentage of purchases and sales for the year ended 31 December 2009 attributable to the Group's major suppliers and customers are as follows:

Purchases

The largest supplier	10.2%
Five largest suppliers combined	31.5%

Sales

The largest customer	21.9%
Five largest customers combined	65.0%

None of the directors, their associates, or any shareholders (which, to the knowledge of the Directors, owned more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had a beneficial interest in the Group's major suppliers or customers noted above.

RESULTS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2009 are set out in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on page 58.

DIVIDENDS

The Board recommends the payment of a final dividend of HKO.81 cents per ordinary share, totaling approximately HK\$5,039,000. Subject to the approval of the directors' recommendation by the shareholders at the annual general meeting to be held on 13 May 2010, the final dividends will be payable in cash on or about 24 May 2010. Including the interim dividend of HK\$5,321,000 paid on 5 October 2009 in respect of the six months ended 30 June 2009, the total dividends declared for the year ended 31 December 2009 will be HK\$10,360,000.

FIXED ASSETS

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment during the year ended 31 December 2009 are set out in Note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

In preparation for the listing of the Group, certain of the leasehold land, land use right and buildings of the Group with cost of approximately HK\$84,736,000 had been valued. The valuation of such leasehold land, land use right and buildings amounted to HK\$121,100,000 as at 28 February 2005, the valuation date. The leasehold land, land use right and buildings had not been stated at valuation in the consolidated financial statements of the Group. In the consolidated financial statements of the Group, the up-front prepayments made for the leasehold land and land use right are expensed in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease or, where there is impairment, the impairment is expensed in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. Buildings are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Should the leasehold land, land use right and buildings be stated at valuation, the additional depreciation and amortisation that would be charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2009 amounted to approximately HK\$1,479,000.

BORROWINGS AND INTEREST CAPITALISED

Details of borrowings are set out in Note 15 and Note 16 to the consolidated financial statements. Interest and other borrowing costs capitalised by the Group are set out in Note 22 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESERVES

Details of movements in reserves during the year ended 31 December 2009 are set out in Note 19 to the consolidated financial statements.

DONATIONS

The donations made by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2009 amounted to approximately HK\$197,000.

PENSION SCHEMES

Details of the Group's pension schemes are set out in Note 21 to the consolidated financial statements.

FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A five year financial summary of the Group is set out on page 130.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year ended 31 December 2009.

DIRECTORS AND DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

The directors of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2009 and up to the date of this report were:

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Zhang Hwo Jie (Chairman)

Mr. Zhang Jian Hua (Vice Chairman)

Mr. Zhang Yaohua (Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Nomo Kenshiro

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Dr. Lui Sun Wing Mr. Choy Tak Ho Mr. Leung Tai Chiu

In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, Mr. Zhang Jian Hua, Mr. Zhang Yaohua and Dr. Lui Sun Wing shall retire from office and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

None of the directors has a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not terminable within one year without payment of compensation other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN CONTRACTS

Save as the directors' service contracts, no other contracts of significance in relation to the Company's business to which the Company, its subsidiaries or holding companies was a party and in which a director of the Company has a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN COMPETING BUSINESS

During the year ended 31 December 2009 and up to the date of this report, none of the directors of the Company are considered to have direct or indirect interests in businesses which compete or are likely to compete with the businesses of the Group pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

The following connected transaction, which also constitutes related party transaction set out in Note 29 to the consolidated financial statements, was entered into during the year ended 31 December 2009:

Deeds of tax indemnity provided by the directors and shareholders in favour of the Group

As disclosed in the Company's Prospectus dated 29 April 2005, on 28 April 2005, the Company entered into a deed of tax indemnity with Prosper Empire Limited which is a 58.49% shareholder of the Company as at 31 December 2009 and Mr. Zhang Hwo Jie, Mr. Zhang Jian Hua and Mr. Zhang Yaohua who are directors and beneficial shareholders of the Company (together the "Indemnifiers") under which each of the Indemnifiers has jointly and severally undertaken to indemnify the Group in connection with, inter alia, any taxation falling on any member of the Group (other than those established subsequent to the listing of the Company) resulting from any income, profits, gains, transactions, events, matters, things or businesses earned, accrued, received, entered into, carried on, or occurring on or before the listing date of the Company. This deed of tax indemnity was approved by the Board of Directors on 20 April 2005.

The Hong Kong Inland Revenue Department ("HKIRD") is currently in the process of re-examining the tax position of EVA Limited and EVA Holdings Limited, wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company, in respect of the financial years prior to 31 December 2003. Up to date, the result of the re-examination has not been finalised by the HKIRD but, in this connection, EVA Limited and EVA Holdings Limited had paid, by way of purchasing tax reserve certificates, approximately HK\$1,846,000 and HK\$711,000 respectively during the year ended 31 December 2009 in respect of the estimated tax charged by the HKIRD for the assessment year 2002/2003. The total sum of HK\$2,557,000 will be indemnified and reimbursed by the Indemnifiers in accordance with the above-mentioned deed of tax indemnity should the re-examination be completed and the final determination of such tax liabilities be made by the HKIRD.

The above transaction constitutes a connected transaction in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, which requires disclosure in the annual report of the Company.

SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE OBLIGATIONS OF THE CONTROLLING **SHAREHOLDERS**

On 25 May 2007, EVA Precision Industrial (Suzhou) Limited ("EVA Suzhou"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, has entered into two loan facilities agreements (the "Suzhou Facilities Agreements") with DBS Bank Ltd., Shanghai Branch ("DBS Shanghai") for certain loan facilities. Pursuant to the Suzhou Facilities Agreements, DBS Shanghai agreed to make available to EVA Suzhou two loans for the amount of HK\$20,000,000 and HK\$60,000,000 respectively, amounting to a total amount of HK\$80,000,000 subject to the terms and conditions contained therein. The facilities are for a term of four years and repayable by quarterly installments commencing from the date of first utilisation of the loan facilities. In addition, EVA Limited and EVA Plastic Mould Products (HK) Limited, subsidiaries of the Company, entered into a loan facilities agreement with DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Limited on 7 July 2005. The purposes of the loan facilities were to provide working capital and finance the expansion of EVA Limited and EVA Plastic Mould Products (HK) Limited. The terms and conditions of the loan facilities agreement were varied and supplemented by various supplemental agreements dated 3 October 2005, 7 November 2005, 24 January 2006 and 25 July 2006. On 19 March 2008, the parties entered into another supplemental agreement (the "Supplemental Agreement"). Pursuant to the Supplemental Agreement, a loan facility amounting to HK\$20,000,000 was made available to EVA Limited with a repayment term of four years repayable by quarterly installments. The first installment is repayable one quarter after the date of advance of the loan. The loan drawn pursuant to the Supplemental Agreement would be deducted from the facility limit under the Suzhou Facilities Agreements. Under the Supplemental Agreement, a letter of undertaking duly executed by Mr. Zhang Hwo Jie and a letter of undertaking duly executed by Mr. Zhang Hwo Jie, Mr. Zhang Jian Hua and Mr. Zhang Yaohua (together the "Letters of Undertaking") for the account of EVA Limited are required by DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Limited.

Further, EVA Limited entered into a loan facilities agreement (the "BOC Loan Agreement") with Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited on 26 June 2008. Pursuant to the BOC Loan Agreement, a term loan for an amount up to HK\$40,000,000 and a revolving loan for an amount up to HK\$40,000,000 were made available to EVA Limited. The term loan has a repayment term of four years from the date of drawdown and is repayable by twelve quarterly installments. The first installment is repayable to BOC fifteen months after the date of drawdown. The revolving loan has a repayment term of one year from the date of drawdown. Pursuant to the Suzhou Facilities Agreements, the Letters of Undertaking and the BOC Loan Agreement, the following specific performance obligations are imposed on the controlling shareholders of the Company:

- (i) Mr. Zhang Hwo Jie, the controlling shareholder of the Company, shall remain as the chairman of the Board of directors of the Company; and
- (ii) Mr. Zhang Hwo Jie, Mr. Zhang Jian Hua and Mr. Zhang Yaohua shall maintain to hold not less than 51% of the issued shares of the Company.

A breach of any of the aforesaid obligations will constitute an event of default under the relevant facilities agreements which may result in the cancellation of all or any part of the commitments under the relevant facilities agreements and all borrowed amounts outstanding becoming immediately due and payable.

SHARE OPTIONS

The Company conditionally adopted a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") on 20 April 2005 which became unconditional on 11 May 2005.

The following is a summary of the Share Option Scheme disclosed in accordance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited:

1. **Purpose of the Scheme**

The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to provide the people and the parties working for the interests of the Group with an opportunity to obtain an equity interest in the Company, thus linking their interest with the interests of the Group and thereby providing them with an incentive to work better for the interests of the Group.

2. **Participants of the Scheme**

- full-time or part-time employees of the Group;
- b. directors (including any executive, non-executive and independent non-executive directors) of the Group;
- substantial shareholders of each member of the Group; C.
- d. associates of directors or substantial shareholders of each member of the Group; and
- trustees of any trust pre-approved by the Board, the beneficiary of which includes any of e. the above-mentioned persons.

Total number of shares available for issue under the Share Option Scheme and the percentage of issued share capital as at the date of this report

Pursuant to the terms of the Share Option Scheme adopted by the Company on 20 April 2005, the maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted thereunder must not exceed 52,000,000 shares ("Scheme Mandate Limit") unless the Company obtains a fresh approval from its shareholders. At the annual general meeting of the Company held on 18 May 2007 ("2007 AGM"), the Scheme Mandate Limit was refreshed with the shareholders' approval whereby the directors were authorised to grant options to subscribe for up to 72,000,000 shares, representing 10% of the Company's issued share capital as at the date of the 2007 AGM. The Scheme Mandate Limit was further refreshed at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 10 June 2009 ("2009 AGM") whereby the directors were authorised to grant options to subscribe for up to 65,166,200 shares, representing 10% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of the 2009 AGM. Subsequent to the 2009 AGM and up to the date of this report, options to subscribe for 1,960,000 shares have been granted by the directors. Accordingly, options to subscribe for up to 63,206,200 shares (representing approximately 10.2% of the issued share capital as at the date of this report) are available for issue under the Scheme Mandate Limit refreshed as aforesaid.

4. Maximum entitlement of each participant under the Share Option Scheme

The maximum number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted and to be granted pursuant to the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Group to each participant (including both exercised and outstanding options) in any twelve month period must not exceed 1% of the total number of the Company's shares in issue. Any further grant of options in excess of this limit must be subject to shareholders' approval in general meeting at which the relevant participant and his associates must abstain from voting.

5. The period within which shares must be taken up under an option Commencing on the date of grant of an option and expiring at 10 years from that date.

6. The minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised

There is no general requirement on the minimum period for which an option must be held or the performance targets which must be achieved before an option can be exercised under the terms of the Share Option Scheme.

7. The amount payable on application or acceptance of the option and the period within which payments or calls must or may be made, or loans for such purposes must be paid

Upon acceptance of the option, the grantee shall pay HK\$1.00 to the Company by way of consideration for the grant. Any offer may be accepted or deemed to have been accepted in respect of less than the number of shares for which it is offered provided that it is accepted in respect of a board lot for dealing in shares on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited or an integral multiple thereof. To the extent that the offer is not accepted within 21 days from the date of offer, it will be deemed to have been irrevocably declined and the offer will lapse.

8. The basis of determining the exercise price

The subscription price for the shares under the Share Option Scheme shall be determined by the Board in its absolute discretion and notified to the participant, provided that such price shall be at least the highest of (i) the closing price of shares as stated in the daily quotations of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited on the date of offer of an option which must be a trading day; (ii) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotations of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited for the five consecutive trading days immediately preceding the date of offer; and (iii) the nominal value of a share.

The remaining life of the Scheme

the Scheme is valid and effective for a period of 10 years. It commenced on 20 April 2005 and will expire on 19 April 2015.

Details of the movements of the share options under the Share Option Scheme for the year ended 31 December 2009 were as follows:

	As at 1 January 2009	Granted on 2 October 2009	Exercised during the year	Cancelled during the year	As at 31 December 2009	Share price immediately before offer date	Exercise price	Weighted average closing price before exercise of options
						HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
Executive directors Mr. Zhang Hwo Jie								
- Granted on 21 June 2006	1,300,000	_	_	_	1,300,000	1.72	1.70	_
- Granted on 16 February 2007	1,200,000	_	_	_	1,200,000	1.95	1.96	_
- Granted on 10 December 2008	7,000,000	-	-	-	7,000,000	0.33	0.35	-
Mr. Zhang Jian Hua								
- Granted on 21 June 2006	1,300,000	-	_	-	1,300,000	1.72	1.70	-
- Granted on 16 February 2007	1,400,000	-	- (7,000,000)	-	1,400,000	1.95	1.96	-
– Granted on 10 December 2008	7,000,000	-	(7,000,000)	-	-	0.33	0.35	0.94
Mr. Zhang Yaohua								
– Granted on 21 June 2006	1,300,000	_	_	_	1,300,000	1.72	1.70	_
- Granted on 16 February 2007	1,400,000	_	_	_	1,400,000	1.95	1.96	_
– Granted on 10 December 2008	7,000,000	-	-	-	7,000,000	0.33	0.35	-
Mr. Nomo Kenshiro								
- Granted on 21 June 2006	900,000	_	-	-	900,000	1.72	1.70	-
- Granted on 16 February 2007	300,000	-	-	-	300,000	1.95	1.96	_
– Granted on 10 December 2008	800,000	-	-	-	800,000	0.33	0.35	-
Independent non-executive directors Dr. Lui Sun Wing								
- Granted on 21 June 2006	240,000	_	_	_	240,000	1.72	1.70	_
- Granted on 16 February 2007	300,000	_	_	_	300,000	1.95	1.96	_
– Granted on 10 December 2008	1,000,000	_	_	-	1,000,000	0.33	0.35	-
Mr. Choy Tak Ho								
- Granted on 21 June 2006	300,000	-	_	-	300,000	1.72	1.70	-
- Granted on 16 February 2007	300,000	_	-	-	300,000	1.95	1.96	-
– Granted on 10 December 2008	1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000	0.33	0.35	-
Mr. Leung Tai Chiu								
- Granted on 21 June 2006	300,000	_	_	_	300,000	1.72	1.70	_
- Granted on 16 February 2007	300,000	_	_	_	300,000	1.95	1.96	_
– Granted on 10 December 2008	1,000,000	_	_	_	1,000,000	0.33	0.35	_

	As at 1 January 2009	Granted on 2 October 2009	Exercised during the year	Cancelled during the year	As at 31 December 2009	Share price immediately before offer date	Exercise price	Weighted average closing price before exercise of options
						HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
Employees of the Group In aggregate								
– Granted on 21 June 2006	18,870,000	_	_	(2,080,000)	16,790,000	1.72	1.70	_
- Granted on 10 August 2006	590,000	_	_	(100,000)	490,000	1.68	1.71	_
– Granted on 16 February 2007	6,120,000	_	_	(200,000)	5,920,000	1.95	1.96	_
– Granted on 16 February 2007	9,600,000	_	_	(9,600,000)	-	1.95	1.96	_
- Granted on 1 February 2008	4,490,000		-	(390,000)	4,100,000	2.10	2.10	-
- Granted on 10 December 2008	42,110,000		(12,979,000)	(700,000)	28,431,000	0.33	0.35	1.13
– Granted on 2 October 2009		1,960,000			1,960,000	0.81	0.82	-
	117,420,000	1,960,000	(19,979,000)	(13,070,000)	86,331,000			

The fair value of the options granted on 21 June 2006 and 10 August 2006 with outstanding balances as at 31 December 2009 of 22,430,000 options and 490,000 options were HK\$9,616,000 and HK\$202,000, respectively. The fair value of the options granted on 16 February 2007 with outstanding balance as at 31 December 2009 of 11,120,000 options was HK\$4,200,000. The fair value of the options granted on 1 February 2008 and 10 December 2008 with outstanding balances as at 31 December 2009 of 4,100,000 options and 46,231,000 options were HK\$2,046,000 and HK\$4,422,000 respectively. The fair value of the options granted on 2 October 2009 with outstanding balance as at 31 December 2009 of 1,960,000 options was HK\$324,000. These fair values were calculated using the Black-Scholes valuation model and the significant inputs into the model were as follows:

	Exercise price	Expected volatility	Expected life	Risk-free rate	Dividend paid-out rate
	HK\$				
Granted on 21 June 2006 – 22,430,000 options outstanding as at 31 December 2009	1.70	30%	1.5 to 3.5 years	4.5%	Nil
Granted on 10 August 2006 – 490,000 options outstanding as at 31 December 2009	1.71	30%	1.5 to 3.5 years	4.5%	Nil

	Exercise price	Expected volatility	Expected life	Risk-free rate	Dividend paid-out rate
	HK\$				
Granted on 16 February 2007					
- 11,120,000 options outstanding	1.96	27.14% to	1.5 to 3.5 years	4.046% to	2.17%
as at 31 December 2009		30.89%		4.072%	
Granted on 1 February 2008					
- 4,100,000 options outstanding	2.10	41.55%	1.5 to 3.5 years	1.487% to	2.79%
as at 31 December 2009				1.7965%	
Granted on 10 December 2008					
- 46,231,000 options outstanding					
as at 31 December 2009	0.35	51.99%	3 years	0.922%	3.00%
Granted on 2 October 2009					
- 1,960,000 options outstanding					
as at 31 December 2009	0.82	56.65%	1 year	0.16%	3.68%

The expected volatility is based on historic volatility adjusted for any expected changes to future volatility based on publicly available information. Dividend paid-out rate is based on historical dividend paid-out rate. Changes in these subjective input assumptions could affect the fair value estimate. The fair values calculated are inherently subjective and uncertain due to the assumptions made and the limitations of the model used. The value of an option varies with different variables of certain subjective assumptions. Any change in variables so adopted may materially affect the estimation of the fair value of an option.

All options referred to the above are subject to vesting schedules and exercise periods as follows:

% of the options granted	Vesting date	Exercise period					
With respect to 22,430,000 opt	With respect to 22,430,000 options granted on 21 June 2006 and outstanding as at 31 December 2009						
20%	22 June 2007	22 June 2007 to 22 June 2010					
30%	23 June 2008	23 June 2008 to 22 June 2010					
50%	22 June 2009	22 June 2009 to 22 June 2010					
With respect to 490,000 option	s granted on 10 August 20	006 and outstanding as at 31 December 2009					
20%	13 August 2007	13 August 2007 to 11 August 2010					
30%	11 August 2008	11 August 2008 to 11 August 2010					
50%	11 August 2009	11 August 2009 to 11 August 2010					
With respect to 11,120,000 option	ons granted on 16 February	2007 and outstanding as at 31 December 2009					
20%	4 February 2008	4 February 2008 to 2 February 2011					
30%	2 February 2009	2 February 2009 to 2 February 2011					
50%	2 February 2010	2 February 2010 to 2 February 2011					
With respect to 4,100,000 option	ns granted on 1 February 2	008 and outstanding as at 31 December 2009					
20%	2 February 2009	2 February 2009 to 2 February 2012					
30%	2 February 2010	2 February 2010 to 2 February 2012					
50%	2 February 2011	2 February 2011 to 2 February 2012					
With respect to 46,231,000 options granted on 10 December 2008 and outstanding as at 31 December 2009							
100%	10 December 2008	10 December 2008 to 19 November 2018					
With respect to 1,960,000 options granted on 2 October 2009 and outstanding as at 31 December 2009							
100%	5 October 2009	5 October 2009 to 1 October 2019					

A

Report of the Directors

DISCLOSURE OF INTERESTS IN THE SHARE CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATION

As at 31 December 2009, the interests and/or short positions of the directors or chief executive of the Company's in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the laws of Hong Kong) (the "SFO")) which were required to be notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited pursuant to the provisions of Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and/or short positions of which they were taken or deemed to have taken under such provisions of the SFO), and/or which were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred therein, or which were required, pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, to be notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited were as follows:

(i) Long position in shares of the Company

						Approximate
				Personal		percentage
				interests in		of interest in
				underlying		the Company
				shares held		as at
	Corporate	Personal	Interest of	under equity	Total	31 December
Name of director	interests	interests	spouse	derivatives	interests	2009
				(Note 1)		
Mr. Zhang Hwo Jie	361,500,000 (Note 2)	7,646,000	-	9,500,000	378,646,000	61.27%
Mr. Zhang Jian Hua	-	330,000	-	2,700,000	3,030,000	0.49%
Mr. Zhang Yaohua	2,824,000 (Note 3)	5,066,000	400,000	9,700,000	17,990,000	2.91%
Mr. Nomo Kenshiro	-	-	1,700,000	2,000,000	3,700,000	0.60%
Dr. Lui Sun Wing	-	-	-	1,540,000	1,540,000	0.25%
Mr. Choy Tak Ho	-	-	-	1,600,000	1,600,000	0.26%
Mr. Leung Tai Chiu	-	900,000	-	1,600,000	2,500,000	0.40%

Notes:

- These interests represent the directors' beneficial interests in the underlying shares in respect of 1. share options granted by the Company to the directors as beneficial owners, details of which are sent out in the section headed "Share Options" above.
- 2. Mr. Zhang Hwo Jie holds 36% of the entire issued capital of Prosper Empire Limited, which was interested in 58.49% of the entire issued capital of the Company as at 31 December 2009. Under the SFO, Mr. Zhang Hwo Jie is deemed to be interested in the shares held by Prosper Empire Limited.
- These shares are held under Billion Fortune Group Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands and is 100% owned by Mr. Zhang Yaohua, a director of the Company.

(ii) Long position in shares of Prosper Empire Limited, an associated corporation of the Company

		Approximate
		percentage of interest in
		Prosper Empire Limited
Name of director	Capacity	as at 31 December 2009
Mr. Zhang Hwo Jie	Personal interests	36%
Mr. Zhang Yaohua	Personal interests	33%
Mr. Zhang Jian Hua	Personal interests	31%

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31 December 2009, the interests or short positions of the persons (other than a director or chief executive of the Company) in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register of interests kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO are as follows:

			Number of underlying		
Name	Capacity	Number of shares	shares held under equity derivatives	Total interests	Approximate percentage of interest
Prosper Empire Limited Ms. Shen Chan Jie Lin	Beneficial owner Interest of spouse (Note1)	361,500,000 369,146,000	9,500,000	361,500,000 378,646,000	58.49% 61.27%

Note:

1. Under the SFO, Ms. Shen Chan Jie Lin is deemed to be interested in the shares held by Mr. Zhang Hwo Jie, who is interested in 36% of the issued share capital of Prosper Empire Limited. The interests disclosed by Ms. Shen Chan Jie Lin included the 361,500,000 shares of the Company held by Prosper Empire Limited.

PURCHASES, SALE AND REDEMPTION OF THE SHARES

The Company repurchased its 100,086,000 listed shares on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited during the year ended 31 December 2009. These shares were cancelled upon repurchase and accordingly the issued share capital of the Company was reduced by the nominal value of these shares. Details of the repurchases during the year ended 31 December 2009 are summarised as follows:

	Number			Aggregate
	of shares	Highest price	Lowest price	consideration
Month of repurchases	repurchased	per share	per share	paid
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$'000
January 2009	18,640,000	0.65	0.58	11,929
February 2009	11,432,000	0.56	0.52	6,330
March 2009	6,384,000	0.55	0.50	3,425
April 2009	3,836,000	0.65	0.60	2,454
May 2009	4,804,000	0.80	0.75	3,721
June 2009	2,020,000	0.85	0.82	1,695
July 2009	4,022,000	0.80	0.76	3,155
September 2009	2,878,000	0.80	0.80	2,311
October 2009	1,336,000	0.90	0.80	1,160
November 2009	12,296,000	1.23	0.91	12,981
December 2009	32,438,000	1.36	1.25	42,804
	100,086,000			91,965

On 22 March 2010, the Company entered into warrant subscription agreements with seven individual and corporate investors whereby the Company agreed to issue and the subscribers agreed to subscribe for 52,000,000 warrants at a warrant issue price of HK\$0.02 per warrant. The warrants entitle the subscribers to subscribe for 52,000,000 new shares of the Company at an initial subscription price of HK\$2.03 per new shares (subject to adjustment for subdivision and consolidation of shares) for a period of one year commencing from the date of issue of the warrants.

It is expected that all the proceeds from the warrant subscription, being HK\$1,040,000, will be used for payment of the costs and expenses in connection with the warrant subscription. Assuming the full exercise of the subscription rights attaching to the warrants at the initial subscription price of HK\$2.03 per new share, the total funds to be raised is approximately HK\$105,560,000. It is intended that the funds so raised be applied as general working capital and as funds for future development of the Group.

Save for disclosed above, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchases, sold or redeemed any of the Company's shares during the year ended 31 December 2009 and up to the date of this report.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association or the laws of Cayman Islands where the Company is incorporated.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The register of members of the Company will be closed from 10 May 2010 to 13 May 2010, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares of the Company will be registered. In order to qualify for the entitlement to the proposed final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2009, all transfers of shares of the Company accompanied by the relevant share certificates and transfer forms must be lodged with the Company's share registrar in Hong Kong, namely Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, at Rooms 1712-1716, 17th floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on 7 May 2010.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Principal corporate governance practices adopted by the Company are set out in the Corporate Governance Report on page 30 to page 36.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company has set up an audit committee, in accordance with the requirements of the Code on Corporate Governance Practices as set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, for the purpose of reviewing and providing supervision on the financial reporting process and internal control system of the Group. The audit committee comprises the three independent non-executive directors with Dr. Lui Sun Wing as the chairman. The audit committee has reviewed the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and discussed internal control and financial reporting matters with management including a review of the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of its directors, the directors confirm that the Company has maintained a sufficient public float as required under the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited during the year ended 31 December 2009 and up to the date of this report.

AUDITORS

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009 have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers. A resolution for the re-appointment of PricewaterhouseCoopers as the Company's auditor for the ensuing year is to be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

By order of the Board Zhang Hwo Jie Chairman

Hong Kong, 26 March 2010

Independent Auditor's Report



羅兵咸永道會計師事務所

PricewaterhouseCoopers 22nd Floor, Prince's Building Central, Hong Kong Telephone: (852) 2289 8888 Facsimile: (852) 2810 9888

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF
EVA PRECISION INDUSTRIAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of EVA Precision Industrial Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") set out on pages 56 to 129, which comprise the consolidated and company statement of financial position as at 31 December 2009, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Directors' responsibility for the financial statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and the true and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and the true and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

Independent Auditor's Report

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and true and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 December 2009 and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong 26 March 2010

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2009

Non-current assets		Note	2009 HK\$'000	2008 HK\$'000
Current assets 9 96,266 179,204	Property, plant and equipment Leasehold land and land use rights Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	7	57,989 6,350 1,607	58,934 21,916 1,607
Inventories	Current accets		1,008,503	1,013,563
Current liabilities Trade payables 13 170,713 158,214 Accruals and other payables 14 72,279 31,801 Bank borrowings 15 220,125 189,463 Finance lease liabilities 16 41,877 50,968 Current income tax liabilities 16,894 15,388 521,888 445,834 Net current assets 24,735 199,458 Total assets less current liabilities 1,033,238 1,213,021 Non-current liabilities Bank borrowings 15 85,362 155,122 Finance lease liabilities 16 45,931 85,714 Deferred taxation 17 5,129 5,129 136,422 245,965	Inventories Trade receivables Prepayments, deposits and other receivables Pledged bank deposits	10 11 12	205,870 18,924 1,136	203,232 9,894 1,134
Trade payables 13 170,713 158,214 Accruals and other payables 14 72,279 31,801 Bank borrowings 15 220,125 189,463 Finance lease liabilities 16 41,877 50,968 Current income tax liabilities 16,894 15,388 521,888 445,834 Net current assets 24,735 199,458 Total assets less current liabilities 1,033,238 1,213,021 Non-current liabilities Bank borrowings 15 85,362 155,122 Finance lease liabilities 16 45,931 85,714 Deferred taxation 17 5,129 5,129 136,422 245,965			546,623	645,292
Net current assets 24,735 199,458 Total assets less current liabilities 1,033,238 1,213,021 Non-current liabilities 85,362 155,122 Finance lease liabilities 16 45,931 85,714 Deferred taxation 17 5,129 5,129 136,422 245,965	Trade payables Accruals and other payables Bank borrowings Finance lease liabilities	14 15	72,279 220,125 41,877	31,801 189,463 50,968
Non-current liabilities 1,033,238 1,213,021 Non-current liabilities 15 85,362 155,122 Finance lease liabilities 16 45,931 85,714 Deferred taxation 17 5,129 5,129 136,422 245,965			521,888	445,834
Non-current liabilities Bank borrowings 15 85,362 155,122 Finance lease liabilities 16 45,931 85,714 Deferred taxation 17 5,129 5,129 136,422 245,965	Net current assets		24,735	199,458
Bank borrowings 15 85,362 155,122 Finance lease liabilities 16 45,931 85,714 Deferred taxation 17 5,129 5,129 136,422 245,965	Total assets less current liabilities		1,033,238	1,213,021
	Bank borrowings Finance lease liabilities	16	45,931	85,714
Net assets <u>896,816</u> 967,056			136,422	245,965
	Net assets		896,816	967,056
EQUITY Capital and reserves				
Share capital 18 61,802 69,813 Reserves 19	Share capital		61,802	69,813
- Proposed final dividend 5,039 14,561 - Others 829,975 882,682	 Proposed final dividend 			
Total equity 896,816 967,056	Total equity		896,816	967,056

Zhang Hwo Jie

Zhang Jian Hua

Director

Director

Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2009

	Note	2009 HK\$'000	2008 HK\$'000
Non-current assets Investments in and amounts due from subsidiaries	8	617,973	673,391
Current assets Prepayments, deposits and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents	11 12	1,983 7,251	404
Current liabilities Accruals and other payables	14	9,234	137
Net current (liabilities)/assets		(26,650)	267
Net assets EQUITY Capital and reserves		<u>591,323</u>	673,658
Share capital Reserves — Proposed final dividend — Others	18 19	5,039 524,482	69,813 14,561 589,284
Total equity		591,323	673,658

Zhang Hwo Jie

Zhang Jian Hua

Director

Director

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

	Note	2009 HK\$'000	2008 HK\$'000
Revenue Cost of sales	5 20	1,026,097 (821,888)	1,084,982 (811,606)
Gross profit		204,209	273,376
Other income Selling and marketing costs General and administrative expenses	20 20	7 (50,226) (105,204)	114 (56,719) (107,294)
Operating profit		48,786	109,477
Finance income Finance costs	22 22	1,684 (11,862)	2,022 (9,884)
Profit before income tax		38,608	101,615
Income tax expense	23	(7,089)	(19,037)
Profit for the year and attributable to equity holders of the Company	24	31,519	82,578
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax			
Total comprehensive income for the year		31,519	82,578
Earnings per share for profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company during the year			
(expressed in HK cents per share) – basic	25	4.8	11.5
– diluted	25	4.5	11.5
Dividends	26	10,360	28,796

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2009

	Note	Share capital HK\$'000	Reserves HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Balance at 1 January 2009		69,813	897,243	967,056
Comprehensive income Profit for the year/total recognised income			31,519	31,519
Other comprehensive income				
Total comprehensive income for the year		<u></u>	31,519	31,519
Transactions with owners Repurchase of shares Employee share option scheme – value of employee services – proceeds from shares issued Dividends paid	18 18 18	(10,009) - 1,998 - (8,011)	(81,956) 2,916 4,994 (19,702)	
Balance at 31 December 2009		61,802	835,014	896,816
Balance at 1 January 2008		72,124	858,595	930,719
Comprehensive income Profit for the year/total recognised income		_	82,578	82,578
Other comprehensive income				_
Total comprehensive income for the year			82,578	82,578

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

	Note	Share capital HK\$'000	Reserves HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Transactions with owners				
Repurchase of shares	18	(2,352)	(17,419)	(19,771)
Employee share option scheme				
 value of employee services 	18	_	11,579	11,579
 proceeds from shares issued 	18	41	669	710
Dividends paid			(38,759)	(38,759)
		(2,311)	(43,930)	(46,241)
Balance at 31 December 2008		69,813	897,243	967,056

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2009

		2009	2008
	Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			
Cash flows from operating activities			
	27	250 070	150 204
Cash generated from operations	21	258,970	159,384
Interest received		1,684	2,022
Interest paid		(12,323)	(9,541)
Hong Kong profits tax paid		(2,378)	(2,653)
Overseas income tax paid		(3,205)	(9,650)
Net cash generated from operating activities		242,748	139,562
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(68,565)	(212,692)
Deposits for property, plant and equipment		(5,974)	(21,360)
	27	(3,374)	
Proceeds from disposal of land use right	27	-	21,930
Proceeds from sale of property,			
plant and equipment	27	56	420
Net cash used in investing activities		(74,483)	(211 702)
Net cash used in investing activities		(74,463)	(211,702)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from borrowings		162,000	437,784
Repayments of borrowings		(201,098)	(152,696)
Repayments of capital element of		(201,000)	(.52/656)
finance lease liabilities		(51,891)	(44,332)
(Increase)/decrease in pledged bank deposits	1.0	(2)	7,303
Repurchase of shares	18	(91,965)	(19,771)
Proceeds from exercise of share options		6,992	710
Dividends paid		(19,702)	(38,759)
Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities		(195,666)	190,239
Not (Income Not on the Income			
Net (decrease)/increase in cash			
and cash equivalents		(27,401)	118,099
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		251,828	133,729
cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year			155,725
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the yea	r	224,427	251,828
casii alia casii equivalents at ena of the yea			231,020

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

EVA Precision Industrial Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") are principally engaged in the design and fabrication of metal stamping and plastic injection moulds and the manufacturing of metal stamping and plastic injection components and lathing components.

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 12 July 2004 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law, Chapter 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands. The address of its registered office is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands. The Company's shares have been listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited since 11 May 2005.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), unless otherwise stated. These consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 26 March 2010.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of EVA Precision Industrial Holdings Limited have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS"). The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas, involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in note 4.

Effective for accounting

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

New and amended standards adopted by the Group

The following new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are mandatory for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 January 2009:

		periods beginning on or after
HKAS 1 (Revised)	Presentation of financial statements	1 January 2009
HKAS 23 (Revised)	Borrowing costs	1 January 2009
HKAS 32 and HKAS 1 (Amendments)	Puttable financial instruments and obligations arising on liquidation	1 January 2009
HKFRS 1 and HKAS 27 (Amendments)	Cost of an investment in a subsidiary, jointly controlled entity or associate	1 January 2009
HKFRS 2 (Amendment)	Share-based payment – Vesting conditions and cancellations	1 January 2009
HKFRS 7 (Amendment)	Financial instruments: Disclosures	1 January 2009
HKFRS 8	Operating segments	1 January 2009
HK(IFRIC) – Int 13	Customer loyalty programmes	1 July 2008
HK(IFRIC) – Int 15	Agreements for construction of real estate	1 January 2009
HK(IFRIC) – Int 16	Hedges of a net investment in a foreign operation	1 October 2008

HK(IFRIC) - Int 18 "Transfer of assets from customers" is effective to transfers of assets from customers received on or after 1 July 2009.

The adoption of the above new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations have no significant impact on the results and financial position of the Group.

In addition, HKICPA also published a number of amendments for the existing standards under its annual improvement project. These amendments are also not expected to have a significant financial impact on the results and financial position of the Group.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

- (b) Standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group
 - (i) The following new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations have been issued but are not effective for the period beginning on 1 January 2009 and are relevant to the Group's operations and have not been early adopted:

Effective for		
accounting		
periods beginning		
on or after		

HKAS 24 (Revised)	Related party disclosures	1 January 2011
HKAS 27 (Revised)	Consolidated and separate financial	1 July 2009
	statements	
HKFRS 3 (Revised)	Business combinations	1 July 2009
HK(IFRIC) – Int 17	Distributions of non-cash assets to owners	1 July 2009

Whether the adoption of HKFRS 3 (Revised) and HKAS 27 (Revised) has any material impact on the results and financial position of the Group will depend on the incidence and timing of business combinations occurring on or after 1 January 2010. The directors anticipate that the adoption of other new standards, amendments and interpretations to standards will not result in a significant impact on the results and financial position of the Group.

Effective for

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED) 2

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

- Standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group (Continued)
 - The following new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations have been issued but are not effective for the period beginning on 1 January 2009 and are not relevant to the Group's operations and have not been early adopted:

		accounting periods beginning on or after
HKAS 32 (Amendment)	Classification of right issues	1 February 2010
HKAS 39 (Amendment)	Eligible hedged items	1 July 2009
HKFRS 1 (Revised)	First-time adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards	1 July 2009
HKFRS 1 (Amendment)	Additional exemptions for first-time adopters	1 January 2010
HKFRS 2 (Amendment)	Group cash-settled share-based payment transactions	1 January 2010
HKFRS 9	Financial instruments	1 January 2013
HK(IFRIC) – Int 9 and HKAS 39 (Amendments)	Reassessment of embedded derivatives	30 June 2009
HK(IFRIC) – Int 14 (Amendment)	Prepayments of a minimum funding requirement	1 January 2011
HK(IFRIC) – Int 19	Extinguishing financial liabilities with equity instruments	1 July 2010

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

- (b) Standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group (Continued)
 - (iii) HKICPA's improvements to HKFRS have been published in October 2008 but are not effective for the period beginning on 1 January 2009 and have not been early adopted by the Group. Amendment has been made to the following standard according to the improvements:

Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after

HKFRS 5 Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations (and consequential amendment to HKFRS 1, First time adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards)

1 July 2009

Effective for

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

- Standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group (Continued)
 - HKICPA's improvements to HKFRS have been published in May 2009 but are not effective for the period beginning on 1 January 2009 and have not been early adopted by the Group. Amendments have been made to the following standards according to the improvements:

		accounting periods beginning on or after
HKAS 1 (Revised)	Presentation of financial statements	1 January 2010
HKAS 7	Statements of cash flows	1 January 2010
HKAS 17	Leases	1 January 2010
HKAS 18	Revenue	1 January 2010
HKAS 36	Impairment of assets	1 January 2010
HKAS 38	Intangible assets	1 July 2009
HKAS 39	Financial instruments: Recognition and measurement	1 January 2010
HKFRS 2	Share-based payments – Scope of HKFRS 2 and HKFRS 3 (Revised)	1 July 2009
HKFRS 5	Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations	1 January 2010
HK – Int 4 (Revised)	Leases – Determination of the length of lease term in respect of Hong Kong Land Leases	1 January 2010
HK(IFRIC) – Int 9	Reassessment of embedded derivatives	1 July 2009
HK(IFRIC) – Int 16	Hedges of a net investment in a foreign operation	1 July 2009

The directors anticipate that the adoption of the above amendments to HKFRS mentioned in Note 2.1(b)(i), (ii), (iii) and (iv) will not result in a significant impact on the results and financial position of the Group. The Group plans to adopt these new/revised standards, amendments and interpretation to the standards when they become effective.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.2 Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and all of its subsidiaries made up to 31 December.

Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the Group. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any minority interest. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated but considered an impairment indicator of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

In the Company's statement of financial position, the investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. The results of subsidiaries are accounted by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.3 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The chief operating decision maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the executive directors and senior management that make strategic decisions.

2.4 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income within 'finance income or cost'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income within 'general and administrative expenses'.

(c) Group companies

The results and financial positions of all the group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

(i) assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.4 Foreign currency translation (Continued)

- (c) Group companies (Continued)
 - (ii) income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions); and
 - (iii) all resulting exchange differences are recognised as a separate component of equity.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign operations are taken to shareholders' equity. When a foreign operation is sold, exchange differences that were recorded in equity are recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as part of the gain or loss on sale.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

2.5 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any replaced part is written off. All other repairs and maintenance are charged in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income during the period in which they are incurred.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.5 Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate cost less estimated residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Buildinas 20 years Plant and machinery 10 years Furniture and fixtures 5 years Motor vehicles 5 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each statement of financial position date.

Construction-in-progress, representing buildings, plant and machinery on which construction work has not been completed and machinery pending installation, is stated at historical cost, which includes construction expenditures incurred, cost of machinery, and other direct costs capitalised during the construction and installation period, less accumulated impairment losses, if any. No depreciation is provided in respect of construction-in-progress until the construction and installation work is completed. On completion, the constructionin-progress is transferred to appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount and recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

2.6 Leasehold land and land use rights

All land in Mainland China is state-owned or collectively-owned and no individual land ownership right exists. The Group has acquired the right to use certain land in Mainland China. All land in Hong Kong is held under operating leases with the government. The premiums paid for leasehold land and land use rights are treated as prepayments for operating leases and recorded as leasehold land and land use rights, which are amortised over the lease/land use right periods using the straight-line method.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

2.7 Impairment of investments in subsidiaries and non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful lives are not subject to amortisation, are tested at least annually for impairment and are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that have suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

2.8 Financial assets/liabilities

2.8.1 Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets and liabilities in the following categories: loans and receivables and other financial liabilities at amortised cost. The classification depends on the purposes for which the financial assets and liabilities were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets and liabilities at initial recognition.

(a) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for those with maturities greater than 12 months after the statement of financial position date which are classified as non-current assets. Loans and receivables are classified as 'trade receivables' and 'cash and cash equivalents' in the consolidated statement of financial position.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.8 Financial assets/liabilities (Continued)

2.8.1 Classification (Continued)

Other financial liabilities at amortised cost (b)

> Other financial liabilities at amortised cost are non-derivative financial instruments with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current liabilities, except for those with maturities greater than 12 months after the statement of financial position date which are classified as non-current liabilities. Other financial liabilities are classified as 'borrowings', 'finance lease' and 'trade payables' in the consolidated statement of financial position.

2.8.2 Recognition and measurement

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade-date - the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Loans and receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income within 'other income', in the period in which they arise. Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as part of other income when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

The Group assesses at each statement of financial position date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. Impairment testing of trade receivables is described in Note 2.10.

Recognitions and measurements of other financial liabilities at amortised cost are described in Notes 2.13, 2.14 and 2.19.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.9 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads (based on normal operating capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

2.10 Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for impairment of trade and other receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default or delinquency in payments are considered indicators that the trade receivable is impaired. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the assets is reduced through the use of an allowance account, and the amount of the loss is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income within selling and marketing costs. When a trade receivable is uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance for trade receivables. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against selling and marketing costs in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

2.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and deposits held at call with banks.

2.12 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Where any group company purchases the Company's equity share capital (treasury shares), the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of income taxes) is deducted from equity attributable to the Company's equity holders until the shares are cancelled.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.13 Trade payables

Trade payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.14 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the statement of financial position date.

2.15 Current and deferred income tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in equity.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the statement of financial position date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.15 Current and deferred income tax (Continued)

Deferred income tax is recognised using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the statement of financial position date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

2.16 Employee benefits

(a) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave and long service leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave and long service leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the statement of financial position date. Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.16 Employee benefits (Continued)

(b) Pension obligations

Group companies participate in several defined contribution plans. The plans are generally funded through payments to trustee-administered funds. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions into a separate entity on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis. The Group has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods. The contributions are recognised as employment costs when they are due and are not reduced by contributions forfeited by those employees who leave the scheme prior to vesting fully in the contributions. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

(c) Share-based compensation

The Group operates an equity-settled, share-based compensation plan, under which the entity receives services from employees as consideration for equity instruments ("options") of the Group. The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the options is recognised as an expense. The total amount to be expensed over the vesting period is determined by reference to the fair value of the options granted, excluding the impact of any non-market service and performance vesting conditions (for example, profitability and sales growth targets and remaining an employee of the entity over a specified time period). Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to vest. The total amount expensed is recognised over the vesting period, which is the period over which all of the specified vesting conditions are to be satisfied. At each statement of financial position date, the Group revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest based on the non-marketing vesting conditions. It recognises the impact of the revision of original estimates, if any, in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

The proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are credited to share capital (nominal value) and share premium when the options are exercised.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.16 Employee benefits (Continued)

(d) Profit-sharing and bonus plans

The Group recognises a liability and an expense for bonuses and profit-sharing, takes into consideration the profit attributable to the Company's shareholders after certain adjustments. The Group recognises a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

2.17 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is more likely than not that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

2.18 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received and receivable for the sale of goods in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue is shown, net of value-added tax, returns, rebates and discounts and after eliminating sales within the Group.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.18 Revenue recognition (Continued)

The Group recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities as described below. The amount of revenue is not considered to be reliably measurable until all contingencies relating to the sale have been resolved. The Group bases its estimates on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customer, the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement. Revenue is recognised as follows:

(a) Sales of goods

Sales of goods are recognised when a group entity has delivered products to the customer, the customer has accepted the products and collectibility of the related receivables is reasonably assured.

(b) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method. When a receivable is impaired, the Group reduces the carrying amount to its recoverable amount, being the estimated future cash flow discounted at original effective interest rate of the instrument, and continues unwinding the discount as interest income. Interest income on impaired loans is recognised using the original effective interest rate.

2.19 Leases (as the lessee)

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor), including upfront payment made for leasehold land and land use rights, are charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

The Group leases certain property, plant and equipment. Leases of property, plant and equipment where the Group has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised at the lease's commencement at the lower of the fair value of the leased property, plant and equipment and the present value of the minimum lease payments.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.19 Leases (as the lessee) (Continued)

Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance charges so as to achieve a constant rate on the finance balance outstanding. The corresponding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included in current and non-current borrowings. The interest element of the finance cost is charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The property, plant and equipment acquired under finance leases is depreciated over the useful life of the asset.

2.20 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs incurred for the construction of a qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use. Other borrowing costs are expensed.

2.21 Financial guarantees

A financial guarantee is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payments when due in accordance with the original or modified terms of a debt instrument. The group companies do not recognise liabilities for financial guarantees at inception, but perform liability adequacy tests at each reporting date by comparing respective net liabilities (if applicable) regarding the financial guarantees with the amounts that would be required if the financial guarantees were to result in a present legal or constructive obligation. If the respective liability is less than its present legal or constructive obligation amount, the entire difference is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income immediately.

2.22 Dividend distributions

Dividend distributions to the Company's shareholders are recognised as a liability in the Group's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders.

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, cash flow and fair value interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

(a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

The Group mainly operates in Mainland China and Hong Kong and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to the Chinese Renminbi. Foreign exchange risk also arises from future commercial transactions, recognised assets and liabilities and net investments in foreign operations. The Group manages its foreign exchange risks by performing regular reviews and arranges hedges against foreign exchange exposures when considered necessary.

The following table details the Group's sensitivity of the Group's adjusted posttax profit to a strengthening/weakening of the Group's major currency in which it transacts. The percentage movement applied to the currency is based on the average movements in the previous period. The analysis has been performed based on the movement occurring at the start of the reporting period.

	Note	2009 HK\$'000	2008 HK\$'000
Chinese Renminbi 0.16% (2008: 5.8%) appreciation against Hong Kong dollars Japanese Yen -2.32% depreciation (2008: 25.4%	(a)	5	6,534
appreciation) against Hong Kong dollars	(b)	283	(1,385)
Increase in post-tax profit		288	5,149

- (a) The change in post-tax profit is mainly as a result of the revaluation of bank deposits which is denominated in Chinese Renminbi.
- The change in post-tax profit is mainly as a result of the revaluation of (b) finance lease liabilities which is denominated in Japanese Yen.

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

- (a) Market risk (Continued)
 - (ii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

The Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates as the Group has no significant interest-bearing assets. The Group's exposure to changes in interest rates is mainly attributable to its borrowings. Borrowings at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. Borrowings at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest-rate risk. Details of the Group's borrowings have been disclosed in Notes 15 and 16 to the consolidated financial statements

The Group currently does not use any interest rate swaps to hedge its exposure to interest rate risk.

At 31 December 2009, 66.7% (2008: 50.0%) of the Group's gross borrowings were with a maturity date for a period of less than one year. A 100 basis points fall/rise in market interest rates for all currencies in which the Group had borrowings at 31 December 2009 would increase or reduce the profit by approximately HK\$1,677,000 (2008: HK\$2,283,000), mainly as a result of lower/higher interest expense on floating rate borrowings. There would be no material impact on equity.

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk is managed on a group basis. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, pledged bank deposits and trade receivables. The carrying amounts of these balances represent the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to financial assets. The credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis with reference to the financial position of the debtors, past experience and other factors.

As at 31 December 2008 and 2009, all the bank balances are deposited in the high quality financial institutions without significant credit risk. Management does not expect any losses from non-performance by these banks.

The Group has policies in place to ensure that the sales of products are made to customers with appropriate credit history and the Group performs credit evaluations of its customers.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

The Group considers its maximum exposure to credit risk to be as follows:

	2009	2008
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Trade receivables	205,870	203,232
Pledged bank deposits	1,136	1,134
Cash and cash equivalents	224,427	251,828

The majority of the Group's trade receivables are due for maturity within 90 days and largely comprise amounts receivable from business customers. Refers to Note 10 for assessment on concentrations of credit risk.

Liquidity risk (c)

Prudent liquidity risk management includes maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding from an adequate amount of committed credit facilities. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying businesses, the Group maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining availability under committed credit lines.

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the statement of financial position to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances, as the impact of discounting is not significant.

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (Continued)

		Between	Between		
	Less than	1 and 2	2 and 5	Over 5	
	1 year	years	years	years	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Group					
At 31 December 2009					
Bank borrowings	220,125	55,583	27,661	2,118	305,487
Finance lease liabilities	41,877	32,684	13,247	-	87,808
Interest payable	7,690	2,539	851	155	11,235
Trade payables	170,713	-	-	-	170,713
Other payables	37,484				37,484
At 31 December 2008					
Bank borrowings	189,463	75,376	77,207	2,539	344,585
Finance lease liabilities	50,968	41,202	44,512	_	136,682
Interest payable	16,031	7,118	3,434	223	26,806
Trade payables	158,214	_	_	_	158,214
Other payables	5,917	_	_	_	5,917

The contractual undiscounted cash flows of the Company's financial liabilities amounted to HK\$33,794,000 (2008: HK\$137,000) are due within 12 months and correspond to the carrying amounts.

3.2 Fair value estimation

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, bank borrowings and finance lease liabilities) is determined by using valuation techniques. The Group uses a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at each statement of financial position date. Estimated discounted cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Group for similar instruments are used.

The carrying value less impairment provision of trade receivables and payables are a reasonable approximation of their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Group for similar financial instruments.

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.3 Capital risk management

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior years.

The capital structure of the Group consists of net debt, which includes the borrowings as disclosed in Note 15 and Note 16 net of cash and cash equivalents and equity attributable to equity holders of the Company, comprising issued share capital, share premium, retained earnings and other reserves.

The directors of the Company review the capital structure on a regular basis by considering the cost of capital and the risks associates with each class of capital. Based on recommendation of directors, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues and share buy-backs as well as repayment of existing borrowings.

In addition, consistent with others in the industry, the Group also monitors capital structure on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as total debt divided by total equity. Total debt is calculated as total borrowings (including current and non-current borrowings as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position).

The gearing ratios at 31 December 2009 and 2008 were as follows:

	2009 HK\$'000	2008 HK\$'000
Total borrowings (Notes 15 and 16) Total equity	393,295 896,816	481,267 966,774
Gearing ratio	43.9%	49.8%

The decrease in the gearing ratio during 2009 resulted primarily from the decrease in bank borrowings for capital expenditure.

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

(a) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The Group's management determines the estimated useful lives and consequently the related depreciation charges for its property, plant and equipment. This estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of property, plant and equipment of similar nature and functions. It could change significantly as a result of technical innovations and competitor actions in response to changes in market conditions. Management will increase the depreciation charge where useful lives are less than previously estimated lives, or it will write-off or write-down technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold.

(b) Write-downs of inventories to net realisable value

The Group writes down inventories to net realisable value based on an estimate of the realisability of inventories. Write-downs of inventories are recorded where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be realised. The identification of writedowns requires the use of estimates. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of inventories and write-downs of inventories in the periods in which such estimate has been changed.

(c) Impairment of trade and other receivables

The Group makes provision for impairment of trade and other receivables based on an estimate of the recoverability of these receivables. Provisions are applied to trade and other receivables where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be collectible. The identification of impairment of trade and other receivables requires the use of estimates. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying amount of receivables and the provision for impairment losses in the period in which such estimate has been changed.

2009

1,026,097

2008

1,084,982

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(d) Income taxes

The Group is subject to income taxes in Mainland China and Hong Kong. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

5 REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

(a) Revenue

	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Sales		
Design and fabrication of metal stamping moulds	72,576	59,574
Manufacturing of metal stamping components	508,083	617,788
Manufacturing of lathing components	67,849	82,392
Design and fabrication of plastic injection moulds	51,154	35,692
Manufacturing of plastic injection components	303,729	257,357
Others	22,706	32,179

Others mainly represent sales of scrap materials.

5 REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(b) Segment information

The chief operating decision-maker has been identified as the executive directors and senior management. They review the Group's internal reporting in order to assess performance and allocate resources. Management has determined the operating segments based on these reports. They consider the business from a product perspective.

At 31 December 2009, the Group is organised into two main business segments:

- (i) design and fabrication of metal stamping moulds and manufacturing of metal stamping components and lathing components ("Metal stamping"); and
- (ii) design and fabrication of plastic injection moulds and manufacturing of plastic injection components ("Plastic injection").

The chief operating decision-maker assesses the performance of the operating segments based on a measure of adjusted earnings before interest and tax. Information provided to the chief operating decision-maker is measured in a manner consistent with that in the financial statements.

Sales between segments are carried out on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. The revenue from external parties reported to the management is measured in a manner consistent with that in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

5 REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(b) Segment information (Continued)

The segment results and other segment items are as follows:

	Metal	2009 Plastic		Metal	2008 Plastic	
	stamping HK\$'000	injection HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000	stamping HK\$'000	injection HK\$'000	Total <u>HK\$'000</u>
Total gross segment revenue Inter-segment revenue	699,685 (31,296)	362,385 (4,677)	1,062,070	825,323 (35,264)	299,802 (4,879)	1,125,125 (40,143)
Revenue	668,389	357,708	1,026,097	790,059	294,923	1,084,982
Segment results	31,945	17,225	49,170	79,421	30,570	109,991
Unallocated expenses, net			(384)			(514)
Finance income Finance costs			1,684 (11,862)			2,022 (9,884)
Profit before income tax Income tax expense			38,608 (7,089)			101,615 (19,037)
Profit for the year			31,519			82,578
Depreciation	59,470	21,162	80,632	42,574	17,327	59,901
Amortisation	<u>812</u>	133	945	717	154	871

Unallocated expenses, net represented net corporate expenses.

5 REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(b) Segment information (Continued)

The segment assets and liabilities are as follows:

	2009		2008					
	Metal	Plastic	Un-		Metal	Plastic	Un-	
	stamping	injection	allocated	Total	stamping	injection	allocated	Total
	HK\$'000							
Assets	1,164,601	381,291	9,234	1,555,126	1,161,936	496,515	404	1,658,855
Liabilities	155,203	51,905	451,202	658,310	144,154	45,724	501,921	691,799
Capital expenditure	75,859	17,083		92,942	229,334	166,682		396,016

Segment assets consist primarily of property, plant and equipment and leasehold land and land use rights, inventories, receivables, and operating cash.

Segment liabilities comprise operating liabilities but exclude bank borrowings, finance lease liabilities and income tax liabilities.

Capital expenditure comprises additions to property, plant and equipment and leasehold land and land use rights.

REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED) 5

(b) Segment information (Continued)

Segment assets and liabilities are reconciled to entity assets and liabilities at 31 December 2009 as follows:

	Assets	Liabilities
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Segment assets/liabilities	1,545,892	207,108
Unallocated:		
Cash and cash equivalents	7,251	_
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	1,983	_
Current income tax liabilities	-	16,894
Deferred taxation	-	5,129
Current borrowings	-	220,125
Non-current borrowings	_	85,362
Current finance lease liabilities	_	41,877
Non-current finance lease liabilities	_	45,931
Accruals and other payables		35,884
Total	1,555,126	658,310

Segment assets and liabilities are reconciled to entity assets and liabilities at 31 December 2008 as follows:

	Assets HK\$'000	Liabilities HK\$'000
Segment assets/liabilities Unallocated:	1,658,451	189,878
Cash and cash equivalents	404	_
Current income tax liabilities	_	15,388
Deferred taxation	_	5,129
Current borrowings	_	189,463
Non-current borrowings	_	155,122
Current finance lease liabilities	_	50,968
Non-current finance lease liabilities	_	85,714
Accruals and other payables		137
Total	1,658,855	691,799

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT – GROUP 6

		Dlant and	Furniture	Matau	Construction	
	Buildings HK\$'000	Plant and machinery HK\$'000	and fixtures HK\$'000	vehicles HK\$'000	Construction- in-progress HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1 January 2008						
Cost	130,845	457,076	23,034	13,193	104,798	728,946
Accumulated depreciation	(16,951)	(102,414)	(8,266)	(5,859)		(133,490)
Net book amount	113,894	354,662	14,768	7,334	104,798	595,456
Year ended 31 December 2008						
Opening net book amount	113,894	354,662	14,768	7,334	104,798	595,456
Additions	1,542	23,094	11,508	2,454	357,418	396,016
Transfers	103,477	150,251	-	-	(253,728)	-
Disposals	-	-	-	(465)	_	(465)
Depreciation	(5,986)	(46,573)	(5,205)	(2,137)		(59,901)
Closing net book amount	212,927	481,434	21,071	7,186	208,488	931,106
At 31 December 2008						
Cost	235,864	630,421	34,542	14,147	208,488	1,123,462
Accumulated depreciation	(22,937)	(148,987)	(13,471)	(6,961)		(192,356)
Net book amount	212,927	481,434	21,071	7,186	208,488	931,106
Year ended 31 December 2009						
Opening net book amount	212,927	481,434	21,071	7,186	208,488	931,106
Additions	1,227	11,758	12,447	885	66,625	92,942
Transfers	8,957	52,714	(101)	- (10)	(61,671)	(050)
Disposals	(631)	/co 270\	(191)	(18)		(859)
Depreciation	(10,984)	(60,370)	(7,346)	(1,932)		(80,632)
Closing net book amount	211,496	485,536	25,981	6,121	213,423	942,557
At 31 December 2009						
Cost	245,238	694,893	46,565	14,850	213,423	1,214,969
Accumulated depreciation	(33,742)	(209,357)	(20,584)	(8,729)		(272,412)
Net book amount	211,496	485,536	25,981	6,121	213,423	942,557

6 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT - GROUP (CONTINUED)

Plant and machinery and motor vehicles include the following net book amounts where the Group is a lessee under finance lease liabilities:

	2009 HK\$'000	2008 HK\$'000
Plant and machinery Motor vehicles	188,560 <u>840</u>	231,624
	189,400	232,945
Depreciation expense is analysed as follows:		
	2009 HK\$'000	2008 HK\$'000
Cost of sales Selling and marketing costs General and administrative expenses	71,564 1,002 8,066	44,552 897 14,452
	80,632	59,901
The Group's interests in buildings are analysed as follows:		
	2009 HK\$'000	2008 HK\$'000
Building in Hong Kong, located on land with leases of between 10 and 50 years	1,417	1,506
Buildings in Mainland China, located on land with land use rights of between 10 and 50 years	210,079	211,421
	211,496	212,927

6 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT – GROUP (CONTINUED)

Buildings with a carrying amount of HK\$1,417,000 (2008: HK\$1,506,000) and machinery with a carrying amount of HK\$67,006,000 (2008: HK\$75,407,000) were pledged as collateral for the Group's borrowings (Note 15).

Included in construction-in-progress is capitalised interest of nil (2008: HK\$5,069,000).

Analysis of construction-in-progress is as follows:

	2009	2008
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Construction costs of buildings Cost of machinery	118,223 95,200	91,374 117,114
	213,423	208,488

7 LEASEHOLD LAND AND LAND USE RIGHTS – GROUP

The Group's interests in leasehold land and land use rights represent prepaid operating lease payments and their net book amounts are analysed as follows:

	2009 HK\$'000	2008 HK\$'000
In Hong Kong, held on: Lease of between 10 and 50 years	6,286	6,456
In Mainland China, held on: Land use rights of between 10 and 50 years	51,703	52,478
	57,989	58,934

Leasehold land with a carrying amount of HK\$6,286,000 (2008: HK\$6,456,000) was pledged as collateral for the Group's borrowings (Note 15).

LEASEHOLD LAND AND LAND USE RIGHTS - GROUP (CONTINUED) 7

Movements are:

	2009 HK\$'000	2008 HK\$'000
Beginning of the year Disposal Amortisation	58,934 - (945)	80,314 (20,509) (871)
End of the year	57,989	58,934
Representing –		
Cost Accumulated amortisation	62,453 (4,464)	62,453 (3,519)
Net book amount	57,989	58,934

INVESTMENTS IN AND AMOUNTS DUE FROM SUBSIDIARIES -**COMPANY**

	Com	Company	
	2009	2008	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Unlisted shares, at cost	123,351	123,351	
Amounts due from subsidiaries	494,622	550,040	
	617,973	673,391	

The amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, non-interest bearing and without predetermined terms of repayments. The directors of the Company considered them as quasi-equity contributions.

8 INVESTMENTS IN AND AMOUNTS DUE FROM SUBSIDIARIES – COMPANY (CONTINUED)

The following is a list of the principal subsidiaries at 31 December 2009:

Name	Place of incorporation/ establishment, operations and kind of legal entity	Issued/ registered and fully paid up capital	Percentage of equity interest attributable to the Group (a)	Principal activities
EVA Metal Mould Products Limited (a)	British Virgin Islands, limited liability company	US\$1	100%	Investment holding
EVA Mould Design & Manufacturing Limited (a)	British Virgin Islands, limited liability company	US\$1	100%	Investment holding
EVA Plastic Mould Products Limited (a)	British Virgin Islands, limited liability company	US\$1	100%	Investment holding
EVA Precision Industrial (Eastern China) Limited (a)	British Virgin Islands, limited liability company	US\$1	100%	Investment holding
EVA Precision Industrial Zhongshan (BVI) Limited (a)	British Virgin Islands, limited liability company	US\$1	100%	Investment holding
EVA Group Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	HK\$15,000	100%	Investment holding
EVA Holdings Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	HK\$10,000	100%	Trading of metal parts
EVA Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	HK\$680,000	100%	Trading of metal parts
EVA Plastic Mould Products (HK) Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	HK\$280,000	100%	Trading of plastic moulds

8 INVESTMENTS IN AND AMOUNTS DUE FROM SUBSIDIARIES – COMPANY (CONTINUED)

The following is a list of the principal subsidiaries at 31 December 2009 (Continued):

Name	Place of incorporation/ establishment, operations and kind of legal entity	Issued/ registered and fully paid up capital	Percentage of equity interest attributable to the Group (a)	Principal activities
EVA Mould Design & Manufacturing (HK) Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	HK\$1	100%	Design of metal parts and plastic moulds
Okuno Precision Metal Co., Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	HK\$280,000	100%	Trading of metal moulds
Yihe Precision Hardware (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. (億和精密金屬製品(深圳) 有限公司)(b)	Mainland China, limited liability company	HK\$196,880,000	100%	Manufacturing of metal moulds and parts
Yihe Precision Plastic and Electronic Products (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. (億和塑膠電子製品 (深圳)有限公司)(b)	Mainland China, limited liability company	HK\$140,000,000 (c)	100%	Manufacturing of plastic moulds and parts
EVA Precision Industrial (Suzhou) Limited (億和精密工業(蘇州) 有限公司)(b)	Mainland China, limited liability company	HK\$156,000,000	100%	Manufacturing of metal and plastic moulds and parts
EVA Precision Industrial (Zhongshan) Limited (億和精密工業(中山) 有限公司)(b)	Mainland China, limited liability company	HK\$23,000,000 (c)	100%	Manufacturing of metal and plastic moulds and parts
Shenzhen EVA Mould Manufacturing Limited (深圳億和模具製造有限公司)(b)	Mainland China, limited liability company	HK\$120,000,000 (c)	100%	Manufacturing of metal and plastic moulds

8 INVESTMENTS IN AND AMOUNTS DUE FROM SUBSIDIARIES – COMPANY (CONTINUED)

Notes:

- (a) The shares of EVA Metal Mould Products Limited, EVA Mould Design & Manufacturing Limited, EVA Plastic Mould Products Limited, EVA Precision Industrial (Eastern China) Limited and EVA Precision Industrial Zhongshan (BVI) Limited are held directly by the Company. The interests in other subsidiaries are held indirectly.
- (b) Yihe Precision Hardware (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. and Yihe Precision Plastic and Electronics Products (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. are wholly foreign owned enterprises established in Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, Mainland China for a term of 20 years up to May 2021 and July 2024, respectively. EVA Precision Industrial (Suzhou) Limited is a wholly foreign owned enterprise established in Suzhou, Jiangsu Province, Mainland China for a term of 50 years up to August 2055. EVA Precision Industrial (Zhongshan) Limited is a wholly foreign owned enterprise established in Zhongshan, Guangdong Province, Mainland China for a term of 50 years up to August 2056. Shenzhen EVA Mould Manufacturing Limited is a wholly owned enterprise established in Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, Mainland China for a term of 50 years up to June 2057.
- (c) At 31 December 2009, the Group was committed to making capital contributions to the following subsidiary:

	Committed capital	
Name of subsidiary	contribution	Due date
	HK\$'000	
EVA Precision Industrial (Zhongshan) Limited	57,000	August 2010
	57,000	

2000

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

INVENTORIES – GROUP

	2009	2008
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Raw materials	29,081	45,848
Work-in-progress	46,380	75,387
Finished goods	29,619	62,768
	105,080	184,003
Less: provision for impairment of inventories	(8,814)	(4,799)
Inventories – net	96,266	179,204

The cost of inventories recognised as expense and included in cost of sales amounted to HK\$622,754,000 (2008: HK\$628,500,000).

The Group has made a further inventory provision of HK\$4,015,000 for the year ended 31 December 2009 (2008: HK\$750,000). Such provision has been included in cost of sales in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

10 TRADE RECEIVABLES - GROUP

	2009 HK\$'000	2008 HK\$'000
Trade receivables Less: provision for impairment of trade receivables	207,058 (1,188)	204,420 (1,188)
Trade receivables – net	205,870	203,232

10 TRADE RECEIVABLES – GROUP (CONTINUED)

The credit period granted by the Group to its customers is generally around 30 to 90 days. The ageing analysis of the trade receivables is as follows:

	2009 HK\$'000	2008 HK\$'000
0 to 90 days	198,347	176,453
91 to 180 days	7,435	20,152
181 to 365 days	1,276	7,815
	207,058	204,420
Less: provision for impairment of trade receivables	(1,188)	(1,188)
	205.070	202 222
	205,870	203,232

The top five customers and the largest customer accounted for 53.0% (2008: 63.9%) and 19.0% (2008: 27.0%) of the trade receivables balance as at 31 December 2009, respectively. The management closely monitors the subsequent settlement of customers and does not grant long credit periods to the counterparties. In this regard, the directors consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced. Other than these major customers, there is no concentration of credit risk with respect to trade receivables as the Group has a large number of customers.

The carrying amounts of trade receivables approximate their fair values as at 31 December 2009.

The ageing analysis of trade receivables past due but not impaired is as follows:

0 to 90 days	
91 to 180 days	
181 to 365 days	

2009	2008
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
42,069	19,539
607	12,370
380	7,034
43,056	38,943

10 TRADE RECEIVABLES - GROUP (CONTINUED)

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade receivables are denominated in the following currencies:

Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") United States dollars ("US\$") Chinese Renminbi ("RMB")

2009	2008
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
56,803	64,826
123,093	120,678
27,162	18,916
207,058	204,420

There is no movement on the provision for impairment of trade receivables in the current year (2008: nil).

11 PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Group		Company	
	2009 2008		2009	2008
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Non-current				
Deposits for purchase of property,				
plant and equipment	5,974	21,360	-	_
Others	376	556		
	6,350	21,916	-	_
Current				
Prepayments for purchase of raw materials	2,140	1,877	_	_
VAT recoverable	6,948	3,435	_	_
Others	9,836	4,582	1,983	_
	18,924	9,894	1.983	
	======	9,094	=======================================	

12 PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS/CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Group		Company		
	2009	2008	2009	2008	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Current					
Pledged bank deposits	1,136	1,134	_	_	
Short-term bank deposits	50,887	127,000	-	_	
Cash at banks and on hand	173,540	124,828	7,251	404	
	224,427	251,828	7,251	404	
	225,563	252,962	7,251	404	
	===	===/50=			

Bank deposits amounting to HK\$1,136,000 (2008: HK\$1,134,000) were pledged in favour of contractors of construction work.

The effective interest rate on pledged bank deposits was 0.7% (2008: 0.7%) per annum. These deposits have an average maturity of 365 days (2008: 365 days).

The effective interest rate on short-term bank deposits was 1.6% (2008: 2.6%) per annum. These deposits have an average maturity of 69 days (2008: 62 days). The effective interest rate on cash at bank was 0.7% per annum (2008: 0.7% per annum).

12 PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS/CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

Pledged bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents were denominated in the following currencies:

	HK\$
HK\$	67
RMB	71
US\$	85
Japanese yen	1
Euro dollars	

Group		Company		
2009	2008	2009	2008	
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
67,321	47,059	7,191	344	
71,450	143,454	-	_	
85,158	59,222	60	60	
1,160	3,227	-	_	
474				
225,563	252,962	7,251	404	

The amounts of short-term bank deposits have a maturity period of 69 days. The carrying amounts of short-term pledged bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents approximate their fair values.

RMB is currently not a freely convertible currency in the international market. The conversion of RMB into foreign currencies and the remittance of RMB out of the Mainland China are subject to the rules and regulations of the foreign exchange control promulgated by the Mainland China government.

13 TRADE PAYABLES – GROUP

The ageing analysis of trade payables is as follows:

0 to 90 days 91 to 180 days 181 to 365 days

2009	2008
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
157,005	146,800
12,999	10,416
709	998
170,713	158,214

Company

The amounts of trade payables have a maturity period within 90 days. The carrying amounts of trade payables approximate their fair values and majority of which is denominated in US dollars.

Group

14 ACCRUALS AND OTHER PAYABLES

	0.00.0				
	2009 2008		2009	2008	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Payable for purchase of land use rights	3,812	3,812	_	_	
Payable for property, plant and equipment	3,448	5,701	-	_	
Accrued wages, salaries and welfare	18,719	12,500	2,090	_	
Deposits from customers	7,256	4,461	-	_	
Accrued operating expenses	4,140	4,280	-	_	
Payable for share repurchase	28,080	_	28,080	_	
Other payables	6,824	1,047	5,714	137	
	72,279	31,801	35,884	137	

The carrying amounts of accruals and other payables approximate their fair values.

15 BANK BORROWINGS - GROUP

	2009 HK\$'000	2008 HK\$'000
Current		
Short-term bank loans	150,000	90,000
Trust receipts bank loans	-	10,226
Long-term bank loans, current portion	69,705	88,817
Mortgage loan, current portion	420	420
	220,125	189,463
Non-current		
Long-term bank loans, non-current portion	81,563	150,903
Mortgage loan, non-current portion	3,799	4,219
	85,362	155,122
Total bank borrowings	305,487	344,585
The Group's bank borrowings are repayable as follows:		
3 1 7		
	2009	2008
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Within 1 year	220,125	189,463
Between 1 and 2 years	55,583	75,376
Between 2 and 5 years	27,661	77,207
Wholly repayable within 5 years	303,369	342,046
Not wholly repayable within 5 years	2,118	2,539
	205.467	244 505
	305,487	344,585

The carrying amounts of bank borrowings approximate their fair values.

BANK BORROWINGS - GROUP (CONTINUED) 15

The carrying amounts of the bank borrowings are denominated in the following currencies:

	2009	2008
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
HK dollars	305,487	334,359
US dollars	<u>-</u>	10,226
	305,487	344,585

The effective interest rates (per annum) of the Group's bank borrowings at the statement of financial position date were as follows:

	Short bank		Trust ro	•	Long bank	-term Ioans	Mort lo	gage an
	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008
HK dollars	1.9%	4.9%	_	_	2.4%	4.0%	2.4%	2.8%
US dollars				3.7%				

The Group has undrawn floating rate borrowing facilities of approximately HK\$605,237,000 (2008: HK\$482,104,000).

As at 31 December 2009, bank borrowings were secured by pledges of leasehold land and buildings located in Hong Kong and machinery located in Suzhou with net book amounts of approximately HK\$7,703,000 and HK\$67,006,000 respectively (2008: HK\$7,962,000 and HK\$75,407,000, respectively), and corporate guarantees provided by the Company.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

16 FINANCE LEASE LIABILITIES – GROUP

The Group's finance lease liabilities have maturity dates within five years and are repayable as follows:

	2009 HK\$'000	2008 HK\$'000
Within one year In the second year In the third to fifth year	44,355 33,717 13,381	55,498 43,674 45,671
Less: Future finance charges on finance leases	91,453 (3,645)	144,843 (8,161)
Present value of finance lease liabilities	87,808	136,682
The present value of finance lease liabilities is as follows:		
	2009 HK\$'000	2008 HK\$'000
Within one year In the second year In the third to fifth year	41,877 32,684 13,247	50,968 41,202 44,512
Total finance lease liabilities Less: Amount included in current liabilities	87,808 (41,877) 45,931	136,682 (50,968) 85,714

Finance lease liabilities are denominated in Hong Kong dollars. The carrying amounts of finance lease liabilities approximate their fair values.

As at 31 December 2009, the effective interest rate of the Group's finance lease liabilities was 3.2% (2008: 4.0%) per annum.

16 FINANCE LEASE LIABILITIES – GROUP (CONTINUED)

Finance lease liabilities are effectively secured as the rights to the leased assets revert to the lessors in the event of default. The net book amount of the leased assets is approximately HK\$189,400,000 (2008: HK\$232,945,000). The finance lease liabilities are additionally secured by corporate guarantees provided by the Company in respect of these liabilities of approximately HK\$3,826,000 (2008: HK\$45,204,000).

17 DEFERRED TAXATION – GROUP

The movement on the deferred income tax liabilities is as follows:

	2009	2008
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At 1 January Charged to the consolidated statement of	5,129	-
comprehensive income (Note 23)		5,129
At 31 December	5,129	5,129

The above deferred income tax liabilities represented the withholding tax that would be payable on the unremitted retained earnings of certain subsidiaries.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for tax loss carry-forwards to the extent that the realisation of the related tax benefit through future taxable profits is probable. The Group did not recognise deferred income tax assets of HK\$4,259,000 (2008: HK\$2,202,000) in respect of losses amounting to HK\$20,830,000 (2008: HK\$12,418,000) that can be carried forward against future taxable income. Tax losses of HK\$2,585,000 (2008: HK\$2,039,000) can be carried forward indefinitely. Tax losses of HK\$10,379,000 (2008: HK\$10,379,000) and HK\$7,866,000 (2008: Nil) will expire in 2012 and 2013 respectively.

18 SHARE CAPITAL

		Number	
		of ordinary	Nominal
		shares	value
	Note	thousands	HK\$'000
Authorised			
At 31 December 2008 and 2009		1,000,000	100,000
Issued and fully paid			
At 1 January 2008		721,240	72,124
Issue of shares pursuant to			
share option scheme	(a)	410	41
Repurchase of shares	(b)	(23,522)	(2,352)
At 31 December 2008		698,128	69,813
Issue of shares pursuant to			
share option scheme	(c)	19,979	1,998
Repurchase of shares	(d)	(100,086)	(10,009)
At 31 December 2009		618,021	61,802

Notes:

- During 2008, 410,000 new ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each were issued following the exercise of (a) options under the share option scheme approved by the shareholders of the Company at an exercise price ranging from HK\$1.70 to HK\$1.71 per share.
- (b) During 2008, the Company repurchased a total of 23,522,000 of its own shares on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited at prices ranging from HK\$0.31 to HK\$1.70 per share for a total consideration of approximately HK\$19,771,000. The directors were authorised to repurchase shares of the Company at the annual general meeting held on 16 May 2008. The repurchased shares were cancelled upon repurchase. Accordingly, the issued share capital of the Company was reduced by the nominal value of these shares and the premiums paid on these shares upon the repurchase were charged against the share premium account. An amount equivalent to the par value of the shares cancelled was transferred from the Company's retained earnings to the capital redemption reserve.

SHARE CAPITAL (CONTINUED)

Notes: (Continued)

- (c) During 2009, 19,979,000 new ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each were issued following the exercise of options under the share option scheme approved by the shareholders of the Company at an exercise price at HK\$0.35 per share.
- (d) During 2009, the Company repurchased a total of 100,086,000 of its own shares on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited at prices ranging from HK\$0.50 to HK\$1.36 per share for a total consideration of approximately HK\$91,965,000. The directors were authorised to repurchase shares of the Company at the annual general meeting held on 10 June 2009. The repurchased shares were cancelled upon repurchase. Accordingly, the issued share capital of the Company was reduced by the nominal value of these shares and the premiums paid on these shares upon the repurchase were charged against the share premium account. An amount equivalent to the par value of the shares cancelled was transferred from the Company's retained earnings to the capital redemption reserve.

Number of			Aggregate
shares of	Highest price	Lowest price	consideration
HK\$0.10 each	per share	per share	paid
	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$'000
18,640,000	0.65	0.58	11,929
11,432,000	0.56	0.52	6,330
6,384,000	0.55	0.50	3,425
3,836,000	0.65	0.60	2,454
4,804,000	0.80	0.75	3,721
2,020,000	0.85	0.82	1,695
4,022,000	0.80	0.76	3,155
2,878,000	0.80	0.80	2,311
1,336,000	0.90	0.80	1,160
12,296,000	1.23	0.91	12,981
32,438,000	1.36	1.25	42,804
100.086.000			91,965
	shares of HK\$0.10 each 18,640,000 11,432,000 6,384,000 3,836,000 4,804,000 2,020,000 4,022,000 2,878,000 1,336,000 12,296,000	shares of HK\$0.10 each Highest price per share 18,640,000 0.65 11,432,000 0.56 6,384,000 0.65 4,804,000 0.80 2,020,000 0.85 4,022,000 0.80 2,878,000 0.80 1,336,000 0.90 12,296,000 1.23 32,438,000 1.36	shares of HK\$0.10 each Highest price per share Lowest price per share 18,640,000 0.65 0.58 11,432,000 0.56 0.52 6,384,000 0.55 0.50 3,836,000 0.65 0.60 4,804,000 0.80 0.75 2,020,000 0.85 0.82 4,022,000 0.80 0.76 2,878,000 0.80 0.80 1,336,000 0.90 0.80 12,296,000 1.23 0.91 32,438,000 1.36 1.25

18 SHARE CAPITAL (CONTINUED)

Share options

In 2005, the Company adopted a share option scheme ("Share Option Scheme"). Under the Share Option Scheme, the Company's directors may, at their sole discretion, grant to any director or employee of the Group options to subscribe for shares of the Company at the highest of (i) the closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the daily quotation sheet of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") on the day of the offer of grant; (ii) the average closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five trading days immediately preceding the day of the offer of the grant; and (iii) the nominal value of shares. A nominal consideration of HK\$1 is payable on acceptance of the grant of an option. The maximum number of shares to be issued upon the exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Group must not, in aggregate, exceed 30% of the shares of the Company in issue from time to time.

On 18 May 2007, the shareholders of the Company approved the refreshment of the 10% limit under the Share Option Scheme. The total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted after that date under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Company must not, in aggregate, exceed 72,000,000 shares, representing 10% of the shares of the Company in issue as at 18 May 2007.

On 2 October 2009, a total of 1,960,000 options (2008: 71,880,000 options) were granted to the Company's directors and employees with an exercise price of HK\$0.82 per share (2008: HK\$2.10 and HK\$0.35 per share). These options are vested according to a pre-determined schedule within three years. During the year, 19,979,000 share options were exercised (2008: 410,000 share options). A total of 13,070,000 options were lapsed during the year ended 31 December 2009 (2008: A total of 3,140,000 options were lapsed). Share options outstanding at 31 December 2009 are exercisable at prices ranging from HK\$0.35 to HK\$2.10 per share.

18 SHARE CAPITAL (CONTINUED)

Share options (Continued)

Movements in the number of share options outstanding and their related weighted average exercise prices are as follows:

	2009	9	2008			
	Average		Average			
	exercise price	Number	exercise price	Number		
	per share	of options	per share	of options		
	HK\$		HK\$	'000		
At 1 January		117,420		49,090		
Granted	0.82	1,960	_	_		
Granted	-	_	2.10	4,970		
Granted	-	_	0.35	66,910		
Exercised	-	_	1.70	(350)		
Exercised	_	_	1.71	(10)		
Exercised	-	-	1.96	(50)		
Exercised	0.35	(19,979)	_	_		
Lapsed	1.70	(2,080)	1.70	(1,830)		
Lapsed	1.71	(100)	_	_		
Lapsed	1.96	(9,800)	1.96	(830)		
Lapsed	2.10	(390)	2.10	(480)		
Lapsed	0.35	(700)	_			
At 31 December		86,331		117,420		
Exercisable as at 31 December	1.70	22,430	1.70	11,635		
	1.71	490	1.71	265		
	1.96	7,495	1.96	4,184		
	2.10	820	_	_		
	0.35	46,231	0.35	66,910		
	0.82	1,960				

18 SHARE CAPITAL (CONTINUED)

Share options (Continued)

Share options outstanding as at the end of the year have the following expiry dates and exercise prices:

		2009	2008
	Exercise		
	price	Number of	Number of
Expiry date	per share	options	options
	HK\$		'000
22 June 2010	1.70	22,430	24,510
11 August 2010	1.71	490	590
2 February 2011	1.96	11,120	20,920
2 February 2012	2.10	4,100	4,490
21 November 2018	0.35	46,231	66,910
30 September 2019	0.82	1,960	
		86,331	117,420

The fair values of 1,960,000 options granted in October 2009, determined using the Black-Scholes Valuation Model, were approximately HK\$324,000, (2008: HK\$2,480,000 and HK\$6,400,000). The significant inputs into the model were the exercise price shown above, standard deviation of expected share price returns of 56.65% (2008: 41.55% to 51.99%), expected life of options of 1 year (2008: 1.5 to 3.5 years), expected dividend paid out rate of 3.68% (2008: 2.79% to 3.00%), and annual risk-free interest rate of 0.16% (2008: 0.922% to 1.797%). The amount charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income during the year ended 31 December 2009 was HK\$2,916,000 (2008: HK\$11,579,000).

19 RESERVES

(a) Group

		Share	Capital reserve	Statutory reserves	Capital redemption	Share options	Retained	
	Note	HK\$'000	(i) HK\$'000	(ii) HK\$'000		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Balance at 1 January 2008		475,083	(735)	34,517	_	11,950	337,780	858,595
Profit for the year		-	-	-	_	-	82,578	82,578
Premium on repurchase								
of shares		(17,419)	-	-	-	-	-	(17,419)
Capital redemption reserve arising from repurchase								
of shares		-	-	-	2,352	-	(2,352)	-
Employee share option scheme								
– value of employee services	18	-	-	-	_	11,579	-	11,579
– proceeds from shares issued		669	-	-	-	-	-	669
Transfer to retained earnings								
upon lapse of share options		-	-	-	-	(248)	248	-
Transfer to share premium								
upon exercise of share options		123	-	-	_	(123)	(20.750)	(20.750)
Dividends paid		_	-		-	-	(38,759)	(38,759)
Transfer to statutory reserves				6,054			(6,054)	
Balance at 31 December 2008		458,456	(735)	40,571	2,352	23,158	373,441	897,243
Representing								
Proposed final dividend								14,561
– Others								882,682
								007.715
								897,243

19 RESERVES (CONTINUED)

(a) Group (Continued)

	Share	Capital reserve	-	-	Share ontions	Retained	
				•	•		Total
Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000			HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	458,456	(735)	40,571	2,352	23,158	373,441	897,243
	_	_	-		-	31,519	31,519
	(81,956)	_	_		_	_	(81,956)
	-	-	-	10,009	-	(10,009)	-
18	-	-	-	-	2,916	-	2,916
	4,994	-	-	-	_	-	4,994
	-	-	-	-	(3,156)	3,156	-
	1,911	-	-	-	(1,911)	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	(19,702)	(19,702)
			3,350			(3,350)	
	383,405	(735)	43,921	12,361	21,007	375,055	835,014
							5,039
							829,975
							835,014
		458,456 - (81,956) - 18 - 4,994 - 1,911 - -	Share premium (i)	Share premium reserve (i) reserves (ii) Note HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 458,456 (735) 40,571 - - - (81,956) - - 18 - - - 4,994 - - - 1,911 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 3,350 - - -	Share reserve reserves redemption (i) (ii) reserve	Share reserve reserves redemption options reserve rese	Note Premium (i) (ii) Preserve P

19 RESERVES (CONTINUED)

(b) Company

Company	Note	Share premium HK\$'000	Contributed surplus (i)	Capital redemption reserve HK\$'000	Share options reserve	Retained earnings/ (Accumulated deficit) HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Balance at 1 January 2008		475,083	121,351	-	11,950	1,378	609,762
Profit for the year Premium on repurchase of shares Capital redemption reserve arising		(17,419)	-	-	-	38,013 -	38,013 (17,419)
from repurchase of shares Employee share option scheme		-	-	2,352	-	(2,352)	-
value of employee services proceeds from shares issued Transfer to retained earnings	18	669	-	-	11,579 -	-	11,579 669
upon lapse of share options Transfer to share premium upon		-	-	-	(248)	248	-
exercise of share options Dividends paid		123			(123)	(38,759)	(38,759)
Balance at 31 December 2008		458,456	121,351	2,352	23,158	(1,472)	603,845
Representing — Proposed final dividend — Others							14,561 589,284 603,845
Balance at 1 January 2009 Profit for the year Premium on repurchase of shares		458,456 - (81,956)	121,351 - -	2,352 - -	23,158	(1,472) 19,424 –	603,845 19,424 (81,956)
Capital redemption reserve arising from repurchase of shares		-	_	10,009	_	(10,009)	-
Employee share option scheme - value of employee services - proceeds from shares issued Transfer to retained earnings upon lapse of share options Transfer to share premium upon exercise of share options Dividends paid	18	- 4,994	- -	- -	2,916 -	-	2,916 4,994
		-	_	-	(3,156)	3,156	-
		1,911			(1,911)		(19,702)
Balance at 31 December 2009		383,405	121,351	12,361	21,007	(8,603)	529,521
Representing — Proposed final dividend — Others							5,039 524,482
							529,521

19 RESERVES (CONTINUED)

(b) Company (Continued)

Notes -

(i) Capital reserve of the Group represents the difference between the nominal value of the shares of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to a reorganisation over the nominal value of the share capital of the Company issued in exchange therefor.

Contributed surplus of the Company represents the difference between the costs of investments in subsidiaries acquired pursuant to a reorganisation over the nominal value of the share capital of the Company issued in exchange therefor.

The reorganisation took place in April 2005 in contemplation of the listing of the Company's shares on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

In accordance with the articles of association of the relevant subsidiaries established in Mainland (ii) China and the Mainland China rules and regulations, the Mainland China subsidiaries are required to transfer not less than 10% of their net profit as stated in the financial statements prepared under Mainland China accounting regulations to statutory reserves before the corresponding Mainland China subsidiaries can distribute any dividend. Such a transfer is not required when the amount of statutory reserves reaches 50% of the corresponding subsidiaries' registered capital. The statutory reserve shall only be used to make up losses of the corresponding subsidiaries, to expand the corresponding subsidiaries' production operations, or to increase the capital of the corresponding subsidiaries. Upon approval of the corresponding subsidiaries' shareholders in general meetings, the subsidiaries may convert their statutory reserves into registered capital and issue bonus capital to the existing owners in proportion to the existing ownership structure.

20 EXPENSES BY NATURE

Expenses included in cost of sales, selling and marketing costs and general and administrative expenses are analysed as follows:

	2009 HK\$'000	2008 HK\$'000
Depreciation (Note 6)		
Owned assets	66,677	48,005
– Leased assets	13,955	11,896
	80,632	59,901
Employment expenses (Note 21) Amortisation of leasehold land and	146,524	154,701
	945	871
land use rights (Note 7) Auditor's remuneration		
	1,768	1,768
Loss on disposal of property,	803	45
plant and equipment	803	
Gain on disposal of land use right	50	(1,421)
Net exchange losses/(gains)	50	(3,844)
Changes in inventories of finished goods	16,883	(20,633)
and work in progress Raw materials and consumables used	560,598	649,133
Provision for inventories	4,015	750
	27,268	29,338
Packaging expenses Others		105,010
Others	137,832	105,010
	977,318	975,619

EMPLOYMENT EXPENSES 21

Wages, salaries and bonus Share options granted (Note 18) Staff welfare Retirement benefit – defined contribution plans (a)

2009	2008
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
134,068	134,703
2,916	11,579
2,789	1,306
6,751	7,113
146,524	154,701

(a) Retirement benefit - defined contribution plans

As stipulated by rules and regulations in Mainland China, the Group contributes to a state-sponsored retirement plan for its employees in Mainland China, which is a defined contribution plan. The Group and its employees contribute approximately 8% and 5%, respectively, of the employees' salary as specified by the local government, and the Group has no further obligations for the actual payment of pensions or post-retirement benefits beyond the annual contributions. The state-sponsored retirement plan is responsible for the entire pension obligations payable to retired employees.

The Group has arranged for its Hong Kong employees to join the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme"), a defined contribution scheme managed by an independent trustee. Under the MPF Scheme, each of the Group and its Hong Kong employees makes monthly contributions to the scheme at 5% of the employees' earnings as defined under the Mandatory Provident Fund legislation. Both the Group's and the employees' contributions are subject to a cap of HK\$1,000 per month.

During the year ended 31 December 2009, the aggregate amount of the Group's contributions to the aforementioned pension schemes was approximately HK\$6,751,000 (2008: HK\$7,113,000). As at 31 December 2009, the Group was not entitled to any forfeited contributions to reduce its future contributions (2008: nil).

21 EMPLOYMENT EXPENSES (CONTINUED)

(b) Directors' emoluments

The remuneration of each director for the year ended 31 December 2009 is set out below:

					Employer's contribution	
		ı	Discretionary	Share-based	to pension	
Name of director	Fees	Salaries	bonus	payments	scheme	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Executive directors						
Mr. Zhang Hwo Jie	-	2,040	300	139	12	2,491
Mr. Zhang Jian Hua	-	2,040	300	154	12	2,506
Mr. Zhang Yaohua	-	2,040	300	154	12	2,506
Mr. Nomo Kenshiro	-	438	37	56	-	531
Independent non-executive directors						
Dr. Lui Sun Wing	120	-	-	34	6	160
Mr. Choy Tak Ho	120	-	-	34	-	154
Mr. Leung Tai Chiu	120			34	6	160
	360	6,558	937	605	48	8,508

21 EMPLOYMENT EXPENSES (CONTINUED)

(b) Directors' emoluments (Continued)

The remuneration of each director for the year ended 31 December 2008 is set out below:

				Employer's contribution	
		Discretionary	Share-based	to pension	
Fees	Salaries	bonus	payments	scheme	Total
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
_	2,040	400	976	12	3,428
_	2,040	400	1,003	12	3,455
_	2,040	400	1,003	12	3,455
-	576	48	218	-	842
120	-	-	169	6	295
120	-	-	169	-	289
120			169	6	295
360	6,696	1,248	3,707	48	12,059
	HK\$'000 120 120 120	Fees HK\$'000 HK\$'000 - 2,040 - 2,040 - 2,040 - 576 120 - 1	Fees Salaries bonus HK\$'000 HK\$'000 - 2,040 400 - 2,040 400 - 2,040 400 - 576 48 120 120 120 120	Fees Salaries bonus payments HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 - 2,040 400 976 - 2,040 400 1,003 - 2,040 400 1,003 - 576 48 218 120 - - 169 120 - - 169 120 - - 169 120 - - 169	Contribution Fees Salaries bonus payments scheme HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 - 2,040 400 976 12 - 2,040 400 1,003 12 - 2,040 400 1,003 12 - 2,040 400 1,003 12 - 576 48 218 - 120 - - 169 - 120 - - 169 - 120 - - 169 - 120 - - 169 - 120 - - 169 - 120 - - 169 -

None of the directors waived or agreed to waive any emoluments paid/payable by the Group during the year (2008: nil).

EMPLOYMENT EXPENSES (CONTINUED) 21

(c) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year include four (2008: four) directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The emoluments payable to the remaining one (2008: one) individual is as follows:

	2009 HK\$'000	2008 HK\$'000
Salaries Bonus Share options granted Retirement benefit – defined contribution plans	1,080 90 101 12	1,080 90 709 12

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

Number of individuals

	2009	2008
Emolument bands		
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1	_
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	_	1
	1	1

During the year, no emolument was paid by the Group to any of the directors of the Company and the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group, or as compensation for loss of office (2008: nil).

22 FINANCE INCOME/COSTS

	2009 HK\$'000	2008 HK\$'000
Finance income Interest income on bank deposits	1,684	2,022
Finance costs Interest expense on:		
Bank borrowings wholly repayable within five years	8,148	10,197
Bank borrowings not wholly repayable within five years	128	127
Finance lease liabilities	3,586	4,629
	11,862	14,953
Less: amount capitalised		(5,069)
	11,862	9,884

The capitalisation rate was nil (2008: 2.5% per annum), representing the weighted average rate of the costs of borrowings used to finance the related assets.

23 INCOME TAX EXPENSE

	2009	2008
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Current taxation		
– Hong Kong profits tax	1,315	6,593
 Mainland China corporate income tax 	6,118	7,359
Over-provision in prior years	(344)	(44)
Deferred taxation		
– Mainland China withholding income tax (Note 17)		5,129
	7,089	19,037

INCOME TAX EXPENSE (CONTINUED) 23

(a) Hong Kong profits tax

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% on the estimated assessable profits for the year (2008: 16.5%).

(b) Mainland China corporate income tax

Under the new Corporate Income Tax Law of Mainland China, entities currently enjoying tax holidays will continue to enjoy them until they expire. The corporate income tax rate applicable to the subsidiaries under tax holiday and applying reduced rate will gradually increase to 25% in a 5-year period starting from 2008 to 2012.

The subsidiaries established in Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, Mainland China and Suzhou, Jiangsu Province, Mainland China are subject to Mainland China corporate income tax at a rate of 20% for the year ended 31 December 2009 (2008: 18%). Yihe Precision Hardware (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd., Yihe Precision Plastic and Electronic Products (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd., EVA Precision Industrial (Suzhou) Limited are production enterprises with operating period of more than ten years and, in accordance with the relevant income tax regulations of Mainland China, are exempted from corporate income tax for two years starting from the first year of profitable operations after offsetting prior year tax losses, followed by a 50% reduction in corporate income tax for the next three years. The first profitable year after offsetting prior year tax losses of Yihe Precision Hardware (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd., Yihe Precision Plastic and Electronic Products (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd and EVA Precision Industrial (Suzhou) Limited was 2003, 2006 and 2007, respectively. EVA Precision Industrial (Zhongshan) Limited and Shenzhen EVA Mould Manufacturing Limited were established in August 2007 and June 2008, respectively, and had no taxable profits during the year ended 31 December 2009.

Under the new Corporate Income Tax Law of Mainland China, dividend distribution out of profit of foreign invested enterprises earned after January 2008 will be subject to corporate withholding income tax at 10%, or at a reduced rate of 5% for certain jurisdiction of foreign investor with tax treaty arrangement.

The Company is incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law, Chapter 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands and, accordingly, is exempted from Cayman Islands income tax. The Company's subsidiaries established in the British Virgin Islands are incorporated under the International Business Companies Acts of the British Virgin Islands and accordingly, are exempted from British Virgin Islands income tax.

23 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (CONTINUED)

(c) Overseas income taxes

The tax on the Group's profit before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the weighted average tax rate applicable to profits on the consolidated entities as follows:

	2009 HK\$'000	2008 HK\$'000
Profit before income tax	38,608	101,615
Tax calculated at domestic rates applicable to profits in the respective countries/places		
of business	7,464	18,066
Tax exemption	(2,277)	(5,575)
Income not subject to tax	-	(502)
Expenses not deductible for tax purpose	189	_
Utilisation of previously unrecognised tax losses	-	(14)
Tax losses for which no deferred income tax		
asset was recognised	2,057	1,977
Over-provision in prior years	(344)	(44)
Withholding tax on undistributed earnings		5,129
Tax charge	7,089	19,037

The weighted average applicable tax rate for the year ended 31 December 2009 was approximately 19.3% (2008: 17.8%). The increase is due to the expiry of the tax holidays of certain PRC subsidiaries.

24 PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The profit attributable to equity holders of the Company is dealt with in the financial statements of the Company to the extent of HK\$19,424,000 (2008: HK\$38,013,000).

EARNINGS PER SHARE 25

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

Basic

	2009	2008
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company (HK\$'000)	31,519	82,578
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue ('000)	659,444	716,479
Basic earnings per share (HK cents per share)	4.8	11.5

Diluted

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares (i.e. share options). A calculation is made in order to determine the number of shares that could have been acquired at fair value (determined as the average annual market share price of the Company's shares) based on the monetary value of the subscription rights attached to outstanding share options. The number of shares calculated as above is compared with the number of shares that would have been issued assuming the exercise of the share options.

	2009	2008
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company (HK\$'000)	31,519	82,578
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue ('000) – adjustment for share options ('000)	659,444 34,226	716,479 2,518
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for diluted earnings per share ('000)	693,670	718,997
Diluted earnings per share (HK cents per share)	4.5	11.5

26 DIVIDENDS

		2009	2008
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	Interim dividend paid of HK0.82 cents		
	(2008: HK2.0 cents) per ordinary share	5,321	14,235
	Proposed final dividend of HK0.81 cents		
	(2008: HK2.2 cents) per ordinary share	5,039	14,561
		10,360	28,796
27	CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS		
21	CASH GENERALED TROW OF ERAHONS		
		2009	2008
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	Profit for the year	31,519	82,578
	Adjustments for:	-	•
	– Income tax	7,089	19,037
	– Depreciation	80,632	59,901
	– Amortisation of leasehold land and land use rights	945	871
	– Loss on disposal of property, plant		
	and equipment	803	45
	– Gain on disposal of land use right	-	(1,421)
	– Share-based payments	2,916	11,579
	– Interest income	(1,684)	(2,022)
	– Interest expense	11,862	9,884
	Changes in working capital:		
	– Inventories	82,938	(25,006)
	– Trade receivables	(2,638)	6,293
	 Prepayments, deposits and other receivables 	(8,850)	1,325
	– Trade payables	12,499	4,484
	– Accruals and other payables	40,939	(8,164)
	Cash generated from operations	258,970	159,384
	·		

27 CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)

In the consolidated cash flow statement, proceeds from disposals of land use right and sales of property, plant and equipment comprise:

			Property, p	olant and
	Land us	se right	equip	ment
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	-	20,509	859	465
		1,421	(803)	(45)
l		21,930	56	420

Significant non-cash transactions

During the year ended 31 December 2009, the Group entered into finance lease arrangements in respect of property, plant and equipment with a total financed amount of approximately HK\$3,017,000 (2008: HK\$123,129,000).

28 **CAPITAL COMMITMENTS – GROUP**

Capital expenditure at the statement of financial position date contracted but not yet incurred is as follows:

2009

56,479

2008

HK\$'000

57,470

9,373

66,843

HK\$'000 Contracted but not provided for Construction of buildings 44,284 - Purchase of motor vehicles 3,878 Purchase of plant and machinery 8,317

29 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Group is controlled by Prosper Empire Limited, which owns 54% of the Company's shares as at 31 December 2009. Mr. Zhang Hwo Jie, Mr. Zhang Jian Hua and Mr. Zhang Yaohua, the Company's executive directors, have beneficial interest in Prosper Empire Limited.

(a) The following transactions were carried out with related parties:

The Hong Kong Inland Revenue Department (the "HKIRD") advised EVA Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Group, that it was conducting a tax audit to re-examine the offshore claim lodged by EVA Limited and its related companies. In this connection, EVA Limited and EVA Holdings Limited, wholly owned subsidiaries of the Group, proposed a settlement in July 2005 and further made a reply to provide supporting documents to the HKIRD in June 2007 in respect of their tax liabilities for the years of assessment 1998/1999 to 2003/2004. As at 31 December 2009, EVA Limited, on voluntary basis, placed a deposit of HK\$1,000,000 to the HKIRD. The deposit has been offset with tax reserves certificate payment during the year ended 31 December 2009. During the year ended 31 December 2009, EVA Limited and EVA Holdings Limited also paid by way of purchasing further tax reserve certificates of approximately HK\$1,846,000 and HK\$711,000, respectively (2008: HK\$2,874,000 and HK\$126,000, respectively), in respect of estimated tax charged by the HKIRD for tax assessment year 2002/03 (2008: for tax assessment year 2001/02). Total sum incurred before 2009 had been indemnified and reimbursed by Mr. Zhang Hwo Jie, Mr. Zhang Jian Hua and Mr. Zhang Yaohua, directors and beneficial shareholders of the Company as in accordance with the deed of the indemnity dated 28 April 2005 in connection with group reorganisation in contemplation with the listing of the Company's shares on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. Starting from 1 January 2009, the Group has paid such sum by its account in accordance with the fact that indemnity from shareholders is obliged only when final determination of such tax liability has been made by HKIRD.

(b) Key management compensation

Salaries, allowances and bonus Share-based payments Retirement benefits - defined contribution plans

2009	2008
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
9,450	9,686
861	4,698
87	76
10,398	14,460

ULTIMATE HOLDING COMPANY 30

The directors consider Prosper Empire Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands, to be the Company's ultimate holding company.

Five Years Financial Summary

	2009 HK\$'000	2008 HK\$'000	2007 HK\$'000	2006 HK\$'000	2005 HK\$'000
RESULTS Turnover	1,026,097	1,084,982	952,030	691,240	485,023
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company	31,519	<u>82,578</u>	<u>153,856</u>	108,649	83,215
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET Non-current assets	1,008,503	1,013,563	737,572	520,907	416,146
Current assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	546,623 (521,888) (136,422)	645,292 (445,834) (245,965)	517,664 (263,794) (60,723)	357,695 (326,949) (53,057)	236,921 (232,248) (113,927)
Net assets	896,816	967,056	930,719	498,596	306,892
Share capital Reserves	61,802 835,014	69,813 897,243	72,124 858,595	60,000 438,596	52,000 254,892
Equity	<u>896,816</u>	967,056	930,719	498,596	306,892

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

On 20 April 2005, the Company acquired the entire issued share capital of EVA Metal Mould Products Limited, EVA Mould Design & Manufacturing Limited and EVA Plastic Mould Products Limited, the then holding companies of other companies comprising the Group, through share exchanges ("the Reorganisation") and consequently became the holding company of its subsidiaries as set out in Note 8 to the consolidated financial statements, except for those subsidiaries which were incorporated subsequent to that date.

The Reorganisation has been accounted for using merger accounting and, accordingly, the financial information for the years ended 31 December 2005 as contained in "Five Years Financial Summary" had been prepared as if the structure of the Group resulting from the Reorganisation had been in existence throughout the years.



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