

中國秦發集團有限公司 CHINA QINFA GROUP LIMITED

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司) (incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

Stock code 股份代號: 866

Annual Report **2011**年報



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Corporate Information 公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr XU Jihua (Chairman)

Ms WANG Jianfei (Chief Executive Officer)

Ms LIU Xiaomei

Mr WENG Li

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr HUANG Guosheng

Mr LAU Sik Yuen

Dr QIAN Pingfan

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr LAU Sik Yuen (Chairperson)

Mr HUANG Guosheng

Dr QIAN Pingfan

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr HUANG Guosheng (Chairperson)

Ms WANG Jianfei

Dr QIAN Pingfan

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr HUANG Guosheng (Chairperson)

Ms WANG Jianfei

Dr QIAN Pingfan

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr WONG Chi Kin, HKICPA

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Ms WANG Jianfei (Chief Executive Officer)

Mr WONG Chi Kin, HKICPA

董事會

執行董事

徐吉華先生(主席)

王劍飛女士(行政總裁)

劉曉梅女士

翁立先生

獨立非執行董事

黄國勝先生

劉錫源先生

錢平凡博士

審核委員會

劉錫源先生(主席)

黄國勝先生

錢平凡博士

薪酬委員會

黄國勝先生(主席)

王劍飛女士

錢平凡博士

提名委員會

黄國勝先生(主席)

王劍飛女士

錢平凡博士

公司秘書

黄志堅先生, HKICPA

法定代表

王劍飛女士(行政總裁)

黄志堅先生, HKICPA

Corporate Information 公司資料

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681

Grand Cayman KY 1-1111

Cayman Islands

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN CHINA

Unit Nos. 2201 to 2208

Level 22

Poly International Plaza

Tower B

No. 1 Pazhou Avenue East

Haizhu District Guangzhou City The PRC

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Room 1303, 13th Floor, MassMutual Tower

No. 38 Gloucester Road

Wanchai Hong Kong

Butterfield Fulcrum Group (Cayman) Limited

Butterfield House 68 Fort Street P.O. Box 609

Grand Cayman KY1-1107

Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Union Registrars Limited

18th Floor, Fook Lee Commercial Centre

Town Place, 33 Lockhart Road

Wanchai Hong Kong 註冊辦事處

Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681

Grand Cayman KY 1-1111

Cayman Islands

中國主要營業地點

中國 廣州市 海珠區

琶洲東路1號 保利國際廣場

B座 22樓

2201至2208室

香港主要營業地點

香港灣仔

告士打道38號

美國萬通大廈13樓1303室

主要股份過戶登記處

Butterfield Fulcrum Group (Cayman) Limited

Butterfield House 68 Fort Street P.O. Box 609

Grand Cayman KY1-1107

Cayman Islands

香港股份過戶登記分處

聯合證券登記有限公司

香港灣仔

駱克道33號中央廣場 福利商業中心18樓

Corporate Information 公司資料

AUDITORS

KPMG 8th Floor Prince's Building Central Hong Kong

LEGAL ADVISERS

Squire Sanders 24th Floor, Central Tower 28 Queen's Road Central Central Hong Kong

Hasting & Co. 5th Floor, Gloucester Tower The Landmark, 11 Pedder Street Central Hong Kong

Zhong Lun Law Firm 36-37/F, SK Tower, 6A Jianguomenwai Avenue, Beijing 100022 People's Republic of China

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Bank of China
China Minsheng Bank Corp., Ltd
DBS (Hong Kong) Limited
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China
Rabobank International

STOCK CODE

00866

WEBSITE

http://www.qinfagroup.com

核數師

畢馬威會計師事務所 香港 中環 太子大廈 8樓

法律顧問

翰宇國際律師事務所 香港 中環 皇后大道中28號 中匯大廈24樓

希仕廷律師行 香港 中環 畢打街11號置地廣場 告羅士打大廈5樓

中倫律師事務所 中國 北京市 建國門外大街甲6號SK大廈36-37層 郵編100022

主要往來銀行

中國銀行 中國民生銀行有限公司 星展銀行(香港)有限公司 中國工商銀行 荷蘭合作銀行

股份代號

00866

網站

http://www.qinfagroup.com

Dear Shareholders:

2011 is the first year for the launch of China's "12th Five-Year Plan". Under the current national macroeconomic regulation and control, it is likely that the GDP growth rate is slowing down in the first quarter of 2012, which in turn affects the downstream demand for coal. In order to curb inflation, the National Development Reform Commission ("NDRC") issued the price ceiling for coal in the second half of 2011 and the price of coal is still on the track of adjustment. Despite the slowdown in growth of domestic demand for coal, with the efforts of all employees, China Qinfa Group Ltd (the "Company", and together with its subsidiaries the "Group") still achieved good results in 2011. As at 31 December 2011, the handling and the trading volume of coal was 15.9 million tonnes, the operating revenue was RMB9,971.1 million and profit attributable to equity shareholders was RMB570.5 million, representing increases of 45.9%, 54.5% and 51.2% respectively, as compared to 2010.

INCREASED EQUITY INTEREST IN HUAMEIAO ENERGY

The Group increased its equity interest in Shanxi Huameiao Energy Group Company Limited ("Huameiao Energy") to 80% and obtained the controlling interest of Huameiao Energy on 23 December, 2011. In 2011, the self-produced raw coal of the three coal mines of Huameiao Energy and coal mine of Shanxi Hun Yuan Rui Feng Coal Company Limited ("Ruifeng Coal") was 5.4 million tonnes in total. Xingtao Coal Mine produced 2.8 million tonnes of coal, Fengxi Coal Mine produced 1.8 million tonnes of coal, Chongsheng Coal Mine produced 0.5 million tonnes of coal and Ruifeng Coal Mine produced 0.3 million tonnes of coal.

STRENGTHENING OF THE LOGISTICS CHAIN

The two newly built dry bulk vessels each with 82,000 DWT was delivered in September and December of 2011, respectively. The Group planned that the other two vessels will be delivered and put into commercial use in the second half of 2012.

尊敬的各位股東:

二零一一年是中國「十二五」規劃綱要的 開局之年。在本年度國家宏觀調控下, GDP增速在二零一二年首個季度有放緩 的跡象,從而影響煤炭下游需求;尤其 是二零一一年下半年為抑制通脹,國家 發展改革委員會(「發改委」)頒佈煤炭限 價令,煤炭價格踏入調整的通道。儘管 國內煤炭需求增長放緩,在全體員工的 努力下,中國秦發集團有限公司(「本公 司」連同其附屬公司「本集團」)仍於二零 --年取得優良的業績。截至二零--年十二月三十一日,集團煤炭經營及貿 易量為15,900,000噸,營業收入人民幣 9.971,100,000元,權益持有人應佔溢利 為人民幣 570,500,000 元,分別較二零一 零年上漲45.9%、54.5%及51.2%。

增持華美奧能源股權

集團於二零一一年十二月二十三日增持山西華美奧能源集團有限公司(「華美奧能源」)股權至80%,取得華美奧能源的控股權。二零一一年,華美奧能源三個煤礦及山西渾源瑞風煤業有限責任公司(「瑞風煤業」)自產原煤合共5,400,000噸。與陶煤礦產煤2,800,000噸,馮西煤礦產煤1,800,000噸,崇升煤礦產煤500,000噸及瑞風煤業產煤300,000噸。

強化物流鏈條

兩艘新建造的每艘82,000噸乾散貨船分別已於二零一一年九月及十二月交付,另外兩艘計劃於二零一二年下半年交付使用。





The main construction of the dry-bulk coal terminal in Gao Langang Zone, Zhuhai is expected to be completed in late 2012. The proposal and the approval of the second phrase construction of the terminal will also commence. Upon completion of the construction of the second phrase, the annual handling capacity of the terminal will increase to 30 million tonnes.

珠海高欄港公共乾散貨煤炭碼頭主體工 程預計可於二零一二年底完成,並啟動 二期碼頭工程報批。二期工程建成後, 碼頭年吞吐量可增至3,000萬噸。

DEVELOPMENT OF SUPPLIERS AND CUSTOMERS NETWORK

As at 31 December 2011, the Group became the first and second largest purchaser of PT Berau Coal, the main coal supplier in Indonesia, and Vietnam National coal and Mineral Industries Group in China region. Also, the Group has successfully developed business relationship with a new Indonesia supplier, namely PT. Permata Energy Resources.

As at 31 December 2011, the Group has successfully established business relationship with new large power plants (such as China Resources Power Holdings Co., Ltd. Henan Branch, China Resources Power Holdings Co., Ltd. Jiangsu Branch, Fujian Huadian Kemen Power Generation Co., Ltd. and Huaneng Jinggangshan Power Plant) and Stated-owned coal suppliers (such as China Coal Energy Limited and Datong Coal Mine Group Co., Ltd).

開拓供應商及客戶網絡

截至二零一一年十二月三十一日,集 團成為印尼主要煤炭供應商PT Berau Coal及越南國家煤炭總公司在中國地區 的第一及第二大採購商。此外,集團亦 成功與印尼供應商PT. Permata Energy Resources 建立業務關係。

截至二零一一年十二月三十一日,集團 成功與新興大型電廠(如華潤電力燃料 (河南)有限公司、華潤電力(江蘇)燃料 有限公司、福建華電可門發電有限公司 及華能國際電力股份有限公司井岡山電 廠等)和國有大型煤炭供應商(如中國中 煤能源股份有限公司及大同煤礦集團有 限責任公司等)建立業務關係。







OPTIMIZE THE ASSET STRUCTURE AND IMPROVE THE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

Along with the rapid development, the Group also constantly adjusted and improved its asset structure and reduced the gearing ratio. The Group also strengthened its enterprise resources planning and management systems which are expected to enhance the management efficiency of the Group and to maximize economic benefit.

優化資產結構,完善公司管理系統

在快速發展的同時,集團亦在不斷調整 和優化資產結構,降低資產負債率;集團 亦加強其企業資源規劃及管理系統,提 升集團管理績效,將經濟效益最大化。

OUTLOOK

Looking forward, the growth in the demand for power in China will continue to be strong and coal remains to be the main fuel with the lowest cost for power generation plants. In the next few years, subject to the restriction of policy or basic infrastructure, the export from the main exporting countries and regions of thermal coal is expected to be reduced, the Group believes that the reduced supply in the market will support an increase in the coal prices.

Providing a stable coal supply is the one of the principal focuses of the Group in the next year. The self-owned coal mine production volume will be released gradually and it is expected that the production volume of raw coal from the self-owned coal mines will increase up to 10,000,000 tonnes. The Group will continue to acquire suitable coal mines if opportunities arise and identify appropriate sites for construction, lease or acquisition of coal loading station. The Group will also consider to reduce its downstream asset base and adjust the structure of the coal supply chain in order to optimize the asset structure when appropriate.

In addition to strengthening the business relationship with largescale energy enterprises, the Group will seek strategic cooperation opportunities in the field of energy and supply chain with these largescale energy enterprises.

With the increase in the production volume of the self-owned coal mines of the Group, I believe that the Group will continue to grow rapidly. The Group will keep optimizing and adjusting the asset structure, improving the management systems and will continue to work hard to reciprocate your support with better results and profitability!

Xu Jihua

Chairman

26 March 2012

展望

展望2012年,中國電力需求增長依然強 勁,煤炭將是成本最低的主要發電廠燃 料。未來幾年,動力煤主要出口國及地 區受政策或基礎設施限制預計將減少出 口,本集團相信市場供應減少將對煤炭 價格上升形成支撐。

穩定的煤炭供應是集團未來一年的重點 之一。集團自有煤礦產能逐漸釋放,預 計2012年自有煤礦原煤產量將增加至 1.000萬噸。集團於機會出現時將繼續收 購合適煤礦及物色合適地點以建設、和 賃或收購煤炭轉運站的計劃, 並會考慮 在適當時候減持下游資產,調整煤炭供 應鏈結構以完善資產結構。

除加強與大型能源企業的業務關係外, 集團將積極尋求與該等大型能源企業在 能源和供應鏈領域的戰略合作機會。

伴隨著集團自有煤礦產能的增加,本人 相信集團將繼續快速增長,本集團將會 繼續完善及調整資產架構及改進管理體 系,以更出色的業績及盈利能力回饋各 界的支持!

主席 徐吉華

二零一二年三月二十六日

Financial Highlights 財務摘要

Summary of the Group's results, assets, liabilities and equity for the last five financial years is set out below:

本集團於過去五個財政年度的業績、資產、負債及權益摘要如下:

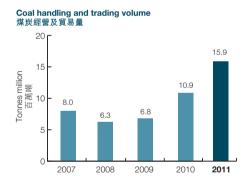
RESULTS

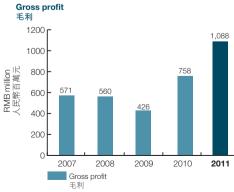
業績

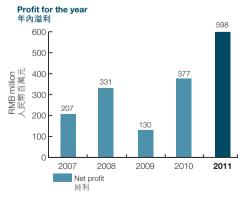
For the year	ended 31	December
去二十一	B = + - B	1 止 任 庇

		截主 一万二 日止十尺				
		2011 二零一一年	2010 二零一零年	2009 二零零九年	2008 二零零八年	2007 二零零七年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Turnover	營業額	9,971,106	6,455,805	3,926,993	4,192,484	3,664,632
Gross profit	毛利	1,088,408	757,617	425,655	559,916	571,394
Results from operating activities	經營活動業績 —	859,797	555,872	257,621	443,876	278,508
Profit before taxation Income tax expense	除税前溢利 所得税開支	697,137 (99,105)	501,888 (125,236)	227,564 (98,061)	395,299 (64,609)	248,316 (41,065)
Profit for the year	年內溢利	598,032	376,652	129,503	330,690	207,251
Profit attributable to: Equity shareholders of the Company	應佔溢利: 本公司權益 持名人	570,470	377,222	129,503	330,690	207,251
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	27,562	(570)			
	_	598,032	376,652	129,503	330,690	207,251
Coal handling and trading volume ('000 tonnes)	煤炭經營及貿易量 (千噸)	15,927	10,918	6,825	6,274	8,023









- * There was an one-off disposal gain of approximately RMB97,085,000 in 2008.
- 二零零八年有一次性出售收益約人民幣 97,085,000元。

Financial Highlights 財務摘要

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

資產及負債

As at 31 December

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118				Н.

		2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
		二零一一年	二零一零年	二零零九年	二零零八年	二零零七年
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Total assets	資產總值	13,079,089	6,421,676	4,160,706	2,085,482	1,909,923
Total liabilities	負債總值	(9,824,241)	(4,647,047)	(2,783,419)	(1,350,527)	(1,274,795)
Total equity	權益總額	3,254,848	1,774,629	1,377,287	734,955	635,128

Notes:

- The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 4 March 2008 and became the holding company of the Group with effect from 12 June 2009 upon completion of certain reorganisation steps as set forth in the prospectus of the Company dated 19 June 2009 (the "Prospectus").
- The results for the two years ended 31 December 2008 and assets and liabilities of the Group as at 31 December 2008 and 2007 have been prepared on a combined basis to reflect the results of the Group as if the group structure at the time when the shares of the Company (the "Shares") were listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") had been in existence throughout the years concerned. The figures for the two years ended 31 December 2008 are extracted from the Prospectus.

In order to improve asset structure, the Company has reorganized the trading business of Hong Kong Qinfa Trading Limited ("HK Qinfa Trading"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Group to Hong Kong Qinfa International Trading Limited, another wholly owned subsidiary of the Group, in December 2011. As at the dispatch date of the annual report, the sole asset of HK Qinfa Trading is the port located at Zhuhai, PRC. Save for holding such asset, HK Qinfa Trading is dormant as at the dispatch date of the annual report. The audited financial information of HK Qinfa Trading is as follows:

附註:

- 本公司於二零零八年三月四日於開曼群 島註冊成立,本公司日期為二零零九年 六月十九日的招股章程(「招股章程」)所 載的若干重組步驟完成後,本公司於二 零零九年六月十二日成為本集團控股公
- 本集團截至二零零八年十二月三十一日 止兩個年度之業績及於二零零八年及二 -零零七年十二月三十一日之資產及負債 乃按綜合基準編製,以反映本集團的業 績(猶如本公司股份(「股份」)於香港聯 合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上市時 之本集團架構於整個相關年度內已存 在)。截至二零零八年十二月三十一日 止兩個年度的數字乃摘錄自招股章程。

為改善資產架構,本公司已於二零一一 年十二月將香港秦發貿易有限公司(「香 港秦發貿易」)(本集團之全資附屬公司) 的貿易業務重組至香港秦發國際貿易有 限公司(本集團另一家全資附屬公司)。 於寄發年報之日,香港秦發貿易的唯一 資產為位於中國珠海的港口。除持有該 資產外,香港秦發貿易於寄發年報之日 暫無營業。香港秦發貿易的經審核財務 資料如下:

		31 December 2011 二零一一年 十二月三十一日	
		USD'000 千美元	USD'000 千美元
		1,000	1,000
Revenue	收入	833,802	_
Gross Profit	毛利	20,673	_
Net Profit before tax	除税前淨利潤	23,772	1,594
Total assets	資產總值	14,606	16,200
Net assets	資產淨值	14,606	16,200

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. XU Jihua (徐吉華), aged 55, is the chairman of the Group and an executive Director. Mr. XU is principally responsible for the Group's overall business strategic development. Mr. XU has more than 20 years of management and operation experience in the logistics and coal operation industries. In 1996, Mr. XU acquired Qinhuangdao Development Zone Qinfa Trading Co., Ltd., a member of the Group, and has led the Group to become one of the leading non-state-owned coal operation companies in China in terms of annual coal trading volume. Prior to joining the Group in 1996, Mr. XU was a manager in the Trading Department of Qinhuangdao Goods Exchange Center from 1992 to 1994. During the period from 1989 to 1991, Mr. XU was the deputy head of Materials Bureau of Haigang District, Qinhuangdao City, the PRC. Mr. XU did not hold any directorship in any listed companies during the last three years. Mr. XU was appointed as a Director on 4 March 2008 and was redesignated as an executive Director on 6 May 2008.

Ms. WANG Jianfei (王劍飛), aged 41, is the chief executive officer of the Group and an executive Director. Ms. WANG is principally responsible for the Group's overall management and operation. Ms. WANG is also a member of the remuneration committee and nomination committee of the Board. Before her appointment as the chief executive officer, Ms. WANG was in charge of the finance department, human resources department, international trading department, investment management department and shipping transportation department of the Group. Ms. WANG obtained an associate degree in Computer Science by Angeles University Foundation in consortium with Hebei Business College in 1995. Ms. WANG completed an Executive MBA Programme sponsored by the 中國人民大學風險資本與網絡經濟研究中心 (Risk Capital and Network Economy Research Center of China Renmin University) and 中國企業管理培訓中心 (China Enterprise Management Training Center) in 2002. Ms. WANG has more than 14 years of enterprise management and operation experience. Before joining the Group in 2000. Ms. WANG worked in 中粮麵業鵬泰(秦皇島)有限公司 (COFCO Industry (Qinhuangdao) Pangthai Co., Ltd.) from 1995 to 2000. Ms. WANG has been a director of Tiaro Coal Limited, a company listed on the Australian Securities Exchange, since 30 November 2009. Save as disclosed above, Ms. WANG did not hold any directorship in any listed companies during the last three years. Ms. WANG was appointed as an executive Director on 6 May 2008.

董事

執行董事

徐吉華先生,55歲,本集團主席兼執行 董事。徐先生主要負責本集團整體業 務策略發展。徐先生於物流及煤炭經 營行業積逾20年管理及營運經驗。於 一九九六年,徐先生收購本集團成員公 司秦皇島開發區秦發貿易有限公司,並 領導本集團成為按年煤炭貿易量計的中 國領先的民營煤炭經營公司之一。於 一九九六年加入本集團前,徐先生由 一九九二年至一九九四年為秦皇島物資 交易中心貿易部經理。由一九八九年至 一九九一年期間,徐先生為中國秦皇島 市海港區物資局副局長。在過往三年期 間,徐先生並無於任何上市公司擔任任 何董事職位。徐先生於二零零八年三月 四日獲委任為董事,並於二零零八年五 月六日調任執行董事。

王劍飛女士,41歲,本集團行政總裁兼 執行董事。王女士主要負責本集團整體 管理及營運。王女士亦為董事會薪酬 委員會及提名委員會成員。於彼獲委任 為行政總裁前,王女士負責本集團財務 部、人力資源部、國際貿易部、投資管 理部及航運運輸部。王女士於一九九五 年由安琪大學基金會聯合河北商業大學 授予計算機科學副學士。於二零零二 年,王女士完滿修畢中國人民大學風險 資本與網絡經濟研究中心及中國企業管 理培訓中心舉辦的高層管理人員工商管 理碩十課程。王女十積逾14年企業管理 及營運經驗。於二零零零年加入本集團 前,王女士由一九九五年至二零零零年 曾任職於中粮麵業鵬泰(秦皇島)有限公 司。王女士自二零零九年十一月三十日 起為Tiaro Coal Limited(一家於澳洲證券 交易所上市的公司)的董事。除上文所披 露者外,在過往三年期間,王女士並無 於任何上市公司擔任任何董事職位。王 女士於二零零八年五月六日獲委任為執 行董事。

DIRECTORS (continued)

Executive Directors (continued)

Ms. LIU Xiaomei (劉曉梅), aged 43, is an executive Director. Ms. LIU is principally responsible for the financial and accounting management of the Group. Ms. LIU graduated with a bachelor degree in auditing from 南開大學 (Nankai University) in 1991 and completed a practical finance officer programme from 清華大學 (Tsinghua University) in 2006. Ms. LIU has more than 16 years of experience in the accounting and finance field. Prior to joining the Group in 2005, Ms. LIU worked as an auditor in 秦皇島正源會計 師事務所有限責任公司 (Qinhuangdao Zhengyuan Certified Public Accountants Co. Ltd.) from 2001 to 2002. From 1995 to 2001, Ms. LIU worked as the manager at the finance audit department of 河北衡信會計師事務所有限公司 (Hebei Hengxin Certified Public Accountants Limited Office), formerly known as 秦皇島審計師事務 所 (Qinhuangdao Audit Firm). From 1991 to 1995, Ms. LIU worked in 秦皇島市審計局 (Qinhuangdao City Audit Bureau). Ms. LIU did not hold any directorship in any listed companies during the last three years. Ms. LIU was appointed as an executive Director on 6 May 2008.

Mr. WENG Li(翁立), aged 36, is the vice president of the Group and an executive Director. Mr. WENG is principally responsible for investment management of the Group. Mr. WENG graduated with a bachelor degree in economics major in international finance from 武 漢大學 (Wuhan University) in June 1998. Mr. WENG subsequently studied a graduate program in finance from 武漢大學研究生學院 (Graduate School of Wuhan University) during the period from May 2004 to December 2005. Mr. WENG further obtained a master degree in economics from 武漢大學 (Wuhan University) in December 2008. Mr. WENG has been granted the PRC Securities Practising Certificate (中國證券業執業證書) since 2004. Mr. WENG has more than 12 years of assets management and investment experience. Mr. WENG joined the Group in November 2005, and worked as deputy general manager and general manager of the investment management department, and president assistant. Before joining the Group, Mr. WENG worked as an investment assistant and later as an investment manager in the assets management department of Changiiang Securities Company Limited (長江證券股份有限公司). a company listed in the PRC with the stock code: 000783, during the period from June 1998 to October 2005. Mr. WENG did not hold any directorship in any listed companies during the last three years. Mr. WENG was appointed as an executive Director on 21 April 2009.

董事(續)

執行董事(續)

劉曉梅女士,43歲,執行董事。劉女士 主要負責本集團財務及會計管理。劉女 士於一九九一年畢業於南開大學,獲審 計學士學位,並於二零零六年完滿修畢 清華大學財務總監實務課程。劉女士於 會計及財務領域擁有逾16年經驗。於 二零零五年加入本集團前,由二零零一 年至二零零二年,劉女士曾在秦皇島正 源會計師事務所有限責任公司擔任審計 師。由一九九五年至二零零一年,劉女 士曾在河北衡信會計師事務所有限公司 (前稱秦皇島審計師事務所)財務審計部 擔任經理。由一九九一年至一九九五 年,劉女士就職於秦皇島市審計局。在 過往三年期間,劉女士並無於任何上市 公司擔任任何董事職位。劉女士於二零 零八年五月六日獲委任為執行董事。

翁立先生,36歲,本集團副總裁兼執行 董事。翁先生主要負責本集團的投資管 理。翁先生於一九九八年六月畢業於武 漢大學,獲經濟學學士學位(國際金融專 業)。翁先生其後由二零零四年五月至 二零零五年十二月期間於武漢大學研究 生學院研究生班學習經濟學。翁先生於 二零零八年十二月進一步獲得武漢大學 經濟學碩士學位。翁先生於二零零四年 獲頒發中國證券業執業證書。翁先生擁 有逾12年資產管理及投資經驗。翁先生 於二零零五年十一月加入本集團,並歷 仟投資管理部副總經理及總經理,以及 總裁助理。於加入本集團前,翁先生於 一九九八年六月至二零零五年十月期間 歷任長江證券股份有限公司(一間於中國 上市的公司,股份代號:000783)資產管 理部投資助理及投資經理。在過往三年 期間,翁先生並無於任何上市公司擔任 任何董事職位。翁先生於二零零九年四 月二十一日獲委任為執行董事。

DIRECTORS (continued)

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. HUANG Guosheng (黃國勝), aged 69, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 12 June 2009. Mr. HUANG is also a member of the audit committee and the chairperson of the nomination committee and remuneration committee of the Board. Mr. HUANG graduated from 中南大學 (Zhong Nan University), formerly known as 長沙鐵道學院 (Chang Sha Railway College), majoring in railway transportation in 1965. Mr. HUANG has been appointed as the legal representative of 廣東省交通運輸 協會 (Guangdong Traffic Transportation Association) since 2007. Mr. HUANG served as the head of 廣州港務局 (Guangzhou Port Authority) in 1994. Mr. HUANG was appointed as a visiting professor by 上海海事大學 (Shanghai Maritime University), formerly known as 上海海運學院 (Shanghai Maritime Transportation College), in 1996. Mr. HUANG is also a senior engineer in railway transportation and has enjoyed a special government allowance granted by the State Council since 1992 for his outstanding contribution in engineering technology for the nation. Mr. HUANG did not hold any directorship in any listed companies during the last three years.

Mr. LAU Sik Yuen (劉錫源), aged 45, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 12 June 2009. Mr. LAU is also the chairman of the audit committee of the Board. Mr. LAU graduated with a bachelor degree of science in Business Administration from Oregon State University in 1989. Mr. LAU is a fellow of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants as well as a member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. LAU has been serving as the chief financial officer and company secretary of Xinyi Glass Holdings Limited, a company listed on the Main Board, since April 2003. Prior to joining Xinyi Glass Holdings Limited in 2003, Mr. LAU was the financial controller of a subsidiary of NWS Holdings Limited, a company listed on the Main Board, for over three years and had worked with an international accounting firm in Hong Kong for five years. Mr. LAU was appointed as an independent non-executive director of Dragon Crown Group Holdings Limited ("Dragon Crown") on 30 November 2010. Dragon Crown was listed on the Main Board on 10 June 2011. Save as disclosed above, Mr. LAU did not hold any directorship in any listed companies during the last three years.

董事(續)

獨立非執行董事

黃國勝先生,69歲,於二零零九年六 月十二日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。 黃先生亦為董事會審核委員成員、提名 委員會及薪酬委員會主席。黃先生於 一九六五年畢業於中南大學(前稱長沙鐵 道學院),主修鐵路運輸。黃先生自二零 零七年起獲委任為廣東省交通運輸協會 法定代表人。黄先生曾於一九九四年擔 任廣州港務局局長。黃先生於一九九六 年獲委聘為上海海事大學(前稱上海海運 學院)訪問教授。黃先生亦為鐵路運輸高 級工程師,並因其對國家工程技術作出 的傑出貢献而自一九九二年起享有國務 院政府特殊津貼。在過往三年期間,黃 先生並無於任何上市公司擔任任何董事 職位。

劉錫源先生,45歲,於二零零九年六月 十二日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。劉先 生亦為董事會審核委員會主席。劉先生 於一九八九年畢業於俄勒岡州立大學, 獲工商業管理學士學位。劉先生為香港 會計師公會會員,以及美國註冊會計師 協會會員。劉先生自二零零三年四月起 一直擔任信義玻璃控股有限公司(一間於 主板上市的公司)的財務總監及公司秘 書。於二零零三年加入信義玻璃控股有 限公司之前,劉先生曾在新創建集團有 限公司(一間於主板上市的公司)的附屬 公司擔任財務總監逾三年,並曾在香港 一間國際會計師事務所工作五年。於二 零一零年十一月三十日,劉先生獲委任 為龍翔集團控股有限公司(「龍翔集團」) 獨立非執行董事。龍翔集團於二零一一 年六月十日於主板上市。除上述所披露 者外,在過往三年期間,劉先生並無於 任何上市公司擔任任何董事職位。

DIRECTORS (continued)

Independent non-executive Directors (continued)

Dr. QIAN Pingfan(錢平凡), aged 47, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 20 September 2010. Dr. QIAN is also a member of the audit committee, nomination committee and remuneration committee of the Board. Dr. QIAN obtained a bachelor degree in engineering from the South China University of Technology in 1989. From 1993 to 1998, Dr. QIAN studied in Fudan University and formally obtained a master's degree in business administration in January 1996 and a doctoral degree in industrial economics in January 1999. Dr. QIAN, currently the officer and researcher of the Industrial Development Research Centre, has worked for the Industrial Economics Research Department of the Development and Research Centre of the State Council of the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") since 1999, focusing on the research on the coal and automobile industries, with particular insight in coal supply chain management. Dr. QIAN has also been a guest professor and tutor of doctoral degree students at China University of Geosciences (Beijing Campus) since April 2009. Dr. QIAN did not hold any directorship in any listed companies during the last three years.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Chief Financial Officer and company secretary of the Company

Mr. WONG Chi Kin (黃志堅), aged 39, is the chief financial officer and the company secretary of the Company. Mr. WONG has about 16 years of banking, corporate finance and accounting experience with leading international banks and a UK-listed company, whose parent company is a listed company in Hong Kong. Mr. WONG graduated with a Bachelor of Science (Honours) degree in Finance from the City University of Hong Kong, a Master's degree in Practicing Accounting from Monash University, Australia and completed an Executive MBA programme organised by The Chinese University of Hong Kong. Mr. WONG is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and CPA Australia. Prior to joining the Group in April 2011, Mr. WONG worked for a private company as the group financial controller.

董事(續)

獨立非執行董事(續)

錢平凡博士,47歲,於二零一零年九月 二十日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。錢博 士亦為董事會審核委員會、提名委員會 及薪酬委員會成員。錢博士於一九八九 年獲華南理工大學工學學士學位。自 一九九三年至一九九八年,錢博士在復 旦大學學習,分別於一九九六年一月及 一九九九年一月正式獲得頒發工商管理 碩士與產業經濟學博士學位。錢博士於 一九九九年起任職於中華人民共和國 (「中國」)國務院發展研究中心產業經濟 研究部,目前擔任產業發展研究室主 任、研究員,專注煤炭及汽車行業之研 究,尤其對煤炭供應鏈管理有着深入的 研究。錢博士自二零零九年四月起亦為 中國地質大學(北京)之兼職教授及博士 生導師。在過往三年期間,錢博士並無 於任何上市公司擔任任何董事職位。

高級管理人員

本公司財務總監兼公司秘書

黃志堅先生,39歲,本公司的財務總監 兼公司秘書。黃先生在大型國際銀行及 一家英國上市公司(其母公司為一間香港 上市公司)擁有約16年的的銀行、企業融 資及會計經驗。黃先生畢業於香港城市 大學,獲金融學榮譽理學士學位,從澳 洲莫納什大學取得執業會計碩士學位, 並修畢香港中文大學行政人員工商管理 碩士課程。黃先生為香港會計師公會及 澳洲會計師公會的會員。於二零一一年 四月加入本集團前,黃先生於一間私營 公司就任集團財務總監職務。

SENIOR MANAGEMENT (continued)

Mr. SHEN Hongwu (沈洪武), aged 39, is the vice president of the Group. Mr. SHEN is principally responsible for the sale and marketing operation of the Group. Mr. SHEN graduated with a bachelor degree in economics from 中山大學 (Zhongshan University) in 1995 and completed an extensive business administration curriculum presented by the University of Cincinnati (辛辛那提大學) in 2001. Mr. SHEN has more than 14 years of working experience. Before joining the Group in 2006, Mr. SHEN worked in management-related areas in a number of companies, including 廣州發展油品銷售有限公司 (Guangzhou Development Oil Product Sales Company Limited) and 廣州珠江電力燃料有限公司 (Guangzhou Zhujiang Electric Energy Company Limited) from 1996 to 2006.

Mr. LI Yong (李勇), aged 38, is the standing deputy general manager of Zhuhai Qinfa Shipping Co. Ltd., a member of the Group, and is principally responsible for the domestic shipping transportation business of the Group. Mr. LI graduated with a bachelor degree in timber processing from Nanjing Forestry University (南京林業大學) in June 1997 and obtained a master degree in management from Tianjin Normal University (天津師範大學) in June 2004. Mr. LI has more than 12 years of working experience. Mr. LI was appointed as the standing deputy general manager of Zhuhai Qinfa Shipping Co. Ltd., in February 2008. During the period from June 2004 to February 2008, Mr. LI worked as a project manager in Qinhuangdao Qinfa Industry Group Co. Ltd., a connected person of the Group. Mr. LI worked as a business manager in Qinhuangdao Huasheng Trading Co., Ltd. (秦皇島華盛貿易有限公司) during the period from August 1997 to April 2004.

高級管理人員(續)

沈洪武先生,39歲,本集團副總裁。沈 先生主要負責本集團銷售及市場推廣 務。沈先生於一九九五年畢業於中學 學大學學士學位,並於二零管理 程班。沈先生擁有逾14年工作經驗 程班。沈先生擁有逾14年工作經驗九 二零零六年加入本集團前州發展 年至二零零六年,彼在廣州 等多家公司擔任管理職務。

SENIOR MANAGEMENT (continued)

Mr. SU Wenyong (蘇文勇), aged 38, is the vice president of the Group. Mr. SU is responsible for the logistics operation including loading stations, railway transportation and storing of northern ports of the Group. Mr. SU has more than 10 years of working experience. Mr. SU joined the Group in 2005, and worked as the deputy general manager of the shipping department and assistant of the Group's president.

Mr. MA Baofeng (馬保峰), aged 35, is the vice president of the Group. Mr. MA is principally responsible for coal purchasing in PRC and supervision of self-owned coal mines of the Group. Mr. MA has more than 10 years of working experience. Mr. MA joined the Group in 1999, and worked as the deputy general manager of the purchase and sales department and purchasing manager of the mining zone.

高級管理人員(續)

蘇文勇先生,38歲,本集團副總裁,主 要負責本集團煤炭轉運站、鐵路運輸部 及北方港口倉儲部的物流運作。蘇先生 擁有逾10年工作經驗。蘇先生于二零零 五年加入本集團,歷任集團航運單元副 總經理、集團總裁助理。

馬保峰先生,35歲,本集團副總裁,主 要負責本集團國內煤炭的採購及其自有 煤礦的監管。馬先生擁有逾10年工作經 驗。馬先生于一九九九年加入本集團, 歷任礦區採購部總經理、採購與銷售部 副總經理。

BUSINESS REVIEW

The Group is a leading non-State owned thermal coal supplier in China, and it operates an integrated coal supply chain, including coal mining, purchase and sales, filtering, storage, blending, shipping transportation and port business. During the year ended 31 December 2011, the Group continued to focus on these business activities and expanded its integrated coal supply chain through upward vertical integration.

Significant Growth in the Operating Results

The growth in China's gross domestic product (GDP) has slowed down but remained strong. The GDP of China posted a year-on-year growth of 9.2% in 2011. The steadily growing economy facilitated a growth in the demand for coal-fired electricity. Led by the members of the Board, the Group captured the business opportunities successfully. During the year ended 31 December 2011, the Group expanded its coal customer base and established business relationship with new large power plants (such as China Resources Power Holdings Co., Ltd. Henan Branch, China Resources Power Holdings Co., Ltd. Jiangsu Branch, Fujian Huadian Kemen Power Generation Co., Ltd. and Huaneng Jinggangshan Power Plant) and Stated-owned coal suppliers (such as China Coal Energy Limited and Datong Coal Mine Group Co., Ltd). In addition, with the management's effort on strengthening the existing logistics facilities, the coal supply chain capability of the Group was further enhanced which resulted in the strong growth of revenue and net profit of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2011.

業務回顧

本集團是中國領先的非國有動力煤供應商,經營一體化煤炭供應鏈,包括採煤、煤炭購銷、選煤、存儲、配煤、航運運輸和港口業務。截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團繼續專注該等業務活動及透過上游垂直整合拓展其一體化煤炭供應。

經營業績顯著增長

中國國內生產總值的增長雖然已減緩但 仍然強勁。中國二零一一年國內生產總 值同比增長9.2%。經濟的穩定發展加快 火力發電需求的增長。在董事會各成員 的帶領下,本集團成功把握商機。截至 二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度,本 集團擴展其客戶基礎,並與新興大型電 廠(如華潤電力燃料(河南)有限公司、華 潤電力(江蘇)燃料有限公司、福建華電 可門發電有限公司及華能國際電力股份 有限公司井岡山電廠等)和國有大型煤炭 供應商(如中國中煤能源股份有限公司及 大同煤礦集團有限責任公司等)建立業務 關係。此外,經管理層著力加強現有物 流設施,本集團進一步提升了煤炭供應 鏈能力,從而令本集團截至二零一一年 十二月三十一日止年度之收入及淨利潤 大增。

BUSINESS REVIEW (continued)

Significant Growth in the Operating Results (continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2011, the Group achieved a significant growth in the handling and trading volume of coal as compared to 2010. The coal handling and trading volume of the Group was 15,927,000 tonnes, representing an increase of 45.9% as compared to 2010. The monthly average selling prices of coal during the year ended 31 December 2011 were in the range between RMB563 per tonne and RMB677 per tonne, which were higher than the average selling prices between RMB539 per tonne and RMB620 per tonne during the same period in 2010.

Profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company, excluding the bargain purchase gain arising from the acquisition of Shanxi Huameiao Energy Group Limited ("Huameiao Energy") during the year, was RMB515.5 million, representing an increase of 42.5% from the profit attributable to equity shareholders of RMB361.7 million, excluding the bargain purchase gain arising from the acquisition of Shanxi Hun Yuan Rui Feng Coal Company Limited ("Ruifeng Coal") in 2010.

Vertical Integration and Improvement in Coal Supply Chain

The Directors consider upstream investments are part of the Group's core strategy to achieve a vertically fully integrated supply chain and enhance our distribution margin given their close proximity to our logistics network.

In November 2010, the Group entered into an equity interest transfer agreement for the acquisition of 32% equity interest in Huameiao Energy for consideration of RMB1.6 billion. The acquisition was completed on 1 January 2011. In October 2011, the Group has entered into another equity interest transfer agreement for the acquisition of an additional 48% equity interest in Huameiao Energy for consideration ("Second Consideration") of RMB2.88 billion. After acquisition of the additional equity interest, the interest of the Group in Huameiao Energy has been increased from 32% to 80%.

業務回顧(續)

經營業績顯著增長(續)

截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年 度,本集團的煤炭經營及貿易量較二零 一零年取得顯著增長。本集團的煤炭經 營及貿易量為15,927,000噸,較二零一 零年上升45.9%。截至二零一一年十二月 三十一日止年度,煤炭月平均售價介乎 每噸人民幣563元至每噸人民幣677元, 較二零一零年同期平均售價介乎每噸人 民幣539元至每噸人民幣620元提高。

於年內,本公司權益持有人應佔溢利(不 包括因收購山西華美奧能源集團有限公 司(「華美奧能源」)產生的議價購入收益) 為人民幣 515,500,000 元,較二零一零年 權益持有人應佔溢利人民幣361,700,000 元(不包括因收購山西渾源瑞風煤業有限 責任公司(「瑞風煤業」)產生的議價購入 收益) 上升42.5%。

縱向整合,完善煤炭供應鏈

董事會認為上游投資乃本集團實現垂直 充分綜合供應鏈核心策略的一部分,且 因其密切接駁本集團的物流網絡而能夠 提高本集團的分銷利潤。

於二零一零年十一月,本集團訂立股權 轉讓協議,以代價人民幣1,600,000,000 元收購華美奧能源之32%股權。收購於 二零一一年一月一日完成。於二零一一 年十月,本集團訂立了另一項股權轉讓 協議,以代價人民幣2,880,000,000元 (「第二次代價」) 收購華美奧能源的額外 48%股權。於收購額外股權後,本集團 於華美奧能源之權益由32%增加至80%。

BUSINESS REVIEW (continued)

Vertical Integration and Improvement in Coal Supply Chain *(continued)*

The Second Consideration will be payable in three installments:

- RMB1,000 million has already been paid;
- RMB1,232 million will be payable not later than 30 June 2013;
- RMB648 million will be settled by way of the Group taking up
 the responsibility to repay the banking facilities of Huameiao
 Energy in the amount of RMB648 million, upon obtaining
 approval from the relevant PRC government on the transfer of
 equity interest of Huameiao Energy.

Since the completion of the acquisition of the additional 48% equity interest in Huameiao Energy which took place on 23 December 2011, Huameiao Energy has become a subsidiary of the Group and its financial results were consolidated into the financial statements of the Group. Huameiao Energy has three wholly-owned subsidiaries and each subsidiary holds the mining right of one coal mine in Shuozhou, Shanxi Province, China.

Further information on the acquisition was set forth in the Company's circular dated 8 December 2011.

As at 31 December 2011, the Group controlled a total of four PRC coal mines and have a significant interest in one Australian coal mine. The table sets forth certain information about these coal mines.

業務回顧(續)

縱向整合,完善煤炭供應鏈(續)

第二次代價分三期支付:

- 人民幣 1,000,000,000 元已支付;
- 人民幣1,232,000,000元將不遲於二零一三年六月三十日支付;
- 人民幣648,000,000元將通過本集 團於獲得相關中國政府部門批准 華美奧能源的股權轉讓之後,負 責償還華美奧能源金額為人民幣 648,000,000元銀行借款的方式予 以支付。

由於收購華美奧能源的額外48%股權已 於二零一一年十二月二十三日完成,華 美奧能源自此成為本集團的一間附屬公 司,且其財務業績將合併至本集團的財 務報表內。華美奧能源擁有三間全資附 屬公司及每間附屬公司均持有中國山西 省朔州煤礦的煤炭採礦權。

有關該項收購的進一步詳情載於本公司日期為二零一一年十二月八日之通函。

於二零一一年十二月三十一日,本集團 合共控制四個中國煤礦,並於一個澳洲 煤礦擁有重大權益。下表載列有關該等 煤礦的若干資料。

BUSINESS REVIEW (continued)

業務回顧(續)

Vertical Integration and Improvement in Coal Supply Chain (continued)

縱向整合,完善煤炭供應鏈(續)

As at 31 December 2011

於二零一一年十二月三十一日

				Operation	Total coal	Total coal
	Location 地點	Ownership 擁有百分比	Site area 面積	status 營運狀況	reserves 總煤炭儲量	resources 總煤炭資源量
	- 5 //4	JE 13 H 23 20	sq. km 平方千米		million tonnes 百萬噸	million tonnes 百萬噸
Huameiao Energy - Xingtao Coal (Note 1) 華美奧能源-興陶煤業(附註1)	Shuozhou Shanxi 山西朔州	80%	4.3	Under operation 營運中	82	121
Huameiao Energy – Fengxi Coal (Note 1) 華美奧能源-馮西煤業(附註1)	Shuozhou Shanxi 山西朔州	80%	2.4	Under operation (full production has commenced in early 2011) 營運中 (於二零一一年初 開始全面生產)	50	78
Huameiao Energy – Chongsheng Coal (Note 1) 華美奧能源-崇升煤業(附註1)	Shuozhou Shanxi 山西朔州	80%	2.9	Under operation (scheduled to be in full production in 2013) 營運中 (預計 於二零一三年 全面生產)	51	81
Ruifeng Coal (Note 2) 瑞風煤業(附註2)	Datong Shanxi 山西大同	87.88%	2.7	Under development 開發中	n.a. 不適用	67 (Note 3) (附註3)
Tiaro Coal Tiaro Coal	Australia 澳洲	21.15%	n.a. 不適用	Under exploration 勘探中	n.a. 不適用	n.a. 不適用

BUSINESS REVIEW (continued)

Vertical Integration and Improvement in Coal Supply Chain (continued)

Note:

The Group engaged an independent mineral industry consultant to estimate the total coal reserves and resources as of 30 September 2011 in accordance with the JORC Code. For the period from 1 October 2011 to 31 December 2011, there was no material change in total coal reserves and resources. The total coal reserves and resources as of 31 December 2011 were derived from the estimated figures after deducting the raw coal production for the period from 1 October 2011 to 31 December 2011.

The total coal reserves represent proven and probable reserves. Details are summarized as follows:

業務回顧(續)

縱向整合,完善煤炭供應鏈(續)

附註:

本集團委託一家獨立礦業顧問公司根據 JORC守則估計截至二零一一年九月三十 日的總煤炭儲量及總煤炭資源量。就二 零一一年十月一日至二零一一年十二月 三十一日止期間而言,總煤炭儲量及總 煤炭資源量並無重大變動。於二零一-年十二月三十一日的總煤炭儲量及總煤 炭資源量乃經扣除二零一一年十月一日 起至二零一一年十二月三十一日止期間 原煤產量後依據估計數字後而得出。

> 總煤炭儲量指證實儲量及概約儲量。詳 情概述如下:

Coal Reserves (million tonnes) 相异母县(百苗崎)

		Proved 證實	床灰繭重(日禹噸) Probable 概約	Total 總計
Xingtao Coal	興陶煤業	68	14	82
Fengxi Coal Chongsheng Coal	馮西煤業 崇升煤業	23 33	27 18	50 51
		124	59	183

- The total coal resources were estimated under the PRC standards.
- 3. The Group acquired Ruifeng Coal at the end of February 2010 and the group disclosed that the mine shaft has a coal resource of over 59 million tonnes in 2010 Annual Report.

The Group engaged a PRC mineral industry consultant to update the total coal resources to 67 million tonnes as of 30 September 2011 under the PRC standards.

The following table sets forth the historical full-year production figures at the abovementioned mines for the periods indicated:

- 總煤炭資源量乃根據中國標準估計。
- 本集團於二零一零年二月底收購瑞風煤 3. 業且本集團於二零一零年年報內披露, 礦井的總煤炭資源量超過59,000,000噸。

本集團委託一家中國煤業顧問公司根據 中國準則更新截至二零一一年九月三十 日的總煤炭資源量至67,000,000噸。

下表列示上述煤礦於所示期間的全年歷 史產量記錄:

Year ended 31 December

截至十二月三十一日止年度

		2009	2010	2011
		二零零九年	二零一零年	二零一一年
Raw coal production volume		('000 tonnes)	('000 tonnes)	('000 tonnes)
原煤產量		(千噸)	(千噸)	(千噸)
Huameiao Energy – Xingtao Coal	華美奧能源-興陶煤業	1,800	2,837	2,800
Huameiao Energy – Fengxi Coal	華美奧能源-馮西煤業	_	860*	1,862
Huameiao Energy –	華美奧能源-崇升煤業			
Chongsheng Coal		_	_	486
Ruifeng Coal	瑞風煤業		_	300*
Total	總計	1,800	3,697	5,448

BUSINESS REVIEW (continued)

業務回顧(續)

Vertical Integration and Improvement in Coal Supply Chain (continued)

縱向整合,完善煤炭供應鏈(續)

Year ended 31 December

截至十二月三十一日止年度

Commercial coal production vo 商業煤產量	lume	2009 二零零九年 ('000 tonnes) (千噸)	2010 二零一零年 ('000 tonnes) (千噸)	2011 二零一一年 ('000 tonnes) (千噸)
Huameiao Energy – Xingtao Coal Huameiao Energy – Fengxi Coal Huameiao Energy –	華美奧能源-興陶煤業 華美奧能源-馮西煤業 華美奧能源-崇升煤業	1,170 –	1,844 559*	1,820 1,210
Chongsheng Coal Ruifeng Coal	瑞風煤業	_ _	-	316 300*
Total	總計	1,170	2,403	3,646

These represented development coal produced from construction of the coal mines.

Expenditure on exploration, mining and development activities for the year ended 31 December 2011 were RMB476.7 million.

截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度 在勘探、採礦及開發活動方面的支出為 人民幣476,700,000元。

FINANCIAL REVIEW

財務回顧

Revenue and Handling and Trading Volume

收入與經營及貿易量

		Year ende	Year ended 31 December	
		截至十二月	三十一日止年度	
Revenue		2011	2010	
收入		二零一一年	二零一零年	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
Coal business	煤炭業務	9,836,259	6,316,821	
Shipping transportation	航運	134,847	138,984	

為於建設礦場通道時所產生之煤炭。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (continued)

Revenue and Handling and Trading Volume (continued)

Handling and Trading volume 經營及貿易量

Coal Handling and Trading 煤炭經營及貿易

EW (continued) 財務回顧(續)

收入與經營及貿易量(續)

Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

20112010二零一一年二零一零年

'000 tonnes '000 tonnes 千噸 千噸

15,927 10,918

Due to the increased efficiency of the Group's entire coal supply chain capability, the Group achieved a significant growth in handling and trading volume of coal as compared to the same period in 2010. During the year ended 31 December 2011, the total coal handling and trading volume of the Group was 15,927,000 tonnes, representing an increase of approximately 5,009,000 tonnes or 45.9% as compared to the same period in 2010.

The monthly average selling price of coal during the year ended 31 December 2011 were in range between RMB563 per tonne and RMB677 per tonne, which were higher than the average selling prices between RMB539 per tonne and RMB620 per tonne during the same period in 2010.

The average coal selling price and the coal handling and trading volume for each of the three years ended 31 December 2011 are set forth in the table below:

由於本集團整體煤炭供應鏈能力的效率提升,本集團的煤炭經營及貿易量較二零一零年同期取得顯著增長。截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團的總煤炭經營及貿易量為15,927,000噸,較二零一零年同期上升約5,009,000噸或45.9%。

於截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年 度內煤炭的每月平均售價介乎每噸人民 幣 563 元及每噸人民幣 677 元,高於二零 一零年同期介乎每噸人民幣 539 元及每噸 人民幣 620 元的平均售價。

截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止三個 年度各年,平均煤炭銷售價格與煤炭經 營及貿易量載列於下表:

Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

		2009 二零零九年	2010 二零一零年	2011 二零一一年
		—令令儿十	一 令 令十	一令 十
Average selling price (RMB per tonne)	平均售價 <i>(每噸人民幣元)</i>	493	579	618
Average monthly handling and trading volume (thousand tonnes	平均每月經營及 (s) 貿易量(<i>千噸</i>)	569	910	1,327

FINANCIAL REVIEW (continued)

Revenue and Handling and Trading Volume (continued)

The Group sells blended coal which is sourced from both overseas and the PRC domestic markets to customers, including power plants, cement plants and coal traders. Most of the Group's customers are located in the coastal regions of China. Power plants, being the major customers of the Group, purchase coal for their use in the combustion processes to produce steam for power and heat. Cement plants consume coal as primary fuel in their production process. The following table sets forth information regarding the Group's coal sales by industry segment during 2011 and 2010:

財務回顧(續)

收入與經營及貿易量(續)

本集團將其自海外及中國國內市場採購的煤炭經配煤後轉售予發電廠、水泥廠及煤炭貿易商等客戶。本集團客戶多數位於中國沿海地區。發電廠為本集團的主要客戶,其採購煤炭用於燃燒過程,以產生蒸汽用於發電及發熱,而水泥廠生產過程中的主要燃料為煤炭。下表載列本集團於二零一一年及二零一零年期間按行業分部劃分的煤炭銷售資料:

Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

		2011		2010	
		二零一一年		二零一零年	
		Percentage of		Percentage of	
		Net sales		Net sales	
		Net sales	佔總銷售淨額	Net sales	佔總銷售淨額
		銷售淨額	的百分比	銷售淨額	的百分比
		RMB'000	% of total	RMB'000	% of total
		人民幣千元	(%)	人民幣千元	(%)
Power plants	發電廠	4,666,856	47.4	4,158,910	65.8
Coal traders	煤炭貿易商	3,683,752	37.5	1,222,689	19.4
Cement plants and others*	水泥廠及其他*	1,485,651	15.1	935,222	14.8
Total	總計	9,836,259	100.0	6,316,821	100.0

^{*} Others mainly represented large State-owned coal suppliers. Most of them were new customers of the Group in current year.

The segment turnover for shipping transportation from external customers for the year ended 31 December 2011 was RMB134.8 million, representing a slight decrease of RMB4.2 million or 3.0% from RMB139.0 million for the same period in 2010. There was decrease in freight rates during the year as a result of decrease in demand due to the increase in charter fuel prices and the oversupply of shipping transportation capacity, but the negative impact of declining in freight rates was compensated by the increase in revenue from two new vessels which have come into operation during 2011.

截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度來自外部客戶的航運運輸分部營業額為人民幣134,800,000元,較二零一零年同期的人民幣139,000,000元輕微減少人民幣4,200,000元或3.0%。年內運費因租船燃油價格上升及航運運輸產能過剩導致需求下降而有所下降,但隨着於二零一一年兩艘新貨船投入營運,收入增加,該運費下降的負面影響已被抵銷。

^{*} 其他指大型國有煤炭供應商。大多為本 集團今年之新客戶。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (continued)

Gross Profit and Gross Profit Margin

The Group's gross profit increased by approximately RMB330.8 million during the year ended 31 December 2011 to RMB1,088.4 million from RMB757.6 million during the same period in 2010, mainly because of the substantial increase in the coal handling and trading volume.

The Group's annual gross profit margin has remained stable at approximately 10 to 12% over the past three years.

Other Income

During the year ended 31 December 2011, the Group's other income amounted to RMB106.0 million, representing an increase of 131.9% as compared with RMB45.7 million in the same period in 2010. Other income mainly represented the bargain purchase gain on the acquisition of 80% equity interest in Huameiao Energy of RMB54.9 million and gain from deemed disposal of the 32% equity interest in Huameiao Energy of RMB22.0 million.

Cost of Sales

Cost of sales of the Group in 2011 amounted to RMB8,882.7 million, representing an increase of 55.9% as compared with RMB5,698.2 million in 2010. The increase was in line with the increase in turnover.

財務回顧(續)

毛利及毛利率

截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團的毛利由二零一零年同期人民幣757,600,000元增加至人民幣1,088,400,000元,增加約人民幣330,800,000元,主要由於煤炭經營及貿易量大幅上升所致。

本集團的年度毛利率於過去三年穩定維持在約10%至12%。

其他收入

截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團的其他收入為人民幣106,000,000元,與二零一零年同期人民幣45,700,000元比較增長131.9%。其他收入主要指收購華美奧能源80%股權的議價購入收益人民幣54,900,000元及視作出售華美奧能源32%股權的收益人民幣22,000,000元。

銷售成本

本集團於二零一一年的銷售成本達人民幣8,882,700,000元,較二零一零年人民幣5,698,200,000元上升55.9%。升幅與營業額增長相符。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (continued)

財務回顧(續)

Cost of Sales (continued)

銷售成本(續)

The following table set forth the cost of sales of the coal business segment:

下表載列煤炭業務分部的銷售成本:

			Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度	
		2011 二零一一年	2010	
		RMB million 人民幣百萬元	RMB million 人民幣百萬元	
Cost of coal purchased	外購煤炭的成本	7,769.4	4,523.9	
Cost of coal transportation*	煤炭運輸的成本*	776.1	1,115.1	
Cost of self-produced coal (Note 1) Materials, fuel, power	自產煤炭的成本(附註1) 原料、燃料、動力	728.1 137.9	- -	
Staff costs Transportation	員工成本 運輸	81.2 21.3	-	
Depreciation and amortisation Others	折舊及攤銷 其他	71.6 416.1	_	
Other costs	其他成本	46.6	37.3	
Total cost of sales of coal business segment	煤炭業務分部的總銷售成本	9,320.2	5,676.3	

Cost of coal transportation refers to the transportation cost before elimination on consolidation.

附註1: 自產煤炭成本指華美奧能源及瑞風煤 礦的全年成本。本集團已自二零一一 年十二月二十三日(華美奧能源成為 本集團附屬公司之日)起收購華美奧 能源80%股權。

煤炭運輸成本指合併對銷前的運輸成 本。

Note 1: The cost of self-produced coals represented the full-year cost of Huameiao Energy and Ruifeng coal. The Group has acquired 80% equity interest of Huameiao Energy since 23 December 2011 (the date of which Huameiao Energy became a subsidiary of the Group).

FINANCIAL REVIEW (continued)

Cost of Sales (continued)

The Group purchases coal from both overseas and the PRC domestic market. The following table sets forth information regarding the Group's origins of coal based on sales volume and net sales in 2011 and 2010:

財務回顧(續)

銷售成本(續)

本集團自海外及中國國內市場採購煤 炭。下表載列有關本集團於二零一一年 及二零一零年期間按銷量及銷售淨額之 煤炭來源之資料:

Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

		2011		2010	
		二零	一一年	二零一零年	
Origins of coal		Sales volume	Net sales	Sales volume	Net sales
煤炭來源		銷量	銷售淨額	銷量	銷售淨額
		'000 tonnes	RMB'000	'000 tonnes	RMB'000
		千噸	人民幣千元	千噸	人民幣千元
Indonesia	印尼	6,237	3,920,590	4,051	2,282,820
China	中國	6,906	3,890,176	3,497	1,889,436
Canada	加拿大	843	855,182	490	435,457
Vietnam	越南	966	538,971	881	476,358
South Africa	南非	532	318,304	955	551,177
Australia	澳洲	443	313,036	907	591,901
Others	其他		-	137	89,672
Total	總計	15,927	9,836,259	10,918	6,316,821

The Group keeps expanding the network of overseas suppliers to ensure a supply of coal with reliable and stable quantity and quality.

The Group has established stable cooperative relationships with its key overseas and PRC domestic coal suppliers and has developed business relationships with the majority of them over a period of not less than three years. The Group has also been undergoing upstream expansion through acquisition of companies holding coal mines. This enables the Group to obtain a reliable supply of quality coal.

本集團繼續拓展海外供應商網絡,以確 保具可靠質素及穩定數量的煤炭供應。

本集團與其主要海外及中國國內煤炭供 應商建立了穩定合作關係且與大多數該 等供應商有至少三年的業務往來關係。 本集團亦通過收購持有煤礦的公司從上 游擴展。這令本集團取得了可靠及優質 的煤炭供應。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (continued)

Administrative Expenses

During the year ended 31 December 2011, the Group's administrative expenses amounted to RMB203.6 million, representing an increase of 65.7% as compared with RMB122.9 million in the same period in 2010. Such increase was mainly contributed by the increase in staff cost, one-off professional fee for consultancy services and auditor's remuneration. The increase in auditor's remuneration was mainly contributed by the audit service fee incurred for the acquisition of 32% and 48% equity interest in Huameiao Energy.

Distribution Expenses

Distribution expenses increased slightly by 6.1% to RMB127.0 million during the year ended 31 December 2011.

Net Finance Costs

Net finance costs of the Group in 2011 amounted to RMB186.1 million, representing an increase of RMB134.0 million or approximately 257.2% from RMB52.1 million in 2010. This was principally due to the increase in interest rate as a result of the tightening of fiscal policy in the PRC, the increase in the trade finance to support the increase in the coal handling and trading volume during 2011 and the loan relating to the acquisition of the equity interest in Huameiao Energy.

Income Tax Expense

The Group's income tax expense in 2011 was RMB99.1 million, representing a decrease of 20.8% from RMB125.2 million in 2010. The Group's effective income tax rate was 14.2% in 2011 and 25.0% in 2010. The reduction in effective tax rate was mainly due to the reversal of tax provision, the non-taxable nature of one-off bargain purchase gain arising from the acquisition of Huameiao Energy and gain from deemed disposal of the 32% equity interest in Huameiao Energy.

財務回顧(續)

行政開支

截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團的行政開支為人民幣203,600,000元,與二零一零年同期的人民幣122,900,000元比較增加65.7%。有關增加主要由於員工成本、一次性顧問服務的專業費用及核數師酬金增加所致,而核數師酬金的增加乃主要由於收購華美奧能源32%及48%股權產生的審核服務費用所致。

分銷開支

分銷開支稍微增加6.1%至截至二零 一一年十二月三十一日止年度的人民幣 127,000,000元。

財務成本淨額

本集團於二零一一年的財務成本淨額達人民幣186,100,000元,較二零一零年人民幣52,100,000元,上升人民幣134,000,000元或約257.2%,主要由於中國財政政策緊縮而引致利率上升,貿易融資的增加以支持煤炭經營及貿易量於二零一一年的增加及與收購華美奧能源股權有關貸款引致。

所得税開支

本集團於二零一一年的所得稅開支人民幣99,100,000元,較二零一零年人民幣125,200,000元,減少20.8%。本集團於二零一一年的實際所得稅率為14.2%,而二零一零年為25.0%。實際所得稅稅率下降主要由於稅務回轉,收購華美奧能源的議價購入收益和視作出售華美奧能源32%股權的收益皆為非課稅性質的一次性收益。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (continued)

Profit Attributable to Equity Shareholders

Profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company, excluding the bargain purchase gain on the acquisition of Huameiao Energy during the year ended 31 December 2011 was RMB515.5 million, representing an increase of 42.5% from the profit attributable to equity shareholders of RMB361.7 million, excluding the bargain purchase gain on the acquisition of Ruifeng Coal, for the same period in 2010. This was mainly contributed by the increase in profitability of the coal handling and trading business as a result of the increasing demand and the average selling prices of coal during the year.

LIQUIDITY, FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND CAPITAL STRUCTURE

The Group adopts stringent financial management policies and maintains a healthy financial condition. The Group funds its business operations and general working capital by internally generated financial resources and bank borrowings.

As at 31 December 2011, the Group recorded net current liabilities of RMB1,062.2 million which were mainly due to the payment in cash for the acquisition of the 80% equity interest in Huameiao Energy. The Group has taken initiative to enhance the financial flexibility by diversifying the funding bases and obtain medium term loans to replace short term loans.

The management has also taken initiative to strengthen the Group's working capital cycle during the year. As at 31 December 2011, the cash and cash equivalents of the Group amounted to RMB592.0 million, representing an increase of 106.2%. During the financial year ended 31 December 2011, the net cash generated from operating activities by the Group also increased significantly from RMB167.7 million in the previous year to RMB948.6 million.

財務回顧(續)

權益持有人應佔溢利

截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司權益持有人應佔溢利(不包括收購華美奧能源的議價購入收益)為人民幣515,500,000元,較二零一零年同期權益持有人應佔溢利人民幣361,700,000元(不包括收購瑞風煤業的議價購入收益)增加42.5%。權益持有人應佔溢利增加主要因為煤炭經營及貿易業務盈利能力因年內煤炭需求增長及平均售價提高。

流動資金、財務資源及資本架構

本集團採納嚴謹的財務管理政策並維持 穩健的財務狀況。本集團通過內部產生 的財務資源及銀行借貸撥付其業務活動 及一般運營資金。

於二零一一年十二月三十一日,本集團 錄得流動負債淨額人民幣1,062,200,000 元,主要原因為撥付現金收購華美奧能 源80%股權所致。本集團已採取措施透 過多元化融資基礎提升財務靈活性,並 獲得中期貸款以取代短期貸款。

管理層於年內亦已採取措施加強本集團運營資金週轉狀況。於二零一一年十二月三十一日,本集團現金及現金等價物達人民幣592,000,000元,增加106.2%。截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止財政年度,本集團經營活動所得現金淨額亦由上一年度人民幣167,700,000元大幅增加至人民幣948,600,000元。

LIQUIDITY, FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND CAPITAL **STRUCTURE** (continued)

As at 31 December 2011, the total bank and other borrowings of the Group were RMB3,348.1 million (as at 31 December 2010: RMB3,610.0 million), RMB1,565.3 million of which were repayable within one year and carried interest at market rates ranging from 3.47% to 11.50% (31 December 2010: 1.05% to 6.13%) per annum.

Non-current bank loans as at 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2010 carried at variable interest rates.

As at 31 December 2011, the Group had total banking facilities of RMB13,024.9 million (as at 31 December 2010: RMB4,659.8 million), of which RMB4,894.0 million (as at 31 December 2010: RMB3,107.5 million) were utilised.

As at 31 December 2011, the Group's cash and cash equivalents, except amounts of RMB1.7 million and RMB77.8 million held in Hong Kong dollars ("HKD") and United States dollars ("USD"), respectively, were held in RMB. The Group's interest-bearing borrowings made in RMB and USD were RMB3,022.4 million and RMB325.6 million, respectively.

The gearing ratio (calculated as bank debt netted off cash and cash equivalents plus pledged deposits divided by total assets) of the Group as at 31 December 2011 was 17.0% (as at 31 December 2010: 36.9%). The significant decrease was mainly due to the increase in shareholders' equity of the Group after the acquisition of Huameiao Energy.

流動資金、財務資源及資本架構(續)

於二零一一年十二月三十一日,本 集團銀行及其他借貸總額為人民幣 3,348,100,000元(於二零一零年十二月 三十一日:人民幣3,610,000,000元),其 中人民幣 1.565,300,000 元於一年內償還 並按市場年利率3.47%至11.50%(二零一 零年十二月三十一日:1.05%至6.13%)計 息。

於二零一一年十二月三十一日及二零一 零年十二月三十一日,非即期銀行貸款 按浮動利率計息。

本集團於二零一一年十二月三十一 日之銀行授信額度總額為人民幣 13,024,900,000元(於二零一零年十二月 三十一日: 人民幣 4,659,800,000 元), 其 中人民幣4,894,000,000元(於二零一零年 十二月三十一日:人民幣3,107,500,000 元)已佔用。

於二零一一年十二月三十一日,本集團 現金及現金等價物(人民幣1,700,000元 及人民幣77,800,000元分別以港元(「港 元」)及美元(「美元」)持有除外)均以人民 幣持有,而本集團以人民幣及美元進行 之計息借貸分別為人民幣3,022,400,000 元及人民幣325.600.000元。

本集團於二零一一年十二月三十一日的 資產負債比率(按銀行貸款經抵銷現金 及現金等價物加已抵押存款除以資產總 值計算)為17.0%(於二零一零年十二月 三十一日:36.9%)。資產負債比率大幅 下降主要源於本集團於收購華美奧能源 後,股東權益大幅增加。

EXPOSURE TO FLUCTUATIONS IN EXCHANGE RATES AND RELATED HEDGING

The Group's cash and cash equivalents are held predominately in RMB, HKD and USD. Operating outgoings incurred by the Group's subsidiaries in the PRC are mainly denominated in RMB while overseas purchases are usually denominated in USD. The Group's subsidiaries usually receive revenue in RMB.

The Group has entered into several foreign exchange forward contracts with banks in order to reduce the negative impact caused by the appreciation of RMB. The purpose of these transactions is to control the cost of the Group's RMB investments, in terms of foreign currencies, that are required to be injected into the PRC in the near future. As at 31 December 2011, the Group had two foreign exchange option contracts and three foreign exchange forward contracts. The aggregate fair value of these contracts was net assets of approximately RMB0.1 million as at 31 December 2011.

PLEDGE OF ASSETS OF THE GROUP AND GUARANTEE

As at 31 December 2011, the Group's assets in an aggregate amount of RMB5,837.0 million (as at 31 December 2010: RMB2,392.3 million) in forms of property, plant and equipment, coal mining rights, inventories and bank deposits were pledged to banks for credit facilities granted to the Group.

As at 31 December 2011, Mr. XU Jihua, the chairman of the Board and an executive Director, provided guarantees to banks for granting banking facilities of an amount equivalent to RMB4,226.4 million (as at 31 December 2010: RMB1,568.5 million) to the Group.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2011, the Group did not have any material contingent liabilities.

匯率波動風險及有關對沖

本集團之現金及現金等價物主要以人民 幣、港元及美元持有。本集團中國附屬 公司之營運支出主要以人民幣列值,而 海外採購則以美元列值。本集團附屬公 司常以人民幣收取收益。

本集團已與銀行訂立若干外匯遠期合約,以減低人民幣升值帶來的負面影響。該等交易旨在控制日後需要注入中國以外幣計的本集團人民幣投資成本。於二零一一年十二月三十一日,本集團擁有兩份外匯期權合約及三份外匯遠期合約。於二零一一年十二月三十一日,該等合約的公允值總額約為人民幣100,000元的資產淨值。

本集團的資產抵押及擔保

於二零一一年十二月三十一日,本集團以共計人民幣5,837,000,000元(於二零一零年十二月三十一日:人民幣2,392,300,000元)的物業、廠房及設備、煤炭採礦權、存貨以及銀行存款等資產作為銀行向本集團授信的抵押。

於二零一一年十二月三十一日,董事會主席兼執行董事徐吉華先生就本集團所獲相等於人民幣4,226,400,000元(於二零一零年十二月三十一日:人民幣1,568,500,000元)的銀行融資向銀行提供擔保。

或然負債

於二零一一年十二月三十一日,本集團 並無任何重大或然負債。

FINAL DIVIDEND

The Directors have considered the dividend policy as set forth in the Prospectus. In light of the anticipated capital expenditure and investments of the Group, the Directors consider that it would be more appropriate to deploy the financial resources to further strengthen the capital position and business development of the Group. On this basis, the Directors have decided not to declare any final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2011. No proposal for declaring the final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2011 will be made at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company (the "Annual General Meeting"). The Directors are committed to the proposed dividend policy set forth in the Prospectus and will consider the declaration and payment of such dividend in accordance with such policy in the forthcoming financial years.

SHARE CAPITAL STRUCTURE

The Board has proposed the issue of bonus shares on the basis of one bonus share for every one existing share (the "Bonus Issue") held by the qualifying shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on 10 October 2011 by way of capitalisation from the Company's share premium account. Details of the Bonus Issue are set out in the Company's circular dated 14 September 2011.

The Bonus Issue has been approved by the shareholders of the Company at the extraordinary general meeting held on 30 September 2011. Accordingly, 1,037,560,000 bonus shares were issued and allotted on 12 October 2011 credited as fully paid at par. As at 31 December 2011, the total number of issued shares of the Company was 2,075,120,000.

Save as the above, there was no change in the share capital structure of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2011.

末期股息

董事已考慮招股章程所載的股息政策。 鑑於本集團預期資本開支及投資,董事 會認為需投放財務資源以進一步增強本 集團作未來發展用途之資本及本集團業 務發展。據此,董事已決定不派發截至 二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度之末 期股息。因此,於即將召開之本公司股 東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)上將不會 建議派發截至二零一一年十二月三十一 日止年度之末期股息。董事仍致力執行 招股章程所載建議股息政策,董事認為 將考慮於未來財政年度根據該政策宣派 及派付該股息。

股本架構

董事會建議通過本公司股份溢價賬資本 化的方式按於二零一一年十月十日名列 本公司股東名冊上的合資格股東所持的 每一股現有股份獲配發一股紅股之基準 發行紅股(「紅利發行」)。紅利發行的詳 情載於本公司日期為二零一一年九月 十四日的涌函內。

紅利發行已經本公司股東於二零一一年 九月三十日舉行的股東特別大會上批 准。因此,於二零一一年十月十二日, 1,037,560,000股紅股已發行及配發,並 按面值入賬列作繳足股款。於二零一一 年十二月三十一日,本公司的已發行股 份總數為2,075,120,000股。

除上文所述外,於截至二零一一年十二 月三十一日止年度內,本公司的股本架 構概無任何變動。

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION

As at 31 December 2011, the Group employed 1,686 employees. The Group has adopted a performance-based reward system to motivate its staff and such system is reviewed on a regular basis. In addition to the basic salaries, year-end bonuses may be offered to staff members with outstanding performance.

Members of the Group established in the PRC are also subject to social insurance contribution plans organised by the PRC government. In accordance with the relevant national and local labour and social welfare laws and regulations, members of the Group established in the PRC are required to pay on behalf of their employees a monthly social insurance premium covering pension insurance, medical insurance, unemployment insurance and other relevant insurance. Members of the Group incorporated in Hong Kong have participated in mandatory provident fund scheme, if applicable, in accordance with the applicable Hong Kong laws and regulations.

Moreover, a Pre-IPO share option scheme was adopted in June 2009 to retain staff members who have made contribution to the success of the Group. As at 31 December 2011, there were 15,200,000 outstanding share options granted under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme to an executive Director and 21 employees of the Group. On 17 January 2012, the Company has further granted share options to subscribe for a total of 20,751,196 ordinary shares of the Company under the Share Option Scheme adopted on 12 June 2009 to 15 employees. As at the date of this announcement, the total number of share options outstanding is 35,951,196. The Directors believe that the compensation packages offered by the Group to its staff members are competitive in comparison with market standards and practices.

僱員及薪酬

於二零一一年十二月三十一日,本集團僱用1,686名僱員。為鼓勵僱員,本集團已採用一套以表現為基礎之獎勵制度並定期對該制度進行檢討。除基本薪金外,本集團將向表現出眾的員工提供年終花紅。

本集團於中國成立的成員公司亦須參與中國政府籌組的社會保險供款計劃。 據相關國家及地方勞動及社會福利法律及法規,本集團於中國成立的成員公括員 須每月為僱員支付社會保險金,包括養 老保險、醫療保險、失業保險及其他開 關保險。本集團於香港註冊成立的成 公司已根據適用的香港法例及規例參加 強制性公積金計劃(倘適用)。

此外,本集團已於二零零九年六月採納首次公開發售前購股權計劃,以留任為本集團成功作出貢獻的員工。於二十一日,根據首次公開發售前購股權計劃授予本集團1名執行更事及21名僱員15,200,000份尚未行日事股權。於二零一二年一月十七日報於二零零九年六月十二日股權的購股權計劃向15名僱員授出購股權,可認購合共本公司20,751,196股會股。於本公佈日期,尚未行使的購與一個數為35,951,196份。董事相信,與數為35,951,196份。董事相信供予員工的薪酬待遇具有競爭力。

Business Outlook 業務展望

Although China's economy is slowing down due to both the government's deliberation (macro tightening) and a deteriorating export environment, a growth of 7-8% can still be maintained, and the Directors are optimistic about the future of the coal sector due to the following reasons:

- It is expected that the average annual growth in coal demand will be above 5% during the Twelve Five-Year Plan period, and that the coal demand in China will reach about 4.3 billion tonnes by 2015. It is expected that there will be certain shortage of coal supply during the Twelve Five-Year Plan period, therefore coal price is expected to maintain a stable upward trend;
- Railway transport is still a bottleneck in China;
- Coal is still the most economical consumable energy source that cannot be substituted, while in times of high oil price, coal is so far the best substitution energy.

The Group possesses the complete supply chain of coal in providing services emerging from the geographical disparity and the transportation bottlenecks and has four quality coal mines in Shanxi Province, of which the Xingtao coal mine of Huameiao Energy were graded as Grade 1 Safe and Efficient Mine by China National Coal Association. The pent-up capacity of these four mines is being gradually released. With good development prospect of the industry and enhanced operating conditions of the Group, it is very optimistic about the future development and business growth of the Group.

In addition to the established business relationship, the Group has taken the initiative to increase the coal sales to the existing customers. Many of the Group's customers are large scale Statedowned enterprises with several dozens of power plants under operation in China, and the Group is a supplier only to some of the power plants of these customers, there are ample room for expansion of business with the existing customers. Therefore, the Group will further boost the coal sales to these customers. Moreover, the Group is actively looking for opportunities to expand the customer base and developing new business relationships with sizable domestic power groups as well as concrete and chemical manufacturers in China.

儘管中國經濟由於政府實行謹慎政策(宏觀緊縮)以及出口環境惡化而放慢增長,但仍能保持7-8%的增長,董事仍對於煤炭行業的前景表示樂觀,理由如下:

- 十二五期間中國煤炭需求年均增長仍將在5%以上,據預計至2015年全國煤炭需求量將達43億噸左右,十二五期間煤炭供應仍存在一定缺口,因此煤炭價格也將保持穩中有升;
- 中國鐵路運輸仍處於發展瓶頸;
- 煤炭仍是最經濟的不可替代的消費 能源,而石油價格處於高位,煤炭 仍是其最佳的替代能源。

由於本集團具備完整的煤炭供應鏈,能夠提供地理差異及運輸瓶頸所衍生出,服務並於山西省擁有四個優質煤礦被共中經華美奧能源所持有的興陶煤礦被與大業協會評為一級安全及原為。該四個煤礦正逐步釋放產能,因以供資強、該四個煤礦工藥數量自身經營增長,將使本集團未來發展及經營增長相當樂觀。

除保持良好現有業務關係外,本集團已 積極著手增加對新客戶及現有客戶的增 量銷售。本集團眾多客戶為中國大型國 有企業,多經營數十個電廠,而本集 僅為這些用戶的部分電廠提供了供應, 現有客戶仍有大量上升空間,故此條 集團將繼續增加對該等現有客戶。此外,本集團積極尋求機會 銷售。此外,本集團積極尋求機會 客戶群,與國內大型電力集團及水泥化 工等工業用戶發展新業務關係。

Business Outlook 業務展望

The acquisition of 80% equity interest in Huameiao Energy further reinforced the Group to become a fully integrated thermal coal supply chain operator and enabled the Group to enter into high growth phase.

Upon successfully acquisition of Huameiao Energy, the Group can be benefited from stable coal supply, higher gross profit margin and stronger cash flow. With the growing coal production from Huameiao Energy, the Group can provide sufficient coal to meet the demands from the power plants, which require stable source of coal supply. The Group also operates a well-developed logistic network which allows ample absorption and realisation of the coal produced. The management expects the gross profit margin will be improved with the increased portion of self-produced coal to purchase coal. The resulting stronger cash flow also enables the Group to achieve a

The Group will continue to implement plans to acquire suitable coal mines and will keep up its efforts in identifying mines in operation for potential mergers and acquisition opportunities. The Group is also actively exploring construction, acquisition or leasing opportunities of the additional coal loading stations along the Daqin Railway in order to further strengthen the coal processing and transportation capacity of the Group.

healthier capital structure.

As at 31 December 2011, the gearing ratio of the Group was 17.0%, representing a significant drop of 19.9% as compared to the 36.9% as at 31 December 2010. The significant drop was mainly due to the increase in shareholders' equity of the Group after the acquisition of Huameiao Energy. The management will continue to take initiative to strengthen the Group's working capital management and further optimize its capital structure.

收購華美奧能源80%股權,進一步促進 本集團成為全面一體化動力煤供應鏈運 營商,使本集團進入高增長階段。

本集團將繼續實施收購合適煤礦的計劃,且將繼續努力尋找正在營運中的煤礦,以發掘潛在合併及收購機遇。本集團亦積極發掘大秦鐵路沿線額外煤炭轉運站建設、收購或租賃機遇,以進一步增強本集團的煤炭處理能力及運輸能力。

於二零一年十二月三十一日,本集團的資產負債比率為17.0%,較二零一零年十二月三十一日的36.9%大幅下降19.9%。此大幅下降主要由於本集團於收購華美奧能源後股東權益增加。管理層將繼續採取措施强化本集團的營運資金管理,並進一步優化本集團的資本架構。

The Board presents this annual report, together with the audited financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2011 (the "Financial Statements").

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The Group is principally engaged in the coal operation business involving coal mining, purchase and sales, filtering, storage, blending, shipping and transportation of coal. The activities of the subsidiaries of the Company are set out in note 21 to the Financial Statements.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group for the year are set out in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on page 66 of this report.

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2011.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year under review are set out in note 16 to the Financial Statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

During the year, the Company issued 1,037,560,000 bonus shares to the qualifying shareholders on the basis of one bonus share for every one existing share by way of capitalization from the Company's share premium account.

Details of the movements in the share capital of the Company during the year under review are set out in note 33 to the Financial Statements.

DONATION

Charitable and other donation made by the Group during the year under review amounted to RMB111,400.

RESERVES

Details of the movements in the reserves of the Group and of the Company during the year under review are set out in note 33 to the Financial Statements.

董事會提呈本集團截至二零一一年十二 月三十一日止年度之年報連同經審核財 務報表(「財務報表」)。

主要業務

本公司主要業務為投資控股。本集團主 要從事煤炭經營業務,包括煤炭開採、 購銷、選煤、儲存、配煤、航運及運 輸。本公司附屬公司之業務載於財務報 表附註21。

業績及分派

本集團年度業績載於本報告第66頁之綜 合全面收入表。

截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年 度,董事會不建議派付末期股息。

物業、廠房及設備

於回顧年度內,本集團物業、廠房及設 備之變動詳情載於財務報表附註16。

股本

於本年度內,本公司通過本公司股份溢 價賬資本化的方式按每一股現有股份獲 配發一股紅股之基準向合資格股東發行 1,037,560,000股紅股。

於回顧年度內,本公司股本之變動詳情 載於財務報表附註33。

捐款

於回顧年度內,本集團用於慈善及其他 捐款款項為人民幣111,400元。

儲備

於回顧年度內,本集團及本公司之儲備 變動詳情載於財務報表附註33。

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

Under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the funds in share premium account are distributable to Shareholders, subject to the condition that immediately following the date on which the distribution or dividend is proposed to be made, the Company is able to pay its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business. The aggregate amount of distributable reserves of the Company as at 31 December 2011 was RMB387,438,000 (2010: RMB482,417,000).

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association (the "**Articles**") or the laws of the Cayman Islands, being the jurisdiction in which the Company was incorporated, which would oblige the Company to offer new Shares on a pro rata basis to existing Shareholders.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the Group's result for each of the five years ended 31 December 2011 and the Group's assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010 and 2011 is set out on page 9 of this report.

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year of 2011 and up to the date of this report are as follows:

Executive directors:

Mr. XU Jihua (Chairman)

Ms. WANG Jianfei (Chief Executive Officer)

Ms. LIU Xiaomei Mr. WENG Li

Independent non-executive directors:

Mr. HUANG Guosheng Mr. LAU Sik Yuen Dr. QIAN Pingfan

可供分派儲備

根據開曼群島公司法,股份溢價賬之資金可供分派予股東,惟緊隨作出有關分派或股息建議之日期後,本公司可在日常業務中償還到期債務。於二零一一年十二月三十一日,本公司可供分派儲備總額為人民幣387,438,000元(二零一零年:人民幣482,417,000元)。

優先購買權

本公司之組織章程細則(「章程細則」)或開曼群島(即本公司註冊成立司法權區) 法例並無有關優先購買權之條文,規定 本公司須按比例向現有股東提呈發售新 股份。

財務概要

本集團截至二零一一年十二月三十一日 止五個年度各年之業績摘要及本集團 於二零零七年、二零零八年、二零零九 年、二零一零年及二零一一年十二月 三十一日之資產及負債載於本報告第9 百。

董事

二零一一年年度至本報告日期,本公司 董事如下:

執行董事:

徐吉華先生(主席) 王劍飛女士(行政總裁) 劉曉梅女士 翁 立先生

獨立非執行董事:

黄國勝先生 劉錫源先生 錢平凡博士

DIRECTORS (continued)

Pursuant to Article 83(3) of the Articles, the Directors shall have the power from time to time and at any time to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy on the Board or as an addition to the existing Board. Any Director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office until the first general meeting of Shareholders after his appointment and be subject to re-election at such meeting and any Director appointed by the Board as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election. Any Director appointed pursuant to Article 83(3) of the Articles shall not be taken into account in determining which particular Directors or the number of Directors who are to retire by rotation.

Pursuant to Article 84 of the Articles, at each annual general meeting one-third of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement at an annual general meeting at least once every three years and shall then be eligible for re-election.

At the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company (the "Annual General Meeting"), Mr. XU Jihua, Ms. WANG Jianfei and Ms. LIU Xiaomei will retire by rotation in accordance with Article 84 of the Articles. All retiring Directors, being eligible, would offer themselves for re-election at the Annual General Meeting.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

None of the Directors who are proposed for re-election at the Annual General Meeting has an unexpired service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

董事(續)

根據章程細則第83(3)條,董事有權不時及隨時委任任何人士為董事以填補董事會臨時空缺或增加現行董事會席位。 獲董事會委任以填補臨時空缺之任期僅至其獲委任後首屆股中,並於該股東大會上重選連任,並於該股東大會上重選連任,並合資格重選連任。根據細則值至下屆股東週年則值至下屆股東週年,在董等 83(3)條委任之任何董事,在董定輪值告 退之特定董事或董事人數時,不得計算在內。

按照章程細則第84條,在每屆股東週年 大會上,當時三分之一之董事須輪值告 退,惟每位董事至少每三年於股東週年 大會上輪值告退並符合資格膺撰連任。

根據本細則第84條,徐吉華先生、王 劍飛女士及劉曉梅女士將於即將舉行之 本公司應屆股東週年大會(「**股東週年大** 會」)上輪值告退。所有退任董事符合資 格並願意於股東週年大會上膺選連任。

董事服務合約

擬於股東週年大會上膺選連任之董事概 無與本公司訂立不可由本公司於一年內 終止而毋須支付賠償(法定賠償除外)之 服務合約。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

Save for the Structure Contracts (as defined in the Prospectus), the details of which are set forth in the paragraphs under "Connected Transactions" below, no contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company and any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director is or was materially interested or had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

INDEPENDENCE OF THE INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received from each of its independent non-executive Directors the confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "**Listing Rules**") and the Board considers the independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Brief biographical details of Directors and senior management are set out on page 11 of this report.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 December 2011, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "SFO")), which were required (a) to be recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO; or (b) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies (the "Model Code") contained in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules were as follows:

董事於合約之權益

除架構合約(定義見招股章程)(其詳情載於下文「關連交易」段落內)外,本公司及其任何附屬公司並無訂立與本集團業務有關並於年末或年內任何時間仍然生效且董事直接或間接擁有或曾擁有重大權益之重要合約。

獨立非執行董事之獨立性

根據聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」) 第3.13條,本公司已從各獨立非執行董 事獲得其獨立性確認函,且董事會認為 獨立非執行董事為獨立。

董事及高級管理層履歷

董事及高級管理層的履歷詳情載於本報 告第11頁。

董事及最高行政人員於股份、相關股份 及債券中之權益及淡倉

於二零一一年十二月三十一日,本公司董事及最高行政人員於本公司及其相聯法團(定義見香港法例第571章證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)之股份、相關股份及債券中擁有(a)根據證券及期貨條例第352條須記錄於本公司所存置登記冊內;或(b)根據上市規則附錄十所載上市公司董事進行證券交易之標準守則(「標準守則」)須通知本公司及聯交所之權益或淡倉如下:

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING **SHARES AND DEBENTURES** (continued)

董事及最高行政人員於股份、相關股份 及債券中之權益及淡倉(續)

Approximate percentage

Interests in the Company

於本公司之權益 1

			r of shares 分數目	of the Co 佔本公司i	hare capital mpany (%) 己發行股本 百分比(%)
Name of Director	Nature of interes	Long	Short	Long	Short
			positions	positions	positions
董事姓名	權益性質	好倉	淡倉	好倉	淡倉
Mr. XU Jihua* 徐吉華先生*	Corporate 公司	1,199,696,000 (Note 1) 1,199,696,000 (附註 1)	Nil 無	57.8 57.8	Nil 無
Ms. WANG Jianfei	Beneficial Owner	100,000,000 (Note 2)	Nil	4.8	Nil
王劍飛女士	實益擁有人	100,000,000(附註2)	無	4.8	無
Mr. WENG Li	Beneficial Owner	6,000,000 (Note 3)	Nil	0.3	Nil
翁立先生	實益擁有人	6,000,000(附註3)	無	0.3	無
Ms. LIU Xiaomei	Beneficial Owner	1,200,000 (Note 4)	Nil	0.1	Nil
劉曉梅女士	實益擁有人	1,200,000(附註4)	無	0.1	無

Notes:

- 1,186,000,000 Shares are held directly by Fortune Pearl International Limited ("Fortune Pearl") which is whollyowned by Mr. XU Jihua. By virtue of the SFO, Mr. XU is deemed to have interests in the 1,186,000,000 Shares. The remaining shares are held directly by Mr. XU on behalf of Fortune Pearl.
- Ms. WANG holds 60,000,000 Shares and the remaining 40,000,000 Shares are held under the trust scheme adopted by Fortune Pearl on 13 June 2009 (the "Trust Scheme").
- Mr. WENG holds 3,600,000 Shares and the remaining 2,400,000 Shares are held under the Trust Scheme.
- The beneficial interest represents Shares that may be issued pursuant to the full exercise of the options granted to Ms. LIU under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme adopted by the Company on 12 June 2009.
- Mr. XU Jihua, being a Director, is also acting as the Chairman of the Board.

附註:

- 1,186,000,000股股份由Fortune Pearl International Limited([Fortune Pearl」)直接持有,而該公司由徐 吉華先生全資擁有。根據證券及期 貨條例,徐吉華先生被視為於該等 1,186,000,000 股股份中擁有權益。 餘下之股份由徐先生代表Fortune Pearl直接持有。
- 王女士持有60,000,000股股份而餘 下40,000,000股股份乃根據Fortune Pearl於二零零九年六月十三日採納 的信託計劃(「信託計劃」)持有。
- 翁先生持有3.600.000股股份而餘 下2,400,000股份乃根據信託計劃持
- 實益權益指根據本公司於二零零九 年六月十二日採納的首次公開發售 前購股權計劃而向劉女士授出的購 股權獲全面行使而可能發行的股份。
- 董事徐吉華先生,亦兼任董事會主 席。

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES (continued)

2. Interests in associated corporations

Name of Director 董事姓名	Name of associated corporations 相聯法團名稱	Capacity 身份	Numbe sha 股份掣
Mr. XU Jihua	Fortune Pearl	Beneficial owner	
徐吉華先生	Fortune Pearl	實益擁有人	

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2011, none of the Directors or chief executive of the Company had interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required (a) to be recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO; or (b) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARE CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 December 2011, the interests and short positions of the persons, other than a Director or chief executive of the Company, in the Shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register of interests required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO were as follows:—

董事及最高行政人員於股份、相關股份 及債券中之權益及淡倉(續)

2. 於相聯法團之權益

Number of shares 股份數目	Percentage of issued shares (%) 已發行股份百分比(%)
1	100
1	100

除上文所披露者外,於二零一一年十二月三十一日,本公司董事或最高行政人員概無於本公司及其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨第XV部)之股份、相關股份或債券中擁有(a)證券及期貨條例第352條規定須記錄於本公司存置登記冊內;或(b)根據標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉。

主要股東於本公司股本中之權益及淡倉

於二零一一年十二月三十一日,下列人士(除本公司董事及最高行政人員外)於本公司之股份及相關股份中,擁有根據證券及期貨條例第336條存置之權益登記冊所記錄之權益及淡倉:一

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARE CAPITAL OF THE **COMPANY** (continued)

主要股東於本公司股本中之權益及淡倉 (續)

> Approximate percentage of issued share capital

Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each of the Company

本公司每股面值0.10港元之普通股

of the Company (%) **Number of shares** 佔本公司已發行股本 股份數目 之概約百分比(%) Long Short Long **Short** Name of shareholder positions positions positions positions 股東姓名 好倉 淡倉 好倉 淡倉 Fortune Pearl (Note 1) 1,186,000,000 Nil 57.2 Nil Fortune Pearl (附註1) 1,186,000,000 無 57.2 無 Equity Trust (HK) Limited (Note 2) 125,600,000 Nil 6.1 Nil 怡信信託服務(香港)有限公司(附註2) 125,600,000 無 6.1 無 Mr. XU Da (Note 3) 160,000,000 Nil 7.7 Nil 徐達先生(附註3) 160,000,000 7.7

Notes:

- Fortune Pearl is wholly-owned by Mr. XU Jihua, a director of the Company.
- Equity Trust (HK) Limited is the trustee of the Trust Scheme holding on trust 125,600,000 Shares for the benefit of the participants of the Trust Scheme, namely Ms. WANG Jianfei, Mr. XU Da, Mr. WENG Li, Mr. LIU Jingwei and Ms. ZHOU Lusha.
- Mr. XU Da holds 80,000,000 Shares, and the remaining 80,000,000 Shares are held under the Trust Scheme.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2011, the Company had not been notified by any persons (other than Directors or the chief executive of the Company) who had interests or short positions in the Shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO. 附註:

- Fortune Pearl由本公司董事徐吉華先生 全資擁有。
- 怡信信託服務(香港)有限公司為信託計 劃的受託人,為信託計劃的參與人(即 王劍飛女士、徐達先生、翁立先生、劉 敬偉先生及周璐莎女士)的利益以信託 方式持有125,600,000股股份。
- 徐達先生持有80,000,000股股份而餘下 80.000.000 股股份根據信託計劃持有。

除上文所披露者外,於二零一一年十二 月三十一日,概無任何人士(不包括本公 司董事或最高行政人員)知會本公司其於 本公司股份或相關股份中,擁有根據證 券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部有關 條文,須向本公司披露之權益或淡倉, 或須根據證券及期貨條例第336條記錄於 本公司存置之登記冊內之權益或淡倉。

DIRECTORS' RIGHT TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Other than in pursuant to the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme and the Share Option Scheme detailed in note 29 to the Financial Statements, at no time during the year ended 31 December 2011 was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debts securities (including debentures) of, the Company or any other body corporate and none of the Directors (save for Ms. LIU Xiaomei who had options granted under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme to subscribe for 1,200,000 Shares), their spouses or children under the age of 18, had any rights to subscribe for securities of the Company, or had exercised any such rights.

REMUNERATION POLICY

The remuneration policy of the Group to reward its employees is based on their performance, duties and responsibilities, qualifications and competence displayed. The Group has adopted a performance-based rewarding system to motivate its employees and such system is reviewed on a regular basis. In addition to the basic salaries, year-end bonuses will be offered to those staff members with outstanding performance.

Emoluments payable to the senior management of the Group are decided by the remuneration committee of the Board, having regard to the Group's operating results, individual experience, performance and responsibility, and the compensation levels adopted by companies of comparable size engaging in similar business.

Emoluments payable to the Directors are decided by the remuneration committee of the Board, having regard to the compensation levels adopted by companies of similar size engaging in similar business.

Details of the Directors' emoluments and emoluments of the five highest paid individuals in the Group are set out in notes 11 and 12 to the Financial Statements.

董事購入股份或債券之權利

除財務報表附註29所詳述根據首次公開發售前購股權計劃及購股權計劃外,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無於截至二零一一年十二月三十一日年度任何時間立任何安排,以讓董事通過購入本公司或任何其他法團之股份或債務證券(包括債券)而獲利;董事(惟劉曉梅女士除外,其擁有根據首次公開發售前購股權)、其配偶或18歲以下之子女,亦概無任何認購本公司證券之任何權利,或已行使任何此等權利。

薪酬政策

本集團的薪酬政策為根據僱員表現、職 責、資歷及所展現的能力以回報其僱 員。為鼓勵僱員,本集團已採用一套以 表現為基礎之獎勵制度並定期對該制度 進行檢討。除基本薪金外,本集團將向 表現出眾的員工提供年終花紅。

應付予本集團高級管理層之薪酬由董事會之薪酬委員會依據本集團之經營業績,個人經驗、表現及職責,及從事類似業務可比規模公司採用之薪金水平而釐定。

應付予董事之薪酬由董事會之薪酬委員 會依據從事類似業務可比規模公司採用 之薪金水平而釐定。

本集團董事薪酬及五名最高薪酬人士的 詳情載於財務報表附註11及12。

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

MAJOR SUPPLIERS AND CUSTOMERS

The percentages of purchases and sales for the year attributable to the Group's major suppliers and customers were as follows:

Purchases 採購額

一最大供應商 17.0% - the largest supplier - five largest suppliers in aggregate - 五大供應商合計 53.1%

Sales 銷售額

一最大客戶 7.1% - the largest customer - five largest customers in aggregate - 五大客戶合計 26.7%

The percentage of sales attributable to the five largest customers in aggregate is less than 30%.

None of the Directors, their associates or any shareholder (which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had an interest in these major suppliers or customers.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

The Group carried out the following continuing connected transactions (other than continuing connected transactions that are exempted under Rule 14A.33 of the Listing Rules) during the year ended 31 December 2011:-

On 12 June 2009, Zhuhai Qinfa Logistics Co. Ltd. ("Qinfa Logistics"), which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, each member of the China Qinfa Group (as defined in the Prospectus), and their respective equity interest holders (which include Mr. XU Jihua, an executive director and the chairman of the Board, Mr. XU Da, Mr. LIU Jingwei and Ms. ZHOU Lusha, all being controlling shareholders of the Company) entered into the Structure Contracts (as defined in the Prospectus) for a term of 10 years pursuant to which Qinfa Logistics agreed to pay an annual fee of RMB10,000 to each member of the China Qinfa Group for the exclusive management and operation of the coal operation business and the inland shipping transportation business of the China Qinfa Group, and all economic benefits and risks arising from the business of the China Qinfa Group are transferred to Qinfa Logistics. Further details of the Structure Contracts are set forth in the section headed "Reorganisation and the Structure Contracts" in the Prospectus.

管理合約

年內,本公司並無就整體業務或任何重 要業務之管理及行政工作簽訂或存有任 何合約。

主要供應商及客戶

本集團主要供應商及客戶所佔採購及銷 售額之百分比如下:

五大客戶合計應佔銷售額的百分比少於 30% °

概無董事、彼等之聯繫人士或股東(如股 東所知,擁有本公司股本5%以上之股 東)於該等主要供應商或客戶中擁有任何 權益。

關連交易

本集團於截至二零一一年十二月三十一 日止年度已進行下列持續關連交易(除豁 免遵守上市規則第14A.33條規定之持續 關連交易外): -

於二零零九年六月十二日,珠海秦發物 流有限公司(「秦發物流」)(本公司之全 資附屬公司)與中國秦發集團各成員公司 (定義見招股章程)及彼等各自權益持有 人(包括徐吉華先生(執行董事兼董事會 主席)、徐達先生、劉敬偉先生及周璐莎 女士(均為本公司控股股東))訂立架構合 約(定義見招股章程),期限為十年。據 此,秦發物流同意每年向中國秦發集團 各成員公司支付年費人民幣10.000元以 獨家管理並經營中國秦發集團煤炭經營 業務及內陸航運業務。中國秦發集團業 務產生的全部經濟利益及風險則轉讓予 秦發物流。架構合約的詳情載於招股章 程「重組及架構合約」的章節中。

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Pursuant to the equity transfer agreements dated 25 October 2010, Qinhuangdao Qinfa Industry Group Co., Ltd. ("Qinfa Industry") and Mr. XU Da, the then shareholders of a member of China Qinfa Group, Qinhuangdao Qinfa Trading Co., Ltd. ("Qinhuangdao Trading"), transferred all their interests in Qinhuangdao Trading to Ordos Dongsheng Yifa Materials Co., Ltd. ("Ordos Yifa"), which is a wholly owned subsidiary of Qinfa Logistics, at a consideration of RMB68 million.

Pursuant to the equity transfer agreements dated 15 December 2010, Mr. LIU Jingwei and Ms. ZHOU Lusha, the then shareholders of a member of the China Qinfa Group, Yangyuan Guotong Coal Trading and Transportation Co., Ltd. ("Yangyuan Guotong"), transferred all their interests in Yangyuan Guotong to Baotou Danghui Materials Trading Co., Ltd. ("Baotou Danghui"), which is a wholly owned subsidiary of Qinfa Logistics, at a consideration of RMB10 million. The renewed business licence of Yangyuan Guotong was issued on 22 March 2011.

Pursuant to the equity transfer agreements dated 17 December 2010, Qinfa Industry and Mr. XU Da, the then shareholders of a member of the China Qinfa Group, Datong Xiejiazhuang Jinfa Trading and Transportation Co., Ltd. ("**Datong Jinfa**"), transferred all their interests in Datong Jinfa to Baotou Danghui, at a consideration of RMB8 million. The renewed business licence of Datong Jinfa was issued on 11 April 2011.

The Stock Exchange has granted a perpetual waiver pursuant to Rule 14A.42(3) of the Listing Rules to the Company for all transactions under the Structure Contracts from strict compliance with the applicable announcement and independent Shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The Directors confirm that the Company has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

In accordance with Rule 14A.38 of the Listing Rules, the Board engaged the auditor of the Company to perform procedures on the above continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

關連交易(續)

根據日期為二零一零年十月二十五日的股權轉讓協議,秦皇島秦發實業」)與中國秦發集團成員公司秦皇島開發區秦發貿易有限公司秦皇島開發區的股東徐達先生人民幣68,000,000元的對價轉讓彼等於秦皇島貿易的所有權益予鄂爾多斯伊發為秦皇島貿易的所有權益予鄂爾多斯伊發別,鄂爾多斯伊發為秦發物流的全資附屬公司。

根據日期為二零一零年十二月十五日的股權轉讓協議,中國秦發集團成員團通陽原國通煤炭運銷有限公司(「陽原國通」)當時的股東劉敬偉先生及周璐莎士以人民幣10,000,000元的對價將被決場原國通的全部權益轉讓予秦貿易的全資附屬公司(「包頭黨惠」)。陽原國通新的營業執照已於二零一一年三月二十二日簽發。

根據日期為二零一零年十二月十七日的股權轉讓協議,中國秦發集團的成員公司大同解家莊晉發運銷有限公司(「大同晉發」的當時股東秦發實業以及徐達先生以人民幣8,000,000元的對價將彼等於大同晉發的全部權益轉讓予包頭黨惠。大同晉發新的營業執照已於二零一一年簽發。

聯交所已根據上市規則第14A.42(3)條, 就架構合約下的所有交易授予本公司永 久豁免嚴格遵守上市規則第14A章項下的 適用公佈及獨立股東批准的規定。

董事確認,本公司已遵守根據上市規則 第14A章之披露規定。

根據上市規則第14A.38條,董事會委聘本公司核數師就上述持續關連交易根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港核證委聘準則第3000號「審核或審閱過去財務資料以外之核證委聘」,並參照實務説明第740號「關於香港上市規則所述持續關連交易之核數師函件」執行程序。

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (continued)

The auditor has confirmed that:

- nothing has come to the auditor's attention that causes the auditor to believe that the disclosed continuing connected transactions have not been approved by the Company's board of directors:
- nothing has come to the auditor's attention that causes the auditor to believe that the transactions were not entered into, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant agreements governing such transactions; and
- nothing has come to the auditor's attention that causes the auditor to believe that dividends or other distributions have been made by the China Qinfa Group to the holders of their respective equity interests.

The independent non-executive Directors have confirmed that the above-mentioned continuing connected transactions were entered into: (i) in the ordinary and usual course of the Group's business; (ii) in accordance with the terms of the respective agreements governing such transactions on terms that were fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole; and (iii) either on normal commercial terms or on terms no less favorable to the Group than those available to or from independent third parties.

Besides, the independent non-executive Directors have conducted an annual review on the Structure Contracts and have confirmed that (i) the transactions carried out during 2011 have been entered into in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Structure Contracts and have been operated so that all revenue generated by China Qinfa Group has been retained by Qinfa Logistics; (ii) no dividends or other distributions have been made by any member of China Qinfa Group to its equity interest holders; and (iii) any new contracts or renewed contracts have been entered into on the same terms as the existing Structure Contracts and are fair and reasonable so far as the Group is concerned and in the interests of the shareholders as a whole.

關連交易(續)

核數師確認:

- 並無導致核數師相信所披露的持續 關連交易並無獲本公司董事會批准 的事項須核數師垂注;
- 並無導致核數師相信訂立該等交易 在各重大方面並無遵照規管有關交 易的相關協議之事宜須核數師垂注;
- 並無導致核數師相信中國秦發集團 已向其各自的股權持有人派發股息 或作出其他分派之事宜須核數師垂 注。

獨立非執行董事認為上述持續關連交易 乃(i)於本集團一般日常業務過程中訂立; (ii)根據該等交易有關協議規定訂立,而條 款屬公平合理且符合本公司股東整體利 益;及(iii)按正常商業條款訂立,或按不遜 於獨立第三方向本集團開出或本集團向 第三方開出之條款訂立。

此外,獨立非執行董事已就架構合約進 行年度檢討並確認(i)於二零一一年間進行 之交易已根據架構合約之相關條款訂立 並進行營運,因此,中國秦發集團產生 之所有收益已由秦發物流保留;(ii)中國秦 發集團之任何成員公司概無向股權持有 人作出宣派股息或其他分發;及(iii)任何新 合約或續期合約按照與現有架構合約相 同之條款進行訂立且就本集團而言,屬 公平合理且符合股東整體利益。

SHARE OPTION SCHEMES

The Company has adopted a Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme and a Share Option Scheme on 12 June 2009. The principal terms of the two schemes are as follows:

Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme

Pursuant to the sole shareholder's written resolutions passed on 12 June 2009, the Company adopted the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme whereby one executive Director and 25 employees of the Group were granted the rights to subscribe for Shares.

The purpose of the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme is to recognise the contribution by certain employees towards the growth of the Group and/or the listing of the Shares on the Stock Exchange. The principal terms of the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme are substantially the same as the terms of the Share Option Scheme, except that:

- (i) the exercise price per share; and
- (ii) the total number of Shares which may be issued pursuant to options granted under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme.

Save for the options which have been granted under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme, no further options will be offered or granted under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme, as the right to do so has been terminated upon the listing of the Shares on the Stock Exchange.

Set out below is further information on the outstanding options granted under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme as at the date of this report:

購股權計劃

本公司已於二零零九年六月十二日採納 首次公開發售前購股權計劃及購股權計 劃。兩項計劃的主要條款如下:

首次公開發售前購股權計劃

根據唯一股東於二零零九年六月十二日通過 的書面決議案,本公司採納首次公開發售前 購股權計劃,據此,本集團1名執行董事及 25名僱員獲授予認購股份的權利。

首次公開發售前購股權計劃為確認若干僱員的建樹及/或對股份於聯交所上市所作的貢獻。除下文另有所指外,首次公開發售前購股權計劃的主要條款與購股權計劃的條款大致相同:

- (i) 每股行使價;及
- (ii) 根據首次公開發售前購股權計劃下 所授出的購股權的股份總數。

除根據首次公開發售前購股權計劃已授 出的購股權外,將不會根據首次公開發 售前購股權計劃進一步給予或授出購股 權,因該權利已於本公司的股份在聯交 所上市後終止。

於本報告日期,根據首次公開發售前購 股權計劃尚未行使的已授出購股權的進 一步詳情載列如下:

SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (continued)

購股權計劃(續)

Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme (continued)

首次公開發售前購股權計劃(續)

				Number of opt	tions					
				購股權數目					Approximate	
							Outstanding		percentage	
						Adjustment	as at		of issued	
						as a result	31 December		share capital	
		Outstanding at	Exercised	Lapsed	Cancelled	of the Bonus	2011	Exercise Price	of the	
		31 December 2010	during	during	during	Issue (Note 3)	於二零一一年	per share	Company	
		於二零一零年	the period	the period	the period	紅股發行引致	十二月	(Note 3)	佔本公司	
Name		十二月三十一日	於期內	於期內	於期內	的調整	三十一日	每股行使價	已發行股本的	
姓名		尚未行使	行使	失效	註銷	(附註3)	尚未行使	(附註3)	概約百分比	
									%	
Director	董事									
LIU Xiaomei	劉曉梅	600,000	-	-	-	600,000	1,200,000	1.26	0.06	
Employees	僱員	7,400,000	(60,000)	(540,000)	_	7,200,000	14,000,000	1.26	0.67	_
Employees	僱員	7,400,000	(60,000)	(540,000)		7,200,000	15,200,000	1.26	0.67	-

Notes:

- Each option granted under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme has a vesting period of one to three years commencing from 3 July 2009, being the listing date of the Shares on the Stock Exchange. The Company has no legal or constructive obligation to repurchase or settle the option in cash.
- Each of the grantees to whom options have been granted under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme will be entitled to exercise:
 - 30% of the total number of the options from the expiry of the (a) first anniversary of the Listing Date;
 - 30% of the total number of the options from the expiry of the second anniversary of the Listing Date; and
 - 40% of the total number of the options can be exercised from the expiry of the third anniversary of the Listing Date.

附註:

- 每份根據首次公開發售前購股權計劃而 授出的購股權歸屬期為一至三年(由股 份於聯交所的上市日期二零零九年七月 三日起計)。本公司並無法定或推定責 任,以現金購回或償付購股權。
- 每名根據首次公開發售前購股權計劃獲 授予購股權的各承授人,有權:
 - 自上市日期滿一週年之日起可行 使購股權總數的百分之三十;
 - 自上市日期滿兩週年之日起可行 (b) 使購股權總數的百分之三十;及
 - (C) 自上市日期滿三週年之日起可行 使購股權總數的百分之四十。

SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (continued)

Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme (continued)

Notes: (continued)

The fair value of options granted under Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme was determined using the "Binomial Option Pricing Model".

The significant inputs into the model were:

- risk-free rate of return 3.029% per annum;
- forecast fluctuations in share price 56%; and
- forecast dividend yield 1.50% per annum.

Based on the inputs above to the "Binomial Option Pricing Model", the total fair value of the outstanding options as at the grant date (i.e. 12 June 2009) was HK\$7,649,893.

The "Binomial Option Pricing Model" is designed to assess the fair value of options and is a common choice among various option pricing models for assessing the fair value of options. The value of the options depends on the valuation arrived at based on certain subjective assumptions on variables. Any changes in the variables used may cause a substantial effect on the assessment of the fair value of the options.

3. The issue of bonus shares on the basis of one bonus Share for every one existing Share (the "Bonus Issue") became effective on 12 October 2011. Accordingly, adjustments were made to the exercise price per Share and the number of share options outstanding which was previously granted by the Company to the option holders.

Share Option Scheme

The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to provide incentive or reward to eligible persons (including full time or part time employees, executive, non-executive directors and independent non-executive directors of our Group) for their contribution to, and continuing efforts to promote the interests of, the Company and to enable the Company and its subsidiaries to recruit and retain high-caliber employees.

購股權計劃(續)

首次公開發售前購股權計劃(續)

附註:(續)

根據首次公開發售前購股權計劃授出的 購股權的公允值乃採用「二項式購股權 定價模型」釐定。

輸入該模式的主要輸入值為:

- 無風險回報率-每年3.029%;
- 預測股價波幅-56%;及
- 預測股息收益率-每年1.50%。

根據上述「二項式購股權定價模型」的輸入值,於授出日期(即二零零九年六月十二日)尚未行使的購股權總公允值為7,649,893港元。

「二項式購股權定價模型」乃為評估購股權公允值而設,是多種用作評估購股權公允值的購股權定價模式中最為常用的選擇。購股權價值取決於按變數的若干假設而達致的估值。所使用變數的任何變動可能對購股權公允值評估造成重大影響。

3. 按每一股現有股份獲發一股紅股的基準 發行紅股(「**發行紅股**」)已於二零一一 年十月十二日生效。因此,每股行使價 及本公司過往曾向購股權持有人授出的 尚未行使購股權數目已作出調整。

購股權計劃

購股權計劃旨在激勵或嘉獎對本公司有 貢獻的合資格人士(包括本集團的全職或 兼職僱員、執行、非執行董事及獨立非 執行董事)及推動彼等繼續為本公司利益 而努力,以及促使本公司及其附屬公司 能聘請及留任能幹之僱員。

SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (continued)

Share Option Scheme (continued)

The total number of Shares issued and which may be issued upon exercise of the options granted under the Share Option Scheme to an employee in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the Shares in issue. Any further grant of options in excess of this limit shall be subject to the approval of shareholders in a general meeting.

On 17 January 2011, the Company has further granted share options (the "Options") to subscribe for a total of 20,751,196 new ordinary shares of the Company under the Share Option Scheme to 15 eligible participants of the Share Option Scheme (the "Grantees"). None of the Grantees is a director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company or an associate (as defined in the Listing Rules) of any of them.

The principal terms of the Option granted are as follows:

- the exercise price per share is HK\$1.5 per share (which represents the highest of (i) the closing price of HK\$1.5 per Share as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet on the date of grant; (ii) the average closing price of HK\$1.392 per Share as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the 5 business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of HK\$0.10 per Share);
- The Options are valid for a period of 10 years from 17 January 2012 to 16 January 2022 (the "Option Period"); and
- The Options may be exercisable at any time during the Option Period, provided that the maximum number of Options which each Grantee is entitled to exercise at the below period shall not exceed:
 - in respect of the period from 17 January 2012 to 16 January 2013, 40% of the total number of Options granted to him;
 - in respect of the period from 17 January 2013 to 16 January 2014, 30% of the total number of Options granted to him; and

購股權計劃(續)

購股權計劃(續)

於任何十二個月期間內,因根據購股權 計劃授予僱員行使的購股權而已發行及 可予發行的股份總數,不得超過已發行 股份數目的1%。倘進一步授出超逾此限 額的任何購股權,須經股東於股東大會 上批准。

於二零一一年一月十七日,本公司根據 購股權計劃進一步向購股權計劃的15名 符合資格參與者(「承授人」)授出購股權 (「購股權」),以認購合共20,751,196股 本公司的新普通股。概無承授人為本公 司的董事、主要行政人員或主要股東或 彼等任何之聯繫人(定義見上市規則)。

所授出的購股權的主要條款如下:

- 每股股份的行使價為每股1.5港元 (即(i)於授出日期聯交所每日報價表 所列收市價每股 1.5港元;(ii)於授出 日期前5個營業日聯交所每日報價 表所列平均收市價每股1.392港元; 及(iii)名義價值每股0.10港元三者中 之較高者);
- 購股權的有效期為期10年,自二零 一二年一月十七日期至二零二二年 一月十六日止(「購股權有效期」);及
- 購股權於購股權有效期內均可行 使,惟各承授人有權於以下期間行 使的購股權最高數目:
 - 二零一二年一月十七日起至二 零一三年一月十六日止,不得 超過向其授出的購股權總數的 40%;
 - 二零一三年一月十七日起至二 (b) 零一四年一月十六日止,不得 超過向其授出的購股權總數的 30%;及

SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (continued)

Share Option Scheme (continued)

(c) in respect of the period from 17 January 2014 to 16 January 2015, 30% of the total number of Options granted to him.

As at the 31 December 2011, the total number of share options outstanding is 35,951,196.

BANK LOANS AND OTHER BORROWINGS

The total bank loans and other borrowings of the Group as at 31 December 2011 amounted to approximately RMB3,348.1 million (2010: RMB3,610.0 million). Particulars of the bank loans and other borrowings are set out in note 28 to the Financial Statements.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained sufficient public float with at least 25% of the Shares held by the public as required by the Listing Rules as at the date of this report.

DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN COMPETING BUSINESS

None of the Directors is or was interested in any business apart from the Group's business, that competes or is likely to compete (either directly or indirectly) with the Group's business at any time during the year ended 31 December 2011 and up to the date of this report, save for Mr. XU Jihua's legal ownership in the equity interest in members of the China Qinfa Group (as defined in the Prospectus).

As disclosed in the Prospectus, the Controlling Shareholders (as defined in the Prospectus) and the executive Directors (collectively, the "Covenantors") have entered into a deed of non-competition dated 12 June 2009 in favor of the Company. The Convenantors have provided the Group with written confirmations that they and their associates (other than members of the Group) have fully complied with the deed of non-competition throughout the year ended 31 December 2011.

購股權計劃(續)

購股權計劃(續)

(c) 二零一四年一月十七日起至二零一五年一月十六日止,不得超過向其授出的購股權總數的30%;

於二零一一年十二月三十一日,尚未行 使的購股權總數為35,951,196份。

銀行貸款及其他借貸

本集團於二零一一年十二月三十一日之銀行貸款及其他借貸總額約人民幣3,348,100,000元(二零一零年:人民幣3,610,000,000元)。銀行貸款及其他借貸詳情載於財務報表附註28。

足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司所得之公開資料及就其董事 所知,於本年報刊發日期,本公司維持 足夠的公眾持股量,因公眾人士持有最 少25%之股份,此符合上市規則之規定。

董事於競爭業務之權益

概無董事截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度至本報告日期任何時間內持有或曾持有與本集團業務形成競爭或可能形成競爭(直接或間接)的業務中持有權益,惟徐吉華先生於中國秦發集團成員公司的股權的法定所有權(定義見招股章程)除外。

如招股章程所披露,控股股東(定義見招股章程)及執行董事(統稱「承諾人」)於二零零九年六月十二日為本公司簽訂不競爭契約。承諾人向本集團發出書面確認函,確認其及其聯繫人(本集團成員公司除外)截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止整個年度已全面遵照不競爭契約。

DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN COMPETING BUSINESS

(continued)

The independent non-executive Directors have conducted an annual review on the Covenantors' compliance with the deed of non-competition, the options, pre-emptive rights or first rights of refusals provided by the Controlling Shareholders (as defined in the Prospectus) on their existing or future competing businesses.

During the year ended 31 December 2011, the Covenantors and their respective associates did not direct any Business Opportunity (as defined in the Prospectus) to the Group. Therefore, the independent non-executive Directors did not conduct any review on the decision made in relation to Business Opportunity.

AUDITORS

The financial statements in this report have been audited by KPMG who will retire and, being eligible, will offer themselves for reappointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the year ended 31 December 2011, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any listed securities of the Company.

On behalf of the Board, Xu Jihua Chairman

Hong Kong, 26 March 2012

董事於競爭業務之權益(續)

獨立非執行董事每年檢討該等契諾承諾 人有否遵守不競爭承諾契約,控股股東 (定義見招股章程)就現有或日後競爭業 務提供之選擇權、優先認購權或優先購 買權。

於截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年 度內,承諾人及彼等各自的聯繫人並無 將任何業務機遇(定義見招股章程)轉交 予本集團。因此,獨立非執行董事並無 就業務機遇作出的決定進行任何檢討。

核數師

本年報之財務報表已由畢馬威會計師事 務所審核。該核數師將會退任,惟符合 資格並願意於即將舉行的股東週年大會 卜續聘。

購買、出售或贖回本公司上市證券

截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年 度,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購 回、出售或贖回其任何上市證券。

承董事會命 徐吉華 主席

香港,二零一二年三月二十六日

THE CODE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company is dedicated to maintaining and ensuring high standards of corporate governance practices. The corporate governance principles of the Company emphasise on accountability and transparency and are adopted in the best interest of the Company and its Shareholders. The Board reviews its corporate governance practices from time to time in order to meet the rising expectations of Shareholders and to fulfill its commitment to excellence in corporate governance.

In the opinion of the Directors, the Company was in full compliance with the applicable code provisions set out in the Code on Corporate Governance Practices (the "**Code**") contained in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules for the year ended 31 December 2011.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Responsibilities and Delegation

The Board is charged with providing effective and responsible leadership for the Company. The Board takes responsibility to oversee all major matters of the Company, including the formulation and approval of the Group's overall objectives and strategies, internal control and risk management systems, monitoring its operating and financial performance, and evaluating the performance of the senior management. The Directors, individually and collectively, have to make decisions objectively in the best interests of the Company and its Shareholders.

All Directors have access to the senior management of the Group and the company secretary. Management information is provided to enable them to participate at the meetings or as and when requested. The company secretary provides secretarial support to the Board and ensures adherence to Board procedures and the relevant rules and regulations which are applicable to the Company.

企業管治常規守則

本公司致力維持及確保高水準的企業管治常規。本公司的企業管治原則強調問責性與透明度,並以本公司及其股東之最佳利益而採納。董事會不時檢討其企業管治常規確保符合股東不斷提高的期望及履行其優良企業管治之承諾。

截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度 董事以為本公司絕對遵守上市規則附錄 14 所載的企業管治常規守則([守則])。

董事會

職責及授權

董事會負責向本公司提供有效率及可信賴的領導。董事會的責任是監督本本司的一切主要事務,包括製定及審批本集團的整體目標及策略、內部監控及風險管理制度,監察其營運及財務表現,以及評估高級管理層的表現。董事個人及全體須以本公司及其股東的最佳利益客觀地作出決策。

全體董事均可聯絡本集團高級管理人員 及公司秘書,並獲提供管理資料,以便 參與會議,而有關資料亦會應要求向董 事提供。公司秘書向董事會提供秘書支 援,同時確保遵循董事會程序以及本公 司適用之相關規則及規例。

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued)

Responsibilities and Delegation (continued)

The Board reserves for its decision all major matters of the Company, including the approval and monitoring of all policy matters, overall strategies and budgets, internal control and risk management systems, material transactions (in particular those that may involve conflict of interests), financial information, appointment of directors and other significant financial and operational matters.

The day-to-day management, administration and operation of the Company are managed by the executive Directors and senior management of the Company under the leadership of the Chief Executive Officer. The Board has delegated a schedule of responsibilities to these officers for the implementation of Board decisions. The Board periodically reviews the delegated functions and work tasks. Prior to entering into any significant transactions, the aforesaid officers have to obtain Board approval.

Board composition

The Board currently consists of seven Directors, four of whom are executive Directors and three are independent non-executive Directors.

Executive directors:

Mr. XU Jihua (Chairman)

Ms. WANG Jianfei (Chief Executive Officer)

Ms. LIU Xiaomei

Mr. WENG Li

Independent non-executive directors:

Mr. HUANG Guosheng

Mr. LAU Sik Yuen

Dr. QIAN Pingfan

All four executive Directors are responsible for implementating the business strategies and managing the business of the Group in accordance with all applicable rules and regulations, including, but not limited to, the Listing Rules. All Directors (including the independent non-executive Directors) have been consulted on all major and material matters of the Group. The Company maintains appropriate directors' and officers' liabilities insurance.

董事會(續)

職責及授權(續)

董事會保留本公司所有重要事項的決策 權,包括批准及監察所有政策事宜、整 體策略及預算、內部監控及風險管理系 統、重大交易(特別是涉及利益衝突之交 易)、財務資料、委任董事及其他重要財 務及營運事宜。

在行政總裁的領導下,本公司的日常管 理、行政及經營乃由本公司的執行董事 及高級管理層管理。董事會對該等高級 行政人員分別委以各項職責,由彼等負 責執行董事會的決策。董事會定期檢討 所指派的職責及工作。在訂立任何重大 交易前,上述高級行政人員必須取得董 事會批准。

董事會組成

董事會現時包括七名董事,其中四名為 執行董事及三名為獨立非執行董事。

執行董事

徐吉華先生(主席) 王劍飛女士(行政總裁) 劉曉梅女士 翁 立先生

獨立非執行董事:

黄國勝先生 劉錫源先生 錢平凡博士

所有四名執行董事負責按照一切適用規 則及法規(包括但不限於上市規則)實行 業務策略及管理本集團之業務。本集團 所有主要及重大事宜均會向所有董事(包 括執行董事及獨立非執行董事)徵詢意 見。本公司購買合適的董事及高級人員 責任保險。

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (continued)

Board composition (continued)

The number of independent non-executive Directors has met the requirements under the Listing Rules and Mr. LAU Sik Yuen has appropriate accounting professional qualifications. The independent non-executive Directors bring a variety of experience and expertise to the Company. Biographical details of the independent non-executive Directors are set out on page 13 of this annual report. Each of the independent non-executive Director has confirmed in writing of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Board is of the view that all independent non-executive Directors meet the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

All the appointments of Directors are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meeting of the Company in accordance with the Articles.

Minutes of Board meetings are being kept by the company secretary of the Company and are available for inspection by the Directors and auditors of the Company.

During the year ended 31 December 2011, the Board held six meetings, all of which were convened in accordance with the Articles, and the individual attendance of each Director is set out below:

董事會(續)

董事會組成(續)

獨立非執行董事的人數符合上市規則的規定,而劉錫源先生擁有適當之會計專業資格。獨立非執行董事為本公司帶來各種經驗與專業知識。獨立非執行董事履歷詳情載於本年報第13頁。各獨立非執行董事已按照上市規則第3.13條合工書面確認。董事會認為所有獨立非執行董事均符合上市規則第3.13條所載的獨立身份指引規定。

董事的一切委任須按照章程細則於本公司股東週年大會輪流退任及重選。

董事會會議之記錄由本公司之公司秘書保管,並可供本公司董事及核數師查閱。

截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度,董事會共舉行六次會議(所有會議均根據章程細則召開),各董事個人出席情況載列如下:

Number of attendance/ Number of meetings entitled to attend 出席次數/

Name of directors	董事姓名	有權出席次數
Mr. XU Jihua	徐吉華先生	6/6
Ms. WANG Jianfei	王劍飛女士	6/6
Ms. LIU Xiaomei	劉曉梅女士	6/6
Mr. WENG Li	翁 立先生	6/6
Mr. HUANG Guosheng	黃國勝先生	6/6
Mr. LAU Sik Yuen	劉錫源先生	6/6
Dr. QIAN Pingfan	錢平凡博士	6/6

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Mr. XU Jihua is the chairman of the Board and an executive Director, responsible for providing advice for the overall management and strategic development and overseeing the operation of the Board. The other executive Director Ms. WANG Jianfei acts as the Group's chief executive officer who is responsible for the Group's overall management, corporate development, strategic planning and the supervision of day-to-day operation. The segregation of duties and responsibilities between the chairman and the chief executive officer ensures a balance of power and authority.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Board established a remuneration committee on 12 June 2009 with specific written terms of reference. The remuneration committee consists of an executive Director, Ms. WANG Jianfei, and two independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. HUANG Guosheng and Dr. QIAN Pingfan. Mr. HUANG Guosheng is the chairperson of the remuneration committee of the Board.

The primary duties of the remuneration committee of the Board are to review and determine the terms of remuneration packages, bonuses and other compensation payable to the Directors and senior management of the Group. The remuneration committee is also responsible for establishing transparent procedures for developing such remuneration policy and structure to ensure that no Director or any of his/her associates will participate in deciding his/ her own remuneration, which remuneration will be determined by reference to the performance of the individual and the Company as well as market practice and conditions.

主席及行政總裁

董事會主席兼執行董事徐吉華先生負責 就整體管理及策略發展提供意見,並監 督董事會運作。另一名執行董事王劍飛 女士兼擔任本集團行政總裁,負責本集 團整體管理、企業發展、策略規劃以及 監督日常運作。主席與行政總裁之職務 及職責獨立區分,確保權力與職權之分 立平衡。

薪酬委員會

董事會於二零零九年六月十二日成立薪 酬委員會, 並制訂具體的書面職權範 圍。薪酬委員會包括一名執行董事王劍 飛女士,以及兩名獨立非執行董事,即 黄國勝先生及錢平凡博士。黃國勝先生 為薪酬委員會主席。

薪酬委員會主要職責乃檢討及釐定薪酬 待遇、花紅及應付本集團董事及高級管 理層之其他薪金之條款。薪酬委員會亦 負責確立具透明度之程序,以擬定有關 薪酬政策及架構,確保概無董事或彼任 何聯繫人士將參與決定彼之個人薪酬, 有關薪酬將參考個人及本公司表現以及 市場慣例及狀況釐定。

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE (continued)

The remuneration committee met once during 2011 to assess performance of executive Directors and certain senior management and review their remuneration. All the members attended the meetina.

薪酬委員會(續)

薪酬委員會於二零一一年內舉行一次會 議,以評估執行董事及若干高級管理層 的表現以及檢討其薪酬。所有成員均出 席會議。

> Number of attendance/ **Number of meetings** entitled to attend

> > 出度次數 / 汝

Name of directors	董事姓名	有權出席次數
Ms. WANG Jianfei	王劍飛女士	1/1
Mr. HUANG Guosheng	黃國勝先生	1/1
Dr. QIAN Pingfan	錢平凡博士	1/1

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Board established a nomination committee on 12 June 2009 with specific written terms of reference. The nomination committee consists of an executive Director, Ms. WANG Jianfei, and two independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. HUANG Guosheng and Dr. QIAN Pingfan. Mr. HUANG Guosheng is the chairperson of the nomination committee.

The primary duties of the nomination committee of the Board include determining the policy for the nomination of Directors, making recommendations to the Board on the appointment and succession planning of Directors, and assessing of the independence of the independent non-executive Directors. The nomination committee carries out the process of selecting and recommending candidates for directorships by making reference to the skills, experience, professional knowledge, personal integrity and time commitments of such individuals, the Company's needs and other relevant statutory requirements and regulations.

提名委員會

董事會於二零零九年六月十二日成立提 名委員會, 並制訂具體的書面職權範 圍。提名委員會包括一名執行董事王劍 飛女士,以及兩名獨立非執行董事,即 黄國勝先生及錢平凡博士。黃國勝先生 為提名委員會主席。

董事會提名委員會主要職責包括釐定董 事提名的政策,就董事的委任及繼任計 劃向董事會作出建議及評估獨立非執行 董事的獨立性。提名委員會藉參考董事 候選人之技能、經驗、專業知識、個人 誠信及投放之時間、本公司之需要以及 其他相關法定規定及規例,執行挑選及 推薦董事候選人之程序。

NOMINATION COMMITTEE (continued)

Dr. QIAN Pingfan

The nomination committee met once during 2011 to ensure that the Board has a balance of expertise, skills and experience appropriate to meet the requirements of the business of the Company. All the members attended the meeting.

提名委員會(續)

提名委員會於二零一一年內舉行一次會議,確保董事會具備適當的專業、技能及經驗的平衡,以滿足本公司業務所需。所有成員均出席會議。

Number of attendance/ Number of meetings entitled to attend

出席次數/

1/1

Name of directors	董事姓名	有權出席次數
Ms. WANG Jianfei	王劍飛女士	1/1
Mr. HUANG Guosheng	黃國勝先生	1/1

錢平凡博士

APPOINTMENTS, RE-ELECTION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company for an initial term of three years commencing on 12 June 2009. All the independent non-executive Directors entered into renewed appointment letters with the Company in 2011 for a term of three year. Such term is subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the Company's annual general meeting in accordance with the Articles.

MODEL CODE FOR DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code as its code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions. Directors are reminded of their obligations under the Model Code on a regular basis. Following specific enquiry by the Company, all Directors have confirmed that they have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2011 and up to the date of this report.

委任、重選和罷免董事

各執行董事已與本公司簽訂服務協議, 自二零零九年六月十二日起,初始任 期三年。所有獨立非執行董事均於二零 一一年與本公司簽訂續委任函,任期為 三年。該條款視乎根據章程細則彼等於 本公司股東週年大會上是否輪值告退及 重選連任而定。

董事進行證券交易之標準守則

本公司已採納標準守則作為董事買賣證 券之守則。本公司亦定期提醒各董事於 標準守則下須履行之責任。經向本公司 作出特定查詢後,所有董事確認截至二 零一一年十二月三十一日止整個年度至 本報告日期已遵守標準守則所載之規定 標準。

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Name of directors

The Board established an audit committee on 12 June 2009 with specific written terms of reference. The audit committee consists of three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. LAU Sik Yuen, Dr. QIAN Pingfan and Mr. HUANG Guosheng. Mr. LAU Sik Yuen is the chairperson of the audit committee of the Board.

The primary duties of the audit committee are to review and approve the Group's financial reporting process and internal control system. The audit committee had reviewed the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2011 and had also discussed auditing, internal control and financial reporting matters including accounting practices and principles adopted by the Group.

During the year, the audit committee held two meetings and all the members attended the meetings.

董事姓名

Mr. LAU Sik Yuen 劉錫源先生
Dr. QIAN Pingfan 錢平凡博士
Mr. HUANG Guosheng 黃國勝先生

During the meetings, the audit committee had reviewed and recommended the Company's results announcements and annual report for the year ended 31 December 2010 and interim report for the six months ended 30 June 2011 to the Board for approval. The audit committee also reviewed the accounting issues raised by the independent auditor of the Company and their fees and concluded with satisfaction with respect to the effectiveness of the internal control system of the Group.

審核委員會

董事會於二零零九年六月十二日成立審 核委員會,並制訂具體的書面職權範 圍。審核委員會包括三名獨立非執行董 事,劉錫源先生、錢平凡博士及黃國勝 先生。劉錫源先生為審核委員會主席。

審核委員會主要職責為審閱及批准本集團之財務呈報程序及內部監控體系。 審核委員會已審閱截至二零一一年十二 月三十一日止年度之經審核綜合財務報表,亦已討論審核、內部監控及財務報告事宜,包括本集團所採納之會計常規及原則。

年內,審核委員會舉行了兩次會議,所 有成員均出席會議。

> Number of attendance/ Number of meetings entitled to attend 出席次數/

有權出席次數 2/2 2/2 2/2

於會議期間,審核委員會已審閱本公司 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度 之業績公佈與年報及截至二零一一年六 月三十日止六個月之中期報告並建議董 事會批准。審核委員會已審閱本公司題 立核數師所提出之經檢討之會計問題及 其費用,亦已審閱本集團內部監控制度 之成效,且感到滿意。

INTERNAL CONTROL

The Group has clearly defined the responsibility and authority of the Board and its senior management.

The Group has adopted certain internal control policies to manage and minimize financial and other risks, to ensure timely and accurate preparation and reporting of financial information, and to monitor compliance with laws by the senior management of the Group in the performance of their duties.

The Group has also established an audit committee under the Board, which has the functions of monitoring compliance with laws by the Group's senior management and in its daily operations, and of carrying out investigations for suspected breaches of law. The Company convened meetings with the audit committee periodically to discuss financial, operational and risk management control. During the year, the Board has reviewed the effectiveness of the internal control system of the Group and the Directors are of the view that the existing system of internal control is effective and adequate to the Group.

REVIEW ON THE GROUP'S EXPOSURE ON COAL PRICE FLUCTUATIONS AND ITS RISK MANAGEMENT **PROCEDURES**

The Group engaged one of the leading international accounting firms to perform an annual review of the Group's written risk management procedures over the exposure on coal price fluctuations and inventory management. The review covered, and recommendations have been given on, the following areas:

- preparation and renewal of coal price risk management procedure flow;
- management on price of purchase orders and sale orders;
- implementation, supervision and management of sales contracts:
- inventory management;
- hedging arrangement for oversea coal sales and purchases.

內部控制

本集團已明確地分別規定董事會和高級 管理層之責任和權力。

本集團已經採取了若干內部控制政策來 管理和最小化財務和其他風險,以確保 及時準確地編製和報告財務資料,並監 督本集團高級管理層於履行職責過程中 守法的情况。

本集團在董事會之下還建立了審核委員 會,這個部門具有監督本集團高級管理 層及於其日常營運中守法情況之職能, 及對涉嫌違法行為展開調查。本公司與 審核委員會定期召開會議,以蹉商金 融、營運及風險管理監控。年內,董事 會已審閱本集團內部控制體系之有效 性,且董事認為現時之內部監控體系對 本集團而言屬有效且足夠。

對本集團有關煤炭價格波動及其風險管 理程式進行審閲

本集團已委聘一家國際領先的會計師事 務所,對本集團有關煤炭價格波動及存 貨管理的書面風險管理程序進行年度審 閱。該審閱已覆蓋下列方面且按下列方 面作出建議:

- 煤炭價格風險管理程序流程制定和更 新;
- 採購訂單和銷售訂單價格管理;
- 銷售合同的執行、監督及管理;
- 存貨管理;
- 海外煤炭銷售及採購的對沖安排。

REVIEW ON THE GROUP'S EXPOSURE ON COAL PRICE FLUCTUATIONS AND ITS RISK MANAGEMENT PROCEDURES (continued)

The Board will ensure that the recommended levels will be adhered to and the risk control policies will be complied with, and significant breach incidents will be escalated to the attention of the Board. In addition, the Board will take necessary measures to rectify the deficiency identified in the report prepared by the accounting firm.

The Board will continue to engage a leading international accounting firm to perform annual review until the coal operation business has less than 50% contribution to the Group's revenue.

DIRECTORS' AND AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge that it is their responsibility to oversee the preparation of the financial statements for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group, and of results and cash flow for the year.

In preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2011, the Directors have selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently, adopted appropriate International Financial Reporting Standards, and made prudent and reasonable judgments and estimates, and have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis. The Directors also warrant that the Group's financial statements will be published in a timely manner.

The statement of the auditors of the Group about their reporting responsibilities on the financial statements of the Group is set out in the section headed "Independent Auditor's Report" on page 64 of this report.

對本集團有關煤炭價格波動及其風險管 理程式進行審閱(續)

董事會將確保建議水平得以遵守,風險 控制政策將得以遵從,且違反重大事宜 將向董事會匯報。另外,董事會將採取 必要措施以彌補該會計師事務所出具的 報告中所發現的任何缺陷。

董事會將繼續委聘一家國際領先的會計師事務所進行年度審閱,直至煤炭經營業務為本集團的收益貢獻低於50%時止。

董事及核數師對財務報表之責任

董事認為監督各財政期間的財務報表編 製,使公平合理地反映本集團於本年度 的事務狀況、業績和現金流量是其責任。

在編製截至二零一一年十二月三十一日 止年度財務報表時,董事已揀選合適的 會計政策及貫徹地運用,採納適當的國 際財務報告準則及作出審慎合理的判斷 和估計,並以持續經營基礎編製財務報 表。董事亦保證本集團的財務報表將會 準時刊發。

本集團核數師有關其對本集團財務報表 呈報責任的聲明載於本報告「獨立核數師 報告」一節第64頁。

AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

For the year ended 31 December 2011, the remuneration to the Group's external auditors in respect of audit and non-audit services provided to the Group is set forth below:

核數師酬金

截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年 度,本集團之外聘核數師向本集團提供 之審核及非審核服務之酬金載列如下:

> RMB'000 人民幣千元

Audit services Non-audit services 核數服務 非核數服務

Total 合計 5,260 588

5,848

IMPROVED CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND CONTINUOUSLY FULFILLED SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The Group is a continuous supporter of corporate social responsibility, directing its energies towards nature preservation and helping the underprivileged — contributing to the society.

The Group has entered into an agreement with the Conservancy Association to launch the plan "Move Towards Green 2012". The 3-year plan includes a "Walk for the Environment", several environmental seminars to be held in Hong Kong and mainland China and a tree planting activity in Guangzhou. The plan raises the concern among the staff regarding the environmental impact by the Group's operating activities. The Group also encourages the staff to participate in these environmental activities and raise their environmental awareness and knowledge.

About 60 participants, including staff of the Group and recipient families of Baptist Oi Kwan Social Service, were gathered to participate in the "Walk for the Environment 2012" organized by the Conservancy Association in March 2012. The enjoyable walk doubled as an educational journey aimed at enhancing appreciation for environmental conservation.

In 2011, the Group took a solid step on promoting the coordination and effectiveness of greening efforts within our coal mining districts, and to make greening an integral part of future public works projects.

提升企業管治及持續履行社會責任

本集團一直致力履行社會企業責任,積 極地透過推動保護環境的活動及幫助各 界社群,回饋社會。

本集團與長春社訂立協議,啟動「邁向 綠色2012」計劃。該三年計劃包括「環 保行」、於香港及中國內地舉行的若干環 保研討會及在廣州的植樹活動。該計劃 促進員工關注本集團經營活動造成的環 境影響。本集團亦鼓勵員工參與環保活 動,增強環保意識,增加環保知識。

約六十名參與者(包括本集團僱員及浸會 愛群社會服務處受助的家庭)聚集一起參 與由長春社於二零一二年三月組織的「二 零一二環保行」,透過導賞活動提升環保 意識。

於二零一一年,本集團採取穩健措施, 促進本集團於採煤區內綠化工作的協調 及效率,使綠化成為日後公共工程項目 的一部分。

IMPROVED CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND CONTINUOUSLY FULFILLED SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

(continued)

The Group's major effort initiatives being undertaken in Shanxi province of PRC included active planning and greening programme, enhancing opportunities of quality greening, community support and tree preservation.

In addition, the Group has received unconditional grants of RMB20.2 million from PRC government during 2011 as recognition of the Group's contribution to the development of the local economy.

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTORS RELATIONS

The Company strictly complies with and implements the Listing Rules to disclose discloseable information on a true, accurate, complete and timely basis and all other information that might have significant impact on the decisions of shareholders and other concerned parties in an active and timely manner. Also, the Company takes effort in ensuring all shareholders have equal access to information.

The management believes that effective communication with the investment community is essential. The executive Directors and the chief financial officer of the Company hold regular briefings and results presentation, attend investor forums and respond to investors' call-in enquiries, participate in interviews with institutional investors and financial analysts in the PRC, Hong Kong and overseas countries to keep them abreast of the Company's business and development as well as operating strategies and prospects. In delivering information to investors, the Company also listens to their advice and collects the feedback from them, in the interests of developing an interactive and mutually beneficial relationship with the Company's investors.

All the financial information and other disclosures, including interim result, final result, announcement, circular and other notice of the Company are available on the Company's website at www.qinfagroup.com and the Stock Exchange's website at www.hkex.com.hk.

提升企業管治及持續履行社會責任(續)

本集團在中國山西省所採取的主要措施 包括積極規劃及綠化項目,促進在優質 綠化、社會支持及植被保護方面的機會。

此外,中國政府於二零一一年提供無條件補助金人民幣20,200,000元,以表彰本集團對當地經濟發展所作貢獻。

與股東的溝通及投資者關係

本公司嚴格遵守及履行上市規則之規定,以真實、準確、完整及及時地披露可予披露資料,並積極、及時地披露對股東與其他相關人士可能有重大影響的一切其他資料。此外,本公司致力確保全體股東可獲提供同樣的資料。

管理層相信與投資界有效溝通非常重要。本公司執行董事及財務總監舉行行董事及財務總監舉行董事及財務總監舉行董事及答覆投資者致電查詢,始資者發與之機構投資司業務與人政經營策本公司,使其經營等之最新情況以及經營策本公司,對於資者發展可動及反饋,對於資者發展互動及互惠關係。

所有財務資料及其他披露(包括本公司中期業績、末期業績、公佈、通函及其他通告)刊登於本公司網站www.qinfagroup.com及聯交所網站www.hkex.com.hk。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告



Independent auditor's report to the shareholders of China Qinfa Group Limited

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of China Qinfa Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") set out on pages 66 to 192, which comprise the consolidated and company statements of financial position as at 31 December 2011, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. This report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

致中國秦發集團有限公司股東 之獨立核數師報告

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審核列載於第66至192頁中國秦發集團有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,該等綜合財務報表包括於二零一一年十二月三十一日的綜合及公司財務狀況表與截至該日止年度的綜合全面收入表、綜合權益變動表和綜合現金流量表,以及主要會計政策概要及其他説明資料。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據國際會計準則委員 會頒佈的國際財務報告準則及香港公司條 例披露規定編製真實而公允的綜合財務報 表及落實董事認為確保綜合財務報表的編 製免於錯報所必要的有關內部控制(不論因 欺詐或錯誤)。

核數師的責任

我們的責任是根據我們的審核對該等綜合 財務報表作出意見,並僅向整體股東報 告,除此之外本報告不可用作其他用途。 我們概不會就本報告的內容向任何其他人 士負上或承擔任何責任。

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準則進行審核。這些準則要求我們遵守道德規範,並規劃及執行審核,以合理確定綜合財務報表是否不存在任何重大錯誤陳述。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

我們相信所獲得的審核憑證屬充足而恰 當,可作為我們審核意見的基礎。

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 December 2011 and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

意見

我們認為,綜合財務報表已根據國際財務報告準則真實而公允地反映 貴公司及 貴集團於二零一一年十二月三十一日的財務狀況及 貴集團截至該日止年度的溢利及現金流量,並已按照香港公司條例的披露規定妥為編製。

KPMG

Certified Public Accountants 8th Floor, Prince's Building 10 Chater Road Central, Hong Kong

26 March 2012

畢馬威會計師事務所

執業會計師 香港中環 遮打道10號 太子大廈8樓

二零一二年三月二十六日

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income 綜合全面收入表

For the year ended 31 December 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

			2011 二零一一年	2010
		Note	_参一一年 RMB'000	_参一参年 RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Turnover	營業額	5, 6	9,971,106	6,455,805
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(8,882,698)	(5,698,188)
Gross profit	毛利		1,088,408	757,617
Other income	其他收入	7	105,966	45,717
Distribution expenses	分銷開支		(127,036)	(119,748)
Administrative expenses	行政開支		(203,614)	(122,906)
Other expenses	其他開支		(3,927)	(4,808)
Results from operating activities	經營活動業績		859,797	555,872
Finance income	財務收入		84,476	48,722
Finance costs	財務成本		(270,555)	(100,784)
Net finance costs	財務成本淨額	8(a)	(186,079)	(52,062)
Share of profit/(loss) of associate	分佔聯營公司溢利/(虧損)	19	23,419	(1,922)
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	8	697,137	501,888
Income tax expense	所得税開支	9	(99,105)	(125,236)
Profit for the year	年內溢利		598,032	376,652
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收入			
Foreign currency translation differences	海外業務產生之		(45.700)	(0.4.500)
for foreign operations Net change in fair value of	外幣換算差額 可供出售金融資產的		(45,736)	(24,583)
available-for-sale financial assets	公允值變動淨額	14(b)	_	(12,918)
		. ((-)		(:=,::)
Other comprehensive income for the year (after tax and	年內其他全面收入 (税後及經重新分類調整)			
reclassification adjustment)		14(a)	(45,736)	(37,501)
Total comprehensive income	年內全面收入總額			
for the year	, , sample of the same that		552,296	339,151

The notes on pages 74 to 192 form part of these financial statements. Details of dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company attributable to the profit for the year are set out in Note 33(e).

第74至192頁的附註構成本財務報表的一部 分。就本公司權益持有人應佔本年度溢利 應付的股息詳情載於附註33(e)。

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income 綜合全面收入表

For the year ended 31 December 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

		2011	2010
		二零一一年	二零一零年
	Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
	附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
應佔溢利:			
本公司權益持有人		570,470	377,222
非控股權益		27,562	(570)
年內溢利		598,032	376,652
應佔全面收入總額:			
本公司權益持有人		524,734	339,721
非控股權益		27,562	(570)
年內全面收入總額			
		552,296	339,151
每股盈利			
每股基本盈利(重列)	15(a)	人民幣 0.27 元	人民幣0.18元
每股攤薄盈利(重列)	15(b)	人民幣 0.27元	人民幣0.18元
	本公司權益持有人 非控股權益 年內溢利 應佔全面收入總額: 本公司權益持有人 非控股權益 年內全面收入總額 每股盈利 每股盈利 每股基本盈利(重列)	應佔溢利: 本公司權益持有人 非控股權益 年內溢利 應佔全面收入總額: 本公司權益持有人 非控股權益 年內全面收入總額 每股盈利 每股盈利 每股基本盈利(重列) 15(a)	大民幣 1

The notes on pages 74 to 192 form part of these financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2011 於二零一一年十二月三十一日

			2011	2010
		Note	二零一一年	二零一零年
		Note 附註	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
		PI'J ī土	人民带干儿	人民帝干儿
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	16	3,924,147	1,441,241
Coal mining rights	煤炭採礦權	17	4,458,446	210,659
Lease prepayments	租賃預付款項	18	129,728	51,884
Investment in associate	於聯營公司之投資	19	38,308	45,129
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	20(b)	4,075	8,648
			8,554,704	1,757,561
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	22	504,840	527,481
Derivatives	衍生工具	23	466	4,225
Trade and bills receivable	應收貿易賬款及應收票據	24	1,341,025	1,026,229
Prepayments and other receivables	預付款項及其他應收款項	25	1,550,282	1,867,212
Pledged deposits	已抵押存款	26	535,745	951,807
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	27	592,027	287,161
			4,524,385	4,664,115
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Loans and borrowings	貸款及借貸	28	(1,565,273)	(2,874,690)
Trade and bills payable	應付貿易賬款及應付票據	30	(2,012,289)	(477,147)
Other payables	其他應付款項	31	(1,737,558)	(301,353)
Derivatives	衍生工具	23	(2,127)	(211)
Current taxation	流動税項	20(a)	(269,348)	(209,333)
			(5,586,595)	(3,862,734)
Net current (liabilities)/assets	流動(負債)/資產淨額		(1,062,210)	801,381
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總值減流動負債		7,492,494	2,558,942
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	20(c)	(1,151,071)	(48,992)
Other payables	其他應付款項	31	(1,232,000)	_
Loans and borrowings	貸款及借貸	28	(1,782,778)	(735,321)
Accrued reclamation obligations	預提復墾費用	32	(71,797)	_
			(4,237,646)	(784,313)
Net assets	資產淨值		3,254,848	1,774,629

The notes on pages 74 to 192 form part of these financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2011 於二零一一年十二月三十一日

		Note	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000	2010 二零一零年 RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Capital and reserves	股本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	33(b)	176,266	91,474
Reserves	儲備		2,069,400	1,628,056
Total equity attributable to equity shareholders of	本公司權益持有人應佔 權益總額			
the Company			2,245,666	1,719,530
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		1,009,182	55,099
Total equity	權益總額		3,254,848	1,774,629

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors of China Qinfa Group Limited on 26 March 2012.

於二零一二年三月二十六日獲中國秦發集 團有限公司董事會批准及授權發行。

Director 董事 **XU** Jihua 徐吉華

董事 **WANG Jianfei** 王劍飛

Director

The notes on pages 74 to 192 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of Financial Position 財務狀況表

At 31 December 2011 於二零一一年十二月三十一日

		NI-4-	2011 二零一一年	2010 二零一零年
		Note 附註	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Investment in subsidiaries	於附屬公司的投資	21	658,807	658,807
Current assets	流動資產			
Prepayments and other receivables	預付款項及其他應收款項	25	1,054,276	945,041
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	27	624	854
			1,054,900	945,895
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Other payables	其他應付款項	31	(530,248)	(385,314)
Net current assets	流動資產淨額		524,652	560,581
Net assets	資產淨值		1,183,459	1,219,388
Capital and reserves	股本及儲備	33(a)		
Share capital	股本		176,266	91,474
Reserves	儲備		1,007,193	1,127,914
Total equity	權益總額		1,183,459	1,219,388

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors of China Qinfa Group Limited on 26 March 2012.

於二零一二年三月二十六日獲中國秦發集 團有限公司董事會批准及授權發行。

Director 董事 **XU** Jihua 徐吉華

Director 董事

WANG Jianfei 王劍飛

The notes on pages 74 to 192 form part of these financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

Attributable to equity shareholders of the Company 本公司權益持有人應佔

			平公刊權益付有人應負										
		Note 附註	Share capital 股本 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Share premium 股份溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Merger reserve 合併儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 31(c)(ii) 31(c)(ii)	Reserves 儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Fair value reserve 公允值儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Exchange reserve 運兑儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Share-based compensation reserve 以股份為基礎之 酬金儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Retained earnings 保留盈利 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Non- controlling interest 非控股權益 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total equity 權益總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2010	於二零一零年一月一日		91,474	494,633	127,442	306,694	12,918	(52,860)	2,090	394,896	1,377,287	_	1,377,287
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收入總額												
Profit for the year	年內溢利					-				377,222	377,222	(570)	376,652
Other comprehensive income Foreign currency translation difference for foreign operations Disposal of available-for-sale	海外業物產生之 3 外幣換算差額		-	-	-	-	-	(24,583)	-	-	(24,583)	-	(24,583)
financial assets				-	-	-	(12,918)	-	-	-	(12,918)	-	(12,918)
Total other comprehensive income	其他全面收入總額				-	<u>-</u>	(12,918)	(24,583)	<u></u>	-	(37,501)		(37,501)
Total comprehensive income	全面收入總額		-	-	-	-	(12,918)	(24,583)	-	377,222	339,721	(570)	339,151
Transactions with equity shareholder and non-controlling interests, recorded directly in equity Non-controlling													
interests arising from acquisition of a subsidiary Capital contribution received in non-wholly owned subsidiaries by non-controlling	配置 在		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,075	20,075
shareholders	儲備分配		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35,594	35,594
Appropriation to reserves		33(c)(iii)	-	-	-	15,547	-	-	-	(15,547)	-	-	-
Equity-settled share- based payments	以權益結算並以 股份為基礎付款	33(c)(v)		-	-	-	-	-	2,522	-	2,522	-	2,522
Total transactions with equity shareholders	與權益持有人 之交易總額			-	-	15,547	-	-	2,522	(15,547)	2,522	55,669	58,191
At 31 December 2010	於二零一零年 十二月三十一日		91,474	494,633	127,442	322,241	-	(77,443)	4,612	756,571	1,719,530	55,099	1,774,629

The notes on pages 74 to 192 form part of these financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

Attributable to equity shareholders of the Company 本公司權益持有人應佔

							.1.14 (A) (Emmi)	13 X YOV IH				
		Note 附註	Share capital 股本 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Share premium 股份溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Merger reserve 合併儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Reserves 儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元		Share-based ompensation reserve 酬金儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Retained earnings 保留盈利 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Non- controlling interest 非控股權益 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total equity 權益總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2011	於二零一一年一月一日		91,474	494,633	127,442	322,241	(77,443)	4,612	756,571	1,719,530	55,099	1,774,629
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收入總額											
Profit for the year	年內溢利		<u>.</u>			-	- -		570,470	570,470	27,562	598,032
Other comprehensive income Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations	其他全面收入 海外業物產生之 外幣換算差額		-	-	-	-	(45,736)	-	-	(45,736)	-	(45,736)
Total other comprehensive income	其他全面收入總額				-	-	(45,736)	-	-	(45,736)	-	(45,736)
Total comprehensive income	全面收入總額		-	-	-	-	(45,736)	-	570,470	524,734	27,562	552,296
Transactions with equity shareholders, and non-controlling interests, recorded directly in equity	與權益持有人之交易 及非控股權益, 於權益直接列賬											
Non-controlling interests arising from acquisition of	收購一間附屬 公司產生 的非控股權益	40									000 504	000 504
a subsidiary Share option exercised	已行使購股權	10 33(b)(vi)/(c)(i)	- 5	162	-	-	-	(40)	-	127	926,521	926,521 127
Appropriation to reserves	G1] 仗牌权権 儲備分配	33(c)(iii)	- -	102	_	44,027	-	(40)	(44,027)	121		127
Capitalisation issue Equity-settled	資本化發行 以權益結算並以	33(b)(vii)	84,787	(84,787)	-	44 ,027 -	-	-	(11,021)	-	-	-
share-based payments	股份為基礎付款	33(c)(v)	-	-	-	-	-	1,275	-	1,275	-	1,275
Total transactions with equity shareholders	與權益持有人 之交易總額		84,792	(84,625)	-	44,027	-	1,235	(44,027)	1,402	926,521	927,923
At 31 December 2011	於二零一一年 十二月三十一日		176,266	410,008	127,442	366,268	(123,179)	5,847	1,283,014	2,245,666	1,009,182	3,254,848

The notes on pages 74 to 192 form part of these financial statements.

第74至192頁的附註構成本財務報表的一部 分。

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

		Note 附註	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2010 二零一零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Operating activities Cash generated from operations Interest paid Tax paid: - PRC Income Tax paid	經營活動 經營活動所得現金 已付利息 已付税項: 一已付中國所得税	27(b) 20(a)	1,255,075 (271,715) (34,764)	352,324 (99,028) (85,568)
Net cash generated from operating activities	經營活動所得現金淨額		948,596	167,728
Investing activities Interest received Proceeds from sale of property,	投資活動 已收利息 出售物業、廠房及設備		21,610	21,452
plant and equipment Deposits received Proceeds from sales of derivative	所得款項 已收按金 出售衍生金融工具		15 200,000	481 -
financial instruments Cash acquired from	所得款項 收購附屬公司獲得現金		9,439	1,409
acquisition of a subsidiary Acquisition of property, plant	收購物業、廠房及設備	10	124,264	655
and equipment Acquisition of coal mining rights Payment for investments in	收購煤炭採礦權 附屬公司及聯營公司		(248,860) (5,000)	(525,489) –
subsidiaries and associates Deposits for equity investments Dividends received from an associate Refund of part payments for	投資付款 股本投資按金 收回一間聯營公司之股息 退還取消收購的		(1,300,000) (303,221) 32,000	(1,387,781)
aborted acquisition Net cash used in investing activities	部分付款 投資活動所用現金淨額		(1,469,753)	(1,760,273)
Financing activities Proceeds from loans and other borrowings Capital contribution from non-controlling shareholders	融資活動		12,725,149	10,088,978
Repayment of loans and other borrowings Change in pledged deposits Proceeds from exercised	償還貸款及其他借貸 已抵押存款的變動 行使首次公開發售前 購股權所得款項		(12,319,667) 416,062 127	(8,714,747) 85,521
Pre-IPO share option Net cash generated from	融資活動所得現金淨額		121	
financing activities			821,671	1,495,346
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物 增加/(減少)淨額		300,514	(97,199)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January Effect of foreign exchange	於一月一日之現金及 現金等價物 匯率變動的影響	27(a)	287,161	376,187
rate changes Cash and cash equivalents	於十二月三十一日之現金		4,352	8,173
at 31 December	及現金等價物	27(a)	592,027	287,161

The notes on pages 74 to 192 form part of these financial statements.

第74至192頁的附註構成本財務報表的一部 分。

COMPANY BACKGROUND AND BASIS OF PREPARATION

General information 1.1

China Qinfa Group Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 4 March 2008 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law (2007 Revision) of the Cayman Islands. The Company's shares were listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") on 3 July 2009 (the "Listing Date"). The principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") are coal mining, purchase and sales, filtering, storage, blending of coal, shipping transportation and port business.

1.2 Basis of preparation

Statement of compliance (a)

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs"), which collective term includes all applicable individual International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards ("IAS") and related Interpretations, promulgated by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"), and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"). A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the Group is set out below.

公司背景及編製基準

1.1 一般資料

中國秦發集團有限公司(「本公 司」)於二零零八年三月四日根 據開曼群島公司法(二零零七年 修訂本)在開曼群島註冊成立為 一間獲豁免有限責任公司。本 公司股份於二零零九年十月三 日(「上市日期」)在香港聯合交 易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板 上市。本公司及其附屬公司(統 稱為「本集團」)的主要業務活動 為採煤、煤炭購銷、選煤、存 儲、配煤、航運運輸及港口業 務。

1.2 編製基準

(a) 合規聲明

該等財務報表是按照國際 會計準則委員會(「國際 會計準則委員會」)頒佈 的所有適用的國際財務報 告準則(「國際財務報告準 則」)(包括所有適用的個 別國際財務報告準則、國 際會計準則(「國際會計準 則」))及相關詮譯,以及 香港公司法條例的披露規 定編製。該等財務報表亦 符合香港聯合交易所有限 公司證券上市規則(「上市 規則」)適用披露規定。本 集團採納之主要會計政策 概要載列下文。

1 COMPANY BACKGROUND AND BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

1.2 Basis of preparation (continued)

(a) Statement of compliance (continued)

The IASB has issued certain new and revised IFRSs that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group and the Company. Note 3 provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current and prior accounting periods reflected in these financial statements.

(b) Basis of measurement

These financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB"), which is rounded to the nearest thousand, except when otherwise indicated. They have been prepared on the historical cost basis except that the derivatives are measured at fair value (see Note 2(e)(iv)).

(c) Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other resources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

1 公司背景及編製基準(續)

1.2 編製基準(續)

(a) 合規聲明(續)

國際會計準則委員會頒佈了若干新訂及經修訂的經修訂的報告準則,該等準則於本集團及本公或或可以會計期間首次生效或可可以是早採用。附註3列示集計場可以採用該等與本該等與本該等與本該等與本該等與本該等與本該等則而反映於會計數務報表當期及過往會計期間的會計政策變動。

(b) 計量基準

除非另有訂明,該等財務報表以人民幣(「人民幣」)為單位列示,四捨五入至最接近的千位數計算,按歷史成本基準進行編製,惟衍生工具乃按公允值計量(參閱附註2(e)(iv))。

(c) 所用之估計及判斷

COMPANY BACKGROUND AND BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

1.2 Basis of preparation (continued)

Use of estimates and judgements (continued) (c)

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements made by management in the application of IFRSs that have significant effect on the financial statements and major sources of estimation uncertainty are described as follows:

(i) Impairment losses for trade and bills receivable

> Impairment losses for trade and bills receivable are assessed and provided based on management's regular review of ageing analysis and evaluation of collectability. A considerable level of judgement is exercised by the management when assessing the credit worthiness and past collection history of each individual customer. Any increase or decrease in the impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts would affect the consolidated statement of comprehensive income in future years.

公司背景及編製基準(續)

1.2 編製基準(續)

所用之估計及判斷(續) (c)

該等估計和有關假設按持 續經營基準審閱。會計估 計的修訂於估計作出修訂 的期間確認(倘變更對當 期及以後期間均產生影響 時,於變更當期及以後期 間均確認)。

管理層在應用國際財務報 告準則時作出的判斷,如 對本財務報表有重大影響 及主要不確定性估計的來 源,於如下詳述:

(i) 應收貿易賬款及應 收票據的減值虧損

> 應收貿易賬款及應 收票據之減值虧損 乃根據管理層對賬 齡分析及評估可收 回程度之定期檢討 結果作出評估及撥 備。管理層於評估 每位個別客戶的信 譽及過往收款記錄 時作出大量判斷。 呆壞賬減值虧損的 任何增減將影響未 來數年的綜合全面 收入表。

1 COMPANY BACKGROUND AND BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

1.2 Basis of preparation (continued)

(c) Use of estimates and judgements (continued)

(ii) Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives, after taking into account the estimated residual values. The management periodically reviews changes in technology and industry conditions, asset retirement activity and residual values to determine adjustments to estimated remaining useful lives and depreciation rates. Actual economic lives may differ from estimated useful lives. Periodic reviews could result in a change in depreciable lives and therefore depreciation expenses in future periods.

(iii) Net realisable value of inventories

Net realisable value of inventories is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and selling expenses. These estimates are based on the current market condition and the historical experience of distributing and selling products of similar nature. It could change significantly as a result of competitor's actions in response to severe industry cycles or other changes in market condition. Management will reassess the estimations at each reporting date.

1 公司背景及編製基準(續)

1.2 編製基準(續)

(c) 所用之估計及判斷(續)

(ii) 折舊

(iii) 存貨的可變現淨值

存貨的可變現淨值 是以日常業務之估 計售價減去完成估 計成本及銷售開支 計算。該等估計乃 根據現行市況及分 銷及銷售類似性質 產品的過往經驗作 出。其或會因競爭 對手就劇烈行業周 期或其他市況變化 所作出的行動而發 生重大轉變。管理 層將於各結算日對 該等估計進行重新 評估。

1 COMPANY BACKGROUND AND BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

1.2 Basis of preparation (continued)

(c) Use of estimates and judgements (continued)

(iv) Fair value of derivatives

The fair value of derivatives traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the reporting date. The fair value of derivatives that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques in which all significant inputs are directly or indirectly based on observable market data.

(v) Coal reserves

Engineering estimates of the Group's coal reserves are inherently imprecise and represent only approximate amounts because of the subjective judgements involved in developing such information. There are authoritative guidelines regarding the engineering criteria that have to be met before estimated coal reserves can be designated as "proved" and "probable". Proved and probable coal reserve estimates are updated on a regular basis and have taken into account recent production and technical information about each mine. In addition, as prices and cost levels change from year to year, the estimate of proved and probable coal reserves also changes. This change is considered a change in estimate for accounting purposes and is reflected on a prospective basis in related depreciation rates.

1 公司背景及編製基準(續)

1.2 編製基準(續)

(c) 所用之估計及判斷(續)

(iv) 衍生工具的公允值

於衍根場於衍採定的直列羅工報價羅工估值重間市場的日算場的百算場的值方要接制的日算場的方法參地數實允的並賣允法採數源據的值市無的值釐用均自。

(v) 煤炭儲量

本集團有關煤炭儲 量的工程估計存在 固有不精確性,且 僅約為數,因為編 製該等資料涉及主 觀判斷。估計的煤 炭儲量須符合有關 工程標准的權威指 引,才能被定為「已 探明儲量」和「估計 儲量」。已探明及估 計煤炭儲量估計定 期更新並考慮到有 關各個煤礦的近期 生產及技術資料。 此外,由於價格及 成本水平逐年變 化,已探明及估計 煤炭儲量的估計亦 隨之變化。該變化 被視為就會計用途 作出的估計變化, 並按預期基準反映 有關折舊比率。

- 1 COMPANY BACKGROUND AND BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)
 - 1.2 Basis of preparation (continued)
 - (c) Use of estimates and judgements (continued)
 - (v) Coal reserves (continued)

Despite the inherent imprecision in these engineering estimates, these estimates are used in determining depreciation expenses and impairment loss. Depreciation rates are determined based on estimated proved and probable coal reserve quantity (the denominator) and capitalised costs of mining structures and mining rights (the numerator). The capitalised cost of mining structures and mining rights are amortised based on the units of coal produced.

1 公司背景及編製基準(續)

1.2 編製基準(續)

- (c) 所用之估計及判斷(續)
 - (v) 煤炭儲量(續)

1 COMPANY BACKGROUND AND BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

- 1.2 Basis of preparation (continued)
 - (c) Use of estimates and judgements (continued)
 - (vi) Obligations for reclamation

The estimation of the liabilities for final reclamation and mine closure involves the estimates of the amount and timing for the future cash spending as well as the discount rate used for reflecting current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The Group considers various factors, including future production volume and development plan, the geological structure of the mining regions and reserve volume, to determine the scope, amount and timing of reclamation and mine closure works to be performed. Determination of the effect of these factors involves judgements from the Group and the estimated liabilities may turn out to be different from the actual expenditure incurred. The discount rate used by the Group may also be altered to reflect the changes in the market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability, such as changes of the borrowing rate and inflation rate in the market. As changes in estimates occur (such as mine plan revisions, changes in estimated costs, or changes in timing of the performance of reclamation activities), revisions to the obligations will be recognised at the appropriate discount rate.

1 公司背景及編製基準(續)

1.2 編製基準(續)

- (c) 所用之估計及判斷(續)
 - (vi) 復墾承擔

最後復墾及礦井關 閉的估計負債涉及 對未來現金花費的 金額及時間估計以 及為反映貨幣時間 價值的當前市場評 估及特定負債風險 而使用的折現率。 本集團考慮未來產 量及發展計劃、開 採區域地質結構及 儲量等多個因素而 確定復墾及礦井關 閉的範圍、數量及 時間。確定該等因 素的影響涉及本集 團的判斷,而估計 負債可能會與實際 產生的支出有所不 同。本集團採用的 折現率亦可能被改 變,以反映貨幣時 間價值的市場評估 及特定負債風險出 現的變動,例如市 場借款利率及通貨 膨脹率的變動。由 於估計發生變化(如 採礦計劃的修訂、 估計成本的變動或 進行復墾活動的時 間變化),該承擔的 修訂將以適當的折 現率予以確認。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. Control exists when the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing control, potential voting rights that presently are exercisable are taken into account.

An investment in a subsidiary is consolidated into the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Intra-group balances and transactions and any unrealised profits arising from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in a subsidiary not attributable directly or indirectly to the Company, and in respect of which the Group has not agreed any additional terms with the holders of those interests which would result in the Group as a whole having a contractual obligation in respect of those interests that meets the definition of a financial liability. For each business combination, the Group can elect to measure any non-controlling interests either at fair value or at their proportionate share of the subsidiary's net identifiable assets.

Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, separately from equity attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company. Non-controlling interests in the results of the Group are presented on the face of the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as an allocation of the total profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between non-controlling interests and the equity shareholders of the Company.

2 重大會計政策

(a) 附屬公司及非控股權益

附屬公司指本集團控制的實體。倘本集團有權力支配實體的財務及經營政策,以從其業務取得利益,則存在控制權。 在評估控制權時,會考慮到目前可行使的潛在投票權。

非控股權益與本公司股東應佔權益在綜合財務狀況表的權益項目中分別列示。本集團業績劃分為非控股權益應佔溢利或虧損及全面收入與本公司股東應佔溢利或虧損及全面收入表中分別列示。 於綜合全面收入表中分別列示。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(a) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests (continued)

In the Company's statement of financial position, an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment losses (see Note 2(k)).

Associates (b)

An associate is an entity in which the Group or the Company has significant influence, but not control or joint control, over its management, including participation in the financial and operating policy decisions.

An investment in an associate is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements under the equity method unless it is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale). Under the equity method, the investment is initially recorded at cost, adjusted for any excess of the Group's share of the acquisition-date fair values of the investee's identifiable net assets over the cost of the investment (if any). Thereafter, the investment is adjusted for the post acquisition change in the Group's share of the investee's net assets and any impairment loss relating to the investment (see Note 2(k)). Any acquisition-date excess over cost, the Group's share of the post-acquisition, post-tax results of the investees and any impairment losses for the year are recognised in profit or loss, whereas the Group's share of the post-acquisition posttax items of the investees' other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income.

重大會計政策(續)

附屬公司及非控股權益(續) (a)

於本公司財務狀況表內,於附屬 公司之投資按成本減減值虧損 列賬(參閱附註2(k))。

聯營公司 (b)

聯營公司為本集團或本公司可 對其管理層施加重大影響力(包 括參與財務及經營政策決定)的 實體,但並無控制權或共同控 制權。

於聯營公司之投資根據權益法 於綜合財務報表列賬,除非其 分類為持作出售(或列入分類 為持作出售的出售組別)。根 據權益法,投資初步按成本記 錄,並就本集團分佔參股公司 可識別資產淨值的收購日公允 值與投資成本的任何差額(如 有)作出調整。其後,投資就本 集團分佔參股公司的資產淨值 收購後變動及與投資有關的任 何減值虧損進行調整(參閱附 註2(k))。任何收購日與成本差 額、本集團分佔收購後參股公 司的税後業績及年內的任何減 值虧損均於損益中確認,而本 集團分佔收購後參股公司的其 他全面收入的税後項目於其他 全面收入確認。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(b) Associates (continued)

When the Group's share of losses exceeds its interest in the associate, the Group's interest is reduced to nil and recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the investee. For this purpose, the Group's interest is the carrying amount of the investment under the equity method together with the Group's long-term interests that in substance form part of the Group's net investment in the associate.

Unrealised profits and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the investee, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred, in which case they are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

When the Group ceases to have significant influence over an associate, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that investee, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former investee at the date when significant influence is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset (see Note 2(e)) or, when appropriate, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate (see Note 2(b)).

2 重大會計政策(續)

(b) 聯營公司(續)

當本集團分佔的虧損超過其於聯營公司的權益,本集團份值之,並會被減少至無,並不再強力,惟本集團仍在虧損,惟定責任或曾代為於外。就此而言計學的人。就權益為根據權益法則的人。其實上構成本集團的人類,實質上構成本集團於聯營公司之淨投資之一部分。

本集團與其聯營公司之間的交易產生的未變現溢利及虧損, 乃按本集團於參股公司的權益 予以抵銷,惟倘未變現虧損證 明所轉讓的資產出現減值,則 有關的未變現虧損乃即時於損 益表內確認。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(c) Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of:

- the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree; over
- the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets and liabilities measured as at the acquisition date.

When (ii) is greater than (i), then this excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a gain on a bargain purchase.

Goodwill is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill arising on a business combination is allocated to each cash-generating unit ("CGU"), or groups of CGU, that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination and is tested annually for impairment (see Note 2(k)).

On disposal of a CGU during the year, any attributable amount of purchased goodwill is included in the calculation of the profit or loss on disposal.

重大會計政策(續)

(c) 商譽

商譽為以下兩者之差額:

- 轉讓代價的公允值、於被 (i) 收購方的任何非控股權益 的金額及本集團先前於被 收購方持有股權的公允值 的總和;與
- 被收購方的可識別資產與 (ii) 負債於收購日期計量的公 允值淨額。

當(ii)大於(i)時,則此差額即時於 損益中確認為議價購入收益。

商譽按成本減累計減值虧損入 賬。因業務合併產生的商譽分 配至各現金產生單位(「現金產 生單位」)或一組現金產生單 位,現金產生單位預期可自合 併的協同效應獲益,並須每年 進行減值測試(參閱附註2(k))。

年內出售現金產生單位時,購 入商譽的任何應佔金額包括於 計算出售的損益內。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(d) Foreign currency

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each entity in the Group are measured using the currency that best reflects the economic substance of the underlying events and circumstances relevant to the entity (the "functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in RMB (the "presentation currency").

(ii) Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the reporting date. Exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates the fair value was determined.

(iii) Financial statements of foreign operations

The results of foreign operations are translated into RMB at the exchange rates approximating the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Assets and liabilities are translated into RMB at the closing foreign exchange rates at the reporting date. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in the exchange reserve.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 外幣

(i) 功能和呈列貨幣

本集團每間實體的財務報表所載列的項目是以最能反映有關該實體的相關事件及情況的經濟實質的貨幣(「功能貨幣」)計量。財務資料是以人民幣(「呈列貨幣」)呈列。

(ii) 外幣交易

於年內外幣交易按交易當 日之匯率換算。以外幣計 算之貨幣資產及負債均按 報告日之匯率換算。匯兑 盈虧於損益表確認。

以歷史成本計算之外匯非 貨幣性資產及負債乃按交 易日之匯率折算。以公允 值列賬之外匯非貨幣資產 及負債乃以釐定公允值日 期之匯率換算。

(iii) 海外業務財務報表

海外業務的業績按與交易 日的外幣匯率相若的匯率 換算為人民幣。資產及負 債則按報告日的收市外幣 匯率換算為人民幣。所產 生的匯兑差額分別於其他 全面收入表中確認並於 足儲備中累積。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(e) Financial instruments

(i) Non-derivative financial assets

The Group initially recognises loans and receivables on the date that they are originated. All other financial assets are recognised initially on the trade date at which the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred. Any interest in such transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the Group is recognised as a separate asset or liability.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group has a legal right to offset the amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

The Group has the following non-derivative financial assets: loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial assets.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Such assets are recognised initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses (see Note 2(k)).

2 重大會計政策(續)

(e) 金融工具

(i) 非衍生金融資產

本集團於貸款及應收款項 產生日期初始確認。倘本 集團成為金融工具合約條 文的訂約方時,本公司於 交易日初始確認所有其他 金融資產。

自金融資產獲得現金流量 的合同權利屆滿或倘現金 流量的合約權利屆滿或資 產的絕大部分風險及回驗 轉移時,則該金融資產將 不再獲確認。由本集團產 生或保留之已轉移該等金 融資產之任何權益確認為 個別資產及負債。

金融資產及負債僅於本集 團有合法權利抵銷該金額 並計劃按淨額基準結算, 或在變現資產的同時清償 負債時予以抵銷,並於財 務狀況表內呈列款項淨 額。

本集團擁有下列非衍生金 融資產:貸款及應收款項 以及可供出售金融資產。

貸款及應收賬款

貸款及應收賬款為有固定 或待定付款且並無在活 報價之金融資產。 等資產初始按公允值來。 另加任何直接應佔交易成 本。初始確認後, 段利 被收賬款採用實際, 和 按攤銷成本計量 任何減值虧損(參閱附註 2(k))。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(e) Financial instruments (continued)

(i) Non-derivative financial assets (continued)

Loans and receivables comprise cash and cash equivalents, trade and bills receivable, and prepayments and other receivables.

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and call deposits with maturities of three months or less from the acquisition date that are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in their fair value, and are used by the Group in the management of its short-term commitments.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are designated as available-for-sale and that are not classified in any of other categories. The Group's investments in equity securities are classified as available-for-sale financial assets. Subsequent to initial recognition, they are measured at fair value and changes therein, other than impairment losses (see Note 2(k)) and foreign currency differences (see Note 2(d)) on available-for-sale equity securities, are recognised in other comprehensive income and presented within equity in the fair value reserve. When an investment is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss in other comprehensive income is transferred to profit or loss.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(e) 金融工具(續)

(i) 非衍生金融資產(續)

貸款及應收賬款包括現金 及現金等價物、應收貿易 賬款及應收票據、預付款 項及其他應收賬款。

現金及現金等價物包括自 收購日期起在三個月或少 於三個月到期之現金結餘 及活期存款,其公允值變 動風險不大且由本集團用 於管理其短期承擔。

可供出售金融資產

可供出售金融資產為指定 可供出售但未分類為任何 其他類別之非衍生金融資 產。本集團於股本證券之 投資可歸類為可供出售金 融資產。可供出售金融資 產於初次確認後按公允值 計量,惟可供出售股本證 券之減值虧損(參閱附註 2(k)) 及外幣差額(參閱附 註2(d))除外,於其他全面 收入確認並按公允值儲備 之權益內呈列。終止確認 投資時,其他全面收入的 累計收益或虧損轉撥至損 益。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(e) Financial instruments (continued)

(ii) Non-derivative financial liabilities

The Group initially recognises financial liabilities on the trade date at which the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The Group derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or expire.

The Group has the following non-derivative financial liabilities: loans and borrowings, trade and bills payable, and other payables.

Such financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(iii) Share capital

Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares are recognised as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

(iv) Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are recognised initially at fair value. At each reporting date, the fair value is remeasured. The gain or loss on remeasurement to fair value is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(e) 金融工具(*續*)

(ii) 非衍生金融負債

本集團成為金融工具合約 撥備之一方時,於交易日 初始確認為金融負債。

本集團於合約責任解除或 取消或屆滿時取消確認金 融負債。

本集團擁有下列非衍生金 融負債:貸款及借貸、應 付貿易賬款及應付票據及 其他應付款項。

該等金融負債初始按公允 值確認另加任何直接應佔 交易成本。初始確認後, 該等金融負債採用實際利 率法按攤銷成本計量。

(iii) 股本

普通股

普通股獲分類為權益。發 行普通股之直接應佔遞增 成本確認為權益削減,扣 除任何税務影響。

(iv) 衍生金融工具

衍生金融工具初步按公允 值確認。於各報告日期均 會重新計量公允值。重新 計量公允值的盈虧即時於 損益中確認。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(f) Property, plant and equipment

(i) Recognition and measurement

Items of buildings, vessels, plant and equipment and other properties are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see Note 2(k)).

Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. The cost of self-constructed assets includes the cost of materials and direct labour, any other costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to a working condition for its intended use, the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located and capitalised borrowing costs (see Note 2(s)) and changes in the measurement of existing liabilities recognised for these costs resulting from changes in the timing or outflow of resources required to settle the obligation or from changes in the discount rate. Purchased software that is integral to the functionality of the related equipment is capitalised as part of that equipment.

When parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment (calculated as the difference between the net proceeds from disposal and the carrying amount of the item) is recognised in profit or loss.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(f) 物業、廠房及設備

(i) 確認及計量

樓宇、貨船、廠房及設備 以及其他物業的項目按成 本減累計折舊及減值虧損 計量(參閱附註2(k))。

成本包括收購資產直接應 佔的支出。自建資產的成 本包括物料成本和直接勞 工成本、令資產符合工作 條件作其擬定用途的應佔 任何其他直接成本,以及 拆卸和搬遷項目及恢復項 目所在地原貌的成本及資 本化借貸成本(參閱附註 2(s)),以及就清償債務所 需的時間或資源流出的變 化或折現率的變化所引致 之該等成本而確認的現有 負債的計量變動。購買對 相關設備的功能所必需的 軟件,會作為該設備的一 部分予以資本化。

倘物業、廠房及設備項目部分的可使用年期不同,則會以物業、廠房及設備的獨立項目(主要部分)列賬。

出售物業、廠房及設備 所產生的任何收益或虧 損(按出售所得款項淨額 與項目的賬面值之差額計 算)於損益中確認。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(f) Property, plant and equipment (continued)

(ii) Subsequent costs

The cost of replacing a component of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Group and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced component is derecognised. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Cost incurred in replacing or renewing the separate assets in vessels (dry-docking costs) are capitalised and depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated period until the next dry-docking.

(iii) Depreciation

Depreciation is based on the cost of an asset less its residual value. Significant components of individual assets are assessed and if a component has a useful life that is different from the remainder of the asset, that component is depreciated separately.

Depreciation is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each component of an item of property, plant and equipment, other than mining structures.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(f) 物業、廠房及設備(續)

(ii) 後續成本

倘更換物業、廠房及設備項目部分會於日後為本集團帶來經濟利益,而其成本會按該項目的時期, 其成本會按該項目的時期, 值確認。替代部分的影, 值將取消確認。物業, 值將取消確認。物業, 成本 會於其產生時在損益表確 認。

替代或更新貨船個別資產 產生的成本(乾塢成本)予 以資本化並在下一次在乾 塢保養維修前的估計期間 以直線法予以折舊。

(iii) 折舊

折舊乃按資產成本減其剩餘價值計算。個別資產的重要部分會予以評估,倘任何部分的可使用年期與資產的其他部分不同,則該部分會單獨予以折舊。

折舊乃按物業、廠房及設備項目(採礦構築物除外)各部分的估計可使用年期以直線法為基準於損益中確認。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(f) Property, plant and equipment (continued)

(iii) Depreciation (continued)

The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative years of significant items of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Plant and buildings	10-30 years
Machinery	3-30 years
Electronic and other equipment	3-10 years

Motor vehicles 5-15 years
Vessels 10-30 years

Mining structures are depreciated using the unitsof-production method, utilising only proved and probable coal reserves in the depletion base.

No depreciation is provided for assets under construction until such time as the relevant assets are completed and available for intended use. Assets under construction are transferred to the relevant categories of property, plant and equipment upon the completion of their respective construction.

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each financial year-end and adjusted if appropriate.

(iv) Disposal

Gains and losses on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment and are recognised net within other income in profit or loss.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(f) 物業、廠房及設備(續)

(iii) 折舊(續)

物業、廠房及設備重大項 目於目前及比較年度的估 計可使用年期如下:

廠房及樓宇	10至30年
機器	3至30年
電子及其他	3至10年
設備	
\	

汽車5至15年貨船10至30年

採礦構築物僅根據已用探 明及估計煤炭儲量,以耗 蝕基準利用單位生產法進 行折舊。

在建資產在完成並可作擬 定用途前不計提折舊。各 在建資產於建造完成後, 會撥入物業、廠房及設備 的有關類別。

折舊方法、可使用年期及 殘值會於各財政年度末進 行檢討及調整(如適用)。

(iv) 出售

因出售物業、廠房及設備 項目而產生的收益及虧損 乃透過比較出售所得款項 與物業、廠房及設備賬面 值而釐定,並於損益其他 收入內確認淨值。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(g) Coal mining rights

Coal mining rights represent coal mining rights acquired through a business combination. Coal mining rights are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses (see Note 2(k)).

Coal mining rights are amortised using the units-ofproduction method, utilising only proved and probable coal reserves in the depletion base.

Lease prepayments (h)

Lease prepayments represent the cost of land use rights and sea use rights paid to PRC government authorities. Lease prepayments are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses (see Note 2(k)).

Amortisation is charged to profit or loss on a straightline basis over the respective periods of the rights except that the amortisation is included as part of assets under construction when the amortisation can be directly attributable to the cost of relevant assets during the construction period.

(i) Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

The cost of inventories is calculated using the weighted average cost formula and comprises expenditure incurred in acquiring the inventories, production or conversion costs and other costs incurred in bringing them to their existing location and condition. In the case of manufactured inventories and work in progress, cost includes an appropriate share of production overheads based on normal operating capacity.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses.

重大會計政策(續)

煤炭採礦權 (g)

煤炭採礦權指诱過業務合併收 購的煤礦開採權。煤炭採礦權 按成本減累計攤銷及減值虧損 (參閱附註2(k))列賬。

煤炭採礦權僅使用探明及估計 煤炭儲量,以耗蝕基準利用單 位生產法予以攤銷。

租賃預付款項 (h)

租賃預付款項乃指支付中國政 府機關的土地使用權成本和海 域使用權。租賃預付款項按成 本減去累計攤銷及減值虧損列 賬(參閱附註2(k))。

攤銷在相關使用年期內以直線 法於損益中扣除,除非攤銷可 直接分類為建設期內的相關資 產成本,則其可計入在建資產 的一部分。

存貨 (i)

存貨乃按成本值及可變現淨值 兩者中的較低者計量。

存貨成本按加權平均成本法計 算,包括採購存貨的成本、生 產成本或改裝成本及使存貨達 到目前地點及現狀而產生的其 他成本。就已生產存貨及在製 品而言,成本包括根據日常經 營產能而適當分佔的間接生產 成本。

可變現淨值乃日常業務過程中 的估計售價減去估計完成成本 及銷售開支後所得的數額。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(i) Inventories (continued)

When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

(i) Obligations for reclamation

The Group's obligations for reclamation consist of spending estimates at both surface and underground mines in accordance with the PRC rules and regulations. The Group estimates its liabilities for final reclamation and mine closure based upon detailed calculations of the amount and timing of the future cash spending to perform the required work. Spending estimates are escalated for inflation, then discounted at a discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability such that the amount of provision reflects the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The Group records a corresponding asset associated with the liability for final reclamation and mine closure. The obligation and corresponding asset are recognised in the period in which the liability is incurred. The asset is depreciated on the units-of-production method over its expected life and the liability is accreted to the projected spending date. As changes in estimates occur (such as mine plan revisions, changes in estimated costs, or changes in timing of the performance of reclamation activities), the revisions to the obligation and the corresponding asset are recognised at the appropriate discount rate.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(i) 存貨(續)

出售存貨時,該等存貨之賬面值於相關收益確認期間確認期變現實的所有虧損,均在對於政府有虧損內確認所有虧損內確認虧損的期間內確認的所有虧損的所有數極,均在出現撥回的內貨數額,均在出現撥回的存貨數額之口別作支出的存貨數額之和除。

(j) 復墾承擔

本集團的復墾承擔包括根據中 國法規及法例規定對露天礦及 地下礦的估計開支。本集團根 據為從事必要工程投放未來現 金而詳細計算的金額及時間估 計其就最後復墾及礦井關閉作 出的承擔。估計開支因應通脹 而調高,其後按反映現時市場 對貨幣時間價值的評估以及負 債特定風險的折現率折現,致 使撥備金額反映為償付承擔預 期所須開支的現值。本集團錄 得一項與最後復墾及礦井關閉 的負債有關聯的相應資產。該 承擔及相應資產於負債產生期 間確認。資產於其預計年期內 按生產單位法予以折舊,負債 則累計至預定開支日期。由於 出現估計變動(如礦場計劃修 訂、估計成本變動或進行復墾 活動的時間變動),該承擔及相 應資產的修訂按適當折現率予 以確認。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of assets (k)

Non-derivative financial assets

A financial asset not classified as at fair value through profit or loss is assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is objective evidence that it is impaired. A financial asset is impaired if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset, and that the loss event had an impact on the estimated future cash flows of that asset that can be estimated reliably.

Objective evidence that financial assets are impaired includes default or delinquency by a debtor, restructuring of an amount due to the Group on terms that the Group would not consider otherwise, indications that a debtor or issuer will enter bankruptcy, the disappearance of an active market for a security. In addition, for an investment in an equity security, a significant or prolonged decline in its fair value below its cost is objective evidence of impairment.

The Group considers evidence of impairment for financial assets measured at amortised cost (loans and receivables) at both a specific asset and collective level. All individually significant assets are assessed for specific impairment. Those found not to be specifically impaired are then collectively assessed for any impairment that has been incurred but not yet identified. Assets that are not individually significant are collectively assessed for impairment by grouping together assets with similar risk characteristics.

重大會計政策(續)

(k) 資產減值

(i) 非衍生金融資產

並無分類為按公允值計入 損益的金融資產於報告日 期進行評估,以釐定是否 有客觀證據顯示出現減 值。倘因資產首次確認後 發生一項或多項事件而出 現減值之客觀證據且該虧 損事件對能夠可靠計量之 該項資產的估計未來現金 流造成影響,則該項金融 資產將予以減值。

金融資產出現減值的客觀 證據可包括:債務人違約 或拖欠債務、根據本集團 原本不會考慮的條款進行 的應付本集團款項重組、 有跡象顯示債務人或發行 人將面臨破產以及證券失 去交易活躍的市場。此 外,就投資於股本證券而 言,其公允值大幅低於其 成本值或長期下跌為減值 的客觀證據。

本集團按具體資產及綜合 水平考慮按攤銷成本計量 之金融資產(貸款及應收 賬款)減值證據。所有個 別重大資產以具體減值進 行評估。並未發現具體減 值之資產會就已發生但未 識別之任何減值進行綜合 評估。不屬個別重大之資 產於風險特徵相近之組別 中作出綜合減值評估。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(k) Impairment of assets (continued)

(i) Non-derivative financial assets (continued)

In assessing collective impairment, the Group uses historical trends of the probability of default, the timing of recoveries and the amount of loss incurred, adjusted for management's judgement as to whether current economic and credit conditions are such that the actual losses are likely to be greater or less than suggested by historical trends.

An impairment loss in respect of a financial asset measured at amortised cost is calculated as the difference between its carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. Losses are recognised in profit or loss and reflected in an allowance account against loans and receivables. Interest on the impaired asset continues to be recognised. When an event occurring after the impairment was recognised causes the amount of impairment loss to decrease, the decrease in impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(k) 資產減值(續)

(i) 非衍生金融資產(續)

評估綜合減值時,本集團 運用違約可能性、可收回 時間及產生虧損之金額按 管理層判斷目前經濟及信 貸狀況會否導致實際虧損 可能高於或低於歷史趨勢 所提出結果進行調整。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(k) Impairment of assets (continued)

(i) Non-derivative financial assets (continued)

Impairment losses on available-for-sale financial assets are recognised by reclassifying the losses accumulated in the fair value reserve in equity, to profit or loss. The cumulative loss that is reclassified from equity to profit or loss is the difference between the acquisition cost, net of any principal repayment and amortisation, and the current fair value, less any impairment loss recognised previously in profit or loss. Changes in impairment provisions attributable to application of the effective interest method are reflected as a component of interest income. If, in a subsequent period, the fair value of an impairment availablefor-sale debt security increases and the increase can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised in profit or loss, then the impairment loss is reversed, with the amount of the reversal recognised in profit or loss. However, any subsequent recovery in the fair value of and impaired available-for-sale equity security is recognised in other comprehensive income.

(ii) Non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's non-financial assets, other than inventories and deferred tax assets, are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. For goodwill, and coal mining rights assets that have indefinite useful lives or that are not yet available for use, the recoverable amount is estimated each year at the same time. An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its CGU exceeds its estimated recoverable amount.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(k) 資產減值(續)

(i) 非衍生金融資產(續)

可供出售金融資產的減值 虧損透過將權益中公允值 儲備內累計的虧損重新分 類至損益予以確認。由權 益重新分類至損益的累計 虧損為收購成本(減任何 本金償還及攤銷)與當前 公允值(扣減先前於權益 中確認的任何減值虧損) 的差額。採用實際利息法 應佔的減值撥備變動反映 為利息收入部分。如果在 以後的會計期間,減值可 供出售債券的公允值增 加,且增加客觀上與減值 損失於損益中確認時後發 生的事項相關聯,則會撥 回減值損失,撥回於損益 中確認的金額。然而,任 何已減值可供出售股本證 券之公允值之可收回金額 於其他全面收入內確認。

(ii) 非金融資產

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(k) Impairment of assets (continued)

(ii) Non-financial assets (continued)

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets that cannot be tested individually are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs. Goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to groups of CGUs that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

The Group's corporate assets do not generate separate cash inflows and are utilised by more than one CGU. Corporate assets are allocated to CGUs on a reasonable and consistent basis and tested for impairment as part of the testing of the CGU to which the corporate asset is allocated.

Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised in respect of CGUs are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU (group of CGUs), and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets in the CGU (group of CGUs) on a pro rata basis.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(k) 資產減值(續)

(ii) 非金融資產(續)

資產或現金產生單位的可 收回金額是其使用價值及 其公允值減銷售成本兩者 中的較高者。在評估使用 價值時,估計未來現金流 量會按可以反映當時市場 對貨幣時間值及資產或現 金產生單位特定風險的評 估的税前贴現率, 贴現至 其現值。就減值測試而 言,無法個別測試之資產 集合為資產之最小組別, 由持續使用中產生現金流 量,當中大部分獨立於其 他資產或現金產生單位之 現金流量。於業務合併中 獲得的商譽會分配至預期 可從合併的協同效應獲益 的現金產生單位組別。

本集團的企業資產並無產 生個別現金流量並由多於 一個現金產生單位使用。 企業資產以合理和一致的 基礎分配至現金產生單 位,並進行減值測試以作 為測試企業資產獲分配的 現金產生單位的一部分。

減值虧損於損益中確認。 就現金產生單位確認的減 值虧損會予以分配,首先 減去分配予現金產生單位 (現金產生單位組別)的任 何商譽的賬面值,其後按 比例減去該現金產生單位 (現金產生單位組別)中其 他資產的賬面值。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(k) Impairment of assets (continued)

(ii) Non-financial assets (continued)

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. In respect of the assets, impairment losses recognised in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

(iii) Interim financial reporting and impairment

Under the Listing Rules, the Group is required to prepare an interim financial report in compliance with IAS 34, Interim financial reporting, in respect of the first six months of the financial year. At the end of the interim period, the Group applies the same impairment testing, recognition, and reversal criteria as it would at the end of the financial year.

Impairment losses recognised in an interim period in respect of goodwill and available-for-sale equity securities are not reversed in a subsequent period. This is the case even if no loss, or a smaller loss, would have been recognised had the impairment been assessed only at the end of the financial year to which the interim period relates. Consequently, if the fair value of an available-for-sale equity security increases in the remainder of the annual period, or in any other period subsequently, the increase is recognised in other comprehensive income and not profit or loss.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(k) 資產減值(續)

(ii) 非金融資產(續)

(iii) 中期財務報告及減值

根據上市規則,本集團須 遵照國際會計準則第34 號「中期財務報告」編製 財政年度首六個月的中期 財務報告。於中期期間結 束時,本集團應用與財政 年度結束時相同的減值測 試、確認及撥回準則。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(I) Employee benefits

(i) Short-term employee benefits

Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

(ii) Defined contribution retirement plan

Obligations for contribution to local government defined contribution retirement schemes pursuant to the relevant labour rules and regulations in the PRC and the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme Ordinance are recognised as an expense in profit or loss as incurred.

(iii) Share-based payments

The fair value of share options granted to employees is recognised as an employee cost with a corresponding increase in a capital reserve within equity. The fair value is measured at grant date using the Binomial Model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. Where the employees have to meet vesting conditions before becoming unconditionally entitled to the options, the total estimated fair value of the options is spread over the vesting period, taking into account the probability that the options will vest.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(Ⅰ) 僱員福利

(i) 短期僱員福利

薪酬、每年花紅、有薪年 假及非貨幣福利成本,於 僱員提供有關服務之年度 內累計。倘延遲付款會帶 來嚴重影響,該等數額須 按現值列賬。

(ii) 定額供款退休計劃

根據中國相關勞工規則及 法規及香港強制性公積金 計劃條例向地方政府定額 供款退休計劃作出供款的 責任於產生時在損益內確 認為開支。

(iii) 以股份為基礎之付款

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(I) Employee benefits (continued)

(iii) Share-based payments (continued)

During the vesting period, the number of share options that is expected to vest is reviewed. Any resulting adjustment to the cumulative fair value recognised in prior years is charged/credited to the profit or loss for the year of the review, unless the original employee expenses qualify for recognition as an asset, with a corresponding adjustment to the capital reserve. On vesting date, the amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of options that vest (with a corresponding adjustment to the share-based compensation reserve) except where forfeiture is only due to not achieving vesting conditions that relate to the market price of the Company's shares. The equity amount is recognised in the share-based compensation reserve until either the option is exercised (when it is transferred to the share premium account) or the option expires (when it is released directly to retained profits).

(m) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Group or the Company has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(I) 僱員福利(續)

(iii) 以股份為基礎之付款(續)

於歸屬期內會檢討預期歸 屬的認股權數目。對以前 年度已確認的累積公允值 所作出的調整,會在檢討 年度扣自/計入損益表, 除非原有僱員開支符合資 格確認為資產,則作別 論,並在資本儲備內作出 相應調整。在歸屬日期, 確認為開支的金額會作出 調整,以反映實際歸屬的 認股權數目(並在以股份 為基礎補償儲備內作出相 應調整),惟倘若僅因未 能滿足本公司股份市場價 格的歸屬條件而沒收則除 外。權益金額於以股份為 基礎補償儲備內確認,直 至購股權獲行使(於轉撥 至股份溢價賬時)或購股 權到期(於直接撥回至保 留溢利時)。

(m) 撥備及或然負債

如因過往事件導致本集團或本 公司負上法律或推定責任且有 可能須流出經濟利益以結算該 責任及作出可靠估計。倘金錢 時間價值屬重大,撥備按支出 現時列賬以結算該責任。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(m) Provisions and contingent liabilities (continued)

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

(n) Revenue

Provided it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably, revenue is recognised in profit or loss as follows:

(i) Sales of goods

Revenue from the sales of goods in the course of ordinary activities is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of returns, trade discounts and value added tax. Revenue is recognised when persuasive evidence exists, usually in the form of an executed sales agreement, that the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, recovery of the consideration is probable, the associated costs and possible return of goods can be estimated reliably, there is no continuing management involvement with the goods, and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. If it is probable that discounts will be granted and the amount can be measured reliably, then the discount is recognised as a reduction of revenue as the sales are recognised.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(m) 撥備及或然負債(續)

如不大可能須流出經濟利益, 或金額不能可靠估計,則該 任披露為或然負債,除非經濟 利益流出的可能性極微則作別 論。可能責任(其存在將僅透一 項或多項未來事件發生或後 生而確認)亦披露為或然負債, 除非經濟利益流出的可能性極 微則作別論。

(n) 收益

收益是在經濟利益可能流入本 集團,以及能夠可靠地計算收 益和成本(如適用)時,根據下 列方法在損益賬內確認:

(i) 商品銷售

商品銷售收益於一般活動 過程中按已收或應收代價 扣除退款、貿易折扣及增 值税後的公允值列賬。倘 存在具説服力證據,通常 在簽訂銷售協議形式情況 下,商品的所有權附帶的 重大風險及回報轉移至買 家,並應可收回代價,而 有關成本及退貨的可能可 以可靠地估計,且並無參 與持續管理商品時,便會 確認收益,且收益金額可 可靠計量。倘折讓可能將 獲授出及金額可可靠計量 時,因該出售已確認,則 該折讓確認為收益減損。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(n) Revenue (continued)

Income from charter hire

Income from time charter, which is of operating lease in nature, is recognised on a straight-line basis over the period of each charter.

Income from voyage charter is recognised on a percentage-of-completion basis, which is determined on the time proportion method of each individual voyage.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised initially as deferred income at fair value when there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and the Group will comply with the conditions associated with the grant. Grants that compensate the Group for expenses incurred are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis in the same periods in which the expenses are recognised. Grants that compensate the Group for the cost of an asset are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the useful life of the asset.

Operating lease payments (O)

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives received are recognised as an integral part of the total lease expense, over the term of the lease.

重大會計政策(續)

收益(續) (n)

(ii) 租金收入

期租合約收入(性質為經 營租約)於各租期以直線 法確認。

程租合約收入按完成百分 比為基準,就各個別航程 以時間比例確認。

(iii) 政府補助金

倘合理保證將收取政府補 助金,而本集團將遵守補 助金的相關條件,則政府 補助金將初次確認為以公 允值計量之遞延收入。補 償本集團所產生的開支的 補助金,會於開支獲確認 的同一期間內有系統地於 損益確認。補償本集團招 致的資產成本的補助金於 資產可使用年期內有系統 地透過損益確認。

經營租賃付款 (o)

經營租賃項下的付款會於租賃 年期以直線法為基準在損益賬 確認。所收取的租賃獎勵於租 賃年期確認為租賃開支總額的 組成部分。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(p) Finance income and costs

Finance income comprise interest income and foreign currency gains. Interest income is recognised as it accrues in profit or loss, using the effective interest method.

Finance costs comprise interest expenses on borrowings, bank charges and foreign currency losses. All borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss or capitalised using the effective interest method.

Foreign currency gains and losses are reported on a net basis.

(q) Income tax expense

Income tax expense for the year comprises current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Income tax expense is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity in which case the relevant amounts are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from deductible and taxable temporary differences respectively, being the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purpose and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets also arise from unused tax losses and unused tax credits.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(p) 融資收入及開支

融資收入包括利息收入及外幣 收益。利息收入於其產生時以 實際利率法於損益內確認。

財務成本包括借貸的利息開 支、銀行收費及外幣虧損。所 有借貸成本均以實際利率法於 損益賬確認或予以資本化。

外幣收益及虧損以淨額基準申 報。

(q) 所得税開支

於年內所得稅開支包括即期稅項及遞延稅項資產及負債之變動。所得稅開支於損益表中確認,惟與其他全面收入或直接於權益中確認的條款相關則分別於其他全面收入或直接於權益內確認除外。

即期税項是年內就應課税收入 而預期應付的税項,乃按於報 告日期制定或實質制定的税 率,以及過往年度應付税項的 任何調整而計算。

遞延税項資產及負債乃分別來 自可扣税或應課税暫時性差 異,即因資產及負債分別就財 務報告及税基而言之賬面值之 間的差異而產生。遞延税項資 產亦會因未動用税項虧損及未 動用税項抵免而產生。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(q) Income tax expense (continued)

Apart from certain limited exceptions, all deferred tax liabilities, and all deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised, are recognised. Future taxable profits that may support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences include those that will arise from the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences, provided those differences relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse either in the same period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary difference or in periods into which a tax loss arising from the deferred tax assets can be carried back or forward. The same criteria are adopted when determining whether existing taxable temporary differences support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and credits, that is, those differences are taken into account if they relate to same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse in a period, or periods, in which the tax loss or credit can be utilised.

The amount of deferred tax recognised is measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at each reporting date and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilised. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available.

重大會計政策(續)

所得税開支(續) (q)

除若干有限情況外,所有遞延 税項負債及遞延税項資產當其 甚有可能用於抵銷未來應課稅 溢利時均會予以確認。支持確 認由可抵扣暫時差異所產生遞 延税項資產的未來應課税溢 利,包括因轉回目前存在的應 課税暫時差異而產生的數額; 但這些轉回的差異必須與同一 税務機關及同一應課税實體有 關, 並預期在可抵扣暫時差異 預計轉回的同一期間或遞延所 得税資產所產生可抵扣虧損可 轉回或結轉的期間內轉回。在 決定目前存在的應課税暫時差 異是否足以支持確認由未可抵 扣虧損和未利用税款抵減所產 生的遞延所得税資產時,亦會 採用同一準則,即差異是否與 同一税務機關及同一應課税實 體有關,並是否預期在能使用 可抵扣虧損和未利用税項抵減 撥回的同一期間內轉回。

遞延税項確認額乃按資產及負 債之賬面值之預期變現或支付 形式,使用於報告日期已頒佈 或實質頒佈之税率計算。遞延 税項資產及負債不予折現計算。

於各報告日期,遞延税項資產 之賬面值均進行複核,對預期 不再有足夠之應課税溢利以供 使用有關遞延税項則予扣減。 倘若有可能獲得足夠之應課稅 溢利,則任何有關扣減均會被 撥回。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(q) Income tax expense (continued)

Additional income taxes that arise from the distribution of dividends are recognised when the liability to pay the related dividends is recognised.

Current tax balances and deferred tax balances, and movements therein, are presented separately from each other and are not offset. Current tax assets are offset against current tax liabilities, and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities, if the Company or the Group has the legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the following additional conditions are met:

- in the case of current tax assets and liabilities, the Company or the Group intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously, or
- in the case of deferred tax assets and liabilities, if they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on either:
 - the same taxable entity, or
 - different taxable entities, which, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered, intend to realise the current tax assets and settle the current tax liabilities on a net basis or realise and settle simultaneously.

(r) Dividends

Dividends are recognised as a liability in the period in which they are declared.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(q) 所得税開支(續)

支付相關股息之負債確認時, 則分派股息產生之額外所得税 確認。

即期税項結餘及遞延税項結餘以及有關變動,均會個別呈早團可依法行使權利與即期稅項實產抵銷即期稅債別,並下預資產的與稅項資產的與稅項資產的與稅項資產的與稅項負債抵銷,以及應延稅項負債抵銷,以及應延稅項負債抵銷。

- 如屬即期稅項資產及負債,本公司或本集團擬以 淨額基準清償或同時變現 資產並清償負債;或
- 如屬遞延稅項資產及負債,被同一稅務機關對以下實體徵收所得稅而產生:
 - 一同一個應課税實體;或

(r) 股息

股息於宣派的期間確認為負債。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(s) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

The capitalisation of borrowing costs as part of the cost of qualifying asset commences when expenditure for the asset is being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended or ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are interrupted or complete.

(t) Earnings per share

The Group presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

重大會計政策(續)

借貸成本 (s)

需長時間收購、建造或生產才 可以投入擬定用途或出售的資 產直接相關的借貸成本予以資 本化並構成該資產之部份成 本。其他借貸成本於產生期間 列支。

屬於合資格資產成本一部分的 借貸成本在資產產生開支、借 貸成本產生及使資產投入擬定 用途或銷售所必須的準備工作 進行期間開始資本化。在使合 資格資產投入擬定用途或銷售 所必須的絕大部分準備工作中 斷或完成時,借貸成本便會暫 停或停止資本化。

(t) 每股盈利

本集團就其普通股份呈報每股 基本及攤薄盈利數據。每股基 本盈利是按本公司普通股東應 佔溢利或虧損除以期內已發行 普通股份的加權平均數計算。 每股攤薄盈利是按調整普通股 東應佔溢利或虧損及已發行普 通股份的加權平均數,以實現 所有攤薄潛在普通股份而釐定。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(u) Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

(v) Related parties

- (a) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(u) 分部報告

財務報告中的經營分部和每個分部項的金額源自於定期向本集團總營運決策人提供的財務資料,以供管理層對本集團不同業務和地區進行資源分配和業績評價。

重大的單個經營分部不會因財 務報告目的而進行加總, 除等分部擁有相似的經濟特 性、產品及服務性質、 程、客戶類型和級別、 錯管管 品或提供服務的方式及監管環 場的性質。不重大的與固經經 分部如果享有大部分以上相似 性質,則可以進行加總。

(v) 關連方

- (a) 倘屬以下人士,即該人士 或該人士之近親與本集團 有關連:
 - i) 控制或共同控制本 集團;
 - ii) 對本集團有重大影響;或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本集團 母公司的主要管理 層成員。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(v) Related parties (continued)

- An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
 - The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

重大會計政策(續)

(v) 關連方(續)

- (b) 倘符合下列任何條件,即 實體與本集團有關連:
 - 該實體與本集團屬 同一集團之成員公 司(即各母公司、 附屬公司及同系附 屬公司彼此間有關 連)。
 - 一間實體為另一實 體的聯營公司或合 營企業(或另一實 體為成員公司之集 團旗下成員公司之 聯營公司或合營企 業)。
 - 兩間實體均為同一 (iii) 第三方的合營企業。
 - (iv) 一間實體為第三方 實體的合營企業, 而另一實體為該第 三方實體的聯營公 司。
 - 實體為本集團或與 本集團有關連之實 體就僱員利益設立 的離職福利計劃。
 - 實體受(a)所識別人 士控制或受共同控 制。
 - (vii) 於(a)(i)所識別人士對 實體有重大影響力 或屬該實體(或該實 體的母公司)主要管 理層成員。

個人的近親家庭成員指預期可 影響,或受該個人影響彼等與 該實體交易的家庭成員。

3 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The IASB has issued a number of amendments to IFRSs and one new interpretation that are first effective for the current accounting period of the Group and the Company. Of these, the following developments are relevant to the Group's financial statements:

- IAS 24 (revised 2009), Related party disclosures
- Improvements to IFRSs (2010)

The Group has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period.

The impacts of the above developments are discussed below:

- IAS 24 (revised 2009) revises the definition of a related party. As a result, the Group has re-assessed the identification of related parties and concluded that the revised definition does not have any material impact on the Group's related party disclosures in the current and previous periods. IAS 24 (revised 2009) also introduces modified disclosure requirements for government-related entities. This does not impact the Group because the Group is not a government-related entity.
- Improvements to IFRSs (2010) omnibus standard introduces a number of amendments to the disclosure requirements in IFRS 7, Financial instruments: Disclosures. The disclosures about the Group's financial instruments in Notes 23 and 34 have been conformed to the amended disclosure requirements. These amendments do not have any material impact on the classification, recognition and measurements of the amounts recognised in the financial statements in the current and previous periods.

3 會計政策變動

國際會計準則委員會頒佈了多項國際財務報告準則的修訂以及一項新詮釋。該等修訂及詮釋均在本集團及本公司的當前會計期間首次生效。其中,以下是與本集團的財務報表有關之會計準則變動:

- 國際會計準則第24號(二零零九 年修訂),「關聯方披露」
- 國際財務報告準則的改進(二零 一零年)

本集團並無採納任何於現有會計期間 尚未生效的新準則或詮釋。

上述變動之影響詳情如下:

- 國際會計準則第24號(二零零九年修訂)對關聯方之定義作出修訂。因此,本集團已重新評估關聯方之識別方法,並認為該經修訂定義對本集團於本期間及過往期間之關聯方披露歐際自大影響。此外,國際會計準則第24號(二零零九年修訂)亦對政府相關實體之披露規定作出修改。由於本集團並非政府相關實體,故此修訂對本集團並無影響。
- 國際財務報告準則的改進(二零一零年)綜合準則對國際財務報告準則第7號「金融工具:披露」之披露規定作出多項修訂。有關附註23及34的本集團金融工具之披露規定與經修訂披露規定一致。該等修訂對本期間及過往期間於財務報表內確認金額之分類、確認及計量並無任何重大影響。

DETERMINATION OF FAIR VALUES

(a) Property, plant and equipment

The fair value of property, plant and equipment recognised as a result of a business combination is the estimated amount for which a property could be exchanged on the date of acquisition between a willing buyer and a willing selling in an arm's length transaction after proper marketing wherein the parties had each acted knowledgeably. The fair value of items of plant and equipment is based on the market approach and cost approaches using quoted market prices for similar items when available and depreciated replacement cost when appropriate. Depreciated replacement cost reflects adjustments for physical deterioration as well as functional and economic obsolescence.

Coal mining rights (b)

The fair value of coal mining rights is based on the discounted cash flows expected to be derived from the use and eventual sale of the assets.

(C) Inventories

The fair value of inventories acquired in a business combination is determined based on the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and sale, and a reasonable profit margin based on the effort required to complete and sell the inventories.

Trade and bills receivable, prepayments and other (d) receivables, trade and bills payable and other payables

The carrying values of these financial assets and liabilities approximate their respective fair values due to the short maturities of these instruments.

釐定公允值

物業、廠房及設備 (a)

因業務合併而確認之物業、廠 房及設備之公允值乃指物業在 有意買方與有意賣方於一項公 平交易中,經在市場進行適當 推銷後,加上雙方均在知情之 情況下於收購日進行交易,可 取得之估計金額。廠房及設備 之公允值乃以市場法及成本法 以同類項目之市場報價(可供使 用時)及已折舊重置成本(適用 時)為基準。已折舊重置成本估 計反映對實質退化以及功能及 經濟報廢之調整。

煤炭採礦權

煤炭採礦權之公允值乃根據預 期資產使用及最終出售的折現 現金流量計算。

(c) 存貨

於業務合併收購之存貨之公允 值,乃根據其於日常業務過程 中之估計出售價格減估計完工 及銷售成本,以及基於完成出 售存貨所需之努力定出之合理 毛利率釐定。

應收貿易賬款及應收票據、預 (d) 付款項及其他應收款項、應付 貿易賬款及應付票據以及其他 應付款項

> 由於該等工具的到期日短,故 該等金融資產及負債的賬面值 與其各自的公允值相若。

4 **DETERMINATION OF FAIR VALUES** (continued)

(e) Available-for-sale financial assets

The fair value of the available-for-sale financial assets is based on quoted market prices at the reporting date without any deduction for transaction costs.

(f) Derivatives

Forward freight agreements are stated at quoted market prices at the reporting date. Foreign exchange option contracts, non-deliverable forward ("NDF") portfolio contracts, interest rate swap contracts, foreign exchange forward contracts and coal trading put options are stated at their fair value using valuation techniques in which all significant inputs are directly or indirectly based on observable market data.

(g) Loans and borrowings

The carrying amounts of loans and borrowings approximate their fair values based on the borrowing rates currently available for bank loans with similar terms and maturity.

(h) Share-based payment transactions

The fair value of share options under the Pre-IPO Option is measured using the Binomial Model. Measuring inputs include the offer price, the exercise price, the risk-free rate of interest, expected option period, expected volatility and expected dividend. Service and non-market performance conditions attached to the transactions are not taken into account in determining the fair value.

4 釐定公允值(續)

(e) 可供出售金融資產

可供出售金融資產的公允值 基於報告日之市場報價進行計 量,且不用扣減任何交易成本。

(f) 衍生工具

貨運期貨協議按報告日市場報 價列賬。外匯期權合約及 收遠期(「不交收遠期」)組 。外匯期權合約 級、利率掉期合約、 分的 分類 。 分類 , 並運用估值技 。 數均 直接或間接地源自可觀察 的市場數據。

(g) 貸款及借貸

根據條款及到期日相似的銀行 貸款現時的借貸率,貸款及借 貸的賬面值與其公允值相若。

(h) 以股份為基礎之付款交易

首次公開發售前購股權項下的購股權的公允值乃採用二項式模型進行計量。計量參數包括發售價、行使價、無風險利率、預期期權期、預期波動及預期股息。交易附帶的服務及非市場表現條件於釐定公允值時不予考慮。

SEGMENT REPORTING

Segment results, assets and liabilities (a)

The Group has three major reportable segments-coal business, shipping transportation and port businesswhich are the Group's strategic business units. These strategic business units offer different products and services, and are managed separately because they require different technology and marketing strategies. For each of the strategic business units, the Chief Executive Officer (the "CEO") reviews internal management reports on a monthly basis.

For the purposes of assessing segment performance and allocating resources between segments, the CEO monitors the results, assets and liabilities attributable to each reportable segment on the following basis:

The measure used for reporting segment profit is adjusted profit before net finance costs and taxes. Items not specifically attributable to individual segments, such as unallocated head office and corporate administration costs are further adjusted.

Segment assets include all tangible assets, coal mining rights and current assets with the exception of investments in financial assets, deferred tax assets and other corporate assets. Segment liabilities include trade and bills payable and other payables attributable to activities of the individual segments and loans and borrowings managed directly by the segments.

Revenue and expenses are allocated to the reportable segments with reference to sales generated by those segments and the expenses incurred by those segments.

During the year, the Group changed the reporting structure of its operating segments as follows:

分部報告

分部業績、資產及負債 (a)

本集團有三個主要可報告分 部一煤炭業務、航運運輸及港 口業務,此為本集團之策略業 務單位。該等策略業務單位提 供不同的產品及服務,並由於 彼等所需的技術及市場營銷策 略不同而分開管理。行政總裁 (「行政總裁」)每月審閱各策略 業務單位之內部管理報告。

就評估分部間的分部業績及分 配資源而言,行政總裁按下列 基準監察各報告分部應佔業 績、資產及負債。

報告分部溢利使用的計量為扣 除財務成本淨額及税項前之經 調整溢利。並無指明的各分部 應佔的項目,如未分配總公司 及公司行政開支將進一步進行 調整。

分部資產包括所有有形資產、 煤炭採礦權及流動資產,唯金 融資產投資、遞延税項資產及 其他公司資產除外。分部負債 包括各分部活動應佔的應付貿 易賬款及應付票據以及其他應 付賬款及分部直接管理的貸款 及借貸。

收入及支出乃經參考該等分部 產生之銷售額及支出分配予可 報告分部。

於本年度,本集團改變其經營 分部之報告架構如下:

5 **SEGMENT REPORTING** (continued)

- Segment results, assets and liabilities (continued) (a)
 - The coal mining segment has been combined with the sales of coal segment into one reportable segment of coal business as Shanxi Huameiao Energy Group Co., Ltd. ("Huameiao Energy") became a subsidiary of the Group (see Note 10) and its coal mining activities formed part of the business chain of the Group's coal business.
 - The iron ore segment, as previously reported, is no longer considered as a reportable segment due to the cessation of sales of iron ore in 2010.

The corresponding comparative amounts of the segment information have been revised to reflect the above changes and to conform to the current year's presentation.

分部報告(續)

- 分部業績、資產及負債(續) (a)
 - 由於山西華美奧能源集團 有限公司(「華美奧能源」) 成為本集團之附屬公司 (參閱附註10)且其煤炭開 採業務因此成為本集團煤 炭業務鏈的一部分,故煤 炭開採分部與煤炭銷售分 部合併為煤炭業務的一個 可報告分部。
 - 由於於二零一零年不再銷 售鐵礦石, 故先前呈報之 鐵礦石分部不再考慮作為 可報告分部。

分部資料的相關比較數額已經 修訂以反映上述變動及符合本 年度之呈列。

PORTING ((continued)					v	器	(2) (2) (3) (4)	(唐/)建)
ulis, asset	ts and habilities (continued)	Coal b	usiness	Shipping tra	ansportation	(a) Port b	万型未續 usiness	(*) 具体 (X)	. 月頃 (海 / Total
		媒	※務	的 的	運動	地	1業務	製	總計
		2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
		二零一一年	二零一零年	二零一一年	二零一零年	二零一一年	二零一零年	二零一一年	二零一零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
			(restated) (重列)						(restated) (重列)
E	外部客戶營業額								
ıstomers		9,836,259	6,316,821	134,847	138,984	1	ı	9,971,106	6,455,805
nt turnover	分部間營業額	1	l	545,928	724,805	1	l	545,928	724,805
segment	可報告分部營業額								
		9,836,259	6,316,821	680,775	863,789	1	1	10,517,034	7,180,610
segment ore taxation	可報告分部除稅前溢利	859,874	447,951	35,040	114,559	1	l	894,914	562,510
n and	年內折舊及攤銷								
ion for the yea	ar	15,146	6,925	74,928	84,354	ı	I	90,074	91,279
segment asse	sts 可報告分部資產 /白柱社聯繫內司事和2次/	11,810,855	5,578,609	1,561,831	1,351,985	554,563	205,030	13,927,249	7,135,624
investments siate)	(巴柏於哪宮公司之权員)	38,308	45,129	1	I	1	I	38,308	45,129
segment	可報告分部負債	(8,021,592)	(4,395,868)	(1,327,261)	(1,145,000)	(426,704)	(127,170)	(9,775,557)	(5,668,038)
	Segment results, asse attemal customers and customers are meteral customers. Reportable segment turnover turnover. Reportable segment profit before taxation and amortization for the year amortization for the year in associate) Reportable segment asset (including investments in associate) Reportable segment liabilities	on on assets s	ties (<i>continued</i>) 業額 響業額 9,836 9,836 9,836 11,816 11,816 11,816 11,816 11,816 11,816 11,816	ties (<i>continued</i>) Coal bu	ties (continued) Coal business	(restated) (continued) (coal business Shipping trans)	Coal business Shipping transportation Pou	ties (continued) Coal business Shipping transportation Port business \$2011 2010 2011 2010 2011<	Coal business

5 **SEGMENT REPORTING** (continued)

Reconciliations of reportable segment turnover, profit or loss, assets and liabilities

分部報告(續)

營業額

(b) 可報告分部的營業額、損益、 資產及負債對賬

Turnover

		2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2010 二零一零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Reportable segment turnover Elimination of inter-segment turnover	可報告分部營業額 分部間營業額之對銷	10,517,034 (545,928)	7,180,610 (724,805)
Consolidated turnover	綜合營業額	9,971,106	6,455,805

Profit		溢利	
		2011	2010
		二零一一年	二零一零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Reportable segment profit	可報告分部除税前溢利		
before taxation		894,914	562,510
Elimination of inter-segment profit	分部間溢利之對銷	(633)	(662)
Unallocated head office	未分配總公司及公司開支		
and corporate expenses		(11,065)	(7,898)
Net finance costs	財務成本淨額	(186,079)	(52,062)
Consolidated profit before taxation	綜合除税前溢利	697,137	501,888

SEGMENT REPORTING (continued)

5 分部報告(續)

- (b) Reconciliations of reportable segment turnover, profit or loss, assets and liabilities (continued)
- (b) 可報告分部的營業額、損益、 資產及負債對賬(續)

Assets		資產	
		2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2010 二零一零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (restated) (重列)
Reportable segment assets Elimination of inter-segment	可報告分部資產 分部間應收款及存貨之對銷	13,927,249	7,135,624
receivables and inventories Elimination of receivables from	應收總公司款項之對銷	(322,832)	(340,539)
head office		(530,224)	(383,119)
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	4,075	8,648
Unallocated assets	未分配資產	821	1,062
Consolidated total assets	綜合資產總額	13,079,089	6,421,676
Liabilities		負債	
Liabilities		負債 2011	2010
Liabilities			2010 二零一零年
Liabilities		2011 二零一一年 RMB'000	二零一零年 RMB'000
Liabilities		2011 二零一一年	二零一零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Liabilities		2011 二零一一年 RMB'000	二零一零年 RMB'000
Liabilities Reportable segment liabilities	可報告分部負債	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000	二零一零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (restated)
Reportable segment liabilities Elimination of inter-segment payables	分部間應付款之對銷	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 9,775,557 (320,474)	二零一零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (restated) (重列) 5,668,038 (338,815)
Reportable segment liabilities Elimination of inter-segment payables Elimination of payables to head office	分部間應付款之對銷 應付總公司款項之對銷	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 9,775,557 (320,474) (1,051,285)	二零一零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (restated) (重列) 5,668,038 (338,815) (942,696)
Reportable segment liabilities Elimination of inter-segment payables Elimination of payables to head office Current tax liabilities	分部間應付款之對銷 應付總公司款項之對銷 即期税項負債	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 9,775,557 (320,474) (1,051,285) 269,348	二零一零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (restated) (重列) 5,668,038 (338,815) (942,696) 209,333
Reportable segment liabilities Elimination of inter-segment payables Elimination of payables to head office Current tax liabilities Deferred tax liabilities	分部間應付款之對銷 應付總公司款項之對銷 即期税項負債 遞延税項負債	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 9,775,557 (320,474) (1,051,285) 269,348 1,151,071	二零一零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (restated) (重列) 5,668,038 (338,815) (942,696) 209,333 48,992
Reportable segment liabilities Elimination of inter-segment payables Elimination of payables to head office Current tax liabilities	分部間應付款之對銷 應付總公司款項之對銷 即期税項負債	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 9,775,557 (320,474) (1,051,285) 269,348	二零一零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (restated) (重列) 5,668,038 (338,815) (942,696) 209,333

5 **SEGMENT REPORTING** (continued)

(c) Geographic information

The Group's total assets are primarily dominated by assets handling its coal business and shipping transportation. The coal are sold primarily to the PRC domestic customers and investments in most of the coal mines are physically located in the PRC. Therefore, related assets and liabilities are almost all located in the PRC. The vessels are primarily deployed across geographical markets for shipping transportation throughout the world. As a result, the directors consider that it will not be meaningful to allocate the Group's assets and their related capital expenditure to specific geographical segments. Accordingly, geographical segment information is only presented for turnover, which is based on the geographical location of customers.

Turnover from external customers

Mainland China	中國大陸
Outside Mainland China	中國大陸境外
Total	合計

5 分部報告(續)

(c) 區域資料

外部客戶營業額

2011	2010
二零一一年	二零一零年
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
9,779,018	6,359,543
192,088	96,262
9,971,106	6,455,805

TURNOVER

Turnover for the year mainly represents the sales of goods and charter hire income.

The amount of each significant category of turnover recognised during the year is as follows:

Sales of coal 煤炭銷售 Charter hire income 租金收入

The Group's customer base is diversified and no single customer with whom transactions have exceeded 10% of the Group's turnover during the year ended 31 December 2011 (2010: one).

OTHER INCOME

營業額

本年營業額主要指銷售貨品收入及租 金收入。

於年內各重要類別營業額金額載列如 下:

2011	2010
二零一一年	二零一零年
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
9,836,259	6,316,821
134,847	138,984
9,971,106	6,455,805

本集團之客戶基礎廣泛,無單一客戶 交易額佔本集團截至二零一一年十二 月三十一日止年度之營業額10%以上 (二零一零年:一名)。

7 其他收入

			2011 二零一一年	2010 二零一零年
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Government grants Bargain purchase gain on	政府補助金業務合併之議價購入收益	(i)	20,212	3,710
business combination	未切 F I I	10	28,057	15,563
Bargain purchase gain on acquisition of an associate	收購一間聯營公司之議價購入收益	10	26,880	-
Gain from deemed disposal of interest in an associate	視作出售於一間聯營公司權益收益	10	21,974	_
Gain from disposal of available-for-sale	出售可供出售金融資產收益		•	
financial assets			_	19,584
Gain on derivatives	衍生工具收益	23	7,000	6,757
Others	其他		1,843	103
			105,966	45,717

OTHER INCOME (continued)

The Group received unconditional grants from local government during the year as recognition of the Group's contribution to the development of the local economy.

其他收入(續)

本集團於本年度收取當地政府 作為認可本集團對當地經濟發 展所作貢獻的無條件補助金。

8 **PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION**

Profit before taxation is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

(a) Net finance costs

除税前溢利

除税前溢利已扣除/(計入):

財務成本淨額 (a)

		2011	2010
		二零一一年	二零一零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Interest income	利息收入	(18,856)	(21,710)
Net foreign exchange gain	匯兑收益淨額	(65,620)	(27,012)
		(84,476)	(48,722)
Interest on borrowings	借貸利息	256,639	82,876
Less: interest capitalised into	減:物業、廠房及		
property, plant and	設備中已資本化		
equipment*	利息*	(6,208)	(186)
		250,431	82,690
Bank charges	銀行費用	20,124	18,094
Finance costs	財務成本	270,555	100,784
Net finance costs	財務成本淨額	186,079	52,062

The borrowing costs have been capitalised at an annual rate of 4.13% (2010: 3.75%).

借貸成本已按年利率4.13% (二零一零年:3.75%)予以 資本化。

PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION (continued)

除税前溢利(續)

(b) Staff costs

(b) 員工成本

2011

2010

		二零一一年	二零一零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Wages, salaries and other benefits Contribution to defined	工資、薪金及其他福利 向定額供款計劃供款	89,240	73,080
contribution plan		1,090	873
Equity-settled share-based	按權益結算以股份		
payment expenses	為基礎的付款	1,275	2,522
		91,605	76,475

The Group participates in pension funds organised by the PRC government. According to the respective pension fund regulations, the Group is required to pay annual contributions during the year. The Group remits all the pension fund contributions to the respective social security offices, which are responsible for the payments and liabilities relating to the pension funds. The Group has no obligation for payment of retirement and other post-retirement benefits of employees other than the contributions described above.

The Group also operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme Ordinance for all of its employees employed by the Company in Hong Kong. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employee's basic salaries and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

本集團參與中國政府組織的退 休金。根據有關的退休金規 例,本集團須於年內支付年度 供款。本集團匯付全部退休金 供款至負責退休金相關付款及 負債的各個社會保障辦事處。 除上述供款外,本集團概無責 任支付退休款項及其他僱員退 休後福利。

根據強制性公積金計劃條例, 本集團為公司僱佣所有香港僱 員設有定額供款強制性公積 金退休福利計劃(「強積金計 劃」)。供款乃根據僱員基本薪 金之某個百分比計算,並按照 強積金計劃之規則須繳付供款 時於損益內扣除。強積金計劃 之資產與本集團之資產分開, 由獨立管理之基金持有。本集 團繳付之所有僱主供款於存入 強積金計劃後即屬僱員所有。

PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION (continued)

除税前溢利(續)

(c) Other items (c) 其他項目

		2011	2010
		二零一一年	二零一零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Cost of inventories*	存貨成本*	8,258,507	4,952,099
Operating lease charges	經營租賃開支:		
properties	一物業	4,496	6,346
– vessels	一貨船	353,059	491,223
Depreciation for the property,	物業、廠房及設備折舊		
plant and equipment		88,887	91,139
Amortisation of lease prepayments	s 租賃預付款項攤銷	140	140
Amortisation of coal mining rights	煤炭採礦權攤銷	1,047	_
Auditors' remuneration	核數師酬金		
- audit services	一審核服務	5,260	3,096
non-audit services	一非審核服務	588	100

Cost of inventories includes RMB9,471,000 (2010: RMB2,865,000) relating to staff costs, depreciation and amortisation expenses, which amounts are also included in the respective total amounts disclosed separately above for each of these types of expenses.

存貨成本包括員工成本、折 舊及攤銷開支相關的人民幣 9,471,000元(二零一零年: 人民幣2,865,000元),有關 金額亦已計入就各該等開支 類別於上文單獨披露的相關 總金額。

INCOME TAX EXPENSE

Income tax expense in the consolidated statement of (a) comprehensive income represents:

所得税開支

於綜合全面收入表的所得稅開 支指:

		2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2010 二零一零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current tax expense - PRC Corporate Income Tax - Overprovision of PRC Corporate Income Tax in prior years (see Note (v))	即期税項開支 - 中國企業所得税 - 過往年度中國企業 所得税超額撥備 (參閱附註(v))	142,794 (48,015)	127,323
Deferred tax - Origination and reversal of temporary differences	遞延税項 - 暫時差異的起始及撥回	4,326	(2,087)
		99,105	125,236

- Pursuant to the rules and regulations of the (i) Cayman Islands and the British Virgin Islands, the Group is not subject to any income tax in the Cayman Islands and the British Virgin Islands.
- No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made for the subsidiaries located in Hong Kong as these subsidiaries did not have assessable profits subject to Hong Kong Profits Tax during the year (2010: Nil).
- The provision for the PRC corporate income tax was based on the statutory rate of 25% of the assessable profits of subsidiaries which carried on businesses in the PRC.

- 根據開曼群島及英屬處女 (i) 群島的規則及規例,本集 團毋須繳納開曼群島及英 屬處女群島的任何所得 税。
- 由於位於香港的附屬公司 於年內概無任何應繳納香 港利得税的任何課税溢利 (二零一零年:無),故本 集團並無為香港利得税作 出撥備。
- (iii) 中國企業所得税乃按於中 國從事業務之附屬公司應 課税溢利之法定税率25% 撥備。

9 **INCOME TAX EXPENSE** (continued)

- (a) Income tax expense in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income represents: *(continued)*
 - Pursuant to the Corporate Income Tax Law of the PRC, 5% withholding tax is levied on the foreign investor in respect of dividend distributions arising from a foreign investment enterprise's profits earned after 1 January 2008. As at 31 December 2011, temporary withholding tax differences relating to the undistributed profits of PRC subsidiaries amounted to approximately RMB738,108,000 (2010: RMB208,433,000). Deferred tax liabilities of RMB36,905,000 (2010: RMB10,422,000) have not been recognised in respect of the tax that would be payable on the distribution of these retained profits as the Company controls the dividend policy of these PRC subsidiaries and it has been determined that it is probable that undistributed profits of these PRC subsidiaries will not be distributed in the foreseeable future.
 - (v) A subsidiary of the Group made provisions for PRC corporate income tax of RMB48,015,000 in previous years. During the year ended 31 December 2011, the Group started to implement a business plan to enhance the subsidiary's operations and the directors believe that the likelihood of utilization of this PRC corporate income tax provision has become remote and therefore have decided to release it to profit or loss during the year.

9 所得税開支(續)

- (a) 於綜合全面收入表的所得税開 支指:(續)
 - 根據中國企業所得稅法, 外國投資者須就外資企業 於二零零八年一月一日後 賺取的溢利而產生的股息 分派按税率5%繳付預扣 税。於二零一一年十二月 三十一日,有關中國附屬 公司的不可分派溢利臨時 預扣税差異約為人民幣 738.108.000元(二零一零 年: 人民幣208,433,000 元)。由於本公司控制該 等中國附屬公司的股息政 策,並已確定於可見未來 將不會分派該等中國附屬 公司的未分派溢利,故此 並無就分派該等保留溢利 須繳付的税項確認遞延税 項負債人民幣36,905,000 元(二零一零年:人民幣 10.422.000元)。
 - (v) 本集團一家附屬公司於過往年度就中國企業所得稅作出人民幣48,015,000元的撥備。於截至二年一年十二月三十一日,本集團開始五十一百,本集團開始到於一百,以提升該附屬公司之營運,而董斯相信利用此項中國企業所制制。 稅撥備的可能性極徵,並因此決定於年內撥回至損益。

INCOME TAX EXPENSE (continued)

Reconciliation between income tax expense and accounting profit at applicable tax rate:

所得税開支(續)

按適用税率計算之所得税開支 (b) 及會計溢利之對賬:

		2011	2010
		二零一一年	二零一零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	607 127	501.888
From before tax		697,137	501,000
Notional tax on profit before tax,	採用適用税率計算的		
calculated at the applicable tax rate	除税前溢利的名義税項	149,803	141,731
Tax effect of non-taxable income	毋須課税收入之稅務影響	(35,555)	(20,644)
Tax effect of unused tax losses not	未確認之未動用税項虧損之		
		00.005	
recognised (see Note 20(b))	税務影響(參閱附註20(b))	20,695	_
Tax effect of non-deductible expenses	不可扣減開支之稅務影響	12,177	4,149
		- -,	.,
Overprovision of PRC corporate	過往年度中國企業所得税		
income tax in prior years (see	超額撥備(參閱附註9(a)(v))		
Note 9(a)(v))		(48,015)	_
Actual income tax expense	實際所得税開支	99,105	125,236

ACQUISITION OF A SUBSIDIARY

Business combination

On 17 November 2010, Shuozhou Guangfa Energy Investment Co., Ltd. ("Shuozhou Guangfa"), a subsidiary of the Company, entered into an equity interest transfer agreement (the "Equity Agreement") with Shanxi Huiyong Jinyuan Energy Technology Co., Ltd. ("Huiyong Jinyuan") and other individual investors of Huameiao Energy (collectively referred to as the "Huameiao Energy Vendors"), all independent third parties of the Group. Pursuant to the Equity Agreement, the Huameiao Energy Vendors agreed to sell 32% of their equity interest in Huameiao Energy to Shuozhou Guangfa for a consideration of RMB1,600,000,000.

收購一間附屬公司 10

業務合併

於二零一零年十一月十七日,朔州市 廣發能源投資有限公司(「朔州廣發」) (本公司的附屬公司)與山西匯永金 源能源技術有限責任公司(「匯永金 源」)和華美奧能源的其他個人投資 者(統稱為「華美奧能源賣方」)(均為 本集團之獨立第三方)訂立股權轉讓 協議(「股權協議」)。根據股權協議, 華美奧能源賣方同意以代價人民幣 1,600,000,000元向朔州廣發出售其 於華美奧能源32%股權。

10 ACQUISITION OF A SUBSIDIARY (continued)

Business combination (continued)

On 1 January 2011, the Group completed the acquisition and Huameiao Energy became an associate of the Group. The fair value assigned to the Group's equity interest in Huameiao Energy's identifiable assets and liabilities assumed was determined to be RMB1,626,880,000 as at the date of acquisition. A bargain purchase gain of RMB26,880,000 was recorded in other income.

On 30 June 2011, the Group received from Huameiao Energy dividends attributable to the six months ended 30 June 2011 of RMB32,000,000.

On 26 October 2011, Shuozhou Guangfa entered into another equity interest transfer agreement ("Second Equity Agreement") with the Huameiao Energy Vendors. Pursuant to the Second Equity Agreement, the Huameiao Energy Vendors agreed to further sell 48% of their equity interest in Huameiao Energy to Shuozhou Guangfa for a consideration of RMB2,160,000,000. On 23 December 2011, the shareholders of the Company approved this acquisition at an Extraordinary General Meeting, and the Group obtained control of Huameiao Energy thereupon.

Upon completion of the acquisition of the 48% equity interest in Huameiao Energy, the Group's interest in associates was treated as disposed of and reacquired at fair value on the date of obtaining control. As a result, a gain on disposal of RMB21,974,000 has been recognised in profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2011.

10 收購一間附屬公司(續)

業務合併(續)

於二零一年一月一日,本集團完成 收購及華美奧能源成為本集團之聯營 公司。於收購之日,本集團於華美奧 能源之所佔可識別資產及所承擔負 債之股權之公允值已釐定為人民幣 1,626,880,000元。議價購入收益人 民幣26,880,000元已於其他收入列 賬。

於二零一一年六月三十日,本集團自 華美奧能源收取截至二零一一年六 月三十日止六個月應佔股息人民幣 32,000,000元。

於二零一一年十月二十六日,朔州廣發與華美奧能源賣方訂立另外一份股權轉讓協議(「第二份股權協議」)。根據第二份股權協議,華美奧能源賣方同意以代價人民幣2,160,000,000元向朔州廣發進一步出售彼等於華美奧能源的48%股權。於二零一一年十二月二十三日,本公司股東於股東特別大會上批准此收購,隨後本集團獲得華美奧能源的控制權。

於完成收購華美奧能源的48%股權後,本集團於聯營公司之權益 視作按獲取控制權之日之公允值出 售及重購。因此,出售收益人民幣 21,974,000元已於截至二零一一年 十二月三十一日止年度之損益內確 認。

ACQUISITION OF A SUBSIDIARY (continued)

Business combination (continued)

Fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of the date of acquisition of the 48% equity interest in Huameiao Energy:

10 收購一間附屬公司(續)

業務合併(續)

於收購華美奧能源48%股權當日已收 購的可識別資產及所承擔負債之公允 值:

		Note	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	16	1,736,454
Coal mining rights	煤炭採礦權	17	4,243,834
Inventories	存貨		157,059
Trade and bills receivable	應收貿易賬款及應收票據		110,822
Prepayments and other receivables	預付款項及其他應收款項		410,567
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物		124,264
Loans and borrowings	貸款及借貸		(900,000)
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	20(c)	(1,091,651)
Total net identifiable assets	可識別資產總淨值		4,791,349

Bargain purchase gain

Bargain purchase gain has been recognised as a result of the acquisition of the 48% equity interest in Huameiao Energy as follows:

議價購入收益

因收購華美奧能源48%股權引致的議 價購入收益確認如下:

		人民幣千元
Total consideration transferred	轉入代價總額	2,160,000
Fair value of interests in associates on	獲取控制權之日於聯營公司	
the date of obtaining control	權益之公允值	1,645,022
Less: 80% fair value of net identifiable assets	減:可識別資產淨值公允值80%	(3,833,079)
Bargain purchase gain	議價購入收益	(28,057)

The bargain purchase gain is mainly attributable to the increase in the value of the coal mining rights, as a result of increase in market price of coal during the period from the date at which the Second Equity Agreement was concluded to 23 December 2011. The bargain purchase gain was recognised in other income (see Note 7).

議價購入收益主要由於煤礦開採權價 值上升所致,原因為達成第二份股權 協議日期至二零一一年十二月二十三 日期間煤炭的市價上漲。議價購入收 益於其他收入中確認(參閱附註7)。

11 DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

11 董事酬金

Details of directors' remuneration are as follows:

董事酬金之詳情如下:

			Salaries,					
		•	allowances					
				butions to			Share-	
				retirement			based	
			in kind		Discre-		payment	2011
		Directors'		schemes	tionary		以股份	Total
		fee	津貼及	退休福利	bonuses	Sub-total		二零一一年
		董事袍金	實物福利	計劃供款	酌情花紅	小計	之付款	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Name of directors	董事姓名	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Executive directors	執行董事							
Mr. Xu Jihua ("Mr. Xu")	徐吉華先生(「徐先生」)	-	1,856	7	1,794	3,657	-	3,657
Ms. Wang Jianfei	王劍飛女士	-	1,416	4	1,794	3,214	-	3,214
Ms. Liu Xiaomei	劉曉梅女士	-	461	4	-	465	115	580
Mr. Weng Li	翁 立先生	-	1,026	3	1,430	2,459	-	2,459
Independent non-execut	ive 獨立非執行董事							
directors								
Mr. Huang Guosheng	黄國勝先生	286	-	-	-	286	-	286
Mr. Lau Sik Yuen	劉鍚源先生	275	-	-	-	275	-	275
Mr. Qian Pingfan	錢平凡先生							
(see note below)	(參閱下文附註)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		561	4,759	18	5,018	10,356	115	10,471

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (continued)

11 董事酬金(續)

			Salaries,					
			allowances	Contri-				
			and	butions to			Share-	
			benefits	retirement			based	
			in kind	benefit	Discre-		payment	2010
		Directors'	薪金、		tionary		以股份	Total
		fee	津貼及	退休福利	bonuses	Sub-total	為基礎	二零一零年
		董事袍金	實物福利	計劃供款	酌情花紅	小計	之付款	總計
	***** 1.1 4	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Name of directors	董事姓名	人氏幣十元	人氏幣十元	人民幣千元	人氏幣十元	人氏幣十元	人氏幣十元	人氏幣十元
Executive directors	執行董事							
Mr. Xu Jihua ("Mr. Xu")	徐吉華先生(「徐先生」)	-	1,826	6	3,608	5,440	-	5,440
Ms. Wang Jianfei	王劍飛女士	-	1,400	6	3,608	5,014	-	5,014
Ms. Liu Xiaomei	劉曉梅女士	-	475	6	11	492	224	716
Mr. Weng Li	翁 立先生	-	1,000	2	1,377	2,379	-	2,379
Independent non-executive directors	/e 獨立非執行董事							
Mr. Chen Wenjing	陳文敬先生							
(see note below)	(參閱下文附註)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Mr. Huang Guosheng	黄國勝先生	286	_	_	_	286	_	286
Mr. Lau Sik Yuen	劉錫源先生	282				282		282
	養平凡先生 錢平凡先生	202	_	_	_	202	_	202
Mr. Qian Pingfan								
(see note below)	(參閱下文附註)			_		_	_	_
		568	4,701	20	8,604	13,893	224	14,117

Mr. Qian Pingfan was appointed as an independent nonexecutive director of the Company on 20 September 2010. He agreed to waive any directors' fee throughout the term of his appointment.

Mr. Chen Wenjing resigned as an independent non-executive director with effect from 21 June 2010, and agreed to waive all his directors' fee amounted to RMB135,000 for the year ended 31 December 2010.

There were no amounts paid during the year (2010: Nil) to the directors in connection with their retirement from employment with the Group, or inducement to join.

錢平凡先生於二零一零年九月二十日 獲委任為本公司之獨立非執行董事。 彼同意放棄其整個任期內之任何董事 袍金。

陳文敬先生辭任獨立非執行董事, 自二零一零年六月二十一日起生效, 並同意放棄其截至二零一零年十二月 三十一日止年度之所有董事袍金人民 幣135,000元。

年內,本公司並無向董事支付任何與 本集團董事退休有關之款項或任何加 盟獎勵(二零一零年:無)。

12 INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS

The five highest paid individuals of the Group during the year include three directors of the Company (2010: three), whose remuneration are reflected in the analysis presented above. Details of remuneration paid to the remaining highest paid individuals of the Group are as follows:

Salaries, allowances and	薪金、津貼
benefits in kind	及實物福利
Contributions to retirement	退休福利計劃供款
benefit schemes	
Discretionary bonuses	酌情花紅
Share-based payment	以股份為基礎之付款

The emoluments of the two (2010: two) individuals with the highest emoluments are within the following bands:

The above individuals' emoluments are within the band of HKD2,000,001 to HKD2,500,000 (2010: HKD3,000,001 to HKD3,500,000).

There were no amounts paid during the year (2010: Nil) to the five highest paid employees in connection with their retirement from employment with the Group, or inducement to join.

13 PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The consolidated profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company includes a loss of RMB10,309,000 (2010: loss of RMB6,909,000) which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company.

12 最高薪酬人士

年內,本集團五名最高薪酬之人士包括本公司之三名董事(二零一零年:三名),其薪酬於以上分析呈列。向本集團其餘最高薪酬人士支付之酬金詳情如下:

2011	2010
二零一一年	二零一零年
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
1,615	1,517
10	8
1,828	3,580
199	372
3,652	5,477

兩名(二零一零年:兩名)最高薪酬人 士之薪酬如下:

以上人士之薪酬介乎2,000,001港元至2,500,000港元(二零一零年:3,000,001港元至3,500,000港元)範圍內。

年內,並無向五名最高薪酬僱員支付 任何與彼等自本集團退休有關之款項 或任何加盟獎勵(二零一零年:無)。

13 本公司權益持有人應佔溢利

本公司權益持有人應佔綜合溢利包括 已於本公司財務報表處理之虧損人民 幣10,309,000元(二零一零年:虧損 人民幣6,909,000元)。

OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

14 其他全面收入

2011

- Tax effects relating to each component of other comprehensive income:
- (a) 其他全面收入的各組成部份的 税務影響:

2010

			— <i>च</i> ⊤			—₹ ₹T		
			Tax			Tax		
		(expense)/			(expense)/			
		Before-	benefit	Net-of-	Before-	benefit	Net-of-	
		tax	税項	tax	tax	税項	tax	
		amount	(支出)/	amount	amount	(支出)/	amount	
		税前金額	收益	税後金額	税前金額	收益	税後金額	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
Foreign currency translation differences	海外業務產生之外幣							
for foreign operations	換算差額	(45,736)	-	(45,736)	(24,583)	-	(24,583)	
Net change in fair value of	可供出售金融資產的							
available-for-sale financial assets	公允值變動淨額	-	-	-	(12,918)	-	(12,918)	
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收入	(45,736)	-	(45,736)	(37,501)	-	(37,501)	
								_

Reclassification adjustments relating to components of other comprehensive income:

其他全面收入的組成部份的重 (b) 新分類調整

Available-for-sale financial assets

可供出售的金融資產

		2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2010 二零一零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Changes in fair value recognised during the year Reclassification adjustments for	年內已確認的公允值變動 轉撥至損益的金額重新	-	6,666
amounts transferred to profit or loss	分類調整	-	(19,584)
Net movement in the fair value reserve during the year recognised in other comprehensive income	年內於其他全面收入 確認的公允值儲備 之變動淨額	_	(12,918)

15 EARNINGS PER SHARE

(a) Basic earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company of RMB570,470,000 (2010: RMB377,222,000) and the weighted average number of 2,075,104,000 (2010: 2,075,060,000, after adjustment for the capitalisation issue in 2011) ordinary shares in issue during the year, calculated as follows:

Weighted average number of ordinary shares

Ordinary shares issued at 1 January 於一月一日發行普通股 Effect of share option exercised (see Note 33(b)(vi)) (參閱附註33(b)(vi)) 資本化發行的影響 (see Note 33(b)(vii)) (參閱附註33(b)(vii))

Weighted average number of 於十二月三十一日普通股 ordinary shares at 31 December 加權平均數

15 每股盈利

(a) 每股基本盈利

計算每股基本盈利乃以年內本公司權益持有人應佔溢利人民幣570,470,000元(二零一零年:人民幣377,222,000元)及已發行普通股的加權平均數2,075,104,000股(二零一零年:2,075,060,000股:經就二零一一年資本化發行作出調整後)為依據,現計算如下:

普通股的加權平均數

20112010二零一年二零一零年Number of
sharesNumber of
shares股份數目股份數目

1,037,500,000 1,037,500,000

44,000

1,037,560,000 1,037,560,000

2,075,104,000 2,075,060,000

EARNINGS PER SHARE (continued)

Diluted earnings per share (b)

The calculation of diluted earnings per share is based on the profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company of RMB570,470,000 (2010: RMB377,222,000) and the weighted average number of 2,080,233,000 (2010: 2,075,860,000 (after adjustment for the capitalisation issue in 2011)) ordinary shares (diluted).

Weighted average number of ordinary shares (diluted) for the year ended 31 December 2011 is calculated as follows:

每股攤薄盈利

每股盈利(續)

(b)

每股攤薄盈利乃根據本公司 權益持有人應佔溢利人民幣 570,470,000元(二零一零年: 人民幣377,222,000元)及普通 股加權平均數2,080,233,000股 (二零一零年: 2,075,860,000 股)(經二零一一年就資本化發 行作出調整後)(已攤薄)計算。

截至二零一一年十二月三十一 日止年度之普通股加權平均數 (已攤薄)計算如下:

2011	2010
二零一一年	二零一零年
Number of	Number of
shares	shares
股份數目	股份數目

Weighted average number of ordinary shares at 31 December Effect of deemed issue of Pre-IPO share options (see Note 29(a)(ii))

Weighted average number of ordinary shares at 31 December (diluted)

於十二月三十一日之普通股 加權平均數 視作首次公開發售前購股權發行 的影響(參閱附註29(a)(ii))

於十二月三十一日之普通股 加權平均數(已攤薄)

2,075,104,000 2,075,060,000

5,129,000 800,000

2,080,233,000 2,075,860,000

16 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

16 物業、廠房及設備

The Group 本集團

				Electronic				A d .	
		Plant and		and other equipment	Motor		Mining	Assets under	
		buildings	Machinery	電子及	vehicles	Vessels	structures	construction	Total
		廠房及樓宇	機器	其他設備	汽車	貨船	採礦構築物	在建資產	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Cost	成本								
At 1 January 2010	於二零一零年一月一日	41,176	6,816	3,136	19,288	1,072,005	-	5,823	1,148,244
Additions	添置	2,065	980	661	5,404	3,441	-	514,590	527,141
Arising from business combination	因業務合併產生	1,162	9,694	64	190	-	6,183	7,250	24,543
Disposals	出售	(663)	-	-	(415)	-	-	-	(1,078)
Transfers	轉撥	9,685	-	-	-	-	-	(9,685)	-
Exchange difference	匯兑差額		-	-	-	(13,575)	-	(5,161)	(18,736)
At 31 December 2010	於二零一零年十二月三十一日	53,425	17,490	3,861	24,467	1,061,871	6,183	512,817	1,680,114
Additions	添置	4,360	31,213	1,451	4,443	-	71,798	753,043	866,308
Arising from business combination	因業務合併產生								
(see Note 10)	(參閱附註10)	203,258	328,656	15,357	75,001	-	766,284	347,898	1,736,454
Disposals	出售	-	-	-	(299)	-	-	-	(299)
Transfers	轉撥	1,964	-	-	-	447,449	240,118	(689,531)	-
Exchange difference	匯兑差額		-	-	-	(25,299)	-	(12,818)	(38,117)
At 31 December 2011	於二零一一年十二月三十一日	263,007	377,359	20,669	103,612	1,484,021	1,084,383	911,409	4,244,460
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊								
At 1 January 2010	於二零一零年一月一日	(6,991)	(3,260)	(1,899)	(10,278)	(129,585)	-	-	(152,013)
Charge for the year	年內支出	(2,432)	(643)	(569)	(3,187)	(84,308)	-	-	(91,139)
Written back on disposals	出售撥回	209	-	-	388	-	-	-	597
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	-	-	-	-	3,682	-	-	3,682
At 31 December 2010	於二零一零年十二月三十一日	(9,214)	(3,903)	(2,468)	(13,077)	(210,211)	-	-	(238,873)
Charge for the year	年內支出	(2,713)	(4,741)	(894)	(4,131)	(74,866)	(1,542)	-	(88,887)
Written back on disposals	出售撥回	-	-	-	284	-	-	-	284
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	_	-	-	-	7,163	-	-	7,163
At 31 December 2011	於二零一一年十二月三十一日	(11,927)	(8,644)	(3,362)	(16,924)	(277,914)	(1,542)	-	(320,313)
Carrying amounts	賬面值								
At 31 December 2010	於二零一零年十二月三十一日	44,211	13,587	1,393	11,390	851,660	6,183	512,817	1,441,241
At 31 December 2011	於二零一一年十二月三十一日	251,080	368,715	17,307	86,688	1,206,107	1,082,841	911,409	3,924,147

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

The Group was in the process of applying for the title certificates for certain items of plant and building with an aggregate carrying amounts of RMB45,910,000 as at 31 December 2011 (2010: Nil) which related to the newly acquired properties from the business combination in 2011. The directors of the Company are of the opinion that the Group is entitled to lawfully and validly occupy or use the above mentioned properties.

16 物業、廠房及設備(續)

煤炭採礦權

本集團正申請於二零一一年十二 月三十一日賬面總值為人民幣 45.910.000元(二零一零年:無)之若 干廠房及樓宇項目的業權證書,乃與 二零一一年業務合併產生的新收購物 業有關。本公司董事認為,本集團有 權合法及有效佔有或使用上述物業。

COAL MINING RIGHTS

The Group 本集團

		RMB'000
		人民幣千元
Cost	成本	
At 1 January 2010	於二零一零年一月一日	_
Additions through business combination	透過業務合併添置	210,659
31 December 2010	二零一零年十二月三十一日	210,659
Additions	添置	5,000
Additions through business combination	透過業務合併添置	0,000
(see Note 10)	(參閱附註10)	4,243,834
(See Note 10)		
At 31 December 2011	於二零一一年十二月三十一日	4,459,493
Accumulated amortisation	累計攤銷	
At 1 January 2010, 31 December 2010	於二零一零年一月一日、二零一零年十二月	
and 1 January 2011	三十一日及二零一一年一月一日	_
Charge for the year	年內支出	(1,047)
At 31 December 2011	於二零一一年十二月三十一日	(1,047)
Carrying amounts		
At 31 December 2010	於二零一零年十二月三十一日	210,659
At 31 December 2011	於二零一一年十二月三十一日	4,458,446

The balances represent coal mining rights of Shanxi Hun Yuan Ruifeng Coal Co., Ltd. ("Ruifeng Coal") and Huameiao Energy (see Note 10). The amortisation of the coal mining rights is based on the units-of-production method, utilising only proved and probable coal reserves in the depletion base.

餘額指山西渾源瑞風煤業有限責任公 司(「瑞風煤業」)及華美奧能源的煤炭 採礦權(參閱附註10)。煤炭採礦權僅 使用探明及估計煤炭儲量,以耗蝕基 準利用生產單位法予以攤銷。

LEASE PREPAYMENTS

18 租賃預付款項

The Group 本集團

		Sea use rights 海域使用權 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Land use rights 土地使用權 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cost	成本			
At 1 January 2010	於二零一零年一月一日	-	6,998	6,998
Additions	添置	45,971	_	45,971
At 31 December 2010	於二零一零年十二月三十一日	45,971	6,998	52,969
Additions	添置	-	77,984	77,984
At 31 December 2011	於二零一一年十二月三十一日	45,971	84,982	130,953
Accumulated amortisation	累計攤銷			
At 1 January 2010	於二零一零年一月一日	-	(945)	(945)
Charge for the year	年內支出		(140)	(140)
At 31 December 2010	於二零一零年十二月三十一日	-	(1,085)	(1,085)
Charge for the year	年內支出	-	(140)	(140)
At 31 December 2011	於二零一一年十二月三十一日	_	(1,225)	(1,225)
Carrying amounts	賬面值			
At 31 December 2010	於二零一零年十二月三十一日	45,971	5,913	51,884
At 31 December 2011	於二零一一年十二月三十一日	45,971	83,757	129,728

Lease prepayments represent cost of sea use rights and land use rights, both with a lease period of 50 years at the date of grant.

租賃預付款項指於授出日期租賃期 均為50年的海域使用權及土地使用權 成本。

INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATE

19 於聯營公司之投資

The Group

本集團

		2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2010 二零一零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Listed shares, at cost	上市股份,按成本值	48,207	48,207
Share of losses	應佔虧損	(6,671)	(1,922)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	(3,228)	(1,156)
		38,308	45,129

The following list contains the particulars of associates, which principally affected the results or assets of the Group:

下表載列主要影響本集團業績或資產 的聯營公司詳情:

Proportion of ownership interest

Name of associate 聯營公司名稱	Place of establishment/ incorporation 成立/註冊 成立地點	Listed/ unlisted company 上市/ 非上市公司	Group's effective interest 本集團 實際權益	Held by the Company 本公司 持有	Held by a subsidiary 附屬公司 持有	Principal activities 主要業務
Tiaro Coal Limited ("Tiaro Coal") (see Note (i)) Tiaro Coal Limited (「Tiaro Coal」) (參閱附註(i))	Australia 澳洲	Listed company 上市公司	21.15%	-	21.15%	Coal exploration, evaluation and development 煤田勘探、 評估及開發

19 INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATE (continued)

19 於聯營公司之投資(續)

Summary financial information on Tiaro Coal:

有關Tiaro Coal的財務資料概要:

		Assets	Liabilities	Equity	Revenue	Loss
		資產	負債	權益	收入	虧損
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
2011	二零一一年					
100 percent	100%	79,350	(650)	78,700	-	(21,040)
Group's effective interest	本集團的實際權益	16,783	(137)	16,646	-	(4,749)
2010	_ 二零一零年					
100 percent	100%	76,135	(1,265)	74,870	-	(6,581)
Group's effective interest	本集團的實際權益	20,061	(333)	19,728	-	(1,922)

- (i) On 23 April 2010, the Group increased its equity interest in Tiaro Coal from 14.90% to 30.05% through an acquisition of 8,000,000 new ordinary shares in Tiaro Coal. In November 2010, Tiaro Coal issued 10,000,000 new ordinary shares to new shareholders, whereby the Group's equity interest in Tiaro Coal was diluted to 26.35%. In July 2011, Tiaro Coal further issued 20,000,000 new ordinary shares to new shareholders, whereby the Group's equity interest in Tiaro Coal was diluted to 21.15%.
- (ii) During the period from 1 January 2011 to 23 December 2011 when Huameiao Energy became a subsidiary of the Group (see Note 10), Huameiao Energy incurred a gain of RMB88,025,000, resulting in a gain shared by the Group of RMB28,168,000.
- (i) 於二零一零年四月二十三日,本集團透過收購Tiaro Coal的8,000,000股新普通股,將於Tiaro Coal的股權由14.90%增加至30.05%。於二零一零年十一月,Tiaro Coal向新股東發行10,000,000股新普通股,據此,本集團於Tiaro Coal的股權攤薄至26.35%。於二零一一年七月,Tiaro Coal進一步向新股東發行20,000,000股新普通股,據此,本集團於Tiaro Coal的股權攤薄至21.15%。
- (ii) 於二零一一年一月一日至 二零一一年十二月二十三日 止期間,華美奧能源成為本 集團之附屬公司(參閱附註 10),華美奧能源產生收益人民 幣88,025,000元,令本集團分 佔收益人民幣28,168,000元。

INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT **OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

20 於綜合財務狀況表的所得税

The Group

Current taxation in the consolidated statement of financial position represents:

本集團

(a) 於綜合財務狀況表的即期稅項 指:

		2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2010 二零一零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Balance at beginning of the year	年初結餘	209,333	167,578
Provision for income tax for the year (see Note 9(a))	年內所得税撥備 (參閱附註9(a))	142,794	127,323
Overprovision of PRC corporate income tax in prior years (see Note 9(a))	過往年度中國企業 所得税超額撥備 (參閱附註9(a))	(48,015)	-
Income tax paid during the year	年內支付的所得税	(34,764)	(85,568)
Balance at the end of the year	年終結餘	269,348	209,333

Deferred tax assets (b)

Deferred tax assets recognised and the movements of the deferred tax assets during 2011:

(b) 遞延税項資產

於二零一一年,已確認的遞延 税項資產及其變動:

		Charged to consolidated	
	At	statement of	At
	1 January	comprehensive	31 December
	2011	income	2011
	於二零一一年	自綜合全面	於二零一一年
	一月一日	收入表扣除	十二月三十一日
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Deferred tax assets arising from: 產生於下歹 遞延税項			
Taxable losses carried forward 結轉的應該	3,240	(1,110)	2,130
Unrealised profit arising from 因對銷集團	1內公司間交易		
intra-group transactions elimination 而產生的	7未變現溢利 5,408	(3,463)	1,945
	8,648	(4,573)	4,075

20 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (continued)

20 於綜合財務狀況表的所得税(續)

(b) Deferred tax assets (continued)

Deferred tax assets recognised and the movements of the deferred tax assets during 2010:

(b) 遞延税項資產(續)

於二零一零年,已確認的遞延 税項資產及其變動:

		Credited/	
		(charged)	
		to consolidated	
	At	statement of	At
	1 January	comprehensive	31 December
	2010	income	2010
	於二零一零年	自綜合全面	於二零一零年
	一月一日	收入表扣除	十二月三十一日
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	_	3,240	3,240
文 易			
ξIJ	6,561	(1,153)	5,408
	6,561	2,087	8,648

In accordance with the accounting policy set out in Note 2(q), the Group has not recognised deferred tax assets in respect of cumulative tax losses of RMB82,780,000 (2010: Nil) as it is not probable that future taxable profits against which these losses can be utilised will be available in the relevant tax jurisdiction and entities.

Deferred tax assets arising from: 產生於下列各項的

intra-group transactions elimination 而產生的未變現溢和

Taxable losses carried forward Unrealised profit arising from **遞延税項資產**: 結轉之應課税虧損

因對銷集團內公司間交

由於未來有關稅務司法權區及實體不大可能存在可用於對沖累積稅項虧損的應課稅溢利,故本集團概無根據附註2(q)載列的會計政策就該等虧損人民幣82,780,000元(二零一零年:無)確認遞延稅項資產。

INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT **OF FINANCIAL POSITION** (continued)

20 於綜合財務狀況表的所得税(續)

Deferred tax liabilities (C)

(c) 遞延税項負債

Deferred tax liabilities recognised and the movements of the deferred tax liabilities during 2011:

於二零一一年,已確認的遞延 税項負債及其變動:

		At 1 January 2011 於二零一一年 一月一日 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Charged to consolidated statement of comprehensive income 於綜合全面 收入表扣除 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Arising from business combinations 產生自 業務合併 RMB'000 人民幣千元	At 31 December 2011 於二零一一年 十二月三十一日 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Deferred tax liabilities arising from: Revaluation surplus arising from business	產生自下列各項的遞延 税項負債: 業務合併產生的重估盈餘				
combinations Depreciation allowances in excess of the related depreciation	超過相關折舊及攤銷的折舊撥備	48,992	(247)	1,091,651	1,140,396
and amortisation			-	10,675	10,675
		48,992	(247)	1,102,326	1,151,071

INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT **OF FINANCIAL POSITION** (continued)

20 於綜合財務狀況表的所得税(續)

Deferred tax liabilities (continued) (C)

> Deferred tax liabilities recognised and the movements of the deferred tax liabilities during 2010:

遞延税項負債(續) (c)

> 於二零一零年,已確認的遞延 税項負債及其變動:

At 31	Arising	At 1
December	from business	January
2010	combinations	2010
於二零一零年	產生自	於二零一零年
十二月三十一日	業務合併	一月一日
RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元

Deferred tax liabilities arising from:

税項負債:

Revaluation surplus arising from business combination 業務合併產生的重估 盈餘

產生自下列事項的遞延

48,992

48,992

INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES

於附屬公司的投資 21

2011 2010 二零一一年 二零一零年 **RMB'000** RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元

Unlisted shares, at cost

非上市股份,按成本值

658,807

658,807

INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

As at 31 December 2011, the Company has direct and indirect interests in the following subsidiaries, all of which are private companies. The particulars of these subsidiaries are set out below:

21 於附屬公司的投資(續)

於二零一一年十二月三十一日,本公 司於下列附屬公司擁有直接及間接權 益,所有附屬公司均為私人公司。該 等附屬公司的詳情載列如下:

Proportion of ownership interest 擁有權權益比例

		雅·	有權權益比例	^켄		
Name of company 公司名稱	Place of establishment/ incorporation 成立/註冊 成立地點	Group's effective interest 本集團 實際權益	Held by the Company 由本公司 持有	Held by a subsidiary 由附屬 公司持有	Issued and fully paid-up/ registered capital 已發行及繳足/ 註冊資本	Principal activities 主要業務
Qinfa Investment Limited ("Qinfa Investment") 秦發投資有限公司(「秦 發投資」)	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	100%	100%	-	USD4,801/ USD50,000 4,801美元/ 50,000美元	Investment holding 投資控股
Bright Rock Holdings Limited ("Bright Rock") Bright Rock Holdings Limited (「Bright Rock」)	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	100%	-	100%	USD1/ USD50,000 1美元/ 50,000美元	Investment holding 投資控股
Yuen Hoi Limited ("Yuen Hoi") 源凱有限公司 (「源凱」)	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	100%	-	100%	USD1/ USD50,000 1美元/ 50,000美元	Investment holding 投資控股
Hong Kong Qinfa Coal Trading Limited ("Qinfa Coal Trading") Hong Kong Qinfa Coal Trading Limited (「Qinfa Coal Trading])	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	100%	-	100%	USD1/ USD50,000 1美元/ 50,000美元	Not yet commenced operation 未開始營運
Glory Explore International Limited ("Glory Explore") Glory Explore International Limited (「Glory Explore」)	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	100%	-	100%	USD1/ USD50,000 1美元/ 50,000美元	Investment holding 投資控股
Hong Kong Qinfa Trading Limited ("Qinfa Trading") 香港秦發貿易有限公司 (「秦發貿易」)	Hong Kong 香港	100%	-	100%	HKD30,000,000/ HKD30,000,000 30,000,000港元/ 30,000,000港元	Sales of coal and investment holding 煤炭銷售及 投資控股

21 INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

21 於附屬公司的投資(續)

Proportion	of	ownership	interest
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	万里					
Name of company 公司名稱	Place of establishment/ incorporation 成立/註冊 成立地點	Group's effective interest 本集團 實際權益	Held by the Company 由本公司 持有	Held by a subsidiary 由附屬 公司持有	Issued and fully paid-up/ registered capital 已發行及繳足/ 註冊資本	Principal activities 主要業務
Hong Kong Qinfa International Trading Limited ("Qinfa International") 香港秦發國際貿易有限 公司(「秦發國際」)	Hong Kong 香港	100%	-	100%	HKD10,000/ HKD10,000 10,000港元/ 10,000港元	Sales of coal 煤炭銷售
Lead Far Development Limited ("Lead Far") 力達發展有限公司 (「力達」)	Hong Kong 香港	100%	-	100%	HKD10,000/ HKD10,000 10,000港元/ 10,000港元	Investment holding 投資控股
Qinhuangdao Development Zone Qinfa Trading Co., Ltd. ("Qinhuangdao Trading") 秦皇島開發區秦發 貿易有限公司 (「秦皇島貿易」)	The PRC 中國	100%	-	100%	RMB68,000,000/ RMB68,000,000 人民幣68,000,000元/ 人民幣68,000,000元	Sales of coal 煤炭銷售
Datong Xiejiazhuang Jinfa Trading and Transportation Co., Ltd. ("Datong Jinfa") 大同解家莊晉發運銷 有限公司 (「大同晉發」)	The PRC 中國	100%	_	100%	RMB8,000,000/ RMB8,000,000 人民幣8,000,000元/ 人民幣8,000,000元	Sales of coal 煤炭銷售
Yangyuan Guotong Coal Trading and Transportation Co., Ltd. ("Yangyuan Guotong") 陽原國通煤炭運銷 有限公司 (「陽原國通」)	The PRC 中國	100%	-	100%	RMB10,000,000/ RMB10,000,000 人民幣10,000,000元/ 人民幣10,000,000元	Sales of coal 煤炭銷售
Zhuhai Qinfa Trading Co., Ltd. ("Zhuhai Qinfa Trading") 珠海秦發貿易有限公司 (「珠海秦發貿易」)	The PRC 中國	100%	-	100%	RMB5,000,000/ RMB5,000,000 人民幣5,000,000元/ 人民幣5,000,000元	Sales of coal 煤炭銷售

21 INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

21 於附屬公司的投資(續)

		Proportion of ownership interest 擁有權權益比例					
Name of company 公司名稱	Place of establishment/ incorporation 成立/註冊 成立地點	Group's effective interest 本集團 實際權益	Held by the	Held by a subsidiary 由附屬 公司持有	Issued and fully paid-up/ registered capital 已發行及繳足/ 註冊資本	Principal activities 主要業務	
Zhuhai Qinfa Logistics Co., Ltd. ("Qinfa Logistics") 珠海秦發物流有限公司 (「秦發物流」)	The PRC 中國	100%	-	100%	HKD20,000,000/ HKD20,000,000 20,000,000港元/ 20,000,000港元	Sales of coal 煤炭銷售	
Zhuhai Qinfa Resource Development Co., Ltd. ("Zhuhai Resource") 珠海秦發能源發展 有限公司 (「珠海能源」)	The PRC 中國	100%	-	100%	RMB1,000,000/ RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元/ 人民幣1,000,000元	Not yet commenced operation 未開始營運	
Baotou Danghui Materials Trading Co., Ltd. ("Baotou Danghui") 包頭市黨惠物資貿易 有限公司 (「包頭黨惠」)	The PRC 中國	100%	-	100%	RMB10,000,000/ RMB10,000,000 人民幣10,000,000元/ 人民幣10,000,000元	Sales of coal 煤炭銷售	
Ordos Dongsheng Yifa Materials Co., Ltd. ("Ordos Yifa") 鄂爾多斯市東勝區伊 發物資有限公司 (「鄂爾多斯伊發」)	The PRC 中國	100%	-	100%	RMB5,000,000/ RMB5,000,000 人民幣5,000,000元/ 人民幣5,000,000元	Investment holding 投資控股	
Ordos Jinfa Materials Co., Ltd. ("Ordos Jinfa") 鄂爾多斯市晉發物資 有限公司 (「鄂爾多斯晉發」)	The PRC 中國	100%	-	100%	RMB10,000,000/ RMB10,000,000 人民幣10,000,000元/ 人民幣10,000,000元	Investment holding 投資控股	
Shuozhou Guangfa Energy Investment Co., Ltd. ("Shuozhou Guangfa") 朔州市廣發能源投資 有限公司 (「朔州廣發」)	The PRC 中國	100%	-	100%	RMB10,000,000/ RMB10,000,000 人民幣10,000,000元/ 人民幣10,000,000元	Investment holding 投資控股	
Shenchi Shenda Energy Investment Co., Ltd. ("Shenchi Shenda") 神池縣神達能源投資 有限公司 (「神池神達」)	The PRC 中國	100%	-	100%	RMB10,000,000/ RMB10,000,000 人民幣10,000,000元/ 人民幣10,000,000元	Not yet commenced operation 未開始營運	

(「神池神達」)

21 INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

21 於附屬公司的投資(續)

Proportion	of	ownershi	p	interest
1/4	+	ᄩᄩᆠᄔ	il.	

		獲月催催益 比例		7 IJ		
Name of company 公司名稱	Place of establishment/ incorporation 成立/註冊 成立地點	Group's effective interest 本集團 實際權益	Held by the Company 由本公司 持有	Held by a subsidiary 由附屬 公司持有	Issued and fully paid-up/ registered capital 已發行及繳足/ 註冊資本	Principal activities 主要業務
Shenchi Shenfa Coal Trading and Transportation Co., Ltd. ("Shenchi Shenfa") 神池縣神發煤炭運銷 有限公司 (「神池神發」)	The PRC 中國	100%	-	100%	RMB10,000,000/ RMB10,000,000 人民幣10,000,000元/ 人民幣10,000,000元	Not yet commenced operation 未開始營運
Huairen Shunfa Materials Co.,Ltd. ("Huairen Shunfa") Huairen Shunfa Materials Co.,Ltd. (「Huairen Shunfa」)	The PRC 中國	100%	-	100%	RMB10,000,000/ RMB10,000,000 人民幣10,000,000元/ 人民幣10,000,000元	Not yet commenced operation 未開始營運
Ruifeng Coal 瑞風煤業	The PRC 中國	87.88%	-	87.88%	RMB17,000,000/ RMB17,000,000 人民幣17,000,000元/ 人民幣17,000,000元	Coal mining and operation 煤炭開採及營運
Huameiao Energy 華美奧能源	The PRC 中國	80%	-	80%	RMB30,000,000/ RMB30,000,000 人民幣30,000,000元/ 人民幣30,000,000元	Coal mining and operation 煤炭開採及營運
Shanxi Shuozhou Pinglu District Huameiao Xingtao Coal Co.,Ltd. ("Xingtao Coal") 山西朔州平魯區華美奥 興陶煤業有限公司 (「興陶煤礦」)	The PRC 中國	80%	-	80%	RMB129,590,000/ RMB129,590,000 人民幣 129,590,000 元/ 人民幣 129,590,000 元	Coal mining and operation 煤炭開採及營運
Shanxi Shuozhou Pinglu District Huameiao Fengxi Coal Co.,Ltd. ("Fengxi Coal") 山西朔州平魯區華美奧 馮西煤業有限公司 (「馮西煤礦」)	The PRC 中國	80%	-	80%	RMB32,000,000/ RMB32,000,000 人民幣32,000,000元/ 人民幣32,000,000元	Coal mining and operation 煤炭開採及營運

INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

21 於附屬公司的投資(續)

以及貨船租賃

		Proportion of ownership interest 擁有權權益比例					
Name of company 公司名稱	Place of establishment/ incorporation 成立/註冊 成立地點	Group's effective interest 本集團 實際權益	Held by the Company 由本公司 持有	Held by a subsidiary 由附屬 公司持有	Issued and fully paid-up/ registered capital 已發行及繳足/ 註冊資本	Principal activities 主要業務	
Shanxi Shuozhou Pinglu District Huameiao Chongsheng Coal Co.,Ltd. ("Chongsheng Coal") 山西朔州平魯區華美奥 崇升煤業有限公司 (「崇升煤礦」)	The PRC 中國	80%	-	80%	RMB107,290,000/ RMB107,290,000 人民幣 107,290,000 元/ 人民幣 107,290,000 元	Coal mining and operation 煤炭開採及營運	
Super Grace Enterprises Limited ("Super Grace") Super Grace Enterprises Limited (「Super Grace])	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	100%	-	100%	USD50,000/ USD50,000 50,000美元/ 50,000美元	Goods transport and logistics, and charter hire 商品運輸及物流 以及貸船租賃	
Oriental Wise Group Limited ("Oriental Wise") Oriental Wise Group Limited (「Oriental Wise」)	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	100%	-	100%	USD1/ USD50,000 1美元/ 50,000美元	Goods transport and logistics, and charter hire 商品運輸及物流 以及貨船租賃	
Qinfa Chartering Limited ("Qinfa Chartering") Qinfa Chartering Limited ([Qinfa Chartering])	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	100%	-	100%	USD1/ USD50,000 1美元/ 50,000美元	Goods transport and logistics, and charter hire 商品運輸及物流 以及貨船租賃	
Qinfa Shipping Group Limited ("Qinfa Shipping Group") Qinfa Shipping Group Limited (「Qinfa Shipping Group」)	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	100%	-	100%	USD1/ USD50,000 1美元/ 50,000美元	Goods transport and logistics, and charter hire 商品運輸及物流 以及貨船租賃	
Hong Kong Qinfa Shipping Limited ("Qinfa Shipping") 香港秦發航運有限公司 (「秦發航運」)	Hong Kong 香港	100%	-	100%	HKD10,000/ HKD10,000 10,000港元/ 10,000港元	Goods transport and logistics, and charter hire 商品運輸及物流 以及貨船租賃	
Liberal City Limited ("Liberal") Liberal City Limited ([Liberal])	Hong Kong 香港	100%	-	100%	HKD1,000/ HKD1,000 1,000港元/ 1,000港元	Goods transport and logistics, and charter hire 商品運輸及物流	

21 INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

21 於附屬公司的投資(續)

Proportion	of	ownership	interest
tzin	+	海海ボル河	

		推有權權益比例				
Principal activities 主要業務	Issued and fully paid-up/ registered capital 已發行及繳足/ 註冊資本	Held by a subsidiary 由附屬 公司持有	Held by the Company 由本公司 持有	Group's effective interest 本集團 實際權益	Place of establishment/ incorporation 成立/註冊 成立地點	Name of company 公司名稱
Goods transport and logistics, and charter hire 商品運輸及物流 以及貨船租賃	HKD1,000/ HKD1,000 1,000港元/ 1,000港元	100%	-	100%	Hong Kong 香港	Perpetual Goodluck Limited ("Perpetual") Perpetual Goodluck Limited (「Perpetual」)
Goods transport and logistics, and charter hire 商品運輸及物流 以及貨船租賃	USD1/ USD50,000 1美元/ 50,000美元	100%	-	100%	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Harbour Well Limited ("Harbour Well") Harbour Well Limited (「Harbour Well」)
Goods transport and logistics, and charter hire 商品運輸及物流 以及貨船租賃	USD1/ USD50,000 1美元/ 50,000美元	100%	-	100%	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Merit Sino International Limited ("Merit Sino") 譽華國際有限公司 (「譽華」)
Goods transport and logistics, and charter hire 商品運輸及物流 以及貨船租賃	RMB5,000,000/ RMB5,000,000 人民幣5,000,000元/ 人民幣5,000,000元	100%	-	100%	The PRC 中國	Zhuhai Qinfa Shipping Co., Ltd. ("Zhuhai Qinfa Shipping") 珠海秦發航運有限公司 (「珠海秦發航運」)
Not yet commenced operation 未開始營運	RMB10,000,000/ RMB10,000,000 人民幣10,000,000元/ 人民幣10,000,000元	55.5%	-	55.5%	The PRC 中國	Zhungeer Banner Qinfa Huazhun Logitics Co., Ltd. ("Huazhun Logistics") 准格爾旗秦發華准物流 有限公司(「華准物 流」)
Terminal under construction 碼頭建設	RMB127,859,040/ RMB519,000,000 人民幣127,859,040元/ 人民幣519,000,000元	60%	-	60%	The PRC 中國	Zhuhai Qinfa Port Co., Ltd. 珠海秦發港務有限公司

22 INVENTORIES

22 存貨

The Group

本集團

		2011	2010
		二零一一年	二零一零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	制代口	00.505	101.000
Finished goods	製成品	93,535	191,383
Goods in transit	在途貨物	401,511	328,807
Fuel	燃料	9,794	7,291
		504,840	527,481

The inventories as at 31 December 2011 were stated at cost (same as at 31 December 2010).

存貨於二零一一年十二月三十一日 按成本列賬(與二零一零年十二月 三十一日相同)。

23 **DERIVATIVES**

23 衍生工具

The Group

本集團

		20)11	2010	
		二零-	一一年	二零一零年	
		Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities
		資產	負債	資產	負債
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Foreign exchange option	外匯期權合約	400		011	
contracts (see Note (i)) NDF forward portfolio	(參閱附註(j)) 不交收遠期組合合約	466	-	911	_
contracts (see Note (ii)) Forward freight agreements	(參閱附註(ii)) 貨運期貨協議	-	-	3,314	-
(see Note (iii)) Interest rate swap contracts	(參閱附註(iii)) 利率掉期合約	-	-	_	(211)
(see Note (iv))	(參閱附註(iv))	-	(1,397)	-	-
Foreign exchange forward contracts (see Note (v))	外匯遠期合約 (參閱附註(v))	-	(323)	-	-
Coal trading put options (see Note (vi))	煤炭貿易認沽期權 (參閱附註(vi))	-	(407)	-	_
		466	(2,127)	4,225	(211)

23 **DERIVATIVES** (continued)

(i) Foreign exchange option contracts

As at 31 December 2011, the Group had two outstanding foreign exchange option contracts signed with an authorised financial institution (2010: four). These contracts will expire within four months after 31 December 2011.

The Group has recorded a realised income of RMB2,375,000 in other income during the year ended 31 December 2011 (2010: RMB2,532,000). Fair value changes of the above outstanding foreign exchange option contracts as at 31 December 2011 were RMB466,000 (2010: RMB911,000) and have been recognised in other income.

(ii) NDF portfolio contracts

As at 31 December 2011, the Group had no outstanding NDF portfolio contracts (2010: eight).

The Group has recorded a realised gain of RMB3,316,000 in other income during the year ended 31 December 2011 (2010: RMB419,000).

(iii) Forward freight agreements

As at 31 December 2011, the Group had no outstanding forward freight agreements (2010: three).

The Group has recorded a realised loss of RMB191,000 in other expenses during the year ended 31 December 2011 (2010: RMB704,000).

23 衍生工具(續)

(i) 外匯期權合約

於二零一一年十二月三十一日,本集團擁有兩份與經授權金融機構簽署的尚未履行外匯期權合約(二零一零年:四份)。該等合約將於二零一一年十二月三十一日後四個月內到期。

截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度本集團於其他收入錄得的已實現收入人民幣2,375,000元(二零一零年:人民幣2,532,000元)。於二零一一年十二月三十一日上述尚未履行外匯期權合約的公允值變動為人民幣466,000元(二零一零年:人民幣911,000元),並於其他收入中確認。

(ii) 不交收遠期組合合約

於二零一一年十二月三十一日,本集團無不交收遠期組合 合約(二零一零年:八份)。

截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團錄得其他開支的已實現收益人民幣3,316,000元(二零一零年:人民幣419,000元)。

(iii) 貨運期貨協議

於二零一一年十二月三十一日,本集團無尚未履行貨運期 貨協議(二零一零年:三份)。

截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度本集團於其他開支錄得的已實現虧損人民幣191,000元。(二零一零:人民幣704,000元)

DERIVATIVES (continued) 23

(iv)Interest rate swap contracts

As at 31 December 2011, the Group had three outstanding interest rate swap contracts signed with an authorised financial institution with aggregate nominal principal amounts of USD21,427,000 (2010: Nil). These contracts will expire within five months after 31 December 2011.

The Group has recorded a realised loss of RMB918,000 in other expenses during the year ended 31 December 2011 (2010: Nil). Fair value changes of the above outstanding interest rate swap contracts as at 31 December 2011 were RMB1,397,000 (2010: Nil) and have been recognised in other expenses.

Foreign exchange forward contracts (V)

As at 31 December 2011, the Group had three outstanding foreign exchange forward contracts signed with an authorised financial institution (2010: Nil). These contracts will expire within five months after 31 December 2011.

Fair value changes of the above outstanding foreign exchange forward contracts as at 31 December 2011 were RMB323,000 (2010: Nil) and have been recognised in other expenses.

衍生工具(續)

利率掉期合約 (iv)

於二零一一年十二月三十一 日,本集團擁有與認可金融 機構簽署的三份未平倉利率 掉期合約,名義本金總額為 21,427,000美元(二零一零年: 無)。該等合約將於二零一一年 十二月三十一日後五個月內到 期。

本集團於截至二零一一年十二 月三十一日止年度在其他開 支內錄得已變現虧損人民幣 918,000元(二零一零年:無)。 上述未平倉利率掉期合約於二 零一一年十二月三十一日的公 允值變動為人民幣1,397,000元 (二零一零年:無),並已於其 他開支內確認。

外匯遠期合約

於二零一一年十二月三十一 日,本集團擁有與認可金融機 構簽署的三份未平倉外匯遠期 合約(二零一零年:無)。該 等合約將於二零一一年十二月 三十一日後五個月內到期。

上述未平倉遠期外匯合約於二 零一一年十二月三十一日的公 允值變動為人民幣323,000元 (二零一零年:無),並已於其 他開支內確認。

23 DERIVATIVES (continued)

(vi) Coal trading put options

As at 31 December 2011, the Group had six outstanding coal trading put options (2010: Nil). These contracts will expire within six months after 31 December 2011.

The Group has recorded a realised income of RMB843,000 in other income during the year ended 31 December 2011 (2010: Nil). Fair value changes of the above outstanding coal trading put options as at 31 December 2011 were RMB 407,000 (2010: Nil) and have been recognised in other expenses.

24 TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLE

All of the trade and bills receivable are expected to be recovered within one year. The Group's exposure to credit and currency risks related to trade and other receivables is disclosed in Note 34.

An ageing analysis of trade and bills receivable of the Group is as follows:

Within 1 month —個月內 Over 1 month but within 3 months —個月以上但不超過三個月 Over 3 months but within 6 months 三個月以上但不超過六個月

23 衍生工具(續)

(vi) 煤炭貿易認沽期權

於二零一一年十二月三十一日,本集團擁有六份未平倉煤 炭貿易認沽期權(二零一零年: 無)。該等合約將於二零一一年 十二月三十一日後六個月內到期。

本集團於截至二零一一年十二 月三十一日止年度在其他收入內錄得已變現收入人民幣 843,000元(二零一零年:無)。 上述未平倉煤炭貿易認沽期權 於二零一一年十二月三十一日 的公允值變動為人民幣407,000 元(二零一零年:無),並已於 其他開支內確認。

24 應收貿易賬款及應收票據

所有應收貿易賬款及應收票據預期一 年內收回。本集團就應收貿易賬款及 其他款項所面臨信貸及貨幣風險於附 註34披露。

本集團的應收貿易賬款及應收票據的 賬齡分析如下:

本集團						
2011	2010					
二零一一年	二零一零年					
RMB'000	RMB'000					
人民幣千元	人民幣千元					
1,337,473	897,041					
3,552	86,056					
-	43,132					
1,341,025	1,026,229					

The Group

TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLE (continued)

Credit terms granted to customers mainly range from 0 to 30 days depending on the customer's relationship with the Group, their creditworthiness and past settlement record.

The ageing is counted from the date when trade and bills receivable are recognised.

24 應收貿易賬款及應收票據(續)

本集團主要向客戶授出零至三十天不 等的信貸期, 視乎客戶與本集團的關 係、其信用以及以往付款記錄而定。

賬齡自應收貿易賬款及應收票據確認 之日起計。

PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

25 預付款項及其他應收款項

		The G	iroup	The Company	
		本第	画	本公司	
		2011	2010	2011	2010
		二零一一年	二零一零年	二零一一年	二零一零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Deposits and prepayments for	股本投資之按金及預付款項				
equity investments (see Note (i))	(參閱附註(i))	303,221	1,300,000	-	-
Other deposits and prepayments	其他按金及預付款項				
(see Note (ii))	(參閱附註(ii))	619,581	483,131	-	-
Amounts due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	-	-	1,054,276	945,041
Amounts due from non-controlling	應收非控股股東款項				
shareholders		585,703	_	-	-
Other non-trade receivables	其他非貿易應收賬款	41,777	84,081	-	-
		1,550,282	1,867,212	1,054,276	945,041

- Deposits and prepayments for equity investments mainly represent prepaid consideration and deposits for coal mine investments.
- Other deposits and prepayments mainly represent deposits and prepayments for coal business operation.
- 股本投資之按金及預付款項主 (i) 要指煤礦投資的預付代價及按 金。
- 其他按金及預付款項主要指煤 炭業務營運的按金及預付款項。

PLEDGED DEPOSITS

Bank deposits of RMB535,745,000 as at 31 December 2011 (2010: RMB951,807,000) were pledged to banks to secure certain of the Group's credit facilities (see Note 28).

26 已抵押存款

二零一一年十二月三十一日,銀行存 款人民幣535,745,000元(二零一零 年:人民幣951,807,000元)已抵押予 銀行作為本集團若干信貸的擔保(參 閲附註28)。

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

(a) Cash and cash equivalents comprise:

27 現金及現金等價物

(a) 現金及現金等價物包括:

		The G 本集	•	The Company 本公司	
		2011	2010	2011	2010
		二零一一年	二零一零年	二零一一年	二零一零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Cash at bank and in hand	銀行及手頭現金	592,027	287,161	624	854

27 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (continued)

27 現金及現金等價物(續)

- (b) Reconciliation of profit before taxation to cash generated from operations:
- (b) 除税前溢利與經營活動產生現 金之對賬:

			2011	2010
		N.L.	二零一一年	二零一零年
		Note 附註	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
		בים ניוץ	人民市「九	八八市「九
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利		697,137	501,888
Adjustment for:	就下列各項作出調整:			
Depreciation for property, plant and	物業、廠房及			
equipment	設備折舊	16	88,887	91,139
Amortisation of coal mining rights	煤炭採礦權攤銷	17	1,047	_
Amortisation of lease prepayments	租賃預付款項攤銷	18	140	140
Net finance costs	財務成本淨額	8(a)	186,079	52,062
Equity-settled share-based	按權益結算以股份			
payment expenses	為基礎的付款	8(b)	1,275	2,522
Gain from deemed disposal of	視作出售可供出售金融			
available-for-sale financial assets	資產之收益		-	(19,584)
Gain from deemed disposal of	視作出售於聯營公司			
interest in an associate	權益之收益	10	(21,974)	_
Bargain purchase gain	來自業務合併			
on business combination	的議價購入收益	10	(28,057)	(15,563)
Bargain purchase gain	收購聯營公司之議價			
on acquisition of an associate	購入收益	10	(26,880)	-
Share of (profit)/loss of associate	分佔聯營公司			
	(溢利)/虧損	19	(23,419)	1,922
Net gain on derivatives	衍生工具收益淨額	23	(3,764)	(5,423)
Changes in working capital:	營運資金變動:			
Change in inventories	存貨變動		179,700	(169,181)
Change in trade and	應收貿易賬款及應收			
other receivables	其他賬款變動		(1,404,915)	(477,324)
Change in trade and	應付貿易賬款及應付			
other payables	其他賬款變動		1,609,819	389,726
Cash generated from operations	經營活動產生的現金		1,255,075	352,324

LOANS AND BORROWINGS

28 貸款及借貸

A				The Group		
Current P期			本集團			
Current 即期 Secured bank loans and bank advances 有抵押銀行貸款 (i) 934,865 2,660,646 Bank advances under discounted bills receivable current portion of non-current secured bank loans 銀行墊款 (ii) 630,408 143,987 Non-current Secured bank loans 非即期 Non-current Secured bank loans 非即期 Non-current Secured bank loans 有抵押銀行貸款 (ii) 1,782,778 735,321				2011	2010	
Current即期Secured bank loans and bank advances有抵押銀行貸款 				二零一一年	二零一零年	
Current 即期 Secured bank loans and bank advances 有抵押銀行貸款 Bank advances under discounted bills receivable 財現應收票據下的 銀行墊款 - 70,057 Current portion of non-current secured bank loans 貸款的即期部分 (ii) 630,408 143,987 Non-current Secured bank loans 非即期 Secured bank loans 有抵押銀行貸款 (ii) 1,782,778 735,321			Note	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Secured bank loans and bank advances 有抵押銀行貸款 (i) 934,865 2,660,646 Bank advances under discounted bills receivable 貼現應收票據下的 銀行墊款 - 70,057 Current portion of non-current secured bank loans 貸款的即期部分 (ii) 630,408 143,987 Non-current Secured bank loans 非即期 Secured bank loans 有抵押銀行貸款 (ii) 1,782,778 735,321			附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
advances 及銀行墊款 (i) 934,865 2,660,646 Bank advances under 貼現應收票據下的 - 70,057 Current portion of non-current secured bank loans 非即期有抵押銀行 (ii) 630,408 143,987 Non-current Secured bank loans 非即期 (ii) 1,565,273 2,874,690 Non-current Secured bank loans 有抵押銀行貸款 (ii) 1,782,778 735,321	Current	即期				
Bank advances under discounted bills receivable 銀行墊款 - 70,057 Current portion of non-current secured bank loans 貸款的即期部分 (ii) 630,408 143,987 Non-current 非即期 Secured bank loans 有抵押銀行貸款 (ii) 1,782,778 735,321	Secured bank loans and bank	有抵押銀行貸款				
discounted bills receivable 銀行墊款 - 70,057 Current portion of non-current secured bank loans 非即期有抵押銀行 (ii) 630,408 143,987 1,565,273 2,874,690 Non-current Secured bank loans 非即期 Secured bank loans 有抵押銀行貸款 (ii) 1,782,778 735,321	advances	及銀行墊款	(i)	934,865	2,660,646	
Current portion of non-current secured bank loans 非即期有抵押銀行 貸款的即期部分 (ii) 630,408 143,987 Non-current Secured bank loans 非即期 Secured bank loans 有抵押銀行貸款 (ii) 1,782,778 735,321	Bank advances under	貼現應收票據下的				
Secured bank loans 貸款的即期部分 (ii) 630,408 143,987 1,565,273 2,874,690 Non-current 非即期 Secured bank loans 有抵押銀行貸款 (ii) 1,782,778 735,321	discounted bills receivable	銀行墊款		-	70,057	
Non-current 非即期 Secured bank loans 有抵押銀行貸款 (ii) 1,782,778 735,321	Current portion of non-current	非即期有抵押銀行				
Non-current 非即期 Secured bank loans 有抵押銀行貸款 (ii) 1,782,778 735,321	secured bank loans	貸款的即期部分	(ii)	630,408	143,987	
Secured bank loans 有抵押銀行貸款 (ii) 1,782,778 735,321				1,565,273	2,874,690	
<u>ii</u> -	Non-current	非即期				
3,348,051 3,610,011	Secured bank loans	有抵押銀行貸款	(ii)	1,782,778	735,321	
				3,348,051	3,610,011	

Current bank loans and bank advances bear interest (i) at rates ranging from 3.47% to 11.50% (2010: 1.05% to 6.13%) per annum. Current secured bank loans and bank advances were secured by the following assets:

即期銀行貸款及銀行墊款按介乎 (i) 3.47%至11.50%(二零一零年: 1.05%至6.13%)的年利率計息。 即期有抵押銀行貸款及銀行墊款 乃以如下資產作為抵押:

2011

二零一一年

RMB'000

人民幣千元

2010

二零一零年

人民幣千元

RMB'000

		XXXIII 70) (C
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	525,456	779,689
Inventories	存貨	425,968	160,267
Trade and bills receivable	應收貿易賬款及應收票據	-	195,468
Pledged deposits	已抵押存款	202,750	951,807

RMB100,000,000 (2010: RMB259,991,000) of the current secured bank loans and bank advances were guaranteed by a related party (see Note 37(b)) in addition to being secured by the above assets.

除獲上述資產抵押外,人民幣 100,000,000元(二零一零年: 人民幣259,991,000元)的即期 有抵押銀行貸款及銀行墊款獲 一名關連方(參閱附註37(b))擔 保。

LOANS AND BORROWINGS (continued)

(i) (continued)

Unutilised bank facilities secured by pledged deposits for the Group was nil as at 31 December 2011 (2010: RMB506,062,000).

Non-current secured bank loans as at 31 December 2011 were pledged by property, plant and equipment with carrying amounts of RMB1,067,451,000 (2010: RMB235,026,000), coal mining rights with carrying amounts of RMB3,282,384,000 (2010: Nil), the Group's equity interest in Huameiao Energy, Xingtao Coal and Chongsheng Coal, and guaranteed by a related party (see Note 37(b)) and a subsidiary owned by Huiyong Jinyuan, one of the Huameiao Energy Vendors.

Non-current secured bank loans as at 31 December 2011 bear the following variable interest rates:

貸款及借貸(續)

(i) (續)

於二零一一年十二月三十一 日,本集團已抵押存款所擔 保的未動用銀行信貸為人民 幣零元(二零一零年:人民幣 506,062,000元)。

於二零一一年十二月三十一 (ii) 日,非即期有抵押銀行貸 款已以賬面值為人民幣 1,067,451,000元(二零一零 年:人民幣235.026.000元)的 物業、廠房及設備、賬面值為 人民幣3,282,384,000元(二零 一零年:無)的煤炭採礦權、 本集團於華美奧能源、興陶煤 業及崇升煤業的股本權益作為 抵押,並由關連方(參閱附註 37(b))及華美奧能源賣方之一匯 永金源擁有之一間附屬公司擔 保。

> 於二零一一年十二月三十一 日,非即期有抵押銀行貸款均 按下列浮動利率計息:

28 LOANS AND BORROWINGS (continued)

28 貸款及借貸(續)

(ii) (continued) (ii) *(續)*

				2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2010 二零一零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
(1) (2)	LIBOR plus 1% 10% discount on the per annum interest rate quoted by the People's Bank of China in respect of three-year borrowings ("3-year interest	(1) (2)	倫敦銀行同業拆息加1% 中國人民銀行所報三年期 借貸年利率(「中國人民銀行 三年期借貸利率」) 下浮10%	24,962	84,308
(3)	rate of PBOC") 30% premium on the per annum interest rate quoted by the People's Bank of China in respect of five-year borrowings ("5-year interest	(3)	中國人民銀行所報五年期借貸年利率(「中國人民銀行五年期借貸利率」)上浮30%	145,000	145,000
	rate of PBOC")			700,000	650,000
(4) (5)	USD best lending rate plus 1.5% 20% premium on the	(4) (5)	美國最佳借貸利率加1.5% 中國人民銀行五年期	204,464	-
(6)	5-year interest rate of PBOC 5% premium on the per annum interest rate quoted by the People's Bank of China with	(6)	借貸年利率上浮20% 中國人民銀行所報年期 五年以上長期年利率 上浮5%	500,000	-
(7)	terms longer than five years 5-year interest rate of PBOC	(7)	中國人民銀行五年期	98,760	-
(0)	150/	(0)	借貸利率	540,000	_
(8)	15% premium on the 3-year interest rate of PBOC	(8)	中國人民銀行三年期 借貸利率上浮15%	200,000	_
				2,413,186	879,308

LOANS AND BORROWINGS (continued)

The Group's non-current bank loans were repayable as follows:

Within 1 year 一年內 Over 1 year but within 2 years 一年以上但不超過兩年 Over 2 years but within 5 years 兩年以上但不超過五年 Over 5 years 五年以上

貸款及借貸(續)

本集團的非即期銀行貸款按下列期限 償還:

2010

2011

一奏一一年	_参一参午
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
630,408	143,987
590,446	240.321
991,338	495.000
200,994	
1,782,778	735,321
2,413,186	879,308

EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme (a)

Pursuant to the sole shareholder's written resolutions passed on 12 June 2009, the Company adopted a Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme (the "Pre-IPO Option") whereby an executive director and 25 employees of the Group were granted the rights to subscribe for shares of the Company.

The total number of shares which may be issued upon the exercise of all options granted under the Pre-IPO Option is 8,400,000 shares which were granted on 12 June 2009 with the subscription price of HKD2.52 per share.

Each option granted under the Pre-IPO Option has a vesting period of one to three years commencing from the Listing Date and the options are exercisable for a period of 10 years. The Company has no legal or constructive obligation to repurchase or settle the option in cash.

按權益結算以股份為基礎的付款

首次公開發售前購股權計劃 (a)

根據唯一股東於二零零九年六 月十二日通過的書面決議案, 本公司採納首次公開發售前購 股權計劃(「首次公開發售前購 股權計劃」),據此,本集團1名 執行董事及25名僱員獲授予認 購本公司股份的權利。

根據首次公開發售前購股權授 出的購股權悉數獲行使時可予 發行的股份總數為8,400,000 股,授出於二零零九年六月 十二日作實,認購價為每股 2.52港元。

每份根據首次公開發售前購股 權而授出的購股權歸屬期為一 至三年上市日期起計及購股權 可於十年期間內行使。本公司 並無法定或推定責任, 以現金 購回或償付購股權。

EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

(continued)

- (a) Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme (continued)
 - The terms and conditions of the grants are as (i) follows:
- 29 按權益結算以股份為基礎的付款 (續)
 - 首次公開發售前購股權計劃 (a) (續)
 - (i) 已授購股權的條款及條件 如下:

	Number of options 購股權數目	Vesting conditions 歸屬條件	Contractual life of options 購股權的 合約期限
Options granted to a director	600,000	30% on both of the first and second anniversary of the Listing Date, 40% on the third anniversary of the Listing Date 上市日期後第一週年及第二週年均為30%,上市日期後第三週年為40%	10 years 10年
Options granted to employees	7,800,000	30% on both of the first and second anniversary of the Listing Date, 40% on the third anniversary of the Listing Date 上市日期後第一週年及第二週年均為30%,上市日期後第三週年為40%	10 years 10年
Total share options 購股權合計	8,400,000		

EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

(continued)

- Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme (continued) (a)
 - The number and weighted average exercise prices of share options are as follows:
- 29 按權益結算以股份為基礎的付款 (續)
 - 首次公開發售前購股權計劃 (a) (續)
 - 購股權的數目及加權平均 (ii) 行使價如下:

		_	011 年		010 一零年
		Exercise	Number of	Exercise	Number of
		price	options	price	options
		行使價	購股權數目	行使價	購股權數目
		HKD	'000 shares	HKD	'000 shares
		港元	千份	港元	千份
Outstanding at the	年初尚未行使				
beginning of the year		2.52	8,000	2.52	8,200
Forfeited during the year					
before bonus issue	年內沒收	2.52	140	2.52	200
Exercised during the year	年內行使	2.52	60	2.52	-
Adjustment arising	因紅利發行而				
from bonus issue	作出的調整				
(Note 33(e))	(參閱附註33(e))	-	7,800	-	-
Forfeited during the	紅利發行後於				
year after bonus issue	年內沒收	1.26	400	-	_
Outstanding at the	年終尚未行使				
end of the year		1.26	15,200	2.52	8,000
Exercisable at the	年終可予行使				
end of the year		1.26	9,120	2.52	2,400

During the year 2011, 60,000 share options (2010: Nil) under the Pre-IPO Option were exercised for the same number of shares at an exercise price of HKD2.52 per share.

於二零一一年,首次 公開發售前購股權計 劃 之60,000份 購 股 權 (二零一零年:無)按每 股2.52港 元 之 行 使 價 獲行使,以換取同等數目 之股份。

29 EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

(continued)

- (a) Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme (continued)
 - (ii) The number and weighted average exercise prices of share options are as follows: *(continued)*

As a result of the bonus issue of one share for every one existing share held by the shareholders whose names are on the register of members on 10 October 2011 (see Note 33(e)), the exercise price of the share options was adjusted from HKD2.52 to HKD1.26, and the number of the outstanding share options was adjusted from 7,800,000 to 15,600,000 thereupon.

The share options outstanding at 31 December 2011 had a weighted average remaining contractual life of 7.5 years (2010: 8.5 years).

(iii) Fair value of share options and assumptions

The fair value of service received in return for share options granted is measured by reference to the fair value of share options granted. The estimate of the fair value of the share options granted is measured based on the Binomial Model. The contractual life of the share options is used as an input into this model. Expectations of early exercise are incorporated into the Binomial Model.

29 按權益結算以股份為基礎的付款

- (a) 首次公開發售前購股權計劃 (續)
 - (ii) 購股權的數目及加權平均 行使價如下:(續)

由於按於二零一一年十月 十日名列股東名冊的股東 每持有一股現有股份獲發 一股紅股進行發行紅股 (參閱附註33(e)),購股權 行使價由2.52港元調整為 1.26港元,而尚未行使購 股權數目由7,800,000份 調整為15,600,000份。

於二零一一年十二月三十一日,尚未行使購股權的加權平均剩餘合約期限為7.5年(二零一零年:8.5年)。

(iii) 購股權的公允值及假設

授出購股權而收取的服務 公允值,乃參照已獲完 購股權的公允值計量。已 授出購股權估計公允值根 據二項式模型為基準計 量。購股權的合約期限 本模式所用的計算資料。 提前行使的預期已納入二 項式模型。

EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

(continued)

- Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme (continued) (a)
 - Fair value of share options and assumptions (continued)
- 按權益結算以股份為基礎的付款 (續)
 - 首次公開發售前購股權計劃 (a) (續)
 - 購股權的公允值及假設 (iii) (續)

Granted in June 2009 二零零九年六月已授出

於授出日期的公允值 Fair value at grant date HKD7,650,000港元 Share price 股價 HKD2.52港元 Exercise price 行使價 HKD2.52港元 Expected volatility 預期波幅 56% Expected option life 預期購股權期限 10 years年 Expected dividend yield rate 預期股息收益率 1.50% Risk-free interest rate 無風險利率 3.029%

The expected volatility and expected dividend yield rate are based on the average volatilities and dividend yield rates in the similar industry. Changes in the subjective input assumptions could materially affect the fair value estimate.

預期波動及預期股息收益 率乃基於類似行業平均波 動及股息收益率進行計 量。客觀數據假設變動會 重大影響公允值估計。

29 EQUITY-SETTLED SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

(continued)

(b) Share Option Scheme

The Company has also adopted a Share Option Scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") pursuant to the sole shareholder's written resolutions passed on 12 June 2009.

The maximum number of shares that may be issued upon exercise of all options which then has been granted and have yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company shall not, in the absence of the shareholders' approval, in aggregate exceed 30% of the shares in issue from time to time. Unless approved by the shareholders, no option may be granted to any person which if exercised in full would result in the total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the share options already granted or to be granted to such person (including exercised, cancelled, and outstanding share option) in the 12-month period up to and including the date of such new grant exceeding 1% of the total number of shares in issue as at the date of such new grant.

An option under the Share Option Scheme may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme at any time during a period as determined by the board of directors of the Company, which must not be more than 10 years from the date of the grant.

No share option has been granted under the Share Option Scheme during the year (2010: Nil).

29 按權益結算以股份為基礎的付款

(b) 購股權計劃

根據唯一股東於二零零九年六 月十二日通過的書面決議案, 本公司亦採納一項購股權計劃 (「購股權計劃」)。

購股權可根據購股權計劃條款 於本公司董事會釐定的期間內 隨時行使,而有關期間自授出 日期起計不得超過10年。

本公司並無根據購股權計劃在 本年度內授出購股權(二零一零 年:無)。

TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLE

Credit terms granted to the Group by its suppliers range from 0 to 30 days. An ageing analysis of trade and bill payables of the Group is as follows:

30 應付貿易賬款及應付票據

本集團供應商授予本集團的信貸期介 乎0至30日不等。本集團應付貿易賬 款及應付票據的賬齡分析如下:

		The G	iroup
		本第	基
		2011	2010
		二零一一年	二零一零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Within 1 month	一個月內	1,125,185	428,772
Over 1 month but within 3 months	一個月以上但不超過三個月	688,172	29,638
Over 3 months but within 6 months	三個月以上但不超過六個月	198,932	18,737
		2,012,289	477,147

31 OTHER PAYABLES

31 其他應付款項

		The Group		The Company		
		本	集團	本	公司	
		2011	2010	2011	2010	
		二零一一年	二零一零年	二零一一年	二零一零年	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
O	即期					
Current Other tayes payable		055.060	120.061			
Other taxes payable	其他應付税項	255,262	139,961	_	_	
Receipts in advance	預收款項	53,642	61,217	_	_	
Accrued expenses	應計開支	120,427	59,151	-	-	
Construction cost payables	應付建築成本	500,364	_	-	-	
Factoring payable	保理業務的應付款					
(see Note (i))	(參閱附註(i))	334,388	-	-	-	
Deposits received	已收按金	200,000	_	-	_	
Payable to former owners	應付興陶煤業及					
of Xingtao Coal and	崇升煤業前擁有	人				
Chongsheng Coal	的款項	75,000	_	-	-	
Coal mine administrative charges	煤礦行政開支	73,422	_	-	_	
Employee benefits	僱員福利	53,449	_	-	-	
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司					
	之款項	_	_	530,224	383,119	
Other miscellaneous payables	其他雜項應付款項	71,604	41,024	24	2,195	
		1,737,558	301,353	530,248	385,314	
Non-current	非即期					
Purchase consideration payable	應付收購華美奧					
for the acquisition of 48%	能源的48%					
equity interest of Huameiao	權益之代價					
Energy (see Note(ii))	(參閱附註(ii))	1,232,000	_	_	_	
		2,969,558	301,353	530,248	385,314	

OTHER PAYABLES (continued)

- It mainly represents payments received from customers (i) when the related trade receivables were still being factored to banks.
- The amount will be settled no later than 30 June 2013 according to the Second Equity Agreement.

ACCRUED RECLAMATION OBLIGATIONS

The accrual for reclamation costs have been determined based on management's best estimates. However, so far as the effect on the land from current mining activities becomes apparent in future periods, the estimate of the associated costs may be subject to change in the near term. The Company's board of directors believes that the accrued reclamation obligations as at 31 December 2011 are adequate and appropriate. The accrual is necessarily based on estimates and therefore, the ultimate liability may exceed or be less than such estimates.

其他應付款項(續)

- 此主要指當相關貿易應收賬款 (i) 仍保理予銀行時收自客戶的款
- 該款項根據第二份股權協議於 (ii) 二零一三年六月三十日前結算。

預提復墾費用

預提復墾費用是根據管理層的合理估 計而釐定。然而,由於要在未來期間 才可以清楚知道目前所進行的開採活 動對土地造成的影響,相關費用可能 因未來出現的變化而受影響。本公 司董事會相信於二零一一年十二月 三十一日的預提復墾費用足夠且合 適。由於預提金額必須建立在估計的 基礎上,所以最終的負債可能會超過 或低於該等估計費用。

CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS

資本、儲備及股息

Movements in components of equity (a)

The reconciliation between the opening and closing balances of each component of the Group's consolidated equity is set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Details of the changes in the Company's individual components of equity between the beginning and the end of the year are set out below:

權益部分變動 (a)

本集團各部分綜合權益於期初 及期終的對賬載於綜合權益變 動表。本公司個別權益部分於 年初及年終的變動詳情載列如 下:

The Company

本公司

							Share-based		
							compensation		
			Share	Share	Contributed	Exchange	reserve	Accumulated	
			capital	premium	surplus	reserve	以股份為基礎	losses	Total
			股本	股份溢價	繳入盈餘	匯兑儲備	之酬金儲備	累計虧損	合計
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At 1 January 2010 Foreign currency	於二零一零年一月一日 外幣換算差額		91,474	494,633	658,719	(407)	2,090	(5,307)	1,241,202
translation differences Equity-settled	按權益結算以股份		-	-	-	(17,427)	-	-	(17,427)
share-based payments		33(c)(v)	-	-	-	-	2,522	-	2,522
Loss for the year	年內虧損	_	-	-	-	-	-	(6,909)	(6,909)
At 31 December 2010	於二零一零年十二月三十								
and 1 January 2011	及二零一一年一月一日		91,474	494,633	658,719	(17,834)	4,612	(12,216)	1,219,388
Share option exercised Foreign currency	行使購股權 外幣換算差額	33(b)(vi)/(c)(i)	5	162	-	-	(40)	-	127
translation differences			-	-	-	(27,022)	-	-	(27,022)
Capitalisation issue	資本化發行	33(b)(vii)	84,787	(84,787)	-	-	-	-	-
Equity-settled share-based payments	按權益結算以股份 為基礎的付款	33(c)(v)	_	_	_	_	1,275	_	1,275
Loss for the year	年內虧損	00(0)(.)	-	-	-	-	-	(10,309)	(10,309)
At 31 December 2011	於二零一一年十二月三十	-B <u></u>	176,266	410,008	658,719	(44,856)	5,847	(22,525)	1,183,459

CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (continued)

資本、儲備及股息(續)

Share capital (b)

股本 (b)

(i)

The Group and the Company

本集團及本公司

			2011		2010		
			二零	-年	二零一零	二零一零年	
			No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount	
			股數	金額	股數	金額	
		Note		RMB'000		RMB'000	
		附註		人民幣千元		人民幣千元	
Authorised	法定						
Ordinary shares of	每股面值						
HKD0.10 each	0.10港元						
	的普通股	(i)(iii)	20,000,000,000	1,763,000	20,000,000,000	1,763,000	
Ordinary shares,	普通股,發行						
issued and fully paid	及繳足						
At 1 January	於一月一日		1,037,500,000	91,474	1,037,500,000	91,474	
Share option exercised	行使購股權	(vi)	60,000	5	_	_	
Capitalisation issue	資本化發行	(vii)	1,037,560,000	84,787	-	-	
			2,075,120,000	176,266	1,037,500,000	91,474	

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman (i) Islands on 4 March 2008 with an authorised share capital of HKD380,000 divided into 3,800,000 shares of par value HKD0.10 each. On 4 March 2008, a share of the Company with par value of HKD0.10 was allotted, issued and fully paid to Codan Trust Company (Cayman) Limited as the initial subscriber, which was subsequently transferred by Codan Trust Company (Cayman) Limited to Mr. Xu on the same day. On 12 June 2009, Mr. Xu transferred this one share to Fortune Pearl International Limited ("Fortune Pearl", the ultimate holding company of the Group).

本公司於二零零八年三月 四日在開曼群島註冊成 立, 法定股本為380,000 港元,分為3,800,000股 每股面值0.10港元的 股份。於二零零八年三 月四日,本公司1股面 值 為0.10港 元 的 股 份 配發、發行及繳足予 Codan Trust Company (Cayman) Limited(作 為初步認購方), Codan Trust Company (Cayman) Limited 其後於同日將其 轉讓予徐先生。於二零 零九年六月十二日,徐 先生將其持有的一股股 份轉讓予Fortune Pearl International Limited (「Fortune Pearl」, 本集團 最終控股公司)。

33 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (continued)

(b) Share capital (continued)

- (ii) Pursuant to a reorganisation on 12 June 2009 (the "Reorganisation"), 999,999 shares credited as fully paid were allotted and issued to Fortune Pearl, in consideration for the acquisition by the Company of the entire equity interest of Qinfa Investment, an intermediate holding company of the Group.
- pursuant to a written resolution of the sole shareholder passed on 12 June 2009, the authorised share capital of the Company was increased from HKD380,000 to HKD2,000,000,000 by the creation of an additional 19,996,200,000 shares of HKD0.10 each.

Pursuant to a written resolution of the sole shareholder passed on 12 June 2009, 749,000,000 ordinary shares of HKD0.10 each in the Company were issued at par value on 3 July 2009 by way of capitalisation of HKD74,900,000 (equivalent to RMB66,039,000) from the share premium account upon the listing of the Company's shares on The Stock Exchange.

33 資本、儲備及股息(續)

(b) 股本(續)

- ii) 根據重組(「重組」),於 二零零九年六月十二日, 999,999股股份入賬列 為繳足,配發及發行予 Fortune Pearl,以本公司 收購秦發投資(本集團一 間中間控股公司)全部股 權為代價。
- (iii) 按本公司唯一股東於二零零九年六月十二日通過之書面決議案,本公司的法定股本由於增設19,996,200,000股每股面值0.10港元之新股份,由380,000港元增至2,000,000,000港元。

按本公司唯一股東於二零零九年六月十二日通過之書面決議案,透過將本公司股份於聯交所上市後股份溢價賬中74,900,000港元(相當於人民幣66,039,000元)撥作資本,本公司749,000,000股每股面值0.10港元的普通股於二零零九年七月三日按面值發行。

CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (continued)

(b) Share capital (continued)

- On 3 July 2009, 250,000,000 ordinary shares of HKD0.10 each were issued at a price of HKD2.52 per share under the Initial Public Offering and the International Placing. The proceeds of HKD25,000,000 (equivalent to RMB22,042,000) representing the par value, were credited to the Company's share capital. The remaining proceeds of HKD605,000,000 (equivalent to RMB533,429,000), before the issuing expenses, were credited to the share premium account.
- On 22 July 2009, the underwriters of the International Placing exercised the over-allotment option for the issuance of 37,500,000 ordinary shares of HKD0.10 each at HKD2.52 per share. The proceeds of HKD3,750,000 (equivalent to RMB3,305,000) representing the par value, were credited to the Company's share capital. The remaining proceeds of HKD90,750,000 (equivalent to RMB79,987,000), before the issuing expenses, were credited to the share premium account.

資本、儲備及股息(續)

股本(續) (b)

- (iv) 於二零零九年十月三日, 根據首次公開發售和國際 配售按每股2.52港元的 價格發行250,000,000股 每股面值0.10港元之普通 股。所得款項25,000,000 港元(相等於人民幣 22,042,000元)(指面值) 計入本公司之股本內。其 餘所得款項605,000,000 港元(相等於人民幣 533,429,000元),在扣除 發行開支之前,計入股份 溢價賬內。
- 於二零零九年七月二十二 (v) 日,國際配售的包銷商 行使超額配股權,以每 股2.52港元的價格發行 37,500,000股每股面值 0.10港元之普通股股份。 所得款項3,750,000港元 (相等於人民幣3,305,000 元)(指面值)計入本公司 之股本內。其餘所得款項 90,750,000港元(相等於 人民幣79,987,000元), 在扣除發行開支之前,計 入股份溢價賬內。

33 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (continued)

(b) Share capital (continued)

- vi) On 8 April 2011, 60,000 share options under the Pre-IPO Option were exercised for the same number of shares at an exercise price of HKD 2.52 per share (see Note 29(a)). All issued shares have been fully paid. The proceeds of HKD6,000 (equivalent to RMB5,000) representing the par value, were credited to the Company's share capital. The remaining proceeds of HKD145,000 (equivalent to RMB122,000) were credited to the share premium account.
- (vii) The extraordinary general meeting held on 30 September 2011 approved the bonus issue of one share for every one existing share held by the shareholders whose names are on the register of members on 10 October 2011. As a result, the issued share capital of the Company increased from HKD103,756,000 (equivalent to RMB91,479,000) to HKD207,512,000 (equivalent to RMB176,266,000) through capitalisation of share premium of HKD103,756,000 (equivalent to RMB84,787,000).

33 資本、儲備及股息(續)

(b) 股本(續)

- (vi) 於二零一一年四月八日, 首次公開發售前購股權項 下60,000份購股權按每 股2.52港元行使價獲行使,以換取相同數目之股份(參閱附註29(a))。所有 已發行股份已繳足股款。 6,000港元(相等於人民幣5,000元)所得款項指面值,並已計入本公司的股本。145,000港元(相等於人民幣122,000元)的餘下所得款項計入股份溢價賬。
- (vii) 於二零一一年九月三十日舉行的股東特別大會已批准按於二零一一年十月十日名列股東名冊之股東每持有一股現有股份獲發行一股紅股進行發行紅股。因此,透過資本化股份溢價103,756,000港元(相等於人民幣84,787,000元),本公司之已發行股本由103,756,000港元(相等於人民幣91,479,000元)增加至207,512,000港元(相等於人民幣176,266,000元)。

CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (continued)

資本、儲備及股息(續)

(C) Reserves

儲備 (c)

(i) Share premium

(i) 股份溢價

Pursuant to a written resolution of the sole shareholder passed on 12 June 2009, 749,000,000 ordinary shares of HKD0.10 each in the Company were issued at par value on 3 July 2009 by way of capitalisation of HKD74,900,000 (equivalent to RMB66,039,000) from the share premium account upon the listing of the Company's shares on The Stock Exchange.

按本公司唯一股東於二零 零九年六月十二日通過之 書面決議案,透過將本公 司股份於聯交所上市後 股份溢價中74,900,000 港元(相當於人民幣 66,039,000元)撥作資 本,本公司749,000,000 股每股面值0.10港元的普 通股於二零零九年七月三 日按面值發行。

250,000,000 ordinary shares of HKD0.10 each in the Company were issued at HKD2.52 per share under the Initial Public Offering on 3 July 2009. The excess of the proceeds totalling HKD605,000,000 (equivalent to RMB533,429,000) over the nominal value of the total number of ordinary shares issued, less certain listing costs of HKD49,562,000 (equivalent to RMB43,699,000) incurred in connection with the issue of the share capital, amounting to HKD555,438,000 (equivalent to RMB489,730,000), were credited to the share premium account.

於二零零九年七月三日, 本公司根據首次公開發 售按每股2.52港元的價 格 發 行250,000,000股 每股面值0.10港元之 普通股。所得款項合計 605,000,000港元(相等於 人民幣533,429,000元) 較已發行普通股總數目之 面值超出的金額,扣減就 股本發行產生之若干上市 成本49,562,000港元(相 等於人民幣43,699,000 元)後,達555,438,000 港元(相等於人民幣 489,730,000元),計入股 份溢價內。

33 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (continued)

(c) Reserves (continued)

(i) Share premium (continued)

An additional 37,500,000 ordinary shares of HKD0.10 each in the Company were issued at HKD2.52 per share on 22 July 2009 pursuant to the over-allotment option related to the International Placing. The excess of the proceeds totalling HKD90,750,000 (equivalent to RMB79,987,000) over the nominal value of the total number of ordinary shares issued, less certain listing costs of HKD10,259,000 (equivalent to RMB9,045,000) incurred in connection with the issue of share capital, amounting to HKD80,491,000 (equivalent to RMB70,942,000), were credited to the share premium account.

60,000 shares of HKD0.10 each in the Company were issued at HKD2.52 per share as a result of the exercise of vested options arising from the Pre-IPO Option (see note 29(a)). The excess of the proceeds totalling HKD145,000 (equivalent to RMB122,000) was credited to the share premium of the Company. HKD48,000 (equivalent to RMB40,000) has been transferred from the share-based compensation reserve to the share premium account in accordance with the accounting policy set out in note 2(k)(iii).

33 資本、儲備及股息(續)

(c) 儲備(續)

(i) 股份溢價(續)

於二零零九年七月二十二 日,根據國際配售相關 之超額配股權,以每股 2.52港元的價格額外發 行37,500,000股每股面 值0.10港元之普通股。 所得款項合計90,750,000 港元(相等於人民幣 79.987.000元) 較已發行 普诵股總數目之面值超出 的金額,扣減就股本發 行產生之若干上市成本 10,259,000港元(相等於 人民幣9,045,000元)後, 達80,491,000港元(相等 於人民幣70,942,000元), 計入股份溢價內。

由於首次公開發售前購股權產生的已歸屬購股權獲行使,本公司發行60,000股每股面值0.10港元的股份(參閱附註29(a))。額外所得款項合計145,000港元(相等於人民幣122,000元)計入本公司股份溢價內。48,000港元(相等於人民幣40,000元)已根財註2(k)(iii)載列的會計數策由以股份為基礎之酬數數策由以股份為基礎之價限內。

CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (continued)

(C) Reserves (continued)

Merger reserve

Merger reserve represents the difference between the aggregate amount of paid-in capital of the subsidiaries of the Company and the amount of share capital of the Company transferred and issued to Fortune Pearl in exchange for the entire equity interests in all members of the Group as part of the Reorganisation.

(iii) Reserves

Statutory surplus reserve

Statutory surplus reserve was established in accordance with the relevant PRC rules and regulations and the articles of association of the companies comprising the Group which are established in the PRC.

Statutory surplus reserves can be used to make good losses, if any, and may be converted into capital in proportion to the existing equity interests of investors, provided that the balance after such conversion is not less than 25% of the registered capital.

資本、儲備及股息(續)

儲備(續) (c)

(ii) 合併儲備

合併儲備指本公司的附屬 公司的實繳資本總額與作 為重組的一部分,為交換 本集團所有成員公司之全 部股權而向Fortune Pearl 轉讓及發行的本公司的股 本之間的差額。

(iii) 儲備

法定盈餘

法定盈餘儲備乃根據相關 中國規則及法規以及現時 組成本集團並在中國註冊 成立的各公司的組織章程 建立。

法定盈餘儲備可用於彌補 損失(如有),並可能按投 資者的現有股權比例轉換 成資本,惟有關轉換後的 結餘不得低於註冊資本的 25% °

33 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (continued)

(c) Reserves (continued)

(iii) Reserves (continued)

Specific reserve – maintenance and production funds

Pursuant to the relevant PRC regulations for coal mining companies, provision for production maintenance, production safety and other related expenditures are accrued by the Group at fixed rated based on coal production volume.

Discretionary surplus reserve

The appropriation to the discretionary surplus reserve is subject to the shareholders' approval. The utilisation of the reserve is similar to that of the statutory surplus reserve.

The directors have not proposed any appropriation to the discretionary surplus reserve in 2011 and 2010.

(iv) Exchange reserve

The exchange reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in Note 2(d).

33 資本、儲備及股息(續)

(c) 儲備(續)

(iii) 儲備(*續*)

專項儲備一維護及生產資金

根據中國對煤炭企業的有關規定,維護費、生產安全費和其他相關費用需根據煤炭產量定額計提。

任意公積金

分配至任意公積金須經股 東批准。此項公積金按與 法定盈餘公積金相類似之 方動用。

於二零一一年及二零一零 年,董事並無建議向任意 公積金撥款。

(iv) 匯兑儲備

匯兑儲備包括換算海外業務的財務報表而產生的全部外匯差額。該儲備根據附註2(d)所載的會計政策處理。

CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (continued)

(C) Reserves (continued)

Share-based compensation reserve

Share-based compensation reserve represents the value of employee services in respect of share options granted under the Pre-IPO Option as set out in Note 29(a).

Distributability of reserves (vi)

The application of the share premium account is governed by the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands. Under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the funds in share premium account are distributable to shareholders of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

The aggregate amount of distributable reserves of the Company as at 31 December 2011 was RMB387,483,000 (2010: RMB482,417,000)

(d) Capital management

The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, by pricing products and services commensurately with the level of risk and by securing access to finance at a reasonable cost.

資本、儲備及股息(續)

(c) 儲備(續)

以股份為基礎之酬金儲備 (v)

以股份為基礎之酬金儲備 指根據附註29(a)所載的首 次公開發售前購股權計劃 授出的購股權有關的僱員 服務價值。

(vi) 儲備分派

股份溢價賬之應用受開曼 群島公司法管轄。根據開 曼群島公司法,股份溢價 賬之資金可分派予公司股 東,惟緊隨建議分派股息 之日後,本公司須有能力 於日常業務過程中清償到 期債務。

於二零一一年十二月 三十一日,本公司可供 分派儲備總額為人民幣 387,483,000元(二零一零 年: 人民幣482,417,000 元)。

資本管理 (d)

本集團管理資本之首要目標乃 保障本集團能夠繼續根據持續 經營基準經營,以便透過與風 險水平相應之產品及服務定價 以及獲得合理成本之融資,繼 續為股東創造回報及為其他權 益持有人帶來利益。

33 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (continued)

(d) Capital management (continued)

The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to maintain a balance between the higher shareholder returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position, and makes adjustments to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions.

Consistent with industry practice, the Group monitors its capital structure on the basis of debt to equity ratio. For this purpose, the Group defines debt as total loans and borrowings, and equity as total equity attributable to equity shareholders of the Company.

The debt to equity ratio as at 31 December 2011 and 2010 was as follows:

Debt to equity ratio

債務對權益比率

(e) Dividends

- (i) No final dividend is proposed for the year ended 31 December 2011 (2010: Nil).
- (ii) On 26 August 2011, the directors proposed a bonus issue of one share for every one existing share held by the shareholders whose names are on the register of members on 10 October 2011. The extraordinary general meeting held on 30 September 2011 approved the bonus issue.

33 資本、儲備及股息(續)

(d) 資本管理(續)

本集團積極及定期對資本架構 進行檢討及管理,以在較高股 東回報情況下可能伴隨之較高 借貸水平與良好資本狀況帶來 之好處及保障之間取得平衡, 並因應經濟狀況之變化對資本 架構作出調整。

和業界慣例一樣,本集團以債 務對權益比率為基準監察其資 本架構。為此本集團將債務界 定為貸款及借貸總額,而將權 益界定為本公司權益持有人應 佔權益總額。

於二零一一年及二零一零年 十二月三十一日的債務對權益 比率如下:

 2011
 2010

 二零一年
 二零一零年

 149%
 210%

(e) 股息

- (i) 並無建議分派截至二零 一一年十二月三十一日止 年度之未期股息(二零一 零年:無)
- (ii) 於二零一一年八月二十六 日,董事建議按於二零 一一年十月十日名列股東 名冊之股東每持有一股現 有股份獲配發一股紅股進 行發行紅股。於二零一一 年九月三十日舉行的股東 特別大會上已批准發行紅 股。

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES

Exposure to credit risk, liquidity risk, interest risk and currency risk arises in the normal course of the Group's businesses. The Group's exposure to these risks and the financial risk management policies and practices used by the Group to manage these risks are described below.

Credit risk (a)

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to trade and bills receivable.

Management has a credit policy in place and the exposure to credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis. Credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount.

At the reporting date, the Group had no significant concentration of credit risk with any of its customers. The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the consolidated statement of financial position. The Group does not provide any guarantee which would expose the Group to credit risk.

Liquidity risk (b)

Individual operating entities within the Group are responsible for their own cash management, but the borrowings are subject to approval by the parent company's management. The Group's policy is to regularly monitor its liquidity requirements and its compliance with any lending covenants, to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

金融風險管理及公允值

本集團會在正常業務過程中出現信 貸、流動資金、利率及貨幣風險。本 集團乃诱過財務管理政策及慣例,對 這些風險推行管埋,本集團面臨風險 如下。

信貸風險 (a)

本集團之信貸風險主要來自應 收貿易賬款及應收票據。

管理層已實施信貸政策,並按 持續經營基準監察信貸風險。 本集團對所有要求超過某一特 定信貸金額的客戶進行信貸評 估。

於報告日期,本集團與其任何 客戶並無任何重大集中信貸風 險。最高信貸風險透過各金融 資產之賬面值於綜合財務狀況 表內呈列。本集團就本集團之 信貸風險並無提供任何擔保。

流動資金風險 (b)

本集團內個別營運實體須自行 負責現金管理,但借貸須取得 母公司管理層批准。本集團之 政策為定期監察其流動資金需 求及其遵守任何放款契諾之情 況,以確保其維持足夠現金儲 備及來自主要金融機構之適度 承諾資金額度,以應付其長短 期之流動資金需求。

34 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES

34 金融風險管理及公允值(續)

(continued)

(b) Liquidity risk (continued)

The following tables show the remaining contractual maturities at the reporting date of the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on rates current at the reporting date) and the earliest date the Group can be required to pay:

(b) 流動資金風險(續)

下表詳列本集團之非衍生金融負債於報告日之剩餘合約到期日,有關到期日乃按合約未折現現金流量(包括使用合約利率計算之利息付款,或倘為浮息,則按報告日當時之利率計算)以及本集團可能須付款之最早日期計算:

Year ended 31 December 2011

截至二零一一	年十	-	∄Ξ-	├─∄⊥	L年	度
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			Total	Within one	More than one	
			undiscounted	year or	year and less	
		Carrying	cash flow	on demand	than five years	More than
		amount	未貼現	一年內或	一年後	five years
		賬面值	現金流總額	按要求	但五年內	五年以上
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Current	流動					
Loans and borrowings	貸款及借貸	1,565,273	1,746,694	1,746,694	-	-
Trade and bills payable	應付貿易賬款及應付票據	2,012,289	2,015,159	2,015,159	-	-
Other payables	其他應付款項	1,737,558	1,737,558	1,737,558	-	
		5,315,120	5,499,411	5,499,411	-	-
Non-current	非流動					
Loans and borrowings	貸款及借貸	1,782,778	2,104,181	-	1,820,106	284,075
Other payables	其他應付款項	1,232,000	1,232,000	-	1,232,000	
		3,014,778	3,336,181	-	3,052,106	284,075
		8,329,898	8,835,592	5,499,411	3,052,106	284,075

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES 34 金融風險管理及公允值(續) (continued)

(b) Liquidity risk (continued)

(b) 流動資金風險(續)

Year ended 31 December 2010

than one and less ive years 一年後
ive years 一年後
一年後
旦五年內
RMB'000
民幣千元
-
-
-
-
867,804
867,804

34 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES

(continued)

(c) Interest rate risk

The Group's interest rate risk arises primarily from loans and borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates and at fixed rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk and fair value interest rate risk respectively. The Group's interest rate profile as monitored by management is set out in (i) below:

(i) Interest rate profile

The following table details the interest rate profile of the Group's loans and borrowings at the reporting date:

34 金融風險管理及公允值(續)

(c) 利率風險

本集團之利率風險主要來自貸款及借貸。按可變利率及固定利率借入之借貸使本集團分別承受現金流量利率風險及公允值利率風險。管理層監控之本集團利率概況載列於下文(j):

(i) 利率概況

The Group

下表詳列本集團之貸款及借款於報告日之利率概況:

		本集團			
		2	011	20)10
		二零	年	_零-	一零年
\		Effective		Effective	
		interest rate		interest rate	
		per annum	Carrying value	per annum	Carrying value
		實際年利率	賬面值	實際年利率	賬面值
			RMB'000		RMB'000
			人民幣千元		人民幣千元
Fixed rate borrowings:	固定利率借貸:				
Bank loans	銀行貸款	3.47%-11.5%	934,865	1.17%-6.13%	2,492,313
Less: pledged deposits	減:已抵押存款	0.5%-3.5%	(535,745)	0.36%-2.5%	(951,807)
			399,120		1,540,506
Variable rate borrowings:	可變利率借貸:				
Bank loans	銀行貸款	1.19%-8.98%	2,413,186	1.05%-7.75%	1,117,798
			2,413,186		1,117,798
Total net borrowings	借貸淨額		2,812,306		2,658,304
Net fixed rate borrowings as a percentage of total	固定利率借貸淨額 佔總借貸淨額				
net borrowings	的百分比		14.19%		57.95%

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (continued)

Interest rate risk (continued) (C)

(ii) Sensitivity analysis

It is estimated that a general increase/decrease of 100 basis points in the interest rates of variable rate borrowings prevailing at the reporting date, with all other variables held constant, would decrease/increase the Group's profit after tax and retained profits by approximately RMB14,790,000 for the year ended 31 December 2011 (2010: RMB3,024,000).

The sensitivity analysis above indicates the instantaneous change in the Group's profit after tax and consolidated equity that would arise assuming that the change in interest rates had occurred at the reporting date and had been applied to re-measure those floating rate nonderivative instruments held by the Group which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk at the reporting date. The impact on the Group's profit after tax and consolidated equity is estimated as an annualised impact on interest expense of such a change in interest rates. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2010.

金融風險管理及公允值(續)

利率風險(續) (c)

敏感度分析 (ii)

假設所有其他變數保持不 變,於報告日可變利率借 貸的利率整體上升/下 降100個基點估計會導 致本集團截至二零一一 年十二月三十一日止年 度之除税後溢利及保留 溢利減少/增加約人民 幣 14,790,000 元 (二零一 零年: 人民幣3,024,000 元)。

上述敏感度分析指本集團 之除税後溢利與綜合權益 可能產生之即時變動。敏 感度分析假設利率變動於 報告日已經發生,並已用 於重新計量本集團所持有 並於報告日使本集團面臨 利率風險非衍生金融工 具。本集團之除税後溢利 與綜合權益之影響是以因 利率變動對利息支出的年 度化影響作出估計。該分 析乃採取與二零一零年相 同基準進行。

34 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES

(continued)

(d) Foreign currency risk

RMB is not freely convertible into foreign currencies. All foreign exchange transactions involving RMB must take place through the People's Bank of China or other institutions authorised to buy and sell foreign exchange. The exchange rate adopted for the foreign exchange transactions are the rates of exchange quoted by the People's Bank of China that are determined largely by supply and demand. The Group is exposed to foreign currency risk primarily through purchases and borrowings that are denominated in USD, while all the other operations of the Group are mainly transacted in RMB. Changes in exchange rate affect the RMB value of purchase costs of commodities that are denominated in foreign currencies.

The following table demonstrates the Group's exposure at the reporting date to currency risk arising from recognised assets or liabilities denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the entity to which they relate.

34 金融風險管理及公允值(續)

(d) 外幣風險

下表顯示本集團於報告日因此 與彼等有關的實體的功能貨幣 以外的貨幣計值的已確認資產 或負債而產生的貨幣風險。

	201	1	201	0
	二零一一年		二零一	零年
	USD'000	HKD'000	USD'000	HKD'000
	千美元	千港元	千美元	千港元
現金及現金等價物	10	2,118	7,384	29,727
應收貿易賬款				
及應收票據	3,770	344	1,883	381
應付貿易賬款				
及應付票據	(242,863)	(29)	(115,690)	(2,579)
貸款及借貸	(15,264)	-	(134,850)	
	(254,347)	2,433	(241,273)	27,529
	應收貿易賬款 及應收票據 應付貿易賬款 及應付票據	工零一 USD'000 千美元 現金及現金等價物 應收貿易賬款 及應收票據 3,770 應付貿易賬款 及應付票據 (242,863) 貸款及借貸 (15,264)	USD'000 千美元HKD'000 千港元現金及現金等價物 應收貿易賬款 及應收票據 應付貿易賬款 及應付票據 貸款及借貸10 3,770 344 (242,863) (15,264)	二零一年 二零一年 二零一 USD'000 HKD'000 USD'000 千美元 千港元 千美元 現金及現金等價物 10 2,118 7,384 應收貿易賬款 及應收票據 3,770 344 1,883 應付貿易賬款 及應付票據 (242,863) (29) (115,690) 貸款及借貸 (15,264) - (134,850)

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES

34 金融風險管理及公允值(續)

(continued)

Foreign currency risk (continued) (d)

(d) 外幣風險(續)

The following significant exchange rates applied during the year:

以下為本年度採用的主要匯率:

				Report	ing date
		Avera	ge rate	mid-s	pot rate
		平均	匯率	於報告日	期的中間價
		2011	2010	2011	2010
		二零一一年	二零一零年	二零一一年	二零一零年
USD 1	1美元	6.4588	6.7704	6.3009	6.6227
HKD 1	1港元	0.8297	0.8716	0.8107	0.8509

Foreign exchange sensitivity analysis

外匯敏感度分析

The following table indicates the instantaneous change in the Group's profit after tax (and retained profits) that would arise if foreign exchange rates to which the Group has significant exposure at the reporting date had changed at that date, assuming all other risk variables remained constant.

下表列示本集團之除税後溢利 (及保留溢利)因於報告日匯率 之可能變動(本集團須就此變動 承受重大風險)而產生之即時變 動已假設其他風險變數不變。

The Group 本集團

		2	011	20	010
		二零	二零一一年		一零年
		Increase/	Effect on	Increase/	Effect on
		(decrease)	profit	(decrease)	profit
		in foreign	after tax and	in foreign	after tax and
		exchange	retained	exchange	retained
		rates	profits	rates	profits
		匯率	對除税後	匯率	對除税後
		上升/	溢利及保留	上升/	溢利及保留
		(下跌)	溢利之影響	(下跌)	溢利之影響
			RMB'000		RMB'000
			人民幣千元		人民幣千元
USD	美元	5%	(60,098)	5%	(59,920)
		(5%)	60,098	(5%)	59,920
HKD	港元	5%	88	5%	869
		(5%)	(88)	(5%)	(869)

34 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES

(continued)

(d) Foreign currency risk (continued)

Results of the analysis as presented in the above table represent an aggregation of the instantaneous effects on each of the Group entities' profit after tax and equity measured in the respective functional currencies, translated into RMB at the exchange rate ruling at the reporting date for presentation purposes.

The sensitivity analysis assumes that the change in foreign exchange rates had been applied to remeasure those financial instruments held by the Group which expose the Group to foreign currency risk at the reporting date, including inter-company payables and receivables within the Group which are denominated in a currency other than the functional currencies of the lender or the borrower. The analysis excludes differences that would result from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations into the Group's presentation currency and other investments. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2010.

(e) Fair value

(i) Financial instruments carried at fair value

The following table presents the carrying value of financial instruments measured at fair value at the reporting date across three levels of the fair value hierarchy defined in IFRS 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures, with the fair value of each financial instrument categorised in its entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to that fair value measurement. The levels are defined as follows:

 Level 1 (highest level): fair values measured using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical financial instruments

34 金融風險管理及公允值(續)

(d) 外幣風險(續)

上表呈列之分析結果顯示本集 團各實體於該日以個別功能貨 幣計量(為呈報目的,已按報告 日之匯率兑換為人民幣)之本年 度除税後溢利及權益之即時合 併影響。

(e) 公允值

(i) 按公允值計量的金融工具

下表按照國際財務報告準則第7號「金融工具:短期第7號「金融工具:由于規定的公允值三日,列示了於報告日日,到示了於報告日日,以允值計量的金融工具根據面價值。金融工具根據重要的最低層次分類。三層架構定義如下:

層次一(最高層):
 公允值以活躍市場中同類金融工具的報價(未經調整)確定

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES

金融風險管理及公允值(續)

(continued)

Fair value (continued) (e)

公允值(續) (e)

- Financial instruments carried at fair value (continued)
 - Level 2: fair value measured using quoted
 - prices in active markets for similar financial instruments, or using valuation techniques in which all significant inputs are directly or indirectly based on observable market data
 - Level 3 (lowest level): fair values measured using valuation techniques in which any significant input is not based on observable

market data

- (i) 按公允值計量的金融工具 (續)
 - 層次二:公允值以 活躍市場中類似金 融工具的報價確定; 或運用估值技術確 定,估值時採用的 所有重要參數均直 接或間接地源自可 觀察的市場數據
 - 層次三(最底層): 公允值運用估值技 術確定,估值時所 用的所有重要參數 均未源自可觀察的 市場數據

The Group 本集團

> 2011 Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 **Total** 層次一 層次二 層次三 合計 **RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000** 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 衍生工具 (1,661)(1,661)

> > 2010 二零一零年 Level 1 Level 3 Total Level 2 層次一 層次二 層次三 合計 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 (211)4,225 4,014

During the year there were no significant transfers between instruments in Level 1 and Level 2 (2010: Nil).

衍生工具

年內,本集團於層次一及 層次二之間的工具並無 重大轉讓(二零一零年: 無)。

Derivatives

Derivatives

34 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES

(continued)

(e) Fair value (continued)

(ii) Fair values of financial instruments carried at other than fair value

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments carried at cost or amortised cost approximate their respective fair values as at 31 December 2011 (same for 2010).

35 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

Capital commitments outstanding at the year end not provided for in the consolidated financial statements are as follows:

Contracted for 已簽約

36 OPERATING LEASES

(a) Leases as lessee

At each reporting date, the total future minimum lease payments of the Group under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of properties and vessels are payable as follows:

Within 1 year — 年內
After 1 year but within 5 years — 年後但五年內
After 5 years — 五年後

34 金融風險管理及公允值(續)

(e) 公允值(續)

(ii) 按公允值外計量的金融工 具的公允值

本集團於二零一一年十二 月三十一日按成本值或攤 銷值計量的金融工具的賬 面值與各自彼等公允值相 若(二零一零年相同)。

35 資本承擔

於年末並未於綜合財務報表計提撥備 的未履行資本承擔如下:

2011	2010
二零一一年	二零一零年
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
1,352,728	1,078,739

36 經營租賃

(a) 作為承租人之租賃

於各報告日,本集團根據不可 撤銷經營租約就物業及貨船應 付的日後最低租賃款項總額如 下:

2011	2010
二零一一年	二零一零年
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
17,853	87,351
64,466	18,977
1,209	3,701
83,528	110,029

OPERATING LEASES (continued)

(b) Leases as lesser

The Group leases out its vessels under operating leases and the future minimum lease income under noncancellable operating leases are receivable as follows:

Within 1 year 一年內

經營租賃(續)

作為出租人之租賃 (b)

本集團根據經營租約出租其貨 船,而根據不可撤銷經營租約 的日後最低租賃款項總額如下:

2010 2011 二零一一年 二零一零年 **RMB'000** RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 4.809 7,760

重大關連方交易

本集團年內與秦皇島秦發實業集團有 限公司(「秦發實業」)及徐先生進行交 易。徐先生為秦發實業及本集團最終 控股方 Fortune Pearl 的股東。

本集團年內與上述關連方的重大交易 詳情如下:

重大關連方交易 (a)

經常性交易: (i)

2010 2011 二零一一年 二零一零年 RMB'000 **RMB'000** 人民幣千元 人民幣千元

> 1,209 1,209

MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Group has conducted certain transactions with Qinhuangdao Qinfa Industry Group Co., Ltd. ("Qinfa Industry") and Mr. Xu during the year. Mr. Xu is the shareholder of Qinfa Industry and Fortune Pearl, the ultimate controlling party of the Group.

Particulars of significant transactions between the Group and the above related parties for the year are as follows:

Significant related party transactions

Recurring transactions (i)

Operating leases from 經營租約來自: - Qinfa Industry -秦發實業

MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

37 重大關連方交易(續)

(continued)

Guarantees issued by related parties (b)

Guarantees issued by Mr. Xu

- RMB

D S

C

D S - HK Dollars

- US Dollars

關連方提供的擔保 (b)

	2011	2010
	二零一一年	二零一零年
	thousand	thousand
	千元	千元
保:		
	3,420,000	1,140,000
	700,000	320,000
	37,912	23,580

Key management personnel remuneration

Remuneration for key management personnel of the Group, including amounts paid to the Company's directors as disclosed in Note 11 and certain of the highest paid employees as disclosed in Note 12, is as follows:

關鍵管理層人士酬金 (c)

本集團關鍵管理層人士的酬金 (包括附註11披露的支付予本公 司董事的金額及附註12披露的 已付予若干僱員的最高薪酬)如 下:

		2011	2010
		二零一一年	二零一零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Directors' fee	董事酬金	561	568
Salaries, allowances	基本薪金、津貼		
and benefits in kind	及實物福利	8,920	8,944
Contributions to	退休福利計劃供款		
retirement benefit schemes		48	48
Discretionary bonuses	酌情花紅	8,644	13,998
Share-based payments	以股份為基礎的付款	512	1,030
		18,685	24,588

徐先生出具的擔

一人民幣

一港元

一美元

POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENTS, NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT **NOT YET EFFECTIVE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011**

Up to the date of issue of these financial statements, the IASB has issued a number of amendments and new standards which are not yet effective for the year ended 31 December 2011 and which have not been adopted in these financial statements. These include the following which may be relevant to the Group.

38 已頒佈惟尚未於截至二零一一年 十二月三十一日止年度生效之修 訂、新準則及詮釋的可能影響

截至該等財務報表刊發日,國際會 計準則委員會已頒佈多項修訂及新 準則,但於截至二零一一年十二月 三十一日止年度尚未生效,亦並未於 該等財務報表中採納。以下各項可能 與本集團有關。

> **Effective for** accounting periods beginning on or after 於下列日期或之後開始 的會計期間生效

Amendments to IFRS 7	Financial instruments: Disclosures -	1 July 2011
	Transfer of financial assets	
國際財務報告準則第7號(修訂本)	金融工具:披露-金融資產之轉移	二零一一年七月一日
Amendments to IAS 12	Income taxes – Deferred tax: Recovery of	1 January 2012
	underlying of assets	
國際會計準則第12號(修訂本)	所得税-遞延税項:收回相關資產	二零一二年一月一日
Amendments to IAS 1	Presentation of financial statements –	1 July 2012
	Presentation of items of other	
	comprehensive income	
國際會計準則第1號(修訂本)	呈列財務報表-呈列其他全面收益項目	二零一二年七月一日
IFRS 10	Consolidated financial statements	1 January 2013
國際財務報告準則第10號	綜合財務報表	二零一三年一月一日
IFRS 11	Joint arrangements	1 January 2013
國際財務報告準則第11號	共同安排	二零一三年一月一日

38 POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENTS, NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 **DECEMBER 2011** (continued)

38 已頒佈惟尚未於截至二零一一年 十二月三十一日止年度生效之修 訂、新準則及詮釋的可能影響(續)

> **Effective for** accounting periods beginning on or after 於下列日期或之後開始 的會計期間生效

IFRS 12	Disclosure of interest in other entities	1 January 2013
國際財務報告準則第12號	披露於其他實體之權益	二零一三年一月一日
IFRS 13	Fair value measurement	1 January 2013
國際財務報告準則第13號	公允值計量	二零一三年一月一日
IAS 27	Separate financial statements (2011)	1 January 2013
國際會計準則第27號	獨立財務報表(二零一一年)	二零一三年一月一日
IAS 28	Investments in associates and	1 January 2013
	joint ventures (2011)	
國際會計準則第28號	於聯營公司及合營企業之投資(二零一一年)	二零一三年一月一日
Revised IAS 19	Employee benefits	1 January 2013
國際會計準則第19號(經修訂)	僱員福利	二零一三年一月一日
Amendments to IFRS 7	Financial instruments: Disclosures – Mandatory	1 January 2015
國際財務報告準則第7號(修訂本)	金融工具:披露-強制性	二零一五年一月一日
IFRS 9	Financial instruments	1 January 2015
國際財務報告準則第9號	金融工具	二零一五年一月一日
Amendments to IFRS 9	Financial instruments	1 January 2015
國際財務報告準則第9號(修訂本)	金融工具	二零一五年一月一日

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these amendments is expected to be in the period of initial application. Up to the date of issuance of these financial statements, the Group believes that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the Group's results of operations and financial position.

本集團現正評估該等修訂在初步應用 期間的預期影響。截至該財務報表刊 發日,本集團相信採納該等修訂、新 準則及新詮釋不大可能對本集團的經 營業績及財務狀況造成重大影響。

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On 17 January 2012, the Company granted 20,751,196 share options to certain eligible participants of the Group to subscribe for ordinary shares with a nominal value of HKD0.1 each under the Share Option Scheme adopted by the Company on 12 June 2009. The exercise price was HKD1.5 per share and the exercise period is from 17 January 2012 to 16 January 2022.

IMMEDIATE AND ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY 40

At 31 December 2011, the directors consider the immediate parent and ultimate controlling party of the Group to be Fortune Pearl, which is incorporated in the British Virgin Islands. This entity does not produce financial statements available for public use.

日後事項

於二零一二年一月十七日,根據本公 司於二零零九年六月十二日採納的購 股權計劃,本公司向本集團若干合資 格參與者授出20,751,196份購股權, 以認購賬面值為每股0.1港元的普通 股。行使價為每股1.5港元,行使期 自二零一二年一月十七日起至二零 二二年一月十六日。

直接及最終控股方

於二零一一年十二月三十一日,董事 認為本集團直接母公司及最終控股方 為一家於英屬處女群島註冊成立的 Fortune Pearl。該實體並無編製可供 公眾使用的財務報表。



中國秦發集團有限公司 CHINA QINFA GROUP LIMITED

Website: www.qinfagroup.com