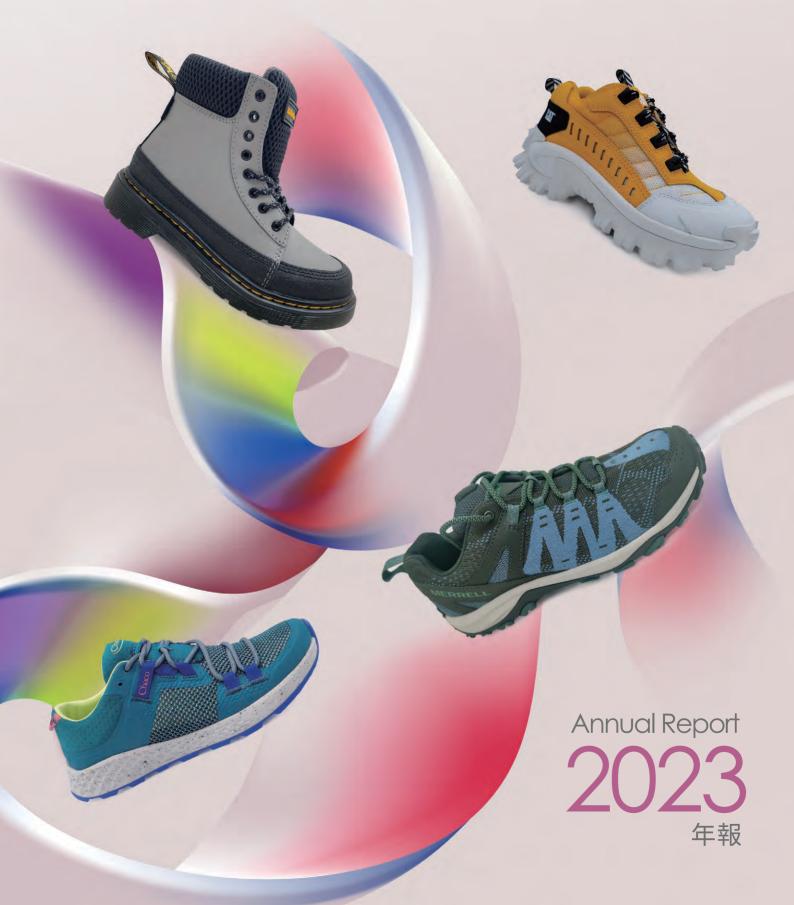
KINGMAKER FOOTWEAR HOLDINGS LIMITED

信星鞋業集團有限公司

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司) KINGMAKER Stock Code 股份代號:01170





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Corporate Information 公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mdm. Huang Hsiu-duan, Helen

Mr. Wong Hei-chiu Mr. Chen Yi-wu, Ares

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Chan Ho-man, Daniel Mr. Kimmel, Phillip Brian

Dr. Chow Wing-kin, Anthony, SBS, J.P.

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Tam King-ching, Kenny Mr. Yung Tse-kwong, Steven

Ms. Chan Mei-bo, Mabel Mr. Wong Hin-wing, MH

(appointed with effect from 1 January 2023)

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Wong Hei-chiu

REGISTERED OFFICE

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM11 Bermuda

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

17th Floor Empress Plaza 17-19 Chatham Road South Tsimshatsui Kowloon Hong Kong

SOLICITORS

Guantao and Chow Solicitors and Notaries

AUDITOR

Ernst & Young

Certified Public Accountants

Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor

董事會

執行董事

黃秀端女士 黃禧超先生 陳奕舞先生

非執行董事

陳浩文先生 柯民佑先生

周永健博士,銀紫荊星章,太平紳士

獨立非執行董事

譚競正先生 戎子江先生 陳美寶女士

黃顯榮先生,榮譽勛章

(自二零二三年一月一日起獲委任)

公司秘書

黄禧超先生

註冊辦事處

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM11 Bermuda

香港總辦事處及主要營業地點

香港 九龍 尖沙咀 漆咸道南17-19號 帝后廣場 17樓

律師

觀韜律師事務所 *律師及公證人*

核數師

安永會計師事務所 *執業會計師* 註冊公眾利益實體核數師



BERMUDA PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited 26 Burnaby Street Hamilton HM11 Bermuda

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Tengis Limited 17th Floor, Far East Finance Centre 16 Harcourt Road Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited China Construction Bank (Asia) Corporation Limited Credit Agricole Corporate & Investment Bank

STOCK CODE

01170

WEBSITE

http://www.irasia.com/listco/hk/kingmaker

KEY DATES

Closure of Register of Members

Entitlement to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting

23 August 2023 to 28 August 2023

Entitlement to the proposed final and special final dividends

1 September 2023 to 5 September 2023

Annual General Meeting

28 August 2023

Proposed payment date of final and special final dividends

On or about 25 September 2023

百慕達主要股份過戶登記處

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited 26 Burnaby Street Hamilton HM11 Bermuda

香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳登捷時有限公司 香港 夏愨道16號 遠東金融中心17樓

主要往來銀行

中國工商銀行(亞洲)有限公司中國建設銀行(亞洲)股份有限公司東方匯理銀行企業及投資銀行

股份代號

01170

網站

http://www.irasia.com/listco/hk/kingmaker

重要日期

暫停辦理股份過戶登記

獲得出席股東週年大會並於會上投票的資格

二零二三年八月二十三日至二零二三年八月 二十八日

擬派末期及特別末期股息的獲得資格

二零二三年九月一日至二零二三年九月五日

股東週年大會

二零二三年八月二十八日

建議派發末期及特別末期股息日期

二零二三年九月二十五日或該日前後

Financial Highlights 財務摘要

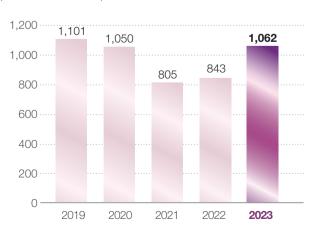
		2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	Change 變動
Revenue Gross profit Gross profit margin	收益 毛利 毛利率	1,061,974 89,623 8.4%	842,687 25,199 3.0%	+26.0% +255.7% +5.4 points +5.4個百分點
Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company		53,410	(18,035)	N/A 不適用
		HK cents 港仙	HK cents 港仙	
Basic earnings/(loss) per share	每股基本盈利/(虧損)	7.92	(2.69)	N/A 不適用
		HK cents 港仙	HK cents 港仙	
Proposed final and special final dividends	擬派末期及特別末期股息			
Interim dividend per share Special interim dividend per share Final dividend per share Special final dividend per share	每股中期股息 每股特別中期股息 每股末期股息 每股特別末期股息	1.8 0.5 2.0 0.2	2.0 - 2.0	
Total dividends per share for the year	全年每股股息合計	4.5	4.0	+12.5%

Net cash and cash equivalents of approximately HK\$393 million

現金及等同現金項目淨額約393,000,000港元

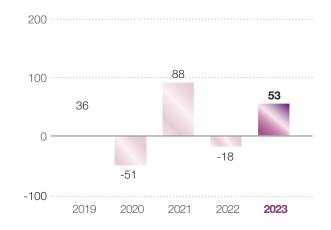
Revenue 收益

(HK\$ Mil 百萬港元)



Profit/(loss) for the Year Attributable to Equity Holders of the Company 本公司權益持有人應佔年度溢利/(虧損)

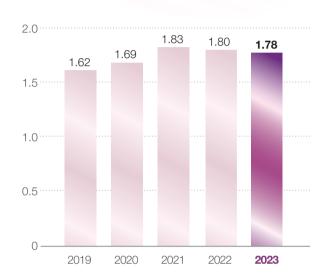
(HK\$ Mil 百萬港元)



Financial Highlights 財務摘要

Net Asset Value Per Share Attributable to Equity Holders of the Company 本公司權益持有人應佔每股資產淨值

(HK\$ 港元)



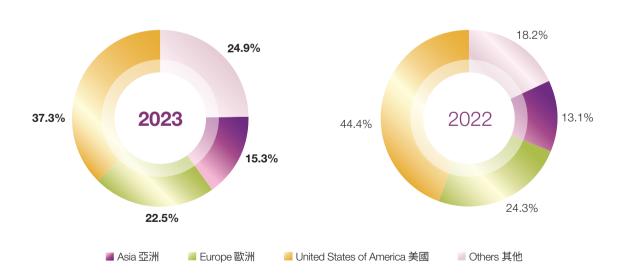
Dividend Per Share 每股股息

(HK Cents 港仙)





Revenue (by geography) 收益(按地區劃分)



OUR VISION

願景

To become the leading lifestyle footwear company trusted by premium brands for value creation and innovation. 成為領先的生活潮流鞋履企業,深受優質品牌信賴,共同創造價值和推動創新。

OUR MISSION 使命

To partner with leading brands in making the best lifestyle products to meet and create consumer demand in footwear and related products. 與領先品牌合作製造最佳生活潮流產品,滿足消費者對鞋履及相關產品的需要,並攜手創造需求。

I am pleased to report that Kingmaker Footwear Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") have achieved positive results for the year ended 31 March 2023 (the "Year"). Despite facing headwinds such as trade tensions, weak retail demand and a challenging global economic environment, we have remained resilient and have continued to deliver value to our customers and shareholders. Our team has worked tirelessly to adapt our operations to external changes, while consistently improving efficiency, upholding quality and maintaining a healthy financial position. We recognize that there will be continued challenges and uncertainties in the global marketplace. However, we are confident that our robust manufacturing platform will position us well for long-term sustainable growth. Our efforts and investments in building a strong set of core competences have enabled us to stay ahead of the curve.

本人欣然報告,信星鞋業集團有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)於截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度(「本年度」)錄得正面業績。儘管面對貿易緊張、零售需求疲軟和充滿挑戰的全球經濟環境等不利因素,我們仍然保持強韌,繼續為客戶和股東創造價值。我們的團隊孜孜不倦,努力應對外部變化,的團隊孜孜不倦,努力應對外部變化,的團隊孜孜不倦,努力應對外部變化,時間提高效率、堅持質量並保持健康的財務狀況。全球市場將持續存在挑戰和不確定性,然而我們抱有信心,將可憑藉強健的製造平台,類取長期可持續增長。我們不竭努力,持之以恆地投入資源,建構了堅韌的核心競爭力,讓我們能夠保持領先地位。

Huang Hsiu-duan, Helen

Chairman

主席 黃秀端



MACROECONOMIC DISCUSSION

The coming financial year continues to be a mix of growth impulses and interlocking challenges. On the positive side, the global economy has begun to stabilize and is showing signs of improvement, albeit to a relatively weak upturn. The reopening of China has provided impetus to global economic activity, but continuing trade tensions and geopolitical risks will remain a concern. Other downside risks include persistent global inflation despite an easing of energy prices from record levels in 2022, supply-side pressures in particular the tight labor markets, and the impact of high interest rates.

To gain better clarity in this uncertain environment, manufacturers need to take a proactive approach to risk management by identifying relevant industry trends and signs of potential threats, developing contingency plans to cope with short-term market volatility, and implementing long-term capacity and capability upgrading plans to secure sustainable growth.

STRATEGIES AND OUTLOOK

Entering the financial year 2024, the order pipeline continues to lack visibility. It is expected that the footwear brands' inventory adjustment period will extend into the first half of this coming financial year, until client inventories recover to healthier levels.

In light of this, the Group will maintain prudence in capacity expansion plans and instead focus on upgrading our facilities to handle anticipated client procurement requirements of higher sophistication, short turnaround time, and small batch sizes. To maintain cost competitiveness, careful workforce planning is also essential. We have adjusted our manpower cautiously in line with the forthcoming order forecasts, while at the same time, helping workers upskill to better serve our strategy of product portfolio enhancement.

宏觀經濟討論

下一財政年度既有增長動力,亦會見到環環相扣的挑戰,兩者並行。從積極的一面來看,全球經濟漸次企穩並出現好轉跡象,但回彈幅度相對較弱。中國解封重開為全球經濟活動提供了動力,但持續的貿易緊張局勢和地緣政治風險仍令人憂慮。而儘管能源價格已自二零二二年的紀錄水平回調,全球通脹仍然揮之不去,加上供應方面的壓力,尤其是緊張的勞動力市場,以及高利率的影響,均構成下行風險。

因此,製造商需要採取積極主動的風險管理方針,通過識別相關行業趨勢和潛在威脅跡象,制定可應對短期市場波動的應變計劃,並實施長期的產能升級和擴充計劃以確保可持續增長,以期在不確定的環境中獲得更佳清晰度。

策略和前景

踏入二零二四財政年度,訂單管道仍然缺乏可視性。預計鞋履品牌的庫存調整期將伸延至下一財年的上半年,直至客戶庫存恢復到更健康的水平。

有鑑於此,本集團將在產能擴張計劃上保持審 慎態度,轉而專注於為設施升級,以應對預期客 戶對更複雜、更短週轉期和小批量的採購要求。 為了保持成本競爭力,審慎的勞動力規劃亦很重 要。我們根據未來的訂單預測,謹慎地調整了勞 工人手,同時幫助工人提高技能,以配合提升產 品組合的策略。

Our future-ready initiatives can be summarized in these six strategic action areas:

面向未來的舉措,可概括為以下六大策略行動領域:

1 Fortify business growth and enhance revenue profile

Adopting a set of growth strategies that aligns ongoing business development activities with our unique capabilities, the Group will continue to stay focused on the higher end of the active footwear arena.

To this end, we will take forward customized research and development ("**R&D**") for brands that offer potential of value growth, and to meet client requirements, the R&D center in Zhuhai, mainland China, will be relocated to the available premises adjacent to the southern Vietnam production site. This plan is set to be implemented within the next few years and will bring R&D activities closer to the Group's main production hub, offering a one-stop service to clients. By equipping the center with upgraded facilities, and moving it to a more strategic location, we can improve our overall production service offering.

Plans are also underway to move the outsole factory to the premises next to our main production site in southern Vietnam, to enable more efficient manufacturing arrangements. Upon ceasing of operation of the partnership outsole factory in Cambodia, vacated space there can be re-designated for manufacturing purposes.

2 Capacity and capability planning

We aim to grow our capacity and capability in tandem with our strategy to develop a higher-value product portfolio. Given the current uncertainty in the macroeconomic environment, we will take a prudent approach to capacity expansion. Instead, we will upgrade our facilities and replace old machinery. We also plan to increase automation moderately to raise our overall efficiency.

While continuing to maintain a cross-location platform in southern Vietnam and Cambodia, we are actively adjusting the manufacturing activities between these two sites to support brand clients' procurement plans. We will continue to work with our clients to make inter-site manufacturing adjustments.

1 促進業務增長並提升收入結構

本集團已採取一系列增長策略,配合我們 的獨有優勢,繼續專注發展較高端的活力 鞋履領域。

為此,我們著眼於具有價值增長潛力的品牌,為其進行定制研究與開發(「研發」)。而為配合客戶要求,位於中國內地珠海的研發中心將遷至越南,落戶毗鄰集團越南南部生產基地、可供使用的廠房。此計劃將在未來數年內實施,將使研發活動更靠近集團的主要生產中心,為客戶提供一站式服務。通過為研發中心配備升級設施,並將其遷移到更具策略意義的位置,將可改善整體生產服務。

我們同時計劃將大底工廠遷至越南南部的 主要生產基地旁,以實現更高效的製造流程。在柬埔寨的合作大底工廠停止營運後, 騰出的空間可以重新撥作製造用途。

2 規劃產能和能力

我們按照價值產品策略,規劃產能和能力, 支持開發更高產值的鞋履組合。鑑於當前 宏觀經濟環境的不確定性,我們將採取審 慎的產能擴張規劃,轉而為設施升級並更 換舊機器。我們亦計劃適度增加自動化,以 提高整體效率。

我們會繼續在越南南部和柬埔寨維持跨地 生產平台,並積極調配兩地之間的製造活動,以支持品牌客戶的採購計劃。我們會繼 續與客戶合作,調整兩地之間的製造活動。

3 Pursue operational excellence

As a production partner for leading footwear brands, innovation in product development is at the forefront of our operations. From the use of materials to the manufacturing process, we prioritize innovation in order to fulfill the everchanging design needs of our clients. Additionally, we are committed to enhancing our work processes to cope with new requirements, including the need for quick production cycles and frequent line changes.

During the Year, we undertook a thorough and in-depth revamp of our manufacturing process with an aim of achieving further efficiency gains and improving the overall performance and output quality of our production centers. Our local management teams have also made some production line realignments in order to flexibly respond to ad hoc events that may disrupt our order fulfillment ability.

4 Mitigate cost inflation

Cost inflation remains a significant issue for manufacturers, and we are taking stringent measures to mitigate inflationary pressures. We are driving cost control initiatives across our operations and constantly advancing our lean manufacturing and enterprise resource planning systems.

While we are scaling back moderately on our workforce, we have primarily reduced unskilled labor and focused our resources on further training skilled workers. This approach will enable us to achieve savings and at the same time enhance the quality of our output. Additionally, we will increase the proportion of subcontracting to supplement our existing workforce, allowing us to keep fixed labor costs in check and flexibly meet urgent order requirements. By optimizing our workforce and leveraging subcontracting, we can efficiently meet the demands of our customers while maintaining cost control.

Strict cost control measures apply not only to our production operations but also to our sales, administrative and other corporate functions.

3 追求卓越營運

作為領先鞋履品牌的生產夥伴,產品開發 創新是我們營運的重中之重。從材料的選 用,乃至製造過程均優先考慮創新,以滿足 客戶不斷變化的設計要求。此外,我們致力 改進工作流程以應對新的要求,包括快速 生產週期和頻繁更換生產線的需要。

本年度內,我們對製造流程進行了徹底而深入的改造,旨在進一步提高效率,並改善生產中心的整體績效和產出質量。本地管理團隊亦對生產線進行了調整,以靈活應對可能干擾訂單履行能力的突發情況。

成本通脹仍然是製造商面對的一大課題, 我們正採取嚴格措施以緩解通脹壓力。成 本控制舉措貫穿整個營運架構,我們並不 斷改進精益製造和企業資源規劃系統。

儘管我們適度縮減勞動力,但所減的主要 為非熟練勞工,同時我們將資源投放於進 一步培訓熟練工人上,既能實現節約,同時 可提高產出的質量。此外,我們將增加分包 比例以補充現有的勞動力,使我們能夠控 制固定勞動力成本,並靈活滿足緊急訂單 的需求。通過優化勞工團隊和運用分包,我 們可以有效地滿足客戶的需求,同時保持 成本控制。

嚴格的成本控制措施不僅適用於生產營運,亦適用於銷售、行政和其他公司職能。

5 Talent development

The Group values its staff team, which brings a wide array of specialist skills to various business units. Our team is committed to helping clients thrive as we build a world-class business that shares in our clients' success. To attract and retain top talent, we offer competitive compensation packages, including a share option scheme and a share award scheme as incentives and rewards for eligible participants who contribute to the Group's success.

Our capable management team has consistently met unprecedented challenges with dedication and resolve. With their strong leadership and crisis management capabilities, we have navigated difficult operating terrain over the past few years.

Localization is also a key focus for the long-term development of our manufacturing locations, and we have dedicated efforts to building up local leadership. The encouraging performance of our operations in Vietnam and Cambodia is a testament to the increasing maturity of our local teams.

The independent non-executive directors ("INEDs") of our board (the "Board") of directors play an important role in the corporate governance of the Company. They provide an external and independent view on our business and governance matters. As part of our ongoing effort to enhance corporate governance standards, we regularly review our Board's composition, specifically in terms of director independence and diversity. This includes appointing new INEDs and maintaining an appropriate make-up of the Board.

5 人才發展

本集團重視員工團隊,他們為不同業務單位帶來廣泛的專業技能。團隊致力建立一家世界級企業,幫助客戶蓬勃發展,並能助集團分享客戶成就。為招募和保留人才,我們提供具競爭力的薪酬待遇,亦設有購股權計劃及股份獎勵計劃,對本集團成功經營而作出貢獻之合資格員工提供鼓勵和獎賞。

我們的管理團隊能幹務實,積極投入,並憑 著堅定決心,持續應對前所未見的挑戰。在 團隊的領導和危機管理能力支持下,集團 得以應對過去數年經營環境中的困難。

本地化對生產基地的長遠發展亦至為重要。我們一直致力在越南和柬埔寨建立本地管理團隊,他們的表現令人鼓舞,足證團隊日益成熟。

董事會內的獨立非執行董事(「獨董」)在本公司企業管治中發揮重要作用。他們就集團的業務和管治事宜提供外部和獨立的觀點。本公司一直致力提高企業管治標準,董事會定期審視其組成,特別聚焦董事的獨立性和多元化,包括任命新的獨董,及保持董事會的適當組成。

6 Resilience and sustainability

The past couple of years have seen major disruptive events, including the pandemic, trade conflicts, and geopolitical tensions. These events have called for new levels of preparedness to address surging threats that add to normal business risks. Our first line of defense is to support the continuity of our operations and provision of services for clients by constantly renewing our crisis mechanisms at different operating levels. Recognizing the potential for shocks from more profound market and technological changes, we are also focused on building resilience by enhancing our operations and updating our value proposition.

In addition to business resilience, we are committed to practicing sustainable manufacturing. This involves implementing standard procedures and new initiatives to reduce the carbon footprint of production while following strict guidelines to ensure employee, product, and community safety. These efforts are overseen by a sustainability working group comprising our executive directors, senior management, and heads of our production centers. Importantly, we make conscious efforts to build a culture throughout our organization that prioritizes sustainability considerations in our business decisions.

The United Nations' (UN) 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development is a commitment made by all to work together towards the well-being of everyone on a healthy, thriving planet. Unfortunately, this joint effort has been somewhat sidetracked by the pandemic and other disruptive events over the past few years, as we approach the halfway point to 2030.

6 韌力和可持續性

過去數年間,具顛覆性的重大事件頻生,包括疫情、貿易衝突和地緣政治緊張局勢等,企業需要將備戰狀態提高至新水平,以應對常態業務風險以外的洶湧威脅。我們的第一道防線是鞏固持續營運、為客戶提展服務的實力,因此必須不斷在不同營運會面更新危機處理機制,以確保生產穩定。更深遠的市場和科技轉變,亦可帶來更大的潛在衝擊。為此,我們通過優化營運和更新價值主張,為業務建立韌性。

業務韌性之外,我們亦致力實踐可持續生產,當中牽涉減低生產碳足跡的標準程序和新規章,同時嚴格遵守指引,以確保僱員、產品和社區安全。這些舉措由執行董事、高級管理人員和生產中心領導所組成的可持續工作小組監管。重要的是,我們在業務決策中優先考慮可持續性因素,從而在整個組織中建立永續文化。

聯合國的二零三零年可持續發展議程,倡 導所有人作出承諾,共同努力維繫健康、繁 榮的地球,為每個人謀求福祉。遺憾的是, 在接近二零三零年中點的同時,過去數年 出現了疫情和其他顛覆性事件,一定程度 影響了相關倡議的進程。



As a corporate citizen, we believe that we are part of this joint effort to put the world back on track towards a more sustainable path. We understand that every single action and progress counts, and we are committed to contributing actively to the UN's Sustainability Development Goals (SDGs) based on our sustainability missions under the four core areas of Planet, Progress, People, and Profits. As a manufacturer, we find three SDGs particularly relevant to Kingmaker:

作為企業公民,我們是這項共同努力的一份子,可貢獻一己之力讓世界重回可持續的正軌。每一個行動和進步都很重要,我們按照地球、進步、團隊和盈利等四個核心領域,努力推進可持續發展使命,積極為聯合國可持續發展目標作出貢獻。作為製造商,以下三項可持續發展目標與信星鞋業尤其相關:

Goal 5: Gender Equality

Goal 8:

Decent Work and Economic Growth

Goal 12:

Responsible Consumption and Production



目標5: 性別平等

目標8: 體面工作和經濟增長

目標12: 負責任消費和生產

We recognize the urgent need for action on global climate change and other human well-being issues. Therefore, we are committed to working hand-in-hand with our stakeholders to achieve our sustainability targets and contribute to these SDGs.

With commitment and collective action with our key stakeholders, we will work towards "The Future We Want" in these four directions: 全球氣候變化和其他人類福祉問題實刻不容緩, 迫切需要我們採取行動。因此, 我們致力與持份者攜手合作, 實現我們所制定的可持續發展目標, 並為聯合國目標作出貢獻。

憑藉決心,並與關鍵持份者齊心行動,我們會循著以下四大方向,為「我們希望的未來」 而不懈努力。

Planet 地球

Manage and minimize carbon footprint along the value chain 管理價值鏈上的碳足跡,盡力將足跡減至最低

Progress 進步

Collaborate with clients to pursue advancement through innovation, application of technologies and talent empowerment 與客戶合作,透過創新、應用科技和培育人才不斷 求淮

People 團隊

Care about employee well-being 關顧員工福祉

Profits 盈利



CONCLUDING REMARKS

Moving forward, we remain committed to delivering value to our customers, shareholders, and employees. We will continue to invest in our people and technical competence to ensure that we remain competitive and innovative.

With a focus on enhancing our product and revenue portfolio under an overall margin-accretive strategy, we prioritize value over volume in business development. As such, we have been pursuing business with strategic value that best utilizes our capabilities in high-end products.

On a macroeconomic level, the outlook for the remainder of the financial year 2024 continues to be uncertain due to the banking sector stress, inflation and geopolitical tensions, despite some improvements at the onset of 2023. On a more positive note, as we witness some improvement on the retail end, with interest rates increasing at a slower pace and some signs of inflation easing, we are cautiously optimistic that our manufacturing performance will improve in the second half of the coming financial year as brand clients' inventories return to healthier levels.

Our Group will continue to maintain a healthy financial position, which will enable us to weather challenging market conditions and remain resilient, and also allows us to capitalize on new opportunities as they arise.

Our team, facilities and skill sets are all in place and ready to meet the demands of our customers. We believe that our solid foundation will enable us to adapt to emerging trends and economic cycles. We are confident in our ability to navigate the challenges ahead and emerge stronger on the other side.

結語

展望未來,我們將繼續致力為客戶、股東和員工 創造價值,並持續投資於人才和技術能力,以保 持競爭力和創新能力。

在整體利潤增長策略下,我們專注提升產品和營 收組合,因而在業務發展上優先考慮價值而非數 量。因此,我們一直追求具有策略價值的業務, 全面發揮我們在高端產品方面的能力。

儘管宏觀經濟在二零二三年年初有見改善,但銀行業承壓、通脹和地緣政治緊張局勢,均令二零二四財年剩餘時間的前景持續不明朗。從較積極的角度來看,零售端出現改善勢頭,加息步伐放緩,通脹亦有緩和跡象,我們持審慎樂觀展望,相信隨著品牌客戶的庫存恢復到更健康的水平,製造業務業績可望在下一財年下半年得到改善。

本集團將繼續維持健康的財務狀況,以支持我們 在充滿挑戰的市場環境中前行,保持經營韌力, 同時能在新商機出現時及時掌握。

我們擁有強健的團隊、設施和技能,並已準備就 緒,可以滿足客戶未來的需求。集團堅實的基礎,使我們能夠應對新湧現的趨勢和經濟週期。 我們有信心能夠應對未來的挑戰,成為實力更強 大的企業。

APPRECIATION

I would like to express my deep appreciation to my fellow directors, senior management and staff members, whose hard work and commitment have been essential to our sustainable development. I am proud to lead such a talented and passionate team, and I am grateful for their contributions. We also value our relationships with our business partners, clients and shareholders. Thank you for your continued support and trust in our Group.

致謝

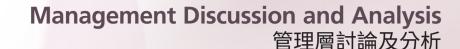
本人謹此向董事同仁、高級管理人員及員工致以深切謝意,他們的辛勤工作及忠誠投入對我們的可持續發展至為重要。能夠領導一支才華橫溢、充滿熱誠的團隊,我深以為傲,亦感激他們所作的貢獻。我們非常重視與業務合作夥伴、客戶和股東的關係。感謝各位一直以來對集團的支持和信任。

By order of the Board **Huang Hsiu-duan, Helen** *Chairman*

Hong Kong, 30 June 2023

承董事會命 *主席* **黃秀端**

香港,二零二三年六月三十日





FINANCIAL RESULTS

The Board is delighted to announce the annual results of the Company for the Year.

The Group recorded a strong start in the Year, with the first-half performance driven by a general recovery of the global footwear retail sector after the lifting of pandemic restrictions. However, as inflation and slowing US and European economies continued to take a toll on retail demand, the Group's order growth softened to some extent during the second half of the Year.

財務業績

董事會欣然公佈本公司於本年度之全年業績。

本年度上半年疫情解封後,本集團受全球鞋履零售業的普遍復甦帶動,業績開局良好。然而,由於通脹及歐美經濟放緩,繼續對零售需求造成影響,集團下半年的訂單增長有所放緩。

For footwear brands, the latter part of the Year was characterized by elevated inventory levels as a result of downstream congestion on the retail end. The inventory challenges across footwear retailing have impacted branded clients' procurement behaviour and momentum, resulting in more conservative order placements for the Group. To this end, the Group has worked closely with its clients to help them manage this challenging task by adjusting the shipment plans and schedules.

對於鞋履品牌而言,由於零售下游擁堵,致使本年度較後期面對高庫存問題。鞋履零售業庫存普遍高企,影響了品牌客戶的採購行為和動能,導致下單更為保守。為此,集團與客戶密切合作,通過調整付運計劃和時間表幫助他們應對挑戰。

The Group concluded the Year with positive results, but will stay alert to the geopolitical tensions, interest rate increases and global inflation, which have added to the macroeconomic uncertainty. The Group remains committed to safeguarding its operations against the unprecedented challenges that lie ahead, particularly given the low visibility in the current operating environment.

本集團於本年度取得正面業績,但注意到地緣政治局勢緊張、利率上升和全球通脹等問題,均會為宏觀經濟增添不確定性,故會保持警惕。面對前所未有的挑戰,尤其慮及當前經營環境的可見度低,集團會致力維護營運穩定,免受此等因素影響。

Revenue

During the Year, revenue increased by 26.0% year on year to approximately HK\$1,062 million (2022: approximately HK\$843 million) on a 7.9% increase in footwear business volume (pairs) and a 16.0% improvement in the average selling price ("ASP"). The ASP improvement was a result of the Group's ongoing business development strategy to prioritize value over volume growth.

營業額

本年度內,營業額按年上升26.0%至約1,062,000,000港元(二零二二年:約843,000,000港元),期間鞋履業務量(雙數)上升7.9%,平均售價亦錄得16.0%升幅。本集團按照一貫業務發展策略,優先考慮價值而非數量,故平均售價得以提升。

Gross Profit

The Group achieved year-on-year increase in gross profit to approximately HK\$90 million (2022: approximately HK\$25 million) for the Year. With continuous discipline to drive business-focused cost optimization, the Group has kept its labor, administrative and transportation costs in check. At the same time, the Group has actively managed its clientele portfolio with a focus on higher-margin products; the gross profit margin thus expanded to approximately 8.4% (2022: approximately 3.0%), mainly attributable to:

- (i) economies of scale achieved as a result of the revenue growth, which was mainly contributed by the improved order book for the Year:
- (ii) higher ASP and shipment volume recorded, resulting in a comparative improvement in the gross profit margin;
- (iii) cost-mitigating measures and stabilized manufacturing operations driving down cost-to-revenue ratios, including:
 - (a) direct wages, which shrank 1.1% to approximately HK\$185 million (2022: approximately HK\$187 million) on a slightly scaled back workforce in the southern Vietnam production center, with proportionate direct labor wages decreasing to 17.5% of revenue (2022: 22.2%);
 - (b) transportation costs; and
- (iv) non-recurrence of pandemic-induced expenses.

Meanwhile, there was an increase in material costs due to rising prices of raw materials including leather and outsoles, as well as the usage of more leather material for higher-value items and increased R&D in support of new business development.

毛利

本集團毛利按年增加至約90,000,000港元(二零二二年:約25,000,000港元)。集團持續推行以業務為主導的成本優化措施,勞工、行政和運輸成本均處於可控範圍。同時,集團積極管理客戶組合,專注開發較高利潤產品,毛利率因而擴大至約8.4%(二零二二年:約3.0%),主要歸因於:

- (i) 本年度內因訂單增加而帶動營業額提升, 從而取得規模經濟效益;
- (ii) 平均售價及付運量同錄增幅,帶動毛利率 相對改善;
- 誠) 成本緩減措施加上製造業務運作穩定,令成本收入比下降,包括:
 - (a) 越南南部生產中心略微縮減勞工, 直接工資省減1.1%至約185,000,000 港元(二零二二年:約187,000,000港 元),直接勞工工資佔營業額比例下 降至17.5%(二零二二年:22.2%);
 - (b) 運輸成本;及
- (iv) 並無重現疫情引致的開支。

同時,由於包括皮革和大底在內的原材料價格上 漲,加上耗用更多皮革材料以製造更高價值產 品,以及配合新業務拓展的研發工作增加,導致 材料成本上漲。

Net Profit/Loss

The Group's return to net profit was mainly attributable to the improved performance of the manufacturing business in particular during the first half of the Year. For the full Year, the Group turned around to achieve a net profit attributable to equity holders of the Company of approximately HK\$53 million (2022: net loss of approximately HK\$18 million), taking into account:

 the share of profit of associates of approximately HK\$32.5 million (2022: approximately HK\$32.8 million) contributed by the Group's associated company operating in central Vietnam;

which was partially offset by:

(i) the fair value loss of approximately HK\$13.0 million for the Year (2022: loss of HK\$20.1 million) on revaluation of the Group's investment properties in Hong Kong and mainland China.

Basic earnings per share attributable to equity holders of the Company for the Year were approximately HK7.92 cents (2022: loss of approximately HK2.69 cents).

Key Financial Ratios

The Group maintained healthy financial ratios during the Year:

- Debtors' turnover decreased to 60 days (2022: 88 days) for the Year;
- Creditors' turnover decreased to 86 days (2022: 100 days);
- Stock turnover was 109 days (2022: 141 days);
- A healthy liquidity position with net cash in hand of approximately HK\$393 million as at 31 March 2023 (2022: approximately HK\$290 million);

純利/淨虧損

本集團回復淨溢利,主要由於製造業務表現改善,於本年度上半年所錄得的業績增長尤為顯著。全年計,集團轉虧為盈,錄得本公司權益持有人應佔純利約53,000,000港元(二零二二年:淨虧損約18,000,000港元),其中計入:

(i) 本集團於越南中部營運的聯營公司產生應 佔聯營公司溢利約32,500,000港元(二零 二二年:約32,800,000港元);

及部分被以下抵銷:

(i) 本集團於香港和內地的投資物業於本年度內經重估所產生的公平值虧損約 13,000,000港元(二零二二年:虧損約 20,100,000港元)。

本年度本公司權益持有人應佔每股盈利約7.92港仙(二零二二年:每股虧損約2.69港仙)。

主要財務比率

本集團於本年度內繼續維持健康的財務比率:

- 於本年度內,應收賬款週轉天數減少至60天 (二零二二年:88天);
- 應付賬款週轉天數減少至86天(二零二二年:100天);
- 存貨週轉天數為109天(二零二二年:141 天);
- 於二零二三年三月三十一日,流動資金維持強健,手頭淨現金為約393,000,000港元 (二零二二年:約290,000,000港元);

- Zero gearing ratio (total bank borrowings to total equity)
 (2022: 1.2%); and
- Current and quick ratios were 2.8 and 2.2 respectively (2022: 2.5 and 1.8 respectively).

Final and Special Final Dividends

With dedicated efforts to prudently manage working capital, the Company was able to maintain a stable financial position. In view of this and to share results with shareholders, the Board has resolved to declare a final dividend of HK2.0 cents (2022: Nil) per ordinary share and a special final dividend of HK0.2 cent (2022: HK2.0 cents) per ordinary share. Together with the interim dividend of HK1.8 cents per ordinary share and special interim dividend of HK0.5 cent per ordinary share, this brings the total dividends for the Year to HK4.5 cents (2022: HK4.0 cents) per ordinary share.

The Board reviews its dividend policy from time to time, with consideration given to the Group's capital expenditure plans, the operating environment, order book visibility and overall business prospects.

OPERATIONAL REVIEW

Macro Environment

For the footwear industry, major export markets saw a positive start last year as COVID-19 restrictions began to relax. The Group's shipment increase during the first six months of the Year reflected the broad-based demand growth in most consumer markets over this period.

Entering the second half of the Year, the industry saw supplies resuming progressively on the upstream side but weakened sales on the downstream side, resulting in higher inventory levels across major retail markets. Manufacturers were faced with consequential procurement adjustments as brand owners sought to navigate the inventory challenges.

- 零負債比率(銀行借貸總額比權益總額)(二零二二年:1.2%);及
- 流動及速動比率分別為2.8及2.2(二零二二年:分別為2.5及1.8)。

末期及特別末期股息

本集團審慎管理營運資金,以維持穩定的財務狀況。有鑑於此並冀與股東分享業績成果,董事會已議決派發末期股息每股普通股2.0港仙(二零二二年:無),並派發特別末期股息每股普通股0.2港仙(二零二二年:2.0港仙)。連同中期股息每股普通股1.8港仙,及特別中期股息每股普通股0.5港仙,本年度將共派發股息每股普通股4.5港仙(二零二二年:4.0港仙)。

董事會會按本集團的資本性支出計劃、經營環境、訂單可視度和整體業務前景,不時檢視派息 政策。

營運回顧

宏觀環境

對於鞋履業而言,主要出口市場去年隨著 COVID-19限制逐步放寬,實現良好開局。集團本 年度首六個月所錄得的出貨量增長,反映了大部 分消費市場在此期間的廣泛需求增長。

進入下半年,行業上游供應逐步恢復,但下游銷售則呈現疲軟態勢,導致主要零售市場庫存水位 升高。品牌需要應對庫存挑戰,而製造商則面臨 相應的採購調整。

In addition, the pandemic-induced disruptions to manufacturing have brought to light unforeseen vulnerabilities in operations and logistics, while magnifying some pre-existing supply-chain challenges, including shortage of skilled labor, rising production costs and shortened order lead time coupled with reduced batch sizes. On the macroeconomic level, the disruption and trade tensions have stimulated an advocation for reshoring, which has also called for manufacturers to reassess their supply chain arrangements.

此外,疫情引致的製造鏈干擾,暴露了營運和物 流過程中無法預料的弱點,同時加劇了一些先前 存在的供應鏈挑戰,包括熟練勞動力短缺、生產 成本上漲、訂單交貨期縮短,以及批次量縮減。 在宏觀經濟層面,貿易干擾和緊張局勢激發了將 製造回流本土的呼聲,促使製造商重新評估其供 應鏈安排。

Manufacturing Business

Maintaining geographic diversity, the Group operates two core manufacturing sites in southern Vietnam and Cambodia, both equipped with R&D facilities. A small-scale R&D center is in operation in Zhuhai, mainland China. In addition, the Group holds a 40% interest in a joint-venture factory in central Vietnam.

As at the Year-end date, the Group had a combined production scale of 26 processing lines, mostly under the concept-line setup. They contributed an annual capacity of around 8 million pairs of shoes, and were 73.5% utilized (2022: 78.0%).

In southern Vietnam, there were 12 concept lines and 4 traditional lines in operation. Coupled with the 10 concept lines the Group had in Cambodia, this robust and multi-location production platform enables the Group to provide capacity with flexibility to meet clients' sourcing plans in terms of country of manufacture.

The geographical distribution of markets continued to be demand-led, while at the same time, the Group supports clients' initiatives to develop markets with promising prospects. Revenue from the United States remained robust, generating 37.3% (2022: 44.4%) of the Group's revenue. Europe's proportionate contribution stood at 22.5% (2022: 24.3%), and shipments to other markets, including Asia and other areas, accounted for 40.2% (2022: 31.3%).

製造業務

本集團於越南南部及柬埔寨經營兩個核心生產 基地,以保持多元地域生產,兩地均配備研發設施;另於中國珠海營運一所小規模研發中心。此外,本集團持有位於越南中部一間合營工廠的40%權益。

於本年度結束日,本集團的合併生產規模共26條生產線,大部分為小流水概念生產線,合共年產能約8百萬雙鞋履,使用率為73.5%(二零二二年:78.0%)。

本集團於越南南部營運12條小流水生產線及4條傳統生產線。此外,集團在柬埔寨設有10條小流水生產線。憑藉堅實的多地域生產平台,集團能靈活地提供產能,以迎合客戶採購計劃的產地要求。

市場地區分佈繼續由需求主導,同時集團亦支援客戶開拓前景優秀的市場。美國市場銷售維持強健,對本集團營業額貢獻達37.3%(二零二二年:44.4%)。而歐洲市場的貢獻佔22.5%(二零二二年:24.3%),輸往其他市場(包括亞洲及其他地區)則為40.2%(二零二二年:31.3%)。

The rugged-shoe category delivered an impressive performance during the Year, with shipment volume exceeding pre-pandemic levels, contributing 73.7% (2022: 71.3%) of total revenue. Despite the strong sales expansion of rugged shoes, the proportionate contribution of premium casual footwear increased to 15.4% (2022: 8.6%). Revenue generated by babies' and children's footwear decreased proportionately to 10.9% (2022: 20.1%).

於本年度內,豪邁型鞋類銷售表現突出,付運量更超出疫情前水平,佔總營業額73.7%(二零二二年:71.3%)。儘管豪邁型鞋類銷售強勁,優質便服鞋的貢獻佔比仍有所上升,佔15.4%(二零二二年:8.6%)。嬰幼兒鞋履方面,其貢獻佔比則降至10.9%(二零二二年:20.1%)。

In line with its strategy to pursue value growth, the Group has been more selective in terms of clientele portfolio management and new business development. Major customers for the Year included Cat, Chaco, Dr. Martens, Merrell and Wolverine; which in aggregate contributed 95.3% (2022: 89.6%) of total revenue. The Group has continued to actively develop business with brands, including some emerging niche labels that offer growth prospects.

配合追求價值增長的策略,本集團在客戶組合管理和新業務開發上進行更嚴格的篩選。本年度之主要客戶包括Cat、Chaco、Dr. Martens、Merrell及Wolverine;彼等合共佔總營業額的95.3%(二零二二年:89.6%)。本集團繼續與其他具有增長前景的新興小眾品牌積極開發業務。

Key developments in the Group's production centers are summarized below:

本集團生產中心的主要發展概述如下:

Southern Vietnam

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The southern Vietnam manufacturing site holds a portfolio of facilities in operation, premises ready for equipment installation, and land for future expansion, which will enable the Group to fulfill existing demand and ready it to capture future growth opportunities.

越南南部

越南南部產地擁有營運中的廠房、可供裝置機器 後使用的廠房物業,以及供未來擴展之用的土 地。此設施組合有助集團滿足現有需求,並作好 準備捕捉未來的增長機會。

This location remained a core manufacturing site for the Group. It achieved a speedy recovery after the three-month COVID-19-induced halt in 2021, and production has remained uninterrupted throughout the Year. On the back of a robust order pipeline during the Year, this location returned to high utilization with its contribution to total volume output rebounding to 58.8% (2022: 55.0%).

此產地仍為本集團的主要生產中心。於二零二一年因COVID-19而暫停生產三個月後,已迅速恢復並於本年度內維持無間斷生產。本年度內,受惠於穩健的訂單管道,其設施使用率回復高水平,對總產量的貢獻反彈至58.8%(二零二二年:55.0%)。

Cambodia

ourno oura

With the support of local government authorities, the Group has expanded its foothold in this major footwear manufacturing country for the world.

柬埔寨

在當地政府部門支持下,本集團逐漸於此世界主要鞋履生產國擴大據點。

During the Year, the Cambodia site contributed 41.2% (2022: 45.0%) of total output in pairs. Benefiting from this location's further maturity in capacity and efficiency, both volume and value growth were achieved. Supported by clients' order plans, production lines in Cambodia is well on schedule to develop into a more important contributor for the Group.

於本年度內以鞋履雙數計,柬埔寨廠房貢獻產出 41.2%(二零二二年:45.0%)。此產地受惠於廠 房產能和效率日益成熟,實現量價齊升。在客戶 訂單計劃支持下,柬埔寨中心的生產線正按計劃 發展成為集團更重要的貢獻成員。

Mainland China

A R&D center was maintained in Zhuhai, mainland China, staffed by a lean workforce to cater to the development requirements of some clients. The Group will continue to monitor this center's utilization and proactively consider adjustments to its R&D offerings as deemed appropriate.

With the exception of the R&D center, the Zhuhai plant was leased out and continued to generate a stable stream of recurrent rental income for the Group. The Board will keep a close watch on the local business environment, and will work with the tenant to respond to property market trends.

Investments in associates

The Group holds a 40% interest in an associated company jointly owned with Evervan Group ("Evervan") in central Vietnam. Evervan is a leading athletic footwear manufacturer for international markets.

Investments made over the past few years have given this site a solid capacity to meet more sophisticated production requirements. As at the Year-end date, the associated company operated a total of 29 production lines, which were designated for world-leading footwear brands Crocs and Columbia.

The associated company recorded a revenue of approximately HK\$957 million (2022: approximately HK\$895 million) during the Year, a growth of 6.9% year on year. It contributed to the Group a share of profit of associates of approximately HK\$32.5 million (2022: approximately HK\$32.8 million).

中國內地

為配合部分客戶的發展所需,集團在珠海保留了 一所研發中心,配以精簡人手繼續運作。本集團 將繼續檢視其使用率,如合適會積極考慮調整其 研發服務。

除研發中心外,珠海廠房已租出,為集團持續產生穩定的經常性租金收入。董事會將密切注視當地的營商環境,並與租戶一起應對物業市場趨勢。

於聯營公司的投資

本集團與榮誠集團(「**榮誠**」)於越南中部聯合擁有一聯營公司,持有其40%權益。榮誠為領先的國際運動鞋履製造商。

經過數年的投資,此基地已具備更強實力,能滿足更複雜的生產要求。聯營公司於本年度結束日共營運29條生產線,主要為全球領先鞋履品牌Crocs及Columbia從事生產。

聯營公司於本年度錄得營業額約957,000,000 港元(二零二二年:約895,000,000港元),按年增長6.9%;向本集團貢獻應佔聯營公司溢利約32,500,000港元(二零二二年:約32,800,000港元)。

As uncertainty in the macroeconomic environment persists, the associated company will take a more cautious stance towards capacity management and business development in the coming financial year. Nevertheless, given the strong background and expertise of Evervan, the Board is confident of the long-term prospects of this joint-venture operation.

由於環球經濟存在不確定性,聯營公司在下一財政年度將對產能管理和業務發展採取更謹慎的態度。儘管如此,有見於榮誠的堅實背景和專業技術,董事會對合營業務的長遠前景充滿信心。

Investment Properties

Depending on the Group's business needs and capacity planning, certain self-owned factories and office properties may not be fully utilized at times. The Board regularly considers these properties' sales or leasing options and potential in order to create returns on these assets. This will help the Group make good use of idle properties, realize the investment value of its assets, and generate additional stable income to enhance working capital.

During the Year, the portfolio of assets classified as investment properties was all leased out, yielding gross rental income of approximately HK\$28.2 million (2022: approximately HK\$24.8 million).

The Board considers that the portfolio is currently generating a steady stream of recurrent income. Considering the current property market conditions in mainland China, the Group has responded to local authorities' recommendations by offering more flexible rental payment arrangements for tenants during the challenging times of the pandemic. The Group understands that this is a temporary measure and will continue to monitor the market situation closely.

The Board is satisfied with the overall rental performance of its investment asset portfolio. It will regularly review this asset base and examine options available with a view to creating greater long-term value for shareholders.

投資物業

基於本集團業務需要和產能規劃,自置工廠和辦公室物業不時或未被充分利用。董事會定期評估物業的租售選項及潛力,務求善用資產以創造回報。這有助本集團活用閒置物業,將資產的投資價值變現,並產生額外穩定收入以鞏固營運資金。

於本年度,被歸類為投資物業的資產組合悉數租出,總租金收入約28,200,000港元(二零二二年:約24,800,000港元)。

董事會認為此投資組合目前正產生穩定的經常性收入。考慮到中國內地目前的房地產市場狀況,本集團響應當地政府的建議,在疫情期間為租戶提供更靈活的租金支付安排。本集團明白此為臨時措施,並將繼續密切監察市場情況。

董事會對投資資產組合的整體租金表現感到滿意,並會定期檢視資產基礎和審視可行選項,為 股東創造更大的長期價值。

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Liquidity and Financial Resources

The Group generally finances its operation by internally generated cashflow and banking facilities provided by its bankers.

Prudent financial management and selective investment criteria have enabled the Group to maintain a strong financial position. As at 31 March 2023, the Group's cash and cash equivalents were approximately HK\$393 million (2022: approximately HK\$304 million) and total bank borrowings of Nil (2022: HK\$15 million). The Group's gearing ratio (total bank borrowings to total equity) was Nil (2022: 1.2%). As at 31 March 2023, the Group had net cash and cash equivalents of approximately HK\$393 million (2022: approximately HK\$290 million).

As at 31 March 2023, the Group had available banking facilities amounted to approximately HK\$40 million (2022: approximately HK\$55 million) of which Nil (2022: HK\$15 million) was utilized.

For the year ended 31 March 2023, the current ratio was approximately 2.8 (2022: approximately 2.5) based on current assets of approximately HK\$771 million and current liabilities of approximately HK\$272 million and the quick ratio was approximately 2.2 (2022: approximately 1.8).

The Group will continue to maintain conservative cash flow management to sustain a strong cash position. Having considered the major expansion plans of the Group, including Vietnam and Cambodia in the next two to three years, the Directors are of the opinion that the Group has adequate liquidity to meet its current and future working capital requirements on its operations and expansion.

財務回顧

流動資金及財務資源

本集團一般以內部產生之現金流量及其往來銀行提供之銀行信貸為其業務提供資金。

審慎的財務管理及選擇性投資標準,令本集團之財務狀況維持穩健。於二零二三年三月三十一日,本集團之現金及等同現金項目約為393,000,000港元(二零二二年:約304,000,000港元),而銀行借貸總額為零(二零二二年:15,000,000港元)。本集團的槓桿比率(銀行借貸總額比權益總額)為零(二零二二年:1.2%)。於二零二三年三月三十一日,本集團的現金及等同現金項目淨額約為393,000,000港元(二零二二年:約290,000,000港元)。

於二零二三年三月三十一日,本集團獲得銀行信貸約為40,000,000港元(二零二二年:約55,000,000港元),其中零(二零二二年:15,000,000港元)已動用。

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,流動比率約為2.8(二零二二年:約2.5),此乃按流動資產約771,000,000港元及流動負債約272,000,000港元之基準計算,而速動比率約為2.2(二零二二年:約1.8)。

本集團將繼續維持保守之現金流量管理,以鞏固 穩健的現金狀況。經考慮本集團於未來兩至三年 包括在越南及柬埔寨進行之主要擴充計劃,董事 認為本集團具備充足之流動資金以應付其目前 及日後營運及拓展之營運資金需求。

Foreign Exchange Risk Management

Most of the Group's assets and liabilities, revenue and expenditure are denominated in Hong Kong dollars, the Renminbi, the Vietnamese Dong and the US dollars. It is the Group's policy to adopt a conservative approach on foreign exchange exposure management.

However, the Group will continue to monitor its foreign exchange exposure and market conditions to determine if any hedging is required. The Group generally finances its operation with internal resources and bank facilities provided by banks in Hong Kong. Interest rates of borrowings are fixed by reference to the Hong Kong Inter-Bank Offered Rate or the Secured Overnight Financing Rate.

The Group's treasury policies are designed to mitigate the impact of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates arising from the Group's global operations and to minimise the Group's financial risks. As a measure of additional prudence, the Group cautiously uses derivatives financial instruments, principally forward currency contracts as appropriate for risk management purposes only, for hedging transactions and for managing the Group's receivables and payables.

The exposure to foreign currency of the Group mainly arose from the net cash flows and the net working capital translation of its PRC and Vietnam subsidiaries. The management of the Group will actively hedge the foreign currency exposures through natural hedges, forward contracts and options, if consider necessary. The management of currency risk is centralised in the headquarter of the Group in Hong Kong.

Capital Structure

The Group is substantially debt free. Shareholders' equity decreased to approximately HK\$1,205 million as at 31 March 2023 (2022: approximately HK\$1,211 million).

外匯風險管理

本集團大部分之資產與負債及收益與開支以港元、人民幣、越南盾及美元計值。採用保守方法管理外匯風險乃本集團之政策。

然而,本集團將繼續監控其外匯風險及市場狀況,以確定是否需要採取對沖措施。本集團一般 以內部資源及香港銀行所提供之銀行融資作為 營運所需資金。借貸利率按香港銀行同業拆息率 或擔保隔夜融資利率釐定。

本集團之財務政策旨在減輕本集團環球業務所帶來之外幣匯率波動之影響,以及將本集團之財務風險降至最低。本集團採用一項更為審慎之措施,審慎運用衍生金融工具(主要為遠期貨幣合約(如適用)僅作風險管理之用)以作對沖交易及管理本集團應收賬項及應付賬項之用。

本集團面臨之外匯風險主要來自其中國及越南附屬公司之現金流量淨額及營運資金淨額之換算。本集團管理層將積極透過自然對沖、遠期合約及期權方式(倘必要)對沖外匯風險。貨幣風險集中由本集團之香港總部管理。

股本架構

本集團基本上並無債項。股東權益下跌至二零 二三年三月三十一日約1,205,000,000港元(二零 二二年:約1,211,000,000港元)。

Purchase, Redemption or Sale of Listed Securities

During the Year, the Company repurchased 1,446,000 of its ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each on the Stock Exchange at an aggregate consideration of approximately HK\$1,554,000 excluding transaction cost and cancelled the repurchased shares subsequent to the year end date. The repurchase of the Company's shares during the Year was effected by the Board, pursuant to the repurchase mandate granted by the shareholders, with a view to benefit shareholders as a whole by enhancing the net asset value per share and earnings per share of the Company.

Details of the shares repurchase during the Year are as follows:

購買、贖回或出售上市證券

於本年度內,本公司於聯交所購回1,446,000股每股面值0.10港元之普通股,總代價約1,554,000港元(不包括交易成本),並於年結日後註銷所購回股份。於本年度內,董事會根據股東授出之購回授權購回本公司股份,旨在藉此提高本公司每股資產淨值及每股盈利而使股東整體獲益。

於本年度內,股份購回之詳情如下:

				Aggregate
				consideration (excluding
	Number			
	of shares	Highest price	Lowest price	transaction
Month/Year	repurchased	per share	per share	cost)
				總代價
				(不包括
年/月	購回之股份數目	每股最高價	每股最低價	交易成本)
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$'000
		港元	港元	千港元
April 2022 二零二二年四月	1,336,000	1.11	1.03	1,449
August 2022 二零二二年八月	110,000	0.96	0.95	105
Total 總計	1,446,000			1,554

The premium paid on the repurchase of the shares of approximately HK\$1,409,000 has been debited to the share premium account. An amount equivalent to the par value of the shares cancelled has been transferred from the retained profits of the Company to the capital redemption reserve.

Except as disclosed above, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities during the Year.

購回股份時已付之溢價約1,409,000港元已自股份溢價賬扣除。本公司亦已將相等於已註銷股份面值之金額自本公司保留溢利轉撥至股本贖回儲備。

除上文所披露者外,本公司或其任何附屬公司本 年度內概無購買、贖回或出售本公司之任何上市 證券。

EMPLOYMENT AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

The Group, including its subsidiaries in Hong Kong, Taiwan, the PRC, Vietnam and Cambodia, employed approximately 6,700 employees as at 31 March 2023. The Group's remuneration policies are primarily based on prevailing market salary levels and the performance of the respective companies and individuals concerned. Share options and awarded shares may also be granted in accordance to the terms of the Group's approved share option scheme and share award scheme, respectively.

During the Year, the trustee of the Company's share award scheme adopted on 26 June 2019 (the "Share Award Scheme") did not purchase any shares on the market. 5,890,000 shares have been awarded under the Share Award Scheme during the Year.

During the Year, the Company granted 3,000,000 share options to certain Directors and employees of the Group in accordance with the Company's share option scheme adopted on 26 August 2022 (the "Share Option Scheme").

Details of the Share Award Scheme and the Share Option Scheme will be included in the annual report of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2023.

僱員及薪酬政策

於二零二三年三月三十一日,本集團(包括其於香港、台灣、中國、越南及柬埔寨之附屬公司)聘用約6,700名員工。本集團之薪酬政策主要根據現時之市場薪酬水平以及各公司及員工個別之表現釐定。本集團亦可根據本集團批准之購股權計劃及股份獎勵計劃之條款分別授出購股權及獎勵股份。

於本年度內,本公司於二零一九年六月二十六日 所採納之股份獎勵計劃(「**股份獎勵計劃**」)的受託 人並無於市場上購買任何股份。於本年度內,已 有5,890,000股股份根據股份獎勵計劃授出。

於本年度內,本公司根據本公司於二零二二年八月二十六日採納之購股權計劃(「**購股權計劃**」)向本集團若干董事及僱員授出3,000,000份購股權。

有關股份獎勵計劃及購股權計劃之詳情將載於 本公司截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度之 年報。

ABOUT THE ESG REPORT

Kingmaker Footwear Holdings Limited (the "Company") together with its subsidiaries (the "Group") is delighted to present its Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") Report (the "ESG Report"). This ESG Report herein focuses on providing an overview of the environmental and social aspects of the Group for the financial year from 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023 (the "Reporting Period"), and outlines how we seek to continually improve our operational strategy in regard to our environment and society in order to cope with the global standards of sustainability.

In the course of preparing the ESG Report, the Group conducted a thorough review and assessment towards its existing environmental and social policies with aims to achieve better performance in aspects of the environment, social, corporate governance and operation in the future and make more contributions to the communities where it operates.

ESG Report Scope and Boundary

The Group is a large-scale shoe-manufacturing company, designated as an original shoe manufacturer for internationally renowned brands as our core business. The scope of the ESG Report covers the environmental and social performance of manufacturing factories located in Vietnam and Cambodia. There is no change in the reporting scope or boundary covered in this ESG report from the previous year.

The ESG Report is prepared in accordance with the ESG Reporting Guide (the "Guide") as set out in Appendix 27 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("HKEX") (the "Listing Rules") and complies with all provisions of "comply or explain" and "mandatory disclosure". In response to the latest revisions effective for the financial year commencing on or after 1 July 2020, our reporting framework was enhanced to address all newly introduced reporting requirements.

關於ESG報告

信星鞋業集團有限公司(「本公司」)連同其附屬公司(「本集團」)於然呈列其環境、社會及管治(「ESG」)報告(「ESG報告」)。本ESG報告專注於提供本集團於二零二二年四月一日至二零二三年三月三十一日止財政年度(「報告期間」)在環境及社會方面的概覽,以及概述我們如何尋求不斷改善我們在環境與社會方面的營運策略,以達到全球可持續發展標準。

於編製ESG報告的過程中,本集團對現有的環境 及社會政策進行了深入的回顧與評估。本集團期 望在未來能就環境、社會、企業管治及營運等各 方面取得更好的表現,並為營運所在社區作出更 大貢獻。

ESG報告範圍及界限

本集團乃一家大型製鞋公司,核心業務是為國際 知名品牌製造正品鞋。ESG報告的範圍涵蓋位於 越南及柬埔寨的製造工廠的環境和社會表現。本 ESG報告所涵蓋的報告範圍或界限與去年相比並 無變動。

ESG報告乃根據香港聯合交易所有限公司(「**聯交 所**」)證券上市規則(「**上市規則**」)附錄二十七所載的ESG報告指引(「**指引**」)編製,且遵守「不遵守就解釋」及「強制披露」的所有規定。為應對於二零二零年七月一日或之後開始的財政年度生效的最新修訂,我們強化了報告框架以處理所有新加入的報告規定。

The Group has prepared the ESG Report with the following reporting principles.

本集團已根據下列報告原則編製ESG報告。

The Group identified the materiality of ESG topics by stakeholder engagement and materiality assessment. The details are explained in the section headed "Materiality Materiality Assessment". 重要性 本集團已透過持份者參與及重要性評估識別ESG議題的重要性。有關詳情在「重要 性評估1一節內說明。 The Group disclosed the information of the standards, methodologies and source of emission factors specified in the HKEX Guide for computing the relevant Quantitative Key Performance Indicators ("KPIs") used for the reporting of environmental performance. 量化 本集團已披露聯交所指引中計算用於報告環境表現的相關關鍵績效指標(「關鍵績 效指標」) 的標準、方法及排放因素來源的資料。 The methodology adopted for disclosing the environmental and social KPIs is consistent with that of the previous reporting period, unless otherwise stated in the Consistency relevant sessions. 一致性 除相關會議另有說明者外,披露環境及社會關鍵績效指標所採用的方法與上一報告 期間一致。

Balance 平衡 The ESG Report provides an unbiased picture of the Group's performance and has
no false representations, misleading statements or material omissions.
 ESG報告公正反映了本集團的表現,且並無虛假陳述、誤導性陳述或重大遺漏。

Governance Structure

管治架構



The Group recognises that a robust ESG governance structure is the crux of fostering a sustainable business operation. The Board has oversight of ESG strategies, management approaches and evaluates all ESG issues in the annual risk assessment. They are also responsible for formulating long-term sustainability direction along our business chain, as well as reviewing the progress and achievement against ESG objectives and targets, and thus providing strategic guidance on ESG-related issues. The responsibility of detailed considerations and implementation of ESG strategies has been delegated to the ESG Working Group (the "ESG Working Group"). The annual ESG report submitted by the ESG Working Group would be approved by the Board to evaluate the effectiveness of ESG management in building up our resilience in respect of ESG-related risks.

本集團深知穩健的ESG管治架構乃培育可持續業務營運的關鍵。董事會監督ESG策略、管理方法及在年度風險評估中評估所有ESG事宜。彼等亦負責制定覆蓋我們業務鏈的長期可持續發展方向,並根據ESG目的及目標檢討進展及成就,從而就ESG相關事項提供戰略指導。詳細考慮及實施ESG策略的責任已委派予ESG工作小組(「ESG工作小組」)。ESG工作小組提交的年度ESG報告將由董事會批准,以評估ESG管理在ESG相關風險方面上建立我們的韌性的有效性。

The ESG Working Group comprises Executive Directors and senior management staffs who have sound knowledge of current and emerging ESG matters, as well as the Group's operations. The responsibility of the ESG Working Group is to assist in 1) identifying, reviewing and analysing the significant ESG risks and opportunities in operational strategy and risk management with associated impacts on the Group, 2) establishing ESG goals and objectives with actions plans in line with the determined ESG strategies, 3) monitoring the current market trends and development, industry practices, and norms in respect of ESG related issues, and 4) performing stakeholder engagement and materiality assessment. The ESG Working Group carries out performance reviews and reports the progress and achievements of the Group's ESG objectives to the Board on a regular basis.

ESG工作小組由執行董事及高級管理人員組成, 其對於目前及新興的ESG事宜以及本集團營運都 充分了解。ESG工作小組的責任乃協助1)識別、 檢討及分析運營策略及風險管理中的重大ESG風 險及機遇以及對本集團的相關影響,2)根據已 釐定的ESG策略制定ESG目的及目標以及行動計 劃,3)監察當前市場趨勢及發展、行業慣例以及 ESG相關事項的規範,及4)執行持份者參與和重 要性評估。ESG工作小組定期開展表現檢討並向 董事會報告本集團ESG目標的進展及成就。

The responsible units are responsible for implementing the ESG-related action plans determined by the ESG Working Group in daily operations, supporting stakeholder engagement activities and coordinating the data collection for the preparation of the ESG Report and monitoring performance progress and achievements against the determined objectives and initiatives.

負責單位負責在日常營運中實施ESG工作小組釐 定的ESG相關的行動計劃、支持持份者參與活動 以及協調數據收集以編製ESG報告,並根據已釐 定的目標及措施監控表現進展及成就。

OUR STAKEHOLDERS

As stakeholders play crucial roles in sustaining the success of our business, the Group fully utilizes various communication channels to understand and engage our stakeholders. The probable points of concern of our stakeholders and our channels of communication and responses are listed below.

我們的持份者

由於持份者在我們持續業務成功方面扮演重要 角色,本集團全面運用各種溝通渠道與持份者增 進了解及交流。對我們的持份者可能的關注點, 我們的溝通及回應渠道列示如下。

Stakeholders 持份者	Probable Points of Concern 可能關注點	Communication and Responses 溝通與回應
HKEX 聯交所	Compliance with the Listing Rules, and timely and accurate announcements. 遵守上市規則,及時準確地刊發公 告。	Meetings, training, workshops, programs, website updates, and announcements. 會議、培訓、工作坊、計劃、網站更新及公告。
Governments 政府	Compliance with laws and regulations, preventing tax evasion, and social welfare. 遵守法律及規例、防止逃稅及社會福利工作。	Interaction and visits, government inspections, tax returns and other information. 互動及拜訪、政府視察、納稅申報及 其他資料。
Investors 投資者	Corporate governance, business strategies and performance, and investment returns. 企業管治、業務策略及表現,以及投資回報。	Briefing sessions and seminars, interviews, shareholders' meetings, issue of financial reports or operation reports for investors, media and analysts. 組織簡報會及研討會、訪談、股東大會、向投資者、媒體及分析員提供財務報告或營運報告。
Media & Public 媒體及公眾	Corporate governance, environmental protection, and human right. 企業管治、環保及人權。	Newsletters on the Company's website, if appropriate. 在適當時於本公司網站發佈快訊。
Suppliers 供應商	Payment schedule, and stable demand. 付款時間表及穩定需求。	Site visits. 實地拜訪。

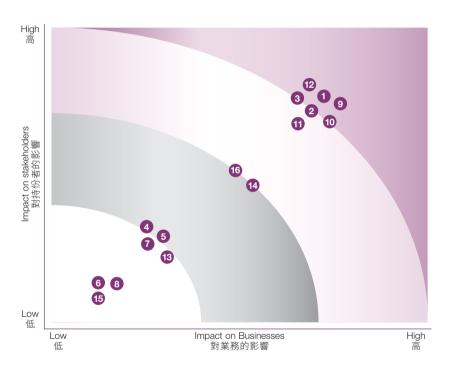
Stakeholders 持份者	Probable Points of Concern 可能關注點	Communication and Responses 溝通與回應
Customers 客戶	Service quality, service delivery schedule, reasonable prices, service value, and personal data protection. 服務質素、服務提供計劃、合理價格、服務價值及個人數據保護。	After-sales services. 售後服務。
Employees 僱員	Rights and benefits of employees, compensation, training and development, work hours, and working environment. (個員的權利及福利、補償、培訓與發展、工作時數及工作環境。	Union activities, training, interviews with employees, internal memos, and employee suggestion boxes. 工會活動、培訓、僱員訪談,內部備忘錄及僱員意見箱。
Community 社區	Community environment, employment opportunities, community development, and social welfare. 社區環境、僱傭機會、社區發展及社會福利。	Community activities, employee voluntary activities, community welfare subsidies and donations. 社區活動、僱員義工活動、社區福利補貼及捐贈。

MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT

The Group has identified ESG issues that have a potential or actual impact on its sustainable development from various sources, such as issues identified in previous ESG reports, internal policies, industry trends, and the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board's Materiality Map. The ESG issues have been analyzed with reference to an array of factors, including the Group's overall strategy, development, and goals and targets. The Group has conducted a materiality assessment to rate the identified ESG issues that are pertinent to its business and stakeholders, and their respective levels of impact. The ESG issues have been prioritized as follows:

重要性評估

本集團已從多種來源識別對其可持續發展具有 潛在或實際影響的ESG事項,例如於過往ESG報 告中識別的事項、內部政策、行業趨勢及可持續 發展會計準則委員會的重要性示意圖。本集團已 對ESG事項進行分析,並經參考一系列因素,包 括本集團的整體策略、發展以及目的及目標。本 集團已進行重要性評估,以評估與其業務及持份 者相關的已識別ESG事項及其各自的影響程度。 ESG事項的優先次序如下:



Environmental Issues 環境事項

- 1. Emissions 排放
- Hazardous Waste 有害廢棄物
- 3. Non-hazardous Waste 無害廢棄物
- 4. Energy Consumption 能源消耗
- 5. Water Consumption 用水量
- 6. Packaging Materials 包裝材料
- 7. Environment and Natural Resources 環境及自然資源
- 8. Climate Change 氣候變化

Social Issues 社會事項

- 9. Employment 僱傭
- 10. Health and Safety 健康與安全
- 11. Development and Training 發展及培訓
- 12. Labor Standards 勞工準則
- 13. Supply Chain Management 供應鏈管理
- 14. Product Responsibility 產品責任
- 15. Anti-corruption 反貪污
- 16. Community Investment 社區投資

OVERVIEW

With over four decades of operations, the Group produces high-end footwear for famous brands including Cat, Chaco, Dr. Martens, Merrell and Wolverine. Our manufacturing factories are located in Vietnam and Cambodia, while our offices are located in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), Taiwan, and Hong Kong. Being one of the major footwear manufacturing groups in Asia, we recognize our corporate duties and obligations to protect the environment. As such, we have integrated sustainability into our day-to-day operations by implementing various measures to reduce carbon footprints and mitigate undesirable impacts on our environment.

概覽

本集團擁有逾四十年的營運歷史,為Cat、Chaco、Dr. Martens、Merrell及Wolverine等知名品牌生產高端鞋類。我們的製造工廠位於越南及柬埔寨,而我們的辦事處位於中華人民共和國(「中國」)、台灣及香港。作為亞洲一家大型鞋類製造集團,我們認識到保護環境的企業職責及義務。故此,我們將可持續發展與我們的日常營運相結合,通過實施多種措施減少碳足跡及減輕對環境造成的不良影響。

PART A. SOCIAL

Key performance



No Child Labor 無童工

Diverse Occupational Training 多元化職業培訓

A部分. 社會

關鍵績效



Community Donation 社區捐贈



Strict compliance of law 嚴格遵守法律

Employment and Labor Practices

The management believes that the employees are one of the most valuable assets of our group and considers human resource management as an integral part of our overall business strategy. Therefore, getting the right person for the right job by understanding employees' personality traits and unique talents is the cornerstone of the Group's success. As such, we offer attractive remuneration and provide many internal and external training opportunities to attract, motivate and retain the right people.

Compliance and Grievance

During the Reporting Period, the Group has complied with all laws and regulations in relation to employment that have a significant impact on us. No confirmed non-compliance incidents or grievances were noted by the Group in relation to employment aspects.

僱傭及勞工常規

管理層認為員工是本集團最寶貴的資產之一且 人力資源管理是我們整體業務策略不可或缺的 一部分。因此,藉由了解員工的個性特質及獨特 才能,為合適的工作尋找合適人選是本集團成功 的基石。因此,我們提供具吸引力的薪酬,並提 供多項內部及外部培訓機會,以吸引、激勵及挽 留合適的人才。

合規及投訴

於報告期間,本集團已遵守對我們有重大影響之 有關僱傭的一切法律及法規。本集團並無得悉有 關僱傭方面的經確認的不合規事件或投訴。

Employment

The Group strictly complies with the requirements of the Labor Law Code in Vietnam and Cambodia, as well as other relevant laws and regulations related to employment protection and benefits, including but not limited to the Social Insurance Law in Vietnam, the Medical Insurance Law in Vietnam, the Syndical Law in Vietnam, the Law on Social Security Schemes in Cambodia, the Trade Union Law in Cambodia, and the Law on the Protection and Promotion of the Rights of Persons with Disabilities in Cambodia.

The Group has established personnel policies and procedures that set out its standard internal procedures relating to recruitment and promotion, working hours, holidays, equal opportunities, compensation and dismissal, employee diversity, anti-discrimination and other human resources treatments and benefits, etc., to provide standardized and comprehensive guidelines on work practices for employees. For anti-discrimination, the Group has established a procedural policy prohibiting discrimination, harassment and retaliation, along with a complaint and resolution process. Moreover, the Group has set specific policies and practices that protect female rights, and reinforce feminist social and political rights through training courses.

In Vietnam and Cambodia factories, approximately 6,300 employees (2022: approximately 7,000 employees) were employed during the Reporting Period. The Group welcomes industrial experts to join our team, add value to our pool of professional expertise in the industry, and bring in innovative ideas. In terms of gender diversity, the majority of the Group's employees in Vietnam and Cambodia are female. The Group highly appreciates the women workforce to support our daily operation and strives to empower women in the local communities in which we operate.

僱傭

本集團嚴格遵守越南及柬埔寨勞動法的規定,以 及其他與就業保護及福利相關的法律及法規,包 括但不限於越南社會保險法、越南醫療保險法、 越南工團法、柬埔寨社會保障計劃法、柬埔寨工 會法、柬埔寨維護及提高殘障人士權利法。

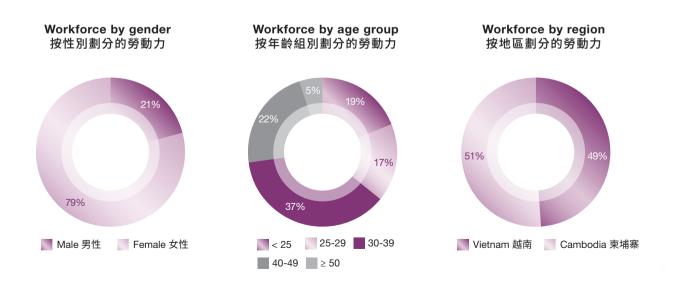
本集團已制定人事政策及程序,當中載列其有關招聘及晉升、工作時間、假期、平等機會、補償及解僱、僱員多元化、反歧視及其他人力資源待遇及福利的標準內部程序等,為員工的工作實踐提供標準化及全面的指引。就反歧視而言,本集團已制定禁止歧視、騷擾及報復的程序政策,並設有投訴及解決程序。此外,本集團已設置專項政策及慣例保護女性權利,並通過培訓課程,加強女性社會及政治權利。

於報告期間,在越南及柬埔寨的工廠,我們有約6,300名(二零二二年:約7,000名)僱員。本集團歡迎行業專才加入我們的團隊,為我們行業的專業知識庫增值,激發創新理念。於性別多元化方面,本集團在越南及柬埔寨的大部分僱員為女性。本集團十分感謝女性員工對我們的日常營運的支持,並努力在我們當地營運社區賦權女性。

The statistics of our workforce by region, gender, age group and employment type during the Reporting Period are shown as follows: 於報告期間,我們按地區、性別、年齡組別、僱傭 類型劃分的勞動力統計數據如下:

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		二零二二/二三年
Total workforce	員工總數	6,300
		-,
Breakdown by gender	按性別劃分的明細	
Male	男性	1,300
Female	女性	5,000
Breakdown by age group	按年齡組別劃分的明細	
< 25	< 25	1,200
25-29	25-29	1,100
30-39	30-39	2,300
40-49	40-49	1,400
≥ 50	≥ 50	300
Breakdown by employment type	按僱傭類型劃分的明細	
Full time	全職	6,300
Breakdown by region	按地區劃分的明細	
Vietnam	越南	3,100
Cambodia	柬埔寨	3,200



The statistics of our employee turnover rate by region, gender, age group and employment type during the Reporting Period are shown as follows:

於報告期間,我們按地區、性別、年齡組別及僱 傭類型劃分的僱員流失率統計數據如下:

2022/23

二零二二/二三年

		_==-/ -==
Total turnover rate	總員工流失率	10%
Turnover rate by gender	按性別劃分的員工流失率	
Male	男性	16%
Female	女性	8%
Turnover rate by age group	按年齡組別劃分的員工流失率	
< 25	< 25	16%
25-29	25-29	11%
30-39	30-39	9%
40-49	40-49	6%
≥ 50	≥ 50	4%
Turnover rate by employment type	按僱傭類型劃分的員工流失率	
Full time	全職	10%
Turnover rate by region	按地區劃分的員工流失率	
Vietnam	越南	12%
Cambodia	柬埔寨	7%

Attract and retain talents

The remuneration policies of the Group are in line with prevailing market practices and are determined on the basis of competency, qualifications and experience of the individual employees. Management of the Group constantly reviews its employees' remuneration packages and promotion opportunities. Adjustments are made, usually annually, to conform to the market standard in order to retain talents and ensure the offer is competitive as compared to the rivals in the industry. A standard remuneration package includes basic salary and variable incentive-based remunerations which are distributed according to individual employee performance. Share options and awarded shares may also be granted in accordance with the terms of the Group's approved share option scheme and share award scheme.

吸引及挽留人才

本集團薪酬政策與通行市場慣例一致,並根據個別僱員的能力、資歷及經驗而釐定。本集團管理層一直不斷檢討其僱員的薪酬組合以及晉升機會。通常每年進行一次調整以符合市場標準以留住人才,並確保開出的條件與業內競爭對手相比具有競爭力。標準薪酬組合包括基本薪資及根據僱員個人表現分派的可變獎勵薪酬。購股權及獎勵股份亦可根據本集團批准的購股權計劃及股份獎勵計劃的條款授出。

Moreover, a labor union has been established to protect the interests of our employees. To better understand the concerns of workers, meetings between management and the labor union are held on a quarterly basis. It acts as a channel of regular and constructive communication between the Group and its employees to have an open discussion about employee welfare and employment conditions.

此外,我們已建立工會保障僱員的利益。為更好了解員工的擔憂,管理層與工會將每個季度舉行會議。其作為本集團與其僱員之間定期及建設性溝通的渠道,就僱員福利及僱傭條件進行公開討論。

Anti-discrimination and equal opportunities

The Group is committed to building a diverse and inclusive working environment. The Group ensures that no interviewee or employee will be discriminated against or deprived of opportunities due to gender, ethnic background, religious belief, color, sexual orientation, age, marital status or family status in respect of recruitment and promotion. Any kind of discrimination or harassment based on the employees' gender, age, marital status, race, sexual orientation and religion at our workplace is strictly prohibited.

The Group always listens and responds to the requests from our employees. It is the goal of the Group to create a friendly and peaceful working environment. We encourage our employees to provide feedback in relation to any employment-related matters, especially when they encounter any unpleasant or undesired treatment from colleagues or senior management. Employees may lodge their complaints in writing and place them in the suggestion box at the office building. The Human Resources Department is responsible for handling all cases and conducting investigations. If any unfair treatment and harassment are found and confirmed, the Group will issue a warning in writing to the employee who has done the wrongdoing and may dismiss him or her depending on the seriousness of the incident.

反歧視及平等機會

本集團致力營造多元化及具包容性的工作環境。 本集團確保在招聘及晉升時不會有應聘者或僱 員因性別、種族背景、宗教信仰、膚色、性取向、 年齡、婚姻狀況或家庭情況而受歧視或被剝奪機 會。工作場所嚴禁任何基於僱員性別、年齡、婚 姻狀況、種族、性取向及宗教的歧視或騷擾。

本集團致力傾聽並回應僱員的要求。本集團的目標是營造友善和平的工作環境。我們鼓勵僱員就任何與僱傭相關的事宜提供反饋,特別是當他們遇到來自同事或高級管理層的任何不愉快或非期望的對待時。僱員可以書面形式提出投訴,並將其投入辦公樓的意見箱中。人力資源部負責處理所有事件並進行調查。倘發現並確認任何不公平的對待及騷擾,本集團將以書面形式向作出錯誤行為的僱員發出警告,並可視事件的嚴重性而將其解僱。

Welfare and benefits

To increase the employees' sense of belonging, the Group offers various welfare and benefits to our employees. For instance, employees are entitled to an extra number of days of paid leave according to their job level, in addition to all public holidays and the minimum number of days of paid leave in accordance with the Labor Laws in Vietnam and Cambodia.

Moreover, the Group conducts a series of team-building activities every year to promote our Group's corporate culture among employees. However, due to the Coronavirus disease 2019 ("COVID-19"), large-scale company activities were not organized.

As most of our employees are female, the Group does its best to ensure its female staff are feeling comfortable and happy while working with us. The Group offers a wide range of activities including training related to reproductive health care, health care of women, health and welfare of pregnant women and many more health-related topics to its employees. However, due to COVID-19, large-scale training activities were not organized.

In addition, 6 months of paid maternity leave are offered to all pregnant employees of our Vietnam factory to ensure that their job positions are available when they return from their maternity leave. As stipulated in our staff handbook, the Group offers full support and care to its pregnant staff. At the Vietnam office and factory, labels are provided to pregnant workers in order to remind other staff to provide special assistance when needed. Last but not least, employees who have children aged between 1 and 6 years old are entitled to subsidies if they are living in Binh Duong Province in Vietnam.

福利及利益

為增加僱員的歸屬感,本集團為僱員提供各種福利及利益。例如,除所有公眾假期及根據越南及柬埔寨勞動法規定的帶薪假期的最少天數外,僱員有權根據其工作水平獲得額外的帶薪假期天數。

此外,本集團每年亦會舉辦一系列團建活動,向僱員推廣本集團的企業文化。然而,由於2019冠狀病毒病(「COVID-19」),未能組織大型公司活動。

由於我們大部分員工均為女性,本集團盡最大努力確保女性員工在與我們共事時感到舒適及快樂。本集團為其僱員提供廣泛的活動,包括有關生育保健、婦女保健、孕婦健康及福利相關的培訓以及更多與健康相關的課題。然而,由於COVID-19,未能組織大型培訓活動。

此外,我們為在越南工廠的所有懷孕的僱員提供 6個月的帶薪產假,並確保彼等從產假回來時可 以回歸工作崗位。正如我們的員工手冊所規定, 本集團向其懷孕的僱員提供全力支持及關愛。 在越南辦公室及工廠,我們會為懷孕工人提供標 籤,以提醒其他員工在需要時提供特別幫助。最 後同樣重要的是,擁有1至6歲子女的僱員如在越 南平陽省生活,則有權獲得補貼。

Health and Safety

Employee's health and safety is of utmost importance to the Group. During the Reporting Period, the Group has complied with all relevant laws and regulations in relation to safety, as well as hygiene and health. The laws and regulations include but are not limited to the Labor Safety and Health Law in Vietnam, the Medical Insurance Law in Vietnam. The Group aims to provide a safe and healthy working environment to our employees, and encourage them to achieve a balance between work and a healthy lifestyle. To prevent our employees working in manufacturing factories from occupational hazards, the Group has established "Occupational Safety and Health Policy", "Chemical Safety Policy". "Personal Protective Equipment Policy". "Accident Investigation Procedure", "Emergency Response Policy and Procedure", and "Risk Assessment Policy" that cover labor safety and health. The policies clearly detail all the appropriate practices and requirements related to employee health and safety so that the safety of our employees is protected. For instance, workers are required to wear earplugs during trimming and wear gloves during gluing. When using dusting machines, workers are required to wear masks.

The Group has also established a "Health and Safety Control Procedure" in line with ISO14001 and OHSAS 18001 international standards, with an aim to provide a safe and hazard-free working environment, prevent and mitigate the safety risks exposure of our employees. The Procedure clearly lists out the corresponding responsibilities of environmental and safety management representatives, department heads, management level etc., to allocate the tasks of promoting, monitoring and implementing relevant safety policy. In addition to establishing a robust environmental management structure, the Group also conducts a series of health and safety training for our employees in orientation or on a regular basis, so that it can be ensured all employees are aware of potential occupational accidents and risks in the manufacturing factories. The training topics include hazardous chemicals, first-aid and other Occupational Safety and Health-related topics. However, due to COVID-19, large-scale training activities were not organized.

健康與安全

本集團亦已建立符合ISO14001及OHSAS 18001 國際標準的「健康及安全控制程序」,旨在提供安全無危險的工作環境,預防及減輕僱員面臨的安全風險。程序明確列載環境安全管理代表、部門主管、管理層等的相應職責,以分配相關安全政策的推廣、監督及實施工作。除建立健全的環境管理架構外,本集團亦定向或定期對僱員進行一系列健康與安全培訓,以確保所有僱員了解於製造工廠的潛在職業事故及風險。培訓主題包括危險化學品、急救及其他職業安全與健康相關主題。然而,由於COVID-19,未能組織大型培訓活動。

Moreover, a safety audit is conducted for annual inspections to make sure that all our machines and fire alarms are functioning well. Any machinery defects and malfunctions would be immediately reported to the Maintenance Department for repair and maintenance. The safety audit is followed by working environment monitoring and safety risk assessment, in which existing dangerous sources of toxic gases, noise, high falling, explosives, etc. are identified. The goal is to evaluate the risk level of the working environment and implement appropriate measures to eliminate the identified risks correspondingly.

此外,我們每年都會進行安全審核,以確保我們的所有機器及火警鐘均運行良好。任何機械缺陷及故障均將立即報告給保養部門進行維修及保養。安全審核之後乃工作環境監測及安全風險評估,識別現有的有毒氣體、噪音、高處墜落、爆炸物等危險源。目標乃評估工作環境的風險水平,並相應實施適當的措施消除已識別的風險。

The Group's health and safety policies and procedures are summarized as follows:

本集團健康與安全政策及程序概述如下:



The Group has carried out the following actions in order to create and maintain a good, comfortable, safe and healthy working environment for its employees: 本集團已採取以下行動,以為其僱員創造並維持良好、舒適、安全及健康的工作環境:

- Establish a Health, Safety, Environment ("HSE") team to conduct random checks on workers to ensure that they are wearing proper work gear;
- Keep all emergency exits in the workplace unobstructed;
- Provide sufficient light in the workplace;
- Ensure that all devices, machines and equipment are safe;
- Carry out regular repair and maintenance work on all devices and machines used in the workplace;
- Maintain a high standard of hygiene in the workspace;
- Prohibit smoking in the workplace; and
- Conduct regular safety inspections and fire drills.

During the Reporting Period and the past three reporting periods, the Group did not have any work-related fatalities. The statistics of work-related injuries and lost day results during the past three reporting periods, including this Reporting Period, are shown as follows:

- 建立健康、安全及環境(「HSE」)團隊對工 人進行隨機檢查,確保彼等穿戴合適的工 作裝備;
- 保持工作場所內所有緊急出口暢通無阻;
- 於工作場所提供充足照明;
- 確保所有設備、機器及裝置安全;
- 對工作場地的所有設備及機器進行定期維 修及保養;
- 在工作場地維持高標準的衛生;
- 禁止於工作場所內吸煙;及
- 定期進行安全檢查及火警演習。

於報告期間及過去三個報告期間,本集團並無發 生因工死亡事故。於包括本報告期間的過去三個 報告期間的工傷及損失天數統計結果如下:

		2020/21 二零二零/二一年	2021/22 二零二一/二二年	2022/23 二零二二/二三年
Number of injuries	工傷數目	91	37	51
Lost days	損失日數	263	120	182

During the Reporting Period, there were 51 work-related injuries, which the employees concerned have been compensated for and covered by the Group's medical insurance. The number of working days lost due to work-related injury was 182 days. The Group continues to reflect on its existing safety policies and is committed to continuously adapting and improving its occupational safety measures as would be necessary.

於報告期間,發生51宗工傷事故,而有關僱員已 獲本集團醫療保險的補償及保障。因工傷損失工 作日數182日。本集團繼續反思其現有的安全政 策,並致力於在必要時不斷調整及改進其職業安 全措施。

The Group has implemented various measures to ensure employees' health and safety. For each work-related injury, an incident investigation report was prepared and evaluated, a corrective action plan was also prepared with a target date to complete the rectification at the first opportunity. In response to the incidents, the Group held a special meeting and training workshop to enhance employees' awareness on personal protection and work safety. Moreover, the HSE team would undergo more frequent inspections on-site to alert the employees of occupational safety and underlying risks in the workplace.

本集團已採取多項措施確保員工的健康及安全。 針對每起工傷事故,已編製並評估事故調查報 告,亦已編製糾正行動計劃,其中規定了在第一 時間完成整改的目標日期。針對該等事件,本集 團已舉辦專題會議及培訓班以提高僱員的個人 防護及工作安全意識。此外,HSE團隊將更頻繁 地進行現場檢查,以提醒僱員職業安全及於工作 場所的潛在風險。

In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, the Group has developed guidelines on the prevention of COVID-19 and work arrangements for offices and factories. The guidelines help to reduce the risk of mass infection in the workplace. The Group's preventative measures and hygienic guidelines in response to COVID-19 are shown as follows:

為應對COVID-19疫情,本集團已制定預防COVID-19的指引,並作出辦公室及工廠的工作安排。該等指引有助於降低工作場所大規模感染的風險。本集團針對COVID-19的預防措施及衛生指南如下所示:

- Encouraging employees feeling unwell to take sick leave and caring for their wellbeing;
- Cleaning shared vehicles regularly;
- Maintaining a high standard of hygiene in the workspace; and
- Advising employees who have respiratory symptoms to leave and seek medical advice promptly.

The Group will continue to assess the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on its financial performance, closely monitor the development of the COVID-19 pandemic and the exposure to the risks and uncertainties in this connection. The Group will take appropriate measures as necessary.

- 鼓勵感覺不適的僱員請病假並關心彼等的 健康;
- 每天清潔共用車輛;
- 在工作場地維持高標準的衛生;及

本集團將繼續評估COVID-19疫情對其財務業績的影響,並密切監測COVID-19疫情的發展以及與此相關的風險及不確定性。必要時本集團將採取適當的措施。

Development and Training

The Group believes that the skills and experience of employees are critical to the long-term development of the Group. The Group offers opportunities that foster our employees' leadership skills and professional development, and in turn, promote job satisfaction, work motivation and staff loyalty. An annual training schedule is in place to ensure our employees are offered training during the Reporting Period in order to keep them updated with information, knowledge and skills required at work. All new joiners received induction training on their first day of employment.

The Group's professional training programs cover a wide range of specialties. The training categories include human rights safety and skills applicable to work, etc. Employees are also encouraged to attend external training courses and seminars that can help them gain practical knowledge in the fast-changing business world. Any fees incurred for the courses or seminars are sponsored by the Group. During the Reporting Period, the Group has conducted training for its employees in relation to occupational safety and health, disease prevention, legal compliance and first-aid.

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, no training was conducted in Vietnam during the Reporting Period to comply with the government rules and protect the health and safety of our employees. The Group will schedule more training hours in late 2023 for our employees to ensure they gain adequate knowledge and skills required at work.

發展及培訓

本集團認為僱員的技能及經驗對本集團的長遠 發展至關重要。本集團向僱員提供機遇,培養彼 等的領導技能及專業發展,從而提高工作滿意 度、工作動力及員工的忠誠度。我們制定了年度 培訓計劃,以確保我們的僱員於報告期間獲得培 訓,以更新工作所需的信息、知識及技能。所有 新入職員工於受僱首日即接受入職培訓。

本集團的專業培訓計劃涵蓋多種專業。培訓類別包括人權安全和適用於工作的技能等。我們亦鼓勵僱員參加外部培訓課程及研討會,以幫助彼等在急速轉變的商業世界獲得實踐知識。課程或研討會所產生的任何費用均由本集團資助。於報告期間,本集團已為其僱員開展有關職業安全與健康、疾病預防、法律合規及急救的培訓。

由於COVID-19疫情,於報告期間並未在越南進行任何培訓以遵守政府規定並保護我們僱員的健康與安全。本集團於二零二三年年底為僱員安排更多的培訓時間,以確保彼等得到工作所需的足夠知識及技能。

The percentage of employees trained and average training hours by gender and employee category during the Reporting Period are shown as follows: 於報告期間,按性別及僱員類別劃分的受訓僱員 百分比及平均培訓時數如下:

		2022/23 二零二二/二三年
Percentage of total employees trained 受訓僱員總數百分比	%	58.0
Percentage of employees trained by gender 按性別劃分的受訓僱員	百分比	
Male 男性	%	26.3
Female 女性	%	73.7
Percentage of employees trained by employee category 按僱員類	別劃分的受訓僱員百分	比
Management staff 管理人員	%	1.2
Senior staff 高層員工	%	9.6
Junior staff 基層員工	%	89.2
Average training hours per employee 每名僱員的平均受訓時數	Hours 時數	1.2
Average training hours by gender 按性別劃分的平均受訓時數		
Male 男性	Hours 時數	2.1
Female 女性	Hours 時數	1.0
Average training hours by employee category 按僱員類別劃分的平	均受訓時數	
Management staff 管理人員	Hours 時數	0.9
Senior staff 高層員工	Hours 時數	1.4
Junior staff 基層員工	Hours 時數	1.2

Labor Standards

The Group is committed to complying with the labor laws and regulations in Vietnam and Cambodia, as well as the relevant international human rights conventions relating to employees' protection and prevention of child or forced labor. Every employment of the Group is subject to a stringent internal review process that involves a well-established monitoring procedure for verifying a candidate's personal information, in order to avoid misrepresentation and any form of child labor. For instance, the staff member responsible for recruitment collects the identity proof from the candidates to ensure that the age of the candidates fulfils the requirements as stipulated by the law.

The employment of forced and child labor is strictly prohibited. In Cambodia and Vietnam, the Labor Law allows the younger generation aged 15 or above to work. As such, the Group has established a policy for young employees (15 to 18 years old) to provide additional guidance on the arrangement of welfare and work allocations. The Group strictly follows the relevant laws and regulations, and provides adequate protection for our employees. Employees' rest time is well respected by the Group, and any arrangement of overtime work must be agreed by the employees voluntarily in advance, in order to prevent forced overtime work.

If any employment of child or forced labor is discovered, the Group will immediately terminate the employment concerned. During the Reporting Period, all employees were legally and properly employed in accordance with the requirements of all applicable laws and regulations. No incident of illegal child labor or forced labor was recorded.

勞工準則

本集團致力於遵守越南及柬埔寨的勞動法律法 規及有關僱員保護以及防止童工或強迫勞工的 國際人權公約。本集團每次僱傭均須遵守嚴格的 內部覆核過程,當中涉及目的為核實有關應聘者 個人資料的明確監察程序,以避免失實陳述及任 何形式的童工。例如,負責招聘的工作人員負責 收集申請人身份證明以確保申請者年齡符合法 律規定。

嚴格禁止強迫勞工及童工行為。在柬埔寨及越南,勞動法允許15歲或以上的更年輕一代參加工作。因此,本集團已制定一項針對15至18歲的年輕僱員的政策,以就福利及工作分派安排提供額外指導。本集團嚴格遵循相關法律法規,並為我們的僱員提供充分保障。本集團充分尊重僱員的休息時間。為防止強制加班,任何加班安排須事先經僱員自願同意。

倘發現僱傭童工或強迫勞工,本集團將立刻終止 相關僱傭。於報告期間,所有僱員均合法及根據 所有適用法律及法規的規定妥為僱用。並無記錄 非法童工或強迫勞工事件。

OPERATING PRACTICES

Supply Chain Management

The Group understands that supply chain management has an inseparable relationship with its sustainable development, and is therefore committed to establishing a long-term and harmonious cooperation relationship with its suppliers. The Group expects its suppliers to uphold the principles of integrity and pragmatism, and provide products and services in strict compliance with the requirements of applicable laws and regulations concerning both environmental and social aspects.

Although most of the suppliers are designated by our customers, the Group has an internal mechanism to assess and evaluate our suppliers in order to control the quality of our materials. The Group evaluates all potential suppliers' backgrounds, qualifications, expertise, experience, financial status, and professionalism, etc. Moreover, social and environmental aspects are also important criteria for supplier selection. To promote environmentally preferable products in the industry, the Group will not select suppliers with poor environmental performance or reputation. All approved suppliers are reviewed regularly to ensure the quality of the services and products purchased is up to standard.

During the Reporting Period, the Group had a total of 399 main suppliers. The number of suppliers by geographical region during the Reporting Period is shown as follows:

營運慣例

供應鏈管理

本集團深知供應鏈管理與其可持續發展有著不可分割的關係,因此致力於與其供應商建立長期和諧的合作關係。本集團預期供應商將堅守誠信和務實的原則,並於提供產品及服務時嚴格遵守有關環境及社會方面的適用法律及法規規定。

儘管大部分供應商乃由我們客戶指定,但為了控制材料的質素,本集團設有內部機制以評價及評估我們的供應商。本集團會評估所有潛在供應商的背景、資質、專業知識、經驗、財務狀況及專業水準等。此外,社會及環境方面亦是甄選供應商的重要標準。為在行業內推廣環保產品,本集團不會選擇環保表現或聲譽不佳的供應商。本集團將定期審核所有獲認可的供應商,以確保所購服務及產品的質素符合標準。

於報告期間,本集團合共擁有399名主要供應商。於報告期間,按地區劃分的供應商數目如下:

Region	地區	Number of suppliers 供應商數目
The PRC	中國	176
Vietnam	越南	143
Taiwan	台灣	50
Others	其他	30

Product Responsibility

Providing safe, quality and reliable products to our customers is one of the core values of the Group, and it has a strong commitment to attain high quality standards in our manufacturing process. During the Reporting Period, the Group has strictly complied with the laws and regulations in regard to product responsibility in the PRC, Vietnam, Cambodia, Korea, Taiwan and Hong Kong that have a significant impact on our businesses, including but not limited to, Law of the PRC on the Protection of Consumer Rights and Interests, the Civil Code of the PRC, the Trade Description Ordinance in Hong Kong, the Sale of Goods Ordinance in Hong Kong, and Law on Protection of Consumer Rights in Vietnam. During the Reporting Period, the Group did not recall any sold or delivered products for safety or health reasons.

The Group's primary focus is to provide high quality services and products to our customers. In order to build customer trust and loyalty, the Group has established relevant policies which cover product and service quality. The Group has a product quality inspection team that monitors product quality. The Group's production processes, including manufacturing, packaging, labelling, etc., are subject to the product quality inspection team's monitoring and auditing. Products and materials must go through sampling tests to ensure the quality of products meets our customers' expectations. The Group also welcomes customer's own quality control teams to visit our factories to conduct quality inspections.

During the Reporting Period, the Group did not make any advertisements relating to products and services provided. If the Group makes any advertisements, we will adhere to all relevant laws and regulations to ensure that we do not convey false or misleading messages in relation to our products.

產品責任

為我們的客戶提供安全、優質、可靠產品是本集團核心價值之一,本集團堅定承諾於生產過程中達致高質量標準。於報告期間,本集團嚴格遵守中國、越南、柬埔寨、韓國、台灣及香港關於產品責任,且對我們的業務有重大影響的有關法律及法規,包括但不限於中華人民共和國消費者權益保護法、中華人民共和國民法典、香港商品能賣條例、香港貨品售賣條例,以及越南消費者權益保護法。於報告期間,本集團並未因安全或健康原因召回任何已售或已交付的產品。

本集團主要注重向我們的客戶提供高質素的服務及產品。為建立客戶信任及忠誠度,本集團已制定涵蓋產品及服務質素的相關政策。本集團設立產品質檢團隊監控產品質量。本集團的生產過程(包括製造、包裝、貼標等)受產品質檢團隊的監控及審核。產品及材料須經抽樣檢測以確保產品質素符合我們客戶的預期。本集團亦歡迎客戶自身的質檢團隊造訪我們的工廠,以進行質檢。

於報告期間,本集團並無刊登有關所提供產品及服務的任何廣告。倘本集團刊登任何廣告,我們將遵守所有相關法律及法規,以確保不會傳遞任何有關我們產品的虛假或誤導信息。

Complaints and Feedback Mechanism

The Group has established a "Customer Feedback and Complaint Policy and Procedure" to ensure that customers' feedback and complaints are addressed efficiently. Customers may lodge a formal complaint to the Group through email, phone call or letter. When a complaint is received, the manager from the responsible department relevant to the complaint shall conduct an internal investigation, propose suitable solutions to the customers and finally initiate internal corrective actions that must be completed within a proposed timeframe. All customer complaints must be responded to within a reasonable time. For each complaint received, a Customer Complaint Form shall be filled in with the customer complaint details, the date of receiving the complaint, the solution and corrective action. The Group's management office will monitor the status of the complaint handling process to ensure that all complaints are handled within a reasonable time, and internal corrective actions are carried out within the timeframe proposed by the responsible department. The case of the complaint will be deemed as closed only after the Head of the Factory reviews the Customer Complaint Form and confirms that all corrective actions are performed properly. During the Reporting Period, the Group did not receive any product or service related complaints.

投訴及反饋機制

本集團已制定「客戶反饋與投訴政策及程序」以確 保高效處理客戶反饋及投訴。客戶可透過電郵、 電話或信件向本集團提出正式投訴。收到投訴 後,投訴所涉責任部門經理應開展內部調查,向 客戶提出合適的解決方案,並最終啟動內部整改 措施,且須在提出的時限內完成。所有客戶投訴 必須在合理的時間內作出答覆。對於所收到的每 項投訴,應在客戶投訴表中填寫客戶投訴詳情、 收到投訴的日期、解決方案及整改措施。本集團 管理層辦公室會監控投訴處理過程的狀態,以確 保所有投訴均在合理的時間內得到處理,且相關 責任部門在提出的時限內完成內部整改。只有在 廠長審閱過客戶投訴表並確認所有整改措施均 妥為執行後,投訴案例才會被視為完結。於報告 期間,本集團並未收到任何產品或服務相關投 訴。

Receive Client Complaints 收到客戶投訴 Information Identification 信息甄別 Responsibility Identification 責任認定 Management Strategy 管理策略 Implement Measures for Improvement 實施改進措施

Intellectual Property Rights

In respect of privacy, data and intellectual property rights protection, the Group has complied with all the relevant laws and regulations, including but not limited to, the Intellectual Property Law of Vietnam, the Cyber Information Security Law of Vietnam, the Trademark Law of Cambodia, the Law on Copyright and Related Rights of Cambodia and the Patent Law of Cambodia. The Group has established internal policies that cover intellectual property and privacy protection. Its employees are obligated to retain in confidence all information obtained during the course of their employment, including, but not limited to, trade secrets, know-how, customer's information and personal data, supplier information and other confidential information. The information is clearly stated in the staff handbook. The Group also maintains information technology systems with the high level of security to prevent unauthorized access to confidential information. Fingerprint identification facilities are installed at the showroom to allow only a few authorized employees to enter.

Anti-corruption

The Group strictly prohibits corruption and bribery committed by its employees. In the case of conflict of interests, employees must declare the concerns to management. In the case of suspected corrupt practices, employees should report to the management. Employees are strictly prohibited from utilizing business opportunities, power and/or occupational position for obtaining personal interests or benefits. During the Reporting Period, no reported case of corruption, bribery, fraud or extortion was noted by the Group.

The Group values and welcomes our employees to report any suspected malpractices confidentially to the management. The Group handles reported cases of malpractice cautiously in line with the whistle-blowing mechanism established. A full investigation will be conducted confidentially, disciplinary action will be imposed on the employee involved upon confirmation of the occurrence, and further legal action may be taken depending on the nature and particular circumstances of each case.

知識產權

在隱私、數據及知識產權保護方面,本集團已遵守所有相關法律法規,包括但不限於越南知識產權法、越南網絡信息安全法、柬埔寨商標法、柬埔寨版權及相關權利法及柬埔寨專利法。本集團已制定涵蓋知識產權及私隱保護的內部政策。其僱員有義務保密供職期間獲取之一切資料,包括但不限於商業秘密、專有技術、客戶資料及個人數據、供應商資料以及其他機密資料。該等資料於員工手冊內有清楚訂明。本集團亦已建立較高安全級別的信息技術系統,以防止未經授權獲取機密資料。展廳內已安裝指紋識別設備,僅少數獲授權僱員獲准進入。

反貪污

本集團嚴格禁止僱員貪污及賄賂。一旦出現利益衝突,僱員必須向管理層申報衝突事宜。一旦涉嫌貪污行為,僱員應向管理層舉報。嚴禁僱員使用商機、權力及/或職位牟取私利。於報告期間,本集團並無得悉有關貪污、賄賂、欺詐或勒索的舉報案件。

本集團重視並歡迎僱員向管理層匿名舉報任何 涉嫌瀆職行為。本集團將按照已建立的舉報機制 審慎處理舉報的瀆職案件。本集團將秘密進行全 面調查,在確認瀆職行為屬實後,將對涉案僱員 進行紀律處分,並可能視乎各案件的性質及具體 情況採取進一步的法律行動。

The Group closely monitors regulatory development and will arrange relevant training for employees and directors when necessary. In order to prevent any corruption or bribery behavior within the Group, the Group will brief newly joined employees on our anti-corruption practices during their orientation, and emphasize that we do not tolerate any form of corruption. All directors received training on corporate governance prior to the Group's listing or at the time of joining the Group, it is ensured that they are aware of their duties and responsibilities in relation to integrity.

本集團密切關注監管發展,並將在有需要時為僱員及董事安排相關培訓。為預防本集團內的任何貪污或賄賂行為,本集團會在入職培訓期間向新加入的僱員簡要介紹我們的反貪污慣例,並強調我們絕不容忍任何形式的貪污。全體董事在本集團上市前或加入本集團時均接受過企業管治培訓,以確保彼等知悉其在誠信方面的職能及責任。

Community Investment

The Group earnestly fulfils its social responsibilities, actively carries out public welfare activities, and regards public welfare as an important aspect of its corporate culture. Therefore, the Group encourages our employees to take part in community services so as to contribute to a more sustainable and harmonious society. In particular, the Group is devoted to helping orphans through making donations to charitable bodies, building primary schools and participating in school visits. During the Reporting Period, the Group made a donation of approximately HK\$162,000 (2022: approximately HK\$185,000). The Group has donated to World Vision Hong Kong for Child Sponsorship in helping 50 needy children to bring life-transforming changes by improving their growth environment. Also, we donated to the Cambodia Government to assist in flood relief and purchase of COVID-19 vaccines for society.

The Group will continue to contribute to the local community to develop a better environment for society and children.

社區投資

本集團切實履行社會責任,積極開展公益活動,並將公益視為企業文化的重點。因此,本集團鼓勵僱員參與社區服務,為建立一個更可持續且更和諧的社會作出貢獻。具體而言,本集團致力於透過向慈善機構捐款、建立小學及參與校訪幫助孤兒。於報告期間,本集團捐款約162,000港元(二零二二年:約185,000港元)。本集團已向香港世界宣明會助養兒童項目作出捐贈,資助50名貧困兒童,改善彼等的成長環境,從而為其生活帶來轉機。此外,我們向柬埔寨政府捐款,以協助抗洪救災以及為社會購買COVID-19疫苗。

本集團將繼續貢獻當地社區,為社會和孩童創造 更好的環境。

PART B. ENVIRONMENTAL



Reduce GHG Emissions 減少溫室氣體排放



Reduce Electricity Usage 減少用電

B部分. 環境



Optimize Resources Management 優化資源管理



Identify Climate Change Related Risk 識別氣候變化相關風險

The Group strives to work towards a 'green' and sustainable working environment by improving energy efficiency, addressing waste management, supporting environmental education and promoting the idea of recycling and reusing. The Group has established a set of management policies, mechanisms and measures on environmental protection and natural resources conservation to help ensure the operations of the Group are in line with world-class environmental protection practices. Moreover, the Group has recruited third party professionals to conduct energy audit test in order to assess and evaluate our existing energy saving policies and to determine whether the adopted measures are adequate in terms of saving cost and energy, as well as increasing productivity, while meeting stakeholders' expectations.

本集團通過提高能源效率、解決廢棄物管理、支持環境教育以及推廣回收及再利用的理念,朝著「綠色」及可持續工作環境努力。本集團制定了一套有關環境保護及自然資源保護的管理政策、機制及措施,有助於確保本集團的業務營運符合世界級的環保實踐。此外,本集團已聘請第三方專業人士進行能源審核測試,以評估及評價我們的現有節能策略,並確定所採取的措施在節省成本及能源以及提高生產力的同時,亦能滿足持份者的期望。

Since our manufacturing factories are located in Vietnam and Cambodia, this ESG Report will mainly focus on the environmental issues and relevant measures that are applicable to these two operating units. To achieve the environmental goals, the Group has implemented the following measures:

- Comply with all applicable environmental laws and regulations;
- Identify, assess and mitigate all potential environmental impacts associated with the Group's activities;
- Maintain high leadership commitment and develop a strong culture of environmental stewardship within the entire workforce; and
- Make resources and systems available, with the provision of the necessary training to empower our employees to fulfill our environmental responsibilities.

Emissions

The Group's greenhouse gas ("GHG") emissions mainly resulted from direct vehicle emissions and the Liquefied Petroleum Gas ("LPG") used for cooking; while other indirect emissions mainly arise from the use of business facilities. The Group has implemented various measures to ensure that the emissions are kept at the minimum, and to reduce the impact of our business activities caused to the environment. During the Reporting Period, the Group has complied with relevant environmental laws and regulations, including but not limited to, the Environmental Protection Law in Vietnam, the Water Resources Law in Vietnam, and the Law on Environmental Protection and Natural Resources Management of Cambodia.

由於我們的製造工廠位於越南及柬埔寨,本ESG 報告將著重關注適用於該兩個營運單位的環境 問題及有關措施。為達致環境目標,本集團已實 施下列措施:

- 遵守一切適用的環保法律法規;
- 識別、評估及減輕與本集團活動有關之一 切潛在環境影響;
- 在全體員工中保持高度領導力並發展強大 的環境管理文化;及
- 開放資源及系統,以及提供必要的培訓,以 便我們的員工能夠履行我們的環境責任。

排放

本集團的溫室氣體(「溫室氣體」)排放主要來自車輛直接排放以及烹飪使用的液化石油氣(「液化石油氣」);而其他間接排放主要來自使用之商業設施。本集團已採取多項措施以確保排放保持在最低水平,從而減少我們的業務活動對環境造成的影響。於報告期間,本集團遵守了相關環保法律法規,包括但不限於越南環境保護法、越南水資源法以及柬埔寨環境保護及自然資源管理法。

Air Emissions

During the Reporting Period, 8 motor vehicles were used to serve our management team members, guests and clients, while 3 forklifts were used for lifting and transporting heavy loads in Vietnam and Cambodia factories. In our business operations, employees are seldom required to travel to different locations for work. Due to the epidemic situation being relieved, the business of the Group has gradually resumed and more business operations are incurred during the Reporting Period. Hence, higher usage of fuel for vehicles leads to the air emissions increased. To uphold the principles of sustainable development, the Group is committed to reducing or maintaining each type of air emissions between 95% to 120% for the next reporting period, against the level of the baseline year ended 31 March 2023.

All usage of fuel and mileage of the vehicles are recorded by drivers on a daily basis in order to monitor the usage of vehicles. Furthermore, all vehicles are under regular maintenance checks to facilitate fuel consumption efficiency, ensure road safety and keep air emissions and carbon dioxide emissions at its minimum.

廢氣排放

於報告期間,越南及柬埔寨工廠使用8輛汽車接送我們的管理團隊成員、賓客及客戶,及使用3輛叉車起重及運輸重物。在我們的業務營運中,僱員很少需要前往不同地點工作。於報告期間,由於疫情有所緩解,本集團業務已逐步復甦且實現更多業務營運。因此,車輛燃料的使用量增加導致廢氣排放增加。為秉持可持續發展的原則,本集團致力於下一個報告期間將各類廢氣排放降低或保持在截至二零二三年三月三十一日止的基準年度水平的95%至120%之間。

司機每天會記錄車輛的所有燃料使用及里程情況,以監測車輛的使用情況。此外,所有車輛均會進行定期維護檢查,以便提高燃料消耗的效率、確保道路安全以及將廢氣排放和二氧化碳排放量保持在最低水平。

		2021/22¹	2022/23
Air Emissions 廢氣排放	Unit 單位	二零二一/二二年1	二零二二/二三年
Nitrogen Oxides (NOx) 氮氧化物(NOx)	g 克	26,223	76,930
Sulphur Oxides (SOx) 硫氧化物(SOx)	g 克	496	727
Particulate Matter (PM) 顆粒物(PM)	g 克	1,484	4,019

The air emissions data for the last reporting period has been restated based on the data that made available.

最近報告期間的廢氣排放數據已根據可得數據 重列。

GHG Emissions

GHG generated from human activities is one of the significant drivers of global warming which affect the lives of the present and future generation. Therefore, the Group is highly concerned about the importance of monitoring and mitigating the GHG emissions in our operations.

Due to the epidemic situation being relieved, the business of the Group has gradually resumed and more business operations are incurred during the Reporting Period. Hence, higher usage of fuel for vehicles and more consumption of purchased electricity, which leads to the total GHG emissions increased. In order to reduce the use of fuel and the emissions of GHG, all machines and equipment would be turned off while they are not in use. For mitigating measures to reduce indirect emissions from purchased electricity and paper, please refer to the below section subheaded "electricity and energy usage" and "generation of waste" respectively. During the Reporting Period, the GHG emissions intensity increased by 3%, which achieved the target set in the previous reporting period. To uphold the principles of sustainable development, the Group is committed to reducing or maintaining the total GHG emissions intensity between 95% to 120% for the next reporting period, against the level of the baseline year ended 31 March 2023.

溫室氣體排放

人類活動產生的溫室氣體是導致全球變暖的重 重要因素之一,影響現代及後代生活。因此,本 集團高度關注運營中監測及減少溫室氣體排放 的重要性。

於報告期間內,由於疫情有所緩解,本集團業務已逐步復甦,出現更多的業務營運機會。因此,車輛燃料使用量及購買的電力消耗量增加,導致溫室氣體排放總量增加。為降低燃料的使用及溫室氣體的排放,所有不使用的機器及設備會關閉。有關減少外購電力及紙張間接排放的緩解措施,請分別參閱下文「電力及能源使用」以及「產生廢棄物」各節。於報告期間,溫室氣體排放密度上升3%,達致上一報告期間所設定的目標。為東持可持續發展的原則,本集團致力於下一個報告期間將溫室氣體總排放密度降低或保持在截至二零二三年三月三十一日止的基準年度水平的95%至120%之間。

GHG Emissions 溫室氣體排放	Unit 單位	2021/22 二零二一/二二年	2022/23 二零二二/二三年
Scope 1 - Direct Emission 範圍1一直接排放			
Vehicles 車輛	kg 千克	82,644	117,372
Generator 發電機	kg 千克	3,925	3,297
LPG 液化石油氣	kg 千克	22,175	21,225
Scope 2 - Energy Indirect Emission 範圍2一能源	間接排放		
Purchased Electricity 外購電力	kg 千克	8,384,945	9,362,871
Scope 3 - Other Indirect Emission 範圍3-其他間	接排放		
Paper 紙張	kg 千克	41,932	38,495
Total GHG Emissions 溫室氣體排放總量	kg 千克	8,535,621	9,543,260
Total GHG Emissions Intensity 溫室氣體排放總密度	kg/pair of shoes 千克/雙鞋	1.55	1.60

Air-Conditioning

In Vietnam and Cambodia factories, the indoor temperature is maintained at 25 degree Celsius or above to reduce unnecessary energy wastage. Air-conditioners are switched off when they are not in use. The Group has also put notices at prominent locations to raise employees' awareness of energy conservation.

Use of Resources

The Group always endeavors to promote sustainability and aims to cease resource wastage that provokes detrimental harm to the environment. Various measures have been implemented to attain the goal of using resources efficiently. These measures have been effectively communicated to all levels of staff, ensuring that all employees understand clearly the importance of conserving energy and making full use of available resources during work.

"Use of Resources Policy" has been implemented by the Group, and certain resource efficiency goals and plans have been made to save energy. The Group has also assigned a department responsible for energy management, whose duty includes carrying out regular inspections and monitoring the usage of energy. The Group is aware of the importance of energy saving for our business and society, and has made several investments in saving the use of energy and resources. The measures taken are as detailed in the below section headed "water usage" and "electricity and energy usage".

Water Usage

Water usage arises from the production process of footwear and the daily use of water by employees at the offices during working hours. Monthly water consumption depends highly on the production volume of the month and has slight fluctuation throughout the year.

空調

越南及柬埔寨工廠的室內溫度維持在25攝氏度 或以上,以減少不必要的能源浪費。空調在不使 用時會關閉。本集團亦於顯眼的位置張貼告示, 以提高僱員的節能意識。

資源使用

本集團一向致力於提升可持續發展能力以及旨在杜絕資源浪費,以免對環境造成損害。為達致高效使用資源的目標,我們實施了多項措施。該等措施已有效傳達至各級員工,確保全體僱員清楚明白節約能源的重要性並在工作中充分使用可用資源。

本集團已實施「資源使用政策」,並已為節能制定若干資源效益目標及計劃。本集團亦指派部門負責能源管理,其職責包括開展定期檢查及監測能源的使用情況。本集團意識到節能對於企業及社會的重要性,並已在節約能源及資源的使用方面作出數項投資。所採取的措施詳見下文「用水」及「電力及能源使用」各節。

用水

用水需求來自鞋履的生產過程以及辦公室僱員 於辦公時間內的日常用水。每月的用水量很大程 度上取決於當月的產量,且全年只有小幅波動。

At the factory in Vietnam, meters are installed to monitor the water consumption which makes analyzing the consumption index of each production stage easier. As for the Cambodia factory, it is convenient for the site to source natural water from wells in the nearby area and meters were installed during the Reporting Period to monitor the water consumption.

越南工廠已安裝計量表以監測用水量,從而更易 於分析每個生產階段的消耗指數。至於柬埔寨工 廠,從附近地區的井中獲取天然水更加方便,且 於報告期間已安裝計量表以監測用水量。

In order to enhance water efficiency, the Group has installed automatic water saving taps in toilets and has placed written notices in conspicuous areas to remind staff to save resources. Moreover, we have also consulted third party professionals to evaluate the existing energy saving policies and suggest ways to improve our measures.

為提高用水效率,本集團在廁所安裝了自動節水水龍頭,並在顯眼的位置設置了書面告示,提醒員工節約資源。此外,我們亦諮詢第三方專業人士對現有節能政策進行評估,並建議改進措施的方法。

During the Reporting Period, we complied with all relevant laws and regulations in relation to the discharge of sewage in Vietnam and Cambodia, and paid sewage fees to Vietnam Singapore Industrial Park in Vietnam and Manhattan Industrial Zone in Cambodia, to handle the waste water on our behalf. No confirmed non-compliance incidents or grievances were noted by the Group.

於報告期間,我們已遵守越南及柬埔寨有關污水 排放的所有相關法律及法規,並向位於越南的越 南新加坡工業園及柬埔寨曼哈頓工業區支付相 關的排污費,以代表我們處理廢水。本集團並無 得悉經確認的不合規事件或投訴。

		2021/22	2022/23
Water Usage 用水	Unit 單位	二零二一/二二年 二零	二二/二三年
Water consumption 用水量	m³ 立方米	294,131	325,271
Sewage 污水量	m³ 立方米	232,010	260,217
Intensity 密度			
Water consumption 用水量	m³/pair of shoes 立方米/雙鞋	0.0534	0.0546
Sewage 污水量	m³/pair of shoes 立方米/雙鞋	0.0421	0.0437

Due to the epidemic situation being relieved, the business of the Group has gradually resumed and more business operations during the Reporting Period. Hence, the total water consumption increased. During the Reporting Period, the water consumption intensity and sewage intensity increased by 2% and 4% respectively, which achieved the target set in the previous reporting period. The Group will continue to put more effort into reducing unnecessary water consumption. Therefore, the Group strives to uphold our leadership in sustainability and aims to reduce or maintain the water consumption intensity and sewage intensity between 90% and 120% for the next reporting period, against the level of the baseline year ended 31 March 2023.

於報告期間,由於疫情有所緩解,本集團業務已 逐步復甦且實現更多業務營運。因此,用水總量 增加,用水量密度及污水量密度分別上升2%至 4%,達致上一報告期間所設定的目標。因此,本 集團致力維持我們在可持續發展方面的領先地 位,並力求於下一個報告期間將用水量密度及 污水量密度降低或維持在截至二零二三年三月 三十一日止的基準年度水平的90%至120%之間。

Electricity and Energy Usage

In consideration of the potential environmental threats to the communities, the Group has made steady progress in reducing its carbon footprints across its business operations. The electricity consumption of the Group has mainly arisen from daily consumption at the offices and factories in Vietnam and Cambodia. Moreover, the Group has engaged a third party consulting company to perform energy audit tests at the Vietnam factory and provide suggestions and comments on the existing policies for improvements in electricity and energy usage.

Due to the epidemic situation being relieved, the business of the Group has gradually resumed and more business operations during the Reporting Period. Hence, the total energy consumption increased. Although the total energy consumption level increased, it increased by a proportion less than the increase in the production volume. Thus, the energy consumption intensity decreased by 2% during the Reporting Period and achieved the target set in the previous reporting period. The Group pledges to reduce or maintain the energy consumption intensity between 90% to 120% for the next reporting period, against the level of the baseline year ended 31 March 2023.

電力及能源使用

考慮到社區可能面臨的環境威脅,本集團在減少整個業務運營的碳足跡方面已取得穩步進展。本集團耗電量主要產生自越南及柬埔寨的辦公室及工廠日常消耗。此外,本集團已聘請第三方諮詢公司在越南工廠進行能源審核測試,並就現有電力及能源使用政策的改進提出建議及意見。

於報告期間,由於疫情有所緩解,本集團業務已逐步復甦且實現更多業務營運。因此,耗電總量增加。能源消耗總量水平雖有所上升,其增幅低於產量增幅。因此,能源消耗密度於報告期間下降2%,達致上一報告期間所設定的目標。本集團承諾於下一個報告期間將能源消耗密度降低或維持在截至二零二三年三月三十一日的基準年度水平的90%至120%之間。

		2021/223	2022/23
Energy Consumption² 能耗²	Unit 單位	二零二一/二二年3二	- 零二二/二三年
Diesel (Generator) 柴油 (發電機)	kWh 千瓦時	16,055	13,486
Diesel (Vehicles) 柴油 (車輛)	kWh 千瓦時	266,297	387,393
Petrol (Vehicles) 汽油 (車輛)	kWh 千瓦時	60,048	78,902
LPG 液化石油氣	kWh 千瓦時	53,393	51,104
Electricity 電力	kWh 千瓦時	12,694,023	13,326,421
Total Energy Consumption 能耗總量	kWh 千瓦時	13,089,816	13,857,306
Total Energy Consumption Intensity 能耗總密度	kWh/pair of shoes 千瓦時/雙鞋	2.38	2.32

The following are the measures that the Group has implemented to preserve energy and electricity:

以下為本集團所實施保護能源及電力的措施:

- Lighting, appliances, machines and equipment are turned off when they are not in use to reduce energy consumption;
- Air conditioners and lights are turned off during non-office hours, including lunch hours, and in idle rooms;
- Employees are required to put computers and other devices into sleep mode or turn them off when they are not in use (such as during customer visits and lunch time) during business hours;
- Regular maintenance of office equipment such as air conditioners, computers, lights, refrigerators, etc. to ensure they are operating efficiently;
- Printing machine in the office is set to energy-saving mode by default, and the sleep mode is automatically turned on if not in use for a certain interval in time so as to reduce unnecessary energy consumption;
- The data of energy consumption for the Reporting Period are disclosed in accordance with "Appendix 2: Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs" issued by the Stock Exchange to display the more comprehensive performance of the Group.
- The data of energy consumption for the 2021/22 reporting period are reinstated and disclosed in accordance with "Appendix 2: Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs" issued by the Stock Exchange for meaning comparison.

- 關閉未使用的照明、電器、機器及設備,以減少能耗;
- 關閉非辦公時間(包括午餐時間)及閒置房間的空調及照明;
- 僱員於營業時間須將電腦及其他設備在未 使用時(如客戶造訪及午餐時間)轉入睡眠 模式或關閉;
- 定期維護空調、電腦、照明及冰箱等辦公設 備以確保其有效率運作;
- 辦公室的打印機默認設置為節能模式,及 倘於一段時間內不使用,睡眠模式會自動 開啟,以減少不必要的能耗;
- 報告期間之能耗數據乃根據聯交所刊發之「附錄二:環境關鍵績效指標匯報指引」披露,以展示本集團的更多綜合表現。
- 3 二零二一/二二年報告期間之能耗數據乃根據 聯交所刊發之「附錄二:環境關鍵績效指標匯報 指引」重列及披露,以作意義比較。

- Used printer cartridges are sent to the printing company for recycling; and
- Investment in technology is made to improve the efficient use of energy.
- 使用過的打印機墨盒將被送到印刷公司進行回收;及
- 投資技術以改善能源的有效利用。

Packaging Materials

The Group's products mainly use packaging materials such as paper, paper boxes, and partition cardboard. In response to environmental protection, the Group has strived to minimize the wastage of packaging materials to the greatest extent by reducing the use of new cartons by reusing and recycling old carton boxes. The following table sets forth the total usage of shoe boxes and carton boxes during the Reporting Period.

包裝材料

本集團的產品主要使用紙張、紙箱及分隔紙板等包裝材料。為應對環境保護,本集團已盡量減少包裝材料的浪費,最大限度地通過重複使用及回收舊紙盒減少新紙箱的使用。下表載列於報告期間鞋盒及硬紙盒總使用量。

Packaging Materials 包裝材料 Total volume 總量	Unit 單位 ton 噸	2021/22 Shoes Boxes 二零二一/ 二二年 鞋盒	2021/22 Carton Boxes 二零二一/ 二二年 硬紙盒	2022/23 Shoes Boxes 二零二二/ 二三年 鞋盒	2022/23 Carton Boxes 二零二二/ 二三年 硬紙盒
Intensity 密度	ton/pair of shoes 噸/雙鞋	0.000154	0.000109	0.000151	0.000114

Generation of Waste

The solid waste generated by the Group mainly arises from day-to-day operations, including, but not limited to, office-use paper, office waste and excessive materials generated during the production process. Total paper waste disposed at landfills was approximately 8,000 kilograms (2022: approximately 8,700 kilograms). The Group has made a great effort in reducing paper waste, which leads to a drop in total paper waste level. In order to alleviate the pressure on landfills and promote environmental friendliness, we have implemented various measures to encourage recycling of office supplies and other materials, and eliminate the over-consumption of unnecessary products; prioritizing reuse and recycling over disposal. For example, the Group promotes the use of double-sided printing and encourages its employees to use electronic administrative platforms and online communication channels.

產生廢棄物

本集團產生的固體廢物主要由日常營運產生,包括但不限於辦公用紙、辦公室廢棄物及生產過程中所產生的剩餘材料。在堆填區處置的廢紙總量約為8,000千克(二零二二年:約8,700千克)。本集團竭力減少紙張浪費,致使廢紙總量下降。為減輕對堆填區的壓力及促進環保意識,我們已實行多項措施,鼓勵回收辦公用品及其他物料,以杜絕過度消耗不必要用品;就處理而言優先重複使用及回收。例如,本集團推廣使用雙面印刷,並鼓勵其僱員使用電子行政平台及在線溝通渠道。

Both hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are generated during the manufacturing processes. In order to reduce the production of solid waste, statistics of waste are recorded monthly in order to keep track of the volume of disposal of hazardous and non-hazardous wastes. Employees are always reminded to use resources carefully and avoid using excessive materials during the process of shoe-making. The head of the factory closely monitors the monthly waste disposal record. If there is a large increase in the amount of monthly waste disposal, the head of the factory will conduct a thorough investigation and perform follow-up action promptly. For example, the head of the factory will put reminder labels in the factory or hold a briefing session with the factory workers to re-emphasize the importance of waste reduction.

製造過程中會產生有害及無害廢棄物。為減少產 生固體廢棄物,我們每月記錄廢棄物統計數據, 以便跟蹤有害及無害廢棄物的處置量。我們始終 提醒僱員小心使用資源,避免在製鞋過程中使用 過量的材料。廠長密切監控每月的廢棄物處置記 錄。倘月度廢棄物處置量大幅增加,廠長會進行 徹底調查,並及時採取後續行動。例如,廠長會 在工廠張貼警醒告示或與工人召開簡報會,重申 減廢的重要性。

As our customers introduce new types of products, the production process and material were changed accordingly. Also, due to the epidemic situation being relieved, the business of the Group has gradually resumed and more business operations are incurred during the Reporting Period. Hence, the hazardous waste intensity increased by 11%, which achieved the target set in the previous reporting period. For the non-hazardous waste, the Group has made a great effort in reducing the waste, which leads to a drop in total non-hazardous waste level and its intensity, which also achieved the target set in the previous reporting period. The Group will strive to reduce or maintain the hazardous waste and non-hazardous waste intensity between 90% and 120% for the next reporting period, against the level of the baseline year ended 31 March 2023.

隨著客戶不斷推出新型產品,我們的生產流程及 材料也隨之發生變化。亦因疫情狀況有所緩解, 本集團業務已逐步恢復且於報告期間開展更多 業務。因此,有害廢棄物密度上升11%,達致上 一報告期間所設定的目標。就無害廢棄物而言, 本集團竭力減少廢棄物產生,致使無害廢棄物總 量及其密度均有所下降,達致上一報告期間所設 定的目標。本集團將於下一個報告期間盡力將有 害廢棄物及無害廢棄物密度降低或維持在截至 二零二三年三月三十一日止的基準年度水平的 90%至120%之間。

		2021/22	2022/23
Waste 廢棄物	Unit 單位	二零二一/二二年	二零二二/二三年
Total Hazardous waste 有害廢棄物總量	kg 千克	76,856	92,237
Total Non-hazardous waste 無害廢棄物總量	kg 千克	2,937,663	1,947,276
Intensity 密度			
Hazardous waste 有害廢棄物	kg/pair 千克/雙鞋	0.014	0.015
Non-hazardous waste 無害廢棄物	kg/pair 千克/雙鞋	0.533	0.327

The Group actively advocates the idea of a green and sustainable working environment, and full compliance with Part D of Article 36 Chapter V of the Vietnam Law on Environmental Protection and Law on Environmental Protection and Natural Resources Management of Cambodia. We have recruited licensed parties to handle all wastes generated during the manufacturing process. During the Reporting Period, no confirmed non-compliance incidents or grievances were noted by the Group in relation to waste disposal.

本集團積極倡導綠色及可持續工作環境的理念,並全面遵守越南環境保護法第V章第36條D部分及柬埔寨環境保護及自然資源管理法。我們已招募許可方處理製造過程中產生的所有廢棄物。於報告期間,本集團並無得悉與廢棄物處理有關的經確認不合規事件或投訴。

Compliance and Grievance

During the Reporting Period, the Group complied with all relevant environmental laws and regulations that have a significant impact on us, including but not limited to, Law on Environmental Protection and Natural Resources Management in Cambodia and Law on Environmental Protection in Vietnam. No confirmed non-compliance incidents or grievances were noted by the Group in relation to environmental issues.

合規及投訴

於報告期間,本集團遵守了對我們有重大影響的 所有相關環保法律法規,包括但不限於柬埔寨的 環境保護及自然資源管理法及越南的環境保護 法。本集團並無得悉與環保事項有關的經確認不 合規事件或投訴。

Climate Change

The Group reviews and identifies the climate-related risk annually while conducting the risk assessment. We have considered the potential climate-related risks in respect of the recommendations of the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosure, which are the physical risks such as extreme weather conditions and transition risks such as regulatory change or emerging technologies, and the potential climate-related risks are summarised as below:

氣候變化

本集團在進行風險評估的同時,每年檢討及識別 氣候相關風險。我們已根據氣候相關財務資訊披 露工作組的建議考慮潛在的氣候相關風險,包括 極端天氣狀況等實體風險及監管變動或新興技 術等過渡風險,潛在氣候相關風險概述如下:

Risks Type 風險類型	Potential Fir 潛在財務影響 Low	nancial Impact Medium	s High	Short (Current Reporting Period) 短期 (本報告期間	Medium (One to three years)) 中期 (一至三年)	Long (Four to ten years) 長期 (四至十年)	Mitigating Strategy 應對策略
	低	中	高				
Physical Risks 實體風險	business ar to extreme <i>急性</i> 因極端天氣粉	enue and increa nd supply chain weather condition 代況導致業務及何 及成本增加	disruptions due				 Established a safety management system, including adverse weather guidelines 設立安全管理系統,包括惡劣天氣指引
	the sustaine 慢性	erating costs rel ed elevated tem 有關的營運成本均	perature				Adopted energy conservation measures to reduce the impacts of our work on the environment 採取節能措施減少工程對環境的影響

Risks Type 風險類型	Potential I 潛在財務影	Financial Impac 〈響	ts	Short (Current Reporting Period) 短期 (本報告期間)	Medium (One to three years) 中期 (一至三年)	Long (Four to ten years) 長期 (四至十年)	Mitigating Strategy 應對策略
	Low 低	Medium 中	High 高				
Transition Risks 過渡風險	Changes in Higher com the adop standards	npliance or operation of more rigor	regulations ting costs due to rous regulatory				Continuous monitoring of the regulatory environment Adopted mitigating measures to reduce the impacts of our work on the environment Adopted measures in coping with the power restrictions imposed by the local government 持續監察監管環境 採取緩解措施以減少工程對環境的影響 採取應對當地政府施加的電力限制的措施
	new prace environm Shift in cus Reduced re products 新興技術 採納更環係	costs due to the a stices or materials entally friendly tomer preference evenue due to rec and services	s that are more duced demand of 導致成本增加				Keeping abreast of the industry standards and adopting green procurement Adopted a stringent environmental management system to ensure the Group meets the expectations and requirements of the customers 緊貼行業標準,採用綠色採購 採用嚴格的環境管理系統,確保本集團符合客戶的期望及要求

HKEX ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE GUIDE CONTENT INDEX

聯交所環境、社會及管治報告指引內 容索引

Aspect 層面	Description 描述	Chapter 章節
A. Environmental		
A.環境		
A1 Emissions		
A1排放		
General Disclosure 一般披露	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste. 有關廢氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地的排污、有害及無害廢棄物的產生等的: (a) 政策;及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例	Emissions, Generation of Waste 排放、產生廢棄物
KPI A1.1	的資料。 The types of emissions and respective emissions data.	Air Emissions
關鍵績效指標A1.1	排放物種類及相關排放數據。	廢氣排放
KPI A1.2 關鍵績效指標A1.2	Direct (Scope 1) and energy indirect (Scope 2) greenhouse gas emissions (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). 直接 (範圍1) 及能源間接 (範圍2) 溫室氣體排放量 (以噸計算)及 (如適用) 密度 (如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	GHG Emissions 溫室氣體排放

Aspect 層面	Description 描述	Chapter 章節
KPI A1.3 關鍵績效指標A1.3	Total hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). 所產生有害廢棄物總量 (以噸計算) 及 (如適用) 密度 (如以每產	Generation of Waste 產生廢棄物
	量單位、每項設施計算)。	
KPI A1.4	Total non-hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	Generation of Waste
關鍵績效指標A1.4	所產生無害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	產生廢棄物
KPI A1.5	Description of emissions target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	Use of Resources
關鍵績效指標A1.5	描述所訂立的排放量目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	資源使用
KPI A1.6 關鍵績效指標A1.6	Description of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are handled, and a description of reduction target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them. 描述處理有害及無害廢棄物的方法,及描述所訂立的減廢目	Generation of Waste 產生廢棄物
	標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	
A2 Use of Resourc A2資源使用	es	
General Disclosure	Policies on the efficient use of resources, including energy, water and other raw materials.	Use of Resources
一般披露	有關有效使用資源(包括能源、水及其他原材料)的政策。	資源使用
KPI A2.1	Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type (e.g. electricity, gas or oil) in total (kWh in '000s) and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	Electricity and Energy Usage
關鍵績效指標A2.1	按類型(如電、氣或油)劃分的直接及/或間接能源總耗量(以千個千瓦時計算)及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	電力及能源使用
KPI A2.2 關鍵績效指標A2.2	Water consumption in total and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). 總耗水量及密度 (如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	Water Usage 用水
196] 次 // // // // // // // // // // // // /	MOTON主从山区(APMS)庄主千世 马尔区加口开/	713-21

Aspect 層面	Description 描述	Chapter 章節
KPI A2.3 關鍵績效指標A2.3	Description of energy use efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them. 描述所訂立的能源使用效益目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	Use of Resources 資源使用
KPI A2.4 關鍵績效指標A2.4	Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency initiatives and results achieved. 描述求取適用水源上是否存在任何問題,以及用水效益措施及所達成的結果。	Water Usage 用水
KPI A2.5 關鍵績效指標A2.5	Total packaging material used for finished products (in tonnes) and, if applicable, with reference to per unit produced. 製成品所用包裝材料的總量 (以噸計算) 及 (如適用) 參考每生產單位佔量。	Packaging Materials 包裝材料
A3 The Environmer A3環境及天然資源	nt and Natural Resources	
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on minimizing the issuer's significant impact on the environment and natural resources. 有關減低發行人對環境及天然資源造成重大影響的政策。	Use of Resources 資源使用
KPI A3.1 關鍵績效指標A3.1	Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them. 描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及已採取管理有關影響的行動。	Use of Resources 資源使用
A4 Climate Change A4氣候變化		
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on minimizing the issuer's significant impact on the environment and natural resources. 有關減低發行人對環境及天然資源造成重大影響的政策。	Climate Change 氣候變化
KPI A4.1 關鍵績效指標A4.1	Description of the significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer, and the actions taken to manage them. 描述已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大氣候相關事宜,及管理有關事宜的應對行動。	Climate Change 氣候變化

Aspect 層面	Description 描述	Chapter 章節
B. Social B.社會		
B1 Employment B1僱傭		
General Disclosure 一般披露	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare. 有關薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、假期、平等機會、多元化、反歧視以及其他利益及福利的: (a) 政策;及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例 的資料。	Employment and Labor Practices (雇傭及勞工常規
KPI B1.1 關鍵績效指標B1.1	Total workforce by gender, employment type (for example, full-or part-time), age group and geographical region. 按性別、僱傭類型(如全職或兼職)、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員總數。	Employment 僱傭
KPI B1.2 關鍵績效指標B1.2	Employee turnover rate by gender, age group and geographical region. 按性別、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員流失率。	Employment 僱傭

Aspect 層面	Description 描述	Chapter 章節		
B2 Health and Safety B2健康與安全				
General Disclosure	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards.	Health and Safety		
一般披露	有關提供安全工作環境及保障僱員避免職業性危害的: (a) 政策;及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例 的資料。	健康與安全		
KPI B2.1 關鍵績效指標B2.1	Number and rate of work-related fatalities occurred in each of the past three years including the Reporting Period. 過去三年 (包括報告期間) 每年因工亡故的人數及比率。	Health and Safety 健康與安全		
KPI B2.2 關鍵績效指標B2.2	Lost days due to work injury. 因工傷損失工作日數。	Health and Safety 健康與安全		
KPI B2.3 關鍵績效指標B2.3	Description of occupational health and safety measures adopted, how they are implemented and monitored. 描述所採納的職業健康與安全措施、相關執行及監察方法。	Health and Safety 健康與安全		
B3 Development as B3發展及培訓	nd Training			
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on improving employees' knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work. 有關提升僱員履行工作職責的知識及技能的政策。	Development and Training 發展及培訓		
KPI B3.1 關鍵績效指標B3.1	The percentage of employees trained by gender and employee category (e.g. senior management, middle management). 按性別及僱員類別 (如高級管理層、中級管理層) 劃分的受訓僱員百分比。	Development and Training 發展及培訓		
KPI B3.2 關鍵績效指標B3.2	The average training hours completed per employee by gender and employee category. 按性別及僱員類別劃分,每名僱員完成受訓的平均時數。	Development and Training 發展及培訓		

Aspect	Description 描述	Chapter 章節
層面 B4 Labor Standard B4勞工準則		부 씨
General Disclosure	Information on:	Labor Standards
2.00.000.0	(a) the policies; and(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer	
一般披露	relating to preventing child and forced labor. 有關防止童工及強迫勞工的:	勞工準則
	(a) 政策;及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例	
	的資料。	
KPI B4.1	Description of measures to review employment practices to avoid child and forced labor.	Labor Standards
關鍵績效指標B4.1	描述檢討招聘慣例的措施以避免童工及強迫勞工。	勞工準則
KPI B4.2	Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered.	Labor Standards
關鍵績效指標B4.2	描述在發現違規情況時消除有關情況所採取的步驟。	勞工準則
B5 Supply Chain M B5供應鏈管理	anagement	
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on managing environmental and social risks of the supply chain. 有關管理供應鏈的環境及社會風險政策。	Supply Chain Management 供應鏈管理
KPI B5.1 關鍵績效指標B5.1	Number of suppliers by geographical region. 按地區劃分的供應商數目。	Supply Chain Management 供應鏈管理
KPI B5.2	Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers, number of suppliers where the practices are being implemented, how they are implemented and monitored.	Supply Chain Management
關鍵績效指標B5.2	描述有關聘用供應商的慣例,向其執行有關慣例的供應商數目,相關執行及監察方法。	供應鏈管理
KPI B5.3	Description of practices used to identify environmental and social risks along the supply chain, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Supply Chain Management
關鍵績效指標B5.3	描述有關識別供應鏈每個環節的環境及社會風險的慣例,以及相關執行及監察方法。	供應鏈管理
KPI B5.4	Description of practices used to promote environmentally preferable products and services when selecting suppliers, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Supply Chain Management
關鍵績效指標B5.4	描述在甄選供應商時促使多用環保產品及服務的慣例,以及相關執行及監察方法。	供應鏈管理

Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告

Aspect 層面	Description 描述	Chapter 章節						
B6 Product and Se B6產品及服務責任	B6 Product and Service Responsibility B6產品及服務責任							
General Disclosure 一般披露	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress. 有關所提供產品及服務的健康與安全、廣告、標籤及私隱事宜以及補救方法的: (a) 政策;及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例 的資料。	Product Responsibility 產品責任						
KPI B6.1 關鍵績效指標B6.1	Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons. 已售或已運送產品總數中因安全與健康理由而須召回的百分比。	Complaints and Feedback Mechanism 投訴及反饋機制						
KPI B6.2 關鍵績效指標B6.2	Number of products and service related complaints received and how they are dealt with. 收到關於產品及服務的投訴數目以及應對方法。	Complaints and Feedback Mechanism 投訴及反饋機制						
KPI B6.3 關鍵績效指標B6.3	Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual property rights. 描述與維護及保障知識產權有關的慣例。	Intellectual Property Rights 知識產權						

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Aspect 層面	Description 描述	Chapter 章節
KPI B6.4	Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures.	Product Responsibility
關鍵績效指標B6.4	描述質量檢定過程及產品召回程序。	產品責任
KPI B6.5 關鍵績效指標B6.5	Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, how they are implemented and monitored. 描述消費者資料保障及私隱政策,相關執行及監察方法。	Complaints and Feedback Mechanism 投訴及反饋機制
B7 Anti-corruption B7反貪污		
General Disclosure 一般披露	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering. 有關防止賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢的: (a) 政策;及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例 的資料。	Anti-corruption 反貪污
KPI B7.1 關鍵績效指標B7.1	Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the Reporting Period and the outcomes of the cases. 於報告期間對發行人或其僱員提出並已審結的貪污訴訟案件的數目及訴訟結果。	Anti-corruption 反貪污
KPI B7.2 關鍵績效指標B7.2	Description of preventive measures, how they are implemented and monitored. 描述防範措施,相關執行及監察方法。	Anti-corruption 反貪污
KPI B7.3 關鍵績效指標B7.3	Description of anti-corruption training provided to directors and staff. 描述向董事及員工提供的反貪污培訓。	Anti-corruption 反貪污

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Aspect 層面	Description 描述	Chapter 章節					
B8 Community Investment B8社區投資							
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on community engagement to understand the needs of the communities where the issuer operates and to ensure its activities take into consideration the communities' interests. 有關以社區參與來了解發行人營運所在社區需要和確保其業務活動會考慮社區利益的政策。						
KPI B8.1 關鍵績效指標B8.1	Focus areas of contribution (e.g. education, environmental concerns, labor needs, health, culture, sport). 專注貢獻範疇 (如教育、環境事宜、勞工需求、健康、文化、體育)。	Community Investment 社區投資					
KPI B8.2 關鍵績效指標B8.2	Resources contributed (e.g. money or time) to the focus area. 在專注範疇所動用資源 (如金錢或時間)。	Community Investment 社區投資					

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company has established a formal and transparent procedure to protect the interests of the shareholders of the Company. The Board is committed to ensuring the self-regulatory practices exist to protect the interests of the shareholders of the Company. These include a Board with high caliber members, Board Committees and effective internal audit and good systems of internal controls. The Board and the management of the Company are committed to the maintenance of good corporate governance practices and procedures. The Company believes that good corporate governance provides a framework that is essential for effective management, a healthy corporate culture, sustainable business growth and enhancing shareholders' value. The Company regularly reviews the corporate governance procedures and developments of the Company. The corporate governance duties have been delegated by the Board to the audit committee of the Company. The primary duties of the audit committee in relation to corporate governance include developing and reviewing the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and making recommendations to the Board, so as to enhance and to ensure the corporate governance practices of the Company are in line with the relevant requirements. The Company applied the principles and complied with all the code provisions as set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") throughout the year under review.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions on terms without deviation from the required standard of dealings as set out in the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") contained in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules. Having made specific enquiry with all Directors, the Directors have complied with such code of conduct and the required standard of dealings in the Model Code and its code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the Directors throughout the year ended 31 March 2023.

企業管治常規

本公司已制訂正式及透明之程序,以保障本公司 股東之利益。董事會致力確保具備自我規管常 規,以保障本公司股東利益。有關常規包括由資 深專業成員組成之董事會、董事委員會、有效內 部審核及優良內部監控制度。董事會及本公司管 理層致力於維持良好的企業管治常規及程序。本 公司深信良好的企業管治能為有效的管理、健全 的公司文化、可持續的業務發展及股東價值的提 升確立框架。本公司會定期檢討本公司之企業管 治程序及發展。董事會已委派本公司審核委員會 處理本公司之企業管治事項。審核委員會有關企 業管治之主要職責包括制訂及檢討本公司之企 業管治政策及常規及向董事會作出建議,藉此提 升本公司之企業管治常規及確保其符合相關規 定。本公司於整個回顧年內採用載於香港聯合交 易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄 十四之企業管治守則(「企業管治守則」)所有守則 條文之原則,並遵守該等守則條文。

董事進行證券交易

本公司已採納一套董事進行證券交易之行為守則,其條款並未偏離上市規則附錄十所載之上市發行人董事進行證券交易之標準守則(「標準守則」)所載之規定買賣標準。在向所有董事作出具體查詢後,董事於截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度內均已遵守該行為守則及標準守則所規定之買賣標準以及其本身就董事進行證券交易之行為守則。

GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE

管治架構

Board of Directors 董事會

(3 Executive Directors, 3 Non-executive Directors and 4 Independent Non-executive Directors) (三名執行董事、三名非執行董事及四名獨立非執行董事)

Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會

(1 Executive Director and 4 Independent Non-executive Directors) (一名執行董事及四名獨立非執行董事)

Audit Committee 審核委員會

(1 Non-executive Director and 4 Independent Non-executive Directors) (一名非執行董事及 四名獨立非執行董事)

Nomination Committee 提名委員會

(1 Executive Director, 1 Non-executive Director and 4 Independent Non-executive Directors) (一名執行董事、 一名非執行董事及 四名獨立非執行董事)

Internal Audit 內部審核

(by an independent international accounting firm) (由獨立國際會計師 事務所進行)

ESG Working Group 環境、社會及管治工作小組

(3 Executive Directors and 2 senior management members) (三名執行董事及 兩名高級管理層成員)

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The duty of the Board is to manage the Group in a responsible and effective manner and every Director has to carry out his/her duty in good faith and achieve the standard of any prevailing applicable laws and regulations and act in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders. During the year under review and up to the date of this report, the members of the Board included:

Executive Directors:

Mdm. Huang Hsiu-duan, Helen *(Chairman)*Mr. Wong Hei-chiu *(Vice Chairman)*Mr. Chen Yi-wu, Ares *(Chief Executive Officer)*

Executive Directors:

董事會

董事會之職責乃以盡責之態度及有效之方式管理本集團,而董事均須擊誠履行其職務,達致通行適用法例及法規之標準,行事時須以本公司及其股東之最佳利益為先。於回顧年內及直至本報告日期,董事會之成員包括:

執行董事:

黃秀端女士 (主席) 黃禧超先生 (副主席) 陳奕舞先生 (行政總裁)



Mr. Chan Ho-man, Daniel Mr. Kimmel, Phillip Brian

Dr. Chow Wing-kin, Anthony, SBS, J.P.

Independent non-executive Directors:

Mr. Tam King-ching, Kenny Mr. Yung Tse-kwong, Steven Ms. Chan Mei-bo, Mabel Mr. Wong Hin-wing, MH

(appointed with effect from 1 January 2023)

The Directors' biographies and the relationship among the Board members, if any, are set out in "Directors and Senior Management Profiles" of this annual report. In particular, Mdm. Huang Hsiu-duan, Helen, the Chairman, is the mother of Mr. Chen Yi-wu, Ares, the Chief Executive Officer. Save as disclosed above and in the "Directors and Senior Management Profiles", there is no financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship(s) among the Directors. Code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. During the year, the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer were two separate positions held by Mdm. Huang Hsiuduan, Helen and Mr. Chen Yi-wu, Ares respectively with clear distinction in responsibilities.

Directors' Attendance Records

The records of attendance of individual Directors at the Board meetings and annual general meeting, and relevant committee members at Board committee meetings held during the year under review are set out in the following table:

非執行董事:

陳浩文先生 柯民佑先生

周永健博士,銀紫荊星章,太平紳士

獨立非執行董事:

譚競正先生 戎子江先生 陳美寶女士

黃顯榮先生,榮譽勛章

(自二零二三年一月一日起獲委任)

董事履歷及董事會成員間之關係(如有)載於本年報「董事及高層管理人員履歷」。具體而言,主席 黃秀端女士為行政總裁陳奕舞先生的母親。除上 文所披露者及「董事及高層管理人員履歷」所披露 者外,董事之間並無任何財務、業務、家族或其 他重大/有關關係。根據企業管治守則之守則條 文第C.2.1條,主席及行政總裁的角色應予以區分 及由不同人士擔任。於年內,主席及行政總裁分 別由黃秀端女士及陳奕舞先生擔任,其職責範圍 有明確區分。

董事出席會議紀錄

下表載列各董事於回顧年度內舉行之董事會會議及股東週年大會,以及相關委員會成員於回顧年度內舉行之董事委員會會議之出席紀錄:

Number of Meetings Attended/Held 出席/舉行會議次數

	山冷/ 学门 盲哦 大致				
		Audit	Nomination	Remuneration	Annual General
Name of Directors	Board	Committee	Committee	Committee	Meeting
董事姓名	董事會	審核委員會	提名委員會	薪酬委員會	股東週年大會
		# I/ A / I	<i></i>	- MINI	
Executive Directors 執行董事					
Mdm. Huang Hsiu-duan, Helen 黃秀端女士	4/4	N/A不適用	1/1	1/1	1/1
Mr. Wong Hei-chiu 黃禧超先生	4/4	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	1/1
Mr. Chen Yi-wu, Ares 陳奕舞先生	4/4	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	1/1
Non-executive Directors 非執行董事					
Mr. Chan Ho-man, Daniel 陳浩文先生	4/4	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	1/1
Mr. Kimmel, Phillip Brian 柯民佑先生	4/4	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	1/1
Dr. Chow Wing-kin, Anthony, SBS, J.P.					
周永健博士,銀紫荊星章,太平紳士	4/4	2/2	1/1	N/A不適用	1/1
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
Independent non-executive Directors 獨立非執行董事					
Mr. Tam King-ching, Kenny 譚競正先生	4/4	2/2	1/1	1/1	1/1
Mr. Yung Tse-kwong, Steven 戎子江先生	4/4	2/2	1/1	1/1	1/1
Ms. Chan Mei-bo, Mabel 陳美寶女士	4/4	2/2	1/1	1/1	1/1
Mr. Wong Hin-wing, MH 黃顯榮先生,榮譽勛章	1/1	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用
	., .	/ /2/13		/ ١ / ١ / ١ / ١	1 22/13

Apart from the above regular Board meetings of the year, the Board will meet on other occasions when a Board level decision on a particular matter is required. The Directors receive details of agenda items for decision and minutes of committee meetings in advance of each Board meeting. The Board has reserved for its decision or consideration matters covering corporate strategy, annual and interim results, Directors' appointment, succession planning, risk management, major acquisitions, disposals and capital transactions, and other significant operational and financial matters. Major corporate matters that are specifically delegated by the Board to the management include the preparation of annual and interim financial statements for Board approval before public reporting, execution of business strategies and initiatives adopted by the Board, implementation of adequate systems of internal controls and risk management procedures, and compliance with relevant statutory requirements, rules and regulations.

除上述年度定期董事會會議外,董事會會於有需要就特定事項作出決策之其他情況下會晤。董事於每次董事會會議舉行前均會接獲有待決定之詳細議程項目及委員會會議記錄。董事會負責決定或考慮公司策略、年度及中期業績、出售及受易,以及其他重大營運及財務事宜。董事會特別委派管理層處理之重大公司事項包括:編製年度及中期財務報表,供董事會於公佈前批准;執行董事會採取之業務策略及措施;實行足夠之內部監控制度及風險管理程序;及遵守有關法定規定、規則及法規。

The Board is responsible for determining the corporate strategic development and ensuring the business operations are properly monitored. The Board reserves the right to decide all policy matters and material transactions of the Group.

The Board delegates the day-to-day operations to general managers and department heads who are responsible for different business functional units of the operations of the Group.

Besides, to assist the Board in discharge of its duty, the Board established the audit committee, remuneration committee and nomination committee and their scope of duties and terms of reference were discussed and approved in the Board meetings.

Non-executive Directors

All the non-executive Directors were appointed for a specific term of three years that are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the Company's annual general meeting in accordance with the bye-laws of the Company.

Independent non-executive Directors

The Board has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors a written annual confirmation of their independence and satisfied that their independence up to the date of this report is in accordance with the Listing Rules. 董事會負責決定公司策略發展,並確保妥善監察 業務運作。董事會保留本集團一切政策事宜及重 大交易之決定權。

董事會委派總經理及負責本集團不同業務營運 職能之部門主管處理日常運作。

此外,為協助董事會履行其職責,董事會成立審 核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會,並於董事 會會議上商討及批准各委員會之職責範圍及職 權範圍。

非執行董事

全體非執行董事按特定任期三年獲委任,須根據 本公司之公司細則於本公司股東週年大會上輪 值告退及重撰。

獨立非執行董事

董事會已接獲各獨立非執行董事有關其獨立性 之年度書面確認書,並信納彼等於截至本報告日 期具有上市規則所規定之獨立性。

In order to ensure that independent views and input of the independent non-executive Directors are made available to the Board, the Nomination Committee and the Board are committed to assess the Directors' independence annually with regards to all relevant factors related to the independent non-executive Directors including the following:

為了確保獨立非執行董事可向董事會提供獨立 觀點及建議,提名委員會與董事會每年基於與獨 立非執行董事有關的所有相關因素評估其獨立 性,其中包括:

- required character, integrity, expertise, experience and stability to fulfill their roles;
- time commitment and attention to the Company's affairs;
- firm commitment to their independent roles and to the Board;
- declaration of conflict of interest in their roles as independent non-executive Directors;
- no involvement in the daily management of the Company nor in any relationship or circumstances which would affect the exercise of their independent judgement; and
- the Chairman meets with the independent non-executive Directors regularly without the presence of the executive Directors.

The above mechanism is reviewed annually by the Board and the Nomination Committee to ensure its effectiveness. The Board and the Nomination Committee have reviewed its implementation during the year and consider that it continues to be effective in ensuring that independent views are provided to the Board.

- 履行其職責所必備的個性、正直品格、專業 知識、經驗及穩定性;
- 對本公司事務投入的時間及精力;
- 堅決履行其身為獨立董事的職責及投入董事會工作;
- 申報就擔任獨立非執行董事導致的利益衝 突事項;
- 不參與本公司的日常管理,亦不牽涉影響 其作出獨立判斷的任何關係或情況;及
- 主席在沒有執行董事出席的情況下定期與 獨立非執行董事會面。

上述機制已由董事會及提名委員會每年審閱,已確保其有效性。董事會及提名委員會已審閱機制於年內的實施並認為該機制能持續有效確保向董事會提出獨立觀點。

CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Pursuant to code provision C.1.4 of the CG Code, Directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. This is to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. During the year under review, relevant materials on legislative and regulatory updates were circulated to all Directors, namely Mdm. Huang Hsiu-duan, Helen, Mr. Wong Hei-chiu, Mr. Chen Yi-wu, Ares, Mr. Chan Ho-man, Daniel, Mr. Kimmel, Phillip Brian, Dr. Chow Wing-kin, Anthony, Mr. Tam King-ching, Kenny, Mr. Yung Tse-kwong, Steven, Ms. Chan Mei-bo, Mabel and Mr. Wong Hin-wing, as to keep them abreast of any changes to the regulations and disclosure obligations. Mdm. Huang Hsiuduan, Helen, Mr. Wong Hei-chiu, Mr. Chen Yi-wu, Ares, Mr. Chan Ho-man, Daniel, Mr. Kimmel, Phillip Brian and Mr. Wong Hin-wing, also attended relevant training courses arranged by the Company, on management, duties and responsibilities of a director and/or other topics organized by external professional bodies during the year under review to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills.

DIRECTORS' AND OFFICERS' LIABILITY INSURANCE

The Company has subscribed an insurance policy since 2000 with an aim to indemnify its Directors and senior executives from any losses, claims, damages, liabilities and expenses arising from, including but not limited to, any proceedings brought against them during the performance of their duties pursuant to their respective service agreements entered into with the Company.

持續專業發展

根據企業管治守則之守則條文第C.1.4條,董事均須參與持續專業發展以增長及更新其知識及技能。此為確保彼等對董事會之貢獻保持瞭解及與之相關。於回顧年度內,與法律及法規更新的相關資料已發送給全體董事(即黃秀端女士、黃禧超先生、陳奕舞先生、陳浩文先生、柯民佑先生、周永健博士、譚競正先生、戎子江先生、陳克大生、陳之子,令彼等掌握關於法規及披露責任之任何變更。黃秀端女士、黃禧超先生、陳奕舞先生、陳浩文先生、柯民佑先生及黃顯榮先生、阿萬年度內亦參加了由本公司安排之外部專業機構主辦與管理、董事的職能及責任相關及/或其他課題的培訓課程,以發展並更新其知識及技能。

董事及行政人員的責任保險

本公司自二零零零年起已投購保險,旨在彌償其 董事及高級行政人員的任何損失、索償、損害、 責任及開支,包括但不限於因董事及行政人員根 據各自與本公司訂立的服務協議履行其職責時 而被提出的任何訴訟。

PROCEEDINGS OF BOARD MEETINGS AND BOARD COMMITTEE MEETINGS

The Board considers that all meetings should be properly convened. With the assistance of the Company Secretary, the Chairman of the Board takes the lead to ensure that Board meetings and Board committee meetings are convened in accordance with the requirements set out in the bye-laws of the Company, the terms of reference of the respective Board committees and the Listing Rules.

In convening Board meetings, the Chairman is responsible for drawing up and approving the agenda for each meeting after consultation with all the Directors and the Company Secretary. Prior notice of each regular Board meeting is given to all the Directors at least 14 days in advance.

Board meetings are held at least four times a year. In addition, special Board meetings are held when necessary. Such Board meetings involve the active participation, either in person or through other electronic means of communication, of all the Directors.

Dates of regular Board meetings are scheduled in advance to provide sufficient notice to give all the Directors an opportunity to attend. For special Board meetings, reasonable notice is given.

The Directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary to ensure that Board procedures and all applicable rules and regulations are followed.

The minutes of Board meetings record in sufficient detail the matters considered by the Board, including all concerns raised by the Directors and dissenting views expressed. The minutes of all Board meetings and Board committee meetings are kept by the Company Secretary and are available for inspection by any Director, auditors or any relevant eligible parties who can have access to such minutes.

董事會會議及董事委員會會議程序

董事會認為所有會議均應按妥善的方式召開。在公司秘書的協助下,董事會主席領導董事會以確保董事會。議及董事委員會會議均按載於本公司公司細則、各董事委員會的職權範圍及上市規則的要求召開。

於召開董事會會議時,主席負責在向全體董事及公司秘書作出諮詢後,草擬及批准每次會議的議程。每次召開定期董事會會議時,全體董事獲發出最少14天的預先通知。

董事會會議每年召開至少四次。此外,會在有需要時召開董事會特別會議。此等董事會會議均由 全體董事親身出席,或透過其他電子通訊方法積極參與。

董事會定期會議的日期均預先訂定以發出充份 通知,讓所有董事皆有機會騰空出席。至於董事 會特別會議,則發出合理通知召開。

所有董事均可獲得公司秘書的意見和服務,以確保董事會程序及所有適用規則及規例均獲得遵守。

董事會的會議記錄已充分記錄董事會所考慮事 宜的詳情,其中包括由董事提出的所有關注事項 及發表的反對意見。所有董事會會議及董事委員 會會議記錄均由公司秘書保存,任何董事、核數 師或任何合資格取得該等會議記錄的有關人士 均可查閱。

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS

Pursuant to Rules 3.25 and 3.26 of the Listing Rules, the Company should establish a remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee") with specific written terms of reference which deal clearly with its authority and duties.

The principal role and function of the Remuneration Committee include the determination of the specific remuneration packages of all executive Directors and senior management of the Company, including benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments, such as any compensation payable for loss or termination of their office or appointment, and make recommendations to the Board of the remuneration of non-executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors. The Remuneration Committee also review and/or approve matters relating to share scheme under chapter 17 of the Listing Rules.

During the year, the Remuneration Committee consisted of an executive Director and four independent non-executive Directors as set out below:

Mr. Yung Tse-kwong, Steven (Chairman)

Mdm. Huang Hsiu-duan, Helen

Mr. Tam King-ching, Kenny

Ms. Chan Mei-bo, Mabel

Mr. Wong Hin-wing, мн

The Remuneration Committee has considered and reviewed the remuneration packages of the Directors with reference to the factors including salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities of the Directors and employment conditions elsewhere in the Group. The Remuneration Committee has adopted the operation model where it performs an advisory role to the Board, with the Board retaining the final authority to approve the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management. The Remuneration Committee considers that the remuneration packages of the Directors are fair and reasonable and has recommended the same for approval by the Board. Details of the emolument policy of the Directors are set out on page 122 of this report.

董事薪酬

根據上市規則第3.25及3.26條,本公司應設立具有明確成文職權範圍之薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」);有關職權範圍應清楚說明委員會之權限及職責。

薪酬委員會之主要職責及職能包括釐定本公司 各執行董事及高級管理層之特定薪酬組合(包括 實物利益、退休金權利及補償金,如因離職或終 止委任而招致損失之補償),及就非執行董事及 獨立非執行董事之薪酬向董事會作出建議。薪 酬委員會亦已審閱及/或批准有關上市規則第 十七章下購股權計劃之事項。

於本年度,薪酬委員會由下列一名執行董事及四 名獨立非執行董事組成:

戎子江先生*(主席)*

黄秀端女士

譚競正先生

陳美寶女士

黃顯榮先生,榮譽勛章

薪酬委員會參照可資比較公司提供之薪金、董事投入之時間及其職責及本集團其他部門之僱傭條件等多項因素,考慮及檢討董事之薪酬組合。薪酬委員會在其採納之運作模式中擔任董事會之顧問角色,董事會保留最終批准各執行董事及高級管理層人士薪酬待遇之權力。薪酬委員會認為,董事之薪酬組合屬公平合理,並已向董事會建議通過。董事之酬金政策詳情載於本報告第122頁。

The Remuneration Committee has reviewed and approved the grant of share options and share awards to Directors and other employees of the Group for the year ended 31 Mach 2023. The Remuneration Committee considers that the share options and the share awards to the Directors and other employees of the Group are at level which is commensurate with award levels in the market and are fair and reasonable.

薪酬委員會已審閱及批准於截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度向董事及本集團僱員授出購股權及股份獎勵。薪酬委員會認為向董事及本集團僱員授出購股權及股份獎勵乃與市場獎勵水平相等之水平,且屬公平合理。

Pursuant to code provision E.1.5 of the CG Code, the remuneration of the members of the senior management (excluding Directors) by band for the year ended 31 March 2023 is set out below:

根據企業管治守則之守則條文第E.1.5條,截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,高級管理層成員(不包括董事)酬金分級載列如下:

Remuneration band Number of individuals 酬金分級 人數 低於或等於500,000港元 Below or equal to HK\$500,000 1 HK\$500,001 to HK\$1,000,000 500,001港元至1,000,000港元 3 3 HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000 1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元 1 HK\$3,000,001 to HK\$3,500,000 3.000.001港元至3.500.000港元 1

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The principal role and function of the Nomination Committee include to review the structure, size and composition of the Board on a regular basis and to make recommendations to the Board regarding any proposed changes. The Board considers the past performance and qualification of the candidates for Directors, general market conditions and the Company's bye-laws in selecting and recommending candidates for directorship.

Board Diversity Policy

The Company has adopted the board diversity policy with effect from 1 September 2013. The policy sets out the approach to achieve diversity on the Board. The Company recognizes and embraces the benefits of having a diverse Board to enhance the quality of its performance. In determining the Board's composition, the Nomination Committee will consider board diversity in terms of, among other things, gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. All Board appointments will be based on merit, and candidates will be considered against appropriate objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board. The Nomination Committee will monitor the implementation of the diversity policy and review the same as appropriate.

提名委員會

提名委員會之主要職責及職能包括定期檢討董事會之架構、規模及組成,並就任何建議變更向董事會作出建議。董事會考慮候任董事人選之過往表現及資格、整體市況以及本公司有關甄選及推薦候任董事人選之公司細則。

董事會成員多元化政策

自二零一三年九月一日起,本公司已採納董事會 成員多元化政策。該政策載列董事會為達致成員 多元化而採取之方針。本公司明白並深信董事會 成員多元化對提升本公司表現質素裨益良多。於 釐定董事會組成時,提名委員會將會從以下方齡、 考慮董事會成員多元化,其中包括性別、年齡、 文化及教育背景、專業經驗、技能、知識及服務 任期。董事會所有委任均以用人唯才為原則,並 於考慮人選時以客觀條件充分顧及董事會成員 多元化之裨益。提名委員會將監察多元化政策之 實施並於適當時作出檢討。

The Board recognises the importance and benefits of gender diversity at the Board level and shall continue to take initiatives to identify female candidate(s) to enhance the gender diversity among the Board members. As at 31 March 2023, The Board currently has two female Directors.

Our diversity philosophy including the gender diversity was generally followed in the workforce level throughout the Group for the 12 months ended 31 March 2023. As at 31 March 2023, approximately 18.8% of our senior management and approximately 78.3% of our total workforce were female. We will continue with our endeavours to maintain female representation in our workforce.

The board diversity policy is reviewed annually by the Board and the Nomination Committee to ensure its effectiveness. The Board and the Nomination Committee have reviewed its implementation during the year and considered that the board diversity policy including the gender diversity objective has been achieved.

Nomination Policy

The Board has adopted a nomination policy, which sets out the criteria and process in the nomination and appointment of Directors, with the objective to ensure the Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the requirements of the Company's business.

1. Selection Criteria

The factors listed below would be used as reference by the Nomination Committee in assessing the suitability of a proposed candidate:

- Reputation for integrity
- Accomplishment and experience
- Qualifications
- Compliance with legal and regulatory requirements
- Commitment in respect of available time and relevant interest

董事會了解到董事會層面性別多元化的重要性 及益處,並將繼續採取措施物色女性候選人, 以加強董事會成員之間的性別多元化。於二零 二三年三月三十一日,董事會目前擁有兩名女 性董事。

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止十二個月,本集團之勞動力層面普遍遵循包括性別多元化在內之多元化理念。於二零二三年三月三十一日,我們的高級管理層的約18.8%及我們所有勞動力的約78.3%為女性。我們將繼續致力於維持我們的勞動力中的女性代表人數。

董事會及提名委員會每年審閱董事會多元化政策,以確保其有效性。董事會及提名委員會已審閱其於年內之實施,並認為包括性別多元化目標在內的董事會多元化政策已達成。

提名政策

董事會已採納一項提名政策,其載列提名及委任 董事的標準及流程,旨在確保董事會按本公司業 務需要在技能、經驗和多元化觀點等三方面都保 持平衡。

1. 揀選標準

提名委員會評估建議候選人是否合適時將 參考下列因素:

- 誠信聲譽
- 成就及經驗
- 資格
- 遵守法律及法規要求
- 對可投入時間及相關事務關注之承諾

- Independence in case of nomination or reappointment of independent non-executive Directors, the requirements and guidelines on independence of a candidate in accordance with Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules
- Diversity in all its aspects, including but not limited to gender, age (18 years or above), cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service

These factors are for reference only, and not meant to be exhaustive and decisive. The Nomination Committee has the discretion to nominate any person, as it considers appropriate.

2. Nomination Procedures

The secretary of the Nomination Committee shall call a meeting of the Nomination Committee, and invite nominations of candidates from Board members if any, for consideration by the Nomination Committee prior to its meeting. The Nomination Committee may also put forward candidates who are not nominated by Board members.

The Nomination Committee should evaluate such candidate based on the selection criteria mentioned above to determine whether such candidate is qualified for directorship. If he or she is considered appropriate, the Nomination Committee shall make recommendations for the Board's consideration and approval for filling a casual vacancy. For proposing candidates to stand for election at a general meeting, the Nomination Committee shall make nominations to the Board for its consideration and recommendation. A candidate is allowed to withdraw his/her candidature at any time before the general meeting by serving a notice in writing to the company secretary of the Company. The Board shall have the final decision on all matters relating to the recommendation of candidates to stand for election at any general meeting.

- 獨立性一就提名或重新委任獨立非執 行董事而言,有關候選人獨立性的規 定及指引按照上市規則第3.13條
- 董事會各方面之多元化,包括但不限 於性別、年齡(18歲或以上)、文化及 教育背景、專業經驗、技能、知識及服 務任期

上述因素僅供參考,並非盡列所有因素,亦 不具決定性作用。提名委員會可酌情決定 提名其認為適當之任何人士。

2. 提名流程

提名委員會之秘書須召開提名委員會會議,並於會議前邀請董事會成員提名候選人(如有)以供提名委員會考慮。提名委員會亦可提名並非由董事會成員提名之候選人。

提名委員會應按上述揀選標準評核有關候 選人,以釐定有關候選人是否符合資格格 員會須向董事會作出推薦建議以供其考慮 員會須向董事會作出推薦建議以供其考慮 及批准填補臨時空缺。就於股東大會是 全條選人選舉而言,提名委員會須向董事 會作出提名以供其考慮及提供推薦建議。 董事候選人可於股東大會舉行前任何 有關推薦候選人於股東大會上參選之所有 關推薦候選人於股東大會上參選之所有 事宜,董事會擁有最終決定權。

Retiring Directors are eligible for nomination by the Board to stand for re-election at a general meeting. The Nomination Committee and/or the Board should review the overall contribution and service to the Company of the retiring Director and his/her level of participation and performance on the Board

退任董事符合資格獲董事會提名於股東大會上膺選連任。提名委員會及/或董事會應檢討退任董事對本公司整體貢獻及服務,以及彼於董事會的參與程度及表現。

If an independent non-executive Director is subject to re-election, the Nomination Committee and/or the Board will also assess and consider whether the independent non-executive Director will continue to satisfy the independence requirements as set out in the Listing Rules.

倘獨立非執行董事須膺重選,提名委員會 及/或董事會亦將評估及考慮獨立非執行 董事是否將繼續符合上市規則所載的獨立 性規定。

During the year, the Nomination Committee consisted of an executive Director, one non-executive Director and four independent non-executive Directors as set out below: 於本年度,提名委員會成員由下列一名執行董事、一名非執行董事及四名獨立非執行董事組成:

Mdm. Huang Hsiu-duan, Helen (Chairman) Dr. Chow Wing-kin, Anthony, SBS, J.P.

Mr. Tam King-ching, Kenny Mr. Yung Tse-kwong, Steven

Ms. Chan Mei-bo, Mabel

Mr. Wong Hin-wing, MH

黃秀端女士*(主席)*

周永健博士,銀紫荊星章,太平紳士

譚競正先生

戎子江先生

陳美寶女士

黃顯榮先生,榮譽勛章

The Nomination Committee considered and resolved that all the existing Directors shall be recommended to be retained by the Company. Further, in accordance with the Company's bye-laws and as resolved by the Nomination Committee, Mdm. Huang Hsiu-duan, Helen, Mr. Wong Hei-chiu, Mr. Kimmel, Phillip Brian, Mr. Yung Tse-kwong, Steven and Mr. Wong Hin-wing will retire from office by rotation, and being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting (except Mr. Yung Tse-kwong, Steven who will not seek for re-election).

提名委員會考慮及議決建議本公司留任全體現任董事。此外,根據本公司之公司細則,並如提名委員會所議決,黃秀端女士、黃禧超先生、柯民佑先生、戎子江先生及黃顯榮先生將輪值退任,除戎子江先生無意尋求重選以外,其他董事均符合資格及願意於應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任。

AUDIT COMMITTEE

As required by Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules, the Company has established an audit committee (the "Audit Committee") with written terms of reference, which deals clearly with its authority and duties. Its principal duties are to review and supervise the Group's financial reporting process and internal control systems.

審核委員會

如上市規則第3.21條所規定,本公司已成立審核 委員會(「審核委員會」),並以書面清晰訂明其職 權範圍。其主要職責為審閱及監督本集團之財務 申報程序及內部監控制度。

During the financial year ended 31 March 2023, the Audit Committee consisted of a non-executive Director and four independent non-executive Directors as set out below:

Mr. Tam King-ching, Kenny (Chairman)
Dr. Chow Wing-kin, Anthony, SBS, J.P.

Mr. Yung Tse-kwong, Steven

Ms. Chan Mei-bo, Mabel

Mr. Wong Hin-wing, MH

During the year under review, the Audit Committee reviewed the Group's consolidated financial statements, interim and annual reports, the accounting principles and practices adopted and internal control systems. The Audit Committee also reviewed and approved the external auditor's remuneration and terms of engagement and recommended the Board for re-appointment of the external auditor.

The Audit Committee is also responsible for performing the corporate governance duties, including:

- To develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board;
- To review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of directors and senior management;
- To review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- To develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors; and
- To review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in this Corporate Governance Report.

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止財政年度,審核 委員會由下列一名非執行董事及四名獨立非執 行董事組成:

譚競正先生(主席)

周永健博士,銀紫荊星章,太平紳士

戎子江先生

陳美寶女士

黃顯榮先生,榮譽勛章

於回顧年內,審核委員會已審閱本集團之綜合財務報表、中期及年度報告、採納之會計原則及慣例以及內部監控系統。審核委員會亦已檢討及批准外聘核數師之薪酬及聘用條款,並已向董事會建議重新委任外聘核數師。

審核委員會亦負責履行企業管治職責,包括:

- 制訂及檢討本公司之企業管治政策及常規 以及向董事會作出建議;
- 檢討及監察董事及高級管理層之培訓及持續專業發展;
- 檢討及監察本公司遵守法律及監管規定方面之政策及常規;
- 制定、檢討及監察適用於僱員及董事之行 為守則及合規手冊(如有);及
- 檢討本公司遵守企業管治守則之情況以及 於本企業管治報告內之披露。

The Group's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee, which was of the opinion that the preparation of the consolidated financial statements complied with the applicable accounting standards, the Listing Rules and legal requirements, and that adequate disclosures have been made.

The Audit Committee considered that the existing proposed terms in relation to the appointment of the Group's external auditor are fair and reasonable.

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The Audit Committee is responsible for considering the appointment of the external auditor and reviewing any non-audit functions performed by the external auditor, including whether such non-audit functions could lead to any potential material adverse effect on the Group. During the year under review, the fees payable to the Company's external auditor for audit services and non-audit services were HK\$1,816,000 and HK\$593,000 respectively. The non-audit services relate primarily to tax compliance and consultancy services.

DIRECTORS' AND AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for the preparation of the financial statements for each financial year, which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company and its subsidiaries as at the end of the reporting period and of their financial performance and cash flows for that year in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and in compliance with relevant law and disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and the Listing Rules. The Directors have prepared the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 on a going concern basis. The Directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which reflect the financial position of the Group with reasonable accuracy at any time.

審核委員會已審閱本集團截至二零二三年三月 三十一日止年度之經審核綜合財務報表,認為綜 合財務報表之編製方式符合適用會計準則、上市 規則及法律規定,並已作出足夠披露。

審核委員會認為,有關委聘本集團外聘核數師之 現有建議條款屬公平合理。

核數師薪酬

審核委員會負責考慮委聘外聘核數師,及檢討其履行之任何非審核職能,包括有關非審核職能會否對本集團造成任何潛在重大不利影響。於回顧年度內,就核數服務及非核數服務應付予本公司之外聘核數師之費用分別為1,816,000港元及593,000港元。非核數服務主要與稅務合規及諮詢服務有關。

董事及核數師於財務報表之責任

董事確認,彼等須根據香港財務報告準則就各個財政年度編製財務報表,有關財務報表須真實及公平地反映本公司及其附屬公司於報告期末之財務狀況,以及其於有關年度之財務業績及現金流,並須符合香港公司條例及上市規則之相關法例及披露規定。董事已按持續經營基準編製截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度之財務報表。董事亦負責保存適當之會計記錄,以反映本集團於任何時間之合理而準確之財務狀況。

The Directors' responsibilities and the responsibilities of the independent auditor with respect to the consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 March 2023 are set out on pages 129 to 137 of this report.

董事及獨立核數師就本公司及其附屬公司截至 二零二三年三月三十一日止年度之綜合財務報 表之責任載於本報告第129至137頁。

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board recognizes its responsibility for maintaining an adequate and sound enterprise risk management and internal control system and through the Audit Committee and, if necessary, an external independent professionals to provide internal control services, conducts reviews on the effectiveness of these systems at least annually, covering material controls, including financial, operational, compliance and strategic risk control functions. The Board understands that such systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

風險管理及內部監控

董事會知悉其維持適當及良好的企業風險管理及內部監控系統的責任並透過審核委員會及(如需要)外部獨立專業人士提供內部監控服務,至少每年檢討該等系統的有效性,內容涵蓋重大監控,包括財務、營運、合規及策略風險監控職能。董事會明白有關系統旨在管理而非消除未能達成業務目標的風險,旨在提供合理的保證而並非絕對保證能夠避免出現重大錯誤陳述或損失。

During the year under review, the Board, through the Audit Committee, conducted an annual review of both design and implementation effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group, covering all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls, with a view to ensuring that resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions are adequate. In this respect, the Audit Committee communicates any material issues identified to the Board.

於回顧年度內,董事會透過審核委員會,對本集團風險管理及內部監控系統的設計及實施成效進行年度檢討,涵蓋所有重大監控,包括財務、營運及合規監控,以確保本集團的會計、內部審核及財務報告職能均具備充足的資源、員工資歷及經驗、培訓方案及預算。就此而言,審核委員會向董事會通報識別的任何重大事項。

During the year under review, the Company appointed BT Corporate Governance Limited (an operating entity of Baker Tilly Hong Kong) ("BTCGL"), an external independent professionals to:

assist in identifying and assessing the risks of the Group through a series of workshops and interviews; and

 independently perform internal control review and assess effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems. 於回顧年度內,本公司委任外部獨立專業機構哲慧企管專才有限公司(「哲慧企管專才」,為天職香港的營運實體)以:

- 通過一系列研討會及訪談,協助識別及評估本集團的風險;及
- 獨立進行內部監控審查及評估本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統的效用。

The results of the independent review and assessment were reported to the Audit Committee and the Board. Moreover, improvements in internal control and risk management measures as recommended by BTCGL to enhance the risk management and internal control systems of the Group and mitigate risks of the Group were adopted by the Board. Based on the findings and recommendations of BTCGL as well as the comments of the Audit Committee, the Board considered the internal control and risk management systems effective and adequate.

獨立審閱及評估的結果已向審核委員會及董事會報告。此外,董事會採納了哲慧企管專才建議的內部監控及風險管理措施的改進,以加強本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統以及減少本集團的風險。根據哲慧企管專才的調查結果及建議以及審核委員會的意見,董事會認為內部監控及風險管理系統有效且充分。

The Board has adopted a whistleblowing policy and an anticorruption policy during the financial year ended 31 March 2023. Such Policies are reviewed annually by the Audit Committee to ensure their effectiveness. 董事會已於截至二零二三年三月三十一日止財 政年度採納舉報政策及反腐敗政策。審核委員會 每年審閱若干政策以確保其有效性。

Our Enterprise Risk Management Framework

The Group established its enterprise risk management framework during the year. While the Board has the overall responsibility to ensure that sound and effective internal controls are maintained, management is responsible for designing and implementing an internal control system to manage all kinds of risks faced by the Group.

我們的企業風險管理框架

本集團於年內建立了企業風險管理框架。雖然董事會有整體責任確保維持良好有效的內部監控, 但管理層負責設計及實施內部監控系統,以管理 本集團面臨的各種風險。

Through the risk identification and assessment processes, risks are identified, assessed, prioritized and allocated treatments. Our risk management framework follows the COSO Enterprise Risk Management – Integrated Framework, which allows the Board and management to manage the risks of the Group effectively. The Board receives regular reports through the Audit Committee that oversight risk management and internal audit functions.

通過風險識別及評估過程,風險被識別、評估、確定優先次序並進行分配處理。我們的風險管理框架遵循COSO企業風險管理一綜合框架,允許董事會及管理層有效地管理本集團的風險。董事會透過審核委員會收取定期報告,監督風險管理及內部審核職能。

Principal Risks

During the year ended 31 March 2023, the following principal risks of the Group were identified and classified into strategic risks, operational risks, financial risks and compliance risks.

主要風險

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,本集團識別及將下列主要風險分類為戰略風險、營運風險、財務風險及合規風險。

Risk Areas	Principal Risks	風險領域	主要風險
Strategic Risks	Risk of economic recession	戰略風險	經濟衰退的風險
	Unstable political environment of some of the countries where we operate our production plants		我們營運我們的生產廠房所在 的若干國家的政治環境不穩定
	Customer concentration risk		客戶集中風險
Operational Risks	Pressure on rise in operating cost	營運風險	營運成本壓力增加
Financial Risks	Risk of inflation/deflation	財務風險	通脹/通縮風險
	Credit risk		信貸風險
Compliance Risks	No significant risks identified	合規風險	未識別出重大風險

Risk Control Mechanism

The Group adopts a "three lines of defence" corporate governance structure with operational management and controls performed by operations management, coupled with risk management monitoring carried out by the finance and compliance team and independent internal audit outsourced to and conducted by BTCGL. The Group adopts risk management policy and procedure (the "Risk Management Policy") and maintains a risk register to keep track of all identified major risks of the Group. The risk register provides the Board, the Audit Committee, and management with a profile of its major risks and records management's action taken to mitigate the relevant risks. Each risk is evaluated at least annually based on its likelihood of occurrence and potential impact upon the Group. The risk register is updated by management as the risk owners with addition of new risks and/or removal of existing risks, if applicable, at least annually, after the annual risk evaluation has been performed. This review process can ensure that the Group proactively manages the risks faced by it in the sense that all risk owners have access to the risk register and are aware of and alert to those risks in their area of responsibility so that they can take follow-up action in an efficient manner.

Our risk management activities are performed by management on an ongoing process. The effectiveness of our risk management framework will be evaluated at least annually, and periodic management meeting is held to update the progress of risk monitoring efforts. Management is committed to ensuring that risk management forms part of the daily business operation processes in order to align risk management with corporate goals in an effective manner.

風險監控機制

本集團採用「三線防守」企業管治結構,由營運管 理層執行經營管理及監控,加上財務及合規團隊 開展的風險管理監督,以及由哲慧企管專才外包 及執行的獨立內部審核。本集團採納風險管理政 策及程序(「風險管理政策」)並維繫風險記錄,以 監察本集團所有已識別的主要風險之動向。風險 記錄為董事會、審核委員會及管理層提供其主要 風險的概要情況,並記錄管理層為緩解相關風險 所採取的行動。本集團至少每年根據各風險發生 的可能性和對本集團的潛在影響進行評估。在執 行年度風險評估之後,管理層(作為風險承擔者) 將至少每年更新風險記錄,增加新風險及/或刪 除現有風險(如適用)。審核流程可確保本集團主 動管理其面臨的風險,即所有風險承擔者都可以 取得風險記錄,並且了解並警惕其責任領域的風 險,以便彼等有效率地採取後續行動。

我們的風險管理活動由管理層持續進行。我們的 風險管理框架的有效性將至少每年進行一次評估,並定期舉行管理層會議以更新風險監測工作 的進展。管理層致力於確保風險管理構成日常業 務運營流程的一部分,以便有效地統一風險管理 與公司目標。

The Company will continue to engage external independent professionals to review the Group's system of internal controls and risk management annually and further enhance the Group's internal control and risk management systems as appropriate.

There is currently no internal audit function within the Group. The directors have reviewed the need for an internal audit function and are of the view that in light of the size, nature and complexity of the business of the Group, it would be more cost effective to appoint external independent professionals to perform internal audit function for the Group in order to meet its needs. Nevertheless, the directors will continue to review at least annually the need for an internal audit function.

Disclosure of Inside Information

The Group has established internal control procedures for the handling and dissemination of inside information in order to comply with Chapter 13 of the Listing Rules as well as Part XIVA of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO"). The internal control mechanism includes information flow and reporting processes, confidentiality arrangements, disclosure procedures, and staff training arrangements, etc.

DIVIDEND POLICY

It is the policy of the Board, in recommending dividends, to allow shareholders to participate in the Company's profits and for the Company to retain adequate reserves for future growth. The Company expects to maintain a general dividend policy of declaring and paying approximately 30% to 60% of the Company's consolidated net profit attributable to shareholders of the Company in each financial year subject to the financial performance, business development, working capital requirements and capital expenditure plan of the Group. The Company may in addition from time to time consider to declare special dividends subject to the macroeconomic environment, funding needs on business development, overall cash position and any future capital commitments of the Group.

本公司將繼續聘請外部獨立專業人士每年審閱 本集團的內部監控及風險管理系統,並於適當時 候進一步加強本集團的內部監控及風險管理系 統。

本集團目前尚無內部審核職能。董事已檢討內部 審核職能的需要,並認為鑑於本集團業務的規 模、性質及複雜程度,任命外部獨立專業人士執 行內部審核職能將更具成本效益以滿足本集團 需求。然而,董事將繼續每年至少檢討一次內部 審核職能的需要。

內幕消息披露

本集團已就處理及發佈內幕消息制訂內部監控程序,以遵守上市規則第13章以及證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XIVA部。內部監控機制包括消息流向與申報流程、保密安排、披露程序及員工培訓安排等。

股息政策

董事會在建議派發股息時遵循讓股東分享本公司溢利,同時為本公司日後發展保留充足儲備的政策。本公司預期維持一般股息政策,以宣派及派付於各財政年度內本公司股東應佔本公司綜合純利約30%至60%,惟須視乎本集團的財務表現、業務發展、營運資金需求及資本開支計劃而定。此外,本公司可不時考慮根據宏觀經濟環境、業務發展的資金需求、本集團整體現金狀況及任何未來資本承擔宣派特別股息。

Declaration and payment of dividends shall remain to be determined at the sole discretion of the Board, taking into consideration of, among others, the following factors:

- (i) operations and earnings;
- (ii) business development;
- (iii) liquidity position;
- (iv) capital requirements and surplus;
- (v) general financial conditions;
- (vi) contractual restrictions (if any); and
- (vii) any other factors that the Board considers appropriate.

Subject to the Companies Act of Bermuda and the bye-laws of the Company (the "Bye-laws"), the Company may from time to time declare dividends in any currency to be paid to the members of the Company but no dividend shall be declared in excess of the amount recommended by the Board.

The Board may also from time to time pay to the members of the Company such interim dividends as appear to the Board to be justified by the profits of the Company. Any declaration and payment as well as the amount of the dividend will be subject to the Bye-laws and the Companies Act of Bermuda.

INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Company continues to promote and enhance investor relations and communications with its investors. An intensive communications channel has been maintained with the media, analysts and fund managers through one-on-one meeting, road shows and conferences. Designated senior management maintains regular dialogue with institutional investors and analysts to keep them abreast of the Company's development.

宣派及派付股息須由董事會經計及(其中包括)下列因素後全權酌情釐定:

- (i) 營運及盈利;
- (ii) 業務發展;
- (iii) 流動資金狀況;
- (iv) 資金需求及盈餘;
- (v) 整體財務狀況;
- (vi) 合約限制(如有);及
- (vii) 董事會認為適宜的任何其他因素。

根據百慕達公司法及本公司細則(「細則」),本公司可不時宣佈以任何貨幣向本公司股東派付股息,惟所宣派的股息額不得超過董事會建議宣派的數額。

倘董事會認為本公司溢利足以作出分派,董事會亦可不時向本公司股東派付有關中期股息。任何 宣派及派付以及股息金額將須遵守細則及百慕 達公司法。

投資者關係

本公司繼續提倡及提升投資者關係及與其投資者之通訊。本公司通過與傳媒、分析員及基金經理舉行個別會議、舉辦路演及研討會,從而維持廣泛之通訊渠道,並委派高級管理層與機構投資者及分析員維持定期會晤,從而向彼等提供有關本公司發展之最新消息。

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Company sets high priority in communicating with shareholders and investors and has adopted the Shareholders Communication Policy. Regular meetings with institutional shareholders and general presentation of financial results are made when financial results are announced. The Company also provides extensive information in its annual report, interim report and announcements which are available on the Stock Exchange's website at www.hkexnews.hk and the Company's website at www.kingmaker-footwear.com.

The Board endeavours to maintain an ongoing dialogue with shareholders. All directors are encouraged to attend the general meetings to have personal communication with shareholders. In annual general meeting, the chairman of the Board and the chairman of each committee are required to attend and answer questions from shareholders in respect of the matters that they are responsible and accountable for. In addition, a representative of the Company's external auditors is requested to attend the annual general meeting to answer questions about the conduct of the audit, the preparation and content of the auditors' report, accounting policies and auditor independence.

The Company's annual general meeting ("AGM") and special general meeting ("SGM") provide good opportunities for shareholders to express their views and ask Directors and management questions regarding the Company. All shareholders of the Company receive the annual report, circulars and notices of AGM and SGM and other corporate communications. Separate resolutions are required at general meetings on each distinct issue. Each shareholder is permitted to appoint a proxy to attend and vote in his stead.

The Hong Kong branch share registrar of the Company serves the shareholders in respect of share registration, dividend payment and related matters.

The Company has reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the Shareholder Communication Policy during the year and concluded that it continues to be effective in engaging with the Company's shareholders.

與股東之通訊

本公司特別重視與股東及投資者之通訊,並已採納股東通訊政策。公佈財務業績時,本公司會與機構股東舉行例會及總體財務業績發佈會。本公司亦會於其刊登於聯交所網站(www.hkexnews.hk)及本公司網站(www.kingmaker-footwear.com)上的年報、中期報告及公告中提供大量資料。

董事會致力與股東保持持續對話。本集團鼓勵全體董事出席股東大會並與股東進行個人溝通。董事會主席及各委員會主席均須出席股東週年大會,並回應股東就彼等負責之事宜所作出之提問。此外,本公司外聘核數師之代表須出席股東週年大會,回答有關進行審計、核數師報告之編製及內容、會計政策及核數師獨立性之提問。

藉本公司股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)及股東特別大會(「股東特別大會」),股東可表達彼等對本公司之意見及向董事及管理層提問。本公司全體股東均獲寄發年報、通函、股東週年大會及股東特別大會通告以及其他公司通訊。本公司須就各項不同事項於股東大會上個別提呈決議案。每名股東可委派一名代表出席大會及代其投票。

本公司之香港股份過戶登記分處向股東提供股份登記、股息付款及相關事項之服務。

本公司已審閱股東通訊政策於年內的實施及有效性,並認為其就本公司股東之間的互動持續有效。

PROCEDURES FOR SHAREHOLDERS TO NOMINATE A DIRECTOR, MAKE PROPOSALS AND CONVENE GENERAL MEETINGS

Pursuant to the Bye-laws of the Company, if a shareholder, who is duly qualified to attend and vote at the general meeting convened to deal with appointment/election of director(s), wishes to propose a person (other than the shareholder himself/herself) for election as a director of the Company, the shareholder must deposit a written notice to the principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong for the attention of the company secretary of the Company. Details for nominating candidates to stand for election as a director are set out in the Corporate Governance section of the Company website.

(i) Any one or more shareholders holding not less than one-twentieth of the total voting rights of all shareholders having the right to vote at the general meeting; or (ii) not less than 100 shareholders may submit a written request to make proposals or move a resolution at a general meeting; or a statement of not more than 1,000 words with respect to the matter referred to in any proposed resolution or the business to be dealt with at a particular general meeting. Such request must be deposited at the principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong, for the attention of the company secretary of the Company, not less than six weeks before the meeting in the case of a requisition requiring notice of a resolution and not less than one week before the meeting in the case of any other requisition. Details of the requirements and procedures for making proposals or moving a resolution at a general meeting are set out in the Corporate Governance section of the Company website.

Any one or more shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition sent to the Company's registered office and at its principal place of business in Hong Kong, for the attention of the Board or the company secretary of the Company, to require a special general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition. Details of the requirements and procedures for convening general meetings are set out in the Corporate Governance section of the Company website.

股東提名董事、作出提議及召開股東 大會之程序

根據本公司細則,倘正式合資格出席因處理委任 /選舉董事而召開之股東大會並於會上投票之 股東希望提名某一人士(股東本身除外)參選本 公司董事,其必須將書面通知呈遞至本公司位於 香港之主要營業地點,收件人為本公司之公司秘 書。提名候選人參選董事之詳情載於本公司網站 之企業管治部分。

(i) 持有有權於股東大會上投票之全體股東之總投票權不少於二十分之一之一名或多名股東;或(ii)不少於100名股東,可提呈於股東大會上作出動議或決議案之書面要求,或就於特定股東大會上擬提出之決議案所述之事項或將處理之事務作出不超過1,000字之陳述。有關要求必須不遲於股東大會舉行前六週(倘要求提供決議案通知)或不遲於股東大會舉行前一週(倘為任何其他要求)呈遞至本公司香港主要營業地點,收件人為本公司之公司秘書。有關在股東大會上提出動議或議案之規定及程序之詳情載於本公司網站之企業管治部分。

於遞呈要求當日持有不少於附有本公司股東大會投票權之本公司繳足股本十分之一之任何一名或多名股東,可隨時向本公司註冊辦事處及香港主要營業地點發出書面要求,收件人為董事會或本公司之公司秘書,要求董事會召開股東特別大會,處理有關要求所指明的任何事項。有關召開股東大會之規定及程序之詳情載於本公司網站之企業管治部分。

PROCEDURES FOR SENDING ENQUIRIES TO THE BOARD

Shareholders may send their enquiries and concerns to the Board of the Company by addressing them to the principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong at 17th Floor, Empress Plaza, 17-19 Chatham Road South, Tsimshatsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong by post or by email to kingmkra@netvigator.com for the attention of the company secretary of the Company.

Upon receipt of the enquiries, the company secretary will forward:

- communications relating to matters within the Board's purview to the executive Directors of the Company;
- 2. communications relating to matters within a Board committee's area of responsibility to the chairman of the appropriate committee; and
- communications relating to ordinary business matters, such as suggestions, inquiries and complaints, to the appropriate management of the Company.

VOTING BY POLL

Pursuant to the Listing Rules, all voting at the Company's general meetings shall be conducted by poll. The Company's bye-laws have set out the procedures and requirements of voting by poll. Such voting procedure would be explained by the Chairman at the commencement of the general meeting of shareholders.

CODE OF CONDUCT

To enhance the standards of employees, the Company has set out standards of professional and ethical conduct for all employees of the Group. The employees at all levels are expected to conduct themselves in an honest, diligent and responsible manner.

向董事會查詢之程序

股東可向本公司董事會寄發查詢及關注事宜,以 郵寄方式寄往本公司於香港之主要營業地點(地 址為香港九龍尖沙咀漆咸道南17-19號帝后廣場 17樓),或電郵至kingmkra@netvigator.com,收件 人為本公司之公司秘書。

收到查詢後,公司秘書將轉發:

- 與董事會職權範圍內有關事宜之通訊予本公司執行董事;
- 2. 與董事委員會職權範圍內有關事宜之通訊 予相關委員會主席;及
- 3. 與日常事務有關事宜(如建議、查詢及投訴) 之通訊予本公司相關管理層。

以投票方式表決

根據上市規則,本公司股東大會上之所有表決須 以投票方式進行。本公司細則已載列以投票方式 表決之程序及規定。於股東大會開始時,主席亦 會闡釋該等表決程序。

行為守則

為提升僱員水準,本公司已為本集團所有僱員制 訂專業及操守標準。各級僱員均須本著誠實、勤 奮及盡責之態度行事。

AMENDMENT TO THE BYE-LAWS OF THE COMPANY

To bring the Company's bye-laws in line with certain changes on the Listing Rules which came into force on 1 January 2022, the second amended and restated bye-laws of the Company were adopted by way of a special resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company at the annual general meeting held on 26 August 2022.

CONCLUSION

The Company will continue its enduring effort in reviewing the corporate governance practices from time to time and will try its best in maintaining, strengthening and improving the standard and quality of the Company's corporate governance to meet with the continuous changing environment and for the benefit of the shareholders.

修訂本公司細則

為使本公司細則符合上市規則於二零二二年一月一日生效之若干變動,本公司第二次經修訂及 重述細則已於二零二二年八月二十六日舉行之 股東週年大會上經本公司股東通過特別決議案 方式採納。

結論

本公司將繼續致力不時檢討其企業管治常規, 盡力維持、鞏固及改善本公司企業管治標準及質素,以迎合不斷變化之環境及照顧股東利益。

Number of years of

Name Position held **Business experience** Age service 姓名 年龄 職位 任職年數

商務經驗

Executive Directors

執行董事

Huang Hsiu-duan, Helen 黃秀端

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Executive director and Chairman 執行董事及主席

Madam Huang is a co-founder of the Group, and served as the Chairman and the Chairman of the nomination committee of the Company with effect from 1 February 2020. She is also a member of the Remuneration Committee, a member of the Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") working group of the Company and serves as a director for the subsidiaries of the Company. She is responsible for formulating the overall business strategies and policy development, and future development plans for the Group. Madam Huang has more than 46 years' experience in the footwear industry. Madam Huang is the mother of Ms. Chen Zi-yun, Fiona Apple and Mr. Chen Yi-wu, Ares, mother-in-law of Mr. Su Yi-ren and elder sister of Mr. Huang Chun-hua, Charles. Madam Huang is one of the directors of King Strike Limited, which is a substantial shareholder of the Company within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance.

黃女士為本集團的一名共同創辦人,自二零二零年二月一日起擔任主席 兼本公司提名委員會主席。彼亦為本公司薪酬委員會、環境、社會及管 治 (「環境、社會及管治」) 工作小組成員並於本公司多家附屬公司擔任 董事。彼負責制定本集團整體業務策略及政策發展以及未來發展計劃。 黃女士具有逾46年製鞋業經驗。黃女士為陳子芸小姐及陳奕舞先生之 母親、蘇義仁先生之岳母以及黃春華先生的姊姊。黃女士為King Strike Limited (本公司於證券及期貨條例第XV部項下界定的主要股東) 的其中 一名董事。

Name 姓名	Age 年齡	Position held 職位	Number of years of service 任職年數	Business experience 商務經驗
Chen Yi-wu, Ares 陳奕舞	31	Executive director and Chief Executive Officer 執行董事及行政總裁	7	Mr. Ares Chen joined the Group in 2016 and is also the vice president of the Group. Mr. Chen was appointed as the Chief Operating Officer of the Group with effect from 1 May 2019. Mr. Chen was also appointed as the Chief Executive Officer with effect from 1 February 2020 and a member of the ESG working group of the Company. He is responsible for the execution of the Group's strategic plans and enterprise development, in charge of the management and overseeing the Group's production and customer relations. He holds a bachelor's degree of Arts in Economics from Tamkang University in 2014. Mr. Chen is the son of Madam Huang Hsiu-duan, Helen and a brother of Ms. Chen Zi-yun, Fiona Apple. Mr. Ares Chen is one of the directors of King Strike Limited, which is a substantial shareholder of the Company within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance. 陳奕舞先生於二零一六年加入本集團,並為本集團的副總裁。陳先生自二零一九年五月一日起獲委任為本集團的首席營運官。陳先生亦獲委任為行政總裁以及本公司環境、社會及管治工作小組成員,自二零二零年二月一日起生效。彼負責執行本集團策略規劃及企業發展,負責管理並監督本集團的生產及客戶關係。彼於二零一四年取得淡江大學經濟學學士學位。陳先生為黃秀端女士之子,並為陳子芸小姐的弟弟。陳奕舞先生為King Strike Limited(本公司於證券及期貨條例第XV部項下界定的主要股東)的其中一名董事。

Name 姓名	Age 年齢	Position held 職位	Number of years of service 任職年數	Business experience 商務經驗
Wong Hei-chiu 黃禧超	56	Executive director and Vice Chairman 執行董事及副主席	15	Mr. Wong is also the chief financial officer of the Group, company secretary and a member of the ESG working group of the Company. Mr. Wong is responsible for assisting the chairman to formulate the overall corporate strategy and policy development, supervision and management of the Group's overall financial matters and investor relations. Mr. Wong obtained an Executive Diploma in Corporate Governance and Sustainability Directorship from The Hong Kong Institute of Directors and completed the Prince of Wales' Business Sustainability Programme from the University of Cambridge Institute for Sustainability Leadership in 2019. Mr. Wong holds an Executive Master's degree in business administration from The Chinese University of Hong Kong and a Bachelor's degree in business administration from Lingnan University, Hong Kong. He is a Certified Public Accountant (Practising), a fellow member of The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants in the United Kingdom, a fellow member of The Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales and an associate member of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Wong is also a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Directors. 黄先生亦為本集團之首席財務官兼本公司之公司秘書及環境、社會及管治工作小組成員。黃先生負責協助主席制定整體企業策略及政策發展,監督及管理本集團之整體財務事宜及投資者關係。黃先生於二零一九年取得香港董事學會的企業管治與可持續董事的行政人員文憑 (Executive Diploma in Corporate Governance and Sustainability Directorship),並於劍橋大學可持續領導力學院 (University of Cambridge Institute for Sustainability Leadership) 完成威爾斯王子可持續業務課程(Prince of Wales' Business Sustainability Programme)。黃先生持有香港中文大學EMBA碩士學位及香港嶺南大學商業管理學士學位。彼為執業會計師,乃英國特許會計師公會會資深會員、英格蘭及威爾斯特許會計師公會

資深會員及香港會計師公會會員。黃先生亦為香港董事學會資深會員。

		I	Number of	
			years of	
Name	Age	Position held	service	Business experience
姓名	年齡	職位	任職年數	商務經驗

Mr. Wong has over 32 years of corporate finance and financial management experience in Hong Kong and the PRC. Mr. Wong is an independent non-executive director of Prosperous Printing Company Limited, whose shares are listed on the GEM of the Stock Exchange. He was an independent non-executive director of Vico International Holdings Limited, whose shares are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, from January 2018 to March 2019. Prior to joining the Group in 2008, Mr. Wong has worked as the group financial controller and company secretary in a Hong Kong listed electronics manufacturing company for over 8 years; and as the finance director and company secretary in another Hong Kong listed wholesale and distribution company for over 4 years.

黃先生在香港及中國積累逾32年企業財務及財務管理方面之經驗。黃先生為股份於聯交所GEM上市之萬里印刷有限公司之獨立非執行董事。自二零一八年一月至二零一九年三月,彼為股份於聯交所主板上市之域高國際控股有限公司之獨立非執行董事。黃先生於二零零八年加入本集團前,曾於一間在香港上市之電子製造公司擔任集團財務總監及公司秘書逾8年;並曾於另一間在香港上市之批發及分銷公司擔任財務董事及公司秘書逾4年。

Name 姓名	Age 年齢	Position held 職位	Number of years of service 任職年數	Business experience 商務經驗
Non-executive Direc 非執行董事	ctors			
Chan Ho-man, Daniel 陳浩文	68	Non-executive director 非執行董事	27	Mr. Chan has been with the Group since 1996 and was the ex-chairman of the Group from June 2016 to January 2020. He is responsible for advising the management on the corporate strategy and policy development. Mr. Chan is an associate member of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Chan retired as the company secretary of Kin Yat Holdings Limited with effect from 1 September 2020, a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Mr. Chan has more than 44 years' accounting and corporate finance experience in Hong Kong. 陳先生於一九九六年加入本集團,並自二零一六年六月至二零二零年一月為本集團的前主席。彼負責就企業策略及政策發展向管理層提供意見。 陳先生為香港會計師公會會員。陳先生已自二零二零年九月一日起退任建溢集團有限公司之公司秘書,該公司於聯交所主板上市。陳先生具有逾44年香港會計及公司財務經驗。
Kimmel, Phillip Brian 柯民佑	71	Non-executive director 非執行董事	29	Mr. Kimmel has been with the Group since 1994. He is responsible for the Group's investors and customer relations. Mr. Kimmel has more than 47 years' extensive experience in the footwear industry. He holds a Bachelor's degree from the University of Southern California and a Master's degree from the University of Washington in China Regional Studies.

柯先生於一九九四年加入本集團。彼主要負責本集團之投資者及客戶關係事宜。柯先生在製鞋業有超過47年之豐富經驗。彼擁有美國南加州大

學學士學位及華盛頓大學中國研究碩士學位。

Name 姓名	Age 年齢	Position held 職位	Number of years of service 任職年數	Business experience 商務經驗
<u>~~~</u>	-T- #4	14% 1-22	1 <u>1</u> 144 — XX	1-2 J.J. ILL. J.M. L.W.
Dr. Chow Wing-kin, Anthony, SBS, J.P. 周永健博士 銀紫荊星章·太平紳士	73	Non-executive director 非執行董事	29	Dr. Chow serves as a member of the Nomination Committee and the Audit Committee of the Company. Dr. Chow is a solicitor admitted to practise in Hong Kong, England and Wales. He has been a practising solicitor in Hong Kong for over 43 years and is currently a senior consultant and global chairman of the law firm Messrs. Guantao & Chow Solicitors and Notaries. His principal areas of practice include corporate and commercial, property law, probate and civil litigation. Dr. Chow is a China-Appointed Attesting Officer, an arbitrator of South China International Economic and Trade Arbitration Commission/Shenzhen Court of International Arbitration and the chairman of Process Review Panel for the Financial Reporting Council. Dr. Chow was awarded the Honorary Fellowship of King's College London and the Doctor of Social Sciences, honoris causa, by The Open University of Hong Kong in 2018. Dr. Chow is currently a member of the National Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference. He is also an independent non-executive director of Ping An Healthcare and Technology Company Limited and Beijing North Star Company Limited, all are listed on the Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. He is also an independent non-executive director of OneConnect Financial Technology Co., Ltd., a company listed on the New York Stock Exchange. Dr. Chow was previously a non-executive director of China City Construction Group Holdings Limited, an independent non-executive director of Fountain Set (Holdings) Limited, MTR Corporation Limited, S.F. Holdings Co., Ltd., a company listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange, and the president of The Law Society of Hong Kong. He is also the former chairman of the Process Review Panel for the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong, the board of stewards of The Hong Kong Jockcy Club, and the former deputy chairman of the council of The Hong Kong Academy for performing Arts. He was appointed a Justice of the Peace in 1998 and awarded the Silver Bauhinia Star medal in 2003.

Number of vears of

NameAgePosition heldservice姓名年龄職位任職年數

Business experience

商務經驗

Independent Non-executive Directors 獨立非執行董事

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Tam King-ching, Kenny 譚競正 Independent non-executive director 獨立非執行董事

Mr. Tam serves as the Chairman of the Audit Committee, and a member of each of the Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee of the Company. He is a practising Certified Public Accountant in Hong Kong. He is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a member of Chartered Professional Accountants of Ontario, Canada. Mr. Tam is serving as a member of the Restructuring and Insolvency Faculty Executive Committee in the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He is a past president of The Society of Chinese Accountants and Auditors. Mr. Tam also serves as an independent non-executive director of six other listed companies on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, namely, Capital Industrial Financial Services Group Limited (formerly known as Shougang Concord Grand (Group) Limited), Starlite Holdings Limited, Hong Kong Shanghai Alliance Holdings Limited, BeijingWest Industries International Limited, West China Cement Limited and Wisdom Education International Holdings Company Limited. Mr. Tam was previously an independent non-executive director of two Hong Kong Listed companies, namely CCT Fortis Holdings Limited and GBA Holdings Limited (formerly known as Greater Bay Area Investments Group Holdings Limited) in the past three years.

譚先生為本公司審核委員會之主席、提名委員會及薪酬委員會之成員。 彼為香港執業會計師。彼為香港會計師公會之資深會員及加拿大安大略 省特許專業會計師公會會員。譚先生為香港會計師公會重整及破產管理 專項學會執行委員會委員。彼為香港華人會計師公會前任會長。譚先生 亦出任其他六間於聯交所主板上市之公司一首惠產業金融服務集團有限 公司(前稱首長四方(集團)有限公司)、星光集團有限公司、滬港聯合控 股有限公司、京西重工國際有限公司、中國西部水泥有限公司及光正教 育國際控股有限公司(前稱睿見教育國際控股有限公司)之獨立非執行董 事。譚先生於過去三年曾任兩間香港上市公司,即中建富通集團有限公司 司及GBA集團有限公司(前稱大灣區投資控股集團有限公司)的獨立非執 行董事。

Name 姓名	Age 年齢	Position held 職位	Number of years of service 任職年數	Business experience 商務經驗
Yung Tse-kwong, Steven 戎子江	73	Independent non-executive director 獨立非執行董事	17	Mr. Yung serves as the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee, and a member of each of the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee of the Company. Mr. Yung is also an independent non-executive director of ZJLD Group Inc. since April 2023. Mr. Yung was the former Chief Executive Officer of Imagi International Holdings Limited and was the former Chairman of Clear Media Limited, both of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. As Managing Partner of Glocal LLC, Mr. Yung has over 42 years' management experience from leading multinational companies in the media, entertainment, consumer, retail and FinTech industries. Mr. Yung began his career as a producer with Hong Kong Commercial Broadcasting Company Limited and has since held various senior management positions at The Coca-Cola Company in the United States of America and Asia, served as Regional Managing Director of AC Nielsen China, Hong Kong, Taiwan and Korea and as President of Nielsen Media International. He had been a director of the Cable and Satellite Broadcasting Association of Asia (CASBAA), and is currently a Director of the Child Development Matching Fund. 戏先生為本公司薪酬委員會主席,以及審核委員會及提名委員會成員。 戏先生亦自二零二三年四月起擔任珍酒李渡集團有限公司之獨立非執行董事。戎先生為意馬國際控股有限公司之前任行政總裁,並為白馬戶外媒體有限公司之前任主席,兩者均於聯交所主板上市。作為Glocal LLC之管理合夥人,戎先生擁有超過42年於領先跨國企業,包括媒體、娛樂、消費、零售及金融科技業務之管理經驗。戎先生的職途始於香港商業廣播有限公司,當時擔任監製一職,隨後曾於美國及亞洲地區可口可樂公司任職多個高級管理職位,擔任尼爾森之地區董事長專責中國、香港、台灣及韓國,及Nielsen Media International之總裁。彼曾任Cable and Satellite Broadcasting Association of Asia (CASBAA)董事,現為兒童發展配對基金董事。

			Number of	
			years of	
Name	Age	Position held	service	Business experience
姓名	年齡	職位	仼職年數	商務經驗
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	

Chan Mei-bo, Mabel 陳美寶 Independent non-executive director 獨立非執行董事 Ms. Chan serves as a member of each of the Audit Committee. Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee of the Company. Ms. Chan is the founder of Mabel Chan & Co, Certified Public Accountants (Practicing) and became the deputy managing partner of Grant Thornton Hong Kong Limited in 2016. Ms. Chan has over 30 years' experience in professional accounting field in Hong Kong. Ms. Chan serves as a member of the Air Transport Licensing Authority of HKSAR since August 2017, a member of the Trade and Industry Advisory Board of HKSAR since September 2017, a member of Hong Kong Business Facilitation Advisory Committee since July 2020, a member of Hong Kong Academy of Finance since December 2020, a member of the Independent Police Complaints Council since January 2021, a member of the Corruption Prevention Advisory Committees of the ICAC since January 2021, a council member of Hong Kong Association of Registered Public Interest Entity Auditors Limited since June 2021 and a member of HKSAR Election Committee since August 2021. In addition, she served as a council member of the Association of Women Accountants HK from January 2006 to March 2017 and the president of the aforesaid Institute in 2010, a member of the Council of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants from December 2007 to December 2018 and the president of the aforesaid Institute from December 2016 to December 2017. She served as the president of the Society of Chinese Accountants and Auditors from December 2009 to December 2010, a member of Barristers Disciplinary Tribunal Panel of Hong Kong from May 2010 to May 2020, a school board member of Hong Kong Baptist University from January 2013 to December 2018, a member of the Appeal Panel (Housing) of Hong Kong from April 2014 to March 2018, a member of Small and Medium Enterprises Committee of HKSAR from January 2015 to December 2020, a member of the Securities and Futures Appeals Tribunal of HKSAR from April 2017 to March 2023, and a member of the Export Credit Insurance Corporation Advisory Board of HKSAR from July 2017 to June 2023.

陳女士為本公司審核委員會、提名委員會及薪酬委員會之成員。陳女士 為陳美寶會計師事務所的創辦人,並於二零一六年成為致同(香港)會計 師事務所有限公司副管理合夥人。陳女士於香港之專業會計方面擁有逾 30年經驗。陳女士於二零一七年八月起擔任香港空運牌照局成員,於二 零一七年九月起擔任香港工業貿易諮詢委員會委員,於二零二零年七月 起擔任香港方便營商諮詢委員會委員,於二零二零年十二月起擔任香港 金融學院會員,於二零二一年一月起擔任獨立監察警方處理投訴委員會 成員,於二零二一年一月起擔任廉政公署防止貪污諮詢委員會成員,於 零二一年六月起擔任香港上市公司審核師協會理事會成員,並於二 一年八月起擔任香港特別行政區選舉委員會委員。此外,彼於二零零 六年一月至二零一七年三月擔任香港女會計師協會的理事並於二零一 零年擔任會長,於二零零七年十二月至二零一八年十二月擔任香港會計師公會理事會理事並於二零一六年十二月至二零一七年十二月擔任會 即公曾理事曾理事业於一零一六年十二月至一零一七年十二月擔任曾長,於二零零九年十二月至二零一零年十二月擔任香港華人會計師公會會長,於二零一零年五月至二零二零年五月擔任香港大律師紀律審裁團成員,於二零一三年一月至二零一八年十二月擔任香港上訴委員會(房屋) 成員,於二零一五年一月至二零二零年十二月擔任香港中小型企業委員 會委員,於二零一七年四月至二零二三年三月擔任香港證券及期貨事務 上訴審裁處成員,並於二零一七年七月至二零二三年六月擔任香港出口 信用保險局諮詢委員會委員。

Number	of
years	of

service

任職年數

NameAgePosition held姓名年齡職位

Business experience

商務經驗

Ms. Chan holds a master degree of business administration from the Hong Kong University of Science and Technology in 2000 and a degree of Bachelor of Arts (Hons) in accountancy from City Polytechnic of Hong Kong (now known as City University of Hong Kong) in 1993. Ms. Chan is a Certified Public Accountant (Practicing) in Hong Kong, a fellow member of The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, a council member and an associate member of The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, an associate member of The Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales and a member of CPA Australia.

Ms. Chan currently serves as an independent non-executive director of another listed company on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, namely, Renrui Human Resources Technology Holdings Limited. Ms. Chan was an independent non-executive director of a listed company on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, namely Bank of Zhengzhou Co., Ltd. during the period from June 2015 to December 2021.

陳女士於二零零零年獲得香港科技大學工商管理碩士學位,並於一九九三年獲香港城市理工學院(現時稱為香港城市大學)頒授文學學士(榮譽)學位,主修會計。陳女士為香港執業會計師、英國特許公認會計師公會之資深會員、香港會計師公會會員理事及會員、英格蘭和威爾斯特許會計師公會會員及澳洲會計師公會會員。

陳女士現時擔任另一家於聯交所主板上市公司(即人瑞人才科技控股有限公司)的獨立非執行董事。陳女士曾於二零一五年六月至二零二一年十二月期間擔任一家於聯交所主板上市公司(即鄭州銀行股份有限公司)的獨立非執行董事。

Name 姓名	Age 年齢	Position held 職位	Number of years of service	Business experience 本致如睡
<u>姓伯</u>	十二	40.1万	<u></u> 任職年數	商務經驗
Wong Hin-wing, MH 黃顯榮,榮譽勛章	60	Independent non-executive director (appointed on 1 January 2023) 獨立非執行董事 (於二零二三年一月一日 獲委任)	N/A 不適用	Mr. Wong serves as a member of each of the Audit Committee, Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee of the Company. Mr. Wong holds a master's degree in executive business administration from The Chinese University of Hong Kong. He is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England & Wales, the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, the Hong Kong Institute of Directors and the Chartered Governance Institute. He is also a member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a chartered member of the Chartered Institute for Securities & Investment. Mr. Wong was awarded the Medal of Honour by the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region.

Number of years of

service

Name Position held Age 姓名

年齡 職位 任職年數 **Business experience**

商務經驗

Mr. Wong is currently an independent non-executive director of Jiangxi Bank Co., Ltd. (a public company with H shares listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1916)), Zhaoke Ophthalmology Limited (a public company listed on the Stock Exchange (Stock Code 6622)) and C Cheng Holdings Limited (a public company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1486)). Mr. Wong served as an independent nonexecutive director of AEON Credit Service (Asia) Company Limited (a public company listed on the Stock Exchange (Stock code: 900)) from October 2004 to June 2020, CRCC High-Tech Equipment Corporation Limited (a public company with H shares listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1786)) from November 2015 to October 2022, Dongjiang Environmental Company Limited (a public company with A shares listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange (stock code: 002672) and H shares listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code:895)) from June 2014 to December 2020, Guangzhou Baiyunshan Pharmaceutical Holdings Company Limited (a public company with A shares listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange (stock code: 600332) and H shares listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 874)) from June 2017 to May 2023, Inner Mongolia Yitai Coal Co., Ltd. (a public company with B shares listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange (stock code: 900948) and H shares listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 3948)) from May 2017 to May 2023 and Wine's Link International Holdings Limited (a public company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 8509)) from December 2017 to March 2023. Save as disclosed herein, Mr. Wong did not hold any directorship in other public companies the securities of which are listed in Hong Kong or overseas in the last three years.

黃先生現為江西銀行股份有限公司(於聯交所上市H股(股份代號:1916) 之公眾公司)、兆科眼科有限公司(於聯交所上市(股份代號:6622)之公 眾公司) 及思城控股有限公司(於聯交所上市(股份代號:1486)之公眾 公司) 之獨立非執行董事。黃先生分別於二零零四年十月至二零二零年 六月、二零一五年十一月至二零二二年十月、二零一四年六月至二零二 零年十二月、二零一七年六月至二零二三年五月、二零一七年五月至二 零二三年五月及二零一七年十二月至二零二三年三月擔任AEON信貸財 務(亞洲)有限公司(於聯交所上市(股份代號:900)之公眾公司)、中國鐵 建高新裝備股份有限公司(於聯交所上市H股(股份代號:1786)之公眾 公司)、東江環保股份有限公司(於深圳證券交易所上市A股(股票代碼: 002672) 及聯交所上市H股(股份代號:895) 之公眾公司)、廣州白雲山 醫藥集團股份有限公司(於上海證券交易所上市A股(股票代碼:600332) 及聯交所上市H股(股份代號:874)之公眾公司)、內蒙古伊泰煤炭股份 有限公司(於上海證券交易所上市B股(股票代碼:900948)及聯交所上 市H股(股份代號:3948)之公眾公司)及威揚酒業國際控股有限公司(於 聯交所上市之(股份代號:8509)公眾公司)之獨立非執行董事。除本公 告所披露者外,黄先生於過去三年並無於證券在香港或海外上市之其他 公眾公司擔任任何董事職位。

Number of	
years of	
service	

任職年數

Position held

職位

Age

年龄

Name

姓名

Business experience

商務經驗

Mr. Wong is a member of the Anhui Provincial Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference, a panel member of Accounting and Financial Reporting Review Tribunal, a member of the Construction Industry Council, the Betting and Lotteries Commission and the Medical Council of Hong Kong as well as a board member of Ocean Park Corporation.

Mr. Wong is the managing partner and responsible officer of Hermitage Capital HK Limited, a private equity firm licensed under the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong). Prior to this, he had worked with an international audit firm for four years and then a listed company as chief financial officer for seven years, after which he co-founded Silk Road International Capital Limited (a licensed corporation formerly known as Legend Capital Partners Inc.) and led the company as the executive director and responsible officer for twentythree years. Overall, he has over three decades of solid experience in corporate management and governance, investment management and advisory, accounting and finance.

黃先生為中國人民政治協商會議安徽省委員會委員、會計及財務匯報覆 核審裁處委員、建造業議會、博彩及獎券事務委員會、香港醫務委員會 之委員及海洋公園公司董事會成員。

黃先生為香港法例第571章證券及期貨條例項下之持牌私募股權公司和 暄資本香港有限公司之管理合夥人及持牌負責人。擔任此要職前,彼曾 於一家國際核數師行任職達四年,及後亦於一家上市公司出任首席財務 官達七年,之後與他人共同創立了絲路國際資本有限公司(一家持牌法 團,前稱安里俊投資有限公司),並擔任公司執行董事及持牌負責人達 二十三年。總而言之,彼在企業管理及管治、投資管理及顧問以及會計 及財務方面擁有超過三十年之豐富經驗。

Name 姓名 Senior Management 高級管理層	Age 年齡	Position held 職位	Number of years of service 任職年數	Business experience 商務經驗
Lai Chi-hang, David 黎志恆	56	Group financial controller 集團財務總監	30	Mr. David Lai has been with the Group since 1993 and is a member of the ESG working group of the Company. He is responsible for the Group's accounting and financial management and serves as a director for the subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Lai holds a Master's degree in business administration from University of Wales. He has more than 34 years' experience in auditing, financial accounting and financial management. 黎志恆先生於一九九三年加入本集團並為本公司環境、社會及管治工作小組成員。彼負責本集團之會計及財務管理並擔任本公司附屬公司董事。黎先生持有威爾斯大學工商管理碩士學位。彼具有超過34年核數、財務會計及財務管理經驗。
Chen Zi-yun, Fiona Apple 陳子芸	40	Assistant to Chief Executive Officer 行政總裁助理	16	Ms. Fiona Apple Chen has been with the Group since 2007. She is a member of the ESG working group of the Company and also serves as a director of the subsidiaries of the Company. She was previously the Managing Director and was in charge of the Group's retailing business. She assists the Chief Executive Officer for the implementation of corporate strategies and coordination among different departments and business units of the Group. She is responsible for the overall administration and management information systems of the Group and oversees the Group's business operation in Taiwan. She holds a Bachelor's degree from National Taiwan University in International Business. After graduation, she studied footwear design at De Montfort University, the United Kingdom. Ms. Chen is a daughter of Madam Huang Hsiu-duan, Helen and a sister of Mr. Chen Yi-wu, Ares. 陳子芸小姐自二零零七年加入本集團。彼為本公司環境、社會及管治工作小組成員,亦擔任本公司附屬公司董事。彼先前為董事總經理,負責本集團的零售業務。彼現協助行政總裁落實企業戰略及各部門與本集團業務單位之間的協調。彼負責本集團的整體行政與管理資訊系統及監管本集團台灣的業務營運。彼擁有國立台灣大學學士學位,主修國際商務。畢業後,彼在英國De Montfort University繼續深造,主修鞋類設計。陳小姐為黃秀端女士之女兒,並為陳奕舞先生的姐姐。

Name 姓名	Age 年齢	Position held 職位	Number of years of service 任職年數	Business experience 商務經驗
Wertz Todd Anthony 文德光	54	Vice President, Marketing and Business development	5	Mr. Todd Wertz joined the Group in January 2018. He is responsible for the Group's sales and marketing, business development and in charge of the R&D center in Zhuhai factory. Mr. Wertz has over 30

市場推廣及

業務發展副總裁

years' experience in the footwear industry. Prior joining the Group, Mr. Wertz served as a Regional President (Asia) in K-Swiss International Manufacturing Limited ("K-Swiss") from 1998 to 2017. He was mainly responsible for the establishment of legal entities and standard operating procedures for quality control, in charge of the manufacturing and supply chain management within APAC, including Vietnam, Indonesia, Hong Kong, Thailand, China and Taiwan; and the management of planning and operations with OEM factories. Before joining K-Swiss, Mr. Wertz served as a sales manager in Trust Leather Company and as a SMU manager in K-Swiss International from 1992 to 1993 and from 1993 to 1994 respectively. From 1995 to 1998, he served as a Line Planner and Finished Goods Buyer in Pearl Izumi. In 2017, Mr. Wertz also established Lysi Solutions to act as OEM sourcing strategist and turnaround specialist on helping companies to optimize their supply chains, quality enhancement, software integration management, corporate trainings and providing profitability solutions.

Mr. Wertz holds a bachelor degree of Arts in International Relations from the University of Colorado in 1991. He also studied in Tunghai University for several intensive Mandarin Chinese language study programs.

文德光先生於二零一八年一月加入本集團,主要負責本集團的銷售、市場推廣及業務發展以及主要負責珠海廠的研發中心。文先生於鞋履行業擁有逾30年經驗。彼在加入本集團前,於一九九八年至二零一七年擔任K-Swiss International Manufacturing Limited (「K-Swiss」)的區域總裁(亞洲)。文先生主要負責成立法律實體及制訂質量控制的標準操作程序,並負責亞太地區的製造及供應鏈管理,包括越南、印尼、香港、泰國、中國及台灣;以及負責管理OEM工廠的規劃及營運。彼在加入K-Swiss前,分別於一九九二年至一九九三年及一九九三年至一九九四年擔任Trust Leather Company的銷售經理及K-Swiss International的SMU經理。彼曾於一九九五年至一九九八年於Pearl Izumi擔任生產線規劃師及成品採購員。二零一七年,文先生還成立了Lysi Solutions,並擔任OEM採購策略師及企業再造專家,以協助企業優化其供應鏈、提升質量、管理軟件集成、企業培訓及提供盈利解決方案。

文先生於一九九一年獲得科羅拉多大學國際關係文學學士學位。彼亦曾於東海大學修讀多項普通話漢語學習精研課程。

Name 姓名	Age 年齢	Position held 職位	Number of years of service 任職年數	Business experience 商務經驗
Huang Chun-hua, Charles 黃春華	63	Vice General Manager 副總經理	40	Mr. Charles Huang has been with the Group since 1983. He is currently in charge of the overall factory sourcing and operations of the Company. Mr. Huang has more than 40 years' experience in the footwear industry. Mr. Huang is the brother of Madam Huang Hsiu-duan, Helen. 黃春華先生於一九八三年加入本集團。現時主要負責本公司所有工廠之採購及營運。黃先生在製鞋業有超過40年之經驗。黃先生為黃秀端女士之胞弟。
Yang Mu-lang 楊木龍	62	Vice General Manager 副總經理	19	Mr. Yang has been with the Group since 2004. He is in charge of the factory operation in Zhuhai. With effect from 1 January 2021, Mr. Yang has promoted to Vice General Manager and in charge of the factory production in Vietnam. Mr. Yang has more than 39 years' experience in footwear factory. 楊先生於二零零四年加入本集團,主要負責珠海廠之營運。自二零二一年一月一日起,楊先生晉升為副總經理並主要負責越南廠之生產事宜。楊先生在製鞋廠有超過39年之經驗。
Su Yi-ren 蘇義仁	37	Assistant General Manager 協理	11	Mr. Su has been with the Group since 2012. He was in charge of the quality control management of the Company and lead multiple functions in Cambodia in 2015. He has promoted to Assistant General Manager of a subsidiary of the Group and in charge of the factory operation in Cambodia in 2021. Mr. Su has more than 11 years experience in the footwear industry. Mr. Su is the son-in-law of Madam Huang Hsiu-duan, Helen. 蘇先生於二零一二年加入本集團。彼於二零一五年主要負責本公司質量控制管理並於柬埔寨領導多個職能部門。彼於二零二一年晉升為本集團附屬公司之協理,主要負責柬埔寨廠之營運。蘇先生在製鞋業有超過11年之經驗。蘇先生為黃秀端女士之女婿。



The directors (the "Directors") of the Company present their report and the audited financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2023.

本公司董事(「董事」) 謹此提呈董事會報告及本 公司與其附屬公司(「本集團」)截至二零二三年 三月三十一日止年度之經審核財務報表。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of the principal subsidiaries are set out in note 34 to the financial statements. There were no significant changes in the nature of the principal activities of the Group during the vear.

主要業務

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。主要附屬公司 之主要業務載於財務報表附註34。本集團主要 業務之性質在本年度並無重大變動。

BUSINESS REVIEW

A discussion and analysis of the activities of the Group as required by Schedule 5 to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, including a fair review of the business, a discussion of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group, particulars of important events affecting the Group that have occurred since the end of the financial year 2023, and an indication of likely future development in the Group's business, are provided in the sections headed "Chairman's Statement", "Management Discussion and Analysis", and "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" set out on pages 6 to 74 of this annual report.

業務回顧

香港公司條例附表五所規定之本集團活動之討 論與分析,包括對業務之中肯審閱、本集團面臨 的主要風險和不明朗因素之討論、在二零二三 年財政年度完結後發生並對本集團有影響的重 大事件的詳情及本集團業務日後可能發展的指 標,載於本年報第6至74頁的「主席報告」、「管理 層討論及分析」和「環境、社會及管治報告」各節 內。

For the year ended 31 March 2023 and up to the date of this report, to the best knowledge of the Directors, the Group complied with applicable laws, rules and regulations in all material respects.

於截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度及直至 本報告日期,就董事所知,本集團於所有重大方 面遵守適用法律、規則及法規。

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The Group's profit for the year ended 31 March 2023 and the Group's financial position at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 138 to 270.

業績及股息

本集團於截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度 之溢利及本集團於該日之財務狀況載於第138 至270頁的財務報表。

An interim dividend of HK1.8 cents per ordinary share and a special interim dividend of HK0.5 cent per ordinary share was paid on 7 February 2023. The Directors recommend the payment of a final dividend of HK2.0 cents per ordinary share and a special final dividend of HK0.2 cent per ordinary share in respect of the year to shareholders on the register of members on Tuesday, 5 September 2023. Details are set out in note 12 to the financial statements. Subject to the passing of the relevant resolution at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company, the final and special final dividends will be payable on or about Monday, 25 September 2023 in cash in Hong Kong dollars.

本團團已於二零二三年二月七日派付中期股息每股普通股1.8港仙及特別中期股息每股普通股0.5港仙。董事建議派發本年度末期股息每股普通股0.2港仙予於二零二三年九月五日(星期二)名列股東名冊之股東。詳情載於財務報表附註12。待於本公司應屆股東週年大會上通過有關決議案後,有關末期及特別末期股息將於二零二三年九月二十五日(星期一)或前後以港元現金派付。

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

Entitlement to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting

The Annual General Meeting of the Company is scheduled to be held on 28 August 2023. For determining the entitlement to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Wednesday, 23 August 2023 to Monday, 28 August 2023, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares will be registered. In order to be entitled to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting, all duly completed transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong, Tricor Tengis Limited, at 17th Floor, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong, for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Tuesday, 22 August 2023.

Entitlement to the proposed final and special final dividends

The record date for entitlement to the proposed final and special final dividends is Tuesday, 5 September 2023. For determining the entitlement to the proposed final and special final dividends, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Friday, 1 September 2023 to Tuesday, 5 September 2023, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares will be registered. In order to qualify for the proposed final and special final dividends, all duly completed transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong, Tricor Tengis Limited, for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Thursday, 31 August 2023.

暫停辦理股份過戶登記

出席股東週年大會並於會上投票的資格

獲派擬派末期及特別末期股息的資格

獲派擬派末期及特別末期股息的資格之記錄日期為二零二三年九月五日(星期二)。為釐定獲派擬派末期及特別末期股息的資格,本公司將自二零二三年九月一日(星期五)至二零二三年九月五日(星期二)(包括首尾兩日)暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續。為符合資格獲派擬份過戶登記手續。為符合資格獲派擬份過戶 表格連同有關股票,須不遲於二零二三年八月 表格連同有關股票,須不遲於二零二三年八月 三十一日(星期四)下午四時三十分,送達本公司之香港股份過戶登記分處卓佳登捷時有限公司,以辦理登記手續。

SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out below. This summary does not form part of the audited financial statements.

財務資料概要

本集團於過往五個財政年度之業績及資產與負債之概要載列如下。本概要並非經審核財務報表之一部分。

Results

業績

	Year ended 31 March 截至三月三十一日止年度				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
	二零二三年	二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二零年	二零一九年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
RESULTS 業績					
REVENUE 收益	1,061,974	842,687	804,720	1,050,064	1,100,649
PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAX					
除稅前溢利/(虧損)	50,320	(33,522)	83,884	(73,790)	5,956
Income tax credit/(expenses) 所得稅抵免/(開支)	3,616	13,703	(4,100)	20,783	27,978
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR 年內溢利/(虧損)	53,936	(19,819)	79,784	(53,007)	33,934
Attributable to: 下列各項應佔:					
Equity holders of the Company 本公司權益持有人	53,410	(18,035)	88,098	(51,386)	35,593
Non-controlling interests 非控股權益	526	(1,784)	(8,314)	(1,621)	(1,659)
	53,936	(19,819)	79,784	(53,007)	33,934

Assets and liabilities

資產及負債

	As at 31 March 於三月三十一日				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
	二零二三年	二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二零年	二零一九年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元_
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 物業、廠房及設備	153,676	172,992	185,271	208,531	250,454
RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS 使用權資產	67,870	71,359	70,581	73,356	-
PREPAID LAND LEASE PAYMENTS 預付土地租賃款項	-	_	_	_	85,744
INVESTMENT PROPERTIES 投資物業	497,360	546,724	547,653	398,711	203,565
INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES 聯營公司投資	96,520	63,973	31,457	17,817	38,501
INVESTMENTS IN CLUB MEMBERSHIPS 會所會籍投資	1,800	1,845	1,885	1,924	1,970
CURRENT ASSETS 流動資產	770,733	800,439	806,558	827,252	920,389
TOTAL ASSETS 總資產	1,587,959	1,657,332	1,643,405	1,527,591	1,500,623
		(
CURRENT LIABILITIES 流動負債	(271,883)	(324,743)	(280,270)	(289,429)	(338,814)
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 非流動負債	(101,420)	(112,848)	(107,883)	(59,525)	(25,156)
TOTAL LIABILITIES 總負債	(373,303)	(437,591)	(388,153)	(348,954)	(363,970)
		· .	<u> </u>	·	<u> </u>
NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS 非控股權益	(9,439)	(8,913)	(10,697)	(19,011)	(18,721)
	1,205,217	1,210,828	1,244,555	1,159,626	1,117,932



SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE OPTIONS

Details of movements in the Company's share capital and share options during the year, together with the reasons therefor, are set out in notes 25 and 26 to the financial statements, respectively.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the bye-laws of the Company or the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing shareholders.

PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the year, the Company repurchased its 1,446,000 shares on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") and these shares were cancelled by the Company during the year. The Directors considered that the share repurchases are beneficial to the shareholders of the Company who retain their investments in the Company. Details of the share repurchases are set out below:

股本及購股權

年內,本公司股本及購股權變動之詳情及理由 分別載於財務報表附註25及26。

優先購買權

本公司之公司細則或百慕達一九八一年公司法 概無有關優先購買權之規定,故本公司毋須按 比例向現有股東發行新股。

購買、贖回或出售本公司之上市證 券

年內,本公司於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」) 購回其1,446,000股股份及本公司於年度內註銷該等股份。董事認為,股份購回對保留了於本公司之投資之本公司股東有利。購回股份詳情載列如下:

	Number of shares	Highest price	Lowest price	Aggregate consideration (excluding
	repurchased	per share	•	transaction cost) 總代價
Month/Year 年/月	購回之股份數目	每股最高價	每股最低價	(不包括交易成本)
		HK\$ 港元	HK\$ 港元	HK\$'000 千港元
April 2022 二零二二年四月	1,336,000	1.11	1.03	1,449
August 2022 二零二二年八月	110,000	0.96	0.95	105
Total 總計	1,446,000			1,554

Further details of these transactions are set out in note 25 to the financial statements.

該等交易之進一步詳情載於財務報表附註25。

Apart from the above, neither the Company, nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 March 2023.

除上文所披露者外,於截至二零二三年三月 三十一日止年度,本公司或其任何附屬公司概 無購買、贖回或出售本公司之任何上市證券。

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

根據百慕達一九八一年公司法計算,於二零 二三年三月三十一日,本公司可供分派之儲備 為492,538,000港元,其中報告期後擬派年度 末期股息為13.616.000港元及特別末期股息為 1,361,000港元。此外,本公司之股份溢價賬為 89,637,000港元,可以繳足紅股之方式分派。

可供分派儲備

As at 31 March 2023, the Company's reserves available for distribution, calculated in accordance with the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda, amounted to HK\$492,538,000, of which HK\$13,616,000 has been proposed as a final dividend and HK\$1,361,000 as a special final dividend for the year after the reporting period. In addition, the Company's share premium account, in the amount of HK\$89,637,000, may be distributed in the form of fully paid bonus shares.

CHARITABLE CONTRIBUTIONS

During the year, the Group made charitable contributions totaling HK\$162,000 (2022: HK\$185,000).

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

In the year under review, the Group's sales to the five largest customers accounted for 95.8% of the total sales for the year and sales to the largest customer included therein amounted to 63.1%. Purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for less than 26% of the total purchases for the year.

None of the directors of the Company or any of their close associates or any shareholders of the Company (which, to the best knowledge of the directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers and suppliers.

慈善捐款

年內,本集團作出慈善捐款合共162,000港元 (二零二二年:185,000港元)。

主要客戶及供應商

於回顧年度內,本集團對五大客戶之銷售額佔 本年度總銷售額95.8%,而其中本集團對最大客 戶之銷售額則佔63.1%。本集團向五大供應商之 採購額佔本年度總採購額少於26%。

本公司董事或其任何緊密聯繫人或就董事所知 擁有本公司已發行股本5%以上之任何本公司股 東均無擁有本集團五大客戶及供應商之任何實 益權益。



DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors:

Mdm. Huang Hsiu-duan, Helen

Mr. Wong Hei-chiu Mr. Chen Yi-wu, Ares

Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Chan Ho-man, Daniel Mr. Kimmel, Phillip Brian

Dr. Chow Wing-kin, Anthony, SBS, J.P.

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Tam King-ching, Kenny Mr. Yung Tse-kwong, Steven Ms. Chan Mei-bo, Mabel Mr. Wong Hin-wing, MH

(appointed with effect from 1 January 2023)

Pursuant to bye-law 87 of the bye-laws of the Company, Mdm. Huang Hsiu-duan, Helen, Mr. Wong Hei-chiu, Mr. Kimmel, Phillip Brian and Mr. Yung Tse-kwong, Steven will retire as Directors in accordance with the Bye-laws. Mdm. Huang Hsiuduan, Helen, Mr. Wong Hei-chiu and, Mr. Kimmel, Phillip Brian, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the Annual General Meeting. Mr. Yung Tse-kwong, Steven will retire and has decided not to seek for re-election at the Annual General Meeting. Accordingly, Mr. Yung Tse-kwong, Steven will cease to be an independent non-executive Director, the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee and a member of each of the Audit Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company upon the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting.

Pursuant to the bye-law 86(2) of the Company, Mr. Wong Hinwing, being independent non-executive Director of the Company newly appointed with effect from 1 January 2023 will retire from the Board at the Annual General Meeting and, being eligible, offer himself for re-election.

董事

年內及截至本報告當日本公司之董事如下:

執行董事:

黃秀端女士 黃禧超先生 陳奕舞先生

非執行董事:

陳浩文先生 柯民佑先生

周永健博士,銀紫荊星章、太平紳士

獨立非執行董事:

譚競正先生 戎子江先生 陳美寶女士

黃顯榮先生,榮譽勛章

(自二零二三年一月一日起獲委任)

根據本公司之公司細則第87條規定,黃秀端女士、黃禧超先生、柯民佑先生及戎子江先生將根據細則退任董事。黃秀端女士、黃禧超先生及柯民佑先生將符合資格及願意於股東週年大會上腐選連任。戎子江先生將於股東週年大會上退任及決定不尋求重選。因此,於股東週年大會結束時,戎子江先生將不再為本公司獨立非執行董事、薪酬委員會主席以及審核委員會及提名委員會成員。

根據本公司細則第86(2)條,自二零二三年一月 一日起新委任為本公司獨立非執行董事的黃顯 榮先生將於股東週年大會上退任董事會成員, 並符合資格及願意膺選連任。

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

None of the Directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The Directors' remuneration is recommended by the Remuneration Committee and subject to approval by the Company's board of Directors with reference to Directors' duties, responsibilities and performance and the results of the Group.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

According to the bye-laws of the Company, the Directors for the time being of the Company shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets and profits of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them, shall or may incur or sustain by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about, the execution of their duty in their respective offices. The Company has maintained appropriate directors liability insurance in respect of legal action against the Directors during the year ended 31 March 2023.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

董事之服務合約

擬於應屆股東週年大會上重選之董事概無與本公司訂立本公司一年內不作賠償(法定賠償除外)則不得終止之服務合約。

董事酬金

董事酬金由薪酬委員會建議,並須待本公司董 事會參考董事職責、責任及表現,以及本集團業 績而批准釐定。

獲准許的彌償保證條文

根據本公司之公司細則,本公司當時之董事可從本公司的資產及利潤獲得彌償,該等人士或任何該等人士因執行各自的職務時因所作出、發生的作為或不作為而招致或蒙受或可能招致或蒙受的所有訴訟、費用、收費、損失、損害及開支,可獲確保免於就此受任何損害。於截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,本公司已為針對董事的法律訴訟投購適當的董事責任保險。

管理合約

年內概無訂立或存有任何有關本公司整體或任 何重大業務部分之管理及行政合約。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

The related party transactions as set out in note 29 to the financial statements constitute connected transactions of the Company and are exempted from the reporting, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. The Company confirmed that it has complied with the applicable disclosure requirements of Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. Apart from those transactions disclosed in note 29 to the financial statements, no Director nor a connected entity of a director had a material beneficial interest, either directly or indirectly, in any transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party during the year.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 March 2023, the interests and short positions of the Directors in the share capital and underlying shares of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")), as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code"), were as follows:

董事於交易、安排或合約之權益

財務報表附註29載列之關聯方交易構成本公司 之關連交易,及獲豁免遵守上市規則第14A章所 載有關申報、公告及獨立股東批准之規定。本 公司確認已遵守上市規則第14A章之適用披露 規定。除財務報表附註29所披露交易外,年內, 各董事或董事之關連實體在本公司或其任何附 屬公司所訂立且與本集團業務有重大關係之交 易、安排或合約中,並無直接或間接擁有重大實 益權益。

董事於股份及相關股份所擁有之權 益及淡倉

於二零二三年三月三十一日,董事於本公司或 其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例(「證券及期 貨條例」)第XV部)之股本及相關股份中擁有按本 公司根據證券及期貨條例第352條須存置之登 記冊所示,或根據上市發行人董事進行證券交 易之標準守則(「標準守則」)須另行知會本公司 及聯交所之權益及淡倉如下:

Long positions in ordinary shares of the Company:

本公司普通股之好倉:

Number of shares held, capacity and nature of interest 所持股份數目、身份及權益性質

				Percentage
	Directly	Through		of the
	beneficially	controlled		Company's
	owned	corporation	Total	issued shares
				佔本公司
	直接	透過		已發行股份
Name of director 董事姓名	實益擁有	受控制法團	總計	之百分比
Mdm. Huang Hsiu-duan, Helen 黃秀端女士	500,000	263,960,041	264,460,041	38.85%
		(Note 1)		
		(附註1)		
Mr. Chen Yi-wu, Ares 陳奕舞先生	12,235,000	-	12,235,000	1.80%
	(Note 2)			
	(附註2)			
Mr. Wong Hei-chiu 黃禧超先生	3,855,000	-	3,855,000	0.57%
	(Note 3)			
	(附註3)			
Mr. Chan Ho-man, Daniel 陳浩文先生	6,540,000	-	6,540,000	0.96%
	(Note 4)			
	(附註4)			
Mr. Kimmel, Phillip Brian 柯民佑先生	2,000,000	-	2,000,000	0.29%
Dr. Chow Wing-kin, Anthony, SBS, J.P.	3,343,000	-	3,343,000	0.49%
周永健博士,銀紫荊星章、太平紳士				
Mr. Tam King-ching, Kenny 譚競正先生	510,000	-	510,000	0.07%
Mr. Yung Tse-kwong, Steven 戎子江先生	1,900,000	-	1,900,000	0.28%

Note:

- These shares comprised 263,960,041 shares held by King Strike Limited. The issued share capital of King Strike Limited is owned by Mdm. Huang Hsiu-duan, Helen as to approximately 38.04% and her four children (including Mr. Chen Yi-wu, Ares) in aggregate as to 61.96%.
- These shares comprised 12,085,000 shares held by Mr. Chen Yi-wu, Ares and 150,000 unvested awarded shares held by the trustee under the Share Award Scheme. Those awarded shares shall be vested on 25 December 2023.

- 附註:
- 1. 此等股份包括由King Strike Limited持有的 263,960,041股股份。King Strike Limited的已發 行股本由黃秀端女士擁有約38.04%及其四名子 女(包括陳奕舞先生)合共擁有61.96%。
- 2. 此等股份包括由陳奕舞先生持有的12,085,000 股股份及受託人根據股份獎勵計劃持有的 150,000股未歸屬獎勵股份。該等獎勵股份應於 二零二三年十二月二十五日歸屬。

- These shares comprised 3,645,000 shares held by Mr. Wong Heichiu and 210,000 unvested awarded shares held by the trustee under the Share Award Scheme. Those awarded shares shall be vested on 25 December 2023.
- These shares comprised 6,390,000 shares held by Mr. Chan Homan, Daniel and 150,000 unvested awarded shares held by the trustee under the Share Award Scheme. Those awarded shares
- shall be vested on 25 December 2023.

Long positions in share options of the Company:

- 此等股份包括由黃禧超先生持有的3.645.000 股股份及受託人根據股份獎勵計劃持有的 210,000股未歸屬獎勵股份。該等獎勵股份應於 二零二三年十二月二十五日歸屬。
- 此等股份包括由陳浩文先生持有的6,390,000 股股份及受託人根據股份獎勵計劃持有的 150,000股未歸屬獎勵股份。該等獎勵股份應於 二零二三年十二月二十五日歸屬。

本公司普通股之好倉:

Number of options directly beneficially owned 直接實益擁有之 購股權數目

Name of Director 董事姓名

F.,	Discotosso.	劫仁莘市	
Executive	Directors:	 	

Mr. Chen Yi-wu, Ares 陳奕舞先生	850,000
Mr. Wong Hei-chiu 黃禧超先生	1,200,000

Non-executive Directors: 非執行董事:

Mr. Chan Ho-man, Daniel 陳浩文先生	700,000
Mr. Kimmel, Phillip Brian 柯民佑先生	500,000
Dr. Chow Wing-kin, Anthony, SBS, J.P. 周永健博士,銀紫荊星章、太平紳士	245,000

Independent Non-executive Directors: 獨立非執行董事:

Mr. Tam King-ching, Kenny 譚競正先生	500,000
Mr. Yung Tse-kwong, Steven 戎子江先生	500,000
Ms. Chan Mei-bo, Mabel 陳美寶女士	500,000

4,995,000

In addition to the above, certain Directors have non-beneficial personal equity interests in certain subsidiaries held for the benefit of the Company solely for the purpose of complying with the minimum company membership requirements.

除上述者外,若干董事純粹為符合公司股東最 低數目規定而代本公司持有若干附屬公司之非 實益個人股權。

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2023, none of the Directors had registered an interest or short position in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations that was required to be recorded pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

除上文所披露者外,於二零二三年三月三十一日,概無董事登記擁有根據證券及期貨條例第 352條須予登記,或根據標準守則須另行知會本 公司及聯交所之於本公司或其任何相聯法團股 份、相關股份或債券之權益或淡倉。

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed in the share option scheme disclosures in note 26 to the financial statements, at no time during the year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Directors or their respective spouses or minor children, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

Details of the Company's share option scheme are disclosed in note 26 to the financial statements.

SHARE AWARD SCHEME

Details of the Company's share award scheme are disclosed in note 26 to the financial statements.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Other than the share option scheme and share award scheme of the Company, no equity-linked agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing shares or that require the Company to enter into any agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing shares were entered into by the Company during the year or subsisted at the end of the year.

董事購買股份或債券之權利

除財務報表附註26所披露有關購股權計劃之資料外,於年內任何時間,任何董事或彼等各自之配偶或未成年子女並無獲授或行使任何可藉購入本公司股份或債券而獲益之權利;或本公司或其任何附屬公司亦無參與任何安排,致使董事可購買任何其他法團之該等權利。

購股權計劃

本公司購股權計劃之詳情於財務報表附註26中 披露。

股份獎勵計劃

本公司股份獎勵計劃之詳情於財務報表附註26 中披露。

股票掛鈎協議

除本公司的購股權計劃及股份獎勵計劃外,於 年內或年度結束時,本公司概無訂立或存在任 何股票掛鈎協議將會或可導致本公司發行股 份,或規定本公司訂立任何將會或可導致本公 司發行股份的協議。

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 March 2023, the following interests of 5% or more of the issued share capital and share options of the Company were recorded in the register of interests required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO:

主要股東及其他人士於股份及相關股份所擁有之權益

於二零二三年三月三十一日,以下本公司已發 行股本及購股權5%或以上權益已記錄於本公司 根據證券及期貨條例第336條須存置之權益登 記冊內:

Long positions:

	Capacity and nature of interest	Number of ordinary shares held	Percentage of the Company's issued share capital 佔本公司 已發行股本
Name 姓名/名稱	身份及權益性質	所持普通股數目	之百分比_
King Strike Limited (Note 1) (附註1)	Beneficially owned 實益擁有	263,960,041	38.77%
Fat Tat Assets Limited (Note 2) (附註2)	Beneficially owned 實益擁有	34,507,500	5.07%
Mr. David Michael Webb (Note 3) (附註3)	Beneficially owned/ Through control corporation 實益擁有/ 透過受控法團	47,986,000	7.05%
Mr. Lee Chi Keung 李志強先生	Beneficially owned 實益擁有	35,198,000	5.17%
Dr. Jens Alfred Karl Ehrhardt (Note 4) (附註4)	Through control corporation 透過受控法團	44,907,000	6.60%
DJE Investment S.A. (Note 4) (附註4)	Beneficially owned 實益擁有	44,907,000	6.60%
DJE Kapital AG (Note 4) (附註4)	Through control corporation 透過受控法團	44,907,000	6.60%

好倉:

附註:

Notes:

- . The issued share capital of King Strike Limited is owned by Mdm. Huang Hsiu-duan, Helen as to approximately 38.04% and her four children (including Mr. Chen Yi-wu, Ares) in aggregate as to 61.96%.
- 2. The issued share capital of Fat Tat Assets Limited is owned by Mdm. Huang Hsiu-duan, Helen as to 6% and her four children (including Mr. Chen Yi-wu, Ares) in aggregate as to 94%.
- 1. King Strike Limited的已發行股本由黃秀端女士 擁有38.04%及其四名子女(包括陳奕舞先生)合 共擁有61.96%。
- 2. Fat Tat Assets Limited的已發行股本由黃秀端女士擁有6%及其四名子女(包括陳奕舞先生)合共擁有94%。

- Mr. David Michael Webb was interested in a total of 47.986.000 shares, comprising 18,000,675 shares held by him as beneficial owner and 29,985,325 shares held by Preferable Situation Assets Limited, the entire share capital of which is owned by Mr. David Michael Webb based on his form of disclosure notification dated 15 January 2020.
- According to the relevant forms of disclosure notification filed by Dr. Jens Alfred Karl Ehrhardt, DJE Investment S.A. and DJE Kapital AG, Dr. Jens Alfred Karl Ehrhardt, being the main shareholder of DJE Kapital AG, is deemed to be interested in the 44,907,000 ordinary shares of the Company controlled by DJE Investment S.A., a Luxembourg-based management company and 100% subsidiary of DJE Kapital AG, via FMM Fonds (ISIN: DE0008478116).

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2023, no person, other than the directors of the Company, whose interests are set out in the section "Directors' interests and short positions in shares and underlying shares" above, had registered an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company that was required to be recorded pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the Company's total number of issued shares were held by the public as at the date of this report.

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young retire and a resolution for the re-appointment as auditors of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

Hong Kong 30 June 2023

Huang Hsiu-duan, Helen Chairman

- 根據日期為二零二零年一月十五日的披露表 格, David Michael Webb先生於合共47,986,000 股股份(包括其作為實益擁有人持有的 18.000.675股股份及Preferable Situation Assets Limited (其全部股本由David Michael Webb先生 擁有) 持有的29.985.325股股份) 中擁有權益。
- 根據Dr. Jens Alfred Karl Ehrhardt、DJE Investment S.A.及DJE Kapital AG提交之相關 披露表格, Dr. Jens Alfred Karl Ehrhardt (為 DJE Kapital AG主要股東)被視為透過FMM Fonds (ISIN: DE0008478116)於DJE Investment S.A.(一間位於盧森堡的管理公司,為DJE Kapital AG的100%權益附屬公司)控制之本公司 44,907,000股普通股中擁有權益。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二三年三月三十一 日,除本公司董事(其所持權益載於上文「董事 於股份及相關股份所擁有之權益及淡倉」一節) 外,概無人士登記擁有根據證券及期貨條例第 336條須予登記之本公司股份或相關股份之權 益或淡倉。

足夠之公眾持股量

根據本公司可公開取得之資料,以及就董事所 知,於本報告日期,公眾人士持有之本公司已發 行股份總數不少於25%。

核數師

安永會計師事務所任滿退任,有關續聘安永會計 師事務所為本公司核數師之決議案將於應屆股 東週年大會上提呈。

代表董事會

主席 黃秀端

二零二三年六月三十日

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告



To the shareholders of Kingmaker Footwear Holdings Limited

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Kingmaker Footwear Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 138 to 270, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2023, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2023, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirement of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

致全體股東 信星鞋業集團有限公司

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

意見

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」) 已審計列載於第138 至270頁的信星鞋業集團有限公司(「貴公司」) 及 其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」) 的綜合財務報 表,該等財務報表包括於二零二三年三月三十一 日的綜合財務狀況表與截至該日止年度的綜合 損益表、綜合全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜 合現金流量表,以及綜合財務報表附註,包括重 大會計政策概要。

我們認為,綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會 (「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的《香港財務報告準 則》真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於二零二三年 三月三十一日的綜合財務狀況及截至該日止年 度的綜合財務表現及其綜合現金流量,並已根據 香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥為編製。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港審計 準則》進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任 已在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任」部分中作進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公 會頒佈的《專業會計師道德守則》(以下簡稱「守 則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已履行守則中的 其他道德責任。我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑 證能充足及適當地為我們的意見提供基礎。

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。該等事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及出具意見時進行處理的。我們不會對該等事項提供單獨的意見。就以下各事項而言,我們是在該背景下提供我們在審計中處理該事項的方式。

我們已履行本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表 承擔的責任」部分所述的責任,包括與該等事項 相關之責任。據此,我們的審計包括執行程序, 以應對我們對綜合財務報表重大錯誤陳述風險 的評估。我們審計程序(包括為處理下列事項而 採取的程序)的結果,為我們就隨附的綜合財務 報表發表的審計意見提供基礎。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (continued)

Key audit matter

Provision for inventories

As at 31 March 2023, the Group had net inventories of HK\$171.6 million, which represented 22% and 11% of the Group's total current assets and total assets, respectively. The estimation of the inventory provision requires significant management judgement, which includes judgement about the recoverability of the cost of inventories, the nature and condition of inventories, the marketability of finished goods and the future usage of raw materials.

Related disclosures are included in notes 3, 7 and 17 to the financial statements.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

We tested the ageing analysis of the Group's inventories. We recalculated the inventory provision based on management's estimation and assessed the basis, rationale and consistency of the assumptions applied in the inventory provision. We assessed obsolescence provisions by considering the inventory level against historical inventory turnover days and checked subsequent sales and usage information on a sample basis. We also discussed with management about the potential obsolete inventories.

關鍵審計事項 續

關鍵審計事項

存貨撥備

於二零二三年三月三十一日, 貴集團擁有存貨 淨額171,600,000港元,分別相當於 貴集團流 動資產總額及總資產的22%及11%。存貨撥備的 估計需要管理層作出重大判斷,包括對存貨成 本的可收回性、存貨的性質和狀況、製成品的市 場流通性和原材料的未來使用情況的判斷。

相關披露載於財務報表附註3、7及17。

我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

我們已對 貴集團存貨的賬齡分析進行測試。 我們基於管理層估計對存貨撥備作出重新計量,評估了存貨撥備的基準、理由和一致性使用 的假設。我們透過將存貨水平與歷史存貨週轉 天數進行考慮以評估報廢撥備,並按抽樣基準 查核後續銷售及使用數據資料。我們亦與管理 層就存在的潛在報廢存貨進行討論。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (continued)

Key audit matter

Estimation of fair value of investment properties

As at 31 March 2023, the Group's investment properties amounted to HK\$497.4 million, representing 61% and 31% of the Group's total non-current assets and total assets, respectively. Management appointed an external valuer to determine the fair value of the Group's investment properties during the year. The valuation of investment properties was highly dependent on estimates and assumptions, such as those relating to the rental value, rental growth rate, market yield, market knowledge and historical transactions.

Related disclosures are included in notes 3 and 15 to the financial statements.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

We considered the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the external valuer engaged by management. We involved our internal valuation specialists to assist us in assessing the valuation methodology and assumptions and our procedures included comparing the rent and term periods against the existing lease agreements and performing market research on key valuation parameters such as the rental growth rate, capitalisation rate and market rent of similar properties.

關鍵審計事項(續)

關鍵審計事項

投資物業公平值的估計

於二零二三年三月三十一日, 貴集團的投資物業達497,400,000港元,分別相當於 貴集團 非流動資產總額及總資產的61%及31%。管理層於年內已委任外部估值師釐定 貴集團投資物業的公平值。投資物業的估值高度倚賴估計和假設,例如與租金價格、租金增長率、市場收益率、市場通識及歷史交易有關之估計及假設。

相關披露載於財務報表附註3及15。

我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

我們已考慮管理層委聘的外部估值師的資歷、 能力及客觀性。我們的內部估值專家參與協助 評估估值方法及假設以及我們的程序,包括將 租金及期限與現有租賃協議比較並對主要估值 參數進行市場調研,如類似物業的租金增長率、 資本化率及市場租金。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (continued)

Key audit matter

Tax

As at 31 March 2023, the Group had tax payable of HK\$57.6 million and deferred tax liabilities of HK\$93.4 million, which represented 40% of the Group's total liabilities in aggregate. The income tax credit amounted to HK\$3.6 million for the year ended 31 March 2023. Management is required to make judgement and estimates when determining the tax provision as the Group operates in a number of tax jurisdictions. Due to the complexity of local and international tax legislation, judgements have to be made by management on the tax treatment on transactions in advance of the ultimate tax determination being certain. Where the amount of tax payable or recoverable is uncertain, the Group estimates provision based on management's judgement of the probable amount of the liability, or expected amounts recoverable.

Related disclosures are included in notes 3, 10 and 24 to the financial statements.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

We involved our tax specialists to review the tax provision of the Group. We assessed management's judgements in respect of estimates of tax exposures by considering the associated fact pattern and the Group's correspondence with the relevant tax authorities and recent developments in the tax jurisdictions which may have an impact on existing tax exposures.

關鍵審計事項(續)

關鍵審計事項

稅項

於二零二三年三月三十一日, 貴集團擁有應付稅項57,600,000港元及遞延稅項負債93,400,000港元,合共相當於 貴集團負債總額之40%。截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,所得稅抵免為3,600,000港元。釐定稅務撥備要求管理層作出判斷及估計乃因 貴集團於第一級務司法權區經營業務。由於當地和國際稅稅立法的複雜性,在最終稅務確定前,管理層須就交易之稅務處理作出判斷。倘應付稅項或可收回稅項金額不確定, 貴集團會依據管理層對負債估計金額或預計可收回金額的判斷估計撥備。

相關披露載於財務報表附註3、10及24。

我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

我們的稅務專家參與審閱 貴集團之稅務撥備。我們已對管理層就估計稅務風險作出的判斷進行評估,方法為考慮相關的事實模式、 貴集團與有關稅務機關的通訊及可能對現有稅務風險產生影響的稅務司法權區的近期發展情況。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

OTHER INFORMATION INCLUDED IN THE ANNUAL REPORT

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

年報所載的其他信息

貴公司董事須對其他信息負責。其他信息包括刊 載於年報內的信息,但不包括綜合財務報表及我 們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信息, 我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何形式的鑒證 結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責任是 閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他信息是否 與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所了解的 情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述 的情況。倘若我們基於已執行的工作,認為其他 信息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們須報告該事實。我 們就此並無任何報告。

董事對綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的 《香港財務報告準則》及香港《公司條例》的披露 規定編製真實而中肯的綜合財務報表,並對其認 為為使綜合財務報表的編製不存在由於欺詐或 錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部監控負 責。

在編製綜合財務報表時, 貴公司董事負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非 貴公司董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

The directors of the Company are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

董事對綜合財務報表須承擔的責任續

貴公司董事在審核委員會協助下,須負責監督 貴集團的財務報告過程。

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任

我們的目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在 由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得合 理保證,並出具包括我們意見的核數師報告。根 據百慕達公司法(一九八一年)第90條,我們的報 告僅向全體股東作出,除此之外,本報告不可作 其他用途。我們不會就本報告內容向任何其他人 士負責或承擔任何責任。

合理保證是高水平的保證,但並不保證按照《香港審計準則》進行的審計總能發現存在的重大錯誤陳述。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起,如果合理預期彼等單獨或匯總起來可能影響綜合財務報表使用者依賴該等綜合財務報表所作出的經濟決定,則有關的錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

作為根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的一部分,我們在整個審計中運用了專業判斷並保持了專業懷疑態度。我們亦:

識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險,以及獲取充足和適當的審計憑證,作為我們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述,或淩駕於內部控制之上,因此,未能發現因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content
 of the consolidated financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial
 statements represent the underlying transactions and
 events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任 (續)

- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適當 的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部 控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作出 會計估計和相關披露的合理性。
- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性作出結論。根據所獲取的審計憑證,確定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大不確定性,從而可能導致對 貴集團的持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。如果我們認為存在重大不確定性,則有必要在核數師報告中提請注意綜合財務報表中的相關披露。假若有關的披露不足,則修改我們的意見。我們的結論是基於截至核數師報告日止所取得的審計憑證。然而,未來事項或情況可能導致 貴集團停止持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構 和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是否 中肯反映相關交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務信息 獲取充足適當的審計憑證,以便對綜合財 務報表發表意見。我們負責集團審計的方 向、監督和執行。我們為審計意見承擔全部 責任。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Lai Wan Fung, Jacky.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任 (續)

除其他事項外,我們與審核委員會溝通了審計的 計劃範圍、時間安排及重大審計發現等,包括我 們在審計中識別出內部控制的任何重大缺陷。

我們還向審核委員會提交聲明,說明我們已符合 有關獨立性的相關道德要求,並與他們溝通有可 能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係 和其他事項,以及在適用的情況下,為消除威脅 而採取的行動或採用的防範措施。

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要,因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描述該等事項,除非法律或法規不允許公開披露該等事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人為賴 耘峯。

Ernst & Young

Certified Public Accountants 27/F, One Taikoo Place, 979 King's Road Quarry Bay Hong Kong

30 June 2023

安永會計師事務所

執業會計師 香港 鰂魚涌 英皇道979號 太古坊一座27樓

二零二三年六月三十日

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss

綜合損益表

Year ended 31 March 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

		2023	2022
	Notes 附註	二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元
REVENUE 收益	5	1,061,974	842,687
Cost of sales 銷售成本		(972,351)	(817,488)
Gross profit 毛利		89,623	25,199
Other income and gains, net 其他收入及收益淨額	5	38,531	28,793
Changes in fair value of investment properties 投資物業之公平值變動	15	(13,028)	(20,096)
Distribution and selling expenses 分銷及銷售開支		(22,364)	(19,650)
Administrative expenses 行政開支		(74,852)	(80,526)
Finance costs 融資成本	6	(137)	(30)
Share of profit of associates 應佔聯營公司溢利		32,547	32,788
PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAX 除稅前溢利/(虧損)	7	50,320	(33,522)
Income tax credit 所得稅抵免	10	3,616	13,703
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR 年內溢利/(虧損)		53,936	(19,819)
Attributable to: 下列各項應佔: Equity holders of the Company 本公司權益持有人 Non-controlling interests 非控股權益		53,410 526	(18,035) (1,784)
		53,936	(19,819)
EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY 本公司權益持有人應佔每股盈利/(虧損)	11		
Basic 基本 - For profit/(loss) for the year 一年內溢利/(虧損)		HK7.92 cents港仙	(HK2.69 cents港仙)
Diluted 攤薄 - For profit/(loss) for the year 一年內溢利/(虧損)		HK7.91 cents港仙	(HK2.69 cents港仙)

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income 綜合全面收益表 Year ended 31 March 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

	2023	2022
	二零二三年	二零二二年
	ーマーーー HK\$'000 千港元	ーマーーー HK\$'000 千港元
	, , , , , , ,	
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR 年內溢利/(虧損)	53,936	(19,819)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(EXPENSE) 其他全面收益/(開支)		
Other comprehensive income/(expense) that may be		
reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:		
期後可能重新分類至損益表之其他全面收益/(開支):		
Exchange differences: 匯兌差額:		
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations 換算海外經營業務之匯兌差額	(33,106)	14,200
一、一、一、一、一、一、一、一、一、一、一、一、一、一、一、一、一、一、一、	(00,100)	14,200
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(EXPENSE) FOR THE YEAR		
年度其他全面收益/(開支)	(33,106)	14,200
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(EXPENSE) FOR THE YEAR		
年度全面收益/(開支)總額	20,830	(5,619)
Attributable to: 下列各項應佔:		
Equity holders of the Company 本公司權益持有人	20,304	(3,835)
Non-controlling interests 非控股權益	526	(1,784)
	20,830	(5,619)

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

		2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
	Notes 附註	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS 非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment 物業、廠房及設備	13	153,676	172,992
Right-of-use assets 使用權資產	14	67,870	71,359
Investment properties 投資物業	15	497,360	546,724
Investments in associates 聯營公司投資	16	96,520	63,973
Investments in club memberships 會所會籍投資		1,800	1,845
Total non-current assets 非流動資產總額		817,226	856,893
CURRENT ASSETS 流動資產			
Inventories 存貨	17	171,572	209,008
Accounts receivable 應收賬項	18	136,261	213,523
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables			
預付款項、按金及其他應收賬項		15,604	8,542
Due from an associate 應收聯營公司款項	16	54,409	64,705
Tax recoverable 可收回稅項		239	233
Cash and cash equivalents 現金及等同現金項目	19	392,648	304,428
Total current assets 流動資產總額		770,733	800,439
		,	·
CURRENT LIABILITIES 流動負債			
Accounts payable 應付賬項	20	123,229	159,743
Accrued liabilities, other payables and contract liabilities	_0		. 55, 5
應計負債、其他應付賬項及合約負債	21	90,033	87,982
Bank borrowing 銀行借貸	22	-	14,773
Lease liabilities 租賃負債	14	1,011	1,502
Tax payable 應付稅項		57,610	60,743
Layres world to M		21,510	
Total current liabilities 流動負債總額		271,883	324,743

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表 31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
	Notes 附註	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
NET CURRENT ASSETS 流動資產淨值		498,850	475,696
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			
資產總額減流動負債		1,316,076	1,332,589
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 非流動負債			
Lease liabilities 租賃負債	14	1,593	2,569
Deposits received 已收按金		6,466	6,937
Deferred tax liabilities 遞延稅項負債	24	93,361	103,342
Total non-current liabilities 非流動負債總額		101,420	112,848
Net assets 資產淨值		1,214,656	1,219,741
EQUITY 權益			
Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company			
本公司權益持有人應佔權益			
Issued share capital 已發行股本	25	68,078	68,111
Reserves 儲備	27	1,137,139	1,142,717
		1,205,217	1,210,828
Non-controlling interests 非控股權益		9,439	8,913
Total equity 權益總額		1,214,656	1,219,741

Huang Hsiu-duan, Helen 黃秀端

Director 董事

Wong Hei-chiu 黃禧超

Director 董事

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

綜合權益變動表

Year ended 31 March 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

Attributable to equity holders of the Company 本公司權益持有人應佔

_				4.7.	引惟盆付角八	思 伯					
	Issued	Share	Capital	Shares held under share	Share	Exchange	Asset			Non-	
	share capital	premium account	redemption reserve	award scheme 股份	option reserve	fluctuation reserve	revaluation reserve	Retained profits	Total	controlling interests	Total equity
	已發行 股本 HK\$'000 千港元	股份 溢價賬 HK\$'000 千港元	股本 贖回儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	獎勵計劃 所持股份 HK\$'000 千港元	購股權 儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	匯兌 波動儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	資產 重估儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	保留溢利 HK\$'000 千港元	合計 HK\$'000 千港元	非控股 權益 HK\$'000 千港元	權益總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2021 於二零二一年四月一日	68,154	90,550	7,360	(9,440)	9,611	31,781	216,439	830,100	1,244,555	10,697	1,255,252
Loss for the year 年內虧損 Exchange differences related to	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(18,035)	(18,035)	(1,784)	(19,819)
foreign operations 與海外經營業務有關之匯兌差額	_	_	-	_		14,200	-	_	14,200	-	14,200
Total comprehensive income/											
(expense) for the year 年度全面收益/(開支) 總額	-	-	-	-	-	14,200	-	(18,035)	(3,835)	(1,784)	(5,619)
Issue of shares from exercise of share options (note 25)											
行使購股權而發行股份 (附註25) Shares granted under a	31	264	-	-	(52)	-	-	-	243	-	243
share award scheme (note 26) 根據股份獎勵計劃授出股份 (附註26)	_	_	_	2,534	_	_	_	_	2,534	_	2,534
Shares repurchased (note 25) 購回股份(附註25)	(74)	(700)	74	-	-	-	-	(74)	(774)	-	(774)
Final 2021 dividend declared and paid (note 12) 已宣派及派付之二零二一年度末期股息 (附註12)	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	(10,084)	(10,084)	_	(10,084)
Special 2021 dividend declared and paid (note 12) 已宣派及派付之二零二一年度特別股息											
(附註12)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(8,740)	(8,740)	-	(8,740)
Special 2022 dividend paid (note 12) 已派付之二零二二年度特別股息(附註12)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(13,475)	(13,475)	-	(13,475)
Recognition of equity-settled share-based payments (note 26) 確認以權益結算以股份支付之款項 (附註26)	_	_	_	_	404	_	_	_	404	_	404
Share options lapsed (note 26) 已失效購股權 (附註26)	-	-	-	-	(8,440)	-	-	8,440	-	-	-

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

Year ended 31 March 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

Attributable to equity holders of the Company 本公司權益持有人應佔

				421	可惟盆持有人	悠口					
				Shares held under							
	Issued	Share	Capital	share	Share	Exchange	Asset			Non-	
	share	•	redemption	award			revaluation	Retained		controlling	Total
	capital	account	reserve	scheme 股份	reserve	reserve	reserve	profits	Total	interests	equity
	已發行	股份	股本	獎勵計劃	購股權	匯兌	資產			非控股	
	股本	溢價賬	贖回儲備	所持股份	儲備	波動儲備	重估儲備	保留溢利	合計	權益	權益總額
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 March 2022 and 1 April 2022 於二零二二年三月三十一日及											
に 二 令 二 一 中 二 月 二 十 一 日 及 二 零 二 二 年 四 月 一 日	68,111	90,114*	7,434*	(6,906)*	1,523*	45,981	216,439*	788,132*	1,210,828	8,913	1,219,741
Profit for the year 年內溢利	-	-	-,	-	-	-	-	53,410	53,410	526	53,936
Exchange differences related to											
foreign operations 與海外經營業務有關之匯兌差額						(33,106)			(33,106)	_	(22 406)
央内介程名未伪为 關之 進 允 左 假						(33,100)	<u>-</u> _		(33,100)		(33,106)
Total comprehensive income/											
(expense) for the year											
年度全面收益/(開支)總額	-	-	-	-	-	(33,106)	-	53,410	20,304	526	20,830
Issue of shares from exercise of share											
options (note 25)											
行使購股權而發行股份(附註25)	112	932	-	-	(155)	-	-	-	889	-	889
Shares granted under											
share award schemes (note 26) 根據股份獎勵計劃授出股份 (附註26)				3,296					3,296		3,296
依據成功英剛可動及山成功 (附註20) Shares repurchased (note 25)	_	_	-	3,290	_	-	_	-	3,290	-	3,290
購回股份(附註25)	(145)	(1,409)	145	-	-	-	-	(145)	(1,554)	-	(1,554)
Final 2022 dividend declared											
and paid (note 12) 已宣派及派付之二零二二年度末期股息											
□旦派及派的之二专二二年及不知版总 (附註12)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(13,486)	(13,486)	_	(13,486)
Interim 2023 dividend paid (note 12)								(.5,.50)	(,)		(.0,.50)
已派付之二零二三年度中期股息(附註12)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(12,167)	(12,167)	-	(12,167)
Special 2023 dividend paid (note 12) 已派付之二零二三年度特別股息(附註12)								(3,380)	(3,380)	_	(3,380)
Recognition of equity-settled	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(0,000)	(0,000)		(0,000)
share-based payments (note 26)											
確認以權益結算以股份支付之款項(附註26)	-	-		-	487	-	-	-	487	-	487
At 31 March 2023 於二零二三年三月三十一日	68,078	89,637*	7,579*	(3,610)*	1.855*	12,875	216,439*	812,364*	1,205,217	9,439	1,214,656
W-411-1 H	00,010	00,007	1,019	(0,010)	1,000	12,013	210,700	012,004	1,200,217	0,700	1,217,000

These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of HK\$1,137,139,000 (2022: HK\$1,142,717,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position.

該等儲備賬組成綜合財務狀況表之綜合 儲備1,137,139,000港元(二零二二年: 1,142,717,000港元)。

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

Year ended 31 March 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

		2023	2022	
		二零二三年	二零二二年	
	Notes 附註	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
經營活動所得之現金流量				
Profit/(loss) before tax 除稅前溢利/(虧損)		50,320	(33,522)	
Adjustments for: 經調整:				
Finance costs 融資成本	6	137	30	
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment				
物業、廠房及設備折舊	7, 13	27,569	29,568	
Depreciation of right-of-use assets 使用權資產折舊	7, 14	3,081	3,611	
Provision/(write-back of provision) for inventories				
存貨撥備/(撥備撥回)	7	(2,020)	8,570	
Loss on disposal of items of property,				
plant and equipment, net				
出售物業、廠房及設備項目之虧損淨額	7	210	10	
Amortisation of club memberships 會所會籍攤銷	7	45	40	
Fair value loss on revaluation of investment properties				
重估投資物業之公平值虧損	7, 15	13,028	20,096	
Impairment allowance/(reversal of impairment) of				
accounts receivable				
應收賬項減值撥備/(減值撥回)	7	913	(1,234)	
Interest income 利息收入	7	(9,064)	(1,963)	
Equity-settled share option expense				
以權益結算之購股權開支	7	487	404	
Equity-settled share award expense				
以權益結算之股份獎勵開支	7	3,296	2,534	
Share of profit of associates 應佔聯營公司溢利		(32,547)	(32,788)	
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes 匯率變動之影響		208	(1,426)	
		55,663	(6,070)	
Decrease/(increase) in inventories 存貨減少/(增加)		39,456	(56,888)	
Decrease/(increase) in accounts receivable			,	
應收賬項減少/(增加)		76,349	(21,235)	
Increase in prepayments, deposits and other receivables				
預付款項、按金及其他應收賬項增加		(3,937)	(857)	
Increase/(decrease) in accounts payable				
應付賬項增加/(減少)		(36,514)	28,938	
Increase in accrued liabilities,				
other payables and contract liabilities				
應計負債、其他應付賬項及合約負債增加		2,051	11,587	
Increase/(decrease) in deposits received				
已收按金增加/(減少)		(471)	1,691	

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表Year ended 31 March 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

		2023	2022 — — — —	
	Notes 附註	二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	
Cash from/(used in) operations 經營所得/(所用) 現金		132,597	(42,834)	
Interest received 已收利息		5,941	1,832	
Interest paid 已付利息		(137)	(30)	
Hong Kong profits tax paid 已付香港利得稅		28	(2,000)	
Overseas taxes paid 已付海外稅項		(1,849)	(1,233)	
Net cash flows from/(used in) operating activities 經營活動所得/(所用)之現金流量淨額		136,580	(44,265)	
		100,000	(::,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
投資活動所得之現金流量				
Purchases of items of property, plant and equipment 購置物業、廠房及設備項目	13	(12,116)	(14,852)	
牌直彻东 "顺历及政确境日 Proceeds from disposal of items of property,	13	(12,110)	(14,002)	
plant and equipment				
出售物業、廠房及設備項目所得款項		279	_	
Decrease in an amount due from an associate 應收一間聯營公司款項減少		10,296	4,368	
Decrease/(increase) in time deposits with original maturity of		10,230	4,000	
over three months when acquired				
於收購時原定到期日多於三個月之定期存款減少/(增加)		(212,216)	144,021	
Net cash flows from/(used in) investing activities				
投資活動所得/(所用) 之現金流量淨額		(213,757)	133,537	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
融資活動所得之現金流量				
Dividends paid 已付股息 Issue of shares 發行股份	12	(29,033)	(32,299)	
Repurchase of shares 購回股份	25	889	243	
New bank loan 新銀行貸款	25	(1,554)	(774)	
Repayment of bank loan 償還銀行貸款	31(b)	- (4.4.770)	14,773	
Principal portion of lease payments 租賃付款之本金部分	31(b)	(14,773)	(0.00)	
Timopal portion of lease payments 恒英自然之不亚部分	31(b)	(1,499)	(903)	
Net cash flows used in financing activities				
融資活動所用之現金流量淨額		(45,970)	(18,960)	
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND				
CASH EQUIVALENTS 現金及等同現金項目增加/(減少)淨額		(102 147)	70.210	
現立及寺門現立項目増加ノ(減ジ)序録 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		(123,147)	70,312	
年初之現金及等同現金項目		156,073	85,489	
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net 医文絲動之影鄉河路		(0.40)	070	
		(849)	272	

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

Year ended 31 March 2023 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

Notes 附註	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR 年終之現金及等同現金項目	32,077	156,073
ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 現金及等同現金項目結餘之分析 Cash and bank balances 現金及銀行結餘 19	22 000	75,510
Time deposits with original maturity of less than three months when acquired 於收購時原定到期日少於三個月之定期存款 19	22,888 9,189	80,563
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the consolidated statement of cash flows 綜合現金流量表列示之現金及等同現金項目	32,077	156,073

31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION

Kingmaker Footwear Holdings Limited is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda. The registered office of the Company is located at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM11, Bermuda.

During the year, the Group was involved in the manufacture and trading of footwear and property investment. Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are detailed in note 34 to the financial statements.

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for investment properties which have been measured at fair value. These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

1. 公司及集團資料

信星鞋業集團有限公司為於百慕達註冊 成立之有限公司。本公司之註冊辦事處 位於Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM11, Bermuda。

年內,本集團從事製造及買賣鞋類以及物業投資。本公司主要附屬公司之詳情載於財務報表附註34。

2.1 編製基準

此等財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」,其包括所有香港財務報告準則、香港會計準則(「香港會計準則」)及詮釋)、香港公認之會計原則以及香港公司條例之披露規定編製。此等財務報表乃根據歷史成本法而編製,惟按公平值計量之投資物業除外。此等財務報表以港元(「港元」)呈列,除另有註明者外,所有款項已捨入至最接近之千位數。

31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2023. A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

Generally, there is a presumption that a majority of voting rights results in control. When the Company has, directly or indirectly, less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- (a) the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- (c) the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

2.1 編製基準 (續)

綜合賬目基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度之財務報表。附屬公司乃本公司直接或間接控制之實體(包括結構性實體)。當本集團對參與投資對象業務之浮動回報承擔風險或享有權利以及能透過對投資對象之權力(即本集團獲賦予現有能力以主導投資對象相關活動之既存權利)影響該等回報時,即取得控制權。

一般情況下均存在多數投票權形成控制權 之推定。倘本公司直接或間接對投資對象 沒有大多數投票權或類似之權利,本集團 於評估其是否擁有對投資對象之權力時會 考慮一切相關事實及情況,包括:

- (a) 與投資對象其他投票持有人之合約安排;
- (b) 其他合約安排所產生之權利;及
- (c) 本集團之投票權及潛在投票權。

附屬公司與本公司之財務報表之報告期間相同,並採用一致之會計政策編製。附屬公司之業績由本集團獲得控制權當日起綜合入賬,並繼續入賬直至有關控制權終止當日為止。

31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

Basis of consolidation (continued)

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the equity holders of the Company and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described above. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises (i) the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, (ii) the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest and (iii) the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity; and recognises (i) the fair value of the consideration received, (ii) the fair value of any investment retained and (iii) any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

2.1 編製基準 (續)

綜合賬目基準(續)

損益及其他全面收益之各組成部分歸屬於本公司權益持有人及非控股權益,即使此舉將導致非控股權益出現虧絀結餘。所有集團內公司間之資產及負債、權益、收入、開支以及與本集團成員公司間之交易有關之現金流量均於列入綜合賬目時悉數對銷。

倘事實及情況反映上文所述三項控制權因素之其中一項或多項有變,則本集團會重估是否仍然控制投資對象。附屬公司擁有權權益之變動(並無失去控制權),於入賬時列作權益交易。

倘本集團失去對附屬公司之控制權,則終止確認(i)該附屬公司之資產(包括商譽)及負債,(ii)任何非控股權益之賬面值及(iii)於權益內記錄之累計換算差額;及確認(i)已收代價之公平值,(ii)所保留任何投資之公平值及(iii)任何因此於損益內產生之盈餘或虧絀。先前於其他全面收益內確認之本集團應佔部分按猶如本集團已直接出售相關資產或負債所規定之相同基準重新分類至損益或保留溢利(如適當)。

31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES

The Group has adopted the following revised HKFRSs for the first time for the current year's financial statements.

Amendments to HKFRS 3, Reference to the Conceptual

Framework

Amendments to HKAS 16

Property, Plant and Equipment:

Amendments to HKAS 37

Proceeds before Intended Use

Onerous Contracts -Cost of Fulfilling a Contract

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018-2020

Amendments to HKFRS 1,

HKFRS 9, Illustrative Examples accompanying HKFRS 16, and

HKAS 41

2.2 會計政策及披露之變更

本集團在本年度財務報表中首次採納以下 經修訂香港財務報告準則。

香港財務報告準則 對概念框架之提述

第3號之修訂

香港會計準則 第16號之修訂 物業、廠房及設備:作擬定 用途前之所得款項

香港會計準則

虧損性合約一履行合約之

第37號之修訂

成本

香港財務報告準則 香港財務報告準則第1號、 二零一八年至

香港財務報告準則

二零二零年 之年度改進

第9號、香港財務報告 準則第16號隨附之說明 性示例及香港會計準則

第41號之修訂本

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2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (continued)

The nature and the impact of the revised HKFRSs are described below:

(a) Amendments to HKFRS 3 replace a reference to the previous Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements with a reference to the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting (the "Conceptual Framework") issued in June 2018 without significantly changing its requirements. The amendments also add to HKFRS 3 an exception to its recognition principle for an entity to refer to the Conceptual Framework to determine what constitutes an asset or a liability. The exception specifies that, for liabilities and contingent liabilities that would be within the scope of HKAS 37 or HK(IFRIC)-Int 21 if they were incurred separately rather than assumed in a business combination, an entity applying HKFRS 3 should refer to HKAS 37 or HK(IFRIC)-Int 21 respectively instead of the Conceptual Framework. Furthermore, the amendments clarify that contingent assets do not qualify for recognition at the acquisition date. The Group has applied the amendments prospectively to business combinations that occurred on or after 1 April 2022. As there were no contingent assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities within the scope of the amendments arising in the business combination that occurred during the year, the amendments did not have any impact on the financial position and performance of the Group.

2.2 會計政策及披露之變更 (續)

該等經修訂香港財務報告準則的性質及影響載述如下:

(a) 香港財務報告準則第3號之修訂本以 對二零一八年六月頒佈的*對財務報* 告概念框架(「概念框架」)的提述取 代對先前財務報表編製及呈列框架 的提述,並無大幅度更改當中規定。 該修訂本亦對香港財務報告準則第3 號有關實體參考概念框架以釐定何謂 資產或負債之確認原則增設一種例外 情況。該例外情況規定對屬於香港會 計準則第37號或香港(國際財務報告 詮釋委員會) - 詮釋第21號範圍內的 負債及或然負債而言,倘該等負債屬 單獨產生而非於業務合併中所產生, 則應用香港財務報告準則第3號的實 體應分別參考香港會計準則第37號或 香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)一詮 釋第21號,而非參考概念框架。此外, 該修訂本闡明或然資產於收購日期不 符合確認的條件。本集團已就於二零 二二年四月一日或之後發生的業務合 併按未來適用基準應用該修訂本。由 於年內並無因進行業務合併而產生或 然資產、負債及修訂範圍內的或然負 債,該修訂本對本集團的財務狀況及 表現並無任何影響。

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2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (continued)

- Amendments to HKAS 16 prohibit an entity from deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment any proceeds from selling items produced while bringing that asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Instead, an entity recognises the proceeds from selling any such items, and the cost of those items as determined by HKAS 2 Inventories, in profit or loss. The Group has applied the amendments retrospectively to items of property, plant and equipment made available for use on or after 1 April 2021. Since there was no sale of items produced prior to the property, plant and equipment being available for use, the amendments did not have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.
- Amendments to HKAS 37 clarify that for the purpose of assessing whether a contract is onerous under HKAS 37, the cost of fulfilling the contract comprises the costs that relate directly to the contract. Costs that relate directly to a contract include both the incremental costs of fulfilling that contract (e.g., direct labour and materials) and an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling that contract (e.g., an allocation of the depreciation charge for an item of property, plant and equipment used in fulfilling the contract as well as contract management and supervision costs). General and administrative costs do not relate directly to a contract and are excluded unless they are explicitly chargeable to the counterparty under the contract. The Group has applied the amendments prospectively to contracts for which it has not yet fulfilled all its obligations at 1 April 2022 and no onerous contracts were identified. Therefore, the amendments did not have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

2.2 會計政策及披露之變更 續

- 香港會計準則第37號之修訂本澄清, (c) 就根據香港會計準則第37號評估合 約是否屬虧損性而言,履行合約的成 本包括與合約直接相關的成本。與合 約直接相關的成本包括履行該合約的 增量成本(例如直接勞動成本及材料 成本) 及與履行該合約直接相關的其 他成本之分配(例如對履行合約所用 物業、廠房及設備項目的折舊費用以 及合約管理及監督成本之分配)。一 般及行政成本與合約並非直接相關, 除非根據合約明確可向對手方收取, 否則不包括在內。本集團已對其於二 零二二年四月一日尚未履行其所有責 任的合約按未來適用基準應用該修訂 本,且並未識別出任何虧損性合約。 因此,該修訂本對本集團的財務狀況 或表現並無任何影響。

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2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (continued)

- (d) Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018-2020 sets out amendments to HKFRS 1, HKFRS 9, Illustrative Examples accompanying HKFRS 16, and HKAS 41. Details of the amendments that are applicable to the Group are as follows:
 - HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments: clarifies the fees that an entity includes when assessing whether the terms of a new or modified financial liability are substantially different from the terms of the original financial liability. These fees include only those paid or received between the borrower and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the borrower or lender on the other's behalf. The Group has applied the amendment prospectively from 1 April 2022. As there was no modification or exchange of the Group's financial liabilities during the year, the amendment did not have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

2.2 會計政策及披露之變更 (續)

- (d) 香港財務報告準則二零一八年至二零 二零年之年度改進載列香港財務報 告準則第1號、香港財務報告準則第9 號、香港財務報告準則第16號隨附之 說明性示例及香港會計準則第41號之 修訂本。適用於本集團之修訂本詳情 如下:
 - 香港財務報告準則第9號金融工具:澄清實體於評估一項新新否與係訂金融負債的條款是質質原金融負債的條款是質質原金融負債的條款存在實費用包含的費用。該等間包含的費用。該貨款人與資款人之話借款人與資訊人代表另一方支付或已收取的費用。本集團已自立。由於本集團的費用。本集團的對方數。由於年內並無修改或交換,該修訂本對本集團的財務狀況或表現並無任何影響。

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2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

The Group has not applied the following new and revised HKFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements.

Amendments to HKFRS 10 Sale or Contribution of Assets
and HKAS 28 (2011) between an Investor and its

Associate or Joint Venture³

Amendments to HKFRS 16 Lease Liability in a Sale and

Leaseback²

HKFRS 17 Insurance Contracts¹

Amendments to HKFRS 17 Insurance Contract^{1,5}

Amendment to HKFRS 17 Initial Application of HKFRS 17 and

HKFRS 9 - Comparative

Information6

Amendments to HKAS 1 Classification of Liabilities as

Current or Non-current

(the "2020 Amendments")^{2,4}

Amendments to HKAS 1 Non-current Liabilities with

Covenants

(the "2022 Amendment")2

Amendments to HKAS 1

and HKFRS Practice

Statement 2

Disclosure of Accounting Policies¹

Amendments to HKAS 8 Definition of Accounting Estimates¹

Amendments to HKAS 12 Deferred Tax related to Assets and

Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction²

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報 告準則

本集團並未於該等財務報表中應用以下已 頒佈但尚未生效的新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則。

香港財務報告準則 投資者與其聯營公司或合 第10號及香港會 營企業之間資產出售或

計準則第28號之 注資3

修訂(二零一一年)

香港會計準則 售後租回的租賃負債?

第16號之修訂

香港財務報告準則 保險合約1

第17號

香港財務報告準則 保險合約1.5

第17號之修訂

香港財務報告準則 首次應用香港財務報告準

第17號之修訂 則第17號及香港財務報

告準則第9號一比較信息6

香港會計準則 負債分為流動或非流動

第1號之修訂 (「二零二零年修訂」)²·4

香港會計準則 附帶契諾的非流動負債

第1號之修訂 (「二零二二年修訂」)2

香港會計準則 會計政策披露1

第1號及香港財務 報告準則實務報告 第2號之修訂

香港會計準則 會計估計之定義1

第8號之修訂

香港會計準則 與單一交易所產生資產及

第12號之修訂 負債有關的遞延稅項

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2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024
- No mandatory effective date yet determined but available for adoption
- As a consequence of the 2022 Amendments, the effective date of the 2020 Amendments was deferred to annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024. In addition, as a consequence of the 2020 Amendments and 2022 Amendments, Hong Kong Interpretation 5 Presentation of Financial Statements Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause was revised to align the corresponding wording with no change in conclusion
- As a consequence of the amendments to HKFRS 17 issued in October 2020, HKFRS 4 was amended to extend the temporary exemption that permits insurers to apply HKAS 39 rather than HKFRS 9 for annual periods beginning before 1 January 2023
- An entity that chooses to apply the transition option relating to the classification overlay set out in this amendment shall apply it on initial application of HKFRS 17

The Group is in process of making an assessment of the impact of these new and revised HKFRSs upon initial application, but is not yet in a position to state whether these new and revised HKFRSs would have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報告準則 (續)

- 1 於二零二三年一月一日或之後開始的年 度期間生效
- ² 於二零二四年一月一日或之後開始的年 度期間生效
- 3 尚未釐定強制生效日期但可予以採納
- 4 由於二零二二年修訂,二零二零年修訂的 生效日期被推遲到二零二四年一月一日 或之後開始的年度期間。此外,由於二零 二零年修訂及二零二二年修訂,香港詮釋 第5號財務報表的呈報一借款人對載有按 要求償還條款的定期貸款的分類已修訂 相應措辭,以使其保持一致而結論保持不 變
- b 由於於二零二零年十月頒佈的香港財務 報告準則第17號之修訂,香港財務報告準 則第4號獲修訂以擴大暫時豁免,允許保 險公司於二零二三年一月一日之前開始 的年度期間應用香港會計準則第39號而 非香港財務報告準則第9號
- 選擇應用本修訂中規定的與分類重疊有關的過渡選項的實體應在首次應用香港財務報告準則第17號時應用該選項

本集團正評估該等新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則於首次應用後所產生的影響,惟 尚未無法指明該等新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則是否將對本集團的財務報表產生 任何重大影響。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Investments in associates

An associate is an entity in which the Group has a long term interest of generally not less than 20% of the equity voting rights and over which it is in a position to exercise significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee, but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The Group's investments in associates are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses. Adjustments are made to bring into line any dissimilar accounting policies that may exist. The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and other comprehensive income of associates is included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and consolidated other comprehensive income, respectively. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's investments in the associates, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the assets transferred. Goodwill arising from the acquisition of associates is included as part of the Group's investments in associates.

If an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or vice versa, the retained interest is not remeasured. Instead, the investment continues to be accounted for under the equity method. In all other cases, upon loss of significant influence over the associate, the Group measures and recognises any retained investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate upon loss of significant influence and the fair value of the retained investment and proceeds from disposal is recognised in profit or loss.

2.4 重大會計政策概要

聯營公司投資

聯營公司為本集團於其一般不少於20%股本投票權中擁有長期權益的實體,且可對 其發揮重大影響力。重大影響力指的是參 與投資對象的財務和經營決策的權力,但 不是控制或共同控制這些決策的權力。

本集團於聯營公司的投資乃按本集團根據權益會計法應佔資產淨值減任何減值虧損於綜合財務狀況表列賬。倘出現任何不相符的會計政策,即會作出調整加以修正。本集團應佔聯營公司收購後業績及其他全面收益表。此外,倘於聯營公司的權益直接確認其應佔任何變動(倘適用)。本集團於聯營公司間交易的未變現收益及虧損證明所轉讓資產減值則除外。來變現虧損證明所轉讓資產減值則除外。收購聯營公司所產生的商譽已計入作本集團於聯營公司投資的一部分。

倘於聯營公司之投資變成於合營企業之投 資或出現相反情況,則不會重新計量保留 權益。反之,該投資繼續根據權益法入賬。 在所有其他情況下,失去對聯營公司之重 大影響力後,本集團按其公平值計量及確 認任何保留投資。聯營公司於失去重大影 響力時的賬面值與保留投資及出售所得款 項的公平值之間的任何差額乃於損益內確 認。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fair value measurement

The Group measures its investment properties at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

2.4 重大會計政策概要 (續)

公平值計量

本集團於各報告期末按公平值計量其投資物業。公平值乃市場參與者於計量日期額有序交易中出售資產所收取之價格或轉讓負債所支付之價格。公平值計量乃根據設出售資產或轉讓負債之交易於資產或轉讓負債主要市場情況下出。資產或負債最具優勢市場進行而作出之之場。資產或負債之公平值乃按假設市場與者於資產或負債定價時會假設以彼等最佳經濟利益行事而計量。

非財務資產之公平值計量須計及市場參與 者能通過最大限度使用該資產達致最佳用 途,或將該資產出售予將最大限度使用該 資產達致最佳用途之其他市場參與者所產 牛之經濟效益。

本集團採納適用於不同情況且具備充分數據以供計量公平值之估值方法,盡量使用相關可觀察輸入數據及盡量減少使用不可觀察輸入數據。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fair value measurement (continued)

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 - based on quoted prices (unadjusted)
in active markets for identical
assets or liabilities

Level 2 - based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly

Level 3 – based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

2.4 重大會計政策概要 (續)

公平值計量(續)

所有公平值載於財務報表計量或披露之資 產及負債乃基於對公平值計量整體而言屬 重大之最低層輸入數據按以下公平值等級 分類:

第一級 – 基於相同資產或負債於活 躍市場之報價(未經調 整)

第二級 - 基於對公平值計量而言屬 重大之可觀察(直接或 間接)最低層輸入數據 之估值方法

第三級 - 基於對公平值計量而言屬 重大之不可觀察最低層 輸入數據之估值方法

就按經常性基準於財務報表確認之資產及 負債而言,本集團透過於各報告期末重新 評估分類(基於對公平值計量整體而言屬重 大之最低層輸入數據)確定是否發生不同等 級轉移。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of non-financial assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than inventories, financial assets and investment properties), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cashgenerating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. In testing a cash-generating unit for impairment, a portion of the carrying amount of a corporate asset (e.g., a headquarters building) is allocated to an individual cash-generating unit if it can be allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis or, otherwise, to the smallest group of cash-generating units.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to the statement of profit or loss in the period in which it arises in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to the statement of profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

2.4 重大會計政策概要 (續)

非財務資產減值

倘若出現減值跡象,或當有需要為資產(不包括存貨、財務資產及投資物業)進行每年減值測試時,則會估計資產的可收回金額。除非某類資產產生之現金流入不能很大生度上獨立於其他資產或多項資產所產生之現金流入(在此情況下,可收回金額按資產或現金產生單位輸定),否則資產產或現金產生單位的使用高對與其公平值減出售成本兩者中的較較高對與其公平值減出售成本兩者中的較較高對與其公平值減過等產量。測試現金產生單位的減值時,倘公司資產(如總部大樓)與可數值時,倘公司資產(如總部大樓)分配有數值的一部分可按合理一致的基準進行分配,則分配至個別現金產生單位組別。

僅於資產的賬面值超過可收回金額時,減值虧損方予確認。評估使用價值時,估計未來現金流量是以除稅前貼現率貼現至現值,而該貼現率反映當時市場對貨幣之時間價值之評估及該項資產的特有風險。減值虧損在其於符合減值資產功能的開支類別中所產生期間於損益表扣除。

於各報告期末,將評定是否有跡象顯示先前確認之減值虧損不再存在或減少。倘出現該等跡象,則會估計可收回金額。先前確認之資產(商譽除外)減值虧損,只會在用以釐定該項資產之可收回金額之估計有所改變時撥回,惟撥回之金額不得超過該項資產倘於過往年度未獲確認減值虧損而釐定的賬面值(經扣除任何折舊)。所撥回之減值虧損,乃於其發生期間計入損益表。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, other than construction in progress, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to the statement of profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Freehold land Not depreciated

Buildings 5%

the lease terms and 10% to 25%

Machinery, furniture, equipment 10% to 25%

and motor vehicles

2.4 重大會計政策概要 (續)

物業、廠房及設備以及折舊

物業、廠房及設備(在建工程除外)乃按成本減累計折舊及任何減值虧損列賬。物業、廠房及設備項目之成本,包括其購買及使該項資產達至其營運狀態及地點以用於其擬定用途之任何直接應佔成本。物業、廠房及設備項目於運作後所產生之支出,廠房及設備項目於運作後所產生之於該對之損益表內扣除。如符合確認條件,則關主要查驗之支出乃於資產之賬面值中對資產之。倘物業、廠房及設備之重要分須不時重置,則本集團將確認該等部分為領不時重置,則本集團將確認該等部分為額有特定使用年期之獨立資產,並將該等產進行相應折舊。

折舊乃採用直線法於每項物業、廠房及設備項目估計可使用年限內將其成本撇銷至 其剩餘價值予以計算。為此目的所使用的 主要年率如下:

永久業權土地 不計算折舊

樓宇 5%

租賃物業裝修 按租期及10%至25%

(以較短者為準)

機器、傢具、設備 10%至25%

及汽車

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation *(continued)*

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

An item of property, plant and equipment including any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in the statement of profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

Construction in progress represents a building under construction, which is stated at cost less any impairment losses, and is not depreciated. Cost comprises the direct costs of construction during the period of construction. Construction in progress is reclassified to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for use.

Investments in club memberships

The useful lives of club memberships are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. Club memberships with finite lives are subsequently amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the club memberships may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for club memberships with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year end.

2.4 重大會計政策概要 (續)

物業、廠房及設備以及折舊(續)

當一項物業、廠房及設備項目的各部分有不同的可使用年期,該項目的成本按合理基礎在各部分分配,而每部分將作個別折舊。剩餘價值、可使用年期和折舊方法至少於各財政年度末進行檢討和調整(如適合)。

一項物業、廠房及設備項目(包括初步獲確認的任何重要部分)於出售時或預計經其使用或出售而不再產生日後經濟效益時,將被取消確認。於年內被取消確認的資產因其出售或報廢並在損益表被確認的任何收益或虧損乃有關資產的出售所得款項淨額與賬面值的差額。

在建工程指建設中的樓宇,乃按成本減任何減值虧損列賬,且不會予以折舊。成本包括建築期間之直接建築成本。在建工程於完工並投入使用後重新列入物業、廠房及設備之適當類別。

會所會籍投資

會所會籍之可使用年期評估為有限或無限。年期有限之會所會籍其後於可使用經濟年期內攤銷,並評估是否有跡象顯示會所會籍可能出現減值。可使用年期有限之會所會籍之攤銷年期及攤銷方法至少於各財政年度末檢討一次。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investments in club memberships (continued)

Club memberships with indefinite useful lives are tested for impairment annually either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. Such club memberships are not amortised. The useful life of a club membership with an indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life assessment continues to be supportable. If not, the change in the useful life assessment from indefinite to finite is accounted for on a prospective basis.

Investment properties

Investment properties are interests in land and buildings (including the leasehold property held as a right-of-use asset which would otherwise meet the definition of an investment property) held to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation, rather than for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes; or for sale in the ordinary course of business. Such properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value, which reflects market conditions at the end of the reporting period.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in the statement of profit or loss in the year in which they arise.

Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognised in the statement of profit or loss in the year of the retirement or disposal.

2.4 重大會計政策概要 (續)

會所會籍投資(續)

無限可使用年期之會所會籍於每年按個別或現金產生單位等級作減值測試。該等會所會籍不予攤銷。具無限年期之會所會籍之可使用年期於每年作評估,以釐定無限可使用年期之評估是否持續可靠。如不可靠,則可使用年期之評估自此由按無限年期更改為有限年期按前瞻基準列賬。

投資物業

投資物業是指在持有以賺取租金收入及/ 或資本增值而非用作生產、提供貨品或服務、行政用途或在日常業務過程中持作銷售之土地和樓宇(包括持作使用權資產並在 其他方面符合投資物業定義之租賃物業)之權益。該等物業初始時按成本(包括交易成本)計量。於初步確認後,該等投資物業於報告期末以反映市況之公平值列賬。

投資物業公平值的變動產生之收益或虧損 於其產生當年之損益表中列賬。

投資物業因報廢或出售而產生之任何收益 或虧損於報廢或出售當年之損益表中確 認。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

Leases

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Group as a lessee

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

(a) Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets are recognised at the commencement date of the lease (that is the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease terms and the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Leasehold land 19 to 38 years Buildings

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Group by the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

3 to 4 years

2.4 重大會計政策概要 (續)

和賃

本集團於合約開始時評估合約是否為租賃 或包含租賃。倘合約轉讓於一段時間內控 制已確認資產使用的權利以換取代價,則 該合約為租賃或包含租賃。

本集團作為承租人

本集團對所有租賃採用單一確認及計量方 法,惟短期租賃及低價值資產租賃除外。本 集團確認作出租賃款項的租賃負債及代表 相關資產使用權的使用權資產。

使用權資產 (a)

使用權資產於租賃開始日期(即相關 資產可供使用的日期)確認。使用權資 產按成本減任何累計折舊及任何減值 虧損計量,並就租賃負債之任何重新 計量作出調整。使用權資產之成本包 括已確認租賃負債金額、已產生初始 直接成本及於開始日期或之前作出之 租賃款項減已收取之任何租賃優惠。 使用權資產於資產的租期及估計可使 用年期(以較短者為準)內以直線法折 舊如下:

租賃土地 19至38年 樓宇

倘租賃資產所有權於租期結束時轉移 至本集團或成本反映了購買選擇權的 行使,則使用該資產的估計可使用年 期計算折舊。

3至4年

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Leases (continued)

(b) Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are recognised at the commencement date of the lease at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including insubstance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for termination of a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate the lease. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as an expense in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in lease payments (e.g., a change to future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or rate) or a change in assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

2.4 重大會計政策概要 (續)

租賃(續)

(b) 租賃負債

於計算租賃款項現值時,由於租賃中所隱含之利率不易釐定,本集團於租賃開始日期使用其增量借貸利率。於開始日期後,租賃負債金額會增加,以反映利息增加並因作出的租賃款項一減少。此外,倘出現修訂、租期變動、租賃款項變動(如因指數或比率變動導致未來租賃款項變動)或購買租關資產的選擇權評估變動,租賃負債的賬面值將重新計量。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Leases (continued)

(c) Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of buildings (that is those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the recognition exemption for leases of low-value assets to leases of equipment that is considered to be of low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Group as a lessor

When the Group acts as a lessor, it classifies at lease inception (or when there is a lease modification) each of its leases as either an operating lease or a finance lease.

Leases in which the Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. When a contract contains lease and non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each component on a relative stand-alone selling price basis. Rental income is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and is included in revenue in the statement of profit or loss due to its operating nature. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

Leases that transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee are accounted for as finance leases.

2.4 重大會計政策概要 (續)

租賃(續)

(c) 短期租賃及低價值資產的租賃

本集團對其樓宇的短期租賃(即自開始日期起該等租賃租期為12個月或以內且並無包含購買選擇權)應用短期租賃確認豁免。其亦對被視作低價值的設備之租賃應用低價值資產租賃的確認豁免。短期租賃的租賃款項及低價值資產租賃在租期內按直線法確認為開支。

本集團作為出租人

倘本集團作為出租人,其於租賃開始時(或 於租賃修訂時)將每一項租賃分類為經營租 賃或融資租賃。

倘本集團於租賃中並無轉移一項資產所有權附帶的絕大部分風險及回報,則租賃分類為經營租賃。倘合約包含租賃及非租賃部分,本集團根據相對獨立的售價基準將合約代價分配至各部分。租金收入於租期內按直線法入賬並因其屬經營性質而計入損益表內之收益。協商及安排經營租賃時產生的初始直接成本加至租賃資產的賬面值,並按與租金收入相同的基準在租期內確認。或然租金於其賺取之期間確認為收益。

將一項相關資產所有權附帶的絕大部分風 險及回報轉移予承租人的租賃入賬為融資 租賃。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investments and other financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income, and fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's business model for managing them. With the exception of accounts receivable that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group initially measures a financial asset at its fair value, plus in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Accounts receivable that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under HKFRS 15 in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI") on the principal amount outstanding. Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model.

2.4 重大會計政策概要 (續)

投資及其他財務資產

初步確認及計量

財務資產於初步確認時分類為其後按攤銷 成本、按公平值計入其他全面收益及按公 平值計入損益計量。

於初步確認時,財務資產分類取決於財務 資產的合約現金流量特點及本集團管理該 等財務資產的業務模式。除並無重大融資 成分或本集團已應用不調整重大融資成分 影響的可行權宜方法的應收賬項外,本集 團初步按其公平值加(倘並非按公平值計入 損益的財務資產)交易成本計量財務資產。 根據下文「收益確認」所載政策,並無重大 融資成分或本集團已應用可行權宜方法的 應收賬項按香港財務報告準則第15號釐定 的交易價格計量。

為使財務資產按攤銷成本或按公平值計入 其他全面收益進行分類及計量,需產生純 粹為支付未償還本金及本金利息(「純粹為 支付本金及利息」)的現金流量。現金流量 並非為純粹為支付本金及利息的財務資產 以按公平值計入損益分類及計量,而不論 業務模式。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Initial recognition and measurement (continued)

The Group's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both. Financial assets classified and measured at amortised cost are held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, while financial assets classified and measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling. Financial assets which are not held within the aforementioned business models are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in the statement of profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

2.4 重大會計政策概要 (續)

投資及其他財務資產(續)

初步確認及計量(續)

本集團管理財務資產的業務模式指其如何 管理其財務資產以產生現金流量。業務模 式確定現金流量是否來自收取合約現金流 量、出售財務資產,或兩者兼有。按攤銷式 本分類及計量之財務資產為在業務模式內 以持有財務資產以收取合約現金流量為自 的的財務資產,而按公平值計入其他收 合約現金流量及銷售為目的在業務模式內 持有的財務資產。未於上述業務模式內 有之財務資產按公平值計入損益分類及計 看之財務資產按公平值計入損益分類及計 量。

財務資產之所有一般買賣概於交易日(即本集團承諾購買或出售該資產之日期)予以確認。一般買賣乃指按照市場一般規定或慣例在一定期間內交付資產之財務資產買賣。

其後計量

財務資產之其後計量取決於其以下分類:

按攤銷成本計量的財務資產(債務工具)

按攤銷成本計量的財務資產其後使用實際 利率法計量,並可能受減值影響。當資產終 止確認、修訂或減值時,收益及虧損於損益 表確認。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

2.4 重大會計政策概要 (續)

取消確認財務資產

財務資產(或倘適用,一項財務資產之一部 分或一組同類財務資產之一部分)主要在下 列情況將取消確認(即自本集團之綜合財務 狀況表內移除):

- 收取該項資產所得現金流量之權利已經屆滿;或
- 本集團已轉讓收取該項資產所得現金 流量之權利,或已根據一項「轉付」安 排,在未有對第三方造成嚴重延緩之 情況,已承擔全數支付所收取現金流 量之責任;及不論(a)本集團已轉讓該 項資產之絕大部分風險及回報,或(b) 本集團並無轉讓或保留該項資產絕大 部分風險及回報,但已轉讓該項資產 之控制權。

本集團凡轉讓其收取一項資產所得現金流量之權利或訂立轉付安排,本集團將評估有否保留擁有該資產之風險及回報以及其程度。當無轉讓或保留該項資產之絕大部分風險及回報,且並無轉讓該項資產之絕大部分、本集團繼續以其持續參與程度為限確認所轉讓之資產。在該情況下,本集團亦確認相關負債。已轉讓資產及相關負債按反映本集團已保留權利及責任之基準計量。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Derecognition of financial assets (continued)

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises an allowance for expected credit losses ("ECLs") for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

General approach

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12 months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

2.4 重大會計政策概要 (續)

取消確認財務資產(續)

倘為就所轉讓資產提供擔保之形式持續參與有關資產,則該已轉讓資產乃以該項資產之原賬面值及本集團或須償還之代價數額上限(以較低者為準)計量。

財務資產減值

本集團就並非按公平值計入損益賬持有的 所有債務工具確認預期信貸虧損(「預期信 貸虧損」)撥備。預期信貸虧損乃基於根據 合約到期的合約現金流量與本集團預期收 取並按原始實際利率的相若利率貼現的所 有現金流量之間的差額釐定。預期現金流 量將包括出售所持抵押品或合約條款所包 含的其他信貸升級措施所得的現金流量。

一般方法

預期信貸虧損分兩個階段確認。就初步確認以來信貸風險並無大幅增加的信貸敞口而言,會為未來12個月可能發生的違約事件所產生的信貸虧損(12個月預期信貸虧損)計提預期信貸虧損。就初步確認以來信貸風險大幅增加的信貸敞口而言,須就預期於敞口的餘下年期產生的信貸虧損計提虧損撥備,不論違約的時間(全期預期信貸虧損)。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

General approach (continued)

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When making the assessment, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort, including historical and forward-looking information. The Group considers that there has been a significant increase in credit risk when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due.

The Group considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

2.4 重大會計政策概要 (續)

財務資產減值(續)

一般方法 (續)

於各報告日期,本集團評估金融工具的信貸風險是否自初步確認以來大幅提高。於作出該評估時,本集團比較報告日期金融工具產生的違約風險及於初步確認日期金融工具產生的違約風險,並考慮在毋須付出繁重成本或努力而可獲得合理及支持資料,包括過往及前瞻性資料。倘合約款項逾期超過30日,則本集團認為信貸風險大幅上升。

本集團認為,財務資產於合約付款逾期90 日時視作違約。然而,於若干情況下,在 並無計及本集團持有的任何信貸升級措施 前,本集團亦可於內部或外部資料顯示本 集團不大可能悉數收取尚未償還合約金額 時將財務資產視作違約。於無法合理預期 收回合約現金流量時,則撇銷財務資產。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

General approach (continued)

Financial assets at amortised cost are subject to impairment under the general approach and they are classified within the following stages for measurement of ECLs except for accounts receivable which apply the simplified approach as detailed below.

Stage 1 - Financial instruments for which credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to 12-month FCLs

Stage 2 – Financial instruments for which credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition but that are not credit-impaired financial assets and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs

Stage 3 - Financial assets that are creditimpaired at the reporting date (but that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired) and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs

2.4 重大會計政策概要 (續)

財務資產減值(續)

一般方法 (續)

按攤銷成本計量的財務資產須根據一般方 法進行減值,以及分類在計量預期信貸虧 損的以下階段內,惟應收賬項應用以下詳 述的簡化方法除外。

第1階段 一 自初步確認以來信貸風險 未顯著增加的金融工 具,其虧損撥備按等於 12個月預期信貸虧損的 金額計量

第2階段 一 自初步確認以來信貸風險 顯著增加但並非信貸減 值財務資產的金融工 具,其虧損撥備按等於 全期預期信貸虧損的金 額計量

第3階段 一 於報告日期信貸減值的財務資產(但並非購買或原始信貸減值),其虧損撥備按等於全期預期信貸虧損的金額計量

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Simplified approach

For accounts receivable that do not contain a significant financing component or when the Group applies the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group applies the simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Under the simplified approach, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

For accounts receivable that contain a significant financing component, the Group chooses as its accounting policy to adopt the simplified approach in calculating ECLs with policies as described above.

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as loans and borrowings, other payables as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and other payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include accounts payable, accrued liabilities, other payables and contract liabilities, bank borrowing, lease liabilities and loans from non-controlling shareholders.

2.4 重大會計政策概要 (續)

財務資產減值(續)

簡化方法

就不包含重大融資組成部分的應收賬項或 當本集團使用不調整重大融資組成部分影 響的可行權宜方法時,本集團計算預期信 貸虧損時應用簡化法。根據簡化法,本集團 並無追蹤信貸風險的變化,但於各報告日 期根據全期預期信貸虧損確認虧損撥備。 本集團已根據過往信貸虧損經驗,建立撥 備矩陣,並就債務人及經濟環境的特定前 瞻性因素作出調整。

對於包含重大融資組成部分的應收賬項, 本集團選擇上文所述政策作為其會計政 策,於計算預期信貸虧損時採納簡化方法。

財務負債

初步確認及計量

財務負債於初步確認時可分類為貸款及借貸或其他應付賬項(倘適用)。

所有財務負債初步按公平值確認及倘為貸 款及借貸以及其他應付賬項,則扣除直接 應佔交易成本。

本集團之財務負債包括應付賬項、應計負債、其他應付賬項及合約負債、銀行借貸、租賃負債及非控股股東貸款。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial liabilities (continued)

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

Financial liabilities at amortised cost (loans and borrowings)

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in the statement of profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in the statement of profit or loss.

Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. A financial guarantee contract is recognised initially as a liability at its fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group measures the financial guarantee contracts at the higher of: (i) the ECL allowance determined in accordance with the policy as set out in 'Impairment of financial assets"; and (ii) the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, the cumulative amount of income recognised.

2.4 重大會計政策概要 (續)

財務負債(續)

其後計量

財務負債之其後計量取決於其以下分類:

按攤銷成本計量之財務負債(貸款及借貸)

於初步確認後,附息貸款及借貸隨後以實際利率法按攤銷成本計量,倘折現之影響並不重大,於該情況下則按成本列賬。當取消確認負債時,收益及虧損以實際利率按攤銷過程於損益表內確認。

計算攤銷成本時會計及收購所產生之任何 折現或溢價,以及作為實際利率一部分之 費用或成本。實際利率攤銷已計入損益表。

財務擔保合約

本集團所發行的財務擔保合約指因特定債務人未能根據債務工具的條款於到期時付款而須就持有人所招致的損失向其付款以補償持有人的合約。一份財務擔保合約按 其公平值並就發出該財務擔保合約直接相關的交易成本進行調整後,初步確認為有 債。初步確認後,本集團按以下兩者中的資高者計量財務擔保合約:(i)根據「財務資產減值」所載的政策釐定的預期信貸虧損撥備;及(ii)初步確認的金額減(倘適用)已確認收入的累計金額。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the first-in, first-out basis and, in the case of work in progress and finished goods, comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of overheads. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal.

2.4 重大會計政策概要 (續)

取消確認財務負債

當負債責任獲解除或註銷或屆滿時,即取消確認財務負債。

倘現有財務負債被來自同一借方但不同條 款之另一筆財務負債替代,或現有負債之 條款被大幅修訂,此變動或修訂被視作取 消確認原負債並確認新負債,而各賬面值 之間之差額則於損益表中確認。

抵銷金融工具

當具現時可強制執行之法定權利抵銷已確認金額及計劃以淨額結算,或同時變賣資產以清償負債,財務資產與財務負債可互相抵銷,並在財務狀況表內以淨額列示。

存貨

存貨按成本與可變現淨值兩者中之較低者 列賬。成本乃根據先入先出法計算,就在製 品及製成品而言,成本包括直接材料、直接 人工及適當比例之經常性費用。可變現淨 值以估計售價扣除完成及出售時預期所產 生之任何估計成本計算。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Provisions

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in the statement of profit or loss.

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

2.4 重大會計政策概要 (續)

撥備

倘因過往事件而產生之現時責任(法律或推定),且將來極可能需有資源流出以應付有關責任時,則確認撥備,惟責任所涉及之數額必須能可靠地估計。

倘貼現之影響屬重大時,所確認撥備之數額乃為預期須履行有關責任之未來開支於報告期末之現值。因時間流逝而導致所貼現之現值增加之數額,乃計入損益表中。

所得稅

所得稅包括即期及遞延稅項。有關損益表 外確認項目的所得稅於損益外確認,即於 其他全面收益或直接於權益內確認。

即期稅項資產及負債乃根據於報告期末已頒佈或實際上已頒佈的稅率(及稅法),並考慮本集團經營所在國家的現有詮釋及慣例,按預期可獲稅務當局退回或支付予稅務當局之金額計量。

遞延稅項為就財務申報而言,於報告期末 就資產與負債之稅基與彼等賬面值之所有 暫時差額,利用負債法作出撥備。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

2.4 重大會計政策概要 (續)

所得稅(續)

遞延稅項負債就所有應課稅暫時差額予以 確認,惟以下情況除外:

- 倘遞延稅項負債是由於並非業務合併 之交易中首次確認之資產或負債而產 生,且於交易時並不影響會計溢利或 應課稅溢利或虧損;及
- 就與於附屬公司及聯營公司之投資有關之應課稅暫時差額而言,可以控制 撥回暫時差額之時間及可能不會在可 見將來撥回暫時差額。

遞延稅項資產乃就所有可扣減暫時差額以 及未動用稅項抵免結轉及任何未動用稅項 虧損而確認。倘有應課稅溢利將可能用於 抵銷可動用之可扣減暫時差額以及未動用 稅項抵免結轉及未動用稅項虧損之情況 下,則確認遞延稅項資產,惟以下情況除 外:

- 倘與可扣減暫時差額有關之遞延稅項 資產是由於並非業務合併之交易中首 次確認之資產或負債而產生,且於交 易時並不影響會計溢利或應課稅溢利 或虧損;及
- 就與於附屬公司及聯營公司之投資有關之可扣減暫時差額而言,僅於暫時差額可能會在可見將來撥回及將有應課稅溢利可用於抵銷可動用暫時差額時,方確認遞延稅項資產。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Income tax (continued)

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if and only if the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

Shares held under share award scheme

Own equity instruments which are reacquired and held by the Company or the Group (treasury shares) are recognised directly in equity at cost. No gain or loss is recognised in the statement of profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Group's own equity instruments.

2.4 重大會計政策概要 (續)

所得稅(續)

遞延稅項資產之賬面值乃於各報告期末進 行審閱,並予以相應扣減,直至不可能有足 夠應課稅溢利以動用全部或部分遞延稅項 資產為止。未確認之遞延稅項資產乃於各 報告期末重新評估,並於應課稅溢利足以 可收回全部或部分遞延稅項資產時確認。

遞延稅項資產及負債乃根據於報告期末已 頒佈或實際上已頒佈的稅率(及稅法),按 變現資產或清償負債之期間預期適用之稅 率予以計量。

僅當本集團有可合法執行權利可將即期稅 項資產與即期稅項負債抵銷,且遞延稅項 資產與遞延稅項負債與同一稅務機關對同 一應稅實體或於各未來期間預期有大額遞 延稅項負債或資產需要結算或收回時,擬 按淨額基準結算即期稅項負債及資產或同 時變現資產及結算負債之不同稅務實體徵 收之所得稅相關,則遞延稅項資產與遞延 稅項負債可予抵銷。

股份獎勵計劃所持股份

購回及持有本公司或本集團本身股本工具 (庫存股份)乃按成本直接於權益中確認。 概無於損益表中確認因購買、出售、發行或 註銷本集團本身股本工具之收益或虧損。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Dividends

Final dividends are recognised as a liability when they are approved by the shareholders in a general meeting. Proposed final dividends are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Interim dividends are simultaneously proposed and declared, because the Company's memorandum and articles of association grant the directors the authority to declare interim dividends. Consequently, interim dividends are recognised immediately as a liability when they are proposed and declared.

Foreign currencies

These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

2.4 重大會計政策概要 (續)

股息

末期股息於股東大會上獲股東批准後確認 為負債。建議末期股息披露於財務報表附 註。

因本公司組織章程大綱及章程細則授權董 事宣派中期股息,故同時建議並宣派中期 股息。因此,中期股息在建議並宣派時即時 確認為負債。

外幣

該等財務報表以港元呈列,該貨幣為本公司之功能貨幣。本集團內各實體釐定本身之功能貨幣,各實體列入財務報表之項目均以有關實體之功能貨幣計量。本集團之實體錄得之外幣交易初步按其各自的交易日期現行的功能貨幣匯率列賬。以外幣計值的貨幣資產與負債按於報告期末適用的功能貨幣匯率換算。結算或換算貨幣項目產生的差額均於損益表確認。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Foreign currencies (continued)

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured. The gain or loss arising on translation of a non-monetary item measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation difference on the item whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss, respectively).

In determining the exchange rate on initial recognition of the related assets, expenses or income on the derecognition of a non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability relating to an advance consideration, the date of initial transaction is the date on which the Group initially recognises the non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability arising from the advance consideration. If there are multiple payments or receipt in advance, the Group determines the transaction date for each payment or receipt of the advance consideration.

The functional currencies of certain overseas subsidiaries and associates are currencies other than the Hong Kong dollar. As at the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period and their statements of profit or loss are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates that approximate to those prevailing at the dates of the transactions. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange fluctuation reserve. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of other comprehensive income relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

2.4 重大會計政策概要 (續)

外幣 (續)

按外幣歷史成本計量的非貨幣項目按首次交易日期的匯率換算。按外幣公平值計量的非貨幣項目採用釐定公平值當日的匯率換算。換算按公平值計量的非貨幣項目所產生之損益根據確認該項目公平值變動所產生之損益而衡量(即該項目公平值損益於其他全面收益或損益確認之換算差額,亦各自於其他全面收益或損益確認)。

就終止確認非貨幣資產或預付代價有關的 非貨幣負債的相關資產、開支或收入而言, 於釐定初步確認的匯率時,初次交易的日 期為本集團初步確認預付代價所產生的非 貨幣資產或非貨幣負債的日期。倘有多筆 預付付款或收款,本集團就每筆預付代價 的付款或收款分別釐定交易日期。

若干海外附屬公司及聯營公司的功能貨幣 並非港元。於報告期末,該等實體的資產與 負債按報告期末的現行匯率換算為港元, 其損益表則按與該等交易日期現行匯率相 若的匯率換算為港元。因此而產生的匯稅 差額於其他全面收益確認及於匯兌波動儲 備累計。出售海外經營業務時,有關該項海 外經營業務之其他全面收益之組成部分於 損益表中確認。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Foreign currencies (continued)

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, the cash flows of overseas subsidiaries are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the cash flows. Frequently recurring cash flows of overseas subsidiaries which arise throughout the year are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of goods or services is transferred to the customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

When the consideration in a contract includes a variable amount, the amount of consideration is estimated to which the Group will be entitled in exchange for transferring the goods or services to the customer. The variable consideration is estimated at contract inception and constrained until it is highly probable that a significant revenue reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur when the associated uncertainty with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved.

2.4 重大會計政策概要 (續)

外幣(續)

就綜合現金流量表而言,海外附屬公司之 現金流量乃以現金流量日期之適用匯率換 算為港元。海外附屬公司於整個年度內產 生之經常性現金流量乃以年內之加權平均 匯率換算為港元。

收益確認

來自客戶合約之收益

來自客戶合約之收益在貨品或服務轉移至 客戶時按反映本集團就交換該等貨品或服 務而預期有權收取之代價金額確認。

當合約中的代價包含可變金額時,代價金額於本集團向客戶轉讓貨品或服務而有權獲得交換時估計。可變代價於合約開始時估計並受到約束,直至與可變代價相關的不確定因素其後得到解決時,確認的累計收益金額極有可能不會發生重大收益撥回。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

When the contract contains a financing component which provides the customer with a significant benefit of financing the transfer of goods or services to the customer for more than one year, revenue is measured at the present value of the amount receivable, discounted using the discount rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction between the Group and the customer at contract inception. When the contract contains a financing component which provides the Group with a significant financial benefit for more than one year, revenue recognised under the contract includes the interest expense accreted on the contract liability under the effective interest method. For a contract where the period between the payment by the customer and the transfer of the promised goods or services is one year or less, the transaction price is not adjusted for the effects of a significant financing component, using the practical expedient in HKFRS 15.

Sale of footwear products

Revenue from the sale of footwear products is recognised at the point in time when control of the assets is transferred to the customer, generally on delivery of the footwear products.

2.4 重大會計政策概要 (續)

收益確認(續)

來自客戶合約之收益(續)

當合約包含融資成分,該融資成分為客戶 提供超過一年的商品或服務轉讓融資 大利益時,收益按應收賬項的現值計量, 用貼現率折現,該貼現率將反映在 戶戶 與客戶包含融資成分,該融資成分為 當提供超過一年的重大融資利益時, 當是供超過一年的重大融資利率 其一年的重大融資利率 其一年的重大融資利率 其一年的到息開支。就客戶付款 等已承諾貨品或服務之間的期限一年融 發已承諾貨品或服務之間的期限一年融 發已承諾 分的影響並以香港財務報告準則第15號可 行權宜方法作出調整。

銷售鞋類產品

銷售鞋類產品之收益會於資產之控制權轉 移予客戶之時間點確認,通常為交付鞋類 產品時。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

Other income

Rental income is recognised on a time proportion basis over the lease terms.

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, when appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Dividend income is recognised when the shareholders' right to receive payment has been established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

Contract liabilities

A contract liability is recognised when a payment is received or a payment is due (whichever is earlier) from a customer before the Group transfers the related goods or services. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Group performs under the contract (i.e., transfers control of the related goods or services to the customer).

2.4 重大會計政策概要 (續)

收益確認(續)

其他收入

租金收入按時間比例基準在租期內確認。

利用實際利率法計算按累計基準確認的利息收入,實際利率即將於金融工具預期可用年期或較短期內(如適用)的估計日後現金收入確切貼現至該財務資產賬面淨值的利率。

股息收入於當股東收取款項的權利獲確立 時確認,股息相關經濟利益很可能流向本 集團,且股息金額能可靠計量。

合約負債

合約負債於本集團向客戶轉移相關貨品或 服務前收取或付款到期時(以較早者為準) 確認。合約負債於本集團根據合約履行時 (即向客戶轉移相關貨品或服務的控制權) 確認為收益。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group;

or

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
 - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;

2.4 重大會計政策概要 (續)

關連人士

在下列情況下,一方將被視為與本集團有 關:

- (a) 一方為一名人士或該人士的家族近 親,而該人士
 - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團;
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響;或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公司的主 要管理層人員的其中一名成員;

或

- (b) 一方為實體,且符合下列任何條件:
 - (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一集團的 成員公司;
 - (ii) 一間實體為另一實體的聯營公司或合營企業(或另一實體的母公司、附屬公司或同系附屬公司);
 - (iii) 該實體與本集團為同一第三方 的合營企業;
 - (iv) 一間實體為第三方實體的合營 企業,而另一實體為該第三方實 體的聯營公司;

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Related parties (continued)

- (b) (continued)
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); and
 - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

Share-based payments

The Company operates a share option scheme and a share award scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Employees (including directors) of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share-based payments, whereby employees render services in exchange for equity instruments ("equity-settled transactions").

The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by an external valuer using an appropriate pricing model, further details of which are given in note 26 to the financial statements.

2.4 重大會計政策概要 (續)

關連人士(續)

- (b) *(續)*
 - (v) 該實體為本集團或與本集團有 關連之實體就僱員利益設立之 離職福利計劃;
 - (vi) 該實體受(a)項定義的人士控制 或共同控制;
 - (vii) 於(a)(i)項定義的人士對該實體有 重大影響或屬該實體(或該實體 的母公司)主要管理層人員;及
 - (viii) 該實體或該實體所屬集團之任 何成員公司為本集團或本集團 母公司提供主要管理層人員服 務。

以股份支付的款項

本公司設有購股權計劃及股份獎勵計劃, 為所有對本集團成功經營之業務作出貢獻 之合資格參與者提供鼓勵和獎賞。本集團 的僱員(包括董事)會收取以股份支付的 酬金,而僱員會提供服務以交換權益工具 (「以權益結算之交易」)。

與僱員進行之以權益結算之交易的成本, 乃參照授出日期的公平值而計量。公平值 乃由外聘估值師以適合之定價模式釐定。 進一步詳情載於財務報表附註26。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Share-based payments (continued)

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised in employee benefit expense, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at the end of each reporting period until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The charge or credit to the statement of profit or loss for a period represents the movement in the cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period.

Service and non-market performance conditions are not taken into account when determining the grant date fair value of awards, but the likelihood of the conditions being met is assessed as part of the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. Market performance conditions are reflected within the grant date fair value. Any other conditions attached to an award, but without an associated service requirement, are considered to be non-vesting conditions. Non-vesting conditions are reflected in the fair value of an award and lead to an immediate expensing of an award unless there are also service and/or performance conditions.

For awards that do not ultimately vest because non-market performance and/or service conditions have not been met, no expense is recognised. Where awards include a market or non-vesting condition, the transactions are treated as vesting irrespective of whether the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied.

2.4 重大會計政策概要 (續)

以股份支付的款項(續)

以權益結算之交易的成本, 連同在績效及 / 或服務條件獲達成之期間內權益相應增 加部分於僱員福利開支內確認。在歸屬日 期前, 各報告期末確認的以權益結算之交 易的累計開支, 反映歸屬期已到期部分及 本集團對最終將會歸屬的權益工具數目的 最佳估計。在某一期間內在損益表內之扣 除或進賬, 乃反映累計開支於期初與期末 確認時的變動。

釐定獎勵之授出日公平值並不考慮服務及 非市場表現條件,惟能達成條件之可能性 則被評定為本集團對最終將會歸屬的權益 工具數目之最佳估計之一部分。市場表現 條件將反映在授出日之公平值。附帶於獎 勵中但並無相關聯服務要求之任何其他條 件皆視為非歸屬條件。非歸屬條件反映在 獎勵之公平值並導致即時支銷該獎勵,除 非當中亦包含服務及/或表現條件。

因未能達至非市場表現及/或服務條件而 導致最終並無歸屬之獎勵並不會確認開 支。倘獎勵包括一項市場或非歸屬條件,無 論市場或非歸屬條件是否達成,該等交易 均會被視為已歸屬,前提是所有其他表現 及/或服務條件須已達成。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Share-based payments (continued)

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. In addition, an expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payments, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. This includes any award where non-vesting conditions within the control of either the Group or the employee are not met. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and is designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of earnings per share.

2.4 重大會計政策概要 (續)

以股份支付的款項(續)

倘若以權益結算之獎勵的條款有所變更(倘 獎勵的原有條款獲達成),所確認的開支最 少須達到猶如條款並無任何變更的水準。 此外,倘若按變更日期計量,任何變更導致 以股份支付的款項的總公平值有所增加, 或對僱員帶來其他利益,則應就該等變更 確認開支。

倘若以權益結算之獎勵被註銷,應被視為 已於註銷日期歸屬,任何尚未確認的獎勵 的開支均應立刻確認。此包括非歸屬條件 於本集團或僱員控制範圍內未能達成的任 何獎勵。然而,若授予新獎勵代替已註銷的 獎勵,並於授出日期指定為替代獎勵,則一 如前段所述,已註銷的獎勵及新獎勵均應 被視為原獎勵的變更。

計算每股盈利時,未行使購股權的攤薄效 應反映為額外股份攤薄。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Other employee benefits

Retirement benefit schemes

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to the statement of profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in Vietnam, Cambodia and Mainland China are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll costs to the central pension scheme. The contributions are charged to the statement of profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised at the earlier of when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and the Group recognises restructuring costs involving the payment of termination benefits.

2.4 重大會計政策概要 (續)

其他僱員福利

退休福利計劃

本集團已遵照強制性公積金計劃條例為合資格參與定額供款強制性公積金退休福利計劃(「強積金計劃」)之僱員執行強積金計劃。供款乃按僱員基本薪金某個百分比作出,並於根據強積金計劃之規則應付時自損益表扣除。強積金計劃之資產與本集團之資產分開,由獨立管理之基金持有。本集團之僱主一旦就強積金計劃作出供款,有關供款將悉數歸予該僱員所有。

本集團於越南、柬埔寨及中國內地經營的 附屬公司之僱員需要參加地方市政府運作 之中央退休金計劃。該等附屬公司須按工 資若干百分比向中央退休金計劃作出供 款。供款於根據中央退休金計劃規則應付 時自損益表扣除。

終止受僱福利

終止受僱福利於本集團不再可撤回該等福 利要約時及本集團確認涉及支付終止受僱 福利之重組成本時(以較早者為準)確認。

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2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of financial position, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits, which are not restricted as to use.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

Judgements

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

2.4 重大會計政策概要 (續)

現金及等同現金項目

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及等同現金項目乃指手頭現金及活期存款及可隨時轉換為已知金額現金之短期高流動性投資,該等投資之價值轉變風險較低,並為較短期之投資項目(一般為於購入日期起計三個月內到期),並已減去須於要求時償還並構成本集團現金管理之一部分之銀行诱支。

就綜合財務狀況表而言,現金及等同現金項目乃指用途不受限制之手頭現金及銀行存款(包括定期存款)。

3. 重大會計判斷及估計

編製本集團財務報表需要管理層作出會影響所呈報收益、費用、資產及負債之金額及其隨附之披露以及或然負債披露之判斷、估計及假設。有關該等假設及估計之不確定因素可能導致須就日後受影響之資產或負債之賬面值作出重大調整。

判斷

於應用本集團會計政策之過程中,除有關估計者外,管理層曾作出以下對財務報表之確認數額有最重大影響之判斷:

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

Judgements (continued)

Property lease classification - Group as lessor

The Group has entered into commercial property leases on its investment property portfolio. The Group has determined, based on an evaluation of the terms and conditions of the arrangements, such as the lease terms and constituting a major part of the economic life of the commercial property and the present value of the minimum lease payments not amounting to substantially all the fair value of the commercial property, that it retains substantially all the significant risks and rewards incidental to ownership of these properties which are leased out and accounts for the contracts as operating leases.

Classification between investment properties and owner-occupied properties

The Group determines whether a property qualifies as an investment property, and has developed criteria in making that judgement. Investment property is a property held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both. Therefore, the Group considers whether a property generates cash flows largely independently of the other assets held by the Group. Some properties comprise a portion that is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation and another portion that is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. If these portions could be sold separately or leased out separately under a finance lease, the Group accounts for the portions separately. If the portions could not be sold separately, the property is an investment property only if an insignificant portion is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Judgement is made on an individual property basis to determine whether ancillary services are so significant that a property does not qualify as an investment property.

3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

判斷(續)

物業租賃分類-本集團為出租人

本集團已就其投資物業組合訂立商業物業租賃。根據對有關安排條款及條件之評估,如租賃期及構成商業物業之經濟壽命的主要部分且最低租賃付款現值不等於商業物業之絕大部分公平值,本集團已釐定其保留已出租並作為經營租賃入賬為合約的該等物業所有權附帶的絕大部分風險及回報。

投資物業及自置物業兩者間之分類

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

Estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

Provision for inventories

The estimation of the inventory provision requires significant management judgement, which includes judgement about the recoverability of the cost of inventories, the nature and condition of inventories, the marketability of finished goods and the future usage of raw materials.

Provision for expected credit losses on accounts receivable

The Group uses a provision matrix to calculate ECLs for accounts receivable. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments that have similar loss patterns (i.e., by customer type). The provision matrix is initially based on the Group's historical observed default rates. The Group will calibrate the matrix to adjust the historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information. At each reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

The assessment of the correlation among historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and forecast economic conditions. The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of a customer's actual default in the future. The information about the ECLs on the Group's accounts receivable is disclosed in note 18 to the financial statements.

3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

不確定因素之估計

於報告期末有關未來之主要假設及其他不確定因素估計之主要來源,具有導致下個 財政年度之資產及負債賬面值出現重大調 整之重大風險,詳情載於下文。

存貨撥備

存貨撥備的估計需要管理層作出重大判斷,包括對存貨成本的可收回性、存貨的性質和狀況、製成品的市場流通性和原材料的未來使用情況的判斷。

應收賬項預期信貸虧捐撥借

本集團使用撥備矩陣計算應收賬項的預期 信貸虧損。撥備率乃基於具有類似虧損模式 (即按客戶類型劃分)的不同客戶分部組合 逾期日數釐定。撥備矩陣初步基於本集團 過往觀察所得違約率而釐定。本集團將調 整矩陣,藉以按前瞻性資料調整過往信貸 虧損經驗。於各報告日期,過往觀察所得違 約率已予更新,並分析前瞻性估計變動。

對過往觀察所得違約率、預測經濟狀況及 預期信貸虧損之間的關連性進行的評估屬 重大估計。預期信貸虧損金額對環境及預 測經濟狀況的變化相當敏感。本集團過往 信貸虧損經驗及預測經濟狀況亦未必能代 表客戶日後的實際違約情況。有關本集團 應收賬項預期信貸虧損的資料已於財務報 表附註18披露。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

Estimation uncertainty (continued)

Estimation of fair value of investment properties

The best evidence of fair value is current prices in an active market for properties in the same location and condition and subject to similar lease and other contracts. In the absence of such information, the Group considers information from a variety of sources. The valuation of the investment properties at fair value was highly dependent on estimates and assumptions, such as those relating to the rental value, rental growth rate, market yield, market knowledge and historical transactions.

Further details, including the key assumptions used for fair value measurement, a sensitivity analysis and the carrying amount of investment properties, are given in note 15 to the financial statements.

Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses whether there are any indicators of impairment for all non-financial assets (including the right-of-use assets) at the end of each reporting period. Indefinite life intangible assets are tested for impairment annually and at other times when such an indicator exists. Other non-financial assets are tested for impairment when there are indicators that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. An impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or a cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. The calculation of the fair value less costs of disposal is based on available data from binding sales transactions in an arm's length transaction of similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing of the asset. When value in use calculations are undertaken, management must estimate the expected future cash flows from the asset or cash-generating unit and choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. Further details, including the key assumptions used for the impairment assessment, are given in note 13 to the financial statements.

3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

不確定因素之估計(續)

投資物業公平值的估計

公平值的最佳證據是在相同地點及狀況下,擁有相似租賃及其他合約的物業在活躍市場的現時價格。在沒有該等資料的情況下,本集團考慮不同來源的資料,投資物業的公平值估值高度倚賴估計和假設,例如與租金價格、租金增長率、市場收益率、市場通識及歷史交易有關的估計及假設。

進一步詳情(包括公平值計量所用之主要假設、敏感度分析及投資物業之賬面值) 載於財務報表附註15。

非財務資產減值

本集團於各報告期末評估所有非財務資產 (包括使用權資產)是否出現任何減值跡 象。具無限可使用年期的無形資產每年及 於出現減值跡象的其他時間測試減值。其 他非財務資產於有跡象顯示賬面值可能無 法收回時測試減值。資產或現金產生單位 賬面值超逾其可收回金額(即公平值減出售 成本與使用價值兩者間的較高者)時,則存 在減值。計量公平值減出售成本時,按以公 平基準就類似資產進行具有約束力的銷售 交易可得數據,或可觀察所得市價減資產 處置的增量成本得出。當計算使用價值時, 管理層必須估計來自資產或現金產生單位 的預期未來現金流量,並選擇合適的貼現 率,以計算該等現金流量的現值。進一步詳 情(包括減值評估所用之主要假設) 載於財 務報表附註13。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

Estimation uncertainty (continued)

Tax

The Group is subject to income taxes in several tax jurisdictions. Due to the complexity of local and international tax legislation, judgements have to be made by management on the tax treatment on transactions in advance of the ultimate tax determination being certain. Where the amount of tax payable or recoverable is uncertain, the Group estimates provision based on management's judgement of the probable amount of the liability, or expected amounts recoverable, which may be materially different from the estimated provision. Further details are included in note 10 to the financial statements.

4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on their business activities and has two reportable operating segments as follows:

- (a) manufacturing and sale of footwear products; and
- (b) property investment.

Management monitors the results of the Group's operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resources allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on reportable segment profit/(loss), which is a measure of adjusted profit/(loss) before tax. The adjusted profit/(loss) before tax is measured consistently with the Group's profit/(loss) before tax except that interest income, non-lease-related finance costs and other unallocated income and gains/(losses), net and unallocated expenses are excluded from the measurement.

3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

不確定因素之估計(續)

稅項

本集團於若干稅務司法權區內繳納所得稅。由於當地和國際稅務立法的複雜性,在最終稅務確定前,管理層須就交易之稅務處理作出判斷。當應付稅項或可收回稅項金額不確定時,本集團根據管理層對可能的負債金額或預計可收回金額的判斷估計撥備,其可能與估計撥備有重大不同。進一步詳情載於財務報表附註10。

4. 營運分部資料

由於管理需要,本集團根據業務活動劃分 業務單元及擁有下列兩個可報告營運分部:

- (a) 製造及銷售鞋類產品;及
- (b) 物業投資。

管理層個別監控本集團營運分部之業績, 以便作出有關資源分配及表現評估之決 定。評估分部表現乃根據可報告分部之溢 利/(虧損)(為經調整除稅前溢利/(虧損) 之計量)。經調整除稅前溢利/(虧損)的計量方式與本集團除稅前之溢利/(虧損)的計量方式一致,惟利息收入、非租賃相關融 資成本及其他未分配收入及收益/(虧損) 淨額及未分配開支除外。

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4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

(continued)

Segment assets exclude cash and cash equivalents and other unallocated assets as these assets are managed on a group basis.

Segment liabilities exclude unallocated liabilities as these liabilities are managed on a group basis.

The segment information for the year ended 31 March 2023 is disclosed as follows:

4. 營運分部資料 (續)

分部資產不包括現金及等同現金項目及其 他未分配資產,因該等資產乃以集團基準 管理。

分部負債不包括未分配負債,因該等負債 乃以集團基準管理。

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度的分 部資料披露如下:

	Manufacturing and sale of footwear products 製造及銷售鞋類產品			Property investment 物業投資		Consolidated 綜合	
	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	
Segment revenue 分部收益 Sales to external customers 銷售予外界客戶	1,061,974	842,687	-	-	1,061,974	842,687	
Rental income 租金收入	-	-	28,207	24,822	28,207	24,822	

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4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

4. 營運分部資料 (續)

(continued)

	of footwea	Manufacturing and sale of footwear products 製造及銷售鞋類產品 ***********************************				idated 合
	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Segment results 分部業績	40,712	(25,507)	11,809	1,181	52,521	(24,326)
Unallocated income and gains/(loss), net 未分配收入及收益/(虧損)淨額 Interest income 利息收入 Unallocated expenses 未分配開支					230 9,064 (11,493)	(150) 1,963 (11,009)
Finance costs (other than interest on lease liabilities) 融資成本 (租賃負債之利息除外)					(2)	
Profit/(loss) before tax 除稅前溢利/(虧損) Income tax credit 所得稅抵免					50,320 3,616	(33,522) 13,703
川 1年优14. 光					3,010	13,703
Profit/(loss) for the year 年度溢利/(虧損)					53,936	(19,819)
Assets and liabilities 資產及負債						
Segment assets 分部資產 Unallocated assets 未分配資產	688,006	802,955	500,414	546,724	1,188,420 399,539	1,349,679 307,653
Total assets 資產總值					1,587,959	1,657,332
Segment liabilities 分部負債 Unallocated liabilities 未分配負債	187,483	258,447	99,700	110,046	287,183 86,120	368,493 69,098
Total liabilities 負債總額					373,303	437,591

財務報表附註

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4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

4. 營運分部資料 (續)

	of footwea	ing and sale ir products		nvestment		lidated
		善鞋類產品	物業投資		綜合	
	2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年	2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年	2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
	—♥——+ HK\$'000	— 	—♥——+ HK\$'000	— ▽ — + HK\$'000	—♥——+ HK\$'000	—₹——+ HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Other segment information 其他分部資料						
Depreciation: 折舊: Segment 分部 Unallocated 未分配	27,569	29,568	-	-	27,569	29,568 -
					27,569	29,568
Depreciation of right-of-use assets 使用權資產折舊	3,081	3,611	-	_	3,081	3,611
Capital expenditure* _ 資本開支*	12,116	14,852	-	-	12,116	14,852
Share of profit of associates 應佔聯營公司溢利	(32,547)	(32,788)	_	-	(32,547)	(32,788)
Impairment allowance/(reversal of impairment) of accounts receivable 應收賬項減值撥備/(減值撥回)	913	(1,234)	_	_	913	(1,234)
Fair value loss on revaluation of investment properties		(1,25.1)	40,000	00.000		
重估投資物業之公平值虧損		-	13,028	20,096	13,028	20,096
Provision/(write-back of provision) for inventories 存貨撥備/(撥備撥回)	(2,020)	8,570	-	-	(2,020)	8,570
Loss on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment, net 出售物業、廠房及設備項目之						
虧損淨額	210	10	-	-	210	10

^{*} Capital expenditure consists of additions to property, plant and equipment.

^{*} 資本開支由添置物業、廠房及設備組成。

財務報表附註

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4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

4. 營運分部資料 (續)

(continued)

Geographical information

地區資料

(a) Revenue from external customers

(a) 來自外界客戶的收益

	2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
	ーマーー HK\$'000 千港元	ーマーーー HK\$'000 千港元
The United States of America 美利堅合眾國	396,361	374,444
Europe 歐洲	239,080	204,678
Asia 亞洲	161,987	109,956
Others 其他	264,546	153,609
	1,061,974	842,687

The revenue information above is based on the locations of the customers.

上述收益資料以客戶所在地為依據。

(b) Non-current assets

(b) 非流動資產

	2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Hong Kong 香港	51,277	54,712
Mainland China 中國內地	461,527	511,597
Cambodia 柬埔寨	66,364	71,318
Vietnam 越南	139,486	153,159
Others 其他	252	289
	718,906	791,075

The non-current asset information above is based on the locations of the assets and excludes investments in associates and club memberships. 上述非流動資產資料以資產所在地為 依據,且未計及於聯營公司的投資及 會所會籍。

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4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

(continued)

Information about major customers

Revenue derived from the manufacturing and sale of footwear products business with over 10% of the total revenue of the Group during the years ended 31 March 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

4. 營運分部資料 (續)

主要客戶資料

截至二零二三年及二零二二年三月三十一 日止年度內,佔本集團總收益超過10%之 製造及銷售鞋履產品業務所產生的收益如 下:

	2023	2022
	二零二三年	二零二二年
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Customer A 客戶A	669,530	545,674
Customer B 客戶B	342,085	208,968
	1,011,615	754,642

The above amounts include sales to a group of entities which are known to be under common control with these customers.

上述金額包括向一組實體(該等實體受上述客戶共同控制)的銷售額。

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REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS, NET

5. 收益、其他收入及收益淨額

(a) Revenue

(a) 收益

	2023	2022
	二零二三年	二零二二年
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue from contracts with customers		
來自客戶合約之收益		
Sale of goods 銷售貨品	1,061,974	842,687

(i) Disaggregated revenue information

All the revenue from contracts with customers are recognised at a point in time. The revenue information disaggregated by geographical market is disclosed in note 4(a) to the financial statements.

Revenue recognised in the current reporting period that was included in contract liabilities at the beginning of the reporting period:

(i) 分拆收益資料

與客戶合約的所有收益均於某個時間點確認。按地域市場分拆的收益資料於財務報表附註4(a)披露。

本報告期間確認的收益於報告 期初計入合約負債:

	2023	2022
	二零二三年	二零二二年
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Sale of goods 銷售貨品	1,575	915

(ii) Performance obligation

The performance obligation is satisfied upon delivery of goods and payment is generally due within 30 to 90 days from delivery.

(ii) 履約責任

履約責任於貨品發出時完成,客戶付款時間通常為發貨後的30至90天內。

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5. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS, NET (continued)

5. 收益、其他收入及收益淨額 (續)

- INL I (Continued)
- (b) Other income and gains, net

(b) 其他收入及收益淨額

	2023	2022
	二零二三年	二零二二年
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Bank interest income 銀行利息收入	9,064	1,923
Interest income from accounts receivable 應收賬項之利息收入	-	40
Loss on disposal of items of property,		
plant and equipment, net		
出售物業、廠房及設備項目之虧損淨額	(210)	(10)
Gross rental income 租金收入總額	28,207	24,822
Foreign exchange differences, net 匯兌差額淨值	158	1,523
Subsidy income* 補貼收入*	1,104	-
Others 其他	208	495
	38,531	28,793

^{*} There are no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies relating to these subsidies.

6. FINANCE COSTS

An analysis of finance costs is as follows:

6. 融資成本

融資成本的分析如下:

	2023	2022
	二零二三年	二零二二年
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Interest on bank loans 銀行貸款之利息	2	_
Interest on lease liabilities 租賃負債之利息	135	30
	137	30

並無有關此補貼的未達成條件或或 然事項。

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7. PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAX

The Group's profit/(loss) before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

7. 除稅前溢利/(虧損)

本集團的除稅前溢利/(虧損)乃經扣除/(計入)以下項目:

	2023	2022
	二零二三年	二零二二年
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Cost of inventories sold 銷售存貨成本	636,119	479,704
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		
物業、廠房及設備折舊	27,569	29,568
Depreciation of right-of-use assets 使用權資產折舊	3,081	3,611
Provision/(write-back of provision) for inventories*		
存貨撥備/((撥備撥回)*	(2,020)	8,570
Lease payment not included in the measurement of lease liabilities		
不計入租賃負債計量的租賃付款	696	702
Impairment allowance/(reversal of impairment) of accounts receivable		
應收賬項減值撥備/(減值撥回)	913	(1,234)
Loss on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment, net		
出售物業、廠房及設備項目之虧損淨額	210	10
Auditor's remuneration 核數師酬金	1,816	1,945
Employee benefit expense (including directors'		
remuneration (note 8)):		
僱員福利開支(包括董事酬金(附註8)):		
Wages and salaries 工資及薪金	267,760	266,567
Equity-settled share option expense 以權益結算之購股權開支	487	404
Equity-settled share award expense 以權益結算之股份獎勵開支	3,296	2,534
Pension scheme contributions 退休金計劃供款	19,979	15,097
	291,522	284,602

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7. PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAX (continued)

7. 除稅前溢利/(虧損)(續)

	2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Amortisation of club memberships** 會所會籍攤銷**	45	40
Fair value loss on revaluation of investment properties		
重估投資物業之公平值虧損	13,028	20,096
Bank interest income 銀行利息收入	(9,064)	(1,923)
Interest income from accounts receivable 應收賬項之利息收入	-	(40)
Foreign exchange differences, net 匯兌差額淨值	(158)	(1,523)
Direct operating expenses (including repairs and maintenance)		
arising from rental-earning investment properties		
賺取租金之投資物業所產生之直接經營開支(包括維修及保養)	3,370	3,545

Cost of sales includes HK\$248,503,000 (2022: HK\$248,030,000) relating to direct staff costs and depreciation of manufacturing facilities, which are also included in the respective total amounts disclosed above for each of these types of expenses.

- * Provision for inventories is included in "Cost of sales" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.
- ** Amortisation of club memberships is included in "Administrative expenses" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

銷售成本包括關於直接員工成本及製造設施折舊共248,503,000港元(二零二二年:248,030,000港元),其亦已包含於以上披露相關總額之各類開支內。

- * 存貨撥備已計入綜合損益表之「銷售成本」內。
- ** 會所會籍攤銷已計入綜合損益表之「行政開支」內。

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8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

Directors' remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (The "Stock Exchange", the "Listing Rules"), section 383(1)(a), (b), (c) and (f) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation, is as follows:

8. 董事酬金

年內,董事酬金按照香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)、香港公司條例第383(1)(a)、(b)、(c)及(f)條及《公司(披露董事利益資料)規例》第2部披露如下:

	2023	2022
	二零二三年	二零二二年
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Fees 袍金		
- Independent non-executive directors -獨立非執行董事	624	576
- Non-executive directors 一非執行董事	912	912
- Executive directors 一執行董事	552	552
	2,088	2,040
Other emoluments: 其他酬金:		
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 薪金、津貼及實物利益	2,944	3,275
Discretionary bonuses 酌定獎金	274	274
Pension scheme contributions 退休金計劃供款	36	36
Equity-settled share option expense 以權益結算之購股權開支	295	164
	3,549	3,749
	5,637	5,789

During the year and in prior years, certain directors were granted share options, in respect of their services to the Group, under the share option scheme of the Company, further details of which are set out in note 26 to the financial statements. The fair value of such options, which has been recognised in the statement of profit or loss over the vesting period, was determined as at the date of grant and the amount included in the financial statements for the current year is included in the above directors' remuneration disclosures.

於本年度及於過往年度內,若干董事在本公司購股權計劃之下,根據其對本集團之服務獲授予購股權,進一步詳情載於財務報表附註26。在歸屬期內已於損益表確認之該等購股權之公平值於授出日期釐定,而包含於本年度財務報表之數額則載於以上董事酬金披露部分內。

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8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (continued)

(a) Independent non-executive directors

The fees paid to independent non-executive directors during the year were as follows:

8. 董事酬金 續

(a) 獨立非執行董事

年內支付予獨立非執行董事之袍金如 下:

		Allowances and benefits	Equity-settled share option	Total
	Fees	in kind	expense	remuneration
		津貼及	以權益結算之 以權益結算之	
2023	袍金	實物利益	購股權開支	酬金總額
二零二三年	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Mr. Tam King-ching, Kenny 譚競正先生	192	-	29	221
Mr. Yung Tse-kwong, Steven 戎子江先生	192	-	29	221
Ms. Chan Mei-bo, Mabel 陳美寶女士	192	-	29	221
Mr. Wong Hin-wing 黃顯榮先生*	48	-	-	48
	624	-	87	711
		Allowances	Equity-settled	
		and benefits	share option	Total
	Fees	in kind	expense	remuneration
		津貼及	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
		/	以權益結算之	
2022	袍金	實物利益	以催血結算之購股權開支	酬金總額
2022 二零二二年	袍金 HK\$'000 千港元			酬金總額 HK\$'000 千港元
	. –	實物利益	購股權開支	
	. –	實物利益	購股權開支	
零年	HK\$'000 千港元	實物利益	購股權開支 HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
二零二二年 Mr. Tam King-ching, Kenny 譚競正先生	HK\$'000 千港元 192	實物利益	購股權開支 HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元 204
二零二二年 Mr. Tam King-ching, Kenny 譚競正先生 Mr. Yung Tse-kwong, Steven 戎子江先生	HK\$'000 千港元 192 192	實物利益	購股權開支 HK\$'000 千港元 12 12	HK\$'000 千港元 204 204

There were no other emoluments payable to the independent non-executive directors during the year (2022: Nil).

* Mr. Wong Hin-wing had been appointed as an independent non-executive director on 1 January 2023.

年內並無其他應付獨立非執行董事之 酬金(二零二二年:無)。

^{*} 黃顯榮先生於二零二三年一月一日 獲委任為獨立非執行董事。

財務報表附註

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8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (continued)

8. 董事酬金 (續)

(b) Executive directors and non-executive directors

(b) 執行董事及非執行董事

2023 二零二三年	Fees 袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 薪金、津貼及 實物利益 HK\$'000 千港元	Discretionary bonuses 酌定獎金 HK\$'000 千港元	Pension scheme contributions 退休金 計劃供款 HK\$'000 千港元	Equity-settled share option expense 以權益結算 之購股權開支 HK\$'000 千港元	Total remuneration 酬金總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Executive directors: 執行董事:						
Mdm. Huang Hsiu-duan, Helen						
indin, ndang nsid-duan, nelen 黃秀端女士						
與乃蜖メエ Mr. Chen Yi-wu, Ares* 陳奕舞先生*	372	1,031	101	18	9	1,531
Mr. Wong Hei-chiu 黃禧超先生	180	1,736	143	18	82	2,159
- Will World Hel-Gilla 英语起光工	100	1,700	170	10	02	2,100
	552	2,767	244	36	91	3,690
Non-executive directors: 非執行董事:						
Mr. Chan Ho-man, Daniel 陳浩文先生	360	143	30	-	59	592
Dr. Chow Wing-kin, Anthony 周永健博士	192	-	-	-	29	221
Mr. Kimmel, Phillip Brian 柯民佑先生	360	34	-	-	29	423
	912	177	30	-	117	1,236
	1,464	2,944	274	36	208	4,926

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8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (continued)

8. 董事酬金 (續)

- (b) Executive directors and non-executive directors (continued)
- (b) 執行董事及非執行董事 (續)

2022 二零二二年	Fees 袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 薪金、津貼及 實物利益 HK\$'000 千港元	Discretionary bonuses 酌定獎金 HK\$'000 千港元	Pension scheme contributions 退休金 計劃供款 HK\$'000 千港元	Equity-settled share option expense 以權益結算 之購股權開支 HK\$'000 千港元	Total remuneration 酬金總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Executive directors: 執行董事:						
Mdm. Huang Hsiu-duan, Helen						
indin. Huding Hsid-dudin, Helen 黄秀端女士						
Mr. Chen Yi-wu, Ares* 陳奕舞先生*	372	1,028	101	18	37	1,556
Mr. Wong Hei-chiu 黃禧超先生	180	1,734	143	18	42	2,117
Wil. Wong Her Glid 英语起光工	100	1,704	170			۷,۱۱۱
	552	2,762	244	36	79	3,673
Non-executive directors: 非執行董事:						
Mr. Chan Ho-man, Daniel 陳浩文先生	360	141	30	-	25	556
Dr. Chow Wing-kin, Anthony 周永健博士	192	_	_	-	12	204
Mr. Kimmel, Phillip Brian 柯民佑先生	360	372	_		12	744
	912	513	30		49	1,504
	1,464	3,275	274	36	128	5,177

^{*} Mr. Chen Yi-wu, Ares is the chief executive of the Group.

陳奕舞先生為本集團行政總裁。

There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year (2022: Nil).

董事概無於年內訂立任何安排放棄 或同意放棄任何酬金(二零二二年: 無)。

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9. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees during the year included two (2022: two) directors of the Company, details of whose remuneration are set out in note 8 above. Details of the remuneration for the year of the remaining three (2022: three) highest paid employees who are not directors are as follows:

9. 五名最高薪僱員

年內五名最高薪僱員包括本公司兩名(二零二二年:兩名)董事,其酬金詳情載於上文附註8。本年度其餘三名(二零二二年:三名)非董事之最高薪僱員之酬金詳情如下:

	2023	2022
	二零二三年	二零二二年
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 薪金、津貼及實物利益	4,513	4,733
Discretionary bonuses 酌定獎金	747	810
Equity-settled share option expense 以權益結算之購股權開支	68	72
	5,328	5,615

The remuneration of the remaining three (2022: three) non-director highest paid employee fell within the bands of HK\$500,001 to HK\$1,000,000, HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000 and HK\$3,000,001 to HK\$3,500,000 (2022: HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000 and HK\$3,000,001 to HK\$3,500,000).

During the year and in prior years, share options were granted to non-director highest paid employees in respect of their services to the Group, further details of which are included in the disclosures in note 26 to the financial statements. The fair value of such options, which has been recognised in the statement of profit or loss over the vesting period, was determined as at the date of grant and the amount included in the financial statements for the current year is included in the above non-director highest paid employee's remuneration disclosures.

其餘三名(二零二二年:三名)非董事之最高薪僱員薪酬組別介乎500,001港元至1,000,000港元、1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元及3,000,001港元至3,500,000港元(二零二二年:1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元及3,000,001港元至3,500,000港元)。

於年內及過往年度,非董事之最高薪僱員 就彼等向本集團提供之服務獲授購股權, 進一步詳情於財務報表附註26中披露。該 等購股權之公平值於歸屬期間在損益表確 認,並於授出日期釐定,而包含於本年度財 務報表之數額則載於以上非董事之最高薪 僱員之酬金披露部分內。

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10. INCOME TAX

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2022: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year. Taxes on profits assessable elsewhere have been calculated at the rates of tax prevailing in the countries/jurisdictions in which the Group operates.

10. 所得稅

香港利得稅乃根據年內於香港賺取之估計應課稅溢利按16.5% (二零二二年:16.5%)之稅率撥備。其他地區有關應課稅溢利之稅項乃按本集團經營業務所在國家/司法權區之當時稅率計算。

	2023	2022
	二零二三年	二零二二年
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Current – Hong Kong 即期稅項一香港		
Charge for the year 本年度稅項支出	10	208
Underprovision/(overprovision) in prior years		
過往年度撥備不足/(超額撥備)	(11)	604
Current – Elsewhere 即期稅項一其他地區		
Charge for the year 本年度稅項支出	5,000	5,000
Overprovision in prior years 過往年度超額撥備	(6,300)	(16,000)
Deferred (note 24) 遞延(附註24)	(2,315)	(3,515)
Total tax credit for the year 年內稅項抵免總額	(3,616)	(13,703)

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10. INCOME TAX (continued)

A reconciliation of the tax charge/(credit) applicable to profit/(loss) before tax at the statutory rates for the countries/jurisdictions in which the Company and the majority of its subsidiaries are domiciled to the tax credit at the effective tax rate is as follows:

10. 所得稅(續)

按本公司及其大部分附屬公司所在國家/司法權區之法定稅率計算適用於除稅前溢利/(虧損)之稅項支出/(抵免)與按實際稅率計算之稅項抵免之對賬如下:

	2023	2022
	二零二三年	二零二二年
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Profit/(loss) before tax 除稅前溢利/(虧損)	50,320	(33,522)
		_
Tax at the applicable tax rates 按適用稅率計算之稅項	10,042	(2,526)
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior years		
過往年度稅項支出之調整	(6,311)	(15,396)
Profit attributable to associates 聯營公司應佔溢利	(6,509)	(6,558)
Income not subject to tax 毋須課稅收入	(2,828)	(1,085)
Expenses not deductible for tax 不可扣稅之開支	5,516	11,773
Tax losses utilised from previous year 過往年度所動用的稅項虧損	(3,526)	(850)
Tax losses not recognised 未確認稅項虧損	-	939
Tax credit at the Group's effective rate		
按本集團實際稅率計算之稅項抵免	(3,616)	(13,703)

The share of tax attributable to associates amounting to HK\$3,853,000 (2022: HK\$4,238,000) is included in "Share of profit of associates" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

The applicable tax rate is calculated based on the Hong Kong profits tax rate of 16.5% (2022: 16.5%), the Vietnam Corporate Tax rates of 15% to 20% (2022: 15% to 20%), the Cambodia Corporate Tax rate of 20% (2022: 20%), the Taiwan Corporate Tax rate of 20% (2022: 20%), the Corporate Income Tax rate in Mainland China of 25% (2022: 25%) and the respective tax holidays granted to the subsidiaries of the Group in Cambodia (2022: Cambodia).

聯營公司應佔稅項為3,853,000港元 (二零二二年:4,238,000港元) 載於綜合損益表「應佔聯營公司溢利」。

適用稅率根據香港利得稅稅率16.5%(二零二二年:16.5%)、越南企業稅稅率15%至20%(二零二二年:15%至20%)、柬埔寨企業稅稅率20%(二零二二年:20%)、台灣企業稅稅率20%(二零二二年:20%)、中國內地企業所得稅稅率25%(二零二二年:25%)及本集團於柬埔寨之附屬公司所獲有關免稅期計算(二零二二年:柬埔寨)。

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10. INCOME TAX (continued)

Pursuant to the Corporate Income Tax Law of the People's Republic of China ("PRC"), a 10% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from the foreign investment enterprises established in Mainland China. The requirement is effective from 1 January 2008 and applies to earnings after 31 December 2007. A lower withholding tax rate may be applied if there is a tax treaty between Mainland China and the jurisdiction of the foreign investors. For the Group, the applicable rates are 5% and 10%. The Group is therefore liable for withholding taxes on dividends distributed by those subsidiaries established in Mainland China in respect of earnings generated.

In addition, pursuant to Cambodian withholding tax regulations, a 14% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to non-resident shareholders. Therefore, the Group is liable for withholding taxes on dividends distributed by those subsidiaries established in Cambodia in respect of earnings generated.

At 31 March 2023, no deferred tax has been recognised for withholding taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings that are subject to withholding taxes of the Group's subsidiaries established in Mainland China and Cambodia. In the opinion of the directors, it is not probable that these subsidiaries will distribute such earnings in the foreseeable future. The aggregate amount of temporary differences associated with undistributed profit of Mainland China and Cambodia subsidiaries for which deferred tax liabilities have not been recognised totalled approximately HK\$49,570,000 (2022: HK\$32,239,000) at 31 March 2023.

The Group has estimated tax losses of approximately HK\$72,372,000 (2022: HK\$81,718,000) arising in Hong Kong that are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these losses as they have arisen in subsidiaries that have been loss-making for some time and it is considered not probable that the Group can utilise these losses in the foreseeable future.

10. 所得稅(續)

根據中華人民共和國(「中國」)企業所得稅法,於中國內地成立之外資企業向外國投資者宣派之股息將被徵收10%預扣稅。該規定於二零零八年一月一日起生效,並適用於二零零七年十二月三十一日後產生之盈利。倘中國內地與外國投資者所屬日之證可立稅務條約,則可應用較低之預扣稅率。就本集團而言,適用稅率為5%及10%。本集團因而須就於中國內地成立之附屬公司就產生之盈利所派發之股息繳納預扣稅。

此外,根據柬埔寨預扣稅條例,向非本地居 民股東宣派之股息將被徵收14%預扣稅。 因此,本集團須就於柬埔寨成立之附屬公 司產生之盈利所派發之股息繳納預扣稅。

於二零二三年三月三十一日,並無就本集團於中國內地及柬埔寨成立之附屬公司應繳納預扣稅之未匯出盈利之應付預扣稅確認遞延稅項。董事認為,該等附屬公於可見將來不大可能分派有關盈利。於二零二三年三月三十一日,就中國內地及柬埔寨之附屬公司之未確認遞延稅項負債之未分派溢利相關之暫時性差額合共約49,570,000港元(二零二二年:32,239,000港元)。

本集團估計於香港產生之稅項虧損約為72,372,000港元(二零二二年:81,718,000港元),該等虧損可無限期用作抵銷錄得虧損之公司日後應課稅溢利。由於該等附屬公司一直錄得虧損,且本集團在可見將來使用該等虧損之可能性不大,故並無就有關虧損確認遞延稅項資產。

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11. EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The calculation of the basic earnings per share (2022: basic loss per share) amounts is based on the profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company of HK\$53,410,000 (2022: loss of HK\$18,035,000), and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 674,173,100 (2022: 671,566,334) in issue during the year, as adjusted to reflect the number of shares of 4,808,000 (2022: 7,798,000) held under the share award scheme of the Company and shares of 1,446,000 (2022: 740,000) repurchased during the year and cancelled during the year (2022: subsequent to the year end date).

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share is based on the following data:

11. 本公司權益持有人應佔每股盈利 / (虧損)

每股基本盈利(二零二二年:每股基本虧損)金額乃根據本公司權益持有人應佔年內溢利53,410,000港元(二零二二年:虧損18,035,000港元)及年內已發行普通股加權平均數674,173,100股(二零二二年:671,566,334股)計算,並經調整以反映根據本公司的股份獎勵計劃所持有的股份數目4,808,000股(二零二二年:7,798,000股)及於年內購回及註銷(二零二二年:740,000股)股份。

每股基本及攤薄盈利/(虧損)乃按以下數據計算:

	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Earnings/(loss) 盈利/(虧損) Profit/(loss) attributable to equity holders of the Company 本公司權益持有人應佔溢利/(虧損)	53,410	(18,035)

Number of shares 股份數目

	カヌーカフ	数日
	2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
Shares 股份 Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating the basic earnings/(loss) per share 計算每股基本盈利/(虧損)所用之普通股加權平均數	674,173,100	671,566,334
Effect of dilution-weighted average number of ordinary shares: 攤薄影響一普通股加權平均數: Share options 購股權 Share awards 股份獎勵	695,502 222,112	N/A不適用 N/A不適用
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating the diluted earnings/(loss) per share 計算每股攤薄盈利/(虧損)所用之普通股加權平均數	675,090,714	N/A不適用

For the year ended 31 March 2022, no adjustment has been made to the basic loss per share amount presented in respect of the potential dilutive ordinary shares in issue during the year as the impact had an anti-dilutive effect on the basic loss per share amount presented.

截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度,並無對就年內已發行具潛在攤薄效應之普通股所呈列之每股基本虧損金額作出調整,乃由於此舉之影響對所呈列每股基本虧損具有反攤薄效應。

Notes to Financial Statements 財務報表附註 31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

12. DIVIDENDS

12. 股息

	2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Dividends paid during the year 年內已派付股息		
Final in respect of the financial year ended 31 March 2022 -		
Nil (2021: HK1.5 cents) per ordinary share		
就截至二零二二年三月三十一日止財政年度的末期股息		
- 每股普通股零 (二零二一年:1.5港仙)	-	10,084
Special final in respect of the financial year ended 31 March 2022 -		
HK2.0 cents (2021: HK1.3 cents) per ordinary share		
就截至二零二二年三月三十一日止財政年度的		
特別末期股息-每股普通股2.0港仙(二零二一年:1.3港仙)	13,486	8,740
Interim - HK1.8 cents (2022: Nil) per ordinary share		
中期股息-每股普通股1.8港仙(二零二二年:零)	12,167	-
Special interim - HK0.5 cent (2022: HK2.0 cents) per		
ordinary share		
特別中期股息-每股普通股0.5港仙(二零二二年:2.0港仙)	3,380	13,475
	29,033	32,299
Proposed final and special final dividends		
擬派末期及特別末期股息		
Final - HK2.0 cents (2022: Nil) per ordinary share		
末期股息-每股普通股2.0港仙(二零二二年:零)	13,616	_
Special final - HK0.2 cent (2022: HK2.0 cents) per		
ordinary share		
特別末期股息-每股普通股0.2港仙(二零二二年:2.0港仙)	1,361	13,595
	14,977	13,595

The proposed final and special final dividends for the year is subject to the approval of the Company's shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting. These financial statements do not reflect the dividends payable.

本年度擬派末期及特別末期股息須經本公 司股東於即將舉行之股東週年大會上批准 後,方可作實。該等財務報表並無反映應付 股息。

財務報表附註

31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

13. 物業、廠房及設備

		Machinery,		
		furniture,		
		equipment,		
		leasehold		
		improvements		
	Land and	and motor	Construction	
	buildings	vehicles	in progress	Total
		機器、傢具、		
		設備、租賃物業		
	土地及樓宇	裝修及汽車	在建工程	合計
31 March 2023	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
二零二三年三月三十一日	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Cost: 成本:				
At 1 April 2022 於二零二二年四月一日	259,620	353,695	-	613,315
Additions 添置	_	10,923	1,193	12,116
Disposals 出售	_	(10,016)	-	(10,016)
Write-off 撇銷	_	(2)	_	(2)
Exchange realignment 外匯調整	(4,306)	(4,569)	_	(8,875)
At 31 March 2023 於二零二三年三月三十一日	255,314	350,031	1,193	606,538
7. (0			.,	
Accumulated depreciation and impairment:				
累計折舊及減值:				
At 1 April 2022 於二零二二年四月一日	130,237	310,086	_	440,323
Depreciation provided during the year	100,201	010,000		440,020
年內計提折舊	10,822	16,747	_	27,569
Disposals 出售	10,022	(9,527)	_	(9,527)
Write-off 撇銷		(3,327)		(3,327)
Exchange realignment 外匯調整	(1,794)	(3,711)		(5,505)
Exchange realignment / 區間走	(1,704)	(0,711)		(3,303)
A+ Q1 Morob 2002 於一兩一一年一日一上 □	120.065	242 507		450.060
At 31 March 2023 於二零二三年三月三十一日	139,265	313,597	-	452,862
Net book value: 賬面淨值:				
At 31 March 2023				
於二零二三年三月三十一日	116,049	36,434	1,193	153,676

Notes to Financial Statements 財務報表附註 31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

13. 物業、廠房及設備 (續)

(continued)

		Machinery,	
		furniture,	
		equipment,	
		leasehold	
		improvements	
	Land and	and motor	
	buildings	vehicles	Total
		機器、傢具、	
		設備、租賃物業	
	土地及樓宇	裝修及汽車	合計
31 March 2022	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
二零二二年三月三十一日	千港元	千港元	千港元
Cost: 成本:			
At 1 April 2021 於二零二一年四月一日	256,785	337,263	594,048
Additions 添置	_	14,852	14,852
Disposals 出售	_	(1,232)	(1,232)
Write-off 撇銷	_	(513)	(513)
Exchange realignment 外匯調整	2,835	3,325	6,160
At 31 March 2022 於二零二二年三月三十一日	259,620	353,695	613,315
Accumulated depreciation and impairment:			
累計折舊及減值:			
At 1 April 2021 於二零二一年四月一日	117,147	291,630	408,777
Depreciation provided during the year			
年內計提折舊	11,888	17,680	29,568
Disposals 出售	_	(1,222)	(1,222)
Write-off 撇銷	_	(513)	(513)
Exchange realignment 外匯調整	1,202	2,511	3,713
At 31 March 2022 於二零二二年三月三十一日	130,237	310,086	440,323
Net book value: 賬面淨值:			
At 31 March 2022 於二零二二年三月三十一日	129,383	43,609	172,992

財務報表附註

31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

14. LEASES

The Group as a lessee

The Group has lease contracts for various leasehold land and buildings. Lump sum payments were made upfront to acquire the leased land from the owners with lease periods of 19 to 38 years, and no ongoing payments will be made under the terms of these land leases. Lease of buildings have lease terms of 3 to 4 years. There is a lease contract that includes an extension option, which is further discussed below.

(a) Right-of-use assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's right-of-use assets and the movements during the year are as follows:

14. 租賃

本集團作為承租人

本集團就多項租賃土地及樓宇訂有租賃合約。已提前作出一次性付款以向擁有者收購租賃期為19至38年的租賃土地,並且根據該等土地租賃的條款不會有後續付款。樓宇租賃的租期為3至4年。該租賃合約中包括續期選擇權,其進一步討論如下。

(a) 使用權資產

年內本集團之使用權資產賬面值及變 動如下:

	Leasehold land 租賃土地 HK\$'000 千港元	Building 樓宇 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 1 April 2021 於二零二一年四月一日 Addition 添置 Depreciation charged during the year 年內折舊支出	69,762 - (2,678)	819 4,087 (933)	70,581 4,087 (3,611)
Exchange realignment 外匯調整	301	1	302
As at 31 March 2022 and 1 April 2022 於二零二二年三月三十一日及 二零二二年四月一日	67,385	3,974	71,359
Depreciation charged during the year 年內折舊支出 Exchange realignment 外匯調整	(2,066) (429)	(1,015) 21	(3,081) (408)
As at 31 March 2023 於二零二三年三月三十一日	64,890	2,980	67,870

31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

14. LEASES (continued)

The Group as a lessee (continued)

(b) Lease liabilities

The carrying amount of lease liabilities and the movements during the year are as follows:

14. 租賃 (續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(b) 租賃負債

年內租賃負債賬面值及變動如下:

	2023	2022
	二零二三年	二零二二年
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Carrying amount at 1 April 於四月一日之賬面值	4,071	930
New lease 新租賃	-	4,087
Accretion of interest recognised during the year		
年內已確認利息增幅	135	30
Payments 付款	(1,634)	(933)
Exchange realignment 外匯調整	32	(43)
Carrying amount at 31 March 於三月三十一日之賬面值	2,604	4,071
Analysed into: 分析為:		
Current portion 即期部分	1,011	1,502
Non-current portion 非即期部分	1,593	2,569

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities is disclosed in note 32 to the financial statements.

租賃負債的到期日分析於財務報表附註32披露。

財務報表附註

31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

14. LEASES (continued)

The Group as a lessee (continued)

(c) The amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to leases are as follows:

14. 租賃 (續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(c) 有關租賃於損益中確認的金額如下:

	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元
		, , , , , , , ,
Interest on lease liabilities 租賃負債之利息	135	30
Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets 使用權資產折舊開支	3,081	3,611
Expense relating to short-term leases		
(included in administrative expenses)		
與短期租賃有關之開支(計入行政開支)	690	695
Expense relating to leases of low-value assets		
(included in administrative expenses)		
與低價值資產租賃有關之開支(計入行政開支)	6	7
Total amount recognised in profit or loss 於損益中確認的總額	3,912	4,343

(d) Extension options:

The Group has a lease contract that includes an extension option. This option is negotiated by management to provide flexibility in managing the leased-asset portfolio and it is aligned with the Group's business needs. Set out below are the undiscounted potential future rental payments relating to periods following the exercise date of extension option that is not included in the lease term:

(d) 續期選擇權:

本集團訂有包括續期選擇權的租賃合約。該選擇權乃由管理層磋商以於管理租賃資產組合時提供靈活性且其符合本集團的業務需求。與未包含於租賃條款中的續期選擇權的行使日期以後期間有關的未貼現潛在未來租賃付款載列如下:

2023 二零二三年

Payable within	Payable after	
five years	five years	Total
於五年內應付	於五年後應付	總計
HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
884	5,640	6,524
	within five years 於五年內應付 HK\$'000 千港元	within after five years five years 於五年內應付 於五年後應付 HK\$'000 千港元

31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

14. LEASES (continued)

The Group as a lessee (continued)

(d) Extension options: (continued)

2022

14. 租賃 (續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(d) 續期選擇權:(續)

二零二二年

Payable payable within after five years five years Total 於五年內應付 於五年後應付 總計 HK\$'000 千港元 HK\$'000 千港元

Extension options expected not to be exercised

預計將不獲行使的續期選擇權

906

5,781

6.687

The Group as a lessor

The Group leases its investment properties (note 15) consisting of three (2022: three) commercial properties and four (2022: four) industrial properties in Hong Kong and Mainland China under operating lease arrangements. The terms of the leases generally require the tenants to pay security deposits and provide for periodic rent adjustments according to the then prevailing market conditions. Rental income recognised by the Group during the year was HK\$28,207,000 (2022: HK\$24,822,000), details of which are included in note 5 to the financial statements.

At 31 March 2023, the undiscounted lease payments receivable by the Group in future periods under non-cancellable operating leases with its tenants are as follows:

本集團作為出租人

本集團根據經營租賃安排出租其投資物業(附註15),包括位於香港及中國內地的三項(二零二二年:三項)商業物業及四項(二零二二年:四項)工業物業。租賃條款一般要求租戶支付保證金並根據當時的現行市況定期調租。本集團於年內確認的租金收入為28,207,000港元(二零二二年:24,822,000港元),其詳情載於財務報表附註5。

於二零二三年三月三十一日,本集團於未來期間根據與其租戶訂立的不可撤銷經營租賃的未貼現應收租賃款項如下:

	2023	2022
	二零二三年	二零二二年
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year 一年內	14,292	15,833
After one year but within two years 一年後但於兩年內	-	1,151
	14,292	16,984

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15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

15. 投資物業

	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Fair value at beginning of year 於年初之公平值 Fair value loss on revaluation 重估公平值虧損 Exchange realignment 外匯調整	546,724 (13,028) (36,336)	547,653 (20,096) 19,167
Fair value at 31 March 於三月三十一日之公平值	497,360	546,724

The Group has determined that the investment properties consist of two classes of assets, i.e., commercial and industrial, based on the nature, characteristics and risks of each property.

The Group's investment properties were revalued on 31 March 2023 based on valuations performed by Castores Magi (Hong Kong) Limited, independent professionally qualified valuers, at HK\$497,360,000 (2022: HK\$546,724,000). There has been no change from the valuation technique used in prior years.

Each year, the Group appoints an external valuer to be responsible for the external valuations of the Group's properties. Selection criteria of an external valuer include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained. The Group discusses with the valuer on the valuation assumptions and valuation results twice a year when the valuation is performed for interim and annual financial reporting.

The investment properties are leased to third parties under operating leases, further summary details of which are included in note 14 to the financial statements.

本集團已決定根據各物業之性質、特點及 風險將該等投資物業分類為兩類資產(即商 業物業及工業物業)。

於二零二三年三月三十一日,本集團之投資物業根據由獨立專業合資格估值師嘉漫(香港)有限公司所進行之估值重估為497,360,000港元(二零二二年:546,724,000港元)。估值方法自過往年度獲使用以來並無任何變動。

每年,本集團委聘外聘估值師負責對本集團之物業進行外部估值。外聘估值師之甄選準則包括市場知識、聲譽、獨立性及是否可保持專業標準。本集團每年兩次於就中期及年度財務申報進行估值時與估值師對估值假設及估值結果進行討論。

該等投資物業乃根據經營租賃租予第三 方,進一步概要詳情載於財務報表附註14。

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15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

Fair value hierarchy

The fair values of the Group's investment properties as at 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022 are estimated by using significant unobservable inputs and the fair value measurements are categorised within Level 3.

During the year, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3 (2022: Nil).

Reconciliation of fair value measurements categorised within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy:

15. 投資物業 (續)

公平值層級

於二零二三年三月三十一日及二零二二年 三月三十一日,本集團之投資物業之公平 值乃使用重大不可觀察輸入數據估計及公 平值計量分類為第三級。

年內,第一級與第二級之間概無轉換公平 值計量,亦無轉入第三級或自第三級轉出 (二零二二年:無)。

於公平值層級第三級內分類之公平值計量 對賬:

	Commercial properties 商業物業 HK\$'000 千港元	Industrial properties 工業物業 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
Carrying amount at 31 March 2021			
於二零二一年三月三十一日之賬面值	64,617	483,036	547,653
Fair value loss on revaluation recognised			·
in profit or loss			
於損益中確認之重估公平值虧損	(7,202)	(12,894)	(20,096)
Exchange realignment 外匯調整	1,189	17,978	19,167
Carrying amount at 31 March 2022 and 1 April 2022			
於二零二二年三月三十一日及			
二零二二年四月一日之賬面值	58,604	488,120	546,724
Fair value loss on revaluation recognised in profit or loss			
於損益中確認之重估公平值虧損	(5,683)	(7,345)	(13,028)
Exchange realignment 外匯調整	(1,981)	(34,355)	(36,336)
Carrying amount at 31 March 2023			
於二零二三年三月三十一日之賬面值	50,940	446,420	497,360

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15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

Set out below is a summary of the valuation techniques used and the key inputs to the valuation of investment properties:

15. 投資物業 (續)

公平值層級(續)

以下為投資物業估值所使用之估值方法及 主要輸入數據之概要:

Valuation techniques			Significant		
Commercial properties 商業物業 Income capitalisation approach 收入資本化法 Estimated rental value (per square metre and per month)	Class of property	Valuation techniques	unobservable inputs	Rar	nge
Commercial Income capitalisation approach w入資本化法 Estimated rental value (per square metre and per month) HK\$105 to HK\$209 HK\$295 107港元至 107港元至 107港元至 (每平方米及每月) Rental growth rate 租金增長率 Market yield 市場收益率	物業類別	估值方法	重大不可觀察輸入數據	範	韋
Commercial Income capitalisation approach w入資本化法 Estimated rental value (per square metre and per month) HK\$209 HK\$295 107港元至 107港元至 107港元至 (每平方米及每月) Rental growth rate 租金增長率 Market yield 市場收益率				2023	2022
properties approach (per square metre and maximum metre)				二零二三年	二零二二年_
properties approach (per square metre and market yield per square metre and market yield normal metre and market and m					
商業物業 收入資本化法 per month) 105港元至 107港元至 估計租金價值 209港元 295港元 (每平方米及每月) 1% 1% 租金增長率 Market yield 2.7% - 4.6% 2.7% - 4.4% 市場收益率	Commercial	Income capitalisation	Estimated rental value	HK\$105 to	HK\$107 to
估計租金價值 209港元 (每平方米及每月) Rental growth rate 1% 1% 租金增長率 Market yield 2.7% - 4.6% 2.7% - 4.4% 市場收益率	properties	approach	(per square metre and	HK\$209	HK\$295
(每平方米及每月) Rental growth rate 租金增長率 Market yield 市場收益率 1% 2.7% - 4.6% 2.7% - 4.4%	商業物業	收入資本化法	per month)	105港元至	107港元至
Rental growth rate 1% 租金增長率 2.7% - 4.6% Market yield 2.7% - 4.6% 市場收益率 2.7% - 4.4%			估計租金價值	209港元	295港元
租金增長率 Market yield 市場收益率 2.7% - 4.6% 2.7% - 4.6%			(每平方米及每月)		
Market yield 2.7% - 4.6% 2.7% - 4.4% 市場收益率			Rental growth rate	1%	1%
市場收益率			租金增長率		
			Market yield	2.7% - 4.6%	2.7% - 4.4%
Industrial properties Income capitalisation Estimated rental value HK\$19 to HK\$24 to			市場收益率		
industrial properties income capitalisation Estimated rental value into 1910 Those 4 to	Industrial proportion	Incomo canitalisation	Estimated rontal value	⊔K\$10 +o	⊔K¢24 +0
工業物業 approach (per square metre and HK\$99 HK\$102	· ·				
收入資本化法 per month) 19港元至 24港元至	工未彻未	• •	" '		
估計租金價值 99港元 102港元		松八貝平山仏	•		
(每平方米及每月)				337676	102/676
Rental growth rate 1% 1%				1%	1%
和金增長率			· ·	1 70	1 70
Market yield 3% - 8% 8%				3% - 8%	8%
市場收益率			•	0 /0 0 /0	370

A significant increase/(decrease) in the estimated rental value (per square metre and per month) and rental growth rate in isolation would result in a significant increase/ (decrease) in the fair value of the investment properties. A significant increase/(decrease) in the market yield in isolation would result in a significant decrease/(increase) in the fair value of the investment properties.

估計租金價值(每平方米及每月)及租金增 長率大幅單獨上升/(下跌)將導致投資物 業之公平值大幅上升/(下跌)。市場收益 率大幅單獨上升/(下跌)將導致投資物業 之公平值大幅下跌/(上升)。

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16. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES

16. 聯營公司投資

2023

2022

二零二三年

二零二二年

HK\$'000 千港元

HK\$'000 千港元

Share of net assets 應佔資產淨值

96,520

63,973

The amount due from an associate is unsecured, interestfree and repayable on demand. 應收一間聯營公司款項為無抵押、免息及

須按要求償還。

The particulars of all the Group's associates are as follows:

本集團所有聯營公司之詳情如下:

Percentage of

Name 名稱	Particulars of issued shares held 所持已發行股份詳情	Place of incorporation and business 註冊成立及營業地點	ownership interest attributable to the Group 本集團應佔 擁有權權益 百分比	Principal activities 主要業務
<u> </u>	一		日ガル	
Alliance Investment Development Limited	Ordinary shares 普通股	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	40	Investment holding 投資控股
Star Praised Limited	Ordinary shares 普通股	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	40	Investment holding 投資控股
Kingmaker III (Vietnam) Footwear Co., Ltd.	Registered capital of US\$23,000,000 註冊資本 23,000,000美元	Vietnam 越南	40	Footwear manufacturing 製造鞋類產品
Empress Choice Limited	Ordinary shares 普通股	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	40	Investment holding 投資控股

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16. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES (continued)

16. 聯營公司投資(續)

	Particulars of	Place of	Percentage of ownership interest	
Name	issued shares held	incorporation and business	attributable to the Group 本集團應佔 擁有權權益	Principal activities
名稱	所持已發行股份詳情	註冊成立及營業地點	百分比	主要業務
Maystar (Vietnam) Footwear Co., Ltd.	Registered capital of US\$10,359,182 註冊資本 10,359,182美元	Vietnam 越南	40	Property holding 持有物業
Ally Power Developments Ltd. 聯威發展有限公司	Ordinary shares 普通股	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	40	Trading of footwear products 鞋類產品貿易
Able Team (China) Ltd. 威聯 (中國) 有限公司	Ordinary shares 普通股	Hong Kong 香港	40	Inactive 暫無營業
Cheer Benefit Trading Ltd. 展益貿易有限公司	Ordinary shares 普通股	Hong Kong 香港	40	Trading of footwear products 鞋類產品貿易
Ally Power Developments Limited	Ordinary shares 普通股	Hong Kong 香港	40	Trading of footwear products 鞋類產品貿易

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16. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES (continued)

The following table illustrates the summarised financial information in respect of the Group's associates adjusted for any differences in accounting policies and reconciled to the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements:

16. 聯營公司投資(續)

下表列示就任何會計政策差異作出調整的 本集團聯營公司的財務資料概要以及綜合 財務報表中賬面值的調節:

	2023	2022
	二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元
-		
Current assets 流動資產	404,022	340,348
Non-current assets 非流動資產	394,517	377,793
Current liabilities 流動負債	(197,274)	(188,880)
Non-current liabilities 非流動負債	(359,965)	(369,330)
Net assets 資產淨值	241,300	159,931
Reconciliation to the Group's interest in the associate:		
本集團於聯營公司的權益調整:		
Proportion of the Group's ownership 本集團擁有權比例	40%	40%
Group's share of net assets of the associate		
本集團應佔聯營公司資產淨值	96,520	63,973
Revenue 收益	957,135	894,900
Profit for the year 年內溢利	81,368	79,110

17. INVENTORIES

17. 存貨

	2023	2022
	二零二三年	二零二二年
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Raw materials 原材料	72,003	109,274
Work in progress 在製品	8,363	16,897
Finished goods 製成品	91,206	82,837
	171,572	209,008

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18. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

18. 應收賬項

	2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Accounts receivable 應收賬項	141,216	217,565
Impairment 減值	(4,955)	(4,042)
	136,261	213,523

The Group's accounts receivable mainly relate to a few recognised and creditworthy customers. Payment terms with customers are largely on credit. Invoices are normally payable within 30 to 90 days of issuance. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables to minimise credit risk. Overdue balances are regularly reviewed by the Group's senior management. Accounts receivable are non-interest-bearing.

An ageing analysis of the accounts receivable as at the end of the reporting period, based on the date of goods delivered and net of impairment, is as follows:

本集團之應收賬項主要跟少數知名及有信譽之客戶有關。給予客戶之付款條款主要為信貸方式。通常而言,發票於開具後30至90日內償付。本集團厲行嚴格控制未收回之應收賬項,以減低信貸風險。逾期未付款項由本集團高級管理層定期審核。應收賬項為不計息。

以貨物交付日期為基準並扣除減值,應收 賬項於報告期末之賬齡分析如下:

	2023	2022
	二零二三年	二零二二年
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Within 90 days 90日內	120,987	207,916
Between 91 and 180 days 91日至180日	13,574	5,341
Between 181 and 365 days 181日至365日	1,700	266
	136,261	213,523

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18. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE (continued)

The movements in the loss allowance for impairment of accounts receivable are as follows:

18. 應收賬項(續)

應收賬項減值虧損撥備之變動如下:

	2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 於四月一日	4,042	5,276
Impairment losses charged/(reversed) during the year (note 7)		
年內計提/(撥回)的減值虧損(附註7)	913	(1,234)
At 31 March 於三月三十一日	4,955	4,042

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date using a provision matrix to measure ECLs. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments with similar loss patterns (i.e., by customer type). The calculation reflects the probability-weighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions. Generally, accounts receivable are written off if past due for more than one year and are not subject to enforcement activity.

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Group's accounts receivable using a provision matrix:

於各報告日期均採用撥備矩陣進行減值分析,以計量預期信貸虧損。撥備率乃基於因就擁有類似虧損模式的多個客戶分部進行分組(即按客戶類型)而逾期的日數計算。該計算反映或然率加權結果、貨幣之時間價值及於報告日期可得的有關過往事項、當前狀況及未來經濟狀況預測的合理及可靠資料。一般而言,倘逾期超過一年及並無可強制執行活動,將撇銷應收賬項。

下表載列本集團使用撥備矩陣計算的應收 賬項的信貸風險資料:

As at 31 March 2023

於二零二三年三月三十一日

	Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 HK\$'000 千港元	Expected credit losses 預期信貸虧損 HK\$'000 千港元
Assessment of expected credit losses by credit risk portfolio 通過信貸風險組合評估預期信貸虧損	141,216	4,955

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18. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE (continued)

18. 應收賬項 (續)

As at 31 March 2022

於二零二二年三月三十一日

Gross

Expected

carrying amount

credit losses

賬面總值 HK\$'000 千港元 預期信貸虧損

HK\$'000 千港元

Assessment of expected credit losses by credit risk portfolio

通過信貸風險組合評估預期信貸虧損

217,565

4,042

As at 31 March 2023

於二零二三年三月三十一日

	Past due 逾期			
	Current	3 months	3 months	Total
	即期	少於3個月	超過3個月	合計
Expected credit loss rate 預期信貸虧損率	0.58%	17.38%	45.02%	3.51%
Gross carrying amount (HK\$'000) 賬面總值(千港元)	121,694	16,430	3,092	141,216
Expected credit losses (HK\$'000) 預期信貸虧損 (千港元)	707	2,856	1,392	4,955

As at 31 March 2022

於二零二二年三月三十一日

Past due 逾期

١٨١)			
	Less than	Over	
Current	3 months	3 months	Total
即期	少於3個月	超過3個月	合計
1.21%	19.41%	44.93%	1.86%
210,455	6,627	483	217,565
2,539	1,286	217	4,042
	即期 1.21% 210,455	Less than 3 months 少於3個月 1.21% 19.41% 210,455 6,627	Current 即期 3 months 少於3個月 3 months 超過3個月 1.21% 19.41% 44.93% 210,455 6,627 483

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19. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

19. 現金及等同現金項目

	2023	2022
	二零二三年	二零二二年
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Cash and bank balances 現金及銀行結餘	22,888	75,510
Time deposits with original maturity of less than three months		
原定到期日少於三個月之定期存款	9,189	80,563
Time deposits with original maturity of over three months		
when acquired		
於收購時原定到期日超過三個月之定期存款	360,571	148,355
Cash and cash equivalents 現金及等同現金項目	392,648	304,428

At the end of the reporting period, the cash and bank balances of the Group denominated in Renminbi ("RMB") amounted to HK\$17,340,000 (2022: HK\$11,335,000). RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Time deposits are made for varying periods of between one week and one year depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective time deposit rates.

The bank balances and time deposits are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

於報告期末,本集團以人民幣(「人民幣」)計值之現金及銀行結餘為17,340,000港元(二零二二年:11,335,000港元)。人民幣不得自由兌換為其他貨幣。然而,根據中國內地外匯管制條例及結匯、售匯及付匯管理規定,本集團可在獲准進行外匯業務之銀行將人民幣兌換為其他貨幣。

銀行現金按每日銀行存款利率之浮動利率 計息。定期存款之期限由一週至一年不等, 視乎本集團之即時現金需求而定,按有關 定期存款利率計息。

銀行結餘及定期存款存置在信譽良好且近 期並無拖欠記錄之銀行。

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20. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

An ageing analysis of the accounts payable as at the end of the reporting period, based on the date of goods received, is as follows:

20. 應付賬項

以收訖貨物日期為基準,應付賬項於報告 期末之賬齡分析如下:

	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within 90 days 90日內	82,921	108,500
Between 91 and 180 days 91日至180日	28,635	39,521
Between 181 and 365 days 181日至365日	24	4
Over 365 days 365日以上	11,649	11,718
	123,229	159,743

The accounts payable are non-interest-bearing and are normally settled on 90-day terms.

應付賬項不計息,且一般須於90日期限內 清付。

21. ACCRUED LIABILITIES, OTHER PAYABLES AND CONTRACT LIABILITIES

21. 應計負債、其他應付賬項及合約負債

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
	Notes 附註	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Accrued liabilities and other payables			
應計負債及其他應付賬項	(a)	89,065	86,407
Contract liabilities 合約負債	(b)	968	1,575
		90,033	87,982

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21. ACCRUED LIABILITIES, OTHER PAYABLES AND CONTRACT LIABILITIES

(continued)

Notes:

- (a) Other payables are non-interest-bearing.
- (b) Details of contract liabilities are as follows:

21. 應計負債、其他應付賬項及合約 負債 (續)

附註:

- (a) 其他應付賬項為不計息。
- (b) 有關合約負債之詳情如下:

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	1 April 2021
		二零二二年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	二零二一年 四月一日 HK\$'000 千港元
Short-term advances received from customers 自客戶收取的短期墊款	968	1,575	915

Contract liabilities include short-term advances received to deliver goods. The decrease in contract liabilities in 2023 was mainly due to the decrease in short-term advances received from customers in relation to the sale of shoes at the end of the year. The increase in contract liabilities in 2022 was mainly due to the increase in short-term advances received from customers in relation to the sale of shoes at the end of the year.

合約負債包括為交付貨物而收取之短期墊款。於二零二三年,合約負債減少主要由於年末就鞋類銷售而自客戶收取之短期墊款減少。於二零二二年,合約負債增加主要由於年末就鞋類銷售而自客戶收取之短期墊款增加。

22. BANK BORROWING

22. 銀行借貸

	Effective interest rate (%) 實際	Maturity	HK\$'000
	利率(%)	到期情況	千港元
Current 即期 Bank loan (note) 2022 銀行貸款 (附註) 二零二二年	N/A 不適用	2023 二零二三年	14,773

財務報表附註

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22. BANK BORROWING (continued)

22. 銀行借貸(續)

	2023	2022
	二零二三年	二零二二年
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Analysed into: 分析為:		
Bank loan repayable: 應償還銀行貸款:		
Within one year 一年內	-	14,773

Note:

The Group's bank loan was unsecured, interest-free and repayable within one year.

23. BANKING FACILITIES

As at 31 March 2023, the Group had available banking facilities amounting to HK\$40,000,000 (2022: HK\$54,773,000), of which nil (2022: HK\$14,773,000) was utilised. The unutilised banking facilities of HK\$40,000,000 were secured by corporate guarantees executed by the Company.

附註:

本集團的銀行貸款為無抵押、免息及須於一年內償還。

23. 銀行融資

於二零二三年三月三十一日,本集團有可動用銀行融資40,000,000港元 (二零二二年:54,773,000港元),其中已動用零 (二零二二年:14,773,000港元)。未動用銀行融資40,000,000港元由本公司簽立的公司擔保作抵押。

Revaluation of

財務報表附註 31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

24. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

24. 遞延稅項負債

	buildings and investment properties 樓宇及投資 物業重估值 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2021 於二零二一年四月一日	102,637
Deferred tax credited to the consolidated statement of profit or loss	,
during the year (note 10)	
年內計入綜合損益表中的遞延稅項(附註10)	(3,515)
Exchange realignment 外匯調整	4,220
At 31 March 2022 and 1 April 2022	
於二零二二年三月三十一日及二零二二年四月一日	103,342
Deferred tax credited to the consolidated statement of profit or loss	
during the year (note 10)	
年內計入綜合損益表中的遞延稅項(附註10)	(2,315)
Exchange realignment 外匯調整	(7,666)
At 31 March 2023 於二零二三年三月三十一日	93,361

財務報表附註

31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

25. SHARE CAPITAL

25. 股本

Shares

股份

Number of ordinary shares of

HK\$0.10 each

HK\$'000

每股面值0.10港元之

普通股數目

千港元

	2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年	2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
Authorised: 法定:				
Balance at beginning and end of year				
年初及年終結餘	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000	100,000	100,000
Issued and fully paid: 已發行及繳足:				
Balance at beginning of year 年初結餘	681,110,445	681,535,445	68,111	68,154
Repurchased (note (a)) 購回 (附註(a))	(1,446,000)	(740,000)	(145)	(74)
Share options exercised (note (b))				
已行使購股權(附註(b))	1,115,000	315,000	112	31
Balance at end of year 年終結餘	680,779,445	681,110,445	68,078	68,111

During the year, the movements in share capital were as follows:

年內,股本之變動如下:

(a) During the year, the Company repurchased its 1,446,000 (2022: 740,000) ordinary shares at prices ranging from HK\$0.95 to HK\$1.11 (2022: HK\$0.99 to HK\$1.06) per share at a total consideration of approximately HK\$1,554,000 (2022: HK\$774,000). 1,446,000 (2022: 740,000) repurchased ordinary shares were cancelled during the year (2022: subsequent to the year end date). Details of the repurchases are disclosed under the section heading of "Purchase, redemption or sale of the Company's listed securities" in the Report of the Directors. The premium of approximately HK\$1,409,000 (2022: HK\$700,000) paid on the repurchase of these shares was debited to the share premium account and an amount of HK\$145,000 (2022: HK\$74,000) was transferred from retained profits of the Company to the capital redemption reserve.

年內,本公司以介乎每股0.95港元至 (a) 1.11港元(二零二二年:0.99港元至 1.06港元) 之價格購回其1,446,000 股(二零二二年:740,000股)普通 股,總代價約為1,554,000港元(二零 二二年:774,000港元)。所購回之 1,446,000股(二零二二年:740,000 股) 普通股已於年內(二零二二年:於 年結日後) 註銷。購回之詳情於董事 會報告內「購買、贖回或出售本公司之 上市證券」一節披露。就購回該等股份 所支付之溢價約1,409,000港元(二零 二二年:700,000港元)已自股份溢價 賬中扣除,並已從本公司保留溢利轉 撥145,000港元 (二零二二年:74,000 港元)至股本贖回儲備。

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25. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

Shares (continued)

(b) During the year, the subscription rights attaching to 1,115,000 (2022: 315,000) share options were exercised at the subscription price ranging from HK\$0.772 to HK\$0.958 (2022: HK\$0.772) per share. These resulted in the issue of 1,115,000 (2022: 315,000) shares of HK\$0.1 each and a total cash consideration, before expenses, of approximately HK\$889,000 (2022: HK\$243,000). An amount of HK\$155,000 (2022: HK\$52,000) was transferred from the share option reserve to the share premium account upon the exercise of the share options.

Shares held under share award scheme

25. 股本 (續)

股份(續)

(b) 年內,附於1,115,000份(二零二二年:315,000份)購股權上之認購權按介乎每股0.772港元至0.958港元(二零二二年:0.772港元)之認購價獲行使。因此發行1,115,000股(二零二二年:315,000股)每股面值0.1港元之股份,未扣除費用之總現金代價約為889,000港元(二零二二年:243,000港元)。購股權獲行使後,購股權儲備中155,000港元(二零二二年:52,000港元)轉撥至股份溢價賬。

股份獎勵計劃所持股份

Number of ordinary shares held 所持有普通股之數目

	2023	2022
	二零二三年	二零二二年
Balance at beginning of year 年初結餘	7,798,000	10,678,000
Shares vested under share award scheme		
根據股份獎勵計劃所歸屬的股份	(2,990,000)	(2,880,000)
Balance at end of year 年終結餘	4,808,000	7,798,000

During the year, pursuant to the share award scheme of the Company, the Company awarded 5,890,000 (2022: 2,880,000) ordinary shares to 31 (2022: 29) share award grantees. During the year, share award scheme expenses of HK\$3,296,000 (2022: HK\$2,534,000) were charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss in respect of vesting of 2,990,000 (2022: 2,880,000) shares under share award scheme.

年內,根據本公司的股份獎勵計劃,本公司向31名(二零二二年:29名)股份獎勵 承授人獎勵5,890,000股(二零二二年:2,880,000股)普通股。年內,股份獎勵計劃開支3,296,000港元(二零二二年:2,534,000港元)已就股份獎勵計劃項下歸屬2,990,000股(二零二二年:2,880,000股)股份自綜合損益表扣除。

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25. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

Share options and share awards

Details of the Company's share option scheme and the share award scheme and the movements of the share options and share awards under the schemes are included in note 26 to the financial statements.

26. SHARE OPTION SCHEME AND SHARE AWARD SCHEME

Share option scheme

The Company operated a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") adopted by the shareholders of the Company on 26 August 2022 for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contributed to the success of the Group's operations. The Company previously adopted a share option scheme (the "2011 Share Option Scheme") which had expired on 28 August 2021. Outstanding options granted during the life of the 2011 Share Option Scheme will continue to be exercisable in accordance with the rules of the 2011 Share Option Scheme. Principal terms of the Share Option Scheme are summarised below:

(1) The purpose of the Share Option Scheme

The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to enable the Group to grant options to selected participants as incentive or rewards for their contributions to the Group, to continue and/or render improved service with the Group, and/or to establish a stronger business relationship between the Group and such participants.

25. 股本 (續)

購股權及股份獎勵

有關本公司購股權計劃及股份獎勵計劃, 以及該等計劃項下之購股權及股份獎勵變 動之詳情載於財務報表附註26。

26. 購股權計劃及股份獎勵計劃

購股權計劃

本公司實行一項由本公司股東於二零二二年八月二十六日採納的購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」),旨在鼓勵及嘉獎為本集團業務成功作出貢獻之合資格參與者。本公司先前採納的購股權計劃(「二零一一年購股權計劃」)已於二零二一年八月二十八日到期。於二零一一年購股權計劃年期內授出的治未行使購股權根據二零一一年購股權計劃的規則將繼續可予行使。購股權計劃的主要條款概述如下:

(1) 購股權計劃之目的

購股權計劃旨在令本集團可向為本集 團作出貢獻之經甄選參與者授出購股 權作為鼓勵及嘉許,以繼續及/或向 本集團提供更好的服務,及/或令本 集團與該等參與者之間建立更為牢固 的業務關係。

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26. SHARE OPTION SCHEME AND SHARE AWARD SCHEME (continued)

Share option scheme (continued)

(2) The participants of the Share Option Scheme

The Directors may, at their discretion, invite any person belonging to any of the following classes of participants, to take up options to subscribe for Shares: (a) any employee (whether full time or part time) of the Company, any of its subsidiaries or any entity ("Invested Entity") in which the Group holds 30% or more equity interests, including any executive director of the Company, any of such subsidiaries or any Invested Entity; (b) any non-executive directors (including independent non-executive directors) of the Company, any subsidiary or any Invested Entity; (c) any supplier of goods or services to any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; (d) any customer of the Group or any Invested Entity; (e) any person or entity that provides research, development or other technological support to the Group or any Invested Entity; and (f) any shareholder of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity or any holder of any securities issued by any member of the Group or any Invested Entity.

The basis of eligibility of any of the above class of participants to the grant of any options shall be determined by the Directors from time to time on the basis of their contribution to the development and growth of the Group.

26. 購股權計劃及股份獎勵計劃(續)

購股權計劃(續)

(2) 購股權計劃之參與者

董事可自行決定邀請屬於以下任何參 與者界別之任何人士接受購股權以認 購股份:(a)本公司、其任何附屬公司 或任何本集團於當中持有30%或以上 股本權益之實體(「投資實體」)之任 何員工(無論全職或兼職),包括本公 司、其任何附屬公司或任何投資實體 之任何執行董事;(b)本公司、任何附 屬公司或任何投資實體之任何非執行 董事(包括獨立非執行董事);(c)本集 團任何成員公司或任何投資實體之任 何物品或服務供應商;(d)本集團或任 何投資實體之任何客戶;(e)向本集團 或任何投資實體提供研究、發展或其 他技術支援之任何人士或實體;及(f) 本集團任何成員公司或任何投資實體 之任何股東,或本集團任何成員公司 或任何投資實體所發行任何證券之任 何持有人。

董事應不時根據以上任何參與者界別 之人士對本集團發展及成長所作出之 貢獻,釐定彼等獲授任何購股權資格 之基準。

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26. SHARE OPTION SCHEME AND SHARE AWARD SCHEME (continued)

Share option scheme (continued)

(3) The total number of shares available for issue

The maximum number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options granted and to be granted under the Share Option Scheme is 68,070,944 shares, representing approximately 10% of the shares of the Company in issue as at the date of this annual report.

(4) The maximum entitlement of each participant

The maximum number of shares which were issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes adopted by the Group may not exceed 30% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time. Unless approved by the shareholders of the Company in a general meeting, the maximum number of shares issued and which may fall to be issued upon exercise of the options granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) to each eligible participant in any 12-month period up to the date of grant shall not exceed 1% of the shares of the Company in issue as at the date of grant.

26. 購股權計劃及股份獎勵計劃(續)

購股權計劃(續)

(3) 可供發行之股份總數

於行使根據購股權計劃授出及將予授 出的全部購股權時,可發行之股份數 目最高為68,070,944股,佔於本年報 日期本公司已發行股份約10%。

(4) 各參與者之購股權上限

因行使根據購股權計劃及本集團採納的任何其他購股權計劃授出之所有尚未行使之購股權而發行之股份數目最高不得超過本公司任何時間已發行股份之30%。除非經本公司股東於股東大會上批准,否則於截至授出日期股在何十二個月期間因行使根據購別權計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃投權(包括已行使、註銷及尚未行使之購股權)而向每名合資格參與者發行及可發行之股份數目最高不得超過本公司於授出日期已發行股份之1%。

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26. SHARE OPTION SCHEME AND SHARE AWARD SCHEME (continued)

Share option scheme (continued)

(4) The maximum entitlement of each participant (continued)

Share options granted to a director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company, or to any of their associates, were subject to approval by the independent non-executive directors of the Company. In addition, any share options granted to a substantial shareholder or any independent non-executive director of the Company, or to any of their associates in excess of 0.1% of the shares of the Company in issue on that date and with an aggregate value (based on the price of the Company's shares at the date of grant) in excess of HK\$5 million, within any 12-month period, were subject to shareholders' approval in a general meeting.

(5) The period within which the option may be exercised

The period within which the options must be exercised was determined by the board of directors of the Company at its absolute discretion. This period will expire no later than 10 years from the date of grant of the options. At the time of grant of the options, the Company may specify a minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised.

(6) The vesting period of option

No minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised is specified in the Share Option Scheme. The Company shall comply with the applicable Listing Rules in determining the vesting period of options to be granted.

26. 購股權計劃及股份獎勵計劃(續)

購股權計劃(續)

(4) 各參與者之購股權上限(續)

向本公司之董事、主要行政人員或主要股東或彼等任何聯繫人授出購股權必須經本公司獨立非執行董事批准。此外,於任何十二個月期間,倘向本公司主要股東或任何獨立非執行董事或彼等任何聯繫人授出涉及超過本公司於該日已發行股份0.1%而總值(根據本公司於授出日期之股份價格計算)超過5百萬港元之任何購股權,則本公司須於股東大會獲得股東批准。

(5) 可行使購股權之期限

購股權須予行使之期間由本公司董事 會全權酌情決定。該期間將不遲於授 出購股權當日起計十年後屆滿。於授 出購股權時,本公司可指定購股權獲 行使前須持有之最短期限。

(6) 購股權之歸屬期

購股權計劃並無規定購股權可予行使 前之任何須予持有之最短期限。本公 司於釐定將予授出的購股權的歸屬期 時應遵守適用上市規則。

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26. SHARE OPTION SCHEME AND SHARE AWARD SCHEME (continued)

Share option scheme (continued)

(7) The amount payable on acceptance of the option

The offer of a grant of share options may be accepted within 28 days from the date of offer, and the amount payable on acceptance of an offer is HK\$1.

(8) The basis of determining the exercise price of options granted

The subscription price shall, subject to the adjustment as stated in the Share Option Scheme, be a price determined by the Board and shall not be less than the higher of (i) the nominal value of a Share; (ii) the closing price of one Share as stated in the daily quotation sheets issued by the Stock Exchange on the date of offer, which shall be a business day; and (iii) the average closing price of the Shares as stated in the daily quotation sheets issued by the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of offer.

(9) The remaining life of the scheme

The Share Option Scheme will remain in force for a period of 10 years from the date of its adoption (i.e. 26 August 2022).

26. 購股權計劃及股份獎勵計劃(續)

購股權計劃(續)

(7) 接納購股權時之應付金額

建議授出之購股權可於建議授出日期 起計28天內接納,且接納授出建議時 須繳付1港元之代價。

(8) 釐定已授出購股權之行權價之基準

認購價應根據購股權計劃內所述者予以調整,並由董事會釐定,但價格不得低於(i)股份面值;(ii)於授出日期(該日須為營業日)聯交所發佈每日報價表內所報一股股份之收市價;及(iii)緊接授出日期前五個營業日聯交所發佈每日報價表所報之股份平均收市價三者中之較高者。

(9) 計劃之餘下年期

購股權計劃將於其獲採納日期(即二零二二年八月二十六日) 起計10年內維持有效。

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26. SHARE OPTION SCHEME AND SHARE AWARD SCHEME (continued)

Share option scheme (continued)

The following share options were outstanding under the 2011 Share Option Scheme and the Share Option Scheme during the year:

26. 購股權計劃及股份獎勵計劃 續

購股權計劃(續)

下列購股權為年內二零一一年購股權計劃 及購股權計劃下尚未行使之購股權:

		Num	ber of share op 購股權數目	tions					
Name or category of participants	At 1 April 2022	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Forfeited during the year		Date of grant of share options*	Exercise period of share options	Exercise price of share options**	Price of the Company's shares at grant date of options*** 於購股權
參與者姓名或類別	於二零二二年 四月一日	年內授出	年內行使	於二零二三年 年內沒收 三月三十一日		購股權之授出日期*	購股權之行使期間	購股權之 行使價** HK\$港元 per share 每股	授出日期之 本公司股價*** HK\$港元 per share 每股
Directors 董事									
Mr. Wong Hei-chiu 黃禧超先生	200,000	-	-	-	200,000	20 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十日	20 January 2020 to 19 January 2030 二零二零年一月二十日至二零三零年一月十九日	0.958	0.94
	150,000	-	-	-	150,000	20 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十日	1 January 2021 to 19 January 2030 二零二一年一月一日至二零三零年一月十九日	0.958	0.94
	150,000	-	-	-	150,000	20 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十日	1 January 2022 to 19 January 2030 二零二二年一月一日至二零三零年一月十九日	0.958	0.94
	200,000	-	(200,000)	-	-	22 December 2020 二零二零年十二月二十二日	22 December 2020 to 21 December 2030 二零二零年十二月二十二日至二零三零年十二月二十一	0.772 -∃	0.77
	150,000	-	(150,000)	-		22 December 2020 二零二零年十二月二十二日	1 January 2022 to 21 December 2030 二零二二年一月一日至二零三零年十二月二十一日	0.772	0.77
	150,000	-	-	-	150,000	22 December 2020 二零二零年十二月二十二日	1 January 2023 to 21 December 2030 二零二三年一月一日至二零三零年十二月二十一日	0.772	0.77
	-	220,000	-	-	220,000	12 December 2022 二零二二年十二月十二日	12 December 2022 to 11 December 2032 二零二二年十二月十二日至二零三二年十二月十一日	0.942	0.93
	-	165,000	-	-	165,000	12 December 2022 二零二二年十二月十二日	1 January 2023 to 11 December 2032 二零二三年一月一日至二零三二年十二月十一日	0.942	0.93
	-	165,000	-	-	165,000	12 December 2022 二零二二年十二月十二日	1 January 2024 to 11 December 2032 二零二四年一月一日至二零三二年十二月十一日	0.942	0.93

31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

26. SHARE OPTION SCHEME AND SHARE AWARD SCHEME (continued)

Share option scheme (continued)

26. 購股權計劃及股份獎勵計劃 續

購股權計劃(續)

Number of share options
購 股

Name or category of participants	At 1 April 2022	1 April during	uring during dur	Forfeited during the year	ing 31 March	Date of grant of share options*	Exercise period of share options	Exercise price of share options**	於購股權 授出日期之
参與者姓名或類別	於二零二二年 四月一日	年內授出	年內行使	年內沒收	於二零二三年 三月三十一日	購股權之授出日期*	購股權之行使期間	購股權之 行使價** HK\$港元 per share 每股	
Directors (continued) 董事 (續)									
Mr. Chen Yi-wu, Ares 陳奕舞先生	160,000	-	-	-	160,000	20 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十日	20 January 2020 to 19 January 2030 二零二零年一月二十日至二零三零年一月十九日	0.958	0.94
	120,000	-	-	-	120,000	20 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十日	1 January 2021 to 19 January 2030 二零二一年一月一日至二零三零年一月十九日	0.958	0.94
	120,000	-	-	-	120,000	20 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十日	1 January 2022 to 19 January 2030 二零二二年一月一日至二零三零年一月十九日	0.958	0.94
	180,000	-	-	-	180,000	22 December 2020 二零二零年十二月二十二日	22 December 2020 to 21 December 2030 二零二零年十二月二十二日至二零三零年十二月二十一日	0.772	0.77
	135,000	-	-	-	135,000	22 December 2020 二零二零年十二月二十二日	1 January 2022 to 21 December 2030 二零二二年一月一日至二零三零年十二月二十一日	0.772	0.77
	135,000	-	-	-	135,000	22 December 2020 二零二零年十二月二十二日	1 January 2023 to 21 December 2030 二零二三年一月一日至二零三零年十二月二十一日	0.772	0.77
Mr. Chan Ho-man, Daniel 陳浩文先生	120,000	-	-	-	120,000	20 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十日	20 January 2020 to 19 January 2030 二零二零年一月二十日至二零三零年一月十九日	0.958	0.94
	90,000	-	-	-	90,000	20 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十日	1 January 2021 to 19 January 2030 二零二一年一月一日至二零三零年一月十九日	0.958	0.94
	90,000	-	-	-	90,000	20 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十日	1 January 2022 to 19 January 2030 二零二二年一月一日至二零三零年一月十九日	0.958	0.94
	120,000	-	(120,000)	-	-	22 December 2020 二零二零年十二月二十二日	22 December 2020 to 21 December 2030 二零二零年十二月二十二日至二零三零年十二月二十一日	0.772	0.77
	90,000	-	(90,000)	-	-	22 December 2020 二零二零年十二月二十二日	1 January 2022 to 21 December 2030 二零二二年一月一日至二零三零年十二月二十一日	0.772	0.77
	90,000	-	(90,000)	-	-	22 December 2020 二零二零年十二月二十二日	1 January 2023 to 21 December 2030 二零二三年一月一日至二零三零年十二月二十一日	0.772	0.77
	-	160,000	-	-	160,000	12 December 2022 二零二二年十二月十二日	12 December 2022 to 11 December 2032 二零二二年十二月十二日至二零三二年十二月十一日	0.942	0.93
	-	120,000	-	-	120,000	12 December 2022 二零二二年十二月十二日	1 January 2023 to 11 December 2032 二零二三年一月一日至二零三二年十二月十一日	0.942	0.93
	-	120,000	-	-	120,000	12 December 2022 二零二二年十二月十二日	1 January 2024 to 11 December 2032 二零二四年一月一日至二零三二年十二月十一日	0.942	0.93

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26. SHARE OPTION SCHEME AND SHARE AWARD SCHEME (continued)

26. 購股權計劃及股份獎勵計劃 續

Share option scheme (continued)

購股權計劃(續)

Number	of share opt	ions
F	禁	

Name or category of participants 參與者姓名或類別	At 1 April 2022 於二零二二年 四月一日	Granted during the year 年內授出	Exercised during the year 年內行使	Forfeited during the year 年內沒收	At 31 March 2023 於二零二三年 三月三十一日	Date of grant of share options* 購股權之授出日期*	Exercise period of share options 購股權之行使期間	Exercise price of share options** 購股權之 行使債** HK\$港元 per share 每股	Price of the Company's shares at grant date of options*** 於輔設權 授出日期之本公司股價*** HK\$港元 per share 每股
								het gligie 本版	hei gildig AM
Directors (continued) 董事 (續)									
Mr. Kimmel, Phillip Brian 柯民佑先生	60,000	-	-	-	60,000	20 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十日	20 January 2020 to 19 January 2030 二零二零年一月二十日至二零三零年一月十九日	0.958	0.94
	45,000	-	-	-	45,000	20 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十日	1 January 2021 to 19 January 2030 二零二一年一月一日至二零三零年一月十九日	0.958	0.94
	45,000	-	-	-	45,000	20 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十日	1 January 2022 to 19 January 2030 二零二二年一月一日至二零三零年一月十九日	0.958	0.94
	60,000	-	-	-	60,000	22 December 2020 二零二零年十二月二十二日	22 December 2020 to 21 December 2030 二零二零年十二月二十二日至二零三零年十二月二十一	0.772 E	0.77
	45,000	-	-	-	45,000	22 December 2020 二零二零年十二月二十二日	1 January 2022 to 21 December 2030	0.772	0.77
	45,000	-	-	-	45,000	22 December 2020 二零二零年十二月二十二日	1 January 2023 to 21 December 2030	0.772	0.77
	-	80,000	-	-	80,000	12 December 2022 二零二年十二月十二日	12 December 2022 to 11 December 2032 二零二二年十二月十二日至二零三二年十二月十一日	0.942	0.93
	-	60,000	-	-	60,000	12 December 2022 二零二二年十二月十二日	1 January 2023 to 11 December 2032 二零二三年一月一日至二零三二年十二月十一日	0.942	0.93
	-	60,000	-	-	60,000	12 December 2022 二零二二年十二月十二日	1 January 2024 to 11 December 2032 二零二四年一月一日至二零三二年十二月十一日	0.942	0.93

31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

26. SHARE OPTION SCHEME AND SHARE AWARD SCHEME (continued)

購股權計劃(續)

Share option scheme (continued)

26. 購股權計劃及股份獎勵計劃 續

		Num	ber of share op 購股權數目	tions					
Name or category of participants	At 1 April 2022	1 April during during during 31 March Date of grant	Date of grant of share options*	Exercise period of share options	Exercise price of share options**	Price of the Company's shares at grant date of options***			
参與者姓名或類別	於二零二二年 四月一日	年內授出	年內行使	年內沒收	於二零二三年 三月三十一日	購股權之授出日期*	購股權之行使期間	購股權之 行使價** HK\$港元 per share 每股	於購股權 授出日期之 本公司股價*** HK\$港元 per share 每股
Directors (continued) 董事 (續)									
Dr. Chow Wing-kin Anthony, SBS, J.P.	60,000	-	(60,000)	-	-	20 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十日	20 January 2020 to 19 January 2030 二零二零年一月二十日至二零三零年一月十九日	0.958	0.94
周永健博士, 銀紫荊星章,太平紳士	45,000	-	(45,000)	-	-	20 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十日	1 January 2021 to 19 January 2030 二零二一年一月一日至二零三零年一月十九日	0.958	0.94
	45,000	-	(45,000)	-	-	20 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十日	1 January 2022 to 19 January 2030 二零二二年一月一日至二零三零年一月十九日	0.958	0.94
	60,000	-	(60,000)	-	-	22 December 2020 二零二零年十二月二十二日	22 December 2020 to 21 December 2030 1 二零二零年十二月二十二日至二零三零年十二月二十-	0.772 -日	0.77
	45,000	-	(45,000)	-	-	22 December 2020 二零二零年十二月二十二日	1 January 2022 to 21 December 2030 1 二零二二年一月一日至二零三零年十二月二十一日	0.772	0.77
	45,000	-	-	-	45,000	22 December 2020 二零二零年十二月二十二日	1 January 2023 to 21 December 2030 1 二零二三年一月一日至二零三零年十二月二十一日	0.772	0.77
	-	80,000	-	-	80,000	12 December 2022 二零二二年十二月十二日	12 December 2022 to 11 December 2032 二零二年十二月十二日至二零三二年十二月十一日	0.942	0.93
	-	60,000	-	-	60,000	12 December 2022 二零二二年十二月十二日	1 January 2023 to 11 December 2032 二零二三年一月一日至二零三二年十二月十一日	0.942	0.93
	-	60,000	-	-	60,000		1 January 2024 to 11 December 2032 二零二四年一月一日至二零三二年十二月十一日	0.942	0.93

31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

26. SHARE OPTION SCHEME AND SHARE AWARD SCHEME (continued)

26. 購股權計劃及股份獎勵計劃 續

Share option scheme (continued)

購股權計劃(續)

Number of share options
購 股

Name or category of participants 参與者姓名或類別	At 1 April 2022 於二零二二年 四月一日	Granted during the year 年內授出	Exercised during the year 年內行使	Forfeited during the year 年內沒收	At 31 March 2023 於二零二三年 三月三十一日	Date of grant of share options* 赐股權之授出日期*	Exercise period of share options 購股權之行使期間	Exercise price of share options** 購股權之 行使價** HK\$港元 per share 每股	Price of the Company's shares at grant date of options*** 於轉張期之 本公司發價*** HKS港元 per share 每股
Directors (continued) 董事 (續)								·	
Mr. Tam King-ching, Kenny 譚競正先生	60,000	-	-	-	60,000	20 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十日	20 January 2020 to 19 January 2030 二零二零年一月二十日至二零三零年一月十九日	0.958	0.94
	45,000	-	-	-	45,000	20 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十日	1 January 2021 to 19 January 2030 二零二一年一月一日至二零三零年一月十九日	0.958	0.94
	45,000	-	-	-	45,000	20 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十日	1 January 2022 to 19 January 2030 二零二二年一月一日至二零三零年一月十九日	0.958	0.94
	60,000	-	-	-	60,000	22 December 2020 二零二零年十二月二十二日	22 December 2020 to 21 December 2030 二零二零年十二月二十二日至二零三零年十二月二十一	0.772 日	0.77
	45,000	-	-	-	45,000	22 December 2020 二零二零年十二月二十二日	1 January 2022 to 21 December 2030 二零二二年一月一日至二零三零年十二月二十一日	0.772	0.77
	45,000	-	-	-	45,000	22 December 2020 二零二零年十二月二十二日	1 January 2023 to 21 December 2030 二零二三年一月一日至二零三零年十二月二十一日	0.772	0.77
	-	80,000	-	-	80,000	12 December 2022 二零二二年十二月十二日	12 December 2022 to 11 December 2032 二零二二年十二月十二日至二零三二年十二月十一日	0.942	0.93
	-	60,000	-	-	60,000	12 December 2022 二零二二年十二月十二日	1 January 2023 to 11 December 2032 二零二三年一月一日至二零三二年十二月十一日	0.942	0.93
	-	60,000	-	-	60,000	12 December 2022 二零二二年十二月十二日	1 January 2024 to 11 December 2032 二零二四年一月一日至二零三二年十二月十一日	0.942	0.93

31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

26. SHARE OPTION SCHEME AND SHARE AWARD SCHEME (continued)

heme (continued) 購股權計劃 (續)

26. 購股權計劃及股份獎勵計劃 續

Share option scheme (continued)

Number of share options
購股權數 目

			購股權數目						
Name or category of participants	At 1 April 2022	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Forfeited during the year	At 31 March 2023	Date of grant of share options*	Exercise period of share options	Exercise price of share options**	Price of the Company's shares at grant date of options*** 於購股權
參與者姓名或類別	於二零二二年四月一日	年內授出	年內行使	年內沒收	於二零二三年 三月三十一日	購股權之授出日期*	購股權之行使期間	購股權之 行使價** HK\$港元 per share 每股	授出日期之 本公司股價*** HK\$港元 per share 每股
Directors (continued) 董事(續)									
Mr. Yung Tse-kwong, Steven 戎子江先生	60,000	-	-	-	60,000	20 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十日	20 January 2020 to 19 January 2030 二零二零年一月二十日至二零三零年一月十九日	0.958	0.94
	45,000	-	-	-	45,000	20 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十日	1 January 2021 to 19 January 2030 二零二一年一月一日至二零三零年一月十九日	0.958	0.94
	45,000	-	-	-	45,000	20 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十日	1 January 2022 to 19 January 2030 二零二二年一月一日至二零三零年一月十九日	0.958	0.94
	60,000	-	-	-	60,000	22 December 2020 二零二零年十二月二十二日	22 December 2020 to 21 December 2030 二零二零年十二月二十二日至二零三零年十二月二十一日	0.772	0.77
	45,000	-	-	-	45,000	22 December 2020 二零二零年十二月二十二日	1 January 2022 to 21 December 2030 二零二二年一月一日至二零三零年十二月二十一日	0.772	0.77
	45,000	-	-	-	45,000	22 December 2020 二零二零年十二月二十二日	1 January 2023 to 21 December 2030 二零二三年一月一日至二零三零年十二月二十一日	0.772	0.77
	-	80,000	-	-	80,000	12 December 2022 二零二二年十二月十二日	12 December 2022 to 11 December 2032 二零二二年十二月十二日至二零三二年十二月十一日	0.942	0.93
	-	60,000	-	-	60,000	12 December 2022 二零二二年十二月十二日	1 January 2023 to 11 December 2032 二零二三年一月一日至二零三二年十二月十一日	0.942	0.93
	-	60,000	-	-	60,000	12 December 2022 二零二二年十二月十二日	1 January 2024 to 11 December 2032 二零二四年一月一日至二零三二年十二月十一日	0.942	0.93

31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

26. SHARE OPTION SCHEME AND SHARE AWARD SCHEME (continued)

26. 購股權計劃及股份獎勵計劃 續

Share option scheme (continued)

購股權計劃(續)

Nu	mber	of	sha	ire	options	S
	B	排配	雄	δΕ	1	

Name or category of participants 参與者姓名或類別	At 1 April 2022 於二零二二年 四月一日	Granted during the year 年內授出	Exercised during the year 年內行使	Forfeited during the year 年內沒收	At 31 March 2023 於二零二三年 三月三十一日	Date of grant of share options*	Exercise period of share options 購股權之行使期間	Exercise price of share options** 購股權之 行使價** HK\$港元 per share 每股	於購股權 授出日期之
Ms. Chan Mei-bo, Mabel 陳美寶女士	60,000	-	-	-	60,000	20 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十日	20 January 2020 to 19 January 2030 二零二零年一月二十日至二零三零年一月十九日	0.958	0.94
	45,000	-	-	-	45,000	20 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十日	1 January 2021 to 19 January 2030 二零二一年一月一日至二零三零年一月十九日	0.958	0.94
	45,000	-	-	-	45,000	20 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十日	1 January 2022 to 19 January 2030 二零二二年一月一日至二零三零年一月十九日	0.958	0.94
	60,000	-	-	-	60,000	22 December 2020 二零二零年十二月二十二日	22 December 2020 to 21 December 2030 二零二零年十二月二十二日至二零三零年十二月二十一日	0.772	0.77
	45,000	-	-	-	45,000	22 December 2020 二零二零年十二月二十二日	1 January 2022 to 21 December 2030 二零二二年一月一日至二零三零年十二月二十一日	0.772	0.77
	45,000	-	-	-	45,000	22 December 2020 二零二零年十二月二十二日	1 January 2023 to 21 December 2030 二零二三年一月一日至二零三零年十二月二十一日	0.772	0.77
	-	80,000	-	-	80,000	12 December 2022 二零二二年十二月十二日	12 December 2022 to 11 December 2032 二零二二年十二月十二日至二零三二年十二月十一日	0.942	0.93
	-	60,000	-	-	60,000	12 December 2022 二零二二年十二月十二日	1 January 2023 to 11 December 2032 二零二三年一月一日至二零三二年十二月十一日	0.942	0.93
		60,000	-	-	60,000	12 December 2022 二零二二年十二月十二日	1 January 2024 to 11 December 2032 二零二四年一月一日至二零三二年十二月十一日	0.942	0.93
	3,950,000	1,950,000	(905,000)	_	4,995,000				

31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

26. SHARE OPTION SCHEME AND SHARE AWARD SCHEME (continued)

26. 購股權計劃及股份獎勵計劃(續)

Share option scheme (continued)

購股權計劃(續)

Name or category of participants 參與者姓名或類別	Number of share options 購股權數目 								
	At 1 April 2022 於二零二二年 四月一日	Granted during the year 年內授出	Exercised during the year 年內行使	Forfeited during the year 年內沒收	At 31 March 2023 於二零二三年 三月三十一日	Date of grant of share options*	Exercise period of share options	Exercise price of share options** 購股權之 行使價** HK\$港元 per share 每股	Price of the Company's shares at grant date of options*** 於購股權 授出日期之 本公司股價*** HK\$港元 per share 每股
							購股權之行使期間		
Other employees 其他僱員									
In aggregate 合共	1,100,000	-	-	-	1,100,000	20 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十日	20 January 2020 to 19 January 2030 二零二零年一月二十日至二零三零年一月十九日	0.958	0.94
	825,000	-	-	-	825,000	20 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十日	1 January 2021 to 19 January 2030 二零二一年一月一日至二零三零年一月十九日	0.958	0.94
	825,000	-	-	-	825,000	20 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十日	1 January 2022 to 19 January 2030 二零二二年一月一日至二零三零年一月十九日	0.958	0.94
	940,000	-	(120,000)	-	820,000	22 December 2020 二零二零年十二月二十二日	22 December 2020 to 21 December 2030 二零二零年十二月二十二日至二零三零年十二月二十一日	0.772	0.77
	705,000	-	(90,000)	-	615,000	22 December 2020 二零二零年十二月二十二日	1 January 2022 to 21 December 2030 二零二二年一月一日至二零三零年十二月二十一日	0.772	0.77
	840,000	-	-	-	840,000	22 December 2020 二零二零年十二月二十二日	1 January 2023 to 21 December 2030 二零二三年一月一日至二零三零年十二月二十一日	0.772	0.77
	-	420,000	-	-	420,000	12 December 2022 二零二二年十二月十二日	12 December 2022 to 11 December 2032 二零二二年十二月十二日至二零三二年十二月十一日	0.942	0.93
	-	315,000	-	-	315,000	12 December 2022 二零二二年十二月十二日	1 January 2023 to 11 December 2032 二零二三年一月一日至二零三二年十二月十一日	0.942	0.93
		315,000	-	-	315,000	12 December 2022 零二二年十二月十二日 —	1 January 2024 to 11 December 2032 二零二四年一月一日至二零三二年十二月十一日	0.942	0.93
	5,235,000	1,050,000	(210,000)	-	6,075,000				

9,185,000

3,000,000 (1,115,000)

- 11,070,000

31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

26. SHARE OPTION SCHEME AND SHARE AWARD SCHEME (continued)

Share option scheme (continued)

Notes to the reconciliation of share options outstanding during the year:

- * The vesting period of the share options is from the date of grant until the commencement of the exercise period.
- ** The exercise price of the share options is subject to adjustment in the case of rights or bonus issues, or other similar changes in the Company's share capital.
- *** The price of the Company's shares disclosed as at the date of grant of the share options is the Stock Exchange closing price on the trading day immediately prior to the date of grant of the options.

The weighted average price at the date of exercise for share options exercised during the year was HK\$0.87 per share (2022: HK\$1.05 per share).

The 1,115,000 (2022: 315,000) share options exercised during the year resulted in the issue of 1,115,000 (2022: 315,000) ordinary shares of the Company and new share capital of approximately HK\$112,000 (2022: HK\$31,000) and share premium of approximately HK\$777,000 (2022: HK\$212,000), as further detailed in note 25 to the financial statements. An amount of HK\$155,000 (2022: HK\$52,000) was transferred from the share option reserve to the share premium account upon the exercise of the share options.

26. 購股權計劃及股份獎勵計劃(續)

購股權計劃(續)

年內尚未行使購股權對賬表附註:

- * 購股權之歸屬期自授出日期起至開始 行使日期止。
- ** 購股權之行使價或因供股或紅股發行 或本公司股本之其他類似變動而調 整。
- *** 於購股權授出日期披露之本公司股價 乃緊接購股權授出日期前一個交易日 之聯交所收市價。

年內,獲行使購股權於行使日期之加權平均價為每股0.87港元(二零二二年:每股1.05港元)。

年內,獲行使之1,115,000份(二零二二年:315,000份) 購股權導致發行1,115,000股(二零二二年:315,000股) 本公司普通股以及新股本約112,000港元(二零二二年:31,000港元) 及股份溢價約777,000港元(二零二二年:212,000港元),進一步詳情載於財務報表附註25。購股權獲行使後,購股權儲備中155,000港元(二零二二年:52,000港元) 轉撥至股份溢價賬。

31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

26. SHARE OPTION SCHEME AND SHARE AWARD SCHEME (continued)

Share option scheme (continued)

As at the end of the reporting period, the Company had 4,550,000, 3,520,000 and 3,000,000 (2022: 4,700,000 and 4,485,000) share options outstanding with exercise prices of HK\$0.958, HK\$0.772 and HK\$0.942 (2022: HK\$0.958 and HK\$0.772) per share, respectively. The exercise in full of the outstanding share options would, under the present capital structure of the Company, result in the issue of 11,070,000 (2022: 9,185,000) additional ordinary shares of the Company and additional issued share capital of approximately HK\$1,107,000 (2022: HK\$919,000) and share premium of approximately HK\$8,795,000 (2022: HK\$7,047,000) (before issue expenses).

The number of shares that may be issued in respect of the options granted under the Share Option Scheme during the financial year ended 31 March 2023 divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares of the Company in issue for the year was approximately 0.44%.

As at 31 March 2022, there were nil options available for grant under the Share Option Scheme. As at 31 March 2023, there were 65,070,944 options available for grant under the Share Option Scheme.

During the year ended 31 March 2023, 3,000,000 share options were granted and their fair value was estimated as of the grant date to be approximately HK\$515,000, calculated using the binomial model. The Group recognised a share option expense of HK\$487,000 (2022: HK\$404,000) during the year. During the year ended 31 March 2022, 14,435,000 share options lapsed and the Group's share option reserve of HK\$8,440,000 was transferred to the retained profits.

26. 購股權計劃及股份獎勵計劃 續

購股權計劃(續)

於報告期末,本公司擁有尚未行使之購股權4,550,000份、3,520,000份及3,000,000份(二零二二年:4,700,000份及4,485,000份),而行使價分別為每股0.958港元、0.772港元及0.942港元(二零二二年:0.958港元及0.772港元)。根據本公司現時股本架構,全面行使尚未行使購股權將導致額外發行11,070,000股(二零二二年:9,185,000股)本公司普通股,而額外已發行股本及股份溢價則分別約1,107,000港元(二零二二年:919,000港元)及約8,795,000港元(二零二二年:7,047,000港元)(未扣除發行費用)。

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止財政年度,根據購股權計劃授出之購股權可能發行之股份數目除以該年度本公司已發行普通股加權平均數目約為0.44%。

於二零二二年三月三十一日,購股權計劃項下可供授出的購股權為零。於二零二三年三月三十一日,購股權計劃項下可供授出的購股權為65,070,944份。

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,3,000,000份購股權已獲授出,其於授出日期採用二項式模式計算的公平值估計約為515,000港元。年內,本集團已確認購股權開支為487,000港元(二零二二年:404,000港元)。截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度,14,435,000份購股權已失效及本集團購股權儲備8,440,000港元已轉撥至保留溢利。

31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

26. SHARE OPTION SCHEME AND SHARE AWARD SCHEME (continued)

Share option scheme (continued)

The fair value of share options granted during the year ended 31 March 2023 was estimated as at the date of grant using a binomial model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. The following table lists the inputs to the respective model used in the calculation of the values of the options for the year ended 31 March 2023:

Date of share options granted:

Volatility (%):

Risk-free interest rate (%):

Expected life of options (year):

Dividend yield (%):

12 December 2022

24.49

10.00

25.51

The expected life of the options is based on the historical data and is not necessarily indicative of the exercise patterns that may occur. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility is indicative of future trends, which may also not necessarily be the actual outcome.

Share award scheme

A share award scheme (the "Share Award Scheme") was adopted by the board of directors (the "Board") of the Company on 26 June 2019 (the "Adoption Date"). The principal terms of the Share Award Scheme are summarised below:

(1) The purpose of the Share Award Scheme

The specific objectives of the Share Award Scheme are to recognise the contributions by certain eligible participants and to give incentives thereto in order to motivate and retain them for the continual operation and development of the Group and to attract suitable personnel for further development of the Group and to provide certain eligible participants with a direct economic interest in attaining a long-term relationship between the Group and certain eligible participants.

26. 購股權計劃及股份獎勵計劃(續)

購股權計劃(續)

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度授 出的購股權公平值乃於授出日期使用二 項式模式估計,已考慮授出購股權之條款 及條件。下表列出就截至二零二三年三月 三十一日止年度於計算購股權價值時各自 所使用之模式之輸入數據:

授出購股權日期:二零二二年十二月十二日波幅(%):24.49無風險利率(%):3.36購股權之預期年期(年):10.00股息率(%):2.51

購股權之預期年期乃按照歷史數據計算, 但未必能顯示可能出現之行使模式。預期 波幅反映有關歷史波幅顯示未來趨勢之假 設,但未來趨勢未必與實際結果相同。

股份獎勵計劃

本公司董事會(「董事會」)於二零一九年六月二十六日(「採納日期」)採納一項股份獎勵計劃(「股份獎勵計劃」)。股份獎勵計劃的主要條款概述如下:

(1) 股份獎勵計劃之目的

股份獎勵計劃之特定目標為表揚若干 合資格參與者所作之貢獻並給予激 勵,務求挽留該等人士為本集團之持 續營運及發展效力,吸引合適人員推 動本集團之進一步發展,並在本集團 與若干合資格參與者之間建立長期關 係中向若干合資格參與者提供直接經 濟利益。

31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

26. SHARE OPTION SCHEME AND SHARE AWARD SCHEME (continued)

Share award scheme (continued)

(2) The participants of the Share Award Scheme

The Board may, from time to time, at its absolute discretion select any eligible participant for participation in the Share Award Scheme as a selected participant and determine the number of awarded shares to be awarded to the respective selected participants, the terms and conditions before the awarded shares may be vested and other related matters as expressly provided under the Share Award Scheme. However, until so selected, no eligible participant shall be entitled to participate in the Share Award Scheme.

(3) Total number of shares available for issue under the Share Award Scheme

The Share Award Scheme involves existing shares of the Company. The Board shall determine the maximum amount of funds to be allocated out of the Company's resources for the purchase or subscription of the awarded shares as the Board deems appropriate pursuant to the scheme rules.

The Board shall not make any further grant of award of shares under the Share Award Scheme such that the total number of shares granted under the Share Award Scheme will exceed 10% of the total number of issued shares as of the Adoption Date (i.e. 68,875,544 shares). If the relevant subscription or purchase would result in the trustee holding in aggregate, more than 10% of the total number of issued shares of the Company as of the Adoption Date, the trustee of the Share Award Scheme (the "Trustee") shall not subscribe or purchase any further shares.

26. 購股權計劃及股份獎勵計劃(續)

股份獎勵計劃(續)

(2) 股份獎勵計劃之合資格參與者

董事會可不時全權酌情選定任何合資 格參與者作為選定參與者參與股份獎 勵計劃,並釐定將授予各選定參與者 之獎勵股份數目、獎勵股份可能歸屬 前之條款及條件以及股份獎勵計劃項 下明確規定之其他相關事宜。然而, 直至獲選前,概無合資格參與者可參 與股份獎勵計劃。

(3) 股份獎勵計劃項下可供發行之股份總數

股份獎勵計劃涉及本公司現有股份。 董事會將釐定從本公司資源中劃撥資 金,以在董事會認為合適之情況下根 據計劃規則購買或認購獎勵股份之最 高金額。

倘若根據股份獎勵計劃授出任何獎勵股份將使根據股份獎勵計劃授出的股份總數超過採納日期當日已發行股份總數的10%(即68,875,544股股份),則董事會不得進一步授出。倘相關認購或購買將導致受託人合共持有超過於採納日期本公司已發行股份總數的10%,則股份獎勵計劃之受託人(「受託人」)不得進一步認購或購買任何股份。

31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

26. SHARE OPTION SCHEME AND SHARE AWARD SCHEME (continued)

Share award scheme (continued)

(4) Maximum entitlement of each participant under the Share Award Scheme

Under the Share Award Scheme, there is no specific limit on the maximum number of shares which may be granted to a single eligible participant. The Company shall comply with the applicable Listing Rules in granting the awarded shares to each eligible participant.

(5) Vesting period of awards granted under the Share Award Scheme

A selected participant shall be entitled to receive the awarded shares held by the Trustee in accordance with the vesting schedule upon when the selected participant has satisfied all vesting conditions specified by the Board at the time of making the award. Vesting of the awarded shares will be conditional on the selected participant remaining a non-executive director or employee of the Group until and on each of the relevant vesting dates and his/her execution of the relevant documents to effect the transfer from the Trustee.

(6) Amount payable on acceptance of the awarded shares

The awarded shares are granted to any selected employee at no consideration and in such number and on and subject to such terms and conditions as the Board may in its absolute discretion determine.

26. 購股權計劃及股份獎勵計劃(續)

股份獎勵計劃(續)

(4) 股份獎勵計劃項下各參與者之購股權 上限

根據股份獎勵計劃,授予單一合資格 參與者的股份數目上限並無特定限 額。本公司於向各合資格參與者授出 獎勵股份時應遵守適用上市規則。

(5) 股份獎勵計劃項下已授出獎勵的歸屬期

入選參與者達成董事會於作出獎勵之時訂明的所有歸屬條件,即有權根據歸屬時間表領取由受託人持有的獎勵股份。獎勵股份歸屬以入選參與者直至各相關歸屬日期及於該日仍為本集團非執行董事或僱員並簽署相關文件令受託人轉讓生效為條件。

(6) 接納獎勵股份時之應付金額

授予任何選定僱員的獎勵股份無需代價,且董事會可全權酌情決定有關數量、條款及條件。

31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

26. SHARE OPTION SCHEME AND SHARE AWARD SCHEME (continued)

Share award scheme (continued)

(7) Basis of determining the purchase price of the shares to be awarded under the scheme

On each occasion when the Board instructs the Trustee to directly or indirectly purchase Shares in the open market, it shall specify the maximum amount of funds to be used and the range of prices at which such Shares are to be purchased. The Trustee may not incur more than the maximum amount of funds specified by the Board.

(8) Remaining life of the scheme

Subject to any termination as may be determined by the Board pursuant to the scheme rules, the Share Award Scheme shall be valid and effective for a term of 10 years commencing on the Adoption Date (i.e. to expire on 25 June 2029).

As at the date of the annual report, the Trustee held a total of 4,808,000 shares of the Company. The number of awarded shares remain available for grant under the Share Award Scheme is 60,105,544 shares, representing 8.83% of the total issued shares of the Company as at the date of this annual report.

Out of the aggregate 5,890,000 awarded shares, 2,250,000 awarded shares are granted to the directors and employees who are connected persons of Group, and the remaining 3,640,000 awarded shares are granted to other employees of the Group.

26. 購股權計劃及股份獎勵計劃 (續)

股份獎勵計劃(續)

(7) 釐定計劃項下將予獎勵之股份之購買 價之基準

在董事會指示受託人於公開市場直接 或間接購買股份的各種情況下,須訂 明可動用資金的最高數額及購買有關 股份的價格區間。受託人不得動用超 出董事會所訂明資金的最高數額。

(8) 計劃之餘下年期

股份獎勵計劃將自採納日期起計為期 十年有效及生效(即將於二零二九年 六月二十五日到期),惟董事會可根 據計劃規則決定任何終止。

於本年報日期,受託人持有合共4,808,000 股本公司股份。股份獎勵計劃項下餘下 可供授出的獎勵股份數目為60,105,544 股,佔本年報日期本公司已發行股份總數 8.83%。

於合共5,890,000股獎勵股份中,2,250,000 股獎勵股份授予身為本集團關連人士的董 事及僱員,餘下3,640,000股獎勵股份授予 本集團其他僱員。

31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

26. SHARE OPTION SCHEME AND SHARE AWARD SCHEME (continued)

Share award scheme (continued)

As at 31 March 2023, the following awarded shares were outstanding under the Company's Share Award Scheme:

26. 購股權計劃及股份獎勵計劃 續

股份獎勵計劃(續)

於二零二三年三月三十一日,本公司股份 獎勵計劃項下未行使之獎勵股份如下:

Name or category of grantees 承授人 姓名或類別	Unvested award shares at 1 April 2022 於二零二二年 四月一日 未歸屬獎勵股份	Award shares granted during the year 年內 授出獎勵股份	Award shares vested during the year 年內 歸屬獎勵股份	Award shares lapsed during the year 年內失效 獎勵股份	31 March 2023 於二零二三年 三月三十一日 未歸屬	Date of grant of of award shares 獎勵股份之 授出日期	Vesting period/dates 歸屬期間/日期	Price of the Company's shares at grant date of the award shares HK\$ per share 於獎勵股份授出日期と本公司股價每股港元
Directors 董事								
Mr. Wong Hei-chiu 黃禧超先生	-	210,000	(210,000)	-	-	6 July 2022 二零二二年七月六日	1 January 2023 二零二三年一月一日	0.90
英语起儿工		210,000	-	-	210,000	12 December 2022 二零二二年 十二月十二日	25 December 2023 二零二三年 十二月二十五日	0.93
Mr. Chen Yi-wu, Ares 陳奕舞先生	-	200,000	(200,000)	-	-	6 July 2022 二零二二年七月六日	1 January 2023 二零二三年一月一日	0.90
		150,000	-	-	150,000	12 December 2022 二零二二年 十二月十二日	25 December 2023 二零二三年 十二月二十五日	0.93
Mr. Chan Ho-man, Daniel 陳浩文先生	-	150,000	(150,000)	-	-	6 July 2022 二零二二年七月六日	1 January 2023 二零二三年一月一日	0.90
IN/II/VIL		150,000	-	-	150,000	12 December 2022 二零二二年 十二月十二日	25 December 2023 二零二三年 十二月二十五日	0.93
Other employees 其他僱員	-	2,430,000	(2,430,000)	-	-	6 July 2022 二零二二年七月六日	1 January 2023 二零二三年一月一日	0.90
火心惟具		2,390,000	-	-	2,390,000	ー マー・エーグ ハロ 12 December 2022 二 零 二 二 年 十 二 月 十 二 日	_	0.93
Total 總計		5,890,000	(2,990,000)	_	2,900,000			

The weighted average closing price of the Company's share immediately before the date on which the share awards were vested on 6 July 2022 and 1 January 2023 were HK\$0.9 and HK\$1.005, respectively.

緊接二零二二年七月六日及二零二三年一月一日股份獎勵歸屬前之本公司股份加權平均收市價分別為0.9港元及1.005港元。

財務報表附註

31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

27. RESERVES

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity of the financial statements.

28. COMMITMENTS

The Group had contracted for the following capital commitments:

(i) As at the end of the reporting period, the Group had commitments in respect of management fees payable in relation to certain land in Vietnam falling due as follows:

27. 儲備

本集團於本年度及過往年度之儲備數額及 其變動呈列於財務報表之綜合權益變動 表。

28. 承擔

本集團就下列資本承擔訂立合約:

(i) 於報告期末,本集團於下列期限到期 之有關就若干越南土地之應付管理費 之承擔如下:

	2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year 一年內 In the second to fifth years, inclusive	1,322	1,322
第二至第五年(包括首尾兩年)	5,286	5,286
After five years 五年後	31,595	32,916
	38,203	39,524

- (ii) As at the end of the reporting period, the Company had capital commitments in respect of property, plant and equipment as follows:
- (ii) 於報告期末,本公司就物業、廠房及 設備之資本承擔如下:

	2023	2022
	二零二三年	二零二二年
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
		_
Contracted but not provided for		
construction of factory buildings		
已簽約但未撥備一廠房大廈工程	1,216	_

31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

29. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) In addition to the transactions detailed elsewhere in these financial statements, during the year, the Group paid rental expenses of HK\$684,000 (2022: HK\$684,000) to Kingmaker Footwear Company Limited, a related company of which Mdm. Huang Hsiu-duan, Helen, a director and shareholder of the Company, is also a director and shareholder.

The rental expenses were determined with reference to the market conditions existing at the time when the respective rental agreements were entered into.

The related party transactions above also constitute connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

(b) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group:

29. 關聯方交易

(a) 除該等財務報表其他部分所詳述之交 易外,本集團於年內曾向關聯公司信 星製鞋股份有限公司支付租金費用 684,000港元(二零二二年:684,000港 元),而本公司董事兼股東黃秀端女 士亦為該公司董事兼股東。

> 該等租金費用乃參考訂立有關租賃協 議當時之市況而釐定。

> 上述關聯方交易亦構成上市規則第 14A章所定義之關連交易。

(b) 本集團關鍵管理人員的報酬:

	2023	2022
	二零二三年	二零二二年
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Short-term employee benefits 短期僱員福利	11,640	12,331
Post-employment benefits 僱用後福利	72	72
Equity-settled share option expense		
以權益結算之購股權開支	292	263
Total compensation paid to key management personnel		
支付給關鍵管理人員的報酬合計	12,004	12,666

Further details of directors' emoluments are included in note 8 to the financial statements.

有關董事酬金之其他詳情載於財務報 表附註8。

財務報表附註

31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

Financial assets

30. 按類別劃分之金融工具

各類別金融工具於報告期末之賬面值如 下:

財務資產

Financial assets at amortised cost 按攤銷成本計量的財務資產

	2023	2022
	二零二三年	二零二二年
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Accounts receivable 應收賬項	136,261	213,523
Financial assets included in prepayments,		
deposits and other receivables		
計入預付款項、按金及其他應收賬項之財務資產	11,472	4,587
Due from an associate 應收聯營公司款項	54,409	64,705
Cash and cash equivalents 現金及等同現金項目	392,648	304,428
	594,790	587,243

Financial liabilities 財務負債

Financial liabilities at amortised cost 按攤銷成本計量的財務負債

	2023	2022
	二零二三年	二零二二年
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Accounts payable 應付賬項	123,229	159,743
Financial liabilities included in accrued liabilities,		
other payables and contract liabilities		
計入應計負債、其他應付賬項及合約負債之財務負債	55,604	59,063
Bank borrowing 銀行借貸	-	14,773
Lease liabilities 租賃負債	2,604	4,071
Loans from non-controlling shareholders 非控股股東貸款	32,046	32,046
	213,483	269,696

31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

31. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(a) Major non-cash transactions

As at 31 March 2023, payables for additions of items of property, plant and equipment of HK\$7,519,000 (2022: HK\$14,723,000), have not been settled yet.

(b) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

31. 綜合現金流量表附註

(a) 主要非現金交易

於二零二三年三月三十一日,添置物業、廠房及設備項目應付賬項7,519,000港元(二零二二年:14,723,000港元)仍未清付。

(b) 融資活動所產生負債之變動

			Loans from
	Bank	Lease	non-controlling
	borrowing	liabilities	shareholders
	銀行借貸	租賃負債	非控股股東貸款
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2021 於二零二一年四月一日	-	930	32,046*
New bank loan 新銀行貸款	14,773	_	-
New lease 新租賃	-	4,087	-
Changes from financing cash flows 融資現金流量之變動	_	(903)	-
Interest expense 利息開支	-	30	-
Interest paid classified as operating cash flows			
分類為經營現金流量之已付利息	-	(30)	-
Exchange realignment 外匯調整	_	(43)	
At 31 March 2022 於二零二二年三月三十一日	14,773	4,071	32,046*
Repayment of bank loan 償還銀行貸款	(14,773)	_	-
Changes from financing cash flows 融資現金流量之變動	_	(1,499)	_
Interest expense 利息開支	-	135	-
Interest paid classified as operating cash flows			
分類為經營現金流量之已付利息	-	(135)	-
Exchange realignment 外匯調整	_	32	_
At 31 March 2023 於二零二三年三月三十一日	_	2,604	32,046

^{*} Balance represented the loans from a non-controlling shareholder which are included in "non-controlling interests" in the consolidated statement of financial position. The loans are unsecured, interest-free and not repayable within one year.

結餘指非控股股東貸款,計入綜合 財務狀況表「非控股權益」內。該等 貸款為無抵押、免息及毋須於一年 內償還。

財務報表附註

31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

31. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

(c) The total cash outflow for leases included in the statement of cash flows is as follows:

31. 綜合現金流量表附註 (續)

(c) 計入現金流量表內的租賃的現金流出 總額如下:

	2023	2022
	二零二三年	二零二二年
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Within operating activities 計入經營活動	831	732
Within financing activities 計入融資活動	1,499	903
	2,330	1,635

32. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise cash and time deposits. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the Group's operations. The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as accounts receivable, other receivables, accounts payable and other payables, which arise directly from its operations.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are foreign currency risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The board of directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

32. 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團之主要金融工具包括現金及定期存款。該等金融工具之主要用途在於為本集團業務集資。本集團有多項由業務直接產生之其他財務資產及負債,如應收賬項、其他應收賬項、應付賬項及其他應付賬項等。

本集團之金融工具所產生的主要風險為外 幣風險、信貸風險及流動資金風險。董事會 已審閱並同意管理各項風險之政策,政策 之概要如下。

31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

32. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Foreign currency risk

The Group's monetary assets, liabilities and transactions are principally denominated in Hong Kong dollars, Renminbi or United States dollars. Given that the Hong Kong dollar is pegged to the United States dollar, the Group does not have a foreign currency hedging policy on managing foreign currency exposures. Moreover, the majority of the Group's operating assets are located in Mainland China and denominated in RMB. As the Group's financial statements are reported in Hong Kong dollars, there will be a translation credit/(charge) to the exchange fluctuation reserve as a result of the RMB appreciation/(depreciation).

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity as at the end of the reporting period to a reasonably possible change in the RMB and Vietnamese Dong ("VND") exchange rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit/(loss) before tax (due to changes in the fair values of monetary assets and liabilities and forward currency contracts).

32. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

外幣風險

本集團之貨幣資產、負債及交易主要以港元、人民幣或美元計值。鑑於港元與美元掛 鈎,本集團並無就管理外幣風險採用外幣 對沖政策。此外,本集團大部分業務資產均 位於中國內地,並以人民幣計值。由於本集 團之財務報表以港元呈報,故人民幣升值/ (貶值)將對匯兌波動儲備產生換算收益/ (開支)。

下表列示在所有其他變數維持不變之情況下,本集團之除稅前溢利/(虧損)(因貨幣資產及負債以及遠期貨幣合約之公平值變動而產生)對報告期末人民幣及越南盾(「越南盾」)匯率可能合理出現之變動之敏感度。

財務報表附註

31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

32. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Foreign currency risk (continued)

32. 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

外幣風險 (續)

Foreign currency risk (continued)	介帘風 險(續)	
	Increase/ (decrease) in exchange rate 匯率 上升/(下降) %	Increase/ (decrease) in profit before tax (2022: loss before tax) 除稅前溢利 增加/(減少) (二零二二年: 除稅前虧損) HK\$'000 千港元
2023 二零二三年		
If Hong Kong dollar weakens against RMB 倘港元兌人民幣貶值 If Hong Kong dollar strengthens against RMB 倘港元兌人民幣升值 If Hong Kong dollar weakens against VND 倘港元兌越南盾貶值 If Hong Kong dollar strengthens against VND 倘港元兌越南盾升值	5 (5) 5 (5)	2,273 (2,273) (1,031) 1,031
	Increase/ (decrease) in exchange rate 匯率 上升/(下降) %	Increase/ (decrease) in profit before tax (2022: loss before tax) 除稅前溢利 增加/(減少) (二零二二年: 除稅前虧損) HK\$'000 千港元
2022 二零二二年		
If Hong Kong dollar weakens against RMB 倘港元兌人民幣貶值 If Hong Kong dollar strengthens against RMB 倘港元兌人民幣升值 If Hong Kong dollar weakens against VND 倘港元兌越南盾貶值 If Hong Kong dollar strengthens against VND 倘港元兌越南盾升值	5 (5) 5 (5)	(1,645) 1,645 1,930 (1,930)

31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

32. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Credit risk

The Group trades only with recognised and creditworthy customers. It is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis and on an individual basis. Each of the customers has been attached with a trading limit and any excess to the limit must be approved by the general manager of the operation unit. Under the tight control of the credit term and detailed assessment of the creditworthiness of individual customers, the Group's exposure to bad debts is maintained as minimal.

The credit risk of the Group's other financial assets, which comprise cash and cash equivalents, deposits, other receivables and an amount due from an associate, arises from default of the counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amounts of these instruments.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had certain concentrations of credit risk as 50% (2022: 50%) and 96% (2022: 66%) of the Group's accounts receivable were due from the Group's largest customer and five largest customers, respectively.

32. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險

本集團僅與具知名度及信譽良好之客戶進 行交易。本集團之政策為所有欲以信貸條 款進行貿易之客戶均須經信貸核實過程。 此外,應收賬項結餘會以持續基準及獨立 基準監察。各客戶均有買賣限額,而任何超 逾限額之買賣必須經由營運單位總經理批 准。由於實施嚴格之信貸條款限制及對每 名客戶進行詳細之信譽評審,本集團所承 受之壞賬風險甚微。

本集團其他財務資產(包括現金及等同現金項目、按金、其他應收賬項及應收聯營公司款項)之信貸風險乃來自對方違約,而所承受之最大風險相當於該等工具之賬面值。

於報告期末,本集團應收其最大客戶及五 大客戶之應收賬項有一定的信貸集中風 險,分別為50%(二零二二年:50%)及96% (二零二二年:66%)。

財務報表附註

31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

32. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Credit risk (continued)

Maximum exposure and year-end staging

The table below shows the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the Group's credit policy, which is mainly based on past due information unless other information is available without undue cost or effort, and year-end staging classification as at 31 March. The amounts presented are gross carrying amounts for financial assets.

As at 31 March 2023

32. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

最高風險及年終階段

下表載列於三月三十一日按照本集團的信貸政策劃分的信貸質素及最高信貸風險, 乃主要基於逾期資料(除非取得其他資料無 須不必要的成本或努力)及年終階段分類。 所呈列金額為財務資產之賬面總值。

於二零二三年三月三十一日

	12-month ECLs 十二個月 預期信貸虧損	Lifetime ECLs 全期預期信貸虧損			
				Simplified	-
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	approach	Total
	第一階段	第二階段	第三階段	簡化方法	合計
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Accounts receivable* 應收賬項*	-	-	-	141,216	141,216
Financial assets included in prepayments,					
deposits and other receivables					
計入預付款項、按金及其他應收賬項					
之財務資產					
- Normal# −正常#	11,472	-	-	-	11,472
Due from an associate					
應收聯營公司款項					
- Normal# −正常#	54,409	-	-	-	54,409
Cash and cash equivalents					
現金及等同現金項目					
- Not yet past due 一尚未逾期	392,648		-	-	392,648
	458,529		_	141,216	599,745

31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

32. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Credit risk (continued)

Maximum exposure and year-end staging (continued)

As at 31 March 2022

32. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

最高風險及年終階段(續)

於二零二二年三月三十一日

	12-month ECLs 十二個月 預期信貸虧損		Lifetime ECLs 全期預期信貸虧損		
				Simplified	_
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	approach	Total
	第一階段	第二階段	第三階段	簡化方法	合計
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元			HK\$'000 千港元
Accounts receivable* 應收賬項*	-	-	-	217,565	217,565
Financial assets included in prepayments,					
deposits and other receivables					
計入預付款項、按金及其他應收賬項					
之財務資產					
- Normal [#] −正常 [#]	4,587	-	-	-	4,587
Due from an associate					
應收聯營公司款項					
- Normal [#] −正常 [#]	64,705	-	-	-	64,705
Cash and cash equivalents 現金及等同現金項					
目					
- Not yet past due 一尚未逾期	304,428		_		304,428
	373,720	-	-	217,565	591,285

- * For accounts receivable to which the Group applies the simplified approach for impairment, information based on the provision matrix is disclosed in note 18 to the financial statements.
- The credit quality of the financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables and an amount due from an associate is considered to be "normal" when they are not past due and there is no information indicating that the financial assets had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. Otherwise, the credit quality of the financial assets is considered to be "doubtful".
- * 就本集團採用簡化方法釐定減值的應收 賬項而言,基於撥備矩陣得出的資料於財 務報表附註18披露。
- 財務資產之信貸質素計入預付款項、按金 及其他應收賬項及倘應收一間聯營公司 款項未逾期時則被視為「正常」以及並無 資料顯示財務資產之信貸風險已自初始 確認起發生顯著增加。否則,財務資產之 信貸質素被視為「呆賬」。

31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

32. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Liquidity risk

The Group monitors its risk to a shortage of funds using a recurring liquidity planning tool. This tool considers the maturity of both its financial instruments and financial assets (e.g., accounts receivable) and the projected cash flows from operations.

The Group maintains a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through maintaining sufficient cash and available banking facilities. The directors have reviewed the Group's working capital and capital expenditure requirements and determined that the Group has no significant liquidity risk.

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, is as follows:

As at 31 March 2023

Within 2 to 5 On demand Total 1 year years 第二年至 按要求 一年內 第五年 合計 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 Account payable 應付賬項 123,229 123,229 Financial liabilities included in accrual liabilities, other payables and contract liabilities 計入應計負債、其他應付賬項及合約負債 之財務負債 49,138 6,466 55,604 Lease liabilities 租賃負債 1,105 1,658 2,763 Loans from non-controlling shareholders 非控股股東貸款 32.046 32.046 49,138 124,334 40,170 213,642

32. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險

本集團採用經常性流動資金規劃工具監察 資金短缺之風險。該工具會考慮其金融工 具及財務資產(如應收賬項)之到期情況, 以及來自經營業務之預期現金流量。

本集團透過維持充足現金及備用銀行信貸,保持資金持續性及靈活性之間的平衡。 董事已審閱本集團之營運資金及資本開支 需求,並釐定本集團並無重大流動資金風 險。

本集團之財務負債於報告期末根據未貼現 合約付款作出之到期日詳情如下:

於二零二三年三月三十一日

31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

32. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

As at 31 March 2022

32. 財務風險管理目標及政策 續

流動資金風險(續)

於二零二二年三月三十一日

	On demand	Within 1 year	2 to 5 years 第二年至	Total
	按要求	一年內	第五年	合計
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元_
Account payable 應付賬項	_	159,743	_	159,743
Financial liabilities included in accrual liabilities, other payables and contract liabilities 計入應計負債、其他應付賬項及合約負債				
之財務負債	52,126	_	6,937	59,063
Bank borrowing 銀行借貸	_	14,773	_	14,773
Lease liabilities 租賃負債	_	1,633	2,721	4,354
Loans from non-controlling shareholders				
非控股股東貸款		_	32,046	32,046
	52,126	176,149	41,704	269,979

Capital management

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 March 2023 and 2022.

資本管理

本集團管理資本之主要目標為保障本集團 持續經營之能力,以及維持穩健的資本比率,為業務提供支持。

本集團因應經濟狀況變動管理其資本架構及對其作出調整。為維持或調整資本架構,本集團可能需調整支付予股東之股息、向股東退還資本或發行新股。於截至二零二三年及二零二二年三月三十一日止年度,有關管理資本之目的、政策或程序並無變動。

31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

33. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

33. 本公司財務狀況表

Information about the statement of financial position of the Company at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

本公司於報告期末之財務狀況表資料如下:

	2023	2022
	二零二三年	二零二二年
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS 非流動資產		
Investments in subsidiaries 於附屬公司之投資	53,912	53,912
CURRENT ASSETS 流動資產		
Due from subsidiaries 應收附屬公司款項	294,914	432,853
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables		
預付款項、按金及其他應收賬項	4,155	1,082
Cash and cash equivalents 現金及等同現金項目	304,772	187,609
Total current assets 流動資產總額	603,841	621,544
CURRENT LIABILITY 流動負債		
Accrued liabilities and other payables 應計負債及其他應付賬項	1,676	1,656
NET CURRENT ASSETS 流動資產淨值	602,165	619,888
Net assets 資產淨值	656,077	673,800
	, .	
EQUITY 權益		
Issued share capital 已發行股本	68,078	68,111
Reserves (note) 儲備 (附註)	587,999	605,689
TOOGNOO (TOTO) HE HE (FIJ PL)	001,000	
Total equity 權益總額	656 077	673,800
Total equity 惟皿総領	656,077	073,000

31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

33. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (continued)

33. 本公司財務狀況表 (續)

Note:

附註:

A summary of the Company's reserves is as follows:

本公司儲備概述如下:

Shares

	Share premium account	Capital redemption reserve	Contributed surplus	held under share award scheme	Share option reserve	Retained profits	Total
	股份 溢價賬 HK\$'000 千港元	股本 贖 回儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	繳入盈餘 HK\$'000 千港元	獎 勵計劃 所持股份 HK\$'000 千港元	購股權 儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	保留溢利 HK\$'000 千港元	合計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2021 於二零二一年四月一日	90,550	7,360	66,982	(9,440)	9,611	449,938	615,001
Profit for the year and total comprehensive income for the year 年內溢利及年度全面收益總額 Issue of shares from exercise of share options 行使購股權而發行股份 Shares granted under a share award scheme	- 264	-	-	-	- (52)	20,537	20,537 212
根據股份獎勵計劃授出股份 Shares repurchased 購回股份	(700)	- 74	-	2,534	-	- (74)	2,534 (700)
Final 2021 dividend declared and paid 已宣派及派付之二零二一年度末期股息 Special 2021 dividend declared and paid	-	-	-	-	-	(10,084)	(10,084)
已宣派及派付之二零二一年度特別股息 Special 2022 dividend paid	-	-	-	-	-	(8,740)	(8,740)
:已派付之二零二二年度特別股息	-	-	-	-	-	(13,475)	(13,475)
Recognition of equity-settled share-based payments 確認以權益結算以股份支付之款項 Share options lapsed 已失效購股權	-	- -	- -	-	404 (8,440)	- 8,440	404
At 31 March 2022 and 1 April 2022 於二零二二年三月三十一日及二零二二年四月一日	90,114	7,434	66,982	(6,906)	1,523	446,542	605,689
Profit for the year and total comprehensive income for the year 年內溢利及年度全面收益總額 Issue of shares from exercise of share options	-	-	-	-	-	8,192	8,192
行使購股權而發行股份 Shares granted under share award schemes	932	-	-	-	(155)	-	777
根據股份獎勵計劃授出股份 Shares repurchased 購回股份 Final 2022 dividend declared and paid	(1,409)	_ 145	-	3,296 -	Ξ	(145)	3,296 (1,409)
日宣派及派付之二零二二年度末期股息 Interim 2023 dividend paid	-	-	-	-	-	(13,486)	(13,486)
已派付之二零二三年中期股息	-	-	-	-	-	(12,167)	(12,167)
Special 2023 dividend paid 已派付之二零二三年度特別股息	-	-	-	-	-	(3,380)	(3,380)
Recognition of equity-settled share-based payments 確認以權益結算以股份支付之款項	-	-	-	-	487	-	487
At 31 March 2023 於二零二三年三月三十一日	89,637	7,579	66,982	(3,610)	1,855	425,556	587,999

The contributed surplus of the Company represents the excess of the fair value of the shares of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the Group reorganisation in September 1994, over the nominal value of the Company's shares issued in exchange therefor.

本公司之繳入盈餘乃指根據一九九四年九 月本集團重組時所收購附屬公司股份之公 平值超逾本公司為交換該等資產而發行股 份之面值之差額。

財務報表附註

31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

34. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES

34. 主要附屬公司詳情

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries as at 31 March 2023 are as follows:

於二零二三年三月三十一日,本公司主要 附屬公司之詳情如下:

Name	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations 註冊成立/	Issued share/ registered capital 已發行股份/	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company 本公司	Principal activities
名稱	註冊及經營地點	註冊資本	持股百分比	主要業務
Directly held 直接持有				
Ready Luck Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	Ordinary US\$5,000 普通股5,000美元	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Indirectly held 間接持有				
Discovery Star Development Limited 愉星發展有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$2 普通股2港元	100	Property holding 持有物業
Kingmaker (Vietnam) Footwear Co., Ltd. 順星製鞋 (越南) 有限公司	Vietnam 越南	US\$15,000,000 15,000,000美元	100	Footwear manufacturing 製造鞋類產品
Maystar Footwear Company Limited 美星製鞋有限公司	PRC/ Mainland China 中國/中國內地	US\$43,000,000 (Note (a)) 43,000,000美元 (附註(a))	100	Footwear manufacturing and property holding 製造鞋類產品 及持有物業
Miri International Limited 盛星國際貿易股份有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$2 普通股2港元	100	Investment holding 投資控股

Notes to Financial Statements 財務報表附註 31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

34. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

34. 主要附屬公司詳情 續

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations 註冊成立/	Issued share/ registered capital 已發行股份/ 註冊資本	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company 本公司 持股百分比	Principal activities 主要業務
Indirectly held (continued) 間接持有 (續)	print X in E is 6 min	pE III X T	7411X 14 75 26	
Kingmaker (Cambodia) Footwear Co., Ltd.	Kingdom of Cambodia 柬埔寨王國	Ordinary US\$10,000,000 普通股 10,000,000美元	100	Footwear manufacturing 製造鞋類產品
Opal Star International Holdings Limited 寶星國際控股有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	Ordinary US\$1 普通股1美元	100	Investment holding 投資控股
上海信星商貿有限公司	PRC/ Mainland China 中國/中國內地	US\$9,000,000 (Note (a)) 9,000,000美元 (附註(a))	100	Property holding 持有物業
King Eternal Investments Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	Ordinary US\$100 普通股100美元	51	Investment holding 投資控股
Star (1) Limited 寶星(1)有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$300,000 普通股 300,000港元	100	Trading of footwear products 買賣鞋類產品
Star (3) Limited 寶星(3)有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$1 普通股 1港元	100	Trading of footwear products 買賣鞋類產品

財務報表附註

31 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十一日

34. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

34. 主要附屬公司詳情 (續)

	Place of		Percentage	
	incorporation/		of equity	
	registration	Issued share/	attributable to	Principal
Name	and operations	registered capital	the Company	activities
	註冊成立/	已發行股份/	本公司	
名稱	註冊及經營地點	註冊資本	持股百分比	主要業務

Indirectly held (continued)

間接持有 (續)

Yingfeng Industrial (Hongkong) Co., Limited 迎豐實業(香港)有限公司 Hong Kong 香港

Ordinary US\$20,409 普通股

51 Investment holding 投資控股

20,409美元

Notes:

(a) These subsidiaries are registered as wholly-foreign-owned enterprises under the law of the PRC.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

35. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 30 June 2023.

附註:

(a) 該等附屬公司乃根據中國法律註冊為外 商獨資企業。

董事認為,上表所列公司為主要影響本年度業績或組成本集團資產淨值重大部分之本公司附屬公司。董事認為載列其他附屬公司詳情將使資料過於冗長。

35. 財務報表之批准

財務報表已於二零二三年六月三十日獲董事會批准及授權發佈。

Particulars of Investment Properties Held by the Group本集團持有之投資物業詳情

Location	地點	Group's interest 本集團之權益	Approximate gross floor area (sq. m) 概約 總建築面積 (平方米)	Existing use 現時用途	Term of lease 租期
Levels 4-7 of Block A, whole of Blocks B and C situated at No.1 Cuizhu Street, Cui Zhu Industrial Zone, Qianshan District, Zhuhai City, Guangdong Province, The PRC	中國 廣東省 珠海市 前山區 翠珠工業區 翠珠路1號 甲棟4-7樓、乙棟及丙棟全棟	100%	35,067	Industrial 工業	Short 短期
Whole of composite building, Levels 1-7 situated at No. 1 Cuizhu Street, Cui Zhu Industrial Zone, Qianshan District, Zhuhai City, Guangdong Province, The PRC	中國 廣東省 珠海市 前山區 翠珠工業區 翠珠路1號 綜合樓全棟1-7樓	100%	9,225.72	Industrial 工業	Short 短期
Unit Nos. 1401, 1414, 1415 and 1416 on Level 14, Metro Plaza, Nos. 183-187 Tianhe North Road, Tianhe District, Guangzhou, Guangdong Province, The PRC	中國 廣東省 廣州 天河區 天河北路183-187號 大都會廣場14樓 1401、1414、1415 及1416室	100%	330.18	Commercial 商業	Short 短期
Whole of Level 20, Asia Mansion, Nos. 663-669 Jiu Jiang Road, Huangpu District, Shanghai, The PRC	中國 上海市 黃浦區 九江路663-669號 亞洲大廈20樓全層	100%	851.16	Commercial 商業	Short 短期

Particulars of Investment Properties Held by the Group本集團持有之投資物業詳情

		Group's interest	Approximate gross floor area (sq. m) 概約 總建築面積	Existing use	Term of lease
Location	地點	本集團之權益	(平方米)	現時用途	租期
Factory Unit 13 on 16th Floor, Vanta Industrial Centre, Nos. 21-33 Tai Lin Pai Road, Kwai Chung, New Territories, Hong Kong	香港 新界 葵涌 大連排道21-33號 宏達工業中心 16樓13號工廠單位	100%	726.12	Industrial 工業	Short 短期
Whole of Level 21, Empress Plaza, Nos. 17-19 Chatharm Road South, Tsimshatsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong	香港 九龍 尖沙咀 漆咸道南17-19號 帝后廣場 21樓全層	100%	409.79	Commercial 商業	Short 短期
A parcel of land and the buildings erected thereon, No. 3047 Ming Zhu South Road, Qianshan District, Zhuhai City, Guangdong Province, The PRC	中國 廣東省 珠海市 前山區 明珠南路 3047號 一塊土地及在其上矗立 之建築物	100%	58,249	Industrial 工業	Medium* 中期*

The term for which the lease was granted remaining unexpired as at 31 March 2023 is less than 50 years but not less than 10 years.

於二零二三年三月三十一日,所授予租期之尚 未屆滿部分少於五十年但不少於十年。

