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# Corporation Information 公司資料

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Wong Danny F. (Chairman)
Mr. Wu Tse Wai, Frederick

Mr. Fong Chi Wah

#### **Non-executive Directors**

Ms. Yang XiaoFeng Mr. Gao Chengming Mr. Lau Chi Lung, Johnny

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Char Shik Ngor, Stephen

Mr. Liu Jin Mr. Law Tze Lun

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Mr. Law Tze Lun (Chairman) Mr. Char Shik Ngor, Stephen

Mr. Liu Jin

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. Liu Jin *(Chairman)*Ms. Yang XiaoFeng
Mr. Law Tze Lun

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Char Shik Ngor, Stephen (Chairman)

Mr. Liu Jin Mr. Law Tze Lun

#### **CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER**

Ms. Tian Jingjing

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Mr. Law Kim Fai

#### **AUDITORS**

HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited Certified Public Accountants

#### PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Wing Hang Bank, Limited Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited

#### 董事會

#### 執行董事

汪曉峰先生(主席) 吳子惠先生 方志華先生

#### 非執行董事

楊曉峰女士 高城銘先生 劉嗣龍先生

#### 獨立非執行董事

查錫我先生 劉進先生 羅子璘先生

### 審核委員會

羅子璘先生(主席) 查錫我先生 劉進先生

#### 薪酬委員會

劉進先生(主席) 楊曉峰女士 羅子璘先生

#### 提名委員會

查錫我先生*(主席)* 劉進先生 羅子璘先生

#### 行政總裁

田晶晶女士

#### 公司秘書

羅劍輝先生

#### 核數師

國衛會計師事務所有限公司 香港執業會計師

#### 主要往來銀行

永亨銀行有限公司 中國工商銀行(亞洲)有限公司

# **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Cricket Square
Hutchins Drive
P.O. Box 2681
Grand Cayman KY1-1111
Cayman Islands

#### PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

20/F., Octa Tower 8 Lam Chak Street Kowloon Bay, Hong Kong

#### **INVESTMENT MANAGER**

Enerchine Investment Management Limited 25th Floor, China United Centre 28 Marble Road North Point, Hong Kong

#### **CUSTODIAN**

Bank of Communications Trustee Limited 1st Floor, Far East Consortium Building 121 Des Voeux Road Central Hong Kong

# HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Tengis Limited Level 22, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

#### STOCK CODE

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited: 1227

#### **WEBSITE**

www.nif-hk.com

# 註冊辦事處

Cricket Square
Hutchins Drive
P.O. Box 2681
Grand Cayman KY1-1111
Cayman Islands

# 主要營業地點

香港九龍灣 臨澤街8號 傲騰廣場20樓

#### 投資經理

威華投資管理有限公司 香港北角 馬寶道28號 華滙中心25樓

### 託管商

交通銀行信託有限公司 香港 德輔道中121號 遠東發展大廈1樓

# 香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳登捷時有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心22樓

#### 股份代號

香港聯合交易所有限公司:1227

#### 網址

www.nif-hk.com

# Chairman's Statement and Management Discussion and Analysis 主席報告與管理層討論及分析

On behalf of the board of directors (the "Board") of National Investments Fund Limited (the "Company"), I am pleased to present the annual results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2014.

The Company is an investment company and the Group is principally engaged in investments in a diversified portfolio of listed and unlisted companies.

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

For the year under review, the Group recorded a revenue of approximately HK\$56,480,000 (2013: loss of approximately HK\$42,603,000). Excluding the net gain of HK\$54,397,000 (2013: net loss of HK\$47,049,000) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), the Group's revenue decreased by 53.15% to approximately HK\$2,083,000 (2013: approximately HK\$4,446,000). The proceeds on sales of equity and debt securities and commodities futures contract were approximately HK\$183,620,000 (2013: approximately HK\$111,521,000), and the cost of sales were approximately HK\$162,706,000 (2013: approximately HK\$142,551,000), therefore, the net realised gain on financial assets at FVTPL was approximately HK\$20,914,000 (2013: the net realised loss on financial assets at FVTPL was approximately HK\$31,030,000). Apart from the net realised gain on financial assets at FVTPL, the unrealised gain on financial assets at FVTPL was approximately HK\$33,483,000 (2013: the unrealised loss on financial assets at FVTPL of approximately HK\$16,019,000).

For the year, the loss attributable to owners of the Company was approximately HK\$112,941,000 (2013: loss attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$117,881,000). The loss of HK\$140,323,000 (2013: approximately HK\$52,391,000) was mainly attributable to the impairment loss of available-for-sale ("AFS") financial assets and an increase in other operating expenses. The Company also recorded finance costs of approximately HK\$6,547,000 (2013: approximately HK\$5,539,000) and share of results of an associate of approximately HK\$6,062,000 (2013: approximately HK\$1,608,000).

During the year, the Group received dividend income from financial assets at FVTPL of approximately HK\$26,000 (2013: approximately HK\$697,000).

本人謹代表國盛投資基金有限公司(「本公司」)董事會(「董事會」)欣然呈列本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度之全年業績。

本公司為一間投資公司,而本集團之主要業務為投資於上市及非上市公司之多元化投資組合。

#### 業務回顧

於回顧年度,本集團錄得收益約56,480,000港元(二 零一三年:虧損約42,603,000港元)。倘剔除於損益 表按公允價值列賬之金融資產收益淨額54,397,000 港元(二零一三年:虧損淨額47,049,000港元),則 本集團之收益減少53.15%至約2,083,000港元(二零 一三年:約4,446,000港元)。股本及債務證券以及商 品期貨合約之銷售所得款項約為183,620,000港元 (二零一三年:約111,521,000港元),而銷售成本約 為162,706,000港元(二零一三年:約142,551,000港 元),因此,於損益表按公允價值列賬之金融資產已 變現收益淨額約為20,914,000港元(二零一三年: 於損益表按公允價值列賬之金融資產已變現虧損淨 額約31,030,000港元)。除於損益表按公允價值列賬 之金融資產已變現收益淨額外,於損益表按公允價 值列賬之金融資產未變現收益約為33,483,000港元 (二零一三年:於損益表按公允價值列賬之金融資產 未變現虧損約16,019,000港元)。

於本年度,本公司擁有人應佔虧損約為112,941,000港元(二零一三年:本公司擁有人應佔虧損約117,881,000港元)。虧損140,323,000港元(二零一三年:約52,391,000港元)主要源自可供出售金融資產之減值虧損及其他營運開支增加。本公司亦錄得融資成本約6,547,000港元(二零一三年:約5,539,000港元)及應佔聯營公司業績約6,062,000港元(二零一三年:約1,608,000港元)。

年內,本集團錄得於損益表按公允價值列賬之金融資產之股息收入約26,000港元(二零一三年:約697,000港元)。

#### **PROSPECT**

As the positive outlook of Hong Kong stock market was supported by market forecasts from various renowned financial institutions worldwide for 2014, the Group will continue to implement diversified investment strategies and to identify suitable investment opportunities with potential assets appreciation to generate better returns for the Group and the shareholders. The Group will also continue to adopt and maintain a prudent but proactive investment approach and will closely monitor the performance of the investment portfolios. The Group is confident that shareholders of the Company will be rewarded with strong positive returns under our investment portfolios in the future.

#### DIVIDEND

The Board does not recommend the payment of final dividend for the year (2013: Nil).

# LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

The Group had cash and cash equivalents of approximately HK\$16,489,000 (2013: approximately HK\$21,624,000) as at 31 December 2014.

As at 31 December 2014, the Company had issued promissory notes in the aggregate amount of HK\$110,000,000. Eleven promissory notes in the denomination of HK\$10,000,000 each were issued to eleven independent third parties. Each promissory note bears interest at a rate of 5% per annum with a maturity period of seven years from the date of issue. The net proceeds were used for investment in securities and/or as general working capital of the Group.

In addition, the Group also obtained short term loans in the aggregate amount of HK\$55,000,000 from a financial institution, details of which are more particularly set out in Note 28 to the consolidated financial statements contained in this annual report.

The Group had net current assets of approximately HK\$154,758,000 (2013: approximately HK\$155,370,000) as at 31 December 2014. Save and except the above, the Group had not obtained any credit facility from other financial institutions during the year. As all cash and cash equivalents were placed in Hong Kong Dollars accounts with banks in Hong Kong, exposure to exchange fluctuation is considered minimal. The gearing ratio, calculated on the basis of total liabilities over total equity as at 31 December 2014, was 0.585 (2013: 0.926).

#### 展望

由於香港股票市場受到全球各地不同知名財務機構發表之二零一四年市場預測支持,前景光明,因此,本集團將繼續實施多元化投資策略,物色具有資產升值潛力之合適投資機會,從而為本集團及股東帶來更佳回報。本集團亦將繼續採取及維持審慎而積極之投資方針,密切監察投資組合表現。本集團深信,本公司股東將可因旗下投資組合日後帶來之龐大回報而受惠。

#### 股息

董事會不建議就本年度派發末期股息(二零一三年:無)。

#### 流動資金及財務資源

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團有現金及 現金等值項目約16,489,000港元(二零一三年:約 21,624,000港元)。

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本公司已發行總額 為110,000,000港元之承兑票據。十一份承兑票據每 份面值為10,000,000港元,已發行予十一名獨立第三 方。每份承兑票據按年利率5%計息,由發行日期起 計七年到期。所得款項淨額已用於投資證券及/或 用作本集團一般營運資金。

此外,本集團亦從一間金融機構獲得合共55,000,000 港元之短期貸款,具體詳情載於本年報綜合財務報 表附註28。

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團之流動資產淨值約為154,758,000港元(二零一三年:約155,370,000港元)。除上述者外,本集團於年內並無向其他金融機構取得任何信貸融資。由於所有現金及現金等值項目均存放於香港銀行之港元賬戶,故承擔之外匯波動風險極低。按於二零一四年十二月三十一日之負債總額除以權益總額之基準計算,資產負債比率為0.585(二零一三年:0.926)。

# CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND FUND RAISING ACTIVITIES

The shares of the Company were listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange"). During the year, the changes in the capital structure of the Company are set out below:

- (i) On 21 February 2014, the Company completed a rights issue and issued 995,022,471 new ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each at a subscription price of HK\$0.10 each. The net proceeds, after deducting the related costs and expenses, of approximately HK\$91.97 million were used as general working capital of the Group and for investments pursuant to the investment objectives of the Company. Details of the rights issue were set out in the Company's prospectus dated 28 January 2014.
- (ii) On 15 August 2014, the Company completed a placing of 132,660,000 new ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each through a placing agent to not less than six independent investors at a price of HK\$0.60 per placing share, and the net proceeds of the placing in the amount of approximately HK\$77.52 million, representing a net price of HK\$0.58 per placing share, were used for investments pursuant to the investment objectives of the Company. Details of the placing were disclosed in the announcements of the Company dated 12 August 2014, 13 August 2014 and 15 August 2014.
- (iii) On 23 September 2014, the Company completed a placing of 132,679,325 new ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each through a placing agent to not less than six independent investors at a price of HK\$0.70 per placing share, and the net proceeds of the placing in the amount of approximately HK\$89.58 million, representing a net price of HK\$0.68 per placing share, were used as general working capital of the Group and for investments pursuant to the investments objectives of the Company. Details of the placing were disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 8 September 2014 and 23 September 2014.

As at 31 December 2014, the total number of issued ordinary shares of the Company was 1,592,035,953 shares (2013: 331,674,157 shares).

# 股本架構及集資活動

本公司之股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上市。年內·本公司之股本架構變動載列如下:

- (i) 於二零一四年二月二十一日,本公司完成 一項供股,並以每股0.10港元之認購價發行 995,022,471股每股面值0.01港元之新普通 股。經扣除相關成本及費用後,所得款項淨額 約為91,970,000港元,已用作本集團之一般營 運資金及根據本公司之投資目標進行投資。供 股之詳情載於本公司日期為二零一四年一月 二十八日之章程內。
- (ii) 於二零一四年八月十五日,本公司透過一名配售代理完成以每股配售股份0.60港元之價格,向不少於六名獨立投資者配售132,660,000股每股面值0.01港元之新普通股,配售之所得款項淨額約77,520,000港元(即每股配售股份淨價格為0.58港元)乃用作根據本公司之投資目標進行投資。配售之詳情於本公司日期為二零一四年八月十二日、二零一四年八月十三日及二零一四年八月十五日之公告內披露。
- (iii) 於二零一四年九月二十三日,本公司透過 一名配售代理完成以每股配售股份0.70港 元之價格,向不少於六名獨立投資者配售 132,679,325股每股面值0.01港元之新普通 股,配售之所得款項淨額約89,580,000港元 (即每股配售股份淨價格為0.68港元)乃用作 本集團之一般營運資金及根據本公司之投資目 標進行投資。配售之詳情於本公司日期為二零 一四年九月八日及二零一四年九月二十三日之 公告內披露。

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本公司之已發行 普通股總數為1,592,035,953股(二零一三年: 331,674,157股)。

#### **EMPLOYEES**

As at 31 December 2014, the Group had 34 employees (2013: 25), including executive directors, non-executive directors and independent non-executive directors. Total employee costs for the year were approximately HK\$17,638,000 (2013: approximately HK\$12,194,000). The Group's remuneration policies are in line with the prevailing market practice and are determined on the basis of the performance and experience of individual employees.

#### **CAPITAL COMMITMENTS**

As at 31 December 2014, the Group and the Company did not have any material capital commitments (2013: Nil).

# CHARGES ON THE GROUP'S ASSETS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

There were no charges on the Group's assets or any significant contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2014 (2013: Nil).

#### **APPRECIATION**

On behalf of the Board, I would like to express my sincere gratitude to our shareholders and business partners for their unfailing support. I would also like to thank our management and staff for their dedication and hard work.

#### Wong Danny F.

Chairman

Hong Kong, 31 March 2015

# 僱員

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團共有34名(二零一三年:25名)僱員,其中包括執行董事、非執行董事及獨立非執行董事。於本年度之僱員成本總額約為17,638,000港元(二零一三年:約12,194,000港元)。本集團之薪酬政策與現行之市場慣例相符,並以個別僱員之表現及經驗作為釐定基準。

### 資本承擔

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團及本公司並 無任何重大資本承擔(二零一三年:無)。

# 本集團資產抵押及或然負債

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團並無任何資 產抵押或重大或然負債(二零一三年:無)。

#### 鳴謝

本人謹代表董事會感謝股東及業務夥伴一直鼎力支持,以及管理層及各員工不懈努力。

#### 汪曉峰

主席

香港,二零一五年三月三十一日

# Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層簡歷

#### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Mr. Wong Danny F., aged 52, was appointed as an executive director of the Company on 21 May 2007. Mr. Wong holds a Bachelor's degree in Economics and Accounting from China Central University of Finance and Economics. Mr. Wong has over 20 years of experiences in investment project evaluation, listing planning and asset management. From 2001 to 2005, Mr. Wong was an executive director of Sun Hung Kai International Limited and was in charge of investment banking and responsible for public listing of companies and fund raising activities for private and listed companies. Mr. Wong is a non-executive director of Cardio3 Biosciences S.A. (Symbol: CARD), a public company listed on NYSE Euronext Brussels and NYSE Euronext Paris regulated markets since 26 November 2014. For the period from June 2009 to August 2009, Mr. Wong was an executive director of Mission Capital Holdings Limited (formerly known as Poly Capital Holdings Limited) (Stock code: 1141), a company listed on the Stock Exchange. For the period from February 2014 to June 2014, Mr. Wong served as an executive director and the chairman of Mascotte Holdings Limited (Stock code: 136), a company listed on the Stock Exchange.

Mr. Wong is the spouse of Ms. Yang XiaoFeng, who is a non-executive director of the Company.

Mr. Wu Tse Wai, Frederick, aged 73, was appointed as an executive director of the Company on 6 January 2004. He was also the Chief Executive Officer of the Company for the period from 1 November 2005 to 19 May 2014. Mr. Wu was educated in Hong Kong and the United States with a Master of Business Administration degree in Finance. He has over 43 years of experience in insurance, securities business and asset management. He started his career with Paul Revere Life Insurance Company as an assistant actuary. He later worked for Fidelity Management and Research of Boston as an analyst and then moved on to senior positions in research and fund management with various wellknown institutions in the United States. In the early 80s, Mr. Wu joined and served as a senior portfolio manager and investment advisor at Bank of America in Hong Kong. In the 90s, Mr. Wu joined and was elected as a director and senior consultant of Lippo Securities Group Limited (the "Lippo Securities Group"). He was a member of Lippo Securities Group investment committee and was responsible for supervising the fund management activities including futures related investments of Lippo Securities Group. Mr. Wu is currently a responsible officer registered under the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "SFO").

#### 執行董事

汪曉峰先生,52歲,於二零零七年五月二十一日獲委 任為本公司之執行董事。汪先生持有中國中央財經 大學頒授之經濟及會計學士學位。汪先生在投資專 案評估、策劃上市及資產管理方面擁有逾20年豐富 經驗。汪先生於二零零一年至二零零五年期間出任 新鴻基國際有限公司之執行董事,主管投資銀行業 務,負責為私人企業及上市公司提供公開掛牌及集 資服務。汪先生為Cardio3 Biosciences S.A.(股票代 號:CARD,一間自二零一四年十一月二十六日起於 布魯塞爾紐約泛歐交易所及巴黎紐約泛歐交易所二 板市場上市之公眾公司)之非執行董事。二零零九年 六月至二零零九年八月期間,汪先生出任聯交所上 市公司保興資本控股有限公司(股份代號:1141)之 執行董事。汪先生曾於二零一四年二月至二零一四 年六月期間出任聯交所上市公司馬斯葛集團有限公 司(股份代號:136)之執行董事兼主席。

汪先生是本公司非執行董事楊曉峰女士之配偶。

**吳子惠先生**,73歲,於二零零四年一月六日獲委任為 本公司之執行董事。彼亦曾於二零零五年十一月一 日至二零一四年五月十九日期間出任本公司之行政 總裁。吳先生於香港及美國接受教育,取得財務工商 管理碩士學位。彼於保險、證券業務及資產管理方面 擁有逾43年經驗。彼曾於Paul Revere Life Insurance Company擔任助理精算師,開展其事業。彼之後在 Fidelity Management and Research of Boston出任分 析員,其後於美國多家著名機構出任研究及資金管 理高層職位。於八十年代初期,吳先生加入香港Bank of America並出任高級投資組合經理兼投資顧問一 職。於九十年代,吳先生加入Lippo Securities Group Limited (「Lippo Securities Group」)並膺選為董事 兼高級顧問。彼為Lippo Securities Group投資委員會 成員,負責監管資金管理事宜,包括Lippo Securities Group之期貨相關投資。吳先生現為證券及期貨條例 (香港法例第571章)(「證券條例」)下註冊之負責人

Mr. Fong Chi Wah, aged 52, was appointed as an executive director of the Company on 1 November 2005. Mr. Fong is a Certified Practising Accountant (Australia), a Chartered Financial Analyst and a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, the Institute of Certified Management Accountants, Australia and the Hong Kong Institute of Directors. Mr. Fong has over 20 years of extensive experience in various sectors of financial industry, including direct investment, project and structured finance and capital markets with focus on the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") and Hong Kong. Mr. Fong was previously a director of Baring Capital (China) Management Limited and held various management positions in ING Bank, Mr. Fong was previously also an executive director of Grand Investment International Limited (15 April 2003 (date of incorporation) to 1 April 2006), a company listed on the Stock Exchange. Mr. Fong is currently an independent non-executive director of China Innovationpay Group Limited (formerly known as SYSCAN Technology Holdings Limited) since 19 December 2003 and Real Nutriceutical Group Limited (formerly known as Ruinian International Limited) since 28 March 2008, both of which are listed on the Stock Exchange.

#### NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Ms. Yang XiaoFeng, aged 36, was appointed as a non-executive director of the Company on 21 May 2007. She was redesignated as an executive director of the Company on 1 March 2014 and further redesignated as a non-executive director on 11 March 2014. Ms. Yang holds a Bachelor's degree in Computer Science from the Zhejiang Gongshang University (formerly known as Hangzhou University of Commerce). Ms. Yang has extensive experience in finance marketing. Ms. Yang was an independent non-executive director of Forefront International Holdings Limited (currently known as Forefront Group Limited), a company whose shares are listed on the Stock Exchange, for the period from 18 April 2007 to 18 May 2007.

Ms. Yang is the spouse of Mr. Wong Danny F., who is the Chairman and an executive director of the Company.

Mr. Gao Chengming, aged 30, was appointed as a non-executive director of the Company on 4 March 2015, He holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Statistics from the Beijing Normal University and a Master of Finance degree from the University of Hong Kong. Mr. Gao has worked as an analyst and an auditor in Guosen Securities (HK) Financial Holdings Company, Limited and PricewaterhouseCoopers China respectively. Mr. Gao has over four years' experience in auditing and financial analysis, and had been licensed to carry out Type 4 (advising on securities) and Type 5 (Advising on futures contracts) regulated activities under the SFO.

# 非執行董事

楊曉峰女士,36歲,於二零零七年五月二十一日獲委任為本公司非執行董事。彼於二零一四年三月一日調任為本公司執行董事,其後再於二零一四年三月十一日調任為非執行董事。楊女士持有浙江工商大學(前稱杭州商學院)頒授之電腦科學學士學位。楊女士擁有豐富金融市場推廣經驗。於二零零七年四月十八日至二零零七年五月十八日期間,楊女士曾獲委任為福方國際控股有限公司(現稱福方集團有限公司)(其股份於聯交所上市)之獨立非執行董事。

楊女士是本公司主席兼執行董事汪曉峰先生之配偶。

高城銘先生,30歲,於二零一五年三月四日獲委任為本公司之非執行董事。彼持有北京師範大學之統計學專業之理學士學位和香港大學之金融碩士學位。高先生曾於國信證券(香港)金融控股有限公司及普華永道中天會計師事務所分別擔任研究員和核數師。高先生擁有超過4年審計及財務分析經驗,並曾經持有可進行證券條例下第4類(就證券提供意見)及第5類(就期貨合約提供意見)受規管活動之牌照。

# Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層簡歷

Mr. Lau Chi Lung, Johnny, aged 26, was appointed as non-executive director of the Company on 17 March 2015. He holds a Bachelor of Arts degree in marketing management from Purdue University in the United States of America. Mr. Lau has over three years' experience in financial research and analysis, and has worked in Barclays Wealth and UBS AG. He is a youth committee member of China Federation of Overseas Chinese Entrepreneurs.

劉嗣龍先生,26歲,於二零一五年三月十七日獲委任為本公司之非執行董事。彼持有美國普渡大學(Purdue University)之市場管理文學士學位。劉先生擁有超過3年財務研究和分析的經驗,曾任職於巴克萊財富及瑞銀集團。彼現出任中國僑商聯合會青年委員。

# INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Char Shik Ngor, Stephen, aged 65, was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company on 22 May 2007. Mr. Char holds a Bachelor of Laws Degree (Honours) from the University of London, a Master's degree in Social Sciences (Criminology) from the University of Hong Kong, a Master's degree in Social Sciences (Counselling) from the University of Hong Kong and a Post-graduate Certificate in Laws from City University of Hong Kong. Mr. Char was a Chief Investigator and Senior Assignment Officer of the Independent Commission Against Corruption in Hong Kong from 1976 to 2004. Mr. Char was a Chief Executive Officer of Garner Forest Industries Limited. Mr. Char is currently a Barrister at Law and an Accredited Mediator.

**Mr. Liu Jin**, aged 39, was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company on 21 May 2007. Mr. Liu holds a Bachelor's degree in International Economic Law from the Zhongnan University of Economics and Law. Mr. Liu has been a qualified solicitor in the PRC since 2001 and has various experience in merger and acquisition and corporate restructure in the PRC. Mr. Liu is currently a qualified solicitor practicing in Shenzhen, PRC.

# 獨立非執行董事

查錫我先生,65歲,於二零零七年五月二十二日獲委任為本公司之獨立非執行董事。查先生持有倫敦大學(榮譽)法學士、香港大學社會科學(犯罪學)碩士學位及香港城市大學法學專業證書。查先生於一九七六年至二零零四年期間曾任香港廉政公署總調查主任及高級審查主任,亦曾任加林森林工業有限公司之行政總裁。查先生現為大律師及認可調解員。

劉進先生,39歲,於二零零七年五月二十一日獲委任為本公司之獨立非執行董事。劉先生持有中南財經政法大學頒授之國際經濟法學士學位。劉先生自二零零一年起為中國合資格律師,於中國併購及企業重組方面擁有豐富經驗。劉先生現為中國深圳合資格執業律師。

Mr. Law Tze Lun, aged 42, was appointed as an independent nonexecutive director of the Company on 12 December 2013. Mr. Law is a practising Certified Public Accountant in Hong Kong and currently a director of ANSA CPA Limited. Mr. Law obtained a Bachelor's degree in Commerce (Accounting) from Curtin University of Technology. He is a Certified Public Accountant (Practising) of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a Certified Practising Accountant of the CPA Australia. He has over 20 years of experience in auditing, accounting and finance gained from various accounting firms in Hong Kong. Mr. Law is an independent non-executive director of Come Sure Group (Holdings) Limited (stock code: 794) since February 2009 and Gemini Investments (Holdings) Limited (stock code: 174) since November 2010, both of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. During the period from April 2010 to September 2011, Mr. Law served as an independent non-executive director of China Automotive Interior Decoration Holdings Limited (stock code: 8321), which was listed on the GEM Board of the Stock Exchange.

羅子璘先生,42歲,於二零一三年十二月十二日獲委任為本公司之獨立非執行董事。羅先生為香港執業會計師,現為錦璘會計師行有限公司之董事。羅先生持有澳洲科廷科技大學之商業(會計)學士學位。彼為香港會計師公會之執業會計師及澳洲會計師累積逾20年審計、會計及財務經驗。羅先生自二零零制年二月起擔任聯交所主板上市公司錦勝集團(控股)有限公司(股份代號:174)之獨立非執行董事。於二零一零年四月至二零一一年九月期間,羅先生曾擔任聯交所創業板上市公司中國汽車內飾集團有限公司(股份代號:8321)之獨立非執行董事。

#### **CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER**

Ms. Tian Jingjing, aged 31, was appointed as the Chief Executive Officer of the Company on 21 April 2015. She holds a Bachelor of Professional Accountancy degree from the Chinese University of Hong Kong and a Master of Finance degree from the University of Hong Kong. She was admitted to exchange in the Singapore Management University and attended a course at the Peking University. She is a graduate of Beijing No. 4 High School. Ms. Tian joined Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited, responsible for handling risk management and control over secondary market trading. She then joined Macquarie Capital (Hong Kong) Limited and handled various fund raising and crossborder mergers and acquisitions projects. Ms. Tian is a member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, a charterholder of both Chartered Financial Analyst (CFA) and Financial Risk Manager (FRM).

# 行政總裁

田晶女士,31歲,於二零一五年四月二十一日獲委任為本公司行政總裁。彼持有香港中文大學專業會計學士及香港大學財務碩士資格。彼曾以交換生身份到新加坡管理大學,並曾於北京大學就讀課程。彼畢業於北京市第四中學。田女士曾加入中國銀行(香港)有限公司,並負責處理二級市場交易之風險管理及控制。彼其後加入麥格理資本(香港)有限公司,並負責集資及跨境項目收購和合併。田女士為特許公認會計師公會會員,並為一名特許金融分析師及金融風險管理師。

# Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES**

The Company is committed to maintaining a high level of corporate governance practices and procedures to safeguard the interests of its shareholders and enhance the performance of the Group. The Board will review and improve the corporate governance practices from time to time to ensure that the Group is under the leadership of an effective board.

During the year under review, the Group has complied with the code provisions in the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange ("Listing Rules"), except for the deviation disclosed below. The Company periodically reviews its corporate governance practices to ensure that the Company complies with the requirements of the CG Code. The Company acknowledges the importance of corporate governance and ensures transparency and accountability of the Company's operations.

Meetings were held throughout the year and where appropriate, circulars and other guidance notes were issued to directors and senior management of the Group to ensure that each and every director and senior management is aware of the importance of corporate governance.

#### **DEVIATION FROM THE CODE**

According to code provision E.1.2 of the CG Code, the Chairman of the Board should attend the annual general meeting. In respect of the annual general meeting held on 16 May 2014 (the "2014 AGM"), Mr. Wong Danny F., the Chairman of the Board, was engaged in an important business meeting and was not able to attend the 2014 AGM. However, Mr. Fong Chi Wah, an executive director of the Company, and Mr. Law Tze Lun, an independent non-executive director and chairman of the Audit Committee of the Company and members of the Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee, attended the 2014 AGM and answered questions raised during the 2014 AGM.

Under code provision A.6.7 of the CG Code, independent non-executive directors and non-executive directors should attend general meetings of the Company. Due to other business commitment, Ms. Yang XiaoFeng, a non-executive director and Mr. Liu Jin, an independent non-executive director did not attend the general meetings of the Company held on 13 January 2014, 25 February 2014, 28 March 2014 and the 2014 AGM respectively; furthermore, Mr. Char Shik Ngor, Stephen, an independent non-executive director, did not attend the 2014 AGM.

#### 企業管治常規

本公司致力於維持高水平之企業管治常規及程序, 以保障股東利益及提高本集團表現。董事會將不時 檢討及改進企業管治常規,以確保本集團由董事會 有效領導。

於回顧年度,本集團已遵守聯交所證券上市規則 (「上市規則」)附錄十四所載之企業管治守則及企業 管治報告(「企業管治守則」)內之守則條文,惟以下 披露之偏離除外。本公司定期檢討其企業管治常規, 以確保本公司遵守企業管治守則之規定。本公司承 認企業管治之重要性,並確保本公司營運之透明度 及問責性。

年內,本公司曾舉行多次會議,並在適當情況下向本集團董事及高級管理人員刊發通函及其他應用指引,確保所有董事及高級管理人員均知悉企業管治之重要性。

# 偏離守則

根據企業管治守則守則條文第E.1.2條,董事會主席應出席股東週年大會。於二零一四年五月十六日舉行之股東週年大會(「二零一四年股東週年大會」),董事會主席汪曉峰先生因需於該日參與一個重要商業會議,故未能出席二零一四年股東週年大會。然而,方志華先生(本公司執行董事)及羅子璘先生(本公司獨立非執行董事、審核委員會主席兼提名委員會及薪酬委員會成員)已出席二零一四年股東週年大會,並於會上回應提問。

根據企業管治守則守則條文第A.6.7條,獨立非執行董事及非執行董事應出席本公司之股東大會。因另有業務安排,故非執行董事楊曉峰女士及獨立非執行董事劉進先生並無出席本公司分別於二零一四年一月十三日、二零一四年二月二十五日及二零一四年三月二十八日舉行之股東大會以及二零一四年股東週年大會;而獨立非執行董事查錫我先生則並無出席二零一四年股東週年大會。

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

### Responsibilities

The Board provides leadership, approves policies, strategies and plans and oversees their implementation to ensure the healthy growth of the Company and safeguard the interests of shareholders of the Company.

The Board takes responsibility for all major matters of the Company, including the approval and monitoring of all policy matters, overall strategies and budgets, internal control and risk management systems, financial information, appointment of directors and other significant financial and operational matters.

All directors have full and timely access to all relevant information as the management will prepare and supply the same to the Board and its committees. The Company Secretary will render his advice to the Board so that all the Board procedures and applicable rules and regulations are followed. The directors may make further enquiries if they are of the view that the information is not sufficient for them to make an informed decision. In general, each director is able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances at the Company's expenses upon making request to the Board.

In case where a conflict of interest may arise involving a substantial shareholder or a director, such matter will be discussed in a physical meeting and will not be dealt with by way of written resolutions. Independent non-executive directors with no conflict of interest will be present at meetings dealing with such conflict issues.

The Board committees, including the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee, have adopted the applicable practices and procedures used in Board meetings.

#### **Delegation by the Board**

The day-to-day management, administration and operation of the Company are delegated to the Chief Executive Officer and the senior management. The delegated functions and work tasks are periodically reviewed. Approval has to be obtained from the Board prior to the entering into of any significant transactions by the abovementioned officers. The Board has full support from the Chief Executive Officer and the senior management to discharge its responsibilities.

### 董事會

#### 責任

董事會負責領導、批准政策、策略及計劃並監督該等 決策之實施,以確保本公司穩健成長及保障本公司 股東之利益。

董事會負責本公司所有重大事項,包括審批及監控 所有政策事項、整體策略及預算、內部監控及風險管 理機制、財務資料、董事委任及其他重大財務及營運 事項。

管理層將會編製並向董事會及其轄下委員會提供所有相關資料,以使全體董事均可全面及時取得所有相關資料。公司秘書將向董事會提供建議,致使董事會程序以及適用規則及規例均獲得遵守。董事於認為資料不足以讓彼等作出知情決定時可作進一步查詢。一般而言,各董事經向董事會要求後,均可在適當之情況下尋求獨立專業意見,費用由本公司支付。

若有主要股東或董事可能在某事項中存有利益衝突, 有關事項將透過現場會議進行討論,而不會以書面 決議案方式處理。無利益衝突之獨立非執行董事將 會出席會議,以處理有關衝突事宜。

董事會轄下委員會包括審核委員會、薪酬委員會及 提名委員會,全部已採納董事會會議沿用之適用常 規及程序。

# 董事會之授權

本公司授權行政總裁及高級管理人員處理本公司之日常管理、行政及營運。所授職能及工作任務會定期檢討。上述人員訂立任何重大交易前須獲董事會批准。董事會在行政總裁及高級管理人員之全力支援下履行其責任。

#### Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

The Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee, have specific terms of reference defining the authorities and responsibilities of the respective committees. The committees are required by their terms of reference to report to the Board in relation to their decisions, findings or recommendations, and in certain specific situations, to seek the Board's approval before taking any actions.

The Board reviews, on a yearly basis, all delegations by the Board to different committees to ensure that such delegations are appropriate and continue to be beneficial to the Company as a whole.

#### **Directors' and Officers' Liability Insurance**

The Company has arranged a Directors' and Officers' Liability Insurance Policy to provide appropriate cover for any potential claims against directors and officers. The insurance policy was renewed in April 2015.

#### **BOARD COMPOSITION**

The composition of the Board reflects the necessary balance of skills and experience desirable for effective leadership of the Company and independence in decision making. All directors devote sufficient time and attention to the affairs of the Group.

The Board currently comprises nine members, consisting of three executive directors, three non-executive directors and three independent non-executive directors.

In addition, there is no material relationship among members of the Board, save that Ms. Yang XiaoFeng, a non-executive director, is the spouse of Mr. Wong Danny F., the Chairman and an executive director of the Company.

According to the Company's Articles of Association, directors appointed to fill casual vacancy shall hold office until the next following annual general meeting after their appointment and shall be subject to re-election by shareholders. All directors are subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years.

With a view to achieving a sustainable and balanced development, the Company sees increasing diversity at the Board level as an essential element in supporting the attainment of its strategic objectives and its sustainable development. The Board has adopted a board diversity policy with effect from 4 September 2013. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會均有特定職 權範圍,界定相關委員會之權力及責任。該等委員會 須按其職權範圍就其決定、發現或推薦建議向董事 會報告, 並於若干特定情況下, 在採取任何行動前徵 求董事會批准。

董事會每年檢討董事會轉授不同委員會之所有轉授 權力,確保此等轉授權力為恰當,並持續對本公司整 體有利。

#### 董事及管理人員責任險

本公司已安排董事及管理人員責任險,為可能對董 事及管理人員提出之任何申索投購適當保險。該等 保險已於二零一五年四月續保。

#### 董事會組成

董事會之組成體現本公司有效領導及獨立決策所須 具備之適當技巧及經驗。所有董事均投入足夠時間 及精力處理本集團之事務。

董事會現時由九名成員組成,包括三名執行董事、三 名非執行董事及三名獨立非執行董事。

此外,除非執行董事楊曉峰女士為本公司之主席兼 執行董事汪曉峰先生之配偶外,董事會成員之間並 無重大關係。

根據本公司之組織章程細則,為填補臨時空缺而委 任之董事之任期直至其獲委任後之下一次股東週年 大會為止,屆時須接受股東重選。所有董事須至少每 三年輪值退任一次。

為達致可持續均衡發展,本公司認為在董事會層面 提高多樣性乃支持達致其策略目標及其可持續發展 之重要元素。董事會已由二零一三年九月四日起採 納一項董事會成員多元化政策。所有董事會之委任 將以用人唯才為原則,董事會考慮候選人時會以客 觀標準為基礎,並顧及董事會成員多元化之裨益。

Selection of candidates for Board membership will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills and knowledge.

包括但不限於候選人之性別、年齡、文化及教育背 景、種族、專業經驗、技能及知識。

During the year and up to the date of this report, the Board comprises the following directors:

於年內及截至本報告刊發日期,本公司董事會由下 列董事組成:

甄選董事會成員候選人時將會考慮多個多元化層面,

#### **Executive Directors:**

Mr. Wong Danny F. (Chairman)

Mr. Wu Tse Wai, Frederick (Stepped down as Chief Executive Officer on 19 May 2014)

Mr. Fong Chi Wah

#### Non-executive Director:

Ms. Yang XiaoFeng (Redesigned as Non-executive Director on 11 March 2014)

Mr. Gao Chengming (Appointed on 4 March 2015) Mr. Lau Chi Lung, Johnny (Appointed on 17 March 2015)

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors:**

Mr. Char Shik Ngor, Stephen

Mr. Liu Jin

Mr. Law Tze Lun

The list of directors containing the names of the directors (by category) is also disclosed in all corporate communications issued by the Company pursuant to the Listing Rules from time to time.

All independent non-executive directors of the Company are appointed for a term up to the forthcoming annual general meeting subject to renewal and re-election as and when required under the Listing Rules and the Articles of Association of the Company. All directors are subject to retirement from office by rotation and re-election at the Company's annual general meeting at least once every three years.

In accordance with Article 88 of the Company's Articles of Association, Mr. Wong Danny F., Mr. Wu Tse Wai, Frederick and Mr. Char Shik Ngor, Stephen shall retire as directors by rotation and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election as directors at the Company's annual general meetina.

In accordance with Article 87 of the Company's Articles of Association, Mr. Gao Chengming and Mr. Lau Chi Lung, Johnny shall retire as directors by rotation and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election as directors at the Company's annual general meeting.

#### 執行董事:

汪曉峰先生(主席) 吳子惠先生(於二零一四年五月十九日 卸任行政總裁一職)

方志華先生

#### 非執行董事:

楊曉峰女士(於二零一四年三月十一日 調仟為非執行董事) 高城銘先生(於二零一五年三月四日獲委任) 劉嗣龍先生(於二零一五年三月十七日獲委任)

#### 獨立非執行董事:

查錫我先生 劉維先生 羅子璘先生

列有董事姓名(按類別)之董事名單亦於本公司根據 上市規則不時刊發之所有公司通訊中披露。

本公司全體獨立非執行董事獲委任之任期直至即將 舉行之股東週年大會為止,並須根據上市規則及本 公司組織章程細則之規定續任及重選。所有董事均 須至少每三年於本公司股東週年大會上輪值退任一 次,並經重選連任。

根據組織章程細則第88條,汪曉峰先生、吳子惠先生 及查錫我先生須輪值退任董事職務,而彼等符合資 格並願意於本公司股東週年大會上重選連任董事。

根據本公司組織章程細則第87條,高城銘先生及劉 嗣龍先生須輪值退任董事職務,而彼等符合資格並 願意於本公司股東週年大會上重選連任董事。

#### Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

The presence of three independent non-executive directors is considered by the Board to be a reasonable balance between executive and nonexecutive directors. The Board is of the opinion that such balance can provide adequate checks and balances for safeguarding the interests of shareholders and of the Group. The non-executive directors provide the Group with a wide range of expertise and experience so that independent judgement can effectively be exercised as well as ensuring that the interests of all shareholders are taken into account. They are also responsible for participating in Board meetings, dealing with potential conflicts of interest, serving on the Audit Committee and the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee and scrutinizing the Group's performance and reporting. Through their active participation, they provide their valuable skills, expertise and experience to the Board and the committees on which they serve so that the management process can be critically reviewed and controlled.

董事會認為,董事會包括三名獨立非執行董事能為 執行董事與非執行董事之間提供合理平衡。董事會 亦認為此平衡能為保障股東及本集團之利益提供充 份監察及制衡。非執行董事為本集團帶來廣泛專業 知識及豐富經驗,從而能有效作出獨立判斷,並確保 所有股東之利益均獲得考慮。彼等亦負責參與董事 會會議,處理潛在利益衝突,任職於審核委員會、薪 酬委員會及提名委員會,檢視本集團之表現並進行 匯報。彼等的積極參與,為董事會及彼等任職之委員 會提供寶貴技能、專業知識及經驗,致使管理程序能 審慎地得以檢討及監控。

The Company has received written annual confirmation from each independent non-executive director of his independence pursuant to the requirements of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all its independent non-executive directors are independent in accordance with the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

根據上市規則之規定,本公司已接獲各獨立非執行 董事就其獨立性作出之年度書面確認。本公司認為, 按照上市規則第3.13條所載之獨立性指引,所有獨立 非執行董事均為獨立人士。

The independent non-executive directors bring a wide range of business and financial expertise, experiences and independent judgment to the Board. Through active participation in Board meetings, taking the lead in managing issues involving potential conflicts of interest and serving on Board committees, all independent non-executive directors make various contributions to the effective direction of the Company.

獨立非執行董事為董事會帶來廣泛業務及財務方面 之專業知識、經驗及獨立判斷。透過積極參與董事會 會議,在管理涉及潛在利益衝突事務時發揮領導作 用及出任董事會轄下委員會成員,全體獨立非執行 董事對本公司之有效指引作出多種貢獻。

### APPOINTMENT AND SUCCESSION PLANNING OF DIRECTORS

#### 董事之委任及繼任計劃

The Company has established formal, considered and transparent procedures for the appointment and succession planning of directors.

本公司已制定正式、經審慎考慮並具透明度之董事 委任及繼任計劃程序。

The Board as a whole is responsible for reviewing the Board composition, developing and formulating the relevant procedures for nomination and appointment of directors, monitoring the appointment and succession planning of directors and assessing the independence of independent non-executive directors.

總體而言,董事會負責檢討董事會之組成、發展及制 定董事提名及委任之相關程序、監控董事委任及繼 任計劃以及評估獨立非執行董事之獨立性。

The Board reviews its own structure, size and composition regularly to ensure that it has a balance of expertise, skills and experience appropriate to the requirements of the business of the Company.

董事會定期檢討其架構、人數及組成,確保具備適合 本公司業務所需之專業知識、技能及經驗。

Where vacancies on the Board exist, the Board will carry out the selection process by making reference to the skills, experience, professional knowledge, personal integrity and time commitments of the proposed candidates, the Company's needs and other relevant statutory requirements and regulations. An external recruitment agency may be engaged to carry out the recruitment and selection process when necessary.

倘董事會出現空缺,董事會將參照建議候選人之技 能、經驗、專業知識、個人操守及時間承諾、本公司 之需要及其他相關法定規定及法規執行篩選程序。 必要時可委任外部招聘代理執行招聘及篩選程序。

#### CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code stipulates that the roles of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. To ensure a balance of power and authority, Mr. Wong Danny F. and Mr. Chiu Shung Wai, Vincent (succeeded by Ms. Tian Jinging on 21 April 2015) have been appointed as the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company respectively.

# **DIRECTORS' ATTENDANCE AT** SHAREHOLDERS' MEETINGS, BOARD AND **COMMITTEE MEETINGS**

The individual attendance records of each director at shareholders' meetings, and the meetings of the Board and committees during the year are set out below:

# 主席及行政總裁

企業管治守則守則條文第A.2.1條規定主席與行政總 裁之角色應有所區分,且不應由一人同時兼任。為確 保權責得以平衡,汪曉峰先生及趙崇偉先生(由二零 一五年四月二十一日起由田晶晶女士繼任)已分別 獲委任為本公司主席及行政總裁。

# 股東大會、董事會會議及轄下委員會 會議之董事出席率

各董事於年內出席股東大會、董事會會議及轄下委 員會會議之個別出席記錄詳列如下:

# Number of meetings attended/held

出席/舉行會議次數

			Audit	Remuneration	Nomination		
		Board	Committee	Committee	Committee	AGM	EGM
Name of Directors	董事姓名	董事會	審核委員會	薪酬委員會	提名委員會	股東週年大會	股東特別大會
<b>Executive Directors</b>	執行董事						
Mr. Wong Danny F.	汪曉峰先生	14/15	-	-	-	0/1	0/3
Mr. Wu Tse Wai, Frederick	吳子惠先生	12/15	-	-	-	0/1	0/3
Mr. Fong Chi Wah	方志華先生	11/15	-	-	-	1/1	0/3
Non-executive Director	非執行董事						
Ms. Yang XiaoFeng	楊曉峰女士						
(Redesignated as	(於二零一四年						
Non-executive Director	三月十一日調任						
on 11 March 2014)	為非執行董事)	14/15	_	1/1		0/1	0/3
Mr. Gao Chengming	高城銘先生						
(Appointed on	(於二零一五年						
4 March 2015)	三月四日獲委任)	_	_	_		-	-
Mr. Lau Chi Lung, Johnny	劉嗣龍先生						
(Appointed on	(於二零一五年						
17 March 2015)	三月十七日						
	獲委任)	-	-	-	-	_	-
Independent	獨立非執行董事						
Non-executive Directors							
Mr. Char Shik Ngor, Stephen	查錫我先生	11/15	2/2	-	2/2	0/1	3/3
Mr. Liu Jin	劉進先生	11/15	2/2	1/1	2/2	0/1	0/3
Mr. Law Tze Lun	羅子璘先生	10/15	2/2	1/1	2/2	1/1	3/3

#### PRACTICES AND CONDUCT OF MEETINGS

Annual meeting schedules and draft agenda of each meeting are normally made available to directors in advance. Notices of regular Board meetings are served to all directors at least 14 days before the meetings, who were all given an opportunity to include matters in the agenda for discussion. For other Board and committee meetings, reasonable notice is generally given.

The Company Secretary assists the Chairman in preparing agenda for the meeting and ensures that all applicable rules and regulations in connection with the meetings are observed and complied with. The finalized agenda and accompanying board papers are then sent to all directors at least three days prior to the meeting.

During the year, the Chairman held a meeting with non-executive directors (including independent non-executive Directors) without the presence of executive directors. The Board and each director also have separate and independent access to the senior management whenever necessary.

The Company Secretary is responsible to take and keep minutes of all Board meetings and committee meetings, including the record of all decisions by the Board together with concerns raised and dissenting views expressed (if any). Draft minutes are normally circulated to directors for comment within a reasonable time after each meeting and the final version is open for directors' inspection.

According to current Board practice, any material transaction, which involves a conflict of interests for a substantial shareholder or a director, will be considered and dealt with by the Board at a duly convened Board meeting. The Articles of Association also contain provisions requiring directors to abstain from voting and not to be counted in the quorum at meetings for approving transactions in which such directors and/or any of their associates have a material interest.

#### SHAREHOLDERS' MEETINGS

The annual general meeting and other general meetings of the Company are the primary forum for communication by the Company with its shareholders and for shareholders' participation. All shareholders are encouraged to attend the general meetings or to appoint proxies to attend and vote at meetings on their behalf if they are unable to attend the meetings.

During the year, apart from the 2014 AGM, the Company held other general meetings on 13 January 2014, 25 February 2014 and 28 March 2014 respectively.

#### 會議常規及守則

週年大會之安排及每次會議之草擬議程通常提前提 交予董事。定期董事會會議通知均於會議前至少十四 天送達全體董事,以便彼等有機會在議程中加入討 論事項。至於召開其他董事會會議及轄下委員會會 議時,則通常會發出合理通知。

公司秘書協助主席編排會議議程,並確保遵守及依循有關會議之所有適用規則及規例。最終確定之議程及隨附之董事會文件隨後將在會議召開至少三天前送交全體董事。

主席於年內曾於執行董事避席之情況下,與非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)舉行一次會議。於必要情況下,董事會及每名董事亦有自行接觸高級管理人員之獨立途徑。

公司秘書負責記錄及保管所有董事會會議及轄下委員會會議之會議紀錄,包括董事會所有決定之紀錄, 連同所提出之疑慮及所表達之反對意見(如有)。會 議紀錄初稿通常在各會議後一段合理時間內發送予 董事傳閱,供董事表達意見,而最終定稿可供董事查 閱。

根據現行之董事會常規,涉及與主要股東或董事有 利益衝突之任何重大交易將由董事會於正式召開之 董事會會議上考慮及處理。組織章程細則亦載有條 文規定,於批准董事及/或其任何聯繫人擁有重大 利益之交易之會議上,有關董事須放棄表決,且不得 計入該次會議之法定人數內。

#### 股東大會

本公司股東週年大會及其他股東大會乃本公司與其股東溝通及讓股東參與之主要途徑。本公司鼓勵所有股東出席股東大會:若股東未克出席大會,亦可委派代表代其出席並於會上投票。

除二零一四年股東週年大會外,本公司年內曾分別 於二零一四年一月十三日、二零一四年二月二十五 日及二零一四年三月二十八日舉行其他股東大會。

#### TRAINING AND SUPPORT FOR DIRECTORS

All directors, including non-executive directors and independent non-executive directors, must keep abreast of their collective responsibilities as directors and of the business of the Group. As such, the Group provides a comprehensive and formal induction to each newly appointed director upon his/her appointment. Briefings and orientations are provided and organised to ensure that the new directors are familiar with the role of the Board, their legal and other duties as directors as well as the business and governance practices of the Group. Such programmes are tailored for each individual director taking into account his/her background and expertise. The Company Secretary will continuously update all directors on the latest developments regarding the Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements to ensure compliance of the same by all directors.

All directors also participated in continuous professional development programmes provided or procured by the Group, such as external seminars organised by qualified professionals, to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills in relation to their contribution to the Board. The record of the trainings received by the respective directors, which are kept and updated by the Company Secretary, is as follows:

# 董事培訓及支援

所有董事(包括非執行董事及獨立非執行董事)須不時了解其作為董事之共同責任及本集團業務。因此,本集團於每名新任董事接任後提供一次全面而正規之簡介,並為新任董事提供及安排簡報及介紹,以確保彼等熟悉董事會之角色、彼等作為董事所擔負之法律和其他責任,以及本集團之業務及管治常規。此等計劃乃考慮到各個別董事之背景和專業知識而為彼等度身制定。公司秘書將繼續向董事會提供有關上市規則及其他適用監管規定最新發展之最新資料,以確保各董事遵守該等規則及規定。

全體董事亦參與本集團提供或安排之持續專業發展計劃,例如由合資格專業人士舉辦之外界研討會,以發展及更新與彼等對董事會作出貢獻有關之知識和技能。董事各自接受培訓之紀錄由公司秘書保存及更新,有關紀錄如下:

Name of Directors	董事姓名	Types of Trainings 培訓類型		
Mr. Wong Danny F.	汪曉峰先生	A, B		
Mr. Wu Tse Wai, Frederick	吳子惠先生	A, B		
Mr. Fong Chi Wah	方志華先生	A, B		
Ms. Yang XiaoFeng	楊曉峰女士	A, B		
Mr. Gao Chengming	高城銘先生	A, B		
Mr. Lau Chi Lung, Johnny	劉嗣龍先生	A, B		
Mr. Char Shik Ngor, Stephen	查錫我先生	A, B		
Mr. Liu Jin	劉進先生	A, B		
Mr. Law Tze Lun	羅子璘先生	A, B		

A: Attending seminars and/or conferences and/or talks

B: Reading updates on latest development and changes in the Listing Rules and other relevant legal and regulatory requirements.

Each director will, upon his/her first appointment and thereafter on a yearly basis, disclose to the Group the number and nature of offices held by him/her in public companies and organisations and other significant commitments.

A: 出席座談會及/或會議及/或講座

B: 閲覽有關上市規則及其他相關法律及監管規定之 最新發展及變動之最新資料

每位董事將於其首次接受委任時及隨後每年向本集 團披露其於公眾公司及組織擔任職位之數目及性質 以及其他重大承擔。

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Mr. Law Kim Fai has been appointed as the Company Secretary of the Company. He has taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional trainings to update his skills and knowledge during the year.

#### **DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS**

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct for dealing in securities by the directors of the Company. Based on specific enquiry with directors, all directors confirmed that they have complied with the required standards as set out in the Model Code throughout the year.

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE AND ACCOUNTABILITY**

The Board is responsible for presenting a balanced, clear and comprehensive assessment of the Group's performance and prospects. The Board is also responsible for preparing the accounts of the Company, which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group on a going-concern basis, announcements related to inside information and other financial disclosures. The management of the Group provides all relevant information and records to the Board enabling it to make the above assessment and to prepare the accounts and other financial disclosures.

No member of the Audit Committee is a former partner of the existing auditing firm of the Company within one year from the date of his ceasing to be a partner or have any financial interest in the auditing firm.

The Audit Committee is satisfied with its review of the independence of auditors, their audit process and also the standard of reports aforesaid. The Audit Committee made recommendations to the Board and that there was no disagreement between the Board and the Audit Committee during the year under review.

The Audit Committee's primary duties include ensuring the Group's financial statements, annual, interim and quarterly reports and the auditors' report present a true and balanced assessment of the Group's financial position, reviewing the Group's financial control, internal control and risk management systems, and reviewing the Group's financial and accounting policies and practices. Other duties of the Audit Committee are set out in its specific terms of reference which are posted on the Company's website.

#### 公司秘書

羅劍輝先生已獲委任為本公司之公司秘書。彼於年內已接受不少於15個小時之相關專業培訓,以更新其新技能及知識。

#### 董事之證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載之上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」),作為本公司董事進行證券交易之行為守則。於向董事作出具體查詢後,全體董事確認彼等於年內一直遵守標準守則所載之規定標準。

# 審核委員會及問責性

董事會負責對本集團表現及前景呈列持平、清晰及全面之評估。董事會亦負責編製以持續經營為基準真實而中肯地反映本集團財務狀況之本公司賬目、有關內幕消息之公告及其他財務披露。本集團管理層向董事會提供所有相關資料及紀錄,致使董事會可作出上述評估,以及編製賬目及其他財務披露。

概無審核委員會成員在其終止出任本公司現時審核公司的合夥人或享有該審核公司之任何財務利益之日期起計一年內,為該審核公司的前任合夥人。

審核委員會對核數師之獨立性、彼等核數程序及上述報告準則之檢討感到滿意。於回顧年度,審核委員會向董事會提出推薦建議,而董事會與審核委員會之間並無意見分歧。

審核委員會之主要職責包括確保本集團之財務報表、 年度、中期及季度報告以及核數師報告真實及持平 地評估本集團之財務狀況、檢討本集團之財務監控、 內部監控及風險管理系統及檢討本集團之財務及會 計政策及常規。審核委員會之其他職責列於其特定 職權範圍內,而有關職權範圍已載於本公司網站。 The Audit Committee of the Company currently comprises three independent non-executive directors, Mr. Liu Jin, Mr. Char Shik Ngor, Stephen and Mr. Law Tze Lun. Mr. Law Tze Lun serves as the chairman of the Audit Committee.

本公司審核委員會現時由三名獨立非執行董事劉進 先生、查錫我先生及羅子璘先生組成。羅子璘先生為 審核委員會主席。

During the year, two meetings of the Audit Committee were held to review the Company's interim report for the six months ended 30 June 2014 and the annual report for the year ended 31 December 2013.

審核委員會於年內曾舉行兩次會議,審閱本公司截至二零一四年六月三十日止六個月之中期報告及截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度之年報。

The Company Secretary keeps full minutes of all Audit Committee meetings. In line with practices consistent with Board meetings and other committee meetings, draft and final versions of Audit Committee meeting minutes are circulated to all members of the Audit Committee for comments, approval and record as soon as practicable after each meeting.

公司秘書保存所有審核委員會會議之完整會議紀錄。 為符合董事會會議及其他轄下委員會會議之常規, 審核委員會之會議紀錄初稿及最終定稿須於每次會 議結束後,在切實可行情況下盡快發送予審核委員 會全體成員傳閱,以供評論、批准及記錄之用。

The principal duties of the Audit Committee as per the terms of reference include:

根據職權範圍,審核委員會之主要職責包括:

- to monitor integrity of the Company's financial statements and reports;
- 監察本公司財務報表及報告是否符合誠信;
- to review financial controls, internal controls, and risk management system;
- 檢討財務監控、內部監控及風險管理系統;
- to review the Company's financial and accounting policies and practices;
- 檢討本公司之財務及會計政策與慣例;
- to review arrangements by which employees, in confidence can raise concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal control or other matters. The Committee shall ensure that proper arrangements are in place for the fair and independent investigation of such concerns and appropriate follow up actions; and
- 檢討讓僱員可在機密情況下就財務匯報、內部 監控或其他事宜可能發生之不當行為提出關注 之安排。委員會應確保有適當安排,以便對該 等關注作出公平獨立之調查及採取適當跟進行 動;及
- to act as the key representative body to oversee the Company's relations with the external auditors.
- 擔任本公司與外部核數師間之主要代表,監察兩者間之關係。

The Audit Committee is provided with sufficient resources to discharge its duties and has access to independent professional advice when necessary. The Company's annual report for the year has been reviewed by the Audit Committee.

審核委員會獲提供充裕資源履行其職務,亦可在有需要時尋求獨立專業意見。本公司於本年度之年報已由審核委員會審閱。

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

The Remuneration Committee of the Company currently comprises two independent non-executive directors, Mr. Liu Jin and Mr. Law Tze Lun, and one non-executive director, Ms. Yang XiaoFeng. Mr. Liu Jin also serves as the chairman of the Remuneration Committee.

The specific terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are posted on the Company's website. The Remuneration Committee meets at least once a year. During the year, the Remuneration Committee had convened one meeting and all Remuneration Committee members attended the meeting.

The major roles and functions of the Remuneration Committee as per the terms of reference are as follows:

- to make recommendations to the Board on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy;
- to determine specific remuneration packages of all executive directors and senior management, including benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments, including any compensation payable for loss or termination of their office or appointment. The Committee should consider factors such as salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities of directors, employment conditions elsewhere in the Group and desirability of performance-based remuneration;
- to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of non-executive directors:
- to review and approve the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives;
- to review and approve compensation payable to executive directors and senior management in connection with any loss or termination of their office or appointment to ensure that such compensation is determined in accordance with contractual terms and that such compensation is otherwise fair and not excessive for the Company;
- to review and approve compensation arrangements relating to dismissal or removal of directors for misconduct to ensure that such arrangement is made in accordance with contractual terms and that any compensation payment is otherwise reasonable and appropriate; and
- to advise shareholders on how to vote with respect to any service contracts of directors that require shareholders' approval under the Listing Rules.

# 薪酬委員會

本公司薪酬委員會現時由兩名獨立非執行董事劉進 先生及羅子璘先生以及一名非執行董事楊曉峰女士 組成。劉進先生亦擔任薪酬委員會主席。

薪酬委員會之特定職權範圍已載於本公司網站。薪酬委員會每年最少開會一次。薪酬委員會於本年度曾召開一次會議,而全體薪酬委員會成員均有出席該會議。

根據職權範圍,以下為薪酬委員會主要角色和職能:

- 為制訂薪酬政策,就設立正規及透明之程序向 董事會提出推薦建議;
- 釐訂全體執行董事及高級管理人員之特定薪酬方案,包括實物利益、退休金權利及賠償金額(包括就喪失或終止職務或委任而應支付之任何賠償)。委員會應考慮之因素包括同類公司支付之薪金、董事付出之時間承諾及董事職責、本集團內其他職位之僱用條件及按表現釐訂薪酬方案之可取性等;
- 向董事會建議非執行董事之薪酬;
- 参照董事會之企業目標及宗旨,檢討及批准管理層之薪酬建議;
- 檢討及批准就喪失或終止職務或委任應向執行 董事及高級管理人員支付之賠償,以確保該等 賠償按有關合約條款釐定;否則,有關賠償亦 須公平,不會對本公司造成過重負擔;
- 檢討及批准董事因行為失當而被解僱或罷免所 涉及之賠償安排,以確保該等安排按有關合約 條款作出;否則,有關賠償亦須合理及適當;及
- 向股東提議如何就根據上市規則須獲股東批准 之任何董事服務合約投票。

The Remuneration Committee shall be provided with sufficient resources to enable it to perform its functions and the Remuneration Committee has right to access professional advice relating to remuneration proposal when it is considered necessary. The principle elements of the Company's remuneration policy for directors and senior management are:

薪酬委員會將獲得充足資源履行其職能,亦有權在 其認為有需要時就薪酬建議尋求專業意見。本公司 董事及高級管理人員之薪酬政策之要旨如下:

- to ensure that no director or any of his/her associates is involved in deciding his/her own remuneration;
- to ensure that remuneration packages should be on a par with companies with whom the Company competes for human resources;
- to ensure that remuneration packages should reflect the performance and responsibilities of an individual, as well as the complexity of work; and
- to ensure that remuneration packages should be structured in such a way which can provide incentives to directors and senior management to improve their individual performance.

During the year, the Remuneration Committee reviewed matters relating to remuneration packages of directors and senior management.

#### **NOMINATION COMMITTEE**

The Nomination Committee of the Company comprises three independent non-executive directors, Mr. Char Shik Ngor, Stephen, Mr. Liu Jin and Mr. Law Tze Lun. Mr. Char Shik Ngor, Stephen also serves as the chairman of the Nomination Committee.

The specific terms of reference of the Nomination Committee are posted on the Company's website. The Nomination Committee meets at least once a year. For the year, the Nomination Committee had convened two meetings and all Nomination Committee members attended the meeting.

The major roles and functions of the Nomination Committee as per the terms of reference are as follows:

- to formulate nomination policy for the Board's consideration and implement the Board's approved nomination policy;
- to review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board at least annually and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy;
- to identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individual nominated for directorships;

- 確保董事或其任何聯繫人均不得參與釐定其薪酬;
- 確保薪酬方案應與跟本公司競逐人力資源之公司提供之薪酬方案大致相若;
- 確保薪酬方案應反映個別人員之表現、責任及 工作之複雜性;及
- 確保薪酬方案須能激勵董事及高級管理人員, 以提升彼等個人表現。

薪酬委員會已於年內檢討有關董事及高級管理人員 薪酬方案之事宜。

# 提名委員會

本公司提名委員會由三名獨立非執行董事查錫我先生、劉進先生及羅子璘先生組成。查錫我先生亦擔任 提名委員會主席。

提名委員會之特定職權範圍已載於本公司網站。提 名委員會每年最少開會一次。提名委員會於本年度 曾召開兩次會議,而全體提名委員會成員均有出席 該會議。

根據職權範圍,以下為提名委員會主要角色和職能:

- 制訂提名政策供董事會考慮,以及實行經董事 會批准之提名政策;
- 每年最少一次檢討董事會之架構、人數及組成 (包括技能、知識及經驗方面),並就任何擬作 出之變動向董事會提出推薦建議,以補充本公 司之企業策略;
- 物色具備合適資格可擔任董事會成員之人士, 並挑選提名有關人士出任董事或就此向董事會 提供推薦建議;

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- to assess the independence of independent non-executive directors;
- to make recommendations to the Board on relevant matters relating to the appointment or re-appointment of directors and the succession planning for the Chairman, the Chief Executive Officer as well as the senior management;
- to do any such things to enable the Committee to discharge its powers and functions conferred on it by the Board;
- to conform to any requirement, direction and regulation that may from time to time be prescribed by the Board or contained in the Company's constitution or imposed by legislation;
- to review the Company's Board diversity policy and the progress on achieving the objectives set for implementing the said policy;
- to report to the Board on its decisions and recommendations as and when appropriate and at least once annually; and
- the Nomination Committee shall be provided with sufficient resources to enable it to perform its functions and where necessary, to be allowed to seek independent professional advice at the Company's expense.

The Nomination Committee had performed the following work during the year:

- Reviewed the composition of the Board of Directors of the Company;
- (ii) Assessed the independence of independent non-executive directors; and
- (iii) Determined the suitability, duties and responsibilities of Mr. Chiu Shung Wai, Vincent as the Chief Executive Officer.

#### **AUDITORS' REMUNERATION**

For the year, the total remuneration for the audit services provided by auditors amounted to approximately HK\$350,000 (2013: HK\$200,000) and HK\$170,000 (2013: HK\$170,000) for non-audit services, including professional fee for circular.

The re-appointment of HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited as auditors of the Company has been recommended by the Audit Committee and endorsed by the Board and is subject to approval by the shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

- 評核獨立非執行董事之獨立性;
- 就與董事之委任及再度委任以及主席、行政總 裁及高級管理人員繼任計劃有關之事宜向董事 會提供推薦建議:
- 進行可讓委員會履行董事會所賦予之權力及職 能之任何事情;
- 符合董事會可不時指定或本公司組織章程不時所載或法例不時施加之任何要求、指示及規例:
- 檢討本公司之董事會成員多元化政策及在達成 為實行上述政策而設定之目標方面之進度;
- 於適當時候及最少每年一次向董事會匯報其決 定及推薦建議;及
- 提名委員會獲提供足夠資源以履行其職能,並 於有需要時可尋求獨立專業意見,費用由本公 司承擔。

提名委員會於年內進行以下工作:

- (i) 檢討本公司董事會之組成;
- (ii) 評估獨立非執行董事之獨立性;及
- (iii) 釐定趙崇偉先生是否勝任行政總裁一職以及其 職務及職責。

# 核數師酬金

於本年度,有關核數師提供之審核服務之酬金總額約為350,000港元(二零一三年:200,000港元),而提供非審核服務之酬金總額(包括通函專業費用)則約為170,000港元(二零一三年:170,000港元)。

審核委員會建議再度委任國衛會計師事務所有限公司為本公司之核數師,有關建議已獲董事會同意,惟 須待股東於即將舉行之股東週年大會上批准。

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTION**

No corporate governance committee has been established and the Board will therefore be responsible for performing the corporate governance functions such as developing and reviewing the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance, training and continuous professional development of directors and senior management, the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, etc.

During the year, the Board has reviewed the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance.

# INTERNAL CONTROLS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Board has overall responsibilities for the system of internal controls and risk management of the Company and to review its effectiveness. During the year, the Board has reviewed the effectiveness of the Group's internal control system, covering financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions.

In such review, the Board has considered factors such as changes since the last review, scope and quality of the management's monitoring of risks, incidence of significant control failings and identified weaknesses, and effectiveness relating to financial reporting and compliance with the applicable laws and regulations including the Listing Rules.

During the year, the Company was exposed to market risk for its AFS financial assets, including the embedded derivatives, as the Company may not be able to liquidate such investments in time to meet its cash flow requirements. In response to this situation, the Board has maintained a portfolio of listed securities and a relatively strong cash position.

The portfolio of listed securities, classified as financial assets at FVTPL in the balance sheet, may be exposed to market price risk. The Board will continue to monitor the portfolio with an aim to reduce such risk by diversification.

#### **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT**

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for preparation of financial statements for each financial period which should give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the results and cash flow for that period. The directors ensure that the financial statements for the year were prepared in accordance with statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards, and will ensure that the publication of which will be in a timely manner.

#### 企業管治職能

由於本公司並未成立企業管治委員會,故此董事會 將負責履行企業管治職能,例如發展及檢討本公司 之企業管治政策及常規、董事及高級管理人員之培 訓及持續專業發展、本公司在遵守法律及監管規定 方面之政策及常規等。

董事會已於年內檢討本公司之企業管治政策及常規。

#### 內部監控及風險管理

董事會對本公司內部監控制度及風險管理負有總體 責任,並須檢討其成效。年內,董事會曾檢討本集團 內部監控制度之成效,涵蓋財務、營運及合規監控, 以及風險管理職能。

董事會於檢討時已考慮多項因素,例如自上次檢討 以來之轉變、管理層監察風險之工作範疇及質素、重 大監控失誤事故及已辨識之弱項,以及有關財務報 告及遵守適用法律及法例(包括上市規則)之成效。

年內,由於本公司未必能及時將可供出售金融資產(包括內含衍生工具)變現,應付其現金流量需求,故本公司須承受該等投資之市場風險。因應此情況,董事會維持由上市證券組成之投資組合及較充裕之現金狀況。

上市證券投資組合(於資產負債表歸類為於損益表按公允價值列賬之金融資產)可能須承受市場價格 風險。董事會將繼續監察該投資組合,並通過分散投 資減低有關風險。

#### 董事責任聲明

董事確認彼等負責編製各財政期間之財務報表,以 令財務報表真實而公平地反映本公司之財務狀況以 及該期間之業績及現金流量。董事確保本年度之財 務報表乃按法定規定及適用會計準則編製,並會確 保適時刊發該等財務報表。

# SHAREHOLDERS RELATIONS

The Company is committed to maintaining a high level of transparency and employs a policy of open and timely disclosure of relevant information to its shareholders. The commitments to fair disclosure and comprehensive and transparent reporting of the Company's activities can be reflected in many aspects.

In endeavouring to maintain an on-going dialogue with shareholders, the annual general meeting provides a useful forum for shareholders to exchange views with the Board.

The proceedings of the annual general meeting are reviewed from time to time to ensure that the Company conforms to the best practices regarding corporate governance. The notice of annual general meeting and the relevant circular, which are circulated to all shareholders at least 21 days prior to the holding of the annual general meeting, set out the details in relation to each resolution proposed, voting procedures (including procedures for demanding and conducting a poll) and other relevant information. At the beginning of the meeting, the chairman of the meeting indicates to the meeting the level of proxies lodged on each resolution and the balance for and against such resolution. At the Company's 2014 AGM, all the resolutions were put to the vote by poll and Tricor Tengis Limited, the Company's Hong Kong branch share registrar, was engaged as scrutineer to ensure the votes were properly counted.

There are no provisions allowing shareholders to propose new resolutions at general meetings under the Cayman Islands Companies Law or the Articles of Association of the Company. Shareholders who wish to propose a resolution may request the Company to convene an extraordinary general meeting.

Pursuant to Article 58 of the Articles of Association of the Company, any one or more shareholder(s) holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the Company Secretary at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition. Such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within 21 days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

#### 股東關係

本公司承諾維持高水平之透明度,並設有政策致力 向股東公開及適時披露有關資料。對公平披露及全 面且透徹報導本公司活動之承諾可在多方面得到反 映。

董事會致力維持與股東持續對話溝通。股東週年大會提供一個實用之公開討論機會,以便董事會與股東交流意見。

股東週年大會之程序被不時檢討,以確保本公司遵從最佳之企業管治常規。股東週年大會之通告及相關通函於舉行股東週年大會前最少二十一天派發予各股東:通函內列明所提呈每項決議案之詳情,投票方式表決之程序(包括要求及進行以投票方式表決之程序)及其他有關資料。在大會開始時,大會主席向大會表明每項決議案之委任代表投票比例,以及對票數。於本公司之二零一四年股東週年大大會大所有決議案均以投票方式表決,而本公司之一零十份登記分處卓佳登捷時有限公司獲聘擔任監票員,以確保妥為點算票數。

開曼群島公司法或本公司組織章程細則並無任何條 文允許股東於股東大會上提呈新決議案。有意提呈 決議案之股東可要求本公司召開股東特別大會。

Where notice of general meeting includes the election of directors of the Company, any shareholder of the Company may propose the election of any person as a director of the Company at the annual general meeting. Pursuant to Article 89 of the Articles of Association of the Company, if a shareholder duly qualified to attend and vote at the general meeting wishes to propose a person other than a retiring director for election as a director at any general meeting (including the annual general meeting), the shareholder should lodge a written notice (the "Nomination Notice") signed by the shareholder at the head office or Registration Office (as defined in the Articles of Association) of the Company not less than seven clear days but not more than 14 clear days before the date of the general meeting. The Nomination Notice must be accompanied by a notice signed by the person to be proposed of his willingness to be elected as a director.

倘股東大會通告包括推選本公司董事之事宜,任何本公司股東均可建議任何人士於股東週年大會上參選本公司董事。根據本公司組織章程細則第89條,倘正式合資格出席股東大會並於會上投票的股東有意建議任何人士(並非退任董事)於任何股東大會(包括股東週年大會)上參選董事,則應於該股東大會舉行日期前不少於七個整日但不多於十四個整日,向率公司之總辦事處或過戶登記處(定義見組織章程細則)呈交一份經其簽署之書面通知(「提名通知」)。提名通知必須連同一份由擬參選人士簽署並表明參選董事意向之通知一併呈交。

The Company also communicates to its shareholders through its annual and interim reports. The directors, Company Secretary or other appropriate members of senior management also respond promptly to inquiries from shareholders and investors.

本公司亦透過年報及中期報告與其股東溝通。董事、公司秘書或其他適合之高級管理人員均會迅速回應 股東及投資者之問題。

Shareholders may at any time send their enquiries to the Board in writing to the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Tengis Limited, at Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong.

股東可隨時致函至本公司之香港股份登記分處卓佳 登捷時有限公司(地址為香港皇后大道東183號合和 中心22樓),向董事會提出查詢。

#### **INVESTOR RELATIONS**

#### 投資者關係

The Company is committed to a policy of open and timely disclosure of corporate information to shareholders and investors. The Company updates shareholders on its latest business developments and financial performance through its annual and interim reports and notices, announcements and circulars. The Company's website (www.nif-hk.com) provides a communication platform to the public and the shareholders.

本公司致力保持向股東及投資者公開及適時披露公司資料之政策。本公司透過年度及中期報告、通告、公告及通函更新股東有關業務發展和財務表現之最新資料。本公司網站(www.nif-hk.com)為公眾及股東提供溝通平台。

To strengthen its relationships with investors, the Company regularly meets with analysts and holds interviews with reporters and columnists of the press and other economic journals.

本公司定期會見分析員,並接受新聞界及其他財經 雜誌刊物之記者及專欄作者採訪,以加強與投資者 之關係。

During the year, there had been no significant change in the Company's constitutional documents.

年內,本公司之憲章文件並無重大變動。

# Directors' Report 董事報告

The directors have the pleasure in presenting this annual report and the audited financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for the year.

董事欣然提呈本公司及其附屬公司本年度之年報及 經審核財務報表。

#### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The Company was incorporated on 28 June 2002 as an exempted company with limited liability in the Cayman Islands under the Companies Law, Cap.22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands. The principal activity of the Company is investment in listed and unlisted companies.

Shares of the Company have been listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange since 27 September 2002.

Business or geographical analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities for the year is set out in Note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS**

The state of affairs of the Group and the Company as at 31 December 2014 and the results of the Group for the year are set out in the consolidated financial statements on pages 44 to 47.

The directors do not recommend the payment of any final dividend for the year (2013: Nil).

#### SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the movements in the share capital of the Company during the year are set out in Note 26 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **RESERVES**

Details of the movements in the reserves of the Group and the Company during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 48 and 49 and Note 27 to the consolidated financial statements.

As at 31 December 2014, the Company's available reserves for distribution to shareholders under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands were approximately HK\$249,407,000 (2013: approximately HK\$111,947,000).

#### PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group and the Company during the year are set out in Note 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

# 主要業務

本公司於二零零二年六月二十八日根據開曼群島法 例第22章公司法(一九六一年第3條法例·經綜合及 修訂)在開曼群島註冊成立為獲豁免有限責任公司。 本公司之主要業務為投資於上市及非上市公司。

本公司股份由二零零二年九月二十七日起在聯交所 主板上市。

按業務或地區劃分之本集團年內資產及負債分析載 於綜合財務報表附註6。

#### 業績及分派

本集團及本公司截至二零一四年十二月三十一日之 狀況及本集團本年度之業績載於第44至47頁之綜合 財務報表。

董事不建議就本年度派發末期股息(二零一三年:無)。

#### 股本

本公司年內之股本變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註 26。

#### 儲備

本集團及本公司年內之儲備變動詳情載於第48和49 頁之綜合權益變動表及綜合財務報表附註27。

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日,根據開曼群島公司法,本公司可分發予股東之儲備約249,407,000港元(二零一三年:約111,947,000港元)。

#### 物業、廠房及設備

本集團及本公司年內之物業、廠房及設備變動詳情 載於綜合財務報表附註17。

#### **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association and there is no restriction against such rights under the laws of the Cayman Islands.

# PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the year, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

#### **DIRECTORS**

The directors of the Company during the financial year and up to the date of this report were:

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Wong Danny F. (Chairman)

Mr. Wu Tse Wai, Frederick (Stepped down as Chief Executive Officer on 19 May 2014)

Mr. Fong Chi Wah

#### Non-executive Director

Ms. Yang XiaoFeng (Redesignated as Non-executive Director on 11 March 2014)

Mr. Gao Chengming (Appointed on 4 March 2015)

Mr. Lau Chi Lung, Johnny (Appointed on 17 March 2015)

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Char Shik Ngor, Stephen

Mr. Liu Jin

Mr. Law Tze Lun

In accordance with Article 88 of the Company's Articles of Association, Mr. Wong Danny F., Mr. Wu Tse Wai, Frederick and Mr. Char Shik Ngor, Stephen, shall retire as directors by rotation and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election as directors at the Company's annual general meeting.

In accordance with Article 87 of the Company's Articles of Association, Mr. Gao Chengming and Mr. Lau Chi Lung, Johnny shall retire as directors by rotation and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election as directors at the Company's annual general meeting.

# 優先購買權

本公司之組織章程大綱及組織章程細則並無有關優 先購買權之條文,而開曼群島法例亦無有關該權利 之限制。

# 購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市證券

本公司或其任何附屬公司於年內概無購買、出售或 贖回任何本公司之上市證券。

#### 董事

本公司於本財政年度及截至本報告日期之董事如下:

#### 執行董事

汪曉峰先生(主席) 吳子惠先生(於二零一四年五月十九日 卸任行政總裁一職)

方志華先生

#### 非執行董事

楊曉峰女士(於二零一四年三月十一日 調任為非執行董事) 高城銘先生(於二零一五年三月四日獲委任) 劉嗣龍先生(於二零一五年三月十七日獲委任)

#### 獨立非執行董事

查錫我先生 劉進先生 羅子璘先生

根據本公司之組織章程細則第88條,汪曉峰先生、吳子惠先生及查錫我先生須輪值退任董事職務,而彼等符合資格並願意於本公司股東週年大會上重選連任董事。

根據本公司之組織章程細則第87條,高城銘先生及 劉嗣龍先生須輪值退任董事職務,而彼等符合資格 並願意於本公司股東週年大會上重選連任董事。

#### **DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS**

Currently, all executive directors have entered into service contracts with the Company for a term of two years. Each of these executive directors is entitled to his respective basic salary. In addition, in respect of each financial year of the Company, each of the executive directors is also entitled to a discretionary bonus provided that the aggregate amount of the bonuses payable to all executive directors may not exceed 15% of the audited net profit of the Company (after taxation but before extraordinary and exceptional items and payment of such bonuses) in respect of that financial year of the Company. An executive director is required to abstain from voting and is not counted in the quorum in respect of any resolution of the directors regarding the amount of the monthly salary and the discretionary bonus payable to him.

In respect of the non-executive directors and independent non-executive directors, each of them has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company respectively for a term up to the forthcoming annual general meeting and their appointments will be terminated by the giving of not less than 14 days' notice in writing by either party. All directors of the Company, including independent non-executive directors, are subject to retirement by rotation in accordance with the Company's Articles of Association.

Save as disclosed above, no other director has entered into service agreement with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

#### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS**

The directors' interests in contracts are set out in Note 35 to the consolidated financial statements. Apart from the foregoing, there was no contract of significance in relation to the Company's business, to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party, and in which a director had a material interest in, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

# DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBT SECURITIES

Other than those disclosed under the section headed "Interests in Share Options" below, at no time during the year was the Company a party to any arrangement to enable the directors or chief executive of the Company (including their spouses or children under 18 years of age) to have any right to subscribe for securities of the Company or any or its associated corporations as defined in the SFO or to acquire benefits by means of acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other corporate.

#### 董事服務合約

目前,全體執行董事均已與本公司訂立為期兩年之服務合約。該等執行董事各自有權收取彼等相關基本薪金。此外,於本公司每個財政年度,各執行董事均有權獲發酌情花紅,惟本公司於任何財政年度應支付予全體執行董事之花紅總額不可超出本公司於該財政年度經審計之溢利淨額(除稅後但未計非經常性與特殊項目及支付該等花紅前)之15%。執行董事須就有關向彼支付之月薪和酌情花紅金額之任何董事決議案放棄表決,亦不得計入法定人數內。

各非執行董事及獨立非執行董事均已與本公司訂立委任書,各任期均直至即將舉行之股東週年大會止,而彼等之委任可由任何一方發出不少於十四天書面通知予以終止。本公司所有董事(包括獨立非執行董事)須根據本公司之組織章程細則輪值退任。

除上文所披露者外,概無其他董事已與本公司訂立 任何本公司不可於一年內終止而毋須作出賠償(法 定賠償除外)之服務協議。

# 董事於合約之權益

董事於合約之權益載於綜合財務報表附註35。除上述者外,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無訂立與本公司業務有關而董事於當中擁有直接或間接重大權益,並於年末或年內任何時間仍然生效之重大合約。

### 董事買入股份或債務證券之權利

除下文題為「購股權權益」之章節所披露者外,本公司於年內概無參與任何安排,使本公司董事或最高行政人員(包括彼等之配偶或十八歲以下子女)擁有可認購本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券條例)證券之權利,或可藉買入本公司或任何其他法人團體之股份或債券而獲益。

# **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS**

None of the directors is interested in any business apart from the Group's business which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group.

# **DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE** INTERESTS IN EQUITY OR DEBT SECURITIES

As at 31 December, 2014, the interests or short positions of the directors and chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register maintained by the Company under section 352 of the SFO or as notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code were as below:

# 董事於競爭業務之權益

除本集團之業務外,董事概無於任何直接或間接與本 集團業務構成競爭或可能構成競爭之業務中擁有權

# 董事及最高行政人員於股本或債務證 券之權益

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日,本公司董事及最 高行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證 券條例第XV部)之股份、相關股份及債券中,擁有載 於本公司根據證券條例第352條規定存置之登記冊, 或根據標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所之權益或淡 倉如下:

		Number of	Number of	Approximate percentage of the Company's
Name of Director	Capacity	ordinary shares held	underlying shares held 所持相關	issued share capital 佔本公司已發行
董事姓名	身份	所持普通股數目	股份數目	股本概約百分比
Mr. Wong Danny F.	Interest of controlled corporation/ Beneficial owner	296,338,637(1)	463,143 <sup>(2)</sup>	18.64%
汪曉峰先生	受控制法團之權益/實益擁有人			
Mr. Wu Tse Wai, Frederick 吳子惠先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人		463,142(2)	0.03%
Mr. Fong Chi Wah 方志華先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	-	463,142(2)	0.03%
Ms. Yang XiaoFeng 楊曉峰女士	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	-	463,143 <sup>(2)</sup>	0.03%
Mr. Char Shik Ngor, Stephen 查錫我先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	-	463,142(2)	0.03%
Mr. Liu Jin 劉進先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人		463,142 <sup>(2)</sup>	0.03%

All of the above interests in the Company held by the directors were long positions.

上述董事於本公司所持全部權益均為好倉。

#### Directors' Report 董事報告

#### Notes:

- (1) These represent beneficial interests in shares owned by CCM Asia Investment Corporation, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands with limited liability and the entire issued share capital of which is indirectly held by Mr. Wong Danny F., the Chairman and an executive director of the Company. These shares have been charged in favour of a secured lender.
- (2) These represent the underlying shares in respect of the share options granted to the directors pursuant to the share option scheme of the Company adopted on 27 August 2007. The details are set out in the section headed "Interests in Share Options" below.

Save as disclosed above, none of the directors, chief executive or their associates had any interests and short positions in any shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations as defined in Part XV of the SFO as recorded in the register to be kept under section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

#### **INTERESTS IN SHARE OPTIONS**

A share option scheme was adopted by the Company on 27 August 2007 (the "Share Option Scheme") to enable the Company to grant share options to eligible participants, including the directors and employees of the Company, as incentive or rewards for their contribution to the Company. On 28 March 2014, an extraordinary general meeting of the Company was convened and the shareholders of the Company approved the refreshment of the general scheme limit under the Share Option Scheme at the extraordinary general meeting which allows the Company to grant share options entitling holders thereof to subscribe for a maximum of 132,669,662 shares, representing 10% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of the extraordinary general meeting.

#### 附註:

- (1) 指CCM Asia Investment Corporation擁有之股份之 實益權益。CCM Asia Investment Corporation為於英 屬處女群島註冊成立之有限責任公司,其全部已發 行股本由本公司主席兼執行董事汪曉峰先生間接 持有。該等股份已抵押予一名抵押貸款人。
- (2) 指根據本公司於二零零七年八月二十七日採納之 購股權計劃授予該等董事之購股權所涉及之相關 股份。詳情載於下文題為「購股權權益」之章節。

除上文所披露者外,董事、最高行政人員或彼等之聯繫人概無於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券條例第XV部)之任何股份、相關股份及債券中擁有載於根據證券條例第352條規定存置之登記冊之任何權益及淡倉,或根據標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所之任何權益及淡倉。

#### 購股權權益

本公司於二零零七年八月二十七日採納購股權計劃 (「購股權計劃」),讓本公司可授出購股權予合資格 參與者(包括本公司董事及僱員),作為彼等對本公 司作出貢獻之鼓勵或獎賞。於二零一四年三月二十八 日,本公司召開股東特別大會,本公司股東於股東 特別大會上批准更新購股權計劃項下的一般計劃上 限,准許本公司授出購股權,賦予購股權持有人權利 認購最多132,669,662股股份,即於股東特別大會日 期本公司已發行股本之10%。 Pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Share Option Scheme, the purpose of the Share Option Scheme, in principle, is to enable the Company to motivate participants for their significant contributions to the growth of the Company and to retain and maintain on-going business relationship with such participants whose contributions are or will be beneficial to the long-term growth of the Company. It is important for the Company to provide them, where appropriate, with an additional incentive by offering them an opportunity to obtain an ownership interest in the Company and to reward them for contributing to the Company's long-term success and prosperity. The principal terms of the Share Option Scheme are as follows:

根據購股權計劃之條款及條件,購股權計劃原則上旨在讓本公司能鼓勵參與者對本公司發展作出重大 貢獻,挽留及維持與該等參與者(彼等之貢獻乃有利 於或將會有利於本公司之長遠發展)之持續業務關 係。重要的是,本公司於適當時給予彼等機會獲得本 公司擁有權權益作為額外獎勵,並獎勵彼等對本公 司長遠成功及興旺所作出之貢獻。購股權計劃主要 條款如下:

- The total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any options to be granted under any other scheme must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the aggregate of the shares in issue as at the adoption date unless refreshed by the shareholders. However, the total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under any other scheme should not exceed 30% of the shares in issue from time to time.
- (i) 除非獲股東更新,否則於行使根據購股權計劃 將予授出之全部購股權,以及根據任何其他計 劃將予授出之任何購股權時可予發行之股份 總數,合共不得超過於採納日期已發行股份總 數之10%。然而,於行使根據購股權計劃已授 出但尚未行使之全部購股權,以及根據任何其 他計劃已授出但尚未行使之全部購股權時可予 發行之股份總數,不得超過不時已發行股份之 30%。
- (ii) The total number of shares in respect of which options may be granted to each eligible participant in any 12-month period must not exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company for the time being.
- (ii) 每一位合資格參與者在任何十二個月期間內可 獲授出之購股權所涉及之股份總數,不得超過 該期間本公司已發行股本之1%。
- (iii) The subscription price shall be a price determined by the Board, but shall not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations on the date of grant, which must be a business day; (ii) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of the share.
- (iii) 認購價由董事會釐定,惟不得低於以下三者之 最高者:(i)於授出日期(必須為營業日)股份在 聯交所每日報價表之收市價;(ii)於緊接授出日 期前五個營業日股份在聯交所每日報價表之平 均收市價;及(iii)股份之面值。
- (iv) An option may be accepted by an eligible participant within 28 days from the date of offer of the option. Upon acceptance of the option, the grantee shall pay HK\$1.00 to the Company by way of consideration for the grant of the option.
- (iv) 合資格參與者可於提呈購股權日期起計二十八 天內接受購股權。一旦接納該購股權,則承授 人須向本公司支付1.00港元,作為所授出購股 權之代價。
- (v) The Share Option Scheme will remain valid for a period of ten years commencing on 27 August 2007.
- (v) 購股權計劃自二零零七年八月二十七日起十年 期內將維持有效。

# Directors' Report 董事報告

Details of movement of the share options during the year under the Share Option Scheme were as follows:

購股權計劃下購股權於年內之變動詳情如下:

Number	of	share	options
R±	E RUT	(本) (本)	

		購 <u>股</u> 權 數 目								
	Outstanding at 1 Jan 2014 於二零一四年 一月一日 尚未行使	Granted during the Year 年內授出	Exercised during the Year 年內行使	Lapsed during the Year 年內失效	Adjustment during the Year 年內調整	Outstanding at 31 Dec 2014 於二零一四年 十二月三十一日 尚未行使	Exercise price at 1 Jan 2014 於二零一月一日 之行使價 (HK\$) (港元)	Exercise price at 31 Dec 2014 於二零一四年十二月三十一日之行使價 (HK\$) (港元) (Note 2) (例註2)	Date of grant 授出日期	Exercisable period 行使期 (Note 1) (附註1)
Directors										
董事 Mr. Wong Danny F. 汪曉峰先生	26,208	-	-	-	47,175	73,383	15.83	5.65	28-Nov-07 零七年十一月	28 Nov 2007 to 26 Aug 2017 二零零七年十一月二十八日至
	139,200	-	-	-	250,560	389,760	1.58	0.56	二十八日 18-Apr-11 一一年四月	二零一七年八月二十六日 18 Apr 2011 to 26 Aug 2017 二零一一年四月十八日至
Mr. Wu Tse Wai Frederick 吳子惠先生	26,208	-	-	-	47,174	73,382	15.83	5.65	十八日 28-Nov-07 零七年十一月	二零一七年八月二十六日 28 Nov 2007 to 26 Aug 2017 二零零七年十一月二十八日至
大」心儿工	139,200				250,560	389,760	1.58	0.56	二十八日 18-Apr-11 ——年四月	ーママ・七十
Mr. Fong Chi Wah 方志華先生	26,208	-	-	-	47,174	73,382	15.83	5.65	十八日 28-Nov-07 零七年十一月	- マート インス
77.0.470.2	139,200	-	-	-	250,560	389,760	1.58	0.56	二十八日 18-Apr-11 ——年四月	二零一七年八月二十六日 18 Apr 2011 to 26 Aug 2017 二零一一年四月十八日至
Ms. Yang XiaoFeng 楊曉峰女士	26,208	-	-	-	47,175	73,383	15.83	5.65	十八日 28-Nov-07 零七年十一月	二零一七年八月二十六日 28 Nov 2007 to 26 Aug 2017 二零零七年十一月二十八日至
	139,200	-	-	-	250,560	389,760	1.58	0.56	二十八日 18-Apr-11 一一年四月	二零一七年八月二十六日 18 Apr 2011 to 26-Aug-17 二零一一年四月十八日至
Mr. Char Shik Ngor, Stephen 查錫我先生	26,208	-	-	-	47,174	73,382	15.83	5.65	十八日 28-Nov-07 零七年十一月	二零一七年八月二十六日 28 Nov 2007 to 26 Aug 2017 二零零七年十一月二十八日至
	139,200	-	-	-	250,560	389,760	1.58	0.56	二十八日 18-Apr-11 一一年四月	二零一七年八月二十六日 18 Apr 2011 to 26 Aug 2017 二零一一年四月十八日至
Mr. Liu Jin 劉進先生	26,208	-	-	-	47,174	73,382	15.83	5.65	十八日 28-Nov-07 零七年十一月	二零一七年八月二十六日 28 Nov 2007 to 26-Aug-17 二零零七年十一月二十八日至
	139,200	-	_	-	250,560	389,760	1.58	0.56	二十八日 18-Apr-11 一一年四月 十八日	二零一七年八月二十六日 18 Apr 2011 to 26 Aug 2017 二零一一年四月十八日至 二零一七年八月二十六日
	992,448				1 700 400	0.770.054			1/\1	—♦ 14///A—   // H
Employees -	3,992,400		-		1,786,406 7,186,320	2,778,854	1.58	0.56	18-Apr-11	18 Apr 2011 to 26 Aug 2017
僱員	_	132,640,000	-	-	-	132,640,000	_	0.40	——年四月 十八日 11-Jul-14	二零一一年四月十八百至 二零一七年八月二十六日 11 Jul 2014 to 26 Aug 2017
									一四年七月 十一日	二零一四年七月十一日至 二零一七年八月二十六日
Resigned directors 已辭任董事	52,416	-	-00	-	94,349	146,765	15.83	5.65	28-Nov-07 零七年十一月 二十八日	28 Nov 2007 to 26-Aug-17 二零零七年十一月二十八日至 二零一七年八月二十六日
	278,400	-	-	-	501,120	779,520	1.58	0.56	18-Apr-11 ——年四月 十八日	18 Apr 2011 to 26 Aug 2017 二零一一年四月十八日至 二零一七年八月二十六日
Other eligible participants 其他合資格參與者	8,898,000	-	-	-	16,016,400	24,914,400	1.58	0.56	18-Apr-11 一一年四月 十八日	18 Apr 2011 to 26 Aug 2017 二零一一年四月十八日至 二零一七年八月二十六日
Total 總計	14,213,664	1	-	-	25,584,595	172,438,259				
Weighted average exercise price 加權平均行使價	HK\$1.79 1.79港元	-	-	-	-	HK\$0.45 0.45港元				

#### Notes:

- 1. In accordance with the terms of the share-based arrangement, (i) a maximum of 30% options are exercisable from the date of grant; (ii) a maximum of another 30% options, plus any options being unexercised in (i), in aggregate not exceeding 60% of total options granted, are exercisable from 28 November 2008; and (iii) the remaining 40% options, plus any options being unexercised in (i) and (ii), are exercisable from 28 November 2009 to 26 August 2017.
- Pursuant to the terms of the Share Option Scheme, the exercise price and the number of new shares to be allotted and issued upon full exercise if the subscription rights attaching to the outstanding share options were adjusted to reflect the rights issue which came into effect on 20 February 2014.

Save as disclosed above, none of the Company's directors and chief executive, or their spouses or children under the age of 18, had any rights to subscribe for the securities of the Company, or had exercised any such rights during the 12 months ended 31 December 2014.

# SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS IN SECURITIES

As at 31 December 2014, so far as is known to the directors, the following shareholders (other than the directors and chief executive of the Company) had interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO:

#### 附註:

- 1. 根據以股份為基礎之安排之條款·(i)最多30%購股權。自授出日期起可予行使:(ii)另外最多30%購股權,加上(i)中尚未行使之任何購股權·合共不超過已授出購股權總數之60%·自二零零八年十一月二十八日起可予行使;及(iii)其餘40%購股權·加上(i)及(ii)中尚未行使之任何購股權·於二零零九年十一月二十八日至二零一七年八月二十六日期間可予行使。
- 根據購股權計劃之條款,行使價及於尚未行使之購 股權附帶之認購權獲全面行使後將予配發及發行 之新股份數目已作出調整,以反映於二零一四年二 月二十日生效之供股之影響。

除上文所披露者外,於截至二零一四年十二月三十一 日止十二個月內,概無本公司董事及最高行政人員 或彼等之配偶或十八歲以下子女,擁有可認購本公 司證券之權利,或已行使任何該等權利。

# 主要股東及其他人士於證券之權益

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日,就董事所知,根據 證券條例第336條規定存置之登記冊所載,以下股東 (除本公司董事及最高行政人員外)於本公司股份及 相關股份中擁有權益或淡倉:

Name of shareholder	Capacity	Number of ordinary shares	Percentage of the Company's issued share capital 佔本公司已發行
股東名稱/姓名	身份	普通股數目	股本百分比
CCM Asia Investment Corporation (Note 1) CCM Asia Investment Corporation (附註1)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	296,338,637	18.61%
CCM Financial Corporation (Note 1) CCM Financial Corporation (附註1)	Corporate owner 公司擁有人	296,338,637	18.61%
Sino Portfolio International Limited (Note 2) Sino Portfolio International Limited (附註2)	Security owner 擔保權益擁有人	296,338,637	18.61%
Ms. Angela Chen (Note 3)	Interest through controlled		
Angela Chen女士 (附註3)	corporation 通過受控制法團之權益	296,338,637	18.61%
Freeman Financial Corporation Limited 民豐企業控股有限公司	Interest in controlled corporation 受控制法團之權益	107,647,473	6.76%

All of the above interests in the Company held by shareholders were long positions.

上述股東於本公司所持全部權益均為好倉。

# Directors' Report 董事報告

#### Notes:

- Mr. Wong Danny F., the Chairman and an executive director of the Company, is the sole shareholder of CCM Financial Corporation which in turn is the sole shareholder of CCM Asia Investment Corporation, CCM Financial Corporation and Mr. Wong Danny F. are therefore deemed to be interested in the shares and underlying shares of the Company held by CCM Asia Investment Corporation under the SFO.
- 2. Sino Portfolio International Limited, a company incorporated in the Republic of Seychelles ("Sino Portfolio"), has a security interest in 296,338,637 shares of the Company.
- Sino Portfolio is wholly-owned by Ms. Angela Chen. Ms. Angela Chen is therefore deemed to be interested in 296,338,637 shares of the Company which Sino Portfolio has a security interest in under the SFO.

Other than disclosed above, the Company has not been notified of any other interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company representing 5% or more of the issued share capital of the Company as at 31 December 2014.

### MANAGEMENT CONTRACT

No contract concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

### **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

The Company's entire turnover is derived from the Company's investment in equity securities listed or unlisted and thus the disclosure of information regarding to customers and suppliers would not be meaningful.

### **CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS**

# **Subscription Agreement**

On 14 October 2010, the Company and Premium Castle Limited ("Premium Castle"), a company incorporated under the laws of British Virgin Islands, entered into a subscription agreement, pursuant to which Premium Castle agreed to issue and the Company agreed to subscribe the 2% convertible note in the principal amount of HK\$27,000,000 due on 13 October 2013 (the "2010 Convertible Note"). In 2011, Premium Castle repaid HK\$10,000,000 of the outstanding principal amount of the 2010 Convertible Note to the Company. Subsequently, the 2010 Convertible Note was cancelled and Premium Castle issued to the Company another convertible note in replacement of the 2010 Convertible Note (the "2011 Convertible Note"). The Company has not exercised the conversion rights under the 2011 Convertible Note and the principal amount of HK\$17,000,000 was due on 13 October 2013.

#### 附註:

- 1. 汪曉峰先生(本公司之主席兼執行董事)乃COM Financial Corporation唯一股東·該公司乃CCM Asia Investment Corporation唯一股東。根據證券條例,CCM Financial Corporation及汪曉峰先生因此被視為於CCM Asia Investment Corporation持有之本公司股份及相關股份中擁有權益。
- 2. Sino Portfolio International Limited (「Sino Portfolio」,一家於塞舌爾共和國註冊成立之公司) 於本公司296,338,637股股份中擁有擔保權益。
- 3. Sino Portfolio由Angela Chen女士全資擁有。根據 證券條例,Angela Chen女士因此被視為於Sino Portfolio擁有擔保權益之本公司296,338,637股股份 中擁有權益。

除上文所披露者外,截至二零一四年十二月三十一日,本公司概無得知任何其他相當於本公司已發行股本5%或以上之本公司股份及相關股份之權益或淡倉。

# 管理合約

年內,本公司並無簽訂或存有任何與本公司全部或 任何重要業務之管理及行政有關之合約。

# 主要客戶及供應商

本公司全部營業額均源自其於上市或非上市股本證 券之投資,故披露有關客戶及供應商之資料並無任 何意義。

# 關連交易

#### 認購協議

於二零一零年十月十四日,本公司與Premium Castle Limited (「Premium Castle」,一家根據英屬處女群島法律註冊成立之公司)訂立認購協議,據此,Premium Castle同意發行而本公司已同意認購本金金額為27,000,000港元並於二零一三年十月十三日到期之2厘可換股票據(「二零一零年可換股票據」)。於二零一一年,Premium Castle向本公司償還二零一零年可換股票據之未償還本金金額10,000,000港元。其後,二零一零年可換股票據已被註銷,而Premium Castle已向本公司發行另一批可換股票據(「二零一一年可換股票據」),以取代二零一零年可換股票據項下之轉換權,而本金金額17,000,000港元已於二零一三年十月十三日到期。

Upon expiry of the 2011 Convertible Note and after negotiation between Premium Castle and the Company, on 24 December 2013 (after trading hours), the Company and Premium Castle entered into a new subscription agreement (the "New Subscription Agreement"), pursuant to which the Company has conditionally agreed to subscribe for and Premium Castle has conditionally agreed to issue a convertible note in the principal amount of HK\$18,600,000, being the outstanding principal amount of HK\$17,000,000 under the 2011 Convertible Note and the outstanding interest in the sum of approximately HK\$1,600,000 accrued under the 2010 Convertible Note and the 2011 Convertible Note (collectively "Debt"), with maturity period of five years and coupon rate of 2% (the "Subscription"). The New Subscription Agreement constitutes a discloseable transaction for the Company under Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules as the applicable percentage ratios as defined under Rule 14.06 of the Listing Rules are more than 5% but less than 25%. The New Subscription Agreement also constitutes a connected transaction under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules as the major shareholder of Premium Castle is Mr. Wong Danny F., the Chairman and an executive director of the Company, Premium Castle is therefore a connected person of the Company. Accordingly, the New Subscription Agreement is subject to the reporting, announcement and independent Shareholders' approval requirements under the Listing Rules. Mr. Wong Danny F., who is the Chairman and an executive director of the Company and a major shareholder of Premium Castle, is regarded as having a material interest in the New Subscription Agreement and therefore he abstained from voting at the meeting of the Board at which the resolution approving the New Subscription Agreement was passed and Mr. Wong Danny F. and his associates were required to abstain from voting on the resolution approving the New Subscription Agreement passed at the extraordinary general meeting of the Company held on 25 February 2014. Details of the Subscription were disclosed in the circular of the Company dated 7 February 2014. The New Subscription Agreement has been approved at the extraordinary general meeting and was completed on the same day.

Upon completion of the Subscriptions on 25 February 2014, the obligation of Premium Castle to pay the Debt has been released and the Debt, which was previously recorded as current assets of the Company, was reclassified as financial asset in the Company's consolidated statement of financial position.

於二零一一年可換股票據到期時,經Premium Castle 與本公司磋商後,本公司與Premium Castle於二零 一三年十二月二十四日(交易時段後)訂立新認購 協議(「新認購協議」),據此,本公司有條件地同意 認購而Premium Castle有條件地同意發行本金金額 為18,600,000港元(即二零一一年可換股票據項下 之應計未償還本金金額17.000.000港元及二零一零 年可換股票據及二零一一年可換股票據項下之應計 未償還利息合共約1,600,000港元(合稱「債務」)) 之可換股票據,有效期五年,票面息為2厘(「認購事 項1)。由於上市規則第14.06條所界定之適用百分比 率高於5%但低於25%,故根據上市規則第十四章,新 認購協議構成本公司之須予披露交易。由於Premium Castle之主要股東為本公司主席兼執行董事汪曉峰先 生,故Premium Castle為本公司之關連人士,而根據 上市規則第十四A章,新認購協議亦構成關連交易。 因此,新認購協議須遵守上市規則項下之申報、公告 及獨立股東批准之規定。本公司之主席兼執行董事及 Premium Castle之主要股東汪曉峰先生被視為於新 認購協議中擁有重大利益,因此彼已於通過有關批 准新認購協議之決議案之董事會會議上放棄表決, 而汪曉峰先生及其聯繫人須於本公司於二零一四年 二月二十五日舉行之股東特別大會上就批准新認購 協議放棄表決。有關認購事項之詳情已於本公司日 期為二零一四年二月七日之通函內披露。新認購協 議已於股東特別大會上獲批准,並於同日完成。

於二零一四年二月二十五日認購事項完成時, Premium Castle支付債務之義務已解除,而之前入賬 列作本公司流動資產之債務已於本公司之綜合財務 狀況表內重新分類為金融資產。

# **Placing Agreement**

The Company entered into a placing agreement with Beijing Securities Limited (the "Placing Agent") on 12 August 2014, pursuant to which the Company had agreed to place 132,660,000 new ordinary shares on a fully underwritten basis to not less than six independent investors at the placing price of HK\$0.60 per placing share. The placing shares were fully taken up and no placing share has been allotted to the Placing Agent. Mr. Wong Danny F., the Chairman and an executive director of the Company, holds 75.28% of the shareholdings of the holding company of the Placing Agent. Mr. Wong Danny F. is also a director of the Placing Agent and the holding company of the Placing Agent. Hence, the Placing Agent is an associate of Mr. Wong Danny F. and is therefore a connected person of the Company within the meaning of the Listing Rules. The acting as the Placing Agent is a connected transaction under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The Board is of the view that that the placing commission of 2.5% on the gross proceeds of the placing was determined within arm's length negotiation between the parties with regard to the prevailing market practice and the placing commission is on normal commercial terms, fair and reasonable. As the relevant percentage ratios (other than the profits ratio) in respect of the placing commission and the brokerage fees under Rule 14.07 of the Listing Rules is less than 5% and the total consideration is less than HK\$3,000,000, the transaction constitutes a connected transaction which is fully exempt from independent shareholders' approval, annual review and all disclosure requirements under Rule 14A.76(1) of the Listing Rules.

# **CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS**

### **Investment Advising Service Agreement**

On 16 May 2011, the Company and Beijing Capital Partners Limited ("Beijing Capital") had mutually agreed to terminate the investment management agreement dated 16 November 2010 entered into between the parties and there was no penalty and/or compensation to any party in relation to the early termination of the agreement. At the meantime, the Company and Beijing Capital entered into an Investment Advising Service Agreement (the "IAS Agreement") whereby Beijing Capital was appointed to act as investment adviser of the Company and agreed to provide investment advising services and present suitable investment opportunities to the Company commencing from 16 May 2011. Pursuant to Rule 21.13 of the Listing Rules, an investment adviser shall be regarded as a connected person of the Company. Therefore, the entering into of the IAS Agreement with Beijing Capital constitutes a continuing connected transactions of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. According to the terms and condition of the IAS Agreement, the Company shall pay to Beijing Capital a monthly investment adviser fee of HK\$33,333. Therefore, it is exempted from the reporting, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

### 配售協議

於二零一四年八月十二日,本公司與北京證券有限公司(「配售代理」)訂立配售協議,據此,本公司協定按全數包銷基準按配售價每股配售股份0.60港元向不少於六名獨立投資者配售132,660,000股新普通股。配售股份獲全數承購,配售代理並不獲配發任何配售股份。本公司主席兼執行董事汪曉峰先生持有配售代理控股公司之75.28%股權。汪曉峰先生亦為配售代理及其控股公司之董事。因此,配售代理為汪曉峰先生之聯繫人,故屬於本公司之關連人士(定義見上市規則)。根據上市規則第十四A章,擔任配售代理構成關連交易。

董事會認為,相等於配售事項所得款項總額2.5%之配售佣金乃訂約各方經考慮當時市場慣例後按公平原則磋商釐定,且配售佣金乃按正常商業條款訂立,屬公平合理。由於根據上市規則第14.07條,配售佣金及經紀費涉及之相關百分比率(盈利比率除外)低於5%,而總代價少於3,000,000港元,故根據上市規則第14A.76(1)條,有關交易構成關連交易,但獲全面豁免遵守獨立股東批准、年度審核及所有披露規定。

# 持續關連交易

### 投資顧問服務協議

於二零一一年五月十六日,本公司與北京資本有限公司(「北京資本」)已互相同意終止雙方於二零一零十一月十六日訂立之投資管理協議,訂約方數 機同,在一月十六日訂立之投資管理協議,訂約方數 機同,在一月十六日訂立之投資顧問服務協議」),據此,北京資本獲委任為公司提供投資顧問服務協議」),據此,北京資本獲委任為公司是供投資顧問服務協議」),據此,北京資本重合投資顧問服務協議」),據此,北京資本重合投資顧問服務協議上市規則第十四A章,投資顧問服務協議構成本公司之投資顧問服務協議構成本公司之投資顧問服務協議構成本公司,持件資本公司須按月支付33,333港元投資顧問費予北續,本公司須按月支付33,333港元投資顧問費予北續,本公司須按月支付33,333港元投資顧問費予北續,本公告及獨立股東批准之規定。

# **Investment Management Agreement**

The investment management agreement dated 11 July 2013 entered into between the Company and Enerchine Investment Management Limited ("Enerchine Investment") expired on 15 May 2014. Accordingly, the Company entered into a new investment management agreement (the "New Investment Management Agreement") with Enerchine Investment on 9 May 2014 to renew the appointment of Enerchine Investment as the investment manager of the Company on the same terms with a fixed management fee of HK\$100,000 per month. Under the New Investment Management Agreement, the investment manager agreed to provide investment management services to the Company for a period of one year from 16 May 2014. Pursuant to Rule 21.13 of the Listing Rules, an investment manager is deemed to be a connected person of the Company. Therefore, the entering into of the New Investment Management Agreement with Enerchine Investment constitutes a continuing connected transaction for the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. Details of the New Investment Management Agreement is set out in the Company's announcement dated 9 May 2014.

### **Custodian Agreement**

Commencing from 11 March 2005, the Company appointed the Bank of Communications Trustee Limited as its custodian for the provision of custody services. The Bank of Communications Trustee Limited has agreed to provide the Company with securities services including the safe custody and physical settlement of the securities in the investment portfolio of the Company, and the collection of dividends and other entitlements in respect of such securities. The custodian agreement referred into between the parties (the "Custodian Agreement") will continue in force until terminated by either the Company or the custodian by the giving to the other of not less than 90 days' notice in writing at any time.

Pursuant to Rule 21.13 of the Listing Rules, a custodian shall be regarded as a connected person of the Company. Therefore, the provision of services by the Bank of Communications Trustee Limited under the Custodian Agreement on a continuing basis constitutes a continuing connected transactions for the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The Board, including the independent non-executive directors, is of the view that the above continuing connected transactions have been entered into (1) on normal commercial terms; (2) on an arm's length basis; and (3) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Company, and that the terms of the above continuing connected transactions were fair and reasonable to the shareholders and the Company as a whole.

### 投資管理協議

本公司與威華投資管理有限公司(「威華投資」)所訂立日期為二零一三年七月十一日之投資管理協議已於二零一四年五月十五日屆滿。因此,本公司於二零一四年五月九日以相同條款按每月100,000港元之固定管理費用與威華投資訂立新投資管理協議(「新投資經理。根據新投資管理協議,投資經理同是供被了零一四年五月十六日起一年期間向本公司是供投资為本公司之關連人士。因此,根據上市規則第十四A為本公司之關連人士。因此,根據上市規則第十四A為本公司之關連人士。因此,根據上市規則第十四A為本公司之關連人士。因此,根據上市規則第十四A為本公司之關連人士。因此,根據上市規則第十四A為本公司之關連人士。因此,根據上市規則第十四A為本公司之關連人士。因此,根據上市規則第十四A為本公司之關連入士。因此,根據上市規則第十四A為本公司之關連交易。新投資管理協議之詳情載於本公司日期為二零一四年五月九日之公告。

# 託管協議

自二零零五年三月十一日起,本公司委任交通銀行信託有限公司為其託管商,提供託管服務。交通銀行信託有限公司已同意向本公司提供證券服務,包括為本公司投資組合中之證券提供安全託管及實物交收,並代收該等證券之股息及其他應得權利。雙方訂立之託管協議(「託管協議」)將繼續有效,直至本公司或託管商隨時向對方發出不少於九十天書面通知以終止託管協議為止。

根據上市規則第21.13條,託管商被視為本公司之關連人士。因此,根據上市規則第十四A章,交通銀行信託有限公司按託管協議持續提供服務構成本公司之持續關連交易。

董事會(包括獨立非執行董事)認為,上述持續關連交易(1)按一般商業條款:(2)按公平磋商基準:及(3)於本公司一般及日常業務過程中訂立,上述持續關連交易之條款對股東及本公司整體而言亦屬公平合理。

# Directors' Report 董事報告

According to the terms and conditions of the Custodian Agreement, the Company shall pay to the Bank of Communications Trustee Limited an annual fee of HK\$77,530. Therefore, the entering into of the Custodian Agreement with the Bank of Communications Trustee Limited is exempted from the reporting, announcements and independent shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

根據託管協議之條款及條件,本公司須向交通銀行信 託有限公司支付年費77.530港元。因此,與交通銀行 信託有限公司訂立之託管協議獲豁免遵守上市規則 第十四A章有關申報、公告及獨立股東批准之規定。

The Board, including the independent non-executive directors, is of the view that the above continuing connected transactions have been entered into (1) on normal commercial terms; (2) on an arm's length basis; and (3) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Company, and that the terms of the above continuing connected transactions were fair and reasonable to the shareholders and the Company as a whole.

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and

within the knowledge of the directors at the date of this annual report, there was a sufficient prescribed public float of the issued shares of the 董事會(包括獨立非執行董事)認為,上述持續關連 交易(1)按一般商業條款:(2)按公平磋商基準:及(3) 於本公司一般及日常業務過程中訂立,上述持續關 連交易之條款對股東及本公司整體而言亦屬公平合

### **PUBLIC FLOAT**

# Company under the Listing Rules.

# **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Audit Committee of the Company currently comprises of three independent non-executive directors, Mr. Liu Jin, Mr. Char Shik Ngor, Stephen and Mr. Law Tze Lun. Mr. Law Tze Lun serves as the chairman of the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee together with the management, have reviewed the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Company and discussed auditing, internal control and financial reporting matters including a review of the audited consolidated financial statements for the year.

# 公眾持股量

根據本公司公開取得之資料及就董事所知,於本年 報日期,本公司之已發行股份已維持上市規則所訂 明之足夠公眾持股量。

# 審核委員會

本公司審核委員會現時由三名獨立非執行董事劉進 先生、查錫我先生及羅子璘先生組成。羅子璘先生為 審核委員會主席。

審核委員會已與管理層共同審閱本公司所採納之會 計原則及慣例,並討論審核、內部監控及財務報告事 宜,包括審閱本年度之經審核綜合財務報表。

#### **AUDITORS**

# The consolidated financial statements for the years ended 31 December 2013 and 2014 were audited by HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited who will retire at the conclusion of the forthcoming annual general meeting and being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment. A resolution for the re-appointment of HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited as auditors of the Company is to be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

On behalf of the Board

### 核數師

截至二零一三年及二零一四年十二月三十一日止年 度之綜合財務報表已由國衛會計師事務所有限公司 審核,彼將於即將舉行之股東週年大會結束時退任, 惟其符合資格並願意獲再度委任。於應屆股東週年 大會上,將提呈再度委任國衛會計師事務所有限公 司為本公司核數師之決議案。

代表董事會

# Wong Danny F.

Chairman

Hong Kong, 31 March 2015

# 汪曉峰

主席

香港,二零一五年三月三十一日

# Independent Auditors' Report 獨立核數師報告



31/F, Gloucester Tower The Landmark 11 Pedder Street Central Hong Kong

香港中環
畢打街11號
置地廣場
告羅士打大廈31樓

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF NATIONAL INVESTMENTS FUND LIMITED

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of National Investments Fund Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 43 to 179, which comprise the consolidated and the Company statements of financial position as at 31 December 2014, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

# DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from the material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### **AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

#### 致國盛投資基金有限公司

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

全體股東之 獨立核數師報告

吾等已完成審核第43至179頁所載國盛投資基金有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)之綜合財務報表,包括於二零一四年十二月三十一日之綜合及 貴公司財務狀況表、截至該日止年度之綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及主要會計政策概要及其他説明資料。

# 董事編製綜合財務報表之責任

貴公司董事負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例之披露規定編製綜合財務報表,以令綜合財務報表作出真實而公平之反映,並負責落實彼等認為編製綜合財務報表所必要之內部控制,以確保綜合財務報表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致之重大錯誤陳述。

# 核數師之責任

吾等負責根據吾等之審核結果對該等綜合財務報表發表意見,並僅向 閣下(作為法團)報告,除此之外不作其他用途。吾等不會就本報告內容向任何其他人士負責或承擔法律責任。吾等按照香港會計師公會頒佈之香港核數準則進行審核工作。該等準則要求吾等符合道德規範,並策劃和進行審核工作,使吾等能合理確定綜合財務報表是否不存在重大錯誤陳述。

# Independent Auditors' Report 獨立核數師報告

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

審核工作涉及執行程序以取得與綜合財務報表所載數額及披露事項有關之審核憑證。選用之程序須視乎核數師之判斷,包括評估綜合財務報表出現重大錯誤陳述(不論是否由於欺詐或錯誤而導致)之風險。在評估該等風險時,核數師會考慮與公司編製作出真實而公平反映之綜合財務報表有關之內部監控,以為不同情況設計適當審核程序,但並非旨在就公司內部監控是否有效表達意見。審核工作亦包括評估董事所用會計政策是否恰當及所作會計估算是否合理,並就綜合財務報表之整體呈列方式作出評估。

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

吾等相信,吾等所獲之審核憑證充分恰當地為吾等 之審核意見提供基礎。

### **OPINION**

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the Company as at 31 December 2014, and of the Group's loss and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

# 意見

吾等認為·綜合財務報表根據香港財務報告準則真實而公平地反映 貴集團及 貴公司於二零一四年十二月三十一日之財務狀況以及 貴集團截至該日止年度之虧損及現金流量,並已按照香港公司條例之披露規定妥為編製。

#### **HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited**

Certified Public Accountants

### Wong Sze Wai, Basilia

Practising Certificate Number: P05806

Hong Kong, 31 March 2015

#### 國衛會計師事務所有限公司

執業會計師

#### 黃思瑋

執業證書編號: P05806

香港,二零一五年三月三十一日

# Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue Other income Loss on disposal of subsidiaries Loss on derecognition of available-for-sale	收益 其他收入 出售附屬公司之虧損 終止確認可供出售	7 8 33	56,480 265 (2,050)	(42,603) 80 -
financial assets Impairment loss of available-for-sale	金融資產之虧損可供出售金融資產之減值虧損		-	(15,878)
financial assets Change in fair value of conversion options	可換股票據內含之換股權之		(10,933)	-
embedded in convertible notes Other operating expenses Finance costs Share of result of an associate	公允價值變動 其他營運開支 融資成本 應佔聯營公司業績	9 20	(3,771) (140,323) (6,547) (6,062)	58 (52,391) (5,539) (1,608)
Loss before income tax Income tax expense	<b>除所得税前虧損</b> 所得税開支	10	(112,941) -	(117,881) –
Loss for the year	年內虧損	11	(112,941)	(117,881)
Other comprehensive income  Items that may be reclassified  subsequently to profit or loss:  - Net gain/(loss) on revaluation of available-	其他全面收益 <b>其後或會重新分類至</b> <b>損益表之項目</b> : 一年內重估可供出售			
for-sale financial assets during the year  - Reclassification relating to derecognition of	金融資產之收益/ (虧損)淨額		4,847	(6,797)
available-for-sale financial assets  - Share of change in other comprehensive	金融資產之重新分類 一應佔聯營公司		-	7,401
income in an associate	其他全面收益之變動		-	601
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax	年內其他全面收益 <sup>,</sup> 已扣除所得税		4,847	1,205
Total comprehensive loss for the year	年內全面虧損總額		(108,094)	(116,676)
Loss for the year attributable to: Owners of the Company	下 <b>列各項應佔年內虧損</b> : 本公司擁有人		(112,941)	(117,881)
Total comprehensive loss for the year attributable to:  Owners of the Company	下列各項應佔年內 全面虧損總額: 本公司擁有人		(108,094)	(116,676)
2ors of and sompany	,		(100,004)	(110,010)
Loss per share Basic and diluted	<b>每股虧損</b> 基本及攤薄	16	HK\$(0.08)港元	HK\$(0.16)港元

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

隨附之附註為此等綜合財務報表之一部份。

# Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2014 於二零一四年十二月三十一日

			2014	2013
			二零一四年	二零一三年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Assets:	資產:			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	17	6,616	31,166
Other tangible assets	其他有形資產	18	21,730	_
Interests in associates	於聯營公司之權益	20	23,938	_
Available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售金融資產	21	194,864	41,892
Conversion options embedded in	可換股票據內含之換股	灌		
convertible notes		22	2,453	_
			249,601	73,058
Current assets	流動資產			
Available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售金融資產	21	13,444	_
Financial assets at fair value	於損益表按公允價值			
through profit or loss	列賬之金融資產	23	120,112	68,500
Prepayments, deposits and other	預付款項、按金及			
receivables	其他應收款項	24	69,372	68,608
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘		16,489	21,624
			219,417	158,732
Total assets	資產總值		469,018	231,790
				<u> </u>
Equity:	權益:			
Capital and reserves attributable to	本公司擁有人應佔			
owners of the Company	股本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	26	15,920	3,317
Reserves	儲備		280,072	117,026
Total equity	權益總額		295,992	120,343

# Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2014 於二零一四年十二月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
		PITAL	17670	17670
Liabilities:	 負債:			
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Accrued charges and other payables	應付開支及其他應付款項		8,912	3,362
Short-term loan	短期貸款	28	55,747	_
			64,659	3,362
			·	
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Promissory notes	承兑票據	29	108,367	108,085
Total liabilities	負債總額		173,026	111,447
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總值		469,018	231,790
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		154,758	155,370
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總值減流動負債		404,359	228,428

Approved by the Board of Directors on 31 March 2015 and signed on its behalf by:

經董事會於二零一五年三月三十一日批准及由以下 人士代表簽署:

Wong Danny F. 汪曉峰 Director 董事

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Wu Tse Wai, Frederick 吳子惠 Director 董事

隨附之附註為此等綜合財務報表之一部份。

# Statement of Financial Position 財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2014 於二零一四年十二月三十一日

			2014	2013
			二零一四年	二零一三年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	E 000	附註	千港元	千港元
Assets:	資產:			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	17	6,616	7,483
Other tangible assets	其他有形資產	18	21,730	_
Interests in subsidiaries	於附屬公司之權益	19	279,790	107,102
Conversion options embedded in	可換股票據內含之換股權			
convertible notes		22	2,453	_
			240 500	114 505
			310,589	114,585
Current assets	流動資產			
Available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售金融資產	21	13,444	_
Financial assets at fair value	於損益表按公允價值	2,	,	
through profit or loss	列賬之金融資產	23	120,112	68,500
Prepayments, deposits and other	預付款項、按金及	20	120,112	00,000
receivables	其他應收款項	24	28,573	27,808
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	_ ,	16,489	21,624
			,	
			178,618	117,932
Total access	次玄体片		400.007	000 517
Total assets	資產總值 ————————————————————————————————————		489,207	232,517
Equity:	權益:			
Capital and reserves attributable to	本公司擁有人應佔			
owners of the Company	股本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	26	15,920	3,317
Reserves	儲備	20 27	279,108	116,594
110301703	thi an	21	273,100	110,004
Total equity	權益總額		295,028	119,911
Liabilities:	負債:			
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Accrued charges and other payables	應付開支及其他應付款項		8,909	3,360
Short-term loan	短期貸款	28	55,747	_
			64,656	3,360
			04,000	0,000

# Statement of Financial Position 財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2014 於二零一四年十二月三十一日

			2014	2013
			二零一四年	二零一三年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
A1	小次私在床			
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	19	21,156	1,161
Promissory notes	承兑票據	29	108,367	108,085
			129,523	109,246
Total liabilities	負債總值		194,179	112,606
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總值		489,207	232,517
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		113,962	114,572
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總值減流動負債		424,551	229,157

Approved by the Board of Directors on 31 March 2015 and signed on its behalf by:

經董事會於二零一五年三月三十一日批准及由以下 人士代表簽署:

Wong Danny F. 汪曉峰 Director 董事

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Wu Tse Wai, Frederick 吳子惠 Director 董事

隨附之附註為此等綜合財務報表之一部份。

# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

#### Attributable to the owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔

					平公司排	11 人應伯			
		Share capital	Share premium	Share option reserve (Note (i))	Warrants reserve (Note (ii)) 認股權證	Available- for-sale financial asset equity reserve (Note (iii)) 可供出售 金融資產	Exchange reserve (Note (iv))	Accumulated losses	Total equity
		股本 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	股份溢價 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	購股權儲備 <i>(附註(j))</i> <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	儲備 <i>(附註側)</i> <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	權益儲備 <i>(附註伽)</i> <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	匯兑儲備 <i>(附註(iv))</i> <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	累積虧損 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	權益總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2013	於二零一三年一月一日	1,843	301,426	4,558	498	(7,912)	47	(90,582)	209,878
Loss for the year	年內虧損	-	-	-	-	-	-	(117,881)	(117,881)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax	年內其他全面收益, 已扣除所得税	-	-	-	-	604	601	-	1,205
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	年內全面收益/(虧損) 總額	-	-	-	-	604	601	(117,881)	(116,676)
Placing	配售	368	10,134	_	_	_	_	_	10,502
Placing expenses	配售開支	_	(566)	_	_	_	_	_	(566)
Rights issue	供股	1,106	17,689	_	_	_	-	_	18,795
Rights issue expenses	供股開支	-	(1,590)	-	-	-	-	-	(1,590)
Release upon expiry of warrants	於認股權證屆滿時解除	_	_	_	(409)	_	_	409	_
At 31 December 2013 and 1 January 2014	於二零一三年 十二月三十一日及								
	二零一四年一月一日	3,317	327,093	4,558	89	(7,308)	648	(208,054)	120,343
Loss for the year	年内虧損	-	-	-	-	-	-	(112,941)	(112,941)
Other comprehensive loss for the year, net of income tax	年內其他全面虧損, 已扣除所得税	-	-	_	-	4,847	-	_	4,847
Total comprehensive loss for the year	年內全面虧損總額	-	-	-	-	4,847	-	(112,941)	(108,094)
Recognition of equity settled	確認按股權結算以股份為								
share-based payments	基礎支付之款項	-	-	24,671	-	-	-	-	24,671
Placing	配售	2,653	169,818	-	-	-	-	-	172,471
Placing expenses	配售開支	-	(5,371)	-	=	-	-	-	(5,371)
Rights issue	供股	9,950	89,552	-	-	-	-	-	99,502
Rights issue expenses	供股開支	-	(7,530)	=	- (00)	=	-	- 89	(7,530)
								U()	_
Release upon expiry of warrants	於認股權證屆滿時解除	_	-		(89)			09	

# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

#### Notes:

- (i) Share option reserve relates to share options granted under the Company's share option scheme and which are reclassified to share capital and share premium when the share options were exercised, and to accumulated losses when the share options were lapsed or expired.
- (ii) Warrants reserve relates to warrants issued in previous years and which are reclassified to share capital and share premium when the warrants were exercised, and released to accumulated losses when the warrants were lapsed or expired.
- (iii) Available-for-sale financial asset equity reserve relates to the cumulative gains or losses arising on the change in fair values of available-for-sale financial assets that have been recognised in other comprehensive income, net of amounts reclassified to profit or loss when those financial assets are disposed or impaired.
- (iv) Exchange reserve relates to the net assets of the Group's associates' foreign operations from their functional currency to the associates' presentation currency.

The accompany notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

#### 附註:

- (i) 購股權儲備乃與根據本公司購股權計劃授出之購 股權有關·會於購股權獲行使時重新分類至股本及 股份溢價·並於購股權失效或屆滿時重新分類至累 積虧損。
- (ii) 認股權證儲備乃與過往年度發行之認股權證有關, 會於認股權證獲行使時重新分類至股本及股份溢價,並於認股權證失效或屆滿時解除至累積虧損。
- (iii) 可供出售金融資產權益儲備乃與因可供出售金融 資產之公允價值變動(已於其他全面收益確認)而 產生之累計收益或虧損有關,當中已扣減於金融資 產出售或減值時重新分類至損益表之金額。
- (iv) 匯兑儲備乃與將本集團聯營公司海外業務之資產淨 值由聯營公司之功能貨幣兑換為呈列貨幣有關。

隨附之附註為此等綜合財務報表之一部份。

# Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

# 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash flows from operating activities	經營業務產生之現金流量		_	0
Bank interest income received Proceeds from sale of financial assets	已收銀行利息收入 出售於損益表按公允價值		1	2
at fair value through profit or loss	列賬之金融資產之所得款項		183,620	111,521
Dividend income received	已收股息收入		26	697
Cash payments to acquire financial assets	收購於損益表按公允價值			(
at fair value through profit or loss	列賬之金融資產之現金款項 公子原見之現金款項		(180,836)	(43,779)
Cash payments to employees Cash payments to investment managers	給予僱員之現金款項 給予投資經理之現金款項		(16,351) (1,200)	(10,620) (1,200)
Cash payments to custodian	給予託管人之現金款項		(75)	(1,200)
Cash payments to other suppliers	給予其他供應商之現金款項		(140,447)	(38,776)
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from	經營業務產生之現金		/	.==
operating activities	(流出)/流入淨額		(155,262)	17,731
Cook flows from investing activities	投資活動產生之現金流量			
Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of property, plant and equipment	<b>投員心動性エン児立加里</b> 購置物業、廠房及設備		(2,685)	(4,435)
Purchase of other tangible assets	購置其他有形資產		(21,730)	(1,100)
Cash payments to acquire available-for-sale	收購可供出售金融資產之		, ,	
financial assets	現金款項		(159,530)	_
Cash payments to acquire convertible notes	收購可換股票據之現金款項 > 中華 日本 野東 東京		-	(25,000)
Proceed from redemption/disposal of convertible notes	贖回/出售可換股票據之 所得款項		_	10,000
Amount due from an investee	應收被投資公司款項		_	(40,800)
Acquisition of subsidiaries	收購附屬公司		_	(24,500)
Disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司	33	20,000	` -
	Ⅱ 껴 너 된 숙 ㅛ ㅗ			
Net cash outflow from investing activities	投資活動產生之 現金流出淨額		(163,945)	(84,735)
investing detivities	沙亚加口万民		(100,040)	(04,700)
Cash flows from financing activities	融資活動產生之現金流量			
Proceeds from placing	配售所得款項		172,471	10,502
Proceeds from rights issue	供股所得款項		99,502	18,795
Placing expenses	配售開支		(5,371)	(566)
Rights issue expenses Proceeds from short-term loan	供股開支 短期貸款所得款項		(7,530) 55,000	(1,590)
Net proceeds from issue of promissory notes			55,000	39,200
That proceeds from loads of promissory flotted	1X 11/17/20/20/20/20/20/20/20/20/20/20/20/20/20/			00,200
Net cash inflow from	融資活動產生之			
financing activities	現金流入淨額		314,072	66,341
Net decrease in cash and	現金及現金等值項目減少		<b>1</b> 5	(0.00)
cash equivalents	淨額		(5,135)	(663)
Cash and cash equivalents	年初之現金及現金等值項目			
at beginning of the year			21,624	22,287
Cash and cash equivalents	年終之現金及現金等值項目			
at end of the year			16,489	21,624
Analysis of the balances of cash and	現金及現金等值項目結餘分析			
cash equivalents Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘		16,489	21,624
( )ach and hank halancee				

The accompany notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

隨附之附註為此等綜合財務報表之一部份。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

The Company was incorporated on 28 June 2002 as an exempted company with limited liability in the Cayman Islands under the Companies Law, Cap. 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands.

The principal activity of the Group is investment in listed and unlisted companies. Particulars of the subsidiaries are set out in Note 19 to the consolidated financial statements.

The address of the registered office of the Company is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands. The principal office of the Company has been changed to 20/F., Octa Tower, 8 Lam Chak Street, Kowloon Bay, Hong Kong with effect from 2 February 2015.

The shares of the Company were listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") with effect from 27 September 2002.

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### (a) Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), which is a collective term that includes all applicable HKFRSs, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs"), interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong. These consolidated financial statements also comply with the applicable requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, which for this financial year and the comparative period continue to be those of the predecessor of Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32), in accordance with transitional and saving arrangements for Part 9 of the new Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), "Accounts and Audit", which are set out in sections 76 to 87 of Schedule 11 to that Ordinance. In addition, the consolidated financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules").

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is also the functional currency of the Company. All values are rounded to the nearest thousand (HK\$'000) except otherwise indicated.

# 1. 公司資料

本公司於二零零二年六月二十八日根據開曼 群島法例第二十二章公司法(一九六一年第三 冊,經綜合及修訂)在開曼群島註冊成立為獲 豁免有限公司。

本集團之主要業務為投資於上市及非上市公司。附屬公司之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註 19。

本公司之註冊辦事處地址為Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands。本公司 之主要辦事處由二零一五年二月二日起更改為 香港九龍灣臨澤街8號傲騰廣場20樓。

本公司之股份由二零零二年九月二十七日起在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上市。

# 2. 主要會計政策概要

# (a) 合規聲明

綜合財務報表乃根據香港財務報告準則 (為一個統稱,包括由香港會計師公會頒 佈之所有適用香港財務報告準則、香港會 計準則及詮譯)以及香港公認會計原則編 製。綜合財務報表亦符合香港公司條例(第622 適用規定(根據新香港公司條例(第622 章)附表11第76至87條所載該條例第9部 「帳目及審計」之過渡性及保留安排,本 財政年度及比較期間繼續使用舊香港公 司條例(第32章)之適用規定)。此外,綜 合財務報表亦符合聯交所證券上市規則 (「上市規則」)之適用披露規定。

該等綜合財務報表以港元(亦為本公司 之功能貨幣)呈列。除另有指明者外,所 有數值乃四捨五入至最接近千位數(千 港元)。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# (a) Statement of compliance (Continued)

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements, as discussed in Note 4.

### (b) Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2, leasing transactions that are within the scope of HKAS 17, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 or value in use in HKAS 36.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# (a) 合規聲明(續)

在編製符合香港財務報告準則之綜合財務報表時,需運用若干關鍵會計估計,並要求管理層在假設及估計對綜合財務報表有重大影響之範疇(於附註4討論)作出判斷。

### (b) 編製基準

綜合財務報表以歷史成本法編製,惟如下文會計政策所闡述,若干金融工具於各呈報期末按公允價值計量除外。

歷史成本一般按就交換貨品及服務給予 之代價之公允價值計量。

公允價值為於計量日期按市場參與者之 間之有序交易出售一項資產而將收取或 轉讓一項負債而將支付之價格,而不論 該價格是否可以直接觀察或運用另一種 估值技巧估算。倘市場參與者於計量日 期對資產或負債定價時會考慮資產或負 債之特點,則本集團於估計資產或負債 之公允價值時會考慮該等特點。該等綜 合財務報表中作計量及/或披露用途之 公允價值乃按此基準釐定,惟不包括屬 香港財務報告準則第2號範圍內之以股份 為基礎之付款交易、屬香港會計準則第 17號範圍之租賃交易及與公允價值部份 類似但並不屬公允價值之計量(如香港 會計準則第2號之可變現淨值或香港會計 準則第36號之使用價值)。

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# (b) Basis of preparation (Continued)

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

### (c) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# (b) 編製基準(續)

此外,就財務報告而言,按公允價值計量 之輸入數據之可觀察程度及公允價值計 量之輸入數據對其整體之重要性,公允價 值計量可分類為第1級、第2級或第3級, 詳情如下:

- 第1級輸入數據乃自實體於計量日期可獲得有關相同資產或負債於活躍市場所報之未經調整價格:
- 第2級輸入數據乃除第1級計入之報 價外,就資產或負債可直接或間接 觀察之輸入數據;及
- 第3級輸入數據乃資產或負債之不可觀察輸入數據。

# (c) 綜合賬目基準

綜合財務報表包含本公司及其附屬公司 之財務報表。當出現下列情況,即擁有控 制權:

- 本公司對被投資公司擁有權力;
- 本公司因參與被投資公司之營運而 可獲得或有權獲得可變回報;及
- 本公司有能力運用權力影響回報。

倘有事實及情況顯示上述三項控制權元 素中有一項或以上出現變動,則本集團 會重新評估其是否對被投資公司擁有控 制權。

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# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# (c) Basis of consolidation (Continued)

When the Group has less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee, it has power over the investee when the voting rights are sufficient to give it the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee unilaterally. The Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether or not the Group's voting rights in an investee are sufficient to give it power, including:

- the size of the Group's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders:
- potential voting rights held by the Group, other vote holders or other parties;
- rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- any additional facts and circumstances that indicate that the Group has, or does not have, the current ability to direct the relevant activities at the time that decisions need to be made, including voting patterns at previous shareholders' meetings.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# (c) 綜合賬目基準(續)

當本集團於被投資公司之投票權未能佔 大多數,但只要投票權足以賦予本集團 實際能力可單方面掌控被投資公司之相 關活動時,本集團即對被投資公司擁有 權力。在評估本集團於被投資公司之投 票權是否足以賦予其權力時,本集團會 考慮所有相關事實及情況,包括:

- 本集團所持投票權之規模相較其他 投票權持有人所持投票權之規模及 分散程度;
- 本集團、其他投票權持有人或其他 人士持有之潛在投票權;
- 其他合約安排所產生之權利;及
- 可顯示於需要作出決定時,本集團 當前能否掌控相關活動之任何其他 事實及情況(包括於過往股東大會 上之投票模式)。

本集團於取得附屬公司之控制權時開始 將綜合附屬公司綜合入賬,並於本集團 失去附屬公司之控制權時終止將綜合附 屬公司綜合入賬。具體而言,於年內收購 或出售附屬公司之收入及開支,會由本 集團取得控制權當日起直至本集團失去 附屬公司之控制權當日止計入綜合損益 及其他全面收益表。

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# (c) Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

# Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# (c) 綜合賬目基準(續)

溢利或虧損及其他全面收益之各個部份 乃歸屬於本公司擁有人及非控股權益。 附屬公司之全面收益總額乃歸屬於本公 司擁有人及非控股權益,即使此舉會導 致非控股權益出現虧絀結餘亦如是。

如有需要,本集團會調整附屬公司之財 務報表,以令其會計政策與本集團之會 計政策一致。

所有集團內資產及負債、權益、收入、開 支及與本集團成員公司間交易有關之現 金流量會於綜合賬目時悉數撇銷。

### 本集團於現有附屬公司之擁有權權益變 動

不會導致本集團失去對附屬公司控制權之本集團附屬公司擁有權權益變動,會入賬列作股權交易。本集團會調整其權益及非控股權益之賬面金額,以反映該等項目於附屬公司之相關權益。非控股權益之調整金額與已付或已收代價公允價值之間如有任何差異,則會直接於權益內確認並撥歸本公司擁有人。

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# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# (c) Basis of consolidation (Continued)

# Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries (Continued)

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, a gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that subsidiary are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities of the subsidiary (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as specified/permitted by applicable HKFRSs). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under HKAS 39 or, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture.

#### (d) Business combination

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# (c) 綜合賬目基準(續)

# 本集團於現有附屬公司之擁有權權益變 動(續)

當本集團失去對附屬公司之控制權,會 按问已收代價之公允價值及任何保留權 益之公允價值之總額;與(ii)該附屬公司 資產(包括任何商譽)及負債之先前賬面 金額及任何非控股權益之差額計算收益 或虧損並於損益表確認。所有先前於其 他全面收益確認有關該附屬公司之金額 會按與本集團直接出售該附屬公司相關 資產或負債之情況相同之方式入賬(即 重新分類至損益表或轉撥至適用香港財 務報告準則所列明/允許之另一權益類 別)。於失去控制權當日所保留前附屬公 司之任何投資之公允價值會於根據香港 會計準則第39號進行其後會計處理時列 作初步確認時之公允價值,或(如適用) 列作初步確認於聯營公司或合營企業之 投資之成本。

# (d) 業務合併

業務收購採用收購法入賬。於業務合併中轉讓之代價按公允價值計量,而公允價值乃按本集團所轉讓資產於收購日之公允價值、本集團結欠被收購公司前擁有人之負債,以及本集團為換取被收購公司控制權而發行之股權之總和計算。收購相關成本一般於產生時在損益表確認。

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# (d) Business combination (Continued)

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair value, except that:

- deferred tax assets or liabilities, and assets or liabilities related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with HKAS 12 Income Taxes and HKAS 19 Employee Benefits respectively;
- liabilities or equity instruments related to share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree or sharebased payment arrangements of the Group entered into to replace share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree are measured in accordance with HKFRS 2 Share-based Payment at the acquisition date; and
- assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with HKFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations are measured in accordance with that standard.

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. If, after reassessment, the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# (d) 業務合併(續)

於收購日,所收購之可識別資產及所承 擔之負債按公允價值確認,惟:

- 遞延税項資產或負債及有關僱員福 利安排之資產或負債分別根據香港 會計準則第12號「所得稅」及香港 會計準則第19號「僱員福利」確認 及計量;
- 與被收購公司以股份為基礎之付款 安排或本集團為取代被收購公司以 股份為基礎之付款安排而訂立之本 集團以股份為基礎付款安排有關之 負債或股本工具於收購日根據香港 財務報告準則第2號「以股份為基 礎之付款」計量:及
- 根據香港財務報告準則第5號「持作出售之非流動資產及已終止經營業務」分類為持作出售之資產(或出售組別)按該準則計量。

商譽按已轉讓代價、被收購公司之任何非控股權益金額與收購方先前所持被收購公司之股權(如有)公允價值之總和超出所收購可識別資產及所承擔負債於收購日之金額之差額計量。倘經重估後,所收購可識別資產及所承擔可識別負債於收購日之金額超出已轉讓代價、被收購公司之任何非控股權益金額與收購方先前所持被收購公司之權益(如有)公允價值之總和,則該高出數額即時於損益表確認為廉價收購收益。

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# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# (d) Business combination (Continued)

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation may be initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. The choice of measurement basis is made on a transaction-by-transaction basis. Other types of non-controlling interests are measured at fair value or, when applicable, on the basis specified in another HKFRS.

When the consideration transferred by the Group in a business combination includes assets or liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, the contingent consideration is measured at its acquisition-date fair value and included as part of the consideration transferred in a business combination. Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments are adjusted retrospectively, with the corresponding adjustments against goodwill. Measurement period adjustments are adjustments that arise from additional information obtained during the 'measurement period' about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date. Measurement period cannot exceed one year from the acquisition date.

The subsequent accounting for changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that do not qualify as measurement period adjustments depends on how the contingent consideration is classified. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured at subsequent reporting dates and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. Contingent consideration that is classified as an asset or a liability is remeasured at subsequent reporting dates in accordance with HKAS 39, or HKAS 37 *Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets*, as appropriate, with the corresponding gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# (d) 業務合併(續)

非控股權益(屬現時擁有權權益,並賦予持有人權利按比例在清盤時分佔實體淨資產)可初步按公允價值或按非控股權益分佔被收購公司可識別淨資產之比例計量。計量基準乃逐項交易選擇。其他類別之非控股權益按公允價值或(如適用)另一項香港財務報告準則指定之基準計量。

倘本集團於業務合併中轉讓之代價包括 或然代價安排所產生之資產或負債,則 或然代價會按收購日之公允價值計量, 並計入於業務合併中轉讓之代價之一部 份。本集團會追溯調整合資格作為計量 期調整之或然代價公允價值變動,並相 應調整商譽。計量期調整為於「計量期」 內就於收購日存在之事實及情況獲得之 其他資料所產生之調整。計量期不得超 過由收購日起計一年時間。

不合資格作為計量期調整之或然代價公允價值變動之其後會計處理,會取決於或然代價如何分類。分類為權益之或然代價如何分類。分類為權益之或然代價不會於其後呈報日期重新計量,而 其隨後結算則會於權益內入賬。分類 資產或負債之或然代價於其後呈報日期 投據香港會計準則第39號或香港會計準 則第37號「撥備、或然負債及或然資 以如適用)重新計量,而相應之收益或虧 損於損益表確認。

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# (d) Business combination (Continued)

When a business combination is achieved in stages, the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to its acquisition-date fair value and the resulting gain or loss, if any, is recognised in profit or loss. Amounts arising from interests in the acquiree prior to the acquisition date that have previously been recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss where such treatment would be appropriate if that interest were disposed of.

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the Group reports provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. Those provisional amounts are adjusted during the measurement period, or additional assets or liabilities are recognised, to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognised at that date.

### (e) Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units ("CGU") (or groups of CGUs) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# (d) 業務合併(續)

當業務合併分階段完成,本集團先前於被收購公司持有之股權會重新計量至其收購日期之公允價值,而所產生之收益或虧損(如有)會於損益表確認。先前於其他全面收益確認之被收購公司於收購日前之權益所產生之金額乃於有關處理方法適用於所出售權益時重新分類至損益表。

倘業務合併之初步會計處理未能於合併 發生之呈報期結束前完成,則本集團會呈 報未完成會計處理之項目之暫定金額。 該等暫定金額於計量期內調整,或確認 額外資產或負債,以反映收購日已存在 之事實及情況之新資料(如獲悉)可能對 該日所確認之金額構成之影響。

# (e) 商譽

收購業務所產生之商譽按成本(於收購 業務當日制定)減累計減值虧損(如有) 列賬。

就減值測試而言,商譽會分配至預期受惠於合併協同效應之本集團各個現金產生單位(「現金產生單位」)(或現金產生單位組別)。

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# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# (e) Goodwill (Continued)

A CGU to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the CGU is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On disposal of the relevant CGU, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal.

### (f) Investments in subsidiaries

In the Company's statement of financial position, the investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less any identified impairment losses. The results of subsidiaries are accounted by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# (e) 商譽(續)

獲分配商譽之現金產生單位每年進行減值測試,或於單位有可能出現減值之之類的更頻密地進行減值測試。倘現金金生單位之可收回金額少於其賬面金額,則會首先分配減值虧損以削減獲以的調單位之商譽之賬面金額為基準,商額之一。 位內各資產之賬面金額為基準,商額認 位內其他資產。任何確認 值虧損會直接於損益表確認。已確認 商譽減值虧損不會於其後期間撥回。

出售相關現金產生單位後,商譽之應佔 金額會計入出售損益。

# (f) 於附屬公司之投資

於本公司之財務狀況表內,於附屬公司 之投資按成本減任何已識別減值虧損列 賬。附屬公司之業績由本公司按已收及 應收股息入賬。

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# (g) Investments in associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting, except when the investment, or a portion thereof, is classified as held for sale, in which case it is accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 5. Under the equity method, an investment in an associate is initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate. When the Group's share of losses of an associate exceeds the Group's interest in that associate (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

An investment in an associate is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes an associate. On acquisition of the investment in an associate, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# (g) 於聯營公司之投資

聯營公司為本集團擁有重大影響力之實體。重大影響力指參與被投資公司之財務及經營政策決定而非控制或共同控制該等政策之權力。

於聯營公司之投資由被投資公司成為聯營公司當日起以權益法入賬。收購於聯營公司之投資時,投資成本超出本集團應佔被投資公司可識別資產及負債之牙の營門。本價值之任何差額會確認為商譽集面。本價值之任何差額,於重新與實施。其投資成本之任何差額,於重新評估後即時在收購投資當期之損益表確認。

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# (g) Investments in associates (Continued)

The requirements of HKAS 39 are applied to determine whether it is necessary to recognise any impairment loss with respect to the Group's investment in an associate. When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 *Impairment of Assets* as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount, Any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

The Group discontinues the use of the equity method from the date when the investment ceases to be an associate, or when the investment is classified as held for sale. When the Group retains an interest in the former associate and the retained interest is a financial asset, the Group measures the retained interest at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition in accordance with HKAS 39. The difference between the carrying amount of the associate at the date the equity method was discontinued, and the fair value of any retained interest and any proceeds from disposing of a part interest in the associate is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate on the same basis as would be required if that associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that associate would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) when the equity method is discontinued.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# (g) 於聯營公司之投資(續)

香港會計準則第39號之規定乃用於釐定是否需要就本集團於聯營公司之投資確認任何減值虧損。如有需要,投資之全部賬面金額(包括商譽)會根據香港會產進則第36號「資產減值」作為單一資產進行減值測試,方法為將可收回金額(即是一個與公允價值減出售成本之較高者)與販面金額進行比較。已確認減值虧損虧成投資賬面金額之一部份。有關減值虧損之任何撥回於該項投資可收回金額其後增加時根據香港會計準則第36號確認。

本集團由投資不再屬聯營公司當日起, 或於投資分類為持作出售時終止使用權 益法。當本集團保留於前聯營公司之權 益,而該保留權益為金融資產,本集團會 按當日之公允價值計量保留權益,而公 允價值根據香港會計準則第39號被視為 初步確認時之公允價值。聯營公司於終 止使用權益法當日之賬面金額與任何保 留權益之公允價值及出售部份於聯營公 司之權益之任何所得款項之差額,會計 入出售該聯營公司之收益或虧損。此外, 本集團將先前於其他全面收益就該聯營 公司確認之所有金額入賬,基準與假設 該聯營公司直接出售相關資產或負債時 所規定之基準相同。因此,倘該聯營公司 先前已於其他全面收益確認之收益或虧 損將於出售相關資產或負債時重新分類 至損益表,則本集團會於終止使用權益 法時,將收益或虧損由權益重新分類至 損益表(作為重新分類調整)。

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# (g) Investments in associates (Continued)

The Group continues to use the equity method when an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or an investment in a joint venture becomes an investment in an associate. There is no remeasurement to fair value upon such changes in ownership interests.

When the Group reduces its ownership interest in an associate but the Group continues to use the equity method, the Group reclassifies to profit or loss the proportion of the gain or loss that had previously been recognised in other comprehensive income relating to that reduction in ownership interest if that gain or loss would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities.

When a group entity transacts with an associate of the Group, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate that are not related to the Group.

### (h) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment including leasehold improvement, furniture and fixtures, office equipment, computer, motor vehicles and yacht, are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost, less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any. The cost of an item of property comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the assets to its location and working condition for its intended use. Expenses incurred after item of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repair and maintenance, is normally charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in the period in which it is incurred. In situation where it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditure has resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of an item of property, plant and equipment and where the cost of the item can be measured reliably, the expenditure is capitalised as an additional cost of assets and as a replacement.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# (q) 於聯營公司之投資(續)

當於聯營公司之投資成為於合營企業之投資或當於合營企業之投資成為於聯營公司之投資,本集團會繼續使用權益法。發生該等擁有權權益變動時,不會重新計量公允價值。

當本集團減少於聯營公司之擁有權權益但仍繼續使用權益法,則本集團會按比例將先前就該擁有權權益減少而於其他全面收益確認之收益或虧損重新分類至損益表,前題是該收益或虧損會於出售相關資產或負債時重新分類至損益表。

當集團實體與本集團之聯營公司進行交易,則會於本集團之綜合財務報表確認 與該聯營公司交易所產生之損益,惟僅 限於與本集團無關之聯營公司權益。

# (h) 物業、廠房及設備

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# **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

# (h) Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line method basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful lives. The principal annual rates used for the purpose are as follows:

Leasehold improvement	33%
Furniture and fixtures	10-50%
Office equipment	20%
Computer	50%
Motor vehicles	20%
Yacht	10%

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately.

Residual values, useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

#### (i) Other tangible assets

Other tangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated impairment loss.

Other tangible assets are derecognised upon disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item) is included in the profit or loss in the period in which the item is derecognised.

#### 主要會計政策概要(續) 2.

# (h) 物業、廠房及設備(續)

折舊按每項物業、廠房及設備之估計可 使用年期以直線法計算,以撇銷成本值 至其剩餘價值。計算折舊時所採用之主 要年率如下:

租賃物業裝修	33%
傢俬及裝置	10-50%
辦公室設備	20%
電腦	50%
汽車	20%
遊艇	10%

倘物業、廠房及設備項目各部份之可使 用年期不同,則該項目之成本乃按合理 基礎於該等部份中分配,而每個部份將 會分開計算折舊。

本集團會於各呈報期末檢討剩餘價值、 可使用年期及折舊方法,並作出適當調 整。

當物業、廠房及設備項目出售或預期將 不會從持續使用資產中產生經濟效益, 則終止確認該項目。將物業、廠房及設備 出售或報廢之任何收益或虧損乃按銷售 所得款項與資產賬面金額之差額釐定, 並於損益表確認。

#### 其他有形資產 (i)

其他有形資產按成本減累計減值虧損列 賬。

其他有形資產於出售時終止確認。終止 確認資產所產生之任何收益或虧損(按 出售所得款項淨額與該項目賬面金額之 差額計算)於終止確認該項目期間計入損 益表。

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### (j) Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### Financial assets

Financial assets are classified into the following specified categories: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), held-to-maturity investments, available-forsale ("AFS") financial assets and loans and receivables. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

#### Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments other than those financial assets classified as at FVTPL.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# (j) 金融工具

當集團實體成為工具合約條文之訂約方 時,會確認金融資產及金融負債。

金融資產及金融負債初步按公允價值計量。因收購或發行金融資產及金融負債 (於損益表按公允價值列賬之金融資產及 金融負債除外)而直接產生之交易成本於 初步確認時新增至金融資產及金融負債 之公允價值或從該等價值扣除(按適用 情況而定)。因收購於損益表按公允價值 列賬之金融資產或金融負債而直接產生 之交易成本即時於損益表確認。

#### 金融資產

金融資產分為以下指定類別:於損益表按公允價值列賬之金融資產、持致到期投資、可供出售金融資產以及貸款及應收賬款。分類依據金融資產之性質及用途且於初步確認時釐定。所有正常方式買賣之金融資產按交易日基準確認或終止確認。正常方式買賣金融資產為須於市場之規定或常規設立之時限內交付資產之金融資產買賣。

#### 實際利息法

實際利息法為計算債務工具之攤銷成本及於有關期間內攤分利息收入之方法。實際利率乃於債務工具之預計年期或(如適用)較短期間將估計未來現金收入(包括所有已付或已收之費用及費點,且形成實際利率、交易成本及其他溢價或折讓之主要部份)準確貼現至於初步確認時之賬面淨額之比率。

債務工具收入按實際利息法確認,惟分 類為於損益表按公允價值列賬之金融資 產除外。

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# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

#### **Financial instruments (Continued)** (i)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets are classified as at FVTPL when the financial asset is either held for trading or it is designated as at FVTPL.

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

A financial asset other than a financial asset held for trading may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if:

- such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise; or
- the financial asset forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Group's documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis; or

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 金融工具(續) (i)

#### 金融資產(續)

於損益表按公允價值列賬之金融資產

屬持作買賣或指定為於損益表按公允價 值列賬之金融資產乃分類為於損益表按 公允價值列賬。

倘屬下列情況, 金融資產則會分類為持 作冒膏:

- 購入之主要目的為於短期內銷售; 或
- 於初步確認時構成已識別金融工具 組合之一部份,該組合乃由本集團 一併管理,且近來具有短期獲利之 實際模式;或
- 為未被指定及有效作對沖工具之衍 生工具。

倘屬下列情況,金融資產(持作買賣之金 融資產除外)可於初步確認時指定為於損 益表按公允價值列賬:

- 有關指定能消除或大幅減少於其他 情況下可能出現之不一致計量或確 認;或
- 金融資產構成一組金融資產或金融 負債或兩者之一部份,而該組合乃 按公允價值基準管理,表現可根據 本集團之書面風險管理或投資策略 按公允價值評估,而有關分組之資 料乃於內部按該基準提供;或

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# (j) Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

Financial assets at FVTPL (Continued)

 it forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement permits the entire combined contract to be designated as at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

#### Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Loans and receivables (including deposits and other receivables, amounts due from subsidiaries and cash and bank balances) are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term receivables where the recognition of interest would be immaterial.

#### AFS financial assets

AFS financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated as available-for-sale or are not classified as (a) loans and receivables, (b) held-to-maturity investments or (c) financial assets at FVTPL.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

### (i) 金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產(續)

於損益表按公允價值列賬之金融資產 (續)

• 其構成載有一種或以上內含衍生工 具之合約之一部份,而香港會計準 則第39號「金融工具:確認及計量」 允許全份經合併合約指定為於損益 表按公允價值列賬。

於損益表按公允價值列賬之金融資產按公允價值列賬,而重新計量所產生之任何收益或虧損則於損益表確認。於損益表確認之收益或虧損淨額包括就金融資產賺取之任何股息或利息,並計入綜合損益及其他全面收益表。

#### 貸款及應收款項

貸款及應收款項為並非於活躍市場報價 而具備固定或可釐定款項之非衍生金融 資產。貸款及應收款項(包括按金及其他 應收款項、應收附屬公司款項以及現金 及銀行結餘)使用實際利息法按攤銷成本 計量,並已扣除任何減值。

本集團採用實際利息法確認利息收入, 惟利息確認並不重大之短期應收款項除 外。

#### 可供出售金融資產

可供出售金融資產乃指定為可供出售或 並無分類為(a)貸款及應收款項、(b)持至 到期投資或(c)於損益表按公允價值列賬 之金融資產之非衍生工具。

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# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# (j) Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

AFS financial assets (Continued)

Equity and debt securities held by the Group that are classified as AFS financial assets and are traded in an active market are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the carrying amount of AFS monetary financial assets relating to interest income calculated using the effective interest method and dividends on AFS equity investments are recognised in profit or loss. Other changes in the carrying amount of AFS financial assets are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of investments revaluation reserve. When the investment is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve is reclassified to profit or loss.

Dividends on AFS equity investments are recognised in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established.

AFS equity investments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured and derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of such unquoted equity investments are measured at cost less any identified impairment losses at the end of each reporting period.

#### Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at FVTPL, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been affected.

For AFS equity investments, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is considered to be objective evidence of impairment.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# (j) 金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產(續)

可供出售金融資產(續)

分類為可供出售金融資產並於活躍市場 賈賣之本集團所持股本及債務證券所 呈報期末以公允價值計量。有關採用 際利息法計算之利息收入及可供出售貨幣金融 資股息之可供出售貨幣金融。可供出 售金額變動會於損益表確認。可供出 售金融資產賬面金額之其他變動於 長立出 售金融資產帳面金額之其他變動於 計。當該投資被出售或認定為減值時, 主 前於投資重估儲備累計之累積損益會 新分類至損益表。

可供出售股本投資之股息於本集團收取 股息之權利確立時在損益表確認。

於活躍市場並無市場報價且公允價值不能可靠地計量之可供出售股本投資,以及與股本投資掛鈎且必須以該等無報價股本投資作交收之衍生工具,會於各呈報期末按成本減任何已識別減值虧損計量。

### 金融資產之減值

金融資產(於損益表按公允價值列賬者除外)會於各呈報期末評定是否有減值跡象。當有客觀證據顯示投資之估計未來現金流量因於初步確認金融資產後發生之一項或多項事件而受影響,則該金融資產會被視為出現減值。

就可供出售股本投資而言,證券之公允 價值大幅或長期低於其成本被視為減值 之客觀證據。

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# (j) Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

For all other financial assets, objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation; or
- the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

For financial assets that are carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment loss recognised is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

For financial assets carried at cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# (j) 金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產(續)

金融資產之減值(續)

至於所有其他金融資產,減值之客觀證據可包括:

- 發行人或交易對手出現嚴重財務困 難;或
- 違約(如欠繳或拖欠利息或本金付款);或
- 借款人很有可能將宣告破產或進行 財務重組;或
- 因財政困難而導致該金融資產失去 活躍市場。

就按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產而言,所確認之減值虧損金額以資產賬面金額與按金融資產之原實際利率貼現之估計未來現金流量之現值之差額計量。

就按成本列賬之金融資產而言,減值虧損金額以資產賬面金額與按類似金融資產現時市場回報率貼現估計未來現金流量之現值之差額計量。有關減值虧損不會於往後期間撥回。

所有金融資產之減值虧損會直接於金融 資產之賬面金額中扣除,惟貿易應收賬 款之賬面金額則透過使用撥備賬扣減。 當貿易應收賬款被視為不可收回時,則 於撥備賬內撇銷。其後收回先前撇銷之 金額會計入撥備賬。撥備賬之賬面金額 變動會於損益表確認。

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# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# (j) Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

When an AFS financial asset is considered to be impaired, cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss in the period.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

In respect of AFS equity securities, impairment losses previously recognised in profit or loss are not reversed through profit or loss. Any increase in fair value subsequent to an impairment loss is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of investments revaluation reserve. In respect of AFS debt securities, impairment losses are subsequently reversed through profit or loss if an increase in the fair value of the investment can be objectively related to an event occurring after the recognition of the impairment loss.

#### Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# (j) 金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產(續)

金融資產之減值(續)

當可供出售金融資產被視為減值時,先 前於其他全面收益確認之累積收益或虧 損會重新分類至期內損益表。

就按攤銷成本計量之金融資產而言,倘減值虧損金額於往後期間減少,而該減幅在客觀上與確認減值後發生之事件有關,則先前確認之減值虧損會透過損益表撥回,惟該投資於減值撥回當日之賬面金額不得超過未確認減值時之攤銷成本。

就可供出售股本證券而言,先前已於損益表確認之減值虧損不會透過損益表撥回。於減值虧損後出現之任何公允價值增加會於其他全面收益確認並於投資重估儲備下累計。至於可供出售債務證券,倘投資之公允價值增加在客觀上與確認減值虧損後發生之事件有關,則減值虧損其後透過損益表撥回。

### 金融負債及股本工具

債務或權益之分類

集團實體發行之債務及股本工具根據金 融負債及股本工具之合約安排及釋義分 類為金融負債或權益。

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# (j) Financial instruments (Continued)

# Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Continued)

#### Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by a group entity are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

#### Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities at FVTPL or other financial liabilities.

#### Financial liabilities at FVTPL

Financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL when the financial liability is either held for trading or it is designated as at FVTPL on initial recognition.

A financial liability is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been incurred principally for the purpose of repurchasing it in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# (j) 金融工具(續)

### 金融負債及股本工具(續)

#### 股本工具

股本工具為可證明於實體資產經扣除其 所有負債後之餘額權益之任何合約。集 團實體發行之股本工具按已收所得款項 扣除直接發行成本確認。

購回本公司本身股本工具直接於權益確認並扣除。概無就購買、出售、發行或註銷本公司本身股本工具於損益表確認收益或虧損。

#### 金融負債

金融負債分類為於損益表按公允價值列 賬之金融負債或其他金融負債。

#### 於損益表按公允價值列賬之金融負債

持作買賣或於初步確認時指定為於損益 表按公允價值列賬之金融負債分類為於 損益表按公允價值列賬之金融負債。

倘屬下列情況,金融負債則會分類為持 作買賣:

- 其產生之主要目的為於短期內購回;或
- 於初步確認時構成已識別金融工具 組合之一部份,該組合乃由本集團 一併管理,且近來具有短期獲利之 實際模式;或
- 為未被指定及有效作對沖工具之衍生工具。

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# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (j) Financial instruments (Continued)

# Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities at FVTPL (Continued)

A financial liability other than a financial liability held for trading may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if:

- such designated eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise; or
- the financial liability forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Group's documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis; or
- it forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement permits the entire combined contract to be designated as at FVTPL.

Financial liabilities at FVTPL are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any interest paid on the financial liability and is included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

During the year, the Group did not hold any financial liabilities at fair value in this category.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### (j) 金融工具(續)

#### 金融負債及股本工具(續)

於損益表按公允價值列賬之金融負債 (續)

倘屬下列情況,金融負債(持作買賣之金融負債除外)可於初步確認時指定為於損益表按公允價值列賬:

- 有關指定能消除或大幅減少於其他 情況下可能出現之不一致計量或確 認;或
- 金融負債構成一組金融資產或金融 負債或兩者之一部份,而該組合乃 按公允價值基準管理,表現可根據 本集團之書面風險管理或投資策略 按公允價值評估,而有關分組之資 料乃於內部按該基準提供;或
- 其構成載有一種或以上內含衍生工 具之合約之一部份,而香港會計準 則第39號「金融工具:確認及計量」 允許全份經合併合約指定為於損益 表按公允價值列賬。

於損益表按公允價值列賬之金融負債按公允價值列賬,而重新計量所產生之任何收益或虧損則於損益表確認。於損益表確認之收益或虧損淨額包括就金融負債支付之任何利息,並計入綜合損益及其他全面收益表。

年內,本集團並無持有該類按公允價值 列賬之任何金融負債。

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (j) Financial instruments (Continued)

# Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Continued)

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities (including accrued charges and other payables, short-term loan and promissory notes) are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or, (where appropriate), a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis other than financial liabilities classified as at FVTPL.

#### **Derecognition**

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group continues to recognise the asset to the extent of its continuing involvement and recognises an associated liability. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### (j) 金融工具(續)

#### 金融負債及股本工具(續)

#### 其他金融負債

其他金融負債(包括應付開支及其他應付款項、短期貸款及承兑票據)其後使用 實際利息法按攤銷成本計量。

#### 實際利息法

實際利息法為計算金融負債之攤銷成本及於有關期間內攤分利息開支之方法。實際利率乃於金融負債之預計年期或(如適用)較短期間將估計未來現金付款(包括所有已付或已收之費用及費點,且形成實際利率、交易成本及其他溢價或折讓之主要部份)準確貼現至於初步確認時之賬面淨額之比率。

利息開支按實際利息法確認,惟分類為 於損益表按公允價值列賬之金融負債除 外。

#### 終止確認

本集團僅於自資產獲取現金流之合約權利到期時,或本集團將金融資產及產產擁有權之絕大部份風險及回報轉讓予另一實體時,方會終止確認金融資產。倘本集團既無轉讓亦無保留擁有權之絕大部份風險及回報,並繼續控制已轉讓資產,則本集團會繼續按其持續參與情況留於了一時讓金融資產擁有權之絕大部份風險及回報,則本集團繼續確認該金融資產,亦會就已收所得款項確認有抵押借貸。

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# **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

#### **Financial instruments (Continued)** (i)

#### **Derecognition (Continued)**

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

On derecognition of a financial asset other than in its entirety, the Group allocates the previous carrying amount of the financial asset between the part it continues to recognise, and the part it no longer recognises on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts on the date of the transfer. The difference between the carrying amount allocated to the part that is no longer recognised and the sum of the consideration received for the part no longer recognised and any cumulative gain or loss allocated to it that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss. A cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is allocated between the part that continues to be recognised and the part that is no longer recognised on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts.

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

#### 主要會計政策概要(續) 2.

#### 金融工具(續) (i)

#### 終止確認(續)

全面終止確認金融資產時,資產賬面金 額與已收及應收代價以及累計收益或虧 損(已於其他全面收益確認並於權益累 計)總和間之差額會於損益表確認。

除全面終止確認外,本集團將金融資產 之過往賬面金額在其繼續確認之部份與 終止確認之部份之間,按照該兩者於轉 讓日期之相關公允價值作出分配。終止 確認部份獲分配之賬面金額與該部份已 收代價及其已於其他全面收益確認獲分 配之任何累計收益或虧損之總和間之差 額,乃於損益表確認。已於其他全面收益 確認之累計收益或虧損按繼續確認部份 及終止確認部份之相關公允價值在該兩 者間作出分配。

本集團僅於責任獲免除、取消或終止時, 方會終止確認金融負債。被終止確認之 金融負債之賬面金額與已付及應付代價 間之差額會於損益表確認。

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## (k) Warrants

Warrants issued by the Company that will be settled by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash for a fixed number of the Company's own equity instruments are classified as an equity instrument.

The fair value of warrants on the date of issue is recognised in equity (warrants reserve). The warrants reserve will be transferred to share capital and share premium upon exercise of the warrants. Where the warrants remain unexercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in warrants reserve will be released to the retained earnings or accumulated losses.

#### (I) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at banks and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term highly liquid investments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

#### (m) Revenue

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivables.

Revenue represents dividend income from securities investments, bank interest income, other interest/dividend income from financial assets and net gain/loss on financial assets at FVTPL.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### (k) 認股權證

本公司發行之認股權證(將以既定現金 交換本公司本身既定數目之股本工具)會 分類為股本工具。

認股權證於發行日期之公允價值於權益 (認股權證儲備)確認。認股權證儲備將 於認股權證獲行使時轉撥至股本及股份 溢價。倘認股權證於到期日仍未獲行使, 則先前已於認股權證儲備確認之金額將 解除至保留盈利或累積虧損。

#### (I) 現金及現金等值項目

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及現金等值項目指銀行及手頭現金、存放於銀行及其他金融機構之活期存款,以及可隨時轉換為已知金額現金之短期高流動性投資,而該等投資之價值轉變風險較低,並為較短期之投資項目(一般為由購入日期起計三個月內到期),並已減去須於要求時償還並組成本集團現金管理主要部份之銀行透支。

## (m) 收益

收益按已收或應收代價之公允價值計量。

收益指證券投資之股息收入、銀行利息 收入、來自金融資產之其他利息/股息 收入,以及於損益表按公允價值列賬之 金融資產之收益/虧損淨額。

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# **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

#### (n) Revenue recognition

Provided it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be measured reliably, revenue is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

- Dividend income from investments is recognised when the Group's rights to receive payment have been established.
- Interest income from financial assets including financial assets at FVTPL are recognised on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which are the rates that exactly discounts and the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial assets to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.
- Net gain/loss on financial assets at FVTPL is recognised on the transaction dates when the relevant contracts are executed.

#### (o) Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### **Current tax**

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### (n) 收益確認

倘若收益之經濟利益很大可能流入本集 團及收益能可靠地計量,則按以下方式 於綜合損益及其他全面收益表確認:

- 投資之股息收入於本集團收取款項 之權利確立時確認。
- ii. 金融資產之利息收入(包括於損益 表按公允價值列賬之金融資產)按 時間基準經參考尚未償還本金額以 適用實際利率確認,該利率指於金 融資產估計可使用年期將估計未來 現金收入準確貼現至資產於初步確 認時之賬面淨額之利率。
- 於損益表按公允價值列賬之金融資 產之收益/虧損淨額於簽立有關合 約之交易日確認。

#### (o) 税項

所得税開支指現行應繳税項與遞延税項 之總和。

#### 即期税項

現行應繳税項乃根據年內應課税溢利計 算。應課稅溢利有別於綜合損益及其他 全面收益表呈報之「除稅前溢利」,原因 為前者並無計入其他年度之應課稅或可 扣税收支項目及毋須課税或不可扣税之 項目。本集團之即期税項採用呈報期末 已實施或實質上已實施之稅率計算。

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (o) Taxation (Continued)

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### (o) 税項(續)

#### 遞延税項

本集團就綜合財務報表之資產及負債賬面金額與計算應課稅溢利所用相應稅基兩者之暫時差額確認遞延稅項。本集團一般將會就所有應課稅暫時差額確認。延稅項負債。遞延稅項資產一般於暫時差額時就該等可扣稅暫時差額時差額因於一項不影響應課稅溢利以供動用所有至額。 會計溢利之交易初步確認(業務合時期。 會計溢利之交易初步確認(業務合所以等於)資產及負債而產生,則不會確認的時差額因於項資產及負債。此外,倘暫時差額因初步確認會產及負債。此外,倘暫時差額因初步確認商譽而產生,亦不會確認遞延稅項負債。

本集團就與於附屬公司及聯營公司之投資相關之應課税暫時差額確認遞延税項負債,惟倘本集團可控制暫時差額撥回, 且暫時差額有可能不會於可見將來撥回則除外。因與有關投資及權益相關之可 扣減暫時差額而產生之遞延税項資產僅 於可能產生足夠應課税溢利以供動用暫 時差額利益並預期可於可見將來撥回時 確認。

遞延税項資產賬面金額於各呈報期末審 閱,並按不可能有足夠應課税溢利以收 回所有或部份資產之金額減少。

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# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (o) Taxation (Continued)

#### **Deferred tax (Continued)**

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

#### Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

## (o) 税項(續)

#### 遞延税項(續)

遞延税項資產及負債根據於呈報期末已 實施或實質上已實施之稅率(及稅法), 按清償負債或變現資產期間預期之適用 稅率計量。

遞延税項負債和資產之計量反映本集團 於呈報期末預期能收回或清償其資產和 負債賬面金額之税務影響。

#### 年內即期及遞延税項

即期及遞延税項於損益表確認,惟當即期及遞延税項與在其他全面收益確認或直接在權益確認之項目相關,亦會分別於其他全面收益或直接於權益確認。倘就業務合併於初步入賬後產生現行税項或遞延税項,本集團會於就業務合併入賬時計入稅務影響。

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# (p) Impairment of tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the CGU to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual CGUs, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of CGUs for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a CGU) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or the CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or CGU) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or CGU) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### (p) 有形及無形資產(商譽除外)之 減值

於各呈報期末,本集團檢討其有形及無形資產之賬面金額,以釐定是否有跡象顯示該等資產出現減值虧損。倘出現任何有關跡象,則須估計資產之可收回金額,以釐定減值虧損(如有)之程度。倘無法估計個別資產之可收回金額,本集則估計該資產所屬現金產生單位之分配基準,公司資產亦分配至個別現金產生單位,否則將分配至可確定合理及貫徹之分配基準之最小現金產生單位組別。

具不確定可使用年期之無形資產及尚未 可用之無形資產至少每年進行一次減值 測試,並於有跡象顯示資產可能出現減 值時進行有關測試。

可收回金額為公允價值減出售成本與使 用價值之較高者。於評估使用價值時,估 計未來現金流量使用税前貼現率貼現至 現值,該貼現率反映當前市場對貨幣時 間價值之評估及未調整估計未來現金流 量之資產之特有風險。

倘估計資產(或現金產生單位)之可收回 金額少於賬面金額,則會扣減資產(或現 金產生單位)之賬面金額至其可收回金額。減值虧損即時於損益表確認。

倘減值虧損其後撥回,則該資產(或現金產生單位)之賬面金額將增至重新估計之可收回金額,但增加後之賬面金額不得超過資產(或現金產生單位)於過往年度若未確認減值虧損所釐定之賬面金額,而減值虧損撥回會即時於損益表確認。

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# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (q) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material).

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

# (r) Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. It can also be a present obligation arising from past events that is not recognised because it is not probable that outflow of economic resources will be required or the amount of obligation cannot be measured reliably.

A contingent liability is not recognised but is disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements. When a change in the probability of an outflow occurs so that outflow is probable, they will then be recognised as a provision.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### (q) 撥備

當本集團因過往事件而須承擔現時責任 (法定或推定),本集團很可能須履行該 責任,且能可靠地估計責任金額,即確認 撥備。

確認為撥備之金額乃對於呈報期末履行 現時責任所需代價之最佳估計,當中已 計及有關責任之風險及不確定因素。當 撥備按利用履行現時責任估計所需之現 金流量計量時,其賬面金額為有關現金 流量之現值(如金錢時間價值之影響重 大)。

當清償撥備所需之部份或全部經濟利益 預期將從第三方收回,且實際上可確定 會收到付還及應收款項金額能可靠地計 量,則會將應收款項確認為資產。

#### (r) 或然負債及或然資產

或然負債乃因過去事件而產生之可能債務,而其存在與否僅由不屬本集團全然掌握之一件或以上未確定未來事件之發生或不發生所確定。或然負債亦可以是過去事件所產生之現時債務,而由於不大可能導致經濟資源流失,或債務數額不能可靠地衡量而未予確認。

或然負債雖未予確認,惟於綜合財務報 表附註披露。當資源外流之可能性有變, 以致有可能流出經濟資源時,則會確認 或然負債為撥備。

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# (r) Contingent liabilities and contingent assets (Continued)

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain events not wholly within the control of the Group.

A contingent asset is not recognised but is disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements when an inflow of economic benefits is probable. When inflow is virtually certain, an asset is recognised.

#### (s) Employee benefits

#### Retirement benefits scheme

The Group has participated in the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme Ordinance. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The MPF Scheme is generally funded by payments from employees and by the Group. The Group's contributions to the MPF Scheme are expensed as incurred in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme and are not reduced by contributions forfeited by those employees who leave the MPF Scheme prior to vesting fully in the contributions.

#### Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave and long service leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave and long-service leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of the reporting period.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity or paternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

## (r) 或然負債及或然資產(續)

或然資產乃指因過往事件而可能獲得之 資產,其存在與否僅可視乎將來發生或 不發生一件或以上非本集團所能完全控 制之不明確事件確定。

或然資產雖未予確認,惟於有可能流入 經濟利益時在綜合財務報表附註披露。 當實際上可確定有關利益流入時,即會 確認資產。

#### (s) 僱員福利

#### 退休福利計劃

本集團已根據強制性公積金計劃條例參與強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)。 強積金計劃之資產與本集團之資產分開 持有,並由獨立管理之基金管理。強積 金計劃之款項一般是由僱員及本集團支 付。本集團之強積金計劃供款於根據強 積金計劃之規則向強積金計劃作出供款 時支銷,且不會以僱員在取得全數供款前 退出強積金計劃而被沒收之供款扣減。

#### 僱員應有假期

僱員年假及長期服務假期於僱員應享時確認。本公司已就截至呈報期末僱員提供之服務所產生之年假及長期服務假期 之估計負債作出撥備。

僱員應有病假及產假或陪產假期在申請 假期時方予確認。

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (s) Employee benefits (Continued)

#### Profit sharing and bonus plans

The expected cost of profit sharing and bonus payments are recognised as a liability when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of services rendered by employees and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made.

Liabilities for profit sharing and bonus plan are expected to be settled within twelve months and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when they are settled.

# (t) Equity settled share-based payment transactions

Equity settled share-based payments to employees and others providing similar services are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date. Details regarding the determination of the fair value of equity-settled share-based transactions are set out in Note 36.

The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity settled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest, with a corresponding increase in equity (share options reserve).

At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to share options reserve.

For share options that vest immediately at the date of grant, the fair value of the share options granted is expensed immediately to profit or loss.

When share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to share premium. When share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to retained earnings.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### (s) 僱員福利(續)

#### 溢利分享及花紅計劃

當本集團因僱員提供服務而承擔現有法 律或推定責任,且能夠對責任作出可靠 估計,溢利分享及花紅付款之預期成本 會確認為負債。

溢利分享及花紅計劃之負債預期於十二個月內償付,並按預期於償付時支付之款額計量。

#### (t) 按股權結算以股份為基礎付款之 交易

向僱員或提供類似服務之其他人士支付按股權結算以股份為基礎支付之款項按股本工具於授出日期之公允價值計量。有關釐定按股權結算以股份為基礎付款之交易之公允價值之詳情,載於附許36。

於授出按股權結算以股份為基礎支付之 款項當日釐定之公允價值根據本集團對 最終將會歸屬之股本工具之估計,按直 線法於歸屬期內支銷,而權益(購股權儲 備)則相應增加。

於各呈報期末,本集團修訂對預期將會歸屬之股本工具數目之估計。修訂原估計所產生之影響(如有)於損益表確認,致使累計開支反映經修訂之估計,而購股權儲備則作出相應調整。

就於授出日期已即時歸屬之購股權而言,已授出購股權之公允價值即時於損益表支銷。

行使購股權時,先前已在購股權儲備確認之金額將轉撥至股份溢價。當購股權於歸屬日期後被沒收或於到期日仍未行使,先前已於購股權儲備確認之金額將轉撥至保留盈利。

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (u) Leasing

#### The Group as lessee

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed. Contingent rentals arising under operating leases are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

In the event that lease incentives are received to enter into operating leases, such incentives are recognised as a liability. The aggregate benefit of incentives is recognised as a reduction of rental expense on a straight-line basis, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed.

#### (v) Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group, if that person:
  - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

## (u) 租賃

#### 本集團作為承租人

經營租賃租金於租期以直線法確認為開 支,惟倘另有系統基準更能代表租賃資 產消耗經濟利益之時間模式則作別論。 根據經營租賃產生之或然租金於產生期 間確認為開支。

倘訂立經營租賃時收取租賃優惠,則有關優惠會確認為負債。優惠利益總額以直線法確認為租金開支扣減,惟倘另有系統基準更能代表租賃資產耗用經濟利益之時間模式則作別論。

#### (v) 關連人士

倘屬下列情況,一方即被視為與本集團 有關連:

- (a) 倘屬以下情況,則該人士或該其近 親與本集團有關連:
  - (i) 該人士控制或共同控制本集 團;
  - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響力;或
  - (iii) 為本集團或其母公司之主要 管理層成員。

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# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (v) Related parties (Continued)

A party is considered to be related to the Group if: (Continued)

- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
  - (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
  - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
  - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party.
  - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
  - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
  - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
  - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

## (v) 關連人士(續)

倘屬下列情況,一方即被視為與本集團 有關連:(續)

- (b) 倘符合下列任何條件,則實體與本 集團有關連:
  - (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一集團 之成員公司(即各母公司、附 屬公司及同系附屬公司彼此 間有關連)。
  - (ii) 一間實體為另一實體之聯營 公司或合營企業(或另一實 體為成員公司之集團旗下成 員公司之聯營公司或合營企 業)。
  - (iii) 該實體及本集團均為同一第 三方之合營企業。
  - (iv) 一間實體為一間第三方實體 之合營企業,而另一實體為 該第三方實體之聯營公司。
  - (v) 該實體為本集團或與本集團 有關連之實體就僱員福利設 立之離職後福利計劃。
  - (vi) 該實體受(a)項所識別之人士 控制或受共同控制。
  - (vii) (a)(i)項所識別人士對該實體 有重大影響力或屬該實體 (或該實體之母公司)主要管 理層成員。

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (v) Related parties (Continued)

Close family members of an individual are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

A transaction is considered to be a related party transaction when there is a transfer of resources or obligations between related parties.

# (w) Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences on monetary items are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise except for:

 exchange differences on foreign currency borrowings relating to assets under construction for future productive use, which are included in the cost of those assets when they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs on those foreign currency borrowings;

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### (v) 關連人士(續)

某個別人士之近親指與實體進行買賣時 預期可影響該人士或受該人士影響之家 庭成員。

凡關連人士之間轉讓資源或責任之交易,均屬關連人士交易。

#### (w) 外幣

編製各個別集團實體之財務報表時,以 實體功能貨幣以外之貨幣(外幣)進行之 交易按交易日通行之匯率確認。於各呈 報期末,以外幣列值之貨幣項目按該日 之通行匯率重新換算。以外幣列值並按 公允價值列賬之非貨幣項目按釐定公允 價值當日之通行匯率重新換算。以外幣 列值並按歷史成本計量之非貨幣項目不 予重新換算。

貨幣項目所產生之匯兑差額均於產生期間在損益表確認,惟以下各項除外:

與作未來生產用途之在建資產有關之外幣借貸之匯兑差額,該等匯兑差額於被視為該等外幣借貸利息成本之調整時計入該等資產之成本;

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# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (w) Foreign currencies (Continued)

- exchange differences on transactions entered into in order to hedge certain foreign currency risks; and
- exchange differences on monetary items receivable from or payable to a foreign operation for which settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur (therefore forming part of the net investment in the foreign operation), which are recognised initially in other comprehensive income and reclassified from equity to profit or loss on repayment of the monetary items.

For the purposes of presenting consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollars) using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during that period, in which case the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of foreign currency translation reserve (attributed to non-controlling interests as appropriate).

On the disposal of a foreign operation (i.e. a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, or a partial disposal of an interest in a joint arrangement or an associate that includes a foreign operation of which the retained interest becomes a financial asset), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss.

#### 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

## (w) 外幣(續)

- 為對沖若干外幣風險而進行之交易 之匯兑差額;及
- 應收或應付海外業務之貨幣項目之 匯兑差額,而其既無計劃結算亦不 大可能結算(因此構成海外業務投 資淨額之一部份),該等匯兑差額 初步於其他全面收益確認,並於償 還貨幣項目時自權益重新分類至損 益表。

為呈列綜合財務報表,本集團海外業務之資產及負債會採用於各呈報期末通行之匯率換算為本集團之呈列貨幣(港元)。收支項目按期內平均匯率換算,惟倘該期間內匯率大幅波動,則按交易日期之匯率換算。所產生之匯兑差額(如有)於其他全面收益確認,並於權益內之外幣換算儲備累計(視適用情況歸屬於非控股權益)。

當出售海外業務(即出售本集團於海外 業務之全部權益、出售涉及失去包括海外 業務之附屬公司之控制權,或部份出售 於包括海外業務(其保留權益成為金融 資產)之聯合安排或聯營公司之權益), 本公司擁有人應佔該業務而於權益累計 之所有匯兑差額會重新分類至損益表。

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (w) Foreign currencies (Continued)

In addition, in relation to a partial disposal of a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation that does not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiary, the proportionate share of accumulated exchange differences are re-attributed to non-controlling interests and are not recognised in profit or loss. For all other partial disposals (i.e. partial disposals of associates or joint arrangements that do not result in the Group losing significant influence or joint control), the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange differences is reclassified to profit or loss.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments to identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed through acquisition of a foreign operation are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Exchange differences arising are recognised in other comprehensive income.

#### (x) Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the consolidated financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type of class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

#### 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### (w) 外幣(續)

此外,就部份出售包括海外業務之附屬公司(並無導致本集團失去對該附屬公司之控制權)而言,按比例分佔累計匯兑差額之份額會重新歸屬於非控股權益,且不會於損益表確認。就所有其他部份出售(即部份出售聯營公司或聯合安排而並無導致本集團失去重大影響力或共同控制權)而言,按比例分佔累計匯兑差額之份額會重新分類至損益表。

對透過收購海外業務時收購之可識別資產及承擔之負債作出之商譽及公允價值調整被視為該海外業務之資產及負債,並於各呈報期末按通行匯率換算。所產生之匯兑差額於其他全面收益確認。

# (x) 分類報告

經營分類及綜合財務報表所呈報各分類項目之金額乃自定期提供予本集團最高行政管理人員之財務資料中識別得出,以將資源分配至本集團各項業務及地理位置,以及評估本集團各項業務及地理位置之表現。

就財務報告而言,除非分類具備相似經濟特徵,且產品及服務性質、生產工序性質、客戶類型或類別、用於分銷產品或提供服務之方法及監管環境性質相似,否則個別重大經營分類不會進行合算。個別非重大之經營分類如符合上述大部份標準,則可進行合算。

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# 3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

In the current year, the Group has applied, for the first time, the following new standards, amendments and interpretations ("new HKFRSs") issued by the HKICPA, which are effective for the Group's financial period beginning 1 January 2014. A summary of the new HKFRSs is set out below:

HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and Investment Entities HKAS 27 (Amendments)

HKAS 32 (Amendments) Offsetting Financial Assets and

Financial Liabilities

HKAS 36 (Amendments) Recoverable Amount Disclosures for

Non-Financial Assets

HKAS 39 (Amendments) Novation of Derivatives and

Continuation of Hedge Accounting

HK(IFRIC) – Int 21 Levies

The application of these new HKFRSs has not had any material impact on the amounts reported for the current year and prior years but may affect the accounting for future transactions or arrangements. The impact of the application of the new HKFRSs is discussed below.

## 3. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則

本集團已於本年度首次應用以下由香港會計師公會頒佈之新訂準則、修改及詮釋(「新訂香港財務報告準則」),而新訂香港財務報告準則適用於二零一四年一月一日開始之本集團財政期間。新訂香港財務報告準則之概要載列如下:

香港財務報告準則 投資實體

第10號、香港財務 報告準則第12號及 香港會計準則 第27號(修改)

香港會計準則 抵銷金融資產及 第32號(修改) 金融負債

香港會計準則 非金融資產之可收回

第36號(修改) 金額披露

香港會計準則 衍生工具更替及對沖 第39號(修改) 會計法之持續性

香港(國際財務報告 徵費

詮釋委員會) - 詮釋第21號

應用該等新訂香港財務報告準則對就本年度及 過往年度呈報之金額並無任何重大影響,惟可 能影響未來交易或安排之會計處理。應用新訂 香港財務報告準則之影響詳述如下。

# 3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

# Impact of the application of HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27

The amendments to HKFRS 10 define an investment entity and require a reporting entity that meets the definition of an investment entity not to consolidate its subsidiaries but instead to measure its subsidiaries at FVTPL in its consolidated and separate financial statements.

To qualify as an investment entity, a reporting entity is required to:

- obtain funds from one or more investors for the purpose of providing them with investment management services;
- commit to its investor(s) that its business purpose is to invest funds solely for returns from capital appreciation, investment income, or both; and
- measure and evaluate performance of substantially all of its investments on a fair value basis.

Consequential amendments have been made to HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27 to introduce new disclosure requirements for investment entities.

#### Impact of the application of HKAS 32

The amendments to HKAS 32 clarify the requirements relating to the offset of financial assets and financial liabilities. Specifically, the amendments clarify the meaning of 'currently has a legally enforceable right of set-off' and 'simultaneous realisation and settlement'. The amendments require retrospective application.

## 3. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則(續)

# 應用香港財務報告準則第10號、香港 財務報告準則第12號及香港會計準則 第27號之影響

香港財務報告準則第10號之修改界定投資實體,並規定符合投資實體定義之報告實體不可將其附屬公司綜合入賬,惟須於其綜合及獨立財務報表內以於損益表按公允價值計量其附屬公司。

為符合投資實體資格,報告實體須符合以下條件:

- 從一名或多名投資者取得資金以為彼等 提供投資管理服務;
- 向其投資者承諾,其業務目的僅為取得 資本增值回報、投資收入或兩者兼得而 投入資金;及
- 以公允價值基準計量及評估其絕大部分 投資之表現。

香港財務報告準則第12號及香港會計準則第27 號之後續修改旨在引進有關投資實體之新披露 規定。

# 應用香港會計準則第32號之影響

香港會計準則第32號之修改闡明有關抵銷金融資產及金融負債之規定。具體而言,該等修改闡明「目前具有合法強制執行抵銷權利」及「同時變現及結算」之涵義。該等修改須追溯應用。

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# 3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

#### Impact of the application of HKAS 36

The amendments to HKAS 36 remove the requirement to disclose the recoverable amount of a CGU to which goodwill or other intangible assets with indefinite useful lives had been allocated when there has been no impairment or reversal of impairment of the related CGU. Furthermore, the amendments introduce additional disclosure requirements applicable when the recoverable amount of an asset or a CGU is measured at fair value less costs of disposal. These new disclosures include the fair value hierarchy, key assumptions and valuation techniques used which are in line with the disclosure required by HKFRS 13 Fair Value Measurements.

#### Impact of the application of HKAS 39

The amendments to HKAS 39 provide relief from the requirement to discontinue hedge accounting when a derivative designated as a hedging instrument is novated under certain circumstances. The amendments also clarify that any change to the fair value of the derivative designated as a hedging instrument arising from the novation should be included in the assessment and measurement of hedge effectiveness. The amendments require retrospective application.

#### Impact of the application of HK (IFRIC) - Int 21

HK (IFRIC) – Int 21 addresses the issue as to when to recognise a liability to pay a levy imposed by a government. The Interpretation defines a levy, and specifies that the obligating event that gives rise to the liability is the activity that triggers the payment of the levy, as identified by legislation. The Interpretation provides guidance on how different levy arrangements should be accounted for, in particular, it clarifies that neither economic compulsion nor the going concern basis of financial statements preparation implies that an entity has a present obligation to pay a levy that will be triggered by operating in a future period. HK (IFRIC) – Int 21 requires retrospective application.

#### 3. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則(續)

#### 應用香港會計準則第36號之影響

香港會計準則第36號之修改撤銷於獲分配商譽或具有無限可使用年期之其他無形資產之現金產生單位並無出現減值或減值撥回時,相關現金產生單位之可收回金額之披露規定。再者,該等修改引進當資產或現金產生單位之可收回金額按其公允價值減出售成本計量時適用之額外披露規定。該等新披露包括公允價值等級、主要假設及所用估值技巧,與香港財務報告準則第13號「公允價值計量」規定之披露相符。

#### 應用香港會計準則第39號之影響

香港會計準則第39號之修改放寬當指定為對沖工具之衍生工具在若干情況下更替時終止延續對沖會計法之規定。該等修改亦澄清,指定為對沖工具之衍生工具由更替所引起之任何公允價值變動應包括在對沖成效評估及計量之內。該等修改須追溯應用。

# 應用香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會) - 詮釋第**21**號之影響

香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)一詮釋第21 號處理何時確認支付政府徵費之責任之問題。 該項詮釋界定何謂徵費,並訂明產生有關負債 之責任事件是指法例所指出觸發支付徵費之活 動。該項詮釋提供指引,指出應將各種徵費之 排入賬之獨特之處,特別是其釐清經濟強制或 以持續經營基準編製財務報表均不意味實體負 有於未來期間因營運而觸發支付徵費之現有責 任。香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)一詮釋 第21號須追溯應用。

# 3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

The application of these new HKFRSs had no material impact on the Group's consolidated financial performance and positions for the current and prior years. Accordingly, no prior period adjustments had been required.

#### New HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

HKFRSs (Amendments)	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2010-2012 Cycle <sup>2</sup>
HKFRSs (Amendments)	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2011-2013 Cycle <sup>7</sup>
HKFRSs (Amendments)	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2012-2014 Cycle <sup>4</sup>
HKFRS 9	Financial Instruments <sup>6</sup>
HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 (Amendments)	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture <sup>4</sup>
HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 28 (2011) (Amendments)	Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception⁴

Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations<sup>4</sup>

Regulatory Deferral Accounts<sup>3</sup>

Revenue from Contracts with

Customers<sup>5</sup>

HKFRS 11 (Amendments)

HKFRS 14

HKFRS 15

## 3. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則(續)

應用該等新訂香港財務報告準則對本集團本年 度及過往年度之綜合財務表現及狀況並無任何 重大影響。因此毋須作出前期調整。

## 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂香港財務報 告準則

本集團並無提前應用下列已頒佈但尚未生效之 新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則:

香港財務報告準則	二零一零年至二零一二
(修改)	年週期之香港財務報
	告準則年度改進2
香港財務報告準則	二零一一年至二零
(修改)	一三年週期之香港
	財務報告準則年度
	改進1
香港財務報告準則	二零一二年至二零
(修改)	一四年週期之香港
	財務報告準則年度
	改進⁴
香港財務報告準則	金融工具6
第9號	
香港財務報告準則	投資者與其聯營公
第10號及香港會計	司或合營企業之間
準則第28號(修改)	銷售或貢獻資產4
香港財務報告準則	投資實體:應用綜合
第10號、香港財務	例外情況⁴
報告準則第12號及	
香港會計準則第28號	
(二零一一年)	
(修改)	
香港財務報告準則	收購聯合經營權益
第11號(修改)	之會計處理4
香港財務報告準則	監管遞延賬目3

來自客戶合約之

收入5

第14號

第15號

香港財務報告準則

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# **APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED** HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

#### New HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (Continued)

HKAS 1 (Amendments) Disclosure Initiative4

HKAS 16 and HKAS 38 Clarification of Acceptable (Amendments)

Methods of Depreciation and

Amortisation4 HKAS 16 and HKAS 41 Agriculture: Bearer Plants4

(Amendments)

HKAS 19 (2011) Defined Benefit Plans: Employee

(Amendments) Contributions<sup>1</sup>

HKAS 27 (Amendments) Equity Method in Separate

Financial Statements<sup>4</sup>

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014, with limited exceptions
- Effective for first annual HKFRS financial statements beginning on or after 1 January 2016
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018

#### **HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments**

HKFRS 9 issued in 2009 introduced new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. HKFRS 9 was subsequently amended in 2010 to include requirements for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities and for derecognition, and was further amended in 2013 to include the new requirements for general hedge accounting. Another revised version of HKFRS 9 was issued in 2014 mainly to include a) impairment requirements for financial assets and b) limited amendments to the classification and measurement requirements by introducing a fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") measurement category for certain simple debt instruments.

# 3. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則(續)

# 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂香港財務報 告準則(續)

香港會計準則第1號 披露計劃4

(修改)

香港會計準則 澄清折舊及攤銷之 第16號及香港會計 可接受方法⁴

準則第38號(修改)

香港會計準則 農業:生產性植物4

第16號及香港會計 準則第41號(修改)

香港會計準則第19號 界定福利計劃:僱員

供款1

(二零一一年)

(修改)

香港會計準則第27號 獨立財務報表之權

(修改) 益法4

- 於二零一四年七月一日或以後開始之年度期
- 於二零一四年七月一日或以後開始之年度期 間生效,具有限例外情況
- 於二零一六年一月一日或以後開始之首份年 度香港財務報告準則財務報表生效
- 於二零一六年一月一日或以後開始之年度期
- 於二零一七年一月一日或以後開始之年度期
- 於二零一八年一月一日或以後開始之年度期 間生效

#### 香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具 |

於二零零九年頒佈之香港財務報告準則第9號 引入金融資產分類及計量之新規定。香港財務 報告準則第9號其後於二零一零年修改,以增 設金融負債分類及計量以及終止確認之規定, 再於二零一三年經進一步修引,以包括有關一 般對沖會計處理之新規定。於二零一四年頒佈 之香港財務報告準則第9號另一個經修改版本 主要加入a)有關金融資產之減值規定及b)對分 類及計量規定作出有限修訂,為若干簡單債務 工具引入於其他全面收益按公允價值列賬之計 量類別。

# 3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

#### **HKFRS 9** *Financial Instruments* (Continued)

Key requirements of HKFRS 9 are described below:

- All recognised financial assets that are within the scope of HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement are subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, and that have contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, are measured at FVTOCI. All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair value at the end of subsequent accounting periods. In addition, under HKFRS 9, entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment (that is not held for trading) in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognised in profit or loss.
- With regard to the measurement of financial liabilities designated as at FVTPL, HKFRS 9 requires that the amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is presented in other comprehensive income, unless the recognition of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. Changes in fair value of financial liabilities attributable to changes in the financial liabilities' credit risk are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. Under HKAS 39, the entire amount of the change in the fair value of the financial liability designated as FVTPL was presented in profit or loss.

## 3. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則(續)

#### 香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」 (續)

香港財務報告準則第9號之主要規定載述如下:

- 屬香港會計準則第39號「金融工具:確認 及計量」範圍內之所有已確認金融資產 其後按攤銷成本或公允價值計量。具體 而言,於目的為收取合約現金流量之業 務模式內持有,以及合約現金流量僅為 償還本金及尚未償還本金所產生利息之 債務投資,一般於其後會計期末按攤銷 成本計量。於目標為同時收取合約現金 流及出售金融資產之業務模式中持有之 債務工具,以及其金融資產合約條款於 特定日期產生純粹為支付本金及未償還 本金的利息之現金流之債務工具,以於 其他全面收益按公允價值列賬之方式計 量。所有其他債務投資及股本投資均於 其後會計期末按公允價值計量。此外,根 據香港財務報告準則第9號,實體可以不 可撤回地選擇於其他全面收益呈列股本 投資(並非持作買賣)之其後公允價值變 動,而一般僅股息收入於損益表確認。
- 就計量指定為於損益表按公允價值列賬之金融負債而言,香港財務報告準則第9號規定,因金融負債信貸風險有變而藥致其公允價值變動之金額乃於其他全面收益呈列,除非於其他全面收益配或負債信貸風險變動之影響會產生或增加損益表之會計錯配,則作別論。因金融負債信貸風險有變而導致其公允價值變動其後不會重新分類至損益表。根據香港會計準則第39號,指定為於損益表按公允價值列賬之金融負債之公允價值變動全數於損益表呈列。

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# 3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

#### **HKFRS 9** Financial Instruments (Continued)

- In relation to the impairment of financial assets, HKFRS 9 requires an expected credit loss model, as opposed to an incurred credit loss model under HKAS 39. The expected credit loss model requires an entity to account for expected credit losses and changes in those expected credit losses at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition. In other words, it is no longer necessary for a credit event to have occurred before credit losses are recognised.
- The new general hedge accounting requirements retain the three types of hedge accounting. However, greater flexibility has been introduced to the types of transactions eligible for hedge accounting, specifically broadening the types of instruments that qualify for hedging instruments and the types of risk components of non-financial items that are eligible for hedge accounting. In addition, the effectiveness test has been overhauled and replaced with the principle of an 'economic relationship'. Retrospective assessment of hedge effectiveness is also no longer required. Enhanced disclosure requirements about an entity's risk management activities have also been introduced.

The directors of the Company anticipate that the adoption of HKFRS 9 in the future may have a significant impact on the amounts reported in respect of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities. Regarding the Group's financial assets, it is not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of that effect until a detailed review has been completed.

## 3. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則(續)

#### 香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」 (續)

- 就金融資產之減值而言,與香港會計準則 第39號項下按已產生信貸虧損模式計算 相反,香港財務報告準則第9號規定按預 期信貸虧損模式計算。預期信貸虧損模 式規定實體於各呈報日期將預期信貸虧 損及該等預期信貸虧損之變動入賬,以 反映信貸風險自初始確認以來之變動。 換言之,毋須再待發生信貸事件即可確 認信貸虧損。
- 新訂一般對沖會計規定保留三種對沖會計處理類別。然而,新規定為合資格作對沖會計處理之各類交易提供更大靈活性,特別是擴大符合作為對沖工具之工具類別以及合資格作對沖會計處理之非金融項目之風險組成部分類別。此外,成效測試已作重整,並以「經濟關係」原則取代。對沖成效亦毋須進行追溯評估。新規定同時引入增加披露有關實體風險管理活動之規定。

董事預期,日後採納香港財務報告準則第9號 可能對本集團金融資產及金融負債呈報之數額 產生重大影響。就本集團金融資產而言,直至 詳細審閱完成前,提供該影響之合理估計並不 可行。

# 3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

#### Amendments to HKFRS 10:

- An exception from the general requirement of full gain or loss recognition has been introduced into HKFRS 10 for the loss of control of a subsidiary that does not contain a business in a transaction with an associate or a joint venture that is accounted for using the equity method.
- New guidance has been introduced requiring that gains or losses resulting from those transactions are recognised in the parent's profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investors' interests in that associate or joint venture. Similarly, gains and losses resulting from the re-measurement at fair value of investments retained in any former subsidiary that has become an associate or a joint venture that is accounted for using the equity method are recognised in the former parent's profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investors' interests in the new associate or joint venture.

#### Amendments to HKAS 28:

- The requirements on gains and losses resulting from transactions between an entity and its associate or joint venture have been amended to relate only to assets that do not constitute a business.
- A new requirement has been introduced that gains or losses from downstream transactions involving assets that constitute a business between an entity and its associate or joint venture must be recognised in full in the investor's financial statements.
- A requirement has been added that an entity needs to consider whether assets that are sold or contributed in separate transactions constitute a business and should be accounted for as a single transaction.

## 3. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則第28號之修改「投資者與其聯營公司及合營企業之間銷售或貢獻資產」

香港財務報告準則第10號之修改:

- 就與聯營公司或合營企業(使用權益法 入賬者)進行交易而喪失於不包含業務之 附屬公司控制權,香港財務報告準則第 10號已引入全數確認盈虧之一般性規定 之例外情況。
- 引入新指引,規定該等交易產生之盈虧 於母公司之損益表確認,惟以無關連投 資者於該聯營公司或合營企業之權益為 限。同樣地,按公允價值重新計量於任何 前附屬公司(已成為使用權益法入賬之聯 營公司或合營企業者)保留之投資時,產 生之盈虧於該前母公司之損益表確認, 惟以無關連投資者於新聯營公司或合營 企業之權益為限。

#### 香港會計準則第28號之修訂:

- 有關實體與其聯營公司或合營企業進行 交易所產生盈虧之規定已修改為僅與並 不構成一項業務之資產相關。
- 已引入一項新規定,實體與其聯營公司或合營企業如進行下游交易,而所涉資產構成一項業務,則相關盈虧必須全數於投資者之財務報表中確認。
- 新增一項規定,實體需考慮於獨立交易中 出售或貢獻之資產是否構成一項業務, 應否作為單一交易入賬。

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# 3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

## Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 28 (2011) Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception

The narrow-scope amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 28 introduce clarifications to the requirements when accounting for investment entities. The amendments also provide relief in particular circumstances, which will reduce the costs of applying the standards.

## Amendments to HKFRS 11 Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations

The amendments to HKFRS 11 provide guidance on how to account for the acquisition of a joint operation that constitutes a business as defined in HKFRS 3 Business Combinations. Specifically, the amendments state that the relevant principles on accounting for business combinations in HKFRS 3 and other standards (e.g. HKAS 36 Impairment of Assets regarding impairment testing of a CGU to which goodwill on acquisition of a joint operation has been allocated) should be applied. The same requirements should be applied to the formation of a joint operation if and only if an existing business is contributed to the joint operation by one of the parties that participate in the joint operation.

A joint operator is also required to disclose the relevant information required by HKFRS 3 and other standards for business combinations. The amendments require retrospective application.

# 3. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則(續)

# 香港財務報告準則第10號、香港財務 報告準則第12號及香港會計準則第28 號(二零一一年)之修改「投資實體: 應用綜合例外情況」

香港財務報告準則第10號、香港財務報告準則 第12號及香港會計準則第28號已作出收窄範 圍之修改,澄清就投資實體進行會計處理之規 定。該等修改亦在某些特定情況給予放寬,將 降低應用該等準則之成本。

## 香港財務報告準則第11號之修改「收 購聯合經營權益之會計處理 |

香港財務報告準則第11號之修改就收購聯合 經營(其構成一項業務(定義見香港財務報告 準則第3號「業務合併」)者)之會計處理提供 指引。具體而言,該等修改訂明香港財務報告 準則第3號及其他準則有關業務合併之相關會 計原則應予以應用,例如香港會計準則第36號 「資產減值」,有關於收購聯合經營時獲分配商 譽之現金產生單位的減值測試。倘及只有於參 與聯合經營之其中一方向聯合經營注入現有業 務時,則成立聯合經營亦須應用相同規定。

聯合經營者亦須就業務合併披露香港財務報告 準則第3號及其他準則規定之相關資料。該等 修改須追溯應用。

# 3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

# HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

In July 2014, HKFRS 15 was issued which establishes a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers. HKFRS 15 will supersede the current revenue recognition guidance including HKAS 18 *Revenue*, HKAS 11 *Construction Contracts* and the related Interpretations when it becomes effective.

The core principle of HKFRS 15 is that an entity should recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Specifically, the Standard introduces a 5-step approach to revenue recognition:

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation

Under HKFRS 15, an entity recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when 'control' of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer. Far more prescriptive guidance has been added in HKFRS 15 to deal with specific scenarios. Furthermore, extensive disclosures are required by HKFRS 15.

## 3. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則(續)

#### 香港財務報告準則第**15**號「來自客戶 合約之收益 |

香港財務報告準則第15號於二零一四年七月頒佈,其制定一項單一全面模式供實體用以將客戶合約所產生之收益入賬。香港財務報告準則第15號於生效後將取代現時載於香港會計準則第18號「收益」、香港會計準則第11號「建築合約」及相關詮釋之收益確認指引。

香港財務報告準則第15號之核心原則為實體 於確認描述向客戶轉讓承諾貨品或服務之收益 時,金額應能反映該實體預期就交換該等貨品 或服務有權獲得之代價。具體而言,該準則引 入確認收益之五個步驟:

• 第一步: 識別與客戶訂立之合約

• 第二步: 識別合約中之履約責任

• 第三步: 釐定交易價

• 第四步: 將交易價分配至合約中之履約

責任

• 第五步: 於實體完成履約責任時(或就

此)確認收益

根據香港財務報告準則第15號,實體於完成履約責任時(或就此)確認收益,即於特定履約責任相關貨品或服務之「控制權」移交客戶之時。香港財務報告準則第15號已就特殊情況之處理方法加入更明確之指引。此外,香港財務報告準則第15號要求更詳盡之披露。

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# 3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

#### Amendments to HKAS 1 Disclosure Initiative

The amendments to HKAS 1 are designed to further encourage companies to apply professional judgement in determining what information to disclose in their financial statements. For example, the amendments make it clear that materiality applies to the whole of financial statements and that the inclusion of immaterial information can inhibit the usefulness of financial disclosures. Furthermore, the amendments clarify that companies should use professional judgement in determining where and in what order information is presented in the financial disclosures.

# Amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 38 Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation

The amendments to HKAS 16 prohibit entities from using a revenue-based depreciation method for items of property, plant and equipment. The amendments to HKAS 38 introduce a rebuttable presumption that revenue is not an appropriate basis for amortisation of an intangible asset. This presumption can only be rebutted in the following two limited circumstances:

- (a) when the intangible asset is expressed as a measure of revenue; or
- (b) when it can be demonstrated that revenue and consumption of the economic benefits of the intangible asset are highly correlated.

The amendments apply prospectively for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016. Currently, the Group uses the straight-line method for depreciation for its property, plant and equipment. The directors of the Company believe that the straight-line method is the most appropriate method to reflect the consumption of economic benefits inherent in the respective assets and accordingly, the directors of the Company do not anticipate that the application of these amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 38 will have a material impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

#### 3. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則(續)

# 香港會計準則第**1**號之修改「披露計劃 |

香港會計準則第1號之修改旨在進一步鼓勵公司於釐定在財務報表披露之資料時作出專業判斷。例如,該等修改釐清整份財務報表均須考慮重要性,載入不重要資料可減低財務披露之效用。此外,該等修改澄清公司於釐定財務披露之資料呈報編排及次序時,應使用專業判斷。

## 香港會計準則第16號及香港會計準則 第38號之修改「澄清折舊及攤銷之可 接受方法」

香港會計準則第16號之修訂禁止實體為物業、廠房及設備項目採用收益基準折舊法。香港會計準則第38號之修改引入收益並非無形資產攤銷之合適基準之可推翻假設。此假設只可於以下兩個有限情況下推翻:

- a) 無形資產表明為收益之計量方法;或
- b) 可證明無形資產經濟利益之收益及耗用 有密切關聯。

該等修改按未來適用法於二零一六年一月一日 或以後開始之年度期間應用。現時,本集團使 用直線法將其物業、廠房及設備折舊。本公司 董事相信,直線法乃反映耗用相關資產固有經 濟利益之最合適方法,故本公司董事預期應用 香港會計準則第16號及香港會計準則第38號 之修改對本集團之綜合財務報表並無任何重大 影響。

# 3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

## Amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 41 Agriculture: Bearer Plants

The amendments to HKAS 16 *Property, Plant and Equipment* and HKAS 41 *Agriculture* define a bearer plant and require biological assets that meet the definition of a bearer plant to be accounted for as property, plant and equipment in accordance with HKAS 16, instead of HKAS 41. The produce growing on bearer plants continues to be accounted for in accordance with HKAS 41.

# Amendments to HKAS 19 Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions

The amendments to HKAS 19 clarify how an entity should account for contributions made by employees or third parties to defined benefit plans, based on whether those contributions are dependent on the number of years of service provided by the employees.

For contributions that are independent of the number of years of service, the entity may either recognise the contributions as a reduction of the service cost in the period in which the related service is rendered, or to attribute them to the employees' periods of service using the projected unit credit method; whereas for contributions that are dependent on the number of years of service, the entity is required to attribute them to the employees' periods of service.

## 3. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則(續)

#### 香港會計準則第16號及香港會計準則 第41號之修改「農業:生產性植物」

香港會計準則第16號「物業、廠房及設備」及香港會計準則第41號「農業」之修改為生產性植物下定義,規定符合生產性植物定義之生物性資產須根據香港會計準則第16號,而非香港會計準則第41號,入賬列作物業、廠房及設備。生產性植物之產出繼續根據香港會計準則第41號入賬。

# 香港會計準則第19號之修改「界定福利計劃:僱員供款」

香港會計準則第19號之修改澄清實體應視乎僱員或第三方向界定福利計劃所作供款是否取決於僱員服務年期,而釐定該等供款之入賬方法。

就獨立於服務年期之供款而言,實體可於獲提供相關服務之期間內將供款確認為服務成本 扣減,或使用預測單位記賬法將供款歸屬於僱 員之服務期間內。就取決於服務年期之供款而 言,實體須將供款歸屬於僱員之服務期間內。

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# 3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

#### Amendments to HKAS 27 Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements

The amendments allow an entity to account for investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates in its separate financial statements

- At cost:
- In accordance with HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments (or HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement for entities that have not yet adopted HKFRS 9); or
- Using the equity method as described in HKAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures.

The accounting option must be applied by category of investments.

The amendments also clarify that when a parent ceases to be an investment entity, or becomes an investment entity, it shall account for the change from the date when the change in status occurred.

In addition to the amendments to HKAS 27, there are consequential amendments to HKAS 28 to avoid a potential conflict with HKFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements and to HKFRS 1 First-time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards.

The directors of the Company is in the process of assessing the potential impact of the new HKFRSs but is not yet in a position to determine whether the new HKFRSs will have a significant impact on how its results of operations and financial position are prepared and presented. The new HKFRSs may result in changes in the future as to how the results and financial position are prepared and presented.

# 3. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則(續)

## 香港會計準則第27號之修改「獨立財 務報表之權益法|

該等修改允許實體按以下方式將於附屬公司、 合營企業及聯營公司之投資在其獨立財務報表 入賬:

- 按成本:
- 根據香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」 (或就尚未採納香港財務報告準則第9號 之實體而言,香港會計準則第39號「金融 工具:確認及計量1);或
- 按香港會計準則第28號「於聯營公司及 合營企業之投資」所述使用權益法。

會計選項必須按投資類別應用。

該等修改亦澄清當母公司不再為投資實體,或 成為投資實體時,須由地位改變當日起將相關 變動入賬。

除香港會計準則第27號之修改外,香港會計準 則第28號有後續修訂,避免與香港財務報告準 則第10號「綜合財務報表」及香港財務報告準 則第1號「首次採納香港財務報告準則」之潛在 衝突。

本公司董事現正評估新訂香港財務報告準則之 潛在影響,但尚未能斷定新訂香港財務報告準 則會否對經營業績及財務狀況之編製及呈列方 式造成重大影響。新訂香港財務報告準則可能 導致業績及財務狀況之編製及呈列方式於日後 有變。

#### **CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES**

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in Note 2, management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

#### Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations, that management has made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

#### Impairment of AFS financial assets

The Group follows the guidance of HKAS 39 when determining whether an investment in AFS financial assets is other than temporarily impaired. This determination requires significant judgement. In making this judgement, the Group evaluates, among other factors, the duration and extent to which the fair value of an AFS financial asset is less than its cost, and the expected time span the Group will hold on to this investment.

#### Impairment of other receivables

The Group estimates impairment losses for other receivables resulting from the inability of the debtors to make the required payments. The Group bases the estimates on the ageing of the other receivable balance, receivables creditworthiness, and historical write-off experience. If the financial conditions of the receivables were to deteriorate, actual write-offs would be higher than estimated.

# 4. 重要會計判斷及估計

於應用附註2所述之本集團會計政策時,管理 層須就未能於其他來源取得之資產及負債之賬 面金額作出判斷、估計及假設。估計及相關假 設乃根據過往經驗及其他被認為屬相關之因素 作出。實際結果可能與該等估計有異。

本集團會持續審閱該等估計及相關假設。倘會 計估計之修訂僅影響作出修訂估計之期間,則 有關估計修訂將於作出修訂之期間確認,或倘 修訂對本期及未來期間均會構成影響,則會於 作出修訂之期間及未來期間確認。

#### 應用會計政策時之重大判斷

以下為除涉及估計者外,管理層於應用本集團 會計政策過程中所作出並對於綜合財務報表確 認之金額具有最重大影響之重要判斷。

#### 可供出售金融資產之減值

本集團於釐定於可供出售金融資產之投資是否 並非短暫減值時,乃依照香港會計準則第39號 內之指引。此釐定過程需作出重大判斷。進行 判斷時,本集團評估(其中包括)可供出售金融 資產之公允價值低於其成本之持續時間及程 度,以及本集團持有該項投資之預計年期。

#### 其他應收款項之減值

本集團因債務人無力作出所需付款而產生之 其他應收款項估計減值虧損。本集團根據其他 應收款項結餘之賬齡、應收款項之信譽及過往 撇銷經驗作出估計。倘應收款項之財務狀況惡 化,則實際撇銷可能高於估計者。

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# **CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)**

## Critical judgements in applying accounting policies (Continued)

#### Estimated impairment of interest in associate

In determining whether there is an impairment loss, the Group takes into consideration the estimation of future cash flows to be generated by the associate. The amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the interest in associate and the share of the present value of estimated future cash flows expected to be generated by the associate. Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise.

## Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

#### Income taxes

The Group is subject to income taxes. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of the business. The Company recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

# 4. 重要會計判斷及估計(續)

## 應用會計政策時之重大判斷(續)

#### 於聯營公司之權益之估計減值

於釐定有否出現減值虧損時,本集團考慮對聯 營公司將產生之未來現金流量之估計。減值虧 損之金額乃根據於聯營公司之權益之賬面金額 與分佔預期聯營公司將產生之估計未來現金流 量之現值之差額計量。倘實際未來現金流量少 於預期,則可能出現重大減值虧損。

#### 重要會計估計及假設

以下為於呈報期末有關未來之主要假設及估計 不明朗因素之其他主要來源,有關假設及來源 具有導致資產及負債之賬面金額於下一財政年 度內作出大幅調整之重大風險。

#### 所得税

本集團須繳納所得稅。釐定所得稅撥備時須作 出重大判斷。在日常業務過程中,大部份交易 及計算之最終税務決定均不明朗。本公司根據 附加税項會否到期之估計來確認預計税項審核 事宜之負債。倘此等事宜之最終税務結果有別 於首次錄得之金額,有關差額將對作出決定期 間之所得稅及遞延稅項撥備構成影響。

# CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS **AND ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)**

# Critical accounting estimates and assumptions (Continued)

#### Share-based payment

The Group follows the guidance of HKFRS 2 when determining the fair value of the share options granted at the grant date. This determination requires significant estimate. In making this judgment, the Group incorporates all factors and assumptions that knowledgeable, willing market participants would consider in setting the price and the valuation technique should be consistent with the generally accepted valuation methodologies for pricing financial instruments.

#### Fair value of AFS financial assets

The fair value of AFS financial assets that are not traded in active market is determined by valuation techniques. Valuation techniques that include inputs that are not based on observable market data and make assumptions that are primarily based on market conditions existing at the end of each reporting period. Note 5c provide detailed information about key assumptions used in the determination of the fair value.

#### Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

In accordance with HKAS 16, the Group estimates the useful lives of property, plant and equipment in order to determine the amount of depreciation expenses to be recorded. The useful lives are estimated at the time the asset is acquired based on historical experience, the expected usage, wear and tear of the assets, as well as technical obsolescence arising from changes in the market demands. The Group also performs annual reviews on whether the assumptions made on useful lives continue to be valid.

# 重要會計判斷及估計(續)

#### 重要會計估計及假設(續)

#### 以股份為基礎之付款

本集團按照香港財務報告準則第2號之指引, 釐定於授予日所授出購股權之公允價值。釐定 時需要進行大量估計。作出此判斷時,本集團 計及知情之自願市場參與者訂定價格時將考慮 之所有因素及假設,且估值技巧應與為金融工 具定價之公認估值方法一致。

#### 可供出售金融資產之公允價值

並無於活躍市場買賣之可供出售金融資產之公 允價值採用估值技巧釐定。估值技巧包括並非 以可見市場數據為基礎之輸入數據,並主要根 據各呈報期末當時之市場情況作出假設。有關 用於釐定公允價值之主要假設之詳細資料載於 附註5c。

#### 物業、廠房及設備之可使用年期

本集團根據香港會計準則第16號估計物業、廠 房及設備之可使用年期,從而判斷所須記錄之 折舊開支金額。於購置資產之時,根據過往經 驗、資產之預期使用量、損耗程度,以及技術會 否因市場需求變動而變成過時,估計其可使用 年期。本集團亦於每年作出檢討,以判斷為資 產可使用年期所作出之假設是否仍然有效。

# 5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND CAPITAL 5. 金融工具及資本風險管理 **RISK MANAGEMENT**

(a) Categories of financial instruments

(a) 金融工具類別

2014

2013

The Group	本集團
The Group	本集團

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets	金融資產		
AFS financial assets	可供出售金融資產	208,308	41,892
Conversion options embedded in convertible notes	可換股票據內含之換股權	2,453	-
Financial assets at FVTPL  Loans and receivables	於損益表按公允價值 列賬之金融資產	120,112	68,500
(including cash and cash equivalent)	貸款及應收款項(包括 現金及現金等值項目)	82,813	82,541
		413,686	192,933
Financial liabilities	金融負債		
At amortised cost	按攤銷成本	173,026	111,447
The Company		本公司	

		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Financial assets	金融資產		
AFS financial assets	可供出售金融資產	13,444	_
Conversion options embedded	可換股票據內含之換股權		
in convertible notes		2,453	_
Financial assets at FVTPL	於損益表按公允價值		
	列賬之金融資產	120,112	68,500
Loans and receivables	貸款及應收款項(包括		
(including cash and cash equivalent)	現金及現金等值項目)	297,865	148,843
		433,874	217,343
Financial liabilities	金融負債		
At amortised cost	按攤銷成本	194,179	112,606

# FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND CAPITAL **RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)**

# (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise AFS financial assets, conversion options embedded in convertible notes, financial assets at FVTPL and loans and receivables. The main purpose of holding these financial instruments is to generate short term appreciation gain and gain from trading of these financial instruments. The Group has other financial assets and liabilities such as other receivables, which arise directly from its operations.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are market risk (including foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The board reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

#### Market risk

The Group's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices.

Market risk exposures are measured by sensitivity analysis.

There has been no change to the Group's exposure to market risks or the manner in which these risks are managed and measured. Details of sensitivity analysis for foreign currency risk and interest rate risk are set out below.

#### 金融工具及資本風險管理(續) 5.

## (b) 金融風險管理目標及政策

本集團之主要金融工具包括可供出售金 融資產、可換股票據內含之換股權、於損 益表按公允價值列賬之金融資產,以及 貸款及應收款項。持有該等金融工具之 主要目的為產生短期升值收益及因買賣 該等金融工具而獲利。本集團擁有直接 由經營產生之其他金融資產及負債(如 其他應收款項)。

從本集團金融工具所產生之主要風險為 市場風險(包括外幣風險、利率風險及價 格風險)、信貸風險及流動資金風險。董 事會檢討及同意管理各項該等風險之政 策,有關政策概述如下。

#### 市場風險

本集團業務主要承受外幣匯率、利率及 股本價格變動之財務風險。

所承受之市場風險以敏感度分析計量。

本集團所面對之市場風險或管理及計量 該等風險之方法概無改變。外幣風險及利 率風險之敏感度分析詳情載列於下文。

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# FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND CAPITAL **RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)**

## (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### Market risk (Continued)

#### Foreign currency risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group carries out its business mainly in Hong Kong and all of the transactions are denominated in HK\$. The Group's assets and liabilities are mainly denominated in HK\$, except certain bank balances and financial assets at FVTPL are denominated in United State dollar. As Hong Kong dollar are pegged to United State dollar, it is assumed that there would be no material currency risk exposure between these two currencies. The Group does not have any formal hedging policies.

#### Interest rate risk

The Group's cash flow interest rate risk relates primarily to the Group's variable interest bearing bank balances, fixed interest bearing financial assets at FVTPL, short-term loan and promissory notes. The exposure to cash flow interest rate risk is minimal. The Group did not enter into interest rate swap to hedge against its exposures.

The Group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk related to the Group's interest bearing AFS financial assets.

#### Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the exposure to fair value interest rate risk at the reporting date:

#### 金融工具及資本風險管理(續) 5.

## 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 市場風險(續)

#### 外幣風險

外匯風險指金融工具之價值因匯率變動 而波動之風險。本集團主要於香港從事 業務,而所有交易均以港元計值。本集團 之資產及負債主要是以港元計值,惟若 干銀行結餘及於損益表按公允價值列賬 之金融資產按美元計值。由於港元與美 元掛鈎,故假設兩種貨幣之間並無重大 貨幣風險。本集團並無任何正式對沖政 策。

#### 利率風險

本集團之現金流量利率風險主要與其浮 息銀行結餘、於損益表按公允價值列賬 之定息金融資產、短期貸款及承兑票據 有關。現金流量利率風險屬微不足道。本 集團並無訂立利率調期交易,以對沖其 風險。

本集團面對與本集團計息可供出售金融 資產有關之公允價值利率風險。

#### 敏感度分析

以下敏感度分析乃按呈報日期所面對之 公允價值利率風險而釐定:

# FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND CAPITAL **RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)**

## (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### Market risk (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis (Continued)

If the fair value interest rate had been 50 basis points (2013: 50 basis point) higher or lower and all other variable held constant, the Group's:

AFS financial asset equity reserves would increase or decrease by approximately HK\$67,000 (2013: HK\$Nil) as a result of the changes in fair value of AFS financial assets.

The Group has no exposure to interest rate on financial liabilities except for the short-term loan and promissory notes.

#### Price risk

The Group is exposed to equity securities and commodities price risk because investments held by the Group are classified on the consolidated statement of financial position either as AFS financial assets or as financial assets at FVTPL. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities and commodities futures contracts, the Group diversifies its portfolio.

#### Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the exposure to equity price risk at the reporting date:

#### 金融工具及資本風險管理(續) 5.

## (b) 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 市場風險(續)

#### 敏感度分析(續)

倘公允價值利率上升或下跌50基點(二 零一三年:50基點)而所有其他變數維持 不變,本集團之:

可供出售金融資產權益儲備將增 加或減少約67,000港元(二零一三 年:零港元)。這是因為可供出售金 融資產之公允價值變動所致。

本集團並無就金融負債(短期貸款及承 兑票據除外)承受利率風險。

#### 價格風險

由於本集團持有之投資於綜合財務狀況 表內分類為可供出售金融資產或於損益 表按公允價值列賬之金融資產,故本集 團承受股本證券及商品價格風險。本集 團分散其投資組合,以管理其因投資於 股本證券及商品期貨合約而產生之價格 風險。

#### 敏感度分析

以下敏感度分析乃按呈報日期所面對之 股本價格風險而釐定:

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## FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND CAPITAL **RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)**

## (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### Market risk (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis (Continued)

If the equity prices had been 5% higher or lower:

- Loss before tax for the year ended 31 December 2014 would increase or decrease by approximately HK\$6,006,000 (2013: approximately HK\$3,425,000). This is mainly due to change in fair value of held for trading investments.
- AFS financial asset equity reserve would increase or decrease by approximately HK\$10,415,000 (2013: approximately HK\$2,095,000). This is mainly due to change in fair value of AFS financial assets.

The Group's and the Company's sensitivity to price risk have increased during the year mainly due to the increase in investments in financial assets at FVTPL and AFS financial assets.

#### Credit risk

As at 31 December 2014 and 2013, the Group's and the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk is bank balances, other receivables and amounts due from subsidiaries, arises from default of the counterparty.

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies. The Group and the Company also have credit policies in place and exposures to credit risks regards other receivables are mentioned on an ongoing basis.

Other than concentration of credit risk on liquid funds which are deposited with several banks with high credit ratings, the Company does not have any other significant concentration of credit risk.

## 5. 金融工具及資本風險管理(續)

## (b) 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 市場風險(續)

敏感度分析(續)

倘股本價格上升或下跌5%:

- 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止 年度之除税前虧損將增加或減少 約6,006,000港元(二零一三年:約 3,425,000港元)。這主要因為持作 買賣投資之公允價值變動所致。
- 可供出售金融資產權益儲備將增 加或減少約10,415,000港元(二零 一三年:約2,095,000港元)。這主 要因為可供出售金融資產之公允價 值變動所致。

本集團及本公司之價格風險敏感度於年 內上升,主要由於於損益表按公允價值 列賬之金融資產及可供出售金融資產之 投資增加所致。

#### 信貸風險

於二零一四年及二零一三年十二月 三十一日,本集團及本公司所面臨銀行 結餘、其他應收款項及應收附屬公司款 項之最高信貸風險,乃因為交易對手違 約所致。

由於交易對手均為獲國際信貸評級機構 評為高信貸評級之銀行,故此流動資金 之信貸風險有限。本集團及本公司亦訂 有信貸政策,並持續監察涉及其他應收 款項之信貸風險。

除因存入多間高信貸評級銀行而面臨流 動資金信貸風險集中外,本公司之信貸 風險並無任何其他重大集中情況。

## FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND CAPITAL **RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)**

## (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### Liquidity risk

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the Board of Directors, which has built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework to meet the Group's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements.

The following tables detail the Group's and the Company's remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities which are included in the maturity analysis provided internally to the key management personnel for the purpose of managing liquidity risk. For non-derivative liabilities, the tables reflect the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group and the Company can be required to pay. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows.

#### The Group

#### Weighted Total Total average Within carrying Over 5 undiscounted effective 2 to interest rate 1 year 5 years vears amount amount 加權平均 實際利率 一年內 兩年至五年 超過五年 未貼現總額 總賬面金額 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 2014 二零一四年 Non-derivative financial liabilities 非衍生金融負債 應付開支及其他應付款項 8.912 8.912 8.912 Accrued charges and other payables 短期貸款 55,747 Short-term loan 7.00 55.905 55.905 Promissory notes 承兑票據 5.35 5,500 22,000 127,500 155,000 108,367 70,317 22,000 127,500 219,817 173,026

#### 金融工具及資本風險管理(續) 5.

## 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 流動資金風險

董事會負有管理流動資金風險之最終責 任,並已建立適當之流動資金風險管理 架構,以應付本集團之短期、中期及長期 資金及流動資金管理要求。

下表詳列本集團及本公司就其金融負債 之餘下合約期(已列入為管理流動資金 風險而向主要管理人員內部提供之到期 分析內)。就非衍生負債而言,有關列表 反映根據本集團及本公司可被要求還款 之最早日期計算之金融負債未貼現現金 流量。有關列表包括利息及本金現金流 量。

#### 本集團

## 5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND CAPITAL **RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)**

## 5. 金融工具及資本風險管理(續)

## (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(b) 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

Total

Liquidity risk (Continued)

流動資金風險(續)

The Group (Continued)

本集團(續)

		Weighted					
		average				Total	Total
		effective	Within	2 to	Over 5	undiscounted	carrying
		interest rate 加權平均	1 year	5 years	years	amount	amount
		實際利率	一年內	兩年至五年	超過五年	未貼現總額	總賬面金額
		%	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
2013	二零一三年						
Non-derivative financial liabilities	非衍生金融負債						
Accrued charges and other payables	應付開支及其他應付款項	_	3,362	-	-	3,362	3,362
Promissory notes	承兑票據	5.35	5,500	22,000	117,500	145,000	108,085
			8,862	22,000	117,500	148,362	111,447

The Company 本公司

		effective	Within	2 to	Over 5	undiscounted	carrying
		interest rate 加權平均	1 year	5 years	years	amount	amount
		實際利率	一年內	兩年至五年	超過五年	未貼現總額	總賬面金額
		%	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
2014	二零一四年						
Non-derivative financial liabilities	非衍生金融負債						
Accrued charges and other payables	應付開支及其他應付款項	-	8,912	-	-	8,912	8,912
Short-term loan	短期貸款	7.00	55,905	-	-	55,905	55,747
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	-	-	21,156	-	21,156	21,156
Promissory notes	承兑票據	5.35	5,500	22,000	127,500	155,000	108,367

Weighted

average

## 5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

# (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Liquidity risk (Continued)

The Company (Continued)

## 5. 金融工具及資本風險管理(續)

(b) 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險(續)

本公司(續)

		Weighted average				Total	Total
		effective	Within	2 to	Over 5	undiscounted	carrying
		interest rate 加權平均	1 year	5 years	years	amount	amount
		實際利率	一年內	兩年至五年	超過五年	未貼現總額	總賬面金額
		%	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
2013	二零一三年						
Non-derivative financial liabilities	非衍生金融負債						
Accrued charges and other payables	應付開支及其他應付款項	-	3,362	-	-	3,362	3,362
Amount due to a subsidiary	應付附屬公司款項	-	-	1,161	-	1,161	1,161
Promissory notes	承兑票據	5.35	5,500	22,000	117,500	145,000	108,085
			8,862	23,161	117,500	149,523	112,608

#### (c) Fair value estimation

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

- (i) the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) with standard terms and conditions and traded on active liquid markets are determined with reference to quoted market bid prices and ask prices respectively; and
- (ii) the fair value of other financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis using prices or rates from observable current market transactions as input. For an option-based derivative, the fair value is estimated using option pricing model (for example, the binomial option pricing model).

### (c) 公允價值估計

金融資產及金融負債之公允價值乃以下 列方式釐定:

- (i) 受標準條款及條件規管並於活躍流動市場買賣之金融資產及金融負債(包括衍生工具)之公允價值,分別參考市場所報之買入價及賣出價而釐定:及
- (ii) 其他金融資產及金融負債(包括衍生工具)之公允價值,則根據公認定價模式按貼現現金流量分析使用可供對照之現有市場交易之價格或比率作為輸入數據而釐定。就以期權為基礎之衍生工具而言,公允價值乃以期權定價模式(如二項式期權定價模式)估計。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

## FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND CAPITAL **RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)**

#### (c) Fair value estimation (Continued)

The directors consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values except for the promissory notes.

#### Fair value measurements recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable:

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities:
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

## 5. 金融工具及資本風險管理(續)

### (c) 公允價值估計(續)

董事認為,除承兑票據外,於綜合財務報 表內列賬之金融資產及金融負債之賬面 金額與其公允價值相若。

#### 於綜合財務狀況表確認之公允價值計量

下表提供於初步確認後按公允價值計量 之金融工具分析,其按公允價值可觀察 程度分為1至3級:

- 第1級公允價值計量乃自相同資產 或負債於活躍市場所報未調整價格 得出;
- 第2級公允價值計量乃除第1級計 入之報價外,自資產或負債可直接 (即價格)或間接(即自價格衍生) 可觀察輸入數據得出;及
- 第3級公允價值計量乃自計入並非 根據可觀察市場數據(無法觀察輸 入數據)之資產或負債數據之估值 方法得出。

## 5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND CAPITAL **RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)**

## 5. 金融工具及資本風險管理(續)

## (c) Fair value estimation (Continued)

## Fair value measurements recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position (Continued)

## (c) 公允價值估計(續)

於綜合財務狀況表確認之公允價值計量 (續)

2014 二零一四年		Level 1 第1級 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 2 第2級 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 3 第3級 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets	金融資產				
Financial assets at FVTPL	於損益表按公允價值				
	列賬之金融資產	120,112	-	-	120,112
Conversion options embedded	可換股票據內含之換股權				
in convertible notes		-	-	2,453	2,453
AFS financial assets	可供出售金融資產				
Unlisted debt securities	非上市債務證券	-	-	13,444	13,444
Unlisted equity securities	非上市股本證券	-	-	194,864	194,864
		120,112	-	210,761	330,873
2013		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
二零一三年		第1級	第2級	第3級	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Financial assets	<b>人</b> 动次 安				
Financial assets Financial assets at FVTPL	<b>金融資產</b> 於損益表按公允價值				
FINANCIAI ASSELS AL FVIPL	が 供	60 500			60 500
	<u> </u>	68,500	_	_	68,500
AFS financial assets	可供出售金融資產				
Unlisted equity securities	非上市股本證券		_	41,892	41,892

There were no transfers between Levels 1 and 2 in both years.

於兩個年度,第1級與第2級之間均無轉 讓。

## 5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND CAPITAL 5. 金融工具及資本風險管理(續) **RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)**

## (c) Fair value estimation (Continued)

## (c) 公允價值估計(續)

Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial assets

金融資產第3級公允價值計量之對賬

<b>2014</b> 二零一四年		Unlisted equity securities 非上市 股本證券 HK\$'000 千港元	Unlisted debt securities 非上市 債務證券 HK\$'000 千港元	Conversion options embedded in convertible notes 可換股票據內含之換股權 HK\$'000	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
Opening halance	年初結餘	44 000			44 000
Opening balance	十彻紀跡	41,892	_	-	41,892
Gains or losses recognised in:	於下列項目確認之 收益或虧損:				
– profit or loss	- 損益表	(10,933)	916	(3,771)	(13,788)
- other comprehensive income	一其他全面收益	4,375	472	-	4,847
Purchases	購買	159,530	_	_	159,530
Reclassification	重新分類	· -	12,056	6,224	18,280
Closing balance	年終結餘	194,864	13,444	2,453	210,761
		Unlisted equity	Unlisted debt	Conversion options embedded in convertible	
2013		securities	securities	notes	Total
二零一三年		非上市 股本證券	非上市 债務證券	可換股票據 內含之換股權	合計
一令 二十		放本超分 HK\$'000	貝/斯亞分 HK\$'000	M A C 揆 X 権 HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Opening balance	年初結餘	42,413	15,638	-	58,051
Gains or losses recognised in:	於下列項目確認之 收益或虧損:				
– profit or loss	- 損益表	-	(6,142)	(12)	(6,154)
- other comprehensive income	一其他全面收益	(521)	(6,276)	-	(6,797)
Purchases	購買	_	24,988	12	25,000
Disposal	出售	-	(10,000)	-	(10,000)
Reclassification	重新分類		(18,208)	_	(18,208)
Closing balance	年終結餘	41,892	-	-	41,892

## FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND CAPITAL **RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)**

#### (c) Fair value estimation (Continued)

#### Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial assets (Continued)

The gains or losses include in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the years related to recognition of interest income, derecognition and impairment loss of unlisted debt securities.

All of the above gains and losses included in other comprehensive income for the current year related to the fair value change in unlisted equity securities and unlisted debt securities held at the end of the reporting period and are reported as changes of "AFS financial asset equity reserve".

#### 金融工具及資本風險管理(續) 5.

### (c) 公允價值估計(續)

### 金融資產第3級公允價值計量之對賬 (續)

計入有關年度綜合損益及其他全面收益 表之收益或虧損乃有關確認利息收入、終 止確認非上市債務證券及其減值虧損。

所有上述計入有關本年度其他全面收益 之收益及虧損乃有關於呈報期末所持非 上市股本證券及非上市債務證券之公允 價值變動,且該變動已於「可供出售金融 資產權益儲備」之變動中報告。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### (c) Fair value estimation (Continued)

## Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial assets (Continued)

Some of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets and financial liabilities are determined (in particular, the valuation technique(s) and inputs used).

## 5. 金融工具及資本風險管理(續)

#### (c) 公允價值估計(續)

### 金融資產第**3**級公允價值計量之對賬 (續)

本集團部份金融資產及金融負債於各呈報期末按公允價值計量。下表提供如何 釐定該等金融資產及金融負債公允價值 (特別是所用之估值技巧及輸入數據)之 資料。

	Financial assets		Fair value as at 於下列日期之公允價值  31 December 2014 31 December 2013		Fair value hierarchy	Valuation techniques and key inputs	Significant unobservable inputs	
						估值技巧及		
	金融	· 	二零一四年十二月三十一日	二零一三年十二月三十一日	公允價值等級	主要輸入數據	重大不可觀察輸入數據	
	1)	Listed equity securities classified as financial assets at FVTPL (Note 23)	In Hong Kong: HK\$120,112,000	In Hong Kong: HK\$58,318,000 In Singapore: HK\$10,150,000 Overseas: HK\$32,000	Level 1	Quoted bid prices in an active market	N/A	
	1)	分類為於損益表按公允價值 列賬之金融資產之 上市股本證券(附註23)	於香港: 120,112,000港元	於香港: 58,318,000港元 於新加坡: 10,150,000港元 海外: 32,000港元	第1級	活躍市場所報買入價	不適用	
	2)	Conversion options embedded in convertible notes classified as financial assets at FVTPL (Note 22)	Conversion options embedded in convertible notes issued by Premium Castle Limited (Note (v. – HK\$2,453,000	N/A  )	Level 3	Binomial option pricing model (Note (viii))	The expected share price volatility is 51.05% with reference to 4.15-year historical weekly volatilities of comparable companies, a risk free rate of 1.318% and a risky rate of 10.11%.	
							The fair value measurement is positively correlated to the credit spread. As at 31 December 2014, the credit spread used in the valuation is 9.31%, and it is estimated that with all other variables held constant, an increase/decrease of 10% in the volatility would have increased/decreased the fair value of the option by approximately HK\$48,000/HK\$51,000.	
	2)	分類為於損益表按公允價值 列賬之金融資產之 可換股票據內含之 換股權(附註22)	由Premium Castle Limited發行之 可換股票據內含之換股權 <i>(附註似)</i> -2,453,000港元	不適用	第3級	二項式期權定價模型 ( <i>附註(viii</i> )	預期股價波幅為51.05%·乃參照可資比較公司之 4.15年過往每週波幅·無風險利率1.318%及具 風險利率10.11%釐定。 公允價值計量與信用息差有正面關聯。於二零 一四年十二月三十一日,估值所用信用息差為 9.31%·估值所有其他變數維持不變·波幅增 加/減少10%會轉致購股權公允價值增加/減	
	3)	Unlisted equity securities	0.89% equity investment in HEC	0.92% equity investment in HEC	Level 3	Market approach	少約48,000港元/51,000港元。 The price to book ratio of the comparable	
	O)	classified as AFS financial assets (Note 21)	Capital Limited (Note (i)) – HK\$56,140,000;	Capital Limited (Note (ii)) – HK\$41,892,000	201010	(Note (vi))	companies is considered in the valuation to reflect the condition that there are premium or discount on its stock price and its book value as at valuation date.	
	3)	分類為可供出售金融資產之 非上市股本證券(附註21)	於HEC Capital Limited之 0.89%股本投資(附註例) -56,140,000港元:	於HEC Capital Limited之 0.92%股本投資(附註例) -41,892,000港元	第3級	市場法 <i>(附註(vi))</i>	估值考慮可資比較公司之市賬率,以反映其於估值日期之股價較賬面值有所溢價或折讓之情況。	

# 5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

## 5. 金融工具及資本風險管理(續)

## (c) Fair value estimation (Continued)

## (c) 公允價值估計(續)

#### Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial assets (Continued)

金融資產第3級公允價值計量之對賬 (續)

	Fair value as at 於下列日期之公允價值		Fair value Valuation techniques			
Financial assets	ภะ างบ ค : 31 December 2014	朝之なル頂祖 31 December 2013	Fair value hierarchy	Valuation techniques and key inputs 估值技巧及	Significant unobservable inputs	
金融資產	二零一四年十二月三十一日	二零一三年十二月三十一日	公允價值等級	主要輸入數據	重大不可觀察輸入數據	
					Discount for lack of marketability, determined by reference to the share price of listed entities in similar industries at 25% (2013: 21%). If the discount rate was 5% higher/lower while all other variables were held constant, the carrying amount of unlisted equity securities would decrease/increase by approximately HK\$936,000.  参照類似行業上市實體之股價釐定缺乏市場通性之折讓為25%(二零一三年: 21%)。及現率上升/下跌5%,而所有其他變數維持變,則非上市股本證券之原面全額將減少/加約936,000港元。	
	1.80% equity investment in Freeman Corporation Limited (Note (iii)) – HK\$50,154,000;	N/A	Level 3	Market approach (Note (vi))	The price to book ratio of the comparable companies is considered in the valuation to reflect the condition that there are premium o discount on its stock price and its book value at valuation date.	
	於民豐控股有限公司之 1.80%股本投資 <i>(附註何)</i> -50,154,000港元:	不適用	第3級	市場法 <i>(附註(M))</i>	Discount for lack of marketability, determined b reference to the share price of listed entities in similar industries at 25% (2013: NI). If the discount rate was 5% higher/lower while all other variables were held constant, the carrying amount of unlisted equity securities would decrease/increase by approximately HK\$836,000. 估值考慮可資比較公司之市賬率,以反映其流值日期之股價較賬面值有所溢價或折讓之況。	
					參照類似行業上市實體之股價釐定缺乏市場 性之折讓為25%(二零一三年:無)。如貼 上升/下跌5%;而所有其他變數維持不變 非上市股本證券之賬面金額將減少/增加 836,000港元。	
	8% equity investment in Smart Role Limited (Note (iii)) – HK\$59,503,000;	N/A	Level 3	Comparable sales approach (Note (viii))	Prices for each species were taken from on-sit research and interview, official construction cost journals, local practitioners, and forestr products industry information in the PRC fro various websites in the public domains. No allowances for transportation were consider as these costs are normally paid for by the buyer. However, the referenced prices adop are after allowance for the uprooting and loading. If the prices parameters was 5% higher/lower while all other variables were held constant, the carrying amount of unlist equity securities would decrease/increase by approximately RMB40,000,000/RMB40,000,000/	
					Reasonable recovery rates were applied to allo for losses before and during harvesting for a species at the representation of the appoint personnel of the Group's management. If th recovery rates was 5% higher/lower while all other variables were held constant, the carrying amount of unlisted equity securities would decrease/increase by approximately RMB40,000,000.	

# 5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

## 5. 金融工具及資本風險管理(續)

## (c) Fair value estimation (Continued)

## (c) 公允價值估計(續)

#### Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial assets (Continued)

金融資產第3級公允價值計量之對賬 (續)

Fin:	ancial assets		alue as at 朝之公允價值	Fair value Valuation techniqu hierarchy and key inputs		Significant unobservable inputs
		31 December 2014	31 December 2013	morarony	估值技巧及	organicant anosocitasio inpato
金融	· 性資產	二零一四年十二月三十一日	二零一三年十二月三十一日	公允價值等級	主要輸入數據	重大不可觀察輸入數據
		於Smart Role Limited之 8%股本投資( <i>附註個</i> ) -59,503,000港元:	不適用	第3級	可資比較銷售法 <i>(附註(响)</i>	各樹木品種之價錢乃取自實地調查及訪問、官方 建設成本日誌、地方葉內人士以及不同公開網 站之中國林產品行業資料。由於運輸費用一般 由買方支付、故並無考慮有關費用。然而、所採 用之參考價已扣除達成並及裝賞費用。如價 格參數上升/下跌5%,而所有其他變數維持不 變,則非上市股本證券之賬面金額將減少/增 加約人民幣40,000,000元/人民幣30,000,000 元。
						作為獲本集團管理屬委任之代表,有關方面已應 用合理收回率,以考慮採收各樹木品種於收 成期之前及期間之損失。如收回率上升/下 跌5%,而所有其他變數維持不變,則非上市 股本證券之脹面金額將減少/增加約人民幣 40,000,000元。
		50% equity investment in Kingswood Shine Limited (Note (iv)) – HK\$29,067,000	N/A	Level 3	Market approach (Note (vi))	Market comparable ranges from EUR5,700,000 to EUR6,000,000 and the individual factors considered are time and quality of the yacht. The longer time and poor quality, the lower the fair value.
		於鈞滿有限公司之 50%股本投資 <i>(附註[M))</i> -29,067,000港元	不適用	第3級	市場法 <i>(附註(vi))</i>	市場比較範圍介乎5,700,000歐元至6,000,000歐元·而所考慮個別因素為遊艇之時間及素質。時間越長及素質越低,則公允價值越低。
4)	Unlisted debt securities classified as AFS financial assets (Note 21)	Convertible notes issued by Premium Castle Limited (Note (v)) – HK\$13,444,000	N/A	Level 3	Amortised cost method (Note (ix))	Risk free rate of 1.33%, a risky rate of 10.11% and a coupon rate of 2%.
						The fair value measurement is negatively correlated to the credit spread. As at 31 December 2014, the credit spread used in the valuation is 9.31%, and it is estimated that with all other variables held constant, an increase/decrease of 10% points in the volatility would have decreased/increased the fair value of the convertible notes by approximately HK\$411,000/HK\$429,000.
4)	分類為可供出售金融資產之 非上市債務證券(附註21)	由Premium Castle Limited發行之 可換股票據 (附註(v)) -13.444.000港元	不適用	第3級	攤銷成本法 <i>(附註(ix))</i>	無風險利率1.33%、具風險利率10.11%及票息率 2%。
						公允價值計量與信用息差有負面關聯。於二零 一四年十二月三十一日,估值所用信用息差為 9.31%,估計所有其他變數維持不變,波幅增加 /減少10%會轉致可換股票據公允價值減少/ 增加約411,000港元/429,000港元。

## FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND CAPITAL **RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)**

## (c) Fair value estimation (Continued)

#### Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial assets (Continued)

Notes:

- HEC Capital Limited is an exempted company incorporated in Cayman Islands with limited liability on 11 April 2012, which is principally engaged in investment holding.
- Freeman Corporation Limited (formerly known as Advance Best Limited) is an exempted company incorporated in Cayman Islands with limited liability on 28 June 2013, which is principally engaged in investment
- Smart Role Limited is an exempted company incorporated in British Virgin Islands with limited liability on 7 November 2013, which is principally engaged in investment holding.
- Kingswood Shine Limited is a company incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability on 25 July 2014, which is principally engaged in investment holding.
- On 24 December 2013, the Company subscribed a new (v) convertible note issued by Premium Castle Limited with principal amount of HK\$18,600,000. The completion of the subscription took place on 25 February 2014.
- The market approach determines the fair value of the assets by reference to the transaction prices, or valuation multiples implicit in the transactions prices, of identical or similar assets on the market.
- Comparable sales approach is the present market value in terms of price per unit volume of the final product and the total merchantable volume of each species in the concession as basis for coming up with the estimated value. The underlying theory of this approach is existing market price is dependent parameter since it reflects how much the buyer is willing to pay and how much the seller is willing to receive to give up his goods and services.
- Binomial option pricing model determines the fair value of the assets by adopting discrete time, non-closed form model of varying price over time of the underlying instruments.
- Amortised cost method is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition minus principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, and minus any reduction for impairment on uncollectibility.

#### 金融工具及資本風險管理(續) 5.

### (c) 公允價值估計(續)

#### 金融資產第3級公允價值計量之對賬 (續)

附註:

- HEC Capital Limited為於二零一二年四 月十一日在開曼群島註冊成立之獲豁 免有限公司,主要從事投資控股業務。
- 民豐控股有限公司(前稱晉豐有限公 (ii) 司) 為於二零一三年六月二十八日在開 曼群島註冊成立之獲豁免有限公司, 主要從事投資控股業務。
- Smart Role Limited為於二零一三年 十一月七日在英屬處女群島註冊成立 之獲豁免有限公司,主要從事投資控 股業務。
- 鈞滿有限公司為於二零一四年七月 二十五日在香港註冊成立之有限公 司,主要從事投資控股業務。
- 於二零一三年十二月二十四日,本公 司認購由Premium Castle Limited所發 行本金額為18,600,000港元之新可換 股票據。上述認購已於二零一四年二 月二十五日完成。
- 市場法參照市場上相同或類似資產之 成交價或成交價隱含之估值倍數釐定 資產之公允價值。
- 可資比較銷售法為以各樹木品種最終 產品之現行市值(按每單位數量價格 計算)及林場內可銷售林木總量為基 準,以計算有關估計價值。此方法之 基本理論為現行市價為依據參數,因 其反映買方願意付出之價格及賣方就 售出貨物及提供服務而願意收取之價
- 二項式期權定價模型採用離散時間 (相關工具價格隨時間而有所不同之非 閉合式模型) 釐定資產之公允價值。
- 攤銷成本法為於初步確認時計量金融 資產之金額減本金還款,另加入或減 去就初步金額與到期金額之任何差額 以實際利息法計算之累計攤銷,再減 去就不可收回性作出之減值之任何扣 減。

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## FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND CAPITAL **RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)**

#### (d) Capital risk management

The Group manages its capital to ensure that the Group will be able to continue as going concerns while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from 2013.

The capital structure of the Group consists of nearly no debt except for the promissory notes and short-term loan. It finances its operation primary through equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising share capital, share premium, share option reserve, warrants reserve, AFS financial asset equity reserve, exchange reserve and accumulated losses.

#### Gearing ratio

The Group has adopted a higher finance leverage compared to the last year. Based on the Group's policy, the gearing ratio, as calculated as total debt divided by total equity at the end of the reporting period was as follows:

#### 金融工具及資本風險管理(續) 5.

## (d) 資本風險管理

本集團管理其資本,以確保本集團能夠 繼續持續經營,並同時透過優化債務及 權益之結餘,令各權益關涉方獲得最高 回報。本集團之整體策略與二零一三年 比較並無變動。

除承兑票據及短期貸款外,本集團之股 本架構幾乎不含債務。本集團主要通過 本公司擁有人應佔權益(包括股本、股份 溢價、購股權儲備、認股權證儲備、可供 出售金融資產權益儲備、匯兑儲備及累 計虧損)為其經營撥付資金。

#### 資本負債比率

本集團採納較去年為高之財務槓杆。根 據本集團之策略,於呈報期末之資本負 債比率(以債務總值除以權益總額計算) 如下:

		二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Debt (Note (i)) Equity (Note (ii)) Gearing ratio	債務 <i>(附註(i))</i>	173,026	111,447
	權益 <i>(附註(ii))</i>	295,992	120,343
	資本負債比率	58.5%	92.6%

#### Notes:

- Debt comprises accrued charges and other payables, short-term loan and promissory notes.
- Equity includes all capital and reserves attributable to (ii) owners of the Company.

#### 附註:

- 債務包括應付開支及其他應付款項, 短期貸款及承兑票據。
- 權益包括本公司擁有人應佔之所有資 (ii) 本及儲備。

#### SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group manages its business by both business lines and geography. In a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the Board, being the chief operating decision maker, for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance, the Group has presented its reportable segments under HKFRS 8 as follows:

#### **Business segment**

The Group operates one segment for both years ended 31 December 2014 and 2013. All of the Group's revenue was derived from investment income from investments in listed securities, unlisted securities and commodities futures contracts. Accordingly, the Group does not have separately reportable segment.

#### **Geographical information**

The Group's operations are mainly located in Hong Kong and Singapore. The following table provides an analysis of the Group's revenue by geographical market:

#### 6. 分類資料

本集團按照業務線及地區管理其業務。呈列方 式與提供予董事會(即主要經營決策者)作分 配資源及評估分類表現之內部報告一致,本集 團採納香港財務報告準則第8號所呈列之可呈 報分類如下:

#### 業務分類

截至二零一四年及二零一三年十二月三十一日 止兩個年度內,本集團經營一項分類。本集團 之收益全部來自投資上市證券、非上市證券及 商品期貨合約之投資收入。故此,本集團並無 個別可呈報分類。

#### 地區資料

本集團之業務主要位於香港及新加坡。本集團 按地區市場劃分之收益分析如下表:

Revenue by
geographical market
按地區市場劃分之收益

2014	2013
二零一四年	二零一三年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元

Hong Kong	香港	55,656	(45,028)
Singapore	新加坡	824	2,425
		56,480	(42,603)

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## 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED) 6. 分類資料(續)

## **Geographical information (Continued)**

The following is an analysis of the carrying amount of non-current assets (excluding AFS financial assets and conversion options embedded in convertible notes) analysed by the geographical area in which the assets are located:

#### 業務分類(續)

按資產所在地區劃分之非流動資產(不包括可 供出售金融資產及可換股票據內含之換股權) 賬面金額分析如下:

## **Carrying amount** of non-current assets 非流動資產之賬面金額

2014 2013 二零一四年 二零一三年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000

千港元 千港元

2013

Hong Kong	香港	52,284	31,166

No single customer of the Group contributed 10% or more to the Group's revenue for both years.

本集團於兩個年度概無單一客戶就本集團收益 作出10%或以上貢獻。

#### 7. REVENUE

The amount of significant category of revenue recognised during the year is as follow:

#### 7. 收益

於年內主要已確認收益金額如下:

2014

		二零一四年 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Net gain/(loss) on financial assets at FVTPL (Note)	於損益表按公允價值列賬之 金融資產之收益/(虧損)		
	淨額(附註)	54,397	(47,049)
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	1	2
Interest income from AFS financial assets	可供出售金融資產之利息收入	1,232	1,322
Interest income from financial assets	於損益表按公允價值列賬之		
at FVTPL	金融資產之利息收入	824	2,425
Dividend income from financial assets	於損益表按公允價值列賬之		
at FVTPL	金融資產之股息收入	26	697
		56,480	(42,603)

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 7. REVENUE (CONTINUED)

## 7. 收益(續)

附註:

Net gain/(loss) on financial assets at FVTPL represented:

於損益表按公允價值列賬之金融資產之收益/(虧 損)淨額代表:

		Equit debt se 股本及值		futures o	odities contracts 貨合約		tal 計
		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Proceeds on Sales  Less: Cost of Sales	銷售所得款項 <i>減:</i> 銷售成本	183,682 (162,704)	111,669 (142,368)	(62) (2)	(148) (183)	183,620 (162,706)	111,521 (142,551)
Unrealised gain/(loss) on financial assets at FVTPL	於損益表按公允價值 列賬之金融資產之	20,978	(30,699)	(64)	(331)	20,914	(31,030)
	未變現收益/ (虧損)	33,483	(16,051)	_	32	33,483	(16,019)
Net gain/(loss) on financial assets at FVTPL	於損益表按公允價值 列賬之金融資產之 收益/(虧損)淨額					54,397	(47,049)

## 8. OTHER INCOME

## 8. 其他收入

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Sundry income Interest income from other receivables	雜項收入 其他應收款項之利息收入	210 55	1 79
		265	80

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 9. **FINANCE COSTS**

## 9. 融資成本

	00010110	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest expenses on promissory notes Interest expenses on short-term loan Interest expenses on securities trading	承兑票據之利息開支 短期貸款之利息開支 證券買賣之利息開支	5,783 747 17	5,426 - 113
		6,547	5,539

#### 10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

#### **Current taxation**

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made as the Group incurred a tax loss for the year ended 31 December 2014.

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made as the Group utilised the tax losses previously not recognised for the year ended 31 December 2013.

## 10. 所得税開支

#### 即期税項

由於本集團於截至二零一四年十二月三十一日 止年度出現税項虧損,故並無就香港利得税作 出撥備。

由於本集團於截至二零一三年十二月三十一日 止年度運用往年未予確認之税項虧損,故並無 就香港利得税作出撥備。

## 10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (CONTINUED)

## **Current taxation (Continued)**

The income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to loss before income tax per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

## 10. 所得税開支(續)

## 即期税項(續)

2014

年內所得税開支與綜合損益及其他全面收益表 之除所得税前虧損對賬如下:

2013

		2017		2010	
		二零一四年	Ŧ	零 - 三	年
		HK\$'000	%	HK\$'000	%
		千港元	%	千港元	%
Loss before income tax	除所得税前虧損	(112,941)		(117,881)	
Tax at Hong Kong Profits Tax rate of 16.5%	按香港利得税率16.5%				
(2013: 16.5%)	(二零一三年:16.5%)				
	計算之税項	(18,635)	16.5	(19,450)	16.5
Estimated tax effect on income that is not	釐定應課税溢利時毋須課税				
taxable in determining taxable profit	收入之估計税務影響	8,981	(8.0)	(632)	0.5
Estimated tax effect on expenses that are not	釐定應課税溢利時不可扣税				
deductible in determining taxable profit	開支之估計稅務影響	(348)	0.3	4,038	(3.4)
Estimated tax effect of unrecognised	未確認暫時差額之估計稅務影響				
temporary difference		1,639	(1.4)	(3,310)	2.8
Estimated tax effect of unrecognised tax losses	未確認税項虧損之估計税務影響	8,363	(7.4)	19,354	(16.4)
Tax income and effective tax rate for the year	年內税項收入及實際税率	-	-	-	_

Loss for the year has been arrived after

Directors' and chief executive's emoluments

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment

Operating lease rental in respect of land and

Equity settled share-based payment expenses

Fair value change on AFS financial assets

transfer from equity to profit and loss

Impairment loss on amount due from

Total staff costs, excluding directors'

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 11. LOSS FOR THE YEAR

charging:

(Note 13)

building

an associate

emoluments

Legal and professional fee

Auditors' remuneration

#### 11. 年內虧損

年內虧損乃經扣除下列各項達致:

董事及行政總裁酬金(附註13)

總員工成本(不包括董事酬金)

物業、廠房及設備折舊

土地及樓宇之經營租賃租金

股權結算以股份為基礎付款之開支

由權益轉撥至損益表之可供出售

金融資產之公允價值變動

應收聯營公司款項之減值虧損

法律及專業費用

核數師酬金

二零一四年 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
350	200
5,219	4,045
13,554	8,149
4,660	2,871
2,212	1,663

2014

2013

7,243

7,401

4,454

## 12. NET LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY

The consolidated loss (2013: loss) attributable to owners of the Company includes a loss of approximately HK\$92,204,000 (2013: loss of approximately HK\$110,983,000) which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company.

## 12. 本公司擁有人應佔虧損淨額

14,039

24,671

本公司擁有人應佔綜合虧損(二零一三年: 虧損)包括本公司財務報表內已處理之虧 損約92,204,000港元(二零一三年:虧損約 110,983,000港元)。

## 13. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S **EMOLUMENTS**

## 13. 董事及行政總裁酬金

The emoluments paid or payable to each of the seven (2013: seven) directors and the chief executive for the years ended 31 December 2014 and 2013 were as follows:

截至二零一四年及二零一三年十二月三十一日 止年度已付或應付七名(二零一三年:七名)董 事及行政總裁各人之酬金列載如下:

2014 二零一四年

Name of Director/Chief Executive Officer 董事/行政總裁姓名		Fee 袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	Salary 薪金 HK\$'000 千港元	Other benefits 其他福利 HK\$'000 千港元	Contribution to pension scheme 退休金 計劃供款 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
Executive Directors Mr. Wong Danny F. (Chairman) Mr. Wu Tse Wai, Frederick (Note (i)) Mr. Fong Chi Wah	<b>執行董事</b> 汪曉峰先生(主席) 吳子惠先生 <i>(附註())</i> 方志華先生	:	756 378 277	1,680 - -	17 - 14	2,453 378 291
Non-executive Directors Ms. Yang XiaoFeng (Note (iii)) Mr. Gao Chengming (Note (iii)) Mr. Lau Chi Lung, Johnny (Note (iv))	<b>非執行董事</b> 楊曉峰女士 <i>(附註例)</i> 高城銘先生 <i>(附註例)</i> 劉嗣龍先生 <i>(附註M))</i>	-	378 - -	- - -	17 - -	395 - -
Independent Non-executive Directors Mr. Char Shik Ngor, Stephen Mr. Liu Jin Mr. Law Tze Lun (Note (vi))	<b>獨立非執行董事</b> 查錫我先生 劉進先生 羅子璘先生 <i>(附註(vi))</i>	-	189 189 189	- - -	=	189 189 189
Chief Executive Officer Mr. Chiu Shung Wai, Vincent (Note (1))	<b>行政總裁</b> 趙崇偉先生 <i>(附註()))</i>	-	1,118	-	17	1,135
		-	3,474	1,680	65	5,219

2013 二零一三年

Name of Director/Chief Executive Officer		Fee	Salary	Other benefits	Contribution to pension scheme 退休金	Total
董事/行政總裁姓名		袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	薪金 HK\$'000 千港元	其他福利 HK\$'000 千港元	計劃供款 HK\$'000 千港元	合計 HK\$'000 千港元
Executive Directors	執行董事					
Mr. Wong Danny F. (Chairman)	汪曉峰先生(主席)	_	756	1,680	15	2,451
Mr. Wu Tse Wai, Frederick (Chief Executive Officer)	吳子惠先生(行政總裁)	_	378	-	_	378
Mr. Fong Chi Wah	方志華先生	-	277	-	14	291
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事					
Ms. Yang XiaoFeng	楊曉峰女士	-	378	-	15	393
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事					
Mr. Char Shik Ngor, Stephen	查錫我先生	-	189	-	-	189
Mr. Liu Jin	劉進先生	-	189	-	-	189
Mr. Wong Sin Lai (Note (v))	王善豊先生 <i>(附註(v))</i>	-	144	-	-	144
Mr. Law Tze Lun (Note (vi))	羅子璘先生( <i>附註(vi</i> ))	-	10	-	_	10
		-	2,321	1,680	44	4,045

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 13. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S **EMOLUMENTS (CONTINUED)**

#### Notes:

- Mr. Wu Tse Wai, Frederick resigned as the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") on 19 May 2014. Mr. Chiu Shung Wai, Vincent appointed as the CEO on the same date.
- (ii) Ms. Yang Xiao Feng redesignated as non-executive director on 11 March 2014.
- (iii) Mr. Gao Chengming appointed on 4 March 2015.
- Mr. Lau Chi Lung, Johnny appointed on 17 March 2015.
- Mr. Wong Sin Lai, formerly named as Mr. Wong Tam Yee, (v) resigned on 4 October 2013.
- Mr. Law Tze Lun appointed on 12 December 2013. (vi)

During the years ended 31 December 2014 and 2013, there was no arrangement under which a director or chief executive officer waived or agreed to waive any emoluments.

For both years ended 31 December 2014 and 2013, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the directors as an inducement to join, or upon joining the Group, or as compensation for loss of office.

The number of the directors and chief executive officer fell within the following bands:

## 13. 董事及行政總裁酬金(續)

#### 附註:

- 吳子惠先生於二零一四年五月十九日辭任行 (i) 政總裁一職。同日,趙崇偉先生獲委任為行 政總裁。
- 楊曉峰女士於二零一四年三月十一日調任為 (ii) 非執行董事。
- 高城銘先生於二零一五年三月四日獲委任。 (iii)
- 劉嗣龍先生於二零一五年三月十七日獲委 任。
- 王善豊先生(前名王談意先生)於二零一三 (v) 年十月四日辭任。
- 羅子璘先生於二零一三年十二月十二日獲委 (vi)

於截至二零一四年及二零一三年十二月三十一 日止年度,概無董事或行政總裁放棄或同意放 棄任何酬金之安排。

截至二零一四年及二零一三年十二月三十一日 止年度,本集團概無向董事支付酬金作為加入 本集團之獎勵或離職補償。

董事及行政總裁之酬金組別如下:

#### **Number of directors and CEO** 董事及行政總裁人數

		<b>2014</b> 二零一四年	2013 二零一三年
Nil to HK\$1,000,000 HK\$1,000,001 or above	零至1,000,000港元 1,000,001港元或以上	9	7 1
		11	8

## 14. SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS AND INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST **EMOLUMENTS**

## (a) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year included one executive director (2013: one) whose emoluments were reflected in the analysis presented in Note 13 to the consolidated financial statements. The emoluments of the remaining four individuals (2013: four) were as follows:

## 14. 高級管理人員酬金及最高薪人士

## (a) 五位最高薪人士

本集團年內五位最高薪人士中,包括一 名(二零一三年:一名)執行董事,其酬 金已於綜合財務報表附註13所呈列之分 析中反映。其餘四名人士(二零一三年: 四名)之酬金如下:

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries and other short-term	薪金及其他短期僱員福利		
employee benefits		4,139	2,747
Contribution to pension scheme	退休金計劃供款	35	21
		4,174	2,768

The emoluments of the four (2013: four) individuals, included four individuals (2013: four) of senior management, with the highest emoluments are within the following band:

四名(二零一四年:四名)最高薪人士 (包括四名(二零一三年:四名)高級管理 人員)之酬金組別如下:

			Number of individuals 人數		
		<b>2014</b> 二零一四年	2013 二零一三年		
Nil to HK\$1,000,000 HK\$1,000,001 or above	零至1,000,000港元 1,000,001港元或以上	1 3	4 -		

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 14. SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS AND INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST **EMOLUMENTS (CONTINUED)**

## (b) Senior management of the Company

The emoluments of the senior management of the Company are within the following band:

## 14. 高級管理人員酬金及最高薪人士 (續)

## (b) 本公司之高級管理人員

本公司高級管理人員之酬金組別如下:

		Number of individuals 人數		
		<b>2014</b> 二零一四年	2013 二零一三年	
Nil to HK\$1,000,000 HK\$1,000,001 or above	零至1,000,000港元 1,000,001港元或以上	1 3	4 –	

During the year, no bonus was paid to the five highest paid individuals of the Group (2013: Nil). No emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join, or upon joining the Group, or as a compensation for loss of office (2013: Nil).

年內,概無向本集團五位最高薪人士支 付花紅(二零一三年:無)。本集團概無 向五位最高薪人士支付酬金作為加入本 集團之獎勵或離職補償(二零一三年: 無)。

#### 15. DIVIDEND

The directors of the Company do not recommend the payment of a dividend in respect of both years ended 31 December 2014 and 2013.

## 15. 股息

本公司董事不建議派付截至二零一四年及二零 一三年十二月三十一日止兩個年度之股息。

#### 16. LOSS PER SHARE

## The calculation of the basic and diluted loss per share attributable to owners of the Company is based on the following data:

#### 16. 每股虧損

本公司擁有人應佔之每股基本及攤薄虧損乃按 下列數據計算:

Loss 虧損		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss for the purpose of basic and diluted loss per share	計算每股基本及攤薄虧損時 採用之虧損	(112,941)	(117,881)
Number of shares 股份數目		2014 二零一四年 '000 千股	2013 二零一三年 '000 千股 (restated) (經重列)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic and diluted loss per share	計算每股基本及攤薄虧損時採用之普通股加權平均數	1,356,501	743,125

The weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of calculating basic loss per share for the year ended 31 December 2014 have been adjusted for the effects of both rights issue and placing completed on 21 February 2014, 15 August 2014 and 22 September 2014 respectively (2013: adjusted for the effects of both placing and rights issue completed on 28 June 2013 and 3 September 2013 respectively). The rights issue has been reflected retrospectively by restating the opening weighted average number of ordinary shares at 1 January 2013.

For the years ended 31 December 2014 and 2013, the Company's outstanding share options and warrants were not included in the calculation of diluted loss per share because the effects of the Company's outstanding share options and warrants were anti-dilutive.

截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度,計算 每股基本虧損時採用之普通股加權平均數已 就分別於二零一四年二月二十一日、二零一四 年八月十五日及二零一四年九月二十二日完成 之供股及配售之影響作出調整(二零一三年: 就分別於二零一三年六月二十八日及二零一三 年九月三日完成之配售及供股之影響作出調 整)。於二零一三年一月一日之年初普通股加 權平均數已經重列,以追溯反映供股之影響。

截至二零一四年及二零一三年十二月三十一日 止年度,由於本公司之尚未行使購股權及認股 權證具反攤薄影響,故計算每股攤薄虧損時並 無將本公司之尚未行使購股權及認股權證計算 在內。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 17. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 17. 物業、廠房及設備

The Group 本集團

		Leasehold improvement 租賃裝修 HK\$'000 千港元	Furniture and fixtures 傢俬及裝置 HK\$'000 千港元	Office equipment 辦公室設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Computer 電腦 HK\$'000 千港元	Motor vehicles 汽車 HK\$'000 千港元	Yacht 遊艇 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
	D. D. I							
At cost	按成本							
At 1 January 2013 Additions Acquisition from subsidiaries	於二零一三年一月一日 增購 從附屬公司收購	3,343 205 -	2,051 74 -	301 173 -	483 200 -	1,780 3,783 -	- - 24,500	7,958 4,435 24,500
At 31 December 2013 and 1 January 2014	於二零一三年 十二月三十一日及							
Additions Disposal of subsidiaries	二零一四年一月一日 增購 出售附屬公司	3,548 295	2,125 159	474 22	683 47	5,563 2,162	24,500 - (24,500)	36,893 2,685 (24,500)
Written off	<b></b> 撤銷	(3,597)	-	-	-	-	(24,300)	(3,597)
At 31 December 2014	於二零一四年 十二月三十一日	246	2,284	496	730	7,725	-	11,481
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊							
At 1 January 2013 Charge for the year	於二零一三年一月一日 年內支出	733 1,139	1,020 178	206 74	452 60	445 603	- 817	2,856 2,871
At 31 December 2013 and 1 January 2014	於二零一三年 十二月三十一日及							
Charge for the year Eliminated on disposal of subsidiaries	二零一四年一月一日 年內支出 出售附屬公司時對銷	1,872 1,254 -	1,198 258 -	280 68 -	512 125 -	1,048 1,322 -	817 1,633 (2,450)	5,727 4,660 (2,450)
Written off	撇銷	(3,072)	-					(3,072)
At 31 December 2014	於二零一四年 十二月三十一日	54	1,456	348	637	2,370	-	4,865
Net book value At 31 December 2014	賬面淨值 於二零一四年	4	955	462		5.055		0.045
	十二月三十一日	192	828	148	93	5,355	-	6,616
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年 十二月三十一日	1,676	927	194	171	4,515	23,683	31,166

# 17. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

## 17. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

The Company

本公司

	1001010	Leasehold improvement 租賃裝修 HK\$'000 千港元	Furniture and fixtures 傢俬及裝置 HK\$'000 千港元	Office equipment 辦公室設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Computer 電腦 HK\$'000 千港元	Motor vehicles 汽車 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
At cost	按成本						
At 1 January 2013 Additions	於二零一三年一月一日 增購	3,343 205	2,051 74	301 173	483 200	1,780 3,783	7,958 4,435
At 31 December 2013 and 1 January 2014	於二零一三年 十二月三十一日及						
Additions Written off	二零一四年一月一日 增購 撤銷	3,548 295 (3,597)	2,125 159 -	474 22 -	683 47 -	5,563 2,162 -	12,393 2,685 (3,597)
At 31 December 2014	於二零一四年 十二月三十一日	246	2,284	496	730	7,725	11,481
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊						
At 1 January 2013 Charge for the year	於二零一三年一月一日 年內支出	733 1,139	1,020 178	206 74	452 60	445 603	2,856 2,054
At 31 December 2013 and 1 January 2014	於二零一三年 十二月三十一日及						
Charge for the year Written off	二零一四年一月一日 年內支出 撤銷	1,872 1,254 (3,072)	1,198 258 -	280 68 -	512 125 -	1,048 1,322 -	4,910 3,027 (3,072)
At 31 December 2014	於二零一四年 十二月三十一日	54	1,456	348	637	2,370	4,865
Net book value At 31 December 2014	賬面淨值 於二零一四年 十二月三十一日	192	828	148	93	5,355	6.616
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年	192	028	148	93	5,055	0,010
	十二月三十一日	1,676	927	194	171	4,515	7,483

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 18. OTHER TANGIBLE ASSETS

## 18. 其他有形資產

HK\$'000 千港元

2013

二零一三年

The Group and the Company	本集團及本公司	
Cost and carrying amount	成本及賬面金額	
At 31 December 2014	於二零一四年十二月三十一日	21,730

The amount represents the aggregate cost of art work, diamond and diamond ring held by the Group. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, after referencing to professional valuation reports, the residual value of the other tangible assets worth at least its carrying amount at the end of reporting period.

金額指本集團所持藝術品、鑽石及鑽石介指之 成本總額。本公司董事認為,經參考專業估值 報告後,其他有形資產之剩餘價值至少相當於 其於呈報期末之賬面金額。

2014

二零一四年

## 19. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

## 19. 於附屬公司之權益

		<b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
The Company	本公司		
Unlisted investment, at cost Amounts due from subsidiaries Less: Impairment loss recognised in respect	非上市投資,按成本 應收附屬公司款項 減:就附屬公司墊款已確認之	- 310,141	- 120,559
of advances to subsidiaries	減值虧損	(30,351)	(13,457)
		279,790	107,102
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	21.156	1.161

The movement of provision for impairment loss on amounts due from subsidiaries is as follows:

應收附屬公司款項之減值虧損撥備變動如下:

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
At the beginning of the year	於年初	13,457	7,500
Impairment loss recognised	已確認減值虧損	16,894	5,957
		30,351	13,457

## 19. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 December 2014 and 2013, the directors of the Company assessed the recoverable amounts of the amounts due from subsidiaries after considering profitability, cash flow position, financial position, forecast business development and future prospects of the subsidiaries. Based on this assessment the carrying amounts of amounts due from subsidiaries are reduced to their recoverable amounts which are determined by reference to the estimation of future cash flows expected to be generated from the respective subsidiaries.

The amount(s) due from/(to) subsidiaries are unsecured, interestfree and have no fixed terms of repayment. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the Company will not demand/(call) for repayment within one year from the end of the reporting period and are therefore considered as non-current.

Particulars of the Group's subsidiary as at 31 December 2014 are as follows:

## 19. 於附屬公司之權益(續)

截至二零一四年及二零一三年十二月三十一日 止年度,本公司董事評估應收附屬公司款項之 可收回金額,其中考慮因素包括該等附屬公司 之盈利能力、現金流量狀況、財務狀況、預測業 務發展及未來前景。根據評估結果,應收附屬 公司款項之賬面金額減少至其可收回金額,乃 參照預期各附屬公司產生之未來現金流量之估 計而釐定。

應收/(付)附屬公司款項為無抵押、免息及無 固定還款期。本公司董事認為,本公司不會於 呈報期末起計一年內要求/(被催繳)償還,故 被視作非流動。

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團之附屬 公司詳情如下:

Proportion of nominal value

	Place of incorporation		Fully paid	of paid-up car proportion of vo	ital and		
Name of subsidiary	or operation	Class of share	share capital	held by the Co	held by the Company 本公司所持繳足股本面值		
附屬公司名稱	註冊成立或營業地點	股份類別	已繳足股本	比例及投票机	Indirectly	主要業務	
				直接	間接		
National Investments Fund (HK) Limited ("NIF (HK)")	Hong Kong	Ordinary	HK\$1	100%	-	Investment holdings	
香港國盛投資基金有限公司 (「香港國盛」)	香港	普通股	1港元			投資控股	
National China Investment Limited ("National China")	Hong Kong	Ordinary	HK\$1	100%	-	Investment holdings	
國盛中國投資有限公司 (「國盛中國」)	香港	普通股	1港元			投資控股	
Top Flame Investments Limited ("Top Flame")	British Virgins Islands	Ordinary	USD\$1	100%	-	Investment holdings	
Top Flame Investments Limited (「Top Flame」)	英屬處女群島	普通股	1美元			投資控股	
Shine Full Capital Limited ("Shine Full")	British Virgins Islands	Ordinary	USD\$1	100%	-	Investment holdings	
Shine Full Capital Limited	英屬處女群島	普通股	1美元			投資控股	

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## 19. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

## 19. 於附屬公司之權益(續)

Particulars of the Group's subsidiary as at 31 December 2014 are as follows: (Continued)

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團之附屬 公司詳情如下:(續)

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation or operation	Class of share	Fully paid share capital	Proportion of nom of paid-up capit proportion of votil held by the Cor 本公司所持繳足服	al and ng power npany	Principal activities
附屬公司名稱	註冊成立或營業地點	股份類別	已繳足股本	比例及投票權 Directly 直接		主要業務
				且该	1月1安	
Victory Eternal Limited ("Victory Eternal")	British Virgins Islands	Ordinary	USD\$1	100%	-	Investment holdings
Victory Eternal Limited (「Victory Eternal」)	英屬處女群島	普通股	1美元			投資控股
Chance Luck Holdings Limited ("Chance Luck")	British Virgins Islands	Ordinary	USD\$1	100%	-	Investment holdings
Chance Luck Holdings Limited	英屬處女群島	普通股	1美元			投資控股
Top Onward Development Limited ("Top Onward")	British Virgins Islands	Ordinary	USD\$1	100%	-	Investment holdings
Top Onward Development Limited (「Top Onward」)	英屬處女群島	普通股	1美元			投資控股
Gold Full Corporate  Development Limited  ("Gold Full")	British Virgins Islands	Ordinary	USD\$1	100%	-	Investment holdings
Gold Full Corporate  Development Limited (「Gold Full」)	英屬處女群島	普通股	1美元	100%	-	投資控股
Delight Hope Investments Limited ("Delight Hope")	British Virgins Islands	Ordinary	USD\$1	100%	-	Investment holdings
Delight Hope Investments Limited (「Delight Hope」)	英屬處女群島	普通股	1美元			投資控股

## 19. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

## 19. 於附屬公司之權益(續)

Proportion of nominal value

Particulars of the Group's subsidiary as at 31 December 2014 are as follows: (Continued)

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團之附屬 公司詳情如下:(續)

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation or operation	Fully paid proportion of voting Class of share share capital held by the Cor		of paid-up capital and proportion of voting power held by the Company 本公司所持繳足股本面值		
附屬公司名稱	註冊成立或營業地點	股份類別	已繳足股本	比例及投票權 <b>Directly</b> 直接		主要業務
Up Wonderful Limited	British Virgins Islands	Ordinary	USD\$1	100%	_	Investment holdings
("Up Wonderful")  Up Wonderful Limited  ( [Up Wonderful ])	英屬處女群島	普通股	1美元			投資控股
Luxwealth Development Limited ("Luxwealth")	British Virgins Islands	Ordinary	USD\$1	100%	-	Investment holdings
Luxwealth Development Limited ([Luxwealth])	英屬處女群島	普通股	1美元			投資控股
Essence Sharp Holdings Limited ("Essence Sharp")	British Virgins Islands	Ordinary	USD\$1	100%	-	Investment holdings
Essence Sharp Holdings Limited ([Essence Sharp])	英屬處女群島	普通股	1美元			投資控股
Massive Shine Limited ("Massive Shine")	British Virgins Islands	Ordinary	USD\$1	100%	-	Investment holdings
Massive Shine Limited (「Massive Shine」)	英屬處女群島	普通股	1美元			投資控股
Gold Intelligent Investment Development Limited ("Gold Intelligent")	British Virgins Islands	Ordinary	USD\$1	100%	-	Investment holdings
Gold Intelligent Investment  Development Limited  (「Gold Intelligent」)	英屬處女群島	普通股	1美元			投資控股
Vast Spirit Investment Holding Limited ("Vast Spirit")	British Virgins Islands	Ordinary	USD\$1	100%	-	Investment holdings
Vast Spirit Investment Holding Limited (「Vast Spirit」)	英屬處女群島	普通股	1美元			投資控股

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## **20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES**

## 20. 於聯營公司之權益

Details of the Group's interests in associates are as follows:

本集團於聯營公司之權益詳情如下:

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost of investment in associates  – Unlisted Share of post-acquisition loss and other comprehensive income, net of dividends received	聯營公司之投資成本 一非上市 應佔收購後虧損及其他全面收益, 扣除已收股息	23	23
- Unlisted (Note (ii))	一非上市 <i>(附註(ii))</i>	(23)	(23)
		-	-
Amount due from an associate (Note (i))  – Unlisted  Less: share of post-acquisition loss and other comprehensive income, net of dividends received	應收聯營公司款項(附註(1)) 一非上市 減:應佔收購後虧損及 其他全面收益,扣除已收股息	35,977	5,977
- Unlisted <i>(Note (ii) and (iii))</i>	一非上市 ( <i>附註(ii)及(iii))</i>	(7,585)	(1,523)
Impairment loss on amount due from	應收聯營公司款項之減值虧損	28,392	4,454
an associate (Note (iv))	(附註(iv))	(4,454)	(4,454)
		23,938	-
		23,938	-

#### Notes:

The amount due from an associate is unsecured, interestfree and has no fixed terms of repayment. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the Company will not demand repayment within one year from the end of reporting period and are therefore considered as non-current.

#### 附註:

應收聯營公司款項為無抵押、免息及無固定 還款期。本公司董事認為,本公司不會於呈 報期末起計一年內要求償還,故被視作非流 動。

## 20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONTINUED)

Notes: (Continued)

On 14 November 2011, Chance Luck, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group, has entered into an agreement with Rui Shing Holdings Limited, and Long Holdings Limited to establish Tumas Holdings Limited ("Tumas Holdings"), incorporated under the laws of British Virgin Islands. The principal activities of Tumas Holdings and its subsidiaries are development and manufacturing of yacht. The investment cost amounted to approximately HK\$23,000 and the Group's share of loss of an associate for the year 31 December 2011 amounted to approximately HK\$23,000.

In the opinion of the directors, the amount due from an associate form part of the Group's net investment and the Group's share the excess part of loss of an associate for the year ended 31 December 2013 amounted to approximately HK\$1,007,000.

- On 17 April 2014, Essence Sharp, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group, has established Medisun Holdings (Overseas) Limited ("Medisun Holdings"), incorporated under the laws of British Virgin Islands. The principal activities of Medisun Holdings and its subsidiaries are development of bio-pharmaceutical and regenerative medicine system and products. The investment cost amount to approximately HK\$800 and the Group's share of loss of associate for the year 31 December 2014 amounted to approximately HK\$6,062,000.
- The carrying amount of amount due from an associate is reduced to its recoverable amount which is determined by reference to the estimation of future cash flow expected to be generated from the associate.

### 20. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

附註:(續)

於二零一一年十一月十四日,本集團之全資 附屬公司Chance Luck與Rui Shing Holdings Limited及Long Holdings Limited訂立協議, 以成立Tumas Holdings Limited (「Tumas Holdings」,根據英屬處女群島法律註冊成 立)。Tumas Holdings及其附屬公司之主要業 務為開發及製造遊艇。投資成本約達23,000 港元,截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年 度本集團應佔聯營公司之虧損約為23,000港 元。

> 董事認為,截至二零一三年十二月三十一日 止年度,應收聯營公司款項為本集團淨投資 之一部份,而本集團應佔聯營公司虧損之超 出部份約為1.007.000港元。

- 於二零一四年四月十七日,本集團之全資附 (iii) 屬公司Essence Sharp成立Medisun Holdings (Overseas) Limited (「Medisun Holdings」,根 據英屬處女群島法律註冊成立)。Medisun Holdings及其附屬公司之主要業務為開發生 物製藥及再生醫學系統及產品。投資成本約 為800港元,截至二零一四年十二月三十一 日止年度本集團應佔聯營公司之虧損約為 6,062,000港元。
- 應收聯營公司款項之賬面金額減少至其可收 回金額,乃參照預期該聯營公司產生之未來 現金流量之估計而釐定。

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## 20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (CONTINUED)

## 20. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

Details of the Group's associates which are held indirectly by the Company at 31 December 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

於二零一四年及二零一三年十二月三十一日由 本公司間接持有之本集團聯營公司之詳情如

Name of associate 聯營公司名稱	Form of entity	Place of incorporation	Fully paid share capital	Principal place of operation	Class of shares held	proportion of nominal value of issued share capital held 所持已發行 股本面值比例	Proportion of voting power held 所持	Principal activity
柳宮公可右鸺	實體形式	註冊成立地點	已繳足股本	土安宮耒収勲	所持股份類別	版 平	投票權比例 —————————	主要業務
Tumas Holdings	Incorporated	British Virgin Islands	US\$10,000	Hong Kong	Ordinary	30%	30% (Note (i))	Investment holdings
Tumas Holdings	註冊成立	英屬處女群島	10,000美元	香港	普通股	30%	30% (附註(i))	投資控股
Medisun Holdings	Incorporated	British Virgin Islands	US\$50,000	Hong Kong	Ordinary	30%	30% (Note (ii))	Investment holdings
Medisun Holdings	註冊成立	英屬處女群島	50,000美元	香港	普通股	30%	30% <i>(附註(ii))</i>	投資控股

#### Notes:

- The Group holds 30% of the issued share capital of Tumas Holdings. The directors of the Company consider that the Group does have significant influence over Tumas Holdings and it is therefore classified as an associate of the Group.
- The Group holds 30% of the issued share capital of Medisun Holdings. The directors of the Company consider that the Group does have significant influence over Medisun Holdings and it is therefore classified as an associate of the Group.

Summarised financial information in respect of each of the Group's associates is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts shown in the associates' financial statements prepared in accordance with HKFRSs.

#### 附註:

- 本集團持有Tumas Holdings之30%已發行 股本。本公司董事認為,本集團對Tumas Holdings有重大影響力,因此將其分類為本 集團之聯營公司。
- 本集團持有Medisun Holdings之30%已發行 股本。本公司董事認為,本集團對Medisun Holdings有重大影響力,因此將其分類為本 集團之聯營公司。

有關本集團各聯營公司之財務資料概要載列如 下。下文所列之財務資料概要代表聯營公司根 據香港財務報告準則編製之財務報表所示金 額。

## **20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES** (CONTINUED)

## 20. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

All of these associates are accounted for using the equity method in these consolidated financial statements.

所有該等聯營公司均以權益會計法計入此綜合 財務報表。

Year

#### **Tumas Holdings**

Year

		2014	2013
		二零一四年 <b>HK\$'000</b>	二零一三年 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Current assets	流動資產	9,610	10,100
Non-current assets	非流動資產	1,412	1,656
Current liabilities	流動負債	(2,888)	(2,545)
A1 1999	北 <u>济</u> 科名 <i>住</i>	(40,000)	(40,000)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(12,000)	(12,000)
Revenue	收益	223	
Nevenue	<b>火</b> 血	223	_
Loss from continuing operations	持續經營業務虧損	(709)	(5,360)
3 1	33 ( <u> </u>	( 1.7)	(2,222)
Post-tax loss from discontinued operations	已終止經營業務除稅後虧損	-	-
Loss for the year	年內虧損	(709)	(5,360)
Loss attributable to the Group	本集團應佔虧損	-	(1,608)
Other comprehensive (loss)/income	年內其他全面(虧損)/收益	(00)	0.004
for the year		(99)	2,004
Other comprehensive (loss)/income	本集團應佔其他全面		
attributable to the Group	中来国應位共他主面 (虧損)/收益	_	601
·			

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## **20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES** (CONTINUED)

Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in the associate recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

## 20. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

上述財務資料概要與綜合財務報表內所確認於 聯營公司之權益之賬面金額之對賬:

#### **Tumas Holdings**

Year	Year
2014	2013
二零一四年	二零一三年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元

Net liabilities attributable to the owners of	該聯營公司擁有人應佔淨負債		
the associate		-	(5,075)
Proportion of the Group's ownership interest	本集團於Tumas Holdings之		
in Tumas Holdings	擁有權權益比例	30%	30%
Share of post-acquisition loss and other	應佔收購後虧損及其他全面收益,		
comprehensive income, net of dividends	扣除已收股息		
received		_	(1,523)
Amount due from an associate	應收聯營公司款項	-	5,977
Impairment loss on amount due from	應收聯營公司款項之減值虧損		
an associate		-	(4,454)
Carrying amount of the Group's interest	本集團於Tumas Holdings之		
in Tumas Holdings	權益之賬面金額	-	-

## **20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES** (CONTINUED)

Other comprehensive loss attributable to

the Group

## 20. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in the associate recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

上述財務資料概要與綜合財務報表內所確認於 聯營公司之權益之賬面金額之對賬:

Year

2014

二零一四年

#### **Medisun Holdings**

Year

2013

二零一三年

		<b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Current assets	流動資產	25,484	-
Non-current assets	非流動資產	185,290	-
Current liabilities	流動負債	-	-
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(265,191)	-
Revenue	收益	52	-
Loss from continuing operations	持續經營業務虧損	(20,208)	-
Post-tax loss from discontinued operations	已終止經營業務除税後虧損	_	-
Loss for the year	年內虧損	(20,208)	-
Loss attributable to the Group	本集團應佔虧損	(6,062)	-
Other comprehensive loss for the year	年內其他全面虧損	(82,416)	-

本集團應佔其他全面虧損

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## **20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES** (CONTINUED)

## 20. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in the associate recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

上述財務資料概要與綜合財務報表內所確認於 聯營公司之權益之賬面金額之對賬:

#### Medisun Holdings

Year	Year
2014	2013
二零一四年	二零一三年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元

Net liabilities attributable to the owners of the associate	該聯營公司擁有人應佔淨負債	(54,417)	-
Proportion of the Group's ownership interest in Medisun Holdings	本集團於Medisun Holdings之 擁有權權益比例	30%	_
Share of post-acquisition loss and other comprehensive income, net of	應佔收購後虧損及其他全面收益, 扣除已收股息		
dividends received		(16,325)	-
Amount due from an associate	應收聯營公司款項	30,000	-
Others	其他	10,263	-
Carrying amount of the Group's interest in	本集團於Medisun Holdings之		
Medisun Holdings	權益之賬面金額	23,938	-

## Unrecognised share of losses of an associate

## 未確認之應佔聯營公司虧損

3		Year 2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	Year 2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
The unrecognised share of loss of an associate for the year	未確認之應佔聯營公司年內虧損	(213)	_
		Year 2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	Year 2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cumulative share of loss of an associate	累計應佔聯營公司虧損	(1,523)	(1,523)

## 21. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL **ASSETS**

## 21. 可供出售金融資產

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
The Group	本集團		
Unlisted securities  – debt securities  – equity securities	非上市證券 一債務證券 一股本證券	13,444 194,864	- 41,892
		208,308	41,892
Analysed for reporting purposes as: Non-current assets Current assets	就呈報目的分析為: 非流動資產 流動資產	194,864 13,444	41,892 -
		208,308	41,892
		<b>2014</b> 二零一四年	2013 二零一三年
		H <b>K\$'000</b> 千港元	— * — · HK\$'000 千港元
The Company	本公司		
Unlisted securities  – debt securities	非上市證券 一債務證券	13,444	-
Analysed for reporting purposes as:  Current assets	就呈報目的分析為: 流動資產	13,444	_

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## 21. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL **ASSETS (CONTINUED)**

## 21. 可供出售金融資產(續)

The following is a list of AFS financial assets as at 31 December 2014 and 2013:

以下為於二零一四年及二零一三年十二月 三十一日之可供出售金融資產列表:

Name of equity/debt securities 股本/債務證券名稱		Proportion share capital owned as at 31 December 2014 於二零一四年 十二月三十一日 所擁有 股本百分比 (%)	Net assets attributable to the Group as at 31 December 2014 於二零一四年 十二月三十一日 本集團應佔之 資產淨值 HK\$*000 千港元	Cost of investment 投資成本 HK\$'000 千港元	Fair value as at 31 December 2014 於二零一四年 十二月三十一日 之公允價值 HK\$*000 千港元	Fair value as at 31 December 2013 於二零一三年 十二月三十一日 之公允價值 HK\$'000 千港元
Equity securities issued by:  - HEC Capital Limited ("HEC") (Note (iii))  - Upperclass Developments Limited ("Upperclass") (Note (iii))  - Freeman Corporation Limited ("Freeman") (Note (iv))  - Smart Role Limited ("Smart Role") (Note v))	以下公司發行之股本證券:  —HEC Capital Limited  (「HEC」)(附註例)  —Upperclass Developments Limited  (「Upperclass」)(附註例)  —民豐控股有限公司  (「民豐」)(附註例)  —Smart Role Limited  (「Smart Role」)(附註例)	0.89 30 1.80 8	74,719 34,651 66,752 46,840	49,283 - 59,850 59,680	56,140 - 50,154 59,503	41,892 - - -
- Kingswood Shine Limited ("Kingswood") (Note (vi))	一鈞滿有限公司(「鈞滿」) <i>(附註(vj</i> ))	50	37,150	40,000	29,067	-
Debt securities issued by:  - Premium Castle Limited ("Premium Castle")  (Note (vii))	以下公司發行之債務證券: - Premium Castle Limited (「Premium Castle」) <i>(附註(例)</i>	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	12,056	13,444	-
					208,308	41,892

## 21. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

#### Notes:

- (i) The unlisted equity securities and unlisted debt securities are measured at fair value and are classified as Level 3 fair value measurement. The fair value of unlisted equity securities is estimated by applying price-to-book ratios for similar listed companies and adjusted to reflect the specific circumstance of the investments. The fair value of debt element of the unlisted debt securities is calculated based on the present value of contractually determined stream of future cash flows discounted at the required yield, which was determined with reference to the credit rating of the issuers of the unlisted debt securities and the maturity terms. The effective interest rate is 10.11% (2013: Nil).
- HEC is an exempted company incorporated in Cayman Islands with limited liability on 11 April 2012. It is principally engaged in investment holding. After forming the HEC, there was a capital reorganisation among HEC, Cordoba Homes Limited ("Cordoba") and Hennabun Capital Group Limited ("HCG") ("the Reorganisation"). During the Reorganisation, the Group received the same number of equity securities in HEC in exchange for the equity securities in Cordoba and HCG. The Reorganisation was completed on 30 April 2012. On that date, the Group held 1.30% equity interest of HEC which directly and indirectly owned 100% equity interest of Cordoba and HCG respectively. No dividend was entitled to the Group for the year ended 31 December 2014 (2013: HK\$Nil).
- Unlisted equity securities that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and the range of reasonable fair value estimates is significant and the probabilities of the various estimates cannot be reasonably assessed, such unlisted equity securities are measured at cost less any identified impairment losses at the end of each reporting period.

On 8 April 2013, Top Onward, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group, has entered into agreement with Mr. Li, a shareholder of Upperclass which incorporated under the laws of British Virgin Islands, in relation to the acquisition of 30% equity interest and the transfer of contractual right to receive another receivable owed by Upperclass. This resulted in an indirectly held of approximately 16% equity interest in Hua Tong International Leasing Co., Limited ("Hua Tong"), incorporated in the People's Republic of China with limited liability. The principal activities of Hua Tong are leasing. The investment cost and other receivable amount to HK\$234 and approximately HK\$40,800,000 respectively, and the transaction was completed on 30 December 2013. The Group is unable to exercise significant influence over Upperclass and Hua Tong as they do not have the power to appoint any of its director and do not participate in its policy-making processes.

## 21. 可供出售金融資產(續)

#### 附註:

- 非上市股本證券及非上市債務證券按公允價 (i) 值計量並分類為第3級公允價值計量。非上 市股本證券之公允價值按類似上市公司之市 賬率估計,並作出調整以反映投資之特定情 況。非上市債務證券債務部份之公允價值乃 按以規定回報率貼現之未來現金流之約定流 量現值計算,其回報率乃參考非上市債務證 券發行人之信貸評級及年期而釐定。實際利 率為10.11%(二零一三年:零)。
- HEC為於二零一二年四月十一日在開曼群 (ii) 島註冊成立之獲豁免有限公司。其主要從事 投資控股。成立HEC後, HEC、歌德豪宅有 限公司(「歌德」)及Hennabun Capital Group Limited (「HCG」) 進行股本重組 (「重組」)。 於重組期間,本集團獲得相同數目之HEC股 本證券以交換歌德及HCG之股本證券。重組 已於二零一二年四月三十日完成。同日,本 集團持有HEC之1.30%股權,而HEC分別直 接及間接擁有歌德及HCG之100%股權。截至 二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團 無權獲派股息(二零一三年:零港元)。
- 非上市股本證券如於活躍市場上並無報價, 而合理公允價值之估計範圍太大,且多項估 計之可能性無法合理評估,則於各呈報期末 按成本減任何已識別減值虧損計量。

於二零一三年四月八日,本集團之全資附 屬公司Top Onward與Upperclass(根據英屬 處女群島法律註冊成立之公司)股東李先生 訂立一份協議,內容有關收購Upperclass之 30%股權及轉讓收取Upperclass結欠之另一 筆應收款項之合約權利。收購導致間接持有 華通國際租賃有限公司(「華通」,於中華人 民共和國註冊成立之有限責任公司)約16% 股權。華通之主要業務為租賃。投資成本及其 他應收款項分別為234港元及約40,800,000 港元,而交易已於二零一三年十二月三十日 完成。由於Upperclass及華通無權委任其任 何董事,亦無參與其決策過程,本集團無法 對Upperclass及華通行使重大影響力。

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## 21. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL **ASSETS (CONTINUED)**

Notes: (Continued)

- On 24 September 2014, Up Wonderful, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group, has entered into agreement with Freeman (formerly known as Advance Best Limited) which incorporated under laws of Cayman Islands with limited liability, in relation to the subscription of 21,000,000 shares which represent 1.80% equity interest of Freeman. No dividend was entitled to the Group for the year ended 31 December 2014 and 2013.
- On 24 September 2014, Massive Shine, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group, has entered into agreement with Trillion Cheer Toprich Limited ("Trillion Cheer"), a shareholder of Smart Role which incorporated under the laws of British Virgin Islands with limited liability. This result in an indirectly held in 8% equity interest of 漢誠 (巴中)農林有限公司 ("Hancheng Bazhong"), incorporated under the People's Republic of China with limited liability. The principal activities of Hancheng Bazhong are holding of the Forest Rights Certificates. The investment cost amount to approximately HK\$59,680,000, and the transaction was completed on 24 September 2014.
- On 5 September 2014, Luxwealth Development, a whollyowned subsidiary of the Group, has entered into agreement with Uprite Limited ("Uprite"), a shareholder of Kingswood which incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability on 25 July 2014, in relation to the acquisition of 50% equity interest of a yacht and marine facilities amount to HK\$40,000,000, and the transaction was completed on 5 September 2014. The Group is unable to exercise significant influence over Kingswood as they do not have the power to appoint any of its director and do not participate in its policy-making processes.

During the year, the Group carried out a review of the recoverable amount of Kingswood. Impairment loss of approximately HK\$10,933,000 was recognised for the year as the management expected that the recoverable amount generated from the underlying assets would be less than previously expected. The recoverable amount of Kingswood has been determined by reference to the transaction prices, or valuation multiples implicit in the transactions prices, of identical or similar assets on the market. The discount for the useful life and condition of the underlying assets was ranged from 10% to 20% (2013: Nil).

## 21. 可供出售金融資產(續)

附註:(續)

- 於二零一四年九月二十四日, Up Wonderful (本集團之全資附屬公司)與民豐(前稱晉豐 有限公司,為根據開曼群島法律計冊成立之 有限公司)訂立一份協議,內容有關認購民 豐21,000,000股股份,相當於民豐之1.80% 股權。截至二零一四年及二零一三年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團無權獲派股息。
- 於二零一四年九月二十四日,本集團之全資 附屬公司Massive Shine與Smart Role(根據 英屬處女群島法律註冊成立之有限責任公司) 股東Trillion Cheer Toprich Limited (「Trillion Cheer」)訂立一份協議。此舉導致間接持有 漢誠(巴中)農林有限公司(「漢誠巴中」,於 中華人民共和國註冊成立之有限責任公司) 之8%股權。漢誠巴中之主要業務為持有林權 證。投資成本約為59.680.000港元,而交易已 於二零一四年九月二十四日完成。
- 於二零一四年九月五日,本集團之全資附屬 公司Luxwealth Development與鈞滿(於二零 一四年七月二十五日在香港註冊成立之有 限公司)之股東Uprite Limited (「Uprite」)訂 立一份協議,內容有關收購一艘遊艇及水上 設施之50%股權,涉及金額為40,000,000港 元,而交易已於二零一四年九月五日完成。 由於鈞滿無權委任其任何董事,亦無參與其 決策過程,本集團無法對鈞滿行使重大影響 力。

年內,本集團審閱鈞滿之可收回金額。由於管 理層預期相關資產之可收回金額應少於先前 預期,故於年內確認減值虧損約10,933,000 港元。鈞滿之可收回金額乃參照市場上相同 或相類資產之交易價格或交易價格引申之估 值倍數釐定。相關資產之可使用年期及狀況 折讓介乎10%至20%(二零一三年:無)。

## 21. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL **ASSETS (CONTINUED)**

Notes: (Continued)

On 14 October 2010, the Group subscribed a convertible note issued by Premium Castle ("Premium Castle CN") with a principal amount of HK\$27,000,000 with interest at 2% per annum with maturity of three years from the date of subscription. Full conversion of the Premium Castle CN will result in conversion into 19.59% of ordinary shares of the issued share capital of Premium Castle as to the conversion date. Premium Castle and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in investment holding, securities brokerage and financial advisory.

The fair value at initial recognition of the debt element of the Premium Castle CN and the conversion option element of the Premium Castle CN, amounting to approximately HK\$25,675,000 and HK\$1,325,000 respectively, are measured in accordance with HKAS 39. Premium Castle CN was expired on 13 October 2013 and the outstanding debt element of approximately HK\$18,208,000 was reclassified to other receivable ("Loan Receivable") and the Loan Receivable incurred an interest at 2% per annum. The Loan Receivable was reclassified from other receivable to debt element of AFS financial assets on 25 February 2014. Please refer to Note 24 for details.

As the maturity date of Premium Castle CN fell on 13 October 2013, Premium Castle and the Group have agreed to settle the Loan Receivable by entering into a new subscription agreement ("Subscription Agreement") on 24 December 2013 and subscribed a new convertible note issued by Premium Castle ("New Premium Castle CN") with principal amount of HK\$18,600,000, which comprise principle amount and outstanding interest of HK\$17,000,000 and approximately HK\$1,600,000 respectively from the outstanding Premium Castle CN. The completion of the subscription took place on 25 February 2014. Details of the Subscription Agreement were set out in the Company's announcement dated on 24 December 2013.

## 21. 可供出售金融資產(續)

附註:(續)

於二零一零年十月十四日,本集團認購由 Premium Castle所發行本金額為27,000,000 港元之可換股票據(「Premium Castle可換股 票據」),按年利率2厘計息,於認購日期起 計三年屆滿。全數轉換Premium Castle可換 股票據將導致轉換為Premium Castle於轉換 日期已發行股本中19.59%普通股。Premium Castle及其附屬公司主要從事投資控股、證券 經紀及財務諮詢。

> Premium Castle可換股票據之債務部份及 Premium Castle可換股票據之換股權部份於 初步確認時之公允價值分別約為25,675,000 港元及1,325,000港元,乃根據香港會計準則 第39號計量。Premium Castle可換股票據已 於二零一三年十月十三日到期,未償還債務 部份約18,208,000港元已重新分類為其他應 收款項(「應收貸款」),而應收貸款乃按年利 率2厘計息。於二零一四年二月二十五日,應 收貸款由其他應收款項重新分類為可供出售 金融資產之債務部份。詳情請參閱附註24。

> 由於Premium Castle可換股票據已於二零 一三年十月十三日到期,故Premium Castle 與本集團同意於二零一三年十二月二十四 日訂立新認購協議(「認購協議」),結清應 收貸款,並認購Premium Castle所發行本金 額為18,600,000港元之新可換股票據(「新 Premium Castle可換股票據」),有關本金額 包括未獲轉換Premium Castle可換股票據 之本金額17,000,000港元及未償還利息約 1,600,000港元。認購事項於二零一四年二月 二十五日完成。認購協議詳情載於本公司日 期為二零一三年十二月二十四日之公告內。

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## 21. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL **ASSETS (CONTINUED)**

Notes: (Continued)

(vii) (Continued)

> Initial recognition of the debt element of the New Premium Castle CN and the conversion options element of the New Premium Castle CN in accordance with HKAS 39, amounting to approximately HK\$12,056,000 and HK\$6,224,000 respectively.

> As at 31 December 2014, the principal amount of the New Premium Castle CN is HK\$18,600,000 (2013: Nil). As at 31 December 2013, the Premium Castle CN was reclassified to other receivable and the cumulative loss on Premium Castle CN previously recognised in AFS financial assets equity reserve was reclassified to profit or loss of approximately HK\$1,209,000. There was no disposal or redemption during both years ended 31 December 2014 and 2013. No dividend was entitled to the Group during both years ended 31 December 2014 and 2013.

(viii) On 17 and 18 April 2013, the Group subscribed a convertible note issued by Celebrate International Holdings Limited ("Celebrate CN") with principal amounts of HK\$15,000,000 and HK\$10,000,000 respectively. The Celebrate CN is with zero coupon interest and maturity of six years from the date of subscription.

The fair value at initial recognition of the debt element of the Celebrate CN and conversion option element of the Celebrate CN, amounting to approximately HK\$24,988,000 and HK\$12,000 respectively, are measured in accordance with HKAS 39.

On 28 August 2013, the Company disposed the Celebrate CN at a consideration of HK\$10,000,000. The difference was recognised as impairment loss in AFS financial assets.

## 21. 可供出售金融資產(續)

附註:(續)

(vii) (續)

> 根據香港會計準則第39號初步確認新 Premium Castle可換股票據之債務部份及新 Premium Castle可換股票據之換股權部份分 別約12,056,000港元及6,224,000港元。

> 於二零一四年十二月三十一日,新Premium Castle可換股票據之本金額為18,600,000港 元(二零一三年:零港元)。於二零一三年 十二月三十一日, Premium Castle可換股票 據已重新分類為其他應收款項,而Premium Castle可換股票據以往於可供出售金融資產 權益儲備確認之累計虧損約1,209,000港元 已重新分類至損益表。於截至二零一四年及 二零一三年十二月三十一日止兩個年度均無 進行出售或贖回。於截至二零一四年及二零 ·三年十二月三十一日止兩個年度,本集團 均無權獲派股息。

(∨iii) 於二零一三年四月十七日及十八日,本集團 認購由譽滿國際(控股)有限公司所發行本 金額分別為15,000,000港元及10,000,000港 元之可換股票據(「譽滿可換股票據」)。譽滿 可換股票據乃零票息,並由認購日期起計六 年到期。

> 譽滿可換股票據之債務部份及譽滿可換股票 據之換股權部份於初步確認時之公允價值分 別約為24,988,000港元及12,000港元,乃根 據香港會計準則第39號計量。

> 於二零一三年八月二十八日,本公司已出售 譽滿可換股票據,代價為10,000,000港元。差 額已確認為可供出售金融資產之減值虧損。

## 21. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL **ASSETS (CONTINUED)**

## 21. 可供出售金融資產(續)

The following is the analysis of fair value change of AFS financial assets for the years ended 31 December 2014 and 2013:

以下為截至二零一四年及二零一三年十二月 三十一日止年度之可供出售金融資產之公允價 值變動分析:

> Change in fair value during the year ended 於截至下列日期止年度之 公允價值變動

31 December 31 December 2014 2013 二零一三年 二零一四年 十二月三十一日 十二月三十一日 HK\$'000 HK\$'000

Name of unlisted equity/debt securities 非上市股本/債務證券名稱

千港元 千港元

Unlisted equity securities issued by:	以下公司發行之非上市股本證券:		
- HEC	-HEC	14,248	(521)
- Freeman	一民豐	(9,696)	-
- Smart Role	-Smart Role	(177)	-
Unlisted debt securities issued by:	以下公司發行之非上市債務證券:		
- Premium Castle	- Premium Castle	472	2,335
- Celebrate	-譽滿	_	(8,611)

### 22. CONVERSION OPTIONS EMBEDDED IN **CONVERTIBLE NOTES**

## 22. 可換股票據內含之換股權

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
The Group and the Company	本集團及本公司		
Conversion options embedded in convertible notes	可換股票據內含之換股權	2,453	-

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## 22. CONVERSION OPTIONS EMBEDDED IN **CONVERTIBLE NOTES (CONTINUED)**

Conversion options embedded in convertible notes represented the conversion options element of the convertible notes subscribed by the Group and are measured at fair value using the binomial option pricing model at initial recognition and at the end of each reporting period. The debt element of the convertible notes is classified as AFS financial assets.

The Group subscribed Celebrate CN during the year ended 31 December 2013 and amount of approximately HK\$12,000 was recognised as conversion option embedded in convertible note which was measured at fair value at initial recognition.

The Group disposed Celebrate CN on 28 August 2013 and the carrying amount of the conversion option embedded in Celebrate CN was approximately HK\$70,000 at that date.

As explained in Note 21 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group subscribed New Premium Castle CN during the year ended 31 December 2014 and amount of approximately HK\$6,224,000 was recognised as conversion option embedded in convertible note which was measured at fair value at initial recognition. At 31 December 2014, the carrying amount of conversion option in New Premium Castle CN was approximately HK\$2,453,000.

## 22. 可換股票據內含之換股權(續)

可換股票據內含之換股權指本集團所認購可換 股票據之換股權部份,乃於初步確認時及各呈 報期末利用二項式期權定價模型以公允價值計 量。可換股票據之債務部份乃分類為可供出售 金融資產。

本集團於截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年 度認購譽滿可換股票據,而約12,000港元之金 額已確認為可換股票據內含之換股權,乃於初 步確認時按公允價值計量。

本集團於二零一三年八月二十八日出售譽滿可 換股票據,而譽滿可換股票據內含之換股權於 該日之賬面金額約為70,000港元。

誠如綜合財務報表附註21所闡述,本集團於截 至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度認購新 Premium Castle可換股票據,而約6,224,000 港元之金額已確認為可換股票據內含之換股 權,乃於初步確認時按公允價值計量。於二零 一四年十二月三十一日,新Premium Castle可 換股票據之換股權之賬面金額約為2,453,000 港元。

## 23. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

## The Group and the Company

## 23. 於損益表按公允價值列賬之金融

#### 本集團及本公司

2014	2013
二零一四年	二零一三年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
<b>千港元</b>	千港元

Held-for-trading:	持作買賣:		
Equity securities, at fair value	股本證券,按公允價值		
<ul> <li>listed in Hong Kong</li> </ul>	一於香港上市	120,112	58,318
Debt securities, at fair value	債務證券,按公允價值		
- listed in Singapore	一於新加坡上市	-	10,150
Commodities futures contracts, at fair value	商品期貨合約,按公允價值		
- overseas	一海外	-	32
		120,112	68,500

The following is a list of the held-for-trading investments as at 31 December 2014:

以下為於二零一四年十二月三十一日之持作買 賣投資列表:

Equity securities listed in Hong Kong:

於香港上市之股本證券:

	Place of incorporation		1	Net (liabilities)/ assets attributable			
Name of equity securities	and kind of legal entity	Number of shares held	Interest held	to the Company	Cost of investment	Fair value	Change in fair value
	註冊成立地點及			本公司應佔 (負債)/			
股本證券名稱	法定實體類別	所持股份數目	所持權益 (%)	資產淨值 ' <b>000</b> 千元	投資成本 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	公允價值 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	公允價值變動 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元
Mascotte Holdings Limited	Bermuda, limited liability company	908,703,496 ordinary shares	3.3789	HK\$(1,404)	85,067	118,131	33,064
馬斯葛集團有限公司	百慕達,有限公司	908,703,496股 普通股		港幣(1,404)			
China Merchants Bank Co., Ltd.	People's Republic of China, limited liability company	102,000 ordinary shares	0.0022	RMB6,917	1,562	1,981	419
招商銀行股份有限公司	中華人民共和國, 有限責任公司	102,000股 普通股		人民幣6,917			

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## 23. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

## The Group and the Company (Continued)

The following is a list of the held-for-trading investments as at 31 December 2013:

Equity securities listed in Hong Kong:

## 23. 於損益表按公允價值列賬之金融資產(續)

#### 本集團及本公司(續)

以下為於二零一三年十二月三十一日之持作買 賣投資列表:

於香港上市之股本證券:

				Net (liabilities)/			
	Place of			assets			
	incorporation			attributable			
	and kind of	Number of	Interest	to the	Cost of	Fair	Change in
Name of equity securities	legal entity	shares held	held	Company 本公司應佔	investment	value	fair value
	註冊成立地點及			(負債)/			
股本證券名稱	法定實體類別	所持股份數目	所持權益	資產淨值	投資成本	公允價值	公允價值變動
			(%)	'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
				千元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Mascotte Holdings Limited	Bermuda, limited liability company	200,000,000 ordinary shares	1.4862	HK\$(9,078)	18,063	24,600	6,537
馬斯葛集團有限公司	百慕達,有限公司	200,000,000股普通股		港幣(9,078)			
New Island Development Holdings Limited	Bermuda, limited	67,436,000 ordinary shares	2.5302	HK\$12,732	55,298	33,718	(21,580)
新洲發展控股有限公司	百慕達,有限公司	67,436,000股 普通股		港幣12,732			

23. 於損益表按公允價值列賬之金融

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

資產(續)

## 23. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

## The Group and the Company (Continued) 本集團及本公司(續)

Debt securities listed in Singapore:

於新加坡上市之債務證券:

Name of debt securities 債務證券名稱	Place of incorporation and kind of legal entity 註冊成立地點及法定實體類別	Number of bonds held 所持債券數目	Interest held 所持權益 (%)	Net assets attributable to the Company 本公司應佔 資產淨值 '000 千元	Cost of investment 投資成本 HK\$'000 千港元	Fair value 公允價值 HK\$'000 千港元	Change in fair value 公允價值變動 HK\$'000 千港元
Renhe Commercial Holdings Company Limited	Caymen Islands, limited liability company	2,000,000 bonds	NA	NA	11,158	10,150	(1,008)
人和商業控股有限公司	開曼群島・有限公司	2,000,000份 債券	不適用	不適用	11,158	10,150	(1,008)

Commodities futures contracts - overseas:

商品期貨合約-海外:

		Number of		
		contracts	Notional value	Fair value
Nature of commodities	商品性質	合約數目	名義價值	公允價值
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
NSI/Silver	NSI/白銀	1	787	32

A brief description of the business and financial information of the above listed equity securities, based on their latest financial statements, are as follows:

根據上述上市股本證券最近期之財務報表,其 業務簡介及財務資料如下:

Mascotte Holdings Limited is principally engaged in loan financing, trading of investments, manufacturing and sale of accessories for photographic, electrical and multimedia products and property investment.

The unaudited net profit (2013: loss) attributable to the owners of Mascotte Holdings Limited for the six months ended 30 September 2014 was approximately HK\$17,876,000 (2013: approximately HK\$124,415,000).

馬斯葛集團有限公司主要從事貸款融 (i) 資、投資買賣、照相、電器及多媒體產品 配件之製造及銷售,以及物業投資。

> 馬斯葛集團有限公司截至二零一四年 九月三十日止六個月之擁有人應佔未 經審核純利(二零一三年:虧損淨額) 約為17,876,000港元(二零一三年:約 124,415,000港元)。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 23. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

#### The Group and the Company (Continued)

China Merchants Bank Co., Ltd. is principally engaged in finance lease, assets management, banking and financial advisory services in Shanghai, Shenzhen and Hong Kong.

The unaudited net profit attributable to the owners of China Merchants Bank Co., Ltd. for the six months ended 31 December 2014 was approximately RMB30,459,000. No share was held by the Group and the Company as at 31 December 2013.

New Island Development Holdings Limited is principally engaged in printing and manufacturing of high quality paper products, securities investment, provision of financing services and property investment.

No share was held by the Group and the Company as at 31 December 2014 (the unaudited net profit attributable to the owners of New Island Development Holdings Limited for the six months ended 30 September 2013: approximately HK\$12,518,000).

Renhe Commercial Holdings Company Limited is principally engaged in the shopping mall operating business in the PRC.

No share was held by the Group and the Company as at 31 December 2014 (the unaudited net loss attributable to the owners of Renhe Commercial Holdings Company Limited for the six months ended 30 June 2013: approximately RMB184,505,000).

## 23. 於損益表按公允價值列賬之金融

#### 本集團及本公司(續)

招商銀行股份有限公司主要於上海、深 圳及香港從事融資租賃、資產管理、銀行 及財務顧問服務。

> 招商銀行股份有限公司截至二零一四年 十二月三十一日止六個月之擁有人應 佔未經審核純利約為人民幣30,459,000 元。本集團及本公司於二零一三年十二 月三十一日並無持有任何股份。

新洲發展控股有限公司主要從事印刷及 (iii) 製造高質素紙製品、證券投資、提供融資 服務及物業投資。

> 本集團及本公司於二零一四年十二月 三十一日並無持有任何股份(新洲發展控 股有限公司截至二零一三年九月三十日 止六個月之擁有人應佔未經審核純利: 約12,518,000港元)。

人和商業控股有限公司主要於中國從事 (iv)購物商場經營業務。

> 本集團及本公司於二零一四年十二月 三十一日並無持有任何股份(人和商業 控股有限公司截至二零一三年六月三十 日止六個月之擁有人應佔未經審核虧損 淨額:約人民幣184,505,000元)。

## 23. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

The followings are the analysis of realised (loss)/gain of each heldto-trading investments for the years ended 31 December 2014 and 2013:

#### 2014

## 23. 於損益表按公允價值列賬之金融資產(續)

以下為於截至二零一四年及二零一三年十二月 三十一日止年度每項持作買賣投資之已變現 (虧損)/收益分析:

#### 二零一四年

Name of equity securities	股本證券名稱	Stock code 股份代號	Selling price 售價 HK\$'000 千港元	Cost of investment 投資成本 HK\$'000 千港元	Realised (loss)/gain 已變現 (虧損) /收益 HK\$'000 千港元
China Merchants Bank Co., Ltd.	招商銀行股份有限公司	3968	60,471	61,087	(616)
New Island Development Holdings Limited	新洲發展控股有限公司	377	23,077	33,718	(10,641)
Tencent Holdings Limited	騰訊控股有限公司	700	23,850	24,603	(753)
Unity Investments Holdings Limited	合一投資控股有限公司	913	66,164	33,146	33,018
Name of debt securities	債務證券名稱	Selling price 售價 HK\$'000 千港元	inves 投資 HK	ost of tment F 資成本 (\$'000 千港元	Realised loss 已變現虧損 HK\$'000 千港元
Renhe Commercial Holdings Company Limited	人和商業控股有限公司	10,120	1	0,150	(30)

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 23. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

## 23. 於損益表按公允價值列賬之金融資產(續)

於截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度,從

騰訊控股有限公司收取股息收入約26,000港

Nature of commodities	商品性質	Selling price 售價 HK\$'000 千港元	Cost of investment 投資成本 HK\$'000 千港元	Realised loss 已變現虧損 HK\$'000 千港元
NSI/Silver	NSI/白銀	(10)	1	(11)
NSL/Crude Oil	NSL/原油	(52)	1	(53)

During the year ended 31 December 2014, dividend income of approximately HK\$26,000 was received from Tencent Holdings Limited.

二零一三年

元。

2013

Name of equity securities	股本證券名稱	Stock code 股份代號	Selling price 售價 HK\$'000 千港元	Cost of investment 投資成本 HK\$'000 千港元	Realised loss 已變現虧損 HK\$'000 千港元
China Merchants Bank Co., Ltd.	招商銀行股份有限公司	3968	30,085	31,488	(1,403)
Forefront Group Limited	福方集團有限公司	855	121	220	(99)
Freeman Financial Corporation Limited	民豐企業控股有限公司	279	396	400	(4)
Heritage International Holdings Limited	漢基控股有限公司	412	14	31	(17)
Huili Resources (Group) Limited	滙力資源(集團)有限公司	1303	40,698	41,302	(604)
Mascotte Holdings Limited	馬斯葛集團有限公司	136	479	555	(76)
New Island Development Holdings Limited	新洲發展控股有限公司	377	22,308	47,514	(25,206)
Eagle Ride Investment Holdings Limited	鷹力投資控股有限公司	901	317	530	(213)
Tencent Holdings Limited	騰訊控股有限公司	700	5,572	6,061	(489)
China High Speed Transmission Equipment Group Co., Ltd.	中國高速傳動設備集團 有限公司	658	2,259	2,503	(244)
Willie International Holdings Limited	威利國際控股有限公司	273	27	48	(21)

## 23. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

## 23. 於損益表按公允價值列賬之金融資產(續)

2013 (continued)

二零一三年(續)

Name of debt securities	債務證券名稱	Selling price 售價 HK\$'000 千港元	Cost of investment 投資成本 HK\$'000 千港元	Realised loss 已變現虧損 HK\$'000 千港元
B. I. O				
Renhe Commercial Holdings Company Limited	人和商業控股有限公司	9,393	11,716	(2,323)
			Cost of	
Nature of commodities	商品性質	Selling price 售價 HK\$'000 千港元	investment 投資成本 HK\$'000 千港元	Realised loss 已變現虧損 HK\$'000 千港元
NSI/Silver	NSI/白銀	(148)	(183)	(331)

During the year ended 31 December 2013, dividend income of approximately HK\$697,000 was received from China Merchants Bank Co., Ltd..

於截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度, 從招商銀行股份有限公司收取股息收入約 697,000港元。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

### 24. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER **RECEIVABLES**

## 24. 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項

#### **The Group**

#### 本集團

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Prepayments Other receivables (Note) Rental deposits and other deposits	預付款項 其他應收款項 <i>(附註)</i> 租金按金及其他按金	22,538 42,386 4,448	4,876 60,917 2,815
		69,372	68,608

#### Note:

Included in other receivables was Loan Receivable of approximately HK\$18,208,000, which was reclassified to AFS financial assets during the year ended 31 December 2014 (please refer to Note 21(vii) for details). Other receivables mainly include interest receivables from AFS financial assets and financial assets at FVTPL of approximately HK\$1,586,000 and other receivable from an investee of approximately HK\$40,800,000 (please refer to Note 21(iii) for details).

#### The Company

#### 附註:

於截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度,其他 應收款項中包括應收貸款約18,208,000港元,已 重新分類至可供出售金融資產(詳情請參閱附註 21(vii))。其他應收款項主要包括可供出售金融資產 之應收利息及於損益表按公允價值列賬之金融資 產約1,586,000港元以及被投資公司之其他應收款 項約40,800,000港元(詳情請參閱附註21(iii))。

#### 本公司

		2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Prepayments	預付款項	22,538	4,876
Other receivable (Note)	其他應收款項 <i>(附註)</i>	1,586	20,117
Rental deposits and other deposits	租金按金及其他按金	4,449	2,815
		28,573	27,808

#### Note:

Included in other receivables was Loan Receivable of approximately HK\$18,208,000, which was reclassified to AFS financial assets during the year ended 31 December 2014 (please refer to Note 21(vii) for details). Other receivables mainly included interest receivables from AFS financial assets and financial assets at FVTPL of approximately HK\$1,586,000.

#### 附註:

於截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度,其他 應收款項中包括應收貸款約18,208,000港元,已 重新分類至可供出售金融資產(詳情請參閱附註 21(vii))。其他應收款項主要包括可供出售金融資產 之應收利息及於損益表按公允價值列賬之金融資 產約1,586,000港元。

#### 25. WARRANTS

On 3 September 2013, the rights issue was completed. The number and exercise price of warrants ("Outstanding Warrants") has been adjusted. The 17,948,491 Outstanding Warrants issued on 8 April 2011 with an exercise price of HK\$4.5 immediately before the rights issue has been adjusted to 26,922,737 with an exercise price of HK\$3.87. Details of the adjustment of Outstanding Warrants have been disclosed in the announcement dated 3 September 2013.

During the year ended 31 December 2013, 210,526 outstanding convertible note warrants ("Outstanding CN Warrants") issued on 22 April 2010 were expired and did not subject to the adjustment. The amount of approximately HK\$409,000 was reclassified from warrant reserve to accumulated losses. At 31 December 2013, the Company had Outstanding CN Warrants of approximately 26,923,000 and their exercise in full would result in the issue of approximately 26,923,000 shares.

On 21 February 2014, the rights issue was completed. The number and exercise price of Outstanding Warrants has been adjusted. The 26.922,737 Outstanding Warrants issued on 8 April 2011 with an exercise price of HK\$3.87 immediately before the rights issue has been adjusted to 107,690,948 with an exercise price of HK\$1.79. Details of the adjustment of Outstanding Warrants have been disclosed in the announcement dated 20 February 2014.

During the year ended 31 December 2014, 107,690,948 Outstanding Warrants issued on 8 April 2011 were expired. The fair value of approximately HK\$89,000 was reclassified from warrant reserve to accumulated losses. At 31 December 2014, the Company had no Outstanding Warrants.

#### 25. 認股權證

供股於二零一三年九月三日完成。認股權證 (「未行使認股權證」)之數目及行使價已作調 整。於二零一一年四月八日發行之17,948,491 份未行使認股權證(緊接供股前之行使價為4.5 港元)已調整為26,922,737份(行使價3.87港 元)。未行使認股權證之調整詳情於日期為二 零一三年九月三日之公告內披露。

於截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度, 於二零一零年四月二十二日發行之210,526份 未行使可換股票據認股權證(「未行使可換股 票據認股權證」)已經到期,故無須作出調整。 約409,000港元之款額由認股權證儲備重新分 類至累計虧損。於二零一三年十二月三十一 日,本公司之未行使可換股票據認股權證約 為26,923,000份,如獲悉數行使將導致發行約 26,923,000股股份。

供股於二零一四年二月二十一日完成。未行使 認股權證之數目及行使價已作調整。於二零 一年四月八日發行之26.922.737份未行使認 股權證(緊接供股前之行使價為3.87港元)已 調整為107,690,948份(行使價1.79港元)。未 行使認股權證之調整詳情於日期為二零一四年 二月二十日之公告內披露。

於截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度,於 二零一一年四月八日發行之107,690,948份未 行使認股權證已到期。其公平值約89,000港元 由認股權證儲備重新分類至累計虧損。於二零 一四年十二月三十一日,本公司並無未行使認 股權證。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 26. SHARE CAPITAL

#### 26. 股本

**Number of shares** 

**Amount** 

		股份	數目	款額	
		2014	2013	2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年	二零一四年	二零一三年
		'000	'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千股	千股	千港元	千港元
The Group and the Company	本集團及本公司				
Authorised:	法定:				
At 1 January, ordinary shares of	於一月一日,每股面值				
HK\$0.01/HK\$0.05 each	0.01港元/0.05港元之普通股	20,000,000	20,000,000	200,000	200,000
	0.0.1/0/0/ 0.00/0/0/C (1/2/1/C	_0,000,000	20,000,000		200,000
At 31 December, ordinary shares of	於十二月三十一日,每股面值				
HK\$0.01 each	0.01港元之普通股	20,000,000	20,000,000	200,000	200,000
1110001 00011	0.01/6/6/2 日旭広	20,000,000	20,000,000	200,000	200,000
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足:				
At 1 January, ordinary shares of	於一月一日,每股面值				
HK\$0.01/HK\$0.05 each	0.01港元/0.05港元之普通股	331,674	184,266	3,317	1,843
Rights issue (Note (i) and Note (iv))	供股 <i>(附註(i)及附註(iv))</i>	995,022	110,558	9,950	1,106
Placing (Note (ii) and Note (v))	配售( <i>附註(ii)及附註(v))</i>	132,660	36,850	1,326	368
Placing (Note (iii))	配售( <i>附註(iii</i> ))	132,680	-	1,327	_
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	1,592,036	331,674	15,920	3,317

#### Notes:

On 21 February 2014, the Company completed the rights issue on the basis of three rights shares for every share held on the record date. 995,022,471 shares were issued at a subscription price of HK\$0.1 per rights share. A share premium of approximately HK\$82,022,000 had credited to share premium account. The net proceeds of approximately HK\$91,972,000 are intended to be used for investments in listed and unlisted securities and/or as general working capital of the Group and for future investments pursuant to the investment objectives of the Company. Details of the rights issue were set out in the Company's announcement dated 16 January 2014.

#### 附註:

於二零一四年二月二十一日,本公司完成按 於記錄日期所持每股股份獲發三股供股股份 之基準進行供股。995,022,471股股份已按認 購價每股供股股份0.1港元發行。股份溢價約 82,022,000港元已計入股份溢價賬。所得款 項淨額約91,972,000港元擬用於投資上市及 非上市證券及/或用作本集團之一般營運資 金及根據本公司之投資目標用作未來投資。 供股詳情載於本公司日期為二零一四年一月 十六日之公告內。

#### 26. SHARE CAPITAL (CONTINUED)

#### Notes: (Continued)

- On 15 August 2014, the Company placed 132,660,000 placing shares at the placing price of HK\$0.6 per placing share. A share premium of approximately HK\$76,193,000 had credited to share premium account. The net proceeds of approximately HK\$77,518,000 are intended to be used for future investments pursuant to the investment objectives of the Company. Details of the placing were set out in the Company's announcements dated 12 August 2014, 13 August 2014 and 15 August 2014.
- On 23 September 2014, the Company placed 132,679,325 placing shares at the placing price of HK\$0.7 per placing share. A share premium of approximately HK\$88,255,000 had credited to share premium account. The net proceeds of approximately HK\$89.582.000 are intended to be used for future investments pursuant to the investment objectives of the Company. Details of the placing were set out in the Company's announcements dated on 8 September 2014 and 23 September 2014.
- On 3 September 2013, the Company completed the rights issue on the basis of one rights share for every two shares held on the record date. 110,558,052 shares were issued at a subscription price of HK\$0.17 per rights share. A share premium of approximately HK\$16,099,000 had credited to share premium. The net proceeds of approximately HK\$17.205.000 are intended to be used for investments in listed and unlisted securities and/or as general working capital of the Group and for future investments pursuant to the investment objectives of the Company. Details of the rights issue were set out in the Company's announcement dated on 9 July 2013.
- On 28 June 2013, the Company placed 36,850,000 placing shares at the placing price of HK\$0.285 per placing share. A share premium of approximately HK\$9,568,000 had credited to share premium. The net proceeds of approximately HK\$9,936,000 are intended to be used for general working capital of the Group and for future investments pursuant to the investment objectives of the Company. Details of the placing were set out in the Company's announcement dated on 20 June 2013.

All the shares issued during the year rank pari passu with the then existing shares in all respects.

#### 26. 股本(續)

#### 附註:(續)

- 於二零一四年八月十五日,本公司配售 132.660.000股配售股份,配售價為每股 配售股份0.6港元。股份溢價約76,193,000 港元已計入股份溢價賬。所得款項淨額約 77,518,000港元擬根據本公司之投資目標 用作未來投資。配售之詳情載於本公司日期 為二零一四年八月十二日、二零一四年八月 十三日及二零一四年八月十五日之公告內。
- 於二零一四年九月二十三日,本公司配售 132,679,325股配售股份,配售價為每股 配售股份0.7港元。股份溢價約88.255.000 港元已計入股份溢價賬。所得款項淨額約 89.582.000港元擬根據本公司之投資目標 用作未來投資。配售之詳情載於本公司日期 為二零一四年九月八日及二零一四年九月 二十三日之公告內。
- 於二零一三年九月三日,本公司完成按於記 錄日期所持每兩股股份獲發一股供股股份之 基準進行供股。110.558.052股股份已按認購 價每股供股股份0.17港元發行。股份溢價約 16,099,000港元已計入股份溢價。所得款項 淨額約17.205.000港元擬用於投資上市及非 上市證券及/或用作本集團之一般營運資金 及根據本公司之投資目標用作未來投資。供 股之詳情載於本公司日期為二零一三年七月 九日之公告內。
- 於二零一三年六月二十八日,本公司配售 36,850,000股配售股份,配售價為每股配售 股份0.285港元。股份溢價約9,568,000港元 已計入股份溢價。所得款項淨額約9,936,000 港元擬用作本集團之一般營運資金及根據本 公司之投資目標用作未來投資。配售之詳情 載於本公司日期為二零一三年六月二十日之 公告內。

所有於年內發行之股份於所有方面與當時之現 有股份享有同等權益。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 27. RESERVES

27. 儲備

**The Company** 

本公司

		Share	Share option	Warrants	AFS financial asset equity	Accumulated	
		premium	reserve	reserve 認股權證	reserve 可供出售 金融資產	losses	Total
		股份溢價 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	購股權儲備 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	權益儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	累積虧損 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	總計 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元
At 1 January 2013  Loss for the year  Other comprehensive income for the year,	於二零一三年一月一日 年內虧損 年內其他全面收益,	301,426 -	4,558 -	498	(1,125) –	(98,615) (116,940)	206,742 (116,940)
net of income tax	已扣除所得税	-	-	-	1,125	-	1,125
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	年內全面收益/(虧損)總額						
for the year	(100,000	-	-	-	1,125	(116,940)	(115,815)
Placing	配售	10,134	_	_	_	_	10,134
Placing expenses	配售開支	(566)	-	-	-	-	(566)
Rights issue	供股	17,689	-	-	-	-	17,689
Rights issue expenses	供股開支	(1,590)	-	-	-	-	(1,590)
Release upon expiry of warrants	於認股權證屆滿時解除	_	-	(409)	_	409	_
At 31 December 2013 and	於二零一三年十二月三十一日及						
1 January 2014	二零一四年一月一日	327,093	4,558	89	-	(215,146)	116,594
Loss for the year	年內虧損	-	-	-	-	(109,098)	(109,098)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax	年內其他全面收益, 已扣除所得稅	_	_	_	472	_	472
TIOL OF INCOME COX	C JHWW IO AN				712		472
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	年內全面收益/(虧損)總額	_	_	_	472	(109,098)	(108,626)
ioi die you					112	(100,000)	(100,020)
Recognition of equity settled share-based	確認按股權結算以股份為		04.074				04.074
payments	基礎支付之款項	-	24,671	-	-	_	24,671
Placing	配售 配售開支	169,818	_	_	-	_	169,818
Placing expenses Rights issue	此告用文 供股	(5,371) 89,552	_	_	_	_	(5,371) 89,552
Rights issue expenses	供股開支	(7,530)	_	_	_	_	(7,530)
Release upon expiry of warrants	於認股權證屆滿時解除	(7,000)		(89)	_	89	(1,000)
At 31 December 2014	於二零一四年十二月三十一日	573,562	29,229	_	472	(324,155)	279,108

#### 28. SHORT-TERM LOAN

## 28. 短期貸款

#### The Group and the Company

#### 本集團及本公司

2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元

Loans from third party (Note (i))	第三方貸款(附註(i))	
- Principal	一本金	55,000
- Interest	一利息	747
		55,747
Unsecured	無抵押	55,747
Carrying amount repayable (Note (ii)):	應償還賬面金額 <i>(附註(ii))</i> :	
Within one year	一年內	55,747

#### Notes:

- The Company entered into loan agreements with a financial institution amounted to HK\$40,000,000 and HK\$15,000,000 on 25 September 2014 and 30 December 2014 respectively. The maturity period of the loans does not exceed 3 calendar months from the date of loan agreement. The interest rate on the loans is the Hong Kong Dollar prime rate as guoted by the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited from time to time ("Prime Rate") plus two per cent per annum.
- The amounts due are based on the scheduled repayment dates (ii) set out in the loan agreements.

#### 29. PROMISSORY NOTES

On 21 November 2012 and 11 April 2013, the Group issued seven and four promissory notes respectively of HK\$10,000,000 each to eleven independent third parties. Each promissory note is issued at 5% interest rate per annum with 7 years maturity from the date of issue. The net proceeds are intended to be used for investment in listed securities and/or general capital of the Group.

#### 附註:

- 本公司與一間金融機構分別於二零一四年九 月二十五日及二零一四年十二月三十日訂立 40,000,000港元及150,000,000港元之貸款協 議。該等貸款自貸款協議日期起計三個曆月 內到期。貸款利率為香港上海滙豐銀行有限 公司不時所報之港元最優惠利率(「最優惠利 率」)加年利率兩厘。
- 應付款項乃根據貸款協議所載預訂還款日期 (ii)

#### 29. 承兑票據

於二零一二年十一月二十一日及二零一三年四 月二十一日,本集團分別發行七份及四份每份 10,000,000港元之承兑票據予十一名獨立第三 方。每份承兑票據按年利率5%發行,於發行日 期起計滿七年到期。所得款項淨額擬用於投資 上市證券及/或用作本集團之一般資金。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 29. PROMISSORY NOTES (CONTINUED)

The carrying amount and fair value of promissory notes at the end of the reporting period:

#### The Group and the Company

#### 29. 承兑票據(續)

承兑票據於呈報期末之賬面金額及公允價值:

## 本集團及本公司

			Carrying amount 賬面金額		alue 賈值
		2014	2013	2014	2013
		二零一四年	二零一三年	二零一四年	二零一三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Promissory notes	承兑票據	108,367	108,085	77,806	71,715

The fair value of the promissory notes is calculated based on the present value of contractually determined stream of future cash flow discounted at approximately 12.5%.

承兑票據之公允價值乃根據按約12.5%貼現之 未來現金流約定流量之現值計算。

#### 30. DEFERRED TAXATION

No provision for deferred taxation has been made as the Group and the Company had no material temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements (2013: Nil).

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has estimated tax losses of approximately HK\$336,540,000 (2013: approximately HK\$285,346,000) that are available for offsetting against future taxable profits of the Group. No deferred tax asset has been recognised due to the unpredictability of the future profit streams.

At the end of the reporting period, the Company has estimated tax losses of approximately HK\$332,040,000 (2013: approximately HK\$268,686,000) that are available for offsetting against future taxable profits of the Group. No deferred tax asset has been recognised due to the unpredictability of the future profit streams.

#### 30. 遞延税項

由於本集團及本公司之資產及負債之稅基與其 於財務報表內之賬面金額並無重大暫時差額, 故並無作出遞延税項撥備(二零一三年:無)。

於呈報期末,本集團之估計税項虧損約為 336,540,000港元(二零一三年:約285,346,000 港元),可用以抵銷本集團日後之應課税溢利。 由於難以預測日後溢利來源,因此並無確認遞 延税項資產。

於呈報期末,本公司之估計税項虧損約為 332,040,000港元(二零一三年:約268,686,000 港元),可用以抵銷本集團日後之應課税溢利。 由於難以預測日後溢利來源,因此並無確認遞 延税項資產。

#### 31. NET ASSETS VALUE PER SHARE

As at 31 December 2014, the net assets value per share is HK\$0.19 (2013: HK\$0.36).

The calculation of net assets value per share is based on the net assets of approximately HK\$295,992,000 (2013: approximately HK\$120,343,000) and 1,592,036,000 (2013: 331,674,000) ordinary shares in issue as at 31 December 2014.

#### 32. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES

### **Acquisition of Sea Hero and Prima Power**

On 5 September 2013, the Group acquired the entire issued share capital of Sea Hero Investments Limited ("Sea Hero") and Prima Power Limited ("Prima Power"), collectively referred as "Sea Hero Group", at a total consideration of HK\$24,500,000 in cash. The Sea Hero Group has not carried out any significant business transaction since the acquisition except holding a yacht. The acquisition did not constitute an acquisition of business which the Group principally purchased fixed asset through the acquisition. Therefore, the acquisition was not disclosed as business combination in accordance with the requirements of HKFRS 3 Business Combination. The acquisition was accounted for as asset acquisition.

Summary of the effects of the acquisition are as follows:

#### 31. 每股資產淨值

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,每股資產淨值 為0.19港元(二零一三年: 0.36港元)。

每股資產淨值乃按於二零一四年十二月三十一 日之資產淨值約295,992,000港元(二零一三 年:約120,343,000港元)及1,592,036,000股 (二零一三年:331,674,000股)已發行普通股 計算。

#### 32. 收購附屬公司

#### 收購Sea Hero及Prima Power

於二零一三年九月五日,本集團收購Sea Hero Investments Limited (「Sea Hero」)及Prima Power Limited (「Prima Power | ) (統稱為 「Sea Hero集團」)全部已發行股本,總代價為 現金24,500,000港元。自收購以來, Sea Hero 集團並無進行任何重大業務交易,惟持有一艘 遊艇除外。由於本集團主要透過收購事項購買 固定資產,故收購事項並不構成一項業務收 購。因此,收購事項並無按照香港財務報告準 則第3號「業務合併」之規定披露為業務合併。 收購事項以資產收購入賬。

收購影響概述如下:

		Acquiree's	
		carrying amount 被收購公司之	Total
		賬面金額	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Net assets acquired:	所收購之資產淨值:		
Yacht	遊艇	24,500	24,500
Total consideration satisfied by:	以下列方式支付之總代價:		
Cash consideration	現金代價		24,500
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition:	收購時產生之現金流出淨額:		
Cash consideration	現金代價		24,500

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 32. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

### **Acquisition of Sea Hero and Prima Power** (Continued)

Note:

Sea Hero Group did not generate any turnover and incurred a loss of approximately HK\$817,000 for the period from 5 September 2013 (the date of acquisition) to 31 December 2013.

If the acquisition had been completed on 1 January 2013, the Group's turnover for the year ended 31 December 2013 would not be affected, and loss for the year ended 31 December 2013 would have been approximately HK\$817,000. The pro forma information is for illustrative purpose only and is not necessarily an indication of turnover and results of the Sea Hero Group that actually would have been achieved had the acquisition been completed on 1 January 2013, nor is it intended to be a projection of future results.

#### 33. LOSS ON DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

On 28 August 2014, the Group has disposed of the entire issued share capital of Sea Hero Group. On that date control of the yacht passed to the acquirer. Details of the assets disposed of, and the calculation of the loss on disposal, are disclosed belows:

#### **Consideration received**

## 32. 收購附屬公司(續)

#### 收購Sea Hero及Prima Power (續)

附註:

於二零一三年九月五日(收購日期)至二零一三年 十二月三十一日期間, Sea Hero集團並無產生任何 營業額,並產生虧損約817,000港元。

倘收購事項於二零一三年一月一日完成,則本集團 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度之營業額 將不受影響,而截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止 年度之虧損應約為817,000港元。備考資料僅供説 明用途,未必為假設收購事項已於二零一三年一月 一日完成, Sea Hero集團實際應取得之營業額及業 績之指標,亦不擬作為未來業績預測。

#### 33. 出售附屬公司之虧損

於二零一四年八月二十八日,本集團出售Sea Hero集團之全部已發行股本。遊艇之控制權亦 於該日轉移至買方。所出售資產之詳情及出售 虧損之計算方法披露如下:

#### 已收代價

2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元

Consideration received in cash and cash equivalents

以現金及現金等值項目收取之代價

20,000

#### Analysis of assets over which control was lost

#### 喪失控制權之資產分析

2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元

Non-current asset	非流動資產	
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	22,050
Net assets disposed of	所出售之資產淨值	22,050

## 33. LOSS ON DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

## 33. 出售附屬公司之虧損(續)

#### Loss on disposal of subsidiaries

#### 出售附屬公司之虧損

2014 二零一四年

HK\$'000

千港元

Consideration received	已收代價	20,000
Net assets disposed of	所出售之資產淨值	(22,050)
Loss on disposal	出售虧損	(2,050)

### Net cash inflow on disposal of subsidiaries

### 出售附屬公司之現金流入淨額

2014 二零一四年

HK\$'000 千港元

Consideration received in cash and cash equivalents	以現金及現金等值項目收取之代價	20,000

#### 34. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

#### 34. 經營租賃承擔

#### The Group and the Company

#### 本集團及本公司

#### As lessee

#### 作為承租人

As at the end of each reporting period, the total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases falling due as follows:

於各呈報期末,根據不可撤銷經營租賃到期應 付之未來最低租賃款項總值如下:

		2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year In the second to fifth years, inclusive	一年內 第二至第五年(包括首尾兩年)	6,217 13,474 19,691	10,046 8,010 18,056

The Group leases office properties under operating lease arrangement and the lease payments are fixed and predetermined.

本集團根據經營租賃安排租賃辦公室物業,而 租賃款項為固定且預先確定。

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#### 35. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY **TRANSACTIONS**

#### Saved as disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, for the years ended 31 December 2014 and 2013, the Group had entered into transactions with related parties, which, in the opinion of the directors, were carried out on normal commercial terms and in the ordinary course of the Group's business.

#### 35. 重大關連人士交易

除綜合財務報表其他部份所披露者外,於截至 二零一四年及二零一三年十二月三十一日止年 度,本集團與關連人士進行交易,董事認為有 關交易乃於本集團之日常業務過程中按一般商 業條款進行。

2014

2013

		二零一四年 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Consultancy expenses paid to a related party (Note (i)) Interest income received from a related party	已付關連人士之顧問費用 (附註(i)) 已收關連人士之利息收入	400	400
(Note (ii)) Commission expenses paid to	(附註(ii)) 已付關連人士之佣金費用	371	345
a related party (Note (iii)) License fee paid to a related party	(附註(iii)) 就使用辦公室向關連人士	1,996	800
for use of office (Note (iii))	支付之特許費(附註(iii))	1,582	581
Loan Receivable from a related party (Note (ii))	來自關連人士之應收貸款 <i>(附註(ii))</i>	-	18,208
Interest receivable from a related party (Note (ii))	應收關連人士之利息 <i>(附註(ii))</i>	371	1,287

#### Notes:

- Mr. Wu Tse Wai, Frederick is the director of the Company and Beijing Capital Partners Limited ("Beijing Capital"). Beijing Capital has switched from providing investment management services to consultancy services since 27 May 2011.
- Mr. Wong Danny F. is the director of the Company and the (ii) shareholder of Premium Castle.
- Mr. Wong Danny F. is the director of the Company and the shareholder of Beijing Securities Limited's holding company.

#### 附註:

- 吴子惠先生為本公司及北京資本有限公司 (「北京資本」)之董事。北京資本自二零一 年五月二十七日起由提供投資管理服務轉為 提供顧問服務。
- 汪曉峰先生為本公司之董事及Premium Castle之股東。
- 汪曉峰先生為本公司之董事及北京證券有限 公司之控股公司之股東。

## 35. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

## 35. 重大關連人士交易(續)

#### **Key management compensation**

#### 主要管理層薪酬

	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2013 二零一三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits 薪金及其他短期僱員福利 Employer's contribution to pension scheme 退休金計劃之僱主供款	5,154 65	4001 44
	5,219	4,045

The emoluments of directors and other members of key management are determined by the remuneration committee having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

董事及主要管理層其他成員之酬金乃由薪酬委 員會按個別表現及市場趨勢釐定。

#### **36. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS**

Pursuant to an ordinary resolution duly passed at an extraordinary general meeting of shareholders dated 27 August 2007, the existing share option scheme was terminated, and a new share option scheme was adopted accordingly. At the date of termination of the existing share option scheme, there were no options remained outstanding.

## 36. 以股份為基礎付款之交易

根據於二零零七年八月二十七日舉行之股東特 別大會上獲正式通過之普通決議案,現有購股 權計劃已予終止,而新購股權計劃亦已獲相應 採納。於現有購股權計劃終止日期,概無尚未 行使之購股權。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

## **36. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT** TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

With reference to the terms and conditions of the new share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") adopted by the Group on 27 August 2007, the purpose of the Share Option Scheme, in principle, is to enable the Group to motivate participants for their significant contributions to the growth of the Group and to retain and maintain on-going business relationship with such participants whose contributions are or will be beneficial to the long term growth of the Group. It is important for the Group to provide for them, where appropriate, with an additional incentive by offering them an opportunity to obtain an ownership interest in the Company and to reward them for their contributions to the Group's long term success and prosperity. The principal terms of the Share Option Scheme are as follows:

- The total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme of the Company must not in aggregate exceed ten percent (10%) of the aggregate of the shares in issue as at the adoption date unless refreshed by the shareholders. However, the total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and vet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under any other scheme should not exceed thirty percent (30%) of the shares in issue from time to time.
- The total number of shares in respect of which options may be granted to each eligible participant in any 12-month period must not exceed one percent (1%) of the issued share capital of the Company for the time being.
- The subscription price shall be a price determined by the (iii) directors, but shall not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations on the date of grant, which must be a business day; (ii) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of the share.

## 36. 以股份為基礎付款之交易(續)

參照本集團於二零零七年八月二十七日所採 納新購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」)之條款及條 件,購股權計劃原則上旨在讓本集團可鼓勵參 與者對本集團發展作出重大貢獻,保留及維持 與有關參與者之持續業務關係,而彼等之貢獻 乃有利於或將會有利於本集團之長期發展。本 集團在適當時候向有關參與者提供取得本公 司擁有權權益之機會作為額外獎勵,並回饋彼 等對本集團長遠成功及興旺作出之貢獻,對本 集團而言至關重要。購股權計劃之主要條款如 下:

- 除非獲股東更新,否則根據本公司之購 (i) 股權計劃將予授出之全部購股權獲行使 時可予發行之股份總數,合共不得超過 於採納日期已發行股份總數之百分之十 (10%)。然而,根據購股權計劃已授出但 未獲行使之全部發行在外購股權以及根 據任何其他計劃已授出但未獲行使之全 部發行在外購股權獲行使時可予發行之 股份總數,不得超過不時已發行股份百 分之三十(30%)。
- 每名合資格參與者在任何十二個月期間 (ii) 內可獲授購股權所涉之股份總數,不得 超過當時本公司已發行股本之百分之一 (1%) °
- 認購價由董事釐定,惟不得低於以下三 者之最高者:(i)股份於授出日期(必須為 營業日)在聯交所每日報價表所報之收市 價;(ii)股份於緊接授出日期前五個營業 日在聯交所每日報價表所報之平均收市 價;及(iii)股份之面值。

## **36. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT** TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

- An option may be accepted by an eligible participant (iv) within 28 days from the date of offer of the option. Upon acceptance of the option, the grantee shall pay HK\$1.00 to the Company by way of consideration for the grant of the option.
- The Share Option Scheme will remain valid for a period of 10 (v) years commencing on 27 August 2007.

On 3 September 2013, the rights issue was completed. The number and exercise price of Outstanding Share Options has been adjusted. The 174,720 and 11,670,000 Outstanding Share Options with an exercise price of HK\$19 and HK\$1.89 granted on 28 November 2007 and 18 April 2011 immediately before the rights issue has been adjusted to 209.664 and 14.004.000 with an exercise price of HK\$15.83 and HK\$1.58 respectively. Details of the adjustment of Outstanding Share Options have been disclosed in the announcement dated 3 September 2013.

On 20 February 2014, the rights issue was completed. The number and exercise price of Outstanding Share Options has been adjusted. The 209,664 and 14,004,000 Outstanding Share Options with an exercise price of HK\$15.83 and HK\$1.58 granted on 28 November 2007 and 18 April 2011 immediately before the rights issue has been adjusted to 587,059 and 39,211,200 with an exercise price of HK\$5.65 and HK\$0.56 respectively. Details of the adjustment of Outstanding Share Options have been disclosed in the announcement dated 20 February 2014.

On 11 July 2014, the Company granted 132,640,000 share options to eligible person to subscribe for up to 132,640,000 ordinary shares at an exercise price of HK\$0.40 within the exercisable period, under the Share Option Scheme of the Company adopted on 27 August 2007.

At 31 December 2014, the number of shares in respect of which options had been granted and remained outstanding under the Share Option Scheme was 172,438,259 (2013: 14,213,664), representing 10.8% (2013: 4.3%) of the shares of the Company in issue at that date.

## 36. 以股份為基礎付款之交易(續)

- 合資格參與者可於購股權要約日期起計 (iv) 二十八日內接受購股權。承授人一旦接 受購股權,即須向本公司支付1.00港元, 作為所授出購股權之代價。
- 購股權計劃之有效期為自二零零七年八 (v) 月二十七日起計十年。

供股於二零一三年九月三日完成。未行使購股 權之數目及行使價已作調整。於二零零七年 十一月二十八日及二零一一年四月十八日分 別授出之174,720份及11,670,000份未行使購 股權(緊接供股前之行使價為19港元及1.89港 元)已調整為209.664份及14.004.000份(行使 價15.83港元及1.58港元)。未行使購股權調整 之詳情已於日期為二零一三年九月三日之公告 披露。

供股於二零一四年二月二十日完成。未行使購 股權之數目及行使價已作調整。於二零零七年 十一月二十八日及二零一一年四月十八日分別 授出之209,664份及14,004,000份未行使購股 權(緊接供股前之行使價為15.83港元及1.58港 元)已調整為587,059份及39,211,200份(行使 價5.65港元及0.56港元)。未行使購股權調整 之詳情已於日期為二零一四年二月二十日之公 告披露。

於二零一四年七月十一日,本公司向合資格人 士授出132,640,000份購股權,以於可行使期 內根據本公司於二零零七年八月二十七日採 納之購股權計劃按行使價0.40港元認購最多 132,640,000股普通股。

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,根據購股權計 劃授出惟尚未行使之購股權涉及之股份數目 為172,438,259股(二零一三年:14,213,664 股),佔本公司當日已發行股份之10.8%(二零 一三年:4.3%)。

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

## **36. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT** TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

The fair value of the share options granted during the year ended 31 December 2011 was HK\$0.03 each. Options were priced using a binomial option pricing model.

#### Inputs into the model

Grant date share price HKS	0.081
Exercise price HKS	\$0.890
Expected volatility 8	8.71%
Option life 6.4	1 years
Dividend yield	0%
Risk-free interest rate 2	.210%
Exercise multiple	1.2

Expected volatility was determined by using the historical volatility of the comparable companies' share price over the previous 331 weeks.

The fair value of the share options granted during the year ended 31 December 2014 was HK\$0.19 each. Options were priced using a binomial option pricing model.

#### Inputs into the model

Grant date share price	HK\$0.4
Exercise price	HK\$0.4
Expected volatility	90.43%
Option life	3.1 years
Dividend yield	0%
Risk-free interest rate	0.88%
Exercise multiple	2.2

Expected volatility was determined by using the historical volatility of the comparable companies' share price over the previous 162 weeks.

The binomial option pricing model has been used to estimate the fair value of the options. The variables and assumptions used in computing the fair value of the share options are based on the directors' best estimate. The value of an option varies with different variables of certain subjective assumptions.

## 36. 以股份為基礎付款之交易(續)

於截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度授出 之購股權之公允價值為每份0.03港元。購股權 乃按二項式期權定價模式定價。

#### 該模式之輸入值

授出日期之股價	0.081港元
行使價	0.890港元
預期波幅	88.71%
購股權有效期	6.4年
股息回報率	0%
無風險利率	2.210%
行使倍數	1.2

預期波幅以可資比較公司股價於過去331個星 期之歷史波幅釐定。

於截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度授出 之購股權之公允價值為每份0.19港元。購股權 乃按二項式期權定價模式定價。

#### 該模式之輸入值

授出日期之股價	0.4港元
行使價	0.4港元
預期波幅	90.43%
購股權有效期	3.1年
股息回報率	0%
無風險利率	0.88%
行使倍數	2.2

預期波幅以可資比較公司股價於過去162個星 期之歷史波幅釐定。

二項式期權定價模式乃用以估計購股權之公允 價值。計算購股權公允價值時所用之變數及假 設乃基於董事之最佳估計。購股權價值可因若 干主觀假設之不同變數而變化。

## **36. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)**

## 36. 以股份為基礎付款之交易(續)

The following table discloses movements of the Company's share options held by directors and employees during the year ended 31 December 2014:

下表披露董事及僱員所持本公司購股權於截至 二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度之變動:

Number of share opti	ons
購股權數目	

	Outstanding at 1 January 2014 於二零一四年 一月一日	Granted during year	Exercised during year	Lapsed during year	Reclassified during year	Adjustment during the year	Outstanding at 31 December 2014 於二零一四年 十二月三十一日	2014 於二零一四年	Exercise price at 31 December 2014 於二零一四年十二月三十一日		Exercisable period
	尚未行使	年內授出	年內行使	年內失效	年內重新分類	年內調整	尚未行使	之行使價 <b>(HK\$)</b> (港元)		授出日期	行使期 <i>(Note)</i> <i>(附註)</i>
Directors 董事											
Mr. Wong Danny F. 汪曉峰先生	26,208	-	-	-	-	47,174	73,382	15.83	5.65	28 Nov 2007 二零零七年十一月二十八日	28 Nov 2007 to 26 Aug 2017 二零零七年十一月二十八日至 二零一七年八月二十六日
	139,200					250,560	389,760	1.58	0.56	18 Apr 2011 二零一一年四月十八日	18 Apr 2011 to 26 Aug 2017 二零一一年四月十八日至 二零一七年八月二十六日
Mr. Wu Tse Wai Frederick 吳子惠先生	26,208	-	-	-	-	47,174	73,382	15.83	5.65	28 Nov 2007 二零零七年十一月二十八日	28 Nov 2007 to 26 Aug 2017 二零零七年十一月二十八日至 二零一七年八月二十六日
	139,200					250,560	389,760	1.58	0.56	18 Apr 2011 二零一一年四月十八日	18 Apr 2011 to 26 Aug 2017 二零一一年四月十八日至 二零一七年八月二十六日
Mr. Fong Chi Wah 方志華先生	26,208	-	-	-	-	47,174	73,382	15.83	5.65	28 Nov 2007 二零零七年十一月二十八日	28 Nov 2007 to 26 Aug 2017 二零零七年十一月二十八日至 二零一七年八月二十六日
	139,200					250,560	389,760	1.58	0.56	18 Apr 2011 二零一一年四月十八日	18 Apr 2011 to 26 Aug 2017 二零一一年四月十八日至 二零一七年八月二十六日
Ms. Yang Xiaofeng 楊曉峰女士	26,208	-	-	-	-	47,175	73,383	15.83	5.65	28 Nov 2007 二零零七年十一月二十八日	28 Nov 2007 to 26 Aug 2017 二零零七年十一月二十八日至 二零一七年八月二十六日
	139,200					250,560	389,760	1.58	0.56	18 Apr 2011 二零一一年四月十八日	18 Apr 2011 to 26 Aug 2017 二零一一年四月十八日至 二零一七年八月二十六日
Mr. Char Shik Ngor, Stephen 查錫我先生	26,208	-	-	-	-	47,175	73,383	15.83	5.65	28 Nov 2007 二零零七年十一月二十八日	28 Nov 2007 to 26 Aug 2017 二零零七年十一月二十八日至 二零一七年八月二十六日
	139,200					250,560	389,760	1.58	0.56	18 Apr 2011 二零一一年四月十八日	18 Apr 2011 to 26 Aug 2017 二零一一年四月十八日至 二零一七年八月二十六日

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

## 36. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

## 36. 以股份為基礎付款之交易(續)

Number of share options
様の抽動を口

				WALK IE XV H							
	Outstanding at 1 January 2014 於二零一四年 一月一日 尚未行使	Granted during year 年內授出	Exercised during year 年內行使	Lapsed during year 年內失效	Reclassified during year 年內重新分類	Adjustment during the year 年內調整	31 December 2014	2014 於二零一四年		Date of grant 授出日期	Exercisable period 行使期 (Note) (附註)
Mr. Liu Jin 劉進先生	26,208	-	-	-	-	47,174	73,382	15.83	5.65	28 Nov 2007 二零零七年十一月二十八日	28 Nov 2007 to 26 Aug 2017 二零零七年十一月二十八日至 二零一七年八月二十六日
	139,200					250,560	389,760	1.58		18 Apr 2011 二零一一年四月十八日	18 Apr 2011 to 26 Aug 2017 二零一一年四月十八日至 二零一七年八月二十六日
	992,448	_	_	-	-	1,786,406	2,778,854				
Employees 僱員	3,992,400	-	=	-	-	7,186,320	11,178,720	1.58	0.56	18 Apr 2011 二零一一年四月十八日	18 Apr 2011 to 26 Aug 2017 二零一一年四月十八日至 二零一七年八月二十六日
	-	132,640,000	-	-	-	-	132,640,000	-	0.40	11 Jul 2014 二零一四年七月十一日	11 Jul 2014 to 26 Aug 2017 二零一四年七月十一日至 二零一七年八月二十六日
Resigned directors (Note 间) 已辭任董事 (附註间)	52,416	-	-	-	-	94,349	146,765	15.83	5.65	28 Nov 2007 二零零七年十一月二十八日	28 Nov 2007 to 26 Aug 2017 二零零七年十一月二十八日至 二零一七年八月二十六日
	278,400	-	-	-	-	501,120	779,520	1.58		18 Apr 2011 二零一一年四月十八日	18 Apr 2011 to 26 Aug 2017 二零一一年四月十八日至 二零一七年八月二十六日
Other eligible participants 其他合資格參與者	8,898,000	-	-	-	-	16,016,400	24,914,400	1.58	0.56	18 Apr 2011 二零一一年四月十八日	18 Apr 2011 to 26 Aug 2017 二零一一年四月十八日至 二零一七年八月二十六日
Total 合計	14,213,664	132,640,000	-	-	-	25,584,595	172,438,259				
Weighted average	HK\$1.79	-	-	-	-	-	HK\$0.45				
exercise price 加權平均行使價	1.79港元						0.45港元				

## **36. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)**

Outstanding

## 36. 以股份為基礎付款之交易(續)

The following table discloses movements of the Company's share options held by directors and employees during the year ended 31 December 2013:

下表披露董事及僱員所持本公司購股權於截至 二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度之變動:

Number of share options	
購股權數目	

	at 1 January 2013 於二零一三年 一月一日 尚未行使	Granted during year 年內授出	Exercised during year 年內行使	Lapsed during year 年內失效	Reclassified during year 年內重新分類	Adjustment during the year 年內調整	at 31 December 2013 於二零一三年 十二月三十一日 尚未行使	price at 1 January 2013 於二零一三年 一月一日 之行使價 (HK\$)	price at 31 December 2013 於二零一三年 十二月三十一日 之行使價 (HK\$)	Date of grant 授出日期	Exercisable period 行使期 (Note) (附註)
<b>Directors</b> 董事 Mr. Wong Danny F. 汪曉峰先生	21,840	-	-	-	-	4,368	26,208	19	15.83	28 Nov 2007 二零零七年十一月二十八日	28 Nov 2007 to 26 Aug 2017 二零零七年十一月二十八日至 二零一七年八月二十六日
	116,000					23,200	139,200	1.89	1.58	18 Apr 2011 二零一一年四月十八日	18 Apr 2011 to 26 Aug 2017 二零一一年四月十八日至 二零一七年八月二十六日
Mr. Wu Tse Wai Frederick 吳子惠先生	21,840	-	-	-	-	4,368	26,208	19	15.83	28 Nov 2007 二零零七年十一月二十八日	28 Nov 2007 to 26 Aug2 017 二零零七年十一月二十八日至 二零一七年八月二十六日
	116,000					23,200	139,200	1.89	1.58	18 Apr 2011 二零一一年四月十八日	18 Apr 2011 to 26 Aug 2 017 二零一一年四月十八日至 二零一七年八月二十六日
Mr. Fong Chi Wah 方志華先生	21,840	-	-	-	-	4,368	26,208	19	15.83	28 Nov 2007 二零零七年十一月二十八日	28 Nov 2007 to 26 Aug 2017 二零零七年十一月二十八日至 二零一七年八月二十六日
	116,000					23,200	139,200	1.89	1.58	18 Apr 2011 二零一一年四月十八日	18 Apr 2011 to 26 Aug 2017 二零一一年四月十八日至 二零一七年八月二十六日
Ms. Yang Xiaofeng 楊曉峰女士	21,840	-	-	-	-	4,368	26,208	19	15.83	28 Nov 2007 二零零七年十一月二十八日	28 Nov 2007 to 26 Aug 2017 二零零七年十一月二十八日至 二零一七年八月二十六日
	116,000					23,200	139,200	1.89	1.58	18 Apr 2011 二零一一年四月十八日	18 Apr 2011 to 26 Aug 2017 二零一一年四月十八日至 二零一七年八月二十六日
Mr. Char Shik Ngor, Stephen 查錫我先生	21,840	-	-	=	-	4,368	26,208	19	15.83	28 Nov 2007 二零零七年十一月二十八日	28 Nov 2007 to 26 Aug 2017 二零零七年十一月二十八日至 二零一七年八月二十六日
	116,000					23,200	139,200	1.89	1.58	18 Apr 2011 二零一一年四月十八日	18 Apr 2011 to 26 Aug 2017 二零一一年四月十八日至 二零一七年八月二十六日
Mr. Liu Jin 劉進先生	21,840	-	-	-	-	4,368	26,208	19	15.83	28 Nov 2007 二零零七年十一月二十八日	28 Nov 2007 to 26 Aug 2017 二零零七年十一月二十八日至 二零一七年八月二十六日
	116,000					23,200	139,200	1.89	1.58	18 Apr 2011 二零一一年四月十八日	18 Apr 2011 to 26 Aug 2017 二零一一年四月十八日至 二零一七年八月二十六日

For the year ended 31 December 2014 截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度

## **36. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT** TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

## 36. 以股份為基礎付款之交易(續)

Numb	er	Of	sha	re	opti	ons
	矔	股	排出	th E	3	

	Outstanding at 1 January 2013 於二零一三年 一月一日 尚未行使	Granted during year 年內授出	Exercised during year 年內行使	Lapsed during year 年內失效	Reclassified during year 年內重新分類	Adjustment during the year 年內調整	Outstanding at 31 December 2013 於二零一三年十二月三十一日尚未行使	Exercise price at 1 January 2013 於二零一三年 一月一日 之行使價 (HK\$) (港元)	2013	Date of grant 授出日期	Exercisable period 行使期 (Note) (附註)
					(1.2.2.2)						
Mr. Wong Sin Lai <i>(Note (ii))</i> 王善豊先生 <i>(附註(ii))</i>	116,000	-	-	_	(116,000)	_	-	1.89	=	18Apr 2011 二零一一年四月十八日	18 Apr 2011 to 26 Aug 2017 二零一一年四月十八日至 二零一七年八月二十六日
	943,040	-	-	-	(116,000)	165,408	992,448				
Employees 僱員	3,327,000	-	-	-	-	665,400	3,992,400	0.189	1.89	18 Apr 2011 二零一一年四月十八日	18 Apr 2011 to 26 Aug 2017 二零一一年四月十八日至 二零一七年八月二十六日
Resigned directors (Note (ii)) 已辭任董事 (附註例)	43,680	-	-	-	-	8,736	52,416	19	15.83	28 Nov 2007 二零零七年十一月二十八日	28 Nov 2007 to 26 Aug 2017 二零零七年十一月二十八日至 二零一七年八月二十六日
	116,000	-	-	-	-	23,200	139,200	1.89	1.58	18 Apr 2011 二零一一年四月十八日	18 Apr 2011 to 26 Aug 2017 二零一一年四月十八日至 二零一七年八月二十六日
		-	-	-	116,000	23,200	139,200	1.89			
Other eligible participants 其他合資格參與者	7,415,000	-	-	-	-	1,483,000	8,898,000	1.89	1.58	18 Apr 2011 二零一一年四月十八日	18 Apr 2011 to 26 Aug 2017 二零一一年四月十八日至 二零一七年八月二十六日
Total 合計	11,844,720	-	-	-	-	2,368,944	14,213,664	ı			
Weighted average exercise price	HK\$2.14	-	-	-	-	-	HK\$1.79				
加權平均行使價	2.14港元						1.79港元	ı			

The options outstanding at 31 December 2014 had the weighted average remaining contractual life of 2.65 years (2013: 3.65 years).

Notes:

- In accordance with the terms of the share-based arrangement, (i) a maximum of 30% options are exercisable from the date of grant; (ii) a maximum of another 30% options, plus any options being unexercised in (i), in aggregate not exceeding 60% of total options granted, are exercisable from 28 November 2008, and (iii) the remaining 40% options, plus any options being unexercised in (i) and (ii), are exercisable from 28 November 2009 to 26 August 2017.
- On 4 October 2013, Mr. Wong Sin Lai (formerly named as Wong Tam Yee) resigned as independent non-executive directors of the Company. The share options held by Mr. Wong Sin Lai Nang was then reclassified as share options held by resigned directors.

於二零一四年十二月三十一日尚未行使購股權 之加權平均餘下合約年期為2.65年(二零一三 年:3.65年)。

#### 附註:

- 根據以股份為基礎之安排之條款,(i)最多30% 購股權自授出日期起可予行使; (ii)另外最多 30%購股權,加上(i)中尚未行使之任何購股 權,合共不超過已授出購股權總數之60%,自 二零零八年十一月二十八日起可予行使;及 (iii)其餘40%購股權,加上(i)及(ii)中尚未行使之 任何購股權,於二零零九年十一月二十八日 至二零一七年八月二十六日期間可予行使。
- 於二零一三年十月四日,王善豊先生(前稱王 談意先生)辭任本公司之獨立非執行董事。 王善豊先生所持有之購股權其後已重新分類 為已辭任董事所持購股權。

#### 37. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

As at 31 December 2014, the Group and the Company did not have any material capital commitments (2013: Nil).

#### 38. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING **PERIOD**

- On 28 March 2014, an extraordinary general meeting was held to pass an ordinary resolution in relation to the proposed refreshment of general mandate of the Company to issue and allot shares. The Board is of the view that the refreshment of general mandate would maintain the flexibility of the Company for any future allotment and issue of its shares by the Board necessary for the Group's future business development. GF Capital (Hong Kong) Limited was appointed as the independent financial adviser to advise the independent board committee and the independent shareholders in respect of the grant of the new general mandate. Details of the refreshment was disclosed in the circular of the Company dated 30 January 2015.
- Pursuant to the circular of the Company dated 17 March 2015, an extraordinary general meeting will be held on 8 April 2015 to approve the proposed amendment to the existing Article 111 of the articles of association of the Company in relation to the Company's borrowing powers. The Board proposed to remove the restriction on the Company's borrowing limited to 50% of its net asset value. The Board is of the view that proposed amendment to the borrowing powers is in the interest of the Company and the shareholders as a whole because it can: (1) provide flexibility to the Company's management to capture any good opportunity in timely manner; (2) allow the Company to raise funds to strengthen its cashflow base and improve its financial position for the Company's future investments, development and expansion; and (3) ensure the Company be one of those investments companies listed on the a Main Board of the Stock Exchange under Chapter 21 of the Listing Rules, which can benefit and take advance on the abovementioned strong economic growth and the needs of the potential professional investors of the PRC.

#### 39. MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTION

On 25 February 2014, the Loan Receivable of approximately HK\$18,208,000 was reclassified from other receivable to AFS financial assets in relation to the Subscription Agreement entered on 24 December 2013. Detail please refer to note 21.

#### 40. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation.

#### 41. AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 31 March 2015.

#### 37. 資本承擔

於二零一四年十二月三十一日,本集團及本公 司並無任何重大資本承擔(二零一三年:無)。

#### 38. 報告期後事項

- 於二零一四年三月二十八日,本公司舉行 股東特別大會,通過有關建議更新本公 司發行及配發股份之一般授權之普通決 議案。董事會認為,更新一般授權可讓本 公司日後在董事會認為必要時靈活配發 及發行其股份,配合本集團未來業務發 展。廣發融資(香港)有限公司獲委任為 獨立財務顧問,以就授出新一般授權向 獨立董事委員會及獨立股東提供意見。 更新詳情於本公司日期為二零一五年一 月三十日之通函內披露。
- 根據本公司日期為二零一五年三月十七 日之通函,本公司將於二零一五年四月 八日舉行股東特別大會,以批准建議修 改有關本公司借款權之現有本公司組織 章程細則第111條。董事會建議移除本公 司借款權限於其資產淨值50%之限制。 董事會認為,建議修訂借款權符合本公 司及股東之整體利益,原因為此舉可:(1) 使本公司管理層在適時把握良機方面更 具靈活性;(2)容許本公司集資,加強其現 金流基礎,並改善其財務狀況供本公司 作未來投資、發展及擴張;及(3)確保本公 司為根據上市規則第二十一章在聯交所 主板上市的投資公司之一,可在上述中 國經濟增長強勁之環境及因應潛在專業 投資者之需要而早着先機。

#### 39. 主要非現金交易

因應於二零一三年十二月二十四日訂立之認購 協議,應收貸款約18,208,000港元於二零一四 年二月二十五日由其他應收款項重新分類為可 供出售金融資產。詳情請參閱附註21。

#### 40. 比較數字

若干比較數字已重新分類以符合本年度之呈列 方式。

#### 41. 刊發財務報表之授權

董事會於二零一五年三月三十一日批准並授權 刊發財務報表。

# Five Years Financial Summary 五年財務摘要

Summary of the results, assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five years are as follows:

本集團過去五年之業績、資產及負債概要如 下:

#### For the year ended 31 December

截至十二	- $ -$	
<b>坐 十</b>	P - T -	日に年度

2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
二零一四年	二零一三年	二零一二年	二零一一年	二零一零年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元

Results	業績					
	114-24	50.400	(40,000)	00 504	(450,005)	00.500
Revenue	收益	56,480	(42,603)	63,591	(152,825)	68,599
(Loss)/profit before income tax	除所得税前					
(2004), promoto a como miso miso maso maso maso maso maso maso maso ma	(虧損)/溢利	(112,941)	(177,881)	30,134	(185,468)	40,760
Income tax expense	所得税開支	-	_	_	_	_
(Loss)/profit attributable to	本公司擁有人					
owners of the Company	應佔(虧損)/					
	溢利	(112,941)	(177,881)	30,134	(185,468)	40,760

### As at 31 December

#### 於十二月三十一日

2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
二零一四年	二零一三年	二零一二年	二零一一年	二零一零年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
<b>千港元</b>	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元

Assets and liabilities	資產及負債					
Total assets	資產總值	469,018	231,790	279,763	177,376	302,959
Total liabilities	負債總值	(173,026)	(111,447)	(69,885)	(902)	(1,762)
Shareholders' fund	股東資金	295,992	120,343	209,878	176,474	301,197

