

CHINA INVESTMENT DEVELOPMENT LIMITED 中國投資開發有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands and continued in Bermuda with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立並於百慕達續存之有限公司)

Stock Code 股份代號: 204



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CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Zhang Xuming *(Chief Executive Officer)*Mr. Chan Cheong Yee

Non-executive Director

Mr. Chen Yin (Chairman)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Fong Wo, Felix

Mr. Leung Wing Kin

Mr. Leung Chi Kong

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Fong Wo, Felix

Mr. Leung Wing Kin

Mr. Leung Chi Kong

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Chen Yin

Mr. Fong Wo, Felix

Mr. Leung Wing Kin

Mr. Leung Chi Kong

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Chen Yin

Mr. Fong Wo, Felix

Mr. Leung Wing Kin

Mr. Leung Chi Kong

RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

Mr. Zhang Xuming

Mr. Fong Wo, Felix

Mr. Leung Wing Kin

Mr. Leung Chi Kong

Mr. Yan Ho Yin

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Yan Ho Yin

INVESTMENT MANAGER

China Everbright Securities (HK) Limited

董事會

執行董事

張旭明先生(行政總裁)

陳昌義先生

非執行董事

陳 胤先生(主席)

獨立非執行董事

方 和先生

梁榮健先生

梁志剛先生

審核委員會

方 和先生

梁榮健先生

梁志剛先生

薪酬委員會

陳 胤先生

方 和先生

梁榮健先生

梁志剛先生

提名委員會

陳 胤先生

方 和先生

梁榮健先生

梁志剛先生

風險管理委員會

張旭明先生

方 和先生

梁榮健先生

梁志剛先生

忻浩賢先生

公司秘書

忻浩賢先生

投資經理

中國光大證券(香港)有限公司

CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Dah Sing Bank, Limited
China Citic Bank International Limited
Bank of Communications

AUDITOR

BDO Limited

Certified Public Accountants

LEGAL ADVISERS

Hong Kong Law Ma Tang & Co.

Bermuda Law
Conyers Dill & Pearman

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR

MUFG Fund Service (Bermuda) Limited The Belvedere Building 69 Pitts Bay Road, Pembroke HM08 Bermuda

BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Union Registrars Limited
Suites 3301-04, 33/F.
Two Chinachem Exchange Square, 338 King's Road,
North Point, Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM11 Bermuda

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

Suites 2706-07, 27/F Everbright Centre 108 Gloucester Road Wanchai, Hong Kong

WEBSITE

www.cidl.com.hk

STOCK CODE

204

主要往來銀行

大新銀行有限公司 中信銀行(國際)有限公司 交通銀行

核數師

香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司 *執業會計師*

法律顧問

香港法律

馬世欽鄧文政黃和崢吳慈飛律師行

百慕達法律

Convers Dill & Pearman

股份過戶登記總處

MUFG Fund Service (Bermuda) Limited The Belvedere Building 69 Pitts Bay Road, Pembroke HM08 Bermuda

股份過戶登記分處

聯合證券登記有限公司 香港北角 英皇道338號華懋交易廣場2期 33樓3301-04室

註冊辦事處

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM11 Bermuda

主要營業地點

香港灣仔 告士打道108號 光大中心 27樓2706-07室

網址

www.cidl.com.hk

股份代號

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FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS 財務摘要

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元 ————	千港元
Proceeds from disposals of financial assets	出售按公平值計入在損益		
at fair value through profit or loss	處理之財務資產之所得款項 ————————————————————————————————————	70,922	40,522
Revenue	收入	600	602
Loss for the year attributable to owners of	本公司擁有人應佔本年度虧損		
the Company		(14,707)	(23,974)
		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
Net asset value per share	每股資產淨值	HK\$0.02 9 港元	HK\$0.032港元

The directors present their annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements of China Investment Development Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2017.

董事提呈中國投資開發有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之年報及經審核綜合財務報表。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company and its subsidiaries are engaged in investment holding for medium to long-term capital appreciation purposes, and investment in listed and unlisted securities. There have been no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the year.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2017 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on page 58 of the annual report. The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year.

BUSINESS REVIEW

Business Review and Future Prospect

A review of the business of the Group during the year and a discussion on the Group's future business development are provided in the Management Discussion and Analysis section on pages 17 to 23 of this Annual Report.

Financial Key Performance Indicators

An analysis of the Group's performance during the year using financial key performance indicators is provided in the Management Discussion and Analysis section on pages 17 to 23 of this Annual Report.

Important Events after the Year-end Date

No important events affecting the Group have occurred since the end of the financial year ended 31 March 2017.

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

The Group's principal business activities are exposed to a variety of key risks including credit risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk, operational risk and market risk. Details of the aforesaid key risks and risk mitigation measures are set out in "Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies" in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements.

主要業務

本公司及其附屬公司之業務乃持有投資以獲得中期至長期資本增值,以及投資上市及非上市證券。於本年度,本集團之主要業務性質並無重大變動。

業績及分派

本集團截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之業績 載於本年報第58頁之綜合損益及其他全面收益表中。 董事不建議就本年度派付股息。

業務回顧

業務回顧與未來展望

本集團於本年度之業務回顧及本集團未來業務發展之 討論載於本年報第17至23頁管理層討論與分析一節。

財務表現關鍵指標

本集團於本年度使用財務表現關鍵指標之表現分析 載於本年報第17至23頁管理層討論與分析一節。

年結日後之重要事件

於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止財政年度結束後, 概無發生影響本集團之重要事件。

主要風險及不明朗因素

本集團的主要業務活動面臨若干主要風險,包括信貸 風險、利率風險、流動資金風險、營運風險及市場風 險。上述主要風險及風險規避措施的詳情載於綜合財 務報表附註30「財務風險管理目標及政策」。

BUSINESS REVIEW (continued)

Environmental Policy and Performance

We are committed to protect the environment by introducing a green policy to enhance the awareness of environmental protection among staff. The Group has implemented internal recycling programme for office consumables such as toner cartridges and paper to help protect the environment and natural resources.

The Group has also implemented energy saving practices in offices and branch premises where applicable, such as taking initiatives to reduce paper usage by encouraging the use of websites and online version of corporate communications. As regards reduction of power consumption, lighting, air-conditioners and office equipment will be turned off when not in use.

Compliance with Laws and Regulations

The Group recognises the importance of compliance with regulatory requirements. The Group has been allocating resources to ensure the Group's ongoing compliance with the updated applicable rules and regulations. During the year under review, the Group has complied, to the best of our knowledge, with the Listing Rules, the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong), the Companies Law, Company Law of Bermuda, the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and other relevant rules and regulations.

Relationships with key stakeholders

The Group's success lies also on the support from key stakeholders, including shareholders, employees, bankers, and service providers.

Shareholders

One of the corporate goals of the Group is to enhance corporate value to our shareholders. Description of the shareholders' rights and our investor relations can be found in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 24 to 35 of this Annual Report.

Employees

The Group treasures our employees as the most important assets of the Group. The objective of the Group's human resources management is to reward and recognise our employees by providing a competitive remuneration package, appropriate incentives such as share options and bonus, and opportunities within the Group for career advancement.

業務回顧(續)

環境政策及表現

我們致力於保護環境,透過引入綠色環保政策增強員工的環保意識。本集團已就碳粉盒、紙張等辦公耗材實施內部回收項目,以保護環境及自然資源。

本集團亦於辦公室及分辦事處(如適用)展開節能運動,例如透過鼓勵使用網站及閱覽企業通訊的在線版本以盡量減少紙張耗用,以及在無人使用時關閉電燈、空調及辦公設備以節約用電。

遵守法律及規例

本集團深明遵守監管規定的重要性。本集團已就此分配資源以確保本集團持續遵守最新適用規則及規例。 於回顧年度內,據我們所深知,本集團已遵守上市規則、證券及期貨條例(香港法例第571章)、公司法、百慕達公司法、公司條例(香港法例第622章)以及其他相關規則及規例。

與主要利益相關者的關係

本集團的成功亦離不開主要利益相關者的支持,包括 股東、僱員、往來銀行及服務提供商。

股東

本集團的企業目標之一乃為股東提升公司價值。股東權利及投資者關係之詳情載於本年報第24至35頁之企業管治報告。

僱員

本集團將我們的僱員視為本集團最重要的資產。本集團的人力資源管理目標為透過提供有競爭力的薪酬待遇、適當的激勵(例如購股權及花紅)以及於本集團內的職業晉升機會)對僱員表示認可及獎勵。

BUSINESS REVIEW (continued)

Relationships with key stakeholders (continued) Bankers

The Group has maintained excellent relationship with our bankers and has been soliciting funds from our bankers as and when necessary.

Service Providers

The Group's good relationships with its key service providers are important in our provision of effective and efficient services as well as meeting business challenges and regulatory requirements. The key service providers provide professional services to the Group which are key to our success.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in property, plant and equipment during the year are set out in note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the authorised and issued share capital of the Company are set out in note 21 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESERVES

Details of the movements in the reserves of the Group and the Company during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 61 to 62 and in note 22 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 March 2017, in the opinion of the Directors, the Company had no reserves available for distribution to shareholders (2016: HK\$Nil).

業務回顧(續)

與主要利益相關者的關係(續)

往來銀行

本集團與我們的往來銀行維持穩健的關係,並已於必 要時從我們的往來銀行獲取資金。

服務提供商

本集團與其主要服務提供商的良好關係對我們提供 高效服務、應對商業挑戰及遵守監管規定而言十分重 要。主要服務提供商為本集團提供專業服務為我們成 功的關鍵。

物業、廠房及設備

有關物業、廠房及設備於本年度之變動詳情載於綜合 財務報表附註14。

股本

本公司之法定及已發行股本詳情載於綜合財務報表 附註21。

儲備

本集團及本公司於本年度之儲備變動詳情分別載於 第61至62頁之綜合權益變動表及綜合財務報表附註 22。

可分派儲備

於二零一七年三月三十一日,董事認為,本公司並無可分派予股東之儲備(二零一六年:零港元)。

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

As the Group is engaged in investment holding for medium to long-term capital appreciation purposes, and investment in listed and unlisted securities, there are no major customers and suppliers during the year.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 144. This summary does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

DIRECTORS

The directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors:

Mr. Chan Cheong Yee Mr. Zhang Xuming

Non-executive Director:

Mr. Chen Yin

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Fong Wo, Felix Mr. Leung Wing Kin Mr. Leung Chi Kong

In accordance with Bye-law 153, Mr. Chen Yin and Mr. Fong Wo, Felix will retire at the AGM and both being eligible, offer themselves for re-election thereat.

主要客戶及供應商

由於本集團之業務為持有投資以獲得中期至長期資本增值,以及投資於上市及非上市證券,因此於本年度並無主要客戶及供應商。

財務概要

本集團於過去五個財政年度之業績以及資產與負債概要載於第144頁。此概要並不構成經審核綜合財務報表其中一部分。

董事

於本年度內及直至本報告日期之本公司董事如下:

執行董事:

陳昌義先生 張旭明先生

非執行董事:

陳 胤先生

獨立非執行董事:

方 和先生 梁榮建先生 梁志剛先生

根據公司細則第153條,陳胤先生及方和先生將於股東週年大會退任,且均符合資格並願意於會上重選連任。

DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S BIOGRAPHIES

Biographical details of the Directors of the Company and the senior management of the Group are set out on pages 47 to 50 of the annual report.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 March 2017, the interests and short positions held by the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance, the "SFO") as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") were as follows:

Long position in shares and underlying shares of the Company

董事及高級管理層履歷

本公司董事及本集團高級管理層之履歷載於年報第 47至50頁。

董事及主要行政人員於股份、相關股份及債 權證之權益

於二零一七年三月三十一日,董事及本公司主要行政人員於本公司及其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)之股份、相關股份或債權證中擁有已記入本公司根據證券及期貨條例第352條須存置之登記冊之權益及淡倉,或根據香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄10所載上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)已另行知會本公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉如下:

本公司股份及相關股份之好倉

Number of shares/underlying shares held 所持股份/相關股份數目 Number of shares Capacity in issuable **Approximate** which interests Name of Director/ Number of on Share Total percentage of chief executive are held shares held options held interests shareholding 所持購股權 之可發行 佔股權 董事/主要行政人員姓名 持有權益之身份 所持股份數目 股份數目 總權益 概約百分比 (Note 2) (Note 1) (附註2) (附註1) Mr. Chen Yin (note 3) Interests of controlled 1,091,880,000 1,091,880,000 12.38% 陳胤先生(附註3) corporation 受控制公司之權益 Beneficial owner 0.31% 27,300,000 27,300,000 實益擁有人 Mr. Zhang Xuming (note 4) Interests of controlled 722,640,000 722,640,000 8.19% corporation 張旭明先生(附註4) 受控制公司之權益 Beneficial owner 81,100,000 81,100,000 0.92% 實益擁有人

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES (continued)

Long position in shares and underlying shares of the Company (continued)

董事及主要行政人員於股份、相關股份及債權證之權益(續)

本公司股份及相關股份之好倉(續)

Number of shares/underlying shares held 所持股份/相關股份數目

		77133		· —	
Name of Director/ chief executive	Capacity in which interests are held	Number of shares held	Number of shares issuable on Share options held 所持購股權	Total interests	Approximate percentage of shareholding
董事/主要行政人員姓名	持有權益之身份	所持股份數目	之可發行 股份數目 (Note 2) (附註2)	總權益	佔股權 概約百分比 (Note 1) (附註1)
Mr. Chan Cheong Yee 陳昌義先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	_	81,100,000	81,100,000	0.92%
Mr. Fong Wo, Felix 方和先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	_	30,000,000	30,000,000	0.34%
Mr. Leung Wing Kin 梁榮健先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	-	10,000,000	10,000,000	0.11%
Mr. Leung Chi Kong 梁志剛先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	-	20,000,000	20,000,000	0.23%

Notes:

- The percentage of shareholding is calculated on the basis of the Company's issued share capital of 8,821,857,294 shares as at 31 March 2017.
- 2. The relevant interests are share options granted pursuant to the Company's share option scheme adopted on 9 April 2009 (the "Scheme"). Upon exercise of the share options in accordance with the Scheme, ordinary shares of HK\$0.001 each in the share capital of the Company are issuable. The share options are personal to the respective Directors and the holders thereof are entitled to subscribe for shares of the Company.
- 3. Mr. Chen Yin is deemed to have interest in 1,091,880,000 shares in the Company held by Micah Holdings Limited, a private company whollyowned by Ms. Ji Jie, the spouse of Mr. Chen.
- 4. The 722,640,000 shares are held by Salus Investments Limited, a company wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Zhang Xuming.

附註:

- 股權百分比乃按本公司於二零一七年三月三十一 日之已發行股本8,821,857,294股股份計算得出。
- 有關權益乃根據本公司於二零零九年四月九日採納之購股權計劃(「計劃」)授出之購股權。行使根據計劃授出之購股權時,須發行本公司股本中每股面值0.001港元之普通股。購股權只限有關董事個人持有,持有人有權認購本公司股份。
- 3. 陳胤先生被視作於Micah Holdings Limited (一家由陳先生之配偶季潔女士全資擁有之私人公司)持有之1,091,880,000股本公司股份中擁有權益。
- 722,640,000股股份由Salus Investments Limited (一家由張旭明先生全資實益擁有之公司)持有。

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES (continued)

Long position in shares and underlying shares of the Company (continued)

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2017, none of the Directors or chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The detailed disclosures relating to the Company's share option scheme and valuation of options are set out in note 23 to the consolidated financial statements.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31 March 2017, the following persons, other than a Director or chief executive of the Company, were interested or had short positions in more than 5% of the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO:

董事及主要行政人員於股份、相關股份及債權證之權益(續)

本公司股份及相關股份之好倉(續)

除上文披露者外,於二零一七年三月三十一日,董事或本公司主要行政人員概無於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之股份、相關股份或債權證中,擁有已記入本公司根據證券及期貨條例第352條須存置之登記冊或根據標準守則已另行知會本公司及聯交所之權益或淡倉。

購股權計劃

有關本公司購股權計劃及購股權估值之詳細披露資 料載於綜合財務報表附註23。

主要股東

於二零一七年三月三十一日,除一名董事或本公司主要行政人員外,按根據證券及期貨條例第336條須存置之登記冊所記錄,持有本公司股份及相關股份5%以上權益或淡倉之人士如下:

Name of Shareholder 股東姓名/名稱	Capacity in which Interests are held 持有權益之身份	Number of shares held 所持股份數目	Approximate percentage of shareholding 佔股權概約百分比
		(Note 2) (附註2)	(Note 1) (附註1)
Micah Holdings Limited (note 2) Micah Holdings Limited (附註2)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	1,091,880,000	12.38%
Ji Jie 季潔	Interests of controlled corporation 受控制公司之權益	1,091,880,000	12.38%
Salus Investments Limited (note 3) Salus Investments Limited (附註3)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	722,640,000	8.19%

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS (continued)

Notes:

- 1. The percentage of shareholding is calculated on the basis of the Company's issued share capital of 8,821,857,294 shares as at 31 March 2017.
- Micah Holdings Limited, a private limited company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands, and wholly and beneficially owned by Ms. Ji Jie, the spouse of Mr. Chen Yin, Chairman and Non-executive Director of the Company.
- Salus Investments Limited, a private limited company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands, and wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Zhang Xuming, the chief executive officer and an executive director of the Company.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2017, the Company was not notified of any persons, other than the Directors or chief executive of the Company, having any interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Apart from as disclosed under the heading "Directors' and chief executive's interests in shares, underlying shares and debentures" above, at no time during the year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or of any other body corporate granted to any Directors or their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors, their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age to acquire such rights in the Company or any other body corporate.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE AND CONNECTED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

No Director had a significant beneficial interest, either directly or indirectly, in any transaction, arrangement or contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company was a party during or at the end of the year.

主要股東(續)

附註:

- 股權百分比乃按本公司於二零一七年三月三十一日之已發行股本8,821,857,294股股份計算得出。
- Micah Holdings Limited為於英屬維京群島註冊成立之私人有限公司,由本公司主席兼非執行董事陳胤先生之配偶季潔女士全資實益擁有。
- 3. Salus Investments Limited為於英屬維京群島註冊 成立之私人有限公司,由本公司行政總裁兼執行 董事張旭明先生全資實益擁有。

除上文披露者外,於二零一七年三月三十一日,除董 事或本公司主要行政人員外,本公司概無獲悉任何人 士於本公司股份或相關股份中,擁有已記入本公司根 據證券及期貨條例第336條須存置之登記冊之權益或 淡倉。

董事收購股份或債權證之權利

除上文「董事及主要行政人員於股份、相關股份及債權證之權益」一節披露者外,於本年度內任何時間,本公司並無授予任何董事、彼等各自之配偶或未滿十八歲之子女可藉購入本公司或任何其他法人團體之股份或債權證而獲益之權利,彼等亦無行使有關權利;本公司或其任何附屬公司亦無參與任何安排,致使董事、彼等各自之配偶或未滿十八歲之子女於本公司或任何其他法人團體獲得有關權利。

董事於重大交易、安排或合約及關連人士交易之權益

概無董事於本公司在年內或年底訂立與本集團業務 有重大關係之任何交易、安排或合約中,直接或間接 擁有重大實益權益。

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

No Director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

As at the date of this report, none of the Directors and their respective associates had any interest in a business which causes or may cause a significant competition with the business of the Group and any other conflict of interests which any such person has or may have with the Group.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Pursuant to the Company's bye-laws and subject to the provisions of the statutes, every Director or other officer of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities which he may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his office or otherwise in relation thereto, and no Director or other officer shall be liable for any loss, damages or misfortune which may happen to or be incurred by the Company in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto, provided that this bye-law shall only have effect in so far as its provisions are not avoided by the Bermuda Companies Act. The Company has maintained Directors and officers liability insurance during the year.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Other than the share option scheme of the Company as disclosed above, no equity-linked agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing shares or that require the Company to enter into any agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing shares were entered into by the Company during the year or subsisted at the end of the year.

董事之服務合約

擬於應屆股東週年大會重選之董事並無與本公司訂 立本公司不可於一年內不作賠償(法定賠償除外)而 終止之服務合約。

董事於競爭業務之權益

於本報告日期,概無董事及彼等各自之聯繫人於對本 集團業務構成或可能構成重大競爭之業務中擁有任 何權益,任何該等人士亦無與本集團有或可能有任何 其他利益衝突。

獲准彌償條文

根據本公司之公司細則及受法例條文規限,本公司各董事或其他高級職員就有關彼等履行職務或在其他有關情況所蒙受或產生之所有損失或責任,有權由本公司資產中撥付彌償,而各董事或其他高級職員概無須就其於執行職務或進行與此有關之其他事宜時本公司出現或招致之任何損失、損害賠償或不幸情況負責,惟此公司細則僅在其條文並未於百慕達公司法刪除之情況下生效。本公司於本年度已就董事及高級職員投保責任保險。

股權掛鈎協議

除上文所披露之本公司購股權計劃外,本公司於本年 度並無訂立,於本年度末亦無存續將或可能導致本公 司發行股份或須本公司訂立將或可能導致本公司發 行股份之任何協議之股權掛鉤協議。

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SHARES

During the year, the Company repurchased a total of 114,900,000 shares on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange at an aggregate consideration (before expenses) of HK\$11,110,900.

Particulars of the repurchases are as follows:

購買、出售或贖回本公司上市股份

於本年度·本公司於香港聯交所合共購回114,900,000 股股份·總代價(扣除開支前)為11,110,900港元。

購回詳情如下:

Date	日期	Number of shares repurchased 所購回股份數目	Purchase 購買		Aggregate consideration (before expense) 總代價
Date	口别	川無凹放切数日	期月 Highest (HK\$)	.頂 Lowest (HK\$)	(加林用文別) (HK\$)
			最高(港元)	最低(港元)	(港元)
2016	二零一六年				
20 May	五月二十日	8,420,000	0.114	0.113	954,000
4 July	七月四日	7,800,000	0.111	0.108	853,780
5 July	七月五日	50,280,000	0.111	0.090	5,108,860
25 July	七月二十五日	30,900,000	0.097	0.086	2,795,640
26 July	七月二十六日	17,500,000	0.083	0.077	1,398,620

Save as disclosed above, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's shares during the year ended 31 March 2017.

MATERIAL ACQUISITION AND DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

There was no material acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries during the year ended 31 March 2017.

除上文所披露者外,本公司或其任何附屬公司並無於 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度內購買、贖回或 出售本公司任何股份。

重大收購及出售附屬公司

於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,並無重大收 購或出售附屬公司。

EMOLUMENT POLICY

The Group's employees are selected, remunerated and promoted based on their merit, qualifications and competence.

The Company adopted the model set out in Code Provision B.1.2(c) (ii) of Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules as its remuneration model for determining the emoluments of the Directors. This model stipulates that the remuneration committee shall make recommendations to the board of the Company (the "Board") on the remuneration packages of individual executive directors and senior management. The remuneration committee of the Company would take into consideration, among other things, the duties and responsibilities of the Directors and senior management and prevailing market conditions when determining their remuneration.

The Company has adopted a share option scheme to provide incentives to eligible persons, including directors, employees, consultants, suppliers and customers of the Group. Details of the scheme are set out in note 23 to the consolidated financial statements.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Bye-laws or the laws of Bermuda, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to the existing shareholders.

PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float as required under the Listing Rules during the year and up to the date of this report.

薪酬政策

本集團僱員乃根據其優點、資歷及能力加以甄選、發 薪及擢升。

本公司採納列於上市規則附錄14守則條文第B.1.2(c)(ii) 條所載模式,作為釐定董事薪酬的酬報模式。此模式規定薪酬委員會應向本公司董事會(「董事會」)建議個別執行董事及高級管理層之薪酬待遇。本公司薪酬委員會釐定董事及高級管理層之薪酬時,將考慮(其中包括)董事及高級管理層之職務及職責以及目前市況。

本公司已採納購股權計劃,旨在獎勵合資格人士,包括本集團董事、僱員、顧問、供應商及客戶。該計劃之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註23。

優先購買權

公司細則或百慕達法律並無有關優先購買權之條文, 致使本公司有責任須按比例向現有股東提呈發售新 股份。

公眾持股量

根據本公司可取得公開資料及據董事所知,於本年度 內及直至本報告日期,本公司一直維持上市規則所規 定足夠公眾持股量。

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company set up an Audit Committee with written terms of reference in compliance with the Listing Rules. Amongst other duties, the principal duties of the Audit Committee are to review and supervise the financial reporting process and internal control of the Group. The Audit Committee comprises three independent non-executive directors of the Company, namely Mr. Fong Wo, Felix, Mr. Leung Wing Kin and Mr. Leung Chi Kong is the Chairman. The audited financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2017 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee.

AUDITOR

For the year ended 31 March 2017, the consolidated financial statements of the Company have been audited by BDO Limited ("BDO") whose term of office will expire upon the conclusion of the forthcoming annual general meeting ("AGM"). A resolution to reappoint BDO as auditor of the Company will be proposed to the shareholders of the Company for approval at the AGM.

On behalf of the board of directors

Chen Yin

Chairman

Hong Kong, 28 June 2017

審核委員會

本公司已成立審核委員會,並根據上市規則制定書面 職權範圍。在其他各項職務當中,審核委員會之主要 職務為審閱及監管本集團之財務申報程序及內部監 控。審核委員會由本公司三名獨立非執行董事組成,分別為方和先生、梁榮健先生及梁志剛先生,梁志剛先生為主席。審核委員會已審閱本集團截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之經審核財務報表。

核數師

代表董事會

主席

陳胤

香港,二零一七年六月二十八日

FINANCIAL RESULTS

The Group's revenue for the year ended 31 March 2017 was approximately HK\$600,000, which represented an decrease of approximately 0.33% when compared with that of last year. The Group incurred a loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company amounting to approximately HK\$14,707,000, which was decreased by approximately HK\$9,267,000 or 39% when compared with the loss of approximately HK\$23,974,000 incurred in last year. The Group's revenue represents interest income from convertible bonds. The decrease in the loss for the year was mainly attributable to the decrease of impairment loss on available-for-sale financial assets, the increase of realised gain on disposal of financial asset at fair value through profit or loss and the decrease in operating expenses during the year under review. The net asset value per share of the Group as at 31 March 2017 amounted to HK\$0.029 (2016: HK\$0.032). The Board has decided not to declare a final dividend for the year.

INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO

As at 31 March 2017, the details of major investments of the Group were summarised as below:

Interests in an associate - unlisted equity securities

財務業績

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,本集團收益約為600,000港元,較去年減少約0.33%。本集團產生本公司擁有人應佔本年度虧損約14,707,000港元,較去年所產生虧損約23,974,000港元減少約9,267,000港元或39%。本集團收益指可換股債券之利息收入。年度虧損減少主要乃由於可出售財務資產之減值虧損減少、出售按公平值計入在損益處理之財務資產之已變現收益增加及回顧年度內營運開支減少所致。於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團每股資產淨值為0.029港元(二零一六年:0.032港元)。董事會議決不會就本年度宣佈派發末期股息。

投資組合

於一家聯營公司之權益-非上市股本證券

Name of investee company	Place of incorporation/ operation	Percentage of effective interest held 所持實際	Proportion of voting power	Cost	Carrying value
接受投資公司名稱	註冊成立/營運地點	權益百分比	投票權比例	成本 HK\$'000 千港元	賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元
Bonicast Construction Material (Beijing) Co., Ltd 會鑄偉業建築材料 (北京) 有限公司	People's Republic of China ("PRC") 中華人民共和國 (「中國」)	49%	20%	6,080	5,512

INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (continued)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

(i) Investment in convertible bonds

投資組合(續)

按公平值計入在損益處理之財務資產

(i) 投資於可換股債券

Name of investee company 接受投資公司名稱	Place of incorporation 註冊成立地點	Cost 成本 HK\$'000 千港元	Carrying Value 賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元
Guanwan Investments Limited 冠萬投資有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬維京群島	20,000	26,459

(ii) Investment in Hong Kong listed equity securities

(ii) 投資於香港上市股本證券

Name	Number of shares held 所持	Percentage of interest held 所持權益	Cost	Market value
名稱	股份數目	百分比	成本	市值
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元
Shandong Molong Petroleum Machinery Co., Ltd 山東墨龍石油機械股份有限公司	1,958,800	0.2455%	6,362	4,133
Haitong International Securities Group Limited 海通國際證券集團有限公司	636,000	0.0119%	2,888	2,907
Huadian Fuxin Energy Corporation Limited 華電福新能源股份有限公司	1,300,000	0.0155%	2,245	2,262
BYD Company Limited 比亞迪股份有限公司	81,000	0.0030%	3,633	3,491
China Life Insurance Company Limited 中國人壽保險股份有限公司	300,000	0.0011%	7,264	7,155
China Galaxy Securities Co., Ltd. 中國銀河證券股份有限公司	1,616,000	0.0159%	11,435	11,587
A.Plus Group Holdings Limited 優越集團控股有限公司	3,300,000	0.8250%	1,000	2,376

INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (continued)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (continued)

(iii) Available-for-sale Financial Assets

投資組合(續)

按公平值計入在損益處理之財務資產(續)

(iii) 可出售財務資產

Name of investee company	Place of incorporation	Percentage of effective interest held 所持實際	Cost	Carrying Value
接受投資公司名稱	註冊成立地點	權益百分比	成本 HK\$'000 千港元	賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元
Tianjin Bao Xin Ying Precious Metals Management Limited	PRC	12.00%	6,590	5,256
天津寶鑫盈貴金屬經營有限公司 GuangZhou Shi Da Jian Credit Guarantee Limited	中國 PRC	11.59%	9,800	7,219
廣州市達鍵信用擔保有限公司 China Petroleum Bio-Energy Company Limited	中國 Hong Kong	5.69%	24,400	58,258
中海油氣生物能源有限公司 Yenbo Gain Limited 盈寶利有限公司	香港 BVI 英屬維京群島	18.18%	13,092	15,243
Perfect Worth Investment Limited	BVI 英屬維京群島	5.00%	18,303	3,116
Golden Resources Asia Limited	BVI 英屬維京群島	14.00%	10,000	9,932
Huge Leader Investment Development Limited	BVI 英屬維京群島	18.00%	10,000	10,070

Further details of major investments of the Group are included in 有關本集團主要投資之進一步詳情載於綜合財務報 note 16 to note 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

表附註16至附註18。

FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND LIQUIDITY

As at 31 March 2017, the Group had cash and cash equivalents of approximately HK\$13,772,000 (2016: approximately HK\$88,814,000). The Group had the net current assets and the net assets of approximately HK\$142,454,000 (2016: HK\$185,954,000) and approximately HK\$257,815,000 (2016: HK\$286,418,000) respectively as at 31 March 2017. Save as disclosed above, the Group had no bank and other borrowing as at 31 March 2017.

The current ratio, calculated on the basis of total current assets over total current liabilities, was approximately 79.19 (2016: 78.84) as at 31 March 2017

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

Details in the changes of the capital structure of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2017 are set out in note 21 to the consolidated financial statements. The capital of the Company comprises only ordinary shares as at 31 March 2017.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPOSURE

Most of the business transactions of the Group are denominated in Hong Kong dollars and Renminbi. The management of the Group will closely monitor the fluctuation in these currencies and take appropriate actions when needed. As at 31 March 2017, the Group did not engage in currency hedging nor did it adopt any formal hedging activities. The Group had not entered into any financial derivatives in currencies other than Hong Kong dollars during the year.

PLEDGE OF ASSETS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 March 2017, there were no charges on the Group's assets and the Group did not have any contingent liabilities.

STAFF COSTS

The Group's total staff costs (including Directors' remuneration) amounted to approximately HK\$7,460,000 for the year ended 31 March 2017 (2016: HK\$7,408,000). The employees were remunerated based on their responsibilities and performance.

財政資源及流動資金

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團有現金及現金等值物約13,772,000港元(二零一六年:約88,814,000港元)。於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團之流動資產淨值及資產淨值分別約142,454,000港元(二零一六年:185,954,000港元)及約257,815,000港元(二零一六年:286,418,000港元)。除上文披露者外,於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團並無銀行及其他借貸。

於二零一七年三月三十一日,流動比率(按流動資產總值除以流動負債總額計算)約為79.19(二零一六年:78.84)。

資本架構

有關本公司於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度 之資本架構變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註21。於二 零一七年三月三十一日,本公司股本僅包括普通股。

外匯風險

本集團大多數業務交易乃以港元及人民幣列值。本集團管理層將密切監察該等貨幣之波動情況,並於有需要時採取適當行動。於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團並無對沖貨幣,亦無進行任何正式對沖活動。本集團於年內並無訂立任何以港元以外貨幣計值之財務衍生工具。

資產抵押及或然負債

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團並無抵押資產, 亦無任何或然負債。

員工成本

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,本集團之員工成本總額(包括董事酬金)約為7,460,000港元(二零一六年:7,408,000港元)。本公司乃按僱員之職責及表現釐定彼等之酬金。

PROSPECT

Looking ahead into the rest of 2017, the operating environment for financial markets is expected to remain challenging. Some advanced economies in the world are grappling with challenges of structure, population and politics. The future growth of the economy is inevitably subject to constraints. Being an externally-oriented economy, Hong Kong is not immune from the development performance of global economy.

Based on the growth momentum of the mainland China economy, the growth rate in real terms of the mainland economy in 2016 was 6.7%. Although the growth rate was slightly lower than that in 2015, the "One Bank and Three Commissions" have collaborated in deleveraging that brought uncertainties to the development of the entire financial markets. Nevertheless, from another perspective, the policy orientation of guiding capital flow into real economy can bring new opportunities to the equity investment business of the Company.

For the United States, the Trump administration launched a tax reform scheme. When analyzing from the macro perspective, if there will be a successful implementation for all measures, the impact on the US economy will be highly positive. Though tax income will fall in the short term, it will definitely be able to stimulate economic growth. Meanwhile, the Federal Reserve will raise interest rates due to the economic growth. As the United States is the largest economy in the world, if there are significant changes in fiscal, trade and other economic policies, it is bound to have a material impact on global trade, investment and financial transactions. Therefore, it is still subject to the policies to be rolled out by the US government. We will keep a close eye on it and seize potential investment opportunities when arise.

The EU economy maintained a moderate growth in 2016. The chain effect caused by "Brexit" is largely controlled by far. However, the prospective negotiations between the UK and the EU are shrouded by uncertainties that will continue to cloud the economic outlook for Europe in 2017. Certain banking systems in the EU are not stable, which has become an increasing concern. Some members of the Eurozone are plagued by debts and unsustainable public finance as well as inelasticity in the market, which the underlying structural issues are deep-seated and still not resolved and are expected to remain a drag on the recovery of the region.

前景

於二零一七年餘下期間,金融市場的經營環境預期充滿挑戰。環球多個先進經濟體面對結構、人口和政治等各方面的挑戰,經濟的未來增長難免受到掣肘。香港是外向型的經濟體,備受環球經濟發展表現的影響。

觀乎中國大陸經濟發展表現,二零一六年內地經濟實質增長率為6.7%,增速較二零一五年略低,但一行三會共同合力去槓桿化,為整個金融市場的發展帶來不確定性,不過,從另一角而言,驅虛轉實的政策導向式能為公司的股權投資業務帶來新的機遇。

美國方面,特朗普政府推出了税改方案。從大局分析,一旦全部順利實施,對美國經濟影響將十分正面,雖然税收在短期內會下跌,但一定能刺激到經濟增長。與此同時,經濟增長會令聯儲局加息,美國是全球最大經濟體,倘若在財政、貿易及其他經濟政策方面出現重大轉變,勢必會對全球的貿易、投資和金融往來構成顯著影響。因此,還有待密切監察特朗普政府推出的政策發展及把握當中投資的機遇。

歐盟經濟在二零一六年維持溫和增長。雖然英國「脱歐」的連鎖效應至今大致受控,但事件連同英國與歐盟往後談判所涉及的變數,繼續困擾二零一七年歐洲的經濟前景。歐盟區內一些銀行體系欠穩,亦備受關注。歐元區一些成員國,面對債務、公共財政狀況難以持續,以及市場欠缺彈性等問題,情況根深柢固且仍未見解決,這些結構性問題料會繼續拖着區內經濟復蘇的後腿。

PROSPECT (continued)

There is still a huge opportunity for development in the Chinese market, despite full of uncertainties in the global economy. Going forward, the Company will keep on seeking business investment opportunities in the Chinese enterprises with potentials, and in a proactive manner, especially optimistic about the enterprises in relation to building materials, steel and energy development projects where the infrastructure projects are benefiting from "One Belt, One Road" initiative. The Company believes that it will bring considerable long-term returns.

What is pleasing to note, is that in the future, Hong Kong is poised for growth with the completion of the Hong Kong-Zhuhai-Macao Bridge, the construction of the third runway at Hong Kong International Airport, and a kick-start of the northeast New Territories development areas – all manifest that Hong Kong is in a bridging position with mainland China since it is literally a global company. Leveraging a solid foundation and rich experience in the past, we are convinced that Hong Kong is well positioned to take advantage of the opportunities arising from the economic cooperation with economies along the "One Belt, One Road" and the shifting of world economic power from the West to the East.

The initial public offerings ("IPO") market in mainland China is in a promising trend and further standardization on the IPO market in Hong Kong will attribute to value-added IPO projects. In addition, the "New Board" recently proposed by the Hong Kong Stock Exchange has remarkably relaxed the threshold for start-ups. This will expand capital access for the existing investment projects of the Company. Accordingly, the Company will input more resources into pre-IPO private financing market in order to achieve higher shareholder returns.

Looking ahead, the Group will adopt a pragmatic and enterprising approach to explore investment opportunities and ride on market trend at an optimal time with a pulse on policy development in various regions, thereby maximizing returns to shareholders.

前景(續)

儘管環球經濟充滿不明朗因素,然而,中國市場仍有 龐大的發展機會。未來本公司將繼續積極物色投資國 內具有潛質企業的機會,尤其看好受惠於「一帶一路」 基建項目的建材、鋼材及能源發展項目的公司,本公 司相信該政策將會帶來可觀的長遠回報。

可喜的是隨著未來港珠澳大橋通車、香港國際機場第三跑道興建和新界東北發展區工程啟動,香港將更能展現出作為環球公司在內地發展的橋樑地位。我們深信,香港憑藉過去的堅實基礎和豐富經驗,有足夠條件抓緊「一帶一路」沿線經濟體經濟合作及世界經濟重心東移的機遇。

內地首次公開募股(「IPO」)市場漸趨向好,及本港首次公開募股市場進一步規範化,將會對首次公開募股項目的價值有所提升。此外,香港交易所近期倡議的「創新板」政策大大放寬企業進場的門檻,此舉為公司現有投資項目提供更多進出的途徑。因此,公司未來將會對上市前私募市場投放更多的資源,以賺取更高的股東回報。

展望未來,本集團將以務實進取的方向發掘出各項投資機遇,並適時順應市場趨勢,緊貼各地政策發展, 為股東尋求最大利益。

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

During the year, the Company repurchased a total of 114,900,000 shares on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange at an aggregate consideration (before expenses) of HK\$11,110,900.

Particulars of the repurchases are as follows:

購買、出售或贖回本公司上市證券

於本年度·本公司於香港聯交所合共購回114,900,000 股股份·總代價(扣除開支前)為11,110,900港元。

購回詳情如下:

Date	日期	Number of shares repurchased 所購回股份數目	Purchase 購買		Aggregate consideration (before expense) 總代價
			Highest (HK\$) 最高(港元)	Lowest (HK\$) 最低 (港元)	(HK\$) (港元)
2016	二零一六年				
20 May 4 July 5 July 25 July 26 July	五月二十日 七月四日 七月五日 七月二十五日 七月二十六日	8,420,000 7,800,000 50,280,000 30,900,000 17,500,000	0.114 0.111 0.111 0.097 0.083	0.113 0.108 0.090 0.086 0.077	954,000 853,780 5,108,860 2,795,640 1,398,620

Save as disclosed above, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's shares during the year ended 31 March 2017.

除上文所披露者外,本公司或其任何附屬公司並無於 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度內購買、贖回或 出售本公司任何股份。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治報告

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICE

The Board recognises the importance of corporate governance practice of a listed company and is committed to adopting the standards of corporate governance. It is in the interest of the shareholders and stakeholders for a listed company to operate in a transparent manner with the adoptions of various self-regulatory policies, procedures and monitoring mechanisms with a clear definition of accountability of directors and management. The Company and the Directors confirm, to the best of their knowledge, that the Company has complied with the Code of Corporate Governance practices (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules during the year ended 31 March 2017, except the deviation disclosed in the following paragraph:

Code Provision A.6.7

The code provision A.6.7 of the CG Code states that independent non-executive directors should also attend general meetings and develop a balanced understanding of the views of shareholders. One of the independent non-executive directors was eligible but unable to attend the annual general meeting of the Company held on 31 August 2016 due to other important engagement.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Composition

The Board members during the year and up to the date of this report were as follows:

Executive Directors:

Mr. Chan Cheong Yee Mr. Zhang Xuming

Non-executive Director:

Mr. Chen Yin

Independent non-executive Directors:

Mr. Fong Wo, Felix Mr. Leung Wing Kin Mr. Leung Chi Kong

企業管治常規

董事會深明上市公司企業管治常規之重要性,亦一直 致力採納企業管治標準。上市公司之營運具透明度, 採納各項自行規管政策、程序以及監控機制,並清楚 界定董事與管理層權責,符合股東及權益持有人之利 益。本公司及董事確認,盡彼等所知,除下段所披露 之偏離情況外,本公司於截至二零一七年三月三十一 日止年度內一直遵守上市規則附錄14所載企業管治 常規守則(「企業管治守則」):

守則條文第A.6.7條

企業管治守則之守則條文第A.6.7條規定,獨立非執行董事亦應出席股東大會,以便對股東之觀點有平衡的理解。其中一名獨立非執行董事符合資格但因其他重要公務而未能出席本公司於二零一六年八月三十一日舉行之股東週年大會。

董事會

成.員

於本年度內及直至本報告日期,董事會成員如下:

執行董事:

陳昌義先生張旭明先生

非執行董事:

陳 胤先生

獨立非執行董事:

方 和先生 梁榮健先生 梁志剛先生

The Board is responsible for the leadership and control of the Company and oversees the Group's businesses, investment and strategic decisions and performance. The executive Board, investment manager and senior management have been delegated with the authority and responsibility by the Board for the day-to-day operations of the Group while reserving certain key matters for the approval by the Board. In addition, the Board has also delegated various responsibilities to the Board committees. Further details of these Board committees are set out in this Corporate Governance Report.

董事會負責領導及控制本公司,監督本集團之業務、 投資以及策略性決策及表現。執行董事會、投資經理 及高級管理層獲董事會授權及委派負責處理本集團 之日常業務,惟若干主要事項則須獲董事會審批。此 外,董事會亦委派多項責任予董事委員會。該等董事 委員會之進一步詳情載於本企業管治報告。

The Board members have no financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationships with each other. Such balanced board composition is formed to ensure strong independence exists across the Board and has met recommended practice under the Code for the Board to have at least one-third of its members comprising independent non-executive Directors. The biographical information of the existing Directors is set out on pages 47 to 50 under the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management".

董事會各成員之間並無財務、業務、親屬或其他重大 /相關方面之關係。董事會之平衡架構可確保董事會 穩健獨立,並符合守則有關董事會須有最少三分之一 成員為獨立非執行董事之建議常規。現任董事履歷資 料載於第47至50頁「董事及高級管理層履歷」一節。

Chairman

The role of the chairman of the Company takes the lead in formulating overall strategies and policies of the Group; ensures the effective performance by the Board of its functions, including compliance with good corporate governance practices and encourages and facilitates active contribution of Directors in Board activities. The Chairman also ensures that all Directors are properly briefed on issues arising at Board meetings and have received adequate, complete and reliable information in a timely manner with the assistance of the company secretary.

主席

本公司主席帶領制訂本集團之整體策略及政策,確保董事會有效發揮其職能,包括遵守良好企業管治常規,以及鼓勵及促進董事積極參與董事會活動。主席在公司秘書協助下,亦確保所有董事均適當知悉董事會會議上提呈之事項,且已適時收到足夠、完備及可靠資料。

Executive Directors

The executive Directors are responsible for running the Group and executing the strategies adopted by the Board. They lead the Group's management team in accordance with the directions set by the Board and are responsible for ensuring that proper internal control system is in place and the Group's business conforms to applicable laws and regulations.

執行董事

執行董事負責本集團業務營運及實行董事會所採納 政策。彼等按照董事會所制訂方針領導本集團管理隊 伍,並負責確保設有適當之內部監控制度及本集團業 務符合適用法例及規例。

Non-executive Director and Independent non-executive Directors

The non-executive Director and the independent non-executive Directors serve the important function of ensuring and monitoring the basis for an effective corporate governance framework. Their participations provide adequate checks and balances to safeguard the interests of the Group and its shareholders. The Board consists of three independent non-executive Directors and each of them has appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise. All independent non-executive Directors are financially independent from the Company. The Company confirmed with all independent non-executive Directors as to their independence with reference to the factors as set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

非執行董事及獨立非執行董事

非執行董事及獨立非執行董事之重要職責是確保及 監察企業管治架構成效。彼等之參與提供足夠制衡以 保障本集團及其股東之利益。董事會包括三名獨立非 執行董事,彼等均擁有合適之專業資格或會計或與財 務管理有關之專業知識。全體獨立非執行董事在財政 上均獨立於本公司。本公司經參照上市規則第3.13條 所載因素,確認全體獨立非執行董事之獨立身分。

Board Meetings

The attendance of each Director at Board meetings during the year ended 31 March 2017 was as follows:

董事會會議

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,各董事於董事 會會議之出席記錄如下:

		Number of
Name of Director		meetings attended/held 出席/舉行
董事姓名		會議數目
Executive Directors	執行董事	
Mr. Chan Cheong Yee	陳昌義先生	13/13
Mr. Zhang Xuming	張旭明先生	13/13
Non-executive Director	非執行董事	
Mr. Chen Yin	陳 胤先生	13/13
Independent non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	
Mr. Fong Wo, Felix	方 和先生	3/13
Mr. Leung Wing Kin	梁榮健先生	3/13
Mr. Leung Chi Kong	梁志剛先生	3/13

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治報告

DIRECTORS' TRAINING

As part of an ongoing process of directors' training, the company secretary continuously updates all Directors on latest developments regarding the Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements to ensure compliance of the same by all Directors. All Directors are encouraged to attend external forum or training courses on relevant topics which may count towards continuous professional development training.

Pursuant to Code A.6.5 of the "Corporate Governance Code", Directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. This is to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. For the period from 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017, all Directors had participated in appropriate continuous professional development activities either by attending training courses or by reading materials relevant to the Company's business or to the Directors' duties and responsibilities.

COMPANY SECRETARY

The company secretary Mr. Yan Ho Yin is a full time employee of the Company. He fulfills the requirement under rules 3.28 and 3.29 of the Listing Rules. The company secretary reports to the Chairman and supports the Board, ensures good information flow within the Board and Board policy and procedures are followed; advises the Board on governance matters, facilitates induction and, monitors the training and continuous professional development of Directors. He has attained not less than 15 hours of relevant professional training during the review period.

INSURANCE

The Company has arranged appropriate liability insurance, with coverage being reviewed annually, to indemnify the directors and officers from their risk exposure arising from corporate activities.

董事培訓

作為董事持續培訓其中一環,公司秘書持續向全體董事提供上市規則及其他適用監管規例最新發展之最新資料,以確保全體董事遵守規定。全體董事獲鼓勵 出席可計入持續專業發展培訓相關主題之外界論壇 或培訓課程。

根據「企業管治守則」守則第A.6.5條,董事應參與持續專業發展以增進及重溫彼等之知識及技術。此舉確保維持彼等對董事會持續作出知情及恰當之貢獻。於二零一六年四月一日至二零一七年三月三十一日期間,全體董事已參與合適持續專業發展活動,出席有關本公司業務或董事職務及職責之培訓課程或閱讀相關資料。

公司秘書

公司秘書忻浩賢先生為本公司全職僱員,符合上市規則第3.28及3.29條規定。公司秘書向主席匯報,並支援董事會,確保董事會內資料得到良好交流,以及董事會政策及程序得到遵從,並就管治事項向董事會提供建議、協助就職事宜,以及監管董事之培訓及持續專業發展。彼於回顧期間已接受不少於十五小時之相關專業培訓。

保險

本公司已為董事及行政人員安排適當責任保險,並每 年檢討投保範圍,以保障彼等因公司事務而承受之風 險。

SUPPLY OF AND ACCESS TO INFORMATION

In respect of regular board meetings, an agenda and accompanying board papers of the meeting are sent in full to all directors in advance before the intended date of a meeting. The management has the obligation to supply the Board and the various Board committees with adequate information in a timely manner to enable the members to make informed decisions. Each Director has separate and independent access to the Group's senior management to acquire more information than is volunteered by management and to make further enquiries if necessary.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee comprises all three independent non-executive Directors and is chaired by Mr. Leung Chi Kong. The Audit Committee meets at least twice a year. The Audit Committee is mainly responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting system and internal control procedures; making recommendations to the Board in the appointment and removal of the external auditors and to approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditors; and any questions of resignation or dismissal of such auditors; and reviewing the interim and annual reports and the financial statements of the Group. The terms of reference are available on the Company's website.

The attendance of each member at Audit Committee meetings during the year ended 31 March 2017 was as follows:

提供及取得資料

就定期董事會會議而言,會議議程及相關董事會文件 於擬定會議日期前送呈全體董事。管理層有責任向董 事會及各董事委員會適時提供充足資料,以便各成員 作出知情決定。各董事可個別及獨立地接觸本集團高 級管理層,以取得管理層主動提供以外之資料,並於 有需要時作進一步查詢。

審核委員會

審核委員會由全體三名獨立非執行董事組成,由梁志剛先生擔任主席。審核委員會每年最少舉行兩次會議。審核委員會主要負責監督本公司之財務申報系統及內部監控程序;就委任及罷免外聘核數師向董事會提供建議以及批准外聘核數師之薪酬及委聘條款;及就有關核數師之辭任或免職提出任何疑問;及審閱本集團中期及年度報告以及財務報表。職權範圍於本公司網站可供查閱。

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,各成員出席審核委員會會議記錄如下:

Number of meetings attended/held 出席/舉行 會議數目

Mr. Leung Chi Kong (Chairman)梁志剛先生(主席)2/2Mr. Fong Wo, Felix方 和先生2/2Mr. Leung Wing Kin梁榮健先生2/2

Name

姓名

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治報告

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Company's Remuneration Committee consists of all three independent non-executive Directors and the non-executive Director Mr. Chen Yin, and is chaired by Mr. Fong Wo, Felix, an independent non-executive Director. The Remuneration Committee is mainly responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the Company's remuneration policy for Directors and senior management, and overseeing the remuneration packages of the executive Directors and senior management. The terms of reference are available on the Company's website.

The Remuneration Committee has considered and approved the Group's policy for the remuneration of directors and senior management. The Remuneration Committee has assessed the performance of the executive directors and considered the remuneration package of executive directors by reference to the prevailing packages with companies listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Details of the directors' remuneration are disclosed on an individual basis in note 13 to the consolidated financial statements. The Group adopts a competitive remuneration package for its employees. Promotion and salary increments are assessed based on a performance related basis.

The attendance of each member at Remuneration Committee meeting during the year ended 31 March 2017 was as follows:

Mr. Chen Yin

薪酬委員會

本公司薪酬委員會由全體三名獨立非執行董事及非 執行董事陳胤先生組成,由獨立非執行董事方和先生 擔任主席。薪酬委員會主要負責就本公司董事及高級 管理層之薪酬政策向董事會提供建議,並監察執行董 事及高級管理層之薪酬待遇。其職權範圍於本公司網 站可供查閱。

薪酬委員會已考慮及審批本集團董事及高級管理層薪酬政策。薪酬委員會已評估執行董事之表現,並經參考聯交所主板上市公司之現行待遇而考慮執行董事之薪酬待遇。個別董事之薪酬詳情於綜合財務報表附註13披露。本集團為其僱員採納具競爭力之薪酬待遇。升職及加薪幅度以相關表現為基準進行評估。

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,各成員出席薪酬委員會會議記錄如下:

Nameattended/held
出席/舉行姓名會議數目Mr. Fong Wo, Felix (Chairman)方 和先生(主席)Mr. Leung Wing Kin梁榮健先生2/2Mr. Leung Chi Kong梁志剛先生2/2

陳 胤先生

2/2

Number of meetings

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Company's Nomination Committee consists of all three independent non-executive Directors and the non-executive Director Mr. Chen Yin, and is chaired by Mr. Fong Wo, Felix, an independent non-executive Director. The primary function of the Nomination Committee is to review the structure, size and composition of the Board annually and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Group's corporate strategy. The terms of reference are available on the Company's website.

The attendance of each member at Nomination Committee meetings during the year ended 31 March 2017 was as follows:

提名委員會

本公司提名委員會由全體三名獨立非執行董事及非 執行董事陳胤先生組成,由獨立非執行董事方和先生 擔任主席。提名委員會主要職能為每年檢討董事會結 構、人數及組成,並就董事會之任何建議改動提供意 見,以配合本集團企業策略。其職權範圍於本公司網 站可供查閱。

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度·各成員出席提名委員會會議記錄如下:

Number of

Namemeetingsttended/held出席/舉行姓名

Mr. Fong Wo, Felix (Chairman)	方 和先生 <i>(主席)</i>	2/2
Mr. Leung Wing Kin	梁榮健先生	2/2
Mr. Leung Chi Kong	梁志剛先生	2/2
Mr. Chen Yin	陳 胤先生	2/2

RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

The Company's Risk Management Committee consists of all three independent non-executive Directors, the executive Director Mr. Zhang Xuming and the company secretary Mr. Yan Ho Yin, and is chaired by Mr. Leung Chi Kong, an independent non-executive Director. The primary function of the Risk Management Committee is to review, monitor, manage and control the existing investments, developing and reviewing the risk management policy and monitoring the effective running of the risk management.

風險管理委員會

本公司風險管理委員會由全體三名獨立非執行董事、 執行董事張旭明先生及公司秘書忻浩賢先生組成,並 由獨立非執行董事梁志剛先生擔任主席。風險管理委 員會主要職能為檢討、監控、管理及控制現有投資, 以制訂及審視風險管理政策及監控風險管理的實際 運作。

The attendance of each member at Risk Management Committee meetings during the year ended 31 March 2017 was as follows:

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,各成員出席風險管理委員會會議記錄如下:

Name		Number of meetings attended/held
姓名		出席/舉行 會議數目
Mr. Leung Chi Kong <i>(Chairman)</i>	梁志剛先生(主席)	1/1
Mr. Fong Wo, Felix	方 和先生	1/1
Mr. Leung Wing Kin	梁榮健先生	1/1
Mr. Zhang Xuming	張旭明先生	1/1
Company Secretary	公司秘書	
Mr. Liu Jiazhen (Resigned on 13/1/2017)	劉嘉臻先生(於二零一七年一月十三日辭任)	1/1
Mr. Yan Ho Yin (Appointed on 13/1/2017)	忻浩賢先生(於二零一七年一月十三日獲委任)	0/1

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTION

No corporate governance committee has been established and the Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance functions, which includes developing and reviewing the Company's policies, practices on corporate governance, training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management, the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements etc. During the year under review, the Board has reviewed the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance.

企業管治職能

本公司並無成立企業管治委員會,董事會負責執行企業管治職能,包括制訂及審視本公司之政策、企業管治常規、董事及高級管理層之培訓及持續專業發展、本公司有關遵守法律及監管要求之政策及常規等。於回顧年度,董事會已審視本公司之企業管治政策及常規。

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Board acknowledges its responsibility to prepare the Group's consolidated financial statements for each financial period and to ensure that the consolidated financial statements are in accordance with statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards. The Board also ensures the timely publication of the consolidated financial statements. The Directors, having made appropriate enquiries, confirm that they are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. The statements of the auditor of the Group regarding their responsibilities on the consolidated financial statements is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 51 to 57 of this annual report.

INTERNAL CONTROL AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Board, recognising its overall responsibility in ensuring the system of internal controls of the Group and for reviewing its effectiveness, is committed to implementing an effective and sound internal control system to safeguard the interests of shareholders and the assets of the Group. Procedures have been designed to safeguard assets against unauthorised use or disposition, to ensure the sufficient allocation of resources and manpower and the maintenance of proper accounting records for the provision of reliable financial information for internal use or for publication, and to ensure compliance with applicable law, rules and regulations. The procedures provide a reasonable but not absolute assurance and prevention of material untrue statements or losses, as well as management on the interruption of the Group's management system and risks existing in the course of arriving at the Group's objectives.

The management of the Group has conducted a review on the Group's internal control and risk management system for the year ended 31 March 2017 with no material weakness found. The management will continue to improve and strengthen its control in order to enhance the corporate governance and safeguard the interest of its shareholders.

董事於財務報表之責任

董事會確認其有責任編製本集團各財務期間之綜合財務報表,並確保綜合財務報表符合法定要求及適用會計準則。董事會亦確保綜合財務報表適時刊發。董事於作出適當查詢後確認,彼等並不知悉任何可能會對本集團持續經營能力造成重大疑慮之事件或情況之重大不確定因素。有關本集團核數師對綜合財務報表之責任聲明,載於本年報第51至57頁之獨立核數師報告書內。

內部監控及風險管理

董事會知悉其就確保本集團內部監控制度及檢討其有效性之全面責任,承諾貫徹執行有效及合理之內部監控制度,以保障股東權益及本集團資產。本集團已制定程序,以防止資產遭未經授權使用或出售,確保足夠資源及人力分配以及存有適當會計記錄以提供可靠財務資料作內部使用或刊發,以及確保遵守適用法律、法規及規定。該等程序可合理(但並非絕對)保證及避免不會出現重大失實陳述或損失,及管理本集團之管理系統遭受干擾之情況以及達成本集團目標過程中所存在之風險。

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,本集團管理層已檢討本集團之內部監控及風險管理制度,並無發現任何重大缺失。管理層將繼續改善及強化其監控,藉以提升企業管治水平並保障其股東之權益。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治報告

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

During the year, the remuneration paid and payable to the Company's auditor, BDO Limited for audit service of the year ended 31 March 2017 is HK\$488,000 and there is no non-audit service provided during the year ended 31 March 2017.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as the code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the directors. Having made specific enquiry of all Directors, the Company confirmed that all the Directors have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the year.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHT

Procedures for shareholders to propose a person for election as a director

Subject to the Bye-laws and applicable laws, rules and regulations, the Company may in a general meeting by ordinary resolution elect any person to be a director of the Company either to fill a casual vacancy on the Board, or as an addition to the existing Board.

A shareholder who is entitled to attend and vote at the meeting may propose a person (the "Candidate") other than a director of the Company for election as a director at a general meeting by lodging the following documents at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong (Suites 2706-2707, 27/F., Everbright Centre, 108 Gloucester Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong) for the attention of the company secretary:

- A written notice signed by the shareholder concerned which is given of his/her intention to propose the Candidate for election;
- A written notice signed by the Candidate indicating his/ her willingness to be elected, together with the Candidate's biographical details as required by Rule 13.51(2) of the Listing Rules; and
- 3. The Candidate's written consent to the publication of his/her personal data.

核數師酬金

於本年度,本公司就截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之核數服務已付及應付本公司核數師香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司之酬金為488,000港元。於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度內無非核數服務。

證券交易之標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄10所載上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)作為董事進行證券交易之操守守則。本公司向全體董事進行具體查詢後確認,全體董事於年內一直遵守標準守則所載規定標準。

股東權利

股東提名人士參選董事之程序

受限於公司細則及適用法例、規則及規例,本公司可於股東大會透過普通決議案選舉任何人士為本公司董事,以填補董事會臨時空缺或作為現時董事會之新增度位。

有權出席大會並於會上表決之股東可於股東大會提名一名本公司董事以外人士(「候選人」)參選董事,方式為將以下文件須送呈本公司之香港主要營業地點,香港灣仔告士打道108號光大中心27樓2706-2707室,註明收件人為公司秘書:

- 有關股東所簽署表明其有意提名候選人參選之 書面頒告;
- 2. 候選人所簽署表明其有意參選之書面通告,連 同上市規則第13.51(2)條規定之候選人履歷資料;及
- 3. 候選人同意刊發其個人資料之同意書。

The period for lodgment of the above documents shall have given to the company secretary of the Company during a period commencing no earlier than the day after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and ending no later than 7 days prior to the date of such meeting.

呈交上述文件期間,須於由不早於就該選舉召開之股東大會通告寄發日期後一天至不遲於該大會日期前7天之期間,送交本公司之公司秘書。

Procedures for shareholders to convene a special general meeting

Special general meetings shall be convened on the written requisition of any two or more registered members of the Company deposited at the registered office in Bermuda specifying the objects of the meeting and signed by the requisitionists, provided that such requisitionists held as at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company which carries the right of voting at general meetings of the Company. General meetings may also be convened on the written requisition of any one member of the Company which is a recognised clearing house (or its nominee) deposited at the principal office of the Company in Hong Kong or, in the event the Company ceases to have such a principal office, the registered office specifying the objects of the meeting and signed by the requisitionist, provided that such requisitionist held as at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company which carries the right of voting at general meetings of the Company. If the Board does not within 21 days from the date of deposit of the requisition proceed duly to convene the meeting, the requisitionist(s) themselves or any of them representing more than one-half of the total voting rights of all of them, may convene the general meeting in the same manner as nearly as possible, as that in which meetings may be convened by the Board provided that any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the date of deposit of the requisition, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to them by the Company.

股東召開股東特別大會之程序

股東特別大會可應本公司任何兩名或以上登記股東 的書面要求召開,有關要求須送達本公司於百慕達的 註冊辦事處,當中列明大會的主要商議事項並由請求 人簽署,惟該等請求人於送達要求當日須持有本公司 不少於附帶於本公司股東大會表決權之繳足股本十 分之一。股東大會亦可應本公司任何一名股東(為認 可結算所或其代名人)的書面要求召開,有關要求須 送達本公司香港主要辦事處或倘本公司不再設置上 述主要辦事處,則註冊辦事處,當中列明大會的主要 商議事項,並由請求人簽署,惟該等請求人於送達要 求當日須持有本公司不少於附帶於本公司股東大會 表決權之繳足股本十分之一。倘董事會於送達要求當 日起計21日內,並無按既定程序籌備召開大會,則請 求人自身或彼等當中代表所持全部投票權過半數的 任何請求人,可按盡量接近董事會召開大會的相同方 式召開股東大會,惟按上述方式召開的任何大會,不 得於送達有關要求當日起計三個月屆滿後舉行,且本 公司須向請求人償付其因董事會未有召開大會而導 致請求人產生的所有合理開支。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治報告

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The annual general meeting provides a useful forum for shareholders to exchange views with the Board. The chairman of the Company as well as the chairman and members of various Board committees are pleased to answer shareholders' questions. Separate resolutions are proposed at general meetings on each substantially separate issue, including the election of individual directors. Details of poll voting procedures and the rights of shareholders to demand a poll are included in the circular to shareholders despatched together with the annual report. The circular also includes relevant details of proposed resolutions, including biographies of each candidates standing for re-election. The results of the poll are published on the Company's website, and on the website of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, (http://www.hkex.com.hk).

INVESTOR RELATIONS

During the year under review, the Group has proactively enhanced its corporate transparency and communications with its shareholders and the investment community through the announcement of its mandatory interim and final reports. Through the timely distribution of other announcements, the Group has also kept the public abreast of its latest developments.

與股東交流

股東週年大會提供實用場所供股東與董事會交流意見。本公司主席及各董事委員會之主席及成員均樂意回答股東提問。重大個別事項(包括選任個別董事)均以獨立決議案在股東大會提呈。投票表決程序及股東要求投票表決權利之詳情,載於與年報一併寄發予股東之通函內。該通函亦載列擬提呈決議案之有關詳情,包括重選連任之各候選人履歷。投票表決結果刊登於本公司網站及香港聯合交易所有限公司之網站(http://www.hkex.com.hk)。

投資者關係

於回顧年度內,本集團透過發佈強制性中期報告及末期報告,積極提升其企業透明度以及加強與其股東及 投資界溝通。本集團亦已透過適時刊發其他公佈,使 公眾掌握其最新發展。

It is the first year for the Company to publish Environmental, Social and Governance (the "ESG") Report. Being a listed company, apart from strictly complying with the Code of Corporate Governance practices as set out in the Listing Rules to maintain a high ethical standard, the Board also strives to be a responsible corporation by placing great emphasis on the environmental protection, people oriented and community care. The Board believes that these sustainability objectives can align with the company's business strategies to contribute most favorable return for stakeholders.

此為本公司刊發環境、社會及管治(「環境、社會及管治」)報告之首年。作為一間上市公司,除了嚴格遵守上市規則所載之企業管治常規守則以維持高道德標準外,董事會亦透過強調環境保護、以人為本及關心社區,致力成為負責任企業。董事會相信,該等可持續發展目標可配合本公司之業務策略,為利益相關者創造最佳回報。

The Company is an investment company and is principally engaged in investments in a diversified portfolio of listed and unlisted companies. As an investment company, the Company does not directly participate in the production and operation of these listed and unlisted companies. While actively seeking to optimise its investment portfolio and maximise shareholder return, the Company lives up to its corporate social responsibility and strikes a balance between the interests of stakeholders such as the shareholders and the community, with the ultimate goal of achieving a sustainable corporation.

本公司為一間投資公司,主要從事於上市及非上市公司之多元化組合之投資。作為一間投資公司,本公司不會直接參與該等上市及非上市公司之生產及營運。於積極爭取優化投資組合及為股東帶來最大利益的同時,本公司肩負其企業社會責任,致力平衡股東及社區等利益相關者之間的利益,以實現可持續發展企業的最終目標。

This ESG Report has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide (the "ESG Guide") as contained in the Listing Rules. The ESG Guide requires a listed company to identify and disclose ESG information that is material and relevant to its business.

本環境、社會及管治報告已根據上市規則所載之環境、社會及管治報告指引(「環境、社會及管治指引」) 之規定編製。環境、社會及管治指引規定上市公司識別並披露對其業務而言屬重大及有關之環境、社會及 管治資料。

A. ENVIRONMENT

A1. Emissions

As the Company is engaged in investment business, its emissions such as air pollutants and greenhouse gas emissions, and discharges into water and land do not have significant impact on the environment. Nonhazardous wastes (commercial wastes and the disposal of computer devices and office equipment) produced by the Company are also at a minimum.

A. 環境

A1. 排放物

由於本公司從事投資業務,其排放物(如空氣污染物、溫室氣體排放及向水及土地排污)並不會對環境造成重大影響。本公司產生之無害廢棄物(商業廢物及棄置電腦裝置及辦公室設備)亦處於極低水平。

A. **ENVIRONMENT** (continued)

A2. Use of Resources

The Company commits to protect the environment by mainly focusing on the reduction in electricity, paper and water consumption. To achieve this, the Company continually applies efficient consumption strategy to improve energy saving and reduce energy consumption.

I. Electricity:

In order to reduce the consumption of electricity in office, the Company always encourages all staff to:

- Set the central air-conditioning system at room temperature of 25.5 °C;
- Set the computers and printers in energysaving mode when not being used;
- Switch off all lights in office when all staffs have left after office hours;
- Switch off lights in meeting rooms when not being in use;
- Switch off printers when all staffs have left after office hours;
- Turn off computers and monitors overnights except it is required for working purpose such as system updates;
- Remove all the electronic chargers from the sockets when not being used; and
- Join the WWF Earth Hour 2016 event.

II. Paper:

In order to reduce paper usage in office, the Company always encourages all staff to:

- Print in duplex;
- Use recycled paper for printing;
- Print in black and white; and
- E-storage of documents.

A. 環境(續)

A2. 資源使用

本公司透過主要專注於減少電力、紙張及 水的消耗而致力保護環境。為此,本公司 持續採用高效的消耗策略以加強節能並 減少能源消耗。

I. 電力:

為減少辦公室用電,本公司經常鼓勵全體員工:

- 將中央空調系統設定為室溫 攝氏25.5度;
- 在不使用時將電腦及打印機 設定為省電模式;
- 於辦公時間後所有員工離開時關掉辦公室所有電燈;
- 在不使用時關掉會議室所有 電燈;
- 於辦公時間後所有員工離開時關掉打印機;
- 除系統更新等工作目的外, 在晚上關掉電腦及顯示屏;
- 在不使用時拔掉所有充電器 插頭;及
- 參加世界自然基金會「地球 一小時2016 | 活動。

Ⅱ. 紙張:

為減少辦公室用紙,本公司經常鼓勵全體員工:

- 雙面打印;
- 使用再造紙打印;
- 黑白打印;及
- 電子存檔。

A. **ENVIRONMENT** (continued)

A2. Use of Resources (continued)

III. Water:

Water consumption of the Company is minimal. Employees are encouraged not to waste water.

A3. Environment and Natural Resources

Due to the nature of the business, in addition to the above-mentioned emissions and resource usage, the Company does not have any direct and significant impacts on the environment and natural resources in the course of its operation.

Staff members believe it is important to minimise their impact on the environment and natural resources due to the operations. In fact, as the Company's operations do not directly involve the use of natural resources, there is comparatively little impact on the environment and natural resources.

B. SOCIAL

B1. Employment

Employees are regarded as the greatest and valuable assets and core competitive advantage of the Company and also provide driving force for the continuous innovation of the Company.

A set of Human Resources policy is provided which clearly states the recruitment and promotion, staff benefits and welfare, compensation and dismissal, equal employment opportunities without any discrimination against gender, marital status, age, race, nationality and religion etc

B2. Health and Safety

The Company is committed to providing and maintaining a safe and healthy workplace for all employees. Every employee has enough working space in office and small fitness equipment is offered in office to support health. The Company provides its staff with mandatory provident fund (MPF) and, medical insurance (including in-patient and out-patient). In the Year, no work related injuries or fatalities were recorded.

A. 環境(續)

A2. 資源使用(續)

III. 水:

本公司之耗水量處於極低水平,並 鼓勵僱員不要浪費食水。

A3. 環境及天然資源

由於業務性質,除上述排放物及資源使用外,本公司於營運過程中對環境及天然資源並無任何直接及重大影響。

員工相信,減低營運對環境及天然資源之 影響極為重要。事實上,由於本公司之營 運不會直接涉及天然資源之使用,因此對 環境及天然資源之影響相對較低。

B. 社會

B1. 僱傭

本公司視僱員為最大及最寶貴之資產,且 為本公司之核心競爭優勢,並為本公司之 持續創新帶來推動力。

本公司已制定一系列人力資源政策,清楚 列明聘用及晉升、員工待遇及福利、賠償 及解僱以及概無任何性別、婚姻狀況、年 齡、種族、國籍及宗教等歧視之公平就業 機會。

B2. 健康與安全

本公司致力為全體僱員提供一個安全及健康之工作場所。每名僱員在辦公室均有充裕之工作空間,且辦公室設有小型健身設備以維持員工之健康。本公司向員工提供強制性公積金(強積金)及醫療保險(包括住院及門診)。年內概無錄得與工作有關之傷亡。

B. SOCIAL (continued)

B2. Health and Safety (continued)

The Company has developed a set of work safety codes covering areas of environmental hygiene and cleanliness, machine operation, smoking ban and fire prevention, hazardous materials handling, arrangements in times of typhoons and rainstorms, as well as response to emergencies, etc. It also requires strict compliance with these work safety codes by its employees.

B3. Development and training

The Company supports its staff to develop and enhance their professional knowledge and skills to cope with the evolving market environment and compliance level. On top of on-the-job training, the staff members are encouraged to take external professional training to strengthen their work-related expertise.

The Company has always encouraged staff members to attend courses or seminars organized by professional bodies and regularly update their knowledges on investments, accounting standards, Listing Rules, the Securities and Futures Ordinance and the Companies Ordinances.

The Company also offers education allowance as incentive for employees to take professional examinations.

We adopt a five-day workweek and encourage our employees to have a good balance among health, work and social or family activities.

B4. Labour Standards

The Company has complied with the applicable employment-related laws and regulations currently in force in Hong Kong. The Company does not employ staff who are below 18 years of age. The Company provides such rights and benefits to its employees which are no less than those required statutorily. No employee is paid less than the minimum wage specified by the Minimum Wage Ordinance (Chapter 608 of the Laws of Hong Kong). The Company's contributions to the defined contribution retirement scheme it operated under the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme are made by each monthly contribution day.

B. 社會(續)

B2. 健康與安全(續)

本公司已制定一套工作安全守則,涵蓋環境衛生及清潔、機器操作、禁煙及防火、 有害物料處理、颱風及暴雨下之安排以及 緊急情況應對等,亦要求僱員嚴格遵守該 等工作安全守則。

B3. 發展及培訓

本公司支持員工發展及加強彼等之專業 知識及技能以應對不斷轉變之市場環境 及合規水平。除在職培訓以外,本公司亦 鼓勵員工參與外部專業培訓,以強化彼等 與工作有關之專業知識。

本公司一直鼓勵員工出席專業機構舉辦 之課程及研討會,並定期更新彼等有關投 資、會計準則、上市規則、證券及期貨條 例及公司條例之知識。

本公司亦提供教育津貼以激勵員工參加 專業考試。

我們實行五天工作週,並鼓勵僱員在健康、工作及社交或家庭活動之間取得適當 之平衡。

B4. 勞工準則

本公司已遵守目前於香港生效之僱傭相關法律及法規。本公司並無聘用18歲以下員工。本公司向僱員提供不遜於法定要求之權利及福利。概無僱員取得之工資低於香港法例第608章最低工資條例所指定之最低工資。本公司根據強制性公積金計劃於每個月的供款日之前向其實行之定額供款退休計劃作出供款。

B. SOCIAL (continued)

B7. Anti-corruption

The Company is committed to adhering to the highest ethical standards and maintaining a culture of integrity and justice for preventing, detecting and reporting all types of fraud, including corruption.

The Company seeks to encourage strict policies that prohibit bribery and other improper payments to public officials consistent with the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance (Chapter 201 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and similar laws in other countries in which the company invests

All staff members are to comply with provisions laid down in the Staff Handbook, "Anti-bribery, Bribetaking; Bribe-providing, Conflict of Interest". The Staff Handbook stipulates that if an employee breaks the company policy or any Hong Kong laws and regulations, the Company has the right to terminate the employment contract.

There was no legal case regarding corrupt practices nor any case of corruption found or reported by the Company during the Year.

The Risk Management Committee was set up to regularly evaluate and determine the nature and extent of risks to the Company. Interest of shareholders and stakeholders can hence be further being protected.

Since the Board has recognized the importance of corporate governance practice, it strictly complies with the Code of Corporate Governance practices as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules. Moreover, anti-corruption policy is adopted and all directors and employees are required to sign the Code of Conduct of the Company.

Furthermore, the Company regularly updates and informs employees which securities are forbidden to purchase due to conflict of interests. During the Year, no bribery, extortion, fraud or money laundering was found.

B. 社會(續)

B7. 反貪污

本公司致力堅守最高道德標準並維持廉 潔公正之文化,以防止、偵測及舉報貪污 等各種欺詐行為。

本公司提倡嚴謹政策·禁止賄賂公職人員 或向其作出其他不當付款·此符合香港法 例第201章防止賄賂條例及本公司投資所 在國家之其他類似法律。

所有員工必須遵守員工手冊中「反賄賂、 受賄;行賄、利益衝突」中所載之規定。員 工手冊規定,倘僱員違反公司政策或任何 香港法律及法規,本公司有權終止僱傭合 約。

年內概無涉及貪污行為之法律案件,本公司亦無發現或舉報任何貪污個案。

本公司已成立風險管理委員會以定期評估及釐定本公司面臨之風險性質及程度。 股東及利益相關者之利益因而受到進一 步保障。

由於董事會理解企業管治常規之重要性,因此其已嚴格遵守上市規則附錄14所載之企業管治常規守則。此外,本公司已採納反貪污政策,而全體董事及僱員必須簽署本公司之操守守則。

再者,本公司定期更新及通知僱員該等由 於利益衝突而禁止購買之證券。年內概無 發現賄賂、勒索、欺詐或洗黑錢之情況。

B. SOCIAL (continued)

B8. Community Investment

The Company had established a company limited by guarantee and not having a share capital called Green Rhythm Limited for the objectives including but not limited to the following:—

- To conserve, protect, and improve the environment in Hong Kong for the public benefit by promoting a sustainable lifestyle on a non-profit making basis through the reduction of pollution and waste, increasing the recycling rate of waste and the use of renewable energy;
- For the advancement of environmental protection or improvement for the benefit of Hong Kong community, on a non-profit making basis, to raise community awareness of and promote public support for issues related to environmental protection, energy, conservation and sustainable development;
- To provide for relief in poverty in Hong Kong and elsewhere by means of all kinds of social welfare services and medical support to those who are in need.

The Company firmly believes that Green Rhythm Limited can contribute to the community interests in the aspects of environment protection and social welfare in Hong Kong.

B. 社會(續)

B8. 社區投資

本公司已成立一間名為綠動全球有限公司之無股本擔保有限公司,其目的包括但不限於以下各項: -

- 透過減少產生污染及廢物、提升廢物循環再造率及使用可再生能源,以非牟利基準推動可持續生活方式,為公眾利益保護、捍衛及改善香港環境;
- 為了就香港社區利益而促進保護或 改善環境,以非牟利基準提升社區 對有關環保、能源、節約及可持續 發展之事項之意識並促使大眾支 持:
- 透過各種社會福利服務及向有需要 人士提供醫療支援,於香港及其他 地方進行舒困措施。

本公司堅信,綠動全球有限公司能夠在香港環境保護及社會福利方面為社區利益 作出貢獻。

C. OUR STAKEHOLDERS

The Company is searching for every opportunity to understand and engage our stakeholder to ensure improvement can be implemented to our products and services. We strongly believe our stakeholders play a crucial role in sustaining the success of our business.

C. 我們的利益相關者

本公司一直尋求每個與利益相關者了解及交流 的機會,以確保我們的產品及服務可獲改善。 我們堅信,利益相關者在我們持續取得業務成 功方面扮演著至關重要的角色。

Stakeholders 利益相關者	Possible concerned issues 可能關注事宜	Communication and responses 溝通及回應
HKEx	Compliance of listing rules, timely and accurate announcements.	Meetings, training, roadshows, workshops, programs, website updates and announcements.
聯交所	遵守上市規則且及時而準確地刊發公 告。	會議、培訓、路演、工作坊、計劃、網站更 新及公告。
Government	Compliance of laws and regulations, preventing tax evasion, and social welfare.	Interaction and visits, government inspections, tax returns and other information.
政府	遵守法律及法規、防止逃税及社會福利。	互動及探訪、政府視察、提交報税表及其 他資料。
Investors	Corporate governance system, business strategies and performance, investment returns.	Organizing and participating in seminars, interviews, shareholders' meetings, financial reports or operation reports for investors, media and analysts.
投資者	企業管治系統、業務策略及表現以及投 資回報。	組織及參與為投資者、媒體及分析師舉辦的研討會、訪談、股東大會及向彼等 提供財務報告或營運報告。

C. OUR STAKEHOLDERS (continued)

C. 我們的利益相關者(續)

Stakeholders 利益相關者	Possible concerned issues 可能關注事宜	Communication and responses 溝通及回應
Media & Public	Corporate governance, environmental protection, human right.	Issue of newsletters on the Company's web site.
媒體及公眾	企業管治、環保、人權事宜。	於本公司網站上發佈通訊。
Customers	Service quality, delivery times, reasonable prices, service value, personal data protection.	After-sales services.
客戶	服務質素、交付時間、合理價格、服務價 值、個人資料保障。	售後服務。
Employees	Rights and benefits, employee compensation, training and development, work hours, working environment.	Conducting union activities, trainings, interviews for employees, internal memos, employee suggestion boxes.
僱員	權利及福利、僱員報酬、培訓與發展、工作時間、工作環境。	進行工會活動、培訓、與僱員進行面談、 編製內部備忘錄、設立僱員意見箱。
Community	Community environment, employment and community development, social welfare.	Developing community activities, employee voluntary activities and community welfare subsidies and donations.
社區	社區環境、僱傭及社區發展、社會福利。	開展社區活動、僱員義工活動及社區福利補貼及捐贈。

HKEX ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORTING GUIDE

香港交易所環境、社會及管治報告指引

HKEX ESG Guide Subject Areas	"Comply or explain" Provisions	Recommended Disclosures	Reference in the report
 香港交易所環境、			
社會及管治指引主	「不遵守就解釋」		
題領域	條文	建議披露	本報告之參考
A. Environmental			
A. 環境			
Aspect A1:	Disclosed		Refer to the "Environmental" section of the ESG
Emissions			Report
層面 A1 :排放物	已披露		請參閱環境、社會及管治報告中「環境」章節
Aspect A2:	Disclosed		
Use of Resources			
層面A2:資源使用	已披露		
Aspect A3: The	Disclosed		
Environment and			
Natural Resources			
層面 A3 :環境及天	已披露		
然資源			

HKEX ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND **GOVERNANCE REPORTING GUIDE** (continued)

香港交易所環境、社會及管治報告指引(續)

HKEX ESG Guide Subject Areas 香港交易所環境、 社會及管治指引主 題領域	"Comply or explain" Provisions 「不遵守就解釋」 條文	Recommended Disclosures 建議披露	Reference in the report 本報告之參考
B. Social			
B. 社會			
Employment and La 僱傭及勞工常規	abour Practices		
Aspect B1: Employment		Disclosed	Refer to the "Social" section of the ESG Report
層面B1:僱傭		已披露	請參閱環境、社會及管治報告中「社會」章節
Aspect B2: Health and Safety		Disclosed	
層面B2:健康與安 全		已披露	
Aspect B3: Development and Training		Disclosed	
層面B3:發展及培 訓		已披露	
Aspect B4: Labour Standards		Disclosed	
層面B4:勞工準則		已披露	

HKEX ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND **GOVERNANCE REPORTING GUIDE** (continued)

香港交易所環境、社會及管治報告指引(續)

	"Comply or		
HKEX ESG Guide	explain"	Recommended	
Subject Areas	Provisions	Disclosures	Reference in the report
香港交易所環境、			
社會及管治指引主	「不遵守就解釋」		
題領域	條文	建議披露	本報告之參考
Operating Practices	5		
營運慣例			
Aspect B5:		Not disclosed	The office-based operation of the Company is not
Supply Chain			considered to have a significant environmental and
Management			social risks of the supply chain.
層面B5:供應鏈管		未有披露	本公司認為其以辦公室為主之運作在供應鏈上並不
理			構成重大環境及社會風險。
Aspect B6:		Not disclosed	The office-based operation of the Company is not
Product			considered to have significant environmental and
Responsibility			social risks of product responsibility due to its nature
			of business.
層面B6:產品責任		未有披露	本公司認為鑒於業務性質,其以辦公室為主的運作
			在產品責任上不構成重大環境及社會風險。
Aspect B7: Anti-		Disclosed	Refer to the "Social" section of the ESG Report
corruption			
層面B7:反貪污		已披露	請參閱環境、社會及管治報告中「社會」章節
Community			
社區			
Aspect B8:		Disclosed	Refer to the "Social" section of the ESG Report
Community			
Investment			
層面B8:社區投資		已披露	請參閱環境、社會及管治報告中「社會」章節

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Chan Cheong Yee, aged 53, has been appointed as an executive Director of the Company since May 2012. Mr. Chan holds a Bachelor of Science degree from the College of Business Administration of The University of South Florida in the United States of America. Mr. Chan is currently a licensed person to carry out type 1 (dealing in securities), type 2 (dealing in futures contracts), type 3 (leveraged foreign exchange trading) and type 9 (asset management) regulated activities under the Securities and Future Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong). He is experienced in dealing in securities, fund management, corporate management, corporate finance and managing listed investment companies under Chapter 21 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange.

In June 2003, Mr. Chan joined China Innovation Investment Limited (stock code: 1217) ("CII"), an investment company listed on the Stock Exchange, as an executive director. He was appointed as an independent non-executive director of Bingo Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 8220), a company listed on the Growth Enterprise Market of the Stock Exchange, in August 2007, and was redesignated as an executive director of Bingo Group Holdings Limited in April 2009. Mr. Chan was appointed as an executive director of China Investment and Finance Group Limited (stock code: 1226) ("CIFG") in March 2011, an executive director of Capital VC Limited (stock code: 2324) ("CVC") in November 2012, an executive director of China New Economy Fund Limited (stock code: 80) ("CNEF") in June 2013 and an executive director of China Trends Holdings Limited (stock code: 8171) ("CTH") in February 2016. All of CII, CIFG, CVC, CNEF and CTH are investment companies listed on the Stock Exchange.

執行董事

陳昌義先生,53歲,於二零一二年五月獲委任為本公司執行董事。陳先生持有美國南佛羅里達州大學工商管理學院頒發之理學士學位。陳先生目前為可進行香港法例第571章證券及期貨條例項下第1類(證券交易)、第2類(期貨合約交易)、第3類(槓桿式外匯交易)及第9類(提供資產管理)受規管活動之持牌人士。彼於證券交易、基金管理、企業管理、企業融資及管理聯交所證券上市規則第21章項下之上市投資公司方面擁有豐富經驗。

於二零零三年六月,陳先生加入聯交所上市投資公司 中國創新投資有限公司(股份代號:1217)(「中國創 投」),出任執行董事。彼於二零零七年八月獲委任為 聯交所創業板上市公司比高集團控股有限公司(股 份代號:8220)之獨立非執行董事,後於二零零九年 四月調任比高集團控股有限公司之執行董事。陳先生 於二零一一年三月獲委任為中國投融資集團有限公 司(股份代號:1226)(「中國投融資集團」)之執行董 事,於二零一二年十一月獲委任為首都創投有限公司 (股份代號:2324)(「首都創投」)之執行董事,於二 零一三年六月獲委任為中國新經濟投資有限公司(股 份代號:80)(「中國新經濟投資」)之執行董事,並於 二零一六年二月獲委任為中國趨勢控股有限公司(股 份代號:8171)(「中國趨勢控股」)之執行董事。中國 創投、中國投融資集團、首都創投、中國新經濟投資 及中國趨勢控股均為聯交所上市投資公司。

Mr. Zhang Xuming, aged 47, was appointed as the chief executive officer of the Company in March 2013 and was also appointed as an executive Director in March 2016. He obtained his Bachelor of Economics degree from Huazhong University of Science and Technology in The People's Republic of China (the "PRC") in 1992 and obtained his PRC financial economics qualification certificate of specialty and technology in 1996.

張旭明先生,47歲,於二零一三年三月獲委任為本公司行政總裁,並於二零一六年三月獲委兼任執行董事。彼於一九九二年畢業於中華人民共和國(「中國」)華中科技大學,取得經濟學學士學位,並於一九九六年獲得中國金融經濟學的專業和技術資格證書。

In 2008, Mr. Zhang served as the vice president of China Resources and Transportation Group Limited, whose shares are listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 269) and was responsible for supervising project investment, sales and marketing and overseas businesses. Prior to joining China Resources and Transportation Group Limited, Mr. Zhang held various senior positions in several well known trust investment companies and land and property development companies in the PRC. He was also appointed as a distinguished visiting professor of the faculty of finance of Nankai University since 2011.

於二零零八年,張先生擔任中國資源交通集團有限公司(該公司之股份於聯交所上市)(股份代號:269)副總裁之職務,負責監督投資項目、銷售、市場營銷及海外業務。加入中國資源交通集團有限公司前,張先生曾於中國多家知名信託投資公司及房地產發展公司擔任多個高級職位。彼亦於二零一一年獲委任為南開大學金融學院特聘教授。

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Mr. Chen Yin, aged 44, has been appointed as a non-executive Director and the Chairman of the Board of the Company since October 2013. Mr. Chen received his bachelor's degree in electronic engineering from Tianjin Institute of Technology (currently known as Tianjin University of Technology), in the PRC in 1994. Mr. Chen held various positions in financial institutions including Tianjin Trust Investment Company (currently known as Tianjin Trust Co., Ltd.), Bohai Securities Co., Ltd, Xiamen Securities Co., Ltd., and several fund management companies in the PRC. Mr. Chen has over 18 years of extensive experience in investment management, corporate finance, securities dealing and private equity business areas. Mr. Chen was also appointed as a distinguished visiting researcher by the Economics Research Institute of Nankai University since 2010.

非執行董事

陳胤先生,44歲,自二零一三年十月起獲委任為本公司非執行董事兼董事會主席。陳先生於一九九四年於中國天津理工學院(現稱天津理工大學)電子工程系大學本科畢業。陳先生過去曾在天津信託投資公司(現稱天津信託有限責任公司)、渤海證券股份有限公司、廈門證券有限公司以及中國若干基金管理公司等多間金融機構擔任多個職務。陳先生於投資管理、企業融資、證券交易及私募基金領域擁有逾18年豐富經驗。陳先生自二零一零年起亦獲南開大學經濟研究所委任為特聘研究員。

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Fong Wo, Felix, BBS, JP, aged 66, has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company since 2011. Mr. Fong was the founding partner of Arculli Fong & Ng (now renamed as King & Wood Mallesons) and is a consultant of King & Wood Mallesons. Mr. Fong received his engineering degree in Canada in 1974 and his Juris Doctor degree from Osgoode Hall Law School in Toronto in 1978.

Mr. Fong is a member of the law societies of Hong Kong and England, and had been honorary legal counsels of a number of non-profit organisations in Hong Kong such as The Chinese Manufacturers' Association of Hong Kong.

Mr. Fong is currently one of the China-appointed Attesting Officers in Hong Kong appointed by the Ministry of Justice of China. Mr. Fong undertook a number of community and social roles, such as the former Chairman of the Chinese Canadian Association of Hong Kong, the Chairman of the Advisory Council on Food and Environmental Hygiene and a member of the Hong Kong Film Development Council. He is also a director of the Hong Kong Basic Law Institute Limited, a member of Guangdong Provincial Committee of Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference and a director of China Overseas Friendship Association. In the area of education, Mr. Fong is a founding member and the first director of the Canadian International School of Hong Kong, and an advisor to the Faculty of Business of University of Victoria in Canada.

Currently, Mr. Fong is an independent non-executive director of a number of listed companies, namely Guangdong Land Holdings Limited, Greenland Hong Kong Holdings Limited, Evergeen International Holdings Limited, Sheen Tai Holdings Group Company Limited and Xinming China Holdings Limited, whose stocks are listed on the Stock Exchange, and Mr. Fong was appointed as an independent non-executive director of WuXi Biologics (Cayman) Inc. and Bank of Shanghai (Hong Kong) Limited with effect from May 2017 and June 2017 respectively. Mr. Fong is a Justice of the Peace and was awarded a Bronze Bauhinia Star by the Government of Hong Kong in recognition of his public service.

獨立非執行董事

方和先生,銅紫荊星章,太平紳士,66歲,自二零一一年 起獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。方先生乃夏佳理 方和吳正和律師事務所(現已易名為金杜律師事務所) 的創辦合夥人,現為金杜律師事務所之顧問。方先生 於一九七四年在加拿大取得工程學位,並於一九七八 年在多倫多Osgoode Hall Law School取得法律博士 學位。

方先生為香港及英格蘭之律師會的會員,亦曾為香港中華廠商聯合會等多個香港非牟利機構的名譽法律顧問。

方先生現為中國司法部委任之香港中國委託公證人之一。方先生擔任多個社區及社會職務,例如香港加拿大華人協會前任主席、香港食物及環境衛生諮詢委員會主席以及香港電影發展局成員。彼亦為香港基本法研究中心有限公司理事、中國人民政治協商會議廣東省委員會委員及中華海外聯誼會理事。在教育方面,方先生為香港加拿大國際學校的創辦人兼首任校董及加拿大維多利亞大學(University of Victoria)商學院顧問。

方先生現為多家上市公司的獨立非執行董事,包括股份在聯交所上市的粵海置地控股有限公司、盛高置地線地香港控股有限公司、長興國際(集團)控股有限公司、順泰控股集團有限公司以及新明中國控股有限公司,方先生亦自二零一七年五月及二零一七年六月起分別獲委任為藥明生物技術有限公司及上海銀行(香港)有限公司之獨立非執行董事。方先生為太平紳士,獲香港政府頒授銅紫荊星章,以表揚彼的公職貢獻。

Mr. Leung Wing Kin, aged 59, has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director since June 2012. Mr. Leung has over 20 years of management experience in the leisure and tourism business. He is the vice chief of the Audit Committee of Project Ganquan of the Chinese Association of Poverty Alleviation and Development managed by The State Council Leading Group Office of Poverty Alleviation and Development.

梁榮健先生,59歲,自二零一二年六月起獲委任為獨立非執行董事。梁先生在休閒娛樂及旅遊業務領域擁有逾20年管理經驗。彼為國務院扶貧辦之中國扶貧開發協會甘泉工程監督委員會副主委。

Mr. Leung Chi Kong, aged 47, has been appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director since February 2014. Mr. Leung was awarded the degrees of Bachelor of Arts in Economic and Social Studies in 1994 and Master of Business Administration (with Merit) in 2007 respectively. He is holding the professional designations of Certified Public Accountant and Chartered Financial Analyst. Mr. Leung has been engaged in the securities and finance industry for more than 16 year. He is currently a director of compliance and risk management of a multi-national securities group and he is fully in charge of supervising the compliance and risk management functions. Prior to this post, he was a responsible officer for the regulated activities of dealing in securities, advising on securities and corporate finance of a Japanese listed securities organization in Hong Kong for more than 5 years. He was an independent non-executive director of Sage International Group Limited (stock code: 8082) during the period from 27 July 2001 to 31 August 2011, which are listed on the Growth Enterprise Market of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

梁志剛先生,47歲,自二零一四年二月起獲委任為獨立非執行董事。梁先生分別於一九九四年及二零零七年先後獲授經濟學及社會科學文學士學位及工商管理榮譽碩士學位。彼持有註冊會計師及特許財經分析師專業資格。梁先生從事證券及金融業超過16年。彼目前為一家跨國證券集團之合規及風險管理部董事,全面負責監督合規及風險管理職能。出任上述職務前,彼曾擔任一家於香港營運業務的日本上市證券機構的負責人員超過5年,負責證券交易、就證券提供意見及機構融資等受規管活動。彼於二零零一年七月二十日日期間為仁智國際集團有限公司(股份代號:8082)之獨立非執行董事,該公司於香港聯合交易所有限公司創業板上市。

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Yan Ho Yin, aged 28, has been appointed as the company secretary and one of the authorised representatives of the Company with effect from 13 January 2017. Mr. Yan is also the financial controller of the Company. Mr. Yan is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

高級管理層

忻浩賢先生,28歲,已獲委任為本公司之公司秘書及 其中一位授權代表,自二零一七年一月十三日起生 效。忻先生亦為本公司之財務總監。忻先生為香港會 計師公會會員。

獨立核數師報告書



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TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF CHINA INVESTMENT **DEVELOPMENT LIMITED**

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands and continued in Bermuda with limited liability)

致中國投資開發有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立並於百慕達續存之有限公司)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of China Investment Development Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") set out on pages 58 to 143, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2017, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2017, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's "Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants" (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

意見

本核數師(以下簡稱「吾等」)已審核中國投資開發有 限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)載 列於第58至143頁之綜合財務報表,包括於二零一七 年三月三十一日之綜合財務狀況表,以及截至該日止 年度之綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表 及綜合現金流量表,以及綜合財務報表附註,包括主 要會計政策概要。

吾等認為,綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「香 港會計師公會」)頒佈之香港財務報告準則真實及公 平反映 貴集團於二零一十年三月三十一日之綜合財 務狀況以及其截至該日止年度之綜合財務表現及其 綜合現金流量,並已按照香港公司條例之披露規定而 妥善編撰。

意見基準

吾等根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港審計準則(「香 港審計準則」)進行審核。吾等於該等準則項下之責 任於吾等之報告內「核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承 擔之責任」一節內進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會 頒佈之《專業會計師道德守則》(「守則」),吾等獨立 於貴集團,並已履行守則中之其他道德責任。吾等 相信,吾等所獲得之審核憑證能充足及適當地為吾等 之意見提供基礎。

獨立核數師報告書

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Valuation of unlisted available-for-sale financial assets and unlisted financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Refer to notes 17 and 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Group had unlisted available-for-sale financial assets and unlisted financial assets at fair value through profit or loss of approximately HK\$109,094,000 and HK\$26,459,000 respectively were measured at fair value as at 31 March 2017. The fair values were assessed by the management based on valuations performed by an independent valuer (the "Valuer") engaged by the Group.

The valuations of the unlisted available-for-sale financial assets and unlisted financial assets at fair value through profit or loss involved significant judgement and estimates, including the determination of valuation methodology and the selection of different inputs to the valuation models.

We identified the valuation of unlisted available-for-sale financial assets and unlisted financial assets at fair value through profit or loss as a key audit matter as it requires management to exercise significant judgement and estimation, and was assessed by us to be a significant risk of material misstatement.

關鍵審核事項

關鍵審核事項乃根據吾等的專業判斷,認為對本期綜合財務報表之審核最為重要之事項。這些事項乃在吾等審核整體綜合財務報表及出具意見時進行處理的,吾等不會對這些事項提供單獨的意見。

可出售之非上市財務資產及按公平值計入在損益 處理之非上市財務資產之估值

請參閱綜合財務報表附註17及18。

貴集團於二零一七年三月三十一日按公平值計量之可出售之非上市財務資產及按公平值計入在損益處理之非上市財務資產分別約為109,094,000港元及26,459,000港元。公平值乃由管理層根據 貴集團委聘之獨立估值師(「估值師」)進行之估值評估。

可出售之非上市財務資產及按公平值計入在損益處 理之非上市財務資產之估值涉及重大判斷及估計,包 括釐定估值方法及挑選不同輸入數據至估值模式。

吾等已識別可出售之非上市財務資產及按公平值計 入在損益處理之非上市財務資產之估值為關鍵審核 事項,原因為其須管理層運用專業重大判斷及估計, 並須由吾等評估其乃重大錯誤陳述之重大風險。

獨立核數師報告書

How our audit addressed the key audit matter:

Our audit procedures in relation to management's impairment assessment included:

- Assessing the competence, capabilities, independence and objectivity of the Valuer;
- Assessing the valuation methodology used and the appropriateness of the key bases and assumptions used, and discussing these bases and assumptions with the management and the Valuer;
- Challenging the reasonableness of the key assumptions based on our knowledge of the investees' businesses and industries;
- Obtaining supportive evidence for the significant judgements and estimates of the valuations and the key inputs used in the valuations; and
- Checking the mathematical accuracy of the valuation.

OTHER INFORMATION IN THE ANNUAL REPORT

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

吾等之審核如何處理關鍵審核事項::

吾等有關管理層之減值評估之審核程序包括:

- 評估估值師之才能、能力、獨立性及客觀性;
- 評估採用之估值方法以及採用之主要基準及假設設是否適當,並與管理層及估值師討論該等基準及假設;
- 根據吾等對投資對象之業務及行業之了解,質 疑主要假設之合理性;
- 就估值之重大判斷及估計及估值所採用之主要 輸入數據取得支持憑證;
- 檢查估值之計算準確性。

年報之其他資料

董事須對其他資料負責。其他資料包括載於 貴公司 年報內之資料,但不包括綜合財務報表及吾等之核數 師報告。

吾等對綜合財務報表之意見並不涵蓋其他資料,吾等 亦不對該等其他資料發表任何形式之鑒證結論。

結合吾等對綜合財務報表之審核,吾等之責任是閱讀 其他資料,並在此過程中,考慮其他資料是否與綜合 財務報表或吾等在審核過程中所了解的情況存在重 大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。基於吾等 已執行之工作,倘吾等認為其他資料存在重大錯誤陳 述,吾等需要報告該事實。就此而言,吾等並無任何 報告。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告書

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are also responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process. The audit committee of the Company ("Audit Committee") assists the directors in discharging their responsibility in this regard.

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔之責任

董事負責遵照香港會計師公會所頒佈之香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例之披露規定,編製綜合財務報表以真實及公平地反映 貴集團之狀況,並實施董事認為必要之內部監控,以確保編製綜合財務報表並無存在重大錯誤陳述(不論是否因欺詐或錯誤引起)。

於編製綜合財務報表時,董事須負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

董事亦須負責監督 貴集團之財務報告過程。 貴公司審核委員會(「審核委員會」)就此協助董事履行其責任。

獨立核數師報告書

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔之責任

吾等之目標為就綜合財務報表整體是否不存在由於 欺詐或錯誤而導致之重大錯誤陳述取得合理保證, 並發出載有吾等意見之核數師報告。本報告乃根據 一九八一年百慕達公司法第90條僅向整體股東作出, 除此之外,並無其他用途。吾等不會就本報告內容向 任何其他人士負上或承擔責任。

合理保證屬高水平之核證,但不能擔保根據香港審計 準則進行之審核工作總能發現存在之重大錯誤陳述。 錯誤陳述可由欺詐或錯誤引起,倘個別或整體於合理 預期情況下可影響使用者根據該等綜合財務報表作 出之經濟決定時,則被視為重大錯誤陳述。

根據香港審計準則進行審核時,吾等運用專業判斷,並於整個審核過程中抱持專業懷疑態度。吾等亦:

- 識別及評估綜合財務報表由於欺詐或錯誤而導致之重大錯誤陳述風險,因應該等風險設計及執行審核程序,獲得充足及適當審核憑證為吾等之意見提供基礎。由於欺詐涉及合謀串通、偽造、故意遺漏、誤導性陳述或凌駕內部控制,因此未能發現由此造成之重大錯誤陳述風險較未能發現由於錯誤而導致之重大錯誤陳述風險較更高。
- 了解與審核有關之內部控制,以設計恰當之審 核程序,但並非旨在對 貴集團內部控制之有 效程度發表意見。
- 評估所用會計政策是否恰當,以及董事所作會 計估計及相關披露是否合理。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告書

- conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 總結董事採用以持續經營為基礎之會計法是否 適當,並根據已獲取之審核憑證,總結是否有 對 貴集團持續經營之能力可能構成重大疑問 之事件或情況等重大不確定因素。倘吾等總結 認為存在重大不確定因素,吾等須於吾等之核 數師報告中提請注意綜合財務報表內之相關披 露,或倘該等披露不足,則修訂吾等之意見。吾 等之結論以截至吾等之核數師報告日期所獲得 之審核憑證為基礎。然而,未來事件或情況可能 導致 貴集團不再具有持續經營之能力。
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 評估綜合財務報表(包括資料披露)之整體列報、架構及內容,以及綜合財務報表是否公平呈列相關交易及事項。
- obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.
- 就 貴集團內各實體或業務活動之財務資料獲得充足適當之審核憑證,以就綜合財務報表發表意見。吾等須負責指導、監督及執行集團之審核工作。吾等須為吾等之審核意見承擔全部責任。

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

吾等就(其中包括)審核工作之計劃範圍及時間安排 及重大審核發現,包括吾等於審核期間識別出內部控 制之任何重大缺陷與審核委員會溝通。

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

吾等亦向審核委員會提交聲明, 説明吾等已遵守有關獨立性之相關道德要求, 並就所有被合理認為可能影響吾等之獨立性之關係及其他事宜及相關防範措施(如適用)與負責管治之人員溝通。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告書

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

從與董事溝通之事項中,吾等釐定對審核本期綜合財務報表而言最為重要之事項,因而構成關鍵審核事項。除非法律或法規不容許公開披露此事項,或於極罕見之情況下,吾等認為披露該等事項可合理預期之不良後果將超越公眾知悉此事項之利益而不應於報告中披露,否則吾等會於核數師報告中描述此事項。

BDO Limited

Certified Public Accountants

Chan Wing Fai

Practising Certificate Number P05443

Hong Kong, 28 June 2017

香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司

執業會計師

陳永輝

執業證書號碼P05443

香港,二零一七年六月二十八日

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

		Notes 附註	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	收益	7	600	602
Other income	其他收入	7	262	278
Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值計入在損益處理之 財務資產公平值變動		(660)	11,687
Net realised gain/(loss) on disposals of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	出售按公平值計入在損益 處理之財務資產之 已變現收益/(虧損)淨額		2,128	(455)
Administrative and other expenses	行政及其他開支		(17,037)	(36,086)
Share of result of an associate	分佔一家聯營公司之業績	16	_	_
Loss before income tax expense	除所得税開支前虧損	9	(14,707)	(23,974)
Income tax expense	所得税開支	8	_	
Loss for the year attributable to owners of	本公司擁有人應佔本年度			
the Company	虧損 		(14,707)	(23,974)
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收益			
Items that may be reclassified subsequently	其後可能重新分類至損益			
to profit or loss:	之項目:			
Change in fair value of available-for-sale financial assets	可出售財務資產之 公平值變動		(1,815)	28,918
Reclassification of investment revaluation	有關可出售財務資產		(1,013)	20,710
reserve upon impairment of	作出減值時投資重估			
available-for-sale financial assets	儲備之重新分類		(578)	2,383
Exchange difference arising from	本年度一家聯營公司			
an associate during the year	產生之匯兑差額		(362)	(210)
Other comprehensive income for the year,	本年度其他全面收益,扣除			
net of tax	税項		(2,755)	31,091
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額		(17,462)	7,117
Loss per share	每股虧損	12		
– Basic (HK cent per share)	-基本(每股港仙)		0.166	0.278
– Diluted (HK cent per share)	-攤薄(每股港仙)		0.166	0.278
Proceeds from disposals of financial assets				
at fair value through profit or loss	處理之財務資產之 所得款項		70,922	40,522

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 March 2017 於二零一七年三月三十一日

		NI .	2017 二零一七年	2016 二零一六年
		Notes 附註	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	資產及負債			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	14	755	1,115
Interest in an associate	於一家聯營公司之權益	16	5,512	5,874
Available-for-sale financial assets	可出售財務資產	17	109,094	93,475
Available for sale infaricial assets	可由自利加其庄	17	107,074	75,475
			115,361	100,464
			-	<u> </u>
Current assets	流動資產			
Financial assets at fair value	按公平值計入在損益處理			
through profit or loss	之財務資產	18	68,314	38,235
Other receivables, deposit and	其他應收款項、按金及			
prepayments	預付款項	19	62,190	61,294
Bank and cash balances	銀行及現金結存	20	13,772	88,814
			144,276	188,343
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Other payables and accrued charges	其他應付款項及應計費用		1,822	2,389
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		142,454	185,954
Tree carrette assets	加划只住厅但		172,734	105,754
Net assets	資產淨值		257,815	286,418

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 March 2017 於二零一七年三月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
FOURTY.	ᆆ			
EQUITY	權益			
Equity attributable to owners	本公司擁有人應佔			
of the Company	權益			
Share capital	股本	21	8,822	8,937
Reserves	儲備		248,993	277,481
Total equity	權益總額		257,815	286,418
Net asset value per share	每股資產淨值	24	HK\$0.029港元	HK\$0.032港元

On behalf of the board of directors

代表董事會

Chen Yin 陳胤 Director 董事 Chan Cheong Yee 陳昌義 Director 董事

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動表

		Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 干港元 (Note 21) (附註21)	Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note 22) (附註22)	Investment revaluation reserve 投資重估 儲備 HK\$*000 千港元 (Note 22) (附註22)	Share option reserve 購股權 儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note 22) (附註22)	Exchange reserve 匯兑儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note 22) (附註22)	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 March 2015 and 1 April 2015	於二零一五年三月三十一日及							
Loss for the year	二零一五年四月一日 本年度虧損	8,343 -	265,018 -	7,659 -	123,411 –	47 -	(215,411) (23,974)	189,067 (23,974)
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收益							
Change in fair value of available-for-sale financial assets	可出售財務資產之 公平值變動	-	-	28,918	-	-	-	28,918
Reclassification of investment revaluation reserve upon impairment of available-for-	有關可出售財務資產作出 減值時投資重估儲備之							
sale financial assets Exchange difference arising from	重新分類 本年度一家聯營公司產生之匯	-	-	2,383	-	-	-	2,383
an associate during the year (Note 16)	兑差額(附註16)					(210)		(210)
(Note 10)						(210)		(210)
		_	-	31,301	-	(210)	_	31,091
Total comprehensive income	本年度全面收益總額							
for the year		-	-	31,301	-	(210)	(23,974)	7,117
Issue of shares	發行股份	570	83,790	-	-	-	-	84,360
Shares issued in acquisition of investment	收購投資時發行股份	24	6,279	-	-	-	-	6,303
Share issue expenses	股份發行開支	_	(429)	_	_	-		(429)
At 31 March 2016	於二零一六年三月三十一日	8,937	354,658	38,960	123,411	(163)	(239,385)	286,418

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動表

		Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note 21) (附註21)	Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note 22) (附註22)	Investment revaluation reserve 投資重估 儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note 22) (附註22)	Share option reserve 購股權 儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note 22) (附註22)	Exchange reserve 匯兑儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note 22) (附註22)	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 March 2016 and 1 April 2016	於二零一六年三月三十一日及 二零一六年四月一日	8,937	354,658	38,960	123,411	(163)	(239,385)	286,418
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	-	-	-	-	-	(14,707)	(14,707)
Other comprehensive income Change in fair value of	其他全面收益可出售財務資產之							
available-for-sale financial assets Reclassification of investment revaluation	公平值變動 有關可出售財務資產作出	-	-	(1,815)	-	-	-	(1,815)
reserve upon impairment of available-for- sale financial assets	減值時投資重估儲備之 重新分類	_	_	(578)	_	_	_	(578)
Exchange difference arising from an associate during the year (Note 16)	本年度一家聯營公司產生之匯	-	_	-	-	(362)	-	(362)
		-	-	(2,393)	-	(362)	_	(2,755)
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額	_	_	(2,393)	_	(362)	(14,707)	(17,462)
Repurchase and cancellation of shares (Note 21(c))	購回及註銷股份 (附註21(c))	(115)	(11,026)	-	_	,,,,,,,	_	(11,141)
At 31 March 2017	於二零一七年三月三十一日	8,822	343,632	36,567	123,411	(525)	(254,092)	257,815

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

			2017 二零一七年	2016 二零一六年
		Notes 附註	HK\$'000 千港元	ーマーハギー HK\$'000 千港元
Cash flows from operating activities	來自經營業務之現金流量			
Loss before income tax expense	除所得税開支前虧損		(14,707)	(23,974)
Adjustments for:	就下列事項作出調整:			
Depreciation	折舊	14	417	295
Net realised (gain)/loss on disposals of	出售按公平值計入在			
fair value of financial assets at fair value	損益處理之財務資產			
through profit or loss	公平值之已變現			
	(收益)/虧損淨額		(2,128)	455
Interest income	利息收入	7	(600)	(602)
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	7	(85)	(197)
Change in fair value of financial assets at	按公平值計入在損益			
fair value through profit or loss	處理之財務資產			
	公平值變動		660	(11,687)
Impairment loss on available-for-sale	可出售財務資產			
financial assets	減值虧損		1,988	17,670
Operating loss before working capital	營運資金變動前之			
changes	經營虧損		(14,455)	(18,040)
Purchase of financial assets at fair value	購買按公平值計入在			
through profit or loss	損益處理之財務資產		(99,533)	(38,395)
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets as	出售按公平值計入在			
fair value through profit or loss	損益處理之財務資產之			
	所得款項		70,922	40,522
(Increase)/decrease in other receivables,	其他應收款項、按金			
deposits and prepayments	及預付款項			
	(增加)/減少		(296)	29,804
(Decrease)/increase in other payables and	其他應付款項及應計費用			
accrued charges	(減少)/增加		(567)	1,291
Cash (used in)/generated from	經營(所耗)/所得現金			
operations			(43,929)	15,182
Interest received	已收利息		85	197
				177
Not each (used in)/acres and all forms	须然类数 / 庇书 \ / 庇伊			
Net cash (used in)/generated from	經營業務(所耗)/所得 現金淨額		(42.044)	1E 270
operating activities	况 立 <i>i</i> 伊 识		(43,844)	15,379

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 綜合現金流量表

		Notes	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Cash flows from investing activities Purchases of available-for-sale	來自投資活動之現金流量 購買可出售財務資產			
financial assets	牌 具 引 山 盲 別		(20,000)	(12,000)
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	購置物業、廠房及設備	14	(57)	(689)
a a success of property, plant and equipment	MILE IN AC MANON AC HIS		(02)	(667)
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所耗現金淨額		(20,057)	(12,689)
			, , ,	
Cash flows from financing activities	來自融資活動之現金流量			
Proceeds from issuing of shares	發行股份所得款項		_	84,360
Share issuing expenses paid	已付股份發行開支		_	(429)
Repurchase of shares	購回股份		(11,141)	
Net cash generated from financing	融資活動所得現金淨額			
activities			(11,141)	83,931
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and	現金及現金等值物			
cash equivalents	增加/(減少)淨額		(75,042)	86,621
Cash and cash equivalents at	年初現金及現金等值物			
beginning of year			88,814	2,193
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	年末現金及現金等值物		13,772	88,814
Bank balances	銀行結存		13,772	38,726
Fixed deposits	定期存款		_	50,088
Bank and cash balances	銀行及現金結存		13,772	88,814
			-	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

China Investment Development Limited ("the Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability on 25 March 1998 and was de-registered on 11 March 2011 and was registered by way of continuation as an exempted company in Bermuda on 2 March 2011. The Company's shares have been listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") with effect from 12 December 2000. Its registered office is located at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM11, Bermuda and its principal office in Hong Kong is located at Suites 2706-2707, 27/F., Everbright Centre, 108 Gloucester Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

The Company is principally engaged in investment holding for medium to long-term capital appreciation purposes, and investment in listed and unlisted securities. The principal activities of the Company's subsidiaries are set out in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

1. 一般資料

中國投資開發有限公司(「本公司」)為於一九九八年三月二十五日在開曼群島註冊成立之獲豁免有限公司·其後於二零一一年三月十一日撤銷註冊·且於二零一一年三月二日以續存之形式於百慕達註冊為獲豁免公司。本公司股份由二零零零年十二月十二日起在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上市。其註冊辦事處位於Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM11, Bermuda,而其香港總辦事處位於香港灣仔告士打道108號光大中心27樓2706—2707室。

本公司之主要業務乃持有投資以獲得中期至長期資本增值,以及投資於上市及非上市證券。 本公司旗下附屬公司之主要業務載於綜合財務 報表附註15。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

(a) Adoption of new/revised to HKFRSs – first effective on 1 April 2016

HKFRSs (Amendments) Annual Improvements 2012-

2014 Cycle

Amendments to HKAS 1 Disclosure Initiative

Amendments to HKAS 16 Clarification of Acceptable and HKAS 38 Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation

Amendments to HKAS 16 Agriculture: Bearer Plants and HKAS 41

Amendments to HKAS 27 Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements

Amendments to HKFRS 10, Investment Entities:

HKFRS 12 and HKAS 28 Applying the

Consolidation Exception

Amendments to HKFRS 11 Accounting for Acquisitions

of Interests in Joint Operations

HKFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts

The adoption of these amendments has no material impact on the Group's financial statements.

2. 採納香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)

(a) 採納新訂/經修訂香港財務報告準 則一於二零一六年四月一日首次生效

香港財務報告準則 二零一二年至二零

(修訂) 一四年週期之年度

改進

香港會計準則第1號 披露計劃

之修訂

香港會計準則第16號 對可接受的折舊及攤 及香港會計準則 銷方法的澄清

第38號之修訂

香港會計準則第16號 農業:生產性植物

及香港會計準則 第41號之修訂

香港會計準則第27號 獨立財務報表的權益

法

香港財務報告準則 投資實體:應用綜合

第10號、香港財務 入賬的豁免

報告準則第12號及 香港會計準則

香港財務報告準則 收購合營業務權益之

第11號之修訂

第28號之修訂

會計處理方法

香港財務報告準則

監管遞延賬目

第14號

採納此等修訂對本集團財務報表概無重大影響。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

(continued)

(b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective

The following new/revised HKFRSs, potentially relevant to the Group's financial statements, have been issued, but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group.

Amendments to HKAS 7	Disclosure Initiative ¹
Amendments to HKAS 12	Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses ¹
HKFRS 9	Financial Instruments ²
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture ⁵
HKFRS 15	Revenue from Contracts with Customers ²
Amendments to HKFRS 15	Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Clarifications to HKFRS 15) ²
HKFRS 16	Leases ³
HKFRSs (Amendments)	Annual Improvements 2014-

2016 Cycle⁴

2. 採納香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」) (續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂/經修訂香 港財務報告準則

本集團並無提早採納以下已頒佈但尚 未生效且可能與本集團財務報表有關 之新訂/經修訂香港財務報告準則。

香港會計準則第7號	披露計劃1
之修訂	
香港會計準則	就未變現虧損確認遞
第12號之修訂	延税項資產1
香港財務報告準則	金融工具 ²
第9號	
香港財務報告準則	投資者與其聯營公司
第10號及香港會計	或合營公司之間出
準則第28號之修訂	售或注入資產5
香港財務報告準則	客戶合約收入2
第15號	
香港財務報告準則	客戶合約收入(澄清
第15號之修訂	香港財務報告準則
	第15號)2
香港財務報告準則	租賃3
第16號	
香港財務報告準則	二零一四年至二零
(修訂)	一六年週期之年度

改進4

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

(continued)

- (b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (continued)
 - Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1
 January 2017
 - ² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018
 - Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019
 - Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1
 January 2017 and 1 January 2018
 - The amendments were originally intended to be effective for periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016. The effective date has now been deferred/removed. Early application of the amendments of the amendments continue to be permitted.

Amendments to HKAS 7 - Disclosure Initiative

The amendments introduce an additional disclosure that will enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities.

Amendments to HKAS 12 – Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses

The amendments relate to the recognition of deferred tax assets and clarify some of the necessary considerations, including how to account for deferred tax assets related to debt instruments measured of fair value.

2. 採納香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報 告準則」)(續)

- (b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂/經修訂香 港財務報告準則(續)
 - 於二零一七年一月一日或之後開始之 年度期間生效
 - ² 於二零一八年一月一日或之後開始之 年度期間生效
 - 於二零一九年一月一日或之後開始之 年度期間生效
 - 4 於二零一七年一月一日及二零一八年 一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效
 - 5 該等修訂本最初擬於二零一六年一月 一日或之後開始之期間生效。生效日 期現已推遲/取消。本集團繼續獲允 許提早應用該等修訂本之修訂。

香港會計準則第7號之修訂-披露計劃

有關修訂引入額外披露,將使財務報表使 用者能夠評估融資活動產生之負債變動。

香港會計準則第12號之修訂-就未變現 虧損確認遞延税項資產

有關修訂乃關於確認遞延税項資產及澄 清若干必要代價,包括如何計算與按公平 值計量的債務工具相關之遞延税項資產。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

(continued)

(b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (continued)

HKFRS 9 - Financial Instruments

HKFRS 9 introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows (the business model test) and that have contractual terms that give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding (the contractual cash flow characteristics test) are generally measured at amortised cost. Debt instruments that meet the contractual cash flow characteristics test are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") if the objective of the entity's business model is both to hold and collect the contractual cash flows and to sell the financial assets. Entities may make an irrevocable election at initial recognition to measure equity instruments that are not held for trading at FVTOCI. All other debt and equity instruments are measured at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL").

HKFRS 9 includes a new expected loss impairment model for all financial assets not measured at FVTPL replacing the incurred loss model in HKAS 39 and new general hedge accounting requirements to allow entities to better reflect their risk management activities in financial statements.

HKFRS 9 carries forward the recognition, classification and measurement requirements for financial liabilities from HKAS 39, except for financial liabilities designated at FVTPL, where the amount of change in fair value attributable to change in credit risk of the liability is recognised in other comprehensive income unless that would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch. In addition, HKFRS 9 retains the requirements in HKAS 39 for derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities.

2. 採納香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報 告準則|)(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂/經修訂香 港財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第9號-金融工具

香港財務報告準則第9號引進有關金融資 產分類及計量的新規定。按業務模式持有 而目的為持有資產以收取合約現金流的 債務工具(業務模式測試)以及具產生現 金流的合約條款且僅為支付本金及未償 還本金利息的債務工具(合約現金流特徵 測試),一般按攤銷成本計量。倘實體業 務模式的目的同時為持有及收取合約現 金流以及出售金融資產,則符合合約現金 流特徵測試的債務工具按公平值計入其 他全面收益(「按公平值計入其他全面收 益」)的方式計量。實體可於初步確認時作 出不可撤銷的選擇,以按公平值計入其他 全面收益的方式計量並非持作買賣的權 益工具。所有其他債務及權益工具按公平 值計入損益(「按公平值計入損益」)的方 式計量。

香港財務報告準則第9號就並非按公平值計入損益的方式計量的所有金融資產納入新的預期虧損減值模式,以取代香港會計準則第39號的已產生虧損模式,以及新的一般對沖會計規定,以讓實體於財務報表內可更佳反映其風險管理活動。

香港財務報告準則第9號繼承香港會計準則第39號的金融負債確認、分類及計量規定,惟就指定為以公平值計入損益的金融負債而言,該負債的信貸風險變動所引致的公平值變動金額會在其他全面收益中確認,除非此舉會導致出現或擴大會計錯配。此外,香港財務報告準則第9號保留香港會計準則第39號有關終止確認金融資產及金融負債的規定。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

(continued)

(b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (continued)

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 – Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

The amendments clarify the extent of gains or losses to be recognised when an entity sells or contributes assets to its associate or joint venture. When the transaction involves a business the gain or loss is recognised in full, conversely when the transaction involves assets that do not constitute a business the gain or loss is recognised only to the extent of the unrelated investors' interests in the joint venture or associate.

HKFRS 15 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The new standard establishes a single revenue recognition framework. The core principle of the framework is that an entity should recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods and services. HKFRS 15 supersedes existing revenue recognition guidance including HKAS 18 "Revenue", HKAS 11 "Construction Contracts" and related interpretations.

HKFRS 15 requires the application of a 5-step approach to revenue recognition:

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price

2. 採納香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報 告準則」)(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂/經修訂香 港財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則第28號之修訂一投資者與其聯營公司或合營公司之間出售或注入資產該等修訂澄清實體向其聯營公司或合營企業出售或注入資產時,將予確認的收益或虧損程度。當交易涉及一項業務,則須確認全數收益或虧損;反之,當交易涉及的資產不構成一項業務時,則僅須就不相關投資者於合營企業或聯營公司的權益確認收益或虧損。

香港財務報告準則第**15**號-客戶合約 收入

新準則設立單一收入確認框架。框架的主要原則為實體應確認收入,以説明實體按反映交換商品及服務預期所得代價的金額向客戶轉讓所承諾商品或服務。香港財務報告準則第15號取代現有收入確認指引,包括香港會計準則第18號「收入」、香港會計準則第11號「建築合約」及相關詮釋。

香港財務報告準則第15號規定須應用五個步驟確認收入:

• 步驟1: 識別與客戶所訂立的合約

• 步驟2: 識別合約的履約責任

• 步驟3: 釐定交易價格

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

(continued)

(b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (continued)

HKFRS 15 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers (continued)

- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to each performance obligation
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when each performance obligation is satisfied

HKFRS 15 includes specific guidance on particular revenue related topics that may change the current approach taken under HKFRS. The standard also significantly enhances the qualitative and quantitative disclosures related to revenue.

The directors anticipate that the application of HKFRS 15 in the future may have an impact on the amounts reported on revenue as the timing of revenue recognition may be affected by the new standard, and more disclosures relating to revenue is required. Currently, the directors are in the midst of assessing the financial impact of the application of HKFRS 15 and a reasonable estimate of the effect will be available once the detailed review is completed.

Amendments HKFRS 15 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Clarifications to HKFRS 15)

The amendments to HKFRS 15 included clarifications on identification of performance obligations; application of principal versus agent; licenses of intellectual property; and transition requirements.

2. 採納香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報 告準則」)(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂/經修訂香 港財務報告準則(續) 香港財務報告準則第15號-客戶合約 收入(續)

> ● 步驟4: 分配交易價格至各履約 青任

• 步驟5: 於履行各履約責任後確認 收入

香港財務報告準則第15號包括對與可能 改變目前根據香港財務報告準則的做法 的特定收入相關事宜的特定指引。有關準 則亦顯著加強有關收入的定性及定量披 露。

董事預計,日後應用香港財務報告準則第 15號可能會對收益呈報金額產生影響,原 因為新準則可能影響確認收益之時間及 要求作出更多有關收益之披露。董事現正 評估應用香港財務報告準則第15號的財 務影響,該影響的合理估計將於完成詳盡 審閱後發出。

香港財務報告準則15號之修訂-客戶 合約收入(澄清香港財務報告準則第15 號)

香港財務報告準則第15號之修訂包括澄 清對履行責任之識別方式:應用委託人或 代理人:知識產權許可:及過渡規定。

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

(continued)

(b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (continued)

HKFRS 16 - Leases

HKFRS 16, which upon the effective date will supersede HKAS 17 "Leases" and related interpretations, introduces a single lessee accounting model and requires a lessee to recognise assets and liabilities for all leases with a term of more 12 months, unless the underlying asset is of low value. Specifically, under HKFRS 16, a lessee is required to recognise a right-ofuse asset representing its right to use the underlying leased asset and a lease liability representing its obligation to make lease payments. Accordingly, a lessee should recognise depreciation of the right-of-use asset and interest on the lease liability, and also classifies cash repayments of the lease liability into a principal portion and an interest portion and presents them in the statement of cash flows. Also, the right-of-use asset and the lease liability are initially measured on a present value basis. The measurement includes non-cancellable lease payments and also includes payments to be made in optional periods if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise an option to extend the lease, or to exercise an option to terminate the lease. This accounting treatment is significantly different from the lessee accounting for leases that are classified as operating leases under the predecessor standard, HKAS 17.

- 2. 採納香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報 告準則」)(續)
 - (b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂/經修訂香 港財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第16號-租賃

香港財務報告準則第16號由生效當日起將 取代香港會計準則第17號「租賃」及相關 詮釋,其引入單一承租人會計處理模式, 並規定承租人就為期超過12個月之所有 租賃確認資產及負債,除非相關資產為低 價值資產則作別論。具體而言,根據香港 財務報告準則第16號,承租人須確認使用 權資產(表示其有權使用相關租賃資產) 及租賃負債(表示其有責任支付租賃款 項)。因此,承租人應確認使用權資產折 舊及租賃負債利息,並將租賃負債之現金 還款分類為本金部分及利息部分,以於現 金流量表內呈列。此外,使用權資產及租 賃負債初步按現值基準計量。計量包括不 可撤銷租賃付款,亦包括承租人合理地肯 定將行使選擇權延續租賃或行使選擇權 終止租賃之情況下,將於選擇權期間內作 出之付款。此會計處理方法與承租人會計 法顯著不同,後者適用於根據舊有準則香 港會計準則第17號分類為經營租賃之租 賃。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

(continued)

(b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (continued)

HKFRS 16 - Leases (continued)

In respect of the lessor accounting, HKFRS 16 substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements in HKAS 17. Accordingly, a lessor continues to classify its leases as operating leases or finance leases, and to account for those two types of leases differently.

As at 31 March 2017, the amount of operating lease commitment of the Group was approximately HK\$603,000 as disclosed in note 27. The directors of the Company do not expect the adoption of HKFRS 16 would result in significant impact on the Company's financial performance but it is expected that certain portion of these lease commitments will be required to be recognised in the statement of financial position as right-to-use assets and lease liabilities.

The directors are currently assessing the potential impact of these pronouncements, and they are not yet in a position to state whether these new pronouncements will result in substantial changes to the Group's accounting policies and financial statements.

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION

(a) Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable HKFRSs, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations and the disclosure requirements of Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange ("Listing Rules").

2. 採納香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報 告準則」)(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂/經修訂香 港財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第16號-和賃(續)

就出租人會計處理而言,香港財務報告準則第16號大致繼承香港會計準則第17號 之出租人會計法規定。因此,出租人繼續 將其租賃分類為經營租賃及融資租賃,並 且對兩類租賃進行不同之會計處理。

誠如附註27所披露·於二零一七年三月三十一日·本集團之經營租賃承擔金額約為603,000港元。本公司董事並不預期採納香港財務報告準則第16號將對本公司之財務表現造成重大影響·惟預期該等經營租賃承擔之若干部分將須於財務狀況表中確認為使用權資產及租賃負債。

董事現正評估該等規定之潛在影響,惟尚 未能夠説明該等新訂規定會否導致本集 團之會計政策及財務報表產生重大變動。

3. 編製基準

(a) 合規聲明

綜合財務報表乃按照所有適用香港財務報告準則、香港會計準則(「香港會計準則」)及詮釋以及香港公司條例之披露規定編製。此外,綜合財務報表包括聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)規定之適用披露。

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

(b) Basis of measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis except for available-for-sale financial assets and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, which are measured at fair values as explained in the accounting policies set out in note 4 below.

(c) Functional and presentation currency

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"). Each entity in the Group maintains its books and record in its own functional currency. The functional currency of the Company is HK\$.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Business combination and basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries ("the Group"). Inter-company transactions and balances between group companies together with unrealised profits are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of impairment on the asset transferred, in which case the loss is recognised in profit or loss.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the dates of acquisition or up to the effective dates of disposal, as appropriate. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by other members of the Group.

3. 編製基準(續)

(b) 計量基準

綜合財務報表乃根據歷史成本法編製,惟如下文附註4所載之會計政策所闡釋之按公平值計量之可出售財務資產及按公平值計入在損益處理之財務資產除外。

(c) 功能及呈列貨幣

綜合財務報表以港元(「港元」)呈列。本 集團各實體以其本身之功能貨幣列賬及 記錄。本公司之功能貨幣為港元。

4. 重大會計政策概要

(a) 業務合併及綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公司 (「本集團」)之財務報表。集團內公司間 交易及結餘連同未變現溢利於編製綜合 財務報表時全數對銷。未變現虧損亦會對 銷,除非有關交易顯示已轉讓資產出現減 值,在此情況下,虧損於損益中確認。

於年內收購或出售之附屬公司之業績,乃 由收購日期起或截至出售生效日期止(視 適用情況而定)計入綜合全面收益表。如 有必要,則調整附屬公司之財務報表以使 其會計政策與本集團其他成員公司之會 計政策一致。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(a) Business combination and basis of consolidation (continued)

Acquisition of subsidiaries or businesses is accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the acquisition-date fair value of assets transferred, liabilities incurred and equity interests issued by the Group, as the acquirer. The identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are principally measured at acquisition-date fair value. The Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re-measured at acquisition-date fair value and the resulting gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss. The Group may elect, on a transaction-by-transaction basis, to measure the non-controlling interests that represent present ownership interests in the subsidiary either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other noncontrolling interests are measured at fair value unless another measurement basis is required by HKFRSs. Acquisition-related costs incurred are expensed unless they are incurred in issuing equity instruments in which case the costs are deducted from equity.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at acquisition-date fair value. Subsequent adjustments to consideration are recognised against goodwill only to the extent that they arise from new information obtained within the measurement period (a maximum of 12 months from the acquisition date) about the fair value at the acquisition date. All other subsequent adjustments to contingent consideration classified as an asset or a liability are recognised in profit or loss.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

(a) 業務合併及綜合基準(續)

收購附屬公司或業務採用收購法入賬。收 購成本乃按所轉讓資產、所產生負債及本 集團(作為收購方)發行之股本權益於收 購當日之公平值總額計量。所收購可識別 資產及所承擔負債主要按收購當日之公 平值計量。本集團先前所持被收購方之股 權以收購當日公平值重新計量,而所產生 之收益或虧損則於損益中確認。本集團可 按每宗交易選擇以公平值或應佔被收購 方之可識別資產淨值比例計算非控股權 益(即現時於附屬公司之擁有權權益)。 除非香港財務報告準則規定使用其他計 量基準,否則所有其他非控股權益均按公 平值計量。所產生之收購相關成本均予以 支銷,除非該等成本乃於發行股本工具時 產生,在該情況下,有關成本乃自權益中 扣除。

收購方將予轉讓之任何或然代價按收購 日期之公平值確認。其後對代價之調整僅 於調整源自於計量期(最長為收購日期起 計十二個月)內所取得有關於收購日期之 公平值之新資料時,方以商譽確認。所有 其他分類為資產或負債之或然代價之其 後調整均於損益中確認。

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(a) Business combination and basis of consolidation (continued)

Contingent consideration balances arising from business combinations whose acquisition dates preceded 1 January 2010 (i.e. the date the Group first applied HKFRS 3 (2008)) have been accounted for in accordance with the transition requirements in the standard. Such balances are not adjusted upon first application of the standard. Subsequent revisions to estimates of such consideration are treated as adjustments to the cost of these business combinations and are recognised as part of goodwill.

Changes in the Group's interests in subsidiaries that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interest and the non-controlling interest are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interest is adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the profit or loss on disposal is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interest. Amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are accounted for in the same manner as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

(a) 業務合併及綜合基準(續)

收購日期為二零一零年一月一日(即本集團首次應用香港財務報告準則第3號(二零零八年)之日期)前之業務合併所產生之或然代價結餘已根據該準則之過渡規定入賬。有關結餘於首次應用該準則時並未作調整。其後對有關代價估計之修訂作為對該等業務合併成本之調整處理,並被確認為商譽之一部分。

本集團於附屬公司之權益變動如並無導致失去控制權,則入賬列為權益交易。本集團權益及非控股權益之賬面值均予以調整,以反映其各自於附屬公司之相關權益變動。非控股權益之調整金額與所付或所收代價公平值之任何差額,乃直接於權益中確認,並歸屬於本公司擁有人。

倘本集團失去附屬公司之控制權,出售 損益乃按下列兩者之差額計算: (i)所收取 代價之公平值與任何保留權益之公平值 之總額:及(ii)該附屬公司之資產(包括商 譽)及負債與任何非控股權益過往之賬面 值。過往就該附屬公司於其他全面收益確 認之款額按出售相關資產或負債時所規 定之相同方式列賬。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(a) Business combination and basis of consolidation (continued)

Subsequent to acquisition, the carrying amount of non-controlling interests that represent present ownership interests in the subsidiary is the amount of those interests at initial recognition plus such non-controlling interest's share of subsequent changes in equity. Total comprehensive income is attributed to such non-controlling interests even if this results in those non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

(b) Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an investee over which the Company is able to exercise control. The Company controls an investee if all three of the following elements are present: (1) power over the investee, (2) exposure, or rights, to variable returns from the investee, and (3) the ability to use its power to affect those variable returns. Control is reassessed whenever facts and circumstances indicate that there may be a change in any of these elements of control.

In the Company's statement of financial position, investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less impairment loss, if any. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

(a) 業務合併及綜合基準(續)

收購後,非控股權益(代表現時於附屬公司擁有權權益)之賬面值為該等權益於初步確認時之金額加非控股權益應佔權益其後變動之部分。即使會導致該等非控股權益出現虧絀結餘,全面收益總額仍歸屬於非控股權益。

(b) 附屬公司

附屬公司為本公司可行使控制權之投資對象。符合以下全部三項要素時則本公司對投資對象擁有控制權:(1)對投資對象有權力:(2)對投資對象之可變回報承擔風險或享有權利:及(3)可使用其權力影響該等可變回報。倘有事實及情況顯示任何該等控制權要素出現變動,則重新評估控制權。

於本公司財務狀況表內,於附屬公司之投 資按成本減減值虧損列賬(如有)。附屬 公司之業績由本公司按已收及應收股息 基準計入。

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(c) Associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but not control or joint control over those policies. Associates are accounted for using the equity method whereby they are initially recognised at cost and thereafter, their carrying amount are adjusted for the Group's share of the post-acquisition change in the associates' net assets except that losses in excess of the Group's interest in the associate are not recognised unless there is an obligation to make good those losses.

Profits and losses arising on transactions between the Group and its associates are recognised only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate. The investor's share in the associate's profits and losses resulting from these transactions is eliminated against the carrying value of the associate.

Any premium paid for an associate above the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired is capitalised and included in the carrying amount of the associate and the entire carrying amount of the investment is subject to impairment test, by comparing the carrying amount with its recoverable amount, which is higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell.

In the Company's statement of financial position, investments in associates are carried at cost less impairment losses, if any. The results of associates are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable during the year.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

(c) 聯營公司

聯營公司為本集團對其有重大影響力之 實體,而並非附屬公司或合營企業。重大 影響力指有權參與決定投資對象財務及 營運政策,惟並無控制或共同控制該等政 策。聯營公司乃使用權益法入賬,據此, 其初步按成本確認,其後會就本集團應佔 聯營公司資產淨值收購後變動調整其賬面 值,惟超過本集團於聯營公司之權益之虧 損不會確認,除非有責任清償該等虧損。

本集團與其聯營公司交易所產生溢利及 虧損僅就於聯營公司之無關連投資者之 權益而確認。投資者於聯營公司所佔來自 該等交易之溢利及虧損以聯營公司之賬 面值抵銷。

已付聯營公司任何溢價超出本集團應佔所收購可識別資產、負債及或然負債之公平值之金額會撥充資本,並計入聯營公司之賬面值,而投資之全部賬面值通過比較其賬面值與其可收回金額(使用價值及公平值減出售成本之較高者)進行減值測試。

於本公司之財務狀況表內,於聯營公司之 投資按成本減減值虧損列賬(如有)。聯 營公司之業績由本公司按年內已收及應 收股息基準入賬。

綜合財務報表附註

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(d) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of property, plant and equipment includes its purchase price and the costs directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised as an expense in profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated so as to write off their cost net of expected residual value over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The useful lives, residual value and depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. The useful lives are as follows:

the lease term or 4 years
Furniture and fixture 5 years
Office equipment 5 years
Computer equipment 5 years
Motor vehicle 5 years

Over the shorter of

Leasehold improvements

An asset is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if its carrying amount is higher than the asset's estimated recoverable amount.

The gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sale proceeds and its carrying amount, and is recognised in profit or loss on disposal.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

(d) 物業·廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備按成本減累計折舊及累 計減值虧損列賬。

物業、廠房及設備成本包括購買價及購買 該等項目的直接應佔成本。

其後成本僅在該項目相關之未來經濟利益可能流入本集團,且該項目之成本能可靠計量時,方計入資產之賬面值或確認為獨立資產(視適用情況而定)。所有其他維修及保養成本,於其產生之財務期間於損益確認為開支。

物業、廠房及設備之折舊,於其估計可使 用年期以直線法計提,以撇銷其成本扣除 預期剩餘價值。於各報告期末,已審閱可 使用年期、剩餘價值及折舊法並作出調整 (如適用)。可使用年期如下:

租賃物業裝修租賃期限或四年
(兩者中之較短者)傢俬及裝置五年
辦公室設備五年電腦設備五年

倘資產賬面值高於資產估計可收回金額, 則資產即時撇減至其可收回金額。

汽車

出售物業、廠房及設備項目之收益或虧損 為出售所得款項淨額與其賬面值之差額, 並於出售時於損益確認。

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(e) Leasing

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Group as lessee

The total rentals payable under the operating leases are recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Lease incentives received are recognised as an integrated part of the total rental expenses over the terms of the lease.

(f) Financial instruments

(i) Financial assets

The Group classifies its financial assets at initial recognition, depending on the purpose for which the asset was acquired. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are initially measured at fair value and all other financial assets are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets. Regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. A regular way purchase or sale is a purchase or sale of a financial asset under a contract whose terms require delivery of the asset within the time frame established generally by regulation or convention in the marketplace concerned.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

(e) 租賃

凡租賃條款將所有權之絕大部分風險及 回報轉移至承租人之租賃,均分類為融資 租賃。所有其他租賃均分類為經營租賃。

本集團作為承租人

經營租賃項下之應付租金總額於相關租 賃期限內以直線法於損益確認。所收租賃 優惠會作為總租金開支之整體部分在租 賃期限確認。

(f) 財務工具

(i) 財務資產

本集團於初步確認時根據購買資產 之目的將財務資產分類。按公平值 計入在損益處理之財務資產初步按 公平值計量,而所有其他財務資產 則初步按公平值加購買該等財 資產之直接應佔交易成本計量。所 有循正常途徑購買或出售之財務 資產,按交易日基準確認及終止確 認。循正常途徑購買或出售財務 產是指根據條款規定於有關市場沒 定或慣例一般規定期限內交付資產 之合約進行之財務資產買賣。

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(f) Financial instruments (continued)

(i) Financial assets (continued)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss
These assets include financial assets held for
trading and financial assets designated upon initial
recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.
Financial assets are classified as held for trading
if they are acquired for the purpose of sale in
the near term. Derivatives, including separated
embedded derivatives, are also classified as held
for trading unless they are designated as effective
hedging instruments or financial guarantee
contracts.

Where a contract contains one or more embedded derivatives, the entire hybrid contract may be designated as a financial asset at fair value through profit or loss, except where the embedded derivative does not significantly modify the cash flows or it is clear that separation of the embedded derivative is prohibited.

Financial assets may be designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss if the following criteria are met: (i) the designation eliminates or significantly reduces the inconsistent treatment that would otherwise arise from measuring the assets or recognising gains or losses on them on a different basis; (ii) the assets are part of a group of financial assets which is managed and its performance evaluated on a fair value basis according to a documented management strategy; or (iii) the financial asset contains an embedded derivative that would need to be separately recorded.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

(f) 財務工具(續)

(i) 財務資產(續)

接公平值計入在損益處理之財務資產

該等資產包括持作買賣財務資產及 於初步確認時指定為按公平值計入 在損益處理之財務資產。財務資產 如以短期內出售為目的而購買,則 分類為持作買賣資產。衍生工具, 包括獨立嵌入式衍生工具,亦分類 作持作買賣財務資產,除非其被指 定為有效對沖工具或財務擔保合 約。

倘一份合約包含一項或以上嵌入式 衍生工具,整份混合合約可能被指 定為按公平值計入在損益處理之財 務資產,除非嵌入式衍生工具並無 重大修改現金流量或嵌入式衍生工 具獨立列賬遭明確禁止。

倘財務資產符合以下條件,則可於初步確認時指定為按公平值計入在 損益處理:(i)有關指定消除或大幅 減少按不同基準計量資產或確認其 收益或虧損所導致的不一致入賬方 法:(ii)該資產為根據既定管理策略 按公平值基準管理及評估表現的一 組財務資產的一部分:或(iii)財務資 產包括須獨立列賬的嵌入式衍生工 具。

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(f) Financial instruments (continued)

(i) Financial assets (continued)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (continued)

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Loans and receivables

These assets are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They incorporate other types of contractual monetary asset. Subsequent to initial recognition, they are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment losses.

Available-for-sale financial assets

These assets are non-derivative financial assets that are designated as available-for-sale or are not included in other categories of financial assets. Subsequent to initial recognition, these assets are carried at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income, except for impairment losses and foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary instruments, which are recognised in profit or loss.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

(f) 財務工具(續)

(i) 財務資產(續)

按公平值計入在損益處理之財務 資產(續)

於初步確認後,按公平值計入在損益處理之財務資產按公平值計量,公平值變動於其產生期間於損益內確認。

貸款及應收款項

該等資產為具有固定或可釐定款額 而並無活躍市場報價之非衍生財務 資產。其與其他種類之合約貨幣資 產合併。於初步確認後,貸款及應 收款項按攤銷成本以實際利率法減 去任何已識別減值虧損入賬。

可出售財務資產

該等資產為指定為可出售或並無包括於其他財務資產分類之非衍生財務資產。於初步確認後,該等資產按公平值列賬,而公平值變動則於其他全面收益確認,於損益確認之貨幣工具之減值虧損及匯兑收益及虧損則除外。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(f) Financial instruments (continued)

(ii) Impairment loss on financial assets

The Group assesses, at the end of each reporting period, whether there is any objective evidence that financial asset is impaired. Financial asset is impaired if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset and that event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include:

- significant financial difficulty of the debtor;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- granting concession to a debtor because of debtor's financial difficulty;
- a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an investment in equity investment below its cost; and
- it becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

(f) 財務工具(續)

(ii) 財務資產減值虧損

本集團於各報告期末評估是否存在 財務資產已減值之任何客觀證據。 倘於初步確認資產後發生之一項或 多項事件導致存在減值之客觀證 據,而有關事件對財務資產之估計 未來現金流量的影響能可靠計量, 則財務資產為已減值。減值證據可 包括:

- 債務人出現重大財務困難;
- 違反合約,例如拖欠或欠付利息或本金付款;
- 由於債務人出現財務困難而 向其授出寬免;
- 股本投資之投資公平值大幅 或長期下跌至低於其成本;及
- 債務人有可能面臨破產或其 他財務重組。

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(f) Financial instruments (continued)

(ii) Impairment loss on financial assets (continued) For Loans and receivables

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired, and is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of financial asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When any part of financial asset is determined as uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account for the relevant financial asset.

For Available-for-sale financial assets

Where a decline in the fair value constitutes objective evidence of impairment, the amount of the loss is removed from equity and recognised in profit or loss.

Any impairment losses on available-for-sale debt investments are subsequently reversed in profit or loss if an increase in the fair value of the investment can be objectively related to an event occurring after the recognition of the impairment loss.

For available-for-sale equity investment, any increase in fair value subsequent to an impairment loss is recognised in other comprehensive income.

For available-for-sale equity investment that is carried at cost, the amount of impairment loss is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the asset and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss is not reversed.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

(f) 財務工具(續)

(ii) 財務資產減值虧損(續)

貸款及應收款項

當有客觀證據證明資產已減值,則減值虧損於損益確認,並按資產賬面值與按原實際利率貼現之估計未來現金流量現值差額計量。財務資產賬面值會透過撥備賬作出扣減。倘財務資產任何部分被認為無法收回,則將於相關財務資產之撥備賬撤銷。

可出售財務資產

倘公平值減少構成客觀減值證據, 則有關虧損數額將自權益剔除並於 損益確認。

倘投資之公平值增加客觀上與確認 減值虧損後發生之事件有關,則任 何可出售債務投資之減值虧損於其 後撥回至損益。

就可出售股本投資而言,任何減值 虧損以後的公平值增加於其他全面 收益表確認。

就按成本列賬之可出售股本投資而言,減值虧損金額按資產賬面值與 按相似財務資產之現時市場回報率 貼現之估計未來現金流量現值之差額計量。有關減值虧損不會撥回。

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For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(f) Financial instruments (continued)

(iii) Financial liabilities

The Group classifies its financial liabilities, depending on the purpose for which the liabilities were incurred. Financial liabilities at amortisation costs are initially measured at fair value, net of directly attributable costs incurred.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities at amortised cost including other payables and accrued charge, other borrowing and amount due to directors and subsidiaries are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method. The related interest expense is recognised in profit or loss.

Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the amortisation process.

(iv) Convertible bonds

Convertible bonds issued by the Company that contain both the liability and conversion option components are classified separately into respective items on initial recognition. Conversion option that will be settled by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of the Company's own equity instruments is an equity instrument.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

(f) 財務工具(續)

(iii) 財務負債

本集團根據負債產生之目的,將其 財務負債分類。按攤銷成本計量之 財務負債初步按公平值扣除所產生 直接應佔成本計量。

按攤銷成本計量之財務負債

按攤銷成本計量之財務負債,包括 其他應付款項及應計費用、其他借 貸以及應付董事及附屬公司之款 項,其後採用實際利率法按攤銷成 本計量。有關利息開支在損益中確 認。

於終止確認負債時及在攤銷過程中,收益或虧損在損益中確認。

(iv) 可換股債券

本公司所發行同時包含負債及兑換 選擇權之可換股債券於初步確認時 單獨分類至各自項目。透過以定額 現金或另一項財務資產換取固定數 目之本公司股本工具進行結算之兑 換選擇權為股本工具。

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(f) Financial instruments (continued)

(iv) Convertible bonds (continued)

On initial recognition, the fair value of the liability component is determined using the prevailing market interest rate of similar non-convertible debts. The difference between the gross proceeds of the issue of the convertible bonds and the fair value assigned to the liability component, representing the conversion option for the holder to convert the bonds into equity, is included in convertible bonds equity reserve.

In subsequent periods, the liability component of convertible bonds is carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The conversion option classified as equity will remain in the convertible bonds equity reserve until the conversion option is exercised, in which case, the balance stated in the convertible bonds equity reserve will be transferred to share premium. Where the conversion option remains unexercised at the maturity date, the balance stated in the convertible bonds equity reserve will be released to accumulated losses. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss upon conversion or expiration of the conversion option.

Transaction costs that relate to the issue of the convertible bonds are allocated to the liability and conversion option components in proportion to the allocation of the gross proceeds. Transaction costs relating to the conversion option component are recognised directly in equity. Transaction costs relating to the liability component are included in the carrying amount of the liability component and are amortised over the lives of the convertible bonds using the effective interest method.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

(f) 財務工具(續)

(iv) 可換股債券(續)

於初步確認時,負債部分採用類似 非可換股債務之現行市場利率釐定 公平值。發行可換股債券所得款項 總額與負債部分(即持有人將債券 兑換為股本之兑換選擇權)所獲分 配公平值兩者間之差額列入可換股 債券權益儲備。

於往後期間,可換股債券之負債部 分利用實際利率法按攤銷成本列 賬。分類為股本之兑換選擇權仍列 入可換股債券權益儲備,直至兑換 選擇權獲行使為止,在此情況下, 可換股債券權益儲備所列結餘將 撥至股份溢價。倘兑換選擇權於 期日仍未獲行使,可換股債券權益 儲備所列結餘將予轉出至累計 損。於進行兑換或兑換選擇權屆滿 時不在損益確認任何收益或虧損。

涉及發行可換股債券之交易成本按 所得款項總額之分配比例分配至負 債及兑換選擇權部分。涉及兑換選 擇權部分之交易成本直接在權益確 認。涉及負債部分之交易成本列入 負債部分之賬面值,並使用實際利 率法於可換股債券之有效期內攤 銷。

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For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(f) Financial instruments (continued)

(v) Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts or payments through the expected life of the financial asset or liability, or where appropriate, a shorter period.

(vi) Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

(vii) Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the future cash flows in relation to the financial asset expire or when the financial asset has been transferred and the transfer meets the criteria for derecognition in accordance with HKAS 39.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

(f) 財務工具(續)

(v) 實際利率法

實際利率法乃計算財務資產或財務 負債之攤銷成本及分配相關期間利 息收入或利息開支之方法。實際利 率乃按財務資產或負債之預計年期 或適用之較短期間,準確貼現估計 未來現金收款或付款之利率。

(vi) 股本工具

本公司所發行股本工具乃按已收所 得款項扣除直接發行成本入賬。

(vii) 終止確認

倘就財務資產收取未來現金流量之 合約權利到期或財務資產被轉移且 轉移符合香港會計準則第39號終止 確認之條件,則本集團會終止確認 財務資產。

當財務負債於相關合約之特定責任 被解除、取消或屆滿時,將終止確 認財務負債。

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(f) Financial instruments (continued)

(vii) Derecognition (continued)

Where the Group issues its own equity instruments to a creditor to settle a financial liability in whole or in part as a result of renegotiating the terms of that liability, the equity instruments issued are the consideration paid and are recognised initially and measured at their fair value on the date the financial liability or part thereof is extinguished. If the fair value of the equity instruments issued cannot be reliably measured, the equity instruments are measured to reflect the fair value of the financial liability extinguished. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability or part thereof extinguished and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss for the year.

(g) Revenue recognition

Interest income is accrued on a timely basis on the principal outstanding at the applicable interest rate.

(h) Income taxes

Income taxes for the year comprise current tax and deferred tax.

Current tax is based on the profit or loss from ordinary activities adjusted for items that are non-assessable or disallowable for income tax purposes and is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

(f) 財務工具(續)

(vii) 終止確認(續)

當本集團因重新商討財務負債條款而向債權人發行其本身股本工具以清價全部或部分財務負債時,則已發行股本工具為已付代價,並按其於財務負債或其中部分抵銷當日之公平值初步確認及計量。倘已報到財務負債之公平值。已抵銷財務負債或其中部分賬面值與已付代價之差額將於年內損益中確認。

(g) 收益確認

利息收入乃根據未償還本金按時間基準 以適用利率累計。

(h) 所得税

年內所得稅包括即期稅項及遞延稅項。

即期税項乃基於按就所得税而言毋須課 税或不可扣税之項目作出調整之日常業 務所產生溢利或虧損,採用於報告期末已 實施或實際上已實施的税率計算。

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(h) Income taxes (continued)

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the corresponding amounts used for tax purposes. Except for goodwill and recognised assets and liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profits, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates appropriate to the expected manner in which the carrying amount of the asset or liability is realised or settled and that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period.

An exception to the general requirement on determining the appropriate tax rate used in measuring deferred tax amount is when an investment property is carried at fair value under HKAS 40 "Investment Property". Unless the presumption is rebutted, the deferred tax amounts on these investment properties are measured using the tax rates that would apply on sale of these investment properties at their carrying amounts at the reporting date. The presumption is rebutted when the investment property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all the economic benefits embodied in the property over time, rather than through sale.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

(h) 所得税(續)

遞延稅項乃就用於財務報告目的之資產 及負債賬面值與用於稅務目的之相應金 額兩者之間之暫時差額確認。除商譽及不 會影響會計及應課稅利潤之已確認資產 及負債外,會就所有應課稅暫時差額確認 遞延稅項負債。遞延稅項資產於有可能動 用應課稅利潤抵銷可抵扣應課稅暫時差 額時確認。遞延稅項乃按適用於預期資產 或負債賬面值變現或結清之方式,且於報 告期末已實施或實際上已實施之稅率計量。

倘投資物業根據香港會計準則第40號「投資物業」按公平值列賬,則可豁免遵守釐定用於計量遞延税項金額之適用税率之一般規定。除非推定遭駁回,否則該等投資物業之遞延税項金額於報告日期使用按其賬面值出售該等投資物業所應用税率計量。倘投資物業可予折舊,且持有物業之業務模式目的為隨時間而非透過銷售獲取該物業絕大部分經濟收益,則有關假設遭駁回。

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(h) Income taxes (continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Income taxes are recognised in profit or loss except when they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income in which case the taxes are also recognised in other comprehensive income.

(i) Share-based payments

Where share options are awarded to employees and others providing similar services that are vested at the date of grant, the fair value of the share options granted is expensed immediately to profit or loss with a corresponding increase in the share option reserve within equity.

When the share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to share premium. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to accumulated profit or loss.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

(h) 所得税(續)

於附屬公司、聯營公司及共同控制實體之 投資所產生應課税暫時差額會確認遞延 税項負債,惟倘本集團可控制暫時差額撥 回,且暫時差額可能不會於可見將來撥回 時則除外。

所得稅於損益中確認,惟倘所得稅與已於 其他全面收益確認之項目有關則除外,於 此情況下,有關稅項亦於其他全面收益確 認。

(i) 以股份支付交易

當向僱員及提供類似服務之其他人士頒授於授出日期歸屬之購股權,所授出購股權之公平值將即時於損益支銷,而權益中之購股權儲備則相應增加。

購股權獲行使時,過往於購股權儲備中確認之數額將轉撥至股份溢價。當購股權於歸屬日期後被沒收或於屆滿日仍未獲行使,則過往於購股權儲備中確認之數額將轉撥至累計損益。

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(i) Impairment of other assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of the following assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss or an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- Property, plant and equipment; and
- Investment in subsidiaries and associate

If the recoverable amount (i.e. the greater of the fair value less costs to sell and value in use) of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

(j) 其他資產減值

於各報告期末,本集團審閱以下資產之賬 面值以確定是否存在該等資產蒙受減值 虧損或過往確認之減值虧損不再存在或 可能已減少之跡象:

- 物業、廠房及設備;及
- 於附屬公司及聯營公司之投資

倘估計一項資產之可收回金額(即公平值減出售成本及使用價值之較高者)少於其賬面值,則該資產之賬面值削減至其可收回金額。減值虧損即時確認為一項開支。

倘減值虧損其後撥回,該項資產之賬面值 會增至其可收回金額之經調整估計水平, 惟所增加賬面值不得超過倘於過往年度 並無就該資產確認減值虧損而原應釐定 之賬面值。減值虧損撥回將即時確認為收 入。

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(k) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs attributable directly to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets which require a substantial period of time to be ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. Income earned on temporary investments of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on those assets is deducted from borrowing costs capitalised. All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

(I) Provisions

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, which will probably result in an outflow of economic benefits that can be reasonably estimated.

(m) Related parties

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of key management personnel of the Group or the Company's parent.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

(k) 借貸成本

收購、建造或生產合資格資產(須耗用較長時間方可作擬定用途或銷售之資產)直接產生之借貸成本均作為該等資產成本之一部分撥充資本。將有待用於該等資產之特定借貸作短期投資所賺取之收入,會於資本化借貸成本中扣除。所有其他借貸成本乃於產生期間內於損益確認。

(I) 撥備

倘本集團因過去事件產生法定或推定責任而可能導致可合理估計之經濟利益流出,則本集團將就不確定時間或金額之負債確認撥備。

(m) 關連人士

- (a) 倘一名人士符合以下條件,則該名 人士或其近親與本集團有關連:
 - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團;
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響;或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本公司母公司之 主要管理層成員。

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(m) Related parties (continued)

- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions apply:
 - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of the employees of the Group or an entity related to the Group.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
 - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the Group's parent.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

(m) 關連人士(續)

- (b) 倘符合下列任何條件,則實體與本 集團有關連:
 - (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一集團 之成員公司(即各母公司、附 屬公司及同系附屬公司彼此 間有關連)。
 - (ii) 一家實體為另一實體之聯營 公司或合營企業,或另一實 體為集團旗下成員公司之聯 營公司或合營企業之成員公 司。
 - (iii) 兩家實體均為同一第三方之 合營企業。
 - (iv) 一家實體為第三方實體之合 營企業,而另一實體為該第 三方實體之聯營公司。
 - (v) 實體為本集團或與本集團有關連之實體就僱員福利設立之離職福利計劃。
 - (vi) 實體受(a)所識別人士控制或 共同控制。
 - (vii) 於(a)(i)所識別人士對實體有 重大影響力或屬該實體或該 實體之母公司主要管理層成 員。
 - (viii) 該實體,或其所屬集團之任 何成員,向本集團或本集團 之母公司提供主要管理層服 務。

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4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(m) Related parties (continued)

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity and include:

- (i) that person's children and spouse or domestic partner;
- (ii) children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and
- (iii) dependents of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The key assumptions concerning the future and other sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of reporting period that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Depreciation and amortisation

The Group depreciates the property, plant and equipment over their estimated useful lives and after taking into account their estimated residual values, using the straight line method. The estimated useful lives reflect the directors' estimate of the periods that the Group intends to derive future economic benefits from the use of the Group's property, plant and equipment. The residual values reflect the directors' estimated amount that the Group would currently obtain from disposal of the asset, after deducting the estimated costs of disposal, if the assets were already of the age and in the condition expected at the end of its useful life.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

(m) 關連人士(續)

某一人士之近親指預期可影響該人士與 實體進行買賣或於買賣時受該人士影響 的有關家族成員,包括:

- (i) 該名人士之子女及配偶或家庭夥 伴:
- (ii) 該名人士之配偶或家庭夥伴之子 女;及
- (iii) 該名人士或該名人士之配偶或家庭 夥伴之受養人。

5. 關鍵會計判斷及估計之不肯定因素主要來源

於報告期末時,具有重大風險可導致資產及負債賬面值在下一個財政年度出現大幅調整之有關未來之主要假設及估計不肯定因素其他來源討論如下。

折舊及攤銷

本集團按物業、廠房及設備之估計可使用年期 及經計入其估值剩餘價值以直線法折舊。估計 使用年期反映董事對本集團擬自使用本集團之 物業、廠房及設備以取得未來經濟利益之期間 之估計。倘有關資產已陳舊並預期其處於使用 年期結束時之狀況,則扣除估計出售成本後之 剩餘價值反映董事對本集團現時出售有關資產 後可獲得之估計數額。

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5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (continued)

Allowance for bad and doubtful debts

The Group's provision policy for bad and doubtful debts is based on the evaluation of collectability and ageing analysis of accounts and on management's judgement. A considerable amount of judgement is required in assessing the ultimate realisation of these receivables, including the current creditworthiness and the past collection history of each customer. If the financial conditions of customers of the Group were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional allowance may be required.

Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses impairment at each reporting date by evaluating conditions specific to the Group that may lead to impairment of assets. Where an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined. Value-inuse calculations performed in assessing recoverable amounts incorporate a number of key estimates and assumptions about future events, which are subject to uncertainty and might materially differ from the actual results. In making these key estimates and judgements, the directors take into consideration assumptions that are mainly based on market condition existing at the reporting date and regularly compared to actual market data and actual transactions entered into by the Group.

5. 關鍵會計判斷及估計之不肯定因素主要來源(續)

呆壞賬撥備

本集團對呆壞賬之撥備政策,乃以對能否收回 賬款之評估及賬齡分析以及管理層判斷為基 準。評估應收賬款之最終變現值時須作出若干 判斷,包括個別客戶之現時信用狀況及過往收 款記錄。倘本集團客戶之財務狀況惡化,導致其 還款能力有所下降,則須作出額外撥備。

非財務資產減值

本集團於各報告日期評估可能導致資產減值之本集團獨有狀況,以評估減值。倘出現導致減值之誘因,則會釐定資產之可收回金額。評估可收回金額時計算使用價值計及對未來事件所作出多項主要估計及假設,有關估計及假設可能受不肯定因素影響而與實際結果有重大差別。於作出有關主要估計及判斷時,董事考慮主要基於報告日期當前市況所作假設,定期與實際市場數據及本集團實際進行之交易作比較。

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5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

(continued)

Impairment of available-for-sale financial assets

For available-for-sale financial assets, a significant or prolonged decline in fair value below carrying value is considered to be objective evidence of impairment. Judgement is required when determining whether a decline in fair value has been significant or prolonged. In making this judgement, the management of the Group takes into account factors such as industry and sector performance and financial information regarding the investees.

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION

An operating segment is a component of the Group that is engaged in business activities from which the Group may earn revenue and incur expenses, and is identified on the basis of the internal management reporting information that is provided to and regularly reviewed by the Group's chief operating decision maker in order to allocate resources and assess performance of the segment. For the years ended 31 March 2017 and 2016, the information reported to the executive directors, who are the chief operating decision makers for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of performance, do not contain profit or loss information of each business line or geographical area and the executive directors reviewed the financial result of the Group as a whole reported under HKFRSs. Therefore, the executive directors have determined that the Group has only one single business component/reportable segment as the Group is only engaged in investment holding. The executive directors allocate resources and assess performance on an aggregated basis. Accordingly, no operating segment is presented.

5. 關鍵會計判斷及估計之不肯定因素主要來源 (續)

可出售財務資產減值

就可出售財務資產而言,公平值顯著或長期持續減少至低於賬面值被視為客觀減值證據。釐定公平值是否屬顯著或長期持續減少時須作出判斷。作出該判斷時,本集團管理層考慮行業及界別表現以及有關投資對象之財務資料等因素。

6. 分類資料

經營分類為本集團從事可賺取收入及產生開支之業務活動之組成部分,乃根據本集團主要營運決策者獲提供及定期審閱以便分配分類資源及評估表現之內部管理呈報資料識別。截至二零一七年及二零一六年三月三十一日止年度,向執行董事(即就資源分配及表現評估而言為主要營運決策者)報告之資料不包括各業務到或地區之溢利或虧損資料,而執行董事已虧之整體財務業績。因此,執行董事已釐定本集團僅有一個單一業務組成部分/可報告分類,原因為本集團僅從事投資控股。執行董事按合計基準分配資源及評估表現。因此,概無呈列經營分類。

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6. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued)

The following table provides an analysis of the Group's revenue and non-current assets including property, plant and equipment and interest in an associate (i.e. "specified non-current assets") by geographical locations, determined based on physical location of the assets or location of operations in case of interest in an associate, is as follows:

6. 分類資料(續)

下表提供按資產實際位置或業務營運所在地(如屬於一家聯營公司之權益)所釐定地理位置劃分之本集團收益及非流動資產(包括物業、廠房及設備以及於一家聯營公司之權益(即「特定非流動資產」))之分析如下:

	Revenue from		Specified	
	external o	external customers		ent assets
	來自外界智	客戶之收益	特定非流動資產	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	二零一七年	二零一六年	二零一七年	二零一六年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Hong Kong (place of domicile) 香港 (營運地點)	600	602	755	1,115
Other regions of the People's 中華人民共和國				
Republic of China (the "PRC") (「中國」)其他地區	_	_	5,512	5,874
	600	602	6,267	6,989

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7. REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME

7. 收益及其他收入

		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Revenue:	收益:		
Interest income from financial assets at fair	按公平值計入在損益處理之		
value through profit or loss	財務資產之利息收入	600	602
Other income:	其他收入:		
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	85	197
Others	其他	2	60
Dividend income	股息收入	174	18
Exchange gain	匯兑收益	1	3
		262	278
Total revenue and other income	收益及其他收入總額	862	880

The Group's revenue represents interest income from convertible bonds. No other source of income contributed to the Group's revenue for both 2017 and 2016.

本集團之收益指可換股債券之利息收入。於二零一七年及二零一六年,均並無其他收入來源 為本集團帶來收益。

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8. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

Hong Kong profits tax is calculated at 16.5% (2016: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits for the year. Overseas tax is calculated at the rates applicable in the respective jurisdictions. No provision for income tax expense is required since the Group has no assessable profits either arising from Hong Kong or other jurisdictions during the year (2016: Nil).

The income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to the loss before income tax expense per consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

8. 所得税開支

香港利得税乃就本年度估計應課税溢利按16.5% (二零一六年:16.5%)計算。海外税項按有關司 法權區適用税率計算。由於本集團於本年度並 無源自香港或其他司法權區之應課税溢利,故 毋須作出所得税開支撥備(二零一六年:無)。

本年度所得税開支與綜合損益及其他全面收益 表內除所得税開支前虧損之對賬如下:

		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Loss before income tax expense	除所得税開支前虧損	(14,707)	(23,974)
Tax calculated at the domestic income	按本地所得税税率16.5%		
tax rate of 16.5% (2016: 16.5%)	(二零一六年:16.5%)計算		
	之税項	(2,427)	(3,956)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible	不可扣税開支之税務影響		
for tax purpose		365	2,928
Tax effect of revenue not taxable	毋須課税收益之税務影響		
for tax purpose		(152)	(237)
Tax effect on temporary differences	未確認暫時差額之税務影響		
not recognised		56	(30)
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	未確認税項虧損之税務影響	2,158	1,295
Income tax expense	所得税開支	_	_

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8. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (continued)

No deferred tax asset or liability has been recorded on temporary differences of approximately HK\$3,715,000 (2016: approximately HK\$3,376,000) has been made in the financial statements as the tax effect of the temporary difference is immaterial to the Group.

At the end of reporting period, the Group had unused tax losses of approximately HK\$96,417,000 (2016: approximately HK\$83,344,000) available for offset against future profits that may be carried forward indefinitely. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the unused tax losses due to unpredictability of future profit streams.

9. LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX EXPENSE

Loss before income tax expense is stated after charging the following:

8. 所得税開支(續)

由於暫時差額之税務影響對本集團而言並 不重大,故並無於財務報表內就暫時差額約 3,715,000港元(二零一六年:約3,376,000港元) 錄得遞延税項資產或負債。

於報告期末,本集團有未動用税項虧損約 96,417,000港元(二零一六年:約83,344,000港 元),可供抵銷未來溢利,且可無限期結轉。由 於不可預計未來溢利流量,故並無就未動用稅 項虧損確認遞延税項資產。

9. 除所得税開支前虧損

除所得税開支前虧損經扣除下列各項後列賬:

		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元_
Staff costs	員工成本		
Salaries	薪金	3,579	4,408
Provident fund contributions	強積金供款	94	79
Total staff costs excluding directors'	員工成本總額		
remunerations	(不包括董事酬金)	3,673	4,487
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金	488	425
Depreciation	折舊	417	295
Directors' remuneration (note 13)	董事酬金(附註13)	3,787	2,921
Impairment loss on available-for-sale	可出售財務資產之		
financial assets	減值虧損	1,988	17,670
Investment manager's fee	投資經理費用	720	720
Rent and rates	租金及差餉	2,561	2,090

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10. DIVIDENDS

The directors do not recommend the payment of any dividend for the year ended 31 March 2017 (2016: Nil).

11. LOSS FOR THE YEAR ATTRIBUTABLE TO **OWNERS OF THE COMPANY**

Loss attributable to shareholders includes an amount of approximately HK\$11,901,000 (2016: HK\$19,989,000) which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company.

12. LOSS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted loss per share attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company is based on the following data:

10. 股息

董事不建議就截至二零一七年三月三十一日止 年度派發任何股息(二零一六年:無)。

11. 本公司擁有人應佔本年度虧損

股東應佔虧損包括已於本公司財務報表內 處理為數約11,901,000港元(二零一六年: 19,989,000港元)之款項。

12. 每股虧損

本公司普通權益持有人應佔每股基本及攤薄虧 損乃按以下數據計算:

		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Loss	虧損		
Loss for the year attributable to owners of	用於計算每股基本及攤薄虧損		
the Company for the purposes of	之本公司擁有人應佔本年度		
basic and diluted loss per share	虧損	(14,707)	(23,974)
Number of shares	股份數目		
Weighted average number of ordinary	用於計算每股基本及攤薄虧損		
shares for the purposes of basic and	之普通股加權平均數		
diluted loss per share		8,853,695,047	8,616,470,823

Note:

No diluted loss per share has been presented as the potential ordinary share in respect of outstanding share options is antidilutive for both years.

附註:

由於尚未行使之購股權所涉及之潛在普通 股於該兩個年度產生反攤薄效應,故並無呈 列每股攤薄虧損。

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13. DIRECTORS' AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID **INDIVIDUALS' EMOLUMENTS**

(a) Directors' emoluments

Directors' emoluments for the year, disclosed pursuant to Section 383 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, (Cap. 622) and the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation (Cap. 622G) are as follows:

13. 董事及五名最高薪人士之酬金

金陋電道 (a)

根據香港公司條例(第622章)第383條及 公司(披露董事利益資料)規例(第622G 章)予以披露之本年度董事酬金如下:

		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元
Fees	袍金		
Executive directors	執行董事	720	375
Non-executive directors	非執行董事	240	240
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事	720	720
		1,680	1,335
Basic salaries and other benefits	基本薪金及其他福利	2,089	1,568
Contributions to retirement	退休福利計劃供款	2,007	1,500
benefit scheme	赵 怀惟刊 副	18	18
		3,787	2,921
		9/. 0.	=//=:

No directors had waived any emoluments and no emoluments were paid to the directors as inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office during the year (2016: Nil).

於本年度,概無董事放棄任何酬金,亦無 向董事支付任何酬金,作為鼓勵其加入本 集團或於加入本集團時之獎勵,或作為離 職補償(二零一六年:無)。

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13. DIRECTORS' AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID **INDIVIDUALS' EMOLUMENTS** (continued)

(a) Directors' emoluments (continued)

The emoluments paid or payable to each of the six (2016: six) directors are as follows:

13. 董事及五名最高薪人士之酬金(續)

(a) 董事酬金 (續)

已付或應付六名(二零一六年:六名)董 事之酬金如下:

201	7
二零一	七年
lavias	Con

			Salaries	Contribution	
			and other	to retirement	
		Fees	benefits	scheme	Total
			薪金及	退休金	
		袍金	其他福利	計劃供款	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元 ——	千港元	千港元	千港元
Executive directors	執行董事				
Chan Cheong Yee	陳昌義	360	_	_	360
Zhang Xuming	張旭明	360	1,585	18	1,963
Zhang Auming)以/B·约	300	1,363	10	1,703
Non-executive director	非執行董事				
Chen Yin	陳胤	240	504	-	744
Independent non- executive directors	獨立非執行董事				
Fong Wo, Felix	方和	240	_	_	240
Leung Chi Kong	梁志剛	240	_	_	240
Leung Wing Kin	梁榮健	240	_	_	240
		1,680	2,089	18	3,787

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13. DIRECTORS' AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID **INDIVIDUALS' EMOLUMENTS** (continued)

(a) Directors' emoluments (continued)

13. 董事及五名最高薪人士之酬金(續)

(a) 董事酬金(續)

				2016		
				二零一六年		
				Contribution		
			Salaries and	to retirement	Share-based	
		Fees	other benefits	scheme	payment	Total
			薪金及	退休金		
		袍金	其他福利	計劃供款	以股份付款	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Executive directors	執行董事					
Chan Cheong Yee	陳昌義	360	_	_	_	360
Zhang Xuming	張旭明	15	1,484	18	-	1,517
Non-executive director	非執行董事					
Chen Yin	陳胤	240	84	-	-	324
Independent non-	獨立非執行董事					
executive directors						
Fong Wo, Felix	方和	240	_	_	_	240
Leung Chi Kong	梁志剛	240	_	_	_	240
Leung Wing Kin	梁榮健	240	_	_		240
		1,335	1,568	18	_	2,921

The number of directors whose remuneration fell within the following band is follow:

酬金介乎以下範圍之董事人數如下:

		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
HK\$nil to HK\$1,000,000	零港元至1,000,000港元	5	5
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$3,000,000	1,000,001港元至3,000,000港元	1	1

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13. DIRECTORS' AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID **INDIVIDUALS' EMOLUMENTS** (continued)

(b) Five highest paid individuals' emoluments

The emoluments of the five highest paid individuals (2016: five) (which include 3 director (2016: 2)) were as follows:

13. 董事及五名最高薪人士之酬金(續)

(b) 五名最高薪人士之酬金

五名(二零一六年:五名)最高薪人士(其 中包括三名(二零一六年:兩名)董事)之 酬金如下:

		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Basic salaries and other benefits	基本薪金及其他福利	4,046	3,989
Contributions to retirement	退休福利計劃供款		
benefit scheme		49	52
		4,095	4,041

The number of the five highest paid individuals whose remuneration fell within the following band is as follow:

酬金介乎以下範圍之五名最高薪人士 數目如下:

		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
HK\$nil to HK\$1,000,000	零港元至1,000,000港元	4	3
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$3,000,000	1,000,001港元至3,000,000港元	1	2

There was no arrangement under which any of the five (2016: five) highest paid employees had waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year.

During the year, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the directors or the highest paid employees as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group, or as compensation for loss of office.

於本年度,概無就五名(二零一六年:五 名)最高薪僱員當中任何人士放棄或同意 放棄任何酬金訂立任何安排。

於本年度,本集團並無向任何董事或最高 薪僱員支付任何酬金,作為鼓勵其加入本 集團或於加入本集團時之獎勵,或作為離 職補償。

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14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

14. 物業、廠房及設備

		Leasehold improvements 租賃物業裝修 HK\$'000	Furniture, equipment 傢俬及設備 HK\$'000	Motor Vehicle 汽車 HK\$'000	Computer equipment 電腦設備 HK\$'000	Total 總計 HK\$'000
		千港元 ————	千港元 ——————	千港元 ————	千港元 ————————————————————————————————————	千港元
	₩- =					
At 1 April 2015	於二零一五年四月一日	4.24/	4F	477	20	4.005
Cost	成本	4,246	45	476	38	4,805
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(3,930)	(28)	(111)	(15)	(4,084)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	316	17	365	23	721
Year ended 31 March 2016	截至二零一六年					
	三月三十一日止年度					
Opening net carrying amount	期初賬面淨值	316	17	365	23	721
Additions	添置	15	44	618	12	689
Depreciation	折舊	(161)	(9)	(116)	(9)	(295)
Closing net carrying amount	期末賬面淨值	170	52	867	26	1,115
At 31 March 2016 and 1 April 2016	於二零一六年三月三十一日 及二零一六年四月一日					
Cost	成本	4,261	89	1,094	50	5,494
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(4,091)	(37)	(227)	(24)	(4,379)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	170	52	867	26	1,115
Year ended 31 March 2017	截至二零一七年					
	三月三十一日止年度					
Opening net carrying amount	期初賬面淨值	170	52	867	26	1,115
Additions	添置	-	23	-	34	57
Depreciation	折舊	(170)	(15)	(220)	(12)	(417)
Closing net carrying amount	期末賬面淨值	_	60	647	48	755
At 31 March 2017	於二零一七年三月三十一日					
Cost	成本	4,261	112	1,094	84	5,551
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(4,261)	(52)	(447)	(36)	(4,796)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	_	60	647	48	755

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15. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

The particulars of the Company's subsidiaries as at 31 March 2017 are as follows:

15. 於附屬公司之投資

本公司之附屬公司於二零一七年三月三十一日 之詳情如下:

Name	Place of incorporation/ operation 註冊成立/營運地點	Issues and fully paid share capital 已發行及 繳足股本	Attributable interests h the Com 本公司	eld by pany	Principal activities 主要業務
			Direct 直接	Indirect 間接	
China Equity Assets Holdings Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100%	-	Investment holding
中國股權資產集團有限公司	香港	1港元			投資控股
Master Smooth Investment Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	-	100%	Investment holding
萬通投資發展有限公司	香港	1港元			投資控股
Eternal Fame Industrial Limited 永名實業有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Able Surplus Corporation Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	-	100%	Investment holding
寶盈興業有限公司	香港	10,000港元			投資控股
Smart Access Capital Limited	BVI/Hong Kong 英屬維京群島/ 香港	US\$100 100美元	100%	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Urban Thrive Limited	BVI/Hong Kong 英屬維京群島/ 香港	US\$50,000 50,000美元	100%	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Moonglory International Properties Limited	BVI/Hong Kong	US\$50,000	100%	-	Investment holding
	英屬維京群島/香港	50,000美元			投資控股

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15. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

The particulars of the Company's subsidiaries as at 31 March 2017 are as follows: (continued)

15. 於附屬公司之投資(續)

本公司之附屬公司於二零一七年三月三十一日 之詳情如下:(續)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ operation 註冊成立/營運地點	Issues and fully paid share capital 已發行及 繳足股本	Attributable equity interests held by the Company 本公司 所持應佔股權		Principal activities 主要業務
			Direct 直接	Indirect 間接	
	<u> </u>			1919	
Giant Treasure Global Limited	BVI/Hong Kong 英屬維京群島/ 香港	US\$1 1美元	100%	-	Dormant 暫無業務
Ray Wealth Limited 霆康有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 1港元	-	100%	Dormant 暫無業務
Global Oasis Corporation	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100%	-	Dormant
綠遍全球有限公司	香港	1港元			暫無業務
Green Rhythm Limited 綠動全球有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	N/A 不適用	100%	_	Dormant 暫無業務

None of the subsidiaries had any debt securities outstanding at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

該等附屬公司於年末或年內任何時間概無任何 未償還債務證券。

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16. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE

16. 於一家聯營公司之權益

2017 2016 二零一七年 二零一六年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 Share of net assets of an associate 分佔一家聯營公司之資產淨值 5,512 5,874

- Details of the Group's associate at 31 March 2017 are as follows:
- 本集團之聯營公司於二零一七年三月 (a) 三十一日之詳情如下:

Name of associate	Place of incorporation/ operation 註冊成立/	Issued and fully paid registered capital 已發行及繳足	Percentage of equity held by the Group 本集團所持	Proportion of voting power	Principal activity
聯營公司名稱	營運地點	註冊資本	權益百分比	投票權比例	主要業務
Bonicast Construction Material (Beijing) Co., Ltd ("Bonicast")	People's Republic of China ("PRC")	Registered RMB10,000,000	49%	20% (note)	Trading of construction materials
會鑄偉業建築材料(北京) 有限公司(「會鑄偉業」)	中華人民共和國 (「中國」)	註冊 人民幣10,000,000元	49%	20% (附註)	建材貿易

Note: The Group is able to exercise significant influence over Bonicast because it has the power to appoint one out of five directors of that company under the articles of association of that company.

附註: 本集團能夠對會鑄偉業行使重大影 響力,原因為本集團有權根據該公 司組織章程細則委任該公司五名董 事其中一名。

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16. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE (continued)

(b) Summarised financial information in respect of Bonicast, which is a material associate to the Group is set out below:

16. 於一家聯營公司之權益(續)

(b) 本集團主要聯營公司會鑄偉業之財務資 料概要載列如下:

HK\$'000 HI	一六年 <\$'000 千港元
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	千港元 ———
As at 31 March 於三月三十一日	
Current assets 流動資產 11,279	12,021
Non-current assets 非流動資產 -	_
Current liabilities 流動負債 (31)	(33)
Net assets 資產淨值 11,248	11,988
Reconciliation to the Group's interest 與本集團於該聯營公司之	
in the associate: 權益對賬:	
Proportion of the Group's ownership 本集團之擁有權比例 49%	49%
Group's share of net assets of the 本集團分佔該聯營公司之	
assets of the associate 資產淨值 5,512	5,874
Carrying amount of the associate 聯營公司賬面值 5,512	5,874
Included in the above amounts are: 計入以上金額:	
Cash and cash equivalents 現金及現金等值物 ————————————————————————————————————	1
Current financial liabilities 流動財務負債	
(excluding trade and (不包括貿易應付款項及	
other payables) 其他應付款項) ————————————————————————————————————	_

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

16. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE (continued)

Summarised financial information in respect of Bonicast, which is a material associate to the Group is set out below: (continued)

16. 於一家聯營公司之權益(續)

(b) 本集團主要聯營公司會鑄偉業之財務資 料概要載列如下:(續)

2017

2016

		2017 二零一七年	2016 二零一六年
		—————————————————————————————————————	—参 八牛 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
		1,3,0	1,875
Year ended 31 March	截至三月三十一日止年度		
Revenue	收益	-	1,500
Loss from operation	來自經營業務之虧損	_	
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額	_	(428)
Group's share of result of an associate	本集團分佔一家聯營公司之 業績	_	
an associate	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Group's share of total	本集團分佔一家聯營公司之		
comprehensive income of	全面收益總額		(0.4.0)
an associate		_	(210)
Included in the above amounts are:	<i>計入以上金額:</i>		
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷	-	_
Interest income	利息收入	_	
Income tax expense	所得税開支 所得税開支	_	_

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17. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS

17. 可出售財務資產

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Unlisted equity securities in PRC, at cost Fair value adjustment	中國非上市股本證券·按成本 公平值調整	92,185 16,909	72,185 21,290
		109,094	93,475

Particulars of investments in unlisted equity securities held by the Group as at 31 March 2017 and 2016 disclosed pursuant to Chapter 21 of Listing Rules are as follows:

根據上市規則第21章披露之本集團於二零一七 年及二零一六年三月三十一日所持非上市股本 證券投資詳情如下:

Name of investee companies 接受投資公司名稱	Place of incorporation 註冊成立地點	Percentage of effective interest held 所持實際 權益百分比		cost 或本 31/3/2016 二零一六年 三月 三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	fair value	pulated adjustment P值調整 31/3/2016 二零一六年 三月 三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	Carryin 賬面 31/3/2017 二零一七年 三月 三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	g value 面值 31/3/2016 二零一六年 三月 三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元
Tianjin Bao Xin Ying Precious Metals Management Limited ("Bao Xin") (note (iii)) 天津寶鑫盈貴金屬經營有限公司 (「寶鑫」)(附註(iii))	PRC 中國	12.00%	6,590	6,590	(1,334)	578	5,256	7,168
GuangZhou Shi Da Jian Credit Guarantee Limited ("Da Jian") (note (iv)) 廣州市達鍵信用擔保有限公司 (「達鍵」)(附註(iv))	PRC 中國	11.59%	9,800	9,800	(2,581)	(3,137)	7,219	6,663
China Petroleum Bio-Energy Company Limited ("Bio-Energy") (note (v)) 中海油氣生物能源有限公司 (「生物能源」)(附註(v))	Hong Kong 香港	5.69%	24,400	24,400	33,858	36,415	58,258	60,815

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17. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS

17. 可出售財務資產(續)

(continued)

Name of investee companies	Place of incorporation	Percentage of effective interest held 所持實際	At cost		Accumulated fair value adjustment		Carrying value	
接受投資公司名稱	註冊成立地點	權益百分比	按/ 31/3/2017 二零一七年 三月 三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	成本 31/3/2016 二零一六年 三月 三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	累計公 ² 31/3/2017 二零一七年 三月 三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	7 值調整 31/3/2016 二零一六年 三月 三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	服 31/3/2017 二零一七年 三月 三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	၍值 31/3/2016 二零一六年 三月 三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元
Yenbo Gain Limited ("Yenbo Gain") (note (vi)) 盈寶利有限公司(「盈寶利」) (附註(vi))	BVI 英屬維京群島	18.18%	13,092	13,092	2,151	1,967	15,243	15,059
Perfect Worth Investment Limited ("Perfect Worth") (note (vii)) Perfect Worth Investment Limited (「Perfect Worth」) (附註(vii))	BVI 英屬維京群島	5.00%	18,303	18,303	(15,187)	(14,533)	3,116	3,770
Golden Resources Asia Limited ("Golden Resources") (note (viii)) Golden Resources Asia Limited (「Golden Resources」) (附註(viii))	BVI 英屬維京群島	14%	10,000	-	(68)	-	9,932	-
Huge Leader Investment Development Limited ("Huge Leader") (note (ix)) Huge Leader Investment Development Limited (「Huge Leader」) (附註(ix))	BVI 英屬維京群島	18%	10,000	-	70	-	10,070	-
			92,185	72,185	16,909	21,290	109,094	93,475

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17. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS

(continued)

Note:

The investments in Da Jian and Perfect Worth are measured at fair value and classified as Level 3 fair value measurement. The fair values of unlisted equity securities are determined by reference to the valuation carried out by an external independent valuer by using Guideline Publicly Traded Company method with reference to similar listed companies and adjusted to reflect the specific circumstance of the investments. The significant unobservable inputs are as follows:

Da Jian and Perfect Worth are valued by a price-to-book ratio multiple and indicated value per active customer of comparable listed companies respectively. A discount was applied to reflect the lack of marketability of the unlisted investments.

17. 可出售財務資產(續)

附註:

於達鍵及Perfect Worth之投資乃以公平值計 量,並分類為3級公平值計量。非上市股本證 券之公平值乃經參考外聘獨立估值師使用 上市公司指引法作出之估值釐定,該估值乃 經參考類似上市公司並就反映該等投資之 特定狀況而進行調整。重大不可觀察輸入數 據如下:

> 達鍵及Perfect Worth分別按可資比較上司公 司之市賬率倍數及每位活躍客戶之指示值 進行估值。已就反映該等非上市投資缺乏市 場流動性而加以貼現。

達鍵 Perfect Worth	Da Jian	Perfect Worth
	達鍵	Perfect Worth

Lack of marketability discount rate

缺乏市場流動性貼現率

30%

If the lack of marketability discount rate was 5% higher/lower while all other variables were held constant, the carrying amount of the investments in Da Jian and Perfect Worth would decrease/increase by approximately HK\$120,000 (2016: HK\$83,000) and HK\$67,000 (2016: HK\$47,000) respectively.

The investment in Bio-Energy, Yenbo Gain, Golden Resources and Huge Leader are measured at fair value and classified as Level 3 fair value measurement. The fair value of Bio-Energy, Yenbo Gain, Golden Resources and Huge Leader are determined by reference to the valuation carried out by an external independent valuer by using Discounted Cash Flow method. The significant unobservable inputs are as follows:

倘缺乏市場流動性貼現率上升/下跌5%,而 所有其他變項維持不變,則於達鍵及Perfect Worth之投資賬面值將分別減少/增加約 120,000港元(二零一六年:83,000港元)及 67,000港元(二零一六年:47,000港元)。

於生物能源、盈寶利、Golden Resources及 Huge Leader之投資以公平值計量,並分 類為3級公平值計量。生物能源、盈寶利、 Golden Resources及Huge Leader之公平值 乃經參考外聘獨立估值師使用貼現現金流 量法作出之估值釐定。重大不可觀察輸入數 據如下:

		Bio-Energy	Yenbo Gain	Golden Resources Golden	Huge Leader Huge
		生物能源	盈寶利	Resources	Leader
Lack of marketability discount rate	缺乏市場流動性貼現率	30%	30%	25%	25%
Growth rate	增長率	4%-86%	6%-137%	5%-17%	5%-16%
Gross profit margin	毛利率	58%-79%	37%	13%	17%

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

17. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS

(continued)

Note: (continued)

(continued)

If the lack of marketability and control discount rates were 5% higher/lower while all other variables were held constant, the carrying amount of the investments in Bio- Energy, Yenbo Gain, Golden Resources and Huge Leader would decrease/ increase by approximately HK\$1,248,000 (2016: HK\$1,303,000), HK\$299,000 (2016: HK\$251,000), HK\$147,000 (2016: Nil) and HK\$149,000 (2016: Nil) respectively.

Bao Xin is a PRC established company and principally engaged in the trading of precious metals and gold products and investment advisory in Tianjin, the PRC.

The investment in Bao Xin is measured at fair value and classified as Level 3 fair value measurement. The fair value of Bao Xin is determined by reference to the valuation carried out by an external independent valuer by using Asset Base Approach.

If the net book value of Bao Xin was 5% higher/lower while all other variables were held constant, the carrying amount of the investments in Bao Xin would increase/decrease by approximately HK\$263,000 (2016: HK\$358,000)

- Da Jian is a PRC established company and principally engaged in providing credit guarantee service in the PRC. The acquisition was completed on 21 January 2014.
- Bio-Energy is principally engaged in research, development and promotion of biomass energy and other agricultural related products. One of its subsidiaries has obtained the development and operation right of a piece of land in Xinjiang Province, the PRC, which is under construction and plantation of bio-oil crops and shelter belt plants.
- Yenbo Gain Limited is incorporated in BVI and principally engaged in cultivation and research of the fine and new varieties forest products together with the research and promotion of product cultivation technology for producing clean energy purposes.
- (vii) Perfect Worth is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the business of online distribution of footwear.

17. 可出售財務資產(續)

附註:(續)

(續)

倘缺乏市場流動性及控制權之貼現率上升 /下跌5%,而所有其他變項維持不變,則 於生物能源、盈寶利、Golden Resources及 Huge Leader之投資賬面值將分別減少/增 加約1,248,000港元(二零一六年:1,303,000 港元)、299.000港元(二零一六年:251.000 港元)、147,000港元(二零一六年:無)及 149,000港元(二零一六年:無)。

寶鑫為一間於中國成立之公司,主要於中國 天津從事貴金屬及黃金製品買賣及投資諮 詢服務。

> 於寶鑫之投資乃按公平值計量,並分類為3 級公平值計量。寶鑫之公平值乃經參考外聘 獨立估值師使用資產基礎法作出之估值釐 定。

> 倘寶鑫之賬面淨值上升/下跌5%,而所有 其他變項維持不變,則於寶鑫之投資賬面值 將分別增加/減少約263,000港元(二零一六 年:358.000港元)。

- 達鍵為一家於中國成立之公司,主要於中國 從事提供信貸擔保服務。該收購事項於二零 一四年一月二十一日完成。
- 生物能源主要從事生物質能源和農作物相 (v) 關產品的研究、開發和推廣。旗下一家附屬 公司已在中國新疆省取得一塊土地之開發 經營權,該土地正用於種植生物質油料作物 以及建設防護林。
- 盈寶利有限公司於英屬維京群島註冊成立, 主要從事林木之良種培育及新品種研發,以 及以產生清潔能源為目的栽培技術研發及 推廣。
- (vii) Perfect Worth為投資控股公司,其附屬公司 主要從事網上分銷鞋履業務。

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17. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS

(continued)

Note: (continued)

- (viii) Golden Resources is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the business of trading of steel and related products. The acquisition was completed on 11 August 2016 with the initial cost of HK\$10,000,000 settled by cash.
- (ix) Huge Leader is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the business of trading of engineering materials. The acquisition was completed on 26 October 2016 with the initial cost of HK\$10,000,000 settled by cash.

The following is the analysis of fair value change of AFS financial assets that are measured at fair value for the years ended 31 March 2017 and 2016:

17. 可出售財務資產(續)

附註:(續)

- (viii) Golden Resources為投資控股公司,其附屬 公司主要從事鋼鐵及相關產品買賣業務。該 收購事項於二零一六年八月十一日完成,初 步成本10,000,000港元以現金支付。
- Huge Leader為投資控股公司,其附屬公司 主要從事工程材料買賣業務。該收購事項於 二零一六年十月二十六日完成,初步成本 10,000,000港元以現金支付。

以下為可出售財務資產於截至二零一七年及二 零一六年三月三十一日止年度按公平值計量之 公平值變動分析:

> Change in fair value during the year ended 31 March 截至三月三十一日止年度之 公平值變動

2017 2016 二零一七年 二零一六年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元

Unlisted equity securities issued by:	由以下公司發行之非上市		
	股本證券:		
– Bao Xin	一寶鑫	(1,912)	(2,920)
– Da Jian	一達鍵	556	(754)
– Bio-Energy	一生物能源	(2,557)	32,904
– Yenbo Gain	一盈寶利	184	(1,066)
– Perfect Worth	-Perfect Worth	(654)	(14,533)
– Golden Resources	-Golden Resources	(68)	_
– Huge Leader	-Huge Leader	70	_
		(4,381)	13,631

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For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

18. 按公平值計入在損益處理之財務資產 18. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH **PROFIT OR LOSS**

		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Hong Kong listed equity securities,	香港上市股本證券,		
at market value (note (a))	按市值(附註(a))	41,855	12,080
Investments in convertible bonds,	投資於可換股債券,		
at fair value (note (b))	按公平值(附註(b))	26,459	26,155
		68,314	38,235

- Particulars of the Group's major investments of listed equity securities held by the Group as at 31 March 2017 and 2016 disclosed pursuant to Chapter 21 of Listing Rules are as follows:
- (a) 根據上市規則第21章披露之本集團於二 零一七年及二零一六年三月三十一日持 有之主要上市股本證券投資詳情如下:

2017 二零一七年

Name of		Number of	Percentage of interest		Market	Accumulated unrealised gain/(loss) arising on	Change in
investee companies	Note	shares held	held	Cost	value	revaluation 重估產生之 累計未變現	fair value
接受投資公司名稱	附註	所持股份數目	所持權益 百分比	成本	市值 2017 二零一七年	收益/(虧損)	公平值變動 2017 二零一七年
				HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
China Galaxy Securities Co., Limited ("CGS") 中國銀河證券股份有限公司 (「中國銀河證券」)	(i)	1,616,000 ordinary share 1,616,000股普通股	0.0159%	11,435	11,587	152	152
China Life Insurance Co. Limited ("China Life") 中國人壽保險股份有限公司 (「中國人壽」)	(ii)	300,000 ordinary share 300,000股普通股	0.0011%	7,264	7,155	(109)	(109)

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

18. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH **PROFIT OR LOSS** (continued)

(a) *(續)*

(a) *(continued)*

2017 *(continued)*

二零一七年(續)

18. 按公平值計入在損益處理之財務資產

Name of investee companies 接受投資公司名稱	Note	Number of shares held 所持股份數目	Percentage of interest held 所持權益 百分比	Cost 成本 HK\$'000 千港元	Market value 市值 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	Accumulated unrealised gain/(loss) arising on revaluation 重估產生之累計未變現 收益/(虧損)	Change in fair value 公平值變動 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Shangdong Molong Petroleum Machinery Co. Limited ("Shangdong Molong") 山東墨龍石油機械股份有限 公司(「山東墨龍」)	(iii)	1,958,800 ordinary share 1,958,800股普通股	0.2455%	6,362	4,133	(2,229)	(2,229)
BYD Company Limited ("BYD Company") 比亞迪股份有限公司 (「比亞迪股份」)	(iv)	81,000 ordinary share 81,000股普通股	0.0030%	3,633	3,491	(142)	(142)
Haitong International Securities Group Limited ("Haitong") 海通國際證券集團有限公司 (「海通」)	(v)	636,000 ordinary share 636,000股普通股	0.0119%	2,888	2,907	19	19
Huadian Fuxin Energy Corporation Limited ("Huadian Fuxin") 華電福新能源股份有限公司 (「華電福新」)	(vi)	1,300,000 ordinary share 1,300,000股普通股	0.0155%	2,245	2,262	17	17
A.Plus Group Holdings Limited ("A.Plus Group") 優越集團控股有限公司 (「優越集團」)	(vii)	3,300,000 ordinary share 3,300,000股普通股	0.8250%	1,000	2,376	1,376	1,376

18. 按公平值計入在損益處理之財務資產

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18. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH **PROFIT OR LOSS** (continued)

(a) (續)

2016

(continued)

二零一六年

		Percentage			Accumulated unrealised gain/(loss)	
Name of	Number of	of interest		Market	arising on	Change in
investee companies	shares held	held	Cost	value	revaluation 重估產生之 累計未變現	fair value
		所持權益			收益/	
接受投資公司名稱	所持股份數目	百分比	成本	市值 2016 二零一六年	(虧損)	公平值變動 2016 二零一六年
			HK\$'000	—₹ /\⊤ HK\$'000	HK\$'000	— ₹ /\ + HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
CITIC Limited ("CITIC")	30,000 ordinary shares	0.0001%	482	354	(128)	(44)
中國中信股份有限公司 (「中信」)	30,000股普通股					
Echo International Holdings Group Limited ("Echo International")	11,168,000 ordinary share	1.3960%	4,846	11,726	6,880	6,880
被高(國際)控股集團有限公司(「毅高國際」)	11,168,000股普通股					

Notes:

附註:

CGS was incorporated in PRC and its shares are listed on Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange (stock code: 6881) and the Shanghai Stock Exchange (stock code: 601881). CGS is in the securities and brokerage industry and its subsidiaries engage in provision of comprehensive securities services including brokerage, sales and trading as well as investment banking and investment management. For the financial year ended 31 December 2016, the audited consolidated profit attributable to equity holders of CGS was approximately RMB5,185,407,000 with basic profit per share of RMB0.54. No diluted earnings per share has been presented for the year ended 31 December 2016 and 2015 as the Group had no potential ordinary shares in issue during both years. As at 31 December 2016, its audited consolidated net assets attributable to the Company was approximately RMB9,302,000. No dividend received during the year ended 31 March 2017.

中國銀河證券於中國註冊成立,其 股份於香港聯交所主板(股份代號: 6881)及上海證券交易所(股份代 號:601881)上市。中國銀河證券從 事證券及經紀行業,而其附屬公司則 從事提供經紀、銷售及交易、投資銀 行及投資管理等綜合性證券服務。 截至二零一六年十二月三十一日止 財政年度,中國銀河證券權益持有 人應佔經審核綜合溢利約為人民幣 5,185,407,000元,每股基本溢利為人 民幣0.54元。由於本集團於截至二零 一六年及二零一五年十二月三十一日 止年度內並無已發行潛在普通股,故 並無呈報該兩個年度之每股攤薄盈 利。於二零一六年十二月三十一日, 本公司應佔該公司之經審核綜合資產 淨值約為人民幣9,302,000元。於截至 二零一七年三月三十一日止年度概無 收取任何股息。

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

18. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH **PROFIT OR LOSS** (continued)

(continued)

Notes: (continued)

- China Life was incorporated in PRC and the share its shares listed on Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange (stock code: 2628) and the Shanghai Stock Exchange (stock code: 601628). China Life is in the insurance industry, and it engages in provision of life, annuities, accident and health insurance products in China. For the financial year ended 31 December 2016, the audited consolidated profit attributable to equity holders of China Life was approximately RMB19,585,000,000 with basic and diluted profit per share of RMB0.66. As at 31 December 2016, its audited consolidated net assets attributable to the Company was approximately HK\$3,265,000. No dividend received during the year 31 March 2017.
- Shangdong Molong was incorporated in PRC and its shares are listed on Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange (stock code: 568). Shangdong Molong is in the oil and gas industry and its subsidiaries engage in design, manufacture and sale of oil well pumping machines, oil well sucker rods, oil well pumps, oil well pipes, casing and other petroleum drilling and extraction machinery accessories. For the financial year ended 31 December 2016, the audited consolidated profit attributable to equity holders of Shangdong Molong was RMB650,705,700 with basic and diluted profit per share of RMB0.77. As at 31 December 2016, its audited consolidated net assets attributable to the Company was RMB3,920,000. No dividend received during the year ended 31 March 2017.

18. 按公平值計入在損益處理之財務資產 (續)

(a) (續)

附註:(續)

- 中國人壽於中國註冊成立,其股份於 香港聯交所主板(股份代號:2628)及 上海證券交易所(股份代號:601628) 上市。中國人壽從事保險行業,於中 國從事提供人壽保險、年金保險、意 外保險與健康保險產品。截至二零 一六年十二月三十一日止財政年度, 中國人壽權益持有人應佔經審核綜合 溢利約為人民幣19,585,000,000元,每 股基本及攤薄溢利為人民幣0.66元。 於二零一六年十二月三十一日,本公 司應佔該公司之經審核綜合資產淨值 約為3,265,000港元。於截至二零一七 年三月三十一日止年度概無收取任何 股息。
- 山東墨龍於中國計冊成立,其股份 於香港聯交所主板上市(股份代號: 568)。山東墨龍從事石油及天然氣 行業,而其附屬公司則從事設計、 製造及銷售石油鑽採機械、抽油杆、 抽油泵、油管、套管及其他石油鑽採 機械部件。截至二零一六年十二月 三十一日止財政年度,山東墨龍權 益持有人應佔經審核綜合溢利為人 民幣650,705,700元,每股基本及攤薄 溢利為人民幣0.77元。於二零一六年 十二月三十一日,本公司應佔該公司 之經審核綜合資產淨值約為人民幣 3,920,000元。於截至二零一七年三月 三十一日止年度概無收取任何股息。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

18. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH **PROFIT OR LOSS** (continued)

(continued)

Notes: (continued)

- BYD Company was incorporated in PRC and its shares are listed on Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange (stock code: 1211) and the Shanghai Stock Exchange (stock code: 002594). BYD Company is in the automobiles industry, and it engages in research, development, manufacture and sale of rechargeable batteries and photovoltaic business, automobiles and related products, handset components and other electronic products. For the financial year ended 31 December 2016, the audited consolidated profit attributable to equity holders of BYD Company was approximately RMB5,480,012,000 with basic and diluted profit per share of RMB1.88. As at 31 December 2016, its audited consolidated net assets attributable to the Company was approximately RMB1,645,000. No dividend was received during the year 31 March 2017.
- Haitong was incorporated in Bermuda and its shares are listed on Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange (stock code: 665). Haitong is in the financial industry, and its subsidiaries engage in brokerage, provision of nominee and custodian services, corporate advisory, placing and underwriting, investment management, financing, trading and market making activities, structured products issuance and investment. For the financial year ended 31 December 2016, the audited consolidated profit attributable to equity holders of Haitong was approximately HK\$1,680,225,000 with basic profit per share of HK\$31.76 and diluted profit per share of HK\$31.18. As at 31 December 2016, its audited consolidated net assets attributable to the Company was approximately HK\$1,428,000. No dividend received during the year 31 March 2017.

18. 按公平值計入在損益處理之財務資產

(a) (續)

附註:(續)

- 比亞迪股份於中國註冊成立,其股 份於香港聯交所主板(股份代號: 1211)及上海證券交易所(股份代號: 002594)上市。比亞迪股份從事汽車 行業,從事二次充電電池及光伏業 務、汽車及相關產品、手機部件及其 他電子產品的研究、開發、製造及銷 售。截至二零一六年十二月三十一 日止財政年度,比亞迪股份權益持 有人應佔經審核綜合溢利約為人民 幣5,480,012,000元,每股基本及攤薄 溢利為人民幣1.88元。於二零一六年 十二月三十一日,本公司應佔該公司 之經審核綜合資產淨值約為人民幣 1,645,000元。於截至二零一七年三月 三十一日止年度概無收取任何股息。
- 海通於百慕達許冊成立,其股份於 香港聯交所主板上市(股份代號: 665)。海通從事金融行業,而其附屬 公司則從事經紀、提供代理人及保管 服務、企業諮詢、配售及包銷、投資 管理、融資、買賣及做市業務、發行 結構性產品及投資。截至二零一六年 十二月三十一日止財政年度,海通權 益持有人應佔經審核綜合溢利約為 1.680.225.000港元,每股基本溢利為 31.76港元及每股攤薄溢利為31.18港 元。於二零一六年十二月三十一日, 本公司應佔該公司之經審核綜合資產 淨值約為1,428,000港元。於截至二零 一七年三月三十一日止年度概無收取 任何股息。

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

18. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH **PROFIT OR LOSS** (continued)

(continued)

Notes: (continued)

- Huadian Fuxin was incorporated in PRC and its shares are listed on Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange (stock code: 816). Huadian Fuxin is in the energy industry and its subsidiaries engage in generation and sale of hydropower, wind power, coal-fired power, solar power, natural gas-fired power and other clean power in the PRC. For the financial year ended 31 December 2016, the audited consolidated profit attributable to equity holders of Huadian Fuxin was approximately RMB2,594,110,168 with both basic and diluted profit per share of RMB0.31. As at 31 December 2016, its audited consolidated net assets attributable to the Company was approximately RMB3,565,000. No dividend received during the year ended 31 March 2017.
- (vii) A.Plus Group was incorporated in Cayman Islands and its shares are listed on Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange (stock code: 8251). A.Plus Group is in the printing and packaging industry, and its subsidiaries engage in provision of financial printing service in Hong Kong mainly providing typesetting, design, translation, printing and delivery services. For the financial year ended 31 March 2016, the audited consolidated profit attributable to equity holders of A.Plus Group was approximately HK\$13,386,000 with basic and diluted profit per share of HK\$0.0529. As at 31 March 2016, its audited consolidated net assets attributable to the Company was approximately HK\$380,000. No dividend received during the year 31 March 2017.

The fair values of the Group's investment in listed equity securities are based on quoted market price.

18. 按公平值計入在損益處理之財務資產 (續)

(a) (續)

附註:(續)

- 華電福新於中國計冊成立,其股份 於香港聯交所主板上市(股份代號: 816)。華電福新從事能源行業,而其 附屬公司則於中國從事水電、風電、 煤電、太陽能、天然氣及其他清潔能 源發電及銷售。截至二零一六年十二 月三十一日止財政年度,華電福新權 益持有人應佔經審核綜合溢利約為人 民幣2,594,110,168元,每股基本及攤 薄溢利為人民幣0.31元。於二零一六 年十二月三十一日,本公司應佔該公 司之經審核綜合資產淨值約為人民幣 3.565.000元。於截至二零一七年三月 三十一日止年度概無收取任何股息。
- (vii) 優越集團於開曼群島計冊成立,其股 份於香港聯交所主板上市(股份代 號:8251)。優越集團從事印刷及包裝 行業,而其附屬公司則於香港從事提 供財經印刷服務,主要提供排版、設 計、翻譯、印刷及付運服務。截至二零 -六年三月三十一日止財政年度,優 越集團權益持有人應佔經審核綜合溢 利約為13,386,000港元,每股基本及 攤薄溢利為0.0529港元。於二零一六 年三月三十一日,本公司應佔該公司 之經審核綜合資產淨值約為380,000 港元。於截至二零一七年三月三十一 日止年度概無收取任何股息。

本集團於上市股本證券投資公平值乃以 所報市價為依據。

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18. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH **PROFIT OR LOSS** (continued)

Particulars of investments in convertible bonds held by the Group as at 31 March 2017 and 2016 disclosed pursuant to Chapter 21 of Listing Rules are as follows:

18. 按公平值計入在損益處理之財務資產

根據上市規則第21章披露之本集團於二 (b) 零一十年及二零一六年三月三十一日所 持投資於可換股債券詳情如下:

Name of investee companies 接受投資公司名稱	Place of incorporation 註冊成立地點	Unlisted debt securities, at cost 非上市債券證券 [,] 按成本值			adjustment 值調整	·	ng value 面值
				31/3/2017 二零一七年 三月三十一日		31/3/2017 二零一七年 三月三十一日	31/3/2016 二零一六年 三月三十一日
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Guanwan Investments Limited (note(i)) 冠萬投資有限公司 (附註(i))	BVI 英屬維京群島	20,000	20,000	6,459	6,155	26,459	26,155

On 22 December 2014, the Company invested in the 3% unsecured convertible bonds issued by Guanwan Investments Limited ("Guanwan") at a face value of HK\$20,000,000, bearing coupon interest rate of 3% per annum. Guanwan is an investment holding company which indirectly hold 100% shares of its subsidiary, 深圳金特嬌服裝有限公司 ("金特嬌"). 金特嬌 is principally engaging in designing, manufacturing and retail of women's dress in PRC. Each convertible bond due on 22 December 2017 are convertible into 24 fully paid ordinary shares of Guanwan with a par value of USD1.00 each at a conversion price of HK\$833,333 per conversion share. The Company can exercise the conversion at any time until the maturity date.

Investments in convertible bonds represent investments in convertible bonds issued by Guanwan. The investments in the convertible bonds have debt components and embedded derivatives components. The directors of the Company designated the combined contracts as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and recognised at fair value. The fair value of the combined contracts as at 31 March 2017 is determined by reference to the valuation carried out by an external independent valuer by using Discounted Cash Flow Method and Binominal Option Pricing Model. The inputs are as follows:

於二零一四年十二月二十二日,本 公司投資於冠萬投資有限公司(「冠 萬」)發行之3厘無抵押可換股債券, 該等債券面值為20,000,000港元,按 息票利率每年3厘計息。冠萬為投資 控股公司,間接持有其附屬公司深圳 金特嬌服裝有限公司(「金特嬌」)之 100%股份。金特嬌主要在中國從事 女裝設計、生產及零售。每份於二零 一七年十二月二十二日到期之可換股 債券可按換股價每股換股股份833.333 港元兑換為冠萬每股面值1.00美元之 繳足股款普通股24股。本公司可於到 期日前隨時行使換股權。

> 投資於可換股債券指投資於冠萬發行 之可換股債券。於可換股債券之投資 包括債務部分及嵌入式衍生工具部 分。本公司董事指定合併合約為按公 平值計入在損益處理之財務資產,並 按公平值確認。合併合約於二零一七 年三月三十一日之公平值乃經參考 外聘獨立估值師採用貼現現金流量法 及二項式期權定價模式所作估值而釐 定。有關輸入數據如下:

0.45%

48.56%

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18. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH **PROFIT OR LOSS** (continued)

(continued)

Risk free rate

Volatility

Guanwan Underlying share price HK\$1.073.836 Number of share outstanding HK\$833,333 Conversion price per share Time to maturity 266 days 3% Interest rate per annum Discount rate 17.95%

The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement are the underlying share price and expected volatility. The fair value measurement is positively correlated to the underlying share price and expected volatility.

As at 31 March 2017, it is estimated that with all other variables held constant, an increase/decrease in the expected volatility by 5% would have increased/decreased the carrying amount of the investment by approximately HK\$295,000/HK\$290,000 (2016: HK\$128,000/HK\$134,000).

In addition, it is estimated that with all other variables held constant, an increase/decrease in the underlying share prices by 5% would have increased/decreased the carrying amount of the investment by approximately HK\$1,003,000/HK\$1,230,000 (2016: HK\$1,075,000/HK\$770,000).

18. 按公平值計入在損益處理之財務資產 (續)

(b) (續)

相關股價	1,073,836港元
發行在外股份數目	24
每股換股價	833,333港元
到期時間	266日
年利率	3%
貼現率	17.95%
無風險利率	0.45%
波幅	48.56%

冠萬

公平值計量中所用重大不可觀察輸入數據 乃相關股價及預期波幅。公平值計量與相關 股價及預期波幅成正比。

於二零一七年三月三十一日,估計在所有 其他變項維持不變情況下,預期波幅增加 /減少5%將導致投資賬面值增加/減少約 295,000港元/290,000港元(二零一六年: 128,000港元/134,000港元)。

此外,估計在所有其他變項維持不變情況 下,相關股價上升/下跌5%將導致投資賬面 值增加/減少約1,003,000港元/1,230,000 港元(二零一六年:1,075,000港元/770,000 港元)。

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For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

19. OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND **PREPAYMENTS**

19. 其他應收款項、按金及預付款項

		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Interest receivable	應收利息	1,363	783
Prepayments	預付款項	979	778
Other receivables and deposits paid	其他應收款項及已付按金		
(note (a))	(附註(a))	59,848	59,733
		62,190	61,294

Note:

The Group's other receivables and deposits paid were mainly refundable deposits paid for potential investments in amount of HK\$59,000,000 as at 31 March 2017 (2016: HK\$59,000,000).

附註:

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團之其他 應收款項及已付按金主要為潛在投資之已付 可退還按金59,000,000港元(二零一六年: 59,000,000港元)。

20. BANK AND CASH BALANCES

20. 銀行及現金結存

		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Bank balances	銀行結存	13,772	38,726
Fixed deposits	定期存款	_	50,088
		13,772	88,814

The effective interest rate of the deposits in 2017 range from 0.001% to 0.45% (2016: 0.001% to 0.5%) per annum and all of them have a maturity within three months from initial inception.

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. The bank balances are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

二零一七年存款之實際年利率介乎0.001%至 0.45% (二零一六年: 0.001%至0.5%),所有存 款均於自初步存款當日起計三個月內到期。

銀行存款根據每日銀行存款利率按浮息賺取利 息。銀行結存已存入近期並無違約記錄之信用 良好銀行。

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21. SHARE CAPITAL

21. 股本

		Number 數目	Amount 金額 HK\$'000 千港元
Authorised	法定		
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.001 each	每股面值 0.001港元之普通股		
At 31 March 2016, 1 April 2016,	於二零一六年三月三十一日、二		
and 31 March 2017	零一六年四月一日及		
	二零一七年三月三十一日	100,000,000,000	100,000
Issued and fully paid	已發行及繳足		
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.001 each	每股面值 0.001港元之普通股		
At 1 April 2015	於二零一五年四月一日	8,342,514,870	8,343
Issue of shares (note (a))	發行股份(附註(a))	570,000,000	570
Shares issued in acquisition of	收購股本投資時發行股份 · · ·		
equity investments (note (b))	(附註 (b))	24,242,424	24
A+ 21 March 2014 and 1 April 2014	於二零一六年三月三十一日及		
At 31 March 2016 and 1 April 2016		0.027.757.204	0.027
Carallatian of thems (asta (a))	二零一六年四月一日	8,936,757,294	8,937
Cancellation of shares (note (c))	註銷股份(附註(c))	(114,900,000)	(115)
At 31 March 2017	於二零一七年三月三十一日	8,821,857,294	8,822

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For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

21. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

Notes:

- (a) On 25 September 2015, the Company entered into a placing agreement with the placing agent pursuant to which the placing agent conditionally agreed to place, to not less than six places for up to 570,000,000 new shares of the Company at a price of HK\$0.148 per placing share. The placing was completed on 10 October 2015 and none of the places became a substantial shareholder after the completion of placing. The aggregate nominal value of the placing shares issued of the shares was HK\$570,000.
- On 3 June 2015, the Company entered into an agreement with a vendor to acquire the sale shares by issuing 24,242,424 consideration shares at an issue price of HK\$0.33 per share. On 26 June 2015, issue of consideration shares has been completed at the market quoted price of HK\$0.26 per share and the aggregate nominal value of the shares was HK\$24,242.
- On 20 May 2016, the Company repurchased a total of 8,420,000 shares at HK\$0.113 per share and they were cancelled on 20 June 2016.

During July 2016, the Company repurchased a total of 106,480,000 shares on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange at HK\$0.096 per share and they were cancelled on 12 January 2017.

21. 股本(續)

附註:

- 於二零一五年九月二十五日,本公司與配售 (a) 代理訂立配售協議,據此,配售代理有條件 同意按每股配售股份0.148港元之價格,向 不少於六名承配人配售最多570,000,000股 本公司新股份。配售事項已於二零一五年十 月十日完成,概無承配人於配售事項完成後 成為主要股東。所發行配售股份之總面值為 570,000港元。
- 於二零一五年六月三日,本公司與賣方訂 (b) 立協議,诱過按發行價每股0.33港元發行 24,242,424股代價股份收購待售股份。發行 代價股份已於二零一五年六月二十六日按 市場報價每股0.26港元完成,股份之總面值 為24,242港元。
- 於二零一六年五月二十日,本公司按每股 0.113港元購回合共8,420,000股股份,並於 二零一六年六月二十日註銷該等股份。

於二零一六年七月,本公司於香港聯交所 按每股0.096港元購回合共106,480,000股股 份,並於二零一七年一月十二日註銷該等股 份。

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22. 儲備 22. RESERVES

COMPANY 本公司

		Share premium	Investment revaluation reserve 投資重估	Share option reserves	Accumulated losses	Total
		股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	購股權儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	累計虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2015 Loss for the year	於二零一五年四月一日 本年度虧損	265,018 -	6,544 –	123,411 –	(222,751) (19,989)	172,222 (19,989)
Other comprehensive income Change in fair value of available- for-sale financial assets	其他全面收益 可出售財務資產之 公平值變動	-	31,838	_	-	31,838
Total comprehensive income for the year Issue of shares	本年度全面收益總額發行股份	- 83,790	31,838	_	(19,989)	11,849 83,790
Shares issued on acquisition of equity investments Shares issued under share option	收購股本投資時發行股份 根據購股權計劃發行股份	6,279	-	-	-	6,279
scheme Share issue expenses	股份發行開支	- (429)	- -	- -	- -	(429)
At 31 March 2016 and 1 April 2016 Loss for the year Other comprehensive income	於二零一六年 三月三十一日及 二零一六年四月一日 本年度虧損 其他全面收益	354,658 -	38,382	123,411 -	(242,740) (11,901)	273,711 (11,901)
Change in fair value of available- for-sale financial assets	可出售財務資產之 公平值變動	-	(2,371)	_	-	(2,371)
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額	_	(2,371)	-	(11,901)	(14,272)
Repurchase and cancellation of shares	購回及註銷股份	(11,026)	_	_	_	(11,026)
At 31 March 2017	於二零一七年 三月三十一日	343,632	36,011	123,411	(254,641)	248,413

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22. RESERVES (continued)

The following describes the nature and purpose of each reserve within owners' equity:

22. 儲備(續)

以下為對擁有人權益內各儲備之性質及目的之

Reserve 儲備	Description and purpose 描述及目的
Share premium 股份溢價	Amount subscribed for share capital in excess of nominal value. 認購股本金額超出面值。
Investment revaluation reserve	Gains/losses arising on recognising financial assets classified as available-for-sale at fair value.
投資重估儲備	因按公平值確認分類為可出售財務資產而產生之收益/虧損。
Exchange reserve	Gains/losses arising on retranslating the net assets of foreign operations into presentation currency.
匯兑儲備	按呈列貨幣重新換算海外業務資產淨值而產生之收益/虧損。
Share option reserve	Cumulative expenses recognised on the granting of share options to the employees over the vesting period.
購股權儲備	就歸屬期間向僱員授出購股權確認累計開支。

23. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company's share option scheme (the "Scheme"), was adopted pursuant to a resolution passed on 9 April 2009 for the primary purpose of providing incentive to directors and eligible employees. Under the Scheme, the Board of Directors of the Company may grant options to eligible employees, including directors of the Company and its subsidiaries, to subscribe for shares of the Company. Consideration of HK\$1.00 is payable by each grantee upon acceptance of an option.

23. 購股權計劃

本公司根據於二零零九年四月九日通過之決議 案採納購股權計劃(「計劃」),主要目的為獎勵 董事及合資格僱員。根據計劃,本公司董事會可 向合資格僱員(包括本公司及其附屬公司董事) 授出可認購本公司股份之購股權。各承授人接 納購股權時須支付代價1.00港元。

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23. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

On 30 July 2013, the shareholders have approved the refreshment of the 10% scheme mandate limit under the Scheme of the Company in the annual general meeting. The total number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Scheme is not permitted to exceed 10% of the shares of the company in issue at any point in time, without prior approval from the Company's shareholders. Option previously granted under the Schemes including those outstanding, cancelled, lapsed in accordance with the Scheme or exercised options will not be counted for the purpose of calculating the limit as "refreshed". On 24 January 2014, the number of shares in respect of which options had been granted to eligible persons under the Scheme was 64,430,000, representing 8.37% of the shares of the Company in issue at that date. Options granted to independent non-executive directors in excess of 0.1% of the Company's share capital and with a value in excess of HK\$5 million must be approved in advance by the Company's shareholders. On 16 September 2014, 81,100,000 share options were granted to subscribe for a total of 81,100,000 new ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each in the share capital of the Company to eligible participants, subject to acceptance of the eligible participants, under the share option scheme adopted by the Company on 9 April 2009. Among the 81,100,000 Share Options granted, a total of 9,350,000 Share Options were granted to the Directors, chief executive and a substantial shareholder.

23. 購股權計劃(續)

於二零一三年七月三十日,股東已於股東週年 大會上批准更新本公司計劃項下之10%計劃授 權限額。未經本公司股東事先批准,根據計劃 可授出購股權所涉及股份總數不得超過本公司 不時之已發行股份10%。過往根據計劃授出之 購股權(包括尚未行使、已註銷、根據計劃已失 效或已行使之購股權)將不會計入「經更新」限 額。於二零一四年一月二十四日,根據計劃已 向合資格人士授出之購股權所涉及股份數目為 64,430,000股,相當於本公司當日之已發行股份 8.37%。如向獨立非執行董事授出之購股權超過 本公司股本0.1%及價值超出5.000,000港元,則 須獲本公司股東事先批准。於二零一四年九月 十六日,本公司根據於二零零九年四月九日採 納之購股權計劃向合資格參與者授出81,100,000 份購股權,可供認購本公司股本中每股面值0.01 港元之新普通股合共81,100,000股(須獲合資格 參與者接納方可作實)。所授出之81,100,000份 購股權其中合共9,350,000份乃授予董事、主要 行政人員及一名主要股東。

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23. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

The following table discloses movements of the Company's share options granted under the Scheme during the year ended 31 March 2017:

23. 購股權計劃(續)

下表披露於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年 度根據計劃授出的本公司購股權之變動:

Number of share options
睡 心 掛 動 日

Category 類別	Date of grant 授出日期	Exercise period 行使期	Exercise price per share 每股行使價	At 1 April 2016 於二零一六年 四月一日	Granted during the year 年內授出	Exercised during the year 年內行使	Lapsed during the year 年內失效	Ratify previous lapsed share option 認可過往 失效購股權	At 31 March 2017 於二零一七年 三月三十一日
Executive director	24 January 2014	24 January 2014 to 23 January 2019	HK\$0.1824*	6,000,000	-	-	-	-	6,000,000
執行董事	二零一四年一月二十四日	二零一四年一月二十四日至 二零一九年一月二十三日	0.1824港元*						
Non-executive director	24 January 2014	24 January 2014 to 23 January 2019	HK\$0.1824*	2,600,000	-	-	-	-	2,600,000
非執行董事	二零一四年一月二十四日	二零一四年一月二十四日至 二零一九年一月二十三日	0.1824港元*						
Independent non-executive directors	24 January 2014	24 January 2014 to 23 January 2019	HK\$0.1824*	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	1,000,000
獨立非執行董事	二零一四年一月二十四日	二零一四年一月二十四日至 二零一九年一月二十三日	0.1824港元*						
Others	24 January 2014	24 January 2014 to 23 January 2019	HK\$0.1824*	54,330,000	-	-	-	-	54,330,000
其他	二零一四年一月二十四日	二零一四年一月二十四日至 二零一九年一月二十三日	0.1824港元*						
Executive director	16 September 2014	16 September 2014 to 15 September 2019	HK\$0.1560*	2,110,000	-	-	-	-	2,110,000
執行董事	二零一四年九月十六日	二零一四年九月十六日至 二零一九年九月十五日	0.1560港元*						
Non-executive director	16 September 2014	16 September 2014 to 15 September 2019	HK\$0.1560*	130,000	-	_	-	-	130,000
非執行董事	二零一四年九月十六日	二零一四年九月十六日至 二零一九年九月十五日	0.1560港元*						
Independent non-executive directors	16 September 2014	16 September 2014 to 15 September 2019	HK\$0.1560*	5,000,000	-	-	-	-	5,000,000
獨立非執行董事	二零一四年九月十六日	二零一四年九月十六日至 二零一九年九月十五日	0.1560港元*						
Others	16 September 2014	16 September 2014 to 15 September 2019	HK\$0.1560*	73,860,000	-	-	-	-	73,860,000
其他	二零一四年九月十六日	二零一四年九月十六日至 二零一九年九月十五日	0.1560港元*						
Total 總計				145,030,000	-	-	-	-	145,030,000

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23. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

As at the date of grant, the exercise prices of the share options were HK\$1.824 and HK\$1.56. The exercise prices were adjusted to HK\$0.1824 and HK\$0.1560 following the share subdivision on 2 January 2015.

The number and weighted average exercise price of the share options exercisable at the end of the reporting period are 145,030,000 (2016: 145,030,000) and HK\$0.1676 (2016: HK\$0.1676) respectively.

The weighted average remaining contractual life for share options outstanding at the end of the reporting period is 1.2 years (2016: 2.2 years). The weighted average share price at the date of exercise of options exercised during the year was HK\$nil (2016: HK\$nil).

The total number of securities available for issue under the share option scheme as at 31 March 2017 was 1,450,300,000 shares (2016: 1,450,300,000 shares) which represented 16.44% of the issued share capital of the Company as at 31 March 2017 (2016: 16.23%).

24. NET ASSET VALUE PER SHARE

Net asset value per share is calculated by dividing the net assets included in the consolidated statement of financial position of approximately HK\$257,815,000 (2016: net assets of HK\$286,418,000) and the number of ordinary shares in issue as at 31 March 2017, being 8,821,857,294 (2016: 8,936,757,294).

23. 購股權計劃(續)

於授出日期,購股權之行使價為1.824港元 及1.56港元。繼於二零一五年一月二日進 行股份拆細後,行使價調整至0.1824港元及 0.1560港元。

於報告期末可行使購股權之數目及加權平均 行使價分別為145,030,000份(二零一六年: 145,030,000份)及0.1676港元(二零一六年: 0.1676港元)。

於報告期末未行使購股權之加權平均剩餘合約 年期為1.2年(二零一六年:2.2年)。年內已行 使購股權於行使日期之加權平均股價為零港元 (二零一六年:零港元)。

於二零一七年三月三十一日,購股權計劃項下可 供發行之證券總數為1,450,300,000股(二零一六 年:1,450,300,000股)股份,相當於本公司於二 零一七年三月三十一日之已發行股本16.44% (二零一六年:16.23%)。

24. 每股資產淨值

每股資產淨值按計入綜合財務狀況表之資產 淨值約257,815,000港元(二零一六年:資產淨 值286,418,000港元)除以於二零一七年三月 三十一日之已發行普通股數目8,821,857,294股 (二零一六年:8,936,757,294股)計算。

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25. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Compensation of key management personnel, including the directors and other members of key management, during the year is as follows:

25. 關連人士交易

(a) 主要管理人員(包括董事及其他主要管理 人員)年內酬金如下:

	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries, allowances and benefits 薪金、津貼及實物利益 in kind	3,787	2,921

Further details of directors' emoluments are included in note 13 to the consolidated financial statements.

有關董事酬金之進一步詳情載於綜合財 務報表附註13。

During the year, the Group entered into the following transactions with related parties:

年內,本集團曾與關連人士訂立以下交 (b) 易:

Name of related party 關連人士名稱	Nature of transaction 交易性質	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
China Everbright Securities (HK) Limited ("China Everbright")	Investment manager fee	720	720
(note (i)) 中國光大證券(香港)有限公司 (「中國光大」)(附註(i))	投資經理費用		

Note:

On 30 April 2015, the Company renewed the investment management agreement with China Everbright for a period of three years effective from 1 May 2015. The annual investment manager's fee payable to China Everbright is HK\$720,000 (2016: HK\$720,000).

附註:

於二零一五年四月三十日,本公司與 中國光大重續投資管理協議,自二零 一五年五月一日起生效,為期三年。 每年應付中國光大之投資經理費用為 720,000港元(二零一六年:720,000港 元)。

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26. RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEME

The Group has participated in a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for all eligible employees in Hong Kong. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group, in funds under the control of trustee. Under the scheme, each of the Group (the employer) and its employees makes monthly contributions to the MPF Scheme at 5% of the employees' earnings as defined under the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme Ordinance. The contributions from each of the employer and employees are subject to a maximum contribution of HK\$1,500 per month with effective from 1 June 2014 (2016: HK\$1,500) and thereafter contributions are voluntary. No forfeited contribution is available to reduce the contributions payable in the future years.

The total contributions charged to the consolidated income statement amounted to approximately HK\$112,000 (2016: approximately HK\$79,000), representing contributions payable to the MPF Scheme by the Group in respect of the year ended 31 March 2017.

27. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

At the end of reporting period, the minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases for leased premise are payable as follow:-

26. 退休福利計劃

本集團按照強制性公積金計劃條例為所有合資 格香港僱員參與定額供款強制性公積金計劃 (「強積金計劃」)。強積金計劃之資產與本集團 之資產分開,由信託人控制之基金持有。根據 該計劃,本集團(僱主)及其僱員各自按照僱員 之薪資(定義見強制性公積金計劃條例)之5% 每月向強積金計劃作出供款。自二零一四年六 月一日起,僱主及僱員各自之供款最高為每月 1,500港元(二零一六年:1,500港元),此後之供 款屬自願。並無沒收供款以減少來年應付之供

計入綜合收益表中之供款總額約112,000港元 (二零一六年:約79,000港元),指本集團就截至 二零一七年三月三十一日止年度應付強積金計 劃之供款。

27. 經營和賃承擔

於報告期末,根據不可撤銷經營租賃就租賃物 業應付之最低租金款項如下:

		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Within one year	一年內	603	2,269
In the second to fifth year inclusive	第二年至第五年		
	(包括首尾兩年)	_	_
		603	2,269

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28. HOLDING COMPANY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2017

28. 於二零一七年三月三十一日控股公司 財務狀況表

		2017 二零一七年	2016 二零一六年
	Notes	ー参一七年 HK\$'000	ー ◆一八年 HK\$'000
	附註	千港元	千港元
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	資產及負債		
	非流動資產		
	物業、廠房及設備	71	206
	於附屬公司之投資	781	781
Available-for-sale financial assets	可出售財務資產	96,619	79,644
		07.474	00.724
		97,471	80,631
Current assets	流動資產		
	깨動員煙 按公平值計入在損益		
through profit or loss		68,314	38,235
	其他應收款項、按金及		55,255
prepayments	預付款項	61,956	61,080
	應收附屬公司款項	19,792	16,223
Bank and cash balances	銀行及現金結存	11,520	88,809
		161,582	204,347
	流動負債	4.040	2 220
Other payables and accrued charges	其他應付款項及應計費用	1,818	2,330
		1,818	2,330
		1,010	2,330
Net current assets	流動資產淨值	159,764	202,017
The Current assets	加到安庄才但	137,704	202,017
Net assets	資產淨值	257,235	282,648
		201,200	232,310
EQUITY	權益		
	 股本 21	8,822	8,937
	儲備 22	248,413	273,711
Total equity	權益總額	257,235	282,648

On behalf of the board of directors

代表董事會

Chen Yin 陳胤 Director 董事

Chan Cheong Yee 陳昌義 Director 董事

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

29. SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES BY CATEGORY

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of the Group's financial assets and liabilities as defined in note 4(f):

29. 按類別劃分之財務資產及財務負債概要

下表列示附註4(f)所界定本集團財務資產及負債 之賬面值及公平值:

		2017		2016		
		二零一	七年	二零一六年		
		Carrying		Carrying		
		amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value	
		賬面值	公平值	賬面值	公平值	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
<u></u>		千港元	千港元	- 千港元	千港元	
Financial assets	財務資產					
Available-for-sale financial assets	可出售財務資產	109,094	109,904	93,475	93,475	
Fair value through profit or loss:	按公平值計入在損益					
	處理:					
- Designated at initial recognition	一初步確認時指定	26,459	26,459	26,155	26,155	
- Held for trading	一持作買賣	41,855	41,855	12,080	12,080	
Loans and receivables:	貸款及應收款項:					
– Other receivables, deposits	一其他應收款項、					
	按金	61,211	61,211	60,516	60,516	
– Bank and cash balances	一銀行及現金結存	13,772	13,772	88,814	88,814	
Financial liabilities	財務負債					
Financial liabilities measured at	按攤銷成本計量之					
amortised cost	財務負債	(1,822)	(1,822)	(2,389)	(2,389)	

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments carried at fair value by level of fair value hierarchy:-

下表列示按公平值等級劃分以公平值列值之財 務工具分析: -

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

第一級: 相同資產或負債之活躍市場報價(未經調整);

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability,

either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and

第二級: 直接(即價格)或間接(即來自價格)的資產或負債之可觀察輸入數據,而非第一級所包括報價;及

Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). Level 3:

並非基於可觀察市場數據的資產或負債之輸入數據(不可觀察之輸入數據)。 第三級:

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29. SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES BY CATEGORY

(continued)

29. 按類別劃分之財務資產及財務負債概 要(續)

		2017 二零一七年				
		Level 1 第一級 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 2 第二級 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 3 第三級 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元	
Available-for-sale financial assets	可出售財務資產					
– Private equity securities	一私募股權證券	-	-	109,094	109,094	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - Listed equity securities	按公平值計入在損益 處理之財務資產 一上市股權證券	41,855			41,855	
Listed equity securitiesInvestments in convertible	一工中放催品分 一投資於可換股債	41,055	_	_	41,055	
bonds	券	-	_	26,459	26,459	
		41,855	-	135,553	177,408	
			201 <i>6</i> 二零一;			
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
		第一級	第二級	第三級	總計	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元 ————	千港元	千港元	千港元	
Available-for-sale financial assets	可出售財務資產					
– Private equity securities	-私募股權證券	-	-	93,475	93,475	
Financial assets at fair value	按公平值計入在損益					
through profit or loss	處理之財務資產	40.000			10.000	
Listed equity securitiesInvestments in convertible	一上市股權證券 一投資於可換股債	12,080	_	_	12,080	
bonds	券	_	_	26,155	26,155	
		12,080	_	119,630	131,710	

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29. SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES BY CATEGORY

(continued)

Reconciliation for financial instruments carried at fair value based on significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) are as follows:

29. 按類別劃分之財務資產及財務負債概 要(續)

根據重大不可觀察輸入數據(第三級)以公平值 列值的財務工具之對賬如下:

		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: Investments in convertible bonds 按公平值計入在 損益處:投資 於可換股債券 HK\$'000 千港元	Available for sale financial assets: Investments in unlisted equity securities 可出售 財務資產: 投資於非上市 股權證券 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2016 Purchases	於二零一六年四月一日 購買 總收益/(虧損)	26,155 -	93,475 20,000	119,630 20,000
Total gain/(loss) – in profit or loss (note (a))	一於損益(附註(a))	304	(1,988)	(1,684)
- in other comprehensive income (note (b))	一於其他全面收益 (附註(b))	-	(2,393)	(2,393)
At 31 March 2017	於二零一七年 三月三十一日	26,459	109,094	135,553
Gain/(loss) recognised in profit or loss relating to financial instruments held by the Group at the end of reporting date	就本集團於報告日期 結束時所持財務工具於損 益中確認之 收益/(虧損)	304	(1,988)	(1,684)
At 1 April 2015 Purchases	於二零一五年四月一日購買	21,832	61,541 18,303	83,373 18,303
Total gain/(loss) - in profit or loss (note (a)) - in other comprehensive	總收益/(虧損) 一於損益(附註(a)) 一於其他全面收益	4,323	(17,670)	(13,347)
income (note (b))	(附註(b))		31,301	31,301
At 31 March 2016	於二零一六年 三月三十一日	26,155	93,475	119,630
Gain/(loss) recognised in profit or loss relating to financial instruments held by the Group at the end	就本集團於報告日期 結束時所持財務工具於 損益中確認之收益/ (虧損)			
of reporting date		4,323	(17,670)	(13,347)

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29. SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES BY CATEGORY

(continued)

Notes:

- Included in the change in fair value of and net realised gain/ (loss) on disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.
- Included in the other comprehensive income related to investment revaluation.

30. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES **AND POLICIES**

The Group's major financial instruments include equity investments, other receivables, other payables, borrowing and amount due to directors. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in the respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies applied by the Group to mitigate these risks are set out below. Management monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented in a timely and effective manner.

Interest rate risk

Except for the cash and cash equivalents which carry floating interest rate, the Group has no other significant interestbearing assets with floating rates. The Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates.

Sensitivity analysis

Assuming the balance at 31 March 2017 was the amount for the whole year, if the interest rate was 50 basis points higher or lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's loss for the year ended 31 March 2017 would decrease or increase by HK\$68,860 (2016: decrease or increase by HK\$444,070).

29. 按類別劃分之財務資產及財務負債概 要(續)

附註:

- 計入按公平值計入在損益處理之財務資產 公平值之變動及出售按公平值計入在損益 處理之財務資產之已變現收益/(虧損)淨
- (b) 計入有關投資重估之其他全面收益。

30. 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團主要財務工具包括股本投資、其他應收 款項、其他應付款項、借貸及應付董事款項。該 等財務工具之詳情於相關附註披露。有關該等 財務工具之風險及本集團用以規避該等風險之 政策載列如下。管理層監察該等風險以確保適 時及有效實施合適措施。

利率風險

除現金及現金等值物以浮動利率計息外,本集 團並無其他以浮動利率計息之重大附息資產。 本集團收入及經營現金流量大部分均獨立於市 場利率變動。

敏感度分析

假設於二零一七年三月三十一日之結餘乃全年 度之款額,倘利率上升或下降50個基點,而所有 其他變數維持不變,則本集團截至二零一七年三 月三十一日止年度之虧損將減少或增加68,860 港元(二零一六年:減少或增加444,070港元)。

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30. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES **AND POLICIES** (continued)

Foreign exchange risk

The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to the Renminbi ("RMB"). Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions, recognised assets and liabilities and net investments in foreign operations.

Sensitivity analysis

The following table shows the sensitivity analysis of a 5% increase/decrease in RMB against the Hong Kong dollars, the effect in the loss for the year is as follows:

30. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

外匯風險

本集團業務國際化,承受來自多國貨幣之外匯 風險,其中主要風險來自人民幣(「人民幣」)。 外匯風險來自海外業務之未來商業交易、已確 認資產及負債以及投資淨額。

敏感度分析

下表列示人民幣兑港元升值/貶值5%對本年度 虧損影響之敏感度分析:

Impact of RMB

人民幣之影響

2017 二零一七年

2016 二零一六年

HK\$'000

HK\$'000

千港元

千港元

Increase/decrease in loss for the year

本年度虧損增加/減少

276

294

Equity price risk

The Group is exposed to equity price risk arising from investments in convertible bonds, investments in PRC unlisted equity securities and investments in Hong Kong listed equity securities, which were classified as either availablefor-sale financial assets (note 17) or financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (note 18) on the consolidated statement of financial position. To manage its price risk arising from investments in financial assets, the Group diversified its portfolio.

股本價格風險

本集團承受股本價格風險, 乃來自於綜合財務 狀況表中分類為可出售財務資產(附註17)或按 公平值計入在損益處理之財務資產(附註18)之 可換股債券投資、中國非上市股本證券投資及 於香港上市股本證券投資。為管理投資財務資 產所產生價格風險,本集團分散其投資組合。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

30. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES **AND POLICIES** (continued)

Equity price risk (continued)

Sensitivity analysis

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to every 5% (2016: 5%) change in the fair value of the financial assets with all other variables held constant and based on their carrying value amounts at the end of the reporting period. For the available-for-sale investment, the impact is deemed to be on the investment revaluation reserve and no account is given for factors such as impairment, which might have impact on the income statement.

30. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

股本價格風險(續)

敏感度分析

下表説明在所有其他變數維持不變之情況下, 根據財務資產於報告期末之賬面值金額計算,公 平值每5%變動(二零一五年:5%)之敏感度。就 可出售投資而言,有關變動被視為將對投資重 估儲備構成影響,而並無考慮其他如減值等可 能影響收益表之因素。

		Impact of investments in convertible bonds 可換股債券投資之影響		for sale fina	available ancial assets 資產之影響	in Hong k equity s 香港上市	investment Cong listed ecurities 股權證券 之影響
		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Increase/decrease in loss for the year	本年度虧損増加/減少	1,323	1,308	-	-	2,093	604
Increase/decrease in other equity reserve	其他權益儲備增加/減少	_	_	5,455	4,674	_	-

Credit risk

The Group has no significant concentrations of credit risk.

Liquidity risk

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuation in cash flows. With regard to 2016 and thereafter, the liquidity of the Group is primarily dependent on its ability to maintain adequate cash flow from operations and to raise funds through issue and allotment of new shares to meet its debt obligations as they fall due.

信貸風險

本集團並無重大集中信貸風險。

流動資金風險

就管理流動資金風險而言,本集團監控並維持 管理層視為充裕之現金及現金等值物水平,以 為本集團業務營運提供資金,並減輕現金流量 波動之影響。就二零一六年及其後而言,本集團 之流動資金主要取決於自其業務維持足夠現金 流量以及透過發行及配發新股份籌集資金以於 債務到期時應付其債務承擔之能力。

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

30. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES **AND POLICIES** (continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities at the end of reporting period is as follows:

30. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險(續)

本集團於報告期末之財務負債到期情況如下:

		Weighted average effective interest rate	Less than 1 year	1 year to 5 years	Total undiscounted cash flows	Carrying amount
		加權平均實際利率	一年內	一年至五年	非貼現現金流量總額	非
		具际利率	HK'000	ー 中 至 五 中 HK'000	派里總領 HK'000	賬面值 HK'000
		/0	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
As at 31 March 2017	於二零一七年三月三十一日					
Other payables and accrued charges	其他應付款項及應計費用	N/A不適用	1,822	-	1,822	1,822
As at 31 March 2016	於二零一六年三月三十一日					
Other payables and accrued charges	其他應付款項及應計費用	N/A不適用	2,389	_	2,389	2,389

31. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT POLICY

The Group's objectives of managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as debts divided by total assets. Debts included other payables and accrued charges, borrowing and amount due to directors and total assets included non-current assets and current assets as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position.

31. 資金管理政策

本集團之資金管理目標乃保障本集團能持續經 營,以為股東帶來回報及為其他權益持有人帶 來利益,同時維持最佳資本結構以減低資本成 本。為維持或調整資本結構,本集團可調整向股 東派付之股息金額、向股東退回資本、發行新股 份或出售資產以減輕債務。

本集團與其他同業做法一致,按資產負債比率 為基準監察資本。此比率乃以債務除資產總值 計算。如綜合財務狀況表所示,債務包括其他 應付款項及應計費用、借貸及應付董事款項、 而資產總值則包括非流動資產及流動資產。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

31. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT POLICY (continued)

The gearing ratio at the end of reporting period was as follows:

31. 資金管理政策(續)

於報告期末,資產負債比率如下:

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Delay	生业	4.022	2 200
Debts Total assets	債務 資產總值	1,822 259,637	2,389 288,807
Gearing ratio	資產負債比率	0.70%	0.83%

32. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 28 June 2017.

32. 批准財務報表

董事會已於二零一七年六月二十八日批准及授 權刊發財務報表。

FIVE YEARS FINANCIAL SUMMARY 五年財務概要

		Year ended 31 March 截至三月三十一日止年度					
		2017	截主 — 2016	2015	- 千皮 2014	2013	
		二零一七年			二零一四年 :		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
RESULTS	業績						
Revenue	收益	600	602	227	257	764	
Loss before income tax expense Income tax expense	除所得税開支前虧損 所得税開支	(14,707) -	(23,974)	(88,885)	(89,215) –	(8,972)	
Loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人 應佔本年度虧損	(14,707)	(23,974)	(88,885)	(89,215)	(8,972)	
				ended 31 Ma			
				月三十一日山			
		2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	
		二零一七年					
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	
ACCETS AND LIABILITIES	次玄亚石庄						
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	資產及負債 非流動資產	115 241	100 474	(0.24/	21 570	/ 000	
Non-current assets Current assets	非	115,361	100,464 188,343	68,346 121,819	21,578	6,802	
Current liabilities	流動負煙 流動負債	144,276 (1,822)	(2,389)	(1,098)	123,448 (3,197)	31,808 (4,519)	
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(1,022)	(2,309)	(1,070)	(3,17/)	(4,519)	
Total equity	權益總額	257,815	286,418	189,067	141,829	34,091	



CHINA INVESTMENT
DEVELOPMENT LIMITED
中國投資開發有限公司