

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司) (Stock Code 股份代號: 03828)

Annual Report 2022 年報

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CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors: Mr. CHING Chi Fai (Chairman) Mr. CHING Chi Keung Mr. LIU Zigang Mr. CHING Tsun Wah Mr. KEUNG Kwok Hung

Non-Executive Director: Ms. CHAN Yim Ching

Independent Non-Executive Directors: Mr. HUNG Kam Hung Allan Mr. NG Bo Kwong Mr. SUN Eric Yung Tson Mr. KWONG Tony Wan Kit

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. KWONG Tony Wan Kit (*Chairman*) Mr. HUNG Kam Hung Allan Mr. NG Bo Kwong Mr. SUN Eric Yung Tson

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. CHING Chi Fai *(Chairman)* Mr. SUN Eric Yung Tson Mr. KWONG Tony Wan Kit

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. HUNG Kam Hung Allan (Chairman) Mr. CHING Chi Fai Mr. NG Bo Kwong Mr. SUN Eric Yung Tson Mr. KWONG Tony Wan Kit

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Mr. CHING Chi Fai (Chairman) Mr. CHING Chi Keung Mr. LIU Zigang Mr. CHING Tsun Wah Mr. KEUNG Kwok Hung

INVESTMENT COMMITTEE

Mr. CHING Chi Fai *(Chairman)* Mr. KEUNG Kwok Hung Mr. KWONG Tony Wan Kit

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER AND COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. KEUNG Kwok Hung CPA

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Hang Seng Bank Limited DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Limited

董事會

執行董事:
 程志輝先生(主席)
 程志強先生
 劉子剛先生
 程俊華先生
 姜國雄先生

非執行董事: 陳艷清女士

獨立非執行董事: 孔錦洪先生 吳保光先生 孫榮聰先生 鄺允傑先生

審核委員會

鄺允傑先生(*主席)* 孔錦洪先生 吴保光先生 孫榮聰先生

提名委員會

程志輝先生(*主席)* 孫榮聰先生 鄺允傑先生

薪酬委員會

孔錦洪先生(主席) 程志輝先生 吳保光先生 孫榮聰先生 鄺允傑先生

執行委員會

程志輝先生(主席) 程志強先生 劉子剛先生 程俊華先生 姜國雄先生

投資委員會

程志輝先生(主席) 姜國雄先生 鄺允傑先生

首席財務官兼公司秘書

姜國雄先生會計師

主要往來銀行

中國銀行(香港)有限公司 香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司

恒生銀行有限公司 星展銀行(香港)有限公司

CORPORATE INFORMATION (CONTINUED) 公司資料(續)

AUDITOR

PricewaterhouseCoopers Certified Public Accountants Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor 22/F, Prince's Building Central Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE IN THE CAYMAN ISLANDS

Suntera (Cayman) Limited Suite 3204, Unit 2A, Block 3, Building D P.O. Box 1586, Gardenia Court, Camana Bay Grand Cayman, KY1-1100 Cayman Islands

BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR IN THE HONG KONG SPECIAL ADMINISTRATIVE REGION OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA (THE "PRC")("HONG KONG")

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Investors' enquiries: 17M Floor Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai Hong Kong

Transfer of shares: Shops 1712–1716, 17th Floor Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE

PO Box 309 Ugland House Grand Cayman, KY1-1104 Cayman Islands

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Unit D3, 8/F, TML Tower No. 3 Hoi Shing Road Tsuen Wan, New Territories Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN THE PRC

Ming Fai Industrial Estate Bainikeng, Pinghu, Longgang Shenzhen, the PRC

WEBSITE

www.mingfaigroup.com

STOCK CODE 03828

核數師

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 執業會計師 註冊公眾利益實體核數師 香港 中環 太子大廈二十二樓

開曼群島主要股份過戶登記處

Suntera (Cayman) Limited Suite 3204, Unit 2A, Block 3, Building D P.O. Box 1586, Gardenia Court, Camana Bay Grand Cayman, KY1-1100 Cayman Islands

中華人民共和國(「中國」) 香港特別行政區(「香港」) 股份過戶登記分處

香港中央證券登記有限公司 *投資者諮詢:* 香港 灣仔皇后大道東183號 合和中心 17M樓

股份過戶: 香港 灣仔皇后大道東183號 合和中心 17樓1712-1716號舖

註冊辦事處

PO Box 309 Ugland House Grand Cayman, KY1-1104 Cayman Islands

總辦事處及香港主要營業地點

香港 新界荃灣 海盛路3號 TML廣場8樓D3室

中國主要營業地點

中國深圳市 龍崗區平湖白坭坑 明輝工業城

網址 www.mingfaigroup.com

股份代號 03828

HIGHLIGHTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度之摘要

- Revenue increased 24.9% to approximately HK\$1,793.0
 million (for the year ended 31 December 2021: approximately HK\$1,435.8 million).
- Gross profit increased 57.6% to approximately HK\$424.8 million (for the year ended 31 December 2021: approximately HK\$269.6 million).
- Gross profit margin increased 4.9 percentage points to 23.7% (for the year ended 31 December 2021: 18.8%).
- Operating profit was approximately HK\$91.8 million (for the year ended 31 December 2021: operating loss was approximately HK\$92.4 million).
- Profit attributable to owners of the Company was approximately HK\$75.5 million (for the year ended 31 December 2021: loss attributable to owners of the Company was approximately HK\$93.5 million).
- A proposed final dividend in respect of the year ended 31 December 2022 of HK3.0 cents per share of the Company (the "Share") was recommended, together with the interim dividend of HK1.0 cent per Share for the six months ended 30 June 2022 was declared, representing a total dividend of HK4.0 cents per Share and the annual dividend payout ratio of 38.5%. No final dividend was recommended for the year ended 31 December 2021 and no interim dividend was declared during the six months ended 30 June 2021.

- 收入增加24.9%至約1,793.0百萬港元 (截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止 年度:約1,435.8百萬港元)。
- 毛利上升57.6%至約424.8百萬港元 (截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止 年度:約269.6百萬港元)。
 - 毛利率上升4.9個百分點至23.7%(截 至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度: 18.8%)。
- 經營溢利約91.8百萬港元(截至二零 二一年十二月三十一日止年度:經營 虧損約92.4百萬港元)。
- 本公司擁有人應佔溢利約75.5百萬港 元(截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度:本公司擁有人應佔虧損約 93.5百萬港元)。
- 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年 度的建議末期股息為每股本公司股 份(「股份」)3.0港仙,連同截至二零 二二年六月三十日止六個月所宣派的 中期股息每股1.0港仙,股息總額為每 股4.0港仙以及年度派息率為38.5%。 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年 度並無建議派發末期股息及截至二零 二一年六月三十日止六個月亦無宣派 中期股息。

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FIVE YEARS FINANCIAL SUMMARY 五年財務概要

CONSOLIDATED RESULTS 綜合業績

		Years ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度				
		2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
		二零一八年	二零一九年	二零二零年	二零二一年	二零二二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Revenue	收入	2,052,708	2,043,095	1,353,099	1,435,826	1,793,025
Profit/(loss) before	未計所得税前					
income tax	溢利/(虧損)	130,931	127,102	101,537	(94,405)	89,986
Income tax expenses	所得税開支	(34,850)	(35,022)	(26,937)	(3,520)	(20,144)
Profit/(loss) for the year	年度溢利/(虧損)	96,081	92,080	74,600	(97,925)	69,842

CONSOLIDATED ASSETS, EQUITY AND LIABILITIES 綜合資產、權益及負債

				at 31 Decembe 十二月三十一日	r	
		2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
		二零一八年	二零一九年	二零二零年	二零二一年	二零二二年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	— HK\$'000	— < _ HK\$′000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
ASSETS	資產					
Non-current assets	非流動資產	467,444	569,549	610,755	593,988	545,131
Current assets	流動資產	1,237,607	1,269,396	1,192,680	1,144,736	1,204,330
Total assets	資產總額	1,705,051	1,838,945	1,803,435	1,738,724	1,749,461
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	權益及負債					
Total equity	總權益	1,090,530	1,130,906	1,192,334	1,094,446	1,131,481
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	10,339	17,905	24,153	22,574	21,609
Current liabilities	流動負債	604,182	690,134	586,948	621,704	596,371
Total liabilities	負債總額	614,521	708,039	611,101	644,278	617,980
Total equity and liabilities	總權益及負債	1,705,051	1,838,945	1,803,435	1,738,724	1,749,461
Total equity and habilities	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	1,705,051	1,000,940	1,000,400	1,750,724	1,/45,401

KEY SHAREHOLDER VALUE INDICES 主要股東價值指標



Revenue 收入

Profit/(loss) attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔溢利/(虧損)



Basic earnings/(loss) per Share attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人產佔在股基本及利/(虧損)





Dividend per Share 每股股息

马顶顶心



CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告

Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of Ming Fai International Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group"), I am pleased to present the audited annual results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022.

2022 was a challenging year, with high volatility in the macro-economy, the recurrence of COVID-19 pandemic in China, rising costs due to high inflation and fierce competition in the business environment. However, as the global COVID-19 pandemic is under control, various countries have gradually lifted the restrictions on pandemic prevention, and economic activities and personnel flow have gradually returned to normal, bringing light to the recovery of the tourism industry. According to the data recently released by the United Nations World Tourism Organization, every global region recorded notable increases in international tourist arrivals, with more than 900 million tourists travelled internationally in 2022, gradually returning to 63% of pre-pandemic levels.

With the gradual recovery of the global tourism industry, the Group's overall performance has increased. The Group recorded an overall revenue of approximately HK\$1,793.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2022, an increase of 24.9% as compared with approximately HK\$1,435.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2021, in which the hospitality supplies business, operating supplies and equipment ("OS&E") business and health care and hygienic products business contributed approximately HK\$1,376.9 million, HK\$149.4 million and HK\$266.7 million for the year ended 31 December 2022 (for the year ended 31 December 2021: approximately HK\$1,088.1 million, HK\$156.4 million and HK\$191.3 million), respectively.

Gross profit of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022 was approximately HK\$424.8 million, representing a 57.6% increase as compared with approximately HK\$269.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2021. The gross profit margin of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022 increased 4.9 percentage points to 23.7% (for the year ended 31 December 2021: 18.8%). Profit attributable to owners of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2022 was approximately HK\$75.5 million (for the year ended 31 December 2021: loss attributable to owners of the Company was approximately HK\$93.5 million). 各位股東:

本人謹代表明輝國際控股有限公司(「本公 司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」),欣然 提呈本集團截至二零二二年十二月三十一日 止年度之經審核年度業績。

二零二二年滿佈挑戰,宏觀經濟大幅波動、 中國再度爆發2019冠狀病毒病(COVID-19)大 流行、通脹高企之下成本上升及商業環境競 爭甚激烈。然而,隨著全球COVID-19大流 行受到控制,各國逐步放寬防疫限制措施、 經濟活動及旅客流量逐漸復常,旅遊業之復 甦得見曙光。根據聯合國世界旅遊組織近日 公佈的數據,全球各地的國際旅客人次均 錄得顯著增長,二零二二年國際旅客共計逾 900百萬人次,逐漸回升至大流行前水平之 63%。

隨著全球旅遊業逐步復甦,本集團之整體 業績亦有所提升。截至二零二二年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團錄得整體收入約 1,793.0百萬港元,較截至二零二一年十二 月三十一日止年度之約1,435.8百萬港元上 升24.9%,當中酒店供應品業務、營運用品 及設備(「營運用品及設備」)業務以及健康護 理及衛生用品業務於截至二零二二年十二月 三十一日止年度分別佔約1,376.9百萬港元、 149.4百萬港元及266.7百萬港元(截至二零 二一年十二月三十一日止年度:約1,088.1百 萬港元、156.4百萬港元及191.3百萬港元)。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本 集團之毛利約424.8百萬港元,較截至二零 二一年十二月三十一日止年度之約269.6百 萬港元增加57.6%。截至二零二二年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團之毛利率增加4.9 個百分點至23.7%(截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度:18.8%)。截至二零二二 年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司擁有人 應佔溢利約75.5百萬港元(截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度:本公司擁有人應佔 虧損約93.5百萬港元)。 The Group believes that the health concept has become increasingly popular after the COVID-19 pandemic, and the public has paid more attention to health and hygiene, which has left the demand for health care and hygienic products. During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group produced high-guality disposable infection control products such as medical equipment covers, as well as our health care and hygienic products to meet the growing market demand. The Group will also adopt advanced technology to research as appropriate and develop and upgrade health care and hygienic products to enrich its product range, and further develops sales channels to promote its products to commercial and non-commercial enterprises, thereby strengthening its brand awareness. In addition, the Group continued to promote the construction of supply chain in the Kingdom of Cambodia ("Cambodia") to further grasp the cost-effectiveness of low tariffs and expand its business in Southeast Asia.

Looking ahead, economic activities will gradually return to normal, and the global tourism industry will recover. As a result, the Group's business is expected to further maintain its growth driver. The performance of the Group's hospitality supplies business and OS&E business in China are expected to improve on the back of a rebound in the domestic economy and tourism following the full opening of China's immigration control.

The pace of recovery in the global tourism industry still depends on global economic, public health and geopolitical factors, and the Group remains cautiously optimistic about the industry outlook. The Group will closely monitor the trend of the industry and adjust its business strategy in a timely manner to deploy the market. To cope with the challenging business environment, the Group will leverage on its own strengths and implement a cost-effective and efficient operation model by making use of existing production bases in different locations to increase productivity. In addition, the Group will actively optimise its product mix to capture market opportunities, promote diversified development and enhance its competitiveness and business performance.

On behalf of the Board, I am sincerely grateful to all Shareholders and business partners for their continuous support and trust. I also highly appreciate to our management and employees for their loyalty, professionalism and contributions, and to work with the Group in a challenging environment.

CHING Chi Fai Chairman

Hong Kong, 28 March 2023

展望未來,經濟活動將逐步恢復正常,全球 旅遊業亦將復甦,故預期本集團之業務將更 有效維持增長動力。中國全面開放入境限制 措施後,國內經濟及旅遊業回暖,預期本集 團在中國的酒店供應品業務及營運用品及設 備業務表現將得以改善。

全球旅遊業之復甦步伐仍取決於全球經濟、 公眾健康及地緣政治因素,本集團對行業前 景保持謹慎樂觀的態度。本集團將密切監察 行業的發展趨勢,適時調整營運策略,為市 場作好部署。為應對滿佈挑戰的商業環境, 本集團將發揮自身優勢,善用各地現有的 生產基地,並採取低成本、高效率的營運模 式,從而提高生產力。此外,本集團亦將積 極優化產品組合,藉以把握市場機遇、促進 多元化發展、提升競爭力及業務表現。

本人謹此代表董事會,就每位股東及業務夥 伴一直以來的支持及信賴致以誠摯的謝意。 本人亦非常感激管理層與僱員的忠誠、專業 精神及貢獻,感激各位在困難重重的環境之 下與本集團並肩作戰。

主席 **程志輝**

香港,二零二三年三月二十八日

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 管理層討論及分析

FINANCIAL REVIEW

財務回顧

Key Financial Highlights

Set out below are the consolidated key financial highlights of the Group:

主要財務摘要

以下載列本集團之綜合主要財務摘要:

		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度		
		2022 二零二二年 HK <mark>\$ million</mark> 百萬港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$ million 百萬港元	Change 變動 % 百分比
			니 변/년/년	цлы
Revenue	收入	1,793.0	1,435.8	24.9%
Gross Profit	毛利	424.8	269.6	57.6%
Profit/(loss) attributable to owners of	本公司擁有人應佔			
the Company	溢利/(虧損)	75.5	(93.5)	N/A不適用
Basic earnings/(loss) per Share attributable	本公司擁有人應佔每股			
to owners of the Company (HK cents)	基本盈利/(虧損) <i>(港仙)</i>	10.4	(12.8)	N/A不適用
Diluted earnings/(loss) per Share attributable	本公司擁有人應佔每股			
to owners of the Company (HK cents)	攤薄盈利/(虧損) <i>(港仙)</i>	10.4	(12.8)	N/A不適用
Dividend per Share (HK cents)	每股股息(<i>港仙)</i>	4.0	-	N/A不適用

Revenue

For the year ended 31 December 2022, the total revenue of the Group recorded an increase of 24.9% to approximately HK\$1,793.0 million (for the year ended 31 December 2021: approximately HK\$1,435.8 million). For the year ended 31 December 2022, the revenues of the hospitality supplies business, OS&E business and health care and hygienic products business were approximately HK\$1,376.9 million, HK\$149.4 million and HK\$266.7 million (for the year ended 31 December 2021: approximately HK\$1,088.1 million, HK\$156.4 million and HK\$191.3 million) respectively, which represented 76.8%, 8.3% and 14.9% (for the year ended 31 December 2021: 75.8%, 10.9% and 13.3%) of the Group's total revenue respectively.

Gross profit and gross profit margin

The Group's gross profit for the year ended 31 December 2022 increased 57.6% to approximately HK\$424.8 million, compared with approximately HK\$269.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2021. Gross profit margin increased 4.9 percentage points to 23.7% from 18.8% as compared with the prior year, as a results of various measures taken by the Group, including tightening cost control and more effort in sales of products with higher profit margins.

收入

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本 集團總收入錄得增幅24.9%至約1,793.0百萬 港元(截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年 度:約1,435.8百萬港元)。截至二零二二年 十二月三十一日止年度,酒店供應品業務、 營運用品及設備業務與健康護理及衛生用品 業務的收入分別約1,376.9百萬港元、149.4 百萬港元及266.7百萬港元(截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度:約1,088.1百萬港 元、156.4百萬港元及191.3百萬港元),分 別佔本集團總收入的76.8%、8.3%及14.9% (截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度: 75.8%、10.9%及13.3%)。

毛利及毛利率

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本 集團的毛利約424.8百萬港元,較截至二零 二一年十二月三十一日止年度約269.6百萬 港元增加57.6%。因本集團採取多項措施(包 括加強成本控制及加大高利潤率產品的銷 售),毛利率較去年之18.8%增加4.9個百分 點至23.7%。

Profit/(loss) attributable to owners of the Company

Profit attributable to owners of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2022 was approximately HK\$75.5 million (for the year ended 31 December 2021: loss attributable to owners of the Company was approximately HK\$93.5 million).

Earnings/(loss) per Share

Basic and diluted earnings per Share attributable to owners of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2022 were HK10.4 cents and HK10.4 cents (for the year ended 31 December 2021: basic and diluted loss per Share were HK12.8 cents and HK12.8 cents) respectively.

Final dividend

The Board had resolved to propose a final dividend of HK3.0 cents per Share for the year ended 31 December 2022 (for the year ended 31 December 2021: nil). A sum of the interim and final dividends for the year ended 31 December 2022 was expected to be HK4.0 cents per Share (for the year ended 31 December 2021: nil). The proposed final dividend is subject to approval at the annual general meeting to be held on 24 May 2023 ("AGM").

Liquidity and financial resources

The Group has always pursued a prudent treasury management policy and actively manages its liquidity position with standby banking facilities to cope with daily operation and potential capital demands for future development.

Cash and cash equivalents

As at 31 December 2022, the Group's cash and cash equivalents amounted to approximately HK\$305.4 million (as at 31 December 2021: approximately HK\$251.2 million).

Net assets

As at 31 December 2022, the Group's net assets was approximately HK\$1,131.5 million (as at 31 December 2021: approximately HK\$1,094.4 million).

本公司擁有人應佔溢利/(虧損)

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本 公司擁有人應佔溢利約75.5百萬港元(截至 二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度:本公司 擁有人應佔虧損約93.5百萬港元)。

每股盈利/(虧損)

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本 公司擁有人應佔每股基本及攤薄盈利分別為 10.4港仙及10.4港仙(截至二零二一年十二 月三十一日止年度:每股基本及攤薄虧損分 別為12.8港仙及12.8港仙)。

末期股息

董事會已議決建議就截至二零二二年十二月 三十一日止年度派發末期股息每股3.0港仙 (截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度: 無)。預期截至二零二二年十二月三十一日 止年度的中期及末期股息將合計為每股4.0 港仙(截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年 度:無)。建議末期股息須待將於二零二三 年五月二十四日舉行的股東週年大會(「股東 週年大會」)上獲批准後方可作實。

流動資金及財務資源

本集團一貫奉行審慎資金管理政策及積極管 理其流動資金狀況,並具備備用銀行融資授 信額度,以應付日常營運和未來發展的潛在 資金需求。

現金及現金等值項目

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團的現 金及現金等值項目約305.4百萬港元(於二零 二一年十二月三十一日:約251.2百萬港元)。

資產淨值

本集團於二零二二年十二月三十一日之資產 淨值約1,131.5百萬港元(於二零二一年十二 月三十一日:約1,094.4百萬港元)。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) 管理層討論及分析(續)

Borrowings

The borrowing structure, maturity profile and currency denomination of the Group's borrowings are as follows:

Borrowing structure:

借貸

本集團借貸之借貸結構、到期概況及貨幣計 值如下:

X

借貸結構:

As at 31 December 於十一日三十一日

		於十二月日	三十一日	
	2022		2021	
	二零二二年 Effective interest rate 實際利率	HK \$ million 百萬港元	二零二一年 Effective interest rate 實際利率	HK \$ million 百萬港元
Secured bank borrowings with repayable on demand clauses	Floating rate of 1.7% per annum over 1-month Hong Kong Inter-bank Offered Rate ("HIBOR")	4.5	Floating rate of 1.7% per annum over 1-month HIBOR	4.3
具有按要求償還條款 之有抵押銀行借貸	一個月香港銀行同業拆息率 (「香港銀行同業拆息率」) 加年利率 1.7% 之浮動利率		一個月香港銀行同業拆息率 加年利率1.7%之浮動利率	
	Floating rate of the higher of 1.7% per annum over 1-month HIBOR or the cost to the bank of funding the borrowing 一個月香港銀行同業拆息率 加年利率1.7% 或銀行撥付融資成本之較高者 之浮動利率	6.3	Floating rate of the higher of 1.7% per annum over 1-month HIBOR or the cost to the bank of funding the borrowing 一個月香港銀行同業拆息率 加年利率1.7% 或銀行撥付融資成本之較高者 之浮動利率	8.4
	Floating rates ranging from 1.67%-1.82% per annum over 1-month Term Secured Overnight Financing Rate 一個月擔保隔夜融資期限利率 加介乎年利率1.67%至1.82% 之浮動利率	69.8	Floating rates ranging from 1.5%-1.7% per annum over 1-month London Inter-bank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") 一個月倫敦銀行同業拆息率 (「倫敦銀行同業拆息率」) 加介乎年利率1.5%至1.7% 之浮動利率	85.2
	Floating rate of the higher of 1.7% per annum over 1-month LIBOR or the cost to the bank of funding the borrowing 一個月倫敦銀行同業拆息率 加年利率1.7%	27.8	Floating rate of the higher of 1.7% per annum over 1-month LIBOR or the cost to the bank of funding the borrowing 一個月倫敦銀行同業拆息率 加年利率1.7%	40.3
	或銀行撥付融資成本之較高者 之浮動利率		或銀行撥付融資成本之較高者 之浮動利率	
Secured bank borrowings without repayable on demand clauses	Fixed rate of 1.4% per annum	-	Fixed rates ranging from 1.4%-2.4% per annum	0.3
並無按要求償還條款 之有抵押銀行借貸	年利率 1.4% 之固定利率		介乎年利率1.4%至2.4% 之固定利率	
Secured other borrowings without repayable on demand clauses	Fixed rates ranging from 0.36%-1.38% per annum	2.4	Fixed rates ranging from 0.36%-1.26% per annum	2.8
並無按要求償還條款 之有抵押其他借貸	介乎年利率 0.36% 至 1.38% 之固定利率		介乎年利率0.36%至1.26% 之固定利率	
		110.8		141.3

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) 管理層討論及分析(續)

Maturity profile:

到期概況:

The repayment terms of the borrowings without taking into consideration the effect of repayable on demand clauses are as follows:

在並無計及按要求償還條款的影響下,借貸 的還款期如下:

		As at 31 December		
		於十二月三十一日		
		2022	2021 二零二一年 HK\$ million	
		二零二二年		
		HK\$ million		
		百萬港元	百萬港元	
Within 1 year	於1年內	61.4	64.2	
Between 1 and 2 years	1至2年之間	23.1	30.8	
Between 2 and 5 years	2至5年之間	25.1	44.7	
Over 5 years	5年以上	1.2	1.6	
		110.8	141.3	

Currency denomination:

貨幣計值:

		As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日	
		ストーカー 2022 二零二二年 HK\$ million 百萬港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$ million 百萬港元
Hong Kong dollars	港元	10.8	12.8
United States dollars	美元	97.5	125.4
Japanese Yen	日圓	2.5	3.1
		110.8	141.3

Details of the borrowings are set out in Note 21 to the consolidated financial statements.

Charges on Group assets

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Except for bank and other borrowings of approximately HK\$2.5 million as at 31 December 2022 (as at 31 December 2021: approximately HK\$3.1 million), which was secured by personal guarantee of a non-controlling interest of the Group, other bank borrowings were secured by certain property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and a bank deposit of the Group.

借貸詳情載於綜合財務報表附註21。

集團資產抵押

除於二零二二年十二月三十一日之銀行及其 他借貸約2.5百萬港元(於二零二一年十二月 三十一日:約3.1百萬港元)以本集團非控股 權益之個人擔保作抵押外,其他銀行借貸均 以本集團若干物業、廠房及設備、使用權資 產以及一項銀行存款作抵押。 The carrying amounts of assets pledged as security for borrowings are as follows:

s 就借貸之已抵押資產之賬面值如下:

		As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日	
		2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
		HK\$ million 百萬港元	HK\$ million 百萬港元
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	19.0	21.2
Right-of-use assets Bank deposit	使用權資產 銀行存款	27.9 11.7	29.1 11.7
		58.6	62.0

Gearing ratio

The gearing ratio was calculated as net debt (i.e. borrowings less cash and cash equivalents) divided by total equity. The gearing ratio was not applicable to the Group as at 31 December 2022 and as at 31 December 2021.

Foreign currency exposure

The Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to Renminbi ("RMB"). The Group currently does not deploy a foreign currency hedging policy.

The Group primarily sourced its raw materials in the PRC. The related currency exposure with respect to RMB is managed through increasing revenue denominated in the same currency.

Capital commitments and contingent liabilities

Details of the capital commitments as at 31 December 2022 and as at 31 December 2021 are set out in Note 34 to the consolidated financial statements. The Group has no material contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2022 (as at 31 December 2021: same).

BUSINESS REVIEW

Looking back at 2022, under the influence of US interest rate hikes and geopolitical conflicts, the global economy faced multiple pressures such as elevated inflation, rising raw material prices and supply chain disruptions, which slowed the pace of global recovery. However, as the global COVID-19 pandemic eases, countries around the world are gradually opening up, bringing a recovery in demand for travel, tourism and aviation industries, and the Group's business has also been driven. The Group's overall performance recorded a steady growth as compared to the same period last year.

資產負債比率

資產負債比率乃按淨債務(即借貸扣除現金 及現金等值項目)除以總權益計算。於二零 二二年十二月三十一日及於二零二一年十二 月三十一日,資產負債比率並不適用於本集 團。

外匯風險

本集團面對以人民幣(「人民幣」)為主的各 種外匯風險。本集團目前並無制定外匯對沖 政策。

本集團主要於中國採購其原材料。有關人民 幣之貨幣風險乃透過增加以相同貨幣計值之 收入進行管理。

資本承擔及或然負債

於二零二二年十二月三十一日及二零二一年 十二月三十一日之資本承擔詳情載於綜合財 務報表附註34。於二零二二年十二月三十一 日,本集團概無重大或然負債(於二零二一 年十二月三十一日:相同)。

業務回顧

回顧二零二二年,在美國加息及地緣政治 衝突之影響下,全球經濟面臨通脹高企、 原材料價格上漲、供應鏈斷裂等多重壓力, 導致全球復甦步伐放緩。然而,隨著全球 COVID-19大流行有所減退,世界各國逐步 開放,旅遊、觀光、航空業之需求迎來復 甦,並帶動本集團旗下業務。本集團之整體 業績較去年同期錄得穩定增長。

Hospitality Supplies Business

According to the recent data released by the United Nations World Tourism Organization, more than 900 million tourists travelled internationally in 2022 – double the number recorded in 2021 though still 63% of pre-pandemic levels. According to the data, European tourism reached nearly 80% of pre-pandemic levels, while in Asia is relatively slow due to stronger pandemic-related restrictions which have started to be removed only in recent months. Benefiting from the lifting of entry restrictions by various countries, the recovery of global travel demand, and the gradual improvement in international tourism, the demand for hospitality supplies products has risen.

Revenue from the Group's hospitality supplies business for the year ended 31 December 2022 increased 26.5% to approximately HK\$1,376.9 million (for the year ended 31 December 2021: approximately HK\$1,088.1 million), which contributed 76.8% (for the year ended 31 December 2021: 75.8%) to the Group's total revenue. Gross profit from the hospitality supplies business increased 56.7% to approximately HK\$324.7 million for the year ended 31 December 2022 (for the year ended 31 December 2021: approximately HK\$207.2 million). The segment's gross profit margin increased 4.6 percentage points to 23.6% for the year ended 31 December 2022 (for the year ended 31 December 2021: 19.0%).

In early 2022, the COVID-19 pandemic resumed in China, and the further tightening of pandemic prevention measures have affected the normal operation of the tourism market. According to the "China's Tourism Performance: Review & Forecast (2022~2023)" (Blue Book of China's Tourism Economy No.15) issued by the China Tourism Academy, the estimated domestic tourists and tourism revenue in the PRC were 2.53 billion person-times and RMB2.04 trillion respectively in 2022, which decreased 22.1% and 30% as compared with 2021 and recovered to 42.1% and 30.7% respectively of pre-pandemic levels. Hospitality supplies business revenue for the year ended 31 December 2021: approximately HK\$503.7 million), representing 25.4% (for the year ended 31 December 2021: 46.3%) of the total hospitality supplies business segment revenue.

Hospitality supplies business revenues for the year ended 31 December 2022 from Hong Kong, the North America, Europe, other Asia Pacific regions and Australia were approximately HK\$175.9 million, HK\$183.3 million, HK\$251.0 million, HK\$262.2 million and HK\$151.0 million (for the year ended 31 December 2021: approximately HK\$150.4 million, HK\$160.0 million, HK\$97.3 million, HK\$144.5 million and HK\$30.4 million) respectively, accounted for 12.8%, 13.3%, 18.2%, 19.0% and 11.0% (for the year ended 31 December 2021: 13.8%, 14.7%, 8.9%, 13.3% and 2.8%) of the total hospitality supplies business segment revenue respectively. The increase in hospitality supplies business revenues from these regions was driven by the increase in demand for the Group's hospitality supplies products as a result of the lifting of entry restrictions and that the recovery of travel demand to these regions.

酒店供應品業務

根據聯合國世界旅遊組織近日公佈的數據, 二零二年錄得國際旅客逾900百萬人次, 相當於二零二一年水平的兩倍,惟仍僅為大 流行前水平的63%。根據有關數據,歐洲旅 客人次已回升至大流行前水平近80%,而亞 洲的恢復步伐則相對較緩慢,此乃由於有關 地區原先實行較為嚴格的防疫相關限制措 施,至最近數月方才開始解除。受惠於各國 放寬入境限制措施、全球旅遊需求恢復之下 國際旅遊業逐步改善,市場對酒店供應品類 產品的需求亦有所增加。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團的酒店供應品業務收入上升26.5% 至約1,376.9百萬港元(截至二零二一年十二 月三十一日止年度:約1,088.1百萬港元), 佔本集團總收入之76.8%(截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度:75.8%)。截至二 零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,酒店供應 品業務的毛利上升56.7%至約324.7百萬港 元(截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度; 約207.2百萬港元)。截至二零二二年十二月 三十一日止年度,此分類的毛利率增加4.6 個百分點至23.6%(截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度:19.0%)。

於二零二二年初,中國再度爆發COVID-19大 流行,以及進一步收緊防疫措施影響旅遊市 場的正常運行。根據中國旅遊研究院發佈的 《二零二二年旅遊經濟運行分析與二零二三 年發展預測》(中國旅遊經濟藍皮書No.15), 二零二二年中國國內旅客人數及加遊收入分) 別預計為25.30億人次及人民幣2.04萬億元, 分別較二零二一年減少22.1%及30%,並恢 復至大流行前水平的42.1%及30.7%。截至 二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,來自中 國的酒店供應品業務收入約350.4百萬港元 (截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度: 約503.7百萬港元),佔酒店供應品業務分 類總收入之25.4%(截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度:46.3%)。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,來 自香港、北美、歐洲、其他亞太地區及澳洲 的酒店供應品業務收入分別約175.9百萬港 元、183.3百萬港元、251.0百萬港元、262.2 百萬港元及151.0百萬港元(截至二零二-年十二月三十一日止年度:約150.4百萬港 元、160.0百萬港元、97.3百萬港元、144.5 百萬港元及30.4百萬港元),分別佔酒店供 應品業務分類總收入之12.8%、13.3%、 18.2%、19.0%及11.0%(截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度:13.8%、14.7%、 8.9%、13.3%及2.8%)。來自此等地區的酒 店供應品業務收入有所增加,乃由於入境限 制解除以及此等地區的旅遊需求回升,導致 市場對本集團酒店供應品類產品的需求有所 增加。



Operating Supplies and Equipment Business

In the recently released China Construction Pipeline Trend Report from Lodging Econometrics, analysts reported that the country's total hotel construction pipeline, at the close of the fourth guarter of 2022, stands at 3,581 projects/675,074 rooms. Throughout 2022, there were 469 new hotels that opened in China. Revenue from the Group's OS&E business was approximately HK\$149.4 million for the year ended 31 December 2022, representing a decrease of 4.5% as compared with approximately HK\$156.4 million for the year ended 31 December 2021, and representing 8.3% (for the year ended 31 December 2021: 10.9%) of the Group's total revenue. Gross profit from the OS&E business decreased by 3.0% to approximately HK\$36.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2022 (for the year ended 31 December 2021: approximately HK\$37.2 million). The segment's gross profit margin increased 0.4 percentage point to 24.2% for the year ended 31 December 2022 (for the year ended 31 December 2021: 23.8%).

For the year ended 31 December 2022, OS&E business revenues from the PRC and other markets were approximately HK\$103.2 million and HK\$46.2 million (for the year ended 31 December 2021: approximately HK\$125.0 million and HK\$31.4 million) respectively, representing 69.1% and 30.9% (for the year ended 31 December 2021: 79.9% and 20.1%) of the total OS&E business segment revenue respectively.

營運用品及設備業務

根據Lodging Econometrics近日發佈之中國 建築管道趨勢報告,分析師指於二零二二 年第四季度末,中國之總酒店建築管道為 3.581個項目/675.074間客房。於二零二二 年,已有469間新酒店在中國開業。截至二 零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團 的營運用品及設備業務收入約149.4百萬港 元,較截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年 度約156.4百萬港元減少4.5%,佔本集團總 收入之8.3%(截至二零二一年十二月三十一 日止年度:10.9%)。截至二零二二年十二 月三十一日止年度,營運用品及設備業務的 毛利減少3.0%至約36.1百萬港元(截至二零 二一年十二月三十一日止年度:約37.2百萬 港元)。截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止 年度,此分類的毛利率上升0.4個百分點至 24.2%(截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止 年度:23.8%)。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,來 自中國及其他市場的營運用品及設備業務 收入分別約103.2百萬港元及46.2百萬港元 (截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度: 約125.0百萬港元及31.4百萬港元),分別佔 營運用品及設備業務分類總收入之69.1%及 30.9%(截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止 年度:79.9%及20.1%)。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) 管理層討論及分析(續)



按地區劃分之營運用品及設備業務 分類收入



The Group will continue to explore the potential demand for OS&E markets, further expand the scale of replenishment business, and enhance long-term customer stickiness with rich product categories and high-quality services, while striving to develop more high-value customers to establish long-term cooperative relationships, so as to support sustainable business development.

Health Care and Hygienic Products Business

The Group continues to produce high-quality health care and hygienic products and disposable infection control products such as the medical equipment covers to meet different demands in the market. With the arrival of the post-pandemic era and the continuous growth of the global ageing population, the public's awareness of personal health care has greatly increased, and the demand for health care and hygienic products has been increasing. There is still room for growth in the health care and hygienic products market and the scale of the industry will continue to expand. Therefore, the Group seized market opportunities and continued to provide abundant and high-quality health care products to the market, aiming for steady growth in revenue.

Revenue from the Group's health care and hygienic products business for the year ended 31 December 2022 was approximately HK\$266.7 million (for the year ended 31 December 2021: approximately HK\$191.3 million), which contributed 14.9% (for the year ended 31 December 2021: 13.3%) to the Group's total revenue. Gross profit from the health care and hygienic products business was approximately HK\$64.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2022 (for the year ended 31 December 2021: approximately HK\$25.0 million). The segment's gross profit margin increased 10.9 percentage points to 24.0% for the year ended 31 December 2022 (for the year ended 31 December 2021: 13.1%). 本集團將繼續探討營運用品及設備市場的潛 在需求,進一步擴大補貨業務規模,透過提 供更豐富的產品種類及優質服務以提升客戶 的長期依賴度,同時亦致力發掘更多高價值 客戶,與其建立長期合作關係,從而推動業 務持續發展。

健康護理及衛生用品業務

本集團持續生產優質的健康護理及衛生用品 以及即棄感染控制產品(如醫用儀器罩),以 滿足市場上的不同需求。隨著後疫情時代到 來以及全球老年人口持續增長,公眾的個人 健康護理意識大大增強,對健康護理及衛生 用品的需求亦不斷增加。健康護理及衛生用 品市場仍有增長空間,行業規模亦將繼續擴 大。因此,本集團致力把握市場機遇,並繼 續向市場提供豐富、優質的健康護理用品, 確保收入穩步增長。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團的健康護理及衛生用品業務收入約 266.7百萬港元(截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度:約191.3百萬港元),佔本 集團總收入之14.9%(截至二零二一年十二 月三十一日止年度:13.3%)。截至二零 二二年十二月三十一日止年度,健康護理及 衛生用品業務的毛利約64.0百萬港元(截至 二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度:約25.0 百萬港元)。截至二零二二年十二月三十一 日止年度,此分類之毛利率上升10.9個百分 點至24.0%(截至二零二一年十二月三十一 日止年度:13.1%)。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) 管理層討論及分析(續)

In early 2022, the fifth wave of COVID-19 pandemic in Hong Kong has led to an increase in sales of related hygienic products. For the year ended 31 December 2022, the revenue of health care and hygienic products business from Hong Kong was approximately HK\$77.7 million (for the year ended 31 December 2021: approximately HK\$51.9 million), representing 29.1% (for the year ended 31 December 2021: 27.1%) of the total health care and hygienic products business segment revenue. The Group also continued to drive the health care and hygienic products business development in other regions. For the year ended 31 December 2022, the revenues of health care and hygienic products business from the North America and other markets were approximately HK\$154.7 million and HK\$34.3 million (for the year ended 31 December 2021: approximately HK\$104.8 million and HK\$34.6 million) respectively, representing 58.0% and 12.9% (for the year ended 31 December 2021: 54.8% and 18.1%) of the total health care and hygienic products business segment revenue respectively.

香港於二零二二年初爆發第五波COVID-19 大流行,導致相關衛生用品銷量增加。截至 二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,來自香 港的健康護理及衛生用品業務收入約77.7百 萬港元(截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止 年度:約51.9百萬港元),佔健康護理及衛 生用品業務分類總收入之29.1%(截至二零 二一年十二月三十一日止年度:27.1%)。 本集團亦持續在其他地區發展健康護理及衛 生用品業務。截至二零二二年十二月三十一 日止年度,來自北美及其他市場的健康護 理及衛生用品業務收入分別約154.7百萬港 元及34.3百萬港元(截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度:約104.8百萬港元及34.6 百萬港元),分別佔健康護理及衛生用品業 務分類總收入之58.0%及12.9%(截至二零 二一年十二月三十一日止年度:54.8%及 18.1%)。

Health care and hygienic products business segment revenue by geographical location



按地區劃分之健康護理及衛生用品 業務分類收入



OUTLOOK AND STRATEGIES

The Group is aiming to become an excellent international corporate brand specialising in hospitality supplies and personal care products, create maximum value for stakeholders, and support ecology for sustainable development.

Expected recovery in global tourism growth

Currently there are still many risks around the world that slowing the pace of economic recovery. As countries around the world loosen their anti-pandemic policies, economic activities and the personnel flow are recovering. All these factors are favorable for the accelerated recovery of the global tourism industry. Looking into 2023, as the pandemic gradually dissipates, the global economic situation will improve, which will promote the growing well in development of the travel, tourism and aviation industries. The Economist Intelligence Unit expected pent-up demand for travel to drive growth of 30% in international tourism arrivals in 2023, taking them to 1.6 billion. Benefiting from the recovery of global tourism industry, the hospitality supplies and OS&E businesses of the Group will gradually improve and is expected to resume continuous growth.

Recovery in tourism industry in the PRC

China removed all pandemic prevention policies by the end of 2022 and resumed tourist arrivals in an orderly manner, China's tourism industry gradually started to recover. According to the "Review & Forecast (2022~2023)" (Blue Book of China's Tourism Economy No.15) issued by the China Tourism Academy, the expected domestic tourists and tourism revenue in 2023 will recover to 70-75% of pre-pandemic levels, and the person-times of inbound and outbound tourists will return to 30-40% of pre-pandemic. The re-opening of the China market has stimulated a strong recovery in tourism. The Group is optimistic about the prospects of China's tourism industry and the hospitality supplies and OS&E businesses in the PRC are expected to drive.

前景及策略

本集團旨在成為以酒店供應品及個人護理用 品為核心的卓越國際品牌,為持份者創造理 想的價值,並關注環保,致力可持續發展。

全球旅遊業增長率預期回升

目前,世界各地仍滿佈風險拖慢經濟復甦步 伐。隨著世界各國放寬防疫政策,經濟活動 及旅客流量正在恢復。所有此等因素均有 助推動全球旅遊業復甦步伐加速。展望二零 二三年,隨著大流行逐漸消退,全球經濟形 勢將得以改善,此將推動旅遊、觀光及航空 業發勃發展。經濟學人智庫預期,過往受壓 的旅遊需求將推動二零二三年國際旅客人次 增長30%至16億。受惠於全球旅遊業復甦, 本集團的酒店供應品業務和營運用品及設備 業務將逐步改善,並預期恢復持續增長。

中國旅遊業復甦

中國於二零二二年底前解除所有防疫政策及 有序恢復旅客入境,中國旅遊業逐步開始復 甦。根據中國旅遊研究院發佈的《二零二二 年旅遊經濟運行分析與二零二三年發展預 測》(中國旅遊經濟藍皮書No.15),預期二零 二三年國內旅客人數及旅遊收入將恢復至大 流行前水平的70至75%,而入出境旅客人次 將恢復至大流行前水平的30至40%。中國市 場重新開放,引發旅遊業的強勁復甦。本集 團對中國旅遊業的前景抱樂觀態度,並預期 於中國的酒店供應品業務和營運用品及設備 業務將得以推動。

Development in Southeast Asia market

With the easing of supply chain pressure, the lifting of travel restrictions and the re-opening of borders by countries, the tourism growth in Southeast Asia will be released, which will also provide strong support for economic growth of countries in Southeast Asia. According to the recent article published by STR, the occupancy level in Southeast Asia was 53.8% in 2022, was 15.6 percentage points ahead of 2021. The Group is optimistic about the future potential development of the Southeast Asian market and intends to continue to expand the industry chain to Southeast Asia. The Group will continue to utilise the production lines for liquid products in the Cambodia, which is expected to increase the production volume of hospitality supplies products in Southeast Asia. Meanwhile, the Group will actively expand its product categories with leveraging its advantages in product portfolio diversification and regional cost in order to continuously explore the potential of the Southeast Asia market. The Group will actively captures for cooperation with local suppliers to further consolidate and expand its business scope in the Southeast Asia region.

Promotion of health care and hygienic products business

With the arrival of the post-pandemic era, the rich development opportunities in the health care and hygienic products market have gradually emerged. The Group will closely follow the market development trend and continue to expand the business scope of health care and hygienic products to meet the changing market demand, and enhance the penetration rate of the Group's brands and products. The Group is still optimistic about the future prospects of the health care products industry and will continue to invest capital, as appropriate, to enhance product research and development capabilities. In the future, the Group will leverage on its technological advantages and brand reputation to continuously expand its target user base to fully cover individual consumers, commercial institutions, hospitals etc., and adjust online and offline marketing strategies in a timely manner to enhance operational efficiency and promote more cooperation and business development opportunities.

Implementing the green concept of development and production

The importance of measuring environment, social and governance ("ESG") performance has become increasingly prominent. In order to meet the transformation needs of green development in the hotel industry, the Group will continue to adopt green strategies to promote the sustainable development of the industry chain and invest resources to develop green hotel supplies products with environmentally-friendly materials. The Group will also flexibly implement the concept of environmental protection, and actively fulfill the responsibility of energy conservation and emission reduction to promote carbon footprint management and further improve the Group's ESG performance.

東南亞市場之發展

推廣健康護理及衛生用品業務

隨著步入後疫情時代,健康護理及衛生用品 市場漸現豐厚的發展機遇。本集團將緊貼 市場發展趨勢,繼續擴展健康護理及衛生馬 品的業務範圍,從而滿足變化不斷的市場需 動業務範圍,從而滿足變化不斷的市場需 動對健康護理用品行業的未來前景仍然高 點對健康護理用品行業的未來前景仍然高 品研發能力。本集團將於未來憑藉技術 高子集團將於未來憑藉技術 為品牌聲譽,持續擴大目標客戶群,涵 調整 人消費者、商業機構、醫院等,並適時調整 線上及線下市場推廣策略,藉以提升營運效 率,推動更多合作及業務發展機遇。

貫徹綠色發展及生產理念

量化環境、社會及管治(「環境、社會及管 治」)績效的重要性日益顯著。為配合酒店業 緣色發展的轉型需要,本集團將繼續採取緣 色策略,推動產業鏈的可持續發展,並投入 資源開發採用環保物料的綠色酒店供應品類 產品。本集團亦將靈活貫徹環保理念,並積 極履行節能減排責任,從而推行碳足跡管理 工作,進一步提升本集團的環境、社會及管 治績效。

Profitability and core competitiveness enhancement

The Group's core operating metrics are expected to improve as the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic fades. As a recovery in the tourism industry of various countries, the rapid growth of tourism demand has reduced customers' price sensitivity, and also provided the Group with more room for better pricing. The Group will improve the resource utilisation rate of the production base in Cambodia, while strengthening production cost control and the procurement of raw material alternatives, so as to strive to improve production efficiency and the profit margin of the Group. The Group will make full use of its own products and cost advantages to enhance its core competitiveness and create higher value for customers. Meanwhile, the Group also continues to optimise the strategies related to working capital management, business development and cost control to release the Group's operating momentum and build a solid long-term development foundation for the Group.

Capture market recovery opportunities

The Group will flexibly respond to market changes, make full use of cost and product advantages, and further strengthen the industrial chain to promote business expansion to different regions and fields, and consolidate market position. Meanwhile, the Group will continue to optimise its product portfolio and customer services, and actively develop more high-value customers on the basis of stable long-term user cooperation, so as to improve its competitiveness and market share, and enhance the Group's development resilience. The Group will seize the development opportunities of market recovery, improve corporate quality and efficiency, and strive for the sustainable development of operating performance.

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICY

The total number of employees of the Group was approximately 4,700 as at 31 December 2022. The employee benefit expenses including Directors' emoluments were approximately HK\$424.5 million for the year ended 31 December 2022. The remuneration of employees (including the Directors and senior management) of the Group are generally structured by reference to market terms and individual merits, which is reviewed on a regular basis. The Group also provides various other benefits to designated staff, including discretionary bonus, social insurance or medical insurance, share option scheme, share award scheme, continuing education and training programmes. The Group also launched key performance indicators assessment scheme and commendation annual award scheme to boost individual performance and operational efficiency.

提升盈利能力及核心競爭力

鑑於COVID-19大流行的影響開始減退,本集 團的核心營運指標有望得以改善。隨著各國 旅遊業復甦,旅遊需求快速增長之下客戶的 價格敏感度有所下降,為本集團帶來更多的 賃訂價空間。本集團將提升柬埔寨生產了價 的資源利用率,並加緊控制生產成本及更 的資源利代品,致力提高本集團的生產及 及利潤率。本集團將充分利用自身產品及成 不優勢,加強核心競爭力,為客戶創造更 價值。同時,本集團亦將繼續改善營運資 電理、業務發展及成本控制等相關策略,藉 以為本集團凝聚營運動力,同時為其長遠發 展奠定穩實根基。

把握市場復甦機遇

本集團將靈活應對市場變化、充分利用成本 及產品優勢、進一步加強產業鏈,從而推動 業務拓展至不同地區及領域,鞏固市場地 位。同時,本集團將繼續優化產品組合及客 戶服務,除與長期穩定的客戶保持合作關係 外,我們亦積極發掘更多高價值客戶,藉以 提高競爭力及市場份額,增強本集團的發展 韌力。本集團將把握市場復甦的發展機遇, 提高企業質素及效益,為經營業績爭取可持 續發展。

僱員及薪酬政策

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團的 僱員總數約4,700人。截至二零二二年十二 月三十一日止年度,僱員福利開支(包括董 事酬金)約424.5百萬港元。本集團僱員(包 括董事及高級管理人員)之薪酬一般乃參照 市場條款及個人資歷而釐定,並定期作出 檢討。本集團亦向特定員工提供多項其他福 利,包括酌情花紅、社會保險或醫療保險、 購股權計劃、股份獎勵計劃、持續教育及培 訓課程。本集團亦推行關鍵績效指標評核計 劃及年度嘉勉狀計劃,以提升僱員個人表現 及營運效率。

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT 董事及高級管理人員之履歷詳情

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. CHING Chi Fai, aged 61, is an Executive Director and Chairman of the Company since 2007. He is the chairman of the Nomination Committee, the Executive Committee and the Investment Committee of the Company, a member of the Remuneration Committee of the Company and a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. CHING Chi Fai is also a founder of the Group. He has been responsible for sales and marketing, production of the products and the formulation of the overall corporate direction and business strategies of the Group. Mr. CHING Chi Fai has over 30 years of experience in the hospitality supplies industry. Mr. CHING Chi Keung is a brother of Mr. CHING Chi Fai and Mr. CHING Tsun Wah is the son of Mr. CHING Chi Fai.

Mr. CHING Chi Keung, aged 58, is an Executive Director of the Company since 2007. He is a member of the Executive Committee of the Company and a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. CHING Chi Keung joined the Group with the founders. He has been responsible for human resources and administrative matters of the Group. Mr. CHING Chi Keung has over 30 years of experience in the hospitality supplies industry. Mr. CHING Chi Fai is a brother of Mr. CHING Chi Keung and Mr. CHING Tsun Wah is a nephew of Mr. CHING Chi Keung.

Mr. LIU Zigang, aged 57, is an Executive Director of the Company since 2007. He is a member of the Executive Committee of the Company and a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. LIU has been responsible for sales and marketing since he joined the Group in May 1995. He oversees sales in the Greater China Region. Mr. LIU has over 20 years of experience in the hospitality supplies industry. He obtained a Master degree of Business Administration in Centenary College of New Jersey, USA in 2011. Mr. LIU also holds a diploma from Shenzhen University, the PRC and completed a course on International Business Management of Tsinghua University organised by Yangtze Delta Region Institute of Tsinghua University, the PRC.

Mr. CHING Tsun Wah, aged 41, is an Executive Director of the Company since 2014. He is a member of the Executive Committee of the Company, a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company and the business development director of the Group. He joined the Group since 2006 to assist in production and has been actively involved in both the business and product development of the Group. Mr. CHING Tsun Wah has extensive experience in the hospitality supplies industry. He oversees sales in Southeast Asia and overseas markets. Mr. CHING Tsun Wah obtained the Young Industrialist Awards of Hong Kong by the Federation of Hong Kong Industries in 2020. He graduated in Seneca College Toronto of Canada in marketing administration in 2003. Mr. CHING Tsun Wah is the son of Mr. CHING Chi Fai and a nephew of Mr. CHING Chi Keung.

執行董事

程志輝先生,61歲,自二零零七年起為本公司之執行董事兼主席。彼為本公司提名委員會、執行委員會及投資委員會主席、本公司薪酬委員會成員及本公司若干附屬公司之董事。程志輝先生亦為本集團之始創人。彼負責銷售及市場推廣、產品生產以及制定企業整體方向及本集團業務策略。程志輝先生於 酒店供應品行業擁有逾30年經驗。程志強先 生為程志輝先生之胞弟及程俊華先生為程志 輝先生之兒子。

程志強先生,58歲,自二零零七年起為本公司之執行董事。彼為本公司執行委員會成員 及本公司若干附屬公司之董事。程志強先生 與始創人一同加盟本集團。彼負責本集團人 力資源及行政事務。程志強先生於酒店供應 品行業擁有逾30年經驗。程志輝先生為程志 強先生之胞兄及程俊華先生為程志強先生之 侄子。

劉子剛先生,57歲,自二零零七年起為本公司之執行董事。彼為本公司執行委員會成員及本公司若干附屬公司之董事。自彼於一九九五年五月加盟本集團以來,劉先生一直負責銷售及市場推廣工作。彼負責監督大中華區的銷售業務。劉先生於酒店供應品行業擁有逾20年經驗。彼於二零一一年取得美國Centenary College of New Jersey頒授之工商管理碩士學位。劉先生亦持有中國深圳大學的文憑及完成由中國清華大學長三角研究院舉辦的清華大學國際工商管理課程。

程俊華先生,41歲,自二零一四年起為本公 司之執行董事。彼為本公司之執行委員會成 人本公司若干附屬公司之董事及本集團之 業務發展部總監。彼於二零零六年加盟本集 團以協助生產,並積極參與本集團的業務及 開發。程俊章先生於酒店供應品行業業 會頒發。程俊章本集團的業業業 有銷書業總會頒發香港青年工業家獎。 行場警銷管理學系。程俊華先生為程志輝先 生之兒子及程志強先生之侄子。 **Mr. KEUNG Kwok Hung**, aged 50, is an Executive Director of the Company since 2014. He is the Chief Financial Officer, the Company Secretary, a member of the Executive Committee and the Investment Committee of the Company and a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. KEUNG joined the Group in July 2010 and he is responsible for finance and accounting matters. He has over 20 years of experience in accounting and financial management. He holds a Bachelor degree in Accountancy from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University and is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants.

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Ms. CHAN Yim Ching, aged 55, is a Non-Executive Director of the Company since 2015. She is a director of a subsidiary of the Company. Ms. CHAN joined the Group in 1995 and was responsible for sales and marketing and oversaw export sales to overseas markets. She was an Executive Director of the Company from 2007 to 2015. Ms. CHAN has over 30 years of experience in the hospitality supplies industry. Prior to joining the Group, she worked in several companies engaged in hospitality supplies business.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. HUNG Kam Hung Allan, aged 68, is an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company since 2007. He is the chairman of the Remuneration Committee and a member of the Audit Committee of the Company. Mr. HUNG has over 30 years of senior management experience in managing hotel operations and hotel investments. He was a deputy managing director in 1992 and an executive director from July 1997 to January 2001 of Top Glory International Holdings Limited ("Top Glory"), a former Hong Kong listed company which was privatised in August 2003. During the period with Top Glory, Mr. HUNG assisted Top Glory to develop and manage hotels/resorts. In 2005, Mr. HUNG started a hotel development consultancy service to work with various hotel developers and prestigious hotel chains on design and project management.

Mr. NG Bo Kwong, aged 66, is an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company since 13 June 2013. He was a Non-Executive Director of the Company from 9 July 2007 to 31 December 2012. He is a member of the Audit Committee and the Remuneration Committee of the Company. Mr. NG has over 30 years of management experience in different industries (including the hospitality supplies industry). He is the chairman of the International Quality Service Management Promotion Association and a full member of the Hong Kong Management Association. He had assisted a number of medium to large sized enterprises in formulating company development strategies and establishing management systems in the areas of sales and marketing, human resources and production management. Mr. NG is also a guest lecturer of Master of Business Administration programs and senior executive development programs of several universities. He had been a director of a number of non-listed companies and is currently a director of Advance Management Consultants Limited and Guangzhou Advance Cultural Events Limited. He received a Master degree of Business Administration from the University of East Asia and a Doctor degree of Philosophy in Business Administration from Tarlac State University.

姜國雄先生,50歲,自二零一四年起為本公司之執行董事。彼為本公司之首席財務官、公司秘書、執行委員會及投資委員會成員及本公司若干附屬公司之董事。姜先生於二零年七月加盟本集團並負責財務及會計事務。彼擁有逾20年會計及財務管理經驗。彼持有香港理工大學授予之會計學學士學位,並為香港會計師公會及英國特許公認會計師公會之資深會員。

非執行董事

陳艷清女士,55歲,自二零一五年起為本公司之非執行董事。彼為本公司一間附屬公司 之董事。陳女士於一九九五年加盟本集團並 負責銷售及市場推廣工作,以及監督出口銷 售至海外市場。彼於二零零七年至二零一五 年曾擔任本公司之執行董事。陳女士於酒店 供應品行業擁有逾30年經驗。在加盟本集團 前,彼曾任職數間從事酒店供應品業務的公司。

獨立非執行董事

孔錦洪先生,68歲,自二零零七年為本公司 之獨立非執行董事。彼為本公司薪酬委員 會主席及審核委員會成員。孔先生於酒店營 運及濟店投資方面擁有逾30年的資深管團 經驗。彼於一九九二年為鵬利國際集其會 公司(「鵬利」)(前香港上市公司,其於 一九九七年七月至二零零一年一月為該公司 之執行董事。在鵬利任職開村。於二零設司 助發展及管理酒店/度假問。於二零設計 及項目管理方面與多個酒店發展商及知名酒 店連鎖集團合作。

吴保光先生,66歲,自二零一三年六月十三 日起為本公司之獨立非執行董事。彼自二零 零七年七月九日至二零一二年十二月三十一 日為本公司之非執行董事。彼為本公司審核 委員會及薪酬委員會成員。吳先生於不同行 業(包括酒店供應品行業)擁有逾30年管理 經驗。彼為國際優質服務管理促進會之會 長,並為香港管理專業協會的正式會員。彼 協助多間中型至大型企業制定公司發展策 略,並於銷售及市場推廣、人力資源及生產 管理等領域建立管理制度。吴先生亦兼任數 間大學工商管理碩士課程及高級管理人員培 訓課程的客席講師。彼曾擔任多間非上市公 司的董事,現為艾雲斯管理顧問有限公司及 廣州艾雲斯文化活動策劃有限公司的董事。 彼持有東亞大學工商管理碩士學位及太歷國 立大學工商管理哲學博士學位。

Mr. SUN Eric Yung Tson, aged 46, is an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company since 2016. He is a member of the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee of the Company. He graduated with Bachelor degree of Commerce in the University of New South Wales, Australia in July 2000. Mr. SUN has been the managing director of Kin Hip Metal & Plastic Factory, Limited and KINOX Trading Limited since 2006. He has been dedicated to explore and position the products of KINOX, an international quality manufacturer of fashionable cookware, houseware and electrical appliances in household and catering industries, in emerging and global markets. Mr. SUN is also the honorary and founding president of Youth Executive Council of Federation of Hong Kong Industries ("FHKI"), the chairman of The Hong Kong Plastics Manufacturers Association Limited, the founding vice chairman and secretary general of Hong Kong O2O E-Commerce Federation, the vice chairman of Hong Kong Q-Mark Council, the chairman of The Hong Kong Exporters' Association and a committee member of FHKI Pearl River Delta Council. Mr. SUN dedicates his effort on social responsibilities and practices active roles in different public services in both Hong Kong and China.

Mr. KWONG Tony Wan Kit, aged 45, is an Independent Non-Executive Director since 2021. He is the chairman of the Audit Committee and a member of the Nomination Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Investment Committee of the Company. Mr. KWONG obtained a Bachelor degree of Business Administration in Accountancy in the City University of Hong Kong. Mr. KWONG has over 20 years of experience in accounting and financial management. He is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. Mr. KWONG is currently the Chief Financial Officer of 9LIVES Group. He was the vice president of finance and management information system of Wise Ally International Holdings Limited, the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, the group financial controller of Defond Holdings (H.K.) Co. Limited and the group financial controller of Valuetronics Holdings Limited, the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Singapore Exchange Limited.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Ms. CHAN Yick Ning, aged 60, is the research and development director of the Group and a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Ms. CHAN is responsible for overseeing various aspects of our chemical production such as chemical production guality control, research and development of product formulations, the operations of the chemical and microbiological laboratory, the performance of the senior chemists and technicians, guality control and research and development. Ms. CHAN is also the vice chairman of Compliance Committee of the Group to provide the technical expertise in vary aspects to ensure the regulatory compliance and product safety. Ms. CHAN joined the Group in 2005 and has over 30 years of experience in cosmetics production and laboratory operation. Ms. CHAN was awarded a Master of Science degree from University of Warwick in 2013 and a Diploma in Management Studies jointly by The Hong Kong Polytechnic University and Hong Kong Management Association in 1992. Ms. CHAN is also a founder member and the President of Hong Kong Society of Cosmetic Chemists, which is an affiliate member of The International Federation of Societies of Cosmetic Chemists.

The five Executive Directors whose biographical details are included in the sub-section headed "Executive Directors" above are also regarded as the senior management of the Company.

孫榮聰先生,46歲,自二零一六年為本公司 之獨立非執行董事。彼為本公司審核委員 、提名委員會及薪酬委員會成員。彼於二 零零零年七月於澳洲新南威爾斯大學畢業 及獲頒商學學士學位。孫先生自二零零六 年起擔任建業五金塑膠廠有限公司及KINOX Trading Limited之董事總經理。彼致力於探 索及定位KINOX產品,其為一家於新興及全 球市場涉足家居及餐飲行業之優質時尚廚 具、家居用品及電器的國際生產商。孫先生 亦為香港工業總會(「香港工業總會」)青年委 員會之名譽及創會主席、香港塑膠業廠商會 有限公司之主席、香港O2O電子商務總會之 創會副會長兼秘書長、香港優質標誌局副主 席、香港出口商會主席及香港工業總會珠三 角工業協會執委。孫先生致力於社會責任並 積極參與香港及中國各項公共事務。

高級管理人員

陳亦寧女士,60歲,為本集團之研發部總監 及本公司若干附屬公司之董事。陳女士主管 本集團之各類化工生產事務,如化工生產之 質量監控、配製產品之研究及開發、日化及 微生物實驗室之運作、高級化學工程師及技 術員之表現、質量監控及研究與開發。陳女 士亦為本集團法規委員會之副主席,於多個 範疇提供技術專業知識以確保遵守法規及產 品的安全。陳女士於二零零五年加盟本集團 及於化妝品生產及實驗室運作方面擁有逾30 年經驗。陳女士於二零一三年獲得Universitv of Warwick頒發理學碩士及於一九九二年獲 香港理工大學與香港管理專業協會聯合頒發 管理學文憑。陳女士亦為附屬國際化妝品化 學家協會聯合會之香港化妝品化學師協會之 創會會員兼主席。

五名執行董事之履歷詳情載於上文「執行董 事」分節,彼等亦為本公司之高級管理人員。

DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

The Directors of Ming Fai International Holdings Limited are pleased to present their annual report together with the audited financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company. Its subsidiaries are principally engaged in manufacturing and trading of hospitality supplies products, trading of operating supplies and equipment and manufacturing and trading of health care and hygienic products. Details of the principal activities of the principal subsidiaries of the Group are set out in Note 29 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

Results

The Group's results for the year ended 31 December 2022 are set out in the consolidated financial statements on pages 66 to 156 of this annual report.

Dividend policy

The Board intend to strike a balance between maintaining sufficient capital to grow the business of the Group and rewarding the Shareholders. The declaration and payment of any dividends by the Company would be subject to the Board's decision and any final dividend for a financial year of the Company would be subject to the Shareholders' approval. The decision to declare or to pay any dividend, and the amount of any dividends, will depend on the Group's earnings, financial condition, cash requirements and availability, and any other factors the Board may consider relevant. These factors and the payment of dividends is at the discretion of the Board and the Board reserves the right to change its plan on any future payment of dividends. The payment of dividend is also subject to any restrictions under the laws of Hong Kong and the Cayman Islands and the Articles of Association of the Company.

Dividend

An interim dividend of HK1.0 cent per Share for the six months ended 30 June 2022, amounting to a total dividend of approximately HK\$7,343,000 was paid on 3 October 2022, including dividend paid to Shares held for the share award scheme of the Company (the "Share Award Scheme"). 明輝國際控股有限公司董事欣然提呈本集團 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度的年 報及經審核財務報表。

主要業務

本公司為一間投資控股公司。其附屬公司主 要從事製造及銷售酒店供應品類產品、銷售 營運用品及設備,以及製造及銷售健康護理 及衛生用品。本集團主要附屬公司的主要業 務詳情載於綜合財務報表附註29。

業績及股息

業績

本集團截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年 度的業績載於本年報第66至156頁的綜合財 務報表內。

股息政策

董事會有意於業務發展維持充足資本與股東回報之間取得平衡。本公司任何股息之宣派及派發均取決於董事會之決定,而本公司財政年度之任何末期股息將取決於股東之批准。宣派或派發任何股息以及任何股息之金額的決策將取決於本集團之盈利、財務就況、現金需求及可動用現金,以及董事會可能認為有關的任何其他因素。此等因素及服息之派發乃由董事會酌情決定及董事會保留之派發亦受香港及開曼群島法例以及本公司之組織章程細則規定之任何限制。

股息

本公司已於二零二二年十月三日支付截至二 零二二年六月三十日止六個月之中期股息每 股1.0港仙,股息總額約7,343,000港元,包 括就本公司股份獎勵計劃(「股份獎勵計劃」) 下持有股份獲派發之股息。 The Board recommend the payment of a final dividend of HK3.0 cents per Share for the year ended 31 December 2022. Subject to the approval by the Shareholders at the AGM, the final dividend will be paid on or around Friday, 9 June 2023 to the Shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on Friday, 2 June 2023.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

For ascertaining the eligibility of the Shareholders to attend and vote at the AGM, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Friday, 19 May 2023 to Wednesday, 24 May 2023 (both dates inclusive), during which period no transfer of Shares will be effected. In order to be eligible to attend and vote at the AGM, all documents in respect of transfers of Shares accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, at Shops 1712–1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong for registration no later than 4:30 p.m. on Thursday, 18 May 2023.

For ascertaining the entitlement of the Shareholders to the proposed final dividend, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Wednesday, 31 May 2023 to Friday, 2 June 2023 (both dates inclusive), during which period no transfer of Shares will be effected. In order to qualify for the proposed final dividend, all documents in respect of transfers of Shares accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, at Shops 1712–1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong for registration no later than 4:30 p.m. on Tuesday, 30 May 2023.

BUSINESS REVIEW

The business review of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022 is set out in "Chairman's Statement" on pages 07 to 08 and "Management Discussion and Analysis" on pages 09 to 20 of this annual report.

Analysis of financial key performance indicators

The financial key performance indicators and analysis of the Group's business are set out in "Five Years Financial Summary" on page 05 and "Management Discussion and Analysis" on pages 09 to 20 of this annual report.

董事會建議派發截至二零二二年十二月 三十一日止年度的末期股息為每股3.0港仙。 待股東於股東週年大會上批准後,本公司將 於二零二三年六月九日(星期五)或前後,向 於二零二三年六月二日(星期五)名列本公 司股東名冊的股東派發末期股息。

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

董事會報告(續)

暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

為釐定股東出席股東週年大會並於會上投 票的資格,本公司之股份過戶登記手續將 於二零二三年五月十九日(星期五)至二零 二三年五月二十四日(星期三)(包括首尾兩 日)暫停辦理,期間將不會進行股份過戶。 為符合出席股東週年大會並於會上投票的資 格,所有有關股份過戶文件連同有關股票, 須於二零二三年五月十八日(星期四)下午 四時三十分前送達本公司於香港之股份過戶 登記分處香港中央證券登記有限公司(地址 為香港灣仔皇后大道東183號合和中心17樓 1712-1716號舖)登記。

為釐定股東享有建議末期股息之資格,本公 司之股份過戶登記手續將於二零二三年五月 三十一日(星期三)至二零二三年六月二日(星 期五)(包括首尾兩日)暫停辦理,期間將不 會進行股份過戶。為符合獲派建議末期股息 的資格,所有有關股份過戶文件連同有關股 票,須於二零二三年五月三十日(星期二)下 午四時三十分前送達本公司於香港之股份過 戶登記分處香港中央證券登記有限公司(地 址為香港灣仔皇后大道東183號合和中心17 樓1712-1716號舖)登記。

業務回顧

本集團截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年 度之業務回顧載於本年報第07至08頁之「主 席報告」及第09至20頁之「管理層討論及分 析」。

財務關鍵表現指標分析

本集團業務之財務關鍵表現指標及分析載於 本年報第05頁之「五年財務概要」及第09至 20頁之「管理層討論及分析」。

Principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group

Risks pertaining to the reliance on direct sales customers and distributors for the sale of products

Our hospitality supplies products, operating supplies and equipment and health care and hygienic products are sold to our customers by direct sales, including hotels and airline operators, or to distributors, or to other end-users. There is no assurance that such customers will continue to purchase or maintain their purchase volumes of our products in the future. In addition, there is no assurance that we will be able to maintain business relationship with our customers. In the event that any of our customers ceases to purchase from us or reduces the purchase volume of orders placed with us and we are unable to obtain replacement orders, our business and profitability may be adversely affected.

Risks pertaining to price fluctuations of raw materials

The principal raw materials used in our production may be subject to substantial price volatility and periodic shortages caused by external conditions, such as fluctuations in commodity prices and foreign exchange rates. There is no guarantee that the costs of raw materials will be stable in the future. To the extent that we are unable to cover any increased costs of raw materials by either reduction in other production costs or increase of our product prices, our profits will be adversely affected.

Operation risks

The operation of the Group is subject to a number of risk factors distinctive to the respective markets. Default on the part of the Group's customers, distributors, suppliers and business partners, and inadequacies or failures of internal processes, people and systems or other external factors may have various levels of negative impact on the results of operations. Additionally, accidents may happen despite systems and policies set up for their prevention, which may lead to finance loss, litigation or damage in reputation.

Market risks

The Group is also subject to market risks such as currency fluctuations, volatility of interest rates, credit risks and liquidity risks in the normal course of the Group's businesses. Particulars of financial risk management of the Group are set out in Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements.

本集團面對的主要風險及不明朗因素

倚賴直銷客戶及分銷商進行產品銷售 的相關風險

我們的酒店供應品類產品、營運用品及設備 以及健康護理及衛生用品乃直接銷售予客戶 (包括酒店及航空營運商)或銷售予分銷商或 其他最終用戶。我們無法保證該等客戶於未 來將持續購買我們的產品或維持其購買量。 此外,我們亦無法保證將能夠與客戶維持罵 ,我們的任何客戶終止向我們購買 或減少訂單之購買數量而我們亦無法獲得替 代訂單,我們的業務及盈利能力或會受到不 利影響。

原材料價格波動的相關風險

我們生產所用的主要原材料可能受商品價格 及匯率波動等外在條件所引起的價格大幅波 動及週期性短缺所影響。我們無法保證原材 料成本將於未來維持穩定。倘我們未能透過 降低其他生產成本或提高我們的產品價格以 彌補任何上漲的原材料成本,我們的溢利將 受到不利影響。

營運風險

本集團的營運受各市場若干特有的風險因素 所影響。本集團之客戶、分銷商、供應商及 業務夥伴的違約、內部流程、人員及系統不 足或故障或失職或其他外在因素或會對營運 業績構成不同程度的負面影響。此外,儘管 本集團已設立預防意外的系統及政策,意外 仍有可能發生,從而可能引致財務損失、訴 訟或聲譽受損。

市場風險

本集團在其正常業務過程中亦面臨貨幣波動、利率波動、信貸風險及流動資金風險等 市場風險。本集團財務風險管理之詳情載於 綜合財務報表附註3。

Risks relating to compliance with laws and regulations

We are required to comply with all relevant laws and regulations promulgated by the governments of the respective jurisdictions. There is no assurance that the existing laws and regulations will not be changed or additional or more stringent requirement will not be imposed, compliance with which may cause us to incur significant expenditure. Moreover, if we fail to comply with the present or future laws and regulations, we may be required to pay substantial fines, suspend production or cease operations. Consequently, our financial condition, business and reputation may be adversely affected.

Compliance with laws and regulations

The Group strives to enhance governance, promote employee benefits and development, protect the environment and fulfill social responsibilities in order to achieve sustainable growth. The Group has complied with the relevant laws and regulations that have significant impact on the Group.

Environmental policies and performance

The Group is committed to the principle of sustainable development and fulfill corporate social responsibilities ("CSR") by applying "commercial morality, the kindness towards people and protecting environment". We comply with the laws and respect commercial morality. We manage our operation based on the legal, compliant and reasonable basics. We respect human rights, care for public welfare. We value integrity and achieve win-win situation by cooperation. We follow our philosophy of respecting morality and giving back to society. We value resources and promote environmental protection. Relying on scientific improvements to reduce impacts on the environment, while we are seeking for environmental technologies to maintain sustainable development.

The Group believes that CSR is not just about philanthropy, but also a responsibility towards the community and being able to provide a good platform to contribute in any way that is meaningful, fulfilling and sustainable. CSR will remain a prominent matter in the Group's agenda, and environmental management is always an integral part of the Group's business planning and daily operations.

Details of environmental policies and performance of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022 are set out in the "Environmental, Social and Governance Report 2022", which was prepared in accordance with "Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide" contained in Appendix 27 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") (the "Listing Rules") and had been published on the HKEXnews website of the Stock Exchange and the "Investors Relations" section of the Company's website (www.mingfaigroup.com).

遵守法律及規例的相關風險

我們須遵守各司法權區政府頒佈的所有相關 法律及規例。我們無法保證現有法律及規例 將維持不變或不會施加額外或更嚴格的規 定,而遵守有關規定可能導致我們產生重大 支出。此外,倘我們未能遵守現行或未來之 法律及規例,我們或可能須支付重大罰款、 停產或終止營運。因此,我們的財務狀況、 業務及聲譽或可能受到不利影響。

遵守法律及規例

本集團致力於提升管治、促進僱員福利及發展、保護環境及履行社會責任,從而實現可 持續發展。本集團已遵守對本集團有重大影響的有關法律及規例。

環保政策及表現

本集團秉承可持續發展原則,努力遵循「行 商有道、與人為善、崇尚自然」的企業社會 責任(「企業社會責任」)。我們有法可依、有 道可循。我們的經營基於合法、合規、合理 基礎之上。我們尊重人權、公益為重,並以 誠信至上、合作共贏。我們和德為先、回饋 社會。我們珍惜資源、促進環保。我們依靠 科技進步降低生態影響,尋求環保技術永葆 可持續發展。

本集團深信企業社會責任不僅是慈善事業, 亦為本集團對社區的責任及可為本集團提供 良機,以有意義、可行及可持續的方式回饋 社會。企業社會責任將繼續為本集團議程中 之重要項目及環境管理乃本集團業務規劃及 日常營運中的主要部分。

本集團截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年 度之環境政策及表現詳情載於根據香港聯合 交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則 (「上市規則」)附錄二十七《環境、社會及管 治報告指引》而編製之《環境、社會及管治報 告2022》,其已於聯交所披露易網站及本公 司網站(www.mingfaigroup.com)「投資者關 係」部份刊載。

Key relationships with employees, customers and suppliers

The Group recognises the accomplishment of the employees by providing comprehensive benefit package, career development opportunities and internal training appropriate to individual needs. The Group provides a healthy and safe workplace for all employees.

The Group maintains working relationships with suppliers to meet our customers' needs in an effective and efficient manner. Our departments work closely to make sure the tendering and procurement process is conducted in an open, fair and just manner. The Group's requirements and standards are also well-communicated to suppliers.

The Group values the views and opinions of all customers through various means and channels to understand customers' trends and needs and regularly analyses on customers' feedback. The Group also conducts comprehensive tests and checks to ensure that only quality products and services are offered to the customers.

THE GROUP'S FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the consolidated results and of the consolidated assets, equity and liabilities of the Group for the last five years is set out in "Five Years Financial Summary" on page 05 of this annual report.

SHARES AND DEBENTURES ISSUED

The Group did not issue any Shares and debentures during the year ended 31 December 2022.

RESERVES

Details of the movements in the reserves of the Group and the Company during the year ended 31 December 2022 are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 69 and Notes 18 and 36 to the consolidated financial statements.

As at 31 December 2022, distributable reserves of the Company amounted to approximately HK\$1,019,202,000.

與僱員、客戶及供應商之重要關係

本集團為僱員提供全面福利待遇、事業發展 機會及就個別需要提供適當的內部培訓,以 肯定僱員的貢獻。本集團為所有僱員提供健 康而安全的工作環境。

本集團與供應商維持合作關係,有效及高效 地滿足我們客戶的需要。我們各部門緊密 合作以確保招標及採購過程公開、公平及公 正。本集團亦向供應商清楚説明規定及標準。

本集團重視所有客戶的觀點及意見,並透過 各種方式及渠道了解客戶傾向及需要,以及 定期分析客戶反饋。本集團亦進行全面測試 及檢驗以確保向客戶提供優質的產品及服務。

本集團的財務概要

本集團最近五年的綜合業績及綜合資產、權 益與負債概要載於本年報第05頁之「五年財 務概要」。

已發行股份及債權證

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本 集團概無發行任何股份及債權證。

儲備

本集團及本公司截至二零二二年十二月 三十一日止年度的儲備變動詳情載於第69頁 之綜合權益變動表及綜合財務報表附註18及 附註36。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本公司之可 供分派儲備約1,019,202,000港元。

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) 董事會報告(續)

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

No pre-emptive rights exist under the Company's Articles of Association, or the laws of the Cayman Islands, in which the Company incorporated.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

During the year ended 31 December 2022, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any listed securities of the Company, except that the trustee of the Share Award Scheme purchased a total of 5,000,000 Shares at a total consideration of approximately HK\$2.1 million on the Stock Exchange pursuant to the terms of the scheme rules and trust deed of the Share Award Scheme.

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year ended 31 December 2022 and up to the date of this report were as follows:

Executive Directors

Mr. CHING Chi Fai *(Chairman)* Mr. CHING Chi Keung Mr. LIU Zigang Mr. CHING Tsun Wah Mr. KEUNG Kwok Hung

Non-Executive Director

Ms. CHAN Yim Ching

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. HUNG Kam Hung Allan Mr. NG Bo Kwong Mr. SUN Eric Yung Tson Mr. KWONG Tony Wan Kit

In accordance with article 138 of the Company's Articles of Association, Messrs. CHING Chi Fai, KEUNG Kwok Hung, HUNG Kam Hung Allan and NG Bo Kwong will retire at the AGM and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election.

優先購買權

本公司組織章程細則或開曼群島(本公司之 註冊地點)法律並無訂明優先購買權。

購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市 證券

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本 公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖 回本公司任何上市證券,惟股份獎勵計劃的 受託人根據股份獎勵計劃的計劃規則及信託 契據的條款,於聯交所以總代價約2.1百萬 港元購買合共5,000,000股股份除外。

董事

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度及截 至本報告日期之董事如下:

執行董事

程志輝先生(主席) 程志強先生 劉子剛先生 程俊華先生 姜國雄先生

非執行董事

陳艷清女士

獨立非執行董事

孔錦洪先生 吳保光先生 孫榮聰先生 鄺允傑先生

根據本公司的組織章程細則第138條,程志 輝先生、姜國雄先生、孔錦洪先生及吳保光 先生將於股東週年大會上退任,並符合資格 及願意於股東週年大會上重選連任。

Confirmation of independence of Independent Non-Executive Directors

The Company has received from each Independent Non-Executive Director an annual written confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers that all the Independent Non-Executive Directors are independent.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

None of the Directors who are proposed for re-election at the forthcoming AGM has a service contract which is not determinable by the employer within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

For the year ended 31 December 2022, none of the Directors has any interest in any business apart from the Group's business, which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

No transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance in which a Director or an entity connected with a Director had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year ended 31 December 2022.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

Other than Directors' service contracts and employment contracts with the Group's senior management in full-time employment, no contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Group were entered into or in existence during the year ended 31 December 2022.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

A permitted indemnity provision was in force during the year ended 31 December 2022 and up to the date of this report.

獨立非執行董事的獨立性確認

本公司已收到每位獨立非執行董事根據上 市規則第3.13條提交其年度獨立性書面確認 函。本公司認為全體獨立非執行董事均具獨 立性。

董事的服務合約

建議於應屆股東週年大會上重選的董事概無 訂立僱主不可於一年內不付賠償(法定賠償 除外)而終止的服務合約。

董事於競爭業務之權益

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,概 無董事於任何與本集團業務以外之業務(直 接或間接構成競爭或可能構成競爭)中擁有 任何權益。

董事於重要交易、安排或合約之 權益

於年末或截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止 年度內任何時間,概無存續與董事或與董事 有關連之實體直接或間接擁有重大權益的重 要交易、安排或合約。

管理合約

除董事的服務合約及本集團高級管理人員 的全職僱傭合約外,截至二零二二年十二月 三十一日止年度,概無訂立或存在與本集團 業務全部或任何重大部分有關的管理及行政 合約。

獲准許之彌償條文

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度及截 至本報告日期,獲准許之彌償條文已生效。

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) 董事會報告(續)

Pursuant to the Company's Articles of Association, every Director shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities incurred or sustained by him/her as a Director in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgement is given in his/her favour, or in which he/she is acquitted. There is appropriate directors' and officers' liability insurance coverage for the directors and officers of the Group.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

New VIE Structure

As disclosed in the Company's announcements dated 22 October 2017 and 19 January 2018 (the "Announcements"), due to applicable laws and regulatory prohibitions on owning land and real properties in Cambodia by foreign ownership, the Group has in place a series of contractual arrangements to establish the VIE Structure with the Local Partner (i.e. an assistant solicitor of the Cambodia legal adviser to the Company, who is a Cambodian citizen and an independent third party) that are designed to allow the Company to exercise control over the operations of the Landholding Company (i.e. a company incorporated under the laws of Cambodia and owned as to 49% by Ming Fai Holdings Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and 51% by the Local Partner to hold the Land and Properties. Unless otherwise specified, capitalised terms used herein shall have the same meanings as defined in the Announcements.

On 16 June 2021, the relevant parties entered into the following documents to change one of the registered shareholders of the Landholding Company from the Local Partner to Mr. CHING Tsun Wah, an Executive Director (the "Change of Local Partner"):-

- the Termination Agreement, pursuant to which Ming Fai Holdings Limited and the Local Partner agreed the termination of the aforesaid contractual arrangements between the Group and the Local Partner;
- (2) the Transfer Documents, pursuant to which the Local Partner transferred 51% of equity interests of the Landholding Company to Mr. CHING Tsun Wah; and
- (3) the New Structured Documents (collectively, the New Loan Agreement, the New Power of Attorney, the New Blank Shareholders' Resolution, the New Blank Share Transfer Documents, the New Share Pledge Agreement, the New Call Option Agreement and the New Shareholders' Agreement), pursuant to which the Group established the New VIE Structure, which was on substantially the same terms as those in place under the VIE Structure, save as to the identity of the Local Partner.

根據本公司之組織章程細則,每位董事將有 權就其作為董事因抗辯任何判其勝訴或裁定 無罪之民事或刑事法律訴訟而產生或蒙受之 一切損失或責任從本公司資產中獲得彌償。 本集團董事及高級職員已有適當的董事及高 級職員責任保險作為保障。

關連交易

新可變利益實體結構

誠如本公司日期分別為二零一七年十月 二十二日及二零一八年一月十九日的公告 (「該等公告」)所披露,由於就外國擁有權 東埔寨土地及不動產之適用法律及法規,本集團已與當地合夥人(即本公司表規限 制,本集團已與當地合夥人(即本公司支援限 制,本集團問的助理律師,為柬埔寨公民可更 加公司(即本公司之至資附屬公司) 之經豐結構,其旨在使本公司可對持根 調 之第三方)實行一系列合約安排以成立可有 對 之第三方)實行一系列合約安排以成立可 利 公司(即為持有該土地及該等物業而根 調 定 股有服公司(本公司之全資附屬公司)及 當地合夥人擁有49%及51%權益)之經營 之經營 和 之經營物業的 開 之經營物業的 與 之經營 和 同 涵義。

於二零二一年六月十六日,有關訂約各方訂 立以下文件,以將持有土地公司其中一名註 冊股東由當地合夥人變更為執行董事程俊華 先生(「變更當地合夥人」):

- (1) 終止協議,據此明輝控股有限公司及 當地合夥人同意終止本集團與當地合 夥人訂立之上述合約安排;
- (2) 轉讓文件,據此當地合夥人向程俊華 先生轉讓持有土地公司的51%股權; 及
- (3) 新結構性文件(新貸款協議、新授權 委託書、新空白股東決議案、新空白 股份轉讓文件、新股份質押協議、新 認購期權協議及新股東協議之統稱), 據此本集團已成立新可變利益實體結構,除當地合夥人之身份外,新可變 利益實體結構項下之合約安排條款與 可變利益實體結構項下之合約安排條 款大致相同。

Summary of the principal terms of the New Structured Documents:-

(i) New Loan Agreement

Pursuant to which Ming Fai Holdings Limited as the lender and Mr. CHING Tsun Wah as the borrower for an interest-free loan of US\$2,500,000 from the date of signing the New Loan Agreement until the time when it is terminated for the sole purpose of payment for the acquisition of 51% of the equity interests of the Landholding Company. Mr. CHING Tsun Wah shall only repay the loan, including any, taxes, charges, indemnities, fees, costs and any expenses and all obligations and liabilities in relation to the loan under the New Loan Agreement to Ming Fai Holdings Limited by way of transferring 51% of the equity interests of the Landholding Company held by Mr. CHING Tsun Wah, and any and all shares held by Mr. CHING Tsun Wah which accounts for 51% of the equity interests of the Landholding Company (the "Relevant Shares") to Ming Fai Holdings Limited or to any other person to be designated by Ming Fai Holdings Limited.

(ii) New Power of Attorney

Mr. CHING Tsun Wah, the Landholding Company and the Company are the parties, pursuant to which Mr. CHING Tsun Wah has granted a general and irrevocable power of attorney and proxy to the Directors and their successors (including a liquidator replacing the Directors) (the "Attorneys") or its appointees over all business activities concerning and his right to vote as the ultimate shareholder of the Landholding Company and has given the Attorneys or its appointees the authority and rights to vote as his proxy at any shareholders' meeting and board meeting to deal with all aspects of the management and operations of the Landholding Company including, but not limited to, the disposition or acquisition of assets, appointment of officers and employees, day-to-day business decisions, maintenance of records, declaration of profits, signing minutes, filing documents with the relevant companies registry, and other issues concerning the Landholding Company which are allowable by laws in force, and, for and on behalf of Ming Fai Holdings Limited and as its designated person, to collect all dividends or profit declared to him as a shareholder of the Landholding Company, which are to be transferred and assigned only to Ming Fai Holdings Limited pursuant to the New Shareholders' Agreement.

新結構性文件之主要條款概述如下:

(i) 新貸款協議

據此,自新貸款協議簽署日期 起計直至該協議終止之時,明 輝控股有限公司(作為貸方)向 程俊華先生(作為借方)提供免 息貸款2,500,000美元,該筆 貸款僅用作支付收購持有土地 公司之51%股權。程俊華先生 僅須向明輝控股有限公司償還 貸款,包括任何税項、收費、 彌償、費用、成本及任何開支 以及與新貸款協議項下貸款有 關之所有責任及負債,並透過 向明輝控股有限公司或其將予 指定之任何其他人士轉讓程俊 華先生持有之持有土地公司之 51%股權及程俊華先生持有之 任何及所有股份(佔持有土地 公司股權之51%)(「相關股份」) 之方式償還。

(ii) 新授權委託書

程俊華先生、持有土地公司及 本公司為訂約方,據此,程俊 華先生已就所有相關業務活動 及其作為持有土地公司最終股 東而擁有之投票權向董事及其 繼任人(包括一名代替董事之 清算人) (「代理人」) 或其委託 人授出一份一般及不可撤回之 授權委託書,並授權代理人或 其委託人在任何股東大會及董 事會會議以彼之受委代表身 份投票,以處理持有土地公司 之所有管理及營運事宜,包括 但不限於出售或收購資產、委 任高級職員及僱員、日常業務 決策、存置記錄、宣派溢利、 簽署會議記錄、向相關公司註 冊處交付文件及現行法律允許 之有關持有土地公司之所有其 他事宜,且為及代表明輝控股 有限公司及作為其指定人士收 取彼作為持有土地公司之一名 股東而獲宣派之所有股息或溢 利,該等股息或溢利將根據新 股東協議僅轉讓並分配予明輝 控股有限公司。

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) 董事會報告(續)

(iii) New Blank Shareholders' Resolution

Mr. Ching Tsun Wah has pre-signed and thumb-printed a blank shareholders' resolution for the approval of the disposal of any immovable property(ies) of the Landholding Company.

(iv) New Blank Share Transfer Documents

Mr. Ching Tsun Wah has pre-signed the blank share transfer documents that can be completed and filed with the Ministry of Commerce of Cambodia in relation to the Relevant Shares in the Landholding Company held by Mr. Ching Tsun Wah.

(v) New Share Pledge Agreement

Pursuant to which Ming Fai Holdings Limited as pledgee and Mr. CHING Tsun Wah as pledgor and that Mr. CHING Tsun Wah has pledged the Relevant Shares, including all dividends, interest or other income, paid or payable after the date of the New Share Pledge Agreement in respect of any of the Relevant Shares, together with any and all rights and benefits that have been created or exist with respect to the Relevant Shares or any other shares in Mr. Ching Tsun Wah or any other device in the nature of a security issued or suffered by Mr. Ching Tsun Wah, as security to guarantee the performance of the obligations and liabilities which is owing to Ming Fai Holdings Limited by Mr. Ching Tsun Wah pursuant to the New Loan Agreement. Mr. Ching Tsun Wah has undertaken not to dispose, transfer or otherwise encumber any right attaching to shares which are pledged as Relevant Shares without prior written approval from Ming Fai Holdings Limited.

(iii) 新空白股東決議案

程俊華先生已就批准出售持有 土地公司之任何不動產預先簽 署及加按指印於一份空白股東 決議案。

(iv) 新空白股份轉讓文件

程俊華先生已就有關程俊華先 生持有之持有土地公司相關股 份預先簽署可供後續補充內容 及向柬埔寨商務部交付之空白 股份轉讓文件。

(v) 新股份質押協議

據此,明輝控股有限公司為受 押人而程俊華先生為質押人, 及程俊華先生已質押相關股 份,包括於新股份質押協議日 期後就任何相關股份已付或應 付之所有股息、利息或其他收 入,連同就相關股份已設立或 存在之任何及所有權利及利益 或程俊華先生之任何其他股份 或程俊華先生發出或承擔屬保 證性質之任何其他工具,作為 程俊華先生根據新貸款協議須 向明輝控股有限公司保證履行 責任及負債之擔保。程俊華先 生承諾不會在未取得明輝控股 有限公司事先書面批准情況下 出售、轉讓或以其他方式損害 股份(質押為相關股份)附帶之 任何權利。

(vi) New Call Option Agreement

Ming Fai Holdings Limited, Mr. CHING Tsun Wah and the Landholding Company are the parties, pursuant to which the Landholding Company irrevocably granted the exclusive right to Ming Fai Holdings Limited or its assignees, from the date of signing of the New Call Option Agreement indefinitely until all assets of the Landholding Company are transferred to Ming Fai Holdings Limited or its assignees and registration process required thereafter has been completed with the relevant local authorities, to purchase all or part of the assets of the Landholding Company at market value, to the maximum extent allowed by the then applicable Cambodian laws and regulations. Each of the Landholding Company and Mr. Ching Tsun Wah has undertaken to return to Ming Fai Holdings Limited any consideration it received in the event that Ming Fai Holdings Limited exercises such option to acquire the assets of the Landholding Company.

(vii) New Shareholders' Agreement

Pursuant to which Ming Fai Holdings Limited and Mr. Ching Tsun Wah agreed on the rights and obligations of them as shareholders of the Landholding Company and also, restrictions against Mr. Ching Tsun Wah with respect of, among other things, the disposal of the Relevant Shares, distribution of dividends and management and operation of the Landholding Company, to parties other than Ming Fai Holdings Limited or to any other person to be designated by Ming Fai Holdings Limited, for three years commencing from the date of the New Shareholders' Agreement. If both parties to the New Shareholders' Agreement agree, the term of the New Shareholders' Agreement may be renewed by writing every three years, subject to the compliance with the Listing Rules.

If there are any dividends, profits, benefits or interests declared in relation to the interests of Mr. CHING Tsun Wah as a shareholder in the Landholding Company, he can only transfer and assign these interests to Ming Fai Holdings Limited or to any other person to be designated by Ming Fai Holdings Limited, and ultimately, the Company.

(vi) 新認購期權協議

明輝控股有限公司、程俊華先 生及持有土地公司為訂約方, 據此,持有土地公司不可撤回 地授予明輝控股有限公司或其 承讓人獨家權利,自新認購期 權協議簽署日期起直至持有土 地公司的所有資產轉讓予明輝 控股有限公司或其承讓人,以 及其後已向相關地區機關完成 所需的登記程序為止,以市價 在當時適用的柬埔寨法律及法 規允許的最大程度內購買持有 土地公司的全部或部分資產。 持有土地公司及程俊華先生各 自承諾,若明輝控股有限公司 行使該期權以收購持有土地公 司的資產,將向明輝控股有限 公司退還其收到的任何代價。

(vii) 新股東協議

倘有任何與程俊華先生(作為 持有土地公司之一名股東)權 益有關之股息、溢利、利益或 權益宣派,彼僅可將此等權益 轉讓及分配予明輝控股有限公 司或其指定之任何其他人士, 並最終予本公司。

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Upon the Change of Local Partner, Ming Fai Holdings Limited and Mr. CHING Tsun Wah were the shareholders of the Landholding Company holding its equity interest as to 49% and 51%, respectively. The Landholding Company remained as if it was a subsidiary of the Company and its financial results would continue to be accounted for and consolidated in the accounts of the Group. The Landholding Company is not engaged in any business activities other than holding a land parcel and the properties on the land parcel and for property investment.

The reasons for replacing the Local Partner with Mr. CHING Tsun Wah as one of the shareholders of the Landholding Company was because Mr. CHING Tsun Wah became a Cambodian citizen and his involvement in the Group's hospitality supplies business in Cambodia significantly increased. Mr. CHING Tsun Wah has also developed necessary and adequate knowledge and familiarity with the rules and regulations, and expertise in the operations of the Group's hospitality supplies business in Cambodia through his involvement in the business since 2018. The Group's business in Cambodia has also been maturing and has become largely stable overtime. The Group's management has also gained expertise overtime from its operations in Cambodia.

In consideration of the foregoing, the Change of Local Partner (i) would better safeguard the interests of the Company in the Landholding Company by having a Director as a shareholder of the Landholding Company instead of the Local Partner; and (ii) Mr. CHING Tsun Wah would be a more suitable candidate to hold the 51% shareholding in the Landholding Company than the Local Partner as he has greater familiarity with the Group and its business.

Mr. Ching Tsun Wah, being the Executive Director, is a connected person of the Company under Rule 14A.07(1) of the Listing Rules. Accordingly, the transactions contemplated under the New Structured Documents, in particular, the New Loan Agreement and the New Shareholders' Agreement which provides for the transfer and assignment of dividends, profits, benefits or interests by Mr. Ching Tsun Wah to Ming Fai Holdings Limited, constitute a connected transaction and a continuing connected transaction of the Company, respectively, under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

於變更當地合夥人後,明輝控股有限公司及 程俊華先生為持有土地公司之股東,分別持 有其49%及51%股權。持有土地公司猶如仍 然為本公司之一間附屬公司,其財務業績會 繼續入賬及綜合於本集團之賬目。除持有地 塊及地塊上之物業以及物業投資外,持有土 地公司概無從事任何業務。

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

董事會報告(續)

由程俊華先生取代當地合夥人成為持有土地 公司之其中一名股東乃因程俊華先生已成為 柬埔寨公民,以及其在本集團於柬埔寨之酒 店供應品業務參與度大幅提高。程俊華先生 自二零一八年起透過其參與本集團於柬埔寨 之酒店供應品業務,亦就相關規則與規定累 積必要且充分之知識及熟悉度,並具備經營 該業務之專業知識。本集團於柬埔寨之業務 逐漸成熟,大致穩步發展。本集團管理層亦 逐步累積其於柬埔寨業務之專業知識。

考慮到上述情況,變更當地合夥人(i)由一名 董事而非當地合夥人作為持有土地公司之一 名股東,可更有效保障本公司於持有土地公 司之利益;及(ii)由於程俊華先生對本集團及 其業務較為熟悉,故彼將較當地合夥人更適 合持有持有土地公司之51%股權。

根據上市規則第14A.07(1)條,程俊華先生 (為執行董事)為本公司之關連人士。因此, 根據上市規則第14A章,新結構性文件項下 擬進行的交易,尤其是新貸款協議及新股東 協議(程俊華先生向明輝控股有限公司轉讓 及分配股息、溢利、利益或權益)分別構成 本公司的關連交易及持續關連交易。
DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) 董事會報告(續)

As the highest of all of the applicable percentage ratios in respect of the New Loan Agreement is more than 0.1% but less than 5%, the New Loan Agreement is subject to the reporting and announcement requirements but is exempt from the circular and independent shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

As none of the applicable percentage ratios in respect of the transfer and assignment of dividends, profits, benefits or interests by Mr. Ching Tsun Wah to Ming Fai Holdings Limited under the New Shareholders' Agreement exceeds 5% and the total annual amount payable to Ming Fai Holdings Limited is below HK\$3 million, it is fully exempted from the relevant requirements of reporting, announcement, circular and independent shareholders' approval under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

Risks and limitations relating to the New VIE Structure:-

- Ming Fai Holdings Limited may bear economic risks as the shareholder of the Landholding Company, and the Group's financial performance may be adversely affected and financial support may need to be provided if the Landholding Company suffers losses.
- The New Structured Documents may not be as effective as direct ownership in providing control over the Landholding Company if Mr. CHING Tsun Wah fails to perform his obligations under the New Structured Documents or otherwise have disputes with the Group.
- It is unforeseeable that there may be change of interpretation and determination by the Cambodian government on the compliance of the arrangement contemplated by the New Structured Documents with Cambodian laws and regulations.
- Potential conflicts of interests or potential disputes may arise due to dual roles for Mr. CHING Tsun Wah as a shareholder of the Landholding Company and an Executive Director.
- The Company does not maintain an insurance policy to cover the risks relating to arrangement under the New VIE Structure.

由於新貸款協議的所有適用百分比率之最高 一項超過0.1%但低於5%,新貸款協議須遵 守申報及公告規定,但獲豁免遵守上市規則 第14A章下之通函及獨立股東批准的規定。

由於程俊華先生根據新股東協議向明輝控股 有限公司轉讓及分配股息、溢利、利益或權 益的適用百分比率均不超過5%,而應付予 明輝控股有限公司的總年度金額低於3百萬 港元,故完全獲豁免遵守上市規則第14A章 有關申報、公告、通函及獨立股東批准的規 定。

與新可變利益實體結構有關之風險及限制因素:

- 明輝控股有限公司承擔作為持有土地 公司股東之相關經濟風險,本集團之 財務表現可能會受到不利影響。若持 有土地公司出現虧損,本集團可能需 向其提供財務支援。
 - 倘程俊華先生未能履行其於新結構性 文件項下之責任或與本集團發生其他 糾紛,就提供對持有土地公司之控制 權而言,新結構性文件可能不如直接 擁有權有效。
 - 柬埔寨政府可能會就新結構性文件擬 作出之安排是否符合柬埔寨法律及法 規作出不可預見之詮釋及判定變更。
- 程俊華先生身兼持有土地公司股東及 執行董事之雙重身份,可能會產生潛 在利益衝突或潛在糾紛。
- 本公司並無購買保險以覆蓋與新可變 利益實體結構項下安排有關之風險。

In order to mitigate the risks, the Board will review and monitor the overall compliance of the New VIE Structure from time to time. In case if there is any major issues arising from the implementation and compliance with the New VIE Structure or any regulatory enquiries from governmental authorities, the Company will engage external legal advisers and other professional advisers as appropriate.

The Group intends that and the terms of the New Structured Documents have provided that the New VIE Structure will be unwinded and the Group will directly hold 100% equity interests in the Landholding Company and/or the Land and the Properties when the Foreign Ownership Restrictions no longer exist.

Details of the New VIE Structure was set out in the Company's announcement dated 16 June 2021.

Related Party Transactions

Except the rental charged by Ming Fai Plastic Industrial Company to the Group constitute continuing connected transactions, which are fully exempted from the relevant requirements of reporting, announcement, circular and independent shareholders' approval under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules, none of the other significant related party transactions entered into by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2022 set out in Note 35 to the consolidated financial statements constitute connected transactions or continuing connected transactions under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

As at 31 December 2022, the interests and short positions of the Directors in shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")) as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the "Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers" (the "Model Code") set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules were as follows:

為將風險降至最低,董事會將不時檢討並監 察新可變利益實體結構的整體合規情況。倘 新可變利益實體結構在落實及合規方面發生 任何重大事項,或政府機關提出任何監管查 詢,本公司將於合適情況下委聘外部法律顧 問及其他專業顧問。

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

董事會報告(續)

本集團有意並在新結構性文件之條款規定 下,當外國擁有權限制不再存在時,新可變 利益實體結構將被解除,而本集團將直接持 有持有土地公司之100%股權及/或該土地 及該等物業。

新可變利益實體結構之詳情載於本公司日期 為二零二一年六月十六日之公告。

關聯方交易

明輝塑膠實業公司向本集團收取租金構成持 續關連交易,其完全獲豁免遵守上市規則第 14A章有關申報、公告、通函及獨立股東批 准的規定,除此之外,綜合財務報表附註35 所載本集團於截至二零二二年十二月三十一 日止年度訂立之其他重大關聯方交易均不構 成上市規則第14A章下之關連交易或持續關 連交易。

董事於本公司及其相聯法團股份、 相關股份及債權證之權益及淡倉

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,董事於本公 司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條 例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)之股份、相 關股份及債權證中,擁有記入根據證券及期 貨條例第352條須予備存之登記冊中或已根 據上市規則附錄十《上市發行人董事進行證 券交易的標準守則》(「標準守則」)通知本公 司及聯交所之權益及淡倉如下:

Long positions in Shares and underlying Shares

於股份及相關股份之好倉

		nber of Shares h 持有股份數目	eld		
Name of Directors	Personal Interests (beneficial owner)	Family Interests (interests of spouse)	Corpora Intere (interests controll corporatio	sts of ed	Approximate percentage of issued Shares (734,262,697 Shares) as at al 31 December 2022 於二零二二年 十二月三十一日
董事姓名	個人權益 (實益擁有人)	家族權益 (配偶權益)	法團權 (受控法團權者		已發行股份 (734,262,697股)
Mr. CHING Chi Fai 程志輝先生	22,690,000	-	197,666,2 (Notes 1 & (附註1及	2)	30.01%
Mr. CHING Chi Keung 程志強先生	4,000,000	-	32,499,6 (Note (附註	2)	00 4.97%
Mr. LIU Zigang 劉子剛先生	4,000,000	-	20,057,2 (Note (附註	3)	00 3.28%
Mr. CHING Tsun Wah 程俊華先生	3,734,000	775,000 <i>(Note 4)</i> (附註4)		- 4,509,00	00 0.61%
Ms. CHAN Yim Ching 陳艷清女士	_	-	32,499,6 (Note (附言主	2)	00 4.43%
Mr. HUNG Kam Hung Allan 孔錦洪先生	600,000	-		- 600,00	0.08%
Mr. Ng Bo Kwong 吳保光先生	600,000	_		- 600,00	0.08%
Notes:			PHI	註:	
1. 165,166,600 Shares v which was wholly-owne			al Limited, 1.		设份由Prosper Well International 页該公司由程志輝先生全資擁
 32,499,600 Shares we owned as to 50%, 1 Ms. CHAN Yim Ching a 	9.23% and 30.77%	by Mr. CHING C	which was 2. hi Keung,	Limited持有,译	股份由Targetwise Trading fī該公司由程志強先生、陳艷 『先生分別擁有50%、19.23% 。
3. 20,057,200 Shares w wholly-owned by Mr. L		Power Limited, v	vhich was 3.	20,057,200股股 有,而該公司由	份由Favour Power Limited持 a劉子剛先生全資擁有。
4. 775,000 Shares were Mr. CHING Tsun Wah.	held by Ms. SO Wa	i Yin Tracy, the	spouse of 4.	775,000股股份 女士持有。	由程俊華先生之配偶蘇瑋賢
Save as disclosed above Directors had any interest shares and debentures of corporation (within the m in the register required to otherwise notified to the of to the Model Code.	t or short positior of the Company o eaning of Part XV be kept under Sect	ns in shares, ur r any of its as of the SFO) as ion 352 of the S	nderlying 三 sociated 法 recorded 份 SFO or as 證 pursuant 記	┼一日,概無董雪 團(定義見證券及 、相關股份及債格 券及期貨條例第	 ·於二零二二年十二月 [本公司或其任何相聯及期貨條例第XV部)之股 22條規定須予備存之登 352條規定須予備存之登 351)須通知本公司及聯交

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SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 December 2022, so far as it was known by or otherwise notified by any Director, the interests and short positions of the substantial shareholders and other persons (other than a Director), in Shares and underlying Shares as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

Long positions in Shares

於股份之好倉

		Number of 持有股				
Name	Personal Interests (beneficial owner)	Family Interests (interests of spouse)	Corporate Interests (beneficial owner)	Corporate Interests (interests of controlled corporation)	Total	Approximate percentage of issued Shares (734,262,697 Shares) as at 31 December 2022 於二零二二年 十二月三十一日 已發行股份
名稱/姓名	個人權益 (實益擁有人)	家族權益 (配偶權益)	法團權益 (實益擁有人)	法團權益 (受控法團權益)	總計	(734,262,697 股) 之概約百分比
Prosper Well International Limited (Note 1) Prosper Well International Limited (附註1)	-	-	165,166,600	-	165,166,600	22.49%
Ms. LO Kit Ling <i>(Note 1)</i> 盧潔玲女士 <i>(附註1)</i>	-	220,356,200	-	-	220,356,200	30.01%
Mr. David Michael WEBB (Note 2) David Michael WEBB先生(<i>附註2)</i>	44,625,000	-	-	66,174,000	110,799,000	15.08%
Preferable Situation Assets Limited (Note 2) Preferable Situation Assets Limited (附註2)	-	-	66,174,000	-	66,174,000	9.01%

Notes:

- 165,166,600 Shares were held by Prosper Well International Limited, which was wholly-owned by Mr. CHING Chi Fai (an Executive Director and the Chairman of the Company). 32,499,600 Shares were held by Targetwise Trading Limited, which was owned as to 30.77% by Mr. CHING Chi Fai. Mr. CHING Chi Fai also beneficially held 22,690,000 Shares. Ms. LO Kit Ling, being the spouse of Mr. CHING Chi Fai, was deemed to be interested in the 220,356,200 Shares in which Mr. CHING Chi Fai interested.
- 2. Based on the disclosure of interests notices with the date of relevant event on 3 December 2021 received by the Company, 66,174,000 Shares were held by Preferable Situation Assets Limited, which was wholly-owned by Mr. David Michael WEBB, and Mr. David Michael WEBB beneficially held 44,625,000 Shares. Save as disclosed above, no further respective disclosure of interests notices of Mr. David Michael WEBB and Preferable Situation Assets Limited with the date of relevant event on or before 31 December 2022 were received by the Company.

附註:

1

2.

165,166,600股股份由Prosper Well International Limited持有,而該公司由執行董事兼本公司 主席程志輝先生全資擁有。32,499,600股股 份由Targetwise Trading Limited持有,而該公 司由程志輝先生擁有30.77%權益。程志輝先 生亦實益持有22,690,000股股份。盧潔玲女 士為程志輝先生的配偶,被視為於程志輝先 生擁有權益的220,356,200股股份中擁有權益。

根據本公司收到有關事件日期為二零二一 年十二月三日之權益披露通知,Preferable Situation Assets Limited (由David Michael WEBB先生全資擁有)持有66,174,000股股份,而David Michael WEBB先生亦實益持有 44,625,000股股份。除以上披露者外,本 公司概無收到David Michael WEBB先生及 Preferable Situation Assets Limited各自於有 關事件日期為二零二二年十二月三十一日或 以前之進一步權益披露通知。

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) 董事會報告(續)

大股東及其他人士於本公司股份 及相關股份之權益及淡倉

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,就任何董事

所知悉或彼等以其他方式所通知,大股東及 其他人士(董事除外)於股份及相關股份中

擁有記入根據證券及期貨條例第336條須予

備存的登記冊中之權益及淡倉如下:

Save as disclosed above and in the section headed "Directors' interests and short positions in shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations" of this report, as at 31 December 2022, so far as it was known by or otherwise notified by any Director, none of the substantial shareholders and other persons (other than a Director), had any interest or short positions in Shares and underlying Shares as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company has conditionally adopted a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") on 5 October 2007. Particulars of movements in the share options during the year ended 31 December 2022 were as follows:

除上文及本報告「董事於本公司及其相聯 法團股份、相關股份及債權證之權益及淡 倉」一節所披露者外,於二零二二年十二月 三十一日,就任何董事所知悉或彼等以其他 方式所通知,概無大股東及其他人士(董事 除外)於股份及相關股份中擁有任何記入根 據證券及期貨條例第336條須予備存的登記 冊中之權益或淡倉。

購股權計劃

本公司於二零零七年十月五日有條件採納購 股權計劃(「購股權計劃」)。截至二零二二年 十二月三十一日止年度,購股權之變動詳情 如下:

				Number of share options 購股權數目					
Grantee	Date of grant	Exercise period	Exercise Price	Outstanding as at 1 January 2022 於二零二二年	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Cancelled during the year	Lapsed during the year	Outstanding as at 31 December 2022 於二零二二年
承授人	授出日期	行使期	行使價 HK\$ 港元	一月一日 尚未行使	年內授出	年內行使	年內註銷	年內失效	十二月三十一日 尚未行使
Employees 僱員									
In aggregate 合計	04-09-2012 二零一二年 九月四日	04-09-2013 to 03-09-2022 二零一三年九月四日至 二零二二年九月三日	0.62	225,000	-	-	-	225,000	-
	九月四日 04-09-2012 二零一二年 九月四日		0.62	337,000	-	-	-	337,000	-
Total 合計				562,000	-	-	-	562,000	_

The following is a summary of the principal terms of the rules of the Share Option Scheme:

(1) Purpose of the Share Option Scheme

The purpose of the Share Option Scheme was to enable the Board to grant options to selected employees (whether full time or part time, including the Directors) of any member of the Group (the "Eligible Persons") as incentives or rewards for their contribution or potential contribution to the Group. 以下為購股權計劃規則之主要條款概要:

(1) 購股權計劃的目的

購股權計劃旨在讓董事會向本集團任 何成員公司之獲選僱員(不論是全職 或兼職,包括董事在內)(「合資格人 士」)授出購股權,作為彼等對本集團 作出貢獻或潛在貢獻的獎勵或報酬。 The terms of the Share Option Scheme provided that in granting options under the Share Option Scheme, the Board was entitled to determine whether there is any minimum holding period, and whether there is any performance target which must be achieved, before an option granted under the Share Option Scheme is exercised. The Board was also entitled to determine the option price per Share payable on the exercise of an option (the "Exercise Price") according to the terms of the Share Option Scheme. Such terms, together with the incentives that the option would bring about, the Board believed, would serve the purpose of the Share Option Scheme.

(2) Period of the Share Option Scheme

The Share Option Scheme was effective during the period of ten years commencing on 2 November 2007 (the date on which the Share Option Scheme become unconditional) and the Share Option Scheme was expired on 1 November 2017. On expiry of the Share Option Scheme, no further option shall be granted but in all other respects the provisions of the Share Options Scheme shall remain in force. All options granted and accepted prior to such expiry shall continue to be valid and exercisable in accordance with their terms and terms of the Share Option Scheme.

(3) Basis of eligibility

The Board at its absolute discretion and on such terms as it might think fit, granted options to any Eligible Person to subscribe at the Exercise Price for such number of Shares as determined in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme.

The basis of eligibility of any of the Eligible Persons to the grant of options were determined by the Board on the basis of his contribution or potential contribution to the development and growth of the Group.

(4) Price for subscription of Shares

The Exercise Price was determined by the Board at the higher of:

- the closing price of the Shares as stated in the daily quotations sheet issued by the Stock Exchange on the date of grant of the options which must be a business day; and
- (b) the average closing price of the Shares as stated in the daily quotations sheets issued by the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant, provided that the Exercise Price shall in no event be less than the nominal amount of one Share.

購股權計劃條款規定,在根據購股權 計劃授出購股權時,董事會有權決定 就根據購股權計劃所授出之購股權 於行使前,是否設定任何最少持有 關,及是否需達到任何表現目標。 事會亦有權釐定根據購股權計劃條 開股權時應付的每股股份購股權 價格(「行使價」)。該等條款加上購股 權產生的獎勵,董事會相信可實現購 股權計劃的目的。

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

董事會報告(續)

- (2) 購股權計劃期限
 - 購股權計劃於二零零七年十一月二日 (購股權計劃變為無條件之日)起計的 十年期間內有效,而購股權計劃已於 二零一七年十一月一日到期。於購股 權計劃屆滿時,概將不會進一步授出 購股權,惟購股權計劃之條文於所有 其他方面仍將維持有效。於該屆滿前 已授出及接納之所有購股權將根據彼 等之條款及購股權計劃之條款繼續有 效及可予行使。
- (3) 合資格的準則

董事會可全權酌情及根據其可能認為 適合的條款,向任何合資格人士授出 購股權,以供彼等按行使價認購根據 購股權計劃的條款所釐定數目的股份。

董事會決定任何合資格人士獲授購股 權的合資格準則,並根據彼對本集團 的發展及增長所作出的貢獻或潛在的 貢獻釐定。

(4) 股份的認購價

行使價按以下之較高者由董事會釐定:

- (a) 聯交所日報表所載股份於授出 購股權當日(須為營業日)的收 市價;及
- (b) 聯交所日報表所載股份於緊接 授出日期前五個營業日的平均 收市價,惟行使價無論如何不 得低於一股股份的面值。

(5) Acceptance of offers

The amount payable to the Company as acceptance of the offer for the grant of an option was HK\$1.

(6) Maximum number of Shares

The maximum number of Shares which might be issued upon the exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company (excluding, for this purpose, options which have lapsed in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme or any other share option schemes of the Company) must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the Shares in issue on the listing date (i.e. 2 November 2007) (the "Scheme Limit").

The Scheme Limit could be refreshed at any time subject to Shareholders' approval provided that such limit as refreshed should not exceed 10% of the Shares in issue as at the date of approval of the renewed limit. Share options previously granted under the Share Option Scheme (including those outstanding, cancelled, lapsed or exercised) would not be counted for the purpose of calculating the Scheme Limit as refreshed. On 23 May 2013, the refreshment of the Scheme Limit was approved by the Shareholders at the annual general meeting.

All the outstanding share options were lapsed on 4 September 2022. As at the date of this annual report, no Share was available for issue under the Share Option Scheme.

(7) Maximum entitlement of each Eligible Person

The maximum number of Shares issued and to be issued upon the exercise of options granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company to any Eligible Person (including cancelled, exercised and outstanding options), in any 12-month period should not exceed 1% of the Shares in issue from time to time.

SHARE AWARD SCHEME

On 23 September 2016, the Company adopted the Share Award Scheme in which the Group's employees, Directors, consultants or advisers will be entitled to participate. The objectives of the Share Award Scheme are (i) to recognise the contributions by certain eligible persons; and (ii) to offer suitable incentives to attract and retain targeted talents and personnel for the continuance of operations and future development of the Group. (5) 接納要約

就接納授出每份購股權的要約須向本 公司支付的金額為1港元。

(6) 股份數目上限

因行使根據購股權計劃及本公司任何 其他購股權計劃所授出之所有購股權 (就此而言,並不包括根據購股權計 劃或本公司任何其他購股權計劃的條 款而已失效的購股權)而可發行的股 份數目上限,合共不得超過於上市日 期(即二零零七年十一月二日)已發行 股份的10%(「計劃上限」)。

計劃上限可在股東批准的任何時間予 以更新,惟更新後該上限不得超過批 准更新上限當日已發行股份的10%。 就計算更新計劃上限而言,過往根據 購股權計劃授出之購股權(包括尚未 行使、已註銷、已失效或已行使之購 股權)將不會計算在內。於二零一三 年五月二十三日,股東在股東週年大 會上已批准更新計劃上限。

所有尚未行使之購股權已於二零二二 年九月四日失效。於本年報日期,概 無根據購股權計劃可發行之股份。

(7) 每位合資格人士的最高權益

在任何12個月期間內,任何合資格人 士因行使根據購股權計劃及本公司 任何其他購股權計劃而已授出的購股 權(包括已註銷、已行使及尚未行使 的購股權)而發行及將發行的股份數 目上限,不得超過不時已發行股份的 1%。

股份獎勵計劃

於二零一六年九月二十三日,本公司採納股 份獎勵計劃,而本集團的僱員、董事、諮詢 人或顧問將有權參與計劃。股份獎勵計劃之 目標為(i)肯定某些合資格人士所作出的貢獻; 及(ii)提供適當獎勵以吸引及挽留目標人才及 人員以讓本集團持續經營及發展未來。 During the year ended 31 December 2022, the independent trustee of the Share Award Scheme (Bank of Communications Trustee Limited), which is independent and not connected with the Company, purchased a total of 5,000,000 Shares at a total consideration of approximately HK\$2.1 million on the Stock Exchange pursuant to the terms of the scheme rules and trust deed of the Share Award Scheme. The number of Shares available for grant under the Share Award Scheme as at 1 January 2022 and 31 December 2022 were 5,424,000 Shares and 10,424,000 Shares respectively. No Shares have been granted to eligible persons up to the date of this report under the Share Award Scheme since its adoption.

Subject to the scheme rules of the Share Award Scheme, the Board may, from time to time, at its absolute discretion select any eligible person for participation in the Share Award Scheme as a selected person, and grant such number of awarded Shares to any selected person at no consideration and in such number and on and subject to such terms and conditions as it may in its absolute discretion determine.

The Board shall not make any further award of awarded Shares which will result in the nominal value of the Shares awarded by the Board under the Share Award Scheme exceeding 5% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time. The maximum number of Shares which may be awarded to a selected person under the Share Award Scheme shall not exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time.

The Share Award Scheme shall be subject to the administration of the Board and the independent trustee in accordance with the scheme rules and the trust deed of the Share Award Scheme. Subject to any early termination as may be determined by the Board, the Share Award Scheme shall be valid and effective for a term of ten years commencing on its adoption date (i.e. 23 September 2016).

Details of the Share Award Scheme were set out in the announcement of the Company dated 23 September 2016.

ARRANGEMENTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed in the sections headed "Share Option Scheme" and "Share Award Scheme" of this report, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries, a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate at the end of the year or at any time during the year ended 31 December 2022. 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度, 獨立於本公司且與本公司概無關連的股份 獎勵計劃獨立受託人(交通銀行信託有限公 司)根據股份獎勵計劃的計劃規則及信託契 據的條款,於聯交所以總代價約2.1百萬港 元購買合共5,000,000股股份。於二零二二 年一月一日及二零二二年十二月三十一日, 根據股份獎勵計劃可授出之股份數目分別為 5,424,000股股份及10,424,000股股份。自採 納股份獎勵計劃之日起及直至本報告日期, 概無向根據股份獎勵計劃下之合資格人士授 出任何股份。

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

董事會報告(續)

在股份獎勵計劃之計劃規則下,董事會可不 時全權酌情決定挑選任何合資格人士作為獲 選人士參與股份獎勵計劃,並按其可能全權 酌情決定之有關數目及有關條款和條件,向 任何獲選人士無償授出有關數目之獎勵股份。

倘董事會授出獎勵股份後將導致董事會根據 股份獎勵計劃下授出的股份面值超過本公司 不時已發行股本之5%,董事會將不得進一 步授出任何獎勵股份。獲選人士根據股份獎 勵計劃可獲授的股份數目上限不得超過本公 司不時已發行股本之1%。

根據股份獎勵計劃的計劃規則及信託契據, 股份獎勵計劃須受董事會及獨立受託人管 理。股份獎勵計劃之有效期及生效期自其採 納日期(即二零一六年九月二十三日)起計 為期十年,惟董事會或可決定提前終止。

股份獎勵計劃的詳情載列於本公司日期為二 零一六年九月二十三日的公告。

購入股份或債權證的安排

除本報告「購股權計劃」及「股份獎勵計劃」 各節所披露者外,本公司或其任何附屬公司 概無於年末或截至二零二二年十二月三十一 日止年度內任何時間訂立任何安排,以使董 事可藉購入本公司或任何其他法人團體的股 份或債權證而獲益。

CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save as disclosed in Note 35 to the consolidated financial statements, no contract of significance between the Company or any of its subsidiaries and a controlling Shareholder or any of its subsidiaries; nor for the provision of services to the Company or any of its subsidiaries by a controlling shareholder or any of its subsidiaries were entered into or subsisted during the year ended 31 December 2022.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Save as disclosed in the sections headed "Share Option Scheme" and "Share Award Scheme" of this report, no equity-linked agreement was entered into or subsisted during the year ended 31 December 2022.

MAJOR SUPPLIERS AND CUSTOMERS

The aggregate purchases attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for less than 30% of the Group's total purchases for the year ended 31 December 2022.

The aggregate revenue attributable to the Group's five largest customers accounted for less than 30% of the Group's total revenue for the year ended 31 December 2022.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the Company's total number of issued Shares was held by the public as at the date of this report.

DONATIONS

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group made donations amounting to approximately HK\$563,000.

AUDITOR

The Company's auditor, PricewaterhouseCoopers who shall retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment at the AGM.

On behalf of the Board

CHING Chi Fai *Chairman* Hong Kong, 28 March 2023

重要合約

除綜合財務報表附註35所披露者外,於截至 二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司 或其任何附屬公司與控股股東或其任何附屬 公司之間概無;或就控股股東或其任何附屬 公司向本公司或其任何附屬公司提供的服務 亦無訂立或存續重要合約。

股票掛鈎協議

除本報告「購股權計劃」及「股份獎勵計劃」 各節所披露者外,於截至二零二二年十二月 三十一日止年度概無訂立或存續任何股票掛 鈎協議。

主要供應商及客戶

本集團於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止 年度向五大供應商之合計採購額,佔本集團 總採購額少於30%。

本集團於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止 年度於五大客戶之合計收入,佔本集團總收 入少於30%。

足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司從公眾所得資料及據董事所知, 於本報告日期,本公司已發行股份總數最少 25%由公眾人士持有。

捐款

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本 集團的捐款約563,000港元。

核數師

本公司核數師羅兵咸永道會計師事務所將於 股東週年大會退任,符合資格並願意被重選 續聘。

代表董事會

主席 **程志輝** 香港,二零二三年三月二十八日

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

The Company is dedicated to maintaining and ensuring high standards of corporate governance practices. The corporate governance principles of the Company emphasise accountability and transparency and are adopted in the best interest of the Company and the Shareholders. The Board reviews its corporate governance practices from time to time in order to meet the rising expectations of the Shareholders and to fulfill its commitment to excellence in corporate governance.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Board has reviewed its policies and practices on corporate governance, and policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group has complied with all the code provisions in the "Corporate Governance Code" (the "CG Code") as in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules, except the deviation of the followings:

- Code provision C.2.1: the Board has not appointed an individual to the post of chief executive officer up to the date of this report and the role of the chief executive officer has been performed collectively by all the Executive Directors, including the Chairman of the Company. The Board considers that this arrangement allows contributions from all Executive Directors with different expertise and is beneficial to the continuity of the Company's policies and strategies.
- Code provision F.2.2: the Chairman of the Board did not attend the annual general meeting of the Company held on 25 May 2022 due to other business commitments.

本公司致力維持及確保高標準的企業管治常 規。本公司之企業管治原則強調問責性及透 明度,符合本公司及股東之最佳利益而獲採 納。董事會不時審閲其企業管治常規,以配 合股東不斷提升之期望,同時履行其達致卓 越企業管治之承諾。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,董 事會已檢討其企業管治之政策及常規,以及 遵守法律及監管規定之政策及常規。

企業管治守則

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本 集團已遵守上市規則附錄十四所載之《企業 管治守則》(「企管守則」)中所有守則條文, 惟偏離以下條文:

- 守則條文第C.2.1條:董事會於截至 本報告日期尚未委任一名人士擔任行 政總裁之職務及行政總裁之職責由全 體執行董事(包括本公司主席)共同履 行。董事會認為此安排有利於全體執 行董事利用不同專長作出貢獻,並有 利於保持本公司一貫政策及策略。
 - 守則條文第F.2.2條:董事會主席因其 他業務會議而未能出席本公司於二零 二二年五月二十五日舉行之股東週年 大會。

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

During the year ended 31 December 2022 and up to the date of this report, the Board comprises the following Directors:

Executive Directors

Mr. CHING Chi Fai *(Chairman)* Mr. CHING Chi Keung Mr. LIU Zigang Mr. CHING Tsun Wah Mr. KEUNG Kwok Hung

Non-Executive Director

Ms. CHAN Yim Ching

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. HUNG Kam Hung Allan Mr. NG Bo Kwong Mr. SUN Eric Yung Tson Mr. KWONG Tony Wan Kit

Each Executive Director has entered into a service contract with the Company for a term of three years while each Non-Executive Director and Independent Non-Executive Director has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for a term of one year. All the aforesaid service contracts or letters of appointment may be terminated by either party giving written notice in accordance with the terms of service contracts or letters of appointment. All the Directors are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meetings of the Company in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company.

Mr. CHING Chi Fai (the Chairman of the Company and an Executive Director) and Mr. CHING Chi Keung (Executive Director) are brothers. Mr. CHING Tsun Wah (Executive Director) is the son of Mr. CHING Chi Fai and a nephew of Mr. CHING Chi Keung.

Nomination policy

Selection criteria

The Nomination Committee would assess the suitability of a proposed candidate based on a number of factors, including but not limited to:

- character and integrity;
- professional qualifications, skills, knowledge and experience that are relevant to the Group's business and corporate strategy;

董事會

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度及截 至本報告日期,董事會包括下列董事:

執行董事

程志輝先生(主席) 程志強先生 劉子剛先生 程俊華先生 姜國雄先生

非執行董事

陳艷清女士

獨立非執行董事 孔錦洪先生 吳保光先生 孫榮聰先生 鄺允傑先生

各執行董事均已與本公司簽訂為期三年之服 務合約,而各非執行董事及獨立非執行董事 已與本公司簽訂為期一年之委任函。所有上 述服務合約或委任函之任何一方均可根據服 務合約或委任函之條款以書面通知提出終 止。全體董事均須按本公司組織章程細則於 本公司股東週年大會上輪值退任,並重選連 任。

程志輝先生(本公司主席兼執行董事)及程 志強先生(執行董事)乃兄弟之關係。程俊華 先生(執行董事)為程志輝先生之兒子及程 志強先生之侄子。

提名政策

甄選準則

提名委員會在評估建議候選人是否合適時, 將參考多項因素,包括但不限於:

- 品格與誠實;
- 專業資格、技巧、知識及與本集團業
 務及策略相關的經驗;

- potential time commitment to discharge duties as a Director and/or committee member and other directorships and significant commitments;
- Board diversity policy and any measurable objectives adopted for achieving the Board's diversity;
- relevant requirements as stipulated under the Listing Rules, the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, other applicable laws and regulations in Hong Kong and the Cayman Islands and the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company; and
- independence requirements for the Independent Non-Executive Directors.

Nomination procedures

Appointment of Director(s)

- The Nomination Committee shall upon receipt of the biographical details of the proposed candidate(s), evaluate the candidate(s) based on the selection criteria of the nomination policy to determine his/her qualification as a Director and make recommendation for the Board's consideration. The selected individual(s) will be subject to re-election by Shareholders at the first annual general meeting of the Company after his/her initial appointment as Director(s) in accordance with the Company's Articles of Association.
- For any person as nominated by a Shareholder for election as a Director at a general meeting of the Company, the qualification of the candidate(s) shall be evaluated first by the Nomination Committee and then by the Board based on the selection criteria of the nomination policy. The Board shall make recommendation to the Shareholders in respect of such proposed election as Director(s) at the general meeting of the Company.

Re-election of Director(s)

• The Nomination Committee shall review and determine whether the retiring Director(s) continue to meet the selection criteria of the nomination policy and make recommendation for the Board's consideration. The Board shall then make recommendation to the Shareholders in respect of the proposed re-election of Director(s) at the annual general meeting.

- 履行董事及/或委員會成員職責之潛 在投入時間及其他董事職位和重大承 擔職責;
- 所採納之董事會成員多元化政策及任 何以達致董事會成員多元化的可計量 目標;
- 上市規則、香港《公司條例》、香港和 開曼群島之其他適用法律及規例,以 及本公司之組織章程大綱和細則之相 關規定;及
- 獨立非執行董事之獨立性規定。

提名程序

委任董事

- 提名委員會在收到建議候選人的履歷 詳情後,將根據提名政策所載之甄選 準則評估候選人,以決定其是否合資 格擔任董事,並推薦予董事會作出考 慮。獲選人士將須根據本公司之組織 章程細則,於其始獲委任後之首次本 公司股東週年大會上獲股東重選。
- 任何經由股東提名於本公司股東大會 上選舉為董事之人士,將首先經提名 委員會及再經董事會根據提名政策所 載之甄選準則評估其資格。董事會將 就於本公司股東大會上擬選舉董事之 事宜向股東作出建議。

重選董事

 提名委員會將檢討及決定退任董事是 否仍符合提名政策所載之甄選準則, 並推薦予董事會作出考慮。董事會將 就於股東週年大會上擬重選董事之事 宜向股東作出建議。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED) 企業管治報告(續)

Board diversity

Summary of the Board diversity policy and measurable objectives

The Board diversity policy of the Company setting out the approach to diversity on the Board. The Company continuously seeks to enhance its effectiveness and to maintain the highest standards of corporate governance and recognise diversity at Board level as an essential element in maintaining a competitive advantage, Board diversity has been considered from a number of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. The Nomination Committee and the Board will also take into account factors based on the Group's business model and specific needs from time to time. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board.

Diversified perspective

The following table illustrates the Board's composition as at 31 December 2022:

董事會成員多元化

董事會成員多元化政策概要及可計量 目標

本公司之董事會成員多元化政策載列為達致 董事會成員多元化之方針。本公司一直務求 提升其效率及維持最高水平之公司管治,以 及認重要元素,從多方面考慮董事會成員多 元化,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化嚴 育者景、種族、專業經驗、技能、知識本 務任式及不時之特定需要去考慮各種 因素。最終將按所選候選人之長處及可為董 事會帶來之貢獻而作決定。

多元化觀點

下表列示於二零二二年十二月三十一日之董 事會成員組成:



ED: Executive Director NED: Non-Executive Director INED: Independent Non-Executive Director

Our ten Directors with different educational background possess

diversified expertise and skills, including industrial, business management, sales and marketing, accounting and finance, import and export, hotel development consultancy, strategies development and management consultancy. The valuable experience and expertise they have brought to our business are critical for the long-term growth of the Group.

The Board and the Nomination Committee considered that the diversity of the Board is sufficient and that the Board diversity policy for the year ended 31 December 2022 is effective.

執*董:執行董事* 非執董:非執行董事 獨董:獨立非執行董事

我們的十位董事具備不同的教育背景,並擁 有多元化的專業知識及技能,包括工業、業 務管理、銷售及市場推廣、會計及財務、進 出口、酒店發展諮詢、策略發展及管理諮詢 等領域。彼等為我們的業務提供寶貴經驗及 專業知識,對本集團的長遠發展至關重要。

董事會及提名委員會認為,董事會的成員 多元化屬充分,而截至二零二二年十二月 三十一日止年度的董事會成員多元化政策亦 為有效。

Gender diversity

Our Board currently has one female Director out of ten Directors. The Board targets to maintain at least the current level of female representation and is committed to take opportunities to increase the proportion of female Board members over time as and when suitable candidates are identified. Independent professional search firm(s) may be engaged as one of the channels to help in identifying potential successors to the Board for achieving gender diversity, as and when appropriate.

As at 31 December 2022, we maintained 17:83 and 70:30 ratio of women to men in our senior management and workforce (including senior management) respectively. The Group targets to maintain at least the current level of female representation in our senior management and the current level of diversity in our workforce (including senior management) and will timely review the gender diversity in all levels in accordance with the business development of the Group.

Board independence

The Company has appointed sufficient number of Independent Non-Executive Directors in accordance to the requirements of the Listing Rules and one of them has appropriate accounting professional qualifications. The Company has received from each Independent Non-Executive Director an annual written confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Directors are of the view that all Independent Non-Executive Directors meet the independence requirements as set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

Mechanisms for ensuring independent views and input

The Company has in place mechanisms whereby Directors can express their independent views in different manners through formal and informal means, including regular Board meetings, the annual meeting between the Chairman and Independent Non-Executive Directors, interactions with other Board members (including the Chairman) outside the boardroom. The Board considered that such mechanism for the year ended 31 December 2022 is effective.

Board responsibilities and delegation

The Board collectively determines the overall strategies of the Company and monitors performance and risks in pursuit of the strategic objectives of the Company. Day-to-day management of the Company is delegated to the Executive Directors or the senior management in charge of each division. All Directors (including Non-Executive Director and Independent Non-Executive Directors) have been consulted on all major and material matters of the Group.

成員性別多元化

現時,董事會十位董事中有一位為女性。董 事會的目標為至少維持現有女性代表的水 平,並致力不時物色合適人選,把握提升女 性董事會成員比例的機會。於適當時候,委 聘獨立專業獵頭公司或許為協助發掘潛在董 事會繼任者的渠道之一,從而實現成員性別 多元化。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,我們的高級 管理人員及員工團隊(包括高級管理人員) 的男女比例分別為17:83及70:30。本集團的 目標為在高級管理人員至少維持現有女性代 表的水平,以及在員工團隊(包括高級管理 人員)至少維持現有多元化水平,並會就本 集團的業務發展情況,及時檢討各職級的成 員性別多元化。

董事會獨立性

本公司已根據上市規則的規定委任足夠數目 的獨立非執行董事及其中一位獨立非執行董 事具備適當的會計專業資格。本公司已收到 每位獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條 提交其年度獨立性書面確認函。董事認為全 部獨立非執行董事均符合上市規則第3.13條 所載的獨立性規定。

確保獨立觀點及意見的機制

本公司訂有若干機制,董事可透過正式及非 正式途徑表達其獨立觀點,包括定期舉行之 董事會會議、主席與獨立非執行董事之年度 會議、與其他董事會成員(包括主席)在會議 室外之互動。董事會認為,有關機制於截至 二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度屬有效。

董事會職責及授權

董事會共同釐定本公司之整體策略及監察本 公司達致戰略目標之業績及風險。本公司日 常管理下放予執行董事或領導各部門之高級 管理人員。本集團已就其所有主要及重大事 項徵詢全體董事(包括非執行董事及獨立非 執行董事)。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED) 企業管治報告(續)

The Board has delegated some of its function to the Board committees, details of which are set out in the section headed "Board Committees" below. Matters specifically reserved for the Board, including convening Shareholders' meetings, implementing the Shareholders' resolutions, determining the Group's business plans and strategies, formulating the Group's annual budgets and final accounts, formulating proposals for dividend and bonus distributions and for increase or reduction of share capital, determining the Group's corporate structure, formulating investment plans as well as exercising other powers, functions and duties as conferred by the Articles of Association of the Company.

Meetings' attendance

The attendance of the Directors at Board meetings, committee meetings and annual general meeting of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2022 were as follows: 董事會已將其部分職能下放予董事委員會, 其詳情載於下文「董事委員會」一節。特定 保留給董事會之職務,包括召開股東會議、 執行股東決議案、釐定本集團的業務計劃及 策略、編製本集團的年度預算及全年賬目、 制定派息、分紅和增加或削減股本的方案、 釐定本集團的企業架構、制定投資計劃,以 及行使本公司組織章程細則所賦予之其他權 力、職能及職責。

會議出席率

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,董 事於本公司董事會會議、委員會會議及股東 週年大會的出席率如下:

Number of meetings attended/held 出席/舉行會議次數

		出席/舉行會議次數						
		Board Meeting 董事會 會議	Audit Committee Meeting 審核委員會 會議	Nomination Committee Meeting 提名委員會 會議	Remuneration Committee Meeting 薪酬委員會 會議	Executive Committee Meeting 執行委員會 會議	Investment Committee Meeting 投資委員會 會議	Annual General Meeting 股東 週年大會
Executive Directors	執行董事							
Mr. CHING Chi Fai	程志輝先生	4/4	-	1/1	2/2	4/4	1/1	0/1
Mr. CHING Chi Keung	程志強先生	4/4	-	-	-	4/4	-	0/1
Mr. LIU Zigang	劉子剛先生	4/4	-	-	-	4/4	-	0/1
Mr. CHING Tsun Wah	程俊華先生	4/4	-	-	-	4/4	-	1/1
Mr. KEUNG Kwok Hung	姜國雄先生	4/4	-	-	-	4/4	1/1	1/1
Non-Executive Director	非執行董事							
Ms. CHAN Yim Ching	陳艷清女士	4/4	-	-	-	-	-	1/1
Independent Non-Executive Directors	獨立非執行董事							
Mr. HUNG Kam Hung Allan	孔錦洪先生	4/4	3/3	-	2/2	-	-	0/1
Mr. NG Bo Kwong	吳保光先生	4/4	3/3	-	2/2	-	-	0/1
Mr. SUN Eric Yung Tson	孫榮聰先生	4/4	3/3	1/1	1/2	-	-	1/1
Mr. KWONG Tony Wan Kit	鄺允傑先生	4/4	3/3	1/1	2/2	-	1/1	1/1
Total number of meetings held	已舉行會議總數	4	3	1	2	4	1	1

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee, the Remuneration Committee, the Executive Committee and the Investment Committee.

董事委員會

董事會已成立審核委員會、提名委員會、薪 酬委員會、執行委員會及投資委員會。

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee comprises all the Independent Non-Executive Directors. Mr. KWONG Tony Wan Kit is the Chairman of the Audit Committee, who have appropriate accounting professional qualifications and relevant expertise. Messrs. HUNG Kam Hung Allan, NG Bo Kwong and SUN Eric Yung Tson are members of the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee is responsible for assisting the Board in fulfilling its audit duties through the review and supervision of the Group's financial reporting system, risk management system and internal control procedures, details of responsibilities are set out in the terms of reference of the Audit Committee, which are published on the HKEXnews website of the Stock Exchange and the website of the Company.

The work performed by the Audit Committee during the year ended 31 December 2022 are summarised below:

- reviewed the interim and annual results, the relevant statements and reports of the Group, the significant financial reporting judgements, in order to monitor the integrity and whether in accordance with the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and the applicable accounting standard;
- reviewed the external auditor's audit plan and terms of engagement;
- reviewed management letter and any materials queries raised by the external auditor to the management in relation to the accounting records, financial accounts or systems of control and management's responses;
- reviewed the key audit matters and discussed with external auditor and the management;
- reviewed the independency and objectivity of the external auditor, the effectiveness of audit process and the non-audit service fee payable to the external auditor;
- recommended to the Board the re-appointment of the external auditor and the audit fee payable to the external auditor for Shareholders' approval at the annual general meeting;

審核委員會

審核委員會由全體獨立非執行董事組成。 鄺允傑先生為審核委員會主席,彼具備適當 的會計專業資格及相關專長。孔錦洪先生、 吳保光先生及孫榮聰先生為審核委員會成員。

審核委員會之職責為透過審閱及監管本集團 之財務匯報系統、風險管理系統及內部監控 程序協助董事會履行其審計職責,權責詳情 載於審核委員會之職權範圍(刊載於聯交所 披露易網站及本公司網站)。

審核委員會於截至二零二二年十二月三十一 日止年度履行之工作概述如下:

- 審閱本集團的中期及全年業績、有關 報表及報告以及重大財務報告判斷, 藉以監察完整性及有否根據本集團採 納的會計原則及慣例及適用會計準則;
 - 檢討外聘核數師的審核計劃方案及委 聘條款;
 - 檢討外聘核數師給予管理層的審核情 況説明函件及就會計記錄、財務賬目 或監控系統提出之任何重大疑問以及 管理層作出的回應;
 - 檢討關鍵審計事項並與外聘核數師及 管理層進行討論;
 - 檢討外聘核數師之獨立性及客觀性、 核數程序之有效性及應付予外聘核數 師的非核數服務費用;
- 就外聘核數師之重新委任及應付予外 聘核數師的核數服務費用向董事會提 供推薦意見,以供股東於股東週年大 會上批准;

- reviewed the effectiveness of financial control, risk management and internal control systems involving financial, operational and compliance control and internal audit function of the Group;
- reviewed the internal audit report prepared by the internal auditor and the management's responses to the findings by the internal audit function;
- considered and reviewed the proposals of internal audit plan;
- reviewed the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, budget of the Group's financial reporting and internal audit functions; and
- reviewed the whistleblowing policy of the Company and recommended for the Board's approval.

Auditor's remuneration

For the year ended 31 December 2022, the fees payable by the Company to the external auditor of the Company, PricewaterhouseCoopers for audit services was HK\$2,700,000 and no non-audit services was provided.

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee comprises one Executive Director, Mr. CHING Chi Fai as the Chairman and two Independent Non-Executive Directors as members, namely Messrs. SUN Eric Yung Tson and KWONG Tony Wan Kit.

The Nomination Committee is responsible for the identification and recommendation to the Board of possible appointees as Directors, making recommendations to the Board on matters relating to appointment or re-appointment of Directors, succession planning of Directors and assessing the independence of the Independent Non-Executive Directors, details of responsibilities are set out in the terms of reference of the Nomination Committee, which are published on the HKEXnews website of the Stock Exchange and the website of the Company.

- 檢討本集團之財務監控、風險管理及
 內部監控系統,包括財務、營運及合
 規監控,以及內部審核職能之有效性;
 - 審閱內部核數師編製的內部審核報告 以及管理層對於內部審核職能調查結 果所作出的回應;
 - 考慮及檢討內部審核計劃方案;
- 檢討本集團在財務報告及內部審核職 能方面的資源、員工資歷及經驗,以 及有關預算是否充足;及
- 審閱本公司之舉報政策及推薦董事會 批准。

核數師酬金

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本 公司應付外聘核數師羅兵咸永道會計師事務 所之核數服務費用為2,700,000港元及並無 提供非核數服務。

提名委員會

提名委員會由一位執行董事(程志輝先生為 主席)及兩位獨立非執行董事(孫榮聰先生 及鄺允傑先生均為成員)組成。

提名委員會之職責乃為董事會物色及推薦董 事人選,並就委任或重新委任董事、董事繼 任計劃,以及評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性 向董事會提出建議,權責詳情載於提名委員 會之職權範圍(刊載於聯交所披露易網站及 本公司網站)。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED) 企業管治報告(續)

The work performed by the Nomination Committee during the year ended 31 December 2022 are summarised below:

- reviewed the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge, experience and diversity) of the Board;
- reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the Board diversity policy of the Company;
- recommended to the Board regarding the re-election of directors for Shareholders' approval at the annual general meeting;
- assessed the independence of the Independent Non-Executive Directors; and
- reviewed the amendments to the nomination policy of the Company and recommended for the Board's approval.

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee comprises one Executive Director, Mr. CHING Chi Fai as member and all the Independent Non-Executive Directors, namely Mr. HUNG Kam Hung Allan as the Chairman and Messrs. NG Bo Kwong, SUN Eric Yung Tson and KWONG Tony Wan Kit as members.

The Remuneration Committee is responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the Group's remuneration policy and structure, the remuneration packages of the Executive Directors and senior management, and the remuneration of Non-Executive Director and Independent Non-Executive Directors, details of responsibilities are set out in the terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee, which are published on the HKEXnews website of the Stock Exchange and the website of the Company.

The work performed by the Remuneration Committee during the year ended 31 December 2022 are summarised below:

- considered and reviewed the service contract of each Executive Director and the remuneration packages, including discretionary bonus, performance, time commitment and responsibilities of each Executive Director and the senior management, with reference to the prevailing market conditions, and recommended for the Board's approval;
- considered and reviewed the Group's remuneration policy; and
- reviewed the respective letter of appointment and director's fee of each Non-Executive Director and Independent Non-Executive Director and recommended for the Board's approval.

提名委員會於截至二零二二年十二月三十-日止年度履行之工作概述如下:

- 檢討董事會之架構、人數及組成(包 括董事技能、知識、經驗及多元化);
- 檢討本公司董事會成員多元化政策之 實施及有效性:
- 就於股東週年大會上提呈股東批准董 事重選向董事會作出推薦建議;
- 評核獨立非執行董事之獨立性;及
- 審閱本公司之提名政策修訂及推薦董 事會批准。

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會由一位執行董事(程志輝先生為 成員)及全體獨立非執行董事(孔錦洪先生 為主席;吳保光先生、孫榮聰先生及鄺允傑 先生均為成員)組成。

薪酬委員會之職責為就本集團之薪酬政策 及架構、執行董事及高級管理人員之薪酬待 遇、非執行董事及獨立非執行董事之酬金向 董事會提出建議,權責詳情載於薪酬委員會 之職權範圍(刊載於聯交所披露易網站及本 公司網站)。

薪酬委員會於截至二零二二年十二月三十一 日止年度履行之工作概述如下:

- 按當時市場狀況考慮及檢討各執行董 事之服務合約及各執行董事及高級管 理人員之薪酬待遇(包括酌情花紅)、 表現、付出之時間及職責,並推薦董 事會批准;
- 考慮及檢討本集團之薪酬政策;及
- 審閱及向董事會建議批准各非執行董 事及獨立非執行董事之委任函及袍金。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED) 企業管治報告(續)

The emoluments of the five Executive Directors who are also regarded as the senior management of the Company are disclosed in Note 37 to the consolidated financial statements.

The emolument of the senior management other than the five Executive Directors by band for the year ended 31 December 2022 is as follows:

五位執行董事(亦為本公司的高級管理人員) 的薪酬於綜合財務報表附註37中披露。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度按範 圍組別劃分的高級管理人員(不包括五位執 行董事)薪酬載列如下:

Number of Individual(s) 人數

Nil to HK\$1,000,000	零至1,000,000港元	_
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	1
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元	-

Executive Committee

The Executive Committee comprises all the Executive Directors. Mr. CHING Chi Fai is the Chairman and Messrs. CHING Chi Keung, LIU Zigang, CHING Tsun Wah and KEUNG Kwok Hung are members.

The Executive Committee has been delegated with the general powers to deal with the daily operations and management of the Company, including but not limited to, setting up new companies, opening bank accounts, arranging banking facilities, affixing the Common Seal, issuing of Shares upon exercise of any subscription or conversion rights under any share schemes of the Company, warrants or convertible notes.

Investment Committee

The Investment Committee comprises two Executive Directors, namely Mr. CHING Chi Fai as the Chairman and Mr. KEUNG Kwok Hung as member, and one Independent Non-Executive Director, namely, Mr. KWONG Tony Wan Kit as member.

The Investment Committee has been delegated by the Board to assess, consider and approve/recommend any potential investments and/or divestments of the Group, which are less than US\$20 million, or 5% of the total market capitalisation of the Company, in aggregate in each financial year, whichever is lower, and approve each investment/divestment reaching/exceeding HK\$3 million but not exceeding 10% of the aforesaid aggregate amount.

執行委員會

執行委員會由全體執行董事(程志輝先生為 主席;程志強先生、劉子剛先生、程俊華先 生及姜國雄先生均為成員)組成。

執行委員會已獲授一般權力以處理本公司日 常營運及管理工作,包括但不限於成立新公 司、開立銀行賬戶、安排銀行融資、加蓋公 司印鑑、於任何本公司股份計劃、認購權證 或可換股票據項下的任何認購權或兑換權獲 行使時發行股份。

投資委員會

投資委員會由兩位執行董事(程志輝先生為 主席及姜國雄先生為成員)及一位獨立非執 行董事(鄺允傑先生為成員)組成。

董事會授權投資委員會評估、考慮及批准/ 推薦任何本集團於每個財政年度涉及合共少 於20百萬美元或佔本公司總市值5%(以較低 者為準)之潛在投資及/或撤資項目,並批 准每項達/超逾3百萬港元但不超逾上述累 計金額10%之投資/撤資項目。

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS

The Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance functions as set out in the CG Code. During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Board reviewed the Company's corporate governance policies and practices, continuous professional development of the Directors and the senior management, the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, the compliance of the Listing Rules and its updates, the compliance of the Model Code by the Directors and employees and the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in this Corporate Governance Report.

Directors' continuous professional development

Pursuant to the CG Code, all Directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. All the Directors understand the importance of continuous professional development and are committed to participating any suitable training or reading relevant materials in order to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. The Company has received from each Director his/her training record of participation in continuous professional development for the year ended 31 December 2022:

企業管治職能

董事會負責履行企管守則所載之企業管治職 能。於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年 度,董事會檢討本公司之企業管治政策及常 規、董事及高級管理人員之持續專業發展、 本公司在遵守法律及監管規定方面之政策及 常規、遵守上市規則及其更新之情況、董事 及僱員遵守標準守則之情況,以及本公司遵 守企管守則之情況及於本企業管治報告內之 披露。

董事之持續專業發展

根據企管守則,全體董事應參與持續專業發 展以發展並更新彼等之知識及技能,為確保 彼等繼續在具備全面資訊及切合所需之情況 下對董事會作出貢獻。全體董事知悉持續專 業發展之重要性,並承諾參與任何適合的培 訓或閱讀相關資料,以發展並更新彼等之知 識及技能。本公司已接獲每位董事有關彼等 於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度參 與持續專業發展之培訓記錄:

> Type of trainings 培訓類型

Executive Directors	執行董事		
Mr. CHING Chi Fai	程志輝先生		А, В
Mr. CHING Chi Keung	程志強先生		А, В
Mr. LIU Zigang	劉子剛先生		А, В
Mr. CHING Tsun Wah	程俊華先生		А, В
Mr. KEUNG Kwok Hung	姜國雄先生		А, В
Non-Executive Director	非執行董事		
Ms. CHAN Yim Ching	陳艷清女士		А, В
Independent Non-Executive Directors	獨立非執行董事		
Independent Non-Executive Directors Mr. HUNG Kam Hung Allan	獨立非執行董事 孔錦洪先生		А, В
-			А, В А, В
Mr. HUNG Kam Hung Allan	孔錦洪先生		
Mr. HUNG Kam Hung Allan Mr. NG Bo Kwong	孔錦洪先生 吳保光先生		А, В
Mr. HUNG Kam Hung Allan Mr. NG Bo Kwong Mr. SUN Eric Yung Tson	孔錦洪先生 吳保光先生 孫榮聰先生		А, В А, В
Mr. HUNG Kam Hung Allan Mr. NG Bo Kwong Mr. SUN Eric Yung Tson	孔錦洪先生 吳保光先生 孫榮聰先生	培訓類型:	А, В А, В
Mr. HUNG Kam Hung Allan Mr. NG Bo Kwong Mr. SUN Eric Yung Tson Mr. KWONG Tony Wan Kit	孔錦洪先生 吳保光先生 孫榮聰先生	培訓類型: A:參加網上研討會/研討會	А, В А, В
Mr. HUNG Kam Hung Allan Mr. NG Bo Kwong Mr. SUN Eric Yung Tson Mr. KWONG Tony Wan Kit Type of trainings:	孔錦洪先生 吳保光先生 孫榮聰先生		А, В А, В

MODEL CODE FOR DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company adopted the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions on 5 October 2007. Having made specific enquiries to all Directors, all Directors confirmed that they have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code for the year ended 31 December 2022.

DIRECTORS' AND AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for overseeing the preparation of the financial statements for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group, and of results and cash flow for the financial period. In preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022, the Directors have selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently; adopted appropriate Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and Hong Kong Accounting Standards; made prudent and reasonable judgements and estimates and have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis. The Directors also warrant that the Group's financial statements will be published in a timely manner.

The statement of the reporting responsibilities on the financial statements of the Group of the auditor of the Company is set out in the "Independent Auditor's Report" on pages 61 to 65 of this annual report.

INTERNAL CONTROL AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Board has overall responsibility for maintaining a sound and effective risk management and internal control systems of the Group and reviewing their effectiveness annually. The Group's risk management and internal control systems includes a well-defined management structure with limits of authority which is designed for the achievement of business objectives, safeguarding assets against unauthorised use or disposition, ensuring proper maintenance of books and records for the provision of reliable financial information for internal use or publication, and ensuring compliance with relevant legislations and regulations. In addition, the Group has established risk management procedures to identify and prioritise risks for the business to be addressed by management. At least on an annual basis, management identifies risks that would adversely affect the achievement of the Group's objectives, and assesses and prioritises the identified risks according to a set of standard criteria. Risk mitigation plans and risk owners are then established for those risks considered to be significant.

董事進行證券交易的標準守則

於二零零七年十月五日,本公司採納上市規 則附錄十所載標準守則作為董事進行證券交 易之操守準則。經向全體董事作出特定查詢 後,全體董事確認彼等已於截至二零二二年 十二月三十一日止年度遵守標準守則所載之 規定。

董事及核數師對財務報表的責任

董事確認須負責監督各財政期間編製財務報 表工作,以確保能真實及公正地反映本集團 的財務狀況、財政期內業績與現金流量。在 編製截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 的財務報表時,董事已選擇並貫徹應用合適 的會計政策;採納合適的香港財務報告準則 及香港會計準則;作出審慎而合理的判斷和 估計,以及按持續營運基準編製財務報表。 董事亦須保證本集團的財務報表將依時刊發。

本公司核數師就彼等對本集團財務報表的申 報責任聲明已載於本年報第61至65頁的「獨 立核數師報告」。

內部監控及風險管理

The risk management and internal control systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Group is committed to the identification, monitoring and management of risks associated with its business activities. The Audit Committee and the Board conduct a review of the effectiveness of risk management and internal control systems of the Group annually. The Board appointed a professional consulting firm with the responsibility to conduct the internal audit function and assess risks of the Company and perform the agreed-upon procedures in relation to the internal controls of the business of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022.

The review of the systems for the year ended 31 December 2022, included but not limited to, the Group's ability to cope with its business and changing external environment; the scope and quality of management's review on risk management and internal control systems; the results of internal audit work; the communication with the Board in relation to result of risks and internal control review; the significant failures or weaknesses identified and their related implications; and the status of compliance with the rules and regulations. The Audit Committee and the management will follow up the suggestions from the aforesaid professional consulting firm to further improve the risk management and internal control systems. The Board satisfies with the scope of the risk management and internal control systems are effective and adequate.

Procedures and internal controls for handling and dissemination of inside information

The Group complies with requirements of the SFO and the Listing Rules. The Group discloses inside information to the public as soon as reasonably practicable unless the information falls within any of the safe harbours as provided in the SFO. Before the information is fully disclosed to the public, the Group ensures the information is kept strictly confidential. If the Group believes that the necessary degree of confidentiality cannot be maintained or that confidentiality may have been breached, the Group will immediately disclose the information to the public. The Group is committed to ensuring that information contained in published documents are not false or misleading as to a material fact, or false or misleading through the omission of a material fact in view of presenting information in a clear and balanced way, which requires equal disclosure of both positive and negative facts. 設計風險管理及內部監控系統旨在管理而並 非消除未能達致業務目標的風險,且僅可就 重大失實陳述或損失提供合理但非絕對的保 證。

本集團致力辨識、監測及管理有關其商業活 動的風險。審核委員會及董事會每年檢討本 集團風險管理及內部監控系統之有效性。截 至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,董事 會已委聘專業顧問公司負責履行內部審核職 能及評估本公司的風險,並履行有關本集團 業務的內部監控的商定程序。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度的系 統檢討包括但不限於本集團適應其業務及不 斷轉變的外在環境的能力;管理層檢討風險 管理及內部監控系統的涵蓋範疇及素質;內 部監控系統的涵蓋和監控檢討 。 審核委員會及管理層將跟進前述專 開 公司的建議,以進一步改善其風險管理及 內部監控系統。董事會對本集團風險管理及 內部監控系統的涵蓋範疇感到滿意並認為系 統屬有效及足夠。

處理及發佈內幕消息的程序及內部 監控

本集團遵守證券及期貨條例及上市規則的 規定。本集團於合理切實可行情況下盡快向 公眾披露內幕消息,除非有關消息屬證券及 期貨條例下任何安全港範圍內。在向公眾全 面披露有關消息前,本集團確保消息嚴格保 密。倘本集團認為無法保持必要的保密度, 或能已違反保密措施,本集團將即時向公 眾披露消息。本集團致力確保發佈文件中所 戰資料就重大事實而言並不屬虛假或具誤 此 正面及負面事實需要相等披露而言)並不因 遺漏重大事實而屬虛假或具誤導性。

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

A Shareholders communication policy of the Company has been adopted to ensure that the Shareholders are provided with ready, equal and timely access to the balanced and understandable information about the Company.

Shareholders should direct their questions about their shareholdings in the Company to the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong.

Corporate communications (including interim and annual reports, ESG reports, announcements, circulars, notices of meetings, etc.) will be provided to Shareholders in plain language and in both English and Chinese versions to facilitate Shareholders' understanding.

Information on the Company's website is updated on a regular basis. Information released by the Company to the Stock Exchange is also published on the website of the Company. Such information includes financial reports, ESG reports, results announcements, circulars and notices of general meetings and other regulatory disclosures.

Shareholders are encouraged to participate in general meetings or to appoint proxies to attend and vote at meetings for and on their behalf if they are unable to attend the meetings. The Company will use general meetings as a tool to effectively communicate with Shareholders and allow Shareholders a reasonable opportunity to pose questions to the Board. Board members, chairmen of Board committees or their delegates and the external auditor will attend the annual general meetings to answer Shareholders' questions.

Having considered that the multiple communication channels in place and properly implemented during the year ended 31 December 2022, the Board is satisfied that the Shareholders communication policy is effective.

與股東的溝通

本公司已採納股東溝通政策,旨在確保股東 可適時取得全面、相同及容易理解的本公司 資料。

股東如對其名下本公司之持股有任何問題, 應向本公司於香港之股份過戶登記分處提出。

向股東發放的公司通訊文件(包括中期及年 度報告、環境、社會及管治報告、公告、通 函、會議通告等)以中、英雙語編寫,以利 便股東了解。

本公司的網頁資料將定期更新。本公司發送 予聯交所的資料亦會刊載於本公司的網站。 有關資料包括財務報告、環境、社會及管治 報告、業績公告、通函、股東大會通告及其 他監管披露資料。

股東宜參與股東大會,如未能出席,可委派 代表代其出席並於會上投票。本公司以股東 大會作為與股東有效溝通的一種途徑,並給 予股東一個合理的機會向董事會提出問題。 董事會成員、董事會轄下各委員會的主席或 其代表及外聘核數師均會出席股東週年大會 回答股東提問。

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度, 經考慮本公司訂有並妥善落實多項溝通渠 道,董事會認為股東溝通政策屬有效。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED) 企業管治報告(續)

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Convening an extraordinary general meeting by the Shareholders

The procedures of convening an extraordinary general meeting by the Shareholders are as follows:

Pursuant to article 81 of the Articles of Association of the Company, general meetings may be convened on the written requisition of any one or more members deposited at the principal office of the Company in Hong Kong or, in the event the Company ceases to have such a principal office, the registered office, specifying the objects of the meeting and signed by the requisitionists, provided that such requisitionists held as at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the voting rights, on a one vote per Share basis, of the Company which carries the right of voting at general meetings of the Company. General meetings may also be convened on the written requisition of any one member of the Company which is a recognised clearing house (or its nominee(s)) deposited at the principal office of the Company in Hong Kong or, in the event the Company ceases to have such a principal office, the registered office, specifying the objects of the meeting and the resolutions to be added to the meeting agenda, and signed by the requisitionist(s). If the Board does not within 21 days from the date of deposit of the requisition proceed duly to convene the meeting to be held within a further 21 days, the requisitionist(s) themselves or any of them representing more than one-half of the total voting rights of all of them, may convene the general meeting in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which meetings may be convened by the Board, provided that any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the date of deposit of the requisition, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to them by the Company.

Putting forward proposals at Shareholders' meetings

There are no provisions allowing Shareholders to move new resolution at general meetings under the Articles of Association of the Company. Shareholders who wish to move a resolution may request the Company to convene a general meeting by following the procedures set out in the preceding paragraph.

Making enquires to the Board

Shareholders may make enquires to the Board in writing to the principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong at Unit D3, 8/F, TML Tower, No. 3 Hoi Shing Road, Tsuen Wan, New Territories, Hong Kong.

股東權利

股東召開股東特別大會

股東召開股東特別大會之程序如下:

根據本公司的組織章程細則第81條,股東大 會可應任何一名或以上股東的書面要求而召 開,有關要求須送達本公司於香港的主要辦 事處(或倘本公司不再設置上述主要辦事處, 則為註冊辦事處),當中列明大會的主要商 議事項並由請求人簽署,惟該等請求人於送 達要求之日須持有本公司附帶於本公司股東 大會投票權不少於十分一的投票權(在一股 一票的基準下)。股東大會亦可應本公司任 何一名股東(為一間認可結算所(或其代理 人))的書面要求而召開,有關要求須送達本 公司於香港的主要辦事處(或倘本公司不再 設置上述主要辦事處,則為註冊辦事處), 當中列明大會的主要商議事項及將加入大會 議程的決議案,並須由請求人簽署。倘董事 會於送達要求之日起計21日內並無按既定程 序召開大會,則請求人自身或代表彼等所持 全部投票權50%以上的任何請求人可按盡量 接近董事會召開大會的相同方式召開股東大 會,惟按上述方式召開的任何大會不得於送 達要求之日起計三個月屆滿後召開,且本公 司須向請求人償付因應董事會未有召開大會 而致使彼等須召開大會所合理產生的所有開 专。

於股東大會上提呈建議

本公司之組織章程細則並無列明股東可在股 東大會上提呈任何新決議案。有意提呈決議 案之股東可按上文所載程序要求本公司召開 股東大會。

向董事會作出查詢

股東可向董事會作出書面查詢,該書面查詢 可送至本公司香港主要營業地點,地址為香 港新界荃灣海盛路3號TML廣場8樓D3室。

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

A special resolution has been passed at the annual general meeting held on 25 May 2022 to amend and adopt the amended and restated Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company to reflect the current revised requirements of the Listing Rules, including but not limited to the Core Shareholder Protection Standards in Appendix 3 to the Listing Rules, the Companies Act, Cap. 22 (Act 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands, and to adopt house-keeping improvements to the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

組織章程文件

本公司於二零二二年五月二十五日舉行之股 東週年大會上通過特別決議案,藉此修訂並 採納本公司之經修訂及重列組織章程大綱及 細則,以反映上市規則現行之經修訂規定(包 括但不限於上市規則附錄三核心的股東保障 水平、開曼群島法例第22章公司法(一九六一 年第3號法例,經綜合及修訂)),及就本公 司之組織章程大綱及細則採取內部管理改進。

代表董事會

CHING Chi Fai *Chairman* Hong Kong, 28 March 2023 *主席* **程志輝** 香港,二零二三年三月二十八日

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告



TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF MING FAI INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED (incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

What we have audited

The consolidated financial statements of Ming Fai International Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), which are set out on pages 66 to 156, comprise:

- the consolidated balance sheet as at 31 December 2022;
- the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the consolidated financial statements, which include significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Our opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2022, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

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致明輝國際控股有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

意見

我們已審計之內容

明輝國際控股有限公司(以下簡稱「貴公司」) 及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」)的綜合財 務報表列載於第66至156頁,其中包括:

- 於二零二二年十二月三十一日的綜合 資產負債表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合全面收益表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合權益變動表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合現金流量表;及
- 综合財務報表附註,包括主要會計政 策及其他解釋信息。

我們的意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會 計師公會頒佈的《香港財務報告準則》真實而 中肯地反映了 貴集團於二零二二年十二月 三十一日的綜合財務狀況及其截至該日止年 度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵 照香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥為擬備。

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港審計 準則》進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責 任已在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承 擔的責任」部份中作進一步闡述。

我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足和 適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

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Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matter identified in our audit is related to the assessment of the expected credit losses of trade and bills receivables.

Key Audit Matter	關鍵審計事項

Assessment of the expected credit losses of trade and bills receivables

Refer to Notes 3(a)(iv), 4 and 12 to the consolidated financial statements for the related disclosures.

As at 31 December 2022, the gross carrying amount of trade and bills receivables amounted to HK\$653.0 million, which accounted for 37.3% of the Group's total assets. Provision is made for lifetime expected credit losses on trade and bills receivables.

Management applied judgement in assessing the expected credit losses. Receivables relating to customers with known financial difficulties or significant doubt on collection of receivables are assessed individually for provision for impairment. Expected credit losses are also estimated by grouping the remaining receivables based on their credit risk characteristics and assessed collectively for credit losses allowance. When measuring the expected credit losses, the Group considered the credit losses incurred in the past, and adjusted by taking into consideration current conditions and forward looking factors.

We focused on this area because the assessment of the expected credit losses is subject to significant management judgement involved in the estimation of the credit loss allowance.

獨立性

根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《專業會計師道德 守則》(以下簡稱「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集 團,並已履行守則中的其他專業道德責任。

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為 對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。 這些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及 出具意見時進行處理的。我們不會對這些事 項提供單獨的意見。

我們在審計中識別的關鍵審計事項是與評估 應收貿易賬款及票據的預期信貸虧損有關。

評估應收貿易賬款及票據的預期信貸虧損

有關相關事項的披露,請參閱綜合財務報表 附註3(a)(iv)、4及12。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,應收貿易賬 款及票據的賬面總值為653.0百萬港元,佔 本集團總資產的37.3%。撥備乃就應收貿易 賬款及票據整個存續期之預期信貸虧損而 作出。

管理層評估預期信貸虧損時須運用判斷。會就已知出現財政困難或應收款項回收性存在重大疑問之客戶相關的應收款項作出減 值撥備的個別評估。集團亦按信貸風險特性 將餘下應收款項組合以估計預期信貸虧損, 並就信貸虧損撥備進行集體評估。計量預期 信貸虧損時,本集團考慮過往發生的信貸虧 損,並透過考慮當前狀況及前瞻性因素進行 調整。

我們集中於此範疇的原因是預期信貸虧損 評估取決於估計信貸虧損撥備時涉及的重 大管理層判斷。

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Key Audit Matter (Continued)

關鍵審計事項(續)

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

In auditing the recognition of credit losses allowance of trade and bills receivables, we have performed the following key procedures on the assessment prepared by management.

We obtained an understanding of the management's internal control and assessment process of estimating the expected credit losses allowances of trade and bills receivables, evaluated and validated the key controls. We understood and validated the credit control procedures performed by management, including its procedures on periodic review on the assessment on the expected credit losses allowance of receivables.

We assessed the inherent risk of material misstatement by considering the degree of estimation uncertainty and level of other inherent risk factors associated with the accounting estimates for credit loss allowance of trade and bills receivables.

We assessed the appropriateness of the grouping and the credit losses provisioning methodology adopted by management, discussed with management, for the details of their evaluations and challenged the underlying information referenced by management, which included comparing with external evidence obtained from independent research on public available information, as well as forward looking estimates, performing ageing analysis, examining the historical settlement records and testing of the subsequent settlements of the customers.

We checked the mathematical accuracy of the calculation of the provision for loss allowance.

Based on the above, we considered that management's judgements and assumptions applied in the assessment of expected credit losses of trade and bills receivables were supportable by the evidence obtained and procedures performed.

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

就確認應收貿易賬款及票據的信貸虧損撥 備進行審核時,我們已對管理層進行的評估 採取以下關鍵程序。

我們已了解管理層估計應收貿易賬款及票據 預期信貸虧損撥備的內部控制和評估程序, 以及評估和驗證相關關鍵控制措施。我們了 解和驗證管理層執行的信貸監控程序,包括 其有關應收款項預期信貸虧損撥備評估的 定期審閲程序。

我們透過考慮有關應收貿易賬款及票據信 貸虧損撥備之會計估計的估計不確定因素 及其他固有風險因素的程度,以評估重大失 實陳述的固有風險。

我們已評估管理層所採用分組及信貸虧損 撥備方法是否適宜;與管理層討論彼等的評 估詳情;就管理層引用的相關資料提出質疑, 其中包括比較從公開資料的獨立研究所得外 部憑證以及前瞻性估計;進行賬齡分析;檢 查過往結算記錄和測試客戶的後續結算情況。

我們已檢查計提虧損撥備的算術準確程度。

基於上文所述,我們認為,管理層於評估應 收貿易賬款及票據的預期信貸虧損時所採用 的判斷及假設有可得的憑證及已進行的程序 支持。

其他信息

貴公司董事須對其他信息負責。其他信息包 括年報內的所有信息,但不包括綜合財務報 表及我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信 息,我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何形式 的鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責 任是閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他 信息是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程 中所了解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在 重大錯誤陳述的情況。

基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其他 信息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事 實。在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THE AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
 - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.

董事及審核委員會就綜合財務報 表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈 的《香港財務報告準則》及香港《公司條例》的 披露規定擬備真實而中肯的綜合財務報表, 並對其認為為使綜合財務報表的擬備不存在 由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需 的內部控制負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴 集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露 與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營 為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤 或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

審核委員會須負責監督 貴集團的財務報告 過程。

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔 的責任

我們的目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述 取得合理保證,並出具包括我們意見的核數 師報告。我們僅向 閣下(作為整體)報告我 們的意見,除此之外本報告別無其他目的。 我們不會就本報告的內容向任何其他人士 我們不能保證按照《香港審計準則》進行的。 錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起,如果合 報表使用者依賴綜合財務報表所作出的經濟 決定,則有關的錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程中, 我們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。 我們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜 合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險, 設計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險, 以及獲取充足和適當的審計憑證,作為 我們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串 謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述,或凌 駕於內部控制之上,因此未能發現因欺 詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未 能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的 風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適 當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團 內部控制的有效性發表意見。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) 獨立核數師報告(續)

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Ho Chun Yu.

PricewaterhouseCoopers Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 28 March 2023

- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作 出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。
- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性 作出結論。根據所獲取的審計憑證,確 定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大不 確定性,從而可能導致對 貴集團的持 續經營能力產生重大疑慮。如果我們認 為存在重大不確定性,則有必要在核數 師報告中提請使用者注意綜合財務報表 中的相關披露。假若有關的披露不足, 則我們應當發表非無保留意見。我們的 結論是基於核數師報告日止所取得的審 計憑證。然而,未來事項或情況可能導 致 貴集團不能持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是否中肯反映交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務信息獲取充足、適當的審計憑證,以便對綜合財務報表發表意見。我們負責 貴集團審計的方向、監督和執行。我們為審計意見承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與審核委員會溝通了計 劃的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等, 包括我們在審計中識別出內部控制的任何重 大缺陷。

我們還向審核委員會提交聲明, 説明我們已 符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求, 並與 他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨 立性的所有關係和其他事項, 以及在適用的 情況下, 用以消除對獨立性產生威脅的行動 或採取的防範措施。

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們確定哪 些事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要, 因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告 中描述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開 披露這些事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如 果合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成的 負面後果超過產生的公眾利益,我們決定不 應在報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人是 何振宇。

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 執業會計師

香港,二零二三年三月二十八日

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET 综合資產負債表

As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日

			2022	2021
		Note	二零二二年 HK\$′000	二零二一年 HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
ASSETS	資產			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Goodwill	商譽	9(a)	5,398	5,390
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	6	405,964	445,126
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	7(a)	101,155	106,235
Investment property	投資物業	8	16,638	15,911
Intangible assets	無形資產	9(b)	483	369
Deferred income tax assets	遞延所得税資產	10	3,205	3,771
Other non-current assets	其他非流動資產	15	6,684	11,510
Investment in an associated company	於一間聯營公司的投資		5,463	5,221
Investments in joint ventures	於合營企業的投資		116	323
Other financial assets at amortised cost	按攤銷成本列賬之其他金融資產	14	25	132
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總額		545,131	593,988
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	11	260,176	266,284
Other current assets	其他流動資產	15	50,405	56,686
Tax recoverable	可收回税項	15	370	11,952
Other financial assets at amortised cost	按攤銷成本列賬之其他金融資產	14	14,101	15,750
Amounts due from joint ventures	應收合營企業款項	35	522	455
Amount due from an associated company		13	2,848	2,338
Trade and bills receivables	應收貿易賬款及票據	12	558,835	528,418
Pledged bank deposit	已抵押銀行存款	16	11,717	11,689
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目	17	305,356	251,164
	况亚汉况亚守固次日	17	303,330	231,104
Total current assets	流動資產總額		1,204,330	1,144,736
Total assets	資產總額		1,749,461	1,738,724
FOURTY	御 六			
EQUITY	權益			
Equity attributable to owners	本公司擁有人 應佔權益			
of the Company Share capital	應伯惟笽 股本	20	7 242	7 510
Reserves	版平 儲備	20	7,343 1,151,762	7,343 1,133,259
Final dividend proposed	^确 ભ 建議末期股息	22		1,155,259
) 王 戚 小 労 IX ぶ	32	22,028	
			1,181,133	1,140,602
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(49,652)	(46,156)
Total equity	總權益		1,131,481	1,094,446

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) 综合資產負債表(續) As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日

			2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
		Note 附註	HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
LIABILITIES	負債			
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Deferred income tax liabilities	遞延所得税負債	10	5,602	5,608
Other non-current payables	其他非流動應付款項	23	9,967	11,829
Borrowings	借貸	21	2,206	2,742
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	7(a)	3,834	2,395
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額		21,609	22,574
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade payables	<i>派到員員</i> 應付貿易賬款	22	160 210	178,432
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項	22	168,318 277 <i>.</i> 273	276,050
Current income tax liabilities	應計复用及其他應內款項 即期所得税負債	25	19,390	7,580
	山 朔 川 侍 伉 貞 眞 借貸	21		138,606
Borrowings Lease liabilities	相賃負債	21 7(a)	108,547 5,166	3,483
Loans from non-controlling interests	^{祖員員頂} 來自非控股權益之貸款	7(a) 24	17.486	17,369
Dividends payable	來自升程放催益之負款 應付股息	24	17,480	184
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		596,371	621,704
Total liabilities	負債總額		617,980	644,278
Total equity and liabilities	總權益及負債		1,749,461	1,738,724

The consolidated financial statements on page 66 to 156 were approved by the Board of Directors on 28 March 2023 and were signed on its behalf. 第66至156頁的綜合財務報表於二零二三年三 月二十八日經董事會批准並由以下董事代表 簽署。

CHING Chi Fai	CHING Tsun Wah
程志輝	程俊華
Director	Director
董事	董事

The above consolidated balance sheet should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上述綜合資產負債表應與隨附之附註一併 閱覽。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 综合全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

			2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
		Note 附註	— ▼ ——+ HK\$′000 千港元	 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue Cost of sales	收入 銷售成本	5 25	1,793,025 (1,368,212)	1,435,826 (1,166,181)
Gross profit	毛利		424,813	269,645
Other income	其他收入	26	12,758	8,266
Distribution costs Administrative expenses	分銷成本 行政開支	25 25	(216,575) (113,816)	(210,934 (106,656
Net impairment losses on financial assets	金融資產減值虧損淨額	25	(15,347)	(47,983
Impairment of goodwill	商譽減值	9(a)	-	(4,759)
Operating profit/(loss)	經營溢利/(虧損)		91,833	(92,421)
Finance income	財務收入	28	593	962
Finance costs	財務成本 應(上、毘聯營公司送利 / (転号)	28	(4,718)	(2,425)
Share of profit/(loss) of an associated company Share of loss of a joint venture	應佔一間聯營公司溢利/(虧損) 應佔一間合營企業虧損		511 (207)	(457) (64)
Fair value gain on an investment property	一項投資物業之公平值收益	8	1,974	
Profit/(loss) before income tax	未計所得税前溢利/(虧損)		89,986	(94,405)
Income tax expenses	所得税開支	30	(20,144)	(3,520)
Profit/(loss) for the year	年度溢利/(虧損)		69,842	(97,925)
Other comprehensive (loss)/income Item that may be subsequently	其他全面(虧損)/收益 <i>其後可能重新分類至</i>			
reclassified to profit or loss	其後可能呈初分類主 損益之項目			
Currency translation differences	貨幣換算差額		(23,424)	10,970
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	年度全面收益/			
for the year	(虧損)總額		46,418	(86,955)
Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to:	應佔年度溢利/(虧損):			
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人		75,511	(93,535)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(5,669)	(4,390)
			69,842	(97,925)
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	應佔年度全面收益/(虧損)			
for the year attributable to:	總額: 本公司擁有人		40.044	/07.04F
Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司擁有人 非控股權益		49,914 (3,496)	(82,845 (4,110
			46,418	(86,955
Earnings/(loss) per share attributable to	本公司擁有人 應佔每股盈利/(虧損)			
owners of the Company				
	(以港仙列示) 基本	31(a)	10.4	(12.8

The above consolidated statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上述綜合全面收益表應與隨附之附註一併閱 覽。

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綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

capital 設計の使用 計量(T層1) Scheme*7 (計量) premium (TB2) reserves (Sub-total) Sub-total (TB2) interests (Sub-total (TB2)) equity (Strest (TB2)) Balance at 1 January 2021 加二零二一年一月一日之銘餘 7,343 (6,051) 613,261 619,827 1,224,380 (42,046) 1,192,332 Balance at 1 January 2021 加二零二一年一月一日之銘餘 7,343 (6,051) 613,261 619,827 1,224,380 (42,046) 1,192,332 Comprehensive loss (Star for lever (Star for lever (Tapat) as owness (Star for lever (Star for					e to owners of 本公司擁有人應				
設本 特有之服命 HKS'000 干港元 投合器質 HKS'000 干港元 投合器質 HKS'000 干港元 共会報音 HKS'000 干港元 HKS'000 TKS'00 TR 元 Balance at 1 January 2021				held for the share award scheme (the "Scheme") 就股份獎勵			Sub-total	controlling	Total equity
Comprehensive loss (bos for the year Other comprehensive income (Larency translation differences 全面虧損 年夜園和 (単換算差額 - - - (93,535) (93,535) (4,390) (97,922) Other comprehensive income (Larency translation differences 全面虧損總額 - - - 10,690 10,690 280 10,977 Total comprehensive loss 全面虧損總額 - - - (82,845) (82,845) (4,110) (86,955) Transactions with owners in to 2020 現養有人進行之交易 (以募有人身份) - - - (10,933) - (10,933) Balance at 31 December 2021 炉二零二年年月二日之結餘 7,343 (6,051) 613,261 526,049 1,140,602 (46,156) 1,094,444 Balance at 1 January 2022 炉二零二二年一月一日之結餘 7,343 (6,051) 613,261 526,049 1,140,602 (46,156) 1,094,444 Comprehensive income/(loss) 全面收益」(衡損) - - - 7,5511 (5,669) 69,844 Comprehensive income/(loss) 全面收益/(虧損) - - - 75,511 (5,669) 6			HK\$'000	持有之股份 HK \$′000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	總權益 HK\$′000 千港元
Loss for the year 本年度度損 - - - (93,535) (93,535) (4,390) (97,923) Other comprehensive income 算常要算差類 - - - 10,690 10,690 280 10,97 Total comprehensive loss 全面虧損總額 - - - 06,2845 (82,845) (4,110) (86,955) Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners to 2020 実業有人進行之交易 (以損有人身份) - - - (10,933) - (10,933) - (10,933) Balance at 1 January 2022 於二零二年一月一日之結餘 7,343 (6,051) 613,261 526,049 1,140,602 (46,156) 1,094,444 Balance at 1 January 2022 於二零二年一月一日之結餘 7,343 (6,051) 613,261 526,049 1,140,602 (46,156) 1,094,444 Comprehensive income/(loss) 全面酸量/(香潤) - - - 75,511 75,511 (5,669) 69,944 Comprehensive income/(loss) 在電電量/(香潤)/ - - - 75,511 75,511 (5,669)	Balance at 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日之結餘	7,343	(6,051)	613,261	619,827	1,234,380	(42,046)	1,192,334
Total comprehensive loss 全面影撮線額 - - - (82,845) (82,845) (4,110) (86,955) Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners to 2020 現職有人進行之交易 (以魔有人身份) - - - (10,933) - (10,933) Balance at 31 December 2021 放一零二三年一月一日之結餘 7,343 (6,051) 613,261 526,049 1,140,602 (46,156) 1,094,444 Balance at 1 January 2022 放二零二年一月一日之結餘 7,343 (6,051) 613,261 526,049 1,140,602 (46,156) 1,094,444 Comprehensive income/(loss) 全面吸益/(虧損) - - - 75,511 75,511 (5,669) 69,842 Comprehensive income/(loss) 全面吸益/(虧損) - - - 75,511 75,511 (5,669) 69,842 Comprehensive income/(loss) 全面吸益/(虧損) - - - (25,597) 2,173 (23,424 Total comprehensive income/(loss) 全面吸益/(虧損) - - - 49,914 (3,496) 46,411 Transactions with owners in incom	Loss for the year Other comprehensive income	本年度虧損 其他全面收益	-	-	-				(97,925)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners to 2020 與擁有人進行之交易 (以養有人身份) Bialance at 31 December 2021 於二零二一年十二月三十一日之結餘 7,343 (6,051) 613,261 526,049 1,140,602 (46,156) 1,094,444 Balance at 31 December 2021 於二零二二年一月一日之結餘 7,343 (6,051) 613,261 526,049 1,140,602 (46,156) 1,094,444 Balance at 1 January 2022 於二零二二年一月一日之結餘 7,343 (6,051) 613,261 526,049 1,140,602 (46,156) 1,094,444 Comprehensive income/(loss) 全面收益/(虧損) - - - 75,511 75,511 (5,669) 69,844 Viber comprehensive (loss)/income 其他全面(虧損)/收益 - - - 75,511 75,511 (5,669) 69,844 Total comprehensive income/(loss) 全面收益/(虧損)總額 - - - (25,597) 2,173 (23,422) Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners income/(loss) Q擁積人登句) - - - 49,914 (3,496) 46,415 Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners income /(loss)			_				,		(86,955)
Balance at 1 January 2022 於二零二二年一月一日之結餘 7,343 (6,051) 613,261 526,049 1,140,602 (46,156) 1,094,444 Comprehensive income/(loss) 全面收益/(虧損) - - - 75,511 75,511 (5,669) 69,842 Other comprehensive (loss)/income 其他全面(虧損)/收益 - - - 75,511 75,511 (5,669) 69,842 Currency translation differences 貨幣換算差額 - - - 75,517 (25,597) 2,173 (23,424) Total comprehensive income/(loss) 全面收益/(虧損) 總額 - - - 49,914 49,914 (3,496) 46,418 Transactions with owners in their capacity as own	Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners Final dividend relating	(以擁有人身份) 二零二零年度之	_			(10,933)	(10,933)	-	(10,933)
Comprehensive income/(loss) 全面收益/(虧損) Profit/(loss) for the year 本年度溢利/(虧損) - - 75,511 75,511 (5,669) 69,842 Other comprehensive (loss)/income 其他全面(虧損)/收益 - - - 75,511 75,511 (5,669) 69,842 Other comprehensive (loss)/income 其他全面(虧損)/收益 - - - - 25,597) 2,173 (23,424) Total comprehensive income/(loss) 全面收益/(虧損)總額 - - - 49,914 (3,496) 46,418 Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners to 2022 (Note 32) 與擁有人進行之交易 (以擁有人身份) - - - (7,238) - (7,238) Purchase of shares for the scheme (Note 19(b)) (<i>州註 19(b</i>)) - (2,145) - - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (Balance at 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日之結餘	7,343	(6,051)	613,261	526,049	1,140,602	(46,156)	1,094,446
Profit/(loss) for the year 本年度溢利/(虧損) - - - 75,511 75,511 (5,669) 69,842 Other comprehensive (loss)/income 其他全面(虧損)/收益 - - - 75,511 75,511 (5,669) 69,842 Currency translation differences 貨幣換算差額 - - - - (25,597) 2,173 (23,424 Total comprehensive income/(loss) 全面收益/(虧損)總額 - - - 49,914 (3,496) 46,418 Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners to 2022 (Note 32) 與擁有人進行之交易 (以腟有人身份) - - - (7,238) - (7,238) Purchase of shares for the Scheme (Note 19(b)) 感計劃購入之股份 - (2,145) - - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) <t< td=""><td>Balance at 1 January 2022</td><td>於二零二二年一月一日之結餘</td><td>7,343</td><td>(6,051)</td><td>613,261</td><td>526,049</td><td>1,140,602</td><td>(46,156)</td><td>1,094,446</td></t<>	Balance at 1 January 2022	於二零二二年一月一日之結餘	7,343	(6,051)	613,261	526,049	1,140,602	(46,156)	1,094,446
Currency translation differences 貨幣換算差額 - - - (25,597) 2,173 (23,424) Total comprehensive income/(loss) 全面收益/(虧損)總額 - - - - 49,914 (3,496) 46,418 Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners to 2022 (Note 32) 與擁有人進行之交易 - - - - 49,914 (3,496) 46,418 Purchase of shares for the Scheme (Note 19(b)) 成計劃購入之股份 - - - - (7,238) (7,238) - (7,238)	Profit/(loss) for the year Other comprehensive	本年度溢利/(虧損)	-	-	-	75,511	75,511	(5,669)	69,842
income/(loss) - - - 49,914 49,914 (3,496) 46,418 Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners 與擁有人進行之交易 (以擁有人身份) - - - - 49,914 49,914 (3,496) 46,418 Interim dividend relating 二零二二年度之 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	(loss)/income Currency translation differences	貨幣換算差額	-	-	-	(25,597)	(25,597)	2,173	(23,424)
their capacity as owners (以擁有人身份) Interim dividend relating 二零二二年度之 to 2022 (Note 32) 中期股息.(附註32) - - (7,238) - (7,238) Purchase of shares for the 就計劃購入之股份 - (2,145) - - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - (2,145) - - (2,145) - (2,145) - - (2,145) - (2,145)	Total comprehensive income/(loss)	全面收益/(虧損)總額		.		49,914	49,914	(3,496)	46,418
Balance at 31 December 2022 於二零二二年十二月三十一日之結餘 7,343 (8,196) 613,261 568,725 1,181,133 (49,652) 1,131,481	their capacity as owners Interim dividend relating to 2022 (<i>Note 32</i>) Purchase of shares for the	(以擁有人身份) 二零二二年度之 中期股息(<i>附註32)</i> 就計劃購入之股份	-	- (2,145)	-			-	(7,238) (2,145)
	Balance at 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日之結餘	7,343	(8,196)	613,261	568,725	1,181,133	(49,652)	1,131,481

The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上述綜合權益變動表應與隨附之附註一併 閱覽。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 综合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

			2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
		Note 附註	————————————————————————————————————	—◆— + HK\$′000 千港元
Cash flows from operating activities	經營活動的現金流量			
Cash generated from/(used in) operations	經營業務所得/(所用) 的現金	33(a)	130,440	(63,153)
Interests paid	已付利息	55(a)	(4,718)	(2,425)
Income tax paid	已繳所得税		4,032	(33,072)
Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities	經營活動所得/(所用) 現金淨額		129,754	(98,650)
Cash flows from investing activities	投資活動的現金流量			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of intangible assets	購入物業、廠房及設備		(24,209)	(44,322)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant	購入無形資產 出售物業、廠房及設備		(805)	(452)
and equipment	所得款項	33(b)	337	1,539
Interests received Receipts from government grants	已收利息 收取政府補貼		593 441	962 2,424
Short-term bank deposits with maturity	到期日超過三個月的短期			2,-12-1
over 3 months	銀行存款		-	973
Dividends received from an associated company	已收一間聯營公司 股息		-	82
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用現金淨額		(23,643)	(38,794)
Cash flows from financing activities	融資活動的現金流量			
Purchase of shares for the Scheme	就計劃購入之股份	19(b)	(2,145)	-
Proceeds from borrowings	借貸所得款項	33(c)	5,000	47,671
Repayments of borrowings Principal elements of lease payments	償還借貸 租賃付款的本金部份	33(c) 33(c)	(35,476) (5,822)	(27,675) (5,417)
Dividends paid to the Company's	已付本公司股東股息	55(0)	(3,022)	(3,417)
shareholders			(7,231)	(10,924)
Increase in pledged bank deposit Proceeds from loans from non-controlling	已抵押銀行存款增加 來自非控股權益貸款之		-	(11,689)
interests	所得款項	33(c)	286	_
Net cash used in financing activities	融資活動所用現金淨額		(45,388)	(8,034)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash	現金及現金等值項目			
equivalents	增加/(減少)淨額		60,723	(145,478)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning	年初的現金及現金			
of the year	等值項目		251,164	392,954
Exchange (loss)/gain on cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目的 匯兑(虧損)/收益		(6,531)	3,688
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of	年末的現金及現金			
the year	等值項目	17	305,356	251,164

The above consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上述綜合現金流量表應與隨附之附註一併 閱覽。

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 综合財務報表附註

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Ming Fai International Holdings Limited (the "Company") is an investment holding company. Its subsidiaries are principally engaged in manufacturing and trading of hospitality supplies products, trading of operating supplies and equipment and manufacturing and trading of health care and hygienic products.

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 29 May 2007 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Act (As Revised) of the Cayman Islands. Its registered address is at the offices of Maples Corporate Services Limited, PO Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104 Cayman Islands.

The Company has its primary listing on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

These consolidated financial statements are presented in thousands of units of Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$'000"), unless otherwise stated. These consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the board of directors (the "Board") on 28 March 2023.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This note provides a list of the significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated. The financial statements are for the Group consisting of the Company and its subsidiaries.

(a) Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and the applicable disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance Cap. 622. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of an investment property, which is carried at fair value.

1 一般資料

明輝國際控股有限公司(「本公司」)為一 間投資控股公司,其附屬公司主要從事 製造及銷售酒店供應品類產品、銷售營 運用品及設備,以及製造及銷售健康護 理及衛生用品。

本公司根據開曼群島公司法(經修訂)於 二零零七年五月二十九日在開曼群島註 冊成立為獲豁免有限責任公司。其註冊 地址為Maples Corporate Services Limited, PO Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104 Cayman Islands的辦 事處。

本公司於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯 交所」)主板進行第一上市。

除另有所指外,此等綜合財務報表乃按 千港元(「千港元」)列值。此等綜合財務 報表已於二零二三年三月二十八日獲董 事會(「董事會」)批准刊發。

2 重大會計政策概要

本附註載列編製此等綜合財務報表所 採用的主要會計政策清單。除另有所指 外,此等政策已於所有呈報年度貫徹採 用。財務報表乃為本集團(由本公司及 其附屬公司組成)編製。

(a) 編製基準

本集團的綜合財務報表乃按香港 會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」) 頒佈之香港財務報告準則(「香港 財務報告準則」)以及香港《公司條 例》第622章的適用披露規定編製。 綜合財務報表乃按歷史成本法編 製,並經按公平值列賬之一項投 資物業之重估予以修訂。
(b) New and amended standard adopted by the Group

The Group has applied the following amendments or annual improvements for the first time for their annual reporting period commencing 1 January 2022:

- Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use – Amendments to HKAS 16
- Onerous Contracts Cost of Fulfilling a Contract Amendments to HKAS 37
- Annual Improvements to HKFRS Standards 2018–2020
- Reference to the Conceptual Framework Amendments to HKFRS 3
- Revised Accounting Guideline 5 Merger Accounting for Common Control Combinations

The amendments listed above did not have any impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods.

(c) New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

Certain new accounting standards, amendments to accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for the reporting period during the year ended 31 December 2022 and have not been early adopted by the Group. These standards, amendments or interpretations are not expected to have a material impact on the entity in the current or future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

(b) 本集團採納之新訂及經修訂 準則

> 本集團已於二零二二年一月一日 開始之年度報告期間首次應用下 列修訂或年度改進:

- 物業、廠房及設備:擬定用
 途前之所得款項-香港會計
 準則第16號(修訂本)
- 虧損性合約一履行合約之成 本一香港會計準則第37號(修 訂本)
- 二零一八年至二零二零年週 期香港財務報告準則之年度 改進
- 概念框架之提述一香港財務 報告準則第3號(修訂本)
- 經修訂會計指引第5號一共同
 控制下合併的合併會計法

上文所列修訂對過往期間確認之 金額並無任何影響,且預期不會 對當前或未來期間產生重大影響。

(c) 尚未採納之新訂準則及詮釋

若干已頒佈之新訂會計準則、會 計準則之修訂及詮釋並無於截至 二零二二年十二月三十一日止年 度報告期間強制生效,且並無獲 本集團提前採納。預期此等準則、 修訂或詮釋不會於目前或未來報 告期間對實體及可見未來的交易 造成重大影響。

(d) Principles of consolidation and equity accounting

(i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for business combinations by the Group (refer to Note 2(e)).

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated balance sheet respectively.

(ii) Associates

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control or joint control. This is generally the case where the Group holds between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting (refer to Note 2(d)(iv) below), after initially being recognised at cost.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

(d) 合併及權益會計原則

(i) 附屬公司

本集團的業務合併使用收購 會計法會計入賬(請參閲附 註2(e))。

集團內公司間的交易、本集 團成員公司之間的交易結餘 及未變現收益會予以對銷。 除非有證據顯示交易所轉移 的資產出現減值,否則未 現虧損亦會對銷。附屬公司 的會計政策已按需要作出改 變,以確保與本集團所採納 者一致。

非控股權益的業績及附屬公 司的權益分別於綜合全面收 益表、綜合權益變動表及綜 合資產負債表中獨立呈列。

(ii) 聯營公司

聯營公司指本集團對其有重 大影響力但不擁有控制權或 共同控制權之所有實體。本 集團通常持有其20%至50% 的投票權。於初步按成本確 認後,聯營公司的投資採用 權益會計法列賬(請參閱下 文附註2(d)(iv))。

(d) Principles of consolidation and equity accounting (Continued)

(iii) Joint arrangements

Under HKFRS 11 Joint Arrangements, investments in joint arrangements are classified as either joint operations or joint ventures. The classification depends on the contractual rights and obligations of each investor, rather than the legal structure of the joint arrangement. The Group has investments in joint ventures.

Joint ventures

Investments in joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method (refer to Note 2(d)(iv) below), after initially being recognised at cost in the consolidated balance sheet.

(iv) Equity accounting

Under the equity method of accounting, the investments are initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses of the investee in profit or loss, and the Group's share of movements in other comprehensive income of the investee in other comprehensive income. Dividends received or receivable from associates and joint ventures are recognised as a reduction in the carrying amount of the investment.

When the Group's share of losses in an equity-accounted investment equals or exceeds its interest in the entity, including any other unsecured long-term receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the other entity.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates and joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in these entities. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of equity accounted investees have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

The carrying amount of equity-accounted investments is tested for impairment in accordance with the policy described in Note 2(m).

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

(d) 合併及權益會計原則(續)

(iii) 合營安排

根據香港財務報告準則第11 號合營安排,於合營安排的 投資分類為共同經營或合營 企業。分類視乎各投資者的 合約權益及責任(而非合營 安排的法律架構)而定。本 集團已於合營企業作出投資。

合營企業

初步按成本於綜合資產負債 表中確認後,於合營企業的 投資使用權益會計法入賬(請 參閱下文附註2(d)(iv))。

(iv) 權益會計 根據權益會計法,投資初步 按成本確認,並隨後於損益 中作出調整以確認本集團收 購後應佔被投資者溢利或虧 損,於其他全面收益中作出 調整以確認本集團應佔被投 資者其他全面收益變動 。自 聯營公司及合營企業已收取 或應收的股息確認為自投資 賬面值扣除。

> 倘本集團應佔股權投資虧損 等於或超過其於實體的權益 (包括任何其他無抵押長期 應收款項),本集團不會確 認進一步虧損,除非其代表 其他實體承擔責任或支付款 項。

- 股權投資賬面值已根據附註 2(m)所述的政策作出減值測 試。

(d) Principles of consolidation and equity accounting (Continued)

(v) Changes in ownership interests

The Group treats transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in a loss of control as transactions with equity owners of the Group. A change in ownership interest results in an adjustment between the carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests to reflect their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount of the adjustment to non-controlling interests and any consideration paid or received is recognised in a separate reserve within equity attributable to owners of the Company.

When the Group ceases to consolidate or equity account for an investment because of a loss of control, joint control or significant influence, any retained interest in the entity is re-measured to its fair value with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. This fair value becomes the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as specified/ permitted by applicable HKFRSs.

If the ownership interest in a joint venture or an associate is reduced but joint control or significant influence is retained, only a proportionate share of the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss where appropriate.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

(d) 合併及權益會計原則(續)

(v) 擁有權權益變動

倘本集團因喪失控制權、共 同控制權或重大影響力而不 再就投資綜合入賬或自權益 中入賬,其於該實體的任何 保留權益按其公平值重新計 量,而賬面值變動則於損益 內確認。就隨後入賬列作聯 營公司、合營企業或金融資 產的保留權益而言,公平值 指初步賬面值。此外,先前 於其他全面收入內確認與該 實體有關的任何金額按猶如 本集團已直接出售有關資產 或負債的方式入賬。這可能 意味著先前在其他全面收入 內確認的金額重新劃分為溢 利或虧損,或轉移至適用香 港財務報告準則所指定/允 許的另一類別權益。

倘於合營企業或聯營公司的 擁有權權益減少,惟共同控 制權或重大影響力獲保留, 則先前於其他全面收入內確 認的金額僅有一定比例部分 重新劃分為溢利或虧損(如 適用)。

(e) Business combinations

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for all business combinations, regardless of whether equity instruments or other assets are acquired. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary comprises the:

- fair values of the assets transferred;
- liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquired business;
- equity interests issued by the Group;
- fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement; and
- fair value of any pre-existing equity interest in the subsidiary.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are, with limited exceptions, measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. The Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquired entity on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquired entity's net identifiable assets.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

The excess of the:

- consideration transferred;
- amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquired entity; and
- acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquired entity

over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If those amounts are less than the fair value of the net identifiable assets of the business acquired, the difference is recognised directly in profit or loss as a bargain purchase.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

(e) 業務合併

所有業務合併均使用收購會計法 會計入賬,而不論是否收購股本 工具或其他資產。收購附屬公司 的代價包括:

- 轉讓資產的公平值;
- 收購業務前擁有人所產生的 負債;
- 本集團所發行的股權;
- 或然代價安排所產生的任何 資產或負債公平值;及
- 該附屬公司的任何先前存在 的股權公平值。

在業務合併中所收購的可識別資 產、所承擔的負債及或然負債, (在有限的例外情況下)均於收購 當日按其公平值作出初步計量。 本集團以個別收購的公平值或非 控股權益分佔收購實體可識別淨 資產的部分為基準確認於收購實 體的任何非控股權益。

收購相關成本在產生時支銷。

倘:

- 所轉讓代價;
- 所收購實體之任何非控股權 益金額;及
- 任何先前於所收購實體之股 權於收購日期之公平值

超逾所收購可識別淨資產公平值 之差額,則入賬列作商譽。倘該 等金額均低於所收購業務的可識 別淨資產公平值,則差額直接於 損益中確認為議價收購。

(e) Business combinations (Continued)

Where settlement of any part of cash consideration is deferred, the amounts payable in the future are discounted to their present value as at the date of exchange. The discount rate used is the entity's incremental borrowing rate, being the rate at which a similar borrowing could be obtained from an independent financier under comparable terms and conditions. Contingent consideration is classified either as equity or a financial liability. Amounts classified as a financial liability are subsequently re-measured to fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re-measured to fair value at the acquisition date. Any gains or losses arising from such re-measurement are recognised in profit or loss.

(f) Separate financial statements

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving a dividend from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

(g) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board that makes strategic decisions.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

(e) 業務合併(續)

倘任何部分現金代價的結算遞延, 則日後應付金額會折現至匯兑日 期的現值。所用折現率為實體的 增量借貸利率,即可根據相若條 款及條件向獨立財務機構取得類 似借貸的利率。或然代價被分類 為權益或金融負債。分類為金融 負債的金額其後重新計量為公平 值,而公平值的變動於損益中確 認。

倘業務合併分階段進行,則收購 方先前持有被收購方的股權的收 購日賬面價值在收購日重新計量 為公平值。有關重新計量所產生 的任何收益或虧損均於損益中確 認。

(f) 獨立財務報表

於附屬公司之投資按成本減減值 列賬。成本包括投資的直接應佔 費用。附屬公司的業績由本公司 按已收股息及應收股息基準入賬。

當收取有關投資之股息時,倘有 關股息高於宣派股息期間該附屬 公司之全面收入總額,或倘有關 投資於獨立財務報表之賬面值高 於綜合財務報表內被投資公司資 產淨值(包括商譽)的賬面值,則 須對於該等附屬公司之投資進行 減值測試。

(g) 分類報告

業務分類的呈報方式與向主要營 運決策者提供的內部報告貫徹一 致。主要營運決策者(負責分配資 源及評估業務分類的表現)被確認 為作出策略性決策的董事會。

- (h) Foreign currency translation
 - (i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in HK\$, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss.

(iii) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyper-inflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions); and

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

- (h) 外幣換算
 - (i) 功能及呈列貨幣 本集團內各實體的財務報表 所載的項目以該實體經營所 在的主要經濟環境的貨幣 (「功能貨幣」)計量。綜合財 務報表以本公司的功能及本 集團的呈列貨幣港元呈列。

(ii) 交易及結餘

外幣交易採用交易日期或項 目重新計量時的估值日期所 通用匯率換算為功能貨幣。

因結償該等交易及按年結日 匯率換算以外幣計值之貨幣 資產與負債所產生匯兑外匯 收益及虧損,均於損益內確 認。

(iii) 集團公司

功能貨幣有別於呈列貨幣的 所有集團實體(其中並無任 何實體持有通脹嚴重的經濟 體系的貨幣)的業績及財務 狀況,均按以下方式換算為 呈列貨幣:

- 於各資產負債表呈列的 資產及負債乃按有關結 算日的收市匯率換算;
- 各全面收益表的收支乃 按平均匯率換算(除非 該平均值並非合理地貼 近交易日通行匯率的累 積影響,在該情況下, 收支於有關交易日期當 日換算);及

- (h) Foreign currency translation (Continued)
 - (iii) Group companies (Continued)
 - all resulting currency translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate. Currency translation differences arising are recognised in other comprehensive income.

(iv) Disposal of foreign operation and partial disposal

On the disposal of a foreign operation (that is, a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, a disposal involving loss of joint control over a joint venture that includes a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of significant influence over an associate that includes a foreign operation), all of the currency translation differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss.

In the case of a partial disposal that does not result in the Group losing control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, the proportionate share of accumulated currency translation differences are re-attributed to non-controlling interests and are not recognised in profit or loss. For all other partial disposals (that is, reductions in the Group's ownership interest in associates or joint ventures that do not result in the Group losing significant influence or joint control), the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange difference is reclassified to profit or loss.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

- (h) 外幣換算(續)
 - (iii) 集團公司(續)
 - 所有因而產生的貨幣
 匯兑差額於其他全面
 收益中確認。

收購海外實體所產生的商譽 及公平值調整視為海外實體 的資產及負債處理,並按收 市匯率換算。產生的貨幣換 算差額於其他全面收益中確 認。

(iv) 出售海外業務及出售部分權益

(i) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial year in which they are incurred.

Freehold land that has an indefinite useful life are not subject to depreciation and is tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired.

Depreciation for buildings is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate cost over its estimated useful lives of 20 years.

Depreciation for other property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives, at the following rates per annum:

Leasehold improvements Shorter of 10 years or lease period

Plant and machinery	10% – 33%
Motor vehicles	20%
Furniture and fixtures	33%
Computer equipment	33%

The assets' residual value and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

(i) 物業、廠房及設備 物業、廠房及設備按歷史成本減 累計折舊及累計減值虧損入賬。 歷史成本包括收購項目直接產生 的開支。

> 僅當與該項目有關之日後經濟利 益可能流入本集團,且該項目成 本能可靠計量時,其後成本方會 計入資產的賬面值或確認為一項 獨立資產(如適用)。單獨資產中 任何組成部分的賬面價值在更換 時終止確認。所有其他維修及保 養於產生的財政年度在損益內列 賬。

> 無確定使用年期的永久業權土地 毋須折舊,惟須每年或(倘有事件 或變動顯示其可能已減值)更頻密 地進行減值測試。

> 樓宇的折舊是以直線法將成本按 其估計可使用年期(20年)分攤而 計算得出。

> 其他物業、廠房及設備的折舊概 以直線法將其成本按其估計可使 用年期分攤而計算得出,所採用 之年率如下:

租賃物業裝修	10年或租賃期		
	兩者之較短者		
廠房及機器	10% – 33%		
汽車	20%		
傢俬及裝置	33%		
電腦設備	33%		

資產之剩餘價值及可使用年期會 在各結算日予以檢討並加以調整 (如適用)。

倘資產的賬面值較其估計可收回 金額為高,該資產之賬面值會立 即撇減至其可收回金額。

(i) Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

Construction in progress represents property, plant and equipment under construction or pending installation, and is stated at cost less impairment losses. Cost comprises direct costs of construction including borrowing costs attributable to the construction during the period of construction. No provision for depreciation is made on construction in progress until such time as the relevant assets are completed and ready for intended use.

(j) Investment property

Property that is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not occupied by the Group, is classified as investment property.

Investment property is measured initially at its cost, including related transaction costs. Subsequently, it is carried at fair value, representing open market value determined annually by external valuer. Fair value is based on active market prices, adjusted, if necessary, for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. If this information is not available, the Group uses alternative valuation methods such as recent prices from less active markets or discounted cash flow projections. These valuations are reviewed annually by external valuer with changes in fair values recorded in profit or loss.

If an item of property, plant and equipment becomes an investment property because its use has changed, any difference resulting between the carrying amount and the fair value of this item at the date of transfer is recognised in equity as a revaluation of property, plant and equipment. However, if a fair value gain reverses a previous impairment loss, the gain is recognised in profit or loss.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

(i) 物業、廠房及設備(續) 出售的盈虧按所得款項與賬面值 的差額釐定,並於損益內確認。

> 在建工程指興建中或有待安裝之 物業、廠房及設備,乃按成本減 減值虧損列賬。成本包括直接工 程成本(包括於工程進行期間來自 工程的借貸成本)。於有關資產完 工及可作擬定用途前,不會就在 建工程作出折舊撥備。

(j) 投資物業

本集團為獲得長期租金收益或為 資本升值或兩者兼備而持有但並 無佔用之物業分類為投資物業。

倘物業、廠房及設備項目因用途 變更而成為投資物業,則該項目 於轉撥當日的賬面值與公平值的 任何差額於權益內確認為物業、 廠房及設備的重估。然而,倘公 平值收益將先前的減值虧損撥回, 則該收益於損益內確認。

(k) Goodwill

Goodwill is measured as described in Note 2(e). Goodwill is not amortised but it is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired, and is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Gains and losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the entity sold.

Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units ("CGUs") for the purpose of impairment testing. The allocation is made to those CGUs or groups of CGUs that are expected to benefit from the business combination in which the goodwill arose. The units or groups of units are identified at the lowest level at which goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes, being the operating segments (Note 5).

(I) Intangible assets

(i) Trademarks, investment in club debentures and software licences

Separately acquired trademarks, investment in club debentures and software licences are shown at historical cost. They have a finite useful life and are subsequently carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

Amortisation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate the cost of trademarks, investment in club debentures and software licences over their estimated useful lives of 5 to 10 years.

(ii) Operating licence

Operating licence acquired in a business combination is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. It has a finite useful life and is subsequently carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

Amortisation is calculated using the straight-line method over the expected life of the operating licence of 2 years.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

- (k) 商譽
 - 商譽按附註2(e)所述者計量。商譽 毋須攤銷,惟須每年或(倘有事件 或變動顯示其可能已減值)更頻密 地進行減值測試,並按成本減累 計減值虧損列賬。出售實體的盈 虧包括所出售實體相關商譽之賬 面值。

就減值測試而言,商譽分配至現 金產生單位(「現金產生單位」)。 商譽分配至預期受惠於產生商譽 之業務合併之一個或一組現金產 生單位。該等單位或單位組別乃 就內部管理目的而於監察商譽的 最低層次(即經營分部(附註5))確 認。

(I) 無形資產

(i) 商標、會所債券投資及 軟件特許權

> 單獨收購的商標、會所債券 投資及軟件特許權按歷史成 本列值。此等資產可使用年 期有限,並其後按成本減累 計攤銷及減值虧損列賬。

攤銷乃使用直線法計算,以 於其估計可使用年期5至10 年內分攤商標、會所債券投 資及軟件特許權的成本。

(ii) 經營牌照

於業務合併時獲得的經營牌 照按於收購日期的公平值確 認。該等資產的可使用年期 有限及其後按成本減累計攤 銷及減值虧損列賬。

於經營牌照的攤銷預計年期 2年內採用直線法計算。

(m) Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. Other assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (CGUs). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each balance sheet date.

(n) Financial assets

(i) Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss); and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the Group's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or other comprehensive income. For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, this will depend on whether the Group has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI").

The Group reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

(m) 非金融資產的減值

無確定使用年期的資產毋須攤銷, 惟須每年或(倘有事件或變動顯示 其可能已減值)更頻密地進行減值 測試。如出現任何事件或情況有 變,顯示可能無法收回賬面值時, 其他資產便會進行減值測試。當 資產賬面值超過其可收回金額時 則會就有關差額確認減值虧損。 可收回金額乃資產公平值減出售 成本與使用價值兩者之間的較高 者。就評估減值而言,資產按獨 立可識別的最小現金流入(現金產 生單位)分類,而有關現金流入大 致上獨立於其他資產或資產組別 的現金流入。商譽以外的非金融 資產如出現減值,則於各結算日 檢討可否撥回減值。

(n) 金融資產

(i) 分類
 本集團將其金融資產按以下
 計量類別分類:

- 隨後按公平值計量(不 論計入其他全面收益 或計入損益);及
- 按攤銷成本計量。

分類乃取決於本集團管理金 融資產之業務模式及現金流 量之合約條款。

就按公平值計量之資產而 言,收益及虧損將於損益或 其他全面收益入賬。就並非 持作買賣之股本工具投資而 言,其入賬將取決於本集團 於初步確認時有否不可撤回 地選擇以按公平值計入其他 全面收益(「按公平值計入其他 也全面收益」)之方式將股本 投資入賬。

當及僅當本集團管理債務投 資之業務模式變動時,本集 團即將該等資產重新分類。

- (n) Financial assets (Continued)
 - (ii) Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

(iii) Measurement

The Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss ("FVPL"), transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial asset carried at FVPL are expensed in profit or loss.

Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories to classify the debt instruments:

(1) Amortised cost

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in profit or loss. Impairment losses are presented as separate line item in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

- (n) 金融資產(續)
 - (ii) 確認及終止確認

定期收購及出售的金融資產 於交易日確認,該日為本集 團承諾收購或出售資產當日。 當應收金融資產現金流量之 權利已屆滿或轉讓而本集團 已轉讓該項金融資產擁有權 之絕大部分風險及回報時, 有關金融資產會取消確認。

(iii) 計量

本集團按公平值加(就並非 按公平值計入損益(「按公平 值計入損益」)之金融資產而 言)收購金融資產直接產生 之交易成本計量金融資產。 按公平值計入損益之金融資 產交易成本於損益內支銷。

債務工具

債務工具之隨後計量乃取決 於本集團管理資產之業務模 式及資產之現金流量特性。 債務工具之分類分為三個計 量類別:

(1) 攤銷成本 為收取合約現金流量 (而該等現金流量純粹 為本金及利息付款)而 持有之資產乃按攤銷成 本計量。此等金融資產 之利息收入使用實際利 率法計入財務收入。終 止確認產生之任何收益 或虧損乃直接於損益確 認。減值虧損於綜合全 面收益表獨立呈列為一 個項目。

- (n) Financial assets (Continued)
 - (iii) Measurement (Continued) Debt instruments (Continued)
 - (2) FVOCI

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at FVOCI. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through other comprehensive income, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest income and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in profit or loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Impairment expenses are presented as separate line item in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

(3) FVPL

Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at FVPL. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at FVPL is recognised in profit or loss in the period in which it arises. 2 重大會計政策概要(續)

- (n) 金融資產(續)
 - (iii) 計量(續)
 - 債務工具(續)
 - (2) 按公平值計入其他全面 收益

為收取合約現金流量及 出售金融資產(而該等 資產之現金流量純粹為 本金及利息付款)而持 有之資產乃按公平值計 入其他全面收益。賬面 值變動於其他全面收益 入賬,惟確認減值收益 或虧損、利息收入以及 外匯收益及虧損於損益 確認。終止確認金融資 產時,先前於其他全面 收益確認之累計收益或 虧損由權益重新分類至 損益。此等金融資產之 利息收入使用實際利率 法計入財務收入。減值 支出於綜合全面收益表 獨立呈列為一個項目。

(3) 按公平值計入損益 並不符合攤銷成本或按 公平值計入其他全面 收益條件之資產按公平 值計入損益。隨後按公 平值計入損益之債務 投資之收益或虧損於 產生期間於損益確認。

- (n) Financial assets (Continued)
 - (iv) Impairment

The Group assesses on a forward-looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its debt instruments carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade and bills receivables, amount due from an associated company and amounts due from joint ventures, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by HKFRS 9 Financial instruments ("HKFRS 9"), which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

For other financial assets carried at amortised cost, the Group measures the expected credit loss as either 12-month expected credit loss or lifetime expected credit loss, depending on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If a significant increase in credit risk of a receivable has occurred since initial recognition, then impairment is measured as lifetime expected credit loss.

(o) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the consolidated balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparty.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

- (n) 金融資產(續)

本集團按前瞻基準評估其按 攤銷成本列賬之債務工具相 關之預期信貸虧損。所應用 之減值方法取決於信貸風險 有否大幅增加。

就應收貿易賬款及票據、應 收一間聯營公司款項及應收 合營企業款項而言,本集團 應用香港財務報告準則第9 號金融工具(「香港財務報告 準則第9號」)允許之簡化方 法,其規定自初步確認應收 款項起確認整個存續期內之 預期虧損。

就按攤銷成本列賬之其他金 融資產之預期信貸虧損而 言,本集團按12個月預期信貸虧損或全期預期信貸虧損或全期預期信貸虧損 計量,此取決於自初步確認 起信貸風險有否大幅增加。 倘應收賬款自初步確認起其 信貸風險大幅增加,則減值 按全期預期信貸虧損計量。

- (o) 抵銷金融工具
 - 當有法定可強制執行權利可抵銷 已確認金額,並有意圖按淨額基 準結算或同時變現資產和結算負 債時,金融資產與負債可互相抵 銷,並在綜合資產負債表報告其 淨額。法定可強制執行權利不得 依賴未來事件而定,而在一般業 務過程中以及倘公司或對手方一 旦出現違約、無償債能力或破產 時,亦必須具有約束力。

(p) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is assigned to individual items of inventory on the basis of weighted average method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads based on normal operating capacity.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling and distribution costs necessary to make the sale.

(q) Trade, bills and other receivables

Trade and bills receivables are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection of trade, bills and other receivables is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade and bills receivables are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional unless they contain significant financing components, when they are recognised at fair value. The Group holds the trade and bills receivables with the objective to collect the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method less provision for impairment.

When a trade and bills receivable are uncollectible, they are written off against the allowance account for trade and bills receivables. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited in profit or loss.

(r) Cash and cash equivalents

In the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, and deposits held at call with banks with original maturities of three months or less.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

- (p) 存貨
 - 存貨乃按成本及可變現淨值兩者 中之較低者列賬。成本乃按加權 平均法分配至存貨的個別項目。 製成品和在製品的成本包括原材 料、直接人工、其他直接成本和 按一般營運產能計算的相關生產 費用。

可變現淨值指日常業務過程中之 估計售價減適用可變銷售及銷售 所必需的分銷成本。

(q) 應收貿易賬款、票據及其他 應收款項

> 應收貿易賬款及票據為日常業務 過程中就銷售商品或提供服務應 收客戶的金額。若預期於一年或 以內(或若更長,則在業務的正常 經營週期內)能收回應收貿易賬 款、票據及其他應收款項,則會 獲分類為流動資產。否則,則獲 呈列為非流動資產。

> 應收貿易賬款及票據初步按無條 件代價金額確認,除非其被視為 包含重大融資成份則按公平值確 認。本集團為收取合約現金流量 而持有應收貿易賬款及票據,因 此隨後使用實際利息法按攤銷成 本扣除減值撥備計量。

> 當應收貿易賬款及票據無法收回 時,即對應收貿易賬款及票據撥 備賬撇銷。隨後收回先前已撇銷 之款項會撥入損益。

(r) 現金及現金等值項目 於綜合現金流量表內,現金及現 金等值項目包括原到期日為三個 月或以內的現金及銀行通知存款。

(s) Trade and other payables

Trade payables represent liabilities for goods or services provided to the Group prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. Trade and other payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade and other payables are unsecured, recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(t) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair values, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a pre-payment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are removed from the consolidated balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss as other income or finance costs.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the balance sheet date.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

(s) 應付貿易及其他賬款

應付貿易賬款指於財政年末前向 本集團提供商品或服務且尚未付 款的負債。若應付款項在一年或 以內(或若更長,則在業務的正常 經營週期內)到期,則應付貿易及 其他賬款獲分類為流動負債。否 則,則獲呈列為非流動負債。

應付貿易及其他賬款並無抵押, 初步按公平值確認,並於隨後使 用實際利息法按攤銷成本計量。

(t) 借貸

借貸初步按公平值扣除已產生的 交易成本確認。借貸其後按攤銷 成本列值,所得款項(扣除交易成 本)與贖回價值間之任何差額於借 貸期間使用實際利息法在損益確 認。

當合約中規定的責任解除、取消 或屆滿時,借貸從綜合資產負債 表中剔除。已消除或轉讓予另一 方的金融負債的賬面值與已支付 代價(包括已轉讓的非現金資產或 所承擔的負債)之間的差額,在損 益中確認為其他收入或財務成本。

除非本集團具無條件權利遞延負 債還款期至結算日起計最少十二 個月,否則借貸分類為流動負債。

(u) Borrowing cost

General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Qualifying assets are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

(v) Current and deferred income tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred income tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period in the countries where the company and its subsidiaries, associated company and joint ventures operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation and considers whether it is probable that a taxation authority will accept an uncertain tax treatment. The Group measures its tax balances either based on the most likely amount or the expected value, depending on which method provides a better prediction of the resolution of the uncertainty.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

(u) 借貸成本

收購、建造或生產一項合資格資 產直接應佔的一般及特定借貸成 本乃於完成資產及準備將其作擬 定用途或銷售所需之期間內撥充 資本。合資格資產為需要經過相 當長時間才能達到擬定用途或銷 售之資產。

就特定貸款而言,在其用於合資 格資產前作臨時投資所賺取之投 資收入,乃從合資格資本化之貸 款成本中扣除。

其他借貸成本於其產生期間支銷。

(v) 即期及遞延所得税

期內所得税開支或抵免指本期間 按各司法權區適用所得税税率計 算應課税收入,並由遞延所得税 資產及負債變動應佔暫時性差異 及尚未動用税項虧損所調整得出 的應付税項。

即期所得税

(v) Current and deferred income tax (Continued)

Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred income tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred income tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled. The deferred income tax liability in relation to investment property that is measured at fair value is determined assuming the property will be recovered entirely through sale.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised if it is probable that future taxable profit will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred income tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary income differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in foreign operations where the Company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current income tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred income taxes balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current income tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred income tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

(v) 即期及遞延所得税(續)

遞延所得税

 褫延所得税乃採用負債法就資產 及負債之税基與其於綜合財務報 表內賬面值之暫時差額悉數計提 撥備。然而,倘若遞延所得税負債 乃於初步確認商譽時產生,該遞延 税項負債將不予確認。倘若於初步 確認一項交易(業務合併除外)之 資產或負債所產生之遞延所得税 於交易時不會對會計或應課税溢 利或虧損造成影響,亦不產生相等 的應課税及可扣減的暫時差異,則 該等遞延所得税亦不會列賬。遞延 所得税乃根據於報告期末已頒佈 或實質頒佈,且預期相關之遞延所 得税資產變現或遞延所得税負債 清償時適用之税率(及法例)釐定。 有關按公平值計量之投資物業的 遞延所得税負債乃假設該物業可 透過出售收回全額而釐定。

倘可能有未來應課税溢利可供抵 銷暫時差額及虧損時,則會確認 遞延所得税資產。

倘本公司有能力控制撥回暫時收 入差額之時間且該等差額不大可 能於可見將來撥回,則不會就於 外國業務之投資的賬面值及税基 之間的暫時差額確認遞延所得税 負債及資產。

當有法定可強制執行權利將當期 所得税資產與當期税項負債抵銷, 且遞延所得税結餘涉及同一税務 機關時,則可將遞延所得税資產與 負債互相抵銷。倘實體有法定可強 制執行的抵銷權利,並擬按淨額基 準結算,則抵銷當期所得税資產及 税項負債,或同時變現資產及結算 負債。

即期及遞延所得税在損益中確認, 惟與在其他全面收益內或直接在 權益內確認的項目有關之税項除 外。於此情況下,税項亦分別在其 他全面收益內或直接在權益內確認。

(w) Employee benefits

(i) Short-term obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related services are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

(ii) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave and long service leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision, where appropriate, is made for the estimated liability for annual leave and long-service leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the balance sheet date.

(iii) Bonus entitlements

The expected cost of bonus payments is recognised as a liability when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of services rendered by employees and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made.

Liabilities for bonus are expected to be settled within twelve months and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when they are settled.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

- (w) 僱員福利
 - (i) 短期責任

預期將於僱員提供相關服務 的期間結束後12個月內全部 結算的工資及薪金負債,乃 於負債結清時就僱員截至報 告期末的服務確認,並按預 期將支付金額計量。

(ii) 僱員應享假期 僱員享有年假和長期服務休 假之權利,並在僱員享有有 關權利時確認。本集團為截 至結算日止僱員已提供之服 務而產生之年假和長期服務 休假之估計負債作出撥備(如 適用)。

(iii) *應享花紅*

當本集團因僱員提供服務而 即時產生法律或推定責任, 而有關責任可以可靠地估計 時,則支付花紅之預期成本 確認為負債。

花紅負債預期於十二個月內 支付,並按清償時預期支付 之數額計算。

(w) Employee benefits (Continued)

(iv) Pension obligations

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. The Group has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods. A defined benefit plan is a pension plan that is not a defined contribution plan.

Typically defined benefit plans define an amount of pension benefit that an employee will receive on retirement, usually dependent on one or more factors such as age, years of service and compensation.

The Group companies in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") participate in defined contribution retirement benefit plans organised by relevant government authorities for its employees in the PRC and contribute to these plans based on certain percentage of the salaries of the employees on a monthly basis, up to a maximum fixed monetary amount, as stipulated by the relevant government authorities.

The government authorities undertake to assume the retirement benefit obligations payable to all existing and future retired employees under these plans.

The group companies in Hong Kong participate in a mandatory provident fund scheme ("MPF Scheme") for its employees in Hong Kong. MPF Scheme is a defined contribution scheme in accordance with the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme Ordinance. Under the rules of MPF Scheme, the employer and its employees are required to contribute 5% of the employees' salaries, up to a maximum of HK\$1,500 per employee per month. The assets of MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the group companies in an independently administered fund.

There were no forfeited contributions (by employers on behalf of employees who leave the scheme prior to vesting fully in such contributions) to offset existing contributions under the defined contribution schemes.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

(w) 僱員福利(續)

(iv) 退休金責任

界定福利計劃一般會釐定僱 員在退休時可收取的退休福 利金額,通常視乎年齡、服 務年期及薪酬補償等一個或 多個因素而定。

本集團位於中華人民共和國 (「中國」)之公司為其中國僱 員參與有關政府當局舉辦之 界定供款退休福利計劃,並 根據僱員月薪之若干百分比 每月向此等計劃供款,但供 款金額不會超過有關政府當 局規定之最高固定金額。

根據此等計劃,政府當局承 擔所有現有及未來退休僱員 之應付退休福利責任。

本集團位於香港的公司為其 香港僱員參與強制性公積金計劃」)。根 計劃(「強積金計劃」)。根 《強制性公積金計劃條例》, 強積金計劃為界定供款計 劃。根據強積金計劃規則, 修 之僱員須按僱員薪金員 作出的供款以1,500港元為與 作出的積金計劃的資產分開並由 獨立管理的基金持有。

本集團並無已沒收之供款(即 僱員在有關供款歸其所有前 退出該計劃,由僱主代其處 理之供款)可用以抵銷相關 界定供款計劃項下之現有供 款水平。

- (w) Employee benefits (Continued)
 - (v) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated by the Group before the normal retirement date, or whenever an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The Group recognises termination benefits when it is demonstrably committed to a termination when the entity has a detailed formal plan to terminate the employment of current employee without possibility of withdrawal. In the case of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy, the termination benefits are measured based on the number of employees expected to accept the offer. Benefits falling due more than 12 months after balance sheet date are discounted to their present value.

(vi) Share-based compensation

The Group operates an equity-settled, share-based compensation plan, under which the entity receives services from employees as consideration for equity instruments (shares or options) of the Company. The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the shares or options is recognised as an expense. The total amount to be expensed is determined by reference to the fair value of the shares or options granted:

- including any market performance conditions (for example, an entity's share price);
- excluding the impact of any service and non-market performance vesting conditions (for example, profitability, sales growth targets and remaining an employee of the entity over a specified time period); and
- including the impact of any non-vesting conditions (for example, the requirement for employees to save).

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

(w) 僱員福利(續)

(v) 離職福利

(vi) 以股份支付的酬金

本集團設有以股權結算、 以股份支付的酬金計劃,據 此,有關實體接受僱員之服 務作為本公司授出股本工具 (股份或購股權)之代價。按 僱員所提供服務以換取授出 股份或購股權之公平值乃確 認為開支。將予支銷之總額 乃參考所授出股份或購股權 之公平值釐定:

- 包括任何市場表現狀況 (如一間實體的股價);
- 不包括任何服務及非 市場表現歸屬條件之 影響(例如有關實體於 特定期間之盈利能力、 銷售增長目標及繼續 為僱員);及
- 包括任何非歸屬條件 之影響(如挽留僱員之 規定)。

- (w) Employee benefits (Continued)
 - (vi) Share-based compensation (Continued)

Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to vest. The total expense is recognised over the vesting period, which is the period over which all of the specified vesting conditions are to be satisfied. At the end of each reporting period, the entity revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest based on the non-marketing vesting conditions. It recognises the impact of the revision to original estimates, if any, in profit or loss, with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

When the options are exercised, the Company issues new shares. The proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are credited to share capital (nominal value) and share premium.

When the options are cancelled during vesting periods, the Group recognises immediately the amount that otherwise would have been recognised for services received over the remainder of the vesting period.

When the options are modified, the Group will include the incremental fair value granted in the measurement of the amount recognised for services received as consideration for the equity instruments granted. The incremental fair value granted is the difference between the fair value of the modified equity instrument and that of the original equity instrument, both estimated as at the date of the modification. If the modification occurs during the vesting period, the incremental fair value granted is included in the measurement of the amount recognised for services received over the period from the modification date until the date when the modified equity instruments vest, in addition to the amount based on the grant date fair value of the original equity instruments, which is recognised over the remainder of the original vesting period. If the modification occurs after vesting date, the incremental fair value granted is recognised immediately.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

- (w) 僱員福利(續)
 - (vi) 以股份支付的酬金(續) 非市場歸屬條件包括在有關 預期可予歸屬的購股權數目 的假設中。總開支於歸屬期 間確認,而所有特定歸屬條 件於該期間內達成。於每個 申報期末,實體修訂其對預 期根據非市場歸屬條件可予 歸屬購股權數目的估計。本 公司在損益確認對原估計修 訂(如有)的影響,並對權益 作出相應調整。

本公司於購股權獲行使時發 行新股份。所獲所得款項(扣 除任何直接應佔交易成本) 計入股本(面值)及股份溢價。

當購股權於歸屬期間內註銷 時,本集團會即時確認就於 餘下歸屬期間內接獲之服務 原應確認之金額。

當購股權被修改時,本集團 將計入於計量就作為已授出 之股本工具之代價已收取服 務之已確認金額時已授出之 公平值增額。已授出公平值 增額為已修改股本工具的公 平值與原有股本工具公平值 的差額,兩者均於修改日期 作出估計。倘該修改於歸屬 期間發生,則已授出公平值 增額計入於修改日期直至已 修改股本工具歸屬之日止之 期間之就已收取服務確認之 金額之計量,不包括根據授 出日期原有股本工具的公平 值金額,該公平值金額於餘 下原有歸屬期間內確認。倘 該修改於歸屬日期後發生, 則已授出公平值增額將即時 確認。

- (w) Employee benefits (Continued)
 - (vi) Share-based compensation (Continued)

The grant by the Company of options over its equity instruments to the employees of subsidiary undertakings in the Group is treated as a capital contribution. The fair value of employee services received, measured by reference to the grant date fair value, is recognised over the vesting period as an increase to investment in subsidiary undertakings, with a corresponding credit to equity in the parent entity accounts.

(x) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the management's best estimates of the expenditures required to settle the present obligation of the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

(w) 僱員福利(續)

(vi) 以股份支付的酬金(續) 本公司向為本集團工作之附 屬公司僱員所授出其股本工 具之購股權乃視為資本出 資。所獲得僱員服務之公平 值乃參考授出日期之公平值 計量,於歸屬期內確認為增 加對附屬公司業務之投資, 並相應計入母公司實體賬目 內之權益。

(x) 撥備

撥備於本集團因過去的事件而產 生現有之法律或推定責任;可能 導致資源流出以清償該項責任; 及有關金額能可靠估計時確認。 日後經營虧損則不會確認撥備。

倘出現若干類似責任,償還有關 責任所需之資源流出的可能性, 乃經考慮責任總體類別後釐定。 即使同一責任類別之任何一個項 目導致資源流出的可能性不大, 仍須確認撥備。

撥備按管理層於報告期末對履行 現有責任所需的開支現值的最佳 估計計量。用以釐定現值的折扣 率為反映現時市場對貨幣時間價 值的評估以及負債特定風險的税 前比率。隨時間流逝而產生之撥 備增加確認為利息開支。

(y) Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and services in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue is shown net of value-added tax, returns, rebates and discounts and after eliminated sales within the Group.

Sales of goods

Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customers, the customer has accepted the products, the collection of the related consideration is probable and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products.

A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

A contract liability is recognised when a customer pays consideration, or is contractually required to pay consideration and the amount is already due, before the Group recognises the related revenue. The Group recognised its contract liabilities under accruals and other payables as receipt in advance from customers in the consolidated balance sheet.

(z) Rental income

Rental income from investment property is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease term.

(aa) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

- (y) 收入之確認
 - 收入包括本集團日常業務過程中 就銷售貨品及服務所收取或應收 取代價之公平值。收入於扣除增 值税、退貨、回扣及折扣以及對 銷本集團內部銷售後呈列。

銷售貨品

銷售於產品的控制權轉移時(即產 品交付予客戶、客戶接納產品、 收取相關代價的可能性甚高,且 概無足以影響客戶接納產品之未 履行責任時)確認。

應收款項於貨品交付時確認,此 乃由於此刻代價已為無條件,因 為在付款到期前僅需等待一段時 間。

合約負債於本集團確認相關收入 前客戶支付代價或受合約規定須 支付代價且該款項已到期時確認。 本集團於綜合資產負債表內將其 合約負債確認為應計費用及其他 應付款項下向客戶收取之預付款 項。

(z) 租金收入

來自投資物業之租金收入在租賃 期間按直線法基準於綜合全面收 益表中確認。

(aa) 利息收入

利息收入採用實際利息法按時間 比例基準確認。

(ab) Government grant

Grant from the government is recognised at its fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions.

Government grant relating to costs is deferred and recognised in profit or loss over the period necessary to match it with the costs that it is intended to compensate.

Government grant relating to property, plant and equipment and service concession arrangement is included in accruals and other payables and is credited to the profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the expected lives of the related assets.

(ac) Leases

Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group.

Contracts may contain both lease and non-lease components. The Group allocates the consideration in the contract to the lease and non-lease components based on their relative stand-alone prices. However, for leases of real estate for which the Group is a lessee, it has elected not to separate lease and non-lease components and instead accounts for these as a single lease component.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments (if applicable):

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable;
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable by the Group under residual value guarantees;

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

(ab) 政府補助

政府補助會於可合理保證將收到 補助及本集團將符合所有附帶條 件時按公平值確認。

與成本有關的政府補助將會遞延, 並於將該等補助與其擬補償成本 進行匹配所需期間內在損益確認。

與物業、廠房及設備以及服務特 許權安排有關的政府補助列入應 計費用及其他應付款項,並按直 線法於相關資產的預期年期內計 入損益。

(ac) 租賃

在租賃資產可供本集團使用之日, 租賃確認為使用權資產,並相應 確認一項負債。

合約可同時包含租賃及非租賃部 份。本集團會根據租賃及非租賃 部份的相對單獨價格將合約中的 代價分配至各個部份。然而,就 本集團作為承租人的房地產租賃 而言,本集團已選擇不將租賃部 分與非租賃部分分開,而是將該 等部分作為單一租賃部分入賬。

租賃所產生的資產及負債初步以 現值進行計量。租賃負債包括以 下租賃付款的淨現值(倘適用):

- 固定付款(包括實質的固定 付款),減任何應收租賃獎勵;
- 按指數或利率計算的可變租 賃付款,初步按開始日期的 指數或利率計算;
- 本集團根據剩餘價值保證預 期應付的金額;

(ac) Leases (Continued)

- the exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising that option.

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Group, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Group uses recent third-party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third party financing was received, nature of the lease assets and the terms and conditions of the leases, such as the lease periods and geographical locations.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

(ac) 租賃(續)

- 購買選擇權的行使價(倘本 集團合理確定行使該選擇 權);及
- 就終止租賃支付的罰款(倘 租賃條款反映本集團行使該 選擇權)。

計算負債時亦會計入在合理確定 行使續期選擇權下將會支付的租 賃付款。

租賃付款採用租賃所隱含的利率 貼現。倘未能確定該利率(本集團 的租賃一般均未能確定),則會使 用承租人增量借款利率,即個別 承租人就於類似經濟環境中以相 若條款、抵押品及條件取得價值 與使用權資產相若的資產所必須 借入的資金而須支付的利率。

為釐定增量借款利率,本集團採 用個別承租人所收取的近期第三 方融資作為起點,並進行調整以 反映自收取第三方融資以來融資 狀況的變動、租賃資產的性質及 租賃的條款及條件,例如租賃期 及地理位置。

租賃付款會分配為本金及財務成 本。財務成本於租期內在綜合全 面收益表中扣除,藉以令各期間 的責任餘額的期間利率一致。

(ac) Leases (Continued)

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following (if applicable):

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
- prepayment;
- any initial direct costs; and
- restoration costs.

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. If the Group is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the right-of-use asset is depreciated over the underlying asset's useful life.

Payments associated with short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less.

The Group has adopted Amendment to HKFRS 16 -Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions retrospectively from 1 January 2020. The amendment provides an optional practical expedient allowing lessees to elect not to assess whether a rent concession related to COVID19 is a lease modification. Lessees adopting this election may account for gualifying rent concessions in the same way as they would if they were not lease modifications. The practical expedient only applies to rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic and only if all of the following conditions are met: (a) the change in lease payments results in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change; (b) any reduction in lease payments affects only payments due on or before 30 June 2021; and (c) there is no substantive change to other terms and conditions of the lease.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

(ac) 租賃(續)

使用權資產按包含以下各項之成 本計量(倘適用):

- 租賃負債的初步計量金額;
- 預付款項;
- 任何初始直接成本;及
- 修復成本。

使用權資產一般於資產可使用年 期及租期(以較短者為準)以直線 法折舊。倘本集團合理確定會行 使購買選擇權,使用權資產於相 關資產的可使用年期折舊。

與短期租賃及低價值資產租賃相 關的付款以直線法於綜合全面收 益表中確認為開支。短期租賃指 租期為12個月或以下的租賃。

本集團自二零二零年一月一日起 追溯採用香港財務報告準則第16 號(修訂本)-Covid-19相關租金 優惠。該修訂本提供一項實務權 **宜安排的選項,**允許承租人選擇 對COVID-19相關租金優惠是否 屬租賃修訂不予評估。倘並非屬 租賃修訂,採納該選項的承租人 可按相同方式將合資格租金優惠 入賬。實務權宜安排僅適用於因 COVID-19大流行的直接影響及僅 在滿足以下所有條件的情況下產 生的租金優惠:(a)租賃付款變動 導致租賃的代價修訂,與緊接變 動前的租賃代價大致相同或低於 該代價;(b)租賃付款的任何扣減 僅影響於二零二一年六月三十日 或之前到期的付款;及(c)租賃的 其他條款及條件並無實質變動。

(ac) Leases (Continued)

The Group has also adopted Amendment to HKFRS 16 – Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021, which extended the practical expedient to lease payments that were due on or before 30 June 2022.

The Group has applied the practical expedient to all qualifying COVID-19-related rent concessions.

Lease income from operating leases where the Group is a lessor is recognised in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Initial direct costs incurred in obtaining an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the underlying asset and recognised as expense over the lease term on the same basis as lease income. The respective leased assets are included in the consolidated balance sheet based on their nature. The Group did not need to make any adjustments to the accounting for assets held as lessor as a result of adopting the new leasing standard.

(ad) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Where the Company's shares are acquired from the market by the Scheme (Note 19(b)), the total consideration of shares acquired from the market (including any directly attributable incremental costs) is presented as shares held for the Scheme and deducted from total equity.

(ae) Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Group's and the Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders or directors, where appropriate.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

- (ac) 租賃(續)
 - 本集團亦已採納香港財務報告準 則第16號(修訂本)二零二一年六 月三十日後Covid-19相關租金優 惠,將實務權宜安排延伸至二零 二二年六月三十日或之前到期的 租賃付款。

本 集 團 已 就 所 有 符 合 條 件 的 Covid-19相關租金優惠採用實務權 宜安排。

本集團作為承租人的營運租賃租 金收入於租期內按直線法在收入 內確認。就營運租賃所產生的初 始直接成本則和金收入相關資產的販 值中,並按與租金收入相同的基 資產根據其性團毋須因為採納 有之資產之會計處理作出任何調 整。

(ad) 股本

普通股分類為權益。發行新股份 直接產生的增加成本在權益內列 值為所得款項的除税後扣減。

倘根據計劃(附註19(b))於市場上 收購本公司的股份,於市場上所 收購股份的總收代價(包括任何直 接應佔增加成本)乃呈列為於計劃 下持有之股份,並自總權益中扣 除。

(ae) 股息分派

向本公司股東分派之股息於股息 獲本公司股東或董事(倘適用)批 准期間在本集團及本公司之財務 報表中確認為負債。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

(a) Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

(i) Foreign exchange risk

The Group's foreign currency transactions are mainly denominated in Renminbi ("RMB"), HK\$ and United States dollars ("US\$"). The majority of assets and liabilities are denominated in RMB, HK\$ and US\$, and there are no significant assets and liabilities denominated in other currencies. The Group is subject to foreign exchange rate risk arising from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities which are denominated in a currency other than HK\$ or RMB, which are the functional currencies of the major operating companies within the Group.

As HK\$ is pegged to US\$, management believes that the exchange rate risk for translations between HK\$ and US\$ does not have a material impact to the Group. The exchange rate of RMB to HK\$ is subject to the rules and regulations of foreign exchange control promulgated by the PRC government.

This currency exposure is managed primarily through sourcing raw materials denominated in the same currency. The Group has not considered it appropriate to substantially hedge against currency risks through forward exchange contracts upon consideration of the currency risk involved and the cost of obtaining such cover.

At 31 December 2022, if HK\$ had strengthened/ weakened by 5% against the RMB, with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the year would have been approximately HK\$4,457,000, higher or lower (31 December 2021: post-tax loss for the year would have been approximately HK\$4,887,000, lower or higher), mainly as a result of foreign exchange differences on translation of RMB denominated net payables of the group entities with HK\$ as their functional currency.

3 財務風險管理

(a) 財務風險因素

本集團業務承受多種財務風險: 市場風險(包括外匯風險、利率風 險及價格風險)、信貸風險及流動 資金風險。本集團之整體風險管 理計劃專注於金融市場之不可預 測性,務求盡量減低對本集團財 務表現可能構成的不利影響。

(i) 外匯風險

本集團的外幣交易主要以人 民幣(「人民幣」)、港元及美 元(「美元」)計值。大部分資 產及負債以人民幣、港元及 美元計值,及概無重大資產 及負債以其他貨幣計值。本 集團旗下主要營運公司的功 能貨幣)以外貨幣計值的未 來商業交易及已確認資產及 負債而承受外匯匯率風險。

由於港元與美元掛鈎,管理 層相信,港元及美元進行換 算的匯率風險對本集團並無 重大影響。人民幣兑港元的 匯率須遵守中國政府頒佈的 外匯管制規則及條例。

此貨幣風險主要透過採購以 相同貨幣計值的原材料進行 管理。經考慮所涉及貨幣風 險代價及取得有關保障的成 本後,本集團認為不適宜透 過遠期外匯合約就貨幣風險 進行大量對沖。

於二零二二年十二月三十一 日,倘港元兑人民幣匯率 升/跌5%,而所有其他變 數不變,本年度的除税後溢 利將增加或減少約4,457,000 港元(二零二一年十二月 三十一日:年度除税後虧損 將減少或增加約4,887,000港 元),主要由於以港元為功 能貨幣的集團實體換算以人 民幣計值的應付款項淨額而 引致匯兑差額所致。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(a) Financial risk factors (Continued)

(i) Foreign exchange risk (Continued)

At 31 December 2022, if RMB had strengthened/ weakened by 5% against the US\$, with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the year would have been approximately HK\$14,743,000, lower or higher (31 December 2021: post-tax loss for the year would have been approximately HK\$7,686,000, higher or lower), mainly as a result of foreign exchange differences on translation of US\$ denominated net receivables of the group entities with RMB as their functional currency.

(ii) Interest rate risk

The Group has cash balances placed with reputable banks and financial institutions, which generate interest income for the Group.

Borrowings at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest-rate risk. Borrowings at fixed rates and lease liabilities expose the Group to fair value interest-rate risk. Details of the Group's borrowings have been disclosed in Note 21 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Group has not used any interest rate swaps to hedge its exposure to interest rate risk.

The Group analyses its interest rate exposure on a dynamic basis. Various scenarios are simulated taking into consideration of refinancing, renewal of existing positions, and alternative financing. Based on these scenarios, the Group calculates the impact on profit of a defined interest rate shift. For each simulation, the same interest rate shift is used. The scenarios are run only for assets and liabilities that represent the major interest-bearing positions.

Based on the simulations performed, if there is a 100 basis-point shift, the post-tax profit for the year would have been approximately HK\$1,001,000, higher or lower (year ended 31 December 2021: post-tax loss would have been approximately HK\$818,000, lower or higher) mainly as a result of change in interest rates on pledged bank deposit and borrowings at variable interest rate (2021: same).

3 財務風險管理(續)

- (a) 財務風險因素(續)
 - (i) 外匯風險(續)
 - 於二零二二年十二月三十一 日,倘人民幣兑美元匯率 升/跌5%,而所有其他變數 不變,本年度的除税後溢利 將減少或增加約14,743,000 港元(二零二一年十二月 三十一日:年度除税後虧損 將增加或減少約7,686,000港 元),主要由於以人民幣為功 能貨幣的集團實體換算以美 元計值的應收款項淨額而引 致匯兑差額所致。

(ii) 利率風險

本集團於多家信譽良好的銀 行及金融機構存放的現金結 餘為本集團帶來利息收入。

按可變利率計息之借貸令本 集團承受現金流量利率風險。按固定利率計息之借貸 及租賃負債則令本集團承受 公平值利率風險。本集團借 貸詳情已於綜合財務報表附 註21中披露。

本集團並無使用任何利率掉 期對沖其利率風險。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

- (a) Financial risk factors (Continued)
 - (iii) Price risk

The Group is not exposed to equity securities price risk and commodity price risk.

(iv) Credit risk

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, pledged bank deposit, amount due from an associated company, amounts due from joint ventures, as well as credit exposures to trade and bills receivables and other financial assets at amortised cost.

(1) Risk management

Credit risk is managed on a group basis. Management has policies in place to monitor the exposures to these credit risks on an ongoing basis.

The Group has put in place policies to ensure that sales of products are made to customers with an appropriate credit history and the Group performs periodic credit evaluations of its customers based on their past repayment patterns, latest business developments and other factors. The Group's historical experience in collection of trade and bills receivables falls within the recorded allowances.

The table below shows the credit limit and balance of the five major debtors at 31 December 2022 and 2021.

3 財務風險管理(續)

(a) 財務風險因素(續)

(iii) 價格風險

本集團並無承受股本證券價 格風險及商品價格風險。

(iv) 信貸風險

信貸風險來自現金及現金等 值項目、已抵押銀行存款、應 收一間聯營公司款項、應收 合營企業款項,以及應收貿 易賬款及票據及其他按攤銷 成本列賬之金融資產信貸風 險。

(1) 風險管理 信貸風險乃按組合基 準管理。管理層已制定 政策,持續監察此等信 貸風險的水平。

> 下表載列五大債務人分 別於二零二二年及二 零二一年十二月三十一 日之信貸限額及結餘。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3 財務風險管理(續)

As at 31 December

- (a) Financial risk factors (Continued)
 - (iv) Credit risk (Continued)
 - (1) Risk management (Continued)

(a) 財務風險因素(續)
 (iv) 信貸風險(續)

(1) 風險管理(續)

		As at ST De 於十二月三		
	ボーーカニ 2022 二零二二年		・ 2021 二零二一	年
Counterparty	Credit limit	Utilised	Credit limit	Utilised
對應方	信貸限額	已使用	信貸限額	已使用
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
А	65,000	64,023	44,000	43,941
В	44,000	43,084	21,000	5,238
С	45,000	43,047	30,000	28,606
D	37,000	34,861	38,000	36,388
E	31,000	30,482	37,000	36,068
F	10,000	9,399	40,000	39,660
G	10,000	8,250	31,000	30,575

(2) Impairment of financial assets

Trade and bills receivables, amount due from an associated company and amounts due from joint ventures for sales of goods of the Group are subject to the expected credit losses model. While cash and cash equivalents, pledged bank deposits and other financial assets at amortised cost are also subject to the impairment requirements of HKFRS 9, the identified impairment loss was immaterial.

Trade and bills receivables, amount due from an associated company and amounts due from joint ventures

The Group applies the HKFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for trade and bills receivables, amount due from an associated company and amounts due from joint ventures. The Group measures the expected credit losses on a combination of both individual and collective basis. (2) 金融資產減值

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

3	FINANCIAI	RISK MANAGEMENT (co	ontinued)	3	財	<mark>务風險管理</mark> (續)	
		Fal risk factors (Continued) <i>Impairment of financial assets (C</i> <i>Measurement of expected credit</i> <i>basis</i> The receivables relating to custor financial difficulties or with sig collection of receivables are ass for provision for impairment. Ac 2022, the balance of credit I respect of individually assessed approximately HK\$83,462,000 2021: approximately HK\$71,370	t loss on individual omers with known nificant doubt on sessed individually s at 31 December loss allowance in d receivables was 0 (31 December		(a)	信貸虧損 與已知 或 存 相關 與 中 重 大 明 個 婚 二 一 日 明 二 一 明 二 四 四 重 大 明 一 四 四 重 大 明 二 四 四 重 大 明 二 四 四 重 大 四 四 重 大 二 日 四 四 重 大 四 二 二 四 四 重 大 二 四 四 重 大 二 四 四 三 四 四 重 大 二 四 四 重 大 四 四 章 六 四 四 二 二 四 四 二 二 四 四 二 二 四 四 二 二 四 四 二 二 四 四 二 二 四 四 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二	<i>植準</i> 現收疑效個二與款廢 <i>復</i> <i>員</i> 一 一 現 一 現 、 現 一 現 、 間 項 別 年 該 項 備 元 三 四 項 之 ・ 評 十 等 有 結 (三 三 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二
	The following table presents the gross of amount and the credit loss allowance in of the individually assessed receivables as December 2022 and 2021:		owance in respect			年及二零. 月三十一 應收款項, 及信貸虧損 2022	於二零二二 二一年十二 日個別評估 之賬備: 2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
		Gross carrying amount Credit loss allowance	賬面總值 信貸虧損撥備			83,462 (83,462)	71,370 (71,370)

信貸賬面淨值

Credit net carrying amount

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

- (a) Financial risk factors (Continued)
 - (iv) Credit risk (Continued)
 - (2) Impairment of financial assets (Continued) Measurement of expected credit loss on collective basis

Expected credit losses are also estimated by grouping the remaining receivables based on the credit risk characteristics and assessed collectively for credit losses allowance. When measuring the expected credit losses, the Group considered the credit losses incurred in the past, and adjusted by taking into consideration current conditions and forward looking factors.

As at 31 December 2022, the balance of credit loss allowance in respect of these collectively assessed receivables was approximately HK\$10,732,000 (31 December 2021: approximately HK\$16,078,000) based on expected credit loss rates up to 4.58% (2021: 6.70%) applied on different groupings.

Impairment and reversal of impairment losses on receivables are presented as "net impairment losses on financial assets" in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. When a receivable is uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account for receivables. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited in profit or loss.

Cash and cash equivalents, pledged bank deposit and other financial assets at amortised cost

There is no loss allowance for cash and cash equivalents, pledged bank deposit and other financial assets at amortised cost as at 31 December 2022 (31 December 2021: same).

3 財務風險管理(續)

- (a) 財務風險因素(續)
 - (iv) 信貸風險(續)

(2) 金融資產減值(續) 按集體基準計量預期 信貸虧損 集團亦按信貸風險特性 將餘下應收款項組合以 估計預期信貸虧損,並 就信貸虧損撥備進行集 體評估。計量預期信貸 虧損時,本集團考慮過 往發生的信貸虧損,並 透過考慮當前狀況及前 瞻性因素進行調整。

> 於二零二二年十二月 三十一日,按適用於不 同組別的最高預期信 貸虧損比率4.58%(二 零二一年:6.70%)計 算,該等集體評估應收 款項之信貸虧損撥備結 餘約10,732,000港元(二 零二一年十二月三十一 日:約16,078,000港元)。

> 應收款項減值及減值產 損撥回乃於綜合全融 收益表呈列為「金融資 產收款項無法收回時, 即對應收款項撥備賬撇 銷。隨後收回先前已撇 銷之款項會撥入損益。

> 現金及現金等值項目、 已抵押銀行存款及按 攤銷成本列賬之其他 金融資產

於二零二二年十二月 三十一日,現金及現金 等值項目、已抵押銀行 存款以及按攤銷成本列 賬之其他金融資產並 無虧損撥備(二零二一 年十二月三十一日:相 同)。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(a) Financial risk factors (Continued)

(v) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities. The Group aims to maintain flexibility in funding by keeping sufficient cash.

As at 31 December 2022, the cash and cash equivalents of the Group approximated HK\$305,356,000 (31 December 2021: approximately HK\$251,164,000).

The following tables analyse the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the tables are the contractual undiscounted cash flows and the earliest date the Group can be required to pay. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying values, as the impact of discounting is not significant.

Specifically, as at 31 December 2022, for borrowings which contained repayment on demand clauses which could be exercised at the banks' sole discretion, the balances had been reclassified as current liabilities. The analysis shows the cash outflow based on earliest period in which the Group can be required to pay, that is if the lender were to invoke their unconditional rights to call the loans with immediate effect (2021: same).

3 財務風險管理(續)

(a) 財務風險因素(續)

(v) 流動資金風險 審慎的流動資金風險管理包

話維持充裕現金及透過足夠的承諾信貸融資提供所需資金。本集團旨在透過保留足夠現金維持資金之靈活性。

於二零二二年十二月三十一 日,本集團的現金及現金等 值項目約305,356,000港元 (二零二一年十二月三十一 日:約251,164,000港元)。

下表為將按相關到期組別將 本集團的金融負債分類後 出的分析,分類方法基 員日至合約到期日的和 間。下表內披露的金額為合 約未貼現現求付款的最早日 期。由於貼現的影響不大, 於十二個月內到期的結餘與 其賬面值相等。

具體而言,於二零二二年 十二月三十一日,就包含須 按要求償還條款(可由銀行 全權酌情決定行使)的借決定行使)的借 流了,結餘已重新分類為 動負債。該分析按本集團可 能被要求付款的最早期間(即 放債人要即時援引其無條件 權利以拆借)顯示現金流出 (二零二一年:相同)。
3 財務風險管理(續)

- (a) Financial risk factors (Continued)
 - (v) Liquidity risk (Continued)

(a) 財務風險因素(續)

(v) 流動資金風險(續)

		On	Less than	Between 1 and	Between 2 and	Over	
		demand	1 year	2 years 1至2年	5 years 2至5年	5 years	Total
		按要求償還	1 年內	之間	之間	5年以上	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年						
	十二月三十一日						
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸						
 principal portion 	一本金部分	108,323	10	-	-	-	108,333
Other borrowings	其他借貸						
 principal portion 	一本金部分	-	214	276	751	1,179	2,420
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	-	5,574	3,423	546	-	9,543
Trade payables	應付貿易賬款	-	168,318	-	-	-	168,318
Accruals and	應計費用及						
other payables	其他應付款項	-	94,075	-	-	-	94,075
Loans from non-controlling	來自非控股權益						
interests	之貸款	17,486	-	-	-	-	17,486
Dividends payable	應付股息	-	191	-	-	-	191
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年						
	十二月三十一日						
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸						
- principal portion	一本金部分	138,227	273	-	-	-	138,500
Other borrowings	其他借貸						
– principal portion	一本金部分	-	106	228	944	1,570	2,848
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	-	3,991	2,996	76	-	7,063
Trade payables	應付貿易賬款	-	178,432	-	-	-	178,432
Accruals and	應計費用及						
other payables	其他應付款項	-	88,562	_	-	-	88,562
Loans from non-controlling	來自非控股權益						
interests	之貸款	17,369	-	_	-	-	17,369
Dividends payable	應付股息	-	184	_	_	_	184

3 財務風險管理(續)

(a) Financial risk factors (Continued)

(a) 財務風險因素(續)

(v) Liquidity risk (Continued)

The table below analyses the borrowings of the Group into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date without taking into consideration the effect of repayment on demand clauses, while interest payments are computed using contractual rates. (v) 流動資金風險(續) 下表按照於結算日至合約到 期日的餘下期間分析本集團 分類至相關到期組別的借 貸,當中並無計及按要求償 還條款的影響,而利息付款 以合約利率計算。

		Within 1 year 1年內 HK\$'000	Between 1 and 2 years 1至2年 之間 HK\$'000	Between 2 and 5 years 2至5年 之間 HK\$'000	Over 5 years 5年以上 HK\$'000	Total 總計 HK\$′000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
As at 31 December 2022	於二零二二年 十二月三十一日					
Borrowings:	借貸:					
 principal portion 	一本金部分	61,450	23,067	25,057	1,179	110,753
 interest portion 	一利息部分	3,722	1,997	1,188	35	6,942
		65,172	25,064	26,245	1,214	117,695
As at 31 December 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日					
Borrowings:	借貸:					
- principal portion	一本金部分	64,231	30,843	44,704	1,570	141,348
 interest portion 	一利息部分	1,743	1,113	1,034	49	3,939
		65,974	31,956	45,738	1,619	145,287

(b) Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt (borrowings less cash and cash equivalents) divided by total equity. Management considers a gearing ratio of not more than 30% as reasonable.

3 財務風險管理(續)

(b) 資金管理風險

本集團的資金管理旨在保障本集 團按持續經營基準繼續營運之能 力,從而為股東帶來回報,同時 兼顧其他權益持有人的利益,並 維持最佳的資本結構以減低資金 成本。

為維持或調整資本結構,本集團 可能會調整支付予股東的股息金 額、向股東發還資金、發行新股 或出售資產以減低債務。

本集團利用資產負債比率監察其 資本。此比率按淨債務(借貸扣除 現金及現金等值項目)除以總權益 計算。管理層認為合理的資產負 債比率應不高於30%。

		As at 31 De 於十二月三	
		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Borrowings	借貸	110,753	141,348
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	減:現金及現金等值項目	(305,356)	(251,164)
Net Cash	淨現金	(194,603)	(109,816)
Total equity	總權益	1,131,481	1,094,446
Gearing ratio	資產負債比率	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用

Surplus cash held by the operating entities over the requirement for working capital management are transferred to interest bearing current accounts and time deposits, with appropriate maturities to manage its overall liquidity position. As at 31 December 2022, the Group maintains cash and cash equivalents of approximately HK\$305,356,000 (31 December 2021: approximately HK\$251,164,000) that are expected to be readily available to meet the cash outflows of its financial liabilities.

經營實體所持超過營運資金管理 所需的現金盈餘,乃轉撥入具合 適到期日之計息往來賬戶及定期 存款,以管理其總體流動資金狀 況。於二零二二年十二月三十一 日,本集團之現金及現金等值項 目約305,356,000港元(二零二一年 十二月三十一日:約251,164,000 港元),預期足以滿足其金融負債 之現金流出。

(c) Fair value estimation

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and liabilities including cash and cash equivalents, pledged bank deposit, trade and bills receivables, other financial assets at amortised cost, amount due from an associated company, amounts due from joint ventures, current portion of borrowings, trade payables, dividends payable, accruals and other payables, and loans from non-controlling interests, approximate their fair values due to their short maturities. The non-current portion of other borrowings approximates their fair values as the impact of discount is not significant. Lease liabilities are initially measured on a present value basis by discounting the lease payments to net present value using the entities' incremental borrowing rate.

See Note 8 for disclosures of investment property that is measured at fair value at 31 December 2022.

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

Assessment of the expected credit losses of trade and bills receivables

The Group makes provision for impairment of trade and bills receivables based on assumption about risk of default and expected credit loss rate (Note 3(a)(iv)). The Group uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculations based on the credit losses incurred in the past, current conditions as well as forward-looking estimates at the balance sheet date.

3 財務風險管理(續)

(c) 公平值估計

有關於二零二二年十二月三十一 日按公平值計量之投資物業的披 露詳情敬請參閱附註8。

4 重大會計估計及判斷

估計及判斷會持續評估,並按過往經驗 及其他因素(包括於有關情況下相信為 合理之未來事件之預測)而作出。

本集團對未來作出估計及假設。根據定 義,由此產生之會計估計於極少情況下 會與其實際結果相同。極可能導致須對 下個財政年度之資產及負債賬面值作出 重大調整之估計及假設載列如下。

評估應收貿易賬款及票據的預期 信貸虧損

本集團根據有關違約風險及預期信貸虧 損比率的假設就應收貿易賬款及票據計 提撥備(附註3(a)(iv))。本集團於作出該 等假設及挑選計算減值的輸入數據時運 用判斷,並以過往產生的信貸虧損、現 況及於結算日的前瞻估計為基礎。

5 SEGMENT INFORMATION

The chief operating decision-maker has been identified as the Board. The Board reviews the Group's internal reports in order to assess performance and allocate resources. The Board has determined the operating segments based on these reports.

The Group is principally engaged in manufacturing and trading of hospitality supplies products ("Hospitality Supplies Business"), trading of operating supplies and equipment ("OS&E Business"), and manufacturing and trading of health care and hygienic products ("Health Care and Hygienic Products Business"). From a geographical perspective, the Board assesses the performance based on the Group's revenue by geographical location in which the customer is located. Altogether, the Group has three reporting segments: (i) Hospitality Supplies Business; (ii) OS&E Business; and (iii) Health Care and Hygienic Products Business.

The Board assesses the performance of the operating segments based on a measure of profit/(loss) before income tax, impairment of goodwill, share of profit/(loss) of an associated company, share of loss of a joint venture and fair value gain on an investment property.

Information provided to the Board is measured in a manner consistent with that of the consolidated financial statements.

Sales between segments are carried out at normal commercial terms. Depreciation and amortisation charges are apportioned with reference to respective segment revenue from external customers. Assets and liabilities of the Group are allocated by reference to the principal markets in which the Group operates.

5 分類資料

董事會為主要營運決策者。董事會檢討 本集團的內部報告以評估業績及分配資 源。董事會基於此等報告確定經營分類。

本集團主要從事製造及銷售酒店供應品 類產品(「酒店供應品業務」)、銷售營運 用品及設備(「營運用品及設備業務」), 以及製造及銷售健康護理及衛生用品 (「健康護理及衛生用品業務」)。從地理 區域角度而言,董事會評估業績時會依 據本集團的客戶所在地域之收入來釐 定。總括而言,本集團共有三項呈報分 類:(i)酒店供應品業務;(ii)營運用品及 設備業務;及(iii)健康護理及衛生用品業 務。

董事會以未計所得税前溢利/(虧損)、 商譽減值、應佔一間聯營公司溢利/(虧 損)、應佔一間合營企業虧損及一項投 資物業之公平值收益為衡量基準以評估 經營分類的表現。

向董事會呈報的資料採用與綜合財務報 表一致的方式計量。

分類間的銷售按一般商業條款進行。折 舊及攤銷費用乃參考來自外部客戶的各 分類收入予以分配。本集團的資產及負 債乃參照本集團所經營業務的主要市場 進行分配。

(4,733) 156,893 (64,373) 87,708 511 (207) 1,974 (20,144) 69,842 Total 1,797,758 1,793,025 (687) 593 4,718) ÷ ĥ 16 HK\$,000 十海儿 ສຸ 8 Others 其他 20,268 (9,923) (108) Sub-total 266,811 (122) 266,689 10,241 Health Care and Hygienic Products Business (1,875) Others Note vi) 34,440 (122) (868) (1) (10) 34,318 健康護理及衛生用品業務 8,688 (2,937) (33) 77,656 77,656 5,718 Kong 12,448 (5,985) (65) 154,715 North 154,715 HK\$,000 形形 6,398 分類資料(續) 149,448 Sub-total 149,448 969 1,858 ∞ OS&E Business 營運用品及設備業務 Others Note iv) 6,599 (365) 46,240 46,240 6,238 花回 The PRC (Note i) 4,741) (815) (5,542) 103,208 103,208 4 田 ſ 1,381,499 (4,611) (53,270) (53,270) (579) 571 (4,711) 1,376,888 75,448 Sub-total Others Note iii) 3,103 3,103 897 (124) (1) 4 216 262,224 20,911 (10,144) (110) 30 (431) 10,256 262,224 Other Asia egions 臣大地區 Pacific 其他 9,288 (5,841) 8 <u>د</u> 150,984 150,984 Hospitality Supplies Business 酒店供應品業務 Australia 13,379 HK\$'000 千浦元 【「「「「」」) The Hong Kong Special dministrative legion of the PRC ("Hong 待别行政區 Kong" 四番流 176,451 (571) 28,908 (6,804) (74) 193 (3,610) 18,613 175,880 (8,570) 354,431 (4,040) 5,454 (13,555) (148) 344 (665) (油蜜) HK\$,000 H#H 350,391 The PRC Vote i 田田 SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued) 22,465 (9,708) (106) 250,963 250,963 Europe 12,651 35,514 (7,094) (77) 183,343 28,343 North 183,343 i. 截至二零二二年 十二月三十一日止年度 分類收入 分類間收入 未計利息、税項、折舊、攤 應佔一間聯營公司溢利 應佔一間合營企業虧損 一項投資物業之公平值 收益(*附註8)* 所得税開支 之公平值收益前的 盈利/(虧損) 萧舊 離銷 銷及一項投資物業 來自外部客戶的收入 分類溢利/(虧損) 未計所得税前 年度溢利 財務收入 財務成本 Geographical depreciation, amortisation and fair value Share of profit of an associated company Fair value gain on an investment property Earnings((loss) before interest, taxes, Revenue from external customers gain on an investment property Year ended 31 December 2022 Share of loss of a joint venture Segment profit/(loss) before Inter-segment revenue Income tax expenses Segment revenue Profit for the year Finance income income tax Amortisation Finance costs Depreciation (Note 8) ſ

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) 综合財務報表附註(續)

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Geographical (Continued)

5 分類資料(_{續)}

		Ŧ	Hospitality Supplies Business 酒店供應品業務	Supplies Business 供應品業務				OS&E Business 營運用品及設備業務	siness 設備業務		Health (Health Care and Hygienic Products Business 健康護理及衛生用品業務	nic Products Bu 住用品業務	Isiness	Others 其他	
	The PRC			Kingdom of Cambodia	Other locations		The PRC		Other locations		The PRC		Other locations			Inter- segment
	(Note)) 中國	Hong Kong	Australia (("Cambodia") 柬埔寨 干國	(Note v) 样名地區	Sub-total	(Note i) 中國	Hong Kong	(Note vi) 样食 诺丽	Sub-total	(Note i) 中國	Hong Kong	(Note vii) 样名基晶	Sub-total		elimination 分類間
		港	漸減	★「「東埔寨」」	(新計)	小計	()[提醒])	港	(新計点)	小学	(祖祖)	港	(新哲제)	小計		、抵抗
	HK\$,000	Ŧ		000, \$ XH	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	000, \$ XH	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	000,\$XH	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
As at 31 December 2022																
十二月三十一日 Total assets 音楽總額	630.057	696.935	2.299	344,887	53607	1 780	155.624	42 059	350	108.057	15 969	80 749	167	06 285	51108	(VYE VCE)

	(324,364) 1,749,461		- 5,463	- 116	010 00	0/0/00		1) 27/1 26/1 (617 020)
	35 51,108			-				16) (01610)
	167 96,885							- (55,096)
	80,749 16					•		(41 975)
	15,969 80,							(12 12 1) (11 1)
	198,052 1		•	•	F	7/		110 170 170
	359		ł	ł	2	\$		•
	42,059		•	•		•		(70 802)
	155,634		1	1	Q	₽		(AC 728)
	1,727,780		5,463	116	300 OC	0.00/00		(FAG A5Q)
	53,602		1	1	011	4/0		(05 707)
	344,887		1	1	40 600	70C ¹ 71		(18 087)
	2,299		1	1	LVC	147		1 371
	696,935		5,463	116	1 005	con/1		(018 040)
	630,057		1	1	A MA AC	414/47		(333 745)
十二月三十一日	資産總額	包括:	於一間聯營公司的投資	於合營企業的投資	非流動資產添置 (源44,44)	ビ川行気具圧 体	1	日価適望
	Total assets	Include:	Investment in an associated company	Investments in joint ventures	Additions to non-current assets (other	לוזפנו מבובונים ווערוווב ופע מאגרא		Total liabilities

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

Total HK\$*000 市出

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I L :	SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)	OD (Co	ntinued)							ы	分類資料(_續) : -	資料 (編	lamy'					
l (Cor	Geographical (Continued)			Ŧ	Hospitality Supplies Business 酒氏供雇品業務	s Business 業務				。	地回(續) 05&E Business ^登 運用品及設備業務	〕	Health Ca	Health Care and Hygienic Products Business 陸會議理及衝牛用品業務	. Products Busin 田品業務	ęx	Others 其 参	
		North America	Europe	The PRC (Note i) H	Hong Kong	stralia	Other Asia Pacific regions (Note ii)	Others (Note iii)	Sub-total	The PRC (Note i)	Others (Note iv)	Sub-total	North America	Hong Kong	Others (Note vi)	Sub-total	2	Total
		比美 HK\$'000 千港元	國派 14K\$ (000 (第 (元) (元	中國 <i>(熟註)</i> HK\$'000 千港元	香港 HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$1000 干港元	母大地圖 母大地圖 <i>(粉註ii)</i> HK\$'000 千港元	其他 <i>(船註诫)</i> HK\$'000 千港元	小計 HK\$'000 千港元	中國 (<i>魏昭()</i> HK\$'000 千尚元	其他 <i>(账註iv)</i> HK \$000 千港元	小計 HK\$'000 千港元	光 米 市 市 市 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二	香港 HK\$*000 千港元	其他 (<u>務</u> 群点) HK\$'000 市活	小 中 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	HK\$'000 千港元	aither 14(\$,000 千港元
截至二零二一年 十二月三十一 分類收入 分類間收入	(至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度 類收入 類間收入	159,985 -	97,260 -	510,522 (6,791)	150,892 (464)	30,406 -	144,526 -	1,741 -	1,095,332 (7,255)	124,970 -	31,443 -	156,413 -	104,814 -	51,993 (90)	34,660 (41)	191,467 (131)	1 1	1,443,212 (7,386)
來自外部	來自外部客戶的收入	159,985	97,260	503,731	150,428	30,406	144,526	1,741	1,088,077	124,970	31,443	156,413	104,814	51,903	34,619	191,336	ı	1,435,826
未 都 一 時 一 人 (本 本 子	未計到息。祝頂、折舊、 難證反聲譽就值前的 函利/(虧損) 對當收入 財務成本	5,048 (8,025) (107) -	517 (4,879) (65) -	(16,906) (25,277) (337) 916 (411)	5,145 (7,547) (100) 6 (1,945)	699 (1,525) (20) -	(6,702) (7,251) (96) 19 (58)	(87) 	(12,166) (54,591) (726) 941 (2,419)	3,789 (989) - 15	694 (248) 	4,483 (1,237) - 15	(3,406) (5,258) (69) -	(7,287) (2,530) (43) -	(4,274) (1,148) (15) 6	(14,967) (8,936) (127) -	(6) (6)	(22,045) (64,764) (853) 962 (2,425)
未計所得表 (虧損)/ 商審減值 應佔一間 所得税開3 所得税開3	末計所得視前分類 (應損)/溢利 (應損)/溢利 國醫減值 應佔百醫學菜館損 應估白醫企業館損 所得税開支	(3,084)	(4,427)	(42,015)	(4,441)	(851)	(14,088)	(55)	(68,961)	2,815	9446	3,261	(8,733)	(6) (6)	(5,431)	(24,024)	665	(89,125) (4,759) (457) (64) (54) (3,520)
年度虧損																		(97,925)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) 综合財務報表附註(續)

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		ON (Co	ontinued	~						ſ	分類诊	類資料 _(續)						
graphic	Geographical (Continued)										地 區 ((續)						
			Ŧ	Hospitality Supplies Business 酒店供應品業務	es Business 業務				OS&E Business 營運用品及設備業務	ness 備業務		Heath Ca 顧	Health Care and Hygienic Products Business 健康護理及衛生用品業務	: Products Busine 用品業務	SS	Others		
		The PRC Mote A		Auchtolic	uhoolis C	Other locations	Cub total	The PRC	Lond Kond	Other Locations	0.15 C.16 F.04		and V and V	Other locations	Cub total		Inter- segment	l ctoT
		(NOIE I) 中國	ногу когу	Australia	Carribould	(NOCE V) 其名志區	Ibiol-duc		Hong Kong	(more m) 其色地画	Ibi01-QUC		Hong Kong	(wore vii) 其名书画	IPIO1-ONC		eliminauon 分類間	10191
		(潮蚶) HK\$,000 千港元	₩¥ 148,000 148	第 WH N N N N N N N N N N N N N	東 HK\$1000 市 市	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	た (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	(<i>2)</i> HK\$000 干港元	考 第4,000 第 第 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二	(愛聞wii) HK\$'000 千港元	計 (1000 (1 (1 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	(<i>繁범</i>) HK\$'000 千港元	香香 (1000 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	(愛聞感) HK\$1000 千港元	志 HK\$,000 市 市	HH 14\$000 14 14 14	HK\$1000 市市 市	計 第 14 2000 第 二 第 二 第 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二
As at 31 December 2021 Iotal assets	日 + + - - - - - - - - - - - - -	833.042	547.323	1.812	338.798	48.677	1.769.652	121.485	33.807	45	155,836	20.954	54.040	340	75.334	44.579	(306.677)	1.738.724
clude: Investment in an associated commany	○括: 支一問輯總小回名応答		5 2 21				5 221	I	I		I					I		E 221
Investments in autocated company Investments in joint ventures Additions to non surroot scott	◎、 同部 ヨストリン// 月 於△營企業的投資 士は単必 ★活里	I	323	I	ı	I	323	I	I	I	I	ı	ı	ı	ļ	I	I	323
Additions to non-current assets (other than deferred income tax assets)		12,697	2,521	15	30,662	1,337	47,232	408	ı	ı.	408	ı.	ı.	i.	,	1	ı.	47,640
	負債總額	(380,079)	(222,212)	(1, 145)	(17,338)	(88,324)	(209,098)	(20,866)	(76,687)		(97,553)	(18,611)	(35,863)	i.	(54,474)	(89,830)	306,677	(644,278)
Notes:											附註:							
For the purk Administrati	For the purpose of this segment information disclosure, the PRC excludes Hong Kong, the Macau Special Administration Region of the PRC ("Macau") and Taiwan (2021: same).	t informati C ("Maca	ion disclos u") and Ta	ure, the F iiwan (20	PRC excluc 21: same)	les Hong	Kong, th	e Macau	Special		i 就政	本分類資料披露 區(「澳門」)及台	[料披露而]])及台灣(而言,中國 7 ◎(二零二3	國 一年 二年	□不包括香港、□ -年:相同)。	中國澳門	門特別行
Other Asia Qatar and I Emirates, Cá	Other Asia Pacific regions mainly include Singapore, Qatar and India (for the year ended 31 December Emirates, Cambodia, Malaysia, Singapore and India).	uly include ended 31 singapore	Singapor December and India)	e, Unitec er 2021:	United Arab Emirates, Macau, Japan, Philippines, 2021: mainly indude Macau, Japan, United Arab	iirates, M clude Ma	lacau, Jak Icau, Japa	oan, Phili an, Unite	ppines, d Arab		:= 其本止馬	其他亞太地區主要包括新加坡、阿拉伯聯合酋長國 本、菲律賓、卡塔爾及印度(截至二零二一年十二) 止年度:主要包括澳門、日本、阿拉伯聯合酋長國 馬來西亞、新加坡及印度)。	画 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一	回括新加 國及印度(國門、日本 (印度)。	废、圆枝、 截至二 ^溴 下、圆枝(白聯合 零二 一年 白聯 合武	·	∭ 三 十 一 十 二 本 二 本 二 、 二 本 二 、 一 二 本 二 、 一 二 十 一 、 二 、 一 、 一 、 一 、 一 、 一 、 一 、 一 一 、 一 一 、 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一
Others main December 2	Others mainly include Ivory Coast and Democratic Republic December 2021: mainly include Republic of Kenya and Algeria).	oast and Republic o	Democrat of Kenya a	ic Repub ind Algeri	of	congo	the Congo (for the year ended	year enc	ded 31		i≡	他士 王二二 -	包括象牙海岸及剛果民主共和國(截至二零二	海岸及剛 度:主要6	果民主 回括肯尼亞	共和國(; 亞共和國(;	截至二零 及阿爾及	二 — 年 利亞)。
Others mair mainly inclu	Others mainly include Hong Kong, Macau, Malaysia and C mainly include Hong Kong, Macau, Malaysia and Australia).	ing, Macai au, Malay	u, Malaysi. sia and Au	a and Qa ıstralia).	and Qatar (for the year ended tralia).	le year er	<u>.</u>	December 2021:	r 2021:		.≥ 其年滅	告 十 二 一 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二	据十	{香港、澳門、県 → 日止年度:∃	馬 来西亞 一 西 近 一	及 市 本 適 者 志 、 演	來西亞及卡塔爾(截至二 要包括香港、澳門、馬來	零二 — 因 招 及
Other locati	Other locations mainly include Macau and India (as at	Macau and	l India (as	at 31 Dec	31 December 2021: same)	21: same	<i></i>			-	> 其相	其他地區主要包括澳門及印度(於 相同)。	要包括澳	門及印度	₹(於二零	十 年 十	十二月三十	 Щ
Others mair 2021: mainl	Others mainly include the PRC (<i>Note i</i>), Cambodia, Germany and Macau (for the year ended 31 December 2021: mainly include the PRC (<i>Note i</i>), Cambodia, Japan and Macau).	Note i), Ca Jote i), Car	ambodia, G mbodia, Ja	sermany s apan and	and Macat Macau).	u (for the	year endé	ed 31 De	cember	2	 其二業	他一、 王年日 夏十本	∈包括中國(- 二月三十- - 及澳門)。	(<i>附註i</i>)、 - 日止年.	、東 一連 一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一	、德國及 同括中[<i>(附註i)、</i> 東埔寨、德國及澳門(截) 一日止年度:主要包括中國 <i>(附註i)</i>	至、三東零時
Other locatio Japan).	Other locations mainly include Cambodia and Japan Japan).	Cambodia	and Japan		(as at 31 December 2021: mainly include Macau and	er 2021: n	mainly incl	lude Mac	au and		і. Т	其 (日 : 二 要 (句	主要包括柬埔寨及日本(於. 包括澳門及日本)。	▼「「「」 ● 「」 ● 「」	日本(於-	 	年十二月	 +

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) 综合財務報表附註(續)

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5 SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Geographical (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2022, the revenue of the Group was recognised at a point in time and no sales derived from a single customer which exceeded 10% of the revenue of the Group (for the year ended 31 December 2021: same).

For the year ended 31 December 2022, additions to non-current assets comprise additions to right-of-use assets, property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and other non-current assets (for the year ended 31 December 2021: same).

6 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

5 分類資料(續)

地區(續)

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年 度,本集團的收入是在某個時間點確 認,概無來自單一客戶的銷售佔本集團 收入的10%以上(截至二零二一年十二 月三十一日止年度:相同)。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年 度,非流動資產添置包括添置使用權資 產、物業、廠房及設備、無形資產及其 他非流動資產(截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度:相同)。

6 物業、廠房及設備

		Land 土地 HK \$ '000 千港元	Buildings 樓宇 HK \$ ′000 千港元	Leasehold improvements 租賃物業裝修 HK\$'000 千港元	Motor vehicles 汽車 HK \$ '000 千港元	Furniture and fixtures 傢俬及裝置 HK\$ ⁰⁰⁰ 千港元	Computer equipment 電腦設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Plant and machinery 廠房及機器 HK\$'000 千港元	Construction in progress 在建工程 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK \$ ′000 千港元
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年 一月一日									
Cost Accumulated depreciation and	成本 累計折舊	17,559	361,757	142,036	26,682	20,001	18,867	299,515	4,701	891,118
impairment	及減值	-	(120,243)	(91,306)	(23,225)	(17,114)	(18,468)	(169,791)	-	(440,147)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	17,559	241,514	50,730	3,457	2,887	399	129,724	4,701	450,971
Year ended 31 December 2021	截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度									
Opening net book amount	年初賬面淨值	17,559	241,514	50,730	3,457	2,887	399	129,724	4,701	450,971
Additions	添置	-	-	9,036	2,040	339	401	12,731	20,725	45,272
Transfer	轉移	-	4,475	17,403	-	-	-	-	(21,878)	-
Disposals (Note 33(b))	出售 <i>(附註33(b))</i>	-	-	-	-	(3)	-	(1,659)	-	(1,662)
Depreciation (Note 25)	折舊 <i>(附註25)</i>	-	(18,335)	(9,549)	(2,232)	(876)	(692)	(24,363)	-	(56,047)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	104	2,776	1,152	25	64	-	2,455	16	6,592
Closing net book amount	年末賬面淨值	17,663	230,430	68,772	3,290	2,411	108	118,888	3,564	445,126
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日									
Cost	成本	17,663	372,223	170,563	28,424	19,995	19,487	312,628	3,564	944,547
Accumulated depreciation and	累計折舊									
impairment	及減值	-	(141,793)	(101,791)	(25,134)	(17,584)	(19,379)	(193,740)	-	(499,421)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	17,663	230,430	68,772	3,290	2,411	108	118,888	3,564	445,126

6 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued) 6 物業、廠房及設備(續)

Leasehold Motor Furniture Computer Plant and Construction Land Buildings improvements vehicles and fixtures equipment machinery in progress Total 土地 樓宇 租賃物業裝修 汽車 電腦設備 廠房及機器 在建工程 總計 傢俬及裝置 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 Year ended 31 December 截至二零二二年 2022 十二月三十一日止年度 Opening net book amount 年初賬面淨值 68,772 2,411 3,564 17,663 230,430 3,290 108 118,888 445,126 Additions 添置 1,941 2,950 458 431 404 17,078 5,348 28,610 Transfer 轉移 5,746 (7,878) 2,132 Disposals (Note 33(b)) 出售*(附註33(b))* (109) (5) 1 (195) (309) Depreciation (Note 25) 折舊(附計25) (10,633) (782) (498) (23,712)(18,352) (1.311) (55.288)Exchange differences 匯兑差額 25 (4,163) (2,689) 143 (144) 9 (5,119) (237) (12,175) Closing net book amount 年末賬面淨值 17,688 211,988 64,146 2,471 1,911 23 106,940 797 405,964 At 31 December 2022 **尹二二零二**统 十二月三十一日 911,760 Cost 成本 17,688 363,486 169,851 27.514 19,110 18,538 294,776 797 Accumulated depreciation 累計折舊 and impairment 及減值 (151,498) (105,705) (25,043) (17,199) (18,515) (187,836) (505,796) _ Net book amount 賬面淨值 17.688 211,988 64,146 2,471 1,911 23 106,940 797 405,964

Depreciation of the Group's property, plant and equipment has been charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as follows: 本集團的物業、廠房及設備的折舊已於 綜合全面收益表扣除,詳情如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost of sales	銷售成本	42,071	41,489
Distribution costs	分銷成本	2,663	2,922
Administrative expenses	行政開支	10,554	11,636
		55,288	56,047

As at 31 December 2022, certain property, plant and equipment with aggregate net carrying value of approximately HK\$18,960,000 (31 December 2021: HK\$21,245,000) were pledged as securities for banking facilities of the Group (Note 21).

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,總賬 面淨值約18,960,000港元(二零二一年 十二月三十一日:21,245,000港元)之 若干物業、廠房及設備予以抵押,作為 本集團銀行融資之擔保(附註21)。 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) 综合財務報表附註(續)

7 RIGHT-OF USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES 7 使用權資產及租賃負債

(a) Amounts recognised in the consolidated balance sheet (a) 於綜合資產負債表確認的 金額 綜合資產負債表顯示下列與租賃 有關的金額:

The consolidated balance sheet shows the following amounts related to leases:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產		
Leased office premises	租賃辦公室物業	84,201	92,006
Leased factory buildings	租賃廠房樓宇	16,926	14,077
Leased warehouse	租賃倉庫	28	152
		101,155	106,23
Lease liabilities	租賃負債		
Current	流動	5,166	3,483
Non-current	非流動	3,834	2,39

During the year ended 31 December 2022, additions to the right-of-use assets amounted to approximately HK\$9,463,000 (year ended 31 December 2021: approximately HK\$1,134,000), were recognised by the Group in the consolidated financial statements.

As at 31 December 2022, certain right-of-use assets with an aggregate carrying value of approximately HK\$27,860,000 were pledged as securities for banking facilities of the Group (31 December 2021: approximately HK\$29,077,000) (Note 21).

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一 日止年度,已確認於本集團綜 合財務報表內添置使用權資產 約9,463,000港元(截至二零二一 年十二月三十一日止年度:約 1,134,000港元)。

5,878

9,000

於二零二二年十二月三十一日, 若干總賬面值約27,860,000港元 (二零二一年十二月三十一日:約 29,077,000港元)的使用權資產已 質押作為本集團銀行融資的抵押 品(附註21)。

7 **RIGHT-OF USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES** 7 (Continued)

使用權資產及租賃負債(續)

(b) 於綜合全面收益表確認的 (b) Amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income 金額

The consolidated statement of comprehensive income shows the following amounts relating to leases:

綜合全面收益表顯示下列與租賃 相關的金額:

		2022	
		二零二二年 HK\$′000	二零二一年 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊		
Leased office premises	租賃辦公室物業	3,759	3,998
Leased factory buildings	租賃廠房樓宇	5,221	4,595
Leased warehouse	租賃倉庫	105	124
		9,085	8,717
Interest expenses on lease liabilities (Note 28)	租賃負債利息開支 <i>(附註28)</i>	590	435
Other lease expenses (Note 25)	其他租賃開支 <i>(附註25)</i>	5,907	6,477
During the year ended 31 December 2022, outflows for leases of the Group amounted to HK\$12,263,000 (year ended 31 Dece	approximately	截至二零二二年十二 止年度,本集團就利 出總額約12,263,000	且賃的現金流

approximately HK\$12,175,000).

The Group's leasing activities and how these are accounted for

The Group leases various land, offices and warehouses. Rental contracts are typically made for fixed periods of 1 to 50 years, which do not contain any extension options.

Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions.

零二一年十二月三十一日止年度: 約12,175,000港元)。

本集團之租賃活動及該等活動 計量

本集團租賃多項土地、辦公室及 倉庫。租務合約一般為1至50年的 固定期限,並不包括任何續期選 擇權。

租賃條款均單獨商定,並包含各 種不同的條款及條件。

8 INVESTMENT PROPERTY

8 投資物業

			2022	202
			二零二二年	二零二一年
			HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$'00 千港テ
At 1 January	於一月一日		15,911	15,45
Revaluation gain	重估收益		1,974	10
Exchange differences	匯兑差額		(1,247)	46
At 31 December	於十二月三十-	-日	16,638	15,91
ne following amounts have been recogn atement of comprehensive income:	sed in the consolidate	ed 以下	款項已於綜合全面	ā收益表確認:
			2022	202
			二零二二年	二零二一分
			HK\$'000	HK\$'00
			千港元	千港
Rental income (Note 26) Direct operating expenses arising from an investment property that generates ren		女入之一項	134	35
income (Note 25)	(附註25)		36	5
determine the fair value of the invest December 2022 and 2021. The follo investment property carried at fair value	wing table analyses th		獨立估值,以釐 零二二年及二 ^案 三十一日之公平 公平值列賬之投資	零二一年十二 ⁻ 值。下表乃對
Fair value hierarchy			公平值層級	
		Fair v	alue measureme	nts at
			December 2022 u	
			록二二年十二月三 ⁻ ∎計量(按以下各項	
		公十1 Quoted price	ā前重(按以下合巧 Significant	кігщ/
		in active	other	Significar
		markets for	observable	unobservab
	id	entical assets	inputs	inpu
Description		(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3
説明		相同資產在	其他重要的	重要的不可
	活		可觀察輸入數據	觀察輸入數
		(第一級)	(第二級)	(第三級
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'00
		千港元	千港元	十港:
			千港元	十港
Recurring fair value	經常性公平值		千港元	
Recurring fair value measurements: Investment property	經常性公平值 計量: 投資物業		千港元 16,638	千港,

8

,		/ESTMENT PROPERTY (Continued	I) 8	+ 7. 3	資物業(續)	
			i) o	12	貝忉禾(潤)	
	(a)	(Continued)		(a)	(續)	
		Fair value hierarchy (Continued)			公平值層級(續)
					value measurement	
					December 2021 usi 零二一年十二月三-	
				公平伯	直計量(按以下各項	
			in	d price active cets for	Significant other observable	Significant unobservable
			identical	l assets	inputs	inputs
		Description 説明		_evel 1) 資產在	(Level 2) 其他重要的	(Level 3) 重要的不可
		ал ⁴ 7	活躍市場	的報價	可觀察輸入數據	觀察輸入數據
				了一級)	(第二級)	(第三級)
				K \$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$′000 千港元
		Pocurring fair value	当 州 公亚 <i>佐</i>			
			常性公平值 計量:			
		Investment property	殳資物業 	-	15,911	-
		The Group's policy is to recognise transfe out of fair value hierarchy levels as of the change in circumstances that caused the no transfers between Levels 1, 2 and 3 of ended 31 December 2021: same).	date of the event or transfer. There were		本集團之政策乃 件或情況變化發 值層級之轉入及 第一、二及三級 至二零二一年十 年度:相同)。	生之日確認公平 轉出。於年內, 2間概無轉移(截
		Level 2 fair values of completed investme been generally derived using the sales consistent of comparable properties in adjusted for differences in key attributed size. The most significant input into this is price per square feet. The higher the put he higher the fair value.	omparison approach. close proximity are es such as property valuation approach		已竣工投資物業 一般以銷售比較 資比較物業的銷 規模等主要因素的 此估值方法最重 每平方尺的價格上升而	法得出。鄰近可 售價格因應物業 5差異予以調整。 要的輸入數據為 。公平值隨每平
	(b)	Details of the investment property:		(b)	投資物業之詳情:	
		The investment property of the Group tenant under operating lease with fix receivable and the Group closely monitor with its right retains in the underlying asso	xed monthly rental rs the risk associated		本集團之投資物 收租金的經營租 本集團密切監察 權利的有關風險。	賃向租戶租出, 相關資產所保留
		Address of investment property 投資物業地址	Existing use 目前用途		Tenure 租期	
		Room 101, Chuntian Garden, No. 6, Lane 999, Loushanguan Road, Changning District,	31 December 2022: R (31 December 2021			y is held under 1 lease
		Shanghai City, the PRC 中國上海市長密區集山國路內內田	- 雯--年+-日=+	_ □ · 1	印信 物举乃根據-	三 期 租 倭 共 右

6號春天花園101室

中國上海市長寧區婁山關路999里

二零二二年十二月三十一日:租賃 物業乃根據長期租賃持有 (二零二一年十二月 三十一日:相同)

8 INVESTMENT PROPERTY (Continued)

8 投資物業(續)

- (c) At 31 December 2022, the future aggregate minimum lease receipts under non-cancellable operating lease of the investment property not recognised in the consolidated financial statements, which are receivable by the Group as follows:
- (c) 於二零二二年十二月三十一日, 本集團根據不可註銷投資物業營 運租賃之應收未來最低租賃收入 總額(未於綜合財務報表確認)如 下:

		2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
		HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year	一年內	_	382
Later than one year but no later than 5 years	遲於一年 但不遲於五年	_	223
			605

9 GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

9 商譽及無形資產

(2) 商舉

(a) Goodwill

Goodwill		(a) 同言	
		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
At 1 January	於一月一日	5,390	10,633
Impairment of goodwill	商譽減值	-	(4,759)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	8	(484)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	5,398	5,390

Goodwill is allocated to the respective groups of CGUs, which represent the lowest level within the Group at which the relevant goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes, and not larger than an operating segment.

As at 31 December 2022, goodwill of approximately HK\$5,398,000 (31 December 2021: approximately HK\$5,390,000) is attributable to the cash-generating unit ("CGU") for the Group's business in Cambodia.

商譽分配至相關組別之現金產生 單位,即本集團內就內部管理而 言監察商譽之最低水平(不大於經 營分部)。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日, 商譽約5,398,000元(二零二一年 十二月三十一日:約5,390,000港 元)乃來自本集團之柬埔寨業務之 現金產生單位(「現金產生單位」)。

9 GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

(a) Goodwill (Continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the prolonged unprecedented COVID-19 pandemic and the associated anti-epidemic measures extended following the fifth wave of COVID-19 infections in late 2021 had further delayed the recovery in the tourism industry in Japan. The prolonged pandemic has caused changes in consumer behavior, with more customers shifting to e-commerce platform. In view of the economic performance of the CGU for the Group's business in Japan which was worse than expected, management carried out the impairment assessment for the CGU by determining the recoverable amount based on the higher of fair value less cost of disposal ("FVLCD") derived from market search and value-in-use calculation using cash flow projections from financial budgets covering a period of 5 years approved by senior management. As a result, an impairment loss on the goodwill attributable to CGU of the Group's business in Japan of HK\$4,759,000 was recognised for the year ended 31 December 2021.

Impairment test of goodwill arising from the business combinations in Cambodia and Japan

Independent valuation of the recoverable amounts of the CGUs was performed by the an independent professionally qualified valuer.

The recoverable amount of a CGU is determined based on a value in use calculation. The calculation uses pre-tax cash flow projection based on financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period. Thereafter, the cash flows are extrapolated using the terminal growth rate not exceeding the long-term average growth rate of the countries in which the CGU operates.

The key assumptions are as follows:

9 商譽及無形資產(續)

(a) 商譽(續)

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度,前所未見的COVID-19大流 行持續已久,以及於二零二一年底 的第五波COVID-19感染後延長的相 關防疫措施,進一步延誤日本旅遊 業的復甦步伐。曠日持久的疫情已 為消費行為帶來變化,更多客戶漸 漸轉用電子商戶平台。由於本集團 日本業務的現金產生單位的經濟表 現遜於預期,管理層透過現金流量 預測(依據高級管理層所批准涵蓋 5年期間的財務預算),並根據市 場搜尋所得出之公平值減出售成本 (「公平值減出售成本」)與使用價值 兩者的較高者釐定可收回金額,藉 此對現金產生單位進行減值評估。 因此,本集團日本業務的現金產生 單位應佔商譽於截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度確認減值虧 損4,759,000港元。

柬埔寨及日本業務合併所產生 商譽的減值測試

現金產生單位之可收回金額已由 獨立專業合資格估值師進行獨立 估值。

現金產生單位之可收回金額乃按 使用價值計算方法釐定。此計算方 法使用税前現金流預測基於管理 層就涵蓋五年期的財政預算而計 算。五年期後的現金流使用不超出 現金產生單位經營所在國家長期 平均增長率的最終增長率推算。

主要假設如下:

		Operation in Cambodia 於柬埔寨之營運 2022 2021 二零二二年 二零二一年		Operation in Japan 於日本之營運 2021 二零二一年
Pre-tax discount rate Compound annual growth rate of revenue Terminal growth rate	税前折現率 收入複合年增長率 終端増長率	25.5% 12.9% 2.0%	21.7% 12.9% 2.0%	25.1% 12.5% 1.0%

The recoverable amount calculated based on value in use exceeded carrying value as at 31 December 2022. A decrease in compound annual growth rate of revenue by 7.4% (2021: 4.6%) would remove the remaining headroom for the CGU of the Group operation in Cambodia.

根據使用價值計算得出的可收回 金額超出於二零二二年十二月 三十一日之賬面值。將收入複合 年增長率減少7.4%(二零二一年: 4.6%)會消除本集團於柬埔寨營 運之現金產生單位的超出部份。 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) 综合財務報表附註(續)

9 GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued) 9 商譽及無形資產(續)

(b) Intangible assets

Intangible assets			(b)	無形資產		
		Trademarks 商標 HK\$'000 千港元	Investment in club debenture 會所債券投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Software licences 軟件特許權 HK\$'000 千港元	Operating licence 經營牌照 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2021 Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment	於二零二一年一月一日 成本 累計攤銷及減值	1,772 (1,623)	968 (968)	10,719 (10,095)	1,728 (1,728)	15,187 (14,414)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	149	-	624	-	773
Year ended 31 December 2021 Opening net book amount Additions Amortisation (Note 25) Exchange differences	截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度 年初賬面淨值 添置 攤銷 <i>(附註25)</i> 匯兑差額	149 - (44) (3)	- - -	624 452 (809) –	- - -	773 452 (853) (3)
Closing net book amount	年末賬面淨值	102	-	267	-	369
At 31 December 2021 Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment	於二零二一年十二月三十一日 成本 累計攤銷及減值	1,770 (1,668) 102	968 (968)	11,171 (10,904) 267	1,728 (1,728)	15,637 (15,268) 260
Net book amount	賬面淨值	TUZ	-	267	-	369
Year ended 31 December 2022 Opening net book amount Additions Amortisation (Note 25) Exchange differences	截至二零二二年十二月 三十一日止年度 年初賬面淨值 添置 攤銷 <i>(附註25)</i> 匯兑差額	102 - (34) (4)	-	267 805 (653) –	- - -	369 805 (687) (4)
Closing net book amount	年末賬面淨值	64	-	419	-	483
At 31 December 2022 Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment	於二零二二年十二月三十一日 成本 累計攤銷及減值	1,768 (1,704)	968 (968)	11,976 (11,557)	-	14,712 (14,229)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	64	-	419	-	483

9 GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

(b) Intangible assets (Continued)

Amortisation of the Group's intangible assets have been charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as follows:

9 商譽及無形資產(續)

(b) 無形資產(續)

本集團無形資產的攤銷已於綜合 全面收益表扣除,詳情如下:

	2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元
分銷成本	458	462
行政開支		391 853
	分銷成本 行政開支	二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元 分銷成本 458

10 DEFERRED INCOME TAX

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes related to the same fiscal authority. The offsetting amounts are as follows:

10 遞延所得税

當有法定可強制執行權利將即期税項資 產與即期税項負債抵銷,而遞延所得税 涉及同一財政機關時,可將遞延所得税 資產與負債互相抵銷。抵銷金額如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Deferred income tax assets Deferred income tax liabilities	遞延所得税資產 遞延所得税負債	3,205 (5,602)	3,771 (5,608)
Deferred income tax liabilities, net	遞延所得税負債淨額	(2,397)	(1,837)

The net movement on the deferred income tax account is as 遞延所得税賬目之變動淨額如下: follows:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January Recognised in profit or loss <i>(Note 30)</i> Exchange differences	於一月一日 於損益內確認 <i>(附註30)</i> 匯兑差額	(1,837) (488) (72)	(2,709) 859 13
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	(2,397)	(1,837)

10 DEFERRED INCOME TAX (Continued)

The movements in deferred income tax assets and liabilities during the year, without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction, are as follows:

Deferred income tax liabilities

10 遞延所得税(續)

不考慮於同一税務司法權區產生的餘額 互相抵銷的情況,年內遞延所得税資產 及負債之變動如下:

遞延所得税負債

		Accelerated tax depreciation 加速税項折舊 HK\$'000 千港元	Revaluation of an investment property 一項投資 物業重估 HK\$ [°] 000 千港元	Additions due to business combination 因業務 合併而添置 HK\$'000 千港元	Capitalisation of right-of-use assets 使用權資產 資本化 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	(253)	(1,948)	(1,902)	(1,309)	(5,412)
Recognised in profit or loss	於損益內確認	(1,096)	-	770	185	(141)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	508	(516)	(21)	(26)	(55)
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	(841)	(2,464)	(1,153)	(1,150)	(5,608)
Recognised in profit or loss	於損益內確認	910	(494)	362	(909)	(131)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	(69)	97	(5)	114	137
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	-	(2,861)	(796)	(1,945)	(5,602)

Deferred income tax assets

遞延所得税資產

		Decelerated tax depreciation 減速税項折舊 HK\$'000 千港元	Capitalisation of lease liabilities 租賃負債資本化 HK\$'000 千港元	Tax losses 税項虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	1,378	1,325	_	2,703
Recognised in profit or loss	於損益內確認	850	(179)	329	1,000
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	43	25	_	68
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	2,271		329	3,771
Recognised in profit or loss	於損益內確認	(1,092)		(329)	(357)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	(95)		–	(209)
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	1,084	2,121	-	3,205

Deferred income tax liabilities of approximately HK\$12,679,000 as at 31 December 2022 (31 December 2021: approximately HK\$11,135,000) have not been recognised for the withholding tax that would be payable on the remittance of earnings of PRC subsidiaries. The related unremitted earnings totaled approximately HK\$253,589,000 as at 31 December 2022 (31 December 2021: approximately HK\$222,705,000), and the Group does not intend to remit these unremitted earnings from the relevant subsidiary to the Company in the foreseeable future.

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團 並未就中國附屬公司的匯出盈利的應付 預扣税確認遞延所得税負債約12,679,000 港元(二零二一年十二月三十一日:約 11,135,000港元)。於二零二二年十二 月三十一日,相關未匯出盈利合共約 253,589,000港元(二零二一年十二月 三十一日:約222,705,000港元),及本集 團無意於可見未來將來自相關附屬公司 的此等未匯出盈利匯出至本公司。

11 INVENTORIES

11 存貨

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Raw materials Work in progress Finished goods	原材料 在製品 製成品	92,223 12,542 200,080	106,696 18,458 202,751
Less: Provision for obsolete inventories	減:陳舊存貨撥備	304,845 (44,669)	327,905 (61,621)
Inventories, net	存貨淨額	260,176	266,284

The cost of inventories included in cost of sales during the year amounted to approximately HK\$948,165,000 (year ended 31 December 2021: approximately HK\$778,228,000).

Direct written off of and reversal of provision made for obsolete inventories for the year ended 31 December 2022 amounted to approximately HK\$3,303,000 (2021: approximately HK\$3,523,000) and approximately HK\$7,405,000 (2021: provision made for obsolete inventories amounted to approximately HK\$19,729,000) respectively. These were recognised as an expense and included in "cost of sales" in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

12 TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES

本年度計入銷售成本的存貨成本約 948,165,000港元(截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度:約778,228,000港元)。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年 度,直接撇銷及就陳舊存貨計提的撥 備撥回分別約3,303,000港元(二零二一 年:約3,523,000港元)及約7,405,000港 元(二零二一年:就陳舊存貨計提撥備 約19,729,000港元)。此等確認為開支, 並計入綜合全面收益表中的「銷售成本」。

12 應收貿易賬款及票據

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元
Trade receivables Bills receivables	應收貿易賬款 應收票據	635,667 17,362	596,479 19,387
Less: provision for impairment of receivables	減:應收款項減值撥備	653,029 (94,194)	615,866 (87,448)
Trade and bills receivables, net	應收貿易賬款及票據淨額	558,835	528,418
The credit period granted by the Group ranges f days.	rom 15 days to 120 本 日	集團所授予的信貸期	介乎15日至120

12 TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (Continued)

12 應收貿易賬款及票據(續)

Ageing analysis of trade and bills receivables by invoice date is as follows:

應收貿易賬款及票據按發票日期的賬齡 分析如下:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
		十度儿	
1–30 days	1至30日	229,694	271,278
31–60 days	31至60日	121,733	96,091
61–90 days	61至90日	70,779	79,147
91–180 days	91至180日	118,273	93,362
Over 180 days	180日以上	112,550	75,988
		653,029	615,866
		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Denominated in:	按以下貨幣列值:		
- RMB	一人民幣	305,664	323,418
- US\$	一美元	278,338	239,902
- HK\$	一港元	34,518	31,551
- Other currencies	一其他貨幣	34,509	20,995
		653,029	615,866
he fair value of trade and bills rec	eivables, are as follows:	應收貿易賬款及票據的公	公平值如下:
		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		НК\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元

Trade and bills receivables	應收貿易賬款及票據	558,835	528,418

As at 31 December 2022, trade and bills receivables of approximately HK\$94,194,000 (31 December 2021: approximately HK\$87,448,000) are impaired and have been provided for. See Note 3(a)(iv) for information about how impairment losses are calculated. Net impairment losses on trade and bills receivables are presented as "net impairment losses on financial assets" in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously impaired and provided for are credited in profit or loss. Receivables for which an impairment provision was recognised are written off against the provision when there is no expectation of recovering additional cash. As at 31 December 2022, the individually impaired trade and bills receivables mainly represent receivables of approximately HK\$64,092,000 (31 December 2021: approximately HK\$56,344,000) from PRC customers which have remained long overdue and management considered the recoverability is remote.

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,應收貿 易賬款及票據約94,194,000港元(二零 二一年十二月三十一日:約87,448,000 港元)已出現減值及作出撥備。有關計 算減值虧損的資料請參閱附註3(a)(iv)。 應收貿易賬款及票據之減值虧損淨額 於綜合全面收益表呈列為「金融資產減 值虧損淨額」。隨後收回先前已減值並 計提撥備的款項會撥入損益。倘預期無 法收回額外現金,則已確認減值撥備的 應收款項於撥備中撇銷。於二零二二年 十二月三十一日,個別出現減值的應收 貿易賬款及票據主要指應收中國客戶逾 期已久的款項約64,092,000港元(於二零 二一年十二月三十一日:約56,344,000 港元)且管理層認為可收回性甚微。

12 TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (Continued)

12 應收貿易賬款及票據(續)

Movements on the provision for impairment of trade and bills receivables are as follows:

應收貿易賬款及票據的減值撥備的變動 如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元
At 1 January	於一月一日	87,448	40.328
Net provision for impairment of trade and	年內應收貿易賬款	0,,110	,
bills receivables recognised during the year	及票據的減值撥備淨額	15,347	47,983
Write-off of provision for impairment	撇銷應收貿易賬款及票據的		
of trade and bills receivables	減值撥備	(3,473)	(2,180)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	(5,128)	1,317
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	94,194	87,448

The creation and release of provision for impairment of trade and bills receivables have been included in the net impairment losses on financial assets in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. Amounts charged to the allowance account are generally written off when there is no expectation of recovery.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the balance sheet date is the fair values of trade and bills receivables disclosed above.

13 AMOUNT DUE FROM AN ASSOCIATED COMPANY

The amount represents trade receivables from an associated company. The carrying value of the amount approximates its fair value. The amount is unsecured, interest-free and mainly denominated in HK\$. The credit period granted is 90 days. The ageing analysis of amount by invoice date is as follows:

應收貿易賬款及票據減值撥備的計提及 解除已計入綜合全面收益表內之金融資 產減值虧損淨額。計入撥備賬戶的款項 一般於預期將不會收回時撇銷。

於結算日的最高信貸風險乃上文所披露 的應收貿易賬款及票據的公平值。

13 應收一間聯營公司款項

該款項為應收一間聯營公司的貿易賬款。該款項之賬面值與其公平值相若。 該款項無抵押、無利息及主要以港元計 值。授予的信貸期為90日。按發票日期 之賬齡分析如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
		1/8/0	17270
1–30 days	1至30日	2,682	1,485
31–60 days	31至60日	-	496
61–90 days	61至90日	-	2
Over 90 days	90日以上	166	355
		2,848	2,338

14 OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTISED COST

14 按攤銷成本列賬之其他金融 資產

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元
Current: Deposits Other receivables	流動: 按金 其他應收款項	1,723 12,378	1,512 14,238
		14,101	15,750
Non-current: Long-term deposits	非流動: 長期按金	25	132
		14,126	15,882

The carrying value of the amount approximates its fair value.

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該款項之賬面值與其公平值相若。

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Denominated in:	按以下貨幣列值:		
– RMB	一人民幣	8,201	8,164
– US\$	一美元	5,314	6,439
– HK\$	一港元	205	627
– Other currencies	一其他貨幣	406	652
		14,126	15,882
		14,120	13,002
OTHER ASSETS	15	其他資產	
		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Current:	流動:		
Prepayments	預付款項	18,429	22,504
Others	其他	31,976	34,182
		50,405	56,686
New summer			
Non-current:	非流動:	C (204	11 5 10
Prepayments	預付款項	6,684	11,510
		57,089	68,196

16 PLEDGED BANK DEPOSIT

16 已抵押銀行存款

2022	2021
二零二二年	二零二一年
НК\$'000	HK\$'000
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	千港元

Pledged bank deposit	已抵押銀行存款	11,717	11,689
(equivalent to approximately HK 2021: US\$1,500,000 (equivalent	bank deposit of US\$1,500,000 511,717,000) (as at 31 December to approximately HK\$11,689,000)) grant of letter of banking facility in	於 二 零 二 二 年 十 二 月 三 1,500,000美元 (相當於約1 元) (於二零二一年十二月 1,500,000美元 (相當於約1 元)) 之一項銀行存款已作為	1,717,000港 三十一日: 1,689,000港

17 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

17 現金及現金等值項目

信函之抵押。

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元
Cash at banks and on hand Short-term bank deposits (original maturities of less than three months)	銀行結餘及現金 短期銀行存款(原到期日少於 三個月)	264,143 41,213	251,164
		305,356	251,164
Denominated in:	按以下貨幣列值:		
– US\$	一美元	126,711	73,222
– HK\$	一港元	77,537	60,102
– RMB	一人民幣	67,404	88,252
– Euro	一歐元	15,502	13,355
– Other currencies	一其他貨幣	18,202	16,233
		305,356	251,164

The Group's cash and bank balances with banks in the PRC and India as at 31 December 2022 amounted to approximately HK\$67,253,000 (as at 31 December 2021: approximately HK\$89,425,000) and approximately HK\$2,363,000 (as at 31 December 2021: approximately HK\$386,000) respectively, where the remittance of funds is subject to foreign exchange control.

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團 存於中國及印度的銀行之現金及銀行結 餘分別約67,253,000港元(於二零二一年 十二月三十一日:約89,425,000港元)及 約2,363,000港元(於二零二一年十二月 三十一日:約386,000港元),資金匯款 受外匯管制規限。 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) 综合財務報表附註(續)

18 RESERVES

18 儲備

Other reserves 其他儲備								
		Merger reserve	Statutory reserve fund	Share-based Compensation Reserve	Other Reserves	Exchange Reserves	Retained earnings	Total
		合併儲備 HK \$ ′000 千港元	法定儲備金 HK \$ ′000 千港元	以股份支付 的酬金儲備 HK \$ ′000 千港元	其他儲備 HK \$' 000 千港元	匯兑儲備 HK \$ ′000 千港元	保留盈利 HK \$ ′000 千港元	總計 HK \$′000 千港元
Balance at 1 January 2021	於二零二一年 一月一日的結餘	61,510	33,728	17,829	5,233	37,758	463,769	619,827
Comprehensive loss Loss for the year Other comprehensive income Currency translation differences	全面虧損 本年度虧損 其他全面收益 貨幣折算差額	-	-	-	-	- 10,690	(93,535) _	(93,535) 10,690
Total comprehensive income/ (loss)	全面收益/(虧損) 總額	_	_		_	10,690	(93,535)	(82,845)
Appropriation Final dividend relating to 2020	撥款 二零二零年度之	-	14	-	_	-	(14)	-
Lapse of share options	末期股息 購股權失效	-	-	(17,706)	-	-	(10,933) 17,706	(10,933) _
Balance at 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月 三十一日的結餘	61,510	33,742	123	5,233	48,448	376,993	526,049
Balance at 1 January 2022	於二零二二年 一月一日的結餘	61,510	33,742	123	5,233	48,448	376,993	526,049
Comprehensive income Profit for the year Other comprehensive loss	全面收益 本年度溢利 其他全面虧損	-	-	-	-	-	75,511	75,511
Currency translation differences Total comprehensive (loss)/ income	貨幣折算差額 全面(虧損)/收益 總額		-	-	-	(25,597) (25,597)	- 75,511	(25,597) 49,914
Final dividend relating to 2021 (Note 32) Lapse of share options	二零二一年度之 末期股息 <i>(附註32)</i> 購股權失效	-	-	(123)	-	-	(7,238) 123	(7,238) –
Balance at 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月 三十一日的結餘	61,510	33,742	-	5,233	22,851	445,389	568,725

18 **RESERVES** (Continued)

Other reserves (Continued)

Nature and purpose

Merger reserve

Merger reserve of the Group represents the difference between the cost of investments in subsidiaries and nominal value of the share capital and share premium of the subsidiaries in 2007 arising from the application of merger accounting in consolidating the financial information of the affected entities.

Statutory reserve fund

Under the relevant PRC laws and regulations, PRC companies are required to allocate 10% of the companies' net profit to the fund until such fund reaches 50% of the companies' registered capital. The statutory reserve fund can be utilised, upon approval by the relevant authorities, to offset against accumulated losses or to increase registered capital of the companies, provided that such fund is maintained at a minimum of 25% of the companies' registered capital.

Share-based compensation reserve

The share-based compensation reserve is used to recognise the grant date fair value of options issued to employees but not exercised (Note 19).

19 SHARE-BASED PAYMENT COMPENSATION

(a) Share options

During the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, no share options were exercised. 562,000 share options were lapsed on 4 September 2022 (year ended 31 December 2021: 2,846,000 share options were lapsed on 9 September 2021). As at 31 December 2022, no share options were outstanding (31 December 2021: 562,000 share options were outstanding and all of them were exercisable).

18 儲備(續)

其他儲備(續)

性質及用途

合併儲備

本集團的合併儲備指於附屬公司的投資 成本及股本面值與附屬公司於二零零七 年合併受影響實體財務資料時採用合併 會計法所產生的股份溢價的差額。

法定儲備金

根據有關中國法律及規例,中國公司必 須將公司純利的10%分配至該儲備金, 直至該儲備金達至公司註冊資本的50% 為止。法定儲備金經有關當局批准後可 用於抵銷累計虧損或增加公司的註冊資 本,惟該儲備金須維持於公司註冊資本 至少25%的水平。

以股份支付的酬金儲備

以股份支付的酬金儲備乃用於確認授予 僱員但尚未行使的購股權於授出日的公 平值(附註19)。

19 以股份支付的酬金

(a) 購股權

截至二零二二年及二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度,概無行 使購股權。562,000份購股權已於 二零二二年九月四日失效(截至二 零二一年十二月三十一日止年度: 2,846,000份購股權已於二零二一 年九月九日失效)。於二零二二年 十二月三十一日,並無購股權尚未 行使(二零二一年十二月三十一日: 562,000份購股權尚未行使,且全 部均可予行使)。

19 SHARE-BASED PAYMENT COMPENSATION (Continued)

(a) Share options (Continued)

As all the share options were fully vested, no share-based payment expense was recognised during the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021.

Movements in the number of share options outstanding and their related exercise prices are as follows:

19 以股份支付的酬金(續)

(a) 購股權(續)

由於所有購股權均獲悉數歸屬, 故截至二零二二年及二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度並無確認 以股份支付的開支。

尚未行使購股權之數目及其相關 行使價變動如下:

		2	2022		21
		二零	二二年	二零二	二一年
		Average		Average	Number
		exercise price	Number of	exercise price	of share
		in HK\$	share options	in HK\$	options
		per share	(thousands)	per share	(thousands)
		每股以港元		每股以港元	
		計值之平均	購股權數目	計值之平均	購股權數目
		行使價	(千份)	行使價	(千份)
At 1 January	於一月一日	0.62	562	0.62	3,408
Lapsed	失效	0.62	(562)	0.62	(2,846)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	-	-	0.62	562

(b) Shares award

On 23 September 2016, the Company has adopted the Scheme, to (i) recognise the contributions by employees, directors, consultants or advisers of or to the Group (the "Eligible Persons"); and (ii) offer suitable incentives to attract and retain targeted talents and personnel for the continuance of operations and future development of the Group. Subject to the rules as set under the Scheme, the Board may at its absolute discretion to elect any Eligible Persons to participate in the Scheme (the "Selected Persons") and to award the Company's shares (the "Awarded Shares") to these Selected Persons, subject to vesting conditions, if any. These Awarded Shares will be transferred to the Selected Persons upon their fulfillment of all relevant vesting conditions.

(b) 股份獎勵

於二零一六年九月二十三日,本公 司已採納計劃,以(i)肯定本集團的 僱員、董事、諮詢人或顧問(「合資 格人士」)所作出的貢獻;及(ii)提供 適當獎勵以吸引及挽留目標人才 及人員以讓本集團持續經營及發 展未來。受限於計劃所載規則,董 事會可全權酌情挑選任何合資格 人士參與計劃(「獲選人士」)及向 此等獲選人士授出本公司股份(「獎 勵股份」),惟須遵守歸屬條件(如 有)。此等獎勵股份將於所有相關 歸屬條件獲履行時轉讓至獲選人士。

19 SHARE-BASED PAYMENT COMPENSATION (Continued)

(b) Shares award (Continued)

In connection with the implementation of the Scheme, the Group has signed a trust deed with an independent third party to act as the trustee (the "Trustee") to hold certain shares on behalf of the Group and the Selected Persons before these Awarded Shares are granted and/or vested. The Group may from time to time instruct the Trustee to purchase the Company's shares from the market on the Stock Exchange and to hold them in trust for the benefit of the Selected Persons.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, 5,000,000 shares (year ended 31 December 2021: Nil) were purchased on the Stock Exchange at a consideration of approximately HK\$2,145,000 (year ended 31 December 2021: Nil) by the Trustee on behalf of the Group. No shares were granted to Eligible Persons under the Scheme during the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021.

20 SHARE CAPITAL

19 以股份支付的酬金(續)

(b) 股份獎勵(續)

就執行計劃而言,本集團已與獨 立第三方於若干獎勵股份獲授出 及/或歸屬前,作為代表本集團及 獲選人士持有此等股份的受託人 (「受託人」)簽訂信託契據。本集團 可不時指示受託人在聯交所市場 購買本公司股份,並以獲選人士利 益為依歸以信託形式持有有關股份。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日 止年度,受託人已代表本集團以代 價約2,145,000港元於聯交所購買 5,000,000股股份(截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度:無)。截 至二零二二年及二零二一年十二 月三十一日止年度,概無股份根據 計劃向合資格人士授出。

20 股本

		Number of shares 股份數目	HK\$′000 千港元
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each	每股0.01港元的普通股		
Authorised:	法定:		
At 1 January 2021, 31 December 2021,	於二零二一年一月一日、		
and 31 December 2022	二零二一年十二月三十一日及 二零二二年十二月三十一日	10,000,000,000	100,000
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足:		
At 1 January 2021, 31 December 2021,	於二零二一年一月一日、		
and 31 December 2022	二零二一年十二月三十一日及		
	二零二二年十二月三十一日	734,262,697	7,343

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) 综合財務報表附註(續)

21 BORROWINGS

21 借貸

		2022	202
		二零二二年 HK\$′000	二零二一年 HK\$'00
		千港元	千港テ
Non-current:	非流動:		
Secured other borrowings without	チェル 動 · 並無按要求償還條款之	,	
repayable on demand clause	业 点 按 安 求 偵 逯 除 款 之 有 抵 押 其 他 借 貸		2,74
	有抵押共他信員	2,206	2,74
Current:	流動:		
Secured bank borrowings with repayable	具有按要求償還條款之	-	
on demand clauses	有抵押銀行借貸	108,323	138,22
Secured bank borrowings without	並無按要求償還條款之	-	
repayable on demand clauses	有抵押銀行借貸	10	27
Secured other borrowings without	並無按要求償還條款之	-	
repayable on demand clause	有抵押其他借貸	214	10
		108,547	138,60
		110,753	141,34
		110,755	141,54
e borrowings are denominated in the followir	ng currencies:	按以下貨幣列值之借貸如	下:
		2022	202
		二零二二年	二零二一名
		HK\$'000	HK\$'00
		千港元	千港テ
1 I// ¢	ж <i>—</i>	40,702	10 77
HK\$ JS\$	港元	10,782	12,77
-	美元	97,541	125,45
Japanese Yen ("JPY")	日圓(「日圓」)	2,430	3,12
		110,753	141,34
e carrying amounts of borrowings approxim	ate their fair values	由於折現之影響並不重大	,借貸之賬

as the impact of discounting is not significant.

值與其公平值相若。

21 BORROWINGS (Continued)

21 借貸(續)

As at 31 December 2022, the repayment terms of the borrowings without taking into account the effect of repayment on demand clauses are as follows:

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團 的借貸在並無計及按要求償還條款的影 響下,借貸的還款期如下:

		2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Within 1 year	於1年內	61,450	64,231
Between 1 and 2 years	1至2年之間	23,067	30,843
Between 2 and 5 years	2至5年之間	25,057	44,704
Over 5 years	5年以上	1,179	1,570

The weighted average effective interest rate of the Group's borrowings at 31 December 2022 is 3.27% per annum (31 December 2021: 1.52% per annum).

The Group has complied with the financial covenants of its borrowing facilities during the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021.

Except for bank and other borrowings of approximately HK\$2,430,000 as at 31 December 2022 (31 December 2021: approximately HK\$3,122,000), which was secured by personal guarantee of a non-controlling interest of the Group, other bank borrowings were secured by certain property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and a bank deposit of the Group.

本集團於二零二二年十二月三十一日 的借貸加權平均實際年利率為3.27% (二零二一年十二月三十一日:年利率 1.52%)。

141,348

110,753

截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團已遵守其借貸 融資之財務契諾。

除於二零二二年十二月三十一日的銀行 及其他借貸約2,430,000港元(二零二一 年十二月三十一日:約3,122,000港元) 以本集團非控股權益之個人擔保作抵 押外,其他銀行借貸均以本集團若干物 業、廠房及設備、使用權資產及一項銀 行存款作抵押。

The carrying amounts of assets pledged as security for borrowings are as follows:

就借貸之已抵押資產之賬面值如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元
Property, plant and equipment (Note 6) Right-of-use assets (Note 7) Bank deposit (Note 16)	物業、廠房及設備 <i>(附註6)</i> 使用權資產 <i>(附註7)</i> 銀行存款 <i>(附註16)</i>	18,960 27,860 11,717	21,245 29,077 11,689
Total carrying amount of assets pledged as security	已抵押資產 之賬面總額	58,537	62,011

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) 综合財務報表附註(續)

21 BORROWINGS (Continued)

21 借貸(續)

At the balance sheet date, the following is the undrawn banking facilities of the Group:

於結算日,本集團之尚未提取的銀行融 資如下:

			2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元
	Floating rate: Expiring within one year	浮動利率: 於一年內到期	280,473	239,784
2	TRADE PAYABLES	22	應付貿易賬款	

22 TRADE PAYABLES

The ageing analysis of trade payables by invoice date is as follows:

應付貿易賬款按發票日期的賬齡分析如 下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元
1–30 days	1至30日	166,130	169,021
31–60 days 61–90 days	31至60日 61至90日	400 152	2,957 4,453
Over 90 days	90日以上	1,636	2,001
		168,318	178,432
		2022	
		二零二二年 HK\$′000 千港元	二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Denominated in:	按以下貨幣列值:		
– RMB	一人民幣	143,693	148,930
– HK\$	一港元	4,892	6,560
– US\$	一美元	14,691	17,760
– Other currencies	一其他貨幣	5,042	5,182
		168,318	178,432

23 ACCRUALS AND OTHER PAYABLES

23 應計費用及其他應付款項

		2022 二零二二年	202 二零二一 ^全
		HK\$'000	HK\$'00
		千港元	千港テ
Current:	流動:		10.00
Advance from customers Other payables	(Note) 客戶預付款(附款 其他應付款項	<i>≟)</i> 15,519 107,444	19,03 125,57
Accruals	兵他應內 款項 應計費用	154,310	125,57
		277,273	276,05
Non-current:	非流動:		
Other payables	其他應付款項	9,967	11,82
		287,240	287,87
The carrying values of these ba	alances approximate their fair values.	此等結餘的賬面值與其2	公平值相若。
Note:		附註:	
Contract liabilities represent receipts	in advance from the Group's customers.	合約負債為向本集團客戶收耳	Q之預付款。
in the advance from customers bala to approximately HK\$12,857,000 (ye HK\$12,028,000). The Group expects	ended 31 December 2022 that was included ance at the beginning of the year amounted ear ended 31 December 2021: approximately s to deliver the goods to satisfy the remaining ntract liabilities within one year or less.	截至二零二二年十二月三 於年初計入客戶預付款結 12,857,000港元(截至二零二 日止年度:約12,028,000港元 一年或更短時間內交付貨品 債之餘下履約責任。	余之已確認收/ 一年十二月三- 5)。本集團預算
LOANS FROM NON-C	CONTROLLING INTERESTS	24 來自非控股權益之	貸款
-	nterests are unsecured, interest-free The carrying value of these liabilities	來自非控股權益之貸款; 息及須按要求償還。此等 與其公平值相若。	
As at 31 December 2022 denominated in the following	2 and 2021, these balances are currencies:	於 二 零 二 二 年 及 二 零 三十一日,以下列貨幣3 如下:	
		2022 二零二二年	202 — 雨 —
		ー <i></i> ~ 一 午 HK\$′000	二零二一 ⁴ HK\$'00
		千港元	千港
HK\$	港元	15,992	15,99
JPY	日圓	1,494	1,37

25 EXPENSES BY NATURE

25 按性質呈列之開支

The following expenses/(gains) are included in cost of sales, distribution costs, administrative expenses and net impairment losses on financial assets:

計入銷售成本、分銷成本、行政開支及 金融資產減值虧損淨額內的開支/(收 益)列述如下:

		2022	_ 2021
		二零二二年 HK \$′000 千港元	二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元
		17870	1 /E/L
Cost of inventories sold	已出售存貨成本	948,165	778,228
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金		
- Audit services	一核數服務	2,700	2,500
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備的		
equipment	折舊	55,288	56,047
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產的折舊	9,085	8,717
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產的攤銷	687	853
Other lease expenses*	其他租賃開支*	5,907	6,477
(Reversal of provision)/provision	陳舊存貨的(撥備撥回)/		
for obsolete inventories	撥備	(7,405)	19,729
Direct written off of obsolete inventories	直接撇銷陳舊存貨	3,303	3,523
Net impairment losses on financial assets	金融資產減值虧損淨額	15,347	47,983
Employee benefit expenses	僱員福利開支	424,453	378,044
Transportation expenses	運輸費用	84,351	75,165
Exchange losses/(gains)	匯兑虧損/(收益)	3,062	(962)
Advertising costs	推廣成本	16,896	22,329
(Gain)/loss on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備		
plant and equipment	(收益)/虧損	(28)	123
Direct operating expenses arising from an	來自產生租金收入		
investment property that generates rental	之一項投資物業之		
income	直接營運開支	36	57
Utilities expenses	公用開支	26,654	23,285

These expenses relate to short-term leases. They are directly charged as expenses and are not included in the measurement of lease liabilities under HKFRS 16.

此等開支與短期租賃相關。此等金額直接計入開支,並不會在香港財務報告準 則第16號下計量為租賃負債。

26 OTHER INCOME

26 其他收入

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元
Rental income <i>(Note 8)</i> Income from sales of scrap materials Government grant <i>(Note (i))</i> Others	租金收入 <i>(附註8)</i> 銷售廢料收入 政府補貼 <i>(附註(i))</i> 其他	134 497 8,957 3,170	351 642 3,404 3,869
		12,758	8,266
Note:		附註:	

(i) Government grants represents subsidies from the PRC Government in relation to certain capital investments of the Group and subsidies from the Hong Kong Government under the Anti-epidemic fund. There were no unfulfilled conditions and other contingencies attached to the receipts of these grants.

⁽i) 政府補貼指中國政府就本集團若干資本 投資發放之補貼以及香港政府根據防疫 抗疫基金發放之補貼。收取此等補貼並 無附帶未達成條件及其他或然事件。

27 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES

27 僱員福利開支

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元
Salaries, wages and bonuses Pension costs – defined contribution plans Welfare and other expenses	薪金、工資及花紅 退休金成本-界定供款計劃 福利及其他開支	399,841 3,000 21,612	357,029 2,956 18,059
		424,453	378,044

Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022 include five directors (year ended 31 December 2021: five directors) whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis shown in Note 37.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, no payments or benefits in respect of termination of directors' services, remuneration in respect of accepting office as director, emoluments in respect of director's other services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company or its subsidiaries and other benefits were paid or made, directly or indirectly, to the directors; nor are any payable (year ended 31 December 2021: Nil). No consideration was provided to or receivable by third parties for making available directors' services (year ended 31 December 2021: Nil). There are no loans, quasi-loans or other dealings in favour of the directors, their controlled bodies corporate and connected entities (year ended 31 December 2021: Nil).

五名最高薪酬人士

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年 度,本集團五名最高薪酬人士包括五名 董事(截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度:五名董事),其薪酬分析已反 映於附註37。

28 FINANCE INCOME AND FINANCE COSTS

28 財務收入及財務成本

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元
Interest expenses on borrowings Interest expenses on lease liabilities	借貸之利息開支 租賃負債之利息開支	(4,128) (590)	(1,990) (435)
Finance costs	財務成本	(4,718)	(2,425)
Finance income	財務收入	593	962
Finance costs, net	財務成本淨額	(4,125)	(1,463)

29 SUBSIDIARIES

29 附屬公司

	Place of incorporation	Particulars of issued share capital/ Principal activities	of issued the Group			roup	y Ownership interest held by non-controlling
Name of company	and kind of legal entity	and place of operation	capital 已發行股本/	2022	2021	interest 非控股權益	
公司名稱	註冊成立地點及 法律實體類型	主要業務及經營所在地	註冊資本之 詳情	二零二二年	二零二一年	所持擁有權權益	
Ming Fai Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands, limited liability company	Investment holding; Hong Kong	US\$100	100%	100%	-	
明輝控股有限公司	英屬處女群島,有限責任公司	投資控股;香港	100美元	100%	100%	-	
Ming Fai Asia Pacific Company Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	Trading of hospitality supplies products, operating supplies and equipment and health care and	HK\$10,000,000	100%	100%	-	
明輝亞太有限公司	香港,有限責任公司	hygienic products; Hong Kong 銷售酒店供應品類產品、營運用 品及設備與健康護理及衛生用 品;香港	10,000,000港元	100%	100%	-	
Ming Fai Enterprise International Company Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	Trading of hospitality supplies products, operating supplies and equipment and health care and	HK\$1,000,000	100%	100%	-	
明輝寶業國際 有限公司	香港·有限責任公司	hygienic products; Hong Kong 銷售酒店供應品類產品、營運用 品及設備與健康護理及衛生用 品;香港	1,000,000港元	100%	100%	-	
Ming Fai Industrial (Shenzhen) Company Limited	The PRC, limited liability company (Taiwan, Hong Kong and Macau's sole proprietorship of legal person)	Manufacturing and trading of hospitality supplies products, trading of operating supplies and equipment and manufacturing and trading of health care and hygienic products; the PRC	HK\$50,000,000	100%	100%	-	
明輝實業(深圳)有限公司	中國,有限責任公司(台港澳 法人獨資)	製造及銷售酒店供應品類產品、 銷售營運用品及設備以及製造 及銷售健康護理及衛生用品; 中國	50,000,000港元	100%	100%	-	
H-Square Hospitality Total Solution Company Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	Trading of operating supplies and equipment; Hong Kong	HK\$1,000	100%	100%	-	
悦空間酒店配套有限公司	香港,有限責任公司	銷售營運用品及設備;香港	1,000港元	100%	100%	-	
Shenzhen H-Square Hospitality Total Solution Company Limited	The PRC, limited liability company (Taiwan, Hong Kong and Macau's sole proprietorship of legal person)	Trading of operating supplies and equipment; the PRC	HK\$50,000,000	100%	100%	-	
深圳悦空間酒店配套有限公司	中國,有限責任公司(台港澳 法人獨資)	銷售營運用品及設備;中國	50,000,000港元	100%	100%	-	
H-Square Hospitality Total Solution (Cambodia) Co., Ltd.	Cambodia, limited liability company	Trading of operating supplies and equipment; Cambodia	Cambodian Riels 400,000,000	100%	-	-	
H-Square Hospitality Total Solution (Cambodia) Co., Ltd.	· x m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m	銷售營運用品及設備;柬埔寨	400,000,000 400,000,000 柬埔寨里爾	100%	-	-	
29 SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

29 附屬公司(續)

		Principal activities	of issued share capital/ 本	Ownership interest held by the Group 本集團所持擁有權權益		Ownership interest held by	
Name of company	Place of incorporation and kind of legal entity	Principal activities and place of operation	registered capital	2022	2021	non-controlling interest 北仲职博关	
公司名稱	註冊成立地點及 法律實體類型	主要業務及經營所在地	已發行股本/ 註冊資本之 詳情	二零二二年	二零二一年	非控股權益 所持擁有權 權益	
IKONE Design Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	Provision of professional solutions in product design, corporate branding, gifts & premiums, and event management services; Hong Kong	HK\$1,000	100%	100%	-	
千壹品牌形象設計有限公司	香港,有限責任公司	提供專業產品設計、企業及 品牌建構方案、禮品及 活動策劃服務;香港	1,000港元	100%	100%	-	
IKONE Design (Shenzhen) Limited	The PRC, limited liability company (Taiwan, Hong Kong and Macau's sole proprietorship of legal	Provision of professional solutions in product design, corporate branding, gifts & premiums, and event management services; the	HK\$2,000,000	100%	100%	-	
千壹品牌形象設計 (深圳)有限公司	person) 中國,有限責任公司(台港澳 法人獨資)	PRC 提供專業產品設計、企業及 品牌建構方案、禮品及 活動策劃服務:中國	2,000,000港元	100%	100%	-	
Ming Fai Innovative Skin Care Lab Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	Manufacturing and trading of hospitality supplies products and health care and hygienic products; Hong Kong	HK\$100,000	100%	100%	-	
明輝創新護膚研究所 有限公司	香港,有限責任公司	製造及銷售酒店供應品類產品及 健康護理及衛生用品;香港	100,000港元	100%	100%	-	
Ming Fai Enterprise (Cambodia) Co., Ltd.	Cambodia, limited liability company	Manufacturing and trading of hospitality supplies products and trading of operating supplies and equipment; Cambodia	US\$16,000,000	100%	100%	-	
Ming Fai Enterprise (Cambodia) Co., Ltd.	柬埔寨,有限責任公司	製造及銷售酒店供應品類產品及 銷售營運用品及設備;柬埔寨	16,000,000美元	100%	100%	-	
Wayoutokushin Co., Ltd.	Japan, limited liability	Product development and trading of body care products; Japan	JPY140,000,000	51%	51%	49%	
株式會社和楊德信	company 日本,有限責任公司	身體護膚產品開發及貿易;日本	140,000,000日圓	51%	51%	49%	
Quality Amenities Supply Pte. Limited	Singapore, limited liability company	Trading of hospitality supplies products, operating supplies and equipment and health care and hygienic products; Singapore	Singapore dollar 100,000	100%	100%	-	
Quality Amenities Supply Pte. Limited	新加坡,有限責任公司	銷售酒店供應品類產品、營運用 品及設備與健康護理及衛生用 品:新加坡	100,000 新加坡元	100%	100%	-	
Teng Xun Limited	Cambodia, limited liability company	Manufacturing and trading of hospitality supplies products and trading of operating supplies and aquimpart. Combodia	US\$4,000,000	100%	100%	-	
Teng Xun Limited	柬埔寨,有限責任公司	equipment; Cambodia 製造及銷售酒店供應品類產品及 銷售營運用品及設備;柬埔寨	4,000,000美元	100%	100%	-	
Oriental Lotus Hotel Supplies Private Limited	India, limited liability company	Manufacturing and trading of hospitality supplies products and trading of operating supplies and equipment; India	Indian Rupee ₹38,300,530	51%	51%	49%	
Oriental Lotus Hotel Supplies Private Limited	印度,有限責任公司	製造及銷售酒店供應品類產品及 銷售營運用品及設備;印度	38,300,530 印度盧比	51%	51%	49%	

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30 INCOME TAX EXPENSES

30 所得税開支

The amount of income tax charged/(credited) to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income represents:

於綜合全面收益表扣除/(撥回)的所得 税金額為:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元
Current income tax:	即期所得税:		
- Hong Kong profits tax	一香港利得税	11,593	2,653
- PRC enterprise income tax	一中國企業所得税	8,354	1,967
- Other overseas profits tax	一其他海外利得税	437	529
Adjustments in respect of prior year	過往年度調整	(728)	(770)
		19,656	4,379
Deferred income tax expense/(credit)	遞延所得税費用/(抵免)		
(Note 10)	(附註10)	488	(859)
		20,144	3,520

Taxation has been provided at the appropriate rates prevailing in the jurisdiction in which the Group operates.

Hong Kong profits tax, PRC enterprise income tax, Singapore corporate income tax and Cambodia corporate income tax are calculated at 16.5% (2021: 16.5%), 25% (2021: 25%), 17% (2021: 17%) and 20% (2021: 20%) on the estimated assessable profits for the year ended 31 December 2022 respectively.

Taxes on other overseas profits have been calculated at the rates of tax prevailing in the jurisdictions in which the Group operates, based on existing legislation, interpretations and practices in respect thereof. 税項乃按本集團經營所在司法權區通用 的適用税率計提撥備。

香港利得税、中國企業所得税、新加坡 企業所得税及柬埔寨企業所得税乃按照 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年 度估計應課税溢利分別以16.5%(二零 二一年:16.5%)、25%(二零二一年: 25%)、17%(二零二一年:17%)及 20%(二零二一年:20%)計算。

其他海外溢利之税項乃按本集團經營所 在司法權區之當前税率根據當地現行法 例、詮釋及慣例計算。

30 INCOME TAX EXPENSES (Continued)

The difference between the actual income tax charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income and the amounts which would result from applying the enacted tax rates to profit/ (loss) before income tax can be reconciled as follows:

30 所得税開支(續)

綜合全面收益表中實際所得税支出與按 已生效税率就未計所得税前溢利/(虧 損)計算所得金額之差額對賬如下:

			2022	2021
			二零二二年 HK\$′000 千港元	二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元
Profit/(loss) before income tax	未計所得税前溢利/	(虧損)	89,986	(94,405)
Tax calculated at domestic tax rates applicable to profits in the respective	按適用於各個司法權 溢利的當地税率	區的		
jurisdictions	計算的税項		15,414	(22,220)
Income not subject to tax	毋須課税的收入		(6,301)	(3,094)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	不可抵扣税項的開支		2,138	10,614
Utilisation of prior year tax losses	動用過往年度之税務	虧損	(1,926)	(677)
Adjustments in respect of prior year	過往年度調整		(728)	(770)
Tax losses for which no deferred income	不涉及確認遞延所得;	税資產	44 547	10 667
tax asset was recognised	的税項虧損		11,547	19,667
Tax charged	税項支出		20,144	3,520
he weighted average applicable tax rate v or the year ended 31 December 2022 (year 021: 24% per annum). The change is cause	ended 31 December ed by a change in the	的加權 二零二·	零二二年十二月三 平均適用税率為 領 一年十二月三十一)。税率改織乃因	尋年1 <mark>7%</mark> (截至 ⁻日止年度:每
or the year ended 31 December 2022 (year	ended 31 December ed by a change in the ective jurisdictions. for tax losses carried ne related tax benefit able. The Group has ly HK\$309,759,000 2,853,000) as at 31	的二年24% 加零24% 遞透之月約三銷 一 一 一 一 一 、 一 、 一 、 一 、 。 透 之 月約三 - 、 、 、 、 、 、 。 、 、 。 、 。 。 、 。 、 。 、	平均適用税率為每	每年17%(截:17%) 一日止年集 一日止年集改務 税 市 二 一 税 の 港 元) の 港 元) の 港 元 5 (截:1 7 8 8 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7
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or the year ended 31 December 2022 (year 021: 24% per annum). The change is cause rofitability of the Group's subsidiaries in respo- eferred income tax assets are recognised provard to the extent that realisation of the nrough the future taxation profits is prob- nrecognised tax losses of approximate 81 December 2021: approximately HK\$28 ecember 2022 to offset against future taxat	ended 31 December ed by a change in the ective jurisdictions. for tax losses carried ne related tax benefit able. The Group has ly HK\$309,759,000 2,853,000) as at 31	的二年24% 加零24% 遞透之月約三銷 一 一 一 一 一 、 一 、 一 、 一 、 。 透 之 月約三 - 、 、 、 、 、 、 。 、 、 。 、 。 。 、 。 、 。 、	平均適用税率為 4 一年十二月三十一)。税率改權區乃因 有關司法權及乃因 次 整税資課確報 集 一日,本集團 (二零 日:約282,853,00 應課税收入。此等 期屆滿: 2022 二零二二年	毎年17%(毎年17%(日本 毎日 上年 一日本 日本 一日本 日本
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or the year ended 31 December 2022 (year 021: 24% per annum). The change is cause rofitability of the Group's subsidiaries in respo- eferred income tax assets are recognised proward to the extent that realisation of the nrough the future taxation profits is prob- nrecognised tax losses of approximate 31 December 2021: approximately HK\$28 ecember 2022 to offset against future taxat passes expire in the following years:	ended 31 December ed by a change in the ective jurisdictions. for tax losses carried he related tax benefit able. The Group has ly HK\$309,759,000 2,853,000) as at 31 ble income. These tax 第一年至第五年(包括首	的二年公 遞透之月約三銷下 加零249 延過税三309,7 年) 補二% 在 所未項十7	平均適用税率為4 一年十二月三十一)。税率改權區 有關司產乃因 之子。 有關一方 之子。 一日、本集 一日、本集 一日、本集 一日、本集 一日、本集 一日、約282,853,00 應課 一日、約282,853,00 應課 日:約282,853,00 應課 日、約282,853,00 應課 日、約282,853,00 應 期屆滿: 2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元 181,666	 毎年17%(截17%) 日本本部 日本本部 一日本本部 二日本本部 二日本本部
or the year ended 31 December 2022 (year 021: 24% per annum). The change is cause rofitability of the Group's subsidiaries in respo- eferred income tax assets are recognised proward to the extent that realisation of the nrough the future taxation profits is prob- nrecognised tax losses of approximate 81 December 2021: approximately HK\$28 ecember 2022 to offset against future taxat passes expire in the following years:	 ended 31 December ed by a change in the ective jurisdictions. for tax losses carried ne related tax benefit able. The Group has ly HK\$309,759,000 2,853,000) as at 31 ble income. These tax 第一年至第五年(包括首 第六年至第十年(包括首 	的二年公 遞透之月約三銷下 加零249 延過税三309,7 年) 補二% 在 所未項十7	平均適用税率為4 一年十二月三十一)。税率改權區为因 有關司產乃因之。 有關可產稅之。 於二 一日、本集團之報 一日、本集團之 一日、約282,853,00 應課稅收入。此等 期屆滿: 2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元 181,666 13,907	毎年17%(1 毎年17%(1 毎日17%(1
or the year ended 31 December 2022 (year 021: 24% per annum). The change is cause rofitability of the Group's subsidiaries in respo- eferred income tax assets are recognised proward to the extent that realisation of the nrough the future taxation profits is prob- nrecognised tax losses of approximate 31 December 2021: approximately HK\$28 ecember 2022 to offset against future taxat passes expire in the following years:	ended 31 December ed by a change in the ective jurisdictions. for tax losses carried he related tax benefit able. The Group has ly HK\$309,759,000 2,853,000) as at 31 ble income. These tax 第一年至第五年(包括首	的二年公 遞透之月約三銷下 加零249 延過税三309,7 年) 補二% 在 所未項十7	平均適用税率為4 一年十二月三十一)。税率改權區 有關司產乃因 之子。 有關一方 之子。 一日、本集 一日、本集 一日、本集 一日、本集 一日、本集 一日、約282,853,00 應課 一日、約282,853,00 應課 日:約282,853,00 應課 日、約282,853,00 應課 日、約282,853,00 應 期屆滿: 2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元 181,666	 毎年17%(截 (截:附) 開現零確二税年、 (截:附) (截:附) (截:附) (截:附) (截:附) (截:附) (前,前,二,前,二,前,二,前,二,前,二,前,1,1) (10,1,1) (10,1,1) (10,0,1,1)

31 EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE

31 每股盈利/(虧損)

(a) 基本

(a) Basic

Basic earnings/(loss) per share is calculated by dividing the profit/ (loss) attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year. 每股基本盈利/(虧損)以本公司擁 有人應佔溢利/(虧損)除以年內已 發行普通股之加權平均數計算。

2021

2022

		年	二零二一年
Profit/(loss) attributable to owners of the Company (<i>HK\$'000</i>)	本公司擁有人應佔 溢利/(虧損) <i>(千港元)</i>	75,511	(93,535)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (thousands)	已發行普通股加權平均數 <i>(千股)</i>	725,699	728,839
Basic earnings/(loss) per share (expressed in HK cents)	每股基本盈利/(虧損) <i>(以港仙列示)</i>	10.4	(12.8)

(b) Diluted

Diluted earnings/(loss) per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

For the year ended 31 December 2022, diluted earnings per share was the same as basic earnings per share as there were no potential dilutive ordinary shares outstanding as at 31 December 2022.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, all of the outstanding share options had no dilutive effect to the Company and therefore, diluted loss per share is the same as basic loss per share.

32 DIVIDENDS

On 25 August 2022, the Board resolved to approve an interim dividend of HK1.0 cent per share for the six months ended 30 June 2022. Total dividend of approximately HK\$7,343,000 was paid out, including dividend paid to the shares held for the Scheme.

The final dividend in respect of the year ended 31 December 2022 of HK3.0 cents per share, amounting to a total dividend of approximately HK\$22,028,000 was resolved by the Board to propose on 28 March 2023, which is subject to approval at the annual general meeting of the Company to be held on 24 May 2023. This proposed dividend is not reflected as a dividend payable in the consolidated financial statements, but reflected as an appropriation of retained earnings for the year ended 31 December 2022.

(b) 攤薄

每股攤薄盈利/(虧損)以假設所有 可攤薄的潛在普通股被兑換後,調 整已發行普通股的加權平均數計算。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日, 並無已發行潛在攤薄普通股,故 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日 止年度之每股攤薄盈利與每股基 本盈利相同。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度,所有尚未行使之購股權對 本公司概無任何攤薄影響,故每股 攤薄虧損與每股基本虧損相同。

32 股息

於二零二二年八月二十五日,董事會 議決批准截至二零二二年六月三十日 止六個月之中期股息每股1.0港仙。約 7,343,000港元之股息總額已獲派發,包 括就計劃下持有之股份獲派發之股息。

於二零二三年三月二十八日,董事會 議決建議派發截至二零二二年十二月 三十一日止年度的末期股息每股3.0港仙, 股息總額約22,028,000港元,惟須待將於 二零二三年五月二十四日舉行的本公司 股東週年大會上獲批准後,方可作實。 此建議股息尚未於綜合財務報表反映 為應付股息,但反映為截至二零二二年 十二月三十一日止年度的分配保留盈利。

33 NOTE TO CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

33 綜合現金流量表附註

(a) Reconciliation of profit/(loss) before income tax to cash generated from/(used in) operations
 (a) 未計所得税前溢利/(虧損) 與經營業務所得/(所用)現 金的對賬

		2022	2021
		二零二二年 HK\$′000 千港元	二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit/(loss) before income tax	未計所得税前溢利/	00.005	
Adjustments for:	(虧損) 已作出下列調整:	89,986	(94,405)
– Depreciation of property, plant and	-物業、廠房及		56.047
equipment (<i>Note 6</i>) – Depreciation of right-of-use assets	設備折舊 <i>(附註6)</i> -使用權資產折舊	55,288	56,047
(Note 7(b))	(附註7(b))	9,085	8,717
 Amortisation of intangible assets (Note 9(b)) 	一無形資產攤銷 <i>(附註9(b))</i>	687	853
– (Gain)/loss on disposal of property,	一出售物業、廠房及	007	000
plant and equipment (Note 33(b))	設備的(收益)/		
Finance income (Note 20)	虧損 <i>(附註33(b))</i> 財務地入 <i>(性</i> 註28)	(28)	123
– Finance income <i>(Note 28)</i> – Finance costs <i>(Note 28)</i>	一財務收入 <i>(附註28)</i> 一財務成本 <i>(附註28)</i>	(593) 4,718	(962) 2,425
– (Reversal of provision)/provision for	-陳舊存貨的(撥備	.,,	_,
obsolete inventories	撥回)/撥備	(7,405)	19,729
 Direct written off for obsolete inventories (Note 11) 	一直接撇銷陳舊存貨 <i>(附註11)</i>	3,303	3,523
– Net impairment losses on financial	- 金融資產減值虧損	5,505	5,525
assets (Note 12)	淨額 <i>(附註12)</i>	15,347	47,983
 Share of (profit)/loss of an associated company 	-應佔一間聯營公司之 (溢利)/虧損	(511)	457
– Share of loss of a joint venture	一應佔一間合營企業之	(511)	457
-	虧損	207	64
– Fair value gain on an investment	項投資物業之 公平值收益 <i>(附註8)</i>	(1.074)	
property (Note 8) – Impairment of goodwill (Note 9(a))	一商譽減值(<i>附註9(a)</i>)	(1,974) _	4,759
Changes in working capital: – Inventories	營運資金變動: 一存貨	(4,138)	(43,860)
– Trade and bills receivables	一應收貿易賬款及票據	(57,338)	(43,800) (71,236)
– Other assets	一其他資產	4,413	(15,246)
– Other financial assets	一按攤銷成本列賬之		()
at amortised cost	其他金融資產	1,141	(3,257)
 Trade payables Accruals and other payables 	一應付貿易賬款 一應計費用及	1,829	35,679
rectaus and other payables	其他應付款項	17,002	(15,303)
 Amount due from an associated 	一應收一間聯營公司		
company – Amounts due from joint ventures	款項 一應收合營企業款項	(512) (67)	631 126
		(07)	120
Cash generated from/(used in) operations	經營業務所得/(所用)的		
	現金	130,440	(63,153)

33 NOTE TO CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

33 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

- (b) Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment
- (b) 出售物業、廠房及設備所得款項

In the consolidated statement of cash flows, proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment comprise:

於綜合現金流量表中,出售物業、 廠房及設備所得款項包括:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Net book amount:	賬面淨值:		
 Property, plant and equipment 	一物業、廠房及設備		
(Note 6)	(附註6)	309	1,662
Gain/(loss) on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備之		
plant and equipment (Note 25)	收益/(虧損) <i>(附註25)</i>	28	(123)
Proceeds from disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備		
plant and equipment	所得款項	337	1,539

(c) Reconciliation of liabilities from financing activities

(c) 來自融資活動之負債之對賬

		Liabilities from financing activities 來自融資活動之負債			
		Borrowings	Lease liabilities	Loans from non- controlling interests 非控股	Total
		借貸 HK\$'000 千港元	租賃負債 HK\$′000 千港元	權益的貸款 HK \$′000 千港元	總計 HK\$′000 千港元
Aa at 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	121,101	10,033	17,518	148,652
Cash flows Addition to lease liabilities Finance cost <i>(Note 28)</i> Foreign exchange adjustments	現金流量 租賃負債添置 財務成本 <i>(附註28)</i> 外匯調整	18,006 _ 1,990 251	(5,852) 1,134 435 128	- - (149)	12,154 1,134 2,425 230
As at 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	141,348	5,878	17,369	164,595
Cash flows Addition to lease liabilities Finance cost (<i>Note 28)</i> Foreign exchange adjustments	現金流量 租賃負債添置 財務成本 <i>(附註28)</i> 外匯調整	(34,604) - 4,128 (119)	(6,412) 9,463 590 (519)	286 (169)	(40,730) 9,463 4,718 (807)
As as at 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	110,753	9,000	17,486	137,239

34 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

34 資本承擔

As at 31 December 2022, the capital commitments of the Group were as follows:

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團 的資本承擔如下:

本集團的合營企業

				2022	
				二零二二年 HK\$′000 千港元	二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元
Co	ontracted but not provided for in the consolidated financial statements	已訂約惟並未於 綜合財務報表內撥備		19,183	21,843
5 REI	LATED PARTY TRANSACTI	ONS 35	關	聯方交易	
othe oper	ted parties are those parties that hav er party or exercise significant influen rating decisions. Parties are also consi subject to common control.	ce in making financial and	及經 聯方	〔何一方能控制另一方 聲營決策上行使重大影 「。受到共同控制的有 約方。	/響力・即為關
	ultimate controlling parties of the 0 Mr. CHING Chi Keung, Mr. LIU Zig ng.			[團之最終控制方為積 發先生、劉子剛先生及	
(a)	Significant related party tr	ansactions	(a)	重大關聯方交易	
	The Group has carried out signific following related parties:	ant transactions with the		本集團曾與以下關 交易:	聯方進行重オ
	Name of related party 關聯方名稱	Principal business activities 主要業務活動		Relationship with tl 與本集團之關係	he Group
	Ming Fai Plastic Industrial Company ("MF Plastic") 明輝塑膠實業公司 (「明輝塑膠」)	Manufacturing of plastic products (Ceased manufacturing of plast products since April 2003) 製造塑膠產品(自二零零三年 四月起終止製造塑膠產品)		Partnership owned by Chi Fai, Mr. YEUNG Mr. CHING Chi Keu 由程志輝先生、楊天 程志強先生所擁有	i Tin Loi and Ing :來先生及
	Quality Amenities Supply (M) Sdn. Bhd. ("QASM")	Trading of hospitality supplies products, operating supplies an equipment and health care and hygienic products		Associated company of	of the Group
	Quality Amenities Supply (M) Sdn. Bhd. (「QASM」)	銷售酒店供應品類產品、營運用 及設備與健康護理及衛生用品		本集團的聯營公司	
	iBridge Technology (Shenzhen) Limited ("iBridge Technology")	Provision of information technolo services	gy	Joint venture of the G	iroup
	恩博哲科技(深圳)有限公司 (「恩博哲科技」)	提供資訊科技服務		本集團的合營企業	
	Advance Medical Designs (Hong Kong) Limited ("AMDHK")	Trading of disposable infection		Joint venture of the G	iroup

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(Hong Kong) Limited (「AMDHK」)

Kong) Limited ("AMDHK") _____ control products Advance Medical Designs _____ 銷售即棄感染控制產品

35 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

35 關聯方交易(續)

(a) Significant related party transactions (Continued)

In addition to those disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, the Group had the following significant transactions with related parties:

(a) 重大關聯方交易(續)

除於綜合財務報表其他部分所披 露者外,本集團與關聯方進行的 重大交易如下:

		2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
		————————————————————————————————————	————————————————————————————————————
(i) Sales of goods	(i) 銷售貨品		
– to QASM	— 予QASM	13,990	5,107
 to iBridge Technology 	- 予恩博哲科技	33	177
– to AMDHK	— 予AMDHK	92	29
(ii) Purchase of goods – from iBridge Technology	(ii) 購買貨品 一自恩博哲科技	234	199
(iii) Rental charged – by MF Plastic	(iii) 被徵收的租金 一明輝塑膠	1,322	1,381
Sales of goods are transacted at p between the parties.	prices mutually agreed	銷售貨品乃按訂約 定的價格進行交易	
Purchases of goods and services ar mutually agreed between the parties.	re transacted at prices	購買貨品及服務乃 互相協定的價格進行	
The Group leased cortain properties fr	om ME Plastic as one of	木隹圃白明輝朔网	和田芊工物举

The Group leased certain properties from MF Plastic as one of its production bases in the PRC. The transaction is carried out at prices agreed between the parties. 本集團向明輝塑膠租用若干物業 作為其於中國的其中一個生產基 地。此交易乃按訂約方之間互相 協定的價格進行。

35 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

35 關聯方交易(續)

(b)	Key	management	compensation	
-----	-----	------------	--------------	--

(b)	Key management compensation		(b)	主要管理人員酬金	
				HK\$'000	2021 零二一年 HK\$'000
	Basic salaries, housing allowances,	底薪、住房津貼	、甘仙津貼	千港元	千港元
	other allowances and benefits-in-kind	及非金錢利益		9,385	7,592
	Contributions to pension plans	退休金計劃供款		126	116
				9,511	7,708
(c)	Year end balances arising from s purchases of goods	ales and	(c)	銷售及購買貨品的	年終結餘

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$′000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元
Amounts due from – QASM <i>(Note 13)</i> – iBridge Technology	應收以下各方款項 -QASM <i>(附註13)</i> -恩博哲科技	2,848 177	2,338 189
– AMDHK	– AMDHK	345	266

36 BALANCE SHEET AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY

36 本公司資產負債表及儲備變動

Balance sheet of the Company as at 31 December 2022

於二零二二年十二月三十一日之 本公司資產負債表 2022 2021

				2021 二零二一年
		Note 附註	— ∢ ——中 HK\$′000 千港元	 HK\$′000 千港元
ASSETS Non-current asset Investment in a subsidiary	資產 非流動資產 於一間附屬公司的投資		235,673	235,673
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總額		235,673	235,673
Current assets Other current assets Amounts due from subsidiaries Amount due from a joint venture Tax receivables Cash and cash equivalents	流動資產 其他流動資產 應收附屬公司款項 應收一間合營企業款項 應收税項 現金及現金等值項目		192 790,761 13 3,066	289 791,535 13 267 2,654
Total current assets	流動資產總額		794,032	794,758
Total assets	資產總額		1,029,705	1,030,431
EQUITY Equity attributable to the owners of the Company Share capital Shares held under the Scheme Share premium Other reserves	權益 本公司擁有人 應佔權益 股本 計劃下持有之股份 股份溢價 其他儲備	A	7,343 (8,196) 613,261 405,940	7,343 (6,051) 613,261 405,211
Total equity	總權益		1,018,348	1,019,764
LIABILITIES Current liabilities Accruals and other payables Amounts due to subsidiaries Tax payable Dividends payable	負債 流動負債 應計費用及其他應付款項 應付附屬公司款項 應付税項 應付股息		1,530 9,490 146 191	993 9,490 _ 184
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		11,357	10,667
Total liabilities	負債總額		11,357	10,667
Total equity and liabilities	總權益及負債		1,029,705	1,030,431

The balance sheet of the Company was approved by the Board of Directors on 28 March 2023 and was signed on its behalf.

本公司資產負債表於二零二三年三月 二十八日經董事會批准並由以下董事代 表簽署。

CHING Tsun Wah 程俊華 Director 董事

36 BALANCE SHEET AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

36 本公司資產負債表及儲備變動

Note A: Reserve movement of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2022

附註A:截至二零二二年十二月 三十一日止年度本公司 儲備變動

		Merger reserve (Note) 合併儲備	Share-based compensation reserves 以股份支付的	Retained earnings	Total
		<i>(附註)</i> HK\$'000 千港元	酬金儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	保留盈利 HK\$′000 千港元	總計 HK\$′000 千港元
Balance at 1 January 2021 Comprehensive income	於二零二一年一月一日之結餘 全面收益	224,147	27,897	153,957	406,001
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	-	_	10,143	10,143
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額	_	-	10,143	10,143
Final dividend relating to 2020 Lapse of share options	二零二零年度之末期股息 購股權失效	-	_ (27,897)	(10,933) 27,897	(10,933) _
Balance at 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日之結餘	224,147	_	181,064	405,211
Balance at 1 January 2022 Comprehensive income	於二零二二年一月一日之結餘 全面收益	224,147	-	181,064	405,211
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	-	-	7,967	7,967
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額	-	-	7,967	7,967
Interim dividend relating to 2022	二零二二年度之中期股息	-	-	(7,238)	(7,238)
Balance at 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日之結餘	224,147	-	181,793	405,940

Note:

Merger reserve of the Company represents the difference between the cost of investment in subsidiaries and nominal value of the share capital and share premium of the subsidiaries in 2007 arising from the application of merger accounting in consolidating the financial information of the affected entities. 本公司的合併儲備指於附屬公司的投資成本及 股本面值與附屬公司於二零零七年合併受影響 實體財務資料時採用合併會計法所產生的股份 溢價的差額。

附註:

37 DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS

37 董事及主要行政人員之酬金

The aggregate amounts of emoluments paid/payable to Directors of the Company by the Group are as follows:

本集團已付/應付本公司董事的酬金總 額如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元
Fees	袍金	1,350	1,350
Basic salaries, housing allowances, other allowances and benefits-in-kind	底薪、住房津貼、其他津貼 及非金錢利益	8,785	6,992
Contributions to pension plans	退休金計劃供款	126	116

The emoluments of each Director and chief executive of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2022 are as follows:

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年 度,本公司各董事及主要行政人員的酬 金如下:

8,458

10,261

Name of Directors 董事姓名		Fees 袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	Salary 薪金 HKS'000 千港元	Discretionary bonuses 酌情花紅 HK\$'000 千港元	Share-based payment expense 以股份支付 的開支 HK\$'000 千港元	Employer's contribution to a retirement benefit scheme 僱主就退休 福利計劃的 供款 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Executive Directors (Note (i))	執行董事 <i>(附註(i))</i>						
Mr. CHING Chi Fai	程志輝先生	120	1.314	743	_	18	2,195
Mr. CHING Chi Keung	程志強先生	120	797	542	_	18	1,477
Mr. LIU Zigang	劉子剛先生	120	961	762	-	54	1,897
Mr. CHING Tsun Wah	程俊華先生	120	797	692	-	18	1,627
Mr. KEUNG Kwok Hung	姜國雄先生	120	1,423	754	-	18	2,315
Independent Non-Executive Directors	獨立非執行董事						
Mr. HUNG Kam Hung Allan	孔錦洪先生	150	_	_	_	_	150
Mr. NG Bo Kwong	吴保光先生	150	_	-	-	_	150
Mr. SUN Eric Yung Tson	孫榮聰先生	150	-	-	-	-	150
Mr. KWONG Tony Wan Kit	鄺允傑先生	150	-	-	-	-	150
Non-Executive Director	非執行董事						
Ms. CHAN Yim Ching	陳艷清女士	150	-	-	-	-	150
Total	總額	1,350	5,292	3,493	_	126	10,261

37 DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

37 董事及主要行政人員之酬金 (續)

The emoluments of each Director and chief executive of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021 are as follows:

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年 度,本公司各董事及主要行政人員的酬 金如下:

						Employer's	
					Share-based	contribution	
				Discretionary	payment	to a retirement	
Name of Directors		Fees	Salary	bonuses	expense	benefit scheme	To
						僱主就退休	
					以股份支付	福利計劃的	
董事姓名		袍金	薪金	酌情花紅	的開支	供款	緫
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'0
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港
Executive Directors (Note (i))	執行董事 <i>(附註(i))</i>						
Mr. CHING Chi Fai	程志輝先生	120	1,314	360	-	18	1,8
Mr. CHING Chi Keung	程志強先生	120	797	263	-	18	1,1
Mr. LIU Zigang	劉子剛先生	120	968	368	-	44	1,5
Mr. CHING Tsun Wah	程俊華先生	120	797	338	-	18	1,2
Mr. KEUNG Kwok Hung	姜國雄先生	120	1,423	364	-	18	1,9
Independent Non-Executive	獨立非執行董事						
Directors							
Mr. HUNG Kam Hung Allan	孔錦洪先生	150	-	-	-	-	1
Mr. MA Chun Fung Horace (Note (ii))	馬振峰先生 <i>(附註(ii))</i>	143	-	-	-	-	1
Mr. NG Bo Kwong	吴保光先生	150	-	-	-	-	1
Mr. SUN Eric Yung Tson	孫榮聰先生	150	-	-	-	-	1
Mr. KWONG Tony Wan Kit (Note (iii))	鄺允傑先生 <i>(附註(iii))</i>	7	-	-	-	-	
Non-Executive Director	非執行董事						
Ms. CHAN Yim Ching	陳艷清女士	150	-	-	-	-	1
Total	總額	1,350	5,299	1,693	-	116	8,4
tes:					附註:		
The role of chief executive	e officer has been perf	ormed collect	ively by all			悤裁之職務由全智	澧執行董
the Executive Directors, inc						本公司主席)共同	
Mr. MA Chun Fung Horace resigned as Independent Non-Executive Director on 13 December 2021.					锋先生已於二零∶ ∃日辭任獨立非執		
Mr. KWONG Tony Wan Kit was appointed as Independent Non-Executive Director on 14 December 2021.					₩先生已於二零=]日獲委任為獨立非		

