香港交易及結算所有限公司及香港聯合交易所有限公司(「**聯交所**」)對本公告的內容概不負責,對其準確性或完整性亦不發表任何聲明,並明確表示,概不對因本公告全部或任何部份內容而產生或因倚賴該等內容而引致的任何損失承擔任何責任。



# 美亞控股有限公司\* MAYER HOLDINGS LIMITED

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司) (股份代號:1116)

### 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度之 年度業績公告

美亞控股有限公司(「本公司」)董事(「董事」)會(「董事會」)宣佈本公司及其附屬公司截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度(「該年度」)之經審核綜合業績。

本公告列載本公司該年度報告(「**2023年報**」)之全文,並符合聯交所證券上市規則(「**上市規則**」)中有關年度業績初步公告附載之資料之相關要求。載有上市規則所規定資料之2023年報之副本將按上市規則所規定方式於適當時候寄發予已提出要求獲該副本的本公司股東。

承董事會命 美亞控股有限公司 葉仁傑 主席兼執行董事

香港,二零二五年三月二十六日

於本公告日期,董事會成員包括三名執行董事,即葉仁傑先生(主席)、張嘉裕先生 (首席執行官)及張雅娜女士;以及三名獨立非執行董事,即劉國雄、陸建平及 杜寧諸位先生。



# 美亞控股有限公司 MAYER HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

Stock Code 股份代號:1116

ANNUAL REPORT 2023

# Contents 目錄

2	Glossary	詞彙
5	Corporate Information	公司資料
7	Management Discussion and Analysis	管理層討論及分析
39	Responses to/Removal of Qualified Opinion	對保留意見之回應/移除
44	Corporate Governance Report	企業管治報告
62	Biographical Information of Directors and Senior Management	董事及高級管理人員履歷
66	Report of the Directors	董事會報告
80	Independent Auditor's Report	獨立核數師報告
89	Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss	綜合損益表
90	Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income	綜合損益及其他全面收益表
91	Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	綜合財務狀況表
93	Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	綜合權益變動表
94	Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	綜合現金流量表
96	Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	綜合財務報表附註
176	Five-Year Financial Summary	五年財務摘要

This Annual Report is published in late March 2025, but the information contained herein was as at 27 September 2023 unless otherwise specified.

本年報於二零二五年三月下旬刊發,惟其包含的資料則(除非另有說明)截至二零二三年九月二十七日。

# Glossary

# 詞 彙

In this Annual Report, unless the context otherwise requires, the following expressions shall have the following respective meanings:

於本年報內,除文義另有所指外,以下詞彙具有以 下相關涵義:

"2022 AGM" 「二零二二年股東週年大會」	指	the AGM held in Hong Kong on 14 December 2022; 於二零二二年十二月十四日於香港舉行的股東週年大會;
"2022 EGM" 「二零二二年股東特別大會」	指	the EGM held in Hong Kong on 22 April 2022; 於二零二二年四月二十二日於香港舉行的股東特別大會;
"2023 AGM" 「二零二三年股東週年大會」	指	the AGM to be held in Hong Kong on Friday, 29 December 2023; 將於二零二三年十二月二十九日 (星期五) 於香港舉行的股東週年大會;
"AGM(s)" 「股東週年大會」	指	the annual general meeting(s) of the Company; 本公司的股東週年大會;
"Annual Report" 「年報」	指	the annual report of the Company for the Year; 本公司截至該年度之年報;
"Articles of Association"		the articles of association of the Company as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time;
「組織章程細則」	指	本公司不時修訂、補充或以其它方式修改之組織章程細則;
"Audit Committee" 「審核委員會」	指	the audit committee of the Board; 董事會審核委員會;
"Auditor(s)" 「核數師」	指	the independent auditor(s) of the Company; 本公司獨立核數師;
"Board" 「董事會」	指	the board of Directors; 董事會;
"CEO" 「首席執行官」	指	the chief executive officer of the Company; 本公司首席執行官;
"China" or "PRC"		The People's Republic of China and for the purpose of this Report, excluding
「中國」	指	Hong Kong, the Macau Special Administrative Region and Taiwan; 中華人民共和國及就本報告而言,不包括香港、澳門特別行政區及台灣;
"CG Code" 「企管守則」	指	the Corporate Governance Code as contained in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules; 上市規則附錄十四所載的企業管治守則;
"Chairman" 「主席」	指	the chairman of the Board; 董事會主席;
"Companies Act"		the Companies Act (As Revised) of the Cayman Islands, as amended,
「公司法」	指	supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time; 開曼群島公司法(經修訂),經不時修訂、補充或以其他方式修改;
"Company"		Mayer Holdings Limited, an exempted company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability, the issued shares of which are listed on the Main
「本公司」	指	Board of the Stock Exchange (Stock code: 1116); 美亞控股有限公司,一間於開曼群島註冊成立的獲豁免有限公司,其已發行股份 於聯交所主板上市(股份代號: 1116);

### Glossary 詞 量

"Company Secretary" the company secretary of the Company; 本公司之公司秘書; 「公司秘書」 指 "COVID-19" or "Pandemic" the novel coronavirus decease 2019; 「新冠」或「疫情」 二零一九年新型冠狀病毒病; 指 "Director(s)" the director(s) of the Company; 「董事」 本公司董事; 指 "EGM(s)" the extraordinary general meeting(s) of the Company; 「股東特別大會」 本公司股東特別大會; 指 "ESG" environmental, social and governance; 環境、社會及管治; **FESGI** 指 "Executive Director(s)" the executive Director(s); 「執行董事」 執行董事; 指 "Group" the Company and its subsidiaries; 「本集團」 本公司及其附屬公司; 指 "Guangzhou Mayer" Guangzhou Mayer Corporation Limited, a core operating subsidiary of the Company operating in Guangzhou, the PRC, of which the Company holds an indirect 81.4% interest: 「廣州美亞」 廣州美亞有限公司,本公司於中國廣州經營的核心運營附屬公司,本公司間接持 指 有其81.4%權益; "Harbour Prestige" Harbour Prestige International Limited; 「港威」 港威國際有限公司; 指 "HK\$" Hong Kong dollars, the lawful currency of Hong Kong for the time being; 「港元」 當時的香港法定貨幣港元; 指 "HKAS" the Hong Kong Accounting Standards; 「香港會計準則」 指 香港會計準則; "HKFRS" the Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards; 香港財務報告準則; 「香港財務報告準則」 指 "HKICPA" the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants; 「香港會計師公會」 香港會計師公會; 指 "Hong Kong" the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the PRC; 「香港」 指 中國香港特別行政區; "Independent Non-executive the independent non-executive Director(s); Director(s)" or "INED(s)" 「獨立非執行董事」 指 獨立非執行董事; "Last Reporting Period" the 18-month period ended 30 June 2022; 「上一個報告期」 截至二零二二年六月三十日止十八個月期間; 指 "Listing Rules" the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange;

聯交所證券上市規則;

指

「上市規則」

# **Glossary**

# 詞彙

"Memorandum"		the memorandum of association of the Company as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time;
「組織章程大綱」	指	本公司不時修訂、補充或以其它方式修改之組織章程大綱;
"Model Code"		the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules;
「標準守則」	指	載於上市規則附錄十的上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則;
"NED(s)" or "Non-executive Director(s)"		the non-executive Director(s);
「非執行董事」	指	非執行董事;
"Nomination Committee" 「提名委員會」	指	the nomination committee of the Board; 董事會提名委員會;
"Remuneration Committee" 「薪酬委員會」	指	the remuneration committee of the Board; 董事會薪酬委員會;
"RMB" 「人民幣」	指	Renminbi, the lawful currency of the PRC for the time being; 人民幣,中國當時的法定貨幣;
"SFC" 「證監會」	指	the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong; 香港證券及期貨事務監察委員會;
"SFO" 「證券及期貨條例」	指	the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong); 香港法例第571章證券及期貨條例;
"Share Option Scheme" 「購股權計劃」	指	the share option scheme adopted by the Company on 31 May 2019; 本公司於二零一九年五月三十一日採納的購股權計劃;
"Shareholders" 「股東」	指	the holders of the Share(s); 股份持有人;
"Share(s)" 「股份」	指	the ordinary share(s) of par value of HK\$0.20 each in the capital of the Company; 本公司股本中每股面值0.20港元的普通股;
"Stock Exchange" 「聯交所」	指	The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited; 香港聯合交易所有限公司;
"USA" 「美國」	指	the United States of America; 美利堅合眾國;
"US\$" 「美元」	指	United States dollars, the lawful currency of the USA for the time being; 當時的美國法定貨幣美元;
"Year" 「該年度」	指	the financial year ended 30 June 2023; and 截至二零二三年六月三十日止財政年度;及
· 欧十尺」	18	既工一マー一十八刀一丨 口工对以干反,汉
" % "		per cent.
Γ%]	指	百分比。

In this Report, the terms "associate(s)", "close associate(s)", "connected person(s)", "controlling shareholder(s)", "subsidiary(ies)" and "substantial shareholder(s)" shall have the respective meanings given to such terms in the Listing Rules, unless the context otherwise requires.

於本報告中,除文義另有所指外,「聯繫人」、「緊密聯繫人」、「關連人士」、「控股股東」、「附屬公司」及「主要股東」應具有上市規則賦予該等詞彙的涵義。

# **Corporate Information**

公司資料

### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Lee Kwok Leung (Chairman)

Mr. Zhou Shi Hao Mr. Chen Zhirui

Mr. Xiao Libo *(CEO)* 

Dr. Cheung Ka Yue

#### **Non-executive Director**

Mr. Lam Chung Chak

### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Lau Kwok Hung Mr. Chan Chun Kit

Mr. Lu Jianping

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

#### **Audit Committee**

Mr. Lau Kwok Hung (Chairman)

Mr. Chan Chun Kit Mr. Lu Jianping

Nomination Committee

Mr. Chan Chun Kit (Chairman)

Mr. Lau Kwok Hung Mr. Lu Jianping

### **Remuneration Committee**

Mr. Chan Chun Kit (Chairman)

Mr. Lau Kwok Hung Mr. Lu Jianping

### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Sir Kwok Siu Man KR

### **AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES**

Mr. Lee Kwok Leung Sir Kwok Siu Man KR

### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

PO Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands

### **HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS**

Room 2001, 20/F., Tung Ning Building, 2 Hillier Street, Hong Kong

### 董事會

### 執行董事

李國樑先生(主席)

周世豪先生

陳志睿先生

肖立波先生(首席執行官)

張嘉裕博士

### 非執行董事

林宗澤先生

### 獨立非執行董事

劉國雄先生陳振傑先生

陸建平先生

### 董事會委員會

### 審核委員會

劉國雄先生(主席) 陳振傑先生 陸建平先生

#### 提名委員會

陳振傑先生(主席) 劉國雄先生 陸建平先生

#### **薪酬委員會**

陳振傑先生(主席) 劉國雄先生 陸建平先生

### 公司秘書

郭兆文黎刹騎士勲賢

### 授權代表

李國樑先生 郭兆文黎刹騎士勲賢

### 註冊辦事處

PO Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands

### 總辦事處暨主要營業地點

香港 禧利街2號 東寧大廈 20樓2001室

## **Corporate Information**

### 公司資料

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

ZHONGHUI ANDA CPA Limited Hong Kong Certified Public Accountants and Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor

### **LEGAL ADVISORS**

P.C. Woo & Co. C.L. Chow & Macksion Chan Solicitors Eddie Lee & Company, Solicitors

### **PRINCIPAL BANKERS**

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Hang Seng Bank Limited

# PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE IN THE CAYMAN ISLANDS

Tricor Services (Cayman Islands) Limited 2nd Floor, Century Yard, Cricket Square, P.O. Box 902, Grand Cayman, KY1-1103, Cayman Islands

# BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE IN HONG KONG

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong

### LISTING INFORMATION

### Place of Listing

Main Board of the Stock Exchange

#### **Stock Code**

1116

### **Board Lot**

10,000 Shares

### **COMPANY WEBSITE**

www.mayer.com.hk

### 獨立核數師

中匯安達會計師事務所有限公司 香港執業會計師及 註冊公眾利益實體核數師

### 法律顧問

胡百全律師事務所 周卓立 陳啟球 陳一理 律師事務所 李偉明律師行

### 主要往來銀行

香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司 恒生銀行有限公司

### 於開曼群島之主要股份過戶登記處

Tricor Services (Cayman Islands) Limited 2nd Floor, Century Yard, Cricket Square, P.O. Box 902, Grand Cayman, KY1-1103, Cayman Islands

#### 於香港之股份過戶登記分處

香港中央證券登記有限公司 香港 灣仔 皇后大道東183號 合和中心 17樓1712-1716號舖

### 上市資料

### 上市地點

聯交所主板

#### 股份代號

1116

### 每手買賣單位

10,000股股份

### 公司網站

www.mayer.com.hk

### 管理層討論及分析

#### **CHANGE OF FINANCIAL YEAR END DATE**

In late December 2021, the Board resolved to change the financial year end date of the Company from 31 December to 30 June. Immediately following such change, the financial year end date of the Company was 30 June 2022 and the first audited consolidated financial statements of the Company required for publication covered a period of 18 months from 1 January 2021 to 30 June 2022 (the "Last Reporting Period"). Please refer to the Company's announcement dated 22 December 2021 for details.

### **REVIEW OF RESULTS**

The Board presents the audited consolidated results of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2023 (the "Year"), which have been reviewed by the Audit Committee, together with the comparative figures and the percentage changes for the Last Reporting Period as follows. Please note that the Group's financial statements for the Year cover a 12-month year ended 30 June 2023 whereas the comparative financial statements cover a 18-month period ended 30 June 2022. Therefore, the comparative figures are not entirely comparable.

For the Year, the Group reported consolidated revenue of approximately RMB538,163,000, representing a decrease of 40.4% compared to approximately RMB902,652,000 for the Last Reporting Period. Gross profit margin for the Year was 13.2%, same as that of the Last Reporting Period. The Group recorded loss for the Year of approximately RMB335,996,000\*, compared to loss of approximately RMB8,819,000 for the Last Reporting Period. Loss attributable to owners of the Company for the Year was approximately RMB338,846,000, compared with the Last Reporting Period's loss attributable to owners of the Company of RMB14,304,000. Loss per share for the Year was RMB15.7 cents versus the Last Reporting Period's loss per share of RMB0.66 cent.

\* Please refer to the two announcements of the Company both dated 5 March 2025 regarding (a) Profit Warning for the Year and (b) Disposal of a Subsidiary, respectively.

### 更改財政年度結算日

於二零二一年十二月下旬,董事會決議將本公司的 財政年度結算日由十二月三十一日更改為六月三十 日。緊隨該變更後,本公司之財政年度結算日為二 零二二年六月三十日,而首份本公司須刊發之經審 核綜合財務報表涵蓋自二零二一年一月一日至二 零二二年六月三十日十八個月期間(「上一個報告 期」)。詳情請參閱本公司日期為二零二一年十二 月二十二日之公告。

### 業績回顧

董事會提呈本集團截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度(「該年度」)之經審核綜合業績(經由審核委員會審閱)連同截至上一個報告期之比較數字及變動百分比如下。請注意本集團該年度之財務報表涵蓋截至二零二三年六月三十日止十二個月之年度,而比較財務報表涵蓋截至二零二二年六月三十日止十八個月之期間。因此,比較數字完全不具可比性。

於該年度,本集團呈報綜合收益約人民幣538,163,000元,較上一個報告期之約人民幣902,652,000元減少40.4%。該年度之毛利率為13.2%,與上一個報告期相同。本集團錄得該年度虧損約人民幣335,996,000元\*,而上一個報告期則錄得虧損約人民幣8,819,000元。該年度本公司擁有人應佔虧損約為人民幣338,846,000元,而上一個報告期則為本公司擁有人應佔虧損人民幣14,304,000元。該年度之每股虧損為人民幣15.7分,而上一個報告期則為每股虧損人民幣0.66分。

\* 請參閱本公司日期為二零二五年三月五日分別有關 (a)截至該年度盈利警告及(b)出售一間附屬公司的兩份公告。

### 管理層討論及分析

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

### **Production and Sales of Steel Products**

Guangzhou Mayer is the core 81.4%-owned subsidiary of the Company operating in Guangzhou, the PRC and is engaged in the steel business.

Guangzhou Mayer has been specializing in the production of steel pipes, steel sheets and other steel products for over 25 years. It is a benchmark brand in the PRC's stainless steel water pipe industry. It is also a manufacturer in the PRC that can independently control all links and processes of stainless steel pipe making. In addition, Guangzhou Mayer has been accredited as a "High and New Tech Enterprise".

Guangzhou Mayer has participated in many large projects and cooperated with the government and many large enterprises. Besides domestic sales, its steel products are exported to Southeast Asia, Africa, Europe, the USA and other parts of the world. Customers include the Chinese Ministry of Construction and major tap water companies.

The quality of Guangzhou Mayer's steel products has been recognized by many customers. Guangzhou Mayer has obtained the certificates of environmental management system, occupational health and safety system and quality management system through ISO14001 environmental management system certification, ISO45001 occupational health and safety management system certification and ISO9001 quality management system certification experts' on-site review.

In the second half of 2022, steel prices continued to decline month by month. The decline was due to (a) the adverse effect of the COVID-19 on the economy of the PRC as there were successive outbreaks of the Pandemic in different cities of the PRC; and (b) the impact of high inflation in Europe and the USA. Customers' demand for the steel products has plummeted, and most demand has dropped substantially. In response, the Group increased the domestic sales of steel products to offset the reduction of sales caused by the decrease in export sales. The market price continued to decrease until it gradually stabilized in the middle of the fourth quarter of 2022.

At the same time, in order to stabilise the supply of raw materials and maintain the market share of customers, Guangzhou Mayer needed to order futures from certain major steel mills in the PRC monthly, so there was inevitably a certain loss of the inventory value. However, part of the value loss has been reduced by the company's vigorous bargaining with those steel mills in procurement and entering into some quantitative pricing contracts with customers, coupled with preferential treatment from the steel mills. To mitigate risks, Guangzhou Mayer adjusted the proportion of its futures and spot purchases based on market conditions. For high-end products with limited market circulation, Guangzhou Mayer pursued strategic partnerships with customers and negotiated with steel mills to secure market share and maximise profits.

To liaise with potential customers and promote additional sales, Guangzhou Mayer has set up a registered non-Hong Kong company in Hong Kong in mid-December 2022.

### 業務回顧

### 生產及銷售鋼製品

廣州美亞是本公司擁有81.4%股權之核心附屬公司,於中國廣州營運,從事鋼材業務。

廣州美亞專注於生產鋼管、鋼片及其他鋼製品超過 25年,是中國不銹鋼水管行業的標杆品牌。它亦為 中國一間可以獨立控制不銹鋼管製作所有環節及 流程的製造商。此外,廣州美亞獲評為一家「高新 技術企業」。

廣州美亞曾參與多個大型項目,與政府及多間大型 企業合作。除國內銷售外,其鋼製品亦出口至東南 亞、非洲、歐洲、美國及全球其他地區。客戶包括 中國建設部及主要的自來水公司。

廣州美亞鋼製品的質量已獲許多客戶認可。廣州美亞透過ISO14001環境管理體系認證、ISO45001職業健康安全管理體系認證及ISO9001質量管理體系認證專家現場評分,獲得環境管理體系、職業健康安全體系及質量管理體系證書。

於二零二二年下半年,鋼材價格繼續逐月下降。下降的原因(a)是受新冠對中國經濟產生不利的影響,因當時中國不同城市接連爆發疫情,及(b)歐洲和美國的高通脹影響。客戶對鋼製品的需求急劇下降,大部分需求同比大幅下降。本集團因應該等情況增加鋼製品的國內銷售,以抵消出口銷售減少所帶來的銷量下降。市場價格持續下降,直到二零二二年第四季中才逐漸穩定。

同時,為穩定原材料供應及保持客戶市場佔有份額,廣州美亞需每月向中國若干主要鋼廠訂購期貨,因此庫存價值無可避免出現一定的損失。 而,由於本公司採購時與該等鋼廠積極議價,並與客戶訂立部分定量定價合約,加上鋼廠給予的優惠 待遇,部分價值損失已獲減少。為規避風險,廣州美亞根據市場狀況調整了其期貨和現貨採購比例。 針對市場流通量有限的高端產品,廣州美亞尋求以 審戶的策略合作夥伴關係,並與鋼廠進行談判,以 確保市場份額及最大化利潤。

為聯絡潛在客戶並促進額外銷售,廣州美亞已於二 零二二年十二月中旬在香港成立一家註冊非香港 公司。

### 管理層討論及分析

Although there were still instabilities and uncertainties caused by the complex and volatile international and domestic macro-economical environment in early 2023, the Chinese government has been proactively launching or revising policies to boost China's economy. Most importantly, Beijing announced the commencement of relaxation on border control measures against the Pandemic starting from 8 January 2023, which was the first time since March 2020. Though the steel industry may pick up gradually and slowly in a longer time, it should presently start feeling certain beneficial effect of the loosen-up of tightening policies and supportive policies relating to the real estate market promulgated by the PRC government since the third quarter of 2022.

雖然於二零二三年初,國際及國內宏觀經濟環境複雜多變導致的若干不穩定因素及不確定因素將仍然存在,惟中國政府一直在積極推出或修改提振中國經濟的政策。最重要的是,北京自二零二零年三月以來首次宣佈,從二零二三年一月八日開始放寬針對疫情的邊境管制措施。儘管鋼鐵業或會在更長的時間內逐步及緩慢回暖,但現應開始感受到自二零二二年第三季度以來,中國政府所頒佈有關放鬆房。地產市場的收緊政策及扶持政策的若干利好效應。

#### **Steel Prices**

The steel prices in the PRC started declining from May 2021 until the end of October 2022, experiencing a decrease of approximately 45% from its peak.

From early November 2022 to mid-March 2023, the steel prices rebounded by around 30% due to high expectations following the ease of the Pandemic. However, owing to the slow recovery of demand after the Pandemic, the steel prices declined once again by approximately 20%.

From early June to mid-September 2023, the steel prices recovered by about 10% as steel mills reduced production to maintain prices. Despite fluctuations during this period, the overall trend of steel prices remained downward. The price fluctuations were attributed to severe global inflation, significant contraction in overall demand, excess steel production capacity and intense market competition leading to lower profit margins.

#### **Urban Renewal Projects Planning and Consulting**

As at 30 June 2023, the Group had several urban renewal planning and consulting service projects in progress. These projects are located in Zhuhai, China, and have an estimated site area of approximately 480 mu in total (subject to the final approval by the government) within their redevelopment zones. One project known as the old village redevelopment project of Yuetang Village\* (月堂村) was located in Sanzao Town, Jinwan District, Zhuhai (the "Yuetang Village Redevelopment Project").

### 鋼材價格

中國鋼材價格從二零二一年五月開始下降一直到二零二二年十月,較高峰下降了約45%。

二零二二年十一月上旬至二零二三年三月中旬,受疫情緩解後的高預期影響,鋼材價格反彈約30%。但由於疫情後需求恢復緩慢,鋼材價格再次下跌約20%。

二零二三年年六月初至九月中旬,鋼鐵廠減產維持價格,鋼材價格回升約10%。儘管期間出現波動,但鋼材價格整體仍保持下行趨勢。價格波動主要是由於全球通膨嚴重、整體需求大幅萎縮、鋼鐵產能過剩及市場競爭激烈導致利潤率下降。

#### 城市更新項目規劃及諮詢

截至二零二三年六月三十日,本集團有數個城市更新規劃及諮詢服務項目正在開展中,相關項目皆位於中國珠海市,預計改造範圍內佔地面積總共為約480畝(最終以政府審批為準)。位於珠海市金灣區三灶鎮名為月堂村項目(「**月堂村更新項目**」)為舊村更新項目。

### 管理層討論及分析

During the Year, the Group's urban renewal projects planning and consulting services did not record any revenue (Last Reporting Period: RMB1,476,000). Its operation in Zhuhai witnessed stagnant progress and unsatisfactory results.

於該年度,本集團的城市更新項目規劃及諮詢服務並沒有錄得任何收益(上一個報告期:人民幣1,476,000元)。其於珠海的業務進展停滯不前,結果不盡人意。

### Yuetang Village Redevelopment Project

Reference is made to the conditional sale and purchase agreement dated 11 June 2019 (as amended by certain supplemental agreements) entered into among (i) Elate Ample Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company (the "Purchaser"); (ii) Harbour Prestige, a company wholly owned by the Guarantor (as defined below) and presently a substantial shareholder of the Company (the "Vendor"); (iii) Mr. Zhou Shi Hao, the beneficial owner of the Vendor and presently an executive Director (the "Guarantor"); and (iv) the Company in relation to the sale and purchase of the entire issued share capital of Happy (Hong Kong) New City Group Limited (a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands, and presently an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company) (the "Target Company" and the "Share Capital", respectively) and the transactions contemplated thereunder at a consideration of HK\$260 million (the "Sale and Purchase Agreement").

The Target Company owns a 49% equity interest of Zhuhai Hua Fa Yue Tang Property Development Limited(珠海華發月堂房產開發有限公司)("**Hua Fa Yue Tang**" or the "**Project Company**"), a company established in the PRC and managing the Yuetang Village Redevelopment Project.

### 月堂村更新項目

茲提述(i) Elate Ample Limited (本公司之全資附屬公司) (「買方」);(ii) 港威 (一間由擔保人(定義見下文)全資擁有之公司及現為本公司之主要股東) (「賣方」);(iii) 周世豪先生(賣方之實益擁有人及現為執行董事) (「擔保人」);及(iv)本公司就買賣眾樂(香港)新城市控股集團有限公司 (一間於英屬維爾京群島註冊成立的公司及現為本公司之間接全資附屬公司) (「目標公司」) 全部已發行股本(「股本」) 訂立之日期為二零一九年六月十一日之有條件買賣協議(經若干補充協議修訂) 及據此擬進行之交易,代價為260,000,000港元(「買賣協議」)。

目標公司擁有珠海華發月堂房產開發有限公司(「華 發月堂」或「項目公司」)(一間於中國成立的公司及 管理月堂村更新項目)之49%股本權益。

### 管理層討論及分析

#### Slow-down of Business

The unprecedented Pandemic, indeed, slowed down the business development of the Target Company in the following ways:

- (i) delay in completion of property development projects due to (a) delay in the supply of construction materials; (b) labour shortage as a result of the mandatory quarantine policy; and (c) delay in decisions made in relation to the Yuetang Village Re-development Project as physical inspections and meetings could not be arranged; and
- (ii) increased difficulties for and/or hesitation of potential buyers to perform site-visits during the Pandemic and the negative impact brought to the general economy of Zhuhai, which affected the property purchasing momentum.

#### **Guaranteed Target Profit Level**

Based on the unaudited consolidated financial statements of the Target Company for the three financial years ended 31 December 2021, the accumulated audited consolidated profit after tax of the Target Company after the completion of the purchase of the Share Capital by the Purchaser (the "Acquisition" and the "Accumulated Net Profit", respectively) was approximately RMB27,486,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$32,983,000), representing a shortfall of approximately RMB189,181,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$227,017,000) as compared to the target profit level of HK\$260 million (the "Target Profit Level") to be achieved by the Target Company.

On 11 March 2022, the Purchaser, the Vendor, the Guarantor and the Company entered into a conditional supplemental agreement to the Sale and Purchase Agreement for, among others, the extension of time for the Target Company to meet the Target Profit Level for 18 months (i.e. from the target period, being the three financial years ended 31 December 2021 to the new target period, being the period from 1 January 2019 to 30 June 2023 (the "New Target Period")) (the "Supplemental Agreement").

The Acquisition constituted a major transaction for the Company under Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules. Further, the Guarantor and the Vendor are connected persons (defined under the Listing Rules) of the Company and accordingly, the transactions contemplated under the Supplemental Agreement constitute a non-exempt connected transaction for the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules and are subject to, amongst others, the approval of the Shareholders (other than the Vendor, the Guarantor and their respective associates) not interested in the Supplemental Agreement (the "Independent Shareholders") at an EGM to be convened.

#### 拖慢業務發展

由於疫情前所未見,拖慢目標公司業務發展,情況如下:

- (i) 由於(a)建築材料供應延誤;(b)強制隔離政策 令勞工短缺;及(c)無法安排親身視察及會面, 令月堂村更新項目決策延誤,故物業發展項目 延遲竣工;及
- (ii) 於疫情期間,潛在買家更難及/或更不願意實地參觀,加上珠海市整體經濟受到打擊,影響 置業氣氛。

### 保證目標溢利水平

基於目標公司截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止三個財政年度之未經審核綜合財務報表,目標公司於買方完成購買股本(「收購事項」)後之累計經審核綜合除稅後溢利(「累計純利」)約為人民幣27,486,000元(相等於約32,983,000港元),較目標公司將達到之目標溢利水平260,000,000港元(「目標溢利水平」)少約人民幣189,181,000元(相等於約227,017,000港元)。

於二零二二年三月十一日,買方、賣方、擔保人及本公司訂立買賣協議之有條件補充協議,以(其中包括)將目標公司達到目標溢利水平之期限延長十八個月(即是由截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止三個財政年度之目標期間至新目標期間,即由二零一九年一月一日至二零二三年六月三十日止之期間(「新目標期間」))(「補充協議」)。

收購事項根據上市規則第十四章構成本公司之主要交易。此外,擔保人及賣方為本公司之關連人士(定義見上市規則),因此,根據補充協議擬進行之交易根據上市規則第十四A章構成本公司之不獲豁免關連交易,須待(其中包括)並無於補充協議中擁有權益之股東(賣方、擔保人及彼等各自之聯繫人除外)(「獨立股東」)於將予召開股東特別大會上批准後方可作實。

### 管理層討論及分析

An independent board committee comprising all the current INEDs (the "Independent Board Committee") had been established to advise the Independent Shareholders in respect of the terms of the Supplemental Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder. An independent financial adviser (the "Independent Financial Adviser") was appointed to advise the Independent Board Committee and the Independent Shareholders in this regard.

本公司曾成立由全體現任獨立非執行董事組成之獨立董事委員會(「獨立董事委員會」),以就補充協議及據此擬進行之交易之條款向獨立股東提供意見。本公司曾委任一名獨立財務顧問(「獨立財務顧問」),以就此向獨立董事委員會及獨立股東提供意見。

#### **Extension of Long Stop Date**

Pursuant to the Supplemental Agreement, completion of the transactions contemplated thereunder was conditional upon the fulfillment of the condition precedent to the Supplemental Agreement on or before 31 July 2022 (the "Long Stop Date"). As additional time was required for the fulfillment of the condition precedent(s) to the Supplemental Agreement, on 29 July 2022, the Purchaser, the Vendor, the Guarantor and the Company entered into a second supplemental agreement to the Sale and Purchase Agreement, pursuant to which the Long Stop Date shall be extended to 31 July 2023. Save as disclosed above, all other terms and conditions of the Supplemental Agreement remain unchanged and shall continue in full force and effect.

### Change of Independent Financial Adviser

After the expiry of the engagement letter of the first Independent Financial Adviser on 30 September 2022, another Independent Financial Adviser was appointed by the Company to advise the Independent Board Committee and the Independent Shareholders of the reasonableness of the terms of the Supplemental Agreement.

### Despatch of Circular

A circular was initially expected to be despatched to the Shareholders on or before 30 June 2023 containing, among other things, further details of the Supplemental Agreement and the second supplemental agreement to the Sale and Purchase Agreement dated 29 July 2022. However, due to the latest developments as disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 30 June 2023, the Company expected that no further supplemental agreements would be entered into to extend the period for the Target Company to achieve the Guaranteed Target Profit Level. Accordingly, the circular was not despatched to the Shareholders.

### 延後截止日期

根據補充協議,據此擬進行之交易須待補充協議之先決條件於二零二二年七月三十一日(「**截止日期**」)或之前達成後,方告完成。由於需要更多時間達成補充協議之先決條件,故於二零二二年七月二十九日,買方、賣方、擔保人及本公司訂立買賣協議之第二份補充協議,據此,截止日期將延後至二零二三年七月三十一日。除上文所披露者外,補充協議之其他條款及條件全部維持不變,並應繼續具十足效力及作用。

### 更換獨立財務顧問

在首任獨立財務顧問的委任函件於二零二二年九 日三十日期滿後,本公司已委任另一家獨立財務顧 問就補充協議條款的合理性向獨立董事委員會及 獨立股東提供意見。

### 寄發通函

最初預計一份載有(其中包括)補充協議及日期為二零二二年七月二十九日的買賣協議之第二份補充協議的進一步詳情的通函將於二零二三年六月三十日或之前寄發予股東。然而,鑑於本公司日期為二零二三年六月三十日的公告所披露的最新進展,本公司預計不會再訂立補充協議以延長目標公司實現保證目標溢利水平的期限。因此,通函並未寄發予股東。

### 管理層討論及分析

### Development of the Property Development Projects of the Target Company from the Fourth Quarter of 2022 towards Early 2023

The Company had been evaluating and monitoring the progress of the Yuetang Village Re-development Project and other property redevelopment projects, which are situated in Zhuhai City (the "Projects"). However, since the outbreak of the Pandemic, the Zhuhai City government had been implementing strict preventive and containment measures, as well as lockdown and other policies relating to the restrictions of people flow, which constricted general economic activities within the local and surrounding areas and consequently, affected and stagnated the property development industry and the operating environment in Zhuhai City (the "Industry") as a whole. The construction timetable of each of the Projects has been temporarily stalled and delayed due to (i) delay in the supply of construction materials; (ii) labour shortage as a result of the abovementioned restriction and containment measures; and (iii) increased difficulties for and/or hesitation of potential buyers to perform site-visits during the Pandemic and the negative impact brought to the general economy of Zhuhai City, which have affected the property purchasing momentum.

Given the circumstance as a result of the Pandemic, the Directors were not certain of the recovery time of the Industry but had been closely monitoring and assessing the status of the Projects. In attempting to evaluate the future prospect of the Projects, the Company engaged an independent professional property valuer (the "Valuer") to appraise and assess the estimated turnaround time of the Industry in order to formulate the plan to resume the Projects.

Taking into account (i) the loosen-up of tightening policies relating to the Industry as imposed by the PRC government; (ii) the stabilised demand of the residential buildings in Zhuhai City as driven by an inelastic demand and purchasers' expectation of the recovery of Industry; and (iii) the loosen-up of restriction and regulatory policies in relation to the Pandemic, which was expected to increase the market confidence in respect of the Industry and attract potential purchasers of residential buildings, the Valuer was of the view that the Industry is reckoned to recover steadily and gradually return to the pre-epidemic level not later than the second half of 2023, subject to future development of the Pandemic, as well as the macroeconomic and political environment around the world.

### 有關目標公司之物業發展項目由二零二二年第四 季至二零二三年初之資料

本公司一直在評估及監督位於珠海市的月堂村更新項目及其他物業改造項目(「該等項目」)的進度。然而,自疫情爆發以來,珠海市政府一直實施嚴格的預防及控制措施,以及與限制人口流動有關的封鎖及其他政策,限制了當地及周邊地區的整體經濟活動,因此令珠海市的整體物業發展行業及營商環境(「該行業」)受到影響並停滯不前。由於(i)建築材料供應延誤;(ii)上述限制及控制措施令勞工短缺;及(iii)疫情期間潛在買家進行實地考察的困難增加及/或更加猶豫以及對珠海市整體經濟帶來的負面影響,影響了物業購買勢頭,該等項目各自的建設時間表已暫時擱置及延遲。

鑒於疫情所導致的情況,董事無法確定該行業的復 甦時間,但一直在密切監督及評估該等項目狀況。 為嘗試評估該等項目的未來前景,本公司曾委聘一 名獨立專業物業估值師(「估值師」),以評定及評 估該行業的估計恢復時間,從而制定重啟該等項目 的計劃。

考慮到(i)中國政府施加的有關該行業的收緊政策放 鬆;(ii)剛需推動對珠海市住宅樓宇的穩定需求及買 家對該行業復甦的預期;及(iii)有關疫情的限制及 監管政策放鬆 (預期將提高市場對該行業的信心並 吸引住宅樓宇的潛在買家),估值師認為,該行業 具有韌性,可穩定恢復並最遲於二零二三年下半年 逐步回歸疫情前的水平,惟視乎疫情的未來發展以 及全球宏觀經濟及政治環境而定。

### 管理層討論及分析

#### Actions Considered by the Company towards the Projects

In addition to the above arrangement, the Company had considered the feasibility of exercising of the option granted by the Vendor to the Purchaser under the Sale and Purchase Agreement in respect of the sale and transfer of the entire issued Share Capital of the Target Company (the "Put Option") and taking legal action towards the Vendor and the Guarantor in case that they were not able to fulfill their obligations under the Put Option. However, having considered that (i) the Vendor and the Guarantor have expressed to the Company that they do not have the financial capacity to fulfill their obligations in a timely manner assuming that the Company exercises the Put Option; and (ii) should any legal actions be taken against the Vendor and the Guarantor, the Company upon going through lengthy legal procedures would only be able to receive cash compensation which may not be sufficient to cover the Company's initial investment costs in the Projects, the Directors consider that the exercise of the Put Option and the taking of any legal actions against the Vendor and the Guarantor by the Group are not in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

In relation to the realisation of investment in the Projects, the Directors had made reference to the Valuer's opinion on the estimated recovery time of the Industry of being not later than the second half of 2023. Given the condition of the Industry, having considered (i) the potential gain from the Projects; (ii) the signs of recovery from the Pandemic in the PRC; and (iii) the Company's commitment and capital investment in the Projects and that the Company may be able to recover its initial investment costs and to harvest the gain generated by the Projects upon the recovery of the Industry, the Directors came into the conclusion that it was in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole not to realize its investment in the Projects.

As disclosed in the 2022/2023 Interim Report of the Company, the Company and the Purchaser then intended to enter into a further supplemental agreement (the "Supplemental Agreement II") with the Vendor and the Guarantor to (i) further extend the New Target Period up to 31 December 2024 by making reference to the Valuer's estimation on the recovery timeline of the Industry; and (ii) revise the calculation formula regarding the fulfillment of the Target Profit Level under the Sale and Purchase Agreement and the Supplemental Agreement.

#### 本公司就該等項目考慮採取的行動

除上述安排外,本公司亦曾考慮行使賣方根據買賣協議(內容有關出售及轉讓目標公司的全部已發行股本)授予買方的期權(「認沽期權」)並在賣方及擔保人無法履行彼等於認沽期權項下的義務時對其採取法律行動的可行性。然而,考慮到(i)賣方及擔保人已向本公司表示,假設本公司行使認沽期權,彼等並無及時履行其義務的財務能力;及(ii)倘對賣方及擔保人採取任何法律行動,本公司在經過漫長的法律程序後只能獲得現金補償,而現金補償可能不足以涵蓋本公司於該等項目的初始投資成本,董事認為,本集團行使認沽期權以及對賣方及擔保人採取任何法律行動不符合本公司及股東的整體利益。

就變現於該等項目的投資而言,董事曾參考估值師之意見,即該行業的估計恢復時間不遲於二零二三年下半年。鑒於該行業狀況,考慮到(i)該等項目的潛在收益;(ii)中國從疫情中恢復的跡象;及(iii)本公司對該等項目的承諾及資本投資,以及在該行業復甦後本公司可能能夠收回其初始投資成本並獲得該等項目產生的收益,董事得出結論,不變現於該等項目的投資符合本公司及股東的整體利益。

誠如本公司2022/2023中期報告所披露,本公司及買方當時擬與賣方及擔保人訂立進一步補充協議(「補充協議」」),以(i)參考估值師對該行業復甦時間表的估計,將新目標期間進一步延長至二零二四年十二月三十一日;及(ii)修改有關實現買賣協議及補充協議項下目標溢利水平的計算公式。

### 管理層討論及分析

Up to early March 2023, the Company was still in negotiations with the Vendor and the Guarantor to formulate a detailed and achievable action plan and timetable of the Projects and to finalise the terms and conditions under the Supplemental Agreement II.

截至二零二三年三月上旬,本公司仍在與買方及擔保人磋商,以制定詳細及可實現的行動計劃以及該等項目的時間表,並落實補充協議II的條款及條件。

#### Current Status

The Yuetang Village Re-development Project is currently considered by the Board as at a preliminary stage (i.e. with land survey completed and the proposal of the re-development units submitted to the local governmental authorities) as a result of, among other reasons, the impact of certain preventive measures by the local government in response to the outspread of the COVID-19 since 2019. The Vendor, the Guarantor and the majority of the Board have not finalised the details of the Yuetang Village Redevelopment Project in their meetings since March 2023, which then caused the Yuetang Village Re-development Project to be put on-hold despite the signs of the recovery from the COVID-19.

In light of the above circumstances and as disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 30 June 2023, the Yuetang Village Redevelopment Project is still at its preliminary stage, the Board considers that the Target Company will not be able to achieve the guaranteed Target Profit Level in the foreseeable future so that the Company does not expect to enter into any further supplemental agreement to, among others, extend the period for the Target Company to achieve the guaranteed Target Profit Level until any solution can be reached and/or agreed. The Company has been seeking legal advices from its legal advisers on appropriate legal actions to be taken regarding the Supplemental Agreement in relation to the matters mentioned above if and when necessary, in order to protect and safeguard the interests of the Shareholders and the Company.

Any material developments and updates will be announced by the Company as and when appropriate.

At the same time, each of the other re-development projects in Zhuhai, similar to the Yuetang Village Redevelopment Project, is also considered by the Board as at a preliminary stage (i.e. pending approval of the local governmental authorities to commence construction).

#### 當前狀況

受到(其中包括)地方政府自二零一九年以來因應新冠傳播而採取的若干防疫措施影響,董事會認為月堂村更新項目目前仍處於前期階段(即已完成土地測量,且已向地方政府機關提交更新單位建議)。由於賣方、擔保人與董事會大多數成員在彼等自二零二三年三月以來的會議上仍未就月堂村更新項目的最終開發詳情達成一致意見,導致儘管出現從疫情中恢復的跡象,惟月堂村更新項目仍被擱置。

有鑒於此及誠如本公司日期為二零二三年六月三十日之公告所披露,加上月堂村更新項目仍處於前期階段,董事會認為,目標公司將無法於可見未來達成保證目標溢利水平,故本公司預計直至達成及/或同意任何解決方案前不會進一步訂立任何補充協議,以(其中包括)延遲目標公司達成保證目標溢利水平之期限。本公司已向其法律顧問尋求法律意見,以了解應就補充協議因應上述事宜於有需要時採取,從而保護及保障股東及本公司權益之適當法律行動。

如有任何重大發展及最新消息,本公司將於適當時 候作出公告。

同時,珠海的每項其它類似月堂村更新項目的重建項目,也被董事會視為處於初步階段(即有待當地政府部門批准開始施工)。

### 管理層討論及分析

For details, please refer to the Company's announcements dated 14 March, 1 and 29 April, 1 June, 14 and 29 July and 31 October 2022 as well as 31 January, 28 April, 30 June and 10 August 2023 respectively.

詳情請參閱本公司日期分別為二零二二年三月十四日、四月一日及二十九日、六月一日、七月十四日與二十九日及十月三十一日,以及二零二三年一月三十一日、四月二十八日、六月三十日及八月十日之公告。

### **Environmental Technology Related Business**

It came to the Board's attention that environmental protection related issues in the PRC had been one of the topics being focused and mentioned in the 13th and 14th Five Year Plans for Economic and Social Development of the PRC, each of which aims to, including but not limited, contain carbon pollution and emission and promote and encourage the use of green building materials. Driven by the strengthening policies and the enforcement of environmental protection regulations made by the PRC government, the Board considered that there would be continuous substantial demand and opportunities for the integration and application of environmental technologies for the purposes of lowering operation and production costs and improving services quality and efficiency in the PRC to support and maintain its rapid urbanization and industrialization development.

The Board also considered that the Grantee (as defined below), a company principally engaged in the provision of business and consultancy services, might leverage on its expertise in investment advisory services and its business network to provide certain consultancy services to the Group to assist and facilitate the development of the Group's environmental technology related business (i.e. applying or provision of environmental technologies, products, equipment and systems in the production of steel compounds and other industrial compound materials) (the "Environmental Technology Business").

On 12 January 2022, the Company entered into a consultancy agreement with Sino Light Investment Advisory Limited (the "Grantee") regarding the appointment of the Grantee as a consultant of the Company for the provision to the Group of, amongst others, the following services for or in relation to the development of the Environmental Technology Business (the "Consultancy Services") for a term of two years (the "Consultancy Agreement") from the completion date of the Consultancy Agreement:

- (i) the business and investment, consultation and advisory services;
- (ii) screening, identifying and introducing potential quality business partners to the Group, and assisting the Group in entering into joint venture agreement(s) and/or business cooperation agreement(s) with such partners; and
- (iii) proposing viable financial solutions to the Group for development of the Environmental Technology Business,

### 環保技術相關業務

董事會注意到,中國環保相關問題一直為中國國民經濟和社會發展第十三及第十四個五年規劃之重點提述議題之一,該等五年規劃均旨在(包括但不限於)控制碳污染及排放,以及推廣及鼓勵使用綠色建築材料。在中國政府加強政策及實施環保法規推動下,董事會認為,整合及應用環保技術以降低營運及生產成本同時提高服務質量及效益,可支持並維持城市化及工業化急速發展,將於中國持續湧現龐大需求及機會。

董事會亦認為,承授人(定義見下文)(一間主要從事提供商業及顧問服務的公司)可運用其投資顧問服務專長及業務網絡為本集團提供若干顧問服務,協助並利導本集團環保技術相關業務(即在複合鋼及其他工業複合材料之生產上應用或提供環保技術、產品、設備及系統)(「環保技術業務」)發展。

於二零二二年一月十二日,本公司與凌勵投資顧問有限公司(「承授人」)訂立顧問協議,內容有關委任承授人為本公司顧問,以向本集團提供(其中包括)以下服務或有關發展環保技術業務之服務(「顧問服務」),由顧問協議完成日期起為期兩年(「顧問協議」):

- (i) 業務及投資、顧問及諮詢服務;
- (ii) 篩選、物色及引薦潛在優質業務夥伴予本集團,協助本集團與該等夥伴訂立合營協議及/或業務合作協議;及
- (iii) 向本集團提出可行的財務解決方案,以發展環保技術業務。

### 管理層討論及分析

Pursuant to the Consultancy Agreement, the Board resolved to grant share options of the Company to the Grantee to subscribe for a total of 174,800,000 Shares at the exercise price of HK\$0.2 per Share (the "Share Options") under the Share Option Scheme as consideration for the Consultancy Services. Completion of the Consultancy Agreement was conditional upon the passing of the necessary resolutions by the Shareholders at an EGM to be convened, approving the grant of Share Options to the Grantee and the transactions contemplated thereunder. An EGM was held on 22 April 2022 and the relevant resolutions were passed by the Shareholders thereat. The transactions contemplated under the Consultancy Agreement were completed on 25 April 2022.

根據顧問協議,董事會議決根據購股權計劃向承授人授出本公司購股權(「購股權」),可按行使價每股股份0.2港元認購合共174,800,000股股份,作為顧問服務之代價。顧問協議完成須待股東於將予召開之股東特別大會上通過必要決議案,批准向承授人授出購股權及據此擬進行之交易後,方可作實。本公司於二零二二年四月二十二日舉行股東特別大會,且股東於會上通過相關決議案。顧問協議項下擬進行的於二零二二年四月二十五日完成。

Please refer to the Company's announcement dated 12 January 2022, circular dated 30 March 2022 and announcement dated 22 April 2022 for details.

詳情請參閱本公司日期為二零二二年一月十二日 之公告、日期為二零二二年三月三十日之通函及日 期為二零二二年四月二十二日之公告。

So far, the Grantee has introduced certain potential business partners for the Environmental Technology Business to the Company and negotiations and discussion are underway between the Group and such potential business partners. However, no formal joint venture agreements and/or business agreements have been entered into and the Grantee has not yet proposed any viable financial solutions to the Group for any potential joint venture and/or business cooperation.

迄今為止,承授人已向本公司介紹若干潛在的環保技術業務合作夥伴。本集團與該等潛在業務夥伴之間的進一步磋商及討論正在進行中。然而,尚未簽訂正式合資協議及/或業務合作協議,且承授人尚未就任何潛在合資及/或業務合作向本集團提出任何可行的財務解決方案。

納米相變儲能材料(「納米PCM」)業務

# Nano Phase Change Energy Storage Material(s) (the "Nano PCMs") Business

### 股權投資協議

### **Equity Investment Agreement**

於二零二二年七月二十五日,廣州美亞與廣東高威環保節能科技有限公司(「高威」)、Start Upward Limited(「Start Upward」)及一名人士(「該人士」)(均為獨立第三方)訂立一份股權投資協議(「股權投資協議」),據此:

On 25 July 2022, Guangzhou Mayer entered into an equity investment agreement with Guangdong Golden Way Environmental and Energy Saving Technology Co., Ltd\* (廣東高威環保節能科技有限公司)("Golden Way"), Start Upward Limited ("Start Upward") and an individual (the "Individual"), all being independent third parties (the "Equity Investment Agreement"), pursuant to which:

- (i) 高威有條件同意向廣州美亞現有全資附屬公司廣州美亞科技發展有限公司(「**美亞科技**」) 以現金人民幣6,000,000元作出股權投資協議 所載出資;
- (i) Golden Way conditionally agreed to make the Capital Contribution (as stated in the Equity Investment Agreement) to Guangzhou Mayer Technology Development Ltd\* (廣州美亞科技發展有限公司)("**Mayer Technology**"), an existing wholly-owned subsidiary of Guangzhou Mayer, in cash in the amount of RMB6 million;
- (ii) 廣州美亞有條件同意作出出資,使其於美亞 科技的股本投資由人民幣1,000,000元增加至 人民幣14,000,000元;
- Guangzhou Mayer conditionally agreed to make the Capital Contribution, which increased its capital investment in Mayer Technology from RMB1 million to RMB14 million;
- (iii) 美亞科技之註冊資本將因出資而由人民幣 1,000,000元增加至人民幣20,000,000元;及
- (iii) the registered capital of Mayer Technology will be increased from RMB1 million to RMB20 million as a result of the Capital Contribution; and
- (iv) Start Upward有條件同意授予美亞科技獨家權利,於中國使用授予其有關納米PCM(即納米相變蓄能冷冰塊及材料)生產技術的許可專利(「獨家專利」)。
- (iv) Start Upward conditionally agreed to grant Mayer Technology the exclusive right of the use of the licensed patent granted to it in respect of the production technology of the Nano PCMs (i.e. the nano phase change energy storage ice plate and materials) in the PRC (the "Exclusive Right").

### 管理層討論及分析

After the entering into of the Equity Investment Agreement, Mayer Technology can be principally engaged in the manufacturing and selling of 8°C Nano PCMs and relative equipment. Upon the Capital Contribution, the equity interests owned by Guangzhou Mayer and Golden Way in Mayer Technology will be 70% and 30%, respectively and in other words, the equity interest held by Guangzhou Mayer in Mayer Technology will be diluted from 100% to 70%. Therefore, the transaction contemplated under the Equity Investment Agreement constitutes a deemed disposal of the Group's equity interest in Mayer Technology under Rule 14.29 of the Listing Rules. However, the financial results of Mayer Technology will continue to be consolidated into the financial statements of the Group.

於訂立股權投資協議後,美亞科技可主要從事製造及銷售8°C納米PCM及相關設備。於出資後,廣州美亞及高威擁有的美亞科技股權將分別為70%及30%。換句話說,廣州美亞於美亞科技持有的股權將由100%攤薄至70%。因此,根據上市規則第14.29條,股權投資協議項下擬進行的交易構成視作出售本集團於美亞科技的股權。然而,美亞科技的財務業績將繼續於本集團財務報表綜合入賬。

For details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 26 September 2022 on the Company's website (www.mayer.com.hk).

#### **Development of Nano PCMs Business**

In accordance with the terms of the Equity Investment Agreement, Start Upward has granted Mayer Technology the Exclusive Right after being paid by Mayer Technology the first batch of cash amount of RMB5 million. Mayer Technology proceeded to construct an ultra-high efficiency project engine room and four Nano PCMs production lines in the factory area of Guangzhou Mayer in Yonghe Economic Zone of Guangzhou Economic and Technological Development Zone, Guangzhou, the PRC.

The estimated investment of the project is mainly for the production of Nano PCMs. The products of the Nano PCMs will be widely used in air-conditioning, refrigeration and heating systems in server rooms, medical care, public buildings, airports, rail transit, hotels, large industries and other areas. They will subvert the existing popular concept of air-conditioning system. With the goal of leading the future air-conditioning industry towards the direction of energy saving, these products will become a new generation of deep energy-saving and environmentally friendly products.

The nano phase change cold storage ice plate project of Mayer Technology completed the construction of reaction kettle, cold storage, cooling tower, air-cooled unit, and high efficiency testing machine room in about late April 2023, has been running a single production equipment since the end of June 2023, and has started small batch production, and the products produced have been used in the existing high-efficiency machine room system, and this project has already been used for the cooling of Guangzhou Mayer's existing office space.

Since the existing new solar collector tube technology is better than the electric heating technology originally designed as it will greatly save electricity costs for production and operation, so the technical plan has been readjusted. Now the solar collector tube technology project is being installed as soon as possible, and it is expected to be completed and put into production by the end of September 2023. By then, the four production lines will be put into trial operation.

After negotiations between Guangzhou Mayer and Golden Way, the Capital Contribution will be postponed for one year to 26 July 2024. A supplemental agreement to the Equity Investment Agreement was entered into among Guangzhou Mayer, Golden Way and the Individual on 18 September 2023.

有關詳情,請參閱本公司網站(www.mayer.com.hk) 上本公司日期為二零二二年九月二十六日之公告。

#### 發展納米PCM業務

根據股權投資協議之條款,Start Upward已獲美亞 科技支付首批現金代價人民幣5,000,000元後授予 美亞科技獨家專利。美亞科技繼續在廣州美亞位於 中國廣州市廣州經濟技術開發區永和經濟區之廠 區內建設超高效項目機房及四條納米PCM生產線。

該項目之估計投資主要是生產納米PCM。納米PCM 產品將廣泛應用於數據機房、醫療、公共建築、 機場、軌道交通、酒店、大型工業及其它領域的空 調、製冷及供熱系統。它們將會顛覆現有流行的空 調系統理念,以引領未來空調行業節能導向為目 標,成為新一代的深度節能及環保友善的產品。

美亞科技的納米相變蓄冷冰板項目已約於二零二三 年四月下旬完成反應釜、冷庫、冷卻塔、風冷機組 以及高效測試機房等建設,從二零二三年六月底開 始,已經進行了單台生產設備的運行,並且已經開 始小批量的生產,生產出來的產品已經使用到現有 高效機房系統中,並且廣州美亞現有辦公場所的供 冷,已經有該項目進行供冷。

由於現有新的太陽能集熱管技術比原來設計採用電加熱技術更好,將可以大大節約生產運行的電費,因此已重新調整了技術方案。現在太陽能集熱管技術項目已經在抓緊時間安裝,預估在二零二三年九月底可以完成投產,到時候四條生產線即將可以投入試運行。

經過廣州美亞及高威協商,出資時間將延期一年至 二零二四年七月二十六日。廣州美亞、高威及該人 士已於二零二三年九月十八日簽訂股權投資協議 的補充協議。

### 管理層討論及分析

### Technology Consultancy Agreement

On 30 August 2023, Guangzhou Mayer and the Center of Engineering and Construction Service, Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Affairs of the PRC (農業農村部工程建設服務中心) (the "Consultant") entered into a technology consultancy agreement (the "Technology Consultancy Agreement"), pursuant to which the Consultant shall provide the following consultancy services to Guangzhou Mayer in relation to the application of the Nano PCMs in the agricultural industry in the PRC for a year from 30 August 2023 to 29 August 2024, both days inclusive:

- (i) assisting in contacting the Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Affairs in Pinggu District of Beijing, PRC so as to promote the application and testing of the Nano PCMs in agricultural facilities;
- (ii) organising and arranging technical demonstrations and research discussions among authorised experts in relation to the agricultural applications of the Nano PCMs (such as facility agriculture and agricultural product storage cold chain);
- (iii) providing guidance and assistance in promoting the Nano PCMs and their technology in the agriculture field and rural areas based on the satisfactory results of the application testing of the Nano PCMs; and
- (iv) providing full support in establishing a research institute of Guangzhou Mayer in Beijing in relation to the application of the Nano PCMs in the agricultural industry.

The Consultant is a PRC governmental institution which is responsible for, among other things, enhancing the overall performance and the technology of the agricultural industry in the PRC.

The Board is of the view that the Consultant, given its governmental authority in the agricultural field in the PRC, is able to effectively promote and enhance the application and usage of the Nano PCMs in the agricultural industry, which allows the Group to capture market opportunities, expand its environmental technology related business in the PRC, further enhance its business portfolio and generate additional return for the Company and the Shareholders as a whole. Therefore, the Board considers that the entering into of the Technology Consultancy Agreement is in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

### UNAUTHORISED DISPOSAL OF A SUBSIDIARY'S EQUITY INVESTMENT

On 9 February 2022, a former Director who was also former directors of certain subsidiaries of the Company in the PRC using a suspected forgery seal entered into an agreement with other parties to dispose of a 51% equity interest of the Group in Hei Jing Photoelectric Technology Co., Limited ("Hei Jing") at a cash consideration of RMB5.3 million (the "Hei Jing Disposal"). The consideration was received on 1 February 2022 and 31 March 2022 and the registration of the ownership of the equity interest was changed to the purchaser on 14 February 2022. After the removal of the former Director, the Board carried out a review of the transaction. The Directors considered that the consideration of the Hei Jing Disposal was too low and unfair and the Group would suffer a significant loss upon the Hei Jing Disposal. In the view of the Directors, the Hei Jing Disposal was unenforceable. Therefore, the Group instigated a legal action to rescind the agreement and resume the ownership of the 51% equity interest in Hei Jing.

### 技術諮詢協議

於二零二三年八月三十日,廣州美亞與中國農業農村部工程建設服務中心(「顧問」)訂立技術諮詢協議(「技術諮詢協議」),據此,顧問將就於中國農業產業應用納米PCM向廣州美亞提供下列諮詢服務,年期由二零二三年八月三十日起至二零二四年八月二十九日止(包括首尾兩天):

- 協助聯繫中國北京市平谷區農業農村部,以推動納米PCM於農業設施之應用及測試;
- (ii) 組織及安排認可專家就納米PCM於農業方面之 應用(例如設施農業及農產品儲存冷鏈)進行 技術示範及研究討論;
- (iii) 根據納米PCM應用測驗之滿意結果,指引及協助於農業及農村地區推廣納米PCM及其技術; 及
- (iv) 全力支持廣州美亞於北京設立有關於農業產業 應用納米PCM之研究院。

顧問為一家中國政府機構,負責(其中包括)提升中國農業產業之整體表現及技術。

董事會認為,顧問憑藉其於中國農業領域之政府權力,能夠有效促進及加強納米PCM於農業領域之應用及使用,從而有助本集團把握市場機遇、拓展其於中國之環保技術相關業務、進一步增強其業務組合,並為本公司及股東整體帶來額外回報。因此,董事會認為,訂立技術諮詢協議符合本公司及股東之整體利益。

### 未經授權出售一間附屬公司的股權

於二零二二年二月九日,一名前董事(亦為本公司於中國若干附屬公司之前董事)使用涉嫌偽造印章與其他人士訂立協議,以現金代價人民幣5,300,000元出售本集團於深圳黑晶光電技術有限公司(「黑晶」)的51%股權(「出售黑晶事項」)。代價已於二零二二年二月一日及二零二二年三月一日接獲,股權擁有權登記已於二零二二年三月十四日變更為買方。於前任董事被免職後,宣對該交易進行審查。董事們認為,出售黑晶事項後本事項之代價屬過低及不公平,出售黑晶事項後本集團將之代價屬過低及不公平,出售黑晶事項及不可執行。故本集團發起法律行動,要求廢止該協議並恢復於黑晶的51%股權之擁有權。

### 管理層討論及分析

The Company will keep the Shareholders and the potential investors informed of any further material developments in connection with the above by way of further announcement(s) as and when appropriate.

本公司將於適當時候另行發表公告,以知會股東及 潛在投資者有關上述法律程序之任何進一步重大 進展。

#### **FINANCIAL REVIEW**

### **Segment Revenue and Gross Profit**

#### (i) Production and Sales of Steel Products

In disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers, the revenue from:

- (a) domestic sales of steel products in the PRC during the Year was approximately RMB477,794,000, representing a decrease of approximately 39.8% compared with approximately RMB793,028,000 for the Last Reporting Period;
- (b) indirect export sales of steel products in the PRC during the Year was approximately RMB26,365,000, representing a decrease of approximately 59.9% compared with approximately RMB65,744,000 for the Last Reporting Period; and
- (c) direct export sales of steel products outside the PRC during the Year was approximately RMB34,004,000, representing a decrease of approximately 19.8% while it was approximately RMB42,404,000 for the Last Reporting Period.

As a result, the aggregate revenue of this segment decreased by 40.3% from approximately RMB901,176,000 for the Last Reporting Period to approximately RMB538,163,000 for the Year.

This segment recorded gross profit of approximately RMB71,198,000 for the Year with a gross profit margin of approximately 13.2%, compared with gross profit of approximately RMB118,711,000 with a gross profit margin of approximately 13.1% for the Last Reporting Period.

The domestic sales, indirect export sales and direct export sales accounted for approximately 88.8%, 4.9% and 6.3% of the total sales of the Year respectively as compared with approximately 88.0%, 7.3% and 4.7% for the Last Reporting Period.

### (ii) Urban Renewal Project Planning and Consulting

During the Year, no revenue was recorded from this segment (Last Reporting Period: RMB1,476,000). Recognition of revenue in this segment mainly depends on the progress of the redevelopment projects accordingly. The segment loss for the Year was approximately RMB335,733,000 (Last Reporting Period: approximately RMB7,725,000).

### 財務回顧

### 分部收益及毛利

### (i) 生產及銷售鋼製品

就客戶合約收益之拆分而言:

- (a) 該年度於中國內銷鋼材產品之收益約為人 民幣477,794,000元,較上一個報告期約 人民幣793,028,000元減少約39.8%;
- (b) 該年度於中國間接出口銷售鋼材產品之收益約為人民幣26,365,000元,較上一個報告期約人民幣65,744,000元減少約59.9%;及
- (c) 該年度於中國境外直接出口銷售鋼材產品之收益約為人民幣34,004,000元,較上一個報告期約人民幣42,404,000元減少約19.8%。

因此,此分部的總收益由上一個報告期的約人 民幣901,176,000元減少40.3%至該年度的約 人民幣538,163,000元。

此分部於該年度錄得毛利約為人民幣71,198,000元,毛利率約為13.2%,而於上一個報告期之毛利則約為人民幣118,711,000元,毛利率約為13.1%。

中國內銷、中國間接出口銷售及中國境外直接出口銷售分別約佔該年度之銷售總額88.8%、4.9%及6.3%;而上一個報告期則約為88.0%、7.3%及4.7%。

### (ii) 城市更新項目規劃及諮詢

於該年度,此分部沒有錄得收益(上一個報告期:人民幣1,476,000元)。確認此分部的收益主要取決於重建項目之相應進度而定。該年度分部虧損約為人民幣335,733,000元(上一個報告期:約人民幣7,725,000元)。

### 管理層討論及分析

#### **Consolidated Revenue and Gross Profit**

The Group recorded revenue of approximately RMB538,163,000, gross profit of approximately RMB71,198,000 and a gross profit margin of approximately 13.2% for the Year, compared with revenue of approximately RMB902,652,000, gross profit of approximately RMB118,711,000 and a gross profit margin of approximately 13.2% for the Last Reporting Period.

#### Other Income

The Group's other income decreased from approximately RMB24,637,000 for the Last Reporting Period to approximately RMB17,310,000 for the Year. During the Year, the Group received bank interest income of approximately RMB1,193,000 (Last Reporting Period: RMB722,000) and a subsidy from the local government authorities of the PRC of approximately RMB6,107,000 (Last Reporting Period: RMB4,712,000) for supporting the Group's operation and encouraging innovation of production technology, but recorded a substantial decrease of scrap sales from approximately RMB18,344,000 for the Last Reporting Period to approximately RMB9,558,000 for the Year.

### Other Net (Loss)/Gain

The Group recorded other net loss of approximately RMB336,571,000 for the Year compared to other net gain of approximately RMB2,525,000 for the Last Reporting Period. This was mainly due to an adverse total difference of impairment on trade and other receivables of approximately RMB43,244,000, an impairment loss on prepayment of approximately RMB96,460,000 and an impairment loss on an associate of approximately RMB198,346,000, despite an increase of approximately RMB1,535,000 from net exchange gain for the Year.

### **Operating Expenses**

The total operating expenses of the Group for the Year were approximately RMB78,821,000 (Last Reporting Period: RMB131,100,000), of which approximately RMB42,845,000 was distribution costs, approximately RMB35,937,000 was administrative expenses and approximately RMB39,000 was other operating expenses, accounting for approximately 54.4%, 45.6% and 0% of revenue for the Year respectively, while the amounts for the Last Reporting Period were approximately RMB60,931,000, RMB70,163,000 and RMB6,000 respectively, accounting for approximately 46.5%, 53.5% and 0% of revenue for the Last Reporting Period, respectively. The decrease in total operating expenses was mainly due to decreases of staff costs and administrative expenses.

### **Finance Costs**

During the Year, the Group incurred finance costs of approximately RMB6,263,000 (Last Reporting Period: RMB17,915,000), of which the interest for a promissory note issued in the Acquisition (as stated in the "Urban Renewal Projects Planning and Consulting" paragraph of the Business Review above) amounted to approximately RMB4,210,000 (Last Reporting Period: RMB13,269,000). Others were bank interest expenses of approximately RMB1,739,000 (Last Reporting Period: RMB3,877,000), interest expense on lease liabilities of approximately RMB20,000 (Last Reporting Period: RMB135,000) and other finance charges of approximately RMB294,000 (Last Reporting Period: RMB634,000).

#### 綜合收益及毛利

本集團於該年度錄得收益約人民幣538,163,000元,毛利約人民幣71,198,000元及毛利率約為13.2%,而上一個報告期之收益則約為人民幣902,652,000元,毛利約為人民幣118,711,000元及毛利率約為13.2%。

### 其他收入

本集團之其他收入由上一個報告期約人民幣24,637,000元減少至該年度約人民幣17,310,000元。於該年度,本集團接獲銀行利息收入約人民幣1,193,000元(上一個報告期:人民幣722,000元)及中國地方政府當局補貼約人民幣6,107,000元(上一個報告期:人民幣4,712,000元),以支持本集團營運及鼓勵生產技術創新,惟錄得廢品銷售由上一個報告期約人民幣18,344,000元大幅地減少至該年度約人民幣9,558,000元。

### 其他(虧損)/收益淨額

本集團於該年度錄得其他虧損淨額約人民幣336,571,000元,而上一個報告期之其他收益淨額約人民幣2,525,000元。主要由於該年度貿易應收賬款及其他應收款項減值的不利差異總額約人民幣43,244,000元、預付款項之減值虧損約人民幣96,460,000元及一間聯營公司之減值虧損約人民幣198,346,000元,儘管匯兌收益淨額增加約人民幣1,535,000元所致。

#### 經營開支

本集團該年度之經營開支總額約為人民幣78,821,000元(上一個報告期:人民幣131,100,000元),其中分銷成本約為人民幣42,845,000元,行政開支約為人民幣35,937,000元,而其他經營開支約為人民幣39,000元,分別約佔該年度收益的54.4%、45.6%及0%;上一個報告期之金額分別約為人民幣60,931,000元、人民幣70,163,000元及人民幣6,000元,分別約佔上一個報告期收益的46.5%、53.5%及0%。經營開支總額減少乃主要由於員工成本及行政開支所致。

### 財務成本

本集團於該年度產生財務成本約人民幣6,263,000元 (上一個報告期:人民幣17,915,000元),當中包括就(上文業務回顧「城市更新項目規劃及諮詢」一段所載)收購事項發行之承兌票據產生之利息約人民幣4,210,000元(上一個報告期:人民幣13,269,000元)。其他為銀行利息開支約人民幣1,739,000元(上一個報告期:人民幣3,877,000元)、租賃負債利息開支約人民幣20,000元(上一個報告期:人民幣135,000元)及其他財務支出約人民幣294,000元(上一個報告期:人民幣634,000元)。

### 管理層討論及分析

### (Loss) for the Year/Period

The Group increased loss after tax for the Last Reporting Period of approximately RMB8,819,000 to loss after tax for the Year of approximately RMB335,996,000, primarily owing to impairment losses on trade and other receivables, prepayment and an associate of approximately RMB338,050,000, despite the decreases in operating expenses (in particular the administrative expenses) and finance costs resulting mainly from the reduction of interest for promissory notes matured on 31 March 2022.

### Loss Attributable to Owners of the Company

As a result, the Group recorded loss attributable to owners of the Company for the Year of approximately RMB338,846,000 whereas recording loss attributable to owners of the Company for the Last Reporting Period of approximately RMB14,304,000.

### **Property, Plant and Equipment**

As at 30 June 2023, the property, plant and equipment amounted to approximately RMB62,805,000, representing an increase of approximately 18.4% when compared to approximately RMB53,028,000 as at 30 June 2022, mainly attributable to additions to construction of property in progress.

As at 30 June 2023 and 30 June 2022, no property, plant and equipment of the Group were pledged to secure any borrowings granted to the Group.

### Right-of-use Assets and Lease Liabilities

As at 30 June 2023, the Group recognized the right-of-use assets and lease liabilities amounting to approximately RMB5,915,000 and RMB971,000 respectively, as compared to approximately RMB5,377,000 and RMB203,000 respectively as at 30 June 2022. The Group leases various land and buildings and its lease agreements are typically made for fixed periods of 2 years. Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the lease term on a straight-line basis. Accordingly, depreciation of right-of-use assets for the Year was approximately RMB327,000 (Last Reporting Period: RMB2,050,000).

#### Interest in an Associate

Through the completion of the Acquisition, the Group commenced a new business line on urban renewal project planning and consulting since then. The Target Company, through its invested company Hua Fa Yue Tang, as an associate of the Company, of which a 49% equity interest was indirectly owned by the Company, operates the Yuetang Village Redevelopment Project located in Sanzhao Town, Jinwan District, Zhuhai City, the PRC. Details of the Acquisition were set out in the announcements of the Company dated 11 June, 12 September, 30 September and 31 October 2019 and 26 November 2020, respectively and the circular of the Company dated 23 August 2019.

### 年/期內(虧損)

本集團由上一個報告期稅後虧損約人民幣 8,819,000元增加至該年度稅後虧損約人民幣 335,996,000元,主要由於應收賬款及其他應收款 項、預付款項及一間聯營公司等減值虧損約人民幣 338,050,000元,儘管經營開支(特別是行政開支) 及財務成本減少,而財務成本減少則主要是於二零 二二年三月三十一日到期之承兌票據產生之利息 減少所致。

### 本公司擁有人應佔虧損

因此,本集團於該年度錄得本公司擁有人應佔虧損約人民幣338,846,000元,而於上一個報告期則錄得本公司擁有人應佔虧損約人民幣14,304,000元。

### 物業、廠房及設備

於二零二三年六月三十日,物業、廠房及設備約為 人民幣62,805,000元,較於二零二二年六月三十日 之約人民幣53,028,000元增加約18.4%,主要歸因 於添置在建物業。

於二零二三年六月三十日及二零二二年六月三十日,本集團概無抵押任何物業、廠房及設備,以取得任何授予本集團之借貸。

#### 使用權資產及租賃負債

於二零二三年六月三十日,本集團確認使用權資產及租賃負債分別約人民幣5,915,000元及人民幣971,000元,而於二零二二年六月三十日則分別約為人民幣5,377,000元及人民幣203,000元。本集團租賃多宗土地及樓宇,其租賃協議之固定年期一般為兩年。使用權資產於租期內以直線法計提折舊。據此,該年度使用權資產之折舊約為人民幣327,000元(上一個報告期:人民幣2,050,000元)。

#### 於一間聯營公司之權益

本集團自此通過完成收購事項開展新的城市更新項目規劃及諮詢業務。目標公司通過其投資公司華發月堂(作為本公司之聯營公司,本公司間接擁有其股權之49%)經營中國珠海市金灣區三灶鎮月堂村更新項目。收購事項之詳情載於本公司日期分別為二零一九年六月十一日、九月十二日、九月三十日及十月三十一日以及二零二零年十一月二十六日之公告以及本公司日期為二零一九年八月二十三日之通函。

### 管理層討論及分析

### Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss

As at 30 June 2023, the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss generated from the Acquisition amounted to RMB Nil (30 June 2022: RMB Nil). Contingent consideration receivable of RMB Nil (30 June 2022: RMB Nil) and put option of RMB Nil (30 June 2022: RMB Nil) were designated at these financial assets which were stated at fair value. These valuations were performed by an independent professional valuer, which revalued the financial assets as at 30 June 2023 according to the fair value requirements under HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments.

#### **Inventories**

As at 30 June 2023, the inventories amounted to approximately RMB92,956,000 (30 June 2022: RMB93,543,000), representing a 0.6% decrease and an aggregation of stock in various status, being raw materials, work-in-progress, finished goods and goods-in-transit. Raw materials increased by 21.8% from approximately RMB28,449,000 as at 30 June 2022 to approximately RMB34,663,000 as at 30 June 2023 and finished goods decreased by 13.7% from approximately RMB62,598,000 as at 30 June 2022 to approximately RMB54,017,000 as at 30 June 2023.

### **Trade and Other Receivables**

Trade and other receivables amounted to approximately RMB315,005,000 as at 30 June 2023, representing a decrease of 14.3% when compared to approximately RMB367,614,000 as at 30 June 2022, which was a combined effect of increases in trade receivables of 18.1%, prepayment and other deposit of 56.8%, other receivables of 4.3% and amount due from joint venture of 1.5% and a decrease in bills receivables of 63.1%. The substantial decrease in bills receivables was mainly owing to the maturity of most of the bills receivables and lower sales in the second half of 2022 and the substantial increase in trade receivables was mainly owing to the addition of two customers.

### **Trade and Other Payables**

Trade and other payables amounted to approximately RMB147,469,000 as at 30 June 2023, representing an increase of approximately 27.7% when compared to approximately RMB115,447,000 as at 30 June 2022.

#### 按公允價值計入損益之金融資產

於二零二三年六月三十日,收購事項產生按公允價值計入損益之金融資產約人民幣零元(二零二二年六月三十日:人民幣零元)。應收或然代價人民幣零元(二零二二年六月三十日:人民幣零元)及認沽期權人民幣零元(二零二二年六月三十日:人民幣零元)被指定為該等金融資產,並按公允價值列賬。該等估值由一名獨立專業估值師進行,其於二零二三年六月三十日按照香港財務報告準則第9號金融工具之公允價值規定重估該等金融資產。

#### 存貨

於二零二三年六月三十日,存貨約為人民幣92,956,000元(二零二二年六月三十日:人民幣93,543,000元),相當於減少0.6%,為各種狀態之庫存總額,包括原材料、在製品、製成品及在途貨品。原材料由二零二二年六月三十日約人民幣28,449,000元增加21.8%至二零二三年六月三十日約人民幣34,663,000元;而製成品由二零二二年六月三十日約人民幣62,598,000元減少13.7%至二零二三年六月三十日約人民幣54,017,000元。

### 貿易應收賬款及其他應收款項

於二零二三年六月三十日,貿易應收賬款及其他 應收款項約為人民幣315,005,000元,較於二零 二二年六月三十日之約人民幣367,614,000元減少 14.3%,此乃貿易應收賬款增加18.1%、預付款項 及其他按金減少56.8%、其他應收款項增加4.3% 及應收合營企業款項增加1.5%,以及應收票據減 少63.1%的共同影響。應收票據大幅減少乃主要由 於大多數應收票據到期及於二零二二年下半年銷 量下降所致,而貿易應收賬款大幅增加乃主要由於 增加二名顧客所致。

### 貿易應付賬款及其他應付款項

於二零二三年六月三十日,貿易應付賬款及其他應付款項約為人民幣147,469,000元,較於二零二二年六月三十日約人民幣115,447,000元增加約27.7%。

### 管理層討論及分析

### **Borrowings**

As at 30 June 2023 and 30 June 2022, the Group's outstanding borrowings were RMB75,000,000 and approximately RMB7,637,000, respectively. The loan of RMB75,000,000 outstanding as at 30 June 2023 was from banks in the PRC and bore fixed interest rates of 3.2% to 3.8% per annum. Further details were dislcosed in note 27 to the consolidated financial statements. The loan of RMB7,637,000 was from third parties denominated in HK\$ and bearing interest rates of 8% to 10% per annum in the Last Reporting Period.

No assets of the Group were pledged to secured the borrowings as at 30 June 2023 and 30 June 2022 and no conditions were imposed on any controlling Shareholder.

### **Promissory Notes**

On the completion date of the Acquisition, a subsidiary of the Company issued promissory notes with a principal amount of HK\$158,000,000 as part of the settlement of the consideration for the Acquisition (the "PNs"). The PNs bore interest at 3% per annum payable semi-annually and the maturity date was 2 years from the date of issue. The fair value of the PNs upon issuance was assessed at approximately HK\$156,586,000 by an independent professional valuer. The effective interest rate of the PNs was 10%.

# CAPITAL STRUCTURE, FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND TREASURY POLICIES

As at 30 June 2023, the authorised share capital of the Company was approximately RMB724,843,000 (HK\$800,000,000) divided into 4,000,000,000 Shares with a par value of HK\$0.2 each and the issued share capital of the Company was approximately RMB391,760,000 (HK\$431,600,000) divided into 2,158,000,000 Shares. As at the date of this Annual Report, the share capital of the Company comprises ordinary Shares only.

During the Year, the Group financed its operations by (i) cash flow from operating activities; (ii) borrowings from a bank, a financial institution and a third party; and (iii) funding through an open offer in late 2018.

The Group continues to adhere to prudent treasury policies. The Group continued to insure against major receivables in order to lower the risks of credit sales and to ensure that funds would be recovered on a timely basis, hence fulfilling the requirements for debt repayments and working capital commitments.

The Group had not used any financial instruments for hedging purposes and had no future plans for material investments or capital assets in the coming year.

#### 借貸

於二零二三年六月三十日及二零二二年六月三十日,本集團之未償還借貸分別為人民幣75,000,000元及約人民幣7,637,000元。於二零二三年六月三十日,尚未償還的人民幣75,000,000元貸款乃來自中國之銀行,以港元計值,固定年利率為3.2%至3.8%。進一步詳情已於綜合財務報表附註27中披露。人民幣7,637,000元之借貸由多名第三方提供以港元計值,並於上一個報告期按年利率8%至10%計息。

於二零二三年六月三十日及二零二二年六月三十日,本集團概無為取得借貸抵押其資產,且不存在對任何控股股東施加任何條件。

### 承兌票據

於收購事項完成日期,本公司之附屬公司發行本金額為158,000,000港元之承兌票據,作為收購事項代價之部分付款(「**承兌票據**」)。承兌票據按年利率3%計息,每半年派息一次,到期日為由發行日期起計兩年。承兌票據於發行時之公允價值由一名獨立專業估值師評定為約156,586,000港元。承兌票據之實際利率為10%。

### 資本架構、財務資源及庫務政策

於二零二三年六月三十日,本公司之法定股本約為人民幣724,843,000元(800,000,000港元),分為每股面值0.2港元之4,000,000,000股股份,而本公司之已發行股本約為人民幣391,760,000元(431,600,000港元),分為2,158,000,000股股份。於本年報日期,本公司股本僅包含普通股。

於該年度,本集團以(i)經營活動產生之現金流量; (ii)來自銀行、財務機構及第三方之借貸;及(iii)於 二零一八年底公開發售之資金撥資其營運。

本集團一直秉承審慎之庫務政策。本集團繼續為主 要應收款項投保,以降低賒銷風險,並確保適時收 回資金,從而滿足償債及營運資金承擔之需要。

本集團概無使用任何金融工具進行避險目的,並無任何未來年度重大投資或資本資產的計劃。

### 管理層討論及分析

The Group had net current assets of approximately RMB62,262,000 as at 30 June 2023 as compared with RMB215,999,000 as at 30 June 2022. The current ratio (i.e. current assets divided by current liabilities) was approximately 1.2 times as at 30 June 2023, compared with that of approximately 1.8 times as at 30 June 2022.

As at 30 June 2023, the Group had a balance of RMB75,000,000 borrowings from bank to finance the Group's working capital and capital expenditures (30 June 2022: from a third party of RMB7,637,000). The Group's gearing ratio as at 30 June 2023 and the calculation basis were disclosed in note 31 to the consolidated financial statements.

During the Year, the Group recorded net cash outflow of approximately RMB44,974,000 from its operating activities. The amount was mainly attributed to the profit before tax of approximately RMB333,193,000, together with finance cost of approximately RMB6,263,000, depreciation of approximately RMB4,791,000 and depreciation of right-of-use assets of RMB327,000, which were offset by net change in trade and other receivables of approximately RMB48,532,000 but were compensated by net change in inventories of approximately RMB587,000 and net change in trade and other payables of RMB33,653,000. Net cash outflow of approximately RMB13,391,000 was from investing activities for the Year, mainly caused by the payment for purchase of property, plant and equipment of approximately RMB15,520,000. Net cash inflow of approximately RMB65,213,000 from financing activities for the Year mainly resulted from the new borrowing from a bank. Bank deposits and cash balances as at 30 June 2023 amounted to approximately RMB46,388,000, which was mainly denominated in Renminbi and HK dollars (30 June 2022: RMB33,201,000).

The debt-to-equity ratio (i.e. total liabilities divided by issued share capital) as at 30 June 2023 was approximately 100.2% while it was approximately 71.1% as at 30 June 2022. Current portion of borrowings accounted for approximately 14.1% and 1.0% of the total assets of the Group as at 30 June 2023 and 30 June 2022, respectively.

### Update on the use of proceeds from open offer

On 20 July 2018, the Company entered into underwriting agreements in relation to the underwriting and certain other arrangements in respect of an open offer on the basis of four offer Shares for every one Share in issue and held by the Shareholders on 26 October 2018, being the record date, at the subscription price of HK\$0.2 each (the "Open Offer"). The Open Offer had been completed on 19 November 2018 and totally 1,398,400,000 offer shares were issued. The net proceeds of the Open Offer (the "Proceeds") amounted to approximately RMB243,873,000 (HK\$274,894,000) (equivalent to a net price of approximately HK\$0.2 per offer Share). Details of the Open Offer were set out in the Company's announcements dated 16 January, 20 July, 18 September and 19 November 2018, the Company's circular dated 21 September 2018 and the Company's prospectus dated 29 October 2018.

本集團於二零二三年六月三十日之流動資產淨值約 為人民幣62,262,000元,而於二零二二年六月三十 日則為人民幣215,999,000元。流動比率(即流動資 產除以流動負債)於二零二三年六月三十日約為1.2 倍,而於二零二二年六月三十日則約為1.8倍。

於二零二三年六月三十日,本集團來自一間銀行之借貸結餘為人民幣75,000,000元(二零二二年六月三十日:來自一家第三方之人民幣7,637,000元),以撥資本集團之營運資金及資本開支。本集團於二零二三年六月三十日的資產負債比率及計算基礎已於綜合財務報表附註31中披露。

於該年度,本集團經營活動之淨現金流出約為人 民幣44,974,000元,金額主要包括除稅前溢利約人 民幣33,193,000元、財務成本約人民幣6,263,000 元、折舊約人民幣4,791,000元及使用權資產折舊 人民幣327,000元,被貿易應收賬款及其他應收款 項變動淨額約人民幣48,532,000元所抵銷,但由存 貨變動淨額約人民幣587,000元以及貿易應付賬款 及其他應付款項變動淨額人民幣33,653,000元所補 償。於該年度,投資活動之淨現金流出約為人民幣 13,391,000元,主要由購買物業、廠房及設備付款 約人民幣15,520,000元所導致。於該年度,融資活 動之淨現金流入約人民幣65.213.000元,主要源自 一家銀行之借貸。於二零二三年六月三十日之銀 行存款及現金結餘約為人民幣46,388,000元(二零 二二年六月三十日:人民幣33,201,000元),主要 以人民幣及港元計值。

於二零二三年六月三十日之債務對權益比率(即總負債除以已發行股本)約為100.2%,而於二零二二年六月三十日則約為71.1%。借貸之即期部分分別佔本集團於二零二三年六月三十日及二零二二年六月三十日之總資產約14.1%及1.0%。

#### 公開發售所得款項之最新用途

於二零一八年七月二十日,本公司訂立包銷協議,內容有關於二零一八年十月二十六日(即記錄日期)股東每持有一股已發行股份,可以每股0.2港元之認購價購買四股發售股份為基準進行公開發售(「公開發售」)之包銷及若干其他安排。公開發售已於二零一八年十一月十九日完成,並合共教行1,398,400,000股發售股份。公開發售之所得款項淨額(「所得款項」)約為人民幣243,873,000元(274,894,000港元)(相等於淨價格每股發售股份約0.2港元)。公開發售之詳情載於本公司日期為二零一八年一月十九日之公告、本公司日期為二零一八年九月二十一日之通函以及本公司日期為二零一八年十月二十九日之發售章程。

### 管理層討論及分析

The use of the Proceeds by the Group for the following past six-month periods is provided in the table below (the "**Table**"):

下表(「該表」)提供了本集團在以下過去的六個月期間的所得款項之用途:

		Intended Uses	By 31 Dec. 2021 二零二一年	By 30 June 2022 二零二二年	By 31 Dec. 2022 二零二二年
Use of Proceeds	所得款項用途	擬定用途	十二月三十一日前	六月三十日前	十二月三十一日前
		HK\$' million	HK\$' million	HK\$' million	HK\$' million
		(approximately)	(approximately)	(approximately)	(approximately)
		百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元
		(概約)	(概約)	(概約)	(概約)
Legal, consultancy and	復牌產生之法律、	48.77	48.76	48.76	48.76
professional fees and	諮詢及專業費用				
other costs and expenses	及其他成本及				
arising from the	開支				
resumption					
Repayment of outstanding	償還未償還貸款	76.90	75.10	75.10	75.10
loans (including the	(包括法院款項)		(Note 2)	(Note 2)	(Note 2)
Court Monies)			(附註2)	(附註2)	(附註2)
Directors' remuneration	董事薪酬	5.60	5.30	5.30	5.30
Capital expenditure for	廣州美亞資本開支	42.77	42.35	45.08	45.08
Guangzhou Mayer		(Note 1)		(Note 3)	(Note 3)
		(附註1)		(附註3)	(附註3)
General working capital	一般營運資金	100.65	100.65	100.65	100.65
		(Note 1)			
		(附註1)			
Remaining amount	剩餘款項		2.73	_	_
Accumulated use of the Proceeds (Note 4)	累計已動用所得 款項(附註4)		272.16	274.89	274.89

#### Notes:

- 1. According to the announcements of the Company dated 21 December 2020 and 20 January 2021, the Company had re-allocated its uses of proceeds from "Capital expenditures for Guangzhou Mayer" to "General working capital". Accordingly, the Proceeds (i) to be used in the "Capital expenditure for Guangzhou Mayer" decreased from approximately HK\$93.73 million to approximately HK\$42.77 million; and (ii) to be used in the "General working capital" increased from approximately HK\$49.69 million to approximately HK\$100.65 million.
- 2. The Company had previously deposited approximately HK\$11.03 million (the "Court Monies"), equivalent to the amount of the debt being claimed by Mr. Lai Yueh Hsing ("Mr. Lai"), a former Director, to the Grand Court of the Cayman Islands (the "Court") for the purpose of a winding-up petition filed by Mr. Lai against the Company. As at the date of this Annual Report, there is no decision from the Court, and the Court Monies are being locked-up by the Court.

Since the Court Monies (i.e. HK\$11.03 million from the Proceeds) had not been utilised (i.e. paid to Mr. Lai) pending the decision of the Court, the Company classified the Court Monies as unutilized in its financial report. For illustration purposes, with the inclusion of the Court Monies, the proceeds utilised under the "Repayment of outstanding loans" were then considered as substantially the same as it was previously intended (i.e. HK\$64.07 million + HK\$11.03 million = HK\$75.10 million). Save for the Court Monies, all the outstanding loans that had been intended to be paid-off with the Proceeds were paid by the Company.

#### 附註:

- 1. 根據本公司日期為二零二零年十二月二十一日及二零二一年一月二十日的公告,本公司已將所得款項用途由「廣州美亞資本開支」重新分配至「一般營運資金」。因此,(i)用作「廣州美亞資本開支」的所得款項由約93.73百萬港元減少至約42.77百萬港元;及(ii)用作「一般營運資金」的所得款項由約49.69百萬港元增加至約100.65百萬港元。
- 2. 本公司先前已向開曼群島大法院(「法院」)存入約 11.03百萬港元(「法院款項」),相當於前任董事賴粵 興先生(「賴先生」)所申索的債務金額,以處理賴先 生針對本公司提出的清盤呈請。於本年報日期,法 院尚未作出裁決,目前法院款項被法院凍結。

由於法院款項(即來自所得款項的11.03百萬港元)並未動用(即支付予賴先生),以待法院作出裁決,本公司已在其財務報告中將法院款項分類為未動用。為作說明,納入法院款項後,「償還未償還貸款」項下已動用所得款項被視作與先前擬定用途大致相同(即64.07百萬港元+11.03百萬港元=75.10百萬港元)。除法院款項外,擬使用所得款項結清的所有未償還貸款均由本公司支付。

### 管理層討論及分析

- 3. Due to the reasons as stated in Note 2 above, the Company has continued to invest money, including any remaining amount of the Proceeds, in the capital expenditure for Guangzhou Mayer for its operational uses. Additional amounts were also expended by the Company through its internal resources for the period up to 30 June 2022 and 31 December 2022 (i.e. stated as approximately HK\$46.30 million and approximately HK\$56.12 million in the report of the Company for the Last Reporting Period and the interim report of the Company for the six months ended 31 December 2022, respectively) to purchase production materials that would allow Guangzhou Mayer and the Group to develop their business in the environmental segment in the PRC.
- The Proceeds were considered as fully utilised according to their intended purposes as previously disclosed.

As illustrated in the Table, the Proceeds were fully utilised by the Company as previously intended by the Last Reporting Period and the Group has also made more investment through its internal resources in Guangzhou Mayer's operation. Additionally, due to the different exchange rates adopted by the Company differing from the one used in the Open Offer and the rounding of the figures, the figures stated in the reports mention in Note 3 above and in the Table have been adjusted for illustration purposes.

#### **FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPOSURES**

As most of the Group's monetary assets and liabilities are denominated in RMB, US dollars and HK dollars and those currencies remained relatively stable during the Year, the Group was not exposed to any significant foreign exchange risk. In general, it is the Group's policy for each operating entity to borrow in local currencies, where necessary, to minimize currency risk. As the impact from foreign exchange exposure was minimal, the Directors were of the view that no hedging against foreign currency exposure was necessary

#### **CHARGE ON GROUP ASSETS**

As at 30 June 2023, no assets were pledged to any banks, financial institutions or third parties for securing banking or other financing facilities granted to the Group (30 June 2022: Nil).

### **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

### Writs of summons against the Company

On 29 March 2012, writs of summons were issued by Capital Wealth Finance Company Limited and Capital Wealth Corporation Limited against the Company to claim a sum of HK\$15,500,000 plus relevant legal costs incurred/ to be incurred. The Company intends to contest the claim. In the Directors' opinion, the ultimate liability, if any, will not have a material impact on the Group's financial position.

- 3. 由於上文附註2所述的原因,本公司已持續投入資金 (包括所得款項的任何剩餘款項),用作廣州美亞的 營運所需的資本開支。直至二零二二年六月三十日及 二零二二年十二月三十一日止期間,本公司亦透過 其內部資源支出額外款項(即本公司於截至上一個報 告期之報告及本公司截至二零二二年十二月三十一 日止六個月之中期報告中載列的金額分別約46.30百 萬港元及約56.12百萬港元)以採購生產材料,使得 廣州美亞及本集團可於中國拓展其環保分部的業務。
- 4. 誠如先前所披露,所得款項被視為已悉數按照其擬 定用涂動用。

如該表所示,本公司已按原計劃於截至上一個報告期內充分動用所得款項,且本集團亦通過其內部資源對廣州美亞的運營作出額外投資。此外,由於本公司採用的匯率不同於公開發售時所用匯率以及數字的四捨五入,於上文附註3所述之報告及該表內所述數字已就說明用途予以調整。

### 外匯風險

由於本集團大部分貨幣資產及負債乃以人民幣、美元及港元計值,而該等貨幣於該年度相對穩定,故本集團並無面臨任何重大外匯風險。一般而言,本集團為各經營實體制訂之政策乃於必要時以當地貨幣借貸,以盡量減低貨幣風險。由於外匯風險的影響極小,董事認為無須對沖外匯風險。

### 集團資產押記

於二零二三年六月三十日,本集團並無向任何銀行、財務機構或第三方質押其資產,以取得授予本集團之銀行或其他融資額度(二零二二年六月三十日:無)。

### 或然負債

### 針對本公司發出之傳訊令狀

於二零一二年三月二十九日,寶鼎財務有限公司及 寶鼎集團有限公司針對本公司發出傳訊令狀,以 申索15,500,000港元款項,加上產生/將產生之相 關訟費。本公司擬提起抗訴。董事認為,最終責任 (如有)將不會對本集團之財務狀況造成重大影響。

### 管理層討論及分析

### Claims against the Company

On 14 April 2021, the Company received two writs of summons under action numbers HCA 548 of 2020 and HCA 213 of 2021 issued in the High Court of Hong Kong (the "**HK High Court**") by the solicitors acting for plaintiffs against the Company (as defendant). The plaintiffs alleged that the Company had been indebted to them pursuant to convertible notes (principal amount of HK\$90,000,000 in aggregate) and a promissory note (principal amount of HK\$300,000,000) issued in May 2011 by the Company (the "**Claims**").

After seeking professional advice from the legal advisor, and to the best of the knowledge, information and belief of the Directors having made all reasonable enquires, the Board believes that the claimants are attempting to cause harm to the interests of the Company through the use of legal proceedings. Accordingly, the Company will strenuously defend the Claims in compliance with applicable laws and regulations, reserve the right to counterclaim against the claimants, and use its best endeavours to safeguard the overall interests of the Shareholders. In the Directors' opinion, the Claims, if any, will not have a material impact on the Group's financial position. Details of the Claims were set out in the announcements of the Company dated 14 April and 6 May 2021, respectively.

### **LEGAL CASES UPDATE**

### **Claim Disputes in Shenzhen**

References are made to the Company's announcements dated 13 October 2017, 5 October, 20 November and 27 November 2018 as well as 19 March 2020, respectively and circular dated 23 August 2019, which disclosed that Guangzhou Mayer had provided investments in aggregate amounting to RMB50 million, doubtfully, to three investment companies by the former management of Guangzhou Mayer. The current management of Guangzhou Mayer considers these investments as deceitful acts committed by the former management of Guangzhou Mayer and the three investment companies, and so proper legal actions have been conducted by Guangzhou Mayer for recovering these investments, including filing claim petitions to the People's Court of Qianhai Cooperation District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province\*, in the PRC (the "Court of Qianhai")\* and reporting to the relevant police department in the PRC. In October 2018, the People's Court of Futian District of Shenzhen City\* (the "Futian District Court") had taken up the mentioned petitions from the Court of Qianhai and had a hearing on 20 November 2018. The Futian District Court made decisions that two defendants shall repay in total RMB30 million plus interest for the reporting period of possession of the fund to Guangzhou Mayer. The Auditors expressed their qualified opinion on the issue in the audited financial statement for the year ended 31 December 2018 with full impairment made in the same year.

Guangzhou Mayer has been considering to apply for a civil lawsuit against the ultimate beneficial owner of two defendants, as Guangzhou Mayer has received notices from the Futian District Court that the two defendants did not have any executable assets for legal enforcement procedure to settle the claims according to such court decisions.

Further announcement(s) will be made to update on the progress of the matter as and when appropriate.

#### 針對本公司提出之申索

於二零二一年四月十四日,本公司接獲代表原告之律師針對本公司(作為被告)之兩份傳訊令狀,由香港高等法院(「香港高院」)發出編號高院民事訴訟二零二零年第548號及編號高院民事訴訟二零二一年第213號。原告指稱,根據本公司於二零一一年五月發行之可換股票據(本金總額為90,000,000港元),本公司對其負有債務(「申索」)。

經尋求法律顧問之專業意見後及就董事於作出一切合理查詢後所深知、盡悉及確信,董事會認為申索人企圖利用法律程序損害本公司利益。因此,本公司將依照適用法律法規全力抗辯,保留向申索人進行反申索之權利,並竭盡全力維護股東之整體利益。董事認為,申索(如有)將不會對本集團之財務狀況造成重大影響。申索之詳情載於本公司日期分別為二零二一年四月十四日及五月六日之公告。

### 法律案件更新 深圳申索糾紛

茲提述本公司日期分別為二零一七年十月十三 日、二零一八年十月五日、十一月二十日及十一月 二十七日以及二零二零年三月十九日之公告以及日 期為二零一九年八月二十三日之通函,披露廣州美 亞曾經由其前管理層向三間投資公司提供合計人民 幣50,000,000元之可疑投資款項。廣州美亞現時管 理層視此等投資為廣州美亞前管理層與該三間投資 公司所進行之欺詐行為,因此廣州美亞已採取適當 法律行動以收回此等投資,包括向中國廣東省深圳 前海合作區人民法院(「前海法院」)提交申索訴狀 及向中國有關警察部門報案。於二零一八年十月, 深圳市福田區人民法院(「福田區法院」)接辦前海 法院審理上述訴狀,並於二零一八年十一月二十日 開庭審訊。福田區法院判決兩名被告應向廣州美亞 償還合共人民幣30,000,000元,並支付報告期佔用 資金期間之利息。核數師已於截至二零一八年十二 月三十一日止年度之經審核財務報表中就此事發 表保留意見,並於同年作出全數減值。

由於廣州美亞接獲福田區法院通知,指兩名被告並 無任何可供執行資產按有關法院裁決之依法強制 執行程序清償申索,故廣州美亞一直正考慮對兩名 被告的最終實益擁有人提出民事訴訟。

本公司將適時另行發表公告,提供有關事宜最新之 進展。

### 管理層討論及分析

### Suspected Breach of Fiduciary Duties by Former Directors

As announced by the Company on 2 December 2021, the Company became aware that Mr. Xu Lidi ("Mr. Xu"), the former chairman of the Board (the "Chairman") and an executive Director, and Mr. Wang Dongqi ("Mr. Wang"), a former non-executive Director (the "NED"), were suspected of in breach of their fiduciary duties owed towards the Company by abusing the use of the corporate chops of Bamian Investments Pte Ltd ("Bamian"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company holding 81.4% of the equity interests of Guangzhou Mayer, to unlawfully dismiss the office of Mr. Lee Kwok Leung ("Mr. Alan Lee"), presently the Chairman and an executive Director, Mr. Lin Jinhe ("Mr. Lin") and Ms. Wan Liman ("Ms. Wan") as directors of Guangzhou Mayers. In light of the above, the Board resolved to, among other matters, take legal actions against Mr. Xu and Mr. Wang for their suspected breaches of fiduciary duties as and when necessary.

On 17 January 2022, a hearing of the HK High Court in respect of the interlocutory injunction application (the "Action") filed by the Company, as plaintiff, on 6 January 2022 against Mr. Xu and Mr. Wang (together with Mr. Xu, the "Defendants"), as defendants, took place. The Company claimed that the Defendants had acted in ways that were in breach of the undertaking letters signed by them on 4 August 2017 in favour of the Company, which stipulated that each of the Defendants shall, among other things, act in the best interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole. As advised by the Hong Kong legal advisers of the Company (the "Legal Advisers") and as stated in the statement of claim of the Action, the Company claimed against the Defendants, amongst others, an order that the Defendants do deliver up the company seal, financial seal, contract seal, invoice seal, financial department seal, board of directors' seal and legal representative seal of each of Guangzhou Mayer and certain indirect subsidiaries of the Company in Guangzhou and Shenzhen, the PRC.

On 20 January 2022, the Company received a sealed copy of the order from the HK High Court that the application for the interim injunctive relief under the Action be dismissed. As advised by the Legal Advisers, despite the Company's efforts in seeking to persuade the HK High Court that Hong Kong is the proper forum for the dispute to be determined based on the separate undertaking letters signed by each of Mr. Xu and Mr. Wang respectively, the HK High Court decided not to exercise its discretion to allow the application for service out of jurisdiction the writ of summons and the relevant documents of the HK High Court on Mr. Xu and Mr. Wang as defendants. The reasons given by the HK High Court were that as the reliefs sought concerned the seals of subsidiary companies incorporated in the PRC and involved questions of the PRC law, the more suitable forum for adjudicating the disputes among the Company, Mr. Xu and Mr. Wang should be the courts in the PRC.

#### 懷疑前董事違反受信責任

如本公司於二零二一年十二月二日所公告,本公司 獲悉前董事會主席(「主席」)兼執行董事徐立地先 生(「徐先生」)及前非執行董事王東奇先生(「王先 生」)被懷疑濫用百門投資有限公司(「百門」,持有 廣州美亞81.4%股權之本公司全資附屬公司)之公 司印章,不法地解除李國樑先生(現任主席及執行 董事)、林錦和先生(「林先生」)及溫麗曼女士(「溫 女士」)作為廣州美亞董事之職務,違反彼等對本 公司負有之受信責任。鑒於上述各項,董事會決議 (其中包括)必要時就徐先生及王先生疑屬違反受 信責任對彼等採取法律行動。

於二零二二年一月十七日,香港高院就本公司作為原告於二零二二年一月六日對徐先生及王先生(建同徐先生統稱為「被告」)(作為被告)提出的非正審禁制令濟助申請(「該訴訟」)進行聆訊。本公司利益簽署之承諾書之方式行事。承諾書訂明被告日期,以符合本公司及股東整體最長利益之方式行事。誠如本公司之香港法律顧問(「法律顧問」)所告知及該訴訟之申索陳述書所述,本出資利益。 建顧問」)所告知及該訴訟之申索陳述書所述,本出資利益等。 財務部門章、董事會章及法定代表章。

於二零二二年一月二十日,本公司收到香港高院發出之命令蓋章文本,表示該訴訟下之非正審禁制令濟助申請已被駁回。誠如法律顧問所告知,儘管本公司努力尋求遊說香港高院基於徐先生及王先生各自簽訂之獨立承諾書,香港乃裁定糾紛之適當平台,惟香港高院決定不行使其酌情權受理向徐先生及王先生作為被告在司法管轄權範圍外送達傳訊令狀及香港高院相關文件的申請。香港高院給予之理由乃所尋求濟助涉及於中國註冊成立之附屬公司的蓋章及中國法律問題,故本公司、徐先生及王先生之間糾紛在中國法院判定較為合適。

### 管理層討論及分析

The Company is still in the course of seeking legal advice on the above and, among other things, considering the initiation of legal proceedings in the PRC and/or Singapore against Mr. Xu and/or Mr. Wang to safeguard the legitimate rights and interests of the Company and the Shareholders.

The Company will keep the Shareholders and the potential investors informed of any further material developments in connection with the above by way of further announcement(s) as and when appropriate.

Please refer to the Company's announcements dated 2 December 2021 as well as 10, 11 and 20 January and 6 April 2022, respectively for details.

#### Setting up of Independent Investigation Committee

In December 2021, the Board set up an independent investigation committee (the "IIC") comprising Mr. Chan Chun Kit ("Mr. Stephen Chan"), Mr. Lau Kwok Hung ("Mr. Eric Lau") and Mr. Wong Chi Kin ("Mr. Wong"), all being the INEDs, with Mr. Stephen Chan as chairman, to investigate the suspected breach of fiduciary duties by Mr. Xu and Mr. Wang and the allegations made by Mr. Xu as mentioned under the "Former Executive Director's Allegations" sub-section below. In mid-December 2021, an independent forensic and corporate recovery company (the "Independent Investigator") was appointed by the IIC to perform an investigation on the relevant matters and report its findings to the IIC based on its investigation results. In mid-January 2022, the IIC also referred the allegations made by Mr. Wang as mentioned under the "Former Non-Executive Director's Allegations" sub-section below to the Independent Investigator for investigation.

Following the resignation of Mr. Wong as an INED and the appointment of Mr. Lu Jianping as an INED, on 28 February 2022, Mr. Lu Jianping became a member of the IIC in substitution of Mr. Wong.

The Independent Investigator issued its report in early April 2022 (the "II Report") and the IIC reviewed the II Report and provided its recommendations to the Board. The Board concurred with the II Report and the IIC's recommendations for prompt implementation. Please refer to the Company's announcement dated 6 April 2022.

Based on its findings, the Independent Investigator is of the view that Mr. Xu and Mr. Wang were in breach of their fiduciary duties owed to the Company.

本公司仍正就上述各項尋求法律意見,其中包括考慮於中國及/或新加坡對徐先生及/或王先生提出法律訴訟,以保障本公司及股東的法律權利及權益。

本公司將於適當時候另行發表公告,以知會股東及 潛在投資者有關上述法律程序之任何進一步重大 進展。

詳情請參閱本公司日期分別為二零二一年十二月 二日以及二零二二年一月十日、十一日及二十日及 四月六日的公告。

### 成立獨立調查委員會

於二零二一年十二月,董事會成立獨立調查委員會 (「獨調會」),由陳振傑先生、劉國雄先生及黃志堅 先生(「黃先生」)組成,彼等全部為獨立非執行董 事,由陳振傑先生出任主席,以調查下文「前執行 董事的指控」分節提及之懷疑徐先生及王先生違反 受信責任以及徐先生作出之指控。於二零二一年 十二月中旬,一名獨立法証及企業重整公司(「獨立 調查員」)獲獨調會委任調查相關事宜,並根據調查 結果向獨調會報告其調查發現。於二零二二年一月 中旬,獨調會亦將下文「前非執行董事的指控」分 節提及之王先生所作指控交由獨立調查員調查。

於黃先生辭任獨立非執行董事及委任陸建平先生為獨立非執行董事後,於二零二二年二月二十八日, 陸建平先生接替黃先生成為獨調會成員。

獨立調查員於二零二二年四月初出具報告(「該獨立調查報告」),獨調會審閱該獨立調查報告並向董事會提供建議。董事會同意該獨立調查報告及獨調會建議予以即時實施。請參閱本公司日期為二零二二年四月六日之公告。

根據調查發現,獨立調查員認為徐先生及王先生違 反彼等對本公司所負之受信責任。

### 管理層討論及分析

### Directorship and Management Committee in Guangzhou Mayer

As mentioned on p.29 of this Annual Report, the Company became aware that Mr. Alan Lee, Mr. Lin and Ms. Wan had been unlawfully dismissed as directors of Guangzhou Mayer and in light of the above, the Board resolved to, among other things, invalidate the resolutions of Guangzhou Mayer in respect of the dismissal of Mr. Alan Lee, Mr. Lin and Ms. Wan as directors of Guangzhou Mayer, as well as the appointment of Mr. Hao Qiang ("Mr. Hao"), Mr. He Peng ("Mr. He") and Mr. Liu Haiyang ("Mr. Liu") as directors of Guangzhou Mayer.

Upon the investigation by the Company in mid-December 2021, it was found out that, without the knowledge of the Board, Mr. Alan Lee, Mr. Lin and Ms. Wan had been dismissed as directors of Guangzhou Mayer and Mr. Hao, Mr. He and Mr. Liu were appointed as directors of Guangzhou Mayer at an extraordinary general meeting of Guangzhou Mayer held on 24 November 2021 (the "GM Shareholders' Meeting").

As advised by the legal advisers of the Company in the PRC, in order to give effect to the invalidation of the relevant resolutions passed at the GM Shareholders' Meeting, the Company should, via Bamian as Guangzhou Mayer's major shareholder, convene an extraordinary general meeting of Guangzhou Mayer (the "Guangzhou Mayer EGM") and pass resolutions to remove and appoint directors of Guangzhou Mayer as it shall propose. On 29 January 2022, the Guangzhou Mayer EGM was held whereby it was legally and validly resolved by Bamian that the new directors of Guangzhou Mayer shall comprise Mr. Alan Lee, Mr. Lin, Ms. Wan, Mr. Xiao Libo (an executive Director) and Mr. Huang Fugen. As a result, Mr. Hao, Mr. He and Mr. Liu shall no longer be directors of Guangzhou Mayer with effect from 29 January 2022.

Subsequent to the Board meeting held on 26 November 2021, it was resolved by the Board on 29 March 2022 that a general management and control committee (the "Committee") shall be established by Guangzhou Mayer in substitution of the risk management committee, the asset management committee, the senior management nomination and remuneration committee, and the internal audit committee. The Committee shall report to the board of directors of Guangzhou Mayer and provide advice on the management, including risk management and asset management), senior management nomination and remuneration, and internal audit aspects of Guangzhou Mayer. The Committee was established in late April 2022 after the approval by the board of directors of Guangzhou Mayer.

#### 於廣州美亞的董事職務及管理委員會

誠如本年報第29頁所提及,本公司知悉李國樑先生、林先生及溫女士被以不合法方式解除廣州美亞董事職位,鑒於上述情況,董事會決議(其中包括)廣州美亞有關解除李國樑先生、林先生及溫女士廣州美亞董事職位及委任郝強先生(「**都先生**」)、賀朋先生(「**賀先生**」)及劉海洋先生(「**劉先生**」)為廣州美亞董事的決議案無效。

經本公司於二零二一年十二月中旬調查發現,在董事會不知情的情況下,於廣州美亞於二零二一年十一月二十四日舉行的股東特別大會(「廣州美亞股東大會」)上,李國樑先生、林先生及溫女士已遭解除廣州美亞董事職位,及郝先生、賀先生及劉先生獲委任為廣州美亞董事。

據本公司於中國的法律顧問告知,為令於廣州美亞股東大會上通過的相關決議案無效,本公司應通過廣州美亞的主要股東百門召開廣州美亞股東特別大會(「廣州美亞股東特別大會」),並通過決議案按其所提議罷免及委任廣州美亞董事。廣州美亞股東特別大會於二零二二年一月二十九日舉行,據此百門合法有效決議廣州美亞新任董事包括李國樑先生、林先生、溫女士、肖立波先生(執行董事)及黃福根先生。因此,郝先生、賀先生及劉先生自二零二二年一月二十九日起不再為廣州美亞的董事。

於二零二一年十一月二十六日舉行董事會會議後,董事會於二零二二年三月二十九日決議,廣州美亞應成立一般管理及控制委員會(「**該委員會**」),取代風險管理委員會、資產管理委員會、高級管理層提名及薪酬委員會以及內部審核委員會。該委員會向廣州美亞董事會負責,就廣州美亞之管理(包括風險管理及資產管理)、高級管理層之提名及薪酬以及內部審核層面提供意見。該委員會於二零二二年四月下旬經廣州美亞董事會批准後成立。

### 管理層討論及分析

### Former Executive Director's Allegations

Mr. Xu when resigning from the Company as the Chairman and an executive Director on 3 December 2021 made certain allegations against the Company and certain Directors, which were disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 6 April 2022. He alleged that, amongst others, after a substantial shareholder of the Company (the "Substantial Shareholder") had acquired 460,000,000 Shares, representing approximately 24.04% of the issued share capital of the Company, on 26 October 2021, those Directors nominated by the substantial Shareholder used various measures to attempt to take control of the Board and ignored the facts and frequently convened Board meetings in relation to a resolution which was voted down at the Board meetings more than once to achieve their own goals.

Based on its findings, the Independent Investigator opines that the appointment of the Directors nominated by the substantial Shareholder was valid and that it is reasonable to conclude that all the relevant resolutions of the Board meetings concerned were passed in good faith and in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole as the purpose of them was to strengthen the corporate governance of Guangzhou Mayer.

The Company is currently seeking legal advice on such allegations and will keep the Shareholders and potential investors of the Company informed of any further material developments in connection therewith by way of announcement(s) as and when appropriate.

#### Former Non-Executive Director's Allegations

Mr. Wang, when resigning from the Company as a NED on 11 January 2022, made certain allegations against the Company and certain Directors, which were disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 4 February 2022. He alleged that, amongst others, the Board which was under the manipulation of certain individuals passed a resolution through repeatedly convening Board meetings and considering resolutions which were of the same content and frequently proposed at various Board meetings.

Based on its findings, the Independent Investigator opines that it is reasonable to conclude that Mr. Wang's allegations were not substantiated.

The details of the legal proceedings initiated by the Company against Mr. Wang have been disclosed in the announcements of the Company dated 10 and 20 January 2022, respectively.

The Company is still in the course of seeking legal advice on the allegations made by Mr. Wang and initiating legal proceedings against him and will keep the Shareholders and potential investors of the Company informed of any further material developments in connection with the above by way of announcement(s) as and when appropriate.

Please refer to the Company's announcements dated 12 January, 4 February and 6 April 2022, respectively for details.

### 前執行董事的指控

徐先生於二零二一年十二月三日向本公司辭任主席兼執行董事時對本公司及若干董事提出若干指控,該等指控於本公司日期為二零二二年四月六日之公告披露。彼指稱,(其中包括)於二零二一年十月二十六日本公司一名主要股東(「主要股東」)收購460,000,000股股份(佔本公司已發行股本約24.04%)後,該等由主要股東提名之董事採取多項措施意圖取得董事會之控制權,並無視事實,就一項已於董事會會議,以達到彼等本身之目的。

基於調查發現,獨立調查員認為,由主要股東所提名董事之任命屬有效,及由於有關董事會會議之所有相關決議案均旨在加強廣州美亞之企業管治,故該等決議案乃真誠地通過且符合本公司及股東整體利益之結論屬合理。

本公司正就有關指控尋求法律意見,並將適時以公告形式告知股東及本公司潛在投資者有關事項的任何進一步重大進展。

#### 前非執行董事的指控

王先生於二零二二年一月十一日向本公司辭任非執行董事時對本公司及若干董事提出若干指控,該等指控於本公司日期為二零二二年二月四日之公告披露。彼指稱,(其中包括)董事會在若干人士操控下,反覆召開董事會會議及審議於董事會會議上頻繁提呈內容相同之決議案,藉此通過該決議案。

基於調查發現,獨立調查員認為,王先生之指控不 屬實的結論屬合理。

本公司針對王先生提起之法律程序之詳情已於本公司日期分別為二零二二年一月十日及二十日之公告披露。

本公司仍正就王先生所作出之指控及提起針對法 律程序尋求法律意見,並將適時刊發公告知會股東 及本公司潛在投資者有關上述事宜之任何進一步 重大發展。

詳情請參閱本公司日期分別為二零二二年一月十二 日、二月四日及四月六日之公告。

### 管理層討論及分析

# Impact of Resignations of Mr. Xu and Mr. Wang to the Company

Prior to Mr. Xu's resignation as the Chairman and an executive Director, Mr. Xu was responsible for providing leadership for the Board and the strategic direction of the Company. Mr. Wang, prior to his resignation as a NED, was collectively responsible for the Company's management and operations together with other Directors although he did not have any major role in the daily operations of the Group.

Subsequent to the resignations of Mr. Xu and Mr. Wang, while the remaining Directors on the Board (with Mr. Alan Lee being re-appointed as the Chairman on 22 February 2022) have collectively been responsible for overseeing the Group's strategic planning and development, and determining the objectives, strategies and policies of the Group, the main day-to-day operations of the Group has been handled by the senior management of the Group, who then have in general over four years of working experience in the Group, and are responsible for managing the financial matters and the operation of other business departments, including production, quality control, sales and technical departments. There has been no material change in the senior management of the Group and the operations of the Group remains stable. Based on the above, the Board is of the view that the resignations of Mr. Xu and Mr. Wang did not have any material impact to the Company's operations and financial position.

#### Updates on Market Misconduct Tribunal's Determination

By a notice dated 4 March 2016, the Company was notified by the SFC that it had commenced proceedings in the Market Misconduct Tribunal (the "MMT") against (i) the Company for failing to disclose price-sensitive information as soon as reasonably practicable; and (ii) certain former senior officers of the Company for their reckless or negligent conduct causing the alleged breach by the Company of the provisions of the statutory corporate disclosure regime. Hearings were held on 1 November 2016 (on liability) and 15 March 2017 (on sanctions) (the "MMT Proceedings"). The MMT issued two reports on 7 February 2017 and 5 April 2017, respectively (the "MMT's Determination"), which (i) found that the Company and each of those former senior officers (together, the "Specified Persons") were in breach of the disclosure requirements; and (ii) imposed sanctions on each of the Specified Persons. Details of MMT's Proceedings are set out in the Company's announcements dated 14 March 2016, as well as 8 February and 6 April 2017.

Following an appeal against the MMT's Determination by the relevant party(ies), the Court of Appeal on 5 June 2020 handed down its judgment which set aside the determination of liability against the Specified Persons, including the Company. However, the Court ordered the case to be remitted to the MMT to consider the limited issue of whether the subject information would be likely to materially affect the share price taking into account the post-suspension events.

### 徐先生及王先生之辭任對本公司之影響

於徐先生辭任主席兼執行董事前,徐先生負責領導董事會及制訂本公司之策略方向。於辭任非執行董事前,王先生雖然並無於本集團之日常運作中擔當任何重要角色,惟與其他董事共同負責本公司之管理及運作。

於徐先生及王先生辭任後,董事會其餘董事(李國 樑先生於二零二二年二月二十二日獲重新委任為 主席)已共同負責監督本集團之策略規劃及發展, 以及釐定本集團之目標、策略及政策。本集團之主 要日常運作一直由本集團之高級管理層處理,彼等 當時普遍在本集團有超過四年工作經驗,負責管理 財務事宜及其他業務部門,包括生產、品質控制、 銷售及技術部門。本集團之高級管理層並無重大變 動,本集團營運亦維持穩定。基於上文所述,董事 會認為,徐先生及王先生辭任並無對本公司之營運 及財務狀況造成任何重大影響。

#### 有關市場失當行為審裁處決定之更新資料

根據日期為二零一六年三月四日之通知,證監會通知本公司,證監會在市場失當行為審裁處(「審裁處」)展開研訊程序,涉及(i)本公司沒有在合理切實可行情況下盡快披露股價敏感資料;及(ii)本公司若干前高級職員罔顧後果或疏忽的行為導致本公司司涉嫌違反法定企業披露制度的條文。聆訊已於二零一六年十一月一日(就責任)及二零一七年三月十日及二零一七年二月七日及二零一七年四月五日日、就制裁)進行(「審裁處研訊程序」)。審裁處研訊程序」)。審裁處所訊程序」)。(i)裁定本公司及日發出兩份報告(「審裁處決定」),(i)裁定本公司及各名該等前高級職員(統稱「特定人士」)違反披露規定;及(ii)對各特定人士實施制裁。有關審裁處研訊程序之詳情載於本公司日期為二零一六年三月十四日以及二零一七年二月八日及四月六日之公告。

於相關人士針對審裁處決定之上訴後,上訴法院於二零二零年六月五日宣佈其判決,將針對特定人士(包括本公司)責任之決定作廢。然而,法院命令將案件發還審裁處以考慮有限爭議,即計及暫停買賣後之事件後,主體的資料是否可能嚴重影響股份的價格。

### 管理層討論及分析

The remitted hearing before the MMT had originally been scheduled to be heard in August 2021 but was adjourned to the dates to be fixed by the MMT. Following the adjourned remitted hearing before the MMT commenced on 25 January 2022, the MMT issued a report dated 28 July 2023 making the following determinations:

- the specific information particularised in the notice served by the SFC to the Company on 7 March 2016 and mentioned below is inside information (the "Inside Information"):
  - a. the resignation of the then Auditors on 27 December 2012;
  - b. the Auditors' indication that they would issue a potential qualified audit report if the audit issues which the Auditors had identified in respect of, among others, the following transactions of the Company were not resolved. The transactions and the inside information in respect of them that should have been disclosed were:
    - the disposal of a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company (the "First Subsidiary") for HK\$15.5 million, which was alleged by the Company to have been a sale of all the issued share capital of the First Subsidiary to a party and which the Auditors regarded as questionable; and
    - ii. the supply agreements that two subsidiaries of the Company's jointly controlled entity (the "Subsidiaries") entered into with two suppliers and the respective prepayments made by them of US\$10 million and US\$4 million, without security, to the suppliers, which appeared to the Auditors to be irrecoverable; and
  - c. the Auditor's concern that the prepayment of US\$10 million by one of the Subsidiaries to the supplier might be irrecoverable and/or lacked commercial substance:
- 2. the Company was subject to a disclosure requirement under section 307B of the SFO in respect of the Inside Information and breached that disclosure requirement; and
- 3. the following former directors and senior executive of the Company, namely Chan Lai Yin, Tommy, Hsiao Ming-chih, Lai Yueh-hsing, Huang Jui-hsiang, Chiang Jen-chin, Xue Wenge, Li Deqiang, Lin Sheng-bin and Alvin Chiu also breached the disclosure requirement in respect of the Inside Information under section 307G(2) of the SFO.

發還審裁處進行之聆訊原已排期於二零二一年八月進行,惟已押後至於審裁處將會釐定之日期進行。繼於二零二二年一月二十五日在審裁處展開經延期及經發還的聆訊後,審裁處於二零二三年七月二十八日發表一份報告,當中作出以下裁定:

- 下文所述及於證監會於二零一六年三月七日送 達本公司之通知內特別詳細註明的資料屬內幕 消息(「內幕消息」):
  - a. 當時的核數師於二零一二年十二月二十七 日辭任;
  - b. 核數師表明,倘核數師就(其中包括)下 列本公司交易發現的審核問題並無獲得解 決,彼等將發出可能保留意見審核報告。 該等交易以及與之相關且本應披露的內幕 消息為:
    - i. 以15,500,000港元出售本公司一家全 資附屬公司(「第一家附屬公司」), 對此,本公司稱此為一項向某方出售 第一家附屬公司全部已發行股本的出 售,而核數師認為有問題;及
    - ii. 本公司共同控制實體的兩家附屬公司 (「該等附屬公司」)與兩家供應商訂 立供應協議,其中該等附屬公司在無 獲得擔保的情況下分別向供應商預付 10,000,000美元及4,000,000美元, 而核數師認為該等預付款項似乎無法 收回;及
  - c. 核數師關注其中一家該等附屬公司向供應 商預付10,000,000美元款項可能無法收回 及/或缺乏商業實質;
- 本公司實須遵守證券及期貨條例第307B條有 關內幕消息的披露規定,並違反了該項披露規 定;及
- 3. 下列本公司前任董事及高級行政人員,分別為陳禮賢、蕭敏志、賴粵興、黃瑞祥、蔣仁欽、薛文革、李德强、林聖斌及趙熾佳,亦違反證券及期貨條例第307G(2)條有關內幕消息的披露規定。

### 管理層討論及分析

In addition, the MMT has directed that the hearing on the consequential orders to be imposed be fixed on 13 November 2023 (Monday) at 10:00 a.m. (with 1 day reserved).

此外,審裁處已指示,有關裁定施行的相應命令的 聆訊定於二零二三年十一月十三日(星期一)上午 十時(預留1天)召開。

The Company will keep the Shareholders and its potential investors informed of any further material development in connection with the above by way of announcement(s) as and when appropriate.

本公司將於適當時候以公告形式確保股東及其潛 在投資者知悉任何與上述事項有關的進一步重大 發展。

#### **COMPLAINTS AGAINST THE COMPANY**

In about late April 2023, the Board received complaints from complainant(s) who did not agree to disclose his/her/their identity(ies), whereby such complainant(s) made the following allegations (the "Allegations"):

- (i) the Company was controlled by an individual (the "Alleged Controller") through several figureheads and Mr. Alan Lee, an executive Director and the Chairman, and the Alleged Controller manipulated the trading of the Shares;
- (ii) the Alleged Controller misappropriated funds in the aggregate amount of HK\$205,000,000 from the Company;
- (iii) the Alleged Controller defaulted on the repayment of a borrowing from a company (which was subsequently acquired by and became a subsidiary of the Company after the borrowing took place), which then, due to lack of funding, caused delay in the progress of the Yuetang Village Redevelopment Project in the PRC, held by such company; and
- (iv) there was a purposeful delay of a Board meeting by certain Directors and the Company Secretary.

#### Response from the Board

Based on a preliminary assessment of the Allegations, the currently available records of the Company and to the best of the Directors' knowledge after making all reasonable enquiries, the majority of the Board (including the INEDs) but excluding Mr. Anthony Zhou and Mr. Chen Zhirui ("Mr. Chen"), both executive Directors, is of the view that the Allegations are unfounded and made without basis.

Taking into account the dissenting views of Mr. Anthony Zhou and Mr. Chen, it was resolved by the full Board (including Mr. Anthony Zhou and Mr. Chen) at a Board meeting held on 23 May 2023 that:

- (i) an independent investigation committee (the "II Committee"), comprising all the INEDs, namely Mr. Eric Lau, Mr. Stephen Chan and Mr. Lu Jianping, be established to conduct an internal investigation on, among other things, (a) the Allegations; and (b) the veracity of the matters alleged by or concerns raised by Mr. Anthony Zhou and Mr. Chen leading to their dissenting views; and
- (ii) an independent investigator be subsequently appointed to perform an investigation on the matters referred to the above.

#### 向本公司投訴

董事會於二零二三年四月下旬接獲不願披露其身 份之投訴人投訴,當中有關投訴作出下列指稱(「該

- (i) 本公司由一名個人(「**指稱控制人**」)透過多名 替代人及執行董事兼董事會主席李國樑先生控 制,而指稱控制人操縱股份交易;
- (ii) 指稱控制人挪用本公司資金合共205,000,000 港元作自用;
- (iii) 指稱控制人拖欠一家公司的借款(該公司其後 於借款後被本公司收購並成為本公司之附屬公 司),因此由於缺乏資金,導致該公司所持有 於中國的月堂村更新項目的進度延誤;及
- (iv) 若干董事及公司秘書故意拖延召開董事會會 議。

#### 董事會回應

根據對該等指稱之初步評估、本公司現時可得之記 錄及據董事作出一切合理查詢後所深知,董事會大 部份成員(包括獨立非執行董事,惟不包括執行董 事周世豪先生及陳志睿先生(「陳先生」)) 認為該等 指稱毫無根據且缺乏基礎。

考慮到周世豪先生及陳先生之異議意見,全體董事 會成員(包括周世豪先生及陳先生)於二零二三年 五月二十三日舉行之董事會會議上決定:

- (i) 成立獨立調查委員會(「**獨調會」**),由全體獨 立非執行董事,即劉國雄先生、陳振傑先生及 陸建平先生組成,以就(其中包括)(a)該等指 稱;以及(b)周世豪先生及陳先生所指稱之事項 或引致彼等不同意見之關注事項之真實性進行 內部調查;及
- (ii) 其後將委任一名獨立調查員對上述事項進行調 杳。

### 管理層討論及分析

The majority of the Board (including the INEDs but excluding Mr. Anthony Zhou and Mr. Chen) also considers that there was no material adverse impact on the operations of the Group brought along by the Allegations raised.

董事會大部分成員(包括獨立非執行董事,惟不包括周世豪先生及陳先生)亦認為,所提出之該等指稱對本集團之營運並無重大不利影響。

#### **Recent Development**

Mr. Stephen Chan has been elected as the chairman of the II Committee, and Frank Forensic and Corporate Recovery Limited (the "Investigator"), an independent investigator, has been appointed by the II Committee to perform an investigation on, among others, the Allegations.

The Company will keep the Shareholders and potential investors of the Company informed of the results of the investigation by the Investigator and any further material developments in connection therewith by way of further announcement(s) as and when appropriate

#### **EMPLOYMENT, TRAINING AND DEVELOPMENT**

As at 30 June 2023, the Group had a total of 360\* employees (30 June 2022: 345\*\*), the vast majority of whom were in the PRC. Total staff costs, including Directors' emoluments for the Year were approximately RMB47,361,000\* (the Last Reporting Period: RMB80,039,000\*\*), including retirement benefits cost of approximately RMB5,908,000\* (the Last Reporting Period: RMB9,026,000\*\*). Remuneration packages of the Group are maintained at a competitive level to attract, retain and motive employees and are reviewed on a periodic basis. The Group always maintains good relation with its employees and is committed to employee training and development on a regular basis to maintain the quality of its products and services.

- excluding Happy (Hong Kong) New City Group Limited and its subsidiaries ("Happy Group")
- \*\* including Happy Group

The Share Option Scheme was approved and adopted by the Shareholders at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 31 May 2019. The Board considers that the Share Option Scheme will incentivise more persons/ entities to contribute positively to the Group, and facilitate the retention and the recruitment of high-calibre staff of the Group. Share Options were granted to the Grantee during the Last Reporting Period. Please refer to the "Environmental Technology Related Business" paragraph under the "Business Review" sub-section above.

# SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS, MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

The Group did not have any material acquisition and disposal of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures during the Year and did not have any significant investments held as at 30 June 2023.

#### **CAPITAL COMMITMENTS**

The Group had no significant capital commitments outstanding at 30 June 2023 and 30 June 2022.

#### 最近發展

陳振傑先生獲推選為獨調會主席,而獨調會已委任 誠駿法証及企業重整有限公司為獨立調查員(「調查員」),以對(其中包括)該等指稱進行調查。

本公司將適時透過進一步公告通知股東及本公司 潛在投資者有關調查員之調查結果及任何相關之 進一步重大進展。

#### 僱傭、培訓及發展

於二零二三年六月三十日,本集團共有360名\*僱員(二零二二年六月三十日:345名\*\*),絕大部分均在中國。該年度之總員工成本(包括董事薪酬)約為人民幣47,361,000元\*(上一個報告期:人民幣80,039,000元\*\*),包括退休福利成本約人民幣5,908,000元\*(上一個報告期:人民幣9,026,000元\*\*)。本集團之薪酬待遇維持在具競爭力之水平,以吸引、挽留及激勵僱員,並會定期檢討。本集團一向與僱員維持良好關係,並致力於定期向僱員提供培訓及發展,藉此維持其產品及服務之質素。

- \* 不包括眾樂(香港)新城市控股集團有限公司及其附屬公司(「眾樂集團」)
- \*\* 包括眾樂集團

股東於二零一九年五月三十一日舉行之本公司股東 週年大會上批准並採納購股權計劃。董事會認為, 購股權計劃將激勵更多人士/實體為本集團作出 積極貢獻,並有利於本集團挽留及招攬優秀員工。 購股權已於上一個報告期授予承授人。請參閱上文 「業務回顧」分節「環保技術相關業務」段落。

#### 重大投資、附屬公司及聯營公司之重要 收購及出售

本集團於該年度並無任何附屬公司、聯營公司及合營企業之重要收購及出售,於二零二三年六月三十日亦無持有任何重大投資。

#### 資本承擔

本集團於二零二三年六月三十日及二零二二年六 月三十日並無未履行之重大資本承擔。

### 管理層討論及分析

#### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Group's financial conditions, results of operations, businesses and prospects may be affected by a number of risks and uncertainties. Key risks and uncertainties affecting the Group are set out as below:

#### Global Economic and Macro-Economic Conditions

The impact of economic conditions on market price and customers' confidence would affect the revenues and results of the Group. The economic growth or decline in the Group's geographical markets that affect customers' demand would also affect the Group's business. The Group continues to implement its strategies to develop and explore in different markets, thereby reducing its dependency on specific markets.

#### **Investment Risk**

To balance risk and return across investment types is a key consideration of investment framework. Risk assessment is one of important aspects of the investment decision process. Management would regularly review and monitor the progress of the investments of the Group and submit to the Board for further strategic adjustments.

#### **Customers' Credit Risk**

The maximum exposure to credit risk by the Group, which will cause a financial loss due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties, arises from the carrying amounts of the recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

In order to minimise the credit risk, the Group has policies in place to determine credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. The Group only extends credit to customers based on careful evaluation of the customers' financial conditions and credit history. Credit sales of products are made to customers with an appropriate credit history. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of debts at the end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts.

#### **Liquidity Risk**

In managing the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains sufficient reserves of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by management to support the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. Management monitors the utilisation of borrowings and ensures compliance with the relevant loan covenants.

#### **Financial Risk**

The Group's major financial instruments include available-for-sale investments, trade and other receivables, cash and bank balances, trade and other payables and bank borrowings. The risks associated with these financial instruments include market risk (currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. Management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure that appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

#### 主要風險及不明朗因素

本集團之財務狀況、經營業績、業務及前景可能受 多項風險及不明朗因素影響。影響本集團之關鍵風 險及不明朗因素載列如下:

#### 全球經濟及宏觀經濟狀況

經濟狀況對市場價格及客戶信心之衝擊將影響本集 團之收益及業績。本集團所處地區市場之經濟增長 或下滑影響客戶需求,也因而影響本集團業務。本 集團繼續推行其策略,開發及探索不同市場,藉此 降低對特定市場之依賴。

#### 投資風險

平衡不同投資種類之風險及回報乃投資框架之關鍵考慮因素。風險評估乃投資決策過程其中一個重要層面。管理層將定期檢討及監察本集團之投資進展,並向董事會呈交報告作進一步策略調整。

#### 客戶信貸風險

本集團因交易對手未能履行責任而遭遇產生財務 虧損之最大信貸風險,乃源自於綜合財務狀況表所 列之已確認金融資產賬面金額。

為盡量減低信貸風險,本集團已制訂政策釐定信貸額度、信貸審批及其他監察程序,以確保採取跟進行動收回逾期債務。本集團僅於審慎評估客戶之財務狀況及信貸紀錄後方會擴大給予客戶之信貸。具適當信貸紀錄之客戶方可獲產品信貸銷售。此外,本集團於報告期末審閱債務之可收回金額,以確保就不可收回款項作出足夠減值虧損。

#### 流動資金風險

本集團監察及維持管理層認為能充分支持本集團 營運及減低現金流波動影響之足夠現金及現金等 值項目儲備,以管理流動資金風險。管理層監察借 貸之動用情況,並確保遵守相關貸款契諾。

#### 財務風險

本集團之主要金融工具包括可供出售投資、貿易應收賬款及其他應收款項、現金及銀行結存、貿易應付賬款及其他應付款項以及銀行借貸。與該等金融工具有關之風險包括市場風險(貨幣風險、利率風險及其他價格風險)、信貸風險及流動資金風險。管理層管理及監察該等風險,以確保適時有效地推行適當措施。

### 管理層討論及分析

#### **Compliance Risk**

The Board monitors and ensures that the Group is in compliance with the applicable laws, rules, regulations and codes. The Group engages professionals from time to time to keep abreast of the latest developments in the regulatory environment, including legal, financial, environmental and operational developments. The Group also implements a strict control in prohibiting any unauthorised use or dissemination of confidential or inside information.

#### **OUTLOOK**

Based on the Group's expectations for China's favorable policies after the Pandemic in 2023, the Group will take measures to actively expand the market and enhance its brand awareness. In terms of product sales, Guangzhou Mayer will focus on maintaining and developing relationships with new and old customers in China and abroad based on a stable steel market. At the same time, Guangzhou Mayer will make use of the local government's guidance skills in the stainless steel market to expand the market share of stainless steel products, thereby increasing the Group's profit margins in the long term.

In order to achieve the above goals, the Group will take active and comprehensive measures. First of all, the Group will integrate resources in an all-round way, adopt a multi-channel and multi-field approach to explore sales potential and expand the market, so as to increase sales volume while ensuring profit growth. Secondly, the Group will actively promote stainless steel products and develop domestic stainless steel pipe customers to further increase the profits of stainless steel products. In addition, the Group will further strengthen its corporate management, continue to control its operation cost, increase efficiency and improve the quality of its products and services on the one hand and modernise the production equipment, conduct product research and development and make market analysis to increase its competitiveness. Finally, the Group will continue to invest in appropriate projects in emerging technology fields such as carbon neutrality, environmental protection and energy conservation to expand the Group's profit growth rate.

#### 合規風險

董事會監察並確保本集團遵守適用法律、規則、法 規及守則。本集團不時委聘專業人士以緊貼監管 環境之最新發展,包括法律、財務、環境及營運發 展。本集團亦採取嚴格監控,禁止任何未經授權使 用或發佈機密資料或內幕消息。

#### 展望

基於本集團對中國於二零二三年疫後利好方針的期望,本集團將採取積極開拓市場並提升其品牌知名度的措施。在產品銷售方面,廣州美亞將以穩定鋼鐵市場為基礎,著重於國內外新舊客戶關係的維繫與開發。同時,廣州美亞將利用地方政府對不銹鋼市場的引導技能,擴大不銹鋼產品市場佔有率,從而長線提升本集團的盈利空間。

為了實現上述目標,本集團將採取積極而全面的措施。首先,本集團將全方位整合資源,採用多渠道及多領域的方式發掘銷售潛力,並開拓市場,在提升銷售量的同時確保利潤增長。其次,本集團將積極推廣不銹鋼產品及開拓國內不銹鋼管道客戶,以進一步增加不銹鋼產品的利潤。此外,本集團還是一步增加不銹鋼產品的利潤。此外,本集團還於在一方面進一步加強其企業管理,持續控制經營成本,提升效益和改善產品及服務的質素,並於另一方面更新生產設備,進行產品研發及市場分析以提高競爭力。最後,本集團將繼續投資於碳中和、環保及節能等新興科技領域的合適項目,以擴大本集團利潤增長率。

### 對保留意見之回應/移除

#### PRELIMINARY RESPONSES TO QUALIFIED OPINION

The Board and the Audit Committee had noted that the consolidated financial statements of the Company for the Year were subject to the qualified opinion of ZHONGHUI ANDA CPA Limited, the Independent Auditor (the "Qualified Opinion"), on the basis as set out in the section headed "Basis for Qualified Opinion" in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 80 to 85 of this Report. The Board and the Audit Committee did not express different views from that of the Independent Auditor on the basis of the qualifications as the unresolved qualifications for the Year, which might have consequential effect on the Group's financial performance for the Year and the related disclosure thereof in the consolidated financial statements.

Further, the views of the Group towards the issues are as follows:

The recent progress of the urban land redevelopment projects in Zhuhai, the PRC has been put on hold despite the recovery of the COVID-19 and as the Yuetang Village Project is still at its preliminary stage, the Board believes that the Target Company will not be able to achieve the guaranteed Target Profit Level in the foreseeable future so that the Company does not expect to enter into any further supplemental agreement to, among others, extend the period for the Target Company to achieve the guaranteed Target Profit Level.

As set out in the Company's announcement dated 6 October 2023, the Group has filed a lawsuit against the Mr. Zhou and Mr. Chen in Hong Kong for breach of their respective Directors' duties concerning their management in the redevelopment project located in the PRC. Accordingly, the Company is claiming against Mr. Zhou and Mr. Chen for (i) damages and/or equitable compensation, to be assessed; (ii) a declaration that Mr. Zhou and/or Mr. Chen were/was in breach of their/his duties owed to the Company, fiduciary and/or otherwise; (iii) all necessary accounts and inquiries to enable the Company to fulfil its duties under the Listing Rules; (iv) interest; (v) costs; and (vi) further and/or other reliefs as the court deems fit.

Moreover, during a regular check on the Company's subsidiaries, it came to the Board's attention that Happy (Hong Kong) New City Group Limited had completed the disposal of Zhuhai HuaFeng, being the assignment of the right to inject RMB14.7 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$15.8 million based on an exchange rate of RMB1 to HK\$1.0750) into the registered capital of Zhuhai HuaFeng at nil consideration to the purchaser on 23 October 2023 without authorization and/or approval from the Board. Upon completion of the disposal of Zhuhai HuaFeng, the registered capital of the Zhuhai HuaFeng did not change but the right to inject 49% of the registered share capital of the Zhuhai HuaFeng was transferred to the purchaser. Details of the unauthorized disposal are set out in the Company's announcement dated 15 January 2024.

#### 對保留意見之初步回應

董事會及審核委員會注意到根據本報告第80至第 85頁獨立核數師報告內「保留意見的基礎」一節所 載基礎,獨立核數師中匯安達會計師事務所有限公 司已就本公司於該年度之綜合財務報表須發表保 留意見(「保留意見」)。董事會及審核委員會並無 就保留意見之基礎與獨立核數師產生意見分歧,原 因為截至該年度之未解決保留意見可能對本集團 截至該年度之財務表現及綜合財務報表之相關披 露造成相應的影響。

此外,本集團對該等問題的意見如下:

儘管已從疫情復常,但中國珠海城市土地改造項目 近期進度擱置,加上由於月堂村項目仍處於初步階 段,董事會相信目標公司將無法於可見未來達成保 證目標溢利水平,故本公司預計不會進一步訂立任 何補充協議,以(其中包括)延遲目標公司達成保 證目標溢利水平之期限。

誠如本公司日期為二零二三年十月六日之公告所載,本集團已於香港入稟訴訟,控告周先生及陳先生違反彼等各自就管理位於中國之重建項目之董事職責。因此,本公司向周先生及陳先生申索(i)將予評估之損害賠償及/或公平賠償;(ii)周先生及/或其陳先生違反彼等/其對本公司所負之受信及/或其他責任之聲明;(iii)使本公司得以履行其於上市規則下之責任之所有必要賬目及查詢;(iv)利息;(v)訟費;及(vi)法院認為適當之進一步及/或其他濟助。

此外,於對本公司附屬公司進行定期查核時,董事會得悉眾樂(香港)新城市控股集團有限公司已完成出售珠海華豐,具體為於二零二三年十月二十三日在未經董事會授權及/或批准之情況下以零代價向買方轉讓向珠海華豐註冊資本注資人民幣14,700,000元(按人民幣1元兌1.0750港元之匯率計算,相當於約15,800,000港元)之權利。於完成出售珠海華豐後,珠海華豐之註冊資本並無變更,但注入珠海華豐註冊資本49%之權利已轉讓予買方。有關未經授權出售之詳情載於本公司日期為二零二四年一月十五日之公告。

### 對保留意見之回應/移除

In light of the above circumstances, the Company and the Audit Committee of the Company have come into conclusion that it is not commercially reasonable for the Company to continue to invest its time and resources in the Target Company, and the Group is expected to record a one-off loss due to the provision for impairment loss in respect of its investment in the Target Company and having considered (i) the poor financial performance of the Target Company and its subsidiaries (the "Target Group"); (ii) the limited asset value of the Target Group as compared to the Group as a whole; and (iii) the legal costs and management efforts in legal proceedings and the resumption of re-development of Yuetang Village of the Target Group, the Board is of the view that it is of benefit to dispose of the Target Company. Details regarding the disposal of Target Group were disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 5 March 2025,

鑑於上述情況,本公司及本公司審核委員會得出結論認為,本公司繼續投入時間及資源於目標公司並不合理,而本集團預期將就其於目標公司之投資所作之減值虧損撥備而錄得一筆過虧損,就此已考慮(i)目標公司及其附屬公司(統稱「目標集團」)之財務表現欠佳;(ii)與本集團整體相比,目標集團之資產價值有限;及(iii)法律程序及恢復目標集團人資產質值有限;及(iii)法律程序及恢復目標集團人堂村重新開發之成本及管理工作,董事會認為出售目標公司屬有利。有關出售目標集團之詳情已於本公司日期為二零二五年三月五日之公告內披露。

Upon completion of the disposal of the Target Group, the Group can utilize its resources to re-focus on its existing steel business, which remains solid and brings a stable stream of revenue to the Group, as well as the development of the applications of nano phase change energy storage material(s) with nano-scale technologies, which is a new business line of the Group as disclosed in its announcement dated 30 September 2024.

完成出售目標集團後,本集團可將資源重新集中於 有穩固基礎、為本集團帶來穩定收入來源之現有鋼 鐵業務,以及本集團日期為二零二四年九月三十日 之公告所披露的新業務線—納米相變蓄能材料技術 應用的開發。

Regarding the consolidation of Hei Jing, the Group remains committed to pursuing the legal action against relevant former directors of Guangzhou Mayer for breaches of their director's duties, specifically for unauthorized execution of the disposal of the ownership of its 51% equity interest in Hei Jing and may consider taking appropriate further actions with professional advice in due course.

就黑晶之綜合入賬而言,本集團仍致力就廣州美亞相關前董事違反彼等之董事職責(即未經授權出售於黑晶的51%股權之擁有權)而採取法律行動,並可能考慮在適當時候徵詢專業意見以採取適當的進一步行動。

#### **Further Information**

#### 進一步資料

The II Committee had resolved that the unauthorized assignment of the right to inject RMB14.7 million into the registered capital of Zhuhai HuaFeng that resulted in a decrease of the Company's shareholding in Zhuhai HuaFeng from 100% to 51% would be included the expanded scope of the independent investigation.

獨調會已議決,未經授權轉讓向珠海華豐註冊資本 注資人民幣14,700,000元之權利,導致本公司於珠 海華豐之持股比例由100%減至51%之事件,將納 入經擴大之獨立調查範圍內。

Recognizing the gravity and implications of the unauthorized assignment, and taking into consideration that the scope of the independent investigation has been broadened, the II Committee further acknowledges that the timely completion of the independent investigation is critical to the Company's ability to meet the requirements set forth under the resumption guidance issued by the Stock Exchange. In light of this, the II Committee has decided to appoint Grant Thornton Advisory Services Limited, an independent investigator, to take over from Frank Forensic and Corporate Recovery Limited and to conduct the independent investigation on the Allegations and the disposal of Zhuhai HuaFeng (collectively, the "Investigation").

鑑於該未經授權轉讓之嚴重性及影響,並考慮到獨立調查之範圍已擴大,獨調會進一步承認,及時完成獨立調查對本公司能否符合聯交所發出的復牌指引所載之規定乃至關重要。有鑑於此,獨調會已決定委任致同諮詢服務有限公司為獨立調查員,接替誠駿法証及企業重整有限公司之工作,並就該等指稱及出售珠海華豐一事進行獨立調查(統稱「調查」)。

### 對保留意見之回應/移除

This expanded Investigation will comprehensively address matters pertaining to the Allegations and the disposal of Zhuhai HuaFeng, which include, but are not limited to: (i) assessing the impacts of the Allegations and the disposal of Zhuhai HuaFeng on the Company's business operations and financial position; (ii) analyzing and verifying the underlying facts and circumstances; (iii) publicly announcing the findings of the Investigation in a transparent manner; and (iv) implementing appropriate remedial actions to safeguard the interests of the Company.

是次擴大調查將全面處理與該等指稱及出售珠海華豐有關之事宜,其包括但不限於(i)評估該等指稱及出售珠海華豐對本公司業務營運及財務狀況之影響;(ii)分析及核實相關事實及情況;(iii)以透明方式公開調查結果;及(iv)採取適當的補救措施以保障本公司之利益。

The II Committee emphasizes the importance of this enhanced scope in ensuring a thorough and independent review of all relevant matters.

獨調會強調,是次擴大範圍對確保所有相關事項獲得徹底及獨立的審查乃至關重要。

#### **Removal of Qualified Opinion**

Regarding items 1 to 4 of the Qualified Opinion, the Auditor has indicated that, following the disposal of the entire equity interest in Target Group on 5 March 2025, the financial results of Happy Group (including the Zhuhai HuaFeng Group) will be deconsolidated. As such, there will be no impact on the Group's financial position as of 30 June 2025. Consequently, these Qualified Opinions will be removed for the financial year ending 30 June 2025.

In respect of items 1 and 3 of the Qualified Opinion, the Auditor will issue a qualification on the share of results for the period up to the date of disposal of the entire equity interest in the Target Group, as well as the impairment of interest in an associate, prepayments, trade receivables, and the relevant comparative figures for the financial year ending 30 June 2025. This qualified opinion is expected to be removed no later than the financial year ending 30 June 2027.

In respect of item 2 of the Qualified Opinion, following the disposal of the entire equity interest in the Target Group in March 2025, the associated put option has lapsed and will no longer have any impact on the Group's financial position. Accordingly, the Qualified Opinion will be removed for the financial year ending 30 June 2025.

#### 對保留意見之移除

關於第1至4項保留意見,核數師表示,於二零二五年三月五日出售於目標集團之全部股本權益後,眾樂集團(包括珠海華豐集團)之財務業績將不再綜合入賬。因此,其對本集團截至二零二五年六月三十日之財務狀況並無影響。因此,該等保留意見將於截至二零二五年六月三十日止財政年度移除。

就第1及3項保留意見而言,核數師將就截至出售目標集團全部股本權益日期止期間之應佔業績,以及截至二零二五年六月三十日止財政年度之聯營公司權益減值、預付款項、貿易應收賬款及相關比較數字發出保留意見。預期此保留意見將不遲於截至二零二七年六月三十日止財政年度移除。

就第2項保留意見而言,於二零二五年三月出售目標集團全部股本權益後,相關之認沽期權已失效, 且將不再對本集團之財務狀況構成任何影響。因 此,保留意見將於截至二零二五年六月三十日止財 政年度獲移除。

### 對保留意見之回應/移除

As set out in the announcement of the Company dated 18 March 2025, based on the audited consolidated financial statements of the Target Company, the Target Company has recorded an accumulated net profit of approximately HK\$14.4 million for the three financial years ended 31 December 2021, which is below the Target Profit Level. The Company is of the view that the payment liability under the Promissory Note have ceased pursuant to the Sales and Purchase Agreement and the Consideration Shares will be released to the Company in accordance with the Escrow Agreement, and the Company, the Purchaser or their respective nominees may sell or dispose of the Consideration Shares (in a way which is unilaterally considered appropriate) without notifying the Vendor or obtaining authorization from the Vendor and are entitled to receive the relevant proceeds. The Group has notified the Vendor and the Guarantor in writing regarding the failure to achieve the Target Profit Level, as well as the cessation of obligations under the Promissory Note. Currently, the Company is pursuing appropriate legal actions to recover all 410,000,000 Consideration Shares held in escrow and to claim damages against the Vendor and Guarantor for breaches of the Sale and Purchase Agreement and/or guarantee obligations.

誠如本公司日期為二零二五年三月十八日之公告 所載,根據目標公司之經審核綜合財務報表,目標 公司截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止三個財政年 度錄得累計溢利淨額約14,400,000港元,低於目標 溢利水平。本公司認為,根據買賣協議,承兌票據 項下之付款責任已終止,而代價股份將根據託管協 議歸還本公司,而本公司,買方或被等各自之下出 或處置代價股份(以其單方面認為合適之方式), 或處置代價股份(以其單方面認為合適之方式), 並有權收取相關所得款項。本集團已就未能,自 標溢利水平以及承兌票據項下之責任終止,向百 短擔保人發出書面通知。目前,本公司正採取合適 的法律行動,以收回受託管之全部410,000,000股 代價股份,並就違反買賣協議及/或擔保責任向賣 方及擔保人索償。

During the audit for the financial year ending 30 June 2025, the Auditor will engage with management and legal counsel to provide updates on the progress of the ongoing legal proceedings. On the assumption there is no legal action taken by the Vendor and the Guarantee to dispute (i) the cessation of obligations under the Promissory Note on the part of the Group; and/or (ii) the return of the Consideration Shares, the Qualified Opinion will be removed for the year ending 30 June 2025. However, the Auditor will qualify the gain on compensation recognized in the profit or loss, as well as the relevant comparative figures of financial assets, the changes in fair value of financial assets, and the consideration receivable for the year ending 30 June 2025. This Qualified Opinion is expected to be removed no later than the financial year ending 30 June 2027.

In respect of item 4 of the Qualified Opinion, the Auditor will qualify the financial performance of Zhuhai Huafeng Group up to the date of disposal, along with the comparative figures for the financial year ending 30 June 2025. This qualified opinion is expected to be removed no later than the financial year ending 30 June 2027.

於截至二零二五年六月三十日止財政年度之審核期間,核數師將聯絡管理層及法律顧問以提供有關正進行中的法律訴訟之最新進展。假設賣方及擔保人並無採取法律行動,以就(i)終止本集團於承兌票據項下之責任;及/或(ii)代價股份之歸還提出異議,保留意見將於截至二零二五年六月三十日止年度獲移除。然而,核數師將對截至二零二五年六月三十日止年度於損益確認之賠償收益、以及金融資產之公允價值變動及應收代價之相關比較數字發出保留意見。預期此保留意見將不遲於截至二零二七年六月三十日止財政年度移除。

就第4項保留意見而言,核數師將對珠海華豐集團 截至出售日期之財務表現連同截至二零二五年六 月三十日止財政年度之比較數字發出保留意見。此 保留意見預期將不遲於截至二零二七年六月三十 日止財政年度移除。

對保留意見之回應/移除

In respect of item 5 of the Qualified Opinion, the Guangdong Shenzhen Intermediate People's Court has recently issued a judgment dismissing the Group's claim to rescind the agreement and regain control over Hei Jing. The Group remains committed to pursuing legal action against relevant former directors of Guangzhou Mayer for breaches of their director's duties, specifically for unauthorized execution of the agreement and disposal of the ownership of its 51% equity interest in Hei Jing. The Group is currently evaluating whether any further action can be pursued. Should it be determined that no additional action is feasible, Hei Jing will be deconsolidated, which will have no impact on the Group's financial position as of 30 June 2025. Consequently, the Qualified Opinion will be removed for the financial year ending 30 June 2025. However, the Auditor will qualify the loss on deconsolidation of Hei Jing and the relevant comparative figures in the year ending 30 June 2025. Such qualified opinion is expected to be removed no later than the year ending 30 June 2027.

In light of the above, the Board and the Audit Committee are of the view that the abovementioned plans are feasible and sufficient to address the Qualified Opinion.

就第5項保留意見而言,廣東省深圳市中級人民法院已於最近作出判決,駁回本集團要求撤銷協議及重奪對黑晶之控制權之請求。本集團仍致力就廣州美亞相關前董事違反彼等之董事職責(即未經授權、致法律行動。本集團現正評估是否可採取任何進一步行動。倘若確定無法採取進一步行動,黑晶将一一年時十日之財務狀況構成影響。因此,保留意見將,此將不會對本集團於二零二五年六月三十日止財政年度獲移除。然至二零二五年六月三十日止財政年度獲移除。然等發出保留意見。有關保留意見預期將不遲於截至二零二七年六月三十日止年度移除。

鑒於以上所述,董事會及審核委員會認為,上述計 劃可行且足以解決保留意見。

### 企業管治報告

The Board and the management are committed to maintaining and ensuring high standards of corporate governance as good corporate governance can safeguard the interests of all Shareholders and enhance corporate value. The Board continuously reviews and further improves the corporate governance practices and standards of the Group from time to time to ensure that business activities and decision making processes are regulated in a proper manner.

The Company has applied the principles, and complied with all the code provisions, in Part 2 of the CG Code throughout the Year.

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

The Board is responsible for overseeing the Group's strategic planning and development, as well as determining the objectives, strategies and policies of the Group while delegating day-to-day operations of the Group to management. Besides, each member of the Board is expected to make a full and active contribution to the Board's affairs and ensure that the Board acts in the best interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

#### Composition

The Board currently comprises nine Directors, including Mr. Lee Kwok Leung (Chairman), Mr. Zhou Shi Hao, Mr. Chen Zhirui, Mr. Xiao Libo (CEO) and Dr. Cheung Ka Yue as Executive Directors, Mr. Lam Chung Chak as a NED and Mr. Lau Kwok Hung, Mr. Chan Chun Kit and Mr. Lu Jianping as INEDs. At least one of the three INEDs possesses appropriate professional accounting qualifications and financial management expertise, which complies with the requirement under Rule 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules. Details of their respective experiences, background and qualifications are included in the "Biographical Information of Directors and Senior Management" section on pages 62 to 65 of this Annual Report.

鑑於良好企業管治能同時維護全體股東之利益及 提升企業價值,董事會及管理層矢志維持並確保高 水平之企業管治。董事會一直不時檢討並進一步完 善本集團之企業管治常規及標準,確保業務運作及 決策過程得到妥善規管。

於該年度,本公司已應用及遵守所有企管守則的第 2部份的原則及守則條文。

#### 董事會

董事會負責監督本集團之策略規劃及發展,以及制定本集團之目標、策略及政策,同時委派管理層負責本集團之日常營運。此外,預期各董事會成員將全力積極投入董事會事務,並確保董事會行事符合本公司及股東整體之最佳利益。

#### 組成

董事會目前由九名董事組成,包括執行董事李國樑先生(主席)、周世豪先生、陳志睿先生、肖立波先生(首席執行官)及張嘉裕博士,非執行董事林宗澤先生,以及獨立非執行董事劉國雄先生、陳振傑先生及陸建平先生。三名獨立非執行董事之中至少一名具備符合上市規則第3.10(2)條規定之合適專業會計資格及財務管理專長。有關彼等各自的經驗、背景及資格之詳情,載於本年報第62至65頁「董事及高級管理人員履歷」一節。

### 企業管治報告

#### **Board Diversity Policy**

The Board has adopted a board diversity policy (the "Board Diversity Policy") on 28 March 2019, which sets out the approach to achieve diversity of the Board. The Company recognizes that increasing diversity at the Board level will support the attainment of the Company's strategic objectives and sustainable development. The Company seeks to achieve Board diversity through the consideration of a number of factors, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. The Company will also take into consideration its own business model and specific needs from time to time in determining the optimum composition of the Board.

The Board has delegated certain duties under the Board Diversity Policy to the Nomination Committee. The Nomination Committee will discuss and adopt the above measurements when it reviews the composition of the Board. After assessing the suitability of the Directors' skills and experience to the Company's business, the Nomination Committee considered that the existing Board is suitably qualified with professional backgrounds and/or equipped with extensive expertise for the purposes of providing direction to and oversight of the strategy and business of the Group in achieving its objectives.

The Nomination Committee reviews the Board Diversity Policy at least annually or in necessary condition, as appropriate, to ensure its continued effectiveness from time to time.

The proportion of female Board representation is a measurable objective of the Company in assessing the implementation of the Board Diversity Policy.

The Board currently comprises nine Directors and all are male. The Company values gender diversity, and the Board targets to appoint at least one female Director no later than 31 December 2024. The Company aims to maintain an appropriate balance of diversity of the Board in supporting the attainment of its strategic objectives and sustainable development.

In addition, as at 30 June 2023, the percentage of female members in all employees (including senior management) of the Group, being a measurable objective for gender diversity, was approximately 34%\*. The Group will continue to take gender diversity into consideration during recruitment, as well as identify and select potential female talents with different skills, experience and knowledge to join the Group.

\* excluding Happy (Hong Kong) New City Group Limited and its subsidiaries.

#### **Independence and Relationship**

The INEDs ensure that the Board accounts for the interests of all Shareholders and all issues are considered in an objective manner. The Company has received an annual written confirmation from each of the INEDs as regards their independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. Based on these confirmations, the Board considers that all of them to be independent.

Except that Mr. Lam Chung Chak, the NED, is a son of Ms. Wong Shek Kwan, a substantial shareholder of the Company, to the best knowledge of the Company, there is no financial, business, family or other material/ relevant relationship among the members of the Board. All of them are free to exercise their individual judgment.

#### 董事會多元化政策

董事會已於二零一九年三月二十八日採納董事會成員多元化政策(「董事會多元化政策」),其載列達致董事會成員多元化之方法。本公司明白董事會層面越多元化,越有利於達成本公司之策略目標及可持續發展。本公司藉考慮多項因素,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、種族、專業經驗、技能、知識及服務年期,務求達致董事會成員多元化。本公司亦將於釐定董事會之最佳成員組合時,不時考慮其本身業務模式及具體需要。

董事會已向提名委員會委派董事會多元化政策下之若干職責。提名委員會將於檢討董事會之組成時討論及採納上述計量。經評估董事技能及經驗對本公司業務之適用程度後,提名委員會認為現時董事會已具備適當之專業資格背景及/或擁有豐富專業知識,足以為本集團達致目標提供策略及業務方針和監督。

提名委員會至少每年一次或在適當而必要之情況下檢討董事會多元化政策,不時確保其持續有效。

女性於董事會代表比例是本公司評估董事會多元 化政策實施情況的一個可衡量目標。

董事會目前由九名均為男性的董事組成。公司重視性別多元化,董事會的目標是不遲於二零二四年十二月三十一日委任一名女性的董事。本公司旨在維持董事會多元化的適當平衡,以支持其達到策略目標及維持可持續發展。

另外,截至二零二三年六月三十日,本集團全體員工(包括高級管理人員)中的女性成員比例(作為性別多元化的一個可衡量的目標)約為34%\*。本集團在未來招聘時,將繼續考慮性別多元化,和物色及甄選擁有不同技能、經驗及知識的潜在女性人才加入本集團。

\* 不包括眾樂(香港)新城市控股集團有限公司及其附屬公司。

#### 獨立性及關係

獨立非執行董事確保董事會為所有股東之利益負責及以客觀態度考慮所有事宜。本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條發出之年度書面獨立性確認書。基於該等確認書,董事會認為彼等全部均屬獨立人士。

除非執行董事林宗澤先生為本公司主要股東王石筠女士之兒子外,據本公司所深知,董事會成員之間概無財務、業務、家族或其他重大/相關關係。彼等全部均可自由運用其個人判斷。

### 企業管治報告

#### **Independent Views**

The Company recognises that Board independence is pivotal to good corporate governance and Board effectiveness. The Board has established mechanisms to ensure that independent views and input from any Director are conveyed to the Board for enhancing an objective and effective decision making. The governance framework and the following mechanisms are reviewed annually by the Board to ensure their effectiveness:

- 1. The Nomination Committee will assess the independence, qualification and time commitment of a candidate who is nominated to be a new INED before appointment and also the continued independence of existing INEDs and their time commitments annually. On an annual basis, all INEDs are required to confirm in writing their compliance of independence requirements pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules, and to disclose the number and nature of offices held by them in public companies or organisations and other significant commitments.
- 2. The Nomination Committee will conduct the performance evaluation of the INEDs annually to assess their contributions.
- 3. External independent professional advice is available as and when required by individual Directors.
- 4. All Directors are given an opportunity to include matters in the agenda for the Board meetings.
- 5. All Directors are encouraged to express freely their independent views and constructive challenges during the Board meetings.
- 6. A Director (including an INED) who has a material interest in a matter shall not vote or be counted in the quorum on any Board resolution approving the same. Further, the matter would be dealt with by a physical Board meeting rather than a written resolution of the Directors. INEDs who, and whose close associates, have no material interest in the matter would be present at that Board meeting to express their views and input on the matter.
- 7. The Chairman (who is presently an Executive Director) meets with INEDs annually without the presence of other Executive Directors.

#### **CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER**

During the Year, Mr. Lee Kwok Leung, an Executive Director, was the Chairman while Mr. Xiao Libo, an Executive Director, was the CEO. The roles and functions of the Chairman and the CEO were performed by two separate individuals. The separation ensures a balance of power and authority so that power is not concentrated in any one individual.

There is no relationship between the Chairman and the CEO.

#### 獨立觀點

本公司深知董事會獨立性對良好企業管治及董事會效能至關重要。董事會已設立機制以確保任何董事的獨立觀點及意見能夠傳達予董事會,藉以增加作出決策的客觀性和成效。董事會每年審查管治框架及以下機制,以確保其成效:

- 提名委員會將在委任前評估被提名為新獨立非執行董事的候選人的獨立性、資歷及可投放時間,以及每年評估現有獨立非執行董事的持續獨立性及彼等所投放時間。每年,所有獨立非執行董事均須根據上市規則第3.13條以書面形式確認彼等已遵守獨立性規定,並披露彼等在上市公司或組織擔任職位的數量及性質以及其他重大承諾。
- 2. 提名委員會將每年對獨立非執行董事進行績效 評估,以評估彼等的貢獻。
- 當個別董事有需要時,可提供外部獨立專業意見。
- 4. 所有董事均有機會將事項納入董事會會議議 程。
- 鼓勵所有董事在董事會會議期間自由表達彼等 的獨立觀點及具建設性質疑。
- 6. 在某一事項中擁有重大利益的董事(包括獨立 非執行董事)不得在批准該事項的任何董事會 決議案中投票或計入法定人數。此外,該事項 會通過實體董事會會議而非董事的書面決議案 處理。在該事項中並無重大利益的獨立非執行 董事及其緊密聯繫人,會出席該董事會會議以 表達彼等對該事項的觀點及意見。
- 7. 主席(現任執行董事)每年在並無其他執行董事出席的情況下與獨立非執行董事會面。

#### 主席及首席執行官

於該年度內,執行董事李國樑先生任主席,而執行董事肖立波先生為首席執行官。主席及首席執行官 之角色及職能分別由兩名人士承擔。有關區分確保權力及授權平衡,使權利不會集中於任何一名人士。

主席與首席執行官之間並無任何關係。

### 企業管治報告

The Chairman is responsible for the leadership and effective running of the Board and ensures that all material issues are decided by the Board in a conductive manner and the strategies of the Group are effectively implemented. The CEO not only shares the responsibility of running the business of the Group and effectively implements the Group's strategies, but also leads and monitors the daily operation of the Group's business with other Executive Directors.

主席負責領導董事會及使其有效運作,並確保所有 重大事宜均由董事會以務實之態度作出決策及有 效推行本集團之策略。首席執行官不單分擔經營本 集團業務及有效推行本集團策略之責任,亦同時與 其他執行董事領導及監察本集團業務之日常運作。

## DIRECTORS' TRAINING AND CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT ("CPD")

All newly appointed Directors will receive an induction training in respect of directors' responsibilities under the Listing Rules and other applicable rules and regulations delivered by the Company's legal advisers of Hong Kong Laws or the Company Secretary (as the case may be).

Pursuant to code provision C.1.4 in Part 2 of the CG Code, the Directors should participate in appropriate CPD to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. All Directors are encouraged to attend relevant training courses to ensure that they are fully aware of the responsibilities and obligations of directors under the Listing Rules and relevant regulatory requirements.

All Directors have been participating in CPD by reading articles, training materials and updates as regards legal and regulatory changes and matters of relevance to the Directors and/or attending relevant courses, etc. in the discharge of their duties. The Company has also continuously updated Directors on the latest developments regarding the Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements, to ensure compliance and enhance their awareness of good corporate governance practices.

The record of individual training received by each of the current Directors for the Year is set out below:

#### 董事之培訓及持續專業發展(「持續專業 發展」)

所有新獲委任的董事將接受本公司香港法律顧問或公司秘書(視情況而定)就上市規則及其他適用規則及規定的董事職責進行的入職培訓。

根據企管守則第2部份之守則條文C.1.4,董事應參與適當之持續專業發展,發展並更新其知識及技能,以確保其一直為董事會作出知情及適切之貢獻。本公司鼓勵所有董事參加相關培訓課程,以確保彼等充分明白上市規則下之董事責任及義務以及相關監管規定。

所有董事一直以來均已參與持續專業發展,閱覽與董事履行職責有關之法律及監管變動及事宜之相關文章、培訓材料及最新資料及/或出席有關培訓課程等。本公司亦不斷向董事提供有關上市規則及其他適用監管規定之最新發展,確保合規及提高董事對良好企業管治常規之認知。

各名董事於該年度內已接受之個人培訓紀錄載列 如下:

Reading materials and/or attending training courses/seminars/webinars/ conferences on topics relating to directors' duties, corporate governance and the Listing Rules, etc 閱讀材料及/或出席主題關於董事職責、企業管治及上市規則等之培訓課程/研討會/網絡研討會/會議

Executive Directors	執行董事	
Mr. Lee Kwok Leung	李國樑先生	✓
Mr. Zhou Shi Hao	周世豪先生	✓
Mr. Chen Zhirui	陳志睿先生	✓
Mr. Xiao Libo	肖立波先生	✓
Dr. Cheung Ka Yue	張嘉裕博士	✓
Non-executive Director	非執行董事	
Mr. Lam Chung Chak	林宗澤先生	✓
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	
Mr. Lau Kwok Hung	劉國雄先生	,
3		V
Mr. Chan Chun Kit	陳振傑先生	<b>√</b>
Mr. Lu Jianping	陸建平先生	✓

### 企業管治報告

#### **BOARD MEETINGS AND ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING**

During the Year, the Directors passed certain resolutions in writing and the Board held six meetings (including four regular meetings) to discuss, among other matters, the Group's affairs, investment projects and the operational and financial performance of the Group. Notice of the Board meetings was given to all the Directors fourteen days before each regular Board meeting. All Directors have an opportunity through an official channel to raise matters for discussion in the agenda. An agenda and accompanying Board papers are sent to all the Directors at least three days before regular Board meetings. The Company held its AGM on 14 December 2022. The attendance record of the Directors to these Board meetings is set out in the below section headed "Attendance Records at Meetings".

During the Year, the Chairman held one meeting with the INEDs without the presence of other Executive Directors.

The Company Secretary assists the Chairman in preparing the agenda for each Board meeting and ensures that all applicable rules and regulations are followed. The Company Secretary also keeps the minutes of each meeting signed by the chairman thereof, which are available to all the Directors for inspection.

All Directors have access to relevant and timely information, and they can ask for further information or retain independent professional advisors if necessary. They also have unrestricted access to seek advice and service of the Company Secretary who is responsible for providing the Directors with Board papers and related materials and ensuring that appropriate and applicable procedures are followed.

Should a potential conflict of interest involving a substantial Shareholder or Director arise, the matter will be discussed in a physical meeting, as opposed to being dealt with by written resolutions. INEDs with no conflict of interest would be present at a meeting to deal with conflict issues. Board committees of the Company, including the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee, all follow the applicable practices and procedures used in Board meetings for committee meetings.

## DIRECTORS' TERM OF APPOINTMENTS AND RE-ELECTION

In accordance with article 112 of the Articles of Association, at each AGM one-third of the Director for the time being shall retire from office by rotation and shall be eligible for re-election provided that every Director shall retire from office by rotation at least once every three years. Accordingly, Mr. Lee Kwok Leung, Mr. Lam Chung Chak and Mr. Chan Chun Kit will retire by rotation at the forthcoming 2023 AGM and are eligible for re-election. However, only Mr. Lee Kwok Leung and Mr. Chan Chun Kit will offer themselves for re-election thereat.

#### 董事會會議及股東週年大會

於該年度內,董事曾通過若干書面決議及董事會共舉行六次會議(包括四次定期會議)以討論(其中包括)本集團之事務、投資項目及營運及財務表現。全體董事均於各定期董事會會議舉行前十四天獲得董事會會議通告。所有董事均有機會透過正式渠道在議程中提出討論事項。全體董事會於定期董事會會議舉行至少三天前獲得議程及相關董事會文件。本公司已於二零二二年十二月十四日舉行股東週年大會。董事出席董事會會議之記錄載於下文「會議出席紀錄」一節。

於該年度內,主席曾與獨立非執行董事舉行一次並 無其他執行董事與會之會議。

公司秘書協助主席準備每次董事會會議議程,並確 保遵守一切適用規則及規例。公司秘書亦負責保存 每次經會議主席簽署之會議記錄,可供全體董事查 閱。

全體董事均可查閱相關及最新資料,如有需要亦可要求查閱更多資料或聘請獨立專業顧問,亦可不受限制地尋求公司秘書提供意見及服務。公司秘書負責為董事提供董事會文件及相關材料,確保符合適當及適用程序。

倘有涉及主要股東或董事之潛在利益衝突,有關事宜將於實際會議上討論,而非通過書面決議案處理。無利益衝突之獨立非執行董事應出席會議處理利益衝突事宜。本公司之董事委員會包括審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會,全部委員會會議均依循董事會會議所採用之適用常規及程序。

#### 董事任期及重選

按照組織章程細則第112條,於每屆股東週年大會上,當時三分之一的董事應輪席退任,並有資格接受重選,惟每名董事均須至少每三年輪席退任一次。因此,李國樑先生、林宗澤先生及陳振傑先生將於即將舉行的二零二三年股東週年大會上輪席退任及均符合資格重選連任。然而,只有李國樑先生及陳振傑先生願意重選。

### 企業管治報告

Each of the NED and the INEDs has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for a initial term of one year commencing on the respective dates of their appointment and shall continue thereafter from year to year until and unless terminated by either party by giving the other party one month's prior written notice according to the terms of the corresponding appointment letter.

各非執行董事及獨立非執行董事已與本公司訂立 初步由彼等各自之委任日期起計為期一年之委任 書,其後將每年重續,直至及除非按照相關委任書 條款任何一方向另一方發出一個月之事先書面通 知予以終止為止。

#### **DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS**

The Company has adopted the Model Code as the code of conduct for securities transactions by Directors. Having been made specific enquiries by the Company, all the existing Directors confirmed that they had complied with the required standard as set out in the Model Code throughout the Year.

## DIRECTORS' AND AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Board is responsible for presenting a clear, balanced assessment of the Group's performance and prospects. It is also responsible for preparing financial statements that give a true and fair view of the Group's financial position on a going concern basis with supporting assumptions or qualifications as necessary and other inside information announcements and financial disclosures. Management provides the Board with the relevant information it needs to discharge these responsibilities.

The responsibilities of the Auditor to the Shareholders are set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 80 to 88 of this Annual Report.

#### **NOMINATION COMMITTEE**

The Nomination Committee was established on 22 August 2005 with written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code, which are available for perusal on the respective websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

#### Responsibilities

The principal responsibilities of the Nomination Committee include:

- reviewing the structure, size, composition and diversity (including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service) of the Board;
- (ii) identifying individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and making recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorship;
- (iii) making recommendations to the Board on relevant matters relating to the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors; and
- (iv) reviewing the Board Diversity Policy and the measurable objectives that the Board has set for implementing such policy.

#### 董事進行之證券交易

本公司已採納標準守則作為董事進行證券交易之 行為守則。經本公司作出特定查詢後,全體在任董 事已確認,彼等於該年度內一直遵守標準守則所載 之規定準則。

#### 董事及核數師就財務報表承擔之責任

董事會負責就本集團之表現及前景發表清晰、中肯之評估,亦負責編製財務報表,於必要時具支持假設或限制按持續經營基準真確及中肯地反映本集團之財務狀況,以及編製其他內幕消息公告及財務披露資料。管理層會向董事會提供後者履行責任所需之相關資料。

核數師對股東承擔之責任載於本年報第80至88頁 之獨立核數師報告內。

#### 提名委員會

提名委員會乃於二零零五年八月二十二日成立,並 遵照企管守則以書面訂定職權範圍,內容於本公司 及聯交所網站可供閱覽。

#### 職責

提名委員會之主要職責包括:

- (i) 檢討董事會之架構、人數、組成及多元性(包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、種族、專業經驗、技能、知識及服務年期);
- (ii) 物色具備合適資格可擔任董事會成員之人 士,並就獲提名出任董事之人選向董事會提 供推薦意見;
- (iii) 就董事委任或重新委任以及董事繼任計劃之 相關事宜向董事會提供推薦意見;及
- (iv) 檢討董事會多元化政策及董事會就實施該政 策訂定之可計量目標。

### 企業管治報告

#### **Nomination Policy and Procedures**

The Board has delegated its responsibilities and authority for selection and appointment of the Directors to the Nomination Committee. Without prejudice to the authority and duties of the Nomination Committee as set out in its terms of reference, the ultimate responsibility for selection and appointment of the Directors rests with the entire Board.

The Nomination Committee will recommend to the Board for the selection, appointment and re-appointment of a Director, including an INED in accordance with the following procedures and process:

#### A. The Nomination Committee:

- will, giving due consideration to the current composition and size
  of the Board, develop a list of desirable skills, perspectives and
  experience at the outset to focus the search effort;
- ii. may consult any source it considers appropriate in identifying or selecting suitable candidates such as referrals from existing Directors, advertisement, recommendations from third party agency firms and proposals from the Shareholders with due consideration given to the criteria (the "Criteria") which include but are not limited to:
  - (a) Diversity in the aspects of, amongst others, gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service;
  - (b) Commitment for responsibilities of the Board in respect of available time and relevant interest (details of the Board Diversity Policy is set out on page 45 of this Annual Report);
  - (c) Qualifications, both academic and professional, including accomplishment and experience in the relevant industries in which the Group's business is involved;
  - (d) Independence (for the INEDs);
  - (e) Reputation for integrity;
  - (f) Potential contributions that the individual can bring to the Board;
  - (g) Plan(s) in place for the orderly succession of the Board; and
  - (h) Provisions of the Listing Rules.

#### 提名政策及流程

董事會已將其甄選及委任董事的責任及權力授予 提名委員會。在不影響提名委員會的職權範圍所載 列其權力及職責的情況下,甄選及委任董事的最終 責任由全體董事會成員承擔。

提名委員會將根據以下程序及流程就甄選、委任及 重新委任董事(包括獨立非執行董事)向董事會提 出建議:

#### A. 提名委員會:

- i. 將適當考慮董事會目前的組成及規模,一 開始就列出需具備的技巧、觀點角度和經 驗,能有效校準物色的方向;
- ii. 於物色或甄選合適候選人時可參考其認為 適當的任何來源,例如現有董事的推薦、 廣告、第三方代理公司的推薦及股東的建 議,並適當考慮(包括但不限於)下列標準 (「該等標準」):
  - (a) 各方面的多樣性,其中包括性別、年 齡、文化和教育背景、專業經驗、技 能、知識和服務年限;
  - (b) 其能投放於董事會職責的可投入時間 及相關利益(董事會多元化政策的詳 情載於本年報第45頁);
  - (c) 學術及專業資格,包括涉及本集團業 務的相關行業的成就和經驗;
  - (d) (獨立非執行董事的)獨立性;
  - (e) 誠信聲譽;
  - (f) 個人可以為董事會帶來的潛在貢獻;
  - (g) 為董事會有序繼任而制訂的計劃;及
  - (h) 上市規則的條文。

### 企業管治報告

- iii. may adopt any process it considers appropriate in evaluating the suitability of the candidates such as interviews, background checks, presentations and third party reference checks;
- iv. will consider a broad range of candidates who are in and outside of the Board's circle of contacts;
- v. upon considering a candidate's suitability for the directorship, will hold a meeting and/or by way of written resolutions to, if thought fit, approve the recommendation to the Board for appointment;
- vi. will provide the relevant information of the selected candidate for Executive Director to the Remuneration Committee for consideration of the remuneration package of such selected candidate; and
- vii. will thereafter make the recommendation to the Board in relation to the proposed appointment.
- B. Where a NED (including an INED) is considered, the Remuneration Committee will make the recommendation to the Board on the policy and structure for the remuneration;
- C. The Board may arrange for the selected candidate to be interviewed by the members of the Board, who are not members of the Nomination Committee and the Board will thereafter deliberate and decide the appointment (as the case may be);
- D. All appointment of Directors will be confirmed by the filing of the consent to act as Director of the relevant Director (or any other similar filings requiring the relevant Director to acknowledge or accept the appointment as Director (as the case may be) to be filed) with the relevant regulatory authorities, if required;
- E. The Nomination Committee will evaluate and recommend the retiring Director(s) to the Board for re-appointment by giving due consideration to the Criteria, including but not limited to:
  - i. the overall contribution and service of the retiring Director(s) to the Company, including but not limited to the attendance of the meetings of the Board and/or its committees and the general meetings of the Company where applicable, in addition to the level of participation and performance on the Board and/or its committees; and
  - ii. the continuity of the retiring Director(s) to satisfy the Criteria; and
- F. Where the Board proposes a resolution to elect or re-elect a candidate as Director at the following general meeting, the relevant information of the candidate will be disclosed in the circular to Shareholders and/or explanatory statement accompanying the notice of the relevant general meeting in accordance with the Listing Rules and/or applicable laws and regulations.

- iii. 可採用其認為適當的任何程序評估候選人 的合適性,例如面試、背景調查、演示及 第三方背景調查;
- iv. 將考慮在董事會聯絡圈內外的各類候選 人;
- v. 在考慮適合擔任董事職位的候選人後,提 名委員會將舉行會議及/或以書面決議案 方式以酌情批准向董事會提交委任建議;
- vi. 將向薪酬委員會提供所選執行董事候選人 的相關資料,以供考慮該候選人的薪酬待 遇;及
- vii. 其後將就建議委任向董事會提出建議。
- B. 就考慮非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)而言,薪酬委員會將就薪酬政策及架構向董事會提出建議;
- C. 董事會可安排選定的候選人由不屬提名委員會 成員的董事會成員進行面試,此後,董事會將 (視平情況而定)審議並決定任命;
- D. 所有董事的委任將通過向相關監管機構(如有需要)提交相關董事的出任董事同意書(或要求相關董事確認或接納獲委任為董事的任何其他類似文件,視乎情況而定)作存檔而予以確認;
- E. 提名委員會將透過適當考慮該等標準,評估和 向董事會建議重新委任退任董事,而該等標準 包括但不限於:
  - i. 退任董事對本公司所作的整體貢獻及服務,包括但不限於除在董事會及/或其委員會的參與程度及表現水平外,於董事會會議及/或其委員會會議以及本公司股東大會(如適用)的出席率;及
  - ii. 退任董事是否繼續符合該等標準;及
- F. 倘董事會擬於下屆股東大會上提呈決議案以選 任或重選候選人出任董事,該候選人的相關資 料將於根據上市規則及/或適用法律及法規向 股東發出的通函及/或說明函件(隨附有關股 東大會的通告)內披露。

### 企業管治報告

By incorporating diversity in the Criteria as abovementioned, it facilitates the Company to develop a pipeline of candidates to the Board to achieve gender diversity.

### 組成

於二零二三年九月二十七日,提名委員會由三名獨立非執行董事,即陳振傑先生(為委員會主席)、 劉國雄先生及陸建平先生組成。

透過將多元化納入上述該等標準,有利於本公司開

發董事會候選人管道,以實現性別多元化。

#### Composition

As at 27 September 2023, the Nomination Committee comprises three INEDs, namely Mr. Chan Chun Kit (as the chairman of the committee), Mr. Lau Kwok Hung and Mr. Lu Jianping.

#### 工作概要

提名委員會應每年舉行至少一次會議,並於有需要 時舉行會議。於該年度內,提名委員會曾舉行了一 次會議,主要就該年度內檢視董事會之組成、董事 之退任及重選、評估獨立非執行董事之獨立性及向 董事會提供有關推薦意見。

#### **Summary of Work Done**

Meetings of the Nomination Committee shall be held at least once a year and when required. During the Year, the Nomination Committee held one meeting, mainly to review the composition of the Board and the retirement and re-election of Directors, to assess the independence of INEDs and to make relevant recommendations to the Board during the Year.

於二零二三年九月二十八日,提名委員會舉行會議 以履行若干職能。

On 28 September 2023, the Nomination Committee met to perform certain of its functions.

#### 薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會乃於二零零五年八月二十二日成立,並 遵照企管守則以書面訂定職權範圍,內容於本公司 及聯交所網站可供閱覽。

#### REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Remuneration Committee was established on 22 August 2005 with written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code, which are available for perusal on the respective websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

#### 職責

薪酬委員會之主要職責包括制訂薪酬政策、檢討及就董事及高級管理層成員之年度薪酬政策向董事會提供推薦意見。薪酬委員會已採納企管守則守則條文E.1.2(c)(i)之方法,在獲指派之責任內釐定個別執行董事和高級管理層之薪酬組合。

#### Responsibilities

The principal responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee include formulation of the remuneration policy, reviewing and recommending to the Board the annual remuneration policy of the Directors and members of senior management. The Remuneration Committee has adopted the approach made under code provision E.1.2(c)(i) of the CG code to determine, with delegated responsibility the remuneration packages of individual Executive Directors and senior management.

#### Composition

As at 27 September 2023, the Remuneration Committee comprises three INEDs, namely Mr. Chan Chun Kit (as the chairman of the committee), Mr. Lau Kwok Hung and Mr. Lu Jianping.

#### 組成

於二零二三年九月二十七日,薪酬委員會由三名獨立非執行董事,即陳振傑先生(為委員會主席)、 劉國雄先生及陸建平先生組成。

#### **Summary of Work Done**

Meetings of the Remuneration Committee shall be held at least once a year. During the Year, the Remuneration Committee held one meeting, mainly to assess the performance of the Executive Directors, approve the service contracts of the Executive Directors, review the existing policy and structure of the remuneration of the Directors and senior management, and make recommendation to the Board on the remuneration of the NED and the INEDs for the Year. During the Year, since there were no Shares granted under the Share Option Scheme, no material matters relating to the Share Option Scheme under Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules were required to be reviewed or approved by the Remuneration Committee.

#### 工作概要

薪酬委員會應每年舉行至少一次會議。於該年度內,薪酬委員會舉行了一次會議,主要評估執行董事的表現、批准執行董事的服務合約、檢討現行董事及高級管理層薪酬政策和架構,並就該年度非執行董事及獨立非執行董事之薪酬向董事會提供推薦意見。於該年度內,由於並無按購股權計劃授出股份,故並無按上市規則第十七章與購股權計劃有關的重大事項須經薪酬委員會審議或批准。

企業管治報告

On 28 September 2023, the Remuneration Committee met to perform certain of its functions.

於二零二三年九月二十八日,薪酬委員會舉行會議 以履行若干職能。

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Company has established the Audit Committee with written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code, which are available for perusal on the respective websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

#### Responsibilities

The Audit Committee is primarily responsible for monitoring the Group's relationship with external auditors, reviewing the Group's financial information, overseeing the Group's financial reporting system, risk management and internal control procedures, performing corporate governance functions as well as making relevant recommendations to the Board.

#### Composition

The Audit Committee currently comprises three INEDs, namely Mr. Lau Kwok Hung (as the chairman of the committee), Mr. Chan Chun Kit and Mr. Lu Jianping.

#### **Summary of Work Done**

Meetings of the Audit Committee shall be held at least twice a year and as and when required. During the Year, the Audit Committee held three meetings, mainly to discuss audit planning in respect of the audit of the financial statements, to review the results for the Last Reporting Period and the interim results for the six months ended 31 December 2022 of the Group, to review the risk management and internal control systems and to make recommendation to the Board of the appointment of independent auditor.

On 28 September 2023, the Audit Committee met to perform certain of its functions.

#### 審核委員會

#### 職責

審核委員會主要負責監察本集團與外聘核數師之關係、審閱本集團之財務資料、監管本集團之財務 申報制度、風險管理及內部監控程序、執行企業管治職能,以及向董事會提供相關推薦意見。

#### 組成

審核委員會目前由三名獨立非執行董事,即劉國雄 先生(為委員會主席)、陳振傑先生及陸建平先生 組成。

#### 工作概要

審核委員會應每年舉行至少兩次會議,並於有需要時舉行會議。於該年度內,審核委員會共舉行了三次會議,主要就財務報表之審核討論審核規劃、審閱本集團之上一個報告期之業績及截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止六個月之中期業績、檢視風險管理及內部監控系統及向董事會推薦委任獨立核數師。

於二零二三年九月二十八日,審核委員會舉行會議 以履行若干職能。

### 企業管治報告

#### **ATTENDANCE RECORDS AT MEETINGS**

The attendance of individual Directors at general meeting(s), Board meetings and meetings of the Nomination Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Audit Committee held during the Year is set out below:

#### 會議出席紀錄

個別董事出席於該年度舉行之股東大會、董事會會 議以及提名委員會、薪酬委員會及審核委員會之會 議之情況載列如下:

		Board Meetings 董事會會議	2022 AGM 二零二二年 股東週年大會	Nomination Committee meetings 提名委員會 會議	Remuneration Committee meetings 薪酬委員會 會議	Audit Committee meetings 審核委員會 會議
Executive Directors	執行董事					
Mr. Lee Kwok Leung (Chairman)	李國樑先生(主席)	6/6	1/1	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
Mr. Zhou Shi Hao	周世豪先生	6/6	1/1	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
Mr. Chen Zhirui	陳志睿先生	6/6	1/1	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
Mr. Xiao Libo <i>(CEO)</i>	肖立波先生 <i>(首席</i> <i>執行官)</i>	5/6	1/1	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
Dr. Cheung Ka Yue	張嘉裕博士	6/6	1/1	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
Non-executive Director	非執行董事					
Mr. Lam Chung Chak	林宗澤先生	6/6	1/1	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事					
Mr. Lau Kwok Hung	劉國雄先生	6/6	1/1	1/1	1/1	3/3
Mr. Chan Chun Kit	陳振傑先生	6/6	1/1	1/1	1/1	3/3
Mr. Lu Jianping	陸建平先生	6/6	1/1	1/1	1/1	3/3

### 企業管治報告

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The Company's independent external auditor is ZHONGHUI ANDA CPA Limited ("Zhonghui"). The Audit Committee is responsible for considering the appointment of the external auditor and also reviews any non-audit functions performed by the external auditor for the Group. In particular, the Audit Committee will consider, in advance of them being contracted for and performed, whether such non-audit functions could lead to any potential material conflict of interest. The remuneration for the services in respect of the Year provided by Zhonghui amounted to as follows:

#### 獨立核數師酬金

本公司之獨立外聘核數師為中匯安達會計師事務所有限公司(「中匯」)。審核委員會負責考慮委任外聘核數師,並檢討任何由外聘核數師為本集團進行之非核數職能。具體而言,審核委員會於與外聘核數師訂約及彼等履行工作前,將考慮該等非核數職能會否引致任何潛在重大利益衝突。於該年度,就中匯所提供服務之酬金金額如下:

RMB 人民幣

Statutory audit services

Non-audit services (including review of interim financial information, risk management, internal control and ESG consultancy services)

法定核數服務 非核數服務(包括審閱中期財務資料、 風險管理、內部監控以及 ESG諮詢服務)

總計

1,066,000 402,000

1,468,000

#### **DIRECTOR'S REMUNERATION**

Total

The emoluments payable to the Directors and senior management will depend on the contractual terms under the respective letters of appointment or service contracts and are fixed by (a) the Board by reference to the recommendation of the Remuneration Committee (in case of NEDs and INEDs) or (b) the Remuneration Committee (in case of Executive Directors), both by reference to, amongst others, their duties and responsibilities within the Company as well as their qualifications and experience. No Director can be involved in deciding his/her own remuneration. Details of the remuneration of the Directors for the Year are set out in note 14 to the consolidated financial statements contained in this Annual Report.

#### **DIVIDEND POLICY**

The Company has adopted a dividend policy on 28 March 2019. Pursuant to the policy, the Company should maintain adequate cash reserves to satisfy its working capital requirements and future growth as well as the Share value in recommending or declaring dividends. The Company does not have any pre-determined dividend distribution ratio. The proposal of payment and the amount of dividends will be made at the reasonable discretion of the Board and will depend on the Group's results of operations, earnings, financial condition, cash requirements and availability, future capital expenditure and development requirements, business conditions and strategies, interests of the Shareholders, any restrictions on payment of dividends and any other factors that the Board may consider relevant. The Board will review the dividend policy as appropriate from time to time.

#### 幡猿霍董

應付董事及高級管理層之酬金視乎各自委任書或服務合約之合約條款而定,並(a)由董事會參照薪酬委員會之推薦意見(就非執行董事及獨立非執行董事而言),或(b)由薪酬委員會(就執行董事而言),均參考(其中包括)彼等於本公司之職責及責任以及彼等的資格及經驗釐定。董事不得參與其本身的薪酬釐定。於該年度,董事薪酬之詳情載於本年報綜合財務報表附註14。

#### 股息政策

本公司已於二零一九年三月二十八日採納一項股息 政策。根據此政策,本公司應維持足夠現金儲備, 以滿足其營運資金需要及未來增長,以及其建議或 宣派股息時的股票價值。本公司並無任何預定之派 息比率。股息派付及金額之建議將由董事會合理地 酌情提出,並將視乎本集團之經營業績、盈利、財 務狀況、現金需要及可供動用情況、未來資本開支 及發展需要、業務狀況及策略、股東利益、任何派 付股息之限制,以及董事會可能認為相關之任何其 他因素。董事會將按適用情況不時審閱股息政策。

### 企業管治報告

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS

The Board has delegated the corporate governance duties as set out below to the Audit Committee:

- (a) to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board;
- (b) to review and monitor the training and the CPD of the Directors and senior management of the Company;
- (c) to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (d) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees of the Company and the Directors; and
- (e) to review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report of the annual report.

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL**

The Board is responsible for the risk management and internal control systems of the Group and reviewing their effectiveness. The Board requires management to establish and maintain sound and effective system of internal controls to safeguard the Shareholders' investment and the Group's assets. A review of risk management and internal control system of the Group is made at least annually, covering the material financial, operational and compliance controls.

#### **Risk Management**

A risk register with risk rating and risk owners have been compiled for continuous risk assessment purpose. Risk owners are required to take mitigating actions to address the identified risks and such actions are integrated in the day-to-day activities and their effectiveness is closely monitored. During the Year, the risk register had been circulated for discussion and assessment of the ratings by key personnel and management, after the likelihood and impact of each identified risk are considered. A written risks assessment report with the identified key risks, evaluation of related risks and relevant mitigating actions have been reported to the Audit Committee and reviewed by the Board. The written report facilitates the Board in considering the changes in the nature and extent of significant risks, the Group's ability in responding to changes in its business and the external environment, as well as management's ongoing monitoring of risks and of the internal control system.

#### 企業管治職能

董事會已將下列企業管治職責授予審核委員會:

- (a) 制訂及檢討本公司之企業管治政策與常規及向 董事會提出建議;
- (b) 檢討及監察本公司董事及高級管理層之培訓及 持續專業發展;
- (c) 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監管規定方面 之政策及常規;
- (d) 制訂、檢討及監察適用於本公司僱員及董事之 行為守則及合規手冊(如有);及
- (e) 檢討本公司遵守企管守則之情況及於年報中企 業管治報告內披露之資料。

#### 風險管理及內部監控

董事會負責本集團之風險管理及內部監控系統以 及檢討其成效。董事會要求管理層建立及維護健全 有效之內部監控系統,以保障股東投資及本集團資 產。本集團之風險管理及內部監控系統至少每年檢 討一次,範圍涵蓋重大財務、營運及合規監控。

#### 風險管理

本集團一直以來已就持續風險評估目的,編撰附有 風險評級及風險擁有人之風險登記冊。風險擁有人 會被要求採取緩解行動處理已識別風險,而該等行 動融入日常業務活動,成效受到密切監察。於該年 度,風險登記冊已經傳閱,供主要人員及管理層考 慮每項已識別風險之可能性及影響後進行討論及 評級。載有已識別主要風險、相關風險之評估及相 關緩解行動之風險評估報告書已呈報審核委員會, 並供董事會審閱。報告書有助董事會考慮重大風險 性質及程度之變化,本集團應對業務及外部環境變 動之能力,以及管理層持續監察風險及內部監控系 統。

### 企業管治報告

#### **Internal Control**

The Group emphasises the importance of a sound internal control system which is also indispensable for mitigating the Group's key risk exposures. The Group's system of internal control is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. The internal control system is reviewed on an ongoing basis by the Board in order to make it practical and effective in providing reasonable assurance in relation to protection of material assets and Shareholders' interests. For any identified internal control weaknesses or defects, the Group is committed to enhancing control measures to rectify such control weaknesses or defects.

The Group has implemented a control system which includes a defined management structure with limits of authority, a sound management system and periodic review of the Group's performance by the Audit Committee and the Board.

#### Internal Audit Function

The Group does not have a formal internal audit function but retains an independent professional risk management and internal control consultant (the "RM&IC Consultant") to conduct the risk management and internal control review annually. The Board is of the view that in light of the scale and complexity of the business of the Group, it would be more cost effective to appoint an external professional consultant to perform the Group's internal audit function in order to meet its needs. It will continue to review on an annual basis the need for an internal audit function.

## Review of the Effectiveness of the Risk Management and Internal Control System

Through the Audit Committee, the Board has conducted an annual review of the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems (the "System Effectiveness") for the Year by considering written reports prepared by the RM&IC Consultant, covering the material financial, operational and compliance controls. The RM&IC Consultant set out certain deficiencies for rectification and improvement of the System Effectiveness, which were noted and agreed by the Board. The Company will continue to review and adopt necessary policies and procedures in order to improve the System Effectiveness. The Audit Committee has annually reviewed the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience, training and budget of the accounting, internal audit, financial reporting functions, as well as ESG performance and reporting.

#### 內部監控

本集團重視健全內部監控系統之重要性,此亦為緩解本集團主要風險不可或缺之一環。本集團之內部監控系統旨在管理而非消除未能達成業務目標的風險,而且只能就不會有重大的失實陳述或損失作出合理而非絕對的保證。內部監控系統由董事會持續檢討,使之務實有效地提供保障重大資產及股東權益之合理保證。當發現內部監控弱點或缺失時,本集團承諾提升監控措施,以修正該等監控弱點或缺失。

本集團已推行一套監控系統,包括設有權限之界定 管理架構,一套健全之管理系統,以及審核委員會 及董事會定期檢討本集團之績效。

#### 內部審核功能

本集團並不正式具備內部審核職能,但每年委聘獨立專業風險管理及內部監控顧問(「**風管及內監顧問**」)以進行風險管理及內部監控審查。董事會認為,鑑於本集團業務的規模及複雜性,委任外部專業顧問履行本集團的內部審核職能以滿足其需求將更具成本效益。它將繼續每年檢視內部審計職能的必要性。

#### 檢討風險管理及內部監控系統之成效

透過審核委員會,董事會已對本集團該年度之風險管理及內部監控系統之充裕度與成效(「系統成效」)進行年度檢討,省覽風管及內監顧問編製之報告書,內容涵蓋重大財務、營運及合規監控。風險及內監顧問提出若干需要整改之缺陷,以改善系統成效。董事會知悉並同意該些缺陷。本公司將繼續檢視並採取必要的政策及程序,以提高系統成效。審核委員會已對會計、內部審核、財務申報職能與ESG表現和匯報等方面之資源、資格及經驗、培訓及預算之充裕度進行年度檢討。

### 企業管治報告

#### **INSIDE INFORMATION**

The Company assesses the likely impact of any unexpected and significant event that may impact the price of the Shares or their trading volume and decides whether the relevant information is considered inside information and needs to be disclosed as soon as reasonably practicable pursuant to Rules 13.09 and 13.10 of the Listing Rules and the Inside Information Provisions under Part XIVA of the SFO. Executive Directors have the responsibility for approving certain announcements and/or circulars to be issued by the Company under the powers delegated by the Board from time to time.

The Company has put in place a policy on handling and dissemination of inside information in a timely manner in such a way so as not to place any person in a privileged dealing position and to allow time for the market to price the listed securities of the Company with the latest available information. The Company has appropriate internal control and reporting systems to identify and assess potential inside information. Dissemination of inside information of the Company shall be conducted by publishing the relevant information on the respective websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company according to the requirements of the Listing Rules.

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

The Company has been engaging an external professional company secretarial services provider to provide regulatory compliance and a range of company secretarial services to the Group in order to assist the Group to cope with the changing regulatory environment.

Since 7 January 2022, SK2 Corporate Services (HK) Ltd. ("**SK2**")\* has been providing corporate secretarial services to the Company and Sir Kwok Siu Man KR ("**Sir Seaman Kwok**") has been nominated by SK2 to be the Company Secretary with effect from the same date. The primary person at the Company with whom Sir Seaman Kwok contacted in respect of the company secretarial matters since then has been Mr. Lee Kwok Leung, the Chairman and an Executive Director. Sir Seaman Kwok delivered and attended no less than 15 hours of relevant CPD training during the Year pursuant to Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

\* SK2 has been selected as the "Best Corporate Services Provider" in the "Most Valuable Brands Awards 2023" organised by MythFocus.

#### 內幕消息

本公司評估任何可能影響股份價值或成交量之突發及重大事件之可能影響,並根據上市規則第13.09及13.10條以及證券及期貨條例第XIVA部項下之內幕消息條文,決定相關資料是否被視為內幕消息及有否需要在合理可行情況下盡快披露。執行董事負責根據董事會不時下放之權力,審批本公司所發表之公告及/或通函。

本公司訂明適時處理及發佈內幕消息之政策,概無 人士可處於特權交易狀況,並讓市場有時間因應最 新公開消息為本公司之上市證券定價。本公司設有 適當之內部監控及申報系統,以識別及評估潛在內 幕消息。發佈本公司之內幕消息須按照上市規則之 規定,透過聯交所及本公司各自之網站發表。

#### 公司秘書

本公司一直委任外聘專業公司秘書服務提供者,為 本集團提供監管合規及一系列公司秘書服務,協助 本集團應對監管環境之變化。

自二零二二年一月七日,SK2 Corporate Services (HK) Ltd. (「**SK2**」)\*一直為本公司提供企業秘書服務,而郭兆文黎剎騎士勳賢(「**郭勳賢**」)於同日獲 SK2提名為公司秘書。自此,郭勳賢就公司秘書事宜聯絡之本公司主要人員為主席兼執行董事李國樑先生。根據上市規則第3.29條,郭勳賢於該年度內提供及出席不少於15小時相關持續專業發展培訓。

\* SK2已在MythFocus舉辦之「2023亞洲最具價值品牌獎」獲選為「最佳企業服務供應商」。

### 企業管治報告

#### **CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS**

The Articles of Association as adopted by a special resolution passed at a general meeting held on 24 May 2004 has been available for perusal on the respective websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

In order to bring the Memorandum and the Articles of Association in line with the latest legal and regulatory requirements under the applicable laws of the Cayman Islands and the Listing Rules (including the Core Shareholder Protection Standards set out in Appendix 3 to the Listing Rules, which have become effective from 1 January 2022) and make some other housekeeping improvements, the Board, in late September 2022, had proposed making certain amendments to its existing Memorandum and Articles of Association and adopt the new Memorandum and Articles of Association. The above proposals were approved by the Shareholders by way of a special resolution at the 2022 AGM and have taken effect upon the close of the 2022 AGM.

The Memorandum and the Articles of Association (as amended) are available for perusal at the respective websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

#### **SHAREHOLDERS TO CONVENE AN EGM**

Pursuant to article 68 of the Articles of Association, any one or more members of the Company holding alone or together, at the date of deposit of the requisition, not less than one-tenth of the voting rights, on a one vote per share basis, in the share capital of the Company which carry the right of voting at general meetings of the Company, shall have the right, by written requisition (which shall specify the objects of the meeting and the resolution(s) to be added to the meeting agenda, and signed by the requisitionist(s)) and depositing at the head office and principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong, presently located at Room 2001, 20/F, Tung Ning Building, 2 Hillier Street, Hong Kong (or, in the event that the Company ceases to have such a principal office, the registered office), to require EGM(s) to be convened by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and if the Board does not within twenty-one days from the date of deposit of the requisition proceed duly to convene the meeting(s) to be held within a further twenty-one days, the requisitionist(s) themselves or any of them representing more than one-half of the total voting rights of all of them, may convene such meeting(s) in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that those meeting(s) may be convened by the Board provided that any meeting(s) so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the date of deposit of the requisition.

## PROCEDURES FOR PUTTING FORWARD PROPOSALS AT SHAREHOLDER'S MEETING

Shareholders wishing to put forward proposals for discussion at general meeting should follow the procedures set out in the "Shareholders to Convene an EGM" just above.

#### 憲章文件

本公司於二零零四年五月二十四日舉行之股東大會上通過特別決議案所採納之組織章程細則一直 以來可於本公司及聯交所各自之網站查閱。

為使組織章程大綱及細則符合開曼群島適用法律及上市規則的最新法律及監管規定(包括自二零二二年一月一日起生效的上市規則附錄三所載核心股東保障標準),並進行若干其他的內務改進,董事會於二零二二年九月下旬提議對其現有的組織章程大綱及細則進行若干修訂,並採納新組織章程大綱及細則。上述提議已獲股東於二零二二年股東週年大會以特別決議案的方式批准,並於二零二二年股東週年大會以特別決議案的方式批准,並於二零二二年股東週年大會結束後生效。

組織章程大綱及細則(經修改)可於本公司及聯交所各自之網站查閱。

#### 股東召開股東特別大會

按照組織章程細則第68條,任何一名或以上單獨或一起於遞交要求當日須持有本公司股本不少於十分一的投票權(以每股投票數計算)並於本公司股東大會上有表決權的任何一名股東,可向本公司於香港的總辦事處暨主要營業地點(目前位於香港福利街2號東寧大廈20樓2001室)或(倘本公司並無主要辦事處)登記辦事處送達書面要求(其中應註明會議報事處)登記辦事處送達書面要求(其中應註明會議報事處),要求董事會召開股東特別大會,處理書面要求列明之事項。倘董事會未有於接獲要求後二十一日內舉行之大會,是出要求之人士或當中持有彼等總投票權過半之任何人士可自行以與董事會召開大會同樣之方式(盡可能相近)召開該等大會,惟如此召開的大會不可遲於提交要求當日起三個月後召開。

#### 於股東大會上提呈建議之程序

股東希望於股東大會上提呈討論之建議應依循上述「股東召開股東特別大會」所載之程序。

### 企業管治報告

## PROCEDURES FOR NOMINATION OF DIRECTORS FOR ELECTION

The procedures for Shareholders to propose a person for election as a Director are available and accessible on the Company's website.

## PROCEDURES BY WHICH ENQUIRIES MAY BE PUT TO THE BOARD

Shareholders may send their enquiries and concerns to the Board by addressing them to the Company Secretary by mail at the Company's head office and principal place of business in Hong Kong, presently located at Room 2001, 20/F, Tung Ning Building, 2 Hillier Street, Hong Kong. The Company Secretary is responsible for forwarding communications to the Board and/or relevant Board committees of the Company, where appropriate, to answer the Shareholders' questions.

#### **COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS**

The Company has adopted and has been implementing a policy of communication between the Company and the Shareholders (the "Shareholders' Communication Policy").

The Company uses a number of formal communications channels to account to the Shareholders for the performance of the Company. These include the annual reports, interim reports, circulars, financial information and announcements published on the respective websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange (the "Corporate Communications"), as well as through the AGMs and the EGMs with notice of meetings and form of proxy. The Company aims to provide Shareholders and potential investors with high standards of disclosure and financial transparency. In order to provide effective disclosure to the Shareholders and potential investors and ensure that they all receive equal access to the same information at the same time, information considered to be price-sensitive in nature is released by way of formal public announcements as required by the Listing Rules. The Company also welcomes comments and questions from Shareholders at the AGMs and the EGMs.

The Board has reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the Shareholders' Communication Policy, including but not limited to (i) timely disclosures of the Corporate Communications; (ii) the steps taken at the general meetings to ensure the opportunities for the Company to have direct interactions with the Shareholders, the handling of queries received (if any), and the participation of Board members, in particular, the chairmen of the Board committees or their delegates, and the external auditor in the general meetings; and (iii) the multiple channels of communication and engagement in place, as well as the update of information on the Company's website in a timely manner. With the above measures in place, the Board considers that the Shareholders' Communication Policy has been effectively implemented during the Year.

#### 提名候選董事之程序

股東提名董事候選人之程序於本公司網站可供閱 <a href="mailto:bell">
<a href="mailto:b

#### 向董事會提出查詢之程序

股東可向董事會提出查詢及關注議題,方法為郵寄至本公司之香港總辦事處暨主要營業地點(目前地址為香港福利街2號東寧大廈20樓2001室),並註明公司秘書收。公司秘書負責向本公司之董事會及/或相關董事委員會(如適用)轉達訊息,以解答股東問題。

#### 與股東之溝通

本公司已採納及一直執行一項本公司與股東之間 溝通之政策(「**股東通訊政策**」)。

本公司利用多種正式通訊渠道向股東報告本公司之表現,包括於本公司及聯交所各自之網站刊發之年報、中期報告、通函、財務資料及公告(「企業通訊」)和發出大會通知及委任代表表格召開之股東週年大會及股東特別大會。本公司致力向股東及潛在投資者提供高水平之披露及財務透明度。為向股東及潛在投資者提供有效之披露,並確保彼等全部均可同時公平地取得相同資料,可能影響股價之資料將按照上市規則之規定以正式公開公告方式發表。本公司亦歡迎股東於股東週年大會及股東特別大會上提出意見及查詢。

董事會已審閱股東通訊政策的執行情況及成效,包括但不限於(i)及時披露企業通訊;(ii)於股東大會上採取的措施,以確保本公司有機會與股東直接互動、處理所接受的查詢(如有),以及董事會成員(特別是董事委員會主席或 彼等的代表以及外部核數師)參與股東大會;及(iii)多種通訊及參與渠道,以及及時更新本公司網站上的資料。通過執行上述措施,董事會認為股東通訊政策已於該年度內有效實施。

企業管治報告

#### WHISTLEBLOWING POLICY

Each employee of the Group is regarded as an informal monitor. The Group relies on each of its employee, at all levels, to monitor quality, ethics and professional and the Group's standards. The Group listens to employees' concerns, receives recommendations for improving the Group's practices and controls and announces timely communications on policy changes and other matters of the Group.

The Company has reviewed its whistleblowing policy to provide its employees, customers and suppliers with reporting channels in view of the amendments to the code provisions of the CG Code having come into effect on 1 January 2022.

#### LATEST ENHANCED GOVERNANCE

At its meeting held on 29 September 2022, the Board formalised in writing an anti-fraud and anti-bribery policy of the Company and a mechanism for ensuring independent views and input to be available to the Board with procedures for the Directors to seek independent legal advice.

#### 舉報政策

每名本集團的僱員均被視為非正式監察者。本集 團仰賴各級僱員全員監督質素、操守、專業水平及 本集團標準。本集團聆聽僱員之關注事項,廣納意 見,以改善本集團之常規及監控,並適時公佈本集 團政策變動及其他事宜之通訊。

鑒於企管守則的守則條文修訂於二零二二年一月 一日生效,本公司檢討其舉報政策,為其僱員、客 戶及供應商提供舉報渠道。

#### 最新的強化管治措施

於二零二二年九月二十九日舉行的會議上,董事會 以書面形式正式制訂本公司的反欺詐及反賄賂政策 及確保董事會可獲得獨立的觀點及意見的機制,以 及董事尋求獨立法律意見的程序。

#### **DIRECTORS**

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Lee Kwok Leung, aged 69, was nominated and appointed as an Executive Director and the Chairman by the Shareholders at the first EGM in 2014. On 15 January 2021, he resigned as the Chairman and remained as an Executive Director. Mr. Lee was re-appointed the Chairman with effect from 22 February 2022. He is currently an authorized representative of the Company under Rule 3.05 of the Listing Rules and a director of a number of subsidiaries of the Company, including Guangzhou Mayer as well as the legal representative and a member of the general management and control committee (the "GMC Committee") of Guangzhou Mayer.

He has over twenty years of experience in asset management for professional and institutional investors. He has extensive experience in portfolio construction, portfolio management, risk assessment and investment due-diligence. Mr. Lee was the managing director of BOCI Direct Investment Management Limited (currently known as BOC Investment Management Limited) from 1992 to 1999, when he was responsible for the overall management of the private equity fund. He is the representative and a responsible officer of Success Advance Investments Limited, a Type 4 (advising on securities) and Type 9 (asset management) regulated entity registered with the SFC.

He is presently an executive director of China Caston 81 Finance Company Limited (formerly known as Opes Asia Development Limited and subsequently China Internet Investment Finance Holdings Limited) (stock code: 810) and an independent non-executive director of Ev Dynamics (Holdings) Limited (stock code 476), both companies being listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

He was: (a) an independent non-executive director of Imperial Pacific International Holdings Limited (stock code: 1076), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, from 21 November 2013 to 22 August 2022; (b) an independent non-executive director of Guoan International Limited, a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 143) and Singapore Exchange (stock code: G11), from 1 June 2000 to 27 August 2021; and (c) a non-executive director of Starlight Culture Entertainment Group Limited (formerly known as Karce International Holdings Company Limited, and subsequently Sinogreen Energy International Group Limited and Jimei International Entertainment Group Limited) (stock code: 1159), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, until 31 August 2013.

**Mr. Zhou Shi Hao**, aged 28, was appointed an Executive Director with effect from 29 November 2019 and is a director of a number of subsidiaries of the Company, including Happy (Hong Kong) New City Group Limited. He is currently the sole director of Harbour Prestige, a substantial shareholder of the Company.

#### 董事

#### 執行董事

李國樑先生,69歲,於二零一四年第一次股東特別 大會上獲提名及獲股東委任為執行董事兼主席。於 二零二一年一月十五日,李先生辭任主席但仍保留 執行董事一職。李先生於二零二二年二月二十二日 重新獲委任為主席。李先生現時為上市規則第3.05 條下本公司之授權代表及本公司多間附屬公司(包 括廣州美亞)之董事以及廣州美亞之法人代表與一 般管理及控制委員會(「管控委員會」)之成員。

李先生在為專業及機構投資者管理資產方面擁有超過二十年經驗。彼於構建投資組合、投資組合管理、風險評估及投資盡職審查方面擁有豐富經驗。李先生曾於一九九二年至一九九九年出任中銀國際直接投資管理有限公司(現稱中銀投資管理有限公司)之董事總經理,負責私募股權基金整體管理。彼現為駿程投資有限公司之代表及負責人員,此公司為已向證監會註冊之第4類(就證券提供意見)及第9類(提供資產管理)受規管實體。

彼現為中國鑄晨81金融有限公司(前稱華保亞洲發展有限公司及隨後中國互聯網投資金融集團有限公司)(股份代號:810)之執行董事以及科軒動力(控股)有限公司(股份代號:476)之獨立非執行董事,該等公司均於聯交所主板上市。

彼:(a)自二零一三年十一月二十一日至二零二二年 八月二十二日為聯交所主板上市公司博華太平洋國 際控股有限公司(股份代號:1076)之獨立非執行 董事;(b)自二零零零年六月一日至二零二一年八 月二十七日出任國安國際有限公司之獨立非執行 董事,此公司於聯交所主板(股份代號:143)及新 加坡交易所(股份代號:G11)上市;及(c)曾出任聯 交所主板上市公司星光文化娛樂集團有限公司(前 稱泰盛實業集團有限公司,隨後曾經名為中國綠能 國際集團有限公司及集美國際娛樂集團有限公司) (股份代號:1159)之非執行董事,直至二零一三 年八月三十一日為止。

周世豪先生,28歲,於二零一九年十一月二十九日 獲委任為執行董事,並為眾樂(香港)新城市控股 集團有限公司等本公司多間附屬公司之董事。彼現 為本公司主要股東港威之唯一董事。

He graduated from the Faculty of Commerce and Business Administration of the University of British Columbia, Canada with a Bachelor of Commerce degree in 2018 and worked as a senior marketing consultant at TELUS after graduation.

彼於二零一八年畢業於加拿大英屬哥倫比亞大學工商管理學院(Faculty of Commerce and Business Administration of the University of British Columbia, Canada),取得商學士學位,並於畢業後於TELUS任職高級營銷顧問。

**Mr. Chen Zhirui**, aged 46, was appointed as an Executive Director with effect from 29 November 2019 and is also a director of various subsidiaries of the Company.

陳志睿先生,46歲,於二零一九年十一月二十九日 獲委任為執行董事,並亦為本公司多間附屬公司之 董事。

He has over 20 years of experience in the property industry. He has been employed by various companies in the property industry in Zhuhai City of the PRC over the years. He was appointed as the managing director of Zhuhai Hengqin Zhongle Investment Company Limited\* (珠海横琴眾樂投資有限公司) from 2016 to 2018. Since then, he has been appointed concurrently as the managing director of Zhuhai Zhongle City Renewal Company Limited\* (珠海眾樂城市更新有限公司) ("Zongle"), the vice chairman and executive vice general manager of Zhuhai Hua Fa Fenghuang Property Development Limited\* (珠海華發鳳凰房產開發有限公司) and the vice chairman and executive vice general manager of Zhuhai Hau Fa Yue Tang Property Development Limited\* (珠海華發月堂房產開發有限公司) ("Yue Tang"). Presently, Zongle is a subsidiary of the Company and Yue Tang is an associate of the Company.

陳先生於地產行業擁有逾廿年經驗。彼多年來於中國珠海市多間地產行業公司任職。於二零一六年至二零一八年,彼獲委任為珠海橫琴眾樂投資有限公司董事總經理。及後至今,彼同時兼任珠海眾樂城市更新有限公司(「**眾樂**」)董事總經理、珠海華發鳳凰房產開發有限公司副董事長及常務副總經理以及珠海華發月堂房產開發有限公司(「**月堂**」)副董事長及常務副總經理。現時,眾樂為本公司附屬公司,而月堂為本公司聯營公司。

He holds a Bachelor's degree in civil engineering from the Southeast University in the PRC.

彼持有中國東南大學土木工程系之學士學位。

**Mr. Xiao Libo**, aged 47, was appointed an Executive Director on 9 November 2021 and the CEO on 26 November 2021. He is a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company, including Guangzhou Mayer.

**肖立波先生**,47歲,於二零二一年十一月九日獲委 任為執行董事,及於二零二一年十一月二十六日獲 委任為首席執行官。彼為本公司若干附屬公司(包 括廣州美亞)之董事。

Mr. Xiao has worked in different types of companies for more than 20 years, including Legend Holdings Corporation, Shenzhen Qunlixin Industrial Company Ltd.\* (深圳市群立鑫實業有限公司), Anno (Shenzhen) Innovation Technology Company Limited\* (安諾 (深圳) 創新技術有限公司) and Shenzhen Ruiyuan Power Technology Company Limited\* (深圳瑞源動力科技有限公司). He has many years of experience in sales, operation and management.

肖先生於不同類型公司任職逾20年,包括聯想控股股份有限公司、深圳市群立鑫實業有限公司、安諾 (深圳)創新技術有限公司及深圳瑞源動力科技有限公司。彼擁有多年銷售、營運及管理經驗。

He graduated from Jiangxi University of Technology in the PRC, majoring in business administration.

彼畢業於中國江西科技學院,主修工商管理。

**Dr. Cheung Ka Yue**, aged 51, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director on 9 November 2021, was re-designated as a Non-executive Director on 30 November 2021 and was further re-designated as an Executive Director with effect from 26 April 2022. He is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company, including Guangzhou Mayer and a member of the GMC Committee of Guangzhou Mayer.

張嘉裕博士,51歲,於二零二一年十一月九日獲委 任為獨立非執行董事,於二零二一年十一月三十日 調任為非執行董事,及於二零二二年四月二十六日 進一步調任為執行董事。彼亦為本公司若干附屬公 司(包括廣州美亞)之董事,以及廣州美亞之管控 委員會成員。

Dr. Cheung has over 20 years of experience in strategic investment, business administration and commercial developments. He has profound knowledge and extensive experience in the regulatory, corporate finance, compliance and corporate governance fields.

張博士於戰略投資、工商管理及商業發展擁有超過 20年經驗。彼於法規、企業融資、合規與企業管治 領域具有深厚知識和豐富經驗。

Dr. Cheung is active in public and community service. He is a committee member of Sha Tin District National Education Committee in Hong Kong and an adviser of Scout Association of Hong Kong New Territories East Region.

張博士積極參與公共及社會服務。彼現時擔任香港 國民教育沙田區委員會委員及香港童軍總會新界 東地域顧問。

As a practising accountant in Hong Kong, Dr. Cheung holds a doctoral degree in business administration, a master's degree in education, a master's degree in laws, a master's degree in professional accountancy and a bachelor's degree in accounting.

作為香港執業會計師,張博士持有工商管理學博士 學位、教育碩士學位、法學碩士學位、專業會計學 碩士學位及會計學學士學位。

Dr. Cheung is currently an independent non-executive director of IAG Holdings Limited (stock code: 8513), a company listed on the GEM of the Stock Exchange and Success Dragon International Holdings Limited (stock code: 1182), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

張博士現為一間於聯交所GEM上市之公司官酝控股有限公司(股份代號:8513)及一間於聯交所主板上市的公司勝龍國際控股有限公司(股份代號:1182)之獨立非執行董事。

In addition, Dr. Cheung was an independent non-executive director of Crown International Corporation Limited (stock code: 727), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, from 15 December, 2022 to 31 July 2023.

此外,張博士曾於二零二二年十二月十五日至二零 二三年七月三十一日期間擔任一間於聯交所主板上 市的公司皇冠環球集團有限公司(股份代號:727) 的獨立非執行董事。

#### Non-Executive Director

#### 非執行董事

**Mr. Lam Chung Chak**, aged 49, was appointed as a Non-executive Director on 25 November 2021. He is a son of Ms. Wong Shek Kwan, a substantial shareholder of the Company.

林宗澤先生,49歲,於二零二一年十一月二十五日 獲委任為非執行董事。彼為本公司之主要股東王石 筠女士之兒子。

He has about 20 years of experience in operation and investment of logistic, real estate development and food and beverage projects in Hong Kong and the PRC. He is currently the managing director of Citi-Base Holdings Limited.

彼於中港兩地物流、房地產開發及餐飲項目營運及 投資方面擁有約20年經驗。彼現時為港基控股有限 公司之董事總經理。

He obtained a master's degree from the University of Toronto in Canada.

彼取得加拿大多倫多大學(University of Toronto)之 碩士學位。

#### **Independent Non-Executive Directors**

#### 獨立非執行董事

**Mr. Lau Kwok Hung**, aged 76, was appointed an INED on 9 October 2014 and is the chairman of the Audit Committee and a member of each of the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee.

**劉國雄先生**,76歲,於二零一四年十月九日獲委任 為獨立非執行董事,並為審核委員會之主席以及提 名委員會及薪酬委員會之成員。

He has extensive experience in financial accounting, auditing, taxation, company secretarial matter and corporate finance, especially in mergers, acquisitions and corporate restructuring.

彼於財務會計、核數、稅務、公司秘書事務及企業 融資,尤其在合併、收購及企業重組方面具有豐富 經驗。

Mr. Lau is currently an independent non-executive director of Huaxi Holdings Company Limited (stock code: 1689), and was an executive director and company secretary of Rich Goldman Holdings Limited (stock code: 70) (formerly known as Massive Resources International Corporation and subsequently Neptune Group Limited), the issued shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

劉先生現為華禧控股有限公司(股份代號:1689) 之獨立非執行董事,並曾擔任金粵控股有限公司 (股份代號:70)(前稱駿雷國際有限公司,隨後曾 經名為海王國際集團有限公司)之執行董事及公司 秘書,該等公司之已發行股份於聯交所主板上市。

A certified public accountant in Hong Kong, Mr. Lau is a fellow of the HKICPA and was a fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants headquartered in England and an associate member of the Chartered Institute of Management Accountants. Mr. Lau holds a Senior Executive Master Degree in Business Administration from Charles Darwin University in Australia and has obtained a Diploma in Insolvency issued by the HKICPA and an Executive Diploma in International Business Valuation issued by the School of Professional and Continuing Education of the University of Hong Kong.

**Mr. Chan Chun Kit**, aged 38, appointed as an INED with effect from 9 November 2021 and is the chairman of each of the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee and a member of the Audit Committee.

He was (i) the compliance director of Supreme China Securities Limited, a licensed corporation to conduct type 1 (dealing in securities) regulated activity under the SFO from August 2014 to June 2016; (ii) the responsible officer of OX Financial Securities Limited, a licensed corporation to conduct type 1 (dealing in securities) regulated activity under the SFO from 15 December 2016 to 15 March 2017; and (iii) the director of VisTreasure Asset Management Limited, a licensed corporation to conduct type 4 (advising on securities) and type 9 (asset management) regulated activity under the SFO from 2017 until 2019.

He was an independent non-executive director and a non-executive director of Echo International Holdings Group Limited (stock code: 8218), the issued shares of which are listed on the GEM of the Stock Exchange, from 30 January 2015 to 9 March 2015 and from 9 March 2015 to 31 March 2020, respectively.

He graduated from the University of Exeter in England with a Bachelor's Degree in Business Studies (majoring in Finance and Economics) in 2009 and holds a Bachelor's Degree in Laws from the Manchester Metropolitan University in England.

**Mr. Lu Jianping**, aged 59, was appointed an INED with effect from 28 February 2022 and is a member of each of the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee, as well as the chairman of the supervisory board and a member of the GMC Committee of Guangzhou Mayer. In addition, he was appointed as the supervisor of (i) Mayer Technology on 12 April 2022; and (ii) Guangzhou Mayer Energy Storage Technology Co., Ltd ("**Mayer Energy Storage**"); a subsidiary of Guangzhou Mayer on 12 April 2023.

He has over 30 years' engineering and management experience gained from working in a number of companies in Guangzhou and Tsingtao in the PRC. He is currently a professional technical staff of Guangzhou Yangcheng Property Management Co., Ltd.

He graduated from Jingqiao University in the PRC with a professional diploma in laws.

#### **SENIOR MANAGEMENT**

Various businesses of the Group are respectively under the direct responsibility of the Executive Directors named above, led by the Chairman. They are regarded as members of the Group's senior management.

作為香港執業會計師,劉先生為香港會計師公會 之資深會員,並為總部設於英國之特許公認會計 師公會前資深會員及英國特許管理會計師公會前 會員。劉先生持有澳洲查爾斯達爾文大學(Charles Darwin University)頒授之高級管理人員工商管理碩 士學位,並已取得由香港會計師公會頒發之破產 文憑(Diploma in Insolvency)及由香港大學專業進修 學院頒發之國際商業估值行政人員文憑(Executive Diploma in International Business Valuation)。

**陳振傑先生**,38歲,於二零二一年十一月九日獲委 任為獨立非執行董事,並現為提名委員會及薪酬委 員會各自之主席以及審核委員會之成員。

彼(i)於二零一四年八月至二零一六年六月擔任智華證券有限公司(根據證券及期貨條例可進行第1類(證券交易)受規管活動之持牌法團)之合規董事;(ii)於二零一六年十二月十五日至二零一七年三月十五日擔任OX Financial Securities Limited (根據證券及期貨條例可進行第1類(證券交易)受規管活動之持牌法團)之負責人員;及(iii)於二零一七年至二零一九年為VisTreasure Asset Management Limited (根據證券及期貨條例可進行第4類(就證券提供意見)及第9類(提供資產管理)受規管活動之持牌法團)之董事。

彼於二零一五年一月三十日至二零一五年三月九日 及二零一五年三月九日至二零二零年三月三十一 日期間分別為毅高(國際)控股集團有限公司(股份 代號:8218)之獨立非執行董事及非執行董事。該 公司之已發行股份於聯交所GEM上市。

彼於二零零九年畢業於英國埃克塞特大學,獲頒授商學學士學位(主修財務及經濟)及持有英國曼徹斯特都會大學法律學士學位。

陸建平先生,59歲,於二零二二年二月二十八日獲委任為獨立非執行董事,並現為審核委員會、提名委員會及薪酬委員會各自之成員,以及廣州美亞之監事會主席及管控委員會成員。此外,彼於(i)二零二二年四月十二日獲委任為美亞科技的監事;及(ii)於二零二三年四月十二日獲委任為廣州美亞之附屬公司廣州美亞蓄能科技有限公司(「美亞蓄能」)的監事。

彼因任職於中國廣州市及青島市多間公司而累積 逾30年工程及管理經驗。彼目前為廣州羊城物業管 理有限公司之專業技術人員。

彼畢業於中國京橋大學,獲得法律專業文憑。

#### 高級管理層

上述執行董事在主席領導下分別直接負責本集團 多項業務。彼等被視為本集團的高級管理層成員。

### **Report of the Directors**

### 董事會報告

The Directors are pleased to present this Report of the Directors together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Year.

## PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND GEOGRAPHICAL ANALYSIS OF OPERATIONS

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in note 38 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Company' primary subsidiaries are principally engaged in (i) the processing, manufacturing and selling of steel sheets, steel pipes and other steel products in the PRC, and (ii) urban renewal project planning and consulting in the PRC.

An analysis of the Group's performance for the Year is set out in Segment Information in note 10 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

Details of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group are set out in the "Principal Risks and Uncertainties" section of the "Management Discussion and Analysis" on pages 37 and 38 of this Annual Report.

An indication of likely future development in the Group's business are set out in the "Outlook" section of the "Management Discussion and Analysis" on page 38 of this Annual Report.

Details of the Group's business review during the Year are set out in the "Business Review" section of the "Management Discussion and Analysis" on pages 8 to 19 of this Annual Report.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY AND PERFORMANCE**

The Group has endeavoured to protect the environment by minimizing environmental adverse in daily operations such as investing in energy-efficient lighting and equipment, enhancing paper recycling to reduce consumption and waste, and raising the environmental awareness of its employees. The Group will continue to seek better environmental practices and promote the right environmental attitudes within the organization.

## COMPLIANCE WITH RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands with the issued Shares listed and traded on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. The Group is principally engaged in the processing, manufacturing and selling of steel sheets, steel pipes and other steel products in the PRC, as well as urban renewal project planning and consulting in the PRC.

董事欣然提呈本董事會報告連同本集團於該年度 之經審核綜合核財務報表。

#### 主要業務及營運地區分析

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。其主要附屬公司之 業務載於綜合財務報表附註38。

本公司的主要附屬公司之主要業務為(i)於中國加工、製造及銷售鋼片、鋼管及其他鋼製產品;及(ii)中國之城市更新項目規劃及諮詢。

本集團於該年度之表現分析載於綜合財務報表附 註10之分部資料。

#### 業務回顧

本集團面臨的主要風險與不確定性詳情載於本年報第37頁及38頁「管理層討論及分析」中的「主要風險及不明朗因素」部分。

本集團業務未來可能發展的跡象載於本年報第38 頁「管理層討論及分析」的「展望」部分。

本集團於該年度內業務回顧之詳情載於本年報第8至19頁中之「管理層討論及分析」的「業務回顧」一節。

#### 環境政策及表現

本集團致力盡量降低日常營運對環境之不利影響, 藉此保護環境,包括投資於節能燈具及設備、鼓勵 紙張回收以減少消耗和廢物,並提升其僱員之環保 意識。本集團將繼續尋求更優秀之環保措施,並於 組織內推廣正確的環保意識。

#### 遵守相關法律及法規

本公司於開曼群島註冊成立,其已發行之股份於聯 交所主板上市及交易。本集團之主要業務為於中國 加工、製造及銷售鋼片、鋼管及其他鋼製產品以及 在中國提供城市更新項目規劃及諮詢。

### Report of the Directors 董事會報告

The Group has kept itself abreast of the development of laws, rules and regulations which have or may have an impact on the operation of its business. To the best of the Directors' knowledge, information and belief, having made all reasonable enquiries, the Group has complied in material respects with the relevant laws and regulations in the Cayman Islands, Hong Kong, Singapore, the PRC and the British Virgin Islands during the Year.

本集團及時了解對其業務經營產生影響或可能產生影響的法律、規則及條例之相關新情況。據董事於作出一切合理查詢後所深知、盡悉及確信,本集團於該年度內已在各重大方面遵守開曼群島、香港、新加坡、中國及英屬維爾京群島相關法律及法規。

#### **EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD**

Subsequent to the end of the Year and up to date of this Annual Report, please refer to note 39 to the consolidated financial statements for significant or important event that affects the business of the Group

## **KEY RELATIONSHIPS WITH EMPLOYEES, CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

The Company is committed to maintaining, and has been maintaining, good relationships with, its employees, customers and suppliers with a view to fostering better mutual understanding and/or a sense of belonging towards the Company. This is conducive to implementing the strategies and business objectives of the Group, as well as its business development and sustainability in the long run.

#### **Employees**

The Group believes that its employees are critical factors to the Group's success and competitiveness in the market. To attract high calibre people and solidify the management of the Group, eligible participants (including employees of the Group) may be granted options to subscribe for the Shares pursuant to the Share Option Scheme. The Group also provides continuous learning and training programs to its employees to enhance their skills and knowledge so as to maintain their competitiveness.

The emolument policy of the employees of the Group is set up by the Remuneration Committee on the basis of their merit, qualifications and competence. The emoluments of the Directors are monitored by the Board and the Remuneration Committee having regard to the Company's operating results, individual performance and comparable market statistics.

#### **Customers**

Customer satisfaction with the products and services of the Group has a profound effect on the Group's profitability. Its dedicated team of sales people are in constant communication with customers and potential customers to uncover and create customer needs and help customers make informed decisions. The Group will continue to grasp the market trend so as to timely adjust its operating strategies to fit the market requirement.

#### 報告期後事項

該年度末後至本年報之日期,影響本集團業務的重 大或重要事項請參閱綜合財務報表附註39。

#### 與僱員、客戶及供應商的主要關係

為促進改善相互了解及/或對本公司的歸屬感, 本公司致力與僱員、客戶及供應商保持(並一直保 持)良好關係。此舉有助執行本集團的策略及業務 目標,且長遠而言亦有利於其業務發展及可持續發 展能力。

#### 僱員

本集團相信其僱員為本集團市場競爭優勢的關鍵 成功因素。為有利於引進高端人才和穩定本集團的 管理層,合資格參與者(包括本集團僱員)可根據 購股權計劃獲授購股權以認購股份。本集團亦為僱 員提供持續學習及培訓計劃,以提升彼等的技能及 知識,藉此維持彼等的競爭力。

本集團僱員之酬金政策由薪酬委員會根據僱員之 功績、資歷及能力制訂。董事之酬金受董事會及薪 酬委員會監察,當中會參考本公司經營業績、個人 表現及市場可資比較數據。

#### 客戶

客戶對本集團的產品和服務的滿意度對本集團盈 利能力產生深遠的影響。專業的銷售團隊與客戶及 潛在客戶不斷的溝通,發現及創造客戶需要並協助 客戶在知情的基礎上作出決策。本集團將繼續把握 市場走勢、及時調整經營策略以適應市場需求。

### **Report of the Directors**

### 董事會報告

#### **Suppliers**

Collaborative and mutual beneficial business relationship with the Group's strategic suppliers and contractors is important to achieve higher levels of efficiency and competitive advantage. The Group evaluates the capabilities of its suppliers and contractors to determine whether they are able to meet its requirement and needs from time to time. Developing and maintaining good relationship with various commercial banks, financial institutions and high net-worth individuals are always the main tasks of the Group because its operations require on-going funding to maintain continuous growth.

#### **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

The largest and the five largest customers accounted for 12.26% and 27.23% (Last Reporting Period: 9.61% and 31.77% respectively) of the Group's total turnover for the Year, respectively. The largest and the five largest suppliers accounted for 20% and 32% (Last Reporting Period: 25% and 53% respectively) of the Group's purchases for the Year, respectively. None of the Directors, their associates or the Shareholders (which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any interest in these major customers and suppliers.

## CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Please refer to the section headed "Urban Renewal Projects Planning and Consulting" under Management Discussion and Analysis of this Annual Report for details of (i) the Supplemental Agreement, constituting a non-exempt connected transaction for the Company; and (ii) the second supplemental agreement to the Sale and Purchase Agreement dated 29 July 2022.

Details of the significant related party transactions undertaken in the normal course of business of the Group during the Year are set out in note 37 to the consolidated financial statements. None of these related party transactions constitute any connected transactions as defined under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

#### **BORROWINGS**

Details of borrowings of the Group during the Year are set out in notes 27 and 35 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS**

The results of the Group for the Year are set out in the consolidated statement of profit and loss and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on pages 89 and 90, respectively of this Report.

No interim dividend was declared and paid during the Year (Last Reporting Period: nil). The Board does not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the Year (Last Reporting Period: nil).

#### 供應商

本集團與戰略供應商和承包商的協作和互惠互利 業務合作關係對實現更高的效率和競爭優勢至關 重要。本集團不時對供應商及承包商的能力進行評 估,以確定彼等是否能夠達到其要求及需求。與各 商業銀行和金融機構發展和維護良好關係一直乃 本集團的主要任務,原因在於經營需要持續的資金 保持持續增長。

#### 主要客戶及供應商

最大及五大客戶於該年度分別佔本集團總營業額之12.26%及27.23%(上一個報告期:分別9.61%及31.77%)。最大及五大供應商則分別佔本集團於該年度採購額之20%及32%(上一個報告期:分別25%及53%)。概無董事、彼等之聯繫人或股東(據董事所知擁有本公司已發行股本逾5%者)於該等主要客戶及供應商中擁有任何權益。

#### 關連交易及關聯方交易

有關(i)構成本公司非豁免關連交易之補充協議;及 (ii)日期為二零二二年七月二十九日的買賣協議的 第二份補充協議的詳情,請參閱本年報管理層討論 及分析之「城市更新項目規劃及諮詢」章節。

於該年度內本集團日常業務過程中進行之重大關聯方交易詳情載於綜合財務報表附註37。該等關聯方交易概不構成上市規則第十四A章下之任何關連交易。

#### 借貸

本集團於該年度內之借貸詳情載於綜合財務報表 附註27及35。

#### 業績及股息

本集團於該年度之業績分別載於本報告第89及90 頁中之綜合損益表及綜合損益及其他全面收益表。

於該年度內並無宣派及派發任何中期股息(上一個報告期:無)。董事會不建議派付任何截至該年度之末期股息(上一個報告期:無)。

### Report of the Directors 董事會報告

#### **DONATIONS**

Charitable and other donations made by the Group during the Year amounted to RMB899,000 (Last Reporting Period: RMB190,000).

#### **SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

No arrangement under which a Shareholder has waived or agreed to waive any dividends was made by the Company.

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five years, including the Last Reporting Period and the Year is set out on page 176 of this Annual Report.

#### PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the Year are set out in note 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **SHARE CAPITAL AND DEBENTURES**

Details of the movements in the Company's share capital during the Year are set out in note 31 to the consolidated financial statements.

No new Shares or debentures were issued by the Company during the Year.

#### **RESERVES**

Details of the movements of the reserves of the Company and the Group during the Year are set out in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements and in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 93 of this Annual Report, respectively.

#### **DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVE**

As at 30 June 2023 and 30 June 2022, the Company had no distributable reserves available for distribution to the Shareholders.

#### **SUBSIDIARIES**

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries as at 30 June 2023 are set out in note 38 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Articles of Association or the laws of the Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new Shares on a pro-rata basis to existing Shareholders.

#### **SHARE OPTION SCHEME**

The Company's share option scheme previously adopted on 24 May 2004 had expired on 24 May 2014 (the "Old Share Option Scheme"). Under the Old Share Option Scheme, no options had been granted from its adoption until expiration.

#### 捐款

本集團於該年度內的慈善及其他捐贈金額為人民幣899,000元(上一個報告期:人民幣190,000元)。

#### 財務資料摘要

本公司並無作出股東放棄或同意放棄任何股利的 安排。

本集團過去五年(包括上一個報告期及該年度)之 業績以及資產及負債摘要載於本年報第176頁。

#### 物業、廠房及設備

本集團之物業、廠房及設備於該年度內之變動詳情 載於綜合財務報表附註17。

#### 股本及債券

本公司之股本於該年度之變動詳情載於綜合財務 報表附註31。

本公司於該年度內並無發行新股份或債券。

#### 儲備

本公司及本集團之儲備於該年度之變動詳情分別 載於綜合財務報表附註32及本年報第93頁中之綜 合權益變動表。

#### 可供分派儲備

於二零二三年六月三十日及二零二二年六月三十日,本公司並無可分派予股東之可供分派儲備。

#### 附屬公司

本公司於二零二三年六月三十日之主要附屬公司 詳情載於綜合財務報表附註38。

#### 優先購買權

組織章程細則或開曼群島法律均無載列優先購買權條文,規定本公司須按比例向現有股東提呈發售 新股份。

#### 購股權計劃

本公司以往於二零零四年五月二十四日採納之購 股權計劃已於二零一四年五月二十四日屆滿(「舊 購股權計劃」)。自採納起直至屆滿為止,概無於舊 購股權計劃項下授出任何購股權。

### **Report of the Directors**

### 董事會報告

The Shareholders approved the adoption of the Share Option Scheme at a general meeting of the Company held on 31 May 2019. The relevant details of the Share Option Scheme were set out in the circular of the Company dated 30 April 2019 (the "SOS Circular"). Unless otherwise defined, the capitalized terms set out herein shall have the same respective meanings as set out in the SOS Circular.

股東於二零一九年五月三十一日舉行之本公司股東大會上批准採納購股權計劃。購股計劃之相關詳情載於本公司日期為二零一九年四月三十日之通函(「SOS通函」)內。除非另有界定,否則本節所用專有詞彙分別具有SOS通函所載之相同涵義。

#### **Purpose**

The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to reward the Participants who have contributed to the Group and to encourage Participants to work towards enhancing the value of the Company and the Shares for the benefit of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole. The Board considers that the Share Option Scheme will incentivise more persons to contribute positively to the Group, and facilitate the retention and the recruitment of high-calibre staff of the Group.

#### **Participants**

Participants, including advisors, consultants, distributors, contractors, suppliers, agents, customers, business partners, joint venture business partners, promoters and service providers of the Group, will be determined by the Board according to their potential and/or actual contribution to the business affairs of and benefits to the Group. Employees and directors of the Group, including full-time or part-time employees, directors, management, consultants and advisers will be given incentives to work towards enhancing the value and attaining the long-term objectives of the Company and for the benefit of the Group.

#### **Previous Scheme Mandate Limit**

The total number of Shares issuable pursuant to the Share Option Scheme was 174,800,000 Shares, unless the Company obtains an approval from the Shareholders to refresh the 10% limit on the basis that the maximum number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding share options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other option schemes of the Company shall not exceed 30% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time.

#### **Maximum Entitlement of Each Participant**

The maximum number of Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the Options granted to each grantee under the Share Option Scheme in any 12-month period shall not exceed: (i) 1% of the Shares in issue for the time being; and (ii) 0.1% the Shares in issue and a value of HK\$5 million if the grantee is a substantial shareholder of the Company or an INED or any of their respective associates.

#### 目的

購股權計劃旨在獎勵為本集團作出貢獻之參與者, 並鼓勵參與者為本公司及股東之整體利益,努力提 升本公司及其股份之價值。董事會認為,購股權計 劃將激勵更多人士為本集團作出貢獻,並有利於本 集團挽留及招攬優秀員工。

#### 參與者

參與者(包括本集團之諮詢人、顧問、分銷商、承辦商、供應商、代理商、客戶、業務夥伴、合營企業業務夥伴、發起人及服務供應商)將由董事會根據彼等為本集團之業務及利益所作出之潛在及/或實際貢獻釐定。本集團僱員及董事(包括全職或兼職僱員、董事、管理層、顧問及諮詢人)獲發獎勵藉以努力提升本公司之價值及達成長遠目標,使本集團獲益。

#### 前計劃授權上限

根據購股權計劃可予發行之股份總數為174,800,000股,除非本公司獲股東批准更新10%限額,基準為因根據購股權計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃已授出但尚未行使之所有發行在外購股權獲行使而可予發行之股份數目上限,不得超過本公司不時已發行股本30%。

#### 各參與者之最高權利

在任何12個月期間因根據購股權計劃授予各承授人之購股權獲行使而已發行及將予發行之股份數目上限不得超過:(i)當時已發行股份1%;及(ii)倘若承授人為本公司主要股東或獨立非執行董事或彼等各自任何聯繫人,不得超過已發行股份0.1%及價值不超過5百萬港元。

### Report of the Directors 董事會報告

#### **Exercise Price**

The exercise price of the Options granted shall be determined by the Board in its absolute discretion but in any event shall not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the Shares as stated in the daily quotations sheets issued by the Stock Exchange on the Date of Grant which must be a Business Day; (ii) the average of the closing prices of the Shares as stated in the daily quotations sheets issued by the Stock Exchange for the five Business Days immediately preceding the Date of Grant; and (iii) the nominal value of the Shares.

#### **Exercise Period**

An Option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme at any time during the period to be notified by the Board to each grantee upon the grant of the Options (the "Exercise Period"); such period shall not exceed ten years from the date of grant of the relevant Option. Options granted during the life of the Share Option Scheme shall continue to be exercisable in accordance with their terms of grant after the end of the ten-year Period.

#### **Vesting Period**

There is no general requirement on the minimum period for which an Option must be held or the performance targets which must be achieved under the terms of the Share Option Scheme.

### **Amount Payable on Acceptance and Payment Period**

HK\$1.00 is payable by the grantee to the Company upon acceptance of the Option which must be taken up within 28 days from the date of offer.

### **Remaining Life**

The Share Option Scheme is valid and effective for a term of ten years from the date of adoption until 30 May 2029.

### **Grant of Options During the Last Reporting Period**

On 12 January 2022, the Company entered into a consultancy agreement with Sino Light Investment Advisory Limited (the "Grantee" and the "Consultancy Agreement", respectively), and pursuant to which:

- (i) the Company had appointed the Grantee as a consultant of the Company for the provision of the Consultancy Services (as defined in the Consultancy Agreement) for a term of two years from the Completion Date (as defined in the Consultancy Agreement); and
- (ii) the Board had resolved to grant 174,800,000 Options to the Grantee to subscribe for a total of 174,800,000 Shares under the Share Option Scheme, subject to the conditions precedent set out under the Consultancy Agreement, as consideration for the Consultancy Services.

An ordinary resolution regarding the entering into of the Consultancy Agreement involving the grant of Options (the particulars of which are stated below) was passed by the Shareholders at the 2022 EGM.

### 行使價

授予之購股權的行使價由董事會全權酌情釐定,惟無論如何不得低於下列各項中最高者:(i)於授出日期(必須為營業日)聯交所每日報價表所報股份收市價;(ii)緊接授出日期前五個營業日聯交所每日報價表所報股份平均收市價;及(iii)股份面值。

#### 行使期

購股權可於董事會於授出購股權時通知各承授人之期間(「**行使期**」,不得超過由授出相關購股權日期起計十年)隨時根據購股權計劃之條款行使。在購股權計劃仍然有效之期間內授出之購股權,在該十年期間屆滿後將可根據購股權於授出時之條款繼續行使。

### 歸屬期

根據購股權計劃之條款,並無有關須持有購股權之最短期限或必須達到之表現目標之一般規定。

#### 有關接納的應付款項及付款期間

承授人須於接納購股權後向本公司支付1.00港元, 而購股權須自要約日期起計28日內接納。

### 剩餘年限

購股權計劃自採納日期直至二零二九年五月三十 日生效,為期十年。

#### 於上一個報告期授出購股權

於二零二二年一月十二日,本公司與淩勵投資顧問 有限公司(「**承授人**」)訂立一份諮詢協議(「**諮詢協** 議」),據此:

- (i) 本公司委任承授人為本公司顧問提供諮詢服務 (定義見諮詢協議),並自完成日期(定義見諮 詢協議)起為期兩年;及
- (ii) 董事會決議根據購股權計劃向承授人授出 174,800,000份購股權,以認購合共174,800,000 股股份,作為諮詢服務的代價,惟須受諮詢協 議所載的先決條件規限。

股東於二零二二年股東特別大會上通過一項有關 簽訂涉及授出購股權 (有關詳情載於下文) 的諮詢 協議的普通決議案。

### **Report of the Directors**

### 董事會報告

### Details of the Options *Grant Date:*

12 January 2022

#### **Exercise Price of Options Granted:**

HK\$0.20 per Share

#### Closing Price immediately before Grant Date:

HK\$0.19 per Share as quoted on the Stock Exchange

### **Number of Options Granted:**

174,800,000 Options (each Option shall entitle the holder thereof to subscribe for one Share)

### Validity and Exercise Period of Options:

Subject to the Share Option Scheme, the Options are valid and exercisable in whole or in part for a period of ten years from the Grant Date.

#### **Vesting Conditions:**

- i) 50% of the Options shall be vested on the date of completion of the Joint Venture Agreement (as defined in the Consultancy Agreement) to be entered into between the Company and a Business Partner (as defined in the Consultancy Agreement), and shall be exercisable until the expiry date of the validity period; and
- ii) conditional upon completion of the Joint Venture Agreement, 50% of the Options shall be vested on the date of the completion of the Equity/Debt Financing (as defined in the Consultancy Agreement) by the Company successfully introduced and facilitated by the Grantee, and shall be exercisable until the expiry date of the validity period.

#### **Refreshment of Scheme Mandate Limit**

Following the completion of the Consultancy Agreement, the then maximum number of Shares that could be allotted and issued upon the exercise of the Options, which might be granted by the Company pursuant to the Share Option Scheme (the "Scheme Mandate Limit") had been fully utilized. The Board, therefore, proposed that the Scheme Mandate Limit be refreshed and an ordinary resolution regarding the refreshment of the Scheme Mandate Limit to 215,800,000 Shares, being 10% of the total number of Shares in issue as at the date of the 2022 EGM, was passed by the Shareholders at the 2022 EGM.

### **Shares Available for Issue**

As at 28 September 2023, being the originally intended date of this Annual Report, a total of 215,800,000 Shares (excluding the underlying Shares comprised in the Options that have been granted but not yet exercised, cancelled or lapsed) were available for issue under the Share Option Scheme, which represented 10% of the issued share capital of the Company on that date. The number of options available for grant under the Scheme Mandate Limit at the beginning and the end of the Year was 215,800,000.

### 購股權詳情

#### 授出日期:

二零二二年一月十二日

#### 已授出購股權之行使價:

每股股份0.20港元

#### 緊接授出日期前之收市價:

在聯交所所報每股0.19港元

#### 已授出購股權數目:

174,800,000份購股權(每份購股權賦予其持有人權利認購一股股份)

### 購股權之有效期及行使期:

依據購股權計劃,購股權於由授出購股權日期起計 十年期內有效,可全部或部分行使。

#### 歸屬條件:

- i) 購股權之50%於本公司與合營夥伴(定義見諮詢協議)擬訂立之合營協議(定義見諮詢協議) 完成日期歸屬,可於有效期屆滿日期前行使; 及
- ii) 待合營協議完成後,購股權之50%於本公司成功完成由承授人引薦及推動之股債融資(定義見諮詢協議)日期歸屬,可於有效期屆滿日期前行使。

#### 更新計劃授權限額

完成諮詢協議後,本公司根據購股權計劃可能授出 之購股權予以行使時可配發及發行之當時最高股 份數目(「計劃授權限額」)已全部動用。因此,董事 會建議更新計劃授權限額,且有關更新計劃授權限 額至215,800,000股股份(即於二零二二年股東特別 大會之日已發行股份總數之10%)的普通決議案於 二零二二年股東特別大會上獲股東通過。

#### 可供發行股份

於二零二三年九月二十八日(即本年報之原擬日期),合計215,800,000股股份(不包括已授出但尚未獲行使、註銷或失效的購股權所包含的相關股份)可根據購股權計劃發行,並佔本公司於該日已發行股本之10%。該年度初及該年度末按計劃授權上限可授予的購股權數量為215,800,000份。

### Report of the Directors 董事會報告

### Particulars at Beginning and End of the Year

There were 174,800,000 outstanding Options granted under the Share Option Scheme as at 1 July 2022 and 30 June 2023. During the Year, no Options were granted, exercised or forfeited/cancelled or lapsed.

# PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SHARES

During the Year, the Company did not redeem its listed securities; nor did the Company or any of its subsidiaries purchase or sell such securities.

#### **DIRECTORS**

The Directors during the Year and up to the date of this Report have been:

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Lee Kwok Leung (Chairman)

Mr. Zhou Shi Hao

Mr. Chen Zhirui

Mr. Xiao Libo (Chief Executive Officer)

Dr. Cheung Ka Yue

### NED

Mr. Lam Chung Chak

#### **INEDs**

Mr. Lau Kwok Hung Mr. Chan Chun Kit Mr. Lu Jianping

In accordance with article 112 of the Articles of Association, at each AGM one-third of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office by rotation and shall be eligible for re-election provided that every Director shall retire from office by rotation at least once every three years. Accordingly, Mr. Lee Kwok Leung, Mr. Lam Chung Chak and Mr. Chan Chun Kit shall retire by rotation and are eligible for re-election. Mr. Lee Kwok Leung and Mr. Chan Chun Kit will offer themselves for re-election at the 2023 AGM.

# BIOGRAPHIC INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The biographical details of the Directors and senior management of the Group are set out on pages 62 to 65 of this Annual Report.

### **EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS**

Details of the emoluments of the Directors are set out in note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

### 於該年度開始及完結之詳情

於二零二二年七月一日及二零二三年六月三十日, 根據購股權計劃已授出174,800,000份尚未行使之 購股權。於該年度內並無購股權已獲授出、行使或 沒收/註銷或失效。

### 購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市股份

於該年度內,本公司概無贖回其上市證券;本公司或其任何附屬公司亦概無購買或出售其上市證券。

#### 董事

於該年度內及截至本報告日期之董事如下:

#### 執行董事

李國樑先生(主席)

周世豪先生

陳志睿先生

肖立波先生(首席執行官)

張嘉裕博士

### 非執行董事

林宗澤先生

#### 獨立非執行董事

劉國雄先生

陳振傑先生

陸建平先生

按照組織章程細則第112條,於每屆股東週年大會上,當時三分之一的董事應輪席退任,並有資格接受重選,惟每名董事均須至少每三年輪席退任一次。因此,李國樑先生、林宗澤先生及陳振傑先生將輪席退任,並均符合資格重選。李國樑先生及陳振傑先生願意於二零二三年股東週年大會上接受重撰。

### 董事及高級管理人員履歷

本集團之董事及高級管理人員履歷詳情載於本年 報第62至65頁。

### 董事之酬金

董事之酬金詳情載於綜合財務報表附註14。

### **Report of the Directors**

### 董事會報告

#### RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEME

Details of the staff costs of the Group with retirement benefit schemes charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the Year are set out in notes 13 and 29 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS**

Each of the Executive Directors has entered into a service agreement or an appointment letter with the Company for an initial term of one year commencing on the respective dates of their appointment and shall continue thereafter from year to year until and unless terminated by either party by giving the other party not less than one to three months' prior written notice according to the terms of the corresponding service agreement.

Each of the NED and the INEDs has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for an initial term of one year commencing on the respective dates of their appointment and shall continue thereafter from year to year until and unless terminated by either party by giving the other party one month's prior written notice according to the terms of the corresponding appointment letter.

Save as disclosed above, no Directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming 2023 AGM has a service agreement or appointment letter with the Company, which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

### **INDEPENDENCE OF INEDS**

The Company received from each of the current INEDs an annual confirmation of their independence in the Year pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and as at 27 September 2023, still considers all of them to be independent.

#### **MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS**

No contracts (except for the Executive Directors' service agreements) concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company and the Group was entered into or existed during the Year.

### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS, ETC.**

Saved as disclosed in note 37 to the consolidated financial statements, no Director or an entity connected with such Director had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any contract, arrangement or transaction of significance to the business of the Group, to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party during the Year.

### 退休福利計劃

於該年度綜合損益表中扣除之本集團員工成本(連同退休福利計劃)詳情載於綜合財務報表附註13及29。

### 董事之服務合約

各執行董事已與本公司訂立初步由彼等各自之委 任日期起計為期一年之服務協議或委任書,其後將 每年重續,直至及除非按照相關服務協議條款任何 一方向另一方發出不少於一至三個月之事先書面 預知予以終止為止。

各非執行董事及獨立非執行董事已與本公司訂立 初步由彼等各自之委任日期起計為期一年之委任 書,其後將每年重續,直至及除非按照相關委任書 條款任何一方向另一方發出一個月之事先書面通 知予以終止為止。

除上文所披露者外,概無獲提名於二零二三年股東 週年大會上接受重選之董事與本公司訂有不可由 本公司於一年內無償(法定賠償除外)終止之服務 協議或委任書。

### 獨立非執行董事之獨立性

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第 3.13條就該年度發出之年度獨立性確認書,而於二 零二三年九月二十七日,本公司仍然認為獨立非執 行董事屬獨立人士。

### 管理合約

於該年度內概無訂立或存續涉及本公司及本集團 所有或任何重要部分業務之管理及行政之合約(執 行董事之服務協議除外)。

### 董事於合約等之權益

除綜合財務報表附註37所披露者外,概無董事或與該董事有關的任何實體於於該年度內直接或間接於本公司或其任何附屬公司所訂立就本集團業務而言屬重大之任何合約、安排或交易中擁有重大權益。

### Report of the Directors 董事會報告

# DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY OR ANY OF ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

As at 30 June 2023, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO, which were required (i) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (ii) pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or (iii) pursuant to the Model Code to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange, were as follows:

### 董事及最高行政人員於本公司或其任何 相聯法團之股份、相關股份及債權證中 之權益及淡倉

於二零二三年六月三十日,董事及本公司最高行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之股份、相關股份及債權證中所擁有(i)根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部須知會本公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例有關條文彼等被當作或被視為擁有之權益及淡倉);或(ii)根據證券及期貨條例第352條須載入該條所述之登記冊之權益及淡倉;或(iii)根據標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉如下:

Name of Directors 董事姓名	Capacity/ nature of interest 身份/權益性質	Long position/ short position 好倉/淡倉	Number of issued Shares held 所持有已發行 股份之數目	Approximate percentage of the issued share capital of the Company 佔本公司已發行股本之概約百分比
Zhou Shi Hao (" <b>Mr. Zhou</b> ") (Note 1)	Interest in a controlled corporation	Long position	410,000,000	19.00%
周世豪(「 <b>周先生</b> 」)(附註1)	受控制法團之權益	好倉		
Lam Chung Chak (" <b>Mr. Lam</b> ") (Note 2)	Beneficial owner/Family interest	Long position	3,320,000	0.15%
林宗澤(「林先生」)(附註2)	實益擁有人/家庭權益	好倉		

### Notes:

- As at 30 June 2023, 410,000,000 Shares, representing approximately 19% of the issued Shares, were held by Harbour Prestige, a company wholly owned by Mr. Zhou who is an Executive Director. By virtue of Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO, Mr. Zhou was deemed to be interested in the 410,000,000 Shares held by Harbour Prestige.
- Mr. Lam and Ms. Cheng Bo Kei Peggy ("Ms. Peggy Cheng") are spouses. Mr. Lam personally held 2,720,000 Shares while Ms. Peggy Cheng personally held 600,000 Shares. By virtue of the SFO, Mr. Lam was deemed to be interested in Ms. Peggy Cheng's Shares. In addition, Mr. Lam is a son of Ms. Wong Shek Kwan, a substantial shareholder of the Company.
- 3. As at 30 June 2023, there were a total of 2,158,000,000 Shares in issue.

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors, chief executive nor their respective associates had any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (as defined in the SFO) at 30 June 2023.

### 附註:

- 於二零二三年六月三十日,410,000,000股股份(相 當於已發行股份約19%)由港威(由執行董事周先 生全資擁有之公司)持有。根據證券及期貨條例 第XV部第7及8分部,周先生被視為於港威持有之 410,000,000股股份中擁有權益。
- 2. 林先生與鄭寶麒女士(「鄭寶麒女士」)為配偶。林先生個人持有2,720,000股股份,而鄭寶麒女士個人持有600,000股股份。根據證券及期貨條例,林先生被視為於鄭寶麒女士之股份中擁有權益。此外,林先生為本公司主要股東王石筠女士之兒子。
- 3. 於二零二三年六月三十日,已發行股份合共為 2,158,000,000股。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二三年六月三十日,概 無董事、最高行政人員或彼等之聯繫人於本公司或 其任何相聯法團之任何股份、相關股份及債權證中 擁有任何權益或淡倉。

# **Report of the Directors**

### 董事會報告

# SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS'/OTHER PERSONS' INTEREST AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

As at 30 June 2023, the interests or short positions of every person or entity, other than a Director or chief executive of the Company, in the Shares and underlying Shares as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO, were as follows:

### Long positions in the Shares

# 主要股東/其他人士於本公司股份及相關股份中之權益及淡倉

於二零二三年六月三十日,按本公司根據證券及期 貨條例第336條須存置之登記冊所記錄,每名人士 (董事或本公司最高行政人員除外)於股份及相關 股份之權益或淡倉如下:

### 於股份之好倉

Name of Shareholders	Note	Capacity and nature of interest	Number of issued Shares/ underlying Shares held	Approximate percentage of the issued share capital of the Company
股東名稱/姓名	附註	身份及權益性質	所持有已發行股份/ 相關股份之數目	佔本公司已發行 股本之概約百分比
MX 1119/ X1	PIJE	为仍及准皿口具	1日190 加入77 之致日	
Cheung Ngan 張韌		Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	518,680,000	24.04
Harbour Prestige 港威	1	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	410,000,000	19.00
Valley Park Global Corporation ("Valley Park")	2	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	230,000,000	10.66
Liu Qiong	2	Interest in a controlled corporation	230,000,000	10.66
劉琼		受控制法團之權益		
Wong Shek Kwan 王石筠		Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	217,320,000	10.07
Cheng Siu Ang ("Ms. Cheng")	3	Interests held jointly with another person/Beneficial owner	162,000,000	7.51
鄭小鶯 (「鄭女士」)		與其他人士共同持有之權益/ 實益擁有人		
So Pak Wing (" <b>Mr. So</b> ")	3	Interests held jointly with another person/Beneficial owner	162,000,000	7.51
蘇柏榮 (「 <b>蘇先生</b> 」)		與其他人士共同持有之權益/ 實益擁有人		

### Report of the Directors 董事會報告

#### Notes:

- These 410,000,000 Shares are held by Harbour Prestige, a company wholly owned by Mr. Zhou who is an Executive Director.
- According to the notice of disclosure of interests of Valley Park filed with the Stock Exchange, Liu Qiong, who is deemed to be interested in 230,000,000 Shares held by Valley Park under Part XV of the SFO, owns 100% of the interest of Valley Park. There is a duplication of interest of 230,000,000 Shares between Liu Qiong and Valley Park.
- These 162,000,000 Shares are jointly held by Mr. So and Ms. Cheng. Mr. So is the spouse of Ms. Cheng. There is a duplication of interest of 162,000,000 Shares between Mr. So and Ms. Cheng.
- 4. As at 30 June 2023, there were a total of 2,158,000,000 Shares in issue.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2023, no person or entity had registered an interest or short position in the Shares or underlying Shares that was required to be recorded pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO.

### **DIRECTORS' RIGHT TO ACQUIRE SHARES**

At no time during the Year were the rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Directors, supervisors or their respective spouses or minor children, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

# CONTRACT OF SIGNIFICANCE WITH CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS

There was no contract of significance between the Company or any of its subsidiaries, and a controlling Shareholder or any of its subsidiaries, nor any contract of significance for the provision of services to the Company or any of its subsidiaries by a controlling Shareholder or any of its subsidiaries subsisted at 30 June 2023 or at any time during the Year ended that date.

# MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code as the code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the Directors. Having been made specific enquiries by the Company, all the current Directors have confirmed their compliance with the required standard set out in the Model Code during the Year.

#### 附註:

- 1. 該410,000,000股股份由港威(由執行董事周先生全 資擁有之公司)持有。
- 2. 按照Valley Park提交聯交所存檔之披露權益通知,根據證券及期貨條例第XV部,劉琼擁有Valley Park之100%權益,被視為於Valley Park持有之230,000,000股股份中擁有權益。劉琼與Valley Park之間存在230,000,000股股份的重複權益。
- 3. 該162,000,000股股份由蘇先生及鄭女士共同持有。 蘇先生為鄭女士之配偶。蘇先生與鄭女士之間存在 162,000,000股股份的重複權益。
- 4. 於二零二三年六月三十日,已發行股份合共為 2.158.000.000股。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二三年六月三十日,並無人士已登記須根據證券及期貨條例第336條記錄於股份或相關股份之權益或淡倉。

#### 董事購入股份之權利

於該年度任何時間,概無任何董事、監事或彼等各 自之配偶或未成年子女獲授可藉購入本公司股份 或債權證而獲得利益之權利,而彼等亦無行使任何 該等權利;而本公司或其任何附屬公司概無訂立任 何安排致使董事可於任何其他法人團體獲得該等 權利。

### 與控股股東之重大合約

於二零二三年六月三十日或截至該日止該年度內 任何時間,概無本公司或其附屬公司及控股股東或 其任何附屬公司之間的重大合約,亦無控股股東或 其附屬公司向本公司或其附屬公司提供服務的重 大合約存續。

### 董事進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納標準守則作為董事進行證券交易之 行為守則。經向本公司作出特定查詢後,全體現任 董事確認,彼等於該年度內一直遵守標準守則所載 之規定準則。

### **Report of the Directors**

### 董事會報告

#### PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

In accordance with article 175 of the Articles of Association, every Director shall be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities incurred or sustained by him/her as a Director in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his/her favour, or in which he/she is acquitted. Subject to the Companies Act, if any Director or other person shall become personally liable for the payment of any sum primarily due from the Company, the Board may execute or cause to be executed any mortgage, charge, or security over or affecting the whole or any part of the assets of the Company by way of indemnity to secure the Director or person so becoming liable as aforesaid from any loss in respect of such liability.

Save as the above, at no time during the Year, and up to 27 September 2023 was or is there any permitted indemnity provision (as defined in section 9 of the Companies (Directors' Report) Regulation (Chapter 622D of the Laws of Hong Kong)) being in force for the benefit of any of the Directors (whether made by the Company or otherwise) or any of the directors of any associated company (if made by the Company).

#### SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the Company's total Shares in issue was held by the public as at 30 June 2023.

### **EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS**

Save as and except for the Share Option Scheme as disclosed in the section headed "Share Option Scheme" in this Report of the Directors, no equity-linked agreements that (i) will or may result in the Company issuing Shares or (ii) require the Company to enter into any agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing Shares were entered into by the Company during the Year or existed at the end of the Year.

### **DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN COMPETING BUSINESS**

None of the Directors or any of their close associates had an interest in a business, which competes or may compete with the business of the Group, or has any other conflict of interest with the Group.

### **CHANGES IN DIRECTORS' DETAILS**

Change in the Directors' details since the date of the interim report of the Company for the six months ended 31 December 2022, which are required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51(2) and Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules, are set out below:

#### A. Mr. Lu Jianping, an INED

- (i) with effect from 12 April 2023, he was appointed as the supervisor of Mayer Energy Storage; and
- (ii) with effect from May 2023, he shall be entitled to an additional monthly fee of RMB10,000 from Mayer Technology for acting as its supervisor; and

### 獲准許的彌償條文

按照本公司之組織章程細則第175條,各名董事有權從本公司的資產中獲得彌償,以彌償其作為本公司之董事在獲判勝訴或獲判無罪的任何民事或刑事法律訴訟中進行抗辯而招致或蒙受的一切損失或責任。在公司法的規限下,倘任何董事或其他人士須個人承擔主要由本公司結欠的任何款項,董事會可簽立或促使簽立任何涉及或影響本公司全部或任何部分資產之按揭、押記或抵押,以彌償方式確保因上述事宜而須負責之董事或人士免因有關責任蒙受任何損失。

除上文所述者外,於該年度內任何時間及截至二零二三年九月二十七日為止,概無任何獲准許的彌償條文(定義見香港法例第622D章公司(董事報告)規例第9條)(不論是否由本公司訂立),正或曾經於惠及任何董事或(如由本公司訂立)任何有聯繫公司的董事之情況下有效。

### 足夠之公眾持股量

基於本公司可得資料及據董事所知,於二零二三年 六月三十日,本公司已發行股份總數中至少25%由 公眾持有。

### 股票掛鈎協議

除本董事會報告「購股權計劃」一節所披露的購股權計劃外,概無(i)將或可能導致本公司發行股份或(ii)要求本公司訂立任何將或可能導致本公司發行股份的股票掛鈎協議由本公司於該年度內訂立或於該年度末存續。

### 董事於競爭業務之權益

概無董事或彼等之任何緊密聯繫人於與本集團業 務構成競爭或可能構成競爭之業務中擁有權益,或 與本集團存在任何其他利益衝突。

### 董事之詳情變動

自本公司截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止六個月之中期報告日期,根據上市規則第13.51(2)條及第13.51B(1)條須予披露之董事詳情變動載列如下:

#### A. 獨立非執行董事陸建平先生

- (i) 自二零二三年四月十二日起,他獲美亞蓄 能委任為監事;及
- (ii) 自二零二三年五月起,他可向美亞科技額 外收取每月人民幣10,000元的費用以擔任 其監事;及

### Report of the Directors 董事會報告

### B. Dr. Cheung Ka Yue, an Executive Director

He ceased to act as an independent non-executive director of Crown International Corporation Limited (stock code: 727), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange with effect from 1 August 2023.

### **TAX RELIEF**

The Company is not aware of any relief on taxation available to the Shareholders by reason of their holdings of the Shares. If the Shareholders are unsure about the taxation implications of purchasing, holding, disposing of, dealing in, or exercising of any rights in relation to the Shares, they are advised to consult their professional advisers.

### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

Details of the principal corporate governance practices of the Group are set out in the section headed "Corporate Governance Report" in this Annual Report.

#### **AUDITORS**

The consolidated financial statements for the Year are being audited by ZHONGHUI ANDA CPA Limited. The Board has taken the recommendation of the Audit Committee that a resolution for the reappointment of ZHONGHUI ANDA CPA Limited as the Auditors will be proposed at the 2023 AGM or its adjournment (as the case may be).

#### **CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS**

The register of members of the Company will be closed from Friday, 22 December 2023 to Friday, 29 December 2023 (both days inclusive), during which period no transfer of Shares can be registered. In order to qualify for attending, speaking and voting at the 2023 AGM, non-registered Shareholders must lodge all the duly completed and stamped transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates with the Company's Hong Kong branch share registrar and transfer office, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited at Shops 1712-16, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong, not later than 4:30 p.m. on Thursday, 21 December 2023.

On behalf of the Board **Ip Yun Kit** *Chairman and Executive Director* 

Hong Kong, 26 March 2025

### B. 執行董事張嘉裕博士

自二零二三年八月一日起,他不再擔任皇冠環球集團有限公司(一間於聯交所主板上市之公司)(股份代號:727)的獨立非執行董事。

### 稅項減免

本公司並不知悉股東因持有股份而可獲得的任何 稅項減免。倘股東不確定購買、持有、出售、買賣 或行使與股份有關的任何權利的稅務影響,建議諮 詢其專業顧問。

### 企業管治

本集團主要企業管治常規之詳情載於本年報中之 「企業管治報告」一節。

### 核數師

該年度綜合財務報表已經正由中匯安達會計師事務 所有限公司審核。董事會採納審核委員會之建議, 重新委任中匯安達會計師事務所有限公司為本公 司獨立核數師之決議案將於二零二三年股東週年 大會或其續會(視情況而定)上提呈。

### 暫停辦理股份過戶登記

本公司將於二零二三年十二月二十二日(星期五)至二零二三年十二月二十九日(星期五)(包括首尾兩天)暫停辦理股份過戶登記,期間不會辦理股份過戶登記手續。為合資格出席二零二三年股東週年大會並發言及投票,未登記股東須將所有已填妥及蓋印之過戶文件連同相關股票於二零二三年十二月二十一日(星期四)下午四時三十分前送達本公司之股份過戶登記處香港中央證券登記有限公司,地址爲香港皇后大道東183號合和中心17樓1712-16號舖。

代表董事會 主席兼執行董事 **葉仁傑** 

香港,二零二五年三月二十六日

獨立核數師報告



TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF MAYER HOLDINGS LIMITED 美亞控股有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

#### **OUALIFIED OPINION**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Mayer Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 89 to 175, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2023, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year ended 30 June 2023, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 30 June 2023, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

### **BASIS FOR QUALIFIED OPINION**

### 1. Interest in an associate

Included in the consolidated financial statements is interest in an associate, Zhuhai Hua Fa Yue Tang Property Development Limited (the "Associate") with carrying amount of approximately RMB10.7 million and RMB209 million as at 30 June 2023 and 2022, respectively; share of loss of approximately RMB46,000 and RMB225,000 for the year ended 30 June 2023 and the eighteen months ended 30 June 2022, respectively and impairment of the Associate of RMB198.3 million and RMB Nil for the year ended 30 June 2023 and the eighteen months ended 30 June 2022, respectively. The Associate is engaged in the urban land redevelopment in Zhuhai, the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"). Due to insufficient supporting documentations and explanations of the accounting books and records for the year ended 30 June 2023 because of the reason stated in point 4 below, we are unable to satisfy ourselves as to the accuracy and completeness of the Associate as at 30 June 2023 of approximately RMB10.7 million, the share of loss for the year ended 30 June 2023 of approximately RMB46,000 and impairment of the Associate of RMB198.3 million for the year ended 30 June 2023.

#### 致美亞控股有限公司

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司) **股東** 

### 保留意見

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審計列載於第89至 175頁的美亞控股有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此財務 報表包括於二零二三年六月三十日的綜合財務狀況 表與截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度的綜合損 益表、綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動 表和綜合現金流量表,以及綜合財務報表附註,包 括主要會計政策概要。

我們認為,除本報告「保留意見的基礎」一節所述事項可能產生之影響外,綜合財務報表已根據由香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)真實及中肯地反映 貴集團於二零二三年六月三十日的綜合財務狀況,及其截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已按照香港《公司條例》披露規定妥為編製。

### 保留意見的基礎

### 1. 於一間聯營公司之權益

綜合財務報表包括於一間聯營公司珠海華發 月堂房產開發有限公司(「該聯營公司」)之權 益,於二零二三年及二零二二年六月三十日的 賬面值分別約為人民幣10,700,000元及人民幣 209,000,000元;截至二零二三年六月三十日 止年度及截至二零二二年六月三十日止十八 個月的應佔虧損分別約為人民幣46,000元及 人民幣225,000元;及截至二零二三年六月 三十日止年度及截至二零二二年六月三十日 止十八個月的該聯營公司之減值分別為人民幣 198,300,000元及人民幣零元。該聯營公司在 中華人民共和國(「中國」)珠海從事城市土地 改造。由於截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度 的會計賬目及記錄的證明文件及解釋不充分 (原因載於下文第4點),我們無法信納於二零 二三年六月三十日的該聯營公司的權益賬面值 約人民幣10,700,000元、截至二零二三年六月

### 獨立核數師報告

In addition, due to re-development projects are still in preliminary stage, we are unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to satisfy ourselves as to the estimated schedule of the redevelopment which is the major assumption adopted in the calculation of the value-in-use of the Associate. We are unable to satisfy ourselves as to the recoverable amount of the Associate as at 30 June 2022 and any impairment should be recognised for the eighteen months ended 30 June 2022.

### 2. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Included in the consolidated financial statements are the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss in connection with (i) the guarantee given by the vendor and the guarantor regarding the target profit achieved by Happy (Hong Kong) New City Group Limited and its subsidiaries (the "Happy Group") as at 30 June 2023 and 2022 of RMB Nil and RMB Nil, respectively; (ii) the put option to transfer the entire interest of Happy Group to the vendor as at 30 June 2023 and 2022 of RMB Nil and RMB Nil, respectively; and (iii) the change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss for the year ended 30 June 2023 and the eighteen months ended 30 June 2022 of RMB Nil and RMB19,000, respectively. On 11 March 2022, the Company entered into a supplemental agreement for extension of time to meet the target profit to 30 June 2023. The execution of the supplemental agreement is subject to the approval from independent shareholders of the Company. At the end of June 2023, due to the facts that the re-development projects are still at their preliminary stage and the Company did not enter into any further supplemental agreement to extend the period for the achievement of the target profit, the Company is taking necessary actions for the compensation from the vendor and the guarantor regarding guarantee profit.

Due to the fact that the outcomes of any actions taken by the Company are uncertain and, as mentioned in point 4 below, there is insufficient supporting documentations and explanations of the accounting books and records available for us to ascertain whether the target profit of Happy Group can be achieved. Therefore, we are unable to satisfy ourselves as to (i) whether the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss was reliably measured at 30 June 2023 and 2022, and (ii) the accuracy of the change in fair value recognised in profit or loss for the ended 30 June 2023 and the eighteen months ended 30 June 2022.

三十日止年度的應佔虧損約人民幣46,000元及截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度的該聯營公司之減值人民幣198,300,000元的準確性及完整性。此外,由於改造項目仍處於初步階段,我們無法獲得充分適當的審核憑證,以使我們信納改造的估計時間表,而改造的估計時間表是計算該聯營公司的使用價值時採納的主要假設。我們無法信納該聯營公司於二零二二年六月三十日的可收回金額及是否應於截至二零二二年六月三十日止十八個月確認任何減值。

### 2. 按公允價值計入損益之金融資產

綜合財務報表包括按公允價值計入損益之金融 資產,並涉及(i)賣方及擔保人就眾樂(香港)新 城市控股集團有限公司及其附屬公司(「眾樂集 團」)於二零二三年及二零二二年六月三十日達 成的目標溢利分別為人民幣零元及人民幣零元 而作出的擔保;及(ii)於二零二三年及二零二二 年六月三十日將眾樂集團全部權益轉讓予賣方 的認沽期權分別為人民幣零元及人民幣零元; 及(iii)截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度及截 至二零二二年六月三十日止十八個月按公允價 值計入損益之金融資產之公允價值變動分別為 人民幣零元及人民幣19,000元。於二零二二年 三月十一日, 貴公司訂立補充協議以將達成 目標溢利的時間延長至二零二四年六月三十 日。補充協議的執行須經 貴公司獨立股東批 准。於二零二四年六月底,由於改造項目仍處 於初步階段,而 貴公司並無進一步訂立任何 補充協議以延長達成目標溢利的期限,故 貴 公司正採取必要行動向賣方及擔保人就保證溢 利作出賠償。

由於 貴公司所採取之任何行動結果並不確定,且如以下第4點所述,我們並無充分的會計賬目及記錄的證明文件及解釋,以確定眾樂集團之目標溢利能否達成。因此,我們無法信納(i)於二零二四年及二零二三年六月三十日按公允價值計入損益之金融資產之公允價值是否可靠計量,及(ii)於截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度及截至二零二二年六月三十日止十八個月於損益確認之公允價值變動的準確性。

### 獨立核數師報告

### 3. Prepayments and trade receivables

Included in the consolidated financial statements are prepayment and trade receivables of RMB Nil as at 30 June 2023 and approximately RMB92 million and RMB40 million, respectively, as at 30 June 2022, and impairment for the prepayment and trade receivables of approximately RMB96.5 million and RMB40.2 million for the year ended 30 June 2023 and RMB nil for the prepayment and trade receivables for the eighteen months ended 30 June 2022.

As mentioned in point 4 below, there is insufficient supporting documentations and explanations of the accounting books and records available for us to ascertain the accuracy and completeness of the prepayments of approximately RMB Nil and trade receivables of approximately RMB Nil as at 30 June 2023 and the appropriateness of the impairment for prepayment and trade receivable of approximately RMB96.5 million and RMB40.2 million for prepayments and trade receivable, respectively, for the year ended 30 June 2023.

Due to the pandemic event of the "COVID-19" that slowed down the business development of the urban renewal projects, we are unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to satisfy ourselves as to evaluate the recoverability of the prepayments and trade receivables as at 30 June 2022 of approximately RMB92 million and RMB40 million, respectively and whether any impairment should be made for the prepayments and trade receivables for the eighteen months ended 30 June 2022.

In addition, the Company received complaints from complainants (including Mr. Zhou Shi Hao ("Mr. Zhou") and Mr. Chen Zhirui ("Mr. Chen"), the then directors of the Company) whereby the complainants made certain allegations. The Company had carried out independent investigation on the matters related to the allegations. According to the results of the investigations, there is no evidence to substantiate the allegations. However, the independent investigators are unable to obtain sufficient evidence to substantiate the commercial substance of the payment and receipt arrangement of prepayment for purchase of steel during the years 2019 and 2020 of HK\$85 million (equivalent to RMB76 million) and HK\$80 million (equivalent to RMB72 million), respectively, and the payment arrangement of the prepayments to service providers during the years 2019 and 2020 of HK\$108 million (equivalent to RMB94 million). There is no alternative procedure that we could perform to satisfy ourselves as to the commercial substance of the prepayments and trade receivable. Moreover, due to the inconsistent information provided by Mr. Zhou and Mr. Chen during the investigation, we are unable to ascertain the nature of the prepayments and trade receivables as at 30 June 2023 and 2022.

### 3. 預付款項及貿易應收賬款

綜合財務報表包括於二零二三年六月三十日的預付款項及貿易應收賬款人民幣零元以及於二零二二年六月三十日的預付款項及貿易應收賬款分別約人民幣92,000,000元及人民幣40,000,000元,以及截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度的預付款項及貿易應收賬款之減值約人民幣96,500,000元及人民幣40,200,000元以及截至二零二二年六月三十日止十八個月的預付款項及貿易應收賬款之減值人民幣零元。

誠如下文第4點所述,我們並無充分的會計賬目及記錄的證明文件及解釋,以確定於二零二三年六月三十日的預付款項約人民幣零元及貿易應收賬款約人民幣零元的準確性及完整性,以及截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度的預付款項及貿易應收賬款之減值分別約人民幣96,500,000元及人民幣40,200,000元的恰當性。

由於新冠疫情事件減緩了城市更新項目的業務發展,我們無法獲得充分適當的審核憑證以信納於二零二二年六月三十日的預付款項及貿易應收賬款分別約人民幣92,000,000元及人民幣40,000,000元的可收回性評估,以及是否應為截至二零二二年六月三十日止十八個月的預付款項及貿易應收賬款作出任何減值。

此外, 貴公司接獲投訴人(包括 貴公司當 時的董事周世豪先生(「周先生」)及陳志睿 (「陳先生」))的投訴,當中投訴人提出若干 指控。 貴公司已就有關指控事宜進行獨立 調查。根據調查結果,並無證據證明有關指 控屬實。然而,獨立調查員無法取得充分證 據證明於二零一九年及二零二零年就購買鋼 材分別預付85,000,000港元(相當於人民幣 76,000,000元) 及80,000,000港元(相當於人 民幣72,000,000元)的付款及收款安排的商業 實質,以及於二零一九年及二零二零年預付服 務供應商款項108,000,000港元(相當於人民幣 94,000,000元)的付款安排的商業實質。我們 並無其他程序可令我們信納預付款項及貿易應 收賬款的商業實質。此外,由於周先生及陳先 生於調查期間提供的資料不一致,我們無法確 定於二零二三年及二零二二年六月三十日的預 付款項及貿易應收賬款的性質。

### 獨立核數師報告

#### 4. Insufficient Accounting Records

During the year ended 30 June 2023, the Group severally requested Mr. Zhou and Mr. Chen, who were the management of Zhuhai Mayer HuaFeng Development Co., Limited ("Zhuhai HuaFeng"), to handover the accounting documents of Zhuhai HuaFeng and its subsidiaries ("Zhuhai HuaFeng Group") for the year ended 30 June 2023. The Group had taken legal actions against Zhuhai HuaFeng to request the handover of accounting records. On 4 June 2024, the People's Court in Guangdong-Macau In-Depth Cooperation Zone in Hengqin, the PRC had issued judgement to order Zhuhai HuaFeng to provide its accounting books and records to the Group within 10 days after the effective date of judgment. The Group had tried to enforce the court judgments to obtain the accounting books and records of Zhuhai HuaFeng Group. Up to date of this report, the accounting books and records of the Zhuhai HuaFeng Group have not yet been obtained by the Group.

Due to insufficient of supporting documentation and explanations for accounting books and records in respect of Zhuhai HuaFeng Group for the year ended 30 June 2023, in addition to points 1 and 3 above, we were unable to carry out audit procedures to satisfy ourselves as to (i) the accuracy, existence and completeness of the income and expenditure for the year ended 30 June 2023 and the assets and liabilities as at 30 June 2023 of Zhuhai HuaFeng Group, as detailed below, and other related disclosure notes in relation to the Zhuhai HuaFeng Group, as included in the consolidated financial statements of the Group, and (ii) whether they have been accurately recorded and properly accounted for in the consolidated financial statements.

Income and expenditure for the year ended 30 June 2023

#### 4. 缺乏充分會計記錄

截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度, 貴集團 分別要求珠海美亞華豐發展有限公司 (「珠海華豐」) 管理層周先生及陳先生移交珠海華豐及 其附屬公司 (統稱「珠海華豐集團」) 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度之會計文件。 貴集團已向珠海華豐採取法律行動,要求交出會計紀錄。於二零二四年六月四日,中國橫琴粵灣深度合作區人民法院作出判決,判令珠海華豐於判決生效後10日內須向 貴集團提供其會計賬目及記錄。 貴集團已嘗試執行法院判決,以取得珠海華豐集團的會計賬目及記錄。截至本報告日期, 貴集團尚未取得珠海華豐集團的會計賬目及記錄。

由於珠海華豐集團截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度的會計賬目及記錄的證明文件及解釋不充分,除上文第1點及第3點外,我們未能就以下各項執行我們信納的審核程序:(i)珠海華豐集團於截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度之收入與開支及於二零二三年六月三十日之資產與負債(詳列如下)及其他有關珠海華豐集團之披露附註(載於 貴集團之綜合財務報表)的準確性、存在性及完整性,及(ii)其是否已於綜合財務報表內準確記錄及適當入賬。

截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度的收入與 開支

RMB'000 人民幣千元

Revenue	收益	_
Other income	其他收入	4
Administrative expenses	行政開支	(622)

Assets and liabilities as at 30 June 2023:

於二零二三年六月三十日的資產與負債:

RMB'000 人民幣千元

Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	33
Right of use assets	使用權資產	180
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	10
Trade and other payables	貿易應付賬款及其他應付款項	(19,441)
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	(203)

### 獨立核數師報告

### 5. Consolidation of Shenzhen Hei Jing Photoelectric Technology Co., Limited ("Hei Jing")

On 9 February 2022, a former director of the Company who was also a former director of certain subsidiaries of the Company in the PRC using a suspected forgery seal, entered into an agreement with other parties to dispose of a 51% equity interest in Hei Jing, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company at a total cash consideration of RMB5.3 million (the "Disposal"). The consideration was received on 1 February 2022 and 31 March 2022 and the registration of the ownership of the equity interest was changed to the purchaser on 14 February 2022. After the removal of the former director, the board of directors of the Company (the "Directors") carried out a review of the transaction. As stated in note 34 to the consolidated financial statements, the Directors considered that the consideration of the Disposal was too low and unfair and the Group would suffer a significant loss upon the Disposal. The Directors are of the view that the Disposal is unenforceable. Therefore, the Group instigated a legal action to rescind the agreement and resume the ownership of the 51% equity interest in Hei Jing. Accordingly, Hei Jing is still accounted for as a non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company and the financial results for the year ended 30 June 2023 and for the eighteen months ended 30 June 2022 and the financial position as at 30 June 2023 and 2022 of Hei Jing were consolidated in the Group's consolidated financial statements and the consideration received of RMB5.3 million was included in other payable.

Due to the fact that the outcome of the legal action is uncertain, we were unable to ascertain whether the results for the year ended 30 June 2023 and for the eighteen months ended 30 June 2022 and the financial position as at 30 June 2023 and 2022 of Hei Jing should be consolidated in the Group's consolidated financial statements under HKFRS 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements" and whether the consideration received of RMB5.3 million is correctly accounted for as other payable.

In addition, due to the insufficient supporting documentations and explanations for the accounting books and records in respect of Hei Jing for the year ended 30 June 2023 and the eighteen months ended 30 June 2022, we were unable to carry out audit procedures to satisfy ourselves as to whether the following income and expenditure for the year ended 30 June 2023 and for the eighteen months ended 30 June 2022 and assets as at 30 June 2023 and 2022 as included in the consolidated financial statements of the Group, have been accurately recorded and properly accounted for in the consolidated financial statements.

### 5. 深圳黑晶光電技術有限公司(「黑晶」) 之 綜合入賬

於二零二二年二月九日,一名 貴公司前董事 兼 貴公司於中國的若干附屬公司前董事涉嫌 偽造印章與其他方訂立協議,以總現金代價 人民幣5,300,000元出售 貴公司全資附屬公 司黑晶51%股權(「出售事項」)。代價於二零 二二年二月一日及二零二二年三月三十一日 收取,股權所有權登記於二零二二年二月十四 日變更為買方。罷免前董事後, 貴公司董事 會(「董事」)對該交易進行審查。誠如綜合財 務報表附註34所載,董事認為出售事項的代 價過低及不公平, 貴集團將因出售事項蒙受 重大虧損。董事認為,出售事項不可執行。因 此, 貴集團提起法律訴訟,要求解除協議並 恢復對黑晶51%股權的所有權。因此,黑晶仍 作為 貴公司的非全資附屬公司入賬,黑晶於 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度及截至二零 二二年六月三十日止十八個月的財務業績及於 二零二三年及二零二二年六月三十日的財務狀 況併入 貴集團的綜合財務報表,已收代價人 民幣5,300,000元計入其他應付款項。

由於法律訴訟的結果不確定,我們無法確定黑晶於截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度及截至二零二二年六月三十日止十八個月的業績及於二零二三年及二零二二年六月三十日的財務狀況是否應根據香港財務報告準則第10號「綜合財務報表」併入 貴集團的綜合財務報表,以及已收代價人民幣5,300,000元作為其他應付款項入賬是否正確。

此外,由於黑晶於截至二零二三年六月三十日 止年度及截至二零二二年六月三十日止十八個 月的會計賬目及記錄的證明文件及解釋不充 分,我們無法執行審核程序,使我們信納 貴 集團綜合財務報表所載以下截至二零二三年六 月三十日止年度及截至二零二二年六月三十日 止十八個月的收入及開支以及於二零二三年及 二零二二年六月三十日的資產是否已於綜合財 務報表準確記錄及妥為入賬。

### 獨立核數師報告

Income and expenditure for the Year

該年度的收入及開支

		Year ended 30 June 2023 截至二零二三年 六月三十日 止年度 RMB'000 人民幣千元	18 months ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年 六月三十日 止十八個月 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue	收益	-	-
Other income	其他收入	-	73
Administrative expenses	行政開支	-	(47)

Assets and liabilities as at 30 June 2023:

於二零二三年六月三十日的資產及負債:

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	3,745	3,745
Inventories	存貨	1,137	1,137
Other receivables	其他應收款項	7,647	7,647
Prepayment and deposits	預付款項及按金	4,569	4,569
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	12	12
Accrual expenses	應計開支	(9)	(9)

Any adjustments to the figures as described from points 1 to 5 above might have consequential effects on the Group's results and cash flows for the year ended 30 June 2023 and for the eighteen months ended 30 June 2022 and the financial position of the Group as at 30 June 2023 and 2022, and the related disclosures thereof in the consolidated financial statements.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

對上述第1至5點所述數字的任何調整均可能對 貴集團於截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度及截至二零二二年六月三十日止十八個月的業績及現金流量以及 貴集團於二零二三年及二零二二年六月三十日的財務狀況以及綜合財務報表中的相關披露產生後續影響。

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港審計準則》 (「香港審計準則」) 進行審計。我們在該等準則下承 擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表 承擔的責任」部分中作進一步闡述。根據香港會計 師公會頒佈的《專業會計師道德守則》(「守則」), 我們獨立於 貴集團,並已履行守則中的其他專業 道德責任。我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充 足及適當地為我們的保留意見提供基礎。

### 獨立核數師報告

### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In addition to the matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section, we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

#### Trade receivables

Refer to Note 23 to the consolidated financial statements

The Group tested the amount of trade receivables for impairment. This impairment test is significant to our audit because the balance of trade receivables of approximately RMB228,187,000 as at 30 June 2023 is material to the consolidated financial statements. In addition, the Group's impairment test involves application of judgment and is based on estimates.

Our audit procedures included, among others:

- Assessing the Group's relationship and transaction history with the customers;
- Evaluating the Group's impairment assessment;
- Assessing ageing of the debts;
- Assessing creditworthiness of the customers;
- Checking subsequent settlements from the customers; and
- Assessing the disclosure of the Group's exposure to credit risk in the consolidated financial statements.

We consider that the Group's impairment test for trade receivables has been supported by the available evidence.

### **Inventory**

Refer to Note 22 to the consolidated financial statements

The Group tested the amount of inventory for impairment. This impairment test is significant to our audit because the balance of inventory of approximately RMB91,819,000 as at 30 June 2023 is material to the consolidated financial statements. In addition, the Group's impairment test involves application of judgement and is based on estimates.

### 關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及出具意見時進行處理的,且我們不會對這些事項提供單獨的意見。除保留意見的基礎一節所述事項外,我們已確定下述事項為本報告中將予溝通的關鍵審計事項。

#### 貿易應收賬款

請參閱綜合財務報表附註23

貴集團已對貿易應收賬款金額進行減值測試。此減值測試對我們的審計至關重要,原因在於貿易應收賬款於二零二三年六月三十日的結餘約人民幣228,187,000元對綜合財務報表而言屬重大。此外, 貴集團的減值測試涉及判斷的應用並基於多項估計。

我們的審計程序包括(其中包括):

- 一 評估 貴集團與客戶的關係及交易紀錄;
- 一 評價 貴集團的減值評估;
- 評估債務的賬齡;
- 評估客戶的信譽;
- 一 檢查客戶的其後償款情況;及
- 評估綜合財務報表有關 貴集團信貸風險的 披露。

我們認為, 貴集團的貿易應收賬款減值測試具有 證據支持。

#### 存貨

請參閱綜合財務報表附註22

貴集團已對存貨金額進行減值測試。此減值測試對 我們的審計至關重要,原因在於存貨於二零二三年 六月三十日的結餘約人民幣91,819,000元對綜合財 務報表而言屬重大。此外, 貴集團的減值測試涉 及判斷的應用並基於多項估計。

### 獨立核數師報告

Our audit procedures included, among others:

- Attending the physical count to identify and assess aged and obsolete inventory;
- Evaluating the Group's impairment assessment;
- Assessing the ageing of the inventory;
- Assessing the net realisable values of the inventory; and
- Checking subsequent sales and usage of the inventory.

We consider that the Group's impairment test for inventory has been is supported by the available evidence.

### **OTHER INFORMATION**

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information in the Company's annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. As described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section above, we were unable to obtain sufficient and appropriate evidence from points 1 to 5. Accordingly, we are unable to conclude whether or not the other information is materially misstated with respect to these matters.

# RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

我們的審計程序包括(其中包括):

- 一 出席盤點以識別及評估陳舊及過時存貨;
- 一 評價 貴集團的減值評估;
- 評估存貨的賬齡;
- 一 評估存貨的可變現淨值;及
- 檢查存貨的其後銷售及使用。

我們認為, 貴集團的存貨減值測試具有證據支持。

### 其他信息

董事需對其他信息負責。其他信息包括刊載於 貴公司年報內的所有信息,但不包括綜合財務報表及 我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信息,我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何形式的鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責任是閱 讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他信息是否與綜 合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所了解的情況存 在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。

基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為該其他信息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們須報告該事實。在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。誠如上文「保留意見的基礎」一節所述,我們無法就第1至第5點獲取充足、適當的證據。因此,我們無法斷定與該等事項相關的其他信息是否存在重大錯誤陳述。

### 董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港財務報告準則》及香港《公司條例》的披露規定擬備真實而中肯的綜合財務報表,並對其認為為使綜合財務報表的擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部控制負責。

### 獨立核數師報告

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

# AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements is located at the HKICPA's website at:

http://www.hkicpa.org.hk/en/standards-and-setting/standards/our-views/auditre/

This description forms part of our auditor's report.

#### **ZHONGHUI ANDA CPA Limited**

Certified Public Accountants
Li Chi Hoi

Audit Engagement Director Practising Certificate Number P07268 Hong Kong, 26 March 2025

### 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任

我們的目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在 由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得合理 保證,並出具包括我們意見的核數師報告。我們僅 向 閣下(作為整體)發出報告,除此之外本報告別 無其他目的。我們不會就本報告的內容向任何其他 人士負責或承擔責任。合理保證是高水平的保證, 但不能保證按照《香港審計準則》進行的審計,在 某一重大錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可以 由欺詐或錯誤引起,如果合理預期它們單獨或滙總 起來可能影響使用者依賴綜合財務報表所作出的 經濟決定,則有關的錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

我們就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任於香港會計 師公會網站進一步詳述,網址如下:

http://www.hkicpa.org.hk/en/standards-and-setting/standards/our-views/auditre/

該說明構成我們的核數師報告的一部分。

#### 中匯安達會計師事務所有限公司

執業會計師

李志海

*審計業務董事* 執業證書號碼P07268

香港,二零二五年三月二十六日

# **Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss**

# 綜合損益表

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

				1 January
			Year ended	2021 to
			30 June 2023	30 June 2022
			截至	二零二一年
			二零二三年	一月一日至
			六月三十日	二零二二年
			止年度	六月三十日
		Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Revenue	收益	7	538,163	902,652
Cost of sales	<b>3.5</b> 銷售成本	/	(466,965)	(783,941)
Cost of sales	朝告风平		(400,905)	(763,941)
Gross profit	毛利		71,198	118,711
Other income	其他收入	8	17,310	24,637
Other net (loss)/gain	其他(虧損)/收益淨額	9	(336,571)	2,525
Distribution costs	分銷成本		(42,845)	(60,931)
Administrative expenses	行政開支		(35,937)	(70,163)
Other operating expenses	其他經營開支		(39)	(6)
(Loss)/profit from operations	經營(虧損)/溢利		(326,884)	14,773
Share of loss of an associate	應佔一間聯營公司之虧損		(46)	(225)
Finance costs	財務成本	11	(6,263)	(17,915)
			(7, 11,	<u> </u>
Loss before tax	除稅前虧損		(333,193)	(3,367)
Income tax expense	所得稅開支	12	(2,803)	(5,452)
Loss for the year/period	年/期內虧損	13	(335,996)	(8,819)
(Loss)/profit for the year/period	下列各項應佔年/期內			
attributable to: Owners of the Company	(虧損)/溢利: 本公司擁有人		(220.045)	(14.304)
the state of the s			(338,846)	(14,304)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		2,850	5,485
			(335,996)	(8,819)
Loss pay share	每股虧損			
Loss per share Basic and diluted (RMB cents)	基本及攤薄(人民幣分)	16	(15.70)	(0.66)
			1	

# Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

			1 January
		Year ended	2021 to
		30 June 2023	30 June 2022
		截至	二零二一年
		二零二三年	一月一日至
		六月三十日	二零二二年
		止年度	六月三十日
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Loss for the year/period	年/期內虧損	(335,996)	(8,819)
2033 for the year/periou	T/ MILIWITH	(333,330)	(0,015)
Other comprehensive income:	其他全面收益:		
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss:	可重新分類至損益之項目:		
Exchange differences on translating foreign	換算海外業務產生		
operations	之匯兌差額	(26,521)	(4,485)
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:	將不會重新分類至損益之項目:		
Exchange differences on translating foreign	換算海外業務產生		
operations	之匯兌差額	20,359	3,579
Other comprehensive expense for the year/	年/期內其他全面開支,		
period, net of tax	除稅後	(6,162)	(906)
Total comprehensive expense for the year/	年/期內全面開支總額		
period period	一/ 別门王山闭又心识	(342,158)	(9,725)
Tatal assessment are in a second (formation)	工列夕西座北左 / 知奇		
Total comprehensive income/(expense)	下列各項應佔年/期內		
year/period attributable to: Owners of the Company	全面收益/(開支)總額: 本公司擁有人	(24E 000)	(15,210)
· · · ·	非控股權益	(345,008)	
Non-controlling interests	<b>担だ収惟Ⅲ</b>	2,850	5,485
		(342,158)	(9,725)

# **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

# 綜合財務狀況表

As 30 June 2023 於二零二三年六月三十日

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
	Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000
	<i>附註</i> ————	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
非流動容差			
	17	62 805	53,028
	i		5,377
	i	3,313	-
於一間聯營公司之權益	19	10,718	209,110
		79,438	267,515
	22	62.056	03.543
13 2 3			93,543
	23	315,005	367,614
	2.1		
		-	- 22.201
現金及現金等值項目 	25	46,388	33,201
		454,349	494,358
流動負債			
貿易應付賬款及其他應付款項	26	147,469	115,447
即期應付稅項		12,405	12,791
租賃負債	30	627	203
借貸	27	75,000	7,637
承兌票據	28	156,586	142,281
		392,087	278,359
流動資產淨值		62,262	215,999
總資產減流動負債		141,700	483,514
非流動負債			
租賃負債	30	344	
		344	
	流動資產 存貨 貿易應收賬款及其他應收款項 按公允價值計入 金融資產 現金及現金等值項目  流動負債  原門期度負債 即期賃負 借貸 不動資產淨值  總資產減流動負債  非流動負債	#流動資產 物業、廠房及設備 17 使用權資產 18 於合營企業之權益 20 於一間聯營公司之權益 19    流動資產	### Notes

### **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

### 綜合財務狀況表

As 30 June 2023 於二零二三年六月三十日

		Note 附註	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Capital and reserves Share capital Reserves	<b>股本及儲備</b> 股本 儲備	31	391,760 (316,948)	391,760 28,060
Equity attributable to owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司擁有人應佔權益非控股權益		74,812 66,544	419,820 63,694
TOTAL EQUITY	總權益		141,356	483,514

The consolidated financial statements on pages 89 to 175 were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 26 March 2025 and are signed on its behalf by:

第89至175頁之綜合財務報表已獲董事會於二零 二五年三月二十六日批准及授權刊發,並由下列董 事代表簽署:

Approved by:

經下列董事批准:

Mr. Ip Yun Kit 葉仁傑先生 Director 董事 Ms. Zhang Yana 張雅娜女士 Director 董事

# **Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity**

# 綜合權益變動表

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

Attributable to owners of the Company

					本公司拼	有人應佔					
		Share capital 股本	Share premium 股份 溢價	Special reserve 特別 儲備	Statutory surplus reserve 法定 公積金儲備	Statutory public welfare fund 法定 公益金	Foreign currency translation reserve 外幣 換算儲備	Accumulated losses 累計 虧損	Sub-total 小計	Non- controlling interests 非控股 權益	Total
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元 (Unaudited) (未經審核)	人民幣千元 (Unaudited) (未經審核)	人民幣千元 (Unaudited) (未經審核)	人民幣千元 (Unaudited) (未經審核)	人民幣千元 (Unaudited) (未經審核)	人民幣千元 (Unaudited) (未經審核)	人民幣千元 (Unaudited) (未經審核)	人民幣千元 (Unaudited) (未經審核)	人民幣千元 (Unaudited) (未經審核)	人民幣千元 (Unaudited) (未經審核)
At 1 January 2021 Loss for the period	於二零二一年一月一日期內虧損	391,760 -	213,309	67,570 –	25,892 -	4,950 -	(23,909)	(244,542) (14,304)	435,030 (14,304)	60,069 5,485	495,099 (8,819)
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations	換算海外業務產生之 匯兌差額	-	-	-	-	-	(906)	-	(906)	-	(906)
Total comprehensive expense for the pe	riod 期內全面開支總額	-	-	-	-	-	(906)	(14,304)	(15,210)	5,485	(9,725)
Dividend paid to NCI	支付予非控股權益之股息	-	_	_	-	-	_	_	-	(1,860)	(1,860)
At 30 June 2022	於二零二二年六月三十日	391,760	213,309	67,570	25,892	4,950	(24,815)	(258,846)	419,820	63,694	483,514
At 1 July 2022 Profit for the year Exchange differences on translating	於二零二二年一月一日 年內溢利 換算海外業務產生之	391,760 -	213,309	67,570 -	25,892 -	4,950 -	(24,815)	(258,846) (338,846)	419,820 (338,846)	63,694 2,850	483,514 (335,996)
foreign operations	匯兌差額	-	-	-	-	-	(6,162)	-	(6,162)	-	(6,162)
Total comprehensive expense for the year	年內全面開支總額	-	-	-	-	-	(6,162)	(338,846)	(345,008)	2,850	(342,158)
At 30 June 2023	於二零二三年六月三十日	391,760	213,309	67,570	25,892	4,950	(30,977)	(597,692)	74,812	66,544	141,356

# **Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

# 綜合現金流量表

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

activities	現金淨額	(44,974)	46,200
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating	經營活動(所用)/所得之	-	
Income tax paid	已付所得稅	(3,189)	(3,976)
Cash (used in)/generated from operations	經營(所用)/所得之現金	(41,785)	50,176
Change in trade and other payables	貿易應付賬款及其他應付款項 之變動	33,653	16,698
	之變動	(91,172)	17,915
Change in trade and other receivables	貿易應收賬款及其他應收款項	307	(3/3 5 5)
Change in inventories	存貨變動	587	(5,908)
Operating profit before working capital changes	營運資金變動前之營運溢利	15,147	21,471
equipment	虧損淨額	56	638
Net loss on disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及設備之		
Gain on lease modification	租賃修訂收益	_	73
through profit or loss	金融資產之未變現虧損	_	19
Unrealized loss on financial assets at fair value	按公允價值計入損益之		
Share of results of an associate	應佔一間聯營公司之業績	46	225
Impairment loss on prepayment	預付款項之減值虧損	96,460	_
Impairment loss on an associate	一間聯營公司之減值虧損	198,346	_
Impairment loss on other receivable	其他應收款項之減值虧損	2,613	(2/0.0)
trade and other receivables	之減值虧損/(減值撥回)	40,631	(2,675)
Impairment loss/(reversal of impairment) on	貿易應收賬款及其他應收款項	(17133)	(, ==)
Interest income	利息收入	(1,193)	(722)
Finance costs	財務成本	6,263	17,915
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	327	2,050
Depreciation	折舊	4,791	7,315
Adjustment for:	就下列各項作出之調整:	(333,193)	(3,307)
Loss before taxation	除稅前虧損	(222,402)	(3,367)
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		止年度	六月三十日
		六月三十日	二零二二年
		二零二三年	一月一日至
		截至	二零二一年
		30 June 2023	30 June 2022
		Year ended	2021 to
			1 January

# **Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

# 綜合現金流量表

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

			1 January
		Year ended	2021 to
		30 June 2023	30 June 2022
		截至	二零二一年
		二零二三年	一月一日至
		六月三十日	二零二二年
		止年度	六月三十日
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Cook flows from investing activities	机资迁新珥仑达星		
Cash flows from investing activities	投資活動現金流量		
Proceed from disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及設備所得款項	026	255
equipment	購買物業、廠房及設備付款	936	355
Payment for purchase of property, plant and	期貝彻耒、敝房及改佣刊款	(45 520)	(12.010)
equipment	口 收到 自	(15,520)	(13,819)
Interest received	已收利息	1,193	722
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用之現金淨額	(13,391)	(12,742)
Net cash asea in investing activities	1人共	(13,331)	(12,7,12)
Cash flows from financing activities	融資活動現金流量		
Proceed from new borrowings	新借貸之所得款項	75,000	7,637
Repayment of borrowings	償還借貸	(7,637)	(40,000)
Repayment of lease liabilities	償還租賃負債	(117)	(1,887)
Dividend paid to NCI	支付予非控股權益之股息	-	(1,860)
Interest paid	已付利息	(2,033)	(4,511)
Net cash generated from/(used in) financing	融資活動所得/(所用)之		
activities	現金淨額	65,213	(40,621)
activities	プルル/テ RX	03,213	(40,021)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash	現金及現金等值項目增加/		
equivalents	(減少)淨額	6,848	(7,163)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of	期/年初之現金及現金等值項目	22.204	27 575
period/year	カレ 尚久 5年、文文 紀念 チャーン 早く 細原	33,201	37,575
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rate	外幣匯率變動之影響	6,339	2,789
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year/	年/期末之現金及現金		
period	等值項目	46,388	33,201
Analysis of cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目之分析		
Bank and cash balances	銀行及現金結餘	46,388	33,201

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Mayer Holdings Limited (the "Company") is an exempted company with limited liability incorporated in Cayman Islands and its registered office is PO Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands. The principal place of business is located at Room 2001, 20/F., Tung Ning Building, 2 Hillier Street, Sheung Wan, HK.

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of the Company's subsidiaries are set out in note 38 to the consolidated financial statements.

Pursuant to a resolution of the board of directors dated 22 December 2021, the Group changed its financial year end date from 31 December to 30 June.

The current financial statements cover a twelve months year ended 30 June 2023 and the comparative financial statements cover a eighteen months period ended 30 June 2022. The comparative amounts are therefore not entirely comparable.

# 2. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

(a) New and amended standards adopted by the Group
In the current year, the Group has adopted the following new and
revised HKFRSs (which include all HKFRSs, Hong Kong Accounting

Standards ("**HKAS**"), and Interpretations) issued by HKICPA for the first time for the consolidated financial statements.

HKAS 37 (Amendments)

Amendments in relation to Onerous

Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling

HKFRS 3 (Amendments)

Conceptual Framework for Financial

Reporting

HKAS 16 (Amendments)

Property, plant and equipment:

Amendments in relation to

Proceeds before Intended Use

Amendments to HKFRSs Annual improvements to HKFRS Standards 2018-2020 Cycle

The Group concluded that the application of the Amendments to Reference to the Conceptual Framework in HKFRSs and the amendments to HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the amounts reported and/or disclosures set out in the consolidated financial statements.

### 1. 一般資料

美亞控股有限公司(「本公司」)為一間在開曼群島註冊成立之獲豁免有限公司,其註冊辦事處為PO Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands。主要營業地點位於香港上環禧利街2號東寧大廈20樓2001室。

本公司為一間投資控股公司。本公司附屬公司 之主要業務載於綜合財務報表附註38。

根據日期為二零二一年十二月二十二日的一項 董事會決議案,本集團將其財政年度結算日由 十二月三十一日更改為六月三十日。

本期財務報表涵蓋截至二零二三年六月三十日 止十二個月年度,而比較財務報表涵蓋截至二 零二二年六月三十日止十八個月期間。因此, 比較金額完全不具可比性。

### 2. 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則

### (a) 本集團採納之新訂及經修訂準則

於本年度,本集團於綜合財務報表首次採納香港會計師公會頒佈之以下新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(當中包括所有香港財務報告準則、香港會計準則(「香港會計準則」)及詮釋)。

香港會計準則第37號 虧損合約-履行合約的 (修訂本) 成本之有關修訂 香港財務報告準則 財務報告概念框架

第3號(修訂本)

香港會計準則第16號 物業、廠房及設備:作 (修訂本) 擬定用途前的所得款 項之有關修訂

香港財務報告準則 香港財務報告準則二零

(修訂本) 一八年至二零二零年

週期之年度改進

本集團認為於本年度應用香港財務報告準則中引用概念框架的修訂本及香港財務報告準則的修訂本對綜合財務報表所呈報金額及/或所載披露並無重大影響。

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

- 2. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (cont'd)
  - (b) New standards and amendments to standards issued but not yet effective for the accounting period beginning on 1 July 2022 and not early adopted by the Group
- 2. 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則
  - (b) 於二零二二年七月一日開始的會計期間已頒佈但尚未生效且本集團並無提早採納的新訂準則及經修訂準則

Effective for accounting periods 於以下會計期間生效

HKAS 8 (Amendments)	Amendments in relation to definition of accounting	1 January 2023
香港會計準則第8號(修訂本)	estimates 會計估計定義之有關修訂	二零二三年一月一日
HKAS 1 (Amendments)	Amendments in relation to disclosure of accounting policies	1 January 2023
香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)	披露會計政策之有關修訂	二零二三年一月一日
HKFRS 17 香港財務報告準則第17號	Insurance contracts 保險合約	1 January 2023 二零二三年一月一日
HKAS 12 (Amendments)	Amendments in relation to deferred tax related to assets	1 January 2023
香港會計準則第12號 (修訂本)	and liabilities arising from a single transaction 單一交易產生的資產及負債相關的遞延稅項之 有關修訂	二零二三年一月一日
HKAS 12	Amendments in relation to International Tax Reform – Pillar Two Model Rules	1 January 2023
香港會計準則第12號	國際稅務改革一支柱二範本規則之有關修訂	二零二三年一月一日
HKAS 1 (Amendments) 香港會計準則第1號 (修訂本)	Classification of liabilities as current or non-current 負債分類為流動或非流動	1 January 2024 二零二四年一月一日
HKAS 1 (Amendments) 香港會計準則第1號 (修訂本)	Non-current liabilities with covenants 附有契諾條件的非流動負債	1 January 2024 二零二四年一月一日
HKFRS 16 (Amendments)	Amendments in relation to lease liability in a sale and leaseback	1 January 2024
香港財務報告準則第16號 (修訂本)	售後租回交易中的租賃負債之有關修訂	二零二四年一月一日
HK - Int 5 香港一詮釋第5號	Amendments in relation to Amendments to HKAS 1 香港會計準則第1號修訂本之有關修訂	1 January 2024 二零二四年一月一日
HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its	To be determined
(Amendments) 香港財務報告準則第10號及 香港會計準則第28號 (修訂本)	associate or joint venture 投資者與其聯營公司或合營企業之間的資產出售或注資	待確定

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

- 2. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (cont'd)
  - (b) New standards and amendments to standards issued but not yet effective for the accounting period beginning on 1 July 2022 and not early adopted by the Group (cont'd)
- 2. 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則
  - (b) 於二零二二年七月一日開始的會計期 間已頒佈但尚未生效且本集團並無提 早採納的新訂準則及經修訂準則(續)

Effective for accounting periods 於以下會計期間生效

	mendments in relation to Supplier Finance Arrangements 應商融資安排之有關修訂	1 January 2024 二零二四年一月一日
	mendments in relation to Lack of Exchangeability 乏可兌換性之有關修訂	1 January 2025 二零二五年一月一日
	mendments in relation to Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments	1 January 2026
香港財務報告準則第7號及第9號 分		二零二六年一月一日
	mendments in relation to contracts Referencing Nature – dependent Electricing	1 January 2026
	及依賴自然能源生產電力之合約之有關修訂	二零二六年一月一日
	esentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements 務報表之呈列及披露	1 January 2027 二零二七年一月一日
	ibsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures 公共信託責任附屬公司:披露	1 January 2027 二零二七年一月一日

### Annual Improvements to HKFRS Accounting Standards – Volume 11 香港財務報告準則會計準則年度改進-第11卷

HKFRS 1	Hedge accounting by a first-time adopter	1 January 2026
香港財務報告準則第1號	首次採用者之套期會計	二零二六年一月一日
HKFRS 7	Gain or loss on derecognition	1 January 2026
香港財務報告準則第7號	終止確認之盈虧	二零二六年一月一日

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

- 2. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (cont'd)
  - (b) New standards and amendments to standards issued but not yet effective for the accounting period beginning on 1 July 2022 and not early adopted by the Group (cont'd)
- 2. 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則
  - (b) 於二零二二年七月一日開始的會計期 間已頒佈但尚未生效且本集團並無提 早採納的新訂準則及經修訂準則(續)

Effective for accounting periods 於以下會計期間生效

Guidance on implementing HKFRS 7 香港財務報告準則第7號 實施指引	Disclosure of deferred difference between fair value and transaction price 披露公允價值與交易價格之遞延差異	1 January 2026 二零二六年一月一日
Guidance on implementing HKFRS 7 香港財務報告準則第7號 實施指引	Introduction and credit risk disclosures 簡介及信貸風險披露	1 January 2026 二零二六年一月一日
HKFRS 9	Derecognition of lease liabilities	1 January 2026
香港財務報告準則第9號	終止確認租賃負債	二零二六年一月一日
HKFRS 9	Transaction price	1 January 2026
香港財務報告準則第9號	交易價格	二零二六年一月一日
HKFRS 10	Determination of a 'de facto agent'	1 January 2026
香港財務報告準則第10號	釐定「事實上的代理人」	二零二六年一月一日
HKAS 7	Cost method	1 January 2026
香港會計準則第7號	成本法	二零二六年一月一日

The Group is in the process of making an assessment on the impact of these new standards and amendments to standards and preliminary results showed that their application are not expected to have material impact on the financial performance and financial position of the Group.

本集團正在評估該等新訂準則及經修訂準 則的影響,且初步結果顯示預期該等應用 不會對本集團的財務表現及財務狀況不會 產生重大影響。

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs, accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss which are carried at their fair values.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain key assumptions and estimates. It also requires the directors to exercise its judgements in the process of applying the accounting policies. The areas involving critical judgements and areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to these consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in note 4 to the consolidated financial statements.

As mentioned in note 39 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company is taking legal action against Mr. Zhou Shi Hao ("Mr. Zhou") and Mr. Chen Zhirui ("Mr. Chen") who are the directors of the Company and the management Happy (Hong Kong) New City Group Limited ("Happy HK") and its subsidiaries ("Happy Group"), refuse to provide the accounting documents of Happy Group for the year ended 30 June 2023 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements. Therefore, the Group consolidated the financial information of Happy Group in according to the management accounts of Happy Group for six months ended 31 December 2022 which are latest available financial information of Happy Group.

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below.

### 3. 重大會計政策

本綜合財務報表乃按照香港財務報告準則、香港公認會計原則以及香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「**上市規則**」)及香港《公司條例》之適用披露規定編製。

本綜合財務報表乃按照歷史成本慣例編製,並 就重估按公允價值列賬之按公允價值計入損益 之金融資產作出修訂。

編製符合香港財務報告準則之綜合財務報表需要使用若干主要假設及估計。在應用會計政策時,董事亦須作出判斷。涉及關鍵判斷之範疇及涉及之假設及估計對本綜合財務報表而言屬重大之範疇於綜合財務報表附註4披露。

誠如綜合財務報表附註39所述,本公司正就周世豪先生(「**周先生**」)及陳志睿先生(「**陳先生**」) (彼等為本公司董事及眾樂(香港)新城市控股集團有限公司(「**眾樂香港**」) 及其附屬公司(統稱「**眾樂集團**」) 的管理層) 拒絕提供截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度的眾樂集團會計文件以編製綜合財務報表而採取法律行動。因此,本集團按照眾樂集團截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止六個月的管理賬目(即眾樂集團之最近期財務資料) 將眾樂集團的財務資料綜合入賬。

編製本綜合財務報表時應用之重大會計政策載 於下文。

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd) Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 30 June/31 December. Subsidiaries are entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The Group has power over an entity when the Group has existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities, i.e. activities that significantly affect the entity's returns.

When assessing control, the Group considers its potential voting rights as well as potential voting rights held by other parties, to determine whether it has control. A potential voting right is considered only if the holder has the practical ability to exercise that right.

The gain or loss on the disposal of a subsidiary that results in a loss of control represents the difference between (i) the fair value of the consideration of the sale plus the fair value of any investment retained in that subsidiary and (ii) the Company's share of the net assets of that subsidiary plus any remaining goodwill relating to that subsidiary and any related accumulated foreign currency translation reserve.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date the control ceases.

Intragroup transactions, balances and unrealised profits are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in subsidiaries not attributable, directly or indirectly, to the Company. Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position and consolidated statement of changes in equity within equity. Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as an allocation of profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between the non-controlling shareholders and owners of the Company.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling shareholders even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

# 3. 重大會計政策(續) 綜合賬目

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公司截至六月三十日/十二月三十一日之財務報表。附屬公司為本集團於其中擁有控制權之實體。當本集團承受或享有參與實體所得之可變回報,且有能力透過其對實體之權力影響該等回報時,本集團即控制該實體。當本集團現時擁有之權力賦予其目前掌控有關活動(即大幅影響實體回報之活動)之能力時,本集團即對該實體擁有權力。

在評估控制權時,本集團會考慮其潛在表決權 及其他人士持有之潛在表決權,以釐定其是否 擁有控制權。僅倘持有人有實際能力行使潛在 表決權之情況下,方會考慮該項權利。

出售附屬公司 (導致失去控制權) 之收益或虧損指(i)出售代價之公允價值另加於該附屬公司所保留任何投資之公允價值與(ii)本公司應佔該附屬公司淨資產另加與該附屬公司有關之任何餘下商譽及任何相關累計外幣換算儲備兩者間之差額。

附屬公司由控制權轉移至本集團當日起綜合入 賬,並由控制權終止之日起不再綜合入賬。

集團內公司間之交易、結餘及未變現溢利均予 對銷。除非有關交易提供證據顯示所轉讓資產 出現減值,否則未變現虧損亦予以對銷。附屬 公司之會計政策已作出必要更改,以確保與本 集團所採納之政策一致。

非控股權益指並非直接或間接歸屬於本公司之 附屬公司權益。非控股權益於綜合財務狀況表 及綜合權益變動表之權益項目內呈列。非控股 權益於綜合損益及其他全面收益表內呈列為本 公司非控股權益股東及擁有人之年內損益及全 面收益總額分配。

即使此舉導致非控股權益出現虧絀結餘,溢利或虧損及其他全面收益之各個組成部分歸屬於本公司擁有人及非控股權益股東。

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

### **Business combination and goodwill**

The acquisition method is used to account for the acquisition of a subsidiary in a business combination. The cost of acquisition is measured at the acquisition-date fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued, liabilities incurred and contingent consideration. Acquisition-related costs are recognised as expenses in the periods in which the costs are incurred and the services are received. Identifiable assets and liabilities of the subsidiary in the acquisition are measured at their acquisition-date fair values.

The excess of the cost of acquisition over the Company's share of the net fair value of the subsidiary's identifiable assets and liabilities is recorded as goodwill. Any excess of the Company's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of acquisition is recognised in consolidated profit or loss as a gain on bargain purchase which is attributed to the Company.

In a business combination achieved in stages, the previously held equity interest in the subsidiary is remeasured at its acquisition-date fair value and the resulting gain or loss is recognised in consolidated profit or loss. The fair value is added to the cost of acquisition to calculate the goodwill.

If the changes in the value of the previously held equity interest in the subsidiary were recognised in other comprehensive income (for example, equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income), the amount that was recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised on the same basis as would be required if the previously held equity interest were disposed of.

Goodwill is tested annually for impairment or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired. Goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses. The method of measuring impairment losses of goodwill is the same as that of other assets as stated in the accounting policy (II) below. Impairment losses of goodwill are recognised in consolidated profit or loss and are not subsequently reversed. Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the acquisition for the purpose of impairment testing.

The non-controlling interests in the subsidiary are initially measured at the non-controlling shareholders' proportionate share of the net fair value of the subsidiary's identifiable assets and liabilities at the acquisition date.

### 3. 重大會計政策 (續) 業務合併及商譽

本集團採用收購法為業務合併中所收購之附屬 公司入賬。收購成本乃按所獲資產、所發行權 益工具、所產生負債以及或然代價於收購當日 之公允價值計量。收購相關成本於有關成本產 生及獲提供服務期間確認為開支。收購時,附 屬公司之可識別資產及負債按其於收購當日之 公允價值計量。

收購成本超出本公司應佔附屬公司可識別資產 及負債之淨公允價值之差額乃列作商譽。本公 司應佔可識別資產及負債之淨公允價值超出收 購成本之任何差額於綜合損益內確認為本公司 應佔議價收購之收益。

對於分段進行之業務合併,先前已持有之附屬 公司股權乃按其於收購當日之公允價值重新 計量,由此產生之收益或虧損於綜合損益內確 認。公允價值將加入至收購成本以計算商譽。

倘先前已持有之附屬公司股權之價值變動已於 其他全面收益內確認(例如按公允價值計入其 他全面收益之權益投資),則於其他全面收益 內確認之金額將按在先前已持有之股權被出售 之情況下所須之相同基準確認。

商譽每年均接受減值測試,或當發生事件或情況有變顯示其可能出現減值時作更頻密測試。商譽乃按成本減累計減值虧損計量。商譽減值虧損之計量方法與下述會計政策(II)所載之其他資產之計量方法相同。商譽之減值虧損於綜合損益內確認,且其後不會撥回。就減值測試而言,商譽會被分配至預期將受惠於收購協同效益之現金產生單位。

於附屬公司之非控股權益初步按非控股股東於 收購當日應佔附屬公司可識別資產及負債之淨 公允價值之比例計量。

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

#### **Associates**

Associates are entities over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of an entity but is not control or joint control over those policies. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible, including potential voting rights held by other entities, are considered when assessing whether the Group has significant influence. In assessing whether a potential voting right contributes to significant influence, the holder's intention and financial ability to exercise or convert that right is not considered.

Investment in an associate is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements by the equity method and is initially recognised at cost. Identifiable assets and liabilities of the associate in an acquisition are measured at their fair values at the acquisition date. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the associate's identifiable assets and liabilities is recorded as goodwill. The goodwill is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is tested for impairment together with the investment at the end of each reporting period when there is objective evidence that the investment is impaired. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of acquisition is recognised in consolidated profit or loss.

The Group's share of an associate's post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in consolidated profit or loss, and its share of the post-acquisition movements in reserves is recognised in the consolidated reserves. The cumulative post-acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate. If the associate subsequently reports profits, the Group resumes recognising its share of those profits only after its share of the profits equals the share of losses not recognised.

### 3. 重大會計政策 (續)

#### 聯營公司

聯營公司為本集團對其有重大影響力之實體。 重大影響力指有權參與實體之財務及經營政策 之決定,而非控制或共同控制該等政策。於評 估本集團是否擁有重大影響力時,會考慮是否 存在現時可行使或可轉換之潛在表決權(包括 其他實體持有之潛在表決權)及其影響。於評 估潛在表決權是否構成重大影響力時,持有人 之意圖及行使或轉換該權利之財務能力將不予 考慮。

於聯營公司之投資以權益法於綜合財務報表內入賬,並初步按成本確認。於一項收購中之聯營公司可識別資產及負債按於收購當日之公允價值計量。收購成本超出本集團應佔該聯營公司可識別資產及負債之淨公允價值之差額乃列作商譽。商譽計入投資之賬面金額,並於有客觀證據顯示該項投資已出現減值時於各報告期末連同該項投資進行減值測試。本集團應佔可識別資產及負債之淨公允價值超出收購成本之任何差額於綜合損益內確認。

本集團應佔聯營公司之收購後溢利或虧損於綜合損益內確認,其應佔收購後儲備變動則於綜合儲備內確認。收購後之累計變動於投資之賬面金額作出調整。除非本集團已承擔責任或代聯營公司付款,否則當本集團應佔該聯營公司之虧損相等於或超逾其於該聯營公司之權益(包括任何其他無抵押應收款項)時,本集團不會確認進一步虧損。倘聯營公司其後錄得溢利,則本集團僅於其應佔溢利相等於其應佔未確認之虧損後,方會恢復確認其應佔之該等溢利。

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

#### Associates (cont'd)

The gain or loss on the disposal of an associate that results in a loss of significant influence represents the difference between (i) the fair value of the consideration of the sale plus the fair value of any investment retained in that associate and (ii) the Group's share of the net assets of that associate plus any remaining goodwill relating to that associate and any related accumulated foreign currency translation reserve. If an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture, the Group continues to apply the equity method and does not remeasure the retained interest.

Unrealised profits on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interests in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

#### Joint arrangements

A joint arrangement is an arrangement of which two or more parties have joint control. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control. Relevant activities are activities that significantly affect the returns of the arrangement. When assessing joint control, the Group considers its potential voting rights as well as potential voting rights held by other parties, to determine whether it has joint control. A potential voting right is considered only if the holder has the practical ability to exercise that right.

A joint arrangement is either a joint operation or a joint venture. A joint operation is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the assets, and obligations for the liabilities, relating to the arrangement. A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the arrangement.

# 3. 重大會計政策(續) 聯營公司(續)

出售聯營公司(導致失去重大影響力)之收益或虧損指(i)出售代價之公允價值另加任何於該聯營公司所保留投資之公允價值與(ii)本集團應佔該聯營公司淨資產另加與該聯營公司有關之任何餘下商譽及任何相關累計外幣換算儲備兩者間之差額。倘於聯營公司之投資成為於合營企業之投資,則本集團會繼續採用權益法,且不會重新計量保留權益。

本集團與其聯營公司進行交易之未變現溢利按 本集團於聯營公司之權益對銷。除非有關交易 提供證據顯示所轉讓資產出現減值,否則未變 現虧損亦予以對銷。聯營公司之會計政策已作 出必要更改,以確保與本集團所採納之政策一 致。

### 合營安排

合營安排指兩方或以上於其中擁有共同控制權之安排。共同控制權為按照合約協定對一項安排共有之控制權,僅於相關活動要求共有控制權之各方作出一致同意之決定時存在。相關活動為對安排回報有重大影響之活動。於評估共同控制權時,本集團會考慮其潛在表決權及由其他人士持有之潛在表決權,以釐定是否擁有共同控制權。一項潛在表決權僅於持有人有實際能力行使該項權利時方予考慮。

合營安排為共同經營或合營企業。共同經營為 對一項安排擁有共同控制權之各方對有關該項 安排之資產擁有權利及對其負債承擔責任之合 營安排。合營企業為對安排擁有共同控制權之 各方對一項安排之淨資產擁有權利之合營安 排。

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

### Joint arrangements (cont'd)

Investment in a joint venture is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements by the equity method and is initially recognised at cost. Identifiable assets and liabilities of the joint venture in an acquisition are measured at their fair values at the acquisition date. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the joint venture's identifiable assets and liabilities is recorded as goodwill. The goodwill is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is tested for impairment together with the investment at the end of each reporting period when there is objective evidence that the investment is impaired. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of acquisition is recognised in consolidated profit or loss.

The Group's share of a joint venture's post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in consolidated profit or loss, and its share of the post-acquisition movements in reserves is recognised in the consolidated reserves. The cumulative post-acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in a joint venture equals or exceeds its interest in the joint venture, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the joint venture. If the joint venture subsequently reports profits, the Group resumes recognising its share of those profits only after its share of the profits equals the share of losses not recognised.

The gain or loss on the disposal of a joint venture that results in a loss of joint control represents the difference between (i) the fair value of the consideration of the sale plus the fair value of any investment retained in that joint venture and (ii) the Group's share of the net assets of that joint venture plus any remaining goodwill relating to that joint venture and any related accumulated foreign currency translation reserve. If an investment in a joint venture becomes an investment in an associate, the Group continues to apply the equity method and does not remeasure the retained interest.

### Foreign currency translation

#### (i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB"), which is the Company's presentation currency. The functional currency of the Company is Hong Kong dollar.

### 3. 重大會計政策(續)

#### 合營安排(續)

於合營企業之投資以權益法於綜合財務報表內入賬,並初步按成本確認。於一項收購中之合營企業可識別資產及負債按於收購當日之公允價值計量。收購成本超出本集團應佔合營企業可識別資產及負債之淨公允價值之差額乃列作商譽。商譽計入投資之賬面金額,並於有客觀證據顯示該項投資已出現減值時於各報告期末連同該項投資進行減值測試。本集團應佔可識別資產及負債之淨公允價值超出收購成本之任何差額於綜合損益內確認。

本集團應佔合營企業之收購後溢利或虧損於 綜合損益內確認,其應佔收購後儲備變動則於 綜合儲備內確認。收購後之累計變動於投資之 賬面金額作出調整。除非本集團已承擔責任或 代合營企業付款,否則當本集團應佔該合營企 業之虧損相等於或超逾其於該合營企業之權 益(包括任何其他無抵押應收款項)時,本集 團不會確認進一步虧損。倘合營企業其後錄得 溢利,則本集團僅於其應佔溢利相等於其應佔 未確認之虧損後,方會恢復確認其應佔之該等 溢利。

出售合營企業(導致失去共同控制權)之收益 或虧損指(i)出售代價之公允價值另加任何於該 合營企業所保留投資之公允價值與(ii)本集團應 佔該合營企業淨資產另加與該合營企業有關之 任何餘下商譽及任何相關累計外幣換算儲備兩 者間之差額。倘於合營企業之投資成為於聯營 公司之投資,則本集團會繼續採用權益法,且 不會重新計量保留權益。

#### 外幣換算

### (i) 功能及呈列貨幣

本集團各實體之財務報表所載項目以實體經營所在主要經濟環境之貨幣(「功能貨幣」)計量。綜合財務報表以人民幣(「人民幣」)呈列,而人民幣為本公司之呈列貨幣。本公司之功能貨幣為港元。

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

### Foreign currency translation (cont'd)

### (ii) Transactions and balances in each entity's financial statements

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency on initial recognition using the exchange rates prevailing on the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the end of each reporting period. Gains and losses resulting from this translation policy are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair values in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates at the dates when the fair values are determined.

When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in other comprehensive income, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income. When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

#### (iii) Translation on consolidation

The results and financial position of all the Group entities that have a functional currency different from the Company's presentation currency are translated into the Company's presentation currency as follows:

- Assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- Income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the exchange rates on the transaction dates); and
- All resulting exchange differences are recognised in the foreign currency translation reserve.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign entities and of borrowings are recognised in the foreign currency translation reserve. When a foreign operation is sold, such exchange differences are recognised in consolidated profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

### 3. 重大會計政策 (續) 外幣換算 (續)

### (ii) 各實體財務報表之交易及結餘

外幣交易於初步確認時採用交易日之通行 匯率換算為功能貨幣。以外幣計值之貨幣 資產及負債按各報告期末之匯率換算。該 換算政策所產生之收益及虧損於損益內確 認。

按公允價值計量及以外幣計值之非貨幣項目按釐定公允價值當日之匯率換算。

當非貨幣項目之收益或虧損於其他全面收益內確認時,該收益或虧損之任何匯兌組成部分會於其他全面收益內確認。當非貨幣項目之收益或虧損於損益內確認時,該收益或虧損之任何匯兌組成部分會於損益內確認。

#### (iii) 綜合賬目時換算

功能貨幣與本公司呈列貨幣不同之所有本 集團實體之業績及財務狀況按下列方式換 算為本公司之呈列貨幣:

- 就各份財務狀況表呈列之資產及負債 按該財務狀況表日期之收市匯率換 算;
- 收入及開支按平均匯率換算(除非該 平均匯率並非交易日通行匯率之累計 影響之合理近值,在此情況下,收入 及開支按交易日之匯率換算);及
- 所有因此產生之匯兌差額於外幣換算 儲備內確認。

於綜合賬目時,換算海外實體淨投資及借貸所產生之匯兌差額於外幣換算儲備內確認。當出售海外業務時,該等匯兌差額會於綜合損益內確認為出售收益或虧損一部分。

收購海外實體所產生之商譽及公允價值調整被視為該海外實體之資產及負債處理,並按收市匯率換算。

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

### Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised in profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated at rates sufficient to write off their costs/revalued amounts less their residual values over the estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The principal useful lives are as follows:

Buildings and factory premises  $10\% - 33 \frac{1}{3}\%$  or over the remaining term of the lease, if shorter  $10\% - 33 \frac{1}{3}\%$  or over the remaining term of the lease, if shorter Plant and machinery 7% - 25% Furniture, fixtures and office equipment Motor vehicles 10% - 25%

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Construction in progress represents buildings under construction and plant and machinery pending installation, and is stated at cost less impairment losses. Depreciation begins when the relevant assets are available for use.

The gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset, and is recognised in profit or loss.

### 3. 重大會計政策 (續)

物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備按成本減累計折舊及減值虧 損列賬。

其後成本僅於與該項目相關之未來經濟利益 可能流入本集團,且該項目之成本能可靠地計 量時,方計入資產之賬面金額或確認為獨立資 產(如適用)。所有其他維修及保養於產生之 期間在損益內確認。

物業、廠房及設備之折舊按足以撇銷其成本 /重估金額減其剩餘價值之比率,於估計可使 用年期內使用直線法計算。主要可使用年期如 下:

樓字及工廠大廈 5%或按剩餘租期

(以較短者為準)

租賃物業裝修  $10\% - 33 \frac{1}{3}\%$ 或按剩餘

租期(以較短者為準)

 廠房及機械
 7% - 25%

 傢俬、裝置及
 5% - 33 ½,3%

辦公室設備

汽車 10% – 25%

本集團於各報告期末檢討及調整 (如適用) 剩餘價值、可使用年期及折舊方法。

在建工程指在建樓宇以及待安裝之廠房及機械,以成本減去減值虧損列賬。折舊於相關資產可供使用時開始計算。

出售物業、廠房及設備之收益或虧損為出售所 得款項淨額與相關資產賬面金額兩者間之差 額,並於損益內確認。

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

#### Leases

#### The Group as lessee

Leases are recognised as right-of-use assets and corresponding lease liabilities when the leased assets are available for use by the Group. Right-of- use assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Depreciation of right-of-use assets is calculated at rates to write off their cost over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. The principal annual rates are as follows:

Land and buildings

25% - 50%

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liabilities, lease payments prepaid, initial direct costs and the restoration costs. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the lease payments discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease if that rate can be determined, or otherwise the Group's incremental borrowing rate. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the lease liability.

Payments associated with short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expenses in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease terms. Short-term leases are leases with an initial lease term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets are assets of value below US\$5,000.

### **Inventories**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average basis. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of all production overhead expenditure, and where appropriate, subcontracting charges. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

### 3. 重大會計政策 (續)

#### 和賃

#### 本集團作為承租人

租賃於租賃資產可供本集團使用時確認為使用權資產及相應租賃負債。使用權資產按成本減累計折舊及減值虧損列賬。使用權資產之折舊按撇銷其成本之比率,於資產可使用年期與租期之較短者內使用直線法計算。主要年率如下:

土地及樓宇

25% - 50%

使用權資產按成本計量,該成本包括租賃負債 之初始計量金額、預付租賃款項、初始直接成 本及復原成本。租賃負債包括租賃款項以租賃 內含利率(假設該利率可予釐定,否則採用本 集團之遞增借貸利率)貼現之淨現值。每筆租 賃款項均會在負債與財務成本之間分配。財務 成本於租期內自損益扣除,藉以固定租賃負債 餘額於每個期間之利率。

與短期租賃及低價值資產租賃相關之付款於租期內以直線法在損益內確認為開支。短期租賃指初始租期為12個月或以下之租賃。低價值資產為價值低於5,000美元之資產。

#### 存貨

存貨按成本與可變現淨值兩者間之較低者列 賬。成本採用加權平均基準釐定。製成品及在 製品之成本包括原材料、直接勞工及所有生 產經常性開支之適當部分和(如適用)分包支 出。可變現淨值為日常業務過程中之估計售價 減估計完成成本及作出銷售所需之估計成本。

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

### Recognition and derecognition of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to receive cash flows from the assets expire; the Group transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the assets; or the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the assets but has not retained control on the assets. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss.

### **Financial assets**

Financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis where the purchase or sale of an asset is under a contract whose terms require delivery of the asset within the timeframe established by the market concerned, and are initially recognised at fair value, plus directly attributable transaction costs except in the case of investments at fair value through profit or loss. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial assets of the Group are classified under the following categories:

- Financial assets at amortised cost; and
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

### 3. 重大會計政策 (續) 確認及終止確認金融工具

金融資產及金融負債於本集團成為工具合約條文之訂約方時在財務狀況表內確認。

倘自資產取得現金流之合約權利屆滿;本集團 轉讓資產擁有權之絕大部分風險及回報;或本 集團既無轉讓亦無保留資產擁有權之絕大部 分風險及回報但不保留對資產之控制權,則本 集團會終止確認金融資產。終止確認金融資產 時,資產賬面金額與已收代價及已於其他全面 收益內確認之累計收益或虧損之總和兩者間之 差額於損益內確認。

倘相關合約訂明之責任獲解除、註銷或屆滿, 則本集團會終止確認金融負債。已終止確認之 金融負債之賬面金額與已付代價兩者間之差額 於損益內確認。

#### 金融資產

倘金融資產買賣根據合約進行,而合約條款規定金融資產須於有關市場制定之時限內交付, 則該等資產按交易日期基準確認及終止確認, 並初步按公允價值另加直接應佔交易成本計 量,惟按公允價值計入損益之投資除外。收購 按公允價值計入損益之金融資產直接應佔之交 易成本即時於損益內確認。

本集團之金融資產分為以下類別:

- 一 按攤銷成本計量之金融資產;及
- 按公允價值計入損益之金融資產。

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

### Financial assets (cont'd)

#### (i) Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets (including trade and other receivables) are classified under this category if they satisfy both of the following conditions:

- the assets are held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less loss allowance for expected credit losses

#### (ii) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified under this category if they do not meet the conditions to be measured at amortised cost and the conditions of debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income unless the Group designates an equity investment that is not held for trading as at fair value through other comprehensive income on initial recognition.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at fair value with any gains or losses arising from changes in fair values recognised in profit or loss. The fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss are net of any interest income and dividend income. Interest income and dividend income are recognised in profit or loss.

## 3. 重大會計政策(續) 金融資產(續)

### (i) 按攤銷成本計量之金融資產

金融資產(包括貿易應收賬款及其他應收款項)如同時符合以下條件,則歸入此類別:

- 資產於旨在持有資產以收取合約現金 流之業務模型內持有;及
- 一 資產之合約條款導致於特定日期產生 純粹為支付本金及未償還本金利息之 現金流。

該等資產其後採用實際利息法按攤銷成本 減預期信貸虧損之虧損備抵計量。

### (ii) 按公允價值計入損益之金融資產

金融資產如不符合按攤銷成本計量之條件 及按公允價值計入其他全面收益之債務投 資之條件,除非本集團於初步確認時將並 非持作買賣之權益投資指定為按公允價值 計入其他全面收益,否則歸入此類別。

按公允價值計入損益之金融資產其後按公允價值計量,而公允價值變動所產生之任何收益或虧損於損益內確認。於損益內確認之公允價值收益或虧損須扣除所有利息收入及股息收入。利息收入及股息收入於損益內確認。

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

### Loss allowances for expected credit losses

The Group recognises loss allowances for expected credit losses on financial assets at amortised cost. Expected credit losses are the weighted average of credit losses with the respective risks of a default occurring as the weights.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group measures the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to the expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of that financial instrument ("lifetime expected credit losses") for trade receivables or if the credit risk on that financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition.

If, at the end of the reporting period, the credit risk on a financial instrument (other than trade receivables) has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to the portion of lifetime expected credit losses that represents the expected credit losses that result from default events on that financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting period.

The amount of expected credit losses or reversal to adjust the loss allowance at the end of the reporting period to the required amount is recognised in profit or loss as an impairment gain or loss.

### Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents represent cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term highly liquid investments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of change in value. Bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents.

### 3. 重大會計政策 (續) 預期信貸虧損之虧損備抵

本集團會就按攤銷成本計量之金融資產確認預期信貸虧損之虧損備抵。預期信貸虧損為信貸虧損之加權平均數,並以發生相關違約事件之風險作為加權數值。

於各報告期末,本集團按相等於預期信貸虧損之金額計量金融工具之虧損備抵,而就貿易應收賬款而言或倘有關金融工具之信貸風險自初始確認以來大幅增加,有關預期信貸虧損指因所有可能於該項金融工具預計年期內發生之違約事件而產生之預期信貸虧損(「全期預期信貸虧損」)。

倘於報告期末某項金融工具(貿易應收賬款除外)之信貸風險自初始確認以來並無大幅增加,則本集團按相等於全期預期信貸虧損之一部分金額計量該項金融工具之虧損備抵,而該部分金額乃指因可能於報告期後12個月內發生之違約事件而產生之預期信貸虧損。

預期信貸虧損金額或旨在將報告期末之虧損備 抵調整至所需金額而撥回之金額於損益內確認 為減值收益或虧損。

#### 現金及現金等值項目

就現金流量表而言,現金及現金等值項目指銀行及手頭現金、於銀行及其他財務機構之活期存款,以及可隨時兌換成已知數額現金且價值變動風險不高之短期高度流通投資。按要求償還並組成本集團現金管理其中一部分之銀行透支亦計入現金及現金等值項目之組成部分。

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

### Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument under HKFRSs. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. The accounting policies adopted for specific financial liabilities and equity instruments are set out below.

#### **Borrowings**

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

### Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are stated initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

### **Derivative financial instruments**

Derivatives (including contingent considerations under business combinations) are initially recognised and subsequently measured at fair value with any gains or losses arising from changes in fair values recognised in profit or loss.

#### **Equity instruments**

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

## 3. 重大會計政策(續) 金融負債及權益工具

金融負債及權益工具乃按照所訂立合約安排之內容以及香港財務報告準則對金融負債及權益工具所下之定義分類。權益工具為證明於本集團資產之剩餘權益(經扣除其所有負債)之任何合約。就特定金融負債及權益工具採用之會計政策載於下文。

#### 借貸

借貸初步按公允價值扣除所產生之交易成本確認,其後則採用實際利息法按攤銷成本計量。

除非本集團擁有無條件權利將負債之清償日期 遞延至報告期末後至少12個月,否則借貸分類 為流動負債。

### 貿易應付賬款及其他應付款項

貿易應付賬款及其他應付款項初步按公允價值列賬,其後則採用實際利息法按攤銷成本計量,除非貼現影響並不重大,在此情況下則按成本列賬。

#### 衍生金融工具

衍生工具(包括業務合併下之或然代價)初步按公允價值確認,其後按公允價值計量,而公允價值變動所產生之任何收益或虧損於損益內確認。

### 權益工具

本公司發行之權益工具按已收所得款項(扣除 直接發行成本後)記賬。

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

#### Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer with reference to the customary business practices and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties. For a contract where the period between the payment by the customer and the transfer of the promised product or service exceeds one year, the consideration is adjusted for the effect of a significant financing component.

The Group recognises revenue when it satisfies a performance obligation by transferring control over a product or service to a customer. Depending on the terms of a contract and the laws that apply to that contract, a performance obligation can be satisfied over time or at a point in time. A performance obligation is satisfied over time if:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance;
- the Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or
- the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

If a performance obligation is satisfied over time, revenue is recognised by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of that performance obligation. Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the product or service.

#### Other income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method.

Dividend income is recognised when the shareholders' rights to receive payment are established.

## 3. 重大會計政策(續) 客戶合約收益

收益參考常見業務慣例按客戶合約列明之代價計量,且不包括代表第三方收取之款項。就客戶付款至轉移承諾產品或服務期間超過一年之合約而言,本集團會就重大融資組成部分之影響調整代價。

當本集團透過將某項產品或服務之控制權轉 移至客戶而達成履約責任時,本集團會確認收 益。視乎合約條款及適用於該合約之法例而 定,履約責任可隨時間或於某一時間點達成。 倘符合以下條件,則履約責任乃隨時間達成:

- 客戶同時接受及耗用本集團履約所提供之 利益;
- 本集團履約產生或增強一項於產生或增強 時由客戶控制之資產;或
- 本集團履約並無產生對本集團而言具替代 用途之資產,且本集團對迄今完成之履約 付款具有可強制執行權利。

倘履約責任隨時間達成,則收益參考距離完全 達成該履約責任之進度確認,否則收益於客戶 取得產品或服務控制權之時間點確認。

### 其他收入

利息收入採用實際利息法確認。

股息收入於股東收取付款之權利確立時確認。

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

### **Employee benefits**

#### (i) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave and long service leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave and long service leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the at the end of the reporting period.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

### (ii) Pension obligations

The Group contributes to defined contribution retirement schemes which are available to all employees. Contributions to the schemes by the Group and employees are calculated as a percentage of employees' basic salaries. The retirement benefit scheme cost charged in profit or loss represents contributions payable by the Group to the funds.

#### (iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised at the earlier of the dates when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when the Group recognises restructuring costs and involves the payment of termination benefits.

#### **Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

To the extent that funds are borrowed generally and used for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset, the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation is determined by applying a capitalisation rate to the expenditures on that asset. The capitalisation rate is the weighted average of the borrowing costs applicable to the borrowings of the Group that are outstanding during the period, other than borrowings made specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

## 3. 重大會計政策(續) 僱員福利

### (i) 僱員應享假期

僱員應享之年假及長期服務假於賦予僱員 時確認。本集團會就僱員因截至報告期末 所提供服務而享有之年假及長期服務假之 估計負債計提撥備。

僱員應享之病假及產假於放假時方予確認。

#### (ii) 退休金承擔

本集團向定額供款退休計劃作出供款,所 有僱員均可參與該計劃。本集團及僱員向 計劃作出之供款按僱員基本薪金之百分比 計算。自損益扣除之退休福利計劃成本指 本集團應向該基金支付之供款。

#### (iii) 離職福利

當本集團不再能夠撤回所提供之離職福 利,或當本集團確認重組成本並涉及支付 離職福利(以較早者為準)時,本集團將確 認該等福利。

### 借貸成本

收購、興建或生產合資格資產(即需要一段長時間方可準備就緒作擬定用途或出售之資產)直接應佔之借貸成本會撥充資本,作為該等資產成本之一部分,直至該等資產已大致準備就緒作擬定用途或出售為止。就有待用作合資格資產支出之特定借貸進行臨時投資所賺取之投資收入會自合資格撥充資本之借貸成本扣除。

以一般性借入及用於獲取合資格資產之資金為限,合資格撥充資本之借貸成本金額乃透過對該項資產之支出應用之撥充資本比率釐定。撥充資本比率為適用於本集團之期內未償還借貸之借貸成本之加權平均數,惟特別為獲取合資格資產而作出之借貸則除外。

所有其他借貸成本於產生之期間在損益內確 認。

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

#### **Taxation**

Income tax represents the sum of the current tax and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit recognised in profit or loss because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses or unused tax credits can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, and its joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

## 3. 重大會計政策(續)

所得稅指即期稅項與遞延稅項之總和。

即期應付稅項以年內應課稅溢利為基礎。應課稅溢利有別於在損益內確認之溢利,乃由於應課稅溢利不包括其他年度應課稅收入或可扣稅支出項目,並進一步不包括毋須課稅或不可扣稅項目。本集團之即期稅項負債乃採用於報告期末已制定或實質上已制定之稅率計算。

遞延稅項按財務報表內資產及負債之賬面金額與計算應課稅溢利所用之相應稅基兩者間之差異確認。本集團一般就所有應課稅暫時差異確認遞延稅項負債,並在將有應課稅溢利可供扣減可扣稅暫時差異、未動用稅務虧損或未動用稅項抵免之範圍內確認遞延稅項資產。倘暫時差異乃因商譽或因於一項既不影響應課稅溢利亦不影響會計溢利之交易(業務合併除外)中初步確認其他資產與負債而產生,則不會確認該等資產與負債。

本集團會就於附屬公司及聯營公司及合營企業之投資產生之應課稅暫時差異確認遞延稅項負債,惟倘本集團有能力控制暫時差異之撥回,且有關暫時差異不會於可見將來撥回則作別論。

本集團於各報告期末檢討遞延稅項資產之賬面 金額,並在不再可能有足夠應課稅溢利容許收 回全部或部分資產之範圍內作出扣減。

遞延稅項基於預期於清償負債或變現資產之期間按於報告期末已制定或實質上已制定之稅率計算。遞延稅項乃於損益內確認,惟倘遞延稅項與於其他全面收益或直接於權益內確認之項目有關,則亦於其他全面收益或直接於權益內確認。

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

### Taxation (cont'd)

The measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

#### **Related parties**

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the Group.

- (A) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
  - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Company or of a parent of the Company.

### 3. 重大會計政策 (續) 稅項 (續)

遞延稅項資產及負債之計量反映按本集團預期 於報告期末收回或清償其資產及負債賬面金額 之稅務後果。

當擁有在法律上可強制執行之權利以即期稅項資產抵銷即期稅項負債,而該等資產及負債與同一稅務機關徵收之所得稅有關,且本集團有意按淨值基準清償即期稅項資產及負債時,遞延稅項資產與負債可予對銷。

#### 關聯方

關聯方為與本集團有關聯之人士或實體。

- (A) 倘屬以下人士,即該人士或其近親與本集 團有關聯:
  - (i) 對本集團擁有控制權或共同控制權;
  - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響力;或
  - (iii) 為本公司或其母公司主要管理層成 員。

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

## 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd) Related parties (cont'd)

- (B) An entity is related to the Group (reporting entity) if any of the following conditions applies:
  - (i) The entity and the Company are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
  - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
  - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
  - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
  - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group. If the Group is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the Group.
  - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (A).
  - (vii) A person identified in (A)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
  - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Company or to a parent of the Company.

### 3. 重大會計政策 (續) 關聯方 (續)

- (B) 倘符合下列任何條件,即實體與本集團 (申報實體)有關聯:
  - (i) 該實體與本公司屬同一集團之成員公司(即母公司、附屬公司及同系附屬公司各自之間有關聯)。
  - (ii) 一間實體為另一實體之聯營公司或合 營企業(或另一實體為成員公司之集 團旗下成員公司之聯營公司或合營企 業)。
  - (iii) 兩間實體均為同一第三方之合營企 業。
  - (iv) 一間實體為某第三方實體之合營企 業,而另一實體為該第三方實體之聯 營公司。
  - (v) 該實體為本集團或與其有關聯之實體 就僱員利益設立之離職後福利計劃。 倘本集團本身即為該計劃,則提供資 助之僱主亦與本集團有關聯。
  - (vi) 實體受(A)所識別人士控制或共同控制。
  - (vii) (A)(i)所識別人士對該實體有重大影響 力或屬該實體(或該實體之母公司) 主要管理層成員。
  - (viii) 該實體或其所屬集團之任何成員公司 向本公司或本公司之母公司提供主要 管理人員服務。

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

### **Segment reporting**

Operating segments and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purpose of allocating resources and assessing the performance of the Group's various lines of business.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of productions processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

### Impairment of assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets other than investments, inventories and receivables, to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of any impairment loss. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

If the recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

## 3. 重大會計政策(續)分部報告

經營分部及於財務報表內呈報之各分部項目金額從財務資料中確認,而該等財務資料乃定期提供予本集團最高級行政管理人員,以向本集團各項業務分配資源並評估本集團各項業務之表現。

除非個別重大之經營分部之經濟特徵相似,且 在產品及服務性質、生產過程性質、顧客種類 或等級、用以分銷產品或提供服務之方式,以 及監管環境性質方面均相似,否則該等分部並 不為財務申報而合併計算。倘個別非重大之經 營分部共同具有上述大部分之特徵,則可能會 合併計算。

#### 資產減值

本集團於各報告期末審閱有形及無形資產(投資、存貨及應收款項除外)之賬面金額,以釐定有否任何跡象顯示該等資產已出現減值虧損。如有任何有關跡象,則會估計資產之可收回金額,以釐定減值虧損之程度。如無法估計個別資產之可收回金額,則本集團會估計資產所屬現金產生單位之可收回金額。

可收回金額為公允價值減出售成本及使用價值 兩者間之較高者。評估使用價值時,估計未來 現金流量採用反映市場現時所評估之金錢時值 及資產特定風險之稅前貼現率貼現至其現值。

倘資產或現金產生單位之可收回金額估計少於 其賬面金額,則資產或現金產生單位之賬面金 額會調低至其可收回金額。減值虧損會即時於 損益內確認,除非有關資產乃按重估數額列賬 則作別論,在該情況下,減值虧損會被視為重 估減幅處理。

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

### Impairment of assets (cont'd)

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of amortisation or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset or cash-generating unit in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

### **Provisions and contingent liabilities**

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditures expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow is remote.

### 3. 重大會計政策 (續)

#### 資產減值(續)

倘減值虧損其後撥回,則資產或現金產生單位 之賬面金額會調高至其經修訂之估計可收回金 額,惟調高後之賬面金額不得高於假設過往年 度並無就資產或現金產生單位確認減值虧損 而原應已釐定(扣除攤銷或折舊後)之賬面金 額。所撥回之減值虧損會即時於損益內確認, 除非有關資產乃按重估數額列賬則作別論,在 該情況下,所撥回之減值虧損會被視為重估增 幅處理。

#### 撥備及或然負債

當本集團須就已發生之事件承擔現行法律或推定責任,而履行該責任有可能導致經濟利益流出,並能可靠地估計金額,則就該時間或金額不定之負債確認撥備。倘金錢時值屬重大,則按預期履行責任所需支出之現值計提撥備。

倘流出經濟利益之可能性不大,或無法可靠地估計金額,則該責任乃披露為或然負債,除非經濟利益流出之可能性極低則作別論。倘潛在責任存在與否取決於某宗或多宗未來事件會否發生,則會披露為或然負債,除非經濟利益流出之可能性極低則作別論。

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

## Share-based payment transactions Equity-settled share-based payment transactions

Share options granted to employees

The fair value of services received determined by reference to the fair value of share options granted at the grant date is recognised as an expense in full at the grant date when the share options granted vest immediately, with a corresponding increase in equity (share options reserve).

At the end of the reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to ultimately vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates during the vesting period, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to share options reserve.

When share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to share premium. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to accumulated losses.

#### Share options granted to consultants

Share options issued in exchange for goods or services are measured at the fair values of the goods or services received, unless that fair value cannot be reliably measured, in which case the goods or services received are measured by reference to the fair value of the share options granted. The fair values of the goods or services received are recognised as expenses, with a corresponding increase in equity (share options reserve), when the Group obtains the goods or when the counterparties render services, unless the goods or services qualify for recognition as assets.

### 3. 重大會計政策(續) 股份支付交易 以權益結算的股份支付交易

發放予僱員的購股權

參照授出日期所授出購股權的公允價值而釐定 的已收服務公允價值,於授出日期所授出購股 權即時歸屬時全數確認為開支,並相應增加權 益(購股權儲備)。

於報告期末,本集團修訂其對預期最終歸屬之購股權數目之估計。於歸屬期內修訂原來的估計的影響(如有)於損益確認,就此,累計開支反映經修訂的估計,而購股權儲備將有相應調整。

當購股權獲行使時,先前於購股權儲備確認的金額將轉撥至股份溢價。當認購股權於歸屬日後被沒收或於到期日仍未行使時,先前於購股權儲備確認的金額將轉撥至累計虧損。

#### 發放予顧問的購股權

為換取貨品或服務而發行的購股權按所收取 貨品或服務的公允價值計量,除非該公允價值 無法可靠計量,在此情況下,所收取的貨品或 服務參照所授出購股權的公允價值計量。已收 貨品或服務的公允價值於本集團取得貨品或於 對手方提供服務時確認為開支,並相應增加權 益(購股權儲備),除非貨品或服務符合確認 為資產的條件。

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

#### 4. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES

### Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

### (a) Impairment loss for bad and doubtful debts

The Group makes impairment loss for bad and doubtful debts based on assessments of the recoverability of the trade and other receivables, including the current creditworthiness and the past collection history of each debtor. Impairments arise where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be collectible. The identification of bad and doubtful debts requires the use of judgement and estimates. Where the actual result is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of the trade and other receivables and doubtful debt expenses in the year in which such estimate has been changed.

#### (b) Allowance for slow-moving inventories

Allowance for slow-moving inventories is made based on the ageing and estimated net realisable value of inventories. The assessment of the allowance amount involves judgement and estimates. Where the actual outcome in future is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of inventories and allowance charge/write-back in the period in which such estimate has been changed.

### 4. 關鍵判斷及主要估計 估計不明朗因素之主要來源

下文論述有關未來之主要假設及於報告期末之 其他主要估計不明朗因素來源,該等假設及來 源具有引致須對下個財政年度資產及負債之賬 面金額作出重大調整之重大風險。

### (a) 呆壞賬之減值虧損

本集團基於貿易應收賬款及其他應收款項之可收回性(包括各債務人之現行信貸狀況及過往還款紀錄)評估,就呆壞賬作出減值虧損。減值於有事件發生或情況有變顯示結餘未必可收回時產生。識別呆壞賬時須運用判斷及作出估計。倘實際結果有別於原先估計,則有關差額將影響有關估計出現變動之年度之貿易應收賬款及其他應收款項賬面值以及呆賬開支。

#### (b) 滯銷存貨備抵

滯銷存貨備抵乃基於存貨之賬齡及估計 可變現淨值作出。備抵金額之評估涉及判 斷及估計。倘日後實際結果有別於原先估 計,則有關差額將影響有關估計變更之期 間存貨之賬面值及備抵支出/撥回。

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

#### 5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: foreign currency risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

#### (a) Foreign currency risk

The Group has minimal exposure to foreign currency risk as most of its business transactions, assets and liabilities are principally denominated in the functional currencies of the Group entities. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy in respect of foreign currency transactions, assets and liabilities. The Group will monitor its foreign currency exposure closely and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

#### (b) Credit risk

The carrying amount of the cash and bank balances, trade and other receivables included in the statement of financial position represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to the Group's financial assets.

The Group has policies in place to ensure that sales are made to customers with an appropriate credit history. The credit risk on bank and cash balances is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit-ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

The Group has significant concentration of credit risk to its trade receivables as the Group's largest customer and the five largest customers shared over approximately 8.9% (2022: 13.4%) and 20.7% (2022: 44.9%) of the trade receivables respectively at the end of the reporting period. The Group has policies and procedures to monitor the collection of the trade receivables to limit the exposure to non-recoverable of the receivables and there is no recent history of default for the customer.

### 5. 財務風險管理

本集團之業務須承受多種財務風險:外幣風險、信貸風險、流動資金風險及利率風險。本集團之整體風險管理計劃專注於財務市場之不可預見性,尋求盡可能減低對本集團財務表現構成之潛在不利影響。

### (a) 外幣風險

本集團面對極微之外幣風險,原因在於其 大部分業務交易、資產及負債主要以本集 團實體之功能貨幣計值。本集團現時並無 有關外幣交易、資產及負債之外幣對沖政 策。本集團將密切監察其外幣風險,並將 於有需要時考慮對沖重大外幣風險。

### (b) 信貸風險

計入財務狀況表之現金及銀行結餘、貿易 應收賬款及其他應收款項之賬面金額,為 本集團就其金融資產所面對之最大信貸風 險。

本集團已制定政策,確保向具備適當信貸 紀錄之客戶作出銷售。由於交易對手為獲 國際信貸評級機構給予高信貸評級之銀 行,因此銀行及現金結餘之信貸風險有 限。

本集團之貿易應收賬款面對重大信貸集中風險,原因在於本集團最大客戶及五大客戶分別佔報告期末貿易應收賬款約8.9%(二零二二年:13.4%)及20.7%(二零二二年:44.9%)以上。本集團已制定政策及程序,監察貿易應收賬款之收回情況,以限制無法收回應收款項之風險,而該客戶最近並無拖欠紀錄。

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (cont'd)

#### (b) Credit risk (cont'd)

The Group considers whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk of financial assets on an ongoing basis throughout each reporting period by comparing the risk of a default occurring as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. It considers available reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information. Especially the following information is used:

- actual or expected significant adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the borrower's ability to meet its obligations;
- actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of the borrower;
- significant increases in credit risk on other financial instruments of the same borrower;
- significant changes in the expected performance and behaviour of the borrower, including changes in the payment status of borrowers.

A significant increase in credit risk is presumed if a debtor is more than 90 days past due in making a contractual payment. A default on a financial asset is when the counterparty fails to make contractual payments within 365 days of when they fall due.

Financial assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor failing to engage in a repayment plan with the Group. The Group normally categorises a receivable for write off when the Group determine that the debtor does not have assets or source of income that could generate sufficient cash flow to repay the amounts subject to write-off. Where receivables have been written off, the Group, if practicable and economical, continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivable due.

### 5. 財務風險管理(續)

#### (b) 信貸風險 (續)

本集團比較金融資產於報告日期之違約風險與於初始確認日期之違約風險,以評估金融資產之信貸風險有否於各報告期內按持續基準大幅增加。本集團會考慮所得合理及有理據之前瞻性資料,尤其會應用下列資料:

- 預期對借款人履行其責任之能力帶來 顯著改變之業務、財務或經濟狀況之 實際或預期重大不利變動;
- 借款人經營業績之實際或預期重大變動;
- 同一借款人其他金融工具之信貸風 險顯著增加;
- 借款人預期表現及行為之重大變動,包括借款人付款狀況之變動。

倘債務人逾期支付合約付款超過90天,即可推定信貸風險顯著增加。倘交易對手未 能於合約付款到期後365天內付款,金融 資產即告違約。

倘無合理預期可收回款項(例如債務人未能與本集團訂立還款計劃),金融資產即予撇銷。倘本集團認定債務人並無資產或收入來源可產生足夠現金流償還擬撇銷之應收款項,則本集團一般會將該應收款項歸入撇銷類別。倘應收款項已經撇銷,則本集團會於實際可行及符合經濟效益之情況下繼續進行強制執行活動,嘗試收回已到期之應收款項。

## 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (cont'd)

### (b) Credit risk (cont'd)

The Group uses two categories for non-trade receivables which reflect their credit risk and how the loan loss provision is determined for each of the categories. In calculating the expected credit loss rates, the Group considers historical loss rates for each category and adjusts for forward looking data.

### 5. 財務風險管理(續)

### (b) 信貸風險 (續)

本集團將非貿易應收賬款分為兩類,以反映各類別之信貸風險及貸款虧損撥備方式。計算預期信貸虧損率時,本集團考慮各類別之歷史虧損比率,再就前瞻性數據作出調整。

Category 類別	Definition 定義		Loss provision 虧損撥備		
Performing 表現理想	Low risk of default and strong capacity to pay 違約風險低,付款能力強			nth expected losses ]預期虧損	
Non-performing 表現欠佳				e expected losses 期虧損	
		Long to		Other receivables and amount due from Joint Venture	Total
		<b>長期應收</b> RMB' 人民幣 <sup>-</sup>	000	<b>其他應收款項 及應收合營 企業款項</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>總計</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元
Balance as at 30 June 2023 Provision for loss allowance	於二零二三年六月三十日之結餘 虧損備抵撥備		000 000)	22,810 (2,613)	72,810 (52,613)
Carrying amounts	賬面金額		_	20,197	20,197
Balance as at 30 June 2022 Provision for loss allowance	於二零二二年六月三十日之結餘 虧損備抵撥備		000	12,396 -	62,396 (50,000)
Carrying amounts	賬面金額		-	12,396	12,396

The balance for long term receivables are considered high risk as these investment companies are uncontactable and the Group considered these loan made by the former management were considered as deceitful acts and were reported to the Police Department of Huangpu District, Guangzhou Municipality in May 2018.

長期應收款項結餘被視為具有高風險,原因在於該等投資公司失聯,而本集團認為該等由前任管理層作出之貸款屬欺詐行為,並已於二零一八年五月向廣州市黃埔區公安局報案。

## 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

<b>5</b> .	FINANCIAL	RISK	MANAGEMENT	(cont'd)

5. 財務風險管理 (續)

(b) Credit risk (cont'd)

(b) 信貸風險 (續)

Credit risk (cont'd)		(b) 信員	[風險(續)	
Expected credit loss rate	預期信貸虧損率		%	%
30 June 2023	二零二三年六月三十日		100	11
30 June 2022	二零二二年六月三十日		100	_
			Other receivables and amount	
		Long term receivables	due from Joint Venture 其他應收款項 及應收合營	Total
		長期應收款項	企業款項	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Loss allowance at 1 January 2021, 30 June 2022, 1 July 2022	於二零二一年一月一日、 二零二二年六月三十日、 二零二二年七月一日之			
	虧損備抵	50,000	_	50,000
Allowance for the year	年內備抵	_	2,613	2,613
At 30 June 2023	於二零二三年六月三十日	50,000	2,613	52,613

## 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (cont'd)

### (c) Liquidity risk

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

The maturity analysis of the Group's financial liabilities is as follows:

### 5. 財務風險管理(續)

### (c) 流動資金風險

本集團之政策為定期監察當前及預期流動 資金需求,以確保其維持充足現金儲備以 應付短期及較長期流動資金所需。

本集團金融負債之到期日分析如下:

	Less than 1 year 少於一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>2-5 years</b> <b>二至五年</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 30 June 2023 於二零二三年六月三十日			
Borrowings 借貸	75,111	_	75,111
Trade and other payables 貿易應付賬款及其他應付款項	133,731	_	133,731
Promissory notes 承兌票據	156,586	_	156,586
	365,428	_	365,428
At 30 June 2022			
Borrowings 借貸	8,024	_	8,024
Trade and other payables 貿易應付賬款及其他應付款項	107,073	_	107,073
Promissory notes 承兌票據	146,323	_	146,323
	261,420	_	261,420

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (cont'd)

#### (d) Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk arises from its bank deposits and borrowings.

Borrowings are arranged at fixed interest rates and expose the Group to fair value interest rate risks. Other bank deposits are arranged at floating rates, thus exposing the Group to cash flow interest rate risk.

At 30 June 2023, as the Group has minimal exposure to interest rate risk, the Group's operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates.

#### (e) Fair values

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities as reflected in the consolidated statement of financial position approximate their respective fair values.

### (f) Categories of financial instruments

### 5. 財務風險管理 (續)

### (d) 利率風險

本集團所承擔之利率風險源自其銀行存款 及借貸。

借貸按固定利率安排,令本集團須承擔公 允價值利率風險。其他銀行存款以浮動利 率安排,使本集團須面對現金流量利率風 險。

於二零二三年六月三十日,由於本集團之 經營現金流量幾乎不受市場利率波動影響,故本集團所承受之利率風險極低。

#### (e) 公允價值

綜合財務狀況表內反映之本集團金融資產 及金融負債之賬面金額與其各自之公允價 值相若。

### (f) 金融工具類別

		2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Financial assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Financial assets at amortised cost (including cash and cash equivalents)	金融資產 按公允價值計入損益之 金融資產 按攤銷成本計量之金融資產 (包括現金及現金等值項目)	- 296,401	- 343,498
<b>Financial liabilities</b> Financial liabilities at amortised cost	<b>金融負債</b> 按攤銷成本計量之金融負債	363,686	256,991

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

#### 6. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The following disclosures of fair value measurements use a fair value hierarchy that categories into three levels the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value:

Level 1 inputs: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for

identical assets or liabilities that the Group can access

at the measurement date.

Level 2 inputs: inputs other than quoted prices included within level

1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either

directly or indirectly.

Level 3 inputs: unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of any of the three levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

(a) Disclosures of level in fair value hierarchy at 30 June 2023 and 2022:

### 6. 公允價值計量

公允價值為市場參與者於計量當日進行有序交易時因出售一項資產而將收取或因轉移一項負債而將支付之價格。以下披露之公允價值計量所使用之公允價值層級將用以計量公允價值之估值技術之輸入數據分為三個層級:

第一級輸入數據:本集團可於計量當日取得之

相同資產或負債在活躍市場上之報價(未經調整)。

第二級輸入數據:除第一級所包括之報價外,

資產或負債之可直接或間接 觀察所得輸入數據。

第三級輸入數據:資產或負債之不可觀察輸入

數據。

本集團之政策為於發生事件或情況有變導致於 三個層級中任何一級轉入及轉出當日,確認有 關轉移。

(a) 於二零二三年及二零二二年六月三十日的 公允價值層級披露:

### Fair value measurements

公允價值計量

	Total	Level 3	Level 2	Level	
	總計	第三級	第二級	第一級	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
ı					

Recurring fair value measurements: 經常性公允價值計量:
Financial assets at fair value through 按公允價值計入損益之
profit or loss 金融資產
- Put option - 認沽期權 - - - - - Contingent consideration receivable - 應收或然代價 - - - - - 
Total recurring fair value measurements 經常性公允價值計量總額 - - - - -

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 6. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (cont'd)

### (b) Reconciliation of assets measured at fair value based on level 3:

### 6. 公允價值計量(續)

(b) 根據第三級按公允價值計量之資產對賬:

**30 June 2023** 30 June 2022

		二零二三年 六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元	二零二二年 六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 July 2022/1 January 2021	於二零二二年七月一日/ 二零二一年一月一日	_	19
Total loss recognised in profit or loss#	於損益內確認之總虧損#	_	(19)
At 30 June	於六月三十日	_	_
* Include gains or losses for assets held at end of reporting period	# 包括於報告期末持有之 資產之收益或虧損	_	_

The total loss recognised in profit or loss including those for assets held at end of reporting period are presented in other net loss in the statement of profit or loss.

(c) Disclosure of valuation process used by the Group and valuation techniques and inputs used in fair value measurements at 30 June 2023:

The Group's directors are responsible for the fair value measurements of assets and liabilities required for financial reporting purposes, including level 3 fair value measurements. Discussions of valuation processes and results are held between the financial controller and the board of directors at least twice a year.

於損益內確認之總虧損(包括於報告期末 持有之資產之虧損)於損益表內之其他虧 損淨額列示。

(c) 於二零二三年六月三十日本集團所採用之 估值程序及公允價值計量所採用之估值技 術及輸入數據之披露:

本集團董事須為財務申報所需之資產及負 債公允價值計量負責,包括第三級公允價 值計量。財務總監與董事會就估值程序及 結果每年進行最少兩次討論。

## 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

貼現現金流量

貼現率

	6.	<b>FAIR</b>	<b>VALUE</b>	MEASUREMENT	(cont'd
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6. 公允價值計量(續)

(c) (cont'd)

應收或然代價

Level 3 fair value measurements

(c) (續)

第三級公允價值計量

Effect on fair value

減少

				for		
Description	Valuation technique	Unobservable inputs	Range	increase of inputs	Fair value 30 June 2023	Fair value 30 June 2022
描述	估值技術	不可觀察	範圍	輸入數據	二零二三年	二零二二年
		輸入數據		增加對	六月三十日之	六月三十日之
				公允價值	公允價值	公允價值
				之影響		
					RMB'000	RMB'000
					人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Put option	Black Scholes Option Pricing Model	Risk free rate	1.910%	Decrease		
認沽期權	柏力克-舒爾斯期 權定價模式	無風險利率		減少		
		Volatility	68.46%	Decrease	_	_
		波幅		減少		
Contingent consideration receivable	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate	14%	Decrease	-	_

## 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 7. REVENUE

The Group's revenue represents the aggregate of sales value of goods supplied and services provided to customers less goods returned and trade discounts. An analysis of the Group's revenue for the year are as follows:

### 7. 收益

本集團之收益為向客戶供應貨品及提供服務之 銷售價值總額減退貨及貿易折扣。本集團之年 內收益分析如下:

		Year ended 30 June 2023 截至 二零二三年 六月三十日 止年度 RMB'000 人民幣千元	1 January 2021 to 30 June 2022 二零二一年 一月一日至 二零二二年 六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Sales of steel pipes, steel sheets and other steel products Urban renewal projects planning and consulting	銷售鋼管、鋼片及其他鋼製品城市更新項目規劃及諮詢	538,163 _	901,176 1,476
		538,163	902,652

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers:

客戶合約收益之拆分:

1 January 2021

		截至二 六月三十	30 June 2023 零二三年 -日止年度 Service – PRC 服務一中國 RMB'000	to 30 Ju 二零二一年	ine 2022 ine 2
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Sales of steel pipes, steel sheets and other steel products: Indirect export sales Domestic sales Direct export sales Urban renewal projects planning and consulting:	銷售鋼管、鋼片及 其他鋼製品: 間接出口銷售 國內銷售 直接出口銷售 城市更新項目規劃及 諮詢:	26,365 477,794 34,004	-	65,744 793,028 42,404	- - -
Consulting services	諮詢服務	_	_	_	1,476
Total	總計	538,163	_	901,176	1,476
Timing of recognition of revenue from contracts with customers:	確認客戶合約收益 之時間:				
At a point in time	單一時間點	538,163	_	901,176	_
Over time	隨時間	-	-		1,476
		538,163	_	901,176	1,476

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 7. REVENUE (cont'd)

### Sales of steel pipes, steel sheets and other steel products

The Group manufactures and sells steel pipes, steel sheets and other steel products to the customers. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to a customer, there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products and the customer has obtained legal titles to the products.

Sales to customers are normally made with credit terms of 60 to 180 days. For new customers, deposits or cash on delivery may be required. Deposits received are recognised as a contract liability.

A receivable is recognised when the products are delivered to the customers as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

### **Consultancy services**

Consulting income from urban renewal projects planning and consulting is recognised in the accounting period in which the services are rendered. The customers pay the consulting service fee to the Group according to the payment schedules as stipulated in the contract.

### 7. 收益 (續) 銷售鋼管、鋼片及其他鋼製品

本集團製造及向客戶銷售鋼管、鋼片及其他鋼製品。當產品控制權已轉移(即產品交付予客戶之時),並無可能影響客戶接納產品之未達成義務,且客戶已取得產品之法律所有權時確認銷售。

與客戶之銷售之信貸期一般為60至180天。新客戶可能被要求支付按金或貨到付現。已收按金確認為合約負債。

當產品交付予客戶,只要時間流逝便會到期付款時,即代價成為無條件之時間點,應收款項於此時間點確認。

### 諮詢服務

城市更新項目規劃及諮詢之諮詢收入於獲提供 服務之會計期間確認。客戶按照合約訂明之付 款期向本集團支付諮詢服務費。

## 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 8. OTHER INCOME

### 8. 其他收入

		Year ended 30 June 2023 截至	1 January 2021 to 30 June 2022 二零二一年
		二零二三年	一月一日至
		六月三十日	二零二二年
		止年度	六月三十日
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	1,193	722
Government subsidy#	政府補貼#	6,107	4,712
Scrap sales	廢料銷售	9,558	18,344
Gain on lease modification	租賃修訂收益	_	73
Sundry income	雜項收入	452	786
		17,310	24,637

<sup>\*</sup> The government subsidy was received from local government authorities for supporting the Group's operation and encouraging innovation of production technology, of which the entitlement was unconditional.

### 9. OTHER NET (LOSS)/GAIN

### 9. 其他(虧損)/收益淨額

		Year ended	1 January 2021
		30 June 2023	to 30 June 2022
		截至	二零二一年
		二零二三年	一月一日至
		六月三十日	二零二二年
		止年度	六月三十日
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Net loss on disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及設備		
equipment	之虧損淨額	(56)	(638)
Net exchange gain	匯兌收益淨額	1,535	507
Change in fair value of financial assets at fair	按公允價值計入損益之金融資產		
value through profit or loss	之公允價值變動	-	(19)
Impairment (loss)/ reversal of impairment on	貿易應收賬款及其他應收款項		
trade and other receivables	之減值(虧損)/撥回	(43,244)	2,675
Impairment loss on prepayment	預付款項之減值虧損	(96,460)	_
Impairment loss on an associate	一間聯營公司之減值虧損	(198,346)	
		(226 574)	2.525
		(336,571)	2,525

因支持本集團經營及鼓勵創新生產技術而獲地 方政府機關發放政府補貼,享有該等補貼乃無 條件。

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

#### **10.SEGMENT INFORMATION**

The Group manages its businesses by divisions, which are organised by a mixture of both business lines (products and services) and geography. In a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the board of directors of the Company, being the Group's chief operating decision maker, for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment. The Group has presented the following two reportable segments. No operating segments have been aggregated to form the following reportable segments.

- Steel PRC: this segment primarily derive its revenue from the manufacture and trading of steel pipes, steel sheets and other steel products. These products are manufactured in the Group's manufacturing facilities located in PRC.
- Service PRC: this segment primarily derive its revenue from urban renewal projects planning and consulting in Zhuhai City of Guangdong Province of the PRC.

#### Segment results, assets and liabilities

For the purposes of assessing segment performance and allocating resources between segments, the Group's chief operating decision maker monitors the results, assets and liabilities attributable to each reportable segment on the following bases:

Segment assets include all tangible assets and current assets with the exception of corporate assets. Segment liabilities include all liabilities including trade and other payables and borrowings managed directly by the segments with the exception of corporate liabilities.

Revenue and expenses are allocated to the reportable segments with reference to sales generated by those segments and the expenses incurred by those segments or which otherwise arise from the depreciation or amortisation of assets attributable to those segments. The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in note 3. The measure used for reporting segment profit is "EBIT" i.e. "earnings before interest and taxes".

### 10. 分部資料

本集團按部門管理業務,而部門則以業務組合 (產品及服務)及地域混合組成按與向本公司 董事會(即本集團首席營運決策者)內部呈報 資料以分配資源及評估表現一致之方式。本集 團已呈列以下兩個可呈報分部。概無合併經營 分部以組成下列可呈報分部。

- 一 鋼一中國:此分部之收益主要源自製造及 買賣鋼管、鋼片及其他鋼製品。此等產品 於本集團位於中國之製造設施製造。
- 服務一中國:此分部之收益主要源自在中國廣東省珠海市提供城市更新項目規劃及諮詢。

### 分部業績、資產及負債

就評估分部表現及於分部間分配資源而言,本 集團首席營運決策者按以下基礎監察各個可呈 報分部應佔之業績、資產及負債:

分部資產包括所有有形資產及流動資產,惟不 包括企業資產。分部負債包括由各分部直接管 理之所有負債,包括貿易應付賬款及其他應付 款項以及借貸,惟不包括企業負債。

收益及開支參照各可呈報分部產生之銷售額, 以及該等分部產生之開支或應佔之資產折舊或 攤銷,分配至各個分部。可呈報分部之會計政 策與附註3所載本集團會計政策相同。呈報分 部溢利所用之計量方式為「除息稅前盈利」, 即「除利息及稅項前盈利」。

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 10.SEGMENT INFORMATION (cont'd)

### Segment results, assets and liabilities (cont'd)

In addition to receiving segment information concerning EBIT, management is provided with segment information concerning revenue, interest income and expenses from cash balances and borrowings managed directly by the segments, depreciation and amortisation, change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, net gain/loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment, impairment loss on trade and other receivables, reversal of impairment loss on trade and other receivables, write down of inventories, reversal of write down of inventories, income tax expenses and additions to non-current segment assets used by the segments in their operations.

Information regarding the Group's reportable segments as provided to the Group's chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance for the year ended 30 June 2023 and for the period from 1 January 2021 to 30 June 2022 is set out below:

Information about reportable segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities:

### 10. 分部資料 (續)

#### 分部業績、資產及負債(續)

除會收到有關除息稅前盈利之分部資料外, 管理層亦獲提供有關以下各項之分部資料: 收益、來自各分部直接管理之現金結餘及借貸 之利息收入及開支、折舊及攤銷、按公允價值 計入損益之金融資產之公允價值變動、出售 物業、廠房及設備之收益/虧損淨額、貿易應 收賬款及其他應收款項之減值虧損、貿易應收 賬款及其他應收款項之減值虧損撥回、撇減存 貨、撇減存貨撥回、所得稅開支及添置各分部 於營運中使用之非流動分部資產。

截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度及自二零 二一年一月一日至二零二二年六月三十日期 間,提供予本集團首席營運決策者以分配資源 及評估分部表現之本集團可呈報分部資料載列 如下:

有關可呈報分部溢利或虧損、資產及負債之資 料:

		Urban renewal projects planning and consulting 城市更新 項目規劃及諮詢 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Sales of steel pipes, steel sheets and other steel products 銷售鋼管、鋼片 及其他鋼製品 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Year ended 30 June 2023:	截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度			
Revenue	似在一个一二十八月二十日正千度 收益		538,163	538,163
Segment (loss)/profit	分部(虧損)/溢利	(335,733)	15,237	(320,496)
Finance costs	財務成本	(333,733)	(1,180)	(1,180)
Interest income	利息收入		1,193	1,193
Depreciation	折舊	(7)	(4,420)	(4,427)
Amortisation	<b>攀銷</b>		(222)	(222)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備之虧損		(56)	(56)
Share of loss of an associates	應佔一間聯營公司之虧損	(46)	(50)	(46)
Income tax expense	版	(40)	(2,803)	(2,803)
Other material non-cash items: Impairment on trade and			(2,003)	(2,803)
other receivables Impairment loss on	應收款項減值 預付款項之減值虧損	(40,250)	2,994	(43,244)
prepayment Impairment loss on an	一間聯營公司之減值虧損	(96,460)	-	(96,460)
associate		(198,346)	_	(198,346)
Additions to segment non-current assets	添置分部非流動資產	_	1,679	1,679
	<b>₩</b> - <b>₩</b> - <b>₩</b> -			
At 30 June 2023	於二零二三年六月三十日	20.75	454.005	488.646
Segment assets	分部資產	20,581	454,835	475,416
Segment liabilities	分部負債	19,648	187,606	207,254

# 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

10.SEGMENT INFORMATION (cont'd)
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Segment results, assets and liabilities (cont'd)

### 10. 分部資料 (續)

分部業績、資產及負債(續)

		Urban	Sales of	
		renewal	steel pipes,	
		projects	steel sheets	
		planning	and other	
		and consulting	steel products	Total
		城市更新項		TOtal
			銷售鋼管、鋼片	4 kg ÷ l
		目規劃及諮詢	及其他鋼製品 PMAR/2020	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
1 January 2021 to 30 June 2022	二零二一年一月一日至			
,	二零二二年六月三十日			
Revenue	收益	1,476	901,176	902,652
Segment (loss)/profit	分部(虧損)/溢利	(7,725)	36,464	28,739
Finance costs	財務成本	(119)	(4,123)	(4,242)
Interest income	利息收入	_	721	721
Depreciation	折舊	(31)	(6,781)	(6,812)
Amortisation	難銷	(1,298)	(333)	(1,631)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及設備			
equipment	之虧損	_	(638)	(638)
Change in fair value of financial assets at				
fair value through profit or loss	金融資產之公允價值變動	(19)	_	(19)
Share of losses of associates	應佔聯營公司之虧損	(225)	_	(225)
Income tax expense	所得稅開支	_	(5,452)	(5,452)
Other material non-cash items:	其他重大非現金項目:			
Reserve of impairment on trade and	貿易應收賬款及			
other receivables	其他應收款項減值儲備	_	(2,675)	(2,675)
Additions to segment non-current assets	添置分部非流動資產	2	13,817	13,819
At 30 June 2022	於二零二二年六月三十日			
Segment assets	<ul><li> 応 → 参 → 一 平 ハ 月 ニ 〒 ロ         <ul><li> 分 部 資 產         <ul><li>             し み ら 変 き</li></ul></li></ul></li></ul>	349,861	378,267	728,128
Segment liabilities	分部負債	18,586	85,204	103,790
Jeginent nabilities	リ 叩 貝 頂 	10,380	05,204	105,790

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 10.SEGMENT INFORMATION (cont'd)

Reconciliations of reportable segment revenue, profit or loss, assets and liabilities:

### 10. 分部資料 (續)

可呈報分部收益、溢利或虧損、資產及負 債對賬:

		Year ended	1 January 2021
		30 June 2023	to 30 June 2022
		截至	二零二一年
		二零二三年	一月一日至
		六月三十日	二零二二年
		止年度	六月三十日
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Profit or loss:	溢利或虧損:		
Total (loss)/profit of reportable segments	可呈報分部(虧損)/溢利總額	(320,496)	28,739
Corporate and unallocated loss	企業及未分配虧損	(15,500)	(37,558)
Consolidated loss for the year	年內綜合虧損	(335,996)	(8,819)

		At 30 June 2023 於二零二三年 六月三十日	At 30 June 2022 於二零二二年 六月三十日
		7,7211	////
Accete	資產		
Assets Total assets of reportable segments	<b>貝性</b> 可呈報分部資產總值	475,416	728,128
Corporate and unallocated assets	企業及未分配資產	58,371	33,745
Corporate and unanocated assets	正未仅不刀癿貝庄	30,371	33,743
Consolidated total assets	綜合資產總值	533,787	761,873
Liabilities	負債		
Total liabilities of reportable segments	可呈報分部負債總額	207,254	103,790
Corporate and unallocated liabilities	企業及未分配負債	185,177	174,569
eorporate and ananotated numinies	正示及小刀即只限	103,177	
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合負債總額	392,431	278,359

### **Geographical information:**

Since the Group's revenue and assets are derived from customers and operations based in the PRC and accordingly, no further analysis of the Group's geographical information is disclosed.

### Revenue from major customers:

No customer individually contributed 10% or more to the Group's revenue for the year ended 30 June 2023 and for the period from 1 January 2021 to 30 June 2022.

### 地域資料:

由於本集團之收益及資產源自以中國為基地之 客戶及業務,故此並無披露本集團地域資料之 進一步分析。

### 主要客戶收益:

截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度及自二零二一年一月一日至二零二二年六月三十日,概 無個別客戶為本集團收益貢獻10%或以上。

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 11. FINANCE COSTS

### 11. 財務成本

		Year ended 30 June 2023 截至 二零二三年 六月三十日 止年度 RMB'000 人民幣千元	1 January 2021 to 30 June 2022 二零二一年 一月一日至 二零二二年 六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Bank interest expenses Promissory notes interest Interest expense on lease liabilities Other finance charges	銀行利息開支	1,739	3,877
	承兌票據利息	4,210	13,269
	租賃負債利息開支	20	135
	其他財務支出	294	634

#### 12.INCOME TAX EXPENSE

### 12. 所得稅開支

		Year ended 30 June 2023 截至 二零二三年	1 January 2021 to 30 June 2022 二零二一年 一月一日至
		六月三十日 止年度 RMB′000 人民幣千元	二零二二年 六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current tax PRC corporation income tax Withholding tax	即期稅項 中國企業所得稅 預扣稅	2,803 -	4,981 471
		2,803	5,452

Hong Kong Profits Tax has been provided at a rate of 16.5% on the estimated assessable profit for the year ended 30 June 2023. No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made for the year ended 30 June 2023 as the Group did not generate any assessable profits arising in Hong Kong.

Pursuant to the income tax rules and regulations of the PRC, the subsidiaries in the PRC are liable to PRC Corporate Income Tax at a rate of 25% (Period from 1 January 2021 to 30 June 2022: 25%) during the year.

During the year, Guangzhou Mayer is accredited as a High and New Tech Enterprise. As being a High and New Tech Enterprise, it was entitled to a reduced corporate income tax rate of 15% for the year (period from 1 January 2021 to 30 June 2022: 15%).

截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度,香港利得稅乃根據估計應課稅溢利按稅率16.5%計提撥備。由於本集團並無於香港產生任何應課稅溢利,故並無就截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度作出香港利得稅撥備。

根據中國所得稅規則及法規,年內中國附屬公司須按25%(二零二一年一月一日至二零二二年六月三十日:25%)之稅率繳納中國企業所得稅。

年內,廣州美亞獲評為高新技術企業,作為一家高新技術企業,年內享有15%(二零二一年一月一日至二零二二年六月三十日:15%)之經減免企業所得稅率。

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 12. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (cont'd)

Additionally, a 10% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from the PRC effective from 1 January 2008. A lower withholding tax rate may be applied if there is a tax treaty arrangement between the PRC and jurisdiction of the foreign investors.

Taxation arising in other jurisdictions are calculated at the rates prevailing in the relevant jurisdictions.

The reconciliation between the income tax expense and the profit before tax multiplied by applicable tax rates is as follows:

### 12. 所得稅開支 (續)

此外,由二零零八年一月一日起,從中國向海外投資者宣派之股息須按10%之稅率扣繳稅項。倘中國與海外投資者所處之司法權區訂有稅務條約安排,則可能應用較低之扣繳稅率。

其他司法權區之稅項乃按相關司法權區之現行 稅率計算。

所得稅開支與除稅前溢利乘以適用稅率之積對 賬對如下:

		Year ended 30 June 2023 截至 二零二三年 六月三十日 止年度 RMB'000 人民幣千元	1 January 2021 to 30 June 2022 二零二一年 一月一日至 二零二二年 六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Loss before tax	除稅前虧損	(333,193)	(3,367)
Tax at the rates applicable to loss in the countries concerned Tax effect of non-taxable income Tax effect of non-deductible expenses Tax effect of tax concession Withholding tax	按有關國家適用於虧損之 稅率計算之稅項 毋須課稅收入之稅務影響 不可扣稅開支之稅務影響 稅務優惠之稅務影響 預扣稅	(81,527) (1,077) 87,275 (1,868)	(338) (7) 8,654 (3,328) 471
Income tax expense for the year/period	年/期內所得稅開支	2,803	5,452

## 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 13.LOSS FOR THE YEAR/PERIOD

The Group's loss for the year/period is stated after charging the following:

### 13. 年/期內虧損

本集團之年/期內虧損乃於扣除下列各項後列 賬:

		Year ended	1 January 2021
		30 June 2023	to 30 June 2022
		截至	二零二一年
		二零二三年	一月一日至
		六月三十日	二零二二年
		止年度	六月三十日
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金		
– audit services	一 審核服務	1.066	897
- other services	一 其他服務	213	523
Cost of inventories sold#	已售存貨成本#	466,965	783,941
Depreciation	折舊	4.791	7,315
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	327	2,050
Net exchange gain	<b>匯</b> 兌收益淨額	(1,535)	(505)
Expenses related to short-term lease	短期租賃相關開支	(1,555)	285
Net loss on disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及設備之	-	203
equipment	西告初来、	56	638
		50	030
Staff costs including directors' emoluments	員工成本(包括董事酬金)	42.400	71.012
– Salaries, bonus and allowances	- 薪金、花紅及津貼	42,199	71,013
<ul> <li>Retirement benefits scheme</li> </ul>	一 退休福利計劃	5,908	9,026
		48,107	80,039

<sup>\*</sup> Cost of inventories sold includes the followings which are also included in the amounts disclosed separately above.

已售存貨成本包括下列各項(亦計入上文獨立 披露之金額內)。

		Year ended	1 January 2021
		30 June 2023	to 30 June 2022
		截至	二零二一年
		二零二三年	一月一日至
		六月三十日	二零二二年
		止年度	六月三十日
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Depreciation	折舊	4,222	6,485
Staff costs	員工成本	18,357	30,435

## 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 14. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS 14. 董事及僱員酬金

The emoluments of each director were as follows:

各董事之酬金如下:

					Retirement	
				Salaries	benefits	
			Directors'	and	scheme	
			Fees	allowances	contributions	Total
					退休福利	
			董事袍金	薪金及津貼	計劃供款	總計
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
30 June 2023	二零二三年六月三十日	附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Executive Directors	<i>執行董事</i>					
Mr. Lee Kwok Leung	李國樑先生		_	540	_	540
Mr. Zhou Shi Hao	周世豪先生		_	373	_	373
Mr. Chen Zhirui	陳志睿先生		_	373	_	373
Mr. Cheung Ka Yue	張嘉裕博士	С	_	360	_	360
Mr. Xiao Libo	肖立波先生	С	-	591	-	591
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事					
Mr. Lam Chung Chak	林宗澤先生	d	133	-	-	133
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事					
Mr. Lau Kwok Hung	劉國雄先生		133	_	_	133
Mr. Chan Chun Kit	陳振傑先生	С	133	_	_	133
Mr. Lu Jianping	陸建平先生	е	-	200		200
Total for the year ended 30 June	截至二零二三年					
2023	六月三十日止年度					
	之總計		399	2,437	_	2,836

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

## 14. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (cont'd)

14. 董事及僱員酬金 (續)

					Retirement								
				Salaries	benefits								
			Directors'	and	scheme								
		Note	Fees 董事袍金 RMB'000	allowances 薪金及津貼 RMB'000	contributions 退休福利 計劃供款 RMB'000	Total 總計 RMB'000							
							30 June 2022	二零二二年六月三十日	附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
							Executive Directors	<i>執行董事</i>					
							Mr. Xu Lidi	徐立地先生	а	_	1,256	14	1,270
Mr. Lee Kwok Leung	李國樑先生	u	_	760	_	760							
Mr. Zhou Shi Hao	周世豪先生		_	659	_	659							
Mr. Chen Zhirui	陳志睿先生		_	781	_	781							
Mr. Cheung Ka Yue	張嘉裕博士	С	_	141	_	141							
Mr. Xiao Libo	肖立波先生	C	-	327	_	327							
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事												
Mr. Wang Dongqi	王東奇先生	f	158	_	_	158							
Mr. Lam Chung Chak	林宗澤先生	d	75	_	_	75							
Independent Non-executive	獨立非執行董事												
Directors													
Mr. Lau Kwok Hung	劉國雄先生		187	_	_	187							
Mr. Cheung, Eddie Ho Kuen	張灝權先生	g	110	_	_	110							
Ms. Cheng Yuk Ping, deceased	鄭旭冰先生,已離世	b	31	_	_	31							
Mr. Chan Chun Kit	陳振傑先生	C	80	_	_	80							
Mr. Lu Jianping	陸建平先生	е	12	45		57							
Total for the period from	自二零二一年一月一日至												
1 January 2021 to 30 June 202													
	止期間之總計		653	3,969	14	4,636							

#### Notes:

- a Resigned on 3 December 2021
- b Appointed as independent non-executive director on 21 January 2020, redesignated to executive Director and appointed as Chairman on 15 January 2021 and deceased on 28 February 2021
- c Appointed on 9 November 2021
- d Appointed on 25 November 2021
- e Appointed on 28 February 2022
- f Resigned on 11 January 2022
- g Resigned on 18 November 2021

Except for Mr. Lu Jianping shall not receive director's fee effective from 25 March 2022, there was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during the year.

### 附註:

- a 於二零二一年十二月三日辭任
- b 於二零二零年一月二十一日獲委任為獨立非執 行董事,於二零二一年一月十五日調任執行董 事並獲委任為主席,於二零二一年二月二十八 日離世
- c 於二零二一年十一月九日獲委任
- d 於二零二一年十一月二十五日獲委任
- e 於二零二二年二月二十八日獲委任
- f 於二零二二年一月十一日辭任
- g 於二零二一年十一月十八日辭任

除陸建平先生自二零二二年三月二十五日起不 收取董事袍金外,年內並無董事放棄或同意放 棄任何酬金之安排。

# 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

#### 14. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

#### (cont'd)

The five highest paid individuals in the Group year ended 30 June 2023 included three (period from 1 January 2021 to 30 June 2022: four) directors, whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis above. The emoluments of the remaining two (period from 1 January 2021 to 30 June 2022: one) individual are set out below:

#### 14. 董事及僱員酬金 (續)

截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度,本集團 五名最高薪酬人士包括三名(於二零二一年一 月一日至二零二二年六月三十日期間:四名) 董事,彼等之酬金於上文之分析反映。餘下兩 名(於二零二一年一月一日至二零二二年六月 三十日期間:一名)人士之酬金載列如下:

		Year ended 30 June 2023 截至 二零二三年 六月三十日 止年度 RMB'000 人民幣千元	1 January 2021 to 30 June 2022 二零二一年 一月一日至 二零二二年 六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Basic salaries and allowances Retirement benefits scheme contributions	基本薪金及津貼退休福利計劃供款	902	678 - 678

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

酬金介乎以下範圍:

### Number of individuals

		△ 5	义
		Year ended	1 January 2021
		30 June 2023	to 30 June 2022
		截至	二零二一年
		二零二三年	一月一日至
		六月三十日	二零二二年
		止年度	六月三十日
Emolument band:	酬金範圍:		
Nil - HK\$1,000,000	零至1,000,000港元	2	1

During the period, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the directors or the highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

期內,本集團並無向任何董事或最高薪酬人士 支付酬金作為加盟本集團之誘金或加盟時之獎 勵或作為離職賠償。

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

#### 15. DIVIDENDS

The directors do not recommend or declare the payment of any dividend in respect of the year ended 30 June 2023 and period from 1 January 2021 to 30 June 2022.

#### **16.LOSS PER SHARE**

#### Basic loss per share

The calculation of basic loss per share is based on the loss attributable to owners of the Company of approximately RMB338,846,000 for the year (period from 1 January 2021 to 30 June 2022: loss of approximately RMB14,304,000) and the weighted average number of 2,158,000,000 ordinary shares (period from 1 January 2021 to 30 June 2022: 2,158,000,000 ordinary shares) in issue during the year.

#### Diluted loss per share

Diluted loss per share is equal to basic loss per share as there are no potential ordinary shares outstanding for the year ended 30 June 2023 and period from 1 January 2021 to 30 June 2022.

#### 15. 股息

董事不建議亦不宣派截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度及自二零二一年一月一日至二零二二年六月三十日期間之任何股息。

### 16. 每股虧損

#### 每股基本虧損

每股基本虧損乃基於本公司擁有人應佔年內虧損約人民幣338,846,000元(二零二一年一月一日至二零二二年六月三十日期間:虧損約人民幣14,304,000元)及年內已發行普通股加權平均數2,158,000,000股(二零二一年一月一日至二零二二年六月三十日期間:2,158,000,000股)計算。

### 每股攤薄虧損

由於截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度及自二零二一年一月一日至二零二二年六月三十日止期間概無已發行在外之潛在普通股,因此每股攤薄虧損與每股基本虧損相同。

# 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 17.PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

### 17. 物業、廠房及設備

		Land and buildings	Leasehold improvements	Plant and machinery	fixtures, fixture and office equipment	Motor vehicles	Construction in progress	Total
		banangs	mprovements	machinery	<b>傢俬、裝置</b>	venneres	iii progress	10001
		土地及樓宇	租賃物業裝修	廠房及機械	及辦公室設備	汽車	在建工程	總計
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
At cost	按成本							
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	43,385	5,747	117,285	4,701	4,270	2,886	178,274
Additions	添置	_	2,956	470	3	_	10,390	13,819
Transfer	轉撥	_	_	3,165	164	105	(3,434)	_
Disposals	出售	_	_	(410)	_	_	_	(410)
Written off	撤銷	_	_	(6,073)	(143)	(888)	_	(7,104)
Exchange differences	匯兌差額	-	_	-		39		39
At 30 June 2022	於二零二二年六月三十日	43,385	8,703	114,437	4,725	3,526	9,842	184,618
Additions	添置	_	_	127	118	_	15,275	15,520
Transfers	轉撥	_	_	4,270	191	333	(4,794)	
Disposals	出售	_	_	(8,424)	(44)	_	(1/131)	(8,468)
Written off	撒銷	_	_	(992)	-	_	_	(992
Exchange differences	匯兌差額	-		-	1	118		119
At 30 June 2023	於二零二三年六月三十日	43,385	8,703	109,418	4,991	3,977	20,323	190,797
A communicate di dicame di adicam	田社代准							
Accumulated depreciation At 1 January 2021	<b>累計折舊</b> 於二零二一年一月一日	37,055	4,432	84,049	3,331	1,925		130,792
Charge for the period	於二零二一十一月一日 期內支出	906	309	5,140	406	554	_	7,315
Disposals	出售	500	309	(118)	400	-	_	(118
Written off	撤銷	_	_	(5,465)	(128)	(810)	_	(6,403)
Exchange differences	無知 <b>正</b> 兌差額	_	-	(5,405)	4	(010)	_	(0,403
At 30 June 2022	於二零二二年六月三十日	37,961	4,741	83,606	3,613	1,669	_	131,590
	2/- / 1///3-12					.,,		
Charge for the year	年內支出	473	185	3,622	110	401	-	4,791
Disposals	出售	-	-	(7,436)	(40)	-	-	(7,476
Written off	撤銷	-	-	(992)	-	-	-	(992)
Exchange differences	匯兌差額	-	-	-	1	78	-	79
At 30 June 2023	於二零二三年六月三十日	38,434	4,926	78,800	3,684	2,148	-	127,992
Carrying amounts	賬面金額							
At 30 June 2023	於二零二三年六月三十日	4,951	3,777	30,618	1,307	1,829	20,323	62,805

# 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### **18.RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS**

Disclosures of lease-related items:

### 18. 使用權資產

租賃相關項目披露:

	2023	2022
		二零二二年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元
	人氏帝十元	人氏帝十元 
	5 015	5,377
工程及接于	3,313	3,311
	5,915	5,377
[團基於未貼現現金流之租賃負		
員到期日分析如下:		
		206
- 一至兩年	356	-
	1,032	206
5-1-1-1-1-C-C		
	227	2,050
- 工地及慢于	327	2,030
利自	20	135
11 小小心	20	133
田和賃用閱閱古	_	285
加州東州州人		203
<b>『現金流出總額</b>	117	1,887
量使用權資產 「使用權資產」	865	_
	大月三十日: 用權	

# 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 18. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (cont'd)

The Group leases various land and buildings. Lease agreements are typically made for fixed periods of 2 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants and the leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

### 18. 使用權資產 (續)

本集團租用多幅土地及多幢樓宇。租賃協議 之租期通常定於2年。租賃條款按個別情況磋 商,當中包含多種不同之條款及條件。租賃協 議並無施加任何契諾,而租賃資產不得用作借 貸之抵押。

#### 19.INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE

### 19. 於一間聯營公司之權益

		2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
		RMB′000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Unlisted investments	非上市投資		
<ul><li>Share of net assets</li></ul>	- 應佔淨資產	161,725	161,771
Goodwill	商譽	47,339	47,339
		209,064	209,110
Less: Impairment	減:減值	(198,346)	_
		10,718	209,110

Details of the Group's associates at 30 June 2023 and 30 June 2022 are as follows:

於二零二三年六月三十日及二零二二年六月 三十日,本集團聯營公司之詳情如下:

Name	Place of incorporation/ registration	Issued/paid-up capital	Percentage of the ownership interest held by the Company 本公司所持	Principal activities
名稱 ————————————————————————————————————	註冊成立/註冊地點	已發行/繳足股本	擁有權權益百分比	主要業務
Zhuhai Hua Fa Yue Tang Property Development Limited*	the People Republic of China (" <b>PRC</b> ")	Registered capital of RMB10,000,000	49%	Land redevelopment
珠海華發月堂房產開發有限公司珠海華發月堂房產開發有限公司	中華人民共和國 (「 <b>中國</b> 」)	註冊資本人民幣 10,000,000元	49%	土地重新發展

<sup>\*</sup> For identification purpose only

<sup>\*</sup> 僅供識別

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

#### 19. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE (cont'd)

Note

The re-development of Yuetang Village under Happy Group is still considered to be at its preliminary development stage. In addition, there has been certain litigation against the former management of Happy Group involving their conduct. Therefore, the re-development of Yuetang Village is remained standstill after the event of COVID-19 pandemic and the operations of Happy Group are significantly affected. The Company's board of directors (the "Board") and its audit committee have come into conclusion that it is not commercially reasonable for the Company to continue to invest its time and resources in Happy Group as the prospect of the business operated thereunder remains largely uncertain. Notwithstanding that the Group has taken legal actions against the former management of Happy Group on the potential losses suffered by the Group in connection with the Sale and Purchase Agreement, it is considered that the business of Happy Group cannot be continued. In the event that the unauthorized disposal was completed effectively (which the Group denies), the Group lost control over Zhuhai Huafeng and its subsidiaries. Under such circumstances, the Board had started considering the option of disposing of Happy Group. Having considered the re-development progress of Yuetang Village; the risks associated with the unauthorized disposal; and the litigation involving matters of Happy Group, the consideration of the disposal would be minimal.

In estimating the recoverable amount of the interest in an associate as at 30 June 2023, the Group allocated the consideration for the disposal to the assets and liabilities of Happy Group to be disposed of, with residual value being allocated to the interest in an associate. On this basis, an impairment of approximately RMB198,346,000 was recognized during the year ended 30 June 2023.

### 19. 於一間聯營公司之權益(續)

附註:

眾樂集團旗下月堂村更新項目仍被視為處於初步 階段。此外,眾樂集團前管理層因其行為而產涉若 干訴訟。因此,在新冠疫情發生後,月堂村更新項 目處於停滯狀態,而眾樂集團之營運亦受到重大影 響。本公司董事會(「董事會」)及其審核委員會已作 出結論,由於眾樂集團所經營業務之前景依然極不 明朗,故從商業角度而言,本公司繼續投入時間及 資源於眾樂集團並不合理。儘管本集團已就本集團 因買賣協議所蒙受之潛在虧損對眾樂集團前管理層 採取法律行動,但眾樂集團之業務似乎無法維持。 倘該未經授權之出售之完成為有效(對此本集團拒 絕承認有關交易),本集團將失去對珠海華豐及其 附屬公司之控制權。因應此情況,董事會已開始考 慮出售眾樂集團之可行性。經考慮月堂村更新項目 之進度、未經授權出售之相關風險,以及涉及眾樂 集團事宜之訴訟,收回出售之代價將極為渺茫。

於估計於一間聯營公司之權益於二零二三年六月 三十日之可收回金額時,本集團將出售之代價分配 至將予出售之眾樂集團資產及負債,而剩餘價值 則分配至於一間聯營公司之權益。按此基礎,截至 二零二三年六月三十日止年度確認減值約人民幣 198,346,000元。

# 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 19. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE (cont'd)

# The following table shows information of an associate that are material to the Group. This associate is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method. The summarised financial information presented is based on the HKFRS financial statements of the associates

### 19.於一間聯營公司之權益(續)

下表顯示對本集團屬重大之聯營公司之資料。 該聯營公司按權益法於綜合財務報表內列賬。 所呈列財務資料概要乃以該等聯營公司根據香 港財務報告準則所編製之財務報表為依據。

	2023	2022
	二零二三年	二零二二年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
六月三十日		
	438.888	438,713
	912	995
	(109,612)	(109,564)
流動負債	(138)	
資產淨值	330,050	330,144
本集團應佔淨資產 ————————————————————————————————————	161,725	161,771
商譽	47,339	47,339
減:減值	(198,346)	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
中未因於 IT 惟 皿 之 湫 田 恒	10,718	209,110
截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度/ 截至二零二二年六月三十日止期間		
收益	-	_
在 / 期內虧捐	(94)	(461)
	資產淨值 本集團應佔淨資產  商譽 減:減值  本集團應佔權益之賬面值  截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度/ 截至二零二二年六月三十日止期間	RMB'000   人民幣千元

### **20.INTEREST IN JOINT VENTURES**

### 20. 於合營企業之權益

		2023 二零二三年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Unlisted investments  – Share of net assets Less: Impairment	非上市投資 一 應佔淨資產 減:減值	50,971 (50,971)	50,971 (50,971)
		_	_

# 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 20.INTEREST IN JOINT VENTURES (cont'd)

Details of the Group's joint ventures at 30 June 2023 and 30 June 2022 are as follows:

### 20. 於合營企業之權益(續)

於二零二三年六月三十日及二零二二年六月 三十日,本集團合營企業之詳情如下:

				Percentage of the ownership	
Name	Place of incorporation/ registration	lssued/ paid-up capital	Group's effective interest	interest held by the Company 本公司所持	Principal activities
名稱	註冊成立/註冊地點	已發行/ 繳足股本	本集團之實際權益	推有權權益 百分比	主要業務
珠海聚思創房地產顧問有限公司	the People Republic of China ("PRC")	Registered capital of RMB500,000	50.02%	-	Real estate developmen services
珠海聚思創房地產顧問有限公司	中華人民共和國 (「 <b>中國</b> 」)	註冊資本 人民幣500,000元			房地產發展服務
Glory World Development Limited	the British Virgin Islands	21,200,000 ordinary shares of USD1 each	49.80%	49.80%	Investmen holdings
Glory World Development Limited	英屬維爾京群島	21,200,000股每股 面值1美元之普通股			投資控服
Sinowise Development Limited	the British Virgin Islands	9,000,000 ordinary shares of USD1 each	49.80%	-	Trading of coa
Sinowise Development Limited	英屬維爾京群島	9,000,000股每股面值1美元之普通股			煤礦貿易
Elternal Galaxy Limited	the British Virgin Islands	12,100,000 ordinary shares of USD1 each	49.80%	-	Trading of iron
Elternal Galaxy Limited	英屬維爾京群島	12,100,000股每股面 值1美元之普通股			鐵礦貿易
Grace Capital Group Limited	Samoa	1 ordinary share of USD1	49.80%	-	Inactive
Grace Capital Group Limited	薩摩亞群島	1股面值1美元之普通股			並無營業

amounts of individually immaterial joint venture that are accounted for 大合營企業之總額。 using the equity method.

# 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### **20.INTEREST IN JOINT VENTURES (cont'd)**

### 20. 於合營企業之權益(續)

		2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 30 June Carrying amounts of interest	<b>於六月三十日</b> 權益之賬面金額	-	
Year ended 30 June Loss for the year/period Other comprehensive income	<b>截至六月三十日止年度</b> 年/期內虧損 其他全面收益	10 –	- -
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額	10	-

The accumulated losses not recognised were approximately RMB2,343,000 (Period from 1 January 2021 to 30 June 2022: RMB2,333,000).

未確認之累計虧損約為人民幣2,343,000元(於二零二一年一月一日至二零二二年六月三十日期間:人民幣2,333,000元)。

# 21.FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

### 21. 按公允價值計入損益之金融資產

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Contingent consideration receivable	應收或然代價	-	-
Put option	認沽期權	-	_
		_	_

# 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

# 21.FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (cont'd)

Note:

1. As at 30 June 2023, the contingent consideration receivable was related to the profit guarantee by Harbour Prestige International Limited (the "Vendor") when acquiring 100% equity interest in Happy (Hong Kong) New City Group Limited ("Happy HK") which completed in 2019. Pursuant to the agreement, the consideration shares shall be released and the promissory note shall be repaid to the Vendor provided that the consolidated net profit after tax of Happy HK and its subsidiaries (the "Happy Group") for three years ended 31 December 2019, 2020 and 2021 exceed HK\$260,000,000 (the "Target Profit"). On 11 March 2022, the Group and the Vendor entered supplementary agreement to extend the guarantee period to 30 June 2023.

The re-development of the Yuetang Village Project is still in preliminary stage as a result of, among other reasons, the impact of certain preventive measures by the local government in response to the outspread of the COVID-19 since 2019. Following the recent disagreements among the Vendor, the guarantor and certain directors of the Company, the re-development of the Yuetang Village Project has been put on hold despite the recovery of the COVID-19. The directors of the Company believes that Happy Group will not be able to achieve the Target Profit in the foreseeable future so the Company did not enter into further supplemental agreement to extend the period for Happy HK to achieve the Target Profit. The Company is taking legal actions to claim against the Vendor and guarantor to compensate for failure to achieve the Target Profit.

- 2. The Vendor agrees that, in the event that the Target Profit equals to or less than HK\$130 million, the Group is granted the right to exercise put option at any time during the one year from the day on which the Group confirmed to the Vendor the Target Profit is equal or less than HK\$130 million, to transfer the entire issued share capital of Happy HK to the Vendor at the price of sum of all funds invested Group.
- 3. As mentioned in Note 39 to the consolidated financial statements, Mr. Zhou and Mr. Chen, who are the directors of the Company and the management Zhuhai Mayer HuaFeng Development Co., Limited and its subsidiaries ("Zhuhai Mayer HuaFeng Group"), have disputed with the Group. The Group is unable to obtain the financial information of Zhuhai Mayer HuaFeng Group for the year ended 30 June 2023. The Group is taking legal action against Mr. Zhou and Mr. Chen to request the handover of the accounting documents of Zhuhai Mayer HuaFeng Group. Regarding the final outcome of the legal actions are uncertain and the insufficient of accounting documents of Zhuhai Mayer HuaFeng Group for measuring the fair value of the financial assets, the directors of the Company estimate the fair value of the financial assets as zero.

### 21. 按公允價值計入損益之金融資產(續)

附註:

1. 於二零二三年六月三十日,應收或然代價與港威國際有限公司(「賣方」)收購眾樂(香港)新城市控股集團有限公司(「眾樂香港」)100%股本權益時之溢利擔保有關,有關交易已於二零一九年完成。根據該協議,倘眾樂香港及其附屬公司(統稱「眾樂集團」)截至二零一九年、二零二零年及二零二一年十二月三十一日止三個年度之綜合除稅後溢利淨額超過260,000,000港元(「目標溢利」),則代價股份將獲解除及承兌票據將償還予賣方。於二零二二年三月十一日,本集團與賣方訂立補充協議,將擔保期延長至二零二三年六月三十日。

由於(其中包括)當地政府因應新冠自二零一九年起擴散而採取的若干預防措施的影響,月堂村更新項目仍處於初步階段。因應賣方、擔保人及本公司若干董事近期出現分歧,儘管已從疫情復常,月堂村更新項目已被擱置。本本公司董事相信,眾樂集團於可見將來將無法達致目標溢利,故本公司並無進一步訂立補充協議以延長眾樂香港達致目標溢利之期限。本公司規定採取法律行動向賣方及擔保人索償,以補償未能達致目標溢利。

- 2. 賣方同意,倘目標溢利相等於或少於 130,000,000港元,本集團有權於本集團向賣方 確認目標溢利相等於或少於130,000,000港元當 日起計一年內任何時間行使認沽期權,以本集 團投入之全部資金總和之價格向賣方轉讓眾樂 香港之全部已發行股本。
- 3. 誠如綜合財務報表附註39所述,本公司董事及 珠海美亞華豐發展有限公司及其附屬公司(統 稱「珠海美亞華豐集團」)管理層之周先生及陳 先生與本集團有糾紛。本集團無法取得珠海美 亞華豐集團截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度 的財務資料。本集團正對周先生及陳先生採取 法律行動,要求交出珠海美亞華豐集團的會計 文件。鑑於法律訴訟的最終結果尚未確定,以 及珠海美亞華豐集團的會計文件不足以計量金 融資產的公允價值,本公司董事估計金融資產 的公允價值為零。

# 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

#### 22. INVENTORIES

### 22. 存貨

		2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Raw materials	原材料	34,663	28,449
Work-in-progress	在製品	1,872	1,247
Finished goods	製成品	54,017	62,598
Goods-in-transit	在途貨品	2,404	1,249
		92,956	93,543

#### 23.TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

### 23. 貿易應收賬款及其他應收款項

		2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Trade receivables	貿易應收賬款	271,215	195,599
Less: allowance for doubtful debts	減:呆賬撥備	(43,028)	(2,397)
		228,187	193,202
Prepayment and other deposit	預付款項及其他按金	64,992	150,602
Bills receivables	應收票據	1,629	4,414
Other receivables	其他應收款項	18,930	18,148
Amount due from joint venture	應收合營企業款項	1,267	1,248
		315,005	367,614

Trade receivables are due within 60 to 180 days from the date of billing and may be extended to selected customers depending on their trade volumes and settlement with the Group. Debtors with balances that are more than 6 months past due are requested to settle all outstanding balances before any further credit is granted. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from customers.

As mentioned in note 19, there has been certain litigations against the former management of Happy Group involving their conduct. Furthermore, there is disposal took place without the authorization and/ or approval from the Board. The Board is in the view that the prospect of the business operated of Happy Group thereunder remains largely uncertain. Therefore, full impairment for the prepayments and trade receivable of approximately RMB96,460,000 and RMB40,250,000, respectively were recognized for the year ended 30 June 2023.

貿易應收賬款於由發票日期起60至180天內到期,而特選客戶可予延長,視乎與本集團之間的交易量及還款情況而定。結餘逾期超過六個月之債務人於獲授任何進一步信貸前,會被要求先結清所有未償還結餘。一般而言,本集團不會從客戶取得抵押品。

誠如附註19所述,眾樂集團前管理層因其行為而牽涉若干訴訟。此外,有關出售未經董事會授權及/或批准。董事會認為,眾樂集團所經營業務之前景依然極不明朗。因此,截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度已確認預付款項及貿易應收賬款之全額減值分別約人民幣96,460,000元及人民幣40,250,000元。

# 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 23.TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (cont'd)

The aging analysis of trade receivables, based on invoiced date, and net of allowance, is as follows:

### 23. 貿易應收賬款及其他應收款項(續)

貿易應收賬款扣除撥備以發票日期為基準之賬 齡分析如下:

		2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
0 to 30 days	0至30天	56,993	41,900
31 to 60 days	31至60天	48,939	33,739
61 to 90 days	61至90天	36,034	20,630
91 to 180 days	91至180天	45,255	21,366
Over 180 days	超過180天	40,966	75,567
		228,187	193,202

Reconciliation of allowance for trade receivables:

貿易應收賬款撥備之對賬:

		2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 July/1 January Allowance/(reversal) for the year/period	於七月一日/一月一日 年/期內撥備/(撥回)	2,397 40,631	5,072 (2,675)
At 30 June	於六月三十日	43,028	2,397

The Group applies the simplified approach under HKFRS 9 to provide for expected credit losses using the lifetime expected loss provision for all trade receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. The expected credit losses also incorporate forward looking information.

本集團應用香港財務報告準則第9號之簡化方針,就所有貿易應收賬款使用全期預期虧損撥備計提預期信貸虧損撥備。為計量預期信貸虧損,貿易應收賬款已按共同信貸風險特徵及逾期天數分組。預期信貸虧損亦包含前瞻性資料。

# 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 23.TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (cont'd)

### 23. 貿易應收賬款及其他應收款項(續)

		Current 即期	Over 30 days past due 逾期 超過30天	Over 60 days past due 逾期 超過60天	Over 120 days past due 逾期 超過120天	Total 總計
At 30 June 2023 Weighted average expected loss rate Receivable amount (RMB) Loss allowance (RMB)	於二零二三年六月三十日 加權平均預期虧損率 應收款項金額(人民幣元) 虧損撥備(人民幣元)	- 56,993 -	1% 49,416 477	1% 36,388 354	32% 128,418 42,197	271,215 43,028
At 30 June 2022 Weighted average expected loss rate Receivable amount (RMB) Loss allowance (RMB)	於二零二二年六月三十日加權平均預期虧損率應收款項金額(人民幣元)虧損撥備(人民幣元)	- 41,900 -	1% 34,080 341	1% 20,838 208	2% 98,781 1,848	195,599 2,397

### **24.LONG TERM RECEIVABLES**

### 24.長期應收款項

		2023 二零二三年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Long term receivables Less: allowance for doubtful debts	長期應收款項減:呆賬撥備	50,000 (50,000)	50,000 (50,000)

The amounts were deposited into certain investment companies which are unsecured, interest bearing with an effective interest rate ranged from 9.5% to 11% and repayable in January 2020. Full impairment of RMB50,000,000 was recognised as these investment companies are uncontactable and the Group considered these loan made by the former management were considered as deceitful acts and were reported to the Police Department of Huangpu District, Guangzhou Municipality in May 2018.

該等款項已存入若干投資公司,為無抵押,按介乎9.5%至11%之實際利率計息,並須於二零二零年一月償還。由於該等投資公司失聯,而本集團認為該等由前任管理層作出之貸款屬欺詐行為,並已於二零一八年五月向廣州市黃埔區公安局報案,故本集團確認全數減值人民幣50,000,000元。

# 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### **25.CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

As at 30 June 2023, the bank and cash balances of the Group denominated in RMB amounted to approximately RMB46,124,000 (2022: approximately RMB30,128,000). Conversion of RMB into foreign currencies is subject to the PRC's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations.

### 25. 現金及現金等值項目

於二零二三年六月三十日,本集團以人民幣計值之銀行及現金結餘約為人民幣46,124,000元(二零二二年:約人民幣30,128,000元)。將人民幣兌換為外幣須遵守中國外匯管理條例。

#### **26.TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES**

#### 26. 貿易應付賬款及其他應付款項

			2023 二零二三年	二零二二年
		Note 附註	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Trade payables	貿易應付賬款	a	61,090	38,370
Other payables	其他應付款項		52,491	50,582
Receipt in advance related to urban	有關城市更新項目的			
renewal projects	預收款項		10,180	10,188
Receipt in advance related to energy	有關節能服務的預收款項			
conservation service			367	_
Consideration for Hei Jing	黑晶之代價	*	5,301	5,301
Dividend payable	應付股息		2,671	2,632
Contract liabilities	合約負債	b	15,369	8,374
			147,469	115,447

<sup>\*</sup> The amount consideration for disposal of Hei Jing and reference to outstanding litigation details refer to note 34.

#### a Trade payables

The aging analysis of the trade payables, based on invoice date, is as follows:

#### a 貿易應付賬款

貿易應付賬款以發票日期為基準之賬齡分 析如下:

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
0 to 30 days	0至30天	19,380	23,295
31 to 60 days	31至60天	19,660	5,908
61 to 90 days	61至90天	5,352	566
91 to 180 days	91至180天	4,230	1,008
181 to 365 days	181至365天	9,713	3,256
Over 365 days	超過365天	2,755	4,337
		61,090	38,370

<sup>\*</sup> 出售黑晶的代價金額及未決訴訟詳情,請參閱 附註34。

# 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 26.TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (cont'd)

**b** Contract liabilities

### 26. 貿易應付賬款及其他應付款項(續)

b 合約負債

	As at 30 June 2023 於二零二三年 六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元	30 June 2022 於二零二二年 六月三十日 RMB'000	2 1 January 2021 於二零二一年 一月一日 RMB'000
Manufacturing and sales of 製造及銷售鋼管、鋼片及 steel pipes, steel sheets and other products made of steel	15,369	8,37	4 20,686
		2023 二零二三年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue recognised in the year that 於年初計入合約負債之 was included in contract liabilities at beginning of year	2年內	5,552	18,625

### Significant changes in contract liabilities during the period/ year:

### 合約負債於期/年內之重大變動:

		2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Increase due to operations in the year/period	年/期內因業務而增加	12,547	6,313
Transfer of contract liabilities to revenue	轉撥合約負債至收益	5,552	18,625

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer products or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customers.

合約負債指本集團就已收客戶代價(或到期代價款項)向客戶轉移產品或服務之義務。

# 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

**27.BORROWINGS** 

27. 借貸

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Bank borrowings – unsecured	銀行借貸-無抵押	75,000	
Other borrowings – unsecured	其他借貸一無抵押	75,000	- 7,637
		75,000	7,637
The borrowings are repayable as follows:	借貸應償還如下:		
On demand or within one year	按要求或於一年內	75,000	7,637
In the second year	於第二年		
		75.000	7.627
		75,000	7,637
Less: Amount due for settlement within 12	減:於12個月內到期清償之金額		
months		(75,000)	(7,637)
Amount due for settlement after 12 months	於12個月後到期清償之金額	-	_

The average interest rates were as follows:

平均利率如下:

		2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
Bank borrowings – unsecured	銀行借貸-無抵押	3.45% – 3.8%	N/A 不適用
Other borrowings – unsecured	其他借貸-無抵押	N/A 不適用	8% – 10%

All borrowings are arranged at fixed interest rates and expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk.

所有借貸均為定息,使本集團須面對公允價值 利率風險。

# 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

#### **28.PROMISSORY NOTES**

Upon the completion date of the acquisition of Happy (Hong Kong) New City Group Limited on 26 November 2019, the Company issued Promissory Notes ("PN") to a Company owned by a substantial shareholder of the Company with a principal amount of HK\$158,000,000 as a part of the settlement of the consideration. The PN are interest bearing at 3% p.a. payable semi-annually and the maturity date is in 2 years from the date of issue. The fair value of PN at issuance was assessed as approximately HK\$136,090,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB122,260,000) by an independent valuer. The effective interest rate is 10%.

Pursuant to the supplemental agreement dated 11 March 2022 (the "Supplement Agreement"), the Company, the vendor and the guarantor have agreed to extend the period for the meeting the Target Profit of Happy Group for 18 months to 30 June 2023. As a result of the extension, the maturity date of the PN was extended to 30 September 2023. On 30 June 2023, the directors of the Company believes that Happy Group will not be able to achieve the Target Profit in the foreseeable future so no further supplemental agreement was entered to extend the maturity date of PN. As at the date of this report, the Supplemental Agreement was not yet approved by the independent Shareholders of the Company and the extension of maturity date of the PN to 30 September 2023 has not taken effect.

According to the sale and purchase agreement entered between the Company, the vendor and the guarantor, in the event that Happy Group is unable to achieve the Target Profit, the PN may be offset with the shortfall between the actual profit and Target Profit. The Company is taking legal actions to claim against the vendor and the guarantor for breaching the terms of the Sale and Purchase Agreement. Therefore, the Company expects the PN will not be repaid until the claim is settled.

#### 28. 承兑票據

於二零一九年十一月二十六日完成收購眾樂(香港)新城市控股集團有限公司之日,本公司向一間由本公司主要股東擁有之公司發行本金額為158,000,000港元之承兌票據(「承兌票據」),作為代價之部分付款。承兌票據按年利率3%計息,每半年派息一次,到期日為由發行日期起計兩年。承兌票據於發行時之公允價值由一名獨立估值師評定為約136,090,000港元(相等於約人民幣122,260,000元)。實際利率為10%。

根據日期為二零二二年三月十一日之補充協議 (「補充協議」),本公司、實方及擔保人已同意 將達成眾樂集團所產生目標溢利的期限延長 18個月至二零二三年六月三十日。由於延期, 承兌票據之到期日已延後至二零二三年九月 三十日。於二零二三年六月三十日,本公司董 事相信,眾樂集團於可見將來將無法達致目標 溢利,故本公司並無進一步訂立補充協議以延 長承兌票據之到期日。於本報告日期,補充協 議尚未獲本公司獨立股東批准,而承兌票據之 到期日延長(延長至二零二三年九月三十日) 尚未生效。

根據本公司、賣方及擔保人訂立的買賣協議, 倘眾樂集團未能達致目標溢利,承兌票據可與 實際溢利和目標溢利之間的差額抵銷。本公司 現正採取法律行動,以就眾樂集團違反買賣協 議條款向賣方及擔保人索償。因此,本公司預 期承兌票據將不會獲償還,直至就索償達成和 解為止。

# 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

#### 29. RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS

#### **Employee retirement benefits**

The Group operates a mandatory provident fund scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong. The MPF Scheme is a defined contribution retirement scheme administered by independent trustees. Under the MPF Scheme, the employer makes contributions to the scheme at 5% and employees are required to make 5% of the employees' relevant income, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$30,000. Mandatory contributions to the scheme vest immediately. No forfeited contribution is available to reduce the contribution payable in future year.

Subsidiaries incorporated in the PRC participate in various defined contribution retirement plans ("**Plans**") organised by local authorities for the Group's employees in the PRC. The subsidiaries are required to contribute, based on a certain percentage of the basic payroll, to the Plans. The Group has no other obligation for the payment of pension benefits associated with these Plans beyond the annual contributions described above

### 29. 退休福利責任

#### 僱員退休福利

本集團根據香港強制性公積金計劃條例為香港所有合資格僱員設立強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)。強積金計劃為由獨立信託人管理之定額供款退休計劃。根據強積金計劃,僱主按僱員相關收入之5%向計劃供款,而僱員亦須按5%供款,每月相關收入上限為30,000港元。向計劃作出之強制性供款即時歸屬。並無沒收供款可供用作減少未來年度之應付供款。

在中國註冊成立之附屬公司為本集團中國僱員參加地方機關組織之多項定額供款退休計劃(「該等計劃」)。附屬公司須按照僱員基本薪資若干百分比向該等計劃供款。除上述年度供款外,本集團並無其他與該等計劃相關之退休金福利付款責任。

#### **30.LEASE LIABILITIES**

#### 30. 和賃負債

				Present value of		
		Lease payments		lease payments		
		租賃	款項	租賃款	項現值	
		2023	2022	2023	2022	
		二零二三年	二零二二年	二零二三年	二零二二年	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
Within one year	一年內	676	206	627	203	
In the second to fifth years,	第二至第五年					
inclusive	(包括首尾兩年)	356	_	344	_	
		1,032	206			
Less: Future finance charges	減:未來財務支出	(61)	(3)			
Present value of lease liabilities	和賃負債現值	971	203	971	203	
- Treserit value of fease habilities		371	203	371	203	
Less: Amount due for settlement	減:於12個日內到期					
within 12 months (shown	清償之金額					
under current liabilities)	(列於流動負債項下)			(627)	(203)	
	(/]水 /// 划 只 读 气   /			(027)	(203)	
Amount due for settlement after	於12個日後到期					
12 months	清償之金額			344		
12 111011(113	/月 貝 人 亚 餀			344		

# 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

#### **31.SHARE CAPITAL**

### 31. 股本

		Number of shares 股份數目 ′000 千股	Amount 金額 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Authorised: Ordinary shares of HK\$0.2 each at 1 January 2021, 30 June 2022, 1 July 2022 and 30 June 2023	法定: 於二零二一年一月一日、 二零二二年六月三十日、 二零二二年七月一日及 二零二三年六月三十日 每股面值0.2港元之普通股	4,000,000	724,843
Issued and fully paid: At 1 January 2021, 30 June 2022, 1 July 2022 and 30 June 2023	已發行及繳足: 於二零二一年一月一日、 二零二二年六月三十日、 二零二二年七月一日及 二零二三年六月三十日	2,158,000	391,760

#### Note:

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maximise the return to the shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance.

The Group reviews the capital structure frequently by considering the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. The Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues and share buy-backs as well as the issue of new debts, redemption of existing debts or selling assets to reduce debts in order to maintain sufficiency of working capital.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the debt-to-adjusted capital ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by adjusted capital. Net debt is calculated as total debts less cash and cash equivalents. Adjusted capital comprises all components of equity (i.e. share capital, share premium, non-controlling interests, accumulated losses and other reserves).

#### 附註:

本集團管理資本之目標為保障本集團能夠按持續經營基準繼續經營,同時透過優化債務及權益結餘, 為股東帶來最大回報。

本集團透過考慮資本成本及與各類資本相關之風險, 頻繁地檢討資本架構。本集團將透過派息、發行新 股及股份回購以及發行新債務、贖回現有債務或出 售資產減少債務以維持充足營運資金,平衡其整體 資本架構。

本集團基於債務對經調整資本比率監察資本。該比率以債務淨額除以經調整資本計算。債務淨額以債務總額減現金及現金等值項目計算。經調整資本包括所有權益組成部分(即股本、股份溢價、非控股權益、累計虧損及其他儲備)。

# 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 31. SHARE CAPITAL (cont'd)

### 31. 股本 (續)

The gearing ratios at the end of the reporting periods were as follows:

報告期末之資產負債比率如下:

		2023 二零二三年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Total debt Less: cash and cash equivalents	債務總額 減:現金及現金等值項目	231,586 (46,388)	149,918 (33,201)
Net debt	債務淨額	185,198	116,717
Total equity	總權益	141,356	483,514
Net debt-to-capital ratio	淨債務對資本比率	131%	24%

The increase in the debt-to-adjusted capital ratio during 2023 resulted primarily from new borrowings used in operations.

債務對經調整資本比率於二零二三年上升乃主 要由於經營所用之新造借貸所致。

# 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 32.RESERVES

# (a) The amounts of the Group's reserves and movements therein are presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and consolidated statement of changes in equity.

### 32. 儲備

(a) 本集團儲備金額及其變動於綜合損益及其 他全面收益表以及綜合權益變動表呈列。

### (b) Reserves of the Company

### (b) 本公司儲備

		Share premium 股份溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Special reserve 特別儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Foreign currencies translation reserve 外幣換算儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2021 Loss for the year Exchange difference on translation of financial	於二零二一年一月一日 年內虧損 換算財務報表至呈列貨幣產 生之匯兌差額	213,309 –	125,211 -	(65,747) -	(360,970) (13,249)	(88,197) (13,249)
statements to presentation currency		-	_	3,579	_	3,579
At 30 June 2022	於二零二二年六月三十日	213,309	125,211	(62,168)	(374,219)	(97,867)
At 1 July 2022 Loss for the year Exchange difference on translation of financial	於二零二二年七月一日 年內虧損 換算財務報表至呈列 貨幣產生之匯兌差額	213,309 _	125,211 -	(62,168) -	(374,219) (82,854)	(97,867) (82,854)
statements to presentation currency		_	_	20,359	_	20,359
At 30 June 2023	於二零二三年六月三十日	213,309	125,211	(41,809)	(457,073)	(160,362)

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

#### 32.RESERVES (cont'd)

### (c) Nature and purpose of reserves

#### (i) Share premium account

The application of the share premium account is governed by the Companies Acts of the Cayman Islands.

Under the Companies Acts of the Cayman Islands, the funds in the share premium account of the Company are distributable to the shareholders of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

#### (ii) Special reserve

The special reserve of the Group represents the paid-in capital of the Company of 1 share of HK\$0.1 each and the special reserve of RMB83,570,000 arising from exchange of 1 share of the Company of HK\$0.1 for the entire share capital of Bamian pursuant to the reorganisation scheme dated 12 December 2003 less distribution of final dividends of RMB12,000,000 and RMB4,000,000 for the years ended 31 December 2004 and 2005 respectively.

The special reserve of the Company represents the difference between the nominal value of the shares of the Company issued in exchange for the issued share capital of the subsidiaries and the value of the underlying assets of the subsidiaries pursuant to the group reorganisation on 12 December 2003

#### 32. 儲備 (續)

#### (c) 儲備之性質與目的

#### (i) 股份溢價賬

股份溢價賬之動用受開曼群島公司法 規管。

根據開曼群島公司法,本公司股份溢 價賬之資金可分派予本公司股東,前 提是緊隨建議派發股息之日後,本公 司須能夠償付於日常業務過程中到期 之債務。

#### (ii) 特別儲備

本集團之特別儲備指本公司1股面值 0.1港元股份之實繳股本,以及因根據日期為二零零三年十二月十二日之重組計劃,以本公司1股面值0.1港元之股份交換百門全部股本而產生之特別儲備人民幣83,570,000元,並扣除分別於截至二零零四年及二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度分派之末期股息人民幣12,000,000元及人民幣4,000,000元。

本公司之特別儲備指根據二零零三年 十二月十二日之集團重組,就交換附 屬公司已發行股本而發行之本公司股 份面值與該等附屬公司之相關資產價 值之間的差額。

# 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

#### 32.RESERVES (cont'd)

#### (c) Nature and purpose of reserves (cont'd)

#### (iii) Statutory surplus fund

The Articles of Association of Guangzhou Mayer requires the appropriation of 10% of its profit after taxation, based on its statutory audited accounts, each year to the statutory surplus reserve until the balance reaches 50% of the registered capital. According to the provision of the Articles of Association of Guangzhou Mayer, in normal circumstances, the statutory surplus reserve shall only be used for making up losses, capitalisation into registered capital and expansion of the production and operation of Guangzhou Mayer. For the capitalisation of statutory surplus reserve into registered capital, the remaining amount of such reserve shall not be less than 25% of the registered capital.

#### (iv) Statutory public welfare fund

Pursuant to the PRC Company Law, Guangzhou Mayer shall make allocation from its profit after taxation at the rate of 5% to 10% to the statutory public welfare fund, based on its statutory audited accounts. The statutory public welfare fund can only be utilised on capital items for employees' collective welfare. Individual employees only have the right to use these facilities, the titles to which will remain with the Company. The statutory public welfare fund forms part of the shareholders' equity but is non-distributable other than in liquidation. With effect from 1 January 2006, the appropriation is not a statutory requirement in accordance with the PRC Company Law (2006 Amendment). Guangzhou Mayer adopted the amended Company Law and no appropriation was made.

#### (v) Foreign currency translation reserve

The foreign currency translation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policy set out in note 3.

### 32. 儲備 (續)

#### (c) 儲備之性質與目的(續)

#### (iii) 法定公積金

廣州美亞之組織章程細則規定,每年 須根據其法定經審核賬目,將除稅後 溢利之10%撥往法定公積金,直至該 儲備結餘達註冊資本50%為止。根據 廣州美亞之組織章程細則條文,在一 般情況下,法定公積金僅可用於抵銷 虧損、撥充註冊資本及擴充廣州美亞 之生產與營運。將法定公積金撥充註 冊資本後,該儲備之餘額不得少於註 冊資本之25%。

#### (iv) 法定公益金

根據中國公司法,廣州美亞須根據其 法定經審核賬目,將其除稅後溢利之 5%至10%轉撥至法定公益金。法定 公益金僅可用於為僱員集體福利而 設之資本項目。個別僱員僅有權享用 有關設施,而設施所有權仍屬本公司 所有。法定公益金組成股東權益一部 分,除清盤以外一概不得作出分派。 自二零零六年一月一日起,根據中國 公司法(二零零六年修訂版),分配 不再是法定要求。廣州美亞已採納經 修訂之公司法,並無進行分配。

#### (v) 外幣換算儲備

外幣換算儲備包含換算海外業務財務 報表產生之所有外匯差額。此儲備乃 根據附註3所載之會計政策處理。

# 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

# 33.STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

33. 本公司之財務狀況表

		2023	2022
		二零二三年 RMB'000	二零二二年 RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Non-current assets	非流動資產		
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	12	_
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	759	_
Investments in subsidiaries	於附屬公司之投資	121,794	113,811
		122,565	113,811
Current assets	流動資產		
Deposit, prepayments and other receivable	按金、預付款項及其他應收款項	60,395	58,123
Due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	57,703	136,820
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目	135	562
		118,233	195,505
Current liabilities	流動負債		
Other payables	其他應付款項	8,606	7,750
Due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	26	36
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	424	_
Borrowings		-	7,637
		9,056	15,423
Net current assets	流動資產淨值	109,177	180,082
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債	231,742	293,893
	小女私 <i>在 /</i> 库		
Non-current liabilities Lease liabilities	<b>非流動負債</b> 租賃負債	344	_
		344	_
		344	
NET ASSETS	資產淨值	231,398	293,893
Capital and reserves	股本及儲備		
Share capital	股本	391,760	391,760
Reserves	儲備	(160,362)	(97,867)
TOTAL EQUITY	總權益	231,398	293,893

# 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

#### **34.CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

#### Writs of summons against the Company

On 29 March 2012, writs of summons were issued by Capital Wealth Finance Company Limited and Capital Wealth Corporation Limited against the Company to claim the sum of HK\$15,500,000 plus relevant legal costs incurred/to be incurred. The Company intends to contest the claim. In the directors' opinion, the ultimate liability, if any, will not have a material impact on the Group's financial position.

#### Dispute on disposal of Hei Jing

On 9 February 2022, a former director of the Company who is also the former director of certain subsidiaries in the PRC using suspected forgery seal entered an agreement with other parties to disposal of 51% equity interest in Hei Jing at cash consideration of RMB5.3 million. The consideration was received on 1 February 2022 and 31 March 2022 and the registration of the ownership of the equity interest was changed to purchaser on 14 February 2022. After the removal of the former director, the board of directors of the Company carried out the review of the transaction. The directors of the Company considered the consideration of the Disposal were too low and unfair and the Group would suffer significant loss upon the Disposal. In the view of the directors of the Company, the Disposal is unenforceable. Therefore, the Group instigated a legal action to rescind the agreement and resume the ownership of the 51% equity interest in Hei Jing. Legal action is processing and outcome is uncertain.

#### 34. 或然負債

#### 對本公司發出之傳訊令狀

於二零一二年三月二十九日,寶鼎財務有限公司及寶鼎集團有限公司針對本公司發出傳訊令狀,以申索15,500,000港元之款項,另加已招致/將招致之相關訟費。本公司擬對申索提出抗辯。董事認為,最終責任(如有)將不會對本集團之財務狀況造成重大影響。

#### 有關出售黑晶之糾紛

於二零二二年二月九日,本公司一名前董事 (亦為中國若干附屬公司之前董事)使用涉嫌 偽造印章與其他人士訂立協議,以現金代信。 代價已於二零二二年二月一日及二零二二年三月三十一日接獲,股權擁有權登記已於二零 三二年二月十四日變更為買方。於前任董事 免職後,本公司董事會對該交易進行審查。 公司董事認為,出售事項之代價屬過低及本公 平,出售事項後本集團將遭受重大損失。本 司董事認為,出售事項乃不可執行。故本集團 發起法律行動,要求廢止該協議並恢復於黑晶 的51%股權之擁有權。法律行動正在審理中, 結果不確定。

# 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

# 35.NOTE TO CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

### Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

The following table shows the Group's changes in liabilities arising from financing activities during the year:

### 35. 綜合現金流量表附註

### 融資活動所產生負債之變動

下表顯示期/年內本集團融資活動所產生負債之變動:

		Promissory notes	Lease liabilities	Borrowings	Total
		承兌票據	租賃負債	借貸	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	127,003	2,421	40,000	169,424
Changes in cash flows	現金流量變動	-	(1,887)	(32,363)	(34,250)
Interest paid	已付利息	_	-	(4,511)	(4,511)
Non-cash changes	非現金變動				
– interest charged	一 利息支出	13,269	135	4,511	17,915
<ul> <li>Lease modification</li> </ul>	- 租賃修訂	_	(466)	_	(466)
– exchange difference	一 匯兌差額	2,009	_	_	2,009
At 30 June 2022 and	於二零二二年六月三十日及				
1 July 2022	二零二二年七月一日	142,281	203	7,637	150,121
Changes in cash flows	現金流量變動	_	(117)	67,363	67,246
Interest paid	已付利息	_	_	(2,033)	(2,033)
Non-cash changes	非現金變動				
<ul> <li>Interest charged</li> </ul>	一 利息支出	4,210	20	2,033	6,263
<ul><li>Additions</li></ul>	- 添置	_	865	_	865
– exchange difference	一 匯兌差額	10,095			10,095
At 30 June 2023	於二零二三年六月三十日	156,586	971	75,000	232,557

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

#### **36. SHARE OPTION SCHEME**

The Company operates a share option scheme (the "Scheme") for the purpose of reward participants who have contributed to the Group and to encourage participants to work towards enhancing the value of the Company and its shares for the benefit of the Company and its shareholders as a whole. Eligible participants include the directors, employees, advisors, consultants, agents, customers, distributors, contractors, suppliers, business partners, promoters, service providers of the Company and the Company's subsidiaries. The Scheme became effective on 31 May 2019 and, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from that date.

The maximum number of unexercised share options currently permitted to be granted under the Scheme is an amount equivalent, upon their exercise, to 10% of the total number of shares in issue as at the adoption date, which may be renewed by obtaining approval of the shareholders in general meeting from time to time, provided that such renewed limit shall not exceed 10% of the shares in issue. Any further grant of shares options in excess of this limit is subject to shareholders' approval in a general meeting.

Share options granted to a director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company, or to any of their associates, are subject to approval in advance by the independent non-executive directors. In addition, any share options granted to a substantial shareholder or an independent non- executive director of the Company, or to any of their associates, in excess of 0.1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time or with an aggregate value (based on the price of the Company's shares at the date of the grant) in excess of HK\$5 million, within any 12-month period, are subject to shareholders' approval in advance in a general meeting.

#### 36. 購股權計劃

本公司實施一項購股權計劃(「**該計劃**」),旨在獎勵對本集團有貢獻的參與者,並鼓勵參與者為本公司及其股東的整體利益而努力提升本公司及其股份的價值。合資格參與者包括本公司及本公司附屬公司的董事、僱員、顧問、諮詢人、代理、客戶、分銷商、承包商、供應商、業務夥伴、推廣人、服務提供者。該計劃於二零一九年五月三十一日生效,除非另行取消或修訂,否則自該日起10年內有效。

根據該計劃目前允許授出的未行使購股權數目 上限為於其行使時相等於採納日期已發行股份 總數的10%,該上限可透過不時於股東大會上 取得股東批准而予以更新,惟該更新上限不得 超過已發行股份的10%。任何進一步授出超過 此限額的購股權,必須經股東在股東大會上批 准。

授予本公司董事、主要行政人員或主要股東或 其任何聯繫人的購股權,須事先獲得獨立非執 行董事批准。此外,向本公司主要股東或獨立 非執行董事或彼等的任何聯繫人授出的任何購 股權,如於任何十二個月期間內超過本公司於 任何時間已發行股份的0.1%,或總值(根據授 出當日本公司股份價格計算)超過5,000,000港 元,則須事先於股東大會上獲股東批准。

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

#### 36. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (cont'd)

The offer of a grant of share options may be accepted within 28 days from the date of the offer, upon payment of a nominal consideration of HK\$1 in total by the grantee. The exercise period of the share options granted is determinable by the directors, and commences after a certain vesting period and ends on a date which is not later than ten years from the date of the offer of the share.

The exercise price of the share options is determinable by the directors, but may not be less than the highest of (i) the Stock Exchange closing price of the Company's shares on the date of the offer of the share options; (ii) the average Stock Exchange closing price of the Company's shares for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of the offer; and (iii) the nominal value of the Company's shares on the date of the offer.

Share options do not confer rights on the holder to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meetings.

On 12 January 2022, the Company entered into the consultancy agreement with the grantee and pursuant to which (i) the Company has appointed the grantee as a consultant of the Company for provision of the consultancy services for a term of two years; and (ii) the board of directors has resolved to grant 174,800,000 options with exercise price of HK\$0.2 per share to the grantee on 27 April 2022 to subscribe for a total of 174,800,000 shares under the Scheme, subject to the conditions precedent set out under the consultancy agreement, as consideration for the consultancy services.

#### 36. 購股權計劃 (續)

授出購股權的要約可於要約日期起計28日內,在承授人支付合共1港元的象徵式代價後接納。所授出購股權的行使期可由董事釐定,並於一段歸屬期後開始及於股份發售日期起計十年內屆滿。

購股權的行使價可由董事釐定,但不得低於以下三者中的最高者:(i)本公司股份於購股權要約日期的聯交所收市價;(ii)本公司股份於緊接要約日期前五個交易日的聯交所平均收市價;及(iii)本公司股份於要約日期的面值。

購股權並不賦予持有人收取股息或在股東大會 上投票的權利。

於二零二二年一月十二日,本公司與承授人訂立顧問協議,據此(i)本公司委任承授人為本公司顧問,以提供為期兩年的顧問服務;及(ii)董事會議決於二零二二年四月二十七日向承授人授出174,800,000份行使價為每股0.2港元的購股權,以根據該計劃認購合共174,800,000股股份(惟須符合顧問協議所載的先決條件),作為顧問服務的代價。

# 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 36.SHARE OPTION SCHEME (cont'd)

The following table discloses movements in the Company's share options granted under 2019 Scheme during the year ended 30 June 2023:

### 36. 購股權計劃 (續)

下表披露截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度本公司根據二零一九年計劃授出的購股權的變動情況:

		Date of grant	Date of Exercise price	Outstanding as at 1 July 2022 於	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Forfeited/ Lapsed during the year	Outstanding as at 30 June 2023	
		授出日期	行使期	每股行使價 <b>HK\$</b> 港元	二零二二年七月一日尚未行使	年內授出	年內行使	年內沒收/ 失效	於二零二三年 六月三十日 尚未行使
Consultant	顧問	27 April 2022 二零二二年 四月二十七日	27 April 2022 to 27 April 2032 二零二二年 四月二十七日至 二零三二年 四月二十七日	0.2	174,800,000	-	-	-	174,800,000

Exercisable at the end of 於年末可予行使 the year

Weighted average

加權平均行使價

exercise price

HK\$0.20港元 HK\$0.20港元

#### **37.RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

- a. In addition to those related party transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, the Group had no other transactions with its related parties during the year; and
- b. Remuneration for key management personnel of the Group, including amounts paid to the Company's directors and certain of the highest paid employees as disclosed in note 14 is as follows:

#### 37. 關聯方交易

- a. 除綜合財務報表其他部分所披露之關聯方 交易及結餘外,本集團於年內並無與關聯 方進行其他交易;及
- b. 本集團主要管理人員之薪酬(包括附註14 所披露向本公司董事及若干最高薪僱員支 付之金額)如下:

		Year ended 30 June 2023 截至 二零二三年 六月三十日 止年度 RMB'000 人民幣千元	1 January 2021 to 30 June 2022 二零二一年 一月一日至 二零二二年 六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Salaries and other short-term employee benefit Retirement scheme contribution	薪金及其他短期僱員福利 退休計劃供款	3,718 -	5,538 14
		3,718	5,552

# 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### **38.PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES**

### 38. 主要附屬公司

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries as at the end of reporting period are as follows:

於報告期末之主要附屬公司詳情如下:

	Percentage of ownership
	擁有權百分比
Board of London	

			雅月惟			
Name of company	Place of incorporation/ operation 註冊成立/	Particulars of issued and paid-up capital 已發行及	Directly	Indirectly	Principal activities	
公司名稱	營運地點 	繳足股本詳情	直接	間接	主要業務	
Bamian Investments Pte. Limited	Singapore	16,829,670 ordinary shares of SGD1 each	100%	-	Investment holdings	
百門投資有限公司	新加坡	16,829,670股每股面值 1新加坡元之普通股			投資控股	
Guangzhou Mayer Corporation Limited ("Guangzhou Mayer")#	the People Republic of China ("PRC")	Registered capital of RMB200,000,000	-	81.4%	Manufacturing of steel pipes and other products	
廣州美亞股份有限公司 (「 <b>廣州美亞</b> 」) #	中華人民共和國 (「中國」)	註冊資本人民幣 200,000,000元			製造鋼管及其他產品	
Elate Ample Limited	the British Virgin Island (" <b>BVI</b> ")	50,000 ordinary shares of USD1 each	100%	-	Investment holdings	
	英屬維爾京群島 (「 <b>英屬維爾京群島</b> 」)	50,000股每股面值1美元 之普通股			投資控股	
Fulland (Hong Kong) Limited	Hong Kong	1 ordinary share of HK\$1 each	-	81.4%	Investment holdings	
豐益 (香港) 有限公司	香港	1股面值1港元之普通股			投資控股	
Happy (Hong Kong) New City Group Limited	the British Virgin Island (" <b>BVI</b> ")	10,000 ordinary shares of USD1 each		100%	Investment holdings	
	英屬維爾京群島 (「 <b>英屬維爾京群島</b> 」)	10,000股每股面值1美元 之普通股			投資控股	
Galaxy Peace Holdings Limited	the British Virgin Island (" <b>BVI</b> ")	10,000 ordinary shares of USD1 each		81.4%	Investment holdings	
	英屬維爾京群島 (「 <b>英屬維爾京群島</b> 」)	10,000股每股面值1美元 之普通股			投資控股	
Happy (Hong Kong) New City Group Limited	Hong Kong	7,000,000 ordinary share of HK\$1 each		100%	Investment holdings	
眾樂(香港)新城市控股集團 有限公司	香港	7,000,000股每股面值1港元 之普通股			投資控股	
珠海眾樂華豐發展有限公司*	the People	Registered		100%	Business and economic	
	Republic of China (" <b>PRC</b> ")	capital of RMB30,000,000			consulting	
	中華人民共和國 (「 <b>中國</b> 」)	註冊資本人民幣 30,000,000元			業務及經濟諮詢	

# 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 38.PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (cont'd)

### 38. 主要附屬公司(續)

# Percentage of ownership 擁有權百分比

Name of company	Place of incorporation/ operation 註冊成立/	Particulars of issued and paid-up capital 已發行及	Directly	Indirectly	Principal activities
公司名稱	營運地點	繳足股本詳情	直接	間接	主要業務
珠海眾樂城市更新有限公司△	the People Republic of China (" <b>PRC</b> ")	Registered capital of RMB10,000,000	-	100%	Urban renewal project planning and consulting
	中華人民共和國 (「 <b>中國</b> 」)	註冊資本人民幣 10,000,000元			城市更新項目規劃及諮詢
珠海明基石地產顧問有限公司*	the People Republic of China (" <b>PRC</b> ")	Registered capital of RMB10,000,000	-	100%	Real estate development services
	中華人民共和國 (「 <b>中國</b> 」)	註冊資本人民幣 10,000,000元			房地產發展服務
廣州美亞科技發展有限公司*	the People Republic of China (" <b>PRC</b> ")	Registered capital of RMB10,000,000	-	100%	Technology development and consulting
	中華人民共和國 (「 <b>中國</b> 」)	註冊資本人民幣 10,000,000元			科技發展及諮詢
深圳黑晶光電技術有限公司*	the People Republic of China (" <b>PRC</b> ")	Registered capital of RMB29,411,800	-	100%	Trading of electric and other products
	中華人民共和國 (「 <b>中國</b> 」)	註冊資本人民幣 29,411,800元			買賣電子及其他產品
深圳美恒新材料有限公司*	the People Republic of China (" <b>PRC</b> ")	Registered capital of RMB10,000,000	-	100%	Trading of steel pipes and other products
	中華人民共和國 (「 <b>中國</b> 」)	註冊資本人民幣 10,000,000元			買賣鋼管及其他產品
廣州美亞蓄能科技發展 有限公司*	the People Republic of China ("PRC")	Registered capital of RMB30,000,000	-	100%	Engineering and technical services
	中華人民共和國 (「 <b>中國</b> 」)	註冊資本人民幣 30,000,000元			工程及技術服務
* Registered under the law o	of the PRC as a Sino foreign	equity joint venture	# 根排	據中國法律註₹	冊之中外合資經營企業
'	the PPC as limited company		* #8 #	<b>。</b> 由国法海盐[	<b>皿 之 右 阳 書 仁 心 ヨ</b>

- \* Registered under the law of the PRC as limited company
- <sup>△</sup> Registered under the law of the PRC as wholly foreign-owned enterprise

None of the subsidiaries has issued any debt securities at the end of the reporting period.

- \* 根據中國法律註冊之有限責任公司
- △ 根據中國法律註冊之外商獨資企業

於報告期末概無附屬公司已發行債務證券。

# 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

### 38. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (cont'd)

The following table shows information of subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests ("**NCI**") material to the Group. The summarised financial information represents amounts before inter-company eliminations.

### 38. 主要附屬公司(續)

下表顯示擁有對本集團屬重大之非控股權益 (「**非控股權益**」)之附屬公司資料。所概述財務 資料指於公司間抵銷前之金額。

Name	名稱		Guangzhou Mayer 廣州美亞		
		2023 二零二三年	2022		
Principal place of business/country of incorporation	主要營業地點/註冊成立國家	PRC 中國	PRC 中國		
% of ownership interests/voting rights held by NCI	非控股權益所持擁有權權益/ 表決權百分比	18.6%	18.6%		
		RMB′000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元		
At 30 June:	於六月三十日:				
Non-current assets	非流動資產	53,350	57,305		
Current assets	流動資產	449,791	340,992		
Current liabilities	流動負債	(171,982)	(84,321)		
Net assets	資產淨值	331,159	313,976		
Accumulated NCI	累計非控股權益	66,544	63,694		
Year ended 30 June:	截至六月三十日止年度:				
Revenue	收益	538,346	900,651		
Profit for the year	年內溢利	17,184	29,814		
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額	17,184	29,814		
Profit allocated to NCI	分配予非控股權益之溢利	3,192	5,545		
Dividends paid to NCI	支付予非控股權益之股息	-	(1,860)		
Net cash (used in)/generated from	經營活動(所用)/所得之				
operating activities	現金淨額	(59,411)	53,679		
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用之現金淨額	(743)	(13,462)		
Net cash generated from/(used in) financing	融資活動所得/(所用)之				
activities	現金淨額	73,824	(44,121)		
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash	現金及現金等值項目增加/				
equivalents	(減少)淨額	13,670	(3,904)		

As at 30 June 2023, the bank and cash balances of the Group's subsidiaries in the PRC denominated in RMB amounted to RMB44,704,000 (year ended 30 June 2022: RMB30,128,000). Conversion of RMB into foreign currencies is subject to the PRC's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations.

於二零二三年六月三十日,本集團中國附屬公司以人民幣計值之銀行及現金結餘為人民幣44,704,000元(截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度:人民幣30,128,000元)。將人民幣兌換為外幣須遵守中國外匯管理條例。

### 綜合財務報表附註

FOR YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度

#### 39. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

On 5 October 2023, the Company, as plaintiff, filed a writ of summons with the High Court of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region with an indorsement of claim against Mr. Zhou and Mr. Chen. The Company claimed that the Mr. Zhou and Mr. Chen repeatedly refused to hand over accounting documents of the Zhuhai Mayer and Mr. Zhou and Mr. Chen have breached their duties of care and/or fiduciary duties and/or duties of fidelity/good faith owed to the Company. Details of the legal actions are stated in the Company announcement dated 6 October 2023.

During the regular check on the Company's subsidiaries, it is came to the directors attention that 49% equity interest, being the right to inject RMB14.7 million into the register capital of Zhuhai Mayer HuaFeng Development Co., Limited ("Zhuhai Mayer"), was disposed at nil consideration (the "Disposal") to a purchaser on 23 October 2023. The directors also noted that according to the amended Articles of Association of Zhuhai Mayer, the passing of resolution required the approval from all shareholders. Therefore, in the event that the Disposal is completed effectively, the Group would loss control over Zhuhai Mayer HuaFeng Group. The directors considered that the Disposal is ineffective as it is without authorisation or approval from the board of directors. Legal action was taken by the Company to alleviate and recover the loss suffered by the Group. Details of the unauthorised disposal are stated in the announcement of the Company dated 15 January 2024.

On 4 June 2024, the People's Court in Guangdong-Macau In-Depth Cooperation Zone in Hengqin had issued judgement to order Zhuhai Mayer HuaFeng Group to provide its accounting books and records to the Group within 10 days after the effective date of judgment. The Group is in the progress in enforcing court judgments to obtain the accounting books and records of Zhuhai Mayer HuaFeng Group. Up to date of this report, the accounting books and records of the Zhuhai Mayer HuaFeng Group has not yet been obtained by the Group.

On 5 March 2025, Elate Ample Limited (a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company) ("**Vendor**") and the Purchaser entered into the Sale and Purchase Agreement, pursuant to which the Purchaser agreed to purchase from the Vendor and the Vendor agreed to sell to the Purchaser the Sale Shares at the consideration of RMB1. The Disposal was completed on 12 March 2025.

#### **40.APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 26 March 2025.

#### 39. 報告期後事項

於二零二三年十月五日,本公司 (作為原告) 向香港特別行政區高等法院提交傳訊令狀,並於當中附上對周先生及陳先生的申索附記。本公司聲稱,周先生及陳先生多次拒絕交出珠海美亞的會計文件,及周先生及陳先生違反其對本公司應負的謹慎責任及/或受信責任及/或盡職/真誠責任。有關法律行動的詳情載於本公司日期為二零二三年十月六日的公告內。

於對本公司附屬公司進行定期查核時,董事得悉珠海美亞華豐發展有限公司(「珠海美亞」)之49%股權(即向珠海美亞註冊資本注資人民幣14,700,000元之權利)已於二零二三年十月二十三日以零代價出售予一名買家(「出售事項」)。董事亦注意到,根據珠海美亞的經修,可通過。因此,倘出售事項的完成為有效,集團將失去對珠海美亞華豐集團的控制權或批准,故並無效力。本公司已採取法律行動以減輕及收回本集團所蒙受的損失。有關未經授權出售的詳情載於本公司日期為二零二四年一月十五日的公告內。

於二零二四年六月四日,橫琴粵澳深度合作區 人民法院作出判決,判令珠海美亞華豐集團於 判決生效後10日內須向本集團提供其會計賬 冊及記錄。本集團現正執行法院判決,以取得 珠海美亞華豐集團的會計賬冊及記錄。截至本 報告日期,本集團尚未取得珠海美亞華豐集團 的會計賬冊及記錄。

於二零二五年三月五日,Elate Ample Limited (本公司之全資附屬公司)(「**賣方**」)與買方訂立買賣協議,據此,買方同意向賣方購買,而賣方同意向買方出售銷售股份,代價為人民幣1元。出售事項已於二零二五年三月十二日完成。

#### 40. 批准財務報表

董事會已於二零二五年三月二十六日批准並授 權刊發財務報表。

# **Five-Year Financial Summary**

# 五年財務摘要

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial period/years, as extracted from the published audited financial statements and reclassified as appropriate, is set out below: 摘錄自已刊發經審核財務報表且經適當地重新分類之本集團過去五個財政期間/年度之業績及資產與負債概要載列如下:

		For the year ended 31 December			For 18-month	For the year		
		截至十 2018	-二月三十一日止: 2019	年度 2020	period ended 30 June 2022 截至 二零二二年	ended 30 June 2023 截至 二零二三年		
		二零一八年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	六月三十日止 十八個月期間 RMB'000 人民幣千元	六月三十日 止年度 RMB'000 人民幣千元		
RESULTS Revenue	<b>業績</b> 收益	426,149	580,456	581,112	902,652	538,163		
(Loss)/profit before taxation Income tax expense	除稅前(虧損)/溢利 所得稅開支	(52,271) (1,133)	10,139 (2,064)	32,620 (11,940)	(3,367) (5,452)	(333,193) (2,803)		
(Loss)/profit for the year/period	年/期內(虧損)/溢利	(53,404)	8,075	20,680	(8,819)	(335,996)		
Attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	應佔: 本公司擁有人 非控股權益	(48,937) (4,467)	3,322 4,753	15,854 4,826	(14,304) 5,485	(338,846) 2,850		
		(53,404)	8,075	20,680	(8,819)	(335,796)		
			As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日			As at 30 June 於六月三十日		
		2018 二零一八年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元		
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES Non-current assets Current assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	<b>資產及負債</b> 非流動資產 流動資產 流動負債 非流動負債	35,776 441,193 (90,686) –	259,330 522,959 (183,383) (125,121)	264,637 509,950 (278,603) (885)	267,515 494,358 (278,359) –	79,438 454,349 (392,087) (344)		
NET ASSETS	資產淨值	386,283	473,785	495,099	483,514	141,356		
Share capital Share premium and reserves Proposed final dividend	股本 股份溢價及儲備 建議末期股息	318,093 17,162	391,760 26,244 –	391,760 43,270	391,760 28,060	391,760 (316,948) –		
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	51,028	55,781	60,069	63,694	66,544		
TOTAL EQUITY	總權益	386,283	473,785	495,099	483,514	141,356		

