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CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司資料

Board of Directors

Executive Directors

Mr. Yi Xiaodi (Chairman)

Mr. Fan Xiaochong (Vice Chairman)

Non-executive Directors

Ms. Fan Xiaohua

Mr. Wang Gongquan

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Gu Yunchang

Mr. Ng Fook Ai, Victor

Mr. Wang Bo (resigned on 31 December 2021)

Mr. Li Chunping (appointed on 31 December 2021)

Audit Committee

Mr. Ng Fook Ai, Victor (Chairman)

Mr. Gu Yunchang

Mr. Li Chunping (appointed on 31 December 2021)

Remuneration Committee

Mr. Wang Bo (former Chairman) (resigned on 31 December 2021)

Mr. Li Chunping (Chairman) (appointed on 31 December 2021)

Mr. Fan Xiaochong

Mr. Gu Yunchang

Nomination Committee

Mr. Yi Xiaodi (Chairman)

Mr. Gu Yunchang

Mr. Wang Bo (resigned on 31 December 2021)

Mr. Li Chunping (appointed on 31 December 2021)

Company Secretary

Mr. Tsang Ho Yin

Mr. He Jie (resigned on 15 June 2021)

Company's Website

www.ss100.com.cn

Authorised Representatives

Mr. Yi Xiaodi

Mr. Tsang Ho Yin

董事會

執行董事

易小迪先生(主席) 范小冲先生(副主席)

非執行董事

范曉華女士

王功權先生

獨立非執行董事

顧雲昌先生

黃博愛先生

王波先生(於2021年12月31日辭任)

李春平先生(於2021年12月31日獲任)

審核委員會

黄博愛先生(主席)

顧雲昌先生

李春平先生(於2021年12月31日獲任)

薪酬委員會

王波先生(前主席)(於2021年12月31日辭任)

李春平先生(主席)(於2021年12月31日獲任)

范小冲先生

顧雲昌先生

提名委員會

易小迪先生(主席)

顧雲昌先生

王波先生(於2021年12月31日辭任)

李春平先生(於2021年12月31日獲任)

公司秘書

曾浩賢先生

賀傑先生(於2021年6月15日辭任)

公司網站

www.ss100.com.cn

授權代表

易小迪先生

曾浩賢先生

CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司資料

Registered Office

One Nexus Way, Camana Bay, Grand Cayman KY1-9005, Cayman Islands

Head Office

12th Floor, Tower D No. 2 Guang Hua Road Beijing 100026 PRC

Principal Place of Business in Hong Kong

39/F, Gloucester Tower, The Landmark 15 Queen's Road Central Central Hong Kong

Legal Adviser

Morrison & Foerster 33/F, Edinburgh Tower, The Landmark 15 Queen's Road Central Central Hong Kong

Auditor

Mazars CPA Limited 42nd Floor, Central Plaza 18 Harbour Road Wanchai, Hong Kong

Principal Banks

Bank of China Hua Xia Bank China Construction Bank China Everbright Bank China Merchants Bank

註冊辦事處

One Nexus Way, Camana Bay, Grand Cayman KY1-9005, Cayman Islands

總部

中國北京 光華路2號 D座12層 (郵編: 100026)

香港主要營業地點

香港 中環 皇后大道中15號 置地廣場告羅士打大廈39樓

法律顧問

美富律師事務所 香港 中環 皇后大道中15號 置地廣場公爵大廈33樓

核數師

中審眾環(香港)會計師事務所有限公司 香港 灣仔港灣道18號 中環廣場42樓

主要往來銀行

中國銀行 華夏銀行 中國建設銀行 中國光大銀行 招商銀行

CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司資料

Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar and Transfer Office

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited 17M Floor, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai Hong Kong

Principal Share Registrar and Transfer Office

Suntera (Cayman) Limited Suite 3204, Unit 2A, Block 3, Building D, P.O. Box 1586, Gardenia Court, Camana Bay, Grand Cayman, KY1-1100, Cayman Islands

Listing Information

Place of listing: The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange")

Stock code: 2608

香港股份過戶登記分處

香港中央證券登記有限公司香港 灣仔 皇后大道東183號 合和中心17M樓

主要股份過戶登記處

Suntera (Cayman) Limited Suite 3204, Unit 2A, Block 3, Building D, P.O. Box 1586, Gardenia Court, Camana Bay, Grand Cayman, KY1-1100, Cayman Islands

上市資料

上市地點:香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)

股份代號: 2608

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告



On behalf of the board (the "Board") of directors (the "Director(s)") of Sunshine 100 China Holdings Ltd ("the Company", together with its subsidiaries, "the Group"), I am pleased to present the business review for the year ended 31 December 2021 (the "Reporting Period") and outlook to the shareholders of the Company.

本人謹代表陽光100中國控股有限公司(「本公司」,連同其附屬公司統稱「本集團」)之董事(「董事」)會(「董事會」),欣然向各位本公司的股東提呈本公司截至2021年12月31日止年度(「本報告期」)之業務回顧與展望。

Results

In 2021, as affected by governmental policies of the PRC, credit was tightened across the board and the market contracted significantly in the real estate industry. Under such circumstances the Company encountered unprecedented difficulties and defaulted on its debts for the first time on 11 August 2021. Meanwhile, due to financial stress and on-going project development and construction, sales for the year dropped significantly, with contracted sales amounting to RMB3,221 million and contracted sales area amounting to 294,872 square meters, which means only approximately one-third of the plan for the year was being achieved.

The revenue decreased to RMB5,399.2 million as compared to that of 2020, while the gross profit decreased by 50.6% to RMB755.1 million and gross profit margin decreased by 12.6 percentage points to 14.0%. In addition, during the Reporting Period, the sales income decreased, and the gross profit from delivery of houses decreased compared with last year. At the same time, due to the adverse impact caused by the continuous and repeated outbreaks of the COVID-19 pandemic, and the fact that the overall real estate market was in a downward trend, the impairment loss provision for this period provided to loans for third parties and recognised impairment losses on assets increased as compared to last year, resulting in an annual loss of RMB3,730.0 million during the Reporting Period.

業績

於2021年,房地產行業受中國政府政策影響,信貸全面收緊,市場大幅收縮,本公司遇到了前所未有的困難,於2021年8月11日首次出現了債務違約。同時,受資金壓力與項目開發建設影響,全年銷售大幅下降,僅完成合約銷售金額3,221百萬元,合約銷售面積約294,872平方米,僅完成年度計劃的約三分之一。

收入與2020年相比則有所下降,達到人民幣5,399.2 百萬元。而毛利潤減少50.6%至人民幣755.1百萬元,毛利率下降12.6個百分點至14.0%。此外,於本報告期出售收益減少,且交房毛利較去年下降,同時由於受到新型冠狀病毒肺炎疫情持續反復爆發所帶來的不利影響,加之房地產市場整體處於下行通道,本期計提的提供給第三方的貸款虧損撥備以及確認的資產減值損失較去年有所增加,導致於本報告期確認年度虧損人民幣3.730.0百萬元。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

主席報告

Business Review

Securing fund acquisition, ensuring performance of contracts

Since the first half of 2021, the Company has experienced a significant decline in its property sales due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and lack of funding, effect of which was especially significant for its commercial projects. Compared with the plan, the Company's recovery of receivables has been greatly reduced, leading to a series of early warnings for the Company's repayments in the second half of the year. All staff across the Company proactively worked on raising new funds and invited new investors for cooperation and had entered into a series of contracts. However, the deterioration of the situation on all fronts eventually led to a default by the Company on its convertible bonds in the open market in August 2021 with a fund gap of USD52.39 million. Following the occurrence of the default, coupled with domestic financial regulations and market downturn, the Company was caught in difficulties of overall shortage of cash flows.

2. Ensuring house delivery, maintaining operation

After the occurrence of the default, the Company eventually secured the confidence of the creditors through a difficult and complicated process of communication, explanation and negotiation. Meanwhile, by actively strengthening the communication with various partners, the Company was able to maintain the stability of the projects and resume construction through its utmost efforts. At the same time, the Company proactively disposed of some operating assets in a rapid manner and utilised the proceeds raised therefrom to ensure the delivery of houses and the construction of key projects. Even under such difficult circumstances, the Company has still ensured the delivery of over 6,000 residential units of several residential projects in Wuxi and Wenzhou, and ensured the continuous and stable development of major projects, as well as the successive operation and utilisation of 3,000 Himalaya apartments. In particular, during the COVID-19 pandemic last year, the commercial street of over 100,000 square metres of the Changsha Sunshine 100 Phoenix Street project was put into operation normally and received numerous positive responses, and was rated as a national 3A-level tourist attraction.

業務回顧

1. 保資金,保履約

自2021年上半年開始,公司受新型冠狀病毒肺炎疫情及資金缺乏影響,銷售出現大幅下降,尤其是商業產品受疫情影響更大。公司的銷售回款相比於計劃大幅減少,導致公司下半年的一系列還款出現了預警,儘管公司全體同仁在積極籌措新的資金,努力引進新的投資方戶。並簽訂了一系列合同,但終因各方形勢的惡化,導致公司在2021年8月份公開市場的可惡化,導致公司在2021年8月份公開市場的可聽化,導致公司在2021年8月份公開市場的可關違約。違約事件發生後,疊加國內金融調控與市場下滑,公司陷入了全面現金流短缺的困境。

2. 保交房、保運營

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

主席報告

3. Maintaining stability

As a result of the default and the shortage of funds, the Company faced unprecedented pressure and difficulties on all fronts. On one hand, the Company strives to coordinate with institutional creditors to grant grace periods and reached understanding; on the other hand, it proactively communicated with the local governments and stabilised the confidence of construction contractors and partners to ensure the timely delivery of houses, and to strengthen the promotion of various works relating to commercial property operation. At the same time, it intensified internal reform, increased income streams and reduced costs, which secured the confidence and stability of key staff and teams.

4. Improving operation

With the Company's sales business being disrupted, the Company mainly focused on commercial operations. Amid the pandemic, the Company's commercial operating income rose against the trend. Rental income from its investment properties increased from RMB151.9 million in 2020 to RMB192.8 million in 2021, the revenue generated from Himalaya serviced apartments increasing from RMB34.2 million in 2020 to RMB75.4 million in 2021 and the income from property management increasing from RMB353 million in 2020 to RMB424 million in 2021.

The stability and improvement of the commercial operation has laid a good foundation for the future transformation and upgrade of the Company and has helped us identify a direction for future development.

5. Industrial transformation

After experiencing market downturn and observing the competitiveness of its commercial operations, the Company has strengthened its determination to focus on its main products and undergo transformation, i.e. to increase the development of Himalaya apartments and commercial streets as its main products, and to further improve and mature the business model featuring strengthening operation and combination of rental and sales.

3. 保穩定

受違約影響及資金短缺,公司在各方面面臨了前所未有的壓力與困難。一方面公司協調債權方金融機構給予寬限與諒解;另一方面,主動與地方政府溝通,穩定施工方與合作方信心,力保交房,並加強商業資產運營多方面工作的推進;同時加大內部改革,開源節流,保證了骨幹員工與隊伍的信心與穩定。

4. 抓運營

在公司銷售業務受阻的情形下,公司主要面向商業運營。在疫情期間,公司商業運營收入出現了逆勢上升,商業租金收入由2020年的人民幣151.9百萬元上升到2021年的人民幣192.8百萬元,喜馬拉雅公寓收入由2020年的人民幣34.2百萬元上升到2021年的人民幣75.4百萬元,物業管理收入由2020年的人民幣353百萬元上升到人民幣424百萬元。

商業運營的穩定與上升,為今後公司轉型升級 打好了良好基礎,也找到了一條未來發展方 向。

5. 產業轉型

經過市場下滑及產品競爭的表現,公司更加堅定了向主力產品聚焦與轉型的決心,即加大喜馬拉雅公寓、商業街區主力產品的開發,並把強運營、租售結合的商業模式進一步完善成熟。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

主席報告

Future Outlook

- Stepping up the efforts in realising assets. Under the circumstance of the Company's cash flow difficulties, the Company has also stepped up the work of repaying debts with its assets and debt-to-equity conversion to further reduce the liabilities of the Company.
- 2. The Company has accumulated some quality projects during the past thirty years. Under the current situation, the Company has adopted a variety of flexible ways to increase cooperation in investment invitation and cooperation in development, and some quality projects are expected to receive capital investment and activate the cash flows. The Company will accelerate the cooperation of main projects and attract capital for shareholding and development. Through full communication with some former partners, mutual trust has been increased and the cooperation in several main projects is being advanced, which are expected to be implemented one after another in the following year.
- The Company will focus more on the main products and further develop the main products that have competitive advantages. Himalaya apartments, which are high-end and some high-quality serviced residences, are shown to be more competitive than the traditional sales business in a market downturn.
- 4. By strengthening its operation, the Company has developed unique advantages. With its experienced teams for operation of commercial projects built up over the years, the Company will give full play to increasing rental income and enhancing brand influence, and also gradually promote light-asset operation and cooperation.

The year 2021 was an extremely unusual year, during which the Company faced unprecedented difficulties and challenges which it had never experienced in its operation in the past thirty years. However, with the strong support of all partners and the extraordinary dedication and efforts of all colleagues, the Company was able to successfully overcome the adversity. We believe that Sunshine 100 will be able to embark on a new path of development after this round of elimination in the industry and market.

Last but not least, on behalf of the Board, I would like to extend my sincere gratitude to shareholders and partners for your support, to all our staff for your concerted efforts and hard work.

未來展望

- 1. 加大資產變現力度。在公司現金流困難情況下,公司也加大了資產抵債與債轉股的一些變現工作推進,進一步減低公司負債。
- 2. 公司在過去三十年內,積累了一些優質資產項目。在目前情況下,公司採取了多種靈活方式,加大了合作引資,合作開發力度,一些優質項目有望得到資金投入並盤活現金流;加快主力項目合作,引資入股、引資開發,公司與一些過去合作夥伴充分溝通後,增加了互信,幾個主力項目的合作正在推進中,有望在新的一年內陸續落地。
- 3. 更加聚焦主力產品,進一步開發好具有優勢的 主力產品。在市場低迷下,像喜馬拉雅高端公 寓及一些高品質服務式住宅,表現出更好的競 爭力。
- 4. 通過強化運營,形成公司獨特的優勢。長期以來公司形成了商業項目運營的隊伍與經驗,在 今後更加發揮好提升租金收入與品牌影響力作用,也逐漸推進輕資產輸出合作的運營模式。

2021年是極不尋常的一年,是公司三十年的經營中面臨前所未有困難挑戰的一年,但在各合作方的大力支持下,並賴以全體同仁的超常付出與努力,公司得以安全度過這一個困境。經過這一輪行業與市場淘汰,相信陽光100會走上一個新的發展道路。

最後,本人謹代表公司董事會,對各位股東、合作夥伴的支持表示感謝!對全體員工的同心同力、努力工作表示感謝!

Chairman of the Board

Yi Xiaodi

董事會主席

易小迪

FINANCIAL SUMMARY 財務摘要

For the year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017			
		RMB million							
		人民幣百萬元	人民幣百萬元	人民幣百萬元	人民幣百萬元	人民幣百萬元			
_									
Revenue	收入	5,399	5,760	8,289	7,579	6,875			
Gross profit	毛利	755	1,530	2,100	1,591	1,499			
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	(3,794)	1,831	4,018	609	1,296			
Income tax	所得税	64	(547)	(803)	(366)	(477)			
Profit for the year	年度溢利	(3,730)	1,284	3,215	243	849			
Total profit for the year attributable to: – Equity shareholders of the	以下各方應佔年度 溢利部分: 一本公司權益股東								
Company		(3,673)	438	1,805	(30)	593			
- Non-controlling interests	一非控股權益	(57)	846	1,410	273	256			
Total comprehensive income for	年度綜合收益總額	(2.725)	1 206	2 212	225	060			
the year		(3,725)	1,296	3,212	225	863			

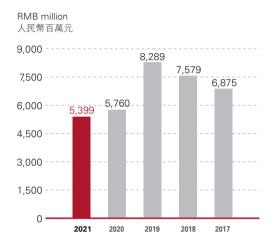
As at 31 December 於12月31日

		2021 RMB million 人民幣百萬元	2020 RMB million 人民幣百萬元	2019 RMB million 人民幣百萬元	2018 RMB million 人民幣百萬元	2017 RMB million 人民幣百萬元
Total assets	資產總額	56,356	60,958	58,395	61,452	55,780
Total liabilities	負債總額	49,021	48,788	46,647	51,844	46,618
Net assets	資產淨值	7,335	12,170	11,748	9,608	9,162
Total equity attributable to:	以下各方應佔權益 總額部分:					
- Equity shareholders of the	一本公司權益股東	E 754	0.202	0.167	7 175	7 447
Company	1-1	5,754	9,383	9,167	7,475	7,447
– Non-controlling interests	一非控股權益	1,581	2,787	2,581	2,133	1,715
Total equity	權益總額	7,335	12,170	11,748	9,608	9,162

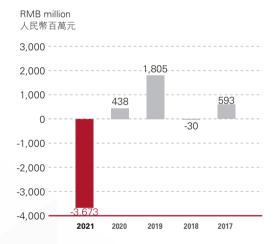
FINANCIAL SUMMARY

財務摘要

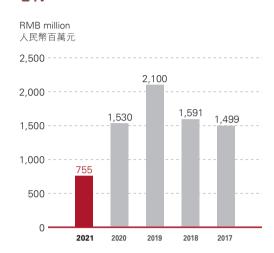
Revenue 收入



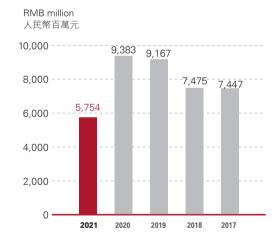
Total Profit for the Year Attributable to Equity Shareholders of the Company 本公司權益股應佔年度溢利



Gross Profit 毛利



Total Equity Attributable to Equity Shareholders of the Company 本公司權益股東應佔權益



MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 管理層討論及分析

Contracted Sales

During the Reporting Period, the Group (including light-asset operation projects) realised contracted sales of RMB3,221 million, representing a decrease of 69.4% from 2020, and contracted sales area of 294,872 square metres, representing a decrease of 66.9% from 2020. Moreover, the Group's average unit price for contracted sales was RMB10,227 per square metre, representing a decrease of 9.6% from 2020. Approximately 83.4% of the contracted sales amount was generated from the Bohai Rim and Midwest regions, among which, Jinan Sunshine 100 International New Town and Wuhan Sunshine 100 Phoenix Street projects contributed significantly, with the contracted sales being RMB437.9 million and RMB369.2 million, respectively, accounting for 13.6% and 11.5% of the Group's total contracted sales, respectively.

Breakdown of contracted sales of the Group by geographic location during the Reporting Period is as follows:

合約銷售

於本報告期,本集團(含輕資產運營項目)實現合 約銷售金額人民幣3.221百萬元,較2020年度減少 69.4%; 實現合約銷售面積294,872平方米,較2020 年度減少66.9%。此外,本集團平均合約銷售單價為 人民幣10,227元/平方米,較2020年減少9.6%。合 約銷售金額約83.4%來自於環渤海和中西部,其中濟 南陽光100國際新城及武漢陽光100鳳凰街項目貢獻 顯著,合約銷售金額分別為人民幣437.9百萬元及人 民幣369.2百萬元,分別佔本集團總合約銷售金額的 13.6%及11.5%。

本集團於本報告期的合約銷售按地區劃分情況如下:

For the 12 months ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止十二個月

Economic area City		Project name	(square i	Contracted sales area (square metres) ⁽¹⁾ 合約銷售面積 (平方米) ⁽¹⁾		Contracted sales amount (RMB million) ^[2] 合約銷售金額 (人民幣百萬元) ^[2]		ing price re metres) ⁽¹⁾ 價 方米) ⁽¹⁾
經濟區域	城市	項目名稱	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
D 4 1 D	01							
Bohai Rim 環渤海	Shenyang 瀋陽	Shenyang Sunshine 100 International New Town 瀋陽陽光100國際新城 Shenyang Sunshine 100 Golf Mansion	11,326	18,322	125.0	231.1	9,636	9,598
	Jinan	瀋陽陽光100果嶺公館 Jinan Sunshine 100 International New Town	5,109	9,021	40.3	71.2	7,311	7,316
	濟南 Dongying	濟南陽光100國際新城 Dongying Sunshine 100 Phoenix Community	18,584	25,723	437.9	525.1	20,719	18,472
	東營 Weifang	東營陽光100鳳凰社 Weifang Sunshine 100 Phoenix Community	-766	2,019	-2.5	15.9	4,517	6,987
	濰坊 Tianjin	濰坊陽光100鳳凰社 Tianjin Sunshine 100 Nankai Himalaya	8,082	38,131	63.0	352.3	7,101	9,014
	天津	天津陽光100南開喜馬拉雅 Tianjin Sunshine 100 Tianta Himalaya	2,350	4,365	50.8	116.2	18,715	26,623
		天津陽光100天塔喜馬拉雅 Tianjin Sunshine 100 International New Town	126	12,607	-7.1	531.4	55,983	42,054
	Yantai	天津陽光100國際新城 Yantai Sunshine 100 Himalaya	81	151	1.5	24.4	7,000	17,881
	煙台 Chengde	煙台陽光100喜馬拉雅 Sunshine 100 Beijing Arles	25,335	12,211	294.6	230.2	11,570	18,461
	承德	陽光100北京的阿爾勒 Sunshine 100 Rehe Valley®	3,794	20,417	43.7	227.7	11,519	11,151
		陽光100熱河山谷四	-	312	-	5.1	-	16,196
	Sub-total 小計		74,021	143,279	1,047.2	2,330.6	12,956	15,230

管理層討論及分析

For the 12 months ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止十二個月

Economic area	City	Project name 項目名稱	(square 合約針	Contracted sales area (square metres) ⁽¹⁾ 合約銷售面積 (平方米) ⁽¹⁾		Contracted sales amount (RMB million) ⁽²⁾ 合約銷售金額 (人民幣百萬元) ⁽²⁾		ing price re metres) ⁽¹⁾ 價 (方米) ⁽¹⁾
經濟區域	城市		2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Yangtze River Delta 長三角	Wuxi 無錫	Wuxi Sunshine 100 Arles 無錫陽光100阿爾勒 Wuxi Sunshine 100 Himalaya	8,409	48,164	111.5	854.5	7,327	16,482
	Wenzhou 溫州	無錫陽光100喜馬拉雅 Sunshine 100 Wenzhou Center 陽光100溫州中心	2,955 8,096	9,576 12,868	34.6 133.5	145.7 249.5	11,703 15,708	15,219 19,194
	Chang zhou 常州	Wenzhou Sunshine 100 Arles 溫州陽光100阿爾勒 Changzhou Sunshine 100 Zone 7 Up-east Side 常州陽光100 7區上東	20,575	89,699 1,468	234.9	1,181.2 28.5	11,107	12,369
	市州 Yixing 宜興	市州場元100 / m 上来 Yixing Sunshine 100 Phoenix Street 宜興陽光100鳳凰街	-434	2,738	2.3	39.0	36,767	9,120
	Sub-total 小計		39,541	164,513	501.8	2,498.4	10,969	14,274
Pearl River Delta 珠三角	Qingyuan 清遠 Putian 莆田	Qingyuan Sunshine 100 Arles 清遠陽光100阿爾勒 Putian Sunshine 100 Phoenix Plaza [©] 莆田陽光100鳳凰廣場 [©]	4, 575 -	3,686 1,906	32.2	13.8	6,818	1,269 20,629
	Sub-total 小計		4,575	5,592	32.2	54.1	6,818	7,868

管理層討論及分析

For the 12 months ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止十二個月

			截至2027平72月37日近十二個月						
					Contracted s	ales amount nillion) ⁽²⁾			
				metres) ⁽¹⁾ 售面積	-	illion) ^e 售金額		re metres) ⁽¹⁾	
				告回恨 米) ⁽¹⁾		音並領 百萬元) ⁽²⁾	單價 (元/平方米) ⁽¹⁾		
Economic area	City	Project name		1		I			
經濟區域	城市	項目名稱	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Midwest	Wuhan	Wuhan Sunshine 100 Lakeside Residence							
中西部	武漢	武漢陽光100大湖第	-244	812	0.1	26.4	13,965	16,749	
		Wuhan Sunshine 100 Phoenix Street							
		武漢陽光100鳳凰街	30,178	74,348	369.2	984.4	12,156	13,145	
	Chongqing	Chongqing Sunshine 100 Arles							
	重慶	重慶陽光100阿爾勒	23,076	57,501	326.2	683.8	13,957	11,484	
	Changsha 長沙	Changsha Sunshine 100 Phoenix Street 長沙陽光100鳳凰街	2,386	20.720	30.9	316.5	10 200	13,586	
	区 <i>沙</i> Liuzhou	文グ物ル100駒風街 Liuzhou Sunshine 100 Yaobu Town	2,300	20,739	30.9	310.0	10,280	13,300	
	柳州	柳州陽光100窯埠TOWN	2,187	_	21.5	_	9,735	_	
		Liuzhou Sunshine 100 City Plaza	,				.,		
		柳州陽光100城市廣場	2,764	99	19.3	7.5	5,237	14,128	
		Liuzhou Sunshine 100 Xinye Town ⁽³⁾							
		柳州陽光100新葉城回	31,356	23,548	308.9	241.4	9,850	10,250	
	Chengdu	Chengdu Sunshine 100 Mia Center 成都陽光100米婭中心	470			00.5	20.000		
	成都 Nanning	成御物元100不短中心 Nanning Sunshine 100 Up-east Side International	-179	-	-5.1	23.5	38,026	-	
	ivanning 南寧	南寧陽光100上東國際	11,066	_	79.3	6.6	6,111	_	
	110 3	Nanning Sunshine 100 Nine Peninsulas ⁽³⁾	11,000		70.0	0.0	٥,		
		南寧陽光100九個半島 ⁽³⁾	36,526	119,507	235.9	758.0	6,458	6,314	
	Wuzhou	Wuzhou Sunshine 100 Sankee City ⁽³⁾							
	梧州	梧州陽光100三祺城 ^⑶	28,557	126,823	164.4	721.4	5,480	5,677	
	Lijiang	Lijiang Sunshine 100 COART Village						.=	
	麗江	麗江陽光100雪山藝術小鎮	7,948	2,480	73.5	37.7	9,251	15,203	
	Xi'an 西安	Xi'an Sunshine 100 Arles 西安陽光100阿爾勒	953	151.757	13.9	1.836.4	9,085	11,983	
	Guilin	Sunshine 100 Weilu Valley	333	101,707	13.3	1,050.4	3,003	11,300	
	桂林	陽光100圍爐山谷	_	249	_	3.1	_	12,467	
		Pingle Sunshine 100 Li River Cultural Village						, ,	
		平樂陽光100灕江文化村	161	-	1.8	-	11,188	_	
	Cub total								
	Sub-total 小計		176,735	577,863	1,639.8	5,646.7	9,007	9,535	
	7 111		,	211,7230	.,,,,,,,,	-1	-,		
	Total								
	總計		294,872	891,247	3,221.0	10,529.8	10,227	11,315	

Notes:

(1) Excluding car parks

(2) Including car parks

(3) Being light-asset operation projects

附註:

(1) 不包括車庫

(2) 包括車庫

(3) 為輕資產運營項目

管理層討論及分析

Breakdown of contracted sales of the Group by type of business during the Reporting Period is as follows:

本集團於本報告期內的合約銷售按業態劃分情況如

For the 12 months ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止十二個月

Туре		(square i 合約銷	(square metres) ⁽¹⁾ 合約銷售面積 (平方米) ⁽¹⁾		Contracted sales amount (RMB million) ^[2] 合約銷售金額 (人民幣百萬元) ^[2]		ng price re metre) ⁽¹⁾ 賈 方米) ⁽¹⁾
類型		2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Residential properties Commercial properties and car parks	住宅 商用物業及車庫	175,055 119,817	740,735 150,512	2,331.6 889.4	7,634.9 2,894.9	13,318 12,076	10,307 16,273
Total	總計	294,872	891,247	3,221.0	10,529.8	10,227	11,315
Dronoution	所佔比例						
Proportion Residential properties	MGLM 住宅	59%	83%	72%	73%		
Commercial properties and car parks	商用物業及車庫	41%	17%	28%	27%		
Total	總計	100%	100%	100%	100%		

Notes:

(1) Excluding car parks

(2) Including car parks

Property Construction

During the Reporting Period, the Group commenced construction on GFA of 338,518 square metres, representing a decrease of 52.5% from 2020. The completed GFA was 804,009 square metres, representing a decrease of 9.2% from 2020. The total GFA under construction was 3,952,296 square metres at the end of the Reporting Period, representing a decrease of 6.6% from 2020. The decrease was mainly due to the need to maintain the Group's liquidity.

附註:

不包括車庫 (1)

包括車庫

物業建造

於本報告期,本集團新開工建築面積338,518平方 米,較2020年減少52.5%。竣工建築面積804,009平 方米,較2020年減少9.2%,本報告期末在建總面積 為3,952,296平方米,較2020年減少6.6%。該減少主 要由於維持本集團流動資金的需求所致。

管理層討論及分析

The property construction of the Group during the Reporting Period is as 本集團於本報告期內的物業建築情况如下: follows:

For the 12 months ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止十二個月

		Newly-started		Total GFA under construction as at the
		total GFA	Completed total GFA	end of the period
		(square metres)	(square metres)	(square metres)
Economic area	City	新開工總建築面積	竣工總建築面積	期末在建總建築面積
經濟區域	城市	(平方米)	(平方米)	(平方米)
ルエ バー (ME *94)	286.114	(133%)	(17374)	(1737)
Bohai Rim	linas			
	Jinan **=		100.070	
環渤海	濟南	_	103,678	_
	Shenyang			
	瀋陽	_	_	116,821
	Weifang			
	濰坊	_	_	194,766
	Yantai			
	煙台	_	-	328,917
	Chengde			
	承德	_	_	166,817
	Tianjin			
	天津	_	_	23,071
				<u> </u>
	Sub-total			
	小計	_	103,678	830,392
	7 H1		100/070	333,552
Yangtze River Delta	Wuxi			
長三角	無錫		240 724	201 200
文二 月		_	248,724	201,299
	Wenzhou			
	溫州		172,853	881,742
	Sub-total			
	小計	_	421,577	1,083,041
Pearl River Delta	Qingyuan			
珠三角	清遠	_	_	52,535
	0.1			
	Sub-total			-
	小計		_	52,535

管理層討論及分析

For the 12 months ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止十二個月

				Total GFA under
		Newly-started		construction as at the
		total GFA	Completed total GFA	end of the period
		(square metres)	(square metres)	(square metres)
Economic area	City	新開工總建築面積	竣工總建築面積	期末在建總建築面積
經濟區域	城市	(平方米)	(平方米)	(平方米)
Midwest	Chongqing			
中西部	重慶	17,265	11,758	186,630
	Yueyang			
	岳陽	_	_	82,552
	Guilin			
	桂林	_	_	31,960
	Nanning			
	南寧	132,040	174,841	278,431
	Liuzhou			
	柳州	62,574	_	261,821
	Wuzhou			
	梧州	126,639	92,155	525,992
	Xi'an			
	西安	_	-	238,825
	Wuhan			
	武漢	_	_	350,493
	Lijiang			
	麗江	_	_	29,624
	Sub-total			
	小計	338,518	278,754	1,986,328
Total 總計		338,518	804,009	3,952,296

管理層討論及分析

Breakdown of major properties

主要物業明細

Economic area	City	Project	Address	Project type	Expected completion date of properties under development ⁽¹⁾	Completion progress of properties	Saleable GFA remaining unsold (square metres) 已完工仍未	GFA under development (square metres) 發展中		interest in the
經濟區域	城市	項目	目 地址 項目類型	發展中物業 預計竣工時間 ⁽¹⁾	發展中物業 完工進度 ^{[1][3]}	出售建築面積 (平方米)	建築面積 (平方米)	規劃建築面積 (平方米)	本集團於項目 中的權益	
Bohai Rim 環渤海	Jinan 濟南	Jinan Sunshine 100 International New Town	No. 19 Yangguang New Road, Huaiyin District, Jinan City, Shandong Province				127,358	-	-	49.00%
		濟南陽光100國際新城	山東省濟南市槐蔭區陽光新路19號	D 11 (1)			4.007	-	-	
		Phase I 一期		Residential 住宅			4,887	-	-	
		Phase II 二期		Residential 住宅			954	-	-	
		—知 Phase III		Residential			17,485	_	_	
		三期		住宅			.,,,,,,			
		Phase IV		Residential			49,874	-	-	
		四期		住宅						
		Phase V 五期		Residential 住宅			23,754	-	-	
		工州 Phase VI		注七 Residential			30,404	_	_	
		六期		住宅			30,404			
	Shenyang 瀋陽	Shenyang Sunshine 100 International New Town 瀋陽陽光100國際新城	Yuhong New Town, Yuhong, District, Shenyang City, Liaoning Province 遼寧省瀋陽市于洪區于洪新城				98,020	73,678	229,759	100.00%
		Phase I		Composite			23,548	-	-	
		一期		綜合						
		Phase II		Composite ⇔ ∧			53,509	-	-	
		二期 Phase III		綜合	2024	44%	20,002	חדם מד	220 750	
		三期		Composite 綜合	2024	44 %	20,963	73,678	229,759	
		Shenyang Sunshine 100 Golf Mansion	No. 18 Qi Hao Street, Economics and Technology Development District, Shenyang City, Liaoning Province 遼寧省瀋陽市經濟技術開發區七號街	ingv ⊟			35,034	20,083	15,310	51%
		瀋陽陽光100果嶺公館	逐争自潘陽巾經濟技帆用發區七號街 18號							
		Phase I	i ♥ 300	Composite			12,590	20,083	-	
		一期		綜合			-,-30	,-30		
		Phase II		Residential			22,444	-	-	
		二期		住宅						
		Phase III		Residential			-	-	15,310	
		三期		住宅						

Economic area 經濟區域	City 城市	Project	Address 地址	Project type 項目類型	Expected completion date of properties under development ⁽¹⁾ 發展中物業 預計竣工時間 ⁽¹⁾	Completion progress of properties under development ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾ 發展中物業 完工進度 ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾	(square metres) 已完工仍未	GFA under development (square metres) 發展中 建築面積 (平方米)		Our attributable interest in the project 本集團於項目 中的權益
**************************************	with	***	Turns.	X H M-	1011-20-101-0	77	117747	1144117	117747	1 14 12 2
	Tianjin 天津	Tianjin Sunshine 100 International New Town	Hongqi South Road, Nankai District, Tianjin City				18,426	-	-	86.00%
		天津陽光100國際新城 Phase I 一期	天津市南開區紅旗南路	Composite 綜合			8,634			
		Phase II 二期		Composite 綜合			(0)			
		Phase III 三期		Composite 綜合			8,807			
		Phase IV 四期		Residential 住宅			266			
		Phase V 五期		Composite 綜合			719			
		Tianjin Sunshine 100 Nankai Himalaya	West of Hongqi Road and North of Chuxiong Road, Nankai District, Tianjin City	Composite 綜合			13,573	-	-	100.00%
		天津陽光100南開喜馬 拉雅	天津市南開區紅旗路西側、楚雄道北側			71%				
		Tianjin Sunshine 100 Tianta Himalaya	Intersection of Weijin South Road and Tianta Road, Nankai District, Tianjin City	Composite 綜合	2022		39,232	23,071	-	80.00%
		天津陽光100天塔喜馬 拉雅	天津市南開區衛津南路與天塔道交叉口					-	-	
	Dongying 東營	Dongying Sunshine 100 City Garden	No. 248 North 1st Road, Dongying District, Dongying City, Shandong Province				42,015	-	-	100.00%
		東營陽光100城市麗園 Phase I	山東省東營市東營區北一路248號	Residential			3,318	-	-	
		一期 Phase II 二期		住宅 Residential 住宅			5,787	-	-	
		ー型 Phase III 三期		EE Residential 住宅			32,910	-	-	

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 管理層討論及分析

Economic area 經濟區域	City城市	Project 項目	Address 地址	Project type 項目類型	Expected completion date of properties under development ⁽¹⁾ 發展中物業預計竣工時間 ⁽¹⁾	Completion progress of properties under development ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾ 發展中物業 完工進度 ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾	Saleable GFA remaining unsold (square metres) 已完工仍未 出售建築面積 (平方米)	GFA under development (square metres) 發展中 建築面積 (平方米)		Our attributable interest in the project 本集團於項目 中的權益
程俏画場	柳巾	- 現日	地址	現日親空	頂訂竣工时间"	九工连及'''"	(十万本/	(十万本/	(十万本)	一 中 的 惟 鱼
	Weifang 濰坊	Weifang Sunshine 100 City Plaza 濰坊陽光100城市廣場	No. 5051 Shengli East Street, Kuiwen District, Weifang City, Shandong Province 山東省濰坊市奎文區勝利東街5051號				44,770	112,682	362,747	100.00%
		Phase I		Composite			24,400	-	-	
		一期 Phase II 二期		綜合 Composite 綜合			20,370	-	-	
		Phase III		Composite	2022	65%	-	112,682	-	
		三期 Phase IV		綜合 Composite			_	_	229,955	
		四期		綜合					220,000	
		Phase V		Composite			-	-	80,721	
		五期 Phase VI		綜合 Composite				_	52,071	
		六期		綜合					32,071	
	Chengde 承德	Sunshine 100 Beijing Arles	Near Xinglong West Station, Xinglong County, Chengde City, Hebei Province				-	159,143	-	71.20%
		陽光100北京的阿爾勒	河北省承德市興隆縣興隆西站旁							
		Phase I 一期		Composite 綜合	2023	25%	-	76,321	-	
		Phase II 二期		Composite 綜合	2023	17%	-	82,822	-	
	Yantai 煙台	—₩1 Yantai Sunshine100 Himalaya	No. 25–27 Haigang Road, Zhifu District, Yantai City, Shandong Province	孙口			32,864	319,551	-	100.00%
		煙台陽光100喜馬拉雅	山東省煙台市芝罘區海港路25-27號							
		Phase I		Composite			32,864	-	-	
		一期 Phase II 二期		綜合 Composite 綜合	2023	29%	-	319,551	-	
		Subtotal 小計					451,292	708,208	607,816	

Economic area	City	Project	Address	Project type	Expected completion date of properties under development ⁽¹⁾	Completion progress of properties under development ^(1)[3) 發展中物業	Saleable GFA remaining unsold (square metres) 已完工仍未 出售建築面積	GFA under development (square metres) 發展中 建築面積	(square metres)	Our attributable interest in the project 本集團於項目
經濟區域	城市	項目	地址	項目類型	預計竣工時間(1)	完工進度(1)(3)	(平方米)	(平方米)	(平方米)	中的權益
Midwest 中西部	Wuhan 武漢	Wuhan Sunshine 100 Lakeside Residence 武漢陽光100大湖第	No. 2 Yangqiaohu Avenue, Canglong Island, Jiangxia District, Wuhan City, Hubei Province 湖北省武漢市江夏區藏龍島楊橋湖大道	Composite 綜合			102,710	-	-	100.00%
		Wuhan Sunshine 100 Phoenix Street 武漢陽光100鳳凰街	2號 Qixin Village, Zhifang Street, Jiangxia District, Wuhan City, Hubei Province 湖北省武漢市江夏區紙坊街齊心村	M, □			-	199,732	-	100.00%
		Phase I 一期	が、日の大中本文学は分は月で 刊	Composite 綜合	2022	67%	-	25,238	-	
		Phase II 二期		Composite 綜合	2022	63%	-	67,783	-	
		Phase III 三期		Composite 綜合	2022	46%	-	21,088	-	
		Phase IV 四期		Composite 綜合	2023	39%	-	85,623	-	
	Xi'an 西安	Xi'an Sunshine 100 Arles 西安陽光100阿爾勒	No. 3501 Chanhe West Road, Chanba Ecological District, Xi'an City, Shaanxi Province 陝西省西安市滻灞生態區滻河西路				-	67,166	402,206	100.00%
		四文的儿100四两制	3501號							
		Phase I 一期		Residential 住宅	2022	87%	-	29,455	-	
		Phase II 二期		Residential 住宅	2023		-	10,654	366,731	
		Phase III 三期		Residential 住宅	2023		-	27,057	35,475	
	Chongqing 重慶	Chongqing Sunshine 100 Arles 重慶陽光100阿爾勒	No. 163 Yunan Road, Banan District, Chongqing City 重慶市巴南區渝南大道163號				46,395	101,387	-	80.00%
		Zone A A區		Residential 住宅	2022	75%	22,730	31,624	-	
		Zone B B區		Residential 住宅	2023	54%	23,665	69,763	-	

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 管理層討論及分析

Economic area	City	Project	Address	Project type	Expected completion date of properties under development ⁽¹⁾	Completion progress of properties under development ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾ 發展中物業	Saleable GFA remaining unsold (square metres) 已完工仍未 出售建築面積	GFA under development (square metres) 發展中 建築面積	(square i metres)	Our attributable nterest in the project 本集團於項目
經濟區域	城市	項目	地址	項目類型	預計竣工時間(1)	完工進度(1)(3)	(平方米)	(平方米)	(平方米)	中的權益
	Chengdu	Chengdu Sunshine 100 Mia Center	No. 6 Wugui Road, Chenghua District, Chengdu City, Sichuan Province	Composite			55,467	-	-	100.00%
	成都	成都陽光100米婭中心 Xin Sheng Yuan Project	四川省成都市成華區五桂路6號 Keyuan South 2nd Road, High-tech Zone, Chengdu City, Sichuan Province	綜合			-	-	-	0.00%
	Changsha 長沙	鑫盛源項目 Changsha Sunshine 100 International New Town 長沙陽光100國際新城	四川省成都市高新區科苑南二路 No. 518 Section One, 2nd South Ring Road, Yuelu District, Changsha City, Hunan Province 湖南省長沙市岳麓區南二環一段518號				170,696	-	-	100.00%
	X <i>Đ</i>	大沙物ル100国际利拠 Phase I 一期	例用省区グ申古鹿門田場 校310號	Composite 綜合			21,914	-	-	
		Phase II 二期		Composite 綜合			42,117	-	-	
		Phase III 三期		Composite 綜合			15,580	-	-	
		Phase IV 四期		Residential 住宅		92%	91,085	-	-	
	Yueyang	Yueyang Hansen Project	No. 1 Baling West Road, Yueyang City, Hunan Province	Composite 綜合	2022	10%	-	82,552 82,552	-	51.00%
	岳陽 Guilin	岳陽漢森項目 Guilin Sunshine 100 Lijiang Project	湖南省岳陽市巴陵西路1號 Pingle Town, Pingle County, Guilin City, Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region				14,012	15,479	94,115	100.00%
	桂林	桂林陽光100原味漓江 Phase I	廣西壯族自治區桂林市平樂縣平樂鎮	Composite	2022	81%	2,796	15,479	-	
		一期 Phase II 二期		綜合 Commercia 商業		86%	11,216	-	-	
		ー ^畑 Phase III 三期		向来 Composite 綜合		79%	-	-	4,434	
		Phase IV 四期		Commercia 商業			-	-	39,152	
		Phase V 五期		Composite 綜合			-	-	50,529	

Economic area	City	Project	Address	Project type	Expected completion date of properties under development ⁽¹⁾		Saleable GFA remaining unsold (square metres) 已完工仍未 出售建築面積	GFA under development (square metres) 發展中 建築面積	(square metres)	interest in the project
經濟區域	城市	項目	地址	項目類型	預計竣工時間印	完工進度(1)(3)	(平方米)	(平方米)	(平方米)	中的權益
		Guilin Sunshine 100 Scape Project 桂林陽光100麗園	Ertang Township, Xiangshan District, Guilin City, Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region 廣西壯族自治區桂林市象山區二塘鄉			61%	-	16,355	455,262	100.00%
		在作物ルTOU鹿園 Phase I 一期	庚ျ四十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二	Commercial 商業	2022			16,355	11,873	
		Phase II 二期		Commercial 商業			-		195,434	
		Phase III 三期		Commercial 商業			-		137,940	
		Phase IV 四期		Commercial 商業			-		110,015	
	Liu zhou	Liuzhou Sunshine 100 City Plaza	No. 2 Guizhong Avenue, Liuzhou City, Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region				142,587	-	-	100.00%
	柳州	柳州陽光100城市廣場 Phase I – Phase IV 一期至四期	廣西壯族自治區柳州市桂中大道2號	Composite 綜合			142,587	-	-	
		Liuzhou Sunshine 100 Xinye Town	No. 29, Xijiang Road, Liuzhou City, Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region	Composite	2023		-	220,572	-	49.00%
		柳州陽光100新葉城 Liuzhou Sunshine 100 Yaobu Town	廣西壯族自治區柳州市西江路29號 No. 9 Panlong Road, Liuzhou City, Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region	綜合			103,489	-	-	100.00%
		柳州陽光100窯埠 TOWN	廣西壯族自治區柳州市蟠龍路9號							
		Phase I 一期		Composite 綜合			40,958	-	-	
		Phase II 二期		Composite 綜合			52,023	-	-	
		Phase III 三期		Composite 綜合			10,508	-	-	

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 管理層討論及分析

Economic				Project	Expected completion date of properties under	Completion progress of properties	Saleable GFA remaining unsold (square	GFA under development (square		Our attributable interest in the
area	City	Project	Address	type	development ⁽¹⁾	development ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾	metres) 已完工仍未	metres) 發展中	metres)	project
經濟區域	城市	項目	地址	項目類型	發展中物業 預計竣工時間 ⁽¹⁾	發展中物業 完工進度 ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾	出售建築面積 (平方米)	建築面積 (平方米)	規劃建築面積 (平方米)	本集團於項目 中的權益
	Nanning	Nanning Sunshine 100 City Plaza	No. 63–1 Minzu Avenue, Nanning City, Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region	Composite			11,994	-	99,152	100.00%
	南寧	南寧陽光100城市廣場 Nanning Sunshine 100 Up-east Side International	廣西壯族自治區南寧市民族大道63-1號 No. 166 Minzu Avenue, Nanning City, Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region	綜合 Composite			35,056	-	-	26.01%
		南寧陽光100上東國際 Nanning Vantone Air Garden	廣西壯族自治區南寧市民族大道166號 No. 80 Renmin West Road, Nanning City, Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region	綜合 Composite			1	-	-	100.00%
		南寧萬通空中花園 Nanning Sunshine 100 Mountainside Garden	廣西壯族自治區南寧市人民西路80號 No. 1–2 Yinghua Road, Nanning City, Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region	綜合 Composite			2,365	-	-	100.00%
		南寧陽光100半山麗園 Nanning Sunshine 100 Australian Garden	廣西壯族自治區南寧市英華路1–2號 No. 8 Qingshan Road, Nanning City, Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region	綜合 Composite			388	-	-	100.00%
		南寧陽光100澳洲麗園 Nanning Sunshine 100 European Garden	廣西壯族自治區南寧市青山路8號 No. 63–1 Minzu Avenue, Nanning City, Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region	綜合 Composite			-	-	-	100.00%
		南寧陽光100歐景庭園	廣西壯族自治區南寧市民族大道63-1號	綜合						

Economic area	City	Project	Address	Project type		progress of properties under development ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾	(square metres) 已完工仍未	GFA under development (square metres) 發展中	(square metres)	interest in the project
經濟區域	城市	項目	地址	項目類型	發展中物業 預計竣工時間 ⁽¹⁾	發展中物業 完工進度 ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾	出售建築面積 (平方米)	建築面積 (平方米)	規劃建築面積 (平方米)	本集團於項目 中的權益
		Nanning Sunshine 100 Nine Peninsulas 南寧陽光100九個半島	Wuhua Avenue Middle, Wuming District, Nanning City, Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region 廣西壯族自治區南寧市武鳴區武華大道 中段				59,363	202,314	850,051	30.00%
		Phase I 一期	112	Composite 綜合	2021	74%	40,791	-	-	
		Phase II 二期		Composite 綜合		91%	14,486	-	-	
		Phase III 三期		Composite 綜合	2022	95%	4,086	79,370	-	
		Phase IV 四期		Composite 綜合			-	122,944	508,152	
		Phase V 五期		Residential 住宅			-	-	68,435	
		Phase VI 六期		Residential 住宅			-	-	162,130	
		Phase VII 七期		Residential 住宅			-	-	111,334	
	Wuzhou	Wuzhou Sunshine 100 Sankee City	No. 38 Xinglong Road, Changzhou District, Wuzhou City, Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region				255,594	366,620	743,106	27.75%
	梧州	梧州陽光100三祺城	廣西壯族自治區梧州市長洲區興龍路 38號							
		Phase I 一期		Composite 綜合	2023		255,594	168,135	743,106	
		Phase II 二期		Residential 住宅	2022		-	198,485	-	
		Lijiang Sunshine 100 COART Village	Kaiwen Community and Longquan Community, Shuhe Street, Lijiang City, Yunnan Province	Composite	2023	82%	15,195	28,056	126,230	51.00%
	麗江	麗江陽光100雪山藝術 小鎮	雲南省麗江市東河街道開文、龍泉社區	綜合						
		Subtotal 小計					1,015,312	1,300,233	2,770,122	

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 管理層討論及分析

Economic				Project	Expected completion date of properties under	Completion progress of properties under	(square	GFA under development (square		Our attributable interest in the
area	City	Project	Address	type	development ⁽¹⁾	development ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾	metres) 已完工仍未	metres) 發展中	metres)	project
					發展中物業	發展中物業	出售建築面積	建築面積	規劃建築面積	本集團於項目
經濟區域	城市	項目	地址	項目類型	預計竣工時間(1)		(平方米)	(平方米)	(平方米)	中的權益
Yangtze River Delta	Wuxi	Wuxi Sunshine 100 Arles	No. 1 Tianyi New Street, Xizhang, Yanqiao Town, Huishan District, Wuxi City, Jiangsu Province				311,699	138,557	-	100.00%
長三角	無錫	無錫陽光100阿爾勒	江蘇省無錫市惠山區堰橋鎮西漳天一新 街1號							
		Phase I – Phase IX 一期至九期		Composite 綜合			307,575	-	-	
		Phase X 十期		Composite 綜合	2021		4,124	48,005	-	
		Phase XI 十一期		Composite 綜合	2022		-	84,603	-	
		Phase XII 十二期		Commercia 商業	2022		-	5,949	-	
		Wuxi Sunshine 100 Himalaya	No. 100, Lide Road, Binhu District, Wuxi City, Jiangsu Province	Composite	2021		49,848	-	-	100.00%
		無錫陽光100喜馬拉雅	江蘇省無錫市濱湖區立德道100號	綜合						
	Yixing	Yixing Sunshine 100 Phoenix Street	East Jiefang Road, Chengdong New District, Yixing City, Jiangsu Province	Commercia			27,900	-	-	80.00%
	宜興	宜興陽光100鳳凰街	江蘇省宜興市城東新區解放東路	商業						

Economic area	City	Project	Address	Project type	Expected completion date of properties under development ⁽¹⁾	Completion progress of properties under development ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾	Saleable GFA remaining unsold (square metres) 已完工仍未	GFA under development (square metres) 發展中		interest in the
經濟區域	城市	項目	地址	項目類型	發展中物業 預計竣工時間 ⁽¹⁾	發展中物業 完工進度 ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾	出售建築面積 (平方米)	建築面積 (平方米)	規劃建築面積 (平方米)	本集團於項目 中的權益
****	- Sent its	**************************************	7078	X H M =	1741 -X = -41-4	73	V1 99-1-7	110010	1144414	1 4415
	Wenzhou 溫州	Sunshine 100 Wenzhou Center 陽光100溫州中心	Binjiang Qidu, Lucheng District, Wenzhou City, Zhejiang Province 浙江省溫州市鹿城區濱江七都				4,610	222,262	131,227	100.00%
		Phase I (C) 一期(C)區		Residential 住宅			4,610	-	-	
		Phase II (A) 二期(A)區		Residential 住宅	2024	66%	-	222,262	-	
		Phase II (B) 二期(B)區		Commercial 商業		20%	-	-	131,227	
		Wenzhou Sunshine 100 Arles 溫州陽光100阿爾勒	Yangyi Road, Lucheng District, Wenzhou City, Zhejiang Province 浙江省溫州市鹿城區仰義街道				78,856	335,226	133,749	100.00%
		Phase I (A11 parcel) 一期(A11地塊)		Residential 住宅			33,989	-	-	
		Phase II (A02 parcel) 二期(A02地塊)		Residential 住宅	2021		-	101,505	-	
		Phase II (A03 parcel) 二期(A03地塊)		Residential 住宅			44,867	-	-	
		Phase II (A05 parcel) 二期(A05地塊)		Residential 住宅	2022	55%	-	85,705	-	
		Phase II (A07 parcel) 二期(A07地塊)		Residential 住宅	2024	44%	-	148,016	-	
		Phase II (A16 parcel) 二期(A16地塊)		Composite 綜合		44%	-	-	33,875	
		Phase II (B09 parcel) 二期(B09地塊)		Commercial 商業					47,143	
		Phase II (C04 parcel) 二期(C04地塊)		Commercial 商業			-	-	18,535	
		Phase II (C08 parcel) 二期(C08地塊)		Commercial 商業			-	-	34,196	
	Changzhou 常州	Changzhou Sunshine 100 7th District Up- east 常州陽光100 7區上東	East of Dongcheng Road and North of Dongfang East Road, Economic Development Zone, Changzhou City, Jiangsu Province 江蘇省常州市經濟開發區東城路東側、 東方東路北側	Composite 綜合			51,386	-	-	51.00%
		Subtotal 小計					524,299	696,045	264,976	

Econom area	ic City	Project	Address	Project type	·	progress of properties under development ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾	(square metres) 已完工仍未	GFA under development (square metres) 發展中	(square metres)	Our attributable interest in the project
經濟區域	城市	項目	地址	項目類型	發展中物業 預計竣工時間 ⁽¹⁾	發展中物業 完工進度 ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾	出售建築面積 (平方米)	建築面積(平方米)	規劃建築面積 (平方米)	本集團於項目 中的權益
Pearl Riv Delta	er Qingyuan	Qingyuan Sunshine 100 Arles	No. N24 Area, Po Keng Lian Tai Industry City, Long Tang Town, Qing Cheng District, Qingyuan City, Guangdong Province				190,135	6,484	221,192	55.00%
珠三角	清遠	清遠陽光100阿爾勒	廣東省清遠市清城區龍塘鎮陂坑聯泰工 業城N24號區							
		Phase I 一期		Composite 綜合			31,728	-	-	
		Phase II 二期		Composite 綜合	2021		104,667	6,484	100	
		Phase III 三期		Composite 綜合		80%	9,841	-	-	
		Phase IV 四期		Composite 綜合			43,899	-	-	
		Phase V 五期		Commercia 商業			-	-	78,958	
		中hase VI 六期		Residential 住宅			-	-	142,134	
		Qingyuan Yingde Project	North of Zhenyang Three Road and East of Ying'an Monitoring Station, Yingcheng Street, Yingde City,	Residential	2023	28%	-	38,107	-	55.00%
		清遠英德項目	Qingyuan City, Guangdong Province 廣東省清遠市英德市英誠街道湞陽三路 以北、英安監測站以東	住宅						
		Subtotal 小計					190,135	44,591	221,192	
Total 總計							2,181,038	2,749,077	3,864,106	
Notes	:			'	附	/註:				
(1)		under developme	nd completion progress are nt, but not applicable to the					工進度適月 或待建物業		物業,而不
(2)	The total (table.	GFA of completed	investment properties is in	ncluded ir	this (2) 已完工。	之投資物業	總建築面積	,亦包含在	此表內。
(3)		n progress repres ember 2021.	sents the overall completio	n progres	ss as (3) 完工進月	度反映於20	21年12月3	1日之綜合	完工進度。

管理層討論及分析

Investment Properties

During the Reporting Period, the GFA of investment properties of the Group increased by 9,463 square metres. In the meantime, the GFA of investment properties decreased by 12,322 square metres from that of the previous year. During the Reporting Period, the GFA of the Group's investment properties, both completed and under construction, was 625,458 square metres. Moreover, the Group's rental income for the Reporting Period was RMB192.8 million, representing an increase of 26.9% as compared with 2020.

投資物業

於本報告期,本集團投資物業建築面積增加9.463平 方米,同時上一年度的投資物業建築面積減少12,322 平方米。於本報告期,本集團持有已落成及在建中投 資物業建築面積為625,458平方米。另外,於本報告 期,租金收入為人民幣192.8百萬元,較2020年增加 26.9%。

Breakdown of Investment Properties

投資物業明細

Economic area 經濟區域	City 城市	Project 項目	Address 地址	Use 用途	Leasing period 租期
	346.114	- X H	*C*E	713.65	11174)
Bohai Rim 環渤海	Tianjin 天津	Tianjin Sunshine 100 International New Town	Hongqi South Road, Nankai District, Tianjin City	Commercial	Short, medium and long term
		天津陽光100國際新城	天津市南開區紅旗南路	商業	短、中、長期
		Tianjin Sunshine 100 Nankai Himalaya	West of Hongqi Road and North of Chuxiong Road, Nankai District, Tianjin City	Commercial	Medium and long term
		天津陽光100南開喜馬拉雅	天津市南開區紅旗路西側、楚雄道北側	商業	中、長期
	Shenyang 瀋陽	Shenyang Sunshine 100 International New Town	Yuhong New Town, Yuhong District, Shenyang City, Liaoning Province	Kindergarten	Long term
	7,51.2	瀋陽陽光100國際新城	遼寧省瀋陽市于洪區于洪新城	幼稚園	長期
			,	Commercial	Short, medium and long term
				商業	短、中、長期
	Jinan 濟南	Jinan Sunshine 100 International New Town	No. 19 Yangguang New Road, Huaiyin District, Jinan City, Shandong Province	Kindergarten	Long term
	<i>y</i> 1113	濟南陽光100國際新城	山東省濟南市槐蔭區陽光新路19號	幼稚園	長期
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		Commercial	Short, medium and long term
				商業	短、中、長期
	Yantai 煙台	Yantai Sunshine 100 City Plaza	No. 25–27 Haigang Road, Zhifu District, Yantai City, Shandong Province	Office	Short, medium and long term
	/= -	煙台陽光100城市廣場	山東省煙台市芝罘區海港路25-27號	寫字樓	短、中、長期
		,	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	Commercial	Short, medium and long term
				商業	短、中、長期
	Weifang 濰坊	Weifang Sunshine 100 Phoenix Community	No. 5051 Shengli East Street, Kuiwen District, Weifang City, Shandong Province	Commercial	Short, medium and long term
	//# /J	濰坊陽光100鳳凰社	山東省濰坊市奎文區勝利東街5051號	商業	短、中、長期
	Dongying 東營	Dongying Sunshine 100 Phoenix Community	No. 248 North 1st Road, Dongying District, Dongying City, Shandong Province	Commercial	Medium and long term
		東營陽光100鳳凰社	山東省東營市東營區北一路248號	商業	中、長期
				Kindergarten	Long term
				幼稚園	長期

conomic					
irea 經濟區域	City 城市	Project 項目	Address 地址	Use 用途	Leasing period 租期
Midwest 中西部	Changsha 長沙	Changsha Sunshine 100 Phoenix Street	No. 518 Section One, 2nd South Ring Road, Yuelu District, Changsha City, Hunan Province	Commercial	Medium and long term
		長沙陽光100鳳凰街	湖南省長沙市岳麓區南二環一段518號	商業	中、長期
	Chengdu 成都	Chengdu Sunshine 100 Mia Centre	No. 6 Wugui Road, Chenghua District, Chengdu City, Sichuan Province	Commercial	Short, medium and long term
		成都陽光100米婭中心	四川省成都市成華區五桂路6號	商業	短、中、長期
	Wuhan 武漢	Wuhan Sunshine 100 Lakeside Residence	No. 2 Yangqiaohu Avenue, Canglong Island, Jiangxia District, Wuhan City, Hubei Province	Commercial	Medium and long term
		武漢陽光100大湖第	湖北省武漢市江夏區藏龍島楊橋湖大道2號	商業	中、長期
		Wuhan Sunshine 100 Phoenix Street	Qixin Village, Zhifang Street, Jiangxia District, Wuhan City, Hubei Province	Commercial	Under development
		武漢陽光100鳳凰街	湖北省武漢市江夏區紙坊街齊心村	商業	在建
	Nanning 南寧	Nanning Sunshine 100 Upper East Side International	No. 166 Minzu Avenue, Nanning City, Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region	Commercial	Short term
		南寧陽光100上東國際	廣西壯族自治區南寧市民族大道166號	商業	短期
		Nanning Sunshine 100 Mountainside Garden	No. 1–2 Yinghua Road, Nanning City, Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region	Commercial	Long term
		南寧陽光100半山麗園	廣西壯族自治區南寧市英華路1-2號	商業	長期
		Nanning Sunshine 100 City Plaza	No. 63–1 Minzu Avenue, Nanning City, Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region	Commercial	Medium term
		南寧陽光100城市廣場	廣西壯族自治區南寧市民族大道63-1號	商業	中期
		Guangxi Vantone Air Garden	No. 80 Renmin West Road, Nanning City, Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region	Commercial	Long term
		廣西萬通空中花園	廣西壯族自治區南寧市人民西路80號	商業	長期
		Nanning Sunshine 100 European Garden	No. 63–1 Minzu Avenue, Nanning City, Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region	Commercial	Long term
		南寧陽光100歐景庭園	廣西壯族自治區南寧市民族大道63-1號	商業	長期
		Nanning Sunshine 100 Australian Garden	No. 8 Qingshan Road, Nanning City, Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region	Commercial	Long term
		南寧陽光100澳洲麗園	廣西壯族自治區南寧市青山路8號	商業	長期

经本位品	#+	Project	1th 1.1.	III 30	Leasing period
經濟區域	城市	項目	地址	用途	租期
	Liuzhou 柳州	Liuzhou Sunshine 100 Classical Era	No.11 Haiguan Road, Liuzhou City, Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region	Commercial	Medium and long term
		柳州陽光100經典時代	廣西壯族自治區柳州市海關路11號	商業	中、長期
				Kindergarten 幼稚園	Long term 長期
		Liuzhou Sunshine 100 City Plaza	No. 2 Guizhong Avenue, Liuzhou City, Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region	Commercial	Medium and long term
		柳州陽光100城市廣場	廣西壯族自治區柳州市桂中大道2號	商業	中、長期
		Liuzhou Sunshine 100 Yaobu Classic Town	No. 9 Panlong Road, Liuzhou City, Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region	Commercial	Short, medium and long term
		柳州陽光100窯埠TOWN	廣西壯族自治區柳州市蟠龍路9號	商業	短、中、長期
	Chongqing 重慶	Chongqing Sunshine 100 Arles	No. 163 Yunan Road, Banan District, Chongqing City	Commercial	Medium and long term
		重慶陽光100阿爾勒	重慶市巴南區渝南大道163號	商業	中、長期
	Guilin 桂林	Guilin Sunshine 100 Lijiang Project	Pingle Town, Pingle County, Guilin City, Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region	Commercial	Short and long term
		桂林陽光100原味灕江	廣西壯族自治區桂林市平樂縣平樂鎮	商業	短、長期
		Yangshuo Sunshine 100 City Plaza	Diecui Road, Yangshuo West Street, Guilin, Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region	Commercial	Long term
		陽朔陽光100城市廣場	廣西壯族自治區桂林市陽朔西街疊翠路	商業	長期
Yangtze River Delta	Yixing 宜興	Yixing Sunshine 100 Phoenix Street	East Jiefang Road, Chengdong New District, Yixing City, Jiangsu Province	Commercial	Short, medium and long term
長三角		宜興陽光100鳳凰街	江蘇省宜興市城東新區解放東路	商業	短、中、長期
	Wuxi 無錫	Wuxi Sunshine 100 Arles	No. 1 Tianyi New Street, Xizhang, Yanqiao Town, Huishan District, Wuxi City, Jiangsu Province	Commercial	Short, medium and long term
		無錫陽光100阿爾勒	江蘇省無錫市惠山區堰橋鎮西漳天一新街1號	商業	短、中、長期
		Wuxi Sunshine 100 Himalaya	No. 100, Lide Road, Binhu District, Wuxi City, Jiangsu Province	Commercial	Short term
		無錫陽光100喜馬拉雅	江蘇省無錫市濱湖區立德道100號	商業	短期
	Wenzhou 溫州	Sunshine 100 Wenzhou Centre	Binjiang Qidu, Lucheng District, Wenzhou City, Zhejiang Province	Commercial	Under development
		陽光100溫州中心	浙江省溫州市鹿城區濱江七都	商業	在建
	Changzhou 常州	Changzhou Sunshine 100 Zone 7 Upper East Side	East of Dongcheng Road and North of Dongfang East Road, Economic Development Zone, Changzhou City Jiangsu Province	Commercial	Short, medium and long term
		常州陽光100 7區上東	江蘇省常州市經濟開發區東城路東側、東方 東路北側	商業	短、中、長期
	Qingyuan 清遠	Qingyuan Sunshine 100 Arles	N24 Area, Po Keng Lian Tai Industry City, Long Tang Town, Qing Cheng District, Qingyuan City, Guangdong Province	Commercial	Medium and long term
		清遠陽光100阿爾勒	廣東省清遠市清城區龍塘鎮陂坑聯泰工業城 N24號區	商業	中、長期
				Kindergarten	Long term

管理層討論及分析

Land Acquisition

土地獲取

During the Reporting Period, the Group paid an aggregate amount of RMB18.4 million for various land and project acquisitions.

於本報告期,本集團就各類土地及項目獲取支付的款 項合計人民幣18.4百萬元。

Breakdown of the land reserves of the Group at the end of the Reporting Period is as follows:

本集團於本報告期末的土地儲備情況如下:

Economic area	City	Total GFA (square metres) 總建築面積	Proportion	Attributable GFA (square metres) 權益建築面積	Proportion
經濟區域	城市	(平方米)	所佔比例	(平方米)	所佔比例
Bohai Rim 環渤海	Weifang 濰坊	549,602	6%	549,602	8%
	Shenyang 瀋陽	555,290	6%	520,782	8%
	Yantai	411,269	4%	411,269	6%
	煙台				
	Jinan	189,924	2%	93,063	1%
	濟南 Tioniin	112 F20	1%	0E 020	1%
	Tianjin 天津	112,539	1 70	95,038	1 70
	Chengde 承德	159,143	2%	113,310	2%
	Dongying 東營	44,677	0%	44,677	1%
	Sub-total 小計	2,022,444	21%	1,827,741	27%

Economic area	City	Total GFA (square metres)	Proportion	Attributable GFA (square metres)	Proportion	
經濟區域	城市	總建築面積 (平方米)	所佔比例	權益建築面積 (平方米)	所佔比例	
Midwest 中西部	Chongqing 重慶	149,943	2%	119,954	2%	
	Guilin 桂林	610,196	7%	597,767	9%	
	Changsha 長沙	219,409	2%	219,409	3%	
	Yueyang 岳陽	82,552	1%	42,102	1%	
	Liuzhou 柳州	550,090	6%	436,094	6%	
	Nanning 南寧	1,288,117	14%	483,891	7%	
	Wuzhou 梧州	1,365,319	15%	378,876	6%	
	Wuhan 武漢	308,918	3%	308,918	5%	
	Chengdu 成都	81,484	0%	81,484	0%	
	Xi'an 西安	469,372	5%	469,372	7%	
	Lijiang 麗江	169,480	2%	86,435	1%	
	Sub-total 小計	5,294,880	57%	3,224,302	47%	

Economic area	City	Total GFA (square metres) 總建築面積	Proportion	Attributable GFA (square metres) 權益建築面積	Proportion	
經濟區域	城市	(平方米)	所佔比例	(平方米)	所佔比例	
Yangtze River Delta 長三角	Wenzhou 溫州	905,931	10%	905,931	13%	
	Wuxi 無錫	540,481	6%	540,481	8%	
	Changzhou 常州	53,017	0%	27,039	0%	
	Yixing 宜興	70,549	1%	56,439	1%	
	Sub-total 小計	1,569,978	17%	1,529,890	22%	
Pearl River Delta 珠三角	Qingyuan 清遠	470,870	5%	258,979	4%	
	Sub-total 小計	470,870	5%	258,979	4%	
Total 總計		9,358,172	100%	6,840,912	100%	

管理層討論及分析

Financial Review

Financial Performance

Revenue

During the Reporting Period, the Group's revenue decreased by 6.3% to RMB5,399.2 million in 2021 from RMB5,759.7 million in 2020, mainly due to the decrease in the income from sale of properties.

Income from sale of properties

During the Reporting Period, revenue generated from the sale of properties decreased by 10.5% to RMB4,597.2 million in 2021 from RMB5,138.0 million in 2020, mainly due to the decrease in delivery areas for the period as compared with last year.

財務回顧

財務表現

收入

於本報告期,本集團的收入由2020年的人民幣 5,759.7百萬元減少6.3%至2021年的人民幣5,399.2 百萬元,主要是由於物業銷售收入減少所致。

物業銷售收入

於本報告期,物業銷售收入由2020年的人民幣 5,138.0百萬元減少10.5%至2021年的人民幣4,597.2 百萬元,主要是由於本期交房面積較去年減少所致。

For the 12 months ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止十二個月

		MT					
		Sales area (square metres) ⁽¹⁾ 銷售面積		Sales amount (RMB million) ⁽²⁾ 銷售金額		Unit selling price (RMB/square metres) ⁽¹⁾ 單價	
		(平方	米) ⁽¹⁾	(人民幣)	百萬元) ⁽²⁾	(人民幣元	/平方米) ⑴
Туре	類型	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Residential Properties	住宅	301,763	354,219	3,475.0	3,655.3	11,516	10,319
Commercial properties and car parks	商用物業及車庫	60,149	65,315	1,122.2	1,482.7	13,871	18,467
Total	總計	361,912	419,534	4,597.2	5,138.0	11,907	11,588
			-,	,	.,	,	,
Proportion	所佔比例						
Residential Properties	住宅	83%	84%	76%	71%		
Commercial properties and car parks	商用物業及車庫	17%	16%	24%	29%	_	
Total	總計	100%	100%	100%	100%		

Notes:

附註:

Excluding car parks (1)

不包括車庫 (1)

Including car parks

包括車庫

管理層討論及分析

Income from property management and hotel operation

During the Reporting Period, revenue generated from property management and hotel operation of the Group increased by 27.3% to RMB578.8 million in 2021 from RMB454.5 million in 2020, mainly due to further improvement in property management and hotel operation with increased areas in property management as compared with last vear.

Rental income from investment properties

During the Reporting Period, rental income from investment properties of the Group increased by 26.9% to RMB192.8 million in 2021 from RMB151.9 million in 2020, mainly due to the increase in revenue resulting from the improvement in property leasing capability and service level for tenant via Company's further focus on operation and leasing management.

Cost of sales/services

During the Reporting Period, the cost of sales/services of the Group increased by 9.8% to RMB4,644.2 million in 2021 from RMB4,230.0 million in 2020. Cost of sales of properties increased by 8.5% to RMB4.024.5 million in 2021 from RMB3.707.8 million in 2020, primarily due to the increase in the average unit cost of the property delivered as compared to the corresponding period of last year. Cost of property management and hotel operation increased by 20.3% to RMB614.7 million in 2021 from RMB511.0 million in 2020, primarily due to the increase in costs resulting from the corresponding increase in property management areas.

Gross profit

As a result of the foregoing, for the Reporting Period, the Group's gross profit decreased by 50.6% to RMB755.1 million in 2021 from RMB1,529.7 million in 2020. The Group's gross profit margin decreased by 12.6 percentage points to 14.0% in 2021 from 26.6% in 2020, primarily due to the decrease in gross profit of the property delivered as compared to the corresponding period of last year.

Valuation losses on investment properties

During the Reporting Period, valuation loss on investment properties of the Group were RMB52.0 million, primarily due to the slight loss on the overall valuation resulting from the increase in newly-added properties and decrease in the valuation of original properties as compared with last year as affected by the COVID-19 pandemic.

物業管理及酒店經營收入

於本報告期,本集團的物業管理及酒店經營收入由 2020年的人民幣454.5百萬元增加27.3%至2021年的 人民幣578.8百萬元,主要是由於公司加強了物業管 理運營及酒店經營,同時物業管理面積較去年增加所 致。

投資物業租金收入

於本報告期,本集團的投資物業租金收入由2020年 的人民幣151.9百萬元增加26.9%至2021年的人民幣 192.8百萬元,主要是由於本公司通過加強運營及租 賃管理,提升了物業招商能力及為客戶服務的水平, 從而增加收入。

銷售/服務成本

於本報告期,本集團的銷售/服務成本由2020年的 人民幣4.230.0百萬元增加9.8%至2021年的人民幣 4,644.2百萬元。物業銷售成本由2020年的人民幣 3.707.8百萬元增加8.5%至2021年的人民幣4.024.5 百萬元,主要是由於交付物業的平均單方成本較去 年同期有所上升所致。物業管理及酒店經營成本由 2020年的人民幣511.0百萬元增加20.3%至2021年的 人民幣614.7百萬元,主要由於物業管理面積較去年 增加,致使成本相應增加。

毛利

基於上述因素,於本報告期,本集團的毛利由2020 年的人民幣1,529.7百萬元減少50.6%至2021年的 人民幣755.1百萬元。本集團的毛利率由2020年的 26.6%下降12.6個百分點至2021年的14.0%,主要是 由於交付物業的毛利較去年下降所致。

投資物業估值虧損

於本報告期,本集團的投資物業估值虧損為人民幣 52.0百萬元,主要是由於新增物業的增加以及原有物 業受新冠疫情影響估值較去年降低,導致估值整體略 有虧損。

管理層討論及分析

Other income

During the Reporting Period, the Group's other income decreased by 96.6% to RMB53.0 million in 2021 from RMB1,564.7 million in 2020, mainly due to the decrease in recognition of gain on disposal of subsidiaries.

Selling expenses

During the Reporting Period, the Group's selling expenses decreased by 9.9% to RMB366.3 million in 2021 from RMB406.4 million in 2020, primarily due to the decrease in advertising and promotion fees and sales agency fees resulting from the decrease in newly-added projects launched for sale and the decrease in revenue from delivered properties for the year.

Administrative expenses

During the Reporting Period, the administrative expenses of the Group decreased by 14.4% to RMB436.5 million in 2021 from RMB509.7 million in 2020, primarily due to the decrease in wages and benefits, consulting fees and other expenses as the Company strengthened cost control during the Reporting Period.

Other operating expenses

During the Reporting Period, the Group recorded other operating expenses of RMB592.5 million, representing an increase of 744.0% from RMB70.2 million in 2020, mainly due to the increase in writedown of properties under development and completed properties held for sale as compared with last year.

Material Impairment

As a result of the continuous COVID-19 control policies and the unexpected significant deterioration in the real estate market due to the tightened monetary and credit policies in the PRC since 2021, the Group and some of its counterparties experienced significant liquidity difficulties, and therefore, certain property development projects have been suspended/delayed and the recoverability of certain assets and receivables, that were advanced to the Group's business partners for certain property development projects in the Group's ordinary course of business, was deteriorated. After due and careful consideration of the potential recoverable amounts, the Group recognised significant impairments on various assets. For details, please refer to Note 5 to the consolidated financial statements.

其他收入

於本報告期,本集團的其他收入由2020年的人民幣 1,564.7百萬元減少96.6%至2021年的人民幣53.0百 萬元,主要是由確認的出售附屬公司收益減少。

銷售費用

於本報告期,本集團的銷售費用由2020年的人民幣 406.4百萬元減少9.9%至2021年的人民幣366.3百萬 元,主要是由於本年度新增開盤項目減少及交房收入 下降導致支付的廣告宣傳費、銷售佣金及銷售代理費 有所下降。

行政費用

於本報告期,本集團的行政費用由2020年的人民幣 509.7百萬元減少14.4%至2021年的人民幣436.5百萬 元,主要是由於本公司於本報告期加強成本控制而導 致工資福利、諮詢費及其他費用有所下降。

其他經營費用

於本報告期,本集團錄得其他經營費用人民幣 592.5百萬元,由2020年的人民幣70.2百萬元增加 744.0%,主要是由於發展中物業和持作銷售用途的 已落成物業的撇減較去年有所增加。

減值虧損

由於2021年中國持續的新冠疫情防控政策以及中國 收緊貨幣和信貸政策導致房地產市場意外大幅惡化, 本集團及其部分交易對手面臨重大流動資金困難。因 此,部分房地產開發項目已暫停/延遲,在本集團日 常業務過程中就部分房地產開發項目預付給本集團業 務合作夥伴的部分資產和應收款項的可收回性惡化。 經審慎周詳考慮潛在可收回金額後,本集團對各項資 產確認重大減值情況。詳情請參閱綜合財務報表附註

管理層討論及分析

Finance income

During the Reporting Period, financial income of the Group decreased by 24.6% to RMB469.0 million in 2021 from RMB621.7 million in 2020, which was mainly attributable to the significant decrease in revenue arising from the change in exchange rate as compared with last year.

Finance costs

During the Reporting Period, financial costs of the Group increased by 106.9% to RMB1,588.1 million in 2021 from RMB767.7 million in 2020, which was mainly attributable to the increased interest expenses and other finance costs as a result of the increased total finance costs and number of completed projects.

Income tax

During the Reporting Period, the income tax credit of the Group was RMB64.1 million, and the income tax expenses of the Group was RMB547.2 million in 2020, which was mainly attributable to recognition of deferred tax expense for loss.

(Loss) profit for the year

During the Reporting Period, the loss of the Group amounted to RMB3,730.0 million, compared to the profit of RMB1,284.0 million in 2020.

(Loss) profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company

Due to the factors mentioned above, the loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company RMB3,672.7 million in 2021, and the profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company was RMB438.0 million in 2020.

Working Capital, Financial and Capital Resources

Cash and cash equivalents

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had approximately RMB1,189.2 million of cash and cash equivalents, representing a decrease of RMB1,882.6 million as compared to those as at 31 December 2020, mainly due to the repayment of borrowings and interest payment. Approximately RMB171 million was held in Euro, approximately RMB9.8 million was held in USD, approximately RMB3,000 was held in HKD, approximately RMB2,000 was held in SGD and the remaining was held in RMB.

融資收入

於本報告期,本集團的融資收入由2020年的人民幣 621.7百萬元減少24.6%至2021年的人民幣469.0百 萬元,主要是由於匯率變動產生的收益較去年大幅下 降。

融資成本

於本報告期,本集團的融資成本由2020年的人民幣 767.7百萬元增加106.9%至2021年的人民幣1.588.1 百萬元,主要是由於融資成本總額提高以及完工項目 增多使得利息費用及其他融資成本增加。

所得稅

於本報告期,本集團的所得稅抵免為人民幣64.1百萬 元,2020年的所得税開支為人民幣547.2百萬元,主 要是由於虧損確認遞延税費所致。

年度(虧損)溢利

於本報告期,本集團的年度虧損為人民幣3,730.0百 萬元,2020年的年度溢利為人民幣1,284.0百萬元。

本公司權益股東應佔(虧損)溢利

基於上述因素,2021年本公司權益股東應佔虧損為 人民幣3,672.7百萬元,2020年的權益股東應佔溢利 為人民幣438.0百萬元。

流動資金、財務及資本資源

現金和現金等價物

於2021年12月31日,本集團擁有現金和現金等價物 約人民幣1,189.2百萬元,較2020年12月31日減少人 民幣1,882.6百萬元,主要是由於償還借款及利息所 致。約人民幣171百萬元以歐元持有,約人民幣9.8 百萬元以美元持有,約人民幣3.000元以港幣持有, 約人民幣2,000元以新加坡元持有,其餘以人民幣持 有。

管理層討論及分析

Current ratio, gearing ratio and net gearing ratio

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's current ratio decreased to 111.7% from 141.6% as at 31 December 2020. The Group's current assets decreased from RMB45,039.5 million as at 31 December 2020 to RMB40.983.1 million as at 31 December 2021, while current liabilities increased to RMB36.691.3 million as at 31 December 2021 from RMB31.803.2 million as at 31 December 2020.

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's gearing ratio (calculated as total loans and borrowings divided by total assets) increased to 47.5% from 43.6% as at 31 December 2020. Net gearing ratio (calculated as total loans and borrowings minus cash and cash equivalents and current restricted deposits, divided by total equity) increased by approximately 153.5 percentage points to 343.0% as at 31 December 2021 from 189.5% as at 31 December 2020, which was mainly attributable to the decrease in total equity resulting from the loss from operation for the year as compared to last year.

Contingent liabilities

During the Reporting Period, the Group entered into agreements with certain banks to provide guarantees for the mortgage loans of purchases of its properties. As at 31 December 2021, the Group provided guarantees for mortgage loans in an amount of RMB4,196.6 million (31 December 2020: RMB4,738.9 million) to those banks in respect of such agreements.

流動比率、資本負債比率及淨負債比率

於2021年12月31日,本集團的流動比率由2020年12 月31日的141.6%下降至111.7%。於2021年12月31 日,本集團的流動資產由2020年12月31日的人民幣 45,039.5百萬元減少至人民幣40,983.1百萬元,流動 負債由2020年12月31日的人民幣31.803.2百萬元增 加至2021年12月31日的人民幣36.691.3百萬元。

於2021年12月31日,本集團的資本負債比率(即總 貸款及借款除以總資產)由2020年12月31日的43.6% 上升至47.5%,淨負債比率(即總貸款及借款扣除現 金和現金等價物及流動受限制存款後除以總權益)由 2020年12月31日的189.5%上升約153.5個百分點至 343.0%,主要由於本年度經營虧損導致總權益較去 年下降。

或然負債

於本報告期,本集團與一些銀行簽訂了協議對其物 業買家的按揭貸款提供擔保。於2021年12月31日, 本集團就該等協議向銀行提供擔保的按揭貸款金額 為人民幣4,196.6百萬元(2020年12月31日:人民幣 4,738.9百萬元)。

管理層討論及分析

Loans and borrowings and pledged assets

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had total loans and borrowings of RMB26,749.7 million, of which RMB18,363.2 million, RMB7,485.1 million and RMB901.4 million were payable within one year or on demand, after 1 year but within 2 years and after 2 years but within 5 years, respectively.

The Group's borrowings are denominated in RMB and USD and approximately RMB2,846.1 million was denominated in USD and the remaining was denominated in RMB, mostly with fixed interest rate. As at 31 December 2021, the Group had no unutilised comprehensive credit facilities granted by bank and other financial institutions. The Group currently has no interest rate hedging policy. However, the management will monitor the interest rate risks and consider taking other necessary actions if any material risks are expected.

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had pledged properties and restricted deposits with a carrying value of RMB12,932.8 million (31 December 2020: RMB12,141.2 million) to secure banking facilities granted to the Group.

Capital commitment

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's contracted capital commitment for properties under development and investment properties under construction not provided for in the financial statements was approximately RMB6,639.9 million (31 December 2020: approximately RMB8,385.0 million). Approved but not contracted for capital commitment of the Group was approximately RMB5,310.0 million as at 31 December 2021 (31 December 2020: approximately RMB8,818.3 million).

貸款和借貸及已抵押資產

於2021年12月31日,本集團的貸款和借款總額為人 民幣26,749.7百萬元,其中人民幣18,363.2百萬元、 人民幣7,485.1百萬元及人民幣901.4百萬元分別須於 一年內或按要求、於一年後但於兩年內及兩年後但於 五年內償還。

本集團的借款以人民幣和美元為單位,其中約人民 幣2,846.1百萬元以美元計價,其餘以人民幣計價。 本集團的借款大部分為固定利率。於2021年12月31 日,本集團無尚未動用之銀行及其他金融機構綜合授 信額度。本集團目前並無利率對沖政策。然而,管理 層對利率風險實施監察,倘預期將會出現重大風險, 則將會考慮採取其他必要行動。

於2021年12月31日,本集團賬面值為人民幣 12,932.8百萬元(2020年12月31日:人民幣12,141.2 百萬元)的已抵押物業及受限制存款為本集團獲授的 銀行融資提供擔保。

資本承擔

於2021年12月31日,本集團就未於財務資料中計提 撥備的發展中物業及在建投資物業作出的已訂約資本 承擔約人民幣6,639.9百萬元(2020年12月31日:約人 民幣8,385.0百萬元)。於2021年12月31日,本集團 已批准未訂約的資本承擔約為人民幣5.310.0百萬元 (2020年12月31日:約人民幣8,818.3百萬元)。

管理層討論及分析

Foreign exchange exposure

The Renminbi is not freely convertible into foreign currencies. All foreign exchange transactions involving Renminbi must take place through the People's Bank of China (the "PBOC") or other statutory institutions. The exchange rates adopted for foreign exchange transactions are those published by the PBOC and may be subject to a managed float against an unspecified basket of currencies. Foreign currency payments, including the remittance of earnings outside the PRC, are subject to the availability of foreign currencies (depending on the foreign currency in which the Group's earnings are denominated) or must be conducted through the PBOC with government approval.

Nearly all of the Group's income and expenses are denominated in RMB, while certain bank deposits and loans are denominated in the Hong Kong dollar ("HKD") and United States dollar ("USD"). However, the operating cash flows and working capital of the Group have not been materially impacted by fluctuations in exchange rates. The Group currently does not hedge its foreign exchange exposure but may adopt hedging measures in the future.

Significant Investments, Material Acquisitions and Disposals

Update on completion status for disposal of 100% Equity Interest in Eminent Star

References are made to the Company's announcements dated 13 April 2019 and 31 December 2019 as well as the Company's circular dated 13 June 2019 regarding the very substantial disposal by Chang Jia International Limited (長佳國際有限公司) ("Chang Jia") of the share capital and loans owed by Eminent Star Group Limited (卓星集團 有限公司) ("Eminent Star") for a total consideration of approximately RMB4,661.2 million payable in cash (the "Eminent Star Disposal"). Terms used below shall have the same meanings as those used in the Company's announcement dated 13 April 2019.

As at the date of this report, the first completion, the second completion, the third completion and the fourth completion of the Eminent Star Disposal have taken place. The Group has received cash totaling RMB4,466.4 million, which includes the Initial Deposit, the Further Deposit, the First Instalment, the part of the Second Instalment, the Third Instalment and other related payments. The parties are negotiating the payment of the balance of the Second Instalment and related matters.

外匯風險

由於人民幣不可自由兑換為其他外幣,所有涉及人民 幣的外匯交易必須通過中國人民銀行(「央行」)或其他 法定機構進行外匯買賣。外匯交易所採用的匯率為央 行所公佈的匯率,該匯率可能受非特定貨幣籃子的有 限制浮動匯率所限。外幣付款(包括中國境外收益的 匯款)均受外幣的可用性(取決於本集團收益的外幣幣 種)所限,或必須附有政府批文並通過央行進行。

本集團絕大部分收支以人民幣計值,若干銀行存款及 貸款以港元(「港元」)及美元(「美元」)計值。然而,本 集團的經營現金流量及流動資金並未因匯兑波動受到 重大影響。本集團目前並無對外匯風險作出對沖,但 本集團或將於日後採取對沖措施。

重大投資、重大收購及出售

有關出售卓星100%股權的交割狀態的最新情況

兹提述本公司於2019年4月13日及2019年12月31日 所刊發的公告以及本公司於2019年6月13日所刊發的 通函,內容有關長佳國際有限公司(「**長佳**」)以應以現 金支付的總代價約人民幣4,661.2百萬元出售卓星集 團有限公司(「卓星」)的股本及債權的非常重大出售事 項(「卓星出售事項」)。下文所用詞彙與本公司於2019 年4月13日所刊發的公告所使用者具有相同涵義。

於本報告日期,卓星出售事項的第一次交割、第二次 交割、第三次交割及第四次交割已經完成。本集團已 收到包括初始定金、進一步定金、第一期付款、部分 第二期付款、第三期付款及其他相關款項的現金合計 人民幣4,466.4百萬元。各方現就第二期付款的結餘 及相關事宜進行磋商。

管理層討論及分析

Loan Facility and Provision of Certain Pledges and Credit **Enhancement Measures**

On 15 July 2021, Cinda Investment Co., Ltd.* (信達投資有限公司) (the "Lender") (as lender), Wenzhou Center Building Construction Development Co., Ltd.* (溫州中心大廈建設發展有限公司) ("Wenzhou Center") (as borrower), Guangxi Vantone Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.* (廣西萬通房地產開發有限公司) ("Guangxi Vantone") (as guarantor), Mr. Yi Xiaodi (as guarantor) and Ms. Xu Yunxia (as guarantor), among others, entered into an investment cooperation framework agreement and a loan agreement (the "Agreement"). Pursuant to the Agreement and certain other underlying agreements, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions, the Lender agreed to provide a loan of up to RMB1.98 billion to Wenzhou Center (the "Loan Facility"). Wenzhou Center and Guangxi Vantone are subsidiaries of the Company.

Mr. Yi Xiaodi is the chairman of the Board and an executive director of the Company and Ms. Xu Yunxia is the spouse of Mr. Yi Xiaodi, therefore the provision of a guarantee by them constituted a connected transaction of the Company. As the guarantee was provided on normal commercial terms or better and the Company did not pledge any assets for obtaining the guarantee, the transaction was exempted from the announcement and independent shareholder approval requirement pursuant to Rule 14A.90 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Listing Rules"). As the security is provided by the Company to secure the obligations of itself and its subsidiaries, it did not constitute a notifiable transaction of the Company under Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules.

For details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 15 July 2021.

Save as disclosed above, the Company had no other significant investments, material acquisitions or disposals during the Reporting Period.

貸款融資及提供若干抵押及增信措施

於2021年7月15日,信達投資有限公司(「貸款人」)(作 為貸款人)、溫州中心大廈建設發展有限公司(「溫州 中心1)(作為借款人)、廣西萬通房地產開發有限公司 (「廣西萬通」)(作為擔保人)、易小迪先生(作為擔保 人)及許雲霞女士(作為擔保人)等訂立一項投資合作框 架協議及一項借款合同(「該協議」)。根據該協議及若 干其他相關協議,惟須符合若干條件時,貸款人同意 為溫州中心提供最高額達人民幣19.8億元的貸款(「貸 **款融資**」)。溫州中心及廣西萬通為本公司附屬公司。

易小迪先生為本公司董事會主席兼執行董事,許雲霞 女士為易小迪先生的配偶,因此彼等提供的擔保構 成本公司的關連交易。由於擔保乃按正常商業條款或 更佳條款提供,而本公司並未抵押任何資產以取得擔 保,因此,此交易根據香港聯合交易所有限公司證券 上市規則(「**上市規則**」)第14A.90條獲豁免遵守公告及 獨立股東批准規定。由於本公司提供的抵押乃為擔保 自身及其附屬公司的責任,故不構成上市規則第十四 章項下本公司的須予公佈交易。

詳情請參閱本公司2021年7月15日的公告。

除上文所披露內容外,本公司於本報告期概無其他重 大投資、收購或出售。

管理層討論及分析

Pledging of Shares by Controlling Shareholder

Joywise Holdings Limited ("Joywise"), the controlling shareholder of the Company (as borrower) entered into a facility letter dated 26 June 2019 with Haitong International Securities Company Limited ("Haitong International Securities") (as lender). To secure the credit facility, Joywise as chargor entered into a security deed pursuant to which Joywise charged not less than 964,838,855 ordinary shares of the Company to Haitong International Securities. As at 26 June 2023, the total amount due and owing to Haitong International Securities under the credit facility was HK\$386,884,412.40.

In December 2020, Joywise (as chargor) entered into the supplemental share charge with Beyond Steady Limited (as chargee), pursuant to which Joywise has pledged 492,947,000 ordinary share of the Company to secure the obligations of certain obligors including Joywise and Mr. Yi Xiaodi under a series of agreements in relation to the subscription shares issued by the Company pursuant to the subscription agreement dated 18 December 2017 between the Company and Beyond Steady Limited. For details, please refer to the Company's announcements dated 18 December 2017, 28 December 2017 and 4 August 2022.

As at the date of this report, Joywise holds in aggregate 1,418,859,855 ordinary shares of the charged shares, which represents approximately 55.62% of the total issued shares of the Company.

Financial Assistance to Entities

In December 2020, Sunshine 100 Real Estate Group Co., Ltd.* (陽光 壹佰置業集團有限公司) ("Sunshine 100 Group"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a loan agreement to grant the Ioan to Wuxi Puyida Electronics Co., Ltd.* (無錫市普易達電子有限公 司) ("Wuxi Puyida"), which was owned as to 60% and 40% by two individuals, namely Luo Qi (羅琦) and Liu Danhua (劉丹華), respectively, at the relevant time, in a principal amount of up to RMB300,000,000 with interest rate of 8% per annum. The borrower shall repay within three days from the date of issuance of written notice of repayment by Sunshine 100 Group to it. Pledge was granted by the borrower over the accounts receivables arising from the principal and interest payable under certain debts. As at 31 December 2021, the outstanding principal amount was RMB236,000,000. As of the date of this report, the outstanding principal amount was RMB236,000,000 and Sunshine 100 Group has not issued any written repayment notice to the borrower so none of the loan is currently overdue. For reasons for the above provision of financial assistance, please refer to parts headed "Loan 1 and Loan 2" in section headed "REASONS FOR AND BENEFITS OF THE LOAN" in the Company's announcement headed "MAJOR TRANSACTION PROVISION OF FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE" dated 20 September 2023.

控股股東股份質押

本公司的控股股東樂昇控股有限公司(「樂昇」)(作為借 款人),與海通國際證券集團有限公司(「海通國際證 券」)(作為貸款人)於2019年6月26日簽訂了一份融資 協議。為擔保信貸融資,樂昇(作為押記人)訂立了一 份擔保協議,據此,樂昇將不少於964,838,855股本 公司普通股份出質給海通國際證券。截至2023年6月 26日,根據信貸融資應付及結欠海通國際證券的金額 總值為386,884,412.40港幣。

於2020年12月,樂昇(作為押記人)與Beyond Steady Limited(作為承押人)簽訂補充股份押質協議,據此, 樂昇已抵押本公司492,947,000股普通股,以擔保 若干債務人(包括樂昇及易小迪先生)根據本公司與 Beyond Steady Limited於2017年12月18日訂立的認 購協議就本公司發行的認購股份所訂立的一系列協議 項下的債務。詳情請參閱本公司日期為2017年12月 18日、2017年12月28日及2022年8月4日的公告。

截至本報告日期,樂昇持有質押股份合計 1,418,859,855股普通股,約佔公司已發行股份總數 的55.62%。

對實體的財務資助

2020年12月,本公司全資附屬公司陽光壹佰置業集 團有限公司(「陽光100集團」)與無錫市普易達電子有 限公司(「無錫普易達」)簽訂本金總額最高額為人民幣 300,000,000元,年利率為8%的貸款協議,無錫普 易達於相關時間分別由羅琦及劉丹華兩名人士擁有 60%及40%權益。借款人應在陽光100集團向其發出 書面還款通知之日起三日內還款。借款人以若干債 務項下應付本金和利息所產生的應收賬款提供質押 擔保。截至2021年12月31日,未償還本金為人民幣 RMB236,000,000元。截至本報告期,未償還本金為 人民幣236,000,000元,陽光100集團未向借款人發 出任何書面還款通知,因此該筆貸款目前未逾期。有 關上述提供財務資助的原因請參閱本公司於2023年9 月20日發佈的公告「主要交易提供財務資助」中「貸款 的理由及裨益」一節的「貸款1和貸款2」部分。

管理層討論及分析

In December 2020, Sunshine 100 Group entered into a loan agreement to grant the loan to Wuhan Ruidi Yida Management Consulting Co.. Ltd.* (武漢睿迪易達管理諮詢有限公司), which was 100% owned by an individual, Zhang Lei (張雷) at the relevant time, in a principal amount of up to RMB250,000,000 with interest rate of 8% per annum. The borrower shall repay within three days from the date of issuance of written notice of repayment by Sunshine 100 Group to it. Pledge was granted by the borrower over the accounts receivables arising from the principal and interest payable under certain debts. As at 31 December 2021, the outstanding principal amount was RMB206,477,183.30. As of the date of this report, the outstanding principal amount was RMB206,477,183.30 and Sunshine 100 Group has not issued any written repayment notice to the borrower so none of the loan is currently overdue. For reasons for the above provision of financial assistance, please refer to parts headed "Loan 3" in section headed "REASONS FOR AND BENEFITS OF THE LOAN" in the Company's announcement headed "MAJOR TRANSACTION PROVISION OF FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE" dated 20 September 2023.

2020年12月,陽光100集團與武漢睿迪易達管理諮詢 有限公司簽訂本金總額最高額為人民幣250,000,000 元,年利率為8%的貸款協議,該公司於相關時間由 張雷個人擁有100%權益。借款人應在陽光100集團 向其發出書面還款通知之日起三日內還款。借款人以 若干債務項下應付本金和利息所產生的應收賬款提 供質押擔保。截至2021年12月31日,未償還本金為 人民幣206.477.183.30元。於本報告日期,未償還本 金為人民幣206,477,183.30元,陽光100集團未向借 款人發出任何書面還款通知,因此該筆貸款目前未 逾期。有關上述提供財務資助的原因請參閱本公司於 2023年9月20日發佈的公告「主要交易 提供財務資助」 中「貸款的理由及裨益|一節的「貸款3|部分。

In March 2021, Sunshine 100 Group entered into a loan agreement to grant the loan to Wuxi Puyida, in a principal amount of up to RMB 250,000,000 with interest rate of 8% per annum. The borrower shall repay within three days from the date of issuance of written notice of repayment by Sunshine 100 Group to it. Pledge was granted by the borrower over the accounts receivables arising from the principal and interest payable under certain debts. As at 31 December 2021, the outstanding principal amount was RMB199,669,580.90. As of the date of this report, the outstanding principal amount was RMB 207,311,130.90 and Sunshine 100 Group has not issued any written repayment notice to the borrow so none of the loan is currently overdue. For reasons for the above provision of financial assistance, please refer to parts headed "Loan 1 and Loan 2" in section headed "REASONS FOR AND BENEFITS OF THE LOAN" in the Company's announcement headed "MAJOR TRANSACTION PROVISION OF FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE" dated 20 September 2023.

2021年3月,陽光100集團與無錫普易達簽訂本金 總額最高額為人民幣250,000,000元,年利率為8% 的貸款協議。借款人應在陽光100集團向其發出書 面還款通知之日起三日內還款。借款人以若干債務 項下應付本金和利息所產生的應收賬款提供質押擔 保。截至2021年12月31日,未償還本金為人民幣 199,669,580.90元。截至本報告期,未償還本金為人 民幣207,311,130.90元,陽光100集團未向借款人發 出任何書面還款通知,因此該筆貸款目前未逾期。有 關上述提供財務資助的原因請參閱本公司於2023年9 月20日發佈的公告「主要交易 提供財務資助」中「貸款 的理由及裨益」一節的「貸款1和貸款2」部分。

管理層討論及分析

In April 2021, Sunshine 100 Group entered into a loan agreement to grant the loan to Shenyang Rongyuda Enterprise Management Service Co., Ltd.* (瀋陽融宇達企業管理服務有限公司) ("Shenyang Rongyuda"), which was 100% owned by an individual, Zheng Wenchao (鄭文朝), at the relevant time, in a principal amount of up to RMB250,000,000 with interest rate of 8% per annum. The borrower shall repay within three days from the date of issuance of written notice of repayment by Sunshine 100 Group to it. Pledge was granted by the borrower over the accounts receivables arising from the principal and interest payable under certain debts. As at 31 December 2021, the outstanding principal amount was RMB247,165,904.13. As of the date of this report, the outstanding principal amount was RMB 247.165.904.13 and Sunshine 100 Group has not issued any written repayment notice to the borrower so none of the loan is currently overdue. For reasons for the above provision of financial assistance, please refer to parts headed "Loan 1 and Loan 2" in section headed "REASONS FOR AND BENEFITS OF THE LOAN" in the Company's announcement headed "MAJOR TRANSACTION PROVISION OF FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE" dated 20 September 2023.

Future Plans for Substantial Investments or Capital Assets

As at the date of this report, there is no plan authorised by the Board for other substantial investments or additions of capital assets.

Human Resources

As at 31 December 2021, the Group employed a total of 3,229 employees (31 December 2020: 3,949 employees). The staff costs of the Group for the Reporting Period were RMB500.7 million (2020: RMB521.5 million). The Group has adopted a performance based incentive system to motivate its staff. In addition to the basic salary, year-end bonuses are offered to staff with outstanding performance. In relation to staff training, the Group also provides various training programs to improve employees' skills and develop their respective expertise. Generally, salary will be determined based on the qualifications, position and experience of each employee. The Group has established a regular assessment mechanism to assess the performance of its employees. The assessment results are used as the basis for determining salary increment, bonuses and promotions.

The Group participates in Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, for employees employed under the jurisdiction of the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance. The MPF Scheme is a defined contribution retirement plan administered by independent trustees. Under the MPF Scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the plan at 5% of the employees' relevant income, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$30,000 in total. Contributions to the plan vest immediately.

2021年4月,陽光100集團與瀋陽融宇達企業管理服 務有限公司([瀋陽融宇達])簽訂本金總額最高額為人 民幣250,000,000元,年利率為8%的貸款協議,該 公司於相關時間由鄭文朝個人擁有100%權益。借款 人應在陽光100集團向其發出書面還款通知之日起三 日內還款。借款人以若干債務項下應付本金和利息所 產生的應收賬款提供質押擔保。截至2021年12月31 日,未償還本金人民幣247.165.904.13元。截至本報 告期,未償還本金為人民幣247,165,904.13元,陽光 100集團未向借款人發出任何書面還款通知,因此該 筆貸款目前未逾期。有關上述提供財務資助的原因請 參閱本公司於2023年9月20日發佈的公告「主要交易 提供財務資助 中 「貸款的理由及裨益 一節的「貸款1 和貸款2|部分。

重大投資或資本資產的未來計劃

於本報告日期,本公司概無經董事會授權而有關其他 重要投資或資本資產添置的任何計劃。

人力資源

於2021年12月31日,本集團總共僱用3.229名僱員 (2020年12月31日: 3.949名僱員。本集團於本報告 期的員工成本為人民幣500.7百萬元(2020年:人民幣 521.5百萬元。為激勵員工,本集團已採用一套與表 現掛鈎的獎勵制度。除基本薪金外,亦會向表現突出 的員工提供年終花紅。有關員工培訓方面,本集團亦 提供各種員工培訓課程,以提升彼等的技術及發展彼 等各自的專長。一般而言,本集團按各僱員的資質、 職位及資歷釐定薪金。本集團已設立定期評審制度評 估僱員的表現,評估結果即為釐定薪金升幅、花紅及 晉升的依據。

根據《強制性公積金計劃條例》,本集團為在香港《僱 傭條例》管轄之司法區域受僱的僱員參與香港強制性 公積金計劃條例(「強積金計劃」)。強積金計劃為一項 由獨立受託人管理的定額供款退休福利計劃。根據 強積金計劃,僱主和僱員均須按照僱員相關入息的 5%向計劃作出供款;但每月的相關入息上限合計為 30,000港元。向計劃作出的供款即時歸屬僱員福利。

管理層討論及分析

As required by regulations in China, the Group makes contributions to mandatory social security funds such as pension, medical insurance. unemployment insurance, work-related injury insurance, maternity insurance and the housing provident fund for the benefit of its employees in China. The Group is required to make contributions to mandatory social security funds at 16% to 20% of the gross salaries of its staff. During the Reporting Period, the Group made contributions of approximately RMB33.2 million to the employee retirement scheme (2020: RMB6.2 million).

按中國法規所規定,本集團為中國僱員利益向養老保 險、醫療保險、失業保險、工傷保險、生育保險及住 房公積金等強制性社會保障基金供款。本集團須按員 工總工資的16%至20%向強制性社會保障基金作出 供款。於本報告期,本集團為僱員退休計劃供款約人 民幣33.2百萬元(2020年:人民幣6.2百萬元)。

The Group had no forfeited contribution under the MPF Scheme and mandatory social security funds which may be used by the Group to reduce the existing level of contributions during the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020. There were also no forfeited contributions available as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 under the MPF Scheme and mandatory social security funds which may be used by the Group to reduce the contribution payable in future years.

截至2021年及2020年12月31日 1上年度,本集團於强 積金計劃及強制性社會保障基金項下概無已沒收之供 款,其可供本集團用於减少現有供款水平。於2021 年及2020年12月31日,强積金計劃及強制性社會保 障基金項下概無已沒收之供款,其可供本集團用於減 少未來年度的應付供款。

Events After the Reporting Period

Events of Default

Further events of default under the Company's debt instruments occurred after the Reporting Period. For details, please refer to the section headed "Purchase, Sale and Redemption of the Listed Securities of the Company - Events of Default under the 6.50% Convertible Bonds Due 2021 (the "2021 Bonds"), the 10.5% Senior Notes Due 2021 (the "2021 Notes"), the 2022 Notes and the 2023 Notes" and "Purchase. Sale and Redemption of the Listed Securities of the Company – Events of Default under the 8.50% Corporate Bonds Due 2022 ("2022 8.50% Bonds"), the 9.0% Corporate Bonds Due 2022 (the "2022 9.0% Bonds") and the 8.4% Corporate Bonds Due 2023 (the "2023 Bonds") (together, the "Onshore Bonds")" in this report.

本報告期後事項

違約事件

於報告期後,公司債務工具發生進一步違約事件。 詳情請參閱本報告「購買、出售及贖回本公司上市 證券-於2021年到期的6.50%可轉換債券(「2021年 **債券」)**、2021年到期的10.5%優先票據(「2021年票 據」)、2022年票據及2023年票據項下的違約事件」及 「購買、出售及贖回本公司上市證券-於2022年到期 的8.50%公司債券(「2022年8.50%債券」)、2022年到 期的9.0%公司債券(「2022年9.0%債券」)、2023年到 期的8.4%公司債券[2023年債券])(統稱[公司債券]) 項下的違約事件|。

管理層討論及分析

Financial Assistance

In January 2022, Hainan Yangguang Qiheng Operation Services Co., Ltd.* (海南陽光啟恒運營服務有限公司) ("Hainan Yangguang Qiheng"), a subsidiary of the Company, entered into a loan agreement to grant the loan to Shenzhen Chengjin Information Technology Co., Ltd.* (深圳市誠進信息科技有限公司) ("Shenzhen Chengjin"), which was ultimately 90% owned by Lin Wenguan (林 文冠) and 10% by Lin Wenqiu (林文秋), in a principal amount of up to RMB200,000,000 with interest rate of 9.28% per annum. The borrower shall repay the outstanding Loan within 19 months from the date(s) of drawdown (being 26 January 2022, 27 January 2022, 29 January 2022 and 8 February 2022). Pledge was granted by Shenzhen Chengjin over its 100% equity interest in the borrower pursuant to a pledge agreement. Joint guarantees were provided by (i) Shenzhen Nanyou Huaxing Industrial Co., Ltd.* (深圳南油華星實 業有限公司); and (ii) Lin Wenguan and Xiao Qing (肖晴, spouse of Lin Wenguan), respectively, pursuant to guarantee contracts. Moreover, Hainan Yangguang Qiheng shall have right to take certain properties owned by Dongguan Langyitong Technology Co., Ltd.* (東莞市朗易通 信息科技有限公司) and Dongguan Qingyuan Incubator Co., Ltd.* (東 莞市清園孵化器有限公司) ("Dongguan Qingyuan Incubator") as settlement of the overdue repayment. The value of such properties shall be determined separately. Hainan Yangguang Qiheng shall have right to co-manage Dongguan Qingyuan Incubator with the borrower such that, among other things, Hainan Yanggang Qiheng's approval is required for certain key corporate actions pursuant to a co-management agreement. For reasons for the above provision of financial assistance, please refer to section headed "REASONS FOR AND BENEFITS OF THE LOAN" in the Company's announcement headed "DISCLOSEABLE TRANSACTION PROVISION OF FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE" dated 20 September 2023. As at 31 December 2022, the outstanding principal amount was RMB200,000,000. As of the date of this report, the outstanding principal amount was RMB200,000,000 and the loan is overdue, and the Company has not commenced any legal proceedings or any other actions in relation to the loan. For more details of the above financial assistance, please refer to the Company's announcement headed "DISCLOSEABLE TRANSACTION PROVISION OF FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE" dated 20 September 2023.

財務資助

2022年1月,本公司附屬公司海南陽光啟恒運營服 務有限公司(「海南陽光啟恒」)與深圳市誠進資訊技術 有限公司(「深圳誠進」)簽訂本金總額最高額為人民幣 200,000,000元,年利率為9.28%的貸款協議,該公 司最終由林文冠擁有90%權益及林文秋擁有10%權 益。借款人應在提款之日(即2022年1月26日、2022 年1月27日、2022年1月29日和2022年2月8日)起19 個月內償還貸款。根據質押協議,深圳誠進以其持有 的借款人100%股權作質押擔保。由(i)深圳南油華星 實業有限公司和(ii)林文冠和肖晴(林文冠的配偶)分別 根據擔保合同提供連帶保證責任擔保。此外,海南陽 光啟恒有權以東莞市朗易通信息科技有限公司和東莞 市清園孵化器有限公司(「東莞清園孵化器」)擁有的若 幹物業作為逾期還款的清償。該等物業的價值將另行 確定。海南陽光啟恒有權與借款人共同管理東莞清園 孵化器,因此,除其他事項外,根據共同管理協議的 規定,某些關鍵的公司行動需要獲得海南陽光啟恒的 批准。有關上述提供財務資助的原因請參閱本公司於 2023年9月20日發佈的公告「須予披露交易 提供財務 資助」中「貸款的理由及裨益」一節。截至2022年12月 31日,未償還本金為人民幣200,000,000元。截至本 報告期,未償還本金為人民幣200,000,000元,貸款 已逾期,本公司尚未就該筆貸款啟動任何法律程序或 任何其他行動。有關上述財務資助的更多詳情,請參 閱本公司於2023年9月20日發佈的標題為「須予披露 交易 提供財務資助」之公告。

管理層討論及分析

In November 2022, Sunshine 100 Group entered into a loan agreement to grant the loan to Shenvang Rongyuda, in a principal amount of up to RMB60,000,000 with interest rate of 8% per annum. The borrower shall repay within three days from the date of issuance of written notice of repayment by Sunshine 100 Group to it. Pledge was granted by the borrower over the accounts receivables arising from the principal and interest payable under certain debts. As at 31 December 2022, the outstanding principal amount was RMB4,070,626.00. As of the date of this report, the outstanding principal amount was RMB5,243,448.00 and Sunshine 100 Group has not issued any written repayment notice to the borrower so none of the loan is currently overdue. For reasons for the above provision of financial assistance, please refer to parts headed "Loan 4" in section headed "REASONS FOR AND BENEFITS OF THE LOAN" in the Company's announcement headed "MAJOR TRANSACTION PROVISION OF FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE" dated 20 September 2023.

2022年11月,陽光100集團與瀋陽融宇達簽訂本金 總額最高額為人民幣60,000,000元,年利率為8% 的貸款協議。借款人應在陽光100集團向其發出書 面還款通知之日起三日內還款。借款人以若干債務 項下應付本金和利息所產生的應收賬款提供質押擔 保。截至2022年12月31日,未償還本金為人民幣 4,070,626.00元。截至本報告期,未償還本金為人民 幣5,243,448.00元,陽光100集團未向借款人發出任 何書面還款通知,因此該筆貸款目前未逾期。有關上 述提供財務資助的原因請參閱本公司於2023年9月20 日發佈的公告「主要交易 提供財務資助」中「貸款的理 由及裨益」一節的「貸款4」部分。

Financial Assistance to a Connected Person

On 20 July 2022, Jinan Sunshine 100 Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.* (濟南陽光壹佰房地產開發有限公司) ("Jinan Sunshine 100"), a subsidiary of the Company, entered into a loan agreement to grant a loan to Zhongyin (Jining) Property Development Co., Ltd. (中垠(濟寧) 置業開發有限公司) ("Zhongyin Jining Real Estate"), a connected person of the Company at subsidiary level, in a principal amount of RMB389,370,000 with interest rate of 6% per annum. The borrower shall repay the loan on 20 July 2023. Zhongyin Real Estate Co., Ltd. (中垠地產有限公司) ("Zhongyin Real Estate") who owns 100% and 51% interest in Zhongyin Jining Real Estate and Jinan Sunshine 100, respectively, undertakes to guarantee the repayment obligations of the borrower pursuant to a letter of undertaking dated 4 July 2022. Jinan Sunshine 100 is a joint venture company established by the Group and Zhongyin Real Estate to engage in property development. Since Jinan Sunshine 100's property development projects have substantially been completed and delivered, stable unrestricted cashflow was being generated and was expected to be sufficient to satisfy the remaining costs and expenses even after the grant of the loan. Accordingly, Zhongyin Real Estate would like to utilize the surplus funds of Jinan Sunshine 100.

As at 31 December 2022, the outstanding principal amount was RMB389,370,000. As of the date of this report, the outstanding principal amount was RMB389,370,000 and the loan is overdue, and the Company has not commenced any legal proceedings or any other actions in relation to the loan. For details of the above financial assistance, please refer to the announcement headed "MAJOR AND CONNECTED TRANSACTION PROVISION OF FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE" dated 20 September 2023.

向關連人士提供財務資助

2022年7月20日,本公司附屬公司濟南陽光壹佰房地 產開發有限公司(「濟南陽光100」)與中垠(濟寧)置業開 發有限公司(「中垠濟寧置業」)簽訂本金總額為人民幣 389,370,000元,年利率為6%的貸款協議,中垠濟寧 置業為本公司附屬公司層面的關連人士。借款人應於 2023年7月20日償還貸款。中垠地產有限公司(「中垠 地產」)分別擁有中垠濟寧置業和濟南陽光100的100% 和51%之權益。根據2022年7月4日的承諾函,中垠 地產承諾為借款人的還款義務提供擔保。濟南陽光 100是本集團與中垠地產成立的一家從事房地產開發 的合資公司。濟南陽光100的房地產開發項目已基本 完工並交付使用,同時運營產生穩定的不受限制的現 金流,即使在貸款發放後,預計也足以支付剩餘的成 本和費用。因此,中垠地產希望利用濟南陽光100的 剩餘資金。

截至2022年12月31日,未償還本金為人民幣 389,370,000元。截至本報告期,未償還本金為人民 幣389,370,000元,該筆貸款已逾期,本公司尚未就 該筆貸款啟動任何法律程式或任何其他行動。有關上 並財務資助的更多詳情,請參閱本公司於2023年9月 20日發佈的標題為「主要交易和關連交易提供財務資 助」之公告。

管理層討論及分析

Change of Auditor

On 7 May 2022, KPMG resigned as the auditor of the Company, and Mazars CPA Limited was appointed as the auditor of the Company on the same day. For details, please refer to the Company's announcements dated 10 May 2022 and 22 July 2022.

Appointment of Receivers in Respect of Shares of the Company

The Company received a letter on 22 July 2022 from Mr. So Man Chun and Mr. Jong Yat Kit of PricewaterhouseCoopers regarding the appointment of the joint and several receivers on 11 July 2022 over an aggregate of 971,335,000 ordinary shares of the Company (the "Charged Shares"), which represents approximately 38.08% of the total issued shares of the Company as at the date of this report.

The Charged Shares were security for the obligations of certain obligors including Joywise Holdings Limited and Mr. Yi Xiaodi under a series of agreements in relation to the subscription shares issued by the Company pursuant to the subscription agreement dated 18 December 2017.

For further information, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 4 August 2022.

Reorganisation Petition Against a Subsidiary of the Company

As disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 17 November 2022 and 10 March 2023, a winding up reorganisation petition was filed against Wenzhou Shihe Eco-city Development Co., Ltd.* (溫州世 和生態城開發有限公司) ("Wenzhou Shihe"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

On 16 February 2023, the manager of Wenzhou Shihe applied to the Wenzhou People's Court seeking approval of Wenzhou Shihe's reorganisation plan (the "Reorganisation Plan") approved in the first creditors' meeting. Subsequently, the Company received a civil order from the Wenzhou People's Court dated 24 February 2023, which approved and endorsed the resolution passed at the first creditors' meeting to adopt the Reorganisation Plan. As a result, the winding up reorganisation of Wenzhou Shihe has been terminated. For further information, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 10 March 2023.

變更核數師

2022年5月7日,畢馬威會計師事務所辭去本公司核 數師職務,中審眾環(香港)會計師事務所有限公司於 同日被任命為本公司核數師。詳情請參閱本公司於 2022年5月10日及2022年7月22日所刊發之公告。

委任本公司股份的接管人

本公司於2022年7月22日接獲來自羅兵咸永道會計師 事務所之蘇文俊先生及莊日傑先生的函件,內容有關 於2022年7月11日委任共同及個別接管人接管本公司 合共971.335.000股普通股(「**押記股份**」), 佔本公司 於本報告日期已發行股份總數約38.08%。

押記股份為部分債務人(包括樂昇控股有限公司及易 小迪先生)根據就本公司所訂立日期為2017年12月18 日的認購協議發行的認購股份有關的一系列協議,履 行義務所做出的抵押。

有關進一步資料,請參閱本公司於2022年8月4日所 刊發的公告。

對本公司附屬公司的重整申請

誠如本公司日期為2022年11月17日及2023年3月10 日的公告所披露,已就本公司間接全資附屬公司溫州 世和生態城開發有限公司(「溫州世和」)提出清盤重整 申請。

於2023年2月16日,溫州世和管理人向溫州市人民法 院申請批准溫州世和的重整計劃(「重整計劃」),該計 劃已在第一次債權人會議上獲得批准。及後,本公司 收到了溫州市人民法院日期為2023年2月24日的民事 裁定,該裁定批准並通過了第一次債權人會議上通過 的重整計劃決議。因此,溫州世和的破產重整程序已 經終止。有關進一步資料,請參閱本公司於2023年3 月10日所刊發的公告。

管理層討論及分析

Legal action with regards to the Notes Purchase Agreement

On 5 June 2023, a writ of summons indorsed with a general indorsement on claim was issued in the High Court of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region by the solicitors acting for HTI Financial Solutions Limited ("HTI Financial Solutions") against the Company. The statement of claim was filed with the High Court of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region on 3 July 2023. HTI Financial Solutions alleged that pursuant to a Notes Purchase Agreement entered into between HTI Financial Solutions (as seller) and the Company (as purchaser) dated 27 September 2021 (the "Agreement"), the Company failed to pay the Repurchase Price on the Repurchase Date (both as defined in the Agreement).

For further information, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 14 June 2023, 20 June 2023 and 5 July 2023.

Legal Proceedings Against Controlling Shareholder of the Company

On 10 August 2023, Haitong International Securities filed a windingup petition against Joywise, a controlling shareholder of the Company, for an order that Joywise be wound up by the High Court of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region under the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance (Cap. 32 of the Laws of Hong Kong) on the ground that Joywise was unable to repay Haitong International Securities in the sum of HK\$386,884,412.40, being the total amount due and owing to Haitong International Securities as at 26 June 2023 under and pursuant to a facility letter dated 26 June 2019 entered into between Haitong International Securities as lender and Joywise as borrower. To secure the credit facility, Haitong International Securities as lender and Joywise as chargor entered into a security deed pursuant to which Joywise charged not less than 964,838,855 shares of the Company to Haitong International Securities.

As at the date of this report, 492,947,000 shares of the Company held by Joywise is under receivership (the "Receivership"). The Company is currently assessing the legal, financial and operational impact of the petition to the Group. The Shareholders are reminded that (1) the petition is presented against Joywise and not the Company; and (2) the amount claimed is against Joywise and not against the Group. For further details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 15 August 2023.

與票據購買協議有關的法律訴訟

於2023年6月5日,代表海通國際金融服務有限公司 (「海通國際金服」)的律師於香港特別行政區高等法院 向本公司發出附有一般訴訟請求背書的傳訊令狀。 2023年7月3日,海通國際金服向香港特別行政區高 等法院提交了一份申索陳述書。海通國際金服指稱, 根據海通國際金服(作為賣方)與本公司(作為買方) 於2021年9月27日訂立的票據購買協議(「該協議」), 本公司未在回購日期支付回購價格(兩者定義見該協 議)。

有關進一步資料,請參閱本公司於2023年6月14日、 6月20日及7月5日所刊發的公告。

針對本公司控股股東的法律程序

2023年8月10日,海通國際證券針對本公司控股股 東樂昇提出清盤呈請,請求香港特別行政區高等 法院根據香港法例第32章公司(清盤及雜項條文)條 例頒令樂昇清盤,理據為未能向海通國際證券償還 386,884,412.40港幣的款項(即根據海通國際證券(作 為貸款人)與樂昇(作為借款人)於2019年6月26日簽訂 的融資協議,截至2023年6月26日應付及結欠海通國 際證券的金額總值)。為擔保信貸融資,海通國際證 券(作為貸款人)與樂昇(作為押記人)訂立了一份擔保 協議,據此,樂昇將不少於964,838,855股本公司股 份出質給海通國際證券。

於本報告日期,樂昇持有的本公司492,947,000股股 份正被接管(「接管」)。本公司現正評估呈請對本集團 的法律、財務和經營影響。請股東注意(1)呈請乃對樂 昇而非本公司提出;及(2)申索金額乃向樂昇而非本集 團作出。詳情請參閱本公司於2023年8月15日所刊發 之公告。

管理層討論及分析

Disposal of Land Pursuant to Court Enforcement Order

The Company's subsidiaries and associates, being Yantai Sunshine 100 Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. (煙台陽光壹佰房地產開發有限 公司) ("Yantai Sunshine 100"), Weifang Sunshine 100 Real Estate Co., Ltd. (濰坊陽光壹佰置業有限公司), Guilin Sunshine 100 Real Estate Co., Ltd (桂林陽光壹佰置業有限公司) ("Guilin Sunshine 100") and Sunshine 100 Real Estate Group Co., Ltd. (陽光壹佰置業集團有限公 司) (together, the "Entities"), have received an enforcement order issued by Beijing Financial Court (北京金融法院) dated 7 August 2023 (the "Enforcement Order"). The Enforcement Order was issued as a result of the Entities' failure to comply with the mediation order dated 29 July 2022 which required the Entities to repay China Huarong Asset Management Co., Ltd. (中國華融資產管理股份有限公司) (stock code: 2799) ("China Huarong") a loan that China Huarong made to Yantai Sunshine 100 (the "Defaulted Loan"). The aggregate principal amount of the Defaulted Loan, together with interest and litigation costs, as at 29 July 2022, were approximately RMB495.0 million plus interest accrued from 21 March 2022 up to the date of repayment (the "Claim").

Beijing Financial Court has ordered Guilin Sunshine 100, which agreed to guarantee the Defaulted Loan with land use rights over a portion of land located in Xiangshan District, Guilin, Guangxi Province (廣西壯族自 治區桂林市象山區) (the "Land"), to sell its land use rights in the Land by way of judicial public auction to satisfy the claim. The Land was valuated at approximately RMB586.3 million as at 20 September 2022 based on the valuation report commissioned by Beijing Financial Court, which had remained unsold after two rounds of judicial public auction. Therefore, China Huarong applied to Beijing Financial Court, and the court granted the Enforcement Order for China Huarong to take the Land at the auction reserve price of approximately RMB328.0 million (including an enforcement fee of approximately RMB0.6 million and the auction reserve price of the buildings above the Land of approximately RMB8.7 million), representing a discount of approximately 44% to its valuation price, as settlement of part of the claim. For further details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 18 August 2023.

根據法院執行裁定書處置土地

本公司的子公司和關聯公司,即煙台陽光壹佰房地 產開發有限公司(「**煙台陽光壹佰**」)、濰坊陽光壹佰置 業有限公司、桂林陽光壹佰置業有限公司(「桂林陽 光壹佰|)、陽光壹佰置業集團有限公司(統稱「相關實 體1),已收到由北京金融法院於2023年8月7日發出的 執行裁定書(「執行裁定書」)。該執行裁定書是由於相 關實體未能履行日期為2022年7月29日的民事調解書 的要求,該民事調解書要求相關實體償還中國華融資 產管理股份有限公司(股份代號:2799)(「中國華融」) 向煙台陽光壹佰提供的貸款(「**違約貸款**」)。截至2022 年7月29日, 違約貸款本金連同利息及訴訟費用合計 約人民幣495.0百萬元,外加自2022年3月21日起至 還款日的應計利息(「**索賠**」)。

桂林陽光壹佰同意以其位於廣西省桂林市象山區的 部分土地(「土地」)的土地使用權為違約貸款提供抵押 擔保,北京金融法院已下令以司法公開拍賣的方式 出售該土地的土地使用權用以償還索賠。根據北京 金融法院委託的估值報告,截至2022年9月20日該土 地的估值約為人民幣586.3百萬元,該土地經過兩輪 司法公開拍賣仍未售出。因此,中國華融向北京金融 法院提出申請,法院發出執行裁定書,允許中國華 融以拍賣保留價約人民幣328.0百萬元(包括執行費人 民幣0.6百萬元和對應地上建築物的拍賣保留價約人 民幣8.7百萬元)的價格獲得該土地,相較其估值折讓 約44%,用以抵償部分索賠。詳情請參閱本公司於 2023年8月18日所刊發之公告。

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT 董事及高級管理層

Directors

Executive Directors

Mr. Yi Xiaodi (易小迪), whose former name is Yi Daichang (易代 昌), aged 59, is the chairman of the Board, the pioneer founder, an executive Director, the chief executive officer and the chairman of the Company's nomination committee, and is in charge of the corporate strategy of the Group. Mr. Yi was appointed as an executive Director on 20 September 2007 and the chief executive officer on 10 May 2018 by the Company, respectively.

Mr. Yi has extensive experience in the real estate development industry in China. In 1992, Mr. Yi established Guangxi Vantone Enterprise Development Company in Guangxi, which established Guangxi Vantone in 1994. He established the "Sunshine 100" brand in 2000 through the development of the Sunshine 100 International Apartment project (陽光100國際公寓) in Beijing.

Mr. Yi received an award for being a leader in real estate innovation in Beijing (北京地產創新領袖人物) from sina.com (新浪網) in 2003, an award for being one of China's influential persons during China's 10 years of transformation (改變中國十年影響力人物) by the Asian Living Environment Association (亞洲人居環境協會) and the Economic Observer (經濟觀察報) in 2004, an award for his outstanding contributions to creating a living environment in China (中國人居環境傑 出貢獻人物榮譽稱號) by the China Real Estate and Residential Housing Research Association (中國房地產及住宅研究會) and the Chinese Environmental Protection Fund (中華環境保護基金會) in 2005, an award for outstanding contribution to the creation of value in cities in the real estate industry of China (創造城市價值中國地產年度卓越貢獻 人物)by the Chinese Living Environment Committee (中國人居環境委員 會) in 2006, an award named him a Person of Outstanding Contribution of 2006 China Chuangyi Real Estate Annual Meeting (2006 年中國創意 地產年會卓越貢獻人物) in 2007 by Lanchou Real Estate Commentary 《(藍籌地產評論》), sina.com (新浪網), College of Real Estate of Beijing Normal University (北師大不動產學院) and Chinese Living Environment Committee (中國人居環境委員會), an award for special contribution for 2009 China urban commercial value (2009 中國城市商業價值特殊貢獻 人物) by China Federation of Urban Commercial Outlets Construction Administration (中國城市商業網點建設管理聯合會) and the International Real Estate Federation (國際不動產行業聯盟), an award named him an Influential Person of 2009 Lanchou Real Estate (2009年度藍籌地產影 響力人物) by Lanchou Real Estate Media (藍籌地產傳媒) and Sina Leju (新浪樂居), an award for being one of the most respected entrepreneur of China in 2012 (2012 年中國最受尊敬企業家) by Hurun Report (胡潤 百富) and an award for being one of the top 10 annual persons in 2009 China brand real estate (2009品牌中國房地產十大年度人物) by China

董事

執行董事

易小迪先生,59歲,曾用名:易代昌。董事會主席、 第一創辦人、執行董事兼行政總裁、亦為本公司提 名委員會主席,負責本集團的企業戰略。易先生於 2007年9月20日獲本公司委任為執行董事及於2018年 5月10日獲本公司委任為行政總裁。

易先生擁有豐富的中國房地產開發行業經驗,他於 1992年在廣西成立廣西萬誦企業發展總公司,該公 司於1994年設立廣西萬通。易先生於2000年在北京 開發陽光100國際公寓而創立[陽光100]品牌。

易先生於2003年獲新浪網評為北京地產創新領袖人 物,於2004年獲亞洲人居環境協會及經濟觀察報評 為改變中國十年影響力人物,於2005年獲中國房地 產及住宅研究會及中華環境保護基金會頒發中國人居 環境傑出貢獻人物榮譽稱號,於2006年獲中國人居 環境委員會頒發創造城市價值中國地產年度卓越貢獻 人物獎項,於2007年獲《藍籌地產評論》、新浪網、 北師大不動產學院及中國人居環境委員會頒發2006 年中國創意地產年會卓越貢獻人物獎項,獲中國城市 商業網點建設管理聯合會及國際不動產行業聯盟頒發 2009中國城市商業價值特殊貢獻人物獎項,獲藍籌 地產傳媒及新浪樂居頒發2009年度藍籌地產影響力 人物獎項,獲胡潤百富頒發2012年中國最受尊敬企 業家稱號及獲品牌中國產業聯盟及全國工商聯房地產 商會評為2009品牌中國房地產十大年度人物,並於

董事及高級管理層

Brand Union Association (品牌中國產業聯盟) and China Real Estate Chamber of Commerce (全國工商聯房地產商會), and the "Special Promoting Award" on the 14th Venice Architectural Biennale paralleled with the first exhibition in Chinese Cities Hall (第十四屆威尼斯建築雙 年展平行展暨中國城市館首展) in June 2014. Mr. Yi was appointed the lecturer for the outstanding alumni's series report course (《優秀校友系 列報告》) from September 2006 to July 2011 by the Alumni Association of (北京師範大學校友會) Beijing Normal University. He was the vice executive chairman for the second session of the Guangxi Chamber of Commerce in Beijing (北京廣西企業商會) and a member of the Entrepreneurial Forum of Sohu (搜狐企業家論壇).

2014年6月獲第十四屆威尼斯建築雙年展平行展暨中 國城市館首展頒發特別促進獎。易先生於2006年9月 至2011年7月獲北京師範大學校友會聘為《優秀校友 系列報告》課程的講師,曾擔任第二屆北京廣西企業 商會執行副主席及搜狐企業家論壇會員。

Mr. Yi obtained a Bachelor of Science degree in geography from Beijing Normal University (北京師範大學) in July 1986 and a master's degree in economics from Renmin University of China (中國人民大學) in October 1989.

易先生於1986年7月獲得北京師範大學地理學理學學 士學位,於1989年10月獲得中國人民大學經濟學碩 士學位。

Mr. Fan Xiaochong (范小冲), aged 59, is an executive Director appointed by the Company on 20 September 2007. Mr. Fan was appointed as the vice chairman of the Board on 25 August 2017, assisting Mr. Yi Xiaodi in formulating the corporate strategies of the Group, takes charge of the development of the cultural creativity-based economy (新經濟文創) of the Company and provides assistance in respect of land acquisition, human resources and other matters of the Company.

范小冲先生,59歳,於2007年9月20日獲委任為本公 司執行董事。范先生於2017年8月25日獲委任為董事 會副主席,協助易小迪先生參與制定本集團的企業戰 略,負責本公司新經濟文創開拓,協助本公司的土地 收購、人力資源等。

Since the establishment of Guangxi Vantone in 1994, Mr. Fan was engaged in the business and corporate strategy development of the Group. He was the deputy general manager of Guangxi Vantone from 1992 to 2003, the deputy general manager of Beijing Yinxin Guanghua Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. from 1999 to 2003, and has been the executive vice president of Sunshine 100 Group from 2003 to August 2017.

范先生自1994年廣西萬通成立起參與本集團業務及 企業戰略發展,於1992年至2003年擔任廣西萬通副 總經理,於1999年至2003年擔任北京銀信光華房地 產開發有限公司副總經理,並自2003年至2017年8月 擔任陽光壹佰集團的常務副總裁。

Mr. Fan received an award named Person of Outstanding Contribution of 2006 China Chuangyi Real Estate Annual Meeting (2006年中國創意 地產年會卓越貢獻人物) in 2007 by Lanchou Real Estate Commentary 《(藍籌地產評論》), sina.com (新浪網), College of Real Estate of Beijing Normal University (北師大不動產學院) and Chinese Living Environment Committee (中國人居環境委員會) and an award for outstanding contribution to China real estate (中國地產傑出貢獻人物獎) in 2010 by the Chinese Association of Urban Development and Public Relationship (中國城市發展暨公共關係協會).

范先生於2007年獲《藍籌地產評論》、新浪網、北師 大不動產學院及中國人居環境委員會頒發2006年中 國創意地產年會卓越貢獻人物獎項,並於2010年獲 中國城市發展暨公共關係協會頒發中國地產傑出貢獻 人物獎。

Mr. Fan obtained a bachelor of science degree in geography and a master of science degree in regional geography from Beijing Normal University (北京師範大學) in July 1986 and July 1989.

范先生先後於1986年7月及1989年7月獲得北京師範 大學地理專業理學學士學位及區域地理學專業理學碩 士學位。

董事及高級管理層

Non-executive Directors

Ms. Fan Xiaohua (范曉華), aged 81, is a non-executive Director appointed by the Company on 20 September 2007. Ms. Fan joined the Group as a member of the senior management of Guangxi Vantone in 1994. She has been a Director since August 2005 and was involved in the decision-making process and supervised internal audit of the Company. Ms. Fan served as head of the technology department, the deputy factory director and the factory director of Guangxi Nanning Chinese Medicine Pharmaceutical Factory (廣西南寧中藥廠) from 1979 to 1990, the chief deputy general manager of Nanning Pharmaceutical Group (南寧製藥企業集團) from 1991 to 1993 and the chairman and general manager, a professor-level senior engineer of Guangxi Vantone Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. (廣西萬通製藥有限公司) from 1993 to January 2017. Ms. Fan enjoys the life-long special allowance (終身享受國務院 特殊津貼) which is an award granted by the State Council for experts and scholars who have outstanding contribution since 1993. She was honored as one of "Second Batch of Top Professional Talents in Nanning" (南寧市第二批專業技術拔尖人才) between 1991 and 1993. She obtained a bachelor's degree in medicine from Nanjing Pharmacy College (南京藥學院) (currently known as China Pharmaceutical University (中國藥科大學)) in August 1967.

Mr. Wang Gongguan (王功權), aged 62, was appointed as a nonexecutive Director by the Company on 1 August 2015. Mr. Wang served as a partner of IDG Technology Venture Investments, LP (IDG 技術創業投資基金) from 1999 to 2005, the managing partner and senior partner of Beijing Dinghui Venture Investment Advisory Company Limited (北京鼎暉創新投資顧問有限公司) from 2005 to 2011, and an independent director of China Digital TV Holding Co., Ltd. (中華數位電 視控股有限公司), a company listed on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE: STV) from 2007 to 2010. Mr. Wang obtained a bachelor's degree in engineering with major in management engineering from Jilin University of Technology (吉林工業大學) (currently known as Jilin University (吉林大學)) in 1984.

非執行董事

范曉華女士,81歲,於2007年9月20日獲委任為本公 司非執行董事。范女士於1994年加入本集團並擔任 廣西萬通高級管理人員,自2005年8月起擔任本公司 董事,參與本公司決策過程並監督內部審計工作。范 女士於1979年至1990年擔任廣西南寧中藥廠技術部 主任、副廠長及廠長,於1991年至1993年擔任南寧 製藥企業集團第一副總經理,自1993年至2017年1月 擔任廣西萬通製藥有限公司董事長兼總經理,教授級 高工。范女士自1993年起終身享受國務院特殊津貼 (國務院授予有突出貢獻之專家及學者的獎項),並於 1991年至1993年間獲「南寧市第二批專業技術拔尖人 才」稱號。范女士於1967年8月在南京藥學院(現稱中 國藥科大學)取得藥學專業學士學位。

王功權先生,62歳,於2015年8月1日獲委仟為本公 司非執行董事。王先生於1999年至2005年擔任IDG技 術創業投資基金合夥人,於2005年至2011年擔任北 京鼎暉創新投資顧問有限公司合夥人總經理及高級合 夥人,於2007年至2010年擔任紐約交易所上市的中 華數位電視控股有限公司(NYSE: STV)獨立董事。王 先生於1984年在吉林工業大學(現為吉林大學)管理工 程系管理專業獲得工學學士學位。

董事及高級管理層

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Gu Yunchang (顧雲昌), aged 79, formerly known as Gu Yongchuang (顧勇闖) was appointed as an independent non-executive Director by the Company on 17 February 2014. Mr. Gu currently serves as the executive chairman of the National Real Estate Business Alliance and had also been the secretary-general of the China Real Estate Association from 1998 to 2006 and the vice president of the China Real Estate Research Association from 2006 to 2013.

Mr. Gu formerly served at different positions in the Ministry of Construction of the PRC, including the deputy director at Policy Research Centre of Ministry of Construction from 1988 to 1998; and the Deputy Division Head and Division Head at Urban Residence Bureau of Ministry of Construction from 1982 to 1986.

Mr. Gu engaged in theory and policy research, market research and analysis concerning China real estate industry. In the 1980s, he participated in the policy research and formulation of China's city and village residential construction techniques, carrying on a State key project "2000 China", and won the First Class National Science Technology Advance Award in China twice. After joining the China Real Estate Association in 1998, he has been involved in promoting the development of the China real estate industry as well as undertaking the research and analysis of the national real estate market. He is also the main organizer of the China Real Estate Market Report, an annual analysis report issued by the China Real Estate Association. Mr. Gu is an independent non-executive director of Jiayuan International Group Limited (listed on the Stock Exchange, stock code: 2768) since March 2016 and Shimao Services Holdings Limited (listed on the Stock Exchange, stock code: 873) since October 2020.

Mr. Gu served as an independent non-executive director of Shimao Property Holdings Limited (listed on the Stock Exchange, stock code: 813) from April 2006 to May 2011, Sino-Ocean Land Holdings Limited (listed on the Stock Exchange, stock code: 3377) from June 2007 to March 2016, COFCO Property (Group) Co., Ltd. (listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange, stock code: 000031) from April 2012 to June 2018, CIFI Holdings (Group) Co. Ltd. (listed on the Stock Exchange, stock code: 884) from October 2012 to December 2021, and Zhejiang Yasha Decoration Co., Ltd. (listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange, stock code: 002375) from May 2013 to May 2019.

Mr. Gu obtained his qualification as a senior urban planner in April 1988 and qualification as a researcher specializing in residence and real estate in December 1999, both of which were certified by the Ministry of Construction. Mr. Gu graduated from Tongji University and obtained a graduate certificate in Urban Planning in July 1966.

獨立非執行董事

顧雲昌先生,79歲,曾用名:顧勇闖。於2014年2月 17日獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。顧先生現任全 國房地產商會聯盟執行主席,自1998年至2006年亦 擔任中國房地產業協會秘書長,自2006年至2013年 擔任中國房地產研究會副會長。

顧先生曾出任中國建設部多項職務,包括於1988年 至1998年擔任建設部政策研究中心副主任,於1982 年至1986年擔任建設部城市住宅局副處長及處長。

顧先生從事有關中國房地產業的理論與政策研究、市 場研究及分析。於20世紀80年代,顧先生曾參與中 國城鄉住宅建設技術政策研訂,亦參與「2000年中國」 國家重點課題的研究,並兩次榮獲中國國家科技進步 一等獎。1998年加入中國房地產業協會後,顧先生 致力於推動中國房地產業的發展,並從事全國房地產 市場的研究及分析。顧先生亦為中國房地產業協會刊 發的年度分析報告《中國房地產市場報告》的主要統籌 人。顧先生自2016年3月起擔任佳源國際控股有限公 司(於香港聯交所上市,股份代號:2768)獨立非執行 董事,自2020年10月起擔任世茂服務控股有限公司 (於香港聯交所上市,股份代號:873)獨立非執行董

顧先生於2006年4月至2011年5月擔任世茂房地產 控股有限公司(於香港聯交所上市,股份代號:813) 獨立非執行董事,於2007年6月至2016年3月擔任 遠洋地產控股有限公司(於香港聯交所上市,股份代 號:3377)獨立非執行董事;自2012年4月至2018年 6月,擔任中糧地產(集團)股份有限公司(於深圳交 易所上市,股份代號:000031)之獨立非執行董事; 自2012年10月至2021年12月擔任旭輝控股(集團)有 限公司(於香港聯交所上市,股份代號:884)獨立非 執行董事;自2013年5月至2019年5月擔任浙江亞廈 裝飾股份有限公司(於深圳交易所上市,股份代號: 002375)獨立非執行董事。

顧先生分別於1988年4月及1999年12月獲得建設部認 證的高級城市規劃師資格及住宅與房地產專業研究員 資格。顧先生於1966年7月取得同濟大學城市規劃專 業畢業證書。

董事及高級管理層

Mr. Ng Fook Ai, Victor (黃博愛), aged 75, is an independent nonexecutive Director appointed by the Company on February 17. 2014. Mr. Ng is the chairman of 1 Rockstead GIP Fund Limited and managed a number of China focused funds, including China Growth Opportunities Limited, a £50 million UK-listed fund that focuses on private equity investments in China. Mr. Ng has over 36 years' experience in senior investment management, including private equity fund management. He also provides seed money for several joint ventures and startups, including IPO, trading sales, Merger and Acquisition, etc.

Mr. Ng has been a director of The Place Holdings Limited (listed on the main board of the Singapore Stock Exchange, stock code: E27) since January 2018; chairman of the board of Health Bank Holdings Ltd (listed on the main board of the Singapore Stock Exchange, stock code: 40B) (formerly known as SMI International Holdings Ltd) since May 2018; an independent chairman of the board, the chairman of the remuneration committee, and a member of the audit committee and nomination committee of QT Vascular LTD (listed on the Singapore Stock Exchange Mainboard, stock code: 510.SI) since January 2022; an independent chairman of the board, the chairman of the remuneration committee, and a member of the audit committee and nomination committee of Quantum Healthcare Ltd. (listed on the Singapore Stock Exchange - Catalist, stock code: V8Y.SI) since May 2022 (The listing status of Qt Vascular Ltd. was transferred to Quantum Healthcare Ltd. on 28 July 2022), and an independent director of Soilbuild Construction Group Ltd. (listed on the Singapore Stock Exchange Mainboard, stock code: S7P.SI) since April 2022. Mr. Ng served as an independent director and the chairman of audit and risk committee of SB Reit Management Pte Ltd. (listed on the main board of the Singapore Stock Exchange, stock code: SV3U) from May 2015 to December 2019.

Mr. Ng obtained a bachelor's degree in economics and a master's degree in economics from the University of London in 1976 and 1978, respectively. Mr. Ng is a fellow of the Chartered Management Institute, United Kingdom.

黃博愛先生,75歲,於2014年2月17日獲本公司委任 為獨立非執行董事。黃先生為融石投資基金有限公司 主席。彼管理多只專注於中國的基金,包括資本為50 百萬英鎊、專注於中國私募股權投資的英國上市基金 China Growth Opportunities Limited。黃先生擁有 超過36年的高級投資管理經驗,包括私募股權基金 管理。他還為幾家合資企業和初創企業提供了種子基 金,包括首次公開募股(IPO)、貿易銷售、併購(M&A)

黃先生於2018年1月起擔任The Place Holdings Limited(新交所主板上市,股份代號:E27)董事;於 2018年5月起擔任Health Bank Holdings Ltd(新交所 主板上市,股份代號:40B)(原名為SMI International Holdings Ltd)董事會主席;於2022年1月起擔任QT Vascular LTD(新交所主板上市,股份代號:5I0.SI) 董事會獨立主席兼薪酬委員會主席,審計委員會和 提名委員會的成員;於2022年5月起擔任Quantum Healthcare Limited(在新交所凱利板上市,股份 代號:V8Y.SI)獨立董事長,薪酬委員會主席,審 計委員會及提名委員會成員(於2022年7月28日Qt Vascular Ltd.的上市狀態轉移至Quantum Healthcare Ltd.);於2022年4月起擔任Soilbuild Construction Group Ltd(在新交所主板上市,股份代號:S7P.SI)獨 立董事。黃先生於2015年5月至2019年12月擔任新交 所主板上市公司SB Reit Management Pte Ltd(新交 所主板上市,股份代號:SV3U)獨立董事兼審核風險 委員會主席。

黃先生於1976年及1978年分別取得倫敦大學經濟學 學士學位及經濟學碩士學位。黃先生是英國特許管理 學院資深會員。

董事及高級管理層

Mr. Wang Bo (王波), aged 65, was appointed as an independent nonexecutive Director by the Company on 1 August 2015. Mr. Wang served as a researcher in the 1989 World Bank Annual Report team in 1988, and a researcher in the Financial Policy and Systems Division of the World Bank from 1988 to 1994. He worked at the investment management department of China Securities Market Research and Design Center (中國證券市場研究設計中心投資管理部) from 1994 to 1995, and served as the chief economist of Vantone Group (萬通集 團) and Beijing Vantone Industrial Co., Ltd. (北京萬通實業股份有限公 司) from 1995 to 1997. From 1997 to 2014, he worked at Accenture (China) Co., Ltd. (埃森哲(中國)有限公司) and successively served as, inter alia, a management consulting manager, a senior manager, a global partner of Accenture, the general manager of management consulting of Greater China, the managing director of the government and medical business department of Greater China and the managing director of Greater China. Mr. Wang is a permanent director of China Mergers & Acquisitions Association (中國併購公會) and had served as an executive director of China Mergers & Acquisitions Association, the vice chairman of the China Enterprise Confederation Management Advisory Committee (中國企業聯合會管理諮詢委員 會) and the chairman of the appraisal committee of "China M&A Awards" (中國併購專項獎). Mr. Wang obtained a bachelor's degree in economics with major in fiscal and financial studies from the School of Finance of Renmin University of China (中國人民大學財政系) in 1984 and a master's degree in economics with major in financial theory and international economics from Department of Economics of the American University (美利堅大學經濟系) in the United States in 1993.

Mr. Wang resigned as an Independent non-executive Director on 31 December 2021.

王波先生,65歲,於2015年8月1日獲委任為本公 司獨立非執行董事。王先生於1988年擔任《世界銀 行1989年發展報告》寫作小組研究員,於1988年至 1994年擔任世界銀行金融政策及體制處研究員,於 1994年至1995年任職於中國證券市場研究設計中心 投資管理部,於1995年至1997年擔任萬通集團及 北京萬通實業股份有限公司總經濟師,於1997年至 2014年在埃森哲(中國)有限公司任職,歷任管理諮 詢經理、高級經理、埃森哲全球合夥人、大中華區管 理諮詢總經理、大中華區政府及醫療事業部董事總經 理、大中華區董事總經理等職。王先生為中國併購公 會永久理事,曾任中國併購公會常務理事、中國企業 聯合會管理諮詢委員會副主任及「中國併購專項獎」評 選委員會主任。王先生於1984年在中國人民大學財 政系財政金融專業獲得經濟學學士學位,於1993年 在美國美利堅大學經濟系金融理論和國際經濟專業獲 得經濟學碩士。

王先生於2021年12月31日辭任本公司獨立非執行董 車。

董事及高級管理層

Mr. Li Chunping (李春平), aged 59, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director by the Company on 31 December 2021. Mr. Li serves as the executive director and general manager of Beijing Bluestone Marketing Consulting Co., Ltd.* (北京藍石營銷顧問有限責任 公司) since 2001.

Mr. Li graduated from the Department of Geography (Undergraduate) of Beijing Normal University in 1986, and the School of National Economic Planning Management and Statistics (graduate) of Renmin University of China in 1989 with a master's degree in Economics. From 1989 to 2013, Mr. Li he worked successively in the Department of Price Supervision and Inspection of the State Administration for Commodity Price* (國家物價局價格監督檢查司), Huizhou Huamei Industrial Company* (惠州華美實業公司) under the Head Company of Chinese Agricultural and Local Products* (中國農副土產品總 公司), Beijing Zhongbo Modern Investment and Consulting Co., Ltd.* (北京中博現代投資諮詢有限責任公司), Beijing Sunshine 100 International Apartment* (北京陽光100 國際公寓), Beijing Bluestone Sales Consulting Co., Ltd.* (北京藍石銷售顧問有限責任公司), Beijing Bluestone Times Real Estate Investment Consulting Co., Ltd.* (此京 藍石時代房地產投資顧問有限公司), Yunnan China Skyland Property (Group) Co., Ltd*. (雲南神州天宇置業(集團)有限公司) and other institutions From 2015 to 2016, Mr. Li served as the deputy general manager of Chongging Sunshine 100 Co., Ltd.* (重慶陽光壹佰有限公 司). From 2017 to 2018, Mr. Li served as the executive deputy general manager of Zhongwaijian Health Industry Development Co., Ltd.* (中 外建健康產業發展有限公司). From 2018 to 2019, Mr. Li served as the vice president of BG City Investment Holding Group Limited* (比控城 投控股集團有限公司). From 2019 to 2021, Mr. Li served as a director of Lancheng Kanghao (Yunnan) Construction Management Co., Ltd.* (藍城康昊(雲南)建設管理有限公司).

Mr. Li has won many awards and honorary titles, including "China's Top 10 Real Estate Strategy Consultants" (China Construction News (China's Real Estate Market): 2003) and "China's Top 10 Real estate Planning Experts" (China Marketing Association, China Enterprise Culture Promotion Association: 2004).

李春平先生,59歲,於2021年12月31日獲委任為本 公司獨立非執行董事。自2001年起至今,李先生在 北京藍石行銷顧問有限責任公司擔任執行董事及總經

李先生於1986年畢業於北京師範大學地理系(本科 部),1989年畢業於中國人民大學國民經濟計劃管理 與統計學院(研究生部),獲經濟學碩士學位。自1989 年至2013年,李先生先後在國家物價局價格監督檢 杳司、中國農副土產品總公司、惠州華美實業公司、 北京中博現代投資諮詢有限責任公司、北京陽光100 國際公寓、北京藍石行銷顧問有限責任公司、北京藍 石時代房地產投資顧問有限公司、雲南神州天宇置業 (集團)有限公司等機構與企業工作和任職。2015年 至2016年,李先生在重慶陽光壹佰有限公司擔任副 總經理。自2017年至2018年,李先生在中外建健康 產業發展有限公司擔任常務副總經理。自2018年至 2019年,李先生在北控城投控股集團有限公司擔任 副總裁。自2019年至2021年,李先生在藍城康昊(雲 南)建設管理有限公司擔任董事。

李先生曾榮獲多個獎項和榮譽稱號:「中國房地產 10佳策略顧問」(中國建設報(中國樓市)評選:2003 年);「中國房地產十大策劃專家」(中國行銷協會、中 國企業文化促進會評選:2004年)。

董事及高級管理層

Senior Management

Mr. Yi Xiaodi (易小迪) is the chief executive officer of the Group. For the biography of Mr. Yi, please refer to the sub-section headed "Executive Directors" above in this annual report.

Mr. Wang Jianting (王建庭), aged 60, had been the vice president of the Group since May 2019, was appointed as the chief financial officer since June 2020 and responsible for the financial and cost management of the Group. Mr. Wang has extensive experience in enterprise operation and management and enterprise financial management.

Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Wang was successively worked at the headguarter of China Guodian Group (中國國電集團), China Longyuan Power Group (龍源電力集團) and Financial Company of Guodian Group (國電集團財務公司) during 1985 to 2017 and worked in financial audit, engineering construction, safety production and other fields. During the period, he was honored with the secondary medal of Guodian Group. As the general manager of Jiangsu Longyuan Company (江蘇龍源公 司), Mr. Wang has constructed the new energy projects with national franchise and put them into operation, which were awarded numbers of classical engineering awards since the founding of China, turning into the sample works and were on-site visited by Jiang Zeming, the former Chinese president. Mr. Wang also as Chinese chief negotiation representative, negotiated with General Electric, the international giant, Vestas Company, the then first-ranking in global wind power equipment manufacture, Gamesa Company, the largest new energy group in Spain and other companies in respect of commercial and procurement projects. From March 2017 to May 2019, Mr. Wang served as the executive vice president of Baota Group (寶塔集團) and Chairman and general manager of Baota Investment Company (寶塔 投資公司). Mr. Wang graduated from Capital University of Economics and Business (首都經濟貿易大學) (formerly known as Beijing Finance & Trade College) in financial accounting and has been to Singapore and the United State for training.

Mr. Wang resigned as the chief financial officer of the Company on 8 November 2021.

高級管理層

易小迪先生為本集團行政總裁。有關易先生的履歷, 請參閱本年報 | 文「執行董事 | 分節。

王建庭先生,60歲。於2019年5月擔任集團副總裁, 於2020年6月被任命為首席財務官,分管集團財務與 成本管理工作。王先生在企業經營管理,公司財務管 理方面有著豐富的經驗。

加入本集團前, 王先生自1985年至2017年間先後在 在中國國電集團本部、龍源電力集團及國電集團財務 公司任職。先後從事財務審計、工程建設、安全生產 方面的工作。期間,曾獲國電集團二級獎章。王先生 作為江蘇龍源公司總經理,在江蘇建成投產的國家特 許權新能源項目中,榮獲建國以來百項經典工程獎, 成為樣板工程,原國家主席江澤民親臨現場參觀視 察。王先生還曾作為中方首席談判代表與國際巨頭美 國通用電氣、當時全球風電設備製造排名第一的丹麥 維斯塔斯(Vestas)公司、西班牙最大的新能源集團歌 美薩(Gamesa)等公司進行商業和採購項目的談判。 自2017年3月至2019年5月,擔仟寶塔集團常務副總 裁,同時兼任寶塔投資公司董事長、總經理。王先生 畢業於首都經濟貿易大學(原北京財貿學院)財務與會 計畢業專業,曾先後前往新加坡、美國參加培訓。

王先生於2021年11月8日辭任本公司首席財務官。

董事及高級管理層

Mr. Han Bin (韓斌), aged 53, joined the Group in September 2021 as the vice president, and was appointed as the chief financial officer of the Company on 8 November 2021. Mr. Han is responsible for overseeing the financial affairs of the Group. Mr. Han has extensive experience in accounting, cost management, investment, financing and tax planning of listed companies.

Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Han worked successively at Shanghai EAM Import and Export Co. Ltd.* (上海歐亞美進出口有限公司), Shanghai Jingrui Real Estate (Group) Holdings Limited* (上海景瑞地產 (集團)股份有限公司) and Shanghai Huajiang Construction Development Co. Ltd.* (上海華江建設發展有限公司) from 1992 to 2007. Mr. Han served successively as assistant financial controller at Martello Property Services Inc. and financial controller at Redstone Group from 2008 to 2015. Mr. Han served as deputy general manager of finance at Dalian Wanda Group* (大連萬達集團) from March 2015 to July 2016 and was assigned to Australia as general manager of finance with a Sydney subsidiary of Dalian Wanda Group* from July 2016 to March 2018. Mr. Han served as vice president of finance at Aoyuan Beauty Valley Technology Co., Ltd.* (奧園美谷科技股份有限公司) (formerly known as Kinghand Industrial Investment Group Co., Ltd.* (京漢實業投 資集團股份有限公司)) (Shenzhen Stock Exchange stock code: 000615) from June 2018 to June 2021. Mr. Han graduated with a bachelor's degree in economics from Nankai University in 1992 and a master's degree in business administration from Fudan University in 2003. Mr. Han possesses the professional qualification of Chartered Professional Accountant of Canada.

Mr. Ding Gong (TI), aged 56, is the vice president of the Group and general manager of product centre of the Group. Mr. Ding joined the Group in September 2003 as the assistant to the project general manager of Nanning Sunshine 100 City Plaza project and was appointed as the manager of promotion department of the Group in July 2005, the manager of brand development department of the Group in January 2008, the brand director of the Group in February 2010, the assistant to the Chief Executive Officer from September 2011 to May 2018 and the vice president of the Group in May 2018.

Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Ding was a tutor at Guangxi Nanning College of Education (廣西南寧教育學院) from October 1989 to January 1992 and a correspondent of Guangxi Nanning Radio Station (廣西南寧電台) from January 1992 to January 2003. Mr. Ding obtained a bachelor's degree in philosophy from Beijing Normal University (比京 師範大學) in July 1989.

韓斌先生,53歲,於2021年9月擔任本集團副總裁, 並於2021年11月8日獲委任為本公司首席財務官。韓 先生負責管理本集團財務事宜。韓先生在上市公司會 計實務、成本管理、投融資及稅務統籌方面有著豐富 的管理經驗。

加入本集團前,韓先生自1992年至2007年間先後在 上海歐亞美進出口有限公司、上海景瑞地產(集團) 股份有限公司、上海華江建設發展有限公司任職。 自2008年至2015年間,韓先生先後就職於Martello Property Services Inc. 、Redstone Group, 分別擔 任助理財務總監和財務總監。自2015年3月至2016 年7月,擔任大連萬達集團財務副總經理,並於2016 年7月至2018年3月,派遣至澳大利亞任大連萬達集 團悉尼分公司財務總經理。自2018年6月至2021年6 月,擔任奧園美谷科技股份有限公司(前稱京漢實業 投資集團股份有限公司)(深圳證券交易所股票代碼: 000615)財務副總裁。韓先生於1992年在南開大學獲 得經濟學學士學位,其後於2003年在復旦大學獲得 工商管理碩士。韓先生具備加拿大特許專業會計師專 業資格。

丁工先生,56歲,為本集團副總裁兼產品中心總經 理。丁先生於2003年9月加入本集團擔任南寧陽光 100城市廣場項目總經理助理,2005年7月獲委任為 集團推廣部經理,2008年1月獲委任為本集團品牌開 發部經理,2010年2月獲委任為本集團品牌總監,並 於2011年9月至2018年5月任行政總裁助理,於2018 年5月獲委任為本集團副總裁。

加入本集團前,丁先生自1989年10月至1992年1月擔 任廣西南寧教育學院助教,自1992年1月至2003年1 月擔任廣西南寧電臺記者。丁先生於1989年7月獲得 北京師範大學哲學學士學位。

董事及高級管理層

Mr. Wu Lei (吳雷), aged 52, is the vice president of the Group and the general manager of the Wuhan Zhifang project, Mr. Wu joined the Group in June 2002 as the manager of procurement department of Nanning Sunshine 100 City Plaza project and was appointed as the assistant to the general manager of Liuzhou Sunshine 100 Classic Era project in April 2003, the assistant to the general manager of Changsha Sunshine 100 International New Town project in January 2004, the general manager of Changsha Sunshine 100 International New Town project in April 2009 and the deputy general manager of Central-South China Project Management Centre in December 2011, the general manager of Yixing project and Chengdu project since February 2016 and March 2016, respectively, the general manager of Wuxi Taihu new project from March 2017 to January 2018, the general manager of Wuhan Lakeside Residence project since July 2016, the general manager of Wenzhou City Company (溫州城市公司) from February 2018 to November 2019, the general manager of the Central-South China Project Management Centre from July 2012 to September 2021, and worked for Wuhan Zhifang project since September 2018.

Mr. Wu completed his undergraduate studies from Hubei University (湖 北大學) in June 1997 and completed the advanced training courses in real estate innovative management from Tsinghua University (清華大學) in April 2009. He received a certificate as a mid-level financial analyst (中 級金融師) from the Ministry of Personnel, PRC (中華人民共和國人事部) in November 2001. Mr. Wu Lei is the son of Ms. Fan, a non-executive Director of the Company.

Mr. Xing Baohua (邢寶華), aged 59, is the vice president of the Group, since February 2021. Before joining the group, Mr. Xing Baohua served as a director of Beijing Shangrong Commercial Factoring Co., Ltd. (北京尚融商業保理有限公司), from 2019 to 2020 as vice president of ZhongGeng Group (中庚集團), from 2010 to 2019 as the chief accountant of Beijing Capital Development Co., Ltd. (北京首都開發股份 有限公司), from 2005 to 2010 as Tianhong Baoye (天鴻寶業) financial director. Mr. Xing received a bachelor's degree and a master's degree from Norbei University of Finance and Economics (東北財經大學) in 1988 and 1993, and then received his doctorate from the Chinese Academy of Social Sciences in 2004.

Mr. Li Qiang (李強), aged 49, joined the Group in November 2021 as the Vice President in charge of human resources work. Before joining the Group, Mr. Li Qiang had worked successively in Gemdale Group (金 地集團), Jiaming Real Estate (嘉銘地產), Napa Real Estate and Beijing Investment Development (納帕地產與京投發展), serving as the head of the Regional Administration and Personnel Department, general manager and assistant president of the Administrative and Human Resources Center respectively. Mr. Li Qiang graduated from Renmin University of China with a bachelor's degree in economics, and then graduated from Guanghua School of Management, Peking University (北京大學光華管理學院), with a master's degree in management.

吳雷先生,52歲,為本集團副總裁,兼武漢紙坊項 目總經理。吳先生於2002年6月加入本集團擔任南 寧陽光100城市廣場項目採購部經理,並於2003年4 月獲委任為柳州陽光100經典時代項目總經理助理, 2004年1月擔任長沙陽光100國際新城項目總經理助 理,於2009年4月出任長沙陽光100國際新城項目總 經理,於2011年12月兼任中南項目管理中心副總經 理,於2016年2月擔任宜興項目總經理,於2016年3 月擔任成都項目總經理,於2017年3月至2018年1月 擔任無錫太湖新項目總經理,於2016年7月擔任武漢 大湖第項目總經理,於2018年2月至2019年11月擔任 温州城市公司總經理,於2012年7月至2021年9月擔 任中南項目管理中心總經理。於2018年9月起任職武 漢紙坊項目。

吴先生於1997年6月完成湖北大學本科課程,於2009 年4月完成清華大學房地產創新管理高級研修課程。 彼於2001年11月自中華人民共和國人事部取得中級 金融師專業資格證書。吳雷先生為本公司非執行董事 范女士之子。

邢寶華先生,59歲,為本集團副總裁,於2021年2月 獲委任。加入集團之前,邢寶華先生為北京尚融商業 保理有限公司董事,2019年至2020年擔任中庚集團 副總裁,2010年至2019年擔任北京首都開發股份有 限公司總會計師,2005年至2010年期間曾任天鴻寶 業財務總監。邢寶華先生於1988年與1993年分別獲 得東北財經大學學士學位與碩士學位,而後於2004 年獲得中國社會科學院博士學位。

李強先生,49歲,為本集團副總裁,分管人力資源 工作。李強先生於2021年11月獲委任。加入集團之 前,李強先生曾先後任職於金地集團、嘉銘地產、納 帕地產與京投發展,分別擔任區域行政人事部負責 人、行政人力中心總經理與助理總裁等職務。李強先 生本科畢業於中國人民大學國際貿易專業,獲經濟學 學士學位,之後畢業於北京大學光華管理學院,獲管 理學碩士學位。

董事及高級管理層

Joint Company Secretary

Mr. Tsang Ho Yin (曾浩賢), aged 37, is the Company Secretary of the Group. Mr. Tsang is currently a partner of Stevenson, Wong & Co, specialising in corporate finance and commercial law. Mr. Tsang has been an independent non-executive director of Sterling Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 1825) since September 2021; Zijing International Financial Holdings Limited (stock code: 8340) since August 2023; and Skymission Group Holdings Limited (stock code1429) since September 2023. Mr. Tsang has been an independent non-executive director from September 2021 to January 2023 and re-designated as a non-executive director of CROSSTEC Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 3893) since January 2023; a non-executive director of China Regenerative Medicine International Limited (stock code: 8158) since January 2020: a joint company secretary of Sundy Service Group Co. Ltd (stock code: 9608) since January 2021; the joint company secretary of Mabpharm Limited-B (stock code: 2181) since May 2019; and a joint company secretary of 1957 & Co. (Hospitality) Limited (stock code: 8495) since August 2022.

Mr. Tsang was the company secretary of Sino Energy International Holdings Group Limited (stock code: 1096) from November 2018 to July 2019; an independent non-executive director of INNO-TECH Holdings Limited (stock code: 8202) from June 2019 to June 2020: the company secretary of Moody Technology Holdings Limited (stock code: 1400) from January 2019 to November 2019. Mr. Tsang had been appointed as the company secretary and authorised representative of Mobile Internet (China) Holdings Limited (stock code: 1439) from February 2020 to February 2021.

Mr. Tsang was admitted as a solicitor in Australia and Hong Kong in May 2012 and December 2013, respectively. Mr. Tsang obtained a bachelor degree in laws and commerce (accounting) from University of Melbourne, Australia in August 2008 and then obtained a master degree in laws from the same university in August 2010. Mr. Tsang then obtained the Postgraduate Certificate in Laws from the City University of Hong Kong in July 2011.

Mr. Tsang has received no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training during the Reporting Period, in accordance with Article 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

Mr. He Jie (賀傑), aged 62, is the assistant to the president, chief legal officer of the Group and was appointed as the Joint Company Secretary of the Group in March 2017. He is responsible for the Group's legal, administrative and information technology affairs. Mr. He joined the Group in June 2004 as legal counsel and deputy director general of the administrative office and he was appointed as administrative director general and legal counsel in January 2008, assistant to the president and chief legal officer in January 2014 and joint company secretary on 17 March 2018.

聯席公司秘書

曾浩賢先生,37歳,為本集團公司秘書。曾先生目 前為史蒂文生黃律師事務所之合夥人,專注於企業融 資及商業法。自2021年9月起,曾先生為美臻集團控 股有限公司(股份代號:1825)的獨立非執行董事。 自2023年8月起,曾先生為紫荊國際金融控股有限 公司(股份代號:8340)的獨立非執行董事。自2023 年9月起,曾先生為天任集團控股有限公司(股份代 號:1429)的獨立非執行董事。曾先生於2021年9月 至2023年1月期間為易緯集團控股有限公司(股份代 號:3893)的非執行董事,並於2023年1月起被重新 任命為易緯集團控股有限公司(股份代號:3893)的非 執行董事。自2020年1月起,曾先生為中國再生醫學 國際有限公司(股份代號:8158)的非執行董事。自 2021年1月起,曾先生為宋都服務集團有限公司(股 份代號:9608)的聯席公司秘書。自2019年5月起, 曾先生為邁博藥業有限公司(股份代號:2181)的聯 席公司秘書。自2022年8月起,曾先生為1957 & Co. (Hospitality) Limited (股份代號:8495)的聯席公司秘

由2018年11月至2019年7月,曾先生為中能國際控 股集團有限公司(股份代號:1096)的公司秘書。由 2019年6月至2020年6月,曾先生為匯創控股有限公 司(該公司之股份曾於聯交所GFM上市並自2021年7 月13日起被取消上市地位,股份代號:8202)的獨立 非執行董事。由2019年1月至2019年11月,曾先生 為滿地科技股份有限公司(股份代號:1400)的公司秘 書。由2020年2月至2021年2月,曾先生被移動互聯 (中國)控股有限公司(股份代號:1439)委任為公司秘 書兼授權代表。

曾先生於2012年5月及2013年12月分別於澳洲及香港 取得律師資格。曾先生於2008年8月獲得澳洲墨爾本 大學法律學士及商業學士(會計)學位,其後於2010年 8月獲得該大學法律碩士學位。曾先生於2011年7月 獲香港城市大學頒授法學專業證書。

曾先生已遵照上市規則第3.29條規定,於本報告期內 接受不少於15小時的相關專業培訓。

賀傑先生,62歲,為本集團總裁助理、首席法務官兼 聯席公司秘書,負責本集團法律、行政及資訊科技事 務。賀先生於2004年6月加入本集團擔任法律顧問及 行政辦公室副主任,於2008年1月獲委任為行政主任 兼法律顧問,於2014年1月獲委任為總裁助理兼首席 法務官,於2018年3月17日獲委任為聯席公司秘書。

董事及高級管理層

Prior to joining the Group, Mr. He worked at Beijing Chongwen First Law Firm (北京崇文第一法律事務所) in economic, civil, patent and other practice areas as well as acting as corporate legal counsel from 1992 to 1993. He served as the vice chairman and general manager of Beijing Fubu International Economic Consulting Services Ltd. (北京服 部國際經濟諮詢服務有限公司) from August 1993 to May 1996. Mr. He obtained a bachelor's degree in law from China University of Political Science and Law (中國政法大學) in July 1984 and then studied at the Graduate School of Salem State College, Massachusetts, U.S. from September 2002 to July 2003.

Mr. He resigned as the Joint Company Secretary of the Group on 15 June 2021.

加入本集團前,賀先生在1992年至1993年間任職於 北京崇文第一法律事務所,從事經濟、民事、專利及 其他業務領域,並擔任企業法律顧問。自1993年8月 至1996年5月擔任北京服部國際經濟諮詢服務有限公 司副董事長、總經理。賀先生於1984年7月獲得中國 政法大學法律學士學位,其後於2002年9月至2003年 7月間,在美國馬賽諸塞州Salem State College研究 生院修。

賀先生於2021年6月15日辭任本集團聯席公司秘書。

The board of directors (the "Board") of the Company is pleased to present the directors' report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Reporting Period.

本公司董事會(「董事會|)欣然提呈本董事會報告, 連 同本集團本報告期內的經審核綜合財務報表。

Global Offering

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 20 September 2007 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands (the "Companies Law"). The Company's shares (the "Shares") became listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") on 13 March 2014 ("Listing Date") (the "Listing").

Principal Activities and Business Review

The Group is principally engaged in property and land development, property investment, property management and hotel operation in China. An analysis of the Group's revenue for the year by principal activities is set out in Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements.

The fair review, major risks and uncertainties in relation to the businesses of the Group, the performance of the Group during the year and the discussion and analysis on significant factors in relation to results and financial conditions are set out in the Chairman's Statement, Financial Review and Business Review of this annual report, respectively. The future development of the Group's businesses is discussed in different parts of this annual report, including the Chairman's Statement and the chapters regarding significant investments or capital assets of this annual report.

Results

The results of the Group for the Reporting Period are set out in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on pages 132 to 133 of this annual report.

Subsidiaries

Details of the subsidiaries as at 31 December 2021 are set out in Note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

Dividends

Final Dividend

The Board does not recommend the payment of any final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2021.

全球發售

本公司於2007年9月20日在開曼群島根據開曼群島公 司法(「公司法」) 註冊成立為獲豁免有限責任公司。本 公司股份(「股份」)於2014年3月13日(「上市日期」)在香 港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上市(「上市」)。

主要業務及業務回顧

本集團主要在中國從事物業及土地開發、物業投資與 物業管理及酒店經營。本集團按主要業務分類的該年 度收入的分析載於綜合財務報表附註4內。

有關本集團業務的中肯回顧、主要風險及不明朗因 素、本集團年內表現和與業績及財務狀況相關的重要 因素的討論及分析,分別在本年報的主席報告、財務 回顧及業務回顧各章節中闡述。本集團業務的未來發 展於本年報不同部分討論,包括於本年報的主席報告 及重大投資或資本資產的未來計劃各章節。

業績

本集團本報告期內的業績載於本年報第132頁至第 133頁的綜合全面收益表內。

附屬公司

於2021年12月31日的附屬公司詳情載於綜合財務報 表附註14內。

股息

末期股息

董事會不建議派發截至2021年12月31日止年度的任 何末期股息。

董事會報告

Withdrawal of Recommendation for Payment of Interim Dividend

As disclosed in the interim results announcement and the interim report for the six months ended 30 June 2020, the Board declared an interim dividend of HK\$10.00 cents per share for the six months ended 30 June 2020 (the "2020 Interim Dividend").

On 30 July 2021, due to the continued volatility of the market and the continuing impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, and in order to preserve the cash level of the Company for better working capital management purposes, after careful consideration, the Board resolved to withdraw its recommendation for payment of the 2020 Interim Dividend. The 2020 Interim Dividend amounted to approximately RMB233,137,000.00. The Company will preserve such cash resources for its own operations. For details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 30 July 2021.

Dividend Waived or Agreed to be Waived by **Shareholders**

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Board confirms that no Shareholder has waived or agreed to waive any dividend.

Dividend Policy

The Company has adopted the dividend policy ("Dividend Policy"). Pursuant to the dividend policy, subject to the Companies Law, through a general meeting we may declare dividends in any currency but no dividend shall be declared in excess of the amount recommended by the Board. The articles of association of the Company (the "Articles of Association") provide that dividends may be declared and paid out of our profit, realized or unrealized, or from any reserve set aside from profits which the directors determine is no longer needed. With the sanction of an ordinary resolution, dividends may also be declared and paid out of share premium account or any other fund or account which can be authorized for this purpose in accordance with the Companies Law.

The amount of dividend actually distributed to our Shareholders will depend upon the Group's earnings and financial condition, operating requirements, capital requirements and any other conditions that our Directors may deem relevant and will be subject to approval of our shareholders. Our Board has an absolute discretion to recommend any dividend for any year, and there is no assurance that dividends of any amount will be declared or distributed in any future year.

撤銷派付中期股息之建議

誠如截至2020年6月30日止六個月的中期業績公告及 中期報告中所披露,董事會就截至2020年6月30日止 六個月宣派中期股息每股10.00港仙(「2020年中期股 息|)。

由於市況持續波動及新型冠狀病毒肺炎疫情的持續影 響,為保持本公司之現金水平,以達致更佳營運資金 管理,經審慎考慮,於2021年7月30日,董事會已決 議撤銷其派付2020年中期股息之建議。2020年中期 股息之金額約為人民幣233.137百萬元。本公司將保 留該等現金資源以用於本公司之營運。詳情請參見本 公司於2021年7月30日所刊發之公告。

股東放棄或同意放棄的股息

董事會確認,在截至2021年12月31日的年度內,沒 有股東放棄或同意放棄任何股息。

股息政策

本公司已採納股息政策(「股息政策」)。根據股息政 策,在公司法的規限下,本集團可於股東大會上以任 何貨幣宣派股息,惟該等股息不得超過董事會建議宣 派的數額。本公司的公司章程(「公司章程」)規定可動 用本集團溢利(已變現或未變現)或董事認為不再需要 的自溢利中撥出的任何儲備宣派及派付股息。在通過 普通決議案後,亦可動用公司法就此批准的股份溢價 賬或任何其他基金或賬戶宣派及派付股息。

實際向股東分派的股息金額將視乎本集團的盈利及財 務狀況、營運需求、資金需求及董事認為相關的任何 其他條件而定,亦須待股東批准後方可作實。董事會 有絕對酌情權就任何年度建議派發股息,並不保證將 於日後任何年度宣派或分派任何金額的股息。

董事會報告

Financial Summary

A financial summary of the Group's results, assets and liabilities for the last five financial years are set out on pages 9 to 10 of this annual report. This summary does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

The following section lists out the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group. It is a non-exhaustive list and there may be other risks and uncertainties further to the principal risk areas outlined below. Besides, this report does not constitute a recommendation or an advice for anyone to invest in the securities of the Company and investors are advised to make their own judgment or consult their own investment advisors before making any investment in the securities of the Company.

Policy and market risk

Substantially all of the Group's property portfolio is located in the PRC and all of the Group's revenue is derived from the PRC. As such, the Group is therefore subject to the risks associated with China's real estate market. The Group's operations in the PRC may be exposed to the risks of policy change, interest rate change, demand-supply imbalance and the overall economic conditions, which may pose an adverse impact on the Group's business, financial condition or results of operations.

In order to better respond to the opportunities and challenges from the changes in policies, the Group maintained close communication with relevant authorities and carried out in-depth study on the policy direction. In addition to maintaining growth by accelerating the development of existing products, in view that China has now started entering a mature period of real estate development, the proportion of sales from non-residential real estate products gradually picks up and governmental policies also shows greater support for the operation of rental housing and commercial properties, the Group will accelerate transformation by increasing the proportions of two core products, i.e. Commercial Street Complex and Himalaya Apartments, to fully capture the market opportunities.

Operation risk

The Group's operation is subject to a number of risk factors distinctive to property development and property related businesses. Default on the part of its buyers, tenants, sub-tenants and strategic business partners, and inadequacies or failures of internal processes, people and systems or other external factors may have various levels of negative impact on the Group's operational results and reputation.

財務摘要

本集團過去五個財政年度的業績、資產及負債的財務 摘要載於本年報第9至第10頁內。本概要並不構成經 審核綜合財務報表的一部分。

主要風險和不確定因素

以下環節列出本集團面對的主要風險和不確定因素。 此並非將有關項目盡列的列表,除下列的主要風險範 疇以外可能有其他進一步風險和不確定因素。此外, 本報告內容並不構成向任何人士提出投資於本公司 證券的推薦意見或建議,投資者在投資於本公司證券 前,務請作出本身的判斷或諮詢本身的投資顧問。

政策及市場風險

本集團絕大部分物業組合均位於中國,而本集團的收 入全部來自中國。因此,本集團須面對與中國房地產 市場有關的風險。本集團在中國的營運可能面對政策 變化、利率變化、供需失衡和整體經濟狀況的風險, 可能對本集團的業務、財務狀況或經營業績造成不利 影響。

為了更好應對政策變化帶來的機遇與挑戰,本集團與 有關部門保持緊密溝通,深入研究政策方向。除了 通過加速現有產品的開發以保持增長外,鑒於目前中 國大陸開始進入房地產開發成熟期,非住宅產品銷售 比例逐步提升,且國家政策也在加大對租賃房、商業 經營的支持,本集團亦會加快轉型,提升街區綜合體 與喜馬拉雅公寓兩大主力產品比重,充分把握市場機 遇。

營運風險

本集團的營運面對多項物業發展及物業相關業務獨有 的風險因素。其買家、租客、分租客和戰略業務合作 夥伴的違約,以及內部程序、人員及系統的不足或失 效或其他外部因素,可能對本集團的經營業績、名譽 等造成不同程度的負面影響。

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The Group set up relevant systems and policies to prevent accidents. In particular, various systems were established for management of quality, progress, safety, material and cost of project development with project management staff of regional and front-line companies monitoring project progress, construction quality and work site on a real-time basis. It conducted strict assessment on suppliers and implemented stringent control on construction changes, improved construction safety protection measures and set specific assessment indicators.

為防止事故發生,本集團已設立和制訂相關系統及政 策,尤其是針對項目開發過程中的質量、進度、安 全、材料、成本管理等體系。區域和一綫公司的工程 管理人員實時對工程進度、工程質量和施工等情況進 行監控。實行嚴格的供應商評審和工程變更管控機 制,完善施工安全保障措施,並設置明確的考核指 標。

Capital risk

Property development is capital intensive. The Group finances its land acquisitions and property developments through a combination of internally generated funds and external financing. Its ability to obtain external financing in the future is subject to a variety of uncertainties, including the conditions of the financial markets and economic conditions in the PRC. If the Group fails to secure adequate financing or renew its existing loans prior to their expiry as a result of these governmental actions and policy initiatives, there may be a material adverse effect on the business operations and financial condition of the Group.

Under the current challenging financial condition, the Group strengthened the centralized capital management to ensure the capital safety. We emphasized on active sales and timely return on investment and ensured reasonable investment based on the operation and financing plans, thereby achieving dynamic equilibrium of cash flow. Meanwhile, the Group also expanded and diversified the financing channels, actively facilitated financial innovation, consolidated financial resources and established an effective ecosystem of financial cooperation so as to respond to the market risk and meet the capital requirements for the Group's development.

Foreign currency risk

The Group mainly operates in the PRC and conducts its operations mainly in Renminbi. The Group closely monitored the fluctuations of the Renminbi exchange rate and gave prudent consideration as to entering into any currency swap arrangement as and when appropriate for hedging corresponding risks. As at 31 December 2021, the Group had not engaged in hedging activities for managing foreign currency risk

Major Customers and Suppliers

For the Reporting Period, purchases from the Group's largest supplier and five largest suppliers accounted for 19.63% and 39.33% (2020: five largest suppliers accounted for 29.45%) of the Group's total purchases, respectively.

資金風險

物業開發屬資金密集性質。本集團透過內部產生的資 金和外界融資的結合而撥資進行土地收購及物業開 發。其在未來獲得外界融資的能力受限於多種不確定 因素,包括金融市場的情況以及中國經濟環境。倘若 本集團因為此等政府行動及政策措施而未能獲得足夠 的融資或於到期前重續現有貸款,則可能對本集團的 業務經營及財務狀況造成重大不利影響。

在目前較為嚴峻的金融形勢下,集團強化資金集中管 理,保障資金安全,強調積極銷售、及時回款,根 據經營及融資計劃保障合理投資,實現現金流動態平 衡。同時拓展多元化融資渠道,積極推動金融創新, 整合金融資源,構建良好的金融合作生態圈,以應對 市場風險,保障集團發展的資金需求。

外匯風險

本集團主要在中國營運,大部分業務以人民幣計值。 本集團緊密監察人民幣匯率的波動,謹慎考慮是否於 適當時候進行貨幣掉期安排,以對沖相應的風險。於 2021年12月31日,本集團並未進行管理外匯風險的 對沖活動。

主要客戶及供應商

本報告期內,自本集團最大供應商及五大供應商的 採購額分別佔本集團總採購額的19.63%及39.33% (2020年: 五大供應商29.45%)。

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For the Reporting Period, the Group's sales to its largest customer and five largest customers accounted for 0.51% and 1.57% (2020: five largest customers accounted for 1.49%) of the Group's total revenue, respectively. Sales to the five largest customers of the Group accounted for less than 30% of the Group's revenue in the year.

None of the directors of the Company (the "Directors") or any of their associates or any shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders") (who, to the best of the knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any interest in the Group's five largest customers and suppliers.

Relationship with Customers and Suppliers

We are committed to maintaining sound relationship with customers and improving their satisfaction. By providing continuing training and putting forward strict requirements, our front-line receptionists, sales persons, and property management personnel, etc. are able to continuously promote the level of communication and service for customers. Also, we keep focusing on user experience, collect and respond to customers' feedback and therefore the Company and its brand remain to be highly recommended among customers.

We have adopted a just, fair and transparent purchasing system which enables us to obtain competitive price and terms and to avoid the impact of changes in prices of other regions or items. In general, we may purchase raw materials from different local suppliers, and we may obtain all sorts of raw materials from different sources to impair our reliance on one supplier. The time of payment provided by suppliers is subject to various factors, including our relationship with suppliers and the transaction scale.

The Group has a diversified customer base, majority of which are individual property buyers. The Directors consider that the Group is not reliant on any single customer. The largest supplier of the Group engages in property construction, with which the Group has had business relationship for over 10 years.

Property and Equipment

Details of movements in the property and equipment of the Company and the Group during the Reporting Period are set out in Note 11 to the consolidated financial statements.

Investment Properties

Details of movements in the investment properties of the Company and the Group during the Reporting Period are set out in Note 12 to the consolidated financial statements

本報告期內,本集團向本集團最大客戶及五大客戶 作出的銷售額分別佔本集團總收入的0.51%及1.57% (2020年: 五大客戶1.49%),而本集團五大客戶佔本 集團年度收入少於30%。

本公司董事(「董事」)或彼等任何聯繫人或任何本公司 股東(「股東」)(就董事所深知,擁有超過本公司已發行 股本的5%以上)概無於本集團五大客戶及供應商中擁 有任何權益。

與客戶及供應商的關係

我們致力與客戶保持良好的關係及持續提升客戶滿意 度。我們對前線接待人員、銷售人員、物業管理服務 人員等提供持續的培訓和提出高標準的要求,以不斷 提升其客戶溝通和服務水平。我們亦持續關注客戶的 用戶感受,收集並積極回應客戶提供的反饋意見,我 們的企業和品牌一直在客戶中保持較高的美譽度。

我們採取一套完備的公正、公平和透明的採購制度和 體系,有助我們取得更具競爭力的價格和條款及避免 地區或其他價格變化。我們一般可自多名當地供貨商 取得原材料,而我們一般可就各類原材料取得不同供 應來源以減低依賴單一供貨商。我們的供貨商向我們 提供的付款期視平多項因素而定,包括我們與供貨商 的關係及交易規模。

本集團的客戶群較為分散,主要為個人購房者。董事 認為本集團並不依賴任何單一客戶。本集團最大供應 商為一家房屋建築企業,與之已建立超過10年之業務 關係。

物業及設備

本公司及本集團於本報告期內的物業及設備的變動詳 情載於綜合財務報表附註11內。

投資物業

本公司及本集團於本報告期內的投資物業的變動詳情 載於綜合財務報表附註12內。

董事會報告

Share Capital

Details of changes in the Company's share capital for the Reporting Period are set out in Note 29 to the consolidated financial statements. Except for the abovementioned disclosure regarding repurchase of shares, during the Reporting Period, the authorized share capital or the issued share capital of the Company have no any movement.

Professional Tax Advice Recommended

The Shareholders of the Company are advised to seek professional advice if they are unsure about the taxation implications of purchasing, holding, disposing of, dealing in, or the exercise of any rights in relation to the shares of the Company.

Reserves

Details of movements in the reserves of the Group and the Company during the Reporting Period are set out on pages 136 to 137 in the consolidated statement of changes in equity and in Note 29 to the consolidated financial statements.

Distributable Reserves

As at 31 December 2021, details of the reserves available for distribution of the Company are set out in Note 29 to the consolidated financial statements.

Bank Loans and other Borrowings

Particulars of bank loans and other borrowings of the Company and the Group as at 31 December 2021 are set out in Note 26 to the consolidated financial statements.

Directors

The Directors holding office from 1 January 2021 up to the date of this annual report were:

Executive Directors:

Mr. Yi Xiaodi (Chairman) (appointed on 20 September 2007, and reelected on 24 June 2020)

Mr. Fan Xiaochong (Vice Chairman) (appointed on 20 September 2007, and re-elected on 25 June 2021)

股本

本公司於本報告期內的股本變動詳情載於綜合財務報 表附註29內。除上述關於回購股份的披露外,於本報 告期內,本公司之法定股本或已發行股本並無任何變

建議諮詢專業稅務意見

如本公司股東對購買、持有、出售、買賣股份或行使 與公司股份相關的任何權利而引致之稅務問題有任何 疑問,應諮詢專業意見。

儲備

本集團及本公司於本報告期內的儲備變動詳情載於第 136頁至第137頁綜合權益變動表及綜合財務報表附 註29內。

可分派儲備

於2021年12月31日,本公司的可分派儲備詳情載於 綜合財務報表附註29內。

銀行貸款及其他借款

本公司及本集團於2021年12月31日的銀行貸款及其 他借款的詳情載於綜合財務報表附註26內。

董事

自2021年1月1日起直至本年報日期,董事包括:

執行董事:

易小迪先生(主席)(於2007年9月20日獲委任,並於 2020年6月24日獲重選)

范小冲先生(副主席)(於2007年9月20日獲委任,並於 2021年6月25日獲重選)

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Non-executive Directors:

Ms. Fan Xiaohua (appointed on 20 September 2007, and re-elected on 24 June 2020)

Mr. Wang Gongguan (appointed on 1 August 2015, and re-elected on 25 June 2021)

Independent non-executive Directors:

Mr. Gu Yunchang (appointed on 17 February 2014, and re-elected on 24 June 2020)

Mr. Ng Fook Ai, Victor (appointed on 17 February 2014, and re-elected on 21 June 2019)

Mr. Wang Bo (appointed on 1 August 2015, re-elected on 25 June 2021 and resigned on 31 December 2021)

Mr. Li Chunping (appointed on 31 December 2021)

According to articles 83(3), 84(1) and 84(2) of the Articles of Association, and the provisions in the CG Code (as defined below), Mr. Yi Xiaodi, Ms. Fan Xiaohua, Mr. Gu Yunchang, Mr. Ng Fook Ai, Victor, and Mr. Li Chunping will retire from office, and being eligible, have been recommended by the Board for re-election as Directors at the forthcoming annual general meeting ("AGM") to be held in 2023. The proposals for the re-election of the aforementioned Directors will be put forward at the AGM.

Board of Directors and Senior Management

Biographical details of the Directors and senior management of the Group are set out on pages 51 to 62 of this annual report.

Confirmation of Independence of Independent Non-executive Directors

The Company has received an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") from each of the independent non-executive Directors for the Reporting Period. The Company considers that all independent non-executive Directors to be independent in accordance with the independence guidelines set out in the Listing Rules.

非執行董事:

范曉華女士(於2007年9月20日獲委任,並於2020年6 月24日獲重選)

王功權先生(於2015年8月1日獲委任,並於2021年6 月25日獲重選)

獨立非執行董事:

顧雲昌先生(於2014年2月17日獲委任,並於2020年6 月24日獲重選)

黃博愛先生(於2014年2月17日獲委任,並於2019年6 月21日獲重選)

王波先生(於2015年8月1日獲委任,於2021年6月25 日獲重選,並於2021年12月31日辭任)

李春平先生(於2021年12月31日獲委任)

根據公司章程第83(3)條、第84(1)條及第84(2)條,以 及企業管治守則的規定(定義見下文),易小迪先生、 范曉華女十、顧雲昌先生、黃博愛先生及李春平先生 將在本公司將於2023年舉行的應屆股東週年大會(「**股 東週年大會**」)上退任董事一職,惟符合資格經董事會 推薦膺選連任。有關其等連任為本公司董事的決議 案,將於股東週年大會上提呈。

董事會及高級管理層

董事及本集團高級管理層的履歷詳情載於本年報第51 頁至第62頁內。

獨立非執行董事的獨立性確認書

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據聯交所證券上市 規則(「上市規則」)第3.13條作出其於本報告期期間符 合獨立性的年度確認書。公司認為所有獨立非執行董 事均符合上市規則所載的獨立性指引。

董事會報告

Directors' Service Contracts and Letters of Appointment

None of the Directors has entered into any service contract with the Group which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

For the details of the service contracts and the appointment letters of each of the Directors, please see the section headed "Corporate Governance Report" in this annual report.

Directors' Significant Interests in Transactions. Arrangements or Contracts of Significance

No Director had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any transaction, arrangement or contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party during the Reporting Period or as at 31 December 2021.

Management Contracts

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the Reporting Period.

Emolument Policy

A remuneration committee of the Board (the "Remuneration Committee") was set up for reviewing the Group's emolument policy and remuneration structure of all the directors and senior management of the Group, having regard to salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities and employment conditions of other positions in the Group. The remunerations of the Directors were determined by the Board with reference to the duties and responsibilities of the individual Directors, the performance of the Company and the prevailing market conditions, and after taking the advice from the Remuneration Committee.

The Company has adopted a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") as incentive to eligible participants, details of which are set out in the sub-section headed "Share Option Scheme" below.

董事服務合約及委任函

董事概無與本集團訂有本集團在一年內倘不支付補償 (法定補償除外)則不能終止的服務合約。

有關各董事的服務合約及委任函的詳情,請參閱本年 報「企業管治報告」一節。

董事於重大交易、安排或重大合約的重 大權益

本報告期內及截至2021年12月31日,董事概無於本 公司或其任何附屬公司所訂立對本集團業務而言屬重 大的任何交易,安排或合約中直接或間接擁有重大權

管理合約

本報告期內,概無就有關本公司整體業務或其任何主 要部分的管理及行政訂立或訂有任何合約。

薪酬政策

董事會轄下薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」)的設立旨在根 據同類公司支付的薪金、付出的時間及職責以及本集 團內其他職位的僱用條件,檢討本集團的薪酬政策及 所有董事及高級管理層的薪酬架構。董事薪酬乃參考 各董事於本公司之職責、本公司之表現及當前市況, 由薪酬委員會向董事會作出建議,然後董事會作出決

本公司已採納一項購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」),作為 對合資格參與者的獎勵,購股權計劃詳情載於下文 「購股權計劃|分節。

董事會報告

Remuneration of Directors and Five Individuals with Highest Emoluments

Pursuant to code provision E.1.5 of the CG Code, details of the Directors' remuneration policy and five highest paid individuals are set out in Notes 8 and 9 to the consolidated financial statements.

No Director has waived or has agreed to waive any emoluments during the Reporting Period.

Changes to Information in Respect of Directors and **Chief Executive Officer**

From 1 January 2021 and up to the date of this annual report, change in the information that is required to be disclosed and has been disclosed by the Directors pursuant to paragraphs (a) to (e) and (g) of Rule 13.51(2) of the Listing Rules was as follows:

Mr. He Jie resigned as the joint company secretary of the Company on 15 June 2021.

Mr. Wang Jianting resigned as the chief financial officer of the Company on 8 November 2021.

Mr. Han Bin was appointed as the chief financial officer of the Company on 8 November 2021.

Mr. Wang Bo resigned as an independent non-executive director of the Company on 31 December 2021.

Mr. Li Chunping was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company on 31 December 2021.

For the biographies of Mr. Li Chunping and Mr. Han Bin, please refer to the section headed "Directors and Senior Management".

Mr. Ng Fook Ai has served as an independent chairman, and the chairman of remuneration committee, a member of the audit committee and nomination committee of QT Vascular LTD (listed on the main board of the Singapore Stock Exchange, stock code: 510.SI) since January 2022.

董事薪酬及五位最高薪酬人士

根據企業管治守則的守則條文第E.1.5條,有關董事 薪酬政策及五位最高薪酬人士的酬金詳情載於綜合財 務報表附註8及附註9內。

本報告期內,概無董事放棄或同意放棄任何酬金。

董事及行政總裁資料變動

白2021年1月1日起直至本年報日期,董事根據上市 規則第13.51(2)條第(a)至(e)段及第(g)段須予披露及已 披露的資料變動載列如下:

賀傑先生於2021年6月15日辭任本公司聯席公司秘 書。

王建庭先生於2021年11月8日辭任本公司首席財務

韓斌先生於2021年11月8日擔任本公司首席財務官。

王波先生於2021年12月31日辭任本公司獨立非執行 董事。

李春平先生於2021年12月31日擔任本公司獨立非執 行董事。

李春平先生和韓斌先生的履歷,請參閱本年報「董事 及高級管理層」一節。

於2022年1月,黃博愛先生擔任QT Vascular LTD(新 交所主板上市,股份代號:5I0.SI)董事會獨立主席兼 薪酬委員會主席,審計委員會和提名委員會的成員。

董事會報告

Mr. Ng Fook Ai, Victor has served as an independent director of Soilbuild Construction Group Ltd. (listed on the Singapore Stock Exchange Mainboard, stock code: S7P.SI) since April 2022.

Mr. Ng Fook Ai, Victor has served as an independent chairman, and the chairman of the remuneration committee, and a member of the audit committee and nomination committee of Quantum Healthcare Itd (listed on the Singapore Stock Exchange - Catalist, stock code: V8Y.SI) since May 2022 (The listing status of Qt Vascular Ltd. was transferred to Quantum Healthcare Ltd. on 28 July 2022).

On 2 May 2023, a winding-up order was granted by the High Court of The Hong Kong Special Administrative for the winding up of Jiavuan International Group Limited. Mr. Gu Yunchang is an independent nonexecutive director of Jiayuan International Group Limited. Mr. Gu Yunchang has provided the following confirmations to the Company: (i) he has no connection with and no involvement in the petition; (ii) he is not a respondent of the petition nor a party of the winding up proceedings of Jiayuan International Group Limited, and is not aware of any actual or potential claim that has been or will be made against him because of the petition; and (iii) save and except the order, there is no other matter which is required to be disclosed by Mr. Gu Yunchana pursuant to Rules 13.51(2) (h) to (v) of the Listing Rules, and there is no other matter that needs to be brought to the attention of the Company and its shareholders. For details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 19 May 2023.

Save as disclosed above, there is no other information in respect of the Directors and the Chief Executive Officer required to be disclosed under Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules.

Relationship with Employees

We believe that employees are the most valuable asset of the Group, and our human resources management aims to recognize and give back to our employees' contribution. By means of providing competitive remuneration and implementing appraisal system with appropriate incentives as well as providing adequate training and opportunities, we endeavor to promote the career development of the Group's employees. Approximately 349 employees have been serving for the Group for over 10 years.

自2022年4月起,黃博愛先生獲任Soilbuild Construction Group Ltd.(在新交所主板上市,股份代 號:S7P.SI)獨立董事。

自2022年5月起,黃博愛先生獲任Quantum Healthcare Ltd.(在新交所凱利板上市,股份代號: V8Y.SI)獨立董事長,薪酬委員會主席,審計委員會 及提名委員會成員(於2022年7月28日QT Vascular Ltd.的上市狀態轉移至Quantum Healthcare Ltd.)。

於2023年5月2日,香港特別行政區高等法院就佳源 國際控股有限公司的清盤授出清盤令。顧雲昌先生是 佳源國際控股有限公司的獨立非執行董事。顧雲昌先 生已向本公司作出以下確認:(i)彼與呈請概無關連, 亦無參與其中; (ii)彼並非呈請的答辯人, 亦非佳源國 際控股有限公司清盤程序的當事人,且概不知悉由於 呈請事宜已或將針對其作出的任何實際或潛在索償; 及(iii)除清盤令外,概無其他事宜須由顧雲昌先生根 據上市規則第13.51(2)(h)至(v)條作出披露,亦無其他 事宜須提請本公司及其股東垂注。詳情請參閱本公司 2023年5月19日之公告。

除上文所披露者外,概無董事及行政總裁的其他資料 根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條須予披露。

與僱員的關係

我們認為僱員是本集團最寶貴的資產,本集團人力資 源管理的目標是,以具競爭力的薪酬待遇回饋及肯定 傑出僱員的貢獻,以及實施具有適當獎勵的良好表現 評估制度,並且藉提供足夠的培訓及機會,推動本集 團內僱員的職業發展。本集團約有349名僱員已為本 集團服務超過10年。

董事會報告

Interests and Short Positions of Directors and Chief **Executives In Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures**

As at 31 December 2021, the interests or short positions of Directors or chief executives of the Company in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) (i) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO) or (ii) which were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered into the register maintained by the Company, or (iii) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") were as follows:

董事及主要行政人員於股份、相關股份 及倩券中的權益及淡倉

於2021年12月31日,董事及本公司主要行政人員 於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例 (「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)的股份、相關股份及債 券中擁有(i)須根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分 部,須知會本公司及聯交所的權益或淡倉(包括根據 證券及期貨條例有關條文被當作或視為擁有的權益或 淡倉),或(ii)根據證券及期貨條例第352條須登記於本 公司存置的登記冊內的權益或淡倉,或(iii)根據上市 公司董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)須知 會本公司及聯交所的權益或淡倉如下:

Annrovimate

Interests in the Company

於本公司的權益

Name of Director 董事姓名	Capacities in which interests are held 持有權益的身份	Interests in Shares 股份權益	Approximate percentage of issued share capital of the Company 佔已發行 股本概約百分比	Notes 附註
Yi Xiaodi 易小迪	Persons acting in concert 一致行動人士 Interest of a controlled corporation 受控制法團權益 Founder of a discretionary trust 全權信託創立人	1,712,056,906 (L)	67.12%	1, 2, 3
Fan Xiaochong 范小冲	Persons acting in concert 一致行動人士 Interest of a controlled corporation 受控制法團權益 Founder of a discretionary trust 全權信託創立人	1,712,056,906 (L)	67.12%	1, 2, 4
Fan Xiaohua 范曉華	Persons acting in concert 一致行動人士 Interest of a controlled corporation 受控制法團權益 Founder of a discretionary trust 全權信託創立人	1,712,056,906 (L)	67.12%	1, 2, 5

董事會報告

Notes:

- (1) The letter "L" denotes the person's long positions in the
- (2) 40% of the issued share capital of Joywise Holdings Limited ("Joywise") is held by Ming Fai International Limited ("Ming Fai") and 60% of the issued share capital of Joywise is held by Harvest Well Holdings Limited ("Harvest Well"). Both Ming Fai and Harvest Well are deemed under the SFO to be interested in the Shares held by Joywise. 72.4% of the issued share capital of each of Ming Fai and Harvest Well are held by Fantasy Races Limited. In light of the above. Fantasy Races Limited is deemed under the SFO to be interested in the Shares held by Joywise.

As at the date of this report, 1,418,859,855 ordinary shares of the Company held by Joywise have been charged, which represents approximately 55.62% of the total issued shares of the Company.

Mr. Yi Xiaodi is the founder of a discretionary family trust, the discretionary beneficiaries of which are Mr. Yi Xiaodi, his family members and other persons who may join in from time to time (the "Yi Family Trust"). By virtue of the SFO, he is deemed to be interested in the Shares which Fantastic Magician Limited is interested in.

Mr. Yi Xiaodi is also one of the founders of a discretionary investment collective trust established by Mr. Yi Xiaodi, Mr. Fan Xiaochong, Ms. Fan Xiaohua, Mr. Jin Xiangfei, Ms. Liu Chaohui, Mr. Tian Feng, Mr. Li Mingqiang (the "Individual Controlling Shareholders"), the discretionary beneficiaries of which are the Individual Controlling Shareholders and other persons who may join in from time to time (the "Sunshine Trust I"). By virtue of the SFO, Mr. Yi Xiaodi is deemed to be interested in the Shares which Fantasy Races Limited is interested in

Mr. Yi Xiaodi is one of the parties to each of the concert party agreement dated 12 August 2010 entered into among Mr. Yi Xiaodi, Mr. Fan Xiaochong, Ms. Fan Xiaohua and Mr. Liao Chimei (the "2010 Agreement") and the concert party agreement dated 1 August 2013 entered into among the Individual Controlling Shareholders (the "2013 Agreement"). By virtue of the SFO, he is deemed to be interested in the Shares which the other parties to each of those agreements are interested in

In light of the above and the other notes, Mr. Yi Xiaodi is deemed under the SFO to be interested in the Shares held by Jovwise

Mr. Yi Xiaodi has the control of Delight Grandeur Limited (愉 偉有限公司) ("Delight Grandeur") which holds 18,857,000 Shares, accounting for 0.74% of the issued share capital. By virtue of the SFO, Mr. Yi Xiaodi is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Delight Grandeur.

附註:

- (1) 字母[L]代表相關人士所持的股份好倉。
- (2) 明輝國際有限公司(「明輝」)持有樂昇控股有 限公司(「樂昇」)40%已發行股本,而漢威控 股有限公司(「漢威」)持有樂昇60%已發行股 本。根據證券及期貨條例,明輝與漢威均被 視為持有樂昇所持股份權益。Fantasy Races Limited持有明輝與漢威各自的72.4%已發 行股本。綜上所述,根據證券及期貨條例, Fantasy Races Limited被視為持有樂昇所持 股份權益。

截至本報告日期, 樂昇持有1,418,859,855 股普通股被質押,約佔公司已發行股本的 55.62% 。

易小迪先生為全權家族信託的創立人,該全 權家族信託的全權受益人為易小迪先生、其 家庭成員及可能不時加入的其他人士(「易氏 家族信託」)。根據證券及期貨條例,其被視 為持有Fantastic Magician Limited所持股份 權益。

> 易小迪先生亦為由易小迪先生、范小冲先 生、范曉華女士、靳翔飛先生、劉朝輝女 士、田豐先生、李明強先生(「個人控股股 東」)設立的全權投資集合信託的創立人之 一,該全權投資集合信託的全權受益人為個 人控股股東及可能不時加入的其他人士(「陽 **光信託**山)。根據證券及期貨條例,易小迪先 生視為持有Fantasy Races Limited所持股份 權益。

> 易小迪先生分別是由易小迪先生、范小冲先 生、范畴華女士及廖赤眉先生訂立的日期為 2010年8月12日的一致行動人士協議(「2010 年協議|)及由個人控股股東之間訂立的日期 為2013年8月1日的一致行動人士協議(「2013 **年協議**」)的訂約方之一。根據證券及期貨條 例,其被視為持有該等協議其他各訂約方所 持股份權益。

> 根據以上及其他附註,按照證券及期貨條 例, 易小迪先生被視為持有樂昇所持股份權 益。

> 易小迪先生持有愉偉有限公司(「愉偉」)的控制 權,而愉偉持有18,857,000股股份,佔已發 行股本的0.74%。根據證券及期貨條例,易 小迪先生被視為持有愉偉所持股份權益。

董事會報告

Mr. Fan Xiaochong is the founder of a discretionary family trust, the discretionary beneficiaries of which are Mr. Fan Xiaochong, his family members and other persons who may join in from time to time (the "FXC Family Trust"). By virtue of the SFO, he is deemed to be interested in the Shares which True Passion Limited is interested in.

Mr. Fan Xiaochong is also one of the founders of the Sunshine Trust I. By virtue of the SFO, he is deemed to be interested in the Shares which Fantasy Races Limited is interested in.

Mr. Fan Xiaochong is also one of the founders of a discretionary collective trust established by the Individual Controlling Shareholders, the discretionary beneficiaries of which are three persons and other persons who may join in from time to time (the "Sunshine Trust II"). By virtue of the SFO, he is deemed to be interested in the Shares which Floral Crystal Limited is interested in.

Mr. Fan Xiaochong is one of the parties to each of the 2010 Agreement and the 2013 Agreement. By virtue of the SFO, Mr. Fan Xiaochong is deemed to be interested in the Shares which the other parties to each of those agreements are interested

In light of the above and the other notes, Mr. Fan Xiaochong is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Joywise under the SFO.

Ms. Fan Xiaohua is the founder of a discretionary family trust, the discretionary beneficiaries of which are Ms. Fan Xiaohua, her family members and other persons who may join in from time to time (the "FXH Family Trust"). By virtue of the SFO, she is deemed to be interested in the Shares which Glorious Glory Limited is interested in.

Ms. Fan Xiaohua is also one of the founders of the Sunshine Trust I. By virtue of the SFO, she is deemed to be interested in the Shares which Fantasy Races Limited is interested in.

Ms. Fan Xiaohua is one of the parties to each of the 2010 Agreement and the 2013 Agreement. By virtue of the SFO, she is deemed to be interested in the Shares which the other parties to each of those agreements are interested in.

In light of the above and the other notes, Ms. Fan Xiaohua is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Joywise under the SFO.

范小冲先生為全權家族信託的創立人,該全 權家族信託的全權受益人為范小冲先生、其 家庭成員及可能不時加入的其他人士(「范小 **冲家族信託**|)。根據證券及期貨條例,其被 視為持有True Passion Limited所持股份權 益。

> 范小冲先生亦為陽光信託I的創立人之一。根 據證券及期貨條例,其被視為持有Fantasy Races Limited所持股份權益。

> 范小冲先生亦為由個人控股股東設立的全權 集合信託的創立人之一,該全權集合信託 的全權受益人為三名人士及可能不時加入 的其他人士(「**陽光信託II**」)。根據證券及期 貨條例,范小冲先生視為持有Floral Crystal Limited所持股份權益。

> 范小冲先生分別是2010年協議及2013年協 議訂約方之一。根據證券及期貨條例,其被 視為持有該等協議其他各訂約方所持股份權 益。

> 根據以上及其他附註,按照證券及期貨條 例,范小冲先生被視為持有樂昇所持股份權 益。

范曉華女士為全權家族信託的創立人,該全 權家族信託的全權受益人為范曉華女士、其 家庭成員及可能不時加入的其他人士(「范曉 **華家族信託**」)。根據證券及期貨條例,其被 視為持有Glorious Glory Limited所持股份權

> 范曉華女士亦為陽光信託」的創立人之一。根 據證券及期貨條例,其被視為持有Fantasy Races Limited所持股份權益。

> 范曉華女士分別是2010年協議及2013年協 議訂約方之一。根據證券及期貨條例,其被 視為持有該等協議其他各訂約方所持股份權 益。

> 根據以上及其他附註,按照證券及期貨條 例,范畴華女士被視為持有樂昇所持股份權 益。

董事會報告

(ii) Interests in associated corporations

(ii) 於相聯法團的權益

Name of Director 董事姓名	Capacities in which interests are held 持有權益的身份	Name of associated corporation 相聯法團名稱	Interests in Shares 股份權益	Percentage of shareholding 持股百分比	Notes 附註
Yi Xiaodi 易小迪	Persons acting in concert 一致行動人士 Founder of discretionary trusts 全權信託創立人	Harvest Well 漢威	50,000	100%	1
Fan Xiaochong 范小冲	Persons acting in concert 一致行動人士 Founder of discretionary trusts 全權信託創立人	Harvest Well 漢威	50,000	100%	2
Fan Xiaohua 范曉華	Persons acting in concert 一致行動人士 Founder of discretionary trusts 全權信託創立人	Harvest Well 漢威	50,000	100%	3
Yi Xiaodi 易小迪	Persons acting in concert 一致行動人士 Interest of a controlled corporation 受控制法團權益 Founder of discretionary trusts 全權信託創立人	Joywise 樂昇	50,000	100%	4
Fan Xiaochong 范小冲	Persons acting in concert 一致行動人士 Interest of a controlled corporation 受控制法團權益 Founder of discretionary trusts 全權信託創立人	Joywise 樂昇	50,000	100%	5
Fan Xiaohua 范曉華	Persons acting in concert 一致行動人士 Interest of a controlled corporation 受控制法團權益	Joywise 樂昇	50,000	100%	6
Yi Xiaodi 易小迪	Founder of discretionary trusts 全權信託創立人 Persons acting in concert 一致行動人士	Ming Fai 明輝	50,000	100%	1
Fan Xiaochong 范小冲	Founder of discretionary trusts 全權信託創立人 Persons acting in concert 一致行動人士	Ming Fai 明輝	50,000	100%	2

董事會報告

Name of Director 董事姓名	Capacities in which interests are held 持有權益的身份	Name of associated corporation 相聯法團名稱	Interests in Shares 股份權益	Percentage of shareholding 持股百分比	Notes 附註
Fan Xiaohua 范曉華	Founder of discretionary trusts 全權信託創立人 Persons acting in concert 一致行動人士 Founder of discretionary trusts 全權信託創立人	Ming Fai 明輝	50,000	100%	3
Yi Xiaodi 易小迪	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 Person acting in concert 一致行動人士	Delight Grandeur 愉偉	50,000	100%	1
Fan Xiaochong 范小冲	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 Person acting in concert 一致行動人士	Delight Grandeur 愉偉	50,000	100%	2
Fan Xiaohua 范曉華	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 Person acting in concert 一致行動人士	Delight Grandeur 愉偉	50,000	100%	3

Notes:

- (1) Please refer to Note (3) in the sub-section above headed "(i) Interests in the Company".
- (2) Please refer to Note (4) in the sub-section above headed "(i) Interests in the Company".
- (3)Please refer to Note (5) in the sub-section above headed "(i) Interests in the Company".
- Please refer to Note (2) and (3) in the sub-section above headed "(i) Interests in the Company".
- Please refer to Note (2) and (4) in the sub-section above headed "(i) Interests in the Company".
- Please refer to Note (2) and (5) in the sub-section above (6) headed "(i) Interests in the Company".

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2021, none of the directors or chief executives of the Company had or was deemed to have any interest or short position in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) that was required to be recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code

附註:

- 請參閱上文「(i)於本公司的權益」分節附註
- 請參閱 上文[(i)於本公司的權益 | 分節附許 (2) (4) 。
- 請參閱上文「(i)於本公司的權益」分節附註 (3) (5) °
- 請參閱上文「(i)於本公司的權益」分節附註(2) (4) 及(3)。
- 請參閱上文「(i)於本公司的權益」分節附註(2) (5)及(4)。
- (6) 請參閱上文「(i)於本公司的權益」分節附註(2)

除上文所披露者外,於2021年12月31日,概無 本公司董事及主要行政人員於本公司或其相聯 法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)的股份、 相關股份或債券中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第 XV部須記入本公司根據證券及期貨條例第352 條存置的登記冊的任何其他權益或淡倉,或根 據標準守則須另行知會本公司及聯交所的任何 其他權益或淡倉。

董事會報告

Directors' Rights to Acquire Shares or Debentures

Save as otherwise disclosed in this annual report, at no time during the Reporting Period were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of Shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Director or their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company and any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors, or their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age, to acquire such rights in any other corporate body.

Substantial Shareholders' Interests or Short Positions in Shares and Underlying Shares

As at 31 December 2021, to the best of the knowledge of the directors, the following persons (not being a director or chief executive of the Company) had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares which fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO:

董事購買股份或債券的權利

除本年度報告所披露者外,本報告期內任何時間,概 無授予任何董事或彼等各自配偶或未滿18歲的子女通 過購入本公司股份或債券的方式而獲益的權利,或由 彼等行使任何該等權利; 亦無由本公司或其任何附屬 公司作出安排以令董事,或彼等各自配偶或未滿18歲 的子女於任何其他法人團體獲得該等權利。

主要股東於股份及相關股份的權益或淡倉

於2021年12月31日,據董事所深知,按本公司根據 證券及期貨條例第336條須予存置的登記冊所記錄, 以下人士(並非董事或本公司主要行政人員)於股份或 相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3 分部的條文須向本公司披露的權益或淡倉:

Name of shareholder 股東名稱/姓名	Capacities in which interests are held 持有權益的身份	Interests in Shares 股份權益	Approximate percentage of Shareholding 持股概約百分比	Notes 附註
Joywise 樂昇	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	1,458,144,906 (L)	57.16%	1, 2
		235,055,000 (L)	9.21%	
Ming Fai 明輝	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控制法團權益	1,693,199,906 (L)	66.38%	1, 3
Harvest Well 漢威	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控制法團權益	1,693,199,906 (L)	66.38%	1, 4
Fantasy Races Limited	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控制法團權益	1,693,199,906 (L)	66.38%	1, 5
Jin Xiangfei 靳翔飛	Persons acting in concert 一致行動人士 Interest of a controlled corporation 受控制法團權益 Founder of a discretionary trust 全權信託創立人	1,712,056,906 (L)	67.12%	1, 6

董事會報告

Name of shareholder 股東名稱/姓名	Capacities in which interests are held 持有權益的身份	Interests in Shares 股份權益	Approximate percentage of Shareholding 持股概約百分比	Notes 附註
Liu Chaohui 劉朝暉	Persons acting in concert 一致行動人士 Interest of a controlled corporation	1,712,056,906 (L)	67.12%	1, 7
	受控制法團權益 Founder of a discretionary trust 全權信託創立人			
Tian Feng 田豐	Persons acting in concert 一致行動人士	1,712,056,906 (L)	67.12%	1, 8
	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控制法團權益			
	Founder of a discretionary trust 全權信託創立人			
Li Mingqiang 李明強	Persons acting in concert 一致行動人士	1,712,056,906 (L)	67.12%	1, 9
مندور و	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控制法團權益			
	Founder of a discretionary trust 全權信託創立人			
Cititrust Private Trust (Cayman) Limited	Trustee 受託人	1,693,199,906 (L)	66.38%	1, 10
Limitod	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控制法團權益			
Beyond Steady Limited	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	235,055,000 (L)	9.21%	1, 11
		235,055,000 (S)	9.21%	
	Person having a security interest in shares 持有股份的保證權益的人士	1,066,619,774 (L)	41.81%	
Huarong International Financial Holdings Limited	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控制法團權益	1,301,674,774 (L)	51.03%	1, 11
3.5m.g		235,055,000 (S)	9.21%	

董事會報告

Name of shareholder 股東名稱/姓名	Capacities in which interests are held 持有權益的身份	Interests in Shares 股份權益	Approximate percentage of Shareholding 持股概約百分比	Notes 附註
China Huarong Asset Management Co., Ltd. 中國華融資產管理股份有限公司	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控制法團權益	1,301,674,774 (L)	51.03%	1, 11
		235,055,000 (S)	9.21%	
Central New Ventures Limited	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	310,263,000 (L)	12.16%	1, 12
Shanghai Libo Investment Center (LP) 上海勵博投資中心(有限合夥)	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控制法團權益	310,263,000 (L)	12.16%	1, 12
Beijing Fudingxin Investment Management Co., Ltd 北京富鼎信投資管理有限公司	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控制法團權益	310,263,000 (L)	12.16%	1, 12
FDH Private Equity Investment Fund Management (Tianjin) Co., Ltd. 富鼎和股權投資基金管理(天津)	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控制法團權益	310,263,000 (L)	12.16%	1, 12
有限公司				

Notes:

The letter "L" denotes the person's long position in the Shares. The (1)

- Letter "S" denotes the person's short position in the Shares.
- Joywise holds 66.38% of the issued share capital of the Company, (2)including 9.21% of derivative interests. As at the date of this report, 1,418,859,855 ordinary shares of the Company held by Joywise have been charged, which represents approximately 55.62% of the total issued shares of the Company.
- 40% of the issued share capital of Joywise is held by Ming Fai. Ming Fai is deemed under the SFO to be interested in the Shares held by Joywise.
- 60% of the issued share capital of Joywise is held by Harvest Well. Harvest Well is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Joywise under the SFO.
- 72.4% of the issued share capital of each of Ming Fai and Harvest Well are held by Fantasy Races Limited. In light of the above and notes 2 and 3, Fantasy Races Limited is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Joywise under the SFO.

附註:

- 字母[L]代表相關人士所持的股份好倉。字母[S]代 (1) 表相關人士所持的股份淡倉。
- 樂昇擁有本公司66.38%已發行股本,當中包括 (2) 9.21%衍生權益。截至本報告日期,樂昇持有 1,418,859,855股普通股被質押,約佔公司已發行股 本的55.62%。
- 明輝持有樂昇40%已發行股本。根據證券及期貨條 例,明輝視為持有樂昇所持股份權益。
- 漢威持有樂昇60%已發行股本。根據證券及期貨條 例,漢威視為持有樂昇所持股份權益。
- Fantasy Races Limited持有明輝與漢威各72.4% 已發行股本。根據以上及附註2及3與證券及期貨條 例,Fantasy Races Limited視為持有樂昇所持股份 權益。

董事會報告

Mr. Jin Xiangfei is the founder of a discretionary family trust, the discretionary beneficiaries of which are Mr. Jin Xiangfei, his family members and other persons who may join in from time to time (the "Jin Family Trust"). By virtue of the SFO, Mr. Jin Xiangfei is deemed to be interested in the Shares which Creative Goal Limited is interested in

Mr. Jin Xiangfei is one of the parties to the 2013 Agreement. By virtue of the SFO, Mr. Jin Xiangfei is deemed to be interested in the Shares which the other parties to that agreement are interested in. Out of the other parties, three of them, namely, Mr. Yi Xiaodi, Mr. Fan Xiaochong and Ms. Fan Xiaohua, are deemed to be interested in the Shares which Mr. Liao Chimei is interested in by virtue of the 2010 Agreement.

In light of the above and the other notes, Mr. Jin Xiangfei is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Joywise under the SFO.

Ms. Liu Chaohui is the founder of a discretionary family trust, the discretionary beneficiaries of which are Ms. Liu Chaohui, her family members and other persons who may join in from time to time (the "Liu Family Trust"). By virtue of the SFO, Ms. Liu Chaohui is deemed to be interested in the Shares which Butterfly Fairy Limited is interested in.

Ms. Liu Chaohui is one of the parties to the 2013 Agreement. By virtue of the SFO, Ms. Liu Chaohui is deemed to be interested in the Shares which the other parties to that agreement are interested in. Out of the other parties, three of them, namely, Mr. Yi Xiaodi, Mr. Fan Xiaochong and Ms. Fan Xiaohua, are deemed to be interested in the Shares which Mr. Liao Chimei is interested in by virtue of the 2010 Agreement.

In light of the above and the other notes, Ms. Liu Chaohui is deemed under the SFO to be interested in the Shares held by Joywise.

Mr. Tian Feng is the founder of a discretionary family trust, the discretionary beneficiaries of which are Mr. Tian Feng, his family members and other persons who may join in from time to time (the "Tian Family Trust"). By virtue of the SFO, Mr. Tian Feng is deemed to be interested in the Shares which Happy Sunshine Limited is interested in.

Mr. Tian Feng is one of the parties to the 2013 Agreement, By virtue of the SFO, Mr. Tian Feng is deemed to be interested in the Shares which the other parties to that agreement are interested in. Out of the other parties, three of them, namely, Mr. Yi Xiaodi, Mr. Fan Xiaochong and Ms. Fan Xiaohua, are deemed to be interested in the Shares which Mr. Liao Chimei is interested in by virtue of the 2010 Agreement.

In light of the above and the other notes, Mr. Tian Feng is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Joywise under the SFO.

靳翔飛先生為全權家族信託的創立人,該全權家族 信託的全權受益人為靳翔飛先生、其家庭成員及可 能不時加入的其他人士(「靳氏家族信託」)。根據證 券及期貨條例,靳翔飛先生視為持有Creative Goal Limited所持股份權益。

> 靳翔飛先生是2013年協議訂約方之一。根據證券及 期貨條例,靳翔飛先生視為持有該協議其他各訂約 方所持股份權益。根據2010年協議,三名其他訂約 方即易小迪先生、范小冲先生及范畴華女士視為持 有廖赤眉先生所持股份權益。

> 根據以上及其他附註與證券及期貨條例,靳翔飛先 生視為持有樂昇所持股份權益。

劉朝輝女士為全權家族信託的創立人,該全權家族 信託的全權受益人為劉朝輝女士、其家庭成員及可 能不時加入的其他人士(「劉氏家族信託」)。根據證 券及期貨條例,劉朝暉女士視為持有Butterfly Fairy Limited所持股份權益。

> 劉朝暉女士是2013年協議訂約方之一。根據證券及 期貨條例,劉朝暉女士視為持有該協議其他各訂約 方所持股份權益。根據2010年協議,三名其他訂約 方即易小迪先生、范小冲先生及范畴華女士視為持 有廖赤眉先生所持股份權益。

> 根據以上及其他附註與證券及期貨條例,劉朝輝女 士視為持有樂昇所持股份權益。

田豐先生為全權家族信託的創立人,該全權家族信 託的全權受益人為田豐先生、其家庭成員及可能 不時加入的其他人士(「田氏家族信託」)。根據證券 及期貨條例,田豐先生視為持有Happy Sunshine Limited所持股份權益。

> 田豐先生是2013年協議訂約方之一。根據證券及期 貨條例,田豐先生視為持有該協議其他各訂約方所 持股份權益。根據2010年協議,三名其他訂約方即 易小迪先生、范小冲先生及范曉華女士視為持有廖 赤眉先生所持股份權益。

> 根據以上及其他附註與證券及期貨條例,田豐先生 視為持有樂昇所持股份權益。

董事會報告

Mr. Li Minggiang is the founder of a discretionary family trust, the discretionary beneficiaries of which are Mr. Li Mingqiang, his family members and other persons who may join in from time to time (the "Li Family Trust"). By virtue of the SFO, Mr. Li Minggiang is deemed to be interested in the Shares which Ultimate Triumph Investments Limited is interested in.

Mr. Li Mingqiang is one of the parties to the 2013 Agreement. By virtue of the SFO, Mr. Li Minggiang is deemed to be interested in the Shares which the other parties to that agreement are interested in. Out of the other parties, three of them, namely, Mr. Yi Xiaodi, Mr. Fan Xiaochong and Ms. Fan Xiaohua, are deemed to be interested in the Shares which Mr. Liao Chimei is interested in by virtue of the 2010 Agreement.

In light of the above and the other notes, Mr. Li Minggiang is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Joywise under the SFO.

(10) Cititrust Private Trust (Cayman) Limited (the "Trustee") is the trustee under the Yi Family Trust, the FXC Family Trust, the FXH Family Trust, the Jin Family Trust, the Tian Family Trust, the Liu Family Trust, the Li Family Trust, the Sunshine Trust I and the Sunshine Trust II. For details of these trusts, see "History, Reorganization and Group Structure - Establishment of Offshore Trusts" from page 121 to page 122 of the prospectus (the "Prospectus").

In light of the above and notes 2 and 3, the Trustee is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Joywise under the SFO.

- (11) 100% of the equity interests of Beyond Steady Limited are indirectly held by Huarong International Financial Holdings Limited and China Huarong Asset Management Co., Ltd. Therefore, Huarong International Financial Holdings Limited and China Huarong Asset Management Co., Ltd. are deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Beyond Steady Limited under the SFO.
- (12) 60% of the equity interest of Central New Ventures Limited is held by Shanghai Libo Investment Center (LP). Beijing Fudingxin Investment and Management Co., Ltd., wholly owned by FDH Private Equity Investment Fund Management (Tianjin) Co., Ltd., is the general partner of Shanghai Libo Investment Center (LP). Therefore, Shanghai Libo Investment Center (LP), Beijing Fudingxin Investment and Management Co., Ltd. and FDH Private Equity Investment Fund Management (Tianjin) Co., Ltd. are deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Central New Ventures Limited under the SFO.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2021, the directors were not aware of any persons (who were not directors or chief executives of the Company) who had an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares which would fall to be disclosed under Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which would be required, pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein.

李明強先生為全權家族信託的創立人,該全權家 族信託的全權受益人為李明強先生、其家庭成員 及可能不時加入的其他人士(「李氏家族信託」)。根 據證券及期貨條例,李明強先生視為持有Ultimate Triumph Investments Limited所持股份權益。

> 李明強先生是2013年協議訂約方之一。根據證券及 期貨條例,李明強先生視為持有該協議其他各訂約 方所持股份權益。根據2010年協議,三名其他訂約 方即易小迪先生、范小冲先生及范畴華女士視為持 有廖赤眉先生所持股份權益。

> 根據以上及其他附註與證券及期貨條例,李明強先 生視為持有樂昇所持股份權益。

(10) Cititrust Private Trust (Cayman) Limited(「受託 人」)為易氏家族信託、范小冲家族信託、范曉華家 族信託、靳氏家族信託、田氏家族信託、劉氏家族 信託、李氏家族信託、陽光信託|及陽光信託||所涉 受託人。有關該等信託的詳情,請參閱售股章程 (「售股章程」)第121至第122的「歷史、重組及集團架 構-成立境外信託|。

> 根據以上及附註2及3與證券及期貨條例,受託人視 為持有樂昇所持股份權益。

- (11) 華融國際金融控股有限公司及中國華融資產管理股 份有限公司間接持有Beyond Steady Limited 100% 的權益。因此,根據證券及期貨條例,華融國際金 融控股有限公司及中國華融資產管理股份有限公司 被視作持有Beyond Steady Limited所持股份權益。
- 上海勵博投資中心(有限合夥)持有Central New Ventures Limited 60%權益。北京富鼎信投資管理 有限公司(為富鼎和股權投資基金管理(天津)有限公 司一全資附屬公司)乃上海勵博投資中心(有限合夥) 的普通合夥人。因此,根據證券及期貨條例,上海 勵博投資中心(有限合夥)、北京富鼎信投資管理有 限公司及富鼎和股權投資基金管理(天津)有限公司 被視作持有Central New Ventures Limited所持股 份權益。

除上文所披露者外,於2021年12月31日,董事並不 知悉,任何人士(並非董事或本公司主要行政人員)於 股份或相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部 第2及3分部規定須予披露的權益或淡倉,或須根據證 券及期貨條例第336條登記於該條所述登記冊的權益 或淡倉。

董事會報告

Controlling Shareholders' Interests In Contracts of **Significance**

No controlling shareholders (as defined in the Listing Rules) or its subsidiary had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any contract of significance, whether for the provision of services or otherwise, to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party during the Reporting Period.

Purchase, Sale and Redemption of the Listed **Securities of the Company**

Issue of USD120 Million 12.0% Senior Notes Due 2023 (the "2023 Notes")

On 29 January 2021, the Company, certain offshore subsidiaries of the Company that provide guarantees pursuant to the indenture in respect of the 2023 Notes and Haitong International Securities Company Limited entered into the subscription agreement in relation to the issue of USD120 million 12.0% senior notes due 2023 (the "Notes Issue").

The estimated gross proceeds of the Notes Issue, after deducting issue discounts in connection with the offering, amounted to approximately USD119.9 million, which was intended to be used to repay its existing indebtedness. The 2023 Notes have been listed on The Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited since 4 February 2021. The Notes Issue was completed on 3 February 2021. As at 31 December 2021, the balance of the gross proceeds was approximately USD8.0 million and the balance has been utilised as at the date of this report. Please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 3 February 2021 for details of the issuance of the 2023 Notes and the announcements of the Company dated 11 August 2021, 25 August 2021 and 6 December 2021 and 3 October 2023 for details of the cross default under the 2023 Notes.

Repurchase and Cancellation of Convertible Bonds

As at 1 March 2021, the Company repurchased and cancelled all HK\$750 million in aggregate principal amount of 4.80% convertible bonds due 2023 (ISIN: XS1877804895) in the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("Bonds"). Upon cancellation of the repurchased Bonds, there are no Bonds outstanding. For details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 1 March 2021.

控股股東於重大合約的權益

本報告期內,控股股東(定義見上市規則)或其附屬公 司概無於本公司或其任何附屬公司所訂立對本集團業 務而言屬重大的任何合約(不論為提供服務或其他事 務)中直接或間接擁有重大權益。

購買、出售及贖回本公司上市證券

發行120百萬美元於2023年到期的12.0%優先票據 (「2023年票據 |)

於2021年1月29日,本公司、根據有關2023年票據合 約提供擔保的若干境外附屬公司及海通國際證券有限 公司就發行120百萬美元於2023年到期的12.0%優先 票據訂立認購協議(「票據發行」)。

經扣除與本次發行相關的發行折價,票據發行的估 計所得款項總額約為119.9百萬美元,擬用於償還既 存債務。2023年票據於2021年2月4日在新加坡證券 交易所有限公司上市。票據發行已於2021年2月3日 完成。於2021年12月31日,募集資金餘額約為8.0百 萬美元,於本報告日期,餘額已全部使用完畢。有關 發行2023年票據的詳情,請參閱本公司於2021年2 月3日所刊發之公告,有關2023年票據下交叉違約的 詳情,請參閱本公司於2021年8月11日、2021年8月 25日、2021年12月6日及2023年10月3日所刊發之公 告。

回購及註銷可轉換債券

截至2021年3月1日,本公司已於新加坡證券交易所 有限公司回購並註銷全部於2023年到期按4.80%計 息之可轉換債券(ISIN:XS1877804895), 本金總額為 750百萬港元(「債券」)。註銷回購債券後,概無未償 還債券。詳情請參閱本公司日期為2021年3月1日之 公告。

董事會報告

Issue of USD219,600,000 13.0% Senior Green Notes Due 2022 (the "2022 Notes")

On 2 July 2021, the Company issued USD219,600,000 13% Senior Green Notes due 2022. The 2022 Notes bears interest from 30 June 2021, at 13.0% per annum payable on 30 December 2021 and 29 June 2022. The 2022 Notes matured on 29 June 2022 and are senior obligations of the Company guaranteed by its certain offshore subsidiaries.

The gross proceeds from this offering are approximately USD219.6 million, which the Company plan to use to refinance its existing indebtedness and in accordance with its Green Finance Framework. As at 31 December 2021, the gross proceeds has been utilised.

Please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 2 July 2021 and the offering memorandum dated 29 June 2021 for details of the issuance of the 2022 Notes, and the announcements of the Company dated 11 August 2021, 25 August 2021 and 6 December 2021 for details of the cross default under the 2022 Notes and the suspension of trading of the 2022 Notes.

Repurchase of shares

During the Reporting Period, the Company repurchased on the Stock Exchange a total of 907,000 ordinary shares, details of which are set out below:

Date of	Repurchased	Price per S	er Share	
Repurchase	Shares	Highest	Lowest	
January 2021	907,000	HK\$1.24	HK\$1.17	
All the renurchase	d shares were cance	alled on 15 March	2021 and the	

Number of

All the repurchased shares were cancelled on 15 March 2021, and the issued share capital of the Company was correspondingly reduced. The expenses in an aggregate amount of HK\$1.1 million incurred by the Company for such repurchased shares cancelled during the Reporting Period have been included in retained earnings.

The repurchases of shares by the Company during the Reporting Period were effected by the Directors pursuant to the mandate granted by shareholders at the previous annual general meeting of the Company, with a view to benefiting shareholders as a whole by enhancing the net asset value per share and earnings per share of the Company.

Save as disclosed herein, from 1 January 2021 up to the date of this report, no repurchase of shares (whether on the Stock Exchange or otherwise) had been made by the Company.

發行於2022年到期金額為219,600,000美元的13.0% 優先綠色票據(「2022年票據 |)

於2021年7月2日,本公司發行於2022年到期金額為 219,600,000美元的13%優先綠色票據。2022年票據 自2021年6月30日起按年利率13.0%計息,須於2021 年12月30日及2022年6月29日支付。2022年票據已 於2022年6月29日到期,為本公司之優先責任,由本 公司若干境外附屬公司擔保。

本次發行所得款項總額約為219.6百萬美元,本公司 計劃將其用於為其現有債務再融資及按照其綠色融資 框架使用。於2021年12月31日,募集資金總額已使 用。

有關2022年票據發行的詳情,請參閱本公司於2021 年7月2日所刊發之公告及於2021年6月29日所刊發 之發售備忘錄,有關2022年票據下交叉違約及暫停 2022年債券買賣的詳情,請參閱本公司於2021年8月 11日、2021年8月25日及2021年12月6日所刊發之公 告。

回購股份

高唯 🗆 地

於本報告期,本公司於聯交所回購合共907,000股普 通股,詳情如下:

四州口州	奴里	4以[司]	4女 145
2021年1月	907,000	1.24港元	1.17港元

每股價格

日低

回購股份

所有回購股份已於2021年3月15日註銷。本公司的已 發行股本亦相應地減少。本公司就該等於本報告期許 銷的回購股份支出共1.1百萬港元已計入保留盈利。

本公司於本報告期回購股份,是董事根據股東於本公 司上屆股東週年大會上的授權而進行,旨在提高本公 司每股資產淨值及每股盈利,使全體股東受惠。

除以上披露外,自2021年1月1日起至本報告日期, 本公司未曾(在聯交所或以其他方式)回購任何股份。

董事會報告

Events of Default under the 6.50% Convertible Bonds Due 2021 (the "2021 Bonds"), the 10.5% Senior Notes Due 2021 (the "2021 Notes"), the 2022 Notes and the 2023 Notes

On the maturity date of the 2021 Bonds, i.e. 11 August 2021, the Company failed to pay the principal and the premium in the sum of USD50,866,100 and the last instalment of interest of USD1,475,500. As such, an event of default under the terms and conditions of the 2021 Bonds occurred. The 2021 Bonds was also delisted from the Stock Exchange on 11 August 2021.

On the maturity date of the 2021 Notes, i.e. 5 December 2021, the Company failed to pay the principal of USD170 million and the last instalment of interest of USD8,925,000. As such, an event of default under the terms and conditions of the 2021 Notes occurred. As of the date of this report, the Company has repaid approximately USD31.9 million of the principal and approximately USD138.1 million of the principal remains outstanding.

On the maturity date of the 2022 Notes, i.e. 29 June 2022, the Company failed to pay the principal of USD219,600,000 and the total accrued and unpaid interest of USD28,468,700. As such, an event of default under the terms and conditions of the 2022 Notes occurred. The 2022 Notes were delisted from the Stock Exchange on 29 June 2022.

On the maturity date of the 2023 Notes, i.e. 3 October 2023, the Company failed to pay the principal of USD120,000,000 and the total accrued and unpaid interest of USD38,400,000. As such, an event of default under the terms and conditions of the 2023 Notes occurred (together with the event of default under the terms of conditions of the 2021 Bonds, 2021 Notes and 2022 Notes (the "Events of Default").

Such Events of Default will trigger cross default provisions under certain other debt instruments entered into by the Group which may become immediately due and payable if the creditors choose to accelerate.

The Company has been proactively communicating with the relevant creditors. As at the date of this report, the Company has not received any acceleration notices from any creditors. The Company is using all efforts to raise the necessary funds to repay the outstanding amount and to remedy the Events of Default as soon as possible. For details, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 11 August 2021, 25 August 2021, 6 December 2021 and 29 June 2022 and 3 October 2023.

於2021年到期的6.50%可轉換債券(「2021年債券」)、 2021年到期的10.5%優先票據(「2021年票據 |)、 2022年票據及2023年票據項下的違約事件

於2021年債券的到期日(即2021年8月11日),本公司 未能支付2021年債券的本金、溢價合計50,866,100 美元及最後一期利息1,475,500美元。因此,已發生 2021年債券條款及條件項下的違約事件。2021年債 券亦已於2021年8月11日自聯交所退市。

於2021年票據的到期日(即2021年12月5日),本公司 未能支付2021年票據的本金170,000,000美元及最後 一期利息8,925,000美元。因此,已發生2021年票據 條款及條件項下的違約事件。截至本報告發佈之日, 公司已償還本金約31,900,000美元,尚未償還本金約 138,100,000美元。

於2022年票據的到期日(即2022年6月29日),本公司 未能支付2022年票據的本金219,600,000美元及應計 及未付利息28,468,700美元。因此,已發生2022年 票據條款及條件項下的違約事件。2022年票據已於 2022年6月29日自聯交所退市。

在2023年票據的到期日(即2023年10月3日),本公 司未能支付2023年票據的本金120,000,000美元及應 計和未付利息總額38,400,000美元。因此,已發生 2023年票據條款及條件項下的違約事件(連同2021年 債券、2021年票據和2022年票據條款及條件項下的 違約事件,統稱「**違約事件**」)。

有關違約事件亦將觸發本集團訂立的若干其他債務工 具的交叉違約條款,倘債權人選擇加速到期,這些債 務工具可能即時到期及須予支付。

本公司已在積極與相關債權人溝通。於本報告日期, 本公司尚未從任何債權人方面收到任何加速到期的通 知。本公司仍然在努力加快籌措資金,以償還未付資 金及儘快補救違約事件。詳情請參閱本公司於2021 年8月11日、2021年8月25日、2021年12月6日、 2022年6月29日及2023年10月3日所刊發之公告。

董事會報告

Events of Default under the 8.50% Corporate Bonds Due 2022 ("2022 8.50% Bonds"), the 9.0% Corporate Bonds Due 2022 (the "2022 9.0% Bonds") and the 8.4% Corporate Bonds Due 2023 (the "2023 Bonds") (together, the "Onshore Bonds")

On the maturity date of the 2022 8.50% Bonds, i.e. 22 September 2022, the Company's subsidiary, Guangxi Vantone, failed to pay the principal of RMB582,000,000 and the total accrued and unpaid interest of RMB49,470,000.00. As such, an event of default under the terms and conditions of the 2022 8.50% Bonds occurred.

On the maturity date of the 2022 9.0% Bonds, i.e. 30 October 2022, Guangxi Vantone failed to pay the principal of RMB120,000,000 and the total accrued and unpaid interest of RMB10,800,000.00. As such, an event of default under the terms and conditions of the 2022 9.0% Bonds occurred.

On the maturity date of the 2023 Bonds, i.e. 24 February 2023, Guangxi Vantone failed to pay the principal of RMB1,500,000,000 and the total accrued and unpaid interest of RMB252,000,000. As such, an event of default under the terms and conditions of the 2023 Bonds occurred.

Guangxi Vantone has been proactively communicating with the relevant creditors regarding the repayment of principal and interests with a view of reaching a solution acceptable to the creditors as soon as possible. As at the date of this report, the 2022 8.50% Bonds and 2022 9.0% Bonds remain listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange and the 2023 Bonds remain listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange, and the Company and Guangxi Vantone have not received any acceleration notices from any creditors. The Company is using all efforts to raise the necessary funds to repay the outstanding amount and to remedy the defaults of the Onshore Bonds as soon as possible.

Save as disclosed above, during the Reporting Period, there was no purchase, sale or redemption by the Company or any of its subsidiaries of the Company's listed securities.

Pre-emptive Rights

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Articles of Association or the Companies Law or the laws of the Cayman Islands where the Company was incorporated which would oblige the Company to offer new Shares on a pro rata basis to existing Shareholders.

於2022年到期的8.50%公司債券(「2022年8.50% 倩券1)、2022年到期的9.0%公司倩券(「2022年 9.0%債券」)、2023年到期的8.4%公司債券[2023 年債券」)(統稱「公司債券」)項下的違約事件

於2022年8.50%債券的到期日(即2022年9月22 日),本公司的子公司廣西萬通未能支付本金人民 幣582,000,000元及應計及未付利息合計人民幣 49,470,000.00元,因此,已發生2022年8.50%債券 條款及條件項下的違約事件。

於2022年9.0%債券的到期日(即2022年10月30日), 廣西萬涌未能支付本金人民幣120,000,000元及應計 及未付利息合計人民幣10,800,000.00元,因此,已 發生2022年9.0%債券條款及條件項下的違約事件。

於2023年債券的到期日(即2023年2月24日),廣西 萬通未能支付本金人民幣1,500,000,000元及應計及 未付利息合計人民幣252,000,000元,因此,已發生 2023年債券條款及條件項下的違約事件。

廣西萬涌一百在積極就公司債券本息償付事宜與債券 持有人溝通,以期盡早達成持有人認可的解決方案。 截至本報告日期,2022年8.50%債券和2022年9.0% 債券仍在上海證券交易所上市,2023年債券仍在深 圳證券交易所上市,本公司及廣西萬通未從任何債權 人方面收到任何加速到期的通知。本公司仍然在努力 加快籌措資金,以償還未付資金及盡快終止債券違約 事件。

除上述披露外,於本報告期內,本公司或其任何附屬 公司概無購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市證券。

優先認股權

公司章程或公司法或開曼群島(本公司註冊成立的地 點)法例概無規定本公司須向現有股東按比例發售新 股份的優先認股權條文。

董事會報告

Non-competition Undertaking

Each of the Individual Controlling Shareholders, Joywise, Ming Fai. Harvest Well (together with the Individual Controlling Shareholders, the "Controlling Shareholders") has, under the deed of non-competition dated 17 February 2014 (the "Deed of Non-Competition"), undertaken and covenanted with the Company that for so long as they and/or their respective associates (as defined in the Listing Rules), directly or indirectly, whether individually or taken together, remain the Controlling Shareholders of the Company, each of them will not, and will procure his associates not to directly or indirectly, (including through any controlled company, associate, corporate body, partnership, joint venture or other contractual arrangement) carry on, engage, invest, participate or otherwise be interested in the property development business in the PRC.

The Controlling Shareholders have confirmed in writing to the Company of their compliance with the Deed of Non-Competition for disclosure in this annual report during the Reporting Period.

Directors' Interest in Competing Business

As at 31 December 2021, none of the Directors (other than independent non-executive Directors) or their respective associates had engaged in or had any interest in any business which, directly or indirectly, competed or might compete with the businesses of the Group.

Connected Transactions

The Group did not enter into any connected transactions not exempted under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules during the Reporting Period. A summary of material related party transactions made during the Reporting Period is disclosed in Note 33 to the consolidated financial statements. The material related party transactions as set out in the consolidated financial statements do not constitute (or are fully exempt) connected transactions or continuing connected transactions. The Company also confirmed that it had complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

不競爭承諾

根據日期為2014年2月17日的不競爭契約(「不競爭 **契約**1),個人控股股東以及樂昇、明輝及漢威(連同 個人控股股東,統稱為「控股股東」)各自向本公司承 諾,衹要彼等及或彼等各自聯繫人(定義見上市規則) 直接或間接(無論個別或共同)仍為本公司控股股東, 則彼等不會並促使其聯繫人不會直接或間接(包括透 過任何受控制公司、聯繫人、法人團體、合夥人、合 營企業或其他合約安排)進行、從事、投資或參與中 國的物業開發業務或以其他方式於該等業務中擁有權 益。

本報告期內,控股股東已以書面形式向本公司確認彼 等已遵循不競爭契諾,供於本年報中披露。

董事於競爭性業務中的權益

於2021年12月31日,概無董事(獨立非執行董事除 外)或彼等各自的聯繫人從事任何與本集團業務直接 或間接競爭或可能競爭的業務或於該等業務中擁有任 何權益。

關連交易

本集團在本報告期內並未訂立任何上市規則第14A章 項下不獲豁免的關連交易。於本報告期內作出的重大 關聯方交易的概要於綜合財務報表附註33中披露。綜 合財務報表所列重大關聯方交易並非構成(或獲完全 豁免的)關連交易或持續關連交易。本公司確認已遵 守上市規則第14A章的披露要求。

董事會報告

Ongoing Litigations

Litigation Related to Chengdu Primary Land Development **Proiect**

In 2005 and 2007, the Group entered into a series of co-operation agreements with Chenghua District, Chengdu and local government authorities under it to conduct primary development of a parcel of land located in the district. Pursuant to these frame agreements, the Group was responsible for providing assistance to the local government in overall project design and planning, relocation and resettlement of incumbent residents and businesses, as well as clearance and delivery of land. It was agreed that if the land is sold at a premium greater than the cost the Group have incurred to prepare it and if the Group win the bid at the auction, the Group will be entitled to deduct its incurred cost from the land premium to be paid; if, however, another developer wins the bid at the auction, the local government shall, within seven days it receives the land premium from the purchaser, pay the same to the Group (after deduction of an agreed fixed amount as the government's share of the profit from the land sale).

The project consists of four phases with site areas of approximately 244,361 square metres, 59,967 square metres, 14,667 square metres and 109,334 square metres respectively. Phase I was completed and the underlying land was sold through a public auction to a third party in July 2007. The land premium was paid to the Chenghua district government in 2008, and it began to make payments to the Group pursuant to the frame agreements with the Group. The Group cumulatively received approximately RMB1,927.0 million from the Chenghua district government out of such land premium proceeds. A remaining land premiums that the Group is entitled to, in the amount of RMB581.1 million, however, remained unpaid and stayed on the Group's balance sheet as an overdue trade receivable.

On 28 January 2015, the Group commenced proceedings at the Sichuan Higher People's Court (the "Higher Court") against the Government of Chenghua District, Chengdu and Reconstruction and Development Office of Dangerous Buildings of Chenghua District, Chengdu (成都市成華區危房改造開發辦公室), for the payment of the Land clearance income and the management fees of RMB15 million, which totaled RMB596.1 million. The Higher Court accepted the case on 10 February 2015 and commenced the court session for the case in June 2015.

正在展開的訴訟情況

有關成都一級開發項目的訴訟

2005年及2007年,本集團與成都市成華區當地政府 機關訂立一系列合作協議,對該區的一幅土地進行-級開發。根據該等框架協議,本集團負責協助當地政 府進行整體項目設計及規劃、搬遷及重置現有居民及 企業與平整及交付土地。根據協議,倘地價高於重整 土地產生的成本而本集團在拍賣中標,則可從所付地 價中扣除所產生的成本;然而,倘其他開發商在拍賣 中標,當地政府須於收到買方支付的地價後七日內向 本集團支付有關地價(經扣除協定金額作為政府應佔 之土地出售所得利潤)。

該項目分為四期,地盤面積分別約為244,361平方 米、59,967平方米、14,667平方米及109,334平方 米。一期已完工,相關土地已於2007年7月透過公開 拍賣售予第三方。成華區政府於2008年收到相關地 價,並根據框架協議開始付款予本集團,已累計支付 地價所得款項中約人民幣1,927.0百萬元。本集團餘 下應收地價人民幣581.1百萬元尚未付清,並於本集 團資產負債表列為逾期貿易應收款項。

本集團於2015年1月28日向四川省高級人民法院(「高 院」)起訴成都市成華區人民政府、成都成華區危房改 造開發辦公室支付該等地價(土地整理收益)及管理費 用人民幣15百萬元共計人民幣596.1百萬元。2015年 2月10日,高院通知受理本案。2015年6月,高院對 本案進行了開庭審理。

董事會報告

During the trial of the Case, the Group had negotiated with the Government of Chenghua District for several times in the hope of reaching a settlement. As part of the settlement agenda, the Group filed an application for withdrawal of the Case (the "Withdrawal Application") to the Higher Court on 24 July 2018, and the Higher Court has accepted and approved the Withdrawal Application. Both parties wish to reach a settlement agreement in respect of the Case and determine the amount of settlement as soon as possible. As at the date of this report, both parties had not reached a settlement agreement in respect of the Case. The Company will publish relevant announcements on the website of the Stock Exchange and the Company's website when there is any material development in respect of the case.

於該案件審理的過程中,本集團與成華區政府進行了 多次協商及和解談判。作為和解議程的一部分,本集 團於2018年7月24日向高院遞交了撤訴申請(「撤訴申 **請**」), 高院已接受及批准該撤訴申請。雙方希望就該 案件盡快達成和解協議,確定和解金額。於本報告日 期,雙方尚未就該案件達成和解協議。本公司將於該 案件和解談判有重大進展時於聯交所網站及本公司網 站刊發相關公告。

Litigation Related to the Loan to Baijiarui

The Group, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, filed a lawsuit before the No. 3 Intermediate People's Court of Beijing Municipality (北 京市第三中級人民法院) for a dispute arising from a private lending. The lawsuit has been formally accepted by the No. 3 Intermediate People's Court of Beijing Municipality.

The lawsuit relates to a loan in the principal amount of RMB250.0 million granted by the Group to Shenzhen Baijiarui Investment Co., Ltd. (深圳市佰佳瑞投資有限公司) ("Baijiarui") with an interest rate of 12% per annum and a renewed term up to 31 December 2018 pursuant to the loan contract (the "Loan Contract") entered into with Baijiarui on 28 January 2016 and several supplementary contracts signed subsequently. To guarantee the performance of the Loan Contract, Shenzhen China Create City Renewal Group Co., Ltd. (深圳市中科創 城市更新集團有限公司) ("China Create City Renewal") has provided a pledge guarantee for the full settlement of obligations under the Loan Contract by pledging the 100% equity interest in Baijiarui and derivative interests thereof held by it, and Shenzhen China Create Asset Management Co., Ltd. (深圳市中科創資產管理有限公司) ("China Create Asset") has provided a joint liability guarantee. Upon maturity of the loan, the borrower failed to repay RMB250.0 million out of the loan principal and interest accrued thereon, and neither China Create City Renewal nor China Create Asset performed their respective guarantee. Sunshine 100 Group filed a lawsuit before the No. 3 Intermediate People's Court of Beijing Municipality, requesting that (1) Baijiarui should repay the principal of the loan of RMB250.0 million; (2) the Group should be compensated with priority from the proceeds from disposal, discount, auction or sale, of 100% equity interest in Baijiarui and derivative interests thereof pledged by China Create City Renewal; and (3) China Create Asset should undertake joint guarantee liability for the first request.

有關佰佳瑞借款的訴訟

本集團、本公司之全資附屬公司,因民間借貸糾紛向 北京市第三中級人民法院提起訴訟,本次訴訟已經北 京市第三中級人民法院正式受理。

該起訴訟有關本集團根據於2016年1月28日與深圳 市佰佳瑞投資有限公司(「佰佳瑞」)訂立的《貸款合同》 (「貸款合同」)及其之後簽訂了數份補充合同,向佰佳 瑞發放的本金為人民幣2.5億元、年利率為12%、借 款期限經展期後至2018年12月31日的借款。為擔保 貸款合同的履行,深圳市中科創城市更新集團有限公 司(「中科創城市更新」)以其持有佰佳瑞100%的股權 及相關派生權益為佰佳瑞在貸款合同項下的債務清償 提供質押擔保,深圳市中科創資產管理有限公司(「中 科創資產」)提供連帶責任保證。上述借款到期後,借 款人尚有借款本金人民幣2.5億元及利息尚未償還, 中科創城市更新、中科創資產也未履行擔保責任。陽 光100集團向北京市第三中級人民法院提起訴訟,要 求:(1)佰佳瑞償還借款本金人民幣2.5億元;(2)本集 團對中科創城市更新提供質押的佰佳瑞100%股權及 該股權形成的派生權益折價或拍賣、變賣的價款優先 受償;及(3)中科創資產對上述第一項請求承擔連帶保 證責任。

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The Group has applied to the No. 3 Intermediate People's Court of Beijing Municipality to take interim measures against the property of the defendant worth RMB250.0 million. The court has issued a civil ruling to freeze the 30% equity interest in China Create City Renewal held by China Create Asset up to RMB250.0 million.

On 29 September 2019, the No. 3 Intermediate People's Court of Beijing Municipality issued a first instance judgement in favour of the Group, whereby Baijiarui should repay the principal of the loan of RMB250.0 million and pay the legal costs of RMB400,000 to the Group. The judgement was issued via notice and took effect on 4 January 2020.

As the Group obtained the judgment in respect of the principal of the loan, the Group separately filed a lawsuit before the No. 3 Intermediate People's Court of Beijing Municipality (北京市第三中級人民法院) for the loan interest and penalty interest. In accordance with the notice received by the Group on 18 March 2020, the lawsuit has been formally accepted by the No. 3 Intermediate People's Court of Beijing Municipality.

The Group requested for the following rulings that: (1) Baijiarui should repay the loan interest of the loan principal of RMB250.0 million to the Group, amounting to approximately RMB80.9 million; (2) Bajijaruj should repay the penalty interest and compound interest of the loan to the Group until the date that all principal and interests of the loan have been repaid in full (the penalty interest and compound interest being approximately RMB60.4 million which is calculated temporarily up to 31 December 2019); (3) where Baijiarui could not repay the interest, penalty interest and compound interest of the loan in full, the Group is entitled to be compensated with priority from the proceeds from discount, auction or sale, of 100% equity interest in Baijiarui and derivative interests thereof (including dividend, allotment and rights incurred from bonus issue) pledged by China Create City Renewal; (4) China Create Asset should undertake joint guarantee liability for the abovementioned request of the interest, penalty interest and compound interest of the loan; and (5) Baijiarui, China Create City Renewal and China Create Asset should undertake the court costs, property protection fee and legal fees incurred from the case.

本集團已向北京市第三中級人民法院申請對被告價 值人民幣2.5億元的財產採取臨時措施。法院已出具 民事裁定書,凍結中科創資產持有的中科創城市更新 30%的股權,金額不超過人民幣2.5億元。

於2019年9月29日,北京市第三中級人民法院作出一 審判決,判定本集團勝訴,判令佰佳瑞向本集團償還 貸款本金人民幣250.0百萬元及訴訟費人民幣400.000 元。該判決通過通知發出並於2020年1月4日生效。

由於本集團於有關貸款本金之訴訟中勝訴,本集團就 貸款利息及罰息向北京市第三中級人民法院另行提起 訴訟。根據本集團於2020年3月18日收到的通知,該 訴訟已被北京市第三中級人民法院正式受理。

本集團要求作出以下判令:(1)佰佳瑞應向本集團償 還貸款本金人民幣250.0百萬元之貸款利息約人民幣 80.9百萬元;(2)佰佳瑞應向本集團償還貸款之罰息 及復利,直至還清全部貸款的本金及利息之日(罰息 及復利約為人民幣60.4百萬元,乃按暫時截至2019 年12月31日計算);(3)倘佰佳瑞無法全額償還貸款利 息、罰息及復利,本集團有權從折價、拍賣或變賣中 科創城市更新抵押之佰佳瑞100%股權的所得款項及 其衍生權益(包括股息、配發及由發行紅股產生的權 利)中優先受償;(4)就上述貸款利息、罰款利息及復 利之要求,中科創資產應承擔連帶保證責任;及(5)佰 佳瑞、中科創城市更新及中科創資產應承擔本案產生 的訴訟費用,財產保全費及律師費。

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On 8 December 2020, the No. 3 Intermediate People's Court of Beijing Municipality (北京市第三中級人民法院) issued a first instance judgement in favour of the Group, whereby Baijiarui should repay the interest of the loan of RMB80.8 million, the penalty interest and compound interest of the loan of RMB120.9 million (the penalty interest and compound interest was calculated temporarily up to 31 December 2020) and pay the legal costs of RMB400,000 to the Group. The judgement was issued via notice and took effect on 14 March 2021. However, Baijiarui, China Create City Renewal and China Create Asset did not perform any payment obligations according to the judgment. The Group submitted the Application for Compulsory Enforcement to the Third Intermediate People's Court of Beijing on February 5, 2021. Since the person subject to enforcement has no property available for enforcement, the Group received the ruling of the Third Intermediate People's Court of Beijing on December 30, 2021 to terminate this enforcement. The Group submitted an application to the Third Intermediate People's Court of Beijing on August 2, 2022 to add Zhang Wei as the person to be enforced.

於2020年12月8日,北京市第三中級人民法院作出一 審判決,判定本集團勝訴,判令佰佳瑞向本集團償還 貸款利息人民幣80.8百萬元、罰息及複利120.9百萬 元(乃暫時按截至2020年12月31日計算)及訴訟費人 民幣40萬元。該判決通過通知發出並於2021年3月14 日生效,但佰佳瑞、中科創城市更新及中科創資產未 按判決履行任何付款義務。本集團於2021年2月5日 向北京市第三中級人民法院提交《強制執行申請書》。 由於被執行人無可供執行的財產,本集團於2021年 12月30日收到北京市第三中級人民法院的終止本次 執行裁定。本集團於2022年8月2日向北京市第三中 級人民法院提交申請,申請追加張偉為被執行人。

Save as disclosed above, during the Reporting Period, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries was engaged in any litigation or claim of material importance, and no other litigation or claim of material importance was to be pending or threatened against the Company nor any of its subsidiaries.

除上述披露者外,在本報告期期間,本公司或其任何 附屬公司概無涉及任何重大訴訟或索償要求及本公司 或其任何附屬公司亦無尚未了結或面臨威脅之重大訴 訟或索償要求。

Share Option Scheme

The Company adopted the Share Option Scheme on 17 February 2014.

1. **Purpose**

The Share Option Scheme is a share incentive scheme and is established to enable the Company to grant options to the Eligible Participants (as defined in paragraph 2 below) as incentives or rewards for their contribution they had or may have made to the Group. The Share Option Scheme will provide the Eligible Participants an opportunity to have a personal stake in the Company with the view to achieving the following objectives:

- (i) motivate the Eligible Participants to optimize their performance efficiency for the benefit of the Group; and
- (ii) attract and retain or otherwise maintain on-going business relationship with the Eligible Participants whose contributions are or will be beneficial to the long-term growth of the Group.

購股權計劃

本公司於2014年2月17日採納一項購股權計劃。

目的 1.

購股權計劃為股份獎勵計劃,使本公司可向對 本集團曾經作出或可能作出貢獻的合資格參與 者(定義見下文2段)授出購股權,作為激勵或獎 賞。購股權計劃向合資格參與者提供個人擁有 本公司股份的機會,以達成以下目標:

- (i) 激勵合資格參與者為本集團的利益提升 表現效率; 及
- 吸引並挽留或以其他方式保持與於目前 (ii) 或將來有利本集團長遠發展的合資格參 與者的持續業務關係。

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2. **Eligible Participants**

The Board may, at its discretion, offer to grant an option to subscribe for such number of new Shares as the Board may determine at an exercise price determined in accordance with paragraph 5 below to:

- (i) any full-time or part-time employees, executives or officers of the Company or any of its subsidiaries;
- (ii) any directors (including independent non-executive directors) of the Company or any of its subsidiaries;
- any advisers, consultants, suppliers, customers, distributors and agents to the Company or any of its subsidiaries; and
- any such other persons who in the sole opinion of the Board, will contribute or have contributed to the Company and/or any of its subsidiaries.

Upon acceptance of the option, the grantee shall pay HK\$1.00 (or an equivalent amount in RMB) to the Company by way of consideration for the grant. Any offer to grant an option to subscribe for Shares may be accepted in respect of less than the number of Shares for which it is offered provided that it is accepted in respect of a board lot of dealing in Shares on the Stock Exchange or an integral multiple thereof and such number is clearly stated in the duplicate offer document constituting the acceptance of the option. To the extent that the offer to grant an option is not accepted by any prescribed acceptance date, it shall be deemed to have been irrevocably declined.

3. Maximum number of Shares

The maximum number of Shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme and under any other share option schemes of the Company must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the total number of Shares in issue immediately following the completion of the Global Offering (as defined in the Prospectus), being 200,000,000 Shares.

4. Maximum number of options to any one individual

The total number of Shares issued and which may fall to be issued upon exercise of the options granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company (including both exercised and outstanding options) to each Eligible Participant in any 12-month period up to the date of grant shall not exceed 1% of the Shares in issue as at the date of grant.

2 合資格參與者

董事會可酌情向以下人士授出購股權,按下文 5段釐定之行使價認購董事會可能釐定之相關 數目新股份:

- 本公司或其任何附屬公司之任何全職或 (i) 兼職僱員、行政人員或主管人員;
- (ii) 本公司或其仟何附屬公司之仟何董事(包 括獨立非執行董事);
- 本公司或其任何附屬公司之任何顧問、 (iii) 專業顧問、供應商、客戶、分銷商及代 理;及
- (iv)董事會全權認為將會或已經向本公司 及/或其任何附屬公司作貢獻的任何其 他人十。

購股權一經接納,承授人即須向本公司支付 1.00港元(或人民幣的等值金額)作為獲授代 價。接納仟何提呈授出可認購股份之購股權所 涉股份數目可少於提呈授出購股權所涉股份數 目,惟接納購股權所涉股份數目須為股份在聯 交所買賣之一手單位或其完整倍數,且有關數 目須在一式兩份購股權接納要約文件中列明。 倘授出購股權之要約截至任何指定接納日期仍 未獲接納,則視為已不可撤銷拒絕要約。

股份數目上限 3.

根據購股權計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃 可能授出之購股權所涉股份數目上限合共不得 超過緊隨全球發售(見售股章程內定義)完成當 時已發行股份總數之10%,即200,000,000股 股份。

向任何個別人士授出購股權之數目上限 4.

在截至授出日期的任何十二個月期間,根據購 股權計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃向每名 合資格參與者授出之購股權(包括已獲行使及未 獲行使之購股權)獲行使時已發行及可能將發行 之股份總數,不得超過於授出日期已發行股份 ⇒1% ∘

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5 **Price of Shares**

The subscription price of a Share in respect of any particular option granted under the Share Option Scheme shall be such price as the Board in its absolute discretion shall determine, save that such price will be at less the higher of:

- the official closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets on the date of grant, which must be a day on which the Stock Exchange is open for the business of dealing in securities;
- the average of the official closing prices of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and
- the nominal value of a Share.

6. Granting options to connected persons

Any grant of options to a Director, chief executive or substantial shareholder (as defined in the Listing Rules) of the Company or any of their respective associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) is required to be approved by the independent nonexecutive Directors (excluding any independent non-executive Director who is the grantee of the options).

7. Restrictions on the times of grant of options

A grant of options may not be made when inside information has come to the knowledge of the Company until such inside information has been announced pursuant to the requirements of the Listing Rules. In particular, no options may be granted during the period commencing one month immediately preceding the earlier of:

(i) the date of the Board meeting (as such date to first notified to the Stock Exchange in accordance with the Listing Rules) for the approval of the Company's annual results, half- year, quarterly or other interim period (whether or not required under the Listing Rules);

5. 股份價格

根據購股權計劃授出的任何特定購股權所涉股 份之認購價由董事會全權酌情決定,惟不得低 於下列最高者:

- 股份於購股權授出日期(須為聯交所進行 證券交易的日子)在聯交所每日報價表所 示正式收市價;
- 股份於緊接購股權授出日期前五個營業 日在聯交所每日報價表所示正式收市價 平均值;及
- (iii) 股份面值。

向關連人士授出購股權

向董事、本公司主要行政人員或主要股東(定義 見上市規則)或彼等各自的任何聯繫人(定義見 上市規則)授出任何購股權,須經獨立非執行董 事(不包括任何身為購股權承授人之獨立非執行 董事)批准。

7. 授出購股權之時限

本公司獲悉內幕消息後不可授出購股權,直至 根據上市規則規定公佈該內幕消息為止。尤其 是緊接下列最早日期前一個月起至截至實際刊 發相關年度、半年度、季度或中期(視情況而 定)業績之日止期間,不得授出購股權:

批准本公司年度、半年度、季度或其他 中期業績(不論上市規則有否規定)之董事 會會議日期(根據上市規則首先知會聯交 所者);

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(ii) the deadline for the Company to publish an announcement of results of the Company for (i) any year or half-year period in accordance with the Listing Rules; and (ii) any quarterly or any other interim period, where the Company has elected to publish such results (whether or not required under the Listing Rules), and ending on the date of actual publication of the results for such year, half-year, quarterly or interim period (as the case may be),

and no options shall be granted where the grant of options is to a Director:

- during the period of 60 days immediately preceding the publication date of the annual results or, if shorter, the period from the end of the relevant financial year up to the publication date of the results; and
- during the period of 30 days immediately preceding the publication date of the quarterly results (if any) and halfyear results or, if shorter, the period from the end of the relevant quarterly or half-year period up to the publication date of the results.

Rights are personal to grantee

An option is personal to the grantee and may be exercised or treated as exercised, as the case may be, in whole or in part. No grantee shall in any way sell, transfer, charge, mortgage, encumber or create any interest (legal or beneficial) in favour of any third party over or in relation to any option or attempt so to do.

Time of exercise of option and duration of the Share **Option Scheme**

An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme at any time after the date upon which the option is deemed to be granted and accepted and prior to the expiry of ten years from that date. The period during which an option may be exercised will be determined by the Board in its absolute discretion, save that no option may be exercised more than ten years after it has been granted. No option may be granted more than ten years after the date of approval of the Share Option Scheme. Subject to earlier termination by the Company in general meeting or by the Board, the Share Option Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of ten years from the date of its adoption.

本公司刊發(i)根據上市規則的任何年度或 (ii) 半年期間的業績公佈;及(ii)倘本公司選 擇刊發任何季度或任何其他中期業績公 佈(不論上市規則有否規定)的最後期限,

倘購股權乃向董事授出,則:

- 於緊接年度業績公佈刊發日期前60日期 間或自有關財政年度結算日起至業績公 佈刊發日期止期間(以較短者為準);及
- (iv) 於緊接季度業績(如有)及半年業績公佈刊 發日期前三十日期間或自有關季度或半 年度期間結算日起至業績公佈刊發日期 止期間(以較短者為準),不得授出購股 權。

權利屬承授人個人所有

購股權屬承授人個人所有,全部或部分可行使 或當作已行使(視情況而定)。承授人不得以或 試圖以任何方式向任何第三方出售、轉讓、質 押、抵押任何購股權或就任何購股權設置產權 負擔或設立法定或實益權益。

購股權的行使期及購股權計劃期限購

股權可根據購股權計劃的條款於購股權視作已 授出並獲接納當日後而自該日起計十年屆滿前 隨時行使。購股權可行使的期間由董事會全權 酌情釐定,惟購股權不得於授出當日起計十年 後行使。不得於批准購股權計劃當日起計十年 後授出購股權。購股權計劃自其採納日期起計 十年有效及具有效力,惟受本公司在股東大會 或董事會提早終止的規限。

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The Company shall be entitled to issue options, provided that the total number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme does not exceed 10% of the Shares in issue on the date of Listing. The Company may at any time refresh such limit subject to the Shareholders' approval and issue of a circular in compliance with the Listing Rules, provided that the total number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under all the share option schemes of the Company does not exceed 30% of the shares in issue at the time.

本公司有權發行購股權,惟根據購股權計劃將授出的 所有購股權獲行使後可能發行的股份總數不得超過上 市日期已發行股份的10%。本公司可隨時在股東批准 及發出通函後按照上市規則更新此限額,惟根據本公 司所有購股權計劃已授出但尚未行使的所有發行在外 的購股權獲行使後將予發行的股份總數,不得超過當 時已發行股份的30%。

As at the date of this annual report, no option under the Share Option Scheme has been granted by the Company. Therefore, the total number of options available for grant under the Share Option Scheme as at 1 January 2021 and as at 31 December 2021 respectively are 200,000,000 options. The total number of 200,000,000 shares are available for issue under the Share Option Scheme as at the date of this annual report, representing approximately 7.84% of the shares of the Company in issue as at the date of this annual report. As at 31 December 2021, the remaining life of the Share Option Scheme is approximately two year and ten months.

於本年報日期,本公司概無根據購股權計劃授出 購股權。因此,截至2021年1月1日和2021年12月 31日,根據購股權計劃可供授出的購股權總數為 200,000,000份。於本年報日期,購股權計劃中可予 發行的股份總數為200,000,000股,佔本公司於本年 報日期已發行股份之約7.84%。截至2021年12月31 日,購股權計劃的剩餘年期約為兩年十個月。

Equity-linked Agreement

Save as disclosed in this annual report, the Company has not entered into any other equity-linked agreements.

Environment Policies and Performance

It is the Group's enterprise and social responsibility to promote sustainable development and conservation to the environment. The Group commits itself to saving energy consumption and carrying out company affairs in sustainable ways so as to minimize our impact on the environment.

The Group has been implementing the idea of energy saving and pollution prevention, taking active actions (such as conserving water and power and reducing pollution and emission in the process of construction) and formulating emergency and controlling procedures as prevention measures against unexpected environmental pollutions. For details, please refer to the Environmental, Social and Governance Report to be published separately by the Company on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

股權掛鈎協議

除本年報所披露者外,本公司並無訂立任何其他股權 掛鈎協議。

環境政策及表現

促進可持續發展及有利保育的環境是本集團的企業及 社會責任,本集團致力節省能源消耗,並以可持續方 式推動企業事務,將對環境的影響減至最少。

本集團內部始終貫徹節能及防污的理念和採取有效措 施(例如節水節電、於開發建造過程中減少製造及排 放污染物等),並制訂有應變及控制程序,作為發生 出乎意料環境污染意外時的抵禦措施。詳情請見本公 司於聯交所及本公司網站上另行刊發的環境,社會及 管治報告。

董事會報告

Permitted Indemnity and Directors' and Officers' **Liability Insurance**

Pursuant to the Articles of Association and subject to the provisions of the Companies Law, every Director, auditor or other officer of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets and profits of the Company against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses incurred or sustained by him/her as a Director, auditor or other officer of the Company, other than for any matter in respect of any fraud or dishonesty which may attach to any such persons. The Company has arranged appropriate Directors' and officers' liability insurance coverage for the Directors and officers of the Company during the Reporting Period in respect of any legal liabilities which may be assumed by the Directors and officers in the execution and discharge of their duties or in relation thereto.

Compliance with Laws and Regulations which **Have Significant Effect on the Company**

The Group is operated principally by subsidiaries of the Company in the PRC which itself is listed on the Stock Exchange. Our operation is subject to the relevant laws and regulations of the PRC and Hong Kong. For the Reporting Period and up to the date of the annual report, we have complied with all the relevant laws and regulations of the PRC and Hong Kong in all material respects.

Charitable Donations

During the Reporting Period, the Group made charitable donations of approximately RMB0.3 million.

Post Balance Sheet Events

Events after the Reporting Period of the Group are set out in the sub-section "Events after the Reporting Period" of Management Discussion and Analysis on pages 45 to 50 of this annual report.

Save as foregoing, the Group has no material post balance sheet events which are required to be disclosed in the audited financial statements.

Audit Committee

The audit committee of the Board (the "Audit Committee") has reviewed together with the management and external auditor the accounting principles and policies adopted by the Group and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year.

獲准許之彌償保証及董事與行政人員之 青任保險

根據公司章程及公司法之條文規限,各名董事、核數 師或本公司其他行政人員有權從本公司的資產及利潤 中獲得彌償,以彌償其作為董事、核數師或本公司其 他行政人員招致或蒙受的一切訴訟、成本、費用、虧 損、損失及開支,任何與該等人士欺詐或不誠實行事 有關之任何事宜除外。於本報告期內,本公司已安排 適當的董事及行政人員責任保險,保障彼等因履行其 職責或相關事宜時可能要承擔的法律責任。

遵守對本公司有重大影響的法律及規例

本集團的營運主要由本公司於中國的附屬公司進行, 而本公司本身則在聯交所上市。我們的營運須遵守中 國及香港的有關法律法規。於本報告期內及直至本年 報日期,我們於所有重大方面已遵守中國及香港的所 有有關法律法規。

慈善捐款

本報告期內,本集團支付了約人民幣0.3百萬元的慈 善捐款。

結算日後事項

有關本集團於本報告期後事件載於本年報第45頁至第 50頁的管理層討論及分析內「本報告期後事項」分節。

除上述事項以外,本集團並無其他結算日後重大事項 須於經審核財務報表中披露。

審核委員會

董事會轄下審核委員會(「審核委員會」)已與管理層及 外聘核數師審閱本集團採納的會計準則及政策以及該 年度經審核綜合財務報表。

董事會報告

Corporate Governance

The Group is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance to safeguard the interests of the Shareholders and to enhance corporate value and accountability. Since the Listing Date, the Company has adopted and complied with all the applicable provisions under the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Part 2 of Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules, except for deviations from Code Provision C.2.1 which is described in further details in the section headed "Corporate Governance Report" in this annual report. Information on the corporate governance practices adopted by the Company is set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 98 to 125 of this annual report.

Sufficiency of Public Float

Based on public information available to the Company and to the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float in compliance with the requirements of the Listing Rules for the Reporting Period and as at 16 November 2023, being the latest practicable date prior to the issue of this annual report.

Auditor

KPMG has acted as auditor of the Company for the Reporting Period. KPMG resigned as auditor of the Company on 7 May 2022. On the same day, Mazars CPA Limited ("Mazars") was appointed as the auditor of the Company to fill the vacancy.

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 have been audited by Mazars. Mazars will retire at the AGM. The resolution regarding the re-appointment of Mazars as the Company's auditor will be proposed at the AGM.

Save as disclosed above, there have been no other changes in the Company's auditors in the past three years.

Please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 10 May 2022 and 22 July 2022 for details of the Company's change of auditors.

On behalf of the Board Chairman and Executive Director Yi Xiaodi

Beijing, the PRC

企業管治

本集團致力於維持高標準的企業管治,務求保障股東 權益及提升企業價值及問責性。自卜市日期起,本公 司已採納並遵守上市規則附錄十四第二部分企業管治 守則(「企業管治守則」)所載之所有適用條文,惟偏離 守則條文第C.2.1條的情況除外,該等情況已於本年 報「企業管治報告」一節進一步詳述。有關本公司所採 納的企業管治常規資料載於本年報第98頁至第125頁 的企業管治報告。

足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司可獲得之公開信息及就董事所知,本報告 期內及截至2023年11月16日(即本年報發行前的最後 實際可行日期),本公司一直維持上市規則所規定之 足夠公眾持股量。

核數師

畢馬威會計師事務所於本報告期內一直擔任本公司的 核數師。畢馬威會計師事務所於2022年5月7日辭任 本公司的核數師。同日,中審眾環(香港)會計師事務 所有限公司(「中審眾環」)獲委任為本公司的核數師, 以填補空缺。

本集團截至2021年12月31日的年度綜合財務報表已 由中審眾環審核。中審眾環將於股東週年大會上退 任。有關續聘中審眾環為本公司核數師的決議案,將 於股東週年大會上提呈。

除上文所披露者外,過去三年本公司核數師並無其他 變動。

有關本公司更換核數師詳情,請參閱本公司日期為 2022年5月10日及2022年7月22日的公告。

承董事會命 主席兼執行董事

易小迪

中國北京

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

The Board is pleased to present the corporate governance report in the annual report of the Company for the Reporting Period.

管治報告。

Corporate Governance Practices

The Group is committed to maintaining high standard of corporate governance to safeguard the interests of the shareholders of the Company and to enhance corporate value and accountability of the Company. During the Reporting Period, the Company adopted and complied with all applicable code provisions under the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as set out in Part 2 of Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules, except for the following deviation:

Code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Mr. Yi Xiaodi has served as the chairman and chief executive officer of the Company since 11 May 2018. This arrangement deviates from the requirement that the two positions should be held separately by different individuals as prescribed in the code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code. However, the Board is of the view that the roles of chairman and chief executive officer assumed by Mr. Yi Xiaodi will not impair the balance of power and authority between the Board and the management of the Company. The balance of power and authority is ensured by the operation of the Board as the majority of the Board are non-executive directors and independent non-executive directors. Moreover, the Board comprises experienced and high caliber individuals and meets regularly to discuss major issues affecting operations of the Company, and all directors are properly and promptly briefed on relevant matters with adequate, complete and reliable information.

The Board

Responsibilities

The Board is responsible for the overall leadership of the Group, oversees the Group's strategic decisions and monitors business and performance. The Board has delegated the authority and responsibility for day-to-day management and operation of the Group to the senior management of the Group. To oversee particular aspects of the Company's affairs, the Board has established three Board committees including the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee (together, the "Board Committees"). The Board has delegated to the Board Committees responsibilities as set out in their respective terms of reference.

All Directors shall ensure that they carry out duties in good faith, in compliance with applicable laws and regulations, and in the interests of the Company and its shareholders at all times.

企業管治常規

本集團致力於維持高標準的企業管治,務求保障本公 司股東權益及提升本公司企業價值及問責性。本報告 期內,本公司已採納並遵守上市規則附錄十四第二部 企業管治守則(「企業管治守則」)所載之所有適用守則 條文,惟以下偏離除外:

董事會欣然呈報載於本公司本報告期內年報的本企業

企業管治守則守則條文第C.2.1條訂明,主席及行政 總裁之角色應該區分及不應由同一人兼任。易小迪先 生由2018年5月11日起為本公司主席兼行政總裁。此 安排偏離企業管治守則守則條文C.2.1所訂明兩個職 位須分別由兩名人士擔任的規定。但董事會認為易小 迪先生兼任主席及行政總裁之角色不損董事會與本公 司管理層間的權力及權責平衡。權力及權責平衡乃通 過董事會運作得到保證,而董事會大部分董事為非執 行董事及獨立非執行董事,並由經驗豐富及能幹的人 士組成,並定期開會討論影響本公司營運具有影響之 重大事項,且董事會以充分、完整及可靠之資料適當 及即時地向全體董事通報有關事項。

審事會

職書

董事會負責本集團的整體領導,並監督本集團的策略 性決定以及監察業務及表現。董事會已向本集團高 級管理層授權有關本集團日常管理及營運的權力及責 任。為監督本公司事務的特定方面,董事會已成立三 個董事委員會,包括審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名 委員會(統稱「董事委員會」)。董事會向董事委員會授 出多項責任,有關責任載於其各自的職權範圍書。

全體董事須確保彼等以真誠態度履行職責,並遵守適 用法例及規例,且始終符合本公司及其股東的利益。

企業管治報告

Board Composition

The Board currently comprises two Executive Directors, namely Mr. Yi Xiaodi and Mr. Fan Xiaochong, two non-executive Directors, namely Ms. Fan Xiaohua, Mr. Wang Gongquan and three Independent nonexecutive Directors, namely Mr. Gu Yunchang, Mr. Ng Fook Ai, Victor and Mr. Li Chunping. The biographies of the Directors are set out under the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" of this annual report.

Since 1 January 2021 up to the date of this annual report, the Board at all times met the requirements of Rules 3.10 and 3.10A of the Listing Rules. Of the three Independent non-executive Directors appointed, which represents at least one-third of the Board, one Independent non-executive Director, namely Mr. Ng Fook Ai, Victor, is equipped with appropriate professional qualifications or adequate accounting or related financial management expertise.

The Company has received written annual confirmation from each Independent non-executive Director of his independence pursuant to the requirements of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all Independent non-executive Directors to be independent in accordance with the independence guidelines as set out in the Listing Rules.

Save as disclosed in the biographies of the Directors as set out under the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" of this annual report, none of the Directors has any personal relationship (including financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship), with any other Director.

All Directors, including Independent non-executive Directors, have brought a wide spectrum of valuable business experience, knowledge and professionalism to the Board for its efficient and effective functioning. Independent non-executive Directors are invited to serve on the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee.

董事會組成

董事會目前由兩名執行董事(即易小迪先生及范小冲 先生)、兩名非執行董事(即范曉華女士及王功權先 生)及三名獨立非執行董事(即顧雲昌先生、黃博愛先 生及李春平先生)組成。董事的履歷載於本年報[董事 及高級管理層 | 一節。

自2021年1月1日起直至本年報日期止,董事會一直 遵守上市規則第3.10及3.10A條的規定。在所委任的 三名(佔董事會至少三分之一)獨立非執行董事中,其 中一名獨立非執行董事黃博愛先生具備合適的專業資 歷或適當之會計或相關財務管理專長。

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則的規定 發出的年度獨立性確認書。根據上市規則所載的獨立 指引,本公司認為全體獨立非執行董事均屬獨立。

除本年報「董事及高級管理層」一節所載董事履歷中所 披露者外,概無董事與任何其他董事有任何個人關係 (包括財務、業務、家族或其他重大/相關關係)。

全體董事(包括獨立非執行董事)均為董事會帶來各種 不同的寶貴營商經驗、知識及專門技能,使其有效率 及有效地運作。獨立非執行董事應激於審核委員會、 薪酬委員會及提名委員會任職。

企業管治報告

Board Diversity Policy

In order to enhance the efficiency of the Board and corporate governance standard of the Company, the Board should maintain a balanced mix of executive Directors and non-executive Directors (including independent non-executive Directors) so that the Board is highly independent and is able to make independent judgments efficiently. The Company has adopted a policy on Board diversity (the "Board Diversity Policy") to ensure that the Company will, when determining the composition of the Board, consider Board diversity from various criteria, including but not limited to the gender, age, cultural and education background, race, professional and industry experience, skills, knowledge, length of service and other qualifications that are essential to the business of the Company, will be applied so that the candidate can bring advantage and make contribution to the Board.

The selection of candidates will be based on the Company's Nomination Policy while taking into account the Board Diversity Policy. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board, having due regard to the benefits of diversity on the Board and the needs of the Board without focusing on a single diversity aspect.

As at the date of this report, the Board comprises seven directors. Three of them are independent non-executive Directors who are expected to promote critical review and control of the management process and one of the non-executive Directors is a female director. The Company considers that the Board has achieved gender diversity and will continue to maintain at least one female director in the Board. The Board is also characterized by significant diversity, whether considered in terms of gender, age, educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. In the future, the Company will increase or maintain the proportion of female directors on the basis of comprehensive consideration of the talents, skills and experience levels required for the overall operation of the board of directors. The gender ratio in the Group's workforce, including senior management, as at 31 December 2021 is 47.7% (female): 52.3% (male). The Company considers that it has achieved sufficient diversity in terms of gender and therefore has not set any measurable targets. The Group has established and continued to make use of the comprehensive human resources management system to select and absorb talents from different places through rigorous recruitment processes. The Company provides all candidates with equal employment opportunities without taking into consideration their gender, race, age, nationality, marital status, pregnancy, disability and religion etc.

董事會多元化政策

為提升董事會的效益及本公司企業管治水平,董事會應保持執行與非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)的均衡組合,使董事會高度獨立而可有效發揮獨立的判斷能力。本公司已採納一項董事會多元化的政策(「董事會多元化政策」),確保本公司在設定董事會成員組合時,會從不同層面考慮董事會成員多元化,這包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、種族、專業及行業經驗、技能、知識、服務任期及對本公司業務屬必要的其他素質,以至侯選人能為董事會帶來的優勢及貢獻。

在甄別董事人選將會根據本公司的提名政策進行,並同時考慮董事會多元化政策。最終決定將會根據相關人選的長處及其可為董事會做出的貢獻,當中會考慮對董事會成員多元化的裨益以及董事會的需要,不會只側重單一的多元化層面。

於本報告日期,董事會成員包括七名董事。其中三名 為獨立非執行董事,藉此促進管理過程之重要審核 及控制。其中一名為女性非執行董事,公司認為董事 會已實現性別多元化,並將繼續保持董事會中至少有 一名女性董事。無論於考慮性別、年齡、教育背景、 專業經驗、技能、知識及服務任期方面,董事會亦體 現為高度多元化。未來,公司將在綜合考量董事會整 體運作所需要的才能、技能及經驗水平基礎上,增加 或維持女性董事的佔比。於2021年12月31日,本集 團員工(包括高級管理人員)的性別比例為47.7%(女 性):52.3%(男性)。本公司認為其於性別方面已有 足夠之多樣性,因此並無制定任何可計量目標。本集 團建立並一直採用一套完善的人力資源管理制度,貫 徹員工多元化與平等機會,通過嚴謹的招聘程序,不 論招聘者的性別、種族、年齡、國籍、婚姻狀況、懷 孕、殘疾與宗教等因素甄選和吸納各地人才,為他們 提供平等的工作和發展機會。

企業管治報告

As regards the Code Provision requiring directors to disclose the number and nature of offices held in public companies or organisations and other significant commitments as well as their identity and the time involved to the issuer, the Directors will disclose their commitments to the Company annually.

就守則條文要求董事向發行人披露於公眾公司或組織 出任職務的數目與性質及其他重大承擔以及所涉及職 務及時間而言,董事將每年向本公司披露彼等的職務 承擔。

Training and Continuous Professional Development

Each newly appointed Director is provided with necessary induction and information to ensure that he/she has a proper understanding of the Company's operations and businesses as well as his/her responsibilities under relevant statues, laws, rules and regulations. The Company will also arrange regular seminars to provide Directors with updates on latest development and changes in the Listing Rules and other relevant legal and regulatory requirements from time to time. The Directors are also provided with regular updates on the Company's performance, position and prospects to enable the Board as a whole and each Director to discharge their duties.

培訓及持續專業發展

各新委任的董事均獲提供必要的入職培訓及資料,以 確保其對本公司的營運及業務以及其於相關法規、法 例、規則及規例下的責任有適當程度的了解。本公司 亦不時為董事安排定期研討會,以提供上市規則以及 其他相關法律及監管規定的最新發展及變動的最新資 料。董事亦獲提供本公司表現、狀況及前景的定期更 新資料,以便整體董事會及各董事履行彼等的職責。

Training course 培訓課程

Executive Directors	
執行董事	
Mr. Yi Xiaodi	
易小迪先生	(A)
Mr. Fan Xiaochong	
范小冲先生	(A)
Non-executive Directors	
非執行董事	
Ms. Fan Xiaohua	
范曉華女士	(A)
Mr. Wang Gongquan	
王功權先生	(A)
Independent Non-executive Directors	
獨立非執行董事	
Mr. Gu Yunchang	
顧雲昌先生	(A)
Mr. Ng Fook Ai, Victor	
黃博愛先生	(A)
Mr. Wang Bo (resigned on 31 December 2021)	
王波先生(已於2021年12月31日辭任)	(A)
Mr. Li Chunping (appointed on 31 December 2021)	
李春平先生(於2021年12月31日獲任)	(B)

企業管治報告

During the Reporting Period, the individual training record of each Director is set out as follows:

- (A) Attended the training courses organized by the Company and delivered by SHINEWING Sustainability Advisory Services Limited
- (B) Perused the updates of the Listing Rules

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Under the current organization structure of the Company, Mr. Yi Xiaodi is the Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer. The Chairman leads the Board and is responsible for formulating corporate and business strategies of the Company and making major corporations and operations decisions of the Company. The Chief Executive Officer focuses on the business development of the Company and is responsible for the daily operation and management. He is also taking part in formulating and implementing the overall corporate and business strategy of the Company. Their respective responsibilities are clearly defined and set out in writing.

Appointment, Re-election and Removal of Directors

Each of the Executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company under which they have agreed to act as Executive Directors for an initial term of three years commencing from the Listing Date, which may be terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing served by either the Executive Director or the Company. Each of the Executive Directors has entered into a new service contract with the Company for a term of three years since 1 March 2023 (subject to the requirements in relation to the re-election by rotation of Directors set out in the Articles of Association).

Ms. Fan Xiaohua, a Non-executive Director, has entered into a service contract with the Company under which she agreed to act as a Non-executive Director for an initial term of three years commencing from the Listing Date, which may be terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing served by either Ms. Fan or the Company. Ms. Fan has entered into a new service contract with the Company for a term of three years since 1 March 2023 (subject to the requirements in relation to the re-election by rotation of Directors set out in the Articles of Association).

於本報告期內,各董事接受培訓之個人記錄載列如 下:

- (A) 出席由本公司組織,並由信永方略可持續發展 諮詢服務有限公司進行之培訓課程
- (B) 閱讀上市規則更新材料

主席及行政總裁

在本公司目前的組織架構下,易小迪先生為董事會主席兼行政總裁。董事長一職領導董事會,並負責制定本公司的企業及業務策略以及制定本公司主要企業及運營決策。行政總裁著重於本公司的業務發展及負責日常運營及管理。彼亦參與制定及實施本公司整體企業及業務策略。彼等各自的職責都有明確的書面規定。

委仟、重選及罷免董事

各執行董事已與本公司訂立服務合約,據此,彼等已同意擔任執行董事一職,初始任期自上市日期起計為期三年,並可由執行董事或本公司通過發出不少於三個月的書面通知而終止。各執行董事已與本公司訂立新的服務合約,任期自2023年3月1日起,為期三年(需根據公司章程有關董事輪選的規定)。

非執行董事范曉華女士已與本公司訂立服務合約,據此,彼同意擔任非執行董事一職,初始任期自上市日期起計為期三年,並可由范女士或本公司通過發出不少於三個月的書面通知而終止。范女士已與本公司訂立新的服務合約,任期自2023年3月1日起,為期三年(需根據公司章程有關董事輪選的規定)。

企業管治報告

Mr. Wang Gongguan, a Non-executive Director, has entered into a service contract with the Company under which he agreed to act as a non-executive Director for a term of three years commencing from 1 August 2022, which may be terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing served by either Mr. Wang or the Company (subject to the requirements in relation to the re-election by rotation of Directors set out in the Articles of Association.

非執行董事王功權先生已與本公司訂立服務合約,據 此,彼同意擔任非執行董事一職,任期自2022年8月 1日起計為期三年,並可由王先生或本公司通過發出 不少於三個月的書面通知而終止(需根據公司章程有 關董事輪選的規定)。

Mr. Gu Yunchang and Mr. Ng Fook Ai, Victor, the Independent nonexecutive Directors, have signed appointment letters with the Company for a term of three years with effect from the Listing Date. Each of Mr. Gu and Mr. Ng has entered into new appointment letters with the Company for a term of three years since 13 March 2023 (subject to the requirements in relation to the re-election by rotation of Directors set out in the Articles of Association).

獨立非執行董事顧雲昌先生及黃博愛先生均已與本公 司簽署委任函,有效期自上市日期起計為期三年。顧 先生及黃先生均已與本公司訂立新的委任函,任期自 2023年3月13日起,為期三年(需根據公司章程有關 董事輪選的規定)。

Mr. Li Chunping, an Independent non-executive Director, has signed an appointment letter with the Company for a term of three years with effect from 31 December 2021 (in accordance with the provisions of the Articles of Association on the rotation of directors).

獨立非執行董事李春平先生已與本公司簽署委任函, 有效期自2021年12月31日起計為期三年(需根據公司 章程有關董事輪選的規定)。

In accordance with the Articles of Association, one-third of the Directors for the time being shall retire by rotation at each annual general meeting of the Company but every Director is subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years and, being eligible, can offer himself for re-election at the annual general meeting. Any new Director appointed by the Board to fill a causal vacancy is subject to re-election by the Shareholders at the first annual general meeting of the Company after appointment. Any new Director appointed as an addition to the Board is subject to re-election by Shareholders at the next following annual general meeting of the Company after appointment.

根據公司章程,於本公司各屆股東週年大會上,當時 三分之一的董事須輪值退任,惟各董事須每三年至少 輪值退任一次並合資格及可在股東週年大會上膺選連 任。由董事會委任以填補臨時空缺的任何新董事須於 獲委任後在本公司首屆股東大會上接受股東重選。董 事會增任的任何新董事須於獲委任後在本公司下屆股 東週年大會上接受股東重選。

The procedures and process of appointment, re-election and removal of Directors are set out in the Articles of Association. The Nomination Committee is responsible for reviewing the Board composition, monitoring the appointment, re-election and succession planning of Directors

董事的委任、重撰及罷免董事的程序及過程載於公司 章程。提名委員會負責審閱董事會組成以及監察董事 的委任、重選及繼任計劃。

企業管治報告

Board Meetings and General Meetings

The Company adopts the practice of holding Board meetings regularly. During the Reporting Period, four Board meetings were held. Notices of not less than fourteen days are given for all regular Board meetings to provide all Directors with an opportunity to attend and include matters in the agenda for a regular meeting. For other meetings of the Board and the Board Committees, reasonable notice is generally given. The agenda and accompanying Board papers are dispatched to the Directors or members of the relevant Board Committees at least three days before the meetings to ensure that they have sufficient time to review the papers and be adequately prepared for the meetings. When Directors or members of the relevant Board Committees are unable to attend a meeting, they will be advised of the matters to be discussed and given an opportunity to make their views known to the chairman prior to the meeting. Minutes of meetings are kept by the Company Secretary with copies circulated to all Directors for information and records.

Sufficient details of the matters considered, decisions reached and concerns raised by any Directors are recorded in the minutes of the meetings of the Board and Board Committees. Draft minutes of each meeting of the Board or Board Committees are sent to the Directors for comments within a reasonable time after the date on which the meeting is held. The minutes of the Board meetings are open for inspection by Directors.

董事會會議及股東大會

本公司採納定期舉行董事會會議的慣例,本報告期內舉行四次。本公司就所有定期舉行的董事會會議發出不少於十四天的通知,以給予全體董事出席定期會議及將相關事項納入議程的機會。就董事會及董事委員會的其他會議而言,一般將會作出合理通知。審發了會議前最少三天寄發予董事或相關董事委員會成員,以確保彼等有充足關關董事或相關董事委員會成員,以確保彼等有充足關關董事委員會的成員未能出席會議,彼等將獲知會有關將予討論的事宜,並有機會在舉行會議前向主席發表意見。會議記錄由公司秘書保存,而副本將發送予全體董事,以供參考及記錄。

任何董事所考慮的事項、所達成的決策及所提出的問題均會充分、詳細地記錄於董事會及董事委員會的會議記錄內。董事會或董事委員會各次會議的會議記錄 草稿會於會議舉行當日後的合理時間內送交董事以獲取意見。董事有權查閱董事會會議記錄。

企業管治報告

During the Reporting Period, four Board meetings and a general meeting were held and the attendance is set out in the table below:

於本報告期內,已舉行四次董事會會議及一次股東大 會,出席情況如下:

	2020 Annual Results	The Second meeting	2021 Interim Results	The Fourth meeting	Annual General Meeting held on 25 June 2021 於2021年6月25日 日召開的股東
	2020年年度業績	第二次會議	2021年中期業績	第四次會議	週年大會
Executive Directors 執行董事					
Mr. Yi Xiaodi	✓	✓	✓	✓	/
易小迪先生					
Mr. Fan Xiaochong 范小冲先生	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Non-executive Directors					
非執行董事					
Ms. Fan Xiaohua 范曉華女士	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Mr. Wang Gongquan 王功權先生	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Independent non-executive					
Directors					
獨立非執行董事					
Mr. Gu Yunchang	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
顧雲昌先生	,	,			,
Mr. Ng Fook Ai, Victor 黃博愛先生	✓	✓	✓	✓	V
Mr. Wang Bo (resigned on 31 December 2021) 王波先生(自2021年12月31日 辭任)	✓	✓	✓	✓	√
Mr. Li Chunping (since 31 December 2021) 李春平先生(於2021年12月31日 獲任)	1	✓	✓	✓	1
Mr. Li Chunping (appointed on 31 December 2021) 李春平先生(於2021年12月31日 獲任)					

represents attending the meeting

During the Reporting Period, apart from regular Board meetings, the Chairman also held meetings with the independent non-executive Directors without the presence of executive Directors and nonexecutive Directors.

代表出席會議

於本報告期內,除定期董事會會議外,主席亦在無執 行董事和非執行董事出席情況下與獨立非執行董事召 開會議。

企業管治報告

Model Code for Securities Transactions

The Company has adopted the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules ("**Model Code**") as its own code of conduct regarding the Directors' securities transactions. Having made specific enquiries with all the Directors, all the Directors confirmed that they had complied with the Model Code during the Reporting Period.

Delegation by the Board

The Board reserves its rights of decision over all major matters of the Company, including: approval and monitoring of all policy matters, overall strategies and budgets, internal control and risk management systems, material transactions (in particular those that may involve conflict of interests), financial information, appointment of Directors and other significant financial and operational matters. Directors have the option to obtain independent professional advice in performing their duties at the Company's expense and are encouraged to consult with the Company's senior management independently.

The daily management, administration and operation of the Group are delegated to the senior management. The delegated functions and responsibilities are periodically reviewed by the Board. Approval has to be obtained from the Board prior to any significant transactions are entered into by the management.

Corporate Governance Functions

The Board recognises that corporate governance should be the collective responsibility of Directors and delegated the corporate governance duties to the Audit Committee which include the following:

- to develop, review and implement the Company's policy and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board;
- to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors; and
- to review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄10所載的標準守則(「標準守則」)作為其有關董事證券交易的操守守則。本公司已對全體董事作出具體查詢,且各董事已確認在本報告期內一直遵守標準守則。

董事會授權

董事會保留對本公司所有主要事項的決策權,包括: 批准及監察所有政策事宜、整體策略及預算、內部監 控及風險管理系統、重大交易(尤其是可能涉及利益 衝突的交易)、財務資料、委任董事以及其他重大財 務及營運事宜。董事於履行其職責時可選擇獲取獨立 專業意見,費用由本公司承擔,而本公司亦鼓勵董事 向本公司高級管理層進行獨立諮詢。

本集團的日常管理、行政及營運已授予高級管理層負責。授權職能及職責由董事會定期檢討。管理層訂立任何重大交易前須取得董事會的批准。

企業管治職能

董事會知悉企業管治乃全體董事的共同責任,而授予 審核委員會的企業管治職責包括下列各項:

- 制定、檢討及推行本公司的企業管治政策及常規,並向董事會提出推薦建議;
- 檢討及監察董事及高級管理層的培訓及持續專業發展:
- 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監管規定方面 的政策及常規;
- 制定、檢討及監察適用於僱員及董事的操守守則及合規手冊(如有);及
- 檢討本公司遵守企業管治守則的情況及於企業 管治報告內的披露。

企業管治報告

Independent opinions and suggestions obtained by the Board of Directors

The Company has in place mechanisms to ensure independent views and input are available to the Board. The Board shall at all times comprise at least three independent non-executive Directors that represent at least one-third of the Board, such that there is always a strong element of independence on the Board which can effectively exercise independent judgement. Each independent non-executive Director is required to provide an annual confirmation of his/her independence to the Company and the Nomination Committee of the Company is responsible to assess the independence and time commitment of each independent non-executive Director at least annually.

The Directors are free to inquire and request further information from the management. If the directors raise questions, the management is responsible for timely and comprehensive response. The Directors may also, where appropriate, seek independent professional advice to perform their duties to the Company at the expense of the Company. All Directors are free to require the company secretary to provide advice and services, and the company secretary's responsibility is to ensure that the board of directors receives appropriate and timely information to make decisions, and ensure that the procedures of the board of directors are followed.

董事會獲得獨立意見及建議機制

公司已建立相關機制,確保董事會能夠獲得獨立意見 及建議。董事會應始終由至少三名獨立非執行董事組 成,至少佔董事會成員的三分之一,從而使董事會始 終具有較強的獨立性,能夠有效地做出獨立判斷。每 位獨立非執行董事必須每年向公司確認其獨立性,公 司提名委員會負責至少每年一次評估每位獨立非執行 董事的獨立性和時間承諾。

董事可自由向管理層查詢及索取進一步資料。倘董事 提出疑問,管理層有責任及時且盡可能全面回應。 董事亦可於適當情況下尋求獨立專業意見,以履行彼 等對本公司之職責,費用由本公司支付。所有董事可 不受限制地要求公司秘書提供意見及服務,而公司秘 書的職責為確保董事會收取適當及適時資訊以作出決 策,並確保董事會程序獲得遵從。

企業管治報告

Board Committees

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee currently comprises three members, namely Mr. Yi Xiaodi (chairman), Mr. Gu Yunchang and Mr. Li Chunping (replaced Mr. Wang Bo on 31 December 2021, who resigned as a Director on the same day), and the majority of them are independent non-executive Directors.

The principal duties of the Nomination Committee include the following:

- to review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge, experience and diversity of perspectives) of the Board at least annually and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy;
- to identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships;
- to assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors;
- to make recommendations to the Board on appointment or reappointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors, in particular the chairman and the chief executive; and
- to review the Board Diversity Policy and any measurable objectives for implementing such Board Diversity Policy as may be adopted by the Board from time to time and to review the progress on achieving the objectives; and to make disclosure of its review results in the annual report of the Company annually.

During the Reporting Period, the Nomination Committee assessed the independence of the independent non-executive Directors (including Mr. Li Chunping), reviewed the structure, size and composition of the Board, reviewed the Company's Board Diversity Policy and the measurable objectives and progress in meeting the targets set for the implementation of the policy, discussed and recommended to the Board the re-election of the retiring Directors and the appointment of Mr. Li Chunping as an independent non-executive Director to fill vacancy.

董事委員會

提名委員會

提名委員會目前由三名成員(即易小迪先生(主席)、顧雲昌先生及李春平先生(於2021年12月31日接替同日辭去董事職務的王波先生)組成,彼等大部分均為獨立非執行董事。

提名委員會的主要職責包括下列各項:

- 至少每年檢討董事會的架構、人數及組成(包括 技能、知識、經驗及觀點多元化)並就任何為配 合本公司的策略而擬對董事會作出的變動提出 建議;
- 物色具備合適資格可擔任董事會成員的人士, 並挑選提名有關人士出任董事或就此向董事會 提出建議;
- 評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性;
- 就董事委任或重新委任以及董事(尤其是主席及 行政總裁)繼任計劃向董事會提出建議;及
- 檢討董事會多元化政策及董事會不時地為董事會多元化政策而制定的任何可計量目標和達標 進度;以及每年在本公司的年報內披露檢討結果。

於本報告期,提名委員會已評估了獨立非執行董事 (包括李春平先生)的獨立性,檢討本公司董事會架 構、人數及組成,檢討本公司董事會多元化政策及為 執行該政策而制定的可計量目標和達標進度,討論及 向董事會推薦重選退任董事,及委任李春平先生為獨 立非執行董事以填補空缺。

企業管治報告

The Company has adopted the nomination policy ("Nomination **Policy**"). Pursuant to the Nomination Policy, the Nomination Committee will assess the candidate or the incumbent diversity in all aspects, including but not limited to the gender, age, cultural and education background, race, professional experience, knowledge and length of service, etc.. The recommendations of the Nomination Committee will then be put to the Board for decision. The written terms of reference of the Nomination Committee are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

本公司已採納提名政策(「提名政策」)。根據提名政 策,提名委員會將按各方面的多元化,包括但不限於 性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、種族、專業經驗、知 識和服務年期等方面對候選人或現任人員進行評估。 提名委員會的推薦建議隨後將提呈予董事會作出決 定。提名委員會的職權範圍書可於聯交所及本公司網 站杳閱。

During the Reporting Period, two meetings was held by the Nomination Committee and the attendances are set out in the table below:

於本報告期內,提名委員會舉行兩次會議,且出席情 況如下:

	2020 Annual Results 2020年年度業績會議	The Second meeting 第二次會議
Executive Directors		
執行董事		
Mr. Yi Xiaodi	✓	✓
易小迪先生		
Independent non-executive Directors		
獨立非執行董事		
Mr. Gu Yunchang	✓	✓
顧雲昌先生		
Mr. Wang Bo (resigned on 31 December 2021)	✓	✓
王波先生(於2021年12月31日辭任)		
Mr. Li Chunping (appointed on 31 December 2021)		
李春平先生(於2021年12月31日獲任)		

represents attending the meeting

代表出席會議

企業管治報告

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee comprises three members, namely Mr. Li Chunping (chairman; replaced Mr. Wang Bo on 31 December 2021, who resigned as a Director on the same day), Mr. Fan Xiaochong and Mr. Gu Yunchang, and the majority of them are independent nonexecutive Directors.

The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee include but not limited to the following:

- to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure of all Directors and senior management remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy;
- either: (i) to determine, with delegated responsibility by the Board, the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management; or (ii) to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management;
- to review and approve the compensation payable to executive Directors and senior management for any loss or termination of office or appointment to ensure that it is consistent with contractual terms and is otherwise fair and not excessive;
- to review and approve compensation arrangements relating to dismissal or removal of Directors for misconduct to ensure that they are consistent with contractual terms and are otherwise reasonable and appropriate;
- to review and approve the management's remuneration with reference to the Board's corporate policies and objectives; and
- to consider and approve the granting of share options to eligible participants under the Share Option Scheme.

The Remuneration Committee is also responsible for ensuring that no Director or any of his/her associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) will participate in deciding his/her own remuneration, whose remuneration will be determined by reference to salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities and employment conditions elsewhere in the Group. The written terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會由三名成員(即李春平先生(主席,於2021 年12月31日接替同日辭去董事職務的王波先生)、范 小冲先生及顧雲昌先生)組成,彼等大部分均為獨立 非執行董事。

薪酬委員會的主要職責包括但不限於下列各項:

- 就本公司全體董事及高級管理層的薪酬政策及 架構,及就設立正規而具誘明度的程序制訂薪 酬政策,向董事會提出建議;
- 以下兩者之一:(i)獲董事會轉授責任釐定個別 執行董事及高級管理層的薪酬待遇;或(ii)向董 事會建議個別執行董事及高級管理層的薪酬待 遇;
- 檢討及批准向執行董事及高級管理層就其喪失 或終止職務或委任而須支付的賠償,以確保該 等賠償與合約條款一致;若未能與合約條款一 致,則賠償亦須公平合理,不致過多;
- 檢討及批准因董事行為失當而解僱或罷免有關 董事所涉及的賠償安排,以確保該等安排與合 約條款一致;倘未能與合約條款一致,則有關 賠償亦須合理及適當;
- 因應董事會所制訂的企業方針及目標,檢討及 批准管理層的薪酬;及
- 考慮及批准根據購股權計劃向合資格參與者授 出購股權。

薪酬委員會亦負責確保概無董事或其任何聯繫人(定 義見上市規則)參與決定其自身的薪酬,有關薪酬將 參照同類公司支付的薪金、須付出的時間及職責以及 本集團內其他職位的僱用條件而釐定。薪酬委員會的 職權範圍書可於聯交所及本公司網站查閱。

企業管治報告

During the Reporting period, the Remuneration Committee reviewed the Company's policy and structure for the remuneration of Directors and senior management, reviewed the remuneration of all executive Directors and senior management of the Company and made recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages, reviewed the remuneration of all non-executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors and confirmed the relevant directors' service contracts and letters of appointment.

於本報告期內,薪酬委員會已檢討本公司董事及高級 管理人員的薪酬政策及架構,檢討本公司全體執行董 事及高級管理層的薪酬待遇並就薪酬待遇向董事會提 出建議,檢討全體非執行董事和獨立非執行董事的薪 酬,並確認相關董事服務協議及委任函。

During the Reporting Period, two meetings was held by the Remuneration Committee and the attendances are set out in the table below:

於本報告期內,薪酬委員會舉行兩次會議,且出席情況如下:

	2020 Annual Results 2020年年度業績會議	The Second meeting 第二次會議
Executive Directors		
執行董事		
Mr. Fan Xiaochong	✓	✓
范小冲先生		
Independent non-executive Directors		
獨立非執行董事		
Mr. Gu Yunchang	✓	✓
顧雲昌先生		
Mr. Wang Bo (resigned on 31 December 2021)	✓	✓
王波先生(於2021年12月31日辭任)		
Mr. Li Chunping (appointed on 31 December 2021)		
李春平先生(於2021年12月31日獲任)		

✓ represents attending the meeting

Pursuant to Code E.1.5 of the CG Code, details of the remuneration payable to 14 members of senior management by band, whose biographies are set out on pages 51 to 62 of this annual report, for the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out below:

✓ 代表出席會議

根據企業管治守則第E.1.5條的規定,截至2021年12 月31日止年度,高級管理層十四名成員(其履歷載於 本年報第51頁至62頁)的薪酬範圍詳情載列如下:

Remuneration band (RMB′000) 薪酬範圍(人民幣千元)	Number of individuals 人數
Below 1,000 1,000 以下	9
1,000 to 2,000 1,000至2,000	5

企業管治報告

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee comprises all the three independent nonexecutive Directors, namely Mr. Ng Fook Ai, Victor (chairman), Mr. Li Chunping (replaced Mr. Wang Bo on 31 December 2021, who resigned as a Director on the same day) and Mr. Gu Yunchang. The main duties of the Audit Committee include the following:

- to deal with the relationship with the Company's external auditors;
- to review the Company's financial information;
- to oversee the Company's financial reporting system, risk management and internal control procedures; and
- to perform the Company's corporate governance functions.

During the Reporting Period, three meetings were held by the Audit Committee and the attendances are set out in the table below:

審核委員會

審核委員會由三名獨立非執行董事(即黃博愛先生(主 席)、李春平先生(於2021年12月31日接替同日辭去 董事職務的王波先生)及顧雲昌先生)組成。審核委員 會的主要職責包括下列各項:

- 處理與本公司外聘核數師的關係;
- 審閱本公司的財務資料;
- 監管本公司的財務申報制度、風險管理及內部 監控程序;及
- 履行本公司的企業管治職能。

於本報告期內,審核委員會舉行了三次會議,且出席 情況如下:

	2020 Annual Results 2020年年度業績會議	2021 Interim Results 2021年度中期業績會議	The Third Meeting 第三次會議
Independent non-executive Directors			
獨立非執行董事			
Mr. Gu Yunchang	✓	✓	✓
顧雲昌先生			
Mr. Ng Fook Ai, Victor	✓	✓	✓
黃博愛先生			
Mr. Wang Bo (resigned on 31 December 2021)			
王波先生(於2021年12月31日辭任)			
Mr. Li Chunping (appointed on 31 December 2021)	✓	✓	✓
李春平先生(於2021年12月31日獲任)			

represents attending the meeting

代表出席會議

企業管治報告

The Audit Committee reviewed the financial control system, crisis management, risk management and internal control processes. discussed with the management with regard to the risk management and internal control systems and assessed their effectiveness for the Reporting Period, considering the factors including the adequacy of resources for financial reporting, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and the budget of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function. The Audit Committee also reviewed the state of the Company's corporate governance against the criteria set out in the CG Code and considered the reappointment of the external auditor. The Board had not deviated from any recommendation given by the Audit Committee on the selection, appointment, resignation or dismissal of external auditor.

審核委員會審閱了財務監控系統、危機管理、風險管 理及內部監控程序,與管理層討論風險管理及內部監 控系統,並通過考慮財務申報資源是否充足、員工資 質及經驗、培訓計劃及本公司在會計及財務申報職能 方面的預算等因素評估了其在本報告期內的有效性。 審核委員會亦審閱了本公司的企業管治對企業管治守 則所載標準的遵循情況, 並考慮重新委任外聘核數 師。董事會尚未違背審核委員會於外聘核數師選擇、 委任、辭任或免任方面作出的任何推薦建議。

The members of the Audit Committee also reviewed the preliminary results of the Company and its subsidiaries for the Reporting Period as well as the audit report prepared by the external auditor relating to accounting issues and major findings in course of audit. There are proper arrangements for employees to raise concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, risk management, internal control and other matters in confidence.

審核委員會的成員亦審閱了本公司及其附屬公司本報 告期內的初步業績,以及外聘核數師所編製有關會 計事項及審核過程中的重大發現的審核報告。本公司 為僱員作出恰當安排,讓彼等可以保密方式就財務申 報、風險管理、內部監控及其他事宜可能出現的不當 行為提出提問。

The written terms of reference of the Audit Committee are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

審核委員會的職權範圍書可於本公司及聯交所網站查

Directors' Responsibilities for Financial Reporting in Respect of Financial Statements

董事有關財務報表的財務申報責任

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements for the Reporting Period which give a true and fair view of the affairs of the Company and the Group and of the Group's results and cash flows.

董事深知其就編製本報告期內的財務報表以真實公平 地反映本公司及本集團事務以及本集團業績及現金流 量的責任。

The management has provided to the Board such explanation and information as are necessary to enable the Board to carry out an informed assessment of the Company's financial statements, which are put to the Board for approval.

管理層已向董事會提供董事會就本公司財務報表進行 知情評估所需的有關説明及資料,而有關説明及資料 須提呈董事會批准。

企業管治報告

THE BOARD'S RESPONSE TO THE AUDITOR'S OPINION

Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion

The auditor of the Company, being Mazars CPA Limited, issued a disclaimer of opinion (the "**Disclaimer of Opinion**") on the consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021 in relation to going concern of the Company, details of which are set out in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements contained in this report.

With respect to the Disclaimer of Opinion, the Directors are of the opinion that the Group will have sufficient working capital to finance its operations and to meet its financial obligations for at least the next 12 months from the date of approval of the consolidated financial statements, after taking into consideration of the measures (the "Measures") set out in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements contained in this report.

However, as stated in the independent auditor's report contained in this annual report, the auditor is of the view that it has not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the use of going concern assumption in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

Board's Response to "Disclaimer of Opinion - Going Concern"

As set out in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements contained in this report, the Board is taking below plans and measures:

- 1. Negotiation with a number of creditors and lenders for renewal and extension of interest-bearing borrowings which would be due within 12 months;
- 2. Negotiation with a number of creditors and lenders for debt restructuring of interest-bearing borrowings;
- 3. Negotiation with various financial institutions and potential lenders/investors to identify various options for financing;
- 4. Accelerating the pre-sale and sale of its properties under development and completed properties held for sale;
- Disposing several investment properties instead of generating rental income;

董事會對核數師意見之回應

無法表示意見之基準

本公司的核數師中審眾環(香港)會計師事務所有限公司就本公司截至2021年12月31日止年度的綜合財務報表有關本公司的持續經營無法表示意見(「無法表示意見」),其詳情載於本報告綜合財務報表附註2。

關於無法表示意見,董事於慮及本報告綜合財務報表 附註2中所載的措施(「措施」)後認為自綜合財務報表 批准之日起至少在未來12個月內,本集團將有足夠的 營運資本為其運營提供資金,並履行其財務義務。

然而,正如本年度報告中獨立核數師報告所述,核數師認為其無法獲得於編製綜合財務報表時使用持續經 營假設的充分適當的審核證據。

董事會對「無法表示意見-持續經營」之回應

如本報告綜合財務報表附注2所載列,董事會正在採取以下計劃及措施:

- 1. 與多家債權人和貸款人就將於12個月內到期的 有息借款的續期和延期進行磋商;
- 與多家債權人和貸款人就有息借款的債務重組 進行磋商;
- 3. 與多家金融機構和潛在貸款人/投資者磋商以 物色各種融資選擇;
- 加快發展中物業和持有待售的已落成物業的預 售和銷售;
- 5. 出售若干投資物業而非產生租金收入;

企業管治報告

- 6. Speeding up the collection of outstanding sale proceeds and loans to third parties:
- 7. Tightening cost controls over various operating expenses;
- 8. Looking for larger property development enterprises and cooperating with investors to develop properties under development of the Group through joint effort;
- 9. Procuring and negotiating the preliminary terms with larger property development enterprises for the sale of property development projects at a price deemed appropriate; and
- 10. Negotiation with the local tax authorities to postpone the finalisation and payment of Land Appreciation Tax of the property development projects which had already met the requirement of finalisation of Land Appreciation Tax.

The Board would like to provide certain additional and update information in relation to the above plans and measures up to the date of this report.

Up to the date of this report, the Group had actively negotiated with the creditors and lenders, and successfully extended certain defaulted or overdue loans and borrowings for approximately 1 to 4 years.

In addition, the Group actively faced the debt pressure from various financial institutions, negotiating for debt extension and other ways to extend the debt. The Group had also reached a certain level of understanding with important creditors, buying time for the Group to resolve its difficulties. For the construction partners, the Group had actively negotiated with them to stabilize them by offering repayment with real estate or goods, and installment payments, ensuring the consistent completion of construction and delivery.

Moreover, the Group had actively negotiated with different parties and successfully obtained additional loans and borrowings in total of approximately RMB1,478 million up to the date of this report.

- 加速收回尚未支付的銷售所得款項及第三方貸
- 加強對各項經營費用的成本控制; 7.
- 8. 物色大型物業開發企業, 並與投資者合作共同 開發集團的發展中物業;
- 促使及與大型物業開發企業磋商有關出售物業 9. 開發項目的初步條款(倘認為價格合滴);及
- 10. 與地方稅務部門協商,對已達到土地增值稅決 算要求的物業開發項目,延期決算繳納土地增 值税。

董事會希望提供截至本報告日期與上述計劃及措施有 關的若干補充及最新資料。

截至本報告日期,本集團已與債權人和貸款人積極協 商, 並成功將部分違約或逾期的貸款及借款延長約1 至4年。

此外,本集團積極面對來自各金融機構的債務壓力, 協商債務展期等方式進行債務展期。本集團亦與重要 **債權人達成一定程度的諒解,為本集團解決困難贏得** 了時間。對於施工合作夥伴,本集團積極與其協商, 通過房地產或商品以及分期付款的方式進行還款以使 其穩定,確保施工及交付的一致完成。

此外,截至本報告日期,本集團已積極與各方協商, 並成功獲得總計約人民幣1,478百萬元的額外貸款及 借款。

企業管治報告

Regarding the operation, during the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group actively adopted the selling promotion activities aimed to boost the sales of properties, but due to the downturn of the real estate market and effect of the tightened policy resulted from COVID-19 pandemic in the PRC, the result of the selling activities is not as expected. During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group had continuously adopted the selling promotion activities, but due to the continuous downturn of real estate market and outbreak of COVID-19 pandemic throughout the year, the sales of properties were significantly decreased. In this circumstance, the Group had immediately implemented the operation management of Commercial Street, Himalaya Apartments project and other operating plans to utilise the owned properties of the Group, which maintained the continuously operation of the Group under the situation of short of operating funds. At the meantime, the Group had successfully negotiated and agreed with the local tax authorities to delay the timing of clearance of Land Appreciation Tax for certain projects.

關於經營,截至2021年12月31日止年度,本集團積極開展旨在促進物業銷售的促銷活動,但由於房地產市場低迷以及新冠肺炎疫情導致中國政策收緊的影響,銷售活動的結果不如預期。截至2022年12月31日止年度,本集團持續開展促銷活動,但由於全年房地產市場持續低迷和新冠肺炎疫情爆發,物業銷售額大幅下降。在此情况下,本集團迅速實施商業街區項目、喜馬拉雅公寓項目的運營管理以及其他運營計劃,以利用本集團擁有的物業維持本集團在經營資金短缺的情况下持續經營。與此同時,本集團已成功與當地稅務機關協商並就延后若干項目的土地增值稅清繳時間達成一致。

On the other side, the Group had also actively and continuously implemented and strengthened cost control policy, while the Group still maintained the stability of key personnel and the personnel streamlining plan for each project was carried out in an orderly manner. At the same time, the Company also strengthened the front-line operational staff, ensuring further reinforcement in project leasing and sales operations and preparing for further development in the future.

另一方面,本集團亦積極、持續地執行並加强成本控制政策,同時保持關鍵人員的穩定,各項目的人員精簡計劃有序進行。同時,本公司亦加强了一線運營人員,確保項目租賃和銷售業務的進一步加強,為未來的進一步發展做好準備。

The Group had still actively implemented the above plans and measures to ensure the Group can have sufficient working capital to finance its operations and to meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due within the next twelve months from the date of the consolidated statement of financial position.

本集團仍積極實施上述計劃及措施,以確保本集團能夠有足夠的流動資金為其運營提供資金,並在綜合財務狀況表日期起計未來十二個月內履行到期的財務義務。

The Directors had reviewed the Group's cash flow projections prepared by the management that covered a period of not less than 12 months from 2 November 2023, being the date of approving this annual report. Having taken into account the above-mentioned plans and measures, the Directors were of the opinion that the Group would have sufficient working capital to finance its operations and to meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due within the next twelve months from the date of the consolidated statement of financial position. Accordingly, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

董事已審查管理層編製的本集團現金流預測,該預測涵蓋自2023年11月2日(即批准本年度報告之日)起不少於12個月的時間。經考慮上述計劃及措施後,董事認為本集團將有足夠營運資金為其經營提供資金,並於綜合財務狀況表日期起計未來十二個月內履行其到期財務義務。因此,綜合財務報表乃基於持續經營所編製。

企業管治報告

appropriate.

The Directors have explained the above plans to the auditor that the Group is able to operate as a going concern and will be able to have sufficient working capital in the next twelve months from 2 November 2023 after taking into consideration of the factors in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements contained in this report.

Despite the evidences and explanations provided to the auditor in relation to the Group's ability of going concern, the auditor still regarded that due to the uncertainty of the Group's ability to maintain adequate future cash flows, it was unable to ascertain whether the assumptions made by the Directors in preparing the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis were proper and

The Directors have used their best endeavour to provide information and has explained the situation of the Group to the auditor. In view of the financial performance of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021, adverse impact caused by the continuous and repeated outbreaks of the COVID-19 pandemic, and the fact that the overall real estate market was in a downward trend, the Directors understood the view of the auditor.

The Audit Committee understands the audit modification on going concern raised by the auditor and has discussed it with the management and the auditor. The Audit Committee shared the same view with the management.

董事已向核數師解釋了上述計劃,即於盧及本報告所 載綜合財務報表附註2中的因素後,本集團能夠持續 經營,並將能夠在2023年11月2日起的未來十二個月 內擁有充足的營運資本。

儘管向核數師提供了與本集團持續經營能力有關的證 據和解釋,但核數師仍然認為由於本集團維持充足未 來現金流能力的不確定性,無法確定董事基於持續經 營編製綜合財務報表時所作的假設是否恰當。

董事已盡力提供資料,並已向核數師解釋本集團的情 況。鑒於本集團截至2021年12月31日止年度的財務 表現、新冠肺炎疫情持續反復爆發所造成的不利影 響,以及整體房地產市場呈下跌趨勢,董事理解核數 師的觀點。

審核委員會理解核數師對持續經營提出的審核修改, 並已與管理層及核數師進行討論。審核委員會與管理 層持相同意見。

企業管治報告

Risk Management and Internal Control

The Board acknowledges that it is the responsibility of the Board for maintaining an adequate risk management and internal control system to safeguard shareholder investments and the Group's assets and reviewing the effectiveness of such system on an annual basis. Such systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risks of failure to achieve business objectives, and could only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Board has the overall responsibility for evaluating and determining the nature and extent of the risks to be assumed by the Company in achieving its strategic objectives, and establishing and maintaining appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems. The Audit Committee assists the Board in management and overseeing the formulation, implementation and supervision of the risk management and internal control systems.

The risk management and internal control of the Group are conducted through each department' daily operation, including a sound corporate structure and defined terms of reference, such as authorization approval, validation, and segregation of duties. By reference to any changes in the external environment and the Company's business development mode, the management and the officers of key competent departments will jointly continue to assess major risks and the possibility of their occurrence, to provide solutions and monitor the progress of risk management. The Company also actively carry out the informatization construction, including the continuous optimization of collaborative office system (OA/Portal), Oracle accounting system, Hyperion budget system and customer relationship management system (CRM), and provide timely and accurate data to the management to strengthen the Company's risk control in decision-making.

In addition, we seek to proactively identify any concerns and issues relating to potential non-compliance by providing training (organized by our administrative and legal department) to the management of all departments regarding the need for preventive and self-check measures, ensuring that all applicable laws and regulations are complied with and material internal control deficiency is identified and addressed timely. In the meantime, the direct supervision departments or our management would inspect relevant departments on a regular or irregular basis and conduct internal control assessment regularly to identify risks that have potential impact on the business and all aspects (including key operational and financial processes, regulatory compliance and information security) of the Group.

風險管理及內部監控

董事會確認其須負責維持充分的風險管理及內部監控 系統以保障股東投資及本集團資產,並負責按年審閱 有關系統的有效性。該等系統乃旨在管理而非消除未 能達成業務目標之風險,而且衹能就不會有重大失實 陳述或損失作出合理而非絕對保證。

董事會有整體責任評估及釐定本公司為達成戰略目標 所願承擔的風險性質及程度,並建立及維持合適及有 效的風險管理及內部監控制度。審核委員會協助董事 會管理及監察風險管理及內部控制系統之制定、實施 及監控。

本集團的風險管理和內部控制分佈在各部門的日常運營中,包括完善的公司架構和明確界定的職權範圍,例如授權審批、驗證、及職責區分。通過參考任何外部環境變化及本公司業務發展模式,管理層與主要部門管理層會持續協同評估主要風險及風險出現的可能性,提供處理方案,並監察風險管理的進展。本公司亦積極進行信息化建設,包括協同辦公系統(OA/Portal)、Oracle會計系統、Hyperion預算系統及客戶關係管理系統(CRM)的持續優化,為管理層提供及時、準確的決策數據,從而加強本公司的決策風險控制。

另外,本集團向各部門管理層提供行政部及法律部所組織的有關預防和自檢措施必要性的培訓,力求主動識別有關潛在不合規情況的任何事宜及問題,確保符合所有相關法律及法規及能及時發現及解決嚴重的內部監控缺失。同時垂直上級部門或本集團高層管理人員會定期或不定期地進行巡視和檢查相關部門,並進行內部監控評估,以識別對本集團業務及各方面(包括主要營運及財務程序、監管合規及信息安全)具有潛在影響的風險。

企業管治報告

The Group has established a reporting channel including email account and telephone hotline through which an employee and external third parties can report potential non-compliance exposures and raise concerns over possible improper behaviors in financial reporting, internal control or other aspects, so that we could promptly detect problems and undertake corrective measures.

本集團建立舉報渠道,包括電子郵件賬戶及電話熱 線,可供僱員及外部第三方匯報潛在不合規風險及就 本公司的財務申報、內部監控或其他方面可能發生之 不正當行為提出關注,以便本集團及時發現問題及採 取糾正措施。

The Group has developed its disclosure policy and process which specifies in detail the process and monitoring measures to assess, handle and disclose potential inside information, including notify the relevant Directors and employees about the blackout period and restriction in security trading.

本集團已設立披露政策和程序,當中詳述評估潛在內 幕消息及處理及發佈內幕消息的程序和監控措施,包 括通知相關董事及僱員有關禁售期及證券交易限制。

The Group has set up an internal audit department, conducting independent review of the adequacy and effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems annually. Internal audit department examines key issues in relation to the accounting practices and all material controls and provides its findings and recommendations for improvement to the Audit Committee.

本集團設立內部審計部門每年對風險管理及內部監控 制度的充足性及有效性進行獨立審查。內部審計部門 檢查有關會計慣例及所有重大監控等主要事項,並向 審計委員會提供其調查結果及改善建議。

The management monitored the assessment of risk management and internal control and have reported/confirmed to the Board and the Audit Committee on the effectiveness of risk management and internal control systems for the Reporting Period.

管理層監察風險管理及內部監控的評估,並已向董事 會及審計委員會報告/確認本報告期內的風險管理及 內部監控制度的有效性。

The Audit Committee confirmed that it has reviewed the effectiveness of risk management and internal control systems of the Company according to its term of reference for the Reporting Period and is of the view that the risk management and internal control systems are effective and adequate. The Audit Committee will continue to conduct regular review on risk management and internal control systems in the future.

審核委員會確認,已根據其職權範圍書對本報告期本 公司風險管理及內部監控系統的有效性進行過審閱, 且認為風險管理及內部監控系統屬有效及充分。審核 委員會將在今後繼續定期對風險管理及內部監控系統 進行檢討。

The Board, as supported by the Audit Committee, assessed the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems by reviewing the management report. The Company considers that the risk management and internal control systems of the Company for the Reporting Period are effective and adequate.

董事會由審計委員會協助及誘過審閱各管理報告,評 估風險管理及內部監控制度的有效性。本公司認為本 公司本報告期內之風險管理及內部監控制度為有效及 充足的。

企業管治報告

Enhanced Internal Control

Reference is made to the announcement of the Company dated 20 September 2023. In September 2022, the Company engaged an external internal control consultant (the "Consultant") to conduct an internal control review and assist the management to improve the Company's internal control system. The review period covered from 19 Oct 2022 to 5 Dec 2022 and 2 May 2023 to 31 May 2023.

Below are the key deficiencies of internal control review identified by the Consultant:

Key deficiencies of internal control review identified

1 Procedures for notifiable transactions and connected transactions under Chapter 14 and Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules

The Company's previous auditor noted that the Company had receivables amounting to RMB1,389.9 million as at 31 December 2021. Out of this, RMB838.1 million related to certain term loans (being the Loans), which had been granted by the Company to certain third parties between December 2020 and April 2021, and RMB551.8 million was finance costs (comprising interest expense and financial advisory fees) paid to certain third parties between April 2021 and July 2021 under various loan agreements and financial advisory agreements. The Company's previous auditor had further noted that the Loans may potentially constitute notifiable transactions and/or connected transactions of the Company under Chapters14 and 14A of the Listing Rules.

However, the Company did not comply with the reporting, announcement and shareholders' approval requirement under Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules.

The Consultant recommended that a designated responsible personnel should be assigned to perform size test before entering into material transactions. It is also recommended that the record of size test should be properly kept for future reference. The Company has published a Chapter 14 notifiable transaction announcement in respect of the Loans on 20 September 2023. Please refer to the announcement for details. The above recommendations have been implemented by the Company.

強化內部控制

茲提述本公司日期為2023年9月20日之公告。2022年9月,公司聘請了外部內部控制顧問(「顧問」)進行內部控制審查,並協助管理層改善公司的內部控制系統。檢討期由2022年10月19日至2022年12月5日及2023年5月2日至2023年5月31日。

以下是顧問在內部控制審查中發現的主要缺陷:

內部控制審查中發現的主要缺陷

1 上市規則第14章和第14A章之須予公佈交易及 關連交易程序

本公司的前核數師注意到截至2021年12月31日,本公司有金額為人民幣1,389.9百萬元的應收款。其中,人民幣838.1百萬元與本公司於2020年12月至2021年4月期間向若干第三方授出的若干定期貸款(即貸款)有關,而人民幣551.8百萬元為根據若干貸款協議及若干財務顧問協議於2021年4月至2021年7月向若干第三方支付的融資成本(包括利息費用及財務顧問費)。本公司的前核數師進一步注意到,根據上市規則第14章及14A章,貸款可能構成本公司之須予公佈交易及/或關連交易。

然而,本公司未能遵守上市規則第14章中有關 貸款的申報、公告及股東批准規定。

顧問建議,在進行主要交易之前,應指定專人進行規模測試。顧問亦建議應妥善保存規模測試記錄,以供日後查閱之用。本公司已於2023年9月20日發佈就第十四章有關貸款須予公佈交易之公告。詳情請參閱該公告。公司已落實上述建議。

企業管治報告

2 Payment cycle

No upper limit in relation to payment approval was set for each approver of the Company and Sunshine 100 Real Estate Group Co., Ltd. (陽光壹佰置業集團有限公司). The Consultant recommended that an upper limit in relation to payment approval should be set for each approver in the authorization matrix. The Company has updated its approval policy and an upper limit has been set for approver. When the payment amount exceeds the maximum threshold, approval from two executive Directors would be required.

Loan cvcle

No upper limit in relation to loan contracts approval was set for each approver of the Company and Sunshine 100 Real Estate Group Co., Ltd. The Consultant recommended that an upper limit in relation to loan contracts approval should be set for each approver in the authorization matrix. The Company has updated its financing management policy and approval policy and an upper limit has been set for each approver. When the loan amount exceeds the maximum threshold, approval from two executive Directors would be required.

The Consultant has provided other recommendations for addressing the identified deficiencies and risks, and the Company has taken proactive measures to implement these recommendations. These actions include providing training to the Company's directors, senior management and employees, enhancing and developing appropriate internal control and corporate governance policies. The rectification plan was carried out in an orderly manner and has been completed. Several Company's governance policies have been amended and approved, including payment policy and financing policy. The list of connected persons has been updated, approved and circulated amongst the senior management. Several trainings for senior management, financial personnel and employees are also completed.

The Company has further engaged an external internal controls consultant to conduct internal control review of the Company over (i) procedures for notifiable transactions and connected transactions under Chapter 14 and Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules, (ii) payment cycle; and (iii) loan cycle, on a regular basis.

Based on the above, the Company and the Audit Committee consider that the Company has in place adequate internal controls and procedures to meet its obligations under the Listing Rules.

付款管理循環

在付款審批方面,本公司和陽光壹佰置業集團 有限公司均未設立各審批人的付款審批金額上 限。顧問建議在授權矩陣中為每一位審批人設 定有關付款審批金額上限。本公司已修訂審批 權限表,並為審批人設定了審批金額上限。當 審批金額超過上限時,則需要兩名執行董事的 批准。

借款管理循環

在貸款合同審批方面,本公司和陽光壹佰置業 集團有限公司均未設定各審批人融資類合同的 審批金額上限。顧問建議在授權矩陣中為每一 位審批人設定貸款合同審批金額上限。本公司 已修訂融資管理辦法及審批權限表,並為每一 位審批人設定了審批金額上限。當貸款金額超 過最高限額時,則需要兩名執行董事的批准。

顧問還對已發現的缺陷及風險提出了其他相應 的整改意見,公司已積極採取措施落實意見。 這些措施包括對公司董事、公司高級管理層及 公司員工進行培訓,加強和制定適當的內部控 制管理和公司管治政策。整改計劃有序進行並 已完成:本公司多項管治政策已修訂並獲得批 准,包括付款政策及融資政策;關連人清單已 更新及批准並在公司高級管理層中傳閱;對高 級管理層、財務人員及員工的多次培訓也已完 成.。

本公司進一步聘請外部內部控制顧問定期對公 司的以下方面進行內部控制審查:(i)上市規則 第14章和第14A章之須予公佈交易及關連交易 程序;(ii)付款管理循環;及(iii)借款管理循環。

基於上述情況,公司和審核委員會認為公司已 制定足夠的內部控制制度和程序,以履行上市 規則規定的義務。

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A further review by the Consultant has been undertaking since October 2023. The Consultant has obtained the revised documents of the systems and processes involved in the above rectification, the approval records and the circulation records of the relevant documents, the training records for key personnel such as the senior management and employees, etc.. The Consultant has also obtained a certain number of samples in respect of the above three cycles. As at the date of this report, the review of the Consultant was in progress and no conclusion had been reached.

顧問公司自2023年10月起進行進一步審查。顧問已取得上述整改所涉及的制度及流程的修訂文件、有關修訂文件的審批記錄及傳閱記錄、高層管理人員及員工等主要人員的培訓記錄等。顧問還就上述三個循環取得了一定數量的樣本。截至本報告日期,顧問的審查工作正在進行中,目前尚未得出結論。

The Audit Committee confirmed that it has reviewed the effectiveness of the enhanced internal control systems of the Company and is of the view that the enhanced internal control systems are effective and adequate.

審計委員會確認已審查了公司強化內部控制系統的有效性,並認為強化內部控制系統是有效 和充分的。

The Board assessed the effectiveness of the enhanced internal control systems. The Company considers that internal control systems of the Company are effective and adequate.

董事會評估了強化內部控制系統的有效性。本公司認為,本公司的內部控制系統是有效和充分的。

Auditor's Remuneration and Auditor Related Matters

核數師薪酬及核數師相關事宜

Service fees paid/payable by the Group to KPMG and Mazars for the Reporting Period are set out as follows:

本集團於本報告期內已付/應付予外聘核數師畢馬威會計師事務所和中審眾環的服務費用載列如下:

Service rendered	所提供的服務	KPMG 畢馬威會計師事務所 RMB′000 人民幣千元	Mazars 中審眾環 RMB′000 人民幣千元
Audit services:	審計服務:		
Annual audit	年度審核	1,000	4,978
Non-audit services:	非審計服務:		
Review of the interim financial report	中期財務報告審閱	2,300	
	44.1		
Total	總計	3,300	4,978

企業管治報告

Joint Company Secretary

In order to uphold good corporate governance and ensure compliance with the Listing Rules, with effect from 1 December 2019, the Company has engaged Mr. Tsang Ho Yin ("Mr. Tsang"), a partner of Stevenson, Wong & Co. and Mr. He Jie ("Mr. He"), the assistant to the president and chief legal officer of the Group, as its joint company secretaries. Mr. He resigned as a joint company secretary on 15 June 2021. Mr. Tsang, who possesses the requisite qualification and experience as required under Rule 3.28 of the Listing Rules, has remained in office and has been acting as the company secretary of the Company since Mr. He's resignation as the company secretary.

During the Reporting Period up to Mr. He's resignation, Mr. He, together with Mr. Tsang, were responsible for advising the Board on corporate governance matters and ensuring that the Board complies with the applicable policies and procedures, and the applicable laws, rules and regulations. During the Reporting Period up to Mr. He's resignation, the primary contact person of the Company is Mr. He. Upon Mr. He's resignation as joint company secretary, the primary contact person of the Company is Ms. Zeng Youyang (Head of International Finance Department as of June 2023) and Ms. Tao Tiantian (an employee of the International Finance Department).

In compliance with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules, Mr. Tsang has undertaken not less than 15 hours of relevant professional training during the Reporting Period.

Communication With Shareholders and Investor Relations

The Company considers that effective communication with Shareholders is essential for enhancing investor relations and understanding the Group's business, performance and strategies. The Company also recognises the importance of timely and nonselective disclosure of information, which will enable Shareholders and investors to make the informed investment decisions. The primary contact person of the Company is Mr. Han Bin, the chief financial officer of the Company. The Board has reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the shareholders' communication policy of the Company and is of the view that the current shareholders' communication policy is effectively implemented via the following channels and means.

聯席公司秘書

為維持良好的企業管治並確保符合上市規則,由 2019年12月1日起,本公司委聘史蒂文生黃律師事務 所合夥人曾浩賢先生(「**曾先生**」)及本集團總裁助理兼 首席法務官賀傑先生(「**賀先生**」)為本公司聯席公司秘 書。賀先生於2021年6月15日辭任聯席公司秘書。曾 先生具備上市規則第3.28條所規定的資格及經驗,自 賀先生辭任公司秘書起一直留任及一直擔任本公司公 司秘書。

於截至智先生辭任之本報告期間,智先生與曾先生共 同負責就企業管治事宜向董事會提供意見及確保董 事會遵循的適用政策及程序,以及適用法律、規則及 法規。於截至賀先生辭任之本報告期間,本公司的主 要聯絡人為賀先生。自賀先生辭任聯席公司秘書之日 起,本公司的主要聯絡人為曾悠揚女士(國際金融部 負責人,截至2023年6月)及陶天天女士(國際金融部 員工)。

曾先生已遵照上市規則第3.29條規定,於本報告期內 接受不少於15小時的相關專業培訓。

與股東的溝通及投資者關係

本公司認為與股東的有效溝通,對改善投資者關係及 了解本集團業務、表現及策略至關重要。本公司亦明 白適時及非選擇性披露資料的重要性,有關披露將使 股東及投資者得以作出知情投資決定。本公司主要聯 絡人為本公司首席財務官韓斌先生。董事會已檢討了 本公司股東通訊政策的實施和有效性,並認為通過以 下渠道及方式,目前股東通訊政策得到有效實施。

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The annual general meeting of the Company provides an opportunity for shareholders to communicate directly with the Directors. The Chairman of the Company and the Chairman of the Board committees of the Company will attend the annual general meeting to answer shareholders' questions. The external auditor of the Company will also attend the annual general meeting to answer questions about the conduct of the audit, the preparation and content of the auditor's report, the accounting policies and auditor's independence.

To promote effective communication, the Company adopts a shareholders' communication policy which aims at establishing a two-way relationship and communication between the Company and its Shareholders and maintains a website at www.ss100.com.cn, where up-to-date information on the Company's business operations and developments, financial information, corporate governance practices and other information are available for public access.

Enquiries to the Board

Shareholders who intend to put forward their enquiries about the Company to the Board could send their enquiries to the principal place of business for the Company in Hong Kong at 39/F, Gloucester Tower, The Landmark, 15 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong (email address: ir@ss100.com.cn).

Shareholders' Rights

To safeguard shareholders' interests and rights, a separate resolution will be proposed for each issue raised at a general meeting, including the election of individual Directors. All resolutions put forward at a general meeting will be voted on by poll pursuant to the Listing Rules and poll results will be posted on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange in a timely manner after each general meeting.

Calling Extraordinary General Meeting and Putting Forward Proposals

Shareholders may put forward proposals for consideration at a general meeting according to Article 58 of the Articles of Association.

Any one or more Shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the company secretary of the Company, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transactions of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two (2) months after such requisition.

本公司股東週年大會為股東提供與董事直接溝通的機會。本公司主席及本公司董事委員會主席將出席股東週年大會,解答股東提問。本公司的外聘核數師亦將出席股東週年大會,解答有關審核工作、編製核數師報告及其內容、會計政策及核數師獨立性的問題。

為促進有效的溝通,本公司採納股東通訊政策,旨在建立本公司與其股東的相互關係及溝通,並設有網www.ss100.com.cn。本公司會於該網站刊登有關其業務營運及發展、財務資料、企業管治常規及其他資料的最新資料,以供公眾人士參閱。

向董事會杳詢

股東如欲向董事會提出有關本公司的查詢,可將其查詢發送至本公司於香港的主要營業地點,香港皇后大道中15號置地廣場告羅士打大廈39樓(電郵地址:ir@ss100.com.cn)。

股東權利

為保障股東利益及權利,每項事項將以個別決議案方式於股東大會上提呈,包括選舉個別董事。於股東大會提呈的所有決議案將根據上市規則以投票方式表決,而表決結果將於各股東大會後適時刊載於本公司網站及聯交所網站。

召集股東特別大會及提呈議案

股東可根據公司章程第58條於股東大會上提呈議案以 供審議。

在提出請求之日持有本公司實繳股本金(帶有在本公司股東大會上的投票權)不少於十分之一的任何一位或者多位股東,應始終有權通過向董事會或本公司公司秘書發出書面請求,要求董事會召集股東特別大會,以討論前述請求內列明的任何事項;而該次大會應在提出請求後兩(2)個月內舉行。

企業管治報告

Such requisition shall be made in writing to the Board or the joint company secretaries of the Company by the following channels:

39/F, Gloucester Tower, The Landmark, Address:

15 Queen Road Central, Hong Kong

Email: ir@ss100.com.cn

If within 21 days of such requisition the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

As regards to how to nominate a person to stand for election as a Director, the procedures are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

Change In Constitutional Documents

The Articles of Association was adopted by the Board on 17 February 2014 and became effective on the Listing Date. A copy of the Articles of Association is available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange. During the period from 1 January 2021 up to the date of this annual report, there was no significant change in constitutional documents of the Company.

The Company plans to make amendments to the Articles of Association. For details, please refer to the announcement and circular to be issued by the Company.

有關請求應以書面形式提交予本公司董事會或聯席公 司秘書,聯繫方式如下:

地,址: 香港皇后大道中15號

> 置地廣場告羅士打大廈39樓 電郵:ir@ss100.com.cn

如果在提出以後21天之內,董事會未能著手召集該次 大會,則請求人自己可以同樣方式著手召集,因為董 事會未能召集而由請求人發生的合理開銷,應由本公 司償付給請求人。

有關如何提名一名人士參選董事的流程可於本公司及 聯交所網站查閱。

章程文件變動

公司章程由董事會於2014年2月17日採納,並自上市 日期起生效。公司章程的副本可於本公司及聯交所 網站查閱。自2021年1月1日起直至本年報日期期間 內,本公司的章程文件並無任何重大變動。

本公司計畫對公司章程進行修訂。有關詳情,請參閱 本公司將發佈的公告及誦承。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告



Independent Auditor's Report to the members of Sunshine 100 **China Holdings Ltd**

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

DISCLAIMER OF OPINION

We were engaged to audit the consolidated financial statements of Sunshine 100 China Holdings Ltd (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") set out on pages 132 to 332, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flow for the year then ended and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

We do not express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements of the Group. Because of the significance of the matter described in the "Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion" section of our report, we have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements. In all other respects, in our opinion, the consolidated financial statements have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Mazars CPA Limited

中審眾環(香港)會計師事務所有限公司

42nd Floor, Central Plaza, 18 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong 香港灣仔港灣道18號中環廣場42樓 Tel 電話: (852) 2909 5555

Fax 傳真: (852) 2810 0032 Email 電郵: info@mazars.hk Website 網址: www.mazars.hk

致陽光100中國控股有限公司股東之獨立核數師報告

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

無法表示意見

我們獲委聘審核第132頁至第332頁所載陽光100中 國控股有限公司(簡稱「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱 [貴集團])之綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報表包括於 2021年12月31日之綜合財務狀況表與截至該日止年 度之綜合全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流 量表,以及綜合財務報表附註,包括重大會計政策概

我們無法對 貴集團的綜合財務報表發表意見。鑒於 報告中「無法表示意見之基準」所述事項的重要性,我 們未能獲得足夠適當的審計證據,為對綜合財務報表 發表審計意見提供依據。我們認為,在其他方面,綜 合財務報表已按照《香港公司條例》的披露要求妥善編

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告

BASIS FOR DISCLAIMER OF OPINION

Multiple Material Uncertainties Relating to Going Concern

As set out in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group incurred a net loss of approximately RMB3,729,954,000 for the year ended 31 December 2021 and as at 31 December 2021, the Group had total loans and borrowings of approximately RMB26,749,657,000 of which the current loans and borrowings amounted to approximately RMB18,363,116,000. However, the Group only had cash and cash equivalents of approximately RMB1,189,204,000. As at 31 December 2021, the Group's loans and borrowings of approximately RMB5,317,861,000, convertible bonds with principal of USD45,400,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB289,457,000) and interest of approximately USD5,466,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB34,850,000) and senior notes of USD170,000,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB1,083,869,000) were overdue pursuant to the relevant borrowing agreements which constituted events of default. With these events of default, the terms of cross-default of senior green notes with principal of USD219,600,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB1,400,104,000) at carrying amount of approximately USD214,632,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB1,368,427,000) and senior notes with principal of USD120,000,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB765,084,000) at carrying amount of approximately USD114,896,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB732,544,000) were triggered, and the senior green notes and senior notes may immediately due and payable if the creditors choose to accelerate. In addition, any further liabilities or obligations arising from the legal proceedings (if any), in respect of loans and borrowings, convertible bonds, senior green notes and senior notes may have significant impact on the liquidity position of the Group.

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had not finalised the land appreciation tax returns with the tax authorities for certain property development projects which had already met the requirement of finalisation of the People's Republic of China ("PRC") land appreciation tax ("Land Appreciation Tax"). The potential Land Appreciation Tax payment obligations arising from the clearance may have significant impact on the liquidity position of the Group.

無法表示意見之基準

與持續經營相關的多個重大不確定性

誠如綜合財務報表附註2所載, 貴集團於截至 2021年12月31日止年度產生虧損淨額約人民幣 3,729,954,000元。於2021年12月31日, 貴集團 的貸款及借款總額約為人民幣26,749,657,000元, 其中,流動貸款及借款約為人民幣18,363,116,000 元。然而, 貴集團現金和現金等價物僅約人民 幣1,189,204,000元。於2021年12月31日,根據 相關借款協議, 貴集團的貸款及借款約人民幣 5,317,861,000元、可換股債券本金45,400,000美元 (相當於約人民幣289,457,000元)及利息約5,466,000 美元(相當於約人民幣34,850,000元),及優先票據 170,000,000美元(相當於約人民幣1,083,869,000 元)已逾期,構成違約事件。隨著該等違約事件的 發生,本金為219,600,000美元(相當於約人民幣 1,400,104,000元)、票面金額約為214,632,000美 元(相當於約人民幣1,368,427,000元)的優先綠色 票據及本金為120,000,000美元(相當於約人民幣 765,084,000元)、票面金額約114,896,000美元(相當 於約人民幣732,544,000元)的優先票據的交叉違約條 款已被觸發,倘債權人選擇加速還款,優先綠色票據 及優先票據可能即時到期及須予償還。此外,因貸款 及借款、可轉換債券、優先綠色票據及優先票據產生 的法律訴訟(若有)而導致任何進一步負債或責任可能 對 貴集團的流動資金狀況產生重大影響。

截至2021年12月31日, 貴集團尚未就某些已經符 合中華人民共和國(「中國」)土地增值税(「土地增值 税」)清算要求的房地產開發項目向税務機關進行土地 增值税清算。因清算產生的土地增值税支付可能會 對 貴集團的流動資金狀況產生重大影響。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

BASIS FOR DISCLAIMER OF OPINION (CONTINUED)

Multiple Material Uncertainties Relating to Going Concern (Continued)

As at and subsequent to 31 December 2021, the Group is subjected to a number of legal proceedings which mainly in relation to disputes under construction contracts in respect of its various property development projects and defaults of repayment of several loans and borrowings, which arose during the normal course of business. Details of which are set out in Note 31(e) and Note 37 to the consolidated financial statements. Based on the best estimation on the possible outcomes of the disputes by the management in consideration of the development of negotiations with the creditors and advice sought from the independent legal advisors and internal legal counsel, the possible further obligations (other than those liabilities/provisions that have been recognised in the consolidated financial statements) arose from litigations are expected to be immaterial to the consolidated financial statements of the Group. However, it is uncertain for the timing of crystallisation of the relevant legal proceedings.

These events or conditions indicate the existence of multiple material uncertainties which may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and, therefore, that the Group may not be able to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

無法表示意見之基準(績)

與持續經營相關的多個重大不確定性(續)

於2021年12月31日及之後, 貴集團涉及若干法律訴訟,內容主要有關其於正常業務過程中產生的不同物業發展項目的建築合約下的糾紛及償還若干貸款和借款的違約。詳情載於綜合財務報表附註31(e)和附註37。根據管理層考慮與債權人的磋商進度及尋求獨立法律顧問及內部法律顧問的意見對可能的糾紛結果做出的最佳估計,預計訴訟可能產生的進一步責任(已於綜合財務報表中確認的負債/撥備除外)對 貴集團綜合財務報表影響不大。然而,相關法律程序的具體時間尚不確定。

上述事件或情況顯示存在多重重大不確定性,對 貴 集團持續經營之能力產生重大懷疑,因此, 貴集團 可能無法於正常業務過程中變現其資產及清償負債。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

BASIS FOR DISCLAIMER OF OPINION (CONTINUED)

Multiple Material Uncertainties Relating to Going Concern (Continued)

In view of the above circumstances, the directors of the Company have been taking measures to improve the Group's liquidity and financial position, which are set out in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements. The validity of the going concern assumption on which the consolidated financial statements have been prepared depends on the outcome of these measures, which are subject to multiple material uncertainties, including (i) successfully negotiating with the lenders on the renewal of or extension for repayment of outstanding borrowings, including those with overdue principal and interests; (ii) successfully negotiating with the creditors and lenders on debt restructuring of interest-bearing borrowings; (iii) successfully negotiating with various financial institutions and potential lenders/investors to identify various options for financing the Group's working capital and commitments in the foreseeable future; (iv) successfully persuading the Group's existing lenders not to take action to demand for immediate repayment of the borrowings with interest payments in default including the prevention from the auction of the Group's pledged properties; (v) successfully implemented plans to dispose several investment properties instead of generating rental income to improve the cash flow in future; (vi) successfully accelerating the pre-sales and sales of properties under development and completed properties and speeding up the collection of outstanding sales proceeds and loans to third parties, and controlling costs and capital expenditure so as to generate adequate net cash inflows; (vii) successfully looking for larger property development enterprises and cooperating with investors to develop properties under development of the Group through joint effort; (viii) successfully procuring and negotiating the preliminary terms with larger property development enterprises for the sale of property development projects at a price deemed appropriate; and (ix) successfully negotiating with the local tax authorities and postponing the finalisation and payment of Land Appreciation Tax for certain property development projects which had already met the requirement of finalisation of Land Appreciation Tax.

Accordingly, we were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence about the appropriateness of the use of going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements. Should the Group be unable to operate as a going concern, adjustments would have to be made to write down the carrying values of the Group's assets to their recoverable amounts, to reclassify non-current assets and non-current liabilities as current assets and current liabilities, respectively, and to provide any further liabilities which may arise. The effects of these adjustments have not been reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

無法表示意見之基準(續)

與持續經營相關的多個重大不確定性(績)

鑒於上述情況, 貴公司董事已採取多項措施,以改 善 貴集團的流動性及財務狀況,有關資料載於綜合 財務報表附註2。綜合財務報表是依據持續經營的假 設上編製,其有效性取決於該等措施實施之結果,並 受限於多個不明朗因素,包括:(i)成功與貸款人就尚 欠借款(包括逾期本金及利息)磋商達成重續或延展還 款安排;(ii)成功與若干債權人和貸款人協商,對有息 借款進行債務重組;(iii)成功與若干金融機構及潛在 貸款人/投資者協商以物色多項於可預見未來為 貴 集團營運資金及承擔提供融資的選擇; (iv)成功說 服 貴集團當前貸款人不會採取措施要求立即償還拖 欠的借款及利息,包括防止 貴集團已抵押物業被拍 賣;(v)成功出售若干投資物業而非產生租金收入的計 劃,以改善未來現金流; (vi)成功加速發展中物業及 已落成物業之預售及銷售,加速收回尚未支付的銷售 所得款項及第三方貸款,以及控制成本和資本開支, 從而產生充足現金流入淨額; (vii)成功物色大型物業 開發企業,並與投資者合作共同開發 貴集團的發展 中物業; (viii)成功促使及與大型物業開發企業磋商有 關出售物業開發項目的初步條款(倘認為價格合適); 及(ix)成功與地方稅務部門協商,對已達到土地增值 税決算要求的物業開發項目,延期決算繳納土地增值 税。

因此,我們不能取得充足適當的審核憑證,以使我們信納於編製綜合財務報表時採用持續經營會計基準的適當性。倘 貴集團未能按持續經營基準經營,而可能須作出有關調整以撇減 貴集團資產的賬面值至其可回收金額,並將非流動資產及非流動負債重新分類為流動資產及流動負債,以及就可能產生進一步負債計提撥備。該等調整的影響尚未於該等綜合財務報表中反映。

2021 年度報告

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

董事及肩負管治責任者就綜合財務報表 須承擔的責任

董事須負責根據國際會計準則委員會頒佈之國際財務報告準則及香港《公司條例》披露規定編製意見真實而公平的綜合財務報表,以及維持董事認為編製綜合財務報表所必需的有關內部監控,以確保有關綜合財務報表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

在編製綜合財務報表時,董事須負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並披露與持續經營有關的事項(如適用)。除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤,或停止營運,或除此之外並無其他實際可行的辦法,否則董事須採用以持續經營為基礎的會計法。

肩負管治責任者須負責監督 貴集團之財務報告流 程。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our responsibility is to conduct an audit of the Group's consolidated financial statements in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and to issue an auditor's report. However, because of the matter described in the "Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion" section of our report, we were not able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on these consolidated financial statements.

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code

This report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Mazars CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants Hong Kong, 2 November 2023

The engagement director on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is:

She Shing Pang

Practising Certificate number: P05510

核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

我們之責任為根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港審計準則對 貴集團的綜合財務報表進行審計,並發出核數師報告。然而,由於本報告「無法表示意見之基準」一節所述事項,我們無法取得充分恰當之審核證據,以為對該等綜合財務報表的審核意見提供依據。

根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《專業會計師道德守則》 (簡稱「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已履行守則 中的其他專業道德責任。

我們僅向 閣下(作為整體)報告,除此之外,本報告 別無其他目的。我們不會就本報告的內容向任何其他 人士負上或承擔任何責任。

中審眾環(香港)會計師事務所有限公司

執業會計師

香港,2023年11月2日

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目董事是:

佘勝鵬

執業證書編號: P05510

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合全面收益表

			2021	2020
			2021年	2020年
		Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		113 #	7120113 1 78	7 (2011) 1 7 12
Revenue	收入	4	5,399,205	5,759,692
Cost of sales/services	銷售/服務成本		(4,644,153)	(4,230,012)
Gross profit	毛利		755,052	1,529,680
Valuation (losses) gains on investment	投資物業估值(虧損)收益	10	(50.044)	40.047
properties	甘山山江河郊	12	(52,011)	42,647
Other income, net	其他收入淨額	5(a)	52,994	1,564,744
Selling expenses	銷售費用		(366,299)	(406,386)
Administrative expenses	行政費用	T (I-)	(436,539)	(509,749)
Other operating expenses	其他經營費用	5(b)	(592,504)	(70,197)
Impairment losses on intangible assets	無形資產減值虧損	5(c), 13	(747,845)	_
Impairment losses on trade receivables	應收賬款減值虧損	5(c), 32(a)	(311,290)	_
Impairment losses on loans provided to third	提供給第三方的貸款的減值虧	= () = = ()	(222 472)	(10= 00=)
parties, net	損淨額	5(c), 32(a)	(899,173)	(125,807)
Impairment losses on loans provided to	提供給附屬公司非控股權益的	=() ==()	(== ===)	
non-controlling interests of subsidiaries	貸款的減值虧損	5(c), 32(a)	(53,819)	-
Impairment losses on loans provided to	提供給聯營公司的貸款的減值	_,,,,		
associates	虧損	5(c), 32(a)	(2,781)	_
Impairment losses on consideration	應收對價的減值虧損	_,,,,		
receivables		5(c), 32(a)	-	(28,178)
(Loss) Profit from operations	經營(虧損)溢利		(2,654,215)	1,996,754
Finance income	融資收入	6(a)	468,991	621,688
Finance costs	融資成本	6(a)	(1,588,057)	(767,679)
Share of results of associates	應佔聯營公司溢利減虧損	15	(20,732)	(19,563)
0.14.0 0.1.004.10 0.1.4000.4100	//////////////////////////////////////		(==,,==,	(10/000/
(Loss) Profit before taxation	除稅前(虧損)溢利	6	(3,794,013)	1,831,200
Income tax credit (expense)	所得税抵免(開支)	7	64,059	(547,249)
(Loss) Profit for the year	本年度(虧損)溢利		(3,729,954)	1,283,951
(1200) From tor the your			(0)/ 20/00 1/	1,200,001
Other comprehensive income for the	年內其他全面收入(稅後和重			
year (after tax and reclassification adjustments)	新分類調整)			
Items that may be reclassified subsequently	其後可能重新分類為損益的			
to profit or loss:	項目:			
Exchange differences on translation	換算海外附屬公司財務報表			
of financial statements of overseas	所產生的匯兑差額			
subsidiaries			5,462	12,162
Othoroomanaharrinaina	在小女仙入工业 1		F 400	10.400
Other comprehensive income for the year	年內其他全面收入		5,462	12,162
Total comprehensive (loss) income for the	年度全面(虧損)收益總額			

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

綜合全面收益表

		Note 附註	2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
(Loss) Profit for the year attributable to:	以下各方應佔年度(虧損) 溢利:			
Equity shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司權益股東 非控股權益		(3,672,714) (57,240)	438,036 845,915
(Loss) Profit for the year	本年度(虧損)溢利		(3,729,954)	1,283,951
Total comprehensive (loss) income for the year attributable to:	以下各方應佔全面(虧損)收益 總額:			
Equity shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司權益股東 非控股權益		(3,667,252) (57,240)	450,198 845,915
Total comprehensive (loss) income for the	年度全面(虧損)收益總額		(0.704.400)	1 000 110
year			(3,724,492)	1,296,113
(Loss) Earnings per share (RMB) Basic	毎股(虧損)盈利 (人民幣) 基本	10	(1.44)	0.17
Diluted	攤薄		(1.44)	0.14

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2021 於2021年12月31日

			2021 2021年	2020 2020年
		Notes	2021 4 RMB'000	20204 RMB'000
		Mi註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		PIYAI	人氏带(儿	八八市「九
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property and equipment	物業及設備	11	653,495	763,805
Investment properties	投資物業	12	12,027,711	12,176,358
Intangible assets	無形資產	13	_	747,845
Restricted deposits	受限制存款	23	97,699	116,488
Investments in associates	於聯營公司的投資	15	1,240,631	1,280,620
Trade and other receivables	應收賬款及其他應收款	22	266,481	265,658
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	16(b)	949,595	657,118
Other financial assets	其他金融資產	17	137,209	237,105
	-		45.070.004	40.044.007
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總額		15,372,821	16,244,997
Current assets	流動資產			
Properties under development and completed	發展中物業和持作銷售用途的			
properties held for sale	已落成物業	18	28,600,968	29,351,932
Land development for sale	待售土地開發	19	2,950,639	2,615,378
Contract costs	合同成本	20	315,429	295,280
Trade and other receivables	應收賬款及其他應收款	22	7,093,216	8,611,072
Trading securities	買賣證券	25	114,515	204,957
Other financial assets	其他金融資產	17	318,785	326,245
Restricted deposits	受限制存款	23	400,312	562,807
Cash and cash equivalents	現金和現金等價物		1,189,204	3,071,779
Total assument access	流動資產總額		40.002.000	45 020 450
Total current assets	灬到貝准 쨘餅		40,983,068	45,039,450
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Loans and borrowings	貸款和借款	26(i)	18,363,116	13,043,281
Trade and other payables	應付賬款和其他應付款	27	8,427,250	6,745,591
Contract liabilities	合同負債	21	7,795,544	9,840,791
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	28	15,719	17,745
Contract retention payables	應付合約保留金		121,369	153,243
Current tax liabilities	本期税項負債	16(a)	1,968,287	2,002,581
Tabal assessed the billion	始 达到在康		20 004 005	01 000 000
Total current liabilities	總流動負債		36,691,285	31,803,232
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		4,291,783	13,236,218
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總值減流動負債		19,664,604	29,481,215

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2021 於2021年12月31日

		Notes 附註	2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Loans and borrowings	貸款和借款	26(h)	8,386,541	13,653,606
Contract retention payables	應付合約保留金	20(11)	78,535	126,505
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	28	49,481	55,012
Trade and other payables	應付賬款和其他應付款	27	1,058,824	456,277
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	16(b)	2,756,097	3,019,799
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額		12,329,478	17,311,199
NET ASSETS	資產淨值		7,335,126	12,170,016
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	資本及儲備	29		
Share capital	股本		20,174	20,187
Reserves	儲備		5,734,052	9,362,997
Total equity attributable to equity	本公司權益股東應佔權益總	額		
shareholders of the Company	A. PA IE TROUGHOUS IN IETHO	м	5,754,226	9,383,184
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		1,580,900	2,786,832
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額		7,335,126	12,170,016

These consolidated financial statements on pages 132 to 332 were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 2 November 2023 and signed on its behalf by

載列於第132至332頁的綜合財務報表於2023年11月 2日經董事會批准及授權刊發,並由下列人士代表簽 署:

YI XiaodiFAN Xiaochong易小連范小冲Director董事董事

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動表

		Notes 附註	Share capital 股本 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Share premium 股本溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Treasury shares 庫存股 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Capital redemption reserve 資本贖回儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Exchange reserve 外匯儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	General reserve fund 一般儲備基金 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Property revaluation reserve 物業重估儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Retained profits 保留溢利 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Sub-total 小計 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Non- controlling interests 非控股權益 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Balance at 1 January 2020	於2020年1月1日的結餘		20,240	3,343,981	(2,862)	464	(24,809)	785,069	13,036	5,031,605	9,166,724	2,581,503	11,748,227
Changes in equity for 2020: Profit for year Other comprehensive income Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Exchange differences on translation of	2020年度權益變動: 年內溢利 其他全面收益 其後可能重新分類為模益的項目 換算海外附屬公司財務得表所產生		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	438,036	438,036	845,915	1,283,951
financial statements of overseas subsidiaries	的匯兑差額		-	-	-	-	12,162	-	-	-	12,162	-	12,162
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額		-	-	-	-	12,162	-	-	438,036	450,198	845,915	1,296,113
Transactions with owners: Contributions and distributions Dividends declared in respect of the current	與擁有人進行的交易: <i>出資及分派</i> 本年度已決議派發的股息												
year Distribution to non-controlling interests Purchase and cancellation of own shares	分配予非控股權益購買並註銷自身股份	29(b) 29(c)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(233,137)	(233,137)	(660,221)	(233,137) (660,221)
– par value paid – premium paid	- 支付面值 - 已支付溢價	20(0)	(32)	- (4,449)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(32) (4,449)	-	(32) (4,449)
transfer between reserves Cancellation of treasury shares Repurchase of own shares	一儲備間轉發 註銷庫存股 購回自身股份	29(c) 29(c)	(21)	(53) (2,841)	2,862	53 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
par value paid premium paid Equity transactions with non-controlling	- 支付面值 - 已支付溢價 與非控股權益開展的權益交易	20(0)	-	-	(5) (582)	-	-	-	-	-	(5) (582)	-	(5) (582)
interests Liquidation of subsidiaries Transfer to general reserve fund	清算附屬公司 養入一般儲備基金		- - -	- - -	-	- - -	-	- - 22,810	- - -	4,467 - (22,810)	4,467 - -	22,182 (2,547) -	26,649 (2,547)
			(53)	(7,343)	2,275	53	-	22,810	-	(251,480)	(233,738)	(640,586)	(874,324)
Balance at 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日的結餘		20,187	3,336,638	(587)	517	(12,647)	807,879	13,036	5,218,161	9,383,184	2,786,832	12,170,016

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動表

		Notes 附註	Share capital 股本 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Share premium 股本溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Treasury shares 庫存股 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Capital redemption reserve 資本贖回儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Exchange reserve 外匯儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	General reserve fund 一般儲備基金 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Property revaluation reserve 物業重估儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Retained profits 保留溢利 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Sub-total 小計 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Non- controlling interests 非控股權益 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Balance at 1 January 2021	於2021年1月1日的結餘		20,187	3,336,638	(587)	517	(12,647)	807,879	13,036	5,218,161	9,383,184	2,786,832	12,170,016
Changes in equity for 2021: Loss for year Other comprehensive income Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Exchange differences on translation of	2021年度權益變動: 年內虧損 其他全面收益 <i>其後可能重新分類為開益約項目</i> 換算為外限量公司財務報表所產生		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3,672,714)	(3,672,714)	(57,240)	(3,729,954)
financial statements of overseas subsidiaries	的匯兑差額		-	-	-	-	5,462	-	-	-	5,462	-	5,462
Total comprehensive loss	全面虧損總額		-	-	-	-	5,462	-	-	(3,672,714)	(3,667,252)	(57,240)	(3,724,492)
Transactions with owners: Contributions and distributions Cancellation of dividends declared in respect of	與擁有人進行的交易: <i>出資及分派</i> 取消就截至2020年12月												
the year ended 31 December 2020 Distribution to non-controlling interests	31日止年度已決議派發的股息 分配予非控股權益	29(b)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	233,137	233,137	(744,133)	233,137 (744,133)
Purchase and cancellation of own shares – par value paid – premium paid	購買並註銷自身股份 -支付面值 -已支付溢價	29(c)	(8)	- (911)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(8) (911)	-	(8) (911)
- transfer between reserves Cancellation of treasury shares Equity transactions with non-controlling	一儲備間轉撥 註銷庫存股 與非控股權益開展的權益交易	29(c)	- (5)	(13) (582)	- 587	13 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
interests Liquidation of subsidiaries	<u> </u>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(193,924)	(193,924)	(407,562) 3,003	(601,486) 3,003
			(13)	(1,506)	587	13	-	-	-	39,213	38,294	(1,148,692)	(1,110,398)
Balance at 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日的結餘		20,174	3,335,132	-	530	(7,185)	807,879	13,036	1,584,660	5,754,226	1,580,900	7,335,126

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

		Notes 附註	2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Operating activities	經營活動			
(Loss) Profit before taxation	除税前(虧損)溢利		(3,794,013)	1,831,200
Adjustments for:	調整項目:			
- Depreciation	一折舊	6(c)	130,831	138,154
– Valuation losses (gains) on investment	一投資物業估值虧損(收益)	, , ,		
properties		12	52,011	(42,647)
– Finance costs	一融資成本	6(a)	1,588,057	762,423
– Finance income	一融資收入	6(a)	(468,991)	(621,688)
 Net (gain) loss on disposal of property and 	一出售物業及設備的(收益)虧			
equipment	損淨額		(688)	1,846
– Net loss on disposal of investment	一出售投資物業的虧損淨額			
properties		5(a), 5(b)	159,798	15,043
 Loss (Gain) on disposal of subsidiaries 	一處置附屬公司的虧損(收益)	5(a)	5,628	(1,515,479)
– Impairment loss on trade and other	一應收賬款和其他應收款減值			
receivable	虧損		1,267,063	167,308
 Impairment loss on intangible assets 	一無形資產減值虧損		747,845	_
- Write-down of properties under development				
and completed properties held for sale	的已落成物業的核銷	5(b)	400,349	53,928
- Share of results of associates	一應佔聯營公司溢利減虧損		20,732	19,563
			108,622	809,651
Decrease in properties under development	發展中物業和持作銷售用途的			
and completed properties held for sale	已落成物業減少		2,136,669	1,252,646
Increase in land development for sale	待售土地開發增加		(6,366)	(261,520)
Decrease in trade and other receivables	應收賬款和其他應收款減少		52,806	355,115
Decrease (increase) in restricted deposits	受限制存款減少(增加)		134,779	(1,539)
Increase (decrease) in trade and other	應付賬款和其他應付款及應付			
payables, and contract retention payables	合約保留金增加(減少)		478,262	(929,724)
(Decrease) increase in contract liabilities	合同負債(減少)増加		(2,045,247)	538,182
Increase in contract costs	合同成本增加		(20,149)	(43,854)
Cash generated from operation	經營活動產生的現金		839,376	1,718,957
Income tax paid	已付所得税		(526,414)	(356,550)
Net cash (used in) generated from	經營活動(所用)產生的現金			
iver easii (useu iii) generateu noin	吐音/自動\/// 四/连工的先型			

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

		Notes 附註	2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
	16.76 107 221			
Investing activities	投資活動		00.055	100.000
Finance income received	已收融資收入		86,255	199,830
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment	出售物業及設備所得款項		17,074	10,520
Proceeds from disposal of investment	出售投資物業所得款項		,	
properties			67,384	10,420
Prepayment for acquisition of subsidiaries in	以往年度收購附屬公司的預		,,,,	,
previous year	付款		_	(100,000)
Acquisition of subsidiaries, net of cash	收購附屬公司,扣除所獲得的			
acquired	現金	24(c)	_	(140,813)
Acquisition of property and equipment	購入物業及設備		(37,396)	(31,582)
Acquisition of investment properties	購入投資物業		(92,901)	(8,520)
Acquisition of associates	購入聯營公司		-	(108,000)
Proceeds from disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司所得款項		-	469,315
Proceeds from disposal of subsidiaries in	以往年度出售附屬公司所得			
previous year	款項		1,135,811	746,670
Loans provided to related parties	提供予關聯方的貸款	22	-	(10,078)
Repayment of loans provided to a related party		22	6,688	3,706
Loans provided to third parties	向第三方提供貸款		(889,313)	_
Repayment of loans provided to third parties	提供予第三方的貸款之償還		87,244	252,944
Loans provided to associates	提供予聯營公司的貸款	22	(110)	(256,725)
Repayment of loans provided to an associate	提供予聯營公司的貸款之償還		-	495
Repayment of loans provided to non-	提供予非控股權益的貸款之		222 645	100 254
controlling interests	提供予非控股權益的貸款		223,615	106,254
Loans provided to non-controlling interests Other investing activities	挺供了非控放権益的具款 其他投資活動		(102,163) 226,594	(54,434) (98,074)
Other investing activities	共1世1又貝/山坳		220,394	(90,074)
Net each represented from investign	机农工动名开始现么没想			
Net cash generated from investing activities	投資活動產生的現金淨額		728,782	991,928
activities			120,102	331,320

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

Proceeds from loans and borrowings			Notes 附註	2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Proceeds from loans and borrowings	Financing activities	融資活動			
Repayment of loans and borrowings (費慶貸款和借款 24(a) (3,281,345) (7,603,184) Repayment of senior notes (费優先無據 24(a) (1,485,069) (2,826,300) Repayment of senior green notes (费優先練色票據 24(a) (83,789) — Repayment of corporate bonds (费煜公司债券 24(a) (2,466,292) (1,000,000) Redemption of convertible bonds (₱煜公司债券 24(a) (571,027) — Proceeds from issuance of corporate bonds Proceeds from issuance of senior notes Proceeds from issuance of senior notes Proceeds from issuance of senior notes Proceeds from issuance of senior green notes Proceeds from great proceeds from issuance of senior green notes Proceeds from great proceed		14-14-14-14	24(a)	4.793.691	10.656.594
Repayment of senior notes	•		24(a)		
Repayment of senior green notes 情遷優先線色票據 24(a) (2,466,292) (1,000,000) Repayment of corporate bonds 情選の目標券 24(a) (2,466,292) (1,000,000) Redemption of convertible bonds 情國回轉換債券 24(a) (837,547 683,847 Proceeds from issuance of corporate bonds 受行の目債券所得款項 24(a) 887,547 683,847 Proceeds from issuance of senior notes 受行優先票據所得款項 24(a) 741,305 848,208 Proceeds from issuance of senior green notes 受行優先線色票據所得款項 24(a) (2,231,367) (2,983,483) Proceeds from issuance of senior green notes 受行優先線色票據所得款項 24(a) (2,231,367) (2,983,483) Decrease in restricted deposits 受限制存款的減少 22 - 230,000 Loans from an associate 來自開聯方的貸款 22 - 33,295 Repayment of loans from related parties (有選來自開聯方的貸款 22 - 33,295 Repayment of loans from related parties (有選來自開聯方的貸款 22,24(a) (4,108) - 26,649 Capital element of lease rentals paid 已付租賃租金的资本部分 24(a) (2,86,78) (19,582) Interest element of lease rentals paid 已付租賃租金的利息部分 24(a) (7,617) (5,341) Repurchase of own shares 購回自身股份 (919) (5,068) Distribution to non-controlling interests 分配子非控限检查 24(a) (7,44,133) (660,221) Net cash used in financing activities 融資活動所用的現金淨額 (1,941,336) 662,549 Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January 於1月1日的現金和現金等價物 3,071,779 2,438,612 Effect of foreign exchange rate changes 外常匯率變動的影響 58,761 (29,382)					
Repayment of corporate bonds	• •	償還優先綠色票據			_
Redemption of convertible bonds					(1,000,000)
Proceeds from issuance of corporate bonds	·	贖回可轉換債券	24(a)		_
Proceeds from issuance of senior notes Proceeds from issuance of senior green notes Proceeds from issuance of senior green notes Offech (年本) (24a) (24b) (2,231,367) (2,983,483) Decrease in restricted deposits	·		24(a)		683,847
Proceeds from issuance of senior green notes Interest paid 已付利息 记付利息 24(a) (2,231,367) (2,983,483) Decrease in restricted deposits 受限制存款的減少 24(a) 46,505 932,800 Loans from an associate 來自開聯方的貸款 22 - 33,295 Repayment of loans from related parties 属理來自關聯方的貸款 22, 24(a) (4,108) - Equity transactions with non-controlling interests Capital element of lease rentals paid 已付租賃租金的資本部分 24(a) (28,678) (19,582) Interest element of lease rentals paid 已付租賃租金的资本部分 24(a) (7,617) (6,341) Repurchase of own shares Distribution to non-controlling interests August	•				•
Interest paid	Proceeds from issuance of senior green notes		24(a)		· –
Decrease in restricted deposits 受限制存款的減少 24(a) 46,505 932,800	_		24(a)		(2,983,483)
Loans from an associate 來自一間聯營公司貸款 22 — 230,000 Loans from related parties 來自關聯方的貸款 22 — 33,295 Repayment of loans from related parties 償還來自關聯方的貸款 22, 24(a) (4,108) — Equity transactions with non-controlling 與非控股權益開展的權益交易 — 26,649 Capital element of lease rentals paid 已付租賃租金的資本部分 24(a) (28,678) (19,582) Interest element of lease rentals paid 已付租賃租金的利息部分 24(a) (7,617) (5,341) Repurchase of own shares	•		24(a)		
Repayment of loans from related parties Equity transactions with non-controlling interests Capital element of lease rentals paid Cloth 情報 自動學的學術學的學術學的學術學的學術學的學術學的學術學的學術學的學術學的學術學的學		來自一間聯營公司貸款	22	_	
Repayment of loans from related parties Equity transactions with non-controlling interests Capital element of lease rentals paid Cloth 情報 自動學的學術學的學術學的學術學的學術學的學術學的學術學的學術學的學術學的學術學的學	Loans from related parties	來自關聯方的貸款	22	_	33,295
Equity transactions with non-controlling interests — 26,649 Capital element of lease rentals paid 已付租賃租金的資本部分 24(a) (28,678) (19,582) Interest element of lease rentals paid 已付租賃租金的資本部分 24(a) (7,617) (5,341) Repurchase of own shares	Repayment of loans from related parties		22, 24(a)	(4,108)	_
Capital element of lease rentals paid 已付租賃租金的資本部分 24(a) (28,678) (19,582) Interest element of lease rentals paid 已付租賃租金的資本部分 24(a) (7,617) (5,341) Repurchase of own shares 購回自身股份 (919) (5,068) Distribution to non-controlling interests 分配予非控股權益 24(a) (744,133) (660,221) Net cash used in financing activities 融資活動所用的現金淨額 (2,983,080) (1,691,786) Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalent 淨額 (1,941,336) 662,549 Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January 於1月1日的現金和現金等價物 (3,071,779 2,438,612) Effect of foreign exchange rate changes 外幣匯率變動的影響 58,761 (29,382)	Equity transactions with non-controlling	與非控股權益開展的權益交易			
Interest element of lease rentals paid Repurchase of own shares Bipel ppt (5,068) Distribution to non-controlling interests Net cash used in financing activities Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalent Requivalent Physical Repurchase of own shares Bipel ppt (5,068) Physical Repurchase of own shares Bipel ppt (5,068) Physical Repurchase of own shares Bipel ppt (5,068) Bip					•
Repurchase of own shares	·		,		
Distribution to non-controlling interests 分配予非控股權益 24(a) (744,133) (660,221) Net cash used in financing activities 融資活動所用的現金淨額 (2,983,080) (1,691,786) Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalent 净額 (1,941,336) 662,549 Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January 於1月1日的現金和現金等價物 (3,071,779 2,438,612 Effect of foreign exchange rate changes 外幣匯率變動的影響 58,761 (29,382) Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December 於12月31日的現金和現金等價	•		24(a)	(7,617)	(5,341)
Net cash used in financing activities 融資活動所用的現金淨額 (2,983,080) (1,691,786) Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalent 字額 (1,941,336) 662,549 Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January 於1月1日的現金和現金等價物 (1,941,336) (1,941,336) 662,549 Effect of foreign exchange rate changes 外幣匯率變動的影響 58,761 (29,382) Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December 於12月31日的現金和現金等價	·			(919)	(5,068)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalent	Distribution to non-controlling interests	分配予非控股權益	24(a)	(744,133)	(660,221)
equivalent	Net cash used in financing activities	融資活動所用的現金淨額		(2,983,080)	(1,691,786)
equivalent					
價物 3,071,779 2,438,612 Effect of foreign exchange rate changes 外幣匯率變動的影響 58,761 (29,382) Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December 於12月31日的現金和現金等價				(1,941,336)	662,549
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December 於12月31日的現金和現金等價	Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January			3,071,779	2,438,612
·	Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	外幣匯率變動的影響		58,761	(29,382)
·					
	Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December			1 100 204	2 071 770

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

1. General

Sunshine 100 China Holdings Ltd (the "Company") was incorporated as an exempted company with limited liability in the Cayman Islands on 20 September 2007. The Company's shares were listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Hong Kong Stock Exchange"). The registered office of the Company is located at One Nexus Way, Camana Bay, Grand Cayman KY1-9005, Cayman Islands, and its principal place of business is located at 12th Floor, Tower D, No. 2 Guang Hua Road, Beijing 100026, the People Republic of China (the "PRC").

In the opinion of the directors of the Company, its immediate holding company is Joywise Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands (the "BVI") with limited liability, and its ultimate holding company is Harvest Well Holding Limited, a company incorporated in the BVI with limited liability.

The Company is an investment holding company and the principal activities of its subsidiaries (together with the Company, the "Group") and associates are set out in Notes 14 and 15 to the consolidated financial statements, respectively.

Significant Accounting Policies

Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs"), which collective term includes all applicable individual International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards ("IASs") and Interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These consolidated financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange ("Listing Rules"). Significant accounting policies adopted by the Group are disclosed below.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a basis consistent with the accounting policies adopted in the 2020 consolidated financial statements except for the adoption of new/revised IFRSs that are relevant to the Group and effective from the current period or the Group elect to early adopt in the current period as set out below.

1. 一般資料

陽光100中國控股有限公司(「本公司」)於2007 年9月20日在開曼群島計冊成立為獲豁免有限 責任公司。本公司股份在香港聯合交易所有限 公司(「香港聯交所」)上市。本公司的註冊辦事 處位於One Nexus Way, Camana Bay, Grand Cayman KY1-9005, Cayman Islands, 主要營 業地點位於中華人民共和國(「中國」)北京光華 路2號D座12層(郵編:100026)。

董事認為,本公司的直接控股公司是在英屬維 爾京群島(「英屬維爾京群島」)計冊成立的有限 責任公司-樂昇控股有限公司,最終控股公司 是在英屬維爾京群島註冊成立的有限責任公 司-漢威控股有限公司。

本公司是一間投資控股公司,其附屬公司(連同 本公司統稱「本集團」)及聯營公司的主要業務分 別載列於綜合財務報表附註14及15。

主要會計政策

合規聲明

該等綜合財務報表是按照國際會計準則理事會 (「國際會計準則理事會」)頒佈的所有《國際財務 報告準則》(「《國際財務報告準則》」)(此統稱包 含所有適用的個別《國際財務報告準則》、《國 際會計準則》(「《國際會計準則》」)和詮釋)和香 港《公司條例》的披露規定編製。該等綜合財務 報表同時符合《香港聯交所證券上市規則》(「上 市規則])披露規定。以下是本集團採用的主要 會計政策。

該等綜合財務報表的編製基準與2020年綜合財 務報表所採用的會計政策一致,惟如下所述採 納與本集團相關且自當期生效或本集團選擇在 當期提前採納的新訂/經修訂《國際財務報告 準則》除外。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Changes in accounting policies

The Group has applied, for the first time, the following amendment to IFRSs to these consolidated financial statements for the current reporting period:

Amendments to IAS 39, IFRS 4, IFRS 7, IFRS 9 and IFRS 16

Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2
Amendments to IFRS 16
COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions Beyond 30 June 2021

Amendments to IAS 39, IFRS 4, IFRS 7, IFRS 9 and IFRS 16: Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2

The amendments address issues that might affect financial reporting when a company replaces the old interest rate benchmark with an alternative benchmark rate as a result of the interest rate benchmark reform (the reform). The amendments complement those issued in November 2019 and relate to:

- changes to contractual cash flows a company will not have to derecognise or adjust the carrying amount of financial instruments for changes required by the reform, but will instead update the effective interest rate to reflect the change to the alternative benchmark rate;
- hedge accounting a company will not have to discontinue its hedge accounting solely because it makes changes required by the reform, if the hedge meets other hedge accounting criteria; and
- disclosures a company will be required to disclose information about new risks arising from the reform and how it manages the transition to alternative benchmark rates.

The adoption of the above amendments does not have any significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

會計政策變動

本集團對本報告期間的綜合財務報表首次應用 了以下若干《國際財務報告準則》之修訂:

《國際會計準則》第39號、《國際財務報告準則》 第4號、《國際財務報告準則》第7號、《國際 財務報告準則》第9號及《國際財務報告準則》 第16號(修訂本)

利率基準改革一第二階段 《國際財務報告準則》第16號(修訂本) 2021年6月30日以後與COVID-19相關的租金寬減

《國際會計準則》第39號、《國際財務報告準則》 第4號、《國際財務報告準則》第7號、《國際財 務報告準則》第9號及《國際財務報告準則》第16 號(修訂本):利率基準改革一第二階段

該等修訂本解決因利率基準改革(改革)而以替代基準利率取代舊利率基準時可能對財務報告造成影響的問題。該等修訂本對於2019年11月頒佈的修訂作出補充,並與以下各項有關:

- 合約現金流量的變動一公司將毋須就改革規定的變動終止確認或調整金融工具的賬面值,惟須對實際利率作出更新以反映替代基準利率的變動;
- 對沖會計處理一倘對沖符合其他對沖會計標準,公司則毋須僅因其作出改革所規定的變動而終止其對沖會計處理;及
- 披露資料一公司將須披露有關改革所產生的 新風險及其過渡至替代基準利率的應對方法 的資料。

採納上述修訂本對綜合財務報表並無任何重大影響。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Changes in accounting policies (Continued)

Amendments to IFRS 16: COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions Beyond 30 June 2021

The amendments exempt lessees from having to consider individual lease contracts to determine whether rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic are lease modifications and allow lessees to account for such rent concessions as if they were not lease modifications. It applies to COVID-19-related rent concessions that reduce lease payments due on or before 30 June 2022. The amendments do not affect lessors.

These amendments shall be applied for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2021 with earlier application permitted. The Group has elected to early adopt the amendments in the current year.

The early adoption of the amendments does not have any significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

Possible impact of amendments, new standards and interpretations issued but not yet adopted for the year ended 31 December 2021

Up to the date of issue of these consolidated financial statements, the IASB has issued a number of new/revised IFRSs which are not yet effective for the year ended 31 December 2021 and new/revised IFRSs which have not been adopted in these consolidated financial statements. These include the following which may be relevant to the Group.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

會計政策變動(續)

《國際財務報告準則》第16號(修訂本): 2021年 6月30日以後與COVID-19相關的租金寬減

該修訂本豁免承租人考慮個別租賃合約以釐定因COVID-19疫情而直接產生的租金寬減是否屬於租賃修改並允許承租人將該等租金寬減入賬,猶如其並非租賃修改。其適用於減少於2022年6月30日或之前到期的租賃付款與COVID-19相關的租金寬減。該修訂本並不影響出租人。

該等修訂本應適用於2021年4月1日或之後開始的年度期間(可提早採納)。本集團已選擇於本年度提早採納該修訂本。

提早採納該修訂本並無對綜合財務報表造成任 何重大影響。

已頒佈但尚未在截至2021年12月31日止年 度採用的修訂、新準則和詮釋所可能產生的 影響

截至本綜合財務報表刊發日,國際會計準則理事會已頒佈數項在截至2021年12月31日止年度尚未生效的新訂/經修訂《國際財務報告準則》,及沒有在本綜合財務報表採用的新訂/經修訂《國際財務報告準則》。該等準則包括下列可能與本集團有關者:

Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 在以下日期或之後開始的會計期間生效

Amendments to IFRS 3, Reference to the Conceptual Framework 1 January 2022 《國際財務報告準則》第3號的修訂-「對概念框架的引述」 2022年1月1日 Amendments to IAS 16, Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use 1 January 2022 《國際會計準則》第16號的修訂-「物業、廠房及設備:達到預定使用狀態前之價款」 2022年1月1日 Amendments to IAS 37, Onerous Contracts - Cost of Fulfilling a Contract 1 January 2022 《國際會計準則》第37號的修訂-「虧損合約-履約成本」 2022年1月1日 Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2018–2020 Cycle 1 January 2022 《國際財務報告準則》的年度改進(2018-2020年度) 2022年1月1日

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Possible impact of amendments, new standards and interpretations issued but not yet adopted for the year ended 31 December 2021 (Continued)

2. 主要會計政策(續)

已頒佈但尙未在截至2021年12月31日止年 度採用的修訂、新準則和詮釋所可能產生的 影響(績)

> Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 在以下日期或之後開始的 會計期間生效

Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2, Disclosure of Accounting	
Policies	1 January 2023
《國際會計準則》第1號及《國際財務報告準則》實務公告第2號的修訂—「會計政策的披露」	2023年1月1日
Amendments to IAS 8, Definition of Accounting Estimate	1 January 2023
《國際會計準則》第8號的修訂-「會計估計的定義」	2023年1月1日
Amendments to IAS 12, Income Taxes – Deferred Tax Related to Assets and	
Liabilities Arising from a Single Transaction	1 January 2023
《國際會計準則》第12號的修訂-「所得税-與單項交易產生的與資產和負債相關的遞延	
税項」	2023年1月1日
IFRS 17, Insurance Contracts	1 January 2023
《國際財務報告準則》第17號-「 <i>保險合約</i> 」	2023年1月1日
Amendment to IFRS 17, Initial Application of IFRS 17 and	
IFRS 9 – Comparative Information	1 January 2023
《國際財務報告準則》第17號的修訂-「 <i>國際財務報告準則第17號和國際財務報告準則第9</i>	
號的首次應用一比較資料」	2023年1月1日
Amendments to IAS 1, Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	1 January 2024
《國際會計準則》第1號的修訂— <i>「流動與非流動負債的劃分</i> 」	2024年1月1日
Amendments to IAS 1, Non-current Liabilities with Covenants	1 January 2024
《國際會計準則》第1號的修訂 <i>「附帶契諾的非流動負債</i> 」	2024年1月1日
Amendments to IFRS 16, Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback	1 January 2024
《國際財務報告準則》第16號-「 <i>售後租回交易中的租賃負債</i> 」	2024年1月1日
Amendments to IAS 21, The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates	1 January 2025
《國際會計準則》第21號的修訂-「外匯匯率變動之影響」	2025年1月1日
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, Sale or Contribution of Assets between an	
Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	To be determined at a future date
《國際財務報告準則》第10號和《國際會計準則》第28號的修訂-「投資者與其聯營公司或	
合營企業之間的資產銷售或投入」	生效日期待定於未來某日

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these developments is expected to be in the period of initial application. The directors of the Company do not anticipate that the application of these amendments will have a significant impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

本集團正在評估這些準則變化對初始應用期間的影 響。本公司董事預期,應用該等修訂並不會對本集團 綜合財務報表造成重大影響。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Going concern

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company have given careful consideration to the future liquidity of the Group in light of the fact that the Group incurred a loss of approximately Renminbi ("RMB") 3,729,954,000 for the year ended 31 December 2021 and as at 31 December 2021, the Group had total loans and borrowings of approximately RMB26,749,657,000 of which the current loans and borrowings amounted to approximately RMB18,363,116,000. However, the Group only had cash and cash equivalents of approximately RMB1,189,204,000.

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's loans and borrowings of approximately RMB5,317,861,000, convertible bonds of principal of United States Dollars ("USD") 45,400,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB289,457,000) and interest of approximately USD5,466,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB34,850,000) and senior notes of USD170,000,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB1,083,869,000) were overdue pursuant to the relevant borrowing agreements which constituted events of default. With these events of default, the terms of cross-default of senior green notes with principal of USD219,600,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB1,400,104,000) at carrying amount of approximately USD214,632,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB1,368,427,000) and senior notes with principal of USD120,000,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB765,084,000) at carrying amount of approximately USD114,896,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB732,544,000) were triggered, and the senior green notes and senior notes may immediately due and payable if the creditors choose to accelerate.

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had not finalised the land appreciation tax returns with the tax authorities for certain property development projects which had already met the requirement of finalisation of the PRC land appreciation tax ("Land Appreciation Tax"). The potential Land Appreciation Tax payment obligations arising from the clearance may have a significant impact on the liquidity position of the Group.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

持續經營

於編製綜合財務報表時,由於本集團於截至2021年12月31日止年度產生虧損約人民幣(「人民幣」)3,729,954,000元,及於2021年12月31日,本集團之貸款及借款總額約為人民幣26,749,657,000元,其中即期貸款及借款約為人民幣18,363,116,000元,本公司董事已審慎考慮本集團的未來流動資金。然而,本集團現金和現金等價物僅約人民幣1,189,204,000元。

截至2021年12月31日,根據構成違約事件 的借款協議,本集團的貸款及借款約人民幣 5,317,861,000元、可換股債券本金45,400,000 美元(「美元」)(相當於約人民幣289,457,000 元)及利息約5,466,000美元(相當於約人民幣 34,850,000元)及優先票據170,000,000美元 (相當於約人民幣1,083,869,000元)已逾期。隨 著該等違約事件的發生,本金為219,600,000 美元(相當於約人民幣1,400,104,000元)、票 面金額約214.632.000美元(相當於約人民幣 1,368,427,000元)的優先綠色票據及本金為 120,000,000美元(相當於約人民幣765,084,000 元)、票面金額約114,896,000美元(相當於約人 民幣732,544,000元)的優先票據的交叉違約條 款已被觸發,倘債權人選擇加速還款,優先綠 色票據及優先票據可能即時到期及須予償還。

截至2021年12月31日,本集團尚未就某些已經符合中國土地增值税(「土地增值税」)清算要求的房地產開發項目向稅務機關進行土地增值稅清算。因清算產生的土地增值稅支付可能會對本集團的流動資金狀況產生重大影響。

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Going concern (Continued)

As at and subsequent to 31 December 2021, the Group is subjected to a number of legal proceedings which mainly in relation to disputes under construction contracts in respect of its various property development projects and defaults of repayment of several loans and borrowings, which arose during the normal course of business. Details of which are set out in Note 31(e) and Note 37 to the consolidated financial statements. Based on the best estimation on the possible outcomes of the disputes by the management in consideration of the development of negotiations with the creditors and advice sought from the independent legal advisors and internal legal counsel, the possible further obligations (other than those liabilities/provisions that have been recognised in the consolidated financial statements) arose from litigations are expected to be immaterial to the consolidated financial statements of the Group. However, it is uncertain for the timing of crystallisation of the relevant legal proceedings.

The above events or conditions indicate the existence of multiple material uncertainties which cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and, therefore, the Group may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

持續經營(續)

截至2021年12月31日及其後,本集團涉及若干法律訴訟,內容主要有關其於正常業務過程中產生的不同物業開發項目的建築合約下的糾紛及償還若干貸款及借款的違約。詳情載列於綜合財務報表附註31(e)及附註37。根據管理層考慮與債權人的磋商進度及尋求獨立法律顧問及內部法律顧問的意見對可能的糾紛結果做出的最佳估計,預計訴訟可能產生的進一步責任(已於綜合財務報表中確認的負債/撥備除外)對本集團綜合財務報表影響不大。然而,相關法律程序的具體時間尚不確定。

上述事件或情況顯示存在多重重大不確定性, 對本集團持續經營之能力產生重大懷疑,因此,本集團可能無法於正常業務過程中變現其 資產及清償負債。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Going concern (Continued)

In view of these circumstances, the directors of the Company have given careful consideration to the future liquidity and performance of the Group and its available sources of finance in assessing whether the Group will have sufficient financial resources to continue as a going concern. Certain plans and measures have been taken or will be taken by the directors of the Company to mitigate the liquidity pressure and to improve its financial position which include, but are not limited to, the following:

- the Group has been actively negotiating with a number of creditors and lenders for renewal and extension of interestbearing borrowings which would be due within 12 months;
- the Group has been actively negotiating with a number of creditors and lenders for debt restructuring of interestbearing borrowings;
- (iii) the Group has been actively negotiating with various financial institutions and potential lenders/investors to identify various options for financing the Group's working capital and commitments in the foreseeable future;
- the Group has accelerated or will accelerate the presale and sale of its properties under development and completed properties held for sale;
- the Group has implemented plans to dispose several investment properties instead of generating rental income to improve the cash flow in future;
- (vi) the Group has implemented measures to speed up the collection of outstanding sale proceeds and loans to third parties;
- (vii) the Group will continue to improve the operating efficiency by implementing measures to tighten cost controls over various operating expenses in order to enhance its profitability and to improve the cash flow from its operation in future;

2. 主要會計政策(續)

持續經營(續)

有鑒於此,本公司董事已審慎考慮本集團的未來流動資金、業績及其可用財務來源,以評估本集團是否將有足夠財務資源持續經營。本公司董事為減輕流動資金壓力及改善其財務狀況而採納或將採納的若干計劃及措施包括(但不限於)以下各項:

- (i) 本集團積極與若干債權人及貸款人協 商,以重續及延期應於12個月內償還的 計息借款;
- (ii) 本集團積極與若干債權人和貸款人協商,對有息借款進行債務重組;
- (iii) 本集團積極與若干金融機構及潛在貸款 人/投資者協商以物色多項於可預見未 來為本集團營運資金及承擔提供融資的 選擇:
- (iv) 本集團已加快或將加快開發中物業和持 作銷售用途的已落成物業的預售及銷 售:
- (v) 本集團已實施出售若干投資物業而非產 生租金收入的計劃,以改善未來現金 流;
- (vi) 本集團已採取措施加快收取未支付銷售 所得款項及第三方貸款:
- (vii) 本集團將繼續透過落實措施加緊對多項 經營開支的成本控制來提高營運效率, 以增強其日後盈利能力及改善經營現金 流;

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Going concern (Continued)

- (viii) the Group has been actively looking for larger property development enterprises and cooperating with investors to develop properties under development of the Group through joint effort;
- the Group has been actively procuring and negotiating the preliminary terms with larger property development enterprises for the sale of property development projects at a price deemed appropriate; and
- the Group has been actively negotiating with the local tax authorities to postpone the finalisation and payment of Land Appreciation Tax of the property development projects which had already met the requirement of finalisation of Land Appreciation Tax.

Based on the latest information available, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that it is appropriate to prepare the consolidation financial statements on a going concern basis.

Notwithstanding the above, significant uncertainties exist as to whether the management of the Company will be able to implement the abovementioned plans and measures. Whether the Group will be able to continue as a going concern will depend upon the Group's ability to generate adequate financial and operating cash flows through the following:

- (i) successfully negotiating with the lenders on the renewal of or extension for repayment of outstanding borrowings, including those with overdue principal and interests;
- (ii) successfully negotiating with the creditors and lenders on debt restructuring of interest-bearing borrowings;
- successfully negotiating with various financial institutions and potential lenders/investors and identifying various options for financing the Group's working capital and commitments in the foreseeable future;

2. 主要會計政策(續)

持續經營(續)

- (viii) 本集團積極物色大型物業開發企業,並 與投資者合作共同開發本集團的開發中 物業;
- (ix) 本集團積極促使並與大型物業開發企業 磋商有關出售物業開發項目的初步條款 (倘認為價格合適);及
- 本集團正積極與地方稅務部門協商,對 (x)已達到土地增值稅決算要求的物業開發 項目,延期決算繳納土地增值稅。

根據最新可得資料,本公司董事認為,按持續 經營基準編製綜合財務報表屬適當。

儘管以上所述,本公司管理層是否有能力實施 上述計劃及措施存在重大不確定性。本集團是 否能夠繼續持續經營將取決於本集團透過以下 各項產生充足財務及經營現金流量的能力:

- 成功與貸款人就尚欠借款(包括逾期本金 (i) 及利息)磋商達成重續或延展還款安排;
- 成功與債權人和貸款人協商,對有息借 款進行債務重組;
- (iii) 成功與若干金融機構及潛在貸款人/投 資者協商以物色多項於可預見未來為本 集團營運資金及承擔提供融資的選擇;

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Going concern (Continued)

- (iv) successfully persuading the Group's existing lenders not to take action to demand for immediate repayment of the borrowings with interest payments in default including the prevention from the auction of the Group's pledged properties:
- successfully implemented plans to dispose several investment properties instead of generating rental income to improve the cash flow in future;
- (vi) successfully accelerating the pre-sales and sales of properties under development and completed properties and speeding up the collection of outstanding sales proceeds and loans to third parties, and controlling costs and capital expenditure so as to generate adequate net cash inflows:
- (vii) successfully looking for larger property development enterprises and cooperating with investors to develop properties under development of the Group through joint effort;
- (viii) successfully procuring and negotiating the preliminary terms with larger property development enterprises for the sale of property development projects at a price deemed appropriate; and
- (ix) successfully negotiating with the local tax authorities to postpone the finalisation and payment of Land Appreciation Tax of the property development projects which had already met the requirements of finalisation of Land Appreciation Tax.

The directors of the Company believe that the aforementioned plans and measures will be successful, based on the continuous efforts by the management of the Company. However, should the Group fail to achieve the abovementioned plans and measures, it may not have sufficient funds to operate as a going concern, in which case adjustments might have to be made to reduce the carrying values of the Group's assets to their recoverable amounts, to reclassify the non-current assets and non-current liabilities as current assets and current liabilities, respectively, and to provide for any further liabilities which might arise. The effects of these adjustments have not been reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

持續經營(績)

- (iv) 成功説服本集團當前貸款人不會採取措施要求立即償還拖欠的借款及利息,包括防止本集團已抵押物業被拍賣;
- (v) 成功出售若干投資物業而非產生租金收入的計劃,以改善未來現金流;
- (vi) 成功加速開發中物業及已落成物業之預 售及銷售,加速收回尚未支付的銷售所 得款項及第三方貸款,以及控制成本 和資本開支,從而產生充足現金流入淨 額;
- (vii) 成功物色大型物業開發企業,並與投資者合作共同開發本集團的開發中物業;
- (viii) 成功促使及與大型物業開發企業磋商有關以認為適當的價格出售物業開發項目的初步條款:及
- (ix) 成功與地方稅務部門協商,對已達到土地增值稅決算要求的物業開發項目,延期決算繳納土地增值稅。

本公司董事相信,憑藉本公司管理層的不懈努力,上述計劃及措施將會取得成功。然而,倘未能達成上述計劃及措施,則本集團可能沒有足夠的資金持續經營,在該情況下,可能須作出調整,以將本集團資產之賬面值減至可收回金額,將非流動資產及非流動負債分別重新分類為流動資產及流動負債,以及就可能產生之任何額外負債計提撥備。該等調整的影響尚未於該等綜合財務報表中反映。

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Basis of preparation of the consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements comprise the Company and its subsidiaries, and the Group's interests in associates. The financial statements of the subsidiaries and the associates are prepared for the same reporting period as that of the Company using consistent accounting policies.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in RMB, rounded to the nearest thousand, which is the functional currency of the Company and the entities carrying out the principal activities of the Group in the PRC.

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements is the historical cost basis except that the following assets and liabilities are stated at their fair value as explained in the accounting policies set out below:

- investment properties, including interests in leasehold land and buildings held as investment properties where the Group is the beneficial owner of the property interest;
- investments in equity securities and investment funds; and
- derivative financial instruments.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements made by management in the application of IFRSs that have significant effect on the consolidated financial statements and major sources of estimation uncertainty are discussed in Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

綜合財務報表之編製基準

綜合財務報表涵蓋本公司及其附屬公司以及本 集團所持有各聯營公司的權益。附屬公司及聯 營公司的財務報表採用與本公司一致的會計政 策,就同一報告期編製。

該等綜合財務報表以人民幣列示,四捨五入至 最接近的千數,人民幣是本公司以及在中國從 事本集團主營業務的實體的功能貨幣。

除以下資產與負債是按公允價值入賬外,編製該等綜合財務報表時是以歷史成本作為計量基準,詳見下文會計政策的解釋:

- 投資物業,包括本集團作為物業權益的 實益擁有人以投資物業持有的租賃土地 和建築物權益;
- 權益證券投資和投資基金投資;及
- 衍生金融工具。

管理層需在編製符合《國際財務報告準則》的 綜合財務報表時作出會對政策的應用,以及資 產、負債、收入和支出的報告數額構成影響的 判斷、估計和假設。這些估計和相關假設是根 據以往經驗和管理層因應當時情況認為合理的 多項其他因素作出的,其結果構成了管理層在 無法依循其他途徑即時得知資產與負債的賬面 值時所作出判斷的基礎。實際結果可能有別於 這些估計。

管理層會不斷審閱各項估計和相關假設。如果 會計估計的修訂只是影響某一期間,其影響便 會在該期間內確認;如果修訂對當前和未來期 間均有影響,則在作出修訂的期間和未來期間 確認。

有關管理層在應用《國際財務報告準則》時所作 出對綜合財務報表有重大影響的判斷,以及主 要的估計數額不確定因素來源的討論內容,載 列於綜合財務報表附註3。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests

A subsidiary is an entity that is controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. When assessing whether the Group has power, only substantive rights (held by the Group and other parties) are considered.

An investment in a subsidiary is consolidated into the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Intra-group balances, transactions and cash flows and any unrealised profits arising from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in a subsidiary not attributable directly or indirectly to the Company, and in respect of which the Group has not agreed any additional terms with the holders of those interests which would result in the Group as a whole having a contractual obligation in respect of those interests that meets the definition of a financial liability. For each business combination, the Group can elect to measure any non-controlling interests either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the subsidiary's net identifiable assets.

Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, separately from equity attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company. Non-controlling interests in the results of the Group are presented on the face of the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as an allocation of the total loss or profit and total comprehensive loss or income for the period between non-controlling interests and the equity shareholders of the Company. Loans from holders of non-controlling interests and other contractual obligations towards these holders are presented as financial liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position depending on the nature of the liability.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

附屬公司及非控股權益

附屬公司為本集團所控制的實體。當透過參與從而令本集團面對或獲取不同之回報,及有能力透過對該實體的權力影響所獲取之回報,則本集團對該實體有控制權。在評估本集團是否有權力時,只考慮(由本集團及其他方持有的)實質權利。

於附屬公司的投資,從得到控制權當日開始,直到控制權終止當日為止,在綜合財務報表中合併。集團內公司之間的結餘、交易、現金流以及集團內公司之間的交易所產生的任何未實現盈利,乃於編製綜合財務報表時悉數撇銷。集團內公司之間的交易而產生的未實現虧損,乃以未實現盈利相同之形式撇銷,惟僅限於並無減值證據的部分。

非控股權益是指並非由本公司直接或間接擁有的附屬公司權益,而本集團並沒有與這些權益的持有人訂立任何可導致本集團整體就這些權益而承擔符合金融負債定義的合約義務的額外條款。就各業務合併而言,本集團可選擇按公允價值或按非控股權益佔附屬公司的可識別淨資產之比例以計量非控股權益。

非控股權益在綜合財務狀況表內的權益項目中,與本公司權益股東應佔的權益分開列示。 非控股權益所佔本集團業績的權益,會按照本期損益總額和全面損益總額在非控股權益與本公司權益股東之間進行分配,並在綜合全面收益表中列示。來自非控股權益持有人的貸款和對這些持有人的其他合約義務是按負債的性質,在綜合財務狀況表內列為金融負債。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests (Continued)

Changes in the Group's interests in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions, whereby adjustments are made to the amounts of controlling and non-controlling interests within equity to reflect the change in relative interests, but no adjustments are made to gain on bargain purchase and no gain or loss is recognised.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that subsidiary, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or, when appropriate, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or joint venture.

In the Company's statement of financial position, investment in subsidiaries is accounted for under equity method, unless the investment is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale).

Associates and joint ventures

An associate is an entity in which the Group or the Company has significant influence, but not control or joint control, over its management, including participation in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee.

A joint venture is an arrangement whereby the Group or the Company and other parties contractually agree to share control of the arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control, and have rights to the net assets of the arrangement. The Group reassesses whether it has joint control of an arrangement and whether the type of joint arrangement in which it is involved has changed, if facts and circumstances change.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

附屬公司及非控股權益(續)

本集團於附屬公司的權益變動,如不會導致喪失控制權,便會按權益交易列賬,並在權益項目中調整控股及非控股權益的數額,以反映相對權益的變動,但不會調整議價收購收益,亦不會確認損益。

當本集團喪失於附屬公司的控制權時,按出售有關附屬公司的全部權益列賬,由此產生的收益或虧損在損益中確認。在喪失控制權日期所保留有關附屬公司的權益,按公允價值確認,此筆金額在初始確認金融資產時當作公允價值,或(如適用)在初始確認於聯營公司或合營企業的投資時當作成本。

本公司財務狀況表所示於附屬公司的投資,是按權益法核算,但如有關投資被劃歸為持有待售(或包括在劃歸為持有待售的處置組合)的則除外。

聯營公司和合營公司

聯營公司是指本集團或本公司對其有重大影響,但沒有控制或共同控制其管理層的實體; 重大影響包括參與被投資公司財務和經營決策。

合營企業是一項安排,據此本集團或本公司與 其他方協定分享對此項安排的控制權,僅在有 關活動的決定需要共享控制的各方一致同意時 出現,並享有此項安排的資產淨值。倘有事實 及情況發生變化,本集團會重新評估其是否對 某項安排擁有共同控制權,以及參與的共同安 排類型是否發生了變化。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Associates and joint ventures (Continued)

An investment in an associate or a joint venture is accounted for under the equity method of accounting, unless the investment or a portion thereof is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale). Under the equity method, the investment is initially recorded at cost, adjusted for any excess of the Group's share of the acquisitiondate fair values of the investee's identifiable net assets over the cost of the investment (if any). The cost of the investment includes purchase price, other costs directly attributable to the acquisition of the investment, and any direct investment into the associate or joint venture that forms part of the Group's equity investment. Thereafter, the investment is adjusted for the post acquisition change in the Group's share of the investee's net assets and any impairment loss relating to the investment. At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether there is any objective evidence that the investment is impaired. Any acquisition-date excess over cost, the Group's share of the postacquisition, post-tax results of the investees and any impairment losses for the period are recognised in the profit or loss, whereas the Group's share of the post-acquisition post-tax items of the investees' other comprehensive income is recognised in the other comprehensive income in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

When the Group's share of losses exceeds its interest in the associate or the joint venture, the Group's interest is reduced to nil and recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the investee. For this purpose, the Group's interest is the carrying amount of the investment under the equity method together with any other long-term interests that in substance form part of the Group's net investment in the associate or the joint venture.

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of an associate or a joint venture is measured as the excess of the cost of investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the acquired associate or joint venture. Such goodwill is included in interests in associates or joint ventures. On the other hand, any excess of the Group's share of its net fair value of identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of investment is recognised immediately in profit or loss as an income.

2. 主要會計政策(績)

聯營公司和合營公司(續)

於聯營公司和合營公司的投資是按權益會計法 核算,但劃歸為持有待售(或已計入劃歸為持有 待售的處置組合)的投資或其中一部分除外。按 照權益法,有關投資以成本初始入賬,並就本 集團於收購日所佔被投資公司可辨別資產淨值 的公允價值超過投資成本的數額(如有)作出調 整,投資成本包括其購買價格、收購投資應佔 的其他直接成本,以及任何對組成本集團的權 益投資的聯營公司或合營企業的直接投資。然 後就本集團所佔被投資公司資產淨值的收購後 變動以及與這些投資有關的任何減值虧損作出 調整。於每個報告日,本集團評估是否存在任 何投資減值的客觀證據。於收購日超過成本的 任何數額、本集團期內所佔被投資公司的收購 後稅後業績和任何減值虧損在損益表中確認, 而本集團所佔被投資公司的收購後稅後其他全 面收益項目則在綜合其他全面收益以及綜合全 面收益表中確認。

當本集團對聯營公司或合營企業承擔的虧損額超過其所佔權益時,本集團所佔權益便會減少至零,並且不再確認額外虧損;但如本集團須履行法定或推定義務,或代被投資公司作出付款則除外。就此而言,本集團所佔權益是以按照權益法計算投資的賬面金額,以及實質上構成本集團在聯營公司或合營企業投資淨額一部分的長期權益為準。

收購聯營公司和合營企業產生的商譽是按投資 成本超出本集團於所收購聯營公司和合營公司 分佔之可辨別資產和負債的公允價值淨額計 算。該等商譽計入於聯營公司和合營公司的權 益。另一方面,任何超過投資成本的本集團分 佔可辨別資產和負債的公允價值淨額會隨即於 損益中確認為收入。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Associates and joint ventures (Continued)

Unrealised profits and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associates and joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the investee, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of impairment of the asset transferred, in which case they are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

If an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or vice versa, retained interest is not remeasured. Instead, the investment continues to be accounted for under the equity method.

In all other cases, when the Group ceases to have significant influence over an associate or joint control over a joint venture, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that investee, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former investee at the date when significant influence is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset.

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of

- (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree; over
- (ii) the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date.

When (ii) is greater than (i), then this excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a gain on a bargain purchase.

Any resulting gain or loss arising from remeasuring the previously held equity interests in the acquiree at the acquisition-date fair value is recognised in profit or loss or other comprehensive income, as appropriate.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

聯營公司和合營公司(續)

本集團與聯營公司和合營企業之間交易所產生 的未變現損益,均按本集團於被投資公司所佔 的權益比率抵銷;但如有未變現虧損證明已轉 讓資產出現減值,則會即時在損益中確認。

如果於聯營公司的投資變為於合營企業的投資 或於合營企業的投資變為於聯營公司的投資, 則毋須重新計量保留權益。有關投資繼續以權 益法核算。

在所有其他情況下,當本集團不再對聯營公司 有重大影響力或對合營企業實施共同控制時, 按出售有關被投資公司的全部權益列賬,由此 產生的收益或虧損在損益中確認。在喪失重大 影響力日期所保留有關前被投資公司的權益, 按公允價值確認,此筆金額在初始確認金融資 產時當作公允價值。

商譽

商譽是指(i)超過(ii)的數額

- (i) 所轉讓代價的公允價值,於被收購公司 的非控股權益數額及本集團之前於被收 購公司所持股本權益的公允價值合計;
- (ii) 被收購公司可辨別資產和負債於收購日 計量的的公允價值淨額。

當(ii)大過於(i)時,超出的數額即時在損益中確認為議價收購的收益。

按收購日公允價值重新計量以往於被收購公司 持有的股本權益產生之任何所得收益或虧損於 損益或其他全面收益(如適用)確認。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Goodwill (Continued)

Goodwill is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill arising on a business combination is allocated to each cash-generating unit, or groups of cash generating units, that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination and is tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired.

On disposal of a cash generating unit during the reporting period, any attributable amount of purchased goodwill is included in the calculation of the profit or loss on disposal.

Other investments in debt and equity securities

The Group's policies for investments in debt and equity securities, other than investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, are set out below.

Investments in debt and equity securities are recognised/ derecognised on the date the Group commits to purchase/sell the investment. The investments are initially stated at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs, except for those investments measured at fair value through profit or loss ("FVPL") for which transaction costs are recognised directly in profit or loss. The explanation of how the Group determines fair value of financial instruments is set out in Note 32(e) to the consolidated financial statements. These investments are subsequently accounted for as follows, depending on their classification.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

商譽(績)

商譽是按成本減去累計減值虧損後列賬。企業 合併產生的商譽會分配至預期可透過合併的協 同效益獲利的每個現金產出單元或現金產出單 元組別,並且每年接受減值測試,或在事件或 情況變化表明賬面值可能減值時進行更頻繁的 減值測試。

本報告期內處置的現金產出單元的任何應佔購 入商譽均包括在處置項目的損益內。

其他債務和權益證券投資

本集團有關債務和權益證券投資(於附屬公司、 聯營公司和合營企業的投資除外)的政策如下:

對於其他債務或權益證券投資,本集團於承諾 購買/出售投資當日確認/終止確認該項投 資。其他債務和權益證券投資在初始確認時以 公允價值加上直接歸屬於該投資的交易成本列 賬,但對於以公允價值計量且其變動計入損益。 (「FVPL」)的投資,其交易成本直接計入損益。 本集團如何確定金融工具公允價值的討論內容 載列於綜合財務報表附註32(e)。這些投資其後 按所屬分類以下列方式入賬。

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Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Other investments in debt and equity securities

(i) Investments other than equity investments

Non-equity investments held by the Group are classified into one of the following measurement categories:

Amortised cost, if the investment is held for the collection of contractual cash flows which represent solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Interest income from the investment is calculated using the effective interest method.

The Group's investments other than equity investments at amortised cost include unlisted structured notes, restricted deposits, trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents.

Fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") (recycling), if the contractual cash flows of the investment comprise solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding and the investment is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both the collection of contractual cash flows and sale. Changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income, except for the recognition of expected credit losses, interest income (calculated using the effective interest method) and foreign exchange gains and losses in profit or loss. When the investment is derecognised, the amount accumulated in other comprehensive income is recycled from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment.

The Group's equity investments at FVOCI include unlisted equity securities.

FVPL, if the investment does not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVOCI (recycling). Changes in the fair value of the investment (including interest) are recognised in profit or loss.

> The Group's investments other than equity investments at FVPL include unlisted investment funds.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

其他債務和權益證券投資(續)

(i) 除權益投資以外的投資

本集團持有的非權益投資按如下計量類 別分類:

如果滿足持有投資以收取合同現金 流量,且合同現金流量僅為本金及 未償付本金金額之利息的支付,則 該投資以攤銷成本計量。投資產生 的收入採用實際利率法進行計算。

> 本集團以攤銷成本計量的除權益投 資以外的投資包括非上市結構性票 據、受限制存款、應收賬款及其他 應收款以及現金和現金等價物。

如果該項投資的合同現金流量包括 僅為本金和未償付本金金額之利息 的支付,且本集團以獲取合同現金 流量和銷售為目的之業務模式持 有,則該投資以公允價值計量且其 變動計入其他全面收益(「FVOCI」) (可轉回)。公允價值的變動計入其 他全面收益,但預期信用損失、利 息收入(採用實際利率法計算)以及 匯兑利得和損失在損益中確認。當 終止確認投資時,在其他全面收入 中累計的金額將作為重新分類調整 從權益轉回至損益。

> 本集團按FVOCI計量的權益投資包 括非上市權益證券。

倘若投資不符合以攤銷成本或以 FVOCI(可轉回)計量的標準,則該 投資按FVPL計量。投資的公允值 變動(包括利息)在損益中確認。

> 本集團除按FVPL計量的權益投資 以外的投資包括非上市投資基金。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Other investments in debt and equity securities (Continued)

(ii) Equity investments

An investment in equity securities is classified as FVPL unless the equity investment is not held for trading purposes and on initial recognition of the investment the Group makes an irrevocable election to designate the investment at FVOCI (non-recycling) such that subsequent changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income. Such elections are made on an instrument-by-instrument basis, but may only be made if the investment meets the definition of equity from the issuer's perspective. Where such an election is made, the amount accumulated in other comprehensive income remains in the fair value reserve (non-recycling) until the investment is disposed of. At the time of disposal, the amount accumulated in the fair value reserve (nonrecycling) is transferred to retained profits. It is not recycled through profit or loss. Dividends from an investment in equity securities, irrespective of whether classified at FVPL or FVOCI, are recognised in profit or loss as other income.

The Group's equity investments at FVPL include the trading securities, while the Group's equity investments at FVOCI (non-recycling) include the unlisted equity securities.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

其他債務和權益證券投資(續)

(ii) 權益投資

權益投資通常被劃歸為以FVPL計量,除 非該投資並非以交易目的而持有,且於 初始確認時本集團不可撤銷地選擇指定 該項投資以FVOCI計量(不可轉回),該等 投資的公允價值後續變動將於其他全面 收益中進行確認。該項選擇是在各項工 具的基礎 上開展,但僅於投資從發行人 的角度符合權益的定義時方可進行。倘 若開展該項選擇,其他全面收益中的累 積金額則保留於公允價值儲備中(不可轉 回)直至該項投資被出售。當投資被售出 時,保留於公允價值儲備(不可轉回)中 的金額將被轉入保留溢利當中,不重新 計入當期損益。權益證券投資產生的股 息,無論是否歸類至FVPL或FVOCI,均 於損益中確認為其他收益。

本集團按FVPL計量的權益投資包括買賣 證券,而本集團按FVOCI計量的權益投 資(不可轉回)包括非上市權益證券。

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2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are recognised initially at fair value. At the end of each reporting period, the fair value is remeasured. The gain or loss on remeasurement to fair value is recognised immediately in profit or loss, except where the derivatives qualify for cash flow hedge accounting or hedges of net investment in a foreign operation, in which case recognition of any resultant gain or loss depends on the nature of the item being hedged.

Investment properties

Investment properties are land and/or buildings which are owned or held under a leasehold interest to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation. These include land held for a currently undetermined future use and property that is being constructed or developed for future use as investment property.

Investment properties are stated at fair value, unless they are still in the course of construction or development at the end of each reporting period and their fair value cannot be reliably measured at that time. Any gain or loss arising from a change in fair value or from the retirement or disposal of investment properties is recognised in profit or loss. Rental income from investment properties is accounted for in accordance with the policy stated under "Revenue recognition".

2. 主要會計政策(續)

衍生金融工具

衍生金融工具以公允價值初始確認。於各報告期末,公允價值乃重新計量。本集團會於報告期末重新計量公允價值,由此產生的收益或虧損即時在損益中確認。然而,如屬符合現金流量套期會計條件或用作對境外經營的淨投資套期的衍生工具,則所產生的任何收益或虧損須依據被套期項目的性質確認。

投資物業

投資物業是指為賺取租金收入及/或為資本增值而擁有或根據租賃權益持有的土地及/或建築物。當中包括就尚未確定未來用途持有的土地,以及正在建造或開發以供作日後用作投資物業的物業。

投資物業按公允價值入賬,但於報告期末正在 建造或開發而且當時無法準確計量公允價值的 投資物業除外。投資物業公允價值的變動,或 報廢或處置投資物業所產生的任何收益或虧損 均在損益中確認。投資物業的租金收入是按照 「收入確認」項下所述的政策入賬。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Property and equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The cost of self-constructed items of property and equipment includes the cost of materials, direct labor, the initial estimate, where relevant, of the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located, and an appropriate proportion of production overheads and borrowing costs. Repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an item of property and equipment are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and are recognised in profit or loss on the date of retirement or disposal.

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost of items of property and equipment, less their estimated residual value, if any, using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows from the date on which they are available for use:

 Hotel properties 	30 – 40 years
– Supermarkets	20 – 30 years
- Office premises	20 – 30 years
 Motor vehicles 	5 – 8 years
- Office equipment	3 – 5 years

Where parts of an item of property and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of the item is allocated on a reasonable basis between the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Both the useful life of an asset and its residual value, if any, are reviewed annually.

If a property occupied by the Group as an owner-occupied property becomes an investment property measured at fair value, the Group accounts for such property up to the date of change in use, and any difference at that date between the carrying amount and the fair value of the property is accounted for as a revaluation surplus in the property revaluation reserve, or as a deficit charged to profit or loss.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

物業及設備

物業及設備以成本減去累計折舊和減值虧損後 入賬。

自建物業及設備項目的成本包括材料成本、直接人工、拆卸與搬運有關項目的成本和項目所在場地清理費的初始估計金額(以適用者為準),以及適當比例的生產間接費用和借貸成本。修理和維護費用在發生期間計入損益。

報廢或處置物業及設備項目所產生的損益以處 置所得款項淨額與項目賬面金額之間的差額釐 定,並於報廢或處置日在損益中確認。

物業及設備項目的折舊是以直線法自可使用之日起在以下預計可用期限內核銷其成本(已扣除估計殘值(如有))計提:

一酒店物業	30-40年
一超市	20-30年
一寫字樓	20-30年
一汽車	5-8年
一辦公室設備	3-5年

如果物業和設備項目的組成部分有不同的可用 期限,有關項目的成本會按照合理的基準分配 至各個部分,而且每個部分會分開計提折舊。 本集團會每年審閱資產的可用期限和殘值(如 有)。

倘本集團自用的物業轉為以公允價值計量的投資物業,截至用途變更日期,本集團將該物業入賬,而該日物業之賬面金額與公允價值的任何差額,將以重估盈餘於物業重估儲備入賬,或作為虧絀計入損益。

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Intangible assets that are acquired by the Group are the exclusive right of land development, which is stated at cost less accumulated amortisation (where the estimated useful life is finite) and impairment losses.

Amortisation of intangible assets with finite useful lives is capitalised as part of the cost of the relevant asset. The exclusive right of land development with finite useful lives are amortised from the date they are available for use and based on the completion progress of land development.

The period and method of amortisation are reviewed annually.

Leases

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to direct the use of the identified asset and to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from that use.

As a lessee

Where the contract contains lease component(s) and non-lease component(s), the Group has elected not to separate non-lease components and accounts for each lease component and any associated non-lease components as a single lease component for all leases.

At the lease commencement date, the Group recognised a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, except for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets which, for the Group, are primarily laptops and office furniture in accordance with recognition exemption. When the Group enters into a lease in respect of a low-value asset, the Group decides whether to capitalised the lease on a lease-by-lease basis. The lease payments associated with those leases which are not capitalised are recognised as an expense on a systematic basis over the lease term.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

無形資產(商譽除外)

本集團購入的無形資產為按成本減去累計攤銷 (適用於有既定可用期限的無形資產)和減值虧 損後列賬的土地開發專有權。

具有既定可用期限的無形資產之攤銷被資本化 為相關資產成本的一部分。具有既定可用期限 的土地開發專有權自可供使用當日起,並根據 土地開發的完成進度計提攤銷。

本集團會每年審閱攤銷的期限和方法。

租賃

本集團於合同初始就對合同進行評估,確定該合同是否為一項租賃或者包含一項租賃。倘一份合同於一段期間內,為換取對價而讓渡一項可識別資產使用的控制權,則該合同是一項租賃或包含一項租賃。倘客戶既有權主導可識別資產的使用,亦從可識別資產的使用中獲取幾乎所有的經濟利益,則資產的控制權發生讓渡。

作為承租人

對於所有租賃,若合約同時包含租賃組成部分 和非租賃組成部分,本集團選擇不拆分非租賃 組成部分,而將各個租賃組成部分和與其相關 的非租賃組成部分作為單一的租賃組成部分進 行會計處理。

本集團於租賃開始日確認使用權資產和租賃負債,惟租賃期為12個月或以下的短期租賃及低價值資產租賃(根據確認豁免,本集團主要為筆記型電腦和辦公傢俱)除外。當本集團就一項低價值資產訂立了一項租賃安排,本集團以每一項租賃為基礎決定是否將該租賃予以資本化。與未進行資本化租賃相關的租賃付款額於整個租賃期內以系統方法確認為費用。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

As a lessee (Continued)

As a lessee (Continued)

The Group accounts for each lease component within a lease contract as a lease separately. The Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component.

Amounts payable by the Group that do not give rise to a separate component are considered to be part of the total consideration that is allocated to the separately identified components of the contract.

The right-of-use asset recognised when a lease is capitalised is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial measurement of the lease liability plus any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, and any initial direct costs incurred. Where applicable, the cost of the right-of-use assets also includes an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories, discounted to their present value, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability, except for right-of-use assets that meet the definition of investment property are carried at fair value in accordance with the policy stated under "Investment properties".

Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the right-of-use asset (unless the lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset to the Group by the end of the lease term or if the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Group will exercise a purchase option – in which case depreciation is provided over the estimated useful life of the underlying asset) as follows:

Hotel propertiesOffice premises

Over the lease term Over the lease term

2. 主要會計政策(續)

作為承租人(續)

作為承租人(續)

本集團將租賃合約中的各租賃部分作為租賃單 獨入賬。本集團根據租賃部分的相對獨立價 格,將合約代價分配至各租賃部分。

倘本集團的應付款項並無產生單獨部分,則被 視為分配至合約單獨識別部分的總代價一部 分。

在資本化租賃時確認的使用權資產按成本初始計量。使用權資產的成本包括租賃負債的初始金額,加上在租賃期開始日或之前支付的租賃付款額以及已發生的初始直接費用。在適用情況下,使用權資產的成本還包括拆卸及移除標的資產、復原標的資產或其所在場所至租賃條款和條件所要求的狀態的估計成本(為生產庫存而產生的成本除外)折現後的現值,減去收到的租賃激勵。

除符合投資物業定義按「投資物業」項下所述的 政策以公允價值列賬的使用權資產以外,使用 權資產後續按成本減去累計折舊和減值虧損後 的金額列賬,並根據租賃負債的重新計量進行 調整。

折舊按租賃期及使用權資產的估計可使用年期 (以較短者為準)按直線法作出撥備(除非租賃於 租賃期結束時將相關資產的所有權轉讓予本集 團或倘使用權資產的成本反映本集團將行使購 買權一於此情況下,折舊乃按相關資產的估計 可使用年期計提)如下:

一酒店物業

按租賃期 按租賃期

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

As a lessee (Continued)

The lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, using a relevant incremental borrowing rate.

The lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following payments for the right to use the underlying asset during the lease term that are not paid at the commencement date:

- (a) fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable;
- (b) variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate;
- (c) amounts expected to be payable under residual value guarantees;
- (d) exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- (e) payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising an option to terminate the lease.

After initial recognition, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost and interest expense is calculated using the effective interest method. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are not included in the measurement of the lease liability and hence are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

作為承租人(續)

租賃負債按照租賃期內的應付租賃付款額按租 賃內含利率(若租賃內含利率無法直接確定,則 使用相關的增量借款利率)折現後的現值進行初 始確認。

租賃負債計量所包括的租賃付款包括以下在開始日期並未支付的租賃期內相關資產使用權款項:

- (a) 固定付款(包括實質性固定付款),減任何 應收租賃優惠;
- (b) 取決於指數或比率而定的可變租賃付款;
- (c) 根據剩餘價值擔保預期將予支付的金額;
- (d) 本集團合理確定行使購買權的行使價: 及
- (e) 於租賃期反映本集團會行使選擇權終止 租賃時,終止租賃的罰款。

初始確認後,租賃負債按攤餘成本計量,並採用實際利率法計算利息費用。不取決於指數或比率的可變租賃付款額不納入租賃負債的計量,因此在其發生的會計期間內在損益中列支。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

As a lessee (Continued)

The lease liability is remeasured by using the original discount rate when there is a change in the residual value guarantee, the in-substance fixed lease payments or the future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or a rate (other than floating interest rate). In case of a change in future lease payments resulting from a change in floating interest rates, the Group remeasures the lease liability using a revised discount rate.

The lease liability is remeasured by using the original discount rate when there is a change in the in-substance future lease payments or the future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate (other than floating interest rate), or there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or there is a change arising from the reassessment of whether the Group will be reasonably certain to exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. In case of a change in future lease payments resulting from a change in floating interest rates, the Group remeasures the lease liability using a revised discount rate.

When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

作為承租人(績)

當指數或利率(浮動利率除外)變動導致剩餘價值擔保、實物固定租賃付款或未來租賃付款發生變化時,則使用原貼現率重新計量租賃負債。倘因浮動利率變動導致日後租賃付款發生變化,本集團採用經修訂貼現率重新計量租賃負債。

當指數或利率(浮動利率除外)變動導致實物未來租賃付款或未來租賃付款發生變化時,或本集團對剩餘價值擔保下預期應付金額的估算發生變化,或重新評估本集團是否有合理把握行使購買、延期或終止選擇權而發生變化時,則使用原貼現率重新計量租賃負債。倘因浮動利率變動導致日後租賃付款發生變化,本集團採用經修訂貼現率重新計量租賃負債。

倘在這種情況下重新計量租賃負債,應對使用 權資產的賬面金額作出相應調整;倘使用權資 產的賬面金額已減至零,則將相關調整計入損 益。

2021 年度報告

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

As a lessee (Continued)

A lease modification is accounted for as a separate lease if

- (a) the modification increases the scope of the lease by adding the right to use one or more underlying assets; and
- (b) the consideration for the lease increases by an amount commensurate with the stand-alone price for the increase in scope and any appropriate adjustments to that standalone price to reflect the circumstances of the particular contract.

When a lease modification is not accounted for as a separate lease, at the effective date of the lease modification,

- (a) the Group allocates the consideration in the modified contract on the basis of relative stand-alone price as described above.
- (b) the Group determines the lease term of the modified contract.
- (c) the Group remeasures the lease liability by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate over the revised lease term.
- (d) for lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the Group accounts for the remeasurement of the lease liability by decreasing the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the leases and recognising any gain or loss relating to the partial or full termination of the lease in profit or loss.
- (e) for all other lease modifications, the Group accounts for the remeasurement of the lease liability by making a corresponding adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

In the consolidated statement of financial position, the current portion of long-term lease liabilities is determined as the present value of contractual payments that are due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

作為承租人(續)

倘發生以下情況,則租賃修訂作為單獨租賃入 賬,

- (a) 該修訂透過增加一項或多項相關資產的 使用權而擴大了租賃範圍;及
- (b) 租賃代價增加的金額相當於擴大範圍對 應的獨立價格,加上以反映特定合約的 情況對獨立價格進行的任何適當調整。

倘租賃修訂未以單獨租賃入賬,則於該租賃修 訂生效之日,

- (a) 本集團按上述相對獨立價格分配經修訂 合約代價。
- (b) 本集團釐定經修訂合約的租賃期。
- (c) 本集團透過於經修訂租賃期內使用經修 訂貼現率對經修訂租賃付款進行貼現以 重新計量租賃負債。
- (d) 就縮減租賃範圍的租賃修訂而言,本集 團透過減少使用權資產賬面值將租賃負 債的重新計量入賬,以反映部分或全面 終止租賃並於損益內確認任何與部分或 全面終止租賃相關的收益或虧損。
- (e) 就所有其他租賃修訂而言,本集團透過 對使用權資產作出相應調整,將租賃負 債的重新計量入賬。

在綜合財務狀況表中,長期租賃負債的當期部分,被確定為應於該報告期後12個月內到期清 算的合同支付的現值。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

As a lessee (Continued)

The Group has applied the practical expedient provided in Amendments to IFRS 16: COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021 and does not assess whether eligible rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic are lease modification. The Group accounts for any change in lease payments resulting from the rent concession the same way it would account for the change applying IFRS 16 if the change were not a lease modification.

The practical expedient applies only to rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic and only if all of the following conditions are met:

- the change in lease payments results in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change;
- any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2022; and
- (c) there is no substantive change to other terms and conditions of the lease.

The Group has applied the practical expedient consistently to all eligible rent concessions with similar characteristics and in similar circumstances.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

作為承租人(續)

本集團已應用國際財務報告準則第16號(修訂本):2021年6月30日以後與COVID-19相關的租金寬減提供的實際權宜方法,不評估直接因COVID-19疫情而引致的合資格租金寬免是否屬租賃修訂。本集團將因租金寬減而產生的任何租賃付款變動(倘該變動並非租賃修訂)按採用國際財務報告準則第16號將變動入賬的相同方式入賬。

實際權宜方法僅適用於直接因COVID-19疫情而 起的租金寬免,且僅在符合以下所有條件時適 用:

- (a) 租賃付款的變動導致經修訂租賃代價與 緊接變動前的租賃代價基本相同或低於 該代價:
- (b) 租賃付款的任何減少僅影響原於2022年6 月30日或之前到期的付款;及
- (c) 租賃的其他條款及條件並無實質性變動。

本集團已就所有具相似特徵及相似情況的合資 格租金寬減一致應用實際權宜方法。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

As a lessor

The Group classifies each of its leases as either a finance lease or an operating lease at the inception date of the lease. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

When the Group is an intermediate lessor, it accounts for the head lease and sublease as two separate contracts. The sublease is classified as an operating lease if the head lease is a short-term lease to which the Group has applied the recognition exemption. Otherwise, the sublease is classified as a finance or operating lease by reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease.

The Group accounts for each lease component within a lease contract as a lease separately from non-lease components of the contract. The Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on a relative stand-alone price basis.

As lessor - operating lease

The Group applies the derecognition and impairment requirements in IFRS 9 to the operating lease receivables.

A modification to an operating lease is accounted for as a new lease from the effective date of the modification, considering any prepaid or accrued lease payments relating to the original lease as part of the lease payments for the new lease.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

作為出租人

本集團於租賃開始日期將其各租賃分類為融資租賃或經營租賃。倘租賃轉讓相關資產所有權的絕大部分風險及回報,則租賃分類為融資租賃。所有其他租賃分類為經營租賃。

倘本集團為中介出租人,本集團會將主租約及 分租約入賬為兩項獨立合約。倘主租賃為本集 團已應用確認豁免的短期租賃,則分租約分類 為經營租賃。否則,分租約乃參考主租賃產生 的使用權資產分類為融資或經營租賃。

本集團將租賃合約中的各租賃部分與非租賃部分分開,單獨入賬。本集團以相對獨立價格為 基準將合約代價分配至各租賃部分。

作為出租人-經營租賃

本集團就經營租賃應收款項應用國際財務報告 準則第9號的終止確認及減值要求。

經營租賃修訂自修訂生效日期起作為新租賃入 賬,當中慮及與原租賃相關的任何預付或應計 租賃付款,作為新租賃的部分租賃付款。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Credit losses and impairment of assets

(i) Credit losses from financial instruments, contract assets and lease receivables

The Group recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses ("ECL") on the following items to which the impairment requirements apply in accordance with IFRS 9:

- financial assets measured at amortised cost (including restricted deposits, trade and other receivables, including loans provided to noncontrolling interests of subsidiaries, associates, other related parties, and third parties, and cash and cash equivalents);
- lease receivables: and
- contract assets.

Financial assets measured at fair value, including trading securities and unlisted investment funds measured at FVPL and unlisted equity investments designated at FVOCI (non-recycling), are not subject to the ECL assessment.

Measurement of ECL

ECL is a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all expected cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive) over the expected life of the financial instrument.

The expected cash shortfalls are discounted using the following discount rates where the effect of discounting is material:

- fixed-rate financial assets, trade and other receivables and contract assets: effective interest rate determined at initial recognition or an approximation thereof;
- variable-rate financial assets: current effective interest rate.

The maximum period considered when estimating ECL is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

信用損失及資產減值

(i) 金融工具、合同資產及租賃應收款項的 信用損失

本集團根據《國際財務報告準則》第9號對 應用減值要求的以下項目確認了預期信 用損失(「預期信用損失」)的損失準備:

- 以攤銷成本計量的金融資產(包括 受限制存款、應收賬款和其他應收 款(其中包括提供予附屬公司非控 股權益、聯營公司、其他關聯方及 第三方的貸款,以及現金和現金等 價物));及
- 和賃應收款項;及
- 合同資產。

以公允價值計量的金融資產,包括以FVPL計量的買賣證券及非上市投資基金,以及被指定為(不可轉回)FVOCI的非上市權益投資都不在預期信用損失評估的範圍內。

預期信用損失的計量

預期信用損失是信用損失的概率加權估計值。信用損失以金融工具預期年限內所有預期的現金短缺(即,本集團根據合同應收的合同現金流量與本公司預期收取的現金流量之間的差額)的現值進行計量。

如果折現的影響重大,本集團則採用以 下折現率對預期現金短缺金額進行折 現:

- 固定利率金融資產以及應收賬款和 其他應收款:初始確認時確定的實 際利率或其近似值:
- 浮動利率金融資產:當前實際利率。

在計量預期信用損失時需考慮的最長期 限為本集團面臨信貸風險的最長合同期 限。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

Credit losses from financial instruments, contract assets and lease receivables (Continued)

Measurement of ECL (Continued)

In measuring ECL, the Group takes into account reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. This includes information about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

ECL is measured on either of the following bases:

- 12-month ECL: these are losses that are expected to result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date; and
- lifetime ECL: these are losses that are expected to result from all possible default events over the expected lives of the items to which the ECL model applies.

Depending on the nature of the financial instruments, the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk is performed on either an individual basis or a collective basis. When the assessment is performed on a collective basis, the financial instruments are grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics:

- (i) past due information
- (ii) nature of instrument
- (iii) nature of collateral
- industry of debtors (iv)
- (v) geographical location of debtors
- (vi) external credit risk ratings

2. 主要會計政策(續)

信用損失及資產減值(續)

金融工具、合同資產及租賃應收款項的 (i) 信用損失(績)

預期信用損失的計量(續)

在計量預期信用損失時,本集團會考慮 毋須支付過多成本或努力而已可得的合 理及具支持理據的資料。該等資料包括 以往事件、現有條件及未來經濟環境的 預測。

預期信用損失按如下任意基準計量:

- 12個月預期信用損失:即報告日後 12個月內可能違約事件產生的預期 信用損失;及
- 整個存續期的預期信用損失:即在 預期信用損失模型適用項目的整個 存續期內所有可能違約事件產生的 預期信用損失。

根據金融工具的性質,對信貸風險是否 顯著增加的評估是按個別基準或組合基 準執行。當評估是以組合基準進行時, 會按照金融工具的共同信貸風險特徵歸 類:

- (i) 逾期資料
- 工具的性質 (ii)
- (iii) 抵押品的性質
- 債務人的行業 (iv)
- (v) 債務人的地理位置
- 外部信貸風險評級

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

(i) Credit losses from financial instruments, contract assets and lease receivables (Continued)

Measurement of ECL (Continued)

ECLs are remeasured at each reporting date to reflect changes in the financial instrument's credit risk since initial recognition. Any change in the ECL amount is recognised as an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss. The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account, except for investments in debt securities that are measured at FVOCI (recycling), for which the loss allowance is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the fair value reserve (recycling).

The Group applies a simplified approach in calculating ECL for trade receivables, contract assets and lease receivables, which are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL at each reporting date. ECL on these financial assets are estimated using a provision matrix established by the Group based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors that are specific to the debtors and an assessment of both the current and forecast general economic conditions at the reporting date.

For all other financial instruments, the Group recognises a loss allowance equal to 12-month ECL unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk of the financial instrument since initial recognition, in which case the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL.

Definition of default

The Group considers that a default event occurs when (i) the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full, without recourse by the Group to actions such as realising security (if any is held); or (ii) there is a breach of financial covenants by the counterparty.

Irrespective of the above analysis, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

信用損失及資產減值(續)

(i) 金融工具、合同資產及租賃應收款項的 信用損失(績)

預期信用損失的計量(續)

預期信用損失在各報告日重新計量,以反映自初始確認後金融工具信貸風險的變化。預期信用損失金額的任何變化均在損益中確認為減值收益或損失。集團確認所有金融工具的減值收益或損失並通過損失準備賬戶對其賬面值對行相應調整,但以公允價值計量且其變動計入其他全面收益(可轉回)的債務徵數計入其他全面收益(可轉回)的債務收費的資際外,其損失準備在其他全面收益中確認,並於公允價值儲備(可轉回)中累計。

本集團應用簡化方法計算應收賬款、合同資產及租賃應收款項的預期信用損失,於各報告日期始終以整個存續期預期信用損失等同的金額計量。該等金融資產的預期信用損失根據本集團的撥備 信用損失經驗,採用本集團製定的撥備 矩陣進行估計,並就適用於債務人的的 項前瞻性因素以及在報告日期對當前及 預測整體經濟條件作出的評估作出調 整。

對於所有其他金融工具,本集團按照相當於12個月預期信用損失的金額確認損失準備,除非金融工具的信貸風險自初始確認後已顯著增加,在此情況下,損失準備會按照相當於整個存續期預期信用損失的金額計量。

違約定義

本集團認為,當(i)借款人不可能全數支付 其對本集團的信用義務,且本集團不會 就諸如實現擔保等行為(如有)訴諸追索 權;或(ii)對手方違反財務契諾,即發生 違約風險。

不論上述分析結果如何,本集團認為, 倘金融資產逾期超過90日,則違約已發 生,除非本集團擁有合理及具支持性的 資料證明更滯後的違約標準更為合適。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

(i) Credit losses from financial instruments, contract assets and lease receivables (Continued)

Significant increases in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk of a financial instrument (including a loan commitment) has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of default occurring on the financial instrument assessed at the reporting date with that assessed at the date of initial recognition. In making this reassessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition:

- failure to make payments of principal or interest on their contractually due dates;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in a financial instrument's external or internal credit rating (if available):
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; and
- actual or expected changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have a significant adverse effect on the debtor's ability to meet its obligation to the Group.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

信用損失及資產減值(續)

金融工具、合同資產及租賃應收款項的 (i) 信用損失(績)

信貸風險的顯著增加

在評估自初始確認後金融工具的信貸風 險(包括貸款承諾)是否大幅上升時,本集 團將報告日評估的金融工具違約風險與 初始確認日評估的風險進行比較。進行 重新評估時,本集團會考慮毋須支付過 多成本或努力而已可得的合理及具支持 理據的定量和定性資料。該等資料包括 以往經驗和前瞻性信息。

尤其是,在評估自初始確認後信貸風險 是否大幅上升時,會考慮以下資料:

- 未在合同到期日支付本金或利息;
- 金融工具的外部或內部信用評級 (如有)的實際或預期發生顯著惡 化;
- 債務人的經營業績實際或預期發生 顯著惡化;以及
- 對債務人履行其對本集團義務的能 力產生重大不利影響的技術、市 場、經濟或法律環境的實際或預期 變化。

不論上述評估結果如何,本集團假定, 當合約付款已逾期超過30日,則金融工 具的信貸風險自初始確認以來已顯著增 加。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

(i) Credit losses from financial instruments, contract assets and lease receivables (Continued)

Credit-impaired financial asset

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether a financial asset is credit-impaired. A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- significant financial difficulties of the debtor.
- a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event.
- the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider.
- it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter into bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation.
- significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the debtor.
- the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties of the issuer.
- the purchase or origination of a financial asset at a deep discount that reflects the incurred credit losses.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

信用損失及資產減值(續)

(i) 金融工具、合同資產及租賃應收款項的 信用損失(績)

已發生信用減值的金融資產

於各報告日,本集團評估金融資產是否 出現信用減值。當發生對金融資產預計 未來現金流量有不利影響的一項或多項 事件時,金融資產發生信用減值。

金融資產信用減值的證據包括以下事件 的可觀察數據:

- 債務人出現重大的財務困難。
- 違反合同,例如拖欠或逾期事件。
- 借款人的貸款人出於與借款人財困相關的經濟或合約原因,而向借款人授予貸款人原本不會考慮的優惠。
- 借款人很可能面臨破產或其他財務 重組。
- 技術、市場、經濟或法律環境出現 對債務人構成負面影響的重大變動。
- 因為發行人財政困難而導致某擔保 失去活躍市場。
- 以大幅折扣購買或產生金融資產, 反映已出現信用損失。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

Credit losses from financial instruments, contract assets and lease receivables (Continued)

Basis of calculation of interest income

Interest income recognised is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit-impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on the amortised cost (i.e. the gross carrying amount less loss allowance) of the financial asset.

Write-off policy

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset or contract asset is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off.

However, financial assets or contract assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's procedures for recovery of amounts due, taking into account legal advice if appropriate. Subsequent recoveries of an asset that was previously written off are recognised as a reversal of impairment in profit or loss in the period in which the recovery occurs.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

信用損失及資產減值(續)

(i) 金融工具、合同資產及租賃應收款項的 信用損失(績)

利息收入的計量基準

已確認的利息收入乃根據金融資產的賬 面總值計算,除非該金融資產發生信用 減值,在此情況下,利息收入乃根據金 融資產的攤銷成本計算(即金融資產的賬 面總值減去損失準備)。

核銷政策

倘實際上已無回收的可能,則對金融資 產或合同資產的賬面總額進行核銷(部分 或者全部的)。這種情況通常發生在本 集團認為債務人沒有資產或收入來源可 產生足夠的現金流量以償還被核銷的金 額。

然而,在考慮法律意見(如適當)後,已核 銷的金融資產或合同資產仍可被根據本 集團的收回逾期款項程序採取強制執行 行動。此前已核銷資產的隨後收回在收 回發生期間在損益中確認為減值轉回。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

(ii) Credit losses from financial guarantees issued

Financial guarantees are contracts that require the issuer (i.e. the guarantor) to make specified payments to reimburse the beneficiary of the guarantee (i.e. the holder) for a loss the holder incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument.

Financial guarantees issued are initially recognised within "trade and other payables" at fair value, which is determined by reference to fees charged in an arm's length transaction for similar services, when such information is obtainable, or to interest rate differentials, by comparing the actual rates charged by lenders when the guarantee is made available with the estimated rates that lenders would have charged, had the guarantees not been available, where reliable estimates of such information can be made. Where consideration is received or receivable for the issuance of the guarantee, the consideration is recognised in accordance with the Group's policies applicable to that category of asset. Where no such consideration is received or receivable, an immediate expense is recognised in profit or loss.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the amount initially recognised as deferred income is amortised in profit or loss over the term of the guarantee as income from financial guarantees issued.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

信用損失及資產減值(續)

(ii) 已作出財務擔保的信用損失

財務擔保是指規定發行人(即擔保人)根據 債務工具的條款支付指定款項,以補償 擔保的受益人(即持有人)因某一特定債務 人不能償付到期債務而產生的損失的合 約。

已簽發的財務擔保初步按公允價值在「應付賬款和其他應付款項」內確認,該等公允價值乃參考類似服務的公平交易所收取的費用(當可獲得該等資料時)或利率差異,並通過比較實際費率而釐定。如果沒有擔保,貸款人可以收取的估數不算率,如果沒有擔保,貸款人可以收擔事之信息的可靠估計數目。如簽發集里已收或應收代價,則代價將根據本集中確適用於該類資產的政策確認。如未收確認。應收該等代價,則直接開支於損益中確認。

初始確認後,初始確認為遞延收入的數額會在擔保期內於損益中作為已簽發財 務擔保的收入進行攤銷。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

Credit losses from financial guarantees issued (Continued)

The Group monitors the risk that the specified debtor will default on the contract and recognises a provision when ECL on the financial guarantees are determined to be higher than the amount carried in "trade and other payables" in respect of the guarantees (i.e. the amount initially recognised, less accumulated amortisation).

To determine ECL, the Group considers changes in the risk of default of the specified debtor since the issuance of the guarantee. A 12-month ECL is measured unless the risk that the specified debtor will default has increased significantly since the guarantee is issued, in which case a lifetime ECL is measured. The same definition of default and the same assessment of significant increase in credit risk as described above apply.

As the Group is required to make payments only in the event of a default by the specified debtor in accordance with the terms of the instrument that is guaranteed, an ECL is estimated based on the expected payments to reimburse the holder for a credit loss that it incurs less any amount that the Group expects to receive from the holder of the guarantee, the specified debtor or any other party. The amount is then discounted using the current risk-free rate adjusted for risks specific to the cash flows.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

信用損失及資產減值(續)

已作出財務擔保的信用損失(續)

本集團監控特定債務人的違約風險,並 在確定財務合約預期信用損失超出該擔 保相關「應付賬款和其他應付款項」入賬 金額(即初始確認金額減去累積攤銷)時計 提損失準備。

為確定預期信用損失,本集團考慮特定 債務人拖欠風險自擔保發行以來發生的 變動。除非自簽發擔保以來指定債務人 違約的風險顯著增加,否則將計量十二 個月的預期信用損失,在這種情況下, 將衡量整個存續期的信貸虧損。此處適 用的違約定義和信貸風險是否顯著增加 的評估與上文所述相同。

由於根據被擔保的工具的條款,本集團 僅需要在出現特定債務人拖欠事件時作 出付款,預期信用損失的估計是基於為 賠償持有人所蒙受信用損失作出的預計 付款,減去本集團預計從擔保持有人、 特定債務人或任何其他方收取的任何數 額作出。之後該數額按當前無風險利率 (調整特定於現金流量的風險)進行折現。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

(iii) Impairment of other non-current assets

Internal and external sources of information are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to assess whether there is any indication that the following assets may be impaired or, except in the case of goodwill, an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property and equipment (other than properties carried at revalued amounts);
- intangible assets; and
- the Company's interest in subsidiaries.
- the Group's investments in associates

If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated, based on the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In addition, for goodwill, intangible assets that are not yet available for use and intangible assets that have indefinite useful lives, the recoverable amount is estimated annually whenever there is any indication of impairment.

Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows independently (i.e. a cashgenerating unit).

2. 主要會計政策(續)

信用損失及資產減值(續)

(iii) 其他非流動資產的減值

本集團於報告期末審閱內部和外來的信息來源,以評估以下資產是否出現減值 跡象,或是以往確認的減值虧損(與商譽 有關則除外)已經不再存在或可能已經減少:

- 物業及設備(按重估數額列賬的物業除外);
- 無形資產;及
- 本公司於附屬公司的權益。
- 本集團於聯營公司的投資

如果存在此類跡象,則根據其公允價值 減去處置成本及使用價值兩者中的較高 者估計資產的可收回金額。此外,就商 譽和尚未可供使用的無形資產與可用期 限未定的無形資產而言,只要有任何減 值跡象存在,本集團會每年估計其可收 回數額。

計算可收回數額

資產的可收回數額是其公允價值(已扣除出售成本)與使用價值兩者中的較高額。在評估使用價值時時預計未來現金流量會按照能反映當時市場對貨幣時間值和資產特定與驗的評估的稅前折現率,折現至其現值。如果資產所產生的現金流入更過一次產至,則以能產生獨立現金的現金流入的最小資產類別(即現金產出單元)來釐定可收回數額。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

(iii) Impairment of other non-current assets

Recognition of impairment losses

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss if the carrying amount of an asset, or the cashgenerating unit to which it belongs, exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the cash-generating unit (or group of units) and then, to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit (or group of units) on a pro rata basis, except that the carrying value of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable) or value in use (if determinable).

Reversals of impairment losses

In respect of assets other than goodwill, an impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed.

A reversal of impairment loss is limited to the asset's carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the period in which the reversals are recognised.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

信用損失及資產減值(續)

(iii) 其他非流動資產的減值

確認減值虧損

當資產或所屬現金產出單元的賬面 金額高於其可收回數額時,減值虧 損便會在損益中確認。就現金產出 單元確認的減值虧損會作出分配, 首先減少已分配至該現金產出單元 (或該組單元)的仟何商譽的賬面金 額,然後按比例減少該單元(或該 組單元)內其他資產的賬面金額; 但資產的賬面值不得減少至低於其 個別公允價值減去出售成本(如能 計量)後所得數額或其使用價值(如 能釐定)。

轉回減值虧損

就商譽以外的資產而言,如果用以 確定可收回金額的估計數額出現正 面的變化,有關的減值虧損便會轉 回;但商譽的減值虧損不會轉回。

所轉回的減值虧損以在以往年度沒 有確認任何減值虧損而應已釐定的 資產賬面金額為限。所轉回的減值 虧損在確認轉回的當期計入損益 中。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

(iv) Interim financial reporting and impairment

Under the Listing Rules, the Group is required to prepare an interim financial report in compliance with IAS 34, Interim financial reporting, in respect of the first six months of the financial year. At the end of the interim period, the Group applies the same impairment testing, recognition, and reversal criteria as it would at the end of the financial year.

Impairment losses recognised in an interim period in respect of goodwill, are not reversed in a subsequent period. This is the case even if no loss, or a smaller loss, would have been recognised had the impairment been assessed only at the end of the financial year to which the interim period relates.

Land development for sale

Development cost of land development for sale comprises the aggregate cost of development, materials and supplies, capitalised borrowing costs on related borrowing funds during the period of development and other costs directly attributable to such land development for sale. Land development for sale is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value takes into account the Group's share of proceeds derived from the sale of land development for sale by government authorities, less costs to completion and the costs to be incurred in realising the revenue derived from the sale of land development for sale based on prevailing market conditions.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

信用損失及資產減值(續)

(iv) 中期財務報告和減值

根據上市規則,本集團須按《國際會計準則》第34號「中期財務報告」,編製財政年度首六個月的中期財務報告。本集團在中期末採用與年終相同的標準測試、確認及撥回減值虧損。

商譽在中期確認的減值虧損,不可在往 後期間撥回。即使僅在該中期所屬的財 政年度終結時才評估減值並確認沒有虧 損或所確認的虧損較少,也不會撥回減 值虧損。

待售土地開發

待售土地開發的開發成本包括開發、物料和供應品的總成本、就建築期間有關借貸資金的資本化借貸成本以及待售土地開發的其他直接應佔成本。待售土地開發按成本與可變現淨值兩者中的較低者列賬。可變現淨值計及本集團應佔政府當局出售待售土地開發的所得款項,減去估計至完工及實現出售以獲取收入所需的成本。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Properties under development and completed properties held for sale

Properties under development and completed properties held for sale in respect of property development activities are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost and net realisable values are determined as follows:

Property under development for sale

The cost of properties under development for sale comprises specifically identified cost, including the acquisition cost of land, aggregate cost of development, materials and supplies, wages and other direct expenses, an appropriate proportion of overheads and borrowing costs capitalised. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price less estimated costs of completion and costs to be incurred in selling the property.

Completed property held for sale

The cost of completed properties held for sale comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the properties to their present location and condition.

In the case of completed properties developed by the Group which comprise of multiple units which are sold individually, the cost of each unit is determined by apportionment of the total development costs for that development project to each unit on a per square foot basis, unless another basis is more representative for the cost of the specific unit. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price less costs to be incurred in selling the property.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

發展中物業和持作銷售用途的已落成物業

與物業發展活動有關的發展中物業和持作銷售 用途的已落成物業是以成本和可變現淨值兩者 中的較低額入賬。成本和可變現淨值的釐定方 法如下:

發展以供出售物業

發展以供出售物業的成本包含已明確分 辨的成本,包括土地的收購成本、累計 發展成本、材料與供應品、工資和其他 直接開支、適當比例的間接費用,以及 資本化借貸成本。可變現淨值是以估計 售價減去估計完工成本和將於物業出售 時產生的成本後所得數額。

持作待售的已落成物業

持有待售的已落成物業成本包括所有採 購成本、加工成本和使物業處於當前地. 點和狀況的其他成本。

就本集團發展的已落成物業而言(其中包 括單獨銷售的多個單位),各個單位的成 本乃按發展項目各單位每平方呎的總發 展成本的比例釐定,惟另有基準更能代 表特定單位的成本除外。可變現淨值是 以估計售價減去將於物業出售時產生的 成本後所得數額。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Properties under development and completed properties held for sale (Continued)

When properties under development and completed properties held for sale are sold, the carrying amount of those properties under development and completed properties held for sale is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

The amount of any write-down of properties under development and completed properties held for sale to net realisable value and all losses of properties under development and completed properties held for sale are recognised as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of properties under development and completed properties held for sale is recognised as an increase in the amount of properties under development and completed properties held for sale and as an income in the period in which the reversal occurs.

Contract costs

Contract costs are either the incremental costs of obtaining a contract with a customer or the costs to fulfil a contract with a customer which are not capitalised as properties under development and completed properties held for sale, or property and equipment. Capitalised contract costs are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

Incremental costs of obtaining a contract are those costs that the Group incurs to obtain a contract with a customer that it would not have incurred if the contract had not been obtained, such as an incremental sales commission. Incremental costs of obtaining a contract are capitalised when incurred if the costs relate to revenue which will be recognised in a future reporting period and the costs are expected to be recovered, except to the extent that the practical expedient in paragraph 94 of IFRS 15 is applied. Other costs of obtaining a contract are expensed when incurred.

The capitalised costs of obtaining a contract are amortised on a straight-line basis over the term of the specific existing and anticipating contracts to which the costs relate. The Group applied the practical expedient in IFRS 15 and recognises the incremental costs as an expenses when incurred if the amortisation period of the asset that the Group otherwise would have recognised is within the same annual reporting period.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

發展中物業和持作銷售用途的已落成物業 (續)

當發展中物業及持作銷售用途的已落成物業出 售時,該等發展中及持作銷售用途的已落成物 業之賬面金額於相關收入確認期間確認為開 支。

發展中物業和持作銷售用途的已落成物業撇減 至可變現淨值的數額,以及發展中物業及持作 銷售用途的已落成物業的所有虧損,會在撇減 或虧損所發生的期間內確認為支出。而發展中 物業和持作銷售用途的已落成物業任何核銷的 轉回金額則在轉回期間作為發展中物業和持作 銷售用途的已落成物業之已確認費用的增加進 行確認。

合同成本

合同成本是指取得客戶合同的增量成本或履行客戶合同的成本中未資本化為發展中物業以及持作銷售用途的已落成物業,或物業及設備成本的金額。已資本化的合同成本以成本減累計攤銷額和減值損失後的餘額入賬。

取得合同的增量成本是本集團為取得與客戶之間的合同而發生的、若未取得合同則不會發生的成本(例如,增量銷售佣金)。當為了取得合同而產生的增量成本與在未來報告階段將被確認的收入掛鈎,同時成本可以期待被收回,可以認為上述增量成本在產生時被資本化,但適用《國際財務報告準則》第15號第94段中的實務變通的情況除外。取得合同的其他成本在發生時確認為費用。

資本化成本按與成本有關的特定現有及預期合同年期以直線法攤銷。本集團採用《國際財務報告準則》第15號中的實務變通,倘本集團本應確認的資產攤銷期在同一年度報告期內,則在發生時將增量成本確認為費用。

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Contract costs (Continued)

Costs to fulfil a contract are capitalised if the costs relate directly to an existing contract or to a specifically identifiable anticipated contract; generate or enhance resources that will be used to provide goods or services in the future; and are expected to be recovered. Costs that relate directly to an existing contract or to a specifically identifiable anticipated contract may include direct labour, direct materials, allocations of costs, costs that are explicitly chargeable to the customer and other costs that are incurred only because the Group entered into the contract (for example, payments to sub-contractors). Other costs of fulfilling a contract, which are not capitalised as inventory, property and equipment or intangible assets, are expensed as incurred.

The capitalised costs of fulfilling a contract are amortised on a systematic basis that is consistent with the transfer to the customer of the goods or services under the specific existing and anticipated contracts to which the costs relate.

Amortisation of capitalised costs is charged to profit or loss when the revenue to which the asset relates is recognised. The accounting policy for revenue recognition is set out in the policy stated under "Revenue recognition".

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the contract cost asset exceeds the net of (i) the remaining amount of consideration that the Group expects to receive in exchange for the goods or services to which the asset relates, less (ii) any costs that relate directly to providing those goods or services that have not yet been recognised as expenses. A reversal of impairment loss is recognised in profit of loss when the impairment conditions no longer exist or have improved provided the increased carrying amount of the asset shall not exceed the amount that would have been determined if no impairment loss had been recognised previously.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

合同成本(續)

本集團在因履行合同而發生的成本符合下列所有標準的情況下,將該成本資本化:(1)該成本與一項合同或本集團能夠明確識別的預期合同直接相關:(2)該成本產生或改良了本集團將提供商品或服務的資源:以及(3)該成本預計可收回。與合同(或特定預期合同)直接人工:有關的成本包括以下任一項:直接人工:有對:與合同或合同活動直接相關的成本的以下任一項:直接人工;有對:合同明確規定可向客戶收取的成本(例如,是因本集團訂立合同而發生的其他成本(例如,向分包商支付的款項)。因履行合同而發生的無形資產成本的其他成本,在發生時確認為費用。

履行合同的資本化成本按與根據與成本有關的 特定現有及預期合同向客戶轉讓貨物或服務者 一致的系統化方式進行攤銷。

資本化成本的攤銷金額在確認與資產相關的收入時計入損益。收入確認的會計政策載列於「收入確認」項下所述的政策。

當合同成本資產賬面金額超過(i)本集團預期因交換資產相關貨品或服務而將收取的代價餘額,減(ii)直接與提供該等貨品或服務相關且尚未確認為開支的任何成本之淨額時,則於損益內確認減值虧損。當減值條件消失或有所改善時,於損益確認減值虧損撥回,惟資產的已增加賬面金額不得超過假設此前並無確認減值虧損而本應釐定的金額。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Contract assets and contract liabilities

A contract asset is recognised when the Group performs by transferring goods or services to a customer before being unconditionally entitled to the consideration under the payment terms set out in the contract. Contract assets are subject to ECL in accordance with the policy stated under "Credit losses and impairment of assets" and are reclassified to receivables when the right to the consideration has become unconditional.

A contract liability is recognised when the customer pays non-refundable consideration or the Group has an unconditional right to receive non-refundable consideration before the Group transfers a good or service to the customer. In such cases, a corresponding receivable would also be recognised.

When the contract asset or contract liability include significant financing component, the contract asset or contract liability include interest income or interest expenses accrued under the effective interest method, respectively, unless the interest expense of the contract liability is eligible for capitalisation.

Trade and other receivables

A receivable is recognised when the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration. A right to receive consideration is unconditional if only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due. If revenue has been recognised before the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration, the amount is presented as a contract asset.

Receivables are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less loss allowance for credit losses.

Loans and borrowings

Loans and borrowings are measured initially at fair value less transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and borrowings are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense is recognised in accordance with the policy stated under "Borrowing costs".

2. 主要會計政策(續)

合同資產和合同負債

如果本集團在根據合同所載付款條款擁有無條件收取對價的權利前通過向客戶轉讓商品或服務履行合同,則應確認合同資產。合同資產根據「信用損失及資產減值」項下所述政策計提預期信用損失,並在取得代價的權利成為無條件時重分類為應收款。

合同負債是當客戶支付不可退還代價,或當本 集團擁有在向客戶轉讓商品或服務前收取不可 退還代價時進行確認。在該情況下,亦會確認 相應的應收款。

如果合同資產或合同負債包含重大融資成分, 則合同資產或合同負債分別包括採用實際利率 法計提的利息收入或利息費用,除非合同負債 的利息費用符合資本化條件。

應收賬款和其他應收款

本集團擁有獲得收取對價的無條件權利時,確認一項應收款。僅當對價支付前所需的時間流 逝到期時,獲得對價的權利才是無條件的。如 果本集團在擁有獲得對價的無條件權利之前確 認收入,則該收入列報為一項合同資產。

應收款項以實際利率法按攤銷成本減去信用損失準備後所得數額入賬。

貸款和借款

貸款和借款在初始確認時按公允價值減去交易 成本計量。初始確認後,貸款和借款以實際利 率法按攤銷成本計量。利息開支乃根據「借貸成 本」項下所述政策進行確認。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Convertible bonds

(i) Convertible notes that contain an equity component

Convertible notes that can be converted into ordinary shares at the option of the holder, where the number of shares to be issued is fixed, are accounted for as compound financial instruments, i.e. they contain both a liability component and an equity component.

At initial recognition the liability component of the convertible notes is measured at fair value based on the future interest and principal payments, discounted at the prevailing market rate of interest for similar non-convertible instruments. The equity component is the difference between the initial fair value of the convertible notes as a whole and the initial fair value of the liability component. Transaction costs that relate to the issue of a compound financial instrument are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of proceeds.

The liability component is subsequently carried at amortised cost. Interest expense recognised in profit or loss on the liability component is calculated using the effective interest method. The equity component is recognised in the capital reserve until either the notes are converted or redeemed.

If the notes are converted, the capital reserve, together with the carrying amount of the liability component at the time of conversion, is transferred to share capital and share premium as consideration for the shares issued. If the notes are redeemed, the capital reserve is released directly to retained profits.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

可轉換債券

(i) 包含權益部分的可轉換票據

如果可轉換票據的持有人有權選擇將票 據轉換為普通股,而且轉換時所發行股份的數目不會改變,這些票據便會列作 複合金融工具。複合金融工具包含負債 部分和權益部分。

初始確認時,可轉換票據的負債部分是以相似不可轉換工具的現行市場利率計算折現的未來利息和本金付款為基礎,按公允價值計量。權益部分為可轉換票據的初始公允價值與負債部分的初始公允價值之間的差額。發行複合金融工具的相關交易成本會按照所得款項的分配上例分配至負債和權益部分。

負債部分其後以攤銷成本列賬。就負債部分在損益中確認的利息支出以實際利率法計算。權益部分則在資本儲備中確認,直至票據被轉換或贖回為止。

如果票據被轉換,資本儲備和負債部分 的賬面值會於轉換時轉入股本和股份溢 價,作為發行股份的對價。如果票據 被贖回,則將資本儲備直接轉入保留溢 利。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Convertible bonds

(ii) Other convertible notes

Convertible notes which do not contain an equity component are accounted for as follows:

At initial recognition the derivative component of the convertible notes is measured at fair value and presented as part of derivative financial instruments. Any excess of proceeds over the amount initially recognised as the derivative component is recognised as the host liability component. Transaction costs that relate to the issue of the convertible note are allocated to the host liability and derivative components in proportion to the allocation of proceeds. The portion of the transaction costs relating to the host liability component is recognised initially as part of the liability. The portion relating to the derivative component is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The derivative component is subsequently remeasured in accordance with the policy stated under "Derivative financial instruments". The host liability component is subsequently carried at amortised cost. Interest expense recognised in profit or loss on the host liability component is calculated using the effective interest method.

If the notes are converted, the shares issued are measured at fair value and any difference between the fair value of shares issued and the carrying amounts of the derivative and liability components are recognised in profit or loss. If the notes are redeemed, any difference between the amount paid and the carrying amounts of both components is recognised in profit or loss.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

可轉換債券

(ii) 其他可轉換票據

不包含權益部分的可轉換票據用以下方 法入賬:

初始確認時,可轉換票據的衍生部分是 以公允價值計量,並入賬列為衍生金融 工具的一部分。所得款項超過初始確認為行生部分的數額會確認為主負債部 分。發行可轉換票據的相關交易成本會 按照所得款項的分配比例分配至主負債 和衍生部分。與主負債部分相關的交易 成本部分初始確認為負債的一部分。與 衍生部分相關的部分則在損益中即時確 認。

衍生部分其後按照「衍生金融工具」項下 所述政策重新計量。主負債部分其後以 攤銷成本列賬。就主負債部分在損益中 確認的利息支出以實際利率法計算。

如果票據被轉換,已發行股份則按公允 價值計量,且已發行股份的公允價值與 衍生及負債部分的賬面金額之間的任 何差額均於損益中確認。如果票據被贖 回,兩個部分的已付數額與賬面值之間 的差異均在損益中確認。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value less transaction costs. Except for financial guarantee liabilities, trade and other payables are subsequently stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Cash and cash equivalents are assessed for ECL in accordance with the policy stated under "Credit losses and impairment of assets".

Employee benefits

(i) Short term employee benefits

Salaries, discretionary bonuses, paid annual leave and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the period in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

應付賬款和其他應付款

應付賬款和其他應付款最初按公允價值減去交易成本確認。除財務擔保負債外,應付賬款和其他應付款其後以實際利率法按攤銷成本列賬。但是如果折現的影響並不重大,應付賬款和其他應付款則按成本列賬。

現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物包括銀行存款和現金、存放於銀行和其他金融機構的活期存款,以及短期和高流動性的投資。這些投資可以隨時換算為已知的現金額、價值變動方面的風險不大,並在購入後三個月內到期。本集團按照附註「信用損失及資產減值」項下所述政策對現金及現金等價物進行評估。

僱員福利

(i) 短期僱員福利

薪金、酌定花紅、有薪年假和非貨幣福 利成本在僱員提供相關服務的當期內累 計。如果延遲付款或結算會造成重大的 影響,則這些數額會以現值列賬。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Employee benefits (Continued)

(ii) Contributions to defined contribution retirement plans

The obligations for contributions to defined contribution retirement scheme are recognised as an expense in profit or loss as incurred. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund.

The contributions recognised in respect of pension scheme are expensed as they fall due. Liabilities and assets may be recognised if underpayment or prepayment has occurred and are included in current liabilities or current assets as they are normally of a short-term nature. The Group participates in the pension scheme under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance (the "MPF Scheme") which is available to its employees in Hong Kong. Contributions to the MPF Scheme by the Group and employees are made based on a percentage of employees' basic salaries and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in the PRC are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll costs to the central pension scheme. The contributions are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

(iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised at the earlier of when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when it recognises restructuring costs involving the payment of termination benefits.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

僱員福利(績)

(ii) 界定供款退休計劃的供款

向界定供款退休計劃作出供款的責任在 產生時於損益內確認為開支。計劃資產 與本集團的資產分開持有,由一獨立管 理基金保管。

本集團在中國運營的附屬公司的僱員須參加當地市政府實施的中央退休金計劃。該等附屬公司須按僱員薪金的若干百分比向中央退休金計劃供款。該等供款於根據中央退休金計劃的規則成為應付款項時自損益扣除。

(iii) 離職福利

辭退福利會在本集團不再能夠撤回所提供的辭退福利或確認涉及辭退福利付款的重組成本(以較早者為準)時確認。

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Income tax

Income tax for the period comprises current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the relevant amounts of tax are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the period, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous reporting periods.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from deductible and taxable temporary differences respectively, being the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets also arise from unused tax losses and unused tax credits.

Apart from certain limited exceptions, all deferred tax liabilities, and all deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised, are recognised. Future taxable profits that may support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences include those that will arise from the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences, provided those differences relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse either in the same period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary difference or in periods into which a tax loss arising from the deferred tax asset can be carried back or forward. The same criteria are adopted when determining whether existing taxable temporary differences support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and credits, that is, those differences are taken into account if they relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse in a period, or periods, in which the tax loss or credit can be utilised.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

所得稅

本期所得税包括當期税項和遞延税項資產與負債的變動。當期税項和遞延税項資產與負債的 變動均在損益中確認,但如果是在其他全面收 益或直接在權益中確認的相關項目,則相關稅 款分別在其他全面收益或直接在權益中確認。

當期稅項是按本期應稅所得,根據在報告期末已執行或實質上已執行的稅率計算的預期應付稅項,加上以往報告期應付稅項的任何調整。

遞延税項資產與負債分別由可抵扣和應税暫時性差異產生。暫時性差異是指綜合財務報表中資產與負債的賬面金額與其計稅基礎的差異。 遞延税項資產也可以由未利用可抵扣虧損和未利用稅款抵減產生。

除了某些有限的例外情況外,所有遞延税項負 債和遞延税項資產(僅限於有可能得以利用來 抵扣未來可能取得的應稅溢利的部分)均予以確 認。支持確認由可抵扣暫時性差異所產生的遞 延税項資產的未來應稅溢利包括因轉回目前存 在的應税暫時性差異而產生的金額;但這些轉 回的差異必須與同一稅務機關和同一應稅實體 有關,並預期在可抵扣暫時性差異預計轉回的 期間內轉回或遞延税項資產所引起的可抵扣虧 損可向後期或向前期結轉的那個期間內轉回。 在確定目前存在的應税暫時性差異是否足以支 援確認由未被使用的可抵扣税項虧損和税款減 免所產生的遞延税項資產時應採用同一準則, 即該暫時性差異是與同一稅務機關和同一應稅 實體有關,並預期在能夠使用可抵扣税項虧損 和税款減免的期間內轉回。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Income tax (Continued)

The limited exceptions to recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities are those temporary differences arising from goodwill not deductible for tax purposes, the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit (provided they are not part of a business combination), and temporary differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that, in the case of taxable differences, the Group controls the timing of the reversal and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future, or in the case of deductible differences, unless it is probable that they will reverse in the future.

Where investment properties are carried at their fair value, the amount of deferred tax recognised is measured using the tax rates that would apply on sale of those assets at their carrying value at the reporting date unless the property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the property over time, rather than through sale. In all other cases, the amount of deferred tax recognised is measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilised. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

所得稅(續)

沒有予以確認為遞延税項資產與負債的暫時性差異源自以下有限的例外情況:不可在稅務方面獲得扣減的商譽;不影響會計或應稅溢利的資產或負債的初始確認(如屬企業合併的一部分則除外);以及於附屬公司的投資(如屬應稅差異,只限於本集團可以控制轉回的時間,而且在可預見的將來不大可能轉回的暫時性差異;或如屬可抵扣差異,則只限於很可能在將來轉回的差異)。

當投資物業按公允價值入賬時,已確認遞延稅額會在報告日期按照以賬面金額出售該等資產時適用的税率計量,除非該等物業可予以折舊,而持有該等物業的商業模式的目的,是把該等物業絕大部分的經濟利益隨著時間消耗,而非通過出售消耗。在所有其他情況,已確認遞延稅額是按照資產與負債賬面金額的預期實現或結算方式,根據已執行或於報告期末實質上已執行的稅率計量。遞延稅項資產與負債均不折現計算。

本集團會於報告期末審閱遞延税項資產的賬面 金額。如果本集團預期不再可能獲得足夠的應 税溢利以抵扣相關的稅務利益,該遞延稅項資 產的賬面金額便會調低;但是如果日後有可能 獲得足夠的應稅溢利,有關減額便會轉回。

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Income tax (Continued)

Current tax balances and deferred tax balances, and movements therein, are presented separately from each other and are not offset. Current tax assets are offset against current tax liabilities, and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities, if the Company or the Group has the legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities, and the following additional conditions are met:

- in the case of current tax assets and liabilities, the Company or the Group intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously; or
- in the case of deferred tax assets and liabilities, if they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
 - the same taxable entity; or
 - different taxable entities, which, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered, intend to realise the current tax assets and settle the current tax liabilities on a net basis or realise and settle simultaneously.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

所得稅(續)

當期和遞延税項結餘及其變動額會分開列示, 並且不予抵銷。當期和遞延税項資產只會在本 公司或本集團有法定行使權以當期稅項資產抵 銷當期税項負債及以遞延税項資產抵銷遞延税 項負債,並且符合以下附帶條件的情況下,才 可以分別抵銷當期和遞延税項負債:

- 當期税項資產與負債:本公司或本集團 計劃按淨額為基礎結算,或同時變現該 資產和清算該負債;或
- 搋延税項資產與負債:這些資產與負債 必須與同一税務機關就以下其中一項徵 收的所得税有關:
 - 同一應税實體;或
 - 不同的應稅實體:這些實體計劃在 日後每個預計有大額遞延税項負債 需要結算或大額遞延税項資產可以 收回的期間內,按淨額基準實現當 期税項資產和結算當期税項負債, 或同時變現該資產和結算該負債。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Provisions and contingent liabilities

(i) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, when it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and when a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation can be made. Expenditures for which a provision had been recognised are charged against the related provision in the period in which the expenditures are incurred. Provisions are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to be required to settle the obligation. Where the Group expects a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

(ii) Onerous contracts

An onerous contract exists when the Group has a contract under which the net unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received from the contract. Provisions for onerous contracts are measured at the present value of the lower of the expected cost of terminating the contract and the net cost of continuing with the contract.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

準備和或有負債

(i) 準備和或有負債

倘若含有經濟效益的資源外流的可能性 較低,或是無法對有關數額作出可靠的 估計,便會將該義務披露為或有負債; 但假如這類資源外流的可能性極低則除 外。須視乎某宗或多宗未來事件是否發 生才能確定存在與否的潛在義務,亦會 披露為或有負債;但假如這類資源外流 的可能性極低則除外。

(ii) 虧損合同

當本集團履行合同義務時,不可避免會發生的成本淨額超過根據合同預期收到的經濟利益時,則認為該合同為虧損合同。虧損合同的準備乃按終止合同的預計成本及繼續履行合同的成本淨值兩者間較低值之現值計量。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Provisions and contingent liabilities (Continued)

Contingent liabilities assumed in business combinations

Contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination which are present obligations at the date of acquisition are initially recognised at fair value, provided the fair value can be reliably measured. After their initial recognition at fair value, such contingent liabilities are recognised at the higher of the amount initially recognised, less accumulated amortisation where appropriate, and the amount that would be determined in accordance with the policy stated under "Provisions and contingent liabilities". Contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination that cannot be reliably fair valued or were not present obligations at the date of acquisition are disclosed.

Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers within IFRS 15

Income is classified by the Group as revenue when it arising from the sales of properties, the provision of services or the use by others of the Group's assets under leases in the ordinary course of the Group's business. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

At contract inception, the Group assesses the goods or services promised in a contract with a customer and identifies as a performance obligation each promise to transfer to the customer either:

- (a) a good or service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct; or
- (b) a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same and that have the same pattern of transfer to the customer.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

準備和或有負債(續)

(iii) 透過企業合併承擔的或有負債

如果公允價值能夠可靠地計量時,透過 企業合併承擔的或有負債(即在收購日屬 於現有負債)會以公允價值初始確認。以 公允價值初始確認後,這些或有負債會 以初始確認的數額減去累計攤銷(如適用) 後所得數額和可能根據「準備和或有負 倩|項下所述的政策釐定的數額兩者中的 較高額予以確認。如果不能可靠地計量 公允價值或在收購日不屬於現有負債, 透過企業合併承擔的或有負債則會予以 披露。

收入確認

屬於《國際財務報告準則》第15號適用範圍的客 戶合同收入

本集團將日常經營活動中銷售物業、提供勞務 或其他人士以租賃方式使用本集團資產產生的 收益分類為收入。收入不包括增值税或其他銷 售税,並已扣除任何營業折扣。

於合約開始時,本集團評估客戶合約中承諾的 商品或服務,並將每項轉讓予客戶的承諾識別 為履約責任:

- 明確區別的商品或服務(或一批貨品或服 務);或
- 一系列明確區別的商品或服務,該等商 (b) 品或服務大致相同,並以相同模式轉讓 予客戶。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Revenue recognition (Continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers within IFRS 15 (Continued)

A good or service that is promised to a customer is distinct if both of the following criteria are met:

- the customer can benefit from the good or service either on its own or together with other resources that are readily available to the customer (i.e. the good or service is capable of being distinct); and
- (b) the Group's promise to transfer the good or service to the customer is separately identifiable from other promises in the contract (i.e. the promise to transfer the good or service is distinct within the context of the contract).

Revenue is recognised when the Group satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised good or service (i.e. an asset) to a customer, while an asset is transferred when (or as) the customer obtains control of that asset.

The Group transfers control of a good or service over time and, therefore, satisfies a performance obligation and recognises revenue over time, if one of the following criteria is met:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs;
- (b) the Group's performance creates or enhances an asset (for example, work in progress) that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or
- (c) the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

If a performance obligation is not satisfied over time, the Group satisfies the performance obligation at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the promised asset. In determining when the transfer of control occurs, the Group considers the concept of control and such indicators as legal title, physical possession, right to payment, significant risks and rewards of ownership of the asset, and customer acceptance.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

收入確認(績)

屬於《國際財務報告準則》第15號適用範圍的客 戶合同收入(續)

如符合以下標準,則承諾給予客戶的商品或服 務屬明確區別的貨品或服務:

- (a) 客戶能透過客戶自身或連同其他隨時可 供客戶使用的資源從商品或服務中獲益 (即商品或服務能夠明確區別);及
- (b) 本集團向客戶轉讓商品或服務的承諾可 與合約中的其他承諾分開識別(即轉讓商 品或服務的承諾在合同範圍內能明確區 別)。

收入於本集團透過向客戶轉讓承諾貨品或服務 (即資產)而達成履約責任時確認,而資產於客 戶獲得該資產的控制權時(或就此)獲轉讓。

如符合以下其中一項標準,則本集團對貨品或 服務控制權於一段時間內轉讓,因而於一段時 間內達成履約責任及確認收入:

- (a) 在本集團履約時,客戶同時取得並耗用 本集團履約所提供的利益;
- (b) 本集團的履約行為創造或改良客戶於資 產被創造或改良時已控制的資產(例如在 建工程):或
- (c) 本集團的履約行為並未創造可由本集團 另作他用的資產,且本集團對收取迄今 已完成的履約款項有強制執行權利。

倘履約責任並非於一段時間內達成,則本集團 於客戶取得承諾資產控制權的某一時間點達成 履約責任。於釐定何時發生控制權轉移時,本 集團考慮控制權概念以及法定所有權、實際擁 有權、支付權利、資產所有權的重大風險及回 報以及客戶接納等指標。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Revenue recognition (Continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers within IFRS 15 (Continued)

Control over a property or service is transferred to the customer, or the lessee has the right to use the asset, at the amount of promised consideration to which the Group is expected to be entitled, excluding those amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

Where the contract contains a financing component which provides a significant financing benefit to the customer for more than 12 months, revenue is measured at the present value of the amount receivable, discounted using the discount rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction with the customer, and interest income is accrued separately under the effective interest method. Where the contract contains a financing component which provides a significant financing benefit to the Group, revenue recognised under that contract includes the interest expense accreted on the contract liability under the effective interest method. The Group takes advantage of the practical expedient in paragraph 63 of IFRS 15 and does not adjust the consideration for any effects of a significant financing component if the period of financing is 12 months or less.

Further details of the Group's revenue recognition policies are as follows:

(i) Sale of properties

Revenue arising from the sale of properties with full payment in advance before the construction of respective properties are completed, and a corresponding contract asset, are recognised progressively over time using the cost-to-cost method, i.e. based on the proportion of the actual construction costs incurred relative to the estimated total construction costs.

Revenue arising from the sale of properties other than those with full payment in advance is recognised when legal assignment is complete, which is the point in time when the customer has the ability to direct the use of the property and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits of the property. Deposits and instalments received on properties sold prior to the date of revenue recognition are included in the consolidated statement of financial position under contract liabilities.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

收入確認(續)

屬於《國際財務報告準則》第15號適用範圍的客 戶合同收入(續)

物業或服務的控制權轉移給客戶或當承租人有權使用資產時,按本集團預期有權收取的對價 金額計,不包括代第三方收取款項。

如果合同包含的融資成分為客戶提供逾12個月的重大融資利益,則收入按應收金額的現值確認,並使用與客戶的單獨融資交易中反映的折現率折現,而利息收入按實際利率法計提。如果合同包含為本集團提供重大融資利益的融資成分,則根據合同確認的收入包括合同負債按照實際利率法計算的利息費用。本集團採用了《國際財務報告準則》第15號第63段中的實務變通:即如果融資期間為一年或更短期間,則本集團無需就重大融資成分的影響調整已承諾的對價金額。

有關本集團的收入確認政策的進一步詳情如下:

(i) 銷售物業

於各項物業落成前預先全數付款的物業銷售所產生的收入以及相應的合同資產乃採用成本比例法(即:根據已發生的實際建設成本與預計建設成本總額的比例)於一段時間內逐步確認。

除預先全數付款之物業銷售以外的其他物業銷售所產生的收入於合法轉讓程序完成時(即客戶能夠主導該物業的使用且基本獲得該物業所有剩餘溢利的時間點)確認。於收入確認日期前就所出售物業收取的按金及分期付款已計入綜合財務狀況表的合約負債項目中。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Revenue recognition (Continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers within IFRS 15 (Continued)

(i) Sale of properties (Continued)

When residential properties are marketed by the Group while the property is still under construction, the Group may offer a discount compared to the listed sales price, provided the customer agrees to pay the balance of the consideration early. In such cases, if the advance payments are regarded as providing a significant financing benefit to the Group, interest expense arising from the adjustment of time value of money will be accrued by the Group during the period between the payment date and the completion date of legal assignment. This accrual increases the balance of the contract liability during the period of construction, and therefore increases the amount of revenue recognised when control of the completed property is transferred. The interest expense is recognised in accordance with the policy stated under "Borrowing costs", if significant.

(ii) Revenue from land development for sale

Revenue from land development for sale is recognised upon the transfer of control, which is the point in time, in connection with the land development for sale and when the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, which occurs upon the sale of land.

(iii) Property management and hotel operation income

Property management and hotel operation income is recognised over time when the services are rendered.

(iv) Property selling agency income

Property selling agency income mainly refers to the agency income of the sales of properties. Property selling agency income is recognised according to the calculation method as stipulated in the relevant contracts when the service provided meets the terms required.

(v) Brand-use service income

Brand-use service income is determined according to the service period and fee calculation method as stipulated in the relevant contracts or agreements.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

收入確認(續)

屬於《國際財務報告準則》第15號適用範圍的客 戶合同收入(續)

(i) 銷售物業(續)

(ii) 待售土地開發的收入

待售土地開發的收入在控制權轉移(即與待售土地開發有關的時間點)以及能夠可靠地計量收入金額(即完成有關工程和出售土地)時確認。

(iii) 物業管理及酒店經營收入

物業管理及酒店經營收入是在提供服務 時確認。

(iv) 房地產代理銷售收入

本集團房地產代理銷售收入主要是指房 地產代理銷售收入,在所提供的代理銷 售服務達到合同條款約定時,按照合同 約定方法計算確認。

(v) 品牌使用費收入

品牌使用費收入按照有關合同或協定約 定的服務時間和方法計算確認。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Revenue recognition (Continued)

Revenue from other source

Rental income from operating leases

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss in equal instalments of lease receivables over the periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the use of the leased asset. Lease incentives granted are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments receivable. Contingent rentals are recognised as income in the accounting period in which they are earned.

(ii) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method. For financial assets measured at amortised cost or FVOCI (recycling) that are not creditimpaired, the effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of the assets. For credit-impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is applied to the amortised cost (i.e. gross carrying amount net of loss allowance) of the assets.

Dividends (iii)

- Dividend income from unlisted investments is recognised when the shareholder's right to receive payment is established.
- Dividend income from listed investments is recognised when the share price of the investment goes ex-dividend.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

收入確認(續)

其他來源的收入

經營租賃的租金收入

經營和賃的租金收入在租賃期所涵蓋的 期間內以等額的租賃應收款項分期付款 在損益中確認;但如有其他基準能更清 楚地反映使用租賃資產所得的利益模式 則除外。經營租賃協議所涉及的激勵措 施均在損益中確認為應收和賃淨付款總 額的組成部分。或有租金在賺取的會計 期間內確認為收入。

(ii) 利息收入

利息收入是在產生時按實際利率法確 認。對於不存在信用減值的以攤銷成本 或(可轉回)FVOCI計量的金融資產,實際 利率適用於資產的賬面總額。對於已發 牛信用減值的金融資產, 實際利率適用 於資產的攤餘成本(即,賬面總額減去損 失準備)。

股息 (iii)

- 非上市投資的股息收入在股東收取 款項的權利確立時確認。
- 上市投資的股息收入在投資項目的 股價除息時確認。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Translation of foreign currencies

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The Company's functional currency is RMB.

Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the end of the reporting period. Exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates the fair value was measured.

The results of foreign operations are translated into RMB at the exchange rates approximating the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Statement of financial position items are translated into RMB at the closing foreign exchange rates at the end of the reporting periods. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in the exchange reserve.

On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative amount of the exchange differences relating to that foreign operation is reclassified from equity to profit or loss when the profit or loss on disposal is recognised.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

外幣換算

本集團各實體的財務報表所列示項目均以實體 經營所在的主要經濟環境貨幣(「功能貨幣」)計 量。本公司的功能貨幣為人民幣。

年度內的外幣交易按交易日的匯率換算。以外 幣為單位的貨幣資產與負債則按於報告期末的 外幣匯率換算。匯兑損益在損益中確認。

以歷史成本計量的外幣非貨幣資產與負債是按 交易日的外幣匯率換算。以外幣為單位並以公 允價值列賬的非貨幣資產與負債按釐定公允價 值當日的外幣匯率換算。

境外經營的業績按與交易日的外幣匯率相若的 匯率換算為人民幣。財務狀況表項目則按報告 期末的收市外幣匯率換算為人民幣。所產生的 匯兑差額在其他全面收益中確認,並在權益中的匯兑儲備分開累計。

當確認處置境外經營所產生的損益時,與該境外經營有關的累計匯兑差額會由權益重新分類 為損益。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

The capitalisation of borrowing costs as part of the cost of a qualifying asset commences when expenditure for the asset is being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the qualified assets for their intended use or sale are in progress. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended or ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying assets for their intended use or sale are interrupted or complete.

Related parties

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the Group.

- (a) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's holding company.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each holding company, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or a joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or a joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are a joint venture of the same third party.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

借貸成本

與收購、建造或生產需要長時間才可以投入擬 定用途或銷售的合資格資產直接相關的借貸成 本,則予以資本化為該等資產成本的一部分。 所有其他借貸成本均於產生期間列支。

屬於合資格資產成本一部分的借貸成本在資產產生開支、借貸成本產生和使合資格資產投入擬定用途或銷售所必須的準備工作進行期間開始資本化。在使合資格資產投入擬定用途或銷售所必須的絕大部分準備工作中止或完成時,借貸成本便會暫停或停止資本化。

關聯方

關聯方指與本集團有關聯的個人或實體。

- (a) 如屬以下人士,即該人士或該人士的近 親是本集團的關聯方:
 - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團;
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響力;或
 - (iii) 是本集團或本集團控股公司的關鍵 管理人員。
- (b) 如符合下列任何條件,即企業實體是本 集團的關聯方:
 - (i) 該實體與本集團隸屬同一集團(即 各控股公司、附屬公司和同系附屬 公司彼此間有關聯)。
 - (ii) 一家實體是另一實體的聯營公司或 合營企業(或另一實體所屬集團旗 下成員公司的聯營公司或合營企 業)。
 - (iii) 兩家實體是同一第三方的合營企業。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Related parties (Continued)

- (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
- (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
- (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
- (vii) A person identified in (a) (i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a holding company of the entity).
- (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the Group's holding company.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity and include:

- (a) that person's children and spouse or domestic partner;
- b) children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and
- (c) dependents of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner.

In the definition of a related party, an associate includes subsidiaries of the associate and a joint venture includes subsidiaries of the joint venture.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

關聯方(續)

- (iv) 一家實體是第三方實體的合營企業,而另一實體是第三方實體的聯 營公司。
- (v) 該實體是為本集團或作為本集團關聯方的任何實體的僱員福利而設的離職後福利計劃。
- (vi) 該實體受到上述第(a)項內所認定人 士控制或共同控制。
- (vii) 上述第(a)(i)項內所認定人士對該 實體有重大影響力或是該實體(或 該實體的控股公司)的關鍵管理人 員。
- (viii) 該實體或其所屬集團的任何成員公司向本集團或本集團的控股公司提供關鍵管理人員服務。

一名個人的近親是指與有關實體交易並可能影響該個人或受該個人影響的家庭成員,包括:

- (a) 該名人士的子女及配偶或同居伴侣;
- (b) 該名人士的配偶或同居伴侶的子女;及
- (c) 該名人士或該名人士的配偶或同居伴侣 的受養人。

於界定關聯方時,聯營公司包括該聯營公司的 附屬公司,而合營企業包括該合營企業的附屬 公司。

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Seament reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the consolidated financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

分部報告

本集團最高層管理人員會定期取得財務資料, 以便對本集團各類業務及各經營地區進行資源 分配及表現評估,而經營分部和綜合財務報表 中所報告的各分部項目數額則呈列在該財務資 料中。

個別重要的經營分部不會合計以供財務報告之 用,但如該等經營分部的產品和服務性質、生 產工序性質、客戶類別或階層、分銷產品或提 供服務的方法以至監管環境的本質等經濟特性 均屬類似,則作別論。如果個別不重要的經營 分部符合以上大部分準則,則可以進行合計。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

3. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements in Applying the Group's Accounting Policies

Estimates and judgements used in preparing the accounts are evaluated and based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that may have a significant effect on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities mainly include those related to property development activities.

(i) Key sources of estimation uncertainty

(a) Land appreciation tax

The Land Appreciation Tax is levied at progressive rates ranging from 30% to 60% on the appreciation of land value, being the proceeds of sales of properties less deductible expenditures including sales charges, borrowing costs and all property development expenditures.

The Group is subject to Land Appreciation Tax in the PRC which has been included in income tax of the Group. However, the Group has not finalised its land appreciation tax returns with the tax authorities for certain property development projects of the Group. Accordingly, significant judgement is required in determining the amount of land appreciation and its related taxes. The ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises these liabilities based on management's best estimates. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred income tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

3. 應用本集團的會計政策時作出的主 要會計估計和判斷

編製本賬項時所用的估計和判斷是以歷史經驗 及其他因素(包括相信在相關情況下合理的未來 事項預測)為基準作出評估。本集團會作出有關 未來的估計和假設。當然,所產生的會計估計 將不大可能相等於相關的實際業績。可能對資 產與負債的賬面金額產生重大影響的估計和假 設主要包括與物業發展業務相關的項目。

(i) 估計不確定性的主要來源

(a) 土地增值稅

土地增值税是就土地增值(即銷售物業所得款項減去可減免開支,包括銷售費用、借貸費用和所有物業發展開支後的數額)按30%至60%的累進比率徵收。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements in Applying the Group's Accounting Policies (Continued)

- (i) **Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)**
 - Provision for write-down of properties under development and completed properties held for

The Group's properties under development and completed properties held for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Based on the Group's recent experience and the nature of the subject properties, the Group makes estimates of the selling prices and the costs of completion in case for properties under development.

If there is an increase in costs to completion or a decrease in net sales value, the net realisable value will decrease and this may result in provision for write-down of properties under development and completed properties held for sale. Such provision requires the use of judgment and estimates. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, the carrying value and provision for write-down of properties in the periods in which such estimate is changed will be adjusted accordingly.

In addition, given the volatility of the PRC property market and the unique nature of individual properties, the actual outcomes in terms of costs and revenue may be higher or lower than estimated at the end of each reporting periods. Any increase or decrease in the provision would affect profit or loss in future periods.

3. 應用本集團的會計政策時作出的主 要會計估計和判斷(續)

- (i) 估計不確定性的主要來源(續)
 - 發展中物業及持作銷售用途的已落 成物業的撇減準備

本集團的發展中物業和持作銷售用 途的已落成物業是以成本值與可變 現淨值的較低者入賬。根據本集團 的最近經驗和上述物業的性質,本 集團基於現時的市場狀況,推算售 價和發展中物業的竣工成本。

倘若竣工成本有所增加或銷售淨值 有所減少,可變現淨值將會減少, 這可能需要為發展中物業和持作銷 售用途的已落成物業的撇減提撥準 備。這些準備須予以判斷和估計。 如果預期與原來估計有所不同,於 有關估計出現變動期內的物業的撇 減賬面值和準備將會相應地調整。

此外,根據中國物業市場的波動和 個別物業的獨有性質,成本和收益 的實際所得可能會高於或低於結算 日的估計數額。如果該準備出現任 何增加或減少,將會影響未來年度 的溢利或虧損。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

3. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements in Applying the Group's Accounting Policies (Continued)

- (i) Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)
 - (c) Recognition and allocation of construction costs on properties under development

Development costs of properties are recorded as properties under development during construction stage and will be transferred to profit or loss upon the recognition of the sale of the properties. Before the final settlement of the development costs and other costs relating to the sale of the properties, these costs are accrued by the Group based on management's best estimate.

When developing properties, the Group typically divides the development projects into phases. Specific costs directly related to the development of a phase are recorded as the cost of such phase. Costs that are common to phases are allocated to individual phases based on the estimated market value of each phase as a percentage of the total estimated market value of the entire project, or if the above is not practicable, the common costs are allocated to individual phases based on saleable area.

Where the final settlement of costs and the related cost allocation is different from the initial estimates, any increase or decrease in the development costs and other costs would affect the profit or loss in future periods.

3. 應用本集團的會計政策時作出的主 要會計估計和判斷(績)

- (i) 估計不確定性的主要來源(續)
 - (c) 確認和分配發展中物業的建造成本

物業的發展成本在建造階段入賬於發展中物業,並將於確認銷售這些物業時轉撥到損益。在最終結算發展成本和有關銷售物業的其他成本前,本集團會按照管理層的最佳估計計提這些成本。

當發展物業時,本集團一般會將發展項目分為多期階段。與發展某一期直接相關的特定成本以該期的成本入賬。各期共用的成本根據各期的估計市值佔整個項目總估計市值的百分比分配至各期,或倘若上述分配不能切實執行,共同成本則根據實用面積分配至各期。

當最終結算成本和相關成本分配有 別於最初估計時,發展成本和其他 成本的任何增加或減少將會影響未 來期間的損益。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements in Applying the Group's Accounting Policies (Continued)

(i) **Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)**

(d) Impairment for property and equipment

If circumstances indicate that the net book value of a property and equipment may not be fully recoverable, the asset may be considered as impaired, and an impairment loss may be recognised to reduce the carrying amount to the recoverable amount in accordance with the policy for impairment of property and equipment stated under "Credit losses and impairment of assets" in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements. The recoverable amount is the greater of the net selling price and the value in use. In determining the value in use, expected cash flows generated by the asset are discounted to their present value, which requires significant judgment relating to level of future income and operating costs. The Group uses all readily available information in determining an amount that is a reasonable approximation of recoverable amount, including estimates based on reasonable and supportable assumptions and projections of future income and operating costs. Changes in these estimates could have a significant impact on the carrying value of the assets and could result in additional impairment charge or reversal of impairment in future periods.

應用本集團的會計政策時作出的主 3. 要會計估計和判斷(續)

估計不確定性的主要來源(續) (i)

(d) 物業及設備減值

倘若有情況顯示某一物業及設備的 賬面淨值可能無法完全收回,有關 資產可能會被視為減值,並須根據 綜合財務報表附註2「信用損失及資 產減值」中所述的物業及設備減值 的政策確認減值虧損,將有關資產 的賬面金額減至可收回金額。可收 回金額是淨售價與使用價值兩者中 的較高者。在釐定使用價值時,由 資產帶來的預計現金流量會折現至 其現值, 並需要對未來收入和經營 成本做出重大判斷。本集團利用所 有可獲得的資訊來釐定可收回金額 的合理近似金額,包括根據對未來 收入和營運成本的合理和有證據支 持的假設及預測進行估計。估計金 額的變動可能對資產的賬面值構成 重大的影響,並可能導致在未來期 間計提額外的減值虧損或轉回已計 提的減值虧損。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

3. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements in Applying the Group's Accounting Policies (Continued)

(i) Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

(e) Valuation of investment properties

Investment properties are stated at fair value based on the valuation performed by an independent firm of professional valuers after taking into consideration the market evidence of transaction prices, and where appropriate, the rental income allowing for reversionary income potential.

In determining the fair value, the professional valuers have taken into consideration of the market conditions existed at the end of each reporting period or where appropriate, a method of valuation which involves, inter alia, certain estimates including capitalisation rates, market prices, prevailing market rents for comparable properties in the same location and condition, expected future market rents and appropriate discount rates. In relying on the valuation report, the management has exercised their judgment and are satisfied that the method of valuation is reflective of the prevailing market conditions at the respective end of each reporting periods.

(f) Expected credit losses for trade and other receivables

The Group estimates ECL for trade and other receivables by taking into account reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. This includes information about past events, current conditions, forecasts of future economic conditions and viability of realising the estimated value of collaterals held by the Group. If the financial condition of the debtors were to deteriorate, or the actual value of collaterals held by the Group were lower than the estimated value, actual impairment losses would be higher than estimated.

3. 應用本集團的會計政策時作出的主 要會計估計和判斷(續)

(i) 估計不確定性的主要來源(績)

(e) 投資物業估值

投資物業根據獨立專業估值師所進 行的估值按公允價值入賬,並且已 考慮到成交價的市場資料,以及租 金收入和物業市場潛在租金變化 (如適用)。

在釐定公允價值時,專業估值師已顧及各報告期末的市場狀況站值方法(如適用)。該估值方法(如適用)。該估值方法(如適用)。該估值方法(如適用)。該估值方法同位抵第十位算(包括)若干估算(包括)本,市場價格、普遍市場租金和適當的抵棄。等理層於依賴估值報告時已反映各相關報告期末的普遍市況。

(f) 應收賬款及其他應收款的預期信用 損失

本集團在估計應收賬款及其他應收款的預期信用損失時,考慮無須付出不當成本或努力便可獲得的合理及可支援的資料。這包括過去事件、當前狀況、未來經濟狀況預值、數動等資料。如果客戶的財政狀況變差或者本集團持有的抵押物的協設價值低於估計價值,實際的減值虧損可能會高於估計數字。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements in Applying the Group's Accounting Policies (Continued)

- Critical judgements made in applying accounting policies
 - (a) Deferred taxation on investment properties

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax liabilities or deferred tax assets arising from investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the management have reviewed the investment property portfolios of the Group and concluded that investment properties held by the Group are held under a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment properties over time, rather than through sale. Therefore, in measuring the deferred taxation on investment properties of the Group, the management have determined that the "sales" presumption that the carrying amounts of investment properties measured using the fair value model are recovered entirely through sale is rebutted. As a result, the Group has recognised the deferred taxes on changes in fair value of investment properties at the applicable corporate income tax rates.

3. 應用本集團的會計政策時作出的主 要會計估計和判斷(續)

應用會計政策時作出的主要判斷 (ii)

投資物業的遞延稅項 (a)

就計算以公允值模型計量的投資物 業產生的遞延税項負債或資產而 言,管理層已審閱本集團的投資物 業組合,總結認為本集團的該等物 業是基於商業模式持有,目的是把 投資物業絕大部分的經濟利益隨著 時間消耗,而非通過出售消耗。因 此,於計算本集團於投資物業的遞 延税項時,管理層釐定,使用公允 值模型計量的投資物業賬面值是全 部透過出售予以收回的假設被推 翻。本集團已就投資物業的公允值 變動按適用的企業所得税税率確認 搋延税項。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

- 3. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements in Applying the Group's Accounting Policies (Continued)
 - (ii) Critical judgements made in applying accounting policies (Continued)
 - (b) Control over subsidiaries under loan agreements with credit enhancement structural justify terms

The Group entered into loan agreements (the "Loan Agreements") with certain lenders, which included credit enhancement structural terms on certain subsidiaries of the Company that the Group required to transfer all or most of the equity interest to the lenders. The lenders can exercise their rights if there are any unfavorable actions taken by the management of these subsidiaries, as credit enhancement structural terms on the loans granted by the lenders to the Group. Upon the execution of the Loan Agreements, the Group does not held any or material equity interest in these subsidiaries. The directors of the Company assessed whether or not the Group has control over those subsidiaries based on whether the Group has the power over those subsidiaries, has rights to variable returns from its involvement with those subsidiaries and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over those subsidiaries. The directors of the Company concluded that the Group has control over those subsidiaries after dual assessment on the structural arrangements under the Loan Agreements and, accordingly, the Group has continued consolidating the financial information of these subsidiaries since inception date of the Loan Agreements.

- 3. 應用本集團的會計政策時作出的主 要會計估計和判斷(績)
 - (ii) 應用會計政策時作出的主要判斷(績)
 - (b) 根據具有合理增信結構條款的貸款 協議對附屬公司擁有控制權

本集團與若干貸款人簽署貸款協議 (「貸款協議」),其中包括對本公司 若干附屬公司的增信結構條款,要 求本集團將所有或大部分股權轉讓 予貸款人。倘該等附屬公司的管理 層採取不利行動,貸款人可行使彼 等權利,作為貸款人向本集團提供 的貸款的增信結構條款。貸款協議 簽署後,本集團不再持有該等附屬 公司的任何或重大股權。本公司董 事根據本集團是否擁有對該等附屬 公司的權力、透過參與從而令本集 團獲取不同之回報,及有能力透過 對該等附屬公司的權力影響所獲取 之回報來評估本集團是否對該等附 屬公司擁有控制權。本公司董事在 對貸款協議項下的結構安排進行雙 重評估後認為,本集團對該等附屬 公司擁有控制權,因此,自貸款協 議生效之日起,本集團繼續將該等 附屬公司的財務資料合併入賬。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

Revenue and Segment Reporting

4. 收入及分部報告

(a) Revenue

(a) 收入

(i) Disaggregation of revenue

(i) 收入的分解

The principal activities of the Group are property and land development, property investment, property management and hotel operation, and light-asset operation. Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by major products or service lines is as follows:

本集團的主要業務為物業和土地開 發、物業投資、物業管理和酒店經 營以及輕資產經營。按主要產品或 服務項目分解客戶合約收入如下:

		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Revenue from contracts with customers within the scope of IFRS 15	《國際財務報告準則》第15號範圍 內的客戶合約收入		
Sale of properties	銷售物業	4,597,161	5,138,009
Property management and hotel	物業管理及酒店經營的收入	4,557,101	5,136,009
operation income	彻来自任及伯内赶莒时收入	578,824	454,538
Light-asset operation income	輕資產營運收入	30,372	15,204
Light-asset operation income	社員 <u>居</u> 呂廷牧八	30,372	10,204
		5,206,357	5,607,751
		, ,	
Revenue from other sources	其他來源收入		
Rental income from investment	投資物業的租金收入		
properties		192,848	151,941
		5,399,205	5,759,692
Disaggregated by timing of revenue recognition	按收入確認的時間分類		
Point in time	於某一時間點	4,119,301	4,620,289
Over time	於一段時間內	1,087,056	987,462
		5,206,357	5,607,751

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

Revenue and Segment Reporting (Continued)

Revenue (Continued)

Disaggregation of revenue (Continued)

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by segment and by the timing of revenue recognition is set out in Note 4(b)(i) to the consolidated financial statements.

The Group's customer base is diversified and there are no customers with whom transactions have exceeded 10% of the Group's revenue.

Revenue expected to be recognised in the future arising from contracts with customers in existence at the reporting date

At 31 December 2021, the aggregated amount of the transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations under the Group's existing contracts is approximately RMB9,285,142,000 (2020: approximately RMB12,329,671,000). This amount represents revenue expected to be recognised in the future from sale of properties. The Group will recognise the expected revenue within three years. This amount does not include variable consideration which is constrained.

收入及分部報告(續)

收入(續) (a)

收入的分解(續)

綜合財務報表附註4(b)(i)載列按分 部及按收入確認時點細分的源自客 戶合同收入。

本集團的客戶群是多元化的,無任 何單一客戶與本集團的交易佔本集 團收入10%以上。

預期於日後確認來自於報告日存續 的客戶合約的收入

於2021年12月31日,分配到 本集團存續合約的餘下履約責 任的交易價格總額約為人民幣 9,285,142,000元(2020年:約人民 幣12,329,671,000元)。本金額代 表預計確認的來自於未來銷售物業 的收入。本集團將在三年內確定該 等預期收入。本金額不包括受限制 的可變對價。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

Revenue and Segment Reporting (Continued)

(b) Segment reporting

The Group manages its businesses based on its products and services, which are divided into property development that comprises mixed-use business complexes and multifunctional residential communities, investment properties, property management and hotel operation, and light-asset operation. In a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the Group's most senior executive management, being identified as the chief operating decision makers ("CODM"), for the purposes of resources allocation and performance assessment focuses on types of goods delivered or services rendered. Specifically, the Group has presented the following five reportable segments:

- the mixed-use business complexes segment that (a) develops and sells business complex products;
- (b) the multi-functional residential communities segment that develops and sells residential properties and develops land;
- investment properties segment that leases offices (c) and commercial premises;
- the property management and hotel operation segment that provides property management services, and hotel accommodation services; and
- the light-asset operation segment that provides property selling agency and brand-use services.

No operating segments identified by the CODM have been aggregated to form the above reportable segments of the Group.

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements.

收入及分部報告(續)

(b) 分部報告

本集團按產品和服務(可劃分為物業發展 (包含多用途商務綜合體和複合性社區)、 投資物業、物業管理及酒店經營以及輕 資產運營)管理業務。劃分方式與就資源 配置和績效評估向被確定為主要經營決 策者(「主要經營決策者」)的本集團最高層 行政管理人員作內部報告資料的方式一 致,重點關注交付的產品或提供的服務 類型。具體而言,本集團已呈述下列五 個報告分部:

- (a) 多用涂商務綜合體分部開發和銷售 商業綜合大樓;
- 複合型社區分部開發和銷售住宅物 (b) 業和開發十地;
- 投資物業分部租賃辦公室、商業處 (c)
- (d) 物業管理及酒店經營分部提供物業 管理和酒店住宿服務;及
- (e) 輕資產運營經營分部提供物業銷售 代理和品牌使用服務。

概無主要經營決策者確定的業務分部為 組成本集團上述報告分部而被合併計 算。

經營分部的會計政策與綜合財務報表附 註2中所述的本集團會計政策一致。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

4. Revenue and Segment Reporting (Continued)

(b) Segment reporting (Continued)

(i) Segment results, assets and liabilities

For the purposes of assessing segment performance and allocating resources between segments, the CODM monitors the results, assets and liabilities attributable to each reportable segment on the following bases:

Segment assets and liabilities include all non-current assets and liabilities and current assets and liabilities other than unallocated head office and corporate assets and liabilities.

Revenue and expenses are allocated to the reportable segments with reference to sales generated by those segments and the expenses incurred by those segments or which otherwise arise from the depreciation of assets attributable to those segments. Head office and corporate expenses are not allocated to individual segments.

Segment profit (loss) represents the profit (loss) after taxation generated by individual segments.

Inter-segment sales are priced with reference to prices charged to external parties for similar orders.

Management is provided with segment information concerning revenue, cost of sales/services, valuation losses/gains on investment properties, other income, net operating expenses, impairment losses on intangible assets, trade and other receivables and loans provided to non-controlling interests of subsidiaries, net finance costs, income tax, additions on investment properties and property and equipment, write-down of properties under development and completed properties held for sale and loans and borrowings.

4. 收入及分部報告(續)

(b) 分部報告(績)

(i) 分部業績、資產和負債

主要經營決策者按下列基準監察各個報告分部應佔的業績、資產和負債,以便評估分部績效及進行分部間資源配置:

分部資產和負債包括所有非流動資 產和負債與流動資產和負債,但不 包括未分配的總部和公司資產和負 債。

分配至報告分部的收入和支出,是 以這些分部所產生的收入和這些分 部所產生的費用或屬於這些分部的 資產所產生的折舊而定。總部和公 司支出不會分配至個別分部。

分部溢利(虧損)是指個別分部產生 的除稅後溢利(虧損)。

分部之間的銷售定價是按照就外部 人士的相若訂單收取的價格**營**定。

管理層獲提供分部資料,包括收入、銷售/服務成本、投資物業估值虧損/收益、其他收入、經營費用淨額、無形資產減值虧損、應以與其他應收款及提供給附屬,服款及其他應收款及提供給附屬,以過一個人。 資成本淨額、所得稅、增置的投資, 資成本淨額、所得稅、增置的對業及物業及物業及設備、發展中物業和 持作銷售用途的已落成物業的撇減 以及貸款和借款等。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

4. Revenue and Segment Reporting (Continued)

(b) Segment reporting (Continued)

(i) Segment results, assets and liabilities (Continued)

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by timing of revenue recognition, as well as information regarding the Group's reportable segments as provided to the CODM for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 is set out below:

4. 收入及分部報告(續)

(b) 分部報告(續)

(i) 分部業績、資產和負債(績)

按收入確認時間細分的源自客戶的 合約收入以及就本集團截至2021 年及2020年12月31日止年度的資 源配置和分部績效評估向主要經營 決策者提供有關本集團報告分部的 資料載於下文:

					December 2021 2月31日止年度		
			Multi-		Property		
		Mixed-use	functional		management		
		business	residential	Investment	and hotel	Light-asset	
		complexes 多用途商務	communities	properties	operation 物業管理及	operation	Total
		綜合體 RMB'000 人民幣千元	複合型社區 RMB'000 人民幣千元	投資物業 RMB'000 人民幣千元	酒店經營 RMB'000 人民幣千元	輕資產經營 RMB'000 人民幣千元	總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Disaggregated by timing of revenue recognition	按收入確認時間分類						
Point in time	於某一時間點	1,350,436	2,738,493	-	-	30,372	4,119,301
Over time	於一段時間內	219,622	288,610		578,824	-	1,087,056
Revenue from external	來自外部客戶的收入						
customers	++ /L 'TE /L 7	1,570,058	3,027,103	-	578,824	30,372	5,206,357
Revenue from other sources	其他來源收入	-		192,848	<u>-</u>		192,848
		1,570,058	3,027,103	192,848	578,824	30,372	5,399,205
Inter-segment revenue	分部間收入	-		11,083	40,716		51,799
Reportable segment revenue	報告分部收入	1,570,058	3,027,103	203,931	619,540	30,372	5,451,004
Cost of sales/services	銷售/服務成本	(1,198,511)	(2,870,397)		(660,457)	(4,882)	(4,734,247)
Reportable segment gross profit (loss)	報告分部溢利(虧損)	274 E47	156,706	203,931	(40.017)	25,490	716,757
•	投資物業估值虧損	371,547	130,700	203,331	(40,917)	20,490	/10,/3/
properties	NA WALLERIA	_	_	(52,011)	_	_	(52,011)
Other income	其他收入	3,808	11,575	7,593	4,755	63	27,794
Net operating expenses	經營費用淨額	(357,635)	(611,161)	(32,003)	(105,124)	(90,589)	(1,196,512)
Impairment losses on intangible assets	無形資產減值虧損	_	(747,845)	_	_	_	(747,845)
Impairment losses on trade	應收賬款減值虧損		, , ,				
receivables		(16,055)	(294,458)	-	(763)	(14)	(311,290)

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

4. Revenue and Segment Reporting (Continued) 4. 收入及分部報告(績)

(b) Segment reporting (Continued)

(b) 分部報告(績)

Segment results, assets and liabilities (Continued)

(i) 分部業績、資產和負債(績)

		Mixed-use business complexes 多用途商務 綜合體 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Multi- functional residential communities 複合型社區 RMB'000 人民幣千元		December 2021 2月31日止年度 Property management and hotel operation 物業管理及 酒店經營 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Light-asset operation 輕資產經營 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Impairment losses on loans provided to non-controlling	提供予附屬公司非控股權 益的貸款的減值虧損						
interests of subsidiaries Net finance costs	融資成本淨額	(53,819) (58,175)		- (14,831)	(21,634)	- -	(53,819) (394,078)
Reportable segment (loss) profit before taxation Income tax (expenses) credit	除稅前報告分部(虧損) 溢利 所得稅(費用)抵免	(110,329) (194,392)	(1,784,621) (7,796)	112,679 5,087	(163,683) (11,927)	(65,050) (30)	(2,011,004) (209,058)
Reportable segment (loss) profit	報告分部(虧損)溢利	(304,721)	(1,792,417)	117,766	(175,610)	(65,080)	(2,220,062)
Additions on investment properties and property and	增置投資物業及物業及 設備						
equipment Write-down of properties under	發展中物業和持作銷售用	14,590	979	95,570	2,609	6	113,754
development and completed properties held for sale	途的已落成物業的撇減	49,925	350,424	_	-	-	400,349

		Mixed-use business complexes 多用途商務 綜合體 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Multi- Functional residential communities 複合型社區 RMB'000 人民幣千元	於2021年	mber 2021 .12月31日 Property management and hotel operation 物業管理及 酒店經營 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Light-asset operation 輕資產經營 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Loans and borrowings	貸款和借款	6,659,537	13,078,153	_	726,216	_	20,463,906
Reportable segment assets	報告分部資產	17,017,394	28,494,976	11,776,968	1,159,453	50,823	58,499,614
Reportable segment liabilities	報告分部負債	17,988,341	33,702,701	910,690	759,119	50,378	53,411,229

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

4. Revenue and Segment Reporting (Continued) 4. 收入及分部報告(績)

(b) Segment reporting (Continued)

(b) 分部報告(績)

(i) Segment results, assets and liabilities (Continued)

(i) 分部業績、資產和負債(績)

				Year ended 31 I	December 2020		
				截至2020年12	月31日止年度		
			Multi-		Property		
		Mixed-use	functional		management		
		business	residential	Investment	and hotel	Light-asset	
		complexes 多用途商務	communities	properties	operation 物業管理及	operation	Total
		綜合體	複合型社區	投資物業	酒店經營	輕資產經營	總額
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Disaggregated by timing of revenue recognition	接收入確認時間分類						
Point in time	於某一時間點	1,913,619	2,691,466	_	_	15,204	4,620,289
Over time	於一段時間內	100,774	432,150	_	454,538	_	987,462
Revenue from external	來自外部客戶的收入						
customers		2,014,393	3,123,616	_	454,538	15,204	5,607,751
Revenue from other sources	其他來源收入	_		151,941		_	151,941
		2,014,393	3,123,616	151,941	454,538	15,204	5,759,692
Inter-segment revenue	分部間收入	2,014,000	-	7,681	63,638	-	71,319
Reportable segment revenue	報告分部收入	2,014,393	3,123,616	159,622	518,176	15,204	5,831,011
Cost of sales/services	銷售/服務成本	(1,160,789)	(2,647,957)	-	(528,398)	(11,180)	(4,348,324)
Reportable segment gross	報告分部溢利(虧損)						
profit (loss)		853,604	475,659	159,622	(10,222)	4,024	1,482,687
Valuation gains on investment	投資物業估值收益	,	.,		, -, ,	, .	, . ,
properties		_	_	42,647	_	_	42,647
Other income	其他收入	13,874	1,539,936	(16,423)	13,968	_	1,551,355
Net operating expenses	經營費用淨額	(344,776)	(519,528)	(24,757)	(69,347)	(188)	(958,596)
Net finance costs	融資成本淨額	(62,326)	(118,055)	(14,393)	(21,114)	_	(215,888)
Reportable segment profit	除稅前報告分部溢利						
(loss) before taxation	(虧損)	460,376	1,378,012	146,696	(86,715)	3,836	1,902,205
Income tax expenses	所得税開支	(223,103)	(305,592)	(36,388)	(2,373)	(345)	(567,801)
Reportable segment profit	報告分部溢利(虧損)						
(loss)		237,273	1,072,420	110,308	(89,088)	3,491	1,334,404

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

4. Revenue and Segment Reporting (Continued) 4. 收入及分部報告(績)

- (b) Segment reporting (Continued)
- ting (Continued) (b) 分部報告(績)
 - (i) Segment results, assets and liabilities (Continued)

(i) 分部業績、資產和負債(績)

		Mixed-use	Multi- functional residential		December 2020 2月31日止年度 Property management and hotel	Light-asset	
		complexes	communities	properties	operation	operation	Total
		多用途商務 綜合體	複合型社區	投資物業	物業管理及 酒店經營	輕資產經營	總額
		称□ 脰 RMB′000	核 古 空 社 四 RMB'000	仅具彻未 RMB'000	/自/A/E/E/ RMB'000	程 具 生 経 宮 RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Additions on investment properties and property and equipment	增置投資物業及物業及 設備	1,322	4,743	84,241	260,806	32	351,144
Write-down of properties under	發展中物業和持作銷售用						
development and completed properties held for sale	途的已落成物業的撇減	28,374	25,554	_	_	_	53,928
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1							
				At 31 Dece 於2020年	ember 2020 12月31日		
			Multi-		Property		
		Mixed-use	functional		management		
		business	residential	Investment	and hotel	Light-asset	
		complexes	communities	properties	operation	operation	Total
		多用途商務	45 V 111 1 15	10.7年半半	物業管理及	 	/da da/s
		综合體 RMB'000	複合型社區 RMB'000	投資物業 RMB'000	酒店經營 RMB'000	輕資產經營	總額 PMP/000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
		八八市「儿	八八市1九	八八市「儿	八八市1九	八八市1九	八八市1九
Loans and borrowings	貸款和借款	5,498,367	14,605,874	-	1,001,642	-	21,105,883
Reportable segment assets	報告分部資產	14,950,210	36,065,031	12,750,391	1,509,139	118,480	65,393,251
Reportable segment liabilities	報告分部負債	14,618,246	35,591,269	536,956	1,169,671	42,549	51,958,691

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

4. Revenue and Segment Reporting (Continued)

4. 收入及分部報告(續)

(b) Segment reporting (Continued)

(b) 分部報告(績)

(ii) Reconciliations of reportable segment revenue, loss/profit, loans and borrowings, assets and liabilities

(ii) 報告分部收入、虧損/溢利、貸款 和借款、資產和負債的對脹

		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue Reportable segment revenue Elimination of intra-group revenue	收入 報告分部收入 抵銷集團內部收入	5,451,004 (51,799)	5,831,011 (71,319)
Consolidated revenue (Note 4(a)(i))	合併收入 <i>(附註4(a)(i))</i>	5,399,205	5,759,692
(Loss) Profit Reportable segment (loss) profit Elimination of intra-group results Unallocated head office and corporate loss	(虧損)溢利 報告分部(虧損)溢利 抵銷集團內部虧損 未分配總部和公司虧損	(2,220,062) 38,297 (1,548,189)	1,334,404 52,474 (102,927)
Consolidated (loss) profit	合併(虧損)溢利	(3,729,954)	1,283,951
Loans and borrowings Reportable segment loans and borrowings Unallocated head office and corporate loans and borrowings Consolidated loans and borrowings	貸款和借款 報告分部貸款和借款 未分配總部和公司貸款和借款 合併貸款和借款	20,463,906 6,285,751 26,749,657	21,105,883 5,591,004 26,696,887
Assets Reportable segment assets Elimination of intra-group balances Unallocated head office and corporate assets	資產 報告分部資產 抵銷集團內部結餘 未分配總部和公司資產	58,499,614 (13,099,012) 10,955,287	65,393,251 (21,975,558) 17,866,754
Consolidated total assets Liabilities Reportable segment liabilities Elimination of intra-group balances Unallocated head office and corporate liabilities	合併資產總值 負債 報告分部負債 抵銷集團內部結餘 未分配總部和公司負債	56,355,889 53,411,229 (22,645,581) 18,255,115	61,284,447 51,958,691 (21,461,474) 18,617,214
Consolidated total liabilities	合併負債總額	49,020,763	49,114,431

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

4. Revenue and Segment Reporting (Continued)

(b) Segment reporting (Continued)

(iii) Geographical information

The Group's operations are substantially located in the PRC, therefore no geographical segment reporting is presented.

5. Other Income and Other Operating Expenses

(a) Other (loss) income, net

4. 收入及分部報告(續)

(b) 分部報告(績)

(iii) 地區資料

本集團大部分經營業務均位於中國 境內,因此並無呈報地區分部報 告。

5. 其他收入及其他經營費用

(a) 其他(虧損)收入淨額

		Note	2021 2021年 RMB'000	2020 2020年 RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Disposal of subsidiaries	處置附屬公司	35	(5,628)	1,515,479
Net loss on disposal of investment	出售投資物業的虧損淨額			
properties			-	(15,043)
Others	其他		58,622	64,308
			52,994	1,564,744

(b) Other operating expenses

(b) 其他經營費用

		Note 附註	2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Net loss on disposal of investment properties Write-down of properties under development and completed	出售投資物業的虧損淨額 發展中物業和持作銷售用途 的已落成物業的撇減		159,798	-
properties held for sale Others	其他	18(c)	400,349 32,357	53,928 16,269
Others	共世		32,357	10,209
			592,504	70,197

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

Other Income and Other Operating Expenses (Continued)

(c) Impairment losses

As a result of the continuous COVID-19 control policies and the unexpected significant deterioration in the real estate market due to the tightened monetary and credit policies in the PRC since 2021, the Group and some of its counterparties experienced significant liquidity difficulties, and therefore, certain property development projects have been suspended/delayed and the recoverability of certain assets and receivables, that were advanced to the Group's business partners for certain property development projects in the Group's ordinary course of business, was deteriorated. After due and careful consideration of the potential recoverable amounts, the Group recognised significant impairments on various assets as follows:

- full provision on intangible assets of exclusive right of land development acquired through the acquisition of a subsidiary was made during the year ended 31 December 2021:
- partial provision on trade receivables and loans b) provided to third parties/non-controlling interests of subsidiaries/associates was made to reflect the ECL exposure estimated by the management of the Company with reference to credit risk assessment made by the Group and/or a professional valuer; and
- partial provision on properties under development C) and completed properties held for sale was made to reflect the decline in net realisable value of relevant properties development projects.

其他收入及其他經營費用(續) 5.

(c) 減值虧損

由於2021年中國持續的新冠疫情防控 政策以及中國收緊貨幣和信貸政策導致 房地產市場意外大幅惡化,本集團及其 部分交易對手面臨重大流動資金困難。 因此,部分房地產開發項目已暫停/延 遲,在本集團日常業務過程中就部分房 地產開發項目預付給本集團業務合作夥 伴的部分資產和應收款項的可收回性惡 化。經審慎周詳考慮潛在可收回金額 後,本集團對各項資產確認重大減值情 況如下:

- 對截至2021年12月31日止年度通 過收購附屬公司取得的土地開發專 有權無形資產全額計提撥備;
- 對應收款項和提供給第三方/附屬 公司非控股權益/聯營公司的貸款 部分計提撥備,以反映管理層參考 本公司和/或專業估值師作出的信 用風險評估而估計的預期信用損失 (「預期信用損失」)風險敞口;及
- c) 對發展中物業和持作銷售用途的已 落成物業部分計提撥備,以反映相 關房地產開發項目的可變現淨值下 降。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

5. Other Income and Other Operating Expenses (Continued)

(c) Impairment losses (Continued)

In determination of the required provision that should be made, the Group had considered the following factors, among others:

- the existing and expected future property market conditions in the PRC;
- the expected further costs to be incurred by the Group on the incompleted property development projects; and
- c) the credit rating and/or other credit assessment results of the business partners, including aging analysis, settlement record, risk and time to realise the value of collaterals, etc.

5. 其他收入及其他經營費用(續)

(c) 減值虧損(續)

在確定應作出的所需撥備時,本集團已 考慮以下因素(其中包括):

- a) 中國現有及預期的未來房地產市場;
- b) 本集團就未完成房地產開發項目預 期將產生的進一步成本;及
- c) 業務夥伴的信貸評級及/或其他信 貸評估結果,包括賬齡分析、結算 記錄、變現抵押物的風險和時間 等。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

6. (Loss) Profit before Taxation

6. 除稅前(虧損)溢利

(Loss) Profit before taxation is arrived at after (crediting) charging:

除税前(虧損)溢利已(計入)扣除:

(a) Finance income and finance costs

(a) 融資收入和融資成本

		Notes 附註	2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Finance income	融資收入			
Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost Dividend income from the trading	以攤銷成本計量金融資產的 利息收入 交易性證券的股息收入		(404,514)	(371,382)
securities) () () () () () () () () () (_	(26,193)
Net change in fair value of the derivative component of the convertible bonds	可轉換債券衍生部分的公允 價值的變動淨額	26(g)		(18,998)
Net change in fair value of financial assets measured at FVPL	透過損益按公允值計量之 金融資產的公允價值變動	20(g)		(10,000)
Net foreign exchange gain	淨額 外匯淨收益		(2,516) (61,961)	(16,729) (188,386)
	71 — 73 V.m.		(01,001,	(100/000)
			(468,991)	(621,688)
Finance costs Total interest expense on loans and borrowings (Remark) Less: Interest expense capitalised into land development for sale, properties under development and investment properties under construction*	融資成本 貸款和借款的利息費用總額 (備註) 減:資本化為待售土地開 發、發展中物業和在 建投資物業的利息支 出*	24(a)	3,223,567 (2,144,981)	3,083,042
			1,078,586	714,301
Net change in fair value of the trading securities Interest element of lease rentals paid Other finance expenses (Remark) Bank charges and others	交易性證券的公允價值變動 淨額 已付租賃租金的利息部分 其他財務費用(備註) 銀行手續費和其他	24(a) 24(a)	18,371 7,617 467,625 15,858	42,781 5,341 – 5,256
			1,588,057	767,679

The borrowing costs have been capitalised at a rate of # 借貸成本已按每年3.63%-16.52%的比率資 3.63% - 16.52% per annum (2020: 4.20% - 16.52% per annum).

本化(2020年:4.20%-16.52%)。

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6. (Loss) Profit before Taxation (Continued) 6. 除稅前(虧損)溢利(績)

(a) Finance income and finance costs (Continued)

Remark:

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group paid interest expenses and other finance expenses of approximately RMB120,000,000 and RMB431,800,000, respectively, to certain payees which are independent third parties by payment instructions received from the respective contracting parties.

(b) Staff costs

(a) 融資收入和融資成本(續)

備註:

截至2021年12月31日止年度,本集團根 據各訂約方的付款指示,分別向若干獨 立第三方收款人支付利息費用及其他財 務費用約人民幣120,000,000元及人民幣 431,800,000元。

(b) 員工成本

		2021 2021年	2020 2020年
		RMB′000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Salaries, allowances, discretionary	薪金、津貼、酌定花紅、		
bonuses, wages and other benefits Contributions to defined contribution	工資及其他福利	467,515	515,316
retirement plans	界定供款退休計劃供款	33,207	6,202
		500,722	521,518

Other items

(c) 其他項目

		Note 附註	2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Depreciation charge – Owned property and equipment – Right-of-use assets	折舊費用 一自有物業及設備 一使用權資產	11	36,001 94,830	42,562 95,592
Auditors' remuneration – Audit services – Non-audit services	核數師酬金 一核數服務 一非核數服務		130,831 5,978 2,300 8,278	138,154 14,669 1,112 15,781

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

Income Tax in the Consolidated Statement of **Comprehensive Income**

(a) Taxation in the consolidated statement of (a) 合併綜合收益表所示的所得稅為: comprehensive income represents:

		Note 附註	2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Provision for the year – PRC Corporate Income Tax – Land Appreciation Tax Under (over)-provision of PRC Corporate Income Tax in respect	本年度撥備 一中國企業所得税 一土地增值税 以往年度對中國企業所得税 撥備不足(超額撥備)		195,610 235,040	421,895 289,080
of prior years			359	(23,967)
Withholding tax	預扣税	4.0//)	61,111	-
Deferred tax	遞延税項	16(b)	(556,179)	(139,759)
Income tax expenses (credit)	所得税(抵免)開支		(64,059)	547,249

Pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Cayman Islands and the BVI, the group entities incorporated in the Cayman Islands and the BVI are not subject to any income tax.

In accordance with the Corporate Income Tax Law of the PRC, the income tax rate applicable to the Company's subsidiaries in the PRC is 25%.

In accordance with the Land Appreciation Tax Law of the PRC, Land Appreciation Tax is levied at the properties developed by the Group for sale in the PRC. Land Appreciation Tax is charged on the appreciated amount at progressive rates ranged from 30% to 60%, except for certain projects which are charged on the contract revenue of properties sold or pre-sold at different rates ranged from 5% to 7% based on types of properties.

Dividends payable by a foreign invested enterprise in the PRC to its foreign investors are subject to 10% withholding tax, unless any foreign investor's jurisdiction of incorporation has a tax treaty with the PRC that provided for different withholding arrangements.

根據開曼群島和英屬維爾京群島的準則 和法規,於開曼群島和英屬維爾京群島 註冊成立的集團實體毋須繳納任何所得

7. 合併綜合收益表中的所得稅

根據中國企業所得税法,本公司於中國 的附屬公司所得税税率為25%。

根據中國土地增值稅法,本集團在中國 發展物業以供出售須繳納土地增值稅。 土地增值税對增值額按30%至60%的累 進比率徵收,但若干項目則視乎物業類 別,按已售或預售物業的合約收入的5% 至7%計算土地增值税。

除非外國投資者的公司註冊管轄區與中 國簽訂税務協定,規定不同的預扣税安 排,否則在中國的外資企業應付予其外 國投資者的股息須繳納10%的預扣稅。

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7. Income Tax in the Consolidated Statement of 7. 合併綜合收益表中的所得稅(績) **Comprehensive Income (Continued)**

- (b) Reconciliation between income tax (credit) expense and accounting (loss) profit at applicable tax rates:
- (b) 稅項(抵免)支出和會計(虧損)溢利按適 用稅率計算的對賬:

		2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
(Loss) Profit before taxation	除税前(虧損)溢利	(3,794,013)	1,831,200
Notional tax at (loss) profit before taxation,	按25%的税率計算税前(虧損)溢利的名		
calculated at the tax rate of 25%	義税項	(948,503)	457,800
Provision for Land Appreciation Tax	土地增值税準備	235,040	289,080
Tax effect of Land Appreciation Tax deductible for PRC Corporate Income	可扣減中國企業所得税的土地增值税的税項影響	(50.700)	(70.070)
Tax	+ /+ m n	(58,760)	(72,270)
Tax effect of unused tax losses not	未使用而且未確認虧損的税項影響	400.005	47.546
recognised	/百古·兴·杰·4-19/	122,035	47,546
Effect of preferential tax rate	優惠税率的影響	180,588	(165,628)
Tax effect of share of results of	應佔聯營公司業績的税項影響	- 400	4.004
associates	7 - 10\L \ 11\L \ 1\L \	5,183	4,891
Tax effect of non-deductible expenses	不可扣減支出之稅務影響	127,978	9,797
Unrecognised temporary differences	未確認的暫時差異	210,910	_
Under (Over)-provision in prior years	以往年度準備不足(超額準備)	359	(23,967)
Withholding tax	預扣税	61,111	_
Income tax (credit) expense	所得税(抵免)開支	(64,059)	547,249

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

Directors' Emoluments

Directors' emoluments disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules, section 383(1) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation are as follows:

For the year ended 31 December 2021

8. 董事酬金

根據上市規則、香港《公司條例》第383(1)條及 第2部《公司(披露董事利益資料)規例》列報的董 事酬金如下:

截至2021年12月31日止年度

		Directors' fees 董事袍金 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Salaries, wages and other benefits 薪金、工資及 其他福利 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Discretionary bonuses 酌定花紅 RMB′000 人民幣千元	Contributions to defined contribution retirement plan 界定供款退休 計劃供款 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 Total 2021年 總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Chairman:	主席:					
Mr. Yi Xiaodi	易小迪先生	_	1,262	32	49	1,343
Executive director:	執行董事:		1,202	32	45	1,040
Mr. Fan Xiaochong	范小冲先生	_	1,082	32	49	1,163
Non-executive directors:	非執行董事:		1,002	02	40	1,100
Mrs. Fan Xiaohua	范畴華女士					
("Mrs. Fan")	(「范女士」)	_	616	_	_	616
Mr. Wang Gongquan	王功權先生	296	-	_	_	296
Independent non-executive	獨立非執行					
directors:	董事:					
Mr. Ng Fook Ai, Victor	黄博愛先生	282	_	_	_	282
Mr. Gu Yunchang	顧雲昌先生	282	_	_	_	282
Mr. Wang Bo ¹	王波先生1	296	_	_	_	296
Mr. Li Chunping ²	李春平先生2	-	-	-	_	-
	1	1,156	2,960	64	98	4,278

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

8. Directors' Emoluments (Continued)

8. 董事酬金(績)

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

		Directors' fees	Salaries, wages and other benefits	Discretionary bonuses	Contributions to defined contribution retirement plan	2020 Total
		1003	薪金、工資及	bondses	界定供款退休	2020年
		董事袍金	其他福利	酌定花紅	計劃供款	總額
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Chairman:	主席:					
Mr. Yi Xiaodi	易小迪先生	_	1,152	777	8	1,937
Executive director:	執行董事:					
Mr. Fan Xiaochong	范小冲先生	_	1,082	673	8	1,763
Non-executive directors:	非執行董事:					
Mrs. Fan Xiaohua	范曉華女士	_	548	120	_	668
Mr. Wang Gongquan	王功權先生	296	_	_	_	296
Independent non-executive	獨立非執行					
directors:	董事:					
Mr. Ng Fook Ai, Victor	黃博愛先生	302	_	-	_	302
Mr. Gu Yunchang	顧雲昌先生	302	_	_	_	302
Mr. Wang Bo	王波先生	296				296
		1,196	2,782	1,570	16	5,564

Resigned on 31 December 2021

¹ 於2021年12月31日辭任

² Appointed on 31 December 2021

於**2021**年12月31日獲委任

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

9. Individual with Highest Emoluments

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments, two (2020: two) are directors whose emoluments are disclosed in Note 8 to the consolidated financial statements. The aggregate of the emoluments in respect of the other three (2020: three) individuals are as follows:

9. 最高酬金人士

在五位酬金最高人士中,兩位(2020年:兩位) 為董事,有關的酬金詳情載列於綜合財務報表 附註8。其餘三位人士(2020年:三位)的酬金 總額如下:

	2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Salaries, allowances, wages and other benefits 薪金、津貼、工資及其他福利 Discretionary bonuses	2,939 2	2,356 1,214
plan	115	16
	3,056	3,586

The emoluments of the three *(2020: three)* individuals with the highest emoluments are within the following bands presented in Hong Kong Dollar ("HKD"):

該三位酬金(2020年:三位)酬金最高人士的酬金在以下範圍(以港幣列示)內:

		2021 2021年	2020 2020年
HKD1,000,001 to HKD1,500,000	港幣1,000,001元至港幣1,500,000元	3	3

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

10. (Loss) Earnings Per Share

(a) Basic (loss) earnings per share

The calculation of basic loss per share (2020: basic earnings per share) is based on the loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company of approximately RMB3,672,714,000 (2020: profit of approximately RMB438,036,000) and the weighted average of 2,551,412,046 ordinary shares (2020: 2,552,700,273 ordinary shares) in issue during the year, calculated as follows:

Weighted average number of ordinary shares:

10. 每股(虧損)盈利

(a) 每股基本(虧損)盈利

每股基本虧損(2020年:每股基本盈 利)的計算基於本年度的本公司權益股 東應佔虧損約人民幣3,672,714,000元 (2020年:溢利約人民幣438,036,000 元),以及已發行普通股的加權平 均數2,551,412,046股(2020年: 2,552,700,273股),計算如下:

普通股加權平均數:

		Note 附註	2021 2021年 Number of shares 股數	2020 2020年 Number of shares 股數
Issued ordinary shares at 1 January Effect of shares repurchased and cancelled	於1月1日的已發行普通股購回和註銷股份的影響	29(c) (i)	2,552,303,477 (891,431)	2,555,848,477
Weighted average number of ordinary shares at 31 December	於12月31日的普通股加權平 均數		2,551,412,046	2,552,700,273

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Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

10. (Loss) Earnings Per Share (Continued)

(b) Diluted (loss) earnings per share

For the year ended 31 December 2021, diluted loss per share is the same as basic loss per share as the effect of potential ordinary share is anti-dilutive.

For the year ended 31 December 2020, the calculation of diluted earnings per share is based on the diluted profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company of approximately RMB406,619,000 and the diluted weighted average number of ordinary shares of 2,820,018,206, calculated as follows:

Profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company (diluted)

10. 每股(虧損)盈利(績)

(b) 每股攤薄(虧損)盈利

截至2021年12月31日止年度,因潛在普 通股具有反攤薄效應,故每股攤薄虧損 與每股基本虧損相同。

截至2020年12月31日止年度,每股攤薄 盈利的計算基於本公司權益股東應佔攤 薄溢利約人民幣406,619,000元及已攤薄 普通股加權平均數2,820,018,206股,計 算如下:

本公司權益股東應佔溢利(攤薄)

		2020
		2020年
		RMB'000
		人民幣千元
Profit attributable to equity shareholders	權益股東應佔溢利	438,036
After tax effect of effective interest on the	實際利息對可轉換債券的負債部分帶	
liability component of convertible bonds	來的税後影響	(8,756)
After tax effect of gains recognised on the	已確認溢利對可轉換債券的衍生部分	
derivative component of convertible bonds	帶來的税後影響	(22,661)
Profit attributable to equity shareholders (diluted)	權益股東應佔溢利(攤薄)	406,619

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

10. (Loss) Earnings Per Share (Continued)

10. 每股(虧損)盈利(績)

(b) Diluted (loss) earnings per share (Continued)

(diluted) at 31 December

(b) 每股攤薄(虧損)盈利(續)

(ii) Weighted average number of ordinary shares (diluted)

(ii) 普通股加權平均數(攤薄)

2020 2020年 Number of shares 股數

2,820,018,206

Weighted average number of ordinary shares at 31 December 平均數 2,552,700,273 Effect of conversion of convertible bonds 轉換可轉換票據的影響 267,317,933 Weighted average number of ordinary shares 於12月31日的普通股加權

11. Property and Equipment

11. 物業及設備

平均數(攤薄)

		Hotel properties 酒店物業 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Supermarkets 超市 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Office premise 寫字樓 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Motor vehicles 汽車 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Office equipment 辦公室設備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cost:	成本:						
At 1 January 2020	於2020年1月1日	687,849	59,713	157,495	52,475	83,514	1,041,046
Additions	增置	258,090	_	4,769	312	7,314	270,485
Acquisition of a subsidiary (Note 24(c))	收購附屬公司(附註24(c))	-	_	-	-	474	474
Disposals	處置			(17,465)	(1,755)	(3,506)	(22,726)
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	945,939	59,713	144,799	51,032	87,796	1,289,279
At 1 January 2021	於2021年1月1日	945,939	59,713	144,799	51,032	87,796	1,289,279
Additions	增置	1,966	6	13,519	326	21,579	37,396
Deregistration of a subsidiary	附屬公司註銷	-	-	-	(654)	(35)	(689)
Disposals	處置	(6,373)	(4,593)	(4,985)	(9,416)	(5,763)	(31,130)
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	941,532	55,126	153,333	41,288	103,577	1,294,856
Accumulated depreciation:	累計折舊:						
At 1 January 2020	於2020年1月1日	205,726	7,626	77,260	41,011	66,056	397,679
Charge for the year	年度折舊	101,277	1,254	20,426	2,976	12,221	138,154
Written back on disposals	處置時撥回			(7,073)	(829)	(2,457)	(10,359)
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	307,003	8,880	90,613	43,158	75,820	525,474

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

11. Property and Equipment (Continued)

11. 物業及設備(續)

		Hotel properties 酒店物業 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Supermarkets 超市 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Office premise 寫字樓 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Motor vehicles 汽車 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Office equipment 辦公室設備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2021	於2021年1月1日	307,003	8,880	90,613	43,158	75,820	525,474
Charge for the year	年度折舊	104,505	87	17,676	1,821	6,742	130,831
Written back on deregistration of	附屬公司註銷撥回						
a subsidiary		-	-	-	(175)	(25)	(200)
Written back on disposals	處置時撥回	(516)	(981)	(19)	(9,038)	(4,190)	(14,744)
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	410,992	7,986	108,270	35,766	78,347	641,361
Net book value:	賬面淨值:						
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	638,936	50,833	54,186	7,874	11,976	763,805
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	530,540	47,140	45,063	5,522	25,230	653,495

(a) The net book values of hotel properties, supermarkets and office premise in aggregate of approximately RMB622,743,000 at 31 December 2021 (2020: approximately RMB743,955,000), were under mediumterm leases in the PRC.

which are set out in Note 26(I) to the consolidated financial

- Certain portion of the Group's hotel properties were pledged against certain loans and borrowings, details of 和借
- (c) At 31 December 2021, the Group had not obtained ownership certificates for certain hotel properties, supermarkets and office premises with aggregate carrying value of approximately RMB26,574,000 (2020: approximately RMB27,660,000). The directors of the Company are of the opinion that the Group is entitled to lawfully occupy or use these properties.

statements.

- (a) 於2021年12月31日,本集團在中國以中期租賃持有酒店物業、超市及寫字樓的賬面淨值總額約為人民幣622,743,000元 (2020年:約人民幣743,955,000元)。
- (b) 本集團的部分酒店物業已作為部分貸款 和借款的抵押,詳情載列於綜合財務報 表附註26(1)。
- (c) 於2021年12月31日,本集團尚未為部分 酒店物業、超市及寫字樓取得房產證, 其賬面總值分別約為人民幣26,574,000 元(2020年:約人民幣27,660,000元)。 本公司董事認為,本集團有權合法佔用 或使用這些物業。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

11. Property and Equipment (Continued)

11. 物業及設備(續)

(d) Right-of-use assets

The analysis of the net book value of right-of-use assets by class of underlying asset is as follows:

(d) 使用權資產

按標的資產類別分類的使用權資產之賬 面淨值分析如下:

		Notes 附註	2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Office premise, carried at depreciated cost Hotel properties, carried at depreciated cost	寫字樓,以折舊成本 列賬 酒店物業,以折舊成 本列賬	(i) (ii)	24,340 110,587	19,359 189,324
Investment properties, carried at fair value, with remaining lease term of: – between 10 and 50 years	以公允價值列賬的投 資物業之剩餘租賃 期如下: -10-50年	(iii)	23,272	27,745
	. 5 50 1	()	158,199	236,428

During the year ended 31 December 2021, additions to right-of-use assets related to the expensed lease payments payable under new tenancy agreements were approximately RMB21,121,000 (2020: approximately RMB262,606,000).

(i)

款。

(i) Office premise

The Group has obtained the right to use office premise as its office work building through tenancy agreements. The leases typically run for an initial period of 2 to 10 years. Some leases include an option to renew the lease when all terms are renegotiated. None of the leases includes an option to purchase the leased office premise at the end of the lease term at a price deemed to be a bargain purchase option. None of the leases includes variable lease payments.

寫字樓 本集團已涌過和賃協議獲得使用寫 字樓作為其辦公建築的權利。該等 租賃通常初始期限為2到10年。若 干租賃包含在所有條款重新協商後 續訂租賃的選擇權。該等租賃均未 包括在租賃期末以被視為議價購買 的價格購買所租賃寫字樓的選擇

權。該等租賃均未包含可變租賃付

於截至2021年12月31日止年度,與新租

賃協議項下已列支應付租賃付款相關的

使用權資產增置約為人民幣21,121,000

元(2020年:約人民幣262,606,000元)。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

11. Property and Equipment (Continued)

(d) Right-of-use assets (Continued)

(ii) Hotel properties

The Group has obtained the right to use hotel properties by sale and leasebacks through tenancy agreements. The leases typically run for an initial period of 3 to 7 years. None of the leases include an option to renew the lease when all terms are renegotiated. None of the leases includes an option to purchase the leased hotel properties at the end of the lease term at a price deemed to be a bargain purchase option. None of the leases includes variable lease payments.

(iii) Investment properties

The Group leases out investment properties under operating leases. The leases typically run for an initial period of 2 to 15 years, with an option to renew the lease after that date at which time all terms are renegotiated. Lease payments are usually increased every 1 year to 4 years to reflect market rentals. None of the leases includes variable lease payments.

11. 物業及設備(續)

使用權資產(續)

(ii) 酒店物業

本集團已通過租賃協議獲得使用酒 店物業進行銷售和售後回租的權 利。該等租賃通常初始期限為3到7 年。該等租賃均無包含在所有條款 重新協商後續訂租賃的選擇權。該 等租賃均未包括在租賃期末以被視 為議價購買的價格購買所租賃酒店 物業的選擇權。該等和賃均未包含 可變租賃付款。

(iii) 投資物業

本集團通過經營租賃出租投資物 業。該等租賃通常初始期限為2到 15年,且具有於所有條款重新協商 的日期後續訂租賃的選擇權。租賃 付款額通常會每1到4年遞增一次, 以反映市場和金。該等和賃均未包 含可變租賃付款。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

12. Investment Properties

12. 投資物業

		Properties under construction 在建物業 RMB′000 人民幣千元	Completed properties 已落成物業 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總額 RMB′000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2020 Additions	於2020年1月1日 增置	1,270,400 83,273	10,399,705	11,670,105 83,273
Transfer from properties under development and completed	轉自發展中物業和 持作銷售用途的	03,273	_	65,275
properties held for sale Valuation (losses)/gains on investment	已落成物業 投資物業估值(虧損)/	223,362	182,434	405,796
properties	收益	(39,936)	82,583	42,647
Transfer to completed properties	撥入已落成物業	(589,819)	589,819	-
Disposals	處置		(25,463)	(25,463)
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	947,280	11,229,078	12,176,358
	₩ 2004 / 7 4 / 1 / 1 / 1			
At 1 January 2021 Additions	於2021年1月1日 增置	947,280	11,229,078	12,176,358
Transfer from properties under	^{垣且} 轉自發展中物業和	11,373	81,528	92,901
development and completed	持作銷售用途的			
properties held for sale	已落成物業	1.540	36,105	37,645
Valuation losses on investment	投資物業估值虧損	•		, ,
properties		(16,684)	(35,327)	(52,011)
Disposals	處置	_	(227,182)	(227,182)
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	943,509	11,084,202	12,027,711

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

12. Investment Properties (Continued)

(a) Fair value measurement of properties

(i) Fair value hierarchy

The following table presents the fair value of the Group's investment properties measured at the end of each reporting period on a recurring basis, categorised into the three-level fair value hierarchy as defined in IFRS 13, Fair value measurement. The level into which a fair value measurement is classified is determined with reference to the observability and significance of the inputs used in the valuation technique as follows:

- Level 1: Fair value measured using only Level 1 inputs, i.e. unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date
- Level 2: Fair value measured using Level 2 inputs, i.e. observable inputs which fail to meet Level 1, and not using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data are not available
- Level 3: Fair value measured using significant unobservable inputs

12. 投資物業(績)

物業的公允價值計量

(i) 公允價值層級

下表呈列本集團於每個資產負債表 日按經常基準所計量的投資物業公 允價值。該等物業已歸入《國際財 務報告準則》第13號-「公允價值計 量/所界定的三個公允價值層級。 本集團參照以下估值方法所採用的 輸入值的可觀察程度和重要性,從 而釐定公允價值計量數值所應歸屬 的層級:

• 第一層級: 只使用第一層級輸 入值(即相同資產或 負債於計量日期在 活躍市場的未經調 整報價)來計量公允 價值

• 第二層級: 使用第二層級輸入 值(即未達第一層級 的可觀察輸入值)並 捨棄重大不可觀察 輸入值來計量公允 價值。不可觀察輸 入值是指欠缺市場 數據的輸入值

• 第三層級: 採用重大不可觀察 輸入值來計量公允 價值

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

12. Investment Properties (Continued)

12. 投資物業(績)

- (a) Fair value measurement of properties (Continued) (a) 物業的公允價值計量(績)

(i) Fair value hierarchy (Continued)

(i) 公允價值層級(績)

Tan Value merareny (commucu)		(1) ムル原 温相 敬 (収)			
		Fair value at 31 December 2021 於2021年 12月31日 的公允價值	31 Decemb	ue measurem er 2021 catego 021年12月31日 允價值計量分类 Level 2	orised into 的
		RMB′000 人民幣千元	第1層級 RMB'000 人民幣千元	第2層級 RMB'000 人民幣千元	第3層級 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Recurring fair value measurement Investment properties:	按經常基準所計量 的公允價值 投資物業:				
– Commercial	一商業	12,027,711	_	_	12,027,711
		F:			
		Fair value at 31 December	Fair va	lue measureme	ents at
		2020		ber 2020 catego	
		於2020年			
		12月31日	於2	020年12月31日	的
		的公允價值		於介價值計量分類	
			Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
		RMB'000	第1層級 RMB'000	第2層級 RMB'000	第3層級 RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Recurring fair value measurement Investment properties: - Commercial	按經常基準所計量 的公允價值 投資物業: 一商業	12,176,358			

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

12. Investment Properties (Continued)

Fair value measurement of properties (Continued)

(i) Fair value hierarchy (Continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2021, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2, or transfers into or out of Level 3 (2020: Nil). The Group's policy is to recognise transfers between levels of fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period in which they occur.

All of the Group's completed investment properties and investment properties under construction were revalued at 31 December 2021 and 2020. The valuations were carried out by CHFT Advisory And Appraisal Ltd ("CHFT"), a firm of independent qualified valuers in Hong Kong with recent experience in the location and category of properties being valued. The Group's finance manager and the chief financial officer have discussion with the valuers on the valuation assumptions and valuation results when the valuation is performed at each interim and annual reporting date.

12. 投資物業(績)

物業的公允價值計量(續) (a)

(i) 公允價值層級(績)

於截至2021年12月31日止年度, 在第一與第二層級之間並無出現任 何公允價值轉移,亦無任何公允價 值轉入第三層級或自第三層級轉出 (2020年:無)。本集團的政策是在 公允價值層級之間出現轉移的報告 期完結時確認有關變動。

本集團的所有已落成投資物業和在 建投資物業於2021年及2020年12 月31日進行重估。估值工作由香港 一家獨立、專業的合資格估值師-華坊諮詢評估有限公司(「華坊」)進 行,該測量師行近期在重估物業的 所在地點和類別均積累了相關的經 驗。本集團的財務管理人和財務總 監已與估值師討論在各中期和年度 報告日進行估值的假設和結果。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

12. Investment Properties (Continued)

12. 投資物業(績)

- (a) Fair value measurement of properties (Continued)
- (a) 物業的公允價值計量(續)

Information about Level 3 fair value measurements

(ii) 第三層級公允價值計量的資料

		Significant		
	Valuation	unobservable		Weighted
	techniques	inputs	Range	average
		重大不可觀察的		
	估值技術	輸入值	範圍	加權平均
Completed	Direct comparison	Market unit sale	4,320 - 49,060	21,106
investment properties	approach, and	price (RMB/sq.m.)	(2020: 6,120 – 75,800)	(2020: 36,986)
已落成投資物業	直接比較法及	市場單位銷售價格	4,320 – 49,060	21,106
	1130000000	(人民幣元/	(2020年:	(2020年:
		平方米)	6,120 – 75,800)	36,986)
	Income capitalisation	Capitalisation rate	3.0% - 6.5%	5.19%
	approach		(2020: 3.5% –	(2020: 5.55%)
			6.5%)	
	收入資本化法	資本化率	3.0% -6.5%	5.19%
			(2020年:	(2020年:
			3.5% – 6.5%)	5.55%)
		Market monthly rent	3 – 110	34
		rate (RMB/sq.m.)	(2020: 10 – 239)	(2020: 41)
		市場每月租值	3 – 110	34
		(人民幣元/	(2020年:	(2020年:41)
		平方米)	10 <i>– 239</i>)	
Investment	Direct comparison	Market unit sale	15,822 – 19,925	15,851
properties under	approach	price (RMB/sq.m.)	(2020: 16,361 –	(2020: 17,491)
construction			21,384)	
在建投資物業	直接比較法	市場單位銷售價格	15,822 – 19,925	15,851
		(人民幣元/	(2020年:	(2020年:
		平方米)	<i>16,361 – 21,384)</i>	17,491)

The fair values of completed investment properties is determined using an open market value basis with reference to comparable sales transactions as identified in the relevant markets, and where, appropriate, taking into account of the fair market valuations using the income capitalisation approach. The fair value measurement is positively correlated to the market monthly rent rate and market unit sale price, and negatively correlated to the capitalisation rate.

已落成投資業務公允價值採用公開 市值為基準,參考有關市場的可比 較銷售交易,並在適當情況下使用 收入資本化法考慮公平市場估值。 公允價值計量與市場每月租值、市 場單位銷售價格存在正相關性,與 資本化率存在負相關性。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

12. Investment Properties (Continued)

(a) Fair value measurement of properties (Continued)

(ii) Information about Level 3 fair value measurements (Continued)

The investment properties under construction have been valued on the basis that the properties will be constructed and completed in accordance with the relevant development plans. The valuation were performed by CHFT by using the direct comparison approach which is commonly used in valuating development sites by establishing the market value of the properties on an "as-if" completed basis with appropriate deductions on construction costs, professional fees and interest payments to be incurred at the valuation date as well as developer's profits. The fair value measurement is positively correlated to the market unit sale price.

Given the outbreak of COVID-19 which has caused high volatility to the global economy and uncertainties to the property market, this disruption has increased the uncertainty of the assumptions adopted in the valuation process. Consequently, the on-going development of COVID-19 may cause unexpected volatility in the future fair value of the investment properties subsequent to 31 December 2021.

The losses on disposal of investment properties and changes in fair value of investment properties are presented in "other income" and "other operating expenses", and "valuation losses/gains on investment properties" in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, respectively.

(b) The investment properties were under mediumterm leases in the PRC.

(c) At 31 December 2021, the Group had not obtained ownership certificates for certain completed investment properties with aggregate carrying value of approximately RMB717,383,000 (2020: approximately RMB680,847,000). The directors of the Company are of the opinion that the Group is entitled to lawfully occupy or use these properties.

12. 投資物業(續)

物業的公允價值計量(續) (a)

第三層級公允價值計量的資料(續)

在建投資物業乃以物業將按照相關 開發計劃發展及完成為基準進行估 值。華坊對在建物業的公允價值的 評估,是採用了市場上常用的直接 比較法,即首先評估「假設物業已 落成時」的市場價值,然後適當地 扣減將會產牛的建造成本、專家費 用、於評估日的利息付款和發展商 溢利等。公允價值計量與市場單位 銷售價格存在正相關性。

鑒於新冠肺炎疫情的爆發給全球經 濟帶來了極大的動盪,並給物業市 場帶來了不確定性,這種干擾增加 了估值過程中採用假設的不確定 性。因此,新冠肺炎疫情的持續發 展可能會導致2021年12月31日後 的投資物業未來公允價值出現意外 波動。

出售投資物業的虧損及投資物業公 允價值的變動,在綜合全面收益 表的「其他收入」和「其他經營費用」 及「投資物業估值虧損/收益」內列 報。

(b) 本集團在中國以中期租賃持有投資物業。

(c) 於2021年12月31日,本集團尚未取得部 分已落成投資物業的房產證,這些物業 的賬面總值約為人民幣717,383,000元 (2020年:約人民幣680,847,000元)。本 公司董事認為,本集團有權合法佔用或 使用這些物業。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

12. Investment Properties (Continued)

- (d) At 31 December 2021, approximately RMB6,690,822,000 completed investment properties of the Group (2020: approximately RMB6,150,930,000), were pledged to secure and guarantee certain loans and borrowings, details of which are set out in Note 26(I) to the consolidated financial statements.
- (e) At 31 December 2021, certain investment properties with carrying value of approximately RMB1,189,000,000 (2020: approximately RMB1,217,000,000) of the Group are not permitted for sale until the end of August 2025.
- (f) Total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in place at the reporting date will be receivable by the Group in future periods as follows:

12. 投資物業(績)

- (d) 於2021年12月31日,本集團約人民幣6,690,822,000元的已落成投資物業(2020年:約人民幣6,150,930,000元)已作為取得及保證若干貸款和借款的抵押,有關詳情載列於綜合財務報表附註26(I)。
- (e) 於2021年12月31日,本集團賬面值約為 人民幣1,189,000,000元(2020年:約人 民幣1,217,000,000元)的某些投資物業直 至2025年8月底才允許出售。
- (f) 根據報告日已簽訂的不可撤銷經營租賃,本集團於未來期間內收取的未來 最低租賃付款總額列示如下:

		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Within 1 year	1年內	142,283	138,393
After 1 year but within 2 years	1年後但2年內	123,754	135,615
After 2 years but within 3 years	2年後但3年內	108,522	97,608
After 3 years but within 4 years	3年後但4年內	100,012	79,396
After 4 years but within 5 years	4年後但5年內	86,635	65,965
After 5 years	5年後	448,832	414,531
		1,010,038	931,508

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

13. Intangible Assets

13. 無形資產

		Exclusive right of land development 土地開發專有權 RMB′000 人民幣千元
Cost:	成本:	
At 1 January 2020, 31 December 2020,1 January 2021 and 31 December 2021	於2020年1月1日和2020年12月31日、2021 年1月1日和 2021年12月31日	863,900
Accumulated amortisation and impairment losses:	累計攤銷及減值虧損:	
At 1 January 2020	於2020年1月1日	_
Transferred to properties under development and completed properties held for sale	轉至發展中物業和持作銷售用途的 已落成物業	(116,055)
At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021 Impairment losses	於2020年12月31日和2021年1月1日 減值虧損	(116,055) (747,845)
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	(863,900)
Net book value:	賬面淨值:	
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	_
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	747,845

Intangible asset at 31 December 2020 represented the exclusive right of land development, acquired from the acquisition of a subsidiary, which was determined by reference to the excess earnings method under income approach.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, due to the property market in the PRC in downturn and the continuing impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, the intangible asset was fully impaired.

於2020年12月31日的無形資產是指通過收購一 間附屬公司所獲得的土地開發專有權,該金額 乃參照收益法中的超額收益法釐定。

截至2021年12月31日止年度,由於中國房地產 市場低迷以及COVID-19疫情的持續影響,無形 資產已悉數減值。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

14. Investments in Subsidiaries

The following list contains only the particulars of subsidiaries which principally affected the results, assets or liabilities of the Group. The class of shares held is ordinary unless otherwise stated.

14. 於附屬公司的投資

下表只載列對本集團的業績、資產或負債有重大影響的附屬公司詳情。除另有註明者外,所持有的股份均為普通股。

			Proportio	on of ownershi 所有權權益比例		
Name of company	Place of incorporation and business	Particulars of issued and paid up capital and debt securities 已發行及繳足股本和	Group's effective interest 本集團的	Held by the Company	Held by a subsidiary	Principal activity
公司名稱	註冊成立和經營地點	債務證券詳情	實際權益	由本公司持有	由附屬公司持有	主要業務
1 Guangxi Vantone Real Estate Co., Ltd.# ("Guangxi Vantone")	Guangxi Zhuang, Autonomous Region, the PRC	RMB192,525,900	100%	-	100%	Property developmen
1 廣西萬通房地產有限公司 (「廣西萬通」)**	中國廣西壯族自治區	人民幣192,525,900元	100%	-	100%	物業開發
2 Sunshine 100 Real Estate Group Co., Ltd. # ("Sunshine 100 Group")	Beijing, the PRC	RMB1,000,000,000	100%	-	100%	Investment holding
2 陽光壹佰置業集團有限公司(「陽光 壹佰置業集團」)*	中國北京	人民幣1,000,000,000元	100%	-	100%	投資控股
3 Chang Zhou Kailei Properties Limited# ("Changzhou Kailei")	Jiangsu Province, the PRC	RMB117,640,000	51%	-	51%	Property developmen
3 常州凱雷置業有限公司(「常州凱雷」)*	中國北京	人民幣117,640,000元	51%	-	51%	物業開發
4 Wenzhou Center Plaza Construction Development Co., Ltd. # ("Wenzhou Center")	Zhejiang Province, the PRC	RMB204,080,000	100% (2020: 51%) (Note i, iv)	-	100% (2020: 51%) (Note i, iv)	Property developmen
4 溫州中心大廈建設發展有限公司 (「溫州中心」)*	中國浙江	人民幣204,080,000元	100% <i>(2020年:</i> 51%)(附註i、iv)	-	100% <i>(2020年:</i> 51%)(附註i、iv)	物業開發
5 Chang Jia International Limited ("Chang Jia")	the BVI	50,000 shares at USD1 each	55%	-	55%	Investment holding
5 長佳國際有限公司(「長佳」)	英屬維爾京群島	50,000股股份 每股1美元	55%	-	55%	投資控股
6 Wenzhou Shihe Eco-city Development Co., Ltd. # ("Wenzhou Shihe")	Zhejiang Province, the PRC	RMB204,080,000	100% (2020: 51%) (Note ii)	-	100% (2020: 51%) (Note ii)	Property developmen
6 溫州世和生態城開發有限公司(「溫 州世和」)*	中國浙江	人民幣204,080,000元	100% <i>(2020年:</i> 51%)(附註ii)	-	100% <i>(2020年:</i> <i>51%)(附註ii)</i>	物業開發

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Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

14. Investments in Subsidiaries (Continued)

14. 於附屬公司的投資(績)

			Proporti	on of ownershi 所有權權益比例		
Name of company	Place of incorporation and business	Particulars of issued and paid up capital and debt securities 已發行及繳足股本和	Group's effective interest 本集團的	Held by the Company	Held by a subsidiary	Principal activity
公司名稱	註冊成立和經營地點	債務證券詳情	實際權益	由本公司持有	由附屬公司持有	主要業務
7 Jinan Sunshine 100 Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. # ("Jinan Sunshine 100")	Shandong Province, the PRC	RMB100,000,000	49% (Note iii)	-	49% (Note iii)	Property development
7 濟南陽光壹佰房地產開發有限公司 (「濟南陽光100」)*	中國山東	人民幣100,000,000元	49% <i>(附註iii)</i>	-	49% <i>(附註iii)</i>	物業開發
8 Xizang Sunshine 100 Sales Management Co., Ltd. # ("Xizang Sales Management")	Tibet Autonomous Region, the PRC	RMB100,000,000	100%	-	100%	Sales management
8 西藏陽光壹佰營銷管理有限公司 (「西藏營銷管理」)*	中國西藏自治區	人民幣100,000,000元	100%	-	100%	營銷管理
9 Wenzhou Zhongxin Haoyuan Investment Co., Ltd. #("Wenzhou Zhongxin Haoyuan")	Zhejiang Province, the PRC	RMB100,000,000	100% (Note iv)	-	100% (Note iv)	Property development
9 溫州中信昊園投資有限公司(「溫州中信昊園」)*	中國浙江	人民幣100,000,000元	100% <i>(附註iv)</i>	-	100% <i>(附註iv)</i>	物業開發
10 Tianjin Langyida Enterprise Management Co., Ltd. # ("Tianjin Langyida")	Tianjin, the PRC	RMB100,000,000	80%	-	80%	Property development
(Tranjin Langyida) 10 天津琅壹達企業管理有限公司 ([天津琅壹達])*	中國天津	人民幣100,000,000元	80%	-	80%	物業開發
# English translation for ide	entification purpose	es only.	#	英文翻譯僅供	: 識別之用。	
* These subsidiaries are re in the PRC.	egistered as a limite	ed liability company	*	該等附屬公司。 公司。	可是在中國註冊	成立的有限責任
** The subsidiary is regis venture enterprise in the		oreign equity joint	**	該附屬公司是 營公司。	是在中國註冊成	立的中外合資合

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

14. Investments in Subsidiaries (Continued)

Note:

- (i) On 6 July 2021, the transfer of the remaining 49% equity interests of Wenzhou Center from the noncontrolling shareholders to Sunshine 100 Group had been completed at the aggregate consideration of approximately RMB212,000,000. Accordingly, Wenzhou Center became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company from 6 July 2021.
- (ii) On 6 July 2021, the transfer of the remaining 49% equity interests of Wenzhou Shihe from the noncontrolling shareholders to Sunshine 100 Group had been completed at the aggregate consideration of approximately RMB441,950,000. Accordingly, Wenzhou Shihe became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company from 6 July 2021.
- (iii) Notwithstanding the Company held only 49% equity interest in Jinan Sunshine 100, the directors of the Company are of opinion that the Company has control over Jinan Sunshine 100 in view of below factors:
 - (a) over half of the number of directors in the board of directors of Jinan Sunshine 100 were assigned and under controlled by the Company; and
 - (b) the operating strategy and policy of Jinan Sunshine 100 need to be approved with over half of the number of directors.

In view of the above, the directors of the Company considered the Company has control over the operation of Jinan Sunshine 100, which has the rights to variable returns and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over Jinan Sunshine 100. Therefore, the directors of the Company are of opinion that Jinan Sunshine 100 is a subsidiary under control of the Company.

(iv) In December 2019, the Group had entered into a loan agreement with a connected person, Beijing International Trust Co., Ltd. ("Beijing Trust"), and in July 2021, the Group had entered into a loan agreement with an independent third party (together with Beijing Trust, the "Lenders"), in which part of equity interests of Wenzhou Zhongxin Haoyuan and Wenzhou Center, respectively, was transferred to the Lenders pursuant to certain credit enhancement structural terms and the Group has a right to re-acquire the relevant equity interest at a predetermined price. The management of the Company had assessed that the Group had not lost control over Wenzhou Zhongxin Haoyuan and Wenzhou Center since they considered the equity interests were held on behalf by the Lender solely for a credit enhancement measure.

14. 於附屬公司的投資(續)

附註:

- (i) 於2021年7月6日,非控股股東向陽光壹佰 集團轉讓溫州中心餘下49%股權的交易已完 成,總代價約為人民幣212,000,000元。因 此,溫州中心自2021年7月6日起成為本公司 的全資附屬公司。
- (ii) 於2021年7月6日,非控股股東向陽光壹佰 集團轉讓溫州世和餘下49%股權的交易已完 成,總代價約為人民幣441,950,000元。因 此,溫州世和自2021年7月6日起成為本公司 的全資附屬公司。
- (iii) 儘管本公司僅持有濟南陽光100的49%股權,但鑒於以下因素,本公司董事認為本公司擁有對濟南陽光100的控制權:
 - (a) 濟南陽光100董事會過半數董事由本公司委派並受本公司控制;及
 - (b) 濟南陽光100的經營戰略及政策需要獲得半數以上董事的批准。

鑒於上述情況,本公司董事認為,本公司對 濟南陽光100的營運擁有控制權,其有權利享 有可變動回報,及有能力透過對濟南陽光100 的權力影響所獲取之回報。因此,本公司董 事認為,濟南陽光100是受本公司控制的附屬 公司。

(iv) 於2019年12月,本集團與關連人士北京國際信託有限公司(「北京信託」)簽署貸款協議,以及於2021年7月,本集團與獨立第三方(連同北京信託合稱為「貸款人」)簽署貸款協議,據此,溫州中信昊園及溫州中心的部分股權根據若干增信結構條款分別轉讓予貸款人,且本集團有權利以預定價格重新獲得相關股權。本公司管理層經評估認為,本集團並未失去對溫州中信昊園及溫州中心的控制權,原因是彼等認為貸款人代其持有該等股權僅為採取增信措施。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

14. Investments in Subsidiaries (Continued)

The following tables list out the information relating to Jinan Sunshine 100, Chang Jia and Wenzhou Center, the subsidiaries of the Group which have material non-controlling interests ("NCI"). The summarised financial information presented below represents the amounts before any inter-company elimination.

Jinan Sunshine 100

14. 於附屬公司的投資(續)

下表詳列了濟南陽光100、長佳及溫州中心(本 集團擁有重大非控股權益的附屬公司)的相關資 料。下表呈列的財務資料概要為集團內公司間 互相進行抵銷前的數額。

濟南陽光100

		At 31 December 2021 於2021年 12月31日	At 31 December 2020 於2020年 12月31日
NCI percentage	非控股權益的百分比	51%	51%
		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current assets Non-current assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	流動資產 非流動資產 流動負債 非流動負債	1,516,210 1,697,377 (911,850) (392,959)	1,779,730 1,588,490 (1,156,263) (486,749)
Net assets	淨資產 ————————————————————————————————————	1,908,778	1,725,208
Carrying amount of NCI	非控股權益的賬面金額	973,477	879,856

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

14. Investments in Subsidiaries (Continued)

14. 於附屬公司的投資(績)

Jinan Sunshine 100 (Continued)

濟南陽光100(續)

		For the	For the
		year ended	year ended
		31 December	31 December
		2021	2020
		截至2021年	截至2020年
		12月31日	12月31日
		止年度	止年度
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Revenue	收入	1,073,947	1,562,430
Profit for the year	年度溢利	233,571	426,145
Total comprehensive income	全面收入總額	233,571	426,145
Profit allocated to NCI	分配非控股權益股東的盈利	119,121	217,334
Dividends paid to NCI	支付非控股權益股東的股息	25,500	
Net cash flows (used in) from:	(所用)產生的現金流量淨額:		
Operating activities	經營活動	(44,405)	437,896
Investing activities	投資活動	1,021	(47,342)
Financing activities	融資活動	(200,000)	(307,339)

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

14. Investments in Subsidiaries (Continued)

14. 於附屬公司的投資(績)

Chang Jia and its subsidiaries

長佳及其附屬公司

		At 31 December 2021 於2021年 12月31日	At 31 December 2020 於2020年 12月31日
NCI percentage	非控股權益的百分比	45%	45%
		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current assets Non-current assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	流動資產 非流動資產 流動負債 非流動負債	2,940,682 173,962 (2,833,099) (86,805)	4,966,963 156,915 (3,628,253) (118,840)
Net assets	淨資產	194,740	1,376,785
Carrying amount of NCI	非控股權益的賬面金額	87,633	619,553

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14. Investments in Subsidiaries (Continued) 14. 於附屬公司的投資(績)

Chang Jia and its subsidiaries (Continued)

長佳及其附屬公司(續)

		For the	For the
		year ended	year ended
		31 December	31 December
		2021	2020
		截至2021年	截至2020年
		12月31日	12月31日
		止年度	止年度
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Revenue	收入	218,841	391,450
Profit for the year	年度溢利	55,794	1,426,735
	2 11 2 (4-47		
Total comprehensive income	全面收入總額	55,794	1,426,735
5 (0.1)			
Profit allocated to NCI	分配非控股權益股東的盈利	25,107	642,031
Division of the Mot	ᆉᄼᆉᇄᇄᅓᆇᇭᅕᄱᇄᅌ	557.007	500.004
Dividends paid to NCI	支付非控股權益股東的股息	557,027	593,621
Not each flavor from (wood in)	玄比(於田)故珥入汝是涇朔。		
Net cash flows from (used in):	產生(所用)的現金流量淨額:	755 404	(OOE 044)
Operating activities	經營活動	755,161	(305,211)
Investing activities	投資活動	1,119,019	719,289
Financing activities	融資活動	(1,933,571)	(515,405)

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

14. Investments in Subsidiaries (Continued)

14. 於附屬公司的投資(績)

Wenzhou Center 溫州中心

		At 31 December 2020 於2020年
		12月31日
NCI percentage	非控股權益的百分比	49%
		2020
		2020年
		RMB'000
		人民幣千元
Current assets	流動資產	2,538,366
Non-current assets	非流動資產	999,218
Current liabilities	流動負債	(2,092,069)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(798,033)
Net assets	淨資產	647,482
Carrying amount of NCI	非控股權益的賬面金額	317,266

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

14. Investments in Subsidiaries (Continued)

14. 於附屬公司的投資(續)

Wenzhou Center (Continued)

溫州中心(績)

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年 12月31日 止年度 RMB'000 人民幣千元

收入	6,455
年度溢利	17,358
全面收入總額	17,358
分配非控股權益股東的盈利	8,505
支付非控股權益股東的股息	-
產生(所用)的現金流量淨額:	
經營活動	36,232
投資活動)	(27,462)
融資活動	-
	年度溢利 全面收入總額 分配非控股權益股東的盈利 支付非控股權益股東的股息 產生(所用)的現金流量淨額: 經營活動 投資活動)

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

15. Investments in Associates

The following list contains only the particulars of the material associates, all of which are unlisted corporate entities incorporated in the PRC, whose quoted market prices are not available.

15. 於聯營公司的投資

下表只載列對本集團有重大影響的聯營公司(未 載列公司全部均在中國註冊成立的未上市企業 實體,其未掛牌市場價值無法取得)的詳情。

	nme of company 司名稱	Place of incorporation 註冊成立地點	Particulars and paid-in capital 實收資本 和詳情 RMB′000 人民幣千元	Proportion of ownership interest held by subsidiaries 由附屬公司 持有所有權 權益比率	Principal activity 主要業務
1	Beijing Yinxin Guanghua Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. * ("Beijing Yinxin")	Beijing, the PRC	66,660	49%	Property investment
1	北京银信光华房地產開發有限公司(「北京銀信」)	中國北京	66,660	49%	物業投資
2	Guangxi Tianqi Investment Co., Ltd. # ("Guangxi Tianqi")	Guangxi, the PRC	60,000	30%	Property investment
2	廣西天祺投資有限公司(「廣西天祺」)	中國廣西	60,000	30%	物業投資
3	Chongqing Sunshine 100 Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. * ("Chongqing Sunshine 100")	Chongqing, the PRC	379,130	30%	Property development
3	重慶陽光壹佰房地產開發有限公司 (「重慶陽光100」)	中國重慶	379,130	30%	物業開發

All of the above associates are accounted for using the equity method in the consolidated financial statements.

English translation for identification purposes only.

上述所有聯營公司均以權益法在綜合財務報表 中列賬。

英文翻譯僅供識別。

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Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

15. Investments in Associates (Continued)

Summarised financial information of the material associates, adjusted for any differences in accounting policies, and reconciled to the carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements, are disclosed below:

Beijing Yinxin 北京銀信

15. 於聯營公司的投資(續)

下表載列主要聯營公司的財務資料概要(經就任何會計政策差異加以調整)及其與綜合財務報表內賬面金額的對賬:

		2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current assets Non-current assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	流動資產 非流動資產 流動負債 非流動負債	244,087 1,190,357 (102,954) (300,650)	231,389 1,194,428 (105,001) (301,650)
Net assets	淨資產	1,030,840	1,019,166
Reconciled to the Group's interests in the associate: Gross amounts of net assets of the associate	與本集團所持聯營公司權益的對賬:聯營公司資產淨值總額	1,030,840	1,019,166
Group's effective interest	本集團的實際權益	49%	49%
Group's share of net assets of the associate/carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements	本集團應佔聯營公司的資產淨值/綜合財務報表的賬面金額	505,112	499,391
		For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年 12月31日 止年度 RMB'000 人民幣千元	For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年 12月31日 止年度 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue	收入	23,662	25,654
Profit (Loss) for the year	年度溢利(虧損)	11,674	(7,162)
Total comprehensive income (loss)	全面收入(虧損)總額	11,674	(7,162)
Dividends received from the associate	獲取聯營公司的股息	-	

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Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

15. Investments in Associates (Continued)

15. 於聯營公司的投資(績)

Guangxi Tianqi 廣西天祺

		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current assets Non-current assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	流動資產 非流動資產 流動負債 非流動負債	1,985,028 1,005 (832,335) (10,101)	2,195,434 166 (1,130,276) –
Net assets	淨資產	1,143,597	1,065,324
Reconciled to the Group's interests in the associate: Gross amounts of net assets of the associate	與本集團所持聯營公司權益的對賬:聯營公司資產淨值總額	1,143,597	1,065,324
Group's effective interest	本集團的實際權益	30%	30%
Group's share of net assets of the associate/carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements	本集團應佔聯營公司的資產淨值/ 綜合財務報表的賬面金額	343,079	319,597
		For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年 12月31日 止年度 RMB′000 人民幣千元	For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年 12月31日 止年度 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue	收入	709,133	251,128
Profit for the year	年度溢利	78,273	32,807
Total comprehensive income	全面收入總額	78,273	32,807
Dividends received from the associate	獲取聯營公司的股息	-	_

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

15. Investments in Associates (Continued)

15. 於聯營公司的投資(續)

Chongqing Sunshine 100

重慶陽光100

		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current assets Non-current assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	流動資產 非流動資產 流動負債 非流動負債	10,493,151 2,033 (9,896,395) –	9,237,480 5,019 (8,541,411) (4,081)
Net assets	淨資產	598,789	697,007
Reconciled to the Group's interests in the associate: Gross amounts of net assets of the associate	與本集團所持聯營公司權益的對賬:聯營公司資產淨值總額	598,789	697,007
Group's effective interest	本集團的實際權益	30%	30%
Group's share of net assets of the associate/carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements	本集團應佔聯營公司的資產淨值/ 綜合財務報表的賬面金額	374,030	403,495
		For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年 12月31日 止年度 RMB'000 人民幣千元	For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年 12月31日 止年度 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue	收入	137,334	169,998
Loss for the year	年度虧損	(98,217)	(74,645)
Total comprehensive loss	全面虧損總額	(98,217)	(74,645)
Dividends received from the associate	獲取聯營公司的股息	-	_

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15. Investments in Associates (Continued)

15. 於聯營公司的投資(績)

Aggregate information of associates that are not individually material:

個別而言並不重大的聯營公司的整體資料:

Aggregate carrying amount of individually 個別而言並不重大的聯盟 immaterial associates in the consolidated 综合財務報表中的總則 financial statements	長面金額	3,137
Aggregate amounts of the Group's share of 本集團應佔個別而言並 ² individually immaterial associates 聯營公司的份額 -年度虧損		3,502)
- Total comprehensive loss - 全面虧損總額	(20,469) (3	3,502)

16. Income Tax in the Consolidated Statement of 16. 綜合財務狀況表所示的所得稅 **Financial Position**

(a) Current taxation liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position represents:

(a) 綜合財務狀況表所示的本年稅項為:

		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
PRC Corporate Income Tax payable Land Appreciation Tax payable	應付中國企業所得税 應付土地增值税	1,239,598 728,689	1,432,213 570,368
		1,968,287	2,002,581

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16. Income Tax in the Consolidated Statement of 16. 綜合財務狀況表所示的所得稅(績) **Financial Position (Continued)**

(b) Deferred assets and liabilities recognised:

Movements of each component of deferred tax assets and liabilities

The components of deferred tax assets (liabilities) recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position and the movements during the years are as follows:

(b) 已確認遞的延稅項資產與負債:

(i) 遞延稅項資產和負債的每個組成部 分的變動

已在綜合財務狀況表確認的遞延税 項資產(負債)的組成部分和各年度 變動如下:

			Tax losses	Land development for sale, properties under development and completed properties held for sale 特售土地 開發、發展中		Amortisation of capitalised contract costs	Loss allowance	Property and equipment	Fair value adjustment on intangible asset	Total
		Notes 附註	稅項虧損 RMB'000 人民幣千元	物業和持作 銷售用途的 已落成物業 RMB'000 人民幣千元	投資物業 RMB'000 人民幣千元	資本化合同 成本的攤銷 RMB'000 人民幣千元	虧損準備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	物業及設備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	無形資產的 公允價值調整 RMB'000 人民幣千元	總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2020	於2020年1月1日		604,795	(1,265,200)	(1,752,004)	(71,849)	214,796	(8,563)	(215,975)	(2,494,000)
Credited (Charged) to profit or loss Acquisition of a subsidiary	在損益(計入)列支 收購一間附屬公司	7(a) 24(c)	58,986 -	30,557 (8,440)	(11,997) –	31,033	30,796 -	384	-	139,759 (8,440)
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日		663,781	(1,243,083)	(1,764,001)	(40,816)	245,592	(8,179)	(215,975)	(2,362,681)
At 1 January 2021	於2021年1月1日		663,781	(1,243,083)	(1,764,001)	(40,816)	245,592	(8,179)	(215,975)	(2,362,681)
Credited (Charged) to profit or loss	在損益(計入)列支	7(a)	78,199	62,099	13,003	32,113	154,406	384	215,975	556,179
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日		741,980	(1,180,984)	(1,750,998)	(8,703)	399,998	(7,795)	-	(1,806,502)

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16. Income Tax in the Consolidated Statement of **Financial Position (Continued)**

16. 綜合財務狀況表所示的所得稅(續)

(b) Deferred assets and liabilities recognised: (Continued)

- (b) 已確認遞的延稅項資產與負債:(續)
- Reconciliation to the consolidated statement of financial position:

(ii) 與綜合財務狀況表的對賬:

	2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Deferred tax assets recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position Deferred tax liabilities recognised 在綜合財務狀況表確認的遞延 in the consolidated statement 就項負債	949,595	657,118
of financial position	(2,756,097)	(3,019,799)
	(1,806,502)	(2,362,681)

Deferred tax assets not recognised

(c) 未確認的遞延稅項資產

The Group has not recognised deferred tax assets in respect of cumulative tax loss in certain subsidiaries of approximately RMB1,254,048,000 at 31 December 2021 (2020: approximately RMB901,147,000), as it is not probable that future taxable profits against which the losses can be utilised will be available in the relevant subsidiaries. At 31 December 2021, approximately RMB121,849,000, RMB161,862,000, RMB171,654,000, RMB277,636,000 and RMB521,047,000 of these tax losses will expire in 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025 and 2026, respectively (2020: approximately RMB141,842,000, RMB124,595,000, RMB163,916,000, RMB181,496,000 and RMB289,298,000 of these tax losses will expire in 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024 and 2025, respectively).

於2021年12月31日,本集團未就部分 附屬公司為數約人民幣1,254,048,000元 (2020年:約人民幣901,147,000元)的 累計税項虧損確認遞延税項資產,因為 相關附屬公司獲得未來應稅溢利以抵扣 虧損的機會不大。於2021年12月31日, 這些税項虧損中的約人民幣121,849,000 元、人民幣161,862,000元、人民幣 171,654,000元、人民幣277,636,000 元及521,047,000元將分別於2022年、 2023年、2024年、2025年及2026年屆 滿(2020年:這些税項虧損中的約人民 幣141,842,000元、人民幣124,595,000 元、人民幣163,916,000元、人民幣 181,496,000元及289,298,000元將分別 於2021年、2022年、2023年、2024年 及2025年屆滿)。

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16. Income Tax in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (Continued)

(c) Deferred tax assets not recognised (Continued)

The Group also has not recognised the deferred tax assets in respect of write-down of completed properties held for sale and properties under development in certain subsidiaries of approximately RMB400,349,000 at 31 December 2021 (2020: Nil), as it is not probable that those subsidiaries will have sufficient taxable profits in foreseeable future to utilise the tax deduction resulted from the write-down.

(d) Deferred tax liabilities not recognised

According to the Implementation Rules of the Corporate Income Tax Law of the PRC, the Company's subsidiaries in the PRC are levied a 10% withholding tax on dividends declared to their foreign investment holding companies arising from profits earned subsequent to 1 January 2008. In respect of dividends that are subject to the withholding tax, provision for withholding tax is recognised for the dividends that have been declared, and deferred tax liability is recognised for those to be declared in the foreseeable future. At 31 December 2021, temporary differences relating to the undistributed profits of the subsidiaries in the PRC amounted to approximately RMB4,851,397,000 (2020: approximately RMB6,483,405,000). Deferred tax liabilities of approximately RMB485,140,000 (2020: approximately RMB648,341,000) have not been recognised in respect of the tax that would be payable on the distribution of these retained profits as the Company controls the dividend policy of these subsidiaries and it has been determined that it is probable that profits earned subsequent to 1 January 2008 will not be distributed in the foreseeable future.

16. 綜合財務狀況表所示的所得稅(續)

(c) 未確認的遞延稅項資產(續)

於2021年12月31日,本集團未就部分附屬公司為數約人民幣400,349,000元(2020年:人民幣零元)的撇減持作銷售用途的已落成物業和發展中物業確認遞延稅項資產,因為該等附屬公司在可預見未來獲得足夠應稅溢利以利用撇減產生的稅項減免的機會不大。

(d) 未確認的遞延稅項負債

根據《中華人民共和國企業所得稅法》實 施細則,本公司的中國附屬公司就2008 年1月1日起錄得的溢利向其外資控股公 司派發股息的,須按10%繳納預扣稅。 在須繳納預扣税的股息中,應就已經宣 派的股息確認預扣税撥備,就在可見的 將來宣派的股息確認遞延税項負債。於 2021年12月31日,與中國附屬公司的 未分派溢利有關的暫時差異約為人民幣 4,851,397,000元(2020年:約人民幣 6,483,405,000元)。由於本公司能夠控 制這些附屬公司的股息政策,並已決定 於2008年1月1日後獲得的溢利很可能 不會在可見的將來分派,故尚未就分派 這些保留溢利而應付的税項確認約人民 幣485,140,000元(2020年:約人民幣 648,341,000元)的遞延税項負債。

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17. Other Financial Assets

17. 其他金融資產

		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Non-current Equity securities designated at FVOCI (non-recycling)	非流動 指定按FVOCI計量的權益證券(不可 轉回)		
 Unlisted equity securities Financial assets measured at FVPL 	一非上市權益證券 以FVPL計量的金融資產	11,413	11,413
- Unlisted investment funds	一非上市投資基金 	125,796	225,692
		137,209	237,105
Current	流動		
Structure notes measured at amortised cost ("Structure Notes")	按攤銷成本計量的結構性票據(「結 構性票據」)	318,785	326,245
		455,994	563,350

18. Properties Under Development and Completed Properties Held for Sale

18. 發展中物業和持作銷售用途的已落成物業

		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Properties under development	發展中物業	21,997,910	22,554,351
Completed properties held for sale	持作銷售用途的已落成物業	6,603,058	6,797,581
		28,600,968	29,351,932

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18. Properties Under Development and Completed Properties Held for Sale (Continued)

(a) The analysis of carrying value of leasehold land included in properties under development and completed properties held for sale is as follows:

18. 發展中物業和持作銷售用途的已落 成物業(績)

(a) 租賃土地(包括發展中物業和持作銷售用 途的已落成物業)的賬面金額分析如下:

		2021 2021年	2020 2020年
		RMB′000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
In the PRC – Long-term lease – Medium-term lease	中國境內 -長期租賃 -中期租賃	3,996,187 2,214,487	4,327,076 2,475,958
		6,210,674	6,803,034

- **(b)** The amount of properties under development expected to be recovered after more than one year is analysed as follows:
- (b) 預期在超過一年以上的期間收回的發展中物業的數額分析如下:

	2021 2021年	2020 2020年
	RMB′000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Properties under development 發展中物業	16,915,370	17,107,214

All of the other properties under development and completed properties held for sale are expected to be recovered within one year.

所有其他發展中物業和持作銷售用途的 已落成物業預計可於一年內收回。

- (c) The analysis of the amount of properties under development and completed properties held for sale recognised as cost of sales and write-down included in profit or loss is as follows:
- (c) 作為銷售成本和撇減計入損益的發展中物業和持作銷售用途的已落成物業的金額分析如下:

		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Carrying amount of properties sold Write-down of properties under development and completed	已售物業的賬面金額 發展中物業和持作銷售用途的已 落成物業的撇減	3,578,466	3,653,856
properties held for sale		400,349	53,928
		3,978,815	3,707,784

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18. Properties Under Development and Completed **Properties Held for Sale (Continued)**

(d) Certain properties under development and completed properties held for sale of the Group were pledged against the loans and borrowings. Details are disclosed in Note 26(I) to the consolidated financial statements.

19. Land Development for Sale

18. 發展中物業和持作銷售用途的已落 成物業(續)

(d) 本集團的部分發展中物業和持作銷售用 途的已落成物業已作為貸款和借款的 抵押, 詳情載列於綜合財務報表附註 26(I) °

19. 待售土地開發

	2021	2020
	2021年	2020年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Land development for sale	售土地開發 2,950,639	2,615,378

Land development for sale mainly represents the cost of land development for the Group's land development projects. Though the Group does not have ownership title or land use rights to the land, the Group is given the right to carry out preparation works in respect of land infrastructure in those projects. When the land plots are sold by the local governments, the Group is entitled to receive from the local authorities a proportion of the proceeds from land sales.

待售土地開發主要是指本集團土地開發項目的土地開 發成本。雖然本集團並未擁有土地所有權或土地使用 權,但本集團已獲權就該等項目中的土地基礎設施開 展準備工作。地方政府出售地塊時,本集團有權取得 地方當局出售土地的部分款項。

Land development for sale is expected to be realised in the normal operating cycle, which is longer than twelve months.

待售土地開發預期在正常工作遇期內(超過12個月)完

Revenue in relation to land development for sale is recognised at a point in time, which is depending on the timing of sales of related land plots by the government to third parties.

待售土地開發所得的相關收入應按照政府向第三方出 售相關土地的時間於某個時間點予以確認。

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20. Contract Costs

20. 合同成本

		2021 2021年	2020 2020年
		 RMB′000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Contract costs – Sales commissions	合同成本 一銷售佣金	315,429	295,280

Contract costs capitalised at 31 December 2021 and 2020 relate to the incremental sales commissions paid to property agents whose selling activities resulted in customers entering into sale and purchase agreements for the Group's properties which are still under construction at reporting date. Contract costs are recognised as part of "Selling expenses" in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income in the period in which sales from properties is recognised. The amount of capitalised costs recognised in profit or loss during the year ended 31 December 2021 was approximately RMB107,917,000 (2020: approximately RMB100,665,000). There was no impairment in relation to the capitalised costs or the costs capitalised during the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: Nil).

The Group applies the practical expedient in paragraph 94 of IFRS 15 and recognises the incremental costs of obtaining contracts relating to the sale of properties as an expense when incurred if the amortisation period of the assets that the Group otherwise would have recognised is within the same reporting period as the date of entering into the contract.

At 31 December 2021, the amount of capitalised contract costs that is expected to be recovered after more than one year was approximately RMB35,158,000 (2020: approximately RMB94,328,000).

於2021年及2020年12月31日資本化的合同成本與支付予地產代理商的增量銷售佣金相關,而地產代理商的銷售活動促使客戶就本集團於報告日的在建物業簽訂買賣協議。合同成本於物業銷售確認期間被確認為綜合全面收益表中「銷售費用」的一部分。截至2021年12月31日止年度期間於損益中確認的資本化成本金額約為人民幣107,917,000元(2020年:約人民幣100,665,000元)。資本化成本或截至2021年12月31日止年度期間已資本化成本並無任何減值(2020年:人民幣零元)。

本集團採用《國際財務報告準則》第15號第94段 的適當事宜,若本集團簽訂該合同的日期與該 資產的攤銷期處於同一報告期,則本集團於獲 取物業銷售合同的增量成本發生時,將其確認 為開支。

於2021年12月31日,預計一年後收回的資本化合同成本金額約為人民幣35,158,000元(2020年:約人民幣94,328,000元)。

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21. Contract Liabilities

21. 合同負債

Contract liabilities represented proceeds received on property unit sales that have not been recognised as revenue in accordance with the Group's revenue recognition policy.

合同負債是指未根據本集團收入確認政策確認 為收入的物業單位銷售已收款項。

		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period Decrease in contract liabilities as a result of recognising revenue during the year that was included in the contract liabilities at	於報告期初的結餘 因計入報告期期初合同負債年內確 認收入而導致的合同負債減少	9,840,791	9,106,391
the beginning of the reporting period Increase in contract liabilities as a result of	銷售按金導致的合同負債增加	(3,985,221)	(5,119,814)
sales deposits Acquisition of a subsidiary (Note 24(c))	收購一間附屬公司(附註24(c))	1,939,974 -	5,657,996 196,218
Balance at the end of the reporting period	於報告期末的結餘	7,795,544	9,840,791

The amount of contract liabilities expected to be recognised as income after more than one year is approximately RMB4,069,576,000 (2020: approximately RMB3,135,651,000).

預計超過一年後將被確認為收入的合同負債金 額約為人民幣4,069,576,000元(2020年:約人 民幣3,135,651,000元)。

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22. Trade and Other Receivables

22. 應收賬款及其他應收款

		Notes	2021 2021年 RMB′000	2020 2020年 RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	應收賬款,已扣除虧損撥備 向第三方提供的貸款,已扣	(a) (b)	545,024	877,613
loss allowance	除虧損撥備 向附屬公司非控股權益提供 的貸款,已扣除虧損撥備	(3)	2,365,041	2,593,411
allowance Loans provided to associates, net of	向聯營公司提供的貸款,已	(c)	274,043	715,904
loss allowance	扣除虧損撥備	(d)	281,725	284,396
Amounts due from other related parties	應收其他關聯方款項	(e)	_	30,637
Consideration receivables, net of loss	應收對價,已扣除虧損撥備	(f)		
allowance			491,675	1,508,084
Other receivables	其他應收款		925,529	389,017
Financial assets measured at amortised	按攤銷成本計量的金融資			
cost, net of loss allowance	產,已扣除虧損準備		4,883,037	6,399,062
	按金和預付款	(g)	2,476,660	2,477,668
Doposito una propaymento	WILLY TENY	(9/	2,470,000	2,477,000
			7,359,697	8,876,730
Less: non-current portion of other	減:其他應收款中的非即期			
receivables	部分		(266,481)	(265,658)
			7,093,216	8,611,072

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22. Trade and Other Receivables (Continued)

22. 應收賬款及其他應收款(績)

(a) Trade receivables

Included in the balances are the trade receivables from contracts with customers within IFRS 15:

(a) 應收賬款

結餘內包括《國際財務報告準則》第15號 內來自客戶合約之應收賬款:

	2021	2020
	2021年	2020年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At the beginning of the reporting period 於報告期初	877,613	929,451
At the end of the reporting period 於報告期末	545,024	877,613

During the year ended 31 December 2021, impairment losses of approximately RMB311,290,000 (2020: Nil) is recognised for the trade receivables from contracts with customers within IFRS 15.

Details of ECL are disclosed in Note 32(a) to the consolidated financial statements.

Ageing analysis

As at the end of the reporting period, the ageing analysis of trade receivables (net of loss allowance), based on the revenue recognition date, is as follows:

截至2021年12月31日止年度,已就《國際財務報告準則》第15號內來自客戶合約之應收賬款確認減值虧損約人民幣311,290,000元(2020年:人民幣零元)。

預期信用損失之詳情於綜合財務報表附 註32(a)披露。

賬齡分析

於報告期末,應收賬款(扣除虧損撥備)以 收入確認日期計算的賬齡分析如下:

		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Within 6 months 6 months to 1 year Over 1 year	6個月內 6個月至1年 1年以上	18,949 9,418 516,657	36,554 12,505 828,554
		545,024	877,613

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

22. Trade and Other Receivables (Continued)

(b) Loans provided to third parties

The balance mainly represented loans provided to third parties which were interest bearing at a weighted interest rate of 11% (2020: 11%) per annum. The management of the Company measures loss allowance for loans provided to third parties on an individual basis at an amount equal to 12-month ECL unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk of the loan balance since initial recognition, in which case the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, a total loss allowance of approximately RMB902 million was recognised on the loans provided to third parties, which was related to loans provided to a number of companies with credit risk increased. Therefore, a loss allowance based on 12-month ECL of approximately RMB108 million and lifetime ECL of approximately RMB794 million have been recognised thereon. A reversal of impairment loss of approximately RMB3 million was recognised in consolidated profit or loss due to the repayment of impaired loans provided to a third party during the year ended 31 December 2021.

During the year ended 31 December 2020, a total loss allowance of approximately RMB139 million was recognised on the loans provided to third parties, which was related to loans provided to a number of companies with no guarantees or credit risk increased. Therefore, a loss allowance based on 12-month ECL of approximately RMB6 million and lifetime ECL of approximately RMB133 million have been recognised thereon. A reversal of impairment loss of approximately RMB13 million was recognised in consolidated profit or loss during the year ended 31 December 2020.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, loans provided to third parties of approximately RMB749,835,000 were made to certain payees, which are independent third parties, by the payment instructions received from the relevant contracting parties.

Details of ECL are disclosed in Note 32(a) to the consolidated financial statements.

22. 應收賬款及其他應收款(續)

(b) 提供予第三方的貸款

該結餘主要是指向第三方提供的貸款,按加權年利率11%(2020年:11%)計算利息。根據本集團的會計政策,本公司管理層以個別方式以12個月預期信用損失等同的金額就提供予第三方的貸款之虧損準備進行計量,除非貸款結餘的信貸風險自初始確認以來顯著增加,在此情況下,本集團則以整個存續期預期信用損失等同的金額計量虧損準備。

於截至2021年12月31日止年度期間,本 集團就提供予第三方的貸款確認約人民 幣902百萬元的虧損準備總額,該筆虧損 準備乃與提供予多家公司的無擔保或信 貸風險增加的貸款相關。因此確認了12 個月預期信用損失的約人民幣108百萬元 與基於整個存續期預期信用損失的約人 民幣794百萬元虧損準備。於截至2021 年12月31日止年度期間,由於償還提供 給第三方的減值貸款而造成的合併損益 中確認了約人民幣3百萬元的減值損失的 轉回。

於截至2020年12月31日止年度期間,本集團就提供予第三方的貸款確認約人民幣139百萬元的虧損準備總額,該筆虧損準備乃與提供予多家公司的無擔保或信貸風險增加的貸款相關。因此確認了12個月預期信用損失的約人民幣6百萬元與基於整個存續期預期信用損失的約人民幣6百萬元虧損準備。由於提供予第三方的貸款於截至2020年12月31日止年度期間償還,於綜合損益表確認轉回提供予第三方的貸款虧損準備約人民幣13百萬元。

於截至2021年12月31日止年度期間, 已根據相關合約方的付款指示支付向 若干獨立第三方提供的貸款約人民幣 749,835,000元。

預期信用損失之詳情於綜合財務報表附 註32(a)披露。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

22. Trade and Other Receivables (Continued)

(c) Loans provided to non-controlling interests of subsidiaries

The balance at 31 December 2021 represented loans provided to non-controlling interests of subsidiaries, which were unsecured, bearing interest rate at 11% per annum and repayable on demand.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, a total loss allowance of approximately RMB53,819,000 (2020: Nil) was recognised on the loans provided to non-controlling interests of subsidiaries, which was related to the long outstanding loans provided. Therefore, a loss allowance based on 12-month ECL of approximately RMB53,819,000 (2020: Nil) have been recognised thereon.

Details of ECL are disclosed in Note 32(a) to the consolidated financial statements.

(d) Loans provided to associates

The balance at 31 December 2021 and 2020 represented loans provided to associates, which were unsecured, bearing interest rate at 12% (2020:12%) per annum and repayable on demand.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, a total loss allowance of approximately RMB2,781,000 (2020: Nil) was recognised on the loans provided to associates, which was related to the long outstanding loans provided. Therefore, a loss allowance based on 12-month ECL of approximately RMB2,781,000 (2020: Nil) have been recognised thereon.

Details of ECL are disclosed in Note 32(a) to the consolidated financial statements.

22. 應收賬款及其他應收款(續)

向附屬公司非控股權益提供的貸款 (c)

於2021年12月31日的結餘為向附屬公司 非控股權益提供的貸款,其無抵押、年 利率為11%目須按要求償還。

於截至2021年12月31日止年度期間, 本集團就向附屬公司非控股權益提供的 貸款確認約人民幣53,819,000元(2020 年:人民幣零元)的虧損準備總額,該筆 虧損準備乃與長期未償貸款相關。因此 按12個月預期信用損失確認虧損撥備約 人民幣53,819,000元(2020年:人民幣零

預期信用損失之詳情於綜合財務報表附 註32(a)披露。

(d) 向聯營公司提供的貸款

於2021年及2020年12月31日的結餘為向 聯營公司提供的貸款,其為無抵押、年 利率為12%(2020年:12%)且須按要求 僧環。

於截至2021年12月31日止年度期間,本 集團就向聯營公司提供的貸款確認約人 民幣2,781,000元(2020年:人民幣零元) 的虧損準備總額,該筆虧損準備乃與長 期未償貸款相關。因此按12個月預期信 用損失確認虧損撥備約人民幣2,781,000 元(2020年:人民幣零元)。

預期信用損失之詳情於綜合財務報表附 註32(a)披露。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

22. Trade and Other Receivables (Continued)

22. 應收賬款及其他應收款(續)

(e) Amounts due from other related parties

(e) 應收其他關聯方款項

	2021	2020
	2021年	2020年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Advance provided to a key 提供予本集團關鍵管理人員的預付 management personnel of the Group 款項	-	30,637
'		

The balance amounting to approximately RMB30,637,000 at 31 December 2020 represented amounts provided to a key management personnel of the Group, Mr. Chen Meng, which were interest-free, unsecured and had no fixed terms of repayment. Such balance was fully settled during the year ended 31 December 2021.

(f) Consideration receivables

The balance at 31 December 2021 and 2020 represented consideration receivables through disposals of subsidiaries during the current or prior periods. For a specific consideration receivable measured at lifetime ECL, it is considered to be credit-impaired as the amounts have been overdue for over 90 days. The management of the Company updated their inputs into ECL measurement with respect to probability of default and loss given default which resulted in a loss allowance of approximately RMB28,178,000 during the year ended 31 December 2020. No further loss allowance was recognised during the year ended 31 December 2021.

Details of ECL are disclosed in Note 32(a) to the consolidated financial statements.

於2020年12月31日的結餘金額約人民幣30,637,000元指提供予本集團關鍵管理人員陳夢先生的款項,該筆款項為免息、無抵押且無固定還款期。該結餘已於截至2021年12月31日止年度期間內全額結清。

(f) 應收對價

於2021年及2020年12月31日的結餘指本期或以前期間處置附屬公司產生的應收對價。對於以存續期預期信用損失計量的具體應收對價,由於該筆款項逾期超過90天,因此被視為信用受損。本公司管理層就違約概率、違約損失率方面,更新了預期信用損失計量的輸入值,導致截至2020年12月31日止年度期間損失準備金約為人民幣28,178,000元。於截至2021年12月31日止年度期間內,並無進一步確認虧損準備。

預期信用損失之詳情於綜合財務報表附 註32(a)披露。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

22. Trade and Other Receivables (Continued)

(g) Deposits and prepayments

Included in deposits and prepayments, there were deposits for property development to local government of approximately RMB71,189,000 (2020: approximately RMB116,370,000) and deposits for loans and borrowings of approximately RMB213,932,000 (2020: approximately RMB201,761,000).

The restricted deposits for property development were the deposits made to the local government to secure the property development projects, which was the normal practice of property development in the PRC. The restricted deposits will be released upon the completion of respective property development projects.

The restricted deposits for loans and borrowings were the deposits made to the lenders to secure the loans and borrowings drawn down by the Group. The restricted deposits will be released upon the loans and borrowings are settled.

22. 應收賬款及其他應收款(續)

(a) 按金和預付款

按金和預付款中包括給地方政府的物業 開發按金約人民幣71,189,000元(2020 年:約人民幣116,370,000元)及貸款和 借款按金約人民幣213,932,000元(2020 年:約人民幣201,761,000元)。

物業開發的受限制存款為向地方政府支 付的用於擔保物業開發項目的按金,在 中國屬物業開發的常規做法。受限制存 款將於相關物業開發項目竣工後解除。

貸款和借款的受限制存款為本集團向貸 款人支付的用於擔保貸款和借款的按 金。受限制存款將於貸款和借款結清後 解除。

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23. Restricted Deposits

23. 受限制存款

		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
	Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000
	附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
作以下用途的非流動受限制 存款:			
一按揭貸款擔保	(a)	53,232	26,694
一拆遷費用擔保	(b)	33	35
一建造費用擔保	(c)	53	2,459
預售所得款項相關的受限			
制現金	(e)	44,378	87,265
一貸款及借款擔保	24(a),26(l)	3	35
		97,699	116,488
作以下用途的流動受限制存 款:			
-9/ ((a)	69.511	75,572
	()	•	13,552
/ _ / _ / 11 17 27 11 11	, - ,	880	15,000
	(5.7)		
	(e)	321,148	410,105
一貸款及借款擔保	24(a),26(l)	2,105	48,578
		400,312	562,807
	存款: 一按揭貸款擔保 一拆遷費用擔保 一建造費用擔保 一預售所得款項相關的受限 制現金 一貸款及借款擔保 作以下用途的流動受限制存 款: 一按揭費用擔保 一建造費用擔保 一應付票據擔保 一所收取預售所得款項相關 的受限制現金	作以下用途的非流動受限制 存款: 一按揭貸款擔保 (a) 一排遷費用擔保 (b) 一建造費用擔保 (c) 一預售所得款項相關的受限 (e) 一貸款及借款擔保 24(a),26(l) 作以下用途的流動受限制存 款: 一按揭貸款擔保 (a) 一建造費用擔保 (c) 一應付票據擔保 (d) 一所收取預售所得款項相關 的受限制現金 (e)	Processing Processing Series 2021年 RMMB'000 人民幣千元 作以下用途的非流動受限制存款: (a) 53,232 一按揭貸款擔保 (b) 33 一建造費用擔保 (c) 53 一預售所得款項相關的受限制現金 (e) 44,378 一貸款及借款擔保 24(a),26(l) 3 作以下用途的流動受限制存款: (a) 69,511 一建造費用擔保 (c) 6,668 一應付票據擔保 (d) 880 一所收取預售所得款項相關的受限制現金 (e) 321,148 一貸款及借款擔保 24(a),26(l) 2,105

The above restricted deposits are restricted as follows:

The Group has entered into agreements with certain banks and other financial institutions with respect to mortgage loans provided to buyers of the Group's property units. At 31 December 2021, the Group had restricted bank deposits of approximately RMB122,743,000 (2020: approximately RMB102,266,000), as security for settlement of the mortgage instalments under these agreements. Should the mortgagors fail to pay the mortgage monthly instalments, the bank or other financial institution can draw down the security deposits up to the amount of outstanding mortgage instalments and demand the Group to repay the outstanding balance to the extent that the deposit balance is insufficient. Such guarantee deposits will be released when the title of properties are pledged to banks and other financial institutions or the related mortgage loans are repaid by buyers.

上述受限制存款受到以下限制:

(a) 本集團已就提供予本集團物業單位買方的按揭貸款,與部分銀行和其他金本集團根據這些協議以約人民幣122,743,000元(2020年:約人民幣102,266,000元)的受限制銀行存款,作為分期償還按局分期款項,有關銀行或其他金融項可動用最多達未償還按揭分期款可以指有別級有關銀行或其他金融機構可動用最多達未償還按揭分期款可以抵押存款。假如存款結餘不足,則可已經償還有關按揭貸款時,可解除這筆擔保存款。

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23. Restricted Deposits (Continued)

- b) At 31 December 2021, the Group had restricted bank deposits of approximately RMB33,000 (2020: approximately RMB35,000), as non-cancellable guarantees on demolition fees payable to original residents. Should the Group fail to pay the demolition fees, the government can draw down the security deposits up to the amount of outstanding demolition fees and demand the Group to repay the outstanding balance to the extent that the deposit balance is insufficient.
- (c) At 31 December 2021, pursuant to a government regulation, the Group had restricted deposits placed at banks of approximately RMB6,721,000 (2020: approximately RMB16,011,000), as non-cancellable guarantees on construction fees payable to construction contractors. Should the Group fail to settle related construction fees, the construction contractors can drawdown the deposits to settle the relevant sums and demand the Group to repay the outstanding balance to the extent that the deposit balance is insufficient.
- (d) At 31 December 2021, the Group had restricted bank deposits with terms of one to six months of approximately RMB880,000 (2020: approximately RMB15,000,000), as security for settlement of bills payable. Should the Group fail to settle the bills payable, the bank can draw down the security deposits up to the amount of outstanding bills payable and demand the Group to repay the outstanding balance to the extent that the deposit balance is insufficient.
- (e) In accordance with relevant government regulations, certain group entities engaged in property development are required to place the pre-sale proceeds of properties received of approximately RMB365,526,000 (2020: approximately RMB497,370,000) at designated bank accounts as guarantee deposits for construction work of related properties at 31 December 2021. The deposits can only be used for purchases of construction materials and payments of construction fee of the relevant properties upon the approval of Authorities of the Ministry of Housing and Urban-Rural Development and relevant banks. Such guarantee deposits will be released according to the completion stage of the related pre-sold properties.

23. 受限制存款(續)

- (b) 於2021年12月31日,本集團以約人民幣 33,000元(2020年:約人民幣35,000元) 的受限制銀行存款,作為應付原來居民 拆遷費用的不可撤銷擔保。倘若本集團 無法支付有關的拆遷費用,政府可動用 最多達未償還拆遷費用的抵押存款。假 如存款結餘不足,則可要求本集團償還 尚欠餘額。
- (c) 於2021年12月31日,根據一項政府規定,本集團在銀行存入了為數約人民幣6,721,000元(2020年:約人民幣16,011,000元)的受限制銀行存款,作為應付承建商建造費用的不可撤銷擔保。倘若本集團無法支付有關的建造費用,承建商可動用相關的存款以抵償欠款。假如存款結餘不足,則可要求本集團償還尚欠餘額。
- (d) 於2021年12月31日,本集團以約人 民幣880,000元(2020年:約人民幣 15,000,000元)的一個月至六個月受限 制銀行存款,作為償還應付票據的抵押 品。倘若本集團無法支付應付票據,有 關銀行可動用最多達未償還應付票據的 抵押存款。假如存款結餘不足,則可要 求本集團償還尚欠餘額。
- (e) 於2021年12月31日,根據有關政府法規,部分從事物業開發的集團實體須將預售所得款項為數約人民幣365,526,000元(2020年:約人民幣497,370,000元)存於指定銀行戶口,作為相關物業的建造費用擔保存款。這筆存款僅可用於購買建築材料,以及在獲得住房和城鄉建設部當局與有關銀行的批准後支付建造費用。這項擔保存款將按照相關預售物業的完成階段。

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Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

24. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Other Cash Flow Information

24. 現金及現金等價物以及其他現金流 量信息

(a) Reconciliation of liabilities (assets) arising from financing activities

(a) 融資活動所產生負債(資產)的對賬

								Restricted					
								deposits					
								for guarantee			Deposits	Amounts	
		Loans and	Senior	Senior green	Corporate	Convertible	Lease	for loans and	Dividend	Interest	related to	due to related	
		borrowings	notes	notes	bonds	bonds	liabilities	borrowings	payables	payables	loans	parties	Total
								用於貸款及		F			
								借款擔保的					
		貸款和借款	優先票據	優先綠色票據	公司債券	可轉換債券	租賃負債	受限制存款	應付股息	應付利息	貸款相關的接金	應付關聯方款項	合計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		7424111 170	Note 26	719411/174	719410 174	7124111 1 74	75200170	7124111 1 70	7124111 170	719410 174	719410 170	7794111 1 70	AMAIN I AM
		Note (i)	(a)/(b)/(c)/(d)	Note 26(e)	Note 26(f)	Note 26(g)	Note 28	Note 23	Note 27	Note (ii)	Note (iii)	Note 27(d)	
		11010 1/	附註26	11010 2010/	11010 20/1/	11010 2019/	7010 20	11010 20	11010 27	11010 (11)	THOSE (III)	11010 27 10/	
		附註(i)	(a)/(b)/(c)/(d)	附註26(e)	附註26(f)	附註26 (g)	附註28	附註23	附註27	附註(ii)	附註(iii)	附註27(d)	
At 1 January 2021	於2021年1月1日	18,639,587	2,567,637	_	4,634,990	854,673	72,757	(48,613)	233,137	593,085	(204,092)	264,384	27,607,545
												· · · ·	
Changes from financing cash flow:	融資現金流量的變化:												
Proceeds from loans and borrowings	貸款和借款所得款項	4,797,760	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,069)	-	4,793,691
Proceeds from issuance of senior notes	發行優先票據所得款項	-	741,305	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	741,305
Proceeds from issuance of senior green notes	發行優先綠色票據所得款項	-	-	1,452,216	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,452,216
	發行公司債券所得款項	_	-	-	887,547	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	887,547
	償還貸款和借款	(3,281,345)	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3,281,345)
	償還公司債券	-	_	_	(2.466.292)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(2,466,292)
4.1	贖回可轉換債券	_	_	_	-	(571,027)	_	_	_	_	_	_	(571,027)
	償還優先票據	_	(1,485,069)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(1,485,069)
	償還優先綠色票據	_	(.,,,	(83,789)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(83,789)
	已付利息	_		-	_	(23,439)	_	_	_	(2,207,928)	_	_	(2,231,367)
	受限制存款的减少	_	_	_	_	-		46,505	_	(2)207,020)	_	_	46,505
	已付租賃租金的資本部分	_	_				(28,678)	10,000		_	_	_	(28,678)
· ·	已付租賃租金的利息部分		_				(7,617)	_			_	_	(7,617)
	償還來自關聯方的貸款		_				(1,011)	_			_	(4,108)	(4,108)
1 /	已付股息		_	_	_	_	_	_	(744,133)	_	_	(4,100)	(744,133)
этиста раш	CINO								(744,100)				(177,100)
Total changes from financing cash flow	融資現金流量的變化總額	1,516,415	(743,764)	1,368,427	(1,578,745)	(594,466)	(36,295)	46,505	(744,133)	(2,207,928)	(4,069)	(4,108)	(2,982,161)
Exchange adjustments	匯兌調整	-	(7,460)	-	-	(23,865)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(31,325)
Other changes:	其他變動:												
Dividend declared	宣派股息	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	744,133	-	-	-	744,133
	取消股息	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(233,137)	-	-	-	(233,137)
Interest expenses //Vote 6/a//	利息支出 <i>(附註6(a))</i>	-	-	-	28,263	87,965	7,617	-	-	3,574,964	-	-	3,698,809
	年內訂立新租賃產生的租賃負債												
new leases during the year	增加	-	-	-	-	-	21,121	-	-	-	-	-	21,121
Total other changes	其他變動總額	-	-	_	28,263	87,965	28,738	_	510,996	3,574,964	-	_	4,230,926
Aver D	Hone/Fee Doe F	00 (== = = =	40	4.000 100	0.00	00.000	A	la sar!		4000	[pas as :1		00.001.00-
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	20,156,002	1,816,413	1,368,427	3,084,508	324,307	65,200	(2,108)		1,960,121	(208,161)	260,276	28,824,985

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

24. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Other Cash 24. 現金及現金等價物以及其他現金流 Flow Information (Continued)

(a) Reconciliation of liabilities (assets) arising from financing activities (Continued)

量信息(績)

(a) 融資活動所產生負債(資產)的對賬(績)

		Loans and borrowings	Senior notes	Corporate bonds	Convertible bonds	Lease liabilities	Restricted deposits for guarantee for loans and borrowings 用於貸款及借款擔保的	Dividend payables	Interest payables	Deposits related to loans 貸款相關	Amounts due to related parties 應付關	Total
		貸款和借款	優先票據		可轉換債券	租賃負債	受限制存款	應付股息		的按金	聯方款項	
		RMB'000	RMB′000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元 <i>Note 26</i>	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		Note (i)	(a)/(b)/(c)/(d)	Note 26(f)	Note 26(g)	Note 28	Note 23	Note 27	Note (ii)	Note (iii)	Note 27(d)	
			附註26									
		M註()	(a)/(b)/(c)/(d)	附註26(f)	附註26(g)	附註28	附註23	附註27	附註间	<i>附註(ii)</i>	附註27(d)	
At 1 January 2020	於2020年1月1日	14,872,236	4,686,863	4,941,711	879,659	84,989	(981,413)	-	571,157	(99,671)	1,089	24,956,620
Changes from financing cash flow:	融資現金流量的變化:											
Proceeds from loans and borrowings	貸款和借款所得款項	10,761,015	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(104,421)	_	10,656,594
Proceeds from issuance of senior notes	發行優先票據所得款項	-	848,208	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	848,208
Proceeds from issuance of corporate bonds	發行公司債券所得款項	_	· -	683,847	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	683,847
Repayment of loans and borrowings	償還貸款和借款	(7,603,184)	_	· -	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(7,603,184)
Repayment of corporate bonds	償還公司債券	-	_	(1,000,000)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(1,000,000)
Repayment of senior notes	償還優先票據	_	(2,826,300)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(2,826,300)
Interest paid	已付利息	-	16,889	-	(52,748)	-	_	-	(2,947,624)	-	-	(2,983,483)
Decrease in restricted deposits	受限制存款的减少	-	-	-	-	-	932,800	-	-	-	-	932,800
Capital element of lease rentals paid	已付租賃租金的資本部分	-	-	-	-	(19,582)	_	-	-	-	-	(19,582)
Interest element of lease rentals paid	已付租賃租金的利息部分	-	-	-	-	(5,341)	-	-	-	-	-	(5,341)
Loans from related parties	來自關聯方的貸款	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33,295	33,295
Loans from associates	來自聯營公司的貸款	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	230,000	230,000
Dividend paid	已付股息	-	-	-	-	-	-	(660,221)	-	-	_	(660,221)
Total changes from financing cash flow	融資現金流量的變化總額	3,157,831	(1,961,203)	(316,153)	(52,748)	(24,923)	932,800	(660,221)	(2,947,624)	(104,421)	263,295	(1,713,367)
Exchange adjustments	匯兌調整	-	(158,023)	-	(57,298)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(215,321)
Changes in fair value	公允價值的變動	-	-	-	(18,998)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(18,998)
Other changes:	其他變動:											
Dividend declared	宣派股息	-	-	-	-	-	-	893,358	-	-	-	893,358
Interest expenses (Note 6(a))	利息支出 <i>(附註6(a))</i>	-	-	9,432	104,058	5,341	-	-	2,969,552	-	-	3,088,383
Acquisition of subsidiaries /Note 24/c//	收購附屬公司(附註24(c))	609,520	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	609,520
Increase in lease liabilities from entering into new leases during the year	年內訂立新租賃產生的租賃負債增加	-	-	-	-	7,350	-	-	-	-	-	7,350
Total other changes	其他變動總額	609,520	-	9,432	104,058	12,691		893,358	2,969,552	-	-	4,598,611
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	18,639,587	2,567,637	4,634,990	854,673	72,757	(48,613)	233,137	593,085	(204,092)	264,384	27,607,545

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

24. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Other Cash Flow Information (Continued)

(a) Reconciliation of liabilities (assets) arising from financing activities (Continued)

Notes:

- i At 31 December 2021, loans and borrowing consists of long-term loans and borrowing at amortised cost amounting to approximately RMB13,842,428,000 (2020: approximately RMB16,316,143,000) and short-term loans and borrowing at amortised cost amounting to approximately RMB6,313,574,000 (2020: approximately RMB2,323,444,000), included in Note 26 to the consolidated financial statements
- ii Interest payables were included in "Other payables" in "Trade and other payables" (Note 27).
- iii Deposits related to loans were included in "Deposits and prepayments" in "Trade and other receivables" (Note 22).

(b) Total cash outflow for leases

Amounts included in the consolidated statement of cash flow for leases comprise the following:

24. 現金及現金等價物以及其他現金流量信息(績)

(a) 融資活動所產生負債(資產)的對賬(績)

註:

- i 於2021年12月31日,貸款和借款包括以攤銷成本計量的合計約人民幣13,842,428,000元的長期貸款和借款(2020年:約人民幣16,316,143,000元),以及以攤銷成本計量的合計約人民幣6,313,574,000元的短期貸款和借款(2020年:約人民幣2,323,444,000元),如綜合財務報表附註26所載列。
- ii 應付利息計入「應付賬款和其他應付款」中的「其他應付款」(附註27)。
- iii 貸款相關的按金計入「應付賬款和其 他應付款」中的「按金和預付款」(附註 22)。

(b) 租賃現金流出總額

計入租賃綜合現金流量表中的金額包括以下各項:

		2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Related to lease rental paid – Within operating cash flows – Within financing cash flows	與已付租賃租金相關的項目 一包含在經營現金流量內 一包含在融資現金流量內	1,162 36,295	6,010 24,923
		37,457	30,933

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Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

24. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Other Cash Flow Information (Continued)

(c) Net cash outflow arising from the acquisition of a subsidiary

The recognised amounts of assets acquired and liabilities at the date of acquisition of the subsidiary comprise the following:

24. 現金及現金等價物以及其他現金流量信息(績)

(c) 收購一間附屬公司產生的現金流出淨額

於附屬公司收購日確認的被收購資產和 負債的金額包含以下各項:

			2020
			2020年
		Notes	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元
Property and equipment	物業及設備	11	474
Trade and other receivables	應收賬款及其他應收款		57,952
Properties under development and completed	發展中物業和持作銷售用途的已落		
properties held for sale	成物業		1,120,068
Contract costs	合同成本		2,320
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物		17,153
Loans and borrowings	貸款和借款		(609,520)
Trade and other payables	應付賬款和其他應付款		(256,243)
Contract liabilities	合同負債	21	(196,218)
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	16	(8,440)
Total net assets	資產淨值總額		127,546
Total consideration paid in cash	以現金支付的對價總額		157,966
Less: cash of subsidiary acquired	減:被收購附屬公司的現金		(17,153)

140,813

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group acquired 80% of the remaining equity interests and voting interests in Tianjin Langyida which was an associate of and 20% owned by the Group, at a total consideration of approximately RMB157 million which was comprised of an equity consideration of approximately RMB102 million and a debt consideration of approximately RMB55 million. As a result, the Group obtained control of Tianjin Langyida and Tianjin Langyida became and was accounted for as a subsidiary of the Group from then on.

Tianjin Langyida is a project company which develops Tianjin Tianta Project. Taking control of Tianjin Langyida will enable the Group to have exposure to this market through local expertise. 於截至2020年12月31日止年度,本集團 收購了天津琅壹達剩餘的80%股權和表 決權,該公司為本集團的聯營公司且本 集團持有其20%的股權。該筆交易總對 價約為人民1.57億元。其中包括約人民 幣1.02億元的股權對價和約人民幣5,500 萬元的債務對價。因此,本集團取得了 天津琅壹達的控制權,且自此以後天津 琅壹達成為了本集團的附屬公司並作為 集團的附屬公司入賬。

天津琅壹達為負責開發天津天塔項目的項目公司。取得天津琅壹達的控制權, 將使得本集團能夠憑藉本地專業知識進 入該市場。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

24. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Other Cash Flow Information (Continued)

(c) Net cash outflow arising from the acquisition of a subsidiary (Continued)

The assets acquired and liabilities assumed did not constitute a business as defined in IFRS 3 and, therefore, the acquisition has been accounted for as assets acquisition.

(d) Cash and cash equivalents freeze under litigation

As at 31 December 2021, there were ongoing litigations raised by independent third parties to sue the subsidiaries of the Company regarding the construction and loan repayment issues. Resulted from the litigations, several bank deposits were frozen by the local authority.

25. Trading Securities

24. 現金及現金等價物以及其他現金流量信息(績)

(c) 收購一間附屬公司產生的現金流出淨額(績)

被收購的資產和負債不構成《國際財務報告準則》第3號定義的業務。因此,該筆收購被作為資產收購入賬。

(d) 訴訟凍結的現金及現金等價物

截至2021年12月31日,仍有獨立第三方 就工程建設和貸款償還問題向本公司附 屬公司提起訴訟。由於該等訴訟,部分 銀行存款被地方當局凍結。

25. 交易性證券

		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Listed equity securities at FVPL (Note 32(e) (i)) – in Hong Kong – in United States	按FVPL計量的上市權益證券 (附註32(e)(i)) 一於香港上市 一於美國上市	114,079 436	200,874 4,083
		114,515	204,957

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

26. Loans and Borrowings

26. 貸款和借款

		Notes 附註	2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Loans and borrowings at amortised	以攤銷成本計量的貸款和			
cost	借款			
– Long-term	- 長期	(h)	13,842,428	16,316,143
– Short-term	- 短期	(i)	6,313,574	2,323,444
- 2018 Senior Notes	- 2018年優先票據	(a)	1,083,869	1,084,578
- 2019 Senior Notes	- 2019年優先票據	(b)	_	807,866
- 2020 Senior Notes	- 2020年優先票據	(c)	_	675,193
- 2021 Senior Notes	- 2021年優先票據	(d)	732,544	_
- 2021 Senior Green Notes	- 2021年優先綠色票據	(e)	1,368,427	_
- Corporate bonds	- 公司債券	(f)	3,084,508	4,634,990
			26,425,350	25,842,214
Convertible bonds	可轉換債券	(g)	324,307	854,673
			26,749,657	26,696,887

(a) 2018 Senior Notes

The Company issued senior notes of amount of USD165,000,000 on 6 February 2018 (the "2018 Senior Notes 1") and USD170,000,000 on 5 December 2018 (the "2018 Senior Notes 2") (collectively referred to as the "2018 Senior Notes"), which are interest bearing at 8.5% per annum and 10.5% per annum, due in September 2020 and December 2021, respectively, and listed on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (the "Singapore Exchange").

The 2018 Senior Notes were guaranteed by the Company's subsidiaries other than those organised under the laws of the PRC. The guarantees will be released upon the full and final payments of the 2018 Senior Notes.

The 2018 Senior Notes are subject to the fulfilment of certain covenants relating to limitations on indebtedness and certain transactions of the Group. The Group regularly monitors its compliance with these covenants. For the year ended 31 December 2021, none of the covenants relating to the 2018 Senior Notes were breached.

(a) 2018年優先票據

本公司於2018年2月6日(「2018年優先 票據1」)及2018年12月5日(「2018年優 先票據2」)在新加坡證券交易所有限公 司(「新加坡交易所」)發行總額分別為 165,000,000美元及170,000,000美元 的優先票據(以下統稱為「2018年優先票 據」),有關票據年利率分別為8.5%和 10.5%,並分別將於2020年9月及2021 年12月到期。

2018年優先票據分別由本公司除根據中 國法律成立的附屬公司外的附屬公司提 供擔保。有關擔保責任將在本公司全面 和最終付清2018年優先票據的款項時解

2018年優先票據要求本集團須履行對本 集團債務及若干交易的限制的契諾。本 集團定期監控對這些契諾的遵守情況。 於截至2021年12月31日止年度,本集團 並無違反任何與2018年優先票據有關的 契諾。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

26. Loans and Borrowings (Continued)

(a) 2018 Senior Notes (Continued)

In September 2020, the Company redeemed the 2018 Senior Notes 1 in full.

In December 2021, the Company was not able to repay the principal amount and accrued interests of the 2018 Senior Notes 2 according to the scheduled repayment dates. As a result, event of default has taken place (the "Event of Default 1").

(b) 2019 Senior Notes

The Company issued senior notes of amount of USD200,000,000 on 5 July 2019 (the "2019 Senior Notes"), which are interest bearing at 11.5% per annum, due in July 2021, and listed on the Singapore Exchange.

The 2019 Senior Notes were guaranteed by the Company's subsidiaries other than those organised under the laws of the PRC. The guarantees will be released upon the full and final payments of the 2019 Senior Notes.

The 2019 Senior Notes are subject to the fulfilment of certain covenants relating to limitations on indebtedness and certain transactions of the Group. The Group regularly monitors its compliance with these covenants. For the year ended 31 December 2021, none of the covenants relating to the 2019 Senior Notes were breached.

In 2021, the Company redeemed the 2019 Senior Notes in full.

26. 貸款和借款(績)

(a) 2018年優先票據(績)

於2020年9月,本公司全額贖回了2018年優先票據1。

於2021年12月,本公司無法按照預定還款日期償還2018年優先票據2的本金及應計利息。因此,已發生違約事件(「違約事件1」)。

(b) 2019年優先票據

本公司於2019年7月5日在新加坡交易所發行總額為200,000,000美元的優先票據(以下統稱為「2019年優先票據」),該優先票據的年利率為11.5%,並於2021年7月到期。

2019年優先票據分別由本公司除根據中國法律成立的附屬公司外的附屬公司提供擔保。有關擔保責任將在本公司全面和最終付清2019年優先票據的款項時解除。

2019年優先票據要求本集團須履行對本 集團債務及若干交易的限制的契諾。本 集團定期監控對這些契諾的遵守情況。 於截至2021年12月31日止年度,本集團 並無違反任何與2019年優先票據有關的 契諾。

於2021年,本公司全額贖回了2019年優 先票據。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

26. Loans and Borrowings (Continued)

(c) 2020 Senior Notes

The Company issued senior notes of amount of USD105,000,000 and USD18,000,000 on 23 January 2020 (collectively referred to as the "2020 Senior Notes"), which are interest bearing at 11.5%, due in July 2021, and listed on the Singapore Exchange.

The 2020 Senior Notes were guaranteed by the Company's subsidiaries other than those organised under the laws of the PRC. The guarantees will be released upon the full and final payments of the 2020 Senior Notes.

The 2020 Senior Notes are subject to the fulfilment of certain covenants relating to limitations on indebtedness and certain transactions of the Group. The Group regularly monitors its compliance with these covenants. For the year ended 31 December 2021, none of the covenants relating to the 2020 Senior Notes were breached.

In 2021, the Company redeemed the 2020 Senior Notes in

2021 Senior Notes

The Company issued senior notes of amount of USD120,000,000 on 3 February 2021 (the "2021 Senior Notes"), which are interest bearing at 12.0%, due in October 2023, and listed on the Singapore Exchange.

The 2021 Senior Notes were guaranteed by the Company's subsidiaries other than those organised under the laws of the PRC. The guarantees will be released upon the full and final payments of the 2021 Senior Notes.

The 2021 Senior Notes are subject to the fulfilment of certain covenants relating to limitations on indebtedness and certain transactions of the Group. The Group regularly monitors its compliance with these covenants. For the year ended 31 December 2021, none of the covenants relating to the 2021 Senior Notes were breached.

26. 貸款和借款(續)

(c) 2020年優先票據

本公司於2020年1月23日在新加坡交 易所發行總額為105,000,000美元及 18,000,000美元的優先票據(以下統稱為 「2020年優先票據」),該優先票據的利率 為11.5%,並於2021年7月到期。

2020年優先票據分別由本公司除根據中 國法律成立的附屬公司外的附屬公司提 供擔保。有關擔保責任將在本公司全面 和最終付清2020年優先票據的款項時解 除。

2020年優先票據要求本集團須履行對本 集團債務及若干交易的限制的契諾。本 集團定期監控對這些契諾的遵守情況。 於2021年12月31日止年度,本集團並 無違反任何與2020年優先票據有關的契 諾。

於2021年,本公司全額贖回了2020年優 先票據。

(d) 2021年優先票據

本公司於2021年2月3日在新加坡交易所 發行總額為120,000,000美元的優先票據 (以下統稱為[2021年優先票據」),該優 先票據的利率為12.0%,並於2023年10 月到期。

2021年優先票據分別由本公司除根據中 國法律成立的附屬公司外的附屬公司提 供擔保。有關擔保責任將在本公司全面 和最終付清2021年優先票據的款項時解 除。

2021年優先票據要求本集團須履行對本 集團債務及若干交易的限制的契諾。本 集團定期監控對這些契諾的遵守情況。 於截至2021年12月31日止年度,本集團 並無違反任何與2021年優先票據有關的 契諾。

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Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

26. Loans and Borrowings (Continued)

(d) 2021 Senior Notes (Continued)

Resulted from the Event of Default 1 and Event of Default 2 (as defined in Note 26(g) to the consolidated financial statements), the cross-default provision of 2021 Senior Notes was triggered. As a result, the Group being under an immediate repayment obligation and therefore the 2021 Senior Notes were classified as current liabilities at 31 December 2021.

(e) 2021 Senior Green Notes

The Company issued senior green notes of amount of USD219,600,000 on 2 July 2021 (the "2021 Senior Green Notes"), which are interest bearing at 13.0%, due in June 2022, and listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

The 2021 Senior Green Notes were guaranteed by the Company's subsidiaries other than those organised under the laws of the PRC. The guarantees will be released upon the full and final payments of the 2021 Senior Green Notes.

The 2021 Senior Green Notes are subject to the fulfilment of certain covenants relating to limitations on indebtedness and certain transactions of the Group. The Group regularly monitors its compliance with these covenants. For the year ended 31 December 2021, none of the covenants relating to the 2021 Senior Green Notes were breached.

Resulted from the Event of Default 1 and Event of Default 2 (as defined in Note 26(g) to the consolidated financial statements), the cross-default provision of 2021 Senior Green Notes was triggered. As a result, the Group being under an immediate repayment obligation and therefore the 2021 Senior Green Notes were classified as current liabilities at 31 December 2021.

26. 貸款和借款(續)

(d) 2021年優先票據(續)

由于違約事件1和違約事件2(定義見綜合財務報表附註26(g)),2021年優先票據的交叉違約條款被觸發。因此,本集團負有立即還款的義務,且2021年優先票據於2021年12月31日歸類為流動負債。

(e) 2021年優先綠色票據

本公司於2021年7月2日在香港聯交所發行總額為219,600,000美元的優先綠色票據(「2021年優先綠色票據」),該優先票據的利率為13.0%,並於2022年6月到期。

2021年優先綠色票據分別由本公司除根據中國法律成立的附屬公司外的附屬公司提供擔保。有關擔保責任將在本公司全面和最終付清2021年優先綠色票據的款項時解除。

2021年優先綠色票據要求本集團須履 行對本集團債務及若干交易的限制的契 諾。本集團定期監控對這些契諾的遵守 情況。於截至2021年12月31日止年度, 本集團並無違反任何與2021年優先綠色 票據有關的契諾。

由于違約事件1和違約事件2(定義見綜合財務報表附註26(g)),2021年優先綠色票據的交叉違約條款被觸發。因此,本集團負有立即還款的義務,且2021年優先綠色票據於2021年12月31日歸類為流動自債。

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

26. Loans and Borrowings (Continued)

(f) **Corporate bonds**

In 2015, 2016, 2020 and 2021, Guangxi Vantone issued numbers of corporate bonds which are outstanding as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 or settled during the year then ended, comprise following bonds:

- 5-year corporate bonds of RMB1,000,000,000 issued at par, with a coupon rate at 7.95% per annum and an effective interest rate at 8.29% per annum, issued on 16 September 2015 which is listed on Shenzhen Stock Exchange with an option determine the interest rate for the issuer and a put option for the investors at the end of the third year. The corporate bonds were fully repaid during the year ended 31 December 2020;
- 5-year corporate bonds of RMB1,460,000,000 issued at par, with a coupon rate at 6.9% per annum and an effective interest rate at 6.94% per annum from 25 January 2016 to 24 January 2019, and with a coupon rate at 8.5% per annum and an effective interest rate at 8.66% per annum from 25 January 2019 to 24 January 2021, issued on 25 January 2016 which is listed on Shanghai Stock Exchange with an option determine the interest rate for the issuer and a put option for the investors at the end of the third year (quaranteed by the Company). The corporate bonds were fully repaid during the year ended 31 December 2021;
- 7-year corporate bonds of RMB1,500,000,000 issued at par, with a coupon rate at 8.4% per annum and an effective interest rate at 8.53% per annum, issued on 24 February 2016 which is listed on Shenzhen Stock Exchange with an option determine the interest rate for the issuer and a put option for the investors at the end of the fourth year (guaranteed by the Company), which was not exercised by the investors on 23 February 2020 and lapsed since then;

26. 貸款和借款(續)

(f) 公司债券

於2015年、2016年、2020年和2021 年,廣西萬通發行了若干公司債券,其 於2021年及2020年12月31日尚未兑付或 於截至該日止年度期間已兑付,該等公 司債券包括下列類型:

- 於2015年9月16日,於深圳證券 交易所按面值發行共計人民幣 1,000,000,000元的5年期的公司债 券,票面利率為7.95%,實際年利 率為8.29%,於第3年末時發行人 利率選擇權,投資人可行使回售 選擇權;該等公司債券已於截至 2020年12月31日止年度期間全數 償還;
- 於2016年1月25日,於上海證券 交易所按面值發行共計人民幣 1,460,000,000元的5年期的公司債 券,自2016年1月25日至2019年1 月24日的票面利率為6.9%,實際 年利率為6.94%;且自2019年1月 25日至2021年1月24日的票面利率 為8.5%,實際年利率為8.66%, 於第3年末時發行人利率選擇權, 投資人可行使回售選擇權(由本公 司擔保);該等公司債券已於截至 2021年12月31日止年度期間全數 償還;
- 於2016年2月24日,於深圳證券 交易所按面值發行共計人民幣 1,500,000,000元的7年期的公司债 券,票面利率為8.4%,實際年利 率為8.53%,於第4年末時發行人 利率選擇權,投資人可行使回售選 擇權(由本公司擔保);於2020年2 月23日,投資人未行使該選擇權, 自此失效;

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Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

26. Loans and Borrowings (Continued)

(f) Corporate bonds (Continued)

- 5-year corporate bonds of RMB560,000,000 issued at par, with a coupon rate at 7.5% per annum and an effective interest rate at 7.5% per annum from 7 April 2016 to 6 April 2019, and with a coupon rate at 8.5% per annum and an effective interest rate at 8.52% per annum from 7 April 2019 to 7 April 2021, issued on 7 April 2016 which is listed on Shenzhen Stock Exchange with an option determine the interest rate for the issuer and a put option for the investors at the end of the third year. The corporate bonds were fully repaid during the year ended 31 December 2021;
- 5-year corporate bonds of RMB440,000,000 issued at par, with a coupon rate at 7.5% per annum and an effective interest rate at 7.5% per annum from 11 July 2016 to 10 July 2019, and with a coupon rate at 8.5% per annum and an effective interest rate at 8.61% per annum from 11 July 2019 to 11 July 2021, issued on 11 July 2016 which is listed on Shenzhen Stock Exchange with an option determine the interest rate for the issuer and a put option for the investors at the end of the third year. The corporate bonds were fully repaid during the year ended 31 December 2021;
- 2-year corporate bonds of RMB582,000,000 issued at par, with a coupon rate at 8.5% per annum and an effective interest rate at 10.39% (2020: 9.99%) per annum from 22 September 2020 to 22 September 2022, issued on 22 September 2020 which is listed on Shanghai Stock Exchange;
- 2-year corporate bonds of RMB120,000,000 issued at par, with a coupon rate at 9.0% per annum and an effective interest rate at 10.5% (2020: 10.5%) per annum from 30 October 2020 to 30 October 2022, issued on 30 October 2020 which is listed on Shanghai Stock Exchange;

26. 貸款和借款(續)

(f) 公司債券(續)

- 一 於2016年4月7日,於深圳證券 交易所按面值發行共計人民幣 560,000,000元的5年期的公司債 券,自2016年4月7日至2019年4 月6日的票面利率為7.5%,實際 年利率為7.5%;且自2019年4月7 日至2021年4月7日的票面利率為 8.5%,實際年利率為8.52%,於 第3年末時發行人利率選擇權,投 資人可行使回售選擇權;該等公司 債券已於截至2021年12月31日止 年度期間全數償還;
- 一 於2016年7月11日,於深圳證券 交易所按面值發行共計人民幣 440,000,000元的5年期的公司債 券,自2016年7月11日至2019年7 月10日的票面利率為7.5%,實際 年利率為7.5%;且自2019年7月 11日至2021年7月11日的票面利率 為8.5%,實際年利率為8.61%, 於第3年末時發行人利率選擇權, 投資人可行使回售選擇權;該等公 司債券已於截至2021年12月31日 止年度期間全數償還;
- 於2020年9月22日,於上海證券交易所按面值發行共計人民幣582,000,000元的2年期的公司債券:自2020年9月22日至2022年9月22日之間票面利率為8.5%,實際年利率為10.39%(2020年:9.99%);
- 於2020年10月30日,於上海證券交易所按面值發行共計人民幣120,000,000元的2年期的公司債券;自2020年10月30日至2022年10月30日之間票面利率為9.0%,實際年利率為10.5%(2020年:10.5%);

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Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

26. Loans and Borrowings (Continued)

(f) Corporate bonds (Continued)

- 3-year corporate bonds of RMB560,000,000 issued at par, with a coupon rate at 9.0% per annum and an effective interest rate at 9.38% (2020: Nil) per annum from 31 March 2021 to 31 March 2024, issued on 31 March 2021 which is listed on Shanghai Stock Exchange; and
- 2-year corporate bonds of RMB340,000,000 issued at par, with a coupon rate at 9.0% per annum and an effective interest rate at 9.54% (2020: Nil) per annum from 8 July 2021 to 8 July 2023, issued on 8 July 2021 which is listed on Shanghai Stock Exchange.

Convertible bonds (q)

(i) On 28 July 2016, the Company issued convertible bonds due in August 2021, bearing interest at the rate of 6.5% per annum with an aggregate principal amount of USD200,000,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB1,332,300,000) (the "Convertible Bonds 1").

Each bond will at the option of the holder be convertible (unless previously redeemed, converted or purchased and cancelled) on or after 9 December 2016 until and including the day falling ten days prior to 11 August 2021, or, in case of default, until the date of the Convertible Bonds 1 was fully settled, into fully paid ordinary shares with a par value of HKD0.01 each in the issued and paid up capital of the Company at an initial conversion price of HKD3.69 per share subject to adjustment for, amongst other things, consolidation, subdivision or reclassification of shares, capitalisation of profits or reserve, distribution, right issues, issues at less than current market price, modification of rights of conversion, other offers to shareholders and other events which have a dilutive effect on the issued share capital of the Company.

26. 貸款和借款(續)

(f) 公司債券(續)

- 於2021年3月31日,於上海證券 交易所按面值發行共計人民幣 560,000,000元的3年期的公司债 券;自2021年3月31日至2024年3 月31日之間票面利率為9.0%,實 際年利率為9.38%(2020年:無); 及
- 於2021年7月8日,於上海證券 交易所按面值發行共計人民幣 340,000,000元的2年期的公司債 券;自2021年7月8日至2023年7月 8日之間票面利率為9.0%,實際年 利率為9.54%(2020年:無)。

可轉換債券 (q)

2016年7月28日,本公司發行 (i) 2021年8月到期的可換股債券, 年利率為6.5%,本金總額為 200,000,000美元(相當於約人民 幣1,332,300,000元)(「可轉換債券 1])。

> 債券持有人可選擇在2016年12月 9日當日或之後直至2021年8月11 日10日前(包括該日),或(在違約 情況下)直至可轉換債券1全數結清 之日以初步換股價每股港幣3.69元 (除其他外,可因股份合併、拆細 或重新分類、溢利或儲備資本化、 分派、供股、低於目前市場價發 行、轉換權改變、向股東提供的其 他要約以及對本公司已發行股本產 生攤薄影響的其他事項而進行調 整),把債券轉換為本公司已發行 及繳足股本中的每股面值港幣0.01 元的全數繳足普通股。

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Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

26. Loans and Borrowings (Continued)

(g) Convertible bonds (Continued)

(i) (Continued)

Unless previously redeemed, converted or purchased and cancelled, the Convertible Bonds 1 will be redeemed on the maturity date at 112.15% of the principal amount. The Company has an early redemption option at any time after 11 August 2019 (subject to certain criteria). The holders also have an early redemption option to require the Company to redeem all or some of convertible noted on 11 August 2019 at early redemption amount of 106.67% of the principal amount. The interest is payable semi-annually. The Convertible Bonds 1 is listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

As the Convertible Bonds 1 do not contain an equity component, the derivative component of the Convertible Bonds 1 is measured at fair value and the liability component is carried at amortised cost.

During the year ended 31 December 2017, USD800,000 of the Convertible Bonds 1 were converted into 1,681,625 shares of the Company.

During the year ended 31 December 2018, USD200,000 of the Convertible Bonds 1 were converted into 423,852 shares of the Company.

During the year ended 31 December 2019, the Company has redeemed an aggregate principal amount of USD153,600,000 of the Convertible Bonds 1.

On 11 August 2021, the Company was not able to settle the remaining principal and the last instalment of interest of the Convertible Bonds 1 and, as a result, event of default has taken place (the "Event of Default 2").

At 31 December 2021, the carrying amounts of liability and derivative component of the Convertible Bonds 1 were approximately RMB324,307,000 (2020: approximately RMB277,101,000) and Nil (2020: approximately RMB21,000), respectively.

26. 貸款和借款(續)

(q) 可轉換債券(續)

(i) (續)

除非之前已經贖回、轉換或購買及 註銷,可轉換債券1將於到期日按 本金的112.15%贖回。在2019年 8月11日後任何時間,在符合特定 條件下,本公司擁有提前償還選擇 權。債券持有人亦擁有提早贖回選 擇權,於2019年8月11日要求本公 司按本金的106.67%提前贖回全部 或部分可轉換債券。債券利息每半 年支付一次。可轉換債券1於香港 聯交所上市。

由於可轉換債券1不含權益部分, 可轉換債券1衍生部分以公允價值 計量,負債部分以攤銷成本計量。

於截至2017年12月31日止年度期間,可轉換債券1中的800,000美元已轉換為1,681,625股本公司股份。

於截至2018年12月31日止年度期間,可轉換債券1中的200,000美元已轉換為423,852股本公司股份。

於截至2019年12月31日止年度期間,本公司已贖回可轉換債券1本金總額中的153,600,000美元。

於2021年8月11日,本公司未能償付可轉換債券1的剩餘本金和最後一期利息,因此,已發生違約事件(「違約事件2」)。

於2021年12月31日,可轉換債券 1負債和衍生部分的賬面金額分別 約為人民幣324,307,000元(2020 年:約人民幣277,101,000元)和零 (2020年:約人民幣21,000元)。

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Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

26. Loans and Borrowings (Continued)

(a) Convertible bonds (Continued)

On 17 September 2018, the Company issued convertible bonds due 2023, bearing interest at the rate of 4.8% per annum with an aggregate principal amount of HKD750,000,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB580,876,000) (the "Convertible Bonds 2").

Each bond will at the option of the holder be convertible (unless previously redeemed, converted or purchased and cancelled) on or after 1 January 2019 until and including the day falling ten days prior to 3 October 2023 into fully paid ordinary shares with a par value of HKD0.01 each in the issued and paid up capital of the Company at an initial conversion price of HKD4.50 per share subject to adjustment for, amongst other things, consolidation, subdivision or reclassification of shares, capitalisation of profits or reserve, distribution, right issues, issues at less than current market price, modification of rights of conversion, other offers to shareholders and other events which have a dilutive effect on the issued share capital of the Company.

Unless previously redeemed, converted or purchased and cancelled, the Convertible Bonds 2 will be redeemed on the maturity date at 100% of the principle amount. The Company has an early redemption option at any time after 3 October 2021 (subject to certain criteria). The holders also have an early redemption option to require the Company to redeem all or some of convertible noted on 3 October 2021 at early redemption amount of 100.00% of the principle amount. The interest is payable semi-annually. The Convertible Bonds 2 is listed on Singapore Exchange.

As the Convertible Bonds 2 do not contain an equity component, the derivative component of the Convertible Bonds 2 is measured at fair value and the liability component is carried at amortised cost. At 31 December 2020, the carrying amounts of liability and derivative component of the Convertible Bonds 2 above were approximately RMB522,777,000 and approximately RMB54,816,000, respectively.

26. 貸款和借款(續)

可轉換債券(續) (a)

2018年9月17日,本公司發行 2023年到期的可換股債券,年 利率為4.8%,本金總額為港幣 750,000,000元(相當於約人民幣 580,876,000元)(「可轉換債券2」)。

> 债券持有人可選擇在2019年1月1 日當日或之後直至2023年10月3日 10日前(包括該日),以初步換股價 每股港幣4.50元(除其他外,可因 股份合併、拆細或重新分類、溢利 或儲備資本化、分派、供股、低於 目前市場價發行、轉換權改變、向 股東提供的其他要約以及對本公司 已發行股本產生攤薄影響的其他事 項而進行調整),把債券轉換為本 公司已發行及繳足股本中的每股面 值港幣0.01元的全數繳足普誦股。

> 除非之前已經贖回、轉換或購買及 註銷,可轉換債券2將於到期日按 本金的100%贖回。在2021年10月 3日後任何時間,在符合特定條件 下,本公司擁有提前贖回選擇權。 債券持有人亦擁有提早贖回選擇 權,於2021年10月3日要求本公司 按本金的100.00%提前贖回全部或 部分可轉換債券。債券利息每半年 支付一次。可轉換債券2於新加坡 交易所上市。

> 由於可轉換債券2不含權益部分, 可轉換債券2衍生部分以公允價值 計量,負債部分以攤銷成本計量。 於2020年12月31日,上述可轉換 債券2的負債和衍生部分的賬面金 額分別約為人民幣522,777,000元 和人民幣54,816,000元。

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26. Loans and Borrowings (Continued)

26. 貸款和借款(績)

(ii)

(g) Convertible bonds (Continued)

(g) 可轉換債券(績)

(續)

(Continued)

On 1 March 2021, the Company had repurchased all of the Convertible Bonds 2 in the open market and cancelled the Convertible Bonds 2.

於2021年3月1日,本公司已於公 開市場回購全部可轉換債券2,並 註銷可轉換債券2。

		Derivative component 衍生部分 RMB′000 人民幣千元	Liabilities component 負債部分 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2020	於2020年1月1日	77,456	802,203	879,659
Fair value adjustment credited	計入損益的公允價值調整			
into profit or loss		(18,998)	_	(18,998)
Accrued interest	應計利息	_	104,058	104,058
Interest paid	已付利息	_	(52,748)	(52,748)
Foreign exchange gain	匯兑收益	(3,663)	(53,635)	(57,298)
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	54,795	799,878	854,673
At 1 January 2021	於2021年1月1日	54,795	799,878	854,673
Accrued interest	應計利息	_	87,965	87,965
Interest paid	已付利息	_	(23,439)	(23,439)
Repurchase and cancellation of	回購註銷可轉換債券2	(54.040)	(540.044)	/574 007\
Convertible Bonds 2	庭 5 軽拾(11/14)	(54,816)	(516,211)	(571,027)
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	匯兑虧損(收益)	21	(23,886)	(23,865)
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	-	324,307	324,307

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Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

26. Loans and Borrowings (Continued) 26. 貸款和借款(績)

(h) The Group's long-term loans and borrowings comprise:

(h) 本集團的長期貸款和借款包括:

		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Loans and borrowings at amortised cost: – Bank loans – secured – Loans from other financial	以攤銷成本計量的貸款和借款: 一銀行貸款一有抵押 一其他金融機構貸款一有抵押	3,927,173	5,289,867
institutions – secured		9,915,255	11,026,276
		13,842,428	16,316,143
- 2018 Senior Notes	-2018年優先票據	_	1,084,578
2019 Senior Notes	-2019年優先票據	-	807,866
- 2020 Senior Notes	-2020年優先票據	-	675,193
– Corporate bonds	-公司債券	3,084,508	4,634,990
		16,926,936	23,518,770
Convertible bonds	可轉換債券	-	854,673
		16,926,936	24,373,443
Less: Current portion of long-term loans and borrowings:	減:長期貸款和借款的即期部分:		
Bank loans – securedLoans from other financial	一銀行貸款-有抵押 -其他金融機構貸款-有抵押	1,204,000	1,302,561
institutions - secured		6,642,880	4,119,956
- 2018 Senior Notes	-2018年優先票據	_	1,084,578
- 2019 Senior Notes	-2019年優先票據	_	807,866
- 2020 Senior Notes	-2020年優先票據	-	675,193
– Corporate bonds	一公司債券	693,515	2,452,603
– Convertible bonds	- 可轉換債券	_	277,080
Sub-total (Note 26 (i))	小計 <i>(附註26(i))</i>	8,540,395	10,719,837
		8,386,541	13,653,606

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Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

26. Loans and Borrowings (Continued) 26. 貸款和借款(績)

(i) The Group's short-term loans and borrowings (i) 本集團的短期貸款和借款包括: comprise:

		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Loans and borrowings at amortised cost: – Bank loans – secured – Loans from other financial institutions	以攤銷成本計量的貸款和借款: 一銀行貸款一有抵押 一其他金融機構貸款	846,258	103,160
securedunsecuredLoans from third parties	一有抵押 一無抵押 一第三方貸款	4,625,239	1,142,653 209,584
– unsecured	一無抵押	6,313,574	2,323,444
- 2018 Senior Notes 2- 2021 Senior Notes- 2021 Senior Green Notes- Convertible bonds	-2018年優先票據2 -2021年優先票據 -2021年優先綠色票據 -可轉換債券	1,083,869 732,544 1,368,427 324,307	- - - -
Sub-total	小計	9,822,721	2,323,444
Current portion of long-term loans and borrowings (Note 26 (h))	長期貸款和借款的即期部分 <i>(附註26(h))</i>	8,540,395	10,719,837
		18,363,116	13,043,281

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Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

26. Loans and Borrowings (Continued)

26. 貸款和借款(績)

The Group's effective interest rates per annum on loans and borrowings at amortised cost are as follows:

本集團的貸款和借款(按攤銷成本)的實 (i) 際年利率如下:

		2021 2021年	2020 2020年
Long-term	長期		
Bank loans	銀行貸款	6.0%-15.30%	5.47%-8.50%
Loans from other financial institutions	其他金融機構貸款	6.63%-16.52%	6.63%-16.52%
Senior Notes	優先票據	-	9.08%-17.50%
Corporate bonds	公司債券	8.40%-9.00%	8.29%-10.50%
Convertible bonds	可轉換債券	_	12.00%-12.01%
Short-term	短期		
Bank loans	銀行貸款	3.63%-7.80%	3.75%-7.40%
Loans from other financial institutions	其他金融機構貸款	4.35%-15.30%	4.35%-15.40%
Loans from third parties	第三方貸款	8.50%-24.00%	4.35%-24.00%
Senior Notes	優先票據	10.5%-12.00%	_
Senior Green Notes	優先綠色票據	13.00%	_
Convertible bonds	可轉換債券	12.00%-12.01%	-

(k) The Group's loans and borrowings are repayable as follows:

(k) 本集團的貸款和借款還款期如下:

	2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
1年內或接獲通知時	18,363,116	13,043,281
1年後但2年內	7,485,115	8,177,200
2年以上但5年內	901,426	5,470,906
5年後	-	5,500
	8,386,541	13,653,606
	26.740.657	26,696,887
	1年後但2年內 2年以上但5年內	2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 1年內或接獲通知時 18,363,116 1年後但2年內 7,485,115 2年以上但5年內 901,426 5年後 -

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Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

26. Loans and Borrowings (Continued)

(I) The following items were pledged and entities or individuals provided guarantees to secure and guarantee certain loans and borrowings granted to the Group at the end of the reporting period:

26. 貸款和借款(續)

(I) 於報告期末,下列項目作為本集團獲 實體或個人擔保的部分所得貸款和借 款的抵押:

			2021 2021年	2020 2020年
		Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000
		<i>附註</i>	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Property and equipment Investment properties Properties under development and	物業及設備 投資物業 發展中物業和持作銷售用途	11(b) 12(d)	230,177 6,690,822	401,598 6,150,930
completed properties held for sale	的已落成物業	18(d)	6,009,657	5,540,026
Restricted deposits	受限制存款	23	2,108	48,613
			12,932,764	12,141,167

In addition to the above, at 31 December 2021, loans and borrowings amount to approximately RMB9,997,064,000 (2020: approximately RMB8,716,790,000) secured by a charge over the shares of the Company and certain subsidiaries of the Company.

除上述外,於2021年12月31日,為數約人民幣9,997,064,000元的貸款和借款(2020年:約人民幣8,716,790,000元),以本公司和本公司的某些附屬公司的股份作為抵押。

(m) The Group has defaulted in the repayment of loans and borrowings as follows:

(m) 本集團違約未償還的貸款和借款如下:

			2021 2021年	2020 2020年
		Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Bank loans Loans from other financial	銀行貸款 其他金融機構貸款		623,753	-
institutions			4,379,939	_
Loans from the third parties	第三方貸款	26(m) (i)		
 Principal payables 	一應付本金		252,078	195,746
 Interest payables 	一應付利息		62,091	11,875
			5,317,861	207,621
2018 Senior Notes 2	2018年優先票據2	26(a)	1,083,869	_
Convertible Bonds 1	可轉換債券1	26(g) (i)	324,307	_
			6,726,037	207,621

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Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

26. Loans and Borrowings (Continued)

(m) The Group has defaulted in the repayment of loans and borrowings as follows: (Continued)

Note:

The loans from the third parties were not duly settled as the Group is in the process of negotiating certain settlement and/or re-financing arrangements with the third parties.

26. 貸款和借款(績)

(m) 本集團違約未償還的貸款和借款如 下:(續)

附註:

由於本集團正與第三方磋商進行若干 結算及/或再融資安排,因此第三方 貸款沒有結清。

27. Trade and Other Payables

27. 應付賬款和其他應付款

		Notes 附註	2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Trade payables	應付賬款	(a)	3,851,143	3,824,667
Advances received from third parties	已收第三方預付款項	(b)	419,445	380,783
Consideration payables in respect of	就收購附屬公司的應付對價			
acquisition of subsidiaries		(c)	843,184	192,224
Amounts due to related parties	應付關聯方款項	(d)	260,276	264,384
Dividend payables	應付股息		-	233,137
Other payables	其他應付款項	(e)	2,907,327	1,288,813
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量的金融負債		8,281,375	6,184,008
Other taxes payable	其他應付税項		1,204,699	1,017,860
			9,486,074	7,201,868
Less: non-current portion of trade payables	減:應付賬款的非即期部分		(1,058,824)	(456,277)
			8,427,250	6,745,591

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Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

27. Trade and Other Payables (Continued)

(a) As at the end of the reporting period, the ageing analysis of trade payables (which are included in trade and other payables) based on invoice date, is as follows:

27. 應付賬款和其他應付款(續)

(a) 於報告期末,列在應付賬款和其他應付款項下的應付賬款按發票日期計算的賬齡分析如下:

		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Within 1 year 1 to 2 years Over 2 years but within 5 years	1年內 1年後但2年內 2年後但5年內	2,792,319 745,757 313,067	3,381,396 192,620 250,651
		3,851,143	3,824,667

(b) Advances received from third parties

These advances are interest-free, unsecured and have no fixed terms of repayment.

(c) Consideration payables in respect of acquisition of subsidiaries

The balance mainly represented the consideration of acquisition of the 49% of equity interests of Wenzhou Center and Wenzhou Shihe, which was repayable within one year. For the details of the acquisition of Wenzhou Center and Wenzhou Shihe, please refer to Note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

(b) 已收第三方預付款項

該預收款為免息、無抵押且無固定還款期。

(c) 就收購附屬公司的應付對價

結餘主要指收購溫州中心及溫州世和49%股權之對價,須於一年內償還。有關收購溫州中心及溫州世和的詳情,請參閱綜合財務報表附註14。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

27. Trade and Other Payables (Continued)

27. 應付賬款和其他應付款(續)

(d) Amounts due to related parties

(d) 應付關聯方款項

	2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Amounts due to 應付 - Entities under control by Mrs. Fan 一范女士控制下的實體 - Associates -聯營公司	30,276 230,000	34,384 230,000
	260,276	264,384

The balances at 31 December 2021 and 2020 represented advances from related parties, which were interest-free, unsecured and had no fixed terms of repayment.

(e) Other payables mainly represented interest payables, deposits received from constructors, salary payables and deposit payables of approximately RMB1,960,121,000, RMB381,128,000, RMB101,861,000 and RMB155,207,000, respectively (2020: approximately RMB596,572,000, RMB293,227,000, RMB116,845,000 and RMB97,561,000, respectively).

於2021年及2020年12月31日的關聯方結餘金額為免息,無抵押且無固定還款期。

(e) 其他應付款主要指應付利息、應收承建商的按金、應付薪水及應付按金,分別約為人民幣1,960,121,000元、人民幣381,128,000元、人民幣101,861,000元及人民幣155,207,000元(2020年:分別約為人民幣596,572,000元、人民幣293,227,000元、人民幣116,845,000元及人民幣97,561,000元)。

28. Lease Liabilities

28. 租賃負債

The Group as lessee

本集團作為承租人

		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Lease liabilities	租賃負債		
Current	流動	15,719	17,745
Non-current	非流動	49,481	55,012
		65,200	72,757

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28. Lease Liabilities (Continued)

The Group as lessee (Continued)

The analysis of expense items in relation to leases recognised in profit or loss is as follows:

28. 租賃負債(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

與於損益中已確認的租賃相關的費用項目分析 如下:

		For the	For the
		year ended	year ended
		31 December	31 December
		2021	2020
		世子 截至2021年	截至2020年
		12月31日	12月31日
		止年度	止年度
		 RMB′000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets by class of underlying asset: - Office premise - Hotel properties	按標的資產類別分類的使用權資產 之折舊費用: 一寫字樓 一酒店物業	14,127 80,703	16,225 79,367
		94,830	95,592
Interest on lease liabilities (Note 6(a))	租賃負債利息(附註6(a))	7,617	5,341
Expense relating to short-term leases	與短期租賃相關的支出	1,162	6,010

Details of total cash outflow for leases are set out in Note 24(b) to the consolidated financial statements.

Commitments under leases

At 31 December 2021, the Group was committed to approximately RMB1,168,000 (2020: approximately RMB3,654,000) for short-term leases.

租賃現金流出總額的詳細資料載列於綜合財務 報表附註24(b)。

租賃承擔

於2021年12月31日,本集團就短期租賃承擔 約為人民幣1,168,000元(2020年:約人民幣 3,654,000元)。

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Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

29. Capital, Reserves and Dividend

(a) Movements in components of equity

The reconciliation between the opening and closing balances of each component of the Group's consolidated equity is set out in the consolidated statements of changes in equity. Details of the changes in the Company's individual components of equity between the beginning and the end of the reporting periods are set out below:

29. 資本、儲備及股息

(a) 權益組成部分之變動

本集團之期初及期末綜合權益各組成部 分之對賬載列於綜合權益變動表內。本 公司報告期初至報告期末期間之各個別 權益組成部分變動詳情如下:

		Share capital 股本 RMB'000 人民幣千元 <i>Note 29(c) (i)</i> <i>附註29(c)(i)</i>	Share premium 股份溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元 <i>Note 29(d) (i)</i> 附註29(d)(i)	Treasury shares 庫存股份 RMB'000 人民幣千元 <i>Note 29(c) (iii)</i> <i>附註29(c)(iii)</i>	Capital redemption reserve 資本贖回 儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Retained profits 保留溢利 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Balance at 1 January 2020	於2020年1月1日的 結餘	20,240	3,343,981	(2,862)	464	5,804,901	9,166,724
Changes in equity: Total comprehensive income for the year	權益變動: 本年度全面收益總額		_	_	_	450.198	450,198
Repurchase of own shares	購回自身股份	-	-	_	_	400,190	400,130
– par value paid	一已支付面值	(32)	-	_	-	-	(32)
– premium paid	一已支付溢價	_	(4,449)	-	-	-	(4,449)
- transfer between reserves	一儲備間轉撥	-	(53)	-	53	-	-
Cancellation of treasury shares	庫存股的註銷	(21)	(2,841)	2,862	-	-	-
Repurchase of own shares	購回自身股份						
– par value paid	一已支付面值	-	-	(5)	-	-	(5)
– premium paid	一已支付溢價	-	-	(582)	-	-	(582)
Dividends declared in respect of the	本年度已決議派發的股息					(000 40=)	(000 10=)
current year	60.4.144.0.144.7.4.144.7.4.14	-	-	-	-	(233,137)	(233,137)
Equity transaction with non- controlling interests	與非控股權益的權益交易	_	_	_	_	4,467	4,467
Balance at 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	於2020年12月31日、2021年 1月1日的結餘	20,187	3,336,638	(587)	517	6,026,429	9,383,184
Changes in equity:	權益變動:						
Total comprehensive loss for the year Repurchase of own shares	購回自身股份	-	-	-	-	(3,667,252)	(3,667,252)
– par value paid	一已支付面值	(8)	-	-	-	-	(8)
– premium paid	一已支付溢價	-	(911)	-	-	-	(911)
- transfer between reserves	一儲備間轉撥	-	(13)	-	13	-	-
Cancellation of treasury shares Cancellation of dividends declared in respect of the year ended 31	庫存股的註銷 取消就截至2020年12月31日 止年度已決議派發的股息	(5)	(582)	587	_	-	-
December 2020	T I V C I V BAIR JX F JIA/U	_	_	_	_	233,137	233,137
Equity transaction with non- controlling interests	與非控股權益的權益交易	-	-	-	-	(193,924)	(193,924)
Balance at 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日的結餘	20,174	3,335,132	_	530	2,398,390	5,754,226

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29. Capital, Reserves and Dividends (Continued) 29. 資本、儲備及股息(績)

(b) Dividends

(b) 股息

Dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company attributable to the period:

本期應付本公司權益股東的股息:

	2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Interim dividend declared during the year ended 31 December 2020 of HKD10.00 cents per ordinary share Withdrawal of interim dividend declared during the year ended 31 December 2020 of HKD10.00 cents per ordinary share	普通股 - 止年度	233,137
per ordinary strate	(233,137)	
	(233,137)	233,137

Share capital and treasury shares

(c) 股本和庫存股份

Share capital

(i) 股本

		2021 2021年	2021 2021年) =
		No. of		No. of	
		shares	HKD'000	shares	HKD'000
		股數	千港元	股數	千港元
Authorised:	法定股本:				
Ordinary shares	普通股	4,000,000,000	40,000	4,000,000,000	40,000

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Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

29. Capital, Reserves and Dividends (Continued) 29. 資本、儲備及股息(績)

(c) Share capital and treasury shares (Continued)

(c) 股本和庫存股份(續)

Share capital (Continued) (i)

股本(續) (i)

		Notes 附註	2021 2021年 No. of shares RMB′000 股數 人民幣千元		2020 2020 ² No. of shares 股數	
Ordinary shares, issued	已發行及繳足普通股:					
and fully paid: At 1 January	於1月1日		2,552,303,477	20.187	2,558,078,477	20,240
Shares repurchase and cancelled	股份購回和註銷	(ii)	(907,000)	20,187	(3,545,000)	(32)
Cancellation of treasury shares	庫存股的註銷	(iii)	(585,000)	(5)	(2,230,000)	(21)
At 31 December	於12月31日		2,550,811,477	20,174	2,552,303,477	20,187

(ii) Shares repurchase and cancelled

(ii) 股份購回和註銷

During the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, the Company repurchased its own shares on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange as follows:

於截至2021年及2020年12月31日 止年度期間,本公司在香港聯交所 購回其自身股份如下:

For the year ended 31 December 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

		Number of shares repurchased 回購 股份數目	Highest price paid per share 所支付的 最高毎股價格 HKD 港元	Lowest price paid per share 每股所付 最低價 HKD 港元	Aggregated price paid 所支付的 價格總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元
January 2020 February 2020 April 2020	2020年1月 2020年2月 2020年4月	1,016,000 2,182,000 347,000	1.49 1.43 1.38	1.38 1.33 1.37	1,284 2,761 436
Арііі 2020	2020-471	3,545,000	1.30	1.37	4,481

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

29. Capital, Reserves and Dividends (Continued)

29. 資本、儲備及股息(續)

(c) Share capital and treasury shares (Continued)

(c) 股本和庫存股份(續)

(ii) Shares repurchase and cancelled (Continued)

(ii) 股份購回和註銷(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

截至2021年12月31日止年度

		Number	Highest	Lowest	
		of shares	price paid	price paid	Aggregated
		repurchased	per share	per share	price paid
		回購	所支付的	每股所付	所支付的
		股份數目	最高每股價格	最低價	價格總額
			HKD	HKD	RMB'000
			港元	港元	人民幣千元
January 2021	2021年1月	907,000	1.24	1.17	919

During the year ended 31 December 2021, 907,000 shares (2020: 3,545,000 shares) out of the total repurchased shares were cancelled and accordingly the issued share capital of the Company was reduced by the nominal value of these shares. Pursuant to section 37 of the Cayman Islands Companies Law, an amount equivalent to the par value of the shares cancelled of approximately RMB8,000 (2020: approximately RMB32,000) was transferred from share premium to capital redemption reserve.

於截至2021年12月31日止年度期間,購回股份總數中的907,000股(2020年:3,545,000股)已被註銷,且因此本公司的已發行股本已按該等股份的面值相應減少。根據開曼群島公司法第37條,相當於已註銷股份面值約人民幣8,000元(2020年:約人民幣32,000元)金額已從股份溢價轉撥至資本贖回儲備。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

29. Capital, Reserves and Dividends (Continued) 29. 資本、儲備及股息(績)

(c) Share capital and treasury shares (Continued)

(c) 股本和庫存股份(續)

(iii) Treasury shares

(iii) 庫存股份

		2021 2021年		2020 2020年	
		No. of shares RMB′000 股數 人民幣千元		No. of shares 股數	RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January Shares repurchase to be	於1月1日 購回以供註銷的	585,000	587	2,230,000	2,862
cancelled Cancellation of treasury shares	股份 註銷庫存股份	– (585,000)	– (587)	585,000 (2,230,000)	587 (2,862)
Caricellation of treasury shares	正如牛门 灰//	(303,000)	(307)	(2,230,000)	(2,002)
At 31 December	於12月31日	-	-	585,000	587

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Company had not repurchased shares other than those aforementioned in above on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. The repurchased shares during the year ended 31 December 2020 were cancelled and the par value of approximately RMB5,000 was transferred from share premium to capital redemption reserve during the year ended 31 December 2021.

於截至2021年12月31日止年度期 間,除上述股份外,本公司並無 在聯交所購回其他股份。於截至 2020年12月31日止年度期間的購 回股份已被註銷,於截至2021年 12月31日止年度期間面值約人民 幣5,000元的股份已從股份溢價轉 至資本贖回儲備。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

29. Capital, Reserves and Dividends (Continued)

(d) Nature and purpose of reserves

(i) Share premium

The share premium account is governed by the Cayman Companies Law and may be applied by the Company subject to the provisions, if any, of its memorandum and articles of association in (a) paying distributions or dividends to equity shareholders; (b) paying up unissued shares of the Company to be issued to equity shareholders as fully paid bonus shares; (c) the redemption and repurchase of shares (subject to the provisions of section 37 of the Cayman Companies Law); (d) writing-off the preliminary expenses of the Company; (e) writing-off the expenses of, or the commission paid or discount allowed on, any issue of shares or debentures of the Company; and (f) providing for the premium payable on redemption or purchase of any shares or debentures of the Company.

No distribution or dividend may be paid to equity shareholders out of share premium account unless immediately following the date on which the distribution or dividend is proposed to be paid, the Company will be able to pay its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

(ii) Exchange reserve

The exchange reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of financial statements of foreign operations. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the policies stated under "Translation of foreign currencies" in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements.

29. 資本、儲備及股息(續)

(d) 儲備的性質和用途

(i) 股份溢價

股份溢價是受開曼群島的《公司法》 所規管,並可由本公司根據公司章 程大綱及組織細則的規定(如有), (a)向權益股東分派或派付股息:(b) 繳足本公司將發行予權益股東作為 繳足紅股的未發行股份:(c)贖回及 回購股份(受開曼群島的《公司法》 第37條所規管):(d)核銷本公司股份 或債券的費用或就此支付的佣金或 給予的折扣:及(f)作為贖回或購入 本公司任何股份或債券時須予支付 的溢價。

除非本公司在緊接建議分派或派付 股息當日,可償還日常業務過程中 到期的債務外,否則,本公司不得 以股份溢價賬的餘額向權益股東分 派或派付任何股息。

(ii) 匯兌儲備

匯兑儲備包含換算境外經營的財務報表所產生的一切外匯差異。匯兑儲備按照綜合財務報表附註2「外幣換算」所載列的政策處理。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

29. Capital, Reserves and Dividends (Continued)

(d) Nature and purpose of reserves (Continued)

(iii) General reserve fund

Pursuant to the Articles of Association of the Company's subsidiaries in the PRC, appropriations to the general reserve fund were made at a certain percentage of profit after taxation determined in accordance with the accounting rules and regulations of the PRC. The percentage for this appropriation was decided by the directors of the subsidiaries. This reserve fund can be utilised in setting off accumulated losses or increasing capital of the subsidiaries and is non-distributable other than in liquidation.

(iv) Property revaluation reserve

The property revaluation reserve has been set up and is dealt with in accordance with the policies adopted for investment properties transferred from property and equipment stated under "Property and equipment" in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements.

Capital management

The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can fund its development and construction of real estate properties, and continue to provide returns for equity shareholders, by pricing properties commensurately with the level of risk and by securing access to finance at a reasonable cost.

The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to maintain a balance between the higher equity shareholder returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position, and makes adjustments to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions.

29. 資本、儲備及股息(續)

(d) 儲備的性質和用途(續)

(iii) 一般儲備基金

根據本公司各中國附屬公司的公司 章程, 這些附屬公司須按中國的會 計準則和法規,將特定比例的除稅 後溢利撥入一般儲備基金。撥款的 比例由附屬公司董事決定。該儲備 基金可以用來彌補有關附屬公司的 累計虧損或增加資本金,並在除清 算之外的其他情況下不得分配。

(iv) 物業重估儲備

物業重估儲備已經設立,並按綜合 財務報表附註2「物業及設備」所載 列就轉移自物業及設備的投資物業 所採納的政策處理。

(e) 管理資本

本集團管理資本的主要目的是保障本集 團可持續經營,藉著訂定與風險水準相 稱的物業價格並以合理成本獲得融資的 方式,為物業發展和建造提供資金,並 繼續為權益股東提供回報。

本集團積極定期檢討和管理其資本架 構,以在維持較高借貸水平可能帶來較 高權益股東回報與穩健資本狀況所提供 的優勢和保障兩者之間取得平衡,並因 應經濟狀況轉變而調整資本架構。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

30. Employee Benefit Plan

The Group participates in a defined contribution retirement scheme established by the relevant local government authorities for its staff. The Group was required to make contributions to the retirement scheme at 16% to 20% of the gross salaries of its staff.

The Group has no other obligation for the payment of postretirement benefits beyond the contributions described above.

31. Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

(a) Investment commitments

Commitments in respect of equity investments outstanding at 31 December 2021 and 2020 not provided for in the consolidated financial statements were as follows:

30. 僱員福利計劃

本集團已安排其員工參與由相關地方政府機關 所組織的界定供款退休計劃。本集團須按員工 總工資的16%至20%向退休計劃作出供款。

除上述供款以外,本集團並無其他退休後福利 支付義務。

31. 承擔和或有負債

(a) 投資承擔

本集團就於2021年及2020年12月31日未 完成且未於綜合財務報表中計提撥備的 權益投資,作出以下承擔:

		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020年 RMB'000
Contracted for	已訂約	_	653,950

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

31. Commitments and Contingent Liabilities (Continued)

(b) Capital commitments

At 31 December 2021 and 2020, the Group has the following commitments in respect of properties under development and investment properties under construction not provided for in the consolidated financial statements:

31. 承擔和或有負債(續)

(b) 資本承擔

於2021年及2020年12月31日,本集團就 未於綜合財務報表中計提撥備的發展中 物業及在建投資物業作出以下承擔:

		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Contracted for Approved but not contracted for	已訂約 已批准但未訂約	6,639,931 5,310,038	8,385,023 8,818,334
		11,949,969	17,203,357

(c) Guarantees

The Group has entered into agreements with certain banks with respect to mortgage loans provided to buyers of property units. The Group has given guarantees on mortgage loans provided to the buyers by these banks. The guarantees will be released when the property title deeds are pledged to banks as security for the respective mortgage loans, which generally take place within two years after the property units are delivered to the buyers. The total amounts of mortgages outstanding, which are guaranteed by the Group, were approximately RMB4,196,569,000 at 31 December 2021 (2020: approximately RMB4,738,924,000).

(d) Warranty against defects of properties

Properties purchased by buyers are provided with various warranties of term between one to five years against certain defects as stipulated in the relevant PRC laws and regulations, and these warranties are covered by back-toback warranties provided by the relevant contractors of the projects.

(c) 擔保

本集團已就提供予物業單位買方的按揭 貸款,與多家銀行訂立協議。本集團就 這些銀行提供予買方的按揭貸款作出擔 保。當物業的所有權契據交予銀行作為 有關按揭貸款的抵押品時(一般是在向 買方交付物業單位後兩年內),擔保便 告解除。於2021年12月31日,由本集 團提供擔保的未償還按揭總額約為人民 幣4,196,569,000元(2020年:約人民幣 4,738,924,000元)。

(d) 物業瑕疵保證

根據中國相關法規,購入物業的買方均 能就某些瑕疵情況獲得為期一至五年的 維修保證。這類保證由有關項目的承建 商作出的背對背保證所涵蓋。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

31. Commitments and Contingent Liabilities (Continued)

(e) Legal contingencies

The Group is a defendant in certain lawsuits as well as the named party in other proceedings arising in the normal course of business. While the outcomes of such contingencies, lawsuits or other proceedings cannot be determined at present, the directors of the Company believe that any resulting liabilities will not have a material adverse impact on the financial position, liquidity, or operating results of the Group.

As at 31 December 2021 and up to the date of approving these consolidated financial statements, the Group is subjected to a number of legal proceedings which mainly in relation to disputes under construction contracts in respect of its various property development projects and defaults of repayment of several loans and borrowings, which arose during the normal course of business.

In the opinion of the directors of the Company, based on the best estimation on the possible outcomes of the disputes by the management in consideration of the development of negotiations with the creditors and advice sought from the independent legal advisors and internal legal counsel, the possible further obligations (other than those liabilities/provisions have been recognised in the consolidated financial statements) arose from litigations is immaterial to the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

31. 承擔和或有負債(續)

(e) 或有法律事項

本集團在正常業務過程發生的一些訴訟中成為被告,並在其他法律程式中成為與訟一方。雖然目前仍然無法斷定有關或有事項、訴訟或其他法律程式的結果,但本公司董事會認為因此產生的負債不會對本集團的財政狀況、流動資金或經營業績產生嚴重的負面影響。

於2021年12月31日及直至該等綜合財務報表獲批之日,本集團涉及若干法律訴訟,內容主要有關其於正常業務過程中產生的不同物業發展項目的建築合約下的糾紛及償還若干貸款和借款的違約。

本公司的董事認為,根據管理層考慮與 債權人的磋商進度及尋求獨立法律顧問 及內部法律顧問的意見對可能的糾紛結 果做出的最佳估計,訴訟可能產生的進 一步責任(已於綜合財務報表中確認的負 債/撥備除外)對本集團綜合財務報表影 響不大。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

32. Financial Risk Management and Fair Values of Financial Instruments

Exposure to credit risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk and currency risks arises in the normal course of the Group's business. The Group's exposure to these risks and the financial risk management policies and practices used by the Group to manage these risks are described below.

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Group. The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to trade receivables, consideration receivables and loans provided to non-controlling interests in subsidiaries, associates, other related parties and third parties. The Group's exposure to credit risk arising from cash and cash equivalents is limited because the counterparties are banks and financial institutions, for which the Group considers to have low credit risk.

Except for the financial guarantees given by the Group as set out in Note 31(c) to the consolidated financial statements, the Group does not provide any other guarantees which would expose the Group to credit risk. The maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of these financial guarantees at the end of the reporting period is disclosed in Note 31(c) to the consolidated financial statements.

32. 金融風險管理和金融工具的公允價值

本集團須在日常業務過程中承受信貸風險、流動性風險、利率風險和匯率風險。下文載列了本集團所承受的上述各項風險,以及為了管理這些風險所採取的金融風險管理政策和慣常做法。

(a) 信貸風險

對本集團而言,信貸風險指的是因交易 對手違背合同義務而招致本集團財務損 失的風險。本集團的信貸風險主要源自 應收賬款、應收對價以及向附屬公司 控股權益、聯營公司、其他關聯方和第 三方提供的貸款。由於交易對手為銀行 及金融機構,本集團因現金及現金等價物而 產生的信貸風險有限。

除綜合財務報表附註31(c)所載列本集團作出的財務擔保外,本集團沒有提供任何其他可能令本集團承受信貸風險的擔保。於報告期末就上述財務擔保承受的信貸風險上限已在綜合財務報表附註31(c)披露。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

32. Financial Risk Management and Fair Values of Financial Instruments (Continued)

(a) Credit risk (Continued)

(i) Trade receivables

The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk in industries in which the customers operate. Significant concentrations of credit risk primarily arise when the Group has significant exposure to individual customers. At the end of the reporting period, 64.2% (2020: 66.2%) of the total trade receivables was due from the Group's largest customer.

Receivables that ageing were over 1 year mainly included revenue from land development for sale of approximately RMB581,089,000 at 31 December 2021 and 2020, which was due from the Government of Chenghua District (the "Relevant Receivables"). Based on a series of agreements entered into by the Group and the Government of Chenghua District, the Group is entitled to receive approximately RMB581,089,000 and the government issued a notice to confirm this amount on 2 July 2013.

Considering the long ageing of the receivables, in February 2015, the Group sued and asked for the repayment of the Relevant Receivables as well as a management fee of approximately RMB15,000,000. The first trial went to court on 17 June 2015 and the judge asked the Group and the Government of Chenghua District to further negotiate so as to reach a settlement. The court has accepted and approved an application for withdrawal of the trial by the Group on 26 July 2018.

At 31 December 2020, the directors of the Company were of the opinion that the Relevant Receivables is fully recoverable. The Group has consulted its legal adviser and understood that if the parties could not reach an agreement on the settlement agreement, the Group may reinstate the trial and there is no indication that the Government of Chenghua District will have financial difficulties to fulfil its obligation to settle the balance.

32. 金融風險管理和金融工具的公允價值(績)

(a) 信貸風險(續)

(i) 應收賬款

本集團在客戶營運所屬的行業不存在重大信貸風險集中。當本集團承受個別客戶的重大風險時,將產生高度集中的信貸風險。於報告期末,本集團最大客戶佔總應收賬款額64.2%(2020年:66.2%)。

於2021年及2020年12月31日,賬齡大於1年的應收賬款主要包括應收成華區政府待售土地開發收入約人民幣581,089,000元(「相關應收賬款」)。根據本集團與成華區政府訂立的一系列協議,本集團有權收取約人民幣581,089,000元,成華區政府已於2013年7月2日向本集團發出通知確認該金額。

考慮到此應收款項賬齡較長,本集團於2015年2月起訴成華區政府要求其償還相關應收賬款及管理費約人民幣15,000,000元。一審已於2015年6月17日開庭。一審結束後法院要求本集團與成華區政府進一步磋商以達成清償協議。高級法院於2018年7月26日接受並批准本集團的撤訴申請。

於2020年12月31日,本公司董事認為相關應收賬款可全數收回。綜合考慮外部律師就該訴訟的預期結果提供的法律意見並了解若雙方未能達成和解協議,本集團可恢復審判,而且並無任何跡象表明成華區政府不具備履行結清餘額的義務的財務能力。

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Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

32. Financial Risk Management and Fair Values of **Financial Instruments (Continued)**

Credit risk (Continued)

(i) Trade receivables (Continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group had issuance a formal request to the Government of Chenghua District and held a meeting with the responsible person of the Government of Chenghua District, which has positive progress on the discussion of the settlement. As of the date of this report, the Group is still negotiating with the Government of Chenghua District. The directors of the Company considered the long outstanding of the Relevant Receivables which indicate an increase in credit risk, the Group had therefore recognised lifetime ECL provision of approximately RMB231,088,000 (2020: Nil) for the Relevant Receivables for the year ended 31 December 2021.

The remaining receivables mainly represented receivables in relation to sale of properties from a number of independent customers that have a good relationship with the Group. The Group holds the title of the property units as collateral over the balance of trade receivables of approximately RMB100,515,000 (2020: approximately RMB103,712,000). The Group generally would not release the property ownership certificates to the buyers before the buyers finally settle the selling price and management considers that the credit risk arising from these trade receivables is significantly mitigated by related property units held as collateral, with reference to the estimated market value of those property units.

For trade receivables without collateral, which primarily represent receivable for rental income and project management, the Group measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, which is calculated using a provision matrix.

At 31 December 2020, the directors of the Company were of the opinion that the Group's exposure to credit risk and ECL for these trade receivables were insignificant.

32. 金融風險管理和金融工具的公允價 值(續)

(a) 信貸風險(續)

(i) 應收賬款(續)

截至2021年12月31日止年度,本 集團已向成華區政府提出正式請 求,並與成華區政府負責人進行會 談,就討論和解方案取得良好進 展。截至報告日期,本集團仍在與 成華區政府進行磋商。本公司董 事慮及相關應收賬款的長期未支 付顯示信貸風險增加,因此本集 團已就截至2021年12月31日止年 度的相關應收賬款確認為基於整 個存續期預期信用損失約人民幣 231,088,000元(2020年:無)的損 失準備。

與出售物業有關的剩餘應收賬款主 要是關於眾多與本集團有良好業務 往來的獨立客戶的應收賬款。本集 團持有物業單位的所有權作為應收 賬款結餘約人民幣100,515,000元 (2020年:約人民幣103,712,000 元)的抵押品。在買房人付清房款 後本集團才會將物業產權提供給買 房人,因此管理層參考抵押物業的 預估市場價值,認為應收房款信用 風險有限。

對於並無抵押品的應收賬款(主要 是租金收入和項目管理的應收款 項),本集團以與整個存續期預期 信用損失的金額相等的金額計量虧 損準備,該金額乃使用準備基準進 行計量。

於2020年12月31日,本公司董事 認為本集團就該等應收賬款所承受 之信貸風險及預期信用損失並不重 大。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

32. Financial Risk Management and Fair Values of Financial Instruments (Continued)

(a) Credit risk (Continued)

(i) Trade receivables (Continued)

At 31 December 2021, the directors of the Company considered that the domestic property market in the PRC were in downturn, in which the property units held by the Group as collateral were not sufficient to support the recoverability of relevant long outstanding trade receivables, the Group had therefore recognised lifetime ECL provision of approximately RMB80,202,000 for these trade receivables for the year then ended.

Movement in the loss allowance in respect of trade receivables during the years is as following:

Lifetime ECL

32. 金融風險管理和金融工具的公允價值(續)

(a) 信貸風險(續)

(i) 應收賬款(續)

於2021年12月31日,本公司董事認為中國國內房地產市場狀態低迷,本集團持有的作為抵押品的物業不足以支持相關長期未償付應收賬款的可收回性,因此,本集團已就截至該日止年度的該等應收賬款確認約人民幣80,202,000元的整個存續期預期信用損失準備。

各年度就應收賬款之虧損準備變動 如下:

整個存續期預期信用損失

		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Balance at 1 January Impairment losses recognised	於1月1日的結餘 已確認的減值虧損	- 311,290	_ _ _
Balance at 31 December	於12月31日的結餘	311,290	_

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

32. Financial Risk Management and Fair Values of Financial Instruments (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

(ii) Guarantees provided by the Group

As disclosed in Note 31(c) to the consolidated financial statements, for properties that are presold but development has not been completed, the Group typically provides guarantees to banks in connection with the customers' borrowing of mortgage loans to finance their purchase of the properties for an amount up to 70% of the purchase price of the individual property. If a purchaser defaults on the payment of its mortgage during the period of guarantee, the bank holding the mortgage may demand the Group to repay the outstanding loan and any interest accrued thereon. Under such circumstances, the Group is able to forfeit the sales deposit received and resell the repossessed properties. Therefore, the management of the Company considers that it would likely recover any loss incurred arising from such guarantee provided by the Group. The management of the Company considers the credit risk exposure to financial guarantees provided to property purchasers is limited because the facilities are secured by the properties and the market price of the properties is higher than the guaranteed amounts.

32. 金融風險管理和金融工具的公允價 值(續)

(a) 信貸風險(續)

(ii) 本集團提供的擔保

誠如綜合財務報表附註31(c)所披 露,對於已預售但尚未落成的物 業,本集團通常就客戶借取抵押貸 款向銀行提供擔保,以為客戶購買 物業提供資金,金額最高可達個別 物業購買價格的70%。倘若購買 人於擔保期間違反償還其貸款的義 務,則持有抵押的銀行可要求本集 團償還未償付貸款及因此產生的任 何應計利息。在此情況下,本集團 能夠沒收所收取的銷售按金並轉售 收回的物業。因此,本公司管理層 認為有可能收回就本集團提供的此 類擔保所產生的任何損失。本公司 管理層認為向物業購買人提供金融 擔保所承受的信貸風險有限,因為 貸款由物業資產抵押擔保,且物業 資產的市場價格高於擔保金額。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

32. Financial Risk Management and Fair Values of Financial Instruments (Continued)

(a) Credit risk (Continued)

(iii) Loans provided to associates and non-controlling interests of subsidiaries

For loans provided to associates and non-controlling interests of subsidiaries, the management of the Company considered that the credit risk arising from these receivables is significantly mitigated by related property development projects held by these associates and subsidiaries, with reference to the estimated market value of those property development projects as at 31 December 2020.

As at 31 December 2021, the management of the Company considered that the domestic property market in the PRC were in downturn, in which the related property development projects were not sufficient to support the recoverability of relevant long outstanding loans, it indicated an increase in credit risk. Therefore, 12-month ECL provision of approximately RMB2,781,000 and RMB53,819,000 were provided for loans provided to associates and non-controlling interests of subsidiaries, respectively for the year then ended.

Movement in the loss allowance in respect of loans provided to associates and non-controlling interests of subsidiaries during the years is as following:

12-month ECL

32. 金融風險管理和金融工具的公允價值(績)

(a) 信貸風險(續)

(iii) 向聯營公司和附屬公司非控股權益 提供的貸款

對於向聯營公司和附屬公司非控股權益提供的貸款,本公司管理層參考於2020年12月31日該等物業發展項目的預估市場價值,認為該等聯營公司和附屬公司持有的相關物業發展項目已大幅降低該等應收款項產生的信貸風險。

於2021年12月31日,本公司管理層認為中國國內物業市場狀態低迷,相關物業發展項目不足以支持相關長期未償付貸款的可回收性,顯示信貸風險增加。因此,截至日止分別就向聯營公司和附屬公司非控股權益提供的貸款計提整於12個月預期信用損失約人民幣2,781,000元及人民幣53,819,000元的損失準備。

各年度就向聯營公司和附屬公司非 控股權益提供的貸款之虧損準備變 動如下:

12個月預期信用損失

		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Balance at 1 January Impairment losses recognised	於1月1日的結餘 已確認的減值虧損	- 56,600	- -
Balance at 31 December	於12月31日的結餘	56,600	_

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

32. Financial Risk Management and Fair Values of **Financial Instruments (Continued)**

(a) Credit risk (Continued)

(iv) Consideration receivables

As at 31 December 2020, for the consideration receivables derived from disposal of subsidiaries in previous years, the management of the Company had specifically considered the long outstanding receivables with overdue for over 90 days were credit-impaired. Therefore, during the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group had provided lifetime ECL provision of approximately RMB28,178,000 on the consideration receivables.

As at 31 December 2021, the management of the Company considered there was no significant change on credit risk and no settlements for the impaired consideration receivables were received, therefore, no further ECL provision or reversal of ECL provision were provided for the year then ended.

Movement in the loss allowance in respect of consideration receivables during the years is as following:

Lifetime ECL

32. 金融風險管理和金融工具的公允價 值(續)

(a) 信貸風險(續)

(iv) 應收對價

於2020年12月31日,對於以往年 度處置附屬公司產生的應收對價, 本公司管理層認為,逾期超過90天 的長期未償應收款項為信用減值。 因此,截至2020年12月31日止年 度內,本集團就應收對價計提了基 於整個存續期預期信用損失約人民 幣28,178,000元的損失準備。

於2021年12月31日,本公司管理 層認為信貸風險並無重大變化,亦 未收到減值應收對價結算,因此, 截至該日止年度,概無進一步計提 預期信用損失準備或預期信用損失 準備轉回。

各年度就應收對價之損失準備變動 如下:

整個存續期預期信用損失

		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Balance at 1 January Impairment losses recognised	於1月1日的結餘 已確認的減值虧損	28,178 -	- 28,178
Balance at 31 December	於12月31日的結餘	28,178	28,178

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

32. Financial Risk Management and Fair Values of Financial Instruments (Continued)

(a) Credit risk (Continued)

(v) Other financial assets measured at amortised

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, the Group held the Structure Notes issued by an independent third party. The management of the Company had considered that the Structure Notes have low credit risk based on the borrower's strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term and low risk of default, and therefore no ECL provision was provided for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020.

(vi) Loans provided to third parties

For loans provided to third parties, whose loss allowance is measured on an individual basis, the management of the Company assesses whether there is a significant increase in credit risk arising from default of the counter party based on borrowers' and guarantor's specific information primarily their past due status and their liquidities from other sources available without undue cost.

32. 金融風險管理和金融工具的公允價值(績)

(a) 信貸風險(續)

(v) 以攤銷成本計量的其他金融資產

於2021年及2020年12月31日,本集團持有獨立第三方發行的結構性票據。本公司管理層認為,基於借款人短期內履行合同現金流義務的能力較強,違約風險較低,結構性票據的信用風險較低,因此截至2021年及2020年12月31日止年度,概無計提結構性票據預期信用損失準備。

(vi) 向第三方提供的貸款

對於向第三方提供的貸款,其虧損 準備以個別方式進行計量。本公司 管理層根據借款人及擔保人主要逾 期狀況的特定資料及無須付出不當 成本便可獲得的他們的流動性評估 對方違約產生的預期信貸風險是否 顯著增加。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

32. Financial Risk Management and Fair Values of 32. 金融風險管理和金融工具的公允價 **Financial Instruments (Continued)**

(a) Credit risk (Continued)

(vi) Loans provided to third parties (Continued)

The following table provides information about the Group's exposure to credit risk and ECLs for loans provided to third parties at 31 December 2021 and 2020:

值(續)

(a) 信貸風險(續)

(vi) 向第三方提供的貸款(績)

下表列示於2021年和2020年12月 31日,本集團就提供予第三方貸款 的信貸風險敞口及預期信用損失的 相關資料:

		2021 2021年		2020 2020	
		Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 RMB′000 人民幣千元	Loss allowance 損失準備 RMB′000 人民幣千元	Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Loss allowance 損失準備 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current (not past due) – 12-month ECLs – Life-time ECLs	本年度(未逾期) -12個月預期信用損失 -整個存續期預期信用 損失	- 889,313	– (154,460)	885,311 70,000	(2,659) (70,000)
		889,313	(154,460)	955,311	(72,659)
Within 1 year past due – 12-month ECLs – Life-time ECLs	逾期1年以內 -12個月預期信用損失 -整個存續期預期信用 損失	340,684 455,282	(95,116) (390,217)	729,334 447,518	(3,647) (137,538)
		795,966	(485,333)	1,176,852	(141,185)
1 year to 2 years past due – 12-month ECLs – Life-time ECLs	逾期1至2年 -12個月預期信用損失 -整個存續期預期信用 損失	702,772 414,915	(16,174) (284,827)	- 808,027	- (398,956)
		1,117,687	(301,001)	808,027	(398,956)
2 years to 3 years past due – Life-time ECLs	逾期2至3年 一整個存續期預期信用 損失	808,027	(571,286)	568,470	(397,468)
Over 3 years past due – Life-time ECLs	逾期3年以上 -整個存續期預期信用 損失	783,960	(517,832)	215,490	(120,471)
Balance at 31 December	於12月31日的結餘	4,394,953	(2,029,912)	3,724,150	(1,130,739)

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

32. Financial Risk Management and Fair Values of Financial Instruments (Continued)

(a) Credit risk (Continued)

(vi) Loans provided to third parties (Continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2021, a total loss allowance of approximately RMB902 million was recognised on the loans provided to third parties, which was related to loans provided to a number of companies with no guarantees or credit risk increased, comprised a loss allowance based on 12-month ECL provision of approximately RMB108 million and lifetime ECL provision of approximately RMB794 million. A reversal of impairment loss of approximately RMB3 million was recognised in the consolidated profit or loss due to the repayment of impaired loans provided to a third party during the year ended 31 December 2021.

During the year ended 31 December 2020, a total loss allowance of approximately RMB139 million was recognised on the loans provided to third parties, which was related to loans provided to a number of companies with no guarantees or credit risk increased comprised a loss allowance based on 12-month ECL provision of approximately RMB6 million and lifetime ECL provision of approximately RMB133 million. A reversal of impairment loss of approximately RMB13 million was recognised in the consolidated profit or loss due to the repayment of loans provided to a third party during the year ended 31 December 2020.

32. 金融風險管理和金融工具的公允價值(績)

(a) 信貸風險(續)

(vi) 向第三方提供的貸款(績)

截至2021年12月31日止年度,本集團就提供予第三方的貸款確備。 約人民幣902百萬元的虧損準備多級人民幣902百萬元的虧損準備乃與提供予多的無擔保或信貸風險增加的無擔保或信貸風險增加的信期,包括基於12個月預期信用獨大的約人民幣108百萬元虧損與基於整個存續期預期信用獨大民幣794百萬元虧損業所,由於提供予第三方的減值貸款於提供予第三方的減值貸款虧損益表確認轉回提供予第三的貸款虧損準備約人民幣3百萬元。

截至2020年12月31日止年度,本集團就提供予第三方的貸款確備。 集團就提供予第三方的貸款準備。 额人民幣139百萬元的虧損準備多額,該筆虧損準備乃與提供予多的無擔保或信貸風險增加期損失的約人民幣6百萬元虧損失的約人民幣6百萬元虧損其所, 備與基於整個存續期預期信用構構 的約人民幣133百萬元虧損濟機 由於提供予第三方的貸款於提供予第三方的貸款虧損進表確認轉回提供予第三方的貸款虧 2020年12月31日止年度償還,於方 完合損益表確認轉回提供予第三萬 於資款虧損準備約人民幣13百萬元。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

32. Financial Risk Management and Fair Values of Financial Instruments (Continued)

(a) Credit risk (Continued)

(vi) Loans provided to third parties (Continued)

Movement in the loss allowance in respect of loans provided to third parties during the years is as following:

12-month ECL

32. 金融風險管理和金融工具的公允價值(續)

(a) 信貸風險(續)

(vi) 向第三方提供的貸款(績)

各年度就向第三方提供的貸款之虧 損準備變動如下:

12個月預期信用損失

		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Balance at 1 January Impairment losses recognised Reversal of impairment losses	於1月1日的結餘 已確認的減值虧損 轉回減值虧損	6,306 107,643 (2,659)	- 6,306 -
Balance at 31 December	於12月31日的結餘	111,290	6,306

Lifetime ECL

整個存續期預期信用損失

		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Balance at 1 January Impairment losses recognised Reversal of impairment losses	於1月1日的結餘 已確認的減值虧損 轉回減值虧損	1,124,433 794,189 –	1,004,932 132,824 (13,323)
Balance at 31 December	於12月31日的結餘	1,918,622	1,124,433

(b) Liquidity risk

Historically, the Group relied to a great extent on proceeds received from pre-sale of property units (sold in advance of the completion of the real estate projects) to fund its development and construction of real estate projects. As there is no assurance that proceeds received from future pre-sales of the Group's current real estate projects will be sufficient to meet the Group's needs, the Group's operating plan requires it to raise additional funds to finance the development and construction of its current real estate projects. If the Group is unable to raise additional equity or debt financing, the Group's expansion plans and operations might need to be curtailed.

(b) 流動性風險

本集團以往在很大程度上依賴已收預售物業單位(在地產項目落成前預先銷售)所得款項為開發和建造地產項目提供融資。由於本集團不能保證將來從預售現時地產項目所得款項能滿足本集團的需要,本集團需按經營計劃籌集額外的資金為開發和建造現時地產項目提供融資。如果本集團未能籌得額外的股權或債務融資,本集團或需縮減其擴張計劃或經營業務。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

32. Financial Risk Management and Fair Values of Financial Instruments (Continued)

(b) Liquidity risk (Continued)

Sunshine 100 Group is responsible for the Group's overall cash management and the raising of borrowings to cover expected cash demands. The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements and its compliance with lending covenants, to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirement in the short and longer term.

The following table details the remaining contractual maturities at the end of each reporting periods of the Group's financial liabilities which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on rates current at the end of each reporting periods) and the earliest date the Group will be required to pay:

32. 金融風險管理和金融工具的公允價值(續)

(b) 流動性風險(續)

陽光壹佰集團負責本集團的整體現金管 理及籌措借款以應付預計現金需求。本 集團的政策是定期監察目前和預期流動 資金需求,以及是否符合貸款合同的規 定,以確保維持充裕的現金儲備,同時 獲得大型金融機構承諾提供足夠的備用 資金,以滿足短期和較長期的流動資金 需求。

下表詳列了本集團的金融負債於各報告期末以合約未折現現金流量(包括按照合約利率或(如屬浮動利率)各報告期末的現行利率計算的利息付款)和本集團將須付款的最早日期為準的剩餘合約到期情況:

		Within 1 year or on demand 1年內或 接獲通知時 RMB'000 人民幣千元	More than 1 year but less than 2 years 1年後 但2年內 RMB'000 人民幣千元	More than 2 years but less than 5 years 2年後 但5年內 RMB'000 人民幣千元	More than 5 years 5年後 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Carrying amount at 31 December 於12月31 日的賬面金額 RMB'000 人民幣千元
2021	2021年						
Loans and borrowings	貸款和借款						
– Long-term	-長期	9,236,810	8,285,538	945,889	-	18,468,237	16,926,936
– Short-term	-短期	9,930,845	· · ·	· <u>-</u>	-	9,930,845	9,822,721
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	21,884	16,013	31,448	7,714	77,059	65,200
Contract retention payables	應付合約保留金	121,369	25,964	36,187	16,384	199,904	199,904
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量的金融負債	7,222,551	573,096	485,728	-	8,281,375	8,281,375
	,	26,533,459	8,900,611	1,499,252	24,098	36,957,420	35,296,136
2020	2020年						
Loans and borrowings	貸款和借款						
- Long-term	一長期	13,202,785	9,235,505	5,933,536	5,856	28,377,682	24,373,443
- Short-term	-短期	2,575,951	-	-	· -	2,575,951	2,323,444
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	24,062	18,886	36,182	23,890	103,020	72,757
Contract retention payables	應付合約保留金	153,243	63,819	62,686	-	279,748	279,748
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量的金融負債	5,740,737	192,620	250,651	-	6,184,008	6,184,008
		21,696,778	9,510,830	6,283,055	29,746	37,520,409	33,233,400

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

32. Financial Risk Management and Fair Values of **Financial Instruments (Continued)**

(c) Interest rate risk

The interest rates of the Group's loans and borrowings are disclosed in Note 26(i) to the consolidated financial statements. The annual interest rates of the Group's deposits at bank ranged from 0.1% to 2.75% at 31 December 2021 (2020: 0.1% to 2.75%).

The interest rate profile of the Group's interest-bearing financial instruments was:

32. 金融風險管理和金融工具的公允價 值(續)

(c) 利率風險

本集團的貸款和借款的利率披露於綜 合財務報表附註26(j)。於2021年12月 31日,本集團的銀行存款的年利率介 乎0.1%至2.75%(2020年:0.1%至 2.75%) 。

下表詳列本集團的帶息金融工具的利率 風險狀況:

Variable rate instruments Loans and borrowings at amortised cost	浮動利率工具 以攤銷成本計量的貸款和借款	365,363	829,802
		26,449,494	25,885,047
Fixed rate instruments Lease liabilities Loans and borrowings at amortised cost Convertible bonds – liability component	固定利率工具 租賃負債 以攤銷成本計量的貸款和借款 可轉換債券-負債部分	65,200 26,059,987 324,307	72,757 25,012,412 799,878
		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元

At 31 December 2021, it is estimated that a general increase/decrease of 1% (2020: 1%) in interest rates for loans and borrowings, with all other variables held constant, would increase/decrease the Group's loss after tax and decrease/increase the Group's retained profits by approximately RMB439,000 (2020: decrease/ increase the Group's profit after tax and retained profits by approximately RMB2,110,000), and would increase/ decrease the Group's properties under development and completed properties held for sale, investment properties, property and equipment and land development for sale, by approximately RMB3,069,000 (2020: approximately RMB5,484,000).

於2021年12月31日,貸款和借款的整 體利率每增加/減少1%(2020年:1%) (所有其他可變因素維持不變)估計會導 致本集團的稅後虧損增加/減少及導 致本集團的保留溢利減少/增加約人民 幣439,000元(2020年:本集團的稅後 溢利和保留溢利減少/增加約人民幣 2,110,000元),並導致本集團的發展中 物業、持作銷售用途的已落成物業、投 資物業、物業及設備以及待售土地開發 增加/減少約人民幣3,069,000元(2020 年:約人民幣5,484,000元)。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

32. Financial Risk Management and Fair Values of Financial Instruments (Continued)

(c) Interest rate risk (Continued)

The sensitivity analysis above indicates the instantaneous change in the Group's loss after tax (and retained profits) and other components of consolidated equity that would arise assuming that the change in interest rates had occurred at the end of the reporting period and had been applied to re-measure those financial instruments held by the Group which expose the Group to interest rate risk at the end of the reporting period. In respect of the exposure to cash flow interest rate risk arising from floating rate non-derivative instruments held by the Group at the end of the reporting period, the impact on the Group's loss after tax (and retained profits) and other components of consolidated equity is estimated as an annualised impact on interest expense or income of such a change in interest rates. The analysis is performed on the same basis as 2020.

(d) Currency risk

RMB is not freely convertible into foreign currencies. All foreign exchange transactions involving RMB must take place through the People's Bank of China (the "PBOC") or other institutions authorised to buy and sell foreign exchange. The exchange rate adopted for the foreign exchange transactions are the rates of exchange quoted by the PBOC that would be subject to a managed float against an unspecified basket of currencies.

Foreign currency payments, including the remittance of earnings outside the PRC, are subject to the availability of foreign currency (which depends on the foreign currency denominated earnings of the Group) or must be arranged through the PBOC with government approval.

All the revenue-generating operations of the Group are transacted in RMB. The Group is exposed to foreign currency risk on cash and cash equivalents denominated in currencies other than RMB. Depreciation or appreciation of the RMB against foreign currencies can affect the Group's results.

32. 金融風險管理和金融工具的公允價值(績)

(c) 利率風險(續)

以上敏感度分析假設利率變動於報告期末已經發生,並且應用於重新計量本集團所持有的金融工具(導致本集團於稅虧期末承擔利率風險),本集團的稅後虧損(和保留溢利)以及綜合權益的其他組成部分會因此即時變動。就本集團於報告期末持有的浮動利率非衍生工具所產生的現金流量利率風險額度而言,本集團的稅後虧損(和保留溢利)以及綜合權益的財務企流量利率變動對利息支出或收入的影響作出估計。以上分析是按2020年的同一基準進行。

(d) 匯率風險

由於人民幣不可自由兑換為其他外幣,所有涉及人民幣的外匯交易必須通過中國人民銀行(「人行」)或其他法定機構進行外匯買賣。外匯交易所採用的匯率為人行所公佈的匯率,該匯率可能受非特定貨幣籃子的有限制浮動匯率所限。

外幣付款(包括中國境外收益的匯款)均受外幣的可用性(取決於本集團以外幣計價的收益金額)所限,並必須附有政府批文並通過人行進行。

本集團所有賺取收入的業務均以人民幣 交易。本集團以人民幣以外的貨幣為單 位的現金及現金等價物,均須承擔外幣 風險。不論人民幣對外幣出現減值還是 升值,都會影響本集團的業績。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

32. Financial Risk Management and Fair Values of **Financial Instruments (Continued)**

(d) Currency risk (Continued)

Included in trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents, restricted deposits and loans and borrowings in the consolidated statement of financial position at 31 December 2021 and 2020, the amounts denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the entities to which they relate were as follows:

32. 金融風險管理和金融工具的公允價 值(續)

(d) 匯率風險(續)

於2021年及2020年12月31日,綜合財務 狀況表所示的應收賬款和其他應收款、 現金及現等價物、受限制存款、貸款和 借款包括下列並非以相關實體的功能貨 幣為單位的款項:

		Exposure to foreign currencies 外幣風險額度				
		2021	1	2020)	
		2021	年	2020	ŧ	
		USD	HKD	USD	HKD	
		美元	港元	美元	港元	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
Trade and other receivables	應收賬款及其他應收款	507,593	74,297	60,915	292,029	
Other non-current financial assets	其他非流動金融資產	-	-	97,381	-	
Other current financial assets	其他流動金融資產	318,785	-	326,245	-	
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	9,842	3	34,957	9,726	
Trading securities	交易性證券	436	114,079	4,083	200,874	
Loans and borrowings	貸款和借款	(3,646,225)	_	(3,736,195)	(589,386)	
Trade and other payables	應付賬款和其他應付款	-	(241,184)	-	(266,113)	
Net exposure arising from recognised assets						
and liabilities	已確認資產和負債產生的風險淨額	(2,809,569)	(52,805)	(3,212,614)	(352,870)	

5% increase/decrease in USD and HKD exchange rate against RMB, assuming such change had occurred at 31 December 2021, would increase/decrease the Group's loss after tax and decrease/increase the Group's retained profits by approximately RMB143,119,000 (2020: decease/ increase the Group's profit after tax and retained profits by approximately RMB178,274,000).

美元和港幣兑換人民幣匯率增加/減少 5%(假設該變動於2021年12月31日已發 生)會導致本集團的稅後虧損增加/減少 及導致本集團的保留溢利減少/增加約 人民幣143,119,000元(2020年:本集團 的税後溢利和保留溢利減少/增加約人 民幣178,274,000元)。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

32. Financial Risk Management and Fair Values of Financial Instruments (Continued)

(e) Fair values

(i) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value

Fair valued hierarchy

The following table presents the fair value of financial instruments measured at the balance sheet dates on a recurring loan, categorised into the three level fair value hierarchy as defined in IFRS 13, Fair value measurement. The level into which a fair value measurement is classified is determined with reference to the observability and significance of the inputs used in the valuation technique as follows:

- Level 1: Fair value measured using only Level 1 inputs, i.e. unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date:
- Level 2: Fair value measured using Level 2 inputs, i.e. observable inputs which fail to meet Level 1, and not using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data are not available;
- Level 3: Fair value measured using significant unobservable inputs.

At 31 December 2020, the Group has a team headed by the finance manager who is responsible for engaging external valuers to perform valuations for convertible bonds at FVPL which are categorised into Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. The team reports directly to the chief financial officer. A valuation report with analysis of changes in fair value measurement is prepared by the external valuers at each interim and annual reporting date, and is reviewed and approved by the chief financial officer. Discussion of the valuation process and results with the chief financial officer is held twice a year, to coincide with the reporting dates.

32. 金融風險管理和金融工具的公允價值(績)

(e) 公允價值

(i) 按公允價值計量的金融資產及負債

公允價值層級

下表呈列本集團於結算日按經常基準所計量的金融工具公允價值。該等金融工具已歸入《國際財務報告準則》第13號「公允價值計量」所界定的三個公允價值層級。本集團參照以下估值方法所採用的輸入值的可觀察程度和重要性,從而釐定公允價值計量數值所應歸屬的層級:

- 第一層級:只使用第一層級輸入值(即相同資產或負債於計量日期在活躍市場的未經調整報價)來計量公允價值。
- 第二層級:使用第二層級輸入值(即未達第一層級的可觀察輸入值)並捨棄重大不可觀察輸入值來計量公允價值。 不可觀察輸入值是指欠缺市場數據的輸入值。
- 第三層級:採用重大不可觀察輸入值來計量公允價值。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

32. Financial Risk Management and Fair Values of **Financial Instruments (Continued)**

(e) Fair values (Continued)

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (Continued)

Fair valued hierarchy (Continued)

At 31 December 2021, since the convertible bonds were fully redeemed or defaulted, the management of the Company considers the value of the derivative component of convertible bonds was nil. Therefore, no valuer was engaged for the year ended 31 December 2021.

32. 金融風險管理和金融工具的公允價 值(續)

(e) 公允價值(續)

按公允價值計量的金融資產及負債 (i)

公允價值層級(續)

於2021年12月31日,由於可轉換 債券已全部贖回或違約,本公司管 理層認為可轉換債券的衍生部分價 值為零。因此,截至2021年12月 31日止年度,並無委聘估價師。

		Fair value at				Fair value			
		31 December	Fair	value measuren	nents	at 31 December	Fair value measurements		ents
		2021	2021 at 31 December 2021 categorised into		2020	at 31 Dece	mber 2020 cate	gorised into	
		於2021年				於2020年			
		12月31日	於	2021年12月31日	的	12月31日	於2020年12月31日的		的
		的公允價值	:	公允價值計量分類		的公允價值	1	公允價值計量分類	Į.
			Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
			第1層級	第2層級	第3層級		第1層級	第2層級	第3層級
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Recurring fair value measurements	經常公允價值計量								
Assets:	資產:								
Unlisted equity securities (Note 17)	非上市權益證券(附註17)	11,413	-	-	11,413	11,413	-	-	11,413
Unlisted investment funds (Note 17)	非上市投資基金(附註17)	125,796	-	-	125,796	225,692	-	-	225,692
Trading securities (Note 25)	交易性債券(附註25)	114,515	114,515	-	-	204,957	204,957	-	
Liabilities:	負債:								
Derivative component of convertible bonds	可轉換債券的衍生部分								
(Note 26 (g))	(附註26(g))	-	-	-	-	54,795	-	-	54,795

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

32. Financial Risk Management and Fair Values of Financial Instruments (Continued)

(e) Fair values (Continued)

(i) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (Continued)

Fair valued hierarchy (Continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2021, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2, or transfers into or out of Level 3. The Group's policy is to recognise transfers between levels of fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period in which they occur.

Information about Level 3 fair value measurements.

32. 金融風險管理和金融工具的公允價值(續)

(e) 公允價值(續)

(i) 按公允價值計量的金融資產及負債 (结)

公允價值層級(續)

截至2021年12月31日止年度,在第一與第二層級之間並無出現任何公允價值轉移,亦無任何公允價值轉入第三層級或自第三層級轉出。本集團的政策是在公允價值層級之間出現轉移的報告期完結時確認有關變動。

期內第三層級公允價值結餘的變動如下:

At 31 December 2021

於2021年12月31日

Financial assets 金融資產	Valuation techniques 估值技術	Significant unobservable inputs 重大不可觀察輸入值	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value 不可觀察輸入值與 公允價值之關係
Unlisted equity securities	Asset-based approach	Net asset value of the equity securities	The higher the net asset value, the higher the fair value
非上市權益證券	資產法	權益證券資產淨值	資產淨值越高,公允價值 越高
Unlisted investment funds	Asset-based approach	Net asset value of the investment funds	The higher the net asset value, the higher the fair value
非上市投資基金	資產法	投資基金資產淨值	資產淨值越高,公允價值 越高

Financial liabilities 金融負債	Valuation techniques 估值技術	Significant unobservable inputs 重大不可觀察輸入值	· Range 幅度	Weighted average 加權平均值
Derivative component of	Binomial Tree model	Expected volatility	0% – 0% (Note a)	0% (Note a)
Convertible Bonds 1 可轉換債券1的衍生部分	二項式樹狀模型	預期波幅	0%-0%(附註a)	0%(附註a)

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

32. Financial Risk Management and Fair Values of 32. 金融風險管理和金融工具的公允價 **Financial Instruments (Continued)**

(e) Fair values (Continued)

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (Continued)

Fair valued hierarchy (Continued)

At 31 December 2020

值(續)

(e) 公允價值(續)

(i) 按公允價值計量的金融資產及負債

公允價值層級(續)

於2020年12月31日

Financial assets	Valuation techniques	Significant unobservable inp	outs	Relationshi of unobservinputs to fa 不可觀察輸	vable ir value
金融資產	估值技術	重大不可觀察輸力	\值	公允價值之	
Unlisted equity	Asset-based	Net asset value of		_	the net asset
securities	approach	equity securitie	es	value, the value	e higher the fair
非上市權益證券	資產法	權益證券資產淨值	直	資產淨值越 越高	高,公允價值
Unlisted investment	Asset-based	Net asset value o	of the	The higher	the net asset
funds	approach	investment fur	nds	value, the	e higher the fair
非上市投資基金	資產法	投資基金資產淨值	直	資產淨值越 越高	高,公允價值
	Valuation	Significant			Weighted
Financial liabilities	techniques	unobservable inputs		Range	average
金融負債	估值技術	重大不可觀察輸入值		幅度	加權平均值
Derivative component of		Expected volatility	30.7%	- 31.7%	31.2%
Convertible Bonds 1	model	75 H1) ch 45	00 70	04.70/	04.00/
可轉換債券1的衍生部分	二項式樹狀模型	預期波幅	30.7%	-31.7%	31.2%
Derivative component of Convertible Bonds 2	Binomial Tree model	Expected volatility	53.3%	- 54.3%	53.8%
可轉換債券2的衍生部分	二項式樹狀模型	預期波幅	53.3%	-54.3%	53.8%

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

32. Financial Risk Management and Fair Values of Financial Instruments (Continued)

(e) Fair values (Continued)

(i) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (Continued)

Fair valued hierarchy (Continued)

Note:

(a) Convertible Bonds 1 was defaulted on 11 August 2021. The derivative component was still effective until the convertible bonds were fully settled. As in the opinion of the management of the Company, the value of the derivative component was nil since the event of default because the management of the Company expected no conversion of shares would be exercised.

The fair value of derivative component of convertible bonds is determined by Binomial Tree model and the significant unobservable input used in fair value measurement is expected volatility. The fair value measurement is positively correlated to the expected volatility.

At 31 December 2020, for the USD200,000,000 convertible bond, it is measured that all other variables held constant, and increase/decrease in the expected volatility by 0.5% would have decreased/increased the Group's profit by approximately RMB1,000/Nil.

At 31 December 2020, for the HKD750,000,000 convertible bond, it is measured that all other variables held constant, and increase/decrease in the expected volatility by 0.5% would have decreased/increased the Group's profit by approximately RMB381.000/RMB382.000.

32. 金融風險管理和金融工具的公允價值(績)

(e) 公允價值(續)

(i) 按公允價值計量的金融資產及負債 (績)

公允價值層級(續)

附註:

(a) 可轉換債券1於2021年8月11日 發生違約,衍生部分在可轉換 債券全部清償前仍然有效。本 公司管理層認為,自違約事件 發生以來,衍生部分的價值為 零,因為本公司管理層預期不 會行使股份轉換。

本集團採用二項式樹狀模型法來釐 定可轉換債券的衍生部分的公允價 值,而公允價值計量所用的重大不 可觀察輸入值就是預期波幅。公允 價值計量與預期波幅存在正值關 係。

於2020年12月31日,對於200,000,000美元的可轉換債券,假設所有其他變數維持不變,估計一旦預期波幅增加/減少0.5%,會致使本集團的溢利淨額減少/增加約人民幣1,000元/人民幣零元。

於2020年12月31日,對於港幣750,000,000元的可轉換債券,假設所有其他變數維持不變,估計一旦預期波幅增加/減少0.5%,會致使本集團的溢利淨額減少/增加約人民幣381,000元/人民幣382,000元。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

32. Financial Risk Management and Fair Values of Financial Instruments (Continued)

(e) Fair values (Continued)

(i) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (Continued)

Fair valued hierarchy (Continued)

The movements during the periods in the balance of these Level 3 fair value measurements are as followings:

32. 金融風險管理和金融工具的公允價值(續)

(e) 公允價值(續)

(i) 按公允價值計量的金融資產及負債 (結)

公允價值層級(續)

期內第三層級公允價值結餘的變動如下:

		2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Unlisted equity securities At 1 January Disposal of unlisted equity securities	非上市權益證券 於1月1日 出售非上市權益證券	11,413	273,730 (262,317)
At 31 December	於12月31日	11,413	11,413
		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Unlisted investment funds At 1 January Acquisition of unlisted investment funds	非上市投資基金 於1月1日 收購非上市投資基金	225,692 _	- 208,963
Disposal of unlisted investment funds Fair value adjustment credited into profit or loss	出售非上市投資基金計入損益的公允價值調整	(102,412) 2,516	16,729
At 31 December	於12月31日	125,796	225,692

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32. Financial Risk Management and Fair Values of Financial Instruments (Continued)

32. 金融風險管理和金融工具的公允價值(績)

(e) Fair values (Continued)

- (e) 公允價值(績)
- (i) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (Continued)

(i) 按公允價值計量的金融資產及負債 (績)

		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Derivative component of convertib	alo.		
bonds	可轉換債券的衍生部分		
At 1 January	於1月1日	54,795	77,456
Fair value adjustment credited into	計入損益的公允價值調整		
profit or loss		_	(18,998)
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	外匯虧損(收益)	21	(3,663)
Repurchase and cancellation of	可轉換債券2回購及註銷		
Convertible Bonds 2		(54,816)	
At 31 December	於12月31日	_	54,795

(ii) Fair values of financial instruments carried at other than fair value

(ii) 非按公允價值列賬的金融工具之公 允價值

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments carried at cost or amortised cost are not materially different from their fair value at 31 December 2021 and 2020.

本集團按成本或攤銷成本入賬的金融工具的賬面金額,與其2021年及2020年12月31日的公允價值分別不大。

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33. Material Related Party Transactions

33. 重大關聯方交易

(a) Material transactions with related parties

The principal transactions which were carried out in the ordinary course of business are as follows:

(a) 與關聯方的重大交易

在日常業務過程中進行的主要交易如下:

		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Loans provided to – Associates	給予以下各方的貸款 一聯營公司	110	256,725
– Members of key management personnel	-關鍵管理人員	-	10,078
Repayment of loans to – Associates – Entities under control by Mrs. Fan	向以下各方償還的貸款 一聯營公司 一范女士控制下的實體	- 6,688	214,668 3,706
Loans received from – An associate – Entities under control by Mrs. Fan	已收以下各方的貸款 —一間聯營公司 一范女士控制下的實體	- 3,107	230,000 33,295
Rental fees repaid to – An associate	已向以下各方償還租金費用 間聯營公司	-	4,098

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33. Material Related Party Transactions (Continued)

(b) Key management personnel remuneration

Remuneration for key management personnel of the Group, including amounts paid to the Company's directors and certain of the highest paid employees as disclosed in Note 8 and Note 9 to the consolidated financial statements, respectively, is as follows:

33. 重大關聯方交易(續)

(b) 關鍵管理人員酬金

以下是本集團關鍵管理人員的酬金,包括分別在綜合財務報表附註8及附註9所披露的已付本公司董事及部分酬金最高的僱員的款項:

		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Salaries, allowances, discretionary bonuses, wages and other benefits Contributions to defined contribution	薪金、津貼、酌定花紅、 工資及其他福利 界定供款退休計劃供款	8,948	10,723
retirement plans		314	49
		9,262	10,772

Total remuneration is included in "Staff costs" in Note 6(b) to the consolidated financial statements.

(c) The Listing Rules relating to connected transactions

The related party transactions in respect of loans provided to associates and entities under control of Mrs. Fan above constitute connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. However those transactions are exempt from the disclosure requirements in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules as they are below the de minimis threshold under Rule 14A. 76(1).

酬金總額包括在「員工成本」(參閱綜合財 務報表附註6(b))內。

(c) 上市規則適用於關聯交易的情況

由上述提供予聯營公司及范女士控制的 實體的貸款,構成上市規則第14A所界 定的關聯交易。由於低於上市規則第 14A.76(1)規定的微量允許限額,該等交 易符合上市規則第14A的豁免披露規定。

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34. Company-Level Statement of Financial 34. 本公司財務狀況表 Position

		Notes 附註	2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Non-current assets Investments in subsidiaries Other financial assets Property and equipment	非流動資產 於附屬公司的投資 其他金融資產 物業及設備	14	7,393,391 - 89	10,325,183 97,381 166
			7,393,480	10,422,730
Current assets Other receivables Amounts due from subsidiaries Cash and cash equivalents Other financial assets Trading securities	流動資產 其他應收款 應收附屬公司款項 現金及現金等價物 其他金融資產 交易性證券		798,243 2,929,903 170,548 318,785 114,515	723,557 3,597,560 44,757 326,245 204,957
			4,331,994	4,897,076
Current liabilities Loans and borrowings Dividend payable Other payables	流動負債 貸款和借款 應付股息 其他應付款項		3,646,225 - 2,325,023	3,052,257 233,137 2,073,635
Net current liabilities	流動負債淨值		5,971,248 (1,639,254)	5,359,029 (461,953)
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總值減流動負債		5,754,226	9,960,777
Non-current liabilities Loans and borrowings	非流動負債 貸款和借款		-	577,593
NET ASSETS	資產淨值		5,754,226	9,383,184
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Share capital Reserves	資本及儲備 股本 儲備	29(a)	20,174 5,734,052	20,187 9,362,997
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額		5,754,226	9,383,184

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34. Company-Level Statement of Financial Position (Continued)

The statement of financial position was approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 2 November 2023 and signed on its behalf by

34. 本公司財務狀況表(續)

財務狀況表於2023年11月2日經董事會核准並 許可發出,並由以下人員代表董事會簽署

YI Xiaodi 易小迪 Director 董事 FAN Xiaochong **范小冲** Director 董事

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35. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARY

Disposal of Eminent Star Group Limited ("Eminent Star")

During the year ended 31 December 2019, the Group entered into an equity and loan acquisition agreement with Victor Select Limited, a third party, to dispose the 55% equity interest of Eminent Star held by the Group, at a total consideration of RMB4,661 million which was comprised of an equity consideration of RMB4,397 million and a loan consideration of RMB264 million. Eminent Star was engaged in development of part of Qingyuan project. The disposal would be completed in four stages, and the first stage and the second stage had been completed as at 31 December 2019. As at 31 December 2020, the third stage and fourth stage of disposal had been completed.

35. 處置附屬公司

出售卓星集團有限公司(「卓星」)

於截至2019年12月31日止年度期間,本集團與 一家第三方公司一凱澤有限公司訂立股權及貸 款收購協議,以人民幣46.61億元的總對價(其 中包括人民幣43.97億元的股權對價和人民幣 2.64億元的貸款對價)出售本集團持有的55% 卓星股權權益。卓星從事清遠項目的一部分開 發工作。該項出售分為四個階段完成,第一階 段和第二階段已於2019年12月31日完成。截至 2020年12月31日,第三階段和第四階段已經完 成。

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36. CHANGES IN OWNERSHIP INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES THAT DO NOT RESULT IN A GAIN/LOSS OF CONTROL

36. 並不導致獲得/失去控制權之附屬公司所有權權益變動

		2021 2021年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Net consideration (payable) received Acquisition of additional interests in a subsidiary without gain of control	(應付)已收代價淨額 在未獲得控制權的情況下取得 附屬公司的額外權益	(601,486) 407,562	26,649
Disposal of interests in a subsidiary without loss of control	在不喪失控制權的情況下出售 附屬公司權益	-	(22,182)
Difference recognised in equity	計入權益的差額	(193,924)	4,467

(a) Major acquisition of additional interest in subsidiaries

On 6 July 2021, the transfer of the remaining 49% equity interests of Wenzhou Center and Wenzhou Shihe from the non-controlling shareholders to Sunshine 100 Group had been completed at the aggregate consideration of approximately RMB212,000,000 and RMB441,950,000 respectively. The Group now holds 100% of the equity share capital of Wenzhou Center and Wenzhou Shihe. The carrying amount of the non-controlling interests in Wenzhou Center and Wenzhou Shihe on the date of acquisition was approximately RMB459,822,000 in total. The Group derecognised non-controlling interests of approximately RMB459,822,000 and recognised directly in equity attributable to owners of the Company of RMB194,128,000 for the difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration payable.

(a) 主要收購附屬公司的額外權益

於2021年7月6日,非控股股東向陽光 壹佰集團轉讓溫州中心及溫州世和剩餘49%股權的交易已完成,總代價分 別約為人民幣212,000,000元及人民幣 441,950,000元。本集團現持有溫州中 心和溫州世和100%的股權。溫州中心 及溫州世和的非控股權益於收購日期的 賬面金額合計約為人民幣459,822,000 元。本集團取消確認非控股權益約人民 幣459,822,000元,並直接在公司擁有 人應佔權益中確認非控股權益調整金額 與應付對價公允價值之間的差額人民幣 194,128,000元。

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37. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

(a) Breach of 2021 Senior Green Notes and 2021 Senior Notes

As disclosed in Note 26(e) and Note 26(d) to the consolidated financial statements, 2021 Senior Green Notes and 2021 Senior Notes are due in June 2022 and October 2023, respectively. On 29 June 2022 and 3 October 2023, the Group was unable to repay the principal amount and accrued interest of the 2021 Senior Green Notes and 2021 Senior Notes, respectively, and events of default have taken place.

(b) Breach of corporate bond

On 22 September 2022, 30 October 2022 and 24 February 2023, the Group was unable to repay the outstanding principal amount and accrued interest of the corporate bond issued on 22 September 2020, 30 October 2020 and 24 June 2016, respectively, as disclosed in Note 26(f) to the consolidated financial statements, and event of default have taken place.

(c) Extension of loan and borrowings

Subsequent to 31 December 2021 and up to present, the Group had negotiated and communicated with the borrowers and successfully extended certain loan and borrowings.

(d) Extension of corporate bonds

On 29 June 2023, the Group has extended a corporate bond of RMB340,000,000 due on 8 July 2023 to 8 July 2025.

(e) Deconsolidation of Wenzhou Shihe

On 9 November 2022, Wenzhou Shihe was sued by a creditor to restructure Wenzhou Shihe since it was unable to settle certain outstanding liabilities, and the court has ordered that Wenzhou Shihe to be restructured, and was taken over by the legal officer for the operation during the restructuring period, in which the Group had lost control over Wenzhou Shihe. Therefore, Wenzhou Shihe is not considered as a subsidiary of the Group and has ceased to be consolidated since 9 November 2022. The net asset value of Wenzhou Shihe as at the date of deconsolidation was approximately RMB679,655,000.

37. 期後事項

(a) 2021年優先綠色票據及2021年優先票 據違約

如綜合財務報表附註26(e)及附註26(d)所披露,2021年優先綠色票據及2021年優先票據將分別於2022年6月及2023年10月到期。於2022年6月29日及2023年10月3日,本集團無法償還2021年優先綠色票據及2021年優先票據各自的本金及應計利息,且已發生違約事件。

(b) 公司債券違約

於2022年9月22日、2022年10月30日及 2023年2月24日,本集團無法償還分別 於2020年9月22日、2020年10月30日及 2016年6月24日發行的公司債券的未償 還本金及應計利息,詳見綜合財務報表 附註26(f),且已發生違約事件。

(c) 貸款和借款延期

自2021年12月31日起至今,本集團已與借款人協商溝通,成功延長了部分貸款及借款。

(d) 公司債券延期

於2023年6月29日,本集團將於2023年7 月8日到期的人民幣340,000,000元公司 債券延期至2025年7月8日。

(e) 取消溫州世和之綜合入賬

於2022年11月9日,溫州世和因無法清償若干未償債務而被一名債權人起訴,法院已命令溫州世和進行重組,並由法定代表人接手重組期間的業務。重組期間,本集團失去對溫州世和的控制權。因此,自2022年11月9日起,溫州世和不再視為本集團的附屬公司,並不再綜合入賬。溫州世和於取消綜合入賬日的資產淨值約為人民幣679,655,000元。

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37. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (CONTINUED)

Legal action with regards to notes purchase agreement

On 5 June 2023, a writ of summons indorsed with a general indorsement on claim was issued in the High Court of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (the "High Court") by the solicitors acting for HTI Financial Solutions Limited (the "Plaintiff") against the Company. The statement of claim was filed with the High Court on 3 July 2023 by the Plaintiff. The Plaintiff alleged that pursuant to a notes purchase agreement entered into between the Plaintiff (as seller) and the Company (as purchaser) dated 27 September 2021 (the "Agreement"), the Company failed to pay the Repurchase Price on the Repurchase Date (both as defined in the Agreement). For further information, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 14 June, 20 June 2023 and 5 July 2023.

(g) Legal Proceedings Against Controlling Shareholder of the Company

On 10 August 2023, Haitong International Securities Company Limited (the "Petitioner") filed a winding-up petition (the "Petition") against Joywise Holdings Limited, a controlling shareholder of the Company ("Joywise"), for an order that Joywise be wound up by the High Court under the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance (Cap. 32 of the Laws of Hong Kong) on the ground that Joywise was unable to repay the Petitioner in the sum of HK\$386,884,412.40, being the total amount due and owing to the Petitioner as at 26 June 2023 under and pursuant to a facility letter dated 26 June 2019 entered into between the Petitioner as lender and Joywise as borrower (the "Credit Facility"). To secure the Credit Facility, the Petitioner as lender and Joywise as chargor entered into a security deed pursuant to which Joywise charged not less than 964,838,855 shares of the Company to the Petitioner.

As at the date of this report, 492,947,000 shares of the Company held by Joywise is under receivership (the "Receivership"). The Company is currently assessing the legal, financial and operational impact of the Petition to the Group. The Shareholders are reminded that (1) the Petition is presented against Joywise and not the Company; and (2) the amount claimed is against Joywise and not against the Group. For further details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 15 August 2023.

37. 期後事項(績)

(f) 有關票據購買協議的法律訴訟

2023年6月5日,代表海通國際金融服務有限公司(「原告」)的律師於香港特別行政區高等法院(「高等法院」)向本公司發出附有一般訴訟請求背書的傳訊令狀。於2023年7月3日,原告向高等法院提交了一份申索陳述書。原告指稱,根據原告(作為賣方)與本公司(作為買方)於2021年9月27日訂立的票據購買協議(「該協議」),本公司未在回購日期支付回購價格(兩者定義見該協議)。詳情請參閱本公司於2023年6月14日、2023年6月20日及2023年7月5日所刊發之公告。

(q) 針對本公司控股股東的法律程序

於本報告日期,樂昇持有的本公司 492,947,000股股份正被接管(「接管」)。 本公司現正評估呈請對本集團的法律、 財務和經營影響。請股東注意(1)呈請乃 對樂昇而非本公司提出:及(2)申索金 額乃向樂昇而非本集團作出。詳情請參 閱本公司於2023年8月15日所刊發之公 告。

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37. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (CONTINUED)

(h) Disposal of Land Pursuant to Court Enforcement Order

The Company's subsidiaries and associates, being Yantai Sunshine 100 Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. (煙台 陽光壹佰房地產開發有限公司) ("Yantai Sunshine 100"), Weifang Sunshine 100 Real Estate Co., Ltd. (濰坊陽光壹 佰置業有限公司), Guilin Sunshine 100 Real Estate Co... Ltd (桂林陽光壹佰置業有限公司) ("Guilin Sunshine 100") and Sunshine 100 Group (together, the "Entities"), have received an enforcement order issued by Beijing Financial Court (北京金融法院) (the "Court") dated August 7, 2023 (the "Enforcement Order"). The Enforcement Order was issued as a result of the Entities' failure to comply with the mediation order dated July 29, 2022 which required the Entities to repay China Huarong Asset Management Co., Ltd. (中國華融資產管理股份有限公司) (stock code: 2799) ("China Huarong") a loan that China Huarong made to Yantai Sunshine 100 (the "Defaulted Loan"). The aggregate principal amount of the Defaulted Loan, together with interest and litigation costs, as at July 29, 2022, were approximately RMB495.0 million plus interest accrued from March 21, 2022 up to the date of repayment (the "Claim").

The Court has ordered Guilin Sunshine 100, which agreed to guarantee the Defaulted Loan with land use rights over a portion of land located in Xiangshan District, Guilin, Guangxi Province (廣西壯族自治區桂林市象山 區) (the "Land"), to sell its land use rights in the Land by way of judicial public auction to satisfy the Claim. The Land was valuated at approximately RMB586.3 million as at September 20, 2022 based on the valuation report commissioned by the Court, which had remained unsold after two rounds of judicial public auction. Therefore, China Huarong applied to the Court, and the Court granted the Enforcement Order for China Huarong to take the Land at the auction reserve price of approximately RMB328.0 million (including an enforcement fee of approximately RMB0.6 million and the auction reserve price of the buildings above the Land of approximately RMB8.7 million), representing a discount of approximately 44% to its valuation price, as settlement of part of the Claim. For further details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 18 August 2023.

38. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

37. 期後事項(續)

(h) 根據法院執行裁定書處置土地

本公司的附屬公司和關聯公司,即煙台 陽光壹佰房地產開發有限公司(「煙台陽光 壹佰」)、濰坊陽光壹佰置業有限公司、桂 林陽光壹佰置業有限公司(「桂林陽光壹 佰1)、陽光壹佰集團(統稱「相關實體」), 已收到由北京金融法院(「法院」)於2023 年8月7日發出的執行裁定書(「執行裁定 書1)。該執行裁定書是由於相關實體未 能履行日期為2022年7月29日的民事調 解書的要求,該民事調解書要求相關實 體償還中國華融資產管理股份有限公司 (股份代號:2799)(「中國華融」)向煙台 陽光壹佰提供的貸款(「違約貸款」)。截 至2022年7月29日, 違約貸款本金連同 利息及訴訟費用合計約人民幣495.0百萬 元,外加自2022年3月21日起至還款日 的應計利息(「索賠」)。

桂林陽光壹佰同意以其位於廣西省桂林 市象山區的部分土地(「土地」)的土地使用 權為違約貸款提供抵押擔保,法院已下 令以司法公開拍賣的方式出售該土地的 土地使用權用以償還索賠。根據法院委 託的估值報告,截至2022年9月20日該 土地的估值約為人民幣586.3百萬元,該 土地經過兩輪司法公開拍賣仍未售出。 因此,中國華融向法院提出申請,法院 發出執行裁定書,允許中國華融以拍賣 保留價約人民幣328.0百萬元(包括執行 費人民幣0.6百萬元和對應地上建築物的 拍賣保留價約人民幣8.7百萬元)的價格獲 得該土地,相較其估值折讓約44%,用 以抵償部分索賠。詳情請參閱本公司於 2023年8月18日所刊發之公告。

38. 比較數字

部分比較數字已重新分類,以符合本年度的列 報方式。

SSICO

Sunshine 100 China Holdings Ltd 陽光100中國控股有限公司